

## The Clxamitle.

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## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

A correspondent takes us to task for the "bullish tone," as he styles it, "for a long time so constantly apparent in "this and our other editorials." He is mistaken in his diagnosis of our disease. The rapid rise in the value of securities which has been in progress the past three years and the present activity in railroad building have given life to a crop of philosophers who, at each new advance, fill the air with forebodings, and just now are peculiarly gloomy in their predictions, foreseeing as imminent a repetition of the experience of 1873. Our purpose in what we have written has been simply to expose the folly of all such assumptions.
We do not know nor do we care whether in the immediate future prices are to go up or down in Wall Street. Prices there are influenced by so many considerations other than by actual values, that it is difficult enough to follow them without attempting to forecast them. But it seems to us, the facts as to earnings, present and prospec. tive, fully warrant the belief that-with rates for money ruling as now the world over, and with our trade in its
present conservative condition, enabling us to draw on Europe whenever the need arises-good properties are worth all they are selling for. Furthermore, although much rubbish goes up with the tide, so that it behooves the investor to discriminate, yet these are days when it is no proof of sagacity to pronounce every new enterprise rubbish.

Still, croaking very readily passes for wisdom, since it is a mark of youthfulness and inexperience to be oversanguine. But it will not do always to take counsel of our fears, or to circumscribe progress in this new country by Old World standards. We remember well a wise, elderly Wall Street man-and there were many like himwho pronounced, in his oracular way, the Pacific railroads, when building, foolishness. Not only, said he, would they be unable to meet their interest, but would come so far short of paying even running expenses that in a year's time after being completed, grass would be growing over the rails.
There was another time when we were all down'in the dumps. Our readers will remember it well. It was in 1874 and following years. The panic was a thing of the past, but our wretched currency system had cast its blighting influence over all industries, leaving us without enterprise and at length without hope. How almost universal was the verdict then, that railroad building in this country had been pressed in advance of its wants fully half a century. Our wisest judges believed this so absolutely, that it was a matter of common daily discussion, what form investments would take in the future. Of course railroad bonds or stock would be neglected; there would not; within the century, be any confidence in them, for who could expect those dry bones to live again; and as to building more roads, not the wildest enthusiast dared to suggest it. Yet after four short years our people waked up suddenly to find a business in progress which required the active use of every mile of existing railroad; and from that date this new revival has gone on, gaining strength day by day, giving all our roads constantly increasing revenue, even blocking them up with freight, until the earnings are now simply marvelous, but still increasing.
All these are facts of so recent demonstration that every one of us realizes their force. Even the most pronounced conservative must, in the light of them, admit that prog. ress in no other country and at no former period can form a basis for estimating the present. But there are further facts which strengthen that opinion, and explain what we have experienced. There are probably 10 mil lion more people in this country than in 1873. Here is an increase of nearly one quarter in population. Our merchan.
dise imports for this fiscal year will probably reach about 636 millions; in 1871-72 they were 626 millions; and in 1872.73 they were 642 millions. In other words then, the consumption of goods by this largely increased population is being supplied by an expansion of our own industries; an expansion which does not represent, by the way, more labor engaged in those departments, but simply improved machinery. Then, again, we are exporting aimost 400 millions more than in 1873. Hence our activities and development are not only increased by a quarter more workers, but also by far more efficient machinery, by the saving we make in more nearly providing for our own wants, and by the 400 million dollars additional that we are annually selling to other countries, and which our lands, almost unlimited in extent and productiveness, give a guarantee of increase instead of decrease.
Wall Street has taken another decided turn upwards this week. The special facts helping it were, first, the efforts of a large short interest to cover, and of speculators, who had sold out, to reinvest, it being seen that the demand for stocks at the decline had been sufficient to quickly absorb the offerings. Another feature was the presence of large European orders in the market, especially from the Continent. Europeans have to a very considerable extent aided in draining our market of first-class stocks and bonds, taking the former out of their old speculative position, and the void thus made has been promptly filled by other properties, many of which are also going abroad either on orders or on speculation.. The London and Continental markets appear to be well supplied with these stocks, but still they continue in demand, partly for the reason that there, as well as here, capital can be profitably employed in carrying them at better rates of interest than can be obtained on first-class collateral, and partly from general confidence felt in the progress of this country and the growing value of all railroad property in it. This latter feeling is strengthened by the enormous addition which is being made to our population by emigration. The people who are coming seem to be a frugal, industrious class. They hasten to their new homes in the West, purchase farms from railroad companies having old or new land grants, at once go to work, and immediately become self-sustaining. New railroads may be pushed forward with almost unprecedented rapidity, but the pace of the emigrant is almost as rapid ; so that almost as fast as the country is opened up for settlement, it is occupied and made productive.
The satisfactory debt statement issued this week has also had a favorable influence on the general tone in busi. ness circles. The statement reveals the fact that there has been a reduction in the debt during May of $\$ 11,150,721$, and a decrease for the fiscal year of $\$ 89,250,323$. No account is yet taken in the statement of the $3 \frac{1}{2}$ continued bonds, but it shows that of the 25 million 5 s of 1881, called February 21, all have been surrendered except $\$ 5,741,150$. The amount to be disbursed for interest on the $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~s}$ and extended 5 s , and for pensions, will doubtless exceed 12 millions by the middle of the month.
Money on call has loaned at 2 per cent on stock collateral during the week, and there is a fair prospect that it will fall to 1 per cent before July, such is the abundant supply in prospect from Treasury disbursements alone, to say nothing of the possible importation of gold from Europe in a few weeks. The movement at Western points has been a little irregular. New York exchange at Chicago fell to 50 cents per $\$ 1,000$ discount early in the week, against that rate per $\$ 1,000$ premium less than ten days ago. This change was probably due to the demand
for money to carry on the speculative movement in food staples. The supply appears to have been met from St. Louis, for funds were sent to Chicago from that point, and at the latest report we find the răte at Chicago up to 25 cents per $\$ 1,000$ discount, while St. Louis is down to par from 25 cents per $\$ 1,000$ premium early in the week. Boston exchange is still at such a discount as to draw funds from this centre, but this is not unusual. The Treasury operations for the week, exclusive of a transfer of $\$ 600,000$ to Philadelphia, have resulted in a loss, which is a gain to the banks, of $\$ 921,838$. The payments by the Assay Office for domestic and foreign bullion have been $\$ 204,426$. The following shows the daily receipts by the Treasury from the Custom House.

| Date. | Duties. | Consisting of- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gold. | $\underset{\text { Votes. }}{\text { U. }}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Silver } \\ \text { Dollars. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Silver } \\ \text { Certificales. } \end{gathered}$ |
| May 27. | \$460,975 17 | \$261,000 | \$7,000 | \$1.000 | 92,000 |
| "، $28 \ldots$ | 249,187 97 | 157,000 | $\xrightarrow{4,000}$ | 1,000 | 84,000 |
| 31. | 665,787 79 | 335,000 | 22,000 | 1,000 |  |
| June | 587,804 80 | 297,000 | 23,000 | 1,000 | 268,000 |
| " $2 . .$. | 538,721 33 | 302,000 | 28,000 |  | 217,000 |
| Total. | \$2,502,477 06 | \$1,352,000 |  |  |  |

The following shows the net Sub-Treasury movement for the week ended June 2, and also the receipts and ship. ments of gold and currency reported by the principal banks of the city. The net result should indicate very closely the changes in the total reserve in the Bank statenent to be published to-day.


The interior movement above referred to embraces the receipts and shipments of gold and currency, as reported to us by the principal banks of this city, for the week ended June 2, which (more in detail) is as follows.

| Receipts at and Shipments from N. Y. | Received. | Shipped |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currency | \$1,161,000 | \$261,000 |
| Gold | 38,000 | 500,000 |
| Total ... | \$1,199,000 | \$761,000 |

The Bank of England reports a loss of $£ 33,000$ bullion for the week and a further sum of $£ 15,000$ on balance on Thursday. The Bank of France shows a gain of 500,000 francs gold, and $1,650,000$ francs silver. The Bank of Germany gained $4,620,000$ marks. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date in 1880 .
Bank of England.........

Bank of France..... Bank of Germany ......

Total this week $\qquad$

| June 2, 1881. |  | June 3, 1880. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| \& | $\boldsymbol{\mathcal { L }}$ | £ |  | Total previous week $\qquad$ 25,005,232 $49,925,030 \mid 32,464,38449,544,118$

 $60,301,74969,672,012 \mid 69,341,23169,124,500$ ETV The above gold and silver division of the stock of coin of the Bank of Germany is merely popular estimate, as the Bank itself gives nimformation on that point.
The rates for sterling were reduced early in the week by the pressure of bills drawn against outgoing securities. There was a recovery on Wednesday because of a little better demand, but the tone was barely steady on Thursday, as Europe was again buying stocks and the offerings of bills were likely to be large; on Friday there was a further advance by reason of the demand to remit for 5s. The margin of profit for cable transactions is, however, small, as will be seen by the following, showing relative prices in London and New York at the opening each day

|  | Mïy 30. | May 31. |  | June 1. |  | June 2. |  | June 3. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | : | Lonu'n prices.* | $\begin{gathered} \text { N.Y. } \\ \text { prices. } \end{gathered}$ | Lond'n prices.* | $\boldsymbol{N} . \boldsymbol{Y}$. prices. | Lond'n prices.* | N.Y. <br> prices. | Lond'n prices.* | N.Y. <br> prices. |
| U.S.4s,c. | : | :1797 | 1184/4 | 118.21 | 1181/4 | 11748 | 11814 | $117 \cdot 48$ | 118\%8 |
| U.S.5s,c. |  | 103.89 | 1045\% | $103 \cdot 86$ | 1033/8 | 103.86 | 104\%8 | $103 \cdot 88$ | 1043'6 |
| Erie..... | ¢ | $43 \cdot 52$ | 491\% | $49 \cdot 13$ | 48\%\% | 49.62 | 4936 | $49 \cdot 86$ | 4934 |
| 2 d con. | $\cdots$ | 105.95\% | 1073 | $104 \cdot 59$ | 1051/4 $\ddagger$ | 105.08 | 105\%8 | $105 \cdot 57$ | 1023/8 |
| Ill. Cent. | O | 144.19 | 144 | 144.00 | 14236 | 144.73 | 144 | $145 \cdot 48$ | 144 |
| N. Y. C.. |  | 150.86 | 150\%8 | $150 \cdot 57$ | 149\%\% | $151 \cdot 78$ | 150\% | 151.78 | 150\% |
| Reading |  | $29 \cdot 13+$ | 591/2 | $29.31+$ | 5834 | $29 \cdot 43+$ | 5936 | $30 \cdot 16+$ | 01 |
| Exch'ge, cables. |  | $4 \cdot 85$ |  | 4.88 |  | $4 \cdot 88$ |  | $4 \cdot 8$ | 3/6 |

* Expressed in their New York equivalent.
+ Reading on basis of $\$ 50$, par value.

Expressed in

+ Reading on basis of $\$ 50$, par value.
Ex-interest.
Notk.-The Now York equivalent is based upon the highest rate for cable transfers, which ordinarily covers nearly all charges, such as mmissions.
The business in Government bonds has been light since the opening of the month, but prices have been well maintained and there is a good demand.


## OUR FOREIGN COMMERCE.

The April statement of the foreign commerce of the country shows a smailer merchandise balance in our favor than we have been accustomed to see of late. The excess of exports over imports amounts to $\$ 11,727$,546 , against $\$ 24,368,909$ in March, $\$ 20,000,719$ in February, $\$ 28,796,497$ in January, and $\$ 51,514,529$ in December. While, however, in this respect the return is not so favorable as in previous months, it yet makes a very much better showing than in the corresponding month of 1880, when the balance was against us, the imports having then exceeded the exports by $\$ 3,805,917$.

But it should be said that the speculative mania which prevailed in the early part of 1880, and which flooded this country with foreign goods far beyond our capacity to consume, culminated in April of that year in the largest imports ever made in any one month in the history of the country. This year imports were on a normal scale, though yet large--reflecting in this the natural growth in our demand, consequent upon the increased activity in trade and our enlarged purchasing power. Nevertheless, the total was over 15 millions smaller in April, 1881, than in April, 1880. The exports were about the same in both years ( $\$ 70,560,538$ and $\$ 70,881$,160 in April, 1880 and 1881, respectively), so that to the diminished imports is to be attributed the change to a favorable balance this year, in the amount already given.
The movement of gold this way during the month was heavy. The imports were $\$ 15,330,980$, and the exports omly $\$ 88,693$, leaving a balance of imports of $\$ 15,242$, 287. Of silver we imported $\$ 854,711$, and exported $\$ 2,033,497$, an excess of exports of $\$ 1,178,786$. Taking gold and silver together there is an excess of imports of $\$ 14,063,501$. This wipes out the merchandise balance of $\$ 11,727,546$, and leaves an excess of imports on merchandise and specie of $\$ 2,335,955$. Possibly some one may infer from this that we have been receiving more gold than the state of our trade warranted. That does not necessarily follow. The figures given cover only one month, and one month by itself can hardly be taken as a guide. If we refer to the figures for the ten months ended April 30 we find that the merchandise balance of exports amounts to $\$ 246,606,423$, of which only $\$ 92,687$, . 271 has been paid for in specie. On the other hand, these latter figures are to be taken only as indicating that the April exhibit is an exceptional one. They do not enlighten us as to the actual state of things. To be sure, there remains a large apparent balance in our favor, but how much of it, if any, is real, can not be determined, even approximately. There are a great many factors that have to be taken into the account. There is the item of interest on our debt and securities held abroad; there is the movement of Government bonds this way and of railroad stocks
and bonds back, and then there is the cost of the ocean carriage on the goods imported. All these are items of considerable importance, and yet no data with regard to them is obtainable.

Although the total of the exports in April, 1881, was slightly above that for 1880, some of the individual ports exhibit a heavy falling off, and others again a very decided increase. This may be seen in the following statement, showing the imports and exports at the leading ports, in April and since January 1, this and last year. The figures in this table, as well as in the subsequent ones, have been prepared at some expense of time and labor, and it is thought they show clearly the movement in the two years.
exports and imports of merchandise at u. s. ports.

| Exports (Domestic and Foreign.) | 1881. |  | 1880 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April. | Since Jan.1. | April. | Since Jan.1. |
| New Yor | 30,3i7,736 |  |  |  |
| New Orl | 11,275,-82 | 43,14¢,1\% | 8,174,:\%7 | 43,208,914 |
| Baltim | 4,340.018 | 20.307 .916 | 60.8.163 | 22,561,963 |
| Boston | ${ }^{6.596194}$ | ${ }^{2} 4,971,481$ | $5,622.400$ | 19,545,611 |
| San Franc | 3, 3 , | 13,741,96: | 4,612,062 | 12,914,846 |
| All other por | 11,854,869 | 55,160,30 | 9, $342 \times 6$ | $48,500,182$ |
| Tot | \% $0,8 \times 1,160$ | 297,7:1,03 | 70,500,53: | 22:4,861,931 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 39.391 .942 | 17,933,211 | 48, 3 32, 305 | 179,245,330 |
| New Orlea | 1,0,2, $0^{41}$ | 3, 319,486 | 964,073 | 3,898.064 |
| Baltim | 1,6.4.769 | 5.437,3.2 | 2, 10,713 | 7,350,731 |
| Postor | 7,10,9935 | 22,339,313 | 10,972,342 | 29,842,014 |
| Philadelphia San Prancisc | 2,37:3,420 | 9,772,474 | 5,334,978 | 14,464,764 |
| Sill other port | 3,420,3:2 | $11,207,726$ $12,727,882$ | - ${ }^{2,42961,366}$ | $10,900,208$ $10,407,864$ |
| Total. | 59,153,614 | 212,867,427 | 74,366,455 | 256,108,975 |

It will be observed that the exports at New York were only $\$ 30,367,736$, against $\$ 34,663,868$ in April, 1880. The explanation is easily found. The value of the breadstuffs exports at this port in April this year was $\$ 1,910$. 228 less than in April last year, and on account of provisions there was a loss of $\$ 3,468,987$, making together $\$ 5,379,215$. The decrease in these items being more than a million dollars greater than the total decrease, it follows that there must have been quite an increase in other articles of export; and, in point of fact, we observe that the shipments of cotton show a gain of more than 20,000 bales, though prices of course were much lower. At Baltimore the value of the exports drops from $\$ 6,958,163$ to $\$ 4,340,018$, or $\$ 2,618,145$. Breadstuffs and provisions account for $\$ 1,864,093$ of this diminution. Cotton entailed a further decrease, as aside from the decline in price there was a contraction of one-half (about 6,700 bales) in the quantity shipped at that point. Philadelphia shows a loss of about one million dollars in its total exports, to be attributed entirely to the decline in the value of its breadstuffs and provisions shipments.
The exports at Boston have risen from $\$ 5,622,400$ to $\$ 6,439,194$. In the breadstuffs exports at that port there was a gain of $\$ 392,903$ and in the provisions exports a loss of $\$ 302,901$, leaving a net gain of only $\$ 90,000$ on these two items. But there must have been a very deciled gain in the value of the cotton exports, as there was an increase of almost 10,000 bales on April, 1880, or more than 100 per cent. New Orleans has increased its exports from $\$ 8,174,377$ to $\$ 11,275,782$. It might be supposed that the greater part of this increase was in the item of breadstuffs, in view of the large amounts of grain going down the Mississippi in barges from St. Louis. This is not the case. Of the total increase of $\$ 3,101,405$, only $\$ 685,692$ was in breadstuffs. The provisions exports at this port are so small they are not worth mentioning. Referring to cotton, we find there was a very heavy augmentation in the shipments, almost 60,000 bales more having been sent out from that port this April than last, which fally explains the increase in values. Taking the
six ports in the table above, New Orleans is found to stand second only to New York in its exports. .In the imports, however, its share is still small-in fact it stands at the foot of the list. For the first four months of the year its exports amount to $\$ 43,148,175$, while its imports reach the insignificant sum of $\$ 3,839,436$. So long as this state of things continues, New Orleans will labor under great disadvantages, compared with, other ports. For while it can supply vessels with cargoes on their outgoing trips, it has nothing for them on their return trips. At New York, on the other hand, such is the present rush of emigrants to our shores, that at times steamers are willing to take freight to the other side at a merely nominal figure.

San Francisco is another port that has largely increased its exports. The total for April, 1881, is more than twice that of 1880. There was a very large expansion in the movement of breadstuffs at that port, the total having been $\$ 2,016,318$ this year, against only $\$ 834,897$ last year. Of the remaining increase, perhaps a portion was contributed by the articles that constitute the trade through San Francisco with China, which is steadily gaining, especially in the case of dry goods. The following table will show the breadstuffs and provisions exports at each port.

| Breadstuffs. | 1881. |  | 1880. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April. | Since Jan.1. | April. | Since Jan.1. |
| Now York | 9,211,003 | 31,439,386 | $11,1{ }_{2}^{\$ 2}, 131$ | $33,326,430$ |
| New Orlean | 1,925.682 | 4,459,551 | 1,139,990 | 3,699,628 |
| Baltimore | 3,107,552 | 12.655,205 | 4,243,753 | 14,554,822 |
| Boston | 1,780,999 | 4,908,811 | 1,385,096 | 4,466,757 |
| Philadelphia | 1,571.328 | 5,911,155 | 2,5.39.780 | 6,854.170 |
| San Fraucisco | 2,016,318 | 9,360,5.3 | 834.897 | 7,030,526 |
| Other ports | 912,232 | 2,840,966 | 1,4:6,427 | 4,136,121 |
| Total. | 20,426,014 | 71,575,627 | 22,705,074 | 74,068,454 |
| Provisions. <br> New York | 5,227,326 | 34,543,586 | 8,696,313 | 30,558,967 |
| New Orleans | 5.037 | -96,137 | 10,942 | 71,061 |
| Baltimore | 405,279 | 2,995,647 | 1,133,171 | 2,472,400 |
| Boston | 1,668.260 | 10,533,170 | 1,971,161 | 7,135,980 |
| Philadelphia. | 444,386 | 2,584.044 | 607,202 | 2,462,232 |
| Gan Francisco | 35,510 | 129,479 | 42,933 | 125,035 |
| Other ports | 347,366 | 1.513,287 | 503.950 | 1,461,087 |
| Total. | 8,133,164 | 52,405,350 | 12,965,672 | 44,286,762 |

The cotton shipments during the month were very large. Altogether over 430,000 bales were exported, against only about 285,000 bales last year, an increase of pretty nearly 150,000 bales. In the face of such an increase in quantity the decline in price could have very little effect on the aggregate value of the exports of that staple. We have already referred to the case of New Orleans. The other cotton ports show in general like results. The six ports given below, it will be seen, had exports $\$ 2,873,121$ above those for A pril, 1880. For the first four months of this year the same ports increased their exports $\$ 9,561,815$. Subjoined is the table.
exports of merchandise frobi meating cotton ports.

| Ports. | 1881. |  | 1880 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April. | Since Jan. 1. | April. | Since Jan.1. |
| Charleston | 2,296.790 | 9.2¢6,110 | $\stackrel{\$}{1,2: 37,420}$ | $7,602.218$ |
| Galveston | 2,459,394 | 13,067,001 | 1,162,28.5 | 6,950,707 |
| Mobile | 818,211 | 4,573,958 | 876,106 | 4,443,124 |
| Norfolk, \& | 1,058,721 | 5,543,869 | 497,634 | 5,034,618 |
| Savannah | 1,176,980 | 10,360,998 | 1,148,373 | 9,375,286 |
| Wilmington | 185,373 | 1,535,550 | 230,530 | 1,319,718 |
| Total. . | 8,025,469 | 44,287.786 | 5,152,348 | 34.725 .971 |

As regards the different items that go to make up the breadstuffs totals, we find that the month of April presents the same general features exhibited by previous months. Corn still shows a large decrease in both quantity and value, while wheat and wheat flour are again increased, although wheat not in value, on account of the lower prices ruling this year. The total value of the breadstuffs exports was $\$ 20,426,014$ in April, 1881, and $\$ 22,705,074$ in April, 1880. For the period from January 1 to April 30 the exports of wheat increased $8,186,876$ bushels and of wheat flour 875,683 barrels, or together (counting flour
at its equivalent in wheat) $12,127,449$ bushels. The exports of corn during the same time fell off $13,466,489$ bushels. For this raason and also because of the lower prices which prevailed, the value of the breadstuffs exports for the four months reaches only, $\$ 71,575,627$, against $\$ 74,068,454$ in the corresponding time last year, as is shown in the annexed table.


As a further result of the speculation in provisions, these show a decrease in quantity in April on every item -in some cases a falling off of more than one-half. For the first time, too, wit in recent periods, there is a diminution in values, and a very important one at that. The total for the month foots up only $\$ 8,133,164$, against $\$ 12,965,672$ last year, a decrease of pretty nearly five million dollars. But the gain in previous months was so great that the total for the four months is still more than 8 millions above that for the four months of 1880 . The following table will exhibit the details.

| April. | Pounds. |  | Value. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1881. | 1880. | 1881. | 1880. |
|  |  |  | \$ | \$ |
| Beef, fresh and salted | 12,610,961 | 13,661,602 | 1,135,482 | 1,075,066 |
| Bacon and hams | 35,885, 811 | 81,5:7,505 | 3,201,663 | 5,950,394 |
| ${ }_{\text {l }}^{\text {lard }}$ Pork.......... | 19,403,004 | 51,109,571 | 2,150,828 | 3,989,009 |
| Tallow. | 6,887,034 | 10,484,635 | 460,917 | 727,176 |
| Butter. | 880,045 | 1,489,270 | 171,266 | 317,309 |
| Cheese | -3,321,065 | 2,824,886 | 420,449 | 364,455 |
| Total. |  |  | 3,133,16t | 12,965,672 |
| Since Jan. 1. |  |  |  |  |
| Beef, fresh and sialted | 53,178.505 | 50,562,550 | 4,627,389 | 4,011,503 |
| Bacon and hams | 301,975,261 | 297,008,128 | 2., ,410,418 | 20.930 .216 |
| Tarlow | ${ }_{28,473,9}$ | 35,979,454 | $3,332,164$ $1,926,028$ | 2,634,371 |
| Butter | 6,25u,597 | 7,793,419 | 1,286,221 | 1,644,705 |
| Chees | 23,452,518 | 14,236,487 | 2,778,921 | 1,822,655 |
| Total........ |  |  | ¢2, 405,350 | 44.286,762 |

For the month of May, just closed, it is not likely that the balance of merchandise exports will be any mor favorable than in April. For the four weeks ended May 27 the imports at New York amounted to $\$ 35,537,834$, and for the four weeks ended May 31 the exports amounted to $\$ 28,533,191$. In April New York had not quite 43 per cent of the total exports, and a little more than $66 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent of the imports of the country. If the same percentages should hold good in May, the excess of exports over imports would be heavier than in April, but in the case of the exports it is very probable that New York will be shown to have had a larger proportion of the whole than it had in April, because the movement of cotton was lighter, about 270,000 bales having been exported in May, against more than 430,000 in April, the shipments of cotton of course being mostly from ports other than New York. It follows that this will reduce the balance $i^{n}$ our favor ; so it is not likely, as already remarked; that the excess of exports will be much, if any, heavier than in April, and possibly not as heavy.

## THE SODUS BAY\& CORNING FORECLOSURE.

It seems that the court of last resort in this State has at length determined that the stockholders in railroads sold under foreclosure, in this State, have no special right to come in as stockholders in the new company formed to take the road under the sale. So says the Court of Appeals in the case just decided, of Platt vs. Munson.
The case arose out of the foreclosure of a mortgage of the Sodus Bay \& Corning Railroad Company. This was a small enterprise organized in 1870 , upon a capital of about a million and a haif, to run a road from Sodus Bay, a point of not very great geographical importance on the south shore of Lake Ontario, southerly to Corning, a notable station on the Erie Railway. It must not be confounded with the Sodus Point \& Southern road, since merged in the Lake Ontario Southern. Apparently some independent line to New York city was contemplated, for the company was formed as the Sodus Bay Corning \& New York Railroad; but, in 1872, the Legislature allowed it to change its name so as to read the Sodus Bay \& Corning Railroad. As so frequently happened in those days, the plan and expenditure was commenced on an over sanguine scale; a large loan was obtained on a mortgage of the road and franchises; this mortgage was foreclosed.
But when a road is sold under foreclosure, what becomes of the interests of stockholders of the original company? Mr. Platt, one of the old Sodus Bay \& Corning corporators, thought he had a right to come in as member of any new organization. An act of 1853 (Laws of New York, chap. 502, sec. 2) declared that any stockholder of a railroad foreclosed upon, should have the right, for s:x months after sa'e, to redeem proportionably; that is, he might offer to pay to the parchaser such proportion of the price paid on the foreclosure sale as his shares might bear to the whole capital stock, and might demand the same relative interest in the property. In practice this has been found very inconvenient. Upon the foreclosure of the old Oswego Midland it became an embarrassing issue, and it was reported that $\$ 300,000$ was paid to extinguish the supposed right to redeem. Mr. Platt demanded this right in the Sodus Bay case. The purchaser refused to recognize it. And the Court of Appeals has sustained the purchaser's position. There has not been, indeed, any distinct repeal of the law of 1853, but the Court holds that it must be deemed repealed by implication, because laws passed in 1854 and 1874 are inconsistent with it, and provide a new and different way for proceeding after these foreclosures (Laws 1854, chap. 282; laws 1874, chap. 430). The leading feature of the plan they indicate is, that a new corporation shall be formed to own and operate the road; and the Court holds that this is inconsistent with, and therefore supersedes, the former rule ky which the title to the property must be held open for six months to allow old shareholders to decide whether they will come in. This is the view we took of the question when it was under discussion in the Oswego Midland case. Judge Danforth now says:

[^0]prescribe the rule applicable to the stockholder in a railroad company,
and the purchase upon foreclosure of its property and franchises: that they are repugnant to the provisions of the Act of 1853 upon the same subject, and therefore repeal them, according to the maxim that 'every affrmative statute is a repeal by implication of a precedent affrmative statute so far as it is contrary thereto.' We think, therefore, the pro
visions of the Act of $\mathbf{1 \times 5 3}$ on which the plaintiffs rely visions of the Act of 1853 on which the plaintiffs rely were not in force
at the time of the sale under the foreclosure. acquired no cause of action against the defendants."
Persons specially interested in this subject should also examine the recent act of February 5, 1880, (Laws, chap. 5.) It purports to authorize the fiscal officers of a railroad company to issue, after a foreclosure sale, certificates of stock to persons who were previously entitled to, but had never received them. The act, as' printed in the statute book, seems wholly obscure and unmeaning ; though it may perhaps be rendered operative by striking out the word "provided" or the word "when," from the middle of section one. Apparently some draughtsman intended to substitute one of these words for the other, and neglected to strike out the one to be rejected; or the error may have occurred in type-setting. Irrespective of this, the law has this bearing on the subject, that it is a legisla. tive recognition, subsequent to 1874 , of continued rights of shareholders in companies whose property and franchises have been sold on foreclosure; to be secured, apparently, in some winding-up of the old corporation.

## COTTON CONSUMPTION AND OVERLAND

 MOVEMENT TO JUNE 1.Our overland movement we are able to bring down to-day to the first of June, having received all the returns by telegraph. The figures now cover the first nine months of the season, and being one month later furnish, of course, a clearer indication of the year's yield than even last month's figures.
overland movement to june $1,1881$.
Compared with last year the gross movement during May shows an increase, reaching 79,515 bales, against 52,594 bales for the same month of 1880 . The net movement for the month is also in excess, being 24,391 bales, against 20,436 bales last year. The total net overland now reaches 498,632 bales, against 560,838 bales to this date in 1880. The details for the nine months this year and last year are as follows.

|  | 1880-81. | 1879-80. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Since Sept. 1 shipped- |  |  |
| From St. Louis | 364,669 | 434,844 |
| Over Illinois Central. | 38,193 | 68,994 |
| Over Cairo \& Vincennes. | 110,755 | 95,901 |
| Over the Mississippi River, above St. Louis | 137,520 | 103,756 |
| Over St. Louis \& Southeastern. |  |  |
| Over Evansville \& Terre Haute | 24,337 | 39,066 |
| Over Jeffrrsonville Madison \& Indianapolis | 79,170 | 122,112 |
| Over Ohio \& Mississippi Branch | 41,834 | 74,546 |
| Over Louisville Cincinnati \& Lexington | 38,297 | 57,091 |
| Receipts at Cincinnati by Ohio River. | 53,509 | 89,136 |
| Receipts at Cinciunati by Cincinnati Southe | 74,929 |  |
| Over other routes. | 25,965 | 296 |
| Shipped to mills, not included abov | 13,062 | 13,482 |
| Total gross overland. | 1,002,290 | 1,099,224 |
| Deduct- |  |  |
| Receipts overland at New York, Boston, \&c..... | 427,108 | 462,362 |
| Shipments between (or South from) Western interior towns. | 13,124 | 4,666 |
| Shipments inland (nolotherwise deducted) from- |  |  |
| Galveston. | 837 | 7,500 |
| New Orleans. | 2,162 | 3,641 |
| Mobile.. | 45,514 | 50,991 |
| Savannah. | 1,190 | 730 |
| Charleston. |  | 28 |
| North Carolina ports | 5,736 | 980 |
| Virginia ports | 9,987 | 7,488 |
| Total to be deducted | 503,653 | 538,386 |
| Leaving total net overland* | 498,632 | 560,839 |

*This total includes shipments to Canada by rail, which sineo Septem-
ber 1,1880 , amount to 21,682 bales.

This month's additions in the foregoing bring the total for each of the two years still closer together. At one time during the past season the gross movement was nearly 150,000 bales less than in the previous season, but since the first of January the difference has been decreasing, until now the net is only about 60,000 bales less. This, however, is no indication of a revival of shipments by the all-rail route, but is simply due to the larger crop and much larger movement by all routes during late months.
receipts, exports and spinners' takings.
As our weekly statements have indicated, the May port receipts are considerably larger than for the same month of last year. On the first of May the excess was 720,489 bales; this difference has been now increased, so that on the first of June it reached 800,537 bales. Our ușual table of receipts, exports, \&c., is as follows.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Movem't from } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1,18880 \\ & \text { to June } 1, \\ & 1881 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | Re eipts since Nept. 1, 1880. | Exported since Sept. 1, 1880, to- |  |  |  | Slocks <br> June 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Great Britain.* | France. | Continent. | Total. |  |
| Galreston | 646,583 | 293,614 | 50,228 | 99,555 | 443,397 | 45,543 |
| Ind'uola, \&c. | 1,508,523 | 817,525 | 298,110 | 348,549 |  |  |
| Mobile... | 377,390 | 80,536 | 22,767 | 7,419 | 110,722 | 13,268 |
| Florida | 20,357 |  |  |  |  | 5.086 |
| Savannah | 549,330 $4,85 \%$ | 196,451 | 37,866 | 265,272 | 499,589 | 20,192 |
| Charleston | 611,08.5 | 170,588 | 60,299 | 202,569 | 433,456 | 10,266 |
| Pt.Royal, \&c | -19,950 | 27,840 |  | 9,630 | 37,470 |  |
| Wilmington | 115,696 | 6 | 1,444 | 11,222 | 69,912 | ,161 |
| Norfolk'. | 635.429 | 301,829 | 2,850 | 7,597 | 312,276 | 16,517 |
| City P'nt, \&c | 207,891 |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York... | 162,476 | 349,931 | 34,503 | 99,691 | 484,125 | 167,326 |
| Boston... | 158,636 | 95,989 |  | 25.170 | $\begin{array}{r} 95,991 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 11,530 |
| Baltimore | $41,6 \pm 2$ <br> $\mathbf{6 4 , 3 5}$ | 100,662 58,050 |  | 25.470 102 | 126,132 | 5,107 11,966 |
| Tota | 5,549,410 | -,5ら0,161 | 508,067 | 1,077,078 | 4,135,306 | 461,841 |
| Total 1879-80 | 4,748,873 | 2,320,526 | 347,183 | 798,933 | 3,466,647 | 411,393 |

* Great Britain exports include to the Channel.

Using the facts disclosed by the foregoing statements, we find that the portion of the crop which has reached a market through the outports and overland, and the Southern consumption, since September 1, 1880 and 1879, are as follows.

|  | 1880-81. | 1879-80. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts at the ports to June 1........ bales. | 5,549,410 | 3 |
| Net shipments overland during same time.... <br> Total receipts. $\qquad$ bales. Southern consumption since September $\qquad$ <br> Total to June 1 $\qquad$ bales. |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,048,042 \\ & 190,000 \end{aligned}$ | $5,309,711$ 160,000 |
|  | 6,238,012 | 5,469,711 |

The increase in the quantity marketed during the first nine crop months of $1880-81$ is thus found to be 768,331 bales. To determine the portion which has gone into the hands of Northern spinners during the same period, we have prepared the following.
Total receipts to June 1, 1831, as above....................bales. 6,238,042 Btock on hand commencement of year (Sept. 1, 1880) -
At Northern ports............................... 60,109
At Southern ports........................... 77,310-137,419
At Provilence, \&c., Nortiern interior markets .. 3,999- 141,418
Total supply to June 1, 1881.
.............
at this supply there has been exported
to foreign ports since Sept. 1, 1880 .. 4,135,306
Leas forvign ootton iacluded............ 5,897-4,129,409
Sent to Calula direst fenn West......................... 21,632
Burnt North and Suuth ..........................................
21,632
Stock on hand end of month (June 1, 1881)-
At Northern ports............................ 195,929
At Southern ports............................ 265,912-461,941
At Providence, \&c., Northern interior markets.. $16,274-4,637,530$
Total takings by spinners since September 1, 1880....... 1,741,930
Taken by Southern spinners.........................................
1,930

Taken by Northern spinners since September 1, 1880......... 1,551,930
Taken by Northern spinners same time in 1879-80.... $\qquad$ $1,497,000$

Increase in takings by Northern spinners this year..bales.
54,930
The above shows that Northern spinners had up to June lst taken out of this crop 1,551,930 bales. Their purchases in May this year appear thus to have been somewhat larger than during May last year.
amount of crop now in sight.
In the foregoing we have the number of bales which have already been marketed this year and last year. An additional fact of interest is the total of the crop which was in sight on June 1. We reach that point by adding to the above the stocks remaining at that date at the interior towns, less stock held by them at the beginning of the season. In this manner we find the result for the two years on June 1 to be as follows.

|  | 1881. | 1880. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total marketed, as above...........bales. Interior stocks in excess of Sept. 1...... | $\begin{array}{r} 6,238,042 \\ 111,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,469,711 \\ 120,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total in sight...................bales | 6,349,042 | 5,589,711 |

This indicates that the increased movement up to this date of the present year is 759,331 bales. Hence, if there were to be no further gain in the amount received from plantations for the remainder of the season, the crop even then would reach $6,516,000$ bales.

## Weight of bales.

We continue below our statement of the weight of bales. It may be well to say again that, for comparison, we are compelled to retain in our table the weights for the whole of last year,' as in some instances we have found it quite impossible to obtain returns for the same nine months of 1879-80.

|  | Nine Months Ending June 1, 1881. |  |  | Fear Ending Sept.1, 1880 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Bales. | Weight in Pounds. | Average Weight. | Average Weight. |
| Texas | 661,969 | 338,476,777 | 511.55 | $501 \cdot 15$ |
| Louisiana | 1,508,523 | 726,142,631 | $481 \cdot 36$ | $476 \cdot 00$ |
| Alabama | 377,390 | 191,714,120 | 508.00 | $509 \cdot 89$ |
| Georgia*. | 874,542 | 419,780,160 | 480.00 | $477 \cdot 00$ |
| South Carolina... | 661,035 | 311,367,316 | 471.03 | $466 \cdot 0$ |
| Virginia. | 893,320 | 422,790,490 | $473 \cdot 28$ | $468 \cdot 00$ |
| North Carolina... | 145,823 | 68,490,146 | $469 \cdot 68$ | 471.00 |
| Tennessee, \&c.. | 1,115,740 | 557,870,000 | 500.00 | $490 \cdot 00$ |
| Total...... | 6,238,042 | 3,036,631,640 | $486 \cdot 80$ | 481.55 |

## * Including Florida.

It will be noticed that the movement up to June 1 shows a decrease in the average weight as compared with May 1, the average on May 1 having been. $487 \cdot 49 \mathrm{lbs}$. per bale, against 486.80 lbs . per bale on June 1.

THE COTTON GOODS TRADE IN MAY.
The goods market opened the month comparatively quiet, and so continued until about the middle of the month, although during the first two weeks more business was in progress than for the same weeks last year. About the beginning of the third week large local and interior jobbers entered the market as buyers, and from that time the tone has steadily improved. There was an excellent businessin brown, bleached and colored cottons, and, while such makes as have been lately selling at relatively low prices were advanced from $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 per cent, discounts were lessened on other brands. The demand for printing cloths was very active, and the visible stock (outside of printers') has been reduced to 768,000 pieces, of which 419,000 are held by speculators. The export trade in cotton goods was remarkably heary, and additional large orders for goods to be made were placed with manufacturers' agents. Stocks are unusually light in first hands, and the tone of the market at the close of the month was buoyant and strong, and is likely so to continue, for reasons which we stated fully last month. That interior stocks are small, is evidenced by the active buying so late in the season ; and the very large consumption and export in progress, is sure to tax to the utmost the capacity of Northern spindles to manufacture goods. A very active fall trade, at grod prices. ${ }^{\text {s }}$ seems to be assured.


MR. GLADSTONE AND THE LAND LEAGUE.
The latest news regarding the situation in Ireland indicates that evictions continue ; and the peasantry, backed up by the Land League, are not oniy setting the law at defiance, but setting up a law of their own. Collisions between the peasantry and the police are of constant occurrence ; and the Government, it is said, is contemplating the complete suppression of the League.
Mr. Gladstone and his associates in the ministry know well that they will not be readily forgiven, if as the result of excessive leniency, they allow Ireland to drift into a condition of anarchy. The presumption, therefore, is, that the rumor is well founded that that portion of her Majesty's dominions will, if the collisions continue, be placed under military rule.

It did seem for a time as if the tide had turned in Ireland's favor, and the last of her list of grievances was about to be removed. For the first time in history, statesmen were found giving free expres. sion to their convictions that Ireland would soon become a contented and prosperous section of the Queen's dominions. Grievance after grievance had been redressed; causes of complaint had been reduced to a minimum; and when the new Land bill should have become law, Ireland surely would be happy. On the contrary, however, no sooner were the Liberals in office-no sooner was there a prospect of a reconsideration of the relations of landlord and tenant-than Ireland presented a scene of discontent and disorder. When the Land bill was introduced-a measure conceived in a broad and liberal spirit, and admittedly highly favorable to the tenant-every conceivable obstruction was flung in its way. Its progress has been blocked by some fifteen hundred amendments; and the spirit of discontent and lawlessness finds more forceful expression than ever.
No one is permitted to doubt the cause of the present unhappy state of things. Mr. Parnell and his Land League are alone responsible. The League has been from the first the fruitful parent of resistance and obstruction ; and, if now, at this late hour, it should be suppressed and the country placed under military rule, Mr. Parnell and his associates can blame no one but themselves. They demand reform in the land laws; and they make it impossible for the Government to accede in any reasonable way to their request. Mr. Gladstone had certainly a right
to expect different treatment. He has been pre-eminentiy the friend of Ireland. It has been his steady purpose while in office to remove from her all cause of complaint. If it should be found that he is tired of Ireland, and of Irish so-called sorrows and wrongs, and not unwilling to take refuge in the House of Lords, thus leaving the battle to be fought by other and younger men, no one who has watched his career will be ready to blame him ; but the Ireland of the future may have reason to regret that it trusted Mr. Parnell so much, and Mr. Gladstone so little.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW OF MAY.

Under the stimulus of the Treasury operations, and the great success of Secretary Windom in extending the fives and sixes of 1881 at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, May became a decidedly buoyant month. In a word, there was the immediate prospect of such heavy disbursements by the Treasury up to August 12 as would throw on the market a superabundance of loanable funds, and after that date the gradual disbursement of perhaps $\$ 65,000,000$ more during the autumn, in payment for bonds to be called or purchased for the sinking fund.

The support lent to the Stock Exchange markets by the monetary prospect was well backed up by the great body of railroad capitalists and operators who were heavily interested in the floating of new bonds and stocks-whether of watered stocks or income bonds representing clear profits to the holders, or new bonds on railroads in process of construction, sold in the open market for cash.
'The money market was easier and easier as the month progressed, and on call loans the rates on the different classes of collaterals were $2 @ 4$ per cent. Time loans for two to four months were made at $2 \frac{1}{2} @ 3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, and prime commercial paper sold at $3 @ 4$ per cent.

Investment securities of all sorts were in great demand, and many of them rose to the highest prices ever made; United States fours of 1907 sold up to 1181. Railroad bonds advanced materially wherever their prices were not already so high as to leave no margin for a further rise.

In speculative stocks and bonds the business was moderately active, but the volume of transactions was not up to the standard of the most rampant periods of stock speculation. There were great combinations, negotiations and law-suits in progress, which engaged the attention of many of the heaviest operators. Also, the floating of new stocks and bonds was the favorite game of the day, as an easy source of large profits, rather than the oldfashioned method of heavy bull or bear movements at the Stock Exchange. The bears in stocks were temporarily disheartened, too, as the plethera of money had given a strength to prices which more than overbalanced in the market the well-known loss of earnings on the western railroads from January to April inclusive. The general tone of the stock market in the latter part of May was one of great strength.
Foreign exchange made a considerable advance up to the middle of the month, and the bankers even talked of a possible export of specie; but, from the 15 th, rates fell off, and the outward movement of railroad securities from this market to Europe was so large that it more than balanced the return of five and six per cent government bonds sent home for redemption.

The total transactions at the Stock Exchange, companed with previous months, were as follows:

|  | Feb. | Mar. | $\Delta p r$. | May. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The following summary shows the condition of the New York Clearing House banks, rate of foreign exchange, and prices of leading securities and articles of merchandise, on or about the lst of June in 1879, 1880 and 1881:
statistical summary on or about june 1. 1879, 1880 and 1881.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& 1881. \& 1880. \& 1879. \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{New York Cily Banks-} \\
\hline Loans and discounts......... \$ \& 339,025,700 \& 273,216.400 \& 257,272,800 \\
\hline Circulat \& 19,301;200 \& \({ }_{20.235 .100}\) \& 19,869,400 \\
\hline Net depos \& 332,182,800 \& 262,762,600 \& 225,754,000 \\
\hline Legal tenders \& 18,633,800 \& 22,547,100 \& 41,791,400 \\
\hline Legal reserve............... \$ \(^{\text {d }}\) \& 83,045,700 \& 65,8 10,650 \& 56,438,500 \\
\hline Reserve \& 97,768.600 \& 81,819.140 \& 60.576,800 \\
\hline Surplus .................... \(\$\) \& 14,722,900 \& 16,128,450 \& 4,038,300 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Money, Exchange, Silve \\
Call loans..............
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{\text {a }} 3\) \& \& \\
\hline Prime paper, sixty days \& 3 34 \& \(41_{2}\) ¢ 0.5 \& 4.5 \\
\hline Silver in London, per oz ........ \& \({ }_{484}^{51111_{16} \mathrm{~d}}\). \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
523_{110} \\
487
\end{array}
\] \& 5214d. \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{United States Bonds--} \\
\hline 68,1891, cou.(continued at \({ }^{1}{ }^{1}\) )
68, currency,
1893......... \& 10378 \& \(1063_{4}\) \& 10788 \\
\hline 6s, currency, 1898 \& \({ }_{10414}^{131}\) \& \& 812234
1034

1 <br>
\hline $4_{428}{ }^{1}$, 1891, coupon \& 11514 \& ${ }_{109}{ }^{\text {² }}$ \& 1095 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline New York Central \& Hud. Riv. \& \& \& <br>
\hline Erie (N. Y. L. E. \& W.) \& 4878 \& 3212 \& 2738 <br>
\hline Lake Shore \& Mich. Southern. \& \& 97 \& $75^{18}$ <br>
\hline Michigan Central. \& 113 \& 78 \& 7818 <br>
\hline Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific \& $143{ }^{14}$ \& 190 \& 13878 <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{130} 142{ }^{1}$ \& 102
89 \& $8_{63}{ }^{19}$ <br>
\hline Chicago Milw \& St. Paul, com. \& $1251_{2}$ \& 6938 \& 5178 <br>
\hline Delaware Lack. \& Western \& 12614 \& $72{ }_{2}$ \& $60^{1} 4$ <br>
\hline Central of New Jersey. \& 10158 \& 56 \& 5218 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wool, American XX. ....78 ${ }^{\text {d }}$. \& $34 \pm 41$ \& 43018 \& 32 a <br>
\hline Iron, Amer. pig, No. 1..99 ton. \& \& $2200 \overline{2} 300$ \& 185091900 <br>
\hline Wheat, No. 2 red win. $¢$ b bush. \& 125 ¢126 \& 1400142 \& $11 \mathrm{~J}_{2}$ 冈1 16 <br>

\hline Corn, Western mixed.. \& bush. \& $49)^{571} 1_{2}$ \& 53@551 \& $$
411_{2} a 433_{4}
$$ <br>

\hline Pork, mess.............\%p bbl. \& 1675 \& $1: 10 \bar{\omega} 1115$ \& 1012 क10 25 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}




THE DEBT STATEMENT FOR MAY, 1881.
The following is the official statement of the public debt as it appears from the bnoks and Treasurer's returns at the close of business on the last day of May, 1881:

INTEREST-PEARING DEBT.

| Character of Issiue. | Authorizing $A c t$. | When Payable. |  | Amount Outstanding. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Registered. | Coupon. |
| 6s,Or.War. | $\text { Mar. } 2,61$ | July 1, '81 | J.\&J. |  | \$688,200 |
| 68 of 1881. | July 17,’:(1) | Jume 30, '81 | J.\&J. | $109,338,600$ | $30,706,050$ |
| 6s of 1831. | $\text { Mar. } 3, ' 63$ | $\text { Sune } 30,31$ | J.\& | $45,600,250$ | $9,545,500$ |
| $5 s$ of 1881 . 4 los of 1891 | July 14,'70 <br> Tuly 14,70 | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} \text { May } & 1, \prime, 81 \\ \text { Sont } \end{array}\right\|$ | Q.-F. | $321,194,900$ $178,332,500$ | $118,6 \pm 6,450$ $71,667,500$ |
| $4 \mathrm{l}_{28}$ of 1891 48 of 1907 . | July 14,'70 | Suly 1,1901 | Q. | 178,332,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 71,667,500 \\ 198,469,600 \end{array}$ |
| $4 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{ref} . \mathrm{ctfs}$. $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{navy}$.fid | Feb. 26,'79 July 23,68 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|} \hline 1,195,149,600 \\ \$ 69 \\ 14,00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 429 . \pi 23,300 \\ & 4,5.50 \\ & 0,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Aggreg | of inter | ea |  | \$1,639,5 | 750 |

On the above issues of bonds there is a total of $\$ 2,451,0,43$ interest over-due and not yet called for. The total current accrued interest to
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.
There is a total of over-due debt yet outstanding, which has never
been presented for payment, of $\$ 10,600,005$ principal and $\$ 737,292$ been presented for payment, of $\$ 10,600,005$ principal and $\$ 737,292$
interest. Of this interest, $\$ 600,811$ is on the principal of called bonds, which principal is as follows: $5-20 \mathrm{~s}$ of $1842, \$ 373,350 ;$ do 1864 ,
$\$ 61850$; do $1865, \$ 77,250 ;$ consols of $1865, \$ 177.150$; do 1867 , $\$ 1,439,550 ;$ do $1868, \$ 423,900 ; 10-40 \mathrm{~s}$ of $1864, \$ 832,750$; funded loan of $1381 ; \$ 5,741,150 ; 3$ 's certs., $\$ 5,000$.

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.


|  | Amount Outstanding. | Interest. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inlerest-bearing debt -- |  |  |
| Bonds at 6 per cent. | \$196,378,600 |  |
| Bonds at 5 per cent | 139.841,350 |  |
| Bonds at ${ }^{1} 1_{2}$ per cen | 250,000,000 |  |
| Refunding certiticat | '38.001,850 |  |
| Navy pension fund | 14,000,000 |  |
| Total interest-bearing debt........... | \$1,639,567,750 | \$17,109,666 |
| Debt bearing no interest- | 10,600,005 |  |
| Old demand and legal-tender notes | 346,741,616 |  |
| Certificates of deposit. | 10,860,000 |  |
| Fractional currency.... | 5.6,655,850 |  |
| Fractional currenc | 7,109,102 |  |
| Total debt bearing no inter | \$121,396,598 |  |
| Total |  |  |
| Total debt, principal and interest, to dat | \$2,071,564,354 | \$2,089,418,059 |
| Total cash in Treasury. |  | 236,496,083 |
| Debt, less cash in Treasury, June 1, 1881 |  | \$1,852,921,971 |
| Debt, less cash in Treasury, May 1, 1881. <br> Decrease of debt during the past month <br> Decrease of debt since June 30. 1880 |  | 1,864,072,693 |
|  |  | \$11,150,721 |
|  |  |  |

CURRENT LiAbilities-
Interest due and unpaid .............
Interest thereon
$\$ 2,451,043$
10,600,005
737,292
56,685,850 10,860,000
G. S. notes held for redemption of certificates of deposit Cash balance available Ju ue 1, 1881.

155,161,896

## Total

\$236,496,083 Available Assets$\$ 236,496.098$
BONDS ISSUED TO THE PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANIES. interest payable by the united states.

| Character of Issue. | Amount outstanding. | Interest paid by $U$. $S$. | Interest repaid by transportat'n | Balance of interest paid by U.S. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Central Pacific | \$25,885,120 | \$19,569,787 | \$3,435,860 | \$15,485,655 |
| Kansas Pacific | 6,303,000 | 5,183,883 | 2,534,282 | 2,649,600 |
| Union Pacific. | 27,236,512 | 20,872,373 | 8,065,067 | 12,807,305 |
| Central Br., U. P . | 1,600,000 | 1,309,808 | -92,100 |  |
| Western Pacitic.. | 1,970,560 | 1,372,664 | 9,367 | 1,363,297 |
| Sioux City \& Pac. | 1,628,320 | 1,220,049 | 119.660 | 1,100,388 |
| Total | \$64,623,512 | \$49,528,566 | \$14,256,338 | \$34,617,028 |

The Pacific Railroad bonds are all issued under the acts of July 1, 1862 , and July $2,186 \pm$; they are registered
of $\$ 1,000, \$ 5,000$ and $\$ 10,000 ;$ bear 6 per cent interest in currency, payable January 1 and July 1, and mature 30 years from their date.

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS:FOR APRIL, AND

 FOR TEN AND TWELVE MONTHS ENDED
## APRIL 30, 1881

[Prepared by the Bureau of Statistics.]
Below is given the tenth monthly statement for the fiscal year 1880-81 of the imports and exports of the United States. The excess of exports and of imports of merchandise, stated in specie values, was as follows:
Month ended April 30, 1881 (excess of exports).
Month ended April 30, 1880 (excess of imports)

| $\$ 11.797,546$ |
| :---: |
| $3,805,917$ | Month ended April 30, 1880 (excess of imports)....

Ten months ended April 30 , 1881 (excess ot imports) 246,606,423 Ten months ended April 30, 1881 (excess oit inports).
Ten months ended April 30, 1880 (excess of exports). 246,606,423
$155,276,374$
25 Twelve nonths ended April 30, 1881 (excess of exports) ... $259,013,961$
Twelve months ended april 30,1830 (excess of exporty) $\ldots$ 178,460,218
The excess of imports of gold and silver coin and bullion was as follows:
Month ended April 30, 1881
$\$ 14,063,501$
Mouth ended April 30, 1880 $92,687,271$
Ten months ended April $30,1881$.
76,296,825
Twelve months ended April 30,1881
$92,281,837$
$73,951,944$
The total values of imports and of domestic and foreign exports for the month of April, 1881, and for the ten and twelve months ended April, 1851 and 188). respectively, are presented in the following tables, all in specie values:
[Corrected to May 24, 1881.]
merchandise.

|  | For the month of April. | For the 10 mos ended April 30. | For the 12 mos. ended April 30. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881.-Exports-Womestic | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 69,156,494 \\ 1,124,666 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 759,742,487 \\ 15,038,321 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 895,209,353 \\ 17,370,236 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | \$70,881,160 | T774,780,808 | \$912,579,589 |
| Imports | 59,153,614 | 528,174,385 |  |
| Excess of exports over imports | \$11,7:7,546 | \$246,606,423 | \$259,013,961. |
| Excess of imports over exports |  |  |  |
| $\text { 1880.-Exports- Domestic } \underset{\text { Foreiga }}{\substack{\text { D }}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 69,673,133 \\ \hline 8 \approx 7,405 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 638,479,487 \\ 9,360,390 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 884,146,676 \\ 11,143,542 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total | \$76,560,538 | \$697,839,877 | \$795,290,218 |
| Imports. | 74,366,455 | 542.563.503 | 616,830,000 |
| Excess of exports over imports | \$-380-917 | \$155,276,374 | \$178,460,218 |

$\frac{\text { Excess of imports over exports }}{\text { Gold and silver-Conn and bullion. }}$

| 188:-Exports-Dom.-Gold.. Foreign-Ger. Silver. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 79,539 \\ 1,612,260 \\ 9,150 \\ 421,237 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,177,075 \\ 9,786,531 \\ 3,957.111 \\ 3,907,609 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,318,055 \\ 10,981,8+0 \\ 663,989 \\ 5,024,968 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$2,122,190 | \$15,02x,326 | \$17,988,852 |
| Inports-G | $\$ 15,330,980$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 98,372,327 \\ 9,343,270 \end{array}$ | \$99,144.179 |
| Total. | $\longdiv { \$ 1 6 , 1 8 5 , 6 9 1 }$ | \$107,715,597 | \$110,270,689 |
| Excess of imports over exporte | \$14,063,501 | \$92,687,271 | \$92,281,837 |
| Excess of exports over imports |  |  |  |
| ports-Dom.-Gold.. | \$47, ${ }^{\text {c92 }}$ | $\$ 1,634,059$ | \$3,239,336 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Silver. } \\ \text { Foreign-Goli } \end{gathered}$ | 91,358 42.100 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,377,545 \\ 1,35,108 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,318,132 \\ & 1,492,894 \end{aligned}$ |
| Silver. | 232,833 | $4,813,681$ | 5,614,324 |
|  | \$416,383 | \$14,182,393 | \$19,714,686 |
| Imports-Gol | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 166,432 \\ 975,594 \end{array}$ | $\$ 79,986,544$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 80,315,107 \\ & 13,351,523 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total. | \$1,142,026 | \$90,479,218 | \$93,666,630 |
| Excess of exports over imports | 725.643 |  | \$3, 951.974 |
| Excess of imports over exports | 725,643 | 76,296,825 | 73,951,914 |



| $\text { 81.-Exports-Domestic } \underset{\text { Foreign }}{\substack{\text {. }}}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 70,8 \pm 8,293 \\ 2,155,057 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\mathbf{p} 70,706,093$ <br> $19,103,041$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 907,509,248 \\ 23,059,193 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | \$73,003,350 | \$789,309,134 | $\$ 930,568,441$ $763,236,317$ |
| Impo | -5,339,305 | 635,889,982 | $\frac{763,836,317}{4166,732,124}$ |
| cess of exports over inports |  | \$153,919,152 | + |
| cess of imports over exports |  |  |  |
| O.-Exports-I | $\$ 69,814,583$ $1,162,338$ | $\$ 636,491,091$ $15,531,179$ | $\$ 796,754,144$ $18,250,760$ |
|  | 1 | 712,022,270 | 315,004,904 |
| Imports .... ............ | 75,568,481 | 633,042,721 | 710,496,630 |
| 1 |  | \$73,979,549 | $\$ 104,508,2_{2}$ |

The following is a statement showing, by principal customs districts, the values of merchandise imported into and exported from the United States during the month of April, 1881:

| Customs Districts. | Imports. | Domestic Exports. | Foreign Exports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baltimore, Md | \$1,644,769 | \$4,338,173 | \$1,845 |
| Boston, \&e., Ma | 7,490,935 | 6,286,931 | 150,203 |
| Brazos, \&c., Te | 192,893 | 98,419 | 163,933 |
| Buftalo Creek, | 281,143 | 136,327 <br> 13,156 | 308 |
| Champlaiu, N. | 154,418 | 146,203 |  |
| Charleston, S. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ C | $8.67 \pm$ | 2,296,790 |  |
| Detroit. Mich. | 162,150 | 103,820 | 21,581 1,581 |
| Galveston, Tex | 33c, 296 | 2,459,394 |  |
| Hurossee, Micli. | 54,306 354,321 | 44,993 553,193 | 39,446 |
| Key West, Florida | -19,389 | -39,193 | 39,446 |
| Minnesota. Minn. | 47,224 | 161,725 |  |
| Mobile, Alabana | 68,131 | 848,211 |  |
| New Haren, ${ }^{\text {New }}$ Orleans, La. | 1,052,881 | 11,268,032 |  |
| New York, N. Y | 39,391,942 | 29,160,431 | 1,207,305 |
| Niagara, N. Y | 219,277 |  | 9,483 |
| Norroolk, dc., C | 175, 750 | 1,058,721 |  |
| Oswego, N. Y | 183,765 | - |  |
| Passalnaquoddy, M | -39,196 | 29,894 | 22 |
| Pearl River, M | 875 | 52,633 |  |
| Pensacola, Fla | 7,620 | 325,323 |  |
| Philadelphia, Pa | 2,373.422 | 3,151,442 | 13,991 |
| Portland, \&c., Me | 231,985 | 683,459 | 12,836 |
| Puget Sound, W. | -2,989 | 59,476 |  |
| Saluria, Texas | 59,95t | 104,851 | 0 |
| San Diego, Cal | 20.712 | 67,836 |  |
| San Francisco, C | 3,420,342 | 3,318.439 | 89,689 |
| Vermont, Vt | 599,506 | 1,109,205 |  |
| Willamette, Ores | 3,552 | 215,311 |  |
| All other customs district | 328,173 | 185,373 196,595 | 2,180 |
| Total ..... | 59,153,614 | 69,156,494 | 1,724,666 |

## UNITED STATES TREASURY STATEMENT.

The following statement, from the office of the Treasurer, for May, was issued this week. It is based upon the actual returns from Assistant Treasurers, depositaries and superintendents of mints and assay offices :

```
liabilities, june 1, 1881
```

Post-office Department account
$\$ 2,324,355$
Fund for redemption balances.
Fund for redemption of notes of national banks "failed," "in Undistributed assets of faciled circulation"...

20,030,291
Five per cent fund for redemption of national
Fund for redemption of national bank rold not bank notes.
Currency and minor-coin redemption account
Fractional silver-coin redemption account...
Interest account

Treasurer U. S., agent for paying interest on D. C. bonds.
Treasurer's general account-

| Interest due and unpaid.. | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Matured bonds and interest | 500,284 |
| Called bonds and interest | 0,035,761 |
| Old debt | , 901,252 |
| Gold certiticates | 5,912,600 |
| Silver certiticat | 50,773,250 |
| Certiilcates of deposit | 10,860,000 |
| Balance, including bullion fu | 153.042.924 |
| Total Treasur | 37,196,362 |

otal Treasurer's general account.
Less unavailable funds ......
\$319,967,333
\$70,936,462
$92,753,695$
$60,518,273$
26,841,956
$3,457,1 \geqslant 2$
36,320
$11,988,710$
$26,922,304$
7,614.311
169,675
51,747
$12,650,049$
1,912,000
165
226,903
2,970,886
119,144
\$319,967,333
Midand of New Jersey.-A special meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on Friday, the 10th inst., for deciding upon a joint agreement entered into by the directors of the Midland Railroad Company of New Jersey, the Paterson Estension Railroad Company, the Midland Connecting Railway Company, the North Jersey Railroad Company, the Water Gap Railroad Company, and the Pennsylvania Midland Railway Company, under the corporate seals thereof, respectively, for the consolidation of said companies and railroads, which agreement will then and there be submitted for
consideration

## 

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

| $\underline{\text { EXCHANGE AT LONDON-May } 21 .}$ |  |  | EXCHANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| On- | Time. | Rate. | Latest Date. | Time. | Rate. |
| Amsterdam | 3 mos . | $12 \cdot 314{ }^{1} \times 12 \cdot 4$ | May 21 | Short. | $12 \cdot 15$ |
| Amsterdam. | Short. | $12 \cdot 11_{2} \quad \infty 12 \cdot 21_{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Antwerp.... Hamburer | 3 mos. | $\begin{array}{ll}25 \cdot 55 & 025 \cdot 62^{2} \\ 20.65 & 20 \cdot 69\end{array}$ | May 21 | Short. | 25.25 |
| Berlin ....... | " | $20.65 \quad 020 \cdot 69$ | May 21 | . ، | 20.50 |
| Frankfort... | " | $20.65 \quad \widehat{a} 20.69$ | May 21 | . | 20.50 |
| Copenhagen. | " | 18.40 ${ }^{\text {a }} 18.45$ |  |  | - |
| St.Peters’log. Paris | Short. |  |  |  |  |
| Paris.. | Short. |  | May 21 | Short. | $25 \cdot 221_{2}$ |
| Vienna |  | $11.87{ }_{2}$ 2011.95 | May 21 | short. | 117\%0 |
| Madrid |  | $4758 \otimes 4738$ 4758478 |  |  |  |
| Genoa |  | $26 \cdot 10 \bigcirc 26 \cdot 20$ | May 21 | 3 mos. | 25.65 |
| Lisbon ....... |  | $52^{1}{ }^{0} 52{ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |
| Alexandria.. |  |  | May 18 | 3 mos. | 9714 |
| Bombay .... | 60 days | 1s.711 ${ }_{16}$ d. | May 21 | Short. 4 mos. |  |
| Calcutta.... | " | 1s. $733_{4} \mathrm{~d}$. | May 21 | ${ }^{4}$ | $1 \mathrm{~s} .7^{7} 8 \mathrm{~d}$. |
| Hong Kong.- |  | ....... | May 21 | ، | 3 s .878 d . |
| Ehanghai.... |  |  | May 21 | " | $5 \mathrm{s} .1{ }^{3} 4$ d. |

From our own correspondent. 1
London, Saturday, May 21, 1881.
The directors of the Bank of England have not seen their way to making a further reduction in the Bank rate this week, and consequently the minimum quotation remains at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. There has been a somewhat increased demand for money, chiefly in connection with the new Hungarian loan, which has been largely applied for, and the Bank of England return shows a considerable improvement under the head of "other securities." This increase cannot be due to improved trade, as the general business of the country remains much in the same condition, and hence it is inferred that the directors of the Bank of England have been granting greater facilities to the Stock Exchange. The supply of floating capital in the London market, taken in conjunction with the limited trade demand for accommodation, justifies, no doubt, a reduction of the Bank rate to 2 per cent ; but on the other hand the Continental money markets are in advance of ours, and already have a large number of bills been remitted to this market for discount. This fact has, no doubt, induced the Bank authorities to hesitate before making a change, and the course they have adopted is obviously judicious. At the same time, the New York money market presents an easy appearance, and the supply of gold on passage to this country is larger than for a long time past, being about $£ 800,000$. With the usual limited trade demand for money during the summer months, the continuance of an easy money market seems to be assured; but should the directors of the Bank of England decide on lowering their rate of discount to 2 per cent, it will be largely with the object of affording to merchants all the facilities available. General trade is by no means active, and the recent failures in Amsterdam and Mincing Lane lead to the belief that some unsoundness exists. The iron trade is by no means in a satisfactory state, but the weather has been more favorable for the crops, and some stimulus is expected to be given to general trade. Foreign politics have, however, prodaced some distrust, the Tunis affair and the state of Russia having been the causes of some anxiety. Should, however, the political events which have recently manifested themselves cease to induce politicians to believe that there is anything perilous in them, we may hope, if we should have a good harvest and reasonably cheap food, for more activity in commerce. The following are the present quotations for money.


The rates of interest allowed by the joint-stock banks and discount houses for deposits remain as under :

## Joint-stock banks <br> Discount houses ....

Per cent
do with 7 or i4 days notice of withdrawai.
Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years.


The stock markets have been somewhat unsettled during the week, owing to apprehended difficulties with regard to Tunis and to the unfavorable news from Russia. Russian stocks have not, however, jexperienced any considerable decline in price, the security being in so many hands, and being so well held. Consols have been firm, and are now quoted at $1021 / 2$ to $1025 / 8$ for money and $1025 / 8$ to $1023 / 4$ for account. British railway shares, which were rather unsettled in the early part of the week, are now firm.
The new Hungarian 4 per cent loan of $£ 16,000,000$, at the price of $75 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, is not an addition to the Hungarian debt. It has been issued for the purpose of redeeming the six per cents, and the operation having been placed in powerful hands, it has been a complete success. The financial position of the AustroHungarian Empire has undoubtedly improved of late years.
The following return shows the extent of our exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures, and of colonial and foreign wool to the United States during the month of April, and during the four months ended April 30, compared with the previous year:

EXPORTS.

 Carpets, not being
rugs..............yds.
$305,300 \quad 74,600 \quad 1,001,400 \quad 530,200$
There has been a slight fall of rain, but although it has been insufficient, it has done a vast amount of good. The weather has again become brilliant and the temperature is higher. The crops are making satisfactory progress, but those newly sown still require more moisture. On the whole, however, the prospect is regarded as satisfactory. The trade for all kinds of grain has been exceedingly slow, and holders have had to submit to a slight reduction in prices in order to effect sales.
During the week ended May 14, the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales amounted to 34,110 quarters, against 26,793 quarters last year, and 57,209 quarters in 1879 ; while it is computed that they were in the whole kingdom 136,440 quarters, against 107,200 quarters and 228,850 quarters. Since harvest the sales in the 150 principal markets bave been $1,360,135$ quarters, against $1,121,895$ quarters in the previous season and $2,031,487$ quarters in 1878-9 ; the estimate for the whole kingdom being $5,440,540$ quarters, against 4,527,700 quarters and $8,130,000$ quarters in the two previous seasons respectively. Without reckoning the supplies of produce furnished ex-granary at the commencement of the season, it is estimated that the following quantities of wheat and flour have been placed upon the British markets since harvest. The visible supply of wheat in the United States is also given
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Imports of wheat.cwt. } 41,070,325 & 1879-30 . & 1878-9 . & & 1877-8 . \\ 43,372.091 & 34,448,246 & 41,259,588\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Imports of flour...... } 9,481,714 & 7,457,682 & 6,464,337 & 6,400,123\end{array}$ sales of home-grown
produce
 $\begin{gathered}\text { Deduct } \begin{array}{c}\text { exports } \\ \text { wheat and flour..... }\end{array} \frac{987,156}{} \\ \text { Result. }\end{gathered} \frac{1,048,861}{} \frac{1,377,420}{} \frac{1,423,175}{73,140,553}$ Ar'ge price of English
wheat for season 42s.11d. $\quad 46$ s. $10 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 40 \mathrm{~s} .5 \mathrm{~d}$. 51s. 3d Visible supply of wheat
in the U..... iush. $17,700,000 \quad 20,357,948 \quad 15,331,650$
in the U. B.... bush. $17,700,000 \quad 20,357,948 \quad 15,331,650$........
The following return shows the extent of the imports and exports of cereal produce into, and the exports from, the United Kingdom during the first thirty-eight weeks of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons:

| IMPORTS. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1880-81. | 1879-30. | 1878-79. | 1877-78. |
| Wh | cwt.41,070,325 | 43.372,091 | 34,448,2 16 | 41,259,588 |
| Barley | 9,446,686 | 11,268,877 | 8,500,541 | 10,304,152 |
| Oats. | 6,541,046 | 9,779,374 | 7,653,026 | 8,083,952 |
| Peas | 1,587,097 | 1,481,097 | 1,122,723 | 1,297,621 |
| Beans. | 1,727,499 | 1,823.902 | 23,3293,793 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,482,953 \\ \mathbf{2 3 , 1 3 4 , 8 3 4} \end{array}$ |
| Indian | 24,446,999 | 19,630,10t | $23,353,793$ $6,464,837$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,134,834 \\ 6,450,123 \end{array}$ |
| EXPORTS. |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat. | .cwt. 889,996 | 929,964 | 1,276,719 | 1,368,224 |
| Barley | 44,503 | 21,417 | 96,474 | 44,122 |
| Oats. | 548,168 | - $78.742{ }^{*}$ | 70,916 | 67,726 |
| Peas | 65,767 | 86,893 | 13,732 | 17,075 |
| Bean | 28,220 | 36,073 |  | 185,471 |
| Indian | 191,576 | 415,460 | 314,060 |  |
| Flour.... | 97,170 | 118,897 | 180,701 | 54,962 |

Annexed is a return showing the extent of the imports of wheat and flour into the United Kingdom during the first eight months of the season, viz., from September to April, inclusive, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons:

| From- | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1880-31. } \\ \text { Cwt. } \\ 1,094,265 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| United States. | 24,480,950 |
| Brit. N. Amer | 2,043,876 |
| Germany | 445,648 |
| France |  |
| Chili. | 751,615 |
| Turkey, \&c | 284.456 |
| Egypt. |  |
| British |  |
| Australia.... | 2,491,489 |
| Other countries | 79,6 |


| WHEAT. |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $1879-80$. | $1878-79$. |
| Cwv. | Cwt. |
| $\mathbf{3}, 612,506$ | $6,530,306$ |
| $25,863,912$ | $18,236,235$ |
| $2,991,776$ | $1,643,834$ |
| $2,034,281$ | $3,016,266$ |
| 6,093 | 8,713 |
| $1,251,579$ | 153,061 |
| $1,905,151$ | 132,017 |
| $1,335,670$ | 244,104 |
| $1,207,763$ | $1,032,926$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

1877-78
Ovot. \% Owot. 19,991,558 $2,699,615$
$4,477,064$ $\begin{array}{r}4,477,064 \\ 61,103 \\ \hline\end{array}$
182,596
192,138
474,285
474,285
$3,600,803$
804,340
$37,855,253$

$\overline{40,214,600}$
$\overline{31,643,732}$
$1877-78$.
Owt.
Owt.
$1,128,248$
7060,830
760,830
$2,239,783$
245,215
$2,245,215$
$1,699,251$
Total......... 8,805,117 7,086,089 5,923,375 6,073,327
The following is an estimate, compiled from official sources,

United Kingdom during the first eight months cf the season viz., from September to April, inclusive:


The falling off, therefore, in our expenditure in connection with our imports of cereals from abroad is very considerable. It is very little short of $£ 5,000,000$, the principal reduction being in wheat, barley and oats. There has been an increased outlay in regard to Indiar corn and flour, due to larger importations.

## English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, \&c., at London, and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending June 3:

| London. | Sut. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver, per oz..........d. ${ }_{\text {Consols for money }}$ | . 5158 | ${ }_{10}^{5111} 13$ | 511116 | 51116 | 515 | $51^{5} 8$ |
| Consols for money ....... | 102516 | 1023: 4 | 102216 | x 001110 <br> $\times 0015$ | 100716 | $1005{ }^{\text {a }}$ i6 |
|  | $86.27^{16}$ | $862{ }^{10}$ | ${ }^{1025} 20^{16}$ | $\times 0015$ 36.50 | 100.58 87.10 | 100918 |
| U. S. 58 of $1881 . . . . .$. | $10{ }^{-1}{ }^{1}$ | 10714 | ${ }_{107}$ | - | 106:34 | 1061 |
| U. S. $41_{23}$ of 189 | 118 | 11812 | 118 | 11812 | 11812 | 11812 |
| U. S. 4s of 1907 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 1263 | 12.1 |
| Erie, common st | 5012 | . 5058 | 51 | $50^{1.2}$ | . 11 | 5114 |
| Illinois Centra | 14814 | 1483 | $1.481_{2}$ | 1472 | $14{ }^{1} 1_{2}$ | 119 |
| Pennsylvania \& | ${ }_{60}{ }^{181}$ | ${ }_{6814} 314$ | ${ }_{30}{ }^{3} \mathrm{O}$ |  | 6312 |  |
| New York Central. | \%\% | 139.94 | $15.51{ }^{1}$ | 15:5 | ${ }_{156}^{301}{ }^{(1)}$ | $\underbrace{30678}_{i}$ |
| Liverpool. | Sat. | 3 mon . | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs | Fri. |
| Flour (ex. State. 10011 , | 1212 <br> 12 <br>  |  | S.c. <br> 12 <br> 12 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { s. } & \\ 12 & \\ 12 & 3\end{array}$ | s.s. <br> 12 <br> 1 | $\begin{array}{cc} s . & d . \\ 12 & 3 \end{array}$ |
| Wheat, No. 1, wh. "* | 92 | 0 ) | 95 | 9 万 | 9 | -9.4 |
| Spring, No. 2... " | $9 \because$ | 9 2 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Winter, West.,n. | 96 | 9 \% | 97 | 97 | 97 | 9.7 |
| Cal. white...... '* | 9.2 | 92 | 9 ² | 98 | 9 ¢ |  |
| Corn, mix.,W.new " | 412 | 411 | 411 | $410^{1}{ }_{2}$ | $410{ }^{1}$ | $4 \quad 912$ |
| Pork, West. mess.. ${ }^{\text {q }}$, 1,1 | $7 \div 0$ | 720 | 720 | $7 \div$ | 720 | 720 |
| Bacon, long clear, cwt.. | 110 | $1 \pm 0$ | 140 | 440 | 110 |  |
| Beef, pr. mess, new, 解te. | 350 | 550 | $\bigcirc 6$ | 860 | $-60$ |  |
| Lard, prime West. \% ¢ ¢ wt. | 250 | 5.5 0 | 54 | 546 | 55 50 | 550 |
| Cheese. Ain. choice, new | . 50 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 | 550 |

## Commerctax and txtiseltaneaxstews.

National Banks Orgavized. -The following named national bank was organized this week:
2,528-Thg First National Bank of Histings. Nel. Authorizel capital $\$ 60,000$; paid in capital, $\$ 32,000$. A. L. Clarks, President 2,529-The Citizens' National Bank of Zanesville, Ohio. Authorized capital, $\$ 200,000$; paid-in capital, $\$ 101,000$. Joseph T. Gor
2,530-The New Holland National Bank, New H
capital, $\$ 75.000 ;$ paid-in capital, $\$ 75,000$. Coruelius F. Rolcapital, $\$$ and, President; Jimes Diller, Cashier.
Imports and Exports for the Week.-The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show an increase in dry goods and a decrease in general merchandise. The total imports were $\$ 8,600,722$, against $\$ 3,923,936$ the preceding week and $\$ 7,402,387$ two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended May 31 a mounted to $\$ 8,317,641$, against $\$ 7,077,845$ last week and $\$ 6,014,041$ two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) May $2 b$ and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 27: also totals since January 1:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

| For Week. | 1878. | 1879. | 1830. | 1881. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Goods...... | .86.56.196 | \$1,059,176 | \$1.845.908 | \$1,380.541 |
| Gen'l mer'dise.. | 4,861, 161 | 4,866,808 | 8,136,589 | -1,220,181 |
| Total | \$5,517,360 | \$5,925.984 | \$9,982,497 | \$3,600,722 |
| Dry Goods...... | \$35,439.455 | \$38,991,038 | \$57,573,369 | \$47,105,869 |
| Gen'l mer'dise.. | 87,061,574 | 9:3.2:5, 778 | 162,034,590 | 130,195,561 |
| Tota | 122,500,029 | 132,217.715 | 219,607,959 | \$177,301,430 |

[^1]EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

|  | 1878. | 1879. | 1830. | 1881. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For the week... | $85,139.552$ | क6,791,038 | \$8,042,822 | \$88,3:7,641 |
| Prev. reported.. | 140,367,966 | 126,436,362 | 148,566,272 | 154,975,206 |
| Total s'ce Jan. 1 | 145,507,518 | 133,287,900 | \$156,609,09 | \$163,292,847 |

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending May 28 and since

| Gold. | Exporls. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan. 1 | Week. | Since Jan. 1 |
| Great Britai |  | \$1,260 | \$. | \$20,020,221 |
| Germany |  | 2,000 |  | 2.639,641 |
| West Indies |  | 2,000 | 716 | $\begin{array}{r}4,727,751 \\ \mathbf{2 3 7} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Mexico......... |  |  | 7 | 146,872 |
| All other countries | 1,458 | 135.810 | 1,705 | 211,750 100,791 |
| Total 1881 | \$1,458 | \$170,628 | \$2,421 |  |
| Total 1880 Total 1879 | 20,889 | $1,601,080$ | +4,022 | $\$ 28,084,463$ $1,263,430$ |
| Total 187 | 63,000 | 323,996 | 16,473 | 612,842 |
| Silver. <br> Great Britain . | \$38,000 | \$4,330,575 |  |  |
| France... | 138,000 | -1, 26,050 |  | 101,283 |
| Wermany... |  | 114,157 |  | 60,389 |
| Mexico.... |  | 10,204 | 3.131 | 322,767 |
| South America |  | $24.3 \ddot{3}^{\text {a }}$ | 14.000 | 736,408 |
| All other countries |  | 18,4i6 | 2,679 | 84,088 6,629 |
| Total 1881 | \$38,000 | \$1,523,769 |  |  |
| Total 1880 | 120,600 | 2,109,074 | 29,440 | 2,3127,421 |
| Total 1879. | 284,100 | 8,233,272 | 216,354 | 3,802,368 |

Of the above imports for the week in 1881, $\$ 316$ were American gold coin and $\$ 8,204$ American silver coin.
Statement of the Comptroller of the Currency on June 1, 1881, showing the amounts of National Bank Notes and of Legal Tender Notes outstanding at the dates of the passage of the Acts of June 20, 1874, January 14, 1875, and May 31, 1878, together with the amounts outstanding at date, and the ncrease or decrease:
Nalional Binhi Notes-
Anonnt outs anding June 20, 1874.
Amoment ontstanding Jamuary 14,1875
$\$ 349,89$ 4,182 Amomint vutstanding May $31,18 \div 8 \ldots$. Increase during the last mont

## Amount ent itan sotes

Amomit ontstanding June 20, $1874 \ldots$
\$382,000,000 Ammant ontstanding Janmary $14,187.7 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
 notes of insolvent and liquidating banks, tond banks
retiring circulation muler Act of Jime 20, 1874........... Decradse in deposit during the last month
Increase in deposit since $\mathbf{J u n e} 1,1850 . \ldots$.

35,234,659
$15,712,417$

* Circulation of national foid banbs, not included in the above,
i, 090.225 .

Union Pacific.-The United States Court of Claims decided on May 31 against the Union Pacific Railroad Company in the suit for extra compensation for carrying the mails. The court held that the company is entitled to no more compensation for that service than is paid to any other railroads, and that its charter confers upon it no special rights to demand a higher rate. The case arose out of a difference of opinion as to the construction of the charter of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The government has maintained that it has the right to fix the rate at which the road shall carry the mails under general powers and has declined to pay more than a certain sum The road has maintained that by its charter it has the right to charge the government the same as it does private parties for similar services, namely, for express cars. In that way the charter only gives the government the right to priority in transmission. The company recently sued the government for some $\$ 1,200,000$ which it is claimed the Treasury Department has wrongfully withheld in violation of its charter.
-Messrs. Fisk \& Hatch have advanced the price of Elizabeth Lexington \& Big Sandy bonds to 103 and interest, and Chesapeake \& Ohio "A" bonds to 106 and interest.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.
OFFICE OF FISK \& HATCH,

## NO. 5 NASSAU STREET,

New York, May 30, 1981.

Of the $\$ 2,000,000$ CHESAPEAKE \& OHIO "SERIES A" BONDS, which we have been selling for the company at 105 and interest, there are but about $\$ 200,000$ remaining for sale; the price for these is advanced to 106 and interest.

This road is in active and successful operation, and will carn this year, net, three-fold all its interest payments
The Elizabethtown Lexington \& big Sandy railroad First-Mortgage Bonds have sold so rapidly that the price is advanced from to-day to 103 and interest.
This road is the western continuation of the CHESAPEAEE \& OHIO, and will connect it with the entire system of roads west and Southwest. Both the above bonds pay their interest promptly and regularly in New York city, in gold coin, and we regard them as an excellent investment. Interest six per cent.

FLSK \& Hatori

## The Gaxkexs' (raxzette.

DIVIDENDS:
ds have recentlv been aunounced:

| The following dividends havo |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Name of Oompany. | Per cent. | When Payable. | Books Closed. <br> (Days inclusive.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reailroads. | 2 | June 30 | - |
| Boston \& Albauy (yuar. | 4 | June 20 |  |
| Central of Geor | 49 sc. | June 20 |  |
| Central (N. H .) | $\mathrm{OL}_{4}$ | June 1 |  |
| Flint \&Pere Ma | 22 | July 1 | une 16 to July 1 |

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 18S1-5 P. M.
The Money Market and Financial Situation.-We immerge into summer this year with buoyant markets, and with the industrial and material interests of the country in a state of unwonted prosperity. The tone of confidence now prevalent at the Stock Exchanges has seldom been equaled, and this is in striking contrast with the first of June last year, when we were in the midst of one of the worst, and at the same time one of the most senseless, depressions in the stock market tha thad ever been experienced. We say one of the most senseless depressions, because the stock panic of May and June, 1880, was brought about almost entirely by influences exerted directly on the market for speculative purposes; while the railroad earnings were large beyond precedent, and the condition of the country was one of undoubted prosperity. But the truth is that we had not then grown up to a realizing sense of the develcpments which were actually in progress, and it would have been almost impossible to force the stock decline of May, 1880, could the market have then had before it, chalked up on its blackboard, the actual figures for 1880 as they were known at the end of the year-the production of wheat, corn and cotton, the railroad earnings, the returns of immigration, land sales, \&c. These general influences may not affect the stock fluctuations of a single day, but in the long run they tell, and not a railroad stock or bond is floated in New York or London which is not in truth marketed by the assistance of these material considerations.
There is nothing fictitious in the talk of a rapid and wonderful growth in the country, which must have a favorable bearing upon railroad and other property; but as to its direct bearing upon stock prices, the great danger arises in over-estimating the influence and discounting it enormously, so that the price is put up to-day about where it ought to be in 1895 or 1900 , if everything is prosperous and happy in the meantime.
The Bank of England statement on Thursday showed a decrease of $£ 33,000$ in specie for the week, and the reserve was 455 per cent of liabilities, against $4515-16$ per cent last week; the discount rate remains at $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The Bank of France showed an increase for the week of 500,000 francs gold and $1,650,000$ francs silver.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued May 28 , showed a decrease in the surplus above legal reserve of $\$ 2,015,675$, the total surplus being $\$ 14,722,900$, against $\$ 16,738,575$ the previous week.
The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1881 . \\ & \text { May } 23 . \end{aligned}$ | Differ'nces fr'm prevous week. | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ 29 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1879 . \\ \text { Hay } 31 . \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans | \$332,025,700 |  | \$273,216,400 |  |
| 8 specie |  | Dec |  |  |
| Erculatio | 332.1 |  | 262,7 | 25 |
| Legal tender | 18,633,8 | Inc. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 760,800 | 22,547,4 | 41 |
| Legal re | 0 | Lne . \$1,39 $^{\text {c }}$ | \$65,890,650 |  |
| erve | ,768,6 | Dee. 622,9 | 81,319,10 | 0,5 |
| arphus. | \$14.722.900 | Dec \$2,015.67 | \$16,128,450 | \$4,138 |

Exchange.-The course of foreign exchange has varied somewhat during the week, but the market closes strong, at an advance to $484 \frac{1}{2}$ and $4861 / 2$ for long and short sterling, respectively. Actual business to-day was at, $48372 @ 484$ for bank-
ers' 60 -day bills, $485 \% 2 @ 486$ for demand, and $4853 / 404861 / 4$ for cable transfers.
Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows:

| Ju | Posted Ro | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dem } \\ \text { Posted } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Pacuis (francs) | $4811_{2} 0483$ | $51938511^{18}$ |
| Amsterdam ( | $540{ }_{40}{ }^{4} 40$ |  |
| Frankfort or B | $94{ }^{14} 40.94$ | $917_{8} 909518$ |
| United States Bonds.-The business in governments has been mach less active this week. The prices of 4 and $41 / 2$ per cent bonds have been well sustained, but the prices of "Windoms" have not been so strong, in consequence of the larger amounts coming on the market, many bonds from abroad also having been sent for renewal; they are quoted to-day about 103 \%. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

The closing drices at the New York Board have been as follows:

|  | Interesi Periods. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mray } \\ & 28 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 30 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 31 . \end{gathered}$ | June 1. | June $\Omega$. | June 3. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6s, continued at $3{ }^{12}$. | J. \& J. | $1041{ }^{1} 8$ |  | 104 | 104 |  |  |
| 58, 1881...........reg. | Q.-Feb. | ${ }^{+1003}$ |  | ${ }^{10093}$ | -101 | ${ }^{*} 101{ }^{1} 4$ | 10114 |
| 58, 1881............oup. | Q.-Feb. | $10 \pm 8^{2}$ |  | $1041_{2}$ | ${ }^{4} 10+1{ }^{1}$ | +104 ${ }_{4}$ | $10.4{ }^{4}$ |
|  | Q.-Mar. | $1153_{8}$ |  | ${ }^{11151}{ }^{1}$ | *11514 | ${ }^{1} 15{ }^{3}$ | * $115{ }^{3}$ |
| $4128,1891 . . .$. . coup. | Q.-Mar. | ${ }^{*} 116{ }^{1}$ | 空 | $\begin{aligned} & 11612 \\ & 1182 \end{aligned}$ | $* \times 15{ }^{1} 4$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11538 \\ 1178 \end{array}$ | *11538 |
| 48, 1907...........reg. | Q.-Jan. | 11818 | 家 | $\begin{array}{r} 11818 \\ \times 11818 \end{array}$ | $* \times 1718$ | 11714 | ${ }^{11714}{ }^{1}{ }^{1} 8$ |
| 48, $1907 \ldots$ cur'ey, 1895..reg. | Q. - Jan. | ${ }_{-1183} 118$ | ' | ${ }_{*}^{*} 1183{ }^{18}$ | *11813 | ${ }_{* 129} 11{ }^{1}$ | *130 |
| 6s, cur'cy, 1895..reg. | J. \& J. | ${ }_{4}^{1} 133$ | \% | * ${ }_{*} 134$ | $* \times 128$ $* \times 129$ | $* 129$ $* 130$ | *131 |
| 6s, cur'cy, 1897..reg. | J. \& J. | ${ }^{1} 13 \overline{3}$ |  | *135 | ${ }^{*} \times 130$ | 134 | ${ }_{+}^{+132}$ |
| 68, cur'cy, 1898..reg. | J. \& J. | ${ }^{*} 136$ |  | +136 | *x131 | *132 |  |
| 68. our'cy, 1899..reg. | J. \& J. | ${ }^{\text {<137 }}$ |  | *137 | \%132 | +134 | *135 |


The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1831, and the amount of each class of bonds outstanding June 1, 1881, were as follows:

|  | Range since Jan. 1, 1881. |  | Amornt June 1, 1881. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest. | Highest. | Registered. | Coupon. |
| 6s, con. at $3^{1}$ g. | 1034 June 2 | $104^{18} \mathrm{May}^{28}$ | \$.............. | \$.......... |
| 6s, 1881....cp. | $1011_{2}$ Jan. 3 | 10612 May 20 | $155,438,550$ | $40,251,550$ |
| $58,1881 . . . c p$. | 10014 Feb. 24 | 105 May 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 321,194,900 \\ & 17232 \end{aligned}$ | $118,646,450$ $71,667,500$ |
| $4128,1891 . . .9$. $48,1907 \ldots .$. | 11118 Mar. 10 11238 Jan. 3 | $1161_{2}$ May 31 11838 | $\begin{aligned} & 178,332,500 \\ & 540,18,350 \end{aligned}$ | 198,469,600 |
| 68,cur'ncy.res. | $127{ }_{2}^{2}$ Fel) 28 | 136 Apr. 23 | 64.623,512 |  |

State and Railroad Bonds.-State bonds have been only moderately active. The Tennessees are awaiting further developments in the suit against the State authorities, and one report said that the officers would disregard the injunction, claiming that they were not legally bound by it. In Virginia the meeting of a readjusters' convention is not calculated to exert a favorable influence for the moment, but it is possible that their movements may develope so much of weakness as to fortify the position of the bondholders.
Railroad bonds show a large business, distributed throughout the list. Boston Hartford \& Erie bonds, which are merely the equivalent of New York and New England stock, have led the list in activity, closing at 85. Erie second consols have also been active and higher, selling ex-coupon at 106.
The Evening Post money article, to-day, says: "We never remember the time when first-class investments sold so high as now, or, in other words, when first-class borrowers were able to obtain money at such low rates. Yesterday the State of Ohio borrowed $\$ 2,800,000$ on bonds the average length of time of which is less than four years, at a rate little above 3 per cent per annum ; the bonds nominally bear 4 per cent annual interest, but the premium at which they sold brings the rate which the money costs the State down to a little over 3 per cent. The telegraph reports that the State of Missouri recently made a short temporary loan at plain 3 per cent. The New York New Haven \& Hartford Railroad Company recently borrowed $51,200,000$ on its Portchester \& Harlem RiR. branch at 4 per cent; the Chieago Burlington \& Quincy Railroad also recently sold $\$ 5,000,0004$ per cent bonds, which are now ruling at about par. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have also recently issued a $\$ 10,000,000$ collateral trust loan, secured by their recent purchase of a controlling interest in the Philadelphia Baltimore \& Wilmington Railroad Company's stock, which bears 4 per cent, Wilmington hillilload company's stock, which bears 4 per cent, offered."
The following securities were sold at auction:

Shares.
20 Mercantile Nat. Rank.... $125{ }^{2} 4$ 10. Municipal Gaslight Co... $160^{1_{2}}$ $\$ 3,000$ Sandusky Mansfield \& Newark 1st mort. 7s, due 18
9,000 Trebo \& Neosho ki. 0,010 Adirondack RR. 1 st mort. $7 \mathrm{~s} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .133_{4}$
Railroad and Miscellancous Stocks.-The stock market has been somewhat variable in tone, but, upon the whole, prices have been well sustained, and the prevalent feeling is one of confidence. As to any bearish tendency on the market, perhaps it would better define the position of those who are inclined that would better define the position of those who are way, to say that they feel it is a dangerous time to sell short, way, to say that they feel it is a dangerous time to sell short,
rather than admit that prices, in their opinion, are not too high. There are times when the possibility of working prices up ten or fifteen points on particular stocks is such an easy task that short sales become dangerous, whatever the range of prices may be. As to the other side, the bulls, they claim that there is no reason for any decline in the market before August anyhow, as the usual influences of monetary ease, active support, \&c., are all against it, and by August, if the crop returns are very good, there will be the basis for a new upward turn.
In particular stocks there have been less important movements than usual. The elevated stocks are all comparatively strong, on rumors of a pool in the stocks and also on the prospect of a sharp fight against the Attorney-General in his suit for a receivership of the Manhattan Company. The plan of a Chicago line for the Erie Road appears to be well matured, and the financial measures already perfected. The parallel opposition line of Lake Shore from Buffalo to Chicago is also under construction, and the trunk line facilities to the West are certainly destined to be increased. The Reading litigation, it is hoped, will be terminated with the present refusal of the Supreme Court to grant Mr. Gowen a re-argament.
The market to-day was fairly active, and prices at the close showed a little weakness.

RANGE IN PRICES AT THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

| stocks. | daily highest and lowest prices. |  |  |  |  |  | Sales of the WeekShares. shares. | Range Since Jan. 1, 1881 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Range for } \\ & \text { Year } 1830 . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sarturgay, May 28. | Monday, <br> May 30 | Tuesilay, May 31. | Julle 1. | Thursday, June :2. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Friday, } \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ |  | wes | Highest. |  |  |
| RAILROA1DS: Albany \& Susquehanna |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston dr. Y. Air-Line |  |  |  |  | 48 |  |  | 37 Fe |  |  |  |
| Burlington Cedar |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}$ |  | 11, | ${ }^{37}$ 69. Fer |  |  |  |
| Canada southern |  |  | $\begin{array}{cc}767 & 78 \\ 34 \\ 34 \\ 34\end{array}$ | 77 | $79{ }^{8}$ |  | 4,000 | 66 |  |  |  |
| Central Iowa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{31} 16 \mathrm{Felj}$ J 5 | 40 | 14 |  |
| Central of Ne | $101{ }_{93} 10$ |  | ${ }^{1014}$ | ${ }^{10114149}$ | 192 | $102 i_{2} 1035_{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 29, \end{aligned}$ | 88 | 197 | 45 |  |
| Ches | 8 |  |  | $30{ }^{8}$ | 31 | $30^{+31}$ | $\begin{array}{r}29,890 \\ 8,180 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 9 | 15 |  |
| Do 21 | 33 |  |  | ${ }_{33}^{45} 46$ |  |  | 1,950 | ${ }_{32}{ }^{3}{ }^{4}$ Ja | ${ }_{481}^{4} 4$ | 15 |  |
| cago \& Alton. | 14414 $144{ }^{1 / 2}$ |  |  | 3 |  | ${ }_{44} 1_{2} 144$ | 1,700 | , | ${ }_{56}$ J |  |  |
| Chicago Burlington did |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.9 | 140 | 33 Ja |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90 Apr. | 95 M |  |  |
| Chicago Mo Milwakee \& St. Paul. |  |  |  | 125 |  | $127{ }_{8} 128{ }^{3}$ | 64,300 20,910 | ${ }_{117} 11_{2} \mathrm{Fe}$ | M |  |  |
| Chicago \& ${ }_{\text {Do }}$ North western. $1 . .$. | 12 |  |  |  |  | $130 \overline{5}_{8} 1313^{3}$ |  | 177 | 136 Jan. |  |  |
|  | 14 |  |  | *1413 | ${ }_{145}^{145} 12144$ |  | 14,7 88 8 | Feb |  |  |  |
| Chicago Rock Isl. \& Pacitic. Chicato St. \& New Orleans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 Jan | 88 |  |  |
| Chicago Do Pt. Paul Minn. \& $\underset{\text { pref. }}{\text { Om. }}$ | ${ }_{1033_{4}}^{4.4} 10$ |  | 105 | ${ }^{444^{1} 1_{4}} 106$ | - ${ }^{455^{3}}$ |  | 15, | ${ }^{401_{8}{ }^{4} \mathrm{Ma}}$ | 51 Ja |  |  |
| Cleveland Col. Cin. \& Ind. Cleveland \& Pittsburg guar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{41}{ }^{2} \mathrm{Feb}$. 1 | 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,450 | ${ }_{127} 81 \mathrm{Fe}$ | ${ }_{42}{ }^{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{May}$ |  |  |
| Columbus Chic. \& Ind. Central. |  |  |  | 28\% ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ |  |  | 30,600 | $19^{19} 4$ | ${ }_{32} 7_{8} \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |
| Delaware Lackawanna \& West. | 120 |  | 126: | 126 | 127 |  | 183,610 | ${ }_{107}^{60}$ May ${ }^{\text {Man }} 12$ | 77 Ma |  |  |
| Dubuque sioux city | 106 |  | 1071 |  | ${ }_{* 66}^{1088_{8}} 10{ }_{90} 0^{7} 7_{8}$ |  | 18,325 |  | 111 May 10 |  |  |
| Erie \& Piftsbury .i. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 225 |  | ${ }_{110}^{863}{ }^{8}{ }^{\text {May }}$ May 31 |  |  |
| te, pref. Hannibal \& St. Joseph |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $89{ }^{12} \mathrm{M}$ | 91 M |  |  |
| Do pref..... |  |  |  | $114^{1} 114$ | 114 | 114 | 4,800 | ${ }_{94} 4$ | 16. Ma |  |  |
| Oonton \& Texas Central. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 197 Ja |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $144{ }^{1} 145_{4}^{1}$ | 144814 | 9, 5 , $\overline{\text { a }}$ | ${ }_{124}^{63}$ Feb. ${ }^{\text {Jan. }}$ ( ${ }_{4}$ | ${ }^{9312} 12 \mathrm{May}$ |  |  |
| Indiana Bloomington \& West. |  |  |  |  |  | 5333 | 4,700 | ${ }_{4}^{5012}$ 2, Jan. ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
| International \& Git. Northern Keokuk \& Des Moines <br> Do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 Jani. | 92 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 26142614 | $\begin{array}{lll}2812 & 30^{1} 4\end{array}$ | $29 \quad 29$ | $1,3,3 i 69$ | ${ }^{14}$ J Jan. 10 | , |  |  |
| Lake Frie e Western .. |  |  |  |  |  | 64-65\% | 26 |  | ${ }_{65}{ }^{3} 3_{4} \mathrm{~J}$ |  |  |
|  | $1305_{8}^{4} 132_{4}^{4}$ |  |  | 130 | ${ }^{132}{ }^{12} 1344_{4}^{1}$ | $1327_{8} 134$ | 143,325 | 118 Fe | $1355_{4}{ }_{4}$ Ja |  |  |
| Louisville \& Nastuvile....... | $105106{ }^{3}$ |  |  | 106 | 107 | io7i. $108{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 17,170 | ${ }_{79}^{10}$ |  |  |  |
| Louisville New Albany \& Chic Manhattan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58 Jan | 1024 |  |  |
|  | $6 \quad 56{ }^{1 / 4}$ |  |  |  | (eat |  | 46,260 | ${ }_{311}{ }^{11} 4 \mathrm{AD}$ | ${ }^{4612}$ |  |  |
| Mariettad do cincinnati, 1st pref. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 - ${ }^{1}$ | - |  |  |
| Memphis \& Charleston | 83.84 |  |  |  |  | 13 | 41,2, | ${ }_{41}^{6} \mathrm{Ja}$ | ${ }_{90}{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Metropolitan Elevated........... | $1{ }^{92}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 17,750 | 85.12 | 126 |  |  |
| Milwakkee L. sh. © West., ¢ref |  |  | 4638 | $12^{2 / 4}$ | $1{ }_{63}{ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }_{63} 3_{4}{ }_{4}$ | 40,599 | ${ }^{1033^{1}} 4$ | 12612 | 75 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5812 |  | $\cdots$ |  | 53 M | M |  |  |
| Minsori Kansas \& Texas...... | (106 490 |  |  | 49 |  |  | 77. | ${ }_{89}{ }^{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{Fe}$ | 54 Ma |  | 7i4 |
|  | $10910{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 109120 | $1{ }^{4} 4243$ |  |  | - | ${ }_{18}{ }^{18}{ }_{4}{ }^{\text {Jamb }}$ | 39 May 19 | 2 |  |
|  | ${ }^{129}{ }_{9012} 1298$ |  |  |  | $129{ }_{89}{ }_{8} 130_{90}{ }_{4}$ | 89 | 7,600 | $118{ }^{\text {Fel }}$ | 31 Ju |  |  |
| Nash Yille Chattanooga \& St. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{63}{ }^{63} \mathrm{Ja}$ | 22 Mar. |  |  |
| New York Elevated |  |  |  |  |  | 112 | 7,360 | 103 May |  |  |  |
| New York Lake Erie \& West. <br> Do pref | $\begin{aligned} & 108 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ |  |  |  |  | 79,600 88600 |  | $527_{8} \mathrm{Jan}$. |  |  |
|  | $89^{1} 90$ |  |  |  |  |  | 8,600 | $820^{18} \mathrm{Fe}$ |  |  | , |
| New York New Haven © Hart. |  |  |  |  | 18 | 187 | 115 | $164^{14}{ }^{\text {Mar }}$ | 1 |  |  |
| New York Ontario \& Western. |  |  | ${ }_{4}$ |  | 187438 | 1 | 9,070 |  | 仿 |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,400 |  | M |  | 5\% |
| Northern Pacific . D - |  |  |  | 43584 |  |  | 17,600 | ${ }_{32}{ }_{4}$ Jain | 51 Ma |  |  |
| Ohio Central pref | ${ }_{342}$ |  |  | $83{ }^{14} 4$ 34 34 4 4 | $\begin{array}{ll}841_{4} & 845^{5} \\ 350 \\ 35_{8} & 366^{2}\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}34,977 \\ 21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{85}{ }^{\text {3 }}$ M |  |  |
| Ohio \& Mississippi | $44^{3} 4^{3} 45{ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | $45{ }^{46}$ | $4{ }^{5}{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 9 | ${ }^{36}{ }^{1}{ }_{2}$ Jan | ${ }_{47} 7_{6}^{8} \mathrm{May}$ |  |  |
|  | 270 |  |  |  | 270270 | $275 \quad 27$ |  | ${ }^{979}{ }^{973^{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{Jan} \text { Jan. }}$ | $2{ }^{26}$ M |  |  |
| Peoria Decatur \& Eransvilie Philadelphia \& Reading |  |  | 59 |  | $\begin{array}{ccc}46 & 483^{4} \\ 5918\end{array}$ | 4738 461 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 495 \\ & 49 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $58{ }^{3} 40$ |  | 59 |  | $59^{518} 861^{1 / 4}$ | $60 \quad 61$ | 13,850 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 127 \\ & 12 \mathrm{Feb} \\ & \text { Jan. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73_{2} \mathrm{Fe}_{8} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Pittsburg Ft. Wayne \& Chic.... <br> Rensselaer \& Saratoga |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 130 Jan. | 5 |  |  |
| Rochester \& Pittsburg <br> Rome Watertown \& Ogdensb'g | 331435 |  | 357 | $36{ }_{4} 37$ | $\begin{array}{rll}363^{3} & 38 \\ 391_{2} & 47\end{array}$ |  | 5,933 | ${ }_{25}^{26}$ Aprr ${ }^{\text {Apr }}$ | 501 |  |  |
| St. Louis Alton \& Terre Haute $\underset{\text { Do }}{\text { Dof }}$. |  |  | $69 \quad 69$ |  | $39^{12}$ 47 |  | 1,93 | 25 Anr. ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | ${ }_{77} 7^{12}{ }^{12} \mathrm{~J}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97 | $1433_{4}$ |  |  |
| St. Louis \& San Francisco...... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,000 | ${ }_{59}^{51}{ }^{1}{ }^{\text {Jan }}$ | ${ }^{82}$ M |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{4,850}$ | ${ }_{61} 39$ Mar. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 110 | 110 |  | $110^{1} 1111_{4}^{4}$ | 4,850 | 90 Feb | ${ }^{113_{4} \text { Ju }}$ | 60 |  |
| St. Paul \& Duluth.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{70}^{26}$ | ${ }^{429} 11_{2}$ |  |  |
| Texas \& Pacitic Texas \& St. Louis |  |  |  |  | *95 100 |  |  | $881_{2}$ Jau | ${ }_{983}{ }_{4} \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | - | 467 46 | 50,500 |  |  | 30 | 3 |
| Toleto Delphos \& Burlington Union Pacific |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc 327_{8}$ |  | 1,200 | ${ }_{23}{ }^{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{M}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $1245_{8} 126{ }_{4}$ | $124^{3}{ }_{4}^{4} 126{ }^{4}$ | $126{ }^{3}$ | 12718 $1283_{8}$ | 149,740 | $10.512{ }^{12}$ |  |  | 3\% |
| Wabash st. Louis \&Pacific DO | $\begin{array}{rl} 53 \\ 931_{2} & 54 \\ 94 \\ 94 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{57}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ | - 21.600 | 39 Feb. <br> 785  <br> 25  | ${ }_{96}{ }^{1}{ }_{4}$ May ${ }^{\text {May }} 16$ |  |  |
| miscellaneods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Union Telegraph . ${ }^{\text {Atantic }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 52 Apr | 7414 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{34}^{66}$ Ja |  |  |  |
| Canton Co - \% Mudson Canal ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0200 | $5^{5} 3$ | $73 . \mathrm{Ma}$ | 40 |  |
| New York \& Texas LandOreronnRailway \& Nav. | $4 \times 42{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 11,22 | ${ }^{89}{ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{\text {J Jan. }}$ Jan. 15.5 | ${ }_{45}{ }^{15} \mathrm{M}$ M | 20 |  |
|  |  |  | $165^{12} 166$ | ${ }_{1}^{16511_{2}} 1661_{2}$ | $168{ }^{1} 1_{2} 168{ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{1651}{ }^{1} 1$ | -20,56 | ${ }_{135}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{90}$ |  |  |
| Pullman Palace Car | $135{ }^{5} 135$ |  |  | $1343_{8} 1341_{2}$ | ${ }_{154} 138{ }^{4} 1347$ | 135 | 80,985 |  | ${ }_{51}^{621} 4$ |  |  |
| Western Union Telegraph..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,705 | $1{ }^{\text {Fe}}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 88812 |  | $127^{3} 12918$ | ${ }^{12711_{8}^{1}} 128$ | 1271212738 |  | 66,850 | $80{ }^{11_{2}} \mathrm{Ja}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | $129{ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ May 31 |  |  |
| Do expecertiticates |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23, | $77{ }^{2}$ | $7_{8}$ May |  |  |
| merican. | $\begin{array}{cc} 135 & 135 \\ 86^{1} & 86{ }^{1} \\ 72 \\ 125 & 72 \\ 125 & 126 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 1371 |  | 120 Jan | 39 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }^{86} 4$ |  |  | 548 | $625_{8}$ Jan. |  |  |  |
| Wells, Fargo e Co |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { +72 } \\ 125 & 125\end{array}$ | 126126 | $127{ }^{1}$ | 898 | ${ }_{112}^{511^{12} \text { Jan. }{ }^{\text {Jan. }} \text {. }}$ | e | ${ }^{42}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colora |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{60}$ Ma |  |  |  |
|  | 42 |  |  | ${ }_{* 40}^{601_{4}}{ }_{42}^{63}{ }_{4}^{63}$ | 64 41 41 | $\begin{array}{ll}63 & 641_{2} \\ 39 & 39\end{array}$ | 11,323 | 35 Jan. <br> 31  <br> 1 Apr: <br> 19  |  | 1912 |  |
| Homestake Mining <br> Little Pittsburg Mining | $\stackrel{1}{20}$ |  |  | - 24 | ${ }^{2} 24 \quad 25$ |  |  | ${ }_{25}{ }^{5}$ May 25 | ${ }_{29}{ }^{4} 1_{4}$ Jan. ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{26}$ |  |
| Mariposa Land \& Minin |  |  |  |  |  | $* 33_{4}$ $\times$ $\times 1$ | 725 | ${ }^{1}{ }_{3}^{17_{8} \text { Jan. Jan. }}$ | ${ }_{9}^{81}{ }_{4}^{14} \mathrm{Febr}$ Apr. $2_{2}^{7}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots 31 i_{2} 33$ | 4,400 | $25{ }^{4}$ Jan. 6 | 35 May 27 | 16 |  |
| Ontario Siller Mining .......... Quicksilver Mining |  |  | *38 | *38 3812 |  | ${ }^{38}{ }^{3}$ |  | $33^{12}$ Jani. 10 | 38 May 25 |  |  |
| Quicksilver Mer ining pref......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{53}^{13}$ Jan | ${ }_{681}{ }^{\text {a }}$ A | 9 |  |
|  | 233 |  | $231_{4}{ }_{2} 3_{3} 1_{4}$ |  | 2414 | 24 | 1,175 | ${ }_{213_{4} \mathrm{Ja}}$ |  | 20 | 34 |
| Canteron Coal ${ }^{\text {Stal. Mining }}$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 4$ | 44 |  | 25 Apr. 27 |  |  |  |
| Central A rizona Mining |  |  |  |  |  | $4^{11^{18}} 44^{11_{8}}$ |  | Jan | 7 Feb. 14 |  | ${ }^{12}$ |
| Deadwood |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 | 10. June 1 | 20 June 3 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |  | $3_{4} 5$ | ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}$ | ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}$ |  | 200 |  | 14 Jan. 3 |  |  |
| New Central Coai.: | ${ }^{1}{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }_{6} 5_{8}{ }^{6}$ | 6.7 | $7 \quad 7$ | 2,100 | ${ }_{31}{ }_{4}$ Jan. 11 | 7 Apr. 13 |  |  |

[^2]Railroad Earnings.-The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. ment includes the gross earnings of columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second column: to, and including, the period mentioned in the secmas reported- Jan. 1 to latest date.-

 | Ala.Gt. Southern. April....... | $\$ 58,293$ | $\$ 45,314$ | $\$ 240,580$ | $\$ 199,801$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Atl. Miss. \& Ohio. April | 173,000 | 143,100 | 687,200 | 637,343 | $\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { Bost.\& N.Y.Air-L.A pril } & 22,884 & 23,069 & 86,205 & 88,2.10 \\ \text { Bur.C.Ran. \& No. } 3 \text { d wk May } & 35.730 & 36,561 & 733,999 & 778,304 \\ & 9,957 & 8,469 & 161,700 & 134,652\end{array}$


 Chicago \& Alton .3d wk May
 $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Chic.\&G.Trk.Wk.end.May } 21 & 27,224 & 29,870 & 529,353 & 423.193\end{array}$


 | Cin. Ind.St. L. \& C. April Apr. | $175,9.91$ | 14,761 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 163.929 | 1689 |  | Cincinnati South Ayril. Cin. \& Springt. $3 d$ wk May

Clev. Col. Cin. \& I. $3 d$ wk May
Clev. Mt.V. \& Del. $3 d$ wk May Denver \& Rio Gr 4th wk M'y DesM.\&Ft.Dodge.2d wk May
Det. Lans.\& No..March.....
Dubuque\&s.City.2d wk May East Tenn. V. \& G. $3 d$ wk May* Flint \& Pere Mar. 3 l wk May
Gal.Har.\&San A. 1 wt wh Apr Gal.Har.\& San A. 1st wk Apr
Grand Trunk. Wk.end.Apr. 30 Gr't Western. Wk.end.Mav27
Hannibal\&St. Jo.3d wk May Housti \& Texas C. 3 d wk May Illinois Cen. (Ill.). April.
Do (Iowa) A pril Do (Iowa).April $\ldots$ May
Indiana Bl. \& W..3d wik May
Ind. Dec. \& Sp..April. Ind. Dec. \& Sp...April . .....
Int.\& Gt. North. 3 W wh May
K. C. Ft. S.\& Gulf.March..... Lake Erie \& West.3d wk May
Louisv. \& Nashv.3d wk May Louisv. \& Nashv.3d wk May
Memp. \& Charl...4th wk May Memp. \& Charl...4th wk May
Memp. Pad. \& No.3d wk May Mil.L. Sh.\& West. 4th wk M'y
Minn. \& St. Louis.1st wk May Mobile \&Ohio.... May
Nashr. Ch.\&St.L.April Nashv. Ch.\&St.L. April .......
Natch.Jack. \&Col.February.. N.Y.Cent.\& Hud March.....2 N.Y. \& N. Eugl’d.April ....
N. Y.Pa. \& Ohtio. April
Northern Central. April ..... Northern Pacific. May... Oreg'n R. Nav.Co.April.......
Pad. \& Elizabetht. 2 wk May Pennsylvania ....April ........
Peoria Dec. \& ET. 3 wk May Philadel. \& Erie..April......

 St.L. \& San Fran.3d wk May
St.P.Minn.\& Man.3d wk May Scioto Valley.....3d wk May $\begin{array}{lr} \\ \text { South Carolina.....March...... } & \mathbf{1 3 0} \mathbf{8 4 1} \\ \text { Southern Pacific }\end{array}$

 Wab. St.L.\& Pac. 3d wk May 305,699 277,471 Wisconsin Cent... 3 wks Mar. $\quad 46.930 \quad 63.426$
-From London we get the following statement of earnings of the Southern Pacific
 1881 (Esti-

Southern Division.
Northern Division. $\begin{array}{r}\$ 410,060 \\ 77,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ Total FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 30TH APRIL

Southern Division.

Northeru Division | 1880. |
| :--- |
| $. \$ 1,142,000$ |
| 223,749 | Total.. U. S. Sub-Treasury.-The following table shows the receipts

and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as. well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

|  | Receipts. | Payments. | Balances. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Coin. | Currency. |
| May 28... | $1,062,04298$ | $615,80009$ | $70,890,11797$ |  |
| " $30 \ldots$ |  | Decoration | Day........... |  |
| June ${ }^{1} 1$. | 2,291,260 37 | 1,975,950 88 | 71,034,339 62 | 6,734,893 90 |
| " 2 | 1,065,399 01 | $\begin{array}{r}1965,24650 \\ 1,569,425 \\ \hline 13\end{array}$ | $71,180.289$ <br> $70,513,550$ <br> 15 | $6,689,097$ <br> 6815,971 <br> 05 |
| 3. | 3,163,876 95 | 1,075,745 64 | 72,408,627 91 | 7,009,024 48 |
| Total...... | 8,612,138 59 | 6,202,168 34 |  |  |

New York city Banks.-The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on May 28, 1881:

| Banks. | Capital. | Average amount of |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Loans and discounts. | Specie. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Legal } \\ \text { Tenders. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Net dept's } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { oth U. S. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Oirculation. |
| New York. | $2,000,000$ | 10.172,000 | 2.900 .000 | 173,000 | 9,597.000 | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 495,000 \end{gathered}$ |
| Manhattan | 2,050,000 | 7.845 .300 | 1,739,400 | 516,400 | 7.045 .200 |  |
| Mercha | ${ }_{2}^{2,000,000}$ | 7.935.700 | 1,637,400 | 707.100 40.000 | 7,827,200 |  |
| nio | 1,200,0 | 4.717 .400 | 1,373.400 | 425.506 | 4,677, 7,00 |  |
| me | 3,000,000 | 10.865.200 | 2,053,300. | 444,300 |  |  |
| ¢ | 1,000,000 | 3,901.000 | 910,000 | 25.000 | 3,831,000 | 7,000 |
| Tra | 1,000,000 | $9,950,600$ 3,173880 | $3,980.100$ 460,900 | 189.000 153.200 | 12,060,400 |  |
| ult | 600,000 | 1,757,900 | 375,900 | 142.500 | 1,408,300 |  |
| Chem | 300,00 | 13,904,606 | 3,641,000 | 259.400 | 14,095, 100 |  |
| Merch'nt | 1,000,000 | 4,392,800 | 961,200. | 337,700 | 4,343,600 | 0 |
| Gallatin Nation' | 1,000,000 | 4,770 900 | 573,000 | 149.600 |  |  |
| Butchers'\&Drov. | $\begin{aligned} & 300,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.700 .100 \\ & 1,065,000 \end{aligned}$ | 309.000 105.000 | 62.800 123,000 | 1,581,900 |  |
|  | ${ }_{200}^{200}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.060,000 \\ 977,400 \end{array}$ | 16.900 | 192,200 | -949,800 |  |
| Leather M | 600,060 | 3.421 .500 | 543,800 | 181,00G | 2.854 .500 | 471,900 |
| Seventh W | 300,000 | 943.600 | 213.900 | 57.400 |  | 35,900 |
| State of N. York |  | 3,660,509 | 5.218 .000 | 146.500 | 3.482.000 |  |
| American Exch |  |  |  | 643,000 878,100 | 12.872 .800 |  |
|  | 1,000,000 | 5, 665.706 | 989,900 | 195,800 | 4.44 |  |
| Mercan | 1,000,000 | 5,498,006 | 1,377.400 | 92,700 | 5.72 | 6 |
| Pacitic | 422,70 | 2.324,200 | 674.000 | 263.100 | 2.748 .0 |  |
| Repu | 1,500,000 |  | 559. | 225, |  |  |
| P |  | 3,211.706 | 805.906 104,700 | 201, 51.600 | 1.612 .200 | 0 |
| North Am |  | 2.693.0üc | 402.000 | 177.000 | 2,740 |  |
| Hanover | 1,000,000 | $8,630,900$ | 1,504,100 | 781.200 | 8.762,400 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Irvin }}^{\text {Metr }}$ | 3, 500000000 | $3,050.0176$ 14.172 .600 | 5,719, | 275 | 14.482,000 | 2,250,000 |
| Citizens | , 600,000 | 1.979.50c | 449,100 | 299.200 | 2,322,600 |  |
| - | 1,000,000 | 2.901 | 492.600 | 123,100 | 2.814 .600 |  |
| Mark | 500 | $\stackrel{2}{2} .4$ | 504.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 2!1.806 \\ 86.100 \end{array}$ | 2,559,900 |  |
| St. Nichola | 500 | 2.637.000 | 673,000 | 302.000 | 8, $.53,000$ | 450,000 |
| Corn Exchan | 1,000,000 | 4,111,60¢ | 216,600 | 103,000 | 2.533.000 |  |
| Continen | 1,000,000 | 7.051 .20 C | 2,284,400 | 232.100 | 8,156,800 | 0 |
| Orienta | 300,00 | $2.000,600$ | 22,800 |  | 1.978,900 |  |
| rin | 1,500 | 20.94 | 5.725 .200 | 1892.900 | 23.611 .200 | 107.500 |
|  | 2,000,000 | 19,645.200 | 4,764,800 | 1,015,700 | 22.778 .60 C | 45,000 |
| Mech. Bkg. | 500,000 | 1,018,200 | 215.000 | 14.700 | 843.700 |  |
| North Rive | 240,000 | 848.900 | 24.80G | 194.006 | 1,004 |  |
| East River | $\begin{array}{r} 250,000 \\ \mathbf{3}, 200,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 992.600 \\ 19.570 .90 \mathrm{C} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1!8.100 \\ & 3,683.300 \end{aligned}$ |  | 19.18 .8006 | 210.000 |
| Central Nat. | 2,000,000 | 8.763,000 | 3,463,000 | 1.471 .000 | 9.224 .000 | 1,277,000 |
| Second Nation' | 300,000 | 3,003.600 | 583.1100 | 23.200 | 3.468.000 |  |
| Ninth National | 750,000 | $5.772,106$ | ${ }^{1.038,700}$ | 571.000 | 5,876.400 | 60,000 450,000 |
| Thirst National. | 1,000,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,810,100 \\ 6,25,400 \\ 1,20,406 \end{array}$ | 1.509,200 | 438.200 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.937 .100 \\ 6.920 .900 \end{array}$ | \%, |
| N. Y. Nat. Exch | 300,00 | 1.458 .400 | - 254,000 | 95.90 | $1.201,600$ | 270.000 |
| Bowery National | 250,000 | 1,579,300 | 31.000 | 349.60 | 1,372,300 | 225.000 |
| N. York Count | 200,000 | 1.402 .100 | 41.40 C | 414. | 1,650,500 | 180,000 |
| Nat |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fifth Avenu | 100,000 | 1,816,300 | 455.200 |  | 1.931 .760 |  |
| German E | 200,000 | 1,317,716 | 20, 00 | 121,5 | 1.458.460 |  |
| Germania. U, S. Nat. | 200,000 | 1,199,000 |  | \% | 1.359,710 |  |
|  |  | 2,888,300 | 876,000 | 64,800 | 2,7 | $\begin{aligned} & 450.000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

The deviations from returns of previous week are as follows:

$\begin{array}{ll}\text {..Inc. } & \$ 5.571 .100 \\ \\ \text { I65,900 }\end{array}$ Specie..........

The following are the totals of the New York City Clearing House Banks' returns for a series of weeks past:


Boston Banks. -The following are the totals of the Boston banks for a series of weeks past :


## GENERAL QUOTAIIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

Quotations in New York represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be; other quotations are frequently mate per share.
The following abbreviations are often used, viz.: "M.," for mortgage; " g.," for gold; " g"d,".for guaranteed; "end.," for endorsed; "cons." or consolidated; "conv.," for convertible; " s. f.," for sinking fund; "l. g.," for land grant.
Quotations in New York are to Thursday; from other cities, to late mail dates.
Subscribers will confer a favor by giving notice of any error discovered in these quotations.


GENERAL QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS－Continued． For Explanations See Notes at Fiead of First Page of quotations．

|  |  | Ask． | $\frac{\text { Ratlroad Bonds．}}{\text { Cent．Ohio－1st M．，6s，1890．．Mks }}$ |  | Ask. <br> $1141_{2}$ | Ramboad bonds． | Bid．A | Ask． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }_{110}^{117^{2}}$ | C |  |  |  | Clev．\＆M．Val．－1st，78．．，＇， 93 ．F\＆A S．F．2d mort．78， $1876,1392$. ．© |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | i12ig |  |
|  | 102 | 170 |  |  | ${ }^{11}{ }^{-}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1122_{8} \\ & 1250 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | $3{ }^{\circ}$ |
| St．Paul，Minn．－6s， $7 \mathrm{~s}, 1890.30 . . \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{M}}$ \＆ N | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1{ }_{112}^{12}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 101 \\ 1064 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | 隹 |  | $\cdots{ }^{-17 i}{ }^{12}$ |  |
| Es， $1904, \mathrm{w}$ ．L |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 1111 \\ 110 & 11 \\ 103 \\ 110 & 10 \\ 106 \end{array}$ |  | Income 7，1890 $\ldots \ldots$ | ${ }_{10}^{7718}$ |  |
| 8．Franciseo－78， | 10710710710810 |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Un．do 2d M．，7s，1904．M\＆N |  | ${ }_{114}^{118}$ |
|  |  | 110 | Ches．\＆Ohio－Pur．money fa．， 1893 Series A |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{114} 104$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{130}^{135}$ | Series A．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1903 68，currency，int．deferred． 1918这 |  | ${ }_{9}^{907_{8} 7_{8}}$ | T．Lovang．© B．，7s．1884．F\＆A | 105 | 108 |
| \％os， |  |  |  | $123{ }^{1212}$ | 109 ${ }^{4}$ |  2d M．，7s． 1892 $\square$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{115}^{105}$ |  |  |  | Col．Springt．\＆C．－1st．7s，1901．M\＆S <br> Col．\＆Toledo－1st mort．bonds ．．． | 1i15． |  |
| Wrimington，N．C．－68．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 95 |  |  |  | 16 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 118 \\ & 112 \end{aligned}$ |
| gol |  | 118 |  |  |  |  |  | 1ï̀ |
|  | ${ }_{115}^{100_{2} 1_{2}}$ | 120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\underset{477_{2}}{100}$ | ${ }_{\text {coiz }}$ |  | ${ }_{13012}^{110} 1$ | 111 |  |  | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| y d susp． | 114 |  |  |  | 104. |  |  | ${ }^{0612}$ |
| 2d mortrag |  | ${ }_{126}^{120}$ |  <br> do Conv．8s． 94 ser．J\＆J 165 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 126 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| me | －562 | 12i |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tol＇n ${ }^{\text {ded }}$ |  |  |  |  | 1118 |  | 118 |  |
| ．Top． | ${ }_{121}^{101}$ |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{123}$ | ${ }_{11}^{125}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ＋122 | $\begin{aligned} & 22^{24} \\ & 145 \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{120}^{105} 1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 \\ & 1020 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{661_{2}{ }^{1}}^{1181}$ |  |  | $110{ }^{1} 2$ |  |
| 㤑 | ${ }_{1034}^{120} 1$ |  | Chic．Cininio Dub is Minu． |  |  |  |  |  |
| plain | 1998 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} 111_{1} \end{array}\right.$ |  | ${ }_{106{ }^{12} 9}^{103}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { rivece. } \\ & \text { troner } \\ & \hline \text { Tonek } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 st M．，8s，end．M．©．， 1902 ．M\＆${ }^{\dagger}{ }^{+112}$ |  |  |
|  | 119 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4114 \\ & 1114 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Pienst }]{\text { N．Mex }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Puebio ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aclanta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 130 |  |  |  |  |
| Sterilug， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sterling |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 121 |  | Eastern |  |  |
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| Chiut． |  |  | do West．Div，${ }^{\text {dos．} 1921 . J . J . ~}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Bos |  |  |  |  |  | Finy C |  |  |
| Costeol．Mort．，7s， |  |  | Consol．， |  |  | Flus |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {sta }}$ mort |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Ft．M |  |  |
| New 5 |  |  | ${ }_{\text {P }}^{\text {G }}$ |  |  | Fran |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Gal．Har．\＆．S．A． |  |  |
|  |  |  | Chis |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brooklyn |  |  | Cis， 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buff．N．Y．${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | Cuicest．W． 1 st， 78 |  |  |  |  |  |
| uffid．Y．．${ }^{\text {de }}$ |  |  | ${ }_{2 \text { did }}$ |  | 110 |  |  |  |
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| Cairifor Pat． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ded |  |  | 边 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carolina |  |  | St．Panlcs．city， |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Cent．B |  |  | Cin． |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  | II．Grand ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | nd．B |  |  |
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|  |  |  | Cin |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2d |  |  |
| Consol．M．．7s．1899，assented．Q－ |  |  | J Jict |  | $106{ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Bellef．\＆Iud．M．，7s，1899．．．J\＆ |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]$\dagger$ The purchaser also pays accruyd interest．

## or Explanations See Notes at Head of First Page of Quotations.



+ The purchaser also pays accrued interest.

GENERAL QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS-Continued.
For Explanations See Notes at Head of First Page of Qnotations.


* Prices nomiual; no late transactions.
$\dagger$ Tie purchaser also pays accrued interest.

GENERAL QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS—Continued.


GENERAL QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS-Concluded.
for Explanations See Notes at Fiead of First Page of Quotations.

| Bank Stoce | Bid. | Ask. | Bank Stocks. | id. | Ask. | Bank Stocks. | Bid | As | Insurance Stocks. | Bid. | As |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOSTON. |  |  | G | 130 | 131 | M | 293 |  | Iut. | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 55 \end{aligned}$ |
| Atlantic........ | 152 | 1531 | Kentuck | 138 |  | Mechanics' ${ }^{\text {Merchants, }}$ Nat....100 |  |  |  | 40 |  |
| Atlas. | ${ }_{115}^{127}$ | ${ }_{11512} 12$ | Masonic. | 120 | 121 | Nat. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ 'k Commmerce. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \% |  |  | Stonewall............ | 90 | 5 |
| Black | 108 | 110 | Merchants; Nat... 100 | 127 | 128 | Nat. ${ }^{\text {'/k }}$ Germant'n. 50 |  |  |  | 40 | 45 |
| Bl |  | 125 |  | 104 |  | Nat.B'k N. Liberties 50 | 140 |  | EW ORLEANS. |  |  |
| Boylston | 1201 | 121 |  | 106 | 108 | Nat. B'k Repullic. 100 |  |  | Crescent Mutual.....' | 110936 $\times 111 \%$ |  |
| Brighton, | 104 | ${ }_{9+12}$ | Third National | 110 | 112 | Penn National.....50 |  |  |  | 61 |  |
| Broadway |  | 178 |  | 105 | 107 | People's........... 100 |  |  | German | 09 |  |
| Bunker | $119{ }_{2}$ | 120 | West.Finan.Corp. . 100 | 110 | 112 | Philadelphia Nat.. 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 118 | 120 | MOBILE. |  |  | Second Nat...... 100 |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{3318}$ | 3412 |
| C | ${ }_{12}^{143}$ | 124 | Bank of Mobile..... 25 <br> First Nat..........$~$ <br> 100 | 120 |  | Sixth Nat.......... 100 |  |  |  | 53 | $55{ }_{2}$ |
| Comme | 130 | 13012 | Nat. Commercial. 100 | 85 | 90 | Southwark Nat.....50 |  |  | Me |  | 0612 |
| Commonwealth... 100 | $1191_{2}$ | ${ }_{12012}$ | MONTREAI. |  |  | Spring Garden .... 100 |  |  | Mechanics' \& Traders' | 11110 | $113{ }^{2}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can } \\ & \text { Eas } \end{aligned}$ | 12 | 121 | British N. America | 103 | 10312 | 22d Ward..... .... 50 |  |  | New Orleans Ins. Ass'n |  | ${ }_{629}{ }^{3}$ |
| Eli | ${ }_{144}^{122}$ | 145 |  |  |  | Union Nat.............. 50 |  |  | Peopl | 284 | + |
| Exch | $1163_{4}$ | 117 | Du Peuple..........5.50 | 9612 | 97 | Western Nat........ 50 |  |  | Sun | 18 | 10 |
| Everetil Milil......100 | 130 | 131 | Eastern Townships 50 | 119 |  | West Philadelphia. 100 |  |  | ato |  | 1 |
| First National..... 100 | 20712 | 208 | Exchange...... .100 | 137 | $138{ }_{2}$ | FORTLAND, ME. | 59 | 60 | NEW YORK. 50 |  |  |
| First Ward |  |  |  | 118 |  | Canal Nat........iot | 161 | 163 | American Exch... 100 | 110 | 115 |
| Fourth | 12 | 3 |  | 78 |  | Casco | 155 | 157 | Bowery | 200 |  |
| Freemans | 11 | 13 | Imperial........... 100 | $1: 8$ |  | First N | 155 |  | Broadi | 215 | 225 |
| Hami |  | 24 | facques Cartier... 100 |  |  | Merchants ${ }^{\text {ationat }}$ Nation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 152 | 154 | Citizen | 165 | $175{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Hide \& Le |  | 116 | Maritime Ierchants a | $126{ }^{1}$ | 127 | Natimmond, Vi. |  |  | City ..... . . . . . . ${ }^{7} 70$ | $12 \overline{ }$ | 130 |
| Howard........... 10 | 110 | 111 | Holsons............. 50 |  |  | City Bank. ....... 25 | 25 |  |  | 60 |  |
| Market........... | $106{ }^{1}$ | 107 | Montreal.......... 200 | $\underline{06614}$ | 81 |  | 135 110 |  | Commber | 100 | 105 |
| Market (Brighton). 10 |  | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 1024 | 102\% | Nat. Bk of Virginialoo | 196 | 7 | inen | 225 |  |
| Massachinse | 1255 | 256 | Quebec............. 100 | $1103_{4}$ |  | Planters' Nat..... 100 | 130 |  | E | 15 |  |
|  | 130 | 131 |  | 104 | 105 160 | State Bank of Va. 100 | 105 |  | Expli | 95 | 00 |
| Merchandise.... . 100 | 1119 | 1150 | Torouto........... 108 | 2 |  | B'k of Commerce.. 100 | 335 |  |  | 120 |  |
| Merchants' | 11. | 116 | Ville Mario........ 100 | 4 | 48 | Commercial ...... 100 | 230 |  | Fremen | 95 | 100 |
| Monume | 203 | $2 \% 4$ | NEW |  |  | Continental. . . . 100 | 11.8 |  | Firemen's Trust... 10 |  |  |
| Vernon | 11. | 120 | Caval \& Banking. 100 | 120 |  | Fourth National .. 100 | $9{ }^{\text {9 }}$ | 100 | Frank.\& | 182 |  |
| New Englay | $1.39{ }^{11_{2}}$ | do |  |  | 11 |  | 101 |  | Germani | 1.5 |  |
|  | 115 | 11.512 | Hibernia Nat...... 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 113 \end{aligned}$ |  | Merchan | 2 |  |  | 11. |  |
|  | ${ }_{6}{ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{6}{ }_{10} L_{2}$ | Lonisiana Nat..... 100 | $1111_{2}$ |  | Merchants' | 116 |  |  | 265 |  |
| Pacitic, | $114{ }^{1}$ | 115 | Metropoli | 111 | 101 | St. Louis National. 100 Third National. ${ }^{\text {a }} 100$ | 10 | $11_{1} L_{2}$ | Guardian.. ..... . 100 | 140 | 150 |
| People's.......... 10 |  | 163 | Vew Orleans Nat. 100 | :45 |  | Valler National...100 | 102 | 104 | Manov | 160 | $16 \bar{\square}$ |
| Redemputic.......... 10 | ${ }_{2} 2{ }^{1}{ }_{2}$ | 130 | People's.............50 | 4 | $55 L_{2}$ | SAN FRANCISCO. |  |  | Hoffma | 85 | 160 |
| Revere. | 127 | ${ }^{12712}$ | State Nat.........100 | 112. | 111 | Anglo-Calito | 135 |  | Home.................. 100 | 75 |  |
| Rocklan | 140 | 152 | Union Nat Yöri.. ${ }^{100}$ |  | II | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bank of Californa. } \\ & \text { First Nat. Gold....iop } \end{aligned}$ | 112 |  | Howard............. 50 | 120 | 125 |
| Second Nat........ 100 | 175 | 185 | America.. |  |  | Grangers' B'k of C. 100 |  |  | Importers \& Trad. 50 | 95 | 100 |
| Security.......... 100 | 122 | 123 | American Exch'ge1 |  | 130 | Merchants' Exch. 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Shoe }}$ | 114 | 1142 |  |  | 243 | Nat.Gold Bank\& Tr. Co |  |  | Jeffers | 150 |  |
| State............. 10 | 125 | 12512 | Butchers'd Drovers25 | 18 |  | Pacitic | 125 | 123 | Kings Co. (B'kiyn) 20 |  |  |
| tolk | 12412 | 12. | Central National.. 100 |  |  | Wells, F |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Nat......... 100 | 10 | 106 | Chase National. ...100 |  | 115 | STOCKS. |  |  |  | 90 | 95 |
| Traders'......... 100 | 124 | 125 | Chemathical.................. 100 |  | II | BALTIMORE |  |  | Lenox |  | 75 |
| Tremont.......... 100 | 148 | 150 |  |  |  | Associate Firemen's. 5 | 7 | $7{ }^{1}$ | Long Isl'd (B'klyn). 50 | 0 | 116 |
| Washington......... 100 |  | 13112 |  |  |  | Batimore Fire Ins. 10 | 26 |  |  | 142 |  |
| Webster.aiolicl 100 |  |  | C |  | 1 | Firemen's Fire.......... 5 | ${ }_{7}{ }_{1}$ |  | Manhat \& Bunders 100 | 105 | i10* |
| BROOKLYN. |  |  | Contin Corn E |  | 126 | Maryland Fire.........io | $\dot{4}^{1}$ |  | Mech. \& Traders’... 25 | 160 |  |
| antic | 110 | i13 | East Ri |  |  | Merchants' Mutual. 50 | 50 | 60 | Mechantes' (B'klyn) 50 | 0 | 170 |
|  | 220 | 230 | Eleventh Ward.... 25 |  |  | National Fire | 11 | 12 | Mercantile, -.......50 | 5 | 130 |
| Fulto | 106 | 116 | First National. ... 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 115 |  |
| City Natio | 240 | 260 | Fourth National... 100 <br> Fulton <br> 1 | 120 | 14 | Aniericau F.\& M.. 100 | 146 | 147 | Nassau (B'klyn)....50 | 150 | 160 |
| Commerc | 100 | ${ }_{103}^{105}$ |  |  | 14 | Boylston............ 100 | 151 | 152 | National. | 15 |  |
| $\stackrel{\text { Long I }}{\text { Manufa }}$ | 109 | 100 | Gallatin National .. 50 |  |  | Common wealth. . 100 | 9 | 96 | Ne, | 70 | 75 |
| Mechani | 180 | 185 | German American. 75 | 5 | 96 | Dwelling House... 100 | 119 | $1{ }_{17}$ | Nelv York Fire....iot | 110 |  |
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| CHARLESTSON. |  |  | Grocers'........... 30 Hanover...... ${ }^{3} 0$ |  | 132 |  | 145 | 147 | Pacitic..............25 | 220 |  |
| B'k of Chas.(NBA) 100 <br> First Nat. Chas. 100 | ${ }_{145}^{94}$ |  |  | +230 |  | Mass. Mutual..... 100 | $116{ }^{1}$ | 119 | Park............... 100 |  |  |
| People's National. 100 | 118 |  | [rving.............50 |  | 140 | Mercantile F. \& M. 100 | $\times 141$ | 143 | Peter Cooper...... 20 | 0 |  |
| CHICA |  |  | Leather Manufts. 100 |  |  | Neptune F. \& M.. 100 | ${ }_{123}^{131}$ | 127 |  | 130 | 135 |
| Commercial Nat... 100 | 175 |  |  |  |  | Prescott.... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ No. .100 | 123 | 127 | Relicf..... .... ... 50 | 87 | $92^{1 / 3}$ |
| Corn Exch. Nat. . 100 | 140 |  | Marine...........iot |  |  | Revere............. 100 | 85 |  | Republic........ . . 100 | 0 |  |
| First National .... 100 | 210 |  | Market.............. 100 | $\ddagger 121$ |  | Shoe \& Leather. . 100 | 155 | 165 | Rutgers'.......... 100 | 60 | 5 |
| Hide and Leath | 100 |  | Mechanies' | 150 |  | Washingtou | 150 | 155 | St. Nicholas........52 | 126 |  |
| Home National ... 100 | 75 | 90 | Mechanics, B. Ass'n50 | +84 |  |  | 80 | 85 |  | 116 | 120 |
| Merchants' Nat. ${ }^{\text {Nat. }{ }^{\prime} \text { ' } 100}$ | 200 |  | Mechanics \& Tr... ${ }^{\text {M }}$ |  | 30 | Cincimnati...... .... 25 | 140 |  |  | 75 |  |
| Northwestern Nat. 100 | 1-5 |  | Merchants', -.......50 | 130 |  | Citizens'.......... ${ }^{20}$ |  | 110 | Stuy | 105 | i10 |
| Union National. 100 | 1 |  | Merchants' Exch'geso |  | 16 | Commercial.......... 25 | 110 | 115 | United State | 127 |  |
| Un.Stock Y'ds Nat. 100 |  |  | Metropol |  |  |  | 180 | ${ }^{85}$ | Westchester........ 10 | ${ }_{215}^{115}$ |  |
| Citizens' ${ }^{\text {Cinational. }}$. |  | 117 | New Yot | 140 |  | Eureka.............20 | 145 |  | Willianslurg City. 50 | 210 |  |
| First National | 207 | 210 | N. Y. Nat. Exclidgeloo | 100 |  | Firemen's...........20 | 140 |  | PHILADELPHIA.§ |  |  |
| Fourth Nation | 150 |  | New York County. 100 |  |  | Germania..........20 | 103 | 105 | American Fire ... 100 |  |  |
| German Natio | 110 |  | Ninth National....100 | 125 |  | Globe.....; | 140 | 10. | Frankssociation...io |  |  |
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| Nat. Lat. \& Bk, of Com. | 115 |  | North River. ... ..... 50 Oriental............. 25 | +98 |  | Miami Valley........ 50 National............ 100 | 135 | 100 | Ins. Co. of N. Am'ca 10 | 361 | 37 |
| Third Nation | ${ }_{212} 1_{2}$ | 213 | Paciftc............... 50 |  |  | Union... | 75 | 80 | Ius. Co. State of Pa 200 |  |  |
| HaRT |  |  | Park................. 100 | 160 | 70 | Washing | 125 | 150 | Peunsyivania Fire 100 |  |  |
| na Nat...... .. 100 | 123 | 132 | Peopie's............ 25 | 120 |  | Western | 147 | 150 | Lumbermen's .......50 | 22 | 126 |
| American Nat... ${ }^{\text {Onarter Oak }}$ | 135 | 138 | ${ }^{\text {Phenix }}$ Republic............. 100 | 135 |  | ${ }_{\text {Htara }}$ | 270 | 272 |  | 12 |  |
| City Nat......... 100 | 135 | 138 | Second National. 100 |  |  | Atlas Insurance... 100 | 23 | ${ }^{25}$ | United Firemen's.. 10 |  |  |
| Connecticut Miver. 30 | 38 | 44 | Seventh Ward..... 100 | +80 |  | Connecticut ...... 100 Hartford | 140 | 14.3 |  | 23 | $23{ }^{2}$ |
| Far. \& Mech. Nat. 100 | 130 | 132 | Shoe \& Leather... 100 | 128 | i21 | Hartford.......... 100 National....... 100 | 140 | 150 | Merchantsi\&mecb. 100 | 93 | 95 |
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| National Exchange 50 | 788 | ${ }^{171}$ |  | : |  | Steam Boiler ....... 40 | 65 |  |  |  |  |
| State.... | 163 110 | ${ }_{112}^{171}$ | P'k of N. America . 100 |  |  | Commercial Union. $x^{5}$ |  | 2618 | American Central. 25 |  | $5^{1}$ |
|  | 110 |  | Central National. 100 |  |  | Guardian....... ... 50 | 79 | 81 | Citizens'..... . . ${ }^{100} 100$ | 110 |  |
| Bank of Kentucky 100 | 14 | 145 | City National...... 50 | 17 |  | Imperial Fire...... 25 |  |  |  | 110 |  |
| Bank of, Louisville100 | 90 | 95 | Commercial Nat...50 | 67 |  | Laucashire F. \& L L 25 |  |  | Marine foraiciosco |  |  |
| City Nat... | 121 | 125 | Commonwealth Nat 50 Consolidation Nat. 30 | 6 |  | Liv. \& Lond. \&Globe 20 | 235 | ${ }_{23}{ }^{27} 8$ | California......... 100 | 120 |  |
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| Farmers' of Ky ... 100 | 105 | 106 | Eishth Nat........ 100 |  |  | North Brit. \& M Mer. $6^{12}$ Queen Fire |  |  | Firemen's Fund. ${ }^{\text {Fome Mutual...... }}$ | 118 |  |
| First Nat. | 106 | 108 | First Nat ${ }^{\text {Farmers' }}$ Mech. ${ }^{\text {N }} 100$ |  | 139 | Queal Insmrance.... 3 |  |  | State Iuvestuent. 10 | 103 | 12 |
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## Intuesturents

## AND

## STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Frunded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month-viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at $\$ 2$ per copy.

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Allegheny Valley........
Arkansas State Finance
Boston Hoosac Tunnel \& W Boston Water Power Co.... Brooklyn Elevated.......... 468 Brunswick \& Albany
Cairo \& St. Louis.
Cairo \& Vinceunes Carolina Central. Central Iowa.. Central of New Jersey Charlotte Col \& versey....454 Chartiers Railway. Cheraw \& Salisbury Chesapeake \& Ohio... Chic. \& Eastern Illinois Chic. Mil. \& St. P....456, Chicago Pekin \& Southw Chic. R. I. \& Pac. ............551
Cincinnati City Bonds..
Cin. Ham. \& Dayton. Cin. Ind. St. L. \& Chic Cin. \& Muskingrum Valley..... 552
Cin. Richmond \& Fort We. Cin. Richmond \& Fort Wayne. 499 Cin. Wabash \& Michigan Clev. Canton Coshocton \& S Clev. Col. Cin. \& Ind ........ 5277 Columbus Chice \& Ind. Cent.... 498 Connecticut Western. Dayton \& Southeastern......... Delaware \& Hudson Canal ..... 526 Denver \& Rio Grande .....500. 550 East Tenn. Va. \& Ga Elizanethtown Lex. \& Big San. 552 Elizanethtown Lex. \& Big San. 544
Evansv. \& Terre Haute.. ..... 500 Flint \& Pere Marquette Ft. Wayne Muncie \& Cin Freight Rates.
Galveston H. \& Hend..... 500, 577 Georgia RR. \& Bank'g Co.526,551 Grand Trunk (Canada)..........467 Great Western (Canada)........467 Harlem River \& Portchester. 578 Indianap. Decatur \& Springf.. 509 International \& Great No. 46.9 ,
Jersey City Finances.......... 566 Lake Shore \& Mich. So...478, 49 ng
 Little Rock \& Long Island RR
Louisv. New Albany \& Chic
Louisv. N. A. \& St. Louis.

## 499

vacon \& Brunswick Marietta \& Cincinnat Marq. Houghton \& Ontona..... 526 Memphis \& Charleston Metropolitan Elev
Michigan Central. Midland of New Jersey Milw. L. Shore \& West. Minneapolis \& St. Louis Mo. Kan. \& Texas.
 Hsour Pacific. $469,488.526,52$
Nashv. Chat. \&St. L.
New Castle \& Franklin
N. Y. City \& Northern.
N. Y. \& Brooklyn Elevate New York Elevated... N. Y. Lackawanna \& West. 46 Northern Central West Northern Pacific Norfolk \& West. $501,527,569$ North River.
Ohio \& Mississippi Oregon \& California Ores. Railway \& Nav. Co.501,
Pacific Mail Steamship Panama Railroad Pennsylvania Company Petersburg RR.. Pennsylvania RR.......469........ 50 hiladelphia \& Reading...469,
Pittsburg Cin. \& St. Louis. Pittsb. Wheeling \& Kentuck Pullman Southern Car Co. ..
Eichmond \& Allegheny Richmond \& Danville. Rochester \& Pittsburg.
t. Louis Alton \& Terre Haute St. Louis Iron Mt. \& $\begin{gathered}\text { 467, } \\ \text { So....526 }\end{gathered}$
St. Joseph \& Western. Shenandoah Vath. South Carolina RR Southern Pacific Sy partanburg Union \& Col syracuse Binghamton \& N.
Tennessee State Debt. Texas \& Pacific ....... Toledo Cin. \& St. Louis.
Wab. St. L. \& Pac. Western Union Tel
Wisconsin Central.

## REPORTS <br> ANNUAL REPORTS.

## Northern (N. H.) Railroad.

(For the year ending March 31, 1881.)
The annual report says that, from various assigned reasons, the through business going easterly was diverted from the line of roads with which this road is connected during several of the winter months, which somewhat diminished the gross receipts while largely increasing the expense of carrying the traffic westward. Whether this diversion cursed any other is extremely problematical, as the through business, which is a very large proportion of the traffic, continues to return a very small revenue per ton per mile. During the year, 498 tons of steel rails and 54,186 new ties were laid; 2,200 tons of steel rails have been bought, which will complete the steel track on the main line. No satisfactory arrangements have yet been made for the connections of the Peterboro \& Hillsboro road. Negotiations are pending with the Central Vermont for a settlement of differences as to through business. The report says "Various propositions having been made for the purchase of the interest of this corporation in the stock of the Sullivan County Railroad, one of which appeared to be satisfactory, negotiations were had which resulted in the transfer of such interest; and in connection therewith a contract was secured with reference to the division of the fature receipts from business of that road, the result of which, it is hoped, will prove
advantageous to this corporation, in addition to the amount received for such interest, which has been carried to the amount received for such interest,
of the contingent fund."
The contingent fund."
Thaffic for the year was as follows:
 rails. The income account was as follows. Net earnings. $\qquad$
Total.
102,223
Dividends, 6 per.......
180,884
Surplus for the year
$-$
Burplus for the year........................................................................ ${ }^{\text {S1,04 }}$
Balance, March 31, 1881................................................. $\overline{\$ 144,733}$
Balance of interest account is the surplus of interest received on investments over the amount paid.
The general account March 31, 1881, was as follows.
 Bond due April 1, 1874. 177,00 Income, balance. 100
144,733
Contingent fund. 1,181,879 Premiums, \&c 21,027
89,919
Total.
\$4,686,060
Construction.......................................
Concord \& Claremont Railroad
Bills receivable.
Materials.
Contracts.
$3,068,400$

Contracts, cash, \&c.
Total............................................................
The company guarantees $\$ 500,000$ Concord \& Claremont bonds, of which it owns two-fifths.

## Concord Railroad.

(For the year ending March 31, 1881.)
This road operates 121 miles. The traffic of the year ending March 31 was as follows :

|  | 1850-81. |  | $1879 \cdot 80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Passengers carried. |  |  |  |
| Tons frieight car |  | 17 | 11,081,309 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 899,662 |
| Ton miles..................................30,295,384 $\quad 29,006,334$The earnings for the year were as follows: |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1880-81. | 1879-80. | P.c |
| Passengers. | \$328,890 | \$299,447 |  |
| Freight. | 596,394 | 541,244 | 4 |
| Mail, et | 29,715 | 29,395 |  |
| Total: | \$955,000 |  |  |
| penses. | ... 592,391 | 523,356 |  |
| Net earnings | \$362,608 | \$346,732 |  |

There was an increase in expenses, due hartly to increased renewals. The income account is as follows :
Net earnings.
Tax on capital stock.

New freight cars. 50,000
Reserved for unse
Dividends, 10 per cent government claims.................................... 150,009
Balanee to contingent fund.

Amount of contingent fund, March 31,1880
Amount March 31, 1881
$\$ 110,596$

## Manchester \& Lawrence.

(For the year ending March 31, 1881.)
This company works 26 miles, and has a verbal agreement with the Concord Railroad for part of its business.
The traffic for the year was as follows :

|  | 1880-81. | 80. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passengers carried. | 156,268 | 135,219 |
| Tons mireight carried | 10,203 | 1,271,709 |

The statement of earnings is as follows :
Receipts from traffic............................................
Concord Company, on account of joint business.
: 1,27i,709
$\underset{62,246}{\$ 123,395}$
Total earnings.
$\overline{\$ 185,641}$
Expenses.
$\longdiv { \$ 1 0 0 , 4 4 0 }$
Net earnings $\$ 100,440$
100,000
nds, 10 per cent
$\$ 440$

## Wilmington \& Northern.

(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)
This company owns a line from Wilmington, Del., to Reading, Pa., 72 miles, with the French Creek branch, 6 miles, and the Rockland branch, 2 miles, making 80 miles in all. The two branches were completed last year.

The earnings for the year were as follows :
1880
Passengers.
Freight.....
Frriint...
Mails,
Total... Expenses..

Net earnings
In 1879 the gross earnings were $\$ 231,627$, net $\$ 5,824$.
During the year 600 tons of steel rails and 30,961 new ties were laid; bridges and trestles were repaired and 200 feet of were laid; briages the road-bed was maintained and a new trestle filled in. cars rebuilt. Payments from net earnings were as follows : cars rebuilt.
Net earnings redenption, braich bonds
New engines, buildings, sidings, ett...
Cost of branches in excess of bonds sold


Balance
\$5,801

## Minor Railroads in New Jersey.

The following reports are from the official statements to the Comptroller of "Tew Jersey.

DELAWARE \& BOUND BROOK RAILROAD COMPANY

## (For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)

Capital stock paid in.
. $\$ 1,652,000$
1,652,000
Bonded
Floating debt
$\overline{\$ 3,384,000}$
Cost of road and equipment. ...................................... $33,136,036$
The road extends from the middle of the river Delaware to near Bound Brook, a distance of (double track) twenty-seven miles, and has a branch from a point on the main line to Trenton, of single track, a distance of twenty and seven-tenths miles.
It is leased to the Philadelphia \& Reading Railroad Company for 990 years, with its equipments, from May 1, 1879, at an annual rental of the amount of the interest on its bonded and floating debt, and dividends on its capital stock at the rate of 6 per cent per annum for two years from May 1. 1879, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum for two years from May 1, 1881, and at the rate of 8 per cent per annum thereafter for the remainder of the lease.
receipts and expenses for 1880.
Income from passengers.
$. \$ 199,704$
$.364,530$
Income from freight........
Income from other sources
364,530
4,554
Expenditires during the year for working road, including
repairs, maintenance of way, motive power and con-
Four quarterly dividends of one and one-half per cent each Four quarterly dividends of one in the months of Feb., May, August and November.

NEW JERSEY \& NEW YORK RAILROAD COMPANY.
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)
Capital stock paid in.
$. \$ 2,800,000$
Bonded debt.
147,982
Floating debt
61,526
$3,006,031$
Cost of road and equipments.
tony Point,
N. Y., a distance of thirty-six and one-half miles, of which eighteen miles is in the State of New Jersey.
receipts and expenses for 1880.
Income from passengers
$\begin{array}{r}\text {. } \\ \text { 64,861 } \\ \hline 8,021\end{array}$
Income from other sources.
64,861
8,129
$\overline{\$ 182,012}$
Expenditures during the year for working road, including repairs, maintenance of way, motive power and con-...............................................................................
The New Jersey and New York Railroad Company was organized April 3, 1880, having bought the property, franchises, etc., of the New Jersey \& New York Railway Company, sold under decrees of foreclosure, and have issued stock and bonds as above mentioned.
The entire property has been operated as a continuous line, and the earnings and expenses above mentioned.include the operation of the whole road.
NEW YORK \& GREENWOOD LAKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

## (For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)

Capital stock
paid in.
. \$100,000
Bonded debt
... 156,000 N.Y., a distance of forty miles.

Income from other sources.

## \$133,452

Expenditures during the year for working road, including re
pairs, maintenance of way, motive power and contin
NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY.
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)
Capital stock issued:
Bonded debt.
Sinking fiund
$\$ 1,000,000$ 383,000
17,000

Floating debt-none.
Cost of road
Cost of road
pment.....
Cost of equipment...................................................................... 200,000
This road has no equipment.
The road extends from Bergen Junction, N. J., to Sparkill, N. Y., a distance of twenty-one and one-quarter miles.

It is operated by the New York Lake Erie \& Western Railroad Company under a contract, for which said company receives sixty-five per cent and five fifty-sixths of its gross earnings.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES FOR 1880.
Income rrom passengers.
$\$ 191,761$
45,100 Income from other sources. 9,909
\$246,771

WARREN RAILROAD COMPANY.
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)
Capital stock paid in.
Bonded aebt.........
. $\$ 1,800,000$ 1,350,000 Floating debt
Cost of road. 13,171
The road extends from New Hampton to Delaware River, a distance of eighteen and twenty-five one-hundredths miles. It is leased to the Delaware Lackawanna \& Western RR. Co., at an annual rental of 7 per cent on its stock and bonds.
receipts and expenses for 1880.
Income from passengers.
$\$ 31,901$
Income from freight.
Expenditures during the year for working road, including $\$$ repairs, maintenance of way, motive power and con-
tingencies..................................................................................

## GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Alabama Great Southern-Vicksburg \& Meridian.-A dispatch from Chattanooga May 31 to the Louisville CourierJournal says: "It is rumored that Mr. Ford Wolffe, as financial agent of the Alabama Great Southern railroad, has purchased the Vicksburg \& Meridian and the Vicksburg \& Shreveport railroad, giving the Alabama Great Southern an unbroken line from Chattanooga to Shreveport, a distance of over 600 miles. He recently purchased the Albany \& Brunswick Railmiles."
Boston Hoosac Tunnel \& Western.-This road has been turned over to the Continental Construction \& Improvement Company, organized with a capital of $\$ 10,000,000$, to continue the road to Buffalo. Five per cent upon the subscription has been called, and it is expected that the road will be built to Buffalo as speedily as possible.

Cairo \& St. Louis.-This road is to be sold July 14 by order of the United States Court, when it will pass into the hands of the bondholders. Articles of incorporation of the new company have been filed with the Secretary of State of Illinois. it is to be known as the St. Louis \& Cairo Railroad Company, with a capital of $\$ 6,500,000$. The corporators are William F. Whitehouse, Lorenzo M. Johnson, S. Corning Judd, Edwin B. Sheldon, Henry B. Whitehouse, James M. Hills and Eugene H. Fishburn, of Chicago; Casper J. Louis.
John B. Loomington, of East St. Louis.
this company for the twelve months ending March 31, 1881, shows gross earnings of $\$ 2,981,714$, an increase of $\$ 238,972$ over the previous year. The length of road is 274 miles, making the gross earnings $\$ 10,881$ per mile. The income of the year the gross earnings $\$ 1,88 \$ 85,550$, which was applied as folfrom rental account was $\$ 815,59,58$; drawbacks to other roads, lows: Expenses and salaries, $\$ 9,358$; d80; interest on preferred $\$ 48,587$; interest on bonds, $\$ 252,980$; per cent each, $\$ 274,016$; leaving a balance of 176,736 to be applied to the income account. During the year this company purchased a majority of the capital stock of the Sioax City \& Pacific Road, which is now held subject to the executive comPacific of this and the Chicago Iowa \& Nebraska Railroad. mittee of Advertiser.
Central of Georgia.-Press dispatches from Savannah, Ga., June 1, state that at a meeting of the directors of the Central Railroad of Georgia, held that day, a resolution was adopted that certificates of indebtedness be issued, bearing date of July 1, 1881, to the holders of stock of the Central Railroad and Banking Company, at the rate of $\$ 40$ per share, and to the holders of the Southwestern Railroad Company stock at the rate of $\$ 32$ per share, paid certificates to be payable at such time as may be determined upon by the board of directors ; but no certificates to be called in until July 1, 1891 ; interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum to be paid on January 1 and July 1 of each year.
Central Georgia-Port Royal \& Augusta.-Mr. Wm. M. Wadley, President of the Central Georgia Railroad, has leased the Port Royal \& Augusta Railroad.
Chicago \& Northwestern.-At the annual meeting of the Chicago \& Northwestern RR. Co. in Chicago, June 2, 255,353 shares, out of 368,150 , were represented. Messrs. William L. Scott, Jay Gould, R. P. Flower, Anson Stager and Frederick Vanderbilt were elected directors, the two latter in place of Frank Work and D. P. Morgan. A quarterly dividend of $1 / 2$
per cent on preferred and a semi-annual of 3 per cent on common stock was declared. At the directors' meeting the following officers were elected: President, Albert Keep; Vice-President, Treasurer and Secretary, M. L. Sykes; Second Vice-President, Martin Hughett. Executive Committee-Albert Keep, Augustus Schell, A. G. Dulman, Wm. L. Soott, Samuel A. Barger, C. M. Depew and D. O. Mills.
Chicago \& Pacific.-Over a year since Robert Law filed a bill in the Superior Court against the Chicago \& Pacific-Railroad Company to restrain it from mortgaging or leasing its road to the Chicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul Railroad. At a stockholder's meeting it was voted to give the mortgage lease in defiance of the injunction. A supplemental bill was then filed making the Chicago Milwaukee \& St. Paul Company a co-defendant. A demurrer was then filed to the supplementa bill by the Chicago \& Pacific upon which the validity of the mortgage and lease was argued. On May 28, Judge Jameson overraled the demurrer, holding in substance that the Chicago \& Pacific Company had no power to execute th 9 mortgage and lease because a domestic corporation had no authority under the statutes of this State to lease its road to a foreign corporation. The question as to the validity of the stockholders' acts was not passed upon. The defendants were given time in which to decide whether they would stand by their demurrer or proceed to the trial of the case.-Chicago Inter-Ocean.
Chicago Pekin \& Sonthwestern.-The Chicago Pekin \& Sōuthwestern Railroad was sold at Chicago, May 31, under the second mortgage for $\$ 750,000$, to F. E. Hinckley, to satisfy an indebtedness of $\$ 960,000$. Mr. Hinckley represented the bondholders. The Chicago \& Alton and the Wabash railroad companies were unable to secure the road, and the stcckholders have filed a bill in the United States Court to have the sale set aside.
Chicago Texas \& Mexican Central.-A press dispatch from Austin, Texas, June 2, says: "A first mortgage bond and trust deed of the Chicago Texas \& Mexican Central Railway Company, in favor of the Central Trust Company of New York, amounting in the aggregate to $\$ 10,600,000$, was filed with the Secretary of State yesterlay."
Cincinnati Southern.-The Cincinnati Commercial is indebted to Secretary Tatem for the following

|  | Gross | vet | Trustees' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Months. | Earmings. | Earnings. | Share. |
| February | 140,070 | 6, 61,818 | 556.355 |
| March | 185,133 | 106,307 | 97,263 |
| Total | \$154,261 | \$226.516 | \$200,369 |
| April | 173,929 | 91.223 | 84.937 |
| Total | \$623,193 | \$320,74 | \$285,507 |

The great difference between the gross and net earnings is accounted for by expenditures for " maintenance of way."
Elizibeth City (N. J.) - The City Comptroller published an a ? ${ }^{2}$ eitisement last week whech contained the follo wing :
The total amount of the deht to be adjustelmay be stated

The assets consist of-
Arrears of taxes.
Arrears of assessments. $\$ 510,000$ \} Collectible amount
Under authority of an act of the Legislature uncertaiu.
act in relation to incumbered cities," approved!March, 1881, An Common Council of the City of Elizabeth, held May 9,1881 , by a three-quarters vote offered the following p'ans and terms of settlement.
Refund the face of the debt, say $\$ 5,400,000$, for fifty years, at the following rates of interest: 1 per cent for five years, payable annually; 2 per cent for 5 years, payable annually; 3 per cent for 10 years, payable semi-annually; 4 per cent for 20 years, payable semi-annually ; 5 per cent for ten years, payable semi-annually; average rate of interest, $3 \neq 2$ per cent.
A sinking fund of $1 / 2$ of 1 per cent on the amount of the bonds to be issued, to be raised each year by taxation. Whenever $\$ 25,000$ shall have accumulated in the sinking fund, the Comptroller to advertise in one paper in Elizabeth and one paper in New York City for bonds, same to be bought and caneled.
Bonds to be dated July 1, 1881, and to be of the nature of 5.203, payable in fifty years and redeemable after five years, at the pleasure of the city.
Two-and-a-half year's accrued interest to July 1, 1851, computed at 4 per cent per annum, to be issued in the form of noninterest bearing bonds, redeemable in past-due assessments only (the amount of assessments to which this issue of bonds is applieable is $\$ 1,700,000$ and a large amount of interest acerued thereon).
The operation of this plan would be as follows :
Valuation of real and personal property
Municipal expenses.
State, schooi and assessors
Total.
Sinterest 1 per cent
inking fund, half of i per cert
This would require a tar rate of 2.50 ..... $27,000-291.000$ years, unless reduced by an increase in valuatione term of five
After five years an increase of 93000,000 in
would reduce the tax rate below $2 \cdot 50$, notwithstand valuation
crease of 1 per cent in the rate of interest on debt $2 \cdot 5$, noting the in-
crease of 1 per cent in the rate of interest on debt.
alternative plan.
Issue bonds for 50 per cent of the face of the debt and pay 4
per cent for twenty-five years and 6 per cent for twenty-five ears more under the same terms as above
Bondholders desiring to accept either of the above plans may bonds the Comp
East Tennessee Virginia \& Geargia.-A special maeting has been called for July 29, at which the stoskholders will bo asked to vote on the following questions : A further issue of stock and bonds to meet new purchases and additions to the property the purchase of the stock of the Alabama Central; the purchas of the stock of the Knoxville \& Ohio, and the endorsement of the extension bonds of that road; the endorsement of bonds of the East Tennessee \& Western North Carolina roal, and th purchase of a part of those bonds
Georgia Railroad.-The Georgia Railroad stockholders hare ratified the lease to Wm. M. Wadley, and instructed the Direc tors to pay $\$ 350$ dividend on July 15 and $\$ 250$ in Oztober Afterwards $\$ 250$ per share will be paid-quarterly, making 10 per cent yearly.
Houston \& Texas Central.-The following brief statement has been furnished to the Chronicle by the officers of this company. The fiscal year now ends with December 31, and th balance sheet for Dicember 31, 1830, is here given.
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Gross } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Operating } \\ \text { Expenses. }\end{array}\end{array}$

$\stackrel{\text { Net }}{\text { Eainings. }}$
Eaipnings.
$\$ 1,733,677$
gexeral balance december 31, 1880.

No annual report has been published, but the Investors Supplement of June 25 will furnish a full and revised list of the bonds.
International \& Great Northern.--Seven mikes of track were laid during the week ending the 28th instant on the Laredo extension of the International \& Great Norther Railroad, and twenty-five miles of track south of San Antonio have been accepted by the company.
Kentacky Central.-Mr. Ernst, late President, and a heary stockholder in the Kontucky Railroad, admits the fact that proposals have been made by a broker on behalf of the Louisville \& Nashville Railroad and a party of New York capitalists to buy the road for $\$ 5,000,000$, but that the matter has not gone further
MIanhattan Elevated.-The World publishes the following table of the earnings and expenses of the New York Elevated and Metropolitan railways from October 1, 1880, to March 31 1851 :
sew york elevated-earnings, expen es, oct. 1, 1850, to march Earnings.
............................. $81,331,537$
Net earnings
Less diridend, io per ceut on $\$ 0, \dot{0} 00,000$ stocks.
325,000 297,500
Net 7 per ceut on $\$ 8,500,000$ bonds
5,000
$\$ 330,490$

Deficit.
$\frac{627,500}{\$ 97,004}$
metropólitan-earning3, expenses, oct. 1, 1980, to march 31, 1881 Earnings. $\$ 1,266,704$
817,170
Net earnings
Less dividend, 10 per cent on $\$ 6,509,000$ 325,000 $\$ 449,534$ Net 6 per cent on $\$ 9,700,000$ 325,000
231,000
Rent of road
Deficit.
\$171,465
RECAPI:Clation.
Earnings and expenses 3ranhattan Railucay Company from Octobs. 1,

Net earning;
,618,211

Dividend, interest and rental New York Elevated
637,500
\$380,030

Deficit, exclusive of taxes...
1,24?,500
T.

Minneapolis \& St. Lanis.-The World has the following "An agreement between the companies representing the fol lowing railroads, to wit: Minneapolis \& St. Louis, capital $\$ 3,200,000$; Minneapolis \& Duluth (White Bear Branch), capi tal $\$ 200,000$; Minnesota \& Iowa Southern, capital, $\$ 3,000,000$; and Fort Dodge \& Fort Ridgely, capital $\$ 9,000,000$, has been filed in the office of the Secretary of State of Minnesota, its purport being the consolidation of the capital stock, franchises and property of the parties of the second, third and fourth part with those of the party of the first part, namely: the Minneapolis \& St. Louis, which now operates the several lines enumerated. The agreement is dated May 13, 1881, and the consolidation goes into effect on the 1st of June. It is further stated that the new company shall have a capital stock of $\$ 20,000$, divided into 200,000 shares, of which not more than 80,000 may be issued as "preferred," the rest to be " common." The directorate of the consolidated company up to the first Taesday in October, 1881, is named in the instrument as follows : W. D. Washburn, H. T. Welles, J. K. Sidle, W. D. Hale,
. H. Pettit, A. H. Bode, W. W. McNair, R. J. Baldwin and M. P. Hawkins, all of Minneapolis, with W. D. Washburn President, A. H. Bode Treasurer, and M. P. Hawkins Secretary, The instrument is signed by W. D. Washburn and W. D. Hall of the M. \& St. L.; Isaae Atwater and W. D. Hall of che M. \& D.; John Martin and David Secor of the M. \& I. S., and John Martin \& Isaac Garmol of the Ft. D. \& Ft. R."
Missouri Kansas \& Texas-Missouri Pacific, Ete.-A Western newspaper, deeply impressed by the magnitude of Western Gould's railruad combinations in the Southwest, entitles its Mr. Gould the subject, "Great G--D." This Western style is brief but forcible, and at the present moment it probably expresses with tolerable correctness the prevailing sentiment in Texas, Missouri, \&c.
The lease of the Mo. Kansas \& Texas to the Mo. Pacific Rail road Company for 99 years was ratified by the M. K. \& T. stockholders at their late meeting, as reported at the time in the Chronicle: The Missouri Kansas \& Texas already had a lease of the International \& Great Northern Road, and in addition to that lease holds nearly all of the International tock, which it purchased by the issue of its own stock, two shares for one. No copy of the M. K. \& T. lease to the Mo. Pacific has been published, but from official sources we learn that the lease is for 99 years; the Mo. Pacific is to operate the M. K. \& T. road and keep it in repair; the lessee assnmes no liability for mortgage interest, but is to apply the net earnings of the road, after all the expenses of operating and maintenance, to the payment of interest on the general consolidated mortgage bonds and all prior liens, and pay over th balance, if any, to the M. K. \& T. Cumpany, to be applied to the payment of interest on the second mortgage income r cther bonds, or for such other purposes as the board of directors may deem proper. If there is any deficit in the income, so that it is insufficient to pay the obligatory interest on the mortgage bonds, the Missouri Pacific may, at its option, advance the necessary amount to pay such interest, and such advances will be a charge against the M. K. \& T. Company or in case of failure to make such advance for a period of six months after interest becomes due, the M. K. \& T. Company is to be entitled to possession of the railway and cancellation of lease. Although this lease is for 99 years, it is understood that it is likely to be a temporary arrangement, preliminary to a consolidation of the Gould properties of the Southwest. The foregoing sufficiently explains the press dispatch of June 2 from Palestine, Texas, saying that the Missouri Pacific Railroad had leased the International \& Great Northern line for 99 years. This news was abont two weeks old, as the lease of the M. K. \& T. carried this road with it.
The consolidation of the New Orleans Pacific with the Texas Pacific, voted this week in New Orleans, is another important step.
New York Lake Erie \& Western.-The New York Lake Erie \& Western Railway Company have acquired control of the franchise of the Chicago \& Atlantic Railway, extending from Marion, Ohio, on the line of the New York Pennsylvania \& Ohio Railway, nearly to Chicago, and it is reported that the company will at once complete the line to Chicago. By an arrangement with the New York Pennsylvania \& Ohio Company, the New York Lake Erie \& Western will control the entire line to Chicago, thus securing a through route between New York and that city. Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb \& Co. confirmed the correctness of this report, and said that on behalf of a syndicate composed of themselves, Winslow, Lanier \& Co., L. von Hoffman \& Co., Woerishoffer \& Co., Messrs. Ten Have \& Van Essen, of Amsterdam, and others, they have purchased from the New York Lake Erie \& Western Company an issue of $\$ 6,500,000$ of new mortgage bonds on the Chicago line, interest on them being guaranteed by the New York Lake Erie \& Western Company, and being additionally secured by a pledge of the gross earnings of that company and of those of the New York Pennsylvania \& Ohio Company, on business derived from the new line.

New York Pittsburg \& Chicago.-A dispatch of Jane 1 to the New York Herald says that the Pittsburg Newcastle \& Lake Erie Road, controlled by Mr. Delos E. Culver, of New York, and General James S. Negley, of Pittsburg, and the Pittsburg \& Western Road, controlled by Mr. Callery and others, have been merged into one, forming a direct line to Youngstown from Pittsburg. A new company has just been formed to combine and extend these two narrow-gauge roads. It is called the New York Pittsburg \& Chicago Railroad Company, and its line wili extend from Pittsburg to Marion, Ohio, 200 miles. This company embraces virtually the Pittsburg Newcastle \& Lake Erie and the Pittsburg \& Western, although the two latter will form an independent company under a new name. The officers of the New York Pittsburg \& Chicago Company are : President, James S. Negley; Vice-President, Delos E. Culver; Treasurer, Wm. N. Riddle, of Pittsburg; Secretary, James S. Negley. The board of directors is composed of United States Senator John R. McPherson, of New Jersey, Mr. Charles Siedler, of New York, General James Robinson, of Ohio, and Raiiroad Commissioner in that State, F. W. Lockwood, Walter S. Gurney, of New York, Henry Day, of New York, Wm. A. Cole, Gen. Negley and Delos E. Culver.
Pacific Mail.-In the Court of Claims at Washington in the case of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company against the United States, in which the Court had given judgment for the company for $\$ 40,000$, both parties appealing, and the Supreme Court having sent back the case with a mandate, judgment was
given for the company for $\$ 291,117$. The suit was for money due on account of carrying the United States mails.

Pennsylvania Railroad.-The Philadelphia Press reports that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has made arrangements for the issue of a new four per cent loan to the amount of $\$ 10,000,000$, the proceeds of which will be used to pay for the Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore Railroad stock. The directors had power to issue stock for the full amount of the purchase money--some $\$ 18,000,000$-but they chose to raise more than half that amount by loan. The promoters of the loan will be Messrs. Drexel \& Co., and Messrs. Kidder, Peabody \& Co., who take it, it was privately rumsred, at 95 . The form of the loan is a four per cent registered bond, running forty years from July 1, 1831. Every year $\$ 260,000$ of the bonds will be drawn by lot, paid and cancelled. The Pennsylvania Rail road Company will deposit as collateral for the loan 200,000 shares of Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore stock.
Petersburg Railroad.-Messrs. R. H. Maury \& Co., of Richmond, Va., say in their circular that "the Court has directed that the road, instead of being sold, should be returned to the stock holders. The election of Major Myers as President assures continued good and careful management." * * "The earnings for the twelve months just ended were $\$ 307,000$, against $\$ 222,000$ for last year and $\$ 196,000$ for the year before. In April, 1881 they were $\$ 53,000$, against 21,979 for April, 1880. and the cash in the Receiver's hands on the 1st of the present month was $\$ 27,016$. As the line is well located, with easy curves and grades, it is operated at a minimum rate of expense, say about 50 per cent of its earnings. The debts upon the road, including the preferred stock and accrued interest, are something over 1 $1 / 2$ millions, requiring an interest account of about $\$ 120,000$. Without estimating for the large increase of traffic business, which each year is sure to bring, and taking the earnings as they are, we would have, after deducting one-hal for operating expenses and $\$ 120,000$ for interest account $\$ 33,000$ applicable as dividends upon the $\$ 1,000,000$ of common stock; or, if business increases only next year as it did last there would be $\$ 118,000$ for dividends-over 11 per cent."
Philadelphia \& Reading.-At Harrisburg, June $\Omega$, the Pennsylvania Suprems Court refused to grant the application of Franklin B. Gowen and others for a re-argument of the Reading Railroad case. No reasons were assigned. The stock and bonds advanced on this announcement, and it is stated in Philadelphia that Mr. Bond and his board of directors will im mediately proceed to put forth their plan for the financial relief of the company.
Richmond \& Alleghany.-A deed from the Richmond \& Alleghany Railroad Company, conveying all their property, rights and franchises to Green and Bocock, trustees, to secure $\$ 4,000,000$ of second-mortgage bonde, was recorded in the clerk's office of the Chancery Court at Richmond, Va., Wednesday. It is said that this deed was ordered two or three months ago, pending negotiations with the Pittsburg Southern Railroad people, to enable the Richmond \& Alleghany Railroad Company to build their road to the junction at the West Virginia State line. These negotiations are still pending, and will be reopened by the consolidated companies. It is understood that it is not intended to put the bonds upon the market unless the Pittsbarg connection ir ordered, but that it was necessary to record the deed before the consolidation takes effect; and becomes absolute on the 23d of June.-Baltimore Sun.

Texas Pacific-New Orleans Paciflc.-At New Orleans May 30, the directors of the New Orleans Pacific Railroad held a meeting and voted a consolidation between that road and the Texas Pacific. The New Orleans Pacific is now being built, and it is expected that it will be completed and in running order by the first of September. The telegraphic report states that the stock is to be exchanged for Texas Pacific stock, share for share, and thus another important step will be taken in the Gould consolidation.
--The Texas \& Pacific Railway Company have accepted forty miles additional of track. Their operated line now extends 260 miles west of Fort Worth.
Toledo Delphos \& Burlington.-Of the Dayton \& Southeastern the Boston Transcript says: "The first mortgage bonds are to be called from subscribers and marketed for them according to the terms of the financial plan, the junior securities to remain with the subscribers, and the amount paid on the subscription is to be refunded.'

Wabash St. Louis \& Pacific.-The Wabash St. Louis \& Pacific Railroad Company gave notice, some time ago, of its intention to withdraw its quata of cars contributed to the fast freight lines oparating over the Lake Shore and the New York Central railroads. Under the arrangement formerly made, previous notice of from sixty to ninety days was required for withdrawal. The number of cars contributed by the Wabash was 2,000. It is understood that by August 1 all of these cars will be at the disposal of the Wabash, and will be used for the transportation of Wabash freight over the Great Western of Canada, instead of the Lake Shore road. Before that time it is possible that the Delaware Lackawanna and Western system from New York to the International Bridge, on the Niagara River, will be ready for through traffic, and that it may be utilized by the Wabash for its New York outlet. The short road from Lewiston to the International Bridge, where connection is made with the Great Western, will be completed by the Lackawanna Company in a few days.-American Exchange.

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## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, June 3, 1881.
Trade, for this stage of the season, is exceptionally good; in fact, it would seem that in some staples the autumn season has already opened. Needed rains over a wide area have improved the prospects for cereal crops, though in sections it is claimed that they have injured cotton somewhat. There appears to be no apprehension of disaster to mercantile circles from any source, and the prospects of business for the remainder of 1881 are as favorable as could be reasonably expected.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of domestic and foreign merchandise at dates given :


Rio coffee has had a fair movement, and holders have insisted upon higher prices; fair cargoes quoted 11@11 $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Mild grades have been in fair sale, at about uniform rates. Rice has continued in fair demand at about steady prices. Molasses has been active and strong at 37 c . for 50 -test refining Cuba. Refined sugars have been in good demand at advanced rates. Hards are quoted at $101 / 2 @ 107 \% \mathrm{c}$.; standard "A" $10 @ 101 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. Raw grades rule very strong, and are consequently quiet at 711-16@ $73 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for fair, and $77 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for good refining Cuba.

Kentucky tobacco has been very quiet, and the sales for the week are only 150 hhds. Prices are firm, however; lugs are quoted at $41 / 2 @ 61 / 4 c$. , and leaf $61 / 2 @ 12 c$. Seed leaf, on the contrary, has been quite active, and the transactions embrace an unusually large proportion of the crop of 1880. Sales for the week are 2,550 cases, as follows: 900 cases 1880 crop, New England, including seconds, Housatonic assorted, and Havana seed on private terms; quoted at 6@11c. for fillers and binders, and 15@40c. for wrappers; 600 cases 1880 crop, Pennsylvania, 15@19c.; 150 cases 1879 crop, Pennsylvania, 12@25c.; 100 cases 1879 crop, New England, 15@20c.; 250 cases 1880 crop, Wisconsin, Havana seed, private terms; 300 cases 1880 crop, Ohio, private terms, and 250 cases sundries, $9 @ 18 \mathrm{c}$. Also 750 bales
avana, 85c @\$1 15
Provisions have shown a downward tendency of late and the speculation has been moderate. Old mess pork closed at $\$ 15631 / 2 \$ 1575$ on the spot, and $\$ 1675$ for new; July, August and September options quoted $\$ 17$, asked. Lard was again a trifle lower to-day, and business has been quite sluw; prime Western on the spot closed at $10.97 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ; refined for the Continent, 11.05 c .; June options sold up to 10.95 c .; July, $10.921 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; August, $10.921 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; September, $10.821 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; seller year, $10.171 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Bacon continued dull but unchanged at $87 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for long, and $91 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ for short, clear; half-and-half, $91 / \mathrm{cc}$. Beef firm; city extra India mess, $\$ 24$. Beef hams steady at $\$ 24 @ \$ 2450$. Butter has latterly been quiet and closed lower. Cheese rules steady at $81 / 2 @ 10 \mathrm{c}$. for fair to choice factory. Tallow has a fair sale at $61 / 2 @ 65 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for prime; stearine quoted at $13 @ 13^{1} / 4 \mathrm{c}$.
In naval stores little or nothing of importance bas transpired; spirits turpentine closed strong at 37c. in yard; strained to good strained rosins quoted at $\$ 1$ 90@\$1973. Petroleum has been moderately active and about steady at 8c. for refined for export. Crude certificates have had a fair specalation and closed firm at 817/8c. bid. Hops and wool have been quiet, but uniformly steady.
There has been a better business in berth-room, and rates have been more uniformly steady. Petroleum charters have been fairly taken. To-day grain to Liverpool by steam, 3@ $3^{1} / 4 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ beef, $2 @ 2 \mathrm{~s} .6 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ cheese, $15 @ 20 \mathrm{~s} . ;$ bacon, $12 \mathrm{s}$. . $6 \mathrm{~d} . @ 15 \mathrm{~s} . ;$ flour, 10 s. per ton; grain to London by steam, $4^{3} / 4 @ 5 \mathrm{~d}$.; do. to Barrow by steam, 3d.; do. to Glasgow by steam, quoted $43 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$.; do. to Bristol by steam, 4 2 2 ©5d.; do. to Cork for orders, quoted 4s. 6d. asked; do. taken to Havre, Antwerp or Rotterdam, 4s. 1多d.; do. to Aarhuus, 4s. 3d.; do. to Luber, 4s. $6 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ refined
petroleum to the United Kingdom, 3s. 3d.; crse petroleum to the United Kingdom, 3s. 3d.; crse oil to Calcutta,
23c., and to Bombay 24c.

## COTTON

Friday, P. M.. Juné 3, 1881.
The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the Shuth to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (June 3), the total receipts have reached 32,642 bales, against 36,851 bales last week, 42,415 bales the previous week and 49.150 bales three weeks since; making the tota receipts since the 1 st of September, 1880, $5,565,042$ bales, against 4,763,116 bales for the same period of 1879-80, showing an increase since September 1, 1880, of 801,926 bales.
Receipts at-
Galveston

$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{|c|c|}
\hline \text { Mon. } & \text { Tues. } \\
211 & \text { Wed. } \\
\hline 005 & \text { Thurs. } \\
\hline
\end{array}\right.
$$

Indianola, \&c. New Orleans.. Mobile. Florida Savannah . Brunsw'k, \&c Charleston. Pt. Royal, \&e wilmington Moreh'd C.,\&c Norfolk
City Point, \&e New York... Boston. Baltimore ... Philadelp'a, \&c

Totals this weel $\qquad$
For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1880, and the stocks to-night and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.

| Receipts to June 3. | 1880-81. |  | 1879-80. |  | Stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This Week. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Since Sep. } \\ 1,1880 . \end{array}$ | This Week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since Sep. } \\ 1,1879 . \end{gathered}$ | 1881. | 1880. |
| Galveston | 2,423 | 648,261 | 2,075 | 458,390 | 43.399 | 10,749 |
| Indianola, \&c.. | 14 | 15,100 | 11 | 7,695 |  |  |
| New Orleans..... | 8,062 | 1,511,830 | 3,370 | 1,455,328 | 164,299 | 115,907 |
| Mobile | 1,036 | 377,802 | 511 | 348,954 | 10,549 | 14,891 |
| Florida. |  | 20,357 |  | 20,136 | 5,086 |  |
| Savannah. | 2,994 | 850,390 | 1,942 | 717,142 | 13,402 | 10,702 |
| Brunswick, \&c. |  | 4,855 |  | 3,631 |  |  |
| Charleston | 2,055 | 612,076 | 1,444 | 444,243 | 10,628 | 9,837 |
| Port Royal, \&e. | 5 | 49,955 |  | 30,619 | 49 |  |
| Wilmington.... | 746 | 115,984 | 82 | 75,805 | 2,272 | 601 |
| M'head City, \&c | 118 | 30,127 | 13 | 26,365 |  |  |
| Norfolk.......... | 5,942 | 638,141 | 7,549 | 559,739 | 13,621 | 20,205 |
| City Point, \&c. | 478 | 208,233 | 536 | 151,207 |  |  |
| New York. | 1,058 | 163,454 | 702 | 19.4,416 | 168,140 | 157,820 |
| Boston. | 2,684 | 160,282 | 3,633 | 207,380 | 10,493 | 11,335 |
| Baltimo | 1,450 | 42,663 | 31 | 16,147 | 3,852 | 7,603 |
| Philadelphia, \&c. | 3,57\% | 65,532 | 1,875 | 44,919 | 13,226 | 13,112 |

## Total

 32,642 $5,565,042$ give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.| Receipts at- | 1881. | 1880. | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| G |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\overline{\text { Galvest'n,\&c. }}$ New Orleans. Mobile. Savannah. Charl'st'n, \&c Wilm'gt'n, \&c Norfolk, \&c All others...

.Tot.this w'k
Since Sept. 1 Galveston includes Indianola Charleston includes Port Royal Wilmington includes Morehead city, \&c.; Norfolk includes City Point. \&c
The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 66,636 bales, of which 37,029 were to Great Britain, 7,912 to France and 21,695 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 459,018 bales. Below are tho exports for the week and since September, $1,1880$.


In addition to above exports，nur telegrams to－night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard，not cleared，at are prepared for our special use by Messrs．Carey，Yale \＆ Lambert， 60 Beaver Street．

| June 3，AT－ | On Shipboard，not cleared－for |  |  |  |  | Leaving Stock． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britain． | France． | Other Foreign | Ooast－ wise． | Total． |  |
| New Orleans | 17，234 | 12，890 | 4，072 | 580 | 34，776 | 129，523 |
| Mobile．．．． | 1，700 | None． | None． | None． | 1，700 | 8，849 |
| Charleston | None． | 1，450 | None． | 9.50 | 2.400 | 8，228 |
| Gavannalh． | None． | None． | 600 | 1，100 | 1，700 | 11，702 |
| Galveston． | 10，138 | 1，193 | 3，207 | None． | 14，538 | 23，861 |
| New York． | 5，500 | None． | 1，500 | None． | 3，669 $\mathbf{6 , 0 0 0}$ | 162,471 42,601 |
| Total | 37，872 | 15，533 | 9，679 | 3，630 | 66，783 | 392，235 |

＊Included in this amount there are 69 bales at presses for foreign ports the destination of which we cannot learn．

The speculation in cotton for future delivery has been more active－and at times quite excited－during the week under review， and there has been an important adyance in prices．The reports of excessive rains in the Southwest contained in the last Chronicle were supplemented on Tuesday by accounts of severe hailstorms in Texas and rain in the valley of the Mississippi River．Liverpool accounts were tame until Wednesday，when an upward tendency began to be shown，and the advance here was shared more fully by the next crop．Yesterday an active and higher market at Liverpool caused some excitement．The bears made laste to cover outstanding contracts，and the bulls were large buyers for the advance，owing to the rapidity with which stocks were passing to consumption and the very favorable reports from the markets for cot－ ton goods．To－day the market was variable，closing at some decline under sales to realize．Cotton on the spot has advanced materially，but the sales reported are smaller than of late． Quotations were advanced 1－16c on Saturday and again on Wednesday．Yesterday the low grades were advanced $1 / 4 @ 3 / 8 c .$, and the medium and better grades $1 / 8 \mathrm{c} .$, with all stained cottons marked up 5－16c．To－day there was no change and the trade was quiet，middling uplands closing at 11 1－16c．
The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 505，700 wales．For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week $5,720 \mathrm{bales}$ ，including 1,397 for export， 3,326 for consumption， 997 for speculation and－in transit．Of the above，1，192 bales were to arrive．The following are the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week．

| May 28 to June 3. | UPLANDS． |  |  | NEW ORLEANB． |  |  | TEXAS． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sat． | Mon | cues | Sat． | MTOn | Tues | Sat． | Mon | Tuen |
|  | 738 |  |  | 758 |  | 758 | 758 |  | 8 |
| Strict Ord． | 8 |  |  | 838 |  | $83_{8}^{8}$ | ${ }^{48}$ |  | 838 |
| Good Ord | $81{ }_{16}$ |  | 815 | $9^{1 / 4}$ |  | $9^{14}$ | $9^{14}$ |  | $9^{14}$ |
| Str．G＇d Ord | ${ }_{1014}^{97}{ }^{16}$ | 完 | ${ }_{1019}^{91_{4} 16}$ | －934 | ¢ | 93 1058 | 934 1058 |  | 934 |
| Str．L＇W Mid | $10^{5} 8$ |  | 1058 | 1015 | \％ | 101516 | ${ }^{1010}{ }^{\circ}$ |  | $101{ }^{1}$ |
| Middling | $10^{7} 8$ |  | 1078 | 1118 | O | 1118 | 1118 |  | 11 |
| Good Mid | 11718 | 4 | ${ }_{11716}$ | 1111 | ＋ | 1111 | $1111_{16}$ | 保 | 111 |
| Str．G＇d Mid | $1111{ }^{16}$ |  | 11116 | 1115 |  | 1115 | ${ }_{111516}$ |  | 111 |
| Midd＇g Fair | 12716 |  | 12716 | $1211{ }_{16}$ |  | 121116 | $1211{ }^{16}$ |  | 121 |
|  | 1316 |  | 133 | $137_{16}$ |  | 13716 | 137 |  | 1371 |
|  | SVed | Th． | Fri． | Wed | Th． | Fri． | Wed | Th． | Pri． |
| Ordin＇y． \％ib $^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{7}^{716}$ | 713 | 713 | ${ }^{711} 16$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Strict Ord．． | ${ }^{83} 16$ | $8{ }_{8}^{816}$ | $8^{8}{ }^{18}$ | ${ }^{87} 7_{16}$ | ${ }_{81}^{11} 16$ | $8{ }^{81} 1_{18}$ | ${ }_{9} 7^{16} 16$ | ${ }_{9} 8^{11} 16$ | $8^{81}{ }^{16}$ |
| Good Ord． |  | 914 9,34 |  | ${ }_{95}{ }^{51} 16$ | ${ }_{1016}^{99} 16$ | $9^{9} 13$ | $9{ }^{\text {5 }}{ }_{16}$ | $9^{9} 16$ |  |
| Low Midd＇g | $10_{16}$ | $10^{7} 16$ | $\mathrm{cosic}^{4}$ | 10110 | $1015{ }_{19}$ | ${ }_{101316}^{16}$ | 101116 | 101316 | 101310 |
| Str．L＇w Mid | 1011 | 1013 ${ }^{19}$ | 101\％ | 11 | 1118 | ${ }_{1118}{ }^{16}$ | $11{ }^{16}$ | $111_{8}{ }^{16}$ | $111_{8}{ }^{16}$ |
| Middling．． | $101{ }^{1}$ | 1110 | $111_{16}$ | $113_{16}$ | 11518 | $11^{\circ} 16$ | $\mathrm{IL3}_{15}$ | 115.6 | 11516 |
| Good Mid：． | 1112 | 115 | $11{ }^{16}$ | $113{ }^{16}$ | 1178 | 1178 | $113_{1}$ | ${ }_{11} 7_{8}{ }^{6}$ | $117_{8}^{16}$ |
| Str．G＇d Mid Midd＇r Fair | 114 | $11 \%$ | 1178 | 12 | 1218 | 1218 |  | 1218 | 1218 |
| Midd＇g Fair | 1218 | 1：33 | 1258 | ${ }^{123}$ | 1278 | $1{ }^{1278}$ | $1{ }_{1}^{123}$ | 1278 | － |


| STAISED． | ssat． | 准可碞 | T 06 | Wits | TG。 | Fric |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Good Ordinary ．．．．．．．．．．．． | $7{ }^{1} 13$ |  | 71 R | 78 | ${ }^{3} 716$ | ${ }_{8} 718$ |
| Strict Gond Oil | ${ }^{81} 10$ | Holi－ | $81{ }^{81}$ | － | ${ }^{8} 716$ | 8716 |
| Low Mideling <br> Middling．．．． |  | diay． | $8_{10}^{811} 18$ | ${ }_{101}^{8_{18}^{3}}$ | 9118 1038 | $\left.\right\|^{\substack{9116 \\ 1088}}$ |

MARKET AND SALES．

|  | SPOT MARKETCLOSED． | SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT． |  |  |  |  | Futures． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ex- | Con－ sump． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \text { spec- } \\ \text { ul't'n } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tran- } \\ \text { sit. } \end{gathered}$ | Total． | Sales． | Deliv－ eries． |
| Sat．． | Q＇t\＆firm at ${ }_{1}{ }_{16} \mathrm{ad}$ | 200 | 241 | 106 |  | 547 | 95，700 | 200 |
| Tues． | Quiet |  | 478 | 156 |  | 634 | 67.100 | 500 |
| Wed． | Steady at $i_{16}$ aiv | 1300 | 1，374 |  |  | 1，524 | 85，800 | 300 |
| Thurs | Firm．．．．．．．．．．．． | 912 | 1,324 409 | 280 |  | 2，116 | 136，300 | 800 |
|  | Quie | 135 | 309 | 455 |  | 899 | 120，800 | 700 |
| Total |  | 1.397 | 3，326 | 997 |  | 5，720 | 505．700 | 2，500 |

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day pre－ Fious to that on whioh they are reported．
The Sales and Prices of Futures are shown by the follow－ ing comprehensive table．In this statement will be frund the daily market；the prices of sales for each month each day，and the closing bids，in addition to the daily and total sales．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $*$ <br>  <br>  <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | $\begin{gathered} \text { er } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | $\sqrt{0}$ |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\underset{\text { © }}{\text { U. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 11 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & \vdots \end{array}$ |  |  | 歪 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} n \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { io } \\ & 10 \\ & \text { 10 } \\ & \text { EI } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | － |  | ¢ | $\underset{y}{y}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & -1 \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ & \underset{\sim}{-1} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Fer |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { er } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { io } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cr } \\ \text { O. } \\ \text { O} \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | 을 |  |  | $$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { W } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 佥 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { H0 } \\ & \text { iv } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 00 \\ & 000 \\ & \text { ís } \\ & 10 t \\ & 100 \\ & 0008 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 앙 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{O} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {-10 } \\ & \text { io } \\ & \text { 10 } \\ & 100 \\ & 000 \\ & 000 \\ & 0.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 븡 } \\ & \text { §్x } \\ & \text { ©్ర } \end{aligned}$ | k 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ से से § | 局 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 10 \vdots \\ & 11 \vdots \end{aligned}$ |  | 11 1 0 | E |  | FIncludes sales in September for September，621，400；Sept．－Oct．for Oct．， 946,500 ；Sept．－Nov．for November，762，100；Sept．－Dec．for Decem－

ber， $1,464,500$ ；Scpt．－Jan．for January， $2,589,900$ ；Sept．－Feb．for Feb－ chary $2,372,700$ ；Sept．－March for March，3，466，100；Sept．－April for April，2，5母5．800．
Transferable Orders－Saturday， 10.85 ；Monday， $10 \cdot 85$ ；Wednesday， 10.95 ；Thursday， $11 \cdot 10$ ．Friday， Short Notices for June－Saturday， 10.82 ；Tuesday； $10.75 @ 10 \cdot 79$ ； Wednesday， 10.85 ；Thursday， $11 \cdot 07$ ；Friday， 11.08 ．
12 he following exchanges have been made durin $\rho$ the week： -72 pd．to exch． 300 June for Aug． $\mid: 07$ pd．to exch． 500 July for Aug． $\cdot 06 \mathrm{pd}$ to exch． 200 July for Aug ${ }^{7} 08$ pd．to exch． 200 July for Aug．
The Visible Supply of Comton，as made up by cable and telegraph，is as follows．The Continental stocks are the figuree of last Saturday，but the totals for Great Britain and the afloat for the Continent are this week＇s returns，and consequently brought down to Thursday evening；hence，to make the totals the complete figures for to－night（June 3），we add the item of exports from the United States，including in it the exports of Friday onlv：

 $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Btock at Marsellona．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} & \mathbf{4 3 , 0 0 0} & 4,600 & 2,750 & 5.750 \\ \text { Bto } & \mathbf{4 5 , 7 0 0} & 42,500 & \mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}\end{array}$

| 8took at Hamburg | : | 1880. | 1879. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Btook at Bremen.. | 50,900 | 43.800 | 28,500 | 43.560 |
| Btock at Amsterdam | 40.600 | 18.000 | 34,500 | 61,000 |
| 8took at Rotterdam | 5.380 | 2,290 | 1.250 | 11.250 |
| Stock at Antwerp. | 780 | 770 | 1.750 | 6.500 |
| stock at other conti'ntal ports. | 10,900 | 14,400 | 7,000 | 21,000 |
| Total continental ports. | 361,060 | 220,860 | 242,500 | 441,750 |
| Total European stocks. | ,309,060 | 1,041.363 | 880,750 | 1.285.750 |
| India cotton atioat for Europe. | 303,000 | 342.000 | 290.000 | 220,000 |
| Amer'n cotton atloat for Eur'pe | 400.000 | 351.000 | 247,000 | 212.000 |
| Egypt, Brazil, sc.ant for E'r ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }^{45.000}$ | 23.000 | 11.000 | 15.000 |
| Btook in United states ports | 459.018 6764 | 373.011 | 236,770 21.787 |  |
| United Ste tes exports co -day.. | 6,000 | 10,000 | 3.000 | 5,000 |

Total visible supply …...25.539,842 $2,219,57771,690 ; 307$ 2,012,613 Of the anove, the totals of A American-

## Continental stock <br> merican afloat for E ........... <br> United States stock........... <br> United states interior stocks.

| 691,000 | 5 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 263,000 | 1 |
| 400,000 | 3 |
| 459.018 | 3 |
| 67.761 |  |

Total American...........
East Indiann, Brazil. sc.Liverpool stock London stock.......
Continental stocks.
India afloat for Europe..
agypt, Brazil, \&c., afloat... ....

Total East India, \& $\qquad$ 1,482 1,487,217 $\begin{array}{rr}211,000 & 2 \\ 46,000 & \\ 98,060 & \\ 303,000 & 3 \\ 45,000 & 3\end{array}$ $\qquad$ 126,000 |  | 187.000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 250 | 12.000 | ,500 63.750

220,000 $\begin{array}{rrrr}703.060 & 725.360 & 506.750 & 497,750 \\ 1,886,782 & 1,457,217 & 1,183,557 & 1,514,863\end{array}$

The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 377,265 bales as compared with the same date of 1880 , an increase of 899,535 bales as compared with 1879 and an increase of 577,229 bales as compared with 1878.
In the preceding visible supply table we have heretofore only included the interior stocks at the seven original interior towns. As we did not have the record of the new interior towns for the four years, we could not make a comparison in any other way. That difficulty no longer exists, and we therefore make the following comparison, which includes the stocks at the nineteen towns given weekly in our table of interior stocks instead of only the oid seven towns. We shall continue this double statement for a time, but finally shall simply substitute the nineteen towns for the seven towns in the preceding table

| merican | $1{ }^{1}$ | 1880. | 1879. | 1878. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liverpool stock. ... ......bales | 691.000 | 527,000 | 471,000 | 645,000 |
| Contin | 263.000 |  |  |  |
| Ameri | 400,000 | 351,000 | 247,000 | 212,000 |
|  | 459.018 | 373,611 | 236.770 | 254.223 |
| United States interior stocks | 123.342 | 130,635 | 37,570 | 34,154 |
| United States exports to-day.. | 6,000 | 10,000 | 3,000 | 5,000 |

## Total American. <br> East Indiant brazil, ice...

London stock.
Coñtinental stocks.
ndia afloat for Europe
Total East India, sce.
Total American.
Total visible supply T The imports into Contion $2,271,6061,706,0902,026,127$ 17,000 bales.
These figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight tonight of 373,814 bales as compared with the same date of 1880 , an increase of 939,330 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1879 and an increase of 619,293 bales as compared with 1878.

At the Interior Ports the movement-that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1880-is set out in detail in the following statement:

|  | Week ending June 3. '81. |  |  | Week ending June 4, '80. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rcceipts. | Shipm'ts | Slock. | Receipis. | Shipm'ts | Stock: |
| Augnsta, | 330 | 694 | 11,015 | 1.5 | 926 | 10,256 |
| Columbus, | ${ }_{140}^{82}$ | ${ }_{1}^{600}$ | 5,058 4,999 | 141 20 1 | 519 |  |
| Montgom'ry,A | 277 | 1,015 | 3,381 | 116 | 445 | 4,912 |
| Selma, Ala | 93 | 201 | 3,360 |  | 107 | 1,562 |
| Memphis, Tenn.. | 1,852 | 7,644 | 32,222 | $\begin{array}{r}753 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,368 | 38,079 |
| Nashville, Tenn. | 535 | 1,233 | 7,729 | 339 | 669 | 8,824 |
| Total, old ports | 3,359 | 11,535 | 67,7¢ 1 | 1,561 | 8,066 | 71,606 |
| Dallas, Texas. | 115 | 197 | 2,788 | 12 | 318 | 206 |
| Jefferson, Tex... | 26 360 | 1,201 | 1,058 | 40 737 | 984 | -100 |
| Vicksburs, Miss. | 55 | 1,201 | 3,223 1,160 | 751 | 884 | 1,968 |
| Columbus, Miss. | 19 | 12 | , 666 | 18 | 109 | 215 |
| Eufaula, Ala | 94 | 127 | 1,440 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 153 | 1,814 |
| Arifinta, ${ }^{\text {ata }}$ | 102 |  | 10,248 | 15 | 105 | 7992 |
| Rome, G a | 117 | 310 | - 442 | 194 | 582 | 2,365 |
| Charlotte, N. | 150 | 150 | 研 | 328 | 473 | 7.52 |
| St. Louis, MiO | 2,766 | 5,332 | 21,192 | 1,505 | 5,813 | 36,650 |
| Cincinuati, 0 | 5,873 | 3,176 | 12,942 | 2,420 | 2,682 | 5,754 |
| Total, new ports | 10,184 | 11,359 | 55,578 | 5,429 | 11,530 | 59,029 |
| Total, all | 13,543 | 22,894 | 123,342 | 6,990 | 19,596 | :30,635 |
| *This year's figures estimated. <br> The above totals show that the old interior stocks have de- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| eased during | , | , | old | , | -nig | 3,842 |

bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 1,798 bales more than the same week last year.

Receipts from the Plantations.-The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more targely one year than another, at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach, therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the out-ports.

| Week ending- | Receipts at the Ports. |  |  | Stock at Interior Ports |  |  | Rec'pts from Plant'ns. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. | 1879. | 1850. | 1881. | 1874. | 1850. | 1881. |
| Mar. 18 | 60,202 | 49.611 | 108.200 | 14!,612 | 231,047 | 237,314 | 42,396 | 40,682 | 110.497 |
| " 25 | 60,693 | 53,419 | 93.690 | 131,483 | 206,120 | 277,992 | 50,549 | 38.492 | 84,388 |
| April 1. | 54.283 | 47,383 | 78,514 | 118.889 | 254,233 | 266,598 | 39,689 | 40,496 | 87,101 |
| $\therefore 8$. | 44.551 | 37,223 | 85,693 | 107,005 | 252.493 | 249,879 | 34,977 | 30,593 | 68,990 |
| 15. | 40.187 | 34,910 | 68.579 | 91,966. | 238.556 | 237,401 | 25,143 | 24,871 | 54,101 |
| 22 | 33,183 | 33.714 | 60.718 | 87,291 | 220,936 | 218,860 | 31,511 | 19,094 | 42,177 |
| 29 | 22,283 | 30,858 | 47,729 | 78,962 | 204,154 | 204,211 | 13,951 | 14,076 | 33,080 |
| day 6 | 19,031 | 25,661 | 45.535 | 71.546 | 186,658 | 193,948 | 11,615 | 8.163 | 35,279 |
| 13. | 19,897 | 24.638 | 49,150 | 59,249 | 176,15i | 175.316 | 7.800 | 14,135 | 30,512 |
| 20. | 16.673 | 26,514 | 42,415 | 51.428 | 161.455 | 158,248 | 8,853 | 11.812 | 25,347 |
| 27.... | 17.113 | 23.764 | 36,831 | 42.198 | 143,241 | 132.471 | 7,882 | 5.55 | 11,074 |
| Jinne 3. | 11.089 | 23.874 | 32,642 | 37.570 | 130,635 | 123,342 | 6,461 | 11,068 | 23,51 |

The above statement shows

1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in $1880-81$ were $5,648,312$ bales; in 1879-80 were $4,886,450$ bales; in 1878-79 were 4,432,728 bales.
2. That, although the receipts at the out-ports the past week were 32,642 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 23,513 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 11,068 bales and for 1879 they were 6,461 bales.

Weather Reports by Telegraph.-The weather during the past week has been fairly favorable at most points in the South. In some portions of Texas they still complain of too much rain and of weeds. Otherwise conditions are favorable.
Galveston, Texas.-We have had showers on five days the past week, with a rainfall of one inch and thirty-two hundredths. We are having too much rain, but no serious damage has been done ; in many sections the crop is grassy. Average thermometer 80 , highest 89 and lowest 64 . Rainfall for the month of May, two inches and eighteen hundredths.

Indianola, Texas.-The weather has been warm and dry all the past week. Accounts from the interior are conflicting, bat crops generally are promising. The thermometer has ranged from 65 to 85 , averaging 82. The rainfall during the month of May reached one inch and ninety-two hundredths.
Corsicana, T'exas.- It has rained tremendously on four days the past week, the rainfall reaching four inches and forty-seven hundredths. Much damage has been done, as work is suspended and weeds are growing s) fast that they are becoming troublesome. The wheat harvest has been interrupted, and unless we have dry weather soon much damage is feared. Average thermometer 77, highest 92 and lowest 63 . Rainfall for the month of May, nine inches and eighty-six hundredths.

Dallas, Texas.-It has rained hard on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifty hundredths. We are having too much rain. Reported damage to crop has been greatly exaggerated, but much is feared unless it stop. raining. Wheat harvest has been interrupted, and crops are grassy. The thermometer has averaged 77, ranging from 63 to 92 . During the month of May the rainfall reached eight inches and thirtyeight hundredths.

Brenham, Texas.-We have had hard rain on two days the past week, with a rainfall of one inch. We are having too much rain, but on the average the crop is doing as well as usual for the season. Weeds are growing so fast that they are becoming troublesome. Average thermometer 80, highest 91 and lowest 64. The rainfall during the month of May reached eight inches and twenty-five hundredths.

Waco, Texas.-It has rained hard on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch. We are having too much rain. Weeds are growing so fast that they are becoming troublesome Average thermometer 78 , highest 90 and lowest 61 . During the month of May the rainfall reached six inches and thirty-two hundredths.
New Orleans, Louisiana.-It has rained on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching twenty-one hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged $\overline{7} 8$.
Shreveport, Louisiana.-Cloudy and rainy weather has predominated during the past week. The rainfall reached one inch and ninety-eight hundredths. Average thermometer 79, highest 92 and lowest 66

Vicksburg, Mississippi.-Telegram not received.
Columbus, Mississippi.-The rainfall during the past week reached one inch and sixty hundredths. Weeds are growing so fast that they are becoming troublesome. During the month of May the rainfall reached five inches and twelve hundredths.
Little Rock, Arkansas.- It has rained on every day of the past week except Friday and Thursday, and crops are suffering in consequence. The rainfall reached forty-four hundreths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 62 to 85, averaging 75. We had rain on seventeen days during the month of May,
and the rainfall reached four inches and sixty-nine handredths. The thermometer averaged 71 , and ranged from 58 to 85 .

Nashville, Tennessee. - We have had rain on two days the past week, with a rainfall of fifty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 63 to 90 , averaging 76.
Mobile, Alabama.- It has rained severely on one day, and has been showery on two days, the past week, and the rest of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached two inches and thirty-two hundredths. We have had delightful showers this week, and the indications are that they extended over oa wide surface. The crop is developing promisingly. The cotton plant suoks strong and healthy. Average thermometer 78, highest 92, looks strong and hainfall for the month of May, one inch and fortyfour hundredths.
Montgomery, Alabama.-It has rained on four days the past week, and the balance of the week has been clondy. The rainfall reached sixty-seven hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 77 , highest 93 and lowest 64 . Rainfall for the month of May one inch and forty-one hundredths.

Selma, Alabama.-We have had delightfull showers on three days the past week, and the indications are that they extended over a wide surface. The rainfall reached seventy-seven hundredths of an inch. The crop looks strong and healthy. Average thermometer 78, highest 98 and lowest 60.
Madison, Florida.- The weather has been warm and dry all the past week. Planting is about completed in this neighborhood. We have secured a grood stand of cotton, and the crop looks strong and healthy. The fields are clear of weeds. Average thermometer 82 , highest 95 and lowest 70
Macon, Georgia.-We had fine rains on Wednesday and Thursday of the past week, and also a slight shower to-day. The crop has been suffering badly, and recent rains will do much good. Average thermometer 70, highest 88 and lowest 52. During the month of May the rainfall reached one inch.
Columbus, Georgia.- It has rained on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and sixteen hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 82, ranging from 70 to 90 . The sainfall duri.g the month of May reached three inches and thirty-seven handredths.
Savannah, Georgia.-We have had rain on four days the past week, on three of which light, and the rest of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached seventy-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 90 , averaging 77.
Augusta, Georgia.-We have had heavy general rain on five days the past week, which has been very beneficial to crops. The rainfall reached one inch and sixty-two hundredths. The crop looks strong and healthy, and general accounts are very favorable. The thermometer has ranged from 65 to 89, averaging 75.
Rainfall for the month of May, one inch and thirty-five hundredths.
Charleston, South Carolina.-We have had rain on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching fifty-three hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 76, highest 89 and lowest 62. The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock June 2, 1881, ąnd June 3, 1880

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 untal Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16,1874 , which is $6-10$ ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.
Overland Movement to June 1-In our editorial columns will be found our overland movement, receipts, exports and consumption to June 1.

Cost of Raisiva Cotron in India.-The following we are very glad to give because of the information it contains, althoug we do not remember publishing the quotation cited.
akola Berar, East India, April 23, 1881. To the Editor of the New Fork Commerchal and Financlal Cimonicle. SIR:-The Mranchester Examiner and Times had some time ago an abstract from your paper quoting a passage from the Vicksburg Herald regarding the present and next American orop.
The said paper says: "Now, let us firmly resolve to raise a 13 -million orop. The world can only stand such a crop once, and other countries will have to give up growing cotton," or words to that effect.
The Vieksburg paper makes one mistaks there, seemingly. Omitting the question of price, and assuming that it interests you to know down to what rate it will pay the Indian ryot, or peasant, to grow cotton, I address this letter to you.
Practically, it matters little what the price is; for, as I am assured by intelligent agriculturists, the ryot will sow cotton in rotation, no matter What he gets for it. His expenses are very small, and if he ouly covers them he would be content.
However, he would of course reduce the crop if others paid him better and the question is. therefore, what would pay him sufficiently to induce him to sow a full share of cotton? Now, since I came here into the Berar or Oomraotee districts, thirteen years ago, cotton has paid the grower better and better year by year, in measure as the profits of the buyer up country, the exporter, the shipper, the agent at home, etc., were more and more cut down, and this is a fact that you should bear in mind when calculatiig upon driving Indian cotton out of the market. Thus, thirteen
years ago the grower received 36g. for 280 lbs . of best Oomraotee cotton, which as a rule stands only $\mathbf{1}_{2}$ d. below middling uplands at a time when "foir Oomra" was quoted $51_{8 d}$. in Liverpool. Just now the latter is $4{ }^{3}{ }_{16}$ d. and "good Oomra" is worth 5 d. . whereas the grower here gets 54s. for 280 lbs . of "good Oomra," and early in the season, or say for half his crop, he has been getting the equivalent of full a penny more. Thus he has been getting the equivalent of 2 d . more for his crop this year than what he used to get ten or twelve years ago; and, with a full crop, $3^{1_{2}}$ d. on an average would pay him sefficiently well to make him sow a full crop, and eveu 3d. would not make much difference, as it is one of his rotation crops.
The question is, then, whether it would pay your American planters, be better able to answer than your obedient servant,
C. Flemming.

Jute Butts, Bagaing, \&c.-There has been a steady trade for bagging and rather more inquiry has been shown. Prices are unchanged, but no shading is being done as holders are asking full figures. The sales aggregate 1,500 rolls, and the market closes at $91 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for $13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., 10 @ 101 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for 2 lbs. and $103 / 4 @ 11 \mathrm{c}$. for standard qualities. Butts are in good request, and orders are in market for turther lots. The sales are some 5,000 bales at full figures, holders quoting $211-16 @ 23 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for paper quality and $27 / 8 @ 3 \mathrm{c}$. for spinning grades. The stock in Boston and New York on June 1 was 51,350 bales, while 71,394 bales are reported as on the way.

Comparative Port Receipts and Daily Crop Movement. A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1 has been as follows:

Monthly
Receipls.
Receipls.
Sept'mb'r Dctober.. Novemb'r Decemb'r January February March. april... Afay...

Year Beginning September 1.

Total year $\overline{5,549,410} \overline{4,749,873} \overline{4,392,277} \overline{4,196.104}-\overline{3,903.725} 4,013,875$ Pere'tage of tot. por

This statement shows that up to May 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 800,537 bales more than in 1879-80 and 1,157,133 bales more than at the same time in 1878-79. By adding to the above totals to May 31 the daily receipts since that time we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

|  | 1881. | 1880. | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tot.Ap. 30 | 5,359,356 | 4,633,867 | 4,307,978 | 4,099,790 | 3,934,786 | 3,921,275 |
| May 1.... | s. | 3,391 | 2,573 | 4,145 | 2,013 | 3,097 |
| " 2.... | 11,062 | s. | 6,454 | 2,707 | 3,561 | 3,551 |
| " 3. | 7,496 | 4,612 | 2,45 | 7,161 | 1,675 | 4,906 |
| 4 | 7,317 | 4,633 | s. | 2,032 | 4,512 | 3,098 |
| 5 | 4,854 | 4,696 | 4,85 | s. | 2,032 | 4,76: |
| 6 | 6,798 | 4,017 | 3,936 | 5,164 | s. | 4,694 |
| " 7 | 6,174 | 4,282 | 2,726 | 4,062 | 5,213 | S. |
| " 8 | S. | 4,366 | 2,439 | 3,851 | 4,187 | 7,008 |
| " 9. | 10,882 | S. | 2,621 | 1,2.57 | 2,435 | 2,484 |
| " 10. | 8,079 | 7,180 | 1,953 | 4,836 | 1,794 | 4,642 |
| 11. | 5,541 | 2,430 | 8. | 2,925 | 3,575 | 3,478 |
| 12. | 7,036 | 4,197 | 3,998 | s. | 2,489 | 3,594 |
| 13. | 11,438. | 3,573 | 4,2:1 | 4,324 | S. | 2,882 |
| " 14. | 5,214 | 2,890 | 3,161 | 3,390 | 4,167 | 8. |
| " 15. | s. | 3,150 | 1,771 | 3,619 | 2,644 | 6,189 |
| "16. | 9,045 | 8. | 4,503 | 3,232 | 2,075 | 2,786 |
| " 17. | 8,681 | 6,630 | 2,718 | 2,607 | 2,395 | 2,902 |
| " 18. | 6,311 | 3.363 | s. | 2,703 | 3,631 | 2,039 |
| " $19 .$. | 5.199 | 5.6,8 | 4,074 | S. | 1,301 | 3,841 |
| " 20. | 7,965 | 2,612 | 4,097 | 4,140 | 8. | 1,775 |
| " 21... | 7,026 | 5.096 | 2,759 | 2,696 | 2,927 | S. |
| " 22. | 8. | 2,784 | 1,541 | 2,915 | 2,756 | 4,394 |
| " $23 .$. | 10,770 | S. | 1,484 | 2,129 | 89! | 2,427 |
| " 24. | 5,533 | 5,911 | 2,733 | 5,142 | 1,843 | 3,856 |
| " 25. | 6,644 | 1,999 | 8. | 3,058 | 2,385 | 2,779 |
| " 26. | 5,068 | 4,913 | 3,913 | s. | 1,171 | 2,285 |
| " 27 | 6,592 | 2,615 | 3,259 | 4,072 | s. | 1,519 |
| " 28 | 5,432 | 5.514 | 2,018 | 2,800 | 1,503 | s. |
| " 29 ... | 8. | 2,592 | 1,907 | 3.192 | 1,791 | 4,062 |
| 30 | 5,157 | s. | 3,283 | 2,553 | 1,930 | 1,999 |
| 31 | -8,640 | 6,339 | 2,556 | 2,545 | 1,504 | 1,552 |
| Tot.My 31 | 5,549,410 | 4,748,873 | 4,392,277 | 4,196,104 | 3,903,725 | 4,013,875 |
| June 1.. | 5,376 | 2,694 | s. | 2,269 | 1,351 | 1,962 |
| " 2. | 3,905 | 3,731 | 2,002 | s. | 1,2j4 | 2,034 |
| " 3.... | 6,351 | 3,219 | 2.044 | 2,379 | s. | 1,578 |
| Total | 5,565,042 | 4,758,547 | 4,396,323 | 4,200,732 | 3,906,330 | 4,019,499 |
| Percentag port ras'n | e of total nto Juna 3 | 95.11 | 98.85 | 96.6\% | 96.74 | 98.90 |

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 806,495 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1880 and $1,168,719$ bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1879. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to June 3 in each of the years named

India Cotton Movement from all Ports.-The figures which are now collectéd for us, and forwarded by cable each Friday, of he shipments from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, \&c. enable us, in connection with our previously-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a full and complete India movement for each week. We tirst give the Bumbay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to June 2.

> bombay receipts and shipments for four years.

## Shipments this weck. Shipments since Jan. 1. Receipts.  $\overline{1881} \overline{8,000} \overline{26,000} \overline{34,000} 207,000-397.000-604,000-16,000-886,000$   <br> According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 3,000 bales; and a decrease in shipments of 35,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 70,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, \&c., for the same wetk and years has been as follows <br> calcutta, madras, tuplcorin, carivale, ringoon and rubrichee.

| Year. |
| :---: |
| $1881 \ldots \ldots \ldots$. |
| $1880 \ldots \ldots \ldots$. |
| $1879 . \ldots \ldots$. |

Cor For the past few weels we have wintted fom the above table (Calcutta, Madras, \&c.,) this year's weekly firmes, as we found there were inaccuracies in them as cabled to us. We are, however, making new arrangements, under which we hope not only to prevent errors, but also to greatly improve this feature of our report.
The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is --bales -- than for the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week andsince January 1, 1S81, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

| Shipments <br> to alt Europe <br> from- |
| :---: |
| Bombay....... |
| Sill otherp.rts. |


| 1881. |  | 1830. |  | 1879. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| This week. | Since <br> Jan. 1. | This week. | Since Jan. 1. | This week. | Since Jan. 1. |
| 34,000 | 604,000 | 69.000 | 674,000 | 9,000 | 427,000 |
|  |  | 16,000 | 224,000 | 15,000 | 188,000 |
| 34,000 | 604,000 | 85,000 | 893,000 | 24,000 | 615,000 |

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending June 2, and for the three years up to date, at all India ports.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments.-Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi \& Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the coiresponding week of the previous two years.

| Alexandria, Egypt, June 2. | 1881. |  | 1880. |  | 1879. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beceipts (cantars*)- This week.... Since Sept. |  | $\begin{array}{r}4,000 \\ \hline 6,000\end{array}$ |  | 1,000 |  | , $\begin{array}{r}1,000 \\ \hline 1,000\end{array}$ |
| Exports (bales)To Liverpool... To Contiuent | This week. | since Sept. 1. | This week. | Since Sept. 1. | This week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{gathered}\right.$ |
|  | 2,000 | 232,750 |  | 236,000 | 1,000 | 168,009 |
|  |  | 139,632 | 250 | 171,994 |  | 76,500 |
| Total Europe | 2,000 | 372,382 | 250 | 457,994 | 1,000 | 244,500 |

a cantar is 98 ibs.
This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending June 2 were 4,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe were 2,000 bales.
Manchester Market.-Our report received from Manchester to-night states that prices for twists have slightly improved, but that shirtings are unchanged and that the market is quiet. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison:


The Expcrts of Cotton from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 7,298 bales, against 11,8 88 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1880, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:
Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1880.

| Expor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1 \mathrm{i} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 a y \\ & 18 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 25 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1 . \end{aligned}$ | since Sept. 1. | $\begin{gathered} \text { per col } \\ \text { previus } \\ \text { year. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Liverpool.a. ............... |  |  | 6,301 | 7,507 | 9,6 | $4,035$ | $\begin{array}{r} 332,721 \\ 19,417 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 380,832 \\ 28,100 \end{array}$ |
| Total to Great Britain |  |  | 6,301 | 8, | 9,655 | 4,3 | 352,1 | 2 |
| Havre <br> Other French ports |  |  | 715 | 263 | 37 | 1, |  | 29 |
| Total french. .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 715 | 263 | 37 | 1,103 | 1 | 23,429 |
| Bremen and Hanover .... Hamburg |  |  | 815 32 | 1,034 100 | 95 $\ldots .9$ | 990 | 37,618 19,003 |  |
|  |  |  | 4,671 | 3,56 | 3, | 200 | 39,258 | 13,291 |
| Total to Nort |  |  |  |  |  | 1,190 |  | ,390 |
| Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r,\&e All other. |  |  | 1,6 |  |  | 667 | 2,737 <br> 1,578 | 1,909 3,406 |
| Total S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| Arand Total ........... 14,134 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tile Followivg are the Regeipts of Cotton at New York, Buston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and siace September 1, 1880: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts <br> fiom- | New York. |  | oston |  | 1 Philadelphin. |  | Baltimore. |  |
|  | This week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | This week. | $\text { Sept. } 1 .$ | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ |
| N. Orl'a | ,67 | 156,583 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas.... | 2,616 | 101,190 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mobile. |  |  |  |  |  | 23,0 | , | 9 |
| Florid |  |  |  | 2,4 |  |  |  |  |
| N.Carlina | 421 | 140,74 |  |  |  |  | 2,406 |  |
| Virginia. | 1,056 | 219,389 |  | 62 |  |  | 66 |  |
| North. pts | 1,058 | 163,454 | 1,387 | 177, |  |  | 631 | 132 |
| Foreign.. |  | 3,987 |  | , |  |  |  | , |
| s year. | 10,082 |  | ,0 | 384,3 | 2,2 | 80,60 | 5,53 | 228,936 |
| Last year. | 9,862 | 1 | 1,238 | 403.266 | 456 | 84.050 | 1.149 | 176 |

## $\frac{\text { Last year. } 9,8}{* 1,065,493}$

## †1,017,273.

Shipping News.-The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 61,559 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week:
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Abyssinia, 1,123.... Total bales. Adriatic, 117....City of Berlin, 447....City of Brussels,


4,038

To Amsterdam, per steamer Poilux, 200 .
200
500
NEW URLE AV
...Commander, 2,300 ... Explorer, 3,86 .... Federico, 3,589
To Havre, per bark Assyria, 1,619 ,......................................
To Bremen, per barik Harzburg, 1.563
15,516
1,619
To Cronstadt, per brig Finnvid, 950
Mobile-To Livernool, per shin Fiyi?r Foam 4,793
Charleston-To fieval, per baris ibrahutn Skallo, $\mathbf{1 , 2 5 0}$ U..... 4,793
 Texas-To Livcrool, ner ship Cunberland, 5,256 ....poi back 1,700 Texas-To Livernool, per ship Cumberland, 5,256 . ...per bark

To Havre, per Mif, Emily Watters, $1,627$.

 Albans, 1,636
 pus, 33 .....nlyrian, 1,142 ....Minnesota, $261 . .$. Olympus, $962 \ldots$ Pembroke, 450 .......................................................


## Total. <br> otal...

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  | Reval and |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Liver- |  | Bre- | Amster- | Cron- | Barce- | ITa!i- |  |
| New York. | pool. | Havre | ${ }_{990}$ | ${ }^{\text {dam. }}$ | stadt. | lona. | fax. | Total. |
| N. Orleans. | 15,546 | 1,619 | 1,568 | 20 | 950 | 1,026 |  | 20.709 |
| Mobile ..... | 4,793 | ...... |  |  |  |  |  | 4,793 |
| Charleston. |  |  |  |  | 3,050 |  |  | 3,080 |
| Savannah.. |  |  |  |  | 1,700 |  |  | 1,700 |
| Texas. | 7,120 | 1,027 | 1,246 |  |  |  |  | 9,393 |
| Baltimore.. | 5,208 | ...... | 736 |  |  |  |  | 5,944 |
| Boston...... | 4,541 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 4,542 |
| Philadelp'a | 4,100 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,100 |
| Total... | 45,346 | 3.749 | 4,540 | 200 | 5,730 | 1,526 | 1 | 61,559 |
| cluded | the a | oove tot | ls fro | m New | York | are, 300 | bales | O Glas- |

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels Below we give and United States ports, etc.:
Ремвroke, steamer (Br.), before reported, from Boston for Liverpool, in collision with steamer Ganos. Most of the cargo of steamer Pembroke line. A Naval Board of Inquiry, held in Boston, fully exonerated the masters of both steamers from blame for the casualty.
IsABEL CRAGGS, bark (Br.), betore reported on fire at Charleston, was chiefly damaged by water. The cargo was nearly all discharged
and placed on end on the wharf. Outside of the water damage the and placed on end on the wharf. Outside of the water damage the bales do not appear no doave be soon offered at auction, amounting entire ame 1,8 ${ }^{\circ} 0$ bales.
Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

|  | Satur. | Mon. | Tues. | Wednes. | Thurs. | Fri. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liverpool, steam $d$. |  | 人врпон | ${ }^{11_{64} \partial^{1}{ }^{1}}$ | $\frac{1_{64} 0^{14}}{5}$ | $\frac{{ }^{1 i_{64} D^{1} 1_{4}}}{5}$ | $5{ }^{5}$ |
| Do sail...d. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 5_{32} \otimes_{32} \\ 1_{2^{k}} \\ 1_{2} \\ 7_{16}{ }^{2}{ }^{1} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5_{32} 27_{32} \\ 1_{2^{*}} \\ 1_{2} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Harre, steam....c. Do sail. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bremen, steam. .c. |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{16}{\widetilde{D} 1_{2}}^{2}$ |
| Do sail.....c. |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hamburg, steam. } d . \\ & \text { Do sail.. } d . \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 12 $\cdots$ $\cdots$ | 12 <br> $\ldots$ <br>  | $1_{2}$ | $1_{2}$ |
| Amst'd'm, steam.c. |  |  | ${ }_{2}$ | 12 | ${ }_{2}$ | ${ }_{1}$ |
| Do sail...d. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baltic, steam....d. |  |  | $5_{16}$ | $5_{16}$ | $5_{16}$ | ${ }_{516}$ |
| Do sail.......c. |  |  | $9_{32}$ ® $^{19}{ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{32} 1019$ | ${ }_{32}{ }^{11}$ | ${ }_{2}$ ® $^{19}$ |

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, \&c., at that port:

|  | May 13. | May 20. | May 27. | June 3. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales of the week........bales. | 55,000 | 68,000 | 63,000 | 59,000 |
| Of which exporters took.... | 3,600 | 5,500 | 4,700 | 3,600 |
| Of which speculators took.. | 3,400 | 5,600 | 3,900 | 6,200 |
| Sales American | 47,000 | 53.000 | 50,000 | 48,000 |
| Actual export. | 6,800 | 9,000 | 5.300 | 14,000 |
| Forwarded | 14,500 | 10,000 | 17,500 | 8,200 |
| Tetal stock-Estimated | 974,000 | 983,000 | 930,000 | 902,000 |
| Of which American-Estim'd | 746,000 | 755,000 | 707,000 | 691,000 |
| Total import of the week. | 43.000 | 85,000 | 26.500 | 43,500 |
| Of which American. | 37,500 | 68,000 | 14,500 | 37,500 |
| Amount afloat | 253,000 | 224,000 | 239,000 | 257,000 |
| Oí which A-m | 147,000 | 118.000 | 119,000 | 145,000 |

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the ween as follows:

|  | Saturday | Mronday. | Tuesday. | Wednes. | Thursd'y. | Fruday. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Market, } \\ 12: 30 \text { P.M. } \end{array}\right\}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Quiet } \\ & \text { and un- } \\ & \text { changed. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fair } \\ & \text { business. } \end{aligned}$ | Dull. | Quiet and | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Active } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { firmer. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Active } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { firmer. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Mid. Upl'ds Mid.Orl'ns | ${ }_{6}^{51 \overline{5}_{16}}$ | ${ }_{6}^{515_{16}}$ | ${ }_{6}^{515}{ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{6}^{515}{ }^{18}$ | ${ }_{6}^{515}{ }^{16}$ | 6116 618 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Market. } \\ 5 \text { Р. M. } \end{array}\right\}$ | - | $\square$ | - | - | - |  |
| Sales. $\qquad$ <br> Spec.\&exp. | 8,000 1,000 | 10,000 1,000 | 6,000 1,000 | 8,000 2,000 | 15,000 2,000 | 12,000 2,000 |
| Futures. <br> Market, <br> 5 P. M. | Weaker. | Flat. | $\begin{array}{\|} \begin{array}{c} \text { Duld } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { easier. } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Barely steady | Quiet. | Dull. and easior. |

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool for the same week are given below. These sales are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling cliuluce, unless otherwise stated.

 July-Aug.........61 $1_{32}$ Nov.-Dec..........525${ }^{22}$, Dec.-Jan......... . $5^{3^{4}}$ tuesday.
 May-J......
Juue-July $\qquad$ June-July
$\cdots 5_{32}^{32}$
Wednesday.


Oct.-Nov..........513 ${ }^{16}$ Thursday.

Friday.



## BREADSTUFFS.

Friday, P. M., June 3, 1881.
The flour market opened the week quite firm, but latterly prices have had a downward tendency. The export demand fell off and supplies somewhat increased. Some favorite brands from winter wheat are still scarce, however, and bring extreme prices, giving an appearance of irregularity to the course of values. Corn meal has become very scarce and is dearer. Today the flour market was quite depressed, especially for the low grades.
The wheat market opened the week quite buoyantly. The reports of injary to winter wheat by drought (alladed to in this column two weeks since) became so general as to canse much uneasiness from apprehension of a yield greatly
decreased; but towards the close of Tuesday's market advices of general rains gave a downward turn to prices, and they have continued variable and depressed. There has been rather more doing in spring wheat, prices ranging from $\$ 120$ to $\$ 122$ for No. 2 Chicago \& Milwaukee. There seems to be no reason to doubt that the prospect for this branch of the crop is good. To-day the opening was easier, but the close steadier; No. 2 red winter, $\$ 1245 / 8 @ 125$ for June and $\$ 124 @ 124 \frac{1}{2}$ for July, and No. 1 white, $\$ 125$ for July. A large line of No. 2 Chicago spring sold at $\$ 119$, and a load of No. 1 Duluth at $\$ 123$.

Indian corn has been declining for nearly all grades, but the poorer qualities, under increasing supplies, have given way most. Choice white samples have been best sustained. The rains have improved crop prospects, but supplies now coming forward are much smaller than one year ago. To-day the market was again weak, on the spot, and No. 2 mixed for July closed at $551 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. and for August at $551 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Rye has favored buyers, and yesterday prime Canada in bond sold at $\$ 1$ 11. Oats have materially declined, but the greatest reduction in values has been for immediate delivery. To-day the market was steadier for mixed, with No. 2 graded quoted at $45^{1} 4 \mathrm{c}$. for mixed and $47{ }^{1} / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for white, and No. 2 mixed sold at 44 12 c. for July and 443/4@45c. for June.

(From the "New York Produce Exchanqe Weekly.")
Receipts of flour and grain at Western lake and river ports for the week ending May 28, 1881:

|  | Flour, bbis. | Wheat, bush. | Oorn, bush. | Oats, bush. | Barley, bush. | Rye, bush. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (56 los.) |  |  | 12 |
| Milwau | 97.746 | 245,385 | 21,600 | 82,391 | 34,500 | 8,548 |
| Toledo | 1,105 | 263,113 | 308,405 | 38,290 | 4.5 |  |
| Detroit | 5,365 | 97,460 | 2,500 | 16,479 | 3,479 |  |
| Clevela | 1,733 | 15,500 | 26,250 | 23,980 | 5,653 |  |
| 8t. L | 22,674 | 358,820 | 693,900 | 201.228 | 11,178 |  |
| Pe | 2.076 | 13,450 | 293,850 | 235,650 | 8,050 | 5,1 |

## Peoria

$\begin{array}{ccccccc}\text { Total } & \overline{226,037} & 1,195,771 & 2,777,946 & 1,680,497 & 98,253 & 27,287 \\ \text { ame time } 80.129,813 & 1,842,909 & 5,524,893 & 1,305,490 & 64,824 & 68,056\end{array}$
Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 27 to May 28 , inclasive, for four years : 1881

| Fisur... ....bbls. | $\begin{gathered} 1881 . \\ 3,609,057 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ 2,359,196 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 1879. }}{2,708,181}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1878 . \\ 2,485,1 \varepsilon 4 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat..... bush. | 16,340,224 | 18,845,690 | 24,091,085 | 25.925,439 |
| Corn | 36,975,945 | 57,825,442 | 34,504,490 | 37,313,225 |
| Oata | 15,084,457 | 11,426,811 | 11,174,921 | 10,487,134 |
| Barley | 3,582,270 | 2,327,244 | 2,202,86 ${ }^{\text {+ }}$ | 2,664,188 |
| kye .... . . . | 714,822 | 952,475 | 1,300,909 | 1,722,538 |

Total grain .... $\frac{14,8-1}{72,697,718} \frac{9,4,}{91,377,662} \frac{1,300,900}{73.247,269} \frac{1,72,538}{78,112,524}$
Comparative receipts (crop movement) at same ports from August 1 to May 28, inclusive for four years:


Total grain.... $\overline{218,160,602} \overline{214,472,830} \overline{195,374,331} \overline{177,534.615}$ Comparative shipments of Hour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 27 to May 28, inclusive, for four years:

| Plour...... . .bbls. | $\begin{gathered} 1881 . \\ 3,496,964 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ 2,136,003 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1879 \\ 2,829,993 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1878 \\ , 2,467,873 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat ..... . bush. | 18,335,650 | 16,627,801 | 20,311,259 | 22,968,760 |
| Sorn......... | 30,281,647 | 41,803,672 | 27,988,078 | 30,268,931 |
| Osts | 11,813,423 | 8,797,092 | 8,000,063 | 6,148,280 |
| Barley | 1,909.116 | 1,500,753 | 1,892,759 | 1,465.655 |
| Rye.. | 969,228 | 814,783 | 1,137,557 | 1,339,714 |

Totalgrain .... $63,309,064 \quad 69,544,101 \quad 59,329,718 \quad 62,185,390$ Rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for the weeks ended :



Rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four weeks: Week Flour, Wheat, Corn, oats, Barley, Rye,
enaing- oots. bush, bush, bish


 Tot., 4 , Wks. 589,893 4 w'ks' $80 . .486,792 \quad 6,256,42411,229,5933,091,627 \quad 210,303175,177$
Rereipts of flour and grain at seaboard ports for the week ended May 28:


Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 27 to May 28 , inclusive, for four years :

| Flour........bbls. | $\begin{array}{r} 1881 \\ 5,393,570 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ 3,597,481 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1879 . \\ 4,163,243 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1878 . \\ 3,536,857 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat......bush. | 30.370 .017 | 25,104,080 | 34,186.5 ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ | 30,043,307 |
| C | 37,890.753 | 54.505,635 | 46,563,976 | + $47,314.730$ |
| Barley | 1,994.228 | 1,574,*83 | 1,414,036 | \% $2.266,147$ |
| bye........ | 818,917 | -674,275 | 1,585,247 | 2,001,362 |

Total grain .... $\overline{80,140,155} \overline{80,833,358} \overline{91,849,115}=\overline{89,118,174}$
Exports from United States seaboard ports and from Mortreal for week ending May 28, 1881:

| From- | Flour, bbls. | Wheat, bsuh. | Corn, bush. | Oats, bush. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rye, } \\ \text { bussh. } \end{gathered}$ | Peas, bush. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 64,168 | 1,307,4:2 | 1,890,092 | 1,0:0 | 8,265 |  |
| Boston | 30,365 | 30,349 | 191,005 |  |  |  |
| Portland |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal...... | 9,447 | 63,524 | 163,524 | 70.488 |  | 69,535 |
| Philadelphia.: | 3,735 | 743,633 | 46,312 |  |  | ,035 |
| Baltimore.... | 7,570 | 444.415 | 32,949 |  |  |  |
| New Orlearis.. | 1,710 | 237,098 | 201,9 87 |  |  |  | Total for W'k $\overline{116,995} \frac{2,476,420}{2,330,899} \overline{71,483}-\sqrt{2,265} \overline{283,017}$ same time '80. $118.465 \quad 2,045,778 \quad 2,646,185.150,303$ 80,740 132,294

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at Lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by and rail water, May 28, 1881, was as follows:

|  | Wheat, | Corn, | Oats, | Barley, | Rye, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In store at |  |  |  | bush. | bush. |
| New York.... | 1,402,991 | 527,501 | 486,076 | 31,331 | 3:.344 |
| Do. afloat (est.) | 350,000 | 210,000 | 280,000 | 89,000 | 90.000 |
| Albany..... ...... | 5.000 | 7,000 | 15.000 | 14,000 | 30.500 |
| Buffalo. | 139,225 | 178,817 | 104,402 | 28,707 | 2.458 |
| Chicazo. | 3,648,863 | 2,535,387 | 2,041.541 | 84,507 | 23,460 |
| Milwauke | 1,789,135 | 9,5,549 | 70,883 | 133,006 | 11,173 |
| Duluth. | 1,137,000 | 5,000 |  |  | 1,173 |
| Toledo | 424,164 | 296,309 | 51,012 |  |  |
| Detroit | 201.267 | 16.409 | 7,171 | 865 |  |
| Oswego | 40,000 | 35,000 |  | 48,000 | 30.000 |
| 8 Et Louis | 265.675 | 52E,769 | 7i,353 | $5: 7$ | 2,102 |
| Boston. | 4,859 | 94,875 | 5,008 | 2,806 | 598 |
| Toronto. | 163,766 |  | 9,295 | 25.976 | 300 |
| Montreal | 48,493 | 3,629 | 17,836 |  | 43,4こ1 |
| Philadelphia | 202,353 | 138.639 |  |  |  |
| Peoria .-.... | 30,683 | 156,955 | 213,127 | ....... | 11,0301 |
| Indianapolis | 174.100 | 96.900 | $3 \pm .100$ |  |  |
| Kansas City | 69,919 | +0,912 | 6,904 |  | 859 |
| Baltimore | 697,869 | 151,385 |  |  |  |
| Down Mississippi. | 104,160 | 428.228 |  |  |  |
| On rail. | 1,000,133 | 1,093,819 | 929,753 | 41,017 | 42,511 |
| On lak | 1,747,260 | 2,276,635 | 233,360 |  | 4,oir |
| Canal | 1,265,000 | 991,000 | 12,480 | 9,800 | 6,520 |
| Tot. May 28, '81 | 14.909,92 | 9,822,828 | 4,589,330 | 513,092 | 327,327 |
| May 21, 81 | 16,561,830 | 11,233,009 | 3,721,218 | 737.502 | 267,5:57 |
| May 14, '81. | 16,277,622 | 11,047,188 | 3.154,761 | 856,326 | 222,909 |
| May 7.'31. | 17.656.198 | 11,879, $\mathrm{y}^{61}$ | 3,190,602 | 1,091.775 | 400.353 |
| April 30, '81 | 18.526,123 | 13,034,769 | 3.161.200 | 1,276.178 | 339.587 |
| May 29, 80. | 20,394,104 | 15,784,336 | 2,730,496 | 487,244 | 365,594 |

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Friday, P. M., June 3, 1881.
There was during the past week a continued active demand for the most staple cotton goods by package buyers, and in this connection the volume of business was quite satisfactory, but otherwise the market was comparatively quiet, as is usually the case betwen seasons. There was some inquiry at first hands for hosiery and knit underwear, and a few large sales of these goods were made to Western buyers, who are making shipments by canal. Woolen goods were somewhat quiet as regards new business, but there was a steady movement in heavy cassimeres, worsteds, overcoatings, \&c, in execution of back orders, and some attention was paid to flannels, horse blankets, \&c, by early buyers, who are about making preparations for the fall trade. A fair average distribution of seasonable goods was made (in assorted lots) by jobbers, and a considerable package trade in cotton goods and printed calicoes was done by a few of the larger jobbers, owing to the scarcity of certain descriptions in first hands.
Domestic Cotton Goods.-The exports of cotton goods from this port during the week ending May 31 were 2,794 packages,
including 1,314 to Great Britain, 969 to Madagascar, 96 to British Honduras, 87 to Venezuela, 62 to Hayti, 60 to Mexico, and some minor shipments. There was a good demand at agents hands for nearly all descriptions of brown, bleached and colored cottons, but stocks are so uniformly light that transactions were in a measure restricted to placing orders for goods to arrive from the mills. Prices ruled firm, with an upward tendency, and several prominent makes of brown and colored cottons were advanced about 5 per cent. Atlantic standard sheetings were marked up to $81 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and this advance was followed by other brands. Otis, Warren, Columbian and Haymaker denims, and York ticks, were advanced, as were some makes of rolled jaconets and flat-fold Cambrics. Print cloths were less active, but prices remain firm, on the basis of 4 c . for $64 \times 64 \mathrm{~s}$ and $39 \cdot 16 @ 35 / 8$ c. for $56 \times 60$ s. Prints, printed lawns, piques and cotton dress goods were mostly quiet with agents, but there was a good business in fancy and stapie ginghams.
Domestic Woolen Goods.-There was no material change in the condition of the woolen goods market. There was a moderate demand for heavy fancy cassimeres and suitings, and worsted coatings were in fair request by the clothing trade. There was also a steady movement in heavy cassimeres, worsteds and overcoatings, in execution of orders placed eariier in the season, and the most desirable makes are still under the control of orders, some fabrics being sold to the full extent of the season's production. Cloakings were in irregular démand, but a fair business was done in a few specialties. Prices of clothing woolens are generally steady and unchanged. Low-grade repellents have received more attention from intending buyers, resulting in a fair business; but the demand for Kentucky jeans and satinets failed to realize expectations. Shirting flannels were more sought for, as were horse blankets, and some sales were made to local and Western buyers; but the general demand has not yet set in. Carpets, worsted dress goods and shawls remained quiet, but there was a freer movement in both hosiery and knit underwear.
Foreign Dry Goons were distributed in fair quantities by jobbers, but the demand at first hands was comparatively small, and few important offerings were presented through the medium of the auction rocms. The most staple fabrics are mostly steady in price, and the lessened supply has caused some goods to be held with rather more firmness than of late.

Importations of Dry Goods.
The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending June 2, 1881 and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1880, are as follows:



[^0]:    "The statute of 1853 does not contemplate the formation of a new ing one. No obrovision is made for it. Upon the foreclossist in formpurchaser takes the property to do with it as he chooses, as he might deal wiih lands or chatters, subject only to the rirht given to the stockholders by section 2 of the Act of 1853 to partieipate in the purcuase upon the termy and within the time therein mentioned. That right must be deemed taken aw:iy by the power of disposition conferred unon stockholders of the company an interest in the the property purchased cannot coe exist with the power to convert in the phole for othy purchased and to other persons. Again, the Act of 1874 secures to the stockholders in the old company a right to participate in the benefits of reorganizatlon in one event only-when the title is acquired to the railroad propcrty and franchisos pursuant to some plan or agreement for the and stockhond of the respective interests the oll company. This of mortyage creditors with the right embraced in the second seation of the Act of 1853 . it seems to us that these acts were intended of the Act of 1853 . It

[^1]:    In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports f dry goods for one week later
    The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending May 31, and from January 1 to date:

[^2]:    * These are the prices bid and asked-no sale was made at the Board.

[^3]:    Price nominal；no late transactions．

