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 REPRESENTING THE COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES

VOL． 29
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NO． 742.

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Tirginia Tax－Recetvable Coupons Bought． Virginia Tax－Recetvable Coupons Bought．
SOUIBERN SECURITIES A SPEC！ALIY． LOANS XKGOTLATED．
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\&c..bought snd sold on Commision. Intareat silowed on Deposits. Forelgn Kxchsnize. Commercial Cradits.


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Execute ordcra for the parchase or asle of Merchan. disc, Bonda, Stocks, gnd other securities, in tha
Ualied States, Europe and the East; make Collectiona, buy and aell Forelga Exchanga, and give advancea apon Mcrchandise ior Export.
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Desiern in stocks，Bonds，Gold and Commercial Dsper．
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laventmeat securitien censtantiv no hadd．
Gro．Wx．Baцlou．Grozea H．Howt，
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Fames M．Drake \＆Co． HANKI：Its，
21 AND 22 DREXEL BUII．Dİ゙G． W＇all si．，New York，
RUY And SFLII．ILAfLROAD GTOCKS End RONDS： Negotlable Gecurliter，OX CuMDission． Yor．J．M．Drake has been a member of tha New Fork stock Exchange nince $185 \%$ ，nnd will give per－
sonal attenton to bil bunines entrusted to 1 ha frm． R．J．Kimball \＆Con， BANKERS ana BROKERS 4 Exchange Court，New York． 12 years membershis in $N$ ．8．Slock Exchange．
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No． 1 NEW STIEEET，
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Geo．H．Prentiss，
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GAS STOCKS
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Brooklyn Securition Honghtand Sold STOCKS and BONDS At Auction．
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nascustomed to the irapsactlon of businens. will nasccustomed to the Irapsactlon of business, will
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The sale nader the decree made in the above-enti-

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deown, io the County of Orange and State of New dietown, in the
Yor.
Form terms and conditions of sale, refereneo is made to the advertisement referred to. or can be obtained by calling upon the Baster at his oftce,
No. 140 Nassuu st reet Merse Buldiag) in the Ctry
 Dated June 28 R 1879 .

No. 120 Bromiss
New York
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## Financial.

TOOTIEEMOLDEUSOR THE CONTHE COLUMBUS CHICAGK GANDLANA CEENTHAle Bundholders' Avreement of 17 th of May,
 be made throukh the Instrumentalty oold be part,
in whose hunds the acrued rental would
and spplicd ty and spplied by it as far as necessary to effect this
reducton. But, according to Judge Harlun's declsion of bth Augnst, the granting of a decree for
the recorery of the reatal made dependeat upoa
the reduction of the debt haviag first been made. the reductian of the debt havige first been made.
Thiswill not reaily clange the ultimste result $t$ o
the bondholders, but makes it, however, absolntely necessary that the Commlttee should have nt its rental, as provided for in the Agreement of 17 th
Bisy 1879 , in order to caable it to coaform to Judge
Harlan's iss decislon Harlan's isst decision. A supplementary agreement has therefere been
prepsred by which the holders of consolidated bonds
隹horize the Receivers and the Compitce to use Tithorize the receivers and the Compattce to use
Whatever amonnt of boads, with thelr conpons,
Which will be reguired to edect the reduction of the Which will be reguired to etrect the reduction of the
debt to $855,821,000$ Seven Per Cent Bonds, and aling
such further powers in delail as are found requisite for the working of the scheme under the effect of the late decision. The agreement of May 17, 1879, are requested to simn this supplementary aqreement committee to make arangements for providing the
incre amount of cash (about $\$ 000,000$ ) which will be required. In addition to the cancellation of s certain amonat of bonds, to comply with Judge Marlaz'a ing the Supplementary Agrecment, shall present their recelpts to the UNION TRUST COMPANY,
and have astamp placed upon the same, asprovlded by the Supplementary Agreement, deciaring them copies of the Agreement winl be found at the Broddway, or of A. ISELIN \& CO., No. 48 Wंall st. Parties residing put of the city can forfard their having them stamped snd returned, without charge.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { ALERHANGAELIN, } \\ \text { R. T. WILSON. }\end{array}\right\}$ Committee.
OFITICE OF CIIECAGO \& NOIRTHIWharer railway Co., 52 WALI, St., NEW YONE, SNE. ONE AND N the Preferred Stock of this company will be paid st this offee, on the 2tth inst., to the preferred stockhelders of recerd at the closing of the boeks on the 17 Lh last. The transfer hooks will re-open
on the 29 th inst.

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| V |DIVIOLGN NOT1CFE-THE NEW YORK OFFICE, 7 Brod raililload CO., TREASURER'S

 the capltal stock of this compsny, payable st the
offee of the Trasurer, on and after October 1, aext, The sharelielders of record on the 20th inst. on the $20 t h$ inst., and re-opened on the morning of
October 2 pext.

WESTEIRN UNION TELEGRAPB COMPANY, New Yerk, Scpt, 10, IST0.

DIVIDEND No. 49.
The Board of Directers have declared a quarterly dividead of Oae aad Three-Feurths Per Cent upon the capltal stock of this company from the oet earalags of the three months eadlog September 30 in stade payable at the offce of the Treasurer oa and after the 15th dsy of October next. to stocinholders
of record on the zoth day of September instant. For the purpose of the annual meeting of stackOetober next, and of this dividead. the transfer
boeks will be closed at three oclock on the afterpood of the zot intiant snd opened
of the ibth of October next.
H. H. Nochesten, Treasurer.
OFFICE OF THIS HONESTAEE New York, September $12,18 \pi 0$.

DIVIDEND NO. 9.
The Regular Menthly Dividend of Thirty Ceata per ahare has been declared for Augnst, paysble at the office of the traasfer ageuts, Wells, Fargo \& Co. 65 Broadway, on the $25 t h$ Iastant.
Transfer books close on the 20th instant.
H. B. PARSONS, Assistant Secretàry.

GOLDEN FLERCEGOLD A SILVERE Matn Office, Reno, Washoe County, Nevada. New Yorto Ofice, No. IF Broad Street.
Authorized Ageats at New York and Bostoa for the日ale of g limited smonnt of stock,
M. \& S. STEItNBRKGER, Bankers, And 52 Devonshire Street, Boston.
Albert E. Hachfield, 19 NASSAU STREET, BASEMENT,
Deals In Investment Securlties and Bonds Giczerally. WANTED.
Boston \& New Tork Alr Liae Preferred Stock.
Boaton d New York Air Liae Preferred
Union \& Loransport Bonds. Colum hus \& Iadianapolis Ceatral Bonds.
Rome Watertowa O Ogdensbarg Bonds Indianapolls \& Vincennes Beads. Now Yerk \& Oswegn Midia
Sonthern Railroad Bonds.

## Fianaciaf.

 23 WALL St., NEW YORK, Aug. 6, 1570Baltimore \& Ohio RR.

$$
\text { Loan of } 1879, \$ 3, \mathrm{COO}, 000
$$

SECURED BY MORTGAGE ON TILE PARKERSburg branch railroad.
MATURICS APREL 1, 1919.
ENTEREST 6 PER CENT, PAYABLE OCTO. BER 1 AND APRIL 1.

A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THESE BONDS RE. MAIN UNSOLD : WE OFFER THEM AT

103\% AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
DIREXEL, NOREIN AE CO.

## WAETEB.

Callaway Co., Mo.,0s. Iafayette Con, Mo., 03 \& 10s,
Gruady Co. Mo., 8s, Pettis Co.. Mo., ios,


Ioward Co. Mo., Mg ,
-also all other Missonri, Kansas, Arkapsas and IIlfanlted Boads,

BY

## DONALDSON \& FRALEY,

P. O. BOX 2829, ST. LOUIS, MO.

## FOR SALE:

 Iodiana Bloom. \& West. R'y (new) 1sts aod 2ds.Indiana Bloom. West. Whest (aew) inc. and sloek.
Indiannpolis Bloom. AWest. R'T extenslons. Indianmpolis Bloom. SWest. R'R extensions. Col. \& Indisnapolls Central Railway 1sts.
St. Luis Vandalia \& Terre Iaute Rit. 2 ds , guar. St. Louls andalia \& Terre Ianute Rit. 2ds, guar.
Hocheat \& Statc Line Malvay Ists.
Chicage \& Kast. 111 nols RR. 1sts, Incomes and Stock Chicage \& Fast. 111 nols RR. 1sts, Inco
Missourl paclic Ralway 3ds.
Scloto Valley Rallway lsts nad Stock

## WANTED:

New Jersey Southern Firsi Mortgage Bonds.
Trust Co. or Dowaer Certs. N. J. South. Ist M. Bds Indianapolis \& St. Lonis RR. 1sts and 2ds.
Mumaukee \& Northern liailway lsts.
Columbns \& Indianapelis Central 2ds.
Toledo Loxansport A Bnrlimgton Railiroad 1sts.
CHAS. T. YING, corsicion or Extener B'ds.
(With A. M. Kldder \& Co., Bankers.)
SOUTIERN NEVADA MINING CO.,
SANTA FE DISTRICT, ESMERALDA CO.. NEV.;
MALN OFEICE RENO WASHOE CO NEV. Authorized Agents at New York and Bostoa for the IM. \& S. STEIENTEERGEIE. onnkers,

No. 17 Bread Street, New York, and
No. 52 Devonshire Street, Boston.
WUANTED:
All khds of M1SSOUHI aad HLLINOIS DEprice paid for them. Glve full descriplioa, and price pai,
nddress,
L. A. COQUAHD,


## Texas Bonds.

STATE, RAILROAD, COUNTE AND MUNICIPAL BONDS
BOUOHT AND SOLD.
J. C. CIIEW, 29 Broadwav.

MESSOURI COUNTY BONDS.
Buchsasn County, Mo., 10's.
Cape Girardean County, Mo., 10's.
Charitan County, Mo.. 8 \%.
Daviess Couaty, Mo. 10 's
IIenry County, Mo.,
lloward County Mo. Chariton Township.
Menry County, Mo., $10^{\circ}$ s.
Marien County. Mo., Masou Tewnshlp.
Morfan Coanty Mo. iO's.
Pettis Clair County, Mo.
St. Clair County, Mo, 10's.
Kulls County, Mo. 10 s.
Snuivan County,

- WANTED BY

TOHEX \& KIIIK, 4 IRToad Street. WANTED:
CITY OF MOBILE
Past-Due Coupons.
thomas p. miller \& co., mobile, alabama.
J. S. Stanton,

19 NASSAUSTREET,
Rallroad, Cliy, nind County Bends BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINR. 2.

## representing the industrial and commercial intelests of the united gtates.

VOL. 29.
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1879.
NO. 742.
production fonnd its way across the Allantic. This single statement means a deficient supply and an increasing need, for it shows the sudden drying up of the channel which has so long and largely fed the wants of Enrope. What adds greatly to the importance of this fact is, that while the stock of gold has thas failed to receive its usnal replenishment, there have arisen new drains npon it. Germany, as we all know, has extracted a large $8 u m$ for its currency wants. But a still more controlling influence is that all Europe has at the same time virtually demonetized silver, that is, has begno to transact its business and make its exchanges on a gold basis, so that gold has to do double the work it did before,

We need not enlarge upon these facts ; the bare statement of them is sufficient, for our readers will admit that they are facts, andc luat they show that Europe wants its stock of gold, and will keep it if it can. Very possibly, however, some will point to the reserves of the Bank of England as proving a plethora, or excessive aupply. But does not such a suggestion ignore the Whole situation, except the one single fact of the Bank's stock? Why is there such an accumnlation, where did it come from, and who is suffering because of it? Wo cannot enter upon these questions. to-day. It is sufi. cient to remind the inquirer that that balance mainly indicates the extent of England's commercial distress and want of confidence, added to the fact that the Bank holds the reserve for the whole kingdom, and is the clearing house of the world. The increase during the year siuce the failure of the Glasgow Bank has been almost wholly drawn from other conntries, and largely from the Bank of France, reducing the guld reserve of the latter, 80 that on the first of Jannary it was below its holdings of silver, a condition which has not existed before in its history. This latter, fact is a very important one. Heretofore, in an emergency, when Kiggland has wanted an increase of gold, she has been able to draw it from the Bauk of Fras ce. With how much less facility would such a call be respouded to now, and especially when a similar drain to the United States threatens France.

But without pursuing this thought it is sufficient for us to accept the plain teaching of the facts so briefly given, that Enrope needs its gold and will make a sacrifice to keep it. Is not the natural conclusion then that our imports from Great Britain are likely to increase this sear? They are increasing somewhat, throngh our increased power to purchase, but still lower pricer, if necessary, may furnish the inducement for farther purchases. We shall also probably take home more of cur own bonds and stocks. Thers are etill many of
them in Europe, not very many floating about the markets, but higher prices here will bring them out of the hands that hold them there. The better opinion appears to be that our rates of interest will return to a lower level after the first week or two of October is passed ; if that is so, and if the appearance is that low rates are to rule for some time, our best securities will rise in value and that will lead to their being thrown upon the European markets, and furnish us the opportunity of drawing in more from Europe. Still, after giving all these suggestions their full force, it seems necessary to conclude that gold to some extent must continue to be shipped to this side, for our crops are so very large and the demand for them is so extensive. But the extravagant estimates with regard to the extent of this movement which have found currency in some quarters, are by no means likely to be realized.

## MEMPHIS CALLS FOR HELP.

The ravages of the yellow fever have been so much more confined and less striking than was the case last year, that very much less attention has been drawn to the subject. Yet it is difficult to appreciate the desolate condition of Memphis. The city is isolated, necessarily. Instructions to the pickets and patrols on duty are that persons can come in only during the six hours ending at noon each day, and that no person can pass out after 5 P. M.; that no citizen or resident can pass the picket line without a special pass from the Superintendent of Quarantine ; that persons in camps around the city cannot enter it at all ; that neither lint, cotton, nor seed cotton can enter; that no baggage, bedding, or houschold effects can pass the lines, either way, without a permit; but that provisions and supplies of all kinds may pass, except in cloth sacks. Memphis is really in a condition of siege. All the inhabitants who wished to go and had the means, left it before the lines were drawn, and the desolation may be imagined. Of course there is no business. The people are in a long night, watching for morning. They are merely existing; they count the days until frost, and they must be supported by the country.

Latterly, there has been a noticeable increase in the number of cases, and although the people have quite nearly taken care of their own needs they are experienc: ing exhaustion. A letter to the conntry has been issued by the editors of the Appeal and the Avalanche, setting forth that expenses are now increasing and funds failing. The Hebrew Hospital Association of Memphis has also been obliged to appeal for aid, having at the first expended nine-tenths of its $\$ 10,000$ fund on hand in sending indigent families away. The Preachers' Aid Association (colored) has made a special appeal for aid for the colored orphans left destitute. These are specimens of the requests now put forth; and lest the announcement of gifts to the Howards should convey the impression that everything needful can and will be done by that association, it is proper to state that the Howards have resolved not to furnish medicines, supplies, nurses, or any aid, except to yellow-fever patients. This action is not the dictate of indifference, but of necessity, the organization having undertaken a special work, and finding its resources barely adequate to that work. The Howards cannot undertake to relieve general destitution, nor is there any relief association especially organized for so doing. But destitution always exists more or less, and when we remember that most cases of death of adults by the fever deprive some
persons of their ordinary sources of support, and also the isolated condition of the city and the utter cessation of business, it is easy to see that the need of help must be very great. Memphis has for the present lost all power of self-sustenance, and must look to the country.
If some practical course is not taken by some authority before next Spring, to prevent the return of the scourge, it will be an unparalleled instance of helplessness; but the present is no time to talk of that. The duty now is to aid anew this unhappy city, which must lie in the shadow for two months more. The country at large is rejoicing in the promise of reviving prosperity and will not be indifferent to these appeals when once the reality of the need is understood.

## THE AFGHANISTAN DISASTER.

The murder of Major Cavagnari, although it cannot be compared to the terrible outbreak which took place in India in 1857, and which for a time threatened to make an end of British ascendancy in the East, presents in vivid and striking resemblance the scenes which were witnessed in the same region at the close of 1841 and the commencement of 1842. At that time, at a cost of some twelve million pounds sterling, British arms had deposed the so-called usurper, Dost Mohammed, and restored the so-called rightful owner, Shah Soojah ool-Moolk. Scarcely, however, had the great body of the British troops left Cabul, than the populace rose in rebellion and murdered first Sir Alexander Burnes, one of the principal British representatives, and all his attendants, and afterwards Sir William Macnaghten, the British envoy. The events which followed constitute one of the saddest chapters in human history. The British were compelled to leave Oabul and make their way for the Indian frontier. It was mid-winter. Some sixteen thousand persons, including the British troops, the women and children, the Sepoys, the camp-followers and others, left the Afghan capital; but of these, what from the cold, the impassable character of the country, and the brutal conduct of the hill tribes, only one man reached Jelalabad to tell the horrid tale:
It is the memory of this disaster which, although afterwards amply avenged, lends point and importance to the murder of Cavagnari and the present outbreak. No one can predict the consequences which may flow from the uprising. It renders necessary a fresh invasion and conquest of the whole of Afghanistan; and as it must necessarily be some time before the troops can reach the scene of the disturbance, a repetition of some featnres of the awful scenes of 1841-2 is not to be regarded as impossible. Besides, such outbreaks are contagious; and if the example of the Afghans were to be followed by an uprising of any of the swarming tribes of Hindoostan, the consequences might be very serions. It is clear that the British rule in India is a blessing to the Indian people, and a mighty agent in the great work of haman oivilization. In a recent number of the Contemporary Review, no less an authority than the venerable and learned Dr. Dollinger, of Munich, pronounces it one of the noblest, most beneficent $\frac{1}{}$ and effective forms of government, in circumstances of exceptional difficulty, that the world has yet known. The diminution of British power in India would therefore be a calamity. But it is not to be anticipated; and yet the mutiny of 1857 showed how threatening was the surface on * which British authority rests. For, beneficent and desirable as is that rule, it is yet the rule of the stronger ; and the haughty chiefs of India, submissive as they are, wait
impatiently for the time when they shall be able to throw off the yoke of the Feringee.
It is to be taken for granted that the British and Indian governments will take immediate steps to restore authority in Cabul. The presumption is, according to present appearances, that the task, whatever its attendant difficulties, will be accomplished. 'There is no evidence that Yacoob Khan is in sympathy with the insurgents. The belief rather is that he is a prisoner in his own capital. In the event of peace being restored and the authority of the Government ro-established, the important question will have to be answered whether Afghanistan in the future must not be occupied by British troops and ruled as a province of the Anglo-Indian Empire. It will be difficult, not to say unwise, benceforth to trust the Afghan chiefs. Some arrangement is advised by Russian official journals, according to which a common line shall separate Russia and England in Asia. Perhaps this, after all, will be the solution of the difficulty.

## RAILROAD EARNINGS IN AUGUST, AND FROM JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 1.

Railroad earnings in Angust compared favorably with the corresponding month of 1878 , five roads only out of the $27^{\text {reported }}$ in the table below showing any considerable decrease. The grain traffic was large on some roads, and the St. Paul and Northwest are conspicuous for a large increase over their business of Augast-last year; on the other hand Illinois Central shows a decrease of $\$ 98 ; 166$. The following unofficial reports bave appeared in print $\because$.. Rock Island for August shows an increase of $\$ 120,000$; Union Pacific an increase for Angust of $\$ 142,000$, and for the first nine days of September of $\$ 72,000$; Kansas Pacific for August an increase of $\$ 11,500$.

An important point to be remembered now and during the ensuing year, is the fact that many of the roads are operating an increased mileage. The Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe, Chicago \& Alton, St. Paul, Northwest, and possibly Central Pacific, are all operating considerably more road than at this time last year, the increase in the case of St . Paul being reported unoficially to be as much as 570 miles, insluding the Western Union. On the other hand, the Grand Trunk of Canada has reduced its mileage about 118 miles by the sale of the Riviere du Loup division. It is impracticable from month to month to report with accuracy the miles of road operated by those lines which are constantly building, leasing or purchasing new roads, and the attempt to do so usually results in serious errors. The statement of mileage in oonnection with gross earnings is better omitted, we think, than published, as it is almost certain to convey an erroneous impression, even where the number of miles is correctly reported. A mile of road counts as a mile of road, and if any conclusion at all is to be drawn from the statement of mileage it is that there should be an increase in earnings proportioned to the increase in miles operated. Nothing could be more erroneous than this idea, as it usually bappens that the new road added is in a comparatively unsettled country, and may not earn even its operating expenses. The main question in regard to new road acquired is concerning the increase of bonded debt, or the increase of annual obligations which come with it, and a statement of gross and net earnings accompanied by exhibits of the total bonded debt or the total interest and rental charge at the corresponding dates in 1878 and 1879 would be of much
greater practical iuterest to the banker, broker, or investor, than the bare statement of mileage. Unfortnnately, the secresy in corporate management is a bar to obtaining such information at any time when it may be desired, and only after the close of the fiscal year, when annual reports are published, is the full amount of bonded debt to be ascertained.
Eight months of the year having now elapsed, it is worth while to examine the results of traflic during that period in comparison with the same time in 1878. Placing each class of roads' by itself, the first in importance are the great trunk lines, and of these we have, as nsual, but little information.

## truNk Lines.

As to the Vanderbilt roads-New York Central \& IIudson, Lake Shore, Micoigan Central and Canada Southern-there is nothing. Of the other trunk lines the following table shows the earnings so far as reported :


In addition to the foregoing exhibit of gross earnings, we have the following details for some of the roads :

New York Lake Erie de Western.-Comparative statement of earnings and working expenses for the months of June, 1878 and 1879 :
Gross earnings....
Working expenses.
\$1.278. $1,258,989$
772,679

Net earnings. $\qquad$
1879.
$1,230,419$

Yet earnings ....... $\$ 488309$ 939,895 Showing a decrease in net eariuligs for iho month of $\$ 195,785$. The net earnings of the first nine months of the present finamelal year, Oetober 1,1878 , to July 1,1879, empared whit thoso of tho samo period of last year, show a deerease of $: 333,770$.
Pennsylvania Railroad.-The following comparative statement shows the earnings; expenses and net earnings on all the lines east of Pittsburg \& Erie, including the Phila. \& Erie road and the Del. \& Raritan Canal.

|  | EARANGS En Jlly. 1879. | 1878. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross earnlngs. | : $\$ 2.782,906$ | \$2,536,733 |
| operating expenses | 1,783,291 | 1,485,670 |

Not earnings.......................................... \$999,
sEVES MOSTIS, JAN. 1 TO JULY 31
197

In both the foregoing reports of Erie and Pennsylvania the large increase in expenses during the latest month reported has attracted attention.
The following desultory report from the Baltimore of Ohio for the month of July was published in London:

Net earnings................................ $\$ 025,373$ \$414,904
For the ten months of the fiscal year, Oct. 1, $18 \% 8$, to July 31,1879 , there was an increase of $\$ 608,785$ in net earnings.

## chicago roads.

In the next gronp we may place those Western railroads having termini at Chicago, and depending to a greater or less extent on the traffic in grain and other farm products for their earnings. The reports so far as furnished are as follows:

|  |  | , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Chice. Bur. \& Quiney....... | Jan. | 6,310 |
| Chio. Mini dst. Pa | Jau. 110 |  |
| ds Cont | Sept. 1 . | 3,436,682 3,602,145 |
| The only ones of | hese report | net carnings are |
| Chicago Bur. \& | aincy, and | e six months of |

1879 these were \$2,880,872, against \$2,774,220 in 1878 ; and the Chicago \& Alton, with net earnings of $\$ 1,093$, 578 from Jan. 1 to Aug. 1, 1879, against $\$ 974,937$ in the same time of 1878 .

MISSOURI RIVER \& SOUTHWESTERN ROADS,
In another group may be placed together the roads running west and southrest from the Mississippi and Missouri rivers. It will be observed that the Kansas Pacitic and St. Louis Kansas City \& Norihern reports are no later than to July 31. Of those reporting, the returns are as follows

|  |  |  | dings.- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROADS. | Jan. 1 Reriond | \$3,719,518 | 1878. $\$ 2,304,298$ |
| Iranubat \& St. Joseph... | Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. | 1,122,530 | 1,195,076 |
| Kansas Pacittc. | Jau. 1 to Aug. 1. | 2,365,235 | 1,739,159 |
| Mo. Kan. © T | Jan. 1 10 Sept. 1. | 1,807,800 | 1,770,520 |
| 8t. Lonts Kan. C. \& North. | Jan. 1 to Aug. | 1,701,369 | 1,747,775 |
| 8t. Lsuis \& S. Franciseo. | Jan. 1 to 8epi. | 815:799 | 743,709 |
| Louls lron Mt. \& So.. | Jan. 1 to sept. 1. | 2,670,362 | 2,516,913 |

Total.
The totals above show an increase of $\$ 2,165,163$, nearly all made on the Kansas Pacific \& Atchison Top. \& Santa Fe.

COAL ROADS.
It would be exceedingly interesting if, in still another group, the coal-carrying roads could be presented; but only the Philadelphia \& Reading (except the Pennsylvania Railroad as above), makes reports of its earnings, and these were $\$ 8,879,846$ for the eight manths; Nov. 1, 1878, to Ang. 1, 1879, against $\$ 7,962,152$ in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year; but this was on a largely-increased coal tonnage at low prices, and no statement is made of the expenses and net earnings during the same time. A mere glimpse of the business of the Del. \& Hudson Canal Company's leased roads was given by a statement published in London for the months of May and June as follows :
 Expeuses... $\$ 3,11,521$
$\mathbf{2 1 6}, 667$
$\$ 381,532$
Net earnings................................. $\$ 114,85 t$. $\$ 125,226$
Increase in gress earnings, $\$ 50,011$; increase in net earnings, $\$ 10,372$.
During the month about $\$ 20,000$ were expended upou stect raits, de.

Gross earnings
190,061
Net earnings. $\qquad$ 213,580
$\$ 159,650$
But of the tonnage of the coal roads the regular report for eight months from January 1 to September 1 shows the following in the present and previous years, the tonnage in each case being only that originating upon the line to which it is credited : Philadelphia \& Reading
1879.
$4,797,655$
562792
1,7600
27,131
$2,516,370$
$2,77,370$
21,707
$2,391,342$
$2,158,690$
922,189
31,760

Northern CentraI, Shanokin Div., ©.......... Prmbury llazleton \&
Central of N. J., Lehigh Div
Lentsh Valley.
Delaware Lacka. \& Western
Del. \& Hudsen Caual Co. Penn. Coal Co

Total anthracite... $\qquad$ 16,461,609

| 1878. |
| ---: |
| $3,122,090$ |
| 366,093 |
| 18,311 |
| 210,285 |
| $1,453,185$ |
| $2,086,998$ |
| 20,332 |
| $1.326,632$ |
| $1,333,439$ |
| 538,636 |
| 20,620 |

Sar anthracite.............................: 10,461,000 10,496,326
So far as regards a combination among the coal roads, it may be said that the remarkable fact that the conntry took $16,461,609$ tons of coal this year against $10,496,326$ tons in 1878 , and left no great stoek on hand September 1 , is far more significont for the interests of the coal companies than any temporary combination could be. The total anthracite production for the eight months for six years past has been as follows :

| $\begin{aligned} & 1879 . . \\ & 1878 . \\ & 1877 . \end{aligned}$ | $16,461,609$$10,496,326$ | , | 9,929,704 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 0,924,664 |
|  | earning |  |  | 2,232,005 |
|  |  | $1878 .$ | Increase. | reaso. <br> \$ |
| A teh.Topeka\& Santa Fo | 510,500 | 446,162 |  |  |
| Burl. Cedar |  | 10.4,443 | 18,384 |  |
| en |  | 1,72 |  |  |
| Chicamo | 573,863 | 563,379 | 10.48 .1 |  |
| Ches ds Ohtio | 215,915 | 189,337 | 26,698 |  |
| Chic. Milw. \& st. Paul | 729,000 | 522.486 | 2061.514 |  |
| Chiearod Northwert. | 1,3.77,000 | 1,?66.440 | 80.540 |  |
| Chic. St. P', \& Minneal | 77,902 | 70,683 | 7,214 |  |



- Three weeks only of Angust in each year
+ For the four weeks ended August 30.
For the four weeks cnded August 29.
Only tweufy-fix dass in each year.
gross Earnings from jan. 1 to avo. 31

|  | $1879 .$ | $1878 .$ | In | erease. $\$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atch.Topeka\& Santa Fe. | 3,719,518 | 2,304,29 | 1,415,220 |  |
| Burl. Cedir Rap. \& No.. | 881,641 | 992,981 |  | 108,310 |
| Central Pacifie | 10,849,408 | 11,094,474 |  | 245,066 |
| Ches. \& Ohio | 1,202,136 | 1,234,015 |  | 31,879 |
| Chicago \& Altor | 3.302,96:3 | 3,000,747 | 302,216 |  |
| Chieago Milw \& st iraul | 5,537,000 | 5,425,949 | 111,051 |  |
| Chieago \& Northwest | 9,613.529 | 9,487.936 | 125,593 |  |
| Chic. Bt. P. \& Minneap | 659,200 | 564,907 | 94.293 |  |
| Cl. Mt. V. \& Del. \& brelis* | 234,178 | 227,868 | 6,310 |  |
| Grand Trunk of Cauadat | 5,379,632 | 5,707,504 |  | 127,872 |
| Great Wost'n of Cauada: | 2,747,913 | 2.996,315 |  | 248,402 |
| IIannibal \& 8t. Joseph.. | 1,122,530 | 1,195,076 |  | 72,546 |
| Hlinois Central (lil. line). | 3,436,682 | 3,602.145 |  | 165.463 |
| do (lowa leased lines) | 883,648 | 1,009,300 |  | 125,652 |
| Internat' \& Gt. North.. | 904,364 | 793.193 | 111,171 | 125,62 |
| Missouri Kansas \& Tex.. | 1,807,800 | 1,770,520 | 37,280 |  |
| Mohile \& Ohlo. | 1,060,673 | 1,146,589 |  | 16 |
| I'aduoah \& Elizabetht' ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 175,333 | -198.416 |  | 23,113 |
| Padueah \& Memphis*. | 97,769 | 126,791 |  | 29,022 |
| St, L. Alt. \& T. H. (bre'hs). | 326,345 | - 303,371 | 22,974 |  |
| St. L. Iron Mit. \& South'u. | 2,670,362 | 2,516,913 | 153,449 |  |
| St. L. \& 8. E.-8t. L. Div.. | 438,733 | 405,301 | 33,432 |  |
| St. Lonis \& 8. Francisco. | 815,799 | 743,709 | 72,090 |  |
| Beloto Valley............. | 202,816 | 174,573 | 28,243 |  |
| Totedo Peorla \& Warsaw | 780,392 | 836,161 |  | 55,769 |
| Wabash. | 2,899,462 | 3,148,545 |  | 249,083 |
|  | 61,952,826 | 61,007, | $13,$ | 8,123 |

* Three weeks only of August in each year.

January 1 to Angust 30.

+ January 1 to August 29.


## gross earnings, expenses and net earnings.

The statement belaw gives the gross earnings, operating expenses and net earnlugs for the month of July, and from January 1 to July 31, of all subis

|  | $1879$ | 1878. | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Jan} 1 \\ & 1879 . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Atlantic Miss. \& Ohlo- | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Gross earnings.. | 138,224 | 127,441 | 853,710 | 889,251 |
| Expenses (incl.extraord'y) | 87,961 | 91,413 | 528,923 | 664,936 |
| Net earnings | 50,263 | 36,028 | 324,787 | 224,315 |
| Burl. Cedar Rap.i North'n- |  |  |  |  |
| Gross carnings | 107,990 | 95,007 | 761,814 | 888,538 |
| Expenses. | 82,527 | 80,968 | 515,089 | 640,515 |
| Net earnings. | 25,463 | 14,039 | 246,725 | 248,023 |
| Cuicago \& Alton- |  |  |  |  |
| Gross earnfugs.. | 536,843 | 433,473 | 2,720,755 | 2,437,368 |
| Operatiug expenses | 320,814 | 259,392 | 1,627,177 | 1,462,431 |
| Not carnings. | 216,029 | 174,081 | 1,093,3̄78 | 974,937 |
| Daketa Southern- |  |  |  |  |
| Gress carnings | 14,529 | 19,194 | 118,328 | 124,301 |
| Operatiug expeuses | 7,788 | 9,773 | 71,947 | 66,728 |
| Net carnings. | 6.741 | 9.421 | 46,381 | 57,573 |
| Frankfort \& К komo- |  |  |  |  |
| Gross eurnings. | 4,580 | 3,088 | 22,953 | 19,003 |
| Operutiug expeus | 1,770 | 1,667 | 10,664 | 11,841 |
| Net earnings | 2,810 | 1.421 | 12,289 | 7,162 |
| Houston d Texas Ceniral - |  |  |  |  |
| Gross caruings. | 186,848 | 146,637 | 1,329,522 | 1,176,760 |
| Operating exp. and tases.. | 135,014 | 127,907 | 998,555 | 1,021,060 |
| Net eamings. | 50,934 | 18,730 | 390,967 | 155,700 |
| International \& Great Nortl |  |  |  |  |
| Gruss carnings............. | 98,295 | 92,398 | 782,588 | 677,50\% |
| Expenscs. | 105,120 | 75,917 | 626,200 | 510,507 |
| Net caruings. | def.6,825 | 16,481 | 156,388 | 157,999 |
| Memph. Pad. \& Northern- |  |  |  |  |
| Gress oarniugs. | 15,319 | 15,130 | 88,901 | 115,527 |
| Operatiug expenses | 10,120 | 13,177 | 88,719 | 42,129 |
| Net caruings. | 5,199 | 1,953 | 182 | 23,398 |
| Nashv. Chatt. \& 8t. Louis- |  |  |  |  |
| Gross carnings... | 133.390 | 112,703 | 971,476 | 934,676 |
| Operatiug exp., incl. taxes | 93,655 | 84,633 | 637,504 | 631,961 |
| Vet earni | 39.935 | 28,050 | 333,968 | 302,815 |
| Ogdensburg \& Lake Cbampla | 1u- |  |  |  |
| Gruss ¢ | 49,176 | 13,857 |  |  |
| Operating expeuses. | 31.570 | 37,871 |  |  |
|  | 17+i06 | 5. |  |  |

Net earmings............... $17.406 \quad 5.9$



| Philadelphia \& Frie-Gross carnings..... |  |  | -Jan. 1 to July 3i. - <br> 1879. 1878. <br> 1,595.103 1,475,733 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Oplorallag expenses |  |  | 1,180,358 | 1,106,100 |
| Net earninga........... 66,032 51,812 414,745 360,033 |  |  |  |  |
| St. Louis Iron Mt. \& 8ont'n- |  |  |  |  |
| Gress armings............. | 332,166 218,140 | 299,101 178,493 | 2,261,262 | 2, $1,381,168181$ |
| Operut'g and extra'y expl. | 218,140 |  |  |  |
| Net carnings. | 114,0=6 | 121,668 | 509,551 | 780,788 |
| St. Paul \& Sioux City- $\quad 47.622 \quad 47.720$ 3.19.773 |  |  |  |  |
| Gross earniugs. | $\begin{aligned} & 47,622 \\ & 36,065 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 47,720 \\ & 32,605 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.19,773 \\ & 225,206 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 332.833 \\ & 208,414 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Net earninca | 11,557 | 15,115 | 124,509 | 12.1,409 |
| Sioux City \& 8t. Paul- |  |  |  |  |
| Gross earnings. | 28,325 | 27,519 | 189.063 | 20-, 232 |
| Operating expen | 26,380 | 21,104 | 171.979 | 152.413 |
| Net earnings. | 1,315 | 0,415 | 16,084 | 54,819 |
| Senticrn Minnesota- |  |  |  |  |
| Gress carnim | 50.392 | 53,201 | 315.720 | 427.184 |
| tixpenses | 23,261 | 30,378 | 139,581 | 190,175 |
| Not enrnlugs. | 27.131 | 2:,823 | 176.139 | 237,069 |
| The following Juoe tigures have but reeently come to hand.' |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,258,088 | 7,614,792 | 7,131,660 |
| Operating expense | 939,895 | 772,679 | 5,809,950 | 5,173,926 |
| Net earuings. | 290,52. | 486,309 | 1,85.1,8.12 | 1,957,740 |

## COTTON MOVEMENT AND CROP OF 1878-70.

Onr statement of the cotton crop of the United States for the year ending September 1, 1879, will be found below. It will be seen that the total erop this year reaches $5,073,531$ bales, while the exports are $3,467,565$ bales, and the spinners' takings are $1,568,960$ bales, leaving a stock on hand at the close of the year of 59,110 bales. The tables which follow show the whole movement for the twelve months. The first table indicates the stock at each port Sept. 1, 1879, and the total on Sept. 1, 1878, the receipts at the ports for each of the last two years, and the export movement for the past year (1878-79) in detail, and the totals for 1877-78.

| Ponts. | receipts year ENDING- |  | Expolits yeail ending sept. 1, 1879. |  |  |  |  | Stock sopt.1,$18 \%$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } 1, \\ & 18 \pi 0 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Scpt. } 1, \\ 1838 . \end{gathered}$ | Great Hritain. | Channel. | Fr'nce | Other for'gn. | Total. |  |
| Loulsiana.. | 1,187,365 | 1,391,510 | 689.718 | 8,203 | 218,499 | 347,323 | 1,243,746 | 4,505 |
| Alabama... | 562.408 | 410.071 | 58,049 142,270 |  | 85,583 55,868 | -80,982 | 123.214 | 2,4513 |
| S. Carolina. | 507.021 | 450,980 | 142.270 | S, 713 | -25,868 | 177,415 | ${ }^{3} 90.266$ | 235 |
| T'exas.. | 642,118 | $461,8 \% 3$ | 213,615 | 11,036 | 60,484 | 68,682 | S 5038.817 | 5,346 |
| Flaridn | 56,716 | 21,818 | 13,967 |  | 3, 1687 | 1,101 | 17,035 |  |
| Nirginiana | 135,815 | 150,505 | ${ }_{1090}{ }^{40,212}$ | 8,580 | 2,050 | 22,109 | 68.011 | 57 |
| New York. | 147,808* | 145,412* | 298,063 | 14,853 | 10,069 | 38,232 | 370, 847 | 36,958 |
| Boston.... | 108,990* | 110,982* | 124,468 |  |  |  | 124,470 | 3,244 |
| 2.hladelpa | 61.323** | 52,861* | 25,879 |  |  | 510 | 26,384 | 8,390 |
| Portland. | $20,811 *$ $3,060^{*}$ | $13,563 *$ <br> $8,440^{+}$ | 6,278 |  | 408 | 18,429 | 95,203 | 1,368 |
| S. Fr'ncisco |  | 8,44 | 7 |  |  |  | 127 |  |
| Tot.thi | 4,447,270 |  | 2,058,5 | 49,313 | 419,0 | 10, | 467.5 | 50.110 |
| Tot. last yr |  | 4,345,645 | 2,036,75 | 125,5 | 405,4 | 888,831 | 3. 346.640 | 43,449 |

arrives These figures are only the portion of the recelpts at these ports which
By the above it will be seen that the total receipts at the Allantic and Gulf shipping ports this year have been 4,447,276 bales, against $4,345,645$ bales last year. If now we add the shipments from Tennessee and elsewhere direct to manufacturers, we have the following as the crop statement for the two years.


Total cotton eroptor the year (bales) $\overline{5,073,531} \overline{4,811,265}$
The result of these figures is a total of $5,073,531$ bales as the crop of the United States for the year ending Augnst 31, 1879. It thas appears that the running weekly statement of the marketing of the crop has been made more complete and full the past season than ever before, the corrections in preparing the crop report being smaller than for any other year within our record. We now give in detail the processes by which the above conclusions have been reached.

## Overland and Inter-State Movement.

There has been this year a farther and quite unusual progress in the overland movement of cotton. This was probably due, for the first part of the season, to the yellow fever epidemic, which, checking shipments through New Orleans, forced the cotton North over the roads; later on, it is to be accounted for by the low rates for freight, which enabled the route overland to retain the business it had secured. Some of the railroads
have been newly reorganized, and by leases or consolidations perfected thelr connections, which has assisted in making lower through rates practicable. Besides that, onr mills generally prefer bringing cotton that way, because it then comes direct to its place of destination, without trans-shipment, and sares all cost of handling. Whether the movement will further increase this year mast depend entlrely npon the disposition of the roads themselves. In the absence of any better paying buslness, it would seem as if they must make the effort to attract all they can to their reorganized lines. Of course, however, each year's movement will follow in great measure the increased or decreased yield in those district's through which the roads pass. In determining this year the portion of the crop forwarded by each of these different routes, wo lave Introduced no now featnres. And yet, to prevent any misunderstanding, ous usual explanation is necessary.
First.-We have followed our usual plan of counting eael bato of cotton at the Southern outport vohere it first appears. I'his is a simple rule, applying to every part of our annual cotton crop report. In this way wo not only preserve the nnity of the report, and therefore simplify it, but, as a consequence, also make it more intelligible, and less liable to error.
Second.-From the gross carried overland we consequently deduct all cotton shipped by rail from Southern outports to the North. For instance, from New Orleans, Mobile, \&c., frequent shipments are thus made, an account of which is kept, but it is all included in the crop of New Orleans or Mobile, \&c., as the case may be, when it first appears there, and therefore when the same cotton appears again in the overland, it must of course be deducted, or it will be twice counted.
Third.-We deduct from orerland likewise the small amounts taken from the Southern ontports for Southern consumption. They, also, for the sake of unity and simplicity, are connted at the outports where they first appear. But, as is well known, the entire Southern consumption is made up in an item by itself and added to the crop. Hence, anless these small lots which thus go into Southern consumption from the Sonthern ontports are deducted somewhere, they will be twice counted. Fourth.-We also deduct the arrivals during the year by railroad from the West and South at New York, Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Portland. Those receipts reached these ports by coming across the country, and appear in our weekly totals, becoming a part of the receipts at the ports, under the heads of "New York" and "Other Ports," but now have been divided up and included under each scparate city, according to the amount thus received by it during the year, as indicated in the first table of this report. All this cotton, then, having been counted during the year, must now be deducted as has been done.
With these explanations, our detailed overland movement given below will be readily understood. Of conrse, in making up that movement we have followed the plan which was first suggested and acted upon by ourselves fourteen years since. Up to that time this item had only been a crude estimate, based upen the Memphis and Nashville statements. Now we have made it as exact a record as any other portion of the crop total. Below is our usual outline map or diagram, by the aid of which one can readily trace the courso of the movement where it crosses the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers, as given in the statement which follows.


Mo. Kan. \& Tcxas RR. connection. jinnfilod d 111 sontheastorn Rit. St. Louls d Routheast ${ }^{\prime}$ rn R12. (from Cairo e Vincennes 131 tan . Earonavilieccnnes $131 t$. Kitanaville \& Crawfordsylle Rn. HicK Jeflersinvilie Madison \& Indianapolis Mn. and Madison Mranch. Onlo \& Miss. RH., Loulsy. Hranch. Connectlons in ohio of the Balte more \& Ohio R1R.
i. nalumore \& Ohlo RRile nR. and - Memphis Hranch. O Throngere T Oranke Alexandria \& Manassas $\mathbf{R R}$. U Wraington reute. ria Richmon V Richmond Chesapeake York R1F W Southern routefrom Elichmondand W Southern route from Eichmond and X Short line RR., Loulsille to Cinclanati.

By examining the above diagram, and with the aid of explanations made in our previous anenal reports, nothing further will be needed to explain the following statement of the movement overland for the year ending September 1, 1879.
shipments for the year from St. Lonis.
Carried North over Inlnois Central Raiiroad from Caires, de. .
Carrled North over Cairo \& Vineennes Raflroad. $\qquad$
Carried over Missksippl River above St. Louls... $\qquad$ Carried North ever St. Louis \& Southeastern RR $\qquad$
Carried North over Evansv. \&Terre Haute RR., less re-shipm’ts
Carried North over Jeffersenville Nadison \& Lndianapelis RR.
Carried North over Jeffersenville Madison \& Lnd
Carried North over Ohio \& Mississippt Branch... $\qquad$
Ghipped throngli Cineinnati by Louisv. Cineinnati \& Lex. RR...
Reeetpts at Cincinnati by Ohle River, \&o.
Carried North over Washington City Virginia Midand \& Great
Southern Rniiroad.
shipped to milis adjacent to river and to potnts above Cineinnati $\quad 271$
Total carried overiand.
Deduct--
Receipts overland at New York, Boston,
Philadelphia, Baltimore \& Portland.......
St. Louis, \&c., shipments to Louisville, New Orleans, \&o.
Gonthern consumption and shipments ininnd from*-
Galveston. 1,884
New Orleans........................................................... 2,1
Mobile.................................... 22S, 422
Savannah............................... 1,508
Charlesten.................................................................

Less shipmentsinland beretofore dedueted-
Mobile from New Orleans.......... 98
New Orloans from Mobile.......... 177,725
Savannah from Mobile, \&e........ 5,962
Charleston from Savannah........ 1,808
Charleston from Wilmington.
14-185,607-67,739
Total now to be deducted............ ............................ 417,364
Leaving the direct overland movement net elsewhere count'd 474,255 * As stated above, these items are deducted-(1) so that "Seuthern Cinsumption" ean be ndded to the crop in one item; (2) because "Ship-
Aecording to the above, the total earried overland this year was 891,619 bales, against 693,640 bales last year, and the movement direct to manufacturers this year reaches 474,255 bales, against 317,620 bales a year ago. This shows an increase over last year of 197,979 bales in the gross movement, and of 156,635 bales in the net movement. We now give the details of the entire crop for the two years.

## Louislana.

Exported from N. Orleans: To foreign ports... .......
To enastwiso ports.......
To Northern ports, \&c.,
by rail and by river*... To Northern ports, \&c.
by tail and by river*
Manufactured
Manufactured ${ }^{\text {Stock at close of year........... }}$.
Deduct
Deduct:
Received from Molvile...
Received from Florida...
heceived from Gaiveston
and Indianola...........
Stock beginning of year.

| $1,243,746$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 191,926 | $1,453,096$ |
| 244,187 |  |
| 469 | 7,439 |
| 1,909 | 2,223 |
| $4,595-1,442,638$ | $4,086-1,711,032$ |
| 177,724 | 173,562 |
| 150 | 14 |
| 73,313 |  |
| $4,086-255,273$ | 119,580 |
|  | $21,356-319,512$ |

Total prodnet of year.

* In periand we have deducted these the exeept $\mathbf{9 8}$ bales
which are deducted at Mobile as reeeived there from Now Orleans.

Exported from Mobile:*

To forcigu ports....
Burnt and manufactured.
Stoek at elose of year.....
Deduct:
Receipts from N. Orleans
Stoek beginning of year.

Alabana.

Totail product of year....
123,214
239,308
770
, 98

* Under the head of coastwise shipments from Mohile are included 219,745 bales shipped inland by mil and 8,127 bales shipped inland by water, all of which, with 550 bales local consumption, will be found deducted in the overland movement.

```
Texas.
```

Exported from Galreston, \&e.:
To forcign ports

| Exported from Galyeston, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To forcign ports (except Mexico) | 349,145 |  | 224,427 |  |
| To Mexico, from Eaglo |  |  |  |  |
| Pass, 80.................. | 4,672 |  | 747 |  |
| To coast wise ports*...... | 234,228 |  | 239,277 |  |
| Burnt and manufactured.. |  |  | 406 |  |
| Stock at close of year...... | 5,346- | 3,301 | 3,828- | 468,685 |
| Deduct: |  |  |  |  |
| Received at Galveston |  |  |  |  |
| from lndianola, \&o.... | 6,406 |  | 2,094 |  |
| Recov'red from brig Hora | 1,039 |  |  |  |
| Stoek leginming of year. | 3,828- | 11,273 | 4,768- | 6,862 |
| Total product of year . |  | 582,118 |  | 461,823 |

${ }^{2}$ Coastwise exports are made ap as follows: 219,113 bales from Galvestoa; 15,075 bales frem Indianola; 40 bales from Brownsville. Included in coastwise exports are 1,884 bales carried from Galveston North by rail, whioh are deductod in overland.
bart C. W Cochiane $4 s$ these items are included bark C. W.
$\begin{array}{lr}164,093 \\ 770 & 255,712 \\ 320- & 1,100\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}320-363,612 & 1,106- & 421,547\end{array}$
1,204
$\frac{1,204}{360,408}$
$\stackrel{20}{2,456-}$

To forcign ports...........
To eoastwise ports.
aken for manufacture
Stock at end of year, Nor-
Deduct:
Reccived from Wilming-
stonk beginning of jear.
Total product of year...
Total product of year...... 568,383 513,985 * "Norfolk, de." exports are made up this year as follows: To forelgn perts ali the shipments are from Norfolk; to coastwise ports all the mond, Petersburg, \&c.
Shipments:
From Memphis
From Nashvili
From other piaco...... in
Tennessoe, Mississippi,
Stock in Memphis and
Nashville at end of year.
Deluct:
Shipped from Memplis to
Now Orieans, \&c.......
Shipped from Memphis to
Shipped from Memphis to
Shipped from Nashville
Shipper Charleston, \&c....
Tetal produet of year....
*Of these shiphent 8,651 bales went inland by ratiread from Wii mingthen went iniand by ratiread from Wilmingten North and 14 bales to Charleston, and are dedneted in overiand.

## Virginia.

$\begin{array}{ll}203,536 & 159,357 \\ 354,592 & 347,592\end{array}$
9,925
12,578

Florlda.
$-1878-79 . \longrightarrow-1877-78$.
Exported from Fernandina, \&c.:w
To foreign ports........... 17,035
Stork at close of year....... ......- 56,716
5,277
16,547
16,547

Total produet of year...... $\quad 56,716 \quad 21,818$

21,824
6- $\quad 6$ *These flgurcs represent this year, as heretofore, only the shipments frem the Florida outports. Other Fiorida eotton has gone intand to Savannah, Mohile, \&o, but we have followed our usuni custom of eotunt ing that cotton at the outports where it first appears.
Pensacola and are deducted under the head of Mobile in overiand.
Georgia.

| Exported from Savannal: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To foreign ports-Upland | 460,110 | 348,302 |  |
| 'To foreign ports-Sea Is'd | 1,786 | 2,937 |  |
| To eoastwise ports-Lp- |  |  |  |
| land...................... | 233,012 | 258,828 |  |
| Te censtwise ports-Sea |  |  |  |
| Island Exported from Brunswick, | c.: ${ }^{6,500}$ | 8,459 |  |
| To foreign yorts.......... | 8 | 2,847 |  |
| To coastivise ports ........ | 18,391 | 6,932 |  |
| Burnt........................ | ...... | 2,910 456 |  |
| Manufactured.............. |  |  |  |
| Upiand. <br> Sea Tsiand | 1,679 $8-721,494$ | $\begin{gathered} 3,355 \\ 14- \end{gathered}$ | 635,010 |
| Deduet: |  |  |  |
| Recelved from Mobtle and New Orlcans. | 5,962 | 25,844 |  |
| Rccelved from Beauiort, Charleston, do. |  | 75 |  |
| Received from Fiorida: |  |  | - |
| Upiand ${ }^{\text {+ }}$. | 4.946 | ${ }_{7}^{692}$ |  |
| Sca Island** | 2,465 | 1,785 |  |
| Stock begrinning of year: |  |  |  |
| Upiand. <br> Sea Isiand. | 3,355 $14-16,742$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{1 , 8 6 9} \\ \mathbf{9 9}- \end{array}$ | 30,364 |
| Total product of ye | 704,752 |  | 604,67 |

the receipts at Sarannal from the Fierida out, and, being counted in the Fiorida receipts, are deducted here. Besides these amounts there have aiso been 25,669 baies Upland and 3,763 bales Sea Is'and, from the interior of Florida, received at Savannalh during the year by rail.

## South Carolina.

| Experted from Charleston, \&e.: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To fereign ports-Upland | 374,097 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 299,509 \\ 6.366 \end{array}$ |  |
| To foreign ports-Sea Is'd $\quad 5,169 \quad 6,366$ |  |  |  |  |
| To coastwiso perts-Upland. | 119,485 |  | 143,779 |  |
| Island.................. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,344 |  | 6,468 |  |
| Exported from George- | 1,897 |  | 1,907 |  |
| Stook at close of year: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Upland. Sca Island.................... | $\begin{array}{r} 216 \\ 19- \end{array}$ | 514,427 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,852 \\ & \cdot 113- \end{aligned}$ | 459,993 |
| Deduct: |  |  |  |  |
| Recelved from Fiorida- |  |  |  |  |
| Upiand.................. | 1,333 |  | 8 |  |
| Sea Island............... | 2,286 |  | 5,550 |  |
| Recelv'd from Wilmingt'n | 14 |  |  |  |
| Recelved from Savan- |  |  |  |  |
| Upland.................. | 408 |  | 557 |  |
| 8ea Island.............. | 1,400 |  |  |  |
| Stock beginming of year: |  |  | 1,949 |  |
| Sea Island. | 1,83- | 7,406 | 1,949- | 9,013 |
| Total product of year |  | 507,022 |  | 450,980 |

Total product of year....... $\quad 507,021 \quad 450,980$ baies Upiand to Liverpool from Port Royai.

North Carolina.

## Ex

## To foreign ports Wington, de. <br> co coastwise portst <br> Taken for eensumptiou..

Stock at.
Deduct:
7,878


Tennessee- (Concluded.)

## 474,255

 327,620

of year.... ...............
Total shipments to New
York, ce....................
Add shipments to mani-
Total product from Tennesses ${ }^{4}$........................ 816,953
 Consumed in the south.
ot Included $\qquad$
Total crop lu the United States fer the Fear ending Sept. I,

* $\qquad$
$1,015-667,780$

342,698
474,255
......... ni, Nor folk ane....... 5,0 are included in the New Orleans, Virginia aud South Carolina crops.
Below we give the total crop each year since 1832


Consumption.
The past year has been a truly memorable one in cotton spinning as well as in cotton raising. Unfortunately, the nature of the crisis the world was passing through was not generally understood, so that each succeeding month has proved an increasing disappointment. Our readers may avoid a similar experience the present season by accepting the lesson taught, and by refusing longer to hope for a consumption based on the old conditions.
The truth is, late events have given new proof of the important fact that there are too many spindles in the world for them all to find profitable employment. This condition will not last, but it enforces a period of rest until the capacity to consume goods shall overtake the capacity to spin. The breaking out of our war and the blockading of the Southern ports added sudden wealth to all ether cotton-producing countries, while in the United States, under the influence of rising paper values, there was seemingly a marvelous growth in wealth. Here was a remarkable development of purchasing power, quickly exciting an unnatural demand for European manufactures. As the war closed, this stimulating process received a new impulse through the many millions borrowed by us in Europe and recklessly and lavishly thrown back there for European products to feed the extravagance the borrowed money fostered. Under these conditions cotton spindles increased so rapidly that against a consumption of about $1,705,400,000$ pounds in 1866-67 they had reached a capacity in 1878 of about $2,400,000,000$ pounds, or about $4^{2} / 4$ million bales, of 400 lbs . each, in 1867 against about 6 million bales of the same weight in 1878. Furthermnre-and this is the more important fact-Great Britain, instead of being almost the sole producer of many descriptions of cotton goods, only furnished at the latter date about 40 per cent of the total production (and much of that a forced trade), every European country together with the United States and India having become co-partners in the work. And now our panic, which first took the mask off here and subsequently disclosed the unreal in Europe as well, has left Great Britain to divide up the normal consumption between herself and her new partners; not so much that any of these countries have become exporters of goods as that they lave curtailed England's exports by supplying to a greater extent their own consumption. Even this very season Russia las increased her takings of cotton about two thousand bales per week, which simply means so much less demand on Manchester from Russia.
Why, it may be asked, did not the full effect of these facts become evident before the present season? For the very simple reason that Manchester, to bridge over the difficulty which it hoped was temporary, has ever since the panic and even pro-viously-for the development then coming cast its shadow before-been engaged in a fictitious trade, an effort to make up in a forced way for the actual falling off in demand from these very countries. The failure of the City of Glasgow Bank was the first of a series of events which disclosed the real situation, showing that there was not at present a capacity among her customers to consume the product of all of England's spindles. Had it not been, however, for the fluctuations in silver, the end would not have come so soon or been so ruinous in its effects;
for that was a disturbing influence which not only doubled the losses in the cotton ludustry, bat made them common to all her other industries. Finally, a series of increasingly-fad crops has, as it were, added the last feather to the burden. England pays for her food with the profit on her manufactures. To-day she is left with greatly-enlarged supplies to pay for, and diminished, if not diminishing, profits to pay with.
Are we not thus brought to the conclusion that it would be wiser to anticipate a decrease in European consumption this year rather than an increase? We do not mean that the present extreme prostration at Manchester will continue in its full force, for that prostration is in part due to the general distress prevailing in Great Britain; and anon her home trade our own reviving industries are cen now haveing a favorable effect. This favorable influence will also extend as the year progresses, not only increasing in some degree England's export of cotton goods, but, through revival of other trades, giving employment to and enlarging the consuming power of the working classes there. Yet the recovery mast be very slow, and limited by the facts (1) that England has permanently lost in great part the Continental and American trade in manufactured cottons, while (2) her Eastern and South American trade mast remain in a demoralized condition so long as silver is depressed and fluctuating. Is it not therefore difficult to see how Great Britain can, daring the coming twelve months, work up to the foll average of this year; the Continent is likely to show some small Increase in its takings, but scarcely sufficient to make up for the falling off in England's demand. In this connection we give Mr. Thomas Ellison's statement of consumption of Great Britain and the Continent since 1870, adding, for previous years, figures heretofore given by us, with an estimate for the year which ends with Oct. 1. In the table three ciphers are omitted.

*Estimated.
The cotton-manufacturing industry of the United States has passed through an experience quite different from that of Great Britain, both in origin and nature. Great Britain has been, and is, suffering mainly, as we have seen, because her old customers have left her and have begun to manufacture for themselves. We had no customers to lose other than the home demand, and that was checked-except at ruinously low prices-by reason of our poverty, the result of years of reckless extravagance. But the prosperity which has at length como has been reached through a process which makes it doubly valuable; for our enforced economies have taught us how to produce goods cheaper than ever before. To show the present situation of the trade, we have prepared the following statement of the prices of prints, standard sheetings and low middling cotton on the first day of each month for the past three years.

turers' pries Quetatlous are use on or about the first of each month

We here see how materially the condition has improved. On the 1st of September, 1878, standard sheetings were selling at $73 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per yard of 2.85 yards to the pound; while low middling cotton brought 11 15-16c. per pound; on the 1st of August, 1879 , standard sheetings were quoted at 81/2c. per yard when cotton was ruling at 113 -16c. per pound; which marks an improvement of $3 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. a yard in the cloth with cotton also 8/4c. a pound cheaper. Comparing with previous years, we must remember that the cost of production is now essentially lower.

What effect the improvement in the home demand and in the price of our cotton goods, and the lower cost of manufacturing at Manchester, may have upon our export movement is perhaps uncertain. In the figures we give below it will be seen that the exports this year have not materially changed either in value or quantity from the preceding year. It is perhaps more reasonable to expect no special increase the coming year. Onr growing home demand is likely to absorb the production, but the improved prices will lead to a more rapid growth of spindles, and an increased outside demand will therefore become a necessity later on. We shall have to be ready to meet that condition, if we would see our cotton-goods trade permanently prosperous. . A preliminary to any considerable development, is such a modification of our laws as will in the first place take off all burdens from this industry, and, in the second place, help us to open up a regular direct trade with the nations needing our goods. We have no doubt that our people will soon see the importance of this policy; and that when the financial questions which now furnish a subject for contention shall have been finally settled-as they very quickly will be-the subject of a freer trade with foreign nations must become the engrossing one, and whatever tencs in that direction will be adopted. Below we give the total exports from the United States of cotton goods for the years named ending June 30.
exports of cotton manufactures.

|  | Year Endlng June 30 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 1874. |
| Colored goods.. . Yds. | 45,116,058 | 37,765,313 | 29,111,434 | 4,600,447 |
| do Value | \$3,209,235 | \$2,959,910 | \$2,446,145 | \$ 860,262 |
| Uncolored goods. Yds. | 84,081,319 | 88,528,192 | 76,720,260 | 13,237,510 |
| do Value | \$6,288,131 | \$7.053,463 | \$6,424,154 | \$1,686,297 |
| Othermanfs of. Value | \$1,356,534 | \$1,422,257 | \$1,310,685 | \$744,773 |
| Tetal cotten manuf's exported .. . Yalue | 0,853,950 | 1,435,660 | \$10,180,98 | 3,091,33 |

Although these figures are in themselves small, the effect of the export movement on prices is very considerable. It has kept our spindles all basy by carrying off a surplus during the year that would have weighed heavily on the market. We understand also that the business has been done at a profit; the greater efficiency of our machinery enabling the average operative to accomplish almost twice the work done in 1860 even with one hour less per day, 1,000 spindles requiring then an average of $263 / 2$ high-priced hands against 15 less skilled, and therefore lower-priced, hands now. The future, however, of this export trade, as we have already said, will require to meet, and be tried by, the new conditions which are now developing. They may be summed up in one sentence-strikes in this country pointing to higher wages, increased home demand leading to higher prices, at a time when Manchester is passing through and progressing in the opposite process of economy in production.
To what has already been said very little needs to be added to complete the records of our goods trade for the year. Two circumstances have contributed to check, in some degree, the consumption of cotton-(1.) the strike at Fall River; (2.) the short supply of cotton. The latter influence has tended to make managers conservative-that is, not pressing work, rather than actually stopping spindles to any great extent. It has also led spinners to economize in their purchases of cotton, so that our total takings to-day are really somewhat less than the consumption, spinners closing last year with fair stocks and the present season with very small stocks. Altogether we should say thet the actual consumption has increased this year about five per cent. The additional spindles set up the past season will probably reach 250,000 , making the total spindles in the United States about $10,750,000$. With these explanations we give our usual statenent of the takings of cotton North and South during the past season.

Total crop of the United 8tates, as above stated.........bales. 5,073,531 8tock on hand commencement of year
(8ept. 1, 1878)-
At Northern ports...................... 28,908
At Southern ports...................... 14,541- 43,449
At Providence, \&c., Northern interior markets.

2,335- 45,784
Total supply during year cnding Sept. 1, 1879 ........ ........ 5,119,315 Of this supply there has been-

Exported to forelgu perts during the
yenr................................. 3,467,565
Lcess forelgu cottos ícluded......... 11,018
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Sent to Causda direct from West...... } & 11,018-3,456,547 \\ 12,981\end{array}$
Burnt, North and 8outh*
14,879
Stock ou hasdend of year (Sept. 1, 1879)-
At Northern ports...................... 44,348
At Southeru ports......................
At Provideuce, \&c., Northern Iuterior
markets..
14,762- $\quad 59,110$

Total takinge by splaners is United 8tates, ycar ending September 1,1879..
$1,568,960$ Taken by syiuuers in Southern States, Included in abovetotal 152,000 Total takings by Northern sphuners... $\qquad$ 416,960 ven Burnt incindes not ooly what has becn thus destroyed at the Northern and southern outports, bat also nll burnt on Northern rail-
roads and in Northern faetories. Every fire which lias occurred, either in a mill or on a rallroad fu the North, during the past ycar, we have investigated; and where there was cotton lost, have seught, and in ahnest every case obtained, a fuil return of the less.

This statement shows the total takings by spinners to have been $1,568,960$ bales, of which the South has taken 152,000 bales and the North $1,416,960$ bales. We find it necessary, on account of inaccurate estimates that are being made on the basis of our figures, to repeat what we have 80 often said before,-that a considerable portion of the takings of cotton every year since prices were so low has been to supply the demand of worsted, woolen and knitting mills. Consequently no safe conclusion can be reached from those takings as to the consumption per spindle of our cotton mills. The latest facts on that subject will be found in our report of 1875. It is hoped that Mr. Walker, the efficient and capable Superin. tendent of the Census Burean, will be able to furnish us his census with regard to the cotton consuming indnstry by the close of another year. Fur comparison we give the following, showing the total takings for all purposes by the North and by the mills at the Sonth for a series of years.


Welght of Bales.
The gross weight of bales and of the crop this year we have made up as follows. We give last year's statement for comparison.


According to the foregoing, the average gross weight per bale this season was 473.08 lbs., against 480.10 lbs . in 1878 , or 7.02 lbs. less than last year, which indicates about 3.91 per cent increase in the total weight of the crop. Had, therefore, as many pounds been put into each bale as during the previous season, the crop would have aggregated only abont $5,000,000$ bales. But it should be stated in the same connection that the waste in spinning is less this year, the cotton having been packed dry, which probably is the real cause of the decreased weight. The relation of the weights this year to previous years may be seen from the following comparison:

| 8cason of | Cror. |  | Av. Wolght per Bale. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of Bales. | Weight, Pounds. |  |
| $\overline{1878-79}$ | 5,073.531 | 2.400,205.525 | 473.08 |
| 1877-78 | $4,811,265$ $4.485,423$ | 2,100,465,086 | $480 \cdot 28$ 468 |
| 1875-76 | $4,669,283$ | 2,201,410,024 | 471.46 |
| 1874-75 | 3,882.991 | 1,786,934,765 | 468.00 469.00 |

The foregoing are gross weights.

## Tho New Crop and Ita Marketing.

The last table, slowing the comparative weights of the crops for the last few years, furnishes of course the only true measure of the extent of each of them. With regard to the crop which has just began to reach the ports, it is too early yet, even if we were disposed, to give any definite estimate. The Agricultural Burean reports indicate up to this date a condition promising a less yield than the present year. There is, however, a large class who dissent from that conclasion, as it is thonght that the Mississippi Valley is pretty sure to at least make good the losses in other sections. One thing is certain-for nobody questions it-and that is that the date of the maturity of the crop in the varions States is still (after all the summer changes) about as we indicated it was in our acreage report of last June. It most be classed as a late crop; whereas the one which has just been marketed mast be classed as an early crop. Yet the plant is by no means everywhere equally late. In the Atlantic States and in the upper portion of the Gnlf States, the difference between the two years is most marked; in the lower half. of Alabama there is less difference; while in portions of Mississippi and Louisiana the crop is fully as forward as in 1878. In Texas the drought has hastened the maturity, so that in a part of the State the crop is probably in advance of last year. As bearing apon this question, and being useful for future reference, we bring forward our data with regard to the receipt of first bale and the total receipts to Sept. 1st of new cotton for several years. First we give the date of the receipt of first bale.


* Passed through Now Orleans at this date.
These dates show that the crop must be classed as a late one.

But a better indication are the arrivals of new cotton to Sept 1.
abmivals of new cotton to sept. 1.

|  | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878. | 187 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charlotte, N. C |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{7}$ |  |
| Charlesto | 8 | 226 |  | 253 | 117 | 1,408 | 40 |
| tlanta | None. | None. | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Savan | 1,254 | 1,421 | 396 | 1,500 | 227 | 4.765 | 521 |
| Macon, | 304 | 195 | 506 | . 898 | 113 | 1,286 | 5 |
| Montgomery, | 288 | 190 | 247 | 216 | 304 | 795 | 0 |
| Moblle, Ala | 47 | 175 | 212 | 114 | 55 | 530 |  |
| Nev\% Orlea | 71 | 320 39 | 342 | 429 | 419 | 1,113 | 734 |
| Vlcksburg, Mis |  |  | 6 | 48 | 5 | 187 |  |
| Nashville, Tean |  |  |  | 8 | None. | 10 |  |
| Memphis, Tean |  |  |  | 4 S |  | 48 |  |
| Galveston, Texa | 1,989 | 2,706 | 6,218 | 5,232 | 1,051 | 8.691 | 10,52 |
| Total all ports to Sept. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## * Estimated; no return recelved.

The receipts for last year would have been even larger than they were had not the yellow fever visited the Mississippi Valley. But even as they stand, they appear to prove, when compared with other seasons, that the crop just marketed, was one of the earliest of our record. For this year the movement at Texas is exceptional, as we have already stated.

Sea Island Crop and Consumption.
We have again to acknowledge our indebtedness to the kindness of the various receivers and shippers of Sea Island cotton,
through whose assistance we are able to contlnue onr annual report of that staple. As our readers are aware, no record is kept of the export movements of Sea Islands except for the ports of Charleston and Savannah. For the Northern ports, Custom House manifests furnish no guide. We have foand it impossible, therefore, to perfect these flgnres except by apecial correspondence in every case with the consignee or the shipper, and in this way following every bale of Sea Island, after it appeared at a Southern ontport, antil it either had actually been exported or taken for consumption. We should also state that for the shipments of cotton direct from Horida to ports other than Clarleston and Savannah, we have in the case of each consignment, at the time of its recelpt, procured from the receivers the exact number of bales of Sca Island received. Hence, the following results thus obtained are as accurato as we can make them.


Rceedpts at 8avannah...... 8,230
Recedpts at Brunswicti, \&ce..
44- $8,280 \quad 11,311$ Recoijts at Brunswick, \&o..
Deduct:

Total Soa Island crop of Ga. $\quad 2,052 \quad 3,008$


| Ports OF- | Supply, year ending Sept. 1, 1579. |  |  | HowDistributed. 1 $\|$Of whleh Ex- <br> porta |  |  |  | Total perts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Steck, } \\ & \text { sep.1. } \\ & \text { sing. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { Crop. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Sulpply. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Leay'g' } \\ \text { Por dik } \\ \text { trib't'a, } \end{array}\right.$ | Great Britain. | 1I'rre |  |
| S. C | 113 |  |  | 19 | 7,22 | 3,490 | 1,0 | 5,169 |
| Georg | 15 | 2,052 |  | 11 |  |  | 248 |  |
| Fiorid |  | 13,776 | 13,776 |  | 13,776 | . 211 |  | 11 |
| N. Or] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Yo |  |  |  |  |  | 2.622 | 31\% | 2,037 |
| listou |  |  |  |  |  | 2,593 |  | 2,593 |
| 1'hil'de |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 28 |  | 3,09 |  | 3,061 | 45 |  |  |

From the foregoing we see that the total growth of Sea Island this year is 22,963 bales; and with the stock at the beginning of the year- 128 bales, we have the following as the total supply and distribution.
This year's crop....................................................bales. 22,903


Exported to forelga purts ............................ . bates. 12,098
Steck end of year..................................................... $30-12,728$
Leaving for consmption in United states ............ bales, 10,363
We thus reach the conclusion that our spinners hare consumed of Sea Island cotton this year 10,363 bales, less whatever (if any) stock there may be remaining in our Northern ports in excess of last year. The following useful table shows the crops and movement of Sea Islands since the war.

| sEASON. | CROP. |  |  |  |  | ExPonts. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Florl- | Georgla. | South <br> Caro- <br> lna. | Tox- | Total. | Great Mrlt'n. | Contlin'nt | Total exports. |  |  |
| 187 | 13,776 | 2.052 | 7.1538 | 2 | 22.013 | 10.458 | 2.242 | 12,898 | 10. | 30 |
| 1877-78 | 14.739 | S.604 | 8,448 | 0 | 24, 17.825 | 12,594 | 3,701 | 18,293 |  |  |
| 1876-77 | 11.214 | 1,669 | 4.758 | 7 | 14,mm | 11,501 | 1,345 | 12,936 | 1.415 | $5 \% 7$ |
| 1874-75 | 8.313 | 1,110 | 7,400 | 204 | 17,027 | 13.134 | 1,807 | 13.046 | 2,19 | 8*2 |
| 1878-74. | 8 \% 42 | 1,408 | 8.7.78 | 9220 | 19,912 | 16.986 | 1, $\mathrm{N} \mathrm{\% 7}$ | 18,873 | 2.118 | ${ }^{505}$ |
| $1872-73$ | 10.764 | 1.268 | 13,156 | 1, 8100 | 26,204 18,44 | ${ }_{14.891}$ | 628 | 13,484 |  | . 370 |
| 1870-71 | 8.753 | 4,834 | 7 \% 218 | 704 | 21,1809 | 10.814 | 61 | 19,005 | $1.87{ }^{2}$ | 635 |
| 1889-70 | 0, 418 | 0.225 | 7,391 |  | 28,507 | 22,76 | 1,040 | 24.716 | 1.8. | ${ }^{603}$ |
| 1838 | 0.703 | 6,371 | 5,808 |  | 18,642 | ${ }_{10}^{15,388}$ | $1 . \mathrm{NJ}$ | 17.850 |  | 150 |
| 1867-68 | 10.4012 | 10,015 | 11,001 |  | 82,2023 | 30,814 | 948 | 30.708 | .507 | 410 |
| 1865 | 2,428 | 10,457 | 5,630 |  | 10,015 | 18,080 | 145 | 18,291 |  | 4*5 |
| Total. | 181,851 | 61,084 | 102,6 |  | 200.808 | 240.5 | 8,20 | 8. 891 | 41.97 | 244 |

E1F "The column of "Amertcan Consumption" in thla table Iacludea burnt In the United States.

## Movement of Cotion at the Interlor Ports.

Below we give the total receipts and shipments of cotton at
the interior ports, and the stock on the 1st of September of each year.

|  | Year ending Sept. 1, 1878. |  |  | Year ending Sept. 1, 1879. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Receipts. | Shlpm'ts. | Stock. | Receipts. | Shipm'ts. | 8tock. |
| A |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Columbus, | 73,350 |  | 453 |  |  | 5 |
| Macon, Ga. | 60,474 | 60,415 | 527 | 59,208 | 59,491 | 44 |
| N'tgomery, | 106,284 | 105,954 | 1,117 | 132,387 | 132,923 | 81 |
| Selma, Ala | 92,681 412,393 | 92,506 416,731 | 499 | 100,609 386,129 | 100,683 386,697 | 6 |
| Memphis, Tenn. Nashville, Tem, | 412,393 | 416,731 56,902 | 954 91 | 386,129 48,542 | 7 | 386 1,273 |
| Total, old ports. | 9 | 970,426 | 3,971 | 977,592 | 977,875 | 88 |
| Dallas, Tcxa | 30,363 | 30,43 | 60 | 43,233 | 43,067 | 0 |
| Jefferson, Texas | 30,000 | 30,0 | 25 | 27,469 |  | 59 |
| Shrevepert, Ja. | 103,779 | 103,822 | 150 | 86,655 |  | 210 |
| Vicksburg, Miss. | 171,347 | 171,511 | 63 |  |  | 33 |
| Columbas, M1iss. | 27,420 | 27,368 | 92 | 22,297 |  | 0 |
| Gufaula, | 42,981 | 43,094 | 287 |  |  | 7 |
| Atlanta, | 100,418 | 100,527 | 101 | 18,7859 |  | 9 |
| Rome, Ga | 48,166 | 48,139 | 84 | 62,123 | 62,213 |  |
| Charlette, | 56,280 | 56,294 | 150 | 39,382 | 39,286 | 246 |
| St. Louls, | 246,674 | 247.350 | $8 \cdot 5$ | 332,437 | 332,101 | 1,161 |
| Cincinuati, | 184,895 | 188,877 | 876 | 248,069 | 247,087 | 858 |
| rts | 1,055,451 | 1,060, | 2,803 | 1,053,11 | 1,051,69 | 4,220 |
| Tota | 2,0 | 2, | 6,774 | 2,030.708 | 2,029,574 | 7,908 |

The shipments in this statement include amounts taken from these interior ports for home consumption and amonnts burnt. Exports.
In the first table given in this report will be found the foreign exports the past year from each port to Great Britain, France and other ports, stated separately, as well as the totals to all the ports. In the following we give the total foreign exports for sis years for comparison.
Total Exports of Cotion to Forelign Ports for Six Years.

| Frox- | Exports (bales) to Fereign Ports for Year ending Aug. 31. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878 | 18.9. |
| N. Ori'ns | 1,147,314 | 995,270 | 1,363,005 | 1,204,591 | 1,453,096 | 1,243,746 |
| Mobile | 132,367 | 131,341 | 243,683 | 218,703 | 164.093 | 123,214 |
| Gearyia.. | 247,866 | 275,130 | 281,713 370.218 | 337,480 298,540 | 305,874 354,086 | 379,266 |
| Texas.. | 274,383 | 224,284 | 236,449 | 25x,235 | 225,174 | 353,817 |
| Florida .. | 835 |  |  | 1,362 | 5,277 | 17,035 |
| No. Car.. | 6,333 | 15,375 | 27.267 | 36,374 | 56,677 | 63,011 |
| Virginia | 20,721 | 67,212 | 108,693 | 121,169 | 159,357 | 203,536 |
| New York | 483,596 | 445,172 | 494,374 | 434,158 | 401,959 | 370,847 |
| Philondel | 25,399 | 36,259 26.090 | 58,078 40,007 | 75,310 30,844 | 127,874 | 124,470 26,389 |
| Baltim're | 41.528 | 44,567 | 29,114 | 32,316 | 58,367 | 95,203 |
|  | 352 468 | 431 | 393 | 415 | 9,176 486 | 127 |


| Total fr'm |
| :---: |
| U.States $2.840,981$ |

Below we give a detailed statement of the year's exports from each port, showing the direction which these shipments have taken.

| To- | New | Mobile. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Gal- } \\ \text { veston } \end{array}$ | Charleston. | Savannah. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { York. } \end{aligned}$ | Baltimore. | Other ports. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITverponl | 660.718 | 56,640 | 208,067 | 142.270 | 197,453 | 232,051 | 76,278 | 404,468 | 2,047,854 |
| Fleetwo d |  |  | 2.881 | 1,383 |  |  |  |  | 4,214 |
| Hull, ${ }^{\text {de.. }}$ |  |  | 2,717 |  | ....... | 5,052 |  | ...... | 7,769 |
| Cork, Fai- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| m'th, \&c. | 8.208 |  | 11,096 | 2,330 | 7,828 | 14,853 |  | 3,580 | 47,930 |
| Havre.... | 211.789 | 35,583 | 60,484 | 54,506 | 22,546 | 19,580 | 406 | 4,730 | 40,773 |
| Rouen.... | 5,023 |  |  | 1,272 |  |  |  |  | 7,195 |
| and Mar- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| seilles... | 81,428 | 8,940 | 55,859 | 29.405 | 82,978 |  | 18,429 | 11,0 | 2,087 |
| Bremer- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| haven.... |  |  | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,00s |
| Amst'd'm | 3.261 | 5,005 | 2,312 | 21,4090 | 15,060 |  |  | 5,907 |  |
| Rott'rd'm | 5,262 |  |  | ${ }^{1}, 786$ | 1,755 |  |  |  | 8.743 |
| Antwerp. | 5,237 |  |  | 2,707 | 5,075 | 685 |  |  | 14,554 |
| Reval...... | 150,407 | 6,612 | 117,488 | 22,707 | \%1., ${ }^{\text {cisi }}$ | 2,200 |  |  | 205,403 |
| Cronstadt | 24,537 |  | 2,430 | 2,475 | 4,879 |  |  |  | 34,321 |
| Riga...... | . 4,281 |  | 1,520 |  | 1,850 | ....... |  |  | 7,401 |
| Hango \& Helsing- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $!$ |
| fors.... ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1,600 |  |  |  | 2,000 |  |  |  | 9,000 |
| Serstop' | 5,975 |  |  | \%,910 | 4,100 |  |  |  | 17,115 |
| Gergen. ${ }_{\text {Gotten }}$ |  |  | 1,688 | 6,090 | 1,00 |  |  |  | \% 7.780 |
| Norrkop- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ing...... |  | ...... |  | 1,020 | 1.675 |  |  |  | 2,695 |
| Barcelona | -18,616 | 6,4i4 | 1,960 | - 7 4,945 | 22,740 | ¢,0̋io |  |  | 181.315 |
| Santand'r | 1,800 |  |  |  | 490 |  |  |  | 2,280 |
| Nialaga. | 7 7,658 |  |  |  | 2, ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ \% 0 |  |  |  | 8,806 |
| Corunna.. |  |  |  |  | 2400 |  |  |  | 400 |
| Palma de |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| merrol.... |  |  | ...... | , | 75 |  |  |  | 724 |
| Pasagea.. |  |  |  |  | 500 |  |  |  | 150 500 |
| Bllbao.... |  |  |  |  | 400 |  |  |  | 400 |
| Oporto.... | - 177.464 | 1,900 | 6,536 | 4,500 | 18,768 | 160 |  | 2.468 | 16,828 |
| Salerno... |  |  | 1,753 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,153 |
| Naples.... |  | 1,15S | 1,870 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,028 |
| Trieste... | 1,092 | 025 |  |  |  |  |  |  | '2,617 |
| Tamplco.. | 17,205 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| Otherfor- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| elgn porta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Total..... | 1,243,746 | 125,214 | 353,817 | S79.266 | 461,904 | \$70,847 | 05.20S | $\overline{489,508}$ | $\overline{3,467,565}$ |

[^0]
## 

## From our own correspondent. 1

London, Saturday, Angust 30, 1879.
A week of very wet and boisterous weather has exerted considerable influence over the country, trade showing fewer indications of revival, while the ralne of money has had an upward tendency, owing to an increased demand for gold to pay for foreign grain. There is no belief at present that the Bank of England rate is abont to be raised, but the open market quotations have for some days past been advancing, and the "outside" minimom is now $11 / 4$ per cent instead of only $3 / 4$ per cent. Some are of opinion that that advance will not be maintained; bat there can be no doubt that we shall have to import food very largely, and that unless we dispose of our manufactures much more liberally, gold will have to be sent away in order to balance our trade with foreign countries. The continental exchanges, however, are in our favor, and gold is arriving in moderate quantties from several quarters; but about $£ 800,000$ has been shipped to New York during the week, and further sums are likely to follow. It is not at present expected that the movement will assume any considerable proportions, but even if it should, the supply of gold here is very large, being as much as $£ 34,848,355$, and is capable, therefore, of being reduced, without inconvenience to the country. A reduction in our supply of gold and an increase in the rates of discount were not to be desired on account of a bad harvest, and it is apprehended that the long-looked-for improvement in trade is still quite prospective. The increase in onr trade with the United States is a very satisfactory feature, but as long as the American tariff is so high and so hostile to us, doubts are entertained as to its permanency, or at all events as to its further progression. The heavy loss which the agricnltural community of this country will sustain, in consequence of deficient crops, must tell very seriously upon our home trade, and it is the opinion that any improvement which may take place in our foreign trade will not be substantial enough to compensate manufacturers for the absence of home orders. When it is borue in mind that those countries whose trade shows symptoms of revival are strongly protectionist, the truth of this belief will possibly be confirmed. In consequence of high tariffs abroad we nndoubtedly lose a considerable amount of trade; but enterprise is kept in check, because materials which can be applied to reproductive purposes are raised to too high a price to admit of a remunerative result. When governments can borrow money on easy terms, it is doubtful if it is wise policy to enforce high tariffs to reduce them. The British nation has, for a long series of years, paid a heavy sum annnally on its public debt. Taxation might have been increased, and the debt might have been more quickly rednced; but political economists and financiers were of opinion that during the process the public interests would suffer, as the taxes were not so serious a burden, considering the increasing prosperity of the country. The money has fructified more abundantly in the possession of the public than in that of the Government, as the prosperity of the country since free trade was introduced testifies. There can be no doubt that the more restrictions of trade are removed the greater will be the prosperity of the world. Instead of being too earnest in redncing our debt, the taxes have been removed from nearly every necessity of life, and probably living, on a reasonable and judicious scale, is as cheap in this country as in any other civilized country. Meat is still dear, but, thanks to Mr. Gladstone's financial policy, our breakfast table is free, and there is only a sixpenny duty on tea. Our capacity, therefore, for contributing to the interest on the national debt is increased, as we are all able to borrow under 3 per cent for the pnrpose. That is to say, the people can employ the money to better advantage themselves, and can give a greater stimulus to commercial and industrial enterprise. In plain language, if one hundred people each retain $£ 5$ or $£ 500$, instead of reducing the national debt to a similar extent, and if they form a company which yields them a net return of 6 or 7 per cent, they are practically borrowing money on the same terms as the Government, and are conducting a profitable operation both to themselves and the country. We have only to extend this operation to the country at large, and it is soon seen that haste in reducing national debt, when money is obtainable at a low rate, is neither judicious nor economical. To diminish the debt may be regarded as a virtue, but the operation should be conducted quietly and with judgment.

The feature in the money market is, as stated above, that the open market rates of discount have been steadily advancing towards those current at the Bank of England. The bad weather and the withdrawals of gold from the Bank of England Lave excreised considerable influence, but the demand for money for general mercantile purposes has been far from considerable. Further improvement in trade has been checked by the very indifferent liarvest prospects, but bread and provisicns have not risen much in price, and, consequently, living is still cheap. The following are the present quotations for money:
Bank rate.
Open-markot rates-
30 and 60 dars bills..... $1^{13} 4011_{8}^{2}$
Open-market rated-
4 montIs' bank
ler cent

The rates of interest allowed by the joint-stock banks and discount honses for deposits are as follows:
Jolnt-stock banks.
Percent.
Discount donses at call....ịi.a diys netce of withdrawai.
This week's Bank return shows that although $£ 651,000 \mathrm{had}$, according to the daily returns, been withdrawn from the Bank, the diminution in the stock of bullion does not exceed $£ 531,369$. Coin has been returned, therefore, from provincial circulation. The falling off in the reserve, owing to a retarn of notes, is £245,434, and the proportion of reserve to liabilities, which was last week $58 \cdot 45$ per cent, is now $58 \cdot 78$ per cent. The Bank has not experienced any increased demand for money, there being a diminution of $£ 30,482$ in " other secnrities."
Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of Middling Upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House Return, compared with the three previous years :
Circulation, Ineluding Prunk deposits... Other deposits.. Ros'vo of notes \& coln Coln and buliion in Proportion of resarve to Tiabilitics.......... Bank rate Consols .................... Mid. Upland eotton Clear mule twist
$\begin{array}{cc}1879 . & \\ \$ \\ 28,829.366 & 27 \\ 4.876,922 & \\ 31,030,385 & 2 \\ 15,930,087 & 1 \\ 16,932,400 & 1 \\ 21,305,510 & \\ 34,815,355 & 2\end{array}$
$34,815,355 \quad 21$
1878.
2
$27,326.041$
$3,055,347$
$20,624,222$
$14,867,178$
$17,433,083$
$9,930,458$ 25
2
2
1
1
1
1
1 $\begin{array}{r}187 \% \\ 2 \Omega, 247,0 \\ 4,302,4 \\ 23,013, \\ 14,910,5 \\ 18.519,5 \\ \hline\end{array}$

25,029,219 2

|  |
| :---: |
| $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{e}_{9}^{18}$ |
| 63s. 10id. |
|  | $80,730,000$

On the subject of the crops the following appears in the Agricultural Gazette. It may be added that since that was written the prospect is still more unsatisfactory, owing to very bad weather :
"Our annual harvest inquiry is three weeks later than asual, and it Is still a fortnight too carly, for the harvest Itself is at least a month behind. Our correspondents havo, however, been able with few exceptions to speak with conflence, and thelr reports may be taken as a true account of a very dismal outlook. It will be seen that three-fourths of the wheat reports are below an average, and onlp one per cent is over average; and barley, beans, and peas arealmost as bad. We have giren the general results of the correspondence $\ln$ the following tables, and detailed reports occupy the greater portion of our space to-day.
"The following, then, are our resnlts stated arithmetlcally ; the numbers of the reports received-according to the character foretold-over average, average, and under average, respectively:

"Reducing those to percentage numbers, for their comparison with those of previous years, we lave the following table

| 1879. | Wheat. | Barley: | Onts. | Beans. | Pear. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over aver | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | ${ }_{3}^{4}$ | ${ }_{5}^{20}$ | ${ }^{4} L_{2}$ | ${ }^{4}$ |
| Uuder avera | 75 | 01 | $\stackrel{3}{ }$ | $6_{65}$ | 66 |
| ta | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

"Compare, now, these percentages with those of the returns receired in 1878,1877 and 1876 , respeetively, and it will be seen that even with the worst of them there is a doleful contrast :

| 1878. | Whent. | Barley. | Oats. | Beans. | reas. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ower average.. |  |  |  | 7 | 6 |
| Average. | ... 58 | 43 | 50 | 03 | 55 |
| Under average. | . 18 | 43 | 48 | 30 | 39 |
| Total. | .. 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1877. | Wheat. | Barley. | Oats. | Beans. | Peas. |
| Over averago. | - $3^{11_{2}}$ | 10 | 23 | 12 |  |
| Avorage. | . 243 | 50 | 49 | 69 | 61 |
| Uuder average. | .. $71{ }^{\text {星 }}$ | 40 | 23 | 19 | 39 |
| Total. | . 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1876. | Wheat. | Burley. | Oats. | Beans. | Peas. |
| Over neerago. | . 12 |  | 15 | 12 |  |
| Average. |  | 51 | 20 | 44 | 67 |
| Under average. | .. 40 | 34 | 65 | 14 | 11 |
| Total. | . 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Total.......................... $100 \quad 100 \quad 100 \quad 100 \quad 100$
"Of these three previous years, 1877 was the worst; but, even with the bad account of that year's produce; this of the wheat and barley, beans and peas, compares unfarorably. Oats alone are this year a fair and average crop.

To this account of the cereals it must be added that potatoes are everywhere either a failure or rapidly on the road to destruction; that the hay crop, most of it badly made, is not yet completely harvested; and that the mangold, swede and turnip crops are late and generally fonl, and of less area than usnal. The rain continues, and the ontlook is most gloomy.'
During the 52 weeks ended on the 23rd of Angust. and which embraces an agricultural season, the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales amounted to $2,492,130$ quarters, against $2,028,953$ quarters in the previous season; and it is estimated that in the whole kingdom they were $9,968,520$ quarters against $8,115,820$ quarters in 1577-8. The sales of home-grown wheat show an increase for the past season, therefore, over the preceding one of $1,852,700$ quarters. On the other hand our imports of wheat and flour have fallen off, having been $59,993,099$ cwt. against $61,943,751 \mathrm{cwt}$. in 1877-8. The total supply of wheat and flour placed npon the British markets, without reckoning that in granary at the commencement of the season, has amonnted to $101,317,672 \mathrm{cwt}$. against $95,244,913$ cwt. in 1877-8. The following are the particnlars for the last four seasons:

 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sales of home-grown } \\ & \text { peduce..............3,197,000 } \\ & 35,005,000\end{aligned} 35,218,100 \quad 30,384,-00$
 Deduct exports
Wheat und tlour. $\cdots \frac{1,772,427}{101,317,072} \cdot \frac{1,704.063}{95,0.44,713} \frac{908,633}{86,041,869} \frac{938,775}{06,563,499}$ v'pe price of English
Whert for the setson. 41s. $6 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 40 \mathrm{~s} .11 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 54 \mathrm{~s} .7 \mathrm{~d} . \quad 47 \mathrm{~s} .5 \mathrm{~d}$.
The following fignres show the imports and exports of cereal produce into and from the United Kingdom since harvest, viz., from the 1st of September to the close of last week, compared with the corresponding period in the three previons seasons:


| Exports. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1878-9. | 1877-8. | 1876-7. | 1875-6. |
| Wheat,............ewt. | 1,594,632 | 1,610,640 | 859,977 | 906,031 |
| Barley .................. | 108,021 | 64,001 | 52,714 | 24,551 |
| Oats. | 111,174 | 15,104 | 88,279 | 357,730 |
| Peas. | 29,116 | 20,612 | 24,169 | 39,744 |
| Beans: | 22,483 | 20,588 | 31,954 | 10,901 |
| Indian oorn | 619,239 | 245,015 | 520,561 | 57,992 |
| Flour...... | 177,795 | 93,392 | 40,656 | 32,744 |

Eng11sh Market Meports-Per Cable.
The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, as reported by cable, are shown in the following summary:

London Money and stock Market. -The bullion in the Bank of England has increased $£ 178,000$ during the week.


Liverpool Cott m Market.-See special report on cotton.
Liveryool Breadstuffs Market.-

Liverpool Provisions Karket.-
 Pet'leum, ref. 将 gal..
Pet'leum, spirits


## Commercial and zxiscelianeasglews.

Imports and Exports for tie Teek.-The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in dry goods and an increase in general merchandise. The total imports were $\$ 7,593,817$, against $\$ 6,702,469$ the preceding week and $\$ 6,512,315$ two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Scpt. 9 amounted to $\$ 6,217,157$, against $\$ 9,982,608$ last week and $\$ 6,211,377$ the previous week. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Sept. 4 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Sept. 5:
fonegg rmports at new yohk for the week.
Dry Gools. 1876.
$\$ 1,718.413$
1877.
$1.497,08$ 1878.
1879.
$\$ 2,560.571$ General mase... 2,399,255 2,578,643 $\quad \mathbf{3 , 0 8 5 , 2 4 6} \longrightarrow \mathbf{5 , 0 3 3 , 2 4 6}$
$\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Total woek...... } & \$ 1,117,693 & \$ 1,075,726 & \$ 5,085,487 & \$ 7,593,817 \\ \text { Prev. reported.. } & \mathbf{1 9 9}, 885,904 & 227,388,511 & 192,915,743 & 209,909,550\end{array}$
Tot. s'ce Jan. 1..*201,003,602 $\$ 231,461,237 \$ 198,001,230 \$ 217,503,367$
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Sept. 9:

> EXIORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.
 Prev. reported.. $175,312,882 \quad 182,798,575 \quad 230,948,918 \quad 221,061,748$
Tot. s'ce Jan. 1.. $\$ 181,730,099 \$ 188,806,032 \$ 239,036,754$
The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Sept. 6, 1879. and also a comparison of the total since January 1, 1879 with the corresponding totals for several previous years:
Sent
Canada.. $\qquad$ ...Havre................Am. silver hars

6-Str. Mosel ... $\qquad$


6-Str. City of Berlin. Liverpool . . . . . . . . . . Freueh gold, $20-$
frano pieces.. Teruv. sill. soles
Total for the week ( $\$ 78,500$ silver, and $\$ 1.200$ gold) ........ $\$ 79,700$
Prevlously reported (\$10,126,782 silv., and $\$ 1,945,83 \Omega$ gold). $12,102,620$
Tot. since Jan. 1,79 ( $\$ 10,235,282$ silv., and $\$ 1,947,039$ gold). $\$ 12,182,320$


| $1878 \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ 10,298,307$ | $1874 \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 42,171,442$ | $1870 \ldots \ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $1877 \ldots \ldots$ | $23,034,296$ | $1873 \ldots \ldots$ | $41,241,392$ | $1869 \ldots \ldots$ |


| $1876 \ldots .$. | $39,638,6 \times 2$ | $1872 \ldots .$. | $57.252,820$ | $1863 \ldots .$. | $65,352,056$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1875 \ldots \ldots$ | $62,450,072$ | $1871 \ldots .$. | $54,817,902$ | $1867 \ldots$. | $41,315,250$ |

The imports of specie at this port for the same periods have been as follows:

| 3-8tr. Frisia...... ....... Hamburg . | Am. gold. | \$254,850 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold bars.... | 1,116,000 |
| 3-8tr. Saratoga - City ..... Havana | Forelgn gold... | 330,625 |
|  | Am. silver..... | 4,234 |
| 4-Str. Lalrador. ......... Ha | Am, gold....... | 12,800 |
|  | Forekn silver. | , 353 |
|  | Gold hulllon... | 1,600 3,110 |
|  | silver bars...... | 1,372 |
|  | Am. silver..... | 200 |
|  | Amprefang.i..... | 1,234;751 |
|  | Gold Dars.. | 1,2,39,372 |
| ( ${ }_{\text {- Brig }}$ Tula..............Belize | Am. silver.. | 232 |
|  | Am. gold....... | 248,191 |
|  | Foreign gold... | 106,000 |
|  | Gold bars...... | 194,660 |

 Tot. since Jaul. 1,'79 ( $\$ 5,889,556$ silv., and $\$ 10,696,665$ g'd) $\$ 16,586,221$

 1875.... 8teamer Germanie, whieh arrived on Saturday, Sept. 6 , brought a large anount of specis. This mas not entered at the Cnstom Honse until the following Monday, anil therefore does not appear in this week's
return. The amonnt will be included in the next weok's exhiblt, however
Cayal Tolls and Business.-Mr. G. W. Schuyler, the Canal Auditor, furnishes the following comparative statement, showing the total quantity (in tons) of each article cleared on the canals from Sept. 1 to Sept. 7, inclasive, 1878 and 1879:

|  | 1878. | 1879. | Articles. | 1878. | 1879. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tolls. | \$34,137 | \$37,417 |  | Tons | Tons. |
| Total miles boata cleared. | 261 | 25,848 | *Kops. <br> *Dornestio spirits. | 2 |  |
| Articles. | Tons. | Tons. | *Leath |  |  |
| Boardsed seautling | 33,616 | 47,667 | Furuitmre. | 7 | 15 |
| Shingles. | 289 | 563 | * Bar and pig lead. |  |  |
| Timber. | 723 | 865 | Pig iron. | 2,258 | 1,8i1 |
| Staves | 138 | 727 | Bloom \& bar imon. | 151 | 797 |
| Wood. | 1,537 | 2,176 | Cast'gs \& iron w're | 63 | 8 |
| Aslues, pot \& peari |  |  | *Domestie w'lens. | 283 | 388 |
| *Ashes, leached... | 964 | 390 | *Domestie cottous | 368 | 217 |
| ${ }^{*}$ *Pork |  | 119 | Dornestie salt..... | 1,748 781 | 0,541 156 |
| *Cheese <br> *Lard, tall | 1 | 1 | Foreign salt | $\begin{array}{r}1,781 \\ 1,267 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 156 1,334 |
| lard oil. | 3 | 7 | Molasses | -297 | 1,422 |
| *Wool | 16 | 3. | Cotfer | 7 | 27 |
| Hitles |  |  | Nuils, spikes, and |  |  |
| ${ }^{*}$ Flonr | 49340 | 41390 | horseshoes... | 116 | 221 |
| Wheat | 49,340 2.675 | 41,417 2,463 | Jron anll steel. | 116 | 221 546 |
| Corra | 15,001 | 27,108 | Flint, enamel, |  | 540 |
| *Corn 1 |  | 61 | crock'ry, glassw. | 167 | 147 |
| Barley. | 228 |  | All other midse. | 3,601 | 4,131 |
| Barley malt | 517 | 199 | Stnne, lime \& clay | 8,749 | 8,129 |
| Oats | 3,272 | 87 | Gypsinm | 292 | 697 |
| Bran \& ship stufts. | 78 | 194 | Anthracite cua | 15,406 | 25,449 |
| Peas and beans. | 67 | 53 | Bituminous | 6,328 | 6,162 |
| Anples | 15 | 5 | Tron 0re. | 8,534 | 10,666 |
| Potatoce | 8 | 1 | Pety'lenm or earth |  |  |
| * Dried 1 | 20 | 231 | oil, er'tle \& 1ef'd. | $\begin{array}{r} 688 \\ 6.531 \end{array}$ |  |
| *Cotton <br> *Hemp. | 12 | 53 | 8nudries.... | 6,531 | 4,590 |
| *Clover \& gr's soed |  | 19 | Total tous | 166,318 | 198,377 |
| *Flaxseed. |  | 454 |  |  |  |

[^1]-The Homestake gold mine declares its dividend for August, 30 cents per share, payable at Wells, Fargo \& Co.'s on the 25th. Transfers close on the 20th.

Parties wishing to buy or sell first-class railroad bonds will do well to give their attention to the list of Mr. Charles T. Wing in this issue of The Chronvcle.

## binkivg and fivilcial.

## CIROUET COURT OF THE UNETED STATES, Sintil Junicial Circuit.

Calvin Amory Stevens, \&e.,
No. 662,
The Knosville \& Ơbio Railroad Com-
Eastern Distriet of Tennessce 1, $11 y$.

## ane

The East Tennessee Virgini
gia Railroad Connpany, \&e.
Sanso
The Cincinnati Cumberland Gap
Chanleston Rillroad Company, de. Sirne

Nos. 664 and 665
Easteru Distriet of Tenuessec.

No. 663,
Eastern District of Tennessee. Westeru District of Tennessee. The Memphis \& Charleaton RL. Co., sec. $\int$
In these cases (as well as in some others involving similar guestions, and in which the same pergon is eomplainant), William H. Delaney, Esq., was, on the $20 t h$ of Aughst last, appointed special Mister, to perform moved to revoke the orders fur the reason, imongothers, that they wero premature, and in the condition of the cases as they notr appear, I feel eonstrained to sustan the motion. The eases are not ripe for the inquiries whiel the Master Tras clirected to make, and it is not yet cerian
that the lnumies will ever be necessary. Nor can I see that the final disposition of the cases wonld be hastened hy any report tho Master can now make. It is therefore direcied that the aforesaid orders made on the goth of August last, by which the gaid Willian II. Delancy was appointed Master, and lyy which certain duties were required of hitu, be, and they are bereby, revoked.
Eentember 11 is70
The Clerk of the Circuit Court will enter this of record.
(Signed)
W. s.

Whe of the most fertile in the State.
For eale at pax and aecrued lotepest.
RIPLEY \& $\mathrm{COMPANI}, 66$ Broadway, N. Y.

## The Thank

No National Banks orgaalzed during the past week.

The following dividends have recently been announceat:

| Name of Company. | Por Cent. | $\begin{gathered} \text { When } \\ \text { Paynhe. } \end{gathered}$ | Books Closed. (Days Inclusive.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ballroada. <br> Chic. \& Northwcet., pref. (quar.) | 1* |  | Sept. 18 to Sept. 28 |
| Lehigh Vatley (qua | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Oct. } & 15 . \\ \text { Oct. } & 15 .\end{array}$ | 8cprt. 16 to Oct. 19 |
| Insurance. |  |  |  |
| Jefferson |  |  |  |
| Athantle \& Pac. Tetegraph (quar.) | 3 | Sept. 30. | Sept. 20 to 8cyt. :10 |
| Wentern Unlon Telegraph (fuar.) | 13 | Oct. 15 | Sert. 21 to Oct. 15 |


The Joney Market and Finamelat sitmation.-The attention of Wnll street has been largely concentrated ou the Stock Exchange this week. The movement in stocks has been particularly buoynnt in many of the low-priced or co-called fancy stocks, and scnrcely a week in the present year has witnessed a more general ndvance in the cleap non-dividend-paying stocks. As a type of the prevailing temper the Gonld and Ficld stocks may be selected, embracing in ali four prominent lines of railroad-the Union Pucific, Kansas Pacific, st. Louis Kansas City \& Northern, and Wabnsh. All of these ronds except the Union Pacific have heretofore defnulted on their interest and have been foreclosed or reorganized; the Union Pacific alone has shown its ability through a series of years 10 earn the interest on its londs and pay regular dividends. And yet in the present movement the only one of these stocks which is almost entirely neglected is that of the Union Pucific. Possibly, the operations of the leading speculators intercsted, may in this instnnce account for greater activity in the low-priced stocks, but the buying certainly appers to be more general than that, and the main point of interest is that the rest of the market follows the same course, nad the fancy stocks are tho farorites in most cases.

Kailrond enrnings to the first of September are reported at length on another page, and the tables, given here nore fully than in nny other publication, are worthy of careful study by ail parties interested in stocks and bonds. Enrnings must continue to farnish the great standard by which railroad values shall be tested, and a rise or fall of ten per cent in the stoct market under specalntive manipulation is a matter of little importance in considering the actual permanent value of a given stock or bond. In connection with the railroad earnings the following, published in the Philadelphia Ledjer, wili be found of interest:
Tho following table shows the pereentage of working oxpenser to gross recelpts of the four gieat trumk railwiayse tho Pennsylvasta (main linel, New York Central, Wrie, and Baltimore \& Ohf (maid siem), tor the paset elcyon years. general average, athongh thic hithtimore \& Ohia has heon operated himpot as cheply. Taking ench of the oleven years, and comparing
the four ralioads, it is found that the Penneylvanis Railroad was oper the four rallioads, it ia found that tho Penisyivania Railrond was oper-
nted upon the lowest perentago of working erpenees in 1870,1873 ,
 1872, 1876, and 1878, and the New York Central Railroad in 1869. The 1872, 1876 , and 1878, and the New York Central hailroad in i869. The railroada.

| railroa | Batt \& 0 . | N. Y. Cent't. | Eric |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1868. | 66.86 | 67.097 | 87.41 |
| 1860 | 65.97 | 64.19 | 86.9613 |
| 1870 | 64.70 | 62.91 | 91.627 |
| 1871 | 50.58 | 62.40 | 71.78 |
| 1872 | 57.46 | 68.22 | 6855 |
| 1873. | 59.72 | 63.22 | 68.11 |
| 1874 | 57.80 | 62.34 | 73.16 |
| 1875 | 58.74 | 64.93 | 75.12 |
| 1876 | 56.18 | 62.48 | 77.14 |
| 1877 | 55.73 | 61.1 ( | 74.10 |
| 1878. | 52.83 | 61.12 | 67.98 |
| Aver | 50.59 | 63.72 | 76.54 |


| Penn. |
| :--- |
| 68.8 |
| 70.7 |
| 69.15 |
| 60.37 |
| 58.92 |
| 57.74 |
| 5.1 .5 |
| 55.87 |
| 58.70 |
| 65.47 |
| 52.91 |
| 59.35 |

The money market has worked with more steadiness this week, and stock brokers have usually been supplied at $5 @ 6$ per cent on cnll. Prime commercial paper sells rendily at $5 @ 6 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a gain of $£ 1 i 8,000$ in specie, and the reservo was 585.16 per cent of linbilities, against 58 3-16 the previous week; the Bank's nominal discount rate remains at 2 per cent, and the actnal rate is about $1 \frac{1}{8}$ per cent. The Bank of Francelost $36,625,000$ francs in specie.

The last statement of the New Iork City Clearing-House banks, issned September 6 , showed a decrease of $\$ 575,850$ in the excess atove their 25 per cent legal reserve, the whole of such excess being $\$ 3,153,800$, agaiast $\$ 3,759,650$ the nrevions week.
.7 The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years.

|  | $1879 .$ <br> Scpt. 6. | Differ'noes fr'm provious weok. | $\begin{aligned} & 1878 \\ & \text { Sept. } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | 1877. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans and die. | \$257.336.800 | De0. \$773,500 | \$243.432,900 | \$243.920.800 |
| specia | 19.753.800 | Ine. 69.100 | 16.953 .100 | 19,961.600 |
| Circulation | 21.372 .300 | Inc. 429,800 | 19.062,300 | 15,568.400 |
| Not deposits. | 226.635.600 | De0. 2,181.800 | 216.711:200 | 210,574,100 |
| Legal teuders. | 40,088,000 | Dee. 1,100,400 | 50,683,500 | 45,303,900 |

Unised states IRonds. - Government securities have been
fairly active at atoady prices. It is to be expeeted now that
government bond dealings will settle down into a more regular
channel, and in a short time we will regard a fuctuation of t per
cent, in a day as more rernarkable than a chnnge of io or per cent in prices has he retofore been considered. I'he cconom'c romance
of the $\$ 10$ fanding certificates for the benefit of the people is told in the following Washington dispatch of September 7:
Ot the ten-rollhr refundtur certifieatem, thore were sold ly the TreasGoverumeat onlcrer, nowtly post-mastern, were dealiguateat by the Seeretary of tho Treanury an themitorn ; only soa of thil number, however, qualtited by flitige h hond, through whom baten were made to tho noount of $\% 28,569,260$. One hundred and clghty-four natlonal bankn Were demignated for the purpose, and 70 of that intmber gian liffer,
 tho demositartes have been closedf, fand tho entiro procecede it tho certinraten nold hy them have heou depmested in the Treanury without the has of a singlo cent: $\$ 36,860,750 \mathrm{in}$ refunding certiticates havo been bracuted for converslon tuto 4 per cont bouds to date
Closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been anfollows:

|  | Interest Perlods. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & \text { 6. } \end{aligned}$ | Scpt. 8. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sent. } \\ & \text { O. } \end{aligned}$ | Bept. 10. | Sept. <br> 11. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sefph } \\ & 12 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68, 1880 | J. \& J. | ${ }^{*} 108$ | 103 | 10 | 1032 |  |  |
| 68, 1880 (1........ con | J. \& J. | *10338 | 203 | 10312 | $103{ }^{3}$ | 103 | 1038 |
| fis, 1881 | J. \& J | $164{ }^{3}$ | 104 | 1042 | $10-4{ }_{2}$ | 101 | 1048 |
| 68, $1881 . . . . . .$. colun. | J. \& J. | 1012 | $104{ }^{2}$ | 1612 | 1012 |  | 1045 |
| 58, $1881 . . . . . . .$. .reg. | Q.-Feh. | 1023 | 1021 | 10238 | -10238 | $102$ | 1022 |
| 58, $1881 . . . . . .$. coup. | Q-Meb. | 1029 | 1025 | 10238 | -1023 | $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ 1043 \\ 104 \end{gathered}$ | $2{ }^{2}$ |
| 4 ¢ 2 , $1891 . .$. . . coul | 6-Mar. | 1041 | 10488 | 2045 | .1015 | 104\% | 10.178 |
| 4s, 1907...........reg. | C.-Jan1. | 10088 | $100{ }^{4}$ | $1005 \times$ | 1003 | $1007_{4}$ | 101 |
| 4s, $1007 \ldots . . .{ }^{\text {a }}$ coul. | Q. Jan. | 10158 | 10188 | :018* | 1017 | $101{ }^{7}$ | 102 |
| 6s, elricy, $1893 . . \mathrm{reg}$. |  | 121 | *121 |  | - 121 |  | 1212 |
| 6s, cur'cy, 1896..reg. | J. \& J | -121 | 121 | 121 | -121 | $41911_{2}$ | $121^{2}$ |
| 68, entrey, $1897 .$. reg. |  | *21 | -1212 | ${ }^{122}$ | -121 | $-1212$ | -122 |
| 68, cur'cy, 1893..reg. | J. \& |  | ${ }_{-122} 12$ | \#122 +122 | ${ }_{*}^{* 122}$ | $-1222$ | $123{ }^{12}$ |
| 68, eur'ey, 18:39..reg. | J. \& J. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 12188 | 1224 | 122 | ${ }^{12214}$ | $122$ |  |

* This la tho prico bid: no sale was made at the lioard.

The range in prices since January 1, 1879, and the amount of each class of bonds outstanding Sepl. 1, 18i9, were as follows:

|  | Rango slnce Jan. 1, 1879. |  | A mount 8ept. 1, 1870. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest. | IIghest. | IRegistered. | Coupon. |
| 68, 1880-1..cy. | 1034 Allg. 2 ? | 10758 Juue 23 | \$ + a05,075,300 | \$77.661.050 |
| 54, 1881....ap. | 10178 Alr. 27 | $107{ }^{1} 8$ Jall. 10 | 273,482,800 | -31,957,500 |
| $43 \mathrm{sa}, 1891$...ер. | 10.1 Mels. 21 | 108 May 21 | 166,108,950 | 83,891,050 |
| 4s, $1007 . .$. ep. | 99 Apr. 1 | $1031_{2}$ May 21 | 466,386,300 | 2\%0,012,500 |
| 68, cur'ney.reg. | $119{ }^{2} 2$ Juı1. 4 | 128 Mแy 31 | 64,623.512 | .............. |

Closing prices of securities in London for three weeks past and the range since Jnn. 1, 1879, were as follows:

|  | Aug. <br> 20. <br> 0. | Sept. | 8rpt. | 1Range alnce J^n. 1, 1879. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Loweat. | Highest. |
| U. 8. 58 of 1881 | $103 L_{2}$ | 1051 | 105 | 105 July 16 | 09\% Jan. 4 |
| U. S. $4^{12} 28$ of 189 | ${ }_{104}^{108}$ |  | ${ }^{108}$ |  | $\mathrm{lom}^{10} \mathrm{Ma}_{2} \mathrm{May}_{22}$ |

Stnteand Mallroad ifonds.-In Sinte bonds the only 'eature worthy of note was the covering of some short sales on Louisinna consols.
Railrond bonds have been rather less nctive on speculntive transactions, but among the investment bonds prices remain very strong.
Messrs. Adrian H. Muller \& Son sold the fullowing at auction:
51 Concy Ialand \&hares. Brooklyn
1 Coney IAland
10 Star Firo Ins. Co
25 Hanultod Fire In\&. Co.......195

Closing prices of leading State bonds for two weeks past, and the range since Jan. 1, 1879, lave beun as follows:


Distriet of Culumbla 3 -6.58.

## *Tuis is tho prico bid. no sate was made at tho Board.

 of the stock market is referred to in our introductory remarks above. 'The notable feature is the roctivity and s reagth in the list of non-dividend-paying stocks, many of them belonging to ronds which have been reorganized after defaults on their interest. It is also to be observed that in some cases of the sound dividend-prying stocks a sharp advance takes place in the face of a large decline in earnings - thus lllinois C'entral rises from $85{ }^{5}$ to 43 with $n$ few days, just as the August report of earaings shows a decrease of nearly $\$ 100,000$. Wabash goes up from 34? last week to $42 \frac{7}{6}$ today, as the earnings for eight months of the jis show a decrease of $\$ 240,000$; but it is trie, of course, that the main strength of Wabash and St. Iouis Kansas City \& Northern depends on the working of the consolidated line when perfected, and not on present earnings. The salient question abont this consolidntion is whether Mr. Gould intends to use lt , as he did Atlantic \& Pacific Telegraph, for brenking rates on competing lines, until they are compelled to buy up the opposition. Han. \& St. Joseph common and preferred have been conspicnous for buoynncy, and it is concluded that there is buying for the eleclion next month ; tho net earnings for August show a decrease of $\$ 4,5 i 2$. St. Lonis \& Iron Mountain, Ohio \& Miss, Ind. Cin. \& Lafayctte, as well as the more lmportant stocks Northwest and St. Paul, have all bean strong on a large business. Just at the close a reaction is perceptible.

The daily highest and lowest orices have been as follows:


These are the prices hid and asked; uo sale was made at the Board.
Total sales this week, and the range in prices for 1878 and since Jan. 1, 1879, were as follows:

|  | Sales of Week. shares | Prices since Jan. 1, 1879. |  | Range for 1878. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Lowest. | Highest. | Low |  |
|  | , |  | 632 |  |  |
| Ceutral | 40.40 |  | 55 |  |  |
| Chie. Burl. \& Quin | 1,781 | 11 |  |  |  |
| Chic. Mil. \& St. | 136,242 | 3148 Jau . | 70 Aug |  |  |
| do do p | 6,585 | 7434 Jan | ${ }^{9818} 8{ }^{8} \mathrm{Sep}$ |  |  |
| Chicage \& Northw do | $\begin{array}{r} 193,320 \\ 6,381 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{767_{8}{ }^{5} \mathrm{JJam}}$ |  |  |  |
| Clic. Rock 1sl.\& Pa | 120 | 119 Jan. | $1411{ }_{2}$ Au |  |  |
| Chio. St. P. \& Minn | 8,103 |  | $471{ }^{1} 8$ |  |  |
| Clev, Col. Cin. \& Ind. | 3,444 | $34{ }^{4} \mathrm{~J}$ Jan. | 55 May 21 |  |  |
| Del. \& Hudson Canal | 15,5 | 38 Ja | $51$ |  |  |
| Del. Lack. \& West | 170,510 | 43 Ja | $62{ }^{3}{ }^{\text {a July }} 31$ | 41 |  |
| Hannibal de St. Jo | 39, | ${ }^{1314}$ Jan. | 24 Sopt. 11 |  |  |
| do do | 40,436 | 3. | 4958 Sept. 11 |  |  |
| inots C |  | $79^{14}$ Mch. 26 | $9^{912}{ }^{2}$ Sep | ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| Kausas | 13,550 | $9^{18}$ Jan. 21 | $71{ }^{\text {L2 }} \mathrm{Se}$ |  |  |
| Lake Shore | 68,312 15,560 | ${ }_{35}^{67}$ Jan. | ${ }_{701}^{93}$ | ${ }^{55} 5^{7}$ | 71 |
| Michigan Central | 6,531 | $73{ }^{\text {a }}$ Jan. | 9014 |  |  |
| Missourl Kan. | 4,700 | 538 Jan . | 184 May 15 |  |  |
| rris \& Esss |  | $75{ }^{11_{8}}$ |  |  |  |
| N.Y. Lake E, \& |  |  | 1214 June |  |  |
| N.Y. Lake <br> do pref. | $\begin{array}{r} 73,905 \\ 4.550 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 211_{8} \text { Jan. } \\ & 371_{2} \text { Jan. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{54}{ }^{14}{ }^{\text {May }}$ May |  | 38 |
| Northern $P$ |  | 16 A | S |  |  |
| io \& Ml |  | $44{ }^{4} 4 \mathrm{Au}$ | ${ }^{4818} 17{ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| cific Ma | 90,440 | $10^{3} 3^{3}$ Jan. 13 | $221_{2}$ Sept. 12 | 12 |  |
| nam |  | 123 Jan. 2 | 160 Au |  |  |
| L. I. Mit |  | $13 \mathrm{Jan}$. | 3338 sept. |  |  |
| L. K. |  | ${ }_{25}{ }^{7}$ Ja | $24^{3}{ }^{3}$ Sept. 12 |  |  |
| L. \& 8. Franci | 7 | ${ }^{31} 1_{8}$ Jau. | 14 Sept. 11 |  |  |
|  |  | $4^{1{ }^{1} 8}$ Jan. | 19 Se |  |  |
| do |  | ${ }^{93}{ }^{3} 8$ | $441_{2}$ Aug. 22 |  | ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| - | 6,1 | 5712 Jan |  |  |  |
| abash |  | 174Mch. | 12 s spt. |  |  |
| Western Union T | 62,41 | $88{ }^{5}$ Aug. 4 | 4116 June 1 |  |  |

Total sales of the week in leading stocks were as follows.

|  | Wabash | St. | North west. | $\mid \text { Del. L. }$ | Un.Tel. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { N. Y. L. } \\ \text { E. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ | Lake Bhore. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept. | 2,500 | 13,425 | 35,410 | 5,900 | 5,050 | 13,450 | 6,525 |
| " $8 . .$. | 6,800 | 33,570 19187 | 44,110 34,100 | 55,170 | 4,901 | 16,020 | 13,112 |
| " | 13,500 | 19,187 14,660 | 34,100 $\mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0}$ | 49,000 | 20,690 | 11,875 | 12,750 6,400 |
| " | 16,369 | 19,800 | 33,500 | 20,900 | 6,350 | 7,300 | 6,625 |
|  | 14,850 | 35,600 | 21,200 | 21,090 | 3,780 | 6,310 | 22,900 |
| To | 67,569 | 136,2 |  | 170,510 | 62,411 | 73, |  |

The total number of shares of stock outstanding is given in the last line for the purpose of comparison.
The latest rail road earnings and the totals from Jan 1 to latest dates are given below. The statement includes the gross earn-
ings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second column.

Week or Mo. $\quad 1879$, 1878 -Jan. 1 to latest date.$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Ala. Gt. Southern.June } \ldots . . . & \$ 23,263 & \$ 20,930 & \$ 1879 . & 1878 . \\ \text { Atch.Top. \& S. F.4th wk Aug } & 127,500 & 123,519 & 3,719,518 & 2,304,298\end{array}$ At1. \& Gt. West...July
Atiautic Miss. \&O.July $\quad$ Bur. C. Rap.
Bur. C. Rap. \&N.-4th wk Aug
Buri. \&Mo.R.in N.June $\begin{array}{rrrr}45,698 & 40,498 & 884,641 & 992,981 \\ 140,736 & 90,590 & 8698 & 795,081\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { Cairo \& St.Louls.. } 2 d \text { wk Aug. } & 140,736 & 90,590 & 862,688 & 735,081 \\ \text { Central Pacifio } & 4,793 & 142,513 & 137,980\end{array}$ Ches. \& Ohifio...Allgust .... 1,55̃2,000 1,726,667 10,849,403 11,094,474 $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Chicage \& Alton. 1stwkSept } & 137,623 & 189,337 & 1,202,136 & 1,234,015 \\ \text { Chic. Burl. \& } Q \text {. June } & 1,440,586 & 3,108,359\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Chic. Burl. \& Q...June } \ldots . . .1 .160 .968 & 897,090 & 6,510,239 & 6,417,791 \\ \text { Chic. MiI. \& St. P. } 1 \text { stwkSept } & 227,000 & 177,796 & 5,764,000 & 5,603,745\end{array}$


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. 4 th wk Ang | 28,758 | 30,730 | 659,200 | $07$ |
| Clev. Mt. V. \& D.. 3 d wl | 7,005 | 6.893 |  |  |
| Dakota Southern.Juiy |  | 94 | 8,3 | 12. |
| Denv. \&\% Pio G...Aug |  |  |  |  |
| Deur.B.P'kd Pae.Ang | 91,20.1 |  |  |  |
| Dubugue\& S.City. 4 th wh | 10,808 | 18,01 |  |  |
| Frank. \& Kokomo July | 4,580 |  |  |  |
| Gal. ITar. \& 8 |  |  |  |  |
| Gal. Houst. \& 11 | 27,0 |  |  |  |
| Grand Trunk. Wk.end. Au | 180,772 | 171,008 |  |  |
| Gr't Wester'n. Wk.end. Aug. 29 | 89,3 | 89,08 | 2,7 |  |
| $11 . a n n i b a l$ \& St.Jo.4th wk Aug | 40,2 | 70,2 |  |  |
| Meust. \& Tex. C. Juiy | 186, | 146,637 | 1,339, | , |
| inois Cen. (ill.) | 474,661 | 572,827 |  |  |
|  | 104,677 | 103,062 | 88:364 | 1,009,300 |
| Int. \& Gt. North. 4 tli Wk | 14,539 | 43,4 | 904,364 | 793,193 |
| Kan.C.St.J. S C.B.July |  |  |  |  |
| usas Pacitio -.. 4 th wk J | 117,363 | 9\%,476 | 2,365, |  |
| Kans. \& Tex. 1 st wk Se |  | 70,349 | 1,886, |  |
| Nobile | 104,600 | 11 | 1,06 |  |
| Nasht.Ch. | 133 | 112,703 | 971,476 |  |
|  | 0, |  | ,664,792 |  |
| Pad. \& Elizabeth |  |  | 175 |  |
| Pad. \& Memphis . . 3 d |  |  |  | 126 |
| ennsylvania |  |  |  |  |
| hia. de.te. |  | 214,081 | 95.103 |  |
| St |  | 937,721 | 7,998 |  |
| St.L.A.\&T. | 13,300 | 12,296 | 326,3 |  |
| L. 1r | 409,100 | 343,534 | 2,670,362 | 2,51 |
| S.a Frat |  | 76,841 | 1,801,493 | ,88 |
| L. © San Fran_18t wh Sept | 47,000 | 28,600 | 862 | 772 |
| \&S.E.-8t.L..4th wk Aug | 19,544 | 19,349 | 438,7 | 405 |
| ${ }^{8} \mathrm{~S}$ |  |  | , |  |
| Scioto Valley | 29,0 |  | 202,816 | 17 |
| Stoux Clity \& St. P.Jul |  | 27,519 | 188,063 |  |
| the | 50,392 | 53,20 | 315,720 |  |
| w | 27 | 27, | 808,0 | 863 |



Exchange.-No change has taken place during the week in the posted rates for foreign exchange, which remain at 4.82 and 4.84 for long and short sterling bills respectively. To-day, the market was steady but dull, and the ac'ual rates at which buslness was done were $4.81 @ 4 \cdot 81 \frac{1}{2}$ and $4.83 \times 4 \cdot 83 \frac{1}{2}$. The imports of gold from Europe during the week have been very large, over $\$ 9,000,000$ having been received up to the time of this writing.
In domestic excbange the following were rates on New York to-day at the undermentioned cities: Savannah-bnying $\}$ off, selling $\frac{1}{8}$ off; Charleston-bnying $1-5 @ 1$ discount, selling $\frac{1}{4}$ premium ; New Orleans-commercial par, bank $1-16$ premium St. Louis, 75 discount; Chicago-firm, $1-10$ discount buying, $1-10$ premium selling ; Boston, $12 \frac{1}{3}$ cents discount.
The quotations for foreign exchange are as follows :

| September 12. | 60 days. | Demand. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. | $4.80{ }^{3} 124.82$ | $4.83{ }^{1}$ ¢ 4.84 |
| Good bankers' and prime commercial... | $4.80{ }^{1} 404.81$ | $4.823_{1} 04.83{ }^{1}$ |
| Good eommerelal | $4.79^{1} \square^{2} 4.80{ }^{2} 4$ |  |
| Documentary commer | 4.79 9.7912 | 4.81 \$4.811 ${ }_{2}$ |
| Paris (franos). | $5.283_{4} 25.243_{8}$ | $5.261_{1} 25.217_{8}$ |
| Antwerp (francs) | $5.283^{6} 5.243 \%$ | $5.26{ }^{1} 405.217_{8}$ |
| Swiss (francs). | $5.28{ }^{3} \overline{2} 5.2438$ | $5.26{ }^{4} 405.21{ }^{7} 8$ |
| Amsterdam (guilders) | $33^{1}$ 2 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ 3978 | 393 ¢ 40 |
| Hamburg (relehmarks) | 9314 分 9358 | $9378094{ }^{7}$ |
| Frankfort (reiehmarks) | 934 $935{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | $9378094{ }^{7}$ |
| Bremen (retohnarks) | $93{ }^{14} 09358$ | 9378 96144 |
| Berlin (reichmarks).. | $93{ }^{4} 40$ 935 |  |

The following are quotations in gold for various coms:

boston shankw. -The following are the totals of the Boston banks for a series of weeks past:

| $183,226,500$ | $3,600,100$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 132,953,200 | 3,583,200 |
| , 130,331,800 | 3.577,700 |
| 12\%9,489,000 |  |
| 129,973,500 | 3,948,500 |
| 130,510,500 | 3,559,400 |
| 130,983,600 | 3,557,709 |
| 150,583,300 | 3,517,400 |
| 134,424,800 | 3,5855 |
| 129,931,700 | 3,590,900 |
| 127,896,500 | 3,372, 1000 |
| 122,0355,500 | 3.587,600 |
| 129,183,000 | ¢,561,209 |
| 180,578,100 | 3.496 .300 |
| 131,14200 | .4,51000 |
|  | 3.s |

Philadelphia Banks.--The totals of the Philadelphia banks are as follows:

| Mar. 31 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Loans. } \\ 59,908,342 \end{gathered}$ | $14,800,098$ | Deposits. 45,258,362 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ireulation. } \\ 11,422.038 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Agg. ciear. } \\ & 29,945.41 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 59,994,059 | 13,701,732 | 45,111,742 | 11,520.122 | 38.653 .745 |
| 1 | 60,554,971 | 14,022,748 | 46.552,535 | 11,509,940 | 80,501,240 |
| " 21 | 60,518,117 | 14,518,885 | 47,238,853 | 11,516,236 | 38,407,056 |
|  | 60,122,582 | 14,399,637 | 47.044 .599. | 11,508,043 | 34,205,148 |
| May | B8,174,972 | 14,048,089 | 47,686,868 | 11.408,821 | 37,842,895 |
|  | 59,914,320 | 15,358,558 | 47,780,056 | 11,492,197 | 40,918,139 |
| -1 | B0,180,886 | 18,138,678 | 49,143,439 | 11,478,011 | 38,955, 672 |
|  | (00,015,891 | 15,910,509 | 49,333,284 | 11,405,85? | 30,353,762 |
| June 2 | 81,429.856 | 15,98s,439 | 49,941,608 | 11,449.130 | 31,803,486 |
|  | 61,017,078 | 15,740,797 | 50,343,092 | 11.481,40s | 46,780,076 |
| "16 16 | 62,036,892 | 15.883,014 | 50,711,250 | 11,424,901 | 38.804 .535 |
| ${ }^{4}$ | 61.810 | 15,311,615 | 49,713.48 | 11,397. 2105 | 34.579,23s |
| July | 02,221,409 | 18,205,151 | 51,378,934 | 11,898,306 | 37,789,094 |
| J.1 | 62,171,903 | 16,533,493 | 51,811,648 | 11,400,680 | 34,080,4e5 |
| " 21 | 61,974,527 | 16,307,443 | 51,512,347 | 11,423,816 | 37,197.858 |
| " 2 | B1,415,446 | 17,405,816 | 51,901,368 | 11,415,745 | 84,940,697 |
|  | 61,032,061 | 17.396,493 | 52,980,548 | 11,408,477 | 85, 745.324 |
| A.: ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 62,749,441 | 17,590,102 | 52.710,432 | 11,437, 1110 | 35,793,049 |
| " | 62688,249 | 17,011,709 | $52,015,188$ | 11,438,108 | 32,011, ㅈ5 |
| " 2 | 62,972,908 | 16,308,517 | 51,415,739 | 11,430,589 | 31,318,858 |
| Sep | 62.784 .783 $62.850,264$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.539 .218 \\ & 16.569 .557 \end{aligned}$ | 51,585,795 | 11,445,171 |  |

New York City Branks.-The following statement shows the
condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the weok
ending at the commencement of business on Sept. 6,1879 : Bunks.

New York.
Nunh hatini
 Anericia: Tryderimen'... Chemicai. Merch'nts ${ }^{\text {Gitch. }}$, Gallatin Nation
Intchers
DDrov Machans
Greonwle Leanwleh Manio.
feeventh Ward.
Stato of War Atnto of N. Yorik.
American Exch. Commerce Broadway
Mrectintle
pactic.... Repubic.
Chstham. Nople's............
Nranover Irving.... Merropoiitan Cltizens
Nassau

## Nassin Mmrket

Shoe \& Leather
Corn Lxe Corn Exenang Orlentan. Marine. Mlech. B Kg.......... North Hiver Nast River Fourth National.
Central Nat Recond Nation'i.
Ninth Nationst. Frat Nations1.: N. Y. Nat, Exal..
Bowery Nationai GerminAmericin
Chase National.

| Capital. | A verage amount of |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans and discounts. | Spocle. | Legal Tenders. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Net deprth } \\ & \text { other } \\ & \text { othan U. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | CIrculatlon. |
| $2,000,000$ | $8 \text { r,95, } 000$ | 821.000 | $1,815,000$ | $7.70 .200$ |  |
| 2,050,000 | 5,027,106 | 105,000 | 1646.700 | 8,700,000 |  |
| 2,000,000 | 0,042.100 | 708,300 | 090,000 | B,050,800 | 72,100 |
| 2,000,000 | ${ }_{4}^{6,853,600}$ | 265. 260 | 710,100 | 8,408,900 |  |
| 3,000,000 | 9,337.500 | 655,000 | 1,024, 100 | 7.031,700 | 1322,060 |
| 1,000,000 | 2.840 .000 | 2231.000 | 348.000 | 2,631,000 | 250,00\% |
| 1,000,000 | 6,180,800 | 1,047,200 | 825,000 | 5.833,200 |  |
| 1,000,000 | $2.887,600$ 1.598 .000 | 190,500 185,000 | 220,300 | 1,759.500 | 784,500 |
| (600,000 | 10,728.200 | 1,717,600 | 1,805,000 | 11,074,300 |  |
| 1,000,090 | 3,6*7,300 | 201.600 | 501,500 | 2,960,100 | 027.000 |
| 1,000,000 | 8,472,700 | 102,800 | 826.800 | 1.832,400 | 637,900 |
| 300,000 300.000 | $1,279,000$ $1,131,000$ | 173,900 85,000 | 153,200 210,000 | 1,091,200 | 255,100 |
| 300,000 200,000 | -833,800 | 14,1400 | 141,100 | 704,300 | 189.000 8.700 |
| 800,000 | 2.714,800 | 200,000 | 380,000 | 2.051.300 |  |
| 300,000 | 869\%, 100 | B4.200 | 148.100 | 740,200 | 37,800 |
| 800,000 | 1.874.600 | 118.600 | 805,300 | 1,37:5,700 | 149,800 |
| 5,040,000 | 13,024,000 | 1.3099 .000 | $1.080,000$ | 9,293, 010 | 446,000 |
| \$,000,000 | 13,549,400 | 1,182,000 | 2,643,100 | 0.550 .900 | 1,506,100 |
| 1,0000,000 | B,034.800 | 371.400 | 412.000 | 3.415.700 | 896.800 |
| 1,000,000 | $3,777,800$ 2.173 .000 | 367,200 75,000 | 385,400 402,500 | $3,403.700$ <br> 8.003 | 179,400 |
| 1,500,000 | $8,830,500$ | 81,400 | 940,100 | 1,613,900 | 038,000 |
| 450,000 | 3,042. 900 | 10,600 | 659,800 | 2.987,000- |  |
| 121,600 | 1,356,400 | 52.600 | 238,700 | 1,800.500 | 5,400 |
| 700,090 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000,000 | -6,914, 200 | 6\%2,500 130,000 | 8*2,100 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,088,700 \\ & 2.297 .700 \end{aligned}$ | 270,000 281.500 |
| 3,000,000 | 12.541,040 | 345'.00 | 2,396,000 | 10,176,400 | 2,481,000 |
| 600,000 | 1,501,800 | 105,000 | 211.700 | 1,402,400 | 240,300 |
| 1,000,000 | 2.005.500 | 21.100 | 185,200 | 1,839,000 | 3.900 |
| 500,000 | 2.412,100 | 18.600 | 35.100 | 1.735,700 | 345.200 |
| 600,000 | 1.813.300 | 25,300 | 377,800 | 1,882,400 | 450,000 |
| 500,000. | 3.010,000 | 806.000 | 459,000 | 2.800 .000 | 450,000 |
| 1,000,000 | 3,648,100 | 92,4019 | 198,000 | 2,209.600 | 4.700 |
| 1,000,000 | 4.919 .200 | 8.000 | 1.031,400 | 4.078.406 | 782,000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 300,000 \\ & 400,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1.4851,600 | 16,800 20.100 | 179,5000 | 1,191,000 |  |
| 1,500,000 | 15.958.000 | 1,000,400 | 3.583 .400 | 17.310 .060 | 1,101.800 |
| 2,000,000 | 12,290, 800 | 1,071,000 | 2,860,200 | 14.801.800 | 525,200 |
| 500,000 | 682.000 | 55,000 | 59.000 | 455.000 | 808.400 |
| 233.000 |  |  | 93,800 | 001.400 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 240,000 \\ & 250,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 098,800 \\ & 5 \times 1.800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,700 \\ & 81,100 \end{aligned}$ | 138,100 44,800 | 812,000 6049.300 | 147,000 |
| 100,000 | 308.500 | 1.000 | 59.200 | 347.800 | 14,00 |
| 3,200,000 | 15,009.300 | 1,125.400 | 2.445.600 | 13.858.200 | 1,019,800 |
| 2,000,000 | 8,455,000 | 410,000 | 1.570.000 | 7.833,000 | 1,483,000 |
| 300000 | 2,330,000 | 190.000 | 374,000 | 2.348,000 | 269,000 |
| 750,60) | 4.113 .000 | , 354,000 | 458,000 | 3.718.000 | 605,000 |
| 500,009 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.515 .700 \\ & 7.503 .500 \end{aligned}$ | 1.500 .700 | 1.829,900 | 10.225 .800 | 104.200 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{r\|} 1,000,000 \\ 300,000 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7.582 .500 \\ & 1,192.200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 825.000 \\ 55,600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,164,000 \\ 153.500 \end{array}$ | 7.091 .800 | 790,000 |
| 250,000, | 1.201 .700 | 83,000 | 265,000 | 980,000 | 224.700 |
| 200,000 | 1.027.400 | 10,700 | 284,400 | 1,100,500 | 180,600 |
| \% 20.000 | 1.893. 700 | 132,600 | 124,300 |  |  |
| 300,000 | 2,285,700 | 118,100 | 465,300 | 2,200,800 | 240,300 |
| 80.800,200 | 257.386,803] | 19.753.800 | 40.088,000 | 220,635,600 | 1,372.300 |

## The deviations from returns of previous week are as follows :

## Loans and disco Lpecule. Lenders.:

## The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:





QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.
U. S. Bonds and actee Railroad Stocks are quoted on a previous page. Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be.

| BECURITIE8. | Bid. | Ask. | 6ECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. | SECUHTHESG. | Bld. | Ask. | Securities. | Bid. | Ask, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabrma-5s, 1889 | 45 |  | 111nois-War loan........... | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ |  | New York-bs, gold, reg.. 87 | 107\% |  | Rhode Tsland-6s, coup.'93-0 |  |  |
| - | 45 |  | Kentucky-6s................ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  | 99, yold, coup., 1887....... | 108\% |  | South Carolina-6s.......... | ${ }^{93}$ |  |
| 88, 1888 | 45 |  | Loulsew -6................... | 18 |  | 6s, do 1801 | ${ }_{117}^{17}$ |  | Apris \& Oet. | 15 |  |
| 8s, Montg. © Kufaula IRR. | $10^{\circ}$ |  | 68, new foating debt...... | 18 |  | 6s, do 1892 | 120 |  | Funding act, isi83........... | 15 |  |
| 8s, Ala, \& Chatt. liti...... | 10 | .... | 75, penitentiary............ | 18 |  |  | 121 |  | Land Com., 1889, J. at j.... | 40 |  |
| 8 s of 1893 |  |  | 88, do | 18 |  | 68, old, A.\&O............. | 224 | 23\% | 7s of 1888................. | 15 |  |
| Clas A. 2 to | 44 | 46 | 88, do of 1875............ | 18 | 15 | No. Csr. 1t1t., J. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 106 | 112 | Non-furdabie............... | 14 | $21 /$ |
|  | 79 |  | 8s, of 1910................. | 8716 | 15 | do A. \& $0 . . . . .{ }^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }^{86}$ |  | T enneqaee-bs, | 307\% | 311\% |
| Clasanshate 2 to 5 , finded....... | 5 |  | 78, consolldated............. | 3718 | ${ }_{97}{ }^{381 / 2}$ | do corp. off J. ${ }_{\text {do }}$ do J. | 107\% |  | 6s, new. 89, new |  | 281 |
| 7\%, L. Rock \& N't, scott iss. | 1 | $\dddot{8}$ |  |  |  | Funding act, | 71. | 81i/ | VIrinamas. | 28 | 281/ |
| 7s, Memp. \& L. 1lock R1t. | 1 | 4 |  |  |  | do 1808 | 76 | 81 | 0 s , new, 1886 | 28 |  |
| $7 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~L} .16 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{B}$ \& N: O. 12 tr . | 1 | 3 | Missouri-6s, due 1882 or '63 | 1013 |  | Now bonds, J. \&J | 13. | 1410 |  | 28 |  |
| 7s, Miss. O. \& 1t. ${ }^{\text {7\% }}$ ( ItR | 1 | ${ }_{3}$ | 6s, due 18 | 10314 | 101\% | Chatham RH. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1315 | 141\% | -6s, consol. bonds .......... | 8018 | \%8\% |
| Connecticnt-6s... | $10^{7}$ |  | Os, due 1848 | 1043 | 1018. | Spectal tar, ciass i |  |  | 6s, ex matnred coupon.... | $58 \%$ | ${ }^{383} 4$ |
| Qeorgla-6s.... | 19 | 101 |  | 1043/ |  | do clasa 2 |  | ¢' | 6s, deferred. |  |  |
| 7s, new...... | 108 | 111 | Asyium or Univ, due '02. | ${ }_{107}^{106}$ |  | Ohto-fio 1881 class $3 . . . . . .$. |  | 8 | D. of Columbia- ${ }^{\text {coses, } 1924 .}$ |  | $851 / 4$ |
| 7a, gold..... | $110^{\circ}$ |  | Ifannibai \& St. Jo., 188ï.'. | 1041/6 | 104i\% | Ohto-6s, $1886 . .$. | 111 |  | Rmgistered...................... |  | 853\% |
| Illinois-8s,coupon, 1879... | 100 | .... | do do 1887.. | 104\%/8 | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## Tinuestuxents

## STATE, CITY AND CORFORATION FINANCES.

The Investors Supplement is published on the last Saturday of each month, and furnished to all regular snbscribers of the Chronicle. No single copies of the Supplement are nold at the infice, as only a sufficient number is printed to supply reguiar subscribers. One number of the Supplement, however, is bound
up with The Fnancial Review (Annual), and can be purchased in that shape.

## GINERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Chleago \& Northwestern.-This company has taken an important step, in executing an indenture under which $\$ 15,000,000$ of new bonds are to be issued for acquiring new road at the rate of $\$ 15,080$ per mile for the roads so obtained. The following quotation from the document itself will. give an explanation of its purposes :
"Tuis Indeature, made this first day of Oetober, A. D. 1879, hy and between the Chichgo © Northwestern Rallway Compumy, a coriorniton of the states of Illinols, Wisconsin and Mlehigan, panty of the tirst part, Net York. party of the second part, withogseth:
 railroaid in the States ilrst above named, and in eonnection thre with con-
trois and operates varlous liacs of railroad in the state of Minnesota and trols and operates varlous liacs of railroad in the State of Minnesota and
Torritory of Dakota, among whitch is the raliroad kuown nas the Whanis Corritory of Dakota, among whith is the rallioad kuown ins the Whinnis \& St. Pcter Raitroad, and also owns and operates a li
the State of Iowa known as the Iowa Millanil Ruthwiy.
" For the purpose of securing on increased hugtuess
"Fur the parpose of seenting no increased bushess for all its thoos part has cutered into articles of agrecment duly executed whin the Chitcago \& Dakota Kallway Company, a cornoration of the 8tate of Minnesota; the Dakota Centrul Ratlway Company, a corporatlon of the Territory of Dakota, and with the Iowa Midland Ratway Compuny, a to assume nud pay the whole cont of the construction aud cquipment of the hine of sath Chieago \& Dakota Rallway Cornpany, from a commection Whth the line of satd Wiunar \& St. Peter. Rutiroad Company at Tracy, westerly to the western bonndary line of satd State of Minnerota. a distance of about 46 milles; also of the lite of satd Dakota ceutral Railoy lins westeriy to the James 1iver Valicy in Dakota, a distanee to extend its rallroad in sald Territory to the Missourt kiver, one or more hanches, as spectied in of sald Territory, with thon, filed in the oflce of the Secretary of sath Territory); also of an extension of the line of sain lowa Midland Rallway in Iowa. from the present western! terminns thereof, in a westerly diroction, a distance of
"The sald party of the first part, enr the purpose of carrying into fore named, and for the purpose of eonstrueting, or in other monner aequiring sueh other rallroal lines, not hereln doseribed or enumerated, operated in conucetion with and ns a part of its general rallmoad system, as will increase its earnings and pronote Its husiness interest, has deter way Company Sinking Fund Bonds of 1879, nmounting in the argregato to a sum not exceeding fifteen millons of dollars, all of which arc to run fifty ycars from the first day of October, A. D. 1879, nud to hear interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, nnd to be fssued In amounts not execeding firteen thousand dollars per mile of railroad tor each nud every mile of additional ratiroad, as the same shall be actuatly
constructed or nequired; two million four bundred thousand dollars of which ars to be fssued for the purpose of enabling it to execute its sev eral contracts above referred to with the several railway compantes bereinberore mentioned, being at the rate of $\$ 15,000$ per mile of the railroads to be so aldorl to its gencral system; and the residue of said said first party shanl derermine, only for rallroads fo be bult, or thmother said first party shnll derermine, only for ruilroads to be bullt, or tu other
manner aecuired for the sole use and benefit of sald first party, and not manuer acquited for fhe sole use and benefit or samd first party, and not aequired and ready for operation; the payment of prineipal and linterest of all sald loond to be seeured liy an equal amount of first mortgage bonds duly desited for such addltonal rallroad and equipment by the several railrond and ratiwny companies whose Hnes nre so huilt or satd party of the second part, and made subject to tho lien created by of all the stukiug fuyd bonds to be kessued by said flrst party under the of althe sinkiug fuud bonds to be ssued by said first party under the prode by sald first party to satd second party, for that purpose.'.

Chleago Pektn \& Sonthwestern.-At Joliet, Ill., Sept. 9, F. E. Hinckley, Receiver of the Chicago Pekin \& Sonthwestern Railroad was remored, and Samnei B. Reed, of that city, was appointed Receiver in his place, under bonds of $\$ 50,000$.

Dakota Sonthern.-An agreement has been conclnded for the consolidation of this company with the Sionx City \& Pembina, which it now leases and works. The consolidated road will be known as the Sioux City \& Dakota, and will own a line from Sioux City, Ia., to Yankton, Dak., 61 miles, and a line from Davis Junction to Beloit, 52 miles.

## Elizabeth City Finances - The Times report of the litigation

 in the suits against the city, is as follows: "The first of the debt suits against the City of Elizabeth, N. J., was tried in the Essex Cireuit Conrt, before Judge Depue, at Newark, yesterday, being that of Wiiliam H. Proctor for $\$ 50,000$, The array of connsel in the case was very strong. For the complainants appeared ex-Senator John W. 'laylor, ex-Senator Frelinghaysen, ex-Judge Teese, ex-Vice-Chancelior Dodd, and ex-Gov. Bedle, while the defendants were represented by ex-Chancelior Williamson, R. E. Clietwood, ex-Senator Magie, and G. P. was brought on a bond for $\$ 50,000$, dated Sept. 24, 1878, and was brought on a bond for $\$ 50,000$, dated Sept. 24, 1878 , and payable on deinand, with interest at 7 per cent. The bond was Williamson moved a non-suit on the gronnd that the Common Council lad no right to borrow money in that manner to meetcient, and denled the motion. Mr. Chetwood said that the paper was not a boud, but a certifleate of indebtednems, and that the Common Council only liad anthority to borrow money in anticipation of tares. Judge Depue ruled that there is a difference between an individual and a corporation in a matter of this kind, and that a corporation has a right to plead u4ra vires. Ex-Senator Frelingluysen argued that an abose of power by an agent in issning a bond or certificate did not invaldate the security, and that the Common Council had power to issue such a bond. Judge Depue decided to hear the erldence, and Controller Leggett, of Ciizabeth, was called. He testifled that the bond was issued to borrow money to meet maturing improvement bonds, and not in anticipation of tases. Other city officers gave similar evidence, and the defendants rested.
"The jury, acting under instructions from the Court, gave judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of \$53.826, subject to revision by the Supreme Court. The following suits were dreided apon the same evidence and in the same manner, subject to the same revision: George 1. Mckenzie, $\$ 3$ ! 826 ; Hilward Clark, $\$ 322,956$. The last case tried was that of the Singer Manufacturing Company, which resulted in a verdict of $\$ 322$, 956 against the city, the evidence being slightly different, in that one of the certificates for $\$ 200,000$ set forth that it was given for a loan in anticipation of ta res, which the other seenrities did not. The witnesses for the defense testifled that this was a mistake in the drawing of the bond.
to take further action concerning the Board of Trade rooms to take further action concerning the $\$ 6,000,000$ debt of that city. The committee, to whom the matter was referred, reported that the city's only course was to resist to the utmost the saits brought by the bondholders. A commitiee was appointed to solicit subseriptions in eash of the wards to a fnnd for the detense of the suits. The payment of $\$ 2,000,000$ of the debt will be resisted on the ground that the Consolidated Improvement act, under authority of which the money was paid, is unconstitutional. If the act be deelared constitutional, the payment of all but $\$ 700,000$ will then bs resisted on the ground that the issue of bonds beyond that amount was unanthorized. The snits for money lent, brought by the Si iger Sewing Machine Company, will be defended on the ground that the city officials had no right to contract the loans.
Indiana Bloomington $\&$ Western.-A press dispatch from Indianapolis, Ind., September 10 says: "The annual election of directors by the stockholders of the Indiana Bloomington \& Western Railway Company was held in this city to-day. The following directors were eleeted: Anstin Corbin. E. W. Bond, Giibert Oakley, J. L. Devon, A. Sully, Giles E. Taintor, John P. Adriance and C. R. Williams, of New York; James N. Campbell, of Davenport, Ia.; R. E. Williams, of Bloomington, Ill.; George W. Gili, of Worcester, Mass.; John L. Farwell and R. K. Dow, of Claremont, N. H. The board organized by electing Anstin' Corbin President, Giles E. Taintor Vice-President and A. Suily Seeretary. The Execntive Committee is Messrs. Corbin, Farwell, Taintor, C. P. Wiiliams and A. Sully. Ihe total number of shares voted was 87,167 . Of this number the Corbin interest voted over 75,000 , while the opposition, or Blossom interest, vated about 11,000. The operating department of the road will remain as at present constituted under General Manager Henning."
Indianapolis Cincinnati \& Lafaycte--M. E. Ingalls, Receiver, reports the following receipts and disbursements for the month of July:
necerips.
Balanee on havd, June
Recelved froin loans...... $\$ 17,605$
From mails...............
200 From mails...
From reuts.
From intsrest........................ $\quad 572$ From the sale of old ralls. From wages ungaid ralls From otber RR. companices $21,3.49$ From mise'lancons sourees


Total................. $\overline{\$ 188,892}$ Total ................. $\overline{\$ 188,892}$
Logansport Crawfordsville \& Southwestern.-A press dispatch from Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 10, is as follows: "The Logansport Crawfordsville \& Southwestern Railroad was sold to-day by W. P. Fishback, Master in Chancery, at Crawfordsville, for $\$ 315,000$, to John G. Williams, for the Vandalia Railroad Company.'
Lonisiaua state Debt. -The following statement, showing the consolidated bonded debt of the State of Louisiana, the proceeds from the $5 \frac{1}{2}$-mill tar assessed to pay the interest on the debt, etc., was posted at the Now Orleans Stock Exchange on August 30. The data were furnished by the State Treasurer and State Anditor :
consolidated bonded debt august 10, 1879.
Funded to date
ontstandug $\$ 123,500$, convertibie into houds at 60 ceits.
$11,777,100$
254,100
Total..
Five-Rut one-hal Amount col- Dell $\$ 12,031,200$ Five-and-one-hnip- Amount cot- Delinquent and
nitl tax assessed leted to
> to pay juserest
gust 10, 1879, of collection.
$\qquad$
774.429
688,09
738.41
738.414
702.556
300.107

300,107
$\$ 4,077,468$
\$2,246,56


Missonri Kansas \& Texas.-It is reported that the Dutch bondholders have rejected the scheme for the reorganization of the company which was proposed by the purchasing committee of three. A gentleman interested in the company's securities is reported by the American Exchange as saying: "I do not think that the dissatisfaction of the Dntch bondholders arises from the reduction of the rate of interest, but they demand that a better guarantee for its payment be given than is proposed. The plan provided that in case of any default by the new company everything shonld be restored to the position of affairs which existed previons to the reorganization, the rate of interest on the first mortgage bonds again becoming 7 per cent. Objection is also made, I believe, to the extensions of road contemplated by the reconstruction scheme."
Mobile City Bouds.-Holders of the bonds of the city of Mobile of every description are notified that there have been appointed by the Governor of Alabama, Commissioners of Mobile, under the provisions of a recent act of the Legislatnre of Alabama. By said act they are directed to open commmnication with the holders of the funded debts of the said Mayor,
Aldermen and Common Council of the city of Mobile in relation to the same; and with a view to the adjustment thereof and its settlement; * * * and the payment to the utmost extent practicable of the just debt of the said municipal corporation." In discharge of this duty they solicit correspondence with the creditors of said city, and have appointed Wednesday, the first day of October, 1879, at 12 o'clock M., at No. 11 Pine street, in the city of New York, as the time and place, when and where they invite all parties holding any of the bonds of the city of Mobile to meet them for a personal conference.
New York Lake Erie \& West.-The Philadelphia Ledger, September 4, says: "The survey of the projected railroad from Pittston to Hawley, through the Moosic Monntains, the new coal outlet for the New Iork Lake Erie \& Western Railroad, has been completed, and the work of grading has been begun. The road, which will be about fifty miles in length, will be built by a party of English capitalists at an aggregate cost of a million dollars, the estimated cost per mile being aboat $\$ 20,000$. The object of its construction is to afford the Erie Company an independent ontlet for its coal from the Wyoming Valley, where it has 2,000 acres of rich, undeveloped coal lands south of Scranton. At present the Erie's coal is principally shipped from the valley over the Delaware \& Hudson gravity road to Honesdale, but this portion of the Delaware \& Hudson Canal Campany's highway is fully taxed with its own shipments. The projected road will connect with the Lehigh Valley Railroad at Pittston and the Erie Railway at Hawley, thus affording fine facilities for freight and passenger traffic, as well as for coal shipments from this section."

Ohio \& Mississippi.-In the snit to declare void the Spring field Division bonds, Judge Drummond says in his opinion
'This is a bill filed by the plaintiff, as a stockholder of th Ohio \& Mississippi Railway Company, on behalf of himself and such other stockholders as might join him in the bill (no one of whom, however, has so done), asking the Court to declare a certain contract made by the company, and by which it acquired a portion of its railway called "The Springfield Division," and the bonds that were issued under a mortgage given by the company upon that division, nnll and void.
"To the bill a demurrer has been put in by some of the defendants, claiming under the contract and mortgage, and the question in the case is, whether the bill is maintainable in equity and whether the contract and mortgage referred to were invalid as being "ultra vires."

The contract of purchase was made by the Ohio \& Mississippi Railway Company in January, 1875. From that'time up to the date of filing the bill in this case, the Springfield Division was operated as an integral part of the Ohio \& Mississippi Railway Company, and in fact. was merged in the consolidated company. This was an act public in its character, and must be presumed to have been known to all the stockholders of the Ohio \& Mississippi Railway Company, and, so far as we know no objection was interposed to their action until the filing of the bill in this case, on the twelfth of September, 1878.
"On the whole, my opinion is:
"In the first place- that the railway company had the right to acquire the Springfield Division and execute the mortgage and issue the bonds referred to, by virtue of the legislation of the State of Illinois, and-
"In the second place-that if the right did not clearly exist by virtue of the laws of Illinois, that after the lapse of so long a time, and after so many rights and equities have been acquired by different parties under the action of the railway company, it is not competent for the plaintiff, or the other
stockholders of the Ohio \& Mississippi Railway Company, any more than for the company itself, to question the authority under which the contract and mortgage were executed The only power that could do that would be the State itself."

Railroad Mortgage Lien on Lands. - In the suit of Calhoun, Trustee, ágainst the Paducah \& Memphis Co..Judge Hammond, in the United States Circnit Conrt for the Western District of Tennessee, passed on the construction of a railroad mortgage describing the premises as "all the railroad of said company as well as that part that is constructed and completed as the part thereof which should thereafter be constructed and completed," and "real estate, etc., thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, whether then owned and possessed or thereafter to be acquired by it, $* * * *$ including all lands acquired or designed for depots, warehouses or structures at either terminas or along the line of said railroad, whether then held and owned or thereafter to be acquired by the said railroad company.
Under this description the Court held that lands subsequently acquired, bat not for use in connection with its railroad operations (in this case the lands were taken in consideration of locating a station, and were by the company laid out in village lots), would not pass; and that a judgment creditor, having levied execution, was entitled to priorty to the mortgagees. The Court reviewed the principles on which railroad mortgages are constrned to affect after-acquired lands, and held that, while lands used for the parposes of the road may pass under a general mortgage of the road itself, other lands cannot, unless the instrument designates with reasonable certainty the particular property, so as to give notice of what was intended to be ncumbered.-Railroad Gazeite.
St. Lonis Kansas City \& Northern.-The St. Lonis Missouri Republican gives the following report of the progress on the extension of this road: "The Omaha extension of the St. Louis Kansas City \& Northern Railroad, as was learned from one of the head officials, is being pnshed forward toward completion with commendable energy and dispatch. Between Pattonsburg, in Gentry county, and Marysville in Nodaway county-d distance of fifty miles apart-there is only a gap of ten miles and a half to fill up, which gap will be completed in about ten days, when the road on the new extension will be in operation fiftytwo miles beyond Pattonsburg, aboat the 10th-say about a week from to-day. There is a large force employed in laying the track from Maysville west, and from Conneil Bluffs East-a length of about 92 miles. Of that distance there are already built about 35 miles altogether, leaving only a gap of 57 miles to be closed np, so that the entire line will be completed by the middle of October. This will be one of the best lines in the State, as 140 miles ont of the 144 miles of track on the extension cuts throngh an agricultural region, strung along with continuous farms among the most productive in the States of Missouri and Iowa. The road will run through sereral old towns well advanced in population, wealth and standing, such as Maysville, Malverne and Shenandoah."
Tennessee Railroad Cases.-By reference to the order of Judge Strong, printed verbatim on another page, it will be seen that he has revoked the order made by him on August 20th appointing TV. H. Delancy, Esq., a special master to make certain inquiries and take proofs in these cases. Judge Strong remarks that the order was premature and "the cases are not ripe for the inquiries" directed to be made.
Western Union T'elegraph. - The report for the quarter ending September 30, 1879, gives the following:
In the, report presented by the Executive Committee at the last quarterly meeting of the Board, held June 11, 1879, the net profits for the quarter ending June 30 (May being partially and June wholly estimated) were stated at $\$ 1,103,00298$. The official returns for the quarter (ending June 30) showed the profits to be $\$ 1,133,79254$, or $\$ 30,78956$ more than the estimate. The following revised statement, based upon complete returns, will show the condition of the company at the close of the quarter ended June 30, 1879 :
Surplus April 1, 1879, as per last quarterly report.
$\$ 545,022$
$1,133,792$ Net profite, quartcr eutcd Jume 30, 1879.
Amount charged inte tho current expenses of the vear ended Jnne 30,1879 , for materials and supplies which were on plus..

## rom which deducting-

Dividend of $19_{1}$ per cent, paid Jnly 15, 1879..... $\$ 717.496$ Sinking fund appropriatious...........................................07,085


## Leares a surplus July 1, 1979, of.

$\$ 7 \div 2,469$ The net profits for the quarter ending septenter 30 , instant returns for Angust, aud estimating the business for September (reserviug amonnt sufficicut, to meet the claims of the Atlantic \& lacific Telegraph Company, under exist ing agreenents), will be about

## rom whicl appropriating-

## Dedncting which leaves balanco, aiter paying divi

dend, of
\$1.037,192 In view of the preceding statements, the committee recommended a dividend of $13 / 4$ per cent, or at the ate of 7 per cent per annum.

## glhe Comurectial tyines.

## UUMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Nigir, September 12, 1879. The weather, and every leading fact of a financial or commercial character, has been favorable to the progress of trade in the past week, if we except a speculative action in breadstulfs which has somewhat embarrassed the export movement; but shipments are still large, and in nearly every particular the antumn trade is making satisfactory progress. Still, a cautious feeling pervades mercantile circles, and there is little disposition to push apeculation beyond current influences and easy control.

The general tone of the provision market shows an improvement over that of a week ago. The advices from the West have continued of a stimulating character, and fairly liberal sales have been effeeted. To-day, there was a reaction, and the market for pork and lard closed easy, with an improvement which took place early entirely lost; mess pork on the spot quoted at $\$ 875 @ \$ 885$, with a small lot of choice sold at $\$ 9$. For future delivery there were no sales; September quoted at $\$ 885$, asked; October at $\$ 865 @ \$ 885$; November, old and new, $\$ 870 @ \$ 85$; and December, $\$ 890$. Lard was very dull at 6.123:2@6.15c. for prime Western on the spot. Oetober options were quoted at $6.20 @ 6.221 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; November at $5.921 / 2 @$ 5.95 c .; December sold at $5.87 \%$ c., and seller the year at 5.85 c .; refined to the Continent was quoted at 6.45 c . Bacon was firmer, owing to an improved shipping demand; long clear sold on the spot at $5 \cdot 15 \mathrm{c}$. Cutmeats were firm, and, in consequence, quiet. Butter and cheese at the close were less active, and not firm as of late. Beef has a small sale, and beef hams are wholly nominal at $\$ 1700 @ \$ 1725$.
In Brazil coffees an active movement lias been noted, and marked adrances have taken place; fair cargoes are now quoted at $14 \frac{1}{4} @ 14 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ; the stock here, at the last compilation (Sept. 10), was 96,855 bags in first hands; since then, however, liberal sales have been effected. Mild grades, while showing considerable activity, are without change, though very firmly quoted.
Rice has been less active and is not as firm as of late. Molasses is strong and in demand, but short supplies check trade; 50 test refining Cuba quoted at 25c. Refined sugars have been fairly active and firm at $87 / \mathrm{sc}$. for standard crushed. Raw grades have continued in active request and strong at $63 / 4$ 613-16c. for fair, and 67/8@6 15-16c. for good refining Cnba.

## Stoek Sent. 1, 1879. Recelpts since Sept. <br> Sales since......pt. $1,1879$. stock sept


Kentucky tobacco has been moderately active, and the heavy low grades are firm, but the higher grades are comparatively neglected. Sales for the week 650 hhds.. of which 350 for export and 300 for home consumption. Lugs are quoted at $4 @ 5 \not / 2 c$. and leaf 6@11c. Seed leaf has continued in good demand, and sales for the week are 1,819 cases, as follows: 410 cases, 1877 crop, Pennsylvania, $91 / 2$ to $3 \overline{\mathrm{Sa}} . \mathrm{;} 1,000$ cases, 1878 crop, do., 12 to 16c.; 55 cases, 1877 crop, State, private terms; 100 cases, 1877 crop, New England, 13 to 20c.; 50 cases, 1878 crop, do. do., and 214 cases, 1878 crop, Ohio, private terms. Spanish tobacco has been less active, and yet the morement is very fair, the sales including 550 bales Harana, 85c. to $\$ 1$ 10, and 262 bales Yara on private terms.
The rates for ocean freight room hare shown irregularity and depression for berth tonnage ; charters, however, have remained steady, and petrolenm vessels meet with active calls. Late engagements and charters include: Grain to Liverpool, by steam,6@61/1@61/2d.; provisions 32s.6d.@37s. 6d.; cotton $1 / 4 \mathrm{~d}^{1}$. as it runs; grain to Hull. by steam, 8 @ ${ }^{1 / 4}$ d., 60 lbs ; do. to Aronmouth, by steam, $81 / 8$ d., 60 lbs.; do. by sail to Glasgow 612 d ., 60 lbs .; do. to Cork for orders, 6 s . per qr.; crude petroleum to Havre 4 s . ; refined do. to east coast of Ireland, 4 s ; do. to London 3s. $4 \frac{1}{2}$ d.; do. to Bristol $4 \mathrm{~s} .4 \frac{1}{2}$ d.; cases to Alicante $2 \overline{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{c}$. ${ }^{2}$ do. to Shanghae 50 c . To-day, a moderate business was reported at about steady rates. Grain to Liverpool, by steam, $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$; flour, by sail, 2s. 3d.; grain to London, by steam, $7^{5 / 8}$ @ $7^{3} / \frac{1}{4}$ d.; do. to Glasgow, by steam, $6 \frac{1}{2}$ d.; do. to l3ristol, by steam, 8d.; do. to Cork for orders, 6s.; do. to Cherbourg or Brest, 5s. 9d.; refined petroleum to London, 3s. 9d,
In naral stores little of importance has transpired, and prices are more or less nominal at $26^{1 / 4} \mathrm{c}$. for spirits turpentine, and \$1 $25 @ \$ 130$ for common to good strained rosins. Petroleum has latterly been dull, and the tone lacks firmness and regularity; refined, in bbls., 61/2c.; cases, $81 / 210 c$. Oils have been generally firm, though still quiet. In American and Scotch pig iron a good business is still going on; all prices are firm, and rumors of further adyances were reported without being wholly substantiated; of the former 12,000 tons Nos. 1 and 2 were sold for January, February and March delivery at $\$ 20 @ \$ 21 @ \$ 22$; of the latter 2,600 tons were sold to arrive on private terms. Rails are quiet, bat firm; $\$ 50$ for steel, at tide-water. Ingot copper
steady and quiet at $16^{1} @ 16^{1} 1 \mathrm{c}$. Clover sced is quoted at 76 c . per lb. for new Western. Timothy is scarce and sold to-day at \$2 40@\$2 50 per bush. Whiskey quiet at $\$ 106$.

## OOTTON.

Fmiday, P. M., September 12, 1879.
The Movement of the Chor, as Indlcated by our telegrama from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Sept. 12), the total receipts have reaclied $30,6{ }^{2}$ t bales, against 13,020 bales last week, $4,87 \%$ bales the previona week, and 4,843 bales three weeks since; making the total recelpts aince the lat of Soptember, $1879,43,074$ bales, against 73,920 bales for the same period of 1878 , slowing a decrease since September 1, 1870, of $29,35 \%$ bales. The detalls of the recelpts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of four previeus years are as follows:

| Recelpts thls wht at | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W | 3,780 | 3,932 | 1,339 | 6,23: | 4,898 |
| Mohill | 1,435 | 1,876 | 057 | 2,039 | 2.034 |
| Cliarleston | 4,392 | 7,056 | 2,110 | 3,216 | 8,0\%8 |
| Port Royal, |  |  | 29 |  | 36 |
| 8avannalh | 8,388 | 19,550 | 4,556 | 12,468 | 7,784 |
| Galvesto | 9,1/19 | 11,710 | 2,358 | 9,629 | 10,739 |
| Indauol | 447 | 181 | 57 | 599 | 150 |
| Tenncssee, | 693 | 691 | 168 | 303 | 166 |
| Florda. | 15 | 38 | 14 | 78 | 82 |
| Nurth Car | 514 | 915 | 290 | 1,061 | 789 |
| Norfolk. | 707 | 830 | 161 | 2,330 | 1,636 |
| City Polnt, de | 28 | 32 | 52 | 1,436 | 1,816 |
| Total this we | 30,054 | 47,431 | 12,109 | 41,457 | 30,709 |
| Total slnce Sent. | 43,974 | 73,329 | 17,90 | [3,030 |  |

The exports for the week ending tins evening reach a total of 7,221 bales, of which 7,647 were to Great Esitain, 130 to France, and 44 to rest of the Continent, while the atocks as made up this evening are now $66,3 i 2$ bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding wenk of last season:

| Week euding Sept. 12. | EXPORTED TO- |  |  | Total this Weck. | 8ame Week 1878. | stock. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Great Britaln. | France. | Contlnent. |  |  | 1879. | 1878. |
| N. Orl'ns | 1,522 |  | 36 | 1,558 | 1,000 | 4,741 | 5,962 |
| Ioblle.. |  |  | ... |  |  | 1,352 | 2,838 |
| Charl't'n |  | .... |  |  |  | 4.070 | 7,52-6 |
| Saran'h. |  |  |  |  |  | 8,602 | 21,989 |
| Galv't'n- |  |  |  |  |  | 11,445 | 15,245 |
| N. York. | 4,814 | 130 |  | 4,94\% | 3,243 | 23,433 | 21,024 |
| Norfolk- |  |  |  |  |  | 209 | 207 |
| Other* .. | 711 | .... | 8 | 719 | 2,5.57 | 7,500 | 6,500 |
| Tot. thls week.. | 7,0.17 | 130 | 44 | 7,221 | 6,802 | 66,372 | 81,280 |
| Tot.since 8ept. 1. | 12,478 | 441 | 52 | 12,971 | 9,744 | . | .... |

*The exprts this week under the hoad of "other ports" Inelude, from
Batilmore, 450 bales to Liverpool and 8 bales to Mremen; from Boston, 80 bales Bathmore, $t$ Llverpol; from Philadelphla, 181 bates tn Liverpeon;
From the to:egoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last seasen, there is an inerease In the exports this week of 419 bales, while the stocks to-night are 11,017 bales less than they were at this time a year ago.
In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, it the perts named. We add also similar figures for Now York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale \& Lambert, 60 Beaver street:

| SEiT. 12, AT- | On Shipboard, not eleared-for |  |  |  |  | Leaving |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Liver pool. | France | Other Forelgn | Coastwiso. | Total. |  |
| Newo | 112 | None. | 17 | No | 129 | 4,612 |
| Mobile. | None. | None. | Nonc. | Noue. | None. | 1,352 |
| Charleston | Noue. | None. | None. | 2 2,500 | 2,500 | 6,102 |
| Galveston | 893 | Noue. | None | 1,194 | 2,087 | 9,358 |
| New York | 4,200 | None. | None | Nime. | 4, 2,100 | 23,383 |
| Other ports. | None. | None. | Noue |  | on | ,709 |
| Total. | 5,205 | None. | 17 | 4.444 | 10,566 | 55,80 |

*Included in this amnunt there are 900 bales at presses for forelgn pouts, the
dest hation of whleh we cannot learn.
The fellowing is our usual table showing the mevement of cotton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to Sept. 5, the latest mail dates:

| Poats. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RECEIPTS 8LNCE } \\ & \text { 8EPT. } 1 . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Exported gince aept. 1 To- |  |  |  | Stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Great } \\ & \text { Britaln. } \end{aligned}$ | France. | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Other } \\ \text { Forelgn } \end{array}\right\|$ | Total. |  |
|  | 1879. | 1878. |  |  |  |  |  |
| N.Orlus | 2,124 | 1,562 | 919 | ... |  | 919 | 5,138 |
| Mohite. | 558 | $95 \%$ |  |  |  |  | 710 |
| Char'n* | 810 | 3.835 |  |  |  |  | 728 |
| 8av'h.. | 2.712 | 11,590 |  |  | ... |  | 3,650 |
| Galv.* | 5,806 | 6,392 |  |  |  |  | 7.631 |
| N. York | 275 | 16 | 4,482 | 311 |  | 4,793 | 28,293 |
| Florlda | 299 | 108 |  | .... | .... | .... |  |
| N. Car. | 86 | 577 |  | ... | $\ldots$ | .... | 108 |
| Nor ${ }^{\text {d }} \mathrm{k}^{*}$ | 399 | 277 |  |  |  |  | 500 |
| Other.. | 851 | 580 |  |  | 8 | 8 | 7,500 |
| Muisyr. | 13,920 | ..... | 5,431 | 3.1 | 8 | 5.750 | 54,263 |
| Last ye | $\ldots$ | 25,893 | 2,949 | 93 | ... | 2.842 | 57,773 |

 polnt. sic.

Cotton on the spot opened firmer, and quotations were advanced $1-16 \mathrm{c}$. on Saturday and fic. on Monday, to 12 fe . for niddling uplands, and this price was well maintained to the close of yesterday's business, with a moderate movement, mainly for home consumption. The deliveries on contracts liave also bcen to a very fair extent, under the circumstances. To-day spots were dull and declined $1-16 \mathrm{c}$., middling uplands closing at $125-16 \mathrm{c}$. The speculation in futures opened surong, and in the course of Monday a consideralle advance was obtained on the closing bids of the previous Friday. The ndvance was fayored by strong foreign advices, limited supplies, and somewhat disturbing crop accounts. But on T'uesday the receipts began to compare more favorably with last year, the weather at the South continned very favorable to the growing crop, and foreign advices were inanimate and weak, causing a dull movement and a downward turn to values till Thursday morning, when there was renewed excitement and wide fluctuations in values, especially for September and October, and finally no important change, except a small advance for September. Today the market opened steadier, but soon declined under increased receipts at the ports, and closed slightly lower, yet not much depressed.
The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 415,300 bales, including - free on board. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 4,015 bales, including 616 for export 3,068 for consumption, 331 for speculation, and - in transit. Of the above, 200 bales were to arrive. The following tables show the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week:

For forward delivery the sales have reached during the week 415,303 bales (all middling or on the basis of middling), and the following is a statement of the sales and prices :

| For Scptember. <br> Bales. Cts. | ales. 100 8. |  | Far December. <br> ales. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100. $\qquad$ 12.06 | 7,000 | 8,800...........11.098 |  |
| . $12 \times 12$ | ${ }_{2}^{1000}$ | 7.100........1110 | 0....... 10:34 |
| 1,500...........1 ${ }^{\text {.08 }}$ | 1,40 |  |  |
| 1,5500........... $12 \cdot 10$ | 3,200...........124 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 126600..........1113 | 100...........10:37 |
| $1800 . . . . . . .12 \cdot 11$ | ${ }_{4}^{4.8000}$. . . . . 12.34 |  | 200. .......1088 |
| ,500........ 12.18 | 1,*00......... 12.48 | $8,400 . . . . . .111 .15$ |  |
| 800..........12.14 | 500..........112•47 | 1,rou.......... 11.17 | 1 |
| 3,400 | 2,400 …...... $\cdot 1 \cdot 48$ | 300........... 1118 |  |
| 00..........121217 |  | 178,600 |  |
| 00.......... 12.18 | 150,300 |  | 45 |
| 12,700..........11219 |  |  |  |
| 7,400. . ......12. 121 | 1,200.,...... 1ก.55 | s,900...........10.44 | 2,060...........10.48 |
| 8, 1000 e. |  |  | $1,000 . . . . .110 .49$ |
| 19,000 ........12\% | 2,000..........10.10 | 48 |  |
| 6,\%00. .: ....12.24 | 4.900. | 1,800...........10-49 | $400 . . . . . . . . . .10 .512$ |
| 9,400.........12 128 | 4,800..........10 10.1 | 5,500.........10.51 |  |
|  | $2.400 \cdot \ldots . . . . .10 \cdot 4$ | p00......... 10.52 | 1,100..........10.5 10.5 |
|  |  | 1.4010 .. .... 10.53 | 100.........10-56 |
| 3,800......... 12 | 9,400......... | 1,600.........10.10.51 | $\overline{20,100}$ |
|  | 3,700.... .....10.943 |  |  |
|  | 4,000........ 10.47 |  | $200 . . . .1 . .11041$ |
| 2,000...........12932 | ${ }_{2}{ }_{2}^{4,0000} \ldots$ |  |  |
| 2,100....... .. 12:33 |  |  |  |
| 900 | 12,000.... . . 11.02 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1}$ |  | 8 |
| $2,400 \times \ldots . . . .12 \times 3$ | 2,10 | 1,500.......... $10 \cdot 14$ | 1,400 $\ldots . . . . .10^{10.50}$ |
|  |  | 2,100......... $10^{\prime} 65$ |  |
| 10,200..........12ヶง | ...1 | 37,200 | 1,500...........10.53 |



The icllowing excliange has been made during the week:
01 pd. to exch. 1,100 Sept. s. n. for reg.
The following will show the range of prices paid for futures, and the closing bid and asked, at 3 o'clock P. M., on each day in the past weck.


The Visimle supply of Cotton, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain ard the afloat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Sept. 12), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

|  | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 876. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stoek at Liverpo | 311.000 | 485,000 | 710,000 | 751.000 |
| stock at London | 68,302 | 20,000 | 29,500 | 38,750 |
| Total Great Britain Btcok . | 409,302 | 505.000 | 769.500 | 789.750 |
| 8tock at Havre | 104860 | 155,250 | 229,000 | 189.000 |
| 8tock at Marsell | 1.829 | 1,750 | 11.000 | 4.250 |
| 8tock at Barcelon | 18,000 | 15,500 | 59,000 | 68.000 |
| 8 fock at Hambu | 2.600 | 5,500 | 13.000 | 12.000 |
| Stoek at Bromen | 16.649 | 35.000 | 65.000 | 54.000 |
| Stock at Amsterd | 31,272 | 42,250 | 37,750 | 69.750 |
| Stock at Rotterdam | 1,383 | 7.750 | . 10.000 | 16.500 |
| 8tock at Antwerp. |  | 5.250 | 7,750 | 17,000 |
| 8took at other conti'ntal port | 5,047 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 14,250 |
| Tatal continental p | 181.645 | 280,250 | 414.450 | 437.750 |
| Total European stock | 590.917 | 785.250 | 1,213.950 | ,227.500 |
| India cotton atioat for Europe. | 180.517 | $195.00 \Leftrightarrow$ | 160.000 | 379.000 |
| Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe | 40.261 | 14,000 | 48,000 | 34.000 |
| Egypt,Brazll, do.,aflt for E'r'pe | 3.482 | 3.000 | 23,000 | 24.000 |
| Stock in United 8tates ports.. | 66,372 | 81,289 | 105,320 | 133.313 |
| 8tock in U. 8. interier ports.. | $5.69 \pm$ | 11,019 | 9,387 | 11.084 |
| United States exporto to-day | 700 | 1,000 |  | 2,500 | 8tock in U. 8. Interier ports...

Tetal visible eupply. $857,9731,090.5581,559,6571.811,397$ Of the abeve, the totals of Amertcan and other deberiptions are as tollow6:

## Amertean-


205.000

United States exports to-day.. 363.000
221,000
14,000
81,259
11,019
1,000

444,000


#### Abstract

00 ?


 382,000$\qquad$ $691,308-\begin{array}{r}11,084 \\ 2,500\end{array}$

| Total American | 421,027 | 691,308 | 927,707 | 865,897 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| East Indiat Mrazit, de.-. |  |  |  |  |
| iverpooi 6tock.......... | 136,000 | 122,000 | 296,000 | 369,00 |
| London steck | 63.302 | 20.000 | 29.500 | 38.75 |
| Continental st | 78,645 | 59,2:0 | 123,4.30 | 134,75 |
| India afloat for | 180,517 | 193,000 | 160,000 | 379,00 |
| Egyit, Brazil, \&c. | 3,482 | 3,000 | 23,000 | 24,00 |

Tetal East India, \&o..............
Total American.
Total vtable supply...... Price Mid. Upl., Llyerpoe $\begin{array}{llll}468,916 & 399,250 & 631,950 & 945.500 \\ 421,027 & 691,309 & 927,707 & 865,897\end{array}$

These figures indicate $\quad 6^{13}{ }_{1 g} d . \quad 6_{2}^{1} 4 . \quad 6^{1} 8 \mathrm{~d}$. 6 d . of 202,585 bales crease of 671,684 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1877 , and a decrease of 923,424 bales as comparea with 1876.

At the Interior Porta the movement-that is the receipts aud shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1878 -is set out in detail in the following statement:

|  | Week ending Sopt. 12, 73. |  |  | Week ending Sept. 13, '78. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Receipto | Blipm'ts | Stuek. | Rceeipts | Shipm'ts | Stock. |
| Augusta, Ga.. | 2,151 | 2,185 | 573 | 3,705 | 3.145 | 1,032 |
| Columbus, Ga.... | 1,677 1,192 | ${ }_{711}$ | \% 781 | 2,081 | 1,230 |  |
| Montgomery, Alia | 3,336 | 3,076 | 732 | 3,788 | 2,332 | 3,6.6 |
| Bolma, Ala, ....: | 2,679 | 1,603 | 1,651 | 2,290 | 1,429 | 1.743 |
| Memphis, Tenr.* Nashville, Tenn. | 137 | $110^{8}$ | 1,007 | 300 480 | $\begin{array}{r}279 \\ 220 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | \%50 |
| Total, old ports. | 10,102 | 8,222 | 5,69.4 | 13,338 | 10,796 | 11,019 |
| Dallas, Texas. | 2,073 | 2,014 | 1,012 | 939 | 253 | 931 |
| Jefferson, Tex.**. | 1,231 | ${ }^{400} 5$ | 1,200 | 900 | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 430 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 546 |
| Vieksiurg, Mlas.. | - 569 | 377 | 1,277 |  |  | 610 |
| Columbus, Misa.. | 94 | 14 | 119 | 135 | 18 | 275 |
| Eufala, Als | 831 | 123 | 893 | 1,830 | 1,374 | 989 |
| Grimi, Ga. | 12.1 | 112 | 32 | 424 | 30.1 | 22.5 |
| Atlanta, Ga | 159 | 200 | 232 | 2,051 | 593 | 1,435 |
| ${ }_{\text {Rome, }}$ Charlote, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{95}^{20}$ | ${ }_{83}^{15}$ | 271 | ${ }^{413}$ | 50 | 5153 |
| 8t. Louls, Mo. | 3,352 | 2,723 | 2,064 | 1,711 | 1,338 | 1,163 |
| Cincinnat, 0. | 1,160 | 514 | 2,32\% | 500 | 245 | 1,200 |
| Total, new p'rts | 10,213 | 7,128 | 8,869 | 0,125 | 4,675 | 7,932 |
| Total, all.. | 20,315 | 15,350 | 14,563 | 24,463 | 15,471 | 18,071 |

- Estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 1,850 bales, and are to-night 5,325 bales less than at the same perlod last year. The receipts at the ame towns have been 5,236 bales less than the same week last joar.

Receiprs from the Plantations.-The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the out ports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another, at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach, therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparativa statement like the following:
receipta from plantations.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week } \\ & \text { endling- } \end{aligned}$ | Recelpts at the Ports. |  |  | Stock at Inter'r Ports |  |  | Rec'pts from Plant'ns |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $187 \%$ | 1878. | 1879. | 1877. | 1878. | 1879. | 1877. | 1878. | 1879. |
| ay 2. | 18,560 | 31,100 | 22,2-3 | 107,534 | 75,550 | 78,842 | 7,020 | 17,604 | 13,451 |
| O | 17,300 | 24,252 | 10,031 | 97,506 | 65,770 | 71,546 | 7.471 | 14,472 | 11,815 |
| 16. | 18,288 | 20,097 | 19,897 | 86,578 | 56,433 | 59,249 | 4,098 | 10,760 | 7,600 |
| 23. | 12,147 | 10,732 | 18,873 | 70,009 | 46,305 | 51,429 | 4,780 | 9.604 | 8,853 |
| so. | 9,66 | 18,220 | 17,113 | 67,788 | 39,025 | 42,188 |  | 10,946 | 7,882 |
| June 6. | 8,300 | 12,380 | 11,089 | 57,509 | 34,154 | 37,570 |  | 7,509 | 6,461 |
| 13. | 8,528 | 11,231 | 6,612 | 62, 154 | 20,315 | 32,429 | 3,171 | 6,392 | 1,471 |
| 20. | 8,526 | 10,721 | 7,188 | 45,769 | 23,287 | 29,306 | 2,141 | 4,693 | 4,065 |
| 27. | 6,510 | 6.879 | 8,293 | 35,811 | 21,240 | 25,223 |  | 4,832 | 2.210 |
| July | 8,102 | 5,949 | 3,437 | 32,077 | 19,875 | 22,388 | 8,368 | 4,334 | 802 |
| 11. | 4,40: | 5,287 | 3,032 | 25,097 | 18,033 | 20,001 | 1,324 | 3.645 | 1,395 |
| 18. | \$,678 | 3,782 | 2,809 | 27,978 | 15,404 | 15,528 | 2,858 | 1,243 |  |
| 25. | 3,209 | 4,088 | 3,272 | 25,301 | 12,527 | 14.410 | 681 | 1,119 | 2,154 |
| 4ug. 1 | 2,691 | 3,871 | 2.303 | 22,4T2 | 11,005 | 13,266 |  | 2,149 | 2,059 |
| 8. | 2.102 | \$,039 | 3,045 | 21,574 | 8,346 | 13,949 | 1,204 | 410 | 3,028 |
| 15. | 1,733 | 4,657 | S,482 | 10,118 | 6,238 | 11,477 |  | 2,549 | 1,890 |
| 22. | 2,644 | 5,609 | 4,843 | 17,800 | 5,990 | 7,463 | 1,126 | 5,460 | 829 |
| 29. | 4,835 | 15,784 | 4.875 | 18,278 | 8,593 | 7,301 | 3.013 | 16,378 | 4.713 |
| Sept. 5 | 5,885 | 26.550 | 13,020 | 18,449 | 0,979 | 8,598 | 8,058 | 30,138 | 16,217 |
| 12. | [2,100 | 47.431 | 30.054 | 16,272 | 18,971 | 14,503] | 11.332 | 56,423 | 85019 |

The above atalement shows-

1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in 1879 were 51.236 bales; in 1878 were 85,559 bales; in 1877 were 17,988 bales.
2. That the receipts at the out ports the past woek were 30,054 bales and the actual movement from plantations was 35,019 bules; the balance being added to stocks at the interior poris. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were $56,4: 3$ bales, and for 1877 ther were 11,932 bales.

Weather Reports by Telearapir.-With the exception of a storm over a portion of Texas, the weather the past week has been generally favorable, very litule rain having fallen, especially in those sections where caterpillars have appeared; consequently, crop reports are more favorable.

Galveston, Texas.-We have had showers on four days, the rainfall reaching one incl and fourteen hundrëdths, Rains have been general and beneficial, but in many sections the movement has been interfered with by a storm. The thermometer has averaged 80 , the highest being 87 and the lowest 75.

Indianola, Texas. - It has rained during the week on four days, the rainfall reaching five inches and fifty-nine hundredtbs. We have had an unusually severe storm this week, beating out much open cotton and interfering with picking. The thermometer has ranged from 72 to 88 , averaging 80.

Corsicxna, Texas.-The weather has been warm and dry throughout the week, and we are needing rain badly. Picking is making fine progress. Average thermmeter 82 , highest 98 and lowest 67.

Didhes. Texas. - We have had good showers on one day this week and are needing more. The themometer bas areraged 82 , the highe $t$ being 08 and the lowest 67 . The rainfall for the week is forty-five hundrenths of an inch.

Bir huth, Texus.-lt has rained during the week on one day, the rainfull reaching fifty hundreduls of an inch. the rain was
very welcome, but not enough to do much good. The thermom. eter has ranged from 72 to 98, averaning 83.
New Orleans, Louisiana.-The earler part of the pat weok the weather was clear and pleasent, but we have had showers on two dnys tha latter portlon, the ralnfall reaching fifteen han. dredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 81.
Shreveport, Louisiana.-The weather durins the past week Las been generally falr, but to-day a heavy rain is falling Thermometer, highest 89, average 78, lowest 08. lialnfall, ninety. five hundredths of an Inch.

Vicksinurg, Missi.sippi.-There has been no rainfall during-tho past week. Planters are sending their cotton to narke freely.
Columbus, Mustrsippi.-The weather has been cold and dry all the week, no rain having fallen. The thermometer has ranged from 74 to 85 , averaging 79. Boll worms and rust still lacreas. lag.
Lictle Rock, Arkansas.-It has been cloudy two days the past weck, and we had a light rainfall (thirty-elght hundredths of an inch) this (Friday) morning. The thermomoter has averaged $\boldsymbol{i} 2$, the extreme range having been 50 to 87 . Last week the average themmoneter was 70, with a range of 62 to 87 . The ralnfall for the month of August was eight laches and nlaety-six hund redths,
Nashville, Tennessee.-It has ralned during the weck on two duys, the rainfall reaching forty-t wo hundredths of an lach. The thermometer has averaged 68 , ranging from 52 to 85.

Memphis, Tenuessee.-Telegram not received.
Mobile, Alabama.-It has rained severely on one day, and has been showery two days, the rainfall reaching seventeen hundredths of an inch. Crop accounts are more faporable. Picking is msking rapid progress. The thermometer has averaged 78, the highest being 91 and the lowest 68 .
Montgomery, Alabama.-There has been no rainfall during the week, the weather having been fine. Crop acconnts are more favorable. Picking is progressing finely. Average ther. mometer 77, highest 90 and 10 west 63.
Selma, Alabama.-There has been no rainfall during the past week, the weather having been warm and dry. Picking is progressing finely and planters are sending their crop to market frcely.
Madison, Florida - We had rain during the earlier part of the past week, but the latter portion has been clear and pleasant. The thermometer has nvoraged 74, the hixhest being 94 and the lowest $5 \overline{\mathrm{~J}}$. The top crop will be poor. Planters are sending cotton forward freely.
Macon, Georgia. - Rain has fallen during the week on one day. The thermometer has ranged from 64 to 88, averaglng 77.
Columbus, Georgia.-There has been no rainfall during tho past week. Tho thermometer has averaged 80. Rast is develuping rapidly.
Savannah, Georgia.-We have had no rainfall daring the weck. the weather laving been pleasant. The tharmometer has averaged i7, the highest being 89 and the lowest 61 .
Augusta, Georgia.-It has not rained hore the past week, the weather having been clear and pleasant. Accounts are somewhat better and weather good. Picking is progressing fincly, and cotton is being sent to market freely. Average thermometer 76, highest 91, and lowest 60.
Charleston, South Carolina.-There has been no rainfall during the week. The thermometer has averaged 73 , with an extreme range of 65 to 85 .
The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at $30^{\prime}$ clock Sept. 11, 1879.

Sept. 11, '79. Sept. 12,'79.
Feer. Inoh.
Feet. Inch
New Orleans.. Memphis.... Nashvill ........Above low-water mark Nashvlle............. Above low-water mark.
Shreveport.......... Above low-waler mark Vhreveport............ Above low-water mark.
New Orleans reported below high-water 16 Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge vas claanged to high-watel mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, wlich is $6-10 \mathrm{~h}$ hs of a foot abore 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

- Comparative Pout Receipts and Daily Chor Movemient. A comparison of the port $m$ vement by weaks is not accursie, as tha weeke ln different years do not end on the aame day of the month. We have consequently added to our other btanding tablea a daily and monthly statament, that the reader mey constantly have before lim the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. Firgt we give the receipts at each port each day of the week eadlag to-aight.
POAT RECEIFTS FROM SATURDAT, SEIT, 6,'79, TO FRIDAT, S8I'T, 12.'79.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Now } \\ \text { Oi- } \\ \text { leans. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mo- } \\ & \text { bile. } \end{aligned}$ | Charleston. | Savannak. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gal- } \\ \text { vest'n. } \end{gathered}$ | Nortolk. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wil- } \\ & \text { ming- } \\ & \text { ton. } \end{aligned}$ | All | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8at. | 88 | 58 | 496 | 619 | 487 | 32 | 76 | 218 | 2,104 |
| M 11 | 1,256 | 289 | 632 | 1.742 | 1.251 | 215 | ) | 61 | 5.4 it |
| Tues | 407 | 458 | 869 | 936 | 2.122 | 44 | 158 |  | 5.124 |
| Wed | 1,135 | 161 | 649 | 1.061 | 1,0.4 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 156 | 21 | 90 | 4.878 |
| Pluar | 185 | 117 | 8:17 | 1.281 | 2,116 | 104 | 140 | 15 | 4.858 |
| Eri. | 715 | 352 | 1,319 | 2,066 | 2.123 | 76 | 20 | 024 | 7,636 |
| Fot | 3,786 | 1,135 | 4,892 | 8,38. | 9.149 | 70. | 456 | 1,241 | 30,054 |

The muvoment ubch moat s anco Smot. 1 has beon at follows:

| $\underset{\substack{\text { Monthy } \\ \text { Reeetipts. }}}{\text { M }}$ | Year Begtining september 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1878. | 877 | 1876. | 1875. | 187 | 1873. |
| Sept'mb | 288,848 | 3,491 | 236,868 | 169,077 | 134, | 115,255 |
| October | 689,264 | 578,533 | 675,260 | 610,316 | 536 | 355,323 |
| Novemil'r | 779,237 | 822,493 | ${ }^{201,392}$ | 740,116 | 670,295 | 576,103 |
| Docemb | 892,664 | -00,119 | 787, 69 | 821,177 | 759,036 | 811,668 |
| January | 616,727 | 689,610 | 500,680 | 637,067 | 444, | 702,163 |
| Februars. | 564,824 | 472,054 | 4.19,636 | 479,801 | 383,324 | 482,638 |
| March. | 302 | 340,525 | 182,937 | 300,128 | 251,433 | 332,703 |
| April | 166,459 | 197,965 | 100,194 | 163,593 | 133,598 | 173,986 |
| , | 84,299 | 96,314 | 68,939 | 92,600 | 81,780 | 127,346 |
| ne. | 29,472 | 42,142 | 36,030 | 42,234 | 56,010 | 59,501 |
| July̆. | 13,938 | 20,2.40 | 17,631 | 29,422 | 17,064 | 31,856 |
| August.. | 18,081 | 34,564 | 14,462 | 33,62 | 13,524 | 23,394 |
| Corr | 458 | 52,595 | 66,293 | 71,935 | 9,709 | 12,29 |
| Total year $4,447,276$ <br> Pero'tage of tot. port reoelpts Aug. 31. |  | 43 | 4,038,141 | 1,142 | 3,497,169 | ,29 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 99:72 |  |
|  |  | 01.21 | 01.61 | 01.72 | 00.28 | $00 \cdot 32$ |
| Correctlons....... |  | 100.00 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $100 \cdot 00$ | 100 |

This statement shows that up to Aug. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 101,631 bales more than in 1877 and 409.135 boles more than at the same time in 1876. The receipts since September 1, 1879, and for corresponding years, have been as follows.

|  | 1879. | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. | 1874. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept.1.... | 3,490 | 8. | 408 | 1,918 | 1,064 | 1,265 |
| " 2. | 1,848 | 5,708 | 8. | 1,691 | 1,380 | 1,075 |
| * | 1.391 | 4,051 | 1,246 | 8. | 1,734 | 1,615 |
| " | 2,264 | 4,799 | 616 | 4,630 | 1,407 | 1.682 |
| 45 | 4,927 | 4,224 | 1,008 | 2,996 | S. | 2,145 |
| 6. | 2,104 | 7,116 | 754 | 3,414 | 3,764 | s. |
| " 7. | 8. | 4,108 | 1,701 | 3,111 | 3,228 | 3,390 |
| - 8. | 5,454 | 8. | 1,655 | 3,982 | 3,116 | 1,957 |
| " 9 | 5,124 | 13,115 | 8. | 4,708 | 3,621 | 1,841 |
| " 10. | 4,878 | 7,341 | 3,035 | s. | 3,928 | 2,746 |
| * 11. | 4,858 | 6,258 | 1,398 | 8,923 | 3,127 | 3,423 |
| " 12. | 7,636 | 7,982 | 3,108 | 4,738 | 8. | 3,214 |
|  | 43,974 | 61,702 | 14,979 | 40,161 | 26,379 | 24,353 |
| Percentage of total p'rt ree'pts Sept.12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 01.45 | $00 \cdot 3.4$ | 00.99 | 00.63 | $00 \cdot 6$ |

This statement shows that the receipts slnee Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 20,728 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1878, and 23,995 bales more than they were to the same das of the month in 1877. We add to the last table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received Sept. 12 in each of the years named.

Cotton Exchinge Reports for September 1.- We publish below the Cotton Exchange reports for Sept. 1 as received by telegraph:

## Norfolk Department.

The Norfolk Cotton Excliange (II. S. Reynolds, Chalrman, W. D. Rountree and R. P. Barry, Committee on furormation and Statistics
l8suce the following renort, covering the state of Virainia and the followI8sues the following roport, evverigg the stare of irginia ana bhe eoiow Ing Countice ind Norh Carotha: Rutheriord, Limcinn, Catawber, Rowan, Yadkit, stokes, surrey, Rockiughm, Caswell. Person, Granvilie, Warren, Frankliin, Nash, Wake,' IIyde, Pitt, Green, Cartaret, Craven, Beaufort Tyrrcl, Washingtan, Martin, Bortite, Choman, Pa, Mquotank, Camden
Currituck, Gates, Hertford, Northampten aud Halifax. 21 counties.
 wather sinoo Auknist 1 has heon very wet aid untavorable, nuou mors so thand last year. Eight report the cotton as fruiting well, but uot retain-
 Ahedding. bever report that the eondition of the crep is good, and crop is bad and worse than that of last $y$ year. No worms of any eonsequenco have been reported, and there has been searcely any plcking as Thero has been no serlous damags by rust, bat there is much complant of slheddiag.

## Charleston Department

corrers the State of south Carotina, and is prepared and lasued hy the Charleston Cottoin Exchange, throngh their Conumittee on Information and Statistics, composed of Robt. D. Mure and L. J. Walker.

## South Carolina_ 77 replies from 29 counties.

Tho weather for the month of Allgust is almost untremally reported as unfavorabls, too mach rain or olse too much oold being eomplained of, erally reported as frulting but poorly, exccpting in a few counties, and not retaining the bolls. This coudition of the eron on the 31 st ultimo is reported fnlly as gocd to better by twenty, about the samo by ten, not quitc so good by thirty-five, and from 10 to 50 per cent worse, as oomparcd with last season, by 12. Pleking has commenced in ansout six in the upper by tho 15 th inst. Worms are only reported la one county, and no damage is anticipated therefrom. The plant has been considerably injured both by sledding and rust, tho rain having cansed the weed to put ou too much grow th, nnel much of the frnit either to rot or to fall off. On an arerage wo shoud say rbout 20 per ecnt has boen lost by shedding, twenty estimats tho comparative damage by rust 18 hardly possible, as every season there Fith a late frost, a good crop may yet be made.

## Savannali Department.

This report covers the Slate of Georgia and the Slate of Florida. The raport Is prepared nudissued by the Savannah Cotion Exchange, through their Committee on luformation and Statisties, composed of J. H. Johnton, Clavius Phimigs, J. J. Wider, ,. Young and F. R. Sweat.
Georgia.-65 replies from 43 counties.
The weather during the month of Angust was too wret nnd less firorablo for the plant thau last year. Tho plant was well fruited, but the excos-
sive rains lave caused a portion toshed off; with good weather and a lato fall thers is sifficleat left to make a full croll. The erop ls later than last
year's hy fully two weeks. It is at a critical peried, and how it will turn year's hy fuly two weoks. year mat ast depend upen the weatherduring the next thirty days. Pjeking has commenced all over the State; In sonthern Geargia it became general about the ist of September. In Middio and Nerthern Georgia pleking will be general from the 10 th to the 15 th inst. Worms are complained of only ill Nertheru Georgia; in two counthes thoy have dono damage. All cmpilain, more or less, of shedding of saudy lauds.
The replies from which this report is complled were matled on the last days of Angust, during the rainy spell, when the crop prospects were very gloomy. The weather, hewever, for the past ten days has been unexceptionalle, clear and warm, and the crop prospects now throughut Georgia are inproving
Florida.- 17 replies from 11 counties.
Tho weather during the month of August has been varicd, part of the time farorabic, and at times thero Fas toe minch ralnfall; on the Whole it was less favorabls than that or last year. The plant has est a portion of its frult from shedding, taking on a second growth when tho rains conmenced. It has mors weed than last year, but hardly as much fruit. Pleking hceame gencral nbeut the 1 st of September. Worms uro ties is reported. In the sea Island section there has ineen too mueh rain. The cron is not so favernhly reported upon as it was a month age; atill the prospect Is fir more cheering than it was a ycar ago, and with a good picking scasou n fill erop will be gathered.

## Mobilo Department

covers the Slate of Alabama as far north as the summit of the Sand Mountaius, and the following Ceunties in 31 ississippi: Waync, Clark, Jasjer, Lauderdale, Newton, Kemper, Neshoba, Nebaboc, Winston,
Lownes, Oktblycha, Clay, Monroo, Chicasaw, Itawamba, Lee, Pontetec, prentiss, Aleorn and Tisbamingo. The report is prepared and issued by the Mobile Cottou Exchaogo, through their Committee on Informatlon and Statistios, composed of T. K. Irwlu, Chairman, Julius Buttuer, 8 . Haas, Louls Touart and G. Thos. Cox.

Alabama. -88 replies from 47 counties.
The weather during the month of August has bcen wet and unfavorarition well wor retaining squares and holls arorable. The plant is not dition is reported 20 per cest werse than last year. Picking has commenced, and will become general nll over the district abont tho middle of September. Boll-worms and caterollars aro reported pretty gencrally, but ne serions damage has resuited therefrom, cxcept in the prairie and bettom lands of midae Alama is gencral aud serions, Which m

Mississippi.-34 replies from 17 eounties.
The weather duriug the menth of August has been wet and unfavorahle and muth less lavorable than the same period of last year. The plant is net fruiting well, nor retainlug squares and bolls. The present condition Is, on an average, 5 per ecnt worse than last sear. Picking has com-
menced, aud will become gencral about the midde of Scptember. No damage from boll-worms or caterpillars is reperted. Damage from rust and shedding is gencral, which makes the condition 5 per cent worse than last jcar.

## New Orleans Departnient

covers that part of the State of Mississippi not apportioned to the Memphts and Mobile Cetton Exchangss; the entire stale of Leuisiana, and the State of Arlansas south of the Arkansas River. The report is pre-
pared and issued by the New Orleans Cotten Exchange, threugh their Commaltec on Information and statistics, composed of Wm. A. Gwyn, Chamman, L. F. Berje, Chris. Chaffe, Jr., W. II. Howcott and A. G. Oljer.
Lonislana.- 79 replies from 34 parishes; average date, September 1.
The weather during the month has been less favorable than during July, and, compared with last jaar, decidedly more unfarorable. Tlio plaut is reported fruiting well, but is net retaluing Its squares and bells. The present condition of the crop, hewever, is good, and compares favercommeuced and will become general by the $9 t l$ of Septernber." Army worms, rust and rot have done rery serious damare, and the injury from sheddiag, superinduced ly too much rain and storms, has been very great.

Mississippi. -99 replies from 32 counties; arerage date, Augnst 31.
The weather during the month has beon unfavorable and less favorable than that of last year. The plant durine the latter part of the month was ruiting well, retaining ito sur of tho present menth ans compian of noum rains. The uresent condition of the crop is goed, better than it was last year, though grass is complained of in wany instances. Picking has commenced in most eounties and will become gencral abont September 10. Werms lave appeared in twentr-screu counties, and While caterpliars have dene no harm as yet, hol-worms have calsed considerable hamage in several counties. Much injury has also been consed by rust, per ecot. Feplies dated on and affer the 1 st Inst frobi Amite. Callioun. Claiborne, Coplah, Pike, Simpson, Wilkinson and Yazoo countics stato that ssyere
Septerober 1.

Arkonsas. - In consequence of the quarantine no replies have been received in answer to questions sent to our correspondents in Arkansas.

## Galveston Department

covers the Shete of Toras, and was prepared and Issucd by the Gaiveston Cotton Exchange, throngeh their committec on Inforuation and Statistics, composed of J. D. Sknner, Chat

Texas.- 80 answers from 54 counties; average date Sept. 1.
Sizteen report favarable weather during August, fifty-three as dry and hot, one rainy, aud ten report it as more favorable than last year, eighteen the same as last year, and forty-seven less favorable. Seventysix report the cotton plant as fruiting well, and fifty-four report it not it better, elght the same, sixty-four not as good. Two rephies state that picking commenced Jniy 1; twelve. July 15; tweuty-four, Aug. 1; twenty-cight, Aug. 15, and fourteen, Sept. 1. Picking becano general two wecks after It commenced. A fow worms wero reported rronn two countics, but thero whe no damage. There is a general enmpiaint that
the weather has been too dry, and the orops havo been suffing on that account. It is impossible to give a full report, as replies have only been received from about one-half the cotton counties of the Statc. Correspoudents have given estimates of the crop as compared With last year, and soms say a quarter, some a half, somo threc-guurters, aud few report the crop as good or better than last year's.
belicvo that the counties not leard from, many
believo that the comuties not heard from, many of Which are in tho a full report wero obtainable, the general averago for the State would appear larger than shown by our report.

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL COTTON EXCIINNE REPORTS FOR SEPTEMBER $1,1870$.

|  | 安 | 妾 | Alignat weather. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Weather } \\ \text { comjniectivith } \\ 1878 . \end{array}\right\|$ | Frutting. | Condlition eomrared with 1878. | When Picking commenced. | Whin pickiog will become general. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galveston. <br> Allof Texas | 80 | 54 | 10 tavorable. <br> 53 dry and hot. <br> 1 miny. | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \text { more favo- } \\ & 18 \text { nillo. } \\ & 47 \text { ginao. favor- } \\ & \text { fible. } \end{aligned}$ | 76 well. <br> 54 poorty and sheddug. | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { better. } \\ & 8 \text { same. } \\ & 64 \text { not so good. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Two wreks } \\ \text { coster } \end{gathered}$ | Worms in two countien, luat no damago. Weather too dry. Cropa nuftering for rain. The reporta areouly from about buif the coustlem of ibe stato. |
| N. Orleans. Loulslaua.. | 79 | 34 | Not so favora ble as In July. | Deeldediy less favomble. | Well, lnt some shedding. | Now good nnt better than last year. | September 1. | Sentember 0. | Worms, runt and rot have done nerious dannge, and much sbedding owlug to oxcensive ralum and storme. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Part of } \\ \text { Mis- } \\ \text { sissinpi. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 09 | 32 | Uufavorable. | Less favorablo | Shedding up to $15 t h$ Angust. Well. 151 l to 31 st August. 31st Augtts | Now good nad bether than last jear, but somé grass. . | September 1. | September 10. | Worms reported In 27 countica, bet 10 hara dose yet. Conaldernblo damake from twili-worme in heveral conntics. Datange from rust, shedding aud rot evtimated at 15 per cent. |
| Afobite. <br> Part of Ala. | 8S | 47 | Wet. | Less fa rorablo | Not well; slued dung. | 20 per cont worse. | Soptcamer 1. | September 15. | Boll-worms and eaierpiliarn generally reported, but no nerious damage except on pralrio nud hottoms. Danage frore ruat and shedding general aud seriotis. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Part of } \\ \text { siss. } \\ \text { sisslpul. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 3.1 | 17 | Wet and mufavorable. | Much less favorablo. | Not well; sheddin!. | 5 per cent worse. | September 1. | September 15. | No damage from boll-wormm or caterpillars. Damago from rust and shodding luake crop 5 per cent worse. |
| Savamnah. <br> All Georgla | 65 | 43 | Too wet. | Less lavorable | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Henivy rain } \\ & \text { eansed shec } \\ & \text { ding. } \end{aligned}$ | Later by two weeks. | September 1. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { na So. Georgin, } \\ & \text { Sept } 1 \text { In } \\ & \text { Mid. nind No } \\ & \text { Georgia by } \\ & \text { Sept. } 15 . \end{aligned}$ | Worms in so. Georgla, and have done damaze la two countles. Ali complain of shedding and rust, but iajory slight except in Hght nud sandy lands. |
| All Florida | 17 | 11. | Variable, part dry and part too wet. | Loss 1 avorablo | Portion of fruit lost by shedding. | More weed but less fruit. | Septembor 1. | Sentember 1. | Worms mentioned in nearly ald renifes; damage reported la two counties. |
| Charleston. <br> All of S. C.. | 77 | 29 | Unlversally unfavorable. | Less favorable | Poorly, except in a few coun ties, and shedding. | 20 as good or better. 10 same. 35 not so good. 1210 to 50 per cent worsc. | September 1 in all but slx cenaties. | Sept. 8 to 15. | Worms in oniy one connty; no damage expecterl. Plant conklderably injured by rost, rot und shedding. Average loss by shedding, 20 per cent. |
| Norfolk: Virginla and No. Carolina | 29 | 21 | 7 wet. 22 very met. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 7 \text { moro favor- } \\ \text { alle. } \\ 22 \text { much sess } \\ \text { favorabe. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 8 well. 21 bady, and shedding. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 7 \text { as good or } \\ \text { better. } \\ 22 \text { lid \& worss } \\ \text { than } 1878 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Hardly begun } \\ \text { yet (on sep- } \\ \text { tember 1.) } \end{array}$ | Sept. 21 to 25. | No worms reported. No serions dnuage ly rust, but moels complaint of shedding. |

[TE No report from Arkausas and Tennessec ou account of the interruptlou of the malls by yellow fover.
Cotton Crop Report. - We give our annual cotton crop report to-day in our editorial columns. In connection with our remarks upon the prospective consumption of Great Britain, the following extract, taken from an English journal, with regard to the cotton trade of North Lancashire, will be of interest.

Apart from causes of temporary depression there are eridences of the decadence of cotton manufacturing in some parts of North Lancashire, formerly the great seat of the indastry. In 1844 there were but 30 mills in Preston; in 1862 there were 70 , or an increase of 233 per cent. Now there are but 64.
Six of these mills have been destroyed by fre and not rebuilt. Other mills hare been shut up, owing to bad trade. There are in Preston at the present time $1,626,000$ mule spindles and $214,-$ 000 throstle spindles, or abont 1,200 pairs of mules. In 1865 there were 1,397 pairs of mules, containing $1,840,252$ spindles. Thns it will be seen that the present return shows an actnal decrease of 197 pairs of mules, with $214,252 \mathrm{mnle}$ spindles and about 10,000 throstle spindles. When it is estimated that the ordinary calculation is £1 per spindle, it will be found that the less value of machinery at present employed compared with 1865 is $£ 205,000$. There are in Preston at the present time no less than 383 pairs of mules stopped, some few by fires but the bulk by depressed trade. Though the town of Preston has suffered from periods of great depression, there has hardly ever been so many mnles stopped as at the present time. The number of spindles stopped practically means that yo less than 2,000 persons are thrown idle. There are at present in Preston 33,630 looms, or an increase of 2,040 over 1874 ; of 6,475 over 1862; and 5,000 over 1860 . The number of looms actaally stopped amount to 6,040 , or a fifth of the whole. At Blackbarn there are at present $1,142,324$ spindles running, and $405,-$ 826 stopped. There are some 112 mills and sheds, and in a short time two more will be added to the number. The number of looms in Blackburn is 58,441 , of which at least 9,780 are stopped, or almost a sixth. There were but 40,000 looms in the town in 1864, so that in 15 years there has been an increase of over 18,000. At Burnley there are 102 mills and sheds with about 33,000 looms, of which 5,555 are not ranning. In the distriet of Accrington there are 30 mills at which weaving is carried on. The number of looms is 12,425 , while in 1864 there were but 9,850. Sorme manufacturers state that the only alternative to the absolute closing of their concerns is another 10 per cent reduction. The hands state that this will really mean a total reduction of 30 , and in some cases 35 , per cent.

Bombay Smipments.-According to our cable dispatch received to-day, there have been -bales ehipped from Bombay to Great Britain the past week and 3,000 bales to the Continent; while the receipts at Bombay during this week have been 3,000 bales. Ths movement since the 1st of January ls as follows. These figures are brought down to Thursday, Sept. 11.
 the ports other than Bombay is 3,000 bales less than same week of last year.
ALEXANDNTA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTB.-Throngh arrange ments we have made with Messrs. Davies, Bonachi \& Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we shall hereafter receive a weekly cable of tho movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments the past week, and for the corresponding weeks of the previous two jears.


* A cantar is 98 10s.

This statement shows that the recelpts the past week hare been 1,000 cantars, and the shipments to all Europe have been 250 bales. Mancilester Market.-Our market report received from Manchester to-day (Sept. 12) states that there has been no change
during the week in the prices for either shirtings or twist. We therefore repeat last week's quotations. We leave previous weeka' prices for comparison.

|  | 1879. |  |  | 1878. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{~s} \text { Cop. } \\ & \text { Twist. } \end{aligned}$ | $81_{4}$ ins. shivtinge |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 32s Cop. } \\ & \text { Twlst. } \end{aligned}$ | $8^{1.11 \mathrm{lbs}}$ Sillitlings. | Cott'n Mid. U1) 18 |
| Jnly 25 | $\mathrm{d}_{8}$ | $\begin{array}{llll} 8 . & d_{1} & d_{1} \\ 6 & 1 i_{2} & 7 & 4 i_{2} \end{array}$ | $6^{69} 19$ | $5^{d} \cdot 0_{0}^{d}$ | $\frac{d_{0}}{4} \mathrm{~d}_{2}$ |  |
| Aug. 1 | $83_{0} 0914$ | $\begin{array}{\|lll} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 42 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{691}$ | $9$ | $4510842$ | $6^{38}$ |
| "\% 85 |  | $\begin{array}{llll}6 & 11_{2} \omega 7 & 412 \\ 6 & 11_{2} 27 & 41_{2}\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{lll}4^{1} 9 \underbrace{}_{0} 8^{4} & 4^{12}\end{array}$ | ${ }^{66^{68}}$ |
| "4 22 | $8^{3}{ }_{4}$ a $93^{4}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{69}{ }^{18}$ | 87 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ 9 $91_{2}$ | ${ }_{1} 1_{2}$ อS $1^{11_{2}}$ | ${ }_{611}{ }^{18}$ |
| $4{ }^{4} 29$ | 878ay ${ }^{87}$ | $\begin{array}{lllll}6 & 3 & 27 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 & 27 & 6\end{array}$ | ${ }_{\substack{613 \\ 613}}^{18}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll}11_{2} \text { ®8 } \\ 11_{0} & 0 \\ 0\end{array}$ | ${ }_{6118}^{6118}$ |
| Sept. ${ }_{12}^{5}$ |  | 6 3 07 6 <br> 6 3   | ${ }_{6131818}^{618}$ | 830938 | $\begin{array}{lll}11208 & 0 \\ 11_{2} 28 & 0\end{array}$ | ${ }_{614}^{6118}$ |

Gunny Baos, Bagoina, \&c.-Bagging contiunes to sell freely in jobbing parccls, but no demand is to be noted for large lots. Prices are very ateady, and holders still quote 9c for $1 \frac{18}{} \mathrm{lbs}$, inc. for 2 lbs ., and 10 ic. for $2 \ddagger \mathrm{lbs}$., but these tigures would be shaded for a round parcel. Butls are not offering very freely and the stock is becoming smaller. 'I here is a fair inquiry and the sales are 2,000 bales from store, for which $29-16 \Subset 2$ c. were the figures paid, and 4,000 bales, ex ship, at a prirate figure, but probably about 2.7-16c. There have been no arrivals the past week, and the close ia firm at 21 @2? c ., according to quartity and quality. Cables from C'alcutta quote an adrancing market.
The Exponts of Cotron from New York this week ahow a decrease,as compared with last week, the total reaching 4,944 balea, against 13,760 bales last week. Below we give our usual table shewing the exprris of cotton from Now York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exporta and direction bince Sept. 1, 1879, and in the last column the total for the aame period of the previous year.
Exports of Cotton (nales) from new York since 8ept. $1,1879$.

| Exported to- | Week ending- |  |  |  | Total to date. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { period } \\ \text { previ'us } \\ \text { year. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A11g. } \\ & 20 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 27 . \end{aligned}$ | Scpt. 3. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sent. } \\ & 10 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Liverpool Other Britlsh ports | $\begin{aligned} & 6,325 \\ & 3,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,618 \\ 300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,600 \\ & 6,849 \end{aligned}$ | 4,814 | 9,296 | 4,861 |
| Total to Oreat Britain | 9,825 | 5,918 | 13,449 | 4,814 | 9,296 | 4,861 |
| Havre $\qquad$ Other French | 194 |  | 311 | 130 | 44: | 93 |
| Total Frexcit | 191 |  | 311 | 130 | 441 | 3 |
| Bremen and Hanover |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |
| Other porta. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total to North. Europe |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |
| Spain, Op'rte, Glbralt'r, de All other |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total bpain, sc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 10,019 | 5,837 | 13,760 | 4,944 | 9.737 | 8,954 |

The Followina are the Receipts of cotton at New Yoik, Boaton, Philadelphia and Balcinore for the past week, and rioce September 1, 1879

| Recelpts from- | New York. |  | Boaton. |  | Philadelphas |  | Baltimore. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{aligned}\right.$ | Thl 4 week | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Se1t. } 1 . \end{aligned}$ | Thls week | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept.1. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | This week. | Since Sept. 1 |
| N. Orl'an | 63.5 | 1,694 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas.. | 4,019 | 5.807 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saramala | 2,230 | 2,301 |  | ....... | 108 | 108 | 349 | 349 |
| Moblle ... | 4 | 278 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Carellna | 554 | 579 | ....... |  |  |  | 131 | $13 i$ |
| N.Car'lina | 27 | 49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginla.. | 586 | 691 | 556 | 556 |  |  | 15.4 | 154 |
| Tenn, de. | 307 | 582 | 243 | 243 | 82 | 82 |  |  |
| Forelgn |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thia ycar. | 8,363 | 11,983 | 799 | 799 | 190 | 190 | 634 | 634 |
| Last year. | 9.056 | 19.421 | 1,619 | 1,619 | 900 | 900 | 121 | 124 |

Shipping News.--The exports of rotton from the Uaitec
States the prast week, aa per latest mill returna, have reached
6,033 bales. So far as the Southern porta are concerned, theae are the pame exporta reported by telegraph, and published in The Canonicle, lest Friday. With regard io New York, we include the manifeats of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week.
NEW YORK-To LJverpool, per ateamers European, 1 To3 Total balea.
IIa, 388...City of Montreai, 609...The Queen, 1,039....
Whsconsia, 600....Clty of Berltu, $655 . .$.
Havre, per stcamer, Labrador, 130 .
New Orleans-To Liverpmol, per steamer Chilian, $\mathbf{9} \mathbf{1} 9$
Baltimore-To Bremen, per stearar Baltimore, 8......
Boston-To Liverpool, per ateamer Parthla, 137.

## Total

The particulara of these shipments, arranged in onr usual form,
aré as follown:

|  | Llverpool. | Harre. | Bremen. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newr York. | 4,814 | 130 |  | 4,944 |
| Newt Oriean | 949 | … | 8 | 949 |
| Boston | 137 |  |  | 137 |
| Total. | 5,900 | 130 | 8 | 6,038 |

Cotton Freiohis remain unchanged at last week's figures.
Livarpool,-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following

|  |  |  | Aug. 22. | Aug. 29. | Sept. 5. | Sept. 12. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| daies of the weelk........ bsles.Forwarded.............selen |  |  | 61,000 | 60,000 | 50,000 | 48,000 |
|  |  |  | $4{ }^{4,000}$ | 2,000 | 1,000 | 4,000 |
| Salea Aunerican..............Of whleh exporters tookOf which speulators took.: |  |  | 49,000 4,000 | 42,000 6,000 | 38,000 | 34,000 |
|  |  |  | 4.000 | 6,000 | ${ }_{2}^{4,000}$ | 6,000 4,000 |
| Of which speeulators took.. |  |  | 427,000 | 417,000 | 379.0¢0 | 341,000 |
| Total lmport of the week. <br> Of which American <br> actual export <br> mount afloat <br> Of whleh American. |  |  | 297,000 | 266,006 | 237,000 | 205,000 |
|  |  |  | 21,000 | 47,000 | 12,000 | 11,000 |
|  |  |  | 6,000 | 9,000 | 10,000 | 4,000 |
|  |  |  | 176,000 | 132,000 | 131,000 | 118,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The tone of the Liverpol market for apota and futures ench day of bhe week ending 8opt. 12, and the daily olosing prieen of apot cotion, tare been as follows: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8aturday | Monday. | Tuesday. | Wedn'sdy | Thursd'y | Friday. |
| Market, \} | Harden'g. | Firmer <br> freet ${ }^{\prime}$ Ily dearer. |  | Steady | shade easier. ${ }_{6}^{6135_{10}}$ | Quict. |
| 12:30 Р.3. $\}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mid. Upl'ds | $\begin{aligned} & 618_{18} \\ & 61_{18} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{678}{78}$ | ${ }_{7}^{678}$ | ${ }^{67}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{613_{18}} \\ & 615 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |
| mid. Orl'na. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Market, } \\ 5 \text { P. 3. }\end{array}\right\}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8ales....... } \\ & \text { Spec. \& } 0 x \mathrm{p} . \end{aligned}$ | 7,000 | 10,0001,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,000 \\ & 1,060 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fulures. <br> Market, <br> 5 P. M. | Flrm. | Qulet, but | Firmer. | Duli. | Firmer. | Flrmer. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool, for the amme week, are given below. These gales are vo the basis of Uplanda, Low Miduling clause, sulesa otherwise stated.


## BRE.ADSTOFFS

Fridiy, P. M., sept. 12, 1879.
The flour market has shown increasing activity for the common and medium grades, at advancing prices, and the higher grades, though quiet, show more firmness and less depression. Production is held in check by the speculation in wheat, which keeps the price of the grain higher than its product. A considerable portion of the receipts are in bags on through shipments for export. Rye flour and corn meal are very firm, but not materially higher. To-day the market was again buoyant, with sales of common extras at $\$ 440 @ 475$.
The wheat market opened the week somewhat depressed in tone and slow in trade; shippers were inclined to hold off, awaiting the effect abroad of the large shipments in Angnst, and the regular trade were inclined to anticipate a lower range of values; but an active speculation sprang up for what is termed "outside account," which caused an important advance. Yesterday, .the opening was buoyant, followed by a partial decline ; but the market was firmer again after'Change, with an active trade, including No. 2 Chicago spring, old and new mixed, to arrive, $\$ 105$; No. 3, new, $\$ 103$, to arrive; No. 1 white, $\$ 1131 / 4$ @1 13 $1 / 2$, for Sept.; $\$ 113$ for Oct., and $\$ 113 / 4 @ 14$ for Nov., and No. 2 red $\$ 1$ 123/4@1 13 for Sept., $\$ 1$ 12 $3 @ 1.123 / 4$ for Oct. and $\$ 113 @ 113 / 1$ for Nov. To-day there was renewed activity and booyancy, with large sales of No. 2 spring at $\$ 105 @ 107$.
Indian corn has met with a rery active demand, and yesterday sold largely of No. 2 mixed at $47^{1 / 8 @ 47^{1} / 4 \mathrm{c} \text {., on the spot }}$ and for 'September; 471/2@475/8c. for October, and $48^{1 / 6 @ 481 / 4 c . ~}$ for November. White corn is more plenty and does not retain late extreme values, but round yellow is still scarce. The weather is 1ather cool for the maturing erop, but, except in extreme latitudes, it is believed to be out of danger from frost. To-day No. 2 mixed advanced to 47 K 2 c . on the spot, $477 / \mathrm{sc}$. for October and $48 \% \mathrm{c}$. for November.

Rye has been active for No. 2 Western, large sales having been made for September delivery at 051/c.(a651/2c. To-day, the market was firm, and a beat load of No. 2 Western sold for the first ten days of October at $653 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.
Barley remains nominal. Oats have met with a moderate demand from the tradp, but an improvement whicly took place early in the week was followed yesterday by a partial decline and a dull business. Tu-day the market was steady, and No. 2 graded quoted at $331 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for mixed and 34 c . for white.
The following are elosiag qotations

| No. 2...... .... plo blit. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Westeru.... ........ |  |
|  |  |
| Extra State, \&e...... |  |
| Westoril spring wheat extmas............ |  |
|  |  |
| do XX and $\mathbf{X X X}$ |  |
| Weatern wluter sbipplage extran. <br> do XX and XXX... |  |
| Minnesotar pialents. |  |
| Cly slupphige extras. |  |
|  |  |
| gouth't ship'gextra.. |  |
|  |  |
| Rye flowr, sunertuc.. |  |
| Corn meal- |  |
| Western, do.... |  |
|  |  |

$\qquad$ eming.
No. 2........ove bit.
Extrastate, se.......
extras....
Western whiter sbip-
do $\mathbf{X X}$ am $\mathbf{X X X}$ Cily slitpulur extra
foutboril bakers' aud
foumith brauks -i...
Ryo tlour, sublertue.
Western, do
Receipts of flour and crain at Western lake and river 85 for the week ending Sept. 6 :

| Cheago | Flonr, | Wheat | Corn, mush. | Oats, bush. | Barter | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ryy, } \\ \text { busuln } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 37,8941 | ,092, | (5017.) |  |  |  |
| Mill |  | 363.530 | 20, |  |  | 30,075 |
| Toledo |  | ,016,957 | 101,776 | 96,911 |  |  |
| Detro |  | 433,685 | 5,121 | 7,431 |  |  |
| Cleve | 3.280 | 96.900 | 26,700 | 37,600 |  |  |
| 8 8t. L | 40,817 | 787,160 | 74,325 | 105,831 | 22.210 | 17,0 |
| Pcor |  | 28.950 | 163,8t5 | 121:800 | 35,000 |  |
|  | 3,900 | 152,243 | 21,974 | , | -, |  |

Total ..... 112,314 3,975,483 2,466,206 784,506 317,349 216,025


Total receipts at same ports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 6, inclusive, for four years:


Total grain.... $\overline{151,443,488} \overline{152,183,836} \overline{96,613,960} \overline{110,551,642}$
Total receipts (crop movement) at the same ports from Aug. 1 to Sept. 6, inclusive, for four years:

| ur........bbls. | $7_{28,874}^{1879 .}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1878 \\ 554.3 \div 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1877 . \\ 543,709 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1876 . \\ 560,44: 2 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat | 18,409,190 | 18,132, 666 | 9,142.455 |  |
|  | 15,325, 833 | 18,425.016 | 14,0991,004 | 14,055,307 |
| Barl | 5,443,225 | 7,354,367 | 3,791,067 | 3,321,967 |
| Rye. | 1,114,514 | 1,224,178 | 827,231 | 369,587 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Comparative shipments of flour and grain from the sam ports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 6, inclusive, for four years:

| Flour. | $\begin{array}{r} 1879 . \\ 4,710,466 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1878 . \\ & 3,951,051 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1877 \\ 2,923,941 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1876 . \\ 2,757,196 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Whent | 19,314,136 | 38.439,642 | 17,926,165 | 9 |
| Oarn | 60,829,477 | 59.552. 5.54. | 51,453,696 | 52,28:988 |
| Barle | $15,780,874$ $2,214,187$ | $14,383,38.5$ $1,769,527$ | $10,936,063$ $2,3.11580$ | 14,586,476 |
| Ryc. | 2,722,863 | 2,440,211 | 1,589,539 | $1,3882,851$ $3,130,617$ |

Total grain .... 130,861,939 $\overline{116,585,309} \overline{83,347,023} \xlongequal[90,442,331]{ }$ Rail and lake shipments from same ports for the last four weeks:



 TO. 1 Wks 78 457,559 10,673,816 $9,130,7713,823,558152,256593,949$
Receipts of flour and grain at seaboard ports for the week eaded Sept. 6


The visible supply of grain, comprislag the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by lake, rail and canal, Sept 6, was as follows:

|  | Whent, | Corm, | Oals, | Harley, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In 8toro at | bliwh. |  |  |  |  |
| New Mo. arkent (ext.j) | 2,187,133 | 2,5192, 6151 | 759.690 | 26,107 | 156,458 |
| Allany.... | 1,12,000 | 699,600 | 75,000 | 6,200 |  |
| uff | 278,6.31 | 1,25:3,041 | 10,7417 | 6,200 | 46,203 |
| Chicag | 1,155,.681 | 3,230,8.11 | 460, 317 | 129,036 | 117,000 |
| Mllwank | 292,829 | 296.310 | 35,133 | 134,316 | 19.738 |
| Toled | 1,013,423 | 12,040 |  | - 6000 |  |
| Detro | 1,052, 414 | 309,773 | 109,510 3,1513 | 6,000 86 | 6 |
| Oswego | 163,000 | $200 .(\mathrm{KM})$ | 25,060 | 18,01N) |  |
| 8L. Loll | 090,391 | 377,501 | 1 $4.5,8 \% 1$ | 11,5:15 |  |
| lost | 150,458 | 120,888 | 49,714 | 1,474 |  |
| Toronto | 69,844 |  | 701 | 39,781 |  |
| ${ }^{\prime}$ 'hthutelph | 801,374 | 291,010 | 1,744 | 27,30: | 312 |
| 1 1'porla | 41,320 | 275,932 | 100789 | 8,3i5 | 7 |
| Indunurpoits | 102,400 | 36,050 | 39,200 | 8,335 | 15.200 |
| Kanmas Cily | 19:1332 | 39,141 | 4,845 |  | 10.846 |
| lanthmore | 1,872,101 | 447.496 |  |  |  |
| On Caua | 2,800,000 | 1,500,000 |  | 11,700 | 102000 |
| 12all shipmonts | 503,314 | 355.007 | 473,917 | T(1,249) | 31.450 |
| Lake shipmonts. | 2,117,512 | 1,244,910 | 131,193 | 1,028 | 175,040 |
|  | ,748,778 | ,003,518 | O1.134 |  | 101 |
| Als. 36 | 5,748,773 | 3,184,508 | 492,897 | 355,2\%2 | 761:262 |
| A11. 23, | 5.966,809 | 2,582,429 | 274,174 | 300,409x | 797.180 |
| 155. 16, | 6,026,837 | 2,1 10,032 | 821,631 | 3013,311 | 493.908 |
| Alt. | 5,1 | 1,436,31.4 | 14,487 | \$118.421 | 474,114 |
| sept. | 2,80.1, $2 \cdot 101$ | ,369,411 | 13,898 | 3,5,814 | 077,056 |

## THE DPY GODD* T マADE.

Find.y. P. M., Sept. 12, 1879.
There was an undercurrent of activity in all branchea of the dry goods trade during lie past week. The jobbing trade continned bnoyant, and a very iberal distribntion of staple and department goods was made by all the leading firms. The cotton geods commission honses effected a fair amount of new business, and their deliveries on old orders reached an important aggregate. More, inquiry for apring-weight woolens was nanifested by the clothing trade, and fair orders were placed for cassimeres, worsted coatings, \&c., for future delivery. In foreign goods there was a freer movement from the hands of imperters and jobbers, and considerable quantities of dress silks, velvets, dress goods, \&c., were disposed of through the auction reoms to fair advantage. Prices were generally steady in first hands, bat some irregularities were developed in the jebbing quotations for prints, some ınakes of which were offered at low and anremunerative prices.
Domestic Cotron Goods.-The exports of cotton goods from this pert during he week ending September 9 were 1,523 packages, including 802 to Great Britain, $\mathbf{5 5 5}$ to Brazil, 75 to British East Indies, 69 to Hayti, 60 to China, 49 to Mexico, 48 to Argentine Republic, 40 to British West Indies, 39 to Peru, \&c There was a steady hand-to-mouth demand for most seasonable makes of cotton goods at first hands, and liberal sales were effeeted by jobbers. Brewn sheetings were in good request, but a tifle easier in some cases, and such makes as Atlantic, Indian IIead, \&c., were subjected to a slight reduction in price. Bleached and colored cottons continued in steady demand and firm in most instances. Print cloths were quiet and a slade lower, say $4 @ 41 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. for $64 \times 64 \mathrm{~s}$ and $3 / 2 @ 39-16 \mathrm{c}$. for $50 \times 60 \mathrm{~s}$. Prints were in irregular demand at first havds, and there was a steady movement in ginghains and cotton dress goods.
Domestic Woolen Goons.-There was a slightly-improred demand for some descriptions of woolen goods, and basiness in this department (though not active) was fair for the time of year. Heavy woolens for men's wear were songht for in moderate parcels for the renewal of assortments, and increased attention was bestowed on light-weight fabrics by the early clething trade. Cassimeres and cheviet suitings were in moderate request, and considerable deliveries were made by agents ia execution of old orders. For over-coatings there was only a limited inquiry, but all-wool and cotton-warp beavers met with moderate sales. Cloakings and repellents were in fair request, and satinets sold moderately well, but Kentucky jeans raled quiet in first hands. Flannels and blankets were taken in moderate parcels by package buyers and the jobbing trade in these goods was quite active. Shawls and skirts were devoid of animation, but there was a very satisfactory demand for staple and fancy worsted dress guods.
Foneion Dry Goods.-There was a fair demand at first hands for imported goods, and the jobbing trade continned active. Cashmeres were distributed in liberal quantities, and specialties in fancy dress goods foand ready buyers. Black and colored dress silks were in fair request, and satins, velvets and milliaery goods continued in grod moderate demand. For linen and white goods there was a somewhat lessened inquiry, and Ilamburg embroideries and laces were only in moderate request. l'rices of the most stable fabries were steadily maintained, and stocks are well in hánd as the rule.

## PRICES OURKENT

$A$ shass
 COAL-D 001 gas cannal. $\qquad$ Livernool houscca following wiii ii 00 a 800 Iastanction or pregent schedule ratas; the names m mediately above the figurea indicate the placea of
delivery:


Currsnts.

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P1g, American, No. $1 . .$.
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Demerars.
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Epirit turpantine.
Eoain, Atrsined

low poile to good $10 . \frac{1}{2}$
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Cotton in caike quil.
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Whale, bleached winter.
perm, crade Northern
operm, bleached winter.


## Financial.

## E. S. BAILEY, Y PINE STREET. Dealtnge in

## Insurance Stocks A SPPCIAITTY.

 WM. F. Owens,
Member. N. Y. Stock frchange. A. Mercer. Owens \& Mercer, 1BANEERS AND COMMISBIAN BTCCK BROKERS, 7 Exchange Court and 52 Iroadway. Interest allowed on deposite, to be drawn at will. Cotion and Produce Fixchanges. We issue a Dally Letter whioh will he sent on application.
H. F. Gilbert \& Co.,

No. 16 Broad St. (near Walj), BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS. Stockabought and aold on the NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE on a margin of 8 per cent, if desired Aquinftemationgiven farmonally or by mall. Firat clase references.

## Commercial Carals.

Brinckerhoff, Turner
\& Co.,
PMandactarera and Dealera in

## cottonsailduck

## And sil kinda of

COTTON CANVAS, FELTINE DUCX, CAR COVER LWO, BAGGLNG. RAVENS DUCE, SALL TWLNES C. "ONTARIO' SEAMLESS BAGB.
'AWNLNG STKIPES.'
Alao, Agentr
United SLaten Banting Company. A tall supply all Widthe and Colors atwayi in fiock.

## Commercial Caris.

E.R.Mudge,Sawyer\&Co
 Bul Burnimgon Woolenco. lilerton New Ninims

Saratoga Victory infe Co.s
Honicry, Shires and Drawerm
NKW YORK, From Various Mille. BOSTON, 43 \& 43 WHITA STRERT. 13 CEAUAOEY ST. J. W. DATTON. 236 Cheatiot strest.

George A. Clark \& Bro.,


MILWARD'S HELIX NEEDLES. 400 BROADWAY, NEW TORK.
Hong Kong \& Shanghai Banking Corporation, Head Omee, Hong Kong. S. W POMEROXVJT, 39 WALL ST., N. Y. Russell \& Co.,
COMIDISSION TIEROMIANTS AND SHIP AGENT
Honor Kong, Canton, Amoy, Foochow Shangial and Iankow, China.
 John Dwight \& Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
SUPER-CARBONATE
SODA.

No. 11 Old slip, New Hork'
The Johbing Trade ONLY Supplled.

## Insurance.

MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

## affice of the

ORIENT
Mutual Insurance Co.
Assets, 31st December, 1878,

## 81,123,270 63.

## TEUSTEES

George Moale Edward F. Davison Henry DeB. Routh, E. H. R. Lyman, Hugh Aochloclosa, Lawrence Wella, Wilifam Pohlmann, Alexander Hamilton, Constantin Menelab, Carl L. Recknagel, W. F. Cary, Jr., Ramsay Croots Arthar B. Graves II. L. Chas, Renald,

Alex. M. Lawrence, Charles Mnnzinger Walter Watson. Frnesto G. Fshbri. John Welah, Jr., Lewia Morria, Chas. F. Zimmermann, Theodore Fachirl, C. L. F. Roae, W. Coosinery, Gustar Schwab, George H. Morgan,
L. M. Calvocorcsai. L. M. Calvocorcsaz ALFRED GGDEN, Vice-Presldent.
CHARLES 1RVING, Secretary
ANTON METZ, Assistant Sccretary.


ISSUES EVERY FS.WINSTON, PRESIDENT. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ONTERMS AS FAVORABLE AS THOSEOE oisitis

Insuriuce．

OFFICE OF TIE

## ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co．

The Trnatces，in conformity to tha Charter of the Company，submit the followtng Staternent of Ita sffairs ou the 51st December，1878：
Premiuna recived on Marine Rliks，
from 1st January，1878，to 31st Do－ c．en．ber，15is．
$\$ 4,009,30947$
Premlums on poilcles not marked off 1st January，18is．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Total amount of Maride Preminms．． $85,888,008$－ No folicics ha：e been lasued apor．

Lite Risks，ator apon Firê，discon－
nected with Movine，Risks．
Premanms marked off from 1et Janu－ ary，1878，to 3tet Dccember，1878．．．．

4，186，024 92 Lossca pald durlog the
8a．re period．．．．．．．．．58，012，i84 43

## Expenses．．． 8859,98058

The Company has the followlng asseta，viz．； United States and State of New York
Stock，City，Bank and other atocks．810，086，758 00 Loans secured by Stocks，and other－
wise．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． pany，catimated at．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Preminm Notes and BIIls Recelvable 701，200 00 619，031 50 Cash In Bank．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1,529,25971$
Tutal amonat of Asseta，$\ldots \ldots \ldots$
Six per cent．Interest on the outstanding certificates of profita will be pald to the holders thcreof，or their legal representatives，on and after Tocsday，the 1th of Febraary next．
The Outstanding Certifcates of the Issue of 18 t5 will be redeemed snd paid to the holders thereof，or their lagel representatives，on and after Taesday，the fth of February next，from which data all interest thereon whll cease．The certificatea to be produced at tha tima of payment and canceiled．
A Dividend of Thirty per cent．is de－ cisred on the net earned preminma of the Company， for the year cnding 810t Dccember， 1878 ，for which certificatea will be insured on and after Tuesday，the 6th of May nezt．

By order of the Board，
J．H．CHAPMAN，Secretary，

TRESTEES：

J．D．Jones， W．II．II．Moore， Charles H．Rassell， David Lave， Fradels Skiddy， Adolph Lemoyne， William E，Dodge， Thomas F．Yonngs， John D．Hewlett． Charles P．Burdett， Edmand W．Corlies， Alexander V．Blake， Charlea H．Marahall， Robert T．Stuart， Friderick Cbanncey， Williama Bryce， Peter V．Ktag， Horace K．Thurber， William Degroot．

Charles Deunfa， Lewia Cartis， Jamea Low， Gordon W．Burnham， Wm．Stargis， Joglah O．Low． Royal Phelps， C．A．Hand， Wiliam II，Fcbb Horace Gray， John Elliott， Robert B．Miatum， Gcorge W．Lane， Jamea $G$ ．DeForest， Charlce D．Leverich， William H．Fogg， Thomas B．Coddiagton， A．A．Raven， Bedjamin II．Field．
J，D．JONES，Prealdent．
charles dennis，Vice Prealdent，
W．H．H．MOORE，2d Vlce．Preaident
A．A．RAVEN，3d Vice－Preaident

## Insurnuce．

## H O M E

Insurance Company OF NEW YOITK，
FICE， 119 BROADWAY．

## Fifty－Second Semionnnual statement

 showisa theCONDITION OF THE COMINANY ON THE FIRST CASII CAPITAL．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 3,000,00000$ Rescre for Re－lasurance．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 3,728,217$ 00 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Reserve for Unpuld Losbes．．．．．．．．} 1,728,217 & 00 \\ \text { Net Surpius } & 220,210 \\ 26\end{array}$

SUMDIARY OF ASSETS
Meld the United Slates a allable for the pay－ tlon of Pollcy－Holders of Yilte insuli Casi in Banks．


State und muanclpal brds marieie vailue） 1 （market vilue of securites $\$ 216$ denn Intercat due on Ist July I879．．．．．．．．．．．．
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Total．．．．．．．．．．
CIIAS．J．MAITTIN，Presldent．
J．HI．WASHIBURN，Secretary． A Divldend of FIVE PER CENT hos been de．
clared，payable on demsad．
Stethmships．

大本教
O N L Y

## Direct Line to France．

The Gencral Trans－Atlartle Compauy＇s Mail Steamships，

## bitwase

## NEW YORK AND HAVER．

The splendid vessels on thla favorite route for the Continent－cabins provided with electrle be lise－whil ITortonstreet as follows：
BT．LAURENT，Jocla．．．
PEREIRE，DInte．
Wed．Sept．17．0 A．M
AMERIQUE．Delord． To Harre－First cabin，sion；acong cabin，z65： Return ticketas st very reduced rates，svallable for （welve monthas．passage sid freight spply to

## LOUIS DEEEBIAN，

Agent， 55 Broadway．

## Atlas Mail Line．

For West Indies sad South America，Calligg st
the following ports，viz．：Kingzon（Jum．），Capg Mayt，Gonhives，sc，Marc，Port zu Prince，Aux Cayes and Jacme，in Hayti；Santa Martha，Savs－ Greytown，Nicaraza，
Fiegular Fortalghty Sallings from Pler No． 51
North Hiverss follows North Rivers follows ：
For Hayti，Colombtu，Greytow，Port Limon，A sptn




MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY
SIXTHI AVENUE LINE．
DPEN FROM 5：80 A．M．TO IR P．M．
Rector street－Nearest point for Wall st．Farry andt Street－Nearest polat for Jersey City and Com－ munipaw Ferrese Park Place．Chismbera street
Granklin Street．Grand Street． Connecta with cars for East and Weat．St street－
 for Grand Central Depot．Soth strect and oth Ave
ssith Strect． 3 Sd Street and $8 t h$ Ave． $69 t h$ St．and

 For down－town trinin thks west aide stutichs．
Trains whil run to ssth stieet and bih ave．and
 Sunday tralns from $12: 30 \mathrm{l}^{\circ}$ ．M．thil 12 mldalght ．
Excegt between the hoors of $5: 30$ and $7: 30$ A．M．an


## Cottori．

Almy \＆e Co．，
COTTOS BUYERS AND BIROKERS， No．ds Water sthert．
HOSTON，MASS．
Agencles for the parchase of Cotion at all of the
princl pal Southera
L．F．Berje，
CotTon buyer a commisslon merchant．

## Dennis Perkins \＆Co．， COTTON BROKEIRS，

117 Pearl sireet，Nesw York． Orders for Spot Cotton and F＇uturcs promptly exe

H．Tileston \＆Co．， cOTTON BUYKRS A COMMISBION MERCHANTS 60 stone street．New Yerk．
0 nara iu Fivturcserecuted at $N . Y_{\text {，}}$ Cotton Erehange John F．Wheless \＆Co．， CotTON

## OOMIIISSION MEECHAN＇TS，

 NASHVILLE，TENNESSEE．Spectal sttention given to Sptanera＇ordera．Corro
epoadeace alicited．

D．W．Lamkin \＆Co．，

## Cotton Pactors，

 VICKSBUIRG，MISS．Orders to Purchase Cotton in our market solicited Refer to Mesars．THOMAS J．gLAUGHTER，NOW

## Wm．Felix Alexander，

 COTTON BROKER，
## AUGUSTA，GEORGIA．

Enttreattentiongiven to prichase of COTTON on SPINNERS and EXPOITTERS
COAREBPONDENOI SOLITITD．
References：－National Bsok of Augosta，Deorgia Henry Hentz \＆Co．，Commlsmion Mcrelisnt New Tork；Willism B．Dans \＆Co．，Proprleiore Coxyas ctal and Finanotal Cironicle，and otber Nev Yolk Houses．

Wire Rope．

stekl and charcoal IRON of sopertor qualtry dultable for MINLNO AND HOISTINO PURIPOSES， 12 ． clined Planes，Tranamtsolon rao！zed Charcoal and BBto Bhips＇Rfgging，Suspenton Bridgea，Derrick Goys，Fery
Kopes，Ec．
coastanty on harge stoct Which any deaired leugth
are cut．FLATSTEELAND
11100 HOPES for Mining ASPON \＆CO．


In 20 NUMBERS，of superior of Writing．A Sample nt each for
 ［Vison，Blakeman，Taylor \＆Co
Cotton．

Nos． 74 \＆ 76 Wall Street， NEW YORK．
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
－OARS MADE ON ACCEPTABLE SECURITY．

Liters＇advances made on Consignments．
Special attention psid to the execution of orders for the porchsse or sale of contracts for future delivery of cotton．
Henry Hentz \＆Co．， GENERAL
COMMISSION MELRCMATS， 8 South Whllam Si．，New York． Advanocs made on Consignments to MEessrs．JAMES HINLOA AC O．， LIVERPOOL，LONDON AND GLASGOW． Also exeoute orders for Merchandise through Mensrg．FINLAY，MUIER \＆CO．， CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY．
FUTURE CONTRACTS FOR COTTON bought and sold on Commission in New Yorksad Liverpool． Knoop，Frerichs ： E Co．， COMMISSION MEICCBANTS，
52 EXCIIANGE PLACE，NEW YORK．

## moUses in

NIANGEIESTERE AND LIVERPOOL， de Jersey \＆Co．
E．S．Jemison \＆Co．， （Successors to MOONY \＆JEMLSON）． BANKERS，COTTON FACTORS
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS． No． 123 Pearl Street，New York．
Advances mads on Consignments Furore Con－ Facts for Cotton bought and sold on Commission，in
Few York and Liverpool．
B．R．Smith \＆Co．， 00 T TON
OOIIMISSION MEIECEANTS， 109 PEARL STREET，NEW YORK， AND
21 Central Street，Boston．
liberal advances made on consignments．Prompt personal attention paid to the execution of orders
or the purchase or sale of contracts for future or the purchase or sale of contracts for future

LEHMAN BROS，
Cotton Factors COMMISSION MERCRAE゙TS， 40 EXCHANGE PLACE． New Kors．
Orders executed at the Cotton Exchanger in New Fork and Liverpool，and advances made on Cotton and other produce consigned to ns，or to our corre－ pendents in Liverpool，Me sri．B．Newgass \＆Co． and Messes L．Rosenheim \＆Sons．
James F．Wen man \＆Co．， COTTON BROKERS，
No． 146 Pearl Street，near Wall，N． 3 ．
Established（in Tontine Building）184I．。
Sawyer，Wallace \＆Co．，
COTTON FACTOIdS \＆COMMISSION MRLIHANT： 1－Eroadivay voe vim
NoT vie－GENTLETMAN OF LONG Noxierience in the Cotton Tracie is dcsirius of Markets of th．So thievery highest references Elation at $t$ no ce of the Commercial AND
Cotton．

INMAN，SWANN\＆Co COTTON
COMMISSION MERCHANTS， Cotton Exchange Building，
101 Pearl Street，New York． LOANS MADE ON
SOUTHERN SECURITIES．

WM．Nom．Clemens fischer，H．W．HANENANE， Son of ，T，Hangman，
late of Snoop，Hanemsnn \＆Co．
Mohr，Hanemann \＆Co．，

## COTTON BROKERS，

123 PEARL STREET， NEW YORK．
Special attention given to the execution of OR－ DER FOR FUTURE CONTRACTS．
Fielding，Gwynn \＆Co．，

## COTTON FACTORS

AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS， 140 Pearl street，N．Y．
Geo．Copeland \＆Co．， COTTON BROKERS，
136 PEARL STREET，NEW YOKE
Waldron \＆Tainter， （Successors to NOURSE \＆BROOK；
GENERAL COTTON MERCHANTS， 9\％PEARL STREET，NEW YORK，
Future orders pr minty executed．
R．M．Waters \＆Co．， merchants and bankers，
54 ROAD STREET，NEW YORE． Liberal Advances made on COTTON in Store．
WALTER \＆KROHN，

## cotton brokers，

53 BEAVER STREET，NEV YORE．
Bennet \＆Foulke， GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS．
121 Pearl Street，Nev York．
special attention given to the execution of order for the purchase or allie of Contracts for Future Delivery．
A．L．Pierce \＆Co．， Civil Engineers \＆Real Estnto Agents， VICKSBURG，MISS．
Purchase，alate，entry and redemption of lands and payment of taxes for noz－residents attended to． information ns to value and local advantage of lands furnished．Our ticld of operation embraces
the states of Louisiana End Mississippi．

## MANCHESTER

Locomotive Works， MA VIF＇AITURERS OF
Grocomotives and Ansoskeag Nisan Fire finsinen， MANUHESTEK．N．N．



## Cotton． <br> B．F．BABCOCK \＆CO．

COMmISSION MERCHANTS，
17 Water Street，LIVICRPOOL， Receive consignments of Cotton sid other Prodoce
and execute orders＇ st this Exchisnaes in Liverpoo Represented In New fork st the office of BIBCOCK BROTHERS \＆CO．， 50 Wall Strep．
H．W．\＆J．H．Farley， cotton factors，
COMMISSION MERCHANTS，
 132 Pear］Street，
F．O Box 8,909 ．Ne
Advances made on Consigamients．
Special personal attention to the pare

 Schroeder \＆Johnston， SUCCESSORS TO
WAIF，MURPIIX \＆CO．， COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS， 111 Pearl Street，Nev y York．
Special attention paid to the execution of orders
for the purchase or sale of contracts for future de for the purchase or sale of contracts for future de
livery of cotton．Liberal advances made on col livery of cot er
signments．

## Insurance． <br> ETNA

## Insurance Company of harteord．

 Capital．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 3,000,00000$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Re－ingid rance and．．．．．} \\ \text { Unpaid looses，etc．．．．．} & 251,499 \text { 00－} \\ \text { 4，868．689 } 85\end{array}$
NET DUR＇LUS，Jan．1，1879． $8 \overline{2,045,45894}$
No． 2 Cortland i St．，New York． JAS．A．ALEXANDER，Agent．
North British
\＆Mercantile Ins．Co． London and edinburgh．
United States Board of Management， NEW YORK：
SOLON HUMPHREYS，Ch＇r＇n．（E．D．Morgsa \＆Co DAVID DOWS，Esq．（David Down \＆Co．） E．P．FABBRI，Esq．（1rexel，Morgan \＆Co．） HoN．S．B．CHITTENDEN．
J．J．ASTOR，Esq．
Chis．e．WHite，sam．p．blagden， MANAGERS，
Office 54 WIlliam St．，New York．
Liverpool \＆
London \＆Globe
Insurance Company，
45 William St．
J．E．PULSEORD，
Resident Manager．

## Commercial

Union Ins．Co．

ALFRED

37 \＆ 39 Wa 」


[^0]:    * Exports from Charlcston to Liverpol include 8,129 halea from Port Royal
    + Exports from Savannah to Liverpool include 8 bales from Brunswick. * "Other port"" Include the following shipmenta

    From Wiorida, $1,9,96$ bales to Liverpool, 1,967 to Havre, and 1,101 to Genoa.
     Antwerp,, ,397 to A materdam,, 008 to Ghent, and 1, Sos to Genoa.
    From Norfolk, 109,815 bale to Liverpool, 715 to Havre, and $\mathrm{S}, 008$ to Brem-
     From Philadelphia, ,55,.,79 biles to Liverpool and 510 to Amaterdam,
    From San Franclaco, 127 bales to Liver pool.

[^1]:    Flarseed 800

