HUN'T'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE:

representing the commercial and industriat interests of tie united states

| VOL. 27. NEW YORK, OCTOBER 19, 1878. NO. 695. |
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OVFICE, NO. 1 WALL STREET,

## NEW YOREX.

Steel Plate Engraving and Printing bank notes, guvernment and CORPORATION BUNDS,
rtificates of stock. Billu of exchange POSTAGE AND REVENUE STAMPS, PROPRIETARY AND TRADE-MARK STAMPS in tho IIfhest Style of the Art. WIth specis? safegaseds to prevent Counterfelting and Alterations.
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Capltal, . . . . . . . $\$ 400,000$ Suxplus, . . . . . . . 200,000 Bpectal attention given to collections, and
rompt remitenaces romptremitrancea made on day os payment.
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R. A. Lancaster \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS, 66 BHOADWAY, NEW YORK, dzalize ix
PIrat-Clans Investment Securltles, government bonds, state, citt, COUNTY RALLROAD \& MISCELLANEOUS SECORITIES Bonght and Sold on Commiation.
Tirginia Tax-Recelvable Coupons Bought.
SOU1HERN SECURITIES 4 SPECIALTY. loans negotiated.
Gwynne \& Day,
[Ratublehed 1854.] No, 16 Wall Street Tranast a gencral bakikg and brokerage buatne In Rallway shares and bonds, Governmeat Securitien and 0 old.
Interest allowed on ceposits.
Investroents carefully attended to.
Charles G. Johnsen,
MERCHANT AND IBANKER,
166 GRAYIER STRKET,


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Cambrla Iron Cobjpany, JOHNSTOWN, PENN.,

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Elgar Thompson Steel Co. (Limited), PITISBURGA, PENN.
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Stata streot
Gossler \& Co.,
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HOUSE IN EUROPE,
JOIIN HEIRENIBEIRG, GOSSLKIR \& CO HAMBURO.
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70 Ifroadway dis New St., New York Tranasct a Ouneral Banking Bublaces.
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1 P Acconnts of Canatry Banks and Bankers to ceived on lavorable terms.


> Haar \& Co.,

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SECURITIES. Buyand Bell Stocki, Bonda. sad Gold
for cash or on margin. Bpectal attenkon pald to for cash or on margin. Bpectal atuention pald to OIRERE EXRCDTED AT THE PHILADELPMEA AND BUSTUN STUCK EXCHANGES
Hilmers, McGowan \& Co BHOKERS IN
FOREIGN EXCHIANGE AND GOLD, 63 Wall Street, New York. (P. O. 10X 2,47.)

Spectal sttention patd to the negetfation of Com merctal billa.

## A.dl.Kidder. de <br> IBAKKES

COR OF WALL STREET AND broadwat New York,
Tranaset a Oeneral Banking Buainesa, Includiag the parchase and ale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD tor cash or on a margin.

Investment Securitiez For Salo.
P. O. BOX 2,47 .
A. M. Rroneta C. W.MoLewhat.Js. W. Tease

Hatch \& Foote, BANEEES, NO, 12 WALK STHEET, BUT AKD sELK
GOVERNMENT BONDS, GOLD, BTOCKS AK MISCELKANBOUS SECURITIES.

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 INDIANAPOLIS, INDIASA,INTESTINGAGENTS ros
INDIANA ANDOMIO.

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CORNER OF BROAD，NEW YORE．
Drexel \＆Co．，${ }^{\text {Drexel，}}$ Harjes \＆C 0 No． 3 Sotte Thirn St．， 81 Bonlevard Hausamann

Philadelphia． $\qquad$ Parim。
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN BANKERS Depoata recelved sahject to Draft．Securttiea，Gold on hepoaits．Foreign Exchange．Commercial Crealits． on Depoaits．Foreign Exchange．Commercial Credits．
Cable Tranaferg．
uvaliabla in all parts of thar worldera for Travelers，

ATTOENEYA AND ADENTE DF
Mesmrs．J．S．MibIEGAN \＆CO． No， 22 OLD BROAD ST．，LONDON．

Brown Brothers \＆Co．，
No． 59 WAIL．STE．，N．Y．， Issue，against cash depostled，or aatiafactory guaran． tee of repayment，Circular Credits for Travelera，in dollars for uss in the United Statea and adjacent countries，and in pounds steriling for use in any part of the world．
THEY ALSO ISSUE COMMERRCTAL CREDITS MAKE CABLE TRANSFERS OF MONEY BE． TWEEN THIS COUNTRY AND ENOLAND，AND DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND．

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MANCHESTER，PAYABLE IN LONDO甘：
ULSTEIE TBANEING COMIPANY， BELFAST，HRELAND
NATIONAY IEANK ON OF SCOTELANB． ALro．
CABLE TRANSFERS AND LETTERS OF CRICDIT
J．\＆W．Seligman \＆Co．， BANKERS．
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STERLING CHEQUES AND BILLS AT SEXTY DAYS＇SIGHT ON
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Circular Notrb and Credita fob Travelrra．

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29 Willlam St．，cor．Exchange Place， Make Telagraphic MEW YOHK．
Draw Bills of Exchanga and Issue Letters of Credit 1principal cities of Európa．

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Bay and sell Sterilng Exchsnge，France snd Cable Transfere；grant Commercial and Travelera＇Cred－ its，availshle in sny part of the world；laeae drafts on and make collections in Chicago and throughoat the Dominion of Canads．
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Commercial Credits lasued for use in Europe，China， Japan，the East and Weat Indies，and South America． Demand and Time Bllsa of Exchange，payable in London and elsewhere，hought ind sold at current ratea；also Cable Tranzicra．
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Capltal；－．．－$\$ 6,000,000$ Gold． Surplus，．．．．$\$ 1,900,000$ Gold． Buys and Sells sterling Exchange，and makes Cable
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NEW YOKK－The Bank Uf New York，N．${ }^{3}$ ．A．
The New York Agcncy buysand sella Stering Ex－
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at any of the otticea of the bank in Cangda Demand at any of the ottiees of the bank in Cangda Demand orafta lanued payable in scotland and Ireland，and every description of foreign bauking bualuesa under
New York Agency，No． 52 Wlllam St．， with Mexsra．JIESUR，PATON A CO．
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 Promptest attention pald to collectiona payable any part ver Canada． pproved Cavalian bnaineas paper，payable ingo Lprovec Camadian bnaineas paper，phyable ing
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45 Pall Mrall，l．ondon，Ebgland． Isaue CiRCULAK Nutks ree of charge，avalle in all parts of the worla．
Grant commercial chedits tor ane agal Consignmeate of Merchandise．
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> Inventrucui securiliens OProsite Second St. 2 SOUTH STREET, 13 ALTKMOME, DID. Parchase and sell Oovernments ind Colo.
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 bllty of borrowera and whose expricace tn the busi-
neas or the pasts
to TEEN YEALS has enabled them neas for the past SIXTEEN YEALS has
to give entire satisfaction to inventors.

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Buylng or Sellag Missouri County. Township and Buylng or Selling Missouri County, Townshlp and
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## THE CRISIS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The condition of affairs in Great Britain continues to be seriously disturbed, oecasional failures being reported, but no general panic. There is great uneasiness under the pressure whiein the banks are carefully but firmly putting on, though the latest adviees report a more quiet feeling, in view of the fact that the Bank of England has not further advanced its rates. The Paris and continental markets also respond to the London money pressure, the Bank of France laving taken the unusual step of advaneing its rate to 3 per cent. The Bank of England's condi:ion, in respeet to coin and reserve, is, as our weekly reports have shown, low, but not as low as might be anticipated from the nature of the coin and bullion movement for Great Britain duling the past two years. We gave, a few weeks since, a table, from English official documents, showing the movement of the preeious metals to and from the United Kingdom, and also betweel that conntry and the United States alone, during the $9 \frac{1}{2}$ years just ended. From these figures it appears that the United liingdom, has been losing coin
sinco 1870, in which year she received. 48 millions net; and that, after having drawn 16 millions net from this country in 1877, sle actually exported a few thousands to us during the first half of this year. The last two months have clanged this to a net import of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ millions from this country during the eight months ending August 31; yet, as between Great Britain and tho rest of the world, her loss of coin has been still gaing on, and since 1876 she has exported net 22 millions, against an average previous import of, say, 30 millions a year. As it may be of interest to see this movement in respeet to gold alone, we give the following tables, the first being the movement between the United Kingdom and all other countries and the second between that conntry and the United States. The figares are from the British side, and the reader will find the previous tables-which combine gold and silver-in the Curonicle for Angust 17, p. 161.
oreat britain's importa and exports to and from all coontries.


- Net exports.

A glance at these tables shows that the present troubles abroad are aggravated by the struggle for gold, as distinguished from silver, for banking reserves, and this suggests the question, which we only allude to in passing, whether Europe has not made a grave mistake in its attempt (by no means yet proven to be permanently suecessful) to abandon the use of silver. However, England finds herself confronted now by three ugly facts, all elosely inter-connected: the loss of the United States as a purchaser, an adverse trado balanee which bas stopped her usual supplies of both gold and silver from liere and threatens lier with further depletion for settlement of her American accounts, and dull trade at home. The purchase of gold for shipment to the United

States, in Londor and Paris, in moderate amounts, is reported, and also the buying up of more millions of our funding bonds for the same purpose during the last few days; but the return of bonds has been so heavy during the past year that the available snpply is nearly exhausted and the gold cannot much longer be protected in that way. That England is passing through a severe pressure in this particular, may be further gathered from the fact to-day reported of the large loan by the Bank of France to the Bank of England. This condition of things is further aggravated by the dull trade so long prevailing and the little hope entertained of present recovery. Our own London correspondent, writing a few days before the Glasgow Bank failure, remarked that "all hope of an improved trade this year has been abandoned and the disappointment is very great." The London Economist, of the 5 th, begins a paragraph thus: "Our revenne prospects are growing darker." It also says that the report of the comptroller in bankriptey shows that the number of failures is continually increasing; that the number of insolvencies has increased yearly since the Bankrupt law of 1869 went into operation, until the number in 1877 was double that in 1870. As we have already remarked, the iron and the cotton trades are worst depressed, particularly the latter; and the present position is that a large bank, after having beeu used by some of its directors to sustain the private and anprofitable business of the firms in which they were partners, has broken down from inability to longer bear the drain; this impels the banks to curtail accommodations and call in loanf, all the more so because the times are generally unpropitious; a pres sure is thus put upon every interest and firm, and as the pressure increases, its effects increase, and vice versa, so that the result is the applieation of a searching test everywhere, after a long course of trying experiences.
Probably this process is as necessary as it is painful. Ordinarily, it is urged against excessive caution on the part of bauks, that it produces the very trouble it aims to escape; but this trouble is not merely a flurry of distrust occasioned by the failure of a bank-it is the natural culmination of a long conrse of dull trade and losses, and whatuver is weak must break. The sooner this process of pain and trial is begun, the sooner it will be over; the strongest will survive. Great Britain and all Europe have yet to undergo-or, more exactly, to -complete-a process of liquidation similar to that which this country has been experiencing. The iuflation of prices, the rampant speculation, and the waste of capital in unprofitable enterprises, which culminated bere in 1873, were world-wide, in greater or less extent, and the getting back to hard-pan, which began here first, must go around the world. Delay is not escape, but aggravation rather; the sooner the process is completed the sooner all the wrecks will be cleared away, and the rehuilding on a more secure foundation be commenced. Still, in forecasting the duration and extent of the present trouble, it is proper to remember that considerable progress has been already made. The London Economist very wisely remarks that when the City of Glasgow Bank and the Western Bank of Scotland stopped, in 1857, and a crisis followed which necessitated the suspension of the Bank Act, the circumstances were quite unlike the present. There had been a destruction of credit in this country, and confidence in the Western Bank had been impaired by knowledge of the fact that it was largely involved in transactions with New York; but now no general impairment of credit has preceded the failure, nor bas it produced any appreciable diminution of confidence in the banks. As show-
ing, also, how much stronger the Bank of Eugland is now in reserve than it was then, the following table is given :

| 1557. | Bulion. | Notes. | rev or Notes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October | \$50,519,000 | 999,550,000 | \$ $80.124,000$ |
|  | 42.489, | 101,33, 0,00 |  |
| ${ }^{21}$ | 35,55, ,000 | 917, |  |
| 21 | 33,402,000 | 3e, |  |
| Decumber ${ }^{2}$ |  | 108,701,000 | - $9.589,4000$ |
| 26 | 53,66,000 | 96,28,000 | 37, 33, 0000 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 108,50,000 | 140,885,000 | 3,,00,000 |
| ember ${ }^{14}$ | 109,416,000 | 188,885,000 | (enten |
|  | 115,351,000 | 131,464,000 | ciseme |
|  |  | 139,489,000 | 54,611,000 |
| " 25 | 119,231,000 | 132,9,0,000 | s6,95,, 000 |
| ctober | 118,850,000 | 13,988,000 | 49,493,000 |

From all these facts, it would appear that the pres. sure, though very severe and likely to be prolonged in its effects, will not lead to a panic in Great Britain, but rather to a natural process of liquidation similar to what we have experienced the past few years.
As to the probable influence upon this country, it is idle to affect indifference. The natural tendency of such a disturbance must be to raise our imports by lowering the price of goods abroad, and to diminish our exports. It is to be said, however, that much of this influence has been already felt. For instance, the disturbed and unfortunate condition of the cotton goods trade at Manchester has been an existing and patent condition, operating for a year back, and our cotton has gradually suffered under it until now its price is reaching a point where consumption must be stimulated. Further, it is well to remember that enforeed economies in culture have so far operated that the American cotton crop this year is the cheapest ever raised by us; hence, the producer can submit to a low price for the staple without losing all profit. But still this couutry cannot avoid feeling and being aflicted by the misfortunes of others, though we can congratulate ourselves that the preparations for resumption are already made, that we are in an exceptionally good condition to withstand the strain of trouble abroad, and that here, at least, the penalty for past errors is nearly paid.

## MERCANTILE FAILURES AND THEIR LESSONS.

An interesting report of the mercantile failures of the last three months lias just been issued by Messrs. Dun, Barlow \& Co., which supplies some important data for forecasting the future movements of business. The failures, though large and nnmerous, seem scarcely to come up to the public expectation. It has frequently been observed that in consequence of various changes, and notably of the repeal of the Bankrupt law, the process of liquidation was receiving, all over the conatry, an extraordinary impulse during the last few months, and from the number of petitions in bankruptey which have been filed the anticipation was that the aggregate failures this year would vastly exceed, both in number and amount, those reported in the statistics before us. This discrepancy is easily explained. It is abundantly proved that a large majority of the petitions in bankruptcy were filed by persons whose failures had been previously reported, or whose business pursuits did not entitle them to a place on the list of insolvent mercantile firms. Indeed, the report receives a special value from the fact that it contains no failures except such as have occurred among the traders, manufacturers and mercantile firms who were in active business during the earlier months of the present year, and who suspended payment since last July. Subjoined is a summary of the total number
of these insolvencies, with a table showing the comparison with previous periods.



It is important to observe that in the Middle and Southern States the destruction of capital by commercial failures appears to have been quite as active as in the Eastern States, while in the West there has been a smaller aggregate of proportionate loss. Much misapprehension has prevailed as to the canses which during the past year have contributed to swell the volume of mercantile disaster. To correct these errors the report explains that siuce the panic of 1873 , business depression, shrinkage and other misfortunes crippled a multitude of traders who struggled in vain to work themselves out of trouble, and for years refrained from seeking relief from their embarrassment ander the Bankrupt law. Disappointed in their hopes such firms were just now urged and tempted to secure the opportunity for freeing themselves under the law, or for adjusting their obligations by compromisc. As the prospective interference with our finances by Congress is so uncertain, and as in Great Britain and other countries the general state of business offers still worse prospects than in this country, the temptation to those whose difficulties in meeting payments had been augmenting year by year has $\overline{n o}$ doubt led a number of the honorable class to choose to obtain a final settlement under the Bankrupt law, prior to its expiration at the beginning of September last. But secondly, there are less creditable causes which have been recognized as augmenting the record of failures. The number and amount of these disasters, we are told, was swelled by bankrupts and insolvents "who made fraudulent failures and eodeavored to make money by compromising at less than the face of their obligation, so that compressed within the brief period of sixty days were the results of numerous mistakes and misfortunes of the past, gloomy anticipations of the future, and not infrequently fraud; when it is remembered that these failures occurred among nearly 700,000 traders, manufacturers, \&c., it is certainly an indication of a not unfavorable character that the increase for the nine months is only slightly over $2,000^{\circ}$ in number." With theso facts in mind it is interesting to observe that the average amount of the individual failures, except in Califormia, has not greatly deviated from the averages of previous periods, showing that generally throughout the country there are no indications of special danger or excessive eredit expansion. Eubjoned is a table of the average liabilities involved in the failures during the last four years.
avemage liablities and numbet of fallorea, 1865-ts.


With regard to the future, it is gratifying to tind that, notwithstanding the financial agitation whleh han prevailed and the uncortainty as to tho action of Congress in regard to the currency, still the pressure of the times and the shrinkage of values, together with the stagnation and loss consequent on the panic of 1873 , have produced no more serious complications. As the report says, "What threatened to be a serious shock to confdence and credit, has passed away. Trade has nurvivel, and although some parts of the country have been visited with epidemic and others with various trouble, there is to-day a healthier condition of trade existing than has been seen formany yeare."

Finally, there is abundant canse for caution and watchfuluess in extending mercantile credits. The destruction of so vast an amonnt of capital as 107 millions during the last nine months must have inflicted upon our mercantile solvency a heavy blow. Of course, the burden has been distributed very widely, and much of the disaster will, in process of events, be converted into a partial gain by the re-production or renewal of the lost eapital. But in these times it is impossible to be too watchful or to adopt too much precaution. If the foregoing records of mereantile insolvencies have their hopeful side and indicate that the pruning process is taking away from our commerce and industry many decaying branches and dead members, so that its growth may be more rapid and its movements more healthy in the early future, it is also our best policy as individuals to derive from the facts a warning arainst danger and a new motive to avoid expansion and to keep business rigidly restricted within the limits prescribed by our solid resources and assured capital.

## A GLIMPSE AT ENGLISH POLITICS.

Not in many years-not, perhaps, since the breaking up of the great Tory party in 1846, when Sir Robert Peel abolished the Corn Laws-has party feeling run so high in British polities as it is doing at the present time. Not even then, when Disraeli provoked and disgusted the best minds in England by bis fierce denunciation and relentless persecution of the great statesman and reformer, was such bitterness of feeling displayed, in correspondence, in debate, on the platform and through the press. Oar British cousins have long been in the habit of holding us up to ridicule and rebuke becanse of the unseemly exhibitions of temper which are too often a feature of our political contests. And yet we now find them surpassing us even.
Of no two men has freat Britain more reason to be proud than of Beaconsfield and Gladstone. Mr. Gladstone has long been the most popular, as he has been the most brilliant and able of England's legislators. His attention bas been given chiefly to domestic questions; and his name has become inseparably associated with several great domestic reforms. IIe has simplified and adjusted the taxation of England in such a manner as to command the admiration and even envy of other and less favored nations; and he has dono more in the way of removing eauses of disaffection between Ireland and England, than all the statesmen of all the past. It is needless to say that snch a man deserves well of his conntry. Lord Beaconsfield, on tho other hand, although ho has worked in a different manner and been controlled by different principles, has also made the British nation his debtor. Domestic reform has not been his forte; yet to him the people owe an important extension of the electoral franchise. His mind, however, chiefly
finds occupation in considering the interests of the empire as a whole, rather than the interests of the three kingdoms as apart from the rest of the dominions of the crown; and whatever may be thought of the wisdom of his policy, it is impossible for any to deny that under his guidance Great Britain has ceased to be merely insular, and has taken a more influential place among the great imperial powers of the world. His recent settlement of the Eastern question, although on some points open to objection, had all the appearance of a victory in the eyes of the world, and had certainly all the effects of a victory on the great body of the British people. As the result of this policy Lord Beaconsfield enjoys the favor of his Queen and the support of a powerful majority in Parliament. Mr. Gladstone, on the other hand, to whom the policy of his great rival fails to commend itself, frets and fumes in the shades of retirement, and like Cicero of old, whom in many particulars he resembles, finds employment for his active mind in the study of philosophy and the pursuits of literature. Such are the men who now divide into two hostile camps the political public of Great Britain.

It is a striking illustration of the blinding influence of party politics that neither of these unquestionably great men can see any merit in the policy or work of the other. The enmity between them has long been openly avowed; and the dislike which they have for each other is shared in an intensified form by their respective followers. Since the announcement by the Beaconsfield Cabinet that it was the intention of the government to employ Indian troops in the event of war with Russia, and that the troops were already on their way to Europe, there has been no end of the most bitter strife; and charges and conntercharges, of the most offensive kind, have been made by the one side and by the other. It was not wonderful that the Liberals should have been startled and even somewhat alarmed by a policy so daring and by a movement so unprecedented. It was to be expected that they would take exception to the policy and offer resistance to the movement. But the bad temper and the bad taste exhibited at that time was completely put in the shade by what took place after the return of the plenipotentiaries from Berlin. Mr. Gladstone and his friends, in the violence of their indignation, went beyond all bounds. In the apparent victory they saw nothing but fraud; and as the fruit of the Berlin treaty they could expect nothing but ruin. The policy adopted had "degraded and debased the great name of England." The government had been guilty of an "act of duplicity of which every Englishman should be ashamed-an act which had rarely been equalled in the entire history of the commonwealth;" it had "deceived the Turks" and had "sold the Greeks;" and the government was but another name for Lord Beaconsfield. In reply, Lord Beaconsfield charged his opponent with having used "offensive epithets regarding him," and then spoke of him as "a sophistical rhetorician who was inebriated with the exuberance of his own verbosity and egotistical imagination." But this wordy war was by no means ended by the prorogation of Parliament. It rages still; and the combatants in the strife become, to all appearance, more numerous, as well as more acrimonious as time advances-a magazine writer having even discovered the remarkable and conclusive fact that Beaconsfield is an upstart, of no descent, a Jew! Punch finds in the attitude of the two great leaders suitable subjects for cartoons; and London langhs one week at Lord Beaconsfield, and another week at Mr. Gladstone. The daily and weekly press
are about equally divided; and while the Daily News stands stoutly by the side of Gladstone, the proprieter of the Times, rumor has it, is about to be raised to the peerage, as a reward for his heroic vindication of Lord Beaconsfield. The latest sensation has been furnished by Mr. Gladstone's famous article in the North American Review, "Kin beyond Sea"-an article in which he says many just and kindly things of the United States and of their people. Mr. Gladstone's opponents have discovered that in this article he writes indirectly against them, that he is giving vent to his sorrows and disappointments, and that, because in the not distant future he sees a greater England beyond the sea, his conduct is unpatriotic and unworthy of an Englishman. In order that Mr. Gladstone's powers may not go to waste, and that the world may not lose the benefit of Mr. Gladstone's wisdom and teaching, it is proposed to organize a joint-stock company, to be called "The Gladstone Exploitation Company (Limited)."

All this is, no doubt, very funny. It is the way Johnny Bull is in the habit of working off his rage; and it is gratifying to know that there, as well as here, the bitterness of such wordy strife is more apparent than real, and that the objects of such abuse are in the end but rarely great sufferers by the treatment.

## OUR CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATION TOO HARSH.

Nearly five months ago, we commented upon the then recent trouble between the government and certain importers of kid gloves. Early in April several cases of gloves were detained, on the ground of alleged undervaluation, and although the firms concerned are of unquestioned responsibility, and also promptly offered security for all the differences claimed, it was not until the latter part of April that the bonds were accepted and the goods released. The test case made upon the invoices of three firms was only decided a week ago.
The law requires, as a basis for assessing the duty, an invoice in triplicate, which shall state the actual market value, in case of goods obtained otherwise than by purchase, and the actual cost together with all charges of goods purchased, the statement of cost or market value to be that at the place of exportation, expressed in the currency of the country. It is easy to see that in case of goods not obtained by purchase-for example, goods manufactured abroad by American firms-it must often be difficult to ascertain the market value, because the goods may have such peculiarities that the value of similar goods is an inexact criterion. As to goods obtained by purchase, a difficulty sometimes arises-and this is the case with gloves-in the fact that the foreign manufacturer sometimes consigns his entirc product exclusively to particular houses. Furthermore, one buyer may be able, by reason of the extent of his purchases or of his desirability as a customer, to obtain better terms than others, and hence it is not just to assume a certain invoiced price to be understated because somebody else testifies that he was obliged to pay a higher one; every transaction, also, may have its especial features, such as the necessities of the seller, his hopefulness or the contrary about the future, the shrewdness of the buyer, etc., and hence, putting all these considerations together, it is evidently a difficult task to determine the assessable value.
Of course, the trouble grows out of ad valorem duties. Let the tariff be so much for a specific quantity of a sort of merchandise, and the question of assessing is the comparatively simple one of determining the number of pounds, yards, etc.; let it be a percentage on
value, and the almost interminable contest begins. The higher the rate, the more there is to be contested; duty is so large an element of cost that no importer can live uuless he pays as littlo as he must ; to keep his valuations at the lowest is a matter of necessity, and the prospect of extra profits is a temptation to undervalue. So much must be admitted. Furthermore, the importer cannot be permitted to pass his goods through upon his invoice without being subject to revision or challenge, for this would be putting a preminm upon successful undervaluation. So long as tho law remains as now, producing disagreements and charges of undervaluation as naturally as the seed produces its kind, the power of decision must rest somewhere. In the present ease, however, the decision seems to be arbitrary and unjust. But even the justice or the contrary of the decision, and the method of reaching it, are transient and of small moment compared with the mater of the general policy of administration of the revenue laws. The law says to the importer: if you obtain your goods otherwise than by purchase, make a declaration of their market value; in other words, of what they cost the buyers and would have cost you had you bought them; if you buy goods, declare their actual cost. Inasmuch as the bought goods, as well as all others, have a market value, it is clear that the law, by choosing the cost to the buyer whencver it can be had, gives preference to that as the basis for assessment.

The question intended by the law, therefore, is, what did the importer pay for the goods?-not what did some other importer pay for similar goods. If A., for no matter what reason, can and does buy goods cheaper than B., each must be charged according to what he pays, and the latter cannot plead an unjust discrim ination, for the more fortunate buyer is entitled to his advantage in this as in other matters. The law has not undertaken to apply the trades-union idea that one man shall be as good ss another in competition for cheap goods, nor does it give the revenue officers the right to inquire why one man pays less than another, beyond inquiring whether that is the fact. Of course, nobody except the buyer and the seller, or the manufacturer and his consignee, can have knowledge as to what the goods cost; and while their statement is not to be taken as unimpeachable, it should be taken as presumptively correct. Where the parties are reputable, and the figures named by them are not considerably below the known market price, to impeach them ought to require very strong and positive evidence. Most unquestionably, by every rule of justice, custom, and propriety, the burden of proof ought to rest upon the government in every case of alleged undervaluation, and the evidence adduced should be such as would be received in a court; for nobody can testify, by personal knowledge, that the importer has undervalued his goods-the only possible evidence is of tho inferential sort which makes it reasonably certain that he has done so. Furthermore, if he has not bought his goods, he may honestly understate their market value, for reasons already named; if he has bought them, he cannot understate the price paid without deliberatcly falsifying, excopt in some peculiar cases of contracts; hence, in order not to wrong him-in one case by punishing an innocent mistake, and in the other by convieting him unjustly of fraud-government should move very cautiously and be very sure of its facts. Does it do so? Notoriously, the very contrary. Its evidence seems to be inadequate and incompetent, and although a case is not proven according to the mere number of the witnesses, even the number of
them seems insufficient, the general appearance being an if only a show of ovidence is sought, to justify a predotermined conviction.

The decision then, in this case, doen not have the look of being according to the evidence. Besides, it han been repeatedly shown that conviction is always pretty certain beforchand, the enstoms administration starting with the supposition that the government is right and the iuporter wrong on the question of fact. Practically, it assumes that all importers are knaves, who are on the watch for opportunities to defraud, and .that their statements in invoices aro entitled to no more weight than the prisoner's plea of not guilty. In the matter of passing travellers' baggage even, statements are too often held of no account, and in all its dealings with the public the custom houso exhibits a harshness and arbitrariness which has neither good sense nor excuse. The rule, apparently, is that the importer is probably and presumably dishonest; that if he escapes to-day, it is because he is too sharp to be caught this time; and that if he should happen to be wrongly punished to-day it will be just as well, for it will only hit him for what he did yesterday or will do to-morrow. This is a wrong theory -wrong in fact and mischievous in results. It is injarious to government, for it destroys more revenue than it saves; it is demoralizing, for it tends to disgust an important class of men with their political duties and to teach them to mect injustice with trickery; and it is every way wrong, for government, because it has tho power to enforce any decision and is not sensibly hart by wrong decisions, should be scrupulously careful to deal gently and always give the individual the benefit of every doubt.

## UNITED STATES TREASURY STATEMENT.

The following statement from the office of the Treasurer for Sept. 30 has been lssued this week. It is based npon the actual retnrns from Assistant Treasurere, depositaries and auperintendenta of minis and assay offices. The delay in lesaing it ariees from the time taken in getting retnrns from distant oflices. Find for redemplion of certificates of deposit, $\$$. Fnud for redemption of certicates of deposit, Posi-oflco Departmeal acconal. Disbarslag oflcers' scconals

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,126,732 \\ \cdots \cdots 36 \\ \cdots \end{array}$ | $11,213,78181$ $4,091,83891$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fnnd for redemption of notea of natlonal baiks "palled," "In liqnidation," and "redncing circnlat:on" |  |  |
| Five per cenl redemption fundUnited Stalces notes. |  | 71,292 |
| Sccretary's speclal depostl acconoil | 2 25 | 18.0 |
| Currency and minor coln redemption account... |  |  |
| Interest accounk ${ }^{\text {Pacioic }}$ |  |  |
| Comptroller of the Carrency, ageat | 84,438 92 | 21,3 |
| Treasarer United States, agent for paying intereal on D, C bonds. | 4,557 50 | ,51 |
| urer |  |  |
|  | :28,517 05 |  |
| Carrency ............................ $1,785,36800$ |  | 1,763,338 |
| erest acco |  |  | Interest acconat, L, \& P. Canal Company........ Fand for redemption of ns'ioua

Treasnrer'i ycnersl acconnl-


| Treasnrer»s general sccountCalicd bonds and Interesi. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


$235,431,50003$
8\&*, 007,57+ 69 \$99,417,500 15


Gold coln and ballion. Standard silver dollara
Silver coln and ballion Gold cerlificates.
silver certificates
Nallonal bank gold nolo.
Fractlonal curreacy redeemed in eiliver. Quart crly Intereat checks pald. Coln conpona paid Reglstered Interesi pald.. .......................

Coln.
\$138,038,303 20
$11.511,81400$
$11,611,551$
$1,602,5 \% 17$
$8,092,980$
$1,816,47000$
95.81983
180.9381
190.91981
73.947
815
$310,649 \%$

Carreney. ....ịisas io H383 0. .............


13930 \%

## Unclaimed interest paid.

Deficits, unsvailsb c fund
Devosits held by national bank depooitarie
U. S. notes (speciai fund for rtdemption of fractional currency) Natlonal hank notes. Silver coln Fractlodal corrency.
Nickels and minor coins

One and two year notes..
Intercet on District of Columbis bonds
Speakers' certificstes 45 th Congress
Redeemed certif's of deposit, Jnne 8, "18\%i
7 3-10 notes parchased..

| Coin. | Currency. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 10,16305 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 6,7u3 36 | -22,432 28 |
| 64,559,503 72 | 11,103,899 43 |
| , | 69,049,339 87 |
|  | 10,000.0¢0 00 |
| ... . ... . | Y,959.013 81 |
| .. . .... .... | 1,291,36\% 33 |
| ............ | 65.7119 |
|  | 1,410.893 50 |
| ............. | 3E7,900 00 |
|  | 7350 |
| .............. | 83 53 |
|  | 1,345 61 |
|  | 123,802 00 |
|  | 1,3+5,000 00 |
|  | 8,759 43 |
| \$233,00\%,5\%4 59 | \$ $99,417,39015$ |

## 

## BATES OF ESOHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONHON

 AT LATREST DATEG.| EXCHANGH AT LONDONOCTOBER 5. |  |  | EXCEANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON- | TIES. | RATE. | DATE. | TIME. | RATE. |
| Paris.. | short. | $25.27 \times 6025.371 / 2$ | Oct. 4. | ohort. | 25.30 |
| Paris. | 3 moв. | 25.45 @ 25.50 |  |  |  |
| Berlin | $\because$ | 20.72 | Oct. 4. | 8 mos. | 20.47 |
| Frsakfort | * | 20.12 20.78 | c | ebort. | 20.47 |
| Antwerp...... | " | 25.55 a25.c0 | , | " | 25.31 |
| Amaterdsm. .. | short. | 12.2x@12.3x | , | " | 12.03 |
| Amsterdam | 3 mos. | 12.4\% @12.5x |  |  |  |
| Vienas. | " | 12.10 ¢12.10 | Oct. 4. | 3 mos . | 116.60 |
| Genos.. | " | 28.10 @28.20 |  | short. | 81.15 |
| Nsplce........ | " | 28.10 (023.20 |  |  |  |
| St. Peteraburg. | 4 | 23\%@23\% | Oct. 1. | 8 mis. | 4-10 |
| Madrid | $\because$ | 463¢@465/8 | Oct. 1. |  | 47.60 |
| Cadiz ...... . | 90 dsys | 463/617 |  | .... | . . . |
| Alcxandria.... | 90 dsya. | 51,0601\% | Oct. 2. | $3 \mathrm{mos}$. | $457 \%$ |
| New York |  |  | Oct. 4. | 60 days. | 4.81 |
| Bominsy... ... | 60 days. | 18. $7 \%$. | Oct. 3. | 6 mos. | 1s. 8 3-16d. |
| Hong Kong... |  |  | -2. | 6 mos. |  |
| Shanghal... .. | .... |  |  |  | 58. $2>4$ d. |

[From our own correspondent.]
London, Saturdav, October 5, 1878.
The reports referred to in my last letter of serious financial difficulties in Scotland, and which were very freely circulated last week, but were strongly denled in banking circles, have unfortunately been verified during the last few days; great, how. ever, as is the calamity, there has been no panic, the suspension being expected to be comparatively moderate in its effects. And yet the stoppage of an institution like the City of Glasgov Bank must, of course, create a profonad impression. The establishment has been brought down by reckless business, both ou the part uf firms whlch have become deeply inrolved, and on the part of the directors of the bank, who have for many years past been making too liberal adpances to firms conducting a very speculative eort of business. It is now very eaky to see by what means our trade s few years ago took, according to the expression of an eminent stateaman, such leaps and bounds. Owing to the new banks which had been called into existence, and to the keen competition which existed amongst them, the process of borrowing bécame a very easy one, and merchants became very reckless in their operations. The present story is oue which has been frequently repeated of late. Mercantile firms become involved with a bank, and vice versa, and both parties exist ucder the hope that the future will bring matters rigbt. Had trade improved, it is possible that a crisis would not have bappened amongst those who are the s bject of the present calamity; but judging from what has transpired thus far, many yeare of unbroken prosperity would have been necessary in order to bring about a healtly condition of affairs. The indebtedness of some firms to the bauk is remarkable for its extent, and it is difficult to see how any body of directors could have sllowed the accounts to acquire such large proportions. One firm is liable for £853, 000 for cash advances, and for $£ 900,000$ for acceptancee; another owes the bank $£ 770,000$ for cash sdvances, and $£ 1,600,000$ for acceptances ; a third owes $£ 1,200,000$ for cash and acceptances, and a fourth about $£ 500,000$. Nearly $£ 6,000,000$ is, therefore, acconnted for by four firms; and thisis allecture in itself. In consequence of this calamity, business has to a considerable exient been conducted with increased caution; but the monetary and mercantile world consoles itself by reflecilng that the danger is not unlversal, but is confined to a comparatively small sectlon of the community. Numerous fillures must of necessity take place and these must canse trouble elsewhere; but it is very clear tha;
the position of our trade is not so sound as many would lead us to believe; and that a further purifying process bas become necessary in order to evable the country to carry on a sound, legitimate trade, the abseace of which bas, foc eome time past been productive of so mach trouble. It may be added that the failure of the bank has not occasioned surprise. For a long time past, it has been well known that the bank sccepted very largely, and was transacting a business incurring more liability than was judicious. One fortunate man writes to aly that five years ago he was a shareholder, but had so convinced himself that there was something radically wrong in the management, that he disposed of hie property, and advised his friende to do the same. But still, the suareholders and the public were unaware that the reputation and solvency of the bank depended upon unusual good fortune returning to those few firms which have brought the undertaking to grief. There can be no doubt thai the management has been very reckless. We can scarcely blames merchant for borrowiog as much as he can, or requires; but the trustees of other people's property must certainly stand convicted of very injudicious and reckless management in favorably responding to such extenaive calls. There is a saying amongst Stock Exchange speculators that it is profitable to "take a profit, and cuta loss," and it would be wiser for the banks. instead of allowing mercantile firms to be annuslly increasing their indebtedness, and trusting Micswber-lize for something to turn up, to cut a loas, and prevent further entanglement.

In consequence of the failure of the City of Glasgow Bank, Messra. Smitb, Fleming \& Co. have been compelled to suspend payment. Messra. Nical \& Co., of Bombay, and Messrs. Fleming \& Co., of Kurrachee, are also involved. The liabilities are esttmated at between $£ 2,000,000$ and $£ 3,000,000$.

The money market was quiet in the early part of the week, but as soon as the banks and discount houses had convinced themselves that the failure at Glasgow was inevitable, they immediately became more unwilling to lend, and higher rates of discount were immediately charged. The demands upon the Bank of England during the last two daye have been very considerable, and the return made up to Wednesday evening shows changes which have cauted some little excitement. According to the daily returas, the Bank bad gained a sum amounting to $£ 519,000$, but s falling off in the supply of bullion of $£ 76,266$ is apparent, the discrepancy being due to a demand for coin for provincial and Scotch circulation. The circulation of notes has also been augmented by $£ 1,405,570$, while in "other securities" there is an increase of £2,694,920. The demand has, however, been to a large extent precautionary, as there is an increase of $£ 1,851,046$ in "other deposits." For some time to come we must expect the money market to rule firm, not in consequence of any increased demand for money, but because the diminished confiderce which this week's failures have given rise to will make capitalists more reluctant to lend. Ulimately, however, the rates of discount will, in all probabllivy, decliae, as there can be no activity in trado this year, and the demand for money must, therefore, be reduced to very small proportions. The following are the present quotations for money:


The rates of interest allower by the joint-stock benks and discount houses for deposits are suhjoined:
Jnint-stnck banks.
Discount houses at cal
Discount nonses with \% darye notice.
Per cent.

Dlsconnt hauses with is daye notice
Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discaunt, the price of Coasols, the sverage quotation for English wheat, and the Baakers' Clearing House return, compared with the four previous years:

|  | 1977. | 1375. | $18 \% 6$. | 187\%. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bsnk post bill |  | 20, 101,121 |  |  |  |
| Pablic dep | 4,250.5 | 4,742,196 | 8,393,517 | 5,0eth, 591 | 4,5 |
| Uther | 22,380,8 | 23,64T,404 | 27.196,260 | 20,805,934 |  |
| Government | 15,340, | 16.270,782 | 15,712,817 | 15.093,66 | 11,25 |
| Other вecurlies | 19,286.870 | 19,839,910 | 15,906,72) | 19,629,110 | 20,027, |
| Reserve of noter and |  |  | 20,566,672 |  |  |
| Coin and bulion in |  |  |  |  |  |
| both departments ... | 23,633,572 | 26,355,275 | 34,816,417 | 23,431,193 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank-rst |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


There has been scarcely any demand for gold for export, and the bulk of the supply received from Australia and other
countries during she week has boen sent into the Bank. Aithough, however, the Bank had gained a sum amonnting to fill 10,000 , tho withdrawals of coln for the provinces lan diminished the coin reserve beld by the establishmeat. The ailver market has been very dull, and the quotationa have iad a down. ward tendency. The suspension of Messrs. Smitb, Fleming \& Co. has agitated tho Indian exchanges to nome extent, and the indis Councli bills on Wednesday realized only 1s. 798d. the rapee. The following are the current prices of bullion:


Annexed are the current rates of discount at the principal foreign markets :

|  | Bank Open rate. mark't. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paris | ${ }_{2}^{\text {p.c. }}$, p.c. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | St. Petersb |
|  | 34 3403x | Vienna and Trieble... |
| Ampterda | 3x 3x@3\% | Madrid, Cadtz and Bar- |
| Ilerlin. |  |  |
| Hambn | 33/44 | Lesbon and Oporto.... |
| Frankf | $87 \times 41 / 4$ | New York............. |
| Lelpzig | $41 / 24$ | Calcutta.............. |
| Genoa. |  | Copenhagen ............ |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bank Open |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 6 | $8 \times$ |
| 6 |  |
|  |  |
| (0) 4 | ¢ |

Capo of oond Hopo.
Falklaod Iolands....
Bates:
8.89

Total. 87, 3es
Alout 35,000 balea were withdrewn, of which amall purtion was re-offered and sold. The mbles opened with an avrrage atlendance of home and forelgo buyern, add briks competitlon; and prices, compared to last May-June-July cloalng raten, wers 1d. per lb. Ligher for wailied and acoured Aabtralian combing of inerino qually, whlle for other morts there wan no alteration. Caper sold freely at a general advadee of to ld. per ib. With a keen demand from bome buyer, the market day by day luproved, medium marino acoured eventualiy realizing 2d. to 8 d . per lb. adrance, and croasbreds firmly maintaining opening ratea. For about threo weeks there wan alight varlation; but asimmedinte wants of the homo trade becamo supplied, and an Continenial buyera, who from the commencement of the alea bought eparingly, parsued their cautioun and reserved policy, a re-actlon eet in, reanlting in a flat market, a thin attendance, and a genersl decline of 1 d . to 2 d . per lb., fanlty clothing and low crossbreds being difficult of ale even at the greater reduction. The eclection of good stapled merino qualities, free of barr, \&ic., was small, and satiafactory prices were realized throughont. The eupply of crossbreds, especisily of inferlor quality and condition, is evidently becoming excessive, and athe thock of homegrown wool is at present equal to at least two years' production, we do not snticipate any material sdvance on the present low range of prices for some time to come. There was no demand whatever on American sccount ; in fact, several shipmonts of Australian and Cape were sent from there for re-zaie in this market. Towards the close of the anlee reports of a slugglah and decressed state of trade both from home and Continental districts had a depressing effect, and prices for merino quailifes now ahow little, if any, change from the average ratee of last May-June-July aeries, whilo washed and zcunred crossbreds are 1d. to $1 \frac{1}{1} d$. per 1 b ., and greasy 1d. per lb ., lower. It is estimated that 130,000 bsles were taken for export, and that 62,000 bales, including withdrawals, sre held over. T'he fourth serles will probably commence on 10th November, the arrivals to date being 60,000 bales.
There has perhsps been rather more business doing in wheat, but the trade has, nevertheleas, been far from active. Fine English wheat is very scarce, and has commanded rather more money; but there are still libersl supplies of medium to inferior qualities, the quotations for which are very irreguiar. In fact, inferior Englioh wheat has sold as low as 30e., and there is now a difference of se much as 18 s. to 20s. per quarter between the highest and loweat prices. Miliers are not buying in esceas of their actnal wante, and as it is understood that the City of Glas. gow Bank has made heavy advances upon grain, sny hope of improvement woald seem to be impossibie. On the contrary, prices would decline, were it not for the fact that they are now at a low and unremunerative point.

During the week ended Sept. 28, the eales of home-grown Whest in the 100 principal marketa of Eaglaud and Wales smounted to 70,701 quarters, against 63,i43 quarters last jear; and it is estimated that in tho whole Klogdom they were 233,200 qnarters, against 252,600 quarters in the corresponding period in 187\%. Since harveat, viz., since Aug. 24, the deliveries in the 150 principal markets have been 272,699 quarters, agaiuat 225,659 quarters, while in the whole Kingdom it is computed that they have been $1,091,000$ quartera, againat 002,600 quarters last season; showingan incresse of 188,400 quarters. The aver. age price obtained, however, has been only 44s. 1d. per quarter, against 59s., so that this sesson's increased supply has realized only $£ 2,405,000$, while a diminished quantity in 1577 produced £2,662,670. Withont reckcning tho supplies of produce furnished ex.granary at the commencement of the seacon, it is estimated that the following quantlites of wheal and flour have been placed upon the British markets slnce harreat, viz., in alx weeks of the current and previous вeacons:

## Imports of whea

Imports of flom
Saler of home-grown produco.
Tolal.
Exports of wbeat and nour Resnit Aver. prtce of Eng. wheal for acanan $\qquad$
 15.5.
cW.
$7 . \mathrm{S} 10.0$ 8.9 .013 $\begin{array}{r}8,9.048 \\ 3,01,600 \\ \hline 2,481,398\end{array}$ $12,28,3,36$
33,415 The following figures show the imports and exports of cereal produce into and from the United Kingdom since barvent, viz. for the five weeks ended September 2S, compared with the cor responding period in ench of the three previons years:

| trports． |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875 |
| Whert．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．cwt． | 5，311，640 | 4，242，661 | 8，631，812 | 7，810，788 |
| Osta． | －764，412 | 1，472，671 | 1，141，058 | 1，206，333 |
| Pesa | 186，059 | 78.882 | 102，371 | 60，381 |
| Beana | 138，841 | 467.175 | 601，732 | 371，947 |
| Indian Corn | 8，599，837 | 2，74，333 | 5，127，244 | 2，561，001 |
| Flour．． | 686，9：0 | 588，812 | 49，992 | 579，043 |
| ExPORTE． |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．cwt． | 282，810 | 198，135 | 96，430 | 33，955 |
| Barley ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 9，619 | 14，376 | 1，126 | 8.341 |
| Oata | 2．779 | ${ }_{.}^{9.419}$ | 4，675 | 7，897 |
| Peas | 1，59\％ | 2，125 | 439 | ${ }^{922}$ |
| Beans | 527 | 1，170 | 453 | 2，194 |
| Indian Corn ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 85，009 | 18，479 | 72，762 | 6，539 |
| Flour．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10，617 | 4，105 | 6，169 | 2，115 |


|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 91,12 \\ & 90.12 \\ & 60.000 \\ & 6,000 \\ & 19,500 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total for the week（ $\$ 171, \uparrow 12$ sllver，and $\$ 19,500$ gold）$\ldots . . . . . . .$. ．$\$ 191,212$ Erevionaly reported（ $\$ 4,992,772$ ollver，and $\$ 5,771,140$ gold）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．10，663，912 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Same time in |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 1875．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {64，．507，118 }}$ |  |  |
| 43．878，715 |  |  |
| 48，742．140 |  |  |
| 1872．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．60，860，311 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Englinh Markat Reports－Per Cabla．

The dally olosing quotationsin the markets of London and Llver－ pool for the past wesk，as reported by cable，sre snown in the following summsry：
London Money and Stosk Market．－The directors of the Bank of England，at a meeting on Monday，advanced the rate of dis－ connt to 6 per cent，from 5，the previous figure．The ballion in the Bank has decreased $£ 800,000$ during the weak．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { sat. } \\ & \text { Oct. } 12 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mon. } \\ \text { Oct. } 14 . \end{gathered}$ | T＇口e日． Oct． 15. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wed. } \\ & \text { Oct. } 16 . \end{aligned}$ | Thar． Oct． 17. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Frl} . \\ \text { Oct. } 13 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver，per oz．．．．．．d． 51 | 50\％ | $501 / 8$ | 50 | 491／3 | 493 |
| Consols for money．．94 7－16 1＊acconnt．．94 9－18 | $\begin{aligned} & 911 / 6 \\ & 943 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 913 / 8 \\ & 917-16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 941 / 2 \\ & 94 / 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 943-16 \\ & 94 \times 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 94 & 5-16 \\ 94 & 9-16 \end{array}$ |
| U．8．68（5－20s）1867．．．107\％ | 1073 | 1071／4 | 107\％ | 1073 | 107x |
| U．S． $10-408$ ．．．．．．．． 118 | 107\％ | 107\％ | 100\％ | 107\％ | 108 |
| U．S． 68 of 1881．．．．．．107\％ | 107\％ | 107\％ | 21061 | 106\％ | 1061／2 |
| U．S． $4 \times 168$ of 1891．．．．． 105 | 104＊ | 101\％ | 105 | 105 | 105\％ |
| Erie com atock．．．．．． 12 | 111／2 | 113／3 | ＊151／3 | 15\％ | 15 |
| Illinois Central．．．．．． 80 | 79 | 79x | 79 | 79 | 76 |
| N．Y．Central．．．．．．． 9 ¢̈\％ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania．．．．．．．341／\％ | 31 | 31 | 33\％ | 33 | 33 |
| Phila．\＆Readlog ．．．14\％ | 1144 | 14 |  |  |  | after all quotationa will batca thas made．

Liverpool Cotton Maricst．－Nee special report on cotton．
Liverpool Breadstufs Market．－

|  | 5st． | Mon． | Tues． | Wed． | Thor． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flour（extra Slate）．．．． \％fobl $^{\text {b }}$ | 250 | 250 | 246 | 21. | 24.6 | ${ }_{24} 6$ |
| Wheat，oprlag，No． 1 \％\％ 107 tb |  | 96 |  |  | 96 |  |
| do do No．2 Dew ${ }^{16}$ |  |  | 710 | 710 | $\bigcirc 10$ |  |
| do wlater W．new＂ | 8 y | 89 | 88 | 88 | 88 |  |
| do Southern，new．＂ | 90 | 90 | 811 | 811 | 811 | 811 |
| do Av．Cal．white．．＂ | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |  |
| do Cal．clab | 911 | 911 | 911 | 911 | 911 |  |
| Corn，mixed soft，old，\％is qr． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| do prime，new．． | 226 | 22 | 226 | 22 | 226 | 22 |

Liverpool Provisions Market．－

| Bat． | Mon． | Taen． | Wed． | Thar． | Fri， |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pork Western mese s．d． | 9．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | s．d． | －．d． | s．${ }^{\text {d．}}$ | 8．${ }_{0}$ |
| Pork，Western mess．\％bbl． 460 | 450 | 460 | 460 |  |  |
| Bacon，loeg cl＇r，new．\％cwl． 310 | 310 | 310 | 310 | 31 D | $80{ }^{6}$ |
| Bacon，short cl＇r，eew＂ 320 | 320 | 820 |  | 320 | 81 |
|  | 660 | 660 | 660 |  |  |
|  | 860 |  |  |  |  |
| Cheese，Am．cholce．＂ 460 |  | 470 | 470 |  | 470 |

Liverpoot Produce Market．－

|  | Sat． | d |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tallow，prime Clit．． | $\begin{gathered} \text { s. d. } \\ 38 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s. } \\ & 88 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{3 i}{\text { e. }}{ }_{9}^{\mathrm{d}}$ |  |  |  |
| Spirlte tardentine．．．．． | 236 | 236 | 236 |  |  | 23 |
| Rosir，common．．．．．．．＂ | 49 | 49 | 49 | 4 |  |  |
| Rosin，tine | 100 | 100 | 10 0 | 10 | 10 |  |
| Yeirolen a，reaned．．．．\％gat． |  |  |  | 5\％ |  | 83 |
| Petrolenm，spirits．．．．． |  |  |  | 7318 |  |  |

## 

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK．－The ImDorta of last week，compared with those of the preceding week，ghow an incresse in dry goods and a decrease in general merchandise． The total imports were $\$ 5,704,676$ ，agsinst $\$ 7,194,502$ the pre－ ceding week and $\$ 5,650,380$ two weeiss previous．The exports for the week ended Oct． 15 amounted to $\$ 6,858,904$ ，against $\$ 7,183,567$ last week and $87,064,816$ the previoua week．The following are the lmporta at Now York tor week ending（for dry gooda）Oct． 10 and for the week ending（for general merchandise）Oct．11：

FO\＆EIGN IMPORTS $\triangle T$ NEW YORE FOR THE WEEK
Dry goode．
Dry goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Total for the wee Previonsly reported．

Since Jan． 1
$\begin{array}{cccc}\mathbf{1 2 7 3}, 941,593 & \$ 231,180,077 & 860,818,584 & 8227,613.058\end{array}$ of dry goods for nne week later

The following is a atatement of the exports（excluslve of specle） from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week eading Oct．15：
exports from new york foa the week．
 Previonely reported．．．．191，847，115 202，914， $181 \quad 215,934,795$

Since Jan．1．．．．．．．．8198，721，522 8203，917，999 $8221,876,883 \quad 8275,485,876$ Thefollowing will show the exports ot apecie from the port of New York for the week endlng Oct．12， 1678 ，and also a com． parison of the total since Jan．1，1878，with the corresponding totals for several previous yeara

## been as follows


$\mathbf{1} 154,043$
$5,442,758$
Total for the week（ $\$ 130,985$ sllver，and $\$ 23,051$ gold
 Bame t1me 1 n －
$\$ 12,363,939$
$6,538,496$
$10.455,889$
5,101791

Same trmelu－
871．．．．．．．．．．． $85,319,293$
$8,493,710$
$14 . \pi 77.936$
$6,037.029$
$2,710.886$
$8,392,218$
The transactions for the week at the Sub－Treasury have been as follows：

 Balance，Oct．11．．．．．．．．．125，656，779 86 44，593，125 32 Bulance，Oct．18．．．．．．．．．．120，355，243 92 45，296，170 09

Purchase of Silyer Bullion by the U．S．Treasury．－ Wasifington，Oct．17．－The followlag order was iasued by Sec． relary Sherman today in regard to the purchase of ailver bal－ lion：

Treabury Department．Oct． 17.
Notlce is hereby given that bids for the sale of siver bulinoa in ints of not leas than 10,000 ounces，and ita delivery free of expenae to the fovernment a tha mlnts at Phlludelphia，San Franclaco，and Carson，reapectively，will be rechresacd to the Director of the Mint，Ireasory Depqrtmenl．Washington D．C．，and will state the quinlity offered in fine onnces and the price pe ounce fine，paysble tu standard rilver dollars，Bidders whoae oflers may he accepted，elther ss to the whole amount offered or any psrt thereof，will be notified by telegrsph on the esma day
Until farther notice，the amonnt to he purchased weekly will be about 45,600 fine ounces，and the first day for recelviag hidg will he Wednesday，the 23 e from the date of acceptapce of their offer．Whare the hallion purchised is of a chs racter to require psiting or refiniog，the ususi mint charges＇or those operations will be paid by the seller．Where the bars offered bear the stamp of well－known private rellnera or assayera，the Superiotendent of the Mint a which the hnllion is delivered will be instracted to payst his discretion，and pendlog melt and asaay，日uch approzimate valus as he may regarisafe and proper．
The right to reject all bids or any portion thereof，If they sbonld not appeas any portion of amounta offered tnatead of the whole．
－Attention is called to the notice of the Tressurer of the New York Elevated Railrosd Company，Mr．James A．Cowing，calling for sealed propossals for certain atock and bonds of that compsny Such proposals will be received for 6，750 ghares of atock and $\$ 675,000$ of the first mortgage buadg of the company，or any part thereof，uatil Monday，October 28th instant．This compauy，for some time past under the direction of Mr．Cyrus W．Field as its preaident，has become one of the promlnent corporations of the day．It hss a line of Elevated Railrosd in auccessful operation oo both sides of the city，and was the first to give s prscticsl golution to the great problem of rapid transit in New York． The company has built with economy at a most favorable period， when iron was at the lowest point，and ils capltal account is believed to be fully represented in the property now owned by it．
－The business men of New York will notice with satisfaction the nomination of Mr．L．P．Morton for Congress in the tenth district of this city．Mr．Morton，long knowa as among our most prominent bankers，is a fair representative of the best class of business men，and as guch he will command votes from those who deslre to see men of this gort in Congreas，without regard to political distinctions．
－Littell＇s Living Age，in its issue for the week ending October 10th，begins the pubiication，from the author＇s advance aheets， of a new gerial story by George MacDonald．The new atory is entitled＂Sir Gibbie，＂sad prom＇ges to be one of much interest．
－The Nevada Bank，of San Francisco，increases its gurplus （from $\$ 3,000,000$ ）to $\$ 3,500,000$ ．Comment on these figures is unnecessary．

## 'the ilianlicts' (bazette.

No Natlomal lanks organized durlag the pat week.


TRIDAX, OCR. 18, 1878-5 I. M.
The Money Markot and Finminclal sitantion.-The week has beca one of considerable excltoment in finnncial circles. On Saturdny, the 12th lnst., came from London the news of the fallare of the important firm of lleugh, Balfour \& Co, in the Mina chester nad Linst Indin trade, with linbilities approximating $\$ 10,000,000$. On Monday thore was a continucd declino in our stock market, owing to the pressure in gold rud inoney, until afternoon, when the report that Secretary Shernan would put ont gold freely in payment for cnlled bonds gave a sudden tura to the minket, and caused a sharp reaction in prices, amounting in some instances to 3 or 4 per cent.
In I.ondon, the Bank of Eigland directors made an advance of 1 per cent in the discount rate, at a special meeting held on Monday, thus placing the nomial rate at $C$ per cent, althougls the actual terms made on some transactions are reported to havo ween much higher. The press dispntches from London, as well as private reports by cable, have been very unsatisfnctory as to the tone there prevalent in regard to financial affairs. It was regarded ns nn encouraging feature that the Bank mado no further change in its disconat rate on Thursday, although the loss of bullion for the week was $£ 800,000$, and the percentage of reserve to linbilities was down to $27 \frac{5}{8}$ per cent, agninst $33 \frac{8}{8}$ per cent last week. The Bank of France lost $29,200,000$ francs in the week and raised the price of eagles from it per mille promium to $2 \frac{1}{2}$. The specie which went out of the Bank of England has undoubtedly gone for the most part into other banks throughout the kingdom, and was not withdrawn for export. To-dny, the remarkable statement is cabled, (but not fully credited by bnakers leero), that the Bank of France has offered to loan the Bank of England £6,000,000 in specie, and there is an ensier feeling in consequence. Among the bankers here who have elose business relations with London, the opinion is expressed that the situation in that city is somewhat critical, and that the serious nature of the crisis has hardly been exaggerated in the cable dispatches. The loss of specie by the Bank and the reduction of its reserves to a very low point, have taken place before the present cotton crop has more than legun to move, and as the cotton shipments form a large proportion in value of the total exports from the United Sintes, there is considerable apprehension as to the future drain in specie towards this country, since the supply of United States bonds to send back lans so largely diminished. The advocntes of silver clnim that England will bring trouble upon herself by adherence to the single gold standard, and that she will find the scarcity of gold so great a difficulty that a bi-metallic currency on an interchangeable basis among lending commercial nations, will presently find more advocates among the English. Upon this point we give no opinion, but mention the fact as one of the topics disenssed by the parties referred to.
In our local money market rates have varicd, with a genernl tendency towards firmer prices. On govermment collnternls 4@5 per cent is paid for call money, anl on stock collaterals rates vary from 5 to 7. l'rime commercial paper is in demind at 53@6 per cent, but holders of choice paper will not sell at that figure, and so business is slow.

The Inst stateanent of the New York City Clearing House banks, Lssued Oct. 12, showed a decrense of $\$ 3,004,450$ in the excess abave their 25 per cent lognl reserve, the whole of such excess being $\$ 3,531,600$, against $\$ 7,436,050$ the previous week.
The following tnble shows the clianges from the previous week and a compnrison with the two preceding years.

|  | $1878 .$ <br> Oet. 12. | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Differ"nces ir'm } \\ \text { prevtous week. } \end{array}\right\|$ | 1877. Oct. 13. | $1876 .$ Oct. 1.1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lonnsaut dis. | \$2.48,63.1.300 | Inc. $\$ 752,400$ | \$238,220,600 | \$262,704,300 |
| Specle ....... | 13,991.100 | 10c. 3,608,600 | 17,090,300 | 18,3.17,300 |
| Not (19joxite | 210,041,200 | 1new. $4,0019,600$ | 197,171,600 | 221,025,000 |
| Legal teuters. | 42,050,500 | Dee. 1,311,400 | 40,316,800 | 50,669,500 |

Unlicd statem Bonds.-The market for governments has been unsettled by the events of the week nbovo referred to. l'rices to-day are pretty firmly held under the improved aspect of affairs. The amount of boads sold here for London account is estimated at about $\$ 1,500,000$. On the 16 th inst. the Secretary of the Trensury issucd the following order to Trensurer Gilfillan: "You are anthorized, until otherwise directed, to pay any outstanding called bonds received from this office at nny time before tho maturity of the call, with interest accruing thereen to and incladiag the date of presentation."

| Closing pricon at the N. Y. Hoard have been an follown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { laterval } \\ \text { l'reriont } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ont. } \\ & 1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oet. } \\ & 14 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1 \mathrm{~S} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oot. } \\ & 10 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ONt} \\ 17 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oet. } \\ & 19 . \end{aligned}$ |
| 69, 1881 | , |  | $1078_{6}$ | 10 |  |  |  |
|  | J. Ac J. | 10724 | 10.8 | 10 | 10 | \% |  |
| 6n, 5 -20m, 1 ctis. . Cous. | J. | 10:14 | 1094 | 10 | -102\% | 1024 |  |
| 68, 5 -408, 1867...res. | I. de J. | 1053 | $10.5=$ | 10 23 | - 105 | 1082 | 1009 |
| 6a, 5-00s, 1817 . con | J. de J. | -10. | -103 | 1031 s | -10318 | 1053 |  |
| 68, 0 -0s, 1868 | < J. | 1074 | 10734 | -1074 | -107 | 1071 |  |
| 58, 10-209,1868 .coul. | d | 1074 | 10719 | -1072y | -1073 | 117 | 1 |
| 5s, 10-108.......reg. | 3. | -100 | 109 | 10.7 ${ }^{1}$ | -105 |  | 103 |
| bs, funt., 1891...reg. | 9-Fels. | -1012 | 1017 | 1014 | 101 | 1014 | 1014 |
| ${ }^{3} \mathrm{~A}$, fund. 1881 ..conp. |  | 1052 | $103{ }^{\text {L }}$ | 10:\% ${ }^{1}$ | $10.2{ }^{2}$ | 1051 | $10.8{ }^{3}$ |
|  |  |  | -103 | 10: | 10:149 | $1031{ }^{10}$ | $103 \%$ 1031 |
| 48, 1007 |  | ${ }^{0} \mathrm{OH}^{7} 7^{8}$ | (11)7 | -09\% |  | ${ }^{-919} 7^{4}$ | 100 |
| 49, 1007 |  | $19^{7} 8$ | 1997 | ${ }^{1} 1193{ }_{2}$ | -097 | 997 |  |
| 95-94. | . | -1104 | 110'8 | 110 m |  | -119 | 11912 |

This is the price bid; no arle was mate nt the livara.
The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1878, and the nmount of each class of bonds outstanding Oct. 1, 1878, were as follown:

|  | Innge simen Jan. 1, 1878. |  | Amount Oct. 1. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lowest. | Illgherst. | Reglatered. | Coupon |
| 4s, $1881 \ldots$ | 1052 JPeb 25 | $110{ }^{\text {a }}$ June 27 | 197.007,150 | 4.3 |
| 6n, 5-20s, $65 . \mathrm{cp}$. | 1023.4 July 22 | 10.51 g Jume ${ }^{\text {n }}$ | 4.1.4.30,400 |  |
|  | 1033 Ang. 12 | $111{ }^{1088}$ June June 29 | 110,071,50\% | 200 |
| 58, 10-408...ci. | $103^{78}$ M ch | 100338 July | 14.1:280,800 | 50,2 |
| 58, rund., '81.cp. | 1027 1\%b. 2. | 10778 July 30 | 2335060.400 | 273 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \operatorname{lgs}, 1891 . . .1 . \\ & 48,1007 \ldots . . .1 . \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{102}{ }^{\text {a }}$ Ang. 17 | 159,840,750 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{~A}, 1007 \text {..... } \\ & 6 A, \text {, eur'ncy .r } \end{aligned}$ | 1174 Apr. |  | 10:,209,1500 | 48,200,4 |

Closing prices of securitics in London have been as follows:


State and Maliroad 3soads.-The business in State bonds is at a minimum. Louisinna consols sold hero to-day at 74 ; in New Orlenns the demand is slack, as might be expected at thifs season. From South Carolina a decision is expected at any time from tho Court of Clnims.
Rnilrond bonds show rather less business, owing to tho unget tled condition of stocks and the monoy market, but prices of bonds are quite firmly held.
Messrs. М. H. Muller \& Son seld the following at auction:
569 Greenwich Ins. Co. 251 D256 8 N. Y. Fire Ins. Co
84 City Firo
12 Aleer 1.rus. Co........... 110
12 Alser. 1xch. Fire Ins
20 N. Y. Bowery Fire Ius ${ }^{7} 5^{7}$ Breenk of America
$35 \mathrm{Gr} \mathrm{Y}^{3}$. 20 Pre. Lqutablo Ins. Co $\cdots 195^{2}$ 20 N. Y. Gitic Ins. Co. 50 Maniatang (aralighi
50 Manhattaut (ranlighi Co... 151
15 Contincntal Ins. Co...... 170
Closing prices of leading State and Rnilroad Bonds for two weeks past, and the range since Jan. 1, 1878, have been as follows:

| States. | Oct.11. | - Oct. | Range since Jnn. 1, 1878. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Lowest. | Higheat. |
| Loulstana | 75 | 7378 |  |  |
| Missourl ${ }^{\text {ces }}$ '89 |  |  | $102{ }^{1 / 2}$ A119. 23 | 104 June 22 |
| North Cirmina 6 |  | ${ }^{16}$ | ${ }_{31}{ }^{\text {a }}$ Mech. 29 | ${ }^{18} 8{ }^{18}$ May 25 |
| Tenucssce 6s, ot |  | , 3 | 9 |  |
| to do 20 ser | *30 |  | 29 July 31 | 31 Soptio |
| st. of Cotnmbla, 3 P.65s | 77 | -7628 | 7.1 Apr. 12 |  |
| Central of N. J. 1 st consel |  |  | 4 |  |
| Central ${ }^{\text {ractito }} 18 \mathrm{st}$, $68, \mathrm{go}$ | 1009 | 1069 | $1030^{8}$ Jun. 15 | 0858 Jmie 28 |
| Chio. Buthe \& Q. conso | 11.4 |  | 109 Jan. ${ }^{2}$ | 144 OOL 8 |
| Chlo. \& Northwest. che, gul | $10{ }^{12} \mathrm{~L}_{2}$ | 10124 | 9178 Jan. 11 | 10.44 May 31 |
| Chlc. M.\& St. P' eons. 8. f. $78 .$. | ${ }^{1095}$ | 10018 | ${ }_{106} 9^{4} \mathrm{Jan}$ Jan. | 1020 June ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Erlo 1st, $\mathrm{F}_{8}$, cxteuted |  |  | 110 Jnn. 7 | 1164 Jitly 8 |
| Lakos. © M. S. 1 st cons | +112 | -114 | 109 Jan. 10 | 11.1 Sept. 26 |
| Milehtran Central cona |  | 113 | $10.328 \mathrm{Jnn}$. | 11.1 Oct |
| Morria \& Essex 1st 18 | ${ }^{-1194}$ | ${ }^{120} 1148$ | $117 L^{2}$ Sept. 10 | 121 Oct ${ }^{81}$ |
| N. Y. Cent. ©e linut 1 1st. |  | ${ }_{101} 1$ |  | ${ }_{103}$ Oct 10 |
| Pits. Ft. Whyne de Clue. | 20 | 122 | 119 Fob. 8 |  |
| louis \& Iton Mt. | 1051 | -10.5 4 | O2to rept. | 10938 May 24 |
| don Patife |  |  | 038 | 10438 June 28 |
| do sinking fund | 1004 | 99\% | 9238 Mefl. 6 | 1034.5 Juy |

## Thita ta the price btd: no

Rallroad and Miscellancoun stockn. The stock market has been subject to considerable fluctuations, and there has been a tolerably active business on specalative transactions. On Monday there was severe depresslon, in conseqnence of the pressure in gold and money, but immediately upon the announcement that the Treasury would make gold easy by paying for called bonds on demand, prices went op with a bound, and the recovery in the last hour of business anounted, In some cases, to nearly 4 per last hour of business anounted, in some cases, the feverish, and prices have fluctuated from day to day, according to the inflaences of the moment, and to-day elosed sironger, In symphthy with what was considered a better report from London. If may falrly be naticipated that money will rule at 5 to 7 per cent during the next two months, even if there should be no great stringency in money, and this fact, together with the ansettled condition of affairs abroad, and the lower prices of agricultural products, which may affect the rates of rallroad frelghts, are present influences against higher prices.

|  | Saturday， Uct．12． | Monday， Ock．14． | Tuesday， Oct． 15. | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Wedn'gd'y } \\ \text { Oct.18. } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Thurbday， Uct． $17^{\circ}$ | Friday， Oct．：8． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chic． | 10 | $\begin{array}{cc} 31 & 834 \\ 10 y & 109 \end{array}$ | $1043$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} 313 / 8 & 395 / 8 \\ 109 & 109 \end{array}\right\|$ | $10961096$ |
| Calc．Bor． <br> C．M11．\＆St | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2914290 |
| do pr | 64 618 | ${ }^{64} 80$ |  |  | 84\％ 3940 |  |
| Chic．\＆Nort |  | $71 \%$ | 70 | 71 |  |  |
| K． | 113\％\％ 1 | 1121.114 | 114 | 119114 | 11436 | 11：1／31135 |
| el．H．Cana | 1 | 453 |  | 4534 |  |  |
| Del．Lack，\＆ | 52 | 44， 51 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 504 \\ & 1098 \\ & 1118 \end{aligned}$ | 103\％${ }^{503}$ |  |
| nn．${ }^{\text {a }}$ St． | 1464 $143 /$ | 1230 14. | 14\％ 14.4 | $14{ }^{-1}$ | 14.14 | 14. |
| do pre | 37 38 | 3893 | ${ }_{\sim}^{88}$ | 38 | ＊37 3816 | 874 37 |
| lioots Cent． | Ti4 78 | 761677 | 7778 | 763 76 |  |  |
| Lake shore | ${ }^{85 \%} 8178$ | $\begin{array}{lll}643 \\ 85 & 68\end{array}$ | 8698 88 88 | ${ }^{87 \%}$ | 67\％ |  |
| Michigan Cent | 8114 8314 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N．Y．C． | 1211412 | 11013111 | 11191113 | 111811 | 1109110 | 7 |
| Ohio \＆M188 | $7 \times 15$ | 71.7 |  | 73／8 738 | 15 | 73 |
| Pacifac Mall |  |  | 16 | 125 | 159157 | －122 123 |
| Paname | 12 |  |  | 18388 |  | 18398191 |
| Unlor Pacific． | 6686 | 60 661 | 68 6618 | $66^{6}$ | ${ }^{66} 6$ | $6^{65} 66$ |
| West．Un．Tel | $90{ }^{91}$ | 90\％\％ | ＊104 0196 |  |  |  |
| Adams Exp：．． | 107\％ $0^{\circ}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{*} 10$ | －071 48.188 | ＋073／108 | 108\％ 48 |
| United State | －48＊＊ 50 | －4＊3 49 | $44^{49}$ | ${ }^{481} 494$ | ＊48 49 |  |
| Wells，Far | $97 \quad 97$ | 95 | 97 | ${ }^{95}$ | 9．3 959 |  |
| Quickellver | $13$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 125 & 18 \\ 325 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{cases}1236 & 13 \\ 30 & 34 \\ \hline\end{cases}$ |  |

Total sales this week and the range in prices since Jan．1，187\％， were as follows：

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Sales of Week． 8hares．} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Jan．1，1878，to date．} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Whole year } \\
187 \% \text {. } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$} <br>
\hline \& \& Lowe \& \& Highest． \& Low． \& High． <br>
\hline Central of N．J \& 12，851 \& 132 Ja \& ． \& 4514 July 11 \& ， \& <br>
\hline Chlo．Burl．\＆Quiney． \& 1，160 \& ${ }^{9} 914 \mathrm{Fe}$ \& elo． 28 \& 11484 July 15 \& 94 \& $18^{7} 8$ <br>
\hline Chic．Mil．\＆St．P．．． \& 47，097 \& 2712 Se \& pt． 2 \& $54^{4} 8 \mathrm{July} 8$ \& 11 \& $42{ }^{18}$ <br>
\hline do do pref． \& 32，180 \& 6.4 \& ct． 14 \& 8434 July 9 \& $40^{7} 8$ \& $73{ }^{3} 4$ <br>
\hline Chicago \＆Northw．． \& 171，835 \& ${ }^{32}{ }^{12} 2{ }_{2}$ \& ug． 10 \& $55^{1} 4$ Apr． 17 \& ${ }^{15}{ }^{1} 3_{4}$ \& 4378 <br>
\hline Chic．Rock do sl．\＆Pac． \& 124,365
2,515 \& 593
9838

983 \& （1）． 15 \& $119{ }^{2}$ June 7 \& 82 ${ }^{3}$ \& 10512 <br>
\hline Del．© Hudsun Canal \& 10，5022 \& 44 O \& ct． 18 \& $597^{2}$ July 10 \& ${ }_{25}{ }_{2}$ \& $7{ }^{12}$ <br>
\hline Del．Lamk．\＆Western \& 211，940 \& $49^{3} 381$ \& ch． 5 \& 6173 July 10 \& $30^{7} 8$ \& 77 <br>
\hline Erio． \& 32，530 \& 758 \& 12． 5 \& 1831 July 31 \& $4^{58}$ \& 15 <br>
\hline Ifannlbai \＆St．Ju \& 2，345 \& 10 Fe \& cb． 28 \& $16^{2} 4$ Sept． 5 \& 7 \& $1{ }^{1} 7$ <br>
\hline do do pre \& 3，200 \& 2158 \& cb． 28 \& 40 beplt． 5 \& 17 \& ${ }_{79} 3^{7}$ <br>
\hline Inlinois Centrial．．．．．． \& 3，140 \& 7238 Fe \& ob． 14 \& 87 July 11 \& $40^{1}{ }^{2}$ \& <br>
\hline Lake 8hor \& 180，575 \& $55^{7} \mathrm{~B}$ J \& une 29 \& 70 Oct． 9 \& 45 \& 7338 <br>
\hline Miehigan Cen \& 12，416 \& 5312 \& au．${ }^{\text {cl }}$ \& 7258 A 1 r． 18 \& 3558 \& $7{ }^{7}{ }^{1}{ }_{4}$ <br>

\hline Morria \＆Essex ．．．．．． \& 11，311 \& 673y Fe \& eb． 28 \& 89 June 10 \& $55^{14}$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
924_{3} \\
1092_{4}
\end{gathered}
$$ <br>

\hline N．Y．Cent．© llud．R． \& 5，731 \& $1033_{4} \mathrm{Fe}$ \& eb． 11 \& 115 Sept． 5 \& $85^{14} 4$ \& 10944 <br>
\hline Ohln \＆Mississi］ \& 5,925
4,000 \& 631
1458
145 \& ane 29 \& 1114 Apr． 15 \& $1{ }^{21} 1_{2}^{2}$ \& ［113 ${ }^{1}$ <br>
\hline Pacitio Mai \& 4,000

315 \& $112{ }^{1}{ }^{5} 8 \mathrm{JV}$ \& une 21 \& | 2378 |
| :---: |
| 131 |
| Feb． |
| Feb． |
| 16 | \& ${ }^{12} 0^{7} 8$ \& ${ }_{130}{ }^{21}{ }^{1}$ <br>

\hline Panama \& 30，550 \& 11212 Ja \& an．${ }^{5}$ \& 131 Feb． 25 \& \& 130 <br>
\hline Unlon Pacitic \& 9，029 \& 6114 \& uly 31 \& 73 Mch． 20 \& 593 \& 73 <br>
\hline Western Union Tel． \& 181，675 \& 7514 \& el． 13 \& 9738 Sapt． 30 \& 56 \& $81^{55}$ <br>
\hline Adams Express \& 50 \& 93 J2 \& au． 8 \& 10812 Oet． 10 \& 91 \& 105 <br>
\hline Ameriean Express \& 365 \& 46 A \& ug．${ }^{2}$ \& $52 L^{2}$ May 8 \& $43{ }^{1} 4$ \& 6044 <br>
\hline Uulted 8 tates Exp． \& 57 \& 44 A \& 1 g ． \& 513 Febs 25 \& 36 \& 593 <br>
\hline Wells，Fargo d C \& 383 \& $881^{1}$ ¢ \& an． 7 \& 97 Oct． 9 \& 81 \& 90 <br>
\hline Quicksilver． \& 200 \& 12. \& ug． 21 \& $19^{31}$ Febl 25 \& 13 \& ， <br>
\hline do \& 100 \& $29^{3} 4 \mathrm{Fe}$ \& \& 37 Juno 15 \& $19^{7} 8$ \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Total anles of the week in leading stocks were as follows：} <br>

\hline St． Paul． \& St. Paul \& North－ west． \& rthw pref． \& Del．L．West．Un \& \& | Lake |
| :--- |
| Shorc． | <br>

\hline Oet． $12 \ldots$. \& 3，110 \& 27，125 \& 21，600 \& 0 31，600 1 \& \& 34，575 <br>
\hline ＊14．．．．15，050 \& 16，450 \& 41，950 \& 35，420 \& ）51，540 57 \& \& 60，195 <br>
\hline ＊15．．．．4，7う0 \& 3，510 \& 45，005 \& 2：3，445 \& 5．17，300 22， \& 125 \& 21，005 <br>
\hline ＊ $16 \ldots$ ． 5,250 \& 1，200 \& 19，400 \& 11，100 \& 0 22，000 24， \& \& 23，400 <br>
\hline ＊ $17 \ldots$ ．．． 5,250 \& 3，600 \& 13，855 \& 10，200 \& 0 35，900 31 \& 10 \& 14.150 <br>
\hline ＊18．．．．7，075 \& 4，310 \& 24，500 \& 22，300 \& 0 53，600 2 \& 75 \& 27，250 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{c|c}
\text { Total } & 47,097 \\
\text { Whole stock } & 154,042
\end{array}
$$} \& 32，180 \& 171，835 \& 124，365 \& 5 211，940 181 \& 6.518 \& 80．575 <br>

\hline \& 122．79．4 \& 149，888 \& 215，256 \& $6524,000350,0$ \& $685 / 18$ \& 94，665 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total number of shares of stock outstauding is given in the last line for the purpose of comparison．

The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan． 1 to latest dates are given below．The statement includes the gross earn－ ings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained．The columns under the heading＂Jan． 1 to latest date＂furnish the gross earnings from Jan． 1 to，and including，the period men－ tioned in the sccond column．


Weatest en Mo． 1878 ．ported． 1877
 $\begin{array}{llrrrr}\text { St．L．K．C．d No．1st wk Oet．} & 71,779 & 77,334 & 2,450,458 & 2,306,244 \\ \text { St．L．© } 8 . \text { E．\｛St．L．j31 wk Sept } & 17,156 & 14,958 & 453,893 & 426,559\end{array}$ St．

 $\begin{array}{llrrrr}\text { Tol．Pemrin \＆War．} 18 t \mathrm{FKOct} & 28,103 & 30,005 & 989,373 & 840,732\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Union Paciflo．．．．．September } 1,163,426 & 1,035,232 & 9,0,12,600 & 9,073,669 \\ \text { Wabash．．．．．．．．．2d wk Oet．} 105,157 & 117,328 & 3,919,579 & 3.572,587\end{array}$ ＊Traffe during August，1878，was almost entirely suspended，owing to
The Gold Market．－The speculation in gold was suddenly let down by the dotermination of Secretary Sherman to pay called bonds as presented．＇To－day，gold opened at $100 \frac{5}{8}$ ，deelined to $100 \frac{1}{2}$ ， and so closed．The carrying rates were $\frac{1}{8}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent．Loans
were also made flat．Silver is quoted in London at $49 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} d . ~ p e r ~ o z, ~}$ The range of gold，and clearings and baiances were as follows：

|  |  | Quotations． |  |  |  | Gold Clearings． | Balances． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Oper | Low． | High | Clos． |  | Gold． | Currency， |
| Oct． | 12. | 1014 | 101 | $1013_{8}$ | 101 | \＄36，522，000 | \＄1，939，759 | 82，271，103 |
|  | $14 .$. | 10114 | $1003_{4}$ | 10138 | 1003 | 32，171，000 | 1，980，900 | 2，015，041 |
| ＂ | $15 .$. | $100^{5}$ | $1003_{2}$ | 10058 | $100 L_{2}$ | 2．291，000 | 1，559，632 | 1，579，133 |
| ＂ | 16．． | 10012 | $100{ }_{2}$ | 10058 | $100{ }^{5} 8$ | $21,617,000$ | 2，410，135 | 2，598，299 |
| ＂ | 17．． | 10012 | $100{ }^{2}$ | $100{ }^{5}$ | $1005_{8}$ | 12，557，000 | 1，946，442 | 1，964，096 |
|  | 18．． | $100^{5} 8$ | $100^{12}$ | $100^{5} 8$ | $100{ }_{2}$ | 10，665，000 | 1，258，500 | 1，267，047 |
| Th1 | reek | 1014 | $1001_{2}$ | 10138 | 10012 | 137，823，000 |  |  |
| Pre | w＇k | 1002 | $100{ }^{2}$ | 10148 | $1011{ }_{8}$ | \＄100，930，000 | \＄79 4，900 | $\$ 96 \cdot 2,390$ |

The following are quotations in gold for various colns

| （2） |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Napoleons．．．．．．．． 383 ¢ 387 Silve |  |  |
| X X Relehmarks 475 － 480 |  |  |
| 90 － 410 Nex | Mexican dollars．．－ 85 ¢－ 86 |  |
| Fng | English silver．．．． 475 ＠ 485 |  |
|  | Prus．silv，thaters．－ 68 －－ 0 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | New silver dollars－9978－1ar |  |
|  |  |  |
| l＇rices recovered some－ |  |  |
| what from the extreme decline of last week，and for prime |  |  |
| bankors＇sterling bills the quotation to－day was made $4 \cdot 80$ for |  |  |
| 60 days，and 4.86 for demand，with actual transactions done at $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |
| to 1 point lower． |  |  |
| In domestic bills the following were rates on Now York at the |  |  |
| undermeationcd cities to－day：Charleston，easier，buying $\ddagger$（14） |  |  |
| 0．16 discount selling 1－16＠par；New Orleans，commercinl $\frac{8}{5}$ dis． |  |  |
| count，bank $1 @ t$ discount；St．Louis， 75 discount；Chicago， 50 preuium ；and Boston，12＠20c．per 1，000 discount． <br> Quotations for foreign exclange are as follows： |  |  |
| Ост． 18. | 60 diaye． |  |
|  |  |  |
| Goorl bankers＇and | 4.79 \％ $4.791_{2}$ |  |
| Good comınercial． | $4.771_{2} 64.781_{2}$ | $4.93{ }^{1}$ |
| Documentar | 4.77 ¢ 4.78 |  |
| Paris（franc |  | $5.217_{8} 85.19$ |
| Antwerp（ | .243855 .2178 | 5.2178 ล）． 19 |
| Swiss（franc | －43805．217 | ${ }^{5.210}$ |
| Amsterda |  |  |
| llamburg（rejchn | $433_{1} 0.4$ |  |
| Frankfort（rsleht | $\begin{array}{ll} 9337 \\ 933 & 94 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 9.1580 & 91 \\ 91580 & 118 \end{array}$ |
| remen（relchmark | $\begin{array}{lll}933 \\ 93 & 91 \\ 93 & 91\end{array}$ | $91880$ |
| Berlin（reichmarcks） | － |  | Berlin（reichmarcks）

re the totals of the Boston banks for a series of wesks past．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18y 27. | 123， 932,500 | 3，959，300 | 4，260，200 | 48，893，500 | 25，3\％3，100 | 8\％，395．431 |
| ave 3. | 123，978，200 | 8，418，600 | 5，20 1,00 | 50，145，800 |  |  |
| Jupe 10. | 125，010，400 | צ，211，800 | 5，750，100 | 51， 1775,400 | 25，591， 200 | 42，181，604 |
| une 17． | 125，754，700 | 2．890，300 | 6， 214,200 | 51，5i2，90 | 25，527，600 | $40.871,375$ |
| June 24. | 127，030，700 | 2，677，400 | 6，681．800 | 52，156，100 | 25，3\％2，700 | －1 |
| 号 1. | 128．621， 601 | 2． 633,500 |  | 52， 175300 | 25， |  |
| uly 8. | 12．），849，000 | 2，451，900 | 5．917，800 | 53，25！，000 | 25，361，400 | 51，513．489 |
| oly 15. | 130，70，, 900 | 3，488，040 | 5，466，400 | 52，285，800 | 25．333，200 | 47，131， 515 |
| July 22. | 131，136，200 | 3，3：3，400 | 5，282，600 | 2，040．600 | 25．297．600 | 43，821，118 |
| uly 29. | 130，4，53，600 | 3，011，200 | 5，511，400 | 0 | 2う，045，500 | 3．141， $8: 9$ |
| ug． 5. | 131，387，300 | 2，941，200 |  | 51，906， 000 | 25，143， 410 |  |
| 1 y ． 12. | 181，816．000 | 3，008．390 | 5.344 .800 | ， | 2，083，200 |  |
| Aug． 19. | 131，972，909 | 2，833，800 | 5，626，401 | 0，948， 100 | 25，125， 200 |  |
| Aug． 6. | 131，615，700 | 2，768，100 | 5．6\％\％，310 | 51，969，100 | 25，0 0，400 | 33, |
| ept． 2. | 132，125，900 | 2，781，600 | 5，802，300 | 51．901，560 | 25，008．200 | 81，659，（113， |
| Sept． 9. | 131，595，00 | 3，010，000 | 5，613，700 | 52，390，800 | 25，2＞1，000 |  |
| Sept． 18. | 130，711，000 | 3，022，600 | 5，548，200 | 5：，0：30．\％00 | 23，441，100 | ，1 |
| Sept． 23. | 131，14 4,300 | $3,022,100$ | $56.54,400$ | 53，081，500 | 25， $466,10 \mathrm{~J}$ | 42．613，33！ |
| Scpt． 80. | 130．759，400 | 3，017，600 | 6，056，900 | 53．434．：00 | 25，42\％，000 |  |
| Oct． 7. | 1\％0，104，400 | 3，321，2010 | 6，135， 100 | 53，233，540 | 25，50， 500 |  |
| ct． 14. | 128，971，100 | 2，963，100 | 6， 020000 | 53，866，100 | 25 |  |
| － | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| are as follows： |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Loans． |  |  |  |  |  |
| ay 27. | 57，106， | 2，002，175 | 12，231，928 | 43，830，403 | 11，089 | 0．126，223 |
| ne 3. | 57，141，428 | 1，957．813 | 12，\％23．700 | 44，901，509 | 11，069，120 | 6， 500,6006 |
| June 10. | 57，380， 187 | 1，918，551 | 12，777，65： | 44，814，241 | 11，070，141 | 83．（0）2， 223 |
| ne 17. | 53，510，32． | 1，810，592 | 12．674，595 | 41，900，053 | 11，019，673 |  |
| June 24. | 57，104，069 | 1，749，535 | 13，165，808 | 44，408，901 | 11，900，479 |  |
| July 1. | 66，906 | 1，89x， 95 | 12，72గ． 631 | 45，647，430 | 11，001，130 |  |
| ly 8. | 51．417．581 | 2，165，605 | 13，617，563 | 45，931，742 | 11．055． 863 |  |
| Iuly 15. | 57，540，3：36 | 2，131，：77 | 13，600，493 | 46，419，105 | 11，075，562 | $\begin{array}{r} 32,262,551 \\ 0,+192,010 \end{array}$ |
| July 21. | 5\％，701，352 | 2，088，968 | 13．413，017 | $44,0 \times 2,238$ | 11，118，080 | 21， 830.509. |
| July 29. | 5i， 582,408 | 2，122，959 | 13．7511，039 | 46，127，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11，181，381 |  |
| Aug． 5. | 57，836，672 | 2，284，460 | 13， 209,6 | 46． $02 \pm, 67$ | 11，136．613 |  |
| Ang． 12. | 57，3：14， | 2．312，437 | 12，481，151 | 45，561， 283 | 11，158，5 ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| Aug． 19. | $37.506{ }^{\text {\％}} 45$ | 2，236．021 | 13，610，305 | 45，75\％ 350 | 11．161， 189 | 2， 200,163 |
| Ang．2\％， | 57，450，042 | 2，183，120 | 18，452，893 | 45，49t，2：26 | 11，1：0，935 | 4，$-54,785$ |
| Sept．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 57，515．217 | 2，172，809 | 13，547，329 | 45，806，145 | 11，191，2\％23 |  |
| Sept． 9. | 58，189，84！ | 2，166，35：1 | 13，302，270 | 45，50 4． 118 | 11，134，1110 |  |
| Scput． 16. |  | 2，109，4：4 | 1\％，812．553 | 4． $5,515,333$ | 11，1911，001 |  |
| Scpt．${ }^{\text {Su }}$ | $58.300,720$ | 2，013，043 | 13，004，802 | 45， 335,113 | 11， 115,351 |  |
| Sept． 30. | 58，207，884 | 1，995， 80.6 | 12，814，627 | $45,555,468$ | 11，243，4 |  |
| Oct． 7. | $5 \mathrm{5R}, 618,139$ | 1，959，310 | 12，717，103 | 45，5i0．415 | $11,26 t, 9$ |  |
| ct． 14. | E8，650，640 | 1，834，151 | 12，382，599 | 45，122， | 11，307， | 32，498， |

New York ctiy fiants．－The following shateroent shown tho condtion of the Ahmociated lanks of New York City for the week eadlog at the commencement of business on Ocl．13， 1878

| Ifintit． | Cnulitel． <br> －00i）Oco | lemanand Discounte． $8,6 \% 0,800$ | Specio． <br> $1,269,200$ | Legal Tonilers． 1，027，3า0 | Not <br> Deporits． <br> 7， $85 \mathrm{~T}, \mathrm{n} 0$ | Clicula tlon． 440 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8，080 | 1，26：200 | 1，027，300 | 4，85ulimul | ， $5 \times 1$ |
|  | 2，00，000 | －，883，106 | 4：38，y00 | T36， 110 | 6，6901，000 | 91，500 |
|  | M10，00） | 7，004，700 | 285800 | 818．40 |  | 71， 60 |
| C＇nlon | 2014，000 | 4，0：2，500 | 29n， 010 | 828，2u0 | 2，059，200 | 118.000 |
| nact | （1）N0，000 | 8.914 .803 | 861，100 | 1，123．3．400 | 6，485，200 |  |
| fat | 00，000 | 2，378，000 | 201，000 | 23\％，000 | 8，015，000 | $2,40 \mathrm{u}$ |
|  | 1，010000 | 8，912．300 | 1，093．400 | 1．432，000 | 5，431，700 |  |
| 7 rad | $1,100,010$ | 3，116，500 | 292,000 | 803，400 | 1．081，400 | 35，2c0 |
| Fnlson | 60,00 | 1，510．\％）U | 1419．509 | 535，700 | 1，272．800 |  |
| Chemic | sux）eno | 10．419．800 | 4：8，400 | 3，912，800 | 11，864，90 |  |
| Merchant | 1．100，000 | 8，170．600 | 1：\％，300 | 488,600 | 2，500，5104 | 872，000 |
| Cathust Na | 1，3，00，0，0 | 4，1333，740 | 181．400 | 851，500 | 2．016．300 | 411，410 |
| （Batchors＇s l）ror | 300． 100 | 1，239．000 | 119，000 | 178，000 | 987，000 | 260,000 |
| Mechanica＇©＇T | 6ino．00］ | 1，418，100 | 27，0x） | 233.010 | 1，0：9，000 | 108，000 |
| （itvenwich | 20：1，000 | 871.040 | 10，500 | 173，800 | 817，503 | 2，700 |
| Leather Mani | 600， 00 | 2，574，100 | 21.600 | 418.100 | 2，198，000 | 2\％U，600 |
| Seventh Wh | 300， 1000 | 800，40 | 31，600 | 188，2010 | 8110，200 | 80，200 |
| State of N．Y | E（0）．090 | 1．521，200 | 235，840 | 281，200 | 1．431，900 | 43，000 |
| American | 5，000，000 | 12，288，00 | 618,000 | 1，80，410 | $8,334,100$ | 190.000 |
| Comm | 5，000，400 | 18，249，100 | 1，012，800 | 1，235．500 | 11，2：25．200 | 1，713，200 |
| Broad | ，con， 800 | 4， 211,300 | 82，000 | 754，601 | 8．8553，303 | 891，104 |
| erc | ，010，000 | 3.316 .800 | 135.8 （0 | 291.100 | $8,014,0 \times 0$ |  |
| 1＇achf： | 4＊3，700 | 2，464，800 | 29．100 | $649.8 \%$ | 2，1：90．6ı0 |  |
| ри | 1，500，000 | 8，4i2，20］ | 202，600 | 233，500 | 1，847，700 | 00 |
| Chatrmm | 430，0 ${ }^{1} 0$ | 2.412 .600 | 201，303 | \＄61，400 | $2,710,5^{\prime \prime} 0$ | 397，6\％ |
| l＇sople＇н | 112，500 | 1．320．703 | 19，500 | 2780 | 1， 5 5，100 | 5，400 |
| Sosth AD | 7．00，000 | 1，645， 000 | 109，000 | $205,00 \mathrm{~J}$ | 1，593，800 |  |
| nover | 1，©0， 0 （to | 4，811，800 | 125：200 | 1， $1,88,1,09$ | 4，428，800 | ．444，8m |
| Irring． | 500，000 | 1，855，600 | 42，300 | 494，100 | 1，889，600 | 81，800 |
| ametropio | 3，000，000］ | 13，573，003 | 722，000 | 1，703，000 | －9，369，400 | 2，225，0104 |
| Citz | 600，100 | 1，501，500 | 87，910 | 334.200 | $1,616.600$ | 2 2tion |
| ぶคs ${ }^{\text {all }}$ | 1，0．0，000 | 1，988，200 | 53.00 | 1241，500 | 1，145，900 | 8.900 |
| Market | 1，000，800］ | 2，421，300 | 37，800 | 3i3，800 | 1．13：0，700 | 241，50， |
| St．Niclio | 1，000，0\％ 1 | 1．970，200 | 79，600 | 17！，300 | 889，：00 | 496，000 |
| Shoe and ceall | 1，100，10） | 3，563， 100 | 235i， 300 | 415，000 | $2.8460,000$ | 6：9，700 |
| Corn Lixchan | 1，000，000 | 3，161，400 | 93．6）0 | 970.000 | 1，840，300 | 4,70 |
| Contiaen | 1，250，1140 | 8.729800 | 49，2．10 | 633,100 | 2，59，800 |  |
| Crienta | 306，000 | 1，2iT，500 | 13，900 | 209,003 | 1，181，000 |  |
| arin | 403， 000 | 2，145，500 | 60，700 | 5：\％k， 001 | 2，180，000 | 00 |
| 1 mporcers © Trad | 1，560，060 | 15．424．0．0 | 695，300 | 8，510，000 | 16，521，900 | 1，111．100 |
| Park． | 2，000，00 | 10，271，430 | 172，800 | 3，145，200 | 12，096，800 | 636，900 |
| Alech．Bkg．Ass＇n | 500.000 | $6.55,100$ | 30，900 | 92x．300 | 473，200 | 293，540 |
| Grocers＇ | 300,000 | 5：9，800 | 1，200 | ：21．500 | 449，300 |  |
| Harth | 240，000 | 730，500 | 31，100 | 101，500 | 7199，600 |  |
| East llif | 25n，200 | 719，200 | 61．200 | 83.600 | 53i，200 | 0 |
| Msouf＇rn＇\＆Mer． | 100.000 | 3：8，300 | 1，000 | 90，410 | 308，510 |  |
| Fuurta National | 3，510，000 | 13，531，500 | 596.703 | 2，113，500 | 10，757，000 | 1，037，30 |
| Central Nutlonal． | 2，000，uc0 | 7，234，000 | 175，000 | 1，434，000 | 6，429，000 | 1，480，000 |
| Second Nationat． | 300，100） | 1，98！，040 |  | 529.000 | 2．039，000 | $2 \% 0,0,10$ |
| Sinth Natioual． | 75：1，100 | 8．518，2\％ | 182.300 | 638．20u | 8，237，301 | 597，200 |
| Firel Xational． | 500，000 | 7，961，000 | 352.000 | 2，214，400 | 9，137，240 | 45， 140 |
| Third Nation | 986，3i0 | 5，937， 00 | 579，700 | 1，035，500 | 5，948，903 | \％9\％．30 |
| ス．Y．Nat．Exch． | 300，icto | 1，178．800 | 14，100 | 220，104 | 896，003 | 238.800 |
| Buwery Vationnl | 250，000 | 1，147．700 | 6，000 | 219，000 | 811，100 | 221,004 |
| Sew York Connty | 20,000 | 1．109．100 |  | 304，500 | 1，201，60u | 180，000 |
| Germsn Americ＇u | 750.000 | 1，974，600 | 99，203 | $3: 7,200$ | 1．750，100 |  |

Total．．．．．．．．．63，411，500 $-\overline{243,634,303}-\overline{13,991,100}-\overline{42,50,500} 210,011,200 ~ 19,593,100$ The deviations from returas of previous week are as follows： Losas．．．．．．．
Specic．．．．．．．．
Legal lenders．

Inc．$\$ 752,400 \mid$ Net depoaits．
．Dec．$\$ 4,082,200$
15,600
The following are the totals for a eeries of weeks past：




| 83OURITIES． | Bld． | 昰． | GROURETIRS | Bid． | Ask． | ancuritiss． | Bid． | Ask． | seounitira | Bid． | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alshrme 5\％，1883，．．．．．．．．． |  |  | Lonielana 66． |  |  |  |  |  | Rhode Islaud 68，cp．e＇93－4 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 48^{x x} \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { co } \\ & \text { do } \\ & \text { 6s, new iositg debi. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\text { gi, gola, reg.... } 188$ $\text { of, do coup.. } 1857$ | 113 |  | Sonth Carolins bs．．．．．．．．． | 18 28 |  |
|  |  |  | de 78，Penitentisry．．．．． | 50 |  | ${ }_{68,}$ do lonn．．． 1888 |  |  | Aprid \＆Oct．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |
| do 88，M，\＆E．RR．． |  | $\cdots$ | do 6s，levee ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 50 | ．．． | 68 do do ．． 1891 | 121 |  | Funding act， $\mathrm{i} 866 . . . . . .$. | 90 |  |
| do 88，Als，\＆Ch．R． | 43 | ．．．． 1 | do 88，do | 50 | ．．． | 80，do do． 189 | 121 |  | Land C．，1999，J．\＆J．．．．． | 40 |  |
| do 88 of 1892．．．．．．． | ．． | ．．．． | do do ys，do 187 | 50 | 10 | North Carolins | ：2 |  | Lasd C． 1889, | 40 |  |
| Arkongas 68 funded．．．．．． | 21 |  |  | 7i | 7438 | －${ }^{\text {ar，old．J．\＆}}$ | ： 6 | 171／2 |  | 13 |  |
| do is．L．P．\＆Ft．B．is8 | 4 |  | do 7s，amall |  | 32 | do A． | 16 | 18 | Tanuesses 68，old． | 33 |  |
| do $\overline{18}$ Memphti o L．R． | 4 |  | Michigan 68， $8873-79$ | 1023／2 | ．．．． | N．C．RR．．．．．j． | 74 | ．．．．． | do 68， |  |  |
| do 28，工．R．P．B．\＆N．O | 4 | $\ldots$ | do 68，1883．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 105 | ．．．． | do | 74 | ．．． | do bs，new | 2936 | 32 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 10136 | 102 | do do ofr，A． | 54 |  | irginie 6s， |  |  |
| Connecticut 68．．．．．．．．．．．． | 107 |  |  | 1029 |  | Feuding set， 186 | 9 | $\ldots$ | 68，do do 1867． | $2{ }^{2}$ |  |
| Qeorg1s 68．．．．． | 100 | $1023 / 6$ | do do 1836 | 1051 | ．．．． | do 18 |  | ：．．． | 6 B ，consol．bonde．．．．．．． | 0 |  |
| do 78，new bond | 108 | 109 | do do 1937. | 106 |  | New bonds，J． | 9 |  | 6¢，ex matured conp |  | 531／1 |
| do 7b，endorsed．．．．． |  |  | do do do 1889 or $18380 . . .$. | 1083 |  | do tax A． | $\stackrel{9}{8}$ | 10 | 6 s ，consol．， 2 daerl |  |  |
| do 7 78 ，gold bond．．．． | 108 |  | do do 1389 or＇go．．．． | 104 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ecial tax, Class } \\ \text { do } \mathrm{Cls} 89 \end{gathered}$ | 13 |  |  |  |  |
| do Warloan．．．．．． | 1013 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 104$ | 108 |  |  | 239 | do smsil．．．． |  |  |
| Kentucky 68．．． | 2013／ |  | Hsn．do sit．Joa．，dne do 1886．．．．．．． | 1031 | 10413） | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ohio 68, } 1891 . . \\ \text { do } \end{array}$ | 1104 |  | do registerad |  | 77 |



NEW YORK LOCAI SECURITIES．
thayk stock Lias．

| Compasima． | Capital． | Barpina <br> at lisieat dates． | Mrididside． |  |  |  | Patos， |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mark＇d thus（ ${ }^{\circ}$ ） are aot Nat＇） | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \frac{1}{E} & \text { Amoant } \\ \alpha_{n} & \text { Am } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Period | 1870． | 1877. | Lant l＇ald． | 131 |  |
| Americ | 100 3，000，000 | 1，901，000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Am．Kxch | $100.5,000,000$ | 1294，400 |  | 18 |  | 9445， | 104 |  |
| Pron | 281 1，000，000 | 1，141，ल10 | －\＆J． | 18 | 10 | Ju |  |  |
| Bachera． | 251 900，000 | 82.700 | J．J | 16 | ${ }_{8}$ | July |  |  |
| Cuairal．． | 100.2 .000 .000 | 313．500 |  | 8 |  | Juy，78．31 |  |  |
| Chase Chath | 100 2.5 300,000 $\$ 50,049$ |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 300，000 | 3，220， 00 | Bi．m＇1j | 100 | 106 | 3cpt，\％ | 1501 |  |
| Ctt | 25 600．000 | 100， 400 |  | 8 |  | ，115． 78.8 |  |  |
| City | $1 \mathrm{~m} 1.000,000$ | 1，514．800 |  | 24 | 10 | Nov．，78．${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 195 |  |
| Com： | 100 R，000．000 | 2，508，300 |  | 7 | 6 | Jaly，\％e． | 1174 |  |
| Conltaputal Cora Rxch | 100 100 $1,000,000$ | 828， 2000 |  | 10 | 16 | Jah．，\％ 7. <br> Ang．＂r 4 |  |  |
| East Rlver | $25.250,000$ | （1）， 8 ， 00 |  | 74 | 63／4 | Juiy，\％r8．s16 |  |  |
| 11th War | 251000000 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,500 \\ 17,4 \mu 0 \end{array}$ |  |  | 10 | Jaly， 76.3 |  |  |
| Firth | $\begin{array}{ll}100 & 150,000 \\ 1000 \\ 100,000\end{array}$ | 14，7， 489 |  | 16 | 10 | Oct．，57，24 |  |  |
| Fira | 100500,000 | 1，277，406 |  | 12 | 18 |  |  |  |
| Foll | 100，9，500，000 | 887，800 |  | 76 |  | Suly，－${ }^{8}$ | ＂is | 5／8 |
| pulton | 801000.000 | 440.300 |  | 16 | 10 | May， 78. | 180 | 120 |
| Cishatio | $501.500,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & 655,600 \\ & 48.1 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | A．＜ 0 | 746 | 7 | Ucl．， 7 \％， 838 | 110 |  |
| trerman （ierman I | $\begin{array}{cc} 100 & 750,000 \\ 100 & 200,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,100 \\ & 49,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | － | － | Feb．，＇74． 8 |  | 0 |
| Germenta | 100 200，000 | 4N， 700 |  | 7 | B | Мву，＂7\％． 6 |  |  |
| dreeswlch | 25.200 .000 | 20,900 | M． | 8 | 7 | Мау，78． 3 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{40}^{5}$ 160，000 | 22，700 |  |  | － |  |  |  |
|  | 100，1，000，000 | 168，100 |  | 8 | 7 | Jals，\％\％3yd |  |  |
| Imp．a | 10011.000 .010 | 1，503，200 |  | 14 | 14 | July，\％8．${ }^{\text {\％}}$ | 203 |  |
| Irviog | 50，500，000 | 114，000 |  | 10 |  | July，7\％． |  |  |
| ravud Cit | FO 100，000 | 412， 300 |  |  | 18 | Jan．，7． 3 |  |  |
| Manhatian | 100 800．000 | 1，012，900 |  | 12 | 18 | July 78． |  |  |
| Manuf．\＆ | ${ }^{50} 0^{2,050,000}$ | 1，014， 4 |  |  |  | Јघ15， 75.816 |  |  |
| rine | 100 400，000 | 74,500 |  |  |  | Jan． 7 \％． |  |  |
| Mrar | $1001.000,000$ | 288，100． |  | 8 | 76 | inly， 78. | 105 |  |
|  | $25.2,000,000$ | 919.80 | S，预． | 10 |  | July，7\％． | 122 | 18 |
| Hech＇les \＆ | $30.800,00$ | 89， |  | 9 |  | Nay， | 5 | ．．．． |
| Mercantile | 10011,000 | 184，200 | M． |  |  | Mav，${ }^{\text {Na，}} 3$ | \％00 |  |
| Mercha | 50 2，000，000 | 719，900 | J．\＆J． | 8 | d | Ju15，74， 3 | 1231 | 128 |
| Merchants＇ | 80 1，000，000 | 214，000 |  |  | 0）2 | July |  | 72 |
| Netropol12 Metropolit | $100{ }^{1000,000}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40.20 \\ 857.40 \end{array}$ |  | $10^{316}$ | 10 |  |  |  |
| Surray | 100 100，000 | 65，300 |  |  |  | jn |  |  |
| Naspay． | 100 1，000，000 | P8， 300 | M．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | B6 | 8 | May，7x． 246 | 80 |  |
|  | 100 2，000，400 | 673， 100 |  | 10 | 736 | Jaly，＇78．31／2 | 116 |  |
| N | $100 \quad 200,000$ | 79,200 75 |  | 4 | 8 | JuI5，78， 4 |  |  |
| Niath | 1001300000 | 38，3 |  | 3）${ }^{6}$ | 4 |  |  |  |
| No．Ame | 70 700，000 | 55，5 |  | 1 | 6 | Jaly，＇77． 3 |  | 75 |
| North R | 50 240，000 | 84,500 |  |  |  | July，74．84， |  |  |
| Urieata | $25.300,000$ | 164．40G |  | 12 | 11 | July，7\％．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Pseldic | 60 422，700 | 217，500 |  | 12 | 12 | $\text { Ang, } 78.216$ | 120 | 136 |
|  | 100 2，000，000 | 2977300 |  | 10 | d | july，78． 3 |  |  |
| fent | 251812.500 | $\begin{aligned} & 142.500 \\ & 14,700 \end{aligned}$ |  | 10 | 16 | July，${ }^{\text {J8，}}$ |  |  |
| Prod | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 1,000,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 4，100 |  | 7 | 0 | July，＇75． 346 |  |  |
| Repabll | $1001,500,000$ | 281，000 | F\％̈． |  | $8 \times$ | A ${ }^{\text {g．，} 78 .} 3$ | 80 |  |
| St．Nicho | $1001,000,004$ | 38.100 |  | 8 | $6_{6}^{61}$ | Ang．＇7．2\％${ }^{\text {\％}}$ |  | 80 |
| sereand | 100 300，00 | 48. |  | 0 |  | Jıly，\％d． 8 |  |  |
| hoo \＆ | $100 \begin{array}{r}100 \\ 1,000,00\end{array}$ | 232. |  | 12 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Sixth． | $1001{ }^{1} 200,000$ | 42，204 |  | 6 | 7 | Jघly，＇r8． 8 |  |  |
| frate of | 100 800，000 | 183,300 |  |  |  | May，78．31／8 | 88 |  |
|  | 100 956，500 | 37.50 |  | 10 | 3 | Jam．，78． |  |  |
| Oal | $5011,200,000$ | 725，800 | N，\＆ N ． | 10 | 8 | day ${ }^{\text {dan，}}$ 78．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Heals | 100 200，000 | 78，200 | J． | 8 | 8 | July，\％8．4 |  |  |

Gas and Cisy Rallroad Stocks and Bonds．
［Gue quotatiena by George H．Prentiea，Brozer，so Broad Street．］

| Qab Companize． | Par． | Am | Per | 迨 | Dat |  | Abk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breoklya Gaa Llght C Cuzeà＇Gas Co（Bki |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}$ |  |  | 140 |
| atam．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| Jaresericty \＆ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| at |  |  |  |  |  | $0{ }^{4}$ |  |
| do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| do |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |  |
| 3an， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {de }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ple＇s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| in do |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ！ameb |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| 硣 |  |  |  | $2 \%$ |  |  |  |
|  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quotatloan by H．L．Orant．Broker， 145 Broadway |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bleecter St．Et Fulton Ferry－tk． <br> Broadroay de Sevening aio．．．．．．．．． <br> Ist mortgage <br> rooklyn Caty－block <br> Sroadioay（Brookiyn）－io．ock <br> Brooklyn d Hunser＇s Pb－stock． <br> 1ut morigage boads． <br> Bushwolek Av．（ $\left.B^{\top} k t y n\right)-\operatorname{stock}$ <br> Cosalldated mortage boaua． <br> OTy Dock，E．B．d Battery－atk． <br> zohth Avenue－slock <br> Intmortgage． <br> dSt．t Grand Si fërry－iouck <br> Central Crost goion－i．．．．．．．．． <br> 1at merteage． <br>  <br> second Avenve－io． <br> 3 C morkgase． <br> Coma．Convertiole． <br> dxth Anen， 6 － 10 ock． <br> Thif mertgaga． <br> lat mortusse－stock <br>  <br> 1at mortgapo |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\text {July }}$＊ 78 |  | ${ }^{23}$ |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 102 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  | Yov． 100 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
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City Securieles．
LQrotahloge by Dantil A．Morak，Broker， 40 Whall street．


## Investuxats

## AND

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.
The lnvestors' StpplikMent is published on tbe lat Daturday of esch month, and furnished to all regular anbscribers of the Chronicle. No eingle copies of the Supplement are sold at the office, as only a sufficient number is printed to sapply regular subscribers. One number of the Supplement, however, is bound up with The Financial Review (Annusl), and can be purchased in that shape.

## ANNUAT REPORTS.

## North Carolina Railroad.

(For the year ending May 31, 1878.)
The annual report has the following for the fiscal year ending May 31st, 1878 :
 $36,445{ }^{\$ 273,286}$
$\qquad$
Leaving a belance of........... .. .... .. ......................... \$233,875
This amount. $\$ 233,375$, has heen spplied to the sinking fund and other parposes, inlly ehuwn in detaft in the report of the tressurer. debt of the company.
The total debt of the compsny reported at last annal meeting was... \$513,681 The debt of the company now is. .... $\$ 4.7,242$
200,643

And we have the actual debt of the company $\qquad$ $\xlongequal[\text { \&226,598 }]{20,013}$
Of the above $\$ 000.643$ assets, $\$ 11,941$ is cash deposited with banks and bankers, and cash items, $\$ 135,660$ is cash in the hande of trustee, for the redemption of mortgage bonds. The remsinder, amounting to $\$ 53,04$, is shown in the secretary and treasurer's report of the financial condition of the company, all of which, with the exception of some items due by individuals for rents, \&c., amounting probably to about $\$ 1,000$, is worthless, and was so reported by me last year, and which the committee on reports at the last annual meeting recommended that the finauce committee be empowered at their discretion to charge to profit and loss, which report was adopted by the stockholders.
The finance committee, however, have not as yet carried the resolution into effect. I would again recommend that these assets, knozon to be worthless, be charged to profitand loss, as they are calculated to deceive the stockholders in showing the actual debt of the company.
In the amount $\$ 127,242$ (debt of the company) is included $\$ 120,000$ dividend declared, hut not due until September 15, 1878, which will be paid out of the semi-annusl rent due July 1st, 1878.
mortgate.
Amonnt of bonds issued ander the inortgege... .......................... $\$ 790,000$ Cash and bonds paid into sinking fund.... 631,692 SINEINO FUND
The company has paid daring the yesr to N. H. D. Wilson, trustee.... \$29,173
The securities deposited by the Richmond \& Danville Railroad Company, as collatersl to secure the payment of the lease money, consist of $\$ 70,000$ of 1 st mortga, ge boads of the Richmond \& Danville Railroad Company sod $\$ 208,000$ 1st mortgage bonds of the North Weatern North Carolina Railroad Company.

All coupons due on the $\$ 70,000$ Richmond \& Danville Railroad mortgage bonds have been cut off and canceled, and all the coupons due on the entire $\$ 500,000$ 1st mortgage bonds of the North Western North Carolina Railroad Company (of which the $\$ 208,000$ on deposit is a part) have been cut off and canceled. The deposit in ite present alispe is deemed sufficient for its requirements. The report of the finsuce committee shows in detail the condition of the sinking fund. The board of directors, some time past, instructed the trustee to convert his assets into cash and pay off the ten-year bonds now past due.
ginanclal condition now and one fear ago.
The debt of the company reported and entered on the books of the company on the 31 st day of May, 18\%7, as show a by the books of the secretary, was $\$ 513,681$, to which add $\$ 27,918$ of old debts not reported and entered on the books of the company, but which have berp paid during the year, and we have the total debt on the 31st day of May, 1878, $\$ 541,600$; to which add $\$ 240,000$, a dividend of six per cent declared on the capital stock of the company by the board of directore, January 30, 1878, and we have the debt of the company 8781,600 , of which amount there has been paid during the year $\$ 354,357$, leaving the debt of the company, as shown by the books of the secretary, on the 31st day of May, $1878, \$ 427,242$, which amount may be reduced by assets $\$ 200,643$, leaving a balance to be paid of $\$ 326,508$.

The general exhibit of the business of the compsny for the fiscal yerr shows a decrease of the debt of the company of \$86,439.
The total bonded debt of the company under the mortgage is $\$ 291,500$, of which amount $\$ 31,500$ is in ten-year bonds and $\$ 210,000$ is in twenty-year bonds.
BTATEMENT SHOWINO RECEITTE AND EXPENDTTURES OF TEE N. C. B. E. COMPANY FOR TIE FISCAL YEAR ENDINO MAY 31 , 2878.
neceipts.
Lease of Nortb Carolins R. R. $\$ 280,000 \mid$ Rent..........
$\overline{\$ 271,709}$

Traveling expenses and other Loss and dams...
Loss and damsqe. .............
Advertialng and Stationery.
Salaried

| int., premlums sud discounts | 30,456 |
| :--- | ---: |

Cost of construction, eqnipment and real estate
Amount ginklug fund (old).

## EXPEMDITURES

" Chatham ruilroad atock.....
Northwestern N. C. R. R. stock.
due from station agents..
other compa
iodividuals.
freight exchsnges
Unlted States
State $\mathbb{N}$. Carnilina.
N. H. D. Wilson, trnetee
of anpplies.

cash-currency........................................

## Wostern Maryland Rallroad.

(Fior the year ending September 30, 1878.)
The Baltimore Americare furnishes the following abstract of the president's snaual report of this company, which is of more interest eince the pampllet report will probably not be ready for some weeks:
operations of the road.
The following statement of the operations of the road is for the year ending September 30, 1878
The gross earnings have been

## From passengers............. From freight and express. From milk and marketing. <br> From milk and marketing.

From maila. $\qquad$
Total $\$ 347,201$
The opcrating expenses were
Expenses transportation department
Expensea machinery department.
Expeoses road department...
General expenses... $\qquad$

Total | $\$ 121,733$ |
| ---: |
| 35,00 |
| 45,777 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 , 3 9 3}$ |
| $\$ 17,975$ |
| $\$ 129,926$ |

Net earnings.
The earnings, as compared with 1877, are as follows:
Incresse from passengers.
Increase from freight and express
Increase from milk sad marketlug
Decrease from mails
Decresse from miscellaneoons sounce....


Total incresse of earnings ................. ..................
Decrease in expenses transportation departraent.
Decrese in expeusea machinery depsriment.
Decresse in expeoses ruad department. $\qquad$
Total decresse of expenses. $\begin{array}{r}2,523 \\ 1,246 \\ 1,231 \\ \hline\end{array}$

Incresse in net earninge..
$\$ 2,063$
$\$ 17,780$
DETAILS OF THE BUSINESS OF TIIE ROAD.
The above statement of gross earnings, $\$ 347,201$, does not include $\$ 29,317$ earned upon the tracks of other roads east of Fulton Station, the "trackage" or tolls paid by this company being identical with the rates charged the public for the service, sad being full for such eervice, there was nothing from this source to credit to earaing of this company, and in consequence the whole amount was trested as a "division" $0^{+}$joiut business and excluded from the aforegoing statement. In 1877 the amount so earned and paid over was $\$ 23,214$, and in $18 \% 6 \$ 25,486$.

As compared with other years, the increase in revenue has been as follows :
$18 \% 7, \$ 15,115$, or $455-100$ per cant : $1876, \$ 35,299$, or 1131.100 per cent; 1875, $\$ 53,483$, or $1821-100$ per cent; $1874, \$ 69,409$, or $2498-100$ per cent; $1873, \$ 128,81 \%$, or $5899-100$ per ceat ; 1872, $\$ 159,008$, or 8149.100 per cent ; $1871, \$ 176,272$, or $10312-100$ per cent ; $1870, \$ 209,232$, or $15165-100$ per cent.

There were moved during the year $\$ 368,956$ passengere and 136,021 tons of freight, makiog an increase over 1877 of 29,845 passengers and 4,654 tons of freight.
The performance of the Transportation Department for the yesr was equivalent to the movement of $7,411,061$ passengers and $5,180,982$ tons of freight a distance of one mile, sa againgt $6,582,241$ passengers and 4,092,089 tons in 1877.

CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT.
During the year important progress and large expenditures have been made in strengthening the equipment, increasing depot, siding and other fscilities, substituting steel for iron rails, introduciag permanent structures for temporary or perisbable ones, ballasting with stone, increasing excursion facilities, \&c., \&c. In this manner $\$ 72,870$ of the net earniags have been applied, and it will be found advisable to pursue the same course for several years to come, in order to place the road under the most favorable conditions for asfe and economic operation.

THE PREFERRED BONDS.
The matter of the purchase by the city of the second preferred bonds of the company, which has already been brought to the attention of the Mayor and City Council and the City Finance Commissioners, has much to commend it, snd the directors on the part of the city will be prepared at the proper time to present the matter and show the important advantages the city may thas matte
gain.

During the year lmportant progreas hae Deed made upmothen
 Ralifonds, mad there is evary reanon felt ly this company before of both, as opernting rosd
the closo of another year.

## GENERAL INVESTIMENT NEWS.

Anlturucto Coal Combination.-A meeting of the Board of Control was held nt the office of the Deiaware \& Hudson Canal Company, in tills city. Mr. Gowen urked that the out-put for October stinuld be increased, and it was finally declded that the allohment ahould be increased 600,000 tona over that prevloualy ayrecd tn, makling the total for the month $1,800,000$ tons. The agt-put for November was fixed at $1,200,000$ tons, with the under atandiog that thin amount could of iocreased at the next meeting of the Borrd. Upoo the question of the extension of the conbination to April 1. 1879, Dr. Liodermas said that the operators in the Lehigh Valley had refused to ratify his vote at the Long Brapch merting to extend the limit of the comblation antil April 1. The Board of Contrul then reacladed the vote taked at Long Branch, nod the olticers of the coal companies, with Mesars. Thomas Dickeon and F. B. Gowen as chairinen, were appolnted a committee to see the reprencatatives of the various Interests in the combination and renort the terms under which a new combination for 1870 can be effected.
The following table shows the tonnage allotted to each company for October and November:


Asluclot (N. II.)-A controlling interest In the Ashuelot Railroad stock has been sold to large individual stockholders in the Consecticut River Railroad.
Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe-Denver \& Rlo Grande.-A despatch from Chicago, Oct. 15, said: The .reports circulated yeaterday of the leasing of the Denver \& Rio Grande Railroad hy the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Railroad Company caused the gtock of the latter company to rlse to 92 ; but later in the day it fell to 83, as a bitch in the negotiations was reported. Friends of the road, however, feel confident that all obstacles to the consolidation will be removed in a lew days, giving the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe Railroad a northern outlet to Denver, and making it one of the finest roads in the condry.
-The Boston Advertiser saya: "The New Mexico \& Southern Pacific Railroad Company, an uffshoot of the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fu Railroad lompany, is now building to Albuquerque, a point about 250 miles from the end of the Pueblo \& Arkansas Valley Railrond. From Albuquerque to Tucson ia aboot 400 milea. Prohably neither the Southern Pacific nor the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe mould have begun thene extensions, If it had ot becn quite clear that the bueinees furnisbed by New Mexico, Arizona and Mexjco wouli be large and increasing. But the advantage the Atchison Topeka \& Santa Fe has in its low cost will be very apparent when the comperition for the bualnesa of the Pacific conse begins. Tbe line from Kanaas City to Albaquerque will-have per mile: debt, about $\$ 23,000$; slock, about $\$ 15,000$. The Union Pacific Railroad has per mile: debt, about 885,090 ; stock, abont $\$ 35,000$. The lioe irom Albuquerque to the Snuthern Pacific Railroad will cost per mile mach less than $\$ 28,000$."

Atlantic Mississippi \& Ohlo.-In the controveray between the majnrity of the Engliah Committee and Mr. J. L. Hale of the minority, the latter gentleman feela that injuatice was done him in publishing the resolution passed by the majority condemanatory of hie acts and impogning his motives. The circular of the committee, as we stated at the time, was an argumentum ad hominem, and did not go into the merits of the question, and Mr. Ilale liss igsued a reply to the committee'a resolution defending hia own course, aod claiming that his action is in favor of bondholders' interesta. So farase the personalities oi the matter are concerned the readers of the Chrontcle have littie intereat in it; but as to the delails of the re-organization plaza, both sides should have a fair consideration.

Cinadian Railroads in 1876-7. - From the officinl report of Mr. Brydges for last year, ending Juae 30, 187\%, the following summary ja condensed
There were added the last year 417 milea, and in the previons year 446. Of recent additions to the milenge, 2.28 miles, though belonging to the Grand Trank system, can scarcely be called Canadian, since they lie within the Uulted States. The increase in length of track dariog the past year in divided amodg thirteen different roads; 105! being on the Intercolonial, 51 on the Albert, $26 \frac{1}{2}$ on the Toronto \& Nipissing, $24 \frac{1}{2}$ on the Whitby \& Port lerry, and 70 on the Levis \& Kennebec. Extenslve addi. tions stili reraain to be made to the system, In the constraction of the Pacific Railway, which is only io its carly atages, and which will consume many yeara in coapleting.
The re-conatraction which han taken place on different roads of late yenra is extensive, the original gauge of 5 feet 6 laches boing rapidiy dlscarded. What wae nt first intended for the uniform gange of all our roads, is now, by universal coneent, admitted to bo unsuitable. The provalling gauge, and that which will probabiy some day become universni, is the 4 feet

8f Inch, Of the total balloagn, 1.3 gn la of thim gaige: and the oariow, an well an tha old Provinclal, in probably donmad. Thbe Toronto Grey \& Bruce would clinago Itn narrow ghuign in the prevalling widta at once, if it bad the monan. Onondvantage of thla gauge la that it enablen our rallwayn to latnrclinago carn whth the Americad rosde, whillo it probably mencurea the mazl. inum economy of motive power. Tho old l'roviocial gauge is Ilkely to diaappear altogether beforo the narrow gangen raken ito exit; there belng now remalaing only 310 milea of the former whlle of the latter there are 072, whilch the converalon of the Toronto Grey \& Bruce would reduce to 181. It candot bo mald that the narrow gange lan not sorved an usofal purpose, and it in not certalo that it may not galn bo used so s cheap mesno of penetratlag lato uneatiled diatrictm.
The tratle carniagn of the rallwayo In operation daring two years past were as follows, an lacreaso lo mileage of 417 mlle exlsting in $187 \%$

|  |  |  | c, | c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pansengers | 88.138,93 | 1975-76. | $\mathrm{per}_{8: \$ 5}$ | per |
| Frelght | 11,311,264 | 18,211,138 |  | 308 |
| Malle and exprean | 711.711 | 180, 0611 | 2.47 |  |
| Other mourcou. | 217,354 | 188,068 | 1930 |  |
| Total. | 15,742,033 | \$19,853,081 |  | 13 |

 under the head of frelght. Thls decrease was not because thers Whs less frelght moved-the fignres whow that there wae more; but is ateributabla to the low ratea obtaidable for tbroagh freight. Express freight, passengere, malls sad othet coarces show an lncreased retura.
The capital raised by the raliwaye open at the date named was as followa:
Ordinary abare capital paid up.
Prefuresce
Bonded debt
Banded debt
Loane ar bonuses from Dominion Gavernment
Louns or bonuaea from Proviaclaí Goverumentor munlicipalites
$8113,702.128$
$6 \times 880,817$
81

## Total.

\& 528,329,978 18
The increaso is this aggregate, which is $\$ 3,503,000$ over that of the prevlous year, and $\$ 26,500,000$ over that of 1875, consists largely of mudicipal grants by way of losi or bonus. Preferenco capital is increased $\$ 2,726,000^{\circ}$ and ordinary ahares $\$ 1,493,000$. These figures represent the par value of the securitien fasued; the casb realized apon them was considerably leas. When to the nbove total Is added $\$ 19,621,14012$, capital of railwnys ander construction at the close of the fircal jear, we have $\$ 345,950$,11530 for roads opened and building, an increase of twelvo. millions within the year.

The Great Western retarns 79 miles of donble track and the Southern one mile. The proportion of ateel-laid track has become greater, and there ls an increase in sidinga, engines and cara owned, and a decreaso in enginea and cara hired. The track mileage has increased by $1,347,185$, or about 7 per cent.

The number of passengers carried was $6.073,233$, a guin of 528,419 or $8 \cdot 7$ per cent over 1876 . The freight tonagge carried was 528,036 tode, or 8.34 per cent greater then the provious year. amountiag to $6,331,757$ tons.
The groan receipte sere.
 The groas expenses 103,400 less of net profit than was showa in $18 \% 6$, and is equal to a profit of 433 per cent on the bonded debt. Such a result lenves bint little hope of retura for holdera of share capital, and small room for governmenta or municipalities to get interest on their adwaces.

The expenses last year were 81.59 per cent of the oarnings; in 1876 , they were $81 \cdot 63$, a slight gaio, it is true, bat atill in the right direction. It ls, however, true that the cross arninga per mile were only $\$ 3,363$ in 1877, as against $\$ 3,753$ in 1876 ; operat ing expenses being $\$ 2,764$ per miln, while in the previous year they were $\$ 3,064$.
Uuly five passengers were killed during the rear and 18 injured ; but employes "and others" bring the total killed up so 111 and injured to $31 \%$, which was alightly inore than the previous year. The rail way traveler is thos probably nearly as eafe as the man that stays at home.
Central Paciflc.-A presa deepatch from San Franclscu, Oct. 15 , is as followa: "Io the care of Gallatin againat the Central Pacific Rallroad Company, being an action to reatrinin the defendanta from paying a dividend of 1 per cent on the capltal atock, on the ground that under the Fundiag act of 1878 the company should pay 5 per cent of its earnlaga into the United States Trensury as a slntiog fand, Judge Sawyer, in the Udited States Circult Court, yeaterday morning, overruled the demurrer, and, the defendants not appearing, gave judgment for the plain. tiff. The case now goes to the Uniled States Supreme Conrt."
Charleston Clty IBonds-Taxation,-Tbe following is the subetadee of the decislon of the United States Supreme Court, in regard to the power of a corporation to tax lte own bouds in the bands of holders, in cases Nos. 95 and $28 \%$-Murray git. the City Council of Charleston, and Jenkins egt. the enme:
Iu theso caeen, the clfy havine taxed its own atock the qneston was whether the orcinance lmponing tho $1 \pi x$ was not vold, ae mpairing tiae obll gation of the coutrant, the effect betne to depreciale the vatne or the arocis. the obllgations of the eliy'e coniracts with the piaint $\mathrm{I}_{\text {. What wat tho }}$
 tho clif assumed to pay to him thn sum inenbined cent hoth to pay the interest at tho rstin specined, and to pay it to the plafinta. Soch was thy contract, and auch was the whaie contrack it euptained hey can han may force, ehango both the form and effoct of the ande fiaktar. They are the languagnof the promisnor. In aubatance they esy lo ino creditor: to 6 per cent per unnum on the deht Wo owe yon. Such was our expresa ongageme

Interest to you, we retatn a part for onrselves, and snbstitute the part retained for a part of what we expresely promised you." Thus appiylng the ordinances to the contract, it becomes \& very differ ent thiog from what it was Whea it was made, snd the change is effected by legienation, by ordinsnces of That by euch legislation the obligation oi the contiact la impaired is evident enongh, unless it can pe held there was some implied reservarion of a right In the creditor to change its terms, a rlght reserved when the contract was msde-unless some power was withheld, not expresped or disclosed, but Which entered into sad limiled the express undertaking. Bat how can that be? How an express contract can contain an implication, or consist with a reservation directly contrary to the words of the instrameat, has never yet een discovertd.
It has been strenuonsly argued on hehsle of the defendaot that the State of tion when the contracts were mace; that by the contract the city did not enrrender this power; thet. therefore, the contracts were sabject to its possihle exercise; had that the city ordinances were only an exertion of it. We are told that the power or the State to impose taxes npon the subjects within its jurlsdiction is nnllmited (with some few exceptions), and that ft extends Ho ence it is inferred that the contracts of the City of Charleston were mede with reference to this power and in sabordination to it.
All this may be sdmitted, but it does not meet the case of the defendsnt. We do not question the existence of a State power to levy taxes as claimed, nor the suhordiastion of contracts to it, eo far es it is nnrestrsined by constiational limitation. But the power is not withont limits, and one of its limitatlons is foand in the clanse of the Federal Constitution, that no State shall Pass a law impairiag rhe obigation or contracts. Attempted State taxation tionsl tohitition. 1 t most frequently calls for the exercise of orr a corvisory power. It may, then, be safely aflrmed that no state by virlue of fis taxing power, can ery tos debtor, "You need not pap your creditor sll that yon have promised to him. Yoa may eatiefy your duty to him by retsining \& part for yourself, or for some manicipality, or for the State Treasnry", Mach less can a cily say ."We will tax our debt to yon, and in virtue of the tax withhold a psirt for unr own nee.'
The truth $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{States}$
The trath 1 s, , tates and citles, when they horrow money and contract to psy it with interest, are not actiag se soverelgntles. They come dowo to the level of ordingry individusis. Ther contrsets have the esme meaning s8 that of the ondertaking of a State or city to pay, a reservation of a soverelgn right to withhold payment, by tax or otherwise, ibe contrsct should be regardeã as an assurance that ach s right ehall not be exercised. A promise to pay, with a reserved right to deny or change the effect of the promise, is sa absurdity. Is, then, property whlch conilsts in the promise of a State or of a muncipality of a State beyoud the resch of tazation We do not sfirm that it is Astate nay. nndountedy, taxsay of ita creditora within its jurisdiction for
the debt due to him. and regulate the amonnt of the tax by the rate of laterest the deht bears, if jis promise be left unchanged. A tax thus lald impairs no ubllgatiou bssamed. It lesves the contract unturched. Bnt notil the payment of the deht or interest has been mads sis atipnlated, we think no set of siste soverelgoty can work an exoneftion from what has been promied to the creditor, namely, payment to him, withont s violstion of the Constitution. IThe true rale of prcperty founded on contract with the Government 19 this: It mast he irst reduced into posecssion, and thea it will become subject is contribution apon it.,

Mr. Justice Strong delivered the opinion. Justices Miller and Hunt dissented, taking the ground that the contract was entered intu eubject to the genernl power of the city to tax.

Chifeago \& Lake IIuron.-Judgo Baxter, of the U.S. Court in Michigan, has appointed an attorney to advise the receiver, this attorney to be charged with investigating and reporting upon whose authority the certificates of indebtedness issued by the receiver was issued, whether jasued in pursuance of authority granted in good faith, and whether, in hls opinlon, any portlon of them was for any cause invalid. He would further ascertain if there were any other outstanding liabilities against said receiver, and, if so, how much and to whom they were due. Me would also report the gross earnings of the road while in the luands of the receiver, and how the same had been applied. The attornty is rested with all the powers of a special master, and should have fres access to nll the books and other papers of asid receiver. If he found tbat any moneys had been misspplied, he should report by whom, and recommend such prosecution, either civil or criminal, as he might deem proper under the circumstances. The parties are required, with all possible dispatch, to bring the case to a final hearing.
-Incidentally, the claim of the Port Huron \&i Lake Mchigau bondholders to. an equitable lien on the Chicago \& Northeastern gection of the line carue up in the course of the proceedings. The Court granted leave for their counsel to file a cross-bill against the Chicago \& Northeastern, which will bring up the whole question concerning the building of that road and where the money came from with which it was built. Counsel also asked for the appointment of a receiver for that road, but argu ment on this motion was postponed until the present week.

Denver South Park \& Paciflc.-This railroad is now com pleted and open for business to Bailey, in Park county, Col. 54 miles from Denver, and 47 miles from Black Creek Junction, where the extension leaves the old line to Morrison, which was built eeveral years ago. The nine miles from Black Creek Junction to Morrison are retained as a branch.

Electric Liglit.-Tlie Edison Flectric Light Company filed its cartificate of incorporation in the County Clerk's office, New York City, on Thursday. The object of the company is the production of light, heat and power by means of electrlcity. Its capital is $\$ 300,000$, and the incorporators are Tracy R. Edison, James H Banker, Norvin Grean, Robert L. Cutting, Jr., Grosvenor P. Lowery, Jobert M. Gallowav, Egisto P. Fulbbrl, George R. Kent George W. Soren, Charles F. Stone, William G. Miller. Thomas A. Edison, and George S. Mamlin.

Euglish Preference and Gnaranteed Railroad Stocks.The London Railway Neurs, in an article on the subject of loan and debenture stocks, gives the full amount of caplial expended on railways in the United Kingdom as $£ 674,059,048$, whlch is made upas follows:

Proportion to
total cspits)
per cent.
Ordinary"ftock Gruarsateed and preferevice.

Amonat.
Loans and debenture stock

The News says: "From these figures it would appear that the guaranteed and proference stocks together represent about eu per cent of the whole capital exponded. These stocks are secured by £265,000,000 of ordiaary stock already expended. In other words, £237,000,000 of guaranteed and preference stock may be taken, as iar as security la concerned, as representing the total capital of $£ 500,000.000$ actually expended. So far as the apportion ment of revenus of the railways is concerned, the preference stocks last year received $£ 10,604,000$ of dividend; but before the whole of their securities could have been exhausted. the dividend pald on the ordinary stock, amounting to $£ 11,948,000$, would have to bs entirely swept away. The net revenue available for the dividend on $£ 237,000,000$ of preference stock is thus rathe more than $£ 22,000,000$, or more than double the amount of divi dend whlch they now receive. This is a very large margin of security, and the consideration of this fact slould tend greatly to increase the value of English ruilway preference stocks. It is not surprising, when such facts are remambered, that thess stocks ars largely sought after by persons desiring a safe investment, and thai their yield, from present market prices, should be something below 4 per cent. Included in this amount of preferences are what may be called guaranteed atocks. These securities ars especially secured by the different rallway compa nies by which they have been issued. Theoretically, therefore, they should be even more secure than the preference stocks, inasmuch as all the dividends paid on the preference must be exhausted before the dividends paid on the guaranteed stocks can bs affected. The following shows the proportion of guaraa. teed and preference stocks, with the respective rates of dividsad:

"It will be noticed from the above table that it includes a considerable amount of preference capital on which no dividsod is paid, as woll ha a 日mall fraction of guaranteed stocks also receiving no interest."

Another statement shows the amount of stock issued by the various companies in the United Kingdom on which no dividend is paid. The Nevs saye of this that it represents a total of over $£ 10,000,000$ of stock, and it has below it the expenditurs of considerably more than that amount represented by ordinary atock, on whlch, of course, no dividend is paid tiil its claims are sacisfied. Some of these stocks-that is, those which werg issued before 1863-are entitled to arrears of dividend, but by the Companies Clauses Act of 1863 (26 and 27 Vict., 118) it is especislly provided that a deficiency in the dividends of any one year shall not be made up in subsequent years, except special provisions to that effect be enacted. A large amount of these preference stocizs, which are in default, are held by Edvance and finance assoclations.
Grand Trunk Railway of Canala.-A circular from the Secretary of the Grand Prunk Railway Co. of Canada, addressed to this proprietors and shareholders, contains the following
"I am instructed by the directors to forward to you, with reference to Mr. McEwen's recent circular, a memorandum of facts and statemeuts concerniog the through traffic of the compeny.
"The directors regret that the questlon thns ralsed hy Mr. McEwen phould form a eubject of discussion at the present time when most importaot Dego tiatlonsare being carried on in Canads snd the Joited States,
greatly-locreased value would at once he imparted to the through traflic ; aud in any case it 18 for the best Interests of the company that the directors ebnald be cordialiy supportef in carrylog on these negotiations, and that thete
shoald be no division of opialou, tendiag to encourage oppoaents, st momeat when speclsl effirts are being made to eccure to the compaoy subetantial begefle by so equitable division of the trante whleh has formed the snbject of so much competition between the varlous rallway routes.

Mr. McEwen's circular proposed that the company should abandon ita unprofitable through traffic and trust hereafter to the growth of local business in Canada.

The " memorandum" referred to is headed "Facts and statements concerning through traflic," and Sir Henry Tyler states, with respect to the circular of Mr. McEwen, that-
"The hosrd has received from Mr. McEwen reqaleltions from 1,011 , or shout one-elghth, of the proprictors, represeating holdiogs in the debenture,
preference sud ordiasry ktocks of $£ 3,130,000$, or about oae-elghth of the prenilaal amount of such stocke. The third preference and ordinary stocks reprexented by the requisitions smount to $£ 2.800,000$ oot of the total $£ 3,13$ oot. Some others of the proprietore in retnrning the forms of requisition to the Grsid Triok office, or to Mr. McEw.
terms of a highly disparaing character."
"The vuestion thus ralsed (Sir Heary stales) is an exceedingly importso one, and it has long recclved the coothonous and anxlous attention of the hy the board in the eariy part of the preeent pear with the sesietance of Mr Hickson, who was, sfter full confereace with the other oficers of the com pany, browght over from Canada, for the very purpose, to a farge estent, of exhaustively discnesing the company's posititon In regard to the throght
trafic. The rates ohtained, snd the relative value of them to the company traflic. The rates ohtalned, sind the relstive value of them to the compsay,
may be well npprectated by a perusal of the following extract from m , may ppeech from the chalr st the half-jestly meeting of fhareholdcre on the seth Apecil las
"iLoo
avergooking back to the experlence of the last six years, We find that the sversge enrnings per tan per mile in the December half-years from $18 \%$ were
 cents, or $0 \cdot 40 \mathrm{~d} . ;$, תnd the namber of tcas moved one mile wss: $15 \mathrm{~s}^{2}, 221,000$,


Indlanapolls if St. Lohls.-It is stated, we know not how suthoritatively, that this rosd is paying its current indebtednees monthly aud piacing all ourplua moneys in benk until matters are adjusted, nad that the trusioes will allow tho interest due January 1 , 1879 , to defauit, should no settlement of the trouble be reached prior to that date.
Kuusas Pacillc.-The Kansas Pacific Railroad Re.construction Committee has agreed to a plan of re-organization which contem. platea the lssue of new mortgage oonds for the principal mortgage and funded interest, amountlag to about $\$ 7,250,000$. A second mortgage is to bs inade to secure the payment of the unfunded interest, and the land grants of tha Denver Exteusion road are to bo thrown into a ainking fund. New stock to also to be issued, to be distrihuted so at to give control of the road to the Denver Extension hondholders, and the balance will be distributed among the holdere of the junior securities.
that Henry Villard and Carlos Greeley, Oct. 17, says removed by Judge Foater, of the United States Circuil Court, in special session. It atates also that the stockhoiders are wrangling with the bondholders, and unless both agree apon some man as receiver hy next Mondsy the Court wili appoint one.
At the regular metting of directors of the Kansas Pacific RailWay, heid in St. Louis, D. M. Edgerton, was elected President; S. M. Edgell, Vice-President ; and A. H. Califf, Secretary and Treasurer.
Lexington \&i St. Lonis.-This railroad was re-organized on October 11 at St. Louis, at a meeting of bondholders lield in that cily. The new rosd will be known as St. Loais \& Lexington, and bas been leased to the Missouri Pacific for ten yeara. Mr. Jos, Seligman was elected president. This road was foreclosed a short time since and bid in by the German bondholders at Frankfort-on-the Main. The road is rented so as to pay about 3 percent on the bonds.
Missouri State Finances,-The following is the State Treas urer's report for the quarter ending Sept. 30 :
receipta and disburgeyents.

| State revenmefond | Recelpta. |
| :---: | :---: |
| State intereat find. |  |
| State school moceya. | 13,915 |
| State seminary moners. |  |
| Execntors ${ }^{\text {and }}$ admlalatrato | 5xif |
| 1 n arance Departmentfand | 4.531 |
| Swampland in demnity fund | 814 |
| Total. | 257,03? |

Dlabarae
State revenue fund.
State interest fand.
State seminary moner
1nsarance Departmentfand

Total
\$257,03?
$\frac{10 . .}{\$ 80,388}$
There is at this dste in the Tressury tho sum of $\$ 842,442$, which is deposited and held as followa:
Msatin Bary, Kansas City
\$556, 187
206,62
Bant of st. Josepla, Mo.
206, 6.62
Nistonal Bunk Siate of Misasonri S


Total... .......................................................... $\overline{\S 812,412}$
For the monsy deposited in the Mastin Bank the Treasurer brought suit agsinst the bank and its securitles.
The State Treasurer has addressed the following letter to the Governor, which explains itself:

City of Jefrenson, Mo, Oct. 14, $18: 8$.
To ITw Fxcellency. Johrs. Shelps, Governor
Sif: For yonr information I desire to eap that, alnce my report datod Oct.
1, 18:8, for the quarter endiog Sept. 80 , I have realized the 8 nm of $\$ 220$, 1, 18:8. for the quarter endiag sept. 80, I have reatized the sum of $\$ 820.000$
from the sile ot water hond held by me aa collateral security for the deposita in the Mastun Bank, Jeaving s baisnca in aald hank of \&zs6, f8\%. I would also Istate that the contracts for Siste deposita having been approved, the state Tanda will be deposited with the Bank of Commerce, St. Lonls, Mo., and the Wational Ex hage, Jefferson City, Mo., as provided in sald contract.

Very reapectrolly.
Elisar Gates, State Treasarer.

- A despatch of Oct. 13 stated that Messrs. Mastin, the delunct Mastin Bank of Kansas City, had redeemed the $\$ 350,000$ of water-works honds held by State Treasurer Gates as collateral for deposits of the State's money in that bank, and $\$ 220,000$ cash was paid to Mr. Gates, and by him covered into the Siste Treasury.
New York Iake Erie \& Western. -The following was issued in London, September 30
Compsrative statement of earnings and working expenses of the New York Lake Erie \& Western Raliroad for the month of July, $187 \%$ snd 1878 :

Froes carolngs...
Worklog expcose
1877.
$\begin{array}{r}1619,888 \\ \hline\end{array}$
\&1,157,690
830,981
8326,709
showing an iocrease in the net earnlege for the month of $\$ 155,392$.
The net earnings for the firat ten months of the financial year exceed those for the same period last year by $\$ 013,558$.
New York \& New England.-The Common Councli of Ilartord voted to surrencier the bonds held by the city of the Ifartford Provideuce \& Fishkili Railrond to the New York \& New England road, snd thas accept the tender of $\$ 500,000$, which had been previously declined. The bonds have been surrendered to the offlerers of the company.

Orange Alexanirla \& Manassas. - The intereat on the fra mortgage fanded boudn of the Orang \& Alexandria leallroad Company to 1nt May, 1878, and on second mortgage funded bond to lai July, 1878, will be pald at the IRecelver'in olfice la Alexan. dria, Va., on preseutation of the bonds.

Iltsburg Clucinnat! \& St. Louis:-The following ln an approzimate statement of reanits In the operations of the Pittm-
burg Cincinati \& St. Loula Inail way Coinpany for the oino months ending September 30, 1878:
Mrosa recelpta,
Expenses ...............................................................................................................88
Net earataga............ .................... ... .............. 8825,085

Surphut........................................ .... ................ 130,010
Rielimond \& Danville.-At a meetlng of the stockholders of the Richmond \& Denvilie Reilroad Company, the action of the board of directors, in relation to the recent arrangement looking to the purchase of the Columbia Charloito \& Ablanta Rallroad, was approved and the report adopted.
St. Joseplı Iridge. -The earninge of the St. Joweph Bridge for the three years ending Sept. 30, 18i0, 1877 and 1878 , reapec tively, were, $\$ 00,051, \$ 68,245$ nod $\$ 85,670$. The buik of the earninge je from railroad traffic, the highway tolls being abont $\$ 9,800$ a year. 'I he disbursements of the bridge company for the iat year were $\$ 81,470$, of which $\$ 01,745$ wes for intcrent, $\$ 6,803$ for salariee, $\$ 4,059$ for repsirs, $\$ 3,482$ for expenses, $\$ 2,809$ for dykes for protection, and $\$ 2,480$ for tares and insarance. The bulk of the earnioga goes to pay loterest on the debt, which is $\$ 800,000$, drawing 7 per cent interest.
St. Joln \& Malne llailway.-The followlag notice has been issued by the St. Jolin \& Miaine Railway Company to the Loldere of the secired bonde of the European \& North American Raliroad Company (for extension from St. John weetward)
"You are hercby notsaled by the directora of the ahove company that, on the siat day of Auguat jast, the rajiway and property of the Europenn \& Nort Americsa Kailwsy for extenalon from St. John westward were parchased by the provislona of thelr Act of Iocorporatlon
"You are aleo notified that yon aro contijed to bave yonr bonda converted inte ehares in the capital atock of this compaay, apon the terma of the Act o Incorporation. on application made at any time within air months from the date hereof, and on production and surrender of yoar bond.
"Dated at London thit 25 th day of September, 18 G8\%," Wemp, President.
St. Lonis Iron Mountain \& Southern,-It is nooflicially announced that the litigation between the Baringe of London and the Allen-Marquand party, in the St. Louis \& Iron Mountain Railrosd matters, has been amicabiy settled; that it only remajos to adjast details, and thin work has been intrusted to a committee. -The Missouri Republican says of the recent decision in the suit againat this company: "In the decree in this snit, as settied by Jadge Dilion on the fifth inet., blank was left for the name of the mater in chancery to whom the cause was referred to compute and report the amonnt of interest due and unpsid on 'consolidated bonds,' and also to report as to the ownership of about $\$ 1,100,000$ of consolldated bonds, which Mr. Alien and his frienda claim to have purchased from the railway company in April or May, 1877, at 40 centa flat, but the ralidity of which parchase is disputed by other bondhoiders. Yesterday, both parties coneenting, Seymonr D. Thompson, Esq., to whom other railrosd foreclosure suits have been referred by the aame court, Was named by the court as master in thie case." * * * "Judge Dillon held, as oor readera know, that the defendants had falied to show any vaild agreement by the Barings or other bondholders deferring the fnll payment of interest till November 1, 1878, as alleged in theanswer, and that they had also fatled to ohow anything in the traosactione between the Mesars. Baring or tho Messrs. Ward and the defendants in October, 1876, set up in the answer, by which the former were equitabiy preciaded from insisting on the parment in fuil of the April, 1877, consolidnted coupons, thas overruling the defenses set op in the suit. Under the Interlocutory decree just entered, therefore, the master will prozeed to take an account of the unpaid interest; and when this is ascertained the final decree will require the defendant to pay it by a given day to be named, or, in default of sald payment, a amle of the road nader the consolidated mortgage will be ordered."
Southern Yacille (Callfornia).-At Yams, Oct. 8, m meetlog to organize the road under the territorial laws of A rizona elected D. D. Colton, A. P. K. Safford, Charies Hudson, George Tyng, add Chariee F. Crocker as directors. [Mr. Colton has since died].
-The Southern Pacific ia said to hare begun work on an extension of its road from jty preacnt terminue at Fort Yoma eastward, with the intention of completing it rapidly to Tucmon, from 275 to 300 miles. Tucson is about 800 miles dlatant from the present terminus of the Atchinon Topeka iE Santa Fe, whlch lo being pushed forward towards that point.
Toledo Peoria \& Warsait.-A. L. Mopiins, receiver, has fled a report, cuvering the operations of the road daring the months of July and August. The eliowing is as follows:
mectifta.
Balapce on hand Jaly
Recejpte for July....
8:3,414
Recelpts for August

## 

## UOMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Nigitt, October 18.

Tbe disturbed condition of affairs at tbe financial centres of Europe, and the flurry on our Stock Eschange, had a depreasing effect, directly and indirectly, upon our mercantile circles, which was seen moat prominently in the decline which took place in cottom and breadstaff, in which decline proviaions and other merchan dise shared to some extent. The weather continues unaeasonably mild, and there is little abatement of the scourge of yellow fever which has devartated the Misaisaippi Valley. Yet, in apite of tbese draw backs, trade and manufactures havemade fair progress for the autumn season, and there is reason to hope that we shall soon aee an end to local obstacles to business. The low prices to which cotton aud breadatuffis have declined have brought forward buyers for speculation.

Pork declined, and cloaed to-day with but alight recoverymess selling on the spot at $\$ 350$, and for November at $\$ 840$; new for January held at $\$ 975$. Lard silso declined, bnt closed rather dearer at $\$ 6$ 60@\$6 02 $\frac{1}{3}$ for prime Weatern, spot and January ; $\$ 657 \frac{1}{2}$ for November and December, and $\$ 6$ 67! for February. Bacou has sold at 5 @ 5 bc . for short clear at the West. Cut meats moderately active, pickled rib bellies going at 6@6tac., in bulk. Beff remains quite nominal. Beof hams are moderately salabie. Tallow has declined to $6 \frac{1}{c} \mathrm{c}$. for prime. Butter has been dull and drooping. Cheese declined to $8 \frac{1}{2} @ 9 \frac{1}{2} c$. for good to choice factory.

Kentucky tobacco has been dull, and asles for the week are only 600 hbds ., of which 400 for export and 200 for home consumptiod. Prices are without essential change; loga quoted at $2 \frac{1}{3} @ 5 \frac{1}{2} c$., and leaf 61 @14c. The movement in aeed leaf has been larger, and may be called active for the season. the salea for the week aggregating 1,450 cases, as follows: 600 cases, 1877 crop, New England, 14 c. to 25 c.; 72 cases old crop, New England, $7 \frac{7}{2} \mathrm{c}$; 500 casea, 1877 crop, Pennsylvania, 8c. to 19 c .; 678 cases, 1877 crop, Wiaconsin, 74c. to 9 c . Spaniah tobacco was without now feature, and aold to the extent of 550 bales at 80 c .@\$1 10.
There has been a protty good movement in ocean freight roow ; the aupply of tonnage has been reduced, and all rates show firm. ness, and not a few are noticeably higher, especlally those for berth room. Engagementa and cbarters of late and to-day include: Grain to Liverpool, by steam, 7e d.; flour, is. 4 $4 \frac{1}{3} d$.@ 38. 6d.; bacon, 35e.@37s.6d.; cheese, 45日.@47e. 6d.; cotton, 5-10d., compressed ; grain to London, by steam, 8 d.; flour, Es.; do. by sail, 2s. 6d.; grain to Avonmouth, by steam, $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. , in bulk; pro. visions to Glargow, by ateam, 45e.; grain to the Continent, 6s.; do. to Cette or Marsellles, 5s. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. ; do. to Bordeaux, 5e. 9d.; do. to Antwerp, $5 \mathrm{e} .3 \frac{9}{d} \mathrm{~d}$.; do. to the Centinent, by steamer, 6 s .3 d .; do. to Oporto, 18c., gold, par bushel ; oats to Cette or Marasilles, $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. . gold ; do. to Bordeaux or St. Nazalre, 7s. $4 \frac{1}{2} d$. perquarter; refined petroleum to Bremen, 3s. 51d.; do. in casea in Alexandria, 29@31c., gold ; crude to Bordeaux, 4e.; residuum to Liverpool or Bristol, 4s. 3d,
Coffees show a decline in the prices for Rio grades, and only a moderate movement has been noted ; fair to prime cargoes quoted at $15 @ 16 \mathrm{c}$. gold; atock here in firat hands 22,041 bags. Mild grades have been very dull anß nominally uuchanged. Rice has been in steady jobbing sale. Molassea has been dull, but about steady; Cuba 50 -test refining quoted at $32 @ 33 \mathrm{c}$.; new crop New Orleans quoted at $50 @ 60$ c., old at $26 @ 45 \mathrm{c}$. Refined sugara have been moderately active and stendy; crushed 9 ges. Raw grades, though quiet, have been steady; fair to good refining Cuba



Naval stores have continued quiet, but the fact that atocks are moderate and well concentrated, and the Southern and English advices quite firm, serves to maintain a good, steady range of values; common to good strained rosin quoted at $\$ 140 @ 145$; spirits turpentine at 29 c . Petroleum has been dull, and more or less demoralization has been manifested; offerings are liberal ; Creek advices weak and lower, and the full supplies abroad prevent any encouragement from that quarter; crude, in bulk, quoted at 5 c ., and refined, in bbls., $9 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{c}$. Steel rails have remained firm, with 4,000 tone reported sold, part at the mille at $\$ 42$; of old iron rails, 3,000 tons for Pittaburg delivery were reported sold ; auoted at \$17@\$18. Ingot copper quitt at 16@1618 c.

## OOTTON

Friday, P. M., October 18, 1878.
The Movement of tre Crop, as indicated by our telegrams
from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Oct. 18). the total receipts have reached 160,233 bales, against 148,158 bales last week, 130,990 bales the previous week, and 98,863 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, $1878,685,839$ bales, against 397,429 for the same period of 1877, showing an increase since September 1,1878 , of 288,410 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of four previous years are as follows:

| Receipte this w'k at | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. | 1874. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Orleans | 16,933 | 29,792 | 37,633 | 35,223 | 24,800 |
| Mohile | 3,527 | 13,689 | 10,800 | 11,495 | 8,520 |
| Charleaton | 31,304 | 20,536 | 25,007 | 18,984 | 21,618 |
| Port Royal, | 1,589 |  | 1,228 | 1,023 | 2,596 |
| Savannah | 39,344 | 26,392 | 17,424 | 26,871 | 31,477 |
| Galveston | 24,671 | 20,082 | 18,167 | 22,395 | 12,625 |
| Indlanola, \& | 636 | 193 | 762 | 1,811 | 516 |
| Tennessec, \& | 6,659 | 683 | 3,796 | 4,006 | 3,353 |
| Florida. | 844 | 107 | 1,068 | 178 | 889 |
| Norta Cavoli | 6,892 | 5,896 | 6,130 | 4,672 | 3,116 |
| Norfolk. | 23,513 | 14,763 | 29,483 | 19,891 | 17,358 |
| City Point, \&c. | 4,321 | 2,921 | 1,322 | 796 | 1,108 |
| Total thia week | 160,233 | 135,054 | 152,820 | 147,345 | 127,976 |
| Total alnce Sept. 1. | 685,839 | 397,429 | 633,029 | 570,582 | 500,701 |

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 78,966 bales, of which 71,948 were to Great Britain, 2.363 to France, and 4,655 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 376,699 bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season.


The exports tbla week under the nead or other ports" incluce, from Baltibalest, Llverpool from Philadelphia, 1,302 balea to Live puol; from Wilinington, 6.045 bales to Liverpool.
In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add also similar figures for New Tork, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale Lambert, 60 Beaver street

| Oct. 18, 4T- | On Shiphoard, not cleared-for |  |  |  |  | Leaving Stack. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Livernool. | France. | Other | Coastwisc. | Total. |  |
| New Orlcan | 3,750 | 4,250 | 6,000 | 100 | 14,100 | 24,500 |
| Mobllo. | 7,673 | None. | None. | None. | 7,673 | 6,6\%2 |
| Savanuah | 25,000 | 2,200 | 12,000 | 2,500 | 41,700 | 60,955 |
| Galveston | 13,296 | 4,585 | 1,028 | 1,579 | 20,4¢8 | 37,124 |
| New York | 14,500 | 700 | 575 | None. | *21,775 | 26,901 |
| Total. | 64.219 | $\overline{11,735}$ | 19,603 | 4,179 | 105,736 | 156,152 | * Included in this amount there are 6,000 bales at Presses for furelgu ports, the destination of which we cannot tearn.

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 39,819 bales, while the stocks to-night are 94,503 bales more than they were at this time a year ago. 'The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to Oct. 11, the latest mail dates:

| Ports. | ReCEI1'TS SINCESETT. |  | exportel since seit. 1 to- |  |  |  | Stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Great Britain. | France | Other Forelgı | Total. |  |
| N.Orins | 43,530 | 40,144. | 14,573 | 2,553 | 447 | 17,375 | 26,011 |
| Mobite. | 18,677 | 23,107 | 1,100 |  |  | 1,100 | 12,514 |
| Char'n* | 112,532 | 47,099 | 6,172 | 1,800 | 10,120 | 18,092 | 63,633 |
| Sav'h .. | 169.645 | 68,162 | 15,110 |  | 7,223 | 29,383 | 80.014 |
| Galv.* | 95,067 | 47,832 | 5,000 |  | 1,572 | 6,572 | 51,561 |
| N. York | 6.481 | 895 | 34,524 | 732 | 305 | 35,561 | 47,791 |
| Florida | 1,581 | 305 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N. Car. | 18.813 | 9,918 | 680 |  |  | $\mathrm{G}^{1} \times 0$ | 8,549 |
| Norf'k* | 52,760 | 21,558 |  |  |  |  | 13,500 |
| Other.. | 6,5®0 | 3,125 | 15,776 |  | 2,008 | 17.784 | 13,000 |
| This yr. | 525,606 |  | 92,935 | 5,085 | 21,675 | 119,695 | 317,515 |
| Lastyr. |  | 262,375 | 50,161 | 4.608 | 12,60. | (67.16:3 | 207.699 |

 ${ }^{1}$



#### Abstract

- the telegraphic figures, bocanse in proparing thom it is a comsary to lucorponato uvery correcton maile at the ports. The jivel werk has beon one of severe depresslon lin our cotton arkel, mal prices lave experfenced a decline selilom equaled. thun on thun wot decllned from day to day, untll yestorday inlf.  storlay: 'there lias been but a molerate demand from any arter-splaners and shlppers alike byylog sparingly. To-day, ohe were dull, and low middling and strint low mildiliag furof dw-lined $1-18 \mathrm{c}$. Fur futuro dellvery the decline has boen phi, and such re-actlons as took place were feeble and soon doul, evidently having no other foundathon than $n$ demand to war contracts and realize profits. The most sevoro decline of place yesturday, when October closed 16 points lower, and the der montas wero 18 a3I points lower. Tho depression was need by tho disturbed stato of financinl affairs at London and her monetary centres of Enropo, and the offect produced upon ade and valines at liverpool, Mancliester and Havro. The ports of a vast accumulation of goods at Manchester contributed fougly to tho panicky fooling into which our market was rown. The l3arean report mado public on Tuestay afternoon is also an adverso intueuce, supplemented since October (the te of its returns) by remarkably good wenther for the maturing d gathering of the crop. To-day, however, thero was an active eculation, partly on southern account, and prices recovered 0st of resterday's dceline, especially for tho carly months. The oculation secmod to have no other basis than tho low values at hation secenod romelied. The total sales for forward delivery for tho weck are 497,300 les, including - free on board. For linnodiato delivery tho tal saliss foot up this weok 4,849 bales, lneluding 1,073 for export, isi for coasumption, 189 for speculation and - in transit. Of e alrove, 00 balos were to arrive. The following tables show eutlicial quotations and sales for each dav of the past week:





## 

| Stock at Amsterdam | $\begin{array}{r} 1878 . \\ 34,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1877 . \\ 33,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1876 \\ 57,500 \end{gathered}$ | $1875 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock at Rotterdam. | 6,750 | 9,500 | 13.500 | 12,000 |
| Stack at Antwerp. | 3.500 | 5,500 | 14,500 | 6,250 |
| Stock at other conti'ntal ports. | 8,750 | 8,500 | 15,250 | 9,000 |
| Total continental ports. | 218,750 | 340,250 | 402,500 | 375,000 |
| Total European stocks.. | 551,000 | 817,000 | 1,046,500 | 1,015,250 |
| India cotton afloat for Europe. | 117,000 | 96,000 | 194,000 | 236,000 |
| Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe | 147,000 | 68,000 | 130,000 | 115,000 |
| Egypt,Brazil, \&e.,afl for E'r'pe | 16,000 | 36,000 | 30,000 | 43,000 |
| Stock in United States ports .. | 376,699 | 282,193 | 429,089 | 354,581 |
| 8tock in U. S. Interior ports... | 36,437 | 33,549 | 49,497 | 39,911 |
| United States exports to-day.. | 18,000 | 9,000 | 12,000 | 14,000 |

Total visible supply.bales.1,262.136 $\overline{1,341,742} \overline{1,900,086} \overline{1,817,742}$ Of the above, the totals of American and other descriptions are as tollows:
Ameriean-

Liverpool stock......................
Continental stocka............ American afloat to Europe...... United 8tates stock. United states interior stocks. United States exports to-day..

Total Amerlean East Indian, Brazil, \&c.Liverpool stock Lonion stock......................... Continental stocks.... Egypt, Brazil, \&o., nitoat

Total East India, \&o..
Total Visible supply.
Price Mid. Uplo, Liverpool

| 141,000 |
| ---: |
| 173,000 |
| 147,000 |
| 376,699 |
| 36,437 |
| 18,000 |

210,000
218,000 68,000
282,193
33.549 260,000
130,000 $\begin{array}{r}499,089 \\ 49 \\ \hline\end{array}$ 850,742 12,000 160,000 31,250
45,750
1170,000 117,000 . 370.000 892,130
$\begin{array}{rr}238,000 & 378,000 \\ 28,750 & 34,000 \\ 92,250 & 142,500 \\ 96000 & 194,000 \\ 36,000 & 39,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lll}491,000 & 787,500 & 897,250 \\ 850,742 & 1,112,586 & 920,492\end{array}$

235,000
162,000
162,000
115,000
354,531
39,911
14,000
920,492
347,000 58,250 213,000
236,000 236,000
48,000

897,250
$\mathbf{9 2 0 , 4 9 2}$

These figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 79,606 bales as compared with the same date of 1877, a decrease of 637,950 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1876, and a decrease of 555,606 bales as compared with 1875 .
At the Interior Ports the movemeat-that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1877 -is set out in detail in the following statement:

|  | Weck ending Oct. 18, '78. |  |  | Week ending Oot. 19, ${ }^{\text {r }} 77$. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Recelpts | Shipm'ts | Stoc | Receipts | Shipm'ts | Stock. |
| Augusta, 0 | 9,954 | 6.722 | 7,956 | 6,908 | 0, | 3,497 |
| Columbus, O |  | ${ }_{2}^{2,919}$ | 4.791 | 3.40 .4 | 1,651. |  |
| Mantgomery | 7,097 | 6,339 | 7,718 | 4,720 | 4.105 | 3,760 5,618 |
| Belma, Ala......- | 5,267 | 4,712 | 6,543 | 4,482 | 3,721 | 4,477 |
| Mcmphis, Te Nashville, Te | 2,124 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r}7,39 \\ \hline, 307\end{array}$ | 12,484 | 7,741 | 10,273 873 |
| Total, old porta | 33,53 | 24,231 | 36,437 | 36,3.48 | 26,662 | 33,549 |
| Dallas, Texas | 1,485 | 2,048 | 1,435 | 988 | 2,301 | 267 |
| Jefferson, Tex Shreveport, L | 1,938 | 444 <br> 826 | 3,362 | $\begin{array}{r}543 \\ 1.923 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 565 | 876 282 |
| Vicksburg, M1ss | 1,038 | $\ldots$ | , 33 | 4,939 | 4,322 | 1,902 |
| Columbus, M18s | 471 | 118 | 1,50.4 | 955 | 488 | 1,479 |
| Eufaula, A | 1.762 | 1,507 | 2,023 | 1,486 | 495 | 2,269 |
| Grimin, | 1,962 5,627 | 1,759 4,346 | 1,507 | 6.108 | 3.620 | 6, 7270 |
| Rome, Ga | 4,210 | 3,115 | 3,606 | 1,526 | 1,294 | 800 |
| Charlotte, N. | 2,656 | 3,367 | 630 | 1,683 | 1,209 | 991 |
| St. Louts, | 19,204 | 11,948 | 21,28 | 860 | 5,144 | 8.148 |
| Clacinuati, | 4,638 | 4,498 | 1,7 | 548 | 729 | 1,415 |
| Total, new | 44,444 | 33,976 | 43,16 | 29,514 | , 3 | 25,196 |
| Total, all.. | 77.981 | 58,207 | 70,597 | 65,862 | 49.008 | 58,745 |

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 9,306 bales, and are to-night 2,888 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 2,811 bales less than the same week last year.

- Recerpto from the Plantations.-Referring to our remarks in a previous issue for an explanation of this tnble, we now bring the figures down one week later, closing te-night:
heceipts from plantations.

we may now thankfully anticipate that the yellow fever scourge,
which has so long afflicted that section, will speedily come to which has so long afflicted that section, will speedily come to an heing gathered rapidly and in excellent condition, and pushed forward to market freely
Galveston, Texas.-We have had sprinkles on twe days of the pust week, but are needing more raiu for cattle, for running nachinery, and for fall gardens; but it is not olherwise wanted The thermometer has averaged 79 , the highest point touched having been 87, and the lowest 67. The rainfall has reached firc hundredths of an inch.

Indianola, Texas.-There have been showers on twe days dur ing the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-two hundredths of an inch. Some sections are getting very dry. Average thermom eter 74 , highest 88 , and lowest 61 .

Corsicana, Texas.-It has rained the past week on one day, sprinkle, the rainfall reaching seven hundredths of an inch. P'ick ing is progressing fincly. The thermometer has ranged from 4 to 93 , averaging 75.
Dallas, Texas. - Rain has fallen during the week on two days, showers, the rainfall renching seventy-five hundredths of an inch Average thermometer 75, highest 90, and lowest 47

Brenham, Texas. - We have had showers on two days the past week, the rainfall reaching fifty hundredths of an inch. Pickin is making rapid progress. The thermometer has averaged 78, the extreme range having been 63 and 89.

New Orleans, Louisiana. - It has rained here on one day during the week, the rainfall reaching seventy hundredths of an inch, The thermometer has averaged 73.
Shreveport, Louisiana.-Cotton picking is being pushed forward with great energy, and crops are coming in freely, favored witl good roads and weather. Low grades will be limited. First fros this morning, varying from light to heary, owing to locality Average thermemeter 68 , highest 90 , and lowest 46 . The raia fall has reached eighty-two hundredths of an inch.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.-Telegram not received.
Columbus, Mississippi. -The thermometer has ranged from 4i to 80 during the week, averaging 69 . The rainfall has reacher fifty-five hundredths of an inch. There was a light frost this morning on low lands.

Little Rock, Arkansas.-The weather during the past weel has been clear, excepting Wednesday, when it was cloudy all day with rain in the evening; after which it turned cool and las night we had a good frost. The thermometer has averaged 64 the highest being 81 and the lowest 42 . The rainfall has reacher one incl and two hundredths.

Nashville, Tennessce.-It has rained here one day, the rainfal reaching ninety-four hundredths of an inch, but the rest of th week has heen pleasant. There lave been killing frosts on $1 w$, nights during the weck. The thermometer has averaged 65, thi highest heing 77, and the lowest 53.

Memphis, Tennessee.-Telegram not received.
Mobile, Alabama.-It has rained severely on one day the latte part of the week, the rainfall reaching sixty-two hundredths a nn inch. The earlior part of the week was clear and pleasant Picking is progressing finely. The thermometer has averaged 78 the highest heing 85 , and the lowest 61 . Shubuta and Columbns Mississippi, had a frost this (Friday) morning, but not a killin frost.

Montgomery, Alabama.-Rain has fallen during the week o: two days, the rainfall reaching twenty-one hundredths of an incb The thermometer has averaged 61, with an extremo rango of 5 and 82.
Selma, Alabama.-It has rained here on twe days this week hut is now clear and cool. A very light frest is reported.
Madison, Florida.-There has been no rainfall during tlie week The thermometer has averaged 70, the highest being 80 and thi lowest 60. There will be no top crop in this section, as it has beet eaten by caterpillars. All the cotton is open and the bulk is ir market.
Macon, Georgia.-Rain has fallen on one day during the week The thermometer has averaged 73, the highest being 82 and the lowest 58.
Columbus, Georgia.- We have had rain during the weok, bn not enough to do much good. The rainfall has reached thirty five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer las averaget 70.

Savannah, Georgia.-It has rained here on one day, the rain fall reaching four lundredths of an inch, but the remainder o the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 69 the highest being 83 and the lowest 57.

Augusta, Georgia.-The wenther during the week has been coo and pleasant, excepting a light rain on one day. Accounts fron this section are good, the report stnting that a fair crop will b made. Picking is progressing rapidly, and planters are sending their crep to market freely. Average thermometer, 70 highes 84, and lowest 55.
Charleston, South Carolina.-It has been showery two days o the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and twenty-nin hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 58 to 82 , aver aging 69.
Comparative Port Receipts and Daily Crof Movement.A comparison of the port mavement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do net end on the same day of the month. We have censequently added to our other standing tables a daily and moathly statement, that the reader may con stantly have before lim the data for seeing the exact relatir mevement fer the years named. First we give the receints a each port each day of the week ending to-night.

| D, | $\begin{gathered} \text { an Now } \\ \text { k } \end{gathered}$ | Mro－ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { chater } \\ \text { destin } \end{array}\right\|$ | Sayn． | vastil． | Nor： |  | othllicr． | Totn． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 331 | 5，688 | 6，321 | 3，101 | 5，135 | $\overline{1,0 \times 3}$ | 781 | 25，343 |
| Hon | 2， 2.14 | 1，161 | 5，918 | 7，285 | 1，412 | 2，735 | 1，308 | 1，339 |  |
| rue | 6，316 | 710 | 6，771 | ${ }_{7}^{5.577}$ | ${ }^{2,8777}$ | ${ }_{3,610}^{4,810}$ | 1，112 | 2297 | 29,014 <br> 27,764 <br> 1 |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5,832}$ | ${ }_{\substack{7,497 \\ 3,4 \\ \hline}}$ |  | R，0e | 953 |  |
| rril | 2.966 | ${ }_{836}$ | 3，855 | 7，189 | 3，438 | 3，610 | 397 | 8，603 | 31，101 |
| rot．． | 16，033 | 3，527 | 31，3043 | 0，344 | 4，671 | 23，513 | 0，26： |  |  |

Tno movement each month since Sept． 1 has been as follows：

| Monthis Recelpts． | Year Beglnulng september 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1873. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. | 1874. | 1873. |
| tept＇mu＇r $-283,845$ meelpts Sept． 30 ．． |  | 95，272 | 236，86 | 169，077 | 131，3 | 11 |
|  |  | 02.19 | 05.87 | 04.03 | 03.84 | 03.0 |

This statement ehowe that up to Oct． 1 the recelpts at the sorts this year were 193,576 bales more than in 1877 and 51,980 ales more than at the aame time in 1876．By adding to the bove tatals to Oct． 1 the daily receipts since that time，we shall if able to reach an exsct compnrison of the movement for the lifterent years．

|  | 1878. | 1877. | 1876. | 1875. | 1874. | 1873. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ot．Sp． 30 | 258，848 | 95，272 | 236，368 | 169，077 | 134，376 | 115，235 |
| iet． 1. | 23，599 | 13，941 | 8. | 14，531 | 10，714 | 7，501 |
| 16 | 23，283 | 0，741 | 30，714 | 12，096 | 10，511 | 7，989 |
| 1） 3 | 17，537 | 12，179 | 15，621 | 8. | 12，251 | 6，452 |
| ＂ | 24，181 | 10，720 | 19，854 | 19，503 | 8. | 5，702 |
| ＂ | 22，862 | 12，903 | 19，197 | 20，116 | 17，584 | 8. |
| －16 | 8. | 10，210 | 22，115 | 15，078 | 17，743 | 8，708 |
| 1 | 25，800 | S． | 19，2 17 | 16，384 | 14，766 | 8，0．40 |
| ＂ | 24，369 | 18，609 | 8. | 19，445 | 14，416 | 7，611 |
| ${ }^{4}$ | 24，966 | 21.523 | 32，019 | 17，384 | 18，207 | 8，609 |
| ＂ 10 | 22，539 | 19，304 | 24，533 | 8. | 14，587 | 11，814 |
| ${ }^{11}$ | 27，622 | 18，399 | 20，722 | 32，312 | S． | 8，131 |
| ${ }^{12}$ | 25，343 | 21，302 | 18，950 | 21，822 | 27，532 | 8. |
| ＂ | 8. | 14，875 | 20，348． | 20，576 | 20，714 | 16，470 |
| ＂ 1 | 20，402 | S． | 19，812 | 20，513 | 18，720 | 13，400 |
| ${ }^{4} 15$ | 29，014 | 35，142 | s． | 25，171 | 18，542 | 12，066 |
| ＂ 16. | 27，764 | 21，081 | 38，513 | 19，629 | 20，751 | 15，572 |
| ＂ 17 | 20，549 | 20，815 | 21，034 | S． | 16，819 | 10，981 |
| ${ }^{4} 18$. | 31，161 | 21，359 | 27，821 | 23，753 | 8. | 15，905 |
| stal．．．．．．685，839 <br> srentage of total port receints $\qquad$ |  | 377，375 | 587，398 | 472，295 | 388，239 | 280，206 |
|  |  | 03.68 | 14.54 | 11.27 | 11．10 | 07．36 |

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept． 1 up to －aight are now 308,404 bales more than they were to the same ly of the month in 1877 ，and 98,441 bales more than they ere to the snme day of the month in 1876 ．We add to the last ble the percentages of tatal port receipts which had been ceived Oct． 18 in each of the years named．
Consumption in the United States．－The very inrge kings by spinners in the United States，as developed by ou nual cotton report，so surprised us，that we have since then atinued our investigations to learn more clearly the reason or asons for it ，and havo reached the following results．
First－lt seems to be quite certain from the evidence that the ucks of the raw material in manafacturers＇hands were，on ptember 1 ，in excess of the same time a year ago to the amount about thirty or forty thousand bales．Such an accumulation by pse able to carry it was most natural，in view of the unfavorable ndition of the visible supply through the summer，and the nstant prophecies of a positive deficiency in September which re being made by many good judges．This cotton，however， is uneveuly distributed，and hence buying was continucd more sely than would otherwise have been necessary．Still，notwith－ finding this fact，we have confirmatory proof of the surplus in factual purchases of apinners during the early weeks of this rison；for，if we make proper allowance for the much larger hount afloat this year（in transit north）and temporarily out of ：ck，we shall find a considerable decrease in their takings dur－ F the first three weeks．
Second－We have also gathered further evidence of the ireasing use of cotton by woolen mills，－a necessary economy to iet the hard times．This fact we remarked upon in our crop 3）ort，and have often referred to it before，and the additional formation now received only confirms our statements．In truth， r．nowledge of the market leaves little evidence necessary．For i tance，with regard to knitting mills，one can readily see that is little wool could be put into drawers selling at three dollars 1 dozen．Hence，it is not strange manufactarers of this descrip－ ta of goods write us that＇most of the knitting mills are using ＂cotton now entlrely，for the reason that the publio domand ＂cheap goods and cannot pay far those with wool in thom．＂Of courso theronro finer articles of thil descriptlon mado of part wool， nad some scarlet goods aro all wool：but they aro high－priced，and nt present it does not take but fow to glut the market．l＇rotty much the same conditions prevall with regard to ali cloths usually classed as woolens．Sales have run increasingly year by year on the low－priced makes，and consequently moro and more cotton is both carded and twlated in with the wool，untll now about all the lower classes of woolen goods aro doctored in that way． A significant circumstance in the samo connection is that all the cotton－warp mills have been dolng a driving basincss the past year．

These are the facts，and being such the wonder ceases at the ndditional takings of our apinners for the twelve months eading with the 1st of September．

Aarlcultural Bureau＇s Report for 1878．－This week the last month＇s（October）condition figures for 1878 have been issued by the Agricultural Bureau at Washlngton．Below la the report in full．

Wasmington，October $15,1878$.
The October returns to the Department of Agriculture Indicate an average condition of tho cotton crop of 90，the aame as in September．The fullowing are State sverages：
North Crrolina．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．81－8 decline of．．
 Georgia．
Florlda Florlda．．． Alabama ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．85－a decrease of．

 Texas．．． Arkanaaa ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．90－a decrease of．

As compared with October， 1877 the growing crop shows an improvement of 11 per cent．The October condition fully equals that of the aplendid crop of 1870 ，and excels that of any lnter－ veniny year．Insect injories are naimportant．The eastern eection of the cotton belt was visited by storms moving through narrow zones and doing much locsl damage．In the Mississippl Valley，yellow ferer quarantine regulations have restricted the marketing of the crop．Texas reports a very fine crop，nome countles reporting prospective averages as high as a bale per acre．Arkansas has falien of，through drouth in some quarters and excessive rains in others．With the increased acreage planted，the crop now promises an out－turn of upward of five million beles．
As with these returns the sesson＇s reports are completed， we pursue our usual plan for determining their true meaning． At the outset，however，we wish to any that the Washiog． ton Bureau is not at all responsible for these deductions．That Burean has alwaya iasued，in Norember，an estimats of the crop． Whetherit will do so this season we are notinformed．We should infer that it will not，from the last sentence In the above report，which strtes its opiulon that the crop now promises an ＂sout－turn of npward of five million bales．＂But we have no interest in that question at present，for our object is not to indicate what the Agricultural Gurean thinks，or will tbink ln November， but almply in what way，according to past experience，the neareat approach to the true result of the year＇s growth can be deduced from its condition figures．Proceediog，therefore，in our usad manner，we first give the followlag as the correct average $r^{\prime}$ esch State for the aesason：

| States． | 1588. |  |  |  |  |  | 1877. |  |  |  |  |  | I－ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 吕 | 言 | $\frac{\text { 曾 }}{}$ |  | ¢ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Av- } \\ \text { erage } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\dot{\theta}}{5} \\ & \text { 号 } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{5}{9}$ | $\dot{\dot{c}}$ | $\dot{\circ}$ | 80 |  |  |
| No．Carblliba． | 87 | 81 | 82 | 86 |  | 84.0 |  |  | 85 |  |  | $85 \cdot 8$ | ${ }^{1}$ |
| So．Carolina． | 99 | 104 | 97 | 80 | 84 | 928 | 91 | 87 | 88 | 85 | 79 | 3． 0 |  |
| Georgia．．．．．． | 101 | 105 | 92. | 81 | 85 | $92 \cdot 8$ | 83 | 90 | 83 | 7 | $7 i$ | 88. |  |
| Florlda．．．．． | 98 | 100 | 99 | 91 | 81 | 94.4 | 92 | 95 | 93 | 94 | 85 | $92 \cdot 4$ |  |
| Alsbama．．．．． | 101 | 102 | 98. | 92 | 91 | 93.8 | 90 | 94 | 93 | 91 | 58 | 91.4 | $5 \cdot 4$ |
| Misalaslppl．．． | 93 | 88. | 92 | 80 | 86 | $92 \cdot 6$ | 91 | 93 | 90 | 88 | 80 | 58.4 | 4.2 |
| Lonleiana． | 98 | 95 | 90 | 83 | 83 | 89.8 | 98 |  | 108 | 92 | 7 | $95^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ | 5 |
| Teras．． | 104 | 106 | 106 | 101 | 103 | 101\％ | 91 | 94 | 96 | \％ | 64 | 83.0 | 21. |
| Arkansas | 98 | 91 | 98 | 98 | 90 | 95.0 | 94 | 94 | 23 | 99 | 93 | $95 \cdot 8$ | －0．6 |
| ＇Sennersee． | 98 | 98 | 921 | 91 | 102 | 98.0 | 94. | 96 | 90 | 100 | 100 | $98 \cdot 0$ |  |

－Decrease．
This atatement shows for the eessen a deereased or poorer condition of 1.2 per cent in North Carolina，of 5.2 per cent In Lonisiana，and of 0.6 per cent in Arkanaas，but gives an increased or improved condition in all the other States except Tennessee， where there is no change．If now we add to thees figaree of Increased and decreased condition the changes in acreage this year，as given in our June report，we shall reach the following concluslon．We use our own acreage figares instead of the Burean＇e，because they are a little larger，and we have heretofore given our reasons for believlag that even our own fgures aro too small．

## STATES.

North Casollua
South Carolina .
Georgia
Florida
Alahama.
Misaisaippl. Jouibiana
Texas...
Arkannas
Tennessee.
Total production

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Produetion } \\ 1877-78 . \\ \text { Bales. } \end{gathered}$ | Condition thl8 year compared with last. |  | Acreage this year compared with last. |  | Yield of 1878-79, Estimated. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Better. | Worae | Inc. | Dec. |  |
| 250,000 |  | 1.2 | 2.0 |  | 252,000 |
| 325,000 | 6.8 | .... | $5 \cdot 0$ | .... | 363,350 |
| 575,000 | $9 \cdot 2$ | $\ldots$ | $5 \cdot 0$ | $\ldots$ | 656,650 |
| 60,000 | $2 \cdot 0$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 61,200 |
| 625,000 | $5 \cdot 4$ | $\ldots$ | 4.0 | .... | 683,750 |
| 675,000 | '4*2 | $\ldots$ | 4.0 | $\ldots$ | 730,350 |
| 645,000 |  | $5 \cdot 2$ |  |  | 611,460 |
| 735,000 | $21 \cdot 4$ | $\ldots$ | $8 \cdot 0$ |  | - 951,090 |
| 600,000 |  | 0.6 | 3.0 |  | - 614,400 |
| 321,000 |  | .... | .... |  | 321,000 |
| 4,811,000 | .... |  | $\ldots$ |  | 5,245,250 |

This atatement shows that under this mode of interpretation the condition figures of the Agricultural Bureau point to a crop of $5,245,250$ bales. That, undoubtedly, will be considered by very many a large estimate; but we see no reason for questioning it, or for helisving that the crop will in aoy event fall below that total.

Bombar Stocks of Cotton.-In our cotton report of August 3 we gave the stocks of cotton at Bombay on the conimencement of the monsoon, from the circular of Messrs. Wallace \& Co. and also the figures published about the same time in the Bombay Prices Current, and remarked upon a difference in the totals which we could not then reconcile. The following letter, received this week from Messrs. Wallace \& Co., makes the matter clear, and shows that it arose out of the fact that the packages were of very dissimilar weights.

## Bombay, September 13, 1878.

William B. Dans, Eeq., 81 Willam elreet, N. Y.
Dear Sir:-In the cepy of the Commercial and Financiat Chronicle of 3d Anguet, we notice you compare our figares as regarde stock of cotlog in Bombay at the cummencement of the monsoon wlth those given by the Bombay Prices Current, and, as you justly remark, that there appeara to be a great dference between the two estimater. However, in reality the figures are nearly the same, only In the Bombay Prices Current they have nafortanately left oct the word candies, and yon have naturaily read the fignres to mean ba ca. As the wetght of a candy fa 784 pourds and that of a bale about 393 pounda, yon wlll see our eatimates of the total atuck are nearly ideatical. We have pointed thls out to the pablisher of the Bambay Prices Current, who regrets the omission. We may meatian our figures do not jacinde the stecke in hands of the locai mills. * * * * We remain, yonrs falthinlly

WALLACE \& CO.
With the above explanation, the two statements, as given, will be found to agree quite closely.

Detailed Cotton Exchange Acreage Reforts for Oct 1.-We give below, in full, the Cotton Exchange Acreage Reports for Oct. 1.

## Norfolk Department.

The Norfolk Cotton Exchange (H. S. Reynolds, Chalrman, W. D. Rountree and R. P. Bary, Committee on Information aod stallatica) fseues the folsowing report covering the State of Virginia and the followlog Counities in North
Carolina: Muiberford, Lincoln, Catawba, Rowan, Davidaon, Iredell, Burke,
 Rockingham, Caswell, Person, Granville, Warree, Franklio, Naib, Wake, Myde, Pitt, Green. Cartaret, Craven, Beanfort, Tyrrel, Waahington, Martin, Bertie, Chowan, Pauquotank, Camden, Currtuck, Gatea, Hertford, Northamp-
North Carolina.-25 replies from 18 counties in North Caro lina.
Fifteen report weather in Septemher favorable. Ten any rainy and infavorsble. Somedamage by ratia reported. but very Hitle from aay nther cause, probabiy betur than lani year, aud abont 200 to 2.5 pounds lint cotton to the acre.

## Charleston Department

cavern the State of South Carolina, and is prepared and iasned by ila
Charlestoo Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and statiatics, compored of Robert D. Mnre, Chalrman, L. J. Walker and A. W. aft.
South Carolina.-65 replies from 96 counties.
The wrather is reported. with a few exceptions, as wet and ntormy, the former canaing second growth, which, in the opicion of correspoadente, will not. mature, and the latter doing coasiderahte damage in the quality of cotton if not in quantity. Damage from wormala reported from two conaties-oae fith of the top crop reparted goue by this means in one couaty. Rost has forward, with the exceptlon of a few connties, where it has keen retarded hy bad weaiher or sick nebs, or pearcly cf inhor owiog to graio crops. The eatimate of yicld varrea from 100 to 300 ponnds of $11 n$ per acre, the average belag ? 66 pounda. Twenty six counties iepert the yleld as merc than lat year, welity-four lese, and afteen abont the aame, the average of the State beiog 2
ceat below last year.
Savannah Depariment.
This report covers the State of Georgra and the State of Florida. The report jiprepared and risued by the suvacuah Cotton exchangc, throngh thet Clavina Phllipg, J. J. Wilder, L. G. Yonog and K. M. Oppenheimer.

Georgia. 90 replies from $5 \overline{5}$ counties.
The general report of tha weather, with lew exceptions, has been mast tavorable-clear and warm-causiag the holla to matare quickly and open freely. There bave been no ftermf, and only the Southweatern portion af the
State was viaited by warms, and the damage there was eltght; where not State was viaited by warms, and
injared by ruat, the plant in well frulted and to retainlagits hells. Plekiag is progrenalng rupidiy; the extraordinarily ilne opec ecason has ecabied the
framer to gather, up to ints time, a larger propertion of his crop than uanal racd that, noo, In a better coadition. The grade, staple ada preparation of thit crop is cxcep, ionalis good. The yield varies from 800 to 450 ponads of peed cotion to the acre; while the crop of this state will nadoahtedly exceed last
year's, the percentare of excesa will depend apon an early or late frost, the aing in Angut haylog cansed the plant to put forward a beavy top crop,

## Florida. -21 replies from 12 counties.

The weather bas been olear and warm the past month. cauning the bolls open freely and the cuttou to he gathered in good condition. No grorma ba occnrred, and the damage from fust and werms han been slight. The both crop Was well fruited; the mide was injared in certais ioculilies somewt
by saet; the top crop, where not affecied by rust, Is denendeat apna easona. Plantera are well up with tbelr pleklog; the yield per acre varfes the average bHog about 350 to 400 pounda of Recd cottun. or ahout a hale
every threa and a half acrea-and is a litile io excesa of last year. The Ialand portinc of the State was viaited hy a paccestor of equinactial ptorn and has saffered more or lesa from the caterplliar. Thle crop will lat eqt sast year'e, cither in quaatity or quality.

## Mobile Department

Covers the state of Alabama, as far narth as the gammit of the Sa Mountalas, and the following counties in AIississippi. Waype, Clarke, Jasp Uktibiba, Ćnlfax, Móroe. Cb: casaw, Itawamba, Lee, Foatetoc, Prenti Alcorn and Tiahamingo. The repert is prepared and lasued by the Moh Cotton Excharge, throngh their Committee on Information and sint tics. composed of T. K.
C. Bueh Rad S. Hane.
Alabama. -55 replies from 33 counties.
The weatber duriag September has been dry und gencrally favorable, a has canned a rapid maturicy ad opeaing of the buils. The average dighteen connties rep
from rnat, woims, etc., is about 5 per cent. kigh that cotton ta craitlae well mad retaining gquaree and bolat and if re eret an ding from rust and worme. Pickice has progressed rididly, aonis renort "half picked." The average yield per acre is eatimated at about 500 ponc aeed cotten, and us compared wiblat year le estimuted at abuat 7 per a lese.

## Mississippi.-25 replies from 15 counties.

The weather has beea dry and favorable for tha matarity of the bolla, opening of the earoe, Soine few repart ahedding from dry werntber. tiea report that the crop in fruiting well and retalaing pquares aud bolls, seven that it is aot. Picking is progressing rapidly. and a giod portion o. crop saved. The average yielis per acre is erimancd at about 470 pounda cotton, and as compa

## New Orleans Departnent

covera that part of the State of Miszissippt not apuoriloned to the Mem and Mobllo Cxtton Exchangea; the entire State of Loutsiana and the $S$
 Ioformation and Statistica, composed of $W \mathrm{~m}$. A. Gwyn. Chairman, Moore, Jeese S . Flower, Join M. Witherapoou, J. is. Fraakenbosh.
Your committes regret to state that, owing to quaranting res lations, no reports have been received from Arkanaas, and $t$ from the same cause our replies from Louisiana and Mississi] (the former especially) are very meagre.
Lonisiana. -10 reports from the lollowing parishes: Cuncorc East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Livingaten, Point Coup St. Helena, Tensas and West Feliciana. Average date, Sept. They report the weather duriag the moolh as very dry aad fine-wi
 rapldy. The average yield in above pariahes is estlonated at a aont rapidiy. The average yield in above pariahey is estlmated at a out
eightha of a bale per acr.; and as cunpared with last yeur 18 much lette
Mississippi.-43 replies from 20 counties. Average October 1.
The weather dnring the month of Septeminer has been very favore which haa had a good effect on the crop. The plant la bot gceralily frul W. 11 or retaining its quares a ad bulls. Picking in progressing flyely; avel
yield from ooe-third to one-haif baic per acre, about the same ny lait yeas

Arkansas.-No report.

## Galveston Departinent

covers the state of Texas, and was prepared and iasued by the Galveston Co Kxchange, throngh their Committeo on Infarmatiou and Statistics, compr of J D. skina
Texas.-77 replies from 54 counties.
Seveaty report the weather favorable and ecven nafavarable; sisty-an rapldy: ten report Dad effect canslocit to ehed ; ten report alight damar y worma; reven report 10 per cent damage by worma; ais report 20 per
 30 per cent damase by worma ; thir y-nine rejort no diumage. ruth, rol or stormereported. Sizty four report picking progreesing rad Some few complain of waat of pickers ; two report one-fourth picked three report one-thlad picked out; teven report one-hal picked on; reparta heree-th bule per acre; ejght report one-fuarih bale; twent r-two rit oue-third bale; tweoty-ife repori o..e-balf bala; twelve report threesou s bale ; pir report two-thirds bale; three report oae bale. As to yicid comp d with latt year, thlteen repurt the rame; six repart !ces; foar report 10 ir ceut lerg; R1x repert 25 per ceat Jenf; 2 three 1 eport $331 / 3$ per cent le reporta 30 per ccut leas; ;ix report 8ome hetter; eight repat 10 mare; elght report 23 per cent more; elght report 50 p.r cent
report 1001 per cent more; four report frum 150 to 50 s per ceat more.
Bomhax Shipments.-According to our cable despateli receid to-day, there bave been 3,000 bales shipped from Bombajo Great Britain the past week and 1,000 bales to the Contint while the receipts at Bombay during this week have been 20 bales. The movement since the 18 t of Japuary is 89 follo These figures are brought down to Thursday, Oct. 17.


From the foregoing it would appear that, compared with st yeur, there has been an increase of 2,000 hales in the wert ments from Bombay to Europe, and that the total move since Jannary 1 shows a decrease in shipments of 88,000 compared with the corresponding period of $187 \%$.

Gonny Bags, Bagaing, \&c.-Bagging las not been brisk since our last report, but a fair jobbing demnand is the noted, which takes off a considerahle quantity of goods. HUers are steady as to price, and still quoto $10 \frac{1}{2} @ 10 \mathrm{c}$ c. for $1{ }^{\left.\frac{3}{4}\right)}$ 10 allc. for 2 lbs , and $11(011 \mathrm{cc}$. for standard quality, the $h$ the general inquiry is for the light weights. Butts have nltinued to rule strong in price, and the market has been fily
aetive. Sales have been mate of lota on spot to the extent of 3,500 bales, at $211-16 @_{2} \mathrm{c}^{2} \mathrm{c}$. cash, as to quantity. To arrive, the
 gold, and 2 ge., currency, uccording to quallty and lecatlon of ships. 'lho market for futures closes strong, with most lolders asking 2 sidutc. Oa spot, quotations are 211.10 c . for ordinary, and 2?@령. for best spianling grades.

Tue Exionts of Cotron from New York thla week show an iacreane, at cotapared with last week, the total reachiag 17,103 balea, againat 10,253 balea last weok. Below we give our naual table ahowing the exports of cotton frem New York, and their diructlon, for each of the last four weeks; slso the total exports and direction siace Sept. 1, 1978 , and in the last column the tatal for the same derlod of the prevlous year:
Exportsof Cotton(balea) from Now Yorkstncesent,1, 1878

| ExPORTED ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | WEEK ENDINE |  |  |  | Total to data | Same period prev'a. year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 25 . \end{aligned}$ | Oct. 2. | Oct. 9. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ 16 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Liverpool........... | 8,953 | 11,153 | 8.413 | 15,927 | 49,931 500 | 30,058 |
| Total to Gr. Itritatu | - 3,158 | 11,153 | 9.918 | 15,927 | 30,451 | 81,573 |
| Eavre. | .... | 103 | 813 | .... | 782 | 818 |
| Other Preach portt........ |  | ... |  |  | .... | 115 |
| Tocel French | ...' | 100 | 815 | .... | 732 | 938 |
| Bremen and Hsmover | 105 | 2:0 |  | 1,176 | 1.481 | 850 |
| Famburg. |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |
| Other porto |  |  |  | ...: |  | 8,302 |
| Total to N. Enrope. | 105 | 200 | $\ldots$ | 1,176 | 1,481 | 5,762 |
| Apain, Oporto Gihraltarde all othera. | ..... |  | ... |  | .... | .... |
| Tozal Spaln, dxc.. |  |  |  |  |  | .... |
| Grand Totat | 3,25s | 11,135 | 10.258 | 17,173 | 52.664 | 89,293 |

The fellowing are the receipts of cotton st New York, Boston. Philadelphisand Baltimore for the past week, and since Sept. 1,'78:

| EsCs'Ta Prom | NEW TORE. |  | Boaton. |  | fricadelip'ia\| |  | BALTIMORR. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thla week. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Sept. } 1 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Tbia weak. | Slace Sept.1. | Thia week. | Since Sept.1. | Thia weck. | Since Sept. 1 |
| New Orleana.. | 2,068 | 7,930 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tersa. | 7,633 | 41,144 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sapanns Mobila. | 4,270 | 46,059 | 1,532 | 8,339 | 785 | 6,747 | 3,474 | 12,521 |
| Floride. | 285 | 1.293 |  |  | ... | .... |  |  |
| 8'th Caralina. | 3,702 | 25,269 | . |  |  |  | 2,993 | 6,191 |
| N'th Carolina. | 1.750 | 6,452 |  |  |  |  | 4:2 | 593 |
| Virginla....... | 7,252 | 25.689 | 2.141 | 5.86i. |  |  | 2,502 | 6.057 |
| North'rn Ports | 6171 | 502 | 2,935 | 13,934 |  |  |  |  |
| Temnessef, \&c Forelgn | 3.832 | 10,333 | 936 | 3,036 | $8 \% 1$ | 2,411 |  |  |
| Total thie year | 81,01: | 169,843 | \% 953 | 81,119 | 1,606 | 9,238 | 9,204 | 25.811 |
| Totallast year. | 21,310 | 78,140 | 4,519 | 15.9.2\% | 718 | 3,503 | 3,362 | 8,774 |

8hipping News. -The exporte of cotion from the United States the past week, ss per latest mail returne, have reached 45,671 bales. So far as the Southern porta are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in Thr Curonicle, last Fridsy. With regard to New York, we include the manifeats of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday aight of thls week.

New York -To Liverpool, per stesmera Mediator, 4,212 Russia,
treal, 9i6 ... Adrtattc, $64 \%$....ipain, 2,235....... ................... 15,92
To Bremen, per ateamers Huna, 717,...0der, 439.....
Canalmaton-To Liverpool, per bartz Eleaaor, 2,364 Upladid
To Havie, per brig Prlde of Chyleur. 1, soo Upland ....................

To R val, per ateamer No, 8.9 ins U pland
To Barcelona, per stea ner Eivira. 2,30J Upland...
Texas - Tu Cork, for ordere, per brig Azha, 1,121
To Bremen, per bark Artillerist, 1,572
Wiminoton-Tu Liverpool, per bars' Kaleb. óso.
 To'Bre .. Lovaine, 700
oston-To

PhiLanelfuta-To Liverponl, per steamer lilinois, $\ddot{9} 8$

## Total

46,87
The particulars of these ebipments, arranged In onr nanal form, are as follows

| Liverpool. | Cork. | Msvre. | Bremen. | Reval | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bar- } \\ & \text { celons } \end{aligned}$ | Nova Scatia. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15,927 | .... |  | 1,176 |  |  |  | 17.103 |
| 8,069 | ..... | 11.300 |  |  | 89.0 |  | 3,049 8,084 |
| 3,239 | iioi |  |  | 3,983 | 2,300 |  | 9,512 |
| 680 | 1,121 | .... | 1,572 |  |  |  | 2,693 |
| 2,400 |  |  | 20 | $\ldots$ |  |  | 2,950 |
| 1,921 | .... | ... |  |  | .... |  | 1,423 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 698 |

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Tatal } \ldots \ldots . & 30,793 & 1,121 & 1,800 & 2,763 & 8,963 & 6,220 & 1 \\ 46,671\end{array}$
Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:


Liverpool, Oct. 18-4:03 1'. M.-By Camie phom livprepuok, - Estimated sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for export and apeculation. Of to-lay'm alem 5,500 bales were American. The weekly movement is given an follows:


## BREADSTUFFS

Fridat. P. M.. Oct. 13, 1878.
There has been the past week an imporitant decline in the low grades of flour, common extras having sold as low as \$3 50 per bbl. The depression was the result of unlavorable forelgn advices, whlch caused the withdrawal of most of the export orders upin the market, and the local trade bought very sparIngly. The figure reached this week are among the loweet In the history of onr trade. Prodnction ls wuch smaller than last year, and atocks are belleved to be but molerate. Rje llour is not plenty, and higher. Corn meal very dall. Ta-day there were large sales of common extras at $\$ 350 @ \$ 35$, and the close was atronger.

The wheat market was greatly depressed by the unfavorable foreign advices, and on Wedneeday extreme low figures were made, namely: No. 3 spring, 79c. on the spot; No. 2 spring, 8 ifc for October; No. 2 red wlater, 081c., spot and October, and \$1 for November: No. 1 red wiater, 11 on the spot; No. 1 amber Michlgan, $\$ 1$; No. 2 amber, 97 as98c.; and No. 1 white, $\$ 1$, spot
and October. Yesterday, there was a alight recovery from these values. Receipts at the Western markets show some increase, mainly of spring growths. To-day, there was a further advance, especially in winter grades ; No. 2 red winter, $\$ 101$; No. 1 white, $\$ 103$. Aftar 'Change, 40,000 bush. No. \& red winter sold a \$1031@\$1034.

Indian corn also declined, No. 2 mixed gelling on Wedneaday at 46 c ., and optlons for early delivery became extremely dull ; however, steamer mixed sold for December at 46c. There was acarcely any demand for corn on the spot, and prices gave way under comparatively small offerings. Yesterday, there was some recovery in spota, with more doing in futures. To-day, there was a slight further improvement. Sales for November at $47 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}$. for steamer, and $47 \frac{8}{4} \mathrm{c}$. for No. 2.

Rye has been dull, drooping and unaettled. Barley has mater. lally declined, with sales at $\$ 125$ for No. 1 Canada, $\$ 112 \frac{1}{2}$ for No. 2 do. and $\$ 1$ for 6 rowed State. These prices are $15 @ 20 c$. lower than recent extreme figures asked. Oats further declined early in the week, but latterly there is some recovary; No. 2 Chicago sold at 29c. for Oct. and Nov. To-day, the market closed $27 \frac{1}{2}$ c. with No. 2 graded quoted at $27 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. for mixed and 30 c . for white.
The following are the closing quotations:

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as
follows:

Flonr, buls.
C.meal, C.meal, "'




* Inclading malt.

Recetpts at lake and river potts for the weer endino OCT. 12, 1878, FROM DECEMBER 31 TO OCT. 12,

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AT- } \\ & \text { Chicago...... } \\ & \text { Milwankee. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: |
| Toledo. |
| Detroit. |
| Cleveland |
| St. Lonis |
| Peoria |
| Dalath. |

 Tntal.............
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Previons week..... } \\ & \text { Correep,ng week, } 7 \text {. } \\ & \text { Correspng week, } 76 .\end{aligned}$ $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Corresp ng week, } 76 \text {. } 141,961 & 2,231,826 & 2,428,136 & 764,561 & 6: 7,950 & 119,722\end{array}$

 Tot Ang 1 to


 SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FROM WESTERN LAKE AND RIVER PORTA FROM DEC. 31 TO OCT. 12.


 RAIL shipments of flour and arain from western lake $\xrightarrow{\text { Weck }}$ AND RIVER PORTS

| Weck | Flour, | Whear, | Cor | Oata, | Ba | Rye, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 421 | 4 | 210,879 | 326.094 | 227,780 |  |
| d. |  | $30 \%$ | 134,110 | 411,844 | 1113,4.46 | 6,738 |
| Oct. 14, 1876 | 119.3:2 | 897,895 | 811,963 | 40¢,307 | 191.771 | 28.063 |
| Oct. 18, 187 | 91,102 | 868,5¢4 | 24:091 | 450,274 | 123,943 | 15,3 |

RECEIPTS DF FLOUR aND ORAIN AT GEAbOARD PORTS FOR THEA WEEK ENDED OCT. 12, 1878 , AND FROM DEC. 31 TO OCC'. 12.

|  | Flonr, | Wheat, | Corn, | Oata, | \%, | Rye, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 103,690 | 1,574.822 | 1, ${ }^{199}$ |  |  |  |
| Boaton | 43,511 | 70,250 | ${ }^{1} 98$, | 64. | 214,510 |  |
| Porliand | 2,800 |  | 7,010 | 3,009 |  |  |
| Montrea | 29,234 | 4R8, 19.9 | 430,570 | 1,788 |  |  |
| Philadelph | 24,120 | 452,500 | 29.9.00 | 109,200 | 79,500 | 7,500 |
| Balthmore | 25,264 | 6*3,800 | 155,600 | 35.100 |  | 1,000 |
| N | T0 | 21.741 | 411 | 1,112 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 31 |  |
| eviou |  | 3,311,567 | $2.247 \%$ |  |  | 124,445.5 |
| Corresp'g week | 231,868 | 2,703,181 | 1,490, 130 | 886,931 | :21,491 | 140,354 |



The Visible Supply of Graif, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by lake, canal and rail, Oct. 12, 1878, was as follows


* Estimated.


## TEE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Fhidat, P. M., Oct. 18, 1878.
There has been a cortinued sluggish movoment in nearly all descriptions of cotton and woolen goods from agents' bands, and fareign goods were in light and irregular demand. There were exceptional cases of large transactions in brown cottons and prints, stimulated by lower prices, but the general demand was restricted to such small lots of staple and department gaods as were actually required for keeping up assortments. The jobbing trade remained quiet, owing to the unseasonable mildness of the weather, which has materially checked the distribution of winter fabrics; but a few of the larger houses effected a fair business by offering certain makes of cotton goods and calicoes at less than agents' prices. The most important ovent of the week was a peremptury auction sala of about 4,000 pieces Weybosset mills fancy cassimeres, which brought together a very large company of buyers. The competilion was.quite brisk, and the entire offer. ing (amounting to over $\$ 200,000$ ) was readily disposed of al good avarage prices.

Domestic Cotton Goods.-The axports of cotton goods from this port to foreign markets during the week ending Octaber 15 were 1,189 packages, 409 of which ware aent to Great Britain, 315 to United States of Colombia, 95 to Rrazil, 81 to Venezuela, 50 to Japan, 43 to British North American Colonies, 43 to Hayti, 42 to British Wegt Indias, 39 to Danish West Indies, \&c. The market continued unsettled during the week, and there waa a manifest tendency toward lower prices, especially on fine brown shastings, some large ales of which were made to home and axport buyers at low figures. Bleached goods ruled quiet, and colored collons wero devoid of animation; but low grade cotton flannels were in steady request at unchanged prices. Print cloths remained quiet, and prices suffered a further decline, closing at 83 c . cash for 64 x 64 s , and 3 c. . cash, to $3 \frac{1}{\mathrm{z}} \mathrm{c}$., thirty days, for 56 x 60 s . Priuts were in relatively light demand, and tha stock of American fancy prints was closed out to a large jobbing houss, who placed them on the markat at $5 \frac{1}{2}$ c, less 4 per cent by tha case. Ginghams continued inactive, and there was a light and irregular movement in cotton dress goods.

Domestic Woolen Goods. -Tho successful result of tho auction sale of fancy cassimeres alluded to above has given a
alightily improved undertone to the markel for men's-wemr Woolena, but trananctiona were fow and unlmportant, bocsuso of the wifiness of the wenther. Fancy casslmeree ruled quict, and overconilnge were in light respoest for clothing purposes; but makea adapted to the wants of cloak manufactarers met with falr bales. Sleavy worated contings were taken io amall lots to a fair aggregate, and conalderable ordera for light weights were placed with manofacturers' agents. Chevlot snttinge were in Cair demand, but aelections were mostly reatricted to relatively small parcels of the best makes. Matelasse and dingonsl cloakinge were in steady request, but repellenta remained quiet, and Keatucky jeans and satinets wero lightly dealt in. Flannels and low to medium grade blankets were dlatributed in moderate lots to a lair muount and prices ruled ateady
Forkian Dry Goods.-There has been a stendy demend for Hight re-sssortmente of forelgn goods, but the volume of business was quite moderate. Cashmeres, low.grado black and colorod liks and trimming velvets were severally in lair request, but lancy dress goode suled quiet. Linen and white goods continued in light demand, and Hamburg embrolderies and lsces were only a moderate request. Men'r-wear woolens remained dull, and ltailan clothe were llghty dealt in. The nuction rooms were 'airly attended, but there was an absence of spirit in the lemad, and buyers manlfested no dieposition to anticlpato tonure wrsmts.

## limportation" or Dry Goodw.

The importstions of dry groods at thls port for the week ending ett. 17, 18:9, and for the correrponding weeks of 1877 and 1876 , lave been as follows


|  | PKgs. | Value. | Pken. | $7 \pi 100 .$ |  | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iannfactares of wont. | 671 | $\$ 252.592$ | $625$ | $1232,398$ | 451 | \$215,635 |
| do cotto | 380 | 162,877 | 767 | 171.944 | 651 | 171,212 |
| do silk | 451 | 340,131 | 538 | 236.116 | 623 | 392,85 |
| do flax | 543 | 149,010 | 1,3i9 | 176,954 | 881 | 155,892 |
| Uiscellsneons dry goods. | 857 | 107,019 | 411 | 133,450 | 340 | 93,82 |

Tot. $1 .$.
$\overline{2,588} \overline{\$ 1,061,709} \quad \overline{3,719} \quad \overline{1,001,3 \times 2} \quad \overline{2,854} \$ 1,014,468$

 otal thrown apon mark't $\overline{3,5 i 8}$ : $\overline{1,409,310} \quad \overline{6,234} \quad \overline{\$ 1,4 i 1,219} \quad \overline{3,614} \$ 1,271,336$ HNTERED FOB WAREHOCRINE DUBINE AAME FESIOD.

tal eatered at the port. $\overline{6,193} \quad \overline{\$ 1,425,111} \quad \overline{5,723} \quad \overline{\$ 1,382,935} \quad \overline{3,536} \quad \overline{\$ 1,278,353}$
Imporis of Loadius Articien
The following table, complled Irom Custom House returas, lows the foreign imports of leading articles at this port eince inuary 1, 1378, and for the sanne period in 1877:
[Thequartity is given in parkages when not otherwige speetded.]

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Since } \\ \mathrm{Jsin} .1,7 \mathrm{~s} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { time } 1077 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Jan.1, } 78 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sarae } \\ \text { time 1877 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lios, Glasa and <br> BsrtheuwareThina. <br> Zarthonware. <br> Glass........... <br> Jasavare. <br> Glase plate. trous. al, tons. $\qquad$ <br> coal baga. <br> thee, bays <br> tlos, bsles. <br> Tge, de- <br> Uark, Peraviac. <br> dles. powders. <br> Jochinesl. <br> Tream Tartar.. <br> Jambier. <br> fam, Arable <br> Kadder © Exic.of <br> jII, Ollve.. <br> Jpiom. <br> oda, bi-carb. <br> Jods, yal........ <br> अodashi....... <br> II <br> noy elath. <br> ir. <br> smp, balce <br> des, sc- <br> IIdes, dressed. 1ia :abber. ry. $\square$ <br> welry, \&ec.Tewcley ........ <br> Watchen. neeed. Jlasser. |  |  | Metals, \&c.- Cutlery... | 8.279 | 3,12? |
|  | 11,502 | 11.690 | Mard wa | 647 | 595 |
|  | 30,055 | 82.272 | Lead, pi | 6,716 | 100.8 H |
|  | 175, 56 | 211.480 | Speller, | 858.916 | 703.206 |
|  | 25,448 | 29,032 | Steel. | 81,231 | 39.800 |
|  | 4.016 | 6,453 | Tin, boree | 913.351 | 826,801 |
|  | 7,193 | 6,381 | Tla elabs, Ibs. | 9,08?,693 | 8,676,003 |
|  | 113,15 | 57.111 | Paper Stock..... | 102,509 | 155,52? |
|  | 17.531 | 1, $193,669 \mathrm{~T}, 902$ | Sngar, hhde, tcs. \& | 500.636 | 487,677 |
|  | 4,554 | 1, 4,663 | Sugar, bxa do. bage. | 1,7.32, 113 | 2, 93.4909 |
|  |  |  | Tea................ | 562,305 | ¢05,310 |
|  | 29.851 | :3,837 | Tobacc | 45,400 | 48,612 |
|  | 23,3.30 | 23.117 | Waste. | 831 | 121 |
|  | 2,01; | 2,963 | Wines, |  |  |
|  | 15.272 | 50,973 | Wir | 106,984 | 68,612 103,825 |
|  | 3,129 | 4,3:31 | Wool bal | 20,011 | 31,903 |
|  | 5,109 | 4,001 | Articles reported oy |  |  |
|  | 4,141 | 5,116 | valu6- | \$ |  |
|  | 23,610 | 35,190 | Clgara | 1,191.68.3 | 974, 836 |
|  | 78 | 1.070 | Corks | 69.531 | 52.839 |
|  | :6,601 | i8.83i | Fancy | 889.225 | 702.243 |
|  | 48.576 | 50,45: | Flah. | $3 i 5,533$ | 315,915 |
|  | 59,00 | 30,317 | Feults, \& |  |  |
|  | 2,492 | 4,203 | Lemone | 1,202.433 | ¢77,303 |
|  | 3.215 | 3,191 | Orang | 1.336,910 | 1,203,328 |
|  | 1,019 | 4,716 | Nots | 573.907 | 618.537 |
|  | 9.940 | 2,528 | Raia | 667.450 | 79:3,383 |
|  | 135,318 | 107,333 | IIdes. | 8,5:7,7บ3 | 9,668, 973 |
|  |  |  | R1ce. | 2i5, ${ }^{\text {ch }} 4$ | 264,508 |
|  | 1,019 3,910 | 1,300 | Spic |  |  |
|  | 34,319 | 49,293] | Gla | 46.715 | 109.338 |
|  | 1,110 | Sis | Pep | 832.280 | 419.154 |
|  |  |  | Sallpetre. | 159,136 | 842193 |
|  | 2,007 | 2211 | Woods- |  |  |
|  | 443 | 331 | Cor | 821.168 | 859,729 |
|  | $2: 8968$ | 288.413 |  | 35,800 | 24.066 |
|  | 73,183 | 81,458 | Logwo | 201.477 | 476,359 |
|  |  |  | Mahogan | 47.811 | 39,284 |

EEpurte of zondius aritelem from Now young.
The followlag table, compled from Custom Ifuumerotarap showa she exporte of leadingartiolea from the portol Now Yors co all the princlpal foreigo conntrlen alnco Jan. 1. $18: 8$ the and 18 cor the lat woek, and aino the totnle slace Jan. 1,1878 alue of all otherartion hom how total entues, jacludiag the value of all other articlen beaiden thon mantionnd in thatabla.






## GENERAK <br> PRICES CURKENT

 CAKESE－
State factory，prime to cholce．．． Western factory，g＇d to Liverpoolgas cannel．
Liverpoolhone canali $\qquad$ anthraite－The following wili ghow pricea al lust arction or present actedule ratea： D ．\＆\＆R．L．\＆W
 st
O
Et
Bt
$\mathbf{C}$
$\mathbf{Y}$
$\mathbf{C}$
ceuta per ton addultonal for dicivery at New Cother

| UFFEK－ | 1d． \％$_{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| dopalr，do |  |
| dogood，do | d． |
| do prime，do | gold．＂ |
| Java，mata | ＂ |
| Native ceylan | d． |
| Mamica |  |
| Maracaito | ld． |
| Laguayrs． |  |
| st．Doming | 4 |
| Savarilla |  |
|  |  |

Savarilla
． 2014
COPPKR－

Braziert（over American lagat．Lake．
COTTON－NBeapecialtannr
DRUQS \＆UYES－
\％． 100 tc cnr
Aloes，Cape． Alog ．．．．．．．
Aloes，Barbadoes．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Arseaic，powdered．．．．．．．．．．．
Blcarb．noda，Newcastie． 30hro．patash． Bleachtag powder．．．．．．． 100 \＃．．0．0． Brlmatone，Am，rol

 Culorate yotssh．
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NAVAL STORES－

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PROVIBIONS－

## Мияитинеб.

OFFICE OF TUE

## A TLANTIC

## Mutual Insurance Co.

New Yons, Jsnuary 23, 1878.
Tho Trastees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, anbmit the following Statement of its affalre on the s1at December, 18\%:
Preminma recelved on Marine Risks from lat January, 1877, to 81at Docember, 18 in.
Preminms on Policies not marked of 1et Jonuary, IS77..................... 2, 2,040,960 62
Total amount of Marine Premiums, $\overline{\$ 6,551,028} 44$
No Pollcles have been Issued upon Lifo
R!ekp, nor apon Fire disconnected with Martne Rueks.
Premiums marked off from Ist Jsnu-
ary, 1877, to 3ist December, 1877.... \$4,902,331 08 Losses paid during the
Reme period............
Retures of Premiums and
Expenseв. .. 8947,92386
The Company bse the following Aasels, viz. United Statea and State, of New York
Stock, Clty, Bank snd other stocks. $\$ 10,565,958$ co Loans, secured by Stocke and olherwise.
Real Estate and cla!ms due the Company, cesimated at.

1,163,200 00
617,436 01
Cash In Bank and Buls Recelvable. 1, 764,89363 255,364 02

Total amount of Assetc............. $814,366,35166$
Six per cent. Fntcrest on the ontelsnding certificstes of profits will be pald to the holdera thereof, or their legal representatives, on and sfter Tucsday, the 5th of Febrnary next.

The ontutsnding certificates of the lemue of $18 \% 4$ will be redeemed and pald to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 5th of Febrnary next, from whleh date sll intercst thereon will cesse. The certifcaten to be prodoced at the time of pryment and canceled. Upon certiliestes which were issued for gold preminms, the payment of interest and redemption will be in gold.
A Dtvidend or Forty per Cent. is de. clared on the net earned premlama of the Company for the year ending 81at December, 1877, for which certificales will be ferned on and after Taesdey, the Th Se-3ry next.

By order of the Board,
J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

## TRUSTEES:

J. D. Joner,
W. II. II. Moore, Charlen II. Rassel], David Lanc, Dantel S. Miller, Josiah O. Low, Royel Phelpa, C. A. Hand, Whilam II. Webb, Francls Skiddy, Adolph Lemoyne, Charles I. Marshall, Robert L. Starrh Frederick Cheancey, Horaco Gray,
John Elliott,
Whiliam II. Fogg, Thomas B. Coddington, Heter V. King,
J. D. JONES, President.

CHARLES DENNIS, Vlee-Prealdent. W. II. II. MOORE, ad Vlec-Frceldent, A. A. RAYEN, 3d Vice-Presldent.

Cottont.
Henry Hentz \& Co., general
 174 \& 176 Peari sl. Now York. Advances made on Conilgnenents to
Mennrs, JATIFS TINLAY \& CO., LIVKIPOOL, LONDON AND OLASOOF. Alao ozecate ordera for Merchandiae throngh Memen. FINLAY, MUIIt de CO., CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY.
FUTUHE CONTRACTS POF: COTTON bonght and sold on Commisnion in New York and Liverpool.

## Knoop, Hanemann \& Co

COMMISSION MEIEOLANTS,
52 EXTHANGE PLACE, NEW YORE.
nocasa
Mancheater and Liverpool,

Wm. Felix Alexander, COTYON BROKER,
AUGUSTA, GEOIEGIA.
Entireattention given to purchaze of COTTON on ORDER fOE GPINNERS and EXPOLTTERS. Correapondesice Solioitzd.
Eeferencel:-National Dank of Augasta, Ocorgia; Heary Hentz \& Co., Commasaion Bierchants, New Fork: Whllam H. Dena \& Co., Proprictors Comere oral and Financial Chronicle, find other New York Hounce.
Dennis Perkins \& Co., COTTON BROKERS,

117 Pearl Sirect, New York.
Sawyer, Wallace \& Co.,
OTTUN FACTORS \& COMMISSION MEHCHANTE

$$
4 \text { IVrogd sireez, New York. }
$$

## E. O. Richards,

 (Snccessor to A. L. HICHALDS)Slaipping and Commission Merclant No. 39 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

## James F. Wenman \& Co., COTTON BROKERS,

No. 146 Peari Street, mear Wall, N. I. Entabifahed (in Tontine Building) 1841.
Macaulay \& Co., COMMISSION MISECHANTS, 22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YOEK. Futore Coniracts for Cotton beppht and aold on Sinmmasion in New Fork and Liverpool.

## John F. Wheless \& Co.,

 COTTONCOMTMESION MEIECHANTS, NASIVILLE, TENNESSEE.
Special attention given to Spinnera' orders. Corrc-
pondence ajliciterf. pondence ajlicitenf and Fourth National Banka nno Yroprieturn of Tue Cheontole.


## hteramahlps.

## Providence Line

 TO IEOSTON, VIA TPEVEDENCL: DIIEIECT. AFULL NIGHT'B IEFST. UNLT A MILEB OF RALL. The Favorite lafare 8 tonmers: MASSACHUSETTY, RHODE ISLAND, Capt. Bay alles. Capl. JReme Mott. 5 1., 1I. Pally (exchint Madinyn). Prom Pree No. 28 THE: OLIT IENEIAELE:
STONINGTONI.INE, FOI ALL POLNTS EASS.
5 P. M. From 1\%er No. 88 North River (font of State-roomand necked FOR EITSIPR LANP Recnred
 Frelght, via elther line bincn at redured ratelid L. W. FILKINs, Generai Pascager Agent.

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ON I Y
Direct Line to France.
The Genctal Trans-Atlantic Company's Mall Steamshlps, herwien

## NEW YOILK AND HAVIEE,

Caming at Plrmouth for the landing of Pakenger.
 Ball from Her (now) No. 42 North Hiver, 8oot of Morton irect ab followa: -ST. LaCRENT. Lacbebnez..... Wed. Oct. 29. 3 F. M. CANADA franglued.............Wed. VCt 80.9 A. M: Plice or passaci iN GOLD (inclading wine): cabin 8 ; ; teerage, \&otilincluding wine, bedding and ntenally modation; necond cámin, fis; tilird cubln, 335 , ateer-

 ( ${ }^{\circ}$ do not carry atecrage passengers.
( Tor pussage and frelfbispply to
LOUIS DIE IEEHIAN,
Agent, 55 ITroadway.

## Atlas Mail Line.

BJHONTHLY BEHVICR TO JAMAICA, HAYTY COLOMBIA and ASPINWALL, MOd to PANABAA AD Fifat-clamy, foll-powered, tronacrew atemera, trom Pier No. 51 . Nortb liver.

For Kingaton (Jam.) and Hayti.
...... Octoher 2 (ICLAKJBKL ...
FTLAS......... Octoher 2H CLAKIBKL .... ... For Hasti, Colombla, Greytown (Nic.s, Isthmas of AILSA.........., October 29| ALPB.. .............
saperior arat-clan passenger accommodntion.


## Steel I'ens.



SPENCERIAN

## STEEL PENS <br> of the Fery Best Fitmpean Walco and unitraled for Flexibinty varaulity, ana

 TREAL, NWAN RTIT. ACTICN.In Twenty Numbera. Eamplen, Incladtas the popaInrnmmbert $1-2-5-8-15$ and Jroes $3-16-18$ will be sens by mall, for talal, on recelpt of 25 Cents. Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor \& Co! 133 and $\mathrm{x}: 10$ Grand street, New Xork. $ل$ ل
Cotton.

## Woodward \& Stillman,

SEAMEN'S BANK BULLDLF?.
Nos. 74 \& 76 Wall Street, NEW YOBS.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
LoANS MADE ON ACCEPTABLE SECURITY.
Liberal advances made on Conalgnmenta.
special attention paid to the execution of orderafor the purchase or ale of contracts for future delivery of cotton.

## W. C. Watts \& Co.,

21 Brown's Rullulingn, LIVERPOOL,
Elicit consignments of COTTON ane orderafor tie purchase or sale of future shipments or deliverica. advances made on consignments, and all information afforded by our friends, Megara. D. WATTS \& Co., 51 stoneatreet, New York, and Meas. D. A. GIVEN * SUN, 64 Baromne Strait. New Orleans.
H. W. \& J. H. Farley, cotton factors,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
EINANCIALIAGETS, 132 Pearl Street,
P. © Box 3,909. New York. Spacancea made on Conatgumenta.
 COTTON.

## Bennet \& Foulke, genkrait

commission merchants,
121 Pearl Street, New York.
special attention given to the execution of orders Cor the purchase or ale of Contract a for Future Dell very.
R. M. Waters \& Co., Cotton commission merchants HAN ARES,
64 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Geo. Copeland, cotton вroerk,
136 peaikl street, new york
J. C. Johnson \& Co., attorn buyers for manutacturbrb memphis, tenn.
H. Tileston \& Co.,
 60 stone street, Now York.


## WALTER \& KROHN,

 cotton brokers,53 beaver street, new york. L. F. Berje, cortex buyer and comanision mizbogavt


## Waldron \& Tainter,

 (Succeszara to NOURSE \& BRUOKS), GENERAL COMMON MERCHANTS, 97 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.stare orders promatiz executed.

## B. F. BABCOCK \& CO.

commission merchants.
17 Water Street, LIVERPOOL, Receive conafgnmenta of Cotton and other Produce,
and execute orders at the Exchanzea in Liverpool.
and and execute orders at the Exchanges in Liverpool.
Represented in New York at the ollie of Represented in New York at the ounce of
BIBCOCK BLOTIEERS \& CO 50 Wall Street.
Sim, Forwood \& Co., General commission merchants, P. O. BOX 613, P. O. BOX 4964, New Orleans, La.

New York.
Execute orders for Future Contracts in New York and Liverpool, and make advances on Cotton and other produce conatgned to
LEECH, HARRISON \& TORUDOD, LIVERPOOL.
Also, execute orders for Merchandias in
England, China, India and Singapore. UNDERWRITERS IN NEW ORLEANS for the
British \& ForeIgn Marine Insurance company of Marine in e
Labhman, Abratima \& Co., Lehman, Dude \& Co.,
New Orleana, La.

## LEHMAN BROS,

Cotton Factors asp
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
40 EXCHANGE PLACE,

## New York.

Orders executed at the Cotton Exchanges in New York and Liverpool, and advances made on Cotton and other produce consigned to us, or to our correapondenta in Liverpool, Mesara. B. Newgaas \& Co. and Mara L. Roaenheim \& Sons.
Ware, Murphy \& Co.,

## Cotton Factors

ANU
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 111 Pearl Street, NEW YORK.
Special attention paid to the execution of orders for the purchase or sale of contracts for future delivery of cotton. Liberal advances made on conalgnuents.
B. R. Smith \& Co.,

## cotton

COMMISSION MIEREMANS,
125 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,
44 Broad Street, Boston.
Liberal advances mads on consignments. Prompt
personal attention paid to the execution of ordergior personal attention pate to the execution of orderafor
E. S. Jemison \& Co., (Successors to HOODY \& JEMISON),
BANKERS, COTTON FACTORS AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 123 Peari Street, New York. Advances mads on Conatgaments. Future Con-
tracts for Cotton bought and gold on Commission, tracta for Cotton bought and sold on Commission, in
New York and Liverponl.

## Insurance.

## eTNA

Insurance Company of hartford.
Total Asset January 1, 1877. $20 .$. Capital................. $\$ 3,000,00000$
Reinsurance fund.....
$1,741,273$ 42
Unpaid loaned, etc..... 429,114 82- $8,170,88824$ NET SURPLUS, Jan. 1, 187\%..81,945,236 18 No. 2 Cortland St., New York. Jas. A. ALEXANDEIE, Agent.

## Insurance. <br> HO ME <br> Insurance Company OF NEW YORK, OFFICE, No. 135 broadway.

Fiftieth Semi- Annual Statement, arrowing the
Condition of the Company on the first day day of July, 1878. CASH CAPITAL............... $\$ 3,000,00000$ Reserve for Unpaid Losaea....... , 20 , 69950 Net Surplus..................

TOTAL ASSETS.......... $\$ 6,180,87316$ Cash in BankamMARY OF ASSETS.


 Lana on Stock, payable on demand (market value of securitlea, \$324,58750) Interest due on at of July, 137
Balance in ha
Feal estate.

f 8 sued at theta oflce.......................
Total.
...... $\frac{7,950}{86,180,878} 16$
A Dividend of Five per Cent has been declared, payable on demand. CHAS. J. MARTIN, President. J. H. WASHIBURN, Secretary.

## North British

and Mercantile Insurance Company ${ }^{0}$

## LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

United States Board of Management, NEW YORK:

## SOLON HUMPHREYS, Chairman,

(E. D. Morgan \& Co.

DAVID DOWS, Esq. (David Down \& Co.) E. P. FABBRI, Esq. (Drexel, Morgan \& Co.) Hon. S. B. CHITTENDEN.
EZRA WHITE, Esq.
JOHN J. ASTOL, Eq.
CHIS. E. WHITE, SAM. P. BLAGDEN, maNaGERS,
Office 54 William St., New York.

## Liverpool

London \& Glove
1
Insurance Comparing. 45 William St.

## J. E. PULSFORD,

Resident Manager.
Commercial
Onion Ins. Co.
(OF LONDON).
ALFRED BELL,
Resident Manager,
37 \& 39 Wall Street.
D. W. Lambkin \& Co., Cotton Factors,
VICKSBURG, MISS.
Orders to Purchase Cotton in our market yollctec. Refer to Musart. TLOMAS J. BLADOBTER New


[^0]:    CAPTTAL (Patd-in).

