 A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, REPRESEN'IING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES. V0L. 11.

NEW YORK, AUGUS ! 20, 1870.
NO. 269

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## TIIE MONEY MARKET.

The long-continued quietude of the loan market was on Thursday interrupted by an active demand for money, and the rates for call loans received an immediate upward impulse. This sudden change has naturally produced some ansiety, and a large number of our merchants and financial men seem of opinion that the activity in the money market incident to the fall trade will begin sooner than usual, if indeed it have not already begun. Should this view turn out to be correct, it will tend to confirm with increased probability the evidence and the opinions we have advanced for some time past as to the prospects of an early, active and prosperous fall trade. The testimony is on all sides accumplating of a demand from the interior banks for currency, and just now this demand constitutes one of the healthiest symptoms that could well be desired. As to the immediate prospects of a monetary stringency, however, there are an influential body of shrewd observers who deny that there will be any spasmodic movements of stringency for two or three months to come, or, indeed, in all probability, for the remainder of the year. These persons point to the drain of currency to the interior as a movement of the most salutary nature. They
say it is good for the money market that the overloaded reservoir of currency at this centre should be depleted. And they say true. For it is one of the defects of our financial system that our bank-note circulation has no elasticity, but allows an accumulation of notes to be piled up here in the dead months of summer, while there is no redemption machinery in operation which is capable of relieving the plethora, and carrying these notes home to the banks which issued them. In this special point of view, our national banking system is far inferior to that of the old State banks. For whatever other evils they might have had, the old State banks did at least provide for the elasticity of the currency, and in the dull months of summer, their currency was redeemed and locked up, so as to be ready for active use when the activity of the fall trade began. The flow of currency to the interior, then, is a healthy movement, and need awaken no anxiety so long as it is kept from transcending moderate bounds.

But there is a second fact which has excited fear of monetary stringency. The Treasury report of its currency balance astonished Wall street by showing a loss on - a single day of no less a sum than twelve millions. This loss from the Treasury would at any time cause great anxiety, but coming as it did at the same moment with a drain from the banks to the country, there is no wonder that a number of prophetic croakers were encouraged to fill the air with their gloomy forebodings. These prophets were, however, silenced by a semiofficial telegram from Washington on Thursday, which declared that Mr. Spinner had just destroyed twelve millions of old, wornout, mutilated greenbacks, which formed part of the Treasury balance, and had supplied their place with new notes. The former were charged off on Wednesday and reduced the apparent balance, but the next day the latter were entered up and the currency balance of the Treasury was fourd to be unimpaired. Had this explanation been for a few days withheld, and, as has sometimes been the case, had a few favorites at Washington possessed the exclusive knowledge of the secret, the public would have remained under the false impression that the volume of the active currency had been lessened, and that twelve millions of greenbacks had been locked up, which would probably for months, during the most active season, remain imprisoned in the Trea-। sury vaults, however much business might suffer and however badly the depleted volume and the sinking level in the chan-, nels of the circulating current might need replenishing. Uader Mr. Boutwell's administration, however, no such secrecy bas ever been practiced, and no such administrative I blunder bas ever been made. He may have failed, and we think he has more than once failed, to do certain things which would have shed a new lustre on his Treasury administration, but from financial blunders such as are charged
both on Mr. Chase and on Mr. McCulloch, the present Secretary of the Treasury is singularly free, and one chief reason is he exposes all his doings to the searching light of publicity. The proceedings of the Treasury were never so fully made known through the press, and Mr. Boutwell, in this wise policy, finds at once a new element of popularity and a valuable safeguard against mistakes and blunders.

We have insisted upon this publicity and its advantages, because of the vast power wielded by the Treasury over the money market, and because we are just now approaching one of the recurring periods of the year when the monetary power of the Treasury has been most frequently abused. Excepting last year there has scarcely been a single autumn since the war began, in which monetary trouble has not been begun or made worse by some needless tampering with the currency on the part of the Treasury. Such at least is the common belief in Wall street and there is some plausibility about the facts and arguments by which it is proved.

From what has been said, it is sufficiently obvious that the probability of monetary ease or monetary stringency in the immediate future depends upon a multitude of forces, many of which are but slowly developing, while some of them connect themselves with the Treasury policy, and scarcely admit a high degree of certainty beforehand. Judging, however, from Mr. Boutwell's previous record we may safely say that if he can avoid it he will do nothing tending in the remotest degree to cause a spasm of stringency in the money market. The popularity of the administration would be seriously compromised were he to adopt any other policy than that of promoting monetary ease, industrial recuperation and commercial activity, so far as these important objects can be gained by a cautious, enlightened and conservative management of the Treasury.

For the rest, then, the question of monetary stringency resolves itself into the general inquiry whether the capital available in the loan market, and the confidence of the owners of that capital, are such as to favor that free movement between the lender and borrower which constitutes monetary ease. The answer to this question is too wide to be given fully in this place. But we may safely look for two things. First, that there is likely to be a very active money market during the greater part of the interval between now and New Year's. Secondly, that with a very circumspect and careful management of the monetary power vested in the Treasury, most, if not all, the threatening evils of a per turbed money market can be warded off and turned aside.

## THE NEW GOLD BANKS.

So large is the volume of commercial business which is done on a gold basis that one half of our city banks are said to have opened gold accounts with their dealers. In this rapid increase of the trinsactions doing on a coin basis we see the reason and the justification of the gold banking clauses in the currency law of 12 th July last. This statute introduces one of the most important changes which has ever been made as yet in the National Banking system. That system is extended and enlarged so as to create a new class of banks authorized to issue gold notes on two simple conditions. First, they must deposit United States bonds in Washington and receive 80 per cent. of gold circulation on such bonds. Secondly, they must keep 25 per cent. of coin reserve in their vaults for the redemption of their notes. Such is the law about the new gold banks, one of which with a capital of $\$ 300,000$ has already been authorized in Boston, while in other maritime centres of foreign commerce arrangements are spoken of for the organization of several similar institutiops.

The want these new banks are intended to meet arises out of the fact that our foreign commerce is done of necessity on the basis of gold. Hence foreign merchants require to keep gold accounts with their bankers. The annoyance caused it the banks by keeping two distinct accounts with the same dealer has led to the belief that if reputable, sound, well con. ducted gold banks were established, these institutions wolld take the gold business of the city, and that the old national banks could well afford to give up this gold business to the new ones.

Whether it were necessary with a view to facilitate this species of business to authorize the issue of gold notes by the new banks we do not here discuss. Suffice it to say that soch notes are authorized, and, if we mistake not, some of them are actually being printed. If the issue of those notes be ob. jected to, it must be remembered that without them the No: tional banking system could not be introduced into Califor. nia. In San Francisco several of the gold banks will nodoubt be very speedily put in operation. The specie circulation in use there is very cumbersome, and a good, sound paper cur rency, redeemable in gold, would confer immense beneftion the business interests of that rich, thriving city.

It appears to be the intention of Congress that the gold bank notes shall be adapted for local circulation only. Hence the San Francisco gold banks are exempted from the obliga tion of redeeming their notes in New York. This exemption would be impossible if the San Francisco notes were expected to travel far from home. For if not redeemed in New York, the notes would lack one very important element of finess for use as circulating money. They could scarcely puss current here, except at a discount, as it would cost over 3 per cent to send them home and get the gold back for their redemption. It is obvious, then, that the law intends that the gold bank notes shall be a local circulation, and shall be adapted for local purposes only. On this account the bank gold notes should all be of the smaller denominations, rang. ing from five dollars to 100 dollars. Such a circulation will be s itable for local use and for legitimate business purposes, while the demand for the larger notes is sufficiently provided for by the Government certificates, which are almost exclusively used as a currency for the special accommodation of the gold gamblers. These Government gold certificates suf ficiently fulfill this purpose, and the gold speculators ought not to have further facilities afforded them by the new gold bank notes.

It has been often remarked that no business in New York is so thoroughly provided with facilities for economy and effiriency as that of gold speculators. The Gold Exchange Bank makes their clearings, to an enormous daily aggregate, with the use of very little bona fide capital. And the Trea: sury, without charge, keeps their cumbersome gold coin in its vaults, giving them paper notes for $\$ 1,000$ or $\$ 5,000$ or $\$ 10,000$, in a convenient form for rapid; safe and easy trans. mission from hand to hand. The gold speculators have too many facilities and advantages already. They should not be allowed to increase them by means of the new gold banks. These institutions are established for the benefit of the people, and with a view to the coming exigencies of a gradual return to specie payments.

We have pointed out the fact that the business done in New York and other cities on a gold basis is large. We go further, and claim that it is increasing and is likely to grom with much more rapidity. It is to meet the new wants ol this angmenting business that the new banks have beell authorized. If they fulfil this object they will be permanient they will earn lucrative profits; they will make a good uame for themselves and they will adapt our monetary machinelly to the gradual transition from its temporary delusive, shifting
foundation of paper money to the durable, solid rock of coin payments. To fit the gold banks for the place allotted them in the monetary machinery of this country, however, they must be prohibited from issuing any but small notes.
We have said that the new gold banks are offered a lucrative business. This is especially true of those banks which seize the first place. In this city there is room for several of these institutions, but other things being equal, those which are first in the field will outstrip their rivals in the race. It is very plain, moreover, that for the successful management of one of the gold banks, more financial ability, foresight, and skill will be neeuful than for a bank on the old system. Still, a gold bank which invests its capital in bonds draws gold interest on them at 6 per cent., and gets besides an issue of gold notes for 66 per cent. of its capital ought to make handsome profits.

## TIIE WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

The news from the seat of war has been important and exciting every day. Its general tenor, so far as it is yet understood, is that the importance of the Prussian victories at Forbach and Hagenau was not fully comprehended by themselves at first, but that in reality these battles broke the French centre and scattered their right wing, so that the whoie army was driven to find safety in retreat. The Ger mans, in immense numbers, pressed upon their rear, endeav oring to prevent the union of their parted corps, and to cut off their escape. Thus the French have fallen back, fighting bravely whenever attacked; sometimes defeated, sometimes repulsing their assailants, but always keeping in view the reunion of their army between the enemy and Paris, until, as their latest dispatches claim, they have nearly reached the fortified camp at Chalons-sur-Marne, where their reserves are gathered. The German dispatches of yesterday, however, are of a more decisive tenor. They assert that the greater part of Marshal Bazaine's army has been driven back on Metz, and is there held in check by Steinmetz and Prince Frederick Charles, while the Crown Prince is moving on Chalons and threatening to attack Paris. But this news is not confirmed by anything which has reached us from France. Still, even granting that this dispatch is groundless, the extent of the disaster the French have suffered, in a military point of view, is great. All Northeastern France, including those ancient provinces of the Empire-Alsace and Lorraine-is overrun by the Germans, and a vast amount of stores and prisoners have been lost. But the fortifications of Metz Strasbourg, Pfalzbourg and Bitche are still held by French garrisons, although invested, or at least cut off from communication with Paris by the Germans.
On the other hand, the successes of the Prussians have been dearly purchased, and the expenditure of their treasure and the slaughter of their men have been encrmous. The support of this immense army of invasion, at a distance from its base, strains the powers of the German Government to tie utmost, and its credit is already more seriously shaken at home than it has been for half a century. The spirit of the whole French nation is thoroughly fired; no thought of submission is breathed by any one, but whatever of wealth or genius or life that great people possess is freely offered for the defence of its territory. It has become more evident than ever within the last few days that the French will not accept any humiliating peace, unless they shall first be utterly exhausted. The Corps. Legislatif acted with some energy When the great reverse began to be understood; they de posed, by a nearly unanimous vote of disapproval, the weak and incompetent Ministry of Oliver ; and have vigorously sustained the new Ministry, headed by Count Palikao in the War Department, which has accomplished wonders in a short
time. The defences of Paris have been strengthened and manned; two hundred thousand new recruits have been gathered in eight days in the camp of reserves in Chalons; the whole commisariat, to the failure of which the defeats were largely due, has been reorganized, and Palikao, a man of few and weighty words, which are believed by everybody, declares himself confident that the defensive preparations are sufficient.

The political results of the war have already been important on both sides. In France the action of the Corps Leg islatif, in sacrificing Ollivier to public opinion, was regarded by the people of Paris as partially superseding the Emperor in the initiation of national policy. The new Ministry, indeed, is still more strongly Bonapartist in its personal character than the old, but it is too shrewd and able not to yield much to the popular current, and for the present it keeps the Emperor's name and influence mostly out of sight. Palikao has even gone so far, in answer to the general Parisian clamor against the incompetence of official generalship, as to declare pointedly in the legislature that Marshal Bazaine is now "the true and only commander-in-chief." No one doubts that if the arms of France are now crowned with victory this Ministry will endeavor to restore to the Emperor his place and influence; but, on the other hand, another defeat might put an end to the Bonaparte dynasty, and give to France a nominal Republic, in the actual form of a despotic "commit. tee of public safety," as absolute in authority as the Czar of all the Russias.

The political results of the war in Germany have not been less important. Had it taken place two or three years ago, it is impossible to believe that the South German States would have identified themselves at once and completely with Prussia, as they have, just as it is certain that Austria and Denmark would eagerly have accepied a French alliance. But a change has taken place in German views and feelings, and the great hope of national unity has taken hold strongly upon them. Be the impulse justified or not by facts, it still exists in the heart of every German soldier, to fight for "fatherland" as a whole; and they believe that success in the present war will make them a nation. What would be the result if they should ultimately fail we are not prepared to say; they have stood and fought together in the same canse, under the same standard, and this will be a strong bond for the future.
Thus both of the great powers now contending for the mastery are in extreme earnest, and are putting forth the terrible energy which is oniy seen in a death grapple between the strong. Mediation has been twice tried and has failed; once when France was threatening Prussia, with apparent superiority by land and sea; and once when she was trembling with fear for her capital. But they seem to feel that peace is impossible until one or the other is utterly prostrate. We cannot predict the future; and it is certair. that a war so causeless, so unnecessary, so inconceivably destructive, might be stopped at any time, if the combatants would regard their own true interests or those of civilization; but at present there is no reason to expect it, not the least prospect of an early peace. Great Britain now promises to intervene again, as soon as the tate of Chalons is decided in battle; but unless she shall act in concert with other powers, such as Russia and Austria, strong enough together to declare positively that neither party shall gain anything by further hostilities, such intervention promises no good, and there is reason to believe that neither Russia nor Austria will be sorry to see the war go on, so long as it may weaken rival powers without affecting them.

This war has already raised questions of great difficulty concerning the rights and duties of neutrals. Great Britain
continues to make extensive sales of supplies of various kinds, and of horses, to both combatants ; but France, whose ports are open, gets the best of this open market, and hence Germany protests vigorously against what they call British double faced neutrality, in which all the sympathy is given to Germany and all the aid to France. . The press of England is filled with discussions as to what can and what cannut be done by law to satisfy German demands; but meanwhile very little is done, and Berlin journals declare that England will find herself with another Alabama question on her hands. In fact, the very same definitions of neutral duties which are so much needed in this war would also settle the Alabama question, and it is much to be desired that some precise statement of them, covering all kinds of assistance which can be afforded by a neutral to a belligerent, should be set forth by an authority which will be respected everywhere. The close of the present war will be a propitious time to accomplish this work by treaties, if it cannot be done sooner by the consent of the great powers now neutral, including the United States-a consent which, once plainly expressed, would not be questioned by France or Prussia now or hereafter.

## OUR SIIIPPING INTERENT AND THE DIVERSION OF breadSTUFFS TO CANABA.

The course of the movement in flour and wheat during the past few weeks, or since the war broke out in Europe, has been unusual. It will be remembered that Congress refused, on the call of the President, to make such a modification of the revenue laws as would permit the purchase of foreign built vessels. The war banished from the high seas all the shipping sailing under the North German flag, embracing neally one-half the foreign tonnage in our port; there was consequently an immediate advance of about one hundred per cent in the rates for freight or charter from this to European ports. This was felt severely in our wheat market; an advance of wheat in Liverpool equal to fifty cents per bushel in our currency, and an advance in gold equal to ten cents more, or sixty cents in all, was responded to in this market by an advance of only twenty cents per bushel; the whole producing interest of this country failed to the extent of the difference in reaping the advantage it was entitled to from the flurry into which the declaration of war threw the markets for breadstuffs throughout the world. But besides this, it would anpear that the Erie Canal and the great trunk railroads have been deprived, by the same cause, of a large share of the business which properly belongs to them, and which can only be driven elsewhere by an abnormal condition of affairs. The Canadas usually receive but a small proportion of the wheat grown in our Western States. They neither require much of our wheat for their own use nor have they beretofore afforded facilities for the movement of any considerable quantity going to foreign countries. Usually they take moderately of our cheaper spring wheat, and send us in return their better and dearer winter wheat. But we have witnessed in the past four weeks, a most remarkable diversion into Canada of breadstuffs moving eastward from the great lake ports of Chicago, Milwaukee and Toledo, to the great loss of the Erie Caual and the great railway lines, to say nothing of other important interests depending directly for their prosperity upon the forwarding, handling, and transhipment of grain, at and between New-York and Buffalo. Statistics prepared for the Chronicle show that during the four weeks ending August 13th, there were shipped eastward from Chicago, Milwaukee and Toledo the aggregate of $3,258,000$ bushels of wheat, of which no less than $1,461,000$ bushels, or nearly one half, went to Canada, leaving but little more than one-half, or $1,797,000$ bushels to come to Buffalo and Oswego. The movement may be further
and forcibly illustrated by the following Montreal figures for one week. We have not at present the figures for the other weeks:
Flour, bbls.
Wheat, bush.

in ©TORE AT Montreai, AUG. ī. 172,950
FJour, bbls.
Wheat, bush $\qquad$ 533,000
$.161,000$
It may be fairly assumed, therefore, that more than one million bushels of the wheat which went into Canada in four weeks should have come to Buffalo or Oswego, and would have done so, but for the crippled state of our shipping, Our canals and railways have lost the transportation charges our warehouses and banks have been deprived of the legitimate profits which so large a movement ought to bring to them, and our tax payers must make good the loss of tolls which this diversion must cause the canals. A marked de. cline in ocean freights which has already taken place in this port, is another result of this change in the movement of breadstuffs, and this in turn is discouraging vessels from com. ing here, to be followed, probably, if the war continue, by a greater advance than that which has recently taken place, when our cotton movement begine, thus again absorbiig a large proportion of the profits, which the growers would otherniṣe receive.

CHANGES IN TIIE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANHS
The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks from August 4 to August 18, 1870. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

| LOAATION. | NAME OF BANE. | REDEEMING AGENT, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PennsylvaniaMercer......... | The First National Bank. | The National Bank of Now-York City in place of the Third Narional Bant of New-Yoik City, also "The Tradesmen's National Bank" of Pittsburgh approved as an additional redeeming ggent. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | The First National Bank. | The Third National Bank of Cincin. na'i, Ohio, approved as redeeming agent in addiition to the Nationa Park Bank of New-York City. |
| Kenturky Paducah.... |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| PennsylvaniaPhiladelpbia. | National Bank of the Republic..... | The First Nation 41 Bank of New-York City, approved as redeeming agent for the Natio al Bank of the Repablic, al*o for National Exchange Bunk of Philadelphia, which is consol dat d with he firt-named Bank. |
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## THE FINANCES OF GEORGIA.

Governor Bullock sent a message to the Legislature at Atlogta, Ga., on August 21, transmitting reports of the Comptroller of the Treasury and the Treasurer. The Governor recommends the payment in gold of the principal and iaterest of the bonds issued before the war, and a new issue of 7 per cent gold bonds to fund the currency bonds issued since the war, bearing mortgage on the State road. The bonded debt of the State is $\$ 5,014,500$, and has not been increased since 1870 . The State has salable property valued at over $\$ 12$, , 00,000 .
The message was referred to the Finance Committee of the Honse, with instructions to prepare a bill in accordance with the Governor's recommendation.

## REDUCTION OF INTERNAL REVENUE, \&C.

Monthly Report No. 11 of the Bureau of Statistics, now nearly ready for distribution, contains, in addition to the summary heretofore published, a variety of interesting statistics, among which is the following table, the first showing the estimated raduction of revenue by the new Internal Revenue Act, and the second showing the comparative Area, Population, Public Debt, Revenue, Expenditures, Railroads, Telegraphs, Merchant Marine, Army, \&c., of the United States and of the several European countries :
estimated annual reduction of the internal revenue by the act ap.

| arces of reve | Provisions of the law | Receipts in fiscal y'r '70. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual } \\ \text { reduotion } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Special taxes, including those on Bankers.... | Will cease May 1, 1871, except those connected with fermented |  |  |
| Grr | liquors | $\underset{\substack{\text { \$10,674,000 } \\ 6,780}}{ }$ | 6,784,007 |
| Sales. | Will cease Octoher 1.1970, except those on sales of tobacoo,spirits, | 8,804,000 | 8,80 |
| Income, including salaries. | Will be $21 / 2$ per cent on incomes over $\$ 2,000$, instead of 5 per cent on incomes over $\$ 1,000$ | 37,243,000 |  |
| Legacies. | Will cease October 1, 1870. | 1,619,000 |  |
| Successions. | do do | ${ }_{892}{ }^{1,3000}$ |  |
| Articies in Passports ... | do do do | 25,000 | 25, |
| Stamps .-.............. | Will cease Oct. 1,1870 , for prom- issory notes for less than $\$ 100$, issory notes for less than for receipts for canned and preserved flsh. | 15,611,000 | 1,35 |

ation the comparative area, population, public debt, URE EXPENDITURE, RAILROADS, TELEGBAPHS MERCHANT MARINE Lef of the united states and of the several eurorean COONTBIES


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Commodore Vanderbilit. - [Despatch to the Associated Pris..]Saratog a, August 19.-Commodore Vanderbilt is about in his usual health, and will leave for New York this afternoov. the reported illness a base forgezy.
Troy, N. Y., August 19. - Last night a fraudulent telegram was delivered at the Western Union office in this city, addressed to the Assowith Press, stating that commodore Vanderbilt had been stricken despaptch nurported to have been sent by at the point of death. The despatch nurported to have been sent by W. E. Kisse!lburgh, city editor of the Troy Times. Mr. Kissellburgh did not send the telegram, Troy nows nothing whatever of its origin. The proprietors of the Troy Times will endeavor to learn who perpetrated the forgery.
W. E. Kiseellburgh, Troy Times.

## Categt flonetary and Commercial ©nglish News

 ILATES OE EXCHANGEATEONDON, AND ON LONDON| EXCHANGE AT LONDON-AUGUST 5. |  |  | EXCHANGE ON LONDCN |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON- | TIME. | Rate. | $\begin{gathered} \text { LATESTT } \\ \text { DATE. } \end{gathered}$ | TIME. | RATE. |
| Amsterdam... | short. | 11.18 @11.183/ | Ang. 4. | short. | 1188 @ |
| Antwerp...... | 3months. | 25.70 Q20.50 |  |  | 25.10 @ |
| Paris .......... | " | ${ }_{25.55}^{13.1}$ @ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | " | ' | 13.15 |
| Paris.. | short. | 25.10 @25.30 |  |  |  |
| Vienna....... | 3months. | 13.40 @13.70 | Aug. 4. | short. | 12.90 (1) |
| Berlin | 6 | 6.27 |  | 3 mos . | 6.191/ (6) |
| Frankfort | " | 118\% | " | short. | 115\%@ |
| Cadiz .. | d | 481\%@491/2 | July 3.. | 90 days. | 50.10 @ |
| Uisbon. | 90 days. | 504@503/ |  |  |  |
| Milan. | 3 months. | 28.10@28.20 |  |  | - |
| Naples. |  | " |  | - | - - |
| New York | - | - | Aug. 5. | 60 days | 1091/2 |
| Jamaica. | -- | -- |  |  |  |
| Havena. | -- | -- | Aug. 4. | 60 days. | 191/2 |
| Rio de Janeiro | -- | -- | July 6. | 90 days. | 22 |
| Bahia.......... |  |  | July 9. | + " | 217/8 |
| Valparaiso.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pingapore..... | r0days. | 48.512d. | July 23. | 6 mos. | 48. 6188. |
| Hong Kong... | "6 | $48.51 / 2 d$. | July 11. |  | 4s. $6 \%$ d. |
| Ceylon.. ..... | " | $2 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$ dis. |  |  |  |
| Bombay ...... | " | 1s $103 / 3-1810 x$ | Aug. 4. | 6 mos . | 1s. $11 d$. |
| Madras . . . . . | 6 | 1s $103 \%-1810 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Calcatta ...... |  | 1s $103 / 8-1 s 10 \%$ | $\text { Aug. } 1 .$ | 6 mos. <br> 30 days. | $\text { 1s } 111-16 d$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

IFrom our own Correspondent.]
London, Saturday, August 6, 1870.
With the exception of two engagements the news from the seat of war this week has been unimportant, but as the contending armies are now advancing a great battle is expested to take place immediately. We are certainly on the eve of momentous events, and judging from the offensive attitude shown by the Prussians, there is every prospect that every inch of ground will be stubbornly conteste $l$ on both sides. It is thought by some that General Von Moltke's policy will not be to act always on the defensive, and the engagement near Strasbourg is a clear indication that if possible the Prussians will carry the war into French territory. It is more probable, however, that, the great battles will be fought on the Saar, the Moselle and the Rhine, but, at the same time, the army of the Crown Prince, if successful at Strasbourg, would cause the Freuch army to be liable to attack on its right flank. In any event the sacrifice of life will be beyond parallel. It may indeed be hoped that the great sacrifice of life which must take place will induce the two nations to arrange their differences, and spare the world from being a further witness of such detestable proceedings. This month promises to be pregnant with momentous events, and possibly before it closes, some great point will have been gained.
In all departments of business extreme quietness has prevailed during the past week. There have been numerous commercial failures, and the accounts from Liverpuol report business to be in anything but a satisfactory condition. The unexpected and serious fall in cotton has naturally been the cause of much embarrassment, and several cases are reported in which endeavors have been made to overcome existing difficulties by fraudulent measures. The cotton trade seems to have euffered from the crisis more than any other department. In the groce y produce markets, however, some very heavy losses have been sustained. The following relates to the trads of Manohester :
Prices have declined since Tuesday, and producers have found more diff culty in selling to-day. At the end or las week, on Monday, there was some ble business was donc. Both spinners and manufacturers sold freely where they had the chance of doing so at prices which would cover the cost of produc tion. Since Tuesday it has been more difficult to sell, and prices have declined. Considerable irregularity still prevails, but a moderate business has been done to-day at lower rates than have yet been accepted. a very serious effect upon business. Buyers who were prepared to make purchases have thought it prudent to abstain as far as possible, and have postponed operations which they had in view. Many contracts have been catcelled, some apparently in an arbitrary manuer; but, upon the whole, there
docs not appear to be much ground for complaint upon that score, as produdoes not appear to be much ground for complaint upon that score, as produwithin the time stipulated. In a trying crisis like the present, it is not reasonable to expect that buyers will receive goods which involve them in large losses, unless they are delivered within the specified time,
Export yarns were in fair demand on Naturday and Monday last, and a moderate business was done. The demand fell off on Tuesday afternoon, and firmer tone in the Liverpool market in the beginning of the week, spinners here were more exacting, and declined prices which they had previously entertained, A moderate business has been done in water twist and mule yarns suitable for India and China, during the week, and even to-day some sales have occurred at lower prices than any which have yet been taken. Great irregulartween the prices of yarns which are nearly similar in quality. This, of course, arises from the different position of producers. Those who have no contracts on hand are willing to sell at much lower rates than those who are still under engagement. The German buyers may be considered as almost entirely out of the market, any purchases which they have made being entirely of a speculative character. Twofold yarns are almost unsalable, and modford yarns has almost ceased, and the Scotch buyers have only given a few orders thia week.
Annezed is a return showing the imports and exports of cotton into and from the United Kingdom, from September 1 to Aug, 4 compared with the corresponding period in 1868-9;

|  | Imports. | Exports. | Imports. | Export. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American........ bales | 1,413,500 | 105,883 | - |  |
| Brazilian | 414, 712 | 45,925 | 493,403 | 79, з\%3 |
| East Indian. | 1,15-240 | 441,970 | 1,394' 991 | 685,344 |
| Egyptian. | 166,731 | 4,235 | 171,347 | ,752 |
| Miscellaneous | 122,293 | 12,879 | 148,327 | 20.02:2 |
| Total. | 3265,731 | 610,842 | 3,166,4 | 331, |

Great efforts have been made to raise the price of breadstuffs this week, but ther have been only partially successful. The weather has been fine for harves $t$ wurk, the showers of rann which bave fallen be ing calculated to swell the grain without, in any way, irjuring it. A large breadth of land has been cut, and the produce is now being rapidly stacked. Owing to the shortness of the stem-the result of a dry season-the stacks may look smaller than usual, but with regard to the amount of wheat produced, it is the opinion that it is about an average The wheat sent to market up to the present time has, in most respects, been of fine quality, and it is probable that unless there should be a prospect of the war becoming more complicated, many persons will be induced to sell at present prices. Wheat is now at a good, but not extravagant, price. A considerable advance has taken place during the last three months, but it commenced at a point which was much below the ordinary level, and eveu at the present time it is only 1 s .1 d . per quarter dearer than in 1869. According to the official returns, the average quotation for English wheat in England and Wales is only 25s. 1 Cd . agaiuat 51 s .9 d . last year, 61 s . 1 d . in $1868,67 \mathrm{~s}$. 5 d . in 1867 , and 51s. 1d. in 1866. It will be seeu, therefore, that the war has not yet had the effect of making wheat dear, but of raising it to a point at which we are more lizely to secure large supplies from abroad.
The meadows once more begin to look green aud vigorous. For three months they have been almost bare, and even now the grass is very short. The dripping June which was hoped for never came, and consequentiy, a second crop of grass could not be obtained. As soon as the crops are secured an abundant fall of rain would be desirable and in that case there would soon be an abundance of green food, the luss of which has been so severely felt. The slight rains and storms of the last few days have naturally had a beneficial effect upon the root crc ps, and, in some places, they wiil not be so greatly deficient. It is evident, however, that a large importation of cattle-leeding stuffs will be nectssary durng the approachiug winter.
The sister istaud has greatly benefitted by the dry season. The crops are repsesented as beivg very abundant-oats, hay and potatoes especially havir g yielded largely.
Our importations of cereals continue on a large scale, and the total for the seasoa is nuw very heavy. As regards wheat, there is au increase of vearly $11,000,00) \mathrm{cwt}$; oats show an increase of nearly $5,000,000 \mathrm{cwt}$; Indian corn, $4,300,000 \mathrm{cwt}$; and flour, $2,200,000 \mathrm{cwt}$. The return of imports is as follows

FOR the ween ending july 30.


A further rise in the bank rate to six per cent has taken place this week. The measure was unexpected, more especially as there was a perceptible fallitg off in the demand for gold for $e$ xport, while, at the same ti ue large supplies were arriving foom the United Siates. There is an abundance of money bere, and the commercial demand for it is comparatively limited, but the bank have been compelled to walk abreast wi.h the Continental banks, and are now rather abead than otherwise. At Paris, the rate is only 5, but in Germany the quota tions vary from 7 to 9 per cent. The followiog are the quotations here :

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bank minimum...: } \\ & \text { Open-markei rates: } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |
| The rates of interest allowed by the joint stock banks and discount |  |
| houses for deposits are : |  |
| Jo | Per ce |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| On the continent the rates of dis | count are firm. Annezed are the |

 of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average quntation for English Wheat, the price of Middling Upland Cotton, and of No. 40 Mule Yarn, fair, second quality, compared with the four previous years :- 1866 .
Circulation.............
Public deposits....... Public deposita........ $3,160,156$
Other doposits Government securitics
O
$10,078,123$ Other securities....... $26,154,555$ Rein and oullion.... Bank rate
Consols... Price of wheat....... Mid. Upland cotto... 40 male yarn, fair 20

1s. 9d.
The decline in the price of cotto exchange on India to the extent of 1 to 2 per cent Council bills on Wednesday, although $£ 400,000$ was offered, only about $£ 7.000$ was taken at the above reduction. The silver market has been very depressed during the last fer days, and prices have fallen heavily. The following prices fur bullion are from the circular of Messre. Pixley, Abell, Langley \& Blake :


## ....

 Five franc pieces.
In consequence of the war on the continent, it has been determined to increase the efficiency of the army and navy, and the House of Com. mons has voted $£ 2,000,000$ for that purpose.
The stock markets have continued to be very depressed. Owiog to forced sales, British railway stocks have declined heavily, but at the close of the week a somewhat better tone was apparent. The amount of business doing is very limited, and only the first houses can deal for time. Up to the present time the public have hesitated to invest to any great extent, but it is now expected that many small capitalists will come forward. The following state nent shows the highest and lowest prices of consols and the principal American securities on each day of the week

|  |  |  |  | 'ay | Friday. | Sat'day. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 8, | 85/4 | \$8.2/-89 |  |  |
| U. S. 5-20 |  |  | 5214-323\% | 823/4-331/2 | -3 -83 |  |
| U. S. 5-20¢ | $79-81$ | 19 |  | 79 -81 | 179-81 | 79 -81 |
| U. S. 5-208, 1 | 82\% |  | $82-8.21 / 2$ | 82-83 | 8.21/2-83 |  |
| U.S. 5-218, 1887 | 2.2 -8.23/4 | $803 / 4-81 \% / 6$ | $81-8 \frac{3}{4}$ | 813/4-83 | 8114-32 | 818/8-882\% |
| IJ. S. 10-40s, 1904 | \|791/4-50 | 78\%2-731/2 |  | -81 | 793/4-802 | 7\% |
| Atlantic \& G't West. consol'd mort.b'ds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Erie Shares (\$100).. | 1514-153/4 | 14 为-15 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $15-15 \frac{1}{4}$ | 143/4-151/1 | 14x | 14/7-15/3/ |
| llinois ehares (\$100) | 983/-99/2 | 97 | 47-98: | , |  | - |

dt is worthy of remalk that 5-20 bunds are comparatively firm, the bonds being purchased as rapidly as they are thrown on the market.

## Hinglish 酔arkel iteportm-lior Cabie

The daily closing quotations in the markets of $L_{A}$ ndon and Liverpool for the past week have been repurted by submainue telegrapb, as shown in the following summary :
London Money and Stock Markct.- The market has exhibited a good feeling throughjut the week, and pricts have gradually advanced. more especially Illinois Central shares, which show a gain of $4 \ddagger$ per cent alove the opening figures. United States bonds have gained about 2 per cent, although at the close the tone of the market was a shade easier. The market for United States bonds at Frankfort has also ruled firm, and advancing in sympathy with the London market; and at the close Five-Twenty bonds of the issue of 1862 were quoted $2 \mathrm{~s} @ 2{ }^{3} \mathrm{c}$ per cent higher than at the opening of the week.


The daily closing quotations for U.S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort wertFranktort............. 90 .... $917 / 8 \quad 92$... $92 \% @ 923 / 4$ Liverpool Ootton Market.--See special report of cotton,

Liverpool Breadsuuff Market.-The market for breadstuffs has Jod generally weak, although some firmesess was apparent toward the close,

and
Liverpool Provisions Market.-The different articles under this bead continue quiet, and prices exhibit a weakening tendency.

|  | Sat. 8. d. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mon. } \\ & \text { s. d. } \end{aligned}$ | Tues. s. d. | Wed. 8. d. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thu. } \\ & \text { s. d. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fri. } \\ & \text { s. } \mathrm{d} . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beeflex.pr. mess) p. 304 lbs | 136 | 1110 | 1110 | 1110 | 1110 | 111 |
| Beeflex.pr. ${ }_{\text {Prer }}$ (Etu. pr.mess) m 304 lbs | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 120 | 1200 | 120 |
| ${ }_{\text {Bacon ( }}$ (Camb.cul) p. 112 lbs | 576 | ${ }^{67} 6$ | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| Lard (American) | 626 | 626 | 626 | $62 \quad 6$ | 620 | 62 |

Liverpool Produce Market. -The same quiet feeling is manifest throughout the market as has been noted for several weeks past.

Rosin (com Wilm).per 112 lbs do Fine Pale...
Petroleum (std white).p. 3 lbs.
 eed has further declined a fraction, as has also linseed oii, but with these exceptions the market remains quiet.



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## CUHMERCLAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NLHS.

Imports and Exports for the Week. -The imports this week show
a decrease in dry goods and large increase in general merchandise. The total imports a mount to $\$ 5,214,146$ against $\$ 5,126,495$ last week, and $\$ 6,590,058$ the previous week. The exports are $\$ 3,288,748$ this week against $\$ 3,758,742$ last week, and $\$ 3,523,271$ the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 1,300 oales, against 2231 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Aug. 12, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Aug. 13 :
fobeien imports at new yori forthe week,

General merchandise
Total for the week.
since Jan. $1 \ldots \ldots . \begin{array}{|ccc|}\$ 160,533,874 \\ \$ 155,532,525 & \$ 194,406,006 & \$ 184,625,950\end{array}$
In our report of the dry goodstrade will be found the importsof dry goods for one week later
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive ofspecie)from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Aug. 16 : bxports from mew york for the week,

Since Jan. 1........... $\$ 119,425,839 \quad \overline{\$ 105,061,555} \quad \$ 11,186,539 \quad \overline{\$ 14,036,319}$
The following will show the exports of speciefrom the port of New York for the week ending Aug. 13, 1870:

| Ang. 9-Brig Morning Light, ArroyoAmerıcan silver... . $\$ 28,000$ | American gold.:..... \$23,500 <br> Aug. 13-Str. City of Brook- <br> lyn, Liverpool- |
| :---: | :---: |
| Aug. 10-Sir. Minnesota, | American gold......1,715,000 |
| Liverpool- | American silver.... 22,000 |
| Ang Ameri an gold...... 50,060 | Silver ba.s.......... 10:, 009 |
| Aug. 10-Str. Russia, Liver-pool- | Goid bars............ 88,090 <br> Aug. 13-Str. Eug and, Liver- |
| American gold...... 430,275 |  |
| Mexican silver...... 180,153 | American gold... .. 50,000 |
|  | Aug. 13-str. Cillie, Porto |
| silver bars.......... 36,000 | American silver.... 4,000 |
| 12-Brig Sea Bird, Maraca bu- | Aug. 13-str. Trupoli, Liver-pool- |
| Ang American gold...... 23,800 | Mexican si ver,..... $\quad 2,200$ |
| Aag. 13-Sdhr. Dutch Prin= cess, Maracalbo- | Mexican silver.... . $15,35 \mathrm{~J}$ |
| Total for the wee |  |
| Previously reported | $. .32,797,903$ |
| Totalsince Jen |  |
| sametimein | Sametime in |
|  | 1860...................... \$30,372,482 |
| 1867 ........................... $62.58,54,689$ | 1859........................ 45,901,579 |
|  |  |
| ${ }_{1864}^{1865}$. ..................... $18,972,016$ |  |
|  | 1855......................... $20.842,241$ |
| 1862....................... $26.373,43,494$ | 1854........................ 21,590,576 |
|  | 13,418,533 |

The following shows the imports of specie at this port during the past week

| Ang. 11-Str City of Meridia, | Aug. 12-Str. Arizona, Aspin- |
| :--- | :--- |

Silver.......
$\$ 37,000$
silver...
\$7,687
Total for the week. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Previonally reported. ${ }_{7,360,683}^{\$ 44,687}$

Total हince Jan. 1, 1870.
$\$ 7,405.375$
$9,815,380$ Same time 1869.
$4,524,114$
Nationala Tbeasury. - The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom House. 1.-Securities held by the U.S. Treasurerin trust for National bank and balance in the Treasury

| For Circulation. | For U.S. Deposits. | Total. | Coin. | in Treas.Currency | Coin cer lificates oulst'd'g. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 8..342,425,051 | 1:4,041,000 | 361.466,050 |  |  |  |
| Jan. 15..342, 125,050 | 18,991,(100) | 361,416,050 |  |  |  |
| Jan. 22..342,303,350 | 8,941,000 | 361,244,350 |  |  |  |
| Jan. 29..342,313,350 | 18,721,000 | 361,034,350 |  |  |  |
| Feb. 5. 342,310,50 | 1: 12571,100 | 260,351,350 |  |  |  |
| Feb. 12..342,307,350 | 18,496,000 | 360,8013,350 |  |  |  |
| F'eb. 19..342,396,350 | 18,393,500 | 360,789850 |  |  |  |
| Feb. $26 . .342,3968,359$ | 17,-08,500 | 360,206,250 |  |  |  |
| Mar. 5.342, 4, 35 | 17,683,510 | 360,067, 550 |  |  |  |
| Mar. 12..342,364,350 | 17,483,500 | 359,847,850 |  |  |  |
| Mar. 19..342,363,650 | 17,253,600 | 359,612,150 |  |  |  |
| Mar $26 . .342,342,650$ | 17,139,:00 | 359,532,150 |  |  |  |
| Apr 1 2..342,294,650 | 16,989,500 | $359,284,150$ |  |  |  |
| Apri1 9..842,274,650 | 16,955,500 | 359,230,150 |  |  |  |
| a pri 16..342,246,350 | 16,951,500 | 354, 146,850 |  |  |  |
| A pril $23 . .342,542,350$ | 16,673,100 | 359,215,350 | 113,514,000 | 19,250,000 | 35,620,000 |
| April 30..342, 251,350 | 16,6i63,000 | 35s,914.350 |  |  |  |
| May 7..34,273550 | 16.510,0,0 | 358,783,550 | 110,724,006 | $10.000,000$ | 34019,00 |
| May 14..342,269,550 | 16.410 .600 | 358,679,550 | 105,7<3, 000 | 11,555,000 | 35,436,510 |
| May 21..342, 36:500 | $16,3+0,000$ | 355,702,550 | 107,285,100 | 9,357,000 | 26,755,500 |
| May $28 . .342,244,550$ | 16, 881,000 | 3558,583,750 | 107,5+4 350 | 13,27, 764 | 36,208140 |
| June 4..342, 247,751 | 16,28を, 160 | 3E8,51,750 | 10<, 126.52:3 | 211,471,3,7 | 35,451,300 |
| June 11..342, 224,550 | 16,3:4,400 | 358,558,550 | 108,284,421 | 20,7i3,994 | 34,671,(00 |
| June 10..342,273.000 | 16,434, 1100 | 358,707,050 |  |  |  |
| June 25 . . $342,263,050$ | 16,434,010 | $358,70<1050$ | 112,133,056 | 21,974,626 | 34, $3 \geqslant 3,500$ |
| July 2..342, 275,553 | 16,4,2,500 | $358,6 \times 1,153$ |  |  |  |
| July 9..342,358,050 | 16,3:31.500 | 358,719,550 | 118,735,843 | 35,197,843 |  |
| Jaly 16..343, $02 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~s}, 050$ | 16,341,500 | 358, 369.550 | 11:3,00 1,100 | 31 ukt,0u0 | $40,700,700$ |
| Juy y 23.3 . $342,122, \cdot 60$ | 16,316,500 | 355,328,550 | 105,600,000 | $30,500, \mathrm{U} 0$ | 41,700,000 |
| July 30..342, 109,050 | 16,316,500 | 355, 425,550 |  |  |  |
| Aug. $6 . .342,017,550$ | 16,34ib. 500 | $358,304,000$ | 105,000,000 | 39,10e,662 | 38,249,0C0 |
| Aug. 13..341,97.,450 | 16,304,5U0 | 35\%,334,95 |  |  |  |

2.-National bank currency issued (weekly and sggregate), in return for bills destroyed and mutilated bills returned (weekly and aggregate) with the amount in circulation at date:

| eek | $\sim$ Notes issued for ret'd. - Matilated notes burned. - Notes in |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ending. | Curre | A | Current we | Aggregate. | Circulation |
| Jan. 8 | 238,540 | 18. 6s9,090 | 182,950 | 18,907,907 | 299,680,957 |
| dan. 15 | 16,110 | 18,905,200 | 167,230 | 19,055,137 | 249, 550,837 |
| Jan 22 | 216,680 | 19,1:21, 880 | 218,840 | 19,294, 27 | 299,745,610 |
| Jan. 29 | 19: ,7600 | 1:9,312,540 | 186,100 | 19,480, 127 | 299, 6 65,170 |
| Heb | 158,279 | 19,540,810 | 265,75C | 19,748,877 | 249,692,351 |
| Feb. 12 | 288,350 | 19,789,160 | 317,375 | 20,066, 252 | 294,563,356 |
| Feb. 19 | 29:3,343 | 20,058, 80 | 285,200 | 20,351,342 | 2 $99.56,59,871$ |
| Feb | 293,*30 | $24,352,=80$ | 1:16, 747 | 20,548 199 | 2-9,674,354 |
| Mar | 219,320 | 20.602,200 | 240.600 | :0788,799 | 299,657,349 |
| Mar. 12 | 279,3:0 | 20,881,5\%0 | 231,790 | 21,021,589 | 299,642,449 |
| M | 179,640 | 21,061,160 | 256, 305 | 21,277,344 | 249, 415,784 |
| Mar. 26 | 287,840 | 21,349,060 | 289,400 | 21,566,794 | 249,614,224 |
| Apr. 2 | 512,3:2 | 21.561,320 | 219,850 | 21,786 614 | 299,575,894 |
| Apr. | 212.860 | 21,774,150 | \$13167 | 21,949, ${ }^{12} 1$ | 249,526,608 |
| Apr. 16 | 257,450 | 22,031,630 | 239170 | 22, 238, 81 | 299,507,788 |
| Apr. 23 | 245,770 | 22,277,400 | 272.863 | 22,511,846 | 299,546,308 |
| Apr. 30 | 2:0,655 | 2:508,055 | 313,500. | 22, 8255,346 | 299,467,363 |
| May | 291,170 | 22,799,225 | 202,000 | 23,027,446 | 249,543,632 |
| May 14 | 251,520 | 23,050,745 | 289.400 | 23,3 6,816 | 299,512,558 |
| May 21 | 255,540 | 23,306,245 | 305,341 | 23622.187 | 299,447,:12 |
| May 28 | 313,610 | 23,619, 55 | 28t,4:0 | 2., 908,667 | 249, 474,842 |
| June 4. | 279, נ. 0 | 23,585255 | 225,930 | 24,1:34,5,7 | 299,505,04\% |
| Junel1. | 281,770 | 24,150,855 | 29,750 | 24 224,437 | 299,504,1162 |
| June 18 | 24:,158 | 24,395,013 | 302,900 | 24,229,247 | 299,302,982 |
| June 25. | 313,810 | 24,729,685 | 301,32 ${ }^{\text {o }}$ | 25,030,573 | 298,467,446 |
| July 2 | 275,010 | 25,904,695 | 473,200 | 45,503,773 | 29:, 264,006 |
| ,july 9 | 178, 245 | 25,182,940 | 98,365 | 25,602,138 | 299,348, 286 |
| July 16 | 333,505 | 25,516,445 | 313,150 | 25,91E,283 | 299,389,241 |
| July 23 | 238,780 | 25,75, 425 | 32700 | 26,152,288 | 299,404,7:1 |
| July 30 | 229,710 | 25,984,935 | 169,000 | 26,321,288 | 294, 537,364 |
| Aug. 6 | 238,235 | 26,22:3,170 | 345,006 | 26,ii6, $, 3,33$ | 299,437.049 |
| Aug 13 | 174,610 | 24,3347, 750 | 281,500 | 27,715,400 | 299,406, 84 |

3.-Fractional currency received from the Currency Burean by U. S. Treasurer asd distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed, and legal tendern


The Railroad War Terminated. The $N$. Y. Times remarks upon this surject editorially as follows :
"It is announced that an arrangement has been made between the New York Central, the Erie, and the Pennsylvania Central Railroads, by which they are practically consolidated. It is also reported that the rates of freight and fare are to be the same on each of the roads, and that a conimon polioy is to control them all. The first fruit of the new arrangement is a large advance in freight and passenger retes, and still further advances are anticipated as soon as the arrival of winter stops the competition of water routes.
"The new ariangement will doubtless be a very advantageous one for the roads, but it involves a new attack upon the rights and interests of the people. The thought at once suggests itself that this new compact between three of the most powerful railroads in the country may pact between three of the most powerful railroads in the country may
be the preliminary to a more complete consolidation. Such a consumbe the preliminary to a more complete consolidation. Such a consum-
mation would be a natural result of the tendency which has prevailed mation would be a natural resill of the tendency which has prevailed
in railroad management for the past few years, and which has built up in railroad management for the past few years, and which has built up
so many colossal railroad interests in this country. That these interests so many colossal railroad interests in this country. That these interests
are in direct and growing antagonism to the public, besides forming a porerful agency for corruption, is generally admitted, and the problem how they are to be controlled is one which will soon force itself more urgently than ever upou public attention.
"Witbin certain limits, railroad combinations bave sometimes been desirable. In the infancy of our railway system, roads were necessarily constructed in short lines, and afterward, as the country developed, these were naturally consolidated, thereby securing economy of management, and greater convenience to the public. The Nex York Central is an illustration of this, and no one will now dispute that the combination by which that line was formed was desirable, besides being inevitable. But when it is proposed to make a similar consolidation of competing lines, the case becomes very different, and the public have a right to protest. Such a combination becomes a gross form of mono:oly, and will be sure to lead to other alliances by which a dangerous power must be created.
"How best to deal with this threatened evil is a subject for grave discussion. There are those who advocate the purchase and management of the leading lines by the States. In an address delivered before the Boston Board of Trade, in 1866, Mr. Josinh Quincy urged that Massachusetts should own the Beston and Worcester, and the Western roads, and should run them for the benefit of the public at bare cost. In Illinois a remedy has been sought for by a constitutional provisicn, which has just gone into effect, prohibiting such railroad combinatiors as are reported to have been made by the Erie, New York Central, and Pennsylvania Central. In Michigan a similar amendment to the Constitution has just been proposed, and will be submitted to the people in November, and the same course is being urged in Pennsylvania and several other States. But a few more great railroad combinations, such as have been made within two or three years, would build up a power which might prove stronger than the Legislatures. Gur rallroad managers have already discovered the folly of competing with each other, and now make common cause in behalf of their great interests and against the public. It is asserted that there is already more than one State in the Union, the political and financial policy of which is directed and coutrolled by railroad "Rings." We trust that the new combination just made in this State will not be the means of adding New York to the list.
The Proposed Amendment to the Nichigan Constitution. -Resolved, That the tollowing amendment to the Constitution of the State be, and the same is hereby proposed to stand as Article 19 of said consticution, and be entitled " of railroads."
Aeticle 19. Sec. 1. The Legislature may from time to time pass laws establishing reasonable minimum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight on different railroads in this State, and shall prohibit runaing contracts between such railroad companies, whereby discrimination is made in favor of either of such companies as against other companies owning, connecting, or iutersecting lines of railroad.
Sec. 2. No railroad corporation shall consolidate its stock, property or franchises with aty other railroad corporation owning a parallel or competing line, and in no case shall ar y consolidation take place except upon public notice being given of at least sixty days to all stockholders, in such manner as shall be provided by law.
Sec. 3. The Legislature may provide by law for the payment by the counties, townships and municipalities of this State of all bonds or other obligations heretofore issued or incurred in pursuance of acts of the Legislature, by such counties, townships and municipalities severally for, and in aid of, any railroad cooppany. Such bonds or obligations shall be paid by the county, township or municipality issuing or incurring the same, and in no event shall the sitate pay or become liable for any portion of such bonds or obligations. The Legislature shall submit to the electors of each of said eeveral counties, townships and municipalities for their decision, the question of payment, together with the mode and manner of the same. The aforesaid amendment shall be, and is hereby submitted to the people of this State at the next general election, to be bolden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1870, as provided in Section 1, Article 20 of the Constitution, and the Secretary of Sate is hereby required to give notice of the sane to the sheriffs of the several counties of this State in the same manner that he is now required by law to do in the case of an election of Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and the Inspectors of Election in the several townships and cities of this State shall prepare a suitable box for the reception of ballots cast for and against such amendment. Each person voting at said election shall have written or printed on his ballot the words "for all the propositions on this ticket which are not cancelled with ink or pencil," and "against all which are so cancelled." "For Article 19, entitled 'of railroads." "For Section 1, authorizing the Legislature to regulate the passenger and freight charges of railroads." "For Secion 2, prohibiting consolidation of competing lines of railroads." "For Section 3, authorizing the payment of bonds or obliga-
tions heretofore issued." Each of said tickets shall be counted as vote cast for each proposition thereon not cancelled with ink or pencil and against each proposition so cancellad. The ballots shall in respects be canvassed, and returns be made as in elections of Governo and Lieutenant Governor

It will he seen that the article adopted will $n$ nt legalize the bond already issued, but only en able the municipalities which have vote aid aud received the consideration, by another vote to legalize the bonds. This would seem to be a pretty severe trial of the virtue the communities. They have agreed to pay a ceriain amount the strength of that agreement corporations have constructed roil roads that the communities wanted. Now the law provides not they must fulfil their contracts with these corporations, but that the may if they choose. : Probably the amendment made the provision in this way because it was believed that otherwise the amendmentilis would be unconstitutional. The decision of the Supreme Cant that the contracts of the municipnities were void ab i,itio, and the that the concracts of the municipnisies were void ab i, itio, and the contract having been void $\mathrm{w}-\mathrm{n}$ made, the only remedy was to give the power to make a new contract which would not be void.
It will be seen that the Legislature toak occasion to add, or rather prefix, provisions similar to those of the new Illinois Constituition, pro bibiting the consolidation of railroads in certain cases, and al30 authorizing the Legislature to reculate the tariffs of railroadz. TW would indicate that the Legislature not ouly was indisposed to gran facilities for the construction of new lines, but desired to discourag them aitogether. However, we presume the first and secend sections will be found so nearly inoperative as to do very little har.u.-Railroad Gazette.
-On another page will be found the card of Messrs. J. B. Carter 4 Co., dealers in gunny cloth, domestic bagginy, bale rops, iron ties, do Our numerous readers in the cotton trade will do well to notice this house.
harvey fisk.
A. S. натсн.

Ofrice of Fisk \& Hatch, No. 5 Nassau street, New York, August 15, 1870. $\}$
The Central Pacific R. R. 6 per cent. Gold Bonds, having 26 years to run, are to-day selling at 86,25 . At the rate of 88.10 they yield 7 per cent. in gold ; interest and principal payable in gold coin, in New York City.
They are secured by a First Mortgage on property worth four times their total issue ; a road having a priucely revenue --nearly $\$ 3,000,000$ for tha first six months of this year, and $\$ 797,800$ for July, being an increase of $\$ 800,000$ over the large revenues of the same period 1 st year, while the annual interest payments are $\$ 1,600,000$. They are as good and as safe as Government Bonds. Holders of the latter would do well to capitalize the difference while the Centrals are so low-oc casioned by the return of these Bonds from Germany, on account of the terrible war now raging in Europe. The amounts now coming are small, and are being steadily absorbed by heavy capitalists here.
The U. S. Curbency Sixes--priacipal and interest payable in lawful money - with an average of 26 years to run, at 113 flat, pay only 5 per cent. currency.
Ten-Forines, with 34 years to run (it is not probable this issue will be called in till maturity, as a portion of the bonds authorized by the Funding Bill bear 5 per cent), at 104 $\frac{1}{6}$, about the present price less colpon due Sept. 1, pay 48 per cent. gold.
Sixes of 1881, having 11 jeais to run, at the current rate, 114.60, pay only $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. gold.

Five.Twenties, assuming that they will not be called in for 5 years, at 109 , pay but 4 per cent. geld per annum.

This opportunity to realize so handsome an addition to their capital, and at the same time a large increase in the average annual interest yield, by an exchange into Central Pacific Bonds, may not occur agaio. We expect as the demand for them is large, that they cannot be had at the present price for any length of time.

Fise \& Hatch.
N. B. -We allorv interest on Depcsits, make Collections, and do a general Banking business.

## 

## Friday Evening, Augast 19.

The Money Market.-The last bank statement exhibited the effect of the opening of the usual demand from the West for currency to facilitate the moving of the crops. In the deposits there was a decrease of $\$ 5,700,100$; about $\$ 2,400,000$ of these withdrawals, however, consisted of specie, which was either exported or employed in the payment of customs duties, and $\$ 2,500,000$ was withdrawn for the payment of loans. In the legal tenders there was a loss of only $\$ 300,000$, which, with: perhaps a larger amount of national currency, represents the amount of currency sent to the West. Both at Clicago and Cincinnati exchange rules against us, and this week some conaiderable orders for currency have been received from the former cily. These orders are filled with bank currency so long as there is any on the market, so that the total of
remittances is not represented by the changes in the legal teoder line until the supply of national currency is exbausted. The effect of these remittances has been to strergthen the rates on call loans, the rates for which now range at from 4 (a) 5 per cent upon Govern ment collaterals, ts 5 (as 6 per cent on stocks. The present condition of the bank is, oi itseli, but little encoareging to expectalions of ease, the legal ten ?er; being $\$ 280^{\circ}, 000$ below the figures of a jear aso, the dep isits $417,000,000$ higber, and the loans $\$ 12,000,000$ higher. But the currency balence is $\$ 25,000,000$ higher, and, judging from Mr. Boutwell's speech at Boston, he intends to make his $\$ 40,0$, 0 0 of currency available for the crop movenent through dishursing it freely in the purchase of bonds. In his large balance, the Secretary also holds the power to defeat all mischievious combinations to "lock up" monty and prod ce artificial stringency, tricks far more to be dreaded than any pressure arising from legitimate canses.
In the discount market there is a steady, healthy feeling. The supply of merchandise paper is tot large for the season, and there $\mathrm{i}_{8}$ important offering of grain paper, and the demand liceping well up rith the supply, rates are steady at the following quotations: Commercial, first class endorsed.............................. ${ }_{4}^{60}$ days ${ }_{4}$ mos. $0 \quad$ p. c. 107


Bankers, first class Foreign Domestic..................................... 3 to 4 mos.
0 to 7
7
7
to 10
United States Bonds.-The market for Goverument bonds has been generally strong and higher, as will be seen by reference to the subjoined tables. As noted last week, the market has been p incipally under the control of the German bankers, who have bought steadily on advices from the other side. At Liondon the price of the sisty-1wo's has advanced to $88 \frac{1}{2}$, the lighest price recorded sine the inauguation of hosilities hetween France and Prussiz. The highest pric's were made on Thursday !ast, when sixty-seven's, in the home market, sold as high as $110 \frac{1}{2}$. The largs offerings to the Goverment at that time ( $\$ 3,995,000$ ) for the sinkig fund parchase of one million bond; had a tendency to depres prices, although at the clo e there w.s much steadiness obsorved.
The following wera the hishest and lowest prices of leading government securities at the Board on each day of the past weets:

## 






This st the price bid and asked, no sale was made at the Board
Purchses by the Goverment on Thursday, Ang. 18, were $\$ 2,000,000$, the total offered beigg $\$ 4,999,8 \% 0$. Delails are as foloas:

|  | Purchase ? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. 50 's of ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Anr. 18. | 5-20's of |
| 1868, reg | \$38,200 | 1865, new, r.. |
| 156\%, coll. | 8,000 | 1865, new, c. |
| 156A, reg. | . 7-2,700 | 1867, reg.... |
| 1564 cou. | . !3,100 | 1867, cou |
| ${ }_{1865}$, reg. | . 12,(000 | 1868, reg. |
| 1865, cou | - 600 | 1868, cou. |

Purchased
1860, reg.
196', coll.
1844, reg.
18655, reg....
State Bonds - In these securities the principal dealinga bave been in the Tenuessees, in which prices have been manipulated to suit the purposes of the controlling cliques, though the fl ctuatio :s bave not been unu ually wide or frequent. Next in point of interest were the North Carolinas, in which a stron $r$ apward movement bas been developed, the various issues having advanced one to tive per cent. There was a firm feeing in Louisiaua and Georgia sevens, though little business was done in either. The South Carolinas were generally heavy, the remainder of the list having been du'l and neglected.
Tlie following are the highest and lowest prices of the most active State Bonds at the Board rn each day of the past week:

## 6 S Tenn. x.c... 6 S Tenn, new. $6 \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{Car}$. <br> 6s Nenn, new... 68 N.Car., oldi.: <br> 68 Virar., new. ${ }^{68}$ virg. xc.... 8s La, i. levee. 6s Missouri





## *This is the price bid and asked, no sale was made at the Board.

Rallroad and Miscellaneous Stocks - The stock market was strong during the early part of the week, main.y upon the settlement of the ralroad war between the Trunk lines, and the consequent advance of rates on both passenger and freight. The firmness was further stimulated by the increased carnings of the promi-
nent Western roads, and the prospective large fall trade. Later, however, the market gradually but steadily declined, it being apparent that there were some heavy sales to realize the advance. This was continued, with occasional reactions, until to-day, when a further sharp decline was noted cf $2 @ 4$ per cent on the so-called Vanderbilt stocks, in which the balance of the list synupatbized, though in a le s marked degree. The cause of this depression was the announcement that Commodore Vanderbilt had been stricken with an apoplectic fit at Saratoga, from which he would not probably recover. As these dispatches were to the Associated $\operatorname{Pr} s$ s, they received credence at the time, and a consequent geveral rush to sell was the result, ns it was known that he owned the controlling interest in these roads, and the theory was that his death would materially affect values. This caused a decline to the lowest point recorded during the week, Central touching 91, and Ecrip 85定. It su'sequently ranspired, nowever, that the dispatch was a wicked fabricaion, and upon the positive contradiction there was a rapid recsers of rearly the full decine, the market finally leaving off strong. The principa! dealings were in New York Central stock and scrip Lake Shore, Rock Istand abd St. Paul. In miscellaneous shares Pacific Mail was the feature, which advanced from 36 to $3=\frac{5}{8}$. Express sbares were quict and steady.

The following were the highest and lowest prices of the active list of railroad and miscellaneous stocks on each day of the last week :


## *TV

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds State and Uity securities, and railroad and othes bonds sold at stock Kixchange for the past and several previous weeks:

| Week | Government | State \& | Fompany | Tota 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ending- | Bonds. | City Bonds. | Bonds. | amount. |
| March10. | 5,775 450 | 2,326,000 | 922,500 | 8,4:3,900 |
| 17 | 2,365,000 | 1,961,500 | 940,20 | 5,567,201 |
| 24 | 2,257,050 | 1.666,111 | 663,500 | 4580,660 |
| 31 | 4 413,0:0 | 965,300 | 586,000 | 5,964,300 |
| April | 3,741,300 | 1,259.500 | 512,500 | 5,513,305 |
| - 14 | 3.324 .700 | 1,423,500 | 525,500 | 5,73,700 |
| 21 | 2,129,450 | 1,209,030 | 401,500 | 3,739,950 |
| 28 | 6,040,200 | 1,187,000 | 677,300 | 7,885,500 |
| May | 3,915,500 | 1,373,000 | 558.000 | 5,846,505 |
| "12 | 3,852,750 | 1,059,500 | 671,515 | 5,531,760 |
| 19 | 2,791,500 | - 887,000 | 438.900 | 3,917,400 |
| 26 | 2,376,200 | 903,0:0 | 35\%,000 | 2,632,200 |
| June | 2,725,950 | 1,008,50] | 3:5,0:0 | 4,039,450 |
|  | 3,641,550 | 2,442,500 | 446,500 | 8,730,550 |
| 16 | 1,613,000 | 2,117,500 | 497,000 | 4,927,500 |
| 23 | 1,792,500 | 1,957,500 | 438,200 | 4,188, $\because 00$ |
| 30 | 2,795,200 | 997,000 | 247.500 | 4.039,700 |
| July 7 | 2,459,000 | 2,171,500 | 226,000 | 4836,000 |
| "14 | 2.338,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,971,000 \end{array}$ | 245.010 |  |
| 21 | 2,967,500 | 1,356,000 | $34+2,000$ |  |
| "*28 | $3,174,800$ $1,817.000$ | 813,500 369000 | 151,500 149.500 | 2, $2,135,500$ |
| Aug. | $1,817.000$ $2,259,500$ | 369.000 316,000 | 149,509 | 2.918 .000 |
| 18 | 2,229,400 | 544,500 | 385,001 | 3,155,300 |

The Gold Market.-The premium on gold has steadily fallen off throughout the week, the two extremes having been 188 and and 116, the lower price having been recorded to-day. The up ward turn car', in the wefk to 118 was due to the continued heavy exports of specie, and the large outstanding short interest, as well as to the fact that the tezor of war dispatches was to the effect that the French bad, achieved a partial victory in the numerous engagements about Metz Subsequently, however, upon the covering of short contracts, and dispatches that the Prussian army
had been signally triumphant, together with the continued advance of securities io London, the premium declined to 116 , though the price at the close was $116 \frac{8}{8}$. The general belitf is in favor of a lower premium, based upon the German theory that continued victories to Prussia mean speedy peace, either by mediation or otherwise.

The following table will show the course of the goll 1 vemi m each day of the past week :

l'he traneactions for whe wet at the Custom House a od SuhTreasury have been as follows:



Balance Aug. 19....... \$69,795,8:8 99 \$14,407,368 79
New Yori Ciry Banks.- The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the weck ending at the compencement of business on August 13, 1870:


 771,00
338.00
784.01
268,80
901.00
225.00
199.00
6.40 000
000
000
800
800
.000
.000
401 250,000
448,910

Total.
he deviations fro

## roans. I.onns. Bperic.


$\qquad$ Dec. $\$ 2$ 231,525 | Deposite.
Bpedic....
CIrculation $\qquad$
 $\qquad$

 | $1,2,20$ |
| :--- |

The following are the totale for a series of weeks past

| May | L Loans. |
| :---: | :---: |
| May | 14. $278,383,314$ |
|  | 21. 280,261,077 |
| May | 28. 279,550.743 |
|  | 4. $279,485,734$ |
| June | 11. 276,419576 |
| June | 18. 276,689,004 |
| June | 25. 277,017.367 |
| Ju'y | 2. 276,496,503 |
| uny | 9. 277,783,427 |
| Juy | 16. 285, 37.7.318 |
| July | 23. 286.093,798 |
|  | 30. $281,4.39,843$ |
| Aug. | 13. $2748.647,619$ |

$\qquad$
 tis. Teagal 8. Aggreate

J
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


The following are the latent quotalions for bank stuelis:


Cuchadelphis Banks. - The following is the average condition A ingust 15, 1870 :

|  |  | Total net |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Philadelphiq. ...... $\$ 1,5000900$ \& $5,437,0008358, \cdot 000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4.432,566 |  |  | 3,313,161 |  |
| Harmers | 2,000 |  | 140.51/4 | 1, |  |  |
| mm |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mecha | 800,000 | 2.340,000 | 12.430. | 3\%2, | 1,0 3,000 | 478,0 |
| Bank N. Libe | 500,000 | 2,502,000 | 2,000 | 560.000 | 1,99900 |  |
| sout | 250,010 | 1,343,300 | 19.465 | 381,810 | 1,211,6'0 |  |
| Kensuıt | 250,000 | 1,128,259 | ${ }^{4,8 i 0}$ | 2s:,000 | 914,555 | 27,1/4 |
| Penn Town | 500,000 | 1,375,577 | 1,004 | 246,246 | -997.39 |  |
| West |  | 1,353 | 1,496 | 394, ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |
| Manufa | 70,150 |  |  | 254,510 |  |  |
| B'k of Commer | 250,000 | \$1. 2.627 | 19,852 | 172,395 | 6:31, |  |
| Girard | 1,000,000 | 3,543, 40 | 52,000 | ES3, 1 (1) |  |  |
| Tradesmen's | 200,000 | 1,393,590 | 7.63\% | 364,420 |  |  |
| Consolidatio | $3.00,000$ | 1,196, 112 |  | 247,145 | 841,353 |  |
| City | $40 \mathrm{n}, 100$ | 1,181, 127 |  | 483, | 812,833 |  |
| Commonwealth |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corn Exchange. | 500,000 | 1,737,000 | 16,000 | 453000 | 1,359,010 |  |
| Un |  | 1,451,000 | 2,000 | 312,010 | 1,476,100 |  |
|  | 1,000,000 | 3,595,000 | 65,(0) | 1,017.000 | 3,193,400 |  |
| Third | 300,000 | ${ }^{987,286}$ |  | 817,006 | 8<3,04 |  |
|  |  | 731,239 |  | 287,14 | 776.538 | 133, |
|  | 150,000 | 516,000 |  |  |  | 135 |
|  | 250.000 |  | 19,423 | 14, 257 | 397,043 | 219 |
| Eighth | 275,000 | 950,010 |  | $2 \times 2000$ |  |  |
|  |  | 2,700,000 |  |  | 1,829, 100 |  |
| Bank of Repablic. | 1,000,000 | 1,971,060 | 1,702 | 382,000 | 1,227,000 |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Total.......... } 15,755,150535,399,190,781,537 \\
& \text { The deviations from last week's retnrns are as follows }
\end{aligned}
$$

 Loans.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the $\ell$ hiladelpha Banks for a series of weeks:


| 600,000 | 1,512,8 ${ }^{\text {n }}$ | 2,254 | 122,291 | 607,517 | 355,50 ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeman's...... $1,000,000$ | 2,560,930 | 10,000 | 240,714 | 1,263,047 | $356.47{ }^{5}$ |
| Globe............ 750,000 | 1,457,183 | 74,493 | 52,678 | $59 \times 286$ | 242,15 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ |
| Esmition . . . . . . $1,000,000$ | 1,875,781 | 69,285 | 9;857 | 533,653 | 449,05 |
| Howscd.......... $10.800,000$ | 1,484,952 | 36,047 | 74,117 | 519,142 | $352.33^{0}$ |
| Mrarket ......... 800,000 | 1,920,n84 | 63,761 | 22:7,799 | 1,00,915 | 385.55 |
| yassachusetts .. 400,000 | 949,627 | 26908 | 67,798 | 293.609 | 244,26 |
|  | 5,924,096 | 271.18 | 689,307 | 2,108.3 6 | 1,774,33 |
| Jerchante ... 200,000 | 624,714 | 35,6'6 | 42,153 | 367,212 | 175,66 |
| Mount ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 2,36:, 052 | 118,740 | 297,688 | 799,417 | 796,35 |
| New Englan.... $1,000,000$ | 2,347,742 | 94,142 | 179,500 | 742,6:2 | 783,36 |
| Yorth........... 900,000 | 1,998,529 | 156,627 | 271,581 | 1,006,458 | 363,92 |
| 01 d Boston ....... 1.000,000 | 2,264,777 | 58,57: | 34,460 | 640,359 | 594,4c |
| Sbswm meather. 1,000,000 | 2.619,723 | 146.496 | 89.8 .8 | 956,3:33 | 359.16 |
| ghoe Learne. $2,000,000$ | 3,779,749 | 137,653 | 54,1000 | 752,700 | 989.98 |
| brate............ 1.500,000 | 3,349,352 | 69,46 | 287,873 | 545,708 | 727.56 |
| 80fifols …...... 600,000 | 1,001,893 | :9,551 | 78,200 | 467,435 | 17\%,03 |
| Traders ........ $2,000,000$ | 3,327,032 | 247,906 | 304,0197 | 888,376 | 64?, 58 |
| Trashington .... ${ }^{\text {T }}$, 750,000 | 1,433,354 | 31, 62 | 9:2,417 | 705,840 | 598.387 |
| Wirst........... $1,000,000$ | 4,131,328 $4,962,617$ | 238,234 202,184 | 179,566 432,500 | 1,294,1:9 | 796.295 773,916 |
| Second (Grante) ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 300,000 | 1,126,222 | 27,726 | 110,819 | 888,669 | 173,127 |
| Third $\ldots$ Commerce $2,000,000$ | 4,553,239 | 14,6i21 | 578,433 | 1,3:27,694 | 946,023 |
| $\mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{k}$ of N . Amer. $1,000,000$ | 1,894,471 | 21,295 | -318,738 | 523,225 | 593,577 |
| 't'e of Redemp'n $1,000,000$ | 4,840.617 | 183.181 | 237,857 | 840,670 | 796, 714 |
| B'tofthe Repub. 1,500,000 | 2,893,210 | 10,000 | 171,000 | 653,829 | 795,000 |
| B'zof therep.... 1,000.000 | 1,771,3 ${ }^{4}$ | 24.283 | 201,214 | 515,377 | 447,047 |
| Cits ............. 1,000,000 | 2,(14,197 | 13.880 | 137,865 | $86 \mathrm{C}, 812$ | 338.542 |
| Ergie ............ $1,000,000$ | 3,720,974 | 318,991 | 78.836 | 1,218,877 | 798.174 |
| Gride \& Leather. 1,500.000 | 3,214.584 | 8,833 | 114.750 | 771,360 | 787,790 |
| Berere.......... $2,000.000$ | 3,748,539 | 7.234 | 238,343 | 1,415,640 | 395,95: |
| Security.. ..... ${ }^{2}, 0000000$ | 5.94,239 2.419.843 | 30,180 $13 \times 482$ | 21,692 155,428 | 388,869 819,636 | 130,001) |
| Union........... 1, 1,000,0000 | $\stackrel{-2,854,732}{ }$ | 69.869 | 196,893 | 1,216,625 | 492,263 |

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BANKSTOCKLIST.

| Companies. |  | afpital. | Dividend. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Marked thus ( ${ }^{*}$ ), are not National.) |  | Amount. | Periods. | Last Paid. |
|  | 100 | 3,000,000 | Jan. and July. |  |
| mmerican ........ | 100 | 500,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| AmericanExchange |  | , isou, 000 |  | Juy |
|  | 50 | 500,006t | Jan. and July... | July |
| Bowery. .......... | 100 |  | Jan. and July. | Jury |
| Brosiway | ${ }_{50}^{25}$ | 1,000, 3000 | Fell and And | ${ }^{\text {July }}$ ' 70 |
| Brookyn. ${ }^{\text {Bull's }}$ | 50 | 200,020 | Quarterly |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Buirs }}$ Beatead D Drovers |  | 800,000 | Jan. and July | July 70 |
| Central. ....... | 100 | $3,000,000$ | Jan. and Jay | uly ${ }^{\text {un }}$ |
| Contral(Brooklyn) | ${ }_{25}^{50}$ | 200,000 | Jan. and July. | Junly '70 |
| Chatham | 100 | 300,00 | ev. tw. month | July |
| Citizens' |  | 400 | Jan. and July.. | Juy $70 \ldots \ldots{ }^{5}$ |
|  | 100 50 | 1,000,000 | Jan. and July |  |
| commerce. |  | 10,000,001. | Jan. and July. | Ju y '70. |
| commonwea | 100 | 750,000 | Jan. and July. | Juy ${ }^{\text {' } 70 \ldots \ldots .3 \text { \% }}$ |
| continental.... | 100 | 2,000,000 |  | Any |
| Corn Exchange* | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ | 1, 1,0000000 | reb.and Aug | Ang. ${ }^{\text {And. }}$ |
| East Riv | 50 | 350,001. | Jan. and July. | Ju:y ${ }^{0}$ |
| Eilghth. | 100 | 250,000. | Jau. and July. . | July '70 |
| ${ }_{\text {cter }}$ cievent | 25 | 150,000 | Jan. and July | July ${ }^{\text {ro }}$....... 5 |
| First. | 100 | 500,000 | Quarterly | Apr. 70 |
| Prrtt(Broo | 100 |  | Jan. and July. . |  |
|  | 100 | 5,000,00 | Jan. and July | Jn y $70 \ldots \ldots \ldots .4$ |
|  | 30 | $600,004)$ | May and No |  |
| Gold Exch |  | 500,004 | Tau. and Ju | Jay |
| Greenwich* <br> Grocers' | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200,0001 \\ & 300,000) \end{aligned},$ | May and Nov. <br> Jan. and July. | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \quad 70 \\ \text { Suly } \\ \hline 0 \end{gathered}$ |
| Hanover. |  | 1,00t),0\%\%. | Jan. and July.. | July '70 |
| Importers \& |  | 1,500,0 | Jan. and July | Jay |
| Irving. | 50 | 500,00 | Jan. and July. | July ${ }^{\text {r }} 70$ |
| LeatherM |  | 600,000 | Feb.and Aug. | ${ }^{\text {Anas. }}$, |
| ${ }_{\text {Long Isl ( }}^{\text {Lrook. }}$ |  | 100,004 | Feband Aug |  |
| Manhattan* | ${ }_{30}^{50}$ | 2, 2520,04 | leb.and Aup. | ${ }_{\text {Jug y }}$ 'ro. |
| Manufac.\& Merch.* | 100 | 500,04 | Jan.and July. | July '70. |
| Marin | 100 | 400,00 | Jan. and July.. | July '70. |
| Market. | 100 | ,000,0\% | fan. and Juy. | Ja y ${ }^{70}$ |
| Mechanics, | 25 | 2,000,00\% | Jan: and July. | Ja'y ${ }^{1}$ |
| Mechanics'(Brook.) | 5 | - 500,000 | ran. and Jul May and No | M y ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| Mech. Bank. Asso |  | ( 50000001 | May and Nov,.. | May 7 |
| Mercantile | 100 | 0 1,000,001 | May and Nov... | May '70. |
| Merchants', | 50 | $03,000,004$. | tan. and suly. | July '70 |
| Merchante' ${ }^{\text {exch }}$ | 50 | $0{ }^{1,235,000}$ | fan. and July. | Jany ${ }^{\text {Jom }}$ |
| Metropolitan |  | 9 4,000,001 | \%an. and July. | May ro |
| Naspan (Brooklyn) | 100 | ${ }^{1}$ 300,00. | Tan and July... | duly ${ }^{2} 7$ |
| National (Gallatin) |  | $0{ }^{1,500,001}$ | Apriland Oct. . | Apr. 70 |
| New York Count | 100 | 边 | Jau. and July.. | Juy 'ro. |
| New York Exchan | 100 | 0 300,000 | Jan. and July. | July , \%o.....34\% |
| North America* |  | $0{ }^{1,000,000}$ | Jan. and July Jan. and Ju | July $70 \ldots \ldots .3 \%$ |
| North River** | 50 | $0{ }^{1}$, 400,001 | Ian.and July.. | July $70 . . . . . . .84$ |
| Ocean. |  | 0 1,000,000. | Jan. and July.. | Juy ' |
| Priental |  | ( 300000 | 'an. ar d Juy. | Msy, |
|  |  | 2,000,000 | Tan.and July. | J.ly ${ }^{70}$ |
| Peoples |  | 5 , 412,501 | Jan. and July.. | Juy |
| ${ }_{\text {Phenenix }}$ |  | 20, 1,800,00 | Tan. and July | July ${ }^{\text {J }}$ - 70 |
| St. Nicho |  | (100 1,0000000 | Feb. and Aug... | Ang. |
| Seventh Wa |  | 00 500,000 | Tar. and Juyl. | July |
| Bhoe \& L |  | 200 3000004 | ian. and July. Tan. and July. | July |
| Sixth. |  | 100200,001 | Tan. and July.. | uly ${ }^{1} 0 . . . . . . .6$ |
| State of New Yor |  | 90 2,000, 000 | Hay and Nov.. | May 'ro ........ ${ }^{4}$ |
| Tenth. | 100 | (1,00) 1,00000 | ran.and July... | July $\quad 70 . . . . . . .4$ |
| Third. |  | $0011,010,000$ | ran. and July. |  |
| Wuloem |  | 40 ${ }_{5}^{40}$ 1,000.001 | 'an. and Juy. |  |
| ms |  |  | ,san. and July.. |  |

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.
Quotations from N. I. Stock Exchange, and also by J. M. Weith \& Arents, 9 New Street, and A.C. Kaufman, Charleston, South Carolina.

| state sec | Bid | Ask | Macon and Augusta stock. | $\begin{aligned} & k i \\ & 35 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 99 | 100 | Macon \& Brunsw'k end b. 7 - | 74 | 76 |
|  | 72 | 71 | Allantic and Gulf 78 bor ds . |  | $\mathrm{C}_{6}$ |
| Ceorgia 6s, old | 81 |  |  | 34 | 36 |
| $\begin{array}{cc} \because \quad 68, \text { re } \\ ، & 7 \mathrm{~s} \text {, old } \end{array}$ | S3 |  | Savannah, Albany.\& Guif $7=$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | bouds, end. |  | 76 |
| Louisiana ${ }^{\text {79 }}$ \% $\mathrm{s}^{\text {new }}$ ex | \% 0 | 75 | cola \& Georgia 1st m 7 s | $46$ |  |
| " new bo | 65 | 66 |  |  |  |
| " 68, Lev | 71 | 72 | and Lou- |  |  |
| " | ¢6 | 88 |  |  |  |
|  | 8 | 76 85 |  | 76 | ${ }^{77}$ |
| North Carclina 6e, | 52 | 52\% | Tenn. 1 st m. 7 s |  | 79 |
| "6 68, ne | 32 | 338 | consol ${ }^{\text {d }}$, $\mathrm{Sc}_{8}$ |  | 67 |
| " 6s, Special | $\square^{4} 4$ | 25 | N. Orleans \& Jackeon 1sts, 88 | 80 | 81 |
| South Carolina 6s, old | 80 | 85 | " cert, 88 | 75 | 76 |
| ". 6s, new | 72.1 | 73 i | $6$ | 6 | 7 |
| $\text { " } \quad \text { 6s, Apr }$ | 76 | 69 | r. Jack'n \& Opel | 60 |  |
| Tennessee 6s, c | 62. | $62: 3$ | North Carolina. |  |  |
| "68, | $6^{60} 4$ | 6 Cg | Wiimington \& Weldon |  | 91 |
|  | 50 | 51 | " Ch. \& Ruth.1sti | 60 | 61 |
| Virginia 68, | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 65 | " " 1 st | ¢9 | 60 |
| "6 6 s , | 688 | 64 | North Carolina RR 88 |  | 82 |
| "6 registe | 50 | 51 |  | 40 |  |
|  | 61 57 | $621$ | E Ridga, 1at Mo'tgage | 50 |  |
|  | 57 | 58 | South Carolina. <br> ar!., Lul. di Aug, lst M..7e |  |  |
| City Securities. |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| xandria 6 s | 58 |  | Greenville and Crlumbia 7e. |  |  |
| Atlanta, Ga, 8 | 85 | 86 | gaar. br state S. Carolina. | 66 | 68 |
|  |  | 73 | Certiticates, guar. | 64 | 6 |
| Augusta, Ga., 7s, bon |  | 80 | Sparten burg and Unio |  |  |
| Charleston, s. ${ }_{\text {78, }}$ Fire Lo | 45 | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | guard by state | 60 | 62 |
| Columbia | 65 | 70 | guaranteed by St | $3{ }^{6}$ |  |
| Columbus, " 7 s , | 69 | 72 | Bonde, 78, guaranteed | r 0 | 72 |
| Eredricksburg 68 | 55 |  | Savannah \& Char. 1st M. |  | 75 |
| Lynchburs 68 | 70 | $72 \frac{1}{2}$ | South Carulina Railroad 6 | 69 | 80 |
| Macon 78 , bond | 75 | 77 | " ، | 73 |  |
| Memphis 68 bon | 57 | 69 | " ${ }^{\text {fo }}$ |  | 39 |
|  | 55 | 56 | North Eastern 1st mtg. 8 |  | 82 |
| Memphis 5s, endo | 58 |  | 2 d | 70 |  |
| Memphis past due c | $6{ }^{11}$ | 65 | " 3 d " |  | 74 |
| Mobile, Ala., 58, bond | 68 | 65 | \% |  | 10 |
| Montgomery 88. | 84 | 48 | aw |  | 6 |
| Nashville 68 | 45 | 50 | East Tenn. \& Geot | 624 | 65 |
| New Orleans 6s |  | 70 | Virgin |  |  |
| ، |  | 70 | by Stat | $54 \frac{1}{6}$ | 67 |
| " 78 | 70 | 75 | Memp. \& Charleston 18 | 82 |  |
|  | 65 | 70 | 2nds, 78 |  | 74 |
|  |  |  | Vemphis and Ohio | $57$ | 60 |
| Nortolk 6 | 60 | 65 | " ${ }^{6}$ | 88 |  |
| Seterebur | 70 | 73 | Memphis \& L. Rock 18 | 67 | 70 |
| Richmond 68 | 70 | 73 | en | 60 | 61 |
| Qavannah 78, bon | 83 | 85 | Virginia. |  |  |
| Wilmington, N | ! 71 | 60 |  | \% |  |
|  | 71 | 73 | $2 \mathrm{~d} 5 \mathrm{~B} . . .$ | 78 81 |  |
| . |  |  | 4the | 79 | 81 |
|  |  |  | Orange \& Alex. Man. 1sts | 75 | 76 |
| Montg'ry \& West P. 1st, 8 s . |  | $82 \frac{1}{3}$ | Va. \& Tenl 1sta |  | 83 |
| "6 1st. end | 88 | $\stackrel{90}{6}$ | "، 2 ds 6 |  | 76 |
| "6 Income. | 60 | 65 | " 4th, |  | 86 |
| Montgomery and Euralla 1st |  |  | Virginia Central 1sta | 80 | 82 |
| 8s, gold bonds, endorsed by |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| State of Alabama | 92 | 8 | 3 | 83 | 73 |
| " 6 8s,interest | 74 | 76 | furd, int. 8 e |  |  |
| " " 2 m | 52 | 56 | Rich. \& Dans. 1sicrs |  | 78 |
| st. | 25 | 27 | Pio mont bra'h |  |  |
| Mobile \& Monty. RH, 1st m.. |  | 83 | 1 sts 98. | 75 | 80 |
| Selma and Meridian 1st m. 88 | 50 | $5 \% 3$ | Southside, 1 lst mtg . $8 \mathrm{8m}$. | 79 | 82 |
|  |  |  |  | 60 |  |
| orgia KR. $1 \equiv \mathrm{mt}$ | 95 | 97 | " 4 th m. 8 s | 80 | 82 |
|  | 99 | 100 | Norfolk \& Petersburg 1 m 8 s | 81 |  |
| Central RR. 18t | 96 | 1 CO |  | 78 | 85 |
| " stock. | ${ }_{91}^{112}$ | 114 | Richm. \& Petersb. 1st m $\mathrm{m}_{6} 7 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |
| Southwestern RR., | 94 | 94 96 | $" \quad$ $\quad 4$ 2 dm .68 <br> 3 d .8 g   | 95 |  |
| Macon and Weatern | 106 | 108 | "Fre'ksb'g \& Poto. 6 a |  |  |
| Augrasta | $\varepsilon 2$ | 8 | " |  | 75 |

Tea Shipments.-The method of packing the tea which is sent from Shanguae to San Francisco. and thence over the Pacific Railroad, is very peculiar. The tea is placed in small baskets holding one pound each, and and strapped together. Then fifteen of these parcals of six baskets are made up into a package and securely co־ered with mat ting, and in this style the tea is sent to market. It is asserted that a cargo of teas can be sent from Shanghae or Foo Chow to Chicago in 45 days. The freights are $\$ 325$ per 100 lbs . to $S$ an Francieco thence
by the Pacific Railroad to Chicago, $\$ 420$, making $\$ 745$ from Shanghae to Chicago. The through freight by rail from San Francieco to New Yors is $\$ 6$ per 100 , so that the cost to the Atlantic States is $\$ 925$. The tea, it is asserted, is of a good etrong favor, a 900 000 lbs . of tea was sent to New York by this route, and more recently, a cargo of 40,000 was sent to Boston.-Chicayo Railway Review.
-An ingenious Euglishman has invented a new system of constructroad in Hungary. The live requires no permanent way at all. Square barriers of oak, eight inches thick aud furteen bruad, are laid ou the ground, and only at rare intervals cross-sleepers are used. On the two edges of the bearers are rails only two inches broad, and so thin that they only weigh one found per foot. The tucks run on a pair of wheels eight irches in diameter. The hodips of the trucks are three
times the width of the raile, and placed eo low on the wheele that they have just room to move. The cest io abcut one thousand dollars per have
mile.

QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS.
The Daily Prices of the Active Stooks and Governments are Given on a Previous Page. Quotations are of the Per cell Value, Whatever the Par may be. Southern Securities are quoted in a Separate List.


## The Railway fonitax．

FYPLANATION OF THE STOCK AND BOND TABLES Prices of the Active Stocks and Bonds are given in the 1．Price cette＂ante；quotations of other securities will be found on the pre ceding page Quotations of Southern Securities are given in a separate

## No reliahle prices of Insurance Stocks can be made．

The Table of Railroad，Canal and other Stocks， next page，comprises alr Companies of which the stock is sold in any of the pinoipal cities（except merely local corporations）．The figures just after the name of the company indicate A star（ ${ }^{*}$ ）indicates leased roads；in the dividend column $=$ extra；s＝stock or scrip．Ralles of Canal and other Ronds b．The inl，four pages．two of which will be published in each number．In occupy the the bonds of Companies which have been consolidated are frequently fiven under the name of Consolidated Cornoration．The date given in brackets pivediately ater the name of each Company，indicates the time at which the state－ ment of its \＆J．January and July ；F．\＆A．＝February and Augutt ；M．\＆S．$=$ lollors：J．September；A．\＆ 0 ． Mer $;$ J．\＆D.$=$ June and December Arril and October ：M \＆N＝May and Novem ber； $\mathrm{F} .=$ Quarterly，beginning with Febrnary．Q．-M ．$=$ Onarterly，heginning witl March．The Table of Wuited Slates and St
B．The
The feach mouth．The albreviations used in this tatile are the same as those in the tables of railroad bonds mentioned above．The Sinking Fnut or assets beld ly each city are given on the same line with the name．
fald
Railroad Earnings for the First Week in August．

Rond．
Chicago \＆Alton．．
Chicago and Rock 1sland．
Cleveland and Pittshurg．．．
Yiilmankee and St．Paul． North Missouri．
$\begin{array}{ccc}1870 . & 1869 . & \text { Inc．} \\ 129,253 & 113,974 & 15,279 \\ 272,270 & 2965 & 37,761\end{array}$ $272,276 \quad 234,528 \quad 37,741$ 124，2r0 116，85：t $\quad 7,334$ $58,451 \quad 50,714 \quad 7.306$ $119,180 \quad 109,407 \quad 9.77 .3$ $02,541 \quad 70,972 \quad 21,569$ 101，67？108，775

Toledo，Wabasin and Western．－The Buffalo Commercial Ad vertiser gives the following description of this road，which has recently gained by consolidation a line from Naples to Hanilal and one fron Decatur to St．Lonis
Deatit runs from the city of Toledo，Ohin，to the Mississin：i，having
four terminal point on the＇Father of Waters，＇namely：St．Jousis， Hannibal，Quincy and Keokuk．The line is 674 miles in lergth，but will soon be much lorger，we believe，as the compary have anveral imporlant extensions in view．Ite freight traffic is enormous，as we had occasion to show recently，running as it does throwg the heaviest corn and cattle producing districts of the West．It connects at Tolerido with the Lake Shore \＆Michigan Sonthern Railway；at Fort Warne with the Pennsylvania roads，and at Lafayette with the Baltimore of Ohio and other railvay lines via Cincimati．It forme the shortest route＇ria To！edo）to all points in Missouri and Kansas；from Buffalo to St．Louis and other Southwestern prints it is almost 100 miles shorter than the routes to those points via Chicago．The entire line is first－class as to construction；in equipment it will scon le secon 1 to nore， 8 the company are now building some of the finest day and night passenger coaches ever put upon any railway，and sre detar－
mined to avail themselves of every invention and improvement that can add to the comfort，convenience and safety of travelers be＇the Ouly Central Route to the West，＇which is the distinctive feature of the Toledo，Wabash \＆Western Railway．＇
Alexandria，Loudoum and IIampshire．－In accor ance with acts passed by the Legislatures of Virginia and West Virginia，the above company has changed its name to the＂Wahash an 1 Ohi Rail－ road Company．＂It is authorized to increase its stork to $\$ 15,000,000$ ald to rhange its route so as to ruu west by senth from Washington， through Winchester to ay y pint between Little Kuawhand the Big Sandy，with a brarch to the Bis Kanawha．At a recent meeting of al．ochiolder＇s a resolution was adoptel authorizing the company to mortrage the road in order to secure a loan of $\$ 15,00000 \mathrm{fr}$ the pur－ pose of constructing the road from Hamilton to the Ohis river，al sorb－ ing in the first mortgage bonds the $\$ 800,600$ on the Alexandria，Lou－ doun and Hamp hire already aull orized，but no $n$ ore than $\$ 90,000$ of which have bren issuet．The President，Mr．McKeczip，stated that in is ss than sixty days the road woull be put under contract to the Shemand at least，if not to Wincbester．
European and North America．－This railrnad，which is to con－ goct St．Jo＇na，New Brunswich，with Bangor and the railroad aystem of Maine and the United States，is to be complete I withi：a year． Fifty mites remain to be luilt，and on this line stages run regularly．
Portland and Bochester．－The extension of this road from Alfred，Me．，to Springrale，is to be completed next fall．
West Wisconsin．－A culebration was held at Eal Claire on the 1th inst，in honor of the arival of the inst passenger train over this road．
Leavenworth，Lawrence and dalveston．－The road is ready for the iron to a point tyelve miles south of Humbol ！t，and the ircn is on the way．
Kansas Pacific．－－It was expected that the last rails would be laid this road by the ent of this week．M re than five miles have been laid in one day lately．
Jacksonville，Pensacola and Mobile．－The terminus of this railroad has been for some time at Quincy，abut owenty miles west of Tallahassee，and about as far wrst of the A palachicola river．Work has been progressing on an extension to the Apslachico a，and it is now fuat about ready for the irom．Preparations have also been male for the contruction of a brilue across the Apalathichat It is to be a whort distance south of Chattahoochee
ogsdenburg and Lake Champlain．－This milroad，extending from Ogdensburs，N．Y．，eastward to Rouse＇s Point，on the eas：bank of lake Champlain，near its foot，is now operated a a division of the Vermont Central，which now operatee 2522 miles of read．
－The lease of the In imapolis ant Vincemes Radroal＂onpand by the Indianapolis，Cincimati and Lafay the，the Pan Hande any he C lumbue，Chicago and Indima Central Railway Companies has reen cancelle＇，and the Indiamapolis and Vincennes Railroal is now ＇I＇es serurities intursed by the：Ludianapolis，Cincimati an I Latoyette ond wher empans have leea relied，and other secunties guaranted only by the Pennsylva ia Railroad Company sub－tinted．
a For oher Railmad Items，see Commeroni ayd Miscfl－ Neous News，on a previona page．

MONTHLY EALININGS OF PRINCIPAL，RAH，RUADS．

| －Central Pacific－－qold |  |  | 1stis．Chicago and Alton． |  |  |  | －－Chicago \＆ |  |  | Chic．，Ro |  | acific－ | Clep．Col．Cin．\＆${ }^{\text {I }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 18fs． |  | （1，157m ） |  |  |  | （ 39 nm m.$)$ |  |
|  |  | （742m．） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1152 m .) \\ (152 m . \end{gathered}$ | （ $1,1579 \mathrm{~m}$. | $(1,157 m$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{212,9,0,94}$ |  | － | ${ }^{\$ 2767,116}$ | ＋3，43，131 | ＊ | Jab |  |  | ＊751．298， | 297，46， | ${ }^{319} 819.417$ | 1196 | 180, |  |
|  |  | 383，7 | 267 |  |  |  | 55 | 1，14 | 579， | 2776，431 | 645，759 | 5．，90）393 | 239，522 | 244，161 |
| 485， $0: 8$ |  | 521,16 | 279，121 | 92S 99 | ：34，653 | Apr | 1，1094，597 | 1，1992，37 |  |  |  | 412,309 | 4Terf | 246， 14.46 |
| （568，270 |  | 761，285 | 3103342 | 345，842 | 305，044 | May | 1．211，149 | 1，269，93 | 1，213， 1181 | 316，70 | 449,982 | 507，90 |  |  |
| 53， |  | 633，710 | ［384，664 | 402，854 | 41 |  | 1，140，932 |  |  | B：M， | 5－3，415 | 429，512 | 259， 210 | 27，021 |
| S511，854 |  |  | ． 12 | 351，044 | ［ 421 |  | 1，076，67 | 1，16 |  |  |  |  | 2．9， 6117 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 493，231 |  |  | 1,541, |  |  | 53，3st | ミ7\％6，6if |  | 375， 354 |  |
| \％ 579.642 |  |  | 芴5039．745 | 468，212 |  | det | 1，570，006i | 1，414，231 |  | 2591，209 | 20854，155 |  | \％64 |  |
| ${ }^{5} 535365$ |  |  | T 409,568 | 397，515 |  |  | 1，107，183 | 1，144，（2） |  | 204，59 | 边 |  |  |  |
| （410，000） |  |  | （361，700 | 340，350 |  |  | 1，001，986 | 867，731 |  | 6033，434 | ［393，468 |  | 26.272 |  |
| 5，749，595 |  |  | 08，642 | 91，562 |  |  | 34 | 415， |  | ，797 | 5，960，936 |  | 128，17\％ |  |
| －Illinois Centr |  |  | －Marietta and Cincinnati－ |  |  |  | －Michigan Centra |  |  | $\sim \frac{\text { Milwaukee \＆}}{\text { Stes }}$ St． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paul. } \\ & 150.0 \end{aligned}$ | －s orth Missowe |  |
|  | 1869. | 1870. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1870. | 8.20 m ． | （ S 25 m ． | $0: 36 \mathrm{~m}$. | $(404 m)$ |  |
| \＄587，422 | 6659，137 | ${ }_{\& 654,58}^{97}$ | \＄92，433 |  | 90,177 | $J \mathrm{an}$ | \＄334，${ }^{\text {a }}$（ 90 | \＄$\$ 334,119$ | （337，992 | \＄\％69， 28 | ＊ $454,130$. | $853: 6,171$ |  |  |
| 536,165 | 524693 | （6f3， 3 \％ | 81，519 | 90，293 | ，275 | H | 304，118 | ：20，6\％3 | 329.127 | 5．321．202 | 3？（1，23：3 |  | 9，9．7 | 196,207 |
| 444,43 | 709，644 | ${ }_{6} 64,3$ | 98，452 | 101，58ia | 101.37 | H1 |  |  | \％311．4 |  | 420,731 |  |  |  |
| ， 5,5 |  | 597，571 | 108，461 | 108，6 | 10 |  |  | 411 | ${ }_{406,2}$ | 8 | （160， | 7 | 1，${ }^{\text {，}}$ |  |
| 248 | 778260 | 5， | ＋ | 117 | 111，117 |  | 32： | 36 | 36 | 458, | 67 | 755， | 1．0，416 |  |
| 549,714 | 6996，229 | 5， 768 | 108，413 | 116，198 | 111，127 | J | 321，013 | 329，950 | 3226，591 | 423， | 586， | 136，＋4， 4 |  |  |
| \％63，799 | 841，363 |  | 126，556 | 129．1996 |  |  |  | 355， 669 |  | 522，683 |  |  |  |  |
|  | ，400 |  |  | 22，0 |  |  | 456，974 | 473，546 |  | 102 | 724， |  |  |  |
| 9，32 | 406 |  |  |  |  |  | 511. | 490.772 |  | 1037，463 | ， 039,811 |  |  |  |
| 1，040 | 814,413 696,677 |  | 119,169 121,408 | 9，306 |  |  | 410，8：35 | 448，419 374.542 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 41,163 \\ 86,5,5 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 7，817，6208， | ，823，482 |  | 1，294，095 | 1，391，345 |  |  | 4，570 | 4，749，163 |  | 6，017， | 251； |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1888 .}^{\text {Ohio }}$ \＆Mississippi－ |  |  | －Pacific of Mo．－ |  |  |  | St．L．Alton \＆T．Haute．－ |  |  | Toledo， | Western． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1868． | 1869. | 1870. |  | （10） |  |  |  |  |
| （340 m．） | （ 340 m. ） | ）$(340 \mathrm{~m}$ ． |  |  |  |  | （210 m．） |  |  |  | （ 210 m ．） | （210 m．） | （222m．） | （5ivi | （sk $m$ ．） | 521 |
|  | \＄180，366 | \％${ }^{196,78}$ | 4 ${ }^{1194,11}$ | \＄203，447 | \＄112 |  | \＄127，594 | 4132，6：2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 216，080 | （1）212，23 |  |  |  |  |  | 127，817 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 221，459 | 2 213,013 | $\begin{array}{ll}207,302 & \\ 289,272\end{array}$ |  | 113， |  | 149，165 | 175，93 | 172，2 | 25\％， | ？42，7 | 295 ， | .... 539,238 <br> $\cdots \cdots .$. 502580 |  |
|  | 214，409 |  |  |  | 104，019 |  |  |  | 17 |  | 311 |  |  |  |
|  | 218，639 |  |  |  | － |  |  | 157 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 194，455 |  | －3，938 |  | 263,328 260,449 |  |  |  | 144，164 |  |  | 310，8（0） | 322，756 | 623， |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 184,41! \\ & 86251 \end{aligned}$ | 260，449． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 196，4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ，63\％ | 7 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 210，4 | 2，4，530 |  | 429，893 | 422，3 |  | 1179 |  |
| \％81 | ${ }^{7}$ |  | 298,778 <br> 236,108 <br> 20 |  |  |  | 174,5 157,3 | 159，371 |  | 399，438 | 323，3 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 144，152 |  |  |  | 923，662 $-2,014,5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ea |  |  |  | 4，013，200 | 2，3 |  | 769，180 |  |

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.
Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Trables,



CITY BOND LIST.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.
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 $2 d$ Mortyage, 1865.
3 A Nortyate, 1869 .
 General Mortyage


 1st Mort., skg fund (But:

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[^1]

COMPANIES, AND CHARAC-

| COMPANIES, AND CHARAC- |
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| TER OF SECURITIES ISSUED. |
| For a full explanation of this |
| Table see "Pailroad Monitor" |
| on a preceding page. |

Smount
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$\frac{\text { on a preceding page. }}{\text { Railroads: }}$

 State Loan (Va, Central RR.)...
Cheshire (Dec. 1, 69):
 1st Mort., sinking fund.
('lester' IMlley (Nov. 1, 69 ):


## ist Mortgage..

 Trust Mort. (Pranklot, to pold.....
Carthage \& Bur. PR M., ax free Dix., Peo. \& Han. PRP, tax free
American Cent. Fil, tax free.
Peoria \& Hannibal RP., tax free

 Clicalo, Iova \& Neb. (Jan.1, 't
1st Mort., guaranteed, 1860..

 Preferred skg Fund (on 193 m.
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1st Mortyage (general) ........
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## 



##  <br> 



 Cons. $1 \mathrm{st} \mathrm{M.SkgF'd} \mathrm{for} \$ 15,000,000$
Consol. 2 M Mort. for $* 5,000,0,00$.

S ${ }^{3}$


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2d Mortgag
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Income Mortgag
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1st Mortgage.
1st Mortgage.
1st Mortgage
1st Mortgage
Delaware (Jan.
St Mortgage bonds
State Loan Bonds...
Fuaranted Bonds.
Extension Mortgafe Bond...


RAILROAD, ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CANAL}$ AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.
Subscriberm will confer great favor by giving us inmediate notico of any errer discovered in oup Tables. Pages 1 and 2 of Bonds will be pubished next week.

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${ }_{1 s}$ is Finded Coupons







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Tennessee Stat
Mortgage (old)







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ist Mort.. Rockville extension)

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 reenzille e ce Columbia (Oct.1,'69)
 Certifcates, guaranteed. $1, \ldots \%$ :


18t Mortgage. 1868..
Land Grant Mortgage

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ist Sort. (E. I., 26.32 in n.).


Innsartyage i...; 70
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2ation Hiver (van. ©):

let Mortgage.
20
Mortgage.

Constriction
Contruction
Redemption, 1st $\& 2 d$ series.

 ist Mortgage, 1869



dit Mortgage, tax free.

$\qquad$ Amoun
Out-
standin $\qquad$ B


[^2]interest.


## (T) $\mathfrak{f l} \mathfrak{G o m m e x i a l} \mathfrak{d i m e s}$.

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Fridat, p. m., August 19.
The contradictory intelligence from the seat of war in Europe, which has been received during the past week, has had a paralyzing influence upon trade, aggravated by great diversity of views as to proper effect which any given state of facts should have. There bave also been some local influences operating to unsettle the markets, and the close can be best described with the word "feverish."
Cotton bas been irregular. Breadstuffs show a uniform deciine, although large French orders for flour have been executed. Groceries bave been dull. Tobacco was active and prices comparatively steady.
Hides have been rather quiet, and leather without further advance. Skins have been steady. Tallow, at the late decline, is selling quite freely.
Petroleum has been active, for both crude and reîned, on the spot and for future delivery, here and in Philadelphia, and prices bave slightly improved. In oils we have not much to notice, except 1,300 bbls. prime Northern crude whale, at 70 c , and 40,000 galls. linseed oil at $89 @ 90 \mathrm{c}$. Naval stores have bean firm, with considerable activity in rosins, which is higher at $\$ 185$ for strained.

East Iudia goods are very dull. Metals are generally quiet, but we notice some movement in ingot copper at $20 \frac{\dot{4}}{4} 21 \mathrm{cc}$. There is a very large supply of domestic fresh fruits, which cause other descriptions to be neglected; Sicily oranges and jemons begin to arrive. Hops are unsettled; so is hay-it being beiween crops with both. Whisky, at some decline, has been fairly active and firm. Seeds have opened the season for timothy, which is now selling at $\$ 475 @ \$ 5$ per bushel. Fish are dull.
Wool has become extremely dull, and the late advance is not fully supported. The market for goods, following the late speculation, is quite dull.
Provisions have been comparatively steady the past week, at the decline previously noticed; but there has been very little regular trade or speculation for the future in hog products; prices are felt to be very high, and with a magnificent corn crop now rapidly ripening, very large packing operations for the coming season are anticipated. Beef rules Girm. Butter, with lighit receipts, has done better. Cheese closes dull under the decline in gold.
Freights have become dull to British ports, and rates are lowar, but the close is with tendency slightly upward, espe cially for grain. A large number of petroleum charters have been made at full rates, including several to German ports, in anticipation of an early closing of the war and the raising of the blockade.

## Recelpte of Domentic Produce for the Weok and since

 Jan. 1.The receipte of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 ad for the same time in 1869, have been asfollows:

|  | This | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Jan. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { time } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | This | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Jan. } \end{aligned}$ | Same time '69 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes...pkgs. <br> Breadstifis - | 84 | 5,301 | 6,36 | Spirits turpen. tine....... |  | 44,089 |  |
| Flour .btis. | 105,172 | 1,082,073 | 1,668,133 | Rosin..... | 6,091 | -362,959 | 346,595 |
| Wheat bus. | 442, 138 | $11,49.057$ | 10, 173,193 | Tar. | 139 | $4{ }^{4,374}$ | 60,071 |
| Corn. | ${ }_{343,981}^{430,283}$ | 4,74.877 | 5,812,568 | Pitch | 942 | 56,894 | 3,658 69.596 |
| Rye. | 20890 | 307,152 | 25:,550 | Oil, lar | 105 | 3,579 | 8.610 |
| Malt | 3,963 | 4i2,30; | 286,793 | ) il, petroleum |  | 91,641 | 527,691 |
| Barley. | 261 | 6:20,494 | 81,74 | Peanuts, bags.... | 347 | 58.712 | 59,918 |
| Grass seed. | 632 324 | 29,428 | 7,654 2,613 | Provisionskutter, pkgs... |  |  |  |
| Beans ...... | $32 t$ 666 | 61,512 | $7{ }_{7}$ | er, pkgs.... | 31,394 | 685,022 | 411,206 619,505 |
| Peas. | 14,9.3 | 210,029 | 27.400 | Cutmea | 251 | 75,327 | +8,210 |
| C. meal.bbls | 400 | 35,0,6 | 662.207 | ${ }_{\text {Eggs }}$ | 2,714 | 203,586 | 134.519 |
| " ${ }^{\text {bags }}$ | 355 | 458,369 | 183,403 | Pork ${ }^{\text {Beef }} \mathbf{\text { pkgs........ }}$ | 2,061 | 79,809 | 64,729 |
| B.W.fl'r pkg |  | 2,814 | 11.377 | Lard, pkgs ...... | 99 | 55,839 53,369 | 48,408 52,579 |
| cotton.bales. | 6,2<1 | 422,516 | 471,258 | Lard, kegs | 12 | 16,501 | 7.220 |
| Copper.bbls. | 118 324 | 1042 | $\begin{array}{r}9,09 \\ 20.95 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | Rice, pkgs........ Starch ......... | [ 10 | 13,303 | 18, 5 , 50 |
| Dr'd fruit.pkg | $3 \% 9$ | 12,437 | 6,365 | Stearine | 5,650 | 166,13 7,617 | 18, 2,445 |
| Grease .pkgs. | 30 | 3,448 | 2,772 | sugar, hhds and |  |  | 7,041 |
| Hemp..bales. |  | 2,090 | 2,765 | T 10 |  | ${ }_{2} 353$ | 2,255 |
| Bides ....No. | 789 | 262,46 | 278,332 | Tallow, pkgs |  | 21.214 | 6,453 |
| Hops...bales. |  | $\xrightarrow{22,2210}$ | 1,814,833 | Tobacco, pkgs... | ¢, 6 | 103,673 | 76,043 |
| Leather.sides | 40,9\%9 | 1,610,993 | $1,814,883$ 1,999 | Whaskey, bbls.... | 3,808 | 136,050 |  |
| Molarse; ands |  |  |  | Wool, bales ....: | 4,579 | ${ }^{91} 9188$ | 28,584 |
| Naval stores- |  | 12,801 | $19,001$ | Dressed hogs No. Rice, rongh busi |  | $\begin{array}{r} 65.476 \\ 1,807 \end{array}$ | 54,591 23,640 |
| Cr. turpen. | 235 | 5,506 | 11,360 |  |  |  |  |

Exports or Leading Articles from New York.
The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shon the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of $N_{e m}$ York since January 1, 1870, to all the principal foreign countries, and also the total export of the same articles for the last week and siice January 1.



| \% |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |




Lmporte of Leading Articion. Tbe following table, compiled from Oustom House returns, shows heforsign inports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the last week, since Jan. 1,1870, and for the corresponding period


COTTON
Friday, P.M., Aug. 19, 1870.
By special teiegrams received by us to-night from the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, \&c., of cotton for the week ending this evening August 19. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the seven days have reached 5,287 bales (against $5,51 \%$ bales last week, 5,740 bales the previous week, and 6,612 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate since September 1, 1869, up to this date, $2,894,2 \geqslant 3$ bales, against $2,121,710$ bales for the same period in 1868-9, being an increase this season over last season of 7\%2,5i3 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1869 are as follows:

| REOEIPTS. <br> Rec'd this week at- |  |  | c'd th | ekat- |  | 1869. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Orleans, bales. Mobile................. Charleston......... | 904 353 3,183 | 429 | Flor N Virt | . |  | 18 |
| Bavannah. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas Tennegeee |  | 640 |  |  |  | 1,361 |
| The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 5,762 bales, of which 5,531 were to Great Britain and 231 bales to the Continent, while the stocks at all the ports, as made up this evening, are now 86,768 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us from the various ports to-night : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Week ending Aug. 12 | Exported to- |  | Total this week. | Same w'k1869. | Stock. |  |
|  | G. Brit | Contin't |  |  | 1870. | 1869. |
| Mobile. | $\begin{gathered} 4,530 \\ \cdots \cdots \\ \cdots \\ \cdots 968 \\ 33 \end{gathered}$ | $` \ddot{2} 3 i$ | 4,530 <br> $\cdots \cdots$ <br> $\because \ddot{2} 3 \mathrm{i}$ <br> 968 <br> 36 <br> 33 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,2,267 \\ 9.341 \\ 1,76 \\ 1,44 \\ 5,540 \\ 56.504 \\ 26000 \\ 9,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,401 \\ 1,042 \\ 348 \\ 249 \\ 161 \\ 161 \\ 5,142 \\ 6,088 \end{array}$ |
| Cuarleston |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Texas |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Yor |  |  |  | 3,632 |  |  |
| Other p |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total since Sept. $1 . .$. | $\begin{gathered} 5,531 \\ 1,467,019 \end{gathered}$ | $697,281$ | 5,, 762 $2,164,330$ | 41,838 | 86,768 $\cdots$ | 14,451 $\cdots \ldots$. |

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with he corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 1,899 bales, while the stocks to-night are 72,317 alos more than they were at this time a year ago. The following from usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports from Seyt. 1 to August 12, the latest mail dates. We do not rie our telegrams to-night, as we cannot insure the accuracy $\underbrace{0 r}$ obtain the detail necessary, by telegraph.

| PORTs. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RECEIPTS } \\ \text { SINCE SEPT. } 1 . \end{gathered}$ |  | EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO |  |  |  | SHIP. M'Ts TO PORTS. | stock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1869. | 1868. | Great Britain. | France | Other foreign | Total. |  |  |
| New Orleans. | 1,139,432 |  | 539,495 | 259,223 | 196,704 |  |  |  |
| vibrleaton.... | 302,473 | 226,520 | 165,55! | 15,910 | 18,9:9 | 200,5 | 45,569 | 99,744 |
| 8apannah | 242 <br> 479.538 | 199,937 | 8i, 218 | 1,825 | \%,99: | 97,030 | 148,197 | 2,131 |
|  | 244,312 | 144,587 | 204,570 | 43,996 7939 | 17,034 | 265,401 | 217,931 71,76 | 2,860 |
| Biorida | 133,864 | 104.443 | 32, 141 | 17,734 | 63,918 | 405,896 |  | 26,000 |
| North Carolinä | 22,659 | 15,805 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Virginda | 200,767 | 153,25 | 9,689 |  | $\ldots$ |  | - 51.281 | 14 |
| tuer ports | 65,604 | 82,713 | 8,605 |  | 24,754 | 33,659 | 190,397 | 10,000 |
| this year.. | 2,888,936 |  | 1,461,518 | 346,430 | 35c,628 | 2,158,576 | 907,691 | 96,664 |
| last jear.. |  | 20,349 | 985,312 | 222.454 | 230,440 | 1,433 2061 | 878,426 | 17.404 |

The past week opened upon a dull market for cotton on the spot, both here and at Liverpool, with prices off about $\frac{1}{8} c$ here, and rather more at Liverpool. Spinners bought very sparingly, and as shippers were shut out by our high prices the total sales for the first two days reached only about one thousand bales. On Tuesday there was a little more doing, with prices off $\frac{1}{8} c$. on the better grades, and ac. on the poorer grades. Since then the feel. ing among holders has improved, and the prices for the better grades, which are scarce, are $\frac{1}{4}$ c. higher, closing to-day at the figure of last Friday ; some dealers even considering current quotations too low ; but the lower qualities are in abundance, and sales of ordinary have been made to shippers as low as 12c. Holders do not press sales, but take advantage of every fair offer to reduce stock. For forward delivery cotton there has been only a fair business doing, but at a considerable improvement in price, the closing quotation being about $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. higher than a week ago. Both buyers and sellers, however, are inclined to great caution in view of present values and the great uncertainties of the future. Sales of this description reach 6,650 bales (all low middling or on the basis of low middling), of which 1,900 bales were for August-:00 at $17 \frac{8}{8}, 400$ at $17 \frac{1}{2}, 100$ at $17 \frac{5}{8}, 200$ at $17 \frac{9}{4}, 100$ at 18, 400 at $17 \frac{7}{8} ; 1,600$ bales for September-300 at 161, 200 at $16 \frac{5}{8}, 100$ at $16 \frac{7}{8}, 1,000$ at 17 ; 1,500 bales for October-300 at 163, 300 at 16t, 800 at 163, 100 at $16 \frac{7}{8} ; 400$ bales for November-200 at $16 \frac{1}{4}$, and $20016 \frac{1}{2} ; 600$ bales $16 \frac{7}{8} ; 400$ bales for November-200 at $16 \frac{1}{4}$, and $20016 \frac{1}{2} ; 600$ bales
for October and November- 200 at $16 \frac{1}{8}$, and 400 at $16 \frac{5}{8} ; 300$ bales for October and November-200 at $16 \frac{1}{8}$, and 400 at $16 \frac{2}{3} ; 300$ bales
for October, November and December at $161-3$, and 300 bales for September, October, and November, one-third each month, at 16. The total sales for immediate delivery this week foot up 6,977 bales, of which 5,592 bales were taken by spinners and 533 bales on speculation, and 852 bales for export, and the following are the closing quotations:

|  | Upland and | Mobile. | $\underset{\substack{\text { New } \\ \text { Orleans. }}}{ }$ | Texas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordinary Good O...................er 1b Ordinary............... | 年146.... | lifer | 148(1.... | ${ }_{17}^{17}$ Q.a.: |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{14} 14.0 .$. | ${ }^{193}$ |
| Good Mlddiling..................... | 213\%.... |  | 21\%@.... | 23) ${ }^{\text {20, }}$ |

Below we give the total sales of cotton and price of Uplands at this market each day of the past week :

|  | Total sales. | Ordinary. | Good Orainary, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Low } \\ & \text { Midaling. } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{3}$ Middling. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saturday | $508$ | 141/2, 1 | 161/3.... |  |  |
| Monday | $\begin{array}{r} 553 \\ 1,056 \end{array}$ |  | 163 @ $\ldots .$. $16 \%$ \% | 18, 181. | 1976@.... |
| Wednesday | ${ }_{1,463}^{1.0 .6}$ | 1444@.... | 16/4@.... | 1814.1 $181 / 4 . .$. | 1914@...., |
| Thursday.. | 2, 15 | $14440 .$. | 1614\%.... | 1*ン2@.... | 193\%@...', |
| Friday................... | 1,272 | 1414@.... | 161/4..... | 181/2@.... | 19180.... |

New Cotton Arrivals and the Condition of the Crop.We learn from New Orlcans that several bales of new cotton have been received there since our report of last Friday. The first arrival was of 3 bales from the mouth of Red River, parish of West Feliciana, on Saturday the 13th inst. It will be remembered that the first arrival of Louisiana cotton of the previous crop was on the 7th of August, so that the crop in that State, so tar as this is any index of that fact, is six days later than the last crop. The Georgia cotton which we reported last week as having arrived at this port was received at Savannah on the 6th of August against the 12th of the same month last year. Compared with the previous crop the following is the statement for the several States:

| State. | First Bale of this Crop. | First Bale of last Crop. | Difference. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texas. | . July 28. | Aug. 3. | 6 days earli |
| Alabam | Aug. 9. | Aug. 11. | 2 days |
| Savannab | Aug. 6. | Aug. 12. | 6 days |
| Louisiana | .Aug. 13. | Aug. 7. | 6 days later. |

We notice that all the New Orleans papers report the in that State full two weeks later than last year, and claim that the first bales are not an indication this year of the position of the crop. Be this as it may, it would appear that at the other points cotton is at least in as forward a state, and general picking will begin as early as last season. Our advices this week from Gal. veston have been especially favorable.
ftocks of Cotton at Interior Towns.-Below we give the figures received to-night, showing the stocks of cotton at the interior ports at the close of business to-day, and add those for last week and the corresponding periods of last year for comparison:

|  | Aug. 1980. ${ }^{\text {Aus. }} 12$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug } 19 . \text { Aug. } 12 . \\ & 200 \\ & 51.59 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Augusta, Ga | 2,470 | 2,71! |  |  |
| Columbus, G | 2,200 | 2,000 | 200 | 200 |
| Macon, Ga. | 3,203 | 3,370 | 72 | 71 |
| Montgomery, Ala. | 2,385 | 2,530 | 100 | 125 |
| Selma, Ala. | 1,500 | 1,535 | 100 | 100 |
| Memphis, Tenn | 4,200 | 4,609 | 28 | 131 |
| Nashville, Tenn | 3,146 | 3,326 | 18 | 25 |
| Total | 19,104 | 20,085 | 718 | ,16\% |

The foregoing shows the interior stocks lave decreased during the week 981 bales, and that they are now 18,386 bales in excess of the same period of last year.

Visiblef Supply of Cotton.-The following table shows the quantity of cotton in sight at this date of each of the two past
seasons:


These figures indicate an incroase in the cotton in sight to right of 234,000 bales compared with the same date of 1869 .
Gunny Bags, Bagging, \&c.-There has been a noticeable increase in orders from the South for cloth the past week in small quantities. No large sales are reported. Prices remain without change. We quote: India, in bales, 31c.; Borneo, in bales, $31 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{c}$., and domestic rolls $311(182 c$. Bags are without a single transaction, but the quotation is still $133^{3} @ 14 \mathrm{c}$. , gold, in bond, and 20 (ब) 22c. currency, duty paid. Jute is quiet and merely nominal. Jute Butts are lifeless, and prices are nominally lower.
The exports of cotton this week from New York slow a decrease since last week, the total reaching 1,300 bales, against 2,231 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last fou: weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1869; and in the last column the total for the eame period of the previous year:
Exports of Cotton (bales) from New Yorksince Sept. 1, 1869

| RXPORTED to | WEEK ENDING |  |  |  | Total to date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Same } \\ & \text { time } \\ & \text { prev. } \\ & \text { year. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 215 . \end{aligned}$ | $\Lambda ; \mathrm{g} .$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } \\ 9 . \end{gathered}$ | Aug. 16. |  |  |
| Liverpool. | 4,353 | 2,609 | 2,214 | 1,300 | 322,604 | 239,239 |
| Other British Ports |  | 39 |  | 50 | 1,537 | 3,010 |
| 宁otal to Gt. Britain. | $4,3 \times 3$ | 2,617 | 2,2:4 | 1,300 | 321,141 | 242,304 |
| Havre. |  |  |  |  | 17,73! | 20,681 |
| Total Fren | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 17,73: | 20,681 |
| Bremen and Hanove | $\ldots$ |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 36.773 | 33,399 |
| Hamburg. | .. | .... | $\cdots$ | . | 19,141 5 5 | 20,305 1,375 |
| Otherport |  |  |  |  | 5,578 | 1,375 |
| Totalto N. Europe. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 61,492 | 55,082 |
| Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar \&c | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  | 2,498 |
| Allothers..................... |  | 600 | 17 | $\ldots$ | 2,426 | 2,541 |
| Total spain, ete. | ... | 610 | 17 |  | 2,426 | 5, ${ }^{13}$ |
| Grand 'otal | 4,383 | 3,217 | 2, 23, | 1,300 | 105,796 | 323,111 |

The followirg are the receipts of crithon at New York, Boston, Phil: delphia and Ballinz:e for the last week, and since September 1, 1869:

| RECEIPTS FROM- | NEW |  | boston. |  | philatielitha, |  | baltimore. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | This week. | Since Scpt. 1. | This week. | Since | This week. | Since Sept1. | This week. | Since Sept 1 |
| New Orl | 2,5\% | 164,371 |  | 51,054 |  | 4,427 |  | 1 |
| Texas | 818 | 51,947 |  | 10,910 |  | 7922 |  |  |
| Navanna | 978 | 159,946 | 6331 | 23,446 | 391 50 | 19,100 | 166 | 13,930 |
| Mobile |  | $\begin{array}{r}17.942 \\ 6,996 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .... | 13,746 | 50 | ) |  |  |
| Florla ${ }^{\text {gouth Carolina }}$ | '19 | 16,996 |  | ,015 | 319 | 7,871 | 31 | 14.930 |
| North Carolin | 147 | 45,933 | 24 | 152 |  | 1,3:31 |  | 2,784 |
| Virginia | 2:6 | 46,346 |  | 4,383 |  | 2 | 84 |  |
| North'rn Ports. Teunessee, \&c. | -2985 | 183, 893 | 293 526 | 64,733 21,936 | 268 | 19,287 | 1412 | 25,307 |
| Furelgn... |  | 6531 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tal thi |  |  |  |  |  | 52,915 | \% 0 | 3,729 |
| Total last year | 1,394 | 655,70: | 3,198, | 245,879? | $1!2$ | 57,505 | 368 | 81,376 |

Sifipping News. - The exports of cotton from the United Statea the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 5,880 bales. sso far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Curoniole last Friday, except Galveston, and the figures for that port are the exports for two weeks back. With regard to New York, we include the manifest only up to Tuesday night, to make the figures correspond with the official week. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all ports, both North and South, have been made:
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, par steamers Minnessota, 682.... Sity of Brook-
 New OrLEANS-To Liverpool per stoamer Fire Queen, $1,319 . .$. Mobile - To Liverpool, per ship Escort. 2, 80
Charreston-To Barceona, per ivo Livernool, per steamer Tripoli, $33 . .$.
Total
The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form as follows :

| as follows: | Liverpool. 1,300 | Barcelona.Vera Cruz.Total. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York.. |  |  |  | 1,:00 |
| New Orleans. | - 1,319 | $\cdots$ | 216 | 1,535 |
| Mobile. | 2,8102 |  | .... | 2,802 |
| Charleston |  | 210 | .... | 210 |
| Boston. | 23 | .... |  | 33 |
| S Total | 5,454 | ". 210 | 216 | 5,880 |

Gold Exceange and Freights. - Gold has fluctuate t the past wee between 116 and 117 㝵, and the close to-day was $116 \frac{1}{4}$. Foreign $\mathrm{Es}_{8}$ change is dull and steady. Ths following were the last quotations

 Liverpool.

## By Telegraph from Liverpool. -

Liverpool, Aug. ${ }^{191 \mathrm{~h}-5}$ P. M.-The market has ruled firm to-day sales reaching 12,000 bales, including 3,000 bales taken for export and with ation The sales of the week hive been 11,003 bales, of which 14.000 wer
taken for export. and 5.000 for speculation. The stock $52^{9,030}$ bales. of which 245. 000 bales are American. The stoctimated afloat boand to this port, is 463,000 bales, of which 34,030 bales are Amerito

Total saies....
Sales for export

Sal Totes on specalation
Total R Rock ......... Stock of $\Delta$ mat merican
aflogt ...

| July 29. | Aug. 5. | And. 12. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 57,000 | 65,000 | 97,000 | 71,0 |
| 5,000 | 8,000 | 21,000 | 110 |
| 2,000 | 7.000 | 10,000 | 50 |
| 589,000 | 568,000 | 568,000 | 5:9010 |
| 311,00! | 297,600 | 27-, 020 |  |
| 476,009 | 493,009 | 471,000 |  |
| 59,000 | 50, 00 | 35,000 |  |

The following trble will show the daily closing prices of cotton for the

Eurorean and Indian Cotron Marexts.- In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of August 6 states:
Liverpool, Aug. 6.-The Cutton market on Friday was much depressed, and some forced sales were mado at a decline of $\frac{1}{4} 1$ to $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per lb. On Saturday the demand revived, and a recovery in prices took place. Oa Monday and Tuesday the business was considerab'e with less offering, and about $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per lb. advance was obtained upon the quotations of Thursday. Yesterday and to-day a quieter tone has prevailed, and since the raising of the bank rate one per cent to-lay (to six per cent) this advance has been nearly lost. : Sea Island has been ia limited demand, and prices continue irregular, at a further decline of about 1 d. per lb. American has been in general request, and after a fall on Friday of nearly $\frac{1}{2} d$. per lb. prices rallied in the early part of the week, an 1 close $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{I}$. to $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. above the quotations of last Thursday, though rather below the extreme point of Monday and Tuestay. Brazil has been in fair request, but being fieely offered has fallen $\frac{1}{g} d$, to $\frac{1}{d}$. per lb. Egyptian has been ratier more in demand, but being pressed for sale has given way $\frac{1}{4}$ l. per lb. For East Indisn the improve 1 deman 1 bas been fairly maintained, but with a continued desire to sell, last week's prices, after a partial advance, are barely supported. In C, tton "to arrive' only a very fex transactions have taken place. The sales of the weel', including forwarded, amount to 64,870 bales, of which 7,200 are on speculation and 8,150 declared for export, leaving 49,250 bales to the trade. The following are the prices of American Cotton:

The following are the prices of middling qualities of cotton at this date and since 1867:

Since the commencement of the year the transactions on specula tion and for export have been :


The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on Thursday evening last:

of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool, 50.75 per cent is Of the present stact per cent last year. Of Indian cotton the American, against 24.50 per cent, against 8.50 per cent.
proportion Aug. 6. The trade is heavy, and prices show a further dedine. Annesed are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks :


Havie, Aug. 4.-The stock of cotton yesterday evening amoun'ed 148,000 bales, of which 106,000 bales were American and 27.000 to 148, East Indian. It was estimated that 14,000 bales of American bald 35,000 bales of East Indian produce were afloat to the port.
and 36,0 . Je 28 . The war has produced a complete panic in the market, and prices are almost nominal. Shipments:

## Total bales.

Gt. Britain,
bhleen $\begin{gathered}\text { Continent, } \\ \text { bales. } \\ \text { bal. }\end{gathered}$

From
Nor. 1,1869 to
July
$23,1870 \ldots$

## TOBACCO.

## Friday. P. M., Aug. 19, 1870.

There is an increase in the exports of crude tobacco this week, the total from all the ports reaching 2,103 hhds., 213 cases, 145 bales and 91 tcs., against 1,943 hhds., 73 cases and 904 bales for the previous seven days. Of these exports for this week 2,095 hdds., 72 cases and 42 bales were from New York; 6 hhds. from Baltimore; 2 hhds., 27 cases, 103 bales and 91 tcs. from Boston, and 114 cases from San Francisco. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: To Liverpool, 1,081; to London, 437 ; to Bordeaux, 527, and the balance to different ports. Daring the same peiiod the exports of manufactured tobacco reached $3,624 \mathrm{lbs}$., of which $2,80 \mathrm{ll} \mathrm{lbs}$. were to Cuba. The full particulars of the shipments from all the ports were as follows :
 1, have been as follows:

|  | $\sim$ This week- |  |  |  | -T'1sin.Nov.1- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prom |  |  | hhde. | ${ }^{\text {pkge }}$ |
| Virsin.a | 45 | 5,219 |  |  | 1, 534 | 90, 239 | 1,879 | 95,458 |
| Butumore | 302 | 52 | 959 | 1,017 | 1,261 | ,069 |
| New Oriea | 62 | 140 | 978 | 272 | ${ }_{19}^{1,040}$ | 412 |
| Obio, \&ec. | 1,905 | 378 | 47,712 | 4,459 | 49,617 | 5,3378 |
| Othe: | .... |  |  | 448 |  | 448 |
| Total.. | 2,314 | 5,789 | 51,483 | 96,935 | 53,797 | 102,724 |

The market for Tobacco the past week has been rather more active at about steady prices.
In Kentucky Leaf the sales foot up about 600 hhds . Of these about 350 bhds. were for export, mainly to the French contractors. The balance of 250 hbds . was for home use, and mostly taken early in the week-the last day or two having been quiet.
In Seed Leaf, there has been also more activity at full prices. The sales embrace 600 cases State at 25 c.; 130 cases State at 25 c., and 200 cases Connecticut fillers and seconds at 23c. The receipts of cases are considerably in excess of last year. But of bhds. there is a material falling off in supplies.
Spanish Tobacco quiet, with sales of 200 bales Havana at 85 c . © $\$ 102 \frac{1}{c}$ c. Manufactured Tobacco in steady demand and firn.
The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:


The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:
Prom Bal imore-To Halifax, 6 hhds.
Fr.m Boston-To Me.b urne, 28 cases, 91 tcs., 50 boxes ..To Surman, 2 other Britich Prort-au-rrince, 65 bales, 50 ha, and 50 quarter do....To


New Orleans.-The New Orleans Price Current save there has been an active demand, principally for France, during the last three days, resulting in sales of 1,692 hhds., making a total for the weet of 2,100. No prices have been given on the principal sales, but quotations on the whole are $\frac{1}{2}$ @1c lower than previous. assing fignres. The details are as follows: 4 hbds fine at 14c, 3 at 12c, 8 at $10{ }_{4} \mathrm{e}, 15$ and 31 lugs at $6 \mathrm{ft}, 272$ lugs to good leaf, 280 medium to fine leaf, 76 leaf, 246 leaf, 207 lugs and leaf, and 550 , quality not stated, on private torms. The market is very unsettled, and there is considerable di versity of opinion regarding quotations, and they may be considered little better than nominal.

Arrived since the 5th inetant, 38 hhds. Cleared since the 5th inst. for New York, 46 hhds. Stock in warehouse and on shipboard not cleared on the 12 th instant, 11,080 hhds.

Hhhds.
Stock on hand Sept mber 1, 1869. $88{ }^{7,688}$
Arrived past week.
Arrived previonsly
$\qquad$

Exported past week. $\qquad$ 26,554
Exported past week. 46

Stock on hand and on shipboard.................................. $\overline{1,1080}$
Baltimone.-The Baltimore Price Current states that that market continues dull and nominal for some descriptions of leaf, a few hhds. only are taken by shippers and for home manufacture, for the week eay about 20 hhds . Ohio, and 50 hbds . Md., part upper country. Prices still favor buyere. Inspectıons this week, 333 hbde. Md., 412 Ohio, and 1 Ky ., total 746 hhds. Exported 9 bhds. Va. to Halifax.

Total...
hds.
 cleared. - ....................... 2,90
Stock in warehouees this day. $\qquad$ 19,422
14,428
Receipts of manufactured tobacco are liberal and demand active for medium and grades at steady prices. Low grades, which comprise the bulk of the receipts, are slow of salc, and to move them some concessions have to be made.

## BREADSTUFFS.

## Friday. P. M, Augast 19, 1870.

In the market for breadstuffs, the past week, flowr and wheat have been irregular and unsettled; while rye, corn and oats have declined.
The receipts of flour continue very large, and embrace large quantities of shipping extras which were sold during the late excitement for August delivery; the inspection of these flours continues very rigid, and a large proportion bas been "rejected" as unsound, which, being thrown upon the market, have sold at $\$ 525 @ \$ 550$, while fair to prime sound shipping extra State have brought $\$ 575 @ \$ 6$, and choice $\$ 610 @ \$ 615$. The bulk of the business of the week has been in these grades at these prices. The medium and better of State and Western flours have been dull and prices favor buyers. New flours have began to arrive quite freely. Southern flours are almost nominal. Rye flour h:s declined, and Corn Meal tends downward. To-day the demand for shipping extras subsided partially, and the better grades were extremely flat-a concession of $25 @ 50$ c; being necessary in some cases to effect sales.

Wheat shows some falling off in the receipts, owing partly to the diversion of supplies from the West into Canada. And much of the receipts are unsound, strictly prime samples are very scarce, and as the shipping orders are mainly restricted to these, very little has been done and prices are irregular ; priced samples showing but little decline, while the soft No. 2 has sold at a material concession, although favored by a decline io ocean freight. At today's market, new Amber Winter Ohio sold at $\$ 140$ ©/ $\$ 1$ 43, and soft No. 2 spring at $\$ 117 \frac{1}{2} @ \$ 122$. Prime spring would bring $\$ 128$ for No. 2 and $\$ 135$ for $N \mathrm{~N}_{0} 1$.

Corn has arrived freely, and with a considerable quantity on the canal, prices bave steadily given way, until they have approximated export prices. But at the decline, a brisk demand sprung up from the Eastern States and the British Prcvinces, there was some recovery and a partial reaction. Fine samples of white are scarce, and bring extreme prices, $\$ 115$ being paid to-day, but yellow is drooping. Oats have experienced a great decline. The quality of the new State oats is poor. Western very fair, and sold to-day at 51c. for good, with State at53@56c. Rye is dull and lower. Barley and Barley Malt, as weil as Canada Peas, are quite nominal.

The following are closing quotations:

## Flour-

Superfine...

Extra State.............
mon to good........
Double Extra Western
Southern supers.......
Southern, extra and
family.
Rye Flour, super \& extra

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follops.

|  | ECTPT | TS AT NEW | V YORK. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 | Same |  | Sin |  |  |
|  | For the | Since | time Jan. | For the | Since | For the | Since |
|  | week. | Jan. 1. | 1,1869. | week. | Jan. 1. | week | Jan. 1. |
| Flour, bbls. | 105,172 | 1,082,073 | 1,668,133 | 46,827 | 1,138,728 | 36,887 | 840,088 |
| C. meal. bls. | 575 | 299,337 | 153,908 | 1,269 | 50,0¢4 | 994 | 95,771 |
| Wheat, bush. | 442,138 | 11,419,057 | 10,173,193 | 379,039 | 10,730,413 | 6 51,913 | 9,865.816 |
| Corn, bush.. | 430,283 | 4,743,377 | 5, 1212,768 | 23,408 | 249,980 | 4,940 | 1,595,356 |
| Rye, bueh | 20,890 | 307,152 | 252,550 |  | 65,734 | 23,003 | 104,742 |
| Barley, bueh. | 261 | 629,494 | 81,734 |  |  |  | 75 |
| Oats, bus | 343,981 | 3,906,602 | 3,340,232 |  | 12,999 | 600 | 48.600 |

The following tableg, prepared for the Ceronsole by Mr. E. H. Walker, of the New York Produce Exchange, show the grain in sight and the movement of breadstuffs to the latest mail dates:
begeipte at lake ports for the week ending august $13,1870$.

*Estimated
Comparative Reoeipts at the same ports, for four years, from Jan. 1 to August 13 :

| Flour, bbls. | $\begin{gathered} 1870 . \\ 2,297,363 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1869 . \\ 2,963,899 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1868 . \\ 1,844,276 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1867 \\ 1,541,071 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat, bush | 22,359,803 | 20,532,559 | 9,687 676 | 6 8:3,398 |
| Vorn, bush | 15,804,074 | 13,149,258 | 21,393,586 | 19,682,119 |
| Vats, bush | 5,954,706 | 6,557,215 | 6,720,374 | 4,219,394 |
| Barley, bush | 938,688 | 430,433 | 433,510 | 555,587 |
| liye, bush.. | 551,735 | 688,060 | 310,645 | 638,280 |

And from August 1st, to and including August 13, for four years :

| Flour .. ..... ......bbls. | $\begin{array}{r} 1870 . \\ 134,74 \mathrm{i} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1869 . \\ & 126,552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1868 . \\ 116,110 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \\ 120,946 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wneat..............bushels. | 2,546,063 | 1,973,116 | 1,225,702 | 1,296,934 |
| Corn. | 1,510,052 | 1,437.873 | 1,894,508 | 1,408589 |
| Jats. | 1,569,946 | 495,007 | 1,348,631 | 605,994 |
| 3arley | 62,166 | 23,766 | 19,68) | 17,253 |
| lye. | 90,693 | 32,979 | 89,346 | 74,762 |
| Total grain, bushels.... | 5,778,920 | 3,967,641 | 4,577.867 | 3,403,523 |

shipments from same ports for week ending august 13,

|  | Flour, | Wheat, | Corñ, | Oats, | Barley, |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | Rye,

Comparative Shipments of flour and grain from the ports of Jhicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, and Cleveland, from Jan. 1 to August 13 inclusive, for four years :

| Flour .................bbls. | $\begin{array}{r} 1870 . \\ 2,253,353 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1869 . \\ 2,894,274 \end{array}$ | $1868 .$ | $1867 .$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat...............bush. | 19,119,303 | 17.483,189 |  |  |
| Corn. | 12,504,202 | 13,0i5,832 |  |  |
| Dats. | 4,926,613 | 5,168,745 | . .: |  |
| Barley........ ............. | 420,124 | 196,605 | -... |  |
| Rye ....... .............. | 899,470 | 572.982 | .... |  |
| Total... | 37,869,712 | 36,377,353 | $\ldots$ |  |

GRAIN "IN siget," aUGust $13,1870$.


## GROCERIES.

Friday Evening, Angnet 29, 1800,
A íeeling of considerable doubt and uncertainty still prevails an to most of the articles embraced in this review, and in some cases eo few really vew or interesting features are deveioped that we find it extrewely difficu!t to make up our reports. Bnsiness has occarion. ally shown a little life, but merely in a spasmolic way, while values are weak and we note a few concessions. The fluctuation in gold is still a large disturbing element, owing to the difficulty experi. enced in calculating upon currency values, and movements of inte. rior buyers are now likely to be still curtailed further, owing to the receut railroad combination and consequent inereased cost of trans. portation. The majority of holders, however, appear to retain con. fidence in a good autumn trade, and in few instances do we observe any disposition to force a sale of the accumalated sapolies. An entire absence of any speculative feeling is a noticeable featore throughout the market.

Imports this week have included two cargoes, of tea, 13,348 bags of Rio coffee, 6,725 bags of Ceylon, 30.243 bags of Manila sugar, 3,049 bags of Brazil, and average receipts of other linds of sugar and of molasses.

The stocks in New York at date, and imports at the five leaciing ports since Jan. 1, are as follows :
$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Stocks in New York } & \text { Imports at leading ports } \\ \text { at date. }\end{array}$

## TEA.

The uncertainty as to the course of the gold premium has interfered to some extent with the regular course of business in this market, but on the whole the demand has proved very fair, and all things considered a reasonable amount of stock changed hands. Buyers operate cautiously now and seldom to an es. tent exceeding eaily wants, but evidences are abundant that they could hande more goods and are merely waiting to see their way clear before doing 0. Prices have shown some irregularity, but generally rule pretty steady, and on some of the most desirable grades-choice greens, \&c-are quite firm. New crop Japans via rail and steamer are becoming more plenty and the quality is reported as attractive though no very large lots havé changed hands. Sales during the week of 4,980 pckgs. Greens, 1,248 Sonchongs, 4,700 Oolonge, and 3,300 Japans.
Imports of the week have included $449,520 \mathrm{lbs}$. of black per "Allendale," from Foochow ; 438,546 lbs. of Japan, per "Esperanza," from Hiogo, and 7,812 packages by P. M. steamer "Arizona."
The following table shows the comparative shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from Jinne 1, 1869, to June 1, 1870, compared with the previous year, and ímportations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from January 1 to date, in 1869 to 1870:

SHIPMRNTS FROM CHINA \& JAPAN FOR IMPORTS FROM CHINA $\& J$ JIPA.
INTO Black, ibs $1 \times 69-70$.
$13.081,05$
$18,698,318$ Green,
Janan, lbs.

| $18,698,318$ |
| :--- |
| $10,761,245$ | YFARS PAS

188869.937
$13,418.937$
18.406 .97

Total..
42,540,620
$4 \overline{42,153,738}$
1870.
$13,+32,458$
$15,495,684$

The indirect importations, including receipts by P. M. Steamers via Aspin wall, have been $48,241 \mathrm{pkgs}$ since January 1 , against 17,961 last year.

## COFPEE.

There is scarcely a new feature to advise, in the market for Brazil grades business dragging along in a slow irregular manner, with no apparent indice. tions of an immediate increase. One or two leading jobbers have been pids. ing up odd lots of desirable grade when they happened to offer at comparatively low figures and laying them away for future use, but aside from this the ues mand was confined exclusively to parcels needed to meet urgent necessices which have proved quite small, the distribution appearing to fall off ratien than increase. The prime and choice qualities it would probably be dificu to procure upon any easier terms, but the common grades are weak and ukely to be parted with at some reduction if bids could be procured on any reason able amount. Java has been more active, one of the large cargoes here having been quetly divided up between four or five jobbers at rates not quite so ijg as might have been obtained some few weeks ago, but still very fair consider ing the general condition of the market, and as we close with a prety good distribution the feeling is comparatively steady. Quality considered, Jara now probably the cheapest coffee offering, and were it not for the general las? tude prevailing throughout the market a much heavier movement might res. sonably be expected. West India grades are still greatly neglected and though former figures are still queted, there is not enough stock changing handid afford a fair basis for valnes. Sales of 16,000 bags Rio, 3,366 bags Maracail and 16,250 mats Java. Sales at Baltimore of 3,064 bags Rio.
Imports of Rio have been as follows: "Edina," 4,348 bags; "Nordahl Brap, 3,200 bags. "Anny Froyen" 2 r00 and "Echo" (Santos), 3,100. Of Olin kinds the receints have ber "Blencatha," from lombo; 154 bags of St. Domingo, and a small lot of Mocha from London.
The stock of Rio, Aug. 18, and the imports since Jannary 1 are as followf:
The 154 bage of St. Domingo, and a small lot

| In Bags. | Phila. Balti- New Savan \& Galdelphia. more. Orleans. Mobile. veston. |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (3.............. -78.812 |  |  |  | 1,000 2000 | 3,000 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Some }}$ |  | 290,004 |  | 20,8 | $\dot{8}$ |  |
| porte in in iq........... 492,361 | s,200 | 189.815 | 4 | 19 | 2's | 786,910 |
| Of other sorts the stock at New York, Aug. 18, and the imports at the several ance Jannary 1 were as follows: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | York- | Boston | Philadel. Balt. N. Orle's import. import. import. |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{46}$ | 51,955 |  |  |  |  |
| and singapo.......... 3,189 | 20.4 |  | 500 |  |  | - |
|  | 10,427 |  | 3,0ั2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N, | 201,140 | 9,7 | 5,452 | 4.10 |  |  |
| 36,240 | 203,21 | 40,2 | 18,500 | 550 | 1,246 | 269,743 |

-Includes mats, \&c., reduced to bags. † Also, 30,998 mats.

## SUGARE.

Raw sugars have continued in a yery dull and unsatisfactory condition for the selling interest, and though held with a show of steadinezs for a day $o_{r}$ two early in the week, values finally gave way and we note a further reduction of yc, per lb. Importers in a great many instances offer lightly and some refuse entirely to show their samples, but others have felt a greater inclination to realize, and thongh refraining from any undue pressure, have kept the very
small outlet fully supplied with desirable goods. The decline does not appear tostimulate buyers to operations beyond their immediate wants, the trade holding some little stock and distributing slowly, and refiners much disappointed with the sale of their product thus far this month, and finding no margin for profit at current rates are holding off to await a more encouraging position. The arrivals have not been large, but enough to offset the sales and the accumulation in first hands, though not quite so well assorted as might be desired, is very liberal, and for the present needs no additions. Refined goods have continued to mect with much neglect, and though the stock is small it is difficult to find buyers for what little there is left on hand, even at the considerable reduction made in cost on all grades. The general market closes moderately active, but rather more steady and not many desirable parcels offering. Sales of $4,050 \mathrm{hhds}$. Cuba, $1,918 \mathrm{hhds}$, Porto Rico, 200 hhds . English Ieland, etc.. 50 bags St. Domingo, and $3,90 t$ boxes Havana.
Imports at New York, and stock in first hands, Aug. 18, were as follows:

Havana, Aug. 12.-The Weekly Report says: Sugar.-Clayed.-Owing to the continned gloomy advices from Europe, the dnlness and weak prices in London, and the decline towards the close of the week in New York, transactions have been very moderate, the few buyers which have appeared in the market having only bought small parcels, mostly of fine grades suitable for Spain and France, which, were it not for their scarcity, would be dealt in more extensively. Notwithstanding the dull appearance of the market, especially at the close, holders of good dry Sugars continued firm at previous quotations of $929 \frac{1}{\mathrm{rs}}$. arrobe No. 12 common train sorts, and $9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{rs}$. for crystalized.
The stock is moving off slowly, and is at this date smaller than at same time in 1869 and 1868. The receipts from the country are becoming very insignificant, as very little produce remains in the interior. The production, however, has been as large as last year's.
The sales whieh have been reported during the week amount to about 8,000 boxes of all classes, against 25,000 last week.
Shipments this week from Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

| $\mathrm{Tew}_{\mathrm{To}}^{\mathrm{To}}$ |  | Boxes. | Hhds. ${ }_{\text {cos }}$ To |  |  | Boxes. | Hhds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phiadelphia |  |  | 599 | Boston |  |  |  |
| Baltimore, \&e. |  | 2,638 | 4531 |  |  | $\because 1,292$ |  |
| Total expo | the | eek to | countr |  |  | .30,223 | 2,183 |
| The general | vemen | at both | ports ha | been as | lows: |  |  |
| $\sim$ Rec'ts | his w'k | $\sim$ | ports si J. S.- | $\begin{array}{r} \text { ce Janua } \\ \text {-To a } \end{array}$ | $\text { orts. } \neg$ | -Stock | te. |
| Boxes. | Hhds. | Boxes. | Hhds. | Boxes. | Hhds. | Boxes. | Hhds. |
| 1880..... 10,190 | 131 | 3.27,586 | 113,935 | 1,376,260 | 146,370 | 265,834 | 3,933 |
| ${ }_{1869} 1 . . . .12 .010$ | 219 | 435,916 | 78,506 | 1,303,445 | 110,787 | 293,109 | 5,175 |
| 1809.0 ...12.816 | 278 | 439,056 | 30,494 | 1,355,732 | 102,787 | 319,086 | 3,736 |

## MOLASSES.

With a few arrivals and scarcely any sales, there has been a steady increase of stock during the week, making an unusually large aggregate for the season. Buyers generally seem to have lost all interest, the very limited demand calling only for a job parcel now and then as wanted by the trade to keep up an assortment, or by refiners to meet special orders, and the market continues in dall, sluggish condition. There is no further decided change to note in values, but the tone is weak on all grades, holders offering stocks with much freedom and giving evidences that they would make concessions to quick and iberal buyers. Syrups are in fair demand from the regular home trade and steady for all good stock, but shippers are quiet and we understand that the recent reported movement for export was mainly of goods bought early in the spring and not forwarded until lately. Indeed, the foreign market is said to afford no margin. Sales during the week of 100 hhds. Cuba muscovado, 100 hhds. Cuba clayed, 200 hhds. Porto Rico, and 125 hhds. St. Croix.
The receipts at New York, and stock in first hands, Aug. 18, were as follows:


## SPICES.

There have been sales of some 300 bags Singapore pepper and a few cases nutmegs from first hands, but the invoice business at the best amounts to nothing at present and the wholesale market is in a nominal condition. Rather vague rumors are current of some purchases of goods in transit, but nothing of a character to warrant a report. The leading jobber adhere to the old story, and we continue, therefore, to report the retail business as fair and quite general, with full prices obtained for all goods and a generally firm and nniform market.

## FRUITS.

There is decidedly more activity in Foreign Dried. Telegrams from Europe report heavy rains and considerable damage to the crop, but to what extent it is difficult to ascertain at present; bnt the probability is that the reports are exaggerated. Nevertheless, the effect on the market is perceptible, and in many kinds there is considerable activity, but prices have shown no improvement. Currants have shown more activity than any other kind on our list and we note the sales of 1,000 barrels on private terms.?
Foreign green-Lemons are more plenty, several cargoes have arrived and were sold at auction at from $\frac{8}{\$ 3} 50$ to $\$ 1100$ per box, the same sell from store repacked at $\$ 1250 @ \$ 1300$. West India have been in good supply but of inferior quality; the last this season have been received by sail, a few Havana pines will come by steamer and one more cargo of Baracoa bananas is expected in about a month. Third cutting cat island sugar loaf pinêapples sold from vessel at $\$ 300$ per C., Havana do. at $\$ 600$, Baracoa bananas at $66 y_{2} @ 75 c$. per bunch, Baracoa cocoanuts at $\$ 35 @ 40$ per M. and Limes at $\% 6$ per bbl.
Domestic dried are still dull and prices are hardly settled, no one wants to buy excepting in very small lois. New are beginmmg to come in more freely, but as jobbers seli very little on account of the large supply of green, they are not inclined to buy stock for the fall trade thinking that prices have not yet touched bottom. Our quotations are hardly more than nominal, as we have not heard of a single sale in any kind other than in a jobbing way.
Domestic green are in large supply and most kinds are slow of sale at low prices. Peaches have come in frecly and sold at 75 c . $\$ \$ 125$ per basket and $\$ 1$ 25 Q1 75 per crate; the average receipts have been abont 65 car loads per day, A pples sell at $\$ 150(1) 300$ per bbl. Pears at $\$ 2(1) \$ 4$ per bhl and plums at $\$ 350$ (a) 750 per bh.

## PHICES CURREN'T.

The Following are Ruling Quotations in First Hands. On the Purchase of Small. Lots Prices are a Fraction Higher.


## Sugar.



Rice.
Ra.igoon, dressed, gold in bond 3 @ 33/8 | Carolina ........................ 8\% $\overline{3}$, 93/8
spices.


 Pepper, Singapore
Pimento, Jamaraica.


## Fruits and Nuts.

 $\qquad$ $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Filberts, Sicily....... } \\ & \text { do Barcelona } \\ & \text { African Penuts. } \\ & \text { Walnuts, Bordeaux }\end{aligned}\right.$ Walnuts, Bordea $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Macaroni, Italian. } \\ & \text { Fire Crack, best No }\end{aligned}\right.$
 30, do 8-4 35, do 9-4 40, do 10-4 45, do 11-4 50, Pepperell E fine 39 131, do R 36 121 , Pocasset F 30 8兵, Saranac fine $0 \div 3$ 12, do $\mathrm{R}_{36}$ 13. Stark A 36 18. Swift River 36 11, Tiger $278 \frac{1}{2}$.

Bleacerd Sieetinga and Serrtings have been in quite libeal request during the last few weeks, and so continne. The consumption of the needing makes of these goo is is reported
heavy at this time. Prices are firm for the heavy at this time. Prices are firm for the leading
brands. Amoskeag 46 18, do 42
$16 \frac{1}{2}$, do A
do American A $36 \quad 12 \frac{1}{2}$, Androscoggin $L \quad 36 \quad 16$ Arkwright $\quad 16$ 36 171 , Ballou \& Son 36 131 , Bartletts 36 15, do 3314 , B XX 3617 , Blackstone $3614 \frac{1}{4}$, Boott B 36 14, do 030 , Bate R 28 9, Clarks 36 19, Dwight 40 18, Ellerton 10-4 89 , Forestdale $3615 \frac{1}{2}$, Fruit of the Loom 3617 , Globe 27 8, Gold Medal 36 131 2 , Great Falls Q 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 10, Hope 3614 James 36 15, Lawrence B 36 131, Lonsdale 36 17. Masonville 86 Newmarket Ó $3 \mathbf{6} 13 \frac{1}{2}$, New York Milis 36 22 2 . Pepperell $6-430$ dol j0, Tuscarora 36 20, Utica $5-427 \frac{1}{2}$, do $6-432 \frac{1}{2}$, do $9.451 \frac{1}{2}$, do 10.4667 Waltham X $3311 \frac{1}{2}$, do 42 18, do 6-4 $27 \frac{1}{3}$, do 8-4 $32 \frac{1}{8}$, do $9-437 \frac{1}{2}$, do 10.4 42 $\frac{1}{3}$. Wamsutta $3621 \frac{1}{2}$.
Prints move steadily, but not actively, as yet. The higher prices for print cloths causes some increased firmness, and should prices further advance may necessitate an advance in prints. Amerigan 11 Albion solid 11, Albion 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Allens 11, do pinks 12, purples 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Aroolds 9, Atlantic 64, Dunnell's 11 $\frac{1}{3}$, Hamilton 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hope 7, Lancaster 11 London mourning 10, Mallory 11, Manchester 111, Merrimac D 11 do pink and purple $13 \frac{1}{2}$, do W 121, Oriental $11 \frac{1}{2}$, Pacific 11t, Rich. mond's 111 , Simpson Mourning 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Sprague's pink $12 \frac{1}{2}$, do blue and White 111 2 , do shirtings 11, Wamsutta $7 @ 7 \frac{1}{3}$.

Print ©loths are act:ve and higher from the etoppage of mille at Fall River. Tue price there to-day is $7 \frac{1}{2}$ for $64 \times 64$ equare cloth, with very light stocks. The Providence market is also active and firm.

Otaer Cotton Goods are moving more liberally, eepecially Tick. ings, Stripes, Denims, \&c., \&c. Prices are steady and are as follome - Cotron Deills.-Amoskeag 15, Augusta 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Graniteville D 16 Hamilton 15 Laconia 15 Pepperell 15, Stark $\dot{\text { A }} 15$, do H 14.

Checrs.-Caledonia 7025 , do 5025 , do $1226 \frac{1}{3}$, do 1023 , do 818 do $1124 \frac{1}{2}$, do $1527 \frac{1}{2}$, Cumberland 15, Jos Greers, $5516 \frac{1}{2}$, do $6518 \frac{1}{2}$, Kennebeck 22 2 , Lanark, No. 2, 10, Medford 13, Mech's No. A 129

Denims.-Amoskeay 28, Bedford 19, Beaver Cr. CC,-Colambian heavy 28, Haymaker Bro. 15, Manchester 20, Otis AXA 24, do BB 21 , Corset Jeans. - Amoskeag 12, Androscoggị 13 $\frac{1}{3}$, Bates 101, Everelía $15 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard Imp. 10, Laconia $12 \frac{1}{3}$. Newmarket $1 \frac{1}{2}$.

Cotton Bags.-Ontario A $\$ 4000$, do B $\$ 4600$, do C $\$ 5200$, Ameri can $\$ 37$ 50, Androscoggin $\$ 4000$, Arkwright A $\$ 4000$, Great Falls A $\$ 4000$, Lewiston $\$ 4000$, Stark A $\$ 4250$

Brown Drills and Duck.-Atlantic 15, Appleton 151, Amoskea 15, Augusta $15 \frac{1}{2}$, Graniteviile D 16, Pacific 14t, Pepperell 15, Stark A 15, Bear Duck, 8 oz., 23, do., 9 oz., 26 , Ontario, 8 oz., 25 , do., 9 oz, 28, do., 10 oz ., 31c.
Stripes.--Albany 10, Algoden 161, American 131, Amoskeag 21-22, Boston 121 2 , Hamilton 20-21, Haymaker 15, Sheridan A $12 \ddagger$, do G 13, Uncasville A 13-14, do B 13-14, Whittenton AA 921
Trokings.-Albany 10ф, American 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag A C A 52, do A 25, do B 21, do C 20, do D 17, Blackstone River 141, Conestoga extra 32 24, do do 36 28, Cordis AAA 25, do BB 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hamilton 224 Swift River 14, Thorndike A 16, Whittendon A $22 \frac{1}{2}$, York 3025.

Gingrams-Clyde, 11 ; Earlston, $+\mathrm{xtra}, 18$; Glaggow, 1 E , , 1 loucester 13; Hadley, 14 ; Hampden, 15 ; Hartford, 121 ; Lancaster, 17 ; Lancashire, 15 ; Pequa, $12 \frac{1}{2}$; Park Mills, 14 : Quaker City, 14.
Printed Lawns and Peroales.--Pacific Percales, $23 \frac{1}{2}$; Lancaster, $17 @ 21$; Manchester, 15 ; Merrimack, $23 \frac{1}{2}$; Pacific 1400 Lawns, 17 ; do Organdies, 20 ; Spragues 1400 12 $\frac{1}{2}$; Atlantic 140017.
Carpets.-Lowell Company's ingrain are quoted at $\$ 1$ for super fine, 2 mos. credit, or less 2 per cent., i0 days; $\$ 115$ for extra auper, and $\$ 1421$ for three-ply; Hartford Company's $\$ 1$ for medium superfine; \$1 121 for superfine ; $\$ 142+$ for Imperial three-ply, and $\$ 150$ for extra three-ply ; Brussels $\$ 180$ for 3 fr ., $\$ 190$ for 4 fr ., and $\$ 210$ for 5 fr.

## IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE POR'T OF NEW YORI,

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Aug. 18,1870 , and the corresponding weeks of 1869 and 1868 , have been at follows:
bntered for consomption for the week ending $\triangle$ UGitist 18, 1870 .
 are shown in the following table :


We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading Jobbers :
Brown Sheetings and Seirtings are in increased demand from agent's hands, while jobbers report a fair opening of free trade. Prices are unchanged, except in some unimportant particulars. Amosseag A $36 \quad 13 \frac{1}{2}$ do B 3618 , Atlantic $A \quad 36$ 14, do D 12, do H 183, Appleton A 36 30 10, Bedford iR $308 \frac{1}{2}$, Boott H 27 11, do 03411 , Commonwealth 027 8, Grafton A $277 \frac{1}{2}$, Graniteville AA 36 16, Great Falis M $3611 \frac{1}{2}$, do S 83 11, Indian Head 36 14, do 80 12, Indian Orchard A 40 181, do 086 12, Laconia 0 39 141 , do B 3713 Lawience A $3611 \frac{8}{4}$ do C 36 13 $\frac{2}{2}$, Lyman © 3618 d) E 86 14, Massachusetts E $8311 \frac{1}{2}$, Medford 3613 , Nashua fine 38 12, do $3613 \frac{1}{1}$, do E 40 151, Newmarket A 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pacific extra 36 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do H 36 141 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell 7-4

## Texas Cards．

H．M．Moore， COTTON BROKER \＆BANIKING， bRyAN，TEXAS．

Alfred Muckle， ton Factor，Commission，Receiving and Forwarding Mierchant， galveston，texas．
Liberal advances made on Consignments of Cotton
SAMUEL K．LabatT，
sTRAND，GALVESTON，TEXAS， BXCGANGE BROLER \＆INSURANCE AGENT． peader in all kinds of Stocks．
$\begin{aligned} & \text { C．} \mathrm{B} \text { JOHNS，} \\ & \text { i．TBERETT，}\end{aligned} \quad, \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { J．C．KITRBY，} \\ & \text { w．VON ROSENBERG }\end{aligned}$
C．R．Johns \＆Co．，
TEXAS LAND AGENCH ABNIING EXCHANGE，
rchase and sell real estate，pay taxes aud adjust furle，prosecute e Land and money clamus against the sine and Feaeral Governments；mate
surelve deposits and execuie Trusts．
L．Leonard \＆Co．， BANKERS，
biad of houston \＆texas centhal r．e．， Calvert，Texas．

## Adams \＆Hearne，

 BANKEIRS，tBRMLNUS HOUSTON \＆TEXAS CENTRAL R．R． Calvert，Texas．
Draw on National Park Bank，New York．

| Wr．A．Fort， |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Late Fort \＆Trice． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { Grorger W．Jackson } \\ \text { Late Cashier }\end{array}\right.$ |

Fort \＆Jackson， waco prixis．
Rgprarnces AND Cohrespondence：－New York：
Window，Lanier \＆Co．，David Dows \＆Co．Cincin－ Mailiow，Lanier \＆Co，David Merchants National Bank． New Urleans：Louisiana National Bank，Wheless
Pratt，Bankers．Galveston：T．H．Mcuahan \＆Co．

T．H $A$ RDE，
8，Colorado Co．
A．M．McKinnon， $\begin{gathered}\text { Lyous，Fayette Co．}\end{gathered}$
Harde \＆Co．，
BECEIVING，FORWARIING， AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS，
COLUMIBUS，TEXAS．

## Financial．

J．M．Weith．
J．M．Weith \＆Arents， Late J．M．Weith \＆Co．，
DEALERS IN SOU＇THEERN ANID IIIS－ CELLANEOUS SACHR＇TVIHS， No． 9 NEW STREET．
loans Negotiated．
Corne \＆James， STOCK BIROKERS
NO． 38 BROAD STREET． GONERNMENT SECURITIES，STOCKS，BONDS． $P_{\text {Polvic Rail }}$
Bought and Sold on Commission．
$D_{\text {avis }} \&$ Freret $^{2}$ BEALIETATE RIROKIRS， 85 ST．CGARLES STREET， New Orleans，Houisiana． Prompt attention given to buying，selling and leas－
ng of pantations and other real estate，paying of ng of plantations and other real estate，paying of
afem collecting rents，etc．

## Life Insurance．

## EOUITABLE

HIETASSURANCESOCIETY OF THE UNI＇TED STATES， $116,118,120,122 \& 124$ BROADWAY，NEW YORK，
 Income a m WILLIAMC．ALEXANDER，President．
HENRY B．HYD F ，Vice．esident．


## Banker＊and Brobers．

James Robb，King \＆Co．， BANKERS，
56 W ALL STREET，
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Available in all parts of Europe and America，\＆c

## HOTTINGUER \＆CO．，Parie．

The City Bank，Robt．Benson \＆Co．，London．
The British Linfn Co．Bant，an！its various
ranches，Scotland．
ADVANCES made on consignments，\＆c．
STOCKS and BuNDS bought and sold at New York STOCKS and

## Gibson，Beadleston \＆Co，

 BANKEIRSwo． 50 EXCHANGE PLACE
STOCKS，BONDS，GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN＇EXCHANGE and GOLD bought and sold on the most favorable terms． INTERESTT allowed on oeposits either in Currency
or Gold，subiect to check at sight，the same as with or Gold，subject to check at sight，the same as with
the City Bans． ADVANCES made on all marketable securities． CERTIFICATES of Depositissued bearing interest
COLLECTIONS made at all points of the UNION and BRITISH PKOVINCEA．
borge opdyer．Franots opdyke，A．Stephens
BANKING HOUSE OP
Geo．Opdyke \＆Co．， NO． 25 NASSAU STREET， （Uorner of Cedar street．）

D\＆POSITS received from Individuals，Firms，Banks Bankers and Corporations，subject to check a
sight，and interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum． per cent Interest，p yable on demand，or after COLLECTIONS made on ${ }^{\text {ull accessible points in the }}$
United States，Canada and Europe．Dividends United States，Canada and Europe．Dividends and Coupons also collected，and all most promptly ORDERS promptly executed，for the purchase and
sale of Gold；also，Government and other Securi－ ties，on commission．
INFOKMATION furnished，and purchases or ex－ changes of securities made for effected．

## Lockwood \＆Co．， BANKERS， <br> 94 BROADWAY。

Trangact a General Banking busi－ ness，including the purchase and sale of Government and State Bondm．Rail－ road Stocks and lionds，and other securities，on commission．

## HITCHELELD，DANA \＆STMMSON，

BANKERS AND BROKERS， No． 18 Wiliiam st．
Government Securities，Stocks，Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission． interest allowed on deposits．
Wm．B．Litchfirld
Lewis A．STIMson，
E．B．Litchfield，Special

## William Heath \＆Co．，

BANKERS AND BROKERS，

## 13 BROAD STREEET，NEW YORK．

Gold Stock and Bonds bought and sold on Commis－ sion．Orders executed in Boston and London．

Transportation．
GREAT
Southern Mail Route TO
NEW OHLEANS，NHEIMPIIIS，AND MOBILE＝ALL RAIL．


At 8．40 A．M．for RICHMOND，and Points on the COast At 9．：o P．M．fom foot of Coitlandt street，via New

 ＊Change cars for Atlanta，Macon，Montgomery
Selma，west Point，Eufaula，Mobile，Savannah，and intermediate points．
$\dagger$ Chaige cars for Nulle and New Orleans．No change from thif point to New Or，eans．
$\ddagger$ Change cars for Mobil，via M．\＆O．R．R．－All Rai f Change cars for Menpphis．
＊＊Change cars for Vicksburg．

J．IB．YATES，
General Eastern Passenger Agen
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY THIROUGHELINR

## To California \＆China，



CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS
On the 5th and 21 st of Each Month． Leave PIER 42 NORTH RIVER，foot of Canai street at 12 o clock noon，as above except when those dates for ASPINWALLL，connecting VIA Panama Railway with one of the Company＇s Steamships from Panama
for SAN FRANCISCO，tunching at MANZANILLO Also connecting at Panama with steamers for
SOUTH PACIFIC AND CENTRAL AMERICAN One hundred pounds baggage allowed each adult Baggage－masters accompany baggage through，and sttend to ladies and chiluren without male protec tors．Baggage recelved on the dock the day befors who prefer to send them down early．An experienced surgeon on board．Medicine and attendance free． the Company＇s ticket ottice，on the wharf，toot the Company＇s theket ottice，on the
Canal street，North River，New York

F．R．FARY，Agew

## 和度For Liverpool， （Via Queenstown，

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS．
THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN class full－power iron screw steamships from PIER NO． 46 NORTH RIVER，EVERX WEDNESDAY as follows：

 IDAHO，Captain Price．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．ept．17，at 9 A．M Cabin passage，$\$ 80$ gold． ． rency．
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS \＆GUION，No． 63 Wall－st．

R．T．Wilson \＆Co．，

## LATE

WHLSON，CAHLAWAY \＆CO．， Bankers and Commission MErchanteg， No． 44 BROAD STREET，NEW YORK Government Securities，Stocks，Bonds and Gold
nought and sold on the most liberal terms．Merchant bought and sold on the most liberai terms．Merchant Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits The．，consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents
Messrs．K GLLLA：CO．，Liverpos

Imsuranoe.

## OFFIOR OF THE

## ATLANTIC

## Mutual Insurance Co.,

## KEW YORK, Janaary 26,1870

The Trustees, in eonformity to the charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs the 81st Docember, 1869

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from
1st Jenuary, 1869, to 81st December, 1869.86,090,687 8t Pramiames oni Pollcies not marked off 18t
January, 1869................................... 2,588,001 28
Total amount of Marine Premiums...... $88,628,63905$
so Policies have been Issued upon Life Btbks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Rlake
Premiums marked off from Iat January 1869, to 81st December, 1869.

30,470,018 41
Donsel pald during the same
pertod.
$82,802,24546$
Returns of Premifum
and Expenses...... $81,287,63049$
The Company has the following Aesets, Fizs United States and State of New York Stock,

Clty, Bank and other Stock.................87,856,290 00 Loans secared by Stocks and otherwie... 8,148,400 00 Real Estate and Bonda and Mortgagen,.... $\quad 210,00000$ Interest and sundry Notes and Claims due
the Company, estimated at................. 207 ,58881 Premium Notes and Buls Receivable....... 2,513,152 60 Coinh in Bank. 283,777 ES
Total amount of Ansots........ :...........814,469,508 थ

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certideates of profits will be pald to the holders thereof, or thetr legal representatives, on and after Fuesdey, the Tirst of February next.
The oristanding certificates of the issae of 1866 win ve redeemed and pald to the holder thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesdey, the First of February next, from which date all intorest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of pasment and cancelled. Upon certificaten whiloh trere lssued (le red sorip) for cold promiums. suoh parment of intereat and redemption will be fie erote.
$\Delta$ dividend of FORTY Per Cent is declered on the not earned premiams of the Company, for the year cuding fist December, 1860, for which oerticicates will se inned oxend alter Tueaday, the Firth of Aren mext Ey coder of the Board,
d. of. CEMAPMAN. Eecrerarto

TRUSTEES:
J.D. Jones, Charles Dennis W. H. H. Moore Henry Coit, Wm. C. Pickersgill, Lewis Curtis, Charles H. Russell Low ell Holbrook R. Warren Weston, noyal Phelps, Caleb Bar tow A. P. Pillot, William E. Dodge David Lane, James Byrce, Daniel S. Miller Wm. Sturgis, Henry K. Bogert Dennis erkins

Joseph Gailliar d, Jr. C. A. Hand, James Low, B. J. Howland, Benj. Babcock, Robt. B. Minturn, Gordon W. Burnham, Frederick Chauneey, R. L. 'Taylor, Geo. S. Stephenson, William H. Webb, Sheppard Gandy, Francis Skiddy, Charles P. Burdett, Robt. C. Fergusson, William E, Bunker, Eamuel L. Mitchill, James G. DeForest, Kobert L. Stuart.
J. D. JONES, President. CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-Pres't W.H H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pre'st. J WLETT, 8d Vice-Pres't.

Inaurance.
Pacific Mutual Insurance COMIPANY.

HOWARD BUILDING, 176 BROADWAY New Yore, January 13, 1870.
fig THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT OF THF affairs of the Company is published in conformits Outstanding Premiums, January 1
 1 to December 31, 1869, inclusive 611,29080
Total amount of Marine Premiumb...........\$715,754 26 This Company has issued no Poicies, except on Cargo
and Freigh for the Voyage. No Risks have been aken upon Time or upon intuis of vassele.
Premiums worked off as Earned, du iug the
period as above............................. $\$ 608,830 \quad 22$



The Company has the following
Cash in Bank................... \$86,015 5
Loans on stocks Drawing interest. 196,70000
Premium Notes \& Bills Receivable
Subscription Notes in advance of
Reinsurance and other ciaimioulue the company, estimated at.

## Total Assets..

NT INTEREST on th 231,561 05 46,000 00
20,142 6
$\$ 1, \overline{166,12923}$
Certificates of profits will be paid to outstanding

TUESEDAY or the the legal reprezentar on and afte The whole of the OU STANDING CERTIFICATES redeemed and paid in cash to the holders thereof, or hie 1st day of February, irom which date interest
A Dividend in serin of THIRTY-FIVE PER CENT
ree of Government rax, is declared on the net amoun
31 st 1 s69, for which certificates will be issued on and
after TUESDAY, he 5th day of $A$ pril next,
TRUSTEES:

M. K. Jesup \& Company, HAPEEIRS AND MEHECRANTS, 12 PINE STREET,
bonder and Loans for lRailrogd cosog Contract for Cars, etc.
nd undertake
all busfuss cosnected with: we wite

## C. \& G. Woodman,

 BANKERS,30 PINE STREEST, N.Y。
Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS and LAND WAR-
Knauth,Nachod\&Kuhne

New York, ${ }^{2 N D}$ Leipzig, Saxony,
BR JAD ST.

DIRAW IN SUMS TO SUIT
the princlpal cilies of Germany, Switzerland,
gland, France, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Bel-
lasne Letters of Credit for rravelers,
svallable in all parts of Europe.

## WM. r. UTLEY, <br> GEO. W. DOUGHERTY. <br> UTLEY \& DOUGHERTY, HANKEIES ANDIRROKEIRS,

NO. 11 WALL STAEET, NEW YORK Governments. Gold, and all classes of Stocks and ponds bought and sold on commission. Orders


JLLWOOD WALTER, President.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ELLWOOD WALTKR, President, } \\
& \text { ARGHD.G. MONTGOMKRYY, Jr., Vice.Pres't. } \\
& \text { ALANSON W. HEGEMAN, } 2 d \text { Vice-Presid't. }
\end{aligned}
$$ . J. Despard, Secretary.

Fire Insurance Agency,
NO. 62 WALL STREHT. NEW YORK.

## Ætna Insurance Comp'y,最ARTEPRE, CONN. INCORPORATED 1819.

Casin Capital. $\qquad$ $. \$ 3,000,00000$ Assets.

## Springrield

FIRE \& MARINE INSURANCE OO. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
NCORPORATED 1849.
Cagh Oapital. $\qquad$ ..... 8500,00000
Providence Washington INSEREANCE COMPANY,

OF PKOVIDENCE, R. I.
ORGANIZED 1799.
Cash Capital.
Asseta........... $\qquad$ Saixilu

## American

insurance company,
OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Cash Capital $\qquad$ \$20,00000
$\mathbf{\$ 3 7 2 . 2 1 9 . 1 8}$
Cash

PRICES CURRENT．


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 weitern，prime
 Farm dairies，prime
Farm daires
fair... frammed ．

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 CFFEE－See

##  <br>  Yellow metal nat emerican ingot <br> ${ }_{\text {Bftregular，quarts，}}$ q gro．${ }^{5}$ <br> 

OTTON－Se SED



JRUGS AND DYES－




Balsam tolu．．．
Balsam Peru．．
105
105
Barrien petayo．．．．．．．．．．．． 305
B0
Beries，Persian
Bi chromate，potash ．．
Bleaching powder
Borax，retined
Brimstone，cru．antongid
Brimstone，Am．roll ${ }^{\text {and }} \mathrm{D}$
Brimsto
Brimston
Camphor


 jaustic soda．
Coriander seed．
Cochineal，Hondir．．．

Epsom sait．．．．．
Exrtact logwo
Tennell seed．

Ginsenge，Ẅes．．．．．．．
Ginseng，southern
Gum Arabic，vicke
Gum Arabic，sorts ．
Gam benzol
Gum Arabic，${ }^{\text {Bo }}$
Gum benzolin．．
Gum Kowrie．．
Gum gedrac．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Gam damar．．．．．．．．goid

Gum Senega
Gum traga
Gum traga
男落
odine，.... Fr．an
 deorce．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Licrice paste，Saiciabria．
Licorice paste，Sp．，soiid icorice paste，Greek．，solid
Kadder，
Iadder，

Mana，smay Inke．．．．．．
Xustard seed，Cad．．．．．



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$$ <br> | In |
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 astard seed，Trieste．．．

## IRON－

## 

Porrk，prime．
Porks prime
Bacon．
RICr
Ler ..... ${ }_{15}^{152(20)}$
R88


Calcuttahight \＆h＇vy，p．e． 21 （3） 23
GUNNY CLDTH－ ..... （4） 23
GUNPOWDER $\begin{gathered}\text { Blasting }(B) . .\end{gathered}$Senting，in io conis＇trs．ipio
HAYtNom for shipping．．．．．．．．．．．．
85＠8 ？

BIDES－．．．．
gold ..... ๑อั่
Carolin
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Horse i．io．．．．．．．．．．．．
Nail，iod：：
LRADIS，

Timothy．．．．．．．
Hemp，ortig
Linseed，AmeLinseed，Cal．（bags）In
Boston）SILK－Tsatlee，No 1 ar
$675 @ 850$
$800 @ 1050$
SPICES，See speciãl report
SPIRITS－
$\underset{\substack{\text { Brandy－} \\ \text { Henness }}}{ }$

$\qquad$

|  |
| :---: |

Rockland，common．叉 bll． $115 @ 1$（150
Rockland，heavy

Oak and ash．．．．．．．
Maple and birch．．．
3lackwalnut88．inch
Spruc
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\begin{array}{ccc}
\text { Rum } & \text { do do } & \text { do } \\
\text { Sugar } & \text { do do } \\
\text { MOLISSES-See } & \text { dpecial report. }
\end{array}
$$

## 

## Pitch，city …i．．．．．．．．．．．． Spirits turpentine gail． Rosin，commmon to yood




City thin，obl．，in bbls． 78 ton $4350 @ 4$ West．thin，obl＇g，in bags．．．．415 $4500(6)$
0ILS－

$\xrightarrow{\text { Palmeed．．．．}}$
Cotton Seed crude Whale，crude Northerne．：
Whale，bleached winter．．
Sperm，crade e．．．．．．．．．．．：
Sperm，winter
Lard oil，prime winter．．．
1 Lard oill，
Red oil，
Straits
Neats fo



Lead，white，Amer．dry．
Zinc，white，dry，No．
Zinc，white，No．，in oil．
Zinc，white，French，dry
Zinc，
Zinc，
Onchr
Och
Ochre
Spani
Span．
Paris

## Mit？

## Vermi




PETROLEUM－

order）
Refined
（ahlime，



## D




 St．Croix，3d proof．：．
Gin，sifferent brands．
Domestic liquors－Cash．

| English，cast．．．．．．．．．．\％$⿻^{\circ}$ | 15 ＠ 18 |
| :---: | :---: |
| English，spring | $7{ }^{10} 10$ |
| English mister | $10{ }^{(12)} 17$ |
| English mach |  |
| American blister | $12 \times$ |
| American cast ．．．．．．Tool． | 18 ＠ |
| American spring | 9 （ ii |
| American machinery＂ |  |
| American German．． | 9 （6）12 |

SUGAR－See special report．
 $\begin{array}{r}\text { TIN } \\ \mathbf{B} \\ \hline\end{array}$

| Banca ．．．．．．．． \＆$_{\text {ib }}$ ，gold |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Straits．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $361 / 2{ }^{(1)}$ |
| English．．．．．．．．．．．．．＂ | 321／3 83 |
| Plates，char．I．C．．${ }^{\text {P }}$ box | 875 （c） 900 |
| Plates，I．C．coke | 750 （4）800 |
| Plates，Terne cok | ${ }^{6} 00$＠ |
| Plates，Terne | 775 ＠ 800 |
| BACCO－See special |  |

## WINES－1．．．．．．．．． $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mader gall．} 350 @ \text { ．} \\ & \text { Ma } \\ & \text { Sherry }\end{aligned}$

| Madeira ．．．．．．．．．．．．． \％$^{\text {g gall．}}$ | $350 \times 3 \% 00$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sherry | 75＠900 |
| Port | 200 （6） 850 |
| Burgundy port．．．．．．．．．gold | 750125 |
|  | $220 @ 350$ |
| Sicily，Madeira． | $100 @ 15$ |
| Red，Span．\＆Sie | $90 \times 100$ |
| Marsenles Madeira ．．．＂ | 70 （a） 85 |
| Marseilles port． | 80 ＠ 160 |
| Malaga，dry ．．．．．．．．．．．．＂ | 95 Ca 100 |
| Malaga，sweet ．．．．．．．．＂ | 1009105 |
| Claret．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {eask }}$＂ | $3500 @ 60$ |
| Claret．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {P }}$ doz． | 240 ＠ 90 |



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Whiskey } \\
\text { STEEL- }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

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CHARLES G. JOHENSEN, PROPRLETORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF COTVION THES,
ENGLAND, NEW YORE AND NEW ORLEANS SGLF-FASTENING BUCKLE TIE.
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 giye entire sathfachua.

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$U$. States 2,000,000 45 William St.


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