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FEBRUARY 14, 1880.1

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### THE CHRONICLE.

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# THE CHRONICLE.

#### Financial.

## Albert E. Hachfield, 19 NASSAU STREET,

BASEMENT. Deals in Investment Securities and **Bonds** Generally.

## WANTED.

WANTED. WANTED. Toledo Logansport & Burlington Bonds. Union & Logansport Honds. Kome Wutertown & Ogdensburg Bonds. Filmt & Pere Marquette Ronds and Stock. Indianspolis Bloomington & Western Old and New Socurities. New York & Oswego Midland Bonds. New Jersey Midland Bonds.

Iv.

Set Jessey and and Bouss. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED Int the office of the international & Great North-ern Railroad Company, No. 20 Exchange Place, New York, for the construction and equipment of one hundred and fifty miles of the international & Great Northern Railroad, ap to 12 o'clock M. March 15, 1880. Plans, profiles, specifications and estimates may be seen at the company's office at Palestine, Texas, or No. 20 Exchange Place, New York, on and atter March 1, 1850. The company reserve the right to reject any and all proposals. THOS. W. PEARSALL, President.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD COM-OPANY, NEW YORK, February 11, 1880.-NOTICE. A cash dividend of THREE-AND-ONE-HALF PER CENT on the 'preferred stock and THREE PER cen decimed, payable on the lst day of March next, at the office of the company's agents. Messra JESUP, PATON & CO., NO. 52 William st., New York. The transfer books will be closed on the 20th inst. and re-opened March 2. C. H. FOSTER, Treasurer.

THE INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY OF TEXAS--Interest on the Second Mortgage Income Bonds of this Company, exred during the year 1870, will be pild to the registered holders thereof on the 1st days of March and September, 1880, re-senting, the rate of FOUL PELC CENT per annum, TWO PER CENT being paynale on March 1, 1880, and TWO PER CENT on September 1, 1880, at the office of the Company, No. 20 Exchange Place.Meer Yor. The Bocks of Registry will be closed on the 20th days of February and August, 1880, respectively, and opened on the 2d days of March and Septem-ber, 1880, respectively. By order of the Directors. THOMAS W. PEARSALL, President.

OFFICE OF THE INDIANAPOLIS DECATUR & SPRINGFIELD RAILROAD CO. NEW YORK, Japunry 15, 1880.

Pursuant to the provisions of the deed of trust, the Trustees of the First Mortgage of the INDIAN-APOLIS DECATUR & SPRINGFIELD RAILWAY APOLIS DECATUR & SPRINGFIELD RAILWAY COMPANY have this day drawn the following num-bers of First. Mortgage Bonds, to be pild by the com-many under the terms of the sinking fund, on the first day of A pril, 1880, to wit: Numbers 46, 165, 106, 230, 320, 322, 423, 4s1, 547, 608, 681, 760, 1.109 and 1,178. JAMES EMOTT, Trustees. The shove-numbered First Mortgaree Bonds will be paid at tha company's office. No. 120 Brondway, New York, at par, on the first day of April, 1850, and interest on the same will cease from that day. The company will redeem the above bonds at par and accrued interest on presentation on and after this day. A. DUPILAT, Assistant Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW YORK, JANUARY 22, 1880. A DIVIDEND OF THIREE (3) PER CENT A hus been declared by this company, bayable on the first day of March next, to the holders of its Capital Stock, as registered at 2 P. M. on the 12th February next, after which, and until the 4th March, the transfer books will be closed. L. V. F. RANDOLPH, Treasurer.

INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTH-ERN ILAILROAD COMPANY OF TEXAS.-The first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds and the second mortgage income bonds of the International & Great Northern Ikilroad Company are now ready for delivery to persons holding the Purchasing Committee's first mortgage receipts. The exchange will be made at the office of J. S. KENNEDY & CO., No. 63 William street, New York. By order of tho Purchasing Committee. JOHN S. KENNEDY, Chairman.

OFFICE OF THE AMIE CONSOLIDATED MUNING COMPANY, 115 Breadway (reom 59), Feb. 10, 1880.

Feb. 10, 1680. DIVIDEND NO. 5. The Board of Directors have this day declared dividend of \$50,000 (or 10 cents a share) on the capital stock of the company, myable on the 1st inst. Transfer books close Feb. 16 and re-ope Feb. 20. A. EBERIT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DEADWOOD MINING COMPANY, 31 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, February 9, 1880.

February 9, 1880. DIVIDEND No. 2. The monthly dividend of Twenty-Five Cents per share has been declared for January-payahle at the office of the Transfer agents, Wells, Fargo & Co., 65 Broadway, on the 20th inst. Transfer Books close on the 14th inst. II B PARSONS Assistant Sourcement

H. B. PARSONS, Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY, No. 31 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, February 12, 1880.

Dividend of Thirty Cents per share has been declared for January, payable at the office of the transfer agents, Wells, Fargo & Co., 65 Broadway, on the 20th instant. Transfer books close on the 20th instant. H. B. PARSONS, Assistant Secretary.

## Financial.

# Utah Railways.

Utah Kallways. The 7 per cent gold first merigage bonds of the Urah & Pieasant Valley 142, cun now be had at 90. The road is about sixty miles, and its bonded debt nine hundred thousand dollars, while a moderate estimate of its net earnings shows about \$400,000. The interest charge on the property will only be \$63,000; thus there is abundant to meet the semi-annal interest in New York. The De Graat, President of the Bowery National man, and Theodore Wilkens, of No. 67 Bowery, are ind is well satisfied with the prohlable future order for the stockholders of this road. The Suthern Utah, in which are found the won-derfaily rich Horn Silver Mine and many others. Alof theses will depend on the Utah & Piensant bally not cally for coke but also for coal and lum-ber, The demand at Suady for coke will also be regarder will depend on the the is the interest. The cestimated annual receipts of the Utah & The setimated annual receipts of the Utah & The setimated annual receipts of the Utah & Douton coke, at \$9 per ton 20,000 tons coke, at \$9 per ton 20,000 to

.....\$400,000

# Net income. TO INVESTORS.

TO INVESTORS. FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT GOLD BONDS OF THE UTAH & PLEASANT VAL-LEX RAILROAD COMPANY. Having sold a large proportion of the above Rail-way Bonds, we now offer the remainder at 90 and interest. The mortgage covers the completed road and all the valuable and inextinu-tible Cont and furniber Lands owned by the company. This coal is pronounced the best steam coal ever dis-covered, and is the only Coking Coal found west of the Rocky Mountains. The company, by contract with the Union Pacific Railroad Company, has the exclusive sale of coal south of Sail Lake (ity. We can, from personal knowledge, fully recommend these bonds to investors. I. P. DE GIRAAF, Prest, Bowery Nat. Bank. JOSEPH U. ORVIS& CO., NO. 30 PINE ST. A OR W

# Arents & Young, No. 9 NEW STEEET, DEALERS IN Alahama Central first mortgage and income bonds.

Central Railroad of Iowa first and second mort. hds. Central Railroad of Ohio bends and stock.

Carolina Central first mortgage bonds. City of Houston, Texas, honds.

Central Colorado Improvement Co. bonds and stock. Flint & Pere Marquette bonds and stock. Flint & Pere Marquette certificates for pref. stock. Indianapolis & St. Louis first and second mort, bds. Kansas & Nebraska first and second mortgage bds. Marietta & Cincinnatl Railroad bonds, all issues. Memphis & Littla Rock first mort. bonds and stock.

Memphis City bonds. Mobile City bonds.

Now Jersey Midland 1st and 2d mortgage bonds. New York & Oswego Midland b'ds, stock and notes. New York Ontario & Western com. and pref. stock. Peoria Decatur & Evansville bonds and stock

Peorla Decator & Evinastine bolts and stock. South Carolina Railroad bonds and stock. South Carolina consols. St. Joseph & Pacific 1st and 2d mortgage bonds. St. Joseph & Western stock. Southern Rit. of Mississippi bonds and prof. scrip. Wisconsin Central fast mortgage bonds. Wismington Columbia & Augusta first mort. honds.

### WANTED.

Lafnyette Muncie & Bloomington Railroad Stock and Scrip. Texns & Pacific RR, Stock and Scrip.

Memphis & Little Rock RR, B'ds and Strip. Memphis & Little Rock RR, B'ds and St'ck. Central RR, ni Iowa Bonds and Stock. New Jersey Midland RR, Bonds and Stock. City of Memphis (Teun.) Bonds. Omnha & Northwestern RR, 1st Mort. Bds.

St. Louis & Southeastern RR. 1st M. Ctfs.

TOBEY & KIRK, 4 Broad St., N.Y.

#### WANTED:

Alabama, South Carolina & Louisiana State Bonds; New Orleans Jackson & Gt. Northern, Mississippi Central, and Mobile & Ohio Kaliroad Bonds;

City of New Orleans Bonds. LEVY & BORG, 36 WALL STREET.

WANTED: All kinds of MISSOURI and ILLINOIS DE-FAULTED COUNTY BONDS. Highest market price paid for them. Give full description, and address,

dress, L. A. COQUARD, BANKER AND BROKER, 124 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

Texas Bonds.

STATE, RAILROAD, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. J. C. CHEW, 29 Broadway.

Earnings of Central Branch of Union Pacific, in-

eluding the Atchison Colorado & Pacific Leased Line, for 1879, on 221 miles of road......\$1,000,000 Less operating expenses...... 477.862

Total charge of Interest	\$522,138 259,960
Surplus	\$262.178

#### WOOD & DAVIS,

## Thomas Denny & Co., BANKERS AND

Dealers in Investment Scenrities,

No. 30 PINE STREET.

#### FOR SALE:

\$100,000 St. Louis Kansas City & Northern First Mortgage 7 Per Cent Omaha Division Bonds.

\$100,000 St. Louis Kansas City & Northern First Mortgage Real Estate and Rail. road Mortgage 7 Per Cent Bonds.

\$100,000 International & Great Northern First Mortgage 6 Per Cent Gold Bonds.

#### WANTED :

International & Great Northern First and Sec ond Mortgage Bond Serip: and all classes of Toledo Wabash & Western Funded Deht Bond Serin.

#### Choice Investments.

Columbus & Indianapolis RR. 1st pref'd bonds. Columbus & Indianapolis Central 1st mtg. bonds. Columbus & Indianapolis Central 2d mtg. bonds. Columbus & Toledo RR. 1st mtg. bonds. Chicago & East Iil., RR. 1st mtg. bonds. Champaign Hav. & West. R'y 1st pref. bonds. Scioto Valley R'y (Ohio) 1st mtg. bonds. For sale by

#### CHAS. T. WING.

Cor. Wall and Broadway.

[With A. M. Kidder & Co., Bankers.]

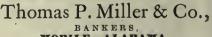
NEW YORK & OSWEGO MIDLAND.

ST. JOSEPH & WESTERN, ST. JOSEPH & PACIFIC, KANSAS AND NEBRASKA SECURITIES,

Bought and sold by

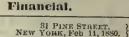
# J. S. STANTON, 19 Nassau Street.

J. S. STAATON, 15 Narratu Street. WANTED: Louisville New Albasy & Chicago RR. Stock. Finit & Pere Marquette Kaliroad Bonds. Central Italicoad of Iowa Bonds. Fort Huron & Lake Michigan Kaliroad Certificates. Fort Nurne Jackson & Saghnaw Kil. Bonds. St. Joseph & Western Raliroad Securities. Atchison & Pike's Peak Ril. Bonds Bonds. New Jersey Midland Kaliroad Certificates. New York & Oswego IKk. Bonds and Certificates. International & Great Northern Raliroad Stock. Indianapolis & Louis Baliroad Bonds. City, Connty and Town Bonds and Stock. Indianapolis Bloomington & Western Kill. Bonds. City of Winona, Minn., Bends. City of Winona, Minn., Bends. City of Atchison, Kansas, Old Bonds. WM. R. UTLEY, 31 Pine St., N. Y



MOBILE, ALABAMA, BUY AND SELL ALABAMA STATE BONDS, MOBILE CITY BONDS,

MOBILE & OHIO RAILROAD SECURITIES.



ATCHISON COLORADO & PACIFIC RR.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

This road is an extension of the

Central Branch Union Pacific RR.

runs through a rich section of Northern Kansas, and has a large earning capacity. The bonds are issued at sixteen thousand dollars

per mile, havo twenty-five years to run; interest 6 per cent, payable February, May, August and No-vember. Principal and interest guarantoed by Cen-tral Branch Union Pacific Railroad Co. We offer for sale alimited amount at 100 and inter-

est.



MERCHANTS' HUNT'S MAGAZINE. Aveckly Mewspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES. [Entered, according to act of Congress, in the year 1880, by WM. B. DANA & Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.]

#### SATURDAY, FEBRUARY NO. 764. 14, 1880. VOL. 30.

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THE COMMERCIAL TIMES.	
Commercial Epitome	

# The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

#### TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

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The London office of the CHRONICLE is at No. 5 Austin Friars, Old Broad Street, where subscriptions will be taken at the prices above named.

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 79 & 81 William Street, NEW YORK.
 POST OFFICE Box 4592. WHLIAM B. DANA, } JOHN G. FLOYD, JR. }

A neat file cover is furnished at 50 cents; postage on the same is 18 cents. Volumes bound for subscribers at \$1 20. For a complete set of the COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONI-CLE-JULY, 1865, to date-or HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE, 1839 to 1871, inquire at the office.

### THE LATEST PHASE OF REFUNDING.

Washington dispatches of the last few days give fair reason for hope that the question of refunding will at last be taken up and disposed of. To the Ways and Means Committee Mr. Sherman now admits that the option of the Government to redeem at pleasure after a specified number of years is important and deserving serious consideration; hence he now believes that, in view of the improved condition of the country and the public finances, it might perhaps be best to authorize a 10.40 instead of a 30-year 4 per cent bond. Of the 782 millions maturing this year and next, he would reserve 200 millions for early liquidation by refunding them in 4 per cent Treasury notes at one, two, and three years, which latter could be paid and canceled as they fell due.

All this, however, is stated so qualifiedly as to suggest reluctance and leave us in doubt whether Mr. Sherman is not now, as he has more than once done before, trying to placate a feeling in Congress which is at odds with describes is for the present diminishing rather than

what he really deems wiscst. Still even if this be so the latest dispatches show that he has not receded far cnough to satisfy those members of Congress who appear to assume that statute has the same absolute power to regulate public borrowing that it is assumed by inflationists to have respecting the creation of money. Instead of a 10-40 4 per cent bond, the committee have almost unanimously followed Mr. Wood's lead in agreeing to report a 20-40  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent; the 200 millions of short notes are to bear 4 per cent, and be redeemed in ten equal annual instalments; as an independent measure, a bill is to be reported directing the Treasury to use from time to time all surplus revenues exceeding one-third the amount of outstanding legal tenders in purchasing, after advertisement, maturing 5s and 6s at the rate of at least two millions monthly.

That the reservation of option to the government is very desirable to it will not be denied anywhere---it is that which has made possible the refunding already accomplished. But we must not forget that such a reservation, desirable for the borrower, is the reverse for the lender; hence, that options must be paid for in this, as in all mercantile transactions. The great point of advantage possessed by the refunding bonds all along has been the very fact of absence of this option-that they could not be disturbed for a long term. The proposed optional bond would not have this; it would be a twenty-year loan, with the prospect of running from one to twenty years longer. To change in this respect the character of the refunding bonds would reverse the policy hitherto pursued, and would no longer appeal to that mass of capital seeking permanent investment which Mr. Wood is confident is much more abundant in this country than is generally supposed. We need not dwell upon the obvious fact that to make this change now, after the old advantage of abnormal dulness in the money market has ceased, would necessarily have an obstructive effect upon the refunding process. If a 30-year plain 4 per cent would sell at a certain premium, an optional 4 per cent-far more, a 31 per centwould not bring so much; this is but another way of saying that the government must pay for its options if it deems them worth having.

Are they worth having, under present circumstances? Obviously, there can be no motive for such option except that the debt may be thereby sooner discharged. It certainly does not seem to us that this motive is adequate reason for the impairment of refunding; moreover, in considering this, it should not be forgotten that the unknown amount of such fixed capital as Mr. Wood

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In other words, the conditions hitherto increasing. favoring refunding are so far changed and changing that we need now to make further loans more rather than less attractive. To turn about now, in face of this fact, and lower the rate of interest proposed, is a piece of boldness which amounts to recklessness, and that the optional term is increased does not offset the change in rate. The plan agreed upon is much more problematical than that consented to by Mr. Sherman.

On the other hand, it is a bald error to treat the 30-year unconditional bonds-as many Congressmeu seem to do-as if it were an absolute commitment of the Government to paying interest during all that term. Government always has the privilege of huying in its bonds in open market and has so bought millions of them. This very idea is embodied in the independent and not necessary proposition of Mr. Wood for a monthly purchase. True, holders can make the Government pay for this privilege; true, also, that investors can make it pay for the privilege of reserving the right to buy--that is, to call in-its bonds at par.

We have never argued that Mr. Wood's lower-rate bond could not be placed at par-we only doubted whether it could be and urged the inexpediency of staking refunding upon the success of that particular experiment. So, now, we do not say that a hampered 4 per cent would not sell at par, or even above-we only urge that it could not do as well as an unconditioned one, and that a hampered 31 per cent is even worse. The proposed 20-40 plan contains the vice of Mr. Wood's first plan, to-wit, that it introduces new conditions which may impair or defeat further refunding. The question really at issue now, as before, is whether it is safe to risk it.

We can see no reason for modifying the position we have already taken: that the most prudent course will be to grant the Secretary authority to issue 30-year bonds at not over 4 per cent and then leave him to do the best the markets permit. The man who has brought refunding thus far may be trusted to continue it. Of one thing, at least, we may be sure: that the uncertainty in which the subject is kept is not favorable, as far as it goes. The delicacy of public credit has never been adequately appreciated in Congress.

#### COTTON CONSUMPTION IN EUROPE.

By cable we have obtained the substance of Messrs. Ellison & Co.'s February cotton report issued on Tuesday, the 10th inst. It will be remembered that two weeks since we gave an elaborate statement of the results reached in the annual circular of the same firm. We have now received that circular by mail and publish it in full on subsequent pages. Our cable therefore of the February report received to-day, read in connection with the annual review, will enable our readers to acquaint themselves fully with the present condition of consumption in Europe, and also to form a reasonable opinion with regard to the requirements of Great Britain and the Continent for the remainder of the season.

Turning, then, to the annual circular, we find that the explanation for the revision of the figures of consumption was precisely as we gave it through the cable two weeks since. The words of Mr. Ellison on the point are that "the average weights at the end of November were " given as 437 lbs. for Great Britain and 424 lbs. for " the Continent, but these figures are now raised to 449 " lbs. and 435 lbs. respectively, owing to the American " bales averaging at least 8 lbs. and the Egyptian 18 " lbs. heavier than in the previous season. This altera-

"tion affects the estimated consumption for October " and November to the extent of the increased weight." It is of the utmost importance to keep in mind the change here indicated, for we shall then have no difficulty in understanding the figures now received by cable for January and their relation to those of the previous three months. First we will give the statement for the season to the end of January, which is as follows.

Takings and Consump-	Bales, o	ictual.	Pou	nds,	Bales, 400 pounds.	
tion in Europe.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Great Britain,	Continent.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.
Surplus Oct. 1 Deliveries to Feb. 1,	13,757	44,151	6,012,000	18,720,000	15,000	47,000
1880	1,064,320	830,328	478,148,810	382,942,550	1,195,872	957,856
Supply to Feb. 1, 'S0 Consumption same	1,078,309	923,362	484,160,810	401,682,550	1,210,972	1,004,356
time	949,133	782,530	420,000,810	340,400,000	1,007,252	851,000
Surplus Feb. 1, '80	129,808	140,832	58,200,000	61,262,550	143,120	153,356

For the sake of indicating more clearly the facts contained in the foregoing statement, we bring down the above totals of consumption, adding similar returns for previous years, and also giving for each the average consumption per week, in 400-pound bales, for the four months.

Sec. 1.	Pounds (000's omitted).				Bales 400 lbs. per week.		
October 1 to February 1.	Great Brita'n.	Conti- nent.	Total Europe.	Europe, Bales 400 lbs.	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent.	Total Europe.
				1,918,252			
				1,710,000			
1877-78 1876-77				1,838,500 1,989,000			

These figures for previous seasons will be more intelligible, and the comparison they suggest will be more correctly made, if we repeat the statement of conditions during those seasons, as given by us two weeks since, which was as follows :

which was as follows : In the first four months of 1876-77 there was quite a feeling of exbilaration in manufacturing circles, in part due to a rise in silver and a consequent improvement in the Eastern exchanges, but mainly growing out of a belief that war between Russia and Turkey (fears of which had weighed on the market through the previous Summer) would be averted. This, too, was in the midst of the period of greatest consumption ever reached, and proved to be for the time the eulminating point. 2. During 1877 each succeeding month more forcibly pointed towards the necessity for contraction in spinning, and in the last quarter the downward course of the cotton-goods industry was even more manifest than earlier in the year. War was declared in April by Russia against Turkey. But that was only a circumstance which helped to develop the growing distrust in the condition of the trade—a feeling which, as we have said, increased as the year advanced, and was most marked as it closed. closed.

3. The whole of 1878 was a succession of disappointments—a year ever memorable for its work in uncloaking the artificial nature of the demand, which had so long been kept up after nature of the demand, which had so long been kept up after the speculation and extravagance that gave rise to it was no longer possible. On the 2d of October the failure of the Glas-gow Bank was announced, and immediately the makeshifts which had served to bolster up an unsound trade were fully disclosed. Consequently, the last three months of the year and the first month of 1879 covered the period of greatest distress and dimensions. and depression.

One further analysis is necessary to complete the exhibit of the situation as it is to-day. The first of above statements gives us the entire movement in Europe for the four months. The second statement furnishes a comparison with the three previous years, not only of these totals, but also of the average weekly consumption in bales during same period. From the latter (with the remarks following) we are able to see in brief how complete is the change which has taken place in consumption. The remaining statement we have prepared, is to enable the reader to trace the course of this change so far as it has occurred during this season; by giving the total and weekly consumption in Great Britain and on the Continent each month since October 1st, which is as follows.

FEBRUARY 14, 1880.]

THE CHRONICLE.

CONSUMPTION IN	Pounds.	Bales 400 lbs.	Bales per week, 400 lbs.
Great Britain, October, 4 <sup>1</sup> 2 w'ks. Continent, October, 4 weeks	101,220,810 75,200,000	253,072 188,000	50,238 47,000
Total October	188,281,000	470,700	103,238
Great Britain, November, 4 w'ks. Continent, November, 4½ weeks.	98,880,000 84,800,000	247,200 212,000	61,800 47,112
Total November	183,680,000	459,200	108,912
Great Britain, Dec., 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> weeks Continent, December, 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> weeks.	113,400,000 84,400,000	283,500 211,000	63,000 46,889
Total December	185,200,000	463,000	109,889
Great llritain, January, 4½ w'ks Continent, January, 5 weeks	113,400,000 96,000,000	283,500 240,000	63,000 48,000
Total January	209,400,000	523,500	111,000
Great Britain, Oct. to Feb Continent, Oct. to Feb	426,900,810 340,400,000	1,067,252 851,000	60,980 47,277
Total October 1 to February 1.	767,300,810	1,918,252	108,263

We here see that the improvement which began in the early summer of 1879, has been pretty constant since this season opened, Great Britain having reached during the last month 63,000 bales weekly and the Continent 48,000 bales, of 400 lbs each. Turning to the annual circular we find that the Continent consumed last year 1,082,112,510 lbs or an average of 52,300 bales of 400 lbs each per week, as we gave it by cable two weeks since. At present the rate appears to be only 48,000 bales; but as the foregoing comparison shows that for the coresponding period last year it was only 43,000 bales, while the whole year averaged over 52,300 bales, and as it is a further fact (also referred to by Mr. Ellison in his circular) that the Continental consumption in Winter is always smaller than in Summer, there seems to be no warrant at present for estimating the year's average helow last year's. Consequently, for the whole of Europe an average of less than 115,000 bales of 400 lbs. each cannot be expected, unless there should be a European war or something else to check the renewed demand for goods. In fact, so wonderful has been the growth in consumption which these figures indicate to be in progress, under circumstances very many of which have been peculiarly unfavorable, that it seems unwise to put even that limit on the possibilities of the future.

### BRITISH POLITICS AND HOME RULE.

On Thursday of last week the seventh session of the present Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland was formally opened by the address from the throne. The opening of Parliament was this year more than usually interesting, partly because of the so-called Irish famine, partly because of the troubled condition of foreign politics, and partly because of the hostile attitude assumed by each of the two great rival political parties. Not a little of the interest which attached to the occasion was due also to the fact that the present is the longest-lived Parliament which Great Britain has seen in some generations.

The address, as was to be expected, referred chiefly and in the outset to the results of the Berlin treaty, to the watchfulness which was yet necessary to make that treaty a complete success, to the affairs of Afghanistan and of South Africa. Ireland and other home questions were not overlooked. It was a noticeable feature of the proceedings that the leaders of the liberal party, although they expressed their minds freely on some of the questions raised by the address, did not make any direct movement which might have the effect of obstructing business or of changing the policy of the Government. An amendment to the address, however, was proposed by the Home rulers; and an attempt was made to blame the Ministry not for what they were doing or for what they proposed to do,

but for what they had failed to do. The debate, whichwas protracted, and gave sufficient opportunity for the. ventilation of Irish sentiment, was brought to a close on Tuesday of this week, when the Government was sustained by a vote of 216 to 66. It is thus manifest thatwith at least the House of Commons, as at present constituted, the Home rulers have no chance of effecting the . changes which they wish to see brought about in Ireland. On that point Whig and Tory, Liberal and Conservative, are very much agreed. But there are many other vital questions on which the two great parties are radically opposed ; and there can be no doubt, after what we have seen and heard, during the last few months, that if Lord Beaconsfield does not come to the conclusion voluntarily that it is his duty to advise her Majesty to dissolve Parliament and order a general election, the Opposition will lose no opportunity in attempting to force him to such a conclusion. One thing, however, is very evident in all past contests. of strength : the majority in both Lords and Commons has. been with the Administration. It remains to be seen, therefore, whether any new attack on the Governmenton its management of foreign affairs, on its annexation schemes, or on its financial policy-will diminish that majority or convert it into a minority.

But assuming there will be no change in the strength of parties in the present Parliament, a new election cannot. much longer be deferred. What will in that event be the result is a question that concerns even us. Of course, our means for judging are limited, and yet it seems quite certain that although the liberal leaders are becoming more and more impatient, and although Mr. Gladstone's famous tour to the north, at the close of last year, called forth a powerful demonstration of liberal sentiment-a sentiment which is almost universal in Scotland, and which is scarcely less strong in some of the northern counties of England-it. is still doubtful whether, in the event of a dissolution, that is, supposing he could go to the country with his plans completed, Lord Beaconsfield would not be sustained by the votes of the people. The recent Tory triumph in Livcrpool, when Mr. Whitby polled over two thousand votes more than the liberal candidate, Lord Ramsay, heir of the famous house of Dalhousie, shows that there is yet a powerful and intelligent section of the British people who do not think that the policy of the present Government is ruinous either to the interests or to the honor of their country. Much, of course, depends upon the shape which affairs shall have taken when the election shall take place. If the Tories shall be able to take glory from the treaty of Berlin, from the establishment of a more scientific boundary in northern India, from the creation of a new Australia in Southern Africa, as well as from other lesser triumplis, it will be difficult for the Liberals, even with Gladstone at their head, to beat them at the ballot box. If, however, Lord Beaconsfield is forced to submit to the arbitration of the people, before the work in which he is now involved is satisfactorily completed, his chances of success will be greatly diminished.

One great source of weakness of the Liberals is the want of unity. Mr. Gladstone, when in Scotland, roused the people into a very tempest of enthusiasm; and much of that enthusiasm, we believe, still continues. But Mr. Gladstone has not the confidence of some of the strongest men in his own party; and his known thoroughness, almost imperiousness, makes him an object of dread, not only to all conservative voters, but even to the more cautious men among the Liberals. Mr. Gladstone has declared himself in favor of sweeping reforms. He has not spoken in favor of Home Rule; but it is not improbable that he would endeavor to introduce such changes into the electoral system that Home Rule might, at some future time, be more easily brought about. At the present time Home Rule, unless spoken of in connection with some grand federation scheme, which would take in the colonies as well as the mother countries, is one of the most unpopular questions which can be raised either in England or Scotland. It was Lord Ramsay's avowed willingness to grant Home Rule to Ireland which divided the Liberals and caused his defeat at Liverpool. It is this same delicate, conservative sentiment which will be found against the Liberals when they come before the country and the people, if they have not formerly come to an understanding among themselves. Mr. Gladstone must be allowed to take the place which nature seems to have assigned him. The other leaders must give up their paltry differences and rally around their chief. Lowe must become as loyal and devoted as Bright or Forster, or he must stand aside. Thus united, and going before the country with a clearly-defined, progressive, but non-revolutionary policy, they may hope to make a good fight. Disunited and with a doubtful policy, they will have a poor chance against the skill, the foresight and the unity of the Conservatives. For some months to come British politics will command the attention of the world.

## RAILROAD EARNINGS IN JANUARY.

The table of railroad earnings for January is the largest, in the number of roads included, that has ever been published in the CHRONICLE. This fact is in itself significant, as the number of companies reporting their monthly earnings always increases when the business of the roads shows a condition of prosperity. The roads showing any decrease in their earnings last month are very few, and the percentage of increase in the total earnings over the total for January, 1879, approximates 27 per cent. For the first time, we have the earnings of the consolidated Wabash St. Louis & Pacific road, leading off now with the large increase of \$209,250 over January of 1879. The Southwestern group of roads are still among the most prominent for their large improvement-St. Louis & Iron Mountain showing an increase of \$218,586; St. Louis & San Francisco \$116,297; and Missouri Kansas & Texas an increase of \$172.874.

OI GILISOIT.	S EARNINGS IN	TANDARY.		
GRUS	-		T	Deemona
:	1880.		Increase.	
	\$	\$	\$	Ş
Atch. Topeka& Santa Fe.	473,500	314,732	158,768	
Burl. Cedar Rap. & No	184.316	117,362	66,954	
Cairo & St. Louis	22,821	17,263	5,538	
Central Pacifio	1,223,000	1,089,166	133.834	
Chicago & Alton	502,285	343,737	158,548	
Chicago & East. Illinois.	72,466	68.167	4,299	
Chicago & East, Infilois.	763,000	591,175	171.825	
Chic. Milw. & St. Paul	1.135,000	1,008,321	126,679	
Chicago & Northwest			9,667	
Chic. St. P. & Minneap	83,537	73,870		
Chicago & West Mich*	36,603	25,623	10,950	
Clev. Mt. Vernon & Del.	33,863	28.427	5,441	
Detroit Lans. & North.*	50,792	37,208	13,584	
Flint & Pere Marquetto.	109,992	77.411	32,581	
Grand Trunk of Canadat	730,066	689,321	40,745	
Great West'n of Canada:	351,245	306,098	45,147	
Hannihal & St. Joseph	169,380	137,047	32,333	
Illinois Central (Ill. line).	417,236	475,891		58,635
Do (Iowa leasod lines)	119,421	104,301	15,120	
Indiana Bloom. & West.	80,498	82,934		2.436
Internat'l & Gt. North.	158,659	161.818		3.159
	59,943	34,926	25.017	
Kan. City F. S. & Gulf*.		14,106		
Kan. City Law. & So.*	23,257	14,100	5,101	
Kan. City St. Jo. & C. B.*	70,238	64,332		
Little Rock & Ft. Smith.	49,856	25,018		
Louisville & Nashville	647,671	450,476		
Minneapolis & St. Louis*	28,549	17,361		
Missouri Kansas & Tex	367,327	194,453		
Mobile & Ohio	246,501	194,486		
N. Y. Cent. & Hudson	2,593,613	-2,024,812	568,801	
Northern Pacifio	81,843	37,014	44,829	
Ogden, & L. Champlain.	30,201	18,069	12,132	
Padneah & Elizabetht'n*	24,652	16,112		
Paducah & Meruphis*	12,641	9.727		
St. L. A.&T.H. main line.	96,519	59,757		
Do do (branches)	51,270	48,445		
St. L. Iron Mt. & South'n.	552,615	334,029		
St. Louis & S. Francisco.	195,696	79,399		
	98.659		110,297 19,731	
St. Paul & Sionz City, &c.		78,928		
Toledo Peoria & Warsaw	93,306	94,907	000.05	. 1,601
Wabash St. Louis & Pac.	780,447	571.197		
Wisconsin Valley	19,671	9,645	5 10,020	5
	10.010.000			
Total		10,127,071	1 2,780,94	3 65,851
Net increase			. 2,715,09	2

Three weeks only of January in each year. For the four weeks ended January 31. For the four weeks ended January 30.

It is reported in some of the newspapers that Unio Pacific earnings showed an increase in January \$169,276, and Lake Shore an increase of \$375,000 i the first three weeks of the month, but we can get no

information from the companies, and give these reports for what they may be worth. On several occasions last year the Erie earnings were reported in the newspapers some time the Erie earnings were reported in the newspapers some time prior to the issue of the regular monthly reports of the com-pany, and in every instance it was found that such reports were grossly inaccurate. The New York Central & Hudson has made a report of gross earnings for the first four months of the fiscal year, October 1 to January 31, and the total is \$11,140,250 against \$9,600,599 in the same period of last year. Since this company has begun to report its earnings, hope may be entertained that the most obdurate may yet be induced to make a similar concession to their stockholders and the public. Subjoined is a statement of the earnings and expenses of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railway for the month of January, 1879 and 1880:

January, 1880.:	Earnings. \$48,856 25,018	Expenses. \$13,742 16,405	Net Earn'gs. \$31,114 8,613
Inereaso	\$24,538	\$2,337	\$22,501
The statement below	gives the gr	oss earnings onth of De	s, operating cember, and

from January 1 to December 31, of all such railroad companies as will furnish monthly exhibits for publication :

	as	GROSS EARNINGS, 1				
		GROSS EARAINOS,	-Decemb	er ~	–Jan. 1 to 1	Dee. 31
	A	tlantic Miss. & Ohio—	1879. \$	1878. \$	1879. \$	1878.
		Gross earnings Oper'g exp. (incl. extr'y)	203,329 97,782	$143,240 \\ 98,445$	1,749,614 986,738	1,718,436 1,192,651
			105,547	44,795	762,876	525,805
		Net earnings url. Cedar Rap.& North'n— Gross earnings			1,534,949	1,527,667
		Expenses	96,135	$124,676 \\ 78,740$	984,807	1,077,642
l	Ð	Net earnings. url. & Mo. River in Neb	80,069	45,936	550,142	450,025
ľ	7	Gross earnings Operat'g expenses & taxes		•••••	2,160,926 743,835	1,909,518 664,689
		-			1,417,091	1,244,829
ļ	C	Net earnings arolina Central—	40.000	07 770		
		Gross earnings Operating expenses	49,080 24,898	$37,779 \\ 26,089$		
		Net earnings	24,182	11,690		
i	С	Gross earnings	179,161	137,769	1,936,537	1,908,235 1,586,335
		Operating expenses	119,933	115,521	1,497,317	321,900
	I	Net earnings Dakota Southern—	59,228	22,245	439,220	
l		Gross earnings Operating expenses	$9,918 \\ 9,439$	$19,060 \\ 8,493$		•••••
		Not earnings	479	10,567		
	F	Gross carnings	3,406	3,747 1,758	40,896	38,397
		Operating expenses	1,611		18,266	20,724
	1	Net earnings Houston & Texas Centrál—	1,795	1,989	22,630	17,673
		Gross earnings Operating exp. and taxes	$382,230 \\ 163,540$	380,477 168,032	3,205,685 1,773,771	2,920,997 1,752,039
				212,445	1,431,914	1,168,958
,	1	Net earnings International & Great North Gross earnings			1,775,861	1,626,239
		Expenses	$218,268 \\ 124,134$	222,873 117.755	1,775,861 1,178,465	975,990
		Net earnings Louisville & Nashville—	94,134	105,118	597,396	630,249
	1	Gross earnings	*630,000 <sup>*</sup> *330,000	505,843 260,566	5,955,575 3,412,192	5,355,100 3,189,884
		Operating expenses	*300,000	245,277	2,543,383	2,165,216
•	1	Net earnings Mobile & Montgomery-			703,407	679,260
•		Gross earnings Expenses		88,648 33,500	475,866	424,101
•		Net earnings	40,260	55,148	227,541	255,159
•	1	Nashy. Chatt. & St. Lous- Gross earnings.	183,653	$149,552 \\ 83,920$	1,800,877 1,129,395	1,631,682 1,056,447
5		Operating exp., incl. taxes	75,594	65,632	671,482	575,235
6		Net earnings. Pennsylvania (all lines east o	of Dittahuro	7 & Erie)-		
9	1	Gross earnings Operating expenses	1,941,870	1,673,361	20,382,739	31,636,734 18,468,993
•		Net earnings		931,935	14,237,540	13,167,741
		Gross earnings	304,056	225,308 154,738	3,091,808 2,130,258	2,921,061 2,044,949
	1	Operating expenses		70,570		
		Net earnings St. Louis Iron Mt. & Sout'n-	. 116,468	468,195		
•		Gross earnings. Operat'g and extra'y exp.	. 000,410	241,725		
	•	The second second	445.088	226,470	2,300,555	1,945,956 hand.
	٠L	The following November f	Nove	mber.	July 1 t	o Nov. 30.~
		Grand Trunk of Canada-	*		<u></u>	
) i		Gross earnings Working expenses	. 174,088 . 122,671	165,530 123,460	815,446 592,769	785.429 590,705
• •	• [	Net earnings	. 51.417	42,070	222,677	194,794
	- 1		Nove 1879.	1878.	- Jan. 1 1879.	to Nov. 30- 1878.
51	1	Great Western of Canada- Gross earnings	\$ 	\$ 301,000 212,700	ş	
		Working expenses				
		Net earnings Chicago Burlington & Quine				-
	n	Gross earnings Operating expenses	.1,327,680	1,296,089 642,350	$213,341,548 \\ 0 6,689,782$	8 13,042,978 1 6,971,979
	f	Net earnings				
	n o	* Estimated.				
-	-	Addy Values of VOCAs				

### ELLISON & CO.'S ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE COTTON TRADE FOR 1879. [CONDUCTED BY THOMAS ELLISON.]

Eighteen hundred and seventy-nine witnessed the calmination of an unusually protracted period of depression in every branch of trade everywhere. The depression was due in part to an inevitable reaction from previous extravagance, inflation and over-trading, whereby the world was gorged with manufactures at high prices; and in part to the diminished purchasingpower of the masses in Europe, India and China, resulting from a succession of famines and deficient harvests. The year opened hopefully, but no improvement of moment took place until towards the Autumn, and no sustained increase of business was witnessed until near the close. But in October commenced a revival, which became more pronounced in November and December, and gradually made itself felt in first one and then another of the leading industrial centres of the country.

As respects the cotton industry, the course of trade was quite as unsatisfactory during the greater part of 1879 as it had been throughout 1878, and it is certain that if a change for the better had not taken place before the close of the year, half the spinners and manufacturers of Lancashire would have been rnined. The profits made during the last two or three months prevented this wholesale bankruptcy; but, except in a comparatively few instances, in which consumers made large purchases of the raw material at low prices, the net result of the year's business is a further increase in the adverse balances which existed at the close of 1878. This is fully demonstrated in the calculation which we give below under the head of "Profits and Losses, 1871-79."

The following table shows that small as was the margin between the price of raw cotton and the value of yarns and goods in 1878, it was still smaller in 1879.

	Ave. prices per lb.			1879 compared with		
	1877.	1878.	1879	1878.	1877.	
Cotton— Middling uplands Fair Dhollerah Yarn, best seconds—	$\substack{\substack{65\\65}\\53}_{16}^{\mathbf{d.}}$	d. 6 <sup>1</sup> 8 4 <sup>15</sup> 16	$^{d.}_{518}$	d. <sup>3</sup> 18 higher. <sup>1</sup> 18	d. No change. <sup>3</sup> 16 lower.	
30's Water Twist 40's Mule Twist Cloth, per lb.—	1058 101316		99 <sub>16</sub>	316 " 116 "	78 " 14 "	
Printers', 4 <sup>1</sup> 4 lbs 5 <sup>1</sup> 4 lbs Shirtings, 7 lbs 8 <sup>1</sup> 4 lbs	1118		$103_{4}$ $103_{16}$	<sup>5</sup> 16 lower. <sup>3</sup> 1 " <sup>1</sup> 1 " <sup>1</sup> 16 higher.	$11_{16} \\ 111_{16} \\ 15_{16} \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $	
Average prices— 30's and 40's Twist Printers' and Shirtings	1034	9916 10916	91116		1 <sup>1</sup> <sub>16</sub> " 1 <sup>1</sup> <sub>8</sub> "	
Margin between— Uplands and Twist "Cloth	47 <sub>16</sub> 51 <sub>8</sub>	$\frac{37_{16}}{47_{16}}$	338 4	116 less.	11 <sub>16</sub> less.	

PROFITS AND LOSSES, 1871 TO 1879.

In the following statement we give the weight of yarns and goods produced, the weight exported, and the weight left for home consumption and stock. In reducing cotton to yarn, we have assumed that of the 10 per cent in American and long staples, and 18 per cent in East Indian, usually put down as loss by the first spinners, one-half consists of waste which is used in coarse counts by other spinners. We have also made an extra allowance of 2½ to 3 per cent for the inferior American erops of 1873, 1876 and 1878. The goods exported are reduced to weight in accordance with estimates recently obtained from the leading shipping houses and cloth agents:

Years.	Yarns & Goods Produced. Pounds.	Yarns & Goods Exported. Pounds.	Left for Home Consumption and Stock. Pounds.
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1876 1877 1878 1878 1879	$\begin{array}{c} 1,137,100\\ 1,106,700\\ 1,151,400\\ 1,192,700\\ 1,158,900\\ 1,188,100\\ 1,170,100\\ 1,091,300\\ 1,111,100\\ \end{array}$	890,660 935,400 928,000 953,400 941,700 976,700 1,002,100 986,100 986,100	246,500 171,300 223,400 239,300 217,200 211,400 168,000 105,200 126,200
Total	10,307,400	8,598,900	1,708,500

The quantity taken for home consumption in 1871 was unusually large, owing partly to the reduced state of stocks everywhere and partly to the increased demand for cotton fabrics occasioned by the extraordinary advance which took place in the price of woolen goods, the raw material of which rose about 50 per cent in value in that year compared with 1870. We have estimated the real consumption in 1871 at  $6\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. per head of population, at  $6\frac{1}{4}$  lbs. in 1872 and 1873, at about 6 lbs. in 1874, 1875 and 1876, at  $5\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. in 1877, and at 5 bs. in 1878 and 1879. During the nine years the population

increased from 31,513,000 in 1871 to 34,000,000 in 1879. On the basis of these estimates the distribution of the quantity left for consumption and stock during the past nine years was as follows:

Years.	Estimated Consumption. Pounds.	Left for Sur plus Stock. Pounds.	Consumption and Export. Pounds.
$\begin{array}{c} 1871 \\ 1872 \\ 1873 \\ 1873 \\ 1875 \\ 1875 \\ 1876 \\ 1876 \\ 1877 \\ 1878 \\ 1878 \\ 1879 \\ 18$	$\begin{array}{c} 201,500\\ 199,000\\ 200,800\\ 194,000\\ 196,500\\ 195,800\\ 178,900\\ 169,800\\ 169,800 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 41,700\\ 14,000\\ 36,600\\ 73,200\\ 102,600\\ 118,200\\ 102,200\\ 43,600\\ \ldots\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,095,400\\ 1,131,400\\ 1,128,800\\ 1,147,400\\ 1,138,200\\ 1,172,500\\ 1,138,200\\ 1,172,500\\ 1,155,000\\ 1,155,000\\ 1,154,700 \end{array}$
Total	1,708,500		10,307,400

We assume that there was no surplus stock of goods at the commencement of 1871, and that the subsequent accumulations were cleared out by the end of 1879; in short, that the stock at the close of 1879 was about the same as at the end of 1870. The greatest accumulation was at the close of 1876, at which date the surplus stocks represented five to six weeks' production.

In estimating the value of the total quantity of cotton products delivered each year for expert and consumption, we have taken the value of the exports, as given by the Board of Trade, and we have adopted the usual assumption that the goods consumed at home are one-third more valuable per pound than the goods exported. In this way we get the values of the total deliveries, as follows:.

Years.	Value of Goods	Value of	Value
	and Yarns	Home	Total
	Exported.	Consumption.	Deliveries
1871	$74,247 \\ 71,772 \\ 67,641$	$\pounds$	£
1872		22,391	95,212
1873		23,026	103,190
1874		22,774	100,137
1875		20,774	95,021
1876		20,774	92,519
1876		18,862	86,503
1877		17,248	86,476
1878		15,862	81,771
1879		15,345	79,291

The cost of the raw cotton required to produce the goods so delivered is given in the following table, along with the amount paid for wages, and the balance left for other expenses, &c.

Years.	Paid for	Paid for	Balance Expense	
		Wages.	Total.	Per lb. of goods, &o., delivered.
1871 1872 1873 1873 1875 1876 1876 1877 1878 1879			£ 30,813 27,943 29,682 30,053 30,583 27,293 26,591 24,527 24,094	d. 675 591 635 628 604 558 540 509 500

According to the Census for 1871, the number of hands employed in the cotton industry in all its branches was about 660,000. The average rate of wages was about 15s. per week, or £39 per annum. This, on the weight of cotton used, was equal to  $5\frac{1}{6}d$ . per lb. We have calculated the wages for each year on this basis, except that we have deducted 5 per cent for 1878 and  $12\frac{1}{2}$  per cent for 1879. The total reduction in 1879 reached 15 per cent, but it was only in actual force part of the year. The "balance left for other expenses, &c.," includes every outlay except wages, such as rent, taxes, gas, coal, eils, dyes, repairs, &c. It also includes interest of capital and profits.

The last column of all shows how much the "balance left for other expenses" is per lb. of the weight of goods, &c., delivered. 1871 was a year of exceptional prosperity; 1872 was exactly the reverse. In our annual report we stated that—" Altogether the year has been the most unsatisfactory since 1869, during which some scores of failures occurred in the manufacturing districts; but the profits realized in 1871 saved Lancashire from bankruptcy during the past twelve months." The years 1873, 1874 and 1875 were years of moderate profits. The high price of coal in 1873 was an exceptional source of loss to the millowners, and the result of the year's business was less favorable than appears in our figures. In 1876 commenced the disastrous course of trade which culminated in 1879.

The balance left for all interest, profits, and all expenses other than the payments for cotton and wages, fell from 6.75d. in 1871 to 5d. per ib. in 1879. The first five years of the period included one good year, one bad year, and three years of fair profits. The average for the five years was 6.26d. per lb. Assuming this to represent a fair remuneration per lb. of products delivered, the annual losses of spinners and manufacturers were as follows, in 1876, 1877, 1878 and 1879:

Years.	Products	Due for other Exp'ses than Wages & Cot- ton at 6•26d. per lb.	Amount	Amount of Loss.
1876           1877           1878           1879	1,181,000,000 1,155,000,000	30,804,000 30,126,000	26,591,000 24,529,000	5,599,000

Showing a total loss in four years of ...... £19,125,000

That this is a fair estimate of the losses sustained by spinners and manufacturers is confirmed by the facts declared in the balance-sheets of the Oldham Companies at the end of 1879. Fifty-five companies showed on balance a loss of £155,830 and seven a profit of £4,713, or a net loss of £151,017. Of this, about £100,000 represents the loss in 1879, the balance being lost chiefly in 1878. The paid-up capital of these mills amounted to £2,183,000. Dividends were declared in a few instances, but they were altogether unimportant, and practically there was a loss of dividend as well as the loss of £100,000 of capital. At five per cent the dividend on £2,183,000 would have amounted to £109,150-raising the total loss in round numbers to about £210,000. The fifty-five mills enumerated contained 2.888,000 spindles. In the same ratio the total loss on the 40,000,000 spindles in Great Britain would be £2,908,000. It is well known that the loss in manufacturing was in proportion greater than the loss in spinning; but supposing it to be the same, weight for weight, it would amount to £2,327,000 (one-fifth of the yarn produced being exported in an unmanufactured state). This would bring the aggregate loss up to £5,235,000 for 1879, against our estimate of £6,024,000.

The loss to labor, owing to reductions in the rate of wages, was  $\pounds 1,323,000$  in 1878 and  $\pounds 3,307,000$  in 1879, or a total of  $\pounds 4,630,000$ , so that the total loss to capital and labor in four years was nearly twenty-four millions sterling, which estimate, we may observe, is based only on the amount of work done, and takes no account of the loss to capital and labor occasioned by the enforced idleness arising out of "short-time," "strikes" and reduced production. Nor does it take any account of the enormous losses entailed by the forced sale of mills and mill shares during the period of depression, much property of this kind having changed hands at one-third to one-half of its value in prosperous times.

#### THE COURSE OF PRICES.

The market opened firmly in January at 1/2d. to 5/8d. advance upon the most depressed prices touched in December, middling upland selling at 5 7-16d. on January 6, against 47%d. on December 13. There was a disposition to take a more hopeful view of the prospects for the new year, and this feeling was strengthened by the termination of the strike which had been going on in Oldham since November. But there was no sympathetic response from Manchester, and, spite of the strong statistical position of the article, prices underwent no improvement during the first two months of the year; middling being still at 5 5-16d. on March 8. America, however, had made a stand against any further decline, and New York speculators showed their confidence in the future by sending over large orders to buy on this side. This demand was freely met by sellers here, who viewed the American movement as merely speculative, artificial and temporary; but eventually the "bulls" took courage, the "bears" took fright, and Manchester waked up. The result was an enormous business on speculation, a large business for consumption, and an advance (between May 8 and May 20) of 2d. in all positions, middling selling at 7 5-16d. on the spot and 7½d. for forward delivery. So great was the confidence of buyers that 71/8d. was paid for what may be termed new crop deliveries-October-November. The market was at times greatly excited, especially on the last day of the advance-May 20. The succeeding day brought reflection, and a reaction set in, which ended in a decline of %d. in three days. This was partially recovered in the course of the next week, but was nearly all lost again by the end of the month. June opened firmly (after the Whitsuntide holidays). Spinners bought freely, encouraging telegrams were at hand from New York, an extensive business was done, and middling rose to 7 %d. on the spot and to 79-32d. for delivery in the Autumn. Then came another reaction of 1/d., followed

by a readvance of 3-16d.; middling being at 7 1-16d. on July 7. During the interval between May 20 and July 7, the market had been more or less adversely affected by rnmored impending financial difficulties in Manchester, and by the fear of complications arising out of unauthorized speculative transactions entered into by the resident partner of a large Continental house.

Aside from these circumstances, however, faith in a further advance was beginning to waver, so much so that a reactionary movement in New York and an extensive resort to "short-time" in the manufacturing districts led to a complete change of front between July 7 and August 6-ending in a decline, during the month, of 13-16d. on the spot, nearly 1d. for Autumn delivery and about %d. for new crops, the latter selling at 5 13-16d. People began to "read up" the course of the market last year, and 5½d. per lb. was put forth as a figure which would in all probability be witnessed before the close of the year. But a fall of over 1d. per lb. from the rates touched in May attracted the attention of buyers in Manchester, who considered that purchases made on the basis of 6¼d. for middling upland could not do much harm. The result was a recovery of 9-16d. per lb. for spot cotton and %d. for new crops, between the 6th and 8th of August. There was a further rise of 1-16d. on the spot during the subsequent week, and the anticipation of a "corner" in September led to expectations of still higher prices. But the advance checked business in Manchester, and the confidence of operators was weakened by lower prices from New York, by predicted very large and early receipts at the American ports, and by the spread of "strikes" and "short-time" in the manufacturing districts; the upshot of which was a decline of 7-16d. on the spot, and about the same in new crops, between the 9th and 23rd September, spot touching 6 7-16d. and new crops once more 5 13-16d. The last week of the month witnessed an advance of ¼d. to ¾d. on the spot, owing to the demand to fill September contracts, but new crops gained only 1/8d.

The so-called September "corner" being over, spot prices sunk to 61/4d. and new crops to 53/4d. during the first week of October. Once more there were visions of 5½d. looming in the future. There was no reason for expecting this figure, except that it had been witnessed last year, and so deeply had last year's exceptional depression ground itself into the public mind that it was impossible to get more than a few people to believe in the possibility of an advance. The short supply for the remainder of the year, the symptoms of reviving trade in Manchester, and the prospect of an increase in the rate of consumption commensurate with augmented supplies of cotton, all went for nothing. "Bearing" the market had been so successful for several years past that it had become almost an axiom that one of the ways to wealth was to sell cotton "short." Hence it was that in October was completed the foundation of the most remarkable coup ever witnessed either in the cotton or any other market. Full of confidence in a decline in prices, contracts for October delivery were freely sold at much below the spot price. The idea that the "bears" could be "cornered" was regarded as ridiculous. Such a thing, it was said, might be possible in New York; but it was out of the question in a large market like Liverpool, particularly as there was practically only one operator for the "corner." But towards the middle of the month the "bears" began to lose faith in their previously-expressed opinions. They left off ridiculing the "corner" and its originator and wisely commenced to cover their contracts. The result was at first a gradual and then a rapid advance in prices, from 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>d. on the 4th to 6 11-16d. on the 20th, to 7d. on the 22d, to 7¼d. on the 27th, and to 75%d. on the 31st. The excitement on the 31st was intense, and prices fluctuated every few minutes. It had transpired that numerous settlements had been made during the previous day or two. This caused the price to run down from 7 13-32d. to 7<sup>1</sup>/d. at the opening, but there was a prompt reaction, and between half-past eleven and twelve o'clock the price ran up as follows: 71/4d., 7 5-16d., 7 11-32d., 7 7-16d., 7 9-16d., and 75/8d.

The intensity of the squeeze almost put a stop to business on the spot during the last two or three days of the month, the sales on the 30th and 31st being only 4,000 bales each, while out of the 8,000 sold only 1,700 were taken by spinners. But though consumers bought very little for prompt delivery, they purchased freely for delivery on and after the 1st November at prices 36d. to 32d. below the artificial figure created by the October "corner." The basis upon which the business was to be resumed was fixed, therefore, before the month had

expired, and on the 1st November the official quotations for American were reduced %d. to 7-16d., at which reduction a large business was done. There was a further reduction of %d. on the 3d and again of 1/4d. on the 4th, middling being quoted 6 11-16d. on the last-named day, against 7%d. on the 31st October. The prevalent views as to the probable course of prices in the future were indicated by sales of November deliveries at 6 7-16d. and December to February at 64d., many looking for 6d. in December. In view of this general impression, it was thought that the demand from the trade would be circumscribed until prices gave way; but spinners had used up every bale of surplus stock (those who could having sent cotton to Liverpool to secure the premium on October deliveries). They were obliged, therefore, to buy, and to buy freely, so that prices, instead of continuing to give way, rapidly recovered, and continued to gain ground until the 9th of December, on which day middling was quoted 736d. but was actually worth 7 3-16d. Meanwhile, under the influence of a gigantic speculative wave from New York, and an unusually large business in Manchester for immediate and forward delivery, public opinion had undergone such a complete revolution that distant cotton, instead of being at a discount, as it was as late as the middle of November, was now at a premium; 7½d. being paid for June-July and 7 9-16d. for July-August delivery. But Manchester rebelled against these extreme prices. Buyers of yarns and cloth refused to follow the rise which the advance in the raw material compelled producers to ask; and as they had already bought liberally for forward delivery, they were in a position to hold aloof. Simultaneous with the stand made by Manchester came a sharp reaction from New York. The result was that between December 9 and 16 prices gave way 7-16d. on the spot and ½d. for futures. Upon this new basis the demand again improved, and early on the 17th there was an advance of 3-16d., owing in a great measure to the receipt of strong advices from New York; but the day closed quiet at 1-16d. reaction, and another 1-16d. was lost on the 18th. Thence to the 24th the market was mostly quiet, but at times somewhat feverish. Prices fluctuated daily 1-32d. to 1-16d., and on the 19th as much as 3/d., but the tendency was upwards, and the net result was an advance of 3-16d. on the spot and 3-16d. to 1/4d. in futures. The market was closed from the 24th to the 29th for the Christmas holidays. On the last-named day it reopened quietly. Futures lost 1-16d. early in the day, but subsequently recovered the fall. The 30th and 31st were both dull days, and prices gave way 1-16d. per pound.

The opening, highest, lowest, average and closing prices of middling uplaud on the spot, for the past four years, compare as follows:

	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.
Opening Highest Lowest. Average. Closing.	738 5516 6516	$\begin{array}{c} \text{d.} \\ \text{$6^{3}_{8}$} \\ \text{$6^{3}_{4}$} \\ \text{$4^{7}_{8}$} \\ \text{$6^{1}_{8}$} \\ \text{$5^{3}_{8}$} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{d.} \\ 6^{5}8 \\ 7^{3}16 \\ 5^{3}4 \\ 6^{5}16 \\ 6^{3}8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{d.} \\ 6^{15}_{16} \\ 6^{15}_{16} \\ 5^{3}_{4} \\ 6^{1}_{4} \\ 6^{5}_{8} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{d.} \\ 7^{38} \\ 8^{1}_{16} \\ 6^{34} \\ 7^{38} \\ 6^{15}_{16} \end{array}$

The following is an account of the principal fluctuations during the year in the leading descriptions of cotton, 32's Twist and 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>lb. shirtings:

	ols ——	Deliverles. Near Distant,		Egypt. Fair.	Dhol. Fair.	32's Cop. Twist.	Shirtings. 814 lb.
June 14, 74 June 10, 67 July 7, 71 Aug. 6, 61 Aug. 28, 61 Sept. 9, 66 Sept. 29, 61 Sept. 20, 61 Sept. 20, 61 Oct. 4, 67 Oct. 31, 73 Nov. 4, 61 Nov. 4, 61	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{d}, \\ 52^{1}32 \\ 57^{16} \\ 5^{19}6 \\ 61^{1}32 \\ 7^{3}32 \\ -6^{27}32 \\ 6^{21}32 $	$7^{1}_{4}$ $7^{1}_{4}$ $7^{1}_{8}$ $7^{1}_{9}$ $7^{1}_{8}$ $7^{1}_{18}$ $7^{1}_{8}$ $6^{7}_{8}$ $6^{7}_{8}$ $6^{7}_{8}$	A 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.	$\begin{array}{c} d. \\ 4^{13}_{16} \\ 4^{14}_{4} \\ 4^{5}_{16} \\ 4^{5}_{16} \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Dec. 9. 73 Dec. 16. 63	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 6 \\ 73_{16} \\ 621_{32} \\ 16 \\ 629_{22} \\ 16 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 631_{32} \\ 79_{16} \\ 71_{32} \\ 73 \end{array} $	$71_8$ $73_{16}$ $71_4$ $71_4$ $71_4$ $71_4$	$7\frac{1}{7}\frac{1}{18}$ $7\frac{1}{7}\frac{1}{18}$ $7\frac{1}{7}\frac{1}{18}$ $7\frac{1}{18}$	$51_{2}$ $59_{16}$ $59_{16}$ $59_{16}$ $59_{16}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9^{3_{4}} @ 10^{1_{4}} \\ 10 & @ 10^{1_{2}} \\ 9^{7_{8}} @ 10^{3_{8}} \\ 10 & @ 10^{1_{9}} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

As explained in our report of October last, the second column, introduced on and after the 6th May under the head of ports at the end of the year:

"distant" deliveries, contains the prices at which what may betermed new crop deliveries were selling, beginning with October-November delivery (which is virtually November only), and ending with December-January delivery. The important discount at which these contracts were offered greatly retarded operations in Manchester, inasmuch as merchants, in view of the expected low rates, postponed business as much as possible. This at once facilitated and necessitated the adoption of "shorttime" in the manufacturing districts, and prevented the realization of the extreme high prices which at one time (when 7½d. was paid for August to October delivery) it was thought would be witnessed before the close of the season.

The advance on the year in spot quotations was 1 5-16d. to 1½d. in American, 9-16d. to 1 3-16d. in Brazils, 1½d. to 1½d. in Surats and ½d. in Bengal. Brown Egyptians, owing to their exceptional scarcity and dearness at the opening of the year, gave way 5/6d. to ½d., but white closed with but little change from the opening.

# AVERAGE VALUE PER POUND OF IMPORTS, ETC.

The average value per lb. of raw cotton imported, exported consumed, &c., we estimate as follows:

	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.
Import Export Consumption	d. 614 534 6516	$\substack{\mathbf{d.}\\ 6^{1}_{16}\\ 5^{1}_{16}\\ 6^{1}_{8}}$	d. 6 <sup>1</sup> 4 5 <sup>13</sup> 16 6 <sup>5</sup> 16	54	$\substack{\mathbf{d.}\\ 71_{16}\\ 57_8\\ 71_8}$	d. 712 6 758	d. 858 7 834	d. 9 <sup>5</sup> 16 7 <sup>7</sup> 8 9 <sup>13</sup> 16	d. 8 7 818

IMPORTS, DELIVERIES, ETC., FOR GREAT BRITAIN.

Import.—The import into Great Britain in 1879, compared with 1878, showed an increase of 194,820 American, 72,830 Egyptian, 51,330 West Indian, &c., 73,970 East Indian, and a. decrease of 48,980 Brazil and 580 Smyrna, or a net total increase of 343,890 bales. The whole of this increase (and more) was received in the last three months of the year. The import of American in October, November and December reached the unprecedented total of 820,428 bales, leaving only 1,578,129 bales for the first nine months of the year. The enormous import in the last three months was due in some measure to the hurrying forward of cotton to meet October contracts—the arrivals in October alone being 194,221 bales, against only 103,020 in 1878. Part of the increase was also due to the circumstance that the figures were made up to December 30, against December 26 in the previous year.

*Export.*—The small Continental stocks brought more orders to-Liverpool and London than in 1878. The export, therefore, showed an increase of 120,610 bales.

Stocks in the Ports.—The total stock in the ports at the end of 1879 was 525,500 bales, including 482,540 bales in Liverpool, against 372,950 bales and 325,050 bales, respectively, or an increase of 157,490 bales for Liverpool and 152,550 bales for the United Kingdom.

Stocks held by Spinners.—The stocks held at the mills we estimate as follows, compared with 1878:

	American.	Brazil.	Egyptian.	W. India.	E. India.	Total.
1879	80,000	2,000	35,000	$2,000 \\ 2,000$	6,000	125,000
1878	73,000	10,000	18,000		7,000	110,000

Home Consumption.—The deliveries to home consumers were-2,722,360 bales, or 40,050 bales more than in 1878. The actual consumption was 2,707,360 bales, or 25,050 more than in 1878, there being an addition of 15,000 bales in the stocks at the mills.

Average Weights — The average weight of last season's crop of American was 443 lbs. per bale; but this season the average is at least 8 lbs. per bale heavier. This for the twelve months ended December 31 would give an average of 446 lbs. for the year. The average weights of all kinds in 1879 compare as follows with those of the previous year:

	U. 8.	Brazil.	Egypt.	Smyr- na.	W. I.	Surat.	Madr's & B'gal	Total.
1879 1878	$\frac{446}{450}$	181 178	$\begin{array}{c} 629\\611\end{array}$	380 380	$\frac{160}{170}$	387 390	310 300	431·5 433·0

At the rate of 387 lbs. per bale for Surats and 310 lbs. for Bengal and Madras, the average weight of East India imported in 1879 was 354 lbs., against 364 lbs. in 1878. The average weight of East India cotton exported in 1879 was 338 lbs. per bale, and not 359—as given in the Association Circular. The average weight of East India consumed was 382 lbs.

Weight of Imports, Deliveries, Etc.—The following is an account of the weight of each description of cotton imported, exported and consumed in 1879, and the quantities left in the ports at the end of the year:

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Brazil Egyptian Turkey, &c Peruvian,W.L.,&o	Import. Lbs. 1,082,656,030 14,025,690 160,709,500 262,200 14,710,400 177,162,50	552,050 7,000,770 64,600 2,449,600	$\begin{array}{r} 16,641,900\\ 120,836,450\\ 235,600\\ 10,320,600 \end{array}$	Lbs. 151,892,210 1,914,980 49,741,320 3,371,200
Peruvian, W. 1., &o East Iudian	177,162,850	109,207.900	$\frac{10,320,600}{74,708,630}$ $\overline{1,173,325,990}$	28,068.160

Recapitulation.-The entire movement for the year is shown in the following statement:

			the second se
	Bales.	Avo'ge Weig't. Lbs.	Lbs.
Stock in the ports January 1 Stock held by spinners January 1 Import during the year	$372,950 \\ 110,000 \\ 3,359,230$	$\begin{array}{r} 421 \cdot 4 \\ 442 \cdot 5 \\ 431 \cdot 5 \end{array}$	$\substack{157,166,120\\48,677,000\\1,449,526,720}$
Supply	3,842,180	430.8	1,655,369,840
Export in 1879. Stock m the ports December 31. Stock held by spinners December 31.	484,320 525,500 125,000	384·0 447·1 488·4	186,000,980 234,987,870 61,055,000
Totai	1,134,820	424.7	482,043,850
Home consumption	2,707,360	433.3	1,173,325,990

CONSUMPTION OF GREAT BRITAIN FOR TEN YEARS.

The following is a comparative statement of the consumption of cotton in Great Britain for the past ten years :

Years.	Bales.	Lbs.	Years.	Bales.	Lbs.
1878 1877 1876	2,682,310 3,020,540 3,084,960		1873 1872 1871	3,203,710 3,265,620 3,114,780	1,266,129,250 1,246,149,910 1,175,345,250 1,205,453,250 1,071,769,780

In order to give a correct comparison of the amount of cotton consumed, we have reduced the bales to the uniform weight of 400 pounds each, as follows:

Years.	Total in Baies of 400 lbs.	Average per week.	Years.	Total in Bales of 400 lbs.	Average per w'k.
1879 1878 1877 1876 1875	2,941,120 3,094,430 3,185,940	$\begin{array}{c} 56,410\\ 56,560\\ 59,510\\ 61,270\\ 59,160\end{array}$	1874 1873 1872 1871 1870	$\begin{array}{c} 3,165,323\\ 3,115,374\\ 2,938,363\\ 3,013,638\\ 2,079,420 \end{array}$	60,870 59,910 56,510 57,950 51,520

Compared with 1878, the consumption in 1879 shows a reduction of about 0.3 per cent; compared with 1876, the falling off amounts to 8 per cent; compared with a full rate of consumption, say 63,500 bales of 400 lbs. per week, the reduction is about 11¼ per cent.

IMPORTS, DELIVERIES, ETC., FOR THE CONTINENT.

Imports.—The import into Continental ports direct from the countries of growth (exclusive of 21,790 bales re-exported to Great Britain), compared with the arrivals in 1878, shows an increase of 174,080 bales American and 19,200 Egyptian, but a decrease of 630 Brazilian, 23,030 Smyrna, 1,550 West Indian, &c., and 1,590 East Indian, making a net increase of 166,480 bales. There was an increase of 120,600 bales in the import from Great Britain, which raised the increase in import to 287,090 bales.

Stocks.—The stocks in the ports at the close of the year, compared with those of twelve months previous, showed a decrease of 21,690 American, 2,740 Brazilian, 140 Smyrna and 1,790 West Indian, and an increase of 1,280 Egyptian and 4,120 East Indian, or a net decrease of 20,960 bales.

Deliveries.—The deliveries to consumers amounted to 2,572,370 bales, against 2,376,240 bales in 1878, showing an increase of 196,130 bales. The average weekly deliveries were 49,468 bales in 1879, against 45,696 in 1878, an increase of 3,772 bales per week. The weight of cotton delivered was 1,088,112,510 lbs. in 1879, against 1,019,669,000 lbs. in 1878; the average weight of the bales delivered being 423 lbs. in 1879 and 429 lbs. in 1878.

IMPORTS, DELIVERIES AND STOCKS FOR EUROPE, 1879 AND 1878. The following is a comparative statement of the total imports, &c., for the whole of Europe in each of the past two years :

	Import.		Deliv	veries.	Stock 31st Dee.	
	1879.	1878.	1879.	1878.	1879.	1878.
American Brazilian Egyptian Smyrna, &c Peru, W.I., &c. East Indian	$     392,520 \\     34.160 $	$     \begin{array}{r}       153,720 \\       300,490 \\       57,770 \\       53,750 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       116,850 \\       357,800 \\       34,400 \\       92,550     \end{array} $	$350,780 \\ 63,940 \\ 66,850$	$11,840 \\ 80,870 \\ 2,110 \\ 26.020$	$24,580 \\ 46,150 \\ 2.350$
East Indian.			970,030		112,610	130,840

Tetal...... 5,426,32014,916,450[5,294,730[5,058,550]644,480[512,890] MOVEMENT DURING THE SEASON OCTOBER 1 TO DECEMBER 31.

The deliveries to English and Continental spinners during the thirteen weeks ended December 31 were as follows:

	Great 1	Britain.	Conti	uent.
1	1879.	1878.	1879.	1878.
Number of bales Av'ge weight (ibs.) Total weight (ibs.)	771,697 449 346,488,810	190	4.9.5	100

The average weights at the end of November were given as 437 lbs. for Great Britain and 424 lbs. for the Continent; but these figures are now raised to 449 lbs. and 435 lbs. respectively, owing to the American bales averaging at least 8 lbs. and the Egyptian bales 18 lbs. heavier than in the previous season. This alteration affects the estimated consumption for October and November to the extent of the increased average weight. A difference of 12 lbs. per bale on 60,000 per week is 1,800 bales of 400 lbs.

English spinners held no surplus stock at the end of October. The deliveries in November and December reached 570,040 bales. These deliveries included 425,810 American of 451 lbs. and 66,360 Egyptian of 639 lbs., and only 77,870 Surats, Brazil and sundries. The average weight of the 570,040 bales was 453 lbs. and the total weight 258,228,120 lbs. We estimated the consumption in November at 60,000 bales of 400 lbs. per week (Oldham having resumed full time early in the month); the increased weight of the bales delivered (as already explained) brings our estimate up to 61,800 bales per week, or 247,200 bales for the four weeks. In December the rate of consumption was further increased. The most exaggerated estimates are current as to the increase. Quite a number of persons put the figure down at 60,000 bales of the current weight (say 450 lbs.), or 67,500 bales of 400 lbs.; but our impression is that 63,000 bales of 400 lbs. is quite high enough. The last official circular of the year was published on the 30th December, against the 26th in the previous year. The month of December, therefore, includes four weeks and a-half, which, at 63,000 bales per week, would give a total of 283,500 bales, or 530,700 for November and December. The deliveries weighed 258,228,120 lbs., or 645,570 bales of 400 lbs. If from this item we deduct 530,700 consumed, we get 114,870 bales left as surplus stock in the hands of spinners, in addition to ordinary working stock. It is possible that 15,000 bales would be required to fill machinery previously empty, in which case the surplus stock would be about 100,000 bales, which we regard as a minimum estimate. The stock may be more, but we do not think it is less than 100,000 bales, against 69,000 last year. The surplus stocks in the hands of Continental spinners were used up at the close of November. Subsequent investigations showed that the bales delivered averaged about 6 lbs. each heavier than the weight given in our report of December 10. The consumption in October and November was therefore 140,868,000 lbs. plus 18,720,000 lbs. in stock on October 1, or 398,970 bales of 400 lbs. each. The figures were nominally for nine weeks, but for both 1879 and 1878 they really represented the deliveries for only eight-and-a-half weeks. The average weekly consumption was therefore about 47,000 bales in 1879 and 43,800 in 1878. For thirteen weeks the totals would be 611,000 bales, or 244,400,000 lbs., in 1879, and 569,400 bales, or 227,760,000 lbs., in 1878.

On the basis of the foregoing estimates, the movements for the thirteen weeks were as follows :

	Great 1	Britain.	Conti	inent.
	1879. Lbs.	1878. Lbs.	1879. Lbs.	1878. Lbs.
Surplus stock, Oct. 1. Deliveries to Dec. 31.	6,012,000 346,488,810	13,800,000 273,886,480	18,720,000 267,598,950	30,550,000 216,709,350
Consumption in thir-			286,318,950 214,400,000	
Surplus stock, Dec.31 Surplus bales of 400 pounds.	40,000,000	27,686,480	41,918,950	19,499,330

THE BOMBAY COTTON MILLS.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Gordon, the esteemed Secretary of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, for the following interesting particulars relating to the cotton mills in the Bombay Presidency:

	Number of	Cotton Consumed.		
	Spindles.	1878-9. Bales.	1877–8. Bales.	
In Bombay Up country		176,000 37,680	$202,510 \\ 31,900$	
Total	1,347,162	213.680	234,410	

The bales average 392 lbs. each. The figures are for the years ended Jnne 30. The reduction in Bombay town was caused by several of the mills being closed in connection with the failures which took place in January, and by the adoption of "short-time" in others.

#### PROSPECTS OF SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION.

There is still a considerable difference of opinion as to the probable out-turn of the American crop. The receipts at the ports to January 23 showed an increase of 522,000 bales over those of last season, and at the end of December there was a further excess of 163,000 bales in the quantity forwarded overland direct to Northern spinners, making a total increase of 685,000 bales. Most persons expect that a portion of this excess will be lost during the remainder of the season, but they are by no means agreed as to the extent of the loss. It is admitted that the movement of the crop has been very rapid, probably more rapid than that of any previous crop; and bearing in mind the inducement which planters have had in the shape of high prices to hurry their produce to market, it may be that the quantity remaining on the plantations is smaller, in proportion to the total yield, than in any previous season at this date. Looking at the movements at the ports, we find that the eight largest weeks were those ended Dec. 19, against December 27. in 1878; December 28, in 1877; December 15, in 1876; and December 31, in 1875. The total receipts to these dates in the last four seasons compared as follows with the entire crop :

	Received.		Crop.		
Season of To-		No. of Bales.	Per Ceut.	Total.	
1875-76 1876-77 1877-78 1878-79 1879-80	Dec. 31 Dec. 15 Doc. 28 Dec. 27 Dec. 19	$\begin{array}{c} 2,375,000\\ 2,275,000\\ 2,390,000\\ 2,567,000\\ 2,802,000\end{array}$	50.86 50.72 49.68 50.60	4,669,000 4,485,000 4,911,000 5,073,000	

To the figures for the first three seasons we have added onehalf of the "corrections" made at the close of the season. There were no corrections in 1878-79.

It will be noticed that the variations in the proportions received at the several dates are remarkably slight. The average for the four years is 50.46 per cent. At this rate the 2,802,000 bales received to December 19 indicate a crop of from 5,550,000 to 5,560,000 bales. Assuming the crop to reach 5,560,000 bales, the distribution would probably be about as follows, compared with the actual figures for last season :

	1	
	1879-80.	1878-79.
Total crop	5,560,000 66,000	5,073,000 46,000
Stocks 31st August	5,626,000 66,000	5,119,000 66,000
Deliveries	5,560,000	5,053,000
Consumed by Northern spinners Cousnmed by Southern spinners Burnt North and South Sent to Canada, Mexico, West Indics, &c	$\begin{array}{r} 1,566,000\\ 170,000\\ 15,000\\ 35,000\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
Total	1,786,000	1,613,000
Available for export to Europe Less foreign cotton imported & re-exported	<b>3,7</b> 74,000 11,000	3,440,000 11,000
Actual export of American cotton Actual import into Europo	3,763,000	3,429,000 3,414,000

We have assumed that the North will want 150,000 bales (they may want 200,000; their takings so far show an excess o 400,000 bales, but part of this will be lost before the close of the season), the South 18,000 and Canada 5,000 more than last season. A fair estimate of the import into Europe this season would therefore be 3,750,000 bales. It is expected that the Egyptian crop will reach 3,000,000 cantars, or 446,000 bales of 629 lbs., against 257,000 of 611 lbs. last season. The East Indies will perhaps send an increase of 200,000 bales. From 'sundry sources of supply we may get 300,000 bales, against 232,000 bales.

The supply for the season, the quantity received to December 31, and balance to receive between December 31 and September 30, compare as follows with the actual figures for last season in 1,000s of bales:

	the et	248011.	Received 31	to Dec.	To Receiv 31 to Se	re, Dee. pt. 30.
		1878-79.	1879.	1878.	1880.	1879.
American East Indics Egyptlan Sundries	1 175	$3,394 \\ 974 \\ 257 \\ 232$	1,144 151 225 54	687 174 87 33	2,606 1,024 221 246	2,707 800 170 199
Total	5,671	4,857	1,574	981	4,097	3,876

If to the quantity to receive between December 31 and September 30 we add the stocks on hand December 31, we get the total supply available for the nine months:

•	Imports t	o Sept. 30	Stock I	Dec. 31.	Total Si	ipply.
	1880.	1879.	1879.	1878.	1880.	1879.
American East Indian Egyptian Sundries	2,600 1,024 221 246	$\begin{array}{r} 2,707 \\ 800 \\ 170 \\ 199 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 411\\112\\81\\40\end{array}$	$   \begin{array}{r}     294 \\     131 \\     40 \\     42   \end{array} $	3,017 1,130 302 286	3,001 931 216 241
Total	4,097	3,876	644	513	4,741	4,339

The "total supply" averages about 425 lbs. per bale for this season, against 419 lbs. per bale last season. The total weight is 2,014,925,000 lbs. this year, against 1,838,991,000 lbs. last year, or 5,037,310 bales of 400 lbs., against 4,597,470 bales. This year English spinners commence with a stock of 100,000 bales of 400 lbs., against 69,000 bales last year, and Continental spinners with a stock of 104,000 bales, against 48,000. Last year the stock in the ports of Europe on the 30th September averaged barely 400 lbs. each, owing to the preponderance of East India cotton. The average this year will probably be about the same-say 400 lbs. Last year, in the nine months, the actual consumption of Europe was 4,165,000 bales, or about 106,800 bales per week, namely, 55,000 bales per week in Great Britain (where much "short-time" had been worked) and 51,800 on the Continent (a considerable expansion having taken place in Russia, Poland and Austria). The rate of consumption on the Continent is gradually increasing, and as it is always larger in the Summer than in the Winter months the average for the nine months is not likely to fall short of 52,000 per week. In England, the present rate is about 63,000 to 64,000 bales per week, some say more, but it may not average over 63,000 for the nine months. This would give 115,000 bales per week for all Europe, or a total of 4,485,000 bales.

On the foregoing basis, supply, consumption and stocks for the nine months compare as follows, in bales of the uniform weight of 400 lbs.:

	1880.	1879.
Import and slock Stock at English mills Jan. 1 Stock at Continental mills Jan. 1	100.000	4,597,000 69,000 48,000
Supply	5,241,000	4,714,000
Consumption, nine months	4,485,000	4,165,000
Stock 30th September	756,000	549,000
Of which in the ports	694,000	487,000
And at the mills	62,000	62,000

The surprising feature of the foregoing calculation is that with 500,000 bales more raised in America, 460,000 more shipped from India Egypt and sundries, or a total of 960,000 bales, there is the likelihood of the stocks in the ports of Europe at the close of September next being only about 200,000 bales more than at the end of September next. The fact is that at the close of last season the stocks of both cotton and goods throughout the world were, in proportion to the normal requirements of consumers, unprecedentedly small. This fact, and the demand to fill machinery long standing idle, sufficiently accounts for the actual and probable disappearance of the increased supplies of cotton already received or to be received this season.

As to value, we must leave our readers to draw their own conclusions. In the long run, the value of an article is regulated by supply and demand; but it is obvious, from the experience of only the past eighteen months, that, at times, price is a mere idea-an arbitrary figure regulated more by the temperament of the market, or the mere opinion of the majority of operators, for the time being, than by the action of the recognized principles of political economy. The popular notion at present is that an American crop of 5<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> millions is discounted, and that prices will fluctuate about 7d. as a centre. One circumstance, however, should be borne in mind, and that is that the bulk of the present large consumption is to supply orders taken at much lower prices than those now current; and a question of even more importance than the out-turn of the American crop, is-Will the markets of the world, which are now receiving large quantities of goods purchased at low prices, go on buying at the advance now established? If the demand continues good (and there are as yet no indications of slackening anywhere), there is no plethora of cotton, even with an American crop of over 5½ millions; but of course, if the crop should, as some think, materially exceed 5½ millions, present opinions about prices would undergo some modification.

ELLISON & CO., Cotton Brokers. 7 RUMFORD STREET, LIVERPOOL, Jan. 27, 1880.

F

# Monetary Commercial English News

## English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, as reported by cable, are shown in the following summary: London Money and Stock Market.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £101,000 during the week.

OI THE THE MAN		-			
Sat.	Mon.	Tucs.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
					Feb.
Feb.	Feb.	Feb.	Feb.	Feb.	
7.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.
Silver, per ozd. 52916	52916	5212	5238	$52^{3}8$	5238
Consols for money 971516	971516	971516		97151	s 98 <sup>1</sup> 16
Consols for account 98118	971516	971516	971516	97151	
U. S. 58 of 188110578	1054	1054	10534	$1057_{8}$	
U. S. 4 <sup>1</sup> 25 of 1891111 <sup>1</sup> 4	11149	11138	11114		x11014
U. S. 4s of 19071083s	10812	1094	10918	10912	
Erie, common stock 49	4912	$493_{3}$	4878	49	4958
Illiuois Central 10712	10712	10712	$107^{1}2$		x104
Pennsylvania 5414	544	5.1	54	54	5334
Philadelphia& Reading. 35	3434	34	331 <sub>2</sub>	33	$331_{2}$

Liverpool Cotton Market .- See special report on cotton. Tinervool Breadstuffs Market .-

Fues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d.
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14 6 14 6 14 6 14 6
10 9 10 10 10 10 10 9
10 4 10 5 10 5 10 4
11 2 11 3 11 3 11 2
53 53 53 53
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#### Commercial and Miscellancous News.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show an increase in dry goods and a decrease in general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,469,472, against \$11,753,252 the pre-ceding week and \$11,068,634 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Feb. 10 amounted to \$5,725,001, against \$6,322,878 last week and \$6,744,879 the previous week. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Feb. 5 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Feb. 6:

FOREI	GN IMPORTS AT	NEW YORK	FOR THE WEEL	к.
Dry Goods General mdso	1877. \$2,070,752 2,500,134	$\substack{1878.\\\$1,958,119\\1,891,563}$	$\substack{1879.\\\$3,286,258\\5,341,360}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1880.\\ \$3,128,323\\ 5,341,149 \end{array}$
Total week Prev. reported	\$4,570,886 29,573,279	\$3,849,682 27,554,481	\$8,630,618 24,185,844	\$8,469,472 43,685,200

Total s'ce Jan. 1. \$34,149,165 \$31,404,163 \$32,816,462 \$52,154,672 The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Feb. 10:

EX For the week Prev. reported	1877. \$4,977,839	NEW YORK FOI 1878. \$6,949,877 30,899,800	1879.	$\begin{array}{c} 1880,\\ \$5,725,001\\ 29,660,406 \end{array}$
Total s'ce Jan. 1.	\$33,890,137	\$37,849,737	\$31,302,463	\$35,385,407
The following of New York	g will show t for the we	the exports o ek ending I	f specie fro Feb. 7. and	m the port also a com-

parison of the total since Jan. 1, 1880, with the corresponding parison of the total since such as totals for several previous years:

4-Str. FlamboroughMayaguez	\$1,517
5-Str. C. of R.de Janiero. St. Thomas Mex. silv. dols. 5-Str. AlpsPort-au-Prince Mex. silv. dols.	500
5-Str. Saratoga	$11,996 \\ 52,800$
7-Str. Neckar London Am. silv. bars.	60,000
Total for the week (\$77,013 silver, and \$52,800 gold)	A100.010
Previously reported (\$596,629 silv., and \$214,190 gold)	\$129,813
Tot. slnce Jan. 1, '80 (\$673,642 silv., and \$266,990 gold)	\$940,632
Same time in         Same time in         Same time in         Same time in           1879         \$1,497.937         1875         \$12,253.332         1871           1878         1817.416         1874         4637.992         1877	in-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$5,494,227
1877 1.888.615 1873 9.804.904 1869	4,300,860
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9.657.851
The imports of specie at this port for the same per	inds have
been as follows:	ious nave
Feb.	
2- J. dc Bueno Cuba	\$250
2-Schr. Potosl	
2-Str. AcapulcoU. S. of ColombiaAm. silv. coin	$795 \\ 4.521$
Am. gold coin.	1.835
For. silv. coin	137
Gold bars	3,280
4-Str. Neekar	$2,860 \\ 83$
0-otr. Frisia	47.478
6-Brig EmilyCentral AmericaAm. silv. coin	154,000
7-Str. Western TexasBritish West Indies.Am. silv. coin	1 700
All Allsa All Silv. coin	1,000
U. S. of ColombiaGold dust	1,450
Am. gold com Am. silv. com	
	000
Total for the weck (\$9,428 silver, and \$213,251 gold)	\$221,679

Previously reported (\$320,915 sliv., and \$554,123 gold) ..... 875.038 Tot. since Jan. 1, '80 (\$329,343 silv., and \$767,374 gold)......\$1,096,717 Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

	1			Balan	nces.		
		Receipts.	Payments.	Gold.	Currency.		
eb.	7 9 10 11 12 13	$\begin{array}{r} \$ \\ 1,478,660 & 08 \\ 1,288,041 & 54 \\ 1,476,517 & 37 \\ 755,697 & 50 \\ 1,037,478 & 70 \\ 1,149,658 & 65 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{1,229,716} \ \textbf{24} \\ \textbf{848,981} \ \textbf{94} \\ \textbf{834.086} \ \textbf{44} \\ \textbf{1,217,474} \ \textbf{78} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} & \\ & \\ 106,549,171 & 30 \\ 106,920,485 & 18 \\ 107,418,719 & 60 \\ 107,413,000 & 47 \\ 107,211,336 & 49 \\ 100,385,713 & 95 \end{array}$	\$ 7,394,775 35 7,081,786 77 7,211,087 78 7,138,417 97 7,160,085 87 7,366,059 81		

Total...... 7,186,053 84 12,446,719 31 . . . . . . . . . . . . . STATEMENT of the Comptoller of the Currency, showing by States the amount of National Bank circulation issued, and the amount of Legal Tender notes deposited in the United States Treasury to retire National Bank circulation, from June 20, 1874, to Feb. 1, 1880, and amount remaining on deposit at latter date

1	date.					
				er Notes D		
ł				tional Banl		Legal Ten-
		Additional Circulat'n	LIOH 811	ice June 20	, 10/4.	ders on
	STATES AND	issued s'ce	Delametro	To retire		deposit
1	TERRITORIES.	June 20,	Redempt'n of Notes of	Circulat'n	· Total	with U.S. Treasurer
l		1874.	Liquidat -	under Act	Deposits.	at date.
1			ing Bauks	of J'ne 20, 1874.		
l				10/11		
		\$ 100	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Maine. N. Hampshire	1,461,180 550,365	$317,000 \\ 72,997$	$     \begin{array}{r}       600,000 \\       55,800     \end{array} $	917,000 128,797	220,231 36,710
i	Vermont	1.699.310	174,097	1,069,340	1,243,437	136,300
ļ	Massachusetts	19,926,360	234,800	7.172.500	7,407,300	1,052,858
i	Rhode Island.	1,655,370	32,350	735,385	767,735	70,572
	Connecticut New York	2,485,460 20,441,885	65,350 2,158,878	1,645,830 21.733,670	1,711.180 23,892.548	367,711 4,470,630
	New Jersey	1,712,165	241,660	1,517,280	1,758,940	411,551
	Pennsylvania	9,746,190	1,162,226	6,322,071	7,484,297	1,157,230
	Delaware	232.275	166,600	1,646,380	1,812,980	72,585
	Maryland Dist, Columbia	1,139,810 455,500	417,664	427,500	845,164	37,896
	Virginia	755,500	910,369	880,510	1,790,879	276,531
ł	West Virginia.	108,370	731,060	270,000	1,001,060	116,725
	N'rth Carolina	1,235,660 77,200	128,200	1,012,583 953,380	1,140,785 953,380	190,666 34,265
	S'th Carolina . Georgia	470,850	287.725	437,675	725,400	
	Florida	45,000				
I	Alabama	207,000	90,000	139,500	229,500	129,543 366
1	Mississippi Louisiana	1,284,110	645,750	2,099,250	2,745,000	217,768
	Texas	161,100	10,000	229,340	239.340	1,125
l	Arkansas	144,000	000 007	144,000	144,000 2,071,800	5,812 382,785
	Kentucky Tennessee	3,622,430 587 710	629,867 370,401	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,441,933 \\ 533,859 \end{array}$	904,260	198,381
	Missouri	587,710 742,260	998,510	3,607,410	4,605,920	732,524
	Ohio	2,561,620	1,538,754	2,949,787	4,488,541	994,242
1	Indiana	3,237,680 2,289,265	1,224,197 1,734,934	$\begin{bmatrix} 6,091,483\\ 6,400,246 \end{bmatrix}$		2,261,138 1,033,683
	Illinois Michigau	1,973,710	364,500	2.132.995	2,497,495	439,205
	Wiscousiu	732,930	653,860	968,439	1,622,299	436,752
l	10wa	1,398,400	811,669	1,554,955	2,366,624 1,736,540	444,674 275,218
	Minnesota Kansas	1,017,800 147,600	420,095 781,721	1,316,445 190,550	972,271	256,081
	Nebraska	67,500	45,000	233,080	278,080	53,965
-	Nevada		107 000	110 100	004 409	2,108 26,037
	Colorado Utah	468,900 134,900	$135,083 \\ 161,191$	149,400 196,800	284,483 357,991	19,782
	Montana	64,500	82,300	45,000	127,300	49,480
	Washington	135,000	•••••			
ľ	New Mexico	45,000 112,500				
1	Dakota California	301,500				
ļ	*Legal tenders				3,813,675	
	Totals	85.635.865	17.798.808	76,904,378	98,516,861	16,706,370

\*Deposited prior to June 20, 1874, and remaining at that date.

Deposited prior to June 20, 1874, and remaining at that date. STATEMENT of the Comptroller of the Currency on Feb. 1, 1880, showing the amounts of National Bank notes and of Legal Tender notes outstanding at the dates of the passage of the Acts of June 20, 1874, January 14, 1875, and May 31, 1878, together with the amounts outstanding at date, and the increase or decrease:

-	National Bank Notes-
	Amount outstanding June 20, 1874
7	Amount outstanding January 14, 1875
Ò	Amount outstanding May 31, 1878
i	Amount outstanding at dato*
ī	Increase during the last month 1,943,573
	Increase since Feb. 1, 1879 19,373,940
e	Lengt Tender Notes-
	Amount outstanding June 20, 1874
	Amount outstanding January 14. 1875
0	Amount retired under act of Jan. 14, 1875, to May 31, '78 35,318,984
I	Amount outstanding on and since May 31, 1878 346,681,016
5	Amount on deposit with the U.S. Treasurer to redeem
1	potes of insolvent and liquidation banks, and banks
5	retiring circulation under Act of June 20, 1874 16.706,370
7	Increase in deposit during the last month
Ó I	Increase in deposit since Feb. 1, 1879 5,034,130
ŏ.	
3	* Circulation of national gold banks, not included in the above,
8	* Circulation of national gold banks, not included in the above,
Ò.	\$1,426,120.
ŏ	Columbus Chicago & Indiana Central-PennsylvaniaIt
Õ.	will be remembered that by Instice Harlan's decision in the

will be remembered that, by Justice Harlan's decision in the suits between these companies, the lessor was given until the first of January, 1880, to reduce the debt to \$15,821,000. The report of the master appointed by the Court to supervise the performance of the decree by the lessors, was made on the 5th instant, and after argument the Court decreed that the acts

done amount to performance of the decrees and to a reduction of the debt to \$15,821,000, except the amount required for the Pullan decree, involving a large amount, for which security was required, and has been deposited for \$1,000,000, by the C. C. & I. C. Company. Upon the finding, a decree was entered for the arrearages of rental up to January 1, 1880, amounting to about \$2,600,000, subject to deduction for net earnings for November and December, to be paid in—say about \$200,000 An appeal was taken by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the lessee, and the Philadelphia *Ledger* says: " Upon the question of the amount of rental due considerable differences existed. The lessees asked to set off various claims, amounting to about \$1,000,000, and of these about \$600,000 were allowed. The lessees think too little was credited, and the lessors say there was too much. The appeals will raise these questions as well as the numerous legal questions in volv-ing the original validity of the lease, its termination by subse-quent legal proceedings, the sufficiency of the mode of reducing the debt, and others. The litigation was commenced in Febru-ary, 1875. Five years have elapsed before a final decree has been reached. The appeals in the present state of the United States Supreme Court docket will hardly be heard in less than four years, so that the large amount of money involved in the decree for rental cannot be applied to the interest upon the bonds of the lessor company, and in the meantime it is presumed the road will be operated as heretofore, by the les-sees continuing in possession and paying the net earnings into Court."

...\$6.856.000

The collateral trust bonds are 6 per cents, dated July 1, 1879, payable July 1, 1908. They are a direct obligation of the U. P. Company, and have been pledged with the trustees as security for the first mortgage bonds of the roads named above. The sinking fund is as follows:

 Interest collected on hypothecated hends, say \$1,000,000, at 7
 \$70,000

 per cent.
 \$70,000

 Interest paid on collateral trust bonds issued against same at 80 per cent, \$300,000, at 6 per cent.
 \$48,000

Annual sinking fund..... \$22,000 -The following is a comparative statement of the land sales of the Union Pacific Railroad since 1875:

Year.	Acres.	Av. price p. acre.	Amonnt.
1875	111,965.55	\$3 66	\$409,916 10
1876	128,096.21	3 02	389,773 46
1877 1878	69,015.87	4 98	343,768 02
1879	243.337.43	$     4 88 \\     4 14 1-10 $	1,557,082 32 1,007,855 63
		1 14 1-10	

-The Utah & Pleasant Valley Railroad is offering its first mortgage bonds, at 90 and interest, through Messrs. Joseph U. Orvis & Co. and Messrs. Sheldon & Wadsworth, of New York. This road owns in Pleasant Valley, Utah, valuable coal mines, and this coal, it claims, is the first yet discovered west of Pennsylvania that will make first-class coke for smelting pur-

poses, and the coke heretofore used has been transported at enormous cost. The demand for such coal in Colorado and Utah is immense. This company, it is estimated by its friends, will show a net income of \$400,000 within the next fiscal year.

-The well-known firm of Messrs. Thomas Denny & Co., 30 Pine street, offer for sale \$100,000 (St. Louis Kansas City & Northern first mortgage 7 per cent Omaha Division bonds; also, \$100,000 real estate and railroad first mortgage 7 per cent bonds of the same road, and \$100,000 International & Great Northern first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds. They wish to purchase International & Great Northern mort-gage bond scrip and all classes of Toledo Wabash & Western funded debt bond scrip. Investors and others may find it to their advantage to communicate with this firm.

-The New York Evening Express STATESMAN'S ANNUAL is one of the most elaborate of any of the statistical annuals published. It is issued as a pamphlet of nearly 500 pages, and is edited and compiled by Mr. Henry A. Jackson, the well-known financial editor of the Express, assisted by Mr. J. B. Peck. For the statesman and politician the book contains a volume of inter-esting matter and tabular statistics which are invaluable. It is sold at the very moderate price of 50 cents.

-The Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York has just published its annual statement for the yearending Dec. 31, 1879. The business of 1879 footed up \$1,891,322, of which about \$1,000,000 was for premiums received. The disbursements, in-cluding losses and all expenses, were only \$1,551,342. The total assets are \$10,049,156, and the surplus by the New York standard is the handsome sum of \$1,849,660. Mr. Henry Stokes is Presi-dent and Mr. C. Y. Wemple is Vice-President. The Bunkers' Almanga and Register for 1880 has just been

dent and Mr. C. Y. Wemple is Vice-President.
—The Bankers' Almanac and Register for 1880 has just been issned, containing all its usual stock of valuable information. There is a list of all the banks and bankers of the several States and Canada, with the names of the president, cashier and New York correspondent of each. A legal directory is one of the new features of the present volume, giving the names of attorneys in every section of the country.
—The Peoria Decatur & Evansville RR. Co. has just purchased the Grayville & Southern Railroad of 75 miles, which now makes the P. D. & E. road 185 miles in length. It is also proposed to build about 60 miles additional-to Evansville, and there connect with the Louisville & Nashville roads. The stocks and bonds of this company (the P. D. & E.) have been placed on the N. Y. Stock Exchange list.
—Messrs. Wood & Davis, 31 Pine street, are offering the 6

-Messrs. Wood & Davis, 31 Pine street, are offering the 6 per cent first mortgage bonds of the Atchison Colorado & Pacific Railroad. This road is an extension of the Central Branch Union Pacific, and the bonds are guaranteed by the last-named company. The net earnings of the lines in 1879 was \$522,133, and the surplus over interest charges was \$262,178.

D22,133, and the surplus over interest charges was \$262,178.
—The Chicago & Alton Railroad Company declares a dividend of 3½ per cent on its preferred stock and 3 per cent on common stock, payable at the office of Messrs. Jesup, Paton & Co., on the 1st day of March, 1880. Transfer books close on the 20th inst. and re-open March 2, 1880.
—Attention is called to a list of choice investments offered to the public by Mr. Chas. T. Wing, corner Wall street and Broadway, New York. Mr. Wing has given attention for years past to dealings in investment bonds.
—The Deadwood Mining Company headed and the problement of the proble

-The Deadwood Mining Company has declared a monthly dividend for January of 25 cents per share, payable at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, on the 29th. Transfers close to-day.

-The Homestake Mining Company has declared its usual dividend, for January, payable at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, on the 25th. Transfers close on the 20th.

-Ohio Central Railroad Company stock has been put upon the New York Stock Exchange List.

#### BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

# FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS, AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS, and other desirable Investment Sceuritics, NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, N. Y.

Buy and sell all issues of Government Bonds, in large or small amounts, at current market prices, and will be pleased to furnish infor-mation in reference to all matters connected with investments in Government Bonds.

We are prepared to give information in regard to first-class Railway Securities and to execute orders for the same. Buy and seli all marketable Stocks and Bonds on commission, at the

Stock Exchange or in the open market.

Receive accounts of Banks, Bankers, Merchants, and others, and allow Interest on daily balances; and for those keeping accounts with us we collect U. S. coupons and registered interest, and other conpons, divi-

dends, &c., and credit without charge. STOCKS, RAILROAD STOCKS, and other securities.

We have issued the Seventh Edition of "Memoranda Concerning Gov-ernment Bonds," copies of which can be had on application. FISK & HATCH.

#### NATIONAL HANKS ORGANIZED.

The United States Comptroller of the Currency furnishes the following statement of National Banks organized the past week:

2,453.—National Marine Bank, Baltimore, Md. Anthorized capital, \$377,070; pakl-in capital, \$377,070. B.A. Vickers, President; John M. Littig, Cashier. Authorized to commence husiness Feb. 9, 1880.
2,454.—San Miguel National Bank, Las Vegas, New Mexico. Authorized capital, \$50,000: paid-in capital, \$50,000. Miguel A. Otero, President; Jacoh Gross, Cashier. Anthorized to commence business Feb. 9, 1880.

DIVIDENDS. The following dividends have recently been announced: When Payabie. Boeks Closed. (Days inclusive.) Per Cent. Name of Company. Railroads. Chicago & Aiton, pref..... do com. Cleveland & Pitts., guar. (quar.) North Pennsylvania. Insurance. March 1 Feb. 21 to March 1 March 1 Feb. 21 to March 1 March 1 Feb. 21 to March 1 Feb. 25 Feb. 11 to March 1 Feb. 25 Feb. 11 to Feb. 19 312 3 134 112 Sterling Fire..... 312 On dem.

#### FRIDAY, FEB. 13, 1880-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.\_There have been several events of importance this week in financial circles, of which the general tendency was to strengthen rather than hinder the buoyancy of the markets. Foremost was the purchase by the United States Treasury of \$11,000,000 bonds for the sinking funds at comparatively full prices, which should be followed by the natural result of creating an easy money market from the disbursement of so large an amount of money. But the moral effect of this purchase by Secretary Sherman is felt in the impression given that his policy will be the same as last year, namely, to keep the money market easy by the operations of the Treasury, so far as it may be practicable to do so.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives have voted by 11 to 2 in favor of issuing a 3½ per cent 20-40 year bond for funding the yet outstanding fives and sixes, and this is accepted as settling the question of interest on the bonds hereafter issued. The committee propose to leave for purchase by the sinking fund the sum of \$200,000,000 of the fives and sixes of 1880-81. For such part of the \$200,000,000 fives and sizes so reserved as are not bought for the sinking fund by the time the 1881's mature, authority is to be given to the Secretary of the Treasury to issue short time obligations to bear 4 per cent annual interest, and to be redeemable at the pleasure of the Treasury after one year. This action by the Committee has the effect of strengthening government bonds and other high-class investment securities, since the lowering of interest on governments must pitch a standard which is followed to some extent throughout the whole list of investments.

The money market has been abundantly supplied with funds, and the usual range has been 4@6 per cent, with exceptions at 3 per cent to government bond dealers. Prime commercial paper sells readily at 5@5½ per cent.

The Bank of England statement on Thursday showed a gain of £101,000 in specie, and a reserve of 49 13-16 per cent of liabilities, against 48¼ per cent last week; the disconnt rate re-mains at 3 per cent. The Bank of France gained 12,200,000 francs in the week.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued February 7, showed a decrease of \$648,375 in the excess above their 25 per cent legal reserve, the whole of such excess being \$3,331,450, against \$3,979,925 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years.

•		Differ'nces fr'm previous week.		1878. Feb. 9.
Loans and dis. Specie Circulation	-92,994,600	Ine. \$7,187,100 Inc. 2,651,800 Inc. 153,300	17.849.300	32,146.900
Net deposits . Legal tenders.	$\begin{array}{c c} 264,404,200\\ 16,437,900 \end{array}$	Inc. 4,728,300 Dec. 2,148,100	$219.387.300 \\ 51,135,400$	211.713.000
Legal reserve. Reservo held.	69,432,500	inc.\$1,182,075 inc. 533,700	\$54,846,825 68,984,700	
Surplus	\$3,331,450	Dec. \$648,375	\$14.137,875	\$14,095,650

United States Bonds .- The great features of the week have been the purchase of \$11,000,000 of bonds for the government sinking fund and the announcement from Washington of the probable issue of 3½ per cents for further funding operations. These influences have made a very strong and active market for governments, with a decided advance in prices.

At the Treasury purchase of bonds on Wednesday, the proposals to sell amounted to \$11,625,000. The amount called for by the Treasnry was \$11,000,000, and all 6s of 1880 at 1033/4 and under, all 6s of 1881 at 1051/2 and under, and all 5s of 1881 at 103½ and under, were accepted, amounting in all to \$11,474,000.

103/2 and under, were accepted, amounting in all to \$11,474,000. The Secretary of the Treasury now gives notice that proposals for the sale to the government of \$1,000,000 bonds will be received at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, at New York, at noon of Wednesday of each week hereafter until further notice. The bonds to be purchased are those issued under the act of February 8, 1865, sixes of 1880; acts of March 2, 1861, July 17, 1861, and March 3, 1863, sixes of 1581; act of July 14, 1870, five per cents of 1881. Closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.	Feb. 7.	Feh. 9.	Feb. 10.	Feb. 11.	Feb. 12.	Feb. 13.
3s, 1880reg.	J. & J.	*10312	*10312	*103-2	10334	*10338	*1035
3s, 1880 coup. 5s, 1881reg.	J. & J.	$*103_{2}$ $*105_{2}$	*10312	$^{*1031_{2}}_{1051_{8}}$	$^{*10358}_{-1054}$	*10358	$^{*1033}_{-1053}$
6s. 1881 comp.	J. & J.	*10518	10518	*10518	1054	*10548	*1054
5s, 1881rcg. 5s, 1881coup.	QFeb.	*103	10348	4103	$103_{8}$	1034	1033
<sup>11</sup> 28, 1891reg. <sup>11</sup> 28, 1891ceup.	QMar.	*107	10738	$107^{3}8$	*10738	$107\frac{1}{2}$ $1087_8$	
ls, 1907reg.	QJan.	1054	106	106	1064	10614	1061
ls, 1907coup. 3s, cur'cy, 1895reg.	J. & J.	*122	*122		*12312		1063*124
6s, cur'cy, 1896reg. 6s, cur'cy, 1897reg.	J. & J.	*122	$*122 \\ *122$		*1235 <sub>8</sub> *12334		*124 *124
bs, cur'ey, 1898rcg. Ss, cur'ey, 1898rcg.	J. & J.	*122	*122	*12312	*1237 <sub>8</sub> *124	*123	*1241

This is the price bid ; no sale was made at the Board.

The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1880, and the amount of each class of bonds outstanding Feb. 1, 1880, were as follows:

	west.	Highest.		xx · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Highest.		Registered.	Coupon.
4128, 1891cp. 10638.	Jan. 7 Feb. 2 Jan. 2 Jan. 2		5     29     12     13     1	184,239,150 288,823,750 168,391,000	231,088,750

the range since January 1, 1880, were as follows:

	Ian	an. Feb. Feb.		Range since Jan. 1, 1880			
		6.			Highest.		
U. S. 5s of 1991	1053	1057 <sub>8</sub>	106	105% Jan. 15	10678 Jan. 12		
U. S. 4 <sup>1</sup> <sub>28</sub> of 1891 U. S. 48 of 1907	111	11118	x1014	1097 <sub>8</sub> Jan. 2	1111 <sub>2</sub> Feb. 10		

state and Railroad Bonds.—The good Southern State bonds are in demand at home, and the better issues—those of Georgia for instance—have advanced to prices which make them pay less than 5 per cent on the purchase price. The Louisiana bonds are returning from foreign markets to which they went at prices about 40

bonds are returning from foreign markets to which they went at prices about 40.
Railroad bonds have shown great activity in the leading speculative favorites, the Erie 2d consol and 5 per cent funding bonds, and the St. Louis & Iron Mountain incomes, being conspicuous for a very large business at high prices.
The following were placed upon the Stock Exchange lists this week: Kansas Pacific first consolidated, 1919, 6 per cent bonds; Union Pacific collateral trust bonds; Union Pacific collateral trust bonds; Union Pacific collateral trust bonds; Union Pacific aprices of per cent bonds of 1920; Ohio Central stock, first mortgage 6 per cent bonds of 1920, and income bonds of 1919; New York Ontario & Western common and preferred stock; International & Great Northern stock and first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds, and second mortgage income bonds; Montauk Gas Company stock. \$2,500,000.
A. H. Muller & Son sold the following at auction:

Shares. 113 Missourl Pacific RR. (old

**Bailroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.**—The stock market has shown a fair degree of activity, but without much buoyancy in prices. Erie has been, upon the whole, one of the strongest among the leading speculative stocks, and Mr. Vanderbilt is again credited with being a purchaser of the stock and second consolidated bonds. The contract between Lake Shore and the other Vanderbilt roads with Erie has at last been signed, and from all information yet obtainable it is a general agreement for harmonious working and exchange of traffic, but is con-sidered favorable for the Erie interests. The plan for the exchange of Toledo Peoria & Warsaw income bonds and stock, if carried out, will involve the issue of 29,000 shares of pre-ferred and 20,000 of common stock of the Wabash St. Louis & Pacific Company. It has also been reported that the difficulty in regard to oil freights has been settled by a contract between the Central of New Jersey and other companies, which will be favorable to the interests of all. The coal stocks have, in most cases, shown some weakness, and the coal situation seems to be regarded as rather unsatisfactory. To-day, the market was somewhat irregular and prices were barely steady. Railroad earnings reported in full for the month of January will be found on another page. Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks .- The stock market

The daily highest and lowest	pricos have	been as f	follows:
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The daily ingreet that the state of the stat									
	Saturday. Feb. 7.	Monday. Feb. 9.	Tuesday. Feb. 10.	Wednesd. Feb. 11.	Thursd'y. Feb. 12.	Friday, Feb. 13.			
Am. Dist. Tel.	70 70	60 71	67 68	67 68%	86 67	6614 6616			
Atl.& Pac. Tel.	42 4216	4216 4216	4216 4219	411/2 429/A 68 681/2	42 44% 68% 70	43% 41%			
Canada South. Cent. of N. J	6036 0712	67% 70 80% 81%	68% 69% 50% 81%	68 68% 80% 82%	68% 70 81% 52%	00 79 8256 8336			
Cent. of N.J.	8134 82 8216	8014 15194 88 84	30% 01%	81 81	824 824	8294 824			
Cent. Pacific Cbes. & Ohio	211/2 213/4	2156 22	2134 2136	21% 22	22 22%	22 2214			
do 1st prf.	30 30	81 82	*30 82	20% 29%	2916 28%	30% 80%			
do 2d prf.	24 24		*23 25	2352 24	*23	*24 25			
Chic. & Alton.		107% 107%	197% 107%	10734 108	11416 14430	145 145			
Chie Bur. & Q. Chie.M.& St.P.	77% 7859	77% 78	77% 77%	761 781	78 7816	7836 7834			
do pref.	P0256 10294	1021 1021	1021 1021		10236 10232	10256 103			
Chie. & N. W	8196 814	80% 80%	89% 80%	3816 90	89% 60	89% 90%			
do pref.	*0456 105	1043 104%	104 10458	104 104 150 150	10412 10434 *4912 150	1043 105			
Chie. R. I. & P.	1493 14934	*4932 150 50 5014	50 50%	50 50%	50% 52%	51% 53%			
Chie. St. P.& M. Clev. C. C. & I.	*70% 77%	76% 76%	•7516 7836	25 75	78 76	77 77			
Col.Chie.& I.C.	22 2414	2134 24	2031 234	20% 21%	21% 22	21% 21%			
Del. & 11.Canal	7434 7438	7812 7494	73 73%	7134 7294 8314 8434	7032 72% 53% 54%	72 73% 84% 85%			
Del.Lack.& W.	8534 8614	5314 88 39 40	831/4 845/4 89 305/4	3831 39%	394 40	8436 8536 89% 89%			
Han. & St. Jo do pref.	8938 40% 70% 70%	70% 70%	69% 70%	811 70%	80% 70%	70 70%			
Hous.& Tex.C.	74 7518	7412 7494	74 74	71 7354	73% 74				
Illionis Cent	1041/ 1041/4	104 104	10316 10374	19376 104	103% 104	x101 101			
Ind. Cin.& Laf.					91316 9136				
Kansas Pacific	3334 8434	84 85%	331 3456	3316 3414	96% 96% 33% 84%	84 845			
Lake Eric& W. Lake Shore	103)8 10418	103% 104%	103 103%	10276 103%	1031 104%	10416 10434			
Louisv.& Nash	119 11938	119% 120	11946 120	120 121	122% 131	128 134			
Machattan	43 50%	48% 50%	4.831 4014	4816 49	49% 49%	48% 50			
Mar.& C.1st pf.	12 134	121/2 131%	1237 1339 0%	12 12%	1214 1S 918 916	12 125			
do 2d prf. Mich. Central	934.1018 8078 9038	90% 90%	8931 9054	8814 9036	89% 90%	89 9034			
Mobile & Ohio.			21% 21%	2130 2020	2316 2816	231/2 233			
Mo. Kans. & T.	4036 47	45% 47	4416 4014	44 4818	4618 4076	46 4754			
Mor. & Essex	103% 103% 84% 86	$193\frac{1}{4}$ $103\frac{1}{4}$ 86 87%	10213 10334 87 88	103 103% 86% 88	103% 103%	0292 10354			
Nasb.Ch.&St L New Cent.Coal		24 24%	25 2516	24 2016	2687 90	30L/ 91			
N.Y. C. & H. R.		1314 131%	1311 132	131% 13144 46% 47%	131 132	131% 132			
N.Y. L.E. & W.	1736 4816	1716 4810	1 4036 48	4018 4756	4746 484	4796 4836			
do pref.	72 7215	721/2 7234 3134 33	70 7134 3136 3234	7036 7234 8236 8354	7156 7254 335	7234 733 33% 33%			
do pref.	8274 88 58 5636	55 5614	53 54	55 5516	5316 5386	56 57%			
Ohia & Miss.	803 81	30 30%	20%1 30%	2036 3036	2937 8036	3014 3214			
Pacific Mail	40% 41%	40% 41	2931 30% 39% 40%	S914 4019	39% 40%	30% 40%			
Panama	anic anic	* 190	65% 66%	64 (5%	184 8477 831	* 185 65 6614			
Phil. & Read'g St. L. A.& T.H.	67% 67%	6616 6714 23%	65% 66¼ 23% 23%	24 24	64% 65% 23% 23%	23% 24			
do pref	6-274 6-274				60% 00%				
St.L. I. M.& Se.	5674 5734	57% 59%	57% 58%	5716 5918	58% 59%	59% 01%			
St.L. & S.Fran.	45 45	4434 45 1	43 48	1679 10	48 44	4514 46			
do pref.	57 5714 78 78	57 57 77 77	55% 56% 76% 70%	54 55 75 75%	55 5858	57 58 77 78%			
do 1st prf. St.P.&Sioux C.	38 3416	39 3916	95 90	88 3812	39 39%	3976 4038			
do pref.	78 77	7734 78	7736 78	7716 7716	7734 7834	4494 (0)4			
Suire Tunnel.	316 356	314 314	311 394	274 314	3 814	2% 3%			
Union Pacific.	0234 0234	0212 0231	9218 9258 44 4556	0116 0212	921 923 923	92 92% 45 45%			
Wab.St. L.& P. do pref.	45% 45% 60% 70%	43% 48 89% 70%	44 45%	4334 45%	4498 4038	45 45% 69% 70			
West. Un. Tel.	1037 1041	104 10414	80 70 10956 10456	1031 104	104 10416	10414-105			

" These are the prices bid and asked: no sale was made at the Board

Total sales of leading stocks for the week ending Thursday, and the range in prices for the year 1979 and from Jan. 1, 1830, to date, were as follows:

	Sales of Week.	Range since Jan. 1, 1880.			Range year 1879.		
	Shares.	Lowest.		Highest.		Low-	High.
Canada Southern	23,050	6512 Feb.	5		14 14	454	7812
Central of N. J Chicago & Alton	42,694 765	79 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> Jan. 99 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> Jan.	23		$\frac{14}{10}$	$\frac{3342}{75}$	8978 1004
Chle. Buri. & Quiney	581	136 Jan.	2		26		
Chie. Mil. & St. P	34,746	754 Jan.	5	8012 Jan.	29	3438	8218
da do pref.	1,075	10058 Jan.	2		30		$102_{4}^{3}$
Chleage & Northw	22,983	8812 Feb.	11		12	4958	9419
do do pref. Chic. Rock Isl.& Pac.	1,870 200	104 Feb. 149 Jan.	10	1073 Jan. 1532 Jan.	10	$\frac{757}{119}$	108 150 <sup>1</sup> 2
Col. Chie. & Ind. Cent	27,910	2012 Jan.	10		26	5	28
Del. & Hudson Cana!	10.306	7018 Feb.	12		ĩŏ	38	\$91 <sub>8</sub>
Del. Lack. & Western	101,150	83 Jan.	12	88 Jan.	10	43	94
Hannibal & St. Jo	14.825	334 Jan.	C41,-		29	1314	4112
do do pref.	7,700	64 Jan.			30	34	7010
Illinois Central	2,302	991 <sub>2</sub> Jan.	2		$\frac{21}{19}$	$794 \\ 918$	
Kansas Pacific Lake Erie & Western	805 46,350	87 Jan. 2012 Jan.	22	108 Jan. 3512 Feb.	10	*16	$\frac{92^{1}_{2}}{28^{1}_{2}}$
Lake Shore	43,365	9818 Jan.	5	10519 Feb.	2	67	103
Louisville & Nashy	5.165	8618 Jan.	- ĕ		13	35	8912
Manhattan	12,303	48 Feb.	7	56 Jan.	-3	35	724
Michigan Central	15,638	834 Feb.	11	93 Feb.	2	7334	98
Missouri Kan. & Tex.	124,5×0	32 Jan.	2		27	538	3534
Morris & Essex Nashy, Chatt, & St.L.	$1,270 \\ 62,145$	10134 Jan. 76 Jan.	6	105 Jan. 953 Jan.	9 16	$751_8$ $351_2$	104 <sup>1</sup> 2 83
N. Y. Cent. & Hud. R.	9.172	76 Jan. 129 Jan.	$\frac{21}{31}$	135 Jan.		112	139
N.Y. Lake E.& West.	292,608	4178 Jan.	3	4878 Feb.	2	214	49
do pref.	11,990	67 58 Jan.	20	7378 Feb.	2	3712	7818
Northern Paeific	5,016	314 Feb.	9		14	116	4012
do pref.	8,176	53 Feb.	10		13	1444	65
Obio & Mississippi	20,920	2878 Jan.	5	3258 Jan.	27	731	3338
Paclile Mail Panama	44,270	36 <sup>1</sup> 2 Jan. 168 Jan.	52		$\frac{17}{31}$	$\frac{103}{123}$	$\frac{391_2}{182}$
Phila. & Reading	16,100	64 Feb.	11	7238 Jan.	3	140	104
St. L. I. Mt. & South.	81.781	4918 Jau.	<u>ੈ</u>		13	13	56
St. L. & S. Francisco.	1,450	40 Jan.	5	48 Feb.	$\overline{2}$	318	53
do pref.	3,660	4914 Jan.	2	5931 Feb.	2		6012
do 1st pref.	1,410	6812 Jan.		79 Jau.	24		7812
Union Pacific Wab. St. L. & Pacific.	6,053 36,365	8412 Jan.	62		19	8858	95
do pref.	65,700	4212 Jan. 65 Jan.	2		$\frac{27}{27}$	41 <sub>8</sub> 934	
Western Union Tel.	11,170	9934 Jan.	6		<b>1</b> 9		116

-Latest carn	ings rep	orted.	-Jan. 1 to lat	test date
Week or Mo.	1879.	1879.	1870.	1879.
Kansas Pacific 4th wk Dec \$	131.752	\$76.376	\$4,873,729	\$3.739.260
Mobile & Monig. December.	82,580	88.618	703,407	679,260
Nashy.Ch.&St. L.December.	185,653	149,552	1,800,877	1,631,682
N.Y.L. Erie & W., November, 1,	515,835	1.381,391		13,928,479
PennsylvaniaDecember.3,4	153 995			31,036,734
	301.050	225,308	3,091,808	2,021,061
Phila. & Reading. December. 1,	449 597		15,351,184	10 019 770
	349.089			
	30,379	289,571	3,606,123	3,170,370
Scioto Valley December.		20,132	317,822	280,348
	1880.	1879.	1890.	1879.
	\$15,695	\$8,065	\$27,901	\$13,506 314,732
Atch.Top. & S.F. 4th wk Jan	142,500	93,250	473,500	314.732
Hur. C. Rap. & N., 1st wk Feb	41.097	23,003	225.413	141,265
Calro & St. Louis.41h wk Jan	7,192	5,095	22.821	17.263
Central PacificJanuary1,	223.000	1,089,160	1,223,000	17,263 1,089,166
Chicago & Alton. 1st wk Feb	129,230	75,992	031,521	419,729
Chic.Cl. Dab.& M.1st wk Jan	9,016	7,982	9.010	7.082
Chic. & East. Ill1st wk Feb	19,307	16.048	01,77:1	81 215
	181,000	133,096	944,000	84,215 724,271
Chic.& NorthwJanuary		1,008,321	1,135,000	1,008,321
Chic. St. P. & Min.4th wk Jan	27,655	27,445	83,537	73,870
Chie, & W. Mich3d wk Jan.	12,246	9,367	36,603	
Clev. Mt.V.& Dei.4th wk Jan	12,001	9.640		25,623
	144,300		33,868	28,427
		13,543	144,300	00000
Det. Lans.& No 3d wk Jan.	17,990	10,040	50,792	37,208
Dubuque& S.City. 1st wk Feb	16,098	13,771	85,809	75,768
Flint & Pere Mar. 1st wk Feb	25,500	18,600	135,492	96,011
	200,027	186,507	730,066	689,321
Gr't Western. Wk.eud. Jan.30	79,459	89,023	351,245	306,008
Hannihal & St. Jo. 1st wk Feb	41,959	34,259	211.339	171,306
	417,236	475,891	417,236	475,891
	119,421	104,301	119,421	104,301
Indiana Bl. & W. January	80.498	82,934	\$0,498	82,934
Int. & Gt. North 1st wk Feb	30,800	37,339	189,459	199,157
K. C. Ft. S.& Oulf.3d wk Jan.	24.125	12,041	59,043	34,926
Kans.C.Law.&So.3d wk Jan.	8,563	5,336	23,257	14,106
K. C. St. J. & C.B.3d wk Jan.	25,663	22,083	70,238	64,332
Little Rk. & F. S.January	49,850	25.018	49.856	25,018
	214,000	158,964	647,671	450,476
Minn.& St. Louis.3d wk Jan.	8,457	6,974	28,549	17,361
Mo. Kans. & Tex 1st wk Feb	79,290	48,335	446,617	242,788
Mobile & Ohio 1st wk Feb	48,408	42.199	294.909	236.685
N. Y. Cent.& Hud. January 2,	693.613		2,593.613	2.024,812
Northern Pacific. January	81.843	37.014	81,843	37,014
Ogd. & L. Champ.January	30,201	18,069	30,201	18,069
	8.035	6,568	24,652	16,112
Pad.& Elizabethr. 3d wk Jan. Pad. & Memphis 3d wk Jan.	4,115	3,731	12.644	9,727
		14.980		CA 727
St.L.A.&T.H1st wk Feb	24,667		121,186	74,737
de (brs).4th wk Jan	15,690	15,314	51,270	48,445
	131,600	93,303	684,215	427,332
St. L. & San Fran. 1st wk Feb	46.284	19,013	241,980	98,412
	180,239	00 5	180,239	
St. Paul & S.City. 4th wk Jan	29,435	23,563	98,659	78,928
Tol.Peoria&War .1st wk Feb	25,493	21,031	118,801	115,938
	299,000	222,000	299,000	222,000
Wab. St.L. & Pac.4th wk Jan	216,151	183,292	780,447	571,197
Wisconsin Valley.4th wk Jan	7,373	2,925	19.67 L	9,645

Exchange.—Foreign exchange is firmer, and with the moder-ate supply of commercial bills the leading bankers advance their posted rates to 4 S4 and 4 S6½. On actual business to-day the rates were about 4 S3½ for 60-days bankers' sterling, and 4 86 for demand. Cable transfers 4 86½. The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the undermentioned cities to-day : Savannah—buying, 1-16,selling 3-16@¼ premium ; Charleston, very scarce, 15 bid; St. Louis, 50 discount; Chicago weak, 25 discount; and Boston 10c. discount. 10c. discount.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows :

FEBRUARY 13.	60 days.	Demand.
Prine bankers' sterling bills on London. Good bankers' and prime commercial Good conmercial. Documentary commercial Paris (francs). Antwerp (francs). Swiss (francs). Amsterdam (guilders). Hamburg (reichmarks).	$\begin{array}{r} 4.83^{1}4\overline{a}4.84\\ 4.82^{3}4\overline{a}4.83^{1}4\\ 4.82^{2}4\overline{a}4.82^{1}2\\ 4.81^{1}2\overline{a}4.82\\ 5.22^{1}2\overline{a}5.20^{5}8\\ 5.23^{1}9\overline{a}5.21^{1}4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{4.85}_{4.85}_{4.84} (a.86)_{9} \\ \textbf{4.85}_{4.84}_{2.26}_{1.84} \\ \textbf{4.84}_{2.26}_{1.85} \\ \textbf{4.84}_{2.26}_{1.85} \\ \textbf{4.84}_{2.26}_{1.84} \\ \textbf{5.20}_{5.20} \\ \textbf{5.20}_{5.18} \\ \textbf{4.84}_{5.20} \\ \textbf{6.18}_{5.19} \\ \textbf{3.26}_{5.17} \\ \textbf{4.0}_{3.26} \\ \textbf{{4.0}_{3.26} \\ \textbf{4.0}_{3.26} \\ \textbf{4.0}_{3.26} \\ \textbf{{4.0}$
Frankfort (reichuarks) Bremen (reichuarks) Berlin (reichuarks)	$94^{5}_{8}$ $0 94^{7}_{8}$ $94^{5}_{8}$ $94^{7}_{8}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

Sovereigns\$4 83	@\$1 86	Dimes & 12 dimes 9934 @ -par.
Napoleons 3 84	@ 3.87	Silver 148 and 128 9934 a -par.
X X Reichmarks, 4 75		Fivo france 92 @ - 95
X Guilders 3 92	@ 4 00	Moxican dollars 89 @ - 90
Span'h Doubloons.15 70	@16 00	English silver 4 70 @ 4 80
Mex. Doubloons., 15 55	@15 65	Prus. silv. thalers 66 @ - 69
Fine silver bars 1 13	80 1 144	Trade dollars 99 @ - 991g
Fine gold bars Da	r.@14prcm.	New silver dollars - 99340 par.

Boston Banks .- The following are the totals of the Boston baoks for a series of weeks past:

do pref. 65,700 65 Jau. 2 725g Jan. 27 93 Western Union Tel. 11,170 993 Jan. 6 105 Jan. 19 572 116	1870.	Loans.	Specie.	8	8	Circulation.	8
* Range from Sept. 25. † Range from July 30.	Sept. 1 8	129,417,200 127,747,900	<b>3,531,200</b> <b>3,304,200</b>	4,375,200 4,182,000	42,945,600 43,340,700	26,081,400 27,117,800	41,612,556 47,805,886
The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest	** 22.	127,793,200 126,748,000 126,027,300	8,847,600 3,267,100 3,271,400	4,150,900 4,034,000 4,379,300	43,853,300 43,664,300 44,524,500	27,197,500 27,370,900 27,545,100	$\begin{array}{r} 44,932,820\\ 48,392,118\\ 45,506,856\end{array}$
dates are given below. The statement includes the gross earn- ings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The	Oct. 6	126,225,100 126,903,100	8,282,900 8,251,100	4,838,000 4,981,500	45,828,800 47,210,000	27,836,200 27,973,600	57,139,771 53,617,716
columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the	. 27	128,015,000 130,491,300	3,251,200 3,246,300 3,215,000	4,582,900 4,528,800 4,480,500	48,063,400 48,907,100 49,152,400	28,146,300 28,372,700 28,557,300	64,291,244 66,400,862 65,241,373
gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period men- tioned in the second column.	· 10	$\frac{132,056,100}{133,491,100}\\132,427,100$	3,215,400 3,800,800	4,370,200 3,892,800	51,108,100 51,724,400	29,041,000 29,311,109	69,360,177 71,786,586
-Latest earnings reported Jan. 1 to latest date	" 24 Dec. 1	131,932,200 131,484,000	3,347,200 1,572,800 3,682,600	3,546,700 3,591,909 3,474,900	50,789,100 50,085,200 50,802,500	29,554,300 29,885,300 30,289,000	76,365,592 56,107,558 69,874,935
Week or Mo. 1879. 1878. 1879. 1878. Ala. Gt. Southern. December. \$53,478 \$38,555 \$	• 15	$\frac{131,816,000}{130,931,700}\\130,656,100$	4,329,000	3,814,809 3,865,300	50,187,300 49,842,700	$     \begin{array}{r}             80,607,100 \\             30,867,500         \end{array}     $	65,733,821 62,129,120
Atl.& Char. Air-L.December. 96,815 66,423 777,298 629,278 Atl. & Gt. WestDecember. 400,853 288,542 Carolina Central December. 49,080 37,770	1889.	132,221,900	4,125,400	3,850,300 4,695,400	49,948,100	\$1,096,300 \$1,161,800	51,919,808
Carolina Central December. 49,080 37,770 Ches. & ObioDecember. 179,161 137,769 1,936,537 1,908,235 Ches. Euri. & QNovember.1,327,679 1,296,081 13,341,547 13,042,078	. 12	133,827.200 134,991,300 137,132,900	3,822,800 3,813,300	5,418,900 5,362,900	50,868,800 51,853,200	81,280,300 81,336,000	71,705,752 74,242,072
Dakota Sonthern, December, 9,913 19,060 Frank & Kokomo, December, 3,406 3,747 40,896 38,397	Feb. 2.	139,163,600 139,818,800	3,857,100 8,970,300	5,435,700 5,339,300 4,826,300	52.651.000 53.742.200 53.616.200	\$1,3\$5,990 \$1,240,200 \$1,0\$1,500	64.0 39,522 69,237,791 79,231,460
Gal. Har. & S. An. November, 135,716 145,406 Houst, & Tex.C., December, 382,230 350,477 3,205,685 2,920,997		141.215,600 han Governi	4,874,800 nent and				
	510011						

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# THE CHRONICLE.

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New York	New York City Bauks The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week							610	RLI	UIL. EtcContinu	ed.	
condition of the	ne Associ	stied Bank sment of	busines	w York s on Fel	City for t	ne week	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	ABCUBITIES.	Bid.	Aak.
	1		Will Prove the Name and Address of the Owner, where the Prove of the Owner, where the Owner	rage amou			Mancheater & Lawrence Naahua & Lowell	135	145 115	Phil. & R. cons.m.68,g.1.1911. do conv. 78, 1993*	106	1011
Banka.	Capital.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tendors.	Net dept's other than U.S.	Circula-	Mancheater & Lawrencc Nashua & Lowell New York & New England Northern of New Hampahire Norwich & Worcester.	60		do conv. 78, 1993* do 78, coup. off, '93 Phil.&R.Coal&Iron deb. 78, 92 do deb 78, pp. 92		67
							Norwich & Worcester Ogdenab. & L. Champiain do pref		82 79	do deb. 7a, cpa.off do mort., 7a, 1892-3 Phila. Wilm. & Balt. 6s, '84		00
New York	\$ 2,000,000	8 0,745,000 6,396,100	\$ 2,067.000 625,200	, 513,000 177,200	9,605,000	495,000 400	Old Colony Portland Saco & Portamouth Pullina : Palace Car	100 116%	117	do do 7s, reg., 194 Shamokin V.& Pottav, 7s, 1901	108	113%
Manhattan Co Merchanta Mechanica'	2,000,000	7,138,000	966,600 1.177,000 1.183,000	260,900	$\begin{bmatrix} 5,657,500 \\ 5,945,000 \end{bmatrix}$	400 566,200 44,500 133,000	Portland Saco & Portshouth Pullins : Palace Car Pueblo & Arkansas Nutland, preferred Vermont & Massachusetta Worceater & Nashua	85 118	119	Steuhenv. & Ind. lat, 6e, 1881. Stony Creek lat m. 7a 1907		103% 108
Union America Phœnix	1,200,000 3,000,000 1,000,000	4,598,500 8,313,300 3,368,000	1,002,300	74,000	2,723,000	1,100		••••	60	Sunbary & Erie 1st m. 7a, '97. Syra.Gen.& Corn', 1st, 76, 1905		
City	1,000,000	$     \begin{array}{r}       6,617,300 \\       3,108,700     \end{array} $	2,148,800 423,500	61,100	7,129,600 2,044,500	791.800	PHILADELPHIA. BTATE AND CITY BONDS.			do cons. m.,68, g.,1905 do cons. m.,68, g.,1905 do inc. & l. gr. 78 1915	93	08
Tradesmen's Chemical Alerch'nta' Exch. Gallatin Nation <sup>1</sup> Bntchers'& Drov. Mechanics' & Tr. Greenwich Leather Man'f'rs. Seventh Wird Etate of N. York. American Exch.	600,000 300,000 1,000,000	3,608,600	400.600 3,998.100 653,200	240,000	2.913 300	670,100	8TATE AND CITY BONDE. Penna. 53, g°d, int., reg. or cp., do 5s, cur., reg., rue, 192, 1902, do 6s, 10-15, reg., 192, 1902, do 6s, 15-25, reg., 1824-292, do 6s, 15-25, reg., 1824-292, do 6s, 15-25, reg., 1824-292, do 6s, 10, reg., 1826-292, Philadelphia, 5s reg., do 6s, 0.1, reg., rue, 1595, do 6s, n., reg., rue, 1595, do ver, do 6s, n., reg., rue, 1595, cover, do 6s, n., reg., rue, 1595, cover, do 6s, n., reg., 1955, cover,			Union & Tituev. ist m. 7s. '90. United N. J. cons. m. 6a, '91.	87	90%
Gallatin Nation'l Butchers'& Drov. Mechanics' & Tr.	1,000,000 300,000 200,000	4,098,200 1,334,900 867,000	406,000 299,600 83,000	58,600	1 1.177.300	195.000	do 6a, 10-15, reg., 1 474-82. do 6a, 15-25, reg., 1882-92. do 6a, 10, Plane, reg., 1879	101%	1011	Weat Chester cons. 7s, '91, Weat Jersey 6s, deb., coup., '88	1151/2	102
Greenwich Leather Man'f'rs	200,000 600,000	2,965,000	83,000 16,400 507,300	252,100	2,412,300	471.100	Philadelphia, 5a reg.		••••	do 1at m. 69, cp., '96. do 1at m. 78, '99	110 115 105	
State of N. York. American Exch.	300,000 800,000 5,000,000	921,000 8,072,500 14,263,000	$108,400 \\ 400,700 \\ 2,082,000$	730.000	2,192.500	37,000 030,000 450,000	do 6s, n., rg., 1895 & over Allegheny County 5s, conp	120	121	Phile. Willin, & Ball, 68, '84, Phile. Willin, & Ball, 68, '84, do do 73, F6g, 19', Shamokin V.& Pottsv. 78, 1901 Stcuberv. & Ind. 184, 68, 1834, Stony Creek 1at m. 78, 1947, Sunb. Hsz. & W., 184, 68, 1834, Stony Creek 1at m. 78, 1947, Sunbury & Erle 1st m. 78, '97, '97a, Gen, & Corn', 187, 51, 1945 Texas & Fac. 1st m. 78, '90, '197, 198, 199, 199, 199, 199, 199, do cons. m. 68, 29, 199, do cons. m. 68, 29, 199, do Local. gr, 18, 19, 199, Unfon & Flatt, m. 78, '90, Warren & F. 1at m. 78, '90, West Chester cons. 78, '91, West Chester cons. 78, '91, '00 1st m. 68, conp. '88 do 1st m. 68, cp. '96, do 1st m. 78, '99 Weetern Penn. Rit, 68, Cp. 1899 do 68, P. B., '96, CaNAL BONDS.	102	
Commerce Broadway Mercantile	5,000,000	5.321.600	4,095,200 708,400 486,700	727,300 332,000 804,500	$\begin{array}{r} 10.269,800 \\ 4.095,400 \\ 3.687,900 \end{array}$	1,449,900 900,000 179,700				Cheesp. & Dela, Ist os, rg., ou	( )	
Republic	422,700	5,594,300	051.000 577.700 740,500	144.300	3.456,900	1,125,000	Allegheury Grif is, science, 1913 Pittaburg 4a, coup., 1913 do 5a, reg. & cp., 1913. do 6a, gold, reg do 7a, w'tr'ln, rg. & cn., to 7a, str.impreg., %3-86. N. Jeracy 6a, reg. and coup do cavemot rg. & coup.	1101/2		Delaware Division 6a, cp., 78. Lebigh Naviga.m., 6a, reg., 34 do mort. RB., rg., 34 do mort. gold, 37 do cons. m. 7a, rg., 191 Morris, boat loan, reg., 1855.	10956	106
Peopie's North America	412,500	3,646,000 1,326,400 2,110,560	129,000 246,000	92,600	1,238,800	5,400	do 7a, str.imp reg., 33-00. N. Jersey 6s, reg. and coup do exempt, rg. & coup.			do cons. in. 78, rg., 1911 Morris, boat loan, reg., 1885	102	103
Hanover Irving Metropolitan	1.000.000		$\begin{array}{r} 1, 185,900 \\ 293,900 \\ 2, 095,000 \end{array}$	529,500 334,900 1,188,000	2,470,500	800,000 436,400 45.000	do exempl, rg. & coup. Camden County 6a, coupon do 7a, reg. & coup. Delswyre 6a, coupon Harriahurg City 6a, coupon			do cons. in. 78, rg., 191: Morris, boat loan, rg., 1853. Penneylvania 6a, cour., 1910. Schuylk. Nav.let m.6s.rg., 197. do 2d m.6s.reg., 197. do 6e, boat&car.rg., 1935 Suequehanna 6s, conp., 198.*		80%
Oltizens' Nassau	1,000,000	1.977.200 2.231.600	235,500 128,900	272,800	1 2.054.000	3.900	Delaware 6s, conpon Harriahurg City 6s, coupon			do 6s, boat&car,rg.,1919 do 7a, boat&car,rg.,1915		80
Market St. Nicholas Shoe & Leather	500,000 500,000 500,000	$\begin{array}{c} 2.629.200\\ 1.975.400\\ 3.685.000\\ 9.704.500\end{array}$	431,100 130,800 780,000	291.000	2.097,800 1,523,400 4,012,000	443,300 450,000 450,000	RAILROAD STOCKS.		25	BALTIMORE.		
Shoe & Lenther Corn Exchange Continentul Oriental	1,000,000 1,000,000 300,000	$     \begin{array}{r}             9.704.500 \\             5.138.800 \\             1.573.800 \\             3.200.000 \\         \end{array}     $	267,300 927,800 22,900	321,500	5.104.000	4,000 758,600	do do pref	15	91% 10 49	Maryland 6s, defense, J.& J do 6a, exempt, 1587 do 6a 1890 quarterity	105 111 107	109 112 110
Marine Importers' & Tr	400,000	1 39 012 3001	501.000	295,400 259,000 474,600	20.612.560	1.097.200	do pref do new pref Delaware & Bound Brook	100	49	do 5s, quarterly Baltimore 6s, 1881, quart	100	103
Park Mech. Bkg. Ass'n North River	2,000,000 500,000 240,000	, 867.500	3,295,600 108,500 25,000	112,800	755.500	532,300 354,800	Esat Pennsylvania	33 51	5114	do 68, 1890, quarterly do 68, 1890, quarterly do 68, park, 1890, QM.	114/2	115 116
East River Fourth National. Central Nat	250.000	1,018,300	118.000 2.090.000	77,100	803.200	224,400 810,000	do do pref. Har. P. Mt. Joy & Lancaster. Huntingdon & Broad Top do do pref.	6634	12 16	BALTINOILE.           Maryland 6a, defence, J.& J.           do         6a, exempt, 1887           do         5e, 1880, quarterly.           do         5e, 1880, quarterly.           do         6e, 1880, quarterly.           do         6e, 1886, dx J           do         6e, 1886, dx J           do         6e, 1886, dx J           do         6e, 1880, quarterly.           do         6e, 1880, dx J           do         6e, 1980, d. & J           do         6e, 1980, d. & J           do         6e, 1900, G           do         5e, 1900, G	114 113 116	118 120 120
Second Nation'l. Ninth National. First National. Third National.	2,000,000 300,000 750,000	2,718,000	$878,000 \\ 540,000 \\ 1,242,000 \\ 2,031,100 $	170.000	1 2.810.000	269,000 597,900	Lehigh Valley	515s 52	53	do 68, 1902, J. & J do 58, 19.6, new	110 1105	120 111
First National Third National N. Y. Nat. Exch	500,000 1,000,000 300,000	13,789.000 7,410.000 1,297,100	2.631.100 1.815.200 168,700	279,100 351,400 92,300	1 7.745.700	450,000 800,000 267,200	Masouchoning Valley,	56% 53½ 102%	103	Balt.& Ohio 100	153	119
N. Y. Nat. Exch. Bowery National N. York County Germ'n Americ'n	250,000	1,353,0001 1,260,7001	40,000 24,600	200,009 329,800 119,700	1 1.072.000	225,000 180,000	North Pennsylvania	517%	52 52	do lat pref do 2d pref.	110%	107
Cusee National	300,000	2,954,660	226,800 490,000	200,600	3,024,900	270,000	Philadelphia & Read ng Philadelphia & Read ng	82% 155	3256	do Parkerab'g Br50 Northern Central	5 33	8 331/8
Total		1		1	1		North Fednsylvans Pennsylvans. Philadelpila & Eric Philadelphia & Read ng Philadelphia & Trenton Philadelphia & Trenton Phila.Wiming. & Baltimore. Pittaburg Tituav. & Buff. st. Paul & Duluth R. Com do pref.	203%	20%	Central Ohio	35 47	39 49
The deviatio Loans and discour Specie	ntsInc	*7,187,100	Net depe	us week	are as to	110W8: \$4,728,300	United N. J. Companies	156	70 1563g	Balt. & Ohio 68, 1880, 3.&J	103%	102
Legal tenders The followin	ig are th	e totals fo	r a serie	es of wee	eks past:		West Jersey CANAL STOCKS.			do Trast. Branch for do Parkeralizer 1. 50 Northern Central	105	169 115
. 1879. LORI	ns. Spe	scie. L. Tei	ders. De	posits. Cir	s	8 1	Delaware Division.	10 36%		do 68, gld, 1900, J.&J.	10132	1:04
Jan. S 276,706 Jan. 10 276,116 Jan. 17 270,000 Jan. 24 280,066 Jan. 31 283,194 Feb. 7 200,381 NOTE - With Do	3,100 51,4 3,900 53,5	73,500 14,09 58,600 15,91	7,500 246 4,200 253	,995,600 2 ,731,000 2	1,635,900 7	57,095,260 87,728,198	MOTT18			Cen. Ohio 6s, 1st m., '90, 51.& S. W. Md. 6s, 1st m., gr., '90, J.&J. do 1st m., 1890, J. & J.	10952 110 105	110 <u>%</u> 118 110
Jan. 21 280,068 Jan. 31 283,194 Feb. 7 290,381	5,000 51,8 1,500 50,3 1,600 52,9 2,92	52,200 17,14 12,800 18,58 14,600 16,43	8,500 257 6,000 259 7,900 264	483,700 2 675,900 2 404,200 2	1,602,900 7 1,529,900 7 1,683,200 7	43,125,031 72,125,031	Peanaylvania Scbuylkiii Navigation do pref	1576		do 2d m., guar., J. & J do 2d m., pref	110 97	118 59
NoteWith De Philadelph	sconnoer a	i rue chocei	a. Dank u	ISADDeared	I Trom I be I	la l	Susquenenna		•••	do 68, 3d m., gunr., J.& J. Mar. & Cln. 78, '92, F. & A	111 10959	118 118 110
are as follows:							RAILROAD BOND6. Allegheny Val., 7 3-108, 1896		1175	do 2d m., pref. do 2d m., pref. do 6a, m., pref. do 6a, 3d m., gunt. J. & J. Mar. & Cin. 7a, '24, F. & A. do 2d, M. & N. do 2d, M. & J. Union RR. 1at, guar., J. & J. do Canton endorsed.	82¼ 50¼ 168	52% 50%
1879. Sept. 1	62.784 729	Lawfn1 Mo 8 16,539,2	8 51.56	5.795 11		gg. Clear. \$ 30,002,497	RAILROAD BONDS. Allegheny Val., 73-10s, 1596 do 75, E. ext., 1910 do 1nc. 7a, end., '91 Belvidere Dela. 1st m., 6s, 1902. do 3d m. 6s, '53 do 3d m. 6s, '53 do 3d m. 6s, '53	43		CINCINNA'EL		
" 15 " 22	02,850,204 02,749,828 02,550,008	10,009,0	57   51.58   40.00   8   52.81    52.81	0,453 11 0,121 11	1,500,647	83.978,824 35.100,893	do 3d m. 6s, '37 Camden & Amboy 6s, coup, '83	100		Cincinnati 68, Jung	105 107 1173/	106 105
Oct. 0	02.639.044	$\begin{array}{c} 17,500,78 \\ 17,087,99 \\ 17,235,36 \end{array}$	4 53,22 2 54,44	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4,187 & 11 \\ 2.640 & 11 \end{array}$	L788,858 L795,906	38,264,123 38,061,706 42,733,257 44,106,759	do 3a ili. 88, 34. Cam den & Amboy 66. coult, '83 do 68, coup., '89 do mort. 68, '89 Cam. & Atl. 1st m. 78, g. 1'93. Cam. & Burlington CJ. 68, '97 catxwisea 1st, '8, couv., '62 do new 7a 1900 Connecting 5a 1900	103%		do 7*30s do South. RR. 7*30s do do 6s, gold t. Hamilton Co., 0., 6s. long op 7s. 1 to 5 yrs	119	120 107
** 20 ** 27 Nov. 3	63 812 232	18 240 1	$   \begin{array}{r}     9 54,81 \\     4 51,58   \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	,878,284	52,253,037 54,606,174	Cam. & Burlington C). 6s, 97 Catawissa 1st, 7a, conv '62			Hamilton Co., O., 68. long† oo 78, 1 to 5 yra† do 7 & 7:30a. long.†	105 103 107	110
Decourses	00.080.258	14.851.31 14.616.41	7 52.69	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,885,009	51,527,260 54,001,908	dn cmat. m., 103, 65 do new 7a 1900 Connecting 6s, 1900-1904 Chartiers Val., 1at m. 74, C., 1901	121/2		Hamilton Co., 0., 84, 105, 11 0 78, 105 yra.t do 7 %730a, long.t Cin.& Cov. Briage at'k, pref. Cin. Ham. & D. lat m. 78, '30 + do 2d m. 75, '55 † Cin. Hom & U.d. 75, 05 †	130	••••
" 17 21 Dec. 1	04.581.275	i = 11.958.0i	1 52 34	2,762 11	.890.480 1.932.035	55.027.300 46,780.676 43,148.041	Delsware mort., 68, Varioua	iii l	1161/2	Cin. Ham. & Ind., 78, 930 f Cin. Ham. & Ind., 78, guar Cin. & Indiana ist m. 78+	100	101 105%
4 15 4 22	64,380,503 64,724,368		64 52,19 53 51.55	2,397 11 2,397 12	1,992,523 1,985,600 2,011,783	64.548.184 50,885,477 50,800,837	East Penn. 181 mort. 18, 85			do 2d m. 7s, '55 f Cin, Ham, & Ind., 7s, guar Cia, & Indiana: Ist m. 7s,+ do 2d m. 7s, '77, + Colum. & Xenis, Ist m. 7s, '90 Dayton & Mich. Ist m. 7s, '84+ do 2d m. 7s, '85+ Dayton & West. Ist m., '81, do 1st m., '83, do 1st m., f8, 1905, + do 1st m., f8,, f8,	100 +108 101%	102
" 29 1880. Jan. 5	64.931.71(	15 663 9	31,20	3,835 12	1,041,60Q	42.399,082 45.951.614	El.& W insport, 15 in, 15, 30, do 5e, perp Haritsburg 1st mor <sup>*</sup> , 6s, 78 H. & B. T. 1st m. 7s, gold, '95 do 2d m. 7s, gold, '95 do 3d m. cons. 7s, '95 <sup>*</sup> . Ithead& Athensist g d, 'es, '55 Junction 1st mort. 6s, '82 do 2d mort. 6s, 1900.	115		do 2d m. 78,'54.+ do 3d ni. 78, '85+	102	••••
" 12. " 19. " 20.	64.655.180	19.417.98	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19,593 19 10,797 19	2.072,780 2,082,360	50.218.107 50.508.285	do 2d m. 18, gold, '95.' do 9d m. cons. 78, '95* 1thaca& Athenslat g d. 78.,'95.		75	do 1at m., 1905.† do 1at m. 66, 1905	†100	
Feb. 2	64.972.032	17.213.9	7 54,56 3 54,07	3.582 12	2,068,233	50,955,546 42.963,541 48,053,960	Junction 1st mort. 64, '82 do 2d mort. 6a, 1900		117	Ind. Cin. & Laf. ist in. 78 do (1.&C.) lat m. 78 Little Miami 68, '83	105 103	71
QUOTATIONS 1	N BOST	ON. PHIL	ADELPI	IIA AND	OTHER	CITIES.	do 2d uort. 6a, 1990 Lehigh Valley, 1st,6a, cp., 1899 do do reg., 1893 do 2 i m. 7a, reg., 1910	116	11844	Cin. Ham. & Dayton stock Columbus & Xenia stock Dayton & Michigan stock		71 125 51
BROURITI	R.8.	Bid. Ask.		BOURITIE		Bid. Ask.	do do 65, r p., 19.3 Little Schuylkill, 1st m. 78, '82	110	nii	Little Miami stuck	113	126
BOSTO			Old Colo	пу, 7а пу, ба			North. Penu. 1st m. 68, cp., 85. do 2d m. 78, cp., '96. do gen. m. 78, cp., 1903.	115	17	LOUISVILLE.	103	1054
Atch. & Topeka 1a do 1a do 2d	t m.7a nd grant 7	1147	Pueblo & Rutland	z Ark. Vall 63,1at mor	11, 8e j ley, 7e j	10% 110%	do gen. m. 7a, reg., 1909 Oll Creck 1at m. 7a, conp., '83. [1]	100	15%	Louiaville 7a do 6a, '82 to '87+ do 6a, '97 to '93+ do water 6a, '87 to '89.+	103	103%
de la		100 (			new 88		do 21 m. 7a, reg., 1910., do con.m., 6a, rg., 1826 do do 6a, (), 1938 Little Schuylkill, 1at m. 7a, '2 North, Penn. 1st m. 6a, cp., '35. do gen.m. 7a, cp., 1903. do gen.m. 7a, reg., 1909. Oll Creek 1at m. 7a, con., '36. rittab, Tituav. & B., 7a, con., '36. Pa.& N.Y.C. & RR. 7a, 1905 Pennaylv., 1at m., 6a, cp., '80., do gen.m. 6a, cp., 1910. do gen.m. 6a, rg., 1910. do gen.m. 6a, rg., 1910.	121	8:18	do Whiter stock bs. 94.1	10.3 1	103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103
Boston & Msine 7s Boston & Albany do Boston & Lowell 7	78 68	12214	Atchison	STOCKS. & Topeks		43 142%	do gen. m. 6s, cp., '80 do gen. m. 6s, cp., 1910. do gen. m. 6s, rg., 1910.	115		do wharf 6a	103 100 113	101
do Boston & Provider Burl & Mo	58	1221 124	Boston &	Albany.	ka	764 77 41 9256	do cons. m. 6 <sup>2</sup> , rg., 1905. do cons. m. 6 <sup>3</sup> , co., 1905. do Navy Yard 6 <sup>3</sup> , rg.'81	112%	13	do 2d m., 78		
do Boston & Lowell 7 do Boston & Provide Buri. & Mo., land e do Nebr. Conn. & Passumps Kastern, Mass., 45	68 Ex	$\begin{array}{c c}11432\\10752\\108\\102\\102\\\end{array}$	Boston & Boston & Burling	Providen	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19% 120 30	do cons. m. 6s. cp., 1905.] do Navy Yard 6s. rg, 'sl Penk. Go. 6s. reg	1041				
Kastern, Mass., 4% Fitchburg RR., 68	nc, 78, 1897. a, new.	1 18 00	Chic. Cli	aton Dub.	& Min	61	do 2d M. 7s, cp., '58. Phila. & Read. lat m. 6s, '43-'44	101	15	Louisv. & Nachville- Leb. Br. 6a, '86	103 102½ 103	103 105
Kastern, Mass., 4 % Fitchburg RB., 6a. do 78. Fort Scott & Gulf Hartford & Frie 78	78	107	Concord. Connecti	cut River.	lev	17% 1784 42	do 2d m., 78, cp., 95 do deben., cp., 95 do deben., cp., 95 do de cps. of.	115		COM Y OTTER		
Kan. City Top. & W do do	78, 18t 78, inc.	115	Eastern ( Eastern (	Mass.). New Ham	C	29% 40	do do cps. oz. do scrip, 1832	83	E8 gutz	do water 68, gold do do do new.t	106½ 107 1061/	
K. City Lawrence & Kaa. City, St. Jo. & Kau. ( ir St. Jo. & New York & New ) Oudenaburg & Lak	C. B. 18. C. B. 18.	80541 86 1055 109	Fitchbur Fort Scot	tt & Gulf, 1	ev c pmhire) preferred commun. thern.	24% 125 82% 83	do scrip, 1832 do In. m. 7a, cp, 1826 do cons. m. 7a, cp, 1911 do cons. m. 7a, rg., 1911	115	893	St. Lonis 66, long do water 66, gold do do do new do bridge appr., g. 6s 1 do renewal, gold, 6s. 1 no aewer, g. 6s. 1 St. Lonis Co, new park, g. 6s. 1 do cur. 7s t And interes	106%	
Ordensburg & Lak	e Ch.Ss.	11234 113	K. C. Li K. C. St.	w. & Scur Ja. & Cour	common. thern.	53 53 80 80% 72	• In default. ‡ Per share. § Cou. to Jan., '77. funded.			do cur. in		

# THE CHRONICLE.

-----QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.

U. S. Bonds and active Railroad Stocks are quoted on a previous page. Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be.

STATE BONDS.								
SECURITIES.	Bid. Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid. Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bld. Ask.		Bid. A	
labama-Cluss A, 2 to 5 Class A, 2 to 5, small Class B, 55	0254 64	Kentucky-6s Louisluna-7s, consolidatod 7s, small. Michigan-6s, 1883 7s, 1890. Missouri-6s, due 1882 or '89 6s, due 1887 6s, due 1887 6s, due 1888 6s, due 1888 6s, due 1888 6s, due 1888 700. Asylum or Univ. due '92. Funding, 1804-05 Hannihal & St. Jo., 1885 0 do 1887 New York-6s, gold, reg., '87 6s, doa, 1881 0s, do 1891	48% 48% 44 48	6s, loan, 1893.	118	Rhode Island—6s.conp.'93-9 South Carolina— 6s, Act Mar. 23, 1869, 1	112	
Class C, 2 to 5. rkansas—fls, funded 7s, L. Rock & Ft. Scott Iss 7s, Memp. & L. Rock Rit 7s, M. R. P. B. & N. O. Rit 7s, Miss. O. & R. P. Rth 7. Arkground Rit	72 78	Michigan-6s, 1883	103	6s, old, A.& O. No. Cur. Rit., J. & J	28% 20%	South Carolina- 6s, Act Mar. 23, 1869, 1 Non-fundable	5 87 8	
7s, L. Rock & Ft. Scott iss. 7s, Memp. & L. Rock itit.	8	Missouri-6s, due 1882 or '89 6s, due 1886	101 106 107	do A.& O do eonp. off, J. & J.	110 90 90	6s, new series	84 8	
78, L. R P. B. & N. O. R.R. 78, Miss. O. & R. P. ItH 78, Arkansas Central RR.	5 5	6s, due 1898 6s, due 1899 or '00	108		10 10 10 	Tennessee-6s, old. 6s, now. 6s, now. 6s, now. 6s, now. 104. 6s, now. 1893. 6s, now. 1893. 6s, consol. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1894. 1895. 1895. 1895. 1895. 1995. 1	25 25 25	
onvectient-6s	165	Asylum or Univ., due '92. Funding, 1894-95	$ \begin{array}{c} 1084 \\ 110 \\ 111 \\ 110 \\ 111 \end{array} $	New bonds, J. & J. do A.& O. Chathum Bil. Special tax, class 1. do class 2. do class 3. Ohio-68, 1881. de Jewi	16%	6s, consol. bonds 6s, ex matured coupon	25 75 49 5	
7s, new 7s, endorsed. 7s, gold linois—6s,coupon, 1879	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	do do 1887.	105½ 105½ 106	Special tax, class 1	432 5 6 5	0s, deferred.	82	
linois-6s.coupon, 1579 War loan	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0s, gold, coup., 1857	100	do class 2 do class 3 Ohio-6s, 1881	5 10116	Small. Registered	200	
	<u>[]</u>						02	
	JR.	HILROAD AND MI		NEOUS STOCKS AN (Ohlo Cent., 1st m., 6s, 1920.)	D BOND		1 95561 .	
Railroad Stocks.		Chic. M.&Si.PContinued. 1st m., 7s, I. & D. Ext Swest div., 1st 6s, 1909 1st 5s, LaC. & Dav., 1910. Chic. & NorthwSink. f'd	10954 110 10158 87	Ohio Cent., 1st m. 6s, 1920. Peoria, Dec. & E'ville, 1st 6s Pacific Rallroads- Central Pacific-Gold bds. San Joaquin Branch Cai. & Oregon, 1st State Ald bonds Land grant bonds Western Pacific bonds Western Pacific bonds Western Pacific bonds South, Pac. of Cal1st m. Union Pacific-1st mort Land grants, 7s Sinking fund Registered, Ss Collateral Trust, 0s Pacific Rit. of Mo1st m. 2d martgago Ist m., Carondelet Br Ist m., Carondelet Br St.L. & S.F. 2d 6s.Class A. 0 1st 0s, class E. 0 1st 0s, class E. 0 1st 0s, class E.	93 93%	St.L.1.M.&Slst 78,prf.int. 2d Int., 65, accumilative Miscollangana List	63 8	
bany & Susquehanna ston & N. Y. Air L., pref.	10335 105	Chic. & NorthwSink. I'd Int. bonds	108 \$10616 107	San Josquin Branch Cal. & Oregon, 1st	105 4	Miscellaneons List. (Brokers' Quotations.) RAILROADS.		
Antiffond Moteks. dense prevlously quoted.) bany & Susquehanna siton & N. Y. Air L., prof. rrl. Cedar Etapld's & No. dur Falls & Minnesota. deug & Alton, pref. do. St. Louis & N. O. sev. & Pittsburg, guar. buque & Sloux Ciry ankfort & Kokomo riem.	125	Consol. bonds Extension bonds	1223 123 108	State Ald bonds Land grant bonds	$104\frac{1}{2}$ $104\frac{1}{2}$ $107\frac{1}{2}$ 108	Atch.&P.P'k-6s,gld, ex ep. Host. & N. Y. Atr-L-1st m.	100 .	
ic. St. Louis & N. O	115 38 111212	Coupon gold bends	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	South. Pacific Jat more	1075 108	Cent. of la.—1st m., 7s, gold 2d.	100 114 59 6	
buque & Sioux City ankfort & Kokomo	\$64 \$22	Sinking fund	107	Land grants, 7s	113 11356 1195 11956	Stoek. Chie.& Can. So1st m.,g.,7s	59 A 13 1 02 6	
rlen. . Bloom. & Western ern'l & Gt. Northern okuk & Des Molnes	155 14114 33	Galena & Chiengo, exten. Peninsula, 1st m., conv	10216 \$113	Registered, 8s Collateral Trust, 0s	118 1014	Chie, St. P.4 Minolis, 1et C	02 6 95 9 75 8	
de do prof	33	Winona & St. P., 1st m	113 \$108	2d martgago.	105 108	Landgrant Income, 6s Chie.& Southwest7s.gnar	9716 107 110	
do do pref. ng Island uisv. N. Alb. & Chleago tropolitan Elevated	178	C. C. C. & Ind's-1st, 7s, 8. f. Consol. mortgago.	±117% 109 109%	1st m., Carondelet Br St.L. & S.F., 2d 6s.class A.	90 93	Cin. Lafayette & Ch1st m Cin.& Spr1st, C.C.C.&1.,7s	91 91 105 108	
. Elevated	112      122     122     15038     157	C. St.L.& N. O Ten. lien 7s 1st con. 7s.	*105 10516 112 10412	do 3-6s, class C. do 3-6s, class B.	70 72% 73% 73%	Cent. of 1a1st m., 7a, gold 2d. Stock. Chic.& Can. So1st m., g., 7s Chic.& E. III, -S.F.e'y.1907. Income bonds Chic.& S. P.& M'polis-1st. 0s Landgrant Income, 6s Chic.& Southwest7a, guar Chi. Lafuyette & Ch1st m Ch. & Spr1st. C.C. & I., 7s 1st m., g'd L. S. & M. S., 7s. Denver Pac1st, 7s, id. gr., g Erie & Pittsburg-1st m., 7s Con. mortgage, 7s 7s, equipment.	107 110 85 100 101	
i. Elevated. i. New Haven & Hartf. V. Outario & Western do do prof.	2638 27	7s, convertible	1049 <sub>2</sub> ±104 119	South Pac. of Mo1st m. Kansas Pac	1005 103	Con. mortgage, 7s	105 90 90	
o b Minstering and	125	<ul> <li>Chie, &amp; Northw Sink, I'd., Int. bonds</li></ul>	113	1st m., 6s, '95, with ep.ctfs 1st m., 6s, '90, do	118% 110%	Evansy. & Crawfordsy7s.	103	
do do specification	1225 116 1105	do 2d mort do bonds, 1900	100 102	1st m.7s.Leav.br. do 1st m.7s.R.&L.G.D'd, do 1st m.7s land gr't 200 do	110	Stock. Galy. Hons.& II7s. gld. '71	79 80 24 25 90 95	
ie Watertown & Ogd]			118 10816	2d mort., 7s, '86 do Inc. coup. No. 11 op 1016	115	Gr'nd R.&Ind1st.7s.l.g.gu 1st. 7s. Id. gr., not guur	108½ 110 99 104	
e Haute & Indiananolisi		do 7s of 1871. do 1st con., g'd Del.& Hud.Canal—1st m., '84 1st mortgage, 1891	104 104 10 107 107 107 107 108	Den. Div. 6s ass. ep.ctf	85 90 109% 109%	Hous.& Gt.N1st, ex l.gr., 7s) Indianapolis & St. L. Jat. 75	80 00 102 75 80	
edo Peoria & Warsaw ted N. J. Rit. & Canal	155 159	do extended. do Coup., 78, '94 do Roy 76, '04	108 10956	Texas & Pac.—1st, 6s, 1905 Consol. 0s. 1905.	106 99	Indianap.& Vinc1st.7s, gr International (Tex.)-1st.7s	105 110 103	
eellaneous St'ks.	100	Del. & Hud. Canal-1st m., '34 Ist mortgage, 1801 '4 do extended. do Coup., 7a, '94. ' lst Pa. div., coup., 7s, 1017 do reg., '7s, 1017. Albany & Susqueh., 1st m. do 2d mort ' do ad mort '	118 118 118 116	do 3-05, Chass C. do 1st 0s, Petree, C&O Sotth Pac. cf Mo1st m. Kansus Pac 1st m., 0s, '95, with cp.ctfs 1st m., 7s, '86, '96, do 1st m.7s, I.env. Dr. do 1st m.7s, I.env. Dr. do 1st m.7s, I.env. Dr. do 1st m.7s, St. do, D'd, do 1st m.7s, St. do, D'd, do 1st m.7s, N. do 1016. Den. Div. 6s ass. cp.ctf do 1st consol, 6s, 1905 Consol, 0s, 1905 Income and land gr'd, reg. Pennsylvania RIR- Pitts, Ft. W. & Chic., 1st m. do dn 3d m Cleve.& Pitts, consol, s.f.	76% 70%	r mit & rere al	42 82 85 55 57 106 111 60 65	
ms Express erlean Express	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Albany & Susqueh., 1st m. do 2d mort		L'ALLS.FL.W.C. CDIC. ISLID.	126 128 123 11956 120	Long Island—Ist mortgage.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ls, Fargo & Co	102 1034	do 1st con., guar Bens & Surat ogu 1st count	125 1095	Cleve.& Pitts., consol., s.f. do 4th mort Col. Chie. & I. C., 1st con do 2d con do 1st Trit Co atfa see	119% 120 118% 108% 112	do 2d N. J. Midland-1st, 7s, gold.	241 <u>×</u> 26 79 80	
ton Land Company	58 6152	do 1st, reg. Denv.& R. Grande-1st, 1900	10334 104	Col. Chie. & I. C., 1st con	88 8914 70	2d mort. New Jersey So.—1st, 7s, new	25% 27 83 90 95	
Ims Express	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2d mortg., ext'n 5s, 1019.	105%	do 1st Tr't Co.ctfs.ass. do do suppl. do 2d do ass.	80 80 80 83 89 89	31. Joseph'& Pacl6c-1st m. 2d mortgage. St. Jo. & Western stock St. Jo. & K. ECons., 7s. g. 703 St.L. & S.ECons., 7s. g. 703 St.L. Vandalin& T.H1st m. 2d mortgage, guar outh Side (L. I.) -1st mort bouth Minn1st m., 7s, 88. 1st mortgage, 7s (pink) Extension ol. Can. S. 2d C1st, 7s. g. Jaion & Logansport-7s  Pace-South Branch	90 95 60 65 30 38	
tral N. J. Land Imp	3716 40	4th mortgage, 78, 1880 5th mortgage, 78, 1888	10334	Phil.& Reud.—Cons. coup.6s Registered 6s, 1911	#89	st.L.& S.ECons., 78, g., '94 st.L.Vandalin& T.II1st m	80 90	
berland Coal & Iron	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Long Dock bonds	119% 119%	Coupon 7s, 1911	\$5 \$89	South Side (L. I.)—1st mort	+90 95 96½ 98 105 106	
elsior Mining i & Stock Telegraph testake Mining	21 22	N.Y.L.E.&W.,n.2d,eon.,6s	113 120	General, coup., 6s, 1908	80	1st mortgsge, 7s (pink) Extension	100 104	
iarra animig	38 39 014 1	do 2d,eon., f.ep., 5s,6s Han. & St. Jos8s, conv.	85% 86% 10% 111%	Inc. mort., coup., 7s, 1896. Deb. mort., coup., 6s, 1893	90	ol. Can. S.& Det1st, 7s, g Julon & Logansport-7s	97 101	
e Pittsburg Mining posa L'd & Mining Co	334 414 24 2134 41%	ist mort. West. Div., 7s.	105% 107	do 2d do ass. phil. & lieud	009/ BO	outhern Securities.	97 100	
do do pref.	41/2 22 25 50	2d C., Main line, 8s	12% 113	3t. L. & Iron Moünt'n-Ist m 1 2d mortrage Arkansas Br., 1st mort Calro & Fulton, 1st mort. 1 Calro & Fulton, 1st mort. 1 Chro Ark, & T., 1st mort. 1 t. L. Alton & T. H1st m, 1 2d mortgage, pref do income Belleville & So. III., 1st m, 1	03541103561	(Brokers' Quotations.)		
rio Silver Mining	\$39 1	Inc. and ind'y, 7s. Il.CentDub.&Sioux C.1st	93 08	Cairo & Fulton, 1st mort. 1 Cairo Ark. & T., 1st mort. 1	10414 106 10014 10134 102	STATES.	70	
man Palaco Cur	190 199	Cedar F. & Minn., 1st m., 1 nd, Bl'm & W -1st prof 7	021	2d mortgage, pref	12 01 10116 93 05	o.Carolina.—New 45 Rejected (best sort).	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ksilver lo pref g Mountsin Coal	20 214	1st mort., 7s, 1900 2d mort., 1909	73% 74% 63 65 8	Believille & So. Ill., 1st m. ‡1 t. P.& Sioux C1st 65,1919 t. P. M. & Manit'a-1st, '75, 1	08 T 007 101	exus-6s, 1892M.& S. +1 7s, gold, 1892-1010J.& J. +1	103 105 111 112	
lara Cons. Gold Mining	3i I	do         2d mort           do         1st con, guar           do         1st con, guar           Rens.& Suratogu, 1st conp         1st, reg.           Denv.& R. Grande-1st, 1600         1st, reg.           Denv.& R. Grande-1st, 1600         2d mortgage, 7s, 1883           3d mortgage, 7s, 1883         3th mortgage, 7s, 1883           dth mortgage, 7s, 1883         1st cons, gold 7s, 1820           bt mortgage, 7s, 1883         4th mortgage, 7s, 1883           long Dock bonds         1st cons, gold 7s, 1820           buf, N. V. & E, 1st m., 1916         N.Y. L.E. & W., n.2d, con., 6s           do 2d, con, f.ep., 5s, 05         1st and r.ep., 5s, 05           flan, & St J. JosSe, conv         1st mort., Wato & N., 7s, 22           2d C., Main line, 8s         1           gd wheo & N., 8s         1           nc. and Ind 'y, 7s         1           du Bar, Wlst pref., 7s         1st mort, 7s 1000           2d mort, 7900         2d mort, 760 1st 7s           nd. & Bleatur & Spid 1st 7s         1           nt. & 6t. North, 1st 0s, gld            2d mort, 1900	98 100 S	2d mort., 6s, 1909	08% 94% 95%	5. CarolinaNew 4s o. CarolinaCon., 6s (good) Refected (best sort) exms-0s, 1892.1010	12 113 99 101 35 <b>37</b>	
ailroad Bonds.						PAST-DUE COUPONS.		
	09 55% 57	do new bonds. 1 Cleve. P'ville & Ash., 7s	0836 0856 111 1656 119	2d mortgage, 1886 ‡ Consol. 7s, 1910	65 T	ennesssee State coupons.	10 25	
mort., guar. Ced.R.& North1st.5s	55% 57 53 89% 59%	Buffalo & Erle, new bds 1 Buffalo & State Line, 7s #10	19 02 105½		29 V	do consol. coupons	20 75 80	
11. & Erie-1st m mort., guar 2ed. R.& North1st, 5s, 10. & St. L., 1st, 7s, guar Ta City & West'n, 1st 7s, 19. & OPur. m'y fund cold, series B, int. def. guarency, int. deferred igo & Alton-1st mort. 1 page.		do new bonds. 1 love, P'ville & Ash., 7s Buffalo & Erie, new bds Buffalo & Erie, new bds Buffalo & State Line, 7s., ‡1 Kal'zoo & W. Pigeon, 1st. Det.Man, XT., 1st, 7s. 1906 H. Lake Shore Div. bonds do cons.coup., 1st 1	12 21 121 V	1st pret ine for 2d most	27% 65 A	RAILROADS. la.&Chat.—Itec'rs etfs.var	50 100	
cold, series B, int. def.	4156 42	do cons. coup., 1st 1 do cons. coup., 1st 1 do cons. coup., 2d, 1 do cons. coup., 2d, 1 do cons. coup., 2d, 1 do cons. coup., 2d, 1 do cons. reg., 2d, 1 do	21	T.&Wsb., 1st ext.78	04941100261	tlantle & Gulf-Consol 1 Consol., end, by Sayan'h	05 110 50	
go & Alton-1st mort. 1	16 L	do cons. coup., 2d. 1 do cons. reg., 2d., 1 ouisy.& Nash - Cons m. 70	15 116 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	2d mortgage ext., ex coup Equipment bonds 7a 1889	03% 104%	ent. Georgia-Cons. m., 7s 1 Stock	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
et & Chicago, 1st m	08 10816 L	2d mort., 7s, gold	045%	Consol. conv., 7s	80 9934 9936 0736 E	2d mortgage, 78	00 95 97 102	
go & Alton-lst mort. 1 ine	$\begin{array}{c} 103\\ 00\\ 12\\ 113 \end{array}$	Nashv. & Decatur, 1st, 7s. 10 . Erie & West1st 6s, 1019	0036		0716 E 0396 E 03 106 E	Tenn. Va. & Ga1st. 78. 1	09 112	
s.Riv.Bridge,1st,s.f,6s Bur. & Q8 p.c., 1st m 1		luriettu & Cin.—1st mort 10 1st mort., sterling	00 100	Hannibal & Nuples, 1st 7s St.L. K.C.& N.R. E.& R. 7s	9934 G 9734 G 0858 100 0734 108	Stock. eorgin 11R7s	09         65           16         119           02         106	
inking fund	1859 10C M	lich. CentCons., 78, 1902 11	0214 10236 19 120	Omsha Div., 1st mort., 7s Clarinda b., 6s, 1919	07% 108 95 G	Stock	00 105 95 68	
1         1           1         1	16	Editioment honds	08 109%	North Missouri, 1st m., 7s, 11 (est. Un. Tel	00 1071/2 G 141/2 115 M 118 M	acon & Aug2d, endors.	98 105	
JOH BOHLEBUCH	15% M	0.K.&TCons.nss. 1904-6 10	05 1054 8	1900, registered	01% M	ississippi Cent1st m., 7s 10	02 03	
to escented	0614 10614 M	2d mortgage, inc., 1911 11. & Cent. Mo., 1st., 1890. 10. obile & Ohio-New m., 6s.	09 11056 0 100 12 C	regon R. & Nav1st, 6s INCOME BONDS.	12 124	a mort., 88 10		
igh & W. B., con., g'd	06 10634 N	. V. Central-6s 1889   10	12 C 054 C	hte.St.L.&N.O.—2d m. 1907	86 87 71 75 N.	U. & Jacks.—Ist m., 8s 11		
no useur.a) (			18 Ir 13½ Ir 18½ It	/est. Un. Tel1000, conp. ‡ 1900, registered	71 75 N. 12 44 0 1256 64 No 7456 75 1	Certificate, 2d mort., 8s 10 priolk & Petersb.—1st, 8s. 11 st mortgage, 7s 10	15	
aut. 7 3-10, P. D		N. Y. C. & Hud., 1st m., ep. do 1st m., reg. 12	126 Ir 126 Ir 124% I.	t. & Gt. Northern-2d Inc 7 eb. & Wilkes B.Cosl-1885	14% 75 2% 73 10 71 No	d mortgage, 8s	5	
n., 7s, \$ gold, lt. D 1 n., La C. Div	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Huds. R., 7s, 2d m., s.f., 85 Canada South., 1st, int. g. Harlem, 1st m., 7s, coup., 12	9236 L	ake Erie & W'n-Inc.7s,'99 af. Bl.& MunInc. 7, 1899	71 No 736 09 2 73 Ri 75 76 So	d mortgage, 8s 10 ch.& Dan1st consol. 6s 10	0 102	
n., l. & M	12 112½ 10½ N.	do 1st m., 7s, reg 12 Y. Elovsted-1st, 7s, 1906 11	6 1265 M 6 11154	d pref. debentures 4	15 76 So 18 49 S 3754 S.	uthw. Ga.—Conv., 7s, '86. Stock Carolina Rik.—1st m., 7s. 10	5	
n., C. & M	0 01 3 1834 100	hio & Miss.—Consol. s. f'd 11 Cansolidated	116 112 116 N	WI TANA TO ANY TA A ADDRE	3754 S. 1654 38 73		0 65 8 80	
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# Investments AND

# STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT is published on the last Saturday of each month, and furnished to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. No single copies of the SUPPLEMENT are sold at the office, as only a sufficient number is printed to supply regular subscribers.

#### ANNUAL REPORTS.

# Troy & Boston.

(For the year ending Sept. 30.)

From the report to the New York State Engineer, the	follow-	$\mathbf{p}$
ing statistics are obtained : The stock and debt were as follows, Sept. 30, 1879 :	_	$\hat{\mathbf{p}}_{1}$
Stock	,609,010	1 S
Funded debt. Floating debt	380,648	ť
Total	,216,658	n
The traffic for the year was as follows:		e
- 1878-79.	1877-78. 294,879	n
Passengers carried	595,904	t
The earnings for the year were as follows :		C
1878-79.	1877-78.	202
Freight 408,971	363,980	k
Other	21,872	8
Total	\$560,343 285,596	17
Lapenses	\$274.747	Į
Net earnings	φ213,131	0
Not comings	\$288,519	U a
Interest		202
Rentats	226,526	t
	220,920 do1.000	1

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# GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS. Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe.—The Boston Advertiser says: "One hundred dollars a share is bid for New Mexico & Southern Pacific Railroad stock, the New Mexico branch of the Atchison system, and none is to be had at that figure. The stock is not yet issned, but will be in a few days. Except the Kansas City Topeka & Western, it is the richest investment the Atchison management ever offered its stockholders, but the rights to subscribe for it offered eighteen months ago sold for almost nothing. The first 380 miles of the road built, and projected for immediate building, is capitalized for \$23,290 per mile, one-half stock and one-half bonds, in all \$4,425,000 of each. Orig-inal subscribers paid \$900 for a \$1.000 bond, now worth \$1,080, and ten shares of stock, now worth \$1,000. Upon this stock the rights for the second subscription sold for \$30 per share. The total investment of \$900, paid at different times during the past eighteen months, has thus returned to date \$2,380, or 164 per cent of profit. Despatches report the completion of the road, or rather a branch of it, into Santa Fe. The Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Company leases the road for thirty years, paying 37 per cent of the gross earnings and a rebate of 15 per cent on all business delivered to and secured from the road at the State line of New Mexico.

Central Iova.—The earnings and expenses of the company in December 1878 and 1879 were:

1879. Total earnings	$1878, \\ \$65,410$
Operating expensos	35,072
Renewal bridges and ties	\$30,377 6,296
Net earnings	\$24,081

Chicago & Iowa.—A dispatch from Aurora, Ill., February 10, says: "Supervisor Reising gives an emphatic denial to the report that Jay Gould has purchased the Chicago & Iowa Rail-road. The town of Aurora's stock in that road is almost the only stock that is not under a cloud, and that is safe in Mr. Reising's possession and cannot be sold without a vote of the town." town.

town." Chlcago Milwaukee & St. Paul.—The Milwaukee Sentinel says there is a report to the effect that the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul have purchased the Dakota Southerm (the Wicker Road), which has been operated by C. G. Wicker of Chicago. It is also said that they have bought the Sionx City & Pembina rail-road, which runs from a connection with the Dakota Southern at Davis Junction, at the extreme Southeastern corner of Da-kota, directly northward, along the boundary line of Iowa and Dakota, to Sioux Falls, near the junction of Minnesota Dakota & Iowa. The Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul have also the con-trol of the Southern Minnesota, from La Crosse, on the Missis-sippi River, to Winnebago City, Minn., a distance of 174 miles, having purchased the stock of that company last year, which will make them the full owners in the year 1883. —It has already been reported that this company had taken the Hastings & Dakota of Mr. Russell Sage for about \$2,000,000,

and that Mr. Sage paid the company \$150,000 in settlement of their old suit against him.

Chicago & Pacific.—At the annual meeting of stockholders in Chicago, the report of the President gave the earnings and expenses of the past year, compared with previous years, as follows:

	Gross		Net
	eamings.	Expenses.	earnings.
1879	\$186,034	\$151,144	\$34,890
1878	189,341	115,059	74,281
1877	. 178,897	135,592	43,297
1876	. 176,528	137,745	38,783
1875	. 116,567	74,269	42,298
(D),		Jaamaa had nama	adaminat

The general solicitor reported that "a decree had passed against the company for the foreclosure of the alleged mortgage on the 12th of February, 1879. From this decree I have prosecuted an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, in which Court the record now is. Being, however, unable to give a bond for \$250,000, by the Court held necessary to stay a sale of the for \$250,000, by the Court held necessary to stay a sale of the property, the decree was carried into excention, and all the cor-porate property of the company was, on the 1st day of May, 1879, sold to a committee of bondholders for the sum of \$916,100, subject to the right of the company to redeem at any time within one year thereafter, and to the right of the judg-ment creditors to redeem for three months next following the expiration of the twelve months given the company to redeem."

ment creditors to redeem for three months next toilowing the expiration of the twelve months given the company to redeem." Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis & Chicago.—This is the name of the company organized as the successor company to the Indianapolis Cincinnati & Lafayette. It will issue \$4,000,000 of stock to the old bondholders. The new company, when all its securities are issued, will have a funded debt of \$7,500,000 first consolidated 6 per cent bonds, due in 1919, to be secured on the entire property, and \$4,000,000 in capital stock. Of the \$7,500,000 new bonds to be issued, \$6,885.000 is reserved, into which all of the old bonds, prior to the I. C. & L. 7s of 1869, may be exchanged at their par value, leaving a sur-plus of \$615,000 in new bonds. The other securities are: In-dianapolis Cincinnati & Lafayette 7s of 1869, \$2,087,750; do. do. funding debt 7s (in which is included the old preferred stock, \$1,419,300), and the common stock, \$5,587,150. These securities are to be provided for as follows: The 7s of 1869 are to receive 70 per cent of their face in new stock, and the funded debt 7s, or preferred stock, 40 per cent. This will leave a balance of new stock of \$2,029,045, which, with the balance of new bonds, \$615,000, will be offered as follows: To the 7s of 1869, 10 per cent in bonds and 30 per cent in stock for 10 per cent cash. To the funded debt 7s, 20 per cent bonds and 60 per cent in stock for 20 per cent cash. To the common stock, 2 per cent bonds and 6 per cent in stock for 2 per cent eash. Cincinnati Sandusky & Cleveland.—This company reports

Cincinnati Sandusky & Cleveland.—This company reports that for the four months ending Dec. 31 its net earnings were: 1879, \$99,125; 1878, \$58,708; increase, \$40,416, or 68.9 per cent.

Colorado Central.—This company has executed a new 30-year mortgage for \$2,526,000, to bear not over 7 per cent in-terest. These new bonds are to replace the same amount of 8 per cent first mortgage bonds now outstanding.

per cent first mortgage bonds now outstanding. Detroit Lansing & Northern.—The directors have declared dividends of three-and-a-half per cent upon preferred stock from the earnings of the six months ending December 31, 1879, and of three-and-a-half per cent on common stock from the earn-ings of the year ending the same date. These dividends are payable at the Boston office on the 10th. This makes a total dividend of seven per cent on the preferred and three-and-a-half per cent on the common stock during the year The earn-ings of the road for 1879 were \$1,108,982; for the year 1878 they were \$970,033; the increase for 1879 was \$135,898. Belaware & Hudsen Conal Company —This company issues

Delaware & Hudson Canal Company.—This company issues the following abstract of its statement for 1879:

Receipts from coat, &c. \$6,403,907 Receipts from railroads. 3,152,839	20.050.010
Misceltaneous and interest	-\$9,972,049 7,455,033
Net earnings. Paid taxes, interest and rentals leased lines	\$2,517,016 3,147,659
Showing a deficit	\$630,643
Of this \$316,059 was loss upon leased lines, inc New York & Canada Railroad.	
There was mined and sold for account of the company Transported for other parties	Coat, tons. 3,034,390 357,673
Total	3,412,063
The entire cost of the damage to the canal caus unprecedented high water of December, 1878, is i	sed by the included in
the expenses.	
Huntingdon & Broad Top MountainFor the	year 1879
the earnings and expenses were as follows, compared	
1879. Passengers	1878. \$23,644
Coal	156,275
Other freight	$52,459 \\ 6,511$
Miseellaneous	

\$132,693 Net earnings..... ... \$141,304 During the year \$30,000 of floating debt was paid, and it is hoped that the rest may be entirely cleared off during the cur-rent year, after which something may be paid to the third mortgage bondholders.

106,196

Indiana Bloomington & Western .- A circular addressed, to

the stock and bond holders was issued under date of Jan. 31, in which it is stated that

Total.....\$270.634

..... \$154,551 Net earnings ... Per cent of operating expenses to gross earnings, 63:65. This will compare very favorably with the percentage of operating expenses for the corresponding months of 1878, during which time it was 71:50 per cent, leaving the percentage of net earnings to gross earn-ings 36:35, against 28:50 in 1878. The approximate gross carnings for the whole year 1879 were

1879 .....\$1,179,532 ..... 819,363 ..... 360,168

three years, it will be \$320,000 per annun; after April 1, 1887, it will be permanently \$370,000 per annun. International & Great Northern (Texas.)—This company's stock and bonds have been admitted to the N. Y. Stock Ex-change list as follows: Capital stock, the authorized amount of which is \$25,000,000, but only '\$5,500,000 have been issued. Purchase unoney first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds, due 1919, and secured by mortgage to the amount of \$5,624,000; future issues to be limited to \$10,000 per mile of road here-after constructed or acquired. Purchase money second mort-gage income bonds, due 1909, and secured by mortgage; the interest, if earned, is limited to \$4,724,000, and \$10,000 per mile of road hereafter constructed or acquired. The road extends from Longview to Houston, and from Palestine to Austin, a distance of 417 miles, and its branches are 102 miles in length, making a total length of line of 519 miles. The liabilities of the company consist of bills payable in New York, with inter-est from May 1, 1879, to the amount of \$390,736. Its assets consist of \$600,000 of its own first mortgage bonds and \$286,300 stock of the Galveston Houston & Henderson Railroad. Kansas Pacific.—The first consolidated mortgage 6 per cent

Kansas Pacific.—The first consolidated mortgage 6 per cent bonds, an authorized issue of \$30,000,000, have been admitted to the New York Stock Exchange. The company states that the holders of its old securities have agreed to exchange their bonds for the consolidated mortgage bonds to the following extent: \$5,000,000 out of \$6,379,000 Denver Extension bonds; \$754,000 out of \$1,105,000 second land grant bonds; \$75,000 Leavenworth Branch bonds, and \$2,686,600 income bonds. Little Boak Missionum Binge & Tourse.

Little Rock Mississippi River & Texas.—A dispatch from Little Rock, Ark., Feb. 10, says the Monticello Branch of this railroad is completed, and the Helena & Iron Mountain Railway has also been completed to Marianna, a distance of about 25 miles from Helena.

Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington.—This company has contracted with parties in Cincinnati for the graduation and ballasting of 26 miles of road from Shelbyville to Bloomfield, Ky., on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad. When this piece of work is completed, it will close a gap between the Chesapeake & Ohio and the Louisville Cincinnati & Lexington roads.

Ohio and the Louisville Cineinnati & Lexington roads. Louisville & Nashville.—A part of the first mortgage gold bonds, 6 per cents, on the Evansville Henderson & Nashville Division, for \$2,400,000, due December 1, 1919, were issued by Drexel, Morgan & Co. this week and sold immediately. The property is mortgaged at the rate of \$17,500 per mile. 97 miles are located in Kentucky and 35 miles in Tennessee, and \$1,600,000 of the issue are sold now at 102½ and interest. This was the proportion of the bonds on the property in Ken-tucky, the remaining \$800,000 bonds, which represent the proportion of the bonds on the property in Tennessee having been deposited with the Central Trust Company of New York, in trust, and cannot be sold or otherwise disposed of until the claim of prior lien made by the bondholders of the State of Tennessee has been finally disposed of by a court of competent jurisdiction. jurisdiction.

-On February 4, President Standiford and other officers of the Louisville & Nashville road met C. I Sullivan, owner of the road from Pensacola to Selma, when a sale was consummated, transferring the entire line to the Louisville & Nashville Company.

Lonisville & Nashville-Georgia Railroads.—A despatch to the New York *Herald* from Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 12, says: "The details of a virtual consolidation of the Georgia Railroad Company and the Georgia Central Railroad Company with the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company is made public to-day. The contract was negotiated by Vice-President Newcomb two weeks ago, and has been ratified by the boards of the two

Georgia roads. The new arrangement gives the Lonisville & Nashville Company control of every port on the Ocean or Gulf between Wilmington and New Orleans, except Brunswick."

Gulf between Wilmington and New Orleans, except Brunswick." Macou & Brunswlck.—A press despatch from Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 11, says: "The Macon & Brunswlck Railroad was to-day purchased by a strong company, headed by R. T. Wilson and others, of New York. It is reported that they will build the extension from Macon to Atlanta at once." —The Savannah Neus says: "The \$600,000 bogus bonds of the road, which the State has refused to pay, it seems, is the main cause of the trouble. These, in the opinicn of many, will be a substantial lien upon the road the moment it passes into private hands. No company could afford to build the extension from Macon to Atlanta, comply with the onerous provisions of the present lease law, and pay the State besides the enormous ren-tal of \$196,000 a year, at which the road was leased." Marletta & Cinclunati.—At Chillicothe, Ohio, February 5.

tal of \$196,000 a year, at which the road was leased." Marletta & Cinclunati.—At Chillicothe, Ohio, February 5, in the case of William Keyser and Robert Garrett against the Marietta & Cinclunati Railroad Company, John D. Madeira, trustee for the second mortgage bondholders, filed an amended answer and cross-petition, in which he prays for foreclosure of the mortgage and sale of the road and its franchises. Ile sets forth in his petition that the company is in default of interest since May, 1877, and the mortgage thereby becomes absolute. He prays that the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, which claims to own \$1,200,000 worth of first mortgage bonds of the old Hillsboro & Cincinnati Railroad Company, be made a party, and show by what title they claim said bonds. and show by what title they claim said bonds.

and show by what title they claim said bonds. Metropolitan Elevated.—When the Metropolitan Elevated Railway Co. was absorbed by the Manhattan Elevated Railway Company, the latter guaranteed interest on \$8,500,000 of its first mortgage bonds, and has since been paying interest on that amount, although but \$2,500,000 were issued and out-standing. The Metropolitan Company were prevented from issuing the remainder until their Second-avenue route should be completed. This week the company opened bids for the additional \$6,000,000, and accepted that made by Drexel, Mor-gan & Co., on behalf of themselves and associates. The bonds are said to have belonged to the New York Loan & Improve-ment Company, which had the contract for building the line. Members of the syndicate were unwilling to make known the price paid for the bonds. It was stated, however, by persons familiar with the transaction, that the price was 99 7-10. Mobile & Montgomery.—At the annual meeting of the stock-

familiar with the transaction, that the price was 99 7-10. Mobile & Montgomery.—At the annual meeting of the stock-holders, Feb. 4, the following directors for the ensuing year were vnanimously elected: E. H. Green, New York; E. D. Standi-ford and H. Victor Newcomb, Louisville; Gen. O. Clarke, Henry Anthon, Jr., J. P. Girard Foster, of New York; Henry C. Mur-rell, W. D. Caldwell, Louisville, and George A. Washington of Tennessee. At a meeting of the directors subsequently, E. H. Green of New York was elected President and Henry Anthon, Jr., Secretary. This effects a change in the management, the Louisville & Nashville Railroad taking control.

Montpelier & Wells River.—The Boston Advertiser says: "This company is now paying a dividend of 2 per cent to the stockholders who have converted their bonds into stock. The capital of the road is \$800,000. The road is about 40 miles long, and connects with the Central Vermont at Montpelier and with the Boston Concord & Montreal and the Connecticut & Passumpsic at Wells River. The road has now no mortgage nor floating debt."

Municipal Gas-Knickerbocker Gas.-The Municipal Gaslight Company, of this city, has purchased the property and franchises of the Knickerbocker Gaslight company, which has mains in that portion of the city north of Thirty-fourth street, and a franchise to lay pipes anywhere in the city.

mains in that portion of the city north of Thirty-fourth street, and a franchise to lay pipes anywhere in the city. New Jersey Midland.—A new plan of reorganization has been proposed, and an attempt is being made to secure its adoption; but this plan is repudiated by the old bondholders' committee, who claim that there is nothing in it. Under its provisions the new proposition is that first mortgage bondhold-ers receive principal and interest in bonds of the new company, at 6 per eent, to be ennulative. The second mortgage bond-holders to receive principal and interest in new income bonds, at 6 per cent, but not cumulative. The third mortgage bond-holders and creditors under the floating debt to receive prin-cipal and interest in preferred stock, bearing 6 per cent, but not cumulative. The holders of labor claims to re-ceive 50 per cent in cash and the remainder in preferred stock. The holders of the chattel mortgages to be treated the same as the first mortgage bondholders. The stockholders of the Hud-son Connecting line to have their choice of faring the same as the first mortgage bondholders or may take instead 40 per cent of their holdings in new first mortgage bonds and the balance in preferred stock, with the privilege of participating in the benefits of the judgment of the New York & Oswego Midland Company, as obtained in the degree on Van Houten's appeal. This plan is in the interest of the junior securities, which, under previous plans, were ignored. The last report issued gives the eapital stock at \$1,423,475, the first mortgage bonds a<sup>+</sup> \$3,000,000, the second mortgage bonds at \$1,500,000, the third mortgage bonds at \$1,000,000, and the floating debt, claims, &c., at \$989,924.

New London Northern.—At the annual meeting in New London, Feb. 5, the stockholders voted to ratify the agreement for the purchase of the Brattleboro Branch of the Vermont & Massachusetts road. Also to issue \$1,500,000 new bonds, \$700,—

000 to be used to pay for the branch, and the remainder to pay off old bonds which will mature soon.

New Orleans & Mobile.—It is stated that an agreement has been concluded for the sale of this road (Mobile & New Orleans) to the Louisville & Nashville Company for \$4,000,000 in 6 per cent bonds.

N. Y. Central & Hudson River.—An official statement of the ross earnings for the first four months of the fiscal year shows the following:

	1878-79.	1879-80.
October	\$2.771.203	\$2,898,886
November	2.567.318	2.801,835
December.	2.237.265	2.846.216
January	2.024.811	2.593.612
January		
Total four months	\$9,600,599	\$11,140,250

New York Central—Lake Shore—Erie.—It is stated that the contract between these railroads for a division of the New England traffic was signed Tuesday night by Presidents Van-derbilt and Jewett, but has yet to be ratified by the directors of each corporation. The terms of the agreement are not made public, but it is said by those who pretend to know that the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, the Canada Southern and the Michigan Central railroad companies are parties to the agreement as well as Central and Erie. The agreement is in the form of a contract, indefinite as to time, and it provides for the maintenance of rates and the harmonious operation of the two trunk lines and their connections. It is agreed that the western connections of the two trunk lines at Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Dunkirk and Salamanca, and their eastern connections at Albany, Troy and Mechanicsville shall be placed in a posi-tion of equality as regards rates, traffic, facilities and other arrangements. New York Central-Lake Shore-Erie.-It is stated that

Falls, Dunkirk and Salamanca, and their eastern connections at Albany, Troy and Mechanicsville shall be placed in a position of equality as regards rates, traffic, facilities and other arrangements.
New York Ontario & Western, —This company—the reorganized N. Y. & Oswego Midland—has had its stock placed on the N. Y. Stock Exchange list as follows: Preferred stock to the amount of \$2,000,000, issued to holders of the receiver's debt of the New York & Oswego Midland Railroad Company. Common stock to the amount (authorized) of \$45,000,000, on which \$13,000,000 stock is to be issued to the first mortgage bond-holders of the Oswego Midland, the remainder being retained to provide for the junior securities and common stock of the old company, according to its plan of recorganization. Many reports are afloat as to the proposed extensions of this road. A board of directors was elected on the 22d of January, and on the 6th of February the stockholders held another meeting in the office of the Juney. Charles J. Canda, Julius Hallgarten, Charles S. Hinchman—of Philadelphia, William C. Whitney, Samuel S. Strang, E. L. Fraak, William M. Fleiss, C. N. Jordan, Theodore Houston, Gen. Barnham, Mr. Farley—of the banking firm of George Opdyke Co.; and Charles J. Canda will resign soon, to take places in the Construction Co. The *Tribure* says that this company, who is temporarily the President j. Jacob H. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; George M. Yulinam, C. F. Woerishoffer, William R. Grace and E. F. Winslow. It is claimed that the holders of enough innor securities to partial the company % bo general density and the restored in the schift, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; George M. Yulinam, C. F. Woerishoffer, William R. Grace and E. F. Winslow. It is claimed that the holders of enough innor securities to farmish the company % 200,000. Its ostensible purpose is to put the railroad in good condition, and to furnish suitable connections east and west and terminal facilities at New York. Among the persons who are known to be in

to Cincinnati and the Southwest be thus secured. Ohio & Mississippi.—It is now reported that in the suit of F. P. Dimpfel to have the purchase of the Springfield branch declared void and the bonds set aside, the company has made an answer to the amended complaint, admitting its allegations. They even go so far as to aver that the purchase and issue of bonds were never anthorized by either the board of directors or the stockholders; that holders of only 116,282 shares of

stock out of the 240,000 outstanding ratified the acts of Presi-dent Torrance in these regards, whereas a two-thirds vote was necessary to make them legal, and that no resolution or order authorizing or ratifying either was ever recorded in the office of any recorder of deeds in any of the counties of Illinois through which the road runs, as was required by law. In con-clusion, they "offer to surrender and restore said railroad the Springfield division) and other property to its proper owners in equity, as may be determined and directed by this court, and to account for the profits and earnings thereof. stock out of the 240,000 outstanding ratified the acts of Presi-

court, and to account for the profits and earnings thereof. **0il Traffie.**—The *Times*, Feb. 13, says that "the rise in New Jersey Central was due to the announcement that the company and its connection, the Tide-water Pipe Line, have made a pool-ing arrangement with the Pennsylvania Central, Erie and New York Central Railroads for carrying the oil shipped to tide-water. The basis of the agreement is understood to be one-sixth of the receipts to the New Jersey Central and the pipe line and a division of the other five-sixths among the other railroads named. About 40,000 barrels of oil are daily shipped to tide-water, and have been and are being carried at 17 to 20 cents per barrel, against \$1 25 per barrel, the rate before the opposition to the pipe line compelled a reduction. The exact rate fixed for conveying the oil is not yet known, but it is sup-posed that it will be \$1 per barrel, or perhaps the old rate. Taking the average shipments at 40,000 barrels per day, the net increase of business to the railroads will be \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000 per annum. Officers of the Erie Railway Company claim that it will make a difference of \$1,250,000 per annum to that road."

Pennsylvania & Delaware—Pomeroy & State Line.—The Pennsylvania & Delaware Railroad, which was recently sold out under foreclosure of mortgage and bought in for the Penn-sylvania Railroad, has been reorganized by forming a new com-pany, called the Pomeroy & State Line Railroad, with \$500,000 capital, Strickland Kneass being President. This road is about 39 miles long, and runs from Pomeroy, on the Pennsylvania. Railroad, near Coatesville, to Delaware City.

Portland & Ogdensburg, Vermont Division.—The bond-holders have organized a new corporation by the name of the St. Johnsbury & Lake Champlain Railroad Company, to take and own the road after the foreelosure. Notice is given that all holders of first mortgage and joint preference bonds will have the right to come in and join in the new organization within thirty days.

within thirty days. Rochester & State Line.—At Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 9, a. notice was filed in the County Clerk's office of a *lis pendens* in the New York Supreme Court by the Union Trust Company of New York, plaintiff, against the Rochester State Line Railway Company. The company failed to pay interest on \$2,575,000 of bonds, and the filing of the *lis pendens* makes the claim of the Trust Company prior to those of any other creditors of the corporation. The property mortgaged includes the railroad from Rochester to Salamanca, with the real estate, railway, rails, bridges, fences, piers, privileges, rights and franchise, locomotives, &c., owned, or hereafter to be owned, by the com-pany. pany.

pany.
St. Joseph & Western.—The St. Joseph *Herald* reports that at the adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the St. Joseph & Western Railroad, held at Elwood, the recent lease of this road to the Kansas Pacific was confirmed, over two-thirds of the stock issued voting in the affirmative."
—A dispatch from St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 6, says: "The extension of the St. Joseph & Western Railroad will be from Logan, Phelps County, Kan., along the north fork of the Salomon to Agate, sixty-six miles east of Denver on the Kansas Pacific."

St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute.—The final decree of the United States Circuit Court in the case of the St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute Railroad Company against Samuel J. Tilden and others was filed on the 31st ult., in the office of the Clerk of the Court, by which the company fortunately recovers \$400,000 from Tilden, Butler, Sage and Bayard.

Texas Pacific—Missouri Kansas & Texas.—It is reported that the next great consolidation will be that of the Missouri Pacific, Missouri Kansas & Texas and the Texas Pacific tail-roads into one corporation. General Dodge refused to impart any information on the subject, but it is stated that such con-solidation has virtually been decided upon, and will soon be consummated. With this last scheme completed, Gould would have his system of roads mainly consolidated into three com-panies—namely, the Wabash St. Louis & Pacific the Union & Kansas Pacific and the Missonri & Texas Pacific.

Tackerton.—This Railroad and the branch running from Tackerton to Little Egg Harbor Bay, N. J., were offered at public sale in Camden, by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States, and the property was bought by the solicitor of the road for \$85,000.

Court of the cond for \$85,000. Wabash St. Louis & Pacific—Toledo Peoria & Warsaw.— It is reported that the Wabash Pacific agrees to guarantee 7 per cent on the \$4,500,000 first mortgage bonds of the Toledo Peo-ria & Warsaw (lately foreclosed). The \$2,900,000 income bonds are to be guaranteed at least 4 per cent net earnings, and the holders thereof can exchange them at par for Wabash Pacific preferred stock. The \$1,000,000 second income bonds are to be honce to be the stock. The \$1,000,000 second income bonds are to be holders thereof can exchange them at par for Wabash Pacific preferred stock. The \$1,000,000 second income bonds are to be exchanged for Wabash common stock, share for share. The \$3,000,000 common stock of the Toledo Peoria & Warsaw is to be exchanged at the rate of three shares for one of the Wabash common stock, making \$1,000,000 additional. This scheme, it is said, will involve the issue of \$2,900,000 of Wabash preferred and \$2,000,000 common stock.

# The Commercial Times.

### COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, February 13, 1880.

There is a less buoyant feeling in commercial circles, due mainly to the speenlation prevailing and the consequent check to the export movement. The shipping interest continues greatly depressed and freights very low. There is, however, in regular trade, a good movement in progress, and all manufacturing and producing interests continue to prosper.

Provisions have sharply declined, owing to excessively slow export demands, and the apparent withdrawal of speculative support. Stocks here and in the West are heavy. To-day, a dull and irregular state of affairs prevailed ; old mess pork sold in a small way on the spot at \$11 75@\$12; new for March was quoted at \$11 95@\$12 15; April, \$12@\$12 20 bid and Lard on the spot was sold at 7.60c. for new prime asked. Western ; do. for March was sold at 7.52½@7.55c., do. for April 7.55@7.60e., do for May 7.70c. Refined for the Continent quoted at Sc. Bacon ruled easy and dull at 6.75@680c. for long clear. Cut meats, beef and beef hams, were all quiet. Dairy products ruled about steady, though somewhat less The latest advices (Feb. 4) regarding pork-packing in active. the West state the number of hogs packed the past week were 258,292, against 285,109; total at'all points, since Nov. 1, 5,476,368, against 6,668,313 this time last season. The following is a comparative summary of aggregate exports, from Nov. 1 to Feb. 7:

Pork lb Baconlb Lardlb	8.218,959,215	$1878-79. \\ 22.876,000 \\ 216,902,126 \\ 117,551,773$	Decrease, 2,365,200 37,992,911 21,330,538

397.379.899 Total .... 61.698.649 Rio coffee has been only moderately active, and at one time showed weakness, but the close is firm at 143/4@15c. for fair cargoes. A notable feature of the market during the week was the shipment of 5,000 bags to London; mild grades have been quiet, but close steady at 13½@17c. for Maracaibo. Rice has been in good demand and firm. New Orleans mo'asses has advanced to 40@56c. for common on a good jobbing business. Foreign has continued scarce. The first sale of new erop refining this season was at 35c. Raw sugar has been fairly active at some decline; but to-day there was more activity in trade and the market was strong. This afternoon no less than 5,000 hhds. Centrifugal sold at 8c. for 94 test.

-	Hhds.	Boxes.	Bags.	Melado.
Receipts since Feb. 1, 1880	15,707	560	61,700	915
Sales since Feb. 1, 1880	17.256	377	92.172	60
Stock Feb. 11, 1880	28,209	9,554	593,853	1.107
Stock Feb. 12, 1879	9,880	4,973	493,304	1.810
Stock Feb. 13, 1878	21,245	5,044	41,274	
Refined sugars have lotte	mlr hoon	202.0200	acting and	

active, and close strong with crushed at 95%@934c. Tea has been quiet and easy in price.

There is a demand for Kentucky tobacco to fill contracts, but no large transactions have been effected, and sales for the week are limited to 500 hhds., and prices are about as last quoted; lugs, 4@5½c., and leaf 6@12c. Seed leaf has continued quiet, and sales for the week are limited to 808 bales, all crop of 1878, as follows: 400 cases Pennsylvania, 10@ 21c.; 200 eases New England, 9%@25c., and 208 cases Ohio, 6¼@14c. The demand for Spanish tobacco continues good. and sales are 650 bales Havana at 80c.@\$1 10.

64/2014c. The demand for Spanish tobacco continues good, and sales are 650 bales Havana at 80c.@\$1 10. Hops are quoted irregular, the export demands are small, and the stock here is estimated at 20,000 bales. Strictly choice lots are selling in the interior at 34@35c., and quoted here 37@ 38c. Naval stores have latterly shown more steadiness in sym-pathy with the Southern advices; spirits turpentine was quoted at 41c., and strained to good strained rosin \$1 45@\$1 50. Petro-leum also closed steadier under improved export demands; re-fined, in barrels, 7%c. United certificates closed lower at \$1 05 bid. Metals of all descriptions are very firm, with an advanc-ing tendency. Trade is not active at the moment, due to the generally small offerings; No. 1 American pig iron is quoted at \$40@\$41. Scotch pig sells on arrival; 5,000 tons Gartsherrie and Middlesborough have been sold, to arrive in the Spring, at private figures. Rails are quoted at \$50@\$85 for steel. \$65@ 70 for iron, and \$43@\$44 for old iron. Ingot copper is still quiet at 24½c, for Lake. Decan freight room has latterly had a better inquiry and rates are somewhat steadier. No marked improvement, how-ever, can take place so long as the offerings of tonnage are ex-cessive. To-day business was very small, and rates in many in-stances were quite nominal. Grain to Liverpool, by steam, was quoted at 3d., 60 lbs.; provisions taken at 17s. 6d.@20s. Grain to London, by steam, quoted 5d ; do. taken to Havre, by steam, 13c.; do. to Cork, for orders, 4s. per qr.; do. to Passages, in ship's bags, 4s. 7½d. Crude petroleum to Bordeaux, 2s. 10½.; refined do. from Baltimore to Bremen 2s. 6d.

# OOTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., February 13, 1880.

FRIDAY, P. M., February 13, 1880. THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Feb. 13), the total receipts have reached 119,854 bales, against 112,363 bales last week, 137,191 bales the previous week, and 168,280 bales three weeks since, making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1879, 3,983,518 bales, against 3,592,199 bales for the same period of 1878-9, showing an increase since September 1, 1879, of 391,329 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of four previous years are as follows:

the local division of					
Receipts this w'k at	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
New Orlcans*	52,104	58,967	48,730	30,690	48.459
Mobile	7,474	14,089	13,014	9,683	
Charleston		10,655	9,150	5,387	4.900
Port Royal, &c		73	2,271	190	813
Bavannah		19,232	13,058	4.514	8,569
Galveston		15,032	9,425	9,290	11,912
Indianola, &c			93	103	410
Tennessee, &o	11,992	14,977	10,861	12,955	13,123
Florida	871	1,006	465	435	402
North Carolina	1,638	3,749	2,395	2,615	1,727
Norfolk	12,369	11,267	7,351	14,129	8,918
City Point, &o	2,470	2,774	1,272	723	669
Total this week	119,854	150,841	120,090	120,720	110,576
Total since Sept. 1.	3,983,318	3,592,189	3,374,969	3,407,924	3,295,251

• One day estimated in 1830.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 77,604 bales, of which 57,816 were to Great Britain, 6,109 to France, and 13,679 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 994,391 bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season week of last season.

							-	
Week	EXP	ORTED T	0-	Total	8ame	STOCK.		
ending Feb. 13.	Great Britain.	France,	Conti- nent.	this Week.	Week 1879.	1880.*	1879.	
N. Orl'ns	18,265	6,109	2,861	27,238	66,839	362,000	378.876	
Mobile	5,689			5,689	6,350	62,789	51,382	
Charl't'n	7,934		550	8,504	21,983	44,289	49,637	
Savan'h.	5,051		9,722	14,773	10,336	73,569	78,303	
Oalv't'n-	1,334			1,334	13,155	74,576	70,391	
N. York.	4,387	]	543	4,930	5,947	278,382	155,617	
Norfolk	10,450			10,450	7,421	33,786	24,647	
Othert	4,686			4,636	11,169	65,000	35,000	
Tot. this								
week	57,816	6,109	13,679	77,604	143,250	994,391	846,873	
Totsinge								

Sept. 1. 1511,022 222,069 526,319 2259,410 2207,094 .....

\* Figures for New Orleans (362,000) are estimated. + The exports this week under the head of "other ports" include, from Baltj-mere, 2,244 bales to Liverpool; from Hoston, 1,910 bales to Liverpool, and from Philadelphia, 532 bales to Liverpool.

Since the above figures were put in type, our regular dispatch has come to hand, showing-Receipts for the week, 43,733; exports to Great Britain, 22,882; to France, 6,109; to Continent, 4,759; and stock to-night, 363,185.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give as the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add also similar figures for New York.

	Or	-				
FEB. 13, AT-	Liver- pool.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans. Mobile. Charleston Savannah Salveston. New York. Other ports	44,011 8,300 700 7,000 18,027 3,200 9,000	31,510 None. 800 2,400 290 130 None.	$\begin{array}{r} 30,152\\ 6,100\\ 4,800\\ 11,500\\ 5,109\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\\ 1,000\\ \end{array}$	4,074 None. 350 2,500 2,772 Noue. 3,000	109,777 14,400 6,650 23,400 26,198 *4,330 13,000	252,223 48,389 37,639 50,169 48,378 274,052 85,786

. 90,268 35,130 59,661 12,696 197,755 796,636 Included in this amount there are — destination of which we cannot learn. - bales at presses for foreige ports,

The destination of which we cannot learn. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to Feb. 6, the latest mail dates:

		TS SINCE	EXPOR	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO-				
PORTS.	1879.	1878.	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Total.	Stock.	
N.Orlns	1100,684	834.024	491.896	147.710	131.225	770,821	350,179	
Mobile.	302,751	295,264	40,354	6.791	4,400		1 .	
Char'n*	416,005	458,678	113,537	12,664	127.601	253,803	46,341	
Sav'h	636,691	604,334	148,543	10,147	161,691	323,381	77,833	
Galv.*.	392,031	460,021	143,893	19,761	25,042	188,699	70,923	
N. York	128,380	101,002	199,679	17,405	35,977	253,061	261,470	
Florida	16,696	42,687						
N. Car.	93,066	114,647	22,608		5,839	28,507	8,480	
Norf'k*	575,325	422,578	159,362	1,479	3.318	164,159	38,335	
Other	202,035	104,913	133,281		14,544	147,828	55,750	
fhis yr.	3803,664		1453,206	215,960	512,640	2181,806	980,137	
Last re	ar	3441,348	1233,917	276,889	551,039	2063,844	868,129	
* Under Galveston Point, &	* Under the head of Charleston is included Port Royal, &c. under the head of Saleston is included Indianola, &c. under the head of Norfolk is included City Point, &c.							

The speculation In cotton has presented much the same features as last week. Foreign advices, and especially the accounts from Manchester, have been very favorable to holders, and receipts at the ports have further diminished, so that the statistical position has shown but a slight increase in the visible supply over the corresponding date last year. Yet the advance in prices has been slow and fitful. The most decided improvement e rly in the week was in February delivery, but the greatest a tivity was in the Spring months. On Wednesday, however, notwithstanding an advance in spots, with a brisk export, there was a general decline In futures. Thursday the market opened weak and closed slightly lower. To-day there was a firmer opening, but a dull, weak closing. Cotton on the spot was more active, and prices advanced ic. on Tuesday and 1-16c, on Wednesday. The increased demand was mainly for expert. Thursday there was a quiet market, and the recent advance was harely supported. To-day there was little doing, and the close was nominal at 13 3-16c. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 734,500 bales, including - free on board. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 6,710 bales, including 4,422 for export, 2,137 for consumption, 151 for speculation, and --- in transit. Of the above, 225 bales were to arrive. The following tables show the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week:

	-								1
Feb. 7 to	UI	PLANI	s.	NEW	ORLE	ANS.	TEXA8.		
Feb. 13,	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin'y. % D	1134	1114	1138						11 <sup>1</sup> 2
Striet Ord		1158	1134	1134	1134	1178		1134	1178
Good Ord		12118	12316	$123_{16}$	12316	12516	$123_{16}$	$\frac{12^{3}16}{12^{7}16}$	$\frac{12516}{12916}$
Str. G'd Ord Low Midd'g		$12_{18}^{12_{18}}$ $12_{8}^{5_{8}}$	$127_{16} \\ 123_{4}$	$\frac{12716}{1234}$	$\frac{127_{16}}{123_4}$	$\frac{12916}{1276}$	$127_{16}$ $123_{4}$	1234	1276
Str. L'w Mid	1213.		121516		121516	13116		121516	
Middling		13	1318	1318	1318	134	1318	1318	134
Good Mid		134	1338		1338	1342			1312
Str. G'd Mid	1312	1312	1358	1358	1358	134	1358	1358	1334
Midd'g Fair	14	14	1418		1418	1414		1418	1414
Fair	1434	14%	1478	1476	1478	15	1476	1478	15
	Wed	Th.	Frí.	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri,
Ondintar 107h	117.	11716	11716	11916	11916	11918	11916	11916	11918
Ordin'y. 8 D Strict Ord.	1118	1113		1115.	111518	11110.0	1115	1115.0	1115.9
Good Ord	1214	1214	124	1238	1238	1238	1238	1238	1238
Str. G'd Ord	1212	1212	1210	1258	1258	1258	1258	1258	1258
Low Midd'g	121316	121316	121318	121516	121516		121516		
Str.L'w Mid	13	13	13	1346	1318	1316	134	134	1318
Middling	13316	13316	13316	13516	13516	13516	13516	13516	13516
Good Mid	13716	13716	13716	13916	13916	13916	13916	13916	13916
Str. G'd Mid	131116	1.31110	131116	131316	131316	131316	131316	131318	13.316
Midd'g Fair	14016	14316	14018	14516	14516	14516	1.1516	14516	14516
Fair	141016	141016	141516	110416	10-16	110-16	15116	15116	15118
	STAINED.					Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordin	Good Ordinary								
Strict Good	Btriet Good Ordinary 11 1318 111318 1214 12 12 12								12
Low Middli	eg			1248	1248	12516	12516	12516	12516
Middling				12918	1291A	121114	1234	1234	1231

MARKET AND SALES.

		SALE	SOFS	FUTURES.				
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- 6ump.			Total.	Sales.	Deliv- eries.
Mon . Tues . Wed . Thurs	Easier	$\begin{array}{r} 471 \\ 1,105 \\ 1,356 \\ 211 \end{array}$	330 222 520 509 286 270	$     \begin{array}{r}       20 \\       31 \\       100     \end{array} $	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	713 1,656 1,965 497	$\begin{array}{r} 129,900\\ 106,800\\ 131,900\\ 153,700\\ 124,200\\ 88,000 \end{array}$	400     800     400
Totai		4,422	2,137	151		6,710	734,500	3,100

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day pre-vious to that on which they are reported.

For forward delivery the sales have reached during the week 734,500 bales (all middling or on the basis of middling), and the following is a statement of the sales and prices :

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{tatement of the sales and pric} \\ \text{Bales,} & Ct^*, \text{ Bales,} \\ \text{$3,100, ..., 13*28 | 22,700, ..., 2,200, ..., 13*29 | 21,200, ..., 13*30 | 21,200, ..., 13*30 | 21,200, ..., 14,400, ..., 13*31 | 14,600, ..., 13*32 | 12,500, ..., 14,500, ..., 13*33 | 8,400, ..., 14,500, ..., 13*33 | 8,400, ..., 10,500, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 10,500, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 10,800, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 4,900, ..., 13*35 | 8,300, ..., 13*35 | 8,300, ..., 13*35 | 8,400, ..., 11,600, ..., 13*35 | 8,400, ..., 11,600, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 13*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 14,900, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400, ..., 15*11 | 3,400,$ Bales. 1,3:0. 1,3:00. 1,0:00. 2,6:00. 1,3:00. 1,3:00. 13.60 13.61 183,800 13.65 13.65 13.67 13.63 13.60 13.70 13.70 13.71 13.72 13.73 For June 2,400.. 3,490. 900, 2600 pr.a. 100 s.n. 100 pr.a. 100 s.n. 1210 pr.a. 
 Box

 230,500

 For May,

 5,230,

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 3.98 400 500 13.24 13.25 13.24 13.24 13.27 13.25 13.25 700 154,800 53 3,700, 1,500, 1,600, 1,200, 600, 1,200, For April. 1,700...... 3,700..... 6,300 ,..... 1,200..... 12,60 .19.39 1,300 12.900 16,300. 10,800. 11,409. 10,700.For March. 500.....13:23 1.4.00....13:24 1.300....13:25 2.100....13:25 ,100....13:27 83.606 14,490. 17,400. 23,900. 12,500. 11,100... 12,000... 5,100... 2,400. 1,000... For July. 406.....13.97 306.....14.00 200.......11.01

13:57

Bales. Ctr.	Bales. Cts.	Balos. Cts.	For November.
2,700	1,500	3 )0	Bales. Cts.
1,40014.03	700	200	100
1,200 14.04	1,70014.18	200	10012.31
800,14.05	1,000 14.19	100 19:51	£0012·38
400	1,100	5,400	000 12.99
1.400	400	0,200	1,600 12.40
1,80014.08	700	For Oclober.	3 0
200	30014.23	2 10	20012.42
2,00014.10	2011	20012.69	60012.43
1,20011:11	800	30012.70	100 12.45
60014.12	300	100	10012.46
1,000	50014.27	20012.72	1,000
100		50012.73	1,900
1,000 14.18	200 14.29	20012.74	
50014.17	15,700	1, 00	0,500
160	1	20012.76	
700	For September.	30012.77	For December.
17,700	200	300	100
For Lugar	200	100	400
For August. 50014.07	100 13.58	1,900	400
1,500	$1,400,\ldots,13.00$ 900,\ldots,13.61	400	300 12.36
1.100	600 13.62	20.)	10012.38
2,800	800	109	2)0
1,700		400	200
1.200 14.14			200
500	200. 13.67	6,700	1.900
The fellowing	arabango hag h	1 0,00	1 1,000

The following exchange has been made during the week : <sup>02</sup> pd. to exch. 100 Feb. s. n. for regnlar. The following will show the range of prices paid for futures, and the closing bid and asked on each day in the past week.

Futures	Saturd	lay.	Mond	ay.	Tuesd	lay,		
Market.	Firme	er.	Firme	er.	Firme	er.		
	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Ciosing.	For Day.	Closing.		
Feb'ry .	High. Low. 13.17-13.08	Bid. Ast 13'10 11	High. Low. 13-24-13-15	Bid. Ask 13.18 20	High. Low. 13.28-13.25	Bid. Ask 13.32 33		
March . April	13.60-13.48	13.51 52	13.63-13.52	13.54 55				
May June	13·90-13·69 13·99-13·86	13.90.91	14.01-13.91	13.9394		13.89 - 14.0607		
	$\frac{14.06-13.97}{14.18-14.09}$	14.10 12	14.17-14.09	$14.03 04 \\ 14.12 14$	14.25-14.18	14.25 26		
October	13.63-13.56 12.73-12.66		12.77-12.69	13·59 62 12·69 72	12.81-12.78			
Dec'ber	$\begin{vmatrix} 12 \cdot 40 - 12 \cdot 32 \\ - & -12 \cdot 32 \end{vmatrix} = -$				$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
Tr. ord. Closed .	13·1 Stead		13·20 Steady.		13·35 Strong.			
Futures	Wedne	sday.	Thursday.		Friday.			
Market.	Irregu	ılar.	Low	er.	Variable.			
	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing.	For Day.	Closing		
Feb'ry.	High. Low.	Bid. Ask	High. Low. 13.32-13.20	Bid. Ask 13.22 23		Bid. Ask 13.22 23		
March . April	13·50-13·35 13·73-13·58	13.37 -	13.41.13.29	13.32 33	13.38-13.29	13 29 30		
May June	13.92.13.78	13.82.83		13.77 -	13.82-13.73	13 73 74		
July August.	14.19-14.07	14.09 11	14.11-14.02	14.04 -	14.09.14.04	14.01 03		
Sept	13.70-13.60		13.60-13.56	13.5963		13.55 58		
Nov Dcc'ber	12.50-12.38		12.42.12.38		12.80.12.73 12.48-12.45 -12.36			
Tr. ord.	13:		13	25	13.	25		
	Closed .] Steady. Firm. Quiet, steady. *14'01.							

Short notices. February: Saturday, 13:15@13:08; Monday, 13:22@ 13:13; Tuesday, 13:23@13:24.

13:13; Tuesday, 13:23@13:24. THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Feb. 13), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only. 1850 1870 1875 1877. Friday only. 1880. 1879. 1878. 1877.

	Stock at Liverpoolbales	485,000	458.000	-558.000	846.000
	Stock at London	36,930	58,500	12,250	32,750
	Total Great Britain stock .	521,950	516,500	570,250	878,750
	Stock at Havre	62.100	127.750	179.250	174 000
•	Stock at Marseilies	2,300	3,000	4.750	3,500
	Stock at Barcelona	19,158	8.250	31.500	65.500
	Stock at Hamburg	1.300	2,500	7.300	13.000
•	Stock at Bremen	18.030	10.750	34.000	42.750
	Stock at Amsterdam	22,800	29,750	30,750	67.500
	Stock at Rotterdam	1,200	8,500	11.000	10,500
	Stock at Antwerp	599	2,250	7.250	5,500
	Stock at other conti'utal ports.	2,932	6,000	7,750	10,500
	Total continental ports	130,419	198,750	313,750	392,750
ŝ	Mutal European staalse	050 000	517 050	021.000	1.071.500
9	Total European stocks	652,369	713,250	884,000	1,271,500
	India cotton atloat for Europe.	88,469	78.000	91,000	133,000
5	Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe	508,080	667,000	629,000	618,000
5	Egypt.Brazil,&e.,afit for E'r'pe	37,028	18,000	35,000	55,000
	Stock in United States ports	994,391	846,873	915,791	891,814
	Stock in U. S. interior ports	195,906	119,771	136,470	95,290
	United Stries exports to-day	9,000	23,000	19.000	6,000
3	m ( 1 toth) - country	0.107.010	0.407.004		
6	Total visible supply	2,485,243	2,467,894	2,710,261	3.071.604
9	Of the above, the totals of	American	and other	descriptio	us are as
ĭ	follows:				
ŝ.	American-				
3	Liverpool stock	363,000	335,000	395.000	550,000
1	Continental stocks	107.000	160,000	257,000	300,000
0	American afloat for Europe	508,080	667,000	629,000	618,000
2	United States stock	994,391	846,873	915,791	891,814
ŝ	United States Interior stocks	195,906	119,771	136,470	96,290
ñ	United States exports to-day	9.000	23,000	19,000	6,000

)	United States exports to-day	5.000	20,000	10,000	0,000
	Total American East Indian, Brazil, &c	2,182,377	2,131,644	2,352,261	2,462.104
3	Liverpool stock	117,000 36,950	$123,000 \\ 58,500$	$163,000 \\ 12,250$	296,000 32,750
3	Confinental stocks India afloat for Europe	23,419	38,730 78.000	56,750 91.000	
)	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat		15,000	35,000	53,000
	Total East India, &c Total American				609,500 2,462,104
7	Total visible supply				
1	Price Mid. Upl., Laverpool	7121.	533.1,	61sd.	611160.

IVOL XXX

The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight tonight of 17,319 bales as compared with the same date of 1879, a decrease of 225,018 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1878, and a decrease of 586,361 bales as compared with 1877

In the preceding visible supply table we have heretofore only included the interior stocks at the 7 original interior towns. As we did not have the record of the new interior towns for the four years, we could not make a comparison in any other way. That difficulty no longer exists, and we therefore make the following comparison, which includes the stocks at the 19 towns given weekly in our table of interior stocks instead of only the old 7 towns. We shall continue this double statement for a time but finally shall simply substitute the 19 towns for the 7 4-3-1

towns in the proceeding table				
American-	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.
Liverpool stockbales	369,000	335.000	395,000	530.000
	107.000	160.000	257,000	300.000
Continental stocks		667.000	629,000	6t9.000
American atloat to Europe	508,080			
United States stock	991,391	846,873	915,791	891,814
United States Interior stocks	315,975	190.765	233,103	174,977
United States exports to-day	9.000	23.000	19,000	6,000
Officer Dented on ports to any th				
Matal Amonican	220 116	0 000 639	2,448,891	9.510.701
	100-1410	±14,4,4,0000	WIT TO I DU T	a,0 20,101
East Indian, Brazil, &c		100.000	100.000	000 000
Llverpool stock	117,000	123,000		296,000
London stock	36,950	-58,500	12,250	32,750
Continental stocks	23.419	38,750	56.750	92.730
India affort for Europe	88,469	78,000	91,000	133.000
	37,028	18,000	35.000	55.000
Egypt, Brazil, &e., afloat	01,010	13,000	55,000	00,000
	002000	0.0010	050 000	000 700
Total East India, &e	302,866		358,000	
Total American	220 110	2,222,638	110 001	9 540 701
	10021 + 20	007	N, 223,0012	

Total visible supply ......2,635,312 2,538,858 2,806,894 3,150,291 These figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 96,424 bales as compared with the same date of 1879, a decrease of 171,532 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1878, and a decrease of 514,979 bales as compared with 1877.

AT THE INTERIOR PORTS the movement—that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1879—is set out in detail in the following statement:

	Week en	ding Feb	. 13, '80.	Week en	ding Feb.	14, '79
	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.
Angusta, Ga Columbus, Ga	$3,213 \\ 1,634$	$6,401 \\ 3,509$	$14,002 \\ 19,410$	2,093 1,776	4,339	$16,443 \\ 10,259$
Macon, Ga Montgomery, Ala	425	1,758 3,612	3,887 8,949	$478 \\ 3.225$	$972 \\ 5.036$	3,855 6,785
Belma, Ala Memphis, Tenn	1,201 11.153	2,729 12,629	$11,878 \\ 122,347$	1,260 13,520	2,130 25,918	$5,424 \\ 65,232$
Nashville, Tenu	2,223	1,812	15,433	1,763	1,415	11,714
Total, eld ports.	21,340	32,471	195,906	24,115	42,566	119,771
Daltas, Texas* Jefferson, Tex*	1,500	1,422	5,100 850	1,286	787 906	1,321 3.678
Bhreveport, La Vicksburg, Miss*	$2,824 \\ 5,400$	4,512 5,788	$14,903 \\ 7,000$	4,070 5,756	$5,384 \\ 5,314$	5,107 4,716
Columbus, Miss Enfaula, Ala	479 393	1,431 632	3,361 3,633	433	892 565	1,730 3,160
Griffin, Ga Atlanta, Ga	223 1,862	170 719	2,728 13,363	538	837	1,611 6,103
Rome, Ga Charlotte, N. C	1,695	1,642	4,804 1,817	$1,805 \\ 1,003$	2,309	5,084 875
St. Louis, Mo Cincinnati, O	11,106 4,570	10,245 4,402	81,909	7,807	9,986 6,648	30,614 6,975
Total, new p'rts		32,595	150,069	32,100		70,994
Totai, alt	53,125	63,066	345,975	56.215	79.567	190.765

Totai, all... \* This year's figures estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 11,131 bales, and are to-night 76,135 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 2,775 bales less than the same week last year

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.--The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are some-times misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another, at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS

77	7eek	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	Stock a	t Inter'	r Ports	Rec'pts from Plant'ns		
en	ding-	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80	1877-79	1578-79	1679-80	1877-78	1878-79	1879 80
Oct.	17	195,054	160,233	181,714	59.745	79,597	51,227	151,908	180.007	194,028
55	24	157,609	162,236	214,461	80,374	97,887	95,993	179,238	130,526	229,227
6.6	<b>91</b>	177,536	157,280	245,618	105,814	115,634	115,795	202,776	174,427	265,355
Nov.	7	198,776	182,874	225,087	126,620	119,495	133,905	219,582	217,338	243,257
95	14	194,571	176,004	220,216	132,403	174,583	197,126	200,854	201,089	273,437
55	21	200,980	181,376	218,408	136,941	188,491	218,998	205,518	195,284	230,280
55	28	172,216	184,625	249,152	157,682	205,912	264,183	192,857	202,046	294,337
Dec.	5	174.365	220,748	216,167	169,073	236,280	287,109	196,356	251,116	239,093
**	12	202,805	220,291	234,876	185,665	259,120	317,468	219,397	243,140	265,235
95	19	281,594	204,882	218,907	226,559	230,937	343,503	272,488	226,710	244,942
85	26	224,634	199,981	207,601	261,876	294,281	364,926	259,951	213,305	229,024
Jan.	2	165,755	143,155	154,306	233,239	281,634	355,943	157,118	130,508	145,923
6.6	9	142,099	121,091	149,486	236,293	253,647	349,859	125,153	93,104	143,402
	16	153,727	118,613	129,499	237,380	233,236	352,383	154,814	03,202	132,013
95	23				242,019					
15	30				244,494					
Feb.	6	197,139	171,608	112,363	240,708	214,117	337,916	133,352	164,790	108,899
84	13	120.090	150,841	119.854	233 103	190,785	345,975	112.495	197 489	107 918

The above statement shows-

1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in 1879-80 were 4,332,192 bales; in 1878-70 were 3,777,802 bales; in 1877-78 were 3,591,590 bales.

1577.78 were 3,591,590 bales.

 That alhough the receipts at the out ports the past week were 119,854 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 107,913 bales, the balance being drawn from stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 127,439 bales, and for 1878 they were 112,485 bales. WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—There has been more or less rain in most sections the past week, and as it closes there is a severe disturbance reported in a portion of the Southwest. Galveston, Texas.—There have been drizzles at this point on five days, the rainfall reaching fifty-seven hundredths of an inch; but it was not enough to do much good, and we are needing more badly. Average thermometer 55, highest 72, and lowest 41.

ing more badly. Average thermometer 55, highest 42, and low-est 41. Indianola, Texas.—We have had mists on four days, and the balance of the week has been cloudy. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 73, averaging 56. Farm preparations active. The rainfall for the week is firy hundredths of an inch. Corsicana, Texas.—There have been fogs on two days and kill-ing frosts with ice on two nights during the past week. The ther-mometer has averaged 58, with an extreme range of 32 to 76, and we have had a rainfall of nine hundredths of an lnch. Since the recent rains, prospects have greatly improved.

we have had a rainfall of nine hundredths of an Inch. Since the recent rains, prospects have greatly improved. Dallas, Texas.—We have had showers on two days, the rainfall reaching fifteen hundredths of an inch, but they were not enough to do much good, and more rain is wanted. There have been killing frosts with ice on two nights. Average thermometer 58, highest 76, and lowest 32. Brenham, Texas.—The weather has been cold and dry all the week, the thermometer averaging 55, and ranging from 40 to 71. Ploying is progressing.

Plowing is progressing. New Orleans, Louisiana.—Rain has fallen on two days, to a depth of nineteen hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 59.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—The weather during the week has been dry, and roads are in fair condition. Cotton is coming in slowly. The thermometer has averaged 54, the extreme range having been 35 to 73, and the rainfall has reached twenty-one hundredths of an inch.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.—The earlier part of the past week was clear and pleasant, but during the latter portion it has rained on two days, the rainfall reaching twenty-four hundredths of an inch.
The thermometer has ranged from 44 to 70, averaging 57. Little Rock, Arkansas.—Wednesday and Thursday of the past week was been clear. It is now cloudy and damp, with a strong northwest wind blowing. The thermometer has averaged 50 during the week, ranging from 26 to 68. The rainfall is one luch and ninety-nine hundredths.

week, ranging from 20 to 65. The raintain is one find and ninety-nine hundredths. *Nashville, Tennessee.*—Rain has fallen on two days the past week, to a depth of two inches and eighty-three hundredths. Average thermometer 43, highest 63, and lowest 15. We had an unusually severe storm last (fhursday) night—a tornado. *Memphis, Tennessee.*—We had a heavy rain this (Friday) morn-ing. The thermometer has ranged from 43 to 60 during the week to superscience 51

ing. week,

ing. The thermometer has ranged from the week averaging 51. Mobile, Alabama.—It has been showery two days of the week and rainy to-day, the rainfall aggregating twelve hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 57, highest 71, and lowest 37. Montgomery, Alabama.—The earlier part of the past week the weather was clear and pleasant, but it has rained on two days during the latter portion, the rainfall reaching forty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 55, the days during the latter portion, the rainfall feaching forty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 55, the highest being 75, and the lowest 34. Selma, Alabama.—The earlier part of the week was clear and pleasant, but it has rained on two days during the latter part— on one day very heavily. The weather has been mild. Madison, Florida.—Rain has fallen during the past week on two days. The thermometer has averaged 34, the highest being

58, and the lowest 32. Macon, Georgia.—There has been no rainfall during the past week, but it is now (Friday, P.M.) eloudy. The thermometer has ranged from 29 to 77, averaging 51. Columbus, Georgia.--We have had no rainfall during the week. The thermometer has averaged 53, with an extreme range of 28 to 71.

38 to 71.

38 to 71. Savanah, Georgia.—We have had rain on three days, the rainfall reaching fifty-nine hundredths of an inch, but the bal-ance of the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has ranged from 40 to 73, averaging 55. Augusta, Georgia.—During the earlier portion of the week we had a light rain on one day, the rainfall reaching thirty hun-dredths of an inch, but the latter part has been clear and pleas-ant. Average thermometer 52, highest 78, and lowest 30. Planters are sending cotton to market freely, the crop of this section being now nearly all in. Charleston, South Carolina.—We have had rain during the past week on one day, the rainfall reaching eighty-five hun-dredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 53, the highest being 72, and the lowest 37. The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock Feb. 12, 1880, and Feb. 13, 1879. Feb. 12, '80. Feb. 13, '79. Feb. 12, '80. Feb. 13, '79.

ĺ	N- Out and Tables Makes marks	Feet.	Inch.	Feet.	Inch.
ł	New OrieansBelow high-water mark MemphisAbove iow-water mark NashvilleAbove low-water mark	14	5621	26 14	10
j	ShreveportAbove low-water mark VicksburgAbove low-water mark	30	5 8	Miss 39	4

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT.-COMPARATIVE PORT RECRIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT.— A comparison of the port movement by weeks le not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may con-stantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. First we give the receipts at each port each day of the week ending to-night. FORT RECEIPTS FROM SATURDAY, JAN. 31, '80, TO FRIDAY, FEB. 13, '80.

D'ya of we'k	Or-	Mo- bilo.	Char- leston.	8avan- nah.	Gal- vest'n.	Nor- folk.	Wil- ming- ton.	All others.	Total.
Sat .	1.886	1,482	1.300	2,478	803	1,890	191	1,259	11,289
	20,600				1,435	2,950	155	1,645	
Tues	3,790			2,142	1.003	2,038	185	1,666	
Wed	9,540		1,448	2,059	1,146	1,467	106	2,132	
Thur			940	2,804	1,037	2,010	62	2,186	
Fri	* 8,000	1,418	1,330	3,305	1,092	1,994	237	8,147	25,523
Tot .	52,104	7,474	7,776	15,619	6,341	12,369	936	17,035	119,854

Estimated. The movement each month since Sept. 1 has been as follows:

Monthiy		Xear	Beginnin	g septemb	er 1.	
Receipts.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.
Sept'mb'r	333,643	288,848				134,376
October	888,492	689,264	578,533			
Novemb'r	942,272	779,237	822,493	901,392	740,116	676,295
Decemb'r	956,464	893,664	900,119	787,769	821,177	759,036
January .	647,140	618,727	639,610	500,680	637,067	444,052
Tot. year.	3,769,011	3,269,740	3,089,246	3,101,96	2,977,753	2,550,727
Pare'tage	of tot. port					

73.52 71.09 76.82 71.03 72.94 recelpts Jan. 31.. This statement shows that up to Jan. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 498,271 bales more than in 1873-79 and 678,765 bales more than at the same time in 1877-78. By adding to the above totals to Jan. 31 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

	1					
	1879-80.	1878-79.	1877-78.	1876-77.	1875-76.	1874-75.
Tot. Jn.31	3,768,011	3,269,740	3,089,246	3,101,969	2,977,753	2,550,727
Fcb. 1	8.	36,304				11,093
" 2	22,580	8.	19,795	22,487	20.117	17,152
" 3	20,354	23,729	8.	28,011	25,716	15,618
" 4			35,541	8.	17,084	' 16,721
4 5			20,000	28,732	19,076	21,174
" 6	21,929	23,378	22,343	25,353	8.	14,337
• 7	11,289	25,634	16,653	17,146	20,332	s.
" 8	8.	24,175	22,806	19,637	26,011	27,461
4 9	34,438	8.	15,100	25,768	14,452	15,578
" 10	12,915	34,476	8.	15,706	20,184	16,994
" 11	18,057	19,174	26,965	8.	19,055	16,817
" 12	17,632	22,370	23,264	29,647	16,269	14,124
" 13	25,523	21,048	20,075	24,479	8.	15,019

Total..... 3,983,518 3,562,591 3,340,283 3,362,403 3,196,650 2,752,815 Percentage of total

Percentage of total prtree'nts Feb. 13. 80-10 76-86 83-27 76-27 78-72 This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are new 420,927 bales more than 'they were to the same day of the month in 1879, and 643,235 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1878. We add to the last table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to Feb. 13 in each of the years named.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The figures which are now collected for us, and forwarded by cable each Friday, of the shipments from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Car-war, &c., enable us, in connection with our previously-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a full and complete India movement for each week. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to February 12.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents thi	a week	Shipme	onts sinc	Receipta.		
Year	Great Brit'n.	Contl- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1880 1879 1878 1877	3,000			$24,000 \\ 28,000$	$21,000 \\ 67,000$	45,000 95,000	27,000 18,000 27,000 24,000	116,000 87,000 172,750 128,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an *increase* compared with last year in the week's receipts of 9,000 bales, and an *increase* in shipments of 3,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show an *increase* of 19,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., for the same week and years has been as follows.

CALCUTTA, MADRAS, TUTICORIN, CARWAR, RANGOON AND KURRACHEE.

	Shlpm	cuts this	week.	Shipments since January 1.				
Year.	Great Britain.	Contl- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.		
1880 1879 1878 1877	2,000	4,000 3,000	6,000 3,000	8,000 14,000 11,000 12,000	6,000 8,000 15,000	$     \begin{array}{r}       14,000 \\       22,000 \\       26,000 \\       12,000     \end{array} $		

The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 6,000 bales less than same week of last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week and since January 1, 1880, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA

	the second secon						the second se	
	Shipments	18	380,	18	379.	1878.		
	to all Enrope from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
	Bombay All other ports.	10,000	64,000 14,000				95,000 26,000	
1	Total	10.000	78.000	13.000	67.000	11.000	121 000	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending Feb. 12, and for the three years up to date, at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrange-ments we have made with Messre. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we shall hereafter receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments the past week and for the corresponding weeks of the previous two years.

Aloxandria, Egypt, Feb. 12.	1880.	1879.	1878.		
Receipta (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1	75,000 3,030,000	50,000 1,423,000	45,000 2,369,000		
	This Since week. Sept. 1.	This Since Sept. 1.	This Since wesk. Sept. 1.		
Exports (bales) To Liverpool To Continent	14,000 219,500 5,488 125,757	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000\\ 3,000 \\ 52,500 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 121,000\\ 52,500 \end{array}$	5,000 184,000 7,000 121,000		
Total Europe	19.488 345.257	13.000 173.500	12 000 305 000		

						187	9-80			1878-79.						
	32s Cop. 8¼ lbs. Twist. Shurtings.				Cott'n Mid. Uplds		Cop. ist.		84 lbs. Shirtings.			Cott'n Mid. Uplds				
6.6	$\frac{19}{26}$		@1 @1		$\frac{6}{6}$	d. 101 9 9 9	8.999 2000 8.9999 8.999 8.999 8 809 8 809 8 809 8 809 8 809 8 809 8 809	d. 112 0 0	$\begin{array}{c} d, \\ 7 \\ 6^{13}_{18} \\ 6^{7}_{8} \\ 6^{13}_{16} \end{array}$	7320	812 814 814	8.55555	d.33336	8. @7 @7 @7 @7	$\begin{array}{c} d. \\ 4^{1}2 \\ 4^{1}2 \\ 4^{1}2 \\ 6 \end{array}$	
44 44 45	9 16 23	103 101 101 101 101	301 201 201	034 078 078	77	Ō	20002	3 412 6 6	$ \begin{array}{c}     7^{1}_{16} \\     7^{1}_{8} \\     7 \\     7^{1}_{16} \end{array} $	734 0	812 858 812	5	674	07 207 207 207	6712 712 6	5518 538 5518 5518
Feby.	- 6	11	@1	134		3	@8 @8	6 6	714	7340		5	6	@7 @7	$71_2$ $71_2$	53 <sub>8</sub> 5918

EUROPEAN CONSUMPTION .- By cable we have Messrs. Ellison & Co.'s figures of consumption up to February 1, and in our editorial columns will be found an editorial in which they are embodied. The results reached will be of interest to our cotton readers.

ELLISON & Co.'s ANNUAL COTTON CIRCULAR will also be found in full in our editorial columns.

full in our editorial columns. GUNNY BAGS, BAGGING & c. — Bagging is not in demand at the, moment, and but few parcels are being taken. There is only a jobbing inquiry reported by dealers, who are firm as to price, and no disposition is shown to accept less than quoted figures, which are 9% c. for 1% lb., 10% c. for 2 lb. and 11% c. for standard grades. A better demand is looked for later on. Jute butts have come to hand more freely, but most of the lots were placed before arrival. But little was done until to-day, when sales to the amount of 3,000 bales were made at 3@31-16c., the market closing firm at this figure, while spinning qualities are held at 3 3-16@3 5-16c.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per *latest mail* returns, have reached 77,389 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday wirth of this week night of this week.

NEW

Victory, 5,461per bark Empire of Peace, 5,470	22,247
. To Havre, per steamer Ayton, 3,420	3,420
To Genoa, per brig Plod, 930.	930
MOBILE-To Naples, per schooner C. M. Newins, 1,300	1,300
CHARLESTON-To Liverpool, per barks Oamond O'Brien, 2,333	
Upland and 242 Sea IslandPonema, 1,850 Upland and	
197 Sea Island.	4.627
To Bremen, per barks Galveston, 2,275 UplandJohanne	,
Marie, 2.100 Upland	4,375
To Barcelona, per bark Tres Auroras, 1,250 Uplandper	
brigs Francisco, 620 Upland Lealtad, 890 Upland	2.760
PORT ROYAL-To Liverpool, per bark Hugh Cann, 3,644 Upland.	3.644
SAVANNAH-To Liverpool, per bark Athlete, 2,926 Upland	2,926
OATACHTER TO ANT OF POUR POUR AND TO PARTICIPATION OF PARTICIPATICATION OF PARTICIPATION OF PARTICIPATION OF	_,0=0

FEBRUARY 14, 1880.]	THE	CH	RONIC	LE.					175
SAVANNAH (continued). To Ghent, per bark Edwin, To Gothenburg, per bark El To Genua, per bark Athutic	1,400 Upland lida, 1,126 Upland	1 Balea. 1,400 1,120 1,600	The tone of week endin been as foile	ows:	, and the	dany clos	ng prices		lay of the iton, have
TEXAS-TO Liverpool, per ship Pomona, 1,395Bien, 1, To Bremen, per bark Stepha	<ul> <li>c, 1,600 Cpinid.</li> <li>Astracunn, 4,403per barks</li> <li>290per brig Azha, 516</li> <li>inje, 1,009.</li> <li>steumers Caspinu, (additional)</li> <li>io, 1,300</li> <li>mers Olympus, 122lowa, 96</li> <li>per steumer Indiana, 125</li> </ul>	7,604	Spol. Market, (		Active		Wednes.	Thursd'y	Friday.
NORFOLK-To Liverpool, per sh BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per 760 (Chronselan 1.36)	ip Eurydice, 4,201. . steamers Caapiau, (additional)	4,201	12:30 P.M. } Mid. Upi'ds	11arden'g. 7 <sup>1</sup> 4	and firmer. 73a	Tending up. 728	and firmer. 712	Firm.	Firm.
To Bremen, per steamer Oh Boston-To Liverpool, per atea	io, 1,300. mers Olympus, 122iowa, 96	2,121 1,309	Mid. Ori'ns. Market. (	738	738 719	712	7916	7 <sup>1</sup> 2 7 <sup>9</sup> 16	712 758
			5 р.м. 5 Sales	10,000	15,000	14,000	18,000	15,000	25,000
The particulars of these	shipments, arranged in our		Spec.& exp. Futures.	1,000	2,000	2,000	3,000	2,000	*10,000
	Bre- Gothen- Barce- Geno nen, Ghent. burg. lona. Naple		Market, ) 5 p. m. }	Quiet.	Dull.	Firm.	Flat.	Firmer.	Quiet.
New York 4,387 N. Orleans22,247 3,420 Mobile Charlestou 4,627 4,	543 930	$\begin{array}{r} 4,930 \\ 26,597 \\ 1,300 \\ 11,762 \end{array}$	" Mostly 1 The actua below. The unless other	l sales of f ese sales at	d.	basis of t	Jpianda, L	me week ow Middiin	are given og elause,
Port Royal 3,644 Bavaunah 2,926 4, Texus	245 1,400 1,126 1,600 009	$     \begin{array}{r}       3,644 \\       11,297 \\       8.613     \end{array} $	Delia Feb,-Mar	cry. d.	June-J	ATURDAY. Delivery. aly	d. 713.22 M	Delire arAur	ry. d.
Norfotk         4,201           Baitimore         2,121          1,           Boston         1,499          1		4,201 3,421 1,499 125	Delin FebMar MarApr Aprii-May . May-June .		6 AugSe FebM	ng ept ar Monday.	713 <sub>82</sub> AI 715 <sub>32</sub> Ju 79 <sub>32</sub>	orMay uc-July	71129 7718@1332
	172 1,400 1,126 2,760 3,830 deeived to date of disasters to		Delin FebMar MarApr	rery. 	FebM	Delirery. ar pr	.71132 M	Delire arApr.	
carrying cotton from United			AprMay May-June . June-July .			0 V	713a0   M	orMay ay-June no-July	
Mobile, reports: When so fell in with a quantity of o baies were picked up. 7	ome ten miles southward of the T rotton adrift, and in passing throu The bales have the appearance of	ortugas, igh it 31 ' having	July-Aug AugSept		reoM	ar TUESDAY.	.7 <sup>4</sup> 2   Se .7 <sup>5</sup> 18   Oc	ne-July ptOct tNov	717 <sub>32</sub> @1g
water and marks all was No date—On several of tho 524	bales cotton taken into Key Wes	t by the	Delu MarApr	very.	S. FebM	Delivery. ar711 pr	32@38 Fe	Delive	71239
leans," and the following G P O—N(in a square)—D	mark "Anderson & Simpson, 1 marks can be made out ou twelv IC—TOH; PVG—B &B NOBDEN	e bales: : NOP. a	Delv MarApr AprMay May-June . June-July . July-Ang SeptOct Oct. Nov	$738@13_3$ $713_{32}@15_3$ $715_{32}@1$	2   MarA 2   OctNo 2   Feh		$\begin{array}{c c c} .7^{13}{}_{32} & \mathrm{Mi} \\ .7^{5}{}_{32} & \mathrm{Ju} \\ .7^{13}{}_{32} & \mathrm{Ne} \end{array}$	ne-July	·····712
C below LKS; WAG. O was pieked up near Cardo	ther marks are washed off. The enas. Another schooner picked r carried it to Nassau. A brig was	e cotten ip about	July-Ang SeptOct OctNov	$7^{1_2}\hat{w}^{17_3}$ $7^{1_2}\hat{w}^{17_3}$	2   July-An 2   AugSo   SeptO	ug	.7916 Mi .71932 Ju .7916 At	ay-June lly-Aug lgSept	$71_{16}$ $71_{532}$ $719_{32}$ $75_8@19_{32}$
pick up one bale, but who to Key West was consign	ther it had more not known. Th	at taken	NovDec	7	11	et ay EDNESDAY	•118 [ MC	ovDec	719
on the trip from Nassau f CITY OF MACON (steamer), at	o Wilmington, N. C. t New York from Savannah, ro in's Industry, discovered fire in u	ported :	Delia Feb. FebMar	very. 	2 July-A	Delivery. ng	.758 Ju .72132 M	Delire ly-Aug	710.
tween decks among the on the fire and threw ove	cotton bales; got four streams rboard about 40 bales of cotton a	of water ud some	FebMar FebMar MarApr AprMay June June .	71532 716@133 71539@1	SeptO 2 FebM. 2 MarA	et ar pr	.7 <sup>21</sup> <sub>32</sub> Ju .77 <sub>16</sub> Ju	arApr ue-July @ <sup>9</sup> 16 ly-Aug	2 <sup>17</sup> 32 <sup>209</sup> 16
damage, but part of the e CLAN STUART (steamer), Br., fr	fire was subdued. The ship susta argo was damaged by water. com New Orleans, hefore reported by Autworn 2014	aground						tNov	
Six tugs; vessel tight. Sl GRAF BISMARCK (steamer), Ge	er., from Charleston, at Reval Fel	b. 9. was	Delia FebMar MarApr AprMay May-June 7	very.	June-J	Delivery.	.79 <sub>18</sub> Ju	Delive me-July	27. 
IIANSA (steamer), GerThe y sold by public anction at	at Dover, and lost bridge. wreck, with the cargo still on bo Terschelling, on January 20, and	ard, was realized	MarApr		AugSe a OetNo	ug ept ov	$\begin{array}{c c c} .7^{19}{}_{32} & \text{Au} \\ .7^{21}{}_{32} & \text{Ma} \\ .7^{7}{}_{32} & \text{Au} \end{array}$	igSept arApr orMay	71332@716 71332@716
Havre, was again discove	nd, loaded with 5,000 bales co cred to be on fire at New Orleans	, Feb. 6.	AprMay May-June 7	$71_{2@13_{3}}$ $71_{2@13_{3}}$	2 NovD 2 AprM	ecay Ay Friday.	.718 Ju .7716	no-July	71732
gunpowder was discove	were broken out, when a half j red between bales forward of t firo occurred. The cause of the i	he main	Delt Feb.	very. 715.	MarA	Delivery.	7710	Dehr ngSept	ery.
be investigated. Lovise (ship). Nor., at New O &c., fluisbed londing, and	rleans for Havre, before reported 1 salled from former port Feb. 9.	l on fire,	MarApr Apr-May.7		32 AprMay-J 32 May-J JanF	lay une. eb, 1881 . pr	$\begin{array}{c c}7^{15}_{32} & \mathrm{Se}\\7^{16}_{8} & \mathrm{Oe}\\7^{3}_{32} & \mathrm{M} \end{array}$	eptOet etNov arApr	
NORTH CAROLINA (bark), Br. Carolina into Bermuda	The attempt to raise and take ba has failed. She was pumped out is, and the water got under control	with the	June-July	71720 29	32   MarA	.ay une	749 M 71739 J1	av-June	71532 712 
towing her from among hole in her bottom and	the rocks the anchor, which had was secured from the inside, bee	made a camo en-	SeptOct OctNov NovDec		July-A	ng		etNov	
got into deeper water w her hatehes under wate raise her.	king the hole larger, and when th ent down head first, and she is n r. No further attempt will be	ew with made to		В	REA	DST			9 1000
CASTALIA (schooner), from Ga ashore near Long Brau	alveston, with 1,558 bales cott ch. N. J., on the 3d Instant, du to pieces. The crew was save	on, went tring the	)			demand	for flour		the week,
people from Station No. 4	veek have been as follows:	a by the	and, with						ittle diffi- isposition
	Mon.   Tuea.  Wednes.  Thura.	[ Fri.	to put ou	t contract	ts for fut	ure deliv	ery, and	\$5 60 wa	s a price
Liverpool, steam d. 316@14 3	16@14 316@14 316@14 316@14	218@14	was pret	ty genera	l, yet me	ost decid	led in tl	he low and	d medium
	$5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$ $5_{32}$		share in	the better	r prices				r did not nere was a
Do saile. $1_2$ Bremen, steame. $5_3^*$ Do saile. $1_2$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19 58* 19	dull, wea The wh			nite buo	yant ear	y in the	week, and
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	580"	on Mond	ay there	was a v	ery larg	e busine	ss, includ	ing No. 1 @\$1 47 <sup>1</sup> /4;
Amst'd'm, ateam.e. 58 Do saile	<sup>5</sup> 8 <sup>5</sup> 8 <sup>5</sup> 8 <sup>5</sup> 8 <sup>5</sup> 8	5g	also at \$	\$1 48@\$1	48½ for	March;	and No.	. 2 red	Winter at
Baltic, steamd. 7 <sub>16</sub> @15 <sub>32</sub> 7 <sub>1</sub> Do aaild@	$16 \overline{\mathcal{O}}^{15}_{32}$ $7_{16} \overline{\mathcal{O}}^{15}_{32}$ $7_{16} \overline{\mathcal{O}}^{15}_{32}$ $7_{18} \overline{\mathcal{O}}^{15}_{32}$	716@153	\$1 51 20	\$1 52 for	April.	These pr	ices were	e further	arch and improved
* Compressed.	com Liverpool, we have the fo		upon in	the cours	se of Tu yesterda	esday an y there	was a sh	esday, bu arp decli	t business ne, espec-

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port:

and the second second second	Jan. 23.	Jan. 30.	Feb. 6.	Feb. 13.
Sales of the weekbales.			81,000	
Forwarded Sales American	10,000 42.000		9,000 54.000	
Of which exporters took Of which speculators took			5,000	5,000
Tetal stock-Estimated	479,000	481,000	499,000	485,000
Of which American-Estim'd Total import of the week	37,000		372,000 101,000	
Of which American. Actual export.				
Amount attoat	305,000	309,000	291,000	294,000
O? which American.	281,000	278,000	253,000	254,000

eek, and g No. 1 \$1 47 %; inter at reh and mproved business was checked, and yesterday there was a sharp decline, espec-ially for Winter growths, No. 1 white selling at \$146'4 in store and \$147'2 for March; and No. 2 red Winter \$148'2 for March and \$149'8 for April; No. 2 Chicago and Milwankee were taken mere freely at \$139@@\$140 in store. Receipts at the West have been small, and the visible supply is somewhat reduced. To-day the market was steadier at the close, with No. 2 red Winter \$149 for March and \$150 for April, but trade and spec-nlation quiet.

Winter \$1 49 for March and \$1 50 for the particular; prices stiffening Indian corn has been somewhat irregular; prices stiffening up somewhat for the more distant deliveries, while lots on the spot were weaker. Receipts have been large, and stocks con-tinue liberal. Yesterday No. 2 mixed scld at 5834@59c. on the spot and for February delivery, No. 3 on the spot 564c., and "steamer" No. 2 at 574@57½c. White corn has been in rather

better supply. To-day there was no essential change. The business in No. 2 mixed for future delivery was at 55 ½@55¾c. for March and 54½c. for April. Bye has been very firmly held, and sold last evening at 93@ 95c. for State on the track and aftoat and 95½c. for Canada in store. Barley has been quiet. Oats have been quite variable, prices fluctuating widely from day to day, with some specula-tion in No. 2 mixed for future delivery. The close this evening is dull, with No. 2 graded quoted at 47½c. for mixed and 48c. for white.

The following are closing quotations:

 <i>~</i>		
FLOUR.	1	GRAIN.
 103 2.2.3	\$1703 1 ES Wheat	

NO. Z 9 001. 7	1 10 00	4101	IT MORE		
Superfine Stato and			No. 3 spring, 9 bu.\$1 34	@1 30	6
Western	5 000	540	No. 2 spring 1 39	w@14	1
				@14	
	5 500				
do XX and XXX	6003	7 15		2014	
Winter shipp'g extras.	5900	640		@14	
do XX and XXX	6 500	7 25		2014	
Minnesola patents	6 500	8 00	Corn-West. mixed 56	@ 60	0
City shipping extras.	5 652	6 25	Western No. 2 59	@ 60	0
Southern, bakers' and			Western Yellow	. @ .	
family brands	6750	750	Western White 60	@ 6	5
South'u ship'g extras.	6150	6 60	Rye		
	4750	5 10	Oats-Mixed 46		
Corn meal-			White 47	@ 50	
Western, &o	2800	3 00	Barley-Canada W. 82	@1 00	
	3 250	3 30		@ 83	
Buckwheat flour, per			State, 2-rowed 70	@ 75	
	1 602	1 75	Peas-Can'da.b &f. 82	@ 93	5
(Enom the "	Vern Vo	rk Pro	duce Exchange Weekly.')		

Receipts of flour and grain at Western lake and river ports

TOT THE MEET C	noung r.	00. 11 100				
	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
	bbls.	bush.	bush.		bush.	bush.
At— C	196 lbs.1	(60 lbs.)	(56 lbs.)	(32 lbs.)	(48 lbs.)	(56 lbs.)
Chicago	17,659	99,033	\$20,460	92,093	29,035	8,302
Milwankee	22,116	124,960	20,310	21,150	36,993	5,250
Toledo	125	36,063	203,527	1,516		
Detroit	2,864	31,491	14,539	11,169		
Cleveland	1,805	1,800	34,550	-17,709	3,150	
St. Louis	23,951	133,874	670,985	-161,697	-26,902	5,634
Peoria	1,100	800	297,300	51,200	<ul><li>19,000</li></ul>	10,810
Duluth						
ffloto1	60 690	492.091	2 061 671	356 53.1	109 815	20.096

Same time '79.. 123,753 1,078,811 1,302,559 282,662 154,407 44,652 Total receipts at same ports from Jan. 1 to Feb. 7, inclusive,

for four years:		-		1000
Flourbbls.	1880. 565,520	1879. 657,689	1878. 661,843	$1877. \\ 502,644$
Wheatbush. Corn Oats Barley Rye	5,261,427 12,222,928 2,040,039 799,141 290,440	7,834,540 7.813,836 2,080,810 890,895 370,687	$\begin{array}{r} 6,941,069\\ 5,799,041\\ 2,204,055\\ 1,160,801\\ 327,412\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 2,188,489\\ 6,703,096\\ 1,349,384\\ 778,834\\ 313,580 \end{array}$
Total grain Total receipts to Feb. 7, inclusion	20,613,975 (crop moven sive, for four	18,990,768 nent) at the s vears:	16,432,378 same ports	11,286,383 from Aug. 1
Flourbbls.	1879-80. 3,892,345	1878-79. 3,482.045	1877-78. 3,535,532	$\frac{1876-77.}{3,145,816}$
Wheatbush. Corn. Oats Barley. Rye.	67,645,857 56,463,473 16,463,475 8,666,025 3,242,428	$\begin{array}{r} 63,923,404\\ 47,881,231\\ 18,941,790\\ 7,932,671\\ 1,327,030 \end{array}$	$50,426,360 \\ 40,888,657 \\ 14,615,612 \\ 7,649,661 \\ 2,354,229$	$\begin{array}{r} 31,533,502\\ 45,357,997\\ 12,394,171\\ 7,246,684\\ 2,091,064\end{array}$
Total grain Comparative ports from Jan. Flourbbls.	152,481,258 shipments of 1 to Feb. 7, 1880.	140.006,126 of flour and inclusive, fo 1879.	115,934,519 grain from r four year 1878.	98,623,418 m the same s: 1877.
Flourbbls.		654,589		
Wheatbush. Corn Oats Barley Rye.	$1,157,282 \\ 4,812,151 \\ 1,222,602 \\ 354,523 \\ 211,234$	2,661,390 3,450,504 1,352,682 591,419 164,090	5,752,088 3,533,751 1,144,236 574,576 126,210	$\begin{array}{r} 863,119\\ 2,850,758\\ 801,126\\ 408,218\\ 99,206\end{array}$
ending- b	shipments fro our, Wheat, bls. bush. 735 138,50 ,009 226,90 ,176 255,22	Corn, bush. 6 1,080,265 0 1.064 352	Oats, B bush, 1 130,573 4 184,898 6 149,726 5	t four weeks. arley, Rye, oush, bush. 3,854 37,581 55,352 30,492 5,539 18,396
Total, 4 w'ks.326. 4 weeks '79497,		6 3,470,741 2 2,551,230		9,966 31,347 34,711 117,816 3,323 114,134
Receipts of	flour and gr	ain at seab	oard ports	for the week
ended Feb. 7:	Flour, WI	leat, Corn,	Oats, B	arley, Rye,
At-	bbls. bi	ish. bush.	bush. b	ush. bush.
New York Boston.	12.740 78	2,554 $420,213,200$ $184,90$	.4 79,864 3 )0 17,200	12,050 4,914 4,500
Portland Montreal	1,000 20 4,240 10	5,000 2,80 5,800	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 17,200 \\ 0 & 1,500 \\ \dots & 2,950 \end{array} $	6,000 1,494
Philadelphia Baltimore	7.630 3	4.500  241.50	10 36.400	8,500 1,500
New Orleans	17,002 83 11,004	5,756 222,38 175,11	81 37,197 12 13,035	5,500
Total week Cor. week '79	113,094 31	7,810 1,246.90	07 187,146 5	3,644 10,914
Cor. week '79	227,959 1,60	7,295 1,809,12	7 386,660 7	8,618 44,453
Exports from for week ending	g Feb. 7:	es seavoard I	ports and it	com Montreal
	Flour, Whe bbls. but		, Oats,	Rye, Peas,
New York*	bbls. bus 59,226 656,	sh. bush 601 253,05	6 1.594 1	bush. bush. 6,369 7,299
Portlandi	59,226 656, 13,040 37, 700 26,	759 230,43 000	37	
Montreal Philadelphia	******	000 194,32		******
Baltimore	4,195 - 260,	213 297,05	9 900	****** ******
Total for w'k Same time '79. 13	78,475 990, 35,268 1,551,			6,369 39,299 0,592 37,269

\* 13,609 bushels barley. † 6,000 bushels barley,

'The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by lake and rail, Feb. 7, was as follows:

0	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats,	Barley,	.Rye.
In Storo at-	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York	6,401,830	796,083	491,353	530.242	239.734
Do, afloat (est.)	851,000	324,000	60.000	611.000	10,000
Albany	1.000	39,000		289,000	
Buffalo	750,975	1,191,781	17.555		57,800
	8,701,205			284,930	58,235
Chicago			1,111,355	705,000	261,426
Do afloat	153,440	1,807,809	48,221	0111001	
Milwankeo	4,854,271	42,631	48,221	611,691	106,364
Duluih	270,000	175,000			
Toledo	1,252,040	643,017	\$8,469	41,000	6,633
Detroit	1,660,650	9,735		5,342	
Oswego	400,000	= 220,000	2,000	550,000	4,500
St. Louis	924,295	1,457,566	159,689	80,229	70,330
Boston	236,597	146,925	129,910	30,449	6,219
Toronto	340,534		7,168	155,921	2,776
Montreal (31)	155,162	33,500		11.839	36,510
Philadelphia	502.461	762,363	400,000	270,000	153,440
Peoria	7.212	307.409	129,910	30,449	6,219
Indianapolis	161.900	223,700	170,400	00,210	5.700
Kansas City	762,363	232,012	139.805		12,457
Baltimore	1,065,285	211,220			14,201
Rail shipments	138,506	1,080,255	130,873	12 05 1	27 501
Lake shipments	100,000	1,000,400	100,070	43,854	37,581
Dako shipinchis.		******			******
Total.	90 503 796	14 020 026	2 200 000	4.950.046	1 075 004
Ton 21 100	29,593,726	12 060 252	9,020,200	4,200,940	
	30,089,871				978,662
	30,809,160				979,567
Jan. 17, '80	31,023,3061	11,927,167	3,317,942	1,403,114	1,068,112
Jan 10 '80	30 309 361 1	1 864 (L15	3 707 518	1 401 910	1 159 109

Feb. 8, '79 ..... 20,604,146 9,523,838 2,345,967 4,541,203 1,321,311 THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., February 13, 1880.

The dry goods trade has on the whole been less active the past week, many wholesale buyers having completed their early purchases and temporarily withdrawn from the market. There was a lull in the demand for staple cotton and woolen goods, and printed calicoes were comparatively quiet, but dress goods, lawns, piques, ginghams, &c., were in steady request by local and interior jobbers. Prices remained very firm on all kinds of goods, and there was a further advance on several makes of brown and bleached cottons, wide sheetings, lawns, dress goods, &c. The present condition of stocks in first hands is very remarkable. Nearly all makes of cotton goods are sold in advance of production; leading makes of heavy clothing woolens are sold ahead for months to come, and prints, ginghams, lawns, dress goods, white goods, print cloths, underwear and hosiery are severally in exceptionally light supply for this stage of the season.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS .- The exports of cotton goods from this port to foreign markets during the week ending February 10 were 1,879 packages, of which 650 were shipped to Aden, 337 to Hayti, 292 to Brazil, 290 to Great Britain, S1 to Mexico, 58 to Venezuela, &c. The market for cotton goods continued

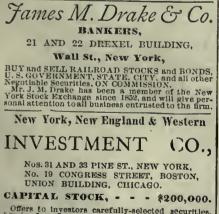
to Hayti, 292 to Brazil, 290 to Great Britain, S1 to Mexico, 58 to Venezuela, &c. The market for cotton goods continued fairly active and very strong, several prominent makes of plain and colored cottons having been subjected to a further advance. Atlantic A and other standard sheetings were advanced to 94c., and several makes of four-yard sheetings were advanced to 94c., and several makes of four-yard sheetings were advanced to 94c. Print Cloths were fairly active and the stock of "spot" cloths has been reduced (at the manufacturing centres) to a very low point. Extra 64x64 print cloths were firm at 5%c. and 56x60s changed hands at 4%c. There was less buoyancy in the demand for prints, but prices were firm at 5%c. and 56x60s changed hands at 4%c. There was less buoyancy in the demand for prints, but prices were firm at 5%c. and 56x60s changed hands at 4%c. There was less buoyancy in the demand for prints, but prices were firm at 5%c. and 56x60s changed hands at 4%c. There was less buoyancy in the dimensioned to 12c. per yard. Ginghams and eother dress goods continued in steady demand and firm, owing to the light supply. The steady demand and firm, over the light supply. These shown comparatively little animation as regards new business, but agents continued to make fair deliveries of fancy as steady demand by the clothing trade, and orders for goods to a steady demand by the clothing trade, and orders for goods to a steady demand by the clothing trade, and orders for boots. They have shown core at a fairly active for the time of year, but blankets were lightly dealt in. Worsted dress goods continued most leading makes are largely sold ahead of production. Prices of clothing woolens are very firm, and stocks of both light and heavy fabrics have not been so well in hand for many wears past. Kentucky jeans were in good request, and large deliveries of printed makes were made by agents on account of back orders. Flannels were fairly active for the time of year, with blankets were lightly dealt in. Worsted dress go

# THE CHRONICLE

# FEBRUARY 14, 1880.] Financial. UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, No. 73 Broadway, Cor. Rector St. CAPITAL, - - - - - \$1,000,000. HAS SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR ACTING AS Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks. Anthorized by law to act as Executor, Administra-tor, Guardian, Receiver, or Trustee, and is a LEGAL DEPOSITORY FOR MONEY. Interest sllowed on Deposits, which may be made and withdrawn at any time. N. B.-Checks on this institution pass through the Clearing-House, EDWAIDE KNO, President, J. M. MOLEAN, Ist Vice. President, J. H. OGILVIE, 2d Vice. President. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. J. M. MCLEAN, AUGUSTUS SOIIELL, E. H. WESLEY, G. G. WILLIAMS, SAMURL WILLETS, WM. WHITEWRIGHT, GEO. CABOT WARD C. D. WOOD. A. O. HONALDSON, Secretary. The Brooklyn Trust Co. Cor. of Montagne & Cliaton sts., Brooklyn, N. Y.' Cor. of Montagne & Clinton sts., Brooklyn, N. Y.' This Company is authorized by special charter to set as receiver, trustee, guardian, executor, or ad-ministrator. It can act as agent in the sale or management of real estate, collect interest or dividends, receive registry and transfer books, or make purchase and sale of Government and other securities. Iteligious and charitable institutions, and persons maccustomed to the transaction of business, will und this Company a safe and convenient depository for money. HILEY ROPES, Presidant. CHAS. K. MARVIN, Vice-Pres't. EDGAR M. CULLEX, Connsel. TRUSTEES: Ym. B. Kendall, Henry Sanger, Alex. McCae, John P. Rolfe, Chas. B. Marvin, A. A. Low. Thomas Sullivan, Abm. B. Haylis, Henry K. Sheldon H. E. Pierrepont, Dan't Channeey, John T. Martin, Alex. M. White, Josiah O. Low, Ripley Ropes, Austin Corbin. Edmund W. Corlios. WM. R. BUNKER, Secretary. Geo. H. Prentiss. 24 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK. GAS STOCKS AND GAS SECURITIES, STREET RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS AND ALL KINDS OF BROOKLYN SECURITIES. DEALT IN. SEE GAS QUOTATIONS IN THIS PAPER." R. T. Wilson & Co., BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS 2 Exchange Court, New York. R. J. Kimball & Co.

BANKERS and BROKERS 4 Exchange Court, New York. 12 years membership in N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Buy and Sell on Commission, for Cath, er an Margin, Stocks, Bonds, and all Investment Securities, in lois to suit.





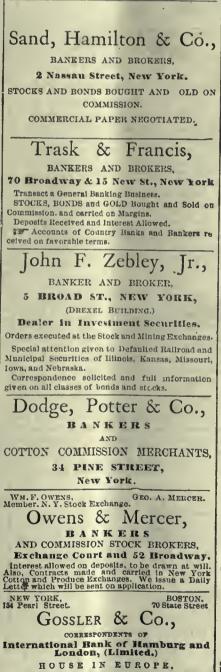
Accounts and Agency of Banks, Corporations, firms and individuals received upon favorable terms. Dividends and interest collected and remitted. Exct as agents for corporations in paying coupons and dividends, also as transfer agents. Bonds, stocks and securities bought and sold on commission.

Sound rallroad and municipal bonds negotiated. Sterling exchange bought and sold. Drafts on Union Bank of London.

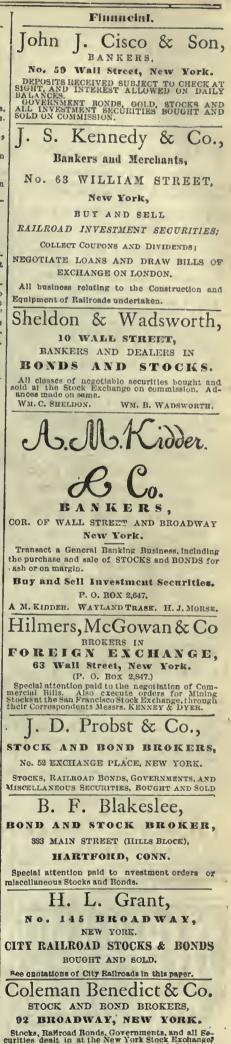
### Dickinson Bro's., BANKERS,

No. 43 Exchange Place, New York. Stocks, Railroad Bonds, Governments, and all Se-curities dealt in at the N.Y. Stock Exchange, beught

and sold, either for investment or on margin. Have been connected with mining since the discovery of the fumous Comstock Lode, and ulso pioneers in the celebrated Bodie district in which are located the "Standard," "Bulwer," "Bodie," and other well-known mines. Letters and telegrams from these districts received daily. Orders exe-cuted direct at the San Francisco Stock Exenange. PLATT K. DICKINSON, HOWARD C. DICKINSON Members N. Y. Stock Exchange and N Y. Mining Stock Exchange.



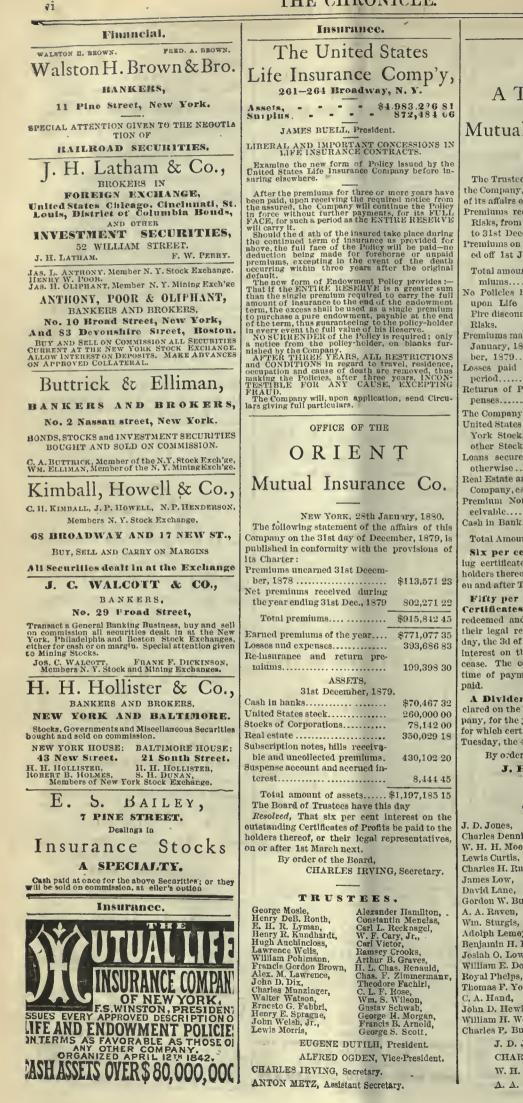
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OFFICE OF THE



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	ATLANTIC
5 S1 1 66	
6.00	Matural Incomence Co
	Mutual Insurance Co.
S IN	
y the e in-	NEW YORK, January 24, 1880.
е ш-	The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of
have	the Company, submit the following Statement
from oliey ULL	of its affairs on the 31st December, 1879: Premiums received on Marine
RVE	Risks, from 1st January, 1878,
iring	to 31st December, 1879 \$3,699,066 58
l for 1-ne	Premiums on Polieles not mark-
ipaid leath	ed off 1st January, 1879 1,671,981 91
ginal	Total amount of Marine Pre-
es :— sum	miums
full nent	upon Life Risks; nor upon
e end older	Fire disconnected with Marine
	Risks.
only fur-	Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1879, to 31st Decem-
ONS	ber, 1879 3,875,101 26
thus	Losses paid during the same
thus ON- ING	period 1,524,331 04 Returns of Premiums and Ex-
Ircu-	penses
_	The Company has the following Assets, viz.:
	United States and State of New
	York Stoek, City, Bank, and
	other Steeks
	otherwise 1,307,900 00
~	Real Estate and claims due the
0.	Company, estimated at 500,000 00
	Premium Notes and Bills Re- eelvable 1,522,826 35
80.	eelvable 1,522,826 35 Cash in Bank 231,455 16
this	010 407 720 51

Total Amount of Assets......\$12,437,739 51 Six per cent Interest on the outstand-ing certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 3d of February next.

Fifty per cent of the Outstanding Certificates of the issue of 1976, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their level accounts is the second their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 3d of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and canceled to the extent

A Dividend of Forty per cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1879, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the 4th of May next.

By order of the Board.

J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

#### TRUSTEES:

Horace Gray, Charles Dennis, Edmund W. Corlies, John Elliott, Alexander V. Biake, W. H. H. Moore, Rohert B. Minturn, Charles H. Russell, Charles II. Marshall, David Lane, Gordon W. Burnham, George W. Lane, Edwin D. Morgan, Robert L. Stuart, James G. De Forest. Frederick Chauncey, Adolph Lemeyne, Charles D. Leverich, Benjamin H. Field, William Bryce, Josiah O. Low, William II. Fogg, Peter V. Kiug, William E. Dodge, Thomas B. Coddington, Thomas F. Youngs, Horace K. Thurber, John D. Hewlett, William Degroot. Henry Collins, William H. Wehb, Charles P. Burdett, John L. Riker. J. D. JONES, President.

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President. W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-President. A. A. RAVEN, 3d Vice-President.

# THE CHRONICLE.



WM. MOHR. CLEMENS FISCHER, H. W. HANEMANN, Son of J. T. Hanemann, late of Knoup, Hanemann & Co.

HENRY H. WARE.

signments.

Works,

'EUREKA" "ORIENT."

Mohr, Hanemann & Co.,

# COTTON BROKERS.

123 PEARL STREET,

NEW YORK. Special attention given to the execution of OR-DERS FOR FUTURE CONTRACTS.

H. Tileston & Co., COTTON, STOCKS, BONDS, &c., 25 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Orders in "Futures" executed at N.Y. Cotion Exch. James F. Wenman & Co.,

COTTON BROKERS, No. 146 Pearl Street, near Wall, N. Y. Established (in Tontine Building) 1841.

WALTER & KROHN,

### COTTON BROKERS,

53 BEAVER STREET, NEW YORK. R. M. Waters & Co., MERCHANTS AND BANKERS, 54 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

A Liberal Advances made on COTTON in Store H. W. & J. H. Farley, CONTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FINANCIAL AGENTS 132 Pearl Street, P. O Box 3,909. New York. Advances made on Consignments. Special personal attention to the purchase and sale of "CONTRACTS FOR FUTURE DELIVERY" OF COTTON.

# Bennet & Foulke,

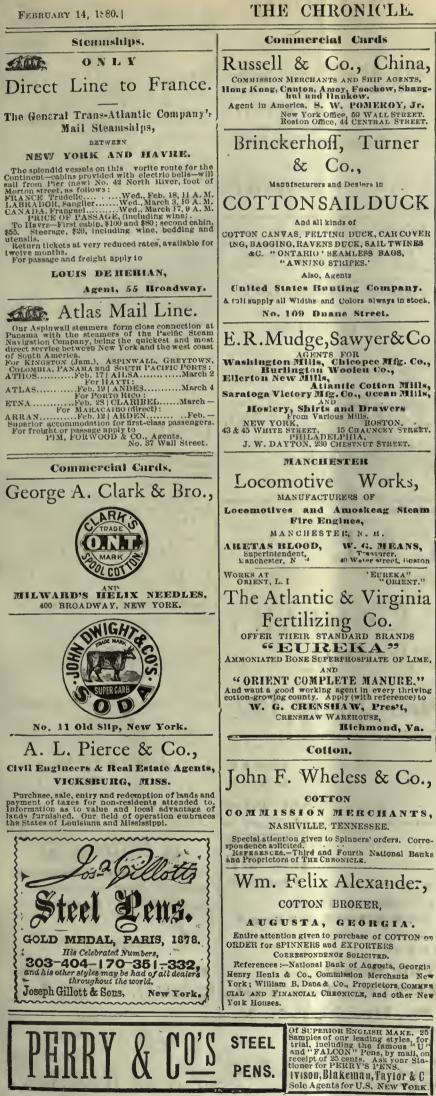
#### COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

121 PEARL STREET,

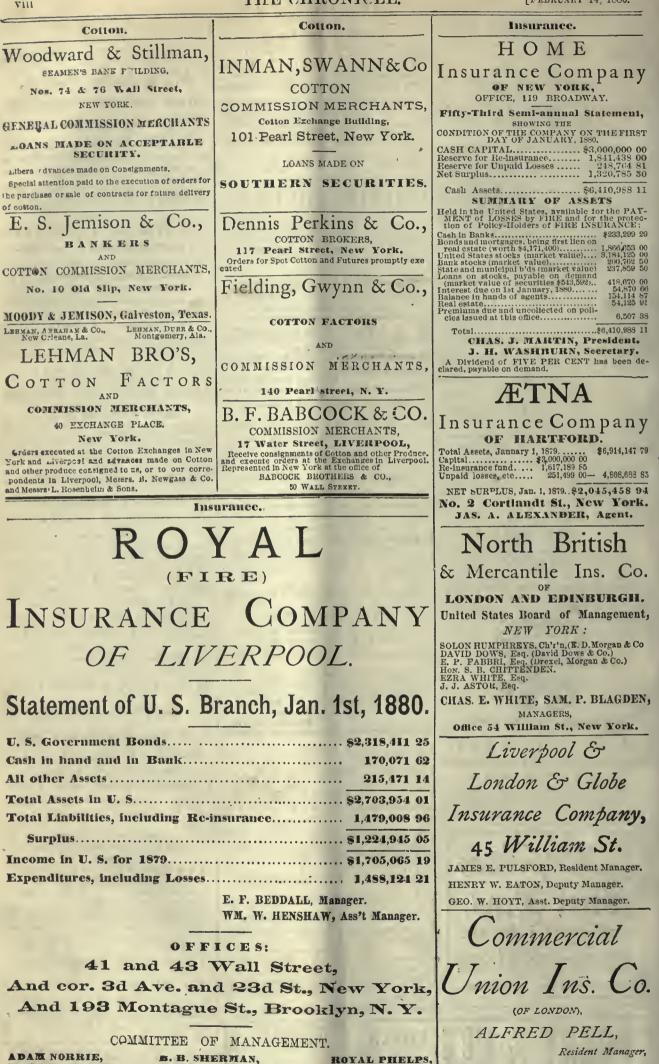
NEW YORK.

Special attention given to the execution of order or the purchase or sale of Contracts for Future Dellvery.

Geo. Copeland & Co., COTTON 'BROKERS, 136 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.



## THE CHRONICLE.



OSGOOD WELSH,

37

& 39 Wall Street.

viii

H. DE B. ROUTH,

HENRY A. SMYTHE, WM. C. PICKERSGILL.