

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 9.

NEW YORK, AUGUST 14, 1869.

NO. 216.

Bankers and Brokers.

NATIONAL

Freedman's Savings Bank

CHARTERED BY CONGRESS IN 1865,
Central Office at Washington, D. C.,
BRANCHES AT
Baltimore, Norfolk, Richmond, New Berne, Wilmington, Raleigh, Charleston, Beaufort, Augusta, (Ga.), Savannah, Macon, Jacksonville, Tallahassee, Mobile, Huntsville, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga, Louisville, St. Louis, Martinsburg, New York and Washington.
Collections promptly made.
These Banks are for the Colored people.
The Deposits are now \$1,250,000.
D. L. EATON, Actuary. J. W. ALVORD, Pres't.
JAY COOKE & CO., New York Correspondent.

Marquand, Hill & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
37 WALL STREET,
New York.

JOHN P. MARQUAND, GEORGE H. B. HILL,

Stocks, Bonds and Gold, bought and Sold on commission. Business Paper Negotiated.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne

BANKERS.

New York, AND Leipzig, Saxony,
51 BROAD ST. AND 85 BRUHL.

DRAW IN SUMS TO SUIT

On the principal cities of Germany, Switzerland, England, France, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Belgium, Russia, Italy, Spain, Denmark, &c.
Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers, available in all parts of Europe.

Citizens Bank of Louisiana

Capital and Reserved Fund.....\$2,500,000,
AGENCY,

A. D. SELLECK, 37 Pine St, N. Y.

DRAW ON

London Joint Stock Bank, Marcuard, Andre & Co.
Baring, Brothers & Co., Fould & Co.,
LONDON, PARIS,
In sums to points suiting buyers of Sterling or Francs.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.
No. 12 WALL STREET.

GEORGE OPDYKE. WM. A. STEPHENS
G. FRANCIS OPDYKE.

BANKING HOUSE OF

GEO. OPDYKE & Co.,

NO. 25 NASSAU STREET,
(Corner of Cedar street.)

DEPOSITS received from Individuals, Firms, Banks, Bankers and Corporations, subject to check at sight, and interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum.
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, bearing Four per cent interest, payable on demand, or after fixed dates.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States, Canada and Europe. Dividends and Coupons also collected, and all most promptly accounted for.
ORDERS promptly executed, for the purchase and sale of Gold; also, Government and other Securities, on commission.
INFORMATION furnished, and purchases or exchanges of Securities made for Investors.
NEGOTIATIONS of Loans, and Foreign Exchange effected.

Bankers and Brokers.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 40 Wall Street, New York.

DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at best Current Rates.
GOVERNMENT and STATE SECURITIES, GOLD, RAILROAD BONDS, STOCKS, etc., bought and Sold on Commission.
ADVANCES made upon approved Securities.
COLLECTIONS made, and Loans Negotiated.

W. N. WORTHINGTON,

MEMBER N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE,

BANKER AND BROKER,

14 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Exchange.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO SIGHT DRAFT And Four Per Cent interest allowed on Daily Balances.

Southern Securities have especial attention.

Collections made on all Southern Points.

McKim, Brothers & Co.,

No. 47 Wall Street, New York.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and Sold exclusively on Commission. Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts

Bowles Brothers & Co.,

[Successors to BOWLES, DREVET & Co.]

No. 12 Rue de la Paix, Paris.
76 State Street, Boston,
19 William Street, New York

Bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London.

CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVEL
LERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
LANCASTER & Co., BROWN, LANCASTER & Co.,
Richmond. Baltimore.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,

23 Nassau Street,

OFFER FOR SALE:

Chesapeake and Ohio 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds, principal and interest in gold, at 95 and interest.
Petersburg Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 92½ and interest.
South Side Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 85.
Richmond and York River 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$7,000 per mile), at 85.
Piedmont RR. 1st mtg. 8 p. c. (mtg. \$10,000 per mile), at 90.
Norfolk and Petersburg RR, 2d mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile, including 1st mtg.), at 82½.
Columbia and Augusta RR. 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$12,000 per mile), at 80.
Richmond and Danville RR. 1st mtg. 6 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile), at 73.

BLAKE BROTHERS & Co.,

52 Wall Street, New York.

AND

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
And Sterling Credits,

DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Buy Sell Massachusetts and New York State Stocks.
Government Securities, Stocks Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold strictly on Commission.

Bankers and Brokers.

Edward C. Anderson, Jr.

BANKER, FACTOR AND

Commission Merchant,

Savannah, Ga.

Special attention given to consignments of Cotton, Gold, Stocks, Bonds and Foreign and Domestic Exchange, bought and sold.
Collections promptly remitted for.
Orders solicited for the purchase or sales of Produce and Securities. Prompt attention guaranteed.
New York Correspondents: LAWRENCE BROS. & Co.

J. L. LEVY, STOCK BROKER

AND

Exchange Dealer,

23 CARONDELET STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.

General Partner.....J. L. LEVY.
Partner in Commendum.....E. J. HART.
Collections made on all points.

Farmer, Hatch & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

78 BROADWAY AND 5 & 7 NEW STREET.

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks and Bankers received. Collections made in the United States, British Provinces and Europe.
Bills of Exchange drawn on London, Paris, &c.
E. J. FARMER & Co., C. J. HATCH & Co.,
Cleveland, O. Milwaukee, Wis.

LEVY & BORG,

DEALERS IN

Southern and Miscellaneous Securities

No. 41 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

In connection with the Manhattan Savings Bank
Memphis, Tenn.

E. G. PEARL.

D. F. JETT

PEARL & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

64 BROADWAY & 19 NEW ST., NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds of every description bought and sold on Commission.
Southern Securities a specialty.

WEST SIDE BANK,

No. 464 EIGHTH AVENUE,

Near Thirty-Fourth Street.

The above Bank, being duly organized, will be opened for business on

MONDAY, AUGUST 2.

GEORGE MOORE, President.
JOHN G. FLAMMER, Vice-President.
JOHN W. B. DOBLET, Cashier,
Late Cashier of the Sixth National Bank.

STATE, CITY, COUNTY

AND

RAIL ROAD BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Loans Negotiated for R. R. Companies

G. COPELAND,

38 PINE STREET, NEW YORK

Boston Bankers.

Page, Richardson & Co.,
BANKERS,
70 State Street, Boston.
Bills of Exchange, and Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued on
The City Bank, } LONDON.
AND }
Robert Benson & Co., }
Munroe & Co. } PARIS.
AND }
Marcuard, Andre & Co., }
Circular Notes available for Travelers in all parts of Europe and the East.

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,
AGENTS FOR
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.,
OF CHINA AND JAPAN.
Advances made on consignments of approved merchandise.

Philadelphia Bankers.

AUSTIN & OBERGE,

33 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Commission Stock Brokers.
J. BELL AUSTIN. CHAS. H. OBERGE

PHILADELPHIA

NOTES, DRAFTS, &c., &c.
COLLECTED AND REMITTED FOR OR DAY OF PAYMENT, BY THE

Union Banking Company

N. E. Cor. 4th & Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
N. C. MUSSELMAN, President.
E. F. MOODY, Cashier.
All other BANKING BUSINESS IN PHILADELPHIA entrusted to us will receive our prompt attention.

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON.
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.) President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.
Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States
We buy and Sell all classes of
Government Securities
on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to
Business connected with the several Department of the Government.
Full information with regard to Government Loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

LANCASTER & Co.,

BANKERS AND STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
No. 1113 Main Street, Richmond, Va.
BROWN, LANCASTER & CO.,
No. 30 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.
LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,
No. 23 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

ROBT. H. MAURY JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT. T. BROOKER.

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
No. 1014 MAIN ST. RICHMOND, VA.
Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.
Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & CO.

Miscellaneous.

SCOTCH PIG IRON.

All the approved Brands of No. 1 Scotch Pig Iron,
IN YARD, ON DOCK, AND TO ARRIVE.
In lots to suit purchasers. Apply to
HENDERSON BROTHERS,
No. 7 Bowling Green, New York.

Western Bankers.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Dealers in **GOLD, SILVER** and all kinds of
GOVERNMENT BONDS.

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points and remitted for on day of payment.
CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS
FOR SALE

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN.

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

BANKERS,
NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,
COLUMBUS, OHIO,
Do General Bank'g. Collection, and Exchange Business.

ISAAC HARTER. G. D. HARTER. M. D. HARTER.
BANKING HOUSE OF

Isaac Harter & Sons,

CANTON, OHIO.
(ESTABLISHED 1854.)
Special Attention given to the collections of Banks, Bankers and Merchants.

W. P. VAN DEURSEN, Chicago. SWAN & PAYSON New York.

W.P. VanDeursen & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,
106 LASALLE ST UNION BANK BUILDING).
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Buy and sell **STOCKS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES** and **GOLD**, on Margins—or for buyers at **NEW YORK RATES.**
GOLD DRAFTS ON NEW YORK OR SALE.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also
Drafts on London and Paris for Sale.
NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI.
in St. Louis.
ESTABLISHED 1837.

Capital paid in \$3,410,300

This Bank, having reorganized as a National Bank, is now prepared to do a general banking business. Government Securities, Coin, Gold Dust and Bullion bought and sold at current rates. Special attention given to collections throughout the West
JAMES H. BRITTON, Pres. CHAS. K. DICKSON
EDWARD P. CURTIS Cashier

W. M. F. HEWSON,

STOCK BROKER,
Office No. 21 West Third Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. Refer to: All Cincinnati Banks, and Messrs. LOCKWOOD & Co., New York.

MORTON, GALT & Co.,

BANKERS,
150 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky., dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Bonds and all Local Securities. Give prompt attention to collections and orders for investment of funds.

S. McCLEAN & Co.,

BANKERS,
PITTSBURGH PA.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

TITUSVILLE, PENN.,
Capital - - - - - \$200,000
Deposited with U. S. Treasurer or secure Circulation and Deposits 500,000.
G. C. HYDE, Cashier. CHAS. HYDE, Pres't.

Miscellaneous.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railway Co.

Office of the Chief Engineer Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company,
66 EXCHANGE PLACE.

NEW YORK, June 8, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the above office until **October 1st, 1869**, when contracts will be awarded for the GRUBBING and CLEARING, GRADING, MASONRY, BRIDGING, BALLASTING, CROSS TIES and TRACKLAYING of the following portions of said railroad:

FIRST—The last fifteen miles of the first division of one hundred and fifty miles, between Jefferson and Paris, Texas commencing eight miles east and extending seven miles west of the town of Clarksville in Red River County.

SECOND—One Hundred and Fifty miles, embracing the second division, commencing at Paris and extending westward to Palo Pinto County.

Specifications, profiles, maps and plans can be examined after the **FIFTEENTH OF AUGUST, 1869**, at the **ENGINEER'S OFFICE**, in **NEW YORK** or **JEFFERSON**.

Proposals must conform to the specification, which will be furnished upon application at either of the above places after **August 1, 1869**.

Evidence of ability to complete contracts will be required and a per centage retained of estimates until each section of five miles is finished.

Work upon the First Division must be completed by March 1st, 1870.

The Second Division must be finished by October 1st, 1870.

Every facility will be furnished those wishing to inspect the ground on the line of the road, by application in person at the Engineers office in Jefferson.

J. DANIEL, Engineer-in-Chief,
Memphis, El Paso and Pacific R.R. Co.

Mercantile Mutual

(MARINE)

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Capital \$1,000,000

Assets 1,500,000

This Company takes Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Merchandise, Freight and Hulls of Vessels. On the payment of Premiums a Rebate or Discount on the current rates is made in cash, as an equivalent for the Scrip Dividends of a Mutual Company. The amount of such Rebate being fixed according to the character of the business, gives to dealers a more just apportionment of profits than by the mutual system; and being made in cash, on payment of the Premiums, is more than equivalent to the cash value of the average Scrip Dividends of Mutual Companies. Policies issued, making loss payable in Gold in this City, or in Sterling at the Office of the Company's Bankers in Liverpool, if desired.

TRUSTEES:

James Freeland, Samuel Willets, Robert L. Taylor, William T. Frost, William Watt, Cornelius Grinnell, James D. Fish, Ellwood Walter, D. Colden Murray, Bryce Gray, N. L. McCready, William Nelson, Jr., Harold Dollner, Jos. Willets, Geo. W. Hennings, A. Foster Higgings, Francis Hathaway, Aaron L. Reid, Henry Eyre, Joseph Slagg, Edward Merritt, Daniel T. Willets, L. Edgerton, Henry R. Kunhardt, John S. Williams, Charles Dimon, Paul N. Spofford, ELLWOOD WALTER, President. ARCH. G. MONTGOMERY, Jr., Vice-Pres. ALANSON W. HEGEMAN, 2d Vice-Pres. C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

A SAUCE

BEYOND COMPARISON.

Thwaites & Bradshaw's.



No Breakfast or Dinner complete without it. The finest of all East Indian Condiments.—SOYER. For Hot or Cold meats, Fish, Soups, &c., No Sauce, Pickle or Ketchup can compare. Sold retail by most Grocers, Fruit Dealers, &c.

WHOLESALE BY

G. G. YVELIN, 206 and 208 Fulton street.
E. C. HAZARD, 193 and 194 Chambers street.
S. E. HUSTED & CO., 153 Greenwich street.

Financial.

Banking House of

HENRY CLEWS & Co.

32 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on all Daily Balances of Currency or Gold.

Persons depositing with us can check at sight in the same manner as with National Banks.

Certificates of Deposit issued, payable on demand or at fixed date, bearing interest at current rate, and available in all parts of the United States.

Advances made to our Dealers, at all times, on approved collaterals, at market rates of interest.

We buy, sell and exchange all issues of Government Bonds at current market prices, also Coin and Coupons, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of Gold and all first-class Securities, on commission.

Gold Banking Accounts may be opened with us upon the same conditions as Currency Accounts.

Railroad, State, City and other Corporate Loans negotiated.

Collections made everywhere in the United States, Canada and Europe.

Dividends and Coupons collected.

NORTH MISSOURI R.R.

FIRST MORTGAGE

7 Per Cent Bonds,

Interest Payable January and July, at the National Bank of Commerce in New York.

Cost of Road and Equipment in Cash - \$14,800,000
Amount of First Mortgage 6,000,000

The receipts of the road are steadily increasing, and will exceed two millions of dollars for present year. Receipts for month June \$151,000, against \$65,000 for same month in 1868. We are authorized to offer for sale \$300,000 of these bonds at

85 and Accrued Interest.

JAMESON, SMITH AND COTTING,

No. 16 Wall Street, New York.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,
NEW YORK, July 30, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER Cent, free of all taxes, has this day been declared, payable on MONDAY, August 9th, proximo.
H. W. FORD, Cashier.

Financial Notices

FIRST MORTGAGE

Land Grant Sinking Fund

SEVEN PER CENT BONDS OF THE

Houston & Texas Central Railway Comp'y.

Principal and Interest Payable in Gold in New York

The undersigned offer to persons desiring a safe and profitable investment, a limited amount of the above Bonds at 90 per cent and accrued interest in currency.

The Bonds are secured by a Sinking Fund of 2 per cent per annum, and the mortgage now covers ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE MILES OF A THOROUGHLY BUILT AND FULLY EQUIPPED RAILROAD IN ACTIVE OPERATION, extending from Houston, Texas, in a northerly direction towards the Red River, where it is intended to connect with the Railroads now building from Lawrence, Kansas City and St. Louis, with a branch road to Austin twenty-five miles of which is now in operation. It also covers valuable prairie and timber-lands, to the amount of 6,400 acres for each mile of road built. The Bonds issued and to be issued are limited to \$20,000 per mile. NO BONDS ARE ISSUED EXCEPT UPON ROAD COMPLETED, EQUIPPED AND IN OPERATION.

Sheppard Knapp, Esq., and William Walter Phelps, Esq., are Trustees under the mortgage.

The Railway as built and projected passes through the most fertile and thickly populated portion of the State of Texas, and during the past three years has earned more than double the amount necessary to pay the interest and Sinking Fund upon its Bonds.

For further information apply to

JAMES ROBB, KING & CO.,
56 Wall st., New York.

J. S. KENNEDY & CO.,
41 Cedar st., New York.

A SEVEN PER CENT GOLD LOAN.

\$6,500,000.

The Kansas Pacific Railway now in successful operation from Kansas City to Sheridan, proposes to build an extension to Denver, Colorado. The Government has granted Three Millions of Acres of the finest lands in Kansas and Colorado, which are mortgaged for the security of a loan of

\$6,500,000.

This loan is secured in the most effectual manner. It represents a road in profitable operation, and will open the trade of the Rocky Mountain country, and connect it with the great markets of the East. It is considered to be one of the best loans in the market.

EVEN BETTER IN SOME RESPECTS THAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The loan has thirty years to run, principal and interest payable in gold semi-annually, seven per cent. The coupons will be payable semi-annually in either Frankfort, London, or New York, and will be free from Government taxation. The bonds for the present are sold in currency at 96, with accrued interest. Circulars, maps, and pamphlets sent on application.

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,
58 EXCHANGE PLACE, N. Y.

M. K. JESUP & CO.,
12 PINE STREET, N. Y.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co,

BANKERS,

No. 50 EXCHANGE PLACE.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, FOREIGN EXCHANGE and GOLD bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

INTEREST allowed on deposits either in Currency or Gold, subject to check at sight, the same as with the City Banks.

ADVANCES made on all marketable securities. CERTIFICATES of Deposit issued bearing interest. COLLECTIONS made at all points of the UNION and BRITISH PROVINCES.

LOANS negotiated on FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PRODUCE, in store and afloat. We invite particular attention to this branch of our business, in which we have unusual facilities.

Financial Notices.

PROPOSALS FOR

\$300,000

City Lunatic Asylum Stock.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the Comptroller's office until TUESDAY, August 31, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened for the whole or any part of the sum of three hundred thousand dollars of "City Lunatic Asylum Stock," authorized by chapter 56, Laws of 1869, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor, July 29, 1869. Said stock is to be issued for the purpose of providing additional buildings for lunatics in the City of New York, and will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable half yearly, to wit: on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the first day of August, 1879. The proposals will state the amount of stock desired and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premiums thereon. On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment. Each proposal shall be sealed and endorsed "Proposals for City Lunatic Asylum Stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller. The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all of the bids, if, in his judgment, the interests of the Corporation require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY,
COMPTROLLER.

City of New York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, August 9, 1869.

PITTSBURGH,

FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO

Railway Company.

OFFICE OF WINSLOW, LANIER & Co.,
TRANSFER AGENTS,
NEW-YORK, Aug. 6, 1869.

The books for the transfer of the stock of this Company will close on

TUESDAY,

THE 10TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1869, AT 2 P. M.,

for the purpose of enabling the persons holding stock at that time to convert the same into the guaranteed stock to be issued in exchange therefor.

The stock to be issued in exchange will be entitled to dividends at the rate of seven per centum per annum, payable quarterly on the Tuesday following the first Monday of January, April, July and October in each year, out of the rental reserved under the lease to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and such dividends will be payable free of the income tax of the United States Government, and of all taxes which may be collected in any manner through or by means of the corporation owning the road, or the corporation leasing the same—the payment of all such taxes being assumed by the lessee.

One hundred and seventy-one shares will be issued in exchange for each one hundred shares of the present stock. Persons entitled to receive the fractional part of a share will receive scrip not entitled to dividends until aggregated.

The fractional part of a share due in exchange being three sevenths of a share on every one hundred shares, will be converted, and the avails included in the cash dividend to be hereafter made out of the surplus assets of the Company when outstanding accounts shall be settled.

The books will be opened for the exchange of stocks on TUESDAY, the 24th day of August, 1869. By order of the Executive Committee.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
TRANSFER AGENTS.

No. 27 Pine street.

A CHOICE SECURITY.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND R.R.

COUPON AND REGISTERED.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Interest SEVEN Per Cent GOLD per annum, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, payable in New-York
January and July.

The road upon which these securities are based is one of first-class importance. It spans the State of New-York from its Metropolis to its northern borders. No public work of greater magnitude or of fairer promise for utility and profit has ever been undertaken in this State.

Its northern terminus is at the City of Oswego, on Lake Ontario. From this point it traverses, in the direction of New-York, the rich and populous counties of Oswego, Oneida, Madison, Cayuga, Onondago, Cortland, Chenango, Otsego, Delaware, Sullivan, Ulster and Orange, where it strikes the borders of New-Jersey, whence it continues under another name and a separate charter obtained from that State, to the City of New-York. The last-named division is now in course of construction. The entire length of the road is upwards of 400 miles.

The road is admirably located for securing a large and profitable business. The northern section of New-Jersey, through which it passes, is one of the most healthful and picturesque regions in the vicinity of New-York. It only needs the additional attraction of the railroad facilities which this line will afford to transform it into a wealthy and populous suburb of the Metropolis; thus securing to that division of the road a large and constantly increasing local business.

The other and main division traverses the entire-length of the great midland counties of New-York, which have been hitherto almost destitute of railroad facilities. These counties are as fertile and productive as any in the State; and as this road will furnish them their much-needed facilities for transportation and travel, it cannot fail to command, throughout its entire length, a large and remunerative local business.

Its advantages for through business, both Northern and Western, are also unsurpassed. It shortens the railroad connections of the City of New-York with Oswego and Canada forty-five miles; and, by means of a branch to Auburn, where it connects with the New York Central, it shortens that connection with Buffalo and the West seventy miles. These are important advantages. Taken in connection with its thorough construction, its easy grades, and its freedom from sharp curves, it cannot fail to compete successfully with any and all other roads for through business. Possessing such superior advantages for commanding both local and through business, and being one of the trunk lines of road starting from the great commercial centre of the Union, there would seem to be no room to doubt that the road will prove to be one of the most remunerative in the country.

Its construction has been undertaken under financial auspices equally favorable. The citizens of the Midland Counties, feeling the urgent need of railroad facilities, have made subscriptions to its capital stock to the amount of six millions of dollars. The larger share of these subscriptions have been made by towns and cities in their corporate capacity, and for which they paid in town and city bonds bearing 7 per cent interest. These bonds being made by law exempt from local and municipal taxation, when held in any county through which the road passes, the Company have found ready sale for them at par and interest whenever they had occasion to use the proceeds, thus rendering the subscriptions for which they were given in payment, equivalent to cash. The Company, therefore, commence its undertaking with a paid-up capital of \$6,000,000, which, it is believed, is a larger capital than any other railroad enterprise in this country has ever been started with.

By express provision of law the towns and cities which have thus subscribed for and now hold a majority of the capital stock of the Company, can never dispose of it, whatever the market price may be, without the consent of a majority of the tax-payers in the respective towns and cities. This virtually may be deemed a perpetual prohibition of sale, whereby the control of the road will remain forever with the farmers and business men residing on its line, who, of all others, are the parties most interested in its success, and thus save it from the hazards of being made a foot-ball of stock operators and speculators.

To provide the balance of the means that may be found requisite to complete and equip the road, the Company has adopted the usual method of issuing bonds secured by a first mortgage on its property. That mortgage has been executed. It conveys to A. A. Low, Geo. Opdyke and Delos De Wolf, in trust, to be held as security for the bondholders, the entire road and its branches, from Oswego to the State line of New-Jersey, together with its equipment, franchise, and all other property of the Company appertaining thereto. It also provides that the issue of bonds shall be strictly limited to \$20,000 per mile of road actually built and in running order.

The Company is prosecuting its work with great energy, and doing it in the most substantial manner. It expects to have one hundred and forty-seven miles of its road finished by the 1st October next, namely, that portion of its main line running from Oswego to Sidney Plains, the point of intersection with the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, together with a branch to New Berlin. Nearly the whole cost of this portion has been defrayed by the stock subscriptions raised along this part of the line. The grading, masonry and bridging of that portion of the line is already about completed, and not less than sixty miles of track laid. The work is also making good progress on other divisions of the road. It is the expectation of the Company, if not retarded by unforeseen obstacles, to have the entire road completed within the ensuing calendar year.

In offering these securities to the public, it is due to the Company to say that, in the preparation of their bonds and the mortgage under which they are issued, they have cheerfully adopted every suggestion that we have deemed essential to render them the most perfect and attractive railroad security on the market. The mortgage provides that, in case of default, for a period of four months, in the payment of interest, the bonds shall become due; and it empowers the trustees, in that event, to take possession of the road and all other property covered in the mortgage, and to use or sell the same for the benefit of the bondholders. This we deem a most important provision, as it avoids all the delays and dangers of litigation in case of default.

The bonds are issued with coupons; but they provide for registration and reconversion into coupon bonds at the option of the holders. Or, if any holder so elect, he may, by surrendering the coupons, convert them into permanent registered bonds.

The bonds are payable in twenty-five years from the 1st of July last. They are payable in gold coin of the United States. They bear gold interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July, free of Government tax.

In view of the \$6,000,000 paid-up capital of the corporation issuing these bonds; the importance of the road and its admirable location for commanding profitable local and through business; its proximity to the City of New-York; its wise protection from the control of stock operators and speculators, the good judgment and energy displayed by those charged with its projection and construction; the valuable provisions contained in the mortgage; the right to convert the bonds from coupon into registered, and to reconvert them; the sound currency in which they are payable, and the high rate of interest they bear—in view of all these assuring facts, we feel amply warranted in commending these bonds as one of the safest and most inviting railroad securities ever offered to the public.

We are authorized for the present to sell them at par and accrued interest in currency. But the Company reserves to itself the right to enhance the price at any time it may elect. For sale by

GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,

NO. 25 NASSAU STREET.

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 9.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1869.

NO. 216.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

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NEW TABLES OF RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.

We publish in this number of the CHRONICLE an entirely new List of Railroad, Canal and Miscellaneous Bonds occupying, in new type, four full pages of the paper. These tables of bonds, prepared with great care and labor, are fuller and more complete than any which have ever been given to the public, and, as much pains will be taken to have them always corrected by the latest information, it is believed that all persons interested in financial matters will justly appreciate their completeness and general accuracy. After the present week, two only of these bond pages will be published in each number, as the great amount of matter requiring insertion in our pages will not admit of the publication of all of them in every issue. The table of Railroad, Canal and Miscellaneous Stocks has also been largely increased and improved, by re-setting in new and smaller type, and will be still more valuable in the future than in the past. A note, explanatory of the abbreviations and other details of the tables, will be found in the Railway Monitor, page 206.

THE USURY PROSECUTIONS.

Judge Cardozo has acted wisely in inflicting a very lenient punishment on the brokers who were convicted on their own confession under the usury laws of this State. We have no sympathy with those who clamored for severity on the ground that by sending to prison for three months some of the richest money-lenders in Wall street, the law would become odious, and would be more certainly repealed at the next session of the Legislature. It is only within the last two years that flagrant violations of this law have been practised in this city. Previously the banks were extremely scrupulous, as were also private lenders, to keep within the strict letter of the statute. The recent combinations to lock up currency and to put the *tourniquet* on the money market have, however, produced so much mischief to general business and have inflicted losses of such magnitude and cruelty on our mercantile and industrial interests, that some prompt remedy had to be applied. The remedy of prosecution under these old usury laws was tried, and was found successful. This result has secured a popular approval for the usury laws which they have never had before, and as every effort to repeal these statutes has failed heretofore, so there is now the more probability that future efforts would fail, even if supported by the odium of severe and rigorous punishments inflicted on persons convicted. Such ill-timed severity would have been objectionable for many reasons. Prominent among them is the notorious fact that the ring-leaders in the conspiracy to lock up money have not been prosecuted and cannot be reached, and that as frequently happens in this class of prosecutions the persons proceeded against are almost exclusively subordinate agents. Moreover, the law has slumbered for more than thirty years, and no conviction we believe has been made under it before. Hence the judicious and moderate forbearance of the court is much approved and meets exactly the great principle of penal legislation, that it is the certainty rather than the severity of punishment which deters from crime.

There is no necessity to conceal the simple questions of fact involved in these proceedings by any general disquisitions as to the causes which govern the rate of interest, and the necessity of leaving untrammelled the great laws of supply and demand, both in the money market and elsewhere. The popular mind discards such refinements of reasoning as inapplicable here. What is patent is that a grave wrong was done to thousands of business men and to the public generally by the manœuvres of a tight money clique as it was called, and that for this wrong a remedy was found—an effective remedy—in the prosecutions for usury. As the trouble was stopped by these prosecutions, so the people will be likely to insist that the statutes whose enforcement has seemed to confer a public service shall be maintained in force,

or at least shall not be repealed until some safeguard of equal efficacy can be substituted.

Such, we say, is the popular view of this affair. And hostile as we are to any unnecessary interference by governmental authority with the free movements of business, we cannot wonder at the turn which the popular sentiment has taken. For our financial machinery is so wanting in elasticity, so liable to spasms and jerks, so sensitive to slight disturbances and interruptions, that we have lately seen a shrewd clique, who can control but 10 or 12 millions of dollars, throw the whole money market into confusion. And until this needful elasticity and strength can be imparted to our monetary machinery, the people will be sure to look with favor to any expedients—and even to such expedients as usury laws—if thereby protection can be had from such mischiefs and widespread calamities as have been caused by the monetary stringency and financial spasms of the last few months.

The great lesson, then, we should learn from the usury prosecutions and from the popular approval that they have secured is, that there is a pressing need for such elasticity in the currency, that artificial monetary stringency shall not be under the control and at the bidding of any band of speculators who may choose to club their means together to produce trouble. When the money market is strengthened against these sinister influences, the people will feel safe and they will be less likely to look to usury prosecutions to protect them.

But how, it has been asked, is this elasticity to be given. Mr. Boutwell has answered this question by his recent purchases of bonds for the sinking fund. By them he has returned to the channels of business, all the currency received into the Treasury vaults, and has prevented any undue depletion of the circulating current. This policy, however, gives only a temporary relief. The receipts for taxes will now fall off. In September and October Mr. Boutwell will have very little currency to spare for the buying of bonds. And yet, in these months, the circulating current will be depleted by a drain of 50 or 60 millions of currency to move the crops in the interior, and especially in the West and South. How will the vacuum be filled up? How shall we avoid financial trouble in consequence of the depletion? Such are the questions which are every day forcing themselves more and more on thoughtful men. The CHRONICLE has several times of late discussed these questions and suggested a solution of the difficulty. Whatever course may eventually be adopted, one thing may be taken for granted that, under no circumstances, and as a remedy for no present trouble or threatening danger, will the country submit to have the currency inflated by any further issues of paper money, either in the form of greenbacks or of bank notes. In a pressing emergency, our people may be glad to see mischief prevented and wrong undone by such exceptionable proceedings as prosecutions for usury, but they will never cease to detest and prohibit further issues of paper money as a remedy worse than the evil it might be designed to cure.

RAILROAD EARNINGS FOR JULY AND SINCE JANUARY 1.

The earnings of the several important lines of railroad which report their monthly traffic, have now been obtained, and are published in our usual tabular form below. It is much to be regretted that so few companies furnish to their own stockholders, who are indeed the actual owners of the property, a statement of the monthly earnings of the roads, since the *bona fide* value of the shares which they hold, depends from time to time, almost entirely upon the condition of the traffic. It is hardly possible to suggest a single remedy, which would be more effective in preventing the

gross and dishonorable speculations in railroad stocks by directors and their friends, to the injury of innocent stockholders, than the passage of a law or Stock Exchange rule, requiring every company, whose shares are sold at the board, to have a monthly report of expenses and earnings recorded where stockholders could examine it at their pleasure. The tendency of legislation is now in this direction, and within a few years it is more than probable that such laws will be made.

There are several points worthy of attention in regard to the July earnings. The Chicago and Alton road shows a considerable decrease from the earnings of July, 1868, as in the month the additional mileage from the leased line (150 miles) was added, and the comparison for the previous months of the current year having been made with the earnings of a shorter line, has naturally shown a very large apparent increase.

The earnings of the consolidated "Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway" are given now for the first time, and show an increase of about \$40,000 over the earnings of the constituent roads in 1868:

The earnings for July are as follows:

	1869.	1868.	Inc.	Dec.
*Chicago & Alton.....	\$353,736	\$404,012	\$.....	\$50,276
Chicago & Northwestern.....	1,167,155	1,091,466	75,689	.....
†Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.....	440,303	341,885	98,418	.....
‡Illinois Central.....	661,793	549,714	112,079	.....
Marletta & Cincinnati.....	109,502	108,413	1,089	.....
Michigan Central.....	329,950	321,013	8,937	.....
§Lake Shore & Michigan Southern.....	737,045	686,934	40,111	.....
Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	586,842	423,897	162,945	.....
Ohio & Mississippi.....	192,364	194,455	.....	2,091
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute.....	129,761	143,986	.....	14,225
Toledo, Wabash & Western.....	310,800	283,833	26,967	.....
Total.....	\$5,008,743	\$4,549,108	\$526,242	\$66,592

* The comparison now includes, for the first time, the same mileage as in 1868.
 † Mileage greater than last year.
 ‡ Includes Dubuque and Sioux City leased line.
 § The earnings of consolidated lines now first reported.

The total earnings from January 1 to July 31, for the current and last previous years were as follows:

	1869.	1868.	Inc.	Dec.
Chicago & Alton.....	\$2,460,362	\$2,189,830	\$271,032	.....
Chicago & Northwestern.....	7,635,481	6,942,963	692,518	.....
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific..	2,770,409	2,229,464	540,945	.....
Illinois Central.....	4,429,374	3,835,366	544,008	.....
Marletta & Cincinnati.....	747,444	674,396	73,048	.....
Michigan Central.....	2,608,315	2,406,582	201,733	.....
*Lake Shore & Michigan Southern	3,251,310	2,982,870	268,440	.....
Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	3,562,339	2,907,657	654,682	.....
Ohio & Mississippi.....	1,466,553	1,577,534	.....	\$110,981
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute..	1,049,547	980,473	69,069	.....
Toledo, Wabash & Western.....	2,186,034	1,926,178	259,906	.....
Total.....	\$32,167,218	\$28,702,818	\$3,575,881	\$110,981

* Includes the consolidated lines for July, and Michigan Southern previously

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

From the last monthly report of the Bureau of Statistics we compile the following statement of the imports and exports of the United States for the first eleven months of the fiscal year 1868-9. The imports are of course invariably entered in specie value, and, in order to facilitate comparison, the official statistician has reduced the exports of produce, which are entered in currency value, to gold value also:

IMPORTS FOR ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING, MAY 31, 1869.

1868.	Merchan- dise.	Gold and silver	Aggregate.
July.....	\$35,332,154	\$467,762	\$35,849,916
August.....	83,218,621	1,321,176	34,539,797
September.....	33,038,070	1,438,705	34,526,775
October.....	31,259,236	1,038,309	32,297,545
November.....	27,795,886	1,107,664	29,903,550
December.....	21,116,534	883,643	21,999,176
1869.			
January.....	29,610,742	501,892	30,112,634
February.....	32,586,085	2,587,641	35,173,726
March.....	47,323,592	2,988,123	50,211,720
April.....	47,096,943	5,142,491	52,239,434
May.....	40,901,782	638,702	41,540,084
Total.....	\$379,279,245	\$18,115,112	\$397,394,357

EXPORTS DOMESTIC PRODUCE AND SPECIE FOR ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING MAY 31, 1869, (PRODUCE REDUCED TO GOLD VALUE.)

1868.	Specie.	Produce and Merchandise.	Aggregate.
July.....	\$10,405,259	\$18,341,095	\$28,746,354
August.....	1,647,301	15,102,393	19,749,787
September.....	2,678,849	15,062,952	17,741,801
October.....	2,066,450	20,397,989	22,454,419
November.....	1,811,809	27,053,986	28,865,795
December.....	2,391,258	31,310,692	33,701,950

1869.			
January	4,695,691	22,912,561	27,608,252
February	3,768,061	26,304,333	30,072,394
March	1,824,773	22,864,874	24,689,647
April	1,394,842	31,156,015	32,550,857
May	3,057,895	26,167,529	29,225,424
Total	\$38,732,278	\$251,674,402	\$290,406,680

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN PRODUCTS AND SPECIE, FOR ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING MAY 31, 1869.

	Merchan-	Gold and	Aggregate.
	dise.	Silver.	
1868.			
July	\$786,178	\$854,492	\$1,640,670
August	781,712	973,973	1,755,685
September	1,097,488	422,554	1,520,042
October	931,843	626,535	1,558,378
November	740,519	293,288	1,033,807
December	737,855	904,852	1,642,707
1869.			
January	677,269	558,112	1,235,381
February	511,992	1,715,548	2,227,540
March	950,973	2,359,175	3,310,148
April	1,211,575	1,768,862	2,980,437
May	1,185,225	2,110,684	3,295,909
Total	\$9,612,629	\$12,588,075	\$22,200,704

RECAPITULATION.

Total imports eleven months	\$397,394,357
Exports domestic produce and produce and specie eleven months	\$290,406,680
Exports foreign produce and specie eleven months	22,200,704
Total exports eleven months	\$312,607,384
Excess of imports	\$84,786,973

The result of the eleven months' trade is a balance against the country of \$84,786,973, upon the purely commercial exchanges.

Since the above was written we have received by telegraph the figures for June, the last month of the year. They are not, however, furnished in sufficient detail to classify them, as is done for the eleven months in the foregoing tables. Copies of the printed report will probably be ready in about two weeks. The total statement for the twelve months is given by telegraph as follows:

	Imports.	Gold Values Exports.	Re-exports.
For the year ending June 30, 1869.	\$137,026,541	\$18,103,765	\$25,130,167

From the foregoing it will be seen that our imports during the year exceed our exports and re-exports combined by \$93,792,609.

CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks for the week ending August 12, 1869. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

LOCATION.	NAME OF BANK.	REDEEMING AGENT.
Pennsylvania, Pittsburg	The Third National Bank	The Ninth National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Tenth National Bank of New York.
Ohio, Sidney	The First National Bank	The National Park Bank of New York, approved in place of The Tenth National Bank of New York.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JULY 30.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	11.19% @ 12.0%	July 30.	short.	11.96 @ —
Antwerp	3 months.	25.37% @ 25.42%	"	short.	25.20 @ —
Hamburg	"	13.11 @ 13.11%	"	short.	13.9% @ —
Paris	"	25.32% @ 25.37%	"	short.	25.18 @ —
Paris	short.	25.15 @ 25.22%	"	"	"
Vienna	3 months.	12.72% @ 12.77%	"	3 mos.	125.40
Berlin	"	6.27% @ 6.28	"	3 mos.	6.23%
Frankfort	"	1.21 @ 1.21%	"	short	120.25
Cadiz	"	49 @ 49%	July 16.	90 days.	50.25
Lisbon	90 days.	52 @ 52%	July 17.	90 days.	53%
Milan	3 months.	25.27% @ 26.32%	"	"	"
Genoa	"	" @ "	"	"	"
Naples	"	" @ "	"	"	"
New York	"	"	July 30.	60 days.	110%
Jamaica	"	"	June 24.	90 days.	3/4 p. c. pm.
Havana	"	"	July 30	60 days.	14 1/2 p. c. pm.
Rio de Janeiro	"	"	June 30	"	18%
Bahia	"	"	June 12.	"	18%
Valparaiso	"	"	June 2.	"	46
Pernambuco	"	"	June 14.	"	18%
Singapore	60 days.	4s 4d	July 1.	6 mos.	4s. 6 3/4 d. @ —
Hong Kong	"	4s 4d	June 24.	"	4s. 6 3/4 d. @ —
Ceylon	"	1 p. c. dis.	June 12.	"	3/4 p. c. dis
Bombay	"	1s 11 1/2 d @	July 20.	"	1s. 11 9-16 d.
Madras	"	1s 11 1/2 d @	June 16.	"	1s 1 1/2 d.
Calcutta	"	1s 11 1/2 d @	July 21.	"	1s 1 1/2 d.
Sydney	30 days.	1/2 p. c. dis.	may 19.	30 days.	1 p. c. pm.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, July 31, 1869.

Cotton has now remained so dear for so long a period, and the

market still exhibits such strength, that it is by no means surprising if the people of Lancashire should begin to agitate means for increasing the production of this important staple. A meeting of gentlemen interested in the cotton trade and also in the development of India, has been held this week, and has been influentially attended. The following gentlemen represented the Cotton Supply Association, by whom the meeting had been convened: Messrs. Edmund Ashworth, William Armitage, E. C. Howard, Joseph Leese, J. H. Cheetham, Edward Walmsley, and Isaac Watts (Secretary.) Among those present were the following members of Parliament: Messrs. T. Bazley, Jacob Bright, Mellor, Birley, Chamberlayne, Starkie, Denison, Tipping, Whitwell, J. T. Hibbert, Cawley, J. M. Holt, Charley, Graves, R. N. Phillips, J. B. Smith; also Mr. Rees and Colonel Kennedy. Mr. E. Ashworth, who occupied the chair, stated that the Association had convened the meeting for the purpose of taking the opinion of the cotton interests as to the best means of promoting an early increase in the growth of cotton. He regretted to find that, from the reports of persons who had visited America, there was no prospect of more than three million bales this year, and for several years to come. Besides, it was to be taken into account that America herself had largely extended her consumption of cotton, and therefore Lancashire must look to other sources of supply. He regretted to say that Brazil and the other States of South America were a disappointment with regard to the production of cotton, while Egypt and Turkey were not to be relied upon. India, therefore, appeared to be the sole quarter to which we could look for cotton to keep our mills going, in addition to the supplies we could depend upon from the United States. After all the exertions of the Association during the last few years, the supply of cotton from India had fallen from a maximum of 1,800,000 to 1,500,000 bales, and it was found that the yield of produce per acre was very much less than in the United States. This was attributed to the custom which prevailed in India of burning animal manure for fuel, and thus depriving the soil of its nutriment. Hence cotton was produced in India from a very impoverished soil and under a burning sun. It was believed that if the Indian Government would establish an Agricultural Board with corresponding appliances, the supply of cotton would be increased in a very short period. Mr. Chamberlayne Starkie, M. P., said he was very forcibly impressed with the conviction that Lancashire must look elsewhere than to America for cotton. After alluding to the increased production of goods in the United States, he moved the first resolution, as follows:

That this meeting, viewing with satisfaction the statement made by the Duke of Argyll, in the House of Lords on Friday last, of the intention of the Government of India to undertake the extension of the railway system, as well as of other public works of a remunerative character in that country, is of opinion that the outlay proposed is too small to obtain as early a completion of the works of greatest urgency as is desirable, and that £10,000,000 a year at least will be needed adequately to meet the requirements necessary for the agricultural development of the country; and further recommends that the short lines of railway should have the precedence, which would facilitate the export of cotton and other fibres so much required by the manufacturers of this country.

Mr. Graves, M. P., seconded the resolution and it was agreed to. Mr. J. B. Smith, M. P., proposed the second resolution. He dwelt on the importance of irrigation works and on the benefit that they had already produced on the country. The resolution was as follows:

"That for the purpose of promoting the more rapid development of the resources of India, a country hitherto to a great extent devoid of roads and means of communication, it is highly important that boards of agriculture should be established in each presidency, with a view to the introduction of improved methods of cultivation (including ploughs and other implements), the proper selection of seeds, and the use of fertilizers, found so advantageous in England and America, as well as for the purpose of obtaining statistical returns; and this meeting desires earnestly to recommend to the government the early establishment of such boards."

The third resolution was to the effect that the Indian Council should include an adequate representation of the interests of British and Indian trade, and should consist of gentlemen practically acquainted with the trade of the two countries. Now that money is so cheap, the question of railways, irrigation works and cotton-growing in India seems likely to engage much of our attention. Lancashire has become wearied of unfulfilled promises, and as much earnestness was exhibited by the speakers at the meeting on Thursday, some efforts may be made for giving an impetus to the production of cotton in the East.

Trade remains extremely quiet, but prices are mostly firm. The position of the cotton trade is unchanged. The visible supply is diminishing and the value of all descriptions of produce is very firmly maintained. The following is a report from Manchester respecting the condition of trade in that city:

Notwithstanding the small business which has been going on throughout the week, and the feeling of disappointment which arose among producers on Tuesday, owing to their anticipations not being fulfilled, prices have remained quite firm, and sellers have persistently declined to give way and make concessions, even when downright offers have been made to them within a trifle of the prices which they have been asking. This firm feeling has rather increased to-day than otherwise, although the market has been without animation, and only a moderate business has been done. No doubt this firm tone lasting throughout the week, with only so insignificant a business going on, has been the consequence of the large transactions, which took place during the latter portion of last week, which has enabled producers to dispense with business for a few days, and there has been a sufficient number of small orders given out to assist in maintaining quotations. To-day, however, additional strength has been given to producers by the weekly statement of the cotton market, which shows a larger reduction in stock than had been anticipated. Some

surprise was caused by this return declaring the sales of the week to have been fully 100,000 bales, whereas the aggregate of the daily sales only amounts to 70,000 bales. If the present statement is correct, the stock in Liverpool is now only 315,000 bales, and, considering the lateness of the season in America, it is not to be wondered at that consumers are disposed to feel the gravity of the situation. Hitherto buyers have shown no disposition to follow prices higher than they are, so that probably a curtailment of the production will again arise from sheer necessity.

The merchants have decided on commencing the next series of colonial wool sales on Thursday, the 12th of August. The arrivals are considerable, and it is expected that about 215,000 bales will be brought forward. The following arrivals have already taken place: New South Wales and Queensland, 30,519 bales; Victorian, 38,731 bales; Tasmanian, 7,432 bales; South Australian, 12,839 bales; West Australian, 544 bales; New Zealand, 38,038 bales; Cape, 23,240 bales. Total, 151,343 bales. The trade in wool has somewhat improved during the last few weeks, and much less depression is apparent in the quotations.

The iron trade is without important variation. Railway iron is still in request, and, as there is the prospect of a rapid development of railways in many of the more advanced countries of the world, it is probable that this branch of our commerce will be active for years to come.

The Board of Trade returns for June, and the six months ending June 30, have been published this week. They still show that, in spite of all the assertions to the contrary, our trade is increasing, and that foreign countries are buying much more freely of us. For several years past much discredit has been attached to the official statement, both on account of the incorrectness as well as the lateness of the details. There is no doubt, however, that to acquire a true account of the extent of the various branches of our trade is a work of difficulty. Such statements must always be open to criticism; but, from a want of energy at the Board of Trade, the details are very frequently several weeks behind hand. Now that Mr. Bright is President of the Board perhaps he will throw some of his own energy into the department, and will endeavor to produce a statement more accurate and at an earlier period. According to the statement before us, the declared value of our exports in June was £16,740,645, against £13,933,054 last year, and £15,490,091 in 1867. In the six months it amounted to £9,485,265, against £84,601,157 and £87,613,484.

The trade for wheat has been very quiet, and, as the weather has been fine, no disposition has been evinced to purchase at higher prices. At present, however, there is no appearance of giving way, the impression being that the crop will be below an average. Harvest work has now been commenced in forward districts, and towards the close of next week it is expected that it will be pretty general. On Wednesday a steady four hours' rain fell throughout the southern counties, which will be of material value to the grass and roots. Taken as a whole, it may be asserted that the agricultural prospect is encouraging. Annexed is the statement of imports and exports for the season:

	WHEAT.		FLOUR.	
	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sept. 1 to July 25	33,086,237	24,043,769	649,682	144,410
Sept. 1 to July 25	2,973,203	2,270,019	46,508	32,063

The following were the average prices of English wheat, barley and oats in England and Wales for last week, compared with the four previous years:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.	1865.
Wheat	50 11	62 9	65 8	52 0	42 10
Barley	30 3	35 8	35 8	33 10	28 6
Oats	27 3	31 4	28 8	27 1	24 0

Harvest work is now in progress, and a few rubbed-out samples of wheat are expected at market on Monday; but supplies of any importance cannot be looked for for three weeks or a month. The weather is pleasant in the extreme, especially for holiday making. Rather a strong breeze has been blowing during the last two or three days from the southwest, which may bring up rain before the crops are harvested.

The money market has been very quiet. The commercial requirements seem to be few, owing to the absence of speculation; and the large financial houses appear to be comparatively light borrowers at the present time. We are, however, at a sluggish period of the year; but several new loans are in contemplation, and they will probably be brought forward towards the latter end of August. Our own and the Indian Government will require large sums of money before long. For instance, the telegraph companies will have to be purchased at a cost of about £7,000,000, and the Indian Council propose to come forward for a loan of £8,000,000 for, I believe, railway purposes in India. The loan will, it is said, be in a four per cent stock at par. And then there are the long talked of Turkish and Portuguese loans, which, however, meet with less probability of success now that the British and Indian Governments require pecuniary aid from the country. The following are the present quotations for money:

	1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Bank minimum	2	3	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
Open-market rates:			1 1/2 @ 1 1/2	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
30 and 60 days' bills	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2	2	3 @ 3 1/2
8 months, bills	1 1/2 @	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2		

The rates of interest allowed by the joint stock banks and discount houses are:

	'68.	'69.		'68.	'69.
Joint stock banks	1	2	Disc't houses, 7 days notice	1 1/2	2 1/2
Discount houses, at call	1	2	do	1 1/2	2 1/2

On the continent money remains extremely quiet. The changes during the week have been unimportant. At the leading cities the quotations are:

	-B'k rate-		-Op. m'kt-			-B'k rate-		-Op. m'kt-	
	1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.		1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.
At Paris	2 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2	2 1/2	Turin	5	5		
Vienna	4	4	4	4	Brussels	2 1/2	2 1/2	3	3
Berlin	4	4	2 1/2	3	Madrid	5			
Frankfort	2 1/2	3 1/2	1 1/2	2	Hamburg			1 1/2	3 1/2
Amst'rd'm	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2	3	St. Pet'g.	7	4 1/2	6 1/2	4 1/2

Owing to the declining quotations for money, the rates of foreign exchange are again rather less favorable to this country.

Further supplies of gold have been sent into the Band; and as a considerable supply is now on passage to this country from New York further additions will be made to the stock of bullion held on this side. The following are the prices of bullion:

GOLD		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Gold	per oz. standard.	77	9	@	--
do fine	do last price.	77	9	@	--
do Refinable	do last price.	77	11	@	--
Spanish Doubloons	per oz.	76	6	@	77 0
South American Doubloons	do nominal.	73	9	@	74 0
United States gold coin	do	76	2 1/2	@	--

SILVER.		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Silver Fine	per oz. standard nearest.	5	0 1/2	@	--
do do containing 5 grs. gold.	do	5	0 1/2	@	--
Fine Cake Silver	per oz.	5	5	@	--
Mexican Dollars	per oz.	5	0	@	--
Spanish Dollars (Carolus)	per oz.	--	--	none here.	
Five franc pieces	do	4	11 1/2	@	4 11 1/2

Quicksilver £6 17s. per bottle; discount 3 per cent.

In the Stock Exchange prices have been rather firm. In Consols there has not been much movement, but foreign government securities have commanded a fair degree of attention. United States Five-Twenty bonds are about the leading feature, rather an important rise having taken place since the close of last week. The following were the highest and lowest prices of Consols and of the leading American securities on each day of the week:

	July 31.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'ay.	Thu'ay.	Fri'ay.	Sat'day.
Consols	93 -93 1/2	93 -93 1/2	92 3/4 -93 1/2	93 -93 1/2	93 -93 1/2	93 -93 1/2	93 -93 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1882	82 1/2 -82 3/4	81 1/2 -82 1/2	82 1/2 -82 3/4	82 1/2 -82 3/4	83 1/2 -83 3/4	83 1/2 -83 3/4	83 1/2 -83 3/4
U. S. 5-20's, 1884	80 -82	81 -81 1/2	80 -82	80 -82	80 -82	80 -82	80 -82
U. S. 5-20's, 1885	81 1/2 -81 3/4	80 3/4 -81	81 1/2 -81 3/4	81 1/2 -81 3/4	82 -82 1/2	82 1/2 -82 3/4	82 1/2 -82 3/4
U. S. 5-20's, 1887	80 -80 1/2	79 1/2 -80	80 1/2 -80	80 1/2 -80	81 1/2 -81 3/4	81 1/2 -81 3/4	81 1/2 -81 3/4
U. S. 10-40's, 1904	74 -74 1/2	73 1/2 -74	74 1/2 -74	74 1/2 -74	74 1/2 -75	75 1/2 -76	75 1/2 -76
Atlantic & G't West.							
consol'd mort. b'ds	22 -22 1/2	22 1/2 -22 3/4	22 1/2 -23	23	23 1/2 -23 3/4	23 1/2 -23 3/4	23 1/2 -23 3/4
Erie Shares (\$100)	18 1/2 -19	18 1/2 -19	18 1/2 -19 1/2	18 1/2 -19	19 1/2 -19 3/4	19 1/2 -19 3/4	19 1/2 -19 3/4
Illinois shares (\$100)	94 -94 1/2	93 1/2 -94	94 -94 1/2	93 1/2 -94 1/2	94 1/2 -95	94 -95	94 -95

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average price of English wheat, the price of Middling Upland cotton and of No. 40 mule yarn, fair second quality, compared with the four previous years:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
	£	£	£	£	£
Circulation, including—					
Bank post bills	22,203,757	26,236,488	24,673,139	24,827,273	23,547,375
Public deposits	5,211,377	3,189,580	4,898,151	3,499,374	4,270,881
Other deposits	14,651,727	17,738,851	20,593,817	21,454,051	19,608,730
Government securities	10,384,209	10,128,123	12,820,773	14,614,394	15,322,924
Other securities	21,669,818	26,567,368	17,322,457	16,070,304	15,195,568
Reserve	6,461,318	3,273,390	13,743,493	12,638,846	10,738,820
Coin and bullion	14,457,648	13,791,340	22,926,458	21,964,651	20,821,193
Bank rate	4 p. c.	10 p. c.	2 p. c.	2 p. c.	3 p. c.
Consols	89 1/2	87 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	93 1/2
Price of wheat	42s. 10d.	52s. 0d.	65s. 8d.	62s. 9d.	50s. 11d.
Mid. Upland cotton	19d.	14d.	10 1/2d.	9 1/2d.	12 1/2d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality	1s. 10d.	1s. 9d.	1s. 5d.	1s. 1 1/2d.	1s. 4 1/2d.

In the House of Commons last night the Postmaster-General, in reference to ocean postage, said that no negotiations had been entered into with the United States, but since the resolution come to by the House he had given the most careful consideration to the subject, and as soon as the state of public business would permit, he would bring the matter under the consideration of the Government. It was a very large and important question, because a reduction of the postage to 3d. would entail a loss to the revenue of between £40,000 and £45,000 a year. The object to be attained might be desirable, but such a loss ought not lightly to be incurred. (Hear.) Nor would this be the extent of the loss, because some modification of our postal system with Canada would be required, and it was probable we might be called upon by the Canadian Government to pay a considerable sum towards the loss inflicted upon the Canadian revenue by these arrangements. The demand would not stop there, because similar claims to reduction might be expected to be made by Australia and India. Before this reduction was sanctioned by the Government, and before

negotiations were entered into with the United States, the whole subject must be looked at, and the Government would have to face a very considerable sacrifice of revenue. It would not, however, be necessary to enter into negotiations until a period had arrived more nearly approaching the beginning of next year.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols have ruled at slightly lower figures, closing at 92½ for money and 92½ for the account. United States Five-Twenty bonds at London and Frankfurt ruled quiet but steady throughout the week. Railway securities have also been quiet, Atlantic and Great Western showing a little firmness towards the close.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
Consols for money.....	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
“ for account.....	93-½	93	93	93	93	92½
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862..	83½	83½	83½	83½	83½	83½
Illinois Central shares..	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
Erie Railway shares ..	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½
Atl. & G. W. (consols)..	24½	24½	24½	24½	24½	25½

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfurt were—
Frankfort 88½ 88½ 88½ 88½

Liverpool Cotton Market.—See special report of cotton.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Breadstuffs have experienced an active week, with a material advance established in the rates. The total receipts of wheat for the last six days have reached 60,000 bushels, of which 30,060 were American. The market closes firm throughout.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
Flour, (Western).... p. bbl	24 0	25 0	25 0	25 0	25 0	25 0
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. cbl	9 8	10 1	10 2	10 2	10 2	10 3
“ (California white) “	10 10	11 1	11 3	11 3	11 3	11 3
Corn (W. m. x' d) p. 480 lbs n'w	28 6	29 0	29 6	30 0	30 0	30 0
“ old .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Barley (Canadian), per bush	....	....	....	....	....	....
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6
Peas.. (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	41 0	41 0	42 0	42 0	42 0	43 0

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Lard on Thursday became suddenly excited and the price rapidly advanced to 75s 6d, but to-day receded 6d, closing at 75s. Pork is now quoted at 102s 6d per tierce of 804 lbs. Bacon has advanced to 63s, and Cheese to 62s. Beef is unchanged.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	101 6	101 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 6
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	62 0	62 0	63 0	63 0	63 0	63 0
Lard (American) “ “	70 6	70 6	71 0	72 0	75 6	75 0
Cheese (fine) “ “	62 6	62 0	62 0	62 0	62 0	62 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—The different articles under this head have shared in the generally better feeling that has seemed to pervade the whole of the Liverpool markets the past week. Common Rosin has advanced 3d, fine Rosin 1s, and Refined Petroleum 1d. Other articles, though unchanged, are firmer, with the exception of Linseed Oil, which is 10s per ton lower.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	5 0	5 3	5 8	5 3	5 3	5 3
do Fine Pale.	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Sp turpentine.....	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6
Petroleum (std white) p. 3 lbs.	1 7	1 7½	1 7½	1 8	1 8	1 8
“ spirits..... per 8 lbs	0 7½	0 7½	0 7½	0 7½	0 7½	0 7½
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	47 0	47 0	47 0	47 0	47 0	47 0
Clover seed .....	....	....	....	....	....	....

London Produce and Oil Markets.—Linseed cakes have advanced 2s to £10 67s per ton. Sugar has ruled dull and depressed, closing at 39s 6d on the spot for No 12 Dutch Standard. Sperm Oil is £1 lower. Calcutta Linseed and Whale Oil unchanged.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
Linseed cake (obl) p. tn. £10 07 0	£10 07 0	£10 07 0	£10 07 0	£10 07 0	£10 07 0	£10 07 0
Linseed (Calcutta) .. 0 61 9	0 61 9	0 61 9	0 61 9	0 61 9	0 61 9	0 61 9
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) per 112 lb.....	39 9	39 9	39 9	39 6	39 6	39 6
Sperm oil.....	91 0 0	91 0 0	91 0 0	91 0 0	91 0 0	91 0 0
Whale oil.....	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week are about the same in dry goods, but show a considerable decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$5,208,241, against \$5,807,512 last week, and \$5,128,494 the previous week. The exports are \$3,727,514 this week, against \$3,934,358 last week, and \$4,544,557 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 2,577 bales, against 1,169 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) August 6, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) August 7:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Dry goods.....	\$2,267,108	\$2,933,148	\$2,534,163	\$2,655,923
General merchandise..	2,291,031	3,044,506	3,511,930	2,592,313
Total for the week....	\$4,558,139	\$5,977,654	\$6,046,093	\$5,208,241
Previously reported....	182,404,662	149,883,106	145,173,534	134,399,151
Since Jan. 1.....	\$186,962,801	\$155,865,760	\$151,219,627	\$189,607,392

In our report of the dry-goodstrade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending August 10:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
For the week.....	\$2,592,151	\$3,923,544	\$3,203,312	\$3,727,514
Previously reported....	122,426,928	112,531,344	99,079,580	108,890,473
Since Jan 1.....	\$125,019,079	\$116,463,388	\$102,288,592	\$112,617,987

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.
Great Britain.....	\$59,463,170	\$51,198,606
France.....	4,257,302	4,920,179
Holland and Belgium..	3,281,752	3,188,241
Germany.....	12,193,689	9,531,905
Other Northern Europe..	2,840,733	1,075,983
Spain.....	1,650,739	1,462,992
Other Southern Europe..	3,999,791	3,454,722
East Indies.....	49,163	73,953
China and Japan.....	1,983,279	2,110,834
Australia.....	1,473,917	1,657,322
British N A Colonies.....	2,544,587	2,701,164
Cuba.....	2,994,939	4,203,397
Hayti.....	705,190	1,176,215
Other West Indies.....	4,936,829	5,195,456
Mexico.....	913,592	1,126,276
New Granada.....	1,669,601	2,141,246
Venezuela.....	378,746	401,803
British Guiana.....	839,534	905,652
Brazil.....	2,009,632	1,900,013
Other S. American ports..	2,723,500	2,437,698
All other ports.....	1,587,717	800,694

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending August 7, 1869:

Date	Exports of Specie	Total
Aug. 3—St. Germania, London—	Mexican dollars... \$11,745	
	Mexican gold..... 700	
“ 3—St. Germania, Hamburg—	Silver bars..... 21,063	
“ 3—St. Germania, Paris—	Silver Bars..... 16,907	
“ 4—St. China, Liverpool—	American gold... 500,000	
	British silver.... 973	
“ 5—St. Donau, London—	American gold... 12,500	
“ 5—St. Donau, Bremen—	Foreign silver.... 1,200	
Aug. 5—St. Eagle, Havana—	Spanish doubloons 19,200	
	American silver .. 7,400	
“ 7—St. Denmark, Liverpool—	Gold bars..... 250,000	
“ 7—St. Ville de Paris, Havre—	Gold bars..... 219,030	
	Silver bars..... 1,800	
	Foreign coin..... 3,500	
“ 7—St. City of Washington, Liverpool—	American gold... 400,000	
	Silver bars..... 29,684	
	British gold..... 14,640	
Total for the week.....		\$1,510,342
Previously reported.....		21,926,506
Total since Jan. 1, 1869.....		\$23,436,848

Sametime in	1868.	1859.
1868.....	\$62,584,639	\$45,901,579
1867.....	38,674,712	18,558,448
1866.....	51,977,146	20,147,089
1865.....	18,972,016	22,403,863
1864.....	31,531,444	20,842,291
1863.....	26,373,491	21,590,576
1862.....	36,135,500	13,418,533
1861.....	3,261,058	1852.....
1860.....	30,372,482	15,896,887

The imports of specie at this port during the past week have been as follows:

Date	Imports of Specie	Total
Aug. 2—St. Alaska, Aspinwall—	Gold..... \$2,513	
“ 2—Brig Aglaia, Savani la—	Gold..... 763	
Aug. 7—St. Cleopatra, Vera Cruz—	Gold..... 600	
	Silver..... 13,800	
Total for the week.....		\$17,606
Previously reported.....		9,767,172
Total since January 1, 1869.....		\$9,784,778
Same time 1868.....		4,264,012
Same time 1867.....		1,289,596

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom House.

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
April 3.....	342,744,900	32,423,350	375,168,650
“ 10.....	342,793,300	30,375,350	373,673,650
“ 17.....	342,691,800	30,553,350	373,252,150
“ 24.....	342,691,800	30,455,350	373,149,150
May 1.....	342,736,800	30,255,350	372,992,150
“ 8.....	342,749,800	30,155,350	372,905,156
“ 15.....	342,747,496	30,055,350	372,802,846
“ 22.....	342,807,800	29,390,350	372,198,150
“ 29.....	.....	.....	.....
June 5.....	342,891,200	28,786,350	371,677,550
“ 12.....	342,891,200	28,316,350	371,207,550
“ 19.....	342,832,200	27,538,350	370,421,050
“ 26.....	342,892,600	26,144,350	369,036,950
July 3.....	342,918,600	24,907,350	367,825,950
“ 10.....	342,871,100	23,764,350	366,635,600
“ 17.....	342,873,100	22,709,350	364,782,600
“ 24.....	342,915,700	22,244,350	365,160,200
“ 31.....	343,307,200	21,504,350	364,811,700
Aug. 7.....	345,054,900	20,909,350	365,964,400

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), in return for bills destroyed and mutilated bills returned (weekly and aggregate), with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued for red'd.		Mutilated notes burned.		Notes in Circulation
	Current week.	Aggregate.	Current week.	Aggregate.	
June 5.....	199,820	13,662,038	123,000	13,870,327	299,842,182
" 12.....	97,190	13,861,858	160,200	14,163,527	299,743,034
" 19.....	260,950	13,859,048	187,350	14,290,877	299,858,694
" 26.....	124,000	14,343,948	176,250	14,467,127	299,793,445
July 3.....	120,410	14,464,378	177,250	14,644,377	299,749,605
" 10.....	132,592	14,596,948	101,700	14,746,077	299,780,495
" 17.....	128,400	14,596,948	75,530	14,746,077	299,809,295
" 24.....	75,440	14,800,848	204,537	15,026,144	299,679,048
" 31.....	219,640	15,020,488	115,200	15,141,394	299,782,810
Aug. 7.....	105,540	15,126,028	141,200	15,282,594	299,746,751

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroyed
April 3.....	495,000	295,208	574,780
" 10.....	476,280	406,000	536,600
" 17.....	228,000	503,150	500,900
" 24.....	None	571,900	607,000
May 1.....	None	320,188	438,900
" 8.....	None	296,800	656,500
" 15.....	None	634,496	354,200
" 22.....	None	431,860	278,700
" 29.....	None	117,576	390,400
June 5.....	None	230,669	282,421
" 12.....	None	95,100	294,000
" 19.....	None	183,990	305,880
" 26.....	None	144,100	313,600
July 3.....	None	108,146	293,886
" 10.....	126,000	198,270	200,200
" 17.....	190,000	92,626	343,816
" 24.....	113,600	213,824	.....

A NEW LOAN.—Much has been heard during the past year or two of the New York and Oswego Midland Railroad, and its progress through the central counties of the State, although no bonds of the Company have been placed upon the market, after the usual manner of new railroads. It may not have been known to the public generally that this important line of road, forming a direct through route from Lake Ontario to New York city, through some of the richest agricultural sections of the State, has been built for 147 miles almost entirely with the money contributed to its capital stock by the towns and counties on the line of its route. By October 1, 1869, it is expected that trains will be running on the road from Oswego to Sidney Plains, the point of intersection with the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, a distance of 147 miles, as stated above. The total subscriptions to the capital stock of the Company, by towns and counties, amounts to \$6,000,000, and this immense capital is to be expended in construction before money is required from a mortgage loan. Messrs. Geo. Opdyke & Co. are just offering a first mortgage seven per cent gold loan, interest payable in January and July, free of taxes, with a first lien upon the entire line of this road—400 miles—as the security upon which it is based. Granting that the interest and principal are perfectly secured to the bondholder upon the conditions stated above, the loan must be considered one of the best investments offered in this market during the year. Much more complete information as to the actual value of these bonds, based upon the real condition and circumstances of the property, will be obtained by a careful perusal of the advertisement on page 4, or on application to Messrs. Opdyke & Co., No. 25 Nassau street.

CITY LUNATIC ASYLUM STOCK.—Mr. Connolly, Comptroller of the city, invites proposals till August 31st for \$300,000 City Lunatic Asylum Stock, authorized by the Legislature. Our New York city stocks and bonds are more in demand than those of any private corporation, as was evidenced by the large bids received by the Comptroller at his late offering in July. It is only necessary to call attention to the details of Comptroller Connolly's notice, which are given on page 3, to receive a large number of bids at high prices.

MEMPHIS, EL PASO AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.—In the next number of the CHRONICLE we shall give a notice at some length of the position and prospects of this Company, for which Gen. Fremont is acting as agent in Paris; but for the present desire only to call attention to the Engineer's notice that proposals for grading, &c., will be received by him till Oct. 1. The notice will be found on page 2.

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—A notice will be found on page 4, of this issue, addressed to the stockholders of the above company in regard to the issue of new stock, 171 shares for every 100 now held, and the consolidation of the capital into a guaranteed 7 per cent stock.

—Messrs. Eggleston Brothers & Co., 166 South street, successors to Eggleston, Battell & Co., offer for extra qualities of American and Foreign bar iron, as may be seen by their card on the last page.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroad.			
Oswego and Syracuse.....	4	Aug. 20	Aug. 13
Insurance			
Sterling Fire.....	5	Aug. 14	.....

FRIDAY EVENING, August 13.

THE MONEY MARKET.—There is no change of moment in the the tone of monetary affairs. The market generally has a settled aspect, and banks and bankers are satisfied to employ their fund at 6@7 per cent on call loans. There is, however, no accumulation of money in process. The banks have received from the Treasury about \$3,500,000 of currency in payment for the purchase of \$3,500,000 of currency in payment for the purchase of \$3 000 000 of bonds; but these disbursements have been made to a considerable extent in bank currency, so that the legal tender resources of the banks are not proportionately increased. At New Orleans, Chicago Cincinnati and some points of the East, exchange is against New York, and some light remittances of currency have been made to those centres; but money has also been received from other points; and the two movements probably nearly balance each other. The remittances to the West appear to have been mainly for supplying the wants of the Southwest, which is now beginning to market its crops.

The present feeling of comparative ease is tempered, more or less, with a feeling of caution relative to engagements extending into the future. It is found difficult to borrow money for 60@90 days, even upon government collaterals, at the full legal rate. We are on the eve of the usual demand for moving the crops, a demand which in the event of free foreign purchases of bread-tuffs, might prove very considerable. The banks here doing a Western business report that the deposits of that section in the New York banks are unusually large. It is to be expected that these funds will be withdrawn, as required for helping the crop movement; and yet the fact is not to be overlooked that the Clearing House banks held only \$56,000,000 of Legal-tenders against \$74,000,000 at the same time of last year and \$76,000,000 in 1867. This prospect naturally induces a cautious feeling in respect to discounts and time engagements.

The discount market shows a rather firmer tendency from the causes indicated. There is a discrimination against long date paper, less from distrust of the makers, than from distrust of the market, and rates are correspondingly firmer, the best names only being current at 8 per cent, while the bulk of transactions in prime notes is at 9@10 per cent.

U. S. SECURITIES.—The bond market has been, on the whole, heavy and weak, prices at the close being 1½@2½ below our last quotations. The advance in prices consequent upon the large purchases of the government have drawn out a large supply from home holders of bonds, and the foreign market having failed to respond to the upward tendency here, beyond a certain point, the pressure of the supply on the market has forced a decline in prices, notwithstanding that the government bought on Wednesday and Thursday \$3,000,000 Five-Twenties. A decline of 2 points in the gold premium, during the week, has also helped the declining tendency of the market. It has been apparent for some time that a large class of holders would exchange their governments for other securities, when they supposed that the highest price had been touched; and the halt of the last few days in the upward tendency, has brought many of these intending sellers into the market. It is not impossible that the extreme decline of the last two days may check this selling movement; but, on the other hand, the prospects of the money market are not wholly assuring to transient holders of bonds and have a certain influence in encouraging sales. Next week the government will purchase \$2,000,000 of Five-Twenties.

The following are the closing prices of leading government securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	July 9.	July 16.	July 23.	July 30.	Aug. 6.	Aug. 13
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	117½	120½	120½	123½	124½	123
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coup....	121½	123½	123½	125½	125	123½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	119½	121½	121½	123½	123½	122
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	119½	121½	121½	123½	123½	122
U. S. 5 20's, 1865, July cpn	117½	120½	120½	122½	122½	120½
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, coup....	117½	120½	120½	122½	122½	121
U. S. 5-20's, 1868, ".....	117½	120½	120½	122½	122½	120½
U. S. 10-40's, ".....	108½	110½	110½	114½	115½	114½

STATE BONDS.—This class of securities has been active only in the Tennessee and North Carolinas, the first named having been heavily pressed for sale, on the agitation in the State in regard to the repudiation of its bonded debt. The new bonds declined six per cent to 51, and the old 1½ per cent to 61½. The North Carolina bonds were also weak, the new selling down 2½ per cent to 48½, though the old were, in the main, steady at 56@57. The Virginias old show a decline of 1½ per cent during the week, the new having been dull at 57. Southern securities were all strong, the changes during the week having been unimportant.

The following are the closing quotations compared with last week :

Table with columns for stock types (Tennessee Sixes, North Carolina Sixes, etc.) and dates (Aug. 6, Aug. 13, Aug. 6, Aug. 13).

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS—The stock market has been rather more active, but irregular, and, in the main, weak. The late free purchases of a few leading operators have been followed by a good deal of realizing, under which most of the late advance has been lost.

The following were the closing quotations of the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks :

Table with columns for stock types (Cumberland Coal, Quicksilver, etc.) and dates (July 2, July 9, July 16, July 23, July 30, Aug. 6, Aug. 13).

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks :

Table with columns for weeks (April, May, June, July, Aug.) and categories (Bank, Rail-road, Coal, Mining, Im-pro't, Tele-graph, Steam-ship, Exp'ss, Total).

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bond and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at Regular Board for the past and several previous weeks :

Table with columns for weeks (April, May, June, July, Aug.) and categories (Government Bonds, State & City Bonds, Company Bonds, Total).

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has been heavy and weak. Owing to the absence of money operators on their summer recreation, there has been little speculative movement, and especially in the direction of a higher premium.

price, which some of the larger holders appear to have been indisposed to oppose, probably in the hope that their appearance might induce time sales, enabling a few large holders, when the supply became reduced to "corner" the "short" interest thus developed.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table :

Table with columns for dates (Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday) and categories (Quotations, Total clearings, Balances—Gold, Currency).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE—Has been, on the whole, steady, though closing about 1-16 lower than for the last few days,—a difference sufficient to check the shipments of specie.

The following are the closing quotations of the different classes of foreign bills, compared with preceding weeks :

Table with columns for locations (London, Paris, Antwerp, etc.) and dates (July 23, July 30, August 6, August 13).

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows :

Table with columns for Custom House (Receipts, Payments) and Sub-Treasury (Receipts, Payments) for August 7-13.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on August 7, 1869 :

Table with columns for banks (New York, Manhattan, Merchants, etc.) and categories (Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net Deposits, Legal Tenders).

Table with 7 columns: Institution Name, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Deposits, Circulation. Includes entries for Market, St. Nicholas, Shoe and Leather, etc.

Total... 83,970,200 161,819,357 26,013,925 33,947,985 200,220,008 56,056,834

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows:

Table showing deviations for Loans, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Circulation with Inc. and Dec. values.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Table with 7 columns: Date, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, Aggregate Clearings. Shows weekly data from April 3 to August 7.

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, Aug. 9, 1869.

Table with 7 columns: Bank Name, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, Circulation. Lists various Boston banks like Atlantic, Atlas, Blackstone, etc.

Total... 45,600,000 103,804,554 2,365,921 10,719,569 37,308,687 25,514,706

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows:

Table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Deposits, Legal Tender Notes, and Circulation.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table with 7 columns: Date, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, Circulation. Shows weekly data for July and August.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, August 9, 1869:

Table with 7 columns: Bank Name, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Deposits, Circulation. Lists Philadelphia banks like Philadelphia, North America, Farmers' & Mech., etc.

Total... 16,055,150 52,022,830 325,216 13,530,061 39,506,405 10,408,381

* No report—same as last week.

The deviations from last week's returns are as follows:

Table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Circulation.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

Large table listing various securities with columns for Bid, Ask, and descriptions of bonds and stocks from different states like Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, etc.

The Railway Monitor.

EXPLANATION OF THE STOCK AND BOND TABLES.

1. The Table of Railroad, Canal and Miscellaneous Stocks, on the next page, comprises all Companies of which the stock is sold in any of the principal cities (except merely local corporations), or upon which dividends are paid. Quotations are always given of the per cent value, whatever the par of the stock may be.

MOBILE AND MONTGOMERY RAILROAD.--The consolidation of the Alabama and Florida and Mobile and Great Northern Railroad Companies having taken effect on the 1st of May, 1868, no reports were made of the operations of those roads at the usual time; and this, the first annual report of the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad Company, is in lieu of the 18th annual report of the former, and the 10th of the latter company.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes 'From passengers', 'Expenses, viz.:', and 'Leaving net'.

a fraction under 22 per cent of the gross receipts. The President in his report says: In settlement of the various classes of the debts of both companies, there has been issued \$1,738,700 of preferred stock, and \$109,000 of first mortgage bonds.

The debts now outstanding of every class, and in the names of the several companies, are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes 'First mortgage bonds and interest' and 'Floating debt'.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes 'Endorsed bonds and interest' and 'Second and third mortgage and income bonds'.

In name of Mobile and G. N. Railroad Co. First mortgage bonds \$38,000 00 Floating debt 34,039 16

In name of Mobile and Montgomery Railroad Co. First mortgage bonds \$109,000 00 Floating debt 213,673 18

From this deduct the second and third mortgage and income bonds of the Alabama and Florida Railroad Co., outstanding, for which preferred stock will be given 94,800 00

And you have the sum of 909,221 91 as the interest-paying debt of the company on the first of May, 1869, against \$2,427,000 on the first of May, 1868.

Of the debt outstanding of 909,221 91, there is in the new mortgage bonds having 20 years to run, the sum of \$109,000. Leaving yet to be arranged \$800,222 91.

Our means to do so, are the new first mortgage 8 per cent bonds for \$1,141,000, remaining on hand of the issue of \$1,250,000.

The first debts to be arranged are the First Mortgage Bonds of the Alabama and Florida and Mobile and Great Northern Railroad Companies.

The First Mortgage Bonds of the Mobile and Great Northern Railroad Co., which were originally issued for \$200,000, are all in the possession of the company, with the exception of \$38,000; these are nearly all held by parties who are known to the Board, and who will not dispose of, but hold them, to be settled by the company.

The First Mortgage Bonds of the Alabama and Florida Railroad Co. were issued in 1857, for \$300,000. They were guaranteed by the Atlanta and West Point and Montgomery and West Point Railroad Companies, and became due in 1857. Since that time \$290,000 of these bonds have been taken up by the endorsing companies, and with the past due interest, now amount to about \$375,000. They are held by the Hon. John P. King, of Augusta, Ga., as trustee for the two companies. A satisfactory arrangement has been made with him, by which we are only required to pay by the first of July \$50,000, and to pay on the first of July and January of each year, until the first of January, 1873, interest on the remaining \$325,000, by which time the principal of the debt must be paid.

It will require, to provide for the cash obligations of the company between this and the first of December next, and to meet extraordinary expenses, as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes 'To pay John P. King, trustee, on account of the first mortgage debt of the Alabama and Florida Railroad Co.', 'To pay the first mortgage bonds of the Mobile and G. N. R. Co.', 'To provide for floating debt', and 'To provide for increase of outfit and repair of road'.

Making the sum required \$388,000

Telegrams from Buffalo and Cleveland announce that the consolidation of the Lake Shore Roads from Buffalo to Chicago has been ratified, on the bases of the par value of all the Stocks, by the general meeting of the Buffalo and Erie Stockholders at Buffalo, and of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern at Cleveland. The style of the Consolidated Company is to be the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway.

MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large table with multiple columns for different railroads: Chicago and Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific, Illinois Central, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Ohio & Mississippi, St. L. Alton & T. Haute, Toledo, W. & Western, and Western Union. Each column shows monthly earnings from 1867 to 1869.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Main table containing stock lists for Railroads, Canals, and Miscellaneous companies. Columns include Company Name, Stock Outstanding, Dividend (Last paid, Date, Rate), and Friday (Bid, Ask). Includes sub-sections for 'N. Y. & BROOKLYN CITY PASSENGER RAILROADS' and 'Miscellaneous'.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

COMPANIES, AND CHARACTER OF SECURITIES ISSUED. For a full explanation of the Table see "Railroad Monitor, on a preceding page.

Table with columns: Amount Outstanding, Interest (Rate, When paid, Where paid), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Askd). Contains entries for various railroad and canal bonds.

COMPANIES, AND CHARACTER OF SECURITIES ISSUED. For a full explanation of this Table see "Railroad Monitor" on a preceding page.

Table with columns: Amount Outstanding, Interest (Rate, When paid, Where paid), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Askd). Contains entries for various railroad and canal bonds.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, AND CHARACTER OF SECURITIES ISSUED, Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, When paid, Where paid), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), and a second set of columns for the same information on the right side.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, AND CHARACTER OF SECURITIES ISSUED., Amount Outstanding, INTEREST., FRIDAY., Principal payable., Bid., Asked., and similar columns for the second half of the table. Includes sections for Railroads, Canals, and Miscellaneous Bonds.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, AND CHARACTER OF SECURITIES ISSUED, Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, When paid, Where paid), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Askd), and similar columns for the right side. Includes sections for Railroads, Street Passenger R.R., and Canal.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, August 13.

Trade has shown an improved spirit, notwithstanding the decline in gold, and it must be noted that the most decided change for the better has been in leading staples for export. Those descriptions of merchandize which depend wholly upon the demand for home consumption have been but moderately active. There is extreme difficulty in negotiating commercial paper, which interferes with home trade.

Petroleum has been active and buoyant on improved foreign advices. The receipts have been unusually large, but holders have been very strong. Oils have been without activity, and prices weak for most descriptions. Naval Stores have shown a slight upward tendency, based on reduced stocks and supplies; but the high rates current for ocean freights check business.

East India Goods have been without business of moment, but prices are well sustained on a gold basis, with a moderate business in Hemp and Seed.

Building Materials in some cases slightly lower, but are in good demand. Tallow has become dull and weak. Whiskey has improved in sympathy with corn, and supported by vigorous efforts to check the production of the contraband article. Hops have become irregular, and the finer qualities are comparatively scarce. Fish unchanged, except for New Mackerel, of which the supply is becoming liberal.

Hides have latterly been active and firmer, a large business being done in dry Buenos Ayres at 21½@22c, and Leather is rather more steady, but not active.

Metals show a further advance, with large sales of Copper and Tin, part of the former for export. We also note more doing in Lead; but Iron and Lead show no changes.

Wools has been more active this week, especially in Domestic Pulled and in Texas. Prices of the latter are easier, and the other grades are barely supported. Domestic Fleece has sold freely only where holders made some concession from their previous views.

Provisions have been fairly active. Hog products have somewhat strengthened, but the marked advance in Lard at Liverpool has been but slightly responded to here, although the shipments of the past week amount to 2,000 tons. There have been considerable sales of the poorer qualities of Beef. Butter is in large supply and dull. Cheese, although coming forward in unprecedented quantities, has been firm and buoyant, prime factories being quoted to-day at 16½@17c.

Freights have been active in shipments of Breadstuffs and Petroleum, and rates have improved, leaving but a moderate amount of room on the berth. The Liverpool packets to-day obtained 8d. for Wheat, and the steamers 10d., with a further advance asked at the close; and a ship was taken with a full load of Flour to London, 2s. 6d. About twenty vessels have been taken up this week for Wheat to Cork for orders at 6s. per quarter. The rate for Petroleum to direct ports in the Baltic has advanced to 5s. 6d. per bbl.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1868, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '68.		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '68.
Ashes...pkgs.	236	6,300	3,962	Spirits turpen-	387	41,189	33,004
Breadstuffs—				tine.....	4,789	336,052	272,521
Flour..bbls.	76,873	1,875,531	702,400	Rosin.....	92	59,645	22,285
Wheat..bus.	462,495	9,647,740	4,437,233	Tar.....	2,859	2,859	6,733
Corn.....	115,713	5,639,181	1,670,703	Pitch.....	345	69,756	39,511
Oats.....	3,421,919	3,995,336	3,755,132	Oil cake, pkgs....	50	8,585	7,472
Rye.....	16,629	250,494	192,572	Oil, lard.....	82,017	513,476	402,774
Malt.....	4,103	284,161	386,517	Oil, petroleum....	139	59,527	25,021
Barley.....	5,714	81,734	49,448	Peanuts, bags....	14,335	393,431	255,476
Grass seed..	80	7,590	72,351	Butter, pkgs....	84,072	511,059	536,008
Flax seed..		2,613	5,116	Cheese.....	424	67,718	64,253
Beans.....	1,108	75,753	23,861	Cutmeats.....	3,826	131,090	156,730
Peas.....		27,400	218,317	Eggs.....	421	64,577	99,207
C. meal..bbls	2,930	58,492	100,078	Pork.....	18	48,217	86,191
" bags	300	183,000	216,615	Beef, pkgs....	817	51,235	63,555
Buckwh't &				Lard, pkgs....	320	7,120	10,559
B. W. fl'r pkg	2,056	11,377	8,272	Lard, kegs....	201	13,572	8,177
Cotton..bales	116	8,419	11,698	Rice, pkgs....	10,415	174,261	102,375
Copper..bbls.	1,017	19,523	2,847	Starch.....	278	6,892	8,767
" plates.	290	6,195	13,832	Stearine.....			
Dr'd fruit..pkg				Spelter, slabs..			
Grease..pkgs.	110	2,738	3,303	Sugar, hds and			
Hemp...bales	2,516	276,209	39,657	" bbls.....			
Hides....No.	1,491	51,667	3,807	Tallow, pkgs....	292	2,255	678
Hops....bales	48,843	1,742,591	767,266	Tobacco, pkgs..	2,342	72,889	2,059
Leather..sides	330	1,999	3,569	Tobacco, hds..	1,760	63,242	55,061
Lead....pigs.				Whiskey, bbls..	2,690	105,264	96,023
Molasses hds				Wool, bales....	4,581	25,524	18,349
" & bbls.				Dressed hogs No.		54,591	14,428
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough bush		23,640	
Cr. turpen-	130	10,972	6,736				
tine..bbl							

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1869. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given.

ARTICLES.	Other W. Indies.	Mex.ico.	New Granada.	Vene. zuela.	British Guiana.	Other S. Amer'n. Ports.	Alloth. Ports.	Total since same time Jan. 1, 1869.
Breadstuffs—	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Flour..bbls.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Wheat..bus.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Corn.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Oats.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Rye.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Malt.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Barley.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Grass seed..	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Flax seed..	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Beans.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Peas.....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
C. meal..bbls	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
" bags	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Buckwh't &	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
B. W. fl'r pkg	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Cotton..bales	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Copper..bbls.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
" plates.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Dr'd fruit..pkg	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Grease..pkgs.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Hemp...bales	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Hides....No.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Hops....bales	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Leather..sides	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Lead....pigs.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Molasses hds	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
" & bbls.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Naval Stores—	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Cr. turpen-	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
tine..bbl	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Whiskey, bbls..	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Wool, bales....	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Dressed hogs No.	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047
Rice, rough bush	17,765	3,078	6,223	11,765	33,665	5,322	9,502	39,047

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, show the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the last week, since Jan. 1, 1869, and for the corresponding period in 1868:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.
China, Glass and Earthenware—				Metals, &c—			
China	82	7,249	5,035	Cutlery	72	2,572	2,171
Earthenware	46	37,248	30,003	Hardware	92	2,971	3,607
Glass	3,397	345,615	212,503	Iron, RR bars	11,641	546,874	417,586
Glassware	86	10,469	18,421	Lead, pigs	7,086	343,846	261,497
Glass plate	110	5,890	3,937	Spelter, lbs.	1,289	8,427,677	3,724,936
Buttons	101	3,715	4,557	Steel	11,660	99,877	145,376
Coal, tons	8,651	70,221	31,499	Tin, boxes	3,092	809,532	527,157
Cocoa, bags	11	14,247	12,850	Tin slabs, lbs.	3,477,157	3,535,924	3,535,924
Coffee, bags	13,272	707,016	705,017	Rags	5,979	69,590	28,046
Cotton bales	21	1,954	617	Sugar, hlds, tes & bbls.	5,979	306,060	332,276
Drugs, &c.—				Sugars, boxes & bags	2,779	556,021	383,543
Bark, Peruvian	46	12,722	7,828	Tea	15,229	687,951	657,518
Blea powders	330	19,229	13,786	Tobacco	31	23,042	22,085
Brimstone, tons	38	19,614	5,220	Waste	2	1,534	657
Cochineal	239	4,145	3,651	Wines, &c—			
Cream Tartar	1,000	23,311	12,403	Champagne, bks	2,735	73,878	53,940
Gambier	1,000	23,311	12,403	Wines	2,290	131,889	66,153
Gums, crude	501	1,787	1,922	Wool, bales	1,354	36,209	16,636
Gum, Arabic	1	1,787	1,922	Articles reported by value—			
Indigo	1	4,148	2,893	Cigars	\$9,234	\$519,594	\$342,312
Madder	1	8,095	7,181	Corks	478	92,042	136,930
Oils, essence	37	170	456	Fancy goods	49,220	1,175,141	734,294
Oil, Olive	1,218	98,331	30,984	Fish	4,994	451,815	226,088
Opium	14	430	650	Fruits, &c—			
Soda, bi-carb.	1,500	59,743	72,989	Lemons	392	347,514	232,100
Soda, sal.	1,114	23,897	30,858	Oranges	9,407	681,705	517,175
Soda, ash	41	21,558	22,858	Nuts	668,527	540,334	392,113
Flax	6	1,347	1,031	Raisins	170,365	678,320	724,760
Furs	68	3,978	3,838	Hides undressed	203,624	678,320	4,024,830
Gunny cloth	140	3,134	8,198	Rice	175,098	86,889	21,909
Hair	140	6,160	3,974	Spices, &c—			
Hemp, bales	3,196	62,207	34,971	Cassia	27,349	199,555	144,846
Hides, &c—				Pepper	17,356	199,555	144,846
Bristles	41	1,032	683	Saltpetre	133,234	6,260	6,260
Hides, dressed	261	11,841	5,325	Woods—			
India rubber	129	25,050	20,112	Cork	6,316	133,587	96,033
Ivory	12	1,856	1,044	Fustic	738	61,198	61,198
Jewelry, &c—				Logwood	11,601	310,224	166,010
Jewelry	51	1,474	1,441	Mahogany	3,162	73,544	56,761
Watches	16	667	691				
Linseed	7,925	368,185	270,371				
Molasses	2,567	136,147	152,685				

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., August 13, 1869.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, August 13. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the seven days have reached 1,753 bales, (against 1,441 bales last week, 1,691 bales the previous week, and 2,813 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1868, up to this date, 2,334,807 bales (of which 241,000 bales are overland shipments direct to the mills), against 2,443,835 bales (of which 260,000 bales are overland shipments), for the same period in 1867, being an excess last season over this season of 109,028 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1868 are as follows:

	Receipts—1869.	Receipts—1868.		Receipts—1869.	Receipts—1868.
Received this week at—			Received this week at—		
New Orleans	366	65	Florida	8	.....
Mobile	122	9	North Carolina	51	1
Charleston	189	574	Virginia	292	14
Savannah	178	100	Total receipts	1,753	1,060
Texas	45	55	Increase this year	.....	693
Tennessee, &c	502	245			

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 6,206 bales, of which 3,938 bales were to Great Britain, and 2,268 bales to the Continent, while the stocks at all the ports as made up this evening, are now 24,458 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

Week ending	Exported to—		Total Same week	Stock	
	Great Britain.	Continent.		1869.	1868.
August 13.					
New Orleans	1,921	1,921	1,449	1,963	
Mobile	.....	.....	371	3,847	
Charleston	.....	.....	343	3,442	
Savannah	.....	.....	184	1,900	
Texas	.....	.....	212	173	
New York	3,938	347	4,285	14,844	37,231
Other ports	.....	.....	107	7,055	14,170
Total	3,938	2,268	6,206	24,458	62,731

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 6,099 bales, while the stocks to-night are 38,273 bales less than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to-night, as

we cannot insure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary by telegraph.

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1 and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS SINCE SEPT. 1.		EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				Shipments to Nor. Ports.	Stock
	1868.	1867.	Great Britain	France	Other Foreign	Total.		
New Orleans	794,606	587,056	342,736	163,361	112,003	618,100	218,728	9,121
Mobile	226,398	357,182	137,350	16,133	9,537	168,020	45,033	994
Charleston	199,748	239,842	53,753	.....	3,056	56,809	144,054	750
Savannah	356,214	491,157	132,794	20,129	12,250	165,173	193,837	144
Texas	144,615	109,642	57,582	.....	22,629	80,211	80,211	167
New York	104,208	106,797	238,534	20,499	60,121	319,204	.....	14,844
Florida	15,805	30,594	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina	35,811	58,522	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia	158,051	166,163	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other ports*	298,410	321,051	.....	.....	10,844	6,232	151,767	55
Total this year	3,333,899	.....	981,567	220,851	230,440	1,432,378	377,264	27,075
Total last year	.....	2,418,006	1,223,723	193,133	224,099	1,645,955	771,788	64,255

*Under this head we have added the overland shipments direct to manufacturers to April 24, as follows: for the present year 241,000 bales, and for last year 260,000 bales.

The market this week has been, for the season, fairly active. The principal inquiry was for the low grades on the part of shippers, except on Thursday, when there was more doing in the better grades on spinning account. Prices of good ordinary and below have advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c, but the better qualities have remained without change through the week. During the latter part of the week the fall in gold checked the operations of shippers, but to day, with an advance of middling uplands to 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ d at Liverpool, they again entered the market, and the close to-night is firm with a more general inquiry. On Saturday last, under a good export demand for the low grades, good ordinary and the grades below advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c, but the better grades were slow of sale. Monday good ordinary and ordinary further advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c, under continued shipping demand. Tuesday and Wednesday the market was quiet, the decline in gold checking the operations of shippers. Thursday spinners took more freely of the better grades, but otherwise there was little doing. To day, under the advance at Liverpool, the shipping demand has improved, and the close is, as stated above, firm. Holders, however, are free sellers at the quotations, the lateness of the season and the favorable accounts from the growing crop disposing them to part with the small stock remaining, though not pressing sales. For forward delivery the sales reach 11,600 bales, all low middling, or on the basis of low middling, mostly on foreign account. Our own spinners do not appear to take any part in this movement, as it is considered a very unsafe business for manufacturers under present circumstances of trade and crop prospects. Of these future delivery sales, 200 bales were for September at 30 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 700 bales for October at 29c, 250 bales for November at 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 100 bales for November on private terms, 3,850 bales for December on private terms, 1,550 bales for December at 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 150 bales for December at 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 200 bales for January and December (half each month) on private terms, 100 bales December 15 to January 15 on private terms, 600 bales for January on private terms, 1,900 bales for January at 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 100 bales for January at 27c, 200 bales for February at 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 500 bales for December free on board at Savannah on private terms, and 250 bales same at 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ c, 600 bales free on board at New Orleans at 27c, and 250 bales same at 27 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. The total sales for immediate delivery this week foot up 10,781 bales (including 334 bales to arrive,) of which 4,775 bales were taken by spinners, 1,351 bales on speculation, 4,655 bales for export, and the following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans	Texas.
Ordinary	28 @	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Good Ordinary	30 @	30 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	30 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	30 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Low Middling	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 @
Middling	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @

Below we give the sales and price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Total sales.	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday	1,359	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Monday	1,806	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Tuesday	1,400	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Wednesday	1,397	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Thursday	2,530	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @
Friday	2,489	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	33 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	34 @	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ @

THE GROWING CROP.—Up to the present time the reports with regard to the growing crop have continued favorable. The rains which succeeded the drouth along the Atlantic coast, and which at one time it was feared would be excessive, have in most sections been followed during the past ten days by bright warm weather—just what was needed for the further development of the plant. Nothing is more to be dreaded now than a long continued rain. If the weather remains

dry little fear of the caterpillar is felt, although they are reported as having appeared in very many portions of the South. But with two weeks of rain, fresh growth would be made and these pests of the cotton plant be multiplied and fed until they would become capable of working great injury. Every week now of fair weather is a decided gain.

RECEIPTS OF NEW COTTON.—The first bale of new cotton—which we stated last week was received at New Orleans on the 3d instant—reached New York last Saturday, and was sold at 50c. per pound. It came from the Rio Grande, Texas. On the same day (Saturday) another bale, from Washington county, Texas, was received at New York, via Galveston and New Orleans, and shipped on Wednesday to Liverpool by the Russia. On the 7th inst. the first bale of Louisiana cotton was received at New Orleans; on the 11th inst. a bale weighing nearly 600 lbs., strict middling, fine staple, was received in Alabama, at Montgomery; the next day (August 12) a bale weighing 380 lbs., classed good style low middling, reached Mobile, and the same day two bales more, classed strict low middling, were received at Savannah, and one at Macon, Georgia. Last year the first new cotton reached New Orleans on the 10th of August, and also on the same day other bales were reported at Mobile, Selma and Montgomery, Ala., and three days after (the 13th) at Savannah. The New Orleans Price Current gives the following as the date of the receipts of the first bale of new crop since 1849:

1849.....	Aug. 7	1855.....	July 26	1860.....	July 5	1835	Aug. 11
1850.....	11	1856.....	15	1861.....	Aug. 11	1866.....	7
1851.....	July 25	1857.....	Aug. 15	1862.....	.....	1867.....	15
1852.....	Aug. 2	1858.....	July 25	1863.....	Sept. 7	1868.....	10
1853.....	2	1859.....	28	1864.....	Aug. 14	1869.....	3
1854.....	July 25						

The receipts of new crop cotton up to September were:

1856.....	bales. 1,166	1860.....	36,670	1863.....	no record.	1866.....	123
1857.....	33	1861.....	61	1864.....	12	1867.....	19
1858.....	4,834	1862.....	no record.	1865.....	22	1868.....	476
1859.....	9,698						

These figures and arrivals would indicate that the crop this year is at present about as well advanced as at this time last season; and this accords with our own advices on the subject, given two weeks since. There are undoubtedly some districts where the plant is a week or ten days backward, but they are, we think, very limited in extent. The arrivals of new cotton up to September 1st are likely to be in excess of last year.

The exports of cotton this week from New York show an increase from last week, the total reaching 2,577 bales, against 1,169 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1868; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1868

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	July 20.	July 27.	Aug. 3.	Aug. 10.		
Liverpool.....	1,036	143	1,169	1,879	235,514	281,231
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,070	7,359
Total to Gt. Britain.	1,036	143	.....	1,879	238,584	288,590
Havre.....	.....	7	.....	524	20,499	25,913
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203
Total French.....	.....	7	.....	524	20,499	26,116
Bremen and Hanover.....	.....	.....	.....	6	33,399	32,488
Hamburg.....	10	.....	.....	168	2,1308	11,614
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,375	6,832
Total to N. Europe.	10	.....	.....	174	55,982	50,934
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar &c.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,498	2,172
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,541	3,266
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,039	5,438
Grand Total.....	1,046	150	1,169	2,577	319,204	371,078

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1868:

RECEIPTS FROM—	NEW YORK.		BOSTON.		PHILADELPHIA		BALTIMORE.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,150	122,716	.....	71,420	.....	6,799	.....	1,587
Texas.....	151	41,038	.....	17,813	.....	.....	.....	298
Savannah.....	231	144,810	.....	2,656	.....	16,738	.....	15,686
Mobile.....	589	17,599	.....	6,751	.....	333	.....	50
Florida.....	8	7,465	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	373	105,925	.....	6,089	.....	10,202	.....	19,075
North Carolina.....	2	27,775	.....	152	.....	1,313	22	2,330
Virginia.....	31	70,743	37	25,696	.....	.....	10	28,353
North'n Ports.....	.....	12,635	388	75,144	.....	.....	.....	119
Tennessee, &c.....	153	102,575	185	36,037	99	22,003	65	18,334
Foreign.....	.....	1,031	.....	918	.....	.....	.....	28
Total this year	2,668	654,397	590	242,681	99	57,393	97	81,008
Total last year.	1,569	629,093	893	227,433	218	53,732	620	80,380

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 5,179 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Fri-

day, except Galveston, and the figures for that port are the exports for two weeks back. With regard to New York, we include the manifests only up to Tuesday night, to make the figures correspond with the official week. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales.		
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers Minnesota 1,401.....	Denmark 1,879		
324.....	City of Washington 123.....	Siberia 29.....	524
To Havre, per steamer Ville de Paris 524.....	6		
To Bremen, per steamer Donan 6.....	168		
To Hamburg, per steamer Cambria 168.....	1,902		
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Victory, 1,833, and 19 Sea Island.....	676		
To Malaga, per bark Rosario 676.....	24		
BOSTON—To the British Provinces 24.....			

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week bales. 5,179
The particulars of these shipments arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	Liverpool.	Havre.	Bremen.	Hamb- burg.	Malaga.	British Provinces	Total.
New York.....	1,879	524	6	168	.....	.....	2,577
New Orleans.....	1,902	.....	.....	.....	676	.....	2,578
Boston.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	24
Total.....	3,781	524	6	168	676	24	5,179

GOLD, EXCHANGE AND FREIGHTS.—Gold has fluctuated the past week between 134½ and 136½, and the close to-night was 134½. Foreign Exchange closed rather weak, leading drawers appearing willing to sell about 1-16 below the rates for the last steamer. Closing rates were: 110 for London prime bankers' 60 days, 110½ for prime bankers' 3 days, and 109½ @ 109½ for London prime commercial bills. Freight are unchanged at ½d by steam, and 5-32d @ 3-16d by sail to Liverpool, and ¼c by steam to Havre.

By TELEGRAPH.—The following despatches from the Southern ports and from Liverpool contain some matters of interest not given above:

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 13.—Net receipts of the week, 189 bales; coastwise, none. Exports—to Great Britain, and other foreign ports, none; coastwise, 4-9 bales. Stock on hand, 343 bales. Market quiet but steady; Middlings 31½c, Sea Island, 50c @ \$1 00. Sales of the week, 190 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 13.—Net receipts of the week, 173 bales; coastwise, 87; total, 256 bales. Exports to Great Britain and Continent, none; coastwise, 235 bales. Sales, none. Stock on hand, 184 bales. No market. Middlings, 31c.

MOBILE, Ala., August 13.—Receipts of the week, 123 bales. Exports—coastwise, 745 bales. Stock on hand and on shipboard, 371 bales. Sales of the week, 565 bales. Sales to-day, 75 bales. Market closed quiet; Low Middlings 30c. Receipts to-day, 44 bales. Exports, 90 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, La., August 13.—Receipts of the week, gross 1,037 bales, net 366 bales. Exports for the week—to Havre, 1,921 bales; coastwise, 783 bales. Stock on hand, 1,449 bales. Receipts to-day, 121 bales. Exports—coastwise, 7 bales. Sales of the week, 1,601 bales. Sales to-day, 399 bales. Low Middlings, 30 @ 30½c.

LIVERPOOL, August 13—4:30 P. M.—Cotton has ruled active to-day, and closes a shade higher on both descriptions of American. Sales of the day have reached 15,000 bales. The sales of the week have been 75,000 bales, of which 16,000 were taken for export and 10,000 for speculation. The stock in port and on shipboard is estimated at 250,000 bales, of which 123,000 are American. The total stock of cotton in port is 15,000 bales greater than the estimates heretofore made, while the stock of American is 10,000 bales less. The stock of cotton at sea bound to this port is estimated at 676,000 bales, of which 19,000 are on the way from the United States.

For the convenience of our readers we give the following, showing the sales and stocks at and afloat for Liverpool each of the last four weeks:

	Aug. 13.	Aug. 6.	July 30.	July 23.
Total sales.....	75,000	87,000	101,000	54,000
Sales for export.....	16,000	16,000	15,000	12,000
Sales on speculation.....	10,000	15,000	18,000	7,000
Total stock.....	250,000	277,000	315,000	353,000
Stock of American.....	123,000	150,000	167,000	193,000
Total afloat.....	676,000	667,000	650,000	664,000
American afloat.....	19,000	20,000	23,000	31,000

Trade Report.—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is quiet but firm. The following table will show the daily closing prices of the week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Price Midd. Uplds.....	12½ @ 13	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½
“ “ Orleans.....	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½	13 @ 13½
“ Up. to arrive.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of July 31, states:

LIVERPOOL, July 31.—The cotton trade has continued firm, and the sales have been as much as 101,140 bales; of which 17,750 bales are on speculation, 16,020 bales are declared for export, leaving 67,370 bales to the trade. American cotton has advanced ¼d; Brazilian ¼d, and East Indian ½d to ¾d per lb. The transactions “to arrive” continue on a fair scale, at steady rates. The latest quotations are—American, from Mobile, good ordinary, ship named 12½d; Maceio, basis of fair, ship named 12½d; Broach, fair new Merchants, May sailing 10½d; fully fair, April sailing 10 9-16d; good fair, ginned, March sailing 11½d; April sailing 11½d; June sailing 11½d—Dhollerah, fair new Merchants, May sailing 10½d; ship named 10½d; old, May sailing 10½d—Omrawutte, fair new Merchants, March, April and May sailing 10½d @ 10 9-16d—Bengal, fair new Merchants, ship named 9d per lb. Annexed are the prices of American cotton:

Description.	Ord. & Mid.	Fair & g'd fair	G'd & fine.	Same date 1863—
Sea Island.....	23	25	27-29	Mid. Fair. Good.
Stained.....	9	11	12-14	12 13 17
	Ord. G.Ord. L. Mid.	Mid.		
Upland.....	10½ 11½ 12½	12½	.. ..	9% 11 ..
Mobile.....	10½ 11½ 12½	12½	.. ..	9% 11 ..
New Orleans.....	10% 12 12½	12 15-16	.. ..	9% 12% ..
Texas.....	10% 12 12½	12 15-15	.. ..	9% 12% ..

The following are the prices of middling qualities of cotton at this date and since 1866:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869
Mid. Sea Island 28d.	18d.	24d.	25d.	Mid. Pernamb.	17d.	10½d.	9½d.	12%.
Upland.....	14	10½	10½	12%.	Egyptian.	15	10	9
Mobile.....	14%.	10%.	10%.	12%.	Broach.....	7%.	6%.	7%.
Orleans.....	14%.	10%.	10%.	12%.	Dhollerah	7%.	6%.	7%.

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, and also the stocks of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports:

	1868.	1869.
Stock in Liverpool	Bales 553,070	315,460
" London.....	35,010	43,247
American cotton afloat.....	11,000	23,000
Indian	885,463	732,937
Total.....	1,437,548	1,119,644

Since the commencement of the year the transactions on speculation and for export have been to the following extent :

	-Taken on spec. to this date-		-Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date-		Actual exp't from U. K. ir.
	1869.	1868.	1869.	1868.	1868.
	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
American.....	181,000	222,360	60,670	72,779	177,970
Brazilian.....	28,090	46,490	5,970	30,204	89,810
Egyptian, &c.....	15,410	37,320	6,470	6,634	10,160
West Indian.....	1,220	3,460	1,300	5,445	21,580
East Indian.....	195,190	85,560	41,880	141,154	615,570
Total.....	373,910	396,250	116,290	256,216	915,120

BOMBAY, July 23.—The market was dull, but a better feeling now prevails. Dhollera, 310r=10½d cost and freight; saw-ginned, 295r=9½d October delivery, cost and freight.

KURRACHEE, July 23.—Scinde, 27½r=8½d cost and freight.

COLOMBO, July 23.—Westerns, 9½d cost and freight; quiet.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., August 13, 1869.

There is a decrease in the exports of crude Tobacco this week, the total from all the ports reaching 3,351 hhds., 264 cases, 1,083 bales, and 12 tierces, against 6,367 hhds, 694 cases, 1,205 bales, and 8 tierces for the previous seven days. Of these exports for this week, 2,093 hhds., 262 cases, 1,075 bales and 12 tcs. were from New York, 671 hhds. from Baltimore, and 72 hhds., 2 cases and 8 bales from Boston. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: To Bremen, 188 hhds.; to Amsterdam, 661; to Liverpool, 265; to Marseilles, 780; to London, 466; to Glasgow, 77; to Bristol, 100; to Antwerp, 199, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 30,951 lbs., of which 14,420 lbs were to British West Indies. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

	Exp'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Hhds.	Man'd lbs.
New York.....	2,093	262	1,075	12	.....	26,283
Baltimore.....	671	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,563
Boston.....	72	2	8	.....	.....	211
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	515	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Portland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Francisco.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	3,351	264	1,083	12	.....	30,951
Total last week.....	6,367	694	1,205	8	.....	238,409
Total previous week.....	6,292	452	867	10	.....	283,551

Below we give our usual table showing the total export of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1868:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1868.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems, hhds.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	18,460	1,818	668	515	.....	1,943	1,636,848
Germany.....	27,198	15,319	12,659	762	2,035	494	107,826
Belgium.....	4,175	243	109	143	.....	.....	44,636
Holland.....	8,027	600	160	1	729	104	12,235
Denmark.....	488	277	151	.....	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	6,681	122	.....	.....	.....	12	6,316
France.....	12,562	316	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,955
Spain, Gibralt. &c.....	15,614	1,184	355	.....	14	198	148,379
Mediterranean.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	1,043	300	89	.....	.....	85	16,318
China, India, &c.....	23	816	.....	.....	.....	46	35,385
Australia, &c.....	1	208	2	34	.....	48	1,503,638
B. N. Am. Prov.....	125	434	890	.....	.....	2,147	333,199
South America.....	365	1,484	3,220	.....	.....	2,412	115,932
West Indies.....	934	563	3,275	17	.....	2,024	410,927
East Indies.....	.....	261	.....	.....	.....	1	2,900
Mexico.....	.....	78	125	.....	.....	41	6,944
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	285	.....	.....	.....	43	.....
All others.....	397	401	1,777	2	.....	903	730
Total since Nov 1.....	99,560	22,369	23,405	1,431	2,778	10,705	4,485,378

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	Stems, hhds.	Bxs. & pkgs.	Lbs. Man'd.
New York.....	43,341	20,270	19,973	1,251	53	5,733	4,231,058
Baltimore.....	32,575	146	628	93	2,720	254	21,587
Boston.....	1,012	1,112	2,366	40	.....	4,271	115,870
Philadelphia.....	10	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	80,987
New Orleans.....	17,247	2	479	.....	.....	350	.....
San Francisco.....	.....	819	60	.....	.....	10	.....
Virginia.....	282	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	2,020
Portland.....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	89	3,850
Total since Nov 1.....	99,560	22,369	23,504	1,431	2,778	10,705	4,485,378

The market for tobacco the past week has been characterized by a good demand, but business has been somewhat restricted by the extreme views of holders.

Kentucky leaf has been in demand for export, with a fair inquiry for home use. Holders have insisted upon full prices, and buyers have not, in all cases, been able to meet their views; the sales for the week, however, amount to about 1,200 hhds, and prices have ranged from 7½ to 12c for lugs to medium leaf. The sales have been mainly for export.

Seed leaf is also held for extreme prices, and shippers have been able to do but little. Holders, however, are very confident of obtaining all they ask, and do not press their stocks. The sales have been limited to 65 cases old Connecticut, at 18@21c; 21 cases new Connecticut seconds, 18c; 50 cases new Ohio fillers and binders, at 12½c, and some wrappers on private terms.

Spanish tobacco has been more active; the stock is now being reduced, and the prospect of a new supply somewhat precarious. Sales 500 bales, part at 40c, gold, in bond, and the balance \$1@1 10, currency, duty paid.

Manufactured tobacco is in good demand, and prices tend upward, but transactions are reported on a moderate scale owing to the absence of suitable stocks to operate upon.

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

	-This week-		-Previously-		-This week-	
	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	Nov. 1-	Nov. 1-
From	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	49	1,841	6,882	52,119	5,931	54,019
Baltimore.....	7	.....	1,323	3,116	1,323	3,116
New Orleans.....	31	.....	205	461	336	461
Ohio, &c.....	1,428	92	57,554	25,775	53,982	25,867
Other.....	1	.....	350	556	351	556
Total.....	1,516	1,932	66,414	82,087	67,930	84,019

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierces.	Man'd lbs.
Liverpool.....	265	69	.....	.....	.....
London.....	466	.....	.....	12	.....
Bristol.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glasgow.....	77	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bremen.....	188	100	.....	.....	.....
Hamburg.....	.....	50	953	.....	.....
Marseilles.....	780	5	.....	.....	.....
Antwerp.....	199	.....	9	.....	.....
Dutch West Indies.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
British West Indies.....	.....	13	63	.....	14,420
French West Indies.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cuba.....	.....	25	.....	.....	11,732
Hayti.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....
Chili.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231
Total.....	2,093	262	1,075	12	26,383

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Amsterdam 661 hhds... To St. Johns, P. R. 4,568 lbs.... To Demerara 10 hhds.
From New Orleans—To Liverpool 515 hhds.
From Boston—To Halifax and Charlottetown 50 hf boxes, 12 hhds.... To St. Johns 15 hf bales, 20 boxes, 88 hf do, and 30 ¾ do.... To other foreign 60 hhds.... To British Province 2 cases, 18 boxes, and 5 hf do.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, August 13, 1869, P. M.

The market for Breadstuffs the past week has been generally active; prices for flour, wheat and corn show some improvement, while oats, rye, &c., have been depressed.

The improved export demand for extra State flour, noted in our last, continued on Saturday and Monday, when about 20,000 bbls. were taken at \$7@7 25. On Tuesday a further advance was asked, followed by a sharp re-action to \$7@7 10 for good lines. Yesterday, however, the export demand was renewed, and this grade being very scarce \$7 25 was paid for 3,500 bbls. To-day the export demand for extra State was continued, with sales to the extent of 20,000 bbls., at \$7 15@7 30, to arrive on the spot.

Other lower grades of flour have improved, and some of the medium grades have improved, but, except for extra State, the market for State and Western flour may be written quiet and somewhat irregular. Receipts have considerably increased, and there is a general disposition to sell on arrival from the wharf. The lower grades of Southern flour have been pressed on the market, causing some weakness in prices. California flours are firm. Rye flour and corn meal have become quite unsettled, and quotations are nearly nominal.

Wheat has been quite active and exceedingly variable. On Monday last, prime No. 2 brought \$1 69, and No. 1 \$1 79, followed by a decline of 5@7c. per bushel. At the advance there was a great pressure to sell inferior, unsound and irregular parcels, as they could then be sold at a profit.

This circumstance, with the advance of a penny in ocean steamers' freights, and a decline of 2 per cent. in the gold premium, contributed to the decline. Yesterday, good "steamer" No. 2 sold at \$1 59@1 61, but the chief movement was in Ohio Winter, at \$1 72 to arrive, and \$1 75 on the spot, for No. 1 Amber. White California, also sold for export, at \$1 85. To-day, with stronger advices from Liverpool, No. 2 was taken freely, for export, at \$1 55@1 63½, for inferior to prime, but the close was quiet, under a further advance in ocean freights, and Winter wheats were without further improvement.

Corn has been forced up by scarcity and an improved demand for home use, but there is less speculative demand. Receipts at the West have materially increased, and the growing "crop" presents a more favorable appearance. The weather is now all that could be desired. Oats, of the new crop have come forward freely from all directions, and, being of excellent quality, have caused a marked decline in old oats. The demand has been fair, at the decline, and the close quite firm.

The market for barley is not yet fairly opened, and barley-malt has declined. Rye sold down to \$1 21½, but has since recovered and closes firm at our quotations, although the absence of a distillery demand is seriously felt in this article. Canada peas have been dull and nominal.

The following are closing quotations :

Flour—	Wheat, Spring, per bush.	\$1 50@ 1 72
Superfine..... 3 bbl.	Red Winter.....	1 65@ 1 70
Extra State.....	Amber do.....	1 75@ 1 80
Extra Western, com-	White.....	1 65@ 1 85
mon to good.....	White California.....	1 75@ 1 85
Double Extra Western	Corn, Western Mix'd, new	1 12@ 1 18
and St. Louis.....	Yellow new.....	1 20@ 1 22
Southern supers.....	White new.....	1 18@ 1 19
Southern, extra and	Rye.....	1 23@ 1 26
family.....	Oats.....	68@ 75
California.....	Barley.....	.....
Rye Flour, fine and super	Malt.....	1 60@ 1 65
fine.....	Peas Canada.....	1 20@ 1 50
Corn Meal.....		

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

	1869.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	67,890	1,589,059	43,510	1,210,890
Corn meal, bbls.....	1,755	153,575	2,550	202,890
Wheat, bush.....	452,935	9,686,510	34,440	4,961,775
Corn, bush.....	190,130	5,772,520	854,965	11,613,065
Rye, bush.....	960	234,715	1,725	217,655
Barley, &c., bush.....	22,845	757,395	26,630	797,469
Oats, bush.....	352,490	3,169,570	259,980	3,780,175

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn
bbls. bbls. bush. * bush. bush. bush. bush.	bush. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	17,884 297,209
Since Jan. 1.....	339,395 8,873,702
N. A. Col. week.....	2,556 37
Since Jan. 1.....	103,070 22,962
West Ind. week.....	7,062 2,184
Since Jan. 1.....	209,326 35,285
Total exp't, week.....	33,047 2,231 329,489
Since Jan. 1, 1869.....	803,201 94,777 9,183,873 81,739
Same time, 1868.....	533,958 183,647 3,133,216 152,993
Since Jan. 1 from—	
Boston.....	104,251 22,528
Philadelphia.....	65,606 23,759 107,689
Baltimore.....	107,252 20,738 29,595

RECEIPTS OF BREADSTUFFS AT LAKE PORTS for the week ending August 7th, viz.:

At	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye
bbls. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.	bush. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.	bush. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.				
Chicago.....	21,882	174,091	523,978	179,430	8,020	11,391
Milwaukee.....	11,090	149,059	3,165	11,881	553	98
Toledo.....	7,785	28,513	85,764	8,750	360	4,036
Detroit.....	3,706	7,967	3,000	6,733	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	3,119	174,380	21,200	7,550	900	350
Totals.....	50,582	786,000	637,107	214,344	9,833	15,875
Previous week.....	44,216	661,258	461,378	141,853	3,161	3,418
Correspond'g week, 68.	41,006	374,829	692,467	420,131	2,195	8,076
" 67.	43,622	493,497	635,383	147,486	8,153	44,374
" 66.	29,162	182,915	935,231	85,699	4,355	8,506

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS OF BREADSTUFFS at Lake ports from opening of navigation to August 7th:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.....	2,892,727	1,769,622	1,463,737	1,872,851
Wheat, bush.....	19,403,663	8,836,803	6,009,961	10,816,447
Corn, bush.....	17,400,133	20,691,545	18,908,922	23,959,487
Oats, bush.....	6,276,614	5,791,874	3,760,866	7,899,431
Barley, bush.....	412,230	416,625	546,492	380,763
Rye, bush.....	570,898	229,375	667,892	1,112,663
Total grain, bush.....	44,063,538	35,965,622	29,834,133	44,168,791

EASTWARD SHIPMENTS OF BREADSTUFFS from Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo and Cleveland:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.
Week ending August 7.....	45,210	530,803	502,065	89,582
Previous week.....	54,585	622,020	534,583	125,953
Cor. week, 1868.....	41,990	223,779	1,061,481	178,284
" 1867.....	35,225	195,463	616,674	14,263
" 1866.....	19,206	307,091	935,073	252,354

EASTWARD SHIPMENTS FROM SAME PORTS from the opening of navigation to Aug. 7:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour..... bbls.	1,029,144	764,434	380,863	659,341
Wheat..... bush.	13,288,634	5,420,047	2,094,132	6,448,929
Corn..... bush.	9,478,004	16,240,271	11,741,077	20,680,757
Oats..... bush.	2,919,007	4,008,427	1,681,223	6,304,387

QUANTITY OF GRAIN "IN SIGHT" AUGUST 7.

	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.
In store at New York.....	631,262	253,155	51,219
In store at Buffalo.....	597,681	455,462	307,505
In store at Chicago.....	304,179	514,288	203,969
In store at Milwaukee.....	258,000	.....	.....
Afloat on lakes.....	244,717	276,787	42,407
Afloat on State canals.....	573,059	246,553	188,343
Rail shipments.....	116,625	153,103	39,551
Total.....	2,705,523	1,899,353	832,974
" Aug. 2d.....	3,549,463	1,848,652	911,122
" July 26th.....	3,822,173	1,935,409	1,001,416

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, August 13, 1869.

The course of business in the markets under review has been very steady since the date of our last report, undisturbed by any decided fluctuations towards either advance or decline. For nearly all kinds of Groceries there has been a good and, in some instances, an improved demand, and with the fair activity which has prevailed the general aspect of trade is favorable. Towards the close of the week the decline in the price of gold has operated to check transactions slightly, but no serious effect has been felt. The anticipations of a prosperous fall business continue to be confidently entertained, the reduction in freights noticed in our last still lending a material assistance to activity of business.

Raw Sugars have been steady and moderately active in supplying the wants of the trade. Refiners have for the most part held aloof from the market, as their wants had been fully supplied during the preceding week, and the market for their products has been less active and prices a little off.

Molasses, though closing quietly, has during the week been in good demand, more especially for the fine qualities suitable for refining purposes, which have brought improved prices.

Coffees have been steady, and stocks generally firmly held. The market has been moderately active.

In Teas the principal sales have been again in Oolongs, though other descriptions have attracted more attention this week. Prices have been steadily held for all kinds.

Imports of the week have been quite small, including only one cargo of Tea from Shanghai, one cargo of Rio Coffee, and small receipts of Sugar and Molasses, if we except 31,477 bags of Manila Sugar. In the report of tea, below, will be found an interesting statement of the shipments of tea from China and Japan to the United States for the past nine years.

The imports at New York for the week, and at the several ports since January 1, are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	At N. York.	Total at all ports	
this Week.	From Jan 1 to date—	1869.	1868.
Tea..... lbs.	545,653	36,943,442	30,517,132
Tea (indirect import)..... pkgs.	.....	17,961	15,383
Coffee, Rio..... bags	3,004	775,082	661,373
Coffee, other..... bags.	2,189	255,703	271,052
Sugar..... boxes.	2,338	453,051	306,429
Sugar..... hhds.	6,870	462,799	491,143
Sugar..... bags.	31,477	426,438	256,507
Molasses..... hhds.	3,061	293,000	338,005
Molasses, New Orleans..... bbls.	.....	17,643	10,925

TEA.

There has been a fair business transacted since our last, but we are not able to report any similar animation to that which marked the course of last week's trade. The attention of buyers has been rather more generally distributed among the several descriptions, though the sales have again been most largely in Oolongs. Prices have been fairly sustained in all kinds. The sales include 10,125 half chests of Oolongs, 3,104 do of Greens, and 2,480 do of Japans.

Imports of the week consist of one cargo per "Monkchester," from Shanghai, including 450 lbs. of black tea, 403,967 lbs. of green, and 141,236 lbs. of Japans. Dates from China are no later. Messrs. Augustine Heard & Co., in their Circular of June 9th, report the total export of tea to the United States from all China and Japan for a number of years, as follows:

Year ending—	Black.	Green.	Japan.	Total.
June 1, 1869..... lbs.	13,421,589	15,521,223	10,664,784	42,607,596
June 1, 1868.....	13,286,525	13,074,745	7,181,282	33,555,552
June 1, 1867.....	13,363,845	14,593,389	5,379,633	33,336,767
June 1, 1866.....	11,463,031	12,756,101	6,936,200	31,155,497
June 1, 1865.....	8,757,528	6,917,695	1,569,540	17,244,763
June 1, 1864.....	10,962,609	12,323,561	1,884,689	25,170,859
June 1, 1863.....	8,935,957	11,248,546	1,798,208	21,982,711
June 1, 1862.....	14,740,642	13,742,143	476,389	27,959,170
June 1, 1861.....	19,115,260	8,121,872	1,060,448	28,297,584

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and

Japan to the United States for the year ending May 31, 1869; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1868 and 1869.

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN FROM JUNE 1, '68, TO MAY 31, '69.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U.S. SINCE JAN 1, 1869.	
	1868-9.	1867-8.	1869.	1868.
Black	12,418,337	13,291,222	12,442,040	11,724,212
Green	18,407,607	12,949,459	16,014,050	13,188,222
Japan	10,626,794	7,102,769	9,003,005	5,609,648
Total.....	42,452,738	33,452,738	37,489,095	30,522,083

The indirect importations since Jan. 1 now reach 17,961 pkgs, against 15,333 last year.

COFFEE.

For Rio coffee there has been a steady demand throughout the week. Holders have been firm in their prices, and no stocks have been pressed for sale, though offered freely at market rates. There has been an average trade and prices have been fully supported and rule as quoted in our list. Some 1,600 bags of Rio were offered at auction yesterday, but after about half the lot had been sold the balance were withdrawn on account of unsatisfactory prices, the balance, however, having been subsequently disposed of at private sale. In West Indian there is some inquiry and quotations are sustained, but there has been no movement of any importance. Sales include 16,855 bags of Rio and the 1,601 bags at auction, with 630 bags of Santos.

Imports of Coffee for the week have been limited to 3,004 bags of Santos per "Jas. Hull," 2,122 bags of Maracaibo per "Teres," and 67 bags of sundries.

The stock of Rio Aug. 12, and imports since Jan. 1, are as follows:

In Bags.	New York.	Phila-del.	Balti-more.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Mobile.	Gal-veston.	Total.
Stock.....	133,979	40,000	12,500	2,000	.....	.....	*190,979
Same date 1868.	153,568	10,000	48,000	9,000	1,000	.....	226,568
Imports.....	485,517	8,200	184,781	74,068	19,666	2,800	775,032
" in 1868.	496,620	9,536	149,635	56,071	9,711	2,800	661,373

* Including Boston, 2,500.

Of other sorts the stock at New York Aug. 12 and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

In bags.	New York Stock.	Boston Import.	Philadel. Import.	Balt. Import.	N. Orleans Import.	Total imports at all the ports.
Java.....	†1,495	*42,012	*17,375	.....	.....	.....
Singapore.....	.....	*4,834	13,366	.....	.....	.....
Ceylon.....	7,771	10,361	943	.....	.....	.....
Maracaibo.....	8,773	48,172	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laguayra.....	5,212	19,543	.....	17,246	.....	.....
St. Domingo.....	.....	59,005	7,388	.....	.....	.....
Other.....	19,112	12,245	1,163	1,254	550	1,246
Total.....	33,313	195,172	40,235	18,500	550	1,246
Same '68.....	31,198	209,018	41,322	19,233	1,267	271,082

* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags. † Also 70,269 mats.

SUGAR.

The animation with which the week closed as noticed in our last report effectually supplied the wants of refiners and with a somewhat discouraging turn in the market for their own products, they have purchased very sparingly since. There has been a good business done however in meeting the wants of the trade, who are still taking advantage of the low rates of freight westward, and prices have suffered no decline. A shade less activity is observable within the last day or two, consequent upon the lower price in gold. Receipts have been light this week and the stock of sugar here under the inroads of the sales shows a considerable decrease since the date of our last. Refined sugars have been less active and prices have fallen off 1/2 on hard sugars and common yellow. The sales include 3,014 hhds of Cuba; 530 do Porto Rico; 260 do Demearas, with 2,195 boxes of Havana, and 110 hhds of tank bottoms.

Imports for the week at New York, and stock on hand August 12, were as follows:

	Cuba, bxs.	Cuba, *hhds.	P. Rico, *hhds.	Other, *hhds.	Brazil, bgs.	Manila, bgs.
Imports this week	2,383	3,068	2,586	1,216	.....	31,477
Stock on hand.....	141,224	.....	127,835	.....	149,454	.....
Same time 1868.....	57,274	.....	107,023	.....	61,605	.....
" 1867.....	53,476	.....	73,153	.....	35,016	.....

Imports at the several ports since Jan. 1, have been as follows:

Imp's since Jan 1, at	Boxes		*Hhds		Brazil, Manila	
	1869.	1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.	1868.
New York	303,502	242,257	231,303	293,946	132,886	176,872
Portland..	8,190	7,083	7,719	9,151	.....	.....
Boston....	25,685	49,210	54,102	61,674	12,600	44,976
Philadel..	31,106	61,539	60,978	64,690	48,149	.....
Baltimore.	25,024	22,817	50,108	49,921	10,955	.....
N. Orleans	64,454	11,029	8,589	11,751	.....	.....
Total.....	458,051	397,403	462,799	491,143	204,590	221,848

* Including tierces and barrels reduced to hhds.

MOLASSES.

We note a decided improvement in the state of this market since our last report. There has been a more active inquiry for both refining and grocery grades more especially directed to the finer qualities of each, and the firmness of holders has been repaid by an advance of 2 @3c per gal. No movement has been made in distilling grades. In domestic molasses the stock here has nearly all passed into second hands, the little remaining commanding a high price. The sales include 1,052 hhds of Cuba, 420 do Porto Rico, 200 do Barbadoes, 150 do St Croix, 24 do Martinique and 67 bbls of New Orleans.

The receipts of the week at New York, and the stock on hand August 12, were as follows:

	Cuba, *Hhds.	P. Rico, *Hhds.	Demerara, *Hhds.	Other, *Hhds.	N. O. Bbls.
Imports this week.....	1,540	802	197	522	.....
Stock on hand.....	9,431	5,524	.....	3,118	.....
Same time 1868.....	26,318	5,462	.....	4,541	.....

Imports at the several ports since January 1 have been as follows:

	*Hhds		N. O. bbls.
	1869.	1868.	
Total imports since Jan. 1 at New York.....	123,487	148,674	18,719
Portland.....	21,481	53,708	.....
Boston.....	39,981	50,823	762
Philadelphia.....	81,995	74,279	2,722
Baltimore.....	19,662	22,507	434
New Orleans.....	11,394	18,015	.....
Total at all ports.....	298,000	368,005	17,637

*Including tierces and barrels reduced to hhds.

SPICES.

There has been a steady jobbing trade, without any noticeable animation, however. The low rates of freight assist to render the market more active but no movement of importance are noticed.

FRUITS.

In foreign dried there has been very little done. Raisins are firm, but in common with other kinds, inactive. Turkish Prunes are very quiet. Our list of prices stands without change since our last report. Western buyers, who have been ready to avail themselves of the reduced freights to purchase freely in most markets, have shown no inclination to invest in fruits, as it is prior to the time for their regular fall purchases, and they desire to avoid holding them longer than necessary. Domestic dried meet with very little inquiry, the attention of purchasers being engrossed with the free receipts of green fruits. New crop Blackberries and Southern Apples are coming in, but prices are low and unsettled. Foreign green fruit from the Mediterranean has been in very light supply; scarcely anything has been sold from importers, and the little disposed of has been in unusually bad condition. A cargo of Menton Lemons is awaiting sale on Monday. Sound fruit is jobbing at \$10 00@12 00; West Indian fruit is scarce, and held at about our quoted prices.

We annex ruling quotations in first hands:

Coffee.

Rio, Prime, antypaid ... gold 11 1/2 @ 12	Native Ceylon.....gold 17 1/2 @ 19 1/2
do good.....gold 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2	Maracaibo.....gold 18 1/2 @ 19
do fair.....gold 9 1/2 @ 10	Laguayra.....gold 16 1/2 @ 18
do ordinary.....gold 8 1/2 @ 9	St. Domingo.....gold .. @ ..
Java, mats and bags ... gold 21 @ 25	Jamaica.....gold 15 @ 16

Sugar.

Cuba, inf. to com refining.. 10 1/2 @ 11	do do do 19 to 20 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do fair to good do .. 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2	do do white .. 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do pr me..... 11 1/2 @ ..	do No. 12, in bd, n c (gold) .. @ ..
do fair to good grocery.. 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2	Porto Rico, refining grades. 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
do pr. to choice do .. 12 1/2 @ 13	do grocery grades . 12 @ 13 1/2
do centrifugal hhd's & bxs 10 1/2 @ 13 1/2	Brazil, bags..... 11 @ 12
do Melado..... 6 @ 8 1/2	Manila, bags..... 11 @ 11 1/2
do molasses..... 10 @ 11 1/2	Crushed..... 15 1/2 @ ..
Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9. 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2	Granulated..... @ ..
do do do 10 to 12 12 @ 12 1/2	Soft White..... 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do do do 13 to 15 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2	Soft Yellow .. 14 1/2 @ 14 1/2
do do do 16 to 18 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2	

Molasses.

New Orleans..... 3/4 gall 80 @ 95	do Clayed..... 45 @ 50
Porto Rico..... 50 @ 75	Barbadoes..... @ ..
Cuba Muscovado..... 48 @ 60	

Spices.

Cassia, in mats... gold 43 1/2 @ 44	Pepper..... (gold) 7 1/2 @ 8
Ginger, race and Af(gold) 11 1/2 @ 12	Pimento, Jamaica (gold) 19 @ 19
Mace..... (gold) 1 15 @ ..	Cloves..... (gold) 25 @ 28
Nutmogs..... (gold) 90 @ 97	

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., August 13, 1869.

The general features of the market remain much the same as at the date of our last report. The competition in freights to the West still continues, and buyers from that section have taken the opportunity to purchase such staple goods, both cotton and woolen, as their stocks require, instead of waiting for concessions to be forced, by their own hesitancy in buying. There would hardly seem to be a doubt, but that it is much the best policy for these merchants, who are positively certain that they will need a considerable quantity of staple goods to begin Fall trade with, to save a percentage on freights by shipping now, rather than wait for lower prices, of which, at present, there is no prospect.

The market presents a very steady aspect, and prices are firmly held in agents and jobbers hands; the latter have, in most cases, disposed of those goods which they were selling under agents' prices, and one element of irregularity is thus removed. The confidence that a high price for cotton will be maintained has increased rather than diminished, as evidenced by the sales for future delivery, which are made at higher

prices than a month ago, and as it is generally conceded that staple cotton goods can not now be replaced at anything below current rates, any general concession in prices would seem to be out of the question, so long as the raw material remains firm.

To show the relative prices of cotton, gold and goods, we give herewith a comparison of prices at about this date (August 14th) for six years, viz.:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Cotton	1 80	45	35	28	29 1/2	33 1/2
Sheetings	70	32	22 1/2	18	18	17
Prints	45	32	21	18	16	15
Gold	2 56	1 41	1 48	1 40	1 46	1 36
Thread	2 00	95	1 09	1 09	1 10	90
De Laines	47 1/2	31	27	23	20	20

With much regret we notice the failure of the well-known firm of Messrs. Bowers, Beekman & Co., but are glad to observe that there is a prospect of their speedily resuming business.

The exports of dry goods for the past week, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pkgs.	Val.	Dry Goods. packages.	Domestics. pkgs.
Cuba	3	\$800		
Danish West Indies	3	380		
Brazil	60	10,831		
Liverpool			9	3,239
Canada			3	2,273
British West Indies.			3	134
Br. Provinces.				1
Total this week.	66	\$12,011	15	\$5,646
Since Jan. 1, 1869.	15,565	1,704,559	3,150	577,133
Same time 1868.	14,799	433,759	3,106	1,034,615
" " 1860	63,876			25,870

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have shown a fair activity during the week, and have been purchased to a considerable extent by Western merchants, who have deemed it advantageous to ship standard goods while freights are low. Prices remain firm, without signs of concession. Agawan F 36 inches 13, Albion A 36 12 1/2, Amoskeag A 36 16 1/2, do B 36 16, do Z 36 12, Atlantic A 36 17, do H 36 16 1/2, do P 36 13 1/2, do L 36 14 1/2, do V 33 13 1/2, Appleton A 36 16 1/2, Augusta 36 15 1/2, do 30 13, Broadway 36 14, Bedford R 30 10 1/2, Boott H 27 11 1/2, do O 34 13, do S 40 14 1/2, do W 45 19, Commonwealth O 27 8, Grafton A 27 10, Graniteville AA 36 16, do EE 36 15 1/2, Great Falls M 36 13 1/2, do S 33 13, Indian Head 36 17, do 30 13 1/2, Indian Orchard A 40 15 1/2, do C 36 14, do BB 36 13, do W 34 12, do NN 36 15, Laconia O 39 14 1/2, do B 37 14 1/2, do E 36 14, Lawrence A 36 14 1/2, do E 36 15, do F 36 14 1/2, do G 34 12 1/2, do H 27 11 1/2, do LL 36 14, Lyman O 36 14 1/2, do E 36 17, Massachusetts BB 36 14 1/2, do J 30 12 1/2, Medford 36 16, Nashua fine 33 14, do 36 16, do E 40 18, Newmarket A 13 1/2, Pacific extra 36 16 1/2, do H 36 16 1/2, do L 36 14 1/2, Pepperell 6-4 —, do 7-4 30, do 8-4 37 1/2, do 9-4 45, do 10-4 52 1/2, do 11-4 57 1/2, Pepperell E fine 39 15 1/2, do R 36 14 1/2, do O 33 13 1/2, do N 30 12 1/2, do G 30 13, Pocasset F 30 10 1/2, do K 36 13 1/2, do Canoe 40 16 1/2, Saranac fine O 33 4, do R 36 15, do E 39 18, Sigourney 36 16 1/2, Stark A 36 16 1/2, Swift River 36 12 1/2, Tiger 27 9, Tremont M 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have shared in the temporary activity from the cause above referred to, and have been dealt in as heavily as any other class of goods. No surplus is believed to be on hand. Prices are firm, and will probably be maintained at present rates. Amoskeag 46 20, do 42 19, do 54 26, do A 36 17, Androscoggin L 36 18 1/2, Appleton 36 18, Attawaugan XX 36 14, Atlantic Cambric 36 26, Ballou & Son 36 15 1/2, do 31 13, Bartletts 36 15 1/2, do 33 14 1/2, do 31 13 1/2, Bates XX 36 19, do B 33 14 1/2, Blackstone 36 15 1/2, do D 36 13 1/2, Boott B 36 16 1/2, do C 34 14 1/2, do E 35 13 1/2, do H 28 11 1/2, do O 30 13 1/2, do R 28 10 1/2, do W 45 19 1/2, Dwight 40 21, Ellerton E 42 18 1/2, Forrest Mills —, Forestdale 36 —, Fruit of the Loom 36 19, Globe 27 8 1/2, Gold Medal 36 15 1/2, Green Mfg Co 36 12 1/2, do 31 11 1/2, Great Falls K 36 15, do J 33 13 1/2, do S 31 13, do A 31 15, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 18, do 33 17, Hope 36 15 1/2, James 36 15 1/2, do 33 14, do 31 13, Lawrence B 36 15 1/2, Lonsdale 36 19, Masonville 36 19, Newmarket O 36 15, New York Mills 36 25, Pepperell 6-4 35, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52 1/2, do 10-4 57 1/2, Rosebuds 36 17, Red Bank 36 12 1/2, do 33 11, Slater J. & W. 36 14, Tuscarora 36 20, Utica 5-4 52 1/2, do 6-4 37 1/2, do 9-4 65, do 10-4 70, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 18, do 6-4 32 1/2, do 8-4 42 1/2, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 57 1/2, Wamsutta 45 30, do 40 1/2 27 1/2, do 36 22 1/2, Washington 33 10 1/2.

BROWN DRILLS are moderately active from the same cause influencing other staple goods. Prices are firm, although exporters might obtain some slight concession for cash. Amoskeag 17 1/2, Boott 17 1/2, Graniteville D 16, Laconia 17 1/2, Pepperell 17 1/2, Stark A 17 1/2, do H 15 1/2.

PRINTS do not move very actively. The price does not suit country buyers; and, on the other hand, agents claim, with apparent reason, that they cannot now manufacture at any lower prices. Some change must occur before a good business in this line can be done. Allens 12 1/2-13, American 12 1/2-13, Amoskeag 12 1/2, Arnolds 10-11, Cocheco 14, Conestoga 12 1/2, Dunnell's 13 1/2, Freeman 10 1/2, Gloucester 13, Hamilton 13 1/2, Home 8, Lancaster 12 1/2, London mourning 12, Mallory 13, Manchester 12-12 1/2, Merrimac D 12 1/2-13 1/2, do pink and purple 15 1/2, do W 15, Oriental 12 1/2, Pacific 3 1/2, Richmond's 12 1/2 13, Simpson Mourning 12 1/2, Sprague's purple and pink 14, do blue 14 1/2, do shirtings 14 1/2, Wamsutta 9 1/2.

PRINT CLOTHS are a little firmer in tone, although no advance in rates has taken place. Printers are not in the market to any extent, except for immediate orders; therefore any advance in rates would be of little benefit. Clifton V. S. Remington reports the Fall River market to 7th of August as follows: The market has materially hardened during

the latter part of this week, and at the close there is a strong demand at 8 1/2 @ 9-16c freely offered, and 8 1/2c asked for extra 64x64 cloths. The stock on hand is very light, and the tendency is for a firm, close market, with strong probability of an advance of 1/2 @ 1/2c per yard. Sales this week about 15,000 pieces.

MUSLIN DELAINES have continued to be fairly active, and with new styles opening from day to day, buyers have no opportunity to complain of assortments. Prices are firmer. Hamilton 20, Tycoon Repe 27 1/2, Lowell 20, Pacific Armures 21, do Robe de C 22 1/2, do Alpacas 3-4 25, do do 6-4 27 1/2-35, Pekins 22 1/2, Oriental Lustres 18, Piques 22.

GINGHAMS are in small stock, and prices consequently firm, with a small business. Allamance plaid 18, Caledonia 14, Earleton 22 1/2-25, Glasgow 16, Hampden 16, Lancaster 17, Manchester 18 1/2.

CHEEKS are without special feature of interest. Caledonia 70 27 1/2, do 50 2 1/2, do 12 26 1/2, do 11 22 1/2, Kennebeck 25, Lanark 12 1/2-13, Medford 13, Park No. 60 19, do 70 21, do 80 24, do 90 27 1/2, do 100 30, Pequa No. 1,200 13 1/2, do 2,000 25, do 2,800 27 1/2, Star Mills 12 18, do 20 22, Union No 20 25, do 50 27 1/2, Watts No. 80 16.

TICKINGS, though sharing the activity of sheetings to some extent, remain the same in price. Albany 11, American 14 1/2, Amoskeag A O A 36, do A 30, do B 25, do C 23, do D 21, Blackstone River 16 1/2, Conestoga 26, do extra 31, Cordis AAA 31 1/2, do BB 17 1/2, Hamilton 27, do D 21, Lewiston 33 36, do 32 32, do 30 26 1/2, Mees. and W'km's 29, Pearl River 33, Pemberton A A 27, do E 18, Swift River 17, Thorndike 18, Whittenden A 22 1/2, Willow Brook 28, York 30 28, do 32 34 1/2.

STRIPES are about the same as last reported. Albany 11, Algodon 16 1/2, American 14-15 1/2, Amoskeag 22-23, Boston 15, Hamilton 22, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 14 1/2, do G 15 1/2, Uncasville A 16, do B 15, Whittenton AA 22 1/2, do A 20, do BB 17, do C 15, York 23.

DENIMS have been rather dull, and prices remain about the same. Amoskeag 31, Blue Hill 14 1/2, Beaver Cr. blue 26 1/2, do CC 18 1/2, Columbian heavy 31, Haymaker Bro 18, Manchester 20, Otis AXA 28 1/2, do BB 26, do CC 21, Pearl River 30, Thorndike 19, Tremont 19.

CORSET JEANS are in fair request at firm rates. Amoskeag 15, Androscoggin 13, Bates 12 1/2, Everetts 15 1/2, Indian Orch. Imp 13 1/2, Laconia 15 1/2, Naumkeag 15 1/2, Newmarket 14, Washington satteen 17 1/2.

CAMBRICS are quiet and unchanged. Amoskeag 10, Portland 7 1/2, Pequot 10 1/2, Victory H 10, do A 10 1/2, Washington 10 1/2.

COTTON BAGS are now in season, and in good demand. Stocks are sold pretty close up. American \$45, Androscoggin \$45, Arkwright A \$45, Great Falls A \$47, Lewiston \$47, Ludlow AA \$47, Ontarioe \$47 50, Stark A \$47 50, do C 3 bush \$65, Union A \$32.

COTTON YARNS AND BATTS are firmly maintained, in sympathy with the continued firm rates for cotton. Best Georgia Cotton Yarns Nos. 6 to 12 40, Best South Carolina small skeins 41.

SPOOL COTTON is not materially changed. The demand is good, but supply large with the numerous competing manufacturers. Brook's per doz. 200 yards 90, J. & P. Coat's 90, Clark, John, Jr. & Co. 90, Clark's Geo. A. 90, Willimantic 3 cord 52, do 6 cord 80, Stafford Brothers 45, Green & Daniels 47 1/2, Parker Bros 3 cord 42 1/2, Glasgow 45, Hadley 80, Holyoke 47 1/2, Orr & McNaught 85, Pitchers 42 1/2.

WOOLEN GOODS.—Shawls are evidently the chief attraction of buyers at the present time. The agents of the various lines are well supplied, and report very good trade. Prices are well sustained, and goods are evidently moving freely. Other woollen goods have appreciated considerably since our last report. All classes are moving with more or less activity and at fair rates. Cassimeres in the lower as well as the finer grades are in good request, and considerable quantities have been sold to the Western trade. Imported woollens are also in good demand, especially fine French goods, which are much sought after. Overcoatings in desirable styles are also in good demand, and, on the whole, the market presents a much more encouraging appearance than a week ago.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS are improving, and the market presents a slightly more animated appearance as far as importers are concerned. Jobbers are doing very little in this line thus far, and some anxiety is expressed at the dilatoriness of buyers. The assortments of styles and textures for the fall trade are excellent and in goodly numbers, and an active and prosperous business is anticipated by importers, although jobbers are not quite so sanguine.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Aug. 12, 1869, and the corresponding weeks of 1867 and 1868, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1869.						
	1867.		1868.		1869.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	870	\$391,113	1,302	\$518,398	1,063	\$469,473
do cotton...	556	169,229	656	182,779	643	198,694
do silk.....	301	298,096	471	413,599	462	435,287
do flax.....	474	121,942	1,474	221,476	1,621	186,211
Miscellaneous dry goods.	313	91,029	410	97,291	461	157,606
Total.....	2,514	\$1,071,409	4,313	\$1,433,543	4,255	\$1,447,271
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	1,664	\$677,888	1,204	\$435,064	865	\$322,320
do cotton..	1324	99,308	194	55,993	236	47,495
do silk.....	219	242,139	59	65,986	164	166,078
do flax.....	619	153,252	260	66,275	504	102,914
Miscellaneous dry goods	182	42,912	50	14,815	33	7,332
Total.....	3,008	\$1,215,499	1,767	\$638,133	1,802	\$646,539
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	2,514	1,071,409	4,313	1,433,543	4,255	1,447,271
Total th'wn upon make	5,522	\$2,286,908	6,080	\$2,071,676	6,057	\$2,099,810
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	1,095	\$455,559	731	\$248,270	879	\$293,702
do cotton..	282	79,026	200	55,341	325	95,432
do silk.....	106	111,750	95	115,851	69	75,197
do flax.....	316	87,915	225	65,227	449	85,707
Miscellaneous dry goods.	81	26,144	35	15,150	256	62,363
Total.....	1,890	\$760,394	1,286	\$499,839	1,978	\$512,406
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	2,514	1,071,409	4,313	1,433,543	4,255	1,447,271
Total entered at the port	4,394	\$1,831,803	5,599	\$1,933,412	6,233	\$2,059,617

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Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Assets.....\$901,687 11

Providence Washington
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OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Cash Capital.....\$200,000 00
Assets.....\$392,425 52

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NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
(Brown Brothers & Co.'s Building.)
Receive money on deposit, subject to check at sight, allowing interest on daily balances at the rate of four per cent per annum, credited monthly.
Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four cent interest, payable on demand or at fixed periods.
Negotiate Loans.
Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold, Government and other Securities on commission.
Make collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
Gulon & Co., Alex. S. Petrie & Co.,
Liverpool. London.

Advances made on consignments to our Correspondents, and orders for the purchase of Merchandise, Stocks and Bonds, executed by Cable or Mail.
Travelers' and Commercial Credits issued, available in all parts of Europe, &c.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,
No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collect on both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,
BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,
For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

51 William Street.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Government and other Securities
Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Draw Bills on City Bank of London.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,
PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,
12 PINE STREET,
Negotiate
Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,
Contract for
Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc.
and undertake
all business connected with Railways

JAMES ROBB, KING & Co.,

No. 56 Wall Street.
LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS,
DRAW Short-sight Exchange on PARIS, Sterling Bills at Sight or Sixty Days, on
THE CITY BANK..... } LONDON.
Messrs. ROBERT BENSON & CO. }
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the New York Stock Exchange.

Financial.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & Co.
BANKERS, PHILADELPHIA & NEW YORK

Dealers in U.S. Bonds and Members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both Cities.
Receive Accounts of Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.
ISSUE BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON
C. J. HAMBRO & SON, London.
B. METZLER S. SOHN & CO. Frankfort
JAMES W. TUCKER & CO., Paris.
AND OTHER PRINCIPAL CITIES;
And Letters of Credit available throughout Europe.

CIRCULAR NOTES

AND
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
FOR
TRAVELERS,
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE

ALSO,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

ISSUED BY
MORTON, BLISS & Co.

VERMILYE & Co.,
BANKERS,

Removed to Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau Street, New York,
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND IN
GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS,

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

Interest on Deposits.

HENRY H. WARD. WM. G. WARD. CHAS. H. WARD.

WARD & Co.,

BANKERS,
54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Established 1820.
Orders in Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities promptly filled at usual rates. Foreign Exchange negotiated. Draw Bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Deposits in Gold and Currency received and interest allowed on balances exceeding \$1,000.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR
BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY.
52 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

E. J. OSBORN. ADDISON CAMMACK

OSBORN & CAMMACK,

BANKERS,
34 BROAD STREET.
Stocks, State Bonds, Gold and Federal Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular Attention paid to Investments in Southern State Bonds.

Tapscott, Bros. & Co.

86 SOUTH STREET & 23 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Issue Sight Drafts and Exchange payable in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland.
Credits on W. TAPSCOTT & CO., Liverpool. Advances made on consignments. Orders for Government Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise executed.

WARREN KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,
NO. 4 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Orders for Stocks Bonds and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits subject to check at sight.

Bankers and Brokers.

BANKING HOUSE

JAY COOKE & Co.,

New York, Philadelphia and Washington.
No. 20 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
We Buy, Sell and Exchange at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS,

and Bonds of LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive Deposits, subject to Check, allowing interest, and transact a general Banking Business.
JAY COOKE & CO.

THE

National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY
CAPITAL PAID IN
ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres. JAMES MERRELL, Sec

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS
FOUR PER CENT INTEREST,
ON DAILY BALANCES

SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.
SPECIAL DEPOSIT for Six Months or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is invested entirely in Government Securities, and is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

Wm. R. Utley & Geo.

W. Dougherty,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

NO. 11 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Gold and Specie Southern Securities and Bank Notes; Central and Union Pacific Railroad Sixes; State, City, Town, County and Corporation Bonds; Insurance, Manufacturing and Bank Stocks, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

HENRY MEIGS,

Banker and Broker, No. 27 Wall St.,
Member of New York Stock Exchange,
(Formerly cashier of the Metropolitan Bank, and late of the firm of H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith).
Offers his services for the purchase and sale of Government and all other Stocks, Bonds and Gold.
Interest allowed on deposits
Investments carefully attended to.

The Tradesmen

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....470,000
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY Cashier.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS
No. 32 Broad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES,

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.
Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the purchase or sale of
Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

Miscellaneous.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
 AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
 SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....1,893,226
 PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340
Special Fund of \$200,000
 Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.
 UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.
 GEORGE ADLARD, Manager
 WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
 PAID UP CAPITAL AND ACCUMULATED FUND
\$14,044,635 31 IN GOLD.
 UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
 EZRA WHITE, Associate Manager
 T. C. ALLYN, }
 CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.
 Capital and Surplus **\$2,000,000.**
 Geo. M. Coit, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't
PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CONN.
 Capital and Surplus **\$1,400,000.**
 D. W. C. SKILTON, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres
 Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.
WHITE ALLYN & CO., Agents,
 NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

BANKING HOUSE OF LUTHER KOUNTZE,

52 Wall Street, New York.
 Deposits received from Banks and Individuals, subject to check at sight, and interest allowed thereon at **FOUR PER CENT** per annum.
 Collections made throughout the United States, the British Provinces and Europe.
 Governments Securities bought and sold.

H. C. HARDY & SON,

No. 4 Wall Street, New York.
 Execute orders at the New York Stock, Government and Gold Exchanges, in person, and transact a General Banking, Exchange, and Brokerage Business.

MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS.
 NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
 Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Exchange on Paris.

RIDER & CORTIS,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
 Successors to

SAML. THOMPSON'S NEPHEW, AND ABM. BELI SONS.
 Sterling Exchange business. Drafts on England Ireland and Scotland.
 Bankers furnished with Sterling Bills of Exchange, and through passage tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

STOKER, TAYLOR & Co.,

BANKERS.
 21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Sight and Time Bills on LONDON, LIVERPOOL, EDINBURGH and DUBLIN, PARIS, BREMEN, HAMBURG, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, VIENNA, etc.
 STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
 COLLECTIONS made in all parts of Europe.

White, DeFreitas & Rathborne,

Bankers and Brokers, 17 Broad St.

Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds, bought and sold exclusively on Commission at the New York Stock Exchange.
 Interest allowed on Deposits.
 Refer to WM. H. COX, Esq., Cashier Mechanical National Bank.

Bankers and Brokers.

HARVEY FISK, A. S. HATCH.

Office of FISK & HATCH,

Bankers & Dealers in Gov't Securities,

No. 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Opposite U. S. Sub Treasury.

We receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and others, subject to check at sight, and allow interest on balances. We make collections on all points in the United States and Canada, and issue Certificates of Deposit available in all parts of the Union.

We buy and sell, at current rates, all classes of Government Securities, the Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company; also Gold and Silver coin and Gold coupons.

We buy and sell at the Stock Exchange miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, on commission, for cash.

We offer also the United States Six-per-cent. Thirty Year Currency Bonds, issued in aid of the Pacific Railroad, which are widely esteemed by moneyed corporations, as the longest Six-per-cent. Government Bond in the market.

Communications and inquiries by Mail or Telegraph will receive attention.

FISK & HATCH.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
 Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
 Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
 J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass. N. Y.
 C. B. BLAIR, Pres. Merchants' Nat. Bank Chicago.

Lockwood & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET:

J. M. WEITH, GEO. ARENT'S

J. M. Weith & Arents,

Late J. M. Weith & Co.,
DEALERS IN SOUTHERN AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES,

NO. 9 NEW STREET.

Loans Negotiated.

Lounsbury & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
Government Securities,

Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBURY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE

WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,
 Bankers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

Insurance

OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1869.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1868:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1868, to 31st Dec., 1868.....\$6,752,969 82
 Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1868.....2,563,002 84
 Total amount of marine premiums....\$9,315,972 14

No policies have been issued upon life risks; nor upon fire risks disconnected with marine risks.
 Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1868, to 31st December, 1868...\$6,807,970 82
 Losses paid during the same period.....\$3,081,080 49

Reports of premiums and expenses.....\$1,333,230 61

The Company has the following assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York stock, city bank and other stocks...\$7,587,456 00
 Loans secured by stocks and otherwise.....2,214,100 00
 Real estate and bonds and mortgages 210,000 00
 Interest, and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....290,530 00
 Premium notes and bills receivable...2,953,267 52
 Cash in bank.....405,548 68
 Total amount of assets.....\$13,660,891 30

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Second of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Second of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled.

A Dividend of Forty Per Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1868, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
 Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

J. D. Jones, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
 Charles Dennis, C. A. Hand,
 W. H. H. Moore, James Low,
 Henry Coit, B. J. Howland,
 Wm. C. Pickersgill, Benj. Babcock,
 Lewis Curtis, Robert B. Minturn,
 Charles H. Russell, Gordon W. Burnham,
 Lowell Holbrook, Frederick Chauncey,
 R. Warren Weston, R. L. Taylor,
 Royal Phelps, Geo. S. Stephenson,
 Caleb Barstow, William H. Webb,
 A. P. Pillot, Paul Spofford,
 William E. Dodge, Sheppard Gandy,
 David Lane, Francis Skiddy,
 James Bryce, Charles P. Burdett,
 Daniel S. Miller, Robert O. Ferguson,
 Wm. Sturgis, Samuel G. Ward,
 Henry K. Bogert, William E. Beaman,
 Dennis Perkins, Samuel L. Mitchell,
 James G. De Forest.

JOHN D. JONES, President.
 CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President,
 W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Prest.
 J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Prest.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted low, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports...

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of countries East of the Cape of Good Hope...

Anchors—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward 8 @

Ashes—Duty. 20 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb 7 3/4 @ 7 6 3/4 Pearl, 1st sort... nominal.

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 43 @ 45

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin... 39 @ 40

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... 6 Navy... 4 1/2 Crackers... 6 1/2 @ 11

readstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 8 50 @ 9 50 Crotons... 18 00 @ 20 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ 43 00

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer n, gray & wh... 40 @ 2 50

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—Creamery pails... 50 State firkins, prime... 38 @ 40

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax... 5; t carline and adamantine, 5 cents per lb.

Cement—Rosendale... 112 @ 00 One inch & upward... 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward... 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel...

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold)... 14 @ 15

Co Ice.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb...

Corkage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb.

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts... 55 @ 70

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 30 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb...

Alcohol, 95 per cent... 2 19 @ 2 25 Aloes, Cape... 19 @ 20 Alum... 75 @ 3 1/2

Annato, good to prime... 75 @ 95 Antimony, Reg. of, g'd... 12 @ 12

Goat, Curacao... 53 @ 53 do Buenos A... 50 @ 55 do Vera Cruz... 50 @ 55

Manna, large flake... 2 00 Manna, small flake... 95 @ Mustard Seed, Cal... 13 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 10 1/2

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... 17 00 @ Ravens, Heavy... 17 00 @

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold... 150 @ 30 00 Fustic, Cuba... 30 00 @ 32 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... 90 @ 95 Tennessee... 38 @ 90

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl...

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... 24 @ 26

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark... 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 1 00 @ 4 00

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacao... 53 @ 53 do Buenos A... 50 @ 55

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches 2 1/2 cents per square foot...

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 45 @ 50 per cent

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New Life of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 1 cent or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 per cent ad val...

Hair—Duty free. Rio Grande, mix'd... 26 1/2 @ Buenos Ayres, mix'd... Hog, Western, unwash, cur'd... 10 @

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lb for shipping... 60

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Suni and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico 1 cent per lb

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val. Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres... 21 @ 22

Wet Salted Hides—Bue Ayres... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Rio Grande... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 California... 11 @ 11 1/2

Wet Salted Hides—Bue Ayres... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Rio Grande... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 California... 11 @ 11 1/2

Upper Leather Stock—
 E. A. & Rio Gr. Kip 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2
 Minas 19 @ 20
 Sierra Leone, cash 40 @ 41
 Gambia & Bissau 32 @ 35
 Zanzibar 26 @ 27

East India Stock—
 Calcutta, city sl'hter
 p. gold 15 1/2 @ 16
 Calcutta, dead green 13 @ 13 1/2
 do buffalo, p. B 13 1/2 @ 14
 Manila & Batavia,
 buffalo 10 @ 11

Honey—Duty, 20 cent p. gallon.
 Ouba (duty paid) (gr. d.
 p. gall. 84 @ 88

Hops—Duty: 5 cents p. B.
 Crop of 1868 8 @ 14
 do of 1867 @ @
 Bavarian @ @

Horns—Duty, 10 p. cent. ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande... p. C @ 8 00
 Ox, American @ 6 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 p. cent.
 ad val.
 Para, Fine... p. B 1 05 @ 1 10
 Para, Medium @ @
 Para, Coarse @ 57 1/2
 East India @ @
 Carthagen, &c. @ @

Indigo—Duty free.
 Bengal... (gold) p. B 1 60 @ 2 20
 Jude @ @
 Madras... (gold) 1 05 @ 1 20
 Manila... (gold) 85 @ 1 10
 Guatemala... (gold) 1 20 @ 1 45
 Caracas... (gold) 1 15 @ 1 20

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents p. B.
 Railroad, 70 cents p. 100 B; Boiler
 and Plate, 1 1/2 cents p. B; Sheet, Band,
 Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 cents p. B;
 Pig, \$9 p. ton; Polished Sheet, 3
 cents p. B.

Pig Charcoal... 50 00 @
 Pig, American, No. 1... 41 00 @ 42 00
 Pig, American, No. 2... 38 00 @ 40 00
 Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer... 81 00 @ 87 50
 Gartsherie... 41 00 @ 42 00

Bar Swedes, ordinary
 sizes 140 00 @ 150 00

Bar, English and Amer-
 ican, Refined... 90 00 @ 95 00
 do do Common 85 00 @ 90 00

Scroll... 250 00
 Ovals and Half Round 115 50 @ 140 50

Band... 115 00 @
 Horse Shoe... 115 00 @
 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 95 00 @ 155 00
 Hoop... 123 00 @ 130 00

Nail Rod... p. B 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2
 Sheet, Russia... 10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
 Sheet, Single, Double
 and Treble... 5 @ 7
 Rails, Eng. (g'd) p. ton 56 00 @ 57 00
 do American... 74 00 @ 76 00

Ivory—Duty, 10 p. cent ad val.
 East India, Prime p. B 3 00 @ 3 37 1/2
 East Ind., Billiard Ball 8 12 1/2 @ 3 37 1/2
 African, Prime... 2 50 @ 2 87
 African, Surivel, W.C. 1 25 @ 2 25

Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 p. 100 B; Old
 Lead, 1 1/2 cents p. B; Pipe and Sheet,
 2 1/2 cents p. B.
 Galena... p. 100 B @ @
 Spanish... (gold) 6 25 @ 6 35
 German... (gold) 6 30 @ 6 50
 English... (gold) 6 25 @ 6 87 1/2
 Bar... net @ 9 00
 Pipe and Sheet... net 9 45 @

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30
 p. cent ad val.
 Oak, sl'hter, heavy p. B 40 @ 46
 do do middle 38 @ 46
 do do light 38 @ 42
 do do crop, heavy 38 @ 42
 do do middle 40 @ 45
 do do light 42 @ 45
 Oak, rough slaughter 38 @ 45
 Hemi'k, B. A., &c., h'y
 do do middle 30 @ 32
 do do light 30 @ 32
 do Califor., heavy 26 1/2 @ 29
 do do middle 30 @ 31 1/2
 do do light 30 @ 31 1/2
 do Orino., heavy 25 @ 27
 do do middle 29 1/2 @ 30 1/2
 do do light 29 1/2 @ 30 1/2
 do rough... 35 @ 40
 do good damaged 24 @ 28
 do poor do 26 @ 23

Lime—Duty: 10 p. cent ad val.
 Rockland, com. p. bbl. @ 1 15
 do heavy @ 1 75

Lumber, &c.—Duty: Lumber, 20
 p. cent ad val.; Staves, 10 p. cent ad
 val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Bird's-eye maple, logs, p. ft. 6 @ 7
 Black walnut... p. M. ft. 75 00 @ 85 00
 Black walnut, logs sup'it 8 @ 9
 Black walnut, t'rotches... 15 @ 20
 do figur'd & blist'd 22 @ 1 25
 Yellow pine timber, Geo
 p. M. ft. 33 00 @ 33 00
 White oak, logs p. M. ft. 45 00 @ 50 00
 do plank, p. M. ft. 50 00 @ 55 00
 Pper & W wood b'ds &
 nk... 45 00 @ 45 00

Cherry boards and plank... 70 00 @ 80 00
 Oak and ash... 45 00 @ 60 00
 Maple and birch... 30 00 @ 45 00
 White pine b'x boards... 23 00 @ 27 00
 White pine merchantable
 b'x boards... 27 00 @ 30 00
 Clear pine... 60 00 @ 70 00
 Laths... p. M 2 70 @ 2 75
 Hemlock... 3x4, per piece @ 22
 do 4x6, do @ 50
 do bds, do 22 @ 25
 Spruce... bds, do 23 @ 26
 do plk 1 1/2 in. do 31 @ 35
 do do 2 in. do 35 @ 50
 do strips, 2x4 do 18 @ 20
 do per Mft. 19 00 @ 22 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rose-
wood—Duty free.
 Mahogany St. Iomin-
 go, crotches p. ft. 25 @ 50
 do St. Domingo,
 ordinary logs... 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt,
 crotches... 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt,
 logs... 10 @ 14
 do Nuevitas... 10 @ 14
 do Mansanilla... 8 @ 10
 do Mexican... 11 @ 15
 do Honduras
 (American wood)... 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas... 12 @ 13
 do Mansanilla... 12 @ 13
 do Mexican... 8 @ 10
 do Florida, p. c. ft. 25 @ 75
 Rosewood, E. Jan. p. B 5 @ 8
 do Bahia... 4 @

Molasses—See special report.

Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;
 horse shoe 2 cents p. B.
 Cut, 4d. @ 60d. p. 100 B 4 70 @ 4 75
 Clinch... 6 20 @ 6 25
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) p. B 26 @ 30
 Copper... 38 @ 40
 Yellow metal... 27 @
 Zinc... 18 @

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of
 turpentine 39 cents p. gallon; crude
 Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20
 p. cent ad val.
 Turpent'e, soft, p. 280 B 4 00 @
 Tar, N. County p. bbl. 2 50 @ 2 75
 Tar, Wilmington... 3 12 1/2 @ 3 25
 Pitch City... 2 75 @ 2 80
 Spi-fturpentine p. g 43 @ 43 1/2
 Rosin, com'n. p. 280 B 2 25 @
 do strained... 2 35 @ 2 40
 do No. 2... 2 45 @ 2 75
 do No. 1... 2 75 @ 3 75
 do Pale... 4 00 @ 6 00
 do extra pale... 8 00 @ 9 00

Oakum—Duty fr., p. B 8 @ 11

Oil Cake—Duty: 20 p. cent ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls.
 p. ton 42 00 @ 42 50
 do in bags, 54 75 @
 West. thin obl'g, do 50 00 @

Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and
 rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad
 oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1: burning
 fluid, 50 cents p. gallon; palm, seal,
 and cocoa nut, 10 p. cent ad val.;
 sperm and whale or other fish (for-
 eign fisheries,) 20 p. cent ad val.
 Olive, Mar's, qs (currency)
 per case... 4 75 @ 6 00
 do in casks, p. gall. 1 45 @ 1 50
 Palm... p. B 10 1/2 @
 Linseed, city... p. gall. 97 @ 97
 Whale, crude... 90 @ 1 05
 do bleached... 1 10 @ 1 15
 Sperm, crude... 1 80 @
 do wint. bleach... 1 95 @ 2 00
 Lard oil, prime... 1 42 1/2 @ 1 55
 Red oil, city dist. Elain @ 90
 do saponified... @ 1 00
 Bank... @ 80
 Straits... @ 85
 Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.
 Lubricating... @ 40

Paints—Duty: on white lead, red
 lead, and litharge, dry or ground in
 oil, 3 cents p. B; Paris white and
 whiting, 1 cent p. B; dry ochres, 56
 cents p. 100 B; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents
 p. B; ochre, ground in oil, \$ 50 p. 100
 B; Spanish brown 25 p. cent ad val.;
 China clay, \$5 p. ton; Venetian red
 and vermilion 25 p. cent ad val.;
 white chalk, \$10 p. ton.
 Litharge, City... p. B 10 1/2 @ 11
 Lead, red, City... 10 1/2 @ 11
 do white, American,
 pure, in oil... @ 13 1/2
 do white, American,
 pure, dry... 11 1/2 @
 Zinc, white, American,
 dry, p. 1... 8 @ 8 1/2
 do white, American,
 No. 1, in oil... 9 @ 12
 do White, French, i, ry
 do white, French, i
 oil... 13 @ 16
 Ochre, yellow, French,
 dry... 2 @ 2 1/2
 do ground, in oil... 8 @ 10
 Spanish brown, dry p.
 100 B... 1 00 @ 1 25
 do gr'd in oil, p. B 8 00 @ 9 00
 Paris wh., No. 1... 2 75 @ 3 00
 Chrome, yellow, dry... 15 @ 35
 Whiting, Amer p. 100 B 1 87 1/2 @ 2 00
 Vermilion, China, p. B 90 @ 95

Vermillion, Trieste... 88 @ 90
 do Cal... 90 @ 95
 do Amer. com... 22 @ 27
 Venet. red (N.C.) p. wt 2 62 1/2 @ 2 75
 Carmine, city made p. B 18 00 @ 16 00
 Plumbago... @ 6
 China clay, p. ton... 27 00 @ 29 00
 Chalk... p. lb. @ 1 1/2
 Chalk, block... p. ton 23 00 @ 24 00
 Barytes, American p. B @ 2 1/2
 Barytes, Foreign... @

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents
 refined, 40 cents p. gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. p. gal @ 23
 do in bulk... 17 1/2 @ 17 1/2
 refined in bond, prime
 L. S. to W. (110 @
 115 test)... @ @
 do Standard white 32 1/2 @ 32 1/2
 Naptha, refined. 68-73
 grav... 9 1/2 @ 10
 Residuum... p. bbl 4 50 @

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork,
 1 ct; tams, bacon, and lard, 2 cts p. B
 Pork, new mess, p. bb 133 12 @ 33 25
 Pork, old mess... 32 75 @
 Pork, prime mess... 30 00 @ 30 50
 do prime... 20 00 @ 23 50
 Beef, plain mess... 9 14 @ 16 00
 do extra mess... 12 00 @ 18 00
 do hams... 26 00 @ 31 00
 Hams... p. B 17 @ 19
 Shoulders... 14 1/2 @ 15
 Lard... 17 1/2 @ 20 1/2

Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents p. B.;
 paddy 1 1/2 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents
 p. B.
 Carolina... p. 100 B 8 25 @ 9 25
 Rangoon Dressed, gold 7 @ 8 1/2
 In bond... 3 @ 3 1/2

Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents p. 100 B;
 bulk, 18 cents p. 100 B.
 Turks Islands p. bush. 50 @
 Cadiz... @ 50
 Liverpool, gr'd p. sack 1 90 @ 2 00
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 3 70 @ 3 75
 do fine, Worthing's 2 65 @ 2 75

Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents;
 refined and partially refined, 3 cents;
 nitrate soda, 1 cent p. B.
 Refined, pure... p. B 15 @
 Crude... 10 1/2 @
 Nitrate soda... gold 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,
 1 cent p. B; canary, \$1 p. bushel of
 60 B; and grass seeds, 30 p. cent
 ad val.
 Clover... p. B 13 @ 14
 Timothy, reaped p. bus 5 00 @ 5 50
 Canary... p. bus @
 Flax... 2 50 @ 2 70
 Lins'd Am. rough p. bus @
 do Calc'a, Boat'n (g'd) @ 2 12 1/2
 do do New Yk, g'd 2 12 1/2 @

Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents p. B.
 Drop... p. B 9 1/2 @
 Buck... 10 1/2 @

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk,
 35 p. cent.
 Testles, No. 1 @ 2. p. B 10 50 @ 11 00
 Taysaams, superior,
 No. 1 @ 4... 6 75 @ 9 25
 do medium, No. 2... 7 00 @ 9 25
 Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2 7 25 @ 7 50
 Canton, Extra Fine... 8 75 @ 9 00
 Japan, superior... 10 50 @ 11 25
 do Good... @ 9 00
 do Medium... 7 50 @

Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and
 plates, \$1 50 p. 100 lbs.
 Plates, for p. 100 B gold 6 37 1/2 @ 6 40
 do domestic p. B 11 @ 12

Spices—See special report.

Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof
 \$3 p. gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey,
 for first proof, \$2 50 p. gallon.
 Brandy, Otard, Dupuy
 & Co. (gold) p. gal. 5 50 @ 13 00
 Brandy, Finet, Castil-
 lon & Co (gold) 5 50 @ 17 00
 do Hennessy (gold) 5 50 @ 18 00
 do Marett & Co (g'd) 5 50 @ 10 00
 do Leger Freres do 5 50 @ 10 00
 do oth for, b'ds (g'd) 4 75 @ 18 00
 Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd) 4 50 @ 4 75
 do St. Croix, 3d
 proof... (gold) 3 50 @ 3 75
 Gin, diff. brands, (gold) 3 00 @ 5 50

Domestic Liquors—Cash.
 Brandy, gin & p. sp'its in bi 10 @ 1 15
 Rum, pure... 1 10 @ 1 15
 Whiskey... 1 10 @ 1 11

Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued
 at 7 cents p. B or under, 2 1/2 cents;
 over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts
 p. B; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents p. B.
 and 10 p. cent ad val. (Store prices.)
 English, cast, p. B... 18 @ 22
 English, spring... 9 @ 11 1/2
 English blister... 11 1/2 @ 19
 English machinery... 12 1/2 @ 15
 English German... 14 @ 16
 American blister... 10 1/2 @ 16
 American cast Tool... @ @
 American spring do... 10 @ 12
 American machy do... @ 12
 American German, do... 20 @ 18

Sumac—Duty: 10 p. cent ad val
 Sicily high gr'd's p. ton 130 00 @ 155

Sugar—See special report.

Tallow—Duty: 1 cent p. B.
 American, prime, coun-
 try and city p. B... 12 @ 12 1/2

Teas—See special report.

Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 p.
 cent ad val. Plate and sheets and
 terne plates, 25 per cent. ad val.
 Banca... p. B (gold) 33 1/2 @ 34
 Straits... (gold) 30 1/2 @ 31
 English... (gold) @ 30
 Plates, char. I. C. p. B 8 00 @ 8 37 1/2
 do I. C. Coke... 6 75 @ 7 50
 do Terne Charcoal 7 75 @ 8 25
 do Terne Coke... 5 75 @ 6 00

Tobacco—See special report.

Wines—Duty: Value not over 50 cts
 p. gallon, 20 cents p. gallon, and 25 p.
 cent. ad val.; over 50 and not over
 100, 50 cents p. gallon and 25 p. cent.
 ad val.; over \$1 p. gallon, \$1 p. gal-
 lon and 25 p. cent. ad val.
 Madeira... p. gall. 3 50 @ 7 00
 Sherry... 1 25 @ 9 00
 Port... 2 00 @ 8 50
 Burgundy port... (gold) 85 @ 1 25
 Lisbon... (gold) 2 25 @ 3 50
 Sicily Madeira... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25
 Red, Span. & Sicily (g) 90 @ 1 00
 Marselles Mad'ra (g'd) 70 @ 85
 Marselles Port... (gold) 80 @ 1 60
 Malaga, dry... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25
 Malaga, sweet... (gold) 1 10 @ 1 25
 Claret... gold. p. cask 35 00 @ 60 00
 Claret... gold. p. doz 3 60 @ 9 00

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered
 \$2 to \$3 50 p. 100 B, and 15 p. cent ac
 val.
 Iron No. 0 to 18 List 25-27 1/2 p. ct. of
 Iron Nos. 19 to 26. List 37 1/2 p. ct. of
 Iron Nos. 27 to 36. List 42 1/2 p. ct. of
 Iron Telegraph, No. 8 to 11
 Galv... p. B. 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
 Brass (less 20 @ 25 per cent)... 43 @
 Copper do... 53 @

Wool—Duty: Imported in the "or-
 dinary condition as now and hereto-
 fore practiced." CLASS 1.—*Clothing*
Wools—The value whereof at the last
 place whence exported to the United
 States is 32 cents or less p. B, 10
 cents p. B and 11 p. cent. ad val.
 over 32 cents p. B, 12 cents p. B and
 10 p. cent. ad val.; when imported
 washed, double these rates. CLASS
 2.—*Combining Wools*—The value where-
 of at the last place whence exported to
 the United States is 32 cents or less
 p. B, 10 cents p. B and 11 p.
 cent ad val.; over 32 cents p. B, 12
 cents p. B and 10 p. cent. ad val.
 CLASS 3.—*Carpet Wools and other*
similar Wools—The value whereof at
 the last place whence exported to the
 United States is 12 cents or less p.
 B, 3 cents p. B; over 12 cents p. B,
 6 cents p. B. Wool of all classes
 imported scoured, three times the
 duty as if imported unwashed.
 Am., Sax'y fleece, p. B 55 @ 60
 do full blood Merino 52 @ 56
 do 1/2 & 3/4 Merino... 45 @ 50
 do Native & 1/2 Mer. 48 @ 53
 do Combining domestic 53 @ 65
 Extra, pulled... 40 @ 45
 Superfine, pulled... 42 @ 46
 No. 1, pulled... 37 @ 40
 Califor., fine, unwash'd 23 @ 26
 do medium do 22 @ 25
 do common, do 24 @ 27
 Valpraiso, do 21 @ 24
 South Am. Merino do 32 @ 35
 do Mestizado 37 @ 38
 do Creole do 18 @ 21
 do Cordova, washed 27 @ 31
 Cape G. Hope, unwash'd 38 @ 40
 East India, washed... 30 @ 45
 Mexican, unwash'd... 17 @ 20
 Texas, Fine... 30 @ 35
 Texas, Medium... 28 @ 32
 Texas, Coarse... 20 @ 33

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 p.
 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents p. B
 Sheet... p. B 12 @ 12 1/2

Freights—
 To LIVERPOOL (steam): s. d. d
 Cotton... p. B @ @
 Flour... p. bbl. 2 3 @ 2 6
 Heavy goods... p. ton 27 6 @ 30 0
 Oil... @ 50 0
 Cora, b'k & bags p. bus. 9 @
 Wheat, bulk and bags 9 @
 Beef... p. tce. @ 6 6
 Pork... p. bbl. 4 6 @
 To LONDON (sail)
 Heavy goods... p. ton 20 0 @ 22 6
 Oil... @ 20 0
 Flour... p. bbl. 2 0 @ 2 3
 Petroleum... 5 0 @
 Beef... p. tce. @ 4 6
 Pork... p. bbl. @ 3 3
 Wheat... p. bush. @ 7 1/2
 Corn... @ 7 1/2
 To HAVEN;
 Cotton... p. B @
 Beef and pork... p. bbl. @
 Measrem. g'ds. p. ton 10 00 @
 Lard, tallow, cut m t
 etc... @ 10
 Ashes, pot, p'l, p. ton 8 00 @ 9 00
 Petroleum... 6 00 @

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