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HUNT'S MERCHANTS MAGAZINE. g tuchty grmspaper.
REPRESENTING THE COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES
VOL. 32. NEW YORK, MARCH 19, $1881 . \quad$ NO. 82].

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## Fimancisi.

OFFICE OF TIE DUBCQUE \& SIOUX CITY RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 52 WIllias STREET, NEW YonK, March •0, 1831.-NOTICE.A Dirldend of TWO AND A HALF (216) 1'Ell CENT has tbls day been doclared on the stock of this com pany, payabie on the 15 th day of April next at the offce of Messrs. Jesup, Paton \& Co., No. 52 Willlam Strect, Now York, to stucklio:ders of record of 31 st instant, on which day tho transfer books will bo olosed, and ro-opened on the 10th day of April next
J. B. DUALONT, Treasarcr.

PENESYLVANIA RAILIROAD COMPANY Theasurer's Deparquent,

PHiladet.phia, March 2,1881.
Notice is hereby given to the holders of the PHLLADELPMIA \& EILIE RALLROAD COM PdNY'S F1RS'H MORTGAGE DOLLAR BONDS, maturtng March 81st, 18S1, that tho sald bonds will be paid at the ofmee of thls Compnay on that date after which timo interest on same will ceuse

To avold delay in makling sottlements, holders are requestod to present thelr bonds to tbe underslgned a suffecent time before matnrity for cxamination, for which receipts will bogiven.
Tho Fhilndelphia \& Erio Railroad Company's First Mortãage Stering Bonds and Coupons, will be pald on the 31st inst., at the London Joint Stock Bank, London, Englund.

JOIIN D. TAYHOR,
Treasurer.
METROPOLITAN CLEVATED RAIL،
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(2iser Cent on the capltal stock of this eompany
will be pald on und uiter the lst of April next at the will be pald on und ulter the lst of April next at the Monday, tbe Yorkst inst, at gitoexholders of record ou Tbo transter books wlll be closed on Monday, the 21st of April next.
By order of the Board of Dlrectors.
by orcicr of the Board of Dlrectors. Treasurer.
DENYER \& RIO OFRACE OF TITE
 ApEle CENT has been declard upon the (Myital stockholders of record ut \& P. M. March 28 instant


OFFICE OF CIIICAGO ST. PAUI, MIIN NEAPOLIS \& OMAHA HA1LWAY COMPANY No. 52 Broanway, New Yort, March 10, 1881.-A DIVIDEND of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT (13) has tbls day been declared npon the preferred cap:tal stock of tbls company, payable Aprll 20, 1881, to stockholders of record March 30 instant.

Transfer books close March 30 and re-open April 24, 1881
R. P. FLo ${ }^{2} \mathrm{VER}$, Trensurer.

## WESTEREN UNION TELEGRA COMPANY, New York. March 10, 1881 D1V1DEND No. 55.

The Board of Directors have declared a qnarterly dividend of Ono and Onc-Half Per Cent upon tbe cepital stock of tbls company, from the net rev. enues of the three months ending March 31st Inst payabie at tbe offce of tbe Treasurer, on and after the 15 th day of April next., to sbarebolders of record on tbe 20th of March instant.
At the same tlmo One and One-Halp Per Cent Interest will be pald to the bolders of such Certificates of Indebtedness of this Company as may be outstanding at tbe close of tho transfer books on tbe 2otb of March Instant.
Tbe bransfer books will be closed at three o'clock on the afternoon of tbe 23tb of March lnst., and opened on tbe moralng of tbe 16th of A pril next.
R. H. ROCHESTER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE HOPIESSAKE MiNING COMPANY, No. 13 WAlel St., Ney Yokt, March 12, 1881.

DIV1DEND No. 31
The Regular Montbly Dividend of Thlrty Cents per sbare bas been declared for February, paynble at the office of tbe transfer agents, Welis, Fargo \& Co., No. 65 Broadway, on the $25 t h$ instant

Transfer books close on tbo 10tb Instant
H. B. PARSONS, Assistant Secretary. HENIRY WV. ITARTERE, ATHOKNEY, Canton



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VOL. $32 . \quad$ SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1881. NO 821.

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## The Clxomitle.

The Cominerglal and Flnancial Chronicle is issued every Saturday morning, with the latest neros up to midnight of Friday. [Entered at the Post Oflice at New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.]
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## THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The Wall Street markets have been comparatively quiet this week. No disturbing influence is to be recorded, but a feeling of inecrtitude exists while awaiting developments. This condition is due in part to the fact that the snow embargo in the Northwest has to a considerable extent continued interfering with railroad traffic, and in part also to ignorance with regard to the coursc the Government is to pursue both as to bond purehases and as to calling Congress together.

Considerable disappointment was felt on account of the failure of Secretary Windom to issue any new call for bonds. It was assumed that because Mr. Windom bought $\$ 5,000,00063$ last weck, paying therefor a fair market pricc, he would continue these wcekly purchases, and morcover would confine them to the 6 s of 1881 . It is to be remarkcd, however, that last week's purchase was simply a carrying out of an order issued by Mr. Sherman, and did not thereby commit the present Secretary to any spccial policy. The omission, though, was evidently disappointing to speculators. Money is now comparatively casy, but the fear is that this ease will not continuc unless Trcasury purchases of bonds are resumed, and some degrec of apprchension is fclt lest towards the close of the
month, when the customary drain of money to the interior setsin, it may unfavorably affect the resorves of the banks.

There have been various rumors but no ncw facts regarding the financial policy of the present $\Lambda$ dministration. There was a report carly in the week that pressure had been brought to bear in eertain political quarters to induce the President to call an extra scssicn of Congress, ustensibly for the purposc of securing the passago of a refunding bill. * On Wednesday it was reported that the question of an extra session would be discussed at a Cabinet mceting to be held on Friday, and a few of our bankers went to Washington and had a conference with the President and Secretary Windom, respecting the financial situation. This conference, it was understood, was held for the purposc of giving the President and Cabinent such information as would enable them to decide upon the necessity for an extra scssion. The rcsult was not known at the close of the market to-day, but an announcement of the decision of the Cabinct cannot long be delayed.

The impression has obtained that if it is determined to have no extra session of Congress the Sccrctary of the Trcasury will immcdiately decide what course be will pursue with respect to the unissued bonds autliorized by the Refunding act of 1870. The amount of these bonds was stated in Secretary Sherman's last report at $\$ 104,652$,200 four per cents. In this report Mr. Sherman referred to the "existing law" under which these bonds could be sold for the purpose of obtaining funds with which to partly pay off the redeemable bonds. This "existing law" is the act of January 25, 1879-(See Chroniele, l'ebruary 1, 1879 , page 114)-which when passed was for the purpose of covering only the redeinption of bonds then redeemable, the object of Congress being to provide for the redemption of the 10.40 s and the, loan of 1858 , ancunting to over $\$ 200,000,000$. But it is elaimed now that the expression in that act, making the refunding acts apply "to any "bonds * * which may be redecmable," can be construed as meaning bonds "which may hereafter become redcem"ablc," and, thus interpreted, the provisions of the abovenamed act, are madc to apply to the $5 s$ and 68 which are now redecmable. The amount, $\$ 104,652,200$, claimed by Mr. Sherinan as authorized but unissued, is the difference between the $\$ 1,395,347,800$ of the funded loan issued and the $\$ 1,500,000,000$ authorized, and if the sale is dctermincd upon it may be regarded as a wiser policy to sell this amount of $4 \frac{1}{2} 5$, which are redeemable in 1891, rather than 4 s , which are due in 1907. This question of authority is, howcver, of importance, not only to the Government but to holders of and dealers in bonds; and, while a prompt decision is desirable, the claim made by Mr. Sherman should be thoroughly examined before concurred in, for
certainly it is not in accordance with tho intent of the legislators, and apparently not in accordancc with the letter of the law.

Thero has been a good supply of moncy on the Stock Exchango. While the banks have not been very liberal, private capitalists have loaned frcely. The demand from the interior for currency has been a little more urgent this weck, but tho shipments are still moderate, as may be seen from our statcment below. The short interest in the stock market lessens the demand for call loans, and there appears to be a steady supply from brokers who, a month or more ago, borrowed money on time for the pur. pose of tiding over the usual period of stringency in the spring, and are now loaning it out in the market.
Another source of relief to the money market has been the movement of gold from Europe, although the arrivals have not been large. The cable reports withdrawals from the Bank of England, for shipment hither, of $£ 274,000$ on Monday, $£ 75,000$ on Wednesday, and $£ 249$,000 yesterday. This makes, with other shipments still afloat, about $\$ 4,000,000$ now in transit. On Wednesday $\$ 590,000$ arrived, which, with the arrivals of last week, makes about $\$ 2,100,000$ since the late stringency in our money market began. The Bank of England lost $£ 220,000$. bullion this week, while the Bank of France gained $20,375,000$ francs gold, and $12,500,000$ francs silver. These late accumulations of gold and silver by the Bank of France are at the branches, Paris losing all the time by export to Great Britain, \&c. These accumulations at the branches are explained as payments by the receivers.general of taxes. The following shows the amount of bullion in each of the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

|  | Bank of England Bank of France.. Bank of Germany |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Total this week. |

Total previous week..... $59,819,233|68,55,462| 70,892,413 \mid 70,232,570$ [T The above gold and silver division of the stock of coin of the Bank of Germany is merely popular estimatc, as the Bank itself gives no information on that point.
In foreign exchange the market was activo early in the week, and the rates were advanced on Monday and Tues. day ; but when the demand developed a supply of bills the inqniry ceased, and the rates fell off and the market became dull. It is claimed that the foreign markets are now pretty well supplied with our securities, and that there is very little outward movement. And yet therc is still a margin for profit in cable transactions, as will be seen by the following table, showing relative prices in London and New York at the opening each day.

|  | Mar. | 14. | $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ ar. | 15. | Mar. | 16. | Mar. | 17. | Mar. | 18. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Lond' } n \\ \text { prices. } \end{array}$ | N.Y. <br> prices. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Lond'n } \\ \text { prices.* } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | N.Y. <br> prices. | Lond'n prices. | N.Y. <br> prices. | Lond'n prices. | N.Y. <br> prices. | Lond'n prices. | N.Y. <br> prices. |
| U.S.4s, | 112.77 | 113/4 | 113:25 | 11376 | 112.17 | 113X | 112:2y | 1133/6 | 112.29 | 113\% ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ |
| U.S.5s, | 100:40 | 1011/8 | 100.67 | 1013/8 | $100 \cdot 58$ | 101] ${ }^{1}$ | 10088 | 1014 | 100-92 | 1n136 |
| Erie. | $48 \cdot 17$ | 48 | $48 \cdot 40$ | 48\% | 48.10 | 48 | 47.71 | 4736 | 4788 | 473 |
| 2d con. | :00:46 | ${ }^{993}$ | 100.67 | 99\% | 100'20 | 98\% | 100.08 | 99\%\% | 10û08 | 991/6 |
| III.Cent. | 133'54 | 133 | 135\%\% | 1361/6 | 134.77 | 13436 | 13+41 | 1349 | 186-58 | 1364 |
| N. Y. C.. | $140 \cdot 83$ | 1487/6 | 147:88 | 14736 | 145•58 | 145 | 144:80 | 144 | 145.53 | 145 |
| Readting | 32:844 | 653/8 | 32.79+ | 87 | 32:51+ | 653/6 | 32.15+ | 65 | 34.08+ | - |
| Exch'ge, cables. | 4.83 |  | 4.84 |  | 1839/3 |  | 4.831/6 |  | 4.831/E |  |

* Kepressed in thetr Nem Yoric equivaient.
- Reading on basis of 850 , par value.
+ Reading on basis of 850 par value. is bised upon the highest rate for
NoTE. The New York equivalent is oable transfers, which ordinarily covers nearly all charges, such as rest,
Tho Trcasury operations this week show a loss, which is a gain to the banks, of $\$ 480,119$. Adding this amount to the $\$ 2,811,469$ lost by the Treasury last Friday, leaves as the net gain to the banks $\$ 3,291,588$. The net loss by the Treasury yestcrday; was $\$ \$ 1,070,169$. Last weok's
bank statement was doubtless madc up on rising aver. ages, and the return to-morrow should be a little moro favorable. The $\$ 600,000$ foreign gold received by tho Assay Office on Monday was settled for on Thursday.

The following shows the gold and currency movement by tho leading banks during the week.

|  | Received. | Shipped. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currency. | \$313,000 | \$702,000 |
| Gold | 15,000 | 915,000 |
| Total . .............................. | \$328,000 | \$1,617.000 |

The Bank of America reccived $\$ 100,000$ gold during the week for deposit in the vault.

## THE UNITED STATES AND THE SILVER CONFERENCE.

The latest developments with regard to the Silver Con. ference to be held at Paris on the 19th of April, are by no means so encouraging as thc earlier announcements. First reports made it a European proposition wholly, with France the mover, Germany heartily in accord, and Great Britain encouraging. Now it appcars that France did take the initiative, but America quickly and eagerly became associated with her, and the invitation is going out to European Courts from these two Powcrs, while England and Germany are not even willing to receive it unless modified so as to mean nothing.

Is not this, under existing circumstances, an aggravating if not a humiliating position for the Unitcd States to accept? What special interest have we anyway in this silver question? Our merchandise exports are running now nearly, if not quite, nine hundred million dollars a year, and two hundred and fifty million dollars more than our imports. For all these productions the world must give us gold or its equivalent. As a consequence, we are drawing down the gold reserves of Europe with alarming rapidity, and they are replenishing them if at all only from their active currency. The French Government, for instance, is now putting into the Bank of France the gold received for taxes, and will probably pay out silver while that country is exporting gold largely to Great Britain and Spain. Germany is only nominally on a gold basis, being on the verge of suspension a few months since, and needs at least 100 million dollars more of gold to make her position safe. England really holds the only available gold reserve outside of the United States, and her entire commerce is paralyzed by this fear of losing it.

Under such conditions as these, and aftcr two repulses, the United States joins in a third invitation to Europe, virtually saying come now, graciously encourage us a little, and we will so throw ourselves into the breach as to enable you hereafter to pay us for our exports silver instead of gold, and thus relieve the strain on your gold reserves. Surely this gives evidence of great benevolence on our part-a turning of the left chook after the right had been smitten. But superfluous amiability is never appreciated. In reply, Germany, instead of heartily accepting, first pouts a little, then sounds England, and finally. announces that "Prince Bismarck is emphatically in favor "of the maintenance of the status quo;" and England points over her gray locks at her traditional policy and says we will come, but you must tako our acceptance as ineaning nothing.

So the United States, the only commercial nation in the world that can profit, and that most decidedly, by sitting still and letting natural laws work out the cure they are so rapidly effecting, puts itself in the attitude of a suppliant already twice repulsed, asking for a favor where it is really granting one. And all for what? Beeause
a cortain number of our people-and apparently among them our ex-Secretary of Stato, judging from his instructions to the first commission and his action now-think it of great importanco that silver being a production of the country, should be raiscd to its old price. How absurdly trivial such reasoning appears when we remember that the whole difference in the value of a ycar's yield of our silver mincs betwcen 52d. the prescnt price, and 60 d . the old price, is only about 6 millions of dollars-a little less than two days' merchandise oxports of the country!

But as the Conference is called, and will, we suppose, meet, these strictures have no special value except as they suggest the real position the United States holds on this qucstion and the only policy our commissioners will find it wise to adopt. It is to be regretted that we have not among our representatives a practical, shrewd, well-in. formed merchant, one familiar with commerce and its workings, like Daniel Webster's representative, Abbot Lawrence, who could add exporience to learning and dip-lomacy-for this is peeuliarly a commercial question. Yot if we must in these days be confined in our selection for this and similar missions to lawyers, it is matter for congratulation that men of such prominence in the profession, and so well and widely known, have been selected. We only wish that they would all of them in the start be fully persuaded that the United States is less interested than any nation in the world in a speedy settlement of this question. An undoubting consciousness of this fact will give them a certain indifference to results which is necessary for greatest influenco. Of course our people are interested in the re-instatement of silver. We know that the commerce of the world needs the two metals for its use, and can never be free to expand so long as it is under the thralldom of this foar of losing gold. But as other nations need that far more than we, do not let us try to help them out of their difficulty until they are ready to help themselves.

And this brings us to the important point in this discus. sion. We find it clearly stated by a recent correspondent of the Boston Advertiser. He says: "It is one thing to "hold the old relation (of silver to gold, $15 \frac{1}{2}$ to 1 ) while it "was unquestioned in all practical affairs, and quite a dif. "ferent thing to restore that relation after it has been broken "under all the distrust that was bred of that catastrophe." This in substance may be interpreted as meaning that although France and the United States, with other minor countries, might have preventer what has happened, it will require the co-operation of England and Germany to fully efface the distrust which long disuse and consequent depreciation has bred. The slightest discredit to silver will lead to a premium on, and eonsequently a discrimina. tion in favor of, gold. England and Germany-especially the former, as having the largest interest of any nation in the question-by throwing out silver, would inevitably impart that discredit. This could only lead to evcry one's gathering the cheaper metal to pay its debts with to the bi-metallic nations. We, as one of them, would receive silver for any balances due us. On the other hand, England and Germany being on a gold basis, would only accept gold or its equivalent from us in payment of what we bought of them.

Bo assured the United States will never put itself into any such position as that. If the commercial nations of Europe want bi-metallism enough to adopt it now, they ean have the hclp of this country's concurrence in attaining it. Othcrwise our pcople feol perfectly centented to lct the "status quo be maintained." We do not see anything very embarrassing to us or to our finances in receiving 70 mil . lions of gold a year from Europe.

MR. GOULD AND THE BALTIMORE \& OHIO. The failurc of the syndicate, of which without doubt Mr. Gould was the moving spirit, to get possession of the Philadclplia Wilnıington \& Baltimore, calls attention anow to the various schemes which that gentleman has afoot or in preparation. That he is cndcavoring to obtain control of the entire trade of the West and Southwest, by buying up the lcading lincs in those scctions, is by this time too patent to need any demonstration. His suecess. is also sufficiently clear, for west of St. Louis and Kansas. City his combination of roads has now virtually no com. petitor worthy to be called such except tho Atchison Topoka \& Santa Fe.

But it is obvious that Mr. Gould seeks to have under his own management eastcrn outlets to tho sea for the large traffic these Wcstern and Southwestern roads command. The Southwestcrn lincs terminate at St. Louis. The Western lines-Union Pacific, Kansas Pacific, \&e., we mean-have thcir termini at points on the Missouri River, from Kansas City to Omaha. The Wabash extends these systems to Chicago, Toledo and Detroit. For points further east, the lincs of other companies have hithcrto been used. To avoid this in future, efforts have of late been, and are now being made, to secure an Eastern system.

The move last August in the formation of the New York Lackawanna \& Western, to build a line from Binghamton to Buffalo, to be used in connection with the Delaware Lackawanna \& Western, was apparently a first step in that direction. At Buffalo connection was to be made with the Great Western of Canada, which, extend. ing to Detroit, would unite the new line with the Wabash and the other Gould roads. Little has since been heard about the affair, although it is claimed that work is being prosecuted on the line, and the admission of Mr. Gould and his friends into the directory of the Delaware Lackawanna \& Western, would appear to give point to the claim. If the line be built, of course he will be independent of all other lines, except the Great Western, in carrying his goods to New York. But, whether it is to be built or not, his ambition does not seem to be satisfied, if our interpretation of recent purchases be correct.

As is well known, Mr. Gould has recently bought the Central of New Jersey. What was his object in doing this? The formation of a new through line, we are told. In what way? Why, by mèans of the Catawissa, the Philadelphia \& Erie, the Allegheny Valley, and the construction of 70 miles of ncw road to connect the latter with the Atlantic \& Grcat Western, is the ready response. Now to the unsophisticated in railroad affairs this may seem a very plausible explanation, but anybody that protends to any knowledge at all about railroads knows that the Philadelphia \& Erie and the Allegheny Valley are controlled by the Pennsylvania, and that that company is not likely to turn them over to another company whose avowed purpose it is to start an opposition line. If the intention was to throw the public off the track, would it not have been much better to have said that when the new Lackawanna route to Buffalo is completed, the pressure of traffic on the lower part of the Delaware Lackawanna \& Western will become so severe that the Central of. New. Jersey would have to take a part of that road's coal business to relieve it of its excessive burden?
Then, what is the reason for Mr. Gould's anxicty to get a foothold in the Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore? It is known that the Baltimore \& Ohio desired a line of its own to New York, but what was that to Mr. Gould? How will we aecount for the interest taken by him in the matter? How would the control of the Philadelphia Wil.
mington \& Baltimore benefit him? What purpose was the road to serve in the hands of the Baltimore \& Ohio which was not served with the road in the old hands? The Wilmington \& Baltimore took no sides, we believe, in the controversy between the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore \& Ohio, the road being open to both parties. The difficulty met with by the latter was on account of the Junction Road, a small road runining through Philadelphia, which, notwithstanding the intervention of the courts, the Pennsylvania people were able to operate in a way that worked to the disadvantage of the Baltimore \& Ohio. To be sure, there was a possibility that the Wilmington \& Balcimore might pass into the hands of the Pennsylvania, and the Baltimore \& Ohio be shut out from Philadelphia as well as New York, but this was really of no moment whatever to Mr. Gould, who had apparently nothing at stake. Of course, after having obtained possession of the Central of New Jersey, Mr. Gould, by reason of the connection of the latter with the Bound Brook route to Philadelphia, might feel concerned in keeping the Wilmington \& Baltimore out of the hands of the Pennsylvania, but his solieitude on this seore would hardly be sufficient in itself to justify him in seeking control of that road, nor would it account for the purchase of the Central of New Jersey in the first instanee.

Why, too, did the Gould party seek possession of the Atlantie Mississippi \& Ohio? The efforts made to redeem the road, before the foreelosure sale, are believed to have been made on behalf of Gould, who, it is supposed, had an understanding or was working in eonjunction with the East Tennessce Virginia \& Georgia people. Is it likely that he would want a piece of road like this, entirely diseonnected from his other roads, unless he had some ulterior purpose in view?

But can we not in some way unravel the mystery? Is there not missing a part which ean be supplied and into which all the other parts will fit with perfect exactness and nieety? Does not the Baltimore \& Ohio itself furnish the solution? Mr. Gould wants outlets to the sea. The Baltimore \& Ohio runs to Baltimore, and in conncetion with the Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore and the Central of New Jersey would also have given outlets to Philadelphia and New York. What other trunk line is there whieh would at the same time reach the threc great eities on the Atlantic eoast? The Baltimore \& Ohio controls the Marietta \& Cincinnati, which extends its line to Cincinnati, and also controls the Ohio \& Mississippi, which further extends the line to St. Louis, giving, indced, almost an air line to the latter eity. Since Mr. Gould's Southwestern lines all terminate at St . Louis, what better route to the sea could he wish for than that furnished by the Baltimore \& Ohio? Besides reaching St. Louis, that road also has a line to Chicago. Were he to acquire the Baltimore \& Ohio he would have, without constructing a single additional mile of road, a route from ocean to ocean. The Union. Pacific. would carry him as far as Omaha, the Wabash to St. Louis, and the Baltimore \& Ohio to Baltimore. If for the Western business this route were too far south, then the Lackawanna route might answer, or perhaps by the purehase of the necessary links another through route might be formed intermediate between the two.
In eonnection with the Baltimore \& Ohio, therefore, the Central of New Jersey and the Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore would be very valuable acquisitions. And in connection with the same road the Atlantie Mississippi \& Ohio would be second only in importance to the other acquisitions. The entire value of that line does not by any means lie in its furnishing an outlet to Norfolk. It connects at Lynchbur ${ }_{5}$, Va., with the Washington City Vir.
ginia Midland \& Great Southern, in which the Baltimore \& Ohio is largely intcrested, and with these two roads forms a very direct route to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, from points in the South. At its southern extremity, Bristol, it connects with the East Tennessce Virginia \& Georgia, the managers of which, as already remarked, are supposed to be not inimical to the Gould interest. Nevertheless, should any difficulty be experienced in this quarter, it eould be removed by buying the road outright, which would not be a very costly undertaking, as the stock amounts to only $\$ 5,000,000$ altogether, and sells below par. Whilc the present owners might feel indisposed to sell under ordinary circumstances, yet if a tempting offer were made they might, perhaps, be induced to part with their interest in the enterprise. From Bristol the East Tennessee line practically extonds to Memphis, as the Memphis \& Charleston is operated in the same interest, being leased to tho East Tennessee. At Memphis connection eould be made with the Memphis \& Little Rock, owned by Iron Mountain people, and the Iron Mountain would carry the line into Texas, thus forming another through route between the Southwest and the occan. The East Tennessee also owns the Selma Rome \& Dalton, which extends its system to Selma. From Selma the Alabama Central, the Vieksburg \& Meridian, and the Vieksburg Shreveport \& Texas, form a line to Monroe, La. These latter roads could probably be had for the asking, or at any rate very cheaply. From Monroe there is a gap to Shreveport not yet supplied with a railroad, but this piece will have to be built sooner or later, and then there would be still another Southorn through line to Texas. All this is on the supposition that Mr. Gould would get the Baltimore \& Ohio.

We have thus far confined ourselves to the advantages that would present themselves to the mind of one desiring to form a comprehensive system of roads. There is another aspect which would make upon Mr. Gould no doubt an even more striking impression-we refer to the financial aspeet. As he wants an Eastern trunk line, he might open negotiations with any of the oxisting lines. New . York Central would bo very desirable, but with stock amounting to $\$ 90,000,000$, and the market price near 150 , a majority interest would cost a snug little sum. Pennsylvania, if it eould be had, would be scareely less costly. Erie, with 77 millions of stock, selling at a little less than 50 , eould be got cheaper, but would hardly be the thing, as by the terms of the scheme under which the road was reorganized the Trustees in London retain the power to vote on one half the stock (common and preferred) until dividends on the preferred have been paid for three consecutive years; and, further, Erie could not stand additional capitalization, which is Mr. Gould's usual method of signalizing his advent into an undertaking. Mr. Gould overdid the matter when he was in the concern before. All these lines, then, are unavailable. Of course, we have not lost sight of the proposed Lackawanna line. But to build a new line is tedious work; it takes time; returns are slow. Besides, the route is a trifle too far north, we think, for the Southwestern business.
Mr. Gould, no doubt, weighed all these eonsiderations and, as a last resort, fell back on the Baltimore \& Ohio. The capital stock of that road is only about $\$ 15,000,000$, and as the price is but little above 200,16 million dollars, even at present rates, would suffice to obtain control. This the Gould party could easily raise, and this, it will also be admitted, would be a very small sum to pay for 2,800 miles of road-1,494 miles owned directly and 1,300 miles more (embracing the Marictta \& Cincinnati, Ohio \& Nississippi, and $W_{\rho s l i n g t o n ~ C i t y ~ V i r g i n i a ~ M i d l a n d . ~}^{\text {s. }}$
\& Great Southern) controlled. We do not, of course, mean to say that we have any evidence that tho Garretts are willing to sell out. Probably they would be the first to disclaim any such intention. But, certainly, appearances indicate that Gould has his eye on the property, and though the present owners may protest that they are unwilling to dispose of their interest, there is no denying that Mr. Gould's persuasive powers have been remarkable in the past, and the prevalent belief is that these are not yct on the wane.
Aside from the cheapness of tho property, what a splen. did field tho Baltimore \& Ohio company would offer for stock watering on a large scale. Generally the difficulty is to find some prctext for increasing stock. The plan which finds most favor is to consolidate with half a dozen branches, about three or four miles each in length, and'on the strength of this to double or quadruple the original stock. If this can be combined with some other plan, so much the better. And right here and in this connection the Baltimoro \& Ohio would appear in its most favorable light. According to its last annual report it had on September 30,1880 , a surplus fund of $\$ 40,561,642$, representing "invested capital derived from net earnings." Forty millions undivided surplus I Not much need here for any prctext to increase capital. Issue 40 millions additional stock at once, to represent the surplus, and prepare say 20 millions more "to be reserved for new cxtensions, \&c." Having 75 millions of stock, the Baltimore \& Ohio could stand proudly erect alongside of the New York Central, the Pennsylvania, and the Erie, and claim that in one respect at least it was as big as they; and the additional stock-a portion of which could ccrtainly be disposed of without endangering the control-would allow Mr. Gould to widen the field of his operations and repeat the same process elsewhere.

But we have not space to pursue the subject further. Enough has been said to show that the scheme is entirely feasible. If the Gould party have not already made overtures to the Baltimore \& Ohio people, we ask nothing for the suggestion. Becausc Gould has been baffled in the case of the Philadelphia Wilmington \& Baltimore, and apparently also in the case of the Atlantic Mississippi \& Ohio, it mnst not be supposed that the whole scheme falls to the ground. On the contrary, the Baltimore \& Ohio is an object in itself. It would take some time to duplicate the Wilmington \& Baltimore, but it could be done eventually; through the purchase of the Delaware Western by the Baltimore \& Ohio, announced Thursday, the latter will certainly have the power to do it. Or perhaps some other way of reaching New York can be devised. It is exceedingly improbable that Mr. Gould's ingenuity will not be equal to the occasion. As regards the Atlantic Mississippi \& Ohio, if the Baltimore \& Ohio and the East Tennessee Virginia \& Georgia were controlled by the same interest, that road could no doubt be brought to terms, if, indeed, it evinced any disposition at all to map out an independent course for itself. But whether Mr. Gould secures onc or all of theso roads, it is certain that his plans and projects are very comprehensive; and time alone will reveal their full import.

## THE ASSASSINATION OF THE CZAR, AND ITS EFFECT UPON FREER GOVERNMENT.

The death of the Czar of Russia has cast a shadow of gloom over the entire civilized world. The feelings of sorrow and regret, mingled with indignation, are hardly more strongly pronounced in the great monarchial ecntres of Europe than in republican America. While the prompt action of Secretary Blaine is to be commended,
he was but doing his duty and giving expression to the almost undivided sentiment of the Amcrican people, who, little as they love autocracy, scorn all other than logitimate means of reform. The action of Gambetta in the premiscs is both gratifying and encouraging, as it gives reason to hope that his guidance will prove sonsible and conservative.
The murdered Emporor may have had his faults. Thero may, as Mr. Gladstone put it, have been much in the condition of the country over which he ruled calling for "criticism and censure;" but he was a man who possessed many excellencies of character, who had dono much to ameliorate the condition of his subjects, and who might have been tempted to take even greater strides in the direction of reform, but for the not unnatural dread that ho would thus be creating evils which he would bo unable afterwards to repress. It is never to be forgotton that, by tho act of his own individual will, he emancipated over twenty millions of serfs, and thus peacefully accomplished one of the greatost reforms of which history has proserved any record. He had also established free local government and trial by jury. And if the condition of tho empire was still unsatisfactory-if there wero injustices which.called loudly for removal, wrongs which were claimant for redress, and if the Emperor movod more slowly than his discontented and murmuring people could have wished-it is to be remembered that the ovils complained of were an inheritance, and not of his own creation, and that gratitude shown for past favors, as well as the temper of his peoplo gencrally, gave him but imperfect encouragement to proceed in the pathway of reform. It was his misfortune to be at the head of an autocratic government-a government in which the peoplo have no voice, and in which the will of the monarch is qualified only by the will of the nobles, and the nobles are held in check only by the authority of the sovereign. Such a government is not easily moved, and cannot bo rapidly modified. Even the Emperor is not free to act in the direction contrary to that which is supposed to bo in harmony with the interests of the ruling class. It is not at all improbable that if we knew all, we should find that the unfortunate Emperor was not only surrounded by evils which he did not create, but which he scarcely had the power at once to remove.

Yet, whatever be the view we take of the character or responsibility of the late Emperor, this much is certainthe situation is not improved by the cruel manner of his death. Assassination has never had anything to recommend it, even in the most extre circumstances. In very few, if any, instances has it stood the test of time and critical investigation; and rarely, indeed, has it benefited the cause it was intended to serve. There is but one instance in modern times, regarding which public sentiment remains unchanged. The act of Charlotte Corday, when she rid the world of a Murat, has stood the test of time and of criticism; but it may well bo questioned whether, after all, the unfortunate heroine would not have done better if she had left the monster to his fate-a fate which could not much longer have been deferred. "With that single exception, every such act in modern times has revolted public sentiment. And then, if we take a wider range, and sweep the entire field of history, we seek in vain to find that the violent and lawless taking away of the lives of prominent public characters has had any other result than the opposite of that intended. Cæsar was murdered because he seemed to threaten, for his own aggrandizement, the liberties of the Romans. But the death of Cæsar did not hinder-it rather determined-the success of Augustus, the establishment of the empire, and
many centuries of imperial rule. The dagger of Gerard, although it hurried out of existence one of the noblest of patriots, and one of the best of men, William the Taciturn, did not check the rising power of the United Netherlands, or restore, in that region and among that people, the power of the Church of Rome. But examples are too numerous even to cite. They all teach the same lesson that violence of that description always reacts and hurts the cause it pretends to serve. So in this case the result will be unfavorable to freer government. The feelings of the better classes of the Russian people are outraged; and the spirit of revenge will, for a time, stifle all thoughts of reform on the part of the governing class. In place of advancing the cause of reform, the assassination of the Emperor will thus, by alienating the sympathies of the better and more conservative classes of Russian society from the Nihilists and their schemes, put back indefinitely the cause which the so-called reformers have at heart. The young Czar and his advisers will hardly be blamed, if they say that the restoration of law and order must precede the granting of reform.
Furthermore, while the effect of the event will be most immediately felt in Russia, it will not be without its influence in every part of the civilized world. Its tendency will be to encourage the conservative classes and to beget generally a spirit of reaction. The sympathy which the so-called Communists and Internationals are revealing towards the Nihilists, and their openly expressed approval of the assassination, set these reformers forth in their true light; and society will not be to blame, oither hore or in Europe, if it regards them as its enemies. Mr. Gladstone will now find it more easy to restore order in Ireland; and reform movements in Italy, in Spain, and in Germany will be temporarily abandoned. And so not only in Russia, but all over the world, wherever the shock has been felt, the cause of genuine reform will be injured.

And still there are aspocts of the subject which have thus been forced upon our consideration well deserving of the study of those who are in the high places of responsibility and power. It is possible that even judicious reforms granted in time would not have averted this catastrophe. And yet rulers, if they would be wise, will seek to remove just cause for complaint. If the Czar, after the late wara war waged for the liberation of the Bulgarians, Servians and Montenegrins, and in which the blood of his own people was freely shed-had signalized his return to St. Petersburg by the proclamation of a constitutional form of government, it would have been in keeping with his previous life, would have removed a just cause for complaint, and would have given to his subjects what they had fought and bled and made costly sacrifices for in the interest of others.

## mr. OSBORN RETIRES from the ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

An event the past week of pecnliar interest has been the retirement of Mr. W. H. Osborn from the direction of the Illinois Central Railroad. For twenty-seven years he has participated in the management of that road, and during a large part of that time has, under a resolution of the board, been entrusted with snpreme control. In fact, the incidents of his business life make up the history of the road.
Mr. Osborn has long been eudeavoring to relieve himself from the cares of his responsible position. Hitherto he has been indnced to continue in it, as there always seemed to be some good reason why he should delay his resignation. He has, however, taken a very suitable opportunity of retiring, for he leares the company at a time when its resources are ample, its debt light, the road in admirable order, and when the substantial value of its New Orleans line, which for a time was a source of ansiety, has been demonstrated.

This great corporatiou, as our readers know, has had its trials. At one time it held a monopoly of the business of the rich section it passes throngh. Then one after another the sources of greatest profit to it were tapped by other roads, until now, we think, 49 roads cross it. During these changes, and before its new connections were made, it had very dark days; bnt under Mr. Osborn's management, ably assisted by Mr. J. C. Clarke, the General Mauager, aud Judge Feutress, the General Solicitor, the property has recovered its old position with a goud expectation of continued snccess. We once heard a very interesting fact with regard to Mr. Osborn's mauagement; how far the policy it indicates contribnted to the prosperity of the road we leave the reader to judge. The fact we refer to is that althongh the Board entrusted him with the absolute power of removal and appointment of officers, he never appointed a relation. One cannot be snrprised after knowing this, that the directors shonld have said at their meeting on the 16th inst. that "the power conferred npon Mr. "Osborn was withont an exception exercised to the entire satis"faction of the company."

## Zanutaxyedommucxial English Tews

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

| EXOHANGE AT LONDON-Mch. 5. |  |  | EXOHANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \mathrm{On}-$ | Time. | Rate. | Latest Date. | Time. | Rate. |
|  |  | $12 \cdot 2^{1} 1_{2} 212 \cdot 31_{2}$ | Mar. 5 | Short. | $12 \cdot 12$ |
| Amsterdam. | 3 mos. | $\begin{array}{ll}12.5 & 212.512 \\ .95 .60 & 25.65\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Antwerp.... | " | $\begin{array}{ll}25.60 & 225.65 \\ 20.62 & 20.63\end{array}$ | Mar. 5 | Short. | $25 \cdot 39$ $20 \cdot 50$ |
| Hamburg | " | 20.63 a20.67 | Mar. 5 | " | 20.50 |
| Frankfort... | * | 20.63 20.67 | Mar. 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 20.50 |
| Copenhagen. | " | 18.40 18.45 | Mar. 5 | Short. | $20 \cdot 50$ |
| St.Peters'bg. | 8hort | 2458 |  |  |  |
| Paris ......... | 8 hert. 3 mos. | $25 \cdot 321_{2} 25.422_{2}$ 25.55 25.621 | Mar. 5 | Short. | $25 \cdot 35$ |
| Vienna........ | 3 mos | $11.871_{2}$ क $11.921_{2}$ | Mar. 5 | Short. | 117\% |
| Madrid....... | \% | $47^{2} 4047^{18}$ |  |  |  |
| Cadiz....... | " | - $47{ }^{1} 204714$ |  |  |  |
| Genoa..... | "6 | 25.8712 $225.971{ }^{2}$ | Mar. 5 | 3 mos . | $25 \cdot 3.5$ |
| Naples ...... | " 6 | $25.871_{2}$ 2 $25 \cdot 971_{2}$ $521_{8} 6521_{4}$ | Mar. 5 |  | $25 \cdot 35$ |
| Alexandria.. |  |  | Mar. 2 | 3 mos . | $971{ }_{8}$ |
| New York... |  |  | Mar. 5 | Short. | 480 |
| Bombay | 60 days | 1s. $71518 \mathrm{d}$. | Mar. 5 | 4 nıos. | $1 \mathrm{s} .8{ }^{1} 4 \mathrm{~d}$. |
| Calcutta ...- |  | $1 \mathrm{s}. 7^{15}{ }_{10 \mathrm{~d}}$. | Mar. 5 | " | 18. $8^{3}{ }_{10} d$. |
| Hong Kong. 8 . | ..... |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Mar. } & 5 \\ \text { Mar. } & 5 \end{array}$ | " | $\text { 3s. } 91_{4} \text {. }$ $55.21_{2} \mathrm{~d} .$ |

|From our own correspondent. 1
Londow, Satnrday, March 5, 1881.
The money market has again assnmed an easy appearance This has been prominently the case since the announcement was made that the late President of the United States had vetoed the Funding Bill, one result of which was that the demand for gold for exportation to America immediately ceased. There has not, however, been any material change in the rates of discount, but there has been more demand for bills, and the rate for three months' paper is $21 / 2$ to $25 / 8$ per cent. As there seems to be but little probability of the export inquiry for gold reviving, there is reason to believe that the money market will relapse into a condition of considerable inzetivity, and there is already an opinion gaining gronnd that the directors of the Bank of England will be compelled before loug to reduce their rates of discount. The prominent reasons for this are the absence of specnlation on any large seale on the Stock Exchange and the dnll reports which have of late been received from the leading centres of indnstry. Trade is not jnst now in a very flourishing condition, and mercantile failures are becoming more numerous. The iron trade is prominently dnll, and this week the snspension has been announced of the Darlington Ironworks Company, limited, which, though never a very prosperons concern, has been compelled to close its works, as the shareholders refused to subscribe additional capital to carry them on. The trade for crnde iron has for some time past been in a depressed condition, and there are apprehensions that fnrther failures will take place. As reviving business nsually manifests itself most distinctly in the first instance in the iron trade, in a similar manner depression in that department of our commerce leads to the belief that the improved condition of mercantile affairs, which has been apparent since October, 1879, has quickly deserted us-a result which may largely be ascribed to the injndicious speculation which has pervaded nearly every department of business. It is well known that the price of money was forced np to $3 \not / 2$ per cent early in the year entirely by the activity of speculation on the Stock Exchange. As soon as specnlators noticed that their position had become nntenable and dangerous, heary realiza-
tions of stocks were effected, and the actnal conditiou of the money market was at once perceived. It was clear that the trade demand for money had not increased, and that money had risen in price from causes which, aś specnlation had not assumed dangerons proportions, conld be speedily rectified. By the aid of the telegraph, this has been quickly accomplished, and onr money market is now in a condition of great inactivity. Similar observations may be applied to mercantile business. In consequence of speculation, the prices of commodities had risen to a point fraught with danger to legitimato traders. There has, in consequence, been very little disposition to operate, and the absence of a consumptive and snbstantial demand has compelled speculators to realize, with the resnlt that those who were amongst the latest in the movement are serions losers. Now that we are nearly in the spring, while, at the same time, there are no indications of trade reviving, bnt on the contrary declining, easy rates of disconnt are expected until the autumn. The time is close at hand when our imports begin to dccline, and when, as a natnral resnlt, onr indebtedness to foreign conntries diminishes. The prospect of money advancing to a point indicative of healthy trade has certainly disappeared, and at the present time it almost seems that 1881 will prove to be another year of disappointment.

The money market was rather firm in the early part of the week, owing to a moderate inqniry for gold for exportation to the United States; bnt since that demand has snbsided, the inarket has become easy, and the rates of discount are as follows:


The rates of interest allowed by the joint-stock banks and disconnt honses for deposits are snbjoined :
Joint-stock banks.
Per cent.
Discount houses at eill
do
7 or 14 days notico.
: $\quad 2_{2}^{2}$
Annered is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of disconnt, the price of consols, the average qnotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mnle twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers Clearing House return, compared with the three previons years.

| Circulation, exeluding | $1881 .$ | $1880 .$ | $1879 .$ | $1878 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bank post blils...... | 25,751,290 | 26,954,665 | 29,333,943 | 26,910,120 |
| Public deposits. | 10,522,076 | 9,926,362 | 8,898,980 | 10,140,493 |
| Other deposit | 25,750,568 | 25,971,140 | 29,355,754 | 21,412,480 |
| Governm't seeurities. | 14,031,808 | 16,532,024 | 14,963,606 | 15,575,688 |
| Other securities | 23,049,294 | 21,344,230 | 23,719,030 | 22,074,533 |
| Res' ve of notes \& coin. | 16,830,266 | 16,561,320 | 18,280,613 | 12,476,637 |
| Coln and bullion in both departments. | 27,581,556 | 28,515,935 | 32,614,558 | 24,386,777 |
| Proportion of assets to liabilities | $46 \cdot 16$ |  |  | 39.17 |
| Bank rato | $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. | 3 p .0. | 3 p .6 |  |
| Consols | 994 | ${ }^{97}{ }^{7}$ | $96{ }_{2}$ | $951_{2} \mathrm{~d}$. |
| Eng. Wheat, av.prico. | 40s.9d. | 43s. Od. | 383. 0 d. | 50s. 10 d. |
| Mid, Upiand cotton. | 63891. | ${ }^{75} 180$. | ${ }^{3}{ }^{16} 16$ d. | $6{ }^{4} 8 \mathrm{c}$. |
| No. 40 Mule twist. | $10^{1} 2 \mathrm{~d}$. | 1s. $\mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~d}$. | 84 d. | 10d. |
| Clear'h-house retura | 859,000 | 886.000 | 3,000 | 1,000 |

Clear' $\kappa$-house return. 161,859,000 156,886.000 125,043,000 133,921,000
The following are the current rates of disconnt at the principal foreign centres :


According to Messrs. Pixley \& Abell's circnlar, the American demand for gold has not only absorbed all the bar gold and foreign gold coin imported during the week, which amonnted to $£ 118,065$, but a $s n m$ of $£ 401,000$ in bars was withdrawn from the Bank of England for the same pnrpose, making a total of £519,065. Silver has been as high as $527 / 8 \mathrm{~d}$. per onnce, bnt the quotation is now quite nominal at $521 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. per onnce. Mexican dollars have been dealt in at $51 / \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d} .$, bnt are now nominally qnoted at 51d. per onnce. The following are the qnotations for Indian Exchange: Bank bills, 60 days, $1 \mathrm{~s} .77 / \mathrm{d}$.; 30 days, 1 s. 7 15-16d.; demand, 1s. 8 1-16d.; private bills, 60 days, 1 s. $713-16 \mathrm{~d} . ; 80$ days, $1 \mathrm{~s} .7 \% 8 \mathrm{~d} . ;$ demand, 1 s .7 15-16. India Conncil bills were sold on Wednesday at 1s. $81-16 \mathrm{~d}$. the rnpee, and next Wednesday the amonnt will be increased to $£ 450,000$.
Tenders were received at the Bank of England on Tnesday for $£ 1,510,000$ British Treasnry bills, with the following results: Tenders for three months' bills, at $£ 998 \mathrm{~s}$. 3d., will receive abont 71 per cent and above in fnll; and for six months', at $£ 9914.3 \mathrm{~d}_{\text {. }}$ in fnll. The Government is paying, therefore, £2 7s. per cent
per annnm for three months' bills and $£ 2$ 118. 6 d . for sir months ${ }^{\prime}$ bills. It ls nnderstood that the Bank of Lingland absorbed the whole amonnt.
The Metropolitan Board of Works annonnce that tenders will be received at the Bank of England on March 11 on their behalf, for a 8 nm of $£ 2,450,000$ ln three per cent stock, at a minimum price of $£ 90$ per $£ 100$ stock. This is lower than that of the existing issues ; bnt as money is abnndant, and is still seeking for sonnd investments, the loan will probably be taken above that price. The loan is required for Metropolitan lmprovements, whlch are being carried out on a large scale, and which are affording active employment to the working classes. The widening of streets in the old portions of the town has become a necessity, and the old bnlldings are rapidly disappearing.
As I have referred to Metropolitan improvements, I may mention that a more general use is being made of the electric light. Several of onr railway stations are illnminated by it, and it proves to be of very great advantage. In the clty, an experiment is being made on a large scale, and in a very short time the light will be nsed in all places where there is any great concentration of traffic.
Sir D. Gooch, M. P., in presiding at the half-yearly meeting of the Great Western Railway, on Thnrsday, said the snow-storm which occurred in Jannary rednced their receipts by $£ 56,000$. Had that snm been in their pockets they would have been able to declare $\frac{1 / 2}{}$ or $8 / 4$ per cent more of dividend. To indicate the extent of the storm he might say they had to excarate the snow from 111 miles of railway, varying in depth, from three to nine feet. Sisty-fonr trains had to be dng ont, and blocks took place on 141 different parts of their system.

The trade for wheat has presented a somewhat firmer appearance. There has been a better consnmptive demand, and prices have risen about 18. per qnarter. The weather was drier in the early part of the week, but it has since become nnsettled, and spring sowings continne backward.
A dinner was given at the Mansion Honse on Monday evening by the Lord Mayor to the Governor and Directors of the Bank of England. Mr. Birch, in responding to the toast of the eveuing, said that "the bnsiness transacted by the Bank of England had no parallel with that of any other establishment in tho world, inasmnch as it combined with an ordinary banking bnsiness the management of the National Debt and the issue and payment of the greater portion of the note circulation of the conntry. Some idea of the magnitnde of this work might be formed when he told them that there were no less than 236,501 acconnts open in the public funds, that the nnmber of bank-notes issued during the last year was above $15 \frac{3}{2}$ millions, representing a snm of 388 millions, and a similar amonnt was canceled, an accurate register of each operation being kept, so that any note paid into the Bank during the last five years could be produced within a minnte or two, with information as to the channel throngh which it had fonnd its way back to the bank, although the register represented 77 millions of notes stowed away in 14,500 boxes. It was generally thought that the Bank was extravagant in cancelling the notes which came in, bnt the matter had been well considered, and it was calculated that if they were to keep a register of the notes in the way it was the custom of the Bank to do, the system they followed was the cheapest."

According to the Melbourne Argus, the estimate of the yield of gold in Victoria shows for last year an increase for the first time since 1871. The annexed table gives the fignres, from which it will be seen that the large decrease which had gone on annnally for many jears was checked in 1878, thongh there was still a decrease against 1877. There was again a small decrease in 1879, bnt towards the close of that year an improvement set in, which continned throngh last year. The movement is mainly traceable to the increased yield from the Balarat district. The number of miners employed in 1880 is not stated, but it would probably differ little from the nnmber in 1879. The figures have a special interest in connection with the monetary controversy :


During the week ended Febrnary 26 the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales
amounted to 26,087 qnarter3, against 31,030 qnarters last. year and 45,574 quarters in 1879 ; while it is compnted that they ware in the whole kingdom 101,400 quarters, against 124,120 qnarters in 1880 and 182,300 quarters in 1879. Since harvest the sales in the 150 principal markets have been $1,000,195$ quarters, against 833,693 quarters last season and $1,472,051$ quarters in 1878-9; the estimate for the whole kingdom being 4,037,000 qnarters, against $3,370,700$ qnarters in the corresponding period of last season and 5,588,200 quarters in 1878-9. Withont reckoning the supplies of produce furnished ex-granary at the commencement of the season, it is estimated that the following qnantities of wheat and flour have been placed on the British markets since harvest. The visible snpply in the United States is also given :

proxucc............. 17,493,000 $14,606,500 \quad 23,514,500 \quad 20,872,000$
Total.................53,755,280 53,820,026 51,440,537 55,675,229
Deduct exports or
wheat and Hour.....
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Result............ } \overline{53,001,235} & \overline{53,133,975} & \overline{50,395,735} & \overline{54635,257}\end{array}$
Av'so prico of jingilish
Wheat for season (qr.) 42s. 6d. 47s.01. 40s. 5d. 533. 4d
in the U. S.....onsh. $26,400,000 \quad 23,031,716$
$21,104,120$
The following return shows the extent of the imports and exports of grain, \&ic., into and from the United Kingdom dnring the first twenty-seven weeks of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons:

| maports. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $0-81$ | 1879-80. | 1878-79. | 1877.78. |
| Wheat.............owt | 405,263 | 33,319,127 | 21.811,017 | 30,3.0,572 |
| Barley | +18.693 | 9.064 .151 | 6.145,201 | 7,730.571 |
| Oats. | 184,282 | 7,582,978 | 5,85 2,574 | 5,897,792 |
| Peas. | , 337,562 | 1,23+.391 | $816.0 \pm 4$ | 952.861 |
| Beaus | 205.121 | 1,536,707 | 6.37 .501 | 2.136.729 |
| Indian | .789.162 | 11.513,012 | 14,9.57.015 | 15,325,303 |
| Flour | 746,99 | 5,861,397 | 4,085,440 | 4,452657 |
| EXPORTS. |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat.............cwt. | 657,011 | 619.364 | 957,512 | 1,005,220 |
| Barley | 32,877 | 13,638 | 78.423 | - 32,10: |
| Oats.. | 398,265 | 56.583 | 53,070 | 64,798 |
| Peas. | 49,469 | 80,146 | 10,264 | 14,348 |
| Beans | 20,567 | 22,015 | 6,691 | 10,959 |
| Indian corn | 170,030 | 523.833 | 26:,107 | 61,0:8 |
| Flour. | .66.981 | 60.697 | 47.260 | 34,752 |

## English Market Reports-Rer Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of Luondon and Liverpool for the past week, as reported by cable, are shown in the following snmmary:
London Money and Stock Market.-The bullion in the Bank of England decreased $£ 220,000$ during the week. During the name time the specie in the Bank of France increased 20,375,000 francs in gold and 12,500,000 francs in silver.

| sat. <br> Mar. <br> 12. | Mon. <br> Mar. <br> 11. | Tues. IIar. 15. | Wed. MIar. 16. | Thuers. Ifar. 17. | Fri. <br> Mar. $1 \% .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $52^{19}$ | $52^{18}$ | $521_{10}$ |  | 52 |
|  | 991110 | 993 | $9^{9915} 16$ | ${ }_{0915} 16$ | 109110 |
| Consols for account .... 9915 18 | 991318 | $99^{7}$ | 100 | 100 | 100318 |
| Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) ir. 8.5 U. S. 58 of 1881........ |  | $8.27{ }^{104}$ | 34.00 | 84.05 | 84.00 |
| U.8.58 of $1881 . . . . . . .1037$ s | 10414 | 104 | 10414 | $10{ }_{115}^{38}$ | $10.4{ }_{2}$ |
| U. タ. 48 of 1907..........116 ${ }^{1}$ | 1163 | $117{ }^{1}$ | $\times 116$ | 116 | 116 |
| Erio, common stock. .... 497 | $49^{7}$ | 50 | 4958 | $49{ }^{2}$ | 495 |
| Tlinois Central | 13714 | 141 | $139{ }^{1}$ | 13912 | 14112 |
| Pennsylvania. ${ }^{\text {a }}$......... 6779 | $68^{1 / 4}$ | 683* |  | 681 | $68 L_{2}$ |
| Philadelphias Reading. 337 g | 34 | $34 *$ | $33{ }_{2}$ | $33{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3312 |
| New York Centrai. .....151 2 | 152 | 153 | $150{ }^{2}$ | 150 | $150{ }^{2}$ |
| Lioorpool Breadstuffs and Provisions Markets.- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sat. | Mron. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fr |
| Slour (ex. State). $100 \mathrm{lh.12}{ }^{8}{ }_{9}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 8 . \\ 12 & d . \end{array}$ | ${ }_{12}{ }^{\text {a }}$ a 9. | ¢ 12. | $\begin{aligned} & 3 . \\ & 12 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Wheat, No. 1, wh. "4 94 | 94 | 94 | 94 |  |  |
| Spring, No. 2... "9 9 | 94 | 94 | 94 |  |  |
| Winter,West.,n. "\% $\quad 7$ | 97 |  | 97 | 97 | 910 |
| Cal. white..... ${ }^{4 t} 93$ | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 94 |
| Corn,mix.,W.now "* $5 \quad 5 L_{2}$ | $55^{1}$ | 55 | 55 | $5^{412}$ | 5 |
| Pork, West. mess.. \%hbl. 650 | 650 | 630 | 650 | 650 | 650 |
| Bacon, long olear, owt. 410 | 410 |  | 416 |  | 416 |
| Beol, pr. mess,new,qutc. 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 |
| Lard, prime West. \%ewt. 550 | 546 | 556 | 360 | 556 | 553 |
| Oheese, Am. choloe " 68 o | 680 | 690 | 700 | 700 | 700 |

## Commexctatiandzutcellaneoxs Tews.

National Banks Orqanized.-The following-named national bank was organized this week
2,510 -The First Nationai Bank of Gouverneur, N. Y. Authorizod capldent; A. L. Woodworth Cashler, $\$ 3000$. George Mr. Gleason, PresiImports and Exports for the Wbek.-The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were $\$ 3,510,192$, against $\$ 10,245,513$ the preceding week and $\$ 8,907,346$ two weeks previons. The exports for the week ended March 15 amounted to $\$ 8,325,399$, against
$\$ 8,921,297$ last week and $\$ 3,523,255$ two weeks previons. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) March 10 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) March 11; also totals since January 1: foreign mports at new york.

| For Week. | 1878. | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dry Goods Gen'l mer'diso. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,894.838 \\ 4,881,186 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,739,551 \\ 4,336,266 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,768,815 \\ 7,142,102 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3.244,629 \\ 6,285,503 \end{array}$ |
| Totai | \$6,776,024 | \$7,075,817 | \$3,910,917 | \$9,530,192 |
| Dry Goarla Geu'l mer'diso. | $\$ 21,731,934$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 22,593,452 \\ 42,236,664 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,556,759 \\ & \mathbf{7 0 , 7 1 5 , 9 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 26,458.413 \\ & 53,518,067 \end{aligned}$ |
| Totnl. | **33.308.271 | \$61.830.116 | 6101.272,758 | \$79.976.480 |

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imporis of dry goods for one week later.
The following is a statement of the exports (exclnsive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending March 15, and from January 1 to date:
exports from new york mor thp wrhes.

|  | 1878. | 1879. | 1830. | 1881. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fur the week.. | $\begin{aligned} & 48,154,874 \\ & 67,032,911 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 5,900,575 \\ 60,093,817 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6,932,979 \\ 61,427,737 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,325,399 \\ & 75,042,585 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total s'en Jan. 1 | \$75,187,735 | \$65,991.392 | \$68.360,716 | 33.367 , |

The fullowing table shows the exports and imports of specio at the port of New York for the week ending Mar. 12 and since Jannary 1, 1881:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

| Gold. | Exports. |  | Imports. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week. | Since Jan. 1 | Week. | Since Jaw. 1 |
| Great Britain <br> France. <br> Germiny <br> West Iudies <br> Mexico. <br> Soutli America <br> All other countries | \$. | \$. | \$1,468,453 | 5,28 |
|  |  |  |  | 48 |
|  |  |  | 3,355 | 53, |
|  |  |  |  | 121,2 |
|  |  | 11. | 11,069 | 93,930 |
|  |  | 4,600 |  | 99,600 |
| Total 1 | 128.000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 116,210 \\ 1,292,200 \\ 143.787 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \$ 1.482,877 \\ 31,608 \\ 15,510 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 6.283,547 \\ 873,257 \\ 375,499 \end{array}$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |
| Tutal | 9,564 |  |  |  |
| Silver. <br> Great Britain <br> France <br> Germany <br> West Indles Mexico. <br> south America. <br> All other countries |  | $\$ 2,273,975$29,8503,0001,000 | \$22,386 | \$75,393 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 41,533 | 144,900 |
|  |  |  |  | 375,243 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \dddot{, 757} \\ & 12,289 \end{aligned}$ | 5,41 $\ddagger$ | 32,561 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total 1881.......... Total $1880 . . . . . . .$. <br> Total 1879. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 361,021 \\ 93,220 \\ 366,995 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,331,871 \\ 1,398,293 \\ \mathbf{3 , 8 4 2 . 5 7 7} \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | 24, 61.601 | 1,310,733 |
|  |  |  | 63,296 | 2,132,837 |

Of the above imports for the week in 1881, $\$ 10,008$ were American gold coin and $\$ 71,461$ American silver coin. Of the exports for the same time, $\$ 4,874$ were American silver coin.
-Attention is called to the card of Mr. A. W. Beasley, in to-day's Chronicle. Mr. Beasley makes a specialty of city, town, and railroad investment securities, and has had a long experience in handling these classes of bonds.
-Mr. F. E. Ballard, for many years cashier for R. J. Kimball \& Co., has been admitted to membership at the New York Stock Exchange, and becomes a member of that old and wellknown firm.
-The Homestake Mining Company of Dakota, has declared its thirty-first dividend of 30 cents per sliare, payable at Wells, Fargo \& Co.'s on the 25th inst. Transfer books close on the 19th.

## BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

## FISK \& FATCM,

BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN GOVERYMENT BOND3,
And ohther desirable Investment Securilies,
No. 5 Nassau Stheet, New York.
Buy and seli all issues of Government Bonds, in larye or smali amounts, at current market prioes, and will ba pleased to furulsh information in referonoo to all mattors counected with investiments in Governmont Bouds.
Wo are prepared to give information in ragard to first-olass Rallway Securities and to execute orders for the samo.
Buy aud sell all marketable Stooks and Boads on commlasion, at the gtock Exchango or in the open markot.
Rocolve accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merohants and othörs, and allow interest on dally balanoes; and for those keeping aooounts with us wo colleot U. S. coupons and registerod interest, and other coupons, âlridends, \&o., and oredit without chargo.
[P]' We givo speclal attention to orders from Banks, Bankors, Institutions and isvestors out of the oity, by Mail or Telegrapb, to buy or soll Government Bodds, State and Raliroad Bonds, Bank stocke, Raliroad Stocke, and other securitios.
Wo have issued the Elghth Edition of "Memoranda Conoorning Goverument Bonds," copios of which can be had on applioation.

FI8X \& HATCE.

## The 楒aulicrs ( 5 azette.

! V BENES.
The following dividends liavo recentiv been aunonued:


FiR1DAY, MARCII 18, 1881-5 P. M.
The Money Marhet and Financial Situation.-The past week has been comparatively quiet, and the markets undisturbed by sensational reports. The country is looking to Washington, 2s usual, to ascertain what conrse to pursue in business affairs, and the topic now uppermost is the question of an extra session of Congress. The weight of opinion seems to be against the probability of an extra session, and it is hardly necessary to remark that the average merchant and banker will breathe more freely when he knows to a certainty that an extra session of Congress will not be ealled. In the meantime (provided Congress is not convened), what will Secretary Windom do in regard to negotiating the $\$ 104,000,000$ of 4 per cent bonds yet unsold? This is a pertinent question of the hour, but the Secretary deelines to give any intimation of his probable conrse in the matter until the snbject of an extra session of Concress is finally disposed of by the President and his Cabinet. There was some surprise that the Treasury did not continne this week the purchase of bonds in the open market, but money has been quite ensy, and the disbursements of the Treasury have already been so considerable, in different ways, as to counterbalance in large part the money deposited by the banks to redeem their circnla-
The railroal earnings for the first half of March are decidedly unfavorable on the northwestern roads, as the snow blockade was renewed early in this month, and the choking up in freight traffie at Chicago is something unprecedented. With the beginning of A pril the roads should do a very large business, but the losses in the first three months of the current ycar will be heavy, particularly in the net earnings.
The money market has been fairly easy, and rates on call have raricd from 4 to 6 per cent, according to the collateral. This afternoon, however, rates on call were higher, and in a few cases 1 - 64 per day was pard in addition to 6 per cent per annum. Prime commercial paper is quoted at $5 \propto 6$ per cent.
The Bank of England on Thnrsday showed a deerease for the week of $£ 220,000$ in specie, and the reserve was $463 / 8$ per cent of liabilities, afainst $483 / 4$ per cent the previous week. The discount rate is unchanged at 3 per cent. The Bank of France showed an increase for the week of $20.375,000$ francs in gold and $12,500,000$ francs in silver. The London Economist of March 5 had an interesting article on the rates of interest in which oconrred the following:
" During tlve yenrs wo havo lind very cheap moncy. The average mintmum published rate of the Bank of Englauid has been as follows:
average minimum rate-bank of england, 1876-1830.

## 1876 1877 1878

> 1873. 1880.
$\qquad$


Daring all theso years, oxeept one, the rate bas boen below the ovserved that the rate for 18 , which was 23 15s. 8 , and it will bo to plek out ono othicr serles of five consocutivo years since the passing of the Rank act, in which ths rato was mue the esame as it was during tho last flve ; these are the years from P343 to 1853 :
aferage minimum rate-bank of england, 1810-1833.

## 1819. 1850.


1852.
1953.
53... $\begin{array}{ccc}8 & 8 . & \text {. } \\ 2 & 8 . \\ 3 & 13 & 0 \\ 3 & 13 & 1\end{array}$
"This perlod of chacap money In England terminated with the eommenocment of the Crimean war.
The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued March 12, showed an excess above their legal reserve of $\$ 417,400$, against a deficieney the previous week of $\$ 427,350$.
The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years :

|  | 1891. Mrareh 12. | Differ'nees fr'm prcvious week. | $\begin{gathered} 1880 . \\ \text { Mareh } 13 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1879 . \\ & \text { Mareh is. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jooans and dis. | \$296.252.0 | Dес. $\$ 2,232,500$ | \$297.236,900 | \$246.324.500 |
| Crioulation.... | 35.863,000 | 1nc. 973,900 | 57.927 .900 | 17.312.400 |
| Net deposity. | 271.663 .300 | Dsc. 2,773,800 | 270,967,000 | 19,33.3,200 |
| Legal tonders. | 12,466,600 | Dec. $\quad 822,600$ | 11,652,400 | $30,173,100$ |
| Legal reserve. | \$67,917.200 | Dec. $\$ 693,4 \overline{0} 0$ | \$77, 595.250 | \$32.640.825 |
| Reserve held. | 63,331,600 | 1ne. 151,300 | 69,530,300 | 56,135,800 |
| Surplus....... | \$117.400 | Inc. \$814.750 | \$1,935,050 | \$3.844.975 |

United States Bonds.-Government bonds have been pretty aretive and prices generally stronger. A nnmber of the banks are taking out circulation again, and there has been some demand for bonds for this parpose, while the priees of 4 per cents lave
on the first snggestion that tile Treaquror iniglat negotiato thas remaining 4 per cents. If he does so negotiate them, a good round price should be demanded and could wull be obtained.
The closing brices at the New York lloard have been as follows:

|  | Interes! Periods. | $\begin{gathered} 3 I \operatorname{treh} \\ 12 . \end{gathered}$ | Mrarch | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} M \text { arch } \\ 15 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mareh } \\ 10 . \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 3 \text { fareh } \\ 17 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { sIareh } \\ 18 . \end{array}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 63, 1851...........reg. | I. \& J. | $102{ }^{1} 8$ | 4102 | * 10214 | 10214 | *1024 | +10214 |
| 63, $1891 . . .$. .... ooup. | I. \& J. | $102^{1} 8$ | +102 | ${ }^{*} 1034$ | 1021 | 1024 | +10214 |
| 58, 1831............reg. | Q.-Feb. | 101 | ${ }^{+101}$ | -10128 | 1013 | 101 zd | 1014 |
| 84, $1881 . . .$. ....o0up. | 1,-Fob. | 101 | * 101 | $101 \%$ | 1012 | $101 \%$ | 10138 |
| $4{ }^{4} 28,1891 . . . . . . . .$. reg. | (i.-3ar. | -1114 | $111 L_{2}$ | 1112 | 1113 | (1111 | -11138 |
| $44_{89} 1891 . . . . \text {. coup. }$ | Q.-Mar. | $* 11114$ | 1118 | 11118 | *11114 | +11114 | +1113 |
| $\text { is, } 1907 \ldots . . . . . \text { reg. }$ | Q.-Ja1. | 11238 | 112 | ${ }_{+}^{+112 \%}$ | 1123 1138 | ${ }_{*} 1121_{4}$ | $112 L_{2}$ |
| 13, 1907......... 0011p. 6s, our'ey, 1895..reg. | S. - - Jan. | ${ }_{130}^{131}{ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{+1304}^{1134}$ | 1133 .130 | +1130 | - $1133^{1} 2$ | ${ }_{+1131^{2}}$ |
| 6я, eur'ey, 1896..reg. | J. \& J. | 1314 | -130 | -130 | -130 | -130 | +130 |
| 6s, cur'ey, 1897..reg. | J. de J. | +130 | *130 | -130 | -130 | - 130 | -130 |
| 6s, eur'ey, 1898..reg. | J. \& J. | *130 | ${ }^{+} 130$ | -130 | -130 | - 130 | - 130 |
| 68, eur'cy, 1899..rez. | J. di J. | * 130 | * 130 | ${ }^{1} 130$ | - 130 | -130 | 130 |

- Tbis is the prioe bid at the morning board; no sale was mado.

The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1831, and the amonnt of each elass of bonds outstanding Mirch 1, 1881, ware as follows:

|  | Range since Jan. 1, 1831. |  | Amount Jfarch 1, 1831. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest. | Ifijhest. | Registered. | Coupon. |
| 68, $1831 \ldots . .81$ | $1011_{2}$ Janl. 3 | $10214{ }^{2}$ | \$156,875,550 | \$14,680.450 |
| $5.9,1831 \ldots$. 017. |  | $1017{ }^{7}$ \% Jan. 28 | 3:23,218,750 | 146,101,900 |
|  | 1111 Mar. 10 | 113 Fuls. 19 | 177,431,300 | 72,563,700 |
| 4.3, 1307....cp. | 1123 Jan. 3 | $114{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$ ¢ 19 | 533,761,350 | 2U1,800,700 |
| Gs, eur'n ey.rog. | 12742 Fol . 293 | 1315 Jan. 13 | (51.623, ${ }^{\text {c }} 12$ | - |

Closing prices of secnrities in London for three weeks past and the range siuce January 1, 1881, wera as folloirs:

|  | Mareh 4. | Mereh 11. | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ 19 . \end{gathered}$ | Kiange sinee Jun. 1, $18 \$ 1$. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Lowest. | Miyhest. |
| U. 8.58 of 1981 | 10312 | 10378 | $1011_{2}$ | 103 Fub. 21 | 10142 Jan. 3 |
| U. S. $4^{1} \mathrm{~A}$ S of 1891. | 1143 | $11{ }^{12}$ | 1143 | $111_{4}{ }^{\text {c }}$ Felb. 21 | 116 Jan. 14 |
| U. 8. 4 s of 1907.... | 1174 | $116{ }^{1} 2$ | - 116 | 11578 Feb . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $1173_{8}$ Mar. 5 |

State and Railroad londs.-State bonds have not been as strong and active as usnal, and some of the Southern list have been comparatively neglected. Tenncssees are affected by the adviees from Nashville, reporting that the bondholders proposition for a new 3 per cent bond covering the principal and all overdue interest on the old bonds passed its second reading in the House by 45 to 18. There is opposition, however, and it is not known whether the bill will pass the Senate. The compromise, if faithfully carried out, wonld be exceedingly favorable for the bondholders. Virginia bonds can hardly be influenced favorably by any strength gained for General Mahone, who is known as the leader of the readjusters in that state. Louisianas have been rather neglected.
Bailroad bonds are reasonably strong on a fair volnme of business. It is reported that soms of the very high 7 and 8 per cent railroad bonds are returning to this market from Iurope, and it is fair to conclude that their place has iately been taken there by lower-priced and more speculative securities.
The following securities, seldom or never sold at the Board, were sold at anction:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Shares. } \\
& \text { Firo 1ns. }
\end{aligned}
$$

11 Ifanover Firo 1 ns.
41 Shoe \& Leather Bank … 139
178 Nonn. Coal Co.....
10 Narth livor Ins.
10 Unabattin Ins 30 United States $10^{2}$
6 Kniekerbocker 1co Ins... 131 12
25 Consol. Gas Co 0 Co.... 1 U3
morc City....... of Balti-
25 Mercantilo
${ }_{15}$ Nev York.
15 U. S. Warehouse C...
7is Pilot Knoi
88 Clifton Minlun Co.
800 Central Pot. Co. for
32 Grand Towor Mining
Manuf. \& Transp. Co for
15 Peoples' Firo Ins
6 Peter Cooper Ius
35 Tmporters' \& Traters Ius.
40 Tradesmeu's Fire Ius.
20 Old Dominton SS. Co.
100 liniton Bank.
200 Phonix Kat. Bank.
200 Brooklyn City RK.......... 108
$\$ 5,000$ Bonds.
$\$ 3,000$ Dubuque \& Dakota
RR. Ist mort. 6 s, die 1919.
RR. Ist mort. 6s, due 1919.100
5,000 Ateh. Col. \& Pac. RR.
6s, duo $1905 . . . . . . . . . . . . . .100$.
Railroad and Miscellaneous been less active, and at times there was an appearance of artificial support; but during the past two days the tone has been rather strong than otherwise. On the current basis of prices, it was supposed that there was little probability of a further advance, and there has been since the middle of February a short interest of more or less importance in the market; but with the exception of the temporary panic oceasioned by the stringency in money, the short side has not reaped any considerable profits; and after a bull market, running, with very little intermission, from June, 18S0, till date, we find the range of prices on many stocks to-day near the highest point reached. Althougll the nomiual capital of stocks on the Stock Exchange lists has immensily increased, and the priees of old stocks have so greatly adranced that much more money is required to hold them, still the fact is patent that the New Yor's stock narket has seldom been in a
position where it was more completely controlled by the action of few large operators. The common inquiry now in regard to the futnre of the market is rather as to the probable conrse to be taken by these heavy operators than as to the income of the railroads or the prospects for business.
The St. Louis Alton \& Terre Hante stockholders hare voted to confirm the settlement of the 55 per centdue on the preferred stock in income bonds. As to the pnrchase of Northern Pacific stock by the Oregon Railway \& Navigation Company, it is now stated that the latter pnrchased abont $\$ 25,000,000$ (par value) of which abont one-fourth was preferred stock at an average price of 69 , and three-fourths common at an average price of 38
The daily highest and lowest prices have been as follows:


Railroad Earnings. -The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest dates are given below. The state ment includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and inclnding, the period mentioned in the second column.

| Latest carnings reported- -Jan. 1 to tatest date. - |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| or 31 | 1881. | 183 | 881. | 1880. |
| Ala.Gt. Soutbern.February | \$ | \$51,227 | \$120,282 |  |
| Atcb. Top. \& S. F. 1 st wk | 151,000 | 90,006 | 151,000 |  |
| Atl. Miss. \& Ohio.January | 164,917 | 156,870 | 164,917 |  |
| Bost.\& N.Y.Air-L.Janua | 20,438 | 21,587 | 20,438 | 21,587 |
| Bur.C.Rap.\&No..18t wk Mar | 23.397 | 42,144 | 315,647 | 391,632 |
| Cairo \& 8t. Louls.Februar | 31,651 | 25,303 | 65,288 | 48,124 |
| Central Padifio... February | ,400,000 | ,070,487 | 3,002,907 | 2,271,101 |
| Chicago \& Alton .1st wk Mar | 100,821 | 140,826 | 1,050,352 | 1,161,894 |
| Chic. \& East. $71 . .18 t$ wk Mar | 28,206 | 22,697 | 270,057 | 178,428 |
| Chic. Mil. \& St. P.2dwk Mar. | 187,000 | 194,063 | 1,954,000 | 1,887,033 |
| Chio. d Nortbw..February | 957,300 | 1,131,683 | 2,197,967 | 2,286,315 |
| Chic.St.P. Mind O.1st wh Mar | 31,429 | 26.676 | 261,949 | 224,125 |
| St.Paul\& S.City. 18 st wk Mar | 15.548 | 27,921 | 181,952 | 197,377 |
| Thic. \&\% W. Mich..3d wk Jan. | 15.226 | 12,246 | 44,091 | 36,603 |
| Jin. Ind.st. L. \&i C.February. | 160,981 | 172,541 | 332,447 | 328,238 |
| Cin. Sand. \& Clev.3dwk Jan | 11,215 | 10,741 | 36,398 | 31,519 |
| Cin. \& Springt. . 1 st wk Mar | 17,683 | 16,904 | 162,790 | 149,560 |
| Clov. Col. Cin. \& I.1st wk Mar | 70,119 | 70,289 | 641,198 | 674,853 |
| Clev. Mt.V. \& Del.4th wh Feb | 8,789 | 10,149 | 62,069 | 68,803 |
| Denver \& Rio Gr 2dwk Mar | 82,376 | 35,062 | 799,892 | 323,836 |
| DesM.\&Ft.Dodgo.3d wk Feb. | 6,206 | 6,149 | 1 | 33,935 |
| Dubuqued8.City.1st wk Mar | 8.001 | 18,441 | 137,292 | 175,914 |
| East Tenn.V.\& G.1st wk Mar | 28,739 | 24,614 | 248,008 | 240,375 |
| Flint \& Pere Mar.1st wk Mar | 29,195 | 29,934 | 284,459 | 257,950 |
| Gal.Har.s San A. $2 d$ wk Feb. | 31.263 | 23,456 | 171,696 | 146,100 |
| Graud Trunk. Wk.end.Mar. 12 | 207,309 | 190,106 | 1,938,507 | 1,875,795 |
| Gr't Western. Wk.March 11. | 100,337 | 91,734 | 930.060 | 870,977 |
| Hannibaldst. Jo. 1 st whe Mar | 32,941 | 48,557 | 312,121 | 391,601 |
| E.nust. \& Toxas C. 1 st wk Mar | 83,159 | 52,166 | 768,500 | 643,998 |
| Ilinois Cen. (Ill.) . February. | 421,235 | 487.269 | 899,034 |  |
| Do (Iowa).Fobruary | 71,616 | 126,537 | 194,289 | 253,721 |
| Indiana B1. \& W..1st wk Mar | 25,962 | 22,599 | 195, 厄06 |  |
| Ind. Dec. \& Sp...Fcbruary.. | 33,602 |  | 73.881 |  |
| Int. \& Gt. Nortb.. 1 st wk Ma | 53.062 | 9,7 | 445,148 | 466 |
| lowa Central....JJanuary | 66,169 |  |  |  |
| K. C. Ft. S.\& Gulf. 2 d wk Jan. | 27,063 | 18.403 | 52,918 |  |
| Lake Erle \& West. 1 st wh Mar | 22.734 | 11,10t | 216,397 | 119,387 |
| Little Rk. \& Ft. S.January. | 55,800 | 49, 500 | 55,800 | 49,800 |
| Loulsa. \& Mo. R..January | 47,200 | 31,500 | 47,200 |  |
| Louisv, \& Nashv.1st wk Mar | 213,900 | 146,100 | 1,834,550 | 1,395,590 |
| Memp. \& Cbarl ... 1st wk Mar | 32,133 | 24.216 | 254,025 | 255,733 |
| Memp. Pad. \& No.Fedruary | 17,536 | 16,765 | 36.433 | 36,093 |
| Minr. \& St. Inouls January | 50,403 | 42,888 |  | 42,888 |
| Mo. Kan. \& Texas.3d wh Ja | 72,439 | 81,026 | 210,423 |  |
| Moblle \& Ohio.... February | 211,353 | 204,094 | 429,596 | 454,210 |
| Nasbr. Cb.\& St.L. February | 190.866 | 191.154 | 369,009 | 396.788 |
| N. Y. L. Erie \& W. January | ,443,437 | 1,296,381 | 1,443,437 | 1,296,381 |
| N. Y. \& N. Engl'd. .February | 176.429 | 149,907 | 366,178 |  |
| N. Y. Pa. \& Ohto.January | 421,908 | 412,365 | 421,908 | 412,365 |
| Northern Central.Januar | 386,156 | 334,494 | 386,156 | 334,494 |
| Northerm Pacific . 2 d wk Mar. | 30,670 | 26,592 | 248,436 | 212,193 |
| Ogd. \& l. Champ. 1st wk Feb. | 5,267 | 6.593 | 30,169 | 36,795 |
| Pad.\& Elizabetbt.Fel | 40,611 | 25,786 | 83,299 |  |
| Pennsylvania....Ja |  | 3,083,551 | 3,189,215 | 3,083,551 |
| Peoria Dec. \& Ef. 1 st wk Mar | 9,419 | 5,503 | 87.193 | 44,931 |
| Pbiladel. \& Erie. .January | 224,303 | 224,307 | 224,303 | 224.307 |
| Sc.L.Alt. \& T.H. . 1 1st wk Mar |  | 23,394 | 235,551 | 229,304 |
| Do (brehs).1st wk Mar | 13,330 | 12,464 | 141,674 | 123,430 |
| St. L. Iron Mt.\& B.1st wk Mar | 166,600 | 124,833 | 1,285.857 | 1,171,011 |
| St. L. \& Sqn Fran. 2d wk Mar. | 64,100 | 41,146 | 505,169 | 483,343 |
| St.Paul \& Duluth .January | 39,915 | 38,191 | 39.915 | 38.191 |
| SJ.P.Minn. \& Man .2dwk Mar. | 76,100 | 36,900 | 537,269 | 392,825 |
| 8 cioto Valley.... . 2 d wk Mar. | 6,167 | 5,24 |  |  |
| Texas \& Paciflo .. February. |  |  |  |  |
| Wril, St.L. \& Pac. 1st wk Mar | 213,915 | 250,082 | 1,844,454 | 2,111,828 |
| Wisconsin Cent. . 2 wke Feb. | 31,581 | 40,784 |  |  |

Exclange,-Foreign exchange is firmer than dnring last week althongh the market is still somewhat unsettled, For bankers' prime sterling bills the rates on actual bnsiness to-day were about $4803 / 4$ for 60 days and $4831 / 2$ for demand. Cable transfers, 484 . The outflow of securities to Europe is reported to be smaller, and it is believed that the foreign markets are pretty well stocked up with some of our low-priced stocks and bonds. Qnotations for foreign exchange are as follows:

| March 18. | Sixty Days. | Demand. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. |  |  |
| Prime commer |  |  |
| Paris (france). | 52918 ¢5 25.5 | $5255_{8}$ ¢ 522 |
| Amsterdam (gulders) | $39{ }^{12}$ © $39^{7}{ }^{7}$ | 3931 [ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Frankfort (reicbm | ${ }^{935}$ | 94448 |
| Bremen (rele bma |  | $94{ }^{1}$ (2) 94 |

Coins.-The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Span'b Doubioons. } 15 & 65 & \$ 15 \\ \text { Mex. Doubloons. } 15 & 50 \\ \text { D } & 15 & 65\end{array}$


U. S. Sub-Treasury.-The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Snb-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

|  | Rcceipts. | Payments. | Batances. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ooin. | Ourrency. |
|  | $758,43428$ | 1,567,597 90 | $88,166,76 \leq 71$ | $3,662,33387$ |
| Mar. $14 .$. | 1,936,804 48 | 1,358,586 94 | 88,955,714 90 | 3,452,099 22 |
| " $15 .$. | 1,010,923 36 | 1,109,454 27 | 88,814,565 20 | 3,494,718 01 |
| "، 17... | 1,279,492 60 | 1,417,529 678 | 88,086,512 62 | 3,465,860 97 |
| 18 | -870,802 24 | 1,940,971 23 | 87,571,680 09 | 3,516,792 07 |
| Total. | 6,517,052 95 | 8,067,340 99 |  |  |

New York Clty Manks.-The following statement shows the
condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the
week ending at the commencement of business on March 12, 1881:

| Banks. | Capttal. | Average amount of |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Loans and discounts. | Specie. | Leqal Tendert. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net dept' } \\ & \text { thin Uer } \end{aligned}$ | CVrcula. tion. |
|  | $2,000,000$ | 8.220.000 | $1.630 .000$ |  | 7.10 P .900 | $95,000$ |
| Mlanhatan | 8,050,000 | 6.855.90100 | 787, 300 | 191,600 | 4,058,500 |  |
| Merclamis | 2,000,000 | 6.785.800 | 893,70c | 821.700 | 8,784,600 | 300,000 |
| Mechanics | $2,000,000$ 1,20000 | 7.43:,000 | 1,248,000 | 228,000 | 8,030,000 |  |
| Amori | 8,000,000 | 9.0233 .800 | i,274,700 | 2446.100 | 6.272,300 |  |
| Phoent | 1,000,000 | 3.954,000 | T08,000 | 88.000 | 3,672.000 | 207,000 |
| Olty | 1,000,000 | 8,817,000 | 2,065.200 | 175000 | $8.863,500$ |  |
| Trades | $1,000,000$ 800,000 | 3.182,500 | 348,100 348,000 | 125,400 | 1.961.800 |  |
| Chemica | 800,000 | 12.005,100 | 8.448.700 | 200.200 | 12.302.700 |  |
| Merch'ntg' Kxch. | 1,000,000 | 8.419,000 | 478,306 | 870,800 | 3,145,000 | 202.300 |
| Gatlatin Nation' | 1,000,000 | 4,501.200 | 516.200 | 91.600 | 2,053.000 | 00.000 |
| Butchers's 1) ${ }^{\text {rov. }}$ | 300000 | 1.609.600 | 285,600 | 84.840 | 1.442.200 | 24,800 |
| Mechanics \& Tr | 200,000 | 952,000 | 119.000 | 183,000 | 968,000 | 2.700 |
| Grcenvich....... | 200.000 | 2.788,000 | 28,300 484,400 | 64,206 | 2.019 .000 |  |
| 8eventh We | 800,000 | 923.600 | 189.700 | 81.700 | 897.000 | 800 |
| 8tate of N. York. | 800,000 | 3.788,300 | 811.200 |  | 8.701.200 |  |
| Amorican Exch. | 3,000,000 | ${ }^{1} 4.264 .204006$ | 2, 2.728 .100 | - 435.500 | -11.0300000 | 1,188,200 |
| Broadw | 1,000,000 | 5.839.500 | C98.100 | 286,000 | 8.858,100 | 900.000 |
| Mercan | 1,000,000 | 3.749.100 | 761.700 | 42.200 | 3.454 .800 | ,000 |
| Pracitic | 422,700 | 2.439.300 | 231.700 | 201800 | 2.337.800 |  |
| Republlo | 1,500,000 | 5.304.00C | 203.000 | 124,300 | 2.692.400 | 1,125,000 |
| Chathan | 450.000 412.500 | 2,949.000 | 625.000 833.300 | 108.000 | $3.07{ }^{3} .0000$ |  |
| Norta Aim | 412.0 | 2.421 .6000 | 230,000 | 140.000 | 2,2010,300 |  |
| Itanover | 1,000,000 | 8.300,800 | 1,016,000 | 441,000 | 5,775.800 |  |
| Irving. | 500,000 | 2.780 .406 | 340.600 | 200.700 | 2,305,200 | 28,500 |
| Metropol | 8,000.000 | 12,181.600 | 2,418.000 | 143.000 | 11,178,000 |  |
| Clizeas' | 600,000 | 1.921.600 | 250.800 | 218.900 | 1,883,700 | 70,000 |
| assa | 1,000,000 | 2.453.700 | 157.000 | 02.100 | 2.381,000 |  |
| Market. | 500,000 | 2.522 .800 | 534.700 | 76.900 | 2,294,600 | 186.000 |
| $8 \mathrm{8t}$. Nich | 500,000 | 1.824,300 | 207 | 100,200 | 1,383 | 450.000 |
| 8hoe \& Leathe | 500,000 | 3.184 .800 | 554.000 | 321.000 | 8.4330000 | 50,000 |
| Oorn Exchan | 1.000.000 | 3.707.700 | 190.500 | 50.000 | 2.229 .000 |  |
| Continen | 1,000,000 | 6.81 | 1,403. | 219. | 8,652,700 | 00 |
| Marin | 400.000 | 1.675.000 | 849,000 | 104.000 | 1.800,400 | 45,000 |
| Importers' \& 'Tr.. | 1,500,000 | 18.821.500 | 4.774.100 | 516,200 | 20.295 .400 | 1,080,200 |
|  | 2,000,000 | 15.824 .903 | 4,031.200 | 818.000 | 19.077.00C | 45,000 |
| Moch. Bkg. Ass'n | 500,000 | 1,005.800 | 180.600 | 5.806 | 782.400 |  |
| North liver. | 240,000 | 832.100 | 30.406 | 158.00 | 935.000 |  |
| East Rlver | 250,000 | 1,027.000 | 84.000 | 100.200 | 737,700 | 221,700 |
| Fonrth Natil | 3,200 | ! 8.837 .50 | 3,728.000 | 528,600 | 10.287,400 | 810,400 |
| Central Nat | 2,000,000 | 8,590.000 | 1,188,000 | 509.000 | 7.559 .000 | 1,287,000 |
| Finth National. | 300,000 750,000 | $2,846.000$ 5.047 .006 | 504.000 | 255, 2000 | 8.155.000 |  |
| F1rst Natlonal.. | 500,000 | 18,410,700 | 4.287.500 | 183.300 | 15.251.000 | +50,000 |
| Third Nationsi.. | 1,000,000 | 5,429,400 | 1,477,300 | 178.100 | 5,859,800 |  |
| N. Y. Nat Exch. | 300,000 | 1.357,000 | 199.500 | 99.600 | 1.059,40 | 260,000 |
| Bowery National | 250,000 | 1,708,400 | 81.000 | $383.00{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1.424 .60 | 221.700 |
| Nerm'n Americin | $\stackrel{200.0}{730}$ | 1.113 .20 | 14.400 | 401.700 | 1,510, ${ }^{\text {N00 }}$ | 180,000 |
| Chase Natlon | 800,000 | 4.077 .300 | 1,041.300 | 146.100 | 8.091 .000 481500 | 91,800 |
| Fifth Aven | 100,000 | 1,815,008 | 42J,200 | 67.090 | 1,939,300 |  |
| German Exch | 200.000 | 1.092.900 | 51,200 | 102.600 | 1,189,400 |  |
| Germinia. | 200,000 | 1,132,300 | 60,200 | 138,100 | 1,262,400 |  |
| Total..... | 0.875.200 | 206,252,900 | 5,888,000 | 12.460.6) | 271.688.800 | 15.496.1'0 |



QUOTATIONS OF STUCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.
U. S. Bonds and active Railroad Stocks are quoted on a prevtous page. Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may bo.

## STATE BONDS.

| 8ECURITIES. | Bia. | Ask. | SECURITYES. | Bid. | Ask. | SECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. | SECORITIE8. | Bua. | Ask. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama-Class A, 2 to 5 ... clase A 2 to 5 , smail | 7 | 72;8 | Michigan -6s, 1883 <br> 78, 1890. |  |  | N. Carolina.-Continued 68, old, A. © 0. | 323/2 |  | Rhode 1sland-6s,coup. '9s-8 Soutb Carolina- | 115 |  |
| Orass A, 58. | 95 |  | Missouri-68, duo 1882 or 8 \& | 109 |  | No. Car. RR., J. \& J....... | 120 |  | 68, Act Mar. 23, 1869. | $4{ }^{1}$ | d 4 |
| Class C, 2 to 5 | 84 | S6 | 6s, due 1888 | ${ }_{108}^{108}$ |  | do coup.om, j. \& ${ }^{\text {do }}$ d. | 120 |  | Non-iundab | 0136 |  |
| C8, 10-203. | 105 |  | 68, dne 1887 8s, due 1888 | 109 |  | do coup. orf, A. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 90 |  | Tennessee | ${ }^{613}$ | ${ }^{53}$ |
| 7s, L. Rock \& Kt. Scoti iss. |  |  | 6s, due 1880 or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O} 0$ | 1094: |  | Funding act, 1886. | 123 |  | 68, ncw scrics | ${ }_{81} 81$ | 63 |
| 78, Memp. \& L. Mock RR. | 12 |  | Asylum or Unlv. duo '02. | 112 |  | Nct do $1808 . . . . . . . .$. | 124 |  | Virgina-bs, old............... | 32 <br> 32 |  |
| 7s, L. R P. B. iss. N. O. RR. | 8 | 12 | Funding, 1891-05..... ${ }^{\text {Hanaibal }}$ St. | 118 |  | New bonds, J. \& J.......... | 203 |  | 68, ncw, 1883................ | 32 |  |
|  | 0 | 12 | Hanaibal \& do Jo., 1887\%. | 108 |  | Chatham RR................ | 5 | 53/ | 68, consol. bonds ............. | 115 |  |
| Connecticut-88... .......... |  |  | New York-as, gold, reg.,'8, |  |  | Special tax, class $1 . . . . . .$. | 64 |  | 68 , ex matured cou | 81 | E2i\% |
| Georgla | 108 | 11 | 6s, gold, coup., 1887....... |  |  | do class | 6 | 7.6. | 68, consol. | 4 | 16 |
| 78, new | 110\% |  |  |  |  | Consol. 4s, $1810 . . . . . . . . . .$. | 813 | $85^{\circ}$ |  | 1024 |  |
| 78 \% goid | 118 | $120^{\circ}$ | 6s, do 18 m |  |  | Small | 81 |  | Repistered | 10246 | $0{ }^{1}$ |
| Loulilana-7s, consolldated |  | 611/4 | 6s. d 1893. North Carolina-ion,oilijüj | 323 |  |  | 101 $1: 0$ |  | Funding ${ }_{\text {do }}^{6 s, 18}$ |  |  |

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS AND HONDS.






## NEW YORK LOCAL SECURITIES．



Gan and City Raluroad Stocke and Bonde．
［Gan Qnotations oy eveorge H．Prenties，Broker， 19 Broad Street．］

|  | Pas． | Amonnt． | Perio | 发 | Date． | d． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20 | 2，000，000 |  |  |  | ， |  |
| Clizeng＇Gas Co | 20 | 1，200，000 |  | 246 | Aug．；＇80 | 45 |  |
| Earlem． | 50 |  |  | 8 |  | 1 |  |
| Jaraey Cit | 20 | 750，0 |  | 7 | Jan．，＇sl | 14.5 |  |
| Manhatian | 50 | 4，000，0 | ， | 5 | Jnn．，＇$\uparrow$ | 142 |  |
| Matropolt | 100 | 2，500，0 | M．\＆ | ${ }^{6}$ | Feb．， 81 | 13 |  |
|  | V．r． | 1，000，000 | M．\＆ 8 ． | 3 | Feb．，＇81 | $\times 100$ |  |
| do $\quad$ ionid | 1000 | 1，000，000 |  | 1 | Jñ． |  |  |
| Nasean，B | 25 | 1，00 |  | 2 | Dec． | 50 |  |
| do | V8． | 700，000 | M．$\pm$ N． | 9 | ：ov．，＇mo | 40 |  |
| N | 100 | 4，000，000 | M．\＆ | 4 | Nov．，＂80 | 8 |  |
| Yandar | 1 | 1．000，0 |  | 34 | ${ }^{19 n} 140$ | 25 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1}$ | 127，000 | 31．${ }^{\text {W }}$ N． | ${ }^{7}$ | 1490 | 70 |  |
| Cantral us | ． | 466，000 | F，A． | 8 | Jnly，＇80 | 65 |  |
| WHunmab |  | 1，000 |  | 2 | Jan．：＂81 | AO |  |
| Metro do | 1，0 | 1，000，0 |  |  |  | 101 | 104 |
| Manietpa | 100 100 | 1. | M．\＆${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 24 | Jas．，＇81 |  | 160 |
| do | 10 |  |  | － |  | 105 |  |
| Kniton Manlelpal | 100 | 150,0 |  |  |  | 105 |  |

［Qnotations by H．L．Grant，Brozer， 145 Broadway．］


Insurance stock List．
［Qaotatlons by K．S．Baycer，Broker， 7 Pine Street．］

| Compaxilit． | Capital． |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { Sarplas } \\ \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1881. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | DIviderid． |  |  |  | Priok． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Par． | Amonnt |  |  |  |  | Last Pald． | Bld． | Uh． |
| 4 |  | 400 |  |  | 10\％ | 10 |  | 155 | $1 \cdot 8$ |
| ${ }_{1}$ | 104 | 200 | 74 | 10 |  | 10 | 12 | 105 |  |
| Broat | ${ }^{2}$ | 8800 | 343，121 | 2 | 18 | 10 | Feb．， 181.10 | 0 |  |
| Broskly | 17 | 153，0 | 218，6：0 | 80 | 20 | 20 | Jun．＇ 81.10 | 20 |  |
| Citizens | 20 | 500，000 | ${ }^{603,610}$ |  | 20 | 20 | Jan | 181 |  |
| C | 70 | 210.000 | 185,287 182.215 | 10.72 | 10 | 10 | Yeb．＇b1，${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 128 |  |
| Colnmbl | 30 | 2500 | 132，423 |  | 11 | 10 | daly | 130 | 5 |
| Commer | 50 | 200，000 |  | 18 | $10 \cdot$ | $10 \cdot$ | Jan．，：81． | 109 | 110 |
| Contla | 100 | 1，000，000 | 1，236，136 | 13－40 | 13.05 |  | Jan．，81． |  |  |
| Eagie |  | 300，000 | 301.040 |  |  | 15 | Oc． 80.80 | 10 |  |
| Kmplra <br> Exohang | 100 | 200,000 200,010 | $\begin{aligned} & 74.067 \\ & 85.550 \end{aligned}$ | 10 | 10 | $1{ }^{7}$ |  | ${ }_{105}^{40}$ | 110 |
| Farragut | 50 | 200，000 | 183.178 | 15 | 15 | 15 | Jav．，\＆1． | 120 |  |
| Firenien | 17 | 204，000 | 65，24： | 10 | 84 | 7 | Jan |  | 100 |
| Fireman | 10 | 150,000 | 64. | 11 | 11 | $1{ }_{1}^{10}$ |  | 110 |  |
| Garman－A | 100 | 1，000，000 | 1，112，42\％ | 10 | 10 | 10 | Jan． | 175 | iwi |
| Germas | 50 | 1，000，000 | 812，087 | 22 | 14 | 12 | Jan．，＂Si． | 155 | 0 |
| Globe | 50 | 200,00 | 12 zota | 10 | 10 | 10 | Jan．．＇81． 5 | 11.3 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Green }}$ |  | 200.0 | 438，1 | 7 | 9 | 30 | Jan．，＇81． 74 |  | 10 |
| Gnardia | 15 | 200.000 150.000 | 133，2 |  | 12\％ | ${ }^{6} 124$ | ，an．：81，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 140 | 150 |
| 11 anove | 50 | 1，000，000 | 830，627 | 10 | 20 | 10 | Jan．，81． | 155 |  |
| loftre | 50 | 200．000 | 43，118 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Ja | 30 |  |
| Hom | 100 | 3，000，000 | 1，834．243 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Jna．，81．5 | 15． | 161 |
| Hop | 25 | 150.000 | 2.218 | 10 | ${ }_{3} 3 / 4$ | Nne | －8n．， 91.34 |  |  |
|  | 50 | 00 | 148.809 | 1 |  |  | Jan．，＇81． 5 | 112 |  |
| Impo |  | 000 |  | 10 | 84 | 10 | Jan．，81．${ }^{\text {J87．}} 5$ |  |  |
|  | 30 | 200，0 | 308，38 | 10 | $10^{-1}$ | 10 | Ms | 145 |  |
| K1ngs Co． | 20 | 150.0 | 207，3 | 0 | 20 | 20 | Jan．．＇81， 10 | 165 |  |
| Kalckarboc | 40 |  | 2.2 | 5 | 5 | N＇nc | 197．，＂9． 5 | 85 |  |
| Lafayerte（̧BED） | 50 | 150，00 | 97. | 18 | 18 |  | Jan．，＇81． 5 |  | 113 |
| L | 100 |  | 27，581 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 10 | ${ }_{8}^{10}$ | Jn7．\％\％ 81.5 |  | 100 75 |
| Longis | 50 | 0，00 | 182.08 | 16 | 18 | 10 | J＾n．，＂81． | 112 | 120 |
| L | 25 | 30 | 10.5 | 1 |  | \％ | J10， | 17 |  |
| Manal．d Bu | 100 | 200，00 | 192.0 | 20 | 12 | 12 | Jan．，881．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 137 | 16 |
| Manhatta | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 250,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 130.2 \\ & 235.2 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | ${ }^{10}$ | 10 | 1an．，81．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 165 |  |
| Mech＇lc＇${ }^{\text {a }}$（3kn） | ${ }^{2} 5$ | 150 | 164.4 | $20$ | 20 | 14 | ア8コ．，81． 7 | 1100 |  |
| Marcaatlle． | 50 | 200,0 | 80．150 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Jan．，＂ช1． 4 | 83 | 0 |
| Merchant | 50 | 200，000 | 145．374 | 16 | 13 | 10 | Jan．，＂81． | 120 | 125 |
| Montank（Bkn） | 50 | 200,000 | 141.2 | 12 | 10 | 10 | Jan．，＂81． | 112 | 115 |
| Nassan（Bkiy National |  | 2200,0 | 12.5 | 10 | ${ }_{10}^{20}$ | 14 | Jan．，${ }^{\text {Jas．，} 81 \text { \％1，}}$ | 114 |  |
| N．J．Equitab | 85 | 210 | 322.8 | 0 | 15 | 10 | Jan．： 81 | 150 | 10 |
| Naw York Flre | 100 | 200，000 | 98，600 |  | 12 | 10 | Feb．，＇8！． 5 | 10 |  |
| Y．\＆Bostos | 100 | － | 17，122 | N＇ne | 5 | $\mathrm{N}^{\text {＇n } 8}$ |  | 8 |  |
|  | 100 50 |  | 816，643 | 11 | 12 |  | Ja | 18 | 180 |
| North P | 25 | ， | ${ }^{10} 0$ | 10 | 8 | 8 | Oet．\％ 80.4 | 110 |  |
| Pacta | 25 | 00，0 | 428.6 | 18 | 20 | 20 | Jan．，＂81．10 | 113 |  |
|  | 100 | 2200000 | 1 lud | ${ }_{20}^{12}$ | 12 | 12 | 8 | 113 |  |
|  | 20 50 |  | 105，685 | 12 | 12 | 18 | Jan．， | 114 |  |
| Prenis | 50 | 1000,00 | 318． | 15 | 10 | 10 | Jan．，81． 5 | 1\％ |  |
| Rellef | 50 | 200，00 | 38 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Jaa．，81． | ${ }_{8}^{R}$ |  |
| Repab | 100 | ${ }^{300}$ |  |  | 20 | 7 | Jan．，＂81，81／${ }^{\text {Jan }}$ |  |  |
|  | 50 | 200,00 | 175，1 | 6．28 | \％ | 20 | Jan．，${ }^{\text {Jana }}$－61．623 | 125 |  |
|  | 00 | 500，0 | 10\％． | 123／4 | 12 | 10 | Jan．，＇81． | 114 | 117 |
|  | 00 | 200，00 | 24.478 | 10 | $83 / 4$ | 7 | Au¢．，＇80． |  |  |
| S | 25 | 200,000 |  |  |  | 10 | 1an．0 ${ }^{\text {\％}} 81$. | 115 |  |
| Tradeamen | ${ }_{25}^{25}$ | 250，00 | 227，205 | 12 | 11 | 10 | Jan．，\％81．${ }^{\text {Jan }}$ | 125 |  |
|  | 10 | 380，000 | 150 | 10 | 10 | 10 | Feb．，＇41． 5 | ： 10 |  |
| Whilamab | 50 | 250，000 | 449，571 | 80 | 30 | 20 | Sa2．， 31.10 | 205 |  |

－Over all Habilltles，includiag re－lngurance，capltal and serlp．

## City Securities．

LQnotatloas by DANIEL A．Mozar，Broker，zi Pide Streat．］

|  | UTTEREET． |  | Bonds dne． | Prioz． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rate． | Mönle Payable． |  |  | Asix |
| New York： <br> Water stock．．．．．．．1841－83． |  |  | 1880 | 100 |  |
| Croton watersiock． $1845-51$. | 5 | do do do | 1820 | 109 | 107 |
| do do $\quad 11352-60^{\circ}$ ． | 8 | do do | 1883－1890 | 104 | 109 |
| Crotan Aqned ct stock． 1865. | 8 |  | 1884－1911 | 1112 | 120 |
| do io peperval malns．．． rend．．．． | 7 |  | 1884－1900 | 1112 | 126 |
| Central Kalk bonds．． 1855 －is7． |  | do do | 1849 | 108 | 109 |
| do do 0 － $1853-65$. | ${ }^{6}$ | do do | 1295 | 115 | ：16 |
| Doek bonds．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{1870} 1$ | 7 | May \＆November． | 1801 | 115 | 118 |
| Market stocki．．．．．．．．．．i865－66． | 7 | May \＆Noveruber． | 1594－1897 | 127 | 118 |
| impr Jvement siock．．．． $1869^{\circ}$ | 8 | do do | 1889 | 107 | 108 |
| do 60 ．．．．1869． | 7 | do do | 1540 | 115 | $11 / 4$ |
| Conaolisated bonds．．．．．var． | 6 g ． | do do | 1401 | 122 | 123 |
| Streat Imp．stock ．．．．．．．．var． | 8 | do do | 1883 | 1107 | 108 |
| do dn | 7 | do do | $18 \times 2$ | 102 | 114 |
| New Conaolidaisd．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }_{7}^{6} \mathrm{~g}$ ． | Jannary \＆Jaly． | 181898 | 1 | ${ }_{123}^{114}$ |
|  | 8 |  | 14\％ | 102 | 112 |
| Asses meat． | 5 | May \＆Norember． | 1884 | 102 | 109 |

［Qnctations by N．T．Beers，Jr．，Broker， 1 New St．］

［Qnotations by C．Zabriberie，if Montgomery Sto，Jersey City．］

| Jerney Cxiy－ <br> Watal loan slong．． <br>  부ำ．．．． 1859－7． improvamant boad $1868-69$ | 6 7 7 7 |  | 1893 $1890-1902$ $1891-H 4$ 1800 | 167 114 108 108 | $1 \times 9$ 118 118 108 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Turestuxents

AND
state, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.
The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month-viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra oharge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at $\$ 2$ per copy.

## ANNUAL REPORTS.

## Wabash St. Louis \& Paciftc Railmay.

(For the year ending December 31, 1880.)
The consolidated roads forming the Wabash St. Lonis \& Pacific Railway Company merged their acconnts on the 1st of January, 1880, and the business of the new company commenced npon that date, although the details of consolidation were agreed $n$ pon and ratified by the stockholders in the month of November 1879. Since the consolidation, the company has acquired by purchase and lease the following roads:
Chicago \& Paducah, acquired April 1$\}$
Chloago \& Strawn, acquired August 1
$264 \cdot 8$ miles.
Quincy Missouri \& Pacific, acquired July 1 …....... Missouri lowa \& Nebraska, acquired October 1 Centreville Moravia \& Albia
$921 \cdot 1$ milcs.
-comprising, with the original lines of the Wabash and St. Lonis Kansas City \& Northern railways, an aggregate length of 2,479 miles
Of this, 1,176 miles are on the Eastern Division, 882 miles on the Western Division and 421 miles on the Peoria Division.
The company has also entered into contracts to secnre, on their completion, the following lines: Detroit \& Butler, Braidwood Coal Road, Attica \& Covington, Quincy Missouri \& Pacific, from Milan to Stanberry, Missouri Iowa \& Nebraska, Des Moines \& St. Louis, also an extension from Havana to Sidney.
freigit and passenger traffic.
1880.

Nuuber of tons hauled.
Number of tons hanled one mile
Average rate per ton per milo.
1,105,783,399
Number of passengers carried..... No. of passengers carried one mile
Averago rate per passenger per mile 0.862 cts. 97,992,763 $97,774,576$
$02 \cdot 393$ cts.
*1879.
$\begin{array}{r}3,505,391 \\ \hline 92,422,732\end{array}$
$792,422,732$
$00 \cdot 724$ cts.
1,421,059
$80,329,169$
*Tbe statistics for 1879 are for the Wabash and 8t. Louis Kansas City \& Northern railways prope1, no figures for 1879 of lines acquired in 1880 having been ascertained.


* NOTE.-Includes the earnings for the corresponding periods of 1879 of lines operated in that year aequired in 1880
$\dagger$ NOTE- - The operating expenses for 1879 of lines acquired in 1880 not ascertained.

Income account
The earnings for the year ending Dec. 31, 1880, were.
Add received for rent of tracks, \&c.
$\$ 12,428,111$

The operating expenses were ( 62 per cent)
\$12,461,713

## Net.

\$4,674,36
Appropriated as follows:
Interest
\$2,657,359
Taxes, rent of cars and miscellancous.

514,568-3,655,184
Leaving surplus for the year over fixed charges......... $\$ 1,019,180$
From this snrplus a quarterly dividend of $13 / 2$ per cent was declared upon the preferred stock, payable Feb. 10, 1881.
The "President, Mr. Solon Humphreys, remarks in his report that "important portions of the line, which have been a heary charge npon the revenues of the company, were either incomplete or in process of constrnction during the year, so that, while appareutly operating an extensive system of railway, the company has really derived but little advantage from some of the most essential links in the chain of connection between the large cities of Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, and between St. Louis and Council Bluffs. The Omaha extension, opening the line between these two last-named points, although nominally in operation at the time of the consolidation, was in a very incomplete condition, and contribnted but little to the aggregate traffic during the first six months of the year. The Chicago Division of our road, which is destined to become as prodactive as any line of equal length in that section of the conntry, was not opened nntil August, and has, in consequence of the obstructions to our entrance into our full terminal facilities in Chicago, been of bnt little benefit to the aggregate
traffic of the Company during the brief period of its operation. Under these conditions, the gross earnings of the year should be considered satisfactory, although by no means a fair test of the productive capacity of the consolidated lines.
"It shonld be stated also, in this connection, that we have suffered greatly for want of motive power and other eqnipment to meet the great increase in the volnme of bnsiness. Every exertion has been made to provide this equipment, so nrgently reqnired, and there have been placed on our road, dnring the year, 69 locomotives and 4,161 cars, and we have now under contract 24 locomotives and 1,181 cars. A large portion of this equipment has been acqnired through the instrumentality of the New York \& Pacific Car Trust Association, by which arrangements for payments of same are to be made quarterly, extending over a series of five years.
"Of the main line, 1,118 miles are now of steel track, of which 162 miles have been laid during the year.
"A general 6 per cent mortgage of $\$ 50,000,000$, covering the entire line of road now operated, or which may be acquired, sabject to existing liens, has been executed. Of this amonnt, $\$ 33,000,000$ are reserved to be used in exchange or payment of that amonnt of prior mortgages, $\$ 11,000,000$ are to be appropriated for the pnrchase or acquisition of additional lines at not exceeding $\$ 15,000$ per mile, and $\$ 6,000,000$ for equipment and permanent improvements. Two million dollars of these bonds were negotiated during the year 1880 , and $\$ 6,000,000$ hare since been sold, the proceeds to be applied according to the stipulatious of the mortgage."
"An extension of onr Eel River line, from Bntler to Detroit, will be completed early in the spring, which will bring our road to that important point, where, by a favorable traffic arrangement, our line will connect with the Great Western of Canada and by way of that road with Buffalo and the East. An extension of the Peoria Division via the Missouri Iowa \& Nebraska through southern Iowa, reaches Humeston, from which point the road is in process of construction, jointly with the Chicago Burlington \& Quincy, due west to a point of jnnction with the Omaha Division, thus ppening almost an air-line from Toledo and Detroit to Council Bluffs and Omaha, connecting with the Uaion Pacific. * * *
"The Quincy Misscari \& Pacific Road is nnder constrnction from Milan to Trenton, and from that point, by the constraction of some forty miles, a junction can be made with the Omaha Division, affording ns three eastern lines from that most productive portion of the country. During the year a line of steamers has been established to rnn in connection with our road between Toledo and Buffalo, which has proved of manifest advantage." * * * "The company has also acquired a proprietary interest in a line of barges between St. Louis and New Orleans. This arrangement, which will enable our company to forward grain from both divisions of its lines to $\mathrm{St}^{\mathrm{st}}$ Lonis as a shipping point to Europe via the Mississippi River and New Orleans, has already proved of sigoal advantage, and mnst add largely to our transportation facilities."

$$
\text { condensed balance sheet dec. } 31,1880 .
$$

Dr.
Cest of road, equipment, so

```
Sundry sccurities on hand.
``` Bupplies on hand Barney \& Smith Manufactucing Co., cost of cars. \begin{tabular}{l}
2873,875 \\
\hline 146,250
\end{tabular} 2,970,278
Expenditures for construction and equipment.... ........... \(\frac{2,970,278}{\$ 88,200,475}\)

Common stock........................................................... \(\$ 21,614,500\) Preferted stock. \(\qquad\) 20,453,000

Total capital stuck.
§ \(12,067.500\) Bended deb \(42,094,858\)
336,702 Balatcos, conslsting of audited vonchers, interest accrued
 Income account since Jan. 1, 1880............................... \(\frac{1,019,180}{\$ 88,200,475}\)
* General mortgage bonds have since been sold to provide for this expenditure.

\section*{Hannibal \& St. Joseph.}
(For the year ending December \(\mathbf{3} 1,1880\).)
The surplns of \(\$ 336,549\) shown by the income acconnt of 1880 was disposed of as follows:
Balance of income account........................................................ \(\$ 336,549\) Expenditures on construeti
Increase in cash on hand..
Increase in supplies........ Increase in supplies. Increase in hills receivable 131,441
\(\qquad\)
Total...
bilis payable.
121,491
12,391
\(\begin{array}{r}5,647 \\ 110,706 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
Less decrease-
In agents' balances, \&
............. ......... \(\$ 34,69\)
In land bonds own ............................ 15,000
\(n\) balances of current accounts, \&c....... 25,503-75,127
Balance.. \(\overline{\$ 336,549} \overline{\$ 336,549}\)
The report of Mr. Wm. Dowd, the President, says that there is no floating debt. The item of accounts payable in the general balance sheet representing only the pay-rolls and vouchers for December, not payable until January, 1881, and fully covered by cash and a a ailable assets. The item of bills payable consists entirely of the unmatured notes due the Michigan Car Company, referred to in reports for former years.

During the year 28 miles of track have been laid with steel, making an aggregate of 205 miles of steel rail track. A large amount of work has been done on the equipment in the way of re-building and improving it, in addition to keeping the cnrrent
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline repairs up-all of which has been charged to operating & Lictbilitler- & \[
1878 .
\] & \[
187
\] & \[
1880 .
\] \\
\hline expenses. One hnndred new coal cars, having a capacity of 20 & Stock, common & 9,168,700 & 9,168.700 & 9,168,700 \\
\hline tons load, have also been built, and 100 additional grain cars of & Stock, preferre & 5,083,024 & 5,083,02.4 & 5,083,024 \\
\hline 33 feet in length are in process of construction. The payments & Funded debt (see Surplement) .. & 8,700,000 & 8,633,000 & 8,633,000 \\
\hline on the subscription for the bonds of the St. Louls Keokuk \& & Bnrs aud accounts payahle & 154,483 & \({ }_{156,714}\) & 133,227
334,030 \\
\hline Northwestern Railway, referred to in last report, are completed, & Int. on land gr't bonds held by Co. & 24,496 & & \\
\hline and we have received the bonds to the amount of \(\$ 35,500\), which & Bulanee froin revenue aecount ... & 120,356 & 153,85. & 336,549 \\
\hline appear on the balance sheet at their cost. The land sales show & Gioner & 6,617 & 2,630 & 156,340 \\
\hline ry favorably; an active demand for lands co & Total liabilitice & 23,570,288 & 3,441,856 & 23,844,870 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The eash receipts for the year have been:
From freo lands.

\section*{ds......}
\(\$ 74,143\)
28,050
The expenses of the department, including taxes and exclusive of payments on principal and interest of bonds have been:
On freolands.
\(\$ 14,202\)
27,200
Net ineome from lands
\(\qquad\) 41,402
\(\$ 300,791\)
From these receipts, \(\$ 63,610\) has been paid into the company's treasury, and appears among the receipts in the income account. From the balance the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company has paid the interest on the land grant bonds, and \(\$ 200,000\) have been drawn in accordance with the provisions of the trust, leaving only \(\$ 307,000\) ontstanding.
The sales of 1880 as compared with those of 1879 show an increase of 10,590 acres, and in amount of sales of \(\$ 57,001\), with a decrease in average price per acre from \(\$ 776\) to \(\$ 7\) 37, or 39 cents per acre, while the difference in the average price per acre " received and to be received," from \(\$ 1098\) to \(\$ 934\), shows a falling off of \(\$ 164\) per acre, as sales in 1880 cover a large amount of "unsold lands" on which nothing has heretofore been received.

For the bnsiness of 1881 there must necessarily be a marked falling off in sales, owing to the constantly diminishing amonnt of lands for sale; but receipts, on account of existing contracts and snch sales as may be made, should compare favorably with those of the past year. The snmmary of the land report shows at the end of 188058,051 acres nnsold, 119,502 acres on which contracts are in force, 36,003 acres contracts canceled, and 11,206 acres title dispnted-total, 224,763 acres.

The contracts with the Missouri Pacific Railway Company for the use of the road between St. Joseph and Atchison, together with the terminal facilities at those places, and with the Chicago Rock Island \& Pacific Railway Company for hauling their freight between Cameron and St. Joseph, referred to in last year's report, have been executed and are in force.
The statistics of operations, income, \&c., are compiled for the Chronicle as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1878. & 1879. \\
\hline Total road operated (miles)....... & 292 & 292 \\
\hline Loeourotives..................... & 72 & 78 \\
\hline Passengor, mail and oxpress cars & 46 & 46 \\
\hline Coal aud all other cars & 1,313
360 & 1,313 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{operations ard fiscal resulits.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Operations- & 1878. & 1870. & 1880. \\
\hline Passengers carrled & 257,916 & 282,379 & 324,220 \\
\hline Passengcr mileage & 19,108,676 & 21,545,368 & 19,925,041 \\
\hline Rate per passenger por mile & 2.87 ets. & 2.64 cts. & \(2 \cdot 76\) ets. \\
\hline Frelght (tons) moved & 543,472 & 622,553 & 716,730 \\
\hline Frelght (tons) mlleago & 100,012,716 & 111,987,174 & 120,665,740 \\
\hline Average rate per ton ne & \(1 \cdot 295 \mathrm{ets}\). & 1.007 ets. & 1.214 ets. \\
\hline Earnings- & \$ & \$ & \\
\hline Passenger & 556,887 & 566,876 & 553,839 \\
\hline Frelght & 1,313,482 & 1,247,835 & 1,713,079 \\
\hline Mail, exprese & 175,081 & 182,694 & 294,472 \\
\hline Total aross carnings & 2,045,450 & 1,997,405 & 2,561,390 \\
\hline Operating expenses- & \$ & \$ & 9 \\
\hline Maintenance of way, do. & 313,609 & 262,518 & 274,835 \\
\hline Malntenance of equipuen & 177,428 & 181,684 & 224,478 \\
\hline Tranaportation expenses & 626,866 & 523,457 & 530,644 \\
\hline General cxpenses & 108,648 & 134,043 & 155,169 \\
\hline Miscellaneous expense & 38,543 & 121,720 & 119,464 \\
\hline Total (including taxes) & 1,265,094 & 1,223,422 & 1,304,590 \\
\hline Net carnings. & 780,356 & 773,983 & 1,256,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

general balance at close of each fiscal tear.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 188 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & \[
\begin{gathered}
1880 . \\
\$
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Rallroad, buildings, equipm't, \&e. & 13,392,427 & 13,575,824 & \\
\hline Land grant bonds held............ & 419,000 & 158,000 & 143,000 \\
\hline Stocks, bouls, \&c., for in vesturnt & 18,800 & 29,655 & 35,727 \\
\hline B11s and aceounts recelvahle & 83.185 & 194,084 & 146,270 \\
\hline Cash on liaud. & 2, & & \\
\hline Diseount, \&c., on hond & 198, & 226,845 & 535,602 \\
\hline preciation of equipu & 6,497,640 & 6.497 & ,497,640 \\
\hline land departn & 2,555,342 & 2,555,3 & \\
\hline miseellaneous ltems .............. & 323,557 & 124,425 & 117,615 \\
\hline Tota & 23,570,288 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1880.
\(\qquad\)
49
, 226
1,226be
Th
its its, with its other Sonthern connections, will largely increase its general business, and add to the traflic of our own road."

\section*{Louisiana \& Missouri River Railroad.}
(For the year ending Dec. 31, 1880.)
The directors have made a report for the year 1880, from which the following is condensed.
The length of the road is \(1009-10\) miles, viz: main line between Louisiana and Mexico, 50 9-10 miles; Sonth Branch, between Mexico and Cedar City, 50 miles.
The eapital stock is (eommon). \(\qquad\) \$2,272,700
Do (preferred)
LiAnILITIES.
Guaranteed Preferred Stock and Bonds
Guaranteed preferred stoek into whleh first mortgage bonds First been converted.
First mortgage bonds maturing Aug. 1,1900 , which the company is obllged to pay
\(\$ 330,000\)

The annnal interest upon the guaranteed preferred stock and first and second mortgage bonds is \(\$ 138,250\), and the minimnm rental guaranteed by the Chicago \& Alton Railroad Conpany is \(\$ 138,370\).
Note to
advanced company alton Rallroad Company, for money

Note to the Clueago \& Alton Railroad Company, in
settlement of claim for daruages for non-comple
If sufficient for that purpose......................... \(\$ 200,000\)
Less payment, as of date of note....................... 65,000
Interest on same from March 14,1878, Doe. 31,1880
Interest on same from Marel 14, 1878, to Dee. 31, 1880,
with annual rests, as per stlpulation eontained in note...
135,000

\section*{Total.}
\(\$ 176,187\)

Total............................. ................................ \(\$ 374,065\)
In addition to the above liabilities, the first mortgage bonds of the company, to the amonnt of \(\$ 440,000\), are outstanding, on which the Chicago \& Alton Railroad Company has agreed to pay the semi-annual interest as it accrues, and the principal, upon the maturity of the bonds. So far as known, the company has no other liabilities.
On the 1st day of Angnst, 1870, the road of your company was leased to the Chicago \& Alton Railroad Company, in perpetnity, reserving an annual rent of 36 per cent of the gross earnings, after deducting taxes and assessments, with the stipulation, on the part of the Chicago \& Alton Railroad Company.
that the minimum rental should never be less than \(\$ 1,370\) per mile per annum.

The gross earnings of the road for the year ending December 31,1880 , were as follows:
Main lino betwcen Louisiana aud Mexico, \(509-10\) milez
Sonth 3 ranch, hefween Mcxico and Cedar City, 50 mile
Less tnxes.
Leaving the sum of
. \(\$ 15\) 6,900 rour coupany for the yenr ending lee 21 , went due expended in the payment of interest and dividends on guaranteed preferred stock, \&c.
The future rental will be applicable:
First-To the payment of interest accruing after 1850 upon 1,f75 bonds (or guaranteed preferred stock into which such bonds have been converted) until the principal of fifty-nine of said bonds issued in excess of \(\$ 16,000\) per mile of completed road s'all be paid by your company, and then upon the residue of said stock and koads, and also to the payment of int irest accruing after 1850 upon 300 second mortgage bonds. as the interest on said stock and bonds, respe tively, becomes due and payable.

Second-To the payment of office rent, salary of transfer agents and secretary, and other necessary expenses of compauy.
Third-To the payment of the indebtedness of your company to the Chicago \& Alton Railroad Company

Fourth-To the rayment of the principal of fifty-nine first mortgage bonds, being the excess over \(\$ 16,000\) per mile of completed road which your company is under obligation to pay and discharge before payment of dividends.

After making these payments, any overplus of rental will be applicable to the payment of dividends upon the preferred and then apon the common stock.

The gross earnings of the road for the last five years have been as follows:
For the year \({ }_{6}^{1876 . .}\)
\(1876 .\).
\(1877 \ldots\)
1878.
1879.
\$213,860 213,389
317,756
3

New Central Coal Company of Maryland. (For the year ending December 31, 1880.)
The annual report for 1880 has the following:
coal mined in 1880
From-
Koontz Mine.
Big Vein Mine...
Midicthian Mine
Tetal.
Mined in \(18 \% 9\).
Increase.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Coal mbued in- & Tons. & Coal mined in- \\
\hline 1878. & 304,188•19 & 1878. \\
\hline 1873 & 285,135.09 & 187?. \\
\hline 1874 & 243,186.05 & 1886 \\
\hline 1875 & 258,851 01 & \\
\hline 1876 & 240,233.02 & Total. \\
\hline 18.7. & 345,177-15 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

STATEMENT OE PROFITS FOR the year ending deo. \(31,1880\). Dec. 31, 1850-Balance to credit of coal acconnt. Less freights and tax ses due.......

...................... i8, \(8,938-\)
Deduct amcunt paid for railroad and canal freights and tolis, mining, office and shipplng expenses, salaries and interest.

Net carnings for the ycar.
Balance to eredit of profit and loss, Dec. 31, 1379. Amonnts clarged against protit and loss during the year 1880

Tons.
\(138,407 \cdot 12\) \(138,407 \cdot 12\)
\(113,092 \cdot 14\) \(113,032 \cdot 12\)
\(98,804 \cdot 12\) 350,305.08 332,739.00 17,56603 \(\xrightarrow{\text { Tons. }}\) \(352,847 \cdot 14\)
\(332,739 \cdot 00\) \(332,739 \cdot 00\)
\(350,305 \cdot 03\) 712,664-08 \$1,478,305 \(\overline{81,512,386}\) 1,421,868 \(\$ 30,517\) \(\$ 214,515\)
\(\qquad\)
90,517
\(\$ 289,537\) \(\$ 5,000,000\) 87,337



Carch on hand.
Bills reccivable.
Coal on hend.
\(\begin{array}{r}54,425 \\ 2,365 \\ 34,030 \\ 205,428 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
\$5,376,875

\section*{GENERAL INVESTIMENT NEWS}

Baltimore \& Ohio-Delaware Western.-It is reported, quite positively, that the officials of the Baltimore \& Ohio Raiiroad are engaged in maturing some, plan whereby independent communication between Baltimore and New York will be established. The great object of the Baltimore \& Ohio is to get a terminus for freight business at New York. In Wilmington, Del., it is reported that Colonel McComb has contracted to deliver 4,500 of the Delaware Western shares to Mr. Garrett, who agrees, in return, that his road will build the line to Philadelphia and Baltimore.
Central Iowa.--The earnings and expenses for the years 1880 and 1879 were as follows :

Gross earnings.
Expenes
Expeners.
Net earnings.
1830.

All expenditnres were charged to operating crpenses as above, which included last year the sum of \(\$ 156,969\) for renewals and improvement of roadway and \(\$ 135,262\) for construction and equipment. The company has no lloating debt.

Chicago Pekin \& Srutlwestern.-At Chicago, Marcl 17 Judge Drummond, in the United States District Court, ordered this railroad company to pay the principal and interest due the second mortgage bondholders within ten days, or the road will be sold.
Dayton \& Miclirgan. - A meeting of stockholders of the Dayton \& Michigan Railroad was held at Toiedo, March 15, at which they voted to issue the mortgage bonds of the company to the amount of \(\$ 2,728,000\), to redeem the outstanding bonds of the company. The new bonds will be 5 per cent, thirty years' issue, and will be intended for use in taking up the various obligations of the company as they fall due.
Des Moines \& Fort Dodge.-The stockholders have roted to exiend this road from Fort Dodge, Iowa, northward. The location of the extension is intrusted to the board of directors. The company also roted to authorize the execution of a mortgage and the iscue of bonds on the extension to an amount not to exceed \(\$ 15,000\) per mile.
Elizabeth (N. J.) City. - The bill introduced by Assemblyman Parrott, in the New Jersey Legislature, concerning the settlement of the debt of the city of Elizabeth, has passed the Senate, and in a few days will probably be a law. It provides that the common Council may, by a three-fourths vote, declare tliat the city is unable to pay its debt, and an arrangement may then be made with the creditors. Bonds may be issued in accordance with the agreement to the amount of the total indebtedness or less. The Council, by a three-fourths vote, may provide that the bonds shall bear such rate of interest and fall due at the old on such terms as the Council shall order. The interest on the new bonds shall be raised before that on any other bonds and shall be applied only to the extinguishment of this new form of the debt. The Couucil may make arrangements with a broker or syndicate for the transaction of the necessary business in refnnding the debt, and pay a commission therefore.
Galveston Houston \& Henderson.-It is reported that Jay Gould has secured control of this road, and that he intends to enlarge its terminal facilities and build a large wharf at Galves-ton.-Railroad Gazette.
Gulf Colorado \& Santa Fe.-This company makes the following report including the operations for the five months ending December 31, 1880 : Line of road, Galveston to Rogers, Texas, 205 miles. Chartered May 28, 1573, construction commenced in May, 1875, and road completed to Areola near the close of 1877, and to Richmond near the close of 1878.
The company is entitled to the State land grant of sixteen sections of land (of 640 acres each) for each mile of road built and equipped. The road was sold and reorganized April 15, 1879, and in the July following the temporary bridge over the Brazos River was replaced by a permanent iron structure, costing over \(\$ 45,000\); and from this tiule the extension of the line was rapidly advanced.
On August 1, 1880, the company leased from the I. \& G. N. R.R. Co. the right of running its trains over that portion of the Columbia Division between Arcola and Houston, a distance of nineteen miles, and on same date opened for traffic its line from Galveston to Brenham, a distance of 126 miles, and connecting there with the Western Division of the Houston \& Texas Central Railway. On December 9, the line was opened to Rogers, a distance of 205 miles from Galveston, its southern terminus. The company is rapidly extending its line, and in February, 1881, reached Belton, in Bell County, 226 miles from Galveston.
The rolling stock at present consists of : Locomotive engines, 15 ; passenger cars, 8 ; baggage, mail and express cars, 4 ; bos freight cars, 155 ; platform freight cars, 235; stock cars, 28 ; wood cars, 10 ; service cars, 8 ;--total cars, 448.
The fiscal year ends 31 st of July each year.
Included in freight were 187,720 bales of cotton, of 500 pounds to each bale:
earnings and expenses for five montils endina dec. 31.
Passengers............


\footnotetext{
Semi-annual interest on first mort. honds duc Jaugs, 52 p. c.. \(\$ 151,187\) general nalince on decenber 31, 1880. Dr.
Capital stock ............ \(\$ 1,450,000\) Funded debt, frst incti. \(2,456,000\) Connect'r rads. Preight d parsenger ballances. Vozehers \& pay-rolls of Durvent accoin Curtent accomints

76,112 128.823 \(\begin{array}{r}367,229 \\ 151,187 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
\$1,629,352 Cost of rond............. \(\$ 3,742.803\) ceal cstate de huilding. Construction telegraph. R06,269
raterials and fael on reel on Currentaccounts \begin{tabular}{llr} 
Cash in hands of Treas- & 193,305 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} user... 126,759 \$4,629,3z2
}

Mr. George Sealy is the President, at Galveston, Texas.

Indiana Bloontitston \& Western.-'Clis company las absorbed by consoidation the two companies formed to huild a line of railroad betweon Indianapolis and Spring field. One of these companies was cliartered under the laws of Ohio as the Ohio \& Indiana State Line, and the other under the laws of Indiana as the Indiana \& Obio State Line. The line is nnder construction, and when eompleted will connect the Indiana Bloomington \& Western Road with the Cincinnati Sandusky \& Cloveland Road, whlch has been leased perpetyally to the former company. One braneh of the leased line extends from Sormer company. One braneh of but the main line extends to Sandusky, on Lake Erie. The Indiana Bloomington \& Western Company will then control a through line from Peoria, Ill., to Columbins and Sandnsky, Ohio, a nearly direct east and west line about 550 miles long. \(-N\). Y. Tribune.
Misslsqitoi \& Clyde River.-This old railroad has been reorganized by the mortgage bondholders under the name of the Newport \& lichmond. The road extends from Newport, Vt., to the Canadian line, twenty miles, and forms the connection between the Passnmpsic and Southeastern railroads.

Nashville Clattanoga \& St. Louis.-This enmpany makes the following statement for Febrnary and the cight months of its fiscal year, from July 1 to Feb. 23.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Gross & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Febmeary. } \\
\$ 190,9666 \\
\hline 09,312
\end{gathered}
\] & Eyght months. \(\begin{array}{r}\$ 1,393.759 \\ 857,743 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \\
\hline Nct enrnings & \$91,553 & \$536,008 \\
\hline Intorest and taxe & 30,801 & 313,616 \\
\hline Surplus & \$51,662 & \$222,582 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline Excess of expen & & \$34,70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Northeru Pacifc-Oregon Railway \& Navigation Com-} Dany.--The New York limes gives a more eefnite report of the relations of these companies than had previously been pablished. The Times says: "The control of the Northern Pacific Railroad has passed into the hards of a syndicate at the head of which is Henry Villard, of New York, the President of the Oregon Railway \& Navigation Company, which prior to the purchase, was likely to be injured by certain con templated extensions of the Northern Pacific. Mr. Villard's company owns and operates a line of railroad along the south side of the Columbia hiver, from the mouth of the Snake River to Portland." * * * "Mr. Villard's plans were stated to prominent railway men, and \(n p\) wards of \(\$ 10,000,000\) were placed at his disposal. Thus supported, he went into Wall Street about a month ago, and by goor management was able to purchase \(\$ 25,000,000\) of Northern Pacific securities without exciting the market. Of the stock acquired about three-quarters was common, for which he paid an average of 33 ; for the remainder, in preferred, the average was 69. Prominent in thesyndicate sustaining Mr. Villard are George M. Pullman, of Chicazo, and William Endicott, Jr., of Boston. Well krown New York men are also heavily interested, but their names are withlyeld. It is anthoritatively stated, however, that Jay Gould, William II. Vanderbilt and Russell Sage have no connection with the syndicate. For the present there will be no changes in the manage ment of the Northern Pacific. The annual meeting for the election of directors and other officials ocenrs in September, when it is probable the syndicate will show its liand for the first time. Frederick Billings of Vermont, who, as the holder of \(\$ 6,000,000\) of securities, las been heretofore the largest stockholder of the road, will then likely retire from the Presidency, his health boing poor. There may be a clash as to his sucressor, but the ment.
The anthorized stock of the company, common and preferred, was \(\$ 100,000,000\), and by the last annnal report there was ontstanding Jnne \(30,1830, \$ 49,000,000\) common, and \(\$ 43,412,645\) of preferred, of which the company held in its treasury
\(\$ 4,111,830\). 4,111,830
Philadelphia \& Reading.-On Saturday, March 12, the Court of Common Pleas in Philadelphia made a decree with reference to the Reading election to be held on the 14th.: The order of the Court was made at some length, and the following were the most important parts:
Thnt Georgo M. Dallas, Esa., having been agreod upon by all the parties, 18 nppointed Naster, and is airected at the timo and phace appointed for the meoting of tho stockholders of tho Philadelphla \& aid meeting to order, and preslde thereat during its sesslon.
direction of the olection shall tion procead, under the suniervision and a Treasurer and a scorotary of the said rallroad company, At guel gers, tion tho judges shali reeelvo and count the votps of alistockholders duly registered as such nt the thme of the election, but a separate count shal
ho kept of the votes of such stoskholders as slail have Lecu registered for kept of the votes of such sto kiholders as slath linve becu registered Tho Master and tho fyd Mis of the therto.
Court tho proccodlugs of the meoting and tho septer to report to tho votes, as hereluheforo directed to be taken, and thoy нhal and report to the Court the whole numbor of stockiolders mplearing upon the registry hooks of tho sald company upon the day of tho said mectlig, and the Court will thercupon declare tho resnlt of the said pro-

Mr. Gowen acted promptly when the decision of the Conrt was made known on Saturday. Ho wrote an address to his friends advising them to refrain from attending the meeting and thus render it null and void under the provision of the charter relating to special meetings. The following was his

 iho comphny, ownlug 339.300 wharpg of thin capital thek, helug vory ponsldcrubly more than a malnify of all tho nhares; and I nus ingrruted to niso these proxios, and a mumbre of adultionai oucs whell i whil be in
 a ingo numher of sharoliolders who havo not glven proxice, lint who usnaily attend in gorson the mepthigs of tho company. inm alao
 aented, to take alishel action, 祭al or otherwiso, for mad 10 hohalf of his sharaholiders nand Dondhoiders of tho company ns may, in iny jndzOf tho shares for which I hold prox les, an large a proportion, however imy possilily jo diafranchsed liy fuimm to register that if a lemal meeting of tho stoekholders is holionamaday next, and it shonld subsequenily io detcrmined by tho Comrt mint hirco monting prior registry is ussenfal to confor ho min ring, imay bo possiblo that rino winhen of the groat majorily or bona yite sial homers may lo ovormicu by a minority, whosocectio the roaperliy of the coupan grave appreher Believing most sincorely that tho elecilon of the licket suhmitted by tho agents of Messis. McCaimont Brothers \& Co. would ve most disastrans to the company, mad that my dnty 10 the jargo majority of shareinolders who hive flven to we und to tho present manugors sneh
gonerons and oordiai support requires me to tnko all properfegal stomat to protect their property from the attheks now belins inade y pon it, and heligg adrlsed by counec, Whose written ophinion is herowith suhmittort, of valne of nil slinreholders is ropresentel, 1 havo determined to nusiain from attending the meetlog, and I earnestly request all shara holders who suiport tho presont management to ahacnt themsoives fron tho mecthig on Monday, and thas to glvo legal effect to thef wishes by minkig It inilossibie for the minoilty to sceuro the attendance of hquormi
Tho amual report for tho past year will ho pilated and matied to each shanciolder withna acw days, and fropose at an carly clay to appear holders mid hondiolders as may deslre to nttend all the detnils for the plinf for tive fluancial rolie? of tho conpany whinch was beling carried out with mell romarknilo snecess ap in tho perlod at which tho further action of tho Board was temporarily restraincd hy hhe order of the Cont, mado upon the npplication of the agents of Messra. MeCaimont
Frothers \& Cunkli B. Gowen.
The meeting was held, and the McCalment shares were voted for the following ticket: For President, Frank S. Bond; for Managers, George F. Tyler, Samnel R. Shipley, John S. Nevebold, Hidward T. Steel, Charles Parislt, John Lowber Welsh; for Treasurer, Samuel Bradford; for Secretary, Edgar T. Kinsley.
A letter from Mr. Gowen to the Chairman was read, in which he eaid:
I havo in my possession up to this morning proxles of 1,088 shareholders, represcutiog 372,953 shares of tho plilladelphit d leading Rnilrozd Company, constitnting a clear majority of all lie bona-fide
stocklolders of silit company. As no deciaion has Leen announcor uy tho Court nipon the quesillon of the effect of tho now registry, and fearinnuthe of n la:go unnber of slarea represcuted by me might enabica minority of the siareholders to cject a ticket opposcd to tho mishes and policy of a very large majority, I have determined to rmin no hisk of anch result, and therefore will abstain from nttending the mecting at when Yout havo becn called upon to preside, believing that in this way I can. In n perfectly proper and legal mamier, give effect to the \(r\)
a very largo majority of the sharcholdors of the company.
The jndges appointed by the Court of Common Pleas to conduct the Reading Railroad election completed their compilation and classification of the vote. The admitted stock amounted tn 211,095 shares, of which the judges approved 203,375 shares. These, witl two or three esceptions, were cast for the Bond ticket. The total stock reported by the judges as being held for less than three months amounts to 2,790 shares. The details of the rote were reported to the Master by the judges and will be incorporated by the Master in his report to the Conrt.

Tolcdo Delphos \& Burlington-Dayton \& Sonthenstern.The directors of the Toledo Delphos \& Burlington RR. have ratified the recent consolidation of this and the Dayton \& Southeastern, also a narrow gauge. This consolidation gives the Toledo Delphos \& Bnrlington 125 miles more of road.
Western Union Telegrapli-Mr. Ilatch has begnn a new suit in the Superior Court. Judge Speir, in Chambers of the Superior Conrt, granted a temporary injunction on the application of Mr. Hatcls.
-The following communication from the Union Trnst Company was sent to the Stock Exchange:
Donald Mrackay, Esq., Presidevt New York Stock Exchange
Drar sir: Weare naviscduy comisol that the injunction in the mater any stock except snch as resnlts from transfer froum ono derivenng to another of stock of tho Western UImion Company alread fissuod or delizcrud. We aro thereforo prevented at present froin declivering Weatern Uniou stock or certifteates of Indelitediles3 in exeliange for stock of the Atlnutic \& Paotic or Amerlcan Unions Telograph oompanies. In order to provent inconvenlenco to those paittes Who have deposited atoek of
either tio Atlantio \& Pacific or American Unlou vompailes witli us for exchange into Weatern Unlon stook, which exohange, by renson of tho injunction, we have not been able to completo, we aro prepared to returo stock so deposited to partics desiring it. and for such purposo will caneel
in ench cascs the assignneat exocuted to tho Westeru Uniou Telcgraph in Ench eascs the assignment exocuted to the Westeru Uniou Telcgraph
Company. Yours, respectfully,

The following additional notice was posted in the Exchange yesterday :
The Unlon Trust Company will transfor any stook of the Weatern for stoel of any other conipany-Atlantlo di Paefic or American Unfon.
-The arbitrators appointed to value the plant of the American Union Telegraph Company awarded the Central Constrne tion Company \(\$ 10,000,000\) in stock aud \(\$ 5,000,000\) in bonds About one-half of this was paid previous to the consolidation. Subsequently, the Western Union Company issued its new stock for the balance, and the Central Constraction Company divided it up annong its stockholders, who are identical with the principal stockholders of the Anerican Union Company.

\section*{the Commxexial Ajuxes.}

\section*{UOMMEROIAL EPITOME.}

Friday Night, March 18, 1881.
There are no features of great importance to note with reference to the course of trade the past week. Spring comes on apace, and with it the phases of business pecnliar to it. Some sorts of merchandise are reported active, especially those suited to the wants of the South; bnt at the West mercantile affairs are dull. There Winter has still lingered and made its presence felt in snow storms, which bave continned to obstruct railway transportation, delayed farm work and kept the roads in an almost impassable condition. In the North and Northeast the opening of inland navigation is still only partial.
The provision market has been less active for the last day or so, bnt valnes were not materially effected until to-day, when irregnlar advices from Chicago imparted an nnsettled feeling. Old mess pork quoted on the spot \(\$ 1525 @ \$ 1550\); new, \(\$ 1625\) @\$16 50; March contracts quoted \(\$ 1640\) asked; April, \(\$ 16\) asked; May, \(\$ 1610 @ \$ 1625\) bid and asked. Bacon qniet at \(83 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). for long and 9c. for short clear; half-and-half, \(83 / 4 \mathrm{c}\).; do. in the West, \(81 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). Cutmeats were dnll and essentially unchanged. Beef hams sold at \(\$ 2250 @ \$ 23\). Beef in some demand at \(\$ 20 @ \$ 22\) for city extra India mess ; extra mess, \(\$ 11\) mess, \(\$ 950 @ \$ 10\). Lard was about steady, thongh less active; prime western sold on the spot at 11.10 c . and choice at \(11.12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\).; March options realized 11•10c,; April, 11.071/2@11•10c ; May, 11•10@11•15c.; June, 11•15@11•20c.; July, \(11 \cdot 20 \mathrm{c}\).; seller year \(10.55 @ 10.571 / 2 \mathrm{c}\).; refined to the Continent, 11.30 c . Bntter was qniet and unchanged. Cheese is about steady at 12@131/4c. for prime to fancy factory. Eggs qnoted at 21@21/2c. for nearby fresh. Tallow fairly active at \(6^{1} 4 @ 63 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). The following is a comparative summary of aggregate exports from November 1 to March 12:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1880-81 & 1879-896 & Tnerease. \\
\hline Pork. & 27,277,000 & 21.596,400 & \\
\hline Lard. & 163,949,061 & 127,949,564 & 35,999,497 \\
\hline Tota & 561,698, & 453,524, & 108,174, \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Rio coffee has sold fairly at an advance, bnt for a day or two has been quiet, with some signs of weaknesss, closing qniet and nominal. Mild grades have been active at steady prices; the sales have embraced about 10,000 bags Maracaibo, 13,527 bags Lagnayra, 4,000 bags Costa Rica and 9,000 mats Java, closing qniet for all descriptions, however. Rice has been fairly active at the quotations of last week. In refining molasses transactions to a considerable amonnt are reported, and as the stock here is now small the market is firm at 31@32c. for 50 degrees test; grocery grades are quiet for both foreign and domestic at nnchanged prices. Tea at the last anction sale bronght steady prices for green and rather higher figures for Japan, while Amoy oolong was easier; the regular market is qniet. Spices have been quiet, with some decline in cloves. Raw sngar was fairly active early in the week, bnt has latterly been very qniet, and, at the recent advance to \(7^{1} / 407 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). for fair to good refining, the market closes dull.

-Refined sugar has been quiet and depressed in valne latterly; the closing quotations for hard sngars are \(91 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). for crushed and cnt loaf ; 998@9 \(1 / 2\) for powdered and 9 3-16@ \(9^{2} / 4\) for granulated, closing fairly active.
Kentncky tobacco has been in bnt moderate demand and sales for the week are but 650 hhds ., of which 400 for export and 250 for home consnmption. Prices are quite firm, lngs, 5@6c. and leaf 6 \(1 / 2 @ 121 / 2 c\) c. Seed leaf has been less active, and yet a fair amonnt of bnsiness was done. Sales aggregated 1,494 cases, all from the crop of 1879, as follows : 1,150 cases Pennsylvania, 61/2@40c., 200 cases New England, 15@30c.; 44 cases Wisconsin at private terms and 100 cases Ohio, 8@121/2c. Also 750 bales Havana 82c@\$1 20, dnty paid, and 222 bales Yara, 25c. in bond and 65c. dnty paid.

The business in naval stores has latterly been slow, and spirits tnrpentine has declined to 46c. in yard. Strained to good strained rosins, \(\$ 180 @ \$ 185\). Petroleura has continned to decline, owing to a very quiet and mnch lower market abroad. Refined for export qnoted at 8c. Crude certificates closed lower at \(831 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). , bid. Ingot copper in moderate sale at 191/4c. fo Lake. American and Scotch pig irons were fairly sustained thongh the movement is still small. Steel rails very firm and in demand at \(\$ 62 @ \$ 65\). Iron rails quoted \(\$ 48 @ \$ 50\). Old iron rails, \$27@\$2950.

Ocean freight room has been sparingly taken and lower rates have been cnrrent. The tonnage in port is conceded to be large and in excess of present requirements and an unsatisfactory feeling prevails at the moment. The engagements today were grain to Liverpool by steam, 4@4¹4.; bacon, \(25 @\) 27s 6d.; cheese, 27s. 6d@30s.; cotton, 13-64@9-32d.; flour, 2s.3d. per bbl. and 20s. per ton ; grain to Leith by steam, 6d.; do. to Havre by steam, 12@13c.; do to Rotterdam by steam, 6d.; do. to Cork for orders, 4s. 13/2d.@4s. 3d. per quarter; do. to London, 4 s. ; do. to Havre, 4s.; refined petrolenm to Bremen, 2s. 9d.; do. in cases to Java quoted \(30 @ 32 \mathrm{c} .1\)

\section*{OOTON}

Friday, P. M., March 18, 1881.
The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Mar. 18), the total receipts have reached 108,200 bales, against 140,126 bales last week, 133,931 bales the previons week and 138,359 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1 st of September, 1880, 4,918,422 bales, against \(4,394,250\) bales for the same period of \(1879-80\), showing an increase since September 1, 1880, of 524,172 bales.
Galveston
Indianola, \&c New Orleans. Mobile.
Florida..
Brunsw'k, \&c
Charleston
Pt. Royal, \&c. Wilmington Moreh'd C., \&c Norfolk. City Polnt, \&c New York.
Boston
Baltimore
Philadelp'a, \&c.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sat. & Mon. & Tues & Tred. & Thurs & Fri. & Total. \\
\hline 2,920 & 2,819 & 1,019 & 2,144 & 1,836 & 1,707 & 12,445 \\
\hline 5,082 & 12,311 & 9,077 & 1,803 & 6,366 & 7,808 & 42,447 \\
\hline 1,121 & 1,635 & 576 & 353 & 955 & 922 & 5,562 \\
\hline & & & & & 69 & 69 \\
\hline 1,562 & 2,396 & 2,804 & 1,782 & 816 & 826 & 10,186 \\
\hline & & & & & 9 & 8,534 \\
\hline 1,769 & 2,587 & 1,001 & 1,422 & 66 & 1,092
411 & 8,534
411 \\
\hline 220 & 41 & 374 & 66 & 64 & 71 & 836 \\
\hline .... & & & & & 86 & 86 \\
\hline 2,054 & 2,172 & 2,406 & 2,379 & 1,438 & 1,047 & 11,496 \\
\hline & & & & & 2,193 & 2,198 \\
\hline 1,392 & 376 & 479 & 1,961 & 1,500 & 595 & 6,303 \\
\hline 884 & 669 & 906 & 883 & 637 & 317 & 4,296 \\
\hline 249 & & & 225 & 461 & & 935 \\
\hline 3 & 276 & 522 & 174 & 164 & 1,082 & 2,221 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Totals this weel
For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1880, and the stocks to-night and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Reccipts to \\
March 18.
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{188 u 81.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1879-80.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{stock.} \\
\hline & This Treek. & \[
\begin{array}{|}
\text { Since Sep. } \\
1,1880 .
\end{array}
\] & This Week. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Since Sep. } \\
1,1579 .
\end{gathered}
\] & 1881. & 1880. \\
\hline Gidvesto & 12,445 & 575̄,396 & 4,382 & 426,341 & 97,029 & 47,686 \\
\hline Indianola, \&c.. & 166 & 14,379 & & 7,445 & & \\
\hline New Orlcaus..... & 42,447 & 1,308,226 & 17,837 & 1,321,066 & 310,986 & 274,057 \\
\hline Nobile. & 5,562 & 319,268 & 3,337 & 331,990 & 46,518 & 54,220 \\
\hline Florlda. & 69 & 19,912 & 39 & 19,484 & 5,086 & \\
\hline Savannah.. & 10,186 & 789,369 & 5,368 & 691,942 & 68,713 & 41,559 \\
\hline Brunswick, de. & 9 & 4,830 & & 3,531 & & \\
\hline Charleston ..... & 8,534 & 563,718 & 2,491 & 420,:53 & 52,125 & 31,531 \\
\hline Port Royal, \&c. & 411 & 43,226 & 98 & 29,223 & 850 & 2,271 \\
\hline Wilmington.... & 836 & 111,540 & 284 & 73,598 & 5,041 & 4,583 \\
\hline M'head City, \&c & 86 & 26,606 & 279 & 25,365 & & \\
\hline Norfolk..... & 11,496 & 618,592 & 8,196 & 496,616 & 21,004 & 32,272 \\
\hline City Point, \&c. & 2,198 & 191,238 & 1,385 & 146,816 & & 1,412 \\
\hline New York & 6,303 & 111,595 & 3,810 & 165,951 & 214,034 & 282,441 \\
\hline Boston & 4,296 & 123,763 & 1,916 & 182,392 & 9,560 & 13,131 \\
\hline Baltimore & 935 & 22,738 & 101 & 15,049 & 9,733 & 17,751 \\
\hline Philadelphia, \&c. & 2,221 & 38,521 & 74 & 34,283 & 15,781 & 16,647 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total..
\(\overline{108,200} \overline{4,918,422} \overline{49,611} \overline{4,394,250} \overline{856,480} \frac{10,019,561}{8, ~}\)
In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.
\begin{tabular}{l|r|r|r|r|r|r}
\hline Receipts at- & 1881. & 1880. & 1879. & 1878. & 1877. & 1876. \\
\hline Galvest'n,\&ce. & 12,611 & 4,396 & 4,237 & 6,092 & 3,476 & 5,636 \\
New Orleans. & 42,447 & 17,837 & 19,521 & 25,336 & 10,720 & 28,749 \\
Moble...... & 5,562 & 3,337 & 4,632 & 8,063 & 3,475 & 4,966 \\
Savannah... & 10,186 & 5,368 & 4,486 & 9,251 & 3,211 & 3,230 \\
Charl'st'n, \&c & 8,945 & 2,589 & 3,668 & 5,430 & 2,032 & 2,929 \\
Wilm'gt'n, \&c & 922 & 563 & 1,144 & 3,166 & 932 & 1,106 \\
Norfolk, \&c. & 13,694 & 9,581 & 7,618 & 7,520 & 5,123 & 8,093 \\
All others.... & 13,833 & \(5,9 \pm 0\) & 14,816 & 10,365 & 3,397 & 8,224 \\
Tot. this w'k. & 108,200 & 49,611 & 60,202 & 75,723 & 32,366 & 62,933
\end{tabular}

Since Sept. 1. \(\overline{4918,422} \overline{4394,250} \overline{4058.522} \overline{3827,988} \overline{3700.652} \overline{3697,764}\) Galveston includes 1ndianola; Charleston includes Port Royal, \&c.; Wilmingtonincludes Morehead city, \&c.; Norfolk ineludes City Point, \&a The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 135,554 bales, of which 73,549 were to Great Britain, 12,000 to France and 50,005 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made np this evening are now 856,430 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September, 1, 1880.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Exports from-} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Week Ending March 18. Exported to-} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{From Sept. 1, 1880, to Mar. 18, 1881. Exported to -} \\
\hline & Great Brit'n. & France & Continent. & \begin{tabular}{l}
Total \\
Week.
\end{tabular} & Great Britain. & France & ContL nent. & Total. \\
\hline Galveston & 8,093 & 1.199 & 4,954 & 14,245 & 229,588 & 37,201 & 73,589 & S10,478 \\
\hline New Orleans. . & \$5,515 & 6,104 & 19,929 & 61,348 & 653,247 & 241,146 & 221,923 & 1,110,316 \\
\hline Mobile. & & S,612 & 1,650 & 5,262 & 56,934 & 17,088 & 7,419 & \$1,441 \\
\hline Florlda & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Savannal & & & 10,6SO & 10,680 & 181,061 & S5, 481 & 218,955 & 4S6,097 \\
\hline Charleston*. & & & 11,268 & 11,263 & 178.650 & 50,502 & 165,751 & S94,798 \\
\hline Wlimingto & & & & & 55,521 & 1,444 & 11,282 & 68,187 \\
\hline Norfolk & 9,857 & & & 9,857 & 274.142 & 2,850 & 1,812 & 278,804 \\
\hline New York & 10,948 & 1,085 & -1,479 & 15,512 & 239,502 & 27,528 & 50,488 & \$17,008 \\
\hline Boston & 4,839 & & & 4.838 & 65,981 & & & 65,381 \\
\hline Baltimore. & S,988 & & 100 & 4,098 & 75,585 & & 15,434 & 91,019 \\
\hline Philadelp'a,*c & 500 & & & 500 & 35,884 & & 10 & 35,956 \\
\hline Tota & 73,549 & 12,000 & 50,005 & 155,551 & 2,046,155 & 41S,130 & 769,695 & 3,228,980 \\
\hline Total 1870-80 & 68,231 & 4.735 & 27,420 & 08,387 & 1,800,002 & 291,453 & 667,511 & 2,708,809 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Includes exports from Port Royal, \&c.

In addition to above exports，nur telegrams to－night also give us the following amounts of cotton on ehipboard，not cleared，at the ports named．We add similar figures for new York，which are prepared for our special use by Messrs．Carey，Yale \＆ Lambert， 60 Beaver Street．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Marcli 18，AT－} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{On Shipboard，not cleared－for} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Leaving Stock．} \\
\hline & Great Brittatn． & France． & Other Forcign & Corest－ vise． & Tolal． & \\
\hline Now Orlea Mobllo．． & & ．Not re
4,700 & colved． & 1，000 & 19，000 & 27.518 \\
\hline Moblic．．．． & 13，300 & 4，450 & \(\ddot{5,000}\) & 1，075 & 15.195 & 36，930 \\
\hline Bavannalt． & 5，500 & 3.700 & 21，100 & 600 & 30.900 & 37.813 \\
\hline Galveston & 22，1．12 & None． & 4，470 & 333 & －15，945 & 70.034
199.034 \\
\hline New York & 5,000
10,000 & None．
None． & 5，000
1,000 & No110．
3,000 & 15,000
14.000 & 199.034
53,075 \\
\hline Other porto & 10，00 & Nonc． & 1，010 & & & \\
\hline Total & 62，312 & 11，850 & 36.570 & 5，308 & 121，040 & 424．454 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
＊Inciuded in this amount there are 5，000 baies at presees for forelgu ports the destination of which we cannot learn．
The speculation iu cotton for fnture delivery has been quite active dnring the past week，but at widely varying prices，show－ ing，on the whole，less depression than dnring the previous fort－ night．The greatest decline was on Monday，nnder the news of the assassination of Emperor Alezander of Russia and the appre－ hensions which this crime excited regarding the preservation of order in Europe．This decline was the more notable because it took place in the face of stronger acconnts from Liverpool and the Sontl．The most important advance was on Wednesday，on the belief that adverse inflnences had abont exhausted them－ selves；a demand to cover contracts sprnng np，carrying prices of the summer months，which had been most depressed，abont 5－16c．higher than at the close of Tnesday and to about the closing figures of the previons Friday．Yesterday the market opened lower，advanced briskly in sympathy with Liverpool accounts，but finally closed generally \(8 @ 10\) points lower．To－ day the market was variable，the decline of yesterday being abont recovered at the close．Cotton on the spot was on Mon－ day quoted 3－16c．lower，the reduction leading to more activity for export．Yesterday low grades and stained were again re－ duced 1－16＠1／sc．，and the market was dull．To－day there was more doing for export at firm prices，middling nplands closing at \(103 / 4 \mathrm{c}\) ．
The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 899，100 bales．For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 10,632 bales，including 8,221 for export， 2,294 for consnmption， 117 for speculation，and－in transit．Of the above， 400 bales were to arrive．The following are the official quotations and sales for sach day of the past week．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mar. } 12 \text { to } \\
& \text { March } 18 .
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{UPLANDS．} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{NEW ORLEANS．} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{TEXAS．} \\
\hline & Sat． & On & en & Sat & Mon & Tues & Sat． & Mon． & es \\
\hline Ordin＇y．\％id & & & \({ }^{4}\) & & \(7{ }^{1}{ }_{2}\) & \(71_{2}\) & 71 & & \\
\hline Strict Ord． & 8116 & \(7^{7}{ }^{7}\) & \(7^{7} 7_{6}\) & 8716 & \(81_{4}\) & 814 & 8716 & \(8{ }^{1}\) & 814 \\
\hline Good Ord．． & \({ }^{91}{ }^{16}\) & \(8^{815}{ }_{16}\) & 81616 & \(9^{7} 16\) & \({ }^{91}{ }_{4}\) & \(\mathrm{gr}_{4}\) & \(9^{9} 16\) & \(9^{2} 4\) & \(9^{14}\) \\
\hline Gtr，G＇d Ord & \({ }^{958}\) & \({ }^{97}{ }_{16}\) & \({ }^{9716}\) & 918 \({ }^{916}\) & \({ }^{93}{ }^{\text {a }}\) & \({ }^{98}{ }^{98}\) & \({ }_{1035}{ }^{10} 16\) & 934 & \({ }^{93}{ }^{3}\) \\
\hline Low Midd＇g & \({ }^{100^{4}} 1\) & \(101{ }_{10} 1^{16}\) & \({ }_{101}^{16}\) &  & \({ }_{10716}^{107}\) & \({ }_{107}^{1016}\) & \({ }_{11} 0^{3}\) & \({ }_{10716} 1018\) & \({ }_{107}^{10{ }^{7}{ }^{16}}\) \\
\hline Str．L＇w Mid & \(101^{116}\)
1015 & \(10^{1}{ }^{1}\) & \(10^{1}\) & 1113 & \(10_{11}^{13^{16}}\) & \({ }_{1:}^{1013} 16\) & \({ }_{111}^{11}{ }_{16}\) & \(1_{11}^{1013} 16\) & \(11_{1013}{ }^{18}\) \\
\hline Good Mid & 115 & 11716 & 117 \({ }^{1}\) & \(117^{16}\) & \(1111{ }_{16}\) & 1111 & \(117^{16}\) & 111126 & 111116 \\
\hline Gtr．G＇d Mid & & 11116 & \(111{ }^{\text {d }}\) & 1218 & \(111{ }^{16}\) & \(1115_{1}\) & \(12{ }^{1}\) & \(111{ }^{16}\) & \(1118_{16}\) \\
\hline Mddd＇g Fair & & \(125_{16}\) & & 123 & \(1 \geqslant 9\) & 12916 & 123 & 129 & \(129{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fair．．．．．．．．} & \(13{ }_{4}\) & 131 & 131 & 1312 & \(13^{5}\) & \(13^{5}\) & \(13^{2}\) & 135 & \(13^{5} 16\) \\
\hline & Wed & & 1 & Wed & Th． & Fri． & Wed & n & Frf． \\
\hline & \(7^{71} 4\) & 78 & 7 & \(7{ }^{1}\) & 738 & \(7^{3} 8\) & \(71_{3}\) & 81 & 738 \\
\hline Striet Ord & \({ }^{7} 18\) & \(7{ }^{3}\) & \(7{ }^{4} 4\) & 814 & \(8^{13}\) & \(8^{18}\) & \(81_{4}\) & \(8{ }^{18}\) & \(8^{18}\) \\
\hline Good Ord & \(81{ }^{16}\) & \(8^{18} 16\) & \(813_{16}\) & \(9{ }^{1}\) & \(9^{18}\) & \(9^{18}\) & \(9^{14}\) & \(9^{18}\) & \(9^{18}\) \\
\hline Str．G＇d Or & \(\mathrm{97}_{18}{ }^{16}\) & 9516 & \(9^{96}{ }_{16}{ }^{\text {d }}\) & 98 & \(9{ }^{58}\) & \(9{ }^{95}\) & \({ }_{98} 8_{4}\) & \(9^{58}\) & \(9{ }^{58}\) \\
\hline Low Midd＇g & \(10_{16}^{1}\) & 10 & 10 & \(10^{7}{ }^{16}\) & \(10^{88}\) & \(10^{38}\) & \(10^{7}{ }^{5}\) & \(10^{38}\) & \(10^{38}\) \\
\hline Str．Liw Md & \(10^{4}\) & \(10^{1} 2\) & \(10^{1} 2\) & \(10^{13} 16\) & \(10^{13} 13\) & \(10^{13}{ }_{16}\) & \(11^{13} 16\) & \(10^{13}{ }_{16}\) & \(10^{13} 16\) \\
\hline middin & 1034 & 103 & \(10{ }^{1}\) & \[
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\] & 11 & 11 & \\
\hline Good Mid & \({ }^{117}{ }^{1}{ }^{6}\) & 11716 & \({ }_{11716}\) & 111116 & 111118 & \(1111{ }_{16}\) & 11 & 1111 & \(1111{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline Btr．G＇d Mid & 111116 & 11116 & \(111{ }^{16}\) & 111516 & \(11: 5_{16}\) & \({ }_{111} 11_{16}\) & 1115 & 1116 & \(111{ }^{16} 16\) \\
\hline Midd＇g Fair & \(12{ }_{18} 18\) & 12516 & \(12{ }^{5}{ }^{\text {i }}\) & \({ }^{129}{ }^{16}\) & 129 & \(12{ }^{1}{ }_{16}\) & 129 & 12 & \(129{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline & \(131_{16}\) & 131 & 13116 & 13 & & & 13 & & \(13^{5}\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{BTAINED．} & Sat． & Mon & Tues & Wea & Th． & XI， \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
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8twlet Civod Ordinary． \\
Low Middling． \\
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\end{tabular}}} & & 611 & & 611 & & \\
\hline & & & & 8 & 71316 & 71316 & \({ }^{1316}\) & \({ }^{711} 16\) & \(7_{89}{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline & & & & \(8^{7}{ }_{6}\) & 81116 & 81116 & 81116 & \(8{ }^{9} 16\) & \(8^{9}{ }^{16}\) \\
\hline & & & & \(1{ }^{1} 8\) & \(9^{915}{ }_{16}\) & \({ }^{915}{ }_{18}{ }^{18}\) & \(9^{1516}\) & \(9^{7}{ }_{8}{ }^{6}\) & \(9^{7}{ }^{18}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

MAREET AND SALES．


The dally dellvorlos given above are actually delivered the day pre－ Nous to that ous whed they are reported．

The Sales and Peices of Futures are shown by the follow－ ing somprehensive table．In this statement will be found the daily market，the prices of sales for each month each day，and the closing bids，in addition to the daily and total sales：
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＊Includes \(6 a l e s\) in September for September，621，400：Sept．－Oet．for Oct．， 946,500 ；Sept．－Nov．for November， 762,100 ；Sept．－Dee． 10 D Decem－
ber， \(1,464,500\) ；Sept．－Jan．for January，2．583，900；Sept．－Feb．for Feb－ ruary， \(2,372,700\) ；March for February， 1882,100 at \(10 \cdot 35\) ．
Transforable Orders－Saturday， \(10 \cdot 60\) ；Monday， \(10 \cdot 45\) ；Tuesday， \(10 \cdot 40\) 5 Wednesday， \(10 \cdot 70\) ；Thursday， \(10 \cdot 60\) ；Friday， \(10 \cdot 70\) ．
The following exchanges have been made dnring the week：
\(\cdot 22\) pd．to exch． 100 May for Ang． 09 pd．to exch． 500 Apr．for May． \(\cdot 30\) pd．to exch． 900 Apr ．for Aug． 10 pd ．to exch．1，500 Apr．for Maj．

At the Interior Ports the movement－that is the receipt and shipments for the week，and stocks to－night，and for the corresponding week of 188C－is set out in detail in the following statement：
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Wreek ending Mar. 18, 's1.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Week ending Har. 19, 80.} \\
\hline & Receipts. & Shipm'ts & Stock. & Receipts. & Shipm'ts & Stock. \\
\hline Augusta, & 1,516 & 2.237 & 23,6i1 & 866 & 999 & 13,581 \\
\hline Columbue, & 967 & 1,713 & 16,916 & 474 & 1,138 & 12,938 \\
\hline Macon, Ga... & 252
494 & 870
-25 & 7,246
10,221 & 91
401 & 539 & -2,710 \\
\hline Belma, Ala... & 502 & 376 & 6,326 & 158 & 1,436 & 3,449 \\
\hline Memphie, Te & 14,145 & 14,059 & 87,003 & 5,703 & 10,164 & 103,43. \\
\hline Nashville, Tenn. & 2,175 & 1,033 & 11,747 & 1,426 & 468 & 15,412 \\
\hline Total, old ports.. & 20,351 & 21,015 & 163,070 & 9,119 & 15,553 & 158,417 \\
\hline Dallas, Texas. & 232 & 599 & 2,987 & 134 & 384 & 2,506 \\
\hline Jefferson, Tex. & 599 & 1.306 & 2,727 & 200 & 340 & 10.400 \\
\hline Bhreveport, La.. & 1.856 & 1.925 & 11,443 & 892 & 2.462 & 10,624 \\
\hline Vicksburg, Miss & 4,706 & 5,468 & 6,925 & 1,200 & 2,030 & 4,000
2,000 \\
\hline Columbus, Mies. - & 213 & 1,199
690 & 5,734
2,809 & 189 & 152
780 & 2,000
2,335 \\
\hline Griftin, Ga. & 133 & 276 & 653 & 67 & 63 & 1,241 \\
\hline Atlanta & 1,000 & & 16,171 & 315 & 134 & 10,563 \\
\hline Rome, Ga* & 1,887 & 2,089 & 9,378 & 529 & 502 & 5,837 \\
\hline Chariotte, & 419 & 519 & 700 & 232 & 186 & 1,033 \\
\hline St. Louls, Mi & 12,347 & 6,039 & 53,922 & 4,001 & 6,085 & 71,494 \\
\hline Cinciunati, & 8,004 & 7,966 & 10,796 & 8,837 & 8,976 & 10,697 \\
\hline Total, new ports & 31,937 & 28,976 & 124,244 & 16,736 & 21,674 & 122,630 \\
\hline Total. ali & 59,288 & 49,991 & 237,314 & 25.855 & 37,227 & [2S1,047 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The above total3 show that the old interior stocks have decreased dnring the week 664 bales, and are to-night 4,653 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 11,232 bales more than the same week last year.
This Visible Supply or Cotion, as made np by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, bnt the totals for Great Britain and the atioat for the Continent are this week's retnrns, and conseqnently bronght down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Mar. 18), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1881. & 1980. & 1879. & 1878. \\
\hline deak at Liverpool........bales. & 786,000 & 578,000 & 567,000 & 730,000 \\
\hline Ereoly at London & 51,200 & 29,904 & 62,000 & 9,000 \\
\hline Total Great & 837,200 & 607,904 & 629,000 & 739,000 \\
\hline btock at Havi & 131,000 & 52,700 & 170,000 & 278,000 \\
\hline Ptoole at Marsellles & 5,000 & 2,130 & 2,000 & 5.000 \\
\hline Brook at Barcelons & 25,100 & 27,128 & 42,750 & 26,000 \\
\hline Brook at Hamburg & 5.300 & 3,000 & 4,500 & 7.000 \\
\hline bstonk at Bremen. & 29,400 & 16,620 & 25,500 & 35,750 \\
\hline Drook at Amsterdam & 36,900 & 28,600 & 43,750 & 38.500 \\
\hline Dhoek at Rotterdam & 1,080 & 2,520 & 8.750 & 10.500 \\
\hline stook at Antwerp. & 884 & 420 & 3,750 & 6.500 \\
\hline Wtook at other conti'ntal ports. & 6,700 & 3,541 & 6,000 & 7.750 \\
\hline Total continental & 241,364 & 136,659 & 307,000 & 415,000 \\
\hline Total European stocks. & ,078,564 & 744,563 & 936,000 & 1,154,000 \\
\hline Indis ootton afloat for Europe. & 177,000 & 188,940 & 124,000 & 167,000 \\
\hline Mmar'n cotton afioat for Eur'pe & 650,000 & 538,110 & 692,000 & 601,000 \\
\hline Rgypt, Brazil, do., afit for E'r'po & 21,000 & 22.862 & 16,000 & \(53.00^{0}\) \\
\hline Stocir in United States ports & 856.480 & 817.266 & 579.222 & 667.411 \\
\hline suok in U. S . interior ports... & 163,070 & 158,417 & 90.527 & 37,861 \\
\hline Inled Ste tes exports to-day.. & 10,500 & 11,000 & 7,000 & 13,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total viaible supply.........2,056,614 \(2,461.1642,414,7492.743 .272\)
Of the anove. the totals of Amoriean sud other desoriptions are as follows: Imerican-
Hiverpool stook.
American afloat for Europe....
Onited States stock. ............
Onitod 8tates interior stocks
Onited States interior stocks.
United States exports to-day..
Iotal American
IVast Indian,Brazil, ie....... TVorpool atook
Contirental stocks
Tndia afloat for Europe.
Total East India, de
Total viaible anpl. 599,000
188,000
\(6.0,000\)
850.450
163.070 163.070
10,500

421,000
118,000
538,110
432,000
264,000
692,000
579,222
153,417
11,000

562,000 358,000
601,000 601,006
667.111
87861
87,861
13,000
\(\begin{array}{r}13,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\) 2,239,272 168,000 98,000
57,000 167,000
53,000

Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool
\(6: 7\)
to-night of 495.450 bales as an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 495,450 bales as compared with the same date of 1880 , an increase of 511,865 bales as compared with 1879 and an increase of 213,342 bales as compared with 1878 .

In the preceding visible snpply table we have heretofore only molnded the interior stocks at the seven original interior towns. As we did not have the record of the new interior towns for the tour years, we could not make a comparison in any other way That difficulty no longer exists, and we therefore make the fol lowing comparison, which includes the stock3 at the nineteen towns given weekly in our table of interior stocks instead of only the oid seven towns. We shall continne this double statement for a time, bnt finally shall simply substitute the nineteen oowns for the seven towns in the preceding table.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline American- & 1891. & & & 187 \\
\hline Civerpool stock. ... ......).ales & 599.000 & 421.000 & \[
432,000
\] & 562.000 \\
\hline Amerioañ afloat to & & & & 353,090 \\
\hline Orited 8tates stook & 85\%,430 & 817,266 & 579,222 & 667,411 \\
\hline Tnited statos interior stocks.. & 287,314 & 281,017 & 141,612 & 146,653 \\
\hline dited states exports to-day.. & 10,500 & -11,000 & 7,000 & 13,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



Total visible snpply ........ \(\overline{3,080,838} \overline{2,583,794} \overline{2,495,834} \overline{2,802,061}\)
F- The imports into Continental ports this week have beer 27,000 bales.

These figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to night of 497,064 bales as compared with the same date of 1880 , an increase of 585,024 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1879 and an increase of 278,794 bales as compared with 1878.

Receipts from the Plantations. The following table is prepared for the pnrpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another, at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer concinsion throngh a comparative statement like the following. In reply to freqnent inqniries we will add that these figures, of course, do not inclade overland receipts or Sonthern consnmption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the ont-ports

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.
Week \(\mid\) Receipts at the Ports. \(\mid\) Stock at Interior Ports \(\mid\) Rec'pts from Plant'ns.

Dec. 31 ...









The above statement shows-
1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in 1880 -81 were \(5,172,765\) bales; in \(1879-80\) were \(4,667,996\) bales; in 1878-79 were 4,194,482 bales.
2. That, although the receipts at the ont-ports the past week were 108,300 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 110,497 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 40,662 bales and for 1879 they were 42,396 bales.
Waather Reports by Thlegraph.-The weather the past week has been very rainy in the Atlantic States and in parts of the Gnlf States, interfering decidedly with farm work. In Texas, however, the conditions have continned favorable.

Galveston, Texas.-It has rained hard on one day, and there have been showers on three days the past week. The rainfall reached one inch and eight hnndredths. Farmers have recently been doing well, and there is bnt little complaint. The thermometer has ranged from 56 to 71, averaging 64.

Indianola, Texas.-We have had drizzles on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching bnt eight fnndredths of an inch. Farm work is fairly advanced. Average thermometer 67 , highest 76 and lowest 52 .
Corsicana, Texas.-We have had good showers on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching eighty-eight hnndredths of an inch. Plowing is making good progress. Average thermometer 63, highest 76 and lowest 41.
Dallas, Texas.-It has rained on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty hnndredths. It has rained harder than desired, bnt has not been injarious, as rain was beginning to be needed. Plowing and corn planting continne. Average thermometer 62, highest 76 and lowest 40.
Brenham, Texas.-We have had beneficial showers on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching fifty hnndredths of an inch. The farmers are bnsy, and corn has generally been planted. Average thermometer 66, highest 76 and lowest 45.

Waco, Texas.-We have had good showers on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching forty hnndredths of an inch. Farm work is well up. Average thermometer \(66_{2}\) highest 76 and lowest 40.

New Orleans, Louisiana.-Telegram net received.
Shreveport, Louisiana.-The weather dnring the past week has been cloudy, with some rain, the rainfall being seventy-six hnndredths of an inch. The roads are in a bad condition. Average thermometer 56 , highest 69 , lowest 44.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.-It has rained on three days the past week.

Columbus, Mississippi.-It has rained on four days the
past weck, the rainfall reaching fonr inches and ten hundredths. We are having too mnch rain.

Little Rock, Arkansas.-Saturday of the past weck was clear, Sunday fair, and the remainder of the week has been cloudy, with rain on each day. The rainfall reached seventyfive hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 52, highest 68 and lowest 34.
Nashville, Tennessee.- It has rained on fire days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and fifteen hundredths. Average thermometer 52, highest 67 and lowest 32.

Memphis, Tennessee.-Telegram not received.
Mobile, Alabama.-It has rained saverely on three days, and has been showery on three days the past week. The rainfall reached seven inches and fifty-five hundredths. Average thermometer 63, highest 73 and lowest 46.

Montgomery, Alabama.-It has rained on five days the past week, the rainfall reaching three inches and twenty-three hnndredths. As the week closes there is a favorable change in the weather. The thermometer has averaged 61, ranging from 42 to 73.
Selma, Alabama -It has rained on three days the past weck.
Madison, Morida.-The early part of the past week was clear and pleasant, bnt dnring the latter portion we have had xain on two days. We are having too much rain. Average thermoneter 62, highest 76, lowest 48.

Macon, Georgia.-It has rained on three days the past week. The bottom lands are being flooded. Farmers are giving abont same proportion to cotton, but not as mnch guano is being used in this section as during last year. Average thermometer 58, highest 74, lowest 34 .

Columbus, Georgia.-It has rained severely on three days the past week, the rainfall reaching five inches and eighty-four hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 52 to 72, ayeraging 60.

Savannah, Georgia.-It has rained on three days the past week, and the rest of the week has been partially cloudy. The rainfall reached one inch and fifty-one hundredths. Average thermometer 61, highest 74 and lowest 42 .

Augusta, Georgia.-The early part of the past week was clear and pleasant, bnt during the latter portion we have had heary general rains on fonr days, causing a rise in the Savannah River, threatening the city with a freshet. The rainfall reached four inches and seventy-seven hundredths. Planters are sending their crop to market freely. Average thermoneter 57, highest 72 and lowest 39.

Charleston, South Carolina.- It has rained on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and five hundredths. Average thermometer 56, highest 72 and lowest 46.

Jute Butts, Bagang, \&c.-There has been a better demand during the past week and more business is being done. The parcels moving are for speculative acconnt and consist mostly. of light grades, while the heavier qualities are only wanted in small ways. The transactions reach about 3,000 rolls. At the close the feeling is steady, and sellers are quoting 9 c . for \(13 / 4\) 1 bs, , 10 c . for 2 lbs , and 103 (@11c. for standard qualities. Jute butts have slown more activity and considerable sales have been made. We hear that some 2,500 bales have been placed since our last. These lots have all gone into consumers hands. Fnll prices were paid, and \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\). paid for paper quality and \(27 / \mathrm{sc}\). for spinning grades. At the close holders are steady, and but little can be had below the above figures.

Comparative Port Recerpis and Dally Crop Moveybnt.A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accnrate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have conseqnently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years namod. The movemont each month since September 1 has been as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Monthly Receipts.} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Year Beginning Seplember 1.} \\
\hline & 1880. & 1879. & 1878. & 1877. & 1876. & 1875. \\
\hline Sept'mb'r & 458.478 & 333,613 & 288,848 & 98,491 & 236,868 & 169,077 \\
\hline October & 968,318 & 883,492 & 689,264 & 578,533 & 675,260 & 610,316 \\
\hline Novemb'r & 1,006,501 & 912,272 & 779,237 & 822,493 & -01,302 & 740,116 \\
\hline Decemb'r & 1,020,802 & 956,464 & 893,664 & 900,119 & 787,769 & 821,177 \\
\hline January & 571,701 & 647,140 & 618,727 & 639,610 & 500,680 & 637,067 \\
\hline Fobruary. & 572,729 & 447,918 & 568,824 & 472,054 & 449,636 & 479,801 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Total year \(4,598,528\) \\
Pere'tage of tot. port redelpts Feb. 28.
\end{tabular}}} & 4,215,929 & 3,836,561 & 3,561,300 & 3,551,655 & 3,457,554 \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & 84.23 & 86.27 & 81.93 & 87.93 & S2.30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This statement shows that \(n \mathrm{p}\) to Feb. \(2 S\) the receipts at the ports this year were 352,599 bales more than in 1879-80 and 761,964 bale more than at the same time in 1878-79. By adding to the aborel otals to Feb. 28 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1881. & 1880. & 1870. & 1878. & 1877. & 1876. \\
\hline [ot.Fb. 28 & 4,593,528 & 4,215,029 & 3,836.561 & 3,561,300 & 3,551,635 & 3.457.554 \\
\hline Mar. 1. & 20,473 & 10,279 & 10,547 & 17,754 & 0.325 & 7.842 \\
\hline " 2 & 12,163 & 12,171 & 8. & 0,805 & 0,782 & 12,519 \\
\hline 3. & 16,505 & 12,432 & 19,623 & 8. & 4,567 & 12.912 \\
\hline " 4.... & 22,12, & 10,050 & 10,653 & 32,03: & 8. & 10,412 \\
\hline " 5. & 21,006 & 13,40 & 7,047 & 17,175 & 8,531 & 8. \\
\hline \({ }^{\circ} 6\) & 8. & 8,32¢ & 0,860 & 0,74 \(\ell\) & 6,678 & 10,13k \\
\hline " 7... & 28,018 & 8. & 15,631 & 8.873 & 8.722 & 15,022 \\
\hline " 8.. & 21,433 & 16,415 & 12,430 & 12,300 & 0,561 & 15,674 \\
\hline \({ }^{\prime} 9\). & 18,576 & 6,721 & 8. & 8,723 & 16,22 & 6,387 \\
\hline 10. & 19,011 & 6,711 & 18,701 & 8. & 8,473 & 10,364 \\
\hline "11... & 28,150 & 10,911 & 14,937 & 19,170 & 8. & 8,451 \\
\hline 12 & 17,236 & 13,745 & 8,298 & 11,437 & 8,391 & 8. \\
\hline 13. & 8. & 7,707 & 10,344 & 11,233 & 8,017 & 17,507 \\
\hline "14. & 25,282 & 8. & 13,767 & 13,002 & 6,758 & 11,296 \\
\hline \({ }^{6} 15\). & 19,164 & 18,435 & 7.531 & 11,641 & 7,602 & 11,015 \\
\hline "16.. & 13,192 & 7,411 & 8. & 11,210 & 6,3i1 & 0,572 \\
\hline " 17. & 14,000 & 6,660 & 12.019 & 8. & 4,227 & 0,629 \\
\hline \({ }^{1} 18\) & 18,406 & 4,150 & 7,453 & 18,570 & 8. & 10,121 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Total..... 4,918,422 \\
Parcentage of total pret teo Dita Mar. 18
\end{tabular}}} & 4,381,002 & 4,025,323 & 3,782,054 & 3,608,048 & 3,643,293 \\
\hline & & 87.65 & 9051 & 87.03 & 00.86 & 86.02 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 np to to-night are now 534,420 bales more than they were to the samer day of the month in 1830 and 878,093 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1879. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had boun received to March 18 in each of the years named.
India Cotion Mofexent from all Ports.-The Algures which are now collected for us, and forwarded by cable each Friday, of the shipunents from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, \&c.. enable us, in conneation with our previonsly-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a fnll and completo India movement for each week. We tirst give the Bumbay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to March 17.
busibay receipts and bitipments for four tears.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments this week.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments sinee Jan. 1.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Receipts.} \\
\hline & \begin{tabular}{l}
Greal \\
Brit'n
\end{tabular} & Contiнели. & Tolat. & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\text { Greal } \\
\text { Britain }
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Co: } \\
& \text { ue }
\end{aligned}
\] & Total. & This Week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { Jan. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 1881 & 11 & 21.0 & & 71.000 & 143 & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & 0,0 & 27. & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

According to the foregoing Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 5,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 26,000 bales, and the shipments since Jannary 1 show an increase of 30.000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, \&ic., for the same week and years has been as follows.
calcutta, madras, tuticorin, carwar. rangoon and kurrachre.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipments this week.} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Shipmerris sinee January 1.} \\
\hline & Great
Britain. & Continent. & Total. & Greal Britain. & Continent. & Total. \\
\hline 1881. & 11,000 & 2,00i & 13.000 & 61.000
30.000 & 53.000
8.000 & 117,000
38,000 \\
\hline 1879 & 0.000 & 1,000 & 10,090 & 41,000 & 22.000 & 63.000 \\
\hline 1878.... & 1.000 & 2,000 & 3,000 & 14.000 & 21.000 & 33,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 13,000 bales less than for the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week and since Jannary 1, 1881, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Shipments to all Europe from-} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1881.} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1830.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1879.} \\
\hline & This week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Sinee } \\
& \text { Jin. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] & This weck. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { Sun. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] & This week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { Jan. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bombay....... } \\
& \text { All other pirts: }
\end{aligned}
\] & 32,000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 214,000 \\
& 117,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
6.000 \\
13,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
181.000 \\
33,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 27,000 \\
& 10,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
123.000 \\
63,000
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Total & 32,000 & 331,000 & 19,000 & 222,000 & 37,000 & 186.000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending-Mar. 17, and for the three years up to date, at all India ports.
Alexandria Receipts and Shipmeyts.-Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi \& Co., of Liverpool and Alerandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the colresponding week of the previous two years.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Alaxandsia, Egypt, अ \(\kappa \mathrm{r}\). 17. & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1881.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1880.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1879.} \\
\hline  & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\(\begin{array}{r}36,000 \\ 2.616,000 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,000 \\
3,190,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000 \\
1,524,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Exports (bales)- \\
To Liverpool \(\qquad\) \\
Total Eurone \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & This week. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Since } \\
\text { Sept. }
\end{array}\right|
\] & This week. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Since } \\
\text { Sepl. }
\end{array}\right|
\] & This week. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Since } \\
& \text { Sepl. } 1 .
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & 5,000
4.160 & 89,000 & 750
2,000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 26=.750 \\
& 144,498
\end{aligned}
\] & 5.000 & \[
\begin{aligned}
139,000 \\
59,000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & 2160 & 282,824 & 2,750 & 4i2,2 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- an enrope....

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending March 17 were 36,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe were 9,160 bales.
Mancheater Market.-Our report received from Manchester to-night states that prices for twists and shirtings are unchanged, and that the market is quiet and steady. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for comparison:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1881.} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1880.} \\
\hline & 328 Oop. Twist. & \(844 t 5 s\) Shivtings. & Cot'n Mid. \(U p d s\) & 328 Cop. 7wist. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8^{14}{ }^{4} \text { lbs. } \\
& \text { Shirtings. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Cote'n Uplde \\
\hline  &  &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6 . \\
& 65_{8}^{8} \\
& 69_{18} \\
& 69^{2}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\left[\begin{array}{c}
\mathrm{d} \\
100_{2} \\
101_{2}
\end{array}\right.
\] &  & \[
z_{8}^{2}
\] \\
\hline & \(9{ }^{3} 8\) &  & \({ }_{69}{ }^{18}\) & 11.0119 & \(3{ }^{3} 88\) & \({ }_{71}^{16}\) \\
\hline & \(9^{38} 810{ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(9^{7}{ }^{7}\) ® 8 & \({ }_{67}^{67}\) & \(11^{18} 811{ }^{3}\) & 9 ¢8 & \\
\hline & \(98810{ }^{4}\) & 8 & & - \(113_{8}\) O12 & \(9{ }_{9}{ }^{9} 9\) & \\
\hline Mar. \({ }^{4}\) & \(\mathrm{H}_{1} \mathrm{~L}_{2}\) D1038 & \(610^{2} 208\) & \({ }_{63}{ }_{6}{ }^{3}\) & 1138 & \begin{tabular}{llll}
9 \\
6 \\
88 & 9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 738
738
78 \\
\hline & 914 9 & \({ }_{6}^{6} 971\) & 18 & \(11^{12}\) @ \(111^{3 / 4}\) & 8 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The Exports of Comton from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with last week, the total reaching 13,512 bales, against 18,572 bales last week. Below we give our nsual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1880, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:
Ekports of Cotton (bales) from New York since seft. 1. 1880.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Exported to-} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Feek ending-} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Total } \\
\text { since } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 .
\end{gathered}\right.
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Same } \\
\text { pariod } \\
\text { previ'us } \\
\text { year. }
\end{gathered}
\]} \\
\hline & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Feb. } \\
& 23 .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Mareh } \\
2 .
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & March & \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline 1 \mathrm{arch} \\
16 .
\end{gathered}
\] & & \\
\hline Liverpool & 4,442 & 10,160 & 9,650 & 10,142 & 228,646 & \begin{tabular}{|c}
239,289 \\
6,706
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Other British ports & & & 1.000 & 806 & 10,946 & 6,706 \\
\hline Total to Great Britain & 4,452 & 10,160 & 10,650 & 10,918 & 239,592 & 245,995 \\
\hline Havre & 10 & 310 & 928 & 1,085 & 27.528 & 19,522 \\
\hline Total Frence. & 10 & 310 & 928 & 1,035 & 27,528 & 19,522 \\
\hline Bremen and Han & 1,414 & 1,100 & 1,046 & 947 & 26,091 & 21,742 \\
\hline Hamburg & 300 & 500 & 392 & 200 & 16,744 & 13,037 \\
\hline Other port & & & 306 & 332 & 5,990 & 2,324 \\
\hline Total to North. Eurore & 1,714 & 1,600 & 1,744 & 1,479 & 48,825 & 37,103 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r, \&te \\
All other
\end{tabular} & & & 250 & & \[
\begin{array}{r}
460 \\
1,203
\end{array}
\] & 3,206 \\
\hline total spain, & & & 250 & & 1,663 & 3,206 \\
\hline Grand Total & 6,176 & 12.070 & 13,572 & 13,512 & 317,608 & 305,826 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The Following are the Receipts of Cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1880:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Receipts from-} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{New York.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Boston.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Philadelphia.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Baltimore.} \\
\hline & This weck. & Since Sept. 1. & This week. & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { since } \\
\text { Sept. }
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & This week. & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { Sineee } \\
\text { Sept. } 1 .
\end{array}\right|
\] & This week. & Since Sept. 1. \\
\hline N. Orl' & & 119,118 & & 7,220 & & & & \\
\hline Texas. & 2,35 & 82,172 & & 3,291 & & 1,941 & & \\
\hline Gavannah & 2,450 & 199,666 & 736 & 22,955 & 345 & 20,771 & 580 & 43,809 \\
\hline Mobil & & 4,622 & & 2,075 & & & & \\
\hline 8.Car'lina & 877 & 131,596 & & & & & & 16,686 \\
\hline N.Car'lina & 689 & 35,843
202,791 & & & & & b & 18,194 \\
\hline Virginia.- & & 202,791
4,600 & 5,210 & \({ }_{121,053}^{52.953}\) & & & 6 & 82,420 \\
\hline Tenn., de. & 6,303 & 111,595 & 1,864 & 101,992 & 2,709 & \(3 \ddot{3}, 303\) & 647 & 21,026 \\
\hline Fo & & 2,431 & & 96 & & 1 & & \\
\hline This year. & 21,945 & 894, & 8,985 & 314,042 & 3,054 & 56,016 & 3,539 & 182,267 \\
\hline Lestyca & 13,11 & 912,380 & 7,7 & [362,031 & 2,81 & 77,945 & 47 & 52.592 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Shipping News.-The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached \(\mathbf{9 5 , 4 7 2}\) bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and pablished in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week:

Total bales.
 ....per ship Lord Canning, 1,739. 1,838 ..... Parthia, 1,156 To Miull, per steamer Marengo, 806 .
To Havre, per steamer Labrador, \(1,085\).
To Bremen, per steamer Mosel, 947 ....
To Hamburg, per steamer Gellert, 200
- To Antwerp, per steamer Ienry taye, \(332 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .\). Pedro, 2,500....per ship John Nurphy, 5,668.
To Hare, per steamer Flachat, , \(5,58\).
To Ronen, per steamer Redewater. \(51 . . .\).
To Reval, per barks Aurora I, \(\mathbf{2 , 9 0 1}\)....Lussignano. \(\mathbf{1 , 5}, 50\)
To Cronstadt, per bark Elios, 2,371 .
To Riga, per bark Azor, 880 - 1 Genoa, per bark Amatil Fili, \(1, \ldots\)
Mobile-To Livernooi, per shlp Hermon, \(\mathbf{3}, 600\)....................
Curfeston-To Liverpool, per harks Jardine Brothers, 1,400 Uplaud and 207 sea 1 sland....Winona, 1,650 Upland and To Amsterdam, per bark Gienola, 1,300 Üpianä..
To Barcelona, per bark Fuster, 1,175 Upland.

10,142


Total... \(\overline{62,964} 1 \overline{12,356} \overline{5,655} \overline{1,632} \overline{8,702} \quad \overline{1,575} \quad \overline{1,122} \overline{95,472}\) Tncluded in the above totals are from Now York to Hull, 806 bales;
from New Orleans to Ronen, 51 baies; from Texas to Vera Crum, 599 bales.
Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels earrying cotton from United States ports, etc.:
Caradoc, steamer, hefore renorted, from New Orleans for Bremen, A number of seamon of the steamer Caradoc, winich put into Halifax With a very heavy list to port, objected to proccell to soa in her again on Mareh 5, eight in her bottom to keep her from listing. It was suhsequently settled by the captain of the steamer having the was subsi, which had been put on deck, put below. sbe sailed on night of the 6 th. It was stated that tho vessei had been on her side ever since leaving New Orleans.
Gardenia. steamer, before reported, at Bremen, from Savannah. The salvage for the tug Assecuradeur, Which assisted off the steainer
 LOMEO, bark, from Galvesten for Bremen. Wrecked aud burned on
Tortugas. Steamer State of Texas, from Gaiveston via Key West, at New York, March 13. on her passage from Gaiveston to Key West, pieked up 42 bales of cotton, supposed to have been part of the eargo of the bark Tolomeo.
Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Satur. & Mon. & Thes. & Wednes. & Thurs. & Fri. \\
\hline Liverpool, steam \(d\). & \(3_{15} 8^{2} 4\) & \(3_{18} 8^{2} 4\) & \(3_{18} 8^{14}\) & \(3_{16}{ }^{2}{ }^{1} 4\) & \({ }^{3} 16 \omega^{2} 4\) & \({ }^{3} 16{ }^{2}{ }^{4}\) \\
\hline Do sail...d. & \({ }^{3} 18\) (1) \({ }^{4}\) & \({ }^{3} 18{ }^{1}{ }^{1} 4\) & \(3_{16}{ }^{2}{ }^{14}\) & \(3_{\left.1 e^{3}\right]^{1}}\) & \(3_{18} \omega^{1} 4\) & \({ }^{3} 16{ }^{\text {d }}{ }^{4}\) \\
\hline Eavre, steam....c. & 12 & 12 & \(1_{2}\) & 12 & 12 & 12 \\
\hline Do sall......c. & 12 & \(1_{3}\) & \(2{ }_{2}\) & 18 & 12 & 12 \\
\hline Sromen, steam. .c. & \({ }^{9} 16\) & \({ }^{9} 18\) & \({ }^{9} 18\) & \({ }^{9} 18\) & \({ }^{9} 16\) & \({ }^{9} 16\) \\
\hline Do sall.....c. & \(7_{18} 8^{2} 8\) & \(716{ }^{1}{ }^{1} 8\) & \({ }_{16}{ }^{(1)}{ }^{1}\) & \({ }^{7} 180^{19}\) & \({ }^{7} 18{ }^{1}{ }^{1}\) & \({ }^{7}{ }_{18} \partial^{1} \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline Hamburg, steam.d. & 22 & 18 & 12 & 18 & \(1_{3}\) & 12 \\
\hline Do sail...d. & \(2{ }_{2}\) & \(1_{3}\) & \({ }_{3}\) & 19 & 18 & 4 \\
\hline Amst'd'm, steam.e. & \(5_{8}\) & \(5_{8}\) & \({ }_{6}\) & 58 & \(5_{8}\) & \({ }^{8}\) \\
\hline Do sall...d. & 12 & \(2_{2}\) & 12 & \(1_{2}\) & \(1_{2}\) & \({ }_{3}\) \\
\hline Baltie, steam....d. & \({ }^{13} 18\) & \({ }^{13} 16\) & 1316 & \({ }^{13} 18\) & \({ }^{13} 16\) & \({ }^{13} 18\) \\
\hline Do sall.......c. & \(亡_{16}\) & \({ }^{5} 16\) & \(5_{16}\) & 518 & \({ }^{5} 18\) & \({ }^{5} 18\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Litverpool.-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, \&ce., at that port:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Feb. 25. & Mrareh 4. & Mareh 11. & Mareh 18. \\
\hline Sales of the week........bales. & 41,000 & 51,000 & 47,500 & 47,500 \\
\hline Sales American & 31,000 & 41,500 & 39,500 & 38,500 \\
\hline Of which exporters took & 3,500 & 3,200 & 3,600 & 4,100 \\
\hline Of which speculators took.. & 3,000 & 3,700 & 2,700 & 1,130 \\
\hline Aotual export.................. & 6,500 & 17.000 & 11,500 & 15,500 \\
\hline Total stock-Estimated & 713,000 & 711,000 & 728,000 & 786,000 \\
\hline Of which American-Estim'd & 556,000 & 537,000 & 552,000 & 599,000 \\
\hline Total import of the week & 58,000
51,000 & 62,000
32,500 & 75,000
63,000 & 11.000
97.000 \\
\hline Amount afloat. & 394,000 & 421,000 & 401,000 & 390,000 \\
\hline Of which Amerioan. & 326.000 & 349,000 & 336,000 & 327.000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending March 18, and the dally closing prices of spot ootton, have been as follo ws:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Saturday & Monday- & Tuesday. & Wednes. & Thursd'y. & Fruday. \\
\hline \[
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\text { Market, } \\
12: 30 \text { P.M }
\end{array}\right\}
\] & Flat and & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Duli } \\
\text { and }
\end{gathered}
\] & Very & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Fair } \\
\text { demand }
\end{gathered}
\] & Frimer. & sod. inq. freely \\
\hline Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'n8 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 63_{16} \\
& 64
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6318 \\
& 61_{4}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6^{19} \\
& 6^{3}{ }_{18}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 61_{8} \\
& 63_{18}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6_{6}^{19}{ }_{68}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
63_{1} \\
64^{2}
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\underset{\substack{\text { Market, } \\ 5 . \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}}}{ }\}
\] & & & - & - & - & \\
\hline Sales Spec.\& exp & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6,000 \\
& 1,000
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8,000 \\
& 1,000
\end{aligned}
\] & 8,000
1,000 & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10,000 \\
1,000
\end{array}
\] & 8,000
1,000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Futures. \\
Market, \\
\(5 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{M}}\).
\end{tabular} & Dull. & Dull. & Easler. & Steady. & Quiet. & Sterdy. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{The actual sales of futures at Liverpool for tho same woek are given below. These salos are ou the basis of Uplauds, Low Middlligg clause, unless otherwise stated.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{saturdar.} \\
\hline Delivery. \({ }^{d}\) & Delivery. \({ }^{\text {d }}\) & Aus sopt \\
\hline Mar.......... \(\mathbf{6}^{3} 1_{16^{\text {a }}}{ }^{\text {5 }} 33\) &  & Aug. -8opt .....3...636 \\
\hline  &  & Nor.-Do6... 53 \({ }^{3}{ }^{\text {¢10 }} 16\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{mondax.} \\
\hline Mar............618 か3 \(_{32}\) & June-July . \(\mathbf{6}_{4} \mathrm{DO}^{7} \mathrm{7}_{32} \mathrm{D}^{4}\) & Oot.-Nor. \\
\hline Mar.-Apr. ........ \(6^{1{ }^{18}}\) &  &  \\
\hline Apro.May &  & June-July.... ....6733 \\
\hline  & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{tuesday.} \\
\hline Mar...............6332 & July-Aug...... \({ }^{614}\) - \(^{9} 38\) & May-June...... . 6732 \\
\hline  &  & Mar-Apr........ \(6^{61_{8}}\) \\
\hline  & Mapr.-Apr.......... \(6^{66^{8}}\) &  \\
\hline June-July & Apr.-May ........6316 &  \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Wednesday.} \\
\hline Mar..............6 \(6^{63}\) &  & Sept.-Oct..... ....6316 \\
\hline Mar-Apr.. &  & Oet.-Nov......... \({ }^{61313}\) \\
\hline  & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { July-Aug....693205 } \\
& \text { Aug.Sept. }
\end{aligned}\right.
\] & Nor.-De0.......... 6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Thursday,} \\
\hline Mar..............6733 & June-July \(\ldots\).....613 \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & Oot-Nov......... \(\mathrm{El}^{61}{ }_{16}\) \\
\hline  &  &  \\
\hline May-June.....65 \({ }_{16}{ }^{\text {d }}\) 33 & \(\square^{7} 7_{18}\) ® \(^{3} 3_{32}\) & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Fridat.} \\
\hline Mar.............. \(6^{5} 3^{32}\) & July-Aug. ....... .6518 & Oct.-Nov. \\
\hline Mar-Apr .........65 \({ }^{65}\) & Aug. Sept .........6.638 & Aug.-sept......... \(6^{11_{32}}\) \\
\hline Apr.May.....6 \(6^{3} 1_{6} D^{5} 32\) & Oct -Nov...........6118 & May-June. ....... \(6^{3}{ }_{18}{ }^{3}\) \\
\hline  &  & Muly-Aug..........6932 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BREADSTUFFS.}

Fridat, P. M., March 18, 1881.
The flour market was more or less depressed early in the week, and some slight reductions in prices were reported in the absence of demand; but on Wednesday the inquiry was more active, with a fair general trade, and prices hardened. The early declines extended to rye flonr and corn meal, which are in better supply and more freely offered; in fact, there appeared to be more competition among sellers of Brandywine corn meal. To-day the market was quieter.
The wheat market opened the week slnggishly, and prices showed weakness and irregularity. The export interest has been in a measure diverted for the moment from the market. In addition to the large export shipments of wheat down the Mississippi River from St. Louis via New Orleans, there transpired on Monday that there had been large shipments of wheat from Western markets to Liverpool via Boston, on throngh rail and ocean bills of lading. Yesterday there was a retnrn of activity, and prices decidedly advanced, with a large bnsiness in "fntures." No. 2 red winter sold at \(\$ 126 @ \$ 1261 / 2\) on the spot, \(\$ 124 @ \$ 1243 / 4\) for April, \(\$ 123 @ \$ 1231 / 2\) for May and \(\$ 1221 / 2 @ \$ 123^{2} / 4\) for Jnne; and No. 1 white, \(\$ 122 @ \$ 123\), spot and March, \(\$ 122\) for April and \(\$ 120 @ \$ 1203 / 4\) for May. To-day spots receded \(1 / 2 \mathrm{c}\). and futures 1 c ., with less doing.
Indian corn has been much more active for Western mixed, and prices have advanced slightly. The increased activity is largely in contracts for future delivery. White corn is withont improvement, but Southern yellow is decidedly higher. Yesterday No, 2 mixed sold at \(59 @ 591 / 4 \mathrm{c}\). on the spot, \(573 / 8 \mathrm{c}\). for April and 551/2c. for May, and Sonthern yellow on the spot 57 @ 61c. as to quality ; also, No. 2 Western white at 601/2@61c. Today the market was very strong on the spot, but futures were qnieter.

Rye has been in demand for Germany, and is dearer, several beat-loads selling at \(\$ 105\), closing with an upward tendency. Barley has been more active, and the close is slightly higher.

Oats have had an upward tendency of late, bnt the advance for the week is not important. To-day the market was firmer, with No. 2 graded qnoted at \(44^{3 / 4 c}\). for mixed and \(46^{1 / 4} \mathrm{c}\). for white; and No. 2 sold for fnture delivery at 44 c . for April.
The following are closing qnotations:



Receipts of Hoar and grain at Western lake and rivar ports for the week ending March 12, 1881:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Flour, bbls. (196 & Wheal, bush. ( 60 lbs.) & Corm, bugh. &  & & Rue bush. \\
\hline Onicago & (197313 & \({ }_{93,456}\) & \({ }_{310} 730\) & & & \\
\hline M11w & 12.608 & 24,400 & 450 & 1,500 & 0,180 & 80 \\
\hline Toledo & 860 & 115,603 & 338,535 & 9,203 & & \\
\hline Detroit & 9,892 & 123,835 & 47,929 & 10,035 & 4,037 & \\
\hline Olevel & ,133 & 9,500 & 57,500 & 12,400 & & \\
\hline 8t, Lou & 37,034 4 & 172,935 & & 84.741
88,200 & 35,777
19,000 & \\
\hline Peoria
Duluth & 4,355 & 12,250 & 287,550 & 88,200 & 19,000 & 1,250 \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline ame timo & 17.373 & 341,13 & 77.883 & 409,70 & , 4 & 43,16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 27 to March 12, inclu- \({ }^{\circ}\) sive, for four years
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Flour.... ...bbl & \[
1,623,786
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1880 . \\
1,077,804
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
1,24 \frac{1879}{7}, 47
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1878 . \\
1,237,282
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Wheat..... bush. & 6,695,712 & 8.416 .158 & 12,710,306 & 11,385,4 \\
\hline Corn & 14,15,418 & 23,577,506 & 14,983,575 & 11,312,9 \\
\hline O & 5,672.061 & 3,962,391 & 4,123,381 & 3,780,564 \\
\hline Ray & 2,257,171
377,970 & \(1,433,124\)
493,522 & \(1,458,869\)
\(\mathbf{6 2 3 , 4 7 3}\) & \(1,833,486\)
\(\mathbf{6 0 6}, 087\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Comparative receipts (crop movement) at same ports from Aug. 1 to March 12, inclnsive, for fonr years:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Flour.... ...bluls. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1880.81 \\
& 5,237,918
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1879 \cdot 80 \\
4: 276,555
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1878.79 . \\
4,098,833
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1877-78 \\
4,009.676
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Wheat ...... bish, & 59,892,535 & 66.712 .161 & 68,793,170 & 54,870,758 \\
\hline 0 & 74,943,326 & 67.268 .036 & 55,055,970 &  \\
\hline Oats & 26,801,569 & 17.388 .1846 & 20,984.363 & 16,192.121 \\
\hline Bariey & \begin{tabular}{|c}
10.144 .933 \\
\(-2,539.776\)
\end{tabular} & \(\begin{array}{r}9,287.863 \\ 3,316,208 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \(8,500.615\)
\(1,579.816\) & \(8,312,316\)
\(2,532,901\) \\
\hline Rye & -2,539.776 & 3,316,208 & 1,579.816 & 2,532,901 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Total grain.... } & 174.622,219 & 163,969,919 & 154,919,964 & 128,360,699\end{array}\)
Comparative shipments of Hour and grain from the same ports from Dac. 27 to March 12, inclnsive, for four years:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Flour..... ..bbls. & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1881 . \\
1.619,215
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1880 . \\
869,218
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1879 . \\
1,333,425
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
1878 . \\
1,259,469
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline Wheat..... bush. & 2,906,363 & 2,33t,310 & 5,637,549 & 9,895,912 \\
\hline Jorn & 8,512,914 & 13.111,174 & 7,384.923 & 8,000,608 \\
\hline Oats & 5,036,85 & 2,510,912 & 2,731,743 & 2,323,871 \\
\hline Barle & 1,236,663 & 732,811 & 1,001,825 & 1,042,759 \\
\hline Rye.... ........... & 460,185 & 356,184 & 273,826 & 364,559 \\
\hline Total grain .... & 18,293,018 & 19,095,391 & 17.032,866 & 21,697,707 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for the weeks ended.


Rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four weeks: \(\vec{f}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Week ending- & Flour, bbls. & Wheat, bush. & Corn, bush. & Oats, bush. & Barley, bush. & Rye, bush. \\
\hline Mar. 12. & 113,996 & 239,141 & 996,373 & 336,077 & 47,733 & 30,222 \\
\hline Mar. 5. & 139,813 & 207,297 & 862,145 & 368,926 & 88.478 & 37,512 \\
\hline Feb. 26. & 142.632 & 223,545 & 761.914 & 451,499 & 79,162 & 28,157 \\
\hline F'eb. 19. & 122,359 & 141,274 & 667,959 & 516.356 & 77,098 & 29,834 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Keceipts of flonr and grain at seaboard ports for the week euded March 12:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline A- & Flour, bbls. & Wheat, busk. & Corn, bush. & Oats, bush. & Barley, bush. & Rye, bush. \\
\hline Iew York & 128,264 & 400,286 & 498.869 & 287,320 & 39,050 & 15,600 \\
\hline Boston. & 43,721 & 42,725 & 273,550 & 84,3.5 & 4,100 & \\
\hline Portlan & 1,500 & & 5,090 & 1,000 & & \\
\hline Montreal & 8.000 & 4,300 & & 10,605 & 450 & \\
\hline Philadelph & 22.570 & 128,000 & 298,200 & 29,750 & 6,600 & \\
\hline Baltimore.. & 36,378 & 430,000 & 481,900 & 3,500 & & 0 \\
\hline New Orleans & 15,4i0 & 134,594 & 163,231 & 2,273 & & \\
\hline Total we & 55.843 & ,159,90 & 20,749 & 19,125 & 50,200 & 17,400 \\
\hline Cor. weele '80. & 162,019 & 862,561 & 64,647 & 83,834 & 97,830 & 15,952 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 27 t. \(\mathbf{~ M a r c h ~ 1 2 , ~ i n c l n - ~}\) sive, for fonr years:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Flour........ ibbls. & \[
\begin{gathered}
1881 \\
2,601,620
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1880 \\
1,797,411
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1879 \\
2,068,314
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
1878 \\
1,576,781
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Wheat......bush. & 9,067.259 & 7,148,329 & 15.459.409 & 13,937,460 \\
\hline Cura. ........ & 13,300,681 & 20.977,1769 & 18,430.710 & 18,836.135 \\
\hline Oats. & 4,398,730 & 3,35 4,172 & 3,076,594 & 2,649,076 \\
\hline Barley & 1,107,344 & 1,091.276 & 943.577 & 1,599,916 \\
\hline Rye. & 361,606 & 203.029 & 439,335 & 512,190 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total graln .... \(\overline{23,235,620} \overline{32,774,774} \overline{38,354,675} \overline{37,524,777}\)
Exports from United States seaboard ports and from Montreal for week onding March 12, 1881:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline From- & Floner, bbts. & Wheat, bush. & Oorn, bush. & Oats, bitsh. & Rue, bush. & Peas, bush, \\
\hline New York & 147, 0.03 & 800.493 & 515.415 & 3,272 & 17,591 & 3,549 \\
\hline Buston ... & 23,077 & 49,464 & 163,526 & ...... & & \\
\hline Portland.. . ... & & & & & ....... & \\
\hline Montresl...... & & & & & & \\
\hline Phinudelphia. & 9,931 & 417.501 & 193,700 & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline New Orleaus.. & 2,577 & 101,678 & 361,916 & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\begin{array}{rrrrrrr}\text { Total for w'k } & 101.775 & 1,869,059 & 1,698,207 & 3,272 & 17,591 & 3,548 \\ \text { Same tine '80. } & 83,766 & 977,493 & 1,879,712 & 10,339 & 37,121 & 28,539\end{array}\)
The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and on canal frozen in, March 12, 1881:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ore a & Wheal, bush. & Corn, bush. & Oats, bush. & Barley, bush. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Rye, } \\
& \text { bush. }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Wew York. & 1,679.183 & 594.651 & 535.945 & 199,546 & 51.084 \\
\hline Do. afloat (est.) & 1.297.000 & 220,000 & 53.000 & 140,00\% & 125,000 \\
\hline Albany........... & 110,000 & 17,500 & 121,000 & 233.000 & 66.000 \\
\hline Buffuc. & 304.019 & & & 177.013 & 27.983 \\
\hline hiea & 7,888,169 & 5,143.565 & ,509.815 & 233.316 & 237.316 \\
\hline Milw & 3,209.021 & 18.876 & 26,641 & 337,293 & 30.833 \\
\hline Duluth. & 1,297,000 & 5.000 & & & \\
\hline Toled & 2,026,763 & 391,94.1 & 43.879 & 8,500 & 14 \\
\hline Detro & 924, & 6.728 & 4,942 & 13.221 & \\
\hline Oswego & 40,(000 & 55.000 & & 300.000 & 41.000 \\
\hline 8t. Le & 1,111,702 & 2,074,220 & 78,960 & 28.478 & 3,661 \\
\hline Bostor & 37,0\%9 & 108,312 & 96,375 & & \\
\hline Morouto & 21 ®̄.603
64,432 & 500
17.100 & 3,912 & 305.603
1,307 & 12,633
8,433 \\
\hline Philutelp & 824,343 & 243.694 & 132,000 & & \\
\hline Pooria . & 29.884 & 112.694 & 137,196 & 1,353 & 5,91S \\
\hline Indianap & 334.000 & 107,100 & 147,800 & & 5,600 \\
\hline Kansas Clty & 231,735 & 82,782 & 76,1.17 & & 106 \\
\hline Baltinore & 1,062,525 & 330,43Q & & & \\
\hline On rail. & 1,374,741 & 1,168,3-5 & 420,7\%7 & 60,533 & 42.622 \\
\hline Canal and river.. & 1.328,252 & 4,056,435 & 76,669 & 380,000 & 16,130 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


 Mar. 13, '80....... 27,046,506 14,979,402 2,847,504 3,470,690
656.691
767.619
700972
7
\begin{tabular}{l}
700.972 \\
692.485 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} 692.485
820,612

\section*{TGE DKY GOOD 3 TRADE.}

Friday, P. M., March 18, 1881,
The arrival of a great many retail bnyers from the South, Southwest and remote parts of the West, has given a marked impetus to the jobbing trade, and in this connection the volnme of business the past week has been comparatively large. The weather was more favorable for the distribution of spring and summer fabrics, and an increased movement in staple cotton goods, \&c., was stimulated by lower jobbing prices. The demand at first hands has been relatively light, and package bnyers cuntinned to pnrsue the hand-to-mouth policy noticed of late, owing in a measure to the somewhat unscttled condition of valnes and the probability of a lower range of prices in the near future, so far at least as certain makes of cotton goods are concerned, Business was quite moderate with importers, and large qnantities of silks, cashmeres, housekeeping and tailoring linens, hosiery and gloves, \&c., were disposed of at suction, and realized fair average prices.
Domestic Cotton Goods.-The exports of cotton goods from this purt during the week ending March 15 were 1,011 packages, of which 840 were shipped to Great Britain, 89 to Veneznela and the remainder (in small lots) to other markets. There was a comparatively light demand for cotton goods at agents' hands, and the late lull in business (coupled with the steady decline in cotton) has cansed some weakness in certain makes of brown and bleached cottons, \&c., althongh the best heavy standard sheetings, drills, fine and medium-fine bleaehed goods, wide sheetings, denims, ducks, ticks, \&c., are still steadily held becanse of the meagre supply. Jobbing quotations for cotton grods have shown great irregularity, and many makes of brown and bleached goods were offered by leading jobbers during the week at considerably less than agents' prices, in order to stimulate bnsiness. Print cloths were in good demand at \(38 / 4 @ 37 / \mathrm{sc}^{c}\) plns 1 per cent for \(64 x 64 \mathrm{~s}\), and \(3^{1} / 4 \mathrm{c}\) @ \(33 / 8 \mathrm{sc}\). for \(56 \times 60\) s, the outside figures laving been freely offered at the close of the week. Prints and lawns were sluggish with agents, but the jobbing trade was more active and there was a steady movement in ginghams and seersuckers.

Domestic Woolen Goods.-The anticipated improvement in the demand for men's-wear woolens has not yet taken place, notwithstanding the presence of a good many buyers in the market. Heavy cassimeres and suitings adapted to the wants of the clothing trade have received some attention, and fair orders were placed for specially desirable styles; but the general demand lacked spirit, and bujers were not only critical in their selections, but exacting in regard to price concessions,

Heary-weight worsted coatings were in moderate request, as were fancy-backed overcoatings; bnt beavers and cloakings remained qnict. Light-weight clothing woolens were slow of sale, but fair deliveries were madd by agents on acconnt of old orders. Heavy satinets were in fair demand, and some makes are sold in advance of production; bat Kentucky jeans rnled qniet, and flannels and blankets were in limited reqnest, thongh steady in price. Worsted dress goods were moderately active in jobbers hands, but quiet with agents, and Shetland shawls were in fair reqnest.
Foreian Dry Goods.-There was a freer movement in most descriptions of foreign goods from jobbers' hands, but business rnled quiet with importers. Black and colored cashmeres were in moderate request, bnt stocks are large and prices are not very satisfactory to importers. Fine black, colored and fancy silks were in fair demand, but low grades moved slowly, and prices are unremunerative. Linen goods, white goods, laces and embroideries, were severally quiet in first hands, bnt a fair business was reported by jobbers. Fur men's-wear woolens there was a moderate inqniry by cloth jobbers, and the tailoring trade and Italian cloths and linings were in fair request.

Importations of Dry Goods.
The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending March 17, 1881, and for the corresponding weeks of 1880 and 1879, have been as follows :
entered for consumption for the weer ending man. 17, 1881.
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline Mantraotures of-
Wool........... \\
\hline Cotton \\
\hline 8itk. \\
\hline Flax \\
\hline Miscellan \\
\hline Total \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1879.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1580.} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1881.} \\
\hline PRegs. & Value. & Phers. & Value, & Pkigs. & Valuee. \\
\hline 707 &  & 1,560 &  & & \$3.473 \\
\hline 851 & 28 ¢i, 763 & 2,103 & 754.730 & 1,861 & 614,171 \\
\hline -644 & 448,836 & 1, 107 & 997,58\% & 1.101 & 697,626 \\
\hline 1,012 & 147, 1950 & 1,871 & 803,295 & 1.7.73 & 240,460 \\
\hline 30 & 05,102 & 8,892 & 47,068 & 6,911 & 67,6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

WITHDRAWN EROM WAREHOUSE AND TIROWN INTO THE HARKET DURing the same period.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline anufa Wool. & 381 & 153,977 & 339 & & & \\
\hline Cotto & 262 & 75,531 & 13.5 & 54,713 & & \\
\hline Silk & 108 & 98.853 & 149 & 130,968 & 218 & 161,756 \\
\hline Flax & \(43 \pm\) & 96,245 & 718 & 119,193 & 502 & 124,575 \\
\hline Miscellan & 6,536 & 84.314 & 2.93:3 & 34,26:3 & 6.459 & 69.076 \\
\hline t'd forconsumpt. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7,221 \\
& 3.930
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
503, y^{2} 0 \\
1,405,102
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{|}
4.310 \\
8.892
\end{array}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8.172 \\
& 6.911
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
740,770 \\
2.267 .641
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline t'd forconsumpt. & \[
3.930
\] & \[
1,405,102
\] & \[
8.992
\] & \[
3.047 .162
\] & \[
6.911
\] & \[
2.267 .641
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
rotal on mariket
 ENTERED FOR WAREIIOUSE DURINF SAMT YERLOD. Manufactures or-




\section*{Imports of Leading Articles.}

The following table, compiled from Custom Honse retnras, shows the foreign imports of leading articles at this port from Jan. 1 to March 11, 1881, and for corresponding period in 1880:
[rhe quantity is given in packages when not otherwiso speoiffed.]



REEPORT OF THE CONDITRON OF R the MEPHopOLMPAN NATIONAL BANG, itt close of busincss March il, issis Loans and discounts. U. \& B bonds on hiaid. Dner from othicr national morizages. pueal rom State bnnks and banker Current cy furniture nnd ixt urce Ohcects nnd ontler cist tixes pald xills of ot for Clearing Housc. pentionat paper currency, niekci.is ani Legai-tender note......

\section*{Total.}


\section*{REPORT OF THE CONDIMION OF THE} 1891:

 Due from other natlonut banks... Braking housc.
Otber real estaite
Currentexpeneses al daxes p.idid.
Premlums

 Specic, includ'g Roid Treasury ccrtif's. Hedemption fun with U. 8.TTreasur-

\section*{Total.}
 Undivided protis.
Duvidend bank notes outstanaiug.

Stato banks and bankers \(\$ 33,80310\)
 ashier's checks
Tatal............................... \(817,95,41880\)
 Subseribed and sworn to berore me this 18 Hill das
of Mnrch, \(18 \times 1\).
 \(\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { N. } \\ \text { EDIUNGUVIEN, } \\ \text { D. RANDOLPH, }\end{array}\right\}\) DLrectors.

\begin{abstract}
Financial.
R EPPOIRT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Anheclutlon, at New York Cly, Nathonat int of New
York, ut tho oloso of business, March 11,1881 : Ne York, at the oloso of businers, Al 1,xans and discounts...

\section*{Uver rafts.}
 Due frock other nutionat mortgages.
Due from other banks und
 Exclinnge for cioartig ilouac.
Bils of otber bnnks .i. Fructi paper our'cy, nichels \& peniues.


(5 per cent of circulation)............. 24,750 00
Totul...............................821,488,272 79
Capitnt stock puid th.......... ....



Demand certhileates of deliosit:...
Dert Incd cincele

.. \(82,000.00000\)


Duc to other nationa d bnks...
Stato of



 or Nutary l'ublic, New Yors County.

\end{abstract}

Theo. V. SANTY dax E. SAxR. John Siciels. Sard Brothers \& Co.,
bANKERS AND BROKER8.
54 Wall Street, New York.
stocks and bonds botget And sold on commission.
COMMERCLAL PAPER NEGOTLATTID.

\section*{george stabik.}

Join F. Stark.
George Stark \& Co., BANEEISS,
No. 42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Buy and sell Investment Seouritics for ensh or on commission. A speclalty made of Western Farm Mortgages bearing from 7 to 10 per cent Interest. Will nndertake the negotiation of loans upon Western City property in large or small amounts.

\section*{WM. C. NOYES,}

21 NASSIU STRELET, NEWV YOREE, nealer in
GAS STOCKS AND TBONES,
TELEGIRAPH STOCKS,
TRUST COMPANYS' STOCKS,
City and other Railroad Stocks \& Bonds AND
MISCELIANEOUS SECUTKITIEE.
Fred H. Smith,
EANKEIR AND IGIEGKEK,
NO. 13 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
HEALIROAD SRCUIEITIES
(An intimate inowledge of all for tho past 10 Year A SPECIALTY.
Investors or Dealers wishlng to buy or sell sre
Invited to communicate. State, Municipal and RaiLway Bonds and Coupons bought tha sold ut best Market Rates.

\section*{Boody, Meleellan \& Co. \\ \section*{13 A N K ERS,}}

58 Broadway, cor. Exchauge Place, transact a general banking business including the purchase and bale or STOCKS AND BONDS FOR CASH OR ON MARgin. buy and sella commercial paper.
P. o. Box 44\%.


\section*{Financial.}

The Brooklyn Trust Co.
Cor. of Montakue \& Cinton ata, Brookiyn, N. F .
This Company is anthorized by apocina charter to
act us rceelver, trusteo, puardiun exucutor, or ad minlstrator it can act as agent in the sale or managernent of realistryand cransfor beoks or make purchave and sale of Govarnment and otber sociritites. nneccutaned to the transact len os bnsinews wil
 TRUSTEE8:
Wom. R. Kendall, Honry Sanger, Alex. McCuo,



Austin Corbin Edinund W. Corlies.
A. H. Brown \& Co., bankers and mrokers,
7 Wall St., Cer. Now, New Mork. investainat securities.
Spectal attention to busliness of country banks.

\section*{ESTABIISIIED}
1864.

Coleman Benedict \& Co.
No. 2.1 BROAD ST., NEW IORK,

\section*{STOCIKS AND HONDS,}

MEMBERS OE THE N. Y 8TOCK EXCHANG: A strictly commlssion business conducted in the
purchase and safe diocks and Bonds on Siarkin purchase and saie stocks and Bonds on Sargin Complete kinanclal Roport issued weekiy to mar correspondents.
STOCKS and BONDS At Auction.
The Uuderaignod hold rectular auction SALES of all clibses of

\section*{STOCISANEISONES}

Wednesdays anil saturdayb.
ADEEAN TR. MELSEAER SE SON NO. 7 PINE ETREET, NEW YOKK.

Ernest Ghoesbect, Girant B. Sclelex. Mcmbers N. Y. Stock Exchange
Groesbeck \& Schley,

\section*{BROKERS,}

No 15 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Schulz \& Ruckgaber, BANKERE,
22 Whllam Street, New Kork.
CORRESPONDENTS OF TH * Internatioual Bank of Len.1. a (LImited. landnn.
Messrs. Jehn Berenberg, Hossler di Co. Commerclal and Traveler' C'redßs. Bills of Fize change. "ible runsfers.

WALBTON H. BROWN. FRED. A. BROWN.
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\section*{BANKEIES,}

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grecial attention given to the nego. tiation ob
HAILROAD SECURITIES.
New York, New England \& TVestern
INVESTMENT CO.,
DOS. 81 AND 93 PINE ST., NEW YORK.
No. 19 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON, UNION BUILDLVG, CHICAGO.
CAPITAL STOCE, • \$200,000 Ofers to investors carefnliy-selcctod seenritios securitios bought and sold on commlssion. Settie ments made for holders of defaulted securitles Will act as agents in funding and roorganixing debla of municiputities, railroad companies,
corporations. Corrcapondence soltitited.

JoHN C. SHors, lresinent, Pres. \(\}\) New York.


Financial.
A.db.Kidden d \(C_{0}\).
IBANEERS
NO. 18 WALLSTREET, Nevy York.
Transact a General Banking Business, Incinding Transact a Gener
the prochase and sa
- ish or on markln.
oish or on margin.
Buy and Sell
P. ก. BOX 2,947
a. m. Kidder. Waylann trase. H. J. Morse

Scranton \& Willard, 72 BROADWAY AND 13 NEW
 GRAIN AND PROVISION DEPARTMENT unaer charge of
Messrs. K. G. qUiNLIN \& CO. Chlcago Correspondents, JOHN T, LESTER\& CO. Howard Lapsiex. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { D. SEyMour Willard, } \\ & \text { Members N. }\end{aligned}\)

Lapsley, Field \& Co., STOCK BROKERE,
No. 15 BROAD STREET, New York.

\section*{Samuel A. Strang,} 30 PINE STREET, NEW YORE, BANIEEIC
AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Bnys and sells Investmert Securities. All business connected with raliways undertaken.

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CITY RAILROAD STOCKS \& BONU: BOUGHT AND SOLD.
See qnotations of Clty Ralifoads in thls paper

\section*{Buttrick \& Elliman,} BANKERSANDBROKERS,

Nos. 37 \& 39 Wail St, New York. BONDS, 8TOCKS and INFESTM ENT SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD UN COMMISSIUN. C. A. BUTTRIEK, Member of the N. Y. Stock Exch'ge

Gilman, Son \& Co., BANKER8,
62 CEDAR STREGT.
In addition to a General Banking Business, buy and sell Government Boads and Investment Securi. tles.
Vernam \& Company, BANKERSANDRROKERS

No. 34 New Street, New Xork.
Buy and Sell Stocks, Bonds and Governments \(0=\) Commission, either for lnvestment or on margln.

WM. L. Bresese, \(\begin{aligned} & \text { WM. R. Smith } \\ & \text { Menbers of }\end{aligned}\)

\section*{Breese \& Smith,}

BROKERS,
No. 29 broad street, New york.
Government Bonds, Stocks and all Investment Seeurilies bought and'soid on commission.

\section*{J. D. Probst \& Co.,}

STOCKAND BOND BROKERS,
No. 5: EXCTIANGE PLACE, NEW YORK. GTOCKS, EALLROAD BOND, GOVERNMENTS AND

\section*{Financial.}
J. H. Latham \& Co., INVESTMENT SECURITLES, Now York City, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. ouls, District oi Colnmbia, an
 52 WILLIAM STREET.
J. H. Latizam.
F. W. Perry.

JOSEPH P. LLOYD. Momber of N. Y. MEKEAN, Exch'ge

\section*{Lloyd \& McKean,}

34 WALL SITREET, NEW YORK.
Buy and sell-on commisslon-Government, Rallway and Miscelianeous Securities. Receive deposits sabject to check, and allow interest on balances.
N. T. Beers, Jr.,
brooklin securities, city bowds,

\section*{Gan Stocks, \&e.,}

No. NEW STMEET, NEW YORK.
C. I. Hudson \& Co., 3 EXCHANGE COURT, NEIV YOIEK, Branch Office and Prlvate Wire
at the "Cumbaryann," Broadway and 22d Street. Buy and seli on commission, for investment or on
markin, all securitles dcalt in at the New York maraln, all secur
R. R. LeARE. C. I. HuDson T. II Curtis.

\section*{Swan \& Barrett,}

BANKERS AND BROKERS 200 IIIdde Street,
PORTLIND, MAINE,
Dealers in Government, State, County, Clty and Rali oad Bonds, Bank Stocks, \&c.
DeslrableInvestment Securities constantly on hand
Wm. Fisher \& Sons, BANKERS.
And Dealers in Covernments, Stocks Dealors A Liovernmontits, Opposite seconn st, 32 SOUTH STREET,

EALTIMOME, MD.,
Have Western Union Wires \(\ln\) their offces, by
means of which immediate communication can be means of Which immediate communication can be had with ali commercial points in the country. Es-
peciai attentlon given to purchase and saie of Vir-
ginia Consols, Tenforties, Deferred and ail lssues ginia Consols, Ten-forties, Deferred and ail lssues
of the State. and to all classes of Southern State City nnd Kaliway Securities. Correspondence so

\section*{Hickling \& Co}

40 \& 42 Exchange Place, New York,
Buy and sell all N. Y. Stocks, on 8 to 5 per cent margin Privileres at farurable rates. itockired, ope winities oonstantly occncring tor stocks. Opportnnities constanty ormation.
iarge nrofts. Call or write for information
CIRCUIT COURT OF TIIE UNITED The Furmers'Loan \& Trust Compary, Trustee, ComRailway Compang, Defendant. In pursuance of a judgment of the Circuit Court of
the United states for the Eastern District of Texas, the United tates forthe Eastern District of Texas, entered on the twenty-elghth day of December,
1880, in the suit entitied The Farmers Loan \&
Trust Compaay, Trustee, Compiainant, against The Trust Compaay, Trustee, Compiainant, against The Texas Western Narrow-Grige. Chrlstopher Dart,
Defendant, I, the subscriber.
Speclai Master In the said judgent named, Wli Speclai Master In the said judgment named, wlil
seli at public auction, before the Court House door seli at pubricauchun, of the United States, In the
of the Circuit Court of
Clty of Galveston, on Tuesday, the fith day of
 1owling premalses of the ssid defendant, The Texas
Wfstern Narruw-Gauge Railway Company, des-
eribed in the said decree as follows, namely: eribed in the said decree as iollows, namely
bullt and singuiar the said Company's Rallway, bullt and to be bulit, beginning at the City of heus-
ton, and passing near the town of La Grange and
New Braunfels to Presidio del Norte, on the Rio Graade River, together with aii branches, side tracks, turnouto roling stock, equipments, and
material, ali right of way and track, depot and
shop grounds, tenepients, hereditaments, rights shop grounds, tenewients, hereditaments, rishts
and franchises, inciuding and meanag to lnclude
and ali the property, real and personal, now acqulred,
or which may hereafter be aequired by the sald
Company in the state of Texas, pertaining to Com
the
all
mis mile of sompular six thousand acres of land per said lands to be seiected
from the tea thousand two hundred and forty (10,240) acres of land per mille of completed road donated by the state of Texas to sald company by
the terms of lts charter, to ald in the construction of the said railway. CHRISTOPHER DART,
 BALKTNOER\& A1OTT,
GURNER LEE \(\alpha\) Mortivar,
20 Nassau St. New York city

\title{
OFFICE OF THE
}

\section*{ATLANTIC}

\section*{Mutual Insurance Co.,}

NEW YORK, January 25, 1881.
The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1880:
Premiums on Marine Risks from
1st January, 1880, to 31st De-
cember, 1880.
\(\$ 4,232,07504\)
Premiuns on Polleies not marked
off 1st January, 1880......... 1,495,947 23
Total Marine Premiums .... \begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 528,622 & 27 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Premiums marked off from 1st
January, 1880 to 31st Decem-
ber, 1880.
\(\$ 4,141,08780\)
Losses paid during the same
period.............................
penses
\(\$ 373,11390\)
The Company has the following assets, riz.: United States and State of Now
York Stoek, Clty, Bank and other Stoeks.
\(\$ 8,983,55800\)
Loans secured by Stoeks and otherwise..........................
Real Estate and Claims due the
Company, estimated at....... 470,00000 Premium Notes and Bills Re- \(1,028,92134\)


Amount.................... \(\overline{\underline{\$ 12,608,35671}}\)
SIX PER CENT INTEREST on the outatandcertificates of profits wili be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the First of Fehruary next.
THE OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES of the issue of 1876 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, tho First of February next, from which date ali interest thereen will cease. The certifleates to be produeed at the time of parment and canceled.
A DIVIDEND OF FORTY PER CENT is deelared on tho net earned premiums of the Company, for the jear ending 31st Deeemher, 1830. for which certitieates will ho issued on and after Tuesday, the Third of May next.

By order of the Board,
J. H. Chaliman, Seeretary.

\section*{TRUSTEES:}
J. D. Jones,

Charles Dennis, W. II. H. Moore Lewis Curtis, Charles II. Russell, James Low,
David Lane,
Gordon W. Burnham, A. A. Raven, Wm. sturgis, Adolph Lemoyne, Benjamin M. Field, Josiah O. Low, Willam E. Dodge, Royal Pheips, Thomas F. Youngs, C. A. Hand, John D. Hewlett, William H. Wehb, Charles P. Burdett,

Horace Gray, Edmund W. Corlies, John Eiliott, Alexander V. Blake, Bobc. B. Minturn, Charles H. Marshall, George W. Lane, Edwin D. Morgan, Robert L. Stuart, James G. De Forest, Samuel Willetts, Charles D. Leverieh, W'llam Bryee, Thliam H. Fogg, Peter V. King, Thomas B. Coddington, Horace K. Thurber, William Degroot, Henry Collins, John L. Riker. J. D. JONES, Presldent.

Crarles dennis, Viee-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Viee-President.
A. A. RAVEN, 3 d Vloe-Presldent.

\section*{Insurance.}

\section*{H O M E}

Insurance Company OF NILW roirk, OFFICE, 119 BROADWAY.
fFiny-FIrth Semieninual Statcment, showino the
CONDITION OF THE COMPANX ON THE FILST
BAY OF JANUARY, 1881 . CASII CAPITAL................... \(\$ 3,000,00000\) Reaerve for Unoarned Promiums \(1,931,27300\)
 Cash Assots............................... \(\$ 6,860,50514\) SUMMALE OF ASSETSS
Meld in the Unitcd Statcs, available for the PATton of lolicy-liolders of FiRk 1NSURANCES:

 \(\begin{array}{lll}\text { Hank and ralroud atocks (market raiue) } & \mathbf{4 0 7 . 4 4 2} \text { so } \\ \text { Btate and munclpal b'ds (market value) } & 102,760 & 00\end{array}\) Leate and munick pal pas marke value) (market value \(\%\) ise fanu 00)......... Interest due on 1st January, issi.... Real estate...
Total...
323.680
50,69
189

Total....................................... 8 8832505
OIIAS. J. MAB'IRN, Presidenf.
J.II. IVASIIIUURN, Secretary.
\begin{tabular}{cc}
\hline Steinislips. \\
Difner & Nirect Iine to France.
\end{tabular}
GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC CO.
BETWEEN NEW YOIKK AND IIAVRE.
From Pier (new) No. 42 North Miver,
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