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The Chronicle.

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FRASER

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CONGRESS AND THE CURRENCY.

During this week one bill has been passed by the House of Representatives, and one amendment has been authorized by the Committee on Banking and Currency, both of which are objectionable.

The first simply provides that legal tenders shall be hereafter receivable for customs duties. The letter of the law of 1862 especially requires coin; now that the country is on the specie basis, it is unnecessary to adhere to the letter, and so, in practice, the notes are thus received; but it is desirable, in order to make the practice and the letter coincide, to authorize the receipt of legal tenders only so long as they remain equivalent to coin. This was proposed by Mr. Sherman in his recent report, and is open to no objection whatever; but an amendment to that effect was greeted with cries of "No! no!" and by abolishing provisions which can work no harm if they

was voted down by nearly two to one. An unqualified receipt of notes for customs would have no practical effect so long as resumption continues; its permanence we all confidently expect, but it cannot be guaranteed. Should suspension again come, this bill would cut off the sole supply of gold from the Treasury. If, therefore, it be held that there is no possibility of any inequality arising hereafter between coin and notes, then the rejected amendment is unobjectionable; if there is such a possibility admitted, then the bill without it is, to say the least, very unwise.

The other measure has the same objection to it. As an amendment to the Senate substitute for the resumption-repeal bill passed by the House, last session, the Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee has been directed to submit a section providing (among other things) that the proceeds of bonds sold shall be hereafter applied only to refunding purposes. effect of this would be to deprive the Treasury of the unlimited power given by the Resumption act to sell bonds at par for resumption. It is not probable that any further sales will be needed; but the possession of the power to make them is necessary for two reasons: that it is the main reliance for replenishing the stock of coin in case replenishing becomes necessary, and that the knowledge that such a power exists operates very directly to make the parity of gold and notes permanent. and prevent the use of the power from becoming necessary. Suppose it were known to be the fact that, if the present Treasury stock were exhausted, no means existed for replenishing it. Obviously, the coin which has put paper on an equality of value with gold is not merely what the Treasury has, but also what it can unquestionably get.

Neither this amendment nor the customs bill, fortunately for the country, has any chance of becoming a law. Nevertheless, both of them are conceived in the old unrelenting hostility to coin. One would deprive the Treasury of its ordinary coin from one side, and the other would make the special source of supply impossible. The inflationists who urge these measures are not sufficiently wise, or fair, or manly, to stand back and allow the Resumption act a reasonable opportunity for working out its results. They have opposed the act all through, and did last session all they could to secure its repeal; let the charitable view concede the excellence of their intentions in so doing, there comes a time when further resistance becomes factious and utterly unjustifiable, and that time is now. When, therefore, attempts are made,

are not again needed, but are indispensable if any occasion does arise for their use, to emasculate a law which the country has decided to approve and retain, the men who make such attempts take a discreditable position and seek gratuitously to do a mischief.

The exhibition is not creditable; the moral effect is not good; the promise thus suggested for the future is not encouraging. And yet this discouragement is not to be regarded as serious, for this is an expiring Congress, and the people are proven to be wiser than their representatives, who, perhaps, aside from their own personal entanglements financially, are misled by failing to read correctly the signs of the times. Indirectly, a great benefit may be derived from all this, by seeing how blind, how utterly reckless, how incapable of learning anything the advocates of irredeemable paper at last become. The cause may be judged by its followers. Providence has guided the country out of its long night of financial folly and wandering, without a destruction of the currency itself; now, if we are wise, we shall learn the lesson, so that the experiment will stand hereafter as one never to be risked again. Sound money, a thorough understanding of what such money is, and an unconquerable aversion to every other sort, are a blessing for which the price already paid is not too great.

GERMAN DISCONTENT AND THE POLICY OF REPRESSION.

The internal affairs of Germany, more than those of any other nation, are now commanding the attention of the outside world. The present state of things is all the more remarkable that a few years ago it seemed almost an impossibility that such a crisis should arrive.

Germany had then just come forth from two great wars, waged against two powerful neighbors, not only victorious, but with a success the most complete and triumphant. The war indemnity which she claimed and received, in one of the cases at least, went far towards defraying the actual expenses of the conflict. This, however, was not all. The hopes and prayers of many generations were realized by the restoration of German unity, and by the re-establishment of the throne of the German Cæsars. It is not too much to say that Germany, for the time being, was the envy of the nations. Austria was prostrate. France was conquered. Great Britain and Russia looked on with quiet amazement, probably also with certain misgivings and some secret alarm. A new military power had appeared in Europe; and it was absolutely without a rival. No one dreamed that in so few years after this high tide of success Germany would be in a condition in many particulars not dissimilar to that in which France found herself on the eve of the great revolution in 1789, while France, in spite of her terrible punishment, in spite of the vast sums of which she was drained to pay the indemnity, should be steadily consolidating the republic, and in the full enjoyment of an internal tranquillity and a material prosperity unsurpassed by any other nation on the face of the globe. At the close of the war the contrast was complete. Fortune was with Germany then. The contrast is complete again. Fortune is with France now.

It would be interesting and profitable to inquire into the causes which have produced results so different in the respective countries. Some of the causes it might be difficult, if not impossible, to discover. Some of them, however, lie comparatively on the surface. It would be absurd to say that the marvellous recuperation of France

which the republic has secured for her people. It would be equally absurd to say that the less fortunate condition in which Germany now finds herself is a necessary result of imperial rule. The causes are not these. There can be no doubt that one of them is to be found in the difference of their natural resources. As com pared with Germany, France is a rich country. The natural resources of the former, especially of the northern part, are comparatively poor. The natural resources of France, on the other hand, are rich and varied. She is one of the few nations that may be said to be independent of the outside world. Her resources are equal to her wants. This is one great advantage, and it is all the greater by the admirable manner in which the soil is distributed.

This cause, however, is not sufficient to explain the changed situation. It helps us to understand why France has recuperated. It does not enable us to comprehend why Germany, after having expended the millions of indemnity money, should now be so financially straitened. The true cause of Germany's trouble—the cause which is immediately pressing—is, we think, to be found in her military system. Germany is essentially a military empire. A nation in which every able-bodied youth is taught the art of war, is bound to serve a term of three years in the regular army, and liable ever afterwards until incapacitated by age or sickness for service in the landwehr, is not certainly in circumstances the most favorable for the cultivation of the soil or for the development of trade and industry generally. In the first place, the army is a mighty absorbent of the people's means. It acts like a cramp upon industry. In the second place it takes away from productive pursuits a large percentage of intelligent power. In the third place, it demoralizes a large proportion of the population and unfits them for business. It never has been easy to exchange the camp or the barracks for the office or the workshop, and the young men of Germany form no exception to the general rule. So long as this system remains unchanged, this waste of strength and of resources, and this huge demoralizing power, must continue.

In the interests of the German people themselves, who would be the first to benefit by the change, but in the interests also of all civilized nations, we should rejoice to see Germany taking the first step towards reducing standing armies. No amount of repressive legislation will put an end to the present discontent. Laws without limit may be passed; but the disease can only be removed by a revival of industries, which the military system in a measure prevents.

ANDSTOCKPRECIOUS METALS.

With reference to the United States production and stock of gold and silver, and the present condition of the gold Reserves in the World, we have prepared the following. The first portion, with regard to "United States Production and Stock," we gave in our issue two weeks since, but repeat it now because the import and export figures for 1878 have since then been revised from later returns by the Bureau of Statistics which compelled also a revision of the subsequent tables.

In connection with resumption, facts relating to the demand and supply of the precious metals have a new interest and importance; we would therefore direct special attention to the concluding portions of this L, due to the republic, and to the liberty and justice article, showing the movements of gold in Great Britain

and Europe, and the peculiarities of the present situation.

UNITED STATES PRODUCTION AND STOCK.

With the 1st of January, Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co. issued their annual statement of production. It is for the calendar year, and is as follows, with the previous year added for comparison.

Location.	Year ending D	Year ending December 31.		
	1878.	1877.		
California. Nevada. Oregon. Washington. Idaho. Montana. Utah. Colorado. New Mexico. Arizona. Dakota. Mexico (west coast).	35,181,949 1,213,724 73,311 1,868,122 9,763,640 6,064,613 6,232,747 453,813 2,287,983	\$18,174,716 51,580,290 1,191,997 92,226 1,832,495 2,644,912 8,113,755 7,913,549 309,010 2,388,622 1,500,000		
British Columbia.	1,594,995 1,283,460	1,432,992 1,771,190		
Total gold, silver and lead	\$81,154,622	\$98,421,754		
GoldSilver. Lead	\$38,956,231 38,746,391 3,452,000	\$46,129,547 47,206,957 5,085,250		
Total, as above	\$81,154,622	\$98,421,754		

This shows a decrease of \$17,267,132 this year in the total production; and the same authorities estimate that the yield for 1879 will "not greatly exceed \$70,000,000." Their totals for previous years are as follows.

Year.	Products, including British	Net Produc	d Territories		
	Columbia and Mexico.	Lead.	Silver.	Gold.	Total.
1872	\$54,000,000 58,284,000 62,236,950	2,100,000 2,250,000	19,286,000 19,924,429	34,398,000 38,109,395	\$52,150,000 55,084,000 60,351,824
1873 1874 1875 1876	72,258,693 74,401,045 80,889,057	3,800,000 5,100,000	27,483,302 29,699,122 32,605,239	39,206,558 38,466,488 39,968,194	70,139,860 71,905,610 76,703,433
1877	90,875,103 98,421,754	5,040,000 5,085,250	39,292,924 45,846,109	42.886.935	87,219,859

These statements are all for the calendar year, and are generally received by bankers and others dealing most in the precious metals as quite accurate. The Mint figures, prepared by Dr. Linderman, should, however, be more reliable, as they are for the fiscal year ending June 30, and are not issued until sometime after the expiration of the year; hence there is time for fuller investigation before issue. The Mint returns for the past three years have been as follows.

Locality.		1877-78.			motol.
Locality.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Total, 1876-77.	Total, 1875-76.
California Nevada Colorado Montana Idaho Utah Arizona New Mexico Oregon Washington Dakota Lake Superior Virginia North Car'lina Georgia Other sources.	2,260,511 1,150,000 392,000 500,000 175,000 1,000,000 300,000 3,000,000 150,000 100,000 25,000	28,130,350 5,394,940 1,669,635 200,000 5,208,000 3,000,000 100,000 25,000 100,000	3,930,146 1,350,000 5,600,000 3,500,000 675,000 1,100,000 325,000 3,000,000 100,000 100,000 50,000	44,000,000 7,500,000 3,950,000 1,750,000 800,000 675,000 1,100,000 2,000,000 200,000 100,000 100,000 50,000	41,725,000 7,292,000 4,230,000 2,038,000 5,850,000 1,540,000 300,000 1,000,000 269,500 75,000 150,000 313,000
Total	47,226,107	46,726,314	93,952,421	84,050,000	85,350,000

This statement, it must be remembered, is for the fiscal year, and the previous ones are for the calendar year. Much of the discrepancy between them could be reconciled by making allowance for that fact; for it is an undoubted truth that production has of late months materially decreased and for the next twelve months is likely further to decrease, giving a yield of gold not much in excess of \$35,000,000. Using, however, Dr. Linderman's figures for the last four years, and giving the results of Professor Raymond, formerly Commissioner of Mining, for previous years, we have the following statement of the yield of gold and silver since 1859.

TRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER FINCE 1859.				
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
874, Raymond	\$677,927,092 42,000,000	\$215,651,114 35,703,413	\$893,578,206 77,703,413	

		Bilver.	Total.
1859-1874, Raymond 1875, Mint 1876, " 1877, "	\$677,927,092 42,000,000 46,850,000 45,100,000 47,226,107	\$215,651,114 35,703,413 38,500,000 38,950,000 46,726,314	\$893,578,206 77,703,413 85,350,000 84,050,000 93,952,421
Total since 1860	\$859,103,199	\$375,530,841	\$1,234,634.040

Turning now to the export movement of the precious metals, we have the following results. We give here only the totals for the entire period, the full table being inserted further on.

From 1859		Total		
to 1878—	Domestic.	Foreign.	Total.	Imported.
Gold coin Gold bullion	\$638,721,716 217,317,925	\$58,713,695 368,553	\$697,428,511 217,686,478	\$191,569,160 25,248,135
Total gold	\$856,039,641	\$59,082,248		\$216,817,295
Silver coin Silver bul'n.	\$51,380,853 215,727,866	\$95,548,051 1,811,289		\$118,736,855 18,559,190
Total silver	\$267,108,719	\$97,359,340		\$137,296,045
Total gold and silver.	\$1,123,148,360	\$156,441,58 8	\$1,279,589,948	

Using the figures for production since 1859, as given above, and the totals of exports and imports as here stated, and adding an estimate for the last six months, we have the following net result:

	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Production since 1859 Exports in excess of imports	\$859,103,199	\$375,530,841	\$1,234,634,040
since 1859	698,304,594	1	
Production in excess of net exports	\$160,805,505	\$148,358,827	\$309,157,432
Estimate for Six Months, June-December, 1878— Production Imports in excess of exports	\$19,000,000 . 1,000,000	19,000,000 2,000,000	\$38,000,000 3,000,000
Total production in excess of exports	\$180,805,505	\$169,358,827	\$350,157,432

General estimates put the stock of coin in the country in 1860 at about \$200,000,000, of which about \$100,000.000 were visible. This must have been all gold except the subsidiary currency. Starting then with the stock at that time, and adding the increase of gold as shown above, we shall, after deducting the amount gone into manufacture, reach an approximate estimate of the stock of gold now in the country. The Mint report gives the gold coin and bulion in the country on June 30 at \$244,353,390. A statement made up from the above figures would, as will be readily seen, leave a much larger total. But where is it all, is the usual inquiry; for the doubt implied in this question is very generally felt. A few days since we met a New Jersey farmer-by no means a wealthy one,-and falling into conversation with him asked whether he had any gold. "Yes," he replied "a very little. In 1860 "I had over fifteen hundred dollars, and kept it for "several years; but finally, when the premium began to "go down, I sold it all but one hundred and fourteen dollars. I have that yet." May there not be many other New Jersey farmers, and still more of some other States, with as large a sample?

THE WORLD'S GOLD SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

This exhibit of the production and stocks of the precious metals in the United States suggests the more important question which we have often called attention to of late, and that is, the world's supply of gold and the increasing demand for it. The recent financial disturbance in Great Britain has served to bring out in strong light the existing condition of supply and demand. The simple facts are these. The Bank of England, which carries the reserves for Great Britain, found itself, at a time of great depression in trade—when its vaults ought to

be full, if ever—so depleted, that the shock to credit produced by one bank failure in Scotland threw the whole nation into a state of semi-panic. A point to be remembered, and which gives a special emphasis to the illustration, is that since 1873 trade has been dead; that the commercial demand for gold in the world has for some time been at the lowest possible ebb; and yet the reserves of the banks were dangerously low. Nor is this the worst presentation of the condition. For while the Bank of England was able to retain, by artificial means, a fair reserve, the actual supply of gold in the country has been diminishing to a very considerable extent. This fact is indicated by the following statement, showing the imports and exports of gold into and from Great Britain since 1862.

GREAT BRITAIN'S IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO ALL COUNTRIES.

Year.	GOLD.			
Teat.	Imports.	Exports.	Net Imports.	
1862	£19,903,704	£16,011,963	£3,891,741	
1863	19,142,665	15,303,279	3,839,386	
1864	16.900.951	13,279,739	3,621,212	
1865	14,485,570	8,493,332	5,992,238	
1866	23,509,641	12,742,059	10,767,582	
1867	15,800,159	7,889,030	7,911,129	
1868	17,136,177	12,708,308	4,427,869	
1869	13,770,812	8,473,699	5,297,113	
1870	18,806,728	10,013,521	8,793,207	
1871	21,618,924	20,698,275	920,649	
1872	18,469,442	19,748,916	*1,279,474	
1873	20,611,165	19,071,220	1,539,945	
18/4	18,081,019	10,641,636	7,439,383	
1875	23,140,834	18,648,296	4,492,538	
1876	23,475,975	16,515,748	6,960,227	
Total, 15 years	£284,853,766	£210,239,021	£74,614,745	
Per year, 1862 to 1876	£18,990,251	£14,015,935	£4,974,316	
877, whole year	£15,451,925	£20,361,386	*£4,909,461	
1878, to Sept. 1	9,680,610	11,767,460	*2,086,850	
Total, 20 months	£25,132,535	£32,128,846	*£6,996,311	

*Net exports.

We only bring these figures down to September 1 of this year, because since then there has been a change in the current, under the influence of the distress which was in part produced by the very condition here indicated. These figures develop the wonderful fact that during the 15 years ending with 1876 Great Britain accumulated £74,614,745, or about \$373,000,000, that is \$24,800,000 annually, while during the 20 months preceding the present semi-panic the country had actually lost nearly \$35,000,000. In other words, instead of the constant large increase its arts and commerce have required in the past, there was at that date this surprising loss, together making in the 20 months a difference from average years of—

The prompt inquiry is, what caused this remarkable change? Such a regular movement could only be checked and reversed by either a forced diversion or a partial exhaustion of supply. It appears that both of these causes have been operating. We all know how Germany has been absorbing gold in the place of its silver demonetized and thrown upon the market; how all the banks of Europe by reason of the decline in silver have been engaged in a similar effort; and, in the same time, how the United States, the main source of the world's supply, has been retaining its own production for resumption purposes. The London Economist, in a recent number, estimates the requirements for these purposes during late years as follows:

United States accumulated in two years. Averaged for seven years (about)	£16,500,000 2,400,000
Fine arts per year. Wear and tear, and other coinage reforms, &c.,(say)per year.	£2,000,000 1,800,000

To recapitulate the above, the annual absorption, if distributed through seven years, would be as follows:

Carmany non wash	
Germany per year	£7,600,000
other European banks per year	0 005 000
Chited States per year	2 400 000
Tino alto	2,000,000
Other purposes	1,800,000

Turning now to the world's production of gold, we have in the report of the Select Committee on Depreciation of Silver, ordered by the House of Commons in 1876, the material for probably as accurate an estimate on this point as can be prepared. We take the statement given in their report on page 16 of the appendix, substituting, however, for the United States figures the estimated United States production made for the committee by the Director of the Mint, Dr. Linderman, and found on page 138 of the appendix. It is very erroneous to measure the gold production in this country by the domestic gold deposited in our Mint, as is done by many European authorities, for our silver bullion has in it, as is well known, a very large proportion of gold, which was not included in those The yield of the mines prepared annually, and with, we believe, great care, by the Director of the Mint may, we think, be safely adopted. The statement of production in the world since 1857 has been as follows:

WORLD'S GOLD PRODUCTION BETWEEN 1857 AND 1975

	WORLD'S GOL	D PRODUCTIO	N BETWEEN 1	857 AND 19	75.
	1	Coinage	3	4	5
Years.	Net Exports from Australia.	of Sydney Mint, ex. clusive of M'ibourne Mint after 1872.	Product'n in the United States (Min	Produc-	Total production in world.
· · · · · ·	£	<u> </u>	-		
1857	11,329,000	767,000	11,000,000	3,549,000	£
1858	11,419,000	1,343,000	10,000,000	3,454,000	26,645,000
1859	11,640,000	1,221,000	10,000,000	3,156,000	26,216,000
1860	10,186,000	1.652.000	9,200,000		
1861	10,916,000	1,719,000	8,600,000		24,091,000 24,215,000
m				, , , , , , , ,	
Tot. '57-61	55,490,000	6,702,000	48,800,000	16,192,000	127,184,000
1862	10,455,000	2,478,000			
1863	11,468,000				
1864	9,025,000	2.699.000		2,862,000	
1865	9,533,000	2,272,000		3,227,000	23,786,000
1866	9,618,000	2,911,000	10,700,000	3,397,000	25,677,000 26,626,000
Tot. '62-66	50,099,000	11,895,000	46,385,000	15,464,000	123,843,000
1867	8,783,000	2,401,000	10,345,000		
1868	9,351,000		9,600,000	3,377,000 3,503,000	24,906,000
1869	10,382,000	1,279,090	9,900,000	4,108,000	24,773,000
1870:	8,237,000	1,220,000	10,000,000	4,414,000	25,669,000
1871	7,605,000	2,814,000	8,700,000	4,913,000	$23,871,000 \\ 24,032,000$
Tot. '67-71	44,358,000	10,033,000	48,545,000		123,251,000
1872	7,591,000	9.741.000			
1873	9,359,000	$2,741,000 \ 2,312,000$	7,200,000	4,771,000	22,303,000
1874	*6,500,000		7,200,000		23,371,000
1875	*6,500,000	*3,398,000 *3,000,000	8,000,000 8,000,000	4,035,000	21,933,000
	3,500,000	0,000,000	8,000,000	*4,000,000	21,500,000
Tot. '72-75	29,950,000	11,451,000	30,400,000	17,306,000	89,107,000
Tot.19 yrs	179,897,000	40,081,000	174,130.000	69,277,000	463.385.000
* Estimat					7.500

* Estimated.

[NOTE.—The figures in column 1 were taken from the Statistical Abstract for the Colonies; in column 2 from the Reports of the Master of the Mint (United Kingdom); in column 3 from Estimates of the Director United States Mint; and in column 4 from information supplied to the London Economist. A considerable part of the coinage of the Sydney Mint has been exported; and the Australian production would probably be more than the amounts in the first column, on the average of years, though less than the amounts in columns 1 and 2 together.]

Many estimates of production add about \$2,500,000 or £500,000 for "other countries"; we omit it, however, as

It is but an estimate without any actual fact for a basis. The foregoing shows that since 1871 there has been a considerable reduction in the yield. The annual average for the five years ending with 1871 was £24,810,000, or £124,000,000; whereas the annual average for the four years ending with 1875 was £22,277,000, or \$111,000,000; compared with the years prior to 1861, the loss is even greater. Since 1875 our own production has increased from two to seven million dollars, and hence if other countries may be estimated the same as in 1875 there has been a partial recovery. B inging down, therefore, the totals for the periods above, and filling out the estimate for the later years in the manner indicated, we would have the following results.

	То	tal.	Per	year.
	Sterling.	Dollars.	Sterling.	Dollars.
1857-61, five years 1862-66, five years 1867-71, five years 1871-75, four years 1875-78, three years.	123,543,000 123,251,000 89,107,000	619,215,000 616.255,000 445,535,000	24,768,600 24,650,500	123,843,000 123,251,000

There are several important and evident conclusions to be drawn from the above.

First.—If all the commercial world is to be put upon a gold basis, the amount of gold diverted for that purpose (which during the past seven years has averaged the total production) must be largely increased, until it far more than exceeds the production. Besides, each additional country adopting gold will ever after need a constant net supply, in addition to its wants for the arts, equal to the amount representing wear and tear of coinage, &c.

Second.—The drain on Great Britain during the twenty months ending Sept. 1, 1878, cannot be continued; that country cannot sustain the drain, and therefore cannot supply any portion of the demand; on the contrary, its commerce and arts require it to accumulate gold rather than lose it. In estimating, therefore, the requirements for the next ten years, we must allow a considerable item for the absorption of Great Britain.

Third.—As to supply, the present prospect is that the United States quota will fall off somewhat during coming years; how it will be with other countries we have no means for judging, but it is fair to estimate that the total annual world's production will not exceed about \$110,000,000.

Fourth.—Finally, and from the above, does it not appear that there must be a constant contest among European nations for possession of the annual gold supply, keeping trade in Europe disturbed and depressed so long as this change to a gold currency is in process? France has a surplus, which would become available if that nation should under the pressure grow into the adoption of the modern substitutes.

MERCANTILE FAILURES.

Since 1873 our people have been passing through an experience not very dissimilar to that of a retreating army on a long and terrible march. We fought our fight, through a series of years, trying to make the shadow the substance, and naturally enough it went against us. From that time we have been retreating with the ordinary result of heavy losses constantly on the increase, but until a position of safety was reached, there could be no hope of diminishing them, still less of rallying.

It is consequently no surprise that the annual tables of failures prepared by Messrs. Dun, Barlow & Co. show the number larger this year than for any previous year. Had we made earlier, less vacillating and more constant efforts to reach a specie basis the

trial would have been shorter and many might have held out who have been compelled to succumb. It was an unnecessarily weary struggle. Our first and best. opportunity came with the close of the war, but we failed to improve it. Then, again, we were well on the way when Mr. McCulloch was Secretary of the Treasury, but turned back. Finally the panic caught us in full action, covered with debt, personal, corporate, municipal, the country fairly bristling with half-finished enterprises, depending solely for their completion upon more debt. Since then we have hesitated, vacillated, and thus prolonged and increased the evil. Having, however, at length attained our hopes, we may with profit look at the disasters suffered. As a matter of record we give later on the full figures since 1873; the following is a summary.

Year.	Number of Failures.	Total Liabilities.	Average Liabilities.
1878	10,478	\$234,383,132	\$22,369
	8,872	190,669,930	21,491
	9,092	191,117,786	21,020
	7,740	201,060,353	25,977
	5,830	159,239,000	27,313
	5,183	228,499,000	44,086
	4,069	121,056,000	29,750

This statement shows a constant annual increase in the number of failures. Confidence in fluctuating papervalues was destroyed in 1873. Enterprise upon that basis became impossible from that moment. None were willing to incur more debt except those overburdened with it already. Of course, such as recognized the situation soonest fared the best. But the large body of the embarrassed hoped for a new wave which would lift them out of their difficulties; so they held on, struggling as long as they could with their daily accumulating obligations, the disasters increasing because, with such conditions, the fatal circle each year widened, and therefore included more within its limits. There could be no hope of any other result until we. could reach a basis upon which confidence in values could be re-established, for only then was enterprise possible.

Another feature of this report is the decrease in the average liabilities the last three years. This would have been more marked during 1877 and 1878 had it not been for a new development in the process of liquidation. The following statement indicates by geographical sections these liabilities for 1878.

States.	Number in Busi- ness.		Percentage of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	Av'rage Liabil- ities.
Eastern States Middle States Southern States Western States Pacific States & Ter.	79,765 229,385 96,297 240,933 28,361	3,199 1,415 3,436	1 in every 46 1 in every 71 1 in every 68 1 in every 70 1 in every 41	95,293,466 26,322,961	29,788 18,602 18,716
Total for the U.S.	674,741	10,478	1 in every 64	\$234,383,132	\$22,369
Dominion of Canada	56,347	1,697	1 in every 33	\$23,908,677	\$14,088

The last two years have disclosed a department or species of insolvency which previous years were more free from. We refer to the collapse, through fraudulent management, of savings and other banks, and manufacturing corporations. The life companies began to develop their weaknesses a little earlier. All of these companies, however, had better opportunities than individuals have for raising money and covering their insolvency, and hence the late date of its development. Had it not been for these failures—which for the reason stated we may call out of time or place, in the regular process of recovery—the average liabilities would have shown a marked and natural decrease the past two years, as they had done every other year since 1873.

With regard to the future, there is every reason for

anticipating that the exhibits will be less unfavorable. It would not be reasonable to expect that every struggling insolvent is to be saved by the renewed commercial activity, or that all men are suddenly to grow prudent in their dealings and business arrangements. There will continue to be failures, and very many of them probably; but the turning point has been reached, and we look for a fair decrease, both in number and amount of liabilities, during the present year. In the &c., for each year since 1873.

following it will be noticed that the last quarter of 1878 shows a decided improvement.

		1878.	1877.		
	Failures	Liabilities.	Failures.	Liabilities.	
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	2,470 2,853	\$82,078,826 48,753,940 60,378,363 37,172,003	2,869 1,880 1,816 2,307	\$54,538,074 45,068,097 42,346,085 48,717,680	

Below is a complete statement of failures, liabilities,

FAILURES FOR 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874 AND 1873.

	1			TAILURE	7 1 010	1070, 107	7, 107	70, 1075, 1	1074	AND 1873.		5.		
Estimate		Diavos and	d	1878.	_	1877.	1	1876.		1875.		1874.	1	1873.
Populatio	Busin's	Territories	No. Fail ures	- Liabilities	f Fail ures	Liabilities	f No. Fail ures	Liabilities	of Fai	il- Lightlities	f No Fai ures	1- Liabilitie	of Fai	Amount of
650,00 320,00 330,00 1,821,00	0 7,587 0 6,751 0 36,713	i monion	ts 60	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19 70 10 96 15 480	762,72 738,26 6,659,05	$egin{array}{c c} 8 & 48 \\ 9 & 73 \\ 4 & 462 \\ \end{array}$	559,25 1,410,93 2 12,994,82	55 7 30 6 29 \ 7	$\begin{bmatrix} 73 & 1,076,40 \\ 772,70 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$	2 266,00 6 380,00	00 8 00 2 00 2	\$ 752,000 7 513,000 1 350,000
300,00	12,587	Rhode Isl'n Connecticut	d 13 28	0 2,521.98	1 114	3.599.60	7 138	6,079,05	6 10	6 6,281,69	5 7	1 1,250,00	0 5	8 15,259,000
4,051,00	79,765	Total East'ı Middle.	1. 173	4 35,294,02	6 1353	26,088,00	7 1314	37,657,06	8 133	5 40,015,164	790	-		-
4,995,000 1,132,000 4,125,000 145,000 860,000 195,000	37,392 19,500 (60,540 (19,068 0 3,635 0 13,329	New York. N. Y. City New Jersey Pe'nsylvani Philadelp' Delaware. Maryland	86 16 a 776 a 25' 25'	3 42,501,73 8 4,741,99 0 18,714,27 7 10,373,70 3 281,50 9 2,568,98	$egin{array}{c ccc} 1 & 865 \\ 3 & 177 \\ 0 & 632 \\ 0 & 175 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 6 & 129 \\ \end{array}$	32,490,974 3,313,958 15,540,798 4,946,443 193,000 3,603,634	1 887 8 159 5 545 8 138 0 19 1 145	33,244,01 2,273,14 10,731,88 4,281,49 209,60	$egin{array}{c c} 8 & 95 \\ 1 & 13 \\ 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 2 \\ \end{array}$	1 49,263,667 4 2,830,485 3 18,247,872 1 259,500	645 146 644	32,580,00 3,854,00 34,774,00 578,00	0 644 0 119 0 576 0 31	92,635,000 2,482,000 31,445,000 663,000
1,452,000	-	Dist. Colum Total Middl	-	-		1,090,100	18	87,97	7 18	164,924	18	266,00	0 13	240,000
1,300,000 500,000 1,170,000 950,000	10,144 5,390 6,635	Southern. Virginia W. Virginia No. Carolina So. Carolina	126 40 89	1,195,618 369,011 1,067,200	1 159	1,312,705 439,569	172 126	3,351,289 994,918	9 138	3,296,307	111	1,514,000	125	, ,,
1,375,000 250,000 1,150,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	7,748 1,879 5,315 5,525 7,859	Georgia. Florida. Alabama Mississippi. Louisiana Texas	119 22 51 99	3,738,134 133,288 874,062 1,073,660 4,830,462	1 103 3 11 2 43 0 86 2 61	$\begin{array}{c} 1,168,501\\ 1,181,631\\ 149,000\\ 690,000\\ 1,079,986\\ 893,519 \end{array}$	89 147 14 51 81 80	1,500,112 3,110,148 121,000 771,821 738,258 1,438,143	1 131 5 156 6 16 6 42 8 45	2,781,048 6,128,464 262,800 1,118,100 913,565	61 118 14 48 66	1,531,000 1,845,000 293,000 963,000 1,555,000	36 67 10 10 52 79	1,927,000 2,113,000 258,000 1,337,000 909,000
700,000 1,500,000 1,400,000 4,295,000	4,211 16,846 8,243	Arkansas Kentucky Tennessee	$\begin{array}{c c} 41 \\ 220 \\ 194 \\ \hline \end{array}$	407,653 5,905,756 2,205,873	23 227 91	1,890,696 270,775 6,994,428 1,201,110	35 241 158	1,900,515 268,257 6,659,247 2,229,553	$\begin{bmatrix} 250 \\ 31 \\ 148 \end{bmatrix}$	2,495,849 391,300 3,669,758	$142 \\ 22 \\ 167$	2,201,000	116 17 125	1,751,000 307,000 2,287,000
2,200 ,000	90,297	Tot'l South'n Western.	1415	26,322,961	1078	17,271,920	1361	23,083,260	1207	26,045,143	998	18,743,000	841	18,216,090
3,12 0,000 2,04 0,000 3,500 ,000	25,402	{ Ohio	374 470	7,570,311 5,233,549	126 352	5,866,818 3,710,584 5,718,700 8,117,091	$ \begin{array}{c} 96 \\ 362 \\ 434 \end{array} $	5,414,893 3,191,349 4,787,401 6,079,710	332	4,804,052				11,320,000 2,260,000
1,500,000 1,400,000 1,700,000 765,000	23,336 20,305 22,760 9,127	Michigan Wisconsin Iowa Minnesota	362 369 163 400 149	6,627,709 2,317,382 3,428,100 1,052,403	154 350 114	10.065,300 8,032,902 2,128,710 2,604,100 1,291,852	199	9,164,200 9,736,852 4,307,314 3,909,080 1,565,684	283 245 183	8,218,470 4,123,718 2;130,346 1,610,305 1,803,406	332 286 101 144	7,510,000 4,477,000 2,575,000 2,034,000	248 81 141	7,109,000 3,917,000 1,574,000 1,917,000
700,000 500,000	8,863 4,029	{ Missouri } St. Louis. Kansas Nebraska	101 167 44 106	1,036,416 4,171,300 647,902 825,400	50	717,232 7,239,850 355,635 338,300	84 83 48 37	1,272,737 2,618,557 435,900 93,600	100	3,748,793 829,400 197,400	60 175 94 42	1,029,000 3,061,000 988,000 521,000	94	944,000 5,867,000 821,000 311,000
7 ,6 25,000		Fot'l West'rn Pacific & Ter.	3436	64,309,503	2756	56,187,074	3122	52,577,277		35,459,172		33,073,000		36,040,000
120,000 760,000 200,000 100,000	2,679 0 $17,058$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Oregon	13 310 222 58	$173,500 \\ 6,899,539 \\ 4,700,591 \\ 541,542$	29 288 163 58	266,170 3,252,852 8,483,424 880,103	34 169 79 45	$\substack{422,416\\1,670,973\\2,202,698\\505,582}$	18 }237 72	219,448 5,281,111	68	2,571,000	70	1,500,000
467,000	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1,265 \\ 369 \\ 394 \\ 299 \\ \end{bmatrix} $	New Mexico Wyoming daho	37 17 10 11	$\begin{array}{c} 419,797 \\ 121,050 \\ 63,900 \\ 62,050 \end{array}$	56 11 4 4 4	659,736 44,300 16,300 7,200 46,000	25 1 10 3	206,167 6,000 140,900	45 8	918,351 1,011,700 240,500	67	969,000	.14	929 999
	840 I 401 N 816 V	Dakota Montana Washington Arizona	7 3 6	83,000 16,900 81,307	8 7 4	207,800 54,000	10 3 6 1	30,500 83,400 75,000 203,864 8,000	6 1	92,000 2,804		508,000	44	868,000
,762,000	28,361 T	ot. Pac.& T.	694	13,163,176	636		386		200	7.700.01				
,185,000		1_						5,555,500	388	7,768,914	135	3,540,000	114	2,368,000
,867,603	56 247 D	om.Canada	555	9,100,929	1	25,523,903	032 1	91,117,786	7740	201,060,353 5	§30 1	55,239,000	5163 2	28,589,000

New York & Brooklyn Bridge.—The General Term of the Supreme Court has reversed the decision of the court below, and ordered a mandamus against Comptroller Kelly for the issue of bonds to raise \$1,000,000 for the bridge. The court says the statute provided that the right to call for this money should terminate whenever \$8,000,000 should have been expended. The provision reads: "Until the said bridge shall be fully completed, and open for public travel, and the debts and liabilities incurred therefor shall be fully paid." The true significance of these words, taken in connection with the other provisions of the section, the court thought, was that the drafts upon the two cities, in the proportions named, might continue against the \$8,000,000 "until the said bridge shall be fully completed and open for public travel," &c.; that is, the right to call for these drafts upon the \$8,000,000 should terminate when that event occurred, so that if the bridge were completed for a less sum, then the right ceased. This showed no intent to provide that the bridge itself should be limited under all circumstances in its cost to the sum of \$8,000,000 appropriated, but left it open to the consideration of a future Legislature, after the expenditure of the

\$3,000,000, to say whether it should make such further provision as should be necessary.

New Jersey State Finances.—Governor McClellan's message shows that the State debt consists solely of the outstanding bonds of the war loan, and now amounts to \$2,196,300. As the sinking fund now reaches \$1,458,852, and as \$100,000 of the principal is paid off each year, this debt is very light.

The Governor refers to the large debts of municipalities, and

furnishes the following table:

	-O " LALE UCO	D10.			~	
	Tot. tax	Total		Debt I	Expenses	
014	rate per	amount	Total	per	per .	
City.	\$1,000.	raised.	debt.	capita.	capita.	
Newark	\$19 80	\$1,677,139	\$1,374,000	\$35 39	\$3 36	
Paterson	22 50	430,875	8,821,455	71 55	8 64	
Jersey City	23 6t)	1,425,540	14,217,435	130 16	16 78	
Hoboken	18 57	281,723	1,110,065	44 32	5 77	
Rahway	29 61	91,591	1,690,000	243 27	23 36	
Elzabeth	35 60	483,435	5,908,500	274 08	14 89	
Trenton	15 00	217 548	879.567	85 13	5 99	
Camden	23 00	270,797	1,130,200	33 38	€ 24	
New Brunswick	29 00	164,082	1,468,500	88 14	10 17	
Total		85 014 D94	@96 K 33 C33			

Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHAN D	GE AT I	EXCHANGE ON LONDON			
on-	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	12.3 @12.4	Dec. 27.	short.	12.40
Amsterdam	3 mos.	12.6 @12.6%	,	22020.	
Antwerp	"	25.62% @ 25.67%	Dec. 26.	short.	25.35
Hamburg	66	20.75 @20.79	Dec. 28.		20.49
Paris	short.	25.321/ 025.421/	Dec. 28.		25.35%
Paris	8 mos.	25.57 1 @25.62 1	- 00. 10.	1	40.007g
Vienna	46 .	12.07% @12.12%	Dec. 27.	3 mos.	117.10
Berlin		20.75 @20.79	Dec. 28.		20.49
Frankfort	ä.	20.75 @20.79	Dec. 28.	66	20.49
st. Petersburg.		22% @22%	Dec. 24.	3 mos.	22 31-32
adiz	. 46	46 @461	200. 22.	o mos.	24 01-34
isbon	90 days.	51%@51%	• • • • •	1 1	
dilan	3 mos.	28.30 @28.40	Dec. 27.	3 mos.	27.60
enoa	44	28.30 @28.40	Dec. 27.	0 mos.	
Vaples	46	28.30 @28.40	Dec. 27.	1 44	27.60
ladrid	46	16 @46%	Dec. 41.		27.60
lew York		10 (4)10/1	Dec. 28.	40 dama	4.00
ombay	60 days.	18. 6% d.	Dec. 20.	60 days.	4.82
alcutta	00 44 5.	1s. 6% d.	• ••	••••	••••
long Kong		10. 0%4.	Dec. 24.	0	0-1021
hanghai	****			6 mos.	30. 8% d.
lexandria			Dec. 24.	0	58. 0 ½ d.
			Dec. 26.	8 mos.	96¾

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, December 28, 1878.

The Bank return published this week shows changes incidental chiefly to the close of the year. In "other securities" there is an increase of £1,921,402; but it is evident that the demand for money has been largely precautionary, as there is an increase of £1,181,800 in current accounts. A large supply of gold has been sent into the Bank during the week, and as much as £943,787 has been retained; but as the active circulation of notes has been augmented by £788,375, the improvement in the reserve is limited to £155,412. The proportion of reserve to liabilities is now 27½ per cent.

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the four previous years.

	1578.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.
Circulation, including	£	£	£	£	2012
bank post bills	33 369 560	26,715,441	28,197,408	27,779,985	26,486,600
Public deposits	5,577,109		8,178,488		7,806,967
Other deposits	27,872,395		22,875,676	20,459,026	18,689,294
Government securities.	14,215,891	13, 283, 176	15,958,658	13,896,027	12,900,078
Other securities	27,906,355	18,441,363	17,518,852	22,269,018	21,153,922
Reserve of notes and		40.004.00			. >
Coin and bullion in	9,342,285	12,234,085	15,467,179	9,178,724	10,351,263
Coin and bullion in both departments	27 480 070	04 000 000			
Proportion of reserve	27,453,076	21,032,070	28,365,434	21,703,879	21,492,793
to liabilities	27.71	40.00			
Bank-rate	50 0	46.58	63.11	•••••	•••••
Consols.	5 p. c. 94%	4 p. c.	2 p. c.	4 p. c.	6 p. c.
English wheat, av. price	40s. 8d.	941/6 51s. 4d.	941	94	91%
Mid. Upland cotton	5 3-16d.	6 7-16d.	50s. 8d. 6 11–16d.	45s. 9d.	44s. 8d.
No. 40 mule twist	91/4d.	10½d.	8¼d.	6 5-16d.	7 5-16d.
	94,218,000	68,371,00	61,508,000	1s. 0d. 72,022,000	11%d.
The area and a second		00,011,000	01,000,000	1 ~,0~~,000	94,892,000

The money market has been very firm in tone, but the demand for strictly mercantile purposes has been upon a very moderate scale. The approaching close of the year and the want of confidence which prevails have induced bankers and merchants to acquire as large balances as is practicable; but there are hopes that before long the market will be better supplied with floating capital. The following are the present quotations for money:

	. —		J .
Bank rate Open-marketrates: 30 and 60 days' bills 3 months' bills	5	4 months' bank bills 5	500.534

The rates of interest allowed by the joint-stock banks and discount houses for deposits are as follows:

Joint stoop hanks	•	Per cer	at.
Joint-stock banks. Discount houses at call. Discount houses with 7 down?	• • • •	4	
Discount houses with 14 days' notice		4	16

The following are the current rates of discount at the prinipal foreign markets:

Paris Brussels Amsterdam	Bank rate. p. c. 3 4		St. Petersburg Vienna and Trieste Madrid, Cadiz and Bar-	414	- Poss
Berlin. Hamburg Frankfort. Leipzig. Genoa. Geneva.	41/4 41/4 41/4 41/4 4	8% 8% 8% 8% 8% 8% 8% 4 4	celona Lisbon and Oporto New York Calcutta Copenhagen	6 5 	6 @7 5 @6 4¾@6 4 @4¾

There has been a slight withdrawal of gold from the Bank on German account during the past week, but this has been an exceptional movement, as large amounts—nearly two millions sterling—of gold coin and bullion have been received from Australia and France, the whole of which has been sent into the Bank. With regard to silver, the market is quite bare of supplies, and although, owing to the relapse in exchange, there has been no demand for India, yet the small amounts taken at intervals by the Continent have tended to support the market, and the price finally shows a slight improvement at $49\frac{1}{2}$ @ $49\frac{1}{5}$ d. per oz. Mexican dollars, however, have had a severe relapse, as several shipments by the French and American steamers, which had been upon the market for some time, could only be disposed of at $48\frac{1}{5}$ d. per oz., or a reduction of $\frac{7}{5}$ d. per oz. as compared with the previous rate.

The diminished profits of farming peculiar to the last few years are having a very adverse influence upon the agriculture of the country. It is stated that within the past month twenty-three farms in Berwickshire, Roxburyshire and north Northumberland have been offered to be let, but in many instances great difficulty has been experienced in obtaining takers. More holdings are, it is said, about to be relinquished. The Marquis of Hertford, at his annual rent-audit at Stratford-on-Avon, on Thursday, generously returned to each of his tenants ten per cent of the amount of their respective rentals, in consideration of the bad season and the general depression of trade throughout the country.

Business in the wheat trade has partaken quite of a holiday character, and prices are unchanged. The weather has been very severe.

During the week ended Dec. 21 the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets in England and Wales amounted to 51,419 quarters, against 42,758 quarters last year; and it is estimated that in the whole Kingdom they were 205,700 quarters, against 171,100 quarters in the corresponding period of 1877. Since harvest, the sales in the 150 principal markets have been 951,010 quarters, against 791,635 quarters; and it is computed that in the whole Kingdom they have been 3,804,100 quarters, against 3,166,540 quarters in the corresponding period of last season. Without reckoning the supplies furnished ex-granary, it is estimated that the following quantities of wheat and flour have been placed upon the British markets since harvest:

1878. cwt. Imports of wheat	1877. cwt. 21,159,742 2,560,357 13,722,000	1876. cwt. 12,495,886 2,019,252 15,265,000	1875. cwt. 21,331,143 2,081,589 18,963,702
Total	87,442,139 741,173	29,780,136 473,262	37,898,388 84,851
Result	36,700,966 54s. 7d.	29,306,876 47s. 8d.	87,312,089 47s, 0d,

The following figures show the imports and exports of cereal produce into and from the United Kingdom since harvest, viz., from the first of September to the close of last week, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous years:

	IMP	ORTS.		
Wheat cwt Barley Oats Peas Beans Indian Corn Flour	4,983,683 4,375,914 660,148 504,380 10,455,559	1877. 21,159,782 5,001,041 4,116,758 713,058 1,491,593 8,948,611 2,560,837	1876. 12,495,886 4,819,269 3,949,616 578,463 1,593,360 13,417,658 2,029,926	1875. 21,331,144 3,736,708 3,499,226 465,625 1,287,508 6,680,567 2,081,539
	EXP	ORTS.		12.90
Wheat	56,678 37,475 6,948 2,832	723,514 25,950 49,762 7,600 9,049 41,288 17,649	458,139 10,075 54,417 10,090 18,368 179,034 15,123	77,542 8,616 88,966, 5,648 3,421, 11,376 6,809

Euglish Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, as reported by cable, are shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—The directors of the Bank of England, at their meeting on Thursday, reduced the rate of discount from 5 to 4 per cent. The bullion in the Bank has increased £535,000 during the week.

Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.
Jan. 11.	Jan 13.	Jan. 14.	Jan. 15.	Jan. 16.	Jan. 17.
Silver, per ozd. 49%	49%	50	50	5016	5016
Consols for money 95 11-16	95 13-1			95 15-16	95%
account. 9534	95%	961	36 3-16	95 15-16	
U.S.6s (5-20s) 1867103%	103%	1033/	1031/4	108%	103%
U. 8. 10-408	1101	1101/2	1101	1103	1101
U. S. 5s of 1881109%	109%	109%		1083	1081
U. S. 41/48 of 1891 107%	108	1083	108%	108%	108%
Erie com stock 23	28%	23%	23%	23	23%
Illinois Central 8416	85	83	84 1/4	84	8414
Pennsylvania	84		34%	25	851

Liverpool Cotton Market.—See special report on cotton.

Liverpool Breadstuff	's M	arket	.—				
•	Sat	t. M	for.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.
Flour (extra State) %bbl	8. d 1. 2 3	d. 8. 0 2 3		s. d. 23 0	s. d. 23 0	8. d. 23 0	8. d. 23 0
Wheat, spring, No. 2 9 10) 1	b 71	11 7	11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
do do No. 3 "	7	5 7 9 8	5	7 5	7 5		7 5
do winter W. new "	8	9 8	. 9	8 9	8. 9	8 9	8 9
do Southern, new. "		0 9 1 9	0	9 0	8. 9 9 0 9 1	9 0	9 0
do Av. Cal. white "		1 9	1	8 9 9 0 9 1 9 54	9 1	7 5 8 9 9 0 9 1 9 5 1	9 11/2
do Cal. club"	9	5% 9		9 51/2	9 5%		9 41/2
Corn, mixed soft, old, 9 qr.	. 23	3 23		2 3 0	23 0	23 0	23 0
do prime, new "		6 22	ď	22 3	22 3	22 3	22 6
Liverpool Provisions		·ket.—		*			
# ·	Sat.		on.	Tues.	Wei.	Thur.	Fri.
Parts 977 store man #0 1.11	s. d			s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Pork, Western mess \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$bbl.}}}\$}	. 4) 0			40 0	40 0	4) 0	40 0
Bacon, long cl'r, new & cwt.				24 0	21 0	21 0	
Bacon, short ci'r, new "	24 6			24 6	21 6	24 6	21 3
Beef, prime mess, new. # tc.	. 72 0	0 72		72 0	72 0	72 0	
Lard, prime West \$ cwt.	31 3			31 3	31 0	31 0	31 0
Cheese, Amer. choice. "	45 0		0	45 0	45 0	45 0	45 0
London Petroleum 1					*		
Sat.		Ion.	Tues		77.70		ri.
Petrolim ref 20 rel 10		d.	d.	d.		d.	d.
Petrol'm, ref. \$\text{P} gal. 10 Petrol'm, spirits "	9	9%	•••.	97/8-	10	9%	• • • • • •
remot m, spittes	• • • • • •		· · · ·				
		-	-				

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$2,223,482, against \$4,267,832 the preceding week and \$5,564,356 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Jan. 14 amounted to \$4,247,380, against \$4,429,575 last week and \$5,782,673 the previous week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 9 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 10:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

Dry Goods	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.
	\$2,617,478	\$1,662,145	\$1,852,410	\$642,279
	6,271,522	5,323,177	4,390,357	1,586.201
Total for the week Previously reported	\$5,939,000	\$6,935,522	\$6,242,767	\$2,228,482
	7,523,539	5,259,703	4,977,793	4,267,832
Total since Jan. 1 In our report of th	\$13,417,510	\$12,215,331	\$11,220,560	\$6,496,314
	e dry goods	trade will	be found the	imports

of dry goods for one week later. The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

For the week Previously reported	1876. \$5,159,393 4,012,328	1877. \$6,447.837 3,931.539	1878. \$5.093,167 6,477,544	1879. \$4,247,380 4,429,575
Total since Jan. 1	\$9,181,724	\$10,479,405	\$11,575,711	\$9,676,955

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Jan. 11, 1879, and also a comparison of the total since Jan. 1, 1879, with the corresponding totals for several previous years: Jan Q Str Santiac

Jan 8-Str Santiago do Cabo	
Jan. 9-Str. City of Naw York. Havana Am. sil. 1/2 & 1/2 \$	\$5,000
Jan. 9—Str. City of New York Liverpool Amer. s lver bara	43,000
(cont';; \$5:0 g'd)	71,000
Jan. 9-Str. Andes	41,400
Jan. 19—Str. Andes	4,671
	8,000
Jan. 10—Str. Suevia	
	5,380
	127,500
Jan. 11-Str. Donau Tondon Tondon	1,000
Dondon Amer. silver bars.	217,0:0
Eng. silver coin	2,000
Nor cile - dol.	
Mex. silver dols	60,000
Total for the	
Total for the week (\$514,360 silver, and \$18,591, gold)	
Treviously reported (\$131 916 silver and \$200 mold)	¥542,951
Previously reported (\$131,916 silver, and \$200 gold)	132,116
Total since Jan. 1, 1879 (\$653,276 silver, and \$18,791 gold)	1000
(pos, 4.0 strvet, and \$18, 191 gold)	\$675,057
	1 201 200
	1,101,133
1876	1,316,681
	1,151.328
4 544 1:01 1000	1,101.060

945,292 The imports of specie at this port for the same periods, have been as follows:

3,850,303

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

1,335,938 | 1857....

Jan. 7—Str. Niagara Havana Amer. silver 7.221 Amer. gold 3.325 Gold dust 2,400 6.001		
Jan. 7—Str. Niagara Havana Amer. silver 6.00 Foreign gold 10,000 Amer. silver 350 Amer. silver 350 Amer. silver 21,500 Foreign gold 1,947	Jan. 6—Str. Labrador	7 921
Jan. 9—Str. Atlas	Jan. 7—Str. Niagara Havana Amer. silver	2,400 6,000
Total for the week (225 724 silvers and 1,947	Jan. 9—Str. Atlas	350 21 500
	Total for the week (227 724 -:)	\$53,747

	ver, and \$49,419 gold)	
	5,152 silver, and \$67,442 gold)	224 2,591
1070	325,365 1872 396,552 1871	261,540 159.4 6
1876 1875	91.954 1870	270 37

89,935 | 1869 | 32,312 | 1868 | 53,609 | 1867 | 123,388 Central Pacific.—The government has brought suit against the Central Pacific Railroad Company to recover \$10,000, for refusal of defendants to render a statement of their business to the Auditor of Railroad Accounts.

- In the United Sates Supreme Court at Washington, Jan.

16, the following case was submitted, as reported in the New York Herald despatches:

No. 972.—The Central Pacific Railroad Company, appellant, vs. Albert Gallatin—Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District Gallatin—Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of California.—This was a suit in equity brought against the Central Pacific Railroad Company and its Board of Directors, by one of its stockholders, for the alleged purpose of enforcing compliance with the requirements of an act, amendatory of the Pacific Railroad acta, passed May 7, 1878, and generally known as the "Thurman Act." The principal object of that act was to secure the interest of the United States in the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads by restraining those companies from distributing among stockholders, in the shape of dividends, earnings which the government maintained railroads by restraining those companies from distributing among stockholders, in the shape of dividends, earnings which the government maintained should be reserved to meet their maturing liabilities including the subsidy and first mortgage bonds. The act provided that the Central Pacific Company should pay twenty five per cent of its annual net earnings into a sinking fund in the Treasury of the United States, to be there held with interest accumulations for the final payment of its bonded indebtedness. The bill of complaint of the present suit declared that the company had entirely disregarded the aforesaid act, and prayed for an injunction to restrain the directors from paying dividends, and to enforce compliance with the laws. To this bill the railroad company demured, on the ground that the act in question was unconstitutional, and that it impaired the obligation of confracts. The demurrer was overruled, and the railroad company declining to answer, final decee was entered against it, from which an appeal is taken to this court. The decision here will turn upon the constitutionality or unconstitutionality of the "Thurman Act" of May 7, 1878, and will involve important and far-reaching consequences. and far-reaching consequences.

and far-reaching consequences.

In the meantime, the Attorney-General has filed a motion to dismiss the appeal, on the ground that he is informed and believes that it arises out of a sham suit brought by collusion between the parties and by procurement of the appellants with a view to a ticipate similar legal proce dings known to be contemplated by the government, and to obtain a decision of this court upon a state of facts and pleadings more favorable to the company than those which will appear when the government is ready to present its case. If the appeal be not dismissed, the Attorney General asks that he may be heard or ally thereupon on behalf of the government, which is the company's only real opponent. The case was submitted to-day upon the printed briefs by S. W. Sanderson for appellants and George H. Williams for appellees, and will be considered by the court in connection with the Attorney-General's motion be considered by the court in connection with the Attorney-General's motion

-Messrs. Fisk & Hatch have issued the sixth edition of their interesting pamphlet entitled "MEMORANDA CONCERNING GOV-ERNMENT BONDS," revised and corrected to January 1, 1879. The firm has long been known for their large dealings in Government securities to which, for the past five years they have given a most exclusive attention, and their pamphlet will be particularly acceptable at the present time when the transactions in government bonds are of unprecedented volume, and all holders of five-twenties and even of ten-forties are anxiously inquiring what they had better do with their bonds.

—Texas lands are offered by Messrs. Edwards & Turner of No. 52 Broadway, Room 38, in large or small quantities, at very low prices. Some of these lands lie contiguous to the Houston East & West Texas Road. The population of Texas is rapidly increasing, and those desiring homes or an investment for their money will find it worth while to examine the opportunities offered in Texas real estate.

-Mr. Joseph G. Martin, commission stock broker, 10 State street, Boston, has issued his admirable compilation of STOCK FLUCTUATIONS for the year 1873, which forms an appendix to be added to his "Seventy-three year's history of the Boston stock market." Mr. Martin has had a long experience in his business, and parties desiring to buy or sell investment securities in Boston may desire to avail themselves of his services.

-Attention is called to the payment at the Third National Bank, New York, of coupons of series C due August 1, 1878, of the second mortgage preferred bonds of the St. Louis Alton & Terre Haute Railroad Company, on Jan. 20th according to order of the U.S. Court. Mr. W. Bayard Cutting is the president of the company, No. 12 Wall street.

—A monthly dividend of thirty cents per share has been declared by the Homestake Mining Co., payable at the office of the transfer agents, Wells Fargo & Co., on the 25th. The Homestake is a comparatively new Mine, under the same management as the well-known Ontario.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH. BANKERS AND DEALERS in

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

To meet the widespread desire for information in reference to INVESTMENTS in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, we have issued this day the sixth edition of the MEMORANDA CON-CERNING GOVERNMENT BONDS, giving in detail particulars about all the different issues. Copies can be had on application

We keep on hand all issues of GOVERNMENT BONDS. including the popu'ar

FOUR PER CENT BONDS,

in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, coupon or registered bonds, and in addition \$5,000, \$10,000, \$20,000, \$50,000 in registered form.

We alse buy and sell at the Stock Exchange all other investment securities, and, in general, transact all business appertaining

We give special attention to exchanging

CALLED FIVE-TWENTY BONDS

for other issues, or buy them at a small premium. A complete record of all the different "calls" will be found on page 44 of the Memoranda.

FISK & HATCH. No. 5 Nassau st.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15, 1879.

169.905

95.049

The Bankers' Gazette.

NATIONAL BANKS ORGANIZED.

The United States Comptroller of the Currency furnishes the following statement of national banks organized:

2,406—Little Falls National Bank, New York Authorized capital, \$100,000; paid in capital, \$50,00. Seth M. Richmond, President; Amos A. Bradley, Cashier. Authorized to commence business January 10, 1879.

DIVIDENDS.

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAYABLE	Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)
Railroads. Atlan'a & West Point. Burl. & Mo. Riv. in Neb Illinois Central Louisville & Nashville.	. \$2	March 1.	Jan. 21 to Feb. 2. Feb. 13 to Feb. 23
Panama (quar) Republican Valley Terre Haute & In i mapolis Insurance	\$2 4	Feb. 1.	Jan. 16 to Feb. 2 Jan. 16 to Feb. 2.
Farragu' Fire. Germ n American. Hope Fire. Home Fire Kings Co. Fire (Brooklyn).	5 3 5	On dem. On dem. On dem. On dem.	
Manhattan Fire Merchauts Phenix (Brooklyn)	5 8 5	On dem. On dem. On dem. On dem.	***************************************
Republic Fire Standard Fire Williamsburg City Fire	31/	On dem.	

FRIDAY, JAN. 17, 1879-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation—The week has been quiet in financial circles, and the tone of confidence previously noticed remains as strong as ever. There is not a very large speculative business at the Stock Exchange, but the transactions in Gove nment bonds are large, and in railroad bonds almost unequalled. The latter movement may be partly of a speculative character, but the wide distribution of purchases throughout the list of bonds, and the advance of prices along the whole line, in licates that a great number of bonds are bought and taken out of the market, for private investment. Whatever may be the future rates of interest in this country, it is evident that the average investor is not yet prepared to take 4 per cent a year for his money, and with the rapid calling in of United States 6 per cents, there is a rush into the railroad bond market, and a readiness shown to take up with all sorts securities - some of which would have been looked upon three months ago as an exceedingly hazardous risk.

The money marker has a superabundant supply of funds, and on call loans rates are 2@31 per cent, according to the collateral. Prime commercial paper is in small supply, and sells readily at

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a gain of £535,000 in specie for the week, and its reserve was 301 per cent of liabilities, against 281 per cent the previous week. The discount rate was reduced to 4 per cent from 5 the previous

figure. Silver in London is quoted at 50 7-16d. per oz. The Bank of France lost 11,225,000 francs in specie.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued January 11, showed an increase of \$1,121,700 in the excess above their 25 per cent legal reserve, the whole of such excess being \$12,397,250, against \$11,275,550 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week

and a comparison with the two preceding years.

	1879.	Differ'nces fr'm	1878.	1877.
	Jan. 11.	previous week.	Jan. 12.	Jan. 13.
Loans and dis. Specie Circulation Net deposits Legal tenders.	19,785,000 $206,482,200$	Inc. 309,200	27,093,200 19,861,600 203,666,000	39,737,400 $15,517,300$ $223,868,300$

United States Bonds.—There has been a very active business in governments, stimulated by large calls for five-twenties, amounting to \$30,000,000 this week, with the expectation of another call to-morrow, possibly for \$20,000,000. There is naturally a considerable amount of 1867 bonds coming from abroad, and now, for the first time in about eighteen months, a return movement is noted in the taking for European account of a number of small loss of four per cents. This new demand for 4 per cents springing up just after the resumption of specie payments, and following close on the enormous sales of these bonds at home, is regarded by some of the foreign bankers as the first indications of a heavy demand for these bonds which is likely to set in during the current year.

The Treasury Department has issued the following calls for five-twenty bonds of 1867. The denominations and numbers (always inclusive) of each class of bonds are as follows:

EIGHTIETH CALL FOR \$10,000,000, DUE APRIL 11, 1879.

Coupon Bonds.—\$50, Nos. 23,001 to 27,000; \$100, Nos. 24,001 to 31,000; \$540, Nos. 22,001 to 27,000; \$1,000, Nos. 27,001 to 34,000.

Total, \$6,000,000.

Registered Bonds.—\$50, Nos. 801 to 1,150; \$100, Nos. 5,901 to 8,200; \$500, Nos. 3,801 to 4,850; \$1,000, Nos. 13,501 to 17,650; \$5,000, Nos. 4,301 to 5,330; \$10,000, Nos. 3,501 to 4,800. Total, \$4,000,000.

EIGHTY-FIRST CALL FOR \$20,000,000, DUE APRIL 14, 1879. Coupon Bonds.—\$50, Nos. 27,001 to 37,000; \$100. Nos. 31,001 to 47,000; \$500, Nos. 27,001 to 37,000; \$1,000, Nos. 34,001 to \$48,000. Total, \$12,000,000.

Total, \$12,000,000.

Registered Bonds.—\$50, Nos. 1,151 to 1,550; \$100, Nos. 8,201 to 11,400; \$500, Nos. 4.851 to 6,250; \$1,000, Nos. 17,651 to 23,750; \$5,000. Nos. 5,331 to 7,100; \$10,000, Nos. 4,801 to 9,950. Total, \$8,000,000.

Closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Period.	Jan. 11.	Jan. 13.	Jan. 14.	Jan. 15.	Jan. 16.	Jan. 17.
68, 1881reg.	J. & J.	10638	*10612	10634	10678	10678	
6s, 1881coup. 6s, 5-20s, 1867reg.	J. & J.	102	10178	102	106%	*10678 *10178	1067 ₈ 1017 ₈
6s, 5-20s, 1867 .coup. 6s, 5-20s, 1868 reg.	J. & J.	*104	*10178 *104	102 *104	$102 \\ 103 $	102	*10178 *10212
68, 5-20s, 1868 .coup. 58, 10-40sreg.	J. & J. M. & S.	1043 ₈	*104	104	1031	*103	10234
5s, 10-40s coup. 5s, fund., 1881 reg.	M. & S.	1075	*1074	*107	*1074	10718	*107
58, fund., 1881coup.	QFeb.	1074	1074	10739	10712	1064 1074	106^{1}_{8} 107^{3}_{8}
4 ¹ 28, 1891reg. 4 ¹ 28, 1891coup.	QMar.	*10538	*10538	10558	106 10578	106 *106	106 106
4s, 1907reg. 4s, 1907coup.	QJan	$^*99_{2}$ 99_{2}	9930	995_{8} 991_{2}	995 ₈		9978
6s, cur'cy, '95-99.reg.	J. & J.	12038	12014		12014	*12038	1203

* This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1879, and the amount of each class of bonds outstanding Jan. 1, 1879, were as follows:

* * *	Range since	Jan. 1, 1879.	Amount Jan. 1, 1879.		
	Lowest.	Highest.	Registered.	Coupon.	
68, 1881 cp. 68, 5-20s, 65.cp. 68, 5-20s, 67.cp. 68, 5-20s, 68.cp. 58, 10-40scp. 58, fund., 81.cp. 4128, 1891cp. 48, 1907cp. 68, cur'ncy reg.	10178 Jan. 11 10234 Jan. 17 10718 Jan. 16 10678 Jan. 3 10434 Jan. 2 9933 Jan. 3	10238 Jan. 2 10434 Jan. 4	18,205,650 117,622,550 16,209,500 144,280,800 253,175,500 164,715,750 136,369,700	\$82,734,600 7,879,900 192,991,450 21,255,800 50,285,500 255,264,850 85,284,250 62,330,300	

Closing prices of securities in London for three weeks past and the range since Jan. 1, 1879, were as follows:

. *		Jan. Jan.		Range since Jan. 1, 1879.			
	3.	10. 17.	Lowest.	Highest.			
U. S. 6s, 5-20s, 1867. U. S. 5s, 10-40s. 5s of 1981. 4 ¹ ₂ s of 1891.	110% 109%	110%	1104	1104 Jan. 13	111 Jan. 7		

State and Railroad Bonds .- The Louisiana consols have been most active among State bonds, and after selling down to 60 on the 14th have recovered sharply, selling to-day about 4 per cent better. It is reported that some further compromise and reduction of interest is talked of. In Tennessee, Virginia, and North Carolina the debt question is up before the Legislatures, but with small prospect of definite arrangement, unless it be in Virginia. The Lower House of the Tennessee Legislature passed a resolution by a vote of 51 to 22 that any settlement of the State debt question shall be submitted to the people for ratification before it becomes binding, which is considered unfavorable for the bondholders.

Railroad bonds have still been very active at advancing prices. The bonds of defaulting and reorganizing companies have shared in the general inquiry, and all classes of bonds having any substantial basis to rest on have found a ready sale. Messrs. A. H. Muller & Son sold the following securities at

Shares. 125 23d st., RR....10042@102 30 Dry Dock East Broadway & Battery RR.... 91¹2
25 B'way & 7th Ave RR. 70
25 Houst. West street &
Pavonia Ferry RR.... 15
100 Brocklyn City RR.... 153
10 Park Fire Insurance... 109¹2 5 Rutgers Fire Ins.....176

17 Tradesmen's Nat. Bk 10312 Bonds. \$7,000 B'way & 7th Ave. RR. 1st mortgage 7s, due 1884......103½ and int. 1,500 Dry Dock East Broadway & Battery RR. con-

5,500 Houston West street & Pavonia Ferry RR. 1st mort., 7s, due 189 4..84 & int. 10,000 South Ferry R'y 1st mort., 7s, due 1894.66 and int. 1,000 Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund 7 per cent income bonds......86 and int. 1,600 United States Life Insurance Co. scrip......80 2,000 Chicago & Canada So.

R'y 1st mortgage, 7s.... 37 25,000 Harlem & Portchester RR., 7s, reg., due 1903..12014 50,000 New York & Harlem RR. 1st mort., 7s, registered, due 1900.....12218 10,000 Tammany 7 per cent mort. coup. bonds, dated

Aug. 1, 1867 34

Closing prices of leading State bonds for two weeks past, and the range since Jan. 1, 1879, have been as follows:

Cm a myza		Jan.	Range since Jan. 1, 1879.					
STATES.	10.	17.	Lowest.			Highest.		
Louisiana consols	63 *104 *19 ¹ 2 *37 *74 ¹ 2 *36 80 ⁷ 8	*35 *74 *36	105 19 37	Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan.	14 4 6 	20 ¹ 8 37	Jan. Jan. Jan. Jan.	14 8 6

* This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has been generally strong on a fair volume of business. It does not appear that there is any great activity in consequence of clique movements in particular stocks, but the strength in prices arises from the confident tone which is felt in regard to the future, and from the fact that there is no bear interest of any importance in the market. The heavy operators in stocks are nearly all supposed to be well loaded up, and therefore on the bull side. The Northwest and St. Paul stocks have latterly been among the strongest on the list, and the coal stocks have

also shown a remarkable recovery in prices from the low figures recently touched. In estimating the probable value of railroad property, as based on earnings for the present year, it hardly seems likely that general traffic will be heavier in 1879 than in 1878. The crops were large for two successive seasons in 1877 and 1878, and the last-named year was, upon the whole, a good one for the railroads.

The daily highest and lowest prices have been as follows:

	10-4		1		1					-	A TANKS THE PARTY	
*	Satu	ırday,		nday,	Tue	esday,	Wed	n'sd'	Thi	ırsday	F.	idav,
100 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200	Jai	n. 11.	Ja	n. 13.	Ja	0. 14.		n. 15.	Ja	n. 16		lanv,
Canada Cauth	100				-		-		- O a	11. 10	Jai	1. 17.
Canada South	. 4634		473	4 478		48	473	483	473	4 48	40	401
Central of N.J	. 3436	35	35	363	351		355	303	3 3 5	4 98	48	4814
Chic. & Alton	. 81	82	1 114	833	1 83L		83			37	371	3454
Chic. Burl.& Q	. 11216	1:2%	11123	1124	1125	112%	#110	831				8334
C. Mil. & St. P	. 3518	3556	354	36%	355	941	*112	4 113	1112	1121/	11124	113
do pref	. 7618	763	763		009	361	3636			373	37	378
Chic. & North	5136	5217	521	53	767	7714	7714	781	77	78	751	7914
do pref.			79%	eng/	525	5334	531/8		521	5334	1 538	5484
C. R. I. & Pac.		11934	1101		80	8034		81	7954	803	80%	8112
Clev. C. C. & 1.	35	931	1195			119		11484	1191	121	121	1214
Clev.& P., guar	8916	3514	351		351		3516	36	*351	35%	36	38
Col. Ch. & 1. C.			89	9.14	89	8934	8917	8934	89	8916		
Del.& H. Canal	518	51/8	51/4		51/6	514	514	514	*			8914
Del Look & W	3914	40%	4018	41	40	41	4087	413	103	516	538	53%
Del. Lack. & W	4476	4578	4534	4716	461	48	474	49	465	4:12	42	4236
Erie	2212	2338	2333	23%	2332	2334		231/2	903	48	4784	487/8
do pref			383%	3858	3812	39	3816	20,3	2016	231/8	227/8	$23\frac{1}{2}$
Han. & St. Jo	1356	137/8	1376	14	1316	131/2	13%	3916			*3816	5812
do _ pref.	3414	351/4	3516	851%	3538	3538	10%	13%	1316		137%	1378
Illinois Cent.	82	8234	8134	831/8	81/2	8178	3516	3512	35	3538	3516	36
Kansas Pacific	*9	12	5-/4	0078	102	8178	8134	8216	8214	824	8187	8284
Lake Shore	6736	6878	69	7016	807	10	10	10			956	956
Michigan Cent	77	7914	7916	8092	6978	7016	695%	7056	6-34	6916	6916	7038
Mo. Kan. & Tex	636	656		8036	7316	7978	78%	7956	783%	79%	7816	7014
Morris & Essex	-078	7018	656	634	616	03/8	016	616	RIS	614	812	81/
N.Y. C. & H. K.	11312	7812	7734	79	7734	70%	7816	8112	80	81	8034	0112
Ohio & Miss	11070		114	11476	114	11434	114	114%	114	114		0179
Pocific Mail	77/8	8	814	816	836	813	834	9'8	836			11414
Pacific Mail	1012	1134	1038	1118	1016	11	1114	1134			834	87/8
Ditta The Til	*124		12518	12518		12516	125	125	1176	1236	12	13
Pitts.Ft.W.&C.			104	10416	104	104		10478	101	46333	*124	126
St L. I.M. & FO.	15%	1678	1614	1617	1614	1636	1656	1048	104		104	1044
St.L.K.C.& No	758	776	778	814	812	83%	1038	165	16	16	*	1616
do_ pref.	2936	30	30	31%	3136	33	998	856	8	836	81/4	836
Sutro Tunnel.	216	216		02/4	216		3214	3314	32	3214	3132	3284
Union Pacific 1	6612	661	6616	68		216	3	3	236	216	276	276
Wabash	2078	2114	2034	911	6734	6734	6734	68	5814	681	6812	6814
West. Un. Tel.	9518		9512	2116	20%	2234	21%	23	2187	2236	2216	2256
		0074	00/2	98	9514	9578	9516	9578	9538	9534	9534	96
* These are t	ne nr	tega l	vid a	~ ~ ~	17					141	0074	00

hese are the prices bid and asked; no sale was made at the Board. Total sales this week, and the range in prices for 1878 and since Jan. 1, 1979, were as follows:

Sales of Week. Shares. Range since Jan. 1, 1879. Range for 1878.
Canada Southern 5,135 45 ¹ 4 Jan. 3 48 ³ 8 Jan. 15 38 45 ¹ 2 Jan. 2 38 ⁵ 8 Jan. 17 13 ¹ 2 45 ¹ 4 Chicago & Alton 2,800 1,955 111 Jan. 2 113 Jan. 17 13 ¹ 2 45 ¹ 4 Chic. Mil. & St. P 98,285 134 ³ 8 Jan. 4 37 ³ 4 Jan. 17 13 ¹ 2 114 ³ 4 Jan. 18 13 ¹ 3 114 ³ 4
Central of N. J 42,735 4514 Jan. 3 4838 Jan. 15 38 4512 Jan. 2 8834 Jan. 17 1312 4514 Chic. Burl. & Quincy. Chic. Mil. & St. P 98,285 do do pref. 56,978 7434 Jan. 4 7434 Jan. 17 1312 5478 Chicago & Northw 138,575 4958 Jan. 3 5434 Jan. 17 3216 5514
Chicago & Alton Chic. Burl. & Quincy. Chic. Mil. & St. P do do pref. Chicago & Northw 138,575 1312 1312 138 138 131. 2 38 58 Jan. 17 38 1312 38 131. 38 58 Jan. 17 38 1312 38 131. 38 1312 38 131. 38 1312 38 131. 38 1312 38 131. 38 1312 38 1312 38 131. 38 1312 38
Chic. Burl. & Quincy. Chic. Mil. & St. P
Chic. Burl. & Quincy. Chic. Mil. & St. P 98,285 do do pref. Chicago & Northw 138,575 131 1343. 133 1343. 1343. 1343. 135 1343. 135 1343. 135 1343. 135 1343. 135 1343. 135 1343. 135 13643. 13643. 137 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138
Chic. Mil. & St. P 98,285 3438 Jan. 4 3734 Jan. 17 9914 11434 do do pref. 56,978 7434 Jan. 4 7914 Jan. 17 64 8434 Jan. 17 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81
do do pref. 56,978 743 Jan. 4 794 Jan. 17 2712 5478 Chicago & Northw 138,575 4958 Jan. 3 543 Jan. 17 64 8434 Jan. 17 6512
Chicago & Northw 138,575 4958 Jan. 3 5434 Jan. 17 64 8434 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6
do do prof 101 100 = 00 an. 0 04 4 Jan. 17 3210 5514
Unic. Rock [8] & Pac 6005 110 0 mm 0 012 Jan. 17 5934 7940
Clev. Col. Cin. & Ind 7,200 134 Jan. 8 121 Jan. 17 9838 122
Clev. & Pittsh guar 7 200 041 Jan. 2 38 Jan. 17 23 3814
Col. Chic. & Ind Cent 2012 84 2 Jan. 2 90 2 Jan. 11 63 10 85
Del & Hudson Canal 12,733 3 Jan. 4 6 Jan. 2 216 630
Del Lauk & Western 10,700 38 Jan. 2 4238 Jan. 17 3436 507
Eria Jan. 2 49 Jan. 15 41 617
do prof 2128 Jan. 4 234 Jan. 14 750 001
Transition 1 4 60 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
do 134 Jan. 4 14 Jan. 13 10 100
Title G 4,010 34 Jan 10 36 Jan 17 018
Wangs Contral 9,970 80 Jan. 2 831e Jan 12 708 476
JUU 900 100
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Michigan Central 29 720 700 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
1880uri Kan, & Tex 6 600 52 T
MOTTIS & Essex 31 999 751 7 7 10 1 2 1 719
N. Y. Cent. & Hud R 0/415 1105 Ten. 5 012 Jan. 15 6739 89
Unio & Mississinni 15 215 50 5 mm. 1114 8 Jan. 13 [10334]115
Pacific Mail 16.700 102 7 111 3 Jan. 15 63 1114
Panama 21 19161 9276
Pitts. Ft. W. & Chic. 499 101 Jan. 2 12512 Jan. 14 112 131
Di. L. 1. Mt. & Solith (3 6-6) 10 7
St. L. K. C. & North 19705 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 Jan. 7 5 1550
do pref 20,000 051 781. 2 08 Jul. 15 310 750
Sutro Tunnel 1,000 202 Jan. 2 334 Jan. 15 19 2610
Union Pacific 2,000 2,58 Jan. 16 4 Jan. 3 310 5
Websel 19 684 Jan 16 611 70
Western Union Tol 10 700 208 Jan. 8 23 Jan. 15 1916 927
Western Union Tel 16,730 9438 Jan. 7 9612 Jan. 2 7514 102

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest dates are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second column

	and the second column.	-		
	Latest earnings reported.— Week or Mo. 1878 1877	-		
	Week or Mo. 1878. 1877	~-J8	in. I to la	atest date.
	ATI MILE WOOD MICHAEL TO I		1878.	1877.
	Atlantic Miss. & O. November. \$336,833 \$377,62	29 8	B	\$
		39 1	575,216	
	THE RESERVE TO SELECTION OF THE SECOND		777 200	
	Canto of Dir. Louis 3d mir Doc		777,382	1,236,632
	Central Pacific December 1 100 000		215,372	A TOTAL TOTA
		32 17,	752,363	17,050.976
	Clev. Mt. V. & D 3d mlz Doo	DU 14,	528,653	12,793,602
	Dekote Southarn M. Dec. 0, 84 6.85	i 9 :	373,630	379.050
	Deny, & Rio G. November. 23,686 24,30	7	200,234	
	November 117 oc		133 400	
	Mai II. Of D. Alli. November 140 400 104 mg	0 1,	033,490	700,238
	House & Tex C. November 100	00	• • • • • • •	
	III. Cent. (III.line). November 192019	0		
	uu luwa lines November 107 007		934,305	4,814,922
- 1		0 1.3	350,764	1.378,440
-		7 1.2	260,947	
	Mobile & Ohio December. 222,078 199.15		25,444	1.209,663
	MANUAL OF THE MANUAL DAMES OF THE PARTY OF T		17 774	1,560,455
	AT WOLLY . CH. C. DI. L. NOVOINDON TECOOL		317,774	1,675,833
	Faul & Elizabetht 3d wh Dog	1 1,4	182,129	1,586,145
	Fau. & Memphis November 10 450		· • • • • • • •	
-	LILLO OF PETER NOTION OF THE TOTAL	1 1	68,158	170,152
•	Phila & Reading November. 317,167 353,440	6 2.6	95,752	2,915,250
1	Phila. & Reading. November. 1,678,394 1,133,1136 St. L. & S.E. (St. L.) 3d wk Dec. 17,570 14.38	1 11.9	27 488	13,092,338
•			46,107	600 705
	(Rell.).30 WK Dec. 9 774			606,787
	40 (16111.) 30 W/ Dog 4 100		50,203	323,789
5	Latte November	_	69,692	148,603
	November Office		54,615	498.357
- 8	DIMULA LILLO AV ALL DI NOTTONILIA		60,216	
8		1 3	51,666	309,141
1		i . 6.	12.963	689,085
	December 851 155 FOE 020	1 10 -		12 402 004
_	The ngures in the last two sel	,		12,493,834
1	Roads for the period prior to June 1.	mpra	ce the P	roprietary
	Parot to dulie 1.			

-Latest ear	ninga mma	m4 a 3	-	
Latest ear Week or Mo.	ungo repo	rtea.	Jan. 1 to late	est date.
Atch. Top. & S. F. 1st wk Jan	2010.	1010.	1879.	1878.
Bur. C. Rap. & N. 1st wk Jan	\$52,000	\$35,825	\$52,000	\$35,825
Chicago & Alter WK Jan	22,535	24,293	22,535	
Chicago & Alton. 1st wk Jan	61,185	61,051	61 105	24,293
Chic. & East. Ill. 1st wk Jan	13,790	13,165	61,185	61,051
Ulic. Mil. & St. P. 2d wk Jan	145,000	142.050	13,790	13,165
Dubuque & S. City. 1st wk Jan		143,850	253,000	259,368
Grand Trunk. Wk. end. Jan. 4	11,807	13,241	11,807	13,241
Gr't Western Wk.end.Jan. 3	141,907	150,191	141,907	150,191
Kangag : Pocific 1st 13	70,149	99,088	70,149	99,088
Kansas Pacific 1st wk Jan	41,626	55,294	41,626	
Mo. Kans. & Tex .1st wk Jan	37.846	42,453		55,294
St.L.A.&T.H. (brs)1st wk Jan	8,340		37,846	42,453
St. L. Iron Mt. & S. 1st wk Jan	70,200	7,687	_8,340	7,687
St. L. K. C. & No. 1st wk Jan		81,626	70,200	81,626
Tol. Peoria & War. 1st wk Jan	47,948	46,115	47,948	46,115
Wabash1st wk Jan	19,665	20,320	19,665	20,320
	58,996	63,227	58,996	
Total galeg of the meat			00,000	63,227

Total sales of the week in leading stocks were as follows:

-	Taul.	St. Paul pref.	North- west.	N'rthw. pref.	Del. L. & West.	Erie.	Lake Shore.
Jan. 11 " 13 " 14 " 15 " 17	5,700 16,950 6,700 35,625 16,050 17,260	12,650 $2,200$	22,200 27,900 21,625 25,050 23,650 18,150	30,250 29,400 18,350 13,400	66,900 35,450 84,630 52,550	33,650 21,050 19,500 20,850	57,100 24,495 25,550 34,950
Whole stock.	98,285 $154,042$	56,978 122,794	138,575 149,888	131,630 215,256	307,570 524,000	155,990 762,000	

The total number of shares of stock outstanding is given in the last line for the purpose of comparison.

Exchange.—Foreign exchange has been stronger this week in consequence of the check put upon shipments of cot on and produce by the severe weather, and also from the purchases of bond importers, who have been in the market as considerable buyers of exchange to pay for five-twenty bonds of 1867, coming from abroad. The easier rates for money in London will bring the prices of long and short bills nearer together. On actual business to-day the rates were about 4.811 for sixty days' sterling, and 4.87 @4.88 for demand.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows:

JAN. 17.	60 days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London Good bankers' and prime commercial. Good commercial. Documentary commercial Paris (francs). Antwerp (francs). Swiss (francs). Amsterdam (guilders). Hamburg (reichmarks). Frankfort (reichmarks). Bremen (reichmarks). Berlin (reichmarks).	$\begin{array}{c} 4.833 \overline{04.841_2} \\ 4.82 \overline{1204.831_2} \\ 4.82 \overline{04.83} \\ 5.21 \overline{1405.181_6} \\ 5.21 \overline{1405.181_6} \\ 5.21 \overline{1405.181_6} \\ 39780 40 \\ 94\overline{1200} 9434 \\ 94\overline{1200} 9434 \\ \end{array}$	4.8734@4.8834 4.8734@4.8734 4.86 @4.87 4.8512@4.8612 5.1818@5.1558 5.1818@5.1558 4014@ 4014 9514@ 9512 9514@ 9512 9514@ 9512

The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

Boston Banks.—The following are the totals of the Boston banks for a series of weeks past:

		1001 W					
	1878.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders.	Deposits.	Circulation.	Agg. Clear
	Aug. 12.	131,816,000	3,003,300		a	. 8	\$
3	Aug. 19.	131,972,900	2,888,800		51,490,700		35,455,252
	Aug. 26.	131,615,700	2,768,100	5,627,300	50,948,100	25,128,600	35,748,086
	Sept. 2.	132,125,900	2,731,600	5,902,300	51,369,100	25,0 0,400	33,412,865
3	Sept. 9.	131,595,:00	3,010,000	5,613,700	51,904,500 52,390,800		81,659,018
1	Sept. 16.	130,741,00)	3,022,600	5,548,200	52,090,700		38,080,092
	Sept. 23	131,144,300	3,022,100	5,654,900	53,081,700		38,484,171
	Sept. 32.	130.759,400	3,047,600	6,086,900	53,434,200	25,466,100 25,427,700	42,643,331
	Oct. 7.	130,104,400	5,321,200	6,135,100	53,283,500	25,50h,500	38,344,352
	Oct. 14. Oct. 21.	128,971,100	2,963,100	6,020,000	53,866,100	25,407,300	49,237,921 47,046,050
	Oct. 21.	127,418,000	2,563,800	6,127,800	52,264,600	25.473 100	45,547,518
1	Nov. 4.	126,876,100 126,525,200	2,557,500		52,240,200	25,388,000	41,489,955
1	Nov. 11.	126,512,400	2,588,000	7.234,600	53,263,400	25,423,400	44,823,641
١	Nov. 18.	127,202,900	2,9:0,800	7,787,500	54,956,500	25,460,700	45,810,772
١	Nov. 25.	126,472,600	3,135,000 2,933,000	8,060,800	56,258,400	25,488,700	47,970,092
١	Dec. 2.	126,898,500	2,862,400	8,228,600	55,244,900	25,450,900	44,426,281
١	Dec. 9.	127,376,300	2,779,900	8,655,500 8,112,900	55,713,500	25,311,400	36,257,603
1	Dec. 16.	127,483,800	2,630,500	7,483,500	56,036,900	25,400,000	46,164,103
١	Dec. 23.	128,689,700	2,659,900	7,296,300	55,932.300	25,937,200	
ı	Dec. 30.	130,098,300	2,851,300	6,416,400	56,433,300 56,217,600	25,424,700	
ľ	1879.			5,225,200	00,217,000	25,359,400	32, :68,732
I	Jan. 6.	132,220,000	3,851,900	6,126,800	59,525,100	25.616,400	FO 160 man
ĺ	Jan. 13.	134,652,600	3,898,600	5,932,800	61,120,400	25,634,200	52,163,732
					,, 400	WO. U.J. & (JUL)	434. 172 MU7

Philadelphia Banks .-- The totals of the Philadelphia bank

,	are as f	ollows:			02 010	T miladelp	TIE DEDE
	1878.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tenders.	Deposits.	Circulation.	Agg. Clear.
	Aug. 12.	57,394,189	2.342,437		45,561,288	3	- 3
	Aug. 19.	57,506, 45	2,236,021	18,610,305	45 757 050		26,839,131
	Aug. 23.	57,450,042	2,183,120	13,452,892	45,757,350		27,006,463
	Sept. 2.	57,515,217	2,172,809	13,547,329	45,497,226	11,150,955	23,731,264
	Sept. 9.	58,189,844	2,166,359	13,302,270	45,806,145	11,191,223	24,754,736
	Sept 16.	58,397,686	2,109,431	12,812,555	45,504.418		28,719,076
	Sept. 23.	58,300,710	2,003,043	19 004 00%	45,515,333		29,582,427
	Sept. 30.	58,207,884	1,995,806		45,335,119	11,215,351	31,483,017
	Oct. 7.	58,613,789	1,989,340	12,814,627	45,555,968		28,822,304
	Oct. 14.	58,650,640	1,83 ,451	12,717,102	45,570,445	11,266,957	37,391,156
	Oct. 21	58,801,498	1,605,812	12,382,599	45,122,766		32,798,588
١	Oct. 28.	58,522,350	1,646,613	12,095,596	44,786,291	11,353,450	33,720,726
ı	Nov. 4.	58,411,244	1 602 177	11,958,394	44,232.798	11,394,811	29,059,290
١	Nov. 11.	58,279,111	1,693,177	12,575,827	41,671,294	11,396,121	29.104,649
I	Nov. 18.	57,656,695	1,874,226	12,334,845	44,109,434	11,430,703	29,370,449
ı	Nov. 25.	57,344,124	1,879,359	12,506,345	44,436,416	11.3 3.116	27,805,472
ı	Dec. 2.	57,461,311	1,9:2,867	12,618,399	44,112,838	11,393,361	81,023,406
ı	Dec. 9.	57,714,763	1,946,959	13,022,453	45,144,517	11,395,817	21,195,262
١	Dec. 16.	57 959 600	1,996,059	12,740,471	44.816.112	11,386,822	37,596,551
ı	Dec. 23.	57,353,628	2,056,397	12,640,356	44,240,055	11,384,975	29,809,821
ı	Dec. 30.	57.107.459	2,168,142	12,220,333	44,650,121	11,379,546	32,208,916
ı	1879.	56,949,772	2,461,523	13,127,307	41,903,227	11,371,466	98 410 283
l		EM 200 201	(9)		×	,5,2,300	26,410,362
l	Jan. 6.	57,272,291	•••••	15,873,233	45.698.721	11.364.651	20 000 000
	Jan. 13.	57,777,397			45 020 020	14 040 045	32.976.823

New York City Banks.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on Jan. 11, 1879:

740		<u></u>	AVE	RAGE AMO	UNT OF -	W.
-	16 and 160 and	Loans and	1	Legal	Net	Circula-
BANKS.	Capital	. Discounts	. Specie	. Tenders	Deposits	tion.
	\$	\$	\$	8	· Doposits	
New York	. 2,000,00	0 7,921,600	86),500	0 1,654,30	0 2 964 900	\$ 44
Manhattan Co	. 2.050.00	0 5.270 500	639,400			
Mechanics'	2,000,00	0 6,093,900	602 904	0 1,002,10		
Merchants'	2,000,000	5,637,000	603,200			35,400
Union	1 000 000	9 609 500	674,000			44,500
Amorios	. 1,200,000				2,676,300	
America	. 3,000,000	8,208,200		933,700	5,971,300	1,100
Phœnix	. 1,000,000	2,180,000		645,000		245,000
City	1,000,000	6,232,900	1,072,700	712,000	6,261,000	
Tradesmen's	. 1.000 000	2,940,400				755,100
Fulton	600.000					155,100
Chemical	. 300 000					
Merchants' Exch	. 1,000,000					
Gallatin National	1,000,000	9 470 100				589,700
Butchers'& Droy	300,000	3,472,100	76,700			443,700
Mechanics' & Tr.		1,115,900	148,600		927,900	262,000
Greenwich			26,000	221,000	973,000	197,000
Greenwich	200,000	895,100	15,400	191,400	926,800	2,700
Leather Mauf'rs.		2,213,800	402,000	452.800		200,600
Seventh Ward	300,000	943,200	37,800	236,400		300,600
State of N. York.	800.000	1 830 900	265,100	250,100	, 200	23,900
American Exhn'e	5.000.000	11,618,000	1,396,000			45,000
Commerce	5 000 000	15,512,700	1 120 200	1,080,000		187,000
Broadway	1,000,000	4,873,500	1,139,200	2,093,500		1,689,503
Mercantile	1,000,000		50,200	965,400		893,400
Pacific			338,700	500,230	3,196,500	179,600
Pacific	422,700	1,877,500	42,300	791,700	2,112,600	,
Republic	1,500,000	3,269,000	89,000	489,800	1,948,400	450,000
Chatham	450,000	2,813,600	112,200	670,800	2,727,900	
People's	412,500	1,327,600	58,000	142,900	1,157,100	402,500
North America	700,000	1,953,900	83,000	372,000		5,400
Hanover	1,000,000	4,985,000	320,100	706,700	1,641,200	400 000
Irving	500,000	1,912,900			4,450,800	438,000
Metropolitan	3,000,000	19 017 000	63,200	445,200	1,838,800	173,900
Citizens'	600,000	12,017,000	70,000	2,287,000	9,101,000	2,223,000
Nassau	600,000	1,631,800	125,500	363,200	1,848,300	246,100
Market	1,000,000	1,993,300	36,900	204,800	1,815,700	3,900
Market	500,000	2,136,700	46,200	359,000	1,594.100	311,500
St. Nicholas	1,000,000	1,919,900	62,700	146,300	630,900	647,000
Shoe and Leather	1,000,000	3,396,000	291,000	323,100	2,631,100	442 020
Corn Exchange	1,000,000	3,316,300	136,700	211,000		447,030
Continental	1,250,000	3,182,900	18,300	617,200	1.906,800	4,700
Oriental	300,000	1,280,800	37,200	210,00	2,381,700	761,700
Marine	400,000	2,246,800		210,00)	1,165,000	
Importers'&Trad	1 500 000	13,825,200	170,300	322,50)	2,103,400	357,000
Park	0.000,000		985,700	3,634,000	15,599,300	1,090,400
Mech Blog Again	2,000,000	9,279,000	332,300	3,238,800	11,035,900	536,000
Mech. Bkg. Ass'n	500,000	563,600	61,400	128,800	468,400	296,300
Grocers'	300,000	426,500	3,600	94.80U	374,800	200,000
North River	240,000	816,500	45,300	110,100	652,200	
East River	250,000	682,000	90,300	102,600	582 000	130,000
Manuf'rs'& Mer.	100,000	340,900	30,900	93,900	583,000	126,000
Fourth National.	3,500,000				397,400	
	2,000,000	7,319,000		2,313,200	12,109,300	1,047,600
Second National.				1,405,000	6,793,000	1,493,000
Ninth National.	300,000	1,944,000	13,000	502,000	1,991,000	268,000
Wiret Notional	750,000	3,469,400	105,300	801,900	3,256,100	599,100
First National	500,000	5,499,000	1,831,400	2,819,900	9,104,000	
Third National	982,700	5,589,600	513,000	1,064,900	5,532,000	45,000
N. Y. Nat. Exch.	300,000	1,104,600	38,900	259,400		799,600
Bowery National.	250,000	1,167,500	25,000	245,000	820.000	268,700
New York County	200,000	1,148,800	4,800	546 400	867,900	225,030
German Americ'n	750,000	2,103,500	10:: 600	346.400	1,276,700	180,000
Chase National	300,000		105,600	487,000	2,103,400	
	300,000	1,921,000	63,300	484,700	1,929,200	253,900
Total es	707 000 2	90 600 000 10	000 100			
Total62	,101,900 2	30,082,000 18	,962,400 45	5,035,400 2	03,482,200 19	.785.000

07,900 230,682,000 18,962,400 45,055,400 203,482,200 19,785,000

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

	Loans.	Specia 1	L. Tenders.	D	~		ł
1878.	2100115.	opecie.	u. renders.	Deposits.	Circulation.	Agg. Clear	ı
	000 404 500	5	25	a		8	ı
Aug. 31.	239,431,700		53,948,500	216,164,100	19,433,700	995 780 011	ı
Sept. 7.		16,953,100	50,683,500	216,711,200		285,766,611	ı
Sept. 14.	244,215,100			218,269,000		348,022,456	ı
Sept. 21.	245,377,400		49 599 400	210,203,000		330,877,791	ı
Sept. 2s.	246,322,500		48,538,400	217,304,000	19,616,300	333,606,566	ı
Oot 5				216,332,000	19,617,800	370,111,767	ı
Oct. 5.	247,881,900		43,362,200	214,103,400	19,577,500	453,971,364	ı
Oct. 12,	218,634,300	13,991,100	42,050,800	210,041,200	19,593,100	400,711,004	ı
Oct. 19.	246,593,100	15,547,800	40,729,100	208,144,600	10,000,100	424,149,900	ı
Oct. 26.	245,108,400	19,860,500	39,962,500	011 000 700	19,601,200	482,291,920	ı
Nov. 2.	244,511,800	94 144 100	40,010,000	211,096,700	19,889,700	392,878,293	ı
-	240,004,000	24,144,100	40,219,000	215,443,400	19,904,300	488,571,553	ı
	240,224,200	26,373,200	39,155,400	210,737,600	19,905,400	408,903,425	ı
Nov. 16.	237,645,500	25,405,400	39,938,200	209,752,100	19,909,400	460 570 600	1
Nov. 23.	234.917,700	23,414,400	40,588,200	207,184,800	10,000,400	460,572,737	
Nov. 30.	236,439,400	22,967,400	41,275,700	000,101,000	19,961,900	404,037,742	
Dec. 7.	239,815,500	20,169,700	21,610,700	206,797,200	20,007,000	368,2:8,659	
Dec. 14.		20, 109, 700	39,961,000	207,058,600	20,053,200	436,695,221	
	238,047,200	20,832,900	40,478,500	206, 134, 400	20,141,600	830,741,510	
Dec. 21.	235,974,100	20,911,500	39,600,000	203,625,600	2),077,000	49: 944 950	
Dec. 28.	25,824,400	20,514,100	40,767,100	203,203,700		421,244,872	
1879.		, , , -	,,,,,,,,	400,200,100	19,576,700	325,696,134	9
Jan. 4.	234,250,000	20,986,200	41 500 600	000 400 000			
Jan. 11.	920 699 000	10,000,200	41,532,600	206,173,000	19,848,800	411,598,790	
wan. 11.	230,682,000	18,962,400	45,035,400	206,452,200	19,785,000	124,413,225	
-			11.0		,,000	T-11 IT 11000	

Note.—The figures of the Chase National Bank are not included in the above totals prior to October 26.

QUOTATIONS IN BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND OTHER CITIES.

		1	1)		
SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
BOSTON. Maine 6s. New Hampshire 6s. Vermont 6s. Massachusetts 5s, gold. Boston 6s, currency. do 5s, gold. Chicago sewerage 7s. do Municipal 7s. Portland 6s. Atch. & Topeka ist m. 7s. do land grant 7s. do 2d 7s. do land inc. 8s. Boston & Albany 7s.	110½ 108 109% 110½ 110½ 104%	111 116½ 110 110½ 104½ 110 118½	Hartford & Erie 7s, new Ogdensburg & Lake Ch. 8s Oid Colony, 7s do 6s Omaha & S. Western, 8s Pueblo & Ark. Valley, 7s Rutland Ss, 1st mort Vermont & Canada, new 8s Vermont & Mass. RR., 6s STOCKS. Atchison & Topeka Boston & Albany. Boston & Lowel Boston & Maine Boston & Providence. Burlington & Mo. in Neb Cheshire preferred.	33¼ 116 106½ 115 104¾ 82 129½ x58 108¾ 102½ 1115%	3336 9994 117 10516 8216 130 ± 9 109
Boston & Lowell 68 Boston & Maine 78 Boston & Providence 78 Burl. & Mo., land grant 78	113	71	Donat (NE	75 4816 1116 5716 1732	80 139 12 12

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA,	EtcContinued.
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reek	I v	1	1		CONTINUE	<u>a.</u>
	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITI	Es.	Bid. Ask.
cula-	Northern of New Hampshire Norwich & Worcester	861/4	100	Phil.&R.C.&I deb	78, cps.off	
\$	Ogdensb. & L. Champlain	1236 5116	125 1258	Phila. Wilm & Ra	1892-3	
1,000 7,500	Old Colony	CARLZI	52 9658 90	Shamokin V.& Po	18, COU., 1900 1	
,400 1,500	Rutland, preferred	5658	5634	Stony Creek 1st m	79 1907	
,000 ,100	Vermont & Massachusetts Worcester & Nashua	11234		Sunb. Haz. & W.,1 Sunbury & Erie is	st m. 5s,'23 . t m. 7s, '97.	
,000	PHILADELPHIA.			Texas & Pac. 1st n	n. 69 p 19031	94 6014 9414
,100	STATE AND CITY BONDS.	1	1	do inc.& l. Union & Titusy. 1s United N. J. cons.		34
700	do 5s, cur., reg., 1892-1902	110	::::	West Chester cons	78, '96	14 11414
,700 ,700	do 68, 15-25, reg., 1882-'92	109	105	do ist m.	68. cp., '96	85
000	do 6s, In. Plane, reg., 1879 Philadelphia, 5s reg			Western Penn. RR	. 68, cp. 1899	00% 106%
70 0 600	do og'n'' LB'' briot to apl	114 1	15	CANAL BON	8 P. B.,'96.	93
900	Allegheny County 5s, coup	116	16/6	Chesap. & Dela. 18 Delaware Division	t 6s, rg.,'86	74
000 50 3	Allegheny City 7s, reg Pittsburg 4s, coup., 1913	60	:::	Lehigh Naviga. m., do mort. i do m. conv.	6s, reg., 84 10	04
400 600	do 5s, reg. & cp., 1913. do 6s, gold, reg do 7s, w't'r ln, rg. & cp. 1	1	0712	uo mort. E	Ulu. 91 (10814 9512 1 9512
000	10 78, 3tr.imp., reg., '83-86*	9U	11	do cons. m. Morris, boat loan, i	reg., 1885	34 66
500	Camden County 6s. coup.			Pennsylvania 6s, co Schuylk. Nav.1st m do 2d m. 6s	.68,rg.,'97. 8	85 0 86
400	do 78 reg & coupon	•••		do 6s, boat&c		916 5016
900	Henrichard Oltre	•••		enadneugung es. Co.	up., 19.8.* 8	5
100	Camden & Atlantic			BALTIMO Maryland 68, defens	e. J. & J lin	7 107%
500	do do pref	34	2078	do 62, 1890, q	uarterly 10	7 110
000	do prei	32	I SAFE	Baltimore 68, 1891, do 68, 1886, 1	uarterly. 10	0 105
700	East Pennsylvania	3136 3	32/2	do 68. park 18	90 O M 11	134 112
00	Han B Mt Town Ton contain	1046 4	116	do 6s, exempt	38.M.&8	1 114
000	Huntingdon & Broad Top	36	ï	do 1907, J. &	4	L 113
00	Lenigh Valley	41/2 3	0 411	BAILBOAD STOC	Ks Por 118	16
:	Nesquehoning Valley. 4	714 4	8 1 1	do Wash. B	ranch 100 195	88%
00	Northern Pacific	04 10	1 N	orthern Central	Br. 50 1	. 5
00	do pref. 2 North Pennsylvania 3 Pennsylvania 3 Philadelphia & Erie 1 Philadelphia & Reading 1	34 2	7 C	entral Ohio.	50 00	. 5
00	Philadelphia & Erie	678	740	RAILROAD BOX	sville50	5
00 1	Phila. Wilming. & Baltimore 1 8	5 13	578 B	ait. & Onio 68, 1880,	J.&J 100	100 % 108
00	United N. J. Companies 13		P	ttsb.& Connellsy.7	.,'85,J&J 10) 8,'98,J&J 99	105 76 101
20	West Chester consol. pref 20		6	W. Va. 3d mguar lttsb.& Connellsv.; orthern Central 6s, do 6s, 2ld, 190	0, A. & O. 104	106
أما	CANAL STOCKS.		C	n. Ohio 6s, 1st m.,	90, M.& S. 101	9514
00 1	Delaware Division	138 15	18	do 2d m. guar. J	& J 108	105
	Delaware Division. Lehigh Navigation. 14 Morris. 55 do pref 12 Pennsylvania.	54		do 2d m. or hy W	Co 74 1 168	70
				ar. & Cin. 78, '92, F.	J. J. 108	112
1	do pref Busquehanns RAILBOAD BONDS.		: _U ,	do 2d, M. & 8s, 3d, J. afon RR. ist, guar.	& J 82	8912
r	Milegheny Val., 78-10s, 1895 110	} :::	. 11	Canton en	dorsed. 1102	1
	Belvidere Dela, 1st m., 68, 1902, 104		Ba	MISCELLANEOU ltimore Gas certifi ople's Gas	cates 95	100
6	do 3d m. 6s. 35. 100	16	11	CINCINNAT	TIL.	12
6	amden & Amboy 6s, coup., '33 105 do 6s, coup., '89 104 do mort. 6s, '89 105	13		do 78do 7.308	105	96 107
4 0	am. & Atl. 1st m. 7s, g., 1993 do 2d m., 7s, cur., '80 104 am. & Burlington Co. 6s, '97.	115		do South RR	7.308.	108
	am. & Burlington Co. 6s, 97 atawissa 1st, 7s, conv., 's2 105 do chat. m., 10s, '88	110	Ha	do do 68 milton Co., O., 68. do 78, 1 to do 7& 7:308	ong† 95	102
	TO TEM 19 13(0'	107	Cir	do 7 & 7.30s	k, pref. 75	108
: C	hartiers Val. ist m. 7s.C. 1901	1::::	Cir	a. & Cov. Bridge st' 1. Ham. & D. 1st m. do 2d m. 1. Ham. & Ind., 7s, s 1. & Indiana ist m. do 2d m. yton & Mich. 1st m do 2d m. do 3d m. yton & West. 1st m	78, '80 101 78, '85 97	10114
עונ	elaware mort., 6s, various el. & Bound Br., 1st, 7s, 1905	6 107	Cir	. & Indiana ist m.	78 93	45
: и и:	ast Penn. 1st mort. 7s, '88	106	Col	um. & Xenia, 1st n	1. 78, '90 104	106
HH	arrisburg 1st mort. 6s, '83		- '	do 2d m do 3d m	78, '87. 98 78, '83, 93	1011/4 100 95
	do 55, perp 69 ari isburg 1st mort. 65, '83		Day	do lst m	. 1905 . 87	90
1 31	inction 1st mort. 6s. '82.		Ind	Cin & Laf let m	78, 1905 180	
L	do 2d mort. 6s, 1900 Sup. & Miss., 1st m., 7, g.* chigh Valley, 1st,6s, cp., 1896	113	Lit	do (I.&C.) 1st i tle Miaini 6s, '83 Ham. & Dayton 8	100	97
. "	do do reg., 1893 112 do 2 i m.,7s, reg., 1910 1151	113	Col	umbus & Xenia storton & Michigan st	rik ITOO	.20
	do con. m., 68, rg., 1923 993	4 1005	/)!	le Miami stock	k, guar	20 95 100
LI	ttle Schuylkill, 1st m. 7s, 72 orth. Penn. 1st m. 6s, cp., 785, 107 do 2d m. 7s, cp., 796, 1147		11	LOUISVILL	C.	1000
	uo gen. m. 18, cb., 1903.1401	§	11	do / 6s, '82 to '87do / 6s, '97 to '99	TI 9746	994
01	do gen. m. 7s, reg., 1902 107 1 Creek 1st m. 7s, coup., 82. 75 ttsb. Titusy. & B., 7s, cp., '96 83	80	11	do water 65,'87 t	68, 97.	8034 8034
	do 8crip	331/4	Lon	do wharf 6s do spec'l tax 6s of sville Water 6s, Co	17 780 +1 CMM 31	9957
Pe	nnsylv., 1st m., 6s, cp., '80 10256 do gen. m. 6s, cp., 1910 108	1033	Jeff	M.&I.1st m. (I&M) do 2d m., 7s	(b. 811)	103
	do cons. m. 6, rg., 1910. 1102		Lou	18t m., 7s, 19	78. 97+ 105	108 106
	do Cons. m. 6s. cp., 1905. 100% do Navy Yard 6s, rg. '81	101	Lou	lsv. & Nashville—	1,68,'8!	100
Ph	ila. & Erie 1st m. 6s, cp., 81. 104	107	lat	b. Br. 6s, '86 m. Leb. Br. Ex.,78,	80-85. 9816	9937
Ph	do 2d m. 7s, cp., 58, 103 lla. & Read. 1st m. 6s, 43-44 do do 48-49	107	Co	u. ln. do 6s, nsol. 1st m. 7s, '98. erson Mad. & Ind.		99 9 2 107
-	do 2d m., 7s, cp., \$8 co. do deben., cp., '85' 20	24	Lou	sville & Nashville ST. LOUIS.	tock. 10312	104 97
	do do cps. of do scrip, 1852. 49	50	St. L	ouis 6s, long	10434	•••
	do In. m. 7s, cp, 1896 do cons. m. 7s, cp. 1911. 100%	10116	d	o do do	new.tilos i	•••
	do cons.m. 7s, rg.,19:1 100% do cons.m.6s,g.i.191i	10112	d	o renewal, gold	1-7-8 +110A 1	•••
Pho	do conv. 7s, 18934	33	St. L	ouis Co. new park,	g. 6s. † 106 † 106	•••
	la.& Read. C.& I. deb. 78,92	•••	-	nd interest.		15/
_			·	1 7		

QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.

U. S. Bonds and active Railroad Stocks are quoted on a previous page. Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be.

March Marc			4 word 2 7/10 to		BONDS.	e per cent	value, whatever the pa	r may be
All	-			Bid. Ask.	11	Bid. Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid. A
Anderson of the control of the contr	do 58, 1886. do 88, 1886. do 88, 1883. do 88, M. & E. RR. do 88, M. & Ch. R. do 88 of 1892.	43½ 43½ 43½ 1	do 6s, new float'g debt do 6s, Penitentiary do 6s, levee do 8s, do do bs, do 1875	50 50 50 50 50	65, gold, reg. 1897 65, do coup. 1897 55, do loan 1893 65 do do 1891 65, do do 1892 65, do do 1892	110 110 110 120	Rhode Island 6s, cp., '93-4 South Carolina 6s Jan. & July April & Oct Funding act 1988	110 25 10
## ALLENDA AND MISCRELANDOUS PROCESS AND BOXDS. ## ALLENDAS AND MISCRELANDOUS PROCESS AND BOXDS	Arksnsas6s, funded. do 7s, L. R. & Ft. S. iss do 7s, Memphis & L.R. do 7s, L. R. P. B. & N.O do 7s, Miss. O. & R. R do 7s, Ark. Cent. RR Connecticut 6s.	20 3 3 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½	do 88, or 1910. do 78, consolidated. do 78, small Michigan 68, 1873-79. do 68, 1883. do 78, 1890. Missouri 68, due 1892 or '83. do do 1886.	631/2 64 101 105 115 103 103	95, old, J. & J	191/6 19 195/8 85 85 65 65	Non-fundable bonds Tennessee 6s, old do 6s, new do 6s, new series Virginia 6s, old 6s, new bonds, 1866	15/6 35 287/2 267/2 254:
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	do 7s, new bonds do 7s, endorsed do 7s, gold bonds llinois 6s, coupon, 1879 do War loan	1071/2 1071/2 1071/2 1003/2	do do 1837 do do 1839 or '9') Asylum or Un., due 1892 Funding, due 1824-5 Han. & St. Jos., due 1836	103½ 103½ 104 104 105	New bonds, J. & J. do A. & O. Special tax, Class 1 do Class 2 do Class 8 Ohio 6s, 1881	11 13½ 13½ 11 13½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3	68, consol. bonds 68, ex matured coup 68, consol., 2d series 64, deferred bonds D. of Columbia 3 658, 1924. do small	74 54½ 36 7¼ 81½ 82
Rena & startering startering startering starter in the company of			RAILROAD AND M	ISCELLA	NEOUS STOCKS AND	D BONDS	3.	
Second	Active previ'usly quot'd	7	Rens. & Saratoga, 1st coup.	. 116 118 116 118	do ex-matared cour	115	Union & Loganaport 7g	77 80
See Type Sewed St. 19	Dubuque & Sloux City. Harlem	14214 14	Erie, 18t mort., extended do 2d do 78, 1879 do 3d do 78, 1883	116 105% 107½ 108% 109	do con convers	843%	South'n Securities. (Brokers' Quotations.) STATES.	46 46
Company Comp	Nashv. Chat. & St. Louis New York Elevated Rit L. Y. New Haven & Hart	140 161 23	do Is con°. gold honds, 1920. do Long Dock bonds	100 112½ 103½ 104	do 2d mort., '93 do ex coupon Quincy & Toledo, 1st m., '90	\$108 \$41\square 85 \$100	Georgia 6s, 1879-'89 S. Carolina con, 6s (good). Rejected (thet sort)	74 77 53 101½ 103
Miles of the Stock 100 1	Come Water & Saratoga Come Watertown & Og. L. Louis Alton & T. H do pref Belleville& So. Ill. pref	1%	Cedar F. & Minn., 1st mort Indianap. Bl. & W., 1st mort do do 2d mort	103 94 95 33½	do ex coupon Pekin Linc'ln & Dec't'r,1st m Western Union Tel., 1900, cp do do reg	95 100	78, gold, 1892	1105 107
Figlies State & Express 15	Tiscelous Stocks. Idams Express.	10616	Mich S. & N. Ind., S.F., 7 p.c. Cleve. & Tol. sinking fund do new bonds Cleve. P'ville & Ash., old bds	10:34 102	Miscellaneous List. (Brokers' Quotations.) CITIES. Albany, N. Y. 68 long	100 100	Atlanta, Ga., 78	103 109 97 99 100 102
antholic fluctures of the service of	Vells, Fargo & Co	94% 95 111/8 14 12 33	Buffalo & Erie, new bonds Buffalo & State Line 7s Kalamazoo & W. Pigeon, 1st Det. Mon. & Tol.,1st 7s, 1906 Lake Shore Div. bonds	112	Chicago 6s, long datesdo ?s, seweragedo 7s, water	110 1112 †101 102 †106% 107%	Charleston, S. C., 7s, F. L. Columbus, Ga., 7s, bonds. Lynchburg 6s. Macon bonds, 7s. Memphis bonds C	60 69 99 55 60
many years and color of the property of the pr	m. District Telegraph] anton Co., Baltimore merican Coal onsolidat'n Coal of Md umberland Coal & Iron	27½ 32 30 32	do Cons. coup., 1st., do Cons. reg., 1st., do Cons. coup., 2d do Cons. reg., 2d Marietta & Cin. 1st mort.	115 115½ 116 103 106½ 107 ‡3 85	Detroit Water Works 7s Elizabeth City, short do long	75 75 70 104 1121 85	Endorsed, M. & C. RR Compromi e. Mobile 5s (coups. on) 8s (coupons on)	20 30 28 40 45 52
6. Cons. C	ennsylvania Coal	125 50 1	Mich. Cent., consol. 7s, 1902 do lst m. 8s, 1882, s. f. do equipment bonds. Mo.K &T.,c ns ass., 1904-5-6.	‡90 51½ 51¾	Newark City 7s long. do Water 7s, long. Oswego 7s. Poughkeensie Water	98 102 108 111 112 115 101½ 104	Montgomery, new 5s New 3s. Nashville 6s, old	25 35 75 85 80 85
Minn. & St. L. ist' is guis 191	Railroad Bonds. Moch Exchange Prices. Osto 2 H. & Erie, 1st m	33	H. & Cent. Mo, 1st, 1990 New Jersey Southern 1st m. 7s do conso'. 7s, 1903. N. Y. Central 6s, 1883 do 6s, 1887	‡20 2014 ‡10472	Toledo 8s. water, 1894-'94 Toledo 7-30s. Yonkers Water, due 1903.	112 114 105 109 100 102	Consolitated 6s. Railroad, 6s. Norfolk 6s. Petersburg 6s.	28 31 26 30 25 30 95 100
Barlem, ist mort. is, coop. 121 232 234	hesa. & Ohio 6s. 1st in. do ex four conp iicago & Alton ist mort.	31 % 33 28	do 6s, real estate do 6s, subscription. do & Hudson, 1st m., coup do do 1st m., reg. Hudson R. 7s. 2d m., s. f. 1885	103% 104% 1 12056 121 (115% (Atchison & P. Penk, 6s, gold Boston & N. Y. Air Line, 1st m Cairo & Fulton, 1st 7s, gold California Pac. RR., 7s, gold	9112 43 97 100	Sichmond 68. Savennah 78, old	103 104 64 67 64 67 75 85
1. R.R. 1.6P. 3. S. 1.005 1.	Joliet & Chicago, ist m. La. & Mo., ist m., guar., j St.L.Jack.& Chic., ist m., ic. Bur.& Q. 8 p.c., ist m	1064 107 1075 1081 10 1105	do do 78. reg North Missouri, 1st mort.	121 123 0 121 123 0 104% 105 107%	Chic. & Can. South 1st m. g. 7s. Chic. & East. 111. 1st mort., 6s do 2d m. inc. 7s. Ch.St.P. & Winneap., 6s.g., new	40 45 32 40 4 66½ 67½	RAILROADS. lla.&Chat.,Rec's ctfs, var tlantic & Gulf, consol Consol. end by Savan'h	20 60 97 10
atrai of N. J., ist m., 50 1173, 1774, 176 of San Josquin brach of Street Altonomist of Street Control of Street Altonomist of Street Control of Street Cont	00 58 sink, fun i .Rk.I.&P.,s.f.inc.6s, '95. is, 1917, coupon	0936 1038 0936 1038	do consolidated do 2d do do lst Spring. div Pacific Railroads— Central Pacific gold bonds.	103½ 79½ 0 79½ 107½	Chic. & S'thwestern 7s, guar. Ch. Lafayette & Chic., 1st m. Col. & Hock V. 1st 7s, 39 years. † do 1st 7s, 10 years. †	72 76 C	hari'te Col. & A., cons. 7s. do do 2d 7s. heraw & Darlington &s 1	70 84 84 87 60 03
April	do 1st consol do 1st consol do 1ssented do conv do assented	17% 117% 94 79% 78% 93	do San Josquin branch do Cal. & Oregon ist do State Aid bonds do Land Grant bonds Western Pacific bonds.	95 98% D 96% 96% 103% 103%	Denver Pac., ist m. 78, g. Denver Pac., ist m. 78, ld.gr.,g. Frie & Pittsburgh 1st 78.	36 40 E 35 41 E	Tenn. Va. & Ga. 1st. 7s. Tenn. Va. & Ga. 1st. 7s. Stock	98 103 02 103 35 45 06 110
do 1d m. 17.8 pt. (Lp) do 1d m. 17.8 pt. (Lp) do 1st Caron't E 83 93 do 1st Caron't E 83 do 2st Caron't E 83	do adj'mt b., 1903. chigh & W.B. con.guar do do assented. m. Dock & Imp. bonds do do assented.	95 4358 4358 45 60 54	do Sinking fund Pacine R. of Mo 1st mort	108 110 E 108 108 108 F 107 6 F	vansville Hen. & Nashv. 7s vansville, T. H. & Chic. 7s. g. lint & Pere M. 8s. Land grant. ort W. Jackson & Sec. 2010	102 106 41 G 48 53 85 90 M 30 40 M	reenville & Col. 7s, 1st m. 7s. guar. acon & Aug. 2 lendorsed emphis & Cha'ston 1st 7s	70 75 90 85 38 92 97
do lat m., H. & D. 102	do lst m., La C.D. 1 do lst m., La C.D. 1 do lst m., La C.D. 1	0834 111 06 1071/2 081/2 110 0434 105	Go lncome, 7s. do lst Caron't B South Pac. of Mo., 1st m Kansas Pac., 1st m 6s, 1895 with coup. c. fs. 1	82 92 95 G	do latex l.g., not gu. do latex l.g. 78. rand River Valley 28, 18t m oug. & Gt. N. 18t 78, g. corts	99 100 85½ 90 50 M 90 M 73 74	stock	78 80 516 8 35 40 12 105 516 98
do ext'n bds. 1106 1116 1116 1116 do ext'n bds. 1106 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 1116 111	do lst m., H. & D. 10 do lst m., C. & M. 10 do consol.sink.fd do 2d m	02 09 0134 1017 ₈	do with coup.ctfs I do 1st, 7s, Lea en br., 96 do with coup.ctfs do 1st, 7s, R. & L. G. D'd '94	102 In	do West, divdo Wacodo consol. bds	92 93 ³ 2 M	obile & Ohio sterling 8s Sterling ex cert. 6s	34 86 70 75 70 75 60 55
105 105	do 1st mort. 11	11 07 16 106 1114	do 1st m., 7s, 1'd gr., '80, do with coup. cffsdo 2d mort., 7s, 1886do with coupon cffs	66½ In Ja	it. H. & G. N. conv. 8s ack. L. & S. 8s,1st m., "white" that Allegan & G. R. 8s according to the second secon	74 75 N. 02 N. 02 101 Na	New debentures 2 O. & Jacks. 1st m. 8s. 10 Jertificate, 2d mort. 8s. 10 Jertificate, 2d mort. 8s. 10	7 103 1 103
Thoma & St. P., 1st m. 103/2 105 06 06 03 d m. 116/2 117/4 112/2 112/2 103/2 105 06 06 03 d m. 112/2 114/2 114/2 103/2 105 06 06 03 d m. 112/2 114/2 103/2 105 06 07/2 107/2 105/2 105	do reg. do . 10 Dwa Micland, 1st m. 8s. 110 alena & Chicago Ext. 110	0556 10578 08 07 115	do Inc. cp. No. 16 on 1916 do Den.Div.Trust Re co Detached coup. do. Pennsylvania RR— Pitts. Ft. W. & Chic., 1st m	75 80 Ke	ansas City & Cameron 10s. 110 eokuk & D.M., 1st 5, gr. R.I ong Island R.K., 1st mort. 110 ouisv. & Nashv. cons. m. 7s. 110	109 109 109 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 107 100	8t, 6s, Tenn. & Pac. Br kt, 6s, McM. M. W. & Al. Br shville & Decatur 1st 7s rfoik & Peterab.1st m.8s st mort. 7s	8816
Comparison of the construct of the con	C.&Ind's 1st m. 7s,SF. 11 do consol. m. bds Lack. & West., 2d m. 10	3½ 105 8 2 6¾ 97 52 107	Col. Chic. & Ind. C., 1st mort	1614 11714 M 1234 11412 M 0614 10714 N 60 6018 N	ontclair & G. L.ist 7s, (new). J. Midland 1st 7s, gold. Y. Elevated RR., 1st m	25 27 Ori 04 105 8	rtheast, S.C., 1st m. 8s. 14 d mort. 8s	95 1 76%
do construct'n do 78, of 187 do 1st con. guar. 844 90'4 97'4 do 1st extended do coup. is. 1894 do coup. is. 1894 do 1st P.D.p. c. 8 do 1st P.D.p.	do mcrt78, 1907 7. Bingh. & N.Y. ist, 76 orris & Essex, 1st. m do 2d mort do bonde 1000	5 414 714	Rome Watert'n & Og., con. 1st St. L. & Iron Mountain, 1st m. do do 2d m. St. L. Alton & T. H.,1st mort. do 2d mort., pref	35 351/s On Os 110 Pe	do receiva ctfs.(labor) do (other) naha & Southwestern RR. & 1 wego & Rome 7s, guar oria Pekin & J. lat mort	30 Ric 314 11414 Ric 0 46 Ric 80 49 Ric	ch. Fred. & Potomac 6s. 100 nort. 7e. 100 No. 2	20 85 110
do 1st extended coup. is, 1894 of 100 do consol.7s, 1910 do reg. 7s, 1894 do reg. 7s, 1895 do do lat. 7s, 1895 do la	do construct'n do 7s, of 187 do 1st con guar 8 & Hud.Canal, 1st m., 78, do do 189	114 103 114 90 4 114 97 4	Belleville & S. Ill.R. 1st m. 8st Fol. Peoria & Warsaw, 1st E. D do 1st W. D do Burlingt'n Div	42 43 9858 100 St.	do ods., 8s, 4th series L. & I. Mt. (Ark. Br.) 7s, g. L. & San F., 2d m., class A. do do class B. do do class B.	5 97% Sol 50 5 78 5 78 5 78 78 78 78 78 78	thwestern, Ga., stock. Scarolina RR. 1st m. 7s. 92 1, 1902, low Nos 32 1, non mort. 32	100 95 35 32 10
Daily & Susq. lst 'ds. 109 111 do do do fo constd so do sink, fund. 20 20% Virginia coupons 20	do lst extended do coup. is, 1891 do reg. is, 1894 do lst P.D.p.c. s	100 10234	do consol. 7, 1910 12 do P.Com. Repts, 1st, E.D do do lst, W.D do do Bur. D	23 St. St. St. St. 203 104 103 Sar	L.&So'east. cons.7s, gold, 94 Louis Vandalia & T. H. 1st. *10 do 2d, guar dusky Mans. & Newark 7s. 9 th Side, L. I., 1st m. bonds. 7	0 106 2 3 80 PA 1 95 Ten	st Ala., 1st mort. 8s	108 108 25

NEW YORK LOCAL SECURITIES.

COMPANIES.	C.	APITAL.	Surplu			10	IVID	EN	DS.			P	RICE.
Mark'd thus (*) are not Nat'l.	Par	Amount	dates.	81	eriod	1876	3. 187	7.	Las	t Pa	id.	Bid	. Ask
America*	100	3,000,000	1,413,70 1,157,60	0 1	& J	9 7	8	14	Jan., Nov.,	179.	4	1031	1;;;
Am. Exchange. Bowery	100	200,000	184 80	ALIA	& .T	1 12	123	1	Jan.,	774	5	1013	1013
Broadway	25 25	300,000	1,195,40 96,00		& J	68	16	- 1	Jan., Jan.,	772	8		
Butchers'& Dr. Central	100	2,000,000	354,30	0]].	& J	8	8	-	July,	79.	31/2	4	
Chase	100 25	450,000	15,80 159,00	OLT.	& J	10	9			"iġ.		110	
Chemica'	100	300,000	8,191,20	0 B1	m'ly	100	100	1.	UALL.,	779.	25	100	1::::
023	25	600,000 1,000,000	1,413,500	OM	&N.	20	10	18	Jan., Nov.,	779	9		
Commerce	100	5,000,000	2,664,900	0 1.	& J.	7	ő	- 10	Jan.,	779.	4	117	118
ontinental orn Exch'ge*.	100	1,250,000	297,100 745,000	J.	&J.	10	10	1.	Jan.	76.	3	75	
Cast River	25	250,000	60.800	OIJ.	& .1	734	6	1	Aug., Jan.,	78. 79.	5	125	100
Ith Ward*	25	100,000	7,500 44,500	JJ.	& J. –J.	10	10	١.	July.	79. 76.	3		
Fifth Avenue*	100	100 000	150.700) "	••••			1	July,	78,	3	228	250
First	100	500,000	1,997,700 868,000	Q	–J.	12	12		oct.,	79.	3	400	1 .
Fourth	30	600,000	407.900	M.	& N	10	10	z i	Oct., Jan., Nov.,	78.	3 5	913	95 150
Gallatin		1,000,000	649,900 82,700	A.	& O. & A.	736		(ct.,	78.	31/2	125	
German Am.*. 1 German Exch.* 1	00	750,000 200,000	50,200 49,700	M	ay.	···6	8	1	Feb.,	774. 778	3°	70	
Termania* 1	.00	200,000	49,700 14,200	M	ay.	7	6 7	1 4			"		:::
	25 25	200,000 100,000	700)		8	l	12	Nov.,	78.	3	••••	
Process	40	300,0001	16,700 189,400	J.	& J.	8	3 7		an.,	77.	3		
Ianover	00 1	,500,000	1.074.000		6 .1	14	14	13	an '	79.	7	100 200	
rving	50	500,000	110.000	I.T	B T	10	8	1.4	51.71	434	4	110	
eather Manuf. 1	50 00	100,000	6,500 387,700	J.	E J.	12	12	2 1	an '	79	3		
fanhattan*	50 2	,050,000	4,026,800	IF.	ZAI	9	8	A	1110	10	4		
fanuf. & Mer. 1	20 00	100,000	2,600	1.1.	E J. 1	5	::::	1.1	An '	75. 76.	31/2 5	.60	••••
larket 1	00	500,000	277.200	1.1 . 6		8	73	\mathbf{i}	an.,	79.	316	105	
lech, Assoc'n	25 2 50	500,000	927,900 65,600	M.	BN I	10 3	9 21/2	1	an., ,	20	2	124	
lech'ics & Tr.	25	600,0001	59,300	M.	EN.		75	N	ov., ; ov., ;	77.	316	••••	
lercantile1	$\begin{array}{c c} 00 & 1 \\ 50 & 2 \end{array}$,000,000	179,000 695,000	M.	EN.	8	2	N	ov.,	(×.	8 1	86 120	95
erchants' Ex.	50 1	,000,000	200,900	J. d	z .J . i	8 1	63	J	an.,	79.	2		• • • •
etropolis 10	00 3	300,000	61,700 809,600	1.0	J. J.	31/2 10	10	10	an., "	(n. 3	1	116	••••
lurray Hill*	100	100,000	82,700					10	11 ler '	70	3		
ew York 10)0 L	,000,000	34,600 634,100	M.C	N.	10	6 71/2				216	80	1221/2
. Y. County 110	സ	200,000	(108,61	J. 8		4	8				1	1201	16678
Y. N. Exch. 10	m	300,000 750,000	69,200 41,500	F. d	A.	316	8	A	ug., "	78. 4	3	••••	••••
o. America"	70	700,000	20,000	.1.0	1.6	7	6	J	ан., " uly, "	77.	3 1.	::: i	
OT OT TELACT.	וטכ	240,000 300,000	160,40G	J. 8	Į.	12	ïï	J	uly, " an., " an., "	9. 8	16	,	••••
ac fic 5		422,700	214,400	Ž-	F.	12	12	N	ov., "	19. 4 18. 2	16	130	••••
rk		000,000	260,100	1.8	J.	10	6	1018	an "	7U 5		80	100
nenix 1 c	25 20.1.	412,500	143,600 147,400			10 7	10	IJ	an., "	9. 3 9. 3	1/2	92	120 95
oauce*110	M!	198.3001	nil.					IJ			22		• • • •
Nicholas 10	H B . I	000,000	288.800 36,600	F.&	A.	8	616	A	ug. ~	8. 9		853/4	•••
venum ward in	(300,000	46.500	J. &	J.	6	3		1)y, "	8. 3	17.		•••
cond	0 1	300,000 000,000	64,700 178,000	J. &	J.	12 11	10 10	18	in., '7	9. 4 9. 4	1	01	•••
LUI 110	MA: 1	200,000	42,500	J. &	J.	8	7	Jt	ily, '7	8. 3			
ate of N.Y 10 lird10	(Di	952 700	193,900 nil.	м.œ J. &		8	7	No	DV., "7	8. 3	38 1	00	
adesmen's 4	0 1.0	000,0001	326,300	J. &	J. 1	10	9	Jε	in., '7	ğ. 3	16]:	
est Side 10	0 1,	200,000 200,000	85,800	M.&		8	8	No.	n., '7 n., '7 ov., '7 ily, '7	8. 5 8. 4	1.		•••
	1 '	-55,000	0-1000			- 1	9	1	, (J. 1	1.	••	

Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds.

[Gas Quotations by George H. Prentiss, Broker, 30 Broad Street.]

GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period.	Rate	Date.	Bid.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas Light Co	25	2,000,000	Var.	5	Jan., '79	125	135
Citizena' Gas Co (Bklvn)	- 20	1,200,000	Var.	3	Jan., '79	55	60
do gertificates	1,C00	320,000	A. & O.	316	Oct., '78	90	95
Harlem	50	1.850 000		3	Feb., '78	25	40
ersey City & Hodoken	20	750.000	J. & J.	736	Jan., '79	120	140
Manhattan	50	4.000,000		5	June. '78	160	170
Metropolitan	100	2,500,000	M.& S.	5	Aug., '78	104	110
do certificates	Var.	1,000,000	M. & S.	316	Aug., '78	95	100
Mutual, N. Y	100	5,000,000	Quar.	11/6	Jan '70	I RO I	65
do bonds	1,000	1,000,000	F.& A.	3168		95	103
Vassau, Brooklyn	20	11,000,000	. v a.r.		· 1 : 4 11 - 4 34	1 100 1	65
New York	Va.	700,000		316	Nov., '78 Nov., '78	84	80
New York	100	4,000,000		4	Nov., '78	83	88
People's (Brooklyn)		1,000,000		356	Jan., '76	20	≥5
do do bonds	1,000		M.&N.	316	Tank imid	90	9616
do do certificates.		300,000		372	Juy, 78	70	75
Central of New York	50			3	Aug., '78		85
Williamsburg	50	1,000,000		2	Oct., '78		76
do scrip		1,000,000		376	Jan., '79	75	85
metropolitan, Brooklyn	100	1,000,000		21/2	Nov., '78		55
Municipal	100	1,500,000				100	110

[Quotations by H. L. GRANT, Broker, 145 Broadway.]

Black on CA & Thelian Lang 41	1 100		1	1	1 *		1
Bleecker St. & Fulton Ferry-st1	100		J. & J.	170	July, '78		25
1st mortgage	1,000		J. & J.	7	J'ly,1900	8634	100
Broadway & Seventh Ave-stk		2,100,000	Q-J.	216	Oct., '78 June, '84	66	70
1st mortgage	. 1,000	11.500.000	J. & D.	7	June, '84	100	102
Brooklyn City-stock	. 10	12,000,000	Q-F.	31%	Nov 779	140	155
1st mortgage	1,000	300,000	M. &N.	17	Nov '80	104	110
Broadway (Brooklyn)-stock.	100	200,000	Q-J.	3	July, '78 Oct., '76	135	150
Brooklyn & Hunter's Pt-stock	100	400,000	A. & O.	3	Uct., '78	85	100
1st mortgage bonds	. 1,000	300,000	J. & J.	7	1888	100	102
Bushwick Av. (B'klyn)-stock.	. 100	500,000				80	90
ventral Pk., N. & E. River-sti		1,800,000	J. & J	3	July, '78		50
Consolidated mortgage bon	1,000	1,200,000	J. & D.		1902	93	98
Dry Dock, E. B. & Battery-sth	. 100	1,200,000	O-F		Nov., '78		90
1st mortgage, cons'd	. 500&c	900,000	JAD	7	June, '93	101	105
Eighth Avenue—stock		1,000,000		Ġ	ju y, '78	101	
1st mortgage		202,000	J. & J.	7	Jan '84	100	110
2d St. & Grand St Ferry-stoe	100	749,000	M.&N.	6	Jan., '84 Nov., '78	195	140
1st mortgage	1,000	098,000	A & O	2	Apr 200	105	115
Central Cross Town- stock	. 100	236,000		· 1	Apr., '93		
1st mortgage		600,000			Non 1004		40
Houston, West st. & Pav. Fy-stk		200,000		7	Nov.1904		
		250,000	A. 5. 4.		7-1- 104	10	20
Second Avenue—stock	. 500	500,000		7	July, '94	84	881
		1,199,500		2	Apr., '78	***	40
3d mortgage	. 1,000	150,000		7	Apr., '85	85	80
Cons. Convertible	1.000	1,050,000		7	May, '88		80
Extension	. 500&c.			7	May, '88 Sept'83		80
Black Anende- stock				5	May, '77	6216	
1st mortgage	. 1,000	415,000		7 1	Inly, '90!	105	115
Third Avenue-stock	. 100	2,000,000		8	Vov., '78	110	
lst mortgage	1,000	2,000,000		7	July, '90	97	100
I renly-third Street—stock	. 100	600,000	I & J.	4	Nov., '78 July, '90 Aug., '78 May, '93	95	100.
1st mortgage	1.000	250,000	M.&N.	7 1	M . v. '93	100	105

*This column shows last dividend on stocks, out the date of maturity of bonds.

Insurance Stock List. [Quotations by E. S. BAILEY, broker, 7 Pine street.]

COMPANIES.	CA	PITAL.	Net Surplus, July 1,		D	IVIDI	ENDS.	PR	ICE.
	Par.	Amount	1878.	1875.	1876.	1877	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask
Adriatic	25	200,000	28,316	10	10	10	July, '78. 5	55	62
Ætna. American		200,000	13,981	14	25	15	10 HIV 70 01/		85
American Exch	100	400,000	1560,904 73,779		15 10	15	Jau . 70 7	130 95	
Amity	1100	200,000	517	8	8	10	1000, 79, 5	55	65
Atlantic	50	200,000	78,642		10	10			90
Bowery Broadway	25	300,000	415,561		20	20	Dec., '78 10	200	210
Brooklyn	25- 17	200,000	207,980 209,786		20 20	20 20	Aug., 78.10 Jan., 79.10	••••	
Citizens'	20	153,000 300,000	†493,435		20	20	Jan., '79.10 Jan., '79.10	170	
City	70	210,000	178,940		20	1716	A 110 100 F.MO	125	135
Clinton Columbia	30	250,000	145,720.		20	18	1.1 MIL. 17.0 Q	120	J
Commerce Fire	100	300,000 200,000	2,022	10	10 10	5	Ouly, 779 K	50 70	75
Commercial	50	200,000	172,204	20	25	25	Jan. 170 10	135	10
Continental		1,000,000	†1006519	9 80	11.45	25 12·50	J&U. 70 A.83	170	180
Eagle Empire City	100	300,000	517.688 102,433		30	20	Oct., 78.10 Jan., 79. 5 Jan., 77. 3	200	
Emporium		200,000	-11,973	10	14 10	14 3	Jan., 79. 5	107 50	
Exchange	30	200,000	110.105	15				115	
Farragut	50	200,000	154,588	1216	15	15	Jan. '70 71/	125	
Firemen's Firemen's Fund	17	204,000	90,569 -13,386			12 1	Jan., 77u 5	100	107
Firemen's Tr	10	150,000 150,000				10 12	July, '77. 5 Jal., '79. 6	50 105	• • • • •
Franklin	100	200,000	87,581 -12,658		12	}	381., '79. 6	60	••••
German-Amer.		1,000,000	720,101	10		10	Jan., '79. 5	125	
Germania	50	500,000	679,890			30 I	Jan. 270 7	10	
Hobe	25	200,000	129,778 321,187 3			20 40	Jan., '79. 5	115 245	
duardian		200,000	83,298	10		10	Jan., '79, 71, jan., '79, 31,	67	75
Hamilton	15	150,000	137,207 599,219	žŏ [20	20 1	Jan., '70 712	133	145
Hanover	50	500,000	599,219	0	10	10	Jan., '79. 5	130	
Hoffman	100	200,000 3,000,000	95,223	0		10	Jan., '79. 5	85	92
Ione	25	150,000	19,135	0 1		10	Jan., '79. 5 Jan., '79. 35	60	125
lopeloward	50	500,000	144,783 1	2	12	12	Jan., '79 5		110
mporters & T	50	200,000	108,807 1	2	12.	12	Jan., 79. 5	108	
rvingefferson	30	200,000	$\begin{array}{c c} 41,245 \\ 1298,081 \\ 1 \end{array}$	3		13	Jan., '79. 5	80	85
Kings Co.(Bkn)	20	200,000 150,000	199,066	0 2		10	Sept. '78. 5 Jan., '79.10	70	• • ,• •
Inickerbocker	40	280,000	21,568 2	0 1		10	Jau. '79. 5	82	• • • •
afayette(Bkn)	50	150,000	162,772 2	0 2	20 2	20 1.	Ja 1., '70 8 1	40	150
amarenox	25	200,000	126,421 1 51,864 1			0	Jan., 79. 5 1	00	
ong Isl. (Bkn.)	50	150,000 200,000	294,756 1	6 2	- 1-	0 6		80 50	90 155
orillard	25	300,000	81,567/1	0 11	0 1	0	Jan., '79. 5	80	
	00	200,000	201,431 1	0 1		2			140
ianhattan] lech.&Trad'ra'	25	250,000 200,000	227,280 1 272,201 3	1 9		0 .		05 .	•••
lech'ics'(Bkn)	50	150,000	183,521 1	0 2	~ 10	0 3		65	•••
lercantile	50	200,000	54,368 1	0 1	0 1	0	Jan., '79. 5	86	90
lerchants'	50 ;	200,000	170,808 2		0 2		an., '79. 8 1	35	
lontauk (Bkn) assau (Bklyn)	50. 50	200,000	114,891 2 184,751 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2 1			05 1	112
ational	3716	200,000	115.836 1	ž įi	6 1	4 3	an., '79.10 an., '79.5	05	•••,
. Y . Kanitablel	KO I	210,000	332.142 2	0 12	0 2	0 1.1	an., 79.10 1	95	00 50
ew York Firell	00	200,0001	170,985 20) 2	0 1	7 A		1	50
. Y. & Boston 1 ew York City 1	00	200,000	19,550 50,864	i	·];	.		00	10
iagara	50	500,000	432,403 1	1		2 1	an., '79. 5 an., '79. 6		80: `
orth River	25	350,000	125,671 12	3 11	2 1	i o	oct '78. 5 11		15
acinc	25	200 000	418.974 30) 130	0 20	o JJ	8n., '79.10	2	40
ark	00		103,590 20 207,114 20	20		0 J	an. 79. 6 11	9 1	17
	20	150,000 150,000	112.290 00	20			an. '19 10 11	15 i	25
henix (Bklvn)	50 1	000,000	112,290 $656,319$ 15	20) 120	3 3		20 1	28
roduce Exch. 1	00	200,000	11.2011 5	1 1 5	376	316 1	*B., '77, 341 C	25	•••
elief	50	200,000	61,535 10 †33,061 10	1110	110)]]	81 '79. 5		
	00	300,000 200,000	73,072 11	110			an., '79. 5		8 5 :
atgers'		200.000	209,231 20	25	20	1 1	an., 79. 5 uly, 78.10	0 1	80
feguard10	oo	200.000	119,037 12	16 15	16	3 3	a1., '79 8		25
. Nicholas 2	25	200,000	19,411 10	. 10	10		ug., 73 5 6	30	
andard f	50	200,000	169,443 11	6 11	55 12				10
erling!0		300,000 200,000	$ \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	115	10	36 Ja	an., '79. 6 10 ug., '78. 5 8 uly, '78. 7 12		
		200.0001 1	150.216 20			1.5	aly, '78. 7 12		95
uyvesant! 2			01/01/00			110	.,		
uyvesant 2 adesmen's 2	5	150,000	81,242 20	25		100			
uyvesant 2 adesmen's 2 nited States 2	5 2	250,000 8	237,990 16	16	113	38	79 8 19	0	• •
uyvesant 2 adesmen's 2 nited States 2	5 3	250,000 8 300,000 1	181,242 20 237,990 16 196,307 10 114,028 20		16	ja A	Id., 10. 0 110	0	••

Over all liabilities, including re-insurance, capital and scrip. † Inclusive of scrip. Figures with a minus sign before them show that the company is impaired to that extent.

City Securities.

[Quotations by Daniel A. Moran, Broker, 40 Wall Street.]

	-	INTER	EST.	Donda	PB	HOE.
	Rate.	Month	s Payable.	Bonds due.	Bid.	Ask
V.w. York: Water stock1841-68.		Fob Mon	Ang & Non	1070 1000	100	100
do1854-57.	5	do do	Aug.& Nov.	. 1878-1880 1878-1879		102
Croton water stock 1845-51.	6 5 6 7	do	do		102	103
do do1952-60.	6	do	do	1883-1890		106
Croton Aqued'ct stock. 1865.	6	do	do	1884-1911	104	108
do pipes and mains	7		November.	1884-1900		119
io reservoir bonds	6		Aug.& Nov.			109
Central Park bonds1853-57.	5 6 7	do	00	1878-1898		103
do ao1853-65.	6	do	do	1877-1895		107
Dock bonds1870.	7	may & I	November.	1901	118	119
do	6	1/	Tamama and		107	109
Market stock1865-68.	7		November.		118	119
Improvement stock 1869	6 7	do	do	1889 1879-1890	105 102	106
do do1869.		do	do		111	112
Consolidated bondsvar.	g.	do	do			
Street imp. stockvar.	6	do	do		10216 102	105
do dovar. New Consolidated	ă 1		y & July.		111	113
Westchester County	6 g.	do	do		106	107

[Quotations by N. T. BEERS, Jr., Broker, 21/2 Wall st.]

				_	
Brooklyn-Local Impr'em't-				1 .	1
City bonds	7	January & Ju	ly. 1879-1880	101	103
	7	do do	1881-189		111
do	÷				1001
Park bonds	6) do do			12016
Water loan bonds	7	do de	1903	1119	120%
Bridge bonds	7	do do	1915	119	12016
Diluge bonds	å				
Water loan	6	do de			
City bonds	6	do do			109
Kings Co. bonds	7	May & Novem	ber. 1880-1889	103	108
	6	do do			106
do do	0				
Park bonds		January & Jul	y. 1924	110	112
Reidae		do do	1907-1910	108	10916
Bridge			1=300 =020	1	1/-

*All Brooklyn bonds flat. [Quotations by C. Zabriskie, 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City.]

Water loan, long	6 7 7 7 7		1899-1902 1878-1879 1878-1879 1891-94	100 100	102 108 101 101 107 106	
Water loan, long	6 7 7 7 7	January & July. do do Jan., May, July & Nov. J. & J. and J & D.	1899-1902 1878-1879 1878-1879 1891-94	107 100 100 106	101 101 101 107	i i

Investments

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The Investors' Supplement is published on the last Saturday of each month, and furnished to all regular subscribers of the CHRONICLE. No single copies of the SUPPLEMENT are sold at the office, as only a sufficient number is printed to supply regular subscribers. One number of the SUPPLEMENT, however, is bound up with THE FINANCIAL REVIEW (Annual), and can be purchased

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Philadelphia & Reading.

(For the year ending November 30, 1878.)

The annual report of the managers for the fiscal year ending November 30 contains the following:

COMPARATIVE RESULTS OF THE YEAR'S BUSINESS.

1977	4000		
Travel, 6,674,889, equal to 799,088 thro.pass. \$i,610,050	6,376,413, } equal to } \$1,526,423 thro.pass. }	Decrease	\$ 83,627
Mdse 2,8:7,648 tons. 2,913,558 Coal 7,255,317 tons. 7,505,207 Mail 41,587 Miscellaneous 72,473	2,757,838 tons. 2,690,766 5,909,140 tons. 7,206,452 41,665 73,787	Decrease Decrease Increase	222,822 293,255 78 1,309
Gross receipts\$12,142,910 Gross expenses 7,751,693	\$ 1,539,193 7,319,366	Decrease Decrease	\$503,3:7 432,327
Net profits \$4,391,217 Gross expenses, including taxes, &c., in the	\$4,220,227 renewal fund, rents	Decrease of lateral	\$170,930 roads,

Year 1877, were 63.8-10 per cent of gross receipts. Year 1878, were 63.4-10 per cent of gross receipts.

The receipts and expenses, per passenger and per ton, including renewal fund, rents of laterals, taxes, &c., based upon entire coal tonnage of the company on main line, branches and laterals have been as follows:

Per passenger, cost Mdse., per ton, cost Coal, per ton, cost	\$0 16 6-10 63 8-10 66 6-10	1878. \$0.17 5-10 67 3-10 73 5-10	Received,	1877. \$0.24 1-10 1.02 7-10 1.03 4-10	1878. \$0.23 9-10 97 6-10
Thooham	100000			1 00 4-10	1.23

The above statements embrace all expenditures of the company, except interest on the funded debt, and include rents of leased railways, renewal fund, taxes, and premium on gold and ex-

As condensed from the transportation and income account, the result of the year's business may be stated as follows:

Beceints over cost of working the	
Add profit on steam colliers. Balance of sinking fund con morte loan 1871 1911	\$4,220,227
Balance of sinking fund con mosts land	231.425
nsed, now credited back 1871-191!, year 1876, not	199,364

		-
Less depreciation in value of materials	and drawbacks on treme	\$ 1,652,0
prior years, loss on line of Richmond	coal barges, &c	. 186,6

From which deduct—		\$4,46,392
Loss on the business of the Schuylkill Canal. Less profit upon the business of the Schuylkill Canal Transportation Line	\$133,321	ė.
portation Line	3,642	
Loss upon he business of the Susquehanne Garal	\$98,682	

the Susquenanna Canal	•••• 179,9	26- 278,66	9
Interest on the bonded debt for the year	\$4.576.5	\$4,186,78	3
Interest for the year on bonds and mortgages	111,6		n

Debit balance for year, charged	O profit and loss
cash or in scrip, but of the a	mounts thus charged there was

Leaving cash surplus earnings for the year

The cash surplus is, however, much more than absorbed by the payment to the Coal & Iron Company of funds sufficient to pay

And the losses of that company for the year	•••••	\$966,916 752,043

	11
From which deduct the cash surplus of the railroad company	\$1,718,165
Leaving	6024.000

-as the cash deficit of the operations of the two companies for the year. This cash deficit has been supplied by withholding for three months the salaries and wages due to the officers and employees of the Railroad Company, which arrears have recently been liquidated by payments in wages certificates, the amount of which outstanding practically represents a loan from the employees of the company to enable the latter to meet the cash deficit in its operations for the year.

These wages certificates, in sums of \$10 each, bearing interest from December 16, are payable one half on April 15 and one-half on May 15, and all receivable at any time for any debt due to either company.

The condition of the floating debt of the two companies, including therein certain items of bills receivable discounted, to which Repairs of houses, &c

reference was made at the last report, has been, at the several dates mentioned, as follows:

Owing to the failure of the recent association of coal companies to secure for coal a sufficiently increased price to compensate for the great loss of tonnage sustained by the company, in consequence of the restrictions imposed by the association, the anticipations formed last year of profits to result from the coalition have not been realized, and the managers have not only been unable to make any reduction of the floating debt, but its volume has been increased by the amount represented by the wages certificates now outstanding. As the several stoppages of mining resulting from the restrictive policy of the coal association deprived the company of its accustomed daily and weekly receipts from coal traffic, it was found impossible to pay the employees promptly, and at the close of the year there was due and unpaid for September, October and November the sum of \$983,141.

The total amount of them issued up to January 11 has been \$701,520, of which there have been already received and canceled, in payment of debts due the company for freights, tolls, tickets and coal, the sum of \$183,810, leaving outstanding the sum of \$517,710, to which must be added of ordinary floating debt, due January 11, 1879, the sum of \$6,710,513, as compared with the amount \$6,674,980, due on January 12, 1878.

In accordance with the resolution adopted at the last annual meeting, the sum of \$1,309,765, representing that amount of the bonds of the company canceled by the operations of the sinking funds previously charged against the net income of the company, has been used to reduce the amount standing in the balance sheet to the debit of profit and loss. In addition to this amount, the sum of \$199,364, being the unappropriated balance charged net income in the year 1876 for the sinking fund of the consolidated mortgage loan, has been credited back to income account, and will no longer appear on the balance sheet.

The following statement shows the condition of the scrip and income mortgage bond account at the end of the year, and gives the amount of each issue during the year:

•	the state of the s	your.		•
3	Debenture and guarantee scrip. Total amount to be issued \$6,281,475	General I mortgage loan scrip. \$1,771,740	Perkiome Railroad scrip.	Total.
	Amount issued to Nov. 30, 1878. \$5,519,407 Less received with freight bonds	\$1,716,300	\$101,250	\$8,157,465 \$7,332,817
	and canceled			2,370
	\$5,517,037 Converted into income mort. bds. 2,041,140	\$1,716,30) 4,8:0	\$97,110	\$7,330,447 2,045,000
	Amount of scrip issued during	\$1,711,440	\$97,110	\$5,284,447
	Amount of income mortgage loan	271,350	10,980	1,235,420
	November 30, 1878 238,140 The only other change in the capita	4,860 l accounts	of the	243,080

during the year has been caused by the redemption of \$6,500 of the debenture freight bonds of 1868 93, received, according to the terms thereof, in payment of freight.

The comparative volume of traffic for each of the last four years is shown by the annexed table. The reduction of coal tonnage is due to the restrictions imposed by the associated coal companies, and the falling off in passengers and merchandise is principally due to the decreased coal production.

No. passengers carried No. tons coal, 2,240 lbs No. tons mdse., 2,000 lbs No. tons company's materials,	5,505,455 2,720,208	1876. 10,936,157 5,595,207 2,498,177	1877. 6,674,889 7,255,318 2,837,648	1878. 6,37 6,413 5,903,14 6 2,757,839
2,000 lbs	58',984	482,222	313,931	412,110

weight of passengers' and company's materials 10,099,040 10,236,326 11,833,826 10,319,553 There is but little to report with reference to the various leased lines, except that as against last year the Catawissa Railroad shows a falling off in net earnings of \$103,210, and the Philadelphia Germantown & Norristown branch a decrease of \$51,006. The Perkiomen Railroad shows an increase of \$4,436, and the Reading & Columbia Railroad, with its leased line, the Lancaster & Quarryville Railroad, shows a decrease of \$19,662.

The profit from the express department for the year is \$52,385, as against \$55,181 for 1877. The steam colliers have made a net profit for the year of

\$232,425, after charging for insurance fund \$72,300. The total coal tonnage of the estates of the Coal & Iron Company for the year, as compared with the previous year, was as follows:

1877	Mined by Company. 2,794,528 16-20 2,727,608 1-20	Mined by Tenants. 1,389,108 7-20 1,100,181	Total. 5,183,637 3-20 3,827,789 1-20
Decrease	1,066,920 15-20	288,927 7-20	1,355,848 2-20

The following general income account shows the result of the year's business, of which the following is a condensation:

RECEIPTS.	
Miscellaneous receipts	\$334,986 7,795,233 61,025 863
Total receipts	8,192,077
EXPENSES.	

Taxes on real estate

eral

0,929 3,004 9,003 nies for seiciion

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Mining 2,727,668.81 tons, at \$1.23 7-10 per ton	
Net loss for year To which add for adjustment of yearly inventories, bad debts, &c	\$456,236 295,812
Total amount charged to profit and loss account	\$752,049
As compared with last year, it will be seen that with a	reduced

As compared with last year, it will be seen that with a reduced output of 1,355,848 tons, the company lost, after making allowances for depreciation and bad debts, \$752,049, as against \$755,478 for the previous year.

The total interest account of the Coal & Iron Company, other than that due the Railroad Company, for the year, was \$1,088,086. Of which there was payable in scrip for the debenture loans \$121,170.

The actual cost of mining and delivering coal into the railroad cars for the year was 1.23 7.10 cents as against 1.03 9.10 cents for the previous year, an increase of 19 8.10 cents, of which about eight cents was caused by the payment of such increased wages as were due under the sliding scale to the increased price of canal and higher rates of toll and transportation, and the remainder 11 8.10 cents per ton is due entirely to the decreased production, necessitating the division of certain total fixed expenses by a greatly diminished production.

The report says of the recent coal combination: "The injuries suffered by the company, owing to the combination of last year, as compared with its independent position of the previous season, were—an increase in the cost of mining coal; a large decrease in the railway receipts from merchandise and passengers, owing to diminished output of coal; an increase of accidents in mining, due to the condition of the mines being affected by the frequent suspensions of mining; an unsettled feeling of discontent among the miners and laborers in the coal fields, due to want of employment, which was not at all compensated by the increase of wages; a feeling of opposition among iron and other manufacturers at the frequent interruption of mining, resulting in a disposition to resort to other fuels rather than submit to arbitrary interference with the regularity of their accustomed supply of anthracite; an absolute failure to realize in increased prices for coal, or increased rates of transportation, sufficient to overbalance the increased cost due to restricted production. All involving a loss of net profits to the two companies, as compared with the previous year, of \$382,173. On the other hand, the benefits resulting from the combination have been the actual consumption of all surplus coal and the ability to secure fair prices in the future, which it was impossible to obtain so long as the large production kept the market overstocked."

As to the financial prospects of the company, the report says: Three years of ordinary earnings in fair times would enable the company to resume dividends; but it must be remembered that, in addition to its earnings, the company has a large amount of most valuable securities, which it could part with, and which at the proper time could be made use of, either to pay the floating debt or to retire the scrip and income bonds.

"Among these securities are the following, which pay an annual

income of \$339,208:

.FRASER

**	
STOCKS.	
Shares.	
East Pennsylvania Railroad Co 22,727	\$1,136,350
East Mahanoy Railroad Co 4,980	
	249,00.
Minenili & Schuylkill Haven Railroad 7,359	867,950
Schuylkili Valley Navigation & Railroad 1,246	62.800
Mill Creek & Minehill Navigation & Railroad 1,927	48,175
Junction Railroad 1 794	86,200
Mount Carbon & Port Carbon Railroad 776	86,800
Fulton Coal Co	
Tan-10-7	7,955
Locust Gap Improvement Co	20,720
BONDS.	
Chester Vailey Railroad, mortgage.	235,100
ACAUTHY OF COUNTIDIA RAILLOAD SECOND MORTGEGO	97 000
reikiomen Rauroad, dependire freight bonds	42 000
Lerkiomen Kanroad, arai morigage	105 000
Colebrookdale Railroad, first mortgage	#1 FOO
Phoenix Iron Co., first mortgage	51,500
Lancaster & Reading Narrow-Gauge Railroad, first mortgage	627,000
Location of the desired warrow-Gauge Railroad, first mortgage	137,300
Locust Dale Coal Co., first mortgage	156,000
Fulladelphia Keading & Pottaville Telegraph, dehenture honds	000 000
mammoth Veln Coal & Iron Co., first mortgage	992 000
Preston Coal & Improvement Co., first mortgage	1,190,000
	1,100,000
	\$5,059,050

"So long as the present depression continues, it has not been thought advisable to present any scheme looking to the final extrication of the company from financial difficulties; but upon the return of prosperity, and the demonstration of the ability of the company to earn, in addition to its fixed charges, enough for a reasonable dividend upon its shares, it is not doubted that sufficient money can readily be raised in the form of additional capital to liquidate the floating debt, in which event some of the securities in the above list, together with the \$5,000,000 of unissued general mortgage bonds, could be used to retire the scrip and income bonds; and when this is accomplished all the earnings over fixed charges could at once be distributed to the sharehold. In the meantime, the managers anticipate no difficulty in carrying along the floating debt, which is now all abundantly secured by good collaterals; and feeling secure of their ability to meet all cash fixed charges, if there is no restriction of coal tonnage, they do not propose to surrender the independent position of the company to become a member of any new coal association, without receiving practical guarantees that it will be to the advantage of the company to do so."

Philadelphia Wilmington & Baltimore.

(For the year ending Nov. 30, 1878.)

The general account is as follows:	
Stock Funded debt Accounts and balances Renewal fund Balance to credit of revenue	3,053,416 161,857 60,221 662,099
Tot41 Road, &c \$13,026,536 Stocks in leased and centrolled roads 635,476 Other stocks and securities 975,216 Real estate not required for road 366,245 Cash, materials, balances due 503,769—	\$15,503,843 15,508,844
The sinking fund now amounts to \$52,755. The earni as follows:	
Passengers \$1,570,930 Freight and express \$1,570,930 Mails 46,671 Rents 19,165	1876-77. \$1,698,782 1,131,772 47,835 8,05 29,054
Delaware lease	0,001

 Freight and express
 1,023,678
 1,131,772

 Mails
 46,671
 47,835

 Rents
 19,165
 8,05

 Miscellaneous
 29,054

 Delaware lease
 29,054

 Working expenses
 \$1,470,397
 \$1,663,441

 Taxes
 94,945
 91,592

 Total
 \$1,565,342
 \$1,755,034

 Net earnings
 \$1,095,103
 \$1,163,426

 The miscellaneous account has been dispensed with, and there

were no profits on the Delaware lease.

The result of the year was as follows:

Interest paid. Less interest and dividends received	\$208.040 98,851	\$1,095,102
Balance of interest account Loss on Delaware lease Dividends, 8 per cent	\$109,696	
Surplus for the year		\$38,112

Surplus for the year

Balance of revenue, Oct. 31, 1877

Less bad accounts, d preciation of stocks, &c. 20,817

Balance of revenue, Oct. 31, 1878

Balance of revenue, Oct. 31, 1878

Sec. 20,980

\$662,099

Deficiencies on the Delaware leass are repayable from future earnings of that line. That lease, however, is profitable from the large amount of business it has brought to the main line.

The earnings were affected by general depression of business.

The earnings were affected by general depression of business and reductions in rates; by the mild winter, which left competing water lines open nearly the entire year, and by the great decrease in the Delaware fruit traffic, owing to a poor season and loss by insects.

The statement of the renewal fund is as follows:

Balance, Oct 31, 1877 Credits during the year	 \$147,912
Total Payments	
Bolomos Ost at 1020	

Chief payment was for Susquehanna River bridge renewals. \$36,484. The bridge is now all of iron except the draw-span, which will probably be replaced this year.

New York Lake Erie & Western Railroad (Erie).

(For the four months from June 1, '78, to September 30, '78.)

In the CHRONICLE of December 21, 1878, on page 649, a complete abstract was presented of the operations of this road for the fiscal year ending September 30. A pamphlet report has just been issue 1, giving at length many additional particulars which will be found of great interest to the stock and bond holders.

A general summary of the company's report shows that for the fiscal year ending September 30 the actual net profits applicable to bonded interest were \$3,907,345. For the last four months of that year, June 1 to September 30, the actual net profits were \$1,571,950, or equal to \$4,715,850 in a year. The interest charges each fi cal year, ending September 30, will be as follows: 1878 9, \$2,050,084; 1879-80, \$3,987,878; 1880-81, \$4,229,678, and about this sum for each year afterward.

From the report the following is condensed:

"Your company was put in possession of the larger portion of the property belonging to the Erie Railway Company on the first of June, 1878, the portion not transferred continuing, for prudential reasons, under the control of the Receiver, who still receives the revenues arising therefrom, and to that extent lessens the receipts of this company. This position will probably continue until the Receiver is discharged, and all the real and personal property of the Erie Railway Company purchased by this company is transferred to it.

"The gross earnings and operating expenses for the four months have been as follows:

	The state of the s	
	Gross Earnings. From general freights \$3,149,408 From coal freights 678,005 From passengers, 1st class 1,068,640 From passengers, emigrant 104,266 From mails 54,4% From rents 5,773 From miscellaneous 30,665	and freight\$1,368,249 Motive power
-	Total	Total. \$3,272,748 \$1,919,982- 20,547
	Amount net earnings From which deduct amount for rentals	on leased lines
I	Total net revenue	\$1,619,482

68		THE	\mathbf{CH}
Interest on mo Interest on loa Premium on go Guaranteed in	ch dedact— rigages	298 bonds of	47,482
Deduct interes	licable to paying interest on funded it on funded debi for four months, it is and all due under re-organization	acluding that on	571,950 713,103
For the f	credit of profit and lossull fiscal year, ending Septemble to payment of interest of 45.	nber 30, 1378, the	bal.
Mr. Hagh report: The Buffalo, a dis net revenue. Jersey City v The cost o Buffalo and Eu	J. Jewett, the president, rem cost of the third rail betw tance of 220 miles, has been p The cost of the third rail vill be paid from money receif the third rail laid between—	reen Susquehanns oaid mainly from from Susquehan ved from assessm	a and the na to lents.
	rquehanna was nd Jersey City, estimatedt of third rail		336,676 162,705 559,413
Thirty loca	ROLLING STOCK. motives of the consolidated page, have been contracted for f your roads where the heavy	attern, adapted to	o the
experience.	of this class of engine have	been establishe	d by
ship of these ment at state of the cars, a	usand standard gauge box-fr which will be leased by this co cars will be complete in the d times, during a term of five nd the interest on amount of p	ompany. The over company on the years, of the firs cincipal cost that	pay-
The money imperatively	any time during the five year IONEY APPLICABLE TO IMPRO applicable to the further in demanded is to be derived fro occeds of the \$320,000 of the	VEMENTS. 1 provements tha	
holders of the	ge remaining after distribution second consolidated bonds. e, on account of price in the	on of bonds to fo These bonds are	rmer
2. The amore Provision ments and included bonds, not to part of them	that received from assessments having been fully made to perfect to the receiver, by exceed \$2,500,000, there will on the fund provided by	ay the expenses, the issue of prior ll be no claim for the assessment	r lien l
\$3 per share on way Company \$2 per share on \$6 per share on	ived from assessments have be 23,372 shares of the preferred stock, amounting to 55,095 shares of the preferred stock, 72,982 shares of the common stock, 698,035 shares of the common stock,	of the Erie Rail-	370,116 116,190 137,892 192,380
ment cannot from June 1	plus profits of the company of such profits that may be a be safely assumed, including to September 30, 1878, for the	ipplicable to imp	rove-
4. Proceeds been paid. I preferred stoo	o and a half million dollars. s of sales of shares on which he company have authority to a and 8,923 shares of common the proceeds of the sales of	h assessment has o sell 3,902 shar	s not
Taking int sources from ments require pate more th	o consideration the availabili which to obtain funds for coned, it is evident that it will not an \$6,000,000 as applicable for that this sum will fall large.	apleting the imp	rove-
expenditures most necessa There has	ments that are needed, and, a will have to be confined, from been expended since June 1	s a consequence time to time, to t	hose
received from For the third rai	the assessments, viz:	ngs and from m	oney
For sundry impi	ovements and be terments	31.	76 70 6 725 86

For the third rail from Waverly to Susquebanna. For sundry improvements and betterments	\$336,676 31,725	
Contracts have been made: For the third rail from Susquehanna to Jersey City, the cost of which laid was be about\$1,162,705 00	\$368,402	56
the cost of which said will be about\$1,162,705 00 For thirty locomotives	-1,410,935	00
Total	\$1,778,607 4,221,392	56 41
Total amount estimated as available		

This spreading of improvements, required for the economical administration of the company's property, over several years, will operate against the profits that should presently be obtained by the shareholders, and which cannot be fully realized until they are completed.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Chicago Clinton Dubuque & Minnesota.—At a meeting of the board, held Jan. 7, it was resolved to offer to stockholders an issue of \$400,000 five-year 7 per cent bonds, to be dated Feb. 1, at par and accrued interest. The proceeds of said bonds are to be used to meet expenditures incurred in the purchase and building of extensions. Stockholders are to have the option of taking their proportion of bonds until Jan. 25, inclusive. The company has now no bonded debt.

Leaving a balance... \$31,517 of which \$25,000 is on deposit with the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, anticipating the payment of the interest on the first mortgage bonds, due February 1, 1879, and the balance is on deposit with the First National Bank of Chicago, to provide for December pay-rolls and audited accounts. Of the disbursements \$40,191 is marked as paid to the railroad company, but no particulars are given as to what items this comprises. All bills contracted by the receiver have been paid, and no debts have been contracted except for current operating expenses. Default was made in the payment of interest on the first mortgage bonds on the 1st day of August, 1877, and the receiver took charge before that. Afterward the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company filed a bill to foreclose, and he was reappointed. Negotiations for a reduction of interest and a compromise with the first mortgage bondholders were made, and a compromise effected by which they agreed to cancel three coupons for about \$120,000; to reduce the interest from 8 to 7 per cent; and the bondholders also agreed to assess themselves 10 per cent on the bonds held by them respectively, making a fund of \$100,000 in all, which was paid to the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, to be disbursed for new equipment. New cars, &c., were then purchased, and the title taken in the name of a committee of bondholders, consisting of Moses Taylor, Lucius Tuckerman and A. F. Higgins; but the rolling stock was placed on the road and is now in use. In order to do this, it was agreed to pay the reduced interest promptly, and the receiver needs \$10,000 more to meet the \$35,000 of February interest. No interest has ever been paid on the second mortgage bonds, and no effort made to foreclose the mortgage. Since his appointment, the receiver says he has greatly reduced the floating indebtedness, partly by advantageous compromises, but there are some large claims still due. The largest is that for \$10,000 in favor of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad Compacy. When the receiver took possession, the company was using a large number of cars under a contract with an English company, for which they were paying at the rate of 14 per cent interest on the price. The receiver has made a new contract at 8 per cent, and is paying the amount in monthly payments. About \$22,000 has already been paid, and he hopes to be able to pay the remainder. The taxes of 1873 and 1874 are still unpaid, owing to some litigation over the capital stock.

Cinn. Hamilton & Dayton—Cinn. Ham. & Indianapolis.—In accordance with a circular issued by several prominent bondholders of the C. H. & I. Railroad, a meeting was held in Cincinnati, January 10. The purpose was to come to an understanding regarding the course to be pursued toward the C. H. & D. Railroad, which stopped payment June, 1877, on the \$1,800,000 bonds of the Junction road, guaranteed by it, the proposition of the C. H. & D. directors to scale down the bonds one-half having failed, because of the withdrawal of several signers who owned large amounts.

Mr. Shoemaker, president of the C. H. & D. Company, made a

statement which gives the following:

The net earnings of the C. H. & D. Railroad above operating expenses, taxes, and interest on its bonds, for six months, including September 30, 1878, were \$54,531; from which is to be deducted the cost of twenty-five new freight cars, chargeable to expense account, \$11,250, leaving the actual net earnings, \$43,281. The earnings of the D. & M. Railroad for the same time fell short of paying its own interest and dividends \$33,978 Net earnings of both roads, \$9,303. As to the Dayton & Michigan Railroad, the result of its workings for eight and a half years ending September 30, 1878, has been a gain to the C. H. & D. RR., over and above all outlays for operating expenses, taxes, interest, and dividends, of \$95,842. Of the C. R. & C. RR. for the same time a gain of \$112,575. Of the C. H. & I. RR. for the same time a loss of \$739,453. To the latter must be added \$870,500 advanced by the C. H. & D. RR. and expended in construction on the C. H. & I. RR., making a total loss to the C. H. & D. RR. by the C. H. & I. RR. of \$1,609,953, against which the C. H. & D. has received 654 C. H. & I. bonds of \$1,000 each.

During the year ending March 31, 1877, the earnings of the C. H. & D. RR. were \$8,344 less than the worsing expenses and taxes, and for the year ending March 31, 1878, they were \$93,360 more than sufficient to pay working expenses and taxes, and for the six months ending September 30, 1878, they were \$43,537 over and above operating expenses and taxes, no interest having been paid on the bonds of the C. H. & I. RR. since July

1, 1877.

The funds having been used to repay mony previously borrowed to pay interest on C. H. & I. bonds, there is now eighteen months' interest past due on C. H. & I. bonds.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON BAILROAD COMPANY.	
December 1, 1877, the floating debt was	@507 K91
Dune 1, 10/2, the nowing debt was	*** O A O
AMOUNT BUILD WELL TO LEGISSIM DUDGE OF L. H. A. H. A. H. R	
Against this we have bonds to sell	
reducing dept to	01 409
Showing actual reduction since December 1, 1877, of \$212,604	0 1, 200

The C. H. & D. and D. & M. roads have all they can do to take care of themselves, and there is no prospect of the C. H. & D. being able to help pay the interest on the bonds. The Junction road

can not be depended on for more than \$75,000 or \$80,000 per

Mr. Huntington moved that a committee of five be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the Boa d of Directors of the C. H. & D., and report a basis of settlement at an adjourned meeting, which was adopted.

Mr. Anderson moved that the committee be instructed that it was the sense of the meeting that the bondholders would not accept less than 5 per cent interest under the arrangement

suggested by Mr. Emery.

Mr. Anderson's motion was carried, and the Chair appointed a committee which made a report at the meeting Jan. 14, in favor of 5 per cent. The representatives of C. H. & D. proposed 4 per cent on one half and 5 per cent on the other half of bonds guaranteed. The conference failed to agree and adjourned.

Delaware Railroad.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware Rairroad Company was held at Dover, Delaware. The report of the President shows that the earnings for the year ending October 31, 1878, were \$365,580; operating expenses, as per agreement with the lessee, 70 per cent of gross earnings, \$225,906; interest on bonds and dividends on stock paid by lessee, \$131,758, showing a deficiency of \$22,083. This deficiency has been paid by the lessee, and charged to future surplus as it occurs during the present lesse. There has been a gain of \$5.876 on passengers, a loss of \$57,939 on freight, and a loss of \$2,163 on mail and miscellaneous, as compared with last year, showing a loss on gross revenue of \$54,225.

Toledo Peoria & Warsaw.—A. L. Hopkins, Receiver, has filed a report, covering the receipts and expenditures during the months of November and December. The showing is as follows:

Cash on hand, November 2, 18:8	\$124,957
November receipts \$130,24! December receipts 181,547—	251,788
Total	\$386,746
EXPENDITURES.	
November expenditures. \$131.047 December expenditures. 248,570—	379,618
Cash on hand	

Flint & Pere Marquette.—The operations for 1878, as compared with the previous year, show gross earnings as follows:

Earnings. Passenger Freight. Mail and express.	45:,837	1878. \$430,388 592,873 32,755	Increase. \$14,384 40,035 900
Total	\$970,696	\$1,056,017	\$85,820

The land department sold during the year 9,924 acres of land at an average of \$8 47 per acre, and the total of sales is \$135,-805 84.

Kansas Pacific:—Judge Foster, of the U. S. Court, filed Jan. 14 in St. Louis an opinion by himself and Justice Miller on the motion to remand the case of Meier, Stewart and others against the Kansas Pacific Railway and others, recently argued at Chambers, in Washington. They overruled the motion to remand, holding that the Court has jurisdiction of the main controversy at all events, and if Mr. Meier has been removed, as is claimed, then they can hear and determine the entire suit. They hold a trustee can be removed by the bendholders, pending the suit. Judge Miller says in his opinion: "I am not prepared to decide now whether, if Meier is a trustee, the case can proceed as against the trustees in the two mortgages named, and it it becomes indispensable to divide that question, it can be done on final decree by dismissing the case as to them, or dismiss against them, as the case may demand. The plaintiffs can remove all difficulty on that subject by dismissing their case as to those trustees, and taking such relief as they may be entitled to against the Kansas Pacific Company."

Memphis City Debt. -- A press dispatch from Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 16, says: "At a meeting of a number of home creditors of the city of Memphis, held this afternoon, to take action for securing the funding of the old debt of the city, it was agreed to deposit the amounts held by them respectively in the German National Bank-which has consented to act as agent or trustee without charge to the rargies—to be funded into new or compromise bonds if the charter is not repealed. If the charter is repealed, the amounts so deposited are to be returned to the parties depositing them. It is believed that this movement will accomplish a settlement of the question of repeal of the charter, which just now is threatened by legislative action, and the holders of city indebtededness are urged to deposit promptly their bonds or other securities. Already \$100,000 have been deposited.

New York Elevated Railroad.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York Elevated Railroad Company, for the election of thirteen directors to serve the ensuing year, was held this week at the office of the company, No. 7 Broadway. The following board of directors was elected :- Cyrus W. Field. David Dows, Ashbel H. Barney, John H. Hall, Josiah M. Fiske, Charles J. Canda, Alfred S. Barnes, John D. Mairs, Heber R. Bishop, Benjamin Brewster, Daniel A. Lindley, Edward M. Field and James A. Cowing.

The new board of directors elected Cyrus W. Field president. James A. Cowing treasurer and F. E. Worcester secretary. Mr. Field made a report from which the following facts are con-

"On the 16th of May, 1877, I purchased an interest in the company, and two days after was elected its president. At that time it had less than six miles of single track railroad in operation, and was carrying an average of less than 8,300 passengers a day. To-day it has over thirty-one miles of single track read, complesed and in operation, and has lately carried 93,692 passengers

in a single day. The average distance run per day is over 27,000 miles—greater than the circuit of the globe. When the extension from Chatham square to the City Hall, and from Fifty-ninth to Eighty third street on the west side, with other sidings, is completed, which soon will be, the line will have a total of over thirty-eight miles of single track in operation. On May 16, 1877, it had in its treasury less than \$10,000 in cash, and owed a floating debt of over \$278,000. It has now in bank, and in trust companies on call, over \$768,000; and has not one dollar of floating debt. The number of passengers carried the last month, December, 1878, was 2,184,767, although we did not open the line to Harlem until the 30th of that month. To day the bonds are selling at more than double what they were in May, 1877, and the stock at over nine times the price of that date.

"In May, 1877, I learned that there was a contract in existence between this company and certain parties to complete and equip the road for a specified sum, payable in the stock and bonds of the company. This contract we insisted should be cancelled, and it was cancelled, and the company has thereby saved within the last year over nine millions of dollars in the cost of construction.

We have a franchise of great value. By a special provision in the charter the company has a contract with the city of New York for the use of the streets, for which it pays to the city five per cent of its annual net income. Five per cent is a pretty good "income tax." It will yield to the city now from \$25,000 to \$30,000 a year, which is a greater annual income than the city

ever derived from all the surface railroads together.

"Some of our stockholders are impatient to know when we shall declare a dividend. We cannot now say. Our first wish is to make the road perfect. That we shall spare no effort in our power to do this we give the best security in the large stake we have in the result. Of the five millions of stock of the company two-thirds are held by fifteen individuals, most of whom are directors, which is of itself the best possible guarantee to the public for its proper management, since all these have a large personal interest and also a personal pride in making it a complete success."

North Carolina State Debt.—Governor Vance, of North Carolina, in his recent message to the General Assembly of that

State, speaks of the debt of the State as follows:

"The public debt, it will be seen by the Treasurer's report. amounts to \$16,960,045 principal and \$10,160,182 interest. This is known as the recognized debt, as contradistinguished from the special tax bonds. What shall be done with it is a question that deserves your best consideration. It is out of the question for us to attempt to pay it at its face value. Indeed, I do not conceive that there is any moral obligation on us to do so, nor do our creditors expect it of us. Quite one-half of our property upon which our bonds were based, was wantonly destroyed by consent of a large majority of those who held them, and no court of conscience upon the earth would permit a creditor to destroy onehalf of his security and claim full payment out of the remainder. But we can and should pay something. The resolution of last session, constituting the Governor, Treasurer and Attorney General a committee to confer with our creditors, gave no power to make or accept any proposition whatever, and so an invitation to visit New York to confer with the holders of our bonds was declined. Brsides this, no attempt to open negotiations with us has been made. But I have grounds to believe that very reasonable terms indeed can be obtained, if we evince a determination to settle the question and be done with it. I refer exclusively to what is known as the "recognized" debt. So far as the special tax bonds are concerned, my opinion, as expressed to your predecessors, remains unchanged—that they are not binding either in law or good morals, unless it may be as to a very small fraction honestly appropriated to the State's use and accepted by her. For one, I avow my readiness to co-operate with you to the full extent of my power in devising the method and bearing the burdens of an honorable adjustment of all our indebtedness, as something which, sooner or later, will have to be done alike for the sake of our good name and our future prosperity."

8,000	
Ohio State and Municipal Debts.—The Governor's contains the following figures for the fiscal year ending ber 15, 1878:	message g Novem-
STATE FUNDED DEBT.	,
On the 15th November, 1877, the funded debt of the State was The redemptions during the year were	\$6,179,505 2,700
Leaving a balance outstanding Nov. 15, 1878.	\$6.476.805
The local indebtedness of the State on the 1st day of ber, 1878, was as follows:	
Net debt of counties	\$3,169,517
cation other than for separate school districts	160,955
Net debt of cities (drst and second classes)	35,799,851
Net debt of incorporated villages Net debt of school districts (special or separate)	917,417 1,158,098
Total local debts	\$41,205,840
The amount of reimbursable debt, therefore, is-	
State	
Total debt redeemable The irreducible debt, composed of school and other trust funds,	\$ 17,692,645
upon which the State pays interest at 6 per cent per annum, is	4,260,983
Aggregate public debts in the State	\$51,943,629
The taxes levied in 1877, collectible in 1878, were:	
State taxes	\$4,560,379 22,954,271 2,001,096
and against the second of the	

Total for 1378.....

The taxes levied in 1878 and collectible in 1879 are as	follows:
State taxes County and local taxes Delinquencies and forfeitures	
Total for 1879	

Railroad and Ocean Freights. The joint committee of th railroads adopted a recommendation that through rates o freight sent from the West to Europe be calculated on the basi of the full inland rate to New York, and the ocean rates, the rate to be uniform by way of all of the seabcard ports. This will no alter the present agreement in regard to the rates on local freigh sent from the West to the East, by which a difference of 2 cent per 100 pounds is allowed in favor of Philadelphia, and of 3 cents per 100 in avor of Baltimore, as against New York. But rates t European ports by way of either of the Atlan ic seaboard cities will be the same. A committee on foreign freights was formed consisting of one representative from each of the trunk lines, to fix and establish through rates, changing them from time to time a required by the fluctuation in ocean freight rates. The committee on foreign freight of the trunk line rai roads held a conference with representatives of the prominent steamship companies this week, in relation to the adoption of some plan for fixing and maintaining uniform through rates from the Wes to Europe. After discussions, a committee of four representatives of the steamship companies was selected to continue conferences on the subject with the railroad committee on foreign freight. Afterward, these committees met and failed to agree, and it was agreed to refer the matter to Thomas S. Sanford, Secretary of the North Atlantic Steamship Conference, to obtain the views of steamship managers, and then to draw up a basis of equalization of rates upon which all could agree. This plan was to be submitted to the railroad representatives for approval.

St. Louis City Bonds.—On January 11, \$720,000 of 6 per cent city bonds were sold at auction. The highest bid was that of Messrs. Matthews & Whittaker, brokers of St. Louis, whose offer for each \$1,000 bond was \$1,065 75 and accrued interest to January 15, 1879. The bonds were accordingly awarded to them.

Union Pacific.—Mr. L. Burnham, land commissioner of the Union Pacific railroad, has furnished the following report of the number of acres of company lands sold during each month of the year 1878:

January 11 February 12 March 32 April 51 May 61 June 50	1,599 01 \$54,928 05 2,174·76 60,018 57 2,619·99 160,013 57 1,546 77 264,867 23 1,517 37 313,341 46	Month, July August September Cotober November December	19,640 38 16,401 61 16,527 78	Amount. \$108,793 22 88,018 45 75,585 46 70,607 26 66,797 90 41,777 24
Mata1		-		

Average price per acre, \$488\frac{1}{2}; number of purchasers, 3,711\frac{1}{2}; average acres to each, 85.93.

Virginia State Debt.—The House, on January 12, adopted the Senate resolution providing for a conference with the creditors of the State. The preamble, however, was so amended as to set forth the impracticability of increasing the present rate of taxation, in furtherance of any plan of settlement decided upon by such conference, but expressing anxiety to do all consistent with what is believed to be the interest of the State and her creditors, to adjust the differences existing between the proposition made by the General Assembly at the last session, and the several propositions now before the body relating to the settlement of the public debt.

The State Auditor sent to the Legislature an opinion that the present tax rate is sufficient to pay 4 per cent on the public debt proper. Should there be a falling off in values, as fixed by the general assessment which takes place in 1880, as he fears there will be, and the debt be adjusted on a 4 per cent basis, the State will be compelled to seek new subjects of taxation in order to meet the deficiency.

The press despatches from Richmond, Jan. 16, report the following:

After four hours' session, the Legislative Conference of Re-adjust rs to-night adopted an address to the people of the State. It recites that the platform of the Gubernatorial Convention of August, 1877, declared that the settlement of the public debt should be made within the present revenue of the State and without increased taxation; that said convention nominated a candidate without regard to platform, remanding the subject to the people for an expression of their will in the election of members of the Legislature. It recites the preamble and reiterates the principles of the Barbour bill, and declares that the popular voice was stifled by the Governor's veto of that measure. It further declares that the Legislature should control the public revenues, and that the time has arrived for the people to assert their sovereignty, and calls for a conference of the Re-adjusters of the State, to be held in the City of Richmond on the 25th of February next.

Washington City Va. Midland & Great Southern—An

Washington City Va. Midland & Great Southern.—An adjourned meeting of the holders of first, second, third and fourth O. & A. bonds, and first O. A. & M. bonds, whose interests are in conflict with the claims of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, will be held in Richmond, January 22.

A report has been issued of the present condition of the suit for the foreclosure of the mortgages upon the Orange & Alexandria Railroad, the Orange Alexandria & Manassas Railroad, the Lynchburg & Danville Railroad, and the Washington City Virginia Midland & Great Southern Railroad, prepared at the request of a committee of bondholders by Hugh R. Garden, Esq., of counsel for some of the bondholders.

In June, 1876, a suit to foreclose the mortgages upon the Washington City Virginia Midland & Great Southern Railroad, the successor of the Orange & Alexandria, the Orange Alexandria & Manassas and the Lynchburg & Danville Railroads, was instituted in the Circuit Court of the city of Alexandria.

The following is an approximate statement of the liabilities:

_		
s	Alemandria & Tamakkana Sili	
37	e 1st mortgage 6 per cent O & A hands do do	
06		\$100,000
32		125,070
_		Q5 15 070
76	2nd mortgage 6 per cent O. & A. bonds, due Jan., 1875 \$1,197.500	\$5:5,670
h€	Funded interest bonds and certificates	1,657,652
on	Funded interest hards and automotis, and April, 1873 (00,000	
is	Interest in arrear on above, about 4th mortgage 8 per cent, O. & A. bonds, due Sept. 1, 1880 700,000 Funded interest bonds and outstanding coupons 217,500 200,000 700,000	4 045 000
es	4th mortgage 8 per cent, O. & A. bonds, due Sept. 1, 1880 Funded interest bonds and costification of the sept. 1, 1880	1,017,300
ot	Funded interest bonds, and certificates and outstanding	
ht	Interest in arreas of about	
ts	100,000—	1,800,000
		04 500 500
ts	Manassas Division.	\$4,500,522
to	1 1st mort. Manassas Gap, 6 per cent bonds, due Jap. 1874, about	@Q5 99E
28		Фод, 333
d,		
X	(usually called 1st mortgage, O. A. & M.,) due July 1, 1880.	\$1,650,000
ıs	Interest coupons in arrear, about	200,000
e	.	
a	2nd mort., O. A. & M., 7 per cent bonds, due July 1, '82 \$133.050	1,850,000
p	Interest in arrear, about	158,050
'n		
st		
8	1 ASU MUCL. D DECCENT LANCONDEC W Honeville DD 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
8	Coupons and interest past due, about	650,000
	. man	000,000
8	1st most some and All the Divisions.	1,960,000
f	I IDL MUTISAGE? DET CENT W / V W & O a DD	
f	to all of the above mortgages above recited, due May 1, 1903 \$ Coupons and interest past due about	1 000 000
n	Coupons and interest past due, about	500,000
-		
-	\$	1,500,000
	Judgments and executions of which about one-third	0.683.237
t	are secured executions of which about one-third	0,000,201
f	are secured \$60,000 Floating debt unsecured \$50,000—	
r	750,000—	810,000
0	Total indebtedness	0.893.287
	Capital Stock Issued. Preferred Stock, par value, \$50	,000,000
	Common stock, 650	
•	Common stock, 58,350 Note.—The foregoing statement of the mortgage debt includes:	,350,489
9		
	loans, said loans exceeding in amount the value of said bonds.	nporary
- 1		a Relti
. 1	more & Ohio Railroad Company, which claim is disputed.	C. Daiei-
2	Baltimore & Ohio Railroad which claim is diaparted. & M. 7's claimed	by the
3	Said statement of the	
1	formerly due to the State of Virginia, and secured as first-class 2d mo	poou,UUU rtgagg
j١	claimed by the Beltimore & Ohio Beltimora & Ohio Beltimor	ut now
ı	formerly due to the State of Virginia, and secured as first-class 3d mo and paid to the State by the O. A. & M. Railroad Company in 1872, be claimed by the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company.	
: 1	THE TOTOWING SHOWS THE ESTRINGS ONG ATTORNEY	d the
1	interest charge for which each section is primarily liable:	
	REVENUES-1977.	
- 1		

Alexandria & Lynchburg Division Manassas Division Lynchburg & Danville Division Total	100 701	72,050 100,941 \$693,991	Net Income. \$215,302 90,671 5,051 \$311,024	Primary Interest charge. \$284,031 148,483 117,000
 Alexandria & Lynchburg Division. Manassas Division Lynchburg & Danville Division Total	Receipts. \$394,405 190,421 183,291	Expenses. \$615,000 75,000 113,000	Net Income. \$279,405 115,421 20,291	Primary Interest charge. \$284,031 143,483 117,000

Since September 1, 1873, the revenues of the Manassas Division have been mainly derived from the perpetual lease of 51 miles thereof, to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, for \$89,250, gold, per annum.

It is c'aimed that the Lynchburg & Danville Division, and the Manassas Division, should be credited with a portion of the revenues of the Alexandric & Lynchburg Division, by reason of the increased tonnage which the former bring to the latter. This claim has not yet been decided; but even if the position is sustained, that these divisions are entitled to a "terminal" charge against the A. & L. Division, it will not materially change the above balances.

The chief subjects of litigation now suggested are—1st. The claims of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, viz.: To about \$80,000 second O. & A. past due coupons. To about \$350,000, first class, third O. & A. mortgage. To about \$110,000 first O. A. & M. past due coupons. The right to pay its rental in past due coupons 1st O. A. & M. (recently decided in favor of the B. & O. R. R. by the Circuit Court of Alexandria). 2d. All questions affecting the charges in favor of and against the several divisions.

Wisconsin Central.—MILWAUKEE, Jan. 14, 1879.—Owing to legal complications, the trustees of the mortgage bonds have been compelled to take possession of the road.

Western Union Telegraph.—In the settlement of the order under the injunction granted by Judge Blatchford against the Western Union Telegraph Company in the use of wires insulated with gutta-percha, the company is restrained from the manufacture or use of any gutta percha covered wires besides those now in use. The determination of the question of a proper license fee for the use of such wires now on their lines was sent to Master in Chancery Guttman. He is directed to take testimony and report whether the license fee of one cent a message on all the messages sent over the wires of the company for one year would be a reasonable license fee; also, whether there is any available substitute for this patent that would produce equally beneficial results, and what length of time will be required for the substitution and the recessary expenses.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, January 17.

Obstacles to transportion in northern and middle latitudes continue to impede regular trade. An additional fall of snow again obstructs the movement of trains on the railroads of this State, and floods and floating ice in the rivers of Virginia, Kentucky, West Virginia and Tennessee have done much damage. With nothing in the general situation to stimulate business, there has been no considerable progress in the opening of the "spring season." Speculation in leading staples is also less active than for some time past.

The markets for pork, lard, bacon, &c., have been rather unsettled during the past week, at one time extremely firm and at others quite weak; but under the speculative movement at Chicago, the tone at the close was firm. For new mess pork, \$9 bid for January, \$9 10 for February, and \$9 15 for March. Bacon also was higher and firm to-day, though quiet; long and short clear together quoted at $4\frac{1}{2}$ @ $4\frac{1}{5}$ c. Lard was stronger at the opening, but subsequently the advance was partially lost; prime Western sold on the spot at \$6 20, for Jan. at \$6 20, closing at \$6 15, and for Feb. \$6 20@\$6 17\frac{1}{2}, and March \$6 25. Beef and beef hams have latterly been more active. Tallow sells in a moderate way at $6\frac{1}{5}$ c. for prime city. Butter is higher and firm for State grades. Cheese in moderate sale only, \$f\$et unchanged. The following is a comparative summary of aggregate exports, from November 1 to January 11:

Pork, lbs Bacon and hams, lbs Lard, lbs	167,705,831	1877-8. 11,513,400 117,442,022 67,634,013	Increase, 5,865,600 50,263,309 11,300,740
Total the	264 019 114	106 590 465	67 400 640

Rio coffee has been quiet and depressed and is now quoted at 11@ 16c. for ordinary to prime cargoes, the market, however, closing steady with a rather better trade; the stock here is 85,872 bags. Mild grades have been rather quiet, owing to the smallness of the supply, a fact that has kept prices quite firm; the most notable transaction was a sale of 6,000 piculs Java to arrive, but in addition there have been sales of Maracaibo, Savanilla, Jamaica, and St. Domingo, at firm prices. Foreign molasses has been very dull, and the sales of New Orleans have been but moderate; prices show no material change. Rice has sold well at steady prices. Raw sugar has been steady, though quiet, until to-day, when the dulness of trade caused some weakness, and the former quotations of 65@67c. for fair to good refining were merely nominal. The duty question has not yet been definitely settled, and has just now little or no influence on the market. Refined has been only moderately active; standard crushed 9 c.

	Hhds.	Boxes.	Bags.	Melado.
Stock Jan. 1, 1879	21,908	6,848	339,611	2,613
Receipts since	9,556	3,471	69,626	
Sales since	18,033	4,917	82,034	933
Stock Jan. 15, 1879		5,362	327,203	1,680
Stock Jan. 16, 1878	23,863	8,914	95,081	13

Taking into consideration the blockades of inland freight, by the severe snow storms throughout the West and in this State, quite a fair movement can still be reported in ocean freight room; rates, at times, were irregular, but in the main can be noted as steady. Late engagements and charters include: Grain, $5\frac{1}{4}@5\frac{3}{4}@6d$., 56 and 60 lbs.; cotton, 15 64@\frac{1}{4}d. per lb.; bacon, 30s.; butter and cheese, 35s.@37s. 61.; grain to London, by steam, 6\frac{3}{4}d.; flour, 2s. 9d.; do., by sail, 1s. 9d; grain to Bristol, Cardiff and Avonmouth, by steam, 7\frac{1}{4}@7\frac{3}{4}d.; do. to Rotterdam, by steam, 7\frac{1}{4}d.; do. to Cork for orders, 5s. 6d. per qr.; do. to Bordeaux, 5s. 4\frac{1}{4}d.; do. to Rochefort, 5s.; do. to London, 4s. 6d.; naphtha to London or Liverpool, 3s. 10\frac{1}{4}d.; refined petroleum to Hamburg, 3s. 8\frac{1}{4}d.; do. to the Baltic, 4s. 6d.; do. to Trieste, 5s.; do. to Bremen or Antwerp, 3s. 4\frac{1}{4}d.; crude do. to Bremen, 3s. 9d.

Kentucky tobacco has remained quiet, and a very favorable report of the crop of 1878 has been made public this week by the Agricultural Bureau at Washington; but holders are very firm, owing to the report that Italy and Spain will soon put out additional contracts. Sales for the week are 800 hhds., of which 700 for export and 100 for home consumption. Prices are steady; lugs, 2½@4½c., and leaf 5@13c. Seed leaf has met with rather more demand, and sales aggregate 880 cases, as follows: 200 cases 1877 crop, Pennsylvania, part at 12@18c.; 89 cases 1877 crop, New England, 11@20c.; 46 cases 1876 crop, New England, private terms; 470 cases 1877 crop, Wisconsin, 9@14c., and 75 cases sundries, 8@19c. Spanish tobacco more active, and sales for the week are 750 bales Havana at 85c@\$1 14.

Rosins have remained at a stand-still; common to good strained close at \$1 35@1 37½. Spirits turpentine was higher, and firmly held at 28c., in sympathy with improved advices from Wilmington. Petroleum has been firmly sustained by the limited offerings from refiners; refined, in bbls., here quoted at 9½c., bid. Lead has been active and firm; sales 1,000 tons common and corroding at 4@4.45c. Rails are less active; the only sale was 4,000 tons old iron at \$19 50. Ingot copper active at a decline; sales 300,000 lbs., in lots for consumption, at 15½c., and 5,000,000 lbs. for export at 15½c. Whiskey more active, closing at \$1 10. Clover active at 6½@7½c.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 17, 1879.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Jan. 17), the total receipts have reached 113,613 bales, against 121,091 bales last week, 143,155 bales the previous week, and 199,981 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1878, 2,953,995 bales, against 2,794,496 bales for the same period of 1877-8, showing an increase since September 1, 1878, of 159,499 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of four previous years are as follows:

Receipts this w'k at	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.
New Orleans	25,165	63,620	26,726	55,685	32,767
Mobile	15,240	19,427	13,849	15,655	9,751
Charleston	14,702	9,444	11,097	10,624	
Port Royal, &c	809	2,629	31	959	,
Savannah	19,576	16,984	17,618	13,311	
Galveston	11,251	10,245	15,137	13,285	
Indianola, &c	364	135	1		.,
Tennessee, &c	9,398	10,678			
Florida	506			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
North Carolina	3,144	2,484	3,953	2,976	
Norfolk	10,703	14,739			_,
City Point, &c	2,755	100 miles 1 mi	422		-,
Total this week	113,613	153,727	115,015	142,071	101,698
Total since Sept. 1.	2,953,995	2,794,496	2,893,368	2,782,746	2,411,920

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 113,572 bales, of which 74,239 were to Great Britain, 13,730 to France, and 25,603 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 834,136 bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season.

Week	EXP	ORTED 1	-0	Total	Same	STO	ock.
ending Jan. 17.	Great Britain.	France.	Continent.	Week.	Week 1878.	1879.	1878.
N. Orl'ns	30,430	5,042	3,549	39,021	34,352	362,473	338,206
Mobile		4,469	1,280	5,749	13,339	57,773	64,145
Charl't'n	2,824	1,272	6,112	10,208	10,140	58,906	75,815
Savan'h.	11,147		10,772	21,919	21,149	79,592	83,285
Galv't'n-	8,869	2,947	.3,578	15,394	16,020	93,151	92,081
N. York.	4,442		312	4,754	8,572	128,386	133,656
Norfolk	10,766			10,766	9,422	15,855	19,093
Other*	5,761			5,761	14,728	33,000	49,000
Tot. this							
week	74,239	13,730	25,603	113,572	127,722	834,136	855,281
Tot.since							
Sept. 1.	988,410	211,290	478,522	1678,252	1479,919		

The exports this week under the nead of "other ports" include, from Baltimore, 2,03) bales to Liverpool; from Boston, 534 bales to Liverpool; from Philadelphia, 932 bales to Liverpool; from Wilmington, 2,360 bales to Liverpool.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add also similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 60 Beaver street:

	Or	for	1			
JAN. 17, AT-	Liver- pool.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Stock.
New Orleans Mobile Charleston Savannah Galveston New York Other ports	75,250 12,350 5,350 9,600 27,176 3,200 15,000	56,500 2,500 6,075 1,750 7,820 100	43,250 5,700 13,000 11,000 11,251 200 1,000	3,500 None. 228 3,000 1,370 None. 3,000	178,500 20,550 24,653 25,350 47,617 *6,100 19,000	184,000 37,223 34,253 54,242 50,534 122,286 29,855
Total	147,926	74,745	88,001	11,098	321,770	512,393

* Included in this amount there are 2,600 bales at Presses for foreign ports, the destination of which we cannot learn.

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is a decrease in the exports this week of 14,150 bales, while the stocks to-night are 21,145 bales less than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to Jan. 10, the latest mail dates:

		IS SINCE	EXPOR	TED SING	CE SEPT.	1 TO-	
Ports.		r. 1.	Great	France.	Other	Total.	Stock.
	1878.	1877.	Britain.	Flance.	Foreign	10001	
N.Orlns	638,689	780,693	157,462	79,859	126,067	363,388	365,386
Mobile.	227,846	254,051	14,904	12,932	15,625	43,461	61,945
Char'n*	393,563	331,161	102,728	40,542	98,990	242,260	57,886
Sav'h	532,777	416,821	132,741	18,498	138,304	289,543	90,092
Galv.*.	396,580	312,022	107,769	32,033	30,678	170,480	105,432
N. York	74,988	44,137	143,441	9,679	15,390	168,510	116,115
Florida	37,682	8,025	10,296	1,967		12,263	
N. Car.	98,747	104,573	34,169	2,050	17,439	53,658	7,828
Norf'k*	359,275	325,323	112,204		850	113,054	29,000
Other	80,235	63,963	98,487		9,576	108,063	26,000
This yr.	2840,382		914,201	197,560	452,919	1564,680	859,684
Lastyr.		2640,769	854,710	253,777	243,710	1352,197	889,238

*Under the head of Charleston is included Port Royal, &c.; under the head of Galveston is included Indianola, &c.; under the head of Norfolk is included City Point, &c.

The market for cotton on the spot has been quiet, but prices on Monday recovered the decline of 1-16c. on the previous Friday, middling uplands advancing to 9 5-16c., and at the same time it was asserted that the high grades of Gulf cottons brought an advance on current quotations. To-day spots were further advanced tc., to 9 7.16c. for middling uplands. For future delivery the market has been moderately active, and prices fluctuating and irregular. A notable feature was a marked advance on Saturday last for January as compared with other deliveries, and the difference of 23 points, or nearly ic, between January and February was reduced to 16 points. On Tuesday the market opened lower and closed dearer, and on Wednesday the market opened dearer and closed lower. The firmer market at the opening on Wednesday was caused by reduced crop estimates received from New Orleans, an aggregate below five million bales being strongly asserted, but the weak closing at Liverpool and advices from the South indicating an early increase in the movement of the crop, caused a decline. Yesterday there was some depression early in the day, but a steadier closing at Liverpool and the execution of orders from the South, brought out a demand to cover contracts, and caused not only a recovery, but a small advance at the close, especially for the early months. To-day, the foreign advices continuing favorable, there was renewed buoyancy and much speculative excitement, but the close was at some decline from the highest figures of the day.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 333,900 bales, including — free on board. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 4,369 bales, including 546 for export, 2,845 for consumption, 578 for speculation and 400 in transit. Of the above, 100 bales were to arrive. The following tables show the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week:

- Total day of the past week:									
Jan. 11 to	U	PLANI	-		VORL	EANS.	'!	TEXAS	3.
Jan. 17.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin'y. \$ 10 Strict Ord Good Ord Str. G'd Ord Low Midd'g Str. L'w Mid Middling Good Mid Str. G'd Mid Midd'g Fair Fair	$\begin{array}{c} 7^{13}_{16} \\ 8^{5}_{16} \\ 8^{5}_{8} \\ 8^{7}_{8} \\ 9^{1}_{16} \\ 9^{1}_{4} \\ 9^{5}_{8} \\ 10 \\ 10^{11}_{16} \end{array}$	838 81116 81516 918 9516 91116	91 ₈ 95 ₁₆ 911 ₁₆ 101 ₁₆ 103 ₄	715 ₁₆ 87 ₁₆ 834 93 ₁₆ 93 ₈ 934 10 ¹⁸ 10 ¹³ 16	$ \begin{array}{c c} 8^{1}_{2} \\ 8^{1}_{3_{16}} \\ 9^{1}_{16} \\ 9^{1}_{4} \\ 9^{7}_{16} \\ 9^{13}_{16} \\ 10^{3}_{16} \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 9^{1}_{16} \\ 9^{1}_{4} \\ 9^{7}_{16} \\ 9^{13}_{16} \\ 10^{3}_{16} \\ 10^{7}_{8} \end{array} $	9 9 ³ 16 9 ³ 8 9 ³ 4 10 ¹ 8 10 ¹³ 16	$ \begin{array}{c c} 8^{1_{2}} \\ 8^{13}_{16} \\ 9^{1_{16}} \\ 9^{1_{4}} \\ 9^{7_{16}} \\ 9^{13}_{16} \\ 10^{3_{16}} \end{array} $	91 ₁₆ 91 ₄ 97 ₁₆ 913 ₁₆ 103 ₁₆
	Wed	Th.		Wed		Fri.		Th.	Fri.
Str. G'd Mid Midd'g Fair Fair.	778 838 81116 81516 918 9516 91116 10116	[1916 ']	()7 _e	91_{16} 91_{4} 97_{16} 913_{16} 103_{16} 107_{8} 1111_{16}	$ 91_{16} 91_{4} 97_{16} 913_{16} 103_{16} 107_{8} 1111_{16} $	$\begin{array}{c} 93_{16} \\ 93_{8} \\ 99_{16} \\ 915_{16} \\ 105_{16} \\ 11 \\ 1113_{16} \end{array}$	111116	$\begin{array}{c} 91_{16} \\ 91_{4} \\ 97_{16} \\ 913_{16} \\ 103_{16} \\ 107_{8} \\ 1111_{16} \end{array}$	93 ₁₆ 93 ₈ 99 ₁₆ 915 ₁₆ 105 ₁₆ 11
-				Sat.	Mon '	Tues \	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordina Strict Good O Low Middling Middling	rainar	У		8-2	8916	8018	79 ₁₆ 81 ₁₆ 89 ₁₆ 815 ₁₆	79 ₁₆ 81 ₁₆ 89 ₁₆ 815 ₁₆	7 ¹¹ ₁₆ 8 ³ ₁₆₆ 8 ¹¹ ₁ 9 ¹ ₁₆

MA	RKET	AND	SALES

	SPOT MARKET	1	SALES OF SPOT AND TRANSIT. FUTURES.					
	CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.	Spec- ul't'n	Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	Deliv- eries.
Mon . Tues . Wed . Thurs Fri	Quiet, steady Dull, higher Dull Dull, easy Dull,easy Quiet, higher	16 136 394	389 1,092 179 245 457 483	100 31 92 285 70	400	489 1,123 179 753 878 947	52,000 46,400 49,700 40,400	200 1,400 800
Total		546	2,845	578	400	4.369	333,900	6.100

For forward delivery, the sales have reached during the week 333,900 bales (all middling or on the basis of middling), and the following is a statement of the sales and prices:

		PIIOCB.	
For January.	Fales. Cts.	Pa'es. Cta.	Bales. Cts
Bales. Cta	2,700 9.42	9.89	700 - 0.00
100 9.21		8,800 9 70	4 600
200 g.n.1 th 9 24		1 0,000 9.71	1 800
100 a p 14 b 0 0		1 4 100 0.70	1,400 9.94
100 s.n. 14.h 9 24	9.46	1 3 900	1,400 9.95
200 s.n 9·25	1,800 9.47	4 700 0.74	1,3.0 9.96
100 a.n.1 ith 9.26	9.48	1 4 CAO 0.72	3,000 9.97
1'0s.n. 15th 9.26	0 0,300 9.49	5 800 0.74	300 9.98
200 9.26	1 3 800 0.5A	1 5 100	
2,600 9.27	1 3.000 9.51	9,400 9.77	67,100
400 s.b.16th 9.28	4.100. 9.59	3,000 9.78	
600 9 28	2,400 9.53	4,500 9.79	For May.
1,300 9.30	500 9.54	2,700 9.80	1 100 9.88
100 9.31	3,300 9.55	1,700 9 81	1 200 4.89
100 s.n.!5th 9 32	2,000956	1,600 9.82	1,500 9.90
1,000 9.32		110.000	1 1 200 0.01
100 s.n. 6th 9.83		148,900	2,000 9.92
200 g.n.14th 9:35	1,400 9.55		900 9.93
600 9.38	1,000 9.59	For April.	1,600 9-94
200 9.39	3 500 9.60	300 9.72	
• 100 9.40	1,000 9.61	900 9.74	1,100 9.96
100 s.n.20th 9 40	300 9.62	2,900 9.75	1,200 9.97
1,200 9.40	#1.500	3,000 9.78	2,300 9 9,
100 s.n.20th 9.41	61,500	3,500 9.77	1 200
900 an issh 0 40	i I	2,200 9.78	1,200 9.9
200 s.n. 18th 9 42	For March.	2,900 9.79	30010.00
100 B.H. IOIH 9.44	500 9.57	4,990 9.80	1,60010 01
100 9.44	500 9.58	6,000 9.81	50010.02
300 9.49	2,600 9.59 [3,100 9.52	50010.03
1,200 9.50	4.700 9.80 i	5,500 9.83	60010.04
11.000	1 6.400 9.81 I	4,100 9.84	1,2 0 10.05
11,600	11.800 9.62 i	3,900 9.85	1,400 10.07
	8.600 9.63 [1,200 9.86	3,70010.08
For February.	10,900 9.64	1,700 9.87	1,500,000,000
1,000 9 38	10,300 9.65	1.500	700
200 9.39 [9,509 9.66	1,500 9.8	50°
1,500 9.40 [6,700 9.67	700 9.89 !	20010.12
900 9.41	11,400 9.68	3,400 9.90	
*		1,300 9.91	29,600

^{*} No notice, Jan. 13th.

For Jun 2. Fale 3. Cts. 1,500	Bales. Cts 500. 10·12 800. 10·13 100. 10·17 100. 10·18 100. 10·19 500 10·20	Bales. Cts. 400. 10·13 500 10·14 600 10·15 200. 10·16 100 10·18 100. 10·28	500
1,200	80010-21 10,300 For July. 40010-13	2,300 For August. 30010.23 10010.24	For October. 300 9-80-

The following exchanges have been made during the week: 02 pl. to exch. 500 Jan. s. n. for reg. 02 pd. to exch. 400 Jan. s. n., no notice to-day.

The following will show the closing prices bid and asked for fature delivery and the tone of the market, at 3 o'clock P. M., on each day in the past week.

MIDDLING UPLANDS-AMERICAN CLASSIFICATION.

		Mond'y	T'sday.	Wed.	Thurs.	Friday.
Market-	Firmer.	Lower.	Variable.	Variable.	Variable.	
January February March April May June July August Tr. orders Closed—	$ 9.52 \circ 53 \\ 9.71 \circ 72 \\ 9.87 \circ 88 \\ 10.03 \circ -10.13 \circ 14 \\ 10.22 \circ 24 \\ 10.32 \circ 34 \\ 9.40 $	9.47@48 9.66@67 9.81@82 9.95@96 10.06@07	9·34@35 9·47@48 9·66@67 9·82@83 9·96@— 10·07@09	9.44@45 9.63@64 9.79@80 9.93@94 10.04@05	9:38@39 9:51@— 9:70@71 9:85@86 9:99@— 10:09@10	9 44 @ 46 9 54 @ 55 9 74 @ 75 9 91 @ — 10 04 @ 05 10 14 @ 16

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Jan. 17), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

•				4	
	~	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
;	Stock at Liverpool	424,000	392,000	649,000	
	Stock at London	49,250	19,000	41,250	
	Total Great Britain stock.	473,250	411,000	690,250	745,000
	Stock at Havre	109,250	148,500		
1	Stock at Marseilles	2,500	4,000	3,000	3,750
	Stock at Barcelona	7,000	42,000	48,000	55,000
١	Stock at Hamburg	8,250	7,000	13,000	17,000
I	Stock at Bremen	34,500	33,500	44,000	32,000
١	Stock at Amsterdam	28,750	21,500	39,250	39,000
ı	Stock at Rotterdam	11,750	9,250	10,500	10,750
١	Stock at Antwerp	2,000	3,500	4,000	13,000
	Stock at other conti'ntal ports.	4,000	6,250	8,750	7,750
	Total continenta. ports	208,000	275,500	331,250	398,250
l	Total European stocks	681,250	686,500	1,021,500	1,143,250
ı	India cotton afloat for Europe.	53,000	54,000	54,500	134,000
l	Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe	510,000	726,000	630,000	618,000
l	Egypt, Brazil, &c., aflt for E'r'pe	26,000	28,000	77,000	60,000
1	Stock in United States ports	834,136	855,281	896,315	858,180
1	Stock in U.S. interior ports	151,916	144,968	26,547	129,009
	United States exports to-day	16,000	23,000	21,000	12,000
	Total visible supply bales.2 Of the above, the totals of A	,272,302 2	2,517,749 2	2,826,862	2,954,439

Of the above, the totals of American and other descriptions are as follows:

American—

	American—				
	Liverpool stock	302,000	233,000	395,000	342,000
	Continental stocks.	135,000	215,000	-232,000	188,000
	American affoat to Europe	510,000	726,000	630,000	618,000
	United States stock United States interior stocks	834,136	855,281	896,315	858,180
ł	United States exports to-day	16,000	144,968	126,547	129,009
١	eres eres to day	10,000	23,000	21,000	12,000

Liverpool stock. London stock. Continental stocks. India afloat for Europe. Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat.	49,250 73,000	159,000 19,000 60,500 54,000 28,000	254,000 41,250 99,250 54,500 77,000	341,000 62,000 210,250 134,000 60,000
****				,

Total visible supply.....2,272,302 2,517,749 2,826,862 2,954,439 Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool.... 5^{3} 8d. 6^{3} 8d. 6^{13} 16d. 6^{5} 8d. 6^{5} 8d.

These figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 245,447 bales as compared with the same date of 1878, a decrease of 554,560 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1877, and a decrease of 682,137 bales as compared with 1876.

AT THE INTERIOR PORTS the movement—that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1878—is set out in detail in the following statement:

	Week en	ding Jan	. 17, '79.	Week en	. 18, '78.	
	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.
Augusta, Ga	4,015	4,755	22,129	5,140	4,965	23,715
Columbus, Ga	2,573	2,631	13,591	2,773	2,031	17,638
Macon, Ga	1.177	1,704	5,737	1,688	2,104	10,113
Montgomery, Ala	2,878	3,628	11,675	2,227	3.118	17,478
Selma, Ala	2,423	3,514	12,033	2.980	2,901	10,908
Memphis, Tenn	5,721	9,411	77,058	11,788	12,809	59,758
Nashville, Tenn	890	688	9,693	2,047	1,237	
			0,000	2,041	1,201	5,358
Total, old ports.	19,682	26,331	151,916	28,643	29,165	144,968
Dallas, Texas	400	323	1.703	352	445	3,074
Jefferson, Tex.* .	800	650	3,450	450	300	2,950
Shreveport, La	2,105	4,254	7,002	3,422	3,730	
Vicksburg, Miss .	2,227	3,586	4,769	7.842	6,699	9,125
Columbus, Miss.	502	2,846	4,217	1,642		7,606
Eufaula, Ala	1,666	1,631	3,517	650	2,247	6,639
Griffin, Ga	762	1,035	1,879	591	574	6,600
Atlanta, Ga	1,920	4,434	6,698		568	2,039
Rome, Ga	1,339	2,185		2,202	1,214	12,432
Charlotte, N. C	648	763	4,707 539	1,648	1,869	4,242
St. Louis, Mo	3,001	7,131		1,369	1.266	1,893
Cincinnati, O	3,732		36,522	5,690	8,299	31,517
	0,702	4,026	6,317	5,185	5,221	4,295
Total, new p'rts	19,102	32,864	81,320	31,043	32,432	92,412
Total, all	38,784	59,195	233,236	59,686	61,597	237,380

^{*} Estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 6,649 bales, and are to-night 6,948 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 8,961 bales less than the same week last

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—Referring to our remarks in a previous issue for an explanation of this table, we now bring the figures down one week later, closing to-night:

RECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

	Pagain	ta at the	Domin	1104			1		
Week	receip	ts at the	Ports.	Stock	at Inter	'r Ports	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ne.
end'g-	1876-7.	1877-8.	1978-9.	1876-7.	1877-3.	1878-9.	1876-7.	1877-8.	1878-9.
Sept 6.	19,733	5.885	26,750	20,750	16,449	9,979	18,866	5,885	26,750
** 13.	41,457	12,109	47,431	23,431			41,457		
" 20.	62,998	22,345	74,355	23,904			62,998		74,355
27.	95,845	43,128	98,863		1		95,845		The second secon
Oct. 4.	122,199	70,040	130,990		1		122,199		130,990
" 11.	136,074	109,264	118,159						148,158
" 14.	152,820	135,054	160,233						160,233
* 25.	174,617	157,609	162,236	103,774			174,617		
Nov.1.	201,904	177,336	157,280		105,814		201,904		
** 8.	211,810	198,776	192,874				211,810		
" 15.	205,606	194,571	176,004				205,606		
** 22.	211,823	200,980	181,376	180,519	33,941	188.491	211,823		
" 29	204,579	172.2.6	184,625				204,879		
Dec. 6.	187,733	174,365	220,748		169,073		187,733		
" 13.	196,436		220,291	224,12			196,436		
" 20.	171,596		204,852	245,615			171,596		
" 27.	162,63		199,981	255,397			162,633		
Jan. 3.	115,26			249,90		281,634	108,776		
" 10.	101,132			1 1				125,153	93,104
" 17.	115,0:5			214,057			106,065		93,101
		1		-	. 1				

This statement shows us that although the receipts at the ports the past week were 113,613 bales, the actual from plantations were only 93,232 bales, the balance being drawn from stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 153,727 bales, and for 1877 they were 106,065 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Bad weather and bad roads are still complained of in the Gulf and Southwestern States. Our correspondents in those sections attribute the small receipts to those causes.

Galveston, Texas.-We have had a drizzling rain on three days of the past week, the rainfall reaching thirty-six hundredths of an inch, and the balance of the week has been cloudy, with killing frosts on two nights. The thaw following the recent severe weather has rendered roads almost impassable throughout the The thermometer has ranged from 35 to 64, averaging 50.

Indianola, Texas.—It has been foggy, with a drizzling rain, on three days the past week, and roads are impracticable. Average thermometer 53, highest 72, and lowest 35. We have had a rainfall of forty hundredths of an inch.

Corsicana, Texas.—There have been showers at this point on two days, the rainfall reaching eighty-six hundredths of an inch. Roads are bad. The thermometer has averaged 45, the highest being 73, and the lowest 23.

Dallas, Texas.-Rain has fallen during the week on two days, with a rainfall of eighty-five hundredths of an inch. Ice has formed in this vicinity on two nights, and snow has fallen to a depth of one inch. The rest of the week has been pleasant but damp. Roads are in a wretched condition. Average thermometer 53, highest 72, and lowest 35.

Brenham, Texas.—There have been drizzling rains during the past week on two days. Roads are very bad, and the ground is

too wet to work or travel. Average thermometer 53, highest 71, and lowest 33. The rainfall has reached thirty hundredths of

New Orleans, Louisiana.-It has rained on one day during the week, the rainfall reaching twenty-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—The weather during the past week has been extremely unfavorable, and roads are in a frightful condition. The thermometer has averaged 42, ranging from 19 to 65, and the rainfall has been two inches and four hundredths.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—Weather report not received. Columbus, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.

Little Rock, Arkansas.-The weather the past week has been about as bad as it could be. Roads are impassable, and it is still raining. Average thermometer 28, highest 55, and lowest 5. The rainfall has reached two inches and fifty-nine hundredths.

Nashville, Tennessee. - It has rained on four days the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eighty-nine hundredths. Average thermometer 36, highest 53, and lowest 9. The cause of the small receipts during the week is the bad weather.

Mobile, Alabama.—It has been showery two days, and the balance of the week has been cloudy and foggy. The bad weather and roads have interfered with the movement of the past week. Average thermometer 47, highest 66, and lowest 24. The rainfall has reached twenty-one hundredths of an inch.

Montgomery, Alabama.—Rain has fallen on three days, the rainfall reaching seventy-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 20 to 64. We have had a frost this week, but not a killing frost.

Selma, Alabama.—It has rained on two days the past week, and we have had bad weather all the week. The causes of the small receipts this week are the bad condition of the roads and heavy rains.

Madison, Florida.—There has been no rainfall during the past week. The thermometer has average 1 49, the highest point touched having been 68, and the lowest 30. The planting of oats has been retarded by the cold weather.

Macon, Georgia.—Telegram not received.
Columbus, Georgia.—Rain has fallen during the past week on two days, the rainfall reaching forty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47.

Savannah, Georgia.-It has rained here on one day, the rainfall reaching thirty-five hundredths of an inch, but the balance of

the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 52, the highest being 72, and the lowest 28.

Augusta, Georgia.—During the earlier part of the past week we had light rain on one day, the rainfall reaching one hundreith of an inch, but the latter portion has been clear and pleasant. At some points in this section planters are preparing ground. ant. At some points in this section planters are preparing ground for planting. The thermometer has ranged from 33 to 64 during the week, averaging 49.

Charleston, South Carolina.—We have had rain this week on one day, the rainfall reaching fifty-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 63, averaging 50.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock Jan. 16, 1879. We give last year's figures (Jan. 17, 1878) for comparison:

	3 PE 15	Jan. 1	6, '79.	Jan. 1	7. '78.
		Feet.	Inch.	Feet.	Inch.
New OrleansBelow	high-water mark	11	6	6	10
MemphisAbove	low-water mark	10	. 1	12	4
NashvilleAbove	lew-water mark	39	1	14	4
ShreveportAbove VicksburgAbove	low-water mark		11	25	U
A LOUR TOO AS	19w-water mark	Miss	ino	20	C

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT.-A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate, as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may cou stantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. First we give the receipts at each port each day of the week ending to-night.

PORT RECEIPTS FROM SATURDAY, JAN. 11, '79, TO FRIDAY, JAN. 17, '79.

D!) Man	1	1 3	1	1				
D'y s of we'k	Or-	Mo- bile.	Char- leston.	Savan- nah.	Gal- vest'n.	Nor- folk.	Wil- ming- ton.	All others.	Total,
Sat	2,773	1,690	2,241	3,408	1,272	1,327	507	560	19.550
35	7 000	1		,		,		300	13,778
Mon	7,390			4,345	3,707	1,275	198	1.714	23,732
Tues	5,566	5,569	2,362	3,389	241	2,353	748	1,892	
Wed	2,042	2,429	2.105	3,526	2,880	1		,	, , , , , , ,
Thur	0 100	010	,	-,		1		686	15,966
Thur	1			2,211	1,569	1,229	631	1.219	15,902
Fri	1,202	2,982	2,610	2,697	1,582	2,509	310	8,223	
								-,	,110
Tot	25,165	15,240	14,702	19,576	11,251	10,703	2,682	14,294	113,613

The movement each month since Sept. 1 has been as follows

Monthly	Year Beginning September 1.										
Receipts.	1878.	1877.	1876.	1875.	1874.	1873.					
Sept'mb'r	288,848		236,868		134,376	115,255					
October	689,264										
Novemb'r	0. 1		,,		676,295	576,103					
Decemb'r	893,664	0.00		, , , , ,	, , , , ,	811,668					
Tot. year. Perc'tage	2,651,013 of tot. port	2,399,636	2,601,289	2,340,686	2,106,675	1,858,349					
	Dec. 31	55.21	64.42	55.85	60.24	48.85					

This statement shows that up to Dec. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 251,377 bales more than in 1877 and 49,724 bales more than at the same time in 1876. By adding to the above totals to Dec. 31 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

-						
	1878-79.	1877-78.	1876-77.	1875-76.	1874-75.	1873-74.
T'l Dec.31	2,651,013	2,399,636	2,601,289	2,340,686	2,106,675	1,858,349
Jan. 1	9,614		18,523			All controls on the
" 2	22,227	30,235	16,245		14,389	31,240
" 3	36,437	18,957	15,384	32,192	S.	25,033
" 4	14,949	31,491	12,671	25,942	24,391	S.
" 5	s.	20,055	12,891	23,840	10,043	40,990
"° 6	33,248	s.	13,218	16,790	9,764	19,702
" 7	14,528	31,768	S.	24,787	7,568	19,911
" 8	14,894	24,319	27,877	21,842	13,845	11,478
" 9	20,046	17,404	14,735	S.	13,640	22,417
" 10	23,926	19,321	14,174	36,925	s.	15,304
" 11	13,778	29,232	15,706	32,478	20,164	s.
" 12	8.	27,093	19,317	21,893	15,122	39,225
" 13	23,732	•	19,037	23,215	10,044	25,946
" 14	22,120	33,73 8	4	23,147	17,361	26,007
" 15	15,966				18,978	22,314
" 16	15,902				8,906	32,021
" 17	22,115	21,971	14,705	32,468	s.	23,718
Total	2,953,995	2,766,510	2,863,181	2,692,088	2,317,407	2,234,533
Percentage						
port rece	ipts	63.66	70.90	64.23	66.27	58.74

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 187,485 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1878, and 90,814 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1877. We add to the last table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received Jan. 17 in each of the years named.

COTTON AFLOAT NOT CLEARED.—We have for a long time given in the first column of our cotton report a table of cotton affoat and not cleared for most of the ports. To night we are able to complete the table for all the ports. It will be found in the first column, and immediately following the export table. and is, we think, especially useful, as only through it can be known the available stocks.

GREAT BRITAIN COTTON MOVEMENT FOR 1878.—Below we give the imports, exports and stocks of cotton for Great Britain, as published by the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association in their annual circular. The figures for previous years will be found in the CHRONICLE, January 12, 1878, page 45.

-			, ,
IMPORT	INTO	GREAT	BRITAIN

	IMPOR	T INTO	GREAT E	RITAIN.		
			1878.			
	Liver-	London,		Average		,
Description.	pool.	&c.	Total.	weight.	Pounds.	1877.
American2	,223,030	9,500	2.232,660		1,004,697,000	2.006,740
Brazil	125,730	740	126,47		22,511,660	316,050
Egyptian	175,760	6,910	184,670	611	111,611,370	292,000
Turkey, &c	1.270	F 410	1,270	330	482,600	1 150
West India, &c	35,20	5,410	40,610		6,903,700	59,880
Surat	314,880 50	17,820	332,150		129,538 500	400,94
Madras Bengal and Rangoon		82,280	82,330		24,699,000	63,720
	10,180	7,500	17,680		5,304,000	57,610
Total2,		130,260	3,015,840		1,305,747,830	3,198,090
			F GREAT			
American2	,107,190	6.840	2,114,030		951,313,500	1,985,700
Brazil	137,270	740	138,010		24,565,780	350,550
Egyptian	212,700	6,070	218,770		133,668,470	280,080
Turkey, &c West India, &c	1,280	*****	1,280		486,400	1,090
West India, occ	36,720	390	37,110		6,308,700	43.320
Bast India	186,430	9,680	196,110	385	75,502,350	336,800
Total2,	681,530	23,720	2,705,310	441	1,191,845,200	2,997,540
· ·		RT PROM	GREAT B	RITAIN.		
American	139,630		139,630		62,833,500	116,450
Brazil	4,240		4,240	178	754,720	12,230
Egyptian	14,900		14,900	611	9,103,900	22,380
Turkey, &c	0 000	`	::	•••		30
West India, &c	9,370	4,540	13,910		2,364,700	13,370
East India, &c	126,320	64,710	191,030	356 —-	69,916,980	272 960
Total	291,4.0	69,250	363,710	393	144,473,800	437,420
STOCK IN THE PO		GREAT E	BRITAIN,	DECEMBE	R 27, EACH	FEAR.
American	199,500		199,500	450	89,775,000	213,500
Brazil	20,580		20,580	178	3,663,240	31,36)
Egyptian	45,640		45,640	611	27,886,940	94,610
Turkey, &c	100		100		×8.000	110
West India, &c	6,780	1,520	8,300	170	1,411,000	17,710
Madras	52,450	46,380	98,820	348	34,392,840	45,810
Total	325,050	47,90)	372,950	421	157,166.120	403,130
ESTIMATED STOCK	HELD	BY SPINN	ERS AT 7	THE CLOS	E OF EACH	EAR.
	1878.	. 18	77.	1876.	1575.	1874.
American	73.000	80,0		15,000	65,000	68,000
Brazil	10,000	15,0		20,000	13,(00	16,000
Egyptian	18,000	20,0		20,000	34,000	17,000
West India, &c	2,000	8,0	000	3,000	3,000	4,000
Surat. Madras Bengal and Rangoon	7,000	15,0	00	27,900	20,000	20,000
Total	110,000	138,0	000 1	85,900	135,000	. 125,000

The weekly sales and prices have been as follows:

Reported weekly sales and forwarded.

Date. To Specula- T	otal Actual		Esti-	Fair	Fair	
the tion and sal		Import.		Foun	Dhol	Mid.
1878. Trade. export. for	rw'd. port.	imporo.	stock.		lerah,	_
Jan. 348,300 4,270 5	2,570 4,754	79,756	414,390		E E 10	Bowds.
1061,090 6,680 6	7.770 5,204	37,253	385,350	616	5 5-16 5 5-16	636
	8,960 3,114		392,010	636	5 5-10	6%
	0,450 6,054			63%	55-16	63%
	0,520 3,598		445,240	6%	5 5-16	614
Feb. 760,160 6,670 6		140,309	541,410	63/8	5 5-16	614
		58,223	534,800	638	5 5-16	61/4
		75,639	557,900	6%	5 3-16	636
2100,020 1.000	4,200 6,490	141,803	626,190	61/2	51/8	63%
2857,410 4,570 6	1,780 7,865	101.468	662,400	61/2	5 1-16	6 1-16
	5,930 5,040	72,996	663,010	6 5/8	5 1-16	6%
	5,850 3,215		703 660	63/4	5	6 1–16
~1U.U.U U.U.U U	7,100 8,288	86,461	729,76)	6%	4 15-16	6
2020.000 7.000 0	3,550 5,911	60,764	735,760	634	4%	5 15-16
April 455,050 5,380 60	0,430 5,064	80,798	7:6.450	63/	4%	5%
1100,200 11,010 /	7,340 6,329	60,423	744,800	6%	4%	6
1000,~10 4,220 0	7,490 4,449	60,251	766,900	6%	4 13-16	5 15-16
2530,100 3,330 3	3,430 4,254	129,284	861,730	6%	4 13-16	5 15-16
	3,440 8,283	82,658	886,920	€ 3/4	43/4	5%
953,440 7.210 60	0,650 7,744	70,180	895,910	6%	4%	5%
	3,550 4,820	51,411	892,610	63/4	41/4	6
" 2373,900 15,820 89	3,720 4,867	84,567	888,460	634	4 13-16	616
" 3065,610 19,240 84	1.850 8,371.	51,050	865,610	7	4 15-16	6 3-16
	7.210 5,484	42,798	831,980	73/8	5 1-16	634
	1,140 5,354	66,052	858,280	71/2	5 1-16	6 5-16
" 2042,320 11,510 53	3,830 7,312	28,739	837,490	716	5%	614
	640 5,767	20,932	817,890	73%	51/8	6 3-16
July 444.770 9,140 5	3,910 3,442	30,431		734	51/8	614
1162,140 12,410 74	,550 4,497	48,223	781,700	73%	51%	6%
1 1870,600 19.190 89	7,790 4,357	2.506	709,250	81/2	51/6	634
	3,340 3,709	13,168	£62,970		5%	614
	360 3,695	32,8: 3	€16,9€0		5 5-16	65%
	.270 2,467	19,762	598,730	91%	5 5-16	65/
	1,820 5.554	25,208	587,480	9	51/4	65%
	,830 2,200	28,554	565,290	83/4	51/4	6 9-16
	1,740 4,076	15,578	537,980	8%	51/4	6 11-16 6 11-16
	9,790 3,730	20,271	519.400	81/4	5 8-16	
	,830 6,004	10,997	484,660	81/8	5 3-15	6 9-16
	790 5,114	90,327	451,720	7%		616
	170 3,835	17,798	387, 20	78	5%	616
	0.860 5.055	21,464		7%	5 1-16	63/
	360 6.591	42,198	351,200	75/8	5	6 7-16
	,857 5,896	18.416	3 5,230	75/8	4%	6 5-16
" 2435,990 6,560 42	,550 5,924		301,000	714	4 11-16	61/4
" 3137,790 8,290 46	,080 6,676	46,909 39,914	306,060		4 9-16	6 1-16
0101,100 0,000 10	590 4,928		301,510	716	41/	5 11-16
" 1455,480 7,930 63		43,539	287,120	7%	41/	5 11-16
1400,100 1,800 00	.410 7 953	58,107	281,790	7%	41/4	5%
2100,000 8.000 00	,180 4,607	29,314	250,130	814	41/4	516
20, 20,000 1,200 04	,133 6,326	104,090	301,010	818	414	5%
Dec. 545.970 9,340 56	,310 7.466	82,267	229,750	8. 4	4 3-16	51/2
1640,040 14,010 09	,910 8,995	48,373	823.560	734	4 1-16	4 15-16
10 110 0.000 01	120 15,173	71,072	332,520	7%	4 1-16 -	
2902,000 0,000 00	130 9.662	34,718	8 25,0 50	73	4 1-16	5 3-16
The above table sh	ows that	the high	lest po	int of	the n	arket

during the year was on the 221 August, when Middling Boweds were quoted 6 11-16d. per lb. and Fair Dhollerah 51d. per lb.; and the lowest point the 12th December, when they were quoted at 4 15-16d. and 4 1-16 i. respectively. The average value of Middling Boweds has been 61d, and Fair Dhollerah 4 15-16d. per lb. The stock in Liverpool at close of past three years has been as follows:

STOCK IN LIVE	RPOOL. 1878.	1099	1000
Sea Island	1010.	1877.	1876.
Algerine Island			•.
Upland	199,500	213,500	261,910
	1	~,0,000	~12,030
New Orleans	j		
Pernam. &c)		
Bahia and Macio	20,580	31,360	78,090
Maranham)	•	
Egyptian	45,649	94,840	1(5,100
Smyrna and Greek	100	110	80
West India, &c	6,780	18,010	13,320
Su at	}		40,000
Madias	52,450	81,930	~ 60 K10
Bengal and Rangoon	5 02,400	01,700	60,510
Total	325,050	387,550	534,010

BOMBAY SHIPMENTS.—According to our cable despatch received to-day, there have been — bales shipped from Bombay to Great Britain the past week and - bales to the Continent; while the receipts at Bombay during this week have been 11,000 bales. The movement since the 1st of January is as follows. These figures are brought down to Thursday, Jan. 16.

	Shipme	ents thi	s week	Shipme	ents sinc	Receipts.		
*	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1879 1878 1877			7,000			7,000	11,000 24,000	

From the foregoing it would appear that, compared with last year, there has been a decrease of 7,000 bales in the week's shipments from Bombay to Europe, and that the total movement since January 1 shows a decrease in shipments of 1,000 bales, compared with the corresponding period of 1878.

GUNNY BAGS, BAGGING, &c. - Bagging continues to rule dull, and scarcely any transactions have been made since our last. There have been a few jobbing orders in market, and which have been filled at 82@10c., according to quality, but these figures could be shaded. Butts have not changed, but there have been fresh arrivals, the first since November 30-by Cartvale, 14,000 bales; by Niobe, 2,285 bales; by Cumeria, 1,799 bales—total, 5,481 bales. Prior to these arrivals, the cheap lot offering on the market had all been taken, holders quoting 21@ 3fc., but some lots were had at a shade less. We do not hear that any of these lots have been placed, and at the close dealers are quoting 2 7-16@2ic. cash and time, according to quality.

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show an increase, as compared with last week, the total reaching 4,754 bales, against 2,639 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports

and direction since Sept. 1, 1978, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

*Exports of Cotton(bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1878

		WEEK		Total	Same period	
EXPORTED TO	Dec. 25.	Jan. 1.	Jan.	Jan. 15.	date.	prev'us year.
LiverpoolOther British Ports	4,746	6,223	2,355	4,412	143,631 4,252	144,215 1,585
Total to Gt. Britain	4,746	6,223	2,355	4,142	147,883	145,800
HavreOther French ports	100		793 100		9,579 100	3,007 115
Total French	100		896	;	9,679	3,122
Bremen and Hanover Hamburg Other ports	930 212	350	\$88	312	10,203 1,202 635	11,778 2,2:9 8,253
Total to N. Europe.	1,142	350	388	312	12,012	22,250
Spain,Oporto&Gibraltar&c All others	1,770			••••	3,660	••••
Total Spain, &c	1,770				3,660	••••
Grand Total	7,753	6.573	3,639	4,754	178,264	171,172

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since Sept. 1, '78:

GECE'TS FROM	NEW YORK.		BOSTON.		PHILADEI P'1A		BALTIMORE.	
MACA TEFROM	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept.1.	This week.	Since Sept.1.		Since Sept.1
New Orleans	5,894					73		
Texas	1,635 4,441	91,103 97,638	1,429	1,996			1 000	01.000
Mobile	4,441		1,429	19,719		14,611	1,352	31,029
Florida	3,562	10,221 64,986	•••				310	13,194
N'th Carolina. Virginia	791	23.548				••••	153	9,285
North'rn Ports	1,229	100,711 5,331	1.627 2,257	29,879 60,405		• • •	216	34,453
Tennessee, &c Foreign	4,906 47	79,894 1,085	1,071	41,263	2,106	25,918		10,000
Total this year	22,205	514,522		153,239	2,106	40,602	2,034	37,951
Total last year.	26,264	527,511	13,12:	171,553	3,840	30,800	5,105	95,142

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 118,926 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in The Chronicle, last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday night of this week.

Total ba es

New York—To Liverpool, per steamers Germanic, 97; and 150 Sea Island... Wyoming, 1,619... Bataviå, 612... Adriatic, 1,084... To Bremen, per steamer Donau, 312...

New Orleans—To Liverpool, per steamers Emblehope, 4,9:0 ... Mourino, 3,136... Mediator, 4,9:2 and 180 Sea Island ... per bark Timour, 4,757... per ships Andrew Jackson, 2,828 ... Co'ou'al Emoire, 4,625... To Havre, per bark Alma, 3,200 .. per ships Governor Langdon, 3,945 ... Scotia 4,141 Annie S Conant, 1,700 ... CHARLESTON—To Havre, per barks Cecile Augur, 1,616 Upland and 15 Sea Isl nd... Diana, 1,250 Upland... Reynard, 2,952 Upland and 366 Sea Island... 6,199 To Bremen, per barks Lovfald, 2,160 Upland... Lingoer, 1,500 To Amsterdam, per barks Ocean, 2,078 Upland....Maria, 1,480 Upland ... Ri hard, 1,700
Upland ... Ri hard, 1,700
Upland ... Prodoneo, 1,625 Upland ... Emelie Kahl, 900 Upland ...
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per bark Gioja 1,200 Upland ...
To Havre, per bark Forest City, 2,000 Upland and 85 Sea Island ...
To Bremen, per barks Lovehjerte, 1,700 Upland ... Pauline, 1,875
Upland ... Sandvik, 1,952 Upland ... 3,558 Texas—To Liverpool, per bark Maggie Miller, 3,721...rer ship Lydia, 4.085... Lvdia, 4.085...

To Cork, for orders, per bark India, 3,100.

To Bremen, per bark Christine Elizabeth 8:0.

To Genoa, per brigs Hans Gride, 9:1... Nicoline, 610.

PENSACOLA—To Liverpool (Dec. 20), per ship Palmas, 3,996...

To Havre (Dec. 30), per bark Rebus, 1,967. 1.531 3,996 1,967 NonFolk—To Liverpool, per steamers Proporty, 5,510...Parlenno, 3,970 per bark Giaele, 2,3.0... 11,830 BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamers Enrique, 2,216 .. Bolivar, 900 Boston—To Liverpool, per s eamer Bulgarian, 1,265 To other foreign ports, per _____, 2...,
PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpoo', per steamers Timor, 1,163...British Empire, 803.....

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form,

are as follows:								-	
		Havr	e .	Ams-				Other	
Liver-		and			Barce-		Vera	For-	
pool.	Cork	. Roue	n.men	dam.	lona.	Genoa.	Cruz.	eign.	Total.
New York 4,442			312						4.754
New Orleans. 25,251		12,429	1,316	1,249	1,605		823	****	42,703
Mobile				3,700					3,700
Charleston			3,660	3,558	6,325				19,742
Savannah 1.203		2,095	5,527					•••	8,821
Texas 7.809	3,100		890			1,531			13,830
Pensacola 3,996	• • • •	1,967				· ·			5,963
Norfolk11,833		• • • •	• • • •				• • • •		1:830
Baltimore 4,849	• • • • ,	,	••••	5.4.4					4,849
Boston 1,265 Philadelphia 1,966	• • • •							2	1,267
z miadeiphia., 1,900	••••	• • • •		• • • •			••••		1,966
Total62,6)8	3,100	22,690	11.735	8,507	7.930	1.531	823	9	119 09 3

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, etc.:

AshField steamer (Br.), Watson at Bremen Jan. 9th from Savannah, experienced terrific weather and sustained some damage.

BARNARD CASTLE, steamer (iron 1,090 to us net, of North Shields), Bell, from New Orleans Dec. 14th for Reval, with 4,977 bales cotton, went ashore at Frederickshaven (Denmark) January 8th but was floated prior to the 10th. She put into Copenhagen for examination. She was supposed to be uninjured and would undoubtedly proceed.

Bolivar, steamer (Br.), which cleared at Baltimore January 6th for Liverpool,

went aground near the mouth of Patapsco, but was assisted off by an iceboat and proceeded.

CITY OF LONDON, steamer (Br.), from New York, whilst entering dock in tow at Havre Dec. 31st. struck the quay wall, receiving but slight injury.

DEVONSHIRE, steamer (Br.), from Philadelphia at Liverpool Dec 31st. had decks swept and boats carried away in heavy weather on Dec. 11th and 12th.

ENRIQUE, steamer (Span.), from Baltimore for Liverpool, grounded in the mud near the turn in the channel on January 7th, when twelve miles from former port, but was assisted of on the 10th and proceeded.

GANGES. steamer (Br.), from Galveston at Liverpool Dec. 31st, was boarded by

GANGES. steamer (Br.), from Galveston at L'verpool Dec. 31st, was boarded by a sea, A. M. of December 28th, losing the after taffrail and wheel.

KATE, (Br.) The Bermuda Colonist of January 1st says the statement published that the decision of the Marine Court of Inquiry, in the case of the stranded steamer Kate, (Br.), from Galveston for Havre, censured the chief officer, John Ralph, was erroneous. So far from censuring Mr. Ralph, the court exempted him from all blame in the matter, and expressed their "great pleasure in ordering that the certificate of competency of the first officer, the said John Ralph, be restored to him." The censure of the coart pertained only to the engineers and their crews. 150 bales of cotton in addition to the number reported, had been saved from the steamship Kate (Br.), from Galveston for Havre. The weather had been unfavorable for working on the wreck.

Lamperts, steamer (Br.), from Savannah at Reval, previously reported as ashore

LAMPERTS, steamer (Br.), from Savannah at Reval, previously reported as ashore at Copenhagen, was assisted off apparently undamaged after pumping out water ballast. Salvors agreement £:00. She lost anchors and

made jettison of some coal.

LARTINGTON. About 1,300 bales of cotton had been saved up to Dec. 31st from the steamship Ler ing on (Br.), Dixon, from Savannah for Reval, before reported wrecked at Bermuda, and a contract had been entered into to save the balance, about 2,800 bales. Accounts to January 9th state that the prospect for floating the steamer were still considered favorable.

LINHOPE, steamer (Br.), from Boston for Liverpool, arrived at Queenstown Jan. 9th, with loss of boats and a number of cattle on the passage.

NECKAR, steamer (Ger.), from New York at Bremen Dec. 29th, reports losing 101 hours on the passage, owing to tremendiously high easterly sea and

heavy squalls.

Speke Hall, steamer (Br.), which arrived at Liverpool Jan. 7th from Boston lost 140 head of cattle by death on the passage.

Thiorva ship (Br.), Graham, at Liverpool Jan. 5th from Savannah, lost her

rudder.
C. W. Cochrane, bark (!,105 tons, of Boston), Givan, loading at Galveston for Havre, and having on board 2,995 bales of cotton, took fire night of Jan. 9th in the lower hold forward and burned to the water's edge, it being impossible to control the fire. The cotton in the lower hold was all covered by water, and would be saved in a damaged condition. She was partially insured.

King Arthur. 1,150 bales cotton had been saved from the bark King Arthur (Br.) from Charleston, S. C. for Liverpeol, ashore at Bannon I. up to Jan. 13, mostly dry. There was a prospect for further salvage, but the weather was bad.

weather was bad.

Nanny, bark, (Swed.) from Charleston. S. C. for Fleetwood, which put into Waterford Jan. 2d, with loss of rudder and masts, is reported by cable as having a rived at Holyhead on the 14th inst. dismasted.

National Eagle, bark, Freeman, at Liverpool Jan. 5, from Savannah, lost

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

* .	-Liver	pool	-Hav	re	-Brem	en.	-Hamt	ourg-
	Steam.	Sail.			Steam.	Sail.	Steam.	
	d	d.	C.	C.	C.	c.	c.	c.
Saturday.		-@1	11-16 cp.	-@%	% com	D. 16	% COL	np. —
Monday	₹@9-3;	-@14	11-16 cp.	@16	% com	D. 16	% con	
Tuesday		-01	11-16 cp.	-01	% com		% con	
Wed'day		-014	11-16 cp.	-2016	% com		% con	
Thursday.		-2014	11-16 cp.	-04	% con		% con	
Friday	34 709-32	-@*	11-15 cp.	-03%	% con		% con	
							, .	•

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 17—3:30 P. M.—By Cable from Liver-POOL.—Estimated sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 2,000 bales were for export and speculation. Of to-day's sales 10,600 bales were American. The weekly movement is given as follows:

	Dec. 27.	Jan. 3.	Jan. 10.	Jan. 17.
Sales of the week bales.	35,000	38,000	64,000	64,000
Forwarded	3,000			
Sales American			42,000	
Of which exporters took		3,000	5,000	4,000
Of which speculators took	1,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total stock	325,000	415,000	407,000	424,000
Of which American		283,000		302,000
Total import of the week	35,000	134,000	70,000	87,000
Of which American		118,000	59,000	75,000
Actual export	10,000	10,000	13,000	
Amount afloat		270,000	244,000	257,000
Of which American	279,000	227,000	199,000	213,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures, each day of the past week, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturd'y.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wedn'sdy	Thursd'y	Friday.
Market, }	Fair buinessat pre- vious pr'cs	Hardening	quiry free.	Mod'te in- quiry free ly supplied	aniry free-	Hardening
Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'ns.	5 ⁵ 16 5 ⁹ 16	538 59 ₁₆	53 ₈ 59 ₁₆	538 5916	5 ⁵ 16 5 ⁹ 16	538 5916
Market, }		Unch'ag'd	Uach'ng'd	Unch'ng'd		Unch'ng'd
Futures. Market, { 5 P. M. }	Weaker.	Quiet.		Clos. st'dy at to-day's lowest p'es	Steady.	Steady.

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool, for the same week, are given below. These sales are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

Į		DATURDAI.	
1	Delivery. d.	Delivery. d.	Delivery, d.
I	Jan5932@516	Delivery. d. AprMay	AprMay5716@1232
I	JanFeb5516	May-June5716	May-June 51532@716
ı	FebMar	June-July 54a	Shinment.
•	MarApril51132008	FebMar5516	1811'-Lén'n'0b'81'' 238

	The second secon	
	MONDAY.	
Delinery.	Delivery.	Delinery
Delivery. Jan	April-May51532	June-July5916
JanFeb538	May-June 51732@12	Shipment.
FebMar 538	July-Aug558	Dec., new crop,
MarApr 538@1332	$ \ \ $	sail513 ₃₂
	TUESDAY.	
Delivery.	Delivery.	Delivery.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	AprMay51332	Delivery. AugSept558
JanFeb 5518	May-June57 ₁₆	MarApr538
FebMar 51132 @ 516	July-Aug	FebMar51132
MarApril 511_{32}		02
-	WEDNESDAY.	
Delivery.	Delivery.	Delivery.
Delivery. 51132	Jan	Annil-May 513
JanFeb51132	JanFeb5518	Shipments.
Feb 'Mar538		Dec., new crop.
MarApr51332	MarApril538	Dec., new crop, sail51332
AprMay57 ₁₆	June-July 512	Dec., new crop,
May-June $5^{1}_{2}@1^{5}_{32}$	FebMar55 ₁₆	sail538
	THURSDAY.	
Delivery.	Delivery.	Shipment.
JanFeb55 ₁₆	May-June 5716	JanFeb., n. crop.
FebMar 51132 @ 516	June-July 51_2 :	sail
MarApr51132	July-Aug5916	02
AprMay51332	Jan5516	,
	FRIDAY.	×
Delivery.	Delivery.	Delivery.
$\begin{array}{c c} & \textbf{\textit{Delivery}}. \\ \text{Jan.} &$	FebMar 51332	AprMay 51732
JanFeb51332@38	MarApr 5716	May-June51932
FebMar51332@38	April-May 512	June-July558
MarApril5718@1332	May-June517 ₃₂	Shipments.
AprMay 510@1529	MarApr 515 ₃₂	JanFeb., n. crop,
May-June $517_{32} @ ^{1}_{2}$	May-June59 ₁₆	JanFeb., n. crop, sail
June-July 51732	July-Aug 5^{21}_{22}	Dec., new crop,
JanFeb51332	FebMarch5716	Dec., new crop, sail

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 17, 1879.

The flour market has been without much activity the past week, and prices were barely supported. The low extras were taken for export to a moderate extent at \$3 65@\$3 75, but trade brands were duil. Supplies that were detained by the snow blockade on the railroads have begun to arrive latterly, and receivers, being under advances, are inclined to press sales promptly. Rye flour is a little firmer, and corn meal in fair demand. To-day, the market was steady.

The wheat market has been quite variable in tone, and yet the fluctuations in prices are unimportant. Fine grades of winter have been best supported, No. 2 to No. 1 red and choice amber selling at \$1 10@1 11, and No. 1 white, \$1 10½@1 11, the inside figure in store; prices of No. 2 red winter for February are about the same as on the spot, but for March \$1 11@1 11½ paid; No. 2 amber sold pretty freely at \$1 06@1 06½ spot and January, and \$1 07@1 07½ for February. But latterly the feature of the market is the improved demand for spring growths, the sales yesterday including about 100,000 bush. of No. 3 Chicago at 90c., with considerable quantities of rejected at 76@77c, and some No. 2 at 99c.@\$1. To-day, the market was quiet; No. 2 red winter sold at \$1 10 for February, and \$1 11 for March.

Indian corn met with a fair demand throughout the week, and supplies being kept back by the snow blockade full prices were realized for parcels on the spot—in fact, slightly dearer figures were obtained. For future delivery, however, no advance was obtained, as arrivals at Western markets are liberal. The principal business was in old No. 2 mixed, at 46½c. in store and 47½c. afloat, spot and January; new No. 2, 45½@46c. spot and January, and new No. 3, 44½@45½c. on the spot; choice old white and yellow western sold at 49@50c. To-day, the market was firm but quiet.

Rye has been more active at 5Sc. for prime State. Barley remained quiet and nominal.

Oats have latterly met with a brisk demand at improving prices; several boat-loads of No. 2 Chicago mixed have sold at 31½@32c. afloat, closing yesterday at the higher figure. To-day, the market was quieter, closing for No. 2 graded at 31½c. for mixed and 35½c. for white.

The following are closing quotations:

FLOUR.		GRAIN.
No. 2 🤧 bbl.	\$2 30@ 3 00	Whest-No.3 spring, bush. \$0 892 92
Superfine State & West-	· · · · · · ·	No. 2 spring 97@ 101
ern	3 1570 3 55	Rejected spring 77@ 80
Extra State, &c	3 65@ 3 85	Red and amber winter 1 03@ 1 11
Western spring wheat	_	Red winter No. 2 1 03 1 10
extras	3 60@ 3 90	White 1 05@ 1 12
do XX and XXX	4 25@ 5 75	Corn-West'n mixed 45 @ 48
do winter shipping ex-		do No.2, new & old 45% 0 47%
tras	3 8 4 30	do white 460 50
do XX and XXX	4 50@ 5 75	yellow Southern new. 4600 47
Minnesota patents	5 500 8 25	Rye-Western 5500 57
City shipping extras	8 700 4 80	State and Canada 5500 59
Southern bakers' and fa-		Oats-Mixed 20@ 82%
mily brands	4 75@ 6 00	White 831/ @ 87
Southern shipp'g extras.	4 10 0 4 60	Barley-Canada West 932 1 20
Rye flour, superfine	2 80 0 3 15	
Corn meal-Western,&c.	2 20 2 2 50	State, 2 rowed 78@ 83
Corn meal—Br wine. &c.	2 75@ 2 80	Peas-Canada bond&free 750 90
	. —	

Receipts at lake and river ports for the week ending Jan. 11, 1879, and from Dec. 31 to Jan. 11, and from Aug. 1 to Jan. 11.

	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn.	Oats,	Barley.	Rye,
	bbls.	bush.	bush.		bush.	bueb.
AT-	(196 lbs.) (60 lbs.)) (56 lbs.			(56 lbe.)
Chicago	25,432	493.867				
Milwaukee.	49,538	393,860				7,840
Toledo	••••	110,031				565
Detroit	5.186	184,777				
Cleveland	2,377	8,80				• • • •
St. Louis	16,816	114,977				10.034
Peoria.	4,355	7,990	223,725			10,074
Dulutn	1,000	1,000	260,120	78,750	14,0.0	10,350
		••••	••••	••••	****	• • • • •
Total	103,714	1,354,352	1 110 000	206 400	100.014	42.042
Previous week	107,703		1,119,868			48,012
		1,280,544	1,289,393		109,547	63,584
Corresping week, '78.	100,625	722,142	865,517		115,98)	44.771
Corresping week,'77.	82,277	489,451	1,436,921	237,087	148,812	78,767
Tot. Dec.31 to Jan.11	211,422	2,634 895	2,409,261	718,933	217,408	111,596
Same time 1678	191,443	1,559,146	1,204,419	389,120	213,440	74.0.6
Same time 1877	183,215	1,025,02)	2,668,120	505,683	258,254	120,456
Same time 18:6	250,373	2,194,603	2,510,473	646,727	373,574	65,856
					and the second second	
Tot Aug. 1 to Jan. 11.3	0.055,715		42,476.656		7,259,184	1,068,933
Same time 1878 3	0,000,184 4	15,044,437	85,244,035	12,90 ,977	6,702,300	2.100,670
Same time 18772	.840.317	30,420,033	41,318,021	11,550,473	6,726,104	1,905,919
Same time 1976 2	,354,611 4	10,291,601	21,825,608	14,929,957	4,907,059	1,327,239
Cliamonts of A						

Shipments of flour and grain from Western lake and river ports from Dec. 31 to Jan. 11.

Tot Dec. 31 to Jan. 11. Same time 1873 Same time 1877 Same time 1876	191,767 174,841	Wheat, bush. 872,953 1,432,863 305,132 655,099	429,144 1,034,168	Oate, bush. 450,623 147,365 263,746	Barley, bush. 188,096 130,707 147,061	Rye. bush. 49,956- 57,056 46,819-
Same time 1876	289,031	655,099	1,579,418	37 9, 5 59	161,89)	39,445

Rail shipments of flour and grain from Western lake and river ports.

Week ending—	Flour,	Wheat, bush.	Corn,	Oats, bush.	Barley,	Rye,
Jan. 11, 1879 Jan. 12, 1878		729.237	488,241 271,237	23·,274 77.876	101,875	31,825 55,935
Jan. 13, 1877 Jan. 14, 1876	79,022	159,419 179,614	524,153 526,050	131,916 114,547	66,952 45,755	13,132 16,686
Receipts of flou		main at ac	boomd			

Receipts of flour and grain at seaboard ports for the week ending Jan. 11, 1879, and from Dec. 31 to Jan. 11.

		Flour,	Wheat,	Corn.	Oats.	Barley,	Rye.
1	AT-	bbls.	bu-h.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
1	New York	56,517	254.374	201,252	55.4.7	48,518	11,550
١	Boston	14,6-0	13 200	42,270	10,954	5,76%	
١	Portland	3,000	39,600	2,5 0	1,500	0,100	
ı	Montreal	4,630		480	-,	2,40)	ď
l	Philadelphia	10,120	270,3 0	228,3 0	51,600	16,500	4,500
I	Baltimore	12,136	195,900	235,000	21,600		750
l	New Orleans	7,551		26,820	54.534		
۱					-		
I	Total	102,684	773,374	736,622	178,665	73.450	16,830
ı	Previous week	148.755	795,320	1.091,775	177,805	59,242	23,662
I	Corresp'ng week,'78.	164,137	1,115,015	1,265,505	108,282	166,324	7,188
۱	Tot.Dec.31 to Jan.11.	257,439	1,568,694	1,825,397	356,470		
Ì	Same time 1878	314.049	2.171.576	2.711.889		132,7t2	40,492
Į	Same time 1877	183,010	302,830	2,099,525	251,676	277,446	14,772
I	Same time 1876	397.782	501,80J	2,325,997	401.839	109,43)	45,342
ı	Deme nime 1010	071,100	331,003	4,040,991	547,584	171.322	20.580

Exports from United States seaboard ports and from Montreal for week ending Jan. 11, 1879.

From-	Flour,	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oate, bush.	Rye, bush.	Peas,
New York	60,858	556,802	349,155	254	· 12	10,292
Beston	2,478	16,411	79,340	••••	Elda	10,202
Portland		39,6 0	•••	• • • •	••••	4,800
Philadelphia	200	179,551	184,465	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5,090	••••
Baltimore	7,787	95,837	301,513		••••	• • • • •
"o al for week	71,273	888,261	864 603	254	5,090	15.092
Previous week	7-,568	1,612,241	820,900	29,377	183,534	21.027
Two weeks ago	104,702	1,143,71)	689,989	890	19,944	52.0 6
Same time in 1878	69,399	1,041,645	920,103	8,742	10,000	9.884
From New Orleans 20,820 bush. rye. and	3,732 bhl 2,720 bus	s. flour, 98, h. oats.	874 bush.	wheat. 7	0,096 bush	

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and affoat in New York, Jan. 11, 1879, was as follows:

		Wheat,	Corn,	Oate,	Rorles	Duna
	IN STORE AT-	bush.	bush.	buch.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush
	New York		2,729,857	922.332	908,425	
	Albany.	800	16 307	12,600		572,670
	Buffalo	1,133,411	716,760		432,010	26,300
	Chicago	6 984 909			389,785	
	Milwaukee.	2,919,014	2,352,814	455,465	1,140.8 6	257,676
	Duluth (4th)	150,000	87,533	176,168	535,764	112,618
	Duluth (4th)	517,331	712 100	E4 00 0	C4 0=0	
	Toledo		713,109	54.7.9	81,859	5,263
1	Detroit	634, 55	1,703	28,018	8,072	or oos
1	Oswego	500,000	370,000	02:03	705.000	35,000
	St. Louis.	838,927	587.336	23,723	36,123	186,895
1	Boston.	65,833	98,334	93,759	18,485	1,823
1	Toronto	169,971	440.000	11,600	142,587	• • • •
1	Montreal (4th)	85,270	118,853	23,141	84,801	86 9
1	Philadelphia	573,550	200,550			
	Peoria.	3.103	123,754	91,765	5,132	64,334
١	Indianapolis	2,281	128,101	9,290		9,78
ı	Kansas City	265,398	198,212	10,649		8,345
١	Baltimore.	567,813	354,692			
ı	Reil shipments, week	417,544	498,241	238.274	101,875	81,825
ı	Affoat in New York	500,000		312,000	450,000	273,0 0
ı						
i	Total	18,585,4:3	9,236,186	2,641,380	5,041,315	1,640,050
ı	Jan. 4. 1879	18,01 0,6 63	9,011,735	2,693,476	5,254,294	1,454,029
١	Dec. 28, 1878	18,233,701	8,525,-19	2,700,310	5.248,452	1,722,955
١	Dec. 21, 1878	8,917,270	9.058,672	2 968,674	5,600,192	1,565,184
١	Dec. 14, 1878	8.842,048	8.855,364	8,031,189	5,701,568	1,608,215
ı	Dec. 7, 1878	17,045,620	8,124,159	2,423,417	5,205,152	1,20 1, 20
۱	Nov. 30, 1878	6,208,045	7,350,658	2,455,966	5,483,938	1,191,968
I	Nov. 23, 1878	16,497,635	8,787,375	2,603,774	5,836.644	1,284,6 9
I	Jan. 12, 1878	9,230,599	5,663,720	3,096,347	4, 122, 876	706.897

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 17, 1879.

There was during the past week a considerable influx of Western and Southwestern buyers, whose presence imparted a little more animation to the market, and the package trade in cotton goods, hosiery, &:., was a trifle more active. There was

not much spirit in the demand for spring goods, and transactions were in the main restricted to the most staple fabrics required for immediate sales. The jobbing trade continued very quiet, though orders to a moderate aggregate were received from interior retailers. Large quantities of clothing, fancy goods, notions, &c., including the entire stocks of Messrs. Naumburg, Kraus. Lauer & Co., Edwin Bates & Co., and Howard, Sanger & Co., were destroyed by fire in the early part of the week; but the season for manufacturing spring clothing has so far advanced that these firms will not probably re-enter the market as buyers of spring goods except on a very limited scale.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of domestics from this port during the week ending January 14 reached the large aggregate of 8,258 packages, the principal shipments of which were made as follows: China, 7,490 packages; Great Britain, 310; U. S. of Colombia, 197; British Australia, 91; Hayti, 91; Mexico, 31, &c. There was an irregular demand for cotton goods at first hands, but a fair business was effected by agents representing leading makes of brown, bleached and colored cottons, by means of slight price concessions to large buyers. Brown sheetings were somewhat unsettled by a break in the Atlantic goods, some grades of which were reduced to very low figures in order to move the accumulation. Bleached cottons were only in moderate request, but ducks, denims, ticks, cottonades and cheviots were in rather better demand. White goods and piques were in steady request, and quilts were more sought for. Print cloths were fairly active and firm at 31/03 5-16c., cash, for 64x64s and $2\frac{\pi}{8}$ 2 15 16c., cash, for 56x60s. Medium fancy prints in both standard and 56x6) makes were a trifle more active, and shirtings were in fair request; but other makes of calicoes ruled quiet.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—There were a good many clothing manufacturers in the market during the week, whose operations in light-weight fancy cassimeres, suitings, cheviots and worsted coatings footed up a fair aggregate amount. Some orders for similar fabrics were also placed by jobbers (for future delivery), and considerable lots of heavy woolens were di-posed of at low prices to this class of buyers. Kentucky jeans were less active than expected, but the best doeskin makes were distributed in small parcels to a fair amount. Tweeds were in steady request by manufacturers of boys' clothing, &c., and there was a steady though light movement in printed satinets. Worsted dress goods were more sought for, and some orders were placed with agents for the most staple fabrics. Francels and blankets ruled quiet in first hands, but a fair distribution of these goods was effected by jobbers in execution of orders.

Foreign Dry Goods.—There was a continued light demand for imported goods at first hands, and the jobbing trade was dull, as usual at this time of year. About 12,000 dezen kid gloves were sold at auction to fair advantage by order of an assignee, and some 13,000 dezen Leghorn hats were peremptorily sold by the same auctioneers at low prices.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan. 16, 1879, and for the corresponding weeks of 1878 and 1877, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JAN. 16, 1879.

		1877.	1	1878.	1	1879
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool	483	\$225,718	451	\$178,714	588	\$291,289
do cotto	1,454	402,574	1,060	821,731	1,451	527,137
do eilk	537	403,339	437	2:8,838	791	579,578
do flax	1,208	217,287	657	153,259	1,143	279,-4
Miscell'neous dry good	169	101,137	343	73,555	527	113,346
Total	4,211	\$1,878,055	2,948	\$1,016,0.7	4,503	\$1,794,198
WITHDRAWN FROM WA	REHOU		IROWN	INTO THE	MARKI	T DURING
	7	HE SAME P	ERIOD.			
Manufactures of wool .	280	\$114,704	258	\$106,60 2	175	\$74,629
do cotton	329	126,780	318	105,086	169	48,519
do silk	151	164,251	79	66,425	96	94,87
do flax	407	77,094	516	102,766	52 4	78,110
Miscell'neous dry goods	2:8	14,949	531	30,295	126	22,740
Total	1,388	\$497,868	1,582	\$411,055	891	318,900
Add ent'd for cons'mp'n	4,211	1,373,055	2,948	1,016,097	4,503	1,794,195
Tot. thr'wn upon mark't	5,599	\$1,870,923	4,580	\$1,427,152	5,397	\$2,118,095
ENTERED F	OR WA	REHOUSING	DURIN	G SAME PER	u D.	
Manufactures of wool.	193	278,796	258	\$111,712	126	\$59,954
do cotton	295	93,744	429	118,075	891	99,600
do silk	129	147,222	124	75,591	95	95,652
do flax	414	92,085	565	121,889	537	108,831
Miscell'neous dry goods	578	84,286	1,048	29,496	140	26,626
Total	1,679	\$452,085	2,421	\$456,762	1,289	\$390,069
Add ent'd for cons'mp'n	4.21:	1,373,035	2,943	1,015,097	4,503	1,794,195
Tot'l entered at the port	5,820	\$1,825,140	5,872	\$1,472,859	5,792	\$2,184,264

Receipts of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce.

The following table, based upon daily reports made to the New York Produce Exchange, shows the receipts of leading articles of domestic produce in New York for the week ending with Tuesday last (corresponding with the week for exports) also the receipts from January 1, 1879, to that day, and for the corresponding period in 1878:

	Week ending Jan. 14.	Since Jan. 1, 1879.	Same time last year.
Ashesbbls.	37	103	18
Beansbbls. Breadstuffs—	918	1,998	4,28
Flour, wheatbbls.	56,590	127,013	100 60
Corn mealbbls.	1,587	4,899	189,62 7,04
Wheatbush.	360,300	624,500	1,778,73
Ryebush.	4,278	6,728	15,04
Cornbush.	184,250	803,920	878,51
Oatsbush.	63,417	111,467	186,02
Barley and maltbush	81,890	116,196	324,19
Peas bush.	400	4,800	10,07
ottonbales.	25,5:0	43,859	75,94
Cotton seed oilbbls.	1,865	3,013	• • • •
clax seedbags.	20	25	: * : :
rass seed bags	4,501	6,586	5,08
lides	3,334 1,840	8,041	8,42
Iides bales Iops bales.		2,694	6,05
eathersides	1,414	2,129	7.39
ead pigs	324,982	16:,473 327,351	177,79
folasseshhds.	0.4,500	0.01,001	• • • •
lo assesbbls.	6,911	15,062	30,13
laval Stores—	0,011	10,000	30,10
Turpentine, crudebbls.		180	15
Turpentine, spirits bbls.	1,766	2, 21	4,27
Rosinbbls.	9,516	11,811	25,96
Tar bbls.	451	640	1,10
Pitchbbls.	102	157	
oil cake pkgs	6,269	11 233	14,99
oil, lard bbls.	595	700	22
eanutsgalls,	*****		
eanutsbush	4:6	2,329	3,98
rovisions—		1	
Porkpkgs	5,093	10,455	10,44
Beefphgs.	364	945	2,36
Cutmeatspkgs.	33,669	55,178	69,14
Butterpkgs. Cheesepkgs	20,956 5,598	38,075 19,718	35,27
Eggbls.	2,127	4.854	31,15 9,41
Laidtcs. & bbls.	21,992	87,246	40,12
Lardkegs	1,041	1.662	81
Hogs, dressed No	5, 03	9,719	5.78
ice pkgs.	103	896	1,40
pelteralabs	2,075	3.800	
tearine pkgs.	1.548	1,966	87
ugar bbls.	4 9	409	4
ugar hhds l	1,790	8,565	€,05
allowpkzs.	1,633	3.472	4,12
obaccobxs. and cases.	1,736	3,512	4,51
obacco hhds.	625	1,167	1,67
hiskey bbis.	6,004	11,250	7,54
Vool bales.	1,740	2,917	1,84

Exports of Leading Articles of Domestic Produce.

The following table, based upon Custom House returns, shows the exports from New York of all leading articles of domestic produce for the week ending with Tuesday last; also the exports from the 1st of January, 1879, to the same day, and for the corresponding period in 1878:

	Week ending Jan. 14.	Since Jan. 1, 1879.	Same time
	* B		•
Ashes, potsbbls.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	₹5	86
Ashes, pearlsbbls.			13
Breadstuffs—		••••	8,930
Flour, wheat bbls	35,925	72,951	94,193
Flour, ryeblis	00,000	199	92
Corn mealbbls.	1,033	4.433	8,406
Wheat bush.	615,345	1,338,900	1,451,022
Ryebush.		132,4 9	36,019
Oa'sbush.	250	788	7,423
Barley bush.	80	30	80,016
Peasbush	10,144	12,021	6,032
Cornbush.	297,533	467,65	459,179
Candlespkgs.	823	2,.42 1.264	881
Coal		7.224	1,921 19,443
Domestics	2,26	9,293	1,118
Hay bales	650	1,064	2,420
Hopsbales.	752	2,058	4,531
Nav. 1 Stores-			,,,,,,
Crude turpentine bbls.			
Spirits turpentinebbls	214	327	293
Rosinbbls.	2,490	7,581	7,450
Tarbbls.	. 30	165	130
Pitchbbls	37	83	368%
Oil cake cwts.	15,{06	46,819	70,078
Oils—			8,039
Whalegals.		• • •	114.959-
Sperm gals. Lard gals	15 850	31,602	6,815
Linseedgais.	114	51,602	0,010
Petroleumgais.	2,800,954	4,479,485	4,214,990
Provisions-	,	7,	9,598
Porkbb!s	4,684	7,34	-,,,,,,
Beef bbls.	218	789	1,30%
Beeftierces.	932	13.4	5,262
Cutmeats bs.	8,408,199	19,525,742	23,003,381
Butter	412,852	778,086	132,284
Cheese	1,318,717	2,306,471	2,845,708
Lard	2,949,131	8,921,871	4,790,151
Ricebhls.	1,449,617	9 195 205	2,253,782
Tallow	4:2	2,185,305 1,218	8,823
Tobacco, leafbales and cases.	1.065	1,923	4,160
Tobacco, n anufacturedlbs.	289,568	463,628	226,721
Whateboneibs.	200,000	2020	17,035
11 mm			21,500

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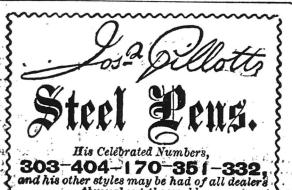
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