

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 9.

NEW YORK, JULY 3, 1869.

NO. 210.

Bankers and Brokers.

Marquand, Hill & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
37 WALL STREET,
New York.

JOHN P. MARQUAND, GEORGE H. B. HILL,

Stocks, Bonds and Gold, bought and Sold on commission. Business Paper Negotiated.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne

BANKERS,
New York, Leipzig, Saxony,
AND 51 BROAD ST. 85 BRUHL.

DRAW IN SUMS TO SUIT

On the principal cities of Germany, Switzerland, England, France, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Belgium, Russia, Italy, Spain, Denmark, &c.

Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers, available in all parts of Europe.

BLAKE BROTHERS & Co.,

52 Wall Street. New York.

AND

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,

And Sterling Credits,

DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Buy and Sell Massachusetts and New York State Stocks.

Government Securities, Stocks Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold strictly on Commission.

Citizens Bank of Louisiana

Capital and Reserved Fund.....\$2,500,000,
AGENCY,

A. D. SELLECK, 37 Pine St, N.Y.

DRAW ON

London Joint Stock Bank, Marcuard, Andre & Co.
Barling, Brothers & Co., Fould & Co.,
LONDON, PARIS,
In sums to points suiting buyers of Sterling or Francs.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

GEORGE OPDYKE, WM. A. STEPHENS
G. FRANCIS OPDYKE.

BANKING HOUSE OF

GEO. OPDYKE & Co.,

NO. 25 NASSAU STREET,

(Corner of Cedar street.)

DEPOSITS received from Individuals, Firms, Banks, Bankers and Corporations, subject to check at sight, and interest allowed at the rate of FOUR per cent per annum.

GERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, bearing FOUR per cent interest, payable on demand, or after fixed dates.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States, Canada and Europe. Dividends and Coupons also collected, and all most promptly accounted for.

ORDERS promptly executed, for the purchase and sale of Gold; also, Government and other Securities, on commission.

INFORMATION furnished, and purchases or exchanges of Securities made for Investors.

NEGOTIATIONS of Loans, and Foreign Exchange effected.

Bankers and Brokers.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
BANKERS,

No. 40 Wall Street, New York.

DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at best Current Rates.

GOVERNMENT and STATE SECURITIES, GOLD, RAILROAD BONDS, STOCKS, etc., bought and Sold on Commission.

ADVANCES made upon approved Securities.

COLLECTIONS made, and Loans Negotiated.

W. N. WORTHINGTON,

MEMBER N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE,

BANKER AND BROKER,

14 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Exchange.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO SIGHT DRAFT

And Four Per Cent interest allowed on Daily Balances.

Southern Securities have especial attention.

Collections made on all Southern Points.

VERNAM & HOY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

14 & 16 WALL STREET.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold on Commission.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON BALANCES.

Bowles Brothers & Co.,

[Successors to BOWLES, DREVET & Co.]

No. 12 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

76 State Street, Boston.
19 William Street, New York

Bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London.

CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

LANCASTER & Co., BROWN, LANCASTER & Co.,
Richmond. Baltimore.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,

23 Nassau Street,

OFFER FOR SALE:

Chesapeake and Ohio 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds, principal and interest in gold, at 95 and interest.

Petersburg Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 92½ and interest.

South Side Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 85.

Richmond and York River 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$7,000 per mile), at 85.

Piedmont RR. 1st mtg. 8 p. c. (mtg. \$10,000 per mile), at 90.

Norfolk and Petersburg RR, 2d mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile, including 1st mtg.), at 82½.

Columbia and Augusta RR. 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$12,000 per mile), at 80.

Richmond and Danville RR. 1st mtg. 6 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile), at 73.

W. P. VAN DEURSEN, SWAN & PAYSON
Chicago. New York.

W.P. VanDeursen & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,

106 LASALLE ST UNION BANK BUILDING).

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

Buy and sell STOCKS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and GOLD, on Margins—or for investors at

NEW YORK RATES.

GOLD DRAFTS ON NEW YORK FOR SALE.

Bankers and Brokers.

Farmer, Hatch & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

78 BROADWAY AND 5 & 7 NEW STREET.

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold exclusively on commission.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received. Collections made in the United States, British Provinces and Europe.

Bills of Exchange drawn on London, Paris, &c.

E. J. FARMER & Co., C. J. HATCH & Co.,
Cleveland, O. Milwaukee, Wis.

LEVY & BORG,

DEALERS IN

Southern and Miscellaneous Securities

No. 41 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

In connection with the Manhattan Savings Bank, Memphis, Tenn.

E. G. PEARL, D. F. JETT.

PEARL & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

64 BROADWAY & 19 NEW ST., NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds of every description bought and sold on Commission. Southern Securities a specialty.

HENRY MEIGS,

Banker and Broker, No. 27 Wall St.,

Member of New York Stock Exchange, (Formerly cashier of the Metropolitan Bank, and late of the firm of H. Meigs, Jr., & Smith).

Offers his services for the purchase and sale of Government and all other Stocks, Bonds and Gold, interest allowed on deposits

Investments carefully attended to.

McKim, Brothers & Co.,

No. 47 Wall Street, New York.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and Sold exclusively on Commission. Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts

BANKING HOUSE OF

LUTHER KOUNTZE,

52 Wall Street. New York.

Deposits received from Banks and Individuals, subject to check at sight, and interest allowed thereon at

FOUR PER CENT per annum.

Collections made throughout the United States, the British Provinces and Europe.

Governments securities bought and sold.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

(Brown Brothers & Co.'s Building.)

Receive money on deposit, subject to check at sight, allowing interest on daily balances at the rate of four per cent per annum, credited monthly.

Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four cent interest, payable on demand or at fixed periods.

Negotiate Loans.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold, Government and other Securities on commission.

Make collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

REMOVAL.

J. M. WEITH & Co.,

DEALERS IN

SOUTHERN AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES

Have Removed to No. 9 New Street, and will continue the business under the style of

J. M. WEITH & ARENTS.

Boston Bankers.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

BANKERS,
70 State Street, Boston.
Bills of Exchange, and Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued on

The City Bank, } LONDON.
AND
Robert Benson & Co., }
Munroe & Co. }

AND
Marcuard, Andre & Co., } PARIS.
Circular Notes available for Travelers in all parts of Europe and the East.

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.,

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Advances made on consignments of approved merchandise.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

NO. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE. JAMES BECK. HENRY SAYLES.

Philadelphia Bankers.

AUSTIN & OBERGE,

313 WALNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Commission Stock Brokers.

BELL AUSTIN. CHAS. H. OBERGE

PHILADELPHIA

NOTES, DRAFTS, & C., & C.

COLLECTED AND REMITTED FOR ON DAY OF PAYMENT, BY THE

Union Banking Company

N. E. Cor. 4th & Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. C. MUSSELMAN, President.

E. F. MOODY, Cashier.

All other BANKING BUSINESS IN PHILADELPHIA intrusted to us will receive our prompt attention.

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON.

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.) President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and Sell all classes of

Government Securities

of the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to

Business connected with the several Department of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government Loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

LANCASTER & Co.,

BANKERS AND STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

No. 1113 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

BROWN, LANCASTER & CO.,

No. 30 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,

No. 23 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

ROBT H. MAURY JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE.

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

No. 1014 MAIN ST. RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & CO.

J. L. Levy & Salomon,

STOCK BROKERS AND EXCHANGE DEALERS,

29 CARONDELET ST. N. ORLEANS.

General Partners.—J. L. LEVY; E. SALOMON, formerly of E. J. Hart & Co.

Partners in Commend.—E. J. HART; DAVID SAIMON, of New York.

Collections made on all points.

Western Bankers.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER and all kinds of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible

points and remitted for on day of payment.

CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS

FOR SALE

P. EMRICH, President. S. R. BONEWITZ, Cashier.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

OF

WOOSTER, OHIO.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gold, and Silver Coin and Government Securities.

Collections promptly made on all accessible points.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS.

National Park Bank. Henry Clews & Co., Bankers.

Nat. Broadway Bank. Kidd, Pierce & Co., Bankers.

Importers & Traders National Bank.

ISAAC HARTER. G. D. HARTER. M. D. HARTER.

BANKING HOUSE OF

Isaac Harter & Sons,

CANTON, OHIO.

(ESTABLISHED 1854.)

Special Attention given to the collections of Banks, Bankers and Merchants.

THE

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

of Chicago.

Capital.....\$500,000

H. F. EAMES, President. WM. H. FERRY, Vice-Pres.

M. D. BUCHANAN, Cashier. GEO. L. OTIS, Assist. Cash.

DIRECTORS.

H. F. Eames—Director of National City Bank of Ottawa, Ill.

Wm. H. Ferry—Director of First National Bank of Utica, N. Y., and Chicago & Northwestern RR. Co.

Albert Keep—Director of Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana RR. Co. and of Henry and Albert Keep.

Alfred Cowles—Secretary and Treasurer and Director of Chicago Tribune Co.

P. R. Westfall, of Merchants, Farmers and Mechanics Savings Bank.

Henry W. King, of Henry W. King & Co.

N. O. Williams, of Fitch, Williams & Co.

H. Z. Culver, of Culver, Page & Co.

Henry H. Taylor, Farm Machinery Warehouse.

E. F. Pulsite, of E. F. Pulsiter & Co.

Wm. H. Kretsinger, lumber merchant.

S. W. Ransom, manufacturer of boots and shoes.

Bacon Wheeler (retired).

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also

Drafts on London and Paris for Sale.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN.

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

BANKERS,

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO,

Do General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

TITUSVILLE, PENN.,

Capital - - - - - \$200,000

Deposited with U. S. Treasurer on secure Circulation and Deposits 500,000.

G. C. HYDE, Cashier. CHAS. HYDE, Pres't.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE

OF MISSOURI.

in St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

Capital paid in\$3,410,300

This Bank, having reorganized as a National Bank, is now prepared to do a general banking business.

Government Securities, Coin, Gold Dust and Bullion bought and sold at current rates. Special attention given to collections throughout the West.

JAMES H. BRITTON, Pres. CHAS. K. DICK, ON

EDWARD P. CURTIS Cashier

Insurance.

Mercantile Mutual

(MARINE)

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000

Assets.....1,500,000

This Company takes Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Merchandise, Freight and Hulls of Vessels. On the payment of Premiums a Rebate or Discount on the current rates is made IN CASH, as an equivalent for the Scrip Dividends of a Mutual Company. The amount of such Rebate being fixed according to the character of the business, gives to dealers a more just apportionment of profits than by the mutual system; and being MADE IN CASH, on payment of the Premiums, is more than equivalent to the CASH VALUE of the average Scrip Dividends of Mutual Companies. Policies issued, making loss payable in Gold in this City, or in Sterling at the Office of the Company's Bankers in Liverpool, if desired.

TRUSTEES:

James Freeland, Samuel Willets, Robert L. Taylor, William T. Frost, William Watt, Cornelius Grinnell, James D. Fish, Edwood Walter, D. Colden Murray, Bryce Gray, N. L. McCreedy, William Nelson, Jr., Harold Dollner, Geo. W. Hennings, A. Foster Higgings, Francis Hathaway, Aaron L. Reid, Henry Eyre, Joseph Slagg, Edward Merritt, Daniel T. Willets, L. Edgerton, Henry R. Kunhardt, John S. Williams, Charles Dimon, Paul N. Spofford, Jos. Willets.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President.

ARCH. G. MONTGOMERY, Jr., Vice-Pres.

ALANSON W. HEGEMAN, 2d Vice-Pres.

C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Germania Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

Office, No. 175 Broadway

BRANCH OFFICES:

No. 357 Bowery, New York.

No. 377 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00

Assets, July 1, 1868.....925,150 92

Liabilities.....45,000 00

Policies Issued Payable in Gold, if Desired.

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN EDW. KAHL, Vice-President.

HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED 1819.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000

NEW YORK AGENCY.

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

Assets Jan. 1, 1869.....\$5,150,931 71

Liabilities.....289,553 98

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

Policies Issued Payable in GOLD when Desired.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire

Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,

BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00

Surplus.....245,911 93

Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1868, \$745,911 93.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.

Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.

R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

OFFICE OF THE SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, }
No. 52 Wall Street, }
NEW YORK, June 28, 1869. }

AN Interest Dividend of Three and One-half (3½) Per Cent on the capital stock of this Company, for the six months ending 30th of June, has been declared this day, payable to the stockholders, at the office of the Company, on and after July first (1st) 1869, free of Government tax.

JOHN P. NICHOLS, Secretary.

Financial Notices.

Chicago and Alton
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

Joliet and Chicago
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage 8 per cent Bonds.

Dubuque & Sioux City
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

Dubuque Southwestern
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Preferred Bonds.

Detroit and Milwaukee
Railroad Coupons of First Funding Bonds.

Detroit and Pontiac
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

Macon and Augusta
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.
due July 1st, 1869, will be paid at our office No. 12 Pine street, in the city of New York, on and after the 1st proximo, less government tax. Also
DUE JULY 1ST, 1869.

St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago
Railroad Coupons of Second Mortgage Bonds, free of government tax.

Atlantic and Gulf
Railroad of Georgia Coupons of Consolidated 7 per cent Bonds free of government tax.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,
12 Pine street.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
A LIMITED AMOUNT OF

City of Louisville, 7 Per Cent Bonds
HAVING TWENTY YEARS TO RUN, interest payable Semi-annually, on the first day of April and October, at the

BANK OF AMERICA, in this City.

A Special Tax has been levied to meet the interest upon these Bonds, and the Sinking Fund for retiring the indebtedness of the City amounts to about two hundred thousand dollars per annum. The comparatively small debt, and the conservative policy which has always marked the management of the finances of the flourishing City of Louisville, make these Bonds one of the safest and most desirable investment securities now offered in the market. Any further particulars can be had on application at our office.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
40 WALL STREET.

Bank Statements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
at close of business June 12th, 1869:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$3,225,877 79
Overdrafts	21,237 39
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	975,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	286,560 00
Due from other national banks	122,955 62
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00
Current expenses	23,662 24
Taxes paid	11,735 78
Cash items including stamps, as per schedule	6,057 76
Exchanges for Clearing-house	6,064,651 01
Bills of other national banks	9,74 00
Fractional currency, including nickels	606 06
Specie, viz.: Coin	220 46
Gold Treasury Notes	705,500 00
Legal-tender notes	26,686 00
3 per cent Certificates	695,000 00
	\$12,177,461 11
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	150,697 17
Discount	\$29,515 50
Exchanges	12,048 96
Interest	49,221 10
Profit and Loss	35,221 63
	126,007 19
National bank circulation outstanding	786,593 00
Individual deposits	1,319,909 84
Certified checks	4,970,915 55
Due to national banks	3,473,204 11
Due to other banks and bankers	345,109 25
Dividends unpaid	25 00
	\$12,177,461 11

I, F. BLANKENHORN, Assistant Cashier of "The Third National Bank of the city of New York," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
F. BLANKENHORN, Assistant-Cashier.

Bank Statements

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,

In New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

DR.—RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$2,860,041 79
Overdrafts	4,750 00
United States bonds to secure circulation	667,000 00
Other Stocks, bonds and mortgages (as per schedule "A")	508,985 03
Due from other national banks (as per schedule "B")	129,356 76
Due from other banks and bankers (as per schedule "C")	7,321 02
Banking house	350,600 00
Current expenses	\$21,238 15
Taxes paid	13,948 00
	40,186 15
Premiums	26,599 00
Exchanges for Clearing-house	4,256,922 93
Bills of other national banks	26,463 00
Bills of State banks	356 00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	2,000 00
Specie, viz.: Coin	\$30,000 00
Gold Treasury notes	100,000 00
Checks on other banks, payable in Gold	56,832 98
	186,862 98
Legal-tender notes	503,024 00
Three per cent Certificates	386,000 00
	\$9,955,218 63
CR.—LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	82,000 00
Discount	\$54,48 25
Exchanges	13,150 52
Interest	68,629 19
Profit and loss	21,652 72
	157,315 68
Circulating notes received from	
Comptroller	585,300 00
Less amount on hand	23,000 00
	562,300 00
State bank circulation outstanding	3,009 00
Individual deposits	\$2,012,393 91
Certified checks	3,907,920 32
	5,920,314 23
Due to national banks (as per schedule "D")	783,726 59
Due to other banks and bankers (as per schedule "E")	435,088 63
Unclaimed dividends	11,464 50
	\$9,955,218 63

I, C. F. TIMPSON, Cashier of "The Continental National Bank of New York," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Correct—Attest.

M. A. MURDOCK,
JAMES HRYCE,
T. J. S. FLINT, } Directors.

State of New York, County of New York.—Sworn to and subscribed before me this twenty-second day of June, 1869.
H. J. HARRIS, Notary Public.
(Stamp—5 cts.)

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

In City of New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

DR.—RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$3,653,601 22
Commercial paper	\$352,137 90
Time accommodation loans	149,000 00
Demand loans on U. S. bonds	30,000 00
do. on other stocks and securities	1,060,463 32
Other suspended and overdue paper	15,000 00
Indebtedness of directors	47,000 00
Overdrafts	1,247 37
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	707,500 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	376,100 00
Due from other national banks	161,444 98
Due from other banks and bankers	36,708 84
Banking-house	170,000 00
Current expenses	\$4,512 14
Taxes paid	4,992 55
	9,004 69
Cash items (including stamps)	3,424 34
Exchanges for Clearing-house	4,515,493 76
Bills of other national banks	20,290 00
Fractional currency	1,748 91
Specie, viz.: Coin	\$72,503 00
Gold Treasury notes	571,320 00
Checks on other banks payable in gold	54,423 85
	696,345 85
Legal-tender notes	1,277,945 00
Three per cent certificates	525,000 00
	\$2,258,344 96
CR.—LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$2,000,000 00
Surplus fund	330,000 00
Discount	\$19,215 82
Exchanges	563 94
Interest	12,052 17
Profit and loss	152,583 33
	184,415 26
Circulating notes received from	
Comptroller	600,500 00
Less amount on hand	200,500 00
	400,000 00
Individual deposits	3,595,250 99
Certified checks	4,770,192 33
Due to national banks	860,136 19
Due to other banks and bankers	58,920 69
Unpaid dividends	19,439 50
	\$12,158,354 96

State of New York, County of New York: I, JOHN R. KEARNY, Cashier of the National Bank of the State of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
JOHN R. KEARNY, Cashier.
Correct—Attest: RICHARD PATRICK,
JOHN KROWER,
G. W. DUER, } Directors.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 19th day of June, 1869.
J. LAWRENCE SLOSSON, Notary Public.

S. McCLEAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Financial Notices.

PROPOSALS FOR

\$2,767,000.

Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New York.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Comptroller's office, until Tuesday, June 29, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of \$2,767,000 of "Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New York," authorized by Sec. 2 of Chap. 876, Laws of 1869.

Said bonds are to be issued for the purpose of providing means to redeem the Family Aid Fund Bonds of the City of New York, due November 1; that portion of the County debt, due November 1, and the quota of the State tax to be levied on account of State debt, chargeable to the County of New York during the present year.

The bonds will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 1st day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed on the 1st day of July, in the year 1879.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per \$100 thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted, will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively, together with any premium thereon.

The "Family Aid Fund Bonds, No. 5," of the City of New York, due November 1, 1869; the Bonds of the County of New York, entitled "New York County Bonds for the Repayment of Taxes," due November 1, 1869; and the "Revenue Bonds of the City and County of New York, of 1869," will be accepted at their par value and accrued interest, in payment, on account of any proposals made for the aforesaid Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New York, which may be accepted; and in such cases the adjustment will be made at this office and the new bonds issued.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for deposits made with him on account of the aforesaid loan, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payment.

This loan, without increasing the debt of the City, offers an investment to companies and individuals unrivalled in security and for a period of years.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed, "Proposals for the Tax Relief Bonds of the City of New York," and enclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved, on the part of the Comptroller, to reject any or all of the bids if, in his judgment, the interests of the Corporation require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
City of New York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, June 19, 1869.

The time for receiving Proposals for the above designated Bonds IS HEREBY EXTENDED to THURSDAY, July 8th, 1869, at the same place and hour.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
Department of Finance,
Comptroller's Office, June 24, 1869.

BANK OF AMERICA.

DIVIDEND.

The President and Directors of the Bank of America have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT, for the current six months, free from tax, payable to the stockholders on and after THURSDAY, July 1, 1869.
The transfer books will remain closed from this date until the morning of SATURDAY, July 3.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF the City of New York, New York, June 22, 1869.—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT, free of all taxes, out of the earnings of the past six months payable on and after July 1.
The Transfer Books will be closed 23d instant at 3 P. M., and reopened on the morning of July 6.
W. H. SANFORD, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT, free of government tax, payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of July next; until which time the transfer books will be closed.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK, No. 108 Broadway, New York, June 22, 1869.—Dividend—The Directors of the METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT, free of tax, payable on the first Monday of July next.
The Transfer Books will be closed until July 9, prox.
GEO. I. SENNY, Cashier.

Financial Notices.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS
Memphis, El Paso and
Pacific Railway Co.

Office of the Chief Engineer Memphis, El Paso and
 Pacific Railroad Company,

66 EXCHANGE PLACE.

New York, June 8, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the above office until September 1, 1869, when contracts will be awarded for the grubbing and clearing, grading, masonry, bridging, ballasting, cross-ties and track laying of the following portions of said railroad; First—The last fifteen miles on the first division of one hundred and fifty miles, between Jefferson and Paris, Texas, commencing eight miles east and extending seven miles west of the town of Clarksville in Red River County. Second—One hundred and fifty miles, embracing the second division, commencing at Paris and extending west to Palo Pinto County. Specifications, profiles, maps and plans can be examined after the 15th of August, 1869, at the Engineer's office at New York or Jefferson. Proposals must conform to the specification, which will be furnished upon application at either of the above places after August 1, 1869. Evidence of ability to complete contracts will be required and a percentage retained of estimates until each section of five miles is finished. Work upon the first division must be completed by March 1, 1870; the second division must be finished by October 1, 1870. Every facility will be furnished those wishing to inspect the ground on the line of the road, by application in person at the Engineer's office in Jefferson. J. M. DANIEL, Engineer-in-chief, Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company.

SAFETY!

The Safe Deposit Com'y

OF NEW YORK,

Broadway, Corner of Liberty,

OFFERS

ABSOLUTE SAFETY

IN

SMALL SAFES,

OR

Special Deposits.

No Loss can occur at its Vaults.

The Public (including Ladies), are invited to call and examine its system.

FRANCIS H. JENKS,

PRESIDENT.

8 per Cent. Gold Bonds

OF THE

Alabama and Chattanooga R.R. Co.,

ENDORSED BY

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.

THE JULY COUPON ON THESE BONDS will be paid in gold at the office of

SOUTTER & CO., 53 William St.

Hamilton Fire Insurance
Company.

Capital - - - - \$150,000 00
 surplus - - - - 108,186 16

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Semi-annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

New York, June 9, 1869.

Financial Notices

FIRST MORTGAGE

Land Grant Sinki'g Fund

SEVEN PER CENT BONDS OF THE

Houston & Texas Cen-
tral Railway Comp'y.

Principal and Interest Payable in
Gold in New York.

The undersigned offer to persons desiring a safe and profitable investment, a limited amount of the above Bonds at 90 per cent and accrued interest in currency.

The Bonds are secured by a Sinking Fund of 2 per cent per annum, and the mortgage now covers ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE MILES OF A THOROUGHLY BUILT AND FULLY EQUIPPED RAILROAD IN ACTIVE OPERATION, extending from Houston, Texas, in a northerly direction towards the Red River, where it is intended to connect with the Railroads now building from Lawrence, Kansas City and St. Louis, with a branch road to Austin twenty-five miles of which is now in operation. It also covers valuable prairie and timber-lands, to the amount of 6,400 acres for each mile of road built. The Bonds issued and to be issued are limited to \$20,000 per mile. NO BONDS ARE ISSUED EXCEPT UPON ROAD COMPLETED, EQUIPPED AND IN OPERATION.

Snepard Knapp, Esq., and William Walter Phelps, Esq., are Trustees under the mortgage.

The Railway as built and projected passes through the most fertile and thickly populated portion of the State of Texas, and during the past three years has earned more than double the amount necessary to pay the interest and Sinking Fund upon its Bonds.

For further information apply to

JAMES ROBB, KING & CO.,

56 Wall st., New York.

J. S. KENNEDY & CO.,

41 Cedar st., New York.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
 NEW YORK, July 1, 1869.

A Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent, free of all taxes, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank, MONDAY, 11th July.

By order of the Board of Directors,
 GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
 NEW YORK, June 26, 1869.

THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent, free from all taxes, payable July 6, 1869. The transfer books will be closed from this date until the 1st of July proximo.

C. F. TIMPSON, Cashier.

THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
 NEW YORK, June 22, 1869.

A Dividend of Six Per Cent will be paid on and after THURSDAY, July 1, free of tax.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

Star Fire Insurance Co.,

No. 96 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK, July 1, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this COMPANY have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.,

Free from Government Tax, payable on demand.

JAMES H. HODGES, Secretary.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
 New York, July 1, 1869.

UNTIL further notice the Treasury will PURCHASE one million of its BONDS, on alternate THURSDAYS, commencing July 1, and will offer for SALE one million of GOLD COIN, on alternate weeks, commencing THURSDAY, July 3. Particulars of the conditions of the purchase and sale will be furnished on application at this office, and be published in the public press for two days prior to each sale or purchase.

By direction of the Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury.

DANIEL BUTTERFIELD, Assistant-Treasurer, U.S.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, New York, 23d June, 1869.—A Semi-annual DIVIDEND OF EIGHT (8) PER CENT, free of tax, has been this day declared, payable on and after July 1. The transfer book will remain closed from this date until July 2.

O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

Financial Notices.

\$25,000 REWARD!

THE Board of Directors of the OCEAN NATIONAL BANK will pay the sum of \$25,000 for the arrest and final conviction of the party or parties who robbed the Bank between the evening of the 26th and the morning of the 28th of June, 1869. Also, for the recovery and return of the money stolen, twenty-five per cent (25 per cent) of the amount returned. Also, for the recovery and return of the United States Bonds stolen, 10 per cent (ten per cent) of the amount returned. Also, a liberal per centum for the return of miscellaneous Securities. By order of the Board.

C. S. STEVENSON, Cashier.

New York, June 30, 1869,

The following BONDS and COUPONS, the property of the customers of the OCEAN NATIONAL BANK, were stolen on the 27th or 28th of June, 1869. The public are cautioned against purchasing the same:

No. 77,000, 5-20's of 1865, U. S. coupon bond for \$500.

No. 38,630, 5-20 of 1867, U. S. coupon bond for \$500.

No. 38,644, 5-20 of 1867, U. S. coupon bond for \$500.

No. 108,722, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. coupon bond for \$100.

No. 77,055, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. coupon bond for \$500.

No. 138,064, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. coupon bond for \$1,000.

No. 475, Land Grant Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, \$1,000.

No. 63,712, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

No. 25,145, 5-20 of 1867, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

No. 19,830, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

No. 19,831, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

No. 19,832, 5-20 of 1865, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

Loan of June 30, 1864.

Nos. 99,169 to 99,183, both inclusive.

No. 22,783, 5-20 of 1874, U. S. bond for \$1,000.

No. 48,303, 5-20 of 1864, U. S. bond for \$1,000; No. 224,172, 5-20 of 1867, U. S. bond for \$1,000; Nos. 172,328, 107,600, 178,032, 178,033, 211,076, 211,077, 174,566, 174,567, 174,568, 225,893, 146,316, 146,315, 146,314, 146,313, 5-20 U. S. bonds of 1867 for \$1,000 each.

Coupons from 6 per cents of 1881 bonds, dated Nov. 16, 1861, Nos. 30,085, 30,086, 30,087, 30,088, 31,718, 31,722, 32,895, 101,326, 101,327, 101,337. From U. S. 5-20s, July 1, 1867, Nos. 118,285 to 118,291, both inclusive.

From 5 20s of 1867, Nos 155,200 to 155,255, both inclusive, \$30 each; three (3) coupons of each number, due July, 1868; January, 1869; July, 1869. From 10-40s Nos 90,991 to 91,040, both inclusive; two (2) coupons of each number, \$25 each, due November, 1868, and May, 1869.

25,000 U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds of January and July, 1865.

16 bonds of \$1,000 each, Nos 166,740, 166,741, 7,258, 7,259, 7,260, 7,261, 7,262, 19,971, 19,972, 77,132, 77,134, 56,675, 56,682, 165,987, 61,708, 120,837.

18 bonds of \$500 each, Nos as follows: 92,717, 72,008, 31,805, 80,085, 101,490, 106,634, 21,381, 29,263, 60,994, 98,162, 25,849, 28,957, 105,475, 26,730, 39,438, 5,846, 46,162, 83,733.

30,000 U. S. 5-20 coupon bond of 1864.

22 bond's of \$1,000 each. No. 44,606, 31,037, 49,722, 90,213, 3,750, 1,114, 18,119, 44,608, 1,634, 63,402, 63,403, 95,690, 10,874, 17,833, 36,573, 91,414, 10,875, 91,416, 1,289, 45,618, 98,442, 98,441.

16 bond's of \$500 each. Nos. 4,663, 18,759, 4,339, 23,656, 18,027, 23,166, 6,266, 23,167, 25,748, 25,749, 25,414, 25,395, 14,930, 18,741, 25,750, 25,751.

4 bond's of \$1,000 each, 5-20's of 1867. Nos. 169,874, 207,052, 207,054, 221,612.

U. S. 5-20 coupon bonds of 1864. Nos. 15,538, 15,539, 15,540, 15,541, 15,542, for \$1,000 each.

U. S. coupon bonds of 1865, Nos. 124,223, 124,224, 124,225, 125,330, 125,322, for \$1,000 each.

U. S. coupon bonds of 1867, Nos. 164,285, 164,287, 10,833, 156,019, 200,759, 171,733, 207,053.

Nos. 401 to 600, inclusive, bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Co., for \$500 each (1st series.)

C. S. STEVENSON, Cashier.

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 9.

SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1869.

NO. 210.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

FOR THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE, delivered by carrier to city subscribers, and mailed to all others, (exclusive of postage.)
 For One Year..... \$10 00
 For Six Months..... 6 00
The CHRONICLE will be sent to subscribers until ordered discontinued by letter. Postage is 20 cents per year, and is paid by the subscriber at his own post-office.

WILLIAM B. DANA, } WILLIAM B. DANA & CO., Publishers.
 JOHN G. FLOYD, JR. } 79 and 81 William Street, NEW YORK.
 Post Office Box 4,532.

Remittances should invariably be made by drafts or Post Office Money Orders.

THE DEBT STATEMENT.

With his usual promptitude, Mr. Boutwell issued on the 1st July his monthly schedule of the public debt, showing the aggregate figures for the close of the fiscal year. The exhibit is in every way a gratifying one. A year ago the debt was nearly 42½ millions more than it is now, so that we have really paid off that amount of our national obligations, if we include, as paid, the Sinking Fund bonds which, to the amount of \$8,867,282, are now held in the Treasury under the law of February, 1862. The total amount of debt which has been paid off since the war amounts now to \$314,854,401. But since August, 1865, when our debt reached its highest point—2,757 millions—we have issued bonds to the Pacific Railroad for \$57,380,320, so that the net decrease of the debt is only \$257,474,081. This prodigious liquidation of our war debt has done much to improve the standing of United States securities in the money markets, both at home and abroad. It will be seen that if, instead of paying off these 314 millions, we had placed them in a sinking fund, we should now have had accumulated an amount of Sinking Fund securities equal to more than 11 per cent of the whole debt. It may well

be a subject of national pride and grateful reflection that if our debt was incurred more rapidly than any similar debt which history records, the rapidity with which we are paying off that debt is also without precedent among the financial achievements of modern nations.

Turning now to the special aggregates of the various descriptions of securities, there is no change calling for comment. It is, however, somewhat remarkable that, notwithstanding the late stringency of money, no more than one million of the legal-tender certificates have been forced into the Treasury for redemption. This fact seems to indicate that the banks have really been in a more comfortable position as regards their greenback reserve than might have been expected from the pressure these institutions have exerted on the commercial community during the last four weeks. If this inference be correct, the reaction of the money market in the direction of renewed ease is likely to be rapid.

Probably the figures in the debt statement which will be the most anxiously examined are those which represent the currency balance. Its amount has increased \$14,000,000, so that during the month about half a million greenbacks a day have been withdrawn from the current of the circulation. This is a less severe contraction than that of last month. Still it has produced so much of evil in the money market that we shall never, it is hoped, be subjected again to a drain of half a million of greenbacks a day for two months in succession, unless, indeed, in some plethoric condition of the money market, which being exceptional in its character admits of so exceptional a remedy. The work of contracting the currency, as has often been shown in the columns of the CHRONICLE, offers problems too delicate and difficulties too profound to be dealt with except by the most cautious and skillful expedients. Contraction is, no doubt, necessary to a reform of the currency, but to be safe, effective, or even tolerable, it must be done not only at the right time and to the right extent, but it must also be done in the right way. The amount of injury inflicted on the business of the country by injudicious misdirected action upon the currency would show, if we could trace it out, a very large loss to the national wealth. And one of the evils of such losses is that they are without any corresponding compensation. In consequence of the accumulation of currency in the Treasury vaults Mr. Boutwell to-day will purchase three millions of bonds for the Sinking Fund. Whether he will repeat this action next week has not yet transpired. The announcement of the change of policy has, however, been followed by a sensible change in the money market, which, though partly caused by the disbursements of the July interest, is also in part due, without doubt, to the anticipated outflow of greenbacks from the Treasury.

BANK ROBBERIES AND THE SAFETY OF SECURITIES.

The recent robbery of the Ocean Bank of this city is suggestive of some reflections upon the security of property in the custody of financial institutions. The circumstance brings home to the owners of securities the unsatisfactory knowledge that there is no security in the custody of their property, even when placed in the most trustworthy hands and protected by the most improved safeguards. It shows that, as in modern warfare, the appliances for attack keep pace with the inventions for protection. In this case, the robbers left behind them evidence that burglary has enlisted in its aid scientific training and liberal capital. The professional burglar no longer relies upon brute force, upon the sledgehammer and gunpowder; he qualifies for his business by following the safe manufacturer through all the scientific and mechanical sinuosities of his art, and proves himself capable of undoing, within a few hours, all that ingenuity and skill can accomplish toward making our property secure. So much this last triumph of the robbers' art undeniably proves; and it may be as well for the capitalist to accept the unwelcome discovery and inquire what additional means of protection may be devised.

It is a noteworthy fact that, in the recent great robberies, the chief booty has been bonds, and especially bonds of the United States. There are very obvious reasons why the burglar should aim at this particular class of property. Next to money itself, which he always finds it difficult to lay hands upon in heavy amounts, Government bonds are the most easily negotiable. The issue is so large and the amounts stolen so considerable, that it has become impossible for the dealer to keep his eye upon the distinctive features of bonds advertised as having been surreptitiously obtained; and for this reason, the thief finds little difficulty in disposing of his stolen securities. This immunity, of course, applies only to the coupon bonds. The registered bonds being transferable only by the owner or by power of attorney, and upon full evidence of good title, it is easy, by informing the Treasury Department of certain bonds having been stolen, to stop their transfer from the hands of the thief or his agent, and thereby also to secure a clue to the detection of the robber. As, however, there are only about \$400,000,000 registered bonds in the hands of investors, and \$1,373,000,000 of coupon bonds, it is evident that but a small proportion of this class of securities are protected to the holders by their being registered. This very fact holds out the strongest possible temptation to organized and accomplished burglary. The constant occurrence of bond robberies, ranging in amount from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000, and the comparative immunity of the thieves, is, in effect, an advertisement to the bold and unscrupulous of a short and ready road to wealth and independence. Experience proves that the largeness of the amounts thus obtainable enables the robbers to screen themselves from molestation by the detectives, who too often become sharers of the booty, and virtually parties to the crime.

Really, therefore, the danger connected with holding coupon bonds is a serious one. Bondholders, of course, are not ignorant of this; and yet, very singularly, the coupon bonds receive such a preference over the registered that they usually range much higher in market value. Anomalous as it may seem that the more secure bonds should sell lowest, yet the circumstance is readily explained. The transfer of the registered bonds is attended always with delay and sometimes with difficulty. The transfer is made at Washington, never within three days, and in the case of any trifling informalities or discrepancies, may occupy twice that time. For one month previous to the payment of the semi-annual interest, no transfers can be effected. Again, under

the present state of the law, while coupon bonds may be converted into registered, the registered cannot be exchanged at the Treasury for coupon; which, in the event of a depreciation of registered stock, bars it from equalization in value with the coupon bonds.

Under these circumstances, it does appear that Congress, out of consideration for the protection and the convenience of the bondholders, should remove some of these embarrassments connected with the holding of registered stock. First, time might be saved, and delays, arising from informalities or inaccuracies in transfer, obviated, by having the transfer books kept at New York, where the majority of the transactions are done, instead of at Washington as at present. Next, arrangements should be made in the Department obviating wholly, or at least shortening the period of closing the transfer books, previous to the payment of interest. And, equally important, the registered bonds should be convertible at the option of the owner into coupon bonds. We are not aware that any objection of weight has been urged against these changes except that they would entail upon the Treasury additional trouble and expense. Admitting the full force of this exception, the difficulty must be regarded as a trifling one to set off against the imperative demands of public safety and convenience. The injury to the interests of the holders of registered bonds may be estimated by the difference between the market value of that class of stock and that of the coupon stock, which on the older issues ranges from 4 to 5 per cent and on the newer from $\frac{1}{2}$ @1 per cent; a difference which must disappear on the registered bonds being convertible into coupon. This objection, we observe, is urged mainly by the dealers in bonds; who might suffer from a partial decline upon their coupon bonds in the event of such a change in convertibility being made, and who would experience some inconvenience from a consequent increase in the number of transfers; the latter difficulty, however, would be within the control of the dealers, who could make a fair charge to their customers for the trouble connected with transfers and conversions. The subject is one which we trust may occupy the attention of the Secretary of the Treasury and of the Committee of Ways and Means.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Rock Island Road formed a junction with the Union Pacific Railroad on the 11th day of May, and on the 7th of June, 1869, a second line between Chicago and the Missouri River was opened to travel and transportation. This is another great triumph of national enterprise, and an assurance of a prosperous future to our vast territories beyond the Missouri. The extension has added 140 miles to the company's lines, which at the present date consist of the following divisions and branches:

	Miles.
Chicago, Ill., to Rock Island, Ill.	182
Rock Island bridge over the Mississippi.....	2
Davenport, Iowa, to the Missouri River.....	310
Length from Chicago to the Missouri River.....	494
Wilton, Iowa, to Washington, Iowa.....	50
Total length of line owned by the company.....	544

To this must be added the Peoria and Bureau Valley Railroad (leased), extending from Bureau Junction (114 miles west of Chicago) to Peoria, 46 miles—making a total length of 590 miles of road under a single management. During the year the cost of new construction and equipment has been \$5,192,609 03, exclusive of improvements and renewals on the old lines. Further sums will be required for ballasting, perfecting and equipping the recent extension. The company will also expend during the current year nearly \$800,000 in improvements in Chicago.

In the following tables we compare the company's operations in 1868-69 with the same in 1867-68:

Beyond this, however, there have been special causes tending to this result. The West has sent forward an unusually large quantity of grain for the season; which, together with the moving of the wool crop, has called for the remittance of a large amount of currency from New York. The operations of the Treasury also have tended to deplete the banks of their resources. Usually, in June, the receipts from internal revenue are heavy, and this year they appear to have been especially so. In addition to this circumstance, the Secretary of the Treasury has sold weekly \$2,000,000 of gold and purchased only \$1,000,000 of bonds, taking out of the banks, on these transactions, about \$1,600,000 each week. As the result of these concurrent movements, we find that the currency balance in the Treasury has increased from \$19,984,000 on June 1st to \$37,097,000 on July 1; the increase of \$17,113,000 representing so much taken out of the banks of this and other cities. The condition of things thus induced has afforded a strong temptation to Wall street speculators to attempt an artificial manipulation of the market; which has not been overlooked. The most favorable opportunity for this extraneous pressure occurred near the close of the month, when the Treasury withdrawals were at their climax and there was a temporary withdrawal of funds from the market to provide for the payment of July interest upon bonds and stocks. Accordingly, the bank balances for the last three days of the month, clearly showed a "locking up" of about \$4,000,000 of money, generally understood to have been done in the interest of parties operating in stocks and gold.

This extraordinary condition of the money market has affected the markets generally less than might be expected. Monetary spasms have become so frequent that Wall street has learned to moderate its alarm at them, and coolly pays whatever may be demanded for the "carrying" of its securities or gold, instead of rushing in panic to realize upon them; and as an illustration of this feature, Government bonds were but $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ lower at the close of the month than at the opening, although for several days $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 3-16 per cent per day was charged for carrying them.

United States securities have naturally been heavy, under the condition of the money market, the only sustaining element having been the weekly purchases of the Government. Gold has been depressed, the price having declined about $2\frac{1}{2}$ from the opening figures; and the prices of bonds abroad have not correspondingly advanced; on the contrary, Five-twenties were the same at London on the 30th as on the 1st. There has been little or no foreign demand for bonds, the changed position of the Alabama question having checked the demand from English investors. The stringency of money has prevented the active speculative buying which usually occurs in the latter half of June, in anticipation of the demand for the reinvestment of the July interest; while the fears of a money panic have naturally induced a certain amount of selling. Under these adverse conditions of the market, it is a remarkable evidence of the strength of our national securities that prices should have been maintained with such steadiness as appears from the following daily quotations:

The daily closing prices of the principal Government securities at the New York Stock Exchange Board in the month of June as represented by the latest sale officially reported, are shown in the following statement:

PRICES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT NEW YORK.

Day of month.	6's, 1881.		6's, (5-20 yrs.) Coupon.				5's, 10-40	
	Coup.	Reg.	1862.	1864.	1865, new.	'67.	'68.	C'pn.
1.....	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	120 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
2.....	122	117	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
3.....	122	117	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
4.....	122	117	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
5.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
6.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
7.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
8.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
9.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
10.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
11.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
12.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
13.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
14.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
15.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
16.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
17.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
18.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
19.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
20.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
21.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
22.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
23.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
24.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
25.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
26.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
27.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
28.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
29.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
30.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
First.....	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	120 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
Highest.....	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	122 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	119	120	120 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$
Lowest.....	121	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	119	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$
Last.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	117	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$

COURSE OF CONSOLS AND AMERICAN SECURITIES AT LONDON.

Date.	Cons for mon.	Am. securities. U. S. 5-20s	Ill. C. sh's.	Erie sh's.	Date.	Cons for mon.	Am. securities. U. S. 5-20s	Ill. C. sh's.	Erie sh's.
Tuesday... 1	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	88 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	19	Tuesday..... 22	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wednesday... 2	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Wednesday... 23	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Thursday... 3	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Thursday... 24	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Friday... 4	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Friday..... 25	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Saturday... 5	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Saturday... 26	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Monday... 6	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Monday..... 27	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tuesday... 7	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Tuesday... 28	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wednesday... 8	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Wednesday... 29	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Thursday... 9	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Thursday... 30	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Friday... 10	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Lowest.....	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	94	18 $\frac{1}{2}$
Saturday... 11	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	Highest.....	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	20 $\frac{1}{2}$
Monday... 12	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Range.....	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	2	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tuesday... 13	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Last.....	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Wednesday... 14	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Low } Since Jan. 1.....	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	74 $\frac{1}{2}$	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Thursday... 15	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	High }	94	84	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	26 $\frac{1}{2}$
Friday... 16	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	Rng }	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
Saturday... 17	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	Last }	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Monday... 18	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{1}{2}$					
Tuesday... 19	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{1}{2}$					
Wednesday... 20	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	20					

The effect of the condition of things we have described, upon the volume of business is apparent in the fact that the total sales of governments at the Stock Exchange were \$16,205,170 less for the month than in June, 1868, as will appear from the following statement:

BONDS SOLD AT THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

Classes.	1868.	1869.	Inc.	Dec.
U. S. bonds.....	\$31,234,870	\$15,039,700	\$.....	\$16,205,170
U. S. notes.....	1,236,000	.....	.....	1,226,000
St'e & city b'ds.....	9,610,500	6,003,750	.....	3,606,750
Company b'ds	1,050,200	1,707,500	657,300	.....
Total—June.....	\$43,121,570	\$22,740,950	\$.....	\$20,380,620
Since January 1.....	165,045,120	174,321,259	9,276,139	.....

The stock market, though feverish and subject to frequent fluctuations, has maintained a singular steadiness under the depressing influences connected with the money market. The average range of prices was higher, at the close of the month, than at its commencement; there has been, however, a necessary curtailment of the operations of the smaller class of speculators, and hence the aggregate transactions for the month fall materially below those for the same month of last year, the total sales at the Stock Exchange having been 821,294 shares, against 1,183,114 shares in June, 1868. The business has been very much confined to a few stocks affected by schemes of consolidation, especially New York Central, Hudson River and Michigan Southern; while the general list has been remarkably quiet.

Classes.	1868.	1869.	Increase.	Dec.
Bank shares.....	1,659	1,556	.....	103
Railroad.....	973,064	694,002	.....	279,062
Coal.....	2,242	3,316	1,104	.....
Mining.....	3,554	26,295	.....	4,259
Improv't.....	16,775	7,550	.....	9,225
Telegraph.....	24,773	14,945	.....	9,828
Steamship.....	82,726	23,312	.....	44,414
Expr's & c.....	51,321	35,388	.....	16,033
Total—June.....	1,183,114	821,294	.....	361,820
Since January 1.....	10,317,619	7,844,182	.....	2,473,437

The following table will show the opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of all the railway and miscellaneous securities quoted at the New York Stock Exchange during the months of May and June, 1869:

Railroad Stock—	May				June			
	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Alton & Terre Haut.....	39	40	38	38	40	40	38	38
do do pref.....	69	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	63	63	62	63	59	60
Chicago & Alton.....	161	161	156	153	157	162	152 $\frac{1}{2}$	160
do do pref.....	160	161	159 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	159	160	159	160
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy	180	199	180	199	197	199	190	190
do do Northwest'n	86 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	85	93	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	81 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do pref.....	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	104 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$
do & Rock Island.	138	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	125	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	126 $\frac{1}{2}$	123	115	118 $\frac{1}{2}$
Columb., Chic. & Ind. C.	46	47	41 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	39	40
Cleve. & Pittsburg.....	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	92	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	101
do Col., Cin. & Ind..	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	75	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	73	74
Del., Lack & Western..	116	119 $\frac{1}{2}$	115	119	117	119	113	113
Dubuque & Sioux city ..	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	116 $\frac{1}{2}$	110	109	108	109	105	107
Harlem.....	151 $\frac{1}{2}$	152	146 $\frac{1}{2}$	151 $\frac{1}{2}$	152	157	142	146 \frac

Miscellaneous—							
Central	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
Cumberland Coal	30 1/2	30	30	30	30	30 1/2	34 1/2
Del. & Hud. Canal Coal	130	134	130	133 1/2	132	134	130
Pennsylvania				225	225	225	225
Wilkesbarre Coal	75	45	35	45	45	66	45
Pacific Mail	92	9 1/2	80 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	93 1/2	80 1/2
Boston Water Power	16	17 1/2	16	16 1/2	16 1/2	17	16 1/2
Canton	62 1/2	65 1/2	62 1/2	64	66 1/2	68	62
Brunswick City	9	9	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	11	8 1/2
Mariposa	21	24 1/2	18 1/2	24 1/2	24	24 1/2	7
do 1st pref.					82	83	81 1/2
do pref.	43 1/2	53	42 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	14
Quicksilver	20	21 1/2	14	14	16 1/2	18 1/2	14
West. Union Telegraph	43 1/2	44 1/2	42	43 1/2	43 1/2	43	39
Manhattan Gas	230	230	230	230	250	250	250
Bankers & Brokers Ass.	106	108	106	107	109	110	108

Express—							
American				40%	40%	40%	40%
American M. Union	41	41	38 1/2	39	39 1/2	44 1/2	41 1/2
Adams	62	62	59	60	59 1/2	68 1/2	63
United States	63	68	63	66 1/2	67	78	66
Merchant's Union	15 1/2	16	14 1/2	14 1/2	15	15 1/2	14
Wells, Fargo & Co.	35 1/2	36 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	30 1/2	32 1/2	29 1/2

The gold premium has fluctuated between 139 1/2 and 136 1/4, opening at 138 1/2 and closing at 137 1/2; which is about 2 points below the range for the same month of last year, and about 1 point higher than in June, 1867. The predominant tone of speculation has perhaps been in favor of higher figures, based mainly upon the course of the foreign trade movement for the last few months. The condition of the money market, inducing very high charges for carrying gold, has held in check speculative operations; and some who have long held heavy amounts for a rise, have become sellers, with the hope of buying back should the market become more buoyant. The supply coming upon the market has been about \$2,500,000 more than for the same period of last year, being, as will appear from the subjoined statement, \$11,614,000; while the withdrawals for export and customs duties has been \$10,419,000, or \$1,195,000 below the supply. Since the opening of the Pacific Railroad the record of arrivals of California treasure is necessarily incomplete, inasmuch as a considerable amount comes by rail, of which no accessible statement is kept.

The following formula will show the movement of coin and bullion at the port of New York during the month of June, 1868 and 1869, respectively:

GENERAL MOVEMENT OF COIN AND BULLION AT NEW YORK.				
	1868.	1869.	Increase.	Decrease
Receipts from California	3,933,284	197,717		3,735,567
Imports of coin and bullion	640,943	185,567		455,376
Coin interest paid	1,779,749	3,131,675	1,351,926	
Total reported supply	\$6,353,956	\$3,514,959	\$	\$2,838,997
Exports of coin and bullion	\$10,963,582	\$1,572,133	\$	\$9,391,449
Customs duties	8,206,096	8,847,210	641,114	
Total withdrawn	\$19,169,678	\$10,419,343	\$	\$8,750,335
Excess of withdrawals	12,815,722	6,894,384		5,921,338
Specie in banks increased		1,206,007	1,206,007	
decreased	10,107,788			10,107,788
Derived from unreported sources	\$2,707,934	\$8,100,391	\$5,392,457	

COURSE OF GOLD AT NEW YORK.									
Date.	Open'g	Lowest	High'st	Closing	Date.	Open'g	Lowest	High'st	Closing
Tuesday	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	137 1/2	137	137 1/2	137 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	138 1/2	Thursday	137 1/2	136 1/2	137 1/2	137
Thursday	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	Friday	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Friday	137 1/2	137 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	Saturday	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Saturday	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	Sunday	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Monday	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	Tuesday	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Tuesday	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	Wednesday	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	138 1/2	Thursday	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Wednesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Thursday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Friday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Saturday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Sunday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Monday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Tuesday	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1					

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JULY 18.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	12. 2 @ 12. 8	June 17.	short.	12 12 @ —
Antwerp	3 months.	25. 45 @ 25 50	"	short.	25. 27 1/2 @ —
Hamburg	"	13. 11 1/2 @ 13. 12 1/2	"	short.	13. 9 1/2 @ —
Paris	"	25. 40 @ 25. 45	"	short.	25. 23 @ —
Paris	short.	25. 22 1/2 @ 25. 32 1/2	"	3 mos.	25. 23 1/2 @ 4 p. c.
Vienna	3 months.	12. 65 @ 12 70	"	3 mos.	124. 10
Berlin	"	6. 28 1/2 @ 6. 29	"	3 mos.	6. 24 1/2
Frankfort	"	1. 21 1/2 @ 1. 22	"	3 mos.	120 1/2
Cadiz	"	49 1/2 @ 49 1/2	June 10.	90 days.	50. 25
Lisbon	90 days.	51 1/2 @ 52	June 12.	90 days.	53. 1/2
Milan	3 months.	20. 55 @ 20. 60	"	"	"
Genoa	"	" @ "	"	"	"
Naples	"	" @ "	"	"	"
New York	"	"	June 18.	60 days.	109 1/2
Jamaica	"	"	May 25.	90 days.	1 p. c. pm.
Havana	"	"	June 18.	90 days.	13 1/2 p. c. pm.
Rio de Janeiro	"	"	May 23.	"	18 1/2
Bahia	"	"	May 28.	"	18 1/2
Valparaiso	"	"	May 1.	"	46
Pernambuco	"	"	May 12.	"	18 1/2
Singapore	60 days.	4s 4d	June 3.	6 mos.	4s. 7 1/2 d. @ —
Hong Kong	"	4s 4d	May 27.	"	4s. 8 d. @ —
Ceylon	"	2 p. c. dis.	May 17.	"	3 p. c. dis.
Bombay	"	1s 11 d. @	June 15.	"	1s. 11 1/2 d.
Madras	"	1s 11 d. @	May 3.	"	2s 0d.
Calcutta	"	1s 11 d. @	June 16.	"	1s. 11 9-16d.
Sydney	30 days.	1/2 p. c. dis.	April 21.	30 days.	1 1/2 p. c. pm.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 19, 1869.

When the advance in the Bank rate of discount from 4 to 4 1/2 per cent was made, the opinion among the foremost men of this metropolis was that money was more likely to become dearer than cheaper; but how incorrect has this opinion proved? Money has not only not become dearer, but a decline of 1/2 per cent has taken place, while there is also the prospect that the increasing abundance of money will necessitate a further reduction before long. In the face of quiet trade, the diminution in the supply of bullion and in the reserve of notes and coin was perplexing to all, and but few could understand why the rate of discount rose so rapidly from 3 to 4 1/2 per cent. Clearly, if trade was not the disturbing cause, financial operations of a special kind must have been temporarily absorbing our supplies of money and have been producing stringency. The numerous foreign loans which have been brought forward and the demand for Five-twenties were evidently affecting the market; but it is now seen that as those causes are not at present in full operation, the stringency has materially abated.

If, however, in the spring of the year the demand for money was very strong, may not a repetition of it take place as we approach the fall season? Always in October, and later, the requirements here for business purposes increase, and I believe I am correct in saying that in the United States also the financial necessities of the commercial body augment much at the same period of the year. Hence, if money should fall to 3 1/2 or 3 per cent during the next two months, it is very probable that in the place of sending specie to Europe to balance the trade, further shipments of bonds will take place from the United States. This is more likely to be the case, as the demand for Five-twenties is still good and an upward tendency in prices is apparent. Should such be the result, it will tend to produce firmness in the value of money, while at the same time the opportunity a cheap money market presents will no doubt be seized for bringing forward the projected new continental loans.

There is no doubt, however, that the future is involved in much uncertainty. The weather is unsettled, the value of wheat is slightly rising, and Liverpool is anxious to know whether there is a prospect of obtaining cheaper cotton in the approaching season or not. The harvest here and the yield of cotton in the Southern States must necessarily influence money to a large extent, and all that can be asserted with confidence at present is that the rates for money for the next few weeks will rule low.

The reserve of notes and coin held by the Bank of England has increased largely of late, but it is still about £3,500,000 less than at this period last year. The supply of bullion in the bank has also increased, but this item shows a diminution of £3,400,000 as compared with 1868. The fact is that the position of the bank has been strengthened as rapidly as it was weakened. Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of Middling Upland cotton, and for No. 40 mule yarn, fair second quality, compared with the four previous years:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
	£	£	£	£	£
Circulation, including—					
Bank post bills	21,153,552	25,691,834	23,123,979	23,949,480	23,023,975
Public deposits	9,581,293	7,288,344	10,500,391	7,986,257	7,139,111
Other deposits	13,666,566	21,171,357	16,987,972	19,705,991	17,455,401
Government securities	10,480,025	11,148,454	12,886,314	12,294,557	14,173,667
Other securities	20,750,345	81,209,162	18,516,348	13,413,635	16,986,400

Reserve	10,240,455	4,744,330	14,183,100	14,016,310	11,575,905
Coin and bullion	16,291,910	11,851,120	21,882,770	22,571,015	19,153,625
Bank rate	3 p. c.	10 p. c.	2 1/2 p. c.	2 p. c.	4 p. c.
Consols	90%	85%	94%	91%	92%
Price of wheat	41s. 1d.	47s. 4d.	65s. 9d.	67s. 6d.	46s. 0d.
Mid. Upland cotton	19 1/2 d.	12 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality	1s. 10d.	1s. 7d.	1s. 5 1/2 d.	1s. 8d.	1s. 3 1/2 d.

The prices of money are as follows:

	1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Bank minimum	2	4	4 months' ba'k bills	2 @ 2 1/2 3 @ 3 1/2
Open-market rates:			6 months' ba'k bills	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 3 @ 3 1/2
30 and 60 days' bills	1 1/2 @ —	3 1/2 @ —	4 and 6 trade bills	2 1/2 @ 3 4 @ 4 1/2
3 months' bills	1 1/2 @ —	3 1/2 @ 3 1/2		

The rates of interest allowed by the joint stock banks and discount houses are:

	'68.	'69.	'68.	'69.
Joint stock banks	1	3	Disc't houses, 7 days notice	1 1/2 3 1/2
Discount houses, at call	1	3	do	1 1/2 3 1/2

Money on the Continent is in very moderate request. There is no material change in the rates, but the tendency is towards ease. The following are the quotations at the leading cities:

	B'k rate		Op. m'kt			B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.		1868.	1869.	1868.	1869.
At Paris	2 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2	2 1/2	Turin	5	5	—	—
Vicenna	4	4	4	4	Brussels	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2-3	2 1/2-3
Berlin	4	4	2 1/2-3	3 1/2	Madrid	5	—	—	—
Frankfort	2 1/2	3 1/2	1 1/2-2	3 1/2	Hamburg	—	—	1 1/2	3 1/2
Amst'rd'm	2 1/2	3 1/2	2 1/2	3	St. Pet'g.	7	4 1/2	6 1/2	4 1/2

The downward tendency in the value of money has to a slight extent unfavorably affected the exchanges; but the variations during the week have not been important. The rates on Paris are rather lower.

For bills on India there has been an increased demand. At the periodical sale of Council bills on Wednesday at the Bank of England, the rate for 60 days bills on Calcutta and Madras advanced from 1s 10 1/2 d to 1s 11 d per rupee, or the extent of 1 per cent.

For Gold for export there is no demand, but the Silver market is steady. Annexed are the prices of bullion:

GOLD			
	per oz.	standard.	last price.
Bar Gold	77	9	@ —
do fine	77	9	@ —
do Refinable	77	11	@ —
Spanish Doubloons	75	6	@ 76 6
South American Doubloons	73	9	@ 74 0
United States gold coin	76	2 1/2	@ —

SILVER.			
	per oz.	standard nearest.	1st price.
Bar Silver Fine	5	0 1/2	@ —
do do containing 5 grs. gold	5	0 3/4	@ —
Fine Cake Silver	5	4 1/2	@ —
Mexican Dollars	4	11 1/2	@ —
Spanish Dollars (Carols)	—	—	none here.
Five franc pieces	4	11 1/2	1st price.

Arrangements are nearly completed for the purchase of the telegraph companies by the Government, and it is expected that a money bill will be introduced before long for the purpose of acquiring the business of the various undertakings. The sum needed will be about £7,000,000, of which the Electric and International Telegraph Company will claim nearly £3,000,000. Under the management of the Postoffice, much greater facilities are anticipated for the transmission of messages from and to the various towns and villages of the kingdom. At present, the system with regard to the smaller towns and to the villages in particular, is very imperfect; but it is expected that in the course of a few years every town and village in which there is a Post-office, will be connected with the metropolis by wire. The newspaper press will also derive greater advantages, and the dispersion of reliable intelligence will, in consequence, be more complete.

The Consol market has been unsettled this week by the unseasonable weather, and by the uncertainty which has existed with regard to the result of the debate in the House of Lords on the Irish Church bill. The bill having been read a second time early this morning, and the weather being fine, the tone of the market is better to-day, and a slight advance has taken place in the quotations. American Government securities have been steadily absorbed by investors, and the rates have somewhat improved. The highest and lowest prices of Consols and of the principal American securities on each day of the week have been:

	June 19.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'ay.	Thu'ay.	Fri'ay.	Sat'day.
Consols	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2	92 1/2-92 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1882	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2	80 1/2-80 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1885	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78	78 1/2-78
U. S. 5-20's, 1887	78 1/2-78 1/2	79 1/2-79	76 1/2-76 1/2	76 1/2-76 1/2	76 1/2-76 1/2	76 1/2-76 1/2	76 1/2-76 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1904	71 1/2-72	71 1/2-72	72	71 1/2-71 1/2	71 1/2-71 1/2	71 1/2-71 1/2	71 1/2-72
Atlantic & G't West. consol'd mort. b'ds	25	25	25 1/2-26 1/2	25 1/2-26 1/2	25	26	25 1/2-25 1/2
Erie Shares (\$100)	19	19 1/2	19 1/2-19 1/2	19 1/2-20	20	20 1/2	20 1/2-20 1/2
Illinois shares (\$100)	93 1/2-94 1/2	94 1/2-95 1/2	94 1/2-95 1/2	94 1/2-95 1/2	95 1/2-95 1/2	95 1/2-95 1/2	94 1/2-95 1/2

The brilliant weather which prevailed last week has been succeeded by a week of wet, cold, boisterous, and, therefore, unseasonable weather, and from the confidence which was then felt there has been some anxiety with regard to the future. It is very evident that if the unprecedented drought of last summer was favorable to the wheat crop, the present protracted cold spring must be very prejudicial. There are, however, now no serious complaints from the agricultural districts; but it is clear that if no injury has been done, the harvest

will be greatly delayed, making the present season, from the fact that it commenced early and will terminate late, unusually long. We are very apt, however, to view the future with complacency, and to be too sanguine with regard to future results. In many quarters we hear it affirmed that the cloudy and rainy days and the cold nights, are not injuring the wheat plant; but I think experience will show that too much wet at this period of the year is not desirable, when quite an average, if not more than an average supply of rain, has fallen during the spring months. In this country the present is a very critical period of the season. The ears of corn have just appeared, and in a few days the wheat plant will have to undergo the process of blooming. Naturally at such a time, fine dry, calm days, with a tolerably high temperature at night, are required. The weather of the present week has, however, been the reverse of this. Much rain has fallen; the nights have been chilly; and on Tuesday a severe gale, lasting about 24 hours, swept over the whole Kingdom. The wheat, however, does not seem to have been laid to any extent; but an indication is afforded that we have not yet, even at this late period of the year, entered fairly upon summer weather. This has naturally induced the holders of wheat to demand higher rates for their produce; but millers are by no means alarmed, and they refuse, therefore, to buy at any advance.

Last week's importation of wheat was very small, and was as much as 560,000 cwt. less than in the corresponding week last year. From September 1 to the close of last week our imports of wheat show a diminution of rather more than 8,000,000 cwt.; but of flour there is an increased foreign supply of 330,000 cwt. The exports of wheat have declined from 609,650 cwt. to 136,956 cwt., and of flour from 42,868 cwt. to 30,037 cwt. The supply of wheat afloat is small, but is increasing slightly. It is worthy of notice, as indicating the large supply of home-grown wheat still in the hands of the farmers, that the quantity sold last week in the markets, included in the *Gazette* return, was as much as 59,620 quarters, while last year it was only 23,127 quarters, in 1867 39,767 quarters, in 1866 48,275 quarters and in 1865 51,802 quarters. The imports and exports of wheat and flour into and from the United Kingdom from September 1 to the close of last were:

	WHEAT.		Exports.	
	Imports	Imports	Exports	Exports
	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sept. 1 to May 29.....	27,776,560	20,674,976	603,456	136,875
Week ending June 5.....	755,817	232,572	4,673	1
" " " 12.....	689,057	126,795	1,521	80
Total.....	29,221,434	21,034,343	609,650	136,956

	FLOUR.		Exports.	
	Imports	Imports	Exports	Exports
	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sept. 1 to May 29.....	2,548,598	2,932,553	40,727	26,540
Week ending June 5.....	44,865	16,079	1,831	3,107
" " " 12.....	46,311	25,957	310	390
Total.....	2,639,774	2,974,589	42,868	30,037

The following are the average prices of English wheat, barley and oats in England and Wales for last week, compared with the four previous years:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.	1865.
Wheat.....	46 0	67 6	65 9	47 4	41 1
Barley.....	37 1	42 2	36 2	36 0	27 3
Oats.....	26 6	30 4	27 9	25 9	23 8

In consequence of the wet weather, the harvesting of the hay crop, has been greatly delayed, scarcely any progress having been made this week.

Trade has, on the whole, been more active this week, in spite of the unseasonable weather. In the wool trade there has been rather more firmness, while iron, especially railway descriptions, is in good demand at rather advancing prices. A report from Manchester states:

The dullness which prevailed in this market at the end of last week, and which was caused chiefly by the announcement of important failures, lasted over Monday and Tuesday. On Wednesday a rather better feeling arose, and, stimulated by a vices from Liverpool of an active demand for cotton at better prices, there was more inquiry here, and a moderate business was done at prices which buyers had previously declined to give. Some small stocks which were on hand were got rid of. Yesterday and to-day producers have asked an advance on Tuesday's rates, and have obtained it for small quantities of both cloth and yarn; but while they decline to sell unless they can get some advance, buyers are almost equally indisposed to give it. In cases where there are still stocks of any description of yarn and cloth, which have been neglected and unsaleable for some time, any advance is difficult to get, but as a whole the market is dearer than it was on Tuesday, and producers remain firm. The continued ease of the money market, and improved weekly returns of the Bank, lead some to believe that more demand may arise on that account. On the other hand, the advices from India and China, and the difficulty which there seems to be to get prices up either in these distant markets or on the continent of Europe, are such as to deter shippers from buying at an advance upon present rates. The operatives who were on strike at Oldham have resumed work, but at Lees and in that neighborhood, a number of mills are still closed. It is said that the Oldham Spinners' Association have resolved to support the Lees employers, unless the work people of the latter accept the five per cent reduction of wages and return to their work, by again closing their mills. The general

expectation, however, is, that the necessity for adopting this course will be avoided by the operatives at Lees resuming work at the reduction.

The public sales of Colonial wool have been brought to a close this week. They opened on the 6th ultimo and closed to-day. The arrivals—the largest on record for any one period of sale—amounted to: Sydney, 41,368 bales; Port Phillip, 112,207 bales; Adelaide, 20,353 bales; New Zealand, 21,933 bales; Tasmania, 8,075 bales; Swan River, 3,320 bales; Cape, 32,090 bales. Total, 239,346 bales. The quantities catalogued amount to 216,863 bales. Of the arrivals about 7,000 bales have gone direct to the manufacturing districts, and of the quantities offered about 16,000 bales have been withdrawn, 6,000 of which, it is supposed, were subsequently recatalogued and sold. The quantity therefore held over for future sale will amount roughly to about 80,000 bales. About one third of the total sold is estimated to have been taken on continental account. The amount of wool arrived and afloat for the August-September sales is stated at 152,822 bales; but it is probable that this will be further increased to the extent of, say 10,000 to 15,000 bales by Cape shipments the particulars of which are not yet to hand. The trade in the woolen manufacturing districts, notwithstanding an unfavorable winter season, has shown during the first four months of the year a slight, but gradual, tendency to expansion; but the estimate of the supply of wool, based upon the apparent increase shown by the arrivals for the two first series of the year—following upon the unfortunate experience of the past eighteen months, has induced the most cautious, reserved, and timid action on the part of consumers, who, calculating upon an excess upon the production of the previous season of something like 60,000 bales, have manifested the greatest anxiety to anticipate the cheapening tendency which would be naturally consequent upon a glut of the raw material. The opening sales were for the season very poorly attended by English and especially by foreign buyers, and the weakness of the market, which was rendered in the first instance apparent by a decline of about 1d per lb., became for some time, under the influence of increasingly restricted competition, daily more decided, until a general reduction varying from 12 to 15 and reaching in some cases as much as 20 per cent. was fairly established. No class of wool—with the exception of the finest description of Sydney and good combing half-bred Port Phillips and New Zealand—can be cited as escaping the depreciation in which good flocks with the poorest have suffered alike, and the unaccountable neglect in particular cases, observable even in first-class brands, rendered the numerous withdrawals which were effected during the first portion of the sales, the only alternative of the most absolute sacrifice. During the latter half of the series a considerable increase of fresh buyers, attracted probably by the excessive decline, imparted an improved and more confident tone to the market, and caused a rally in prices to a point nearly verging on to the rates of the opening sale, which however was hardly fully maintained at the close.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show an increase in dry goods, but a considerable decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$5,204,934 against \$6,355,731 last week, and \$5,625,850 the previous week. The exports are \$3,634,936 this week, against \$4,427,531 last week, and \$4,353,482 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 152 bales, against 1,406 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) June 25, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) June 26:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Dry goods.....	\$1,278,778	\$1,137,165	\$1,123,989	\$1,197,486
General merchandise..	1,734,827	3,233,392	4,139,840	4,077,443
Total for the week....	\$3,013,605	\$4,371,547	\$5,263,829	\$5,204,934
Previously reported....	152,441,409	124,193,508	115,482,108	152,319,585

Since Jan. 1.....\$155,455,014 \$128,565,055 \$120,745,987 \$157,524,519

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending June 29:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
For the week.....	\$2,200,013	\$3,541,893	\$3,113,799	\$2,649,926
Previously reported....	104,834,214	94,235,796	93,074,998	83,962,953
Since Jan. 1.....	\$107,084,227	\$97,777,659	\$86,188,797	\$87,597,889

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	Since Jan. 1.	Same time
	1869.	1868.
Great Britain.....	\$45,270,109	\$44,793,703
France.....	3,333,279	4,722,770
Holland and Belgium..	2,643,897	2,447,909
Germany.....	9,851,942	7,367,750
Other Northern Europe..	1,838,609	942,772
Spain.....	1,359,813	1,020,767
Other Southern Europe..	2,988,353	2,702,319
East Indies.....	49,163	55,773
China and Japan.....	1,715,947	1,413,623
Australia.....	1,235,290	1,307,333
British N A Colonies.....	2,007,156	2,172,660
Cuba.....	2,427,955	3,573,684
Hayti.....	530,511	1,084,788
Other West Indies.....	3,962,062	4,450,011
Mexico.....	817,956	987,117
New Granada.....	1,198,561	1,912,722

Venezuela.....	313,836	321,622
British Guiana.....	695,618	762,421
Brazil.....	1,649,690	1,596,704
Other S. American ports.....	2,190,361	2,023,200
All other ports.....	1,489,116	671,253

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending June 26, 1869 :

June 21—St. Henry Chauncey, La Union, American silver.....	\$4,000	June 24—St. Herman, London, Mexican gold.....	\$1,280
" 22—St. Cimbria, Paris, Gold bars.....	112,000	" 25—Schr. D. H. Bisbee, Rio Grand do Sul, American silver.....	200
" " Silver bars.....	500	" 26—St. Lafayette, Havre, Gold bars.....	57,100
" " Foreign gold.....	12,700	" " Silver bars.....	60,700
" " Foreign silver.....	4,200	" " Foreign gold.....	14,400
" " American gold.....	5,000	" 26—St. City of Brooklyn, Liverpool, American gold.....	150,000
" 23—St. North America, B'ha, American gold.....	300	" " Gold bars.....	70,900
" 21—St. Hermann, London, Mexican dollars.....	40,720	" " British gold.....	4,875
" 24—St. Hermann, Paris, Mexican dollars.....	1,560	" 26—T. H. A. Pitt, Bermuda, American silver.....	132
Total for the week.....	\$540,767		
Previously reported.....	14,147,722		
Total since Jan. 1, 1869.....	\$14,688,489		

Same time in 1868.....	\$48,123,293	Same time in 1859.....	\$34,916,641
1867.....	24,595,632	1858.....	12,504,795
1866.....	45,493,138	1857.....	22,152,148
1865.....	17,988,916	1856.....	15,256,619
1864.....	29,268,846	1855.....	17,035,465
1863.....	20,537,619	1854.....	15,508,621
1862.....	27,976,351	1853.....	9,472,471
1861.....	3,219,438	1852.....	12,198,040
1860.....	22,027,521		

The imports of specie at this port during the past week have been as follows:

June 21—St. City of Washington, Halifax, Gold.....	\$3,500	June 23—St. Merrimack, St. Thomas, Silver.....	\$10,000
" 21—Bk Sa les, Belize, Silver.....	1,710	" " Gold.....	14,480
" 23—St. Arizona, Aspinwall, Total for the week.....			11,800
Previously reported.....			\$41,490
Total since Jan. 1 1869.....			8,862,650
Same time, 1868.....			\$8,904,140
			3,734,046

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom House.

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
April 3.....	342,740,300	32,428,350	375,168,650
" 10.....	342,798,300	30,875,350	373,673,650
" 17.....	342,693,800	30,558,350	373,252,150
" 24.....	342,693,800	30,455,350	373,149,150
May 1.....	342,736,800	30,255,350	372,992,150
" 8.....	342,749,800	30,155,350	372,905,150
" 15.....	342,747,496	30,055,350	372,802,846
" 22.....	342,807,800	29,330,350	372,138,150
" 29.....			
June 5.....	342,891,200	28,786,359	371,677,559
" 12.....	342,891,200	28,316,350	371,207,550
" 19.....	342,882,200	27,538,850	370,421,050
" 26.....	342,892,600	26,144,350	369,036,950

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), in return for bills destroyed and mutilated bills returned (weekly and aggregate), with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued for ret'd.	Mutilated notes burned.	Notes in circulation.
June 5.....	199,820	13,662,038	123,000
" 12.....	97,190	13,861,858	13,870,327
" 19.....	260,950	13,859,048	160,200
" 26.....	124,000	14,343,948	14,153,527
			176,250
			14,467,127
			299,793,445

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroyed.
April 8.....	495,000	295,208	574,780
" 10.....	476,230	406,000	536,600
" 17.....	228,000	503,150	500,900
" 24.....	None	571,800	607,000
May 1.....	None	320,183	438,900
" 8.....	None	296,800	656,500
" 15.....	None	634,496	354,200
" 22.....	None	431,860	278,700
" 29.....			
June 5.....	None	117,576	390,400
" 12.....	None	220,669	252,421
" 19.....	None	95,100	291,000
" 26.....	None		

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Alaska, from Aspinwall, arrived at this port July 1, with treasure for the following consignees:

F. Probst & Co.....	\$9,787 00	Ribon & Munoz.....	\$7,500 00
Wells, Fargo & Co.....	250 00	Order.....	50,000 00
Total.....			\$67,637 00

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1
Jan. 6.....	Rising Star.....	\$589,765	\$589,765
" 14.....	H. Chauncey.....	213,167	802,932
" 21.....	Arizona.....	532,419	1,335,351
" 28.....	Alaska.....	473,172	1,808,523
Feb. 6.....	Rising Star.....	737,503	2,546,026
" 9.....	Constitution.....	855,887	3,401,913
" 13.....	Henry Chauncey.....	247,356	3,649,269
" 21.....	Arizona.....	270,364	3,919,633
" 28.....	Alaska.....	164,000	4,083,633
March 7.....	Rising Star.....	385,366	4,468,999
" 16.....	Henry Chauncey.....	351,293	4,820,292
" 24.....	Ocean Queen.....	103,260	4,923,552

April 1.....	Alaska.....	250,619	5,214,171
" 9.....	Rising Star.....	222,296	5,436,467
" 21.....	Arizona.....	532,086	5,968,553
May 1.....	Alaska.....	685,767	6,654,320
" 9.....	H. Chauncey.....	259,323	7,013,643
" 23.....	Rising Star.....	590,868	7,604,511
" 30.....	Alaska.....	184,459	7,788,970
June 9.....	Henry Chauncey.....	75,212	7,864,182
" 24.....	Arizona.....	122,505	7,986,687
July 1.....	Alaska.....	67,537	8,054,170

WEST WISCONSIN RAILWAY.—This road, formerly known as the Towah and Lake St. Croix Railroad, is progressing with the completion of its line, and has now in operation 32 miles of road from Tomah on the line of the Milwaukee & St. Paul Road to Black River Falls. The road, when completed, will extend from Tomah, through several towns already of considerable size, and a fine agricultural and lumbering district to Lake St. Croix, and thence to St. Paul, shortening very much the distance between that city and Milwaukee and Chicago. The company has a full land grant of 6,400 acres of land to the mile in alternate sections; and it is the opinion of parties well acquainted with the nature of the country through which the road passes, that the land will sell for enough to pay the entire amount of bonds issued for construction.

The portion of the road now open is operated by the Milwaukee & St. Paul Company under a contract, and it is stated by the officers that the earnings of the road were sufficient to pay the July interest on the debt, the amount for that purpose being deposited in the London and County Bank, early in June.

The first mortgage 7 per cent gold bonds of the West Wisconsin Railway are quoted among the American securities on the London Exchange, and at the price for which they are negotiated, should be a very valuable security, and will undoubtedly advance to much higher prices upon the completion of the road to St. Paul.

The Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce recently adopted unanimously the following resolutions in regard to this road:

Resolved, That Milwaukee, represented by this body, feels the importance of the early completion of the road to Hudson and St. Paul.

Resolved, That the energy exhibited by Mr. D. A. Baldwin and his associates in carrying to completion the first section of the road in a manner so creditable to them, challenges our respect and confidence.

Resolved, That the West Wisconsin Railroad has, in our opinion, a solid and substantial basis, sufficient to appeal with confidence to capitalists, at home and abroad, for assistance in the completion of the work.

Resolved, That this body extend to the West Wisconsin Railroad all the aid in its power, with the full confidence that, while the work is one of importance to our city and the country which it penetrates, it cannot fail, under such management as has thus far characterized it, to prove a profitable investment to capital.

TENNESSEE BONDS.—In regard to the non-payment of the July interest, the New York Tribune says:

The report that the State of Tennessee would default upon the July interest on their bonds caused much disappointment to the friends of that State. The total debt of the State at the close of the war was \$19,000,000; it has since been swelled to the sum of \$40,000,000. The larger portion of this increase has been made by issuing bonds to railroad companies, and a large portion to roads that will not be able for a long time to pay the interest. The annual expenses of the State are \$4,237,000, and the total revenue for last year, including the receipts from railroads, was \$2,055,544, showing a deficit of over \$2,000,000. By the report of the Controller of October, 1867,

The amount of State debt was.....	\$3,343,806 66
Add interest funded.....	735,553 00
Total.....	\$4,079,359 66
Amount owing on account of turnpike and plank road companies.....	\$490,000 00
Add interest funded to January, 1866.....	102,060 00
Amount due from railroad July 1, 1867.....	23,601,000 00
Being a total of.....	\$28,272,419 66
Add estimated amount due school fund and used directly by the State for payment of interest on debt.....	1,000,000 00
Amount due by the State October, 1867.....	\$29,272,419 66
In December, 1868, or in fourteen months after the above statement, the Controller makes out	
The State debt due to be.....	\$34,441,873 44
Add amount due to the school fund.....	1,500,000 00
Total.....	\$35,941,873 44
And reports a probable deficit of \$877,612 39, which will have accrued when the interest due January 1, 1869, shall have been paid.....	877,612 39
Total amount of debt due January 1, 1869.....	\$36,819,515 83

Being an increase in the state debt, within 15 months of \$7,547,093 17. This unfavorable exhibit has occasioned considerable disturbance among the holders of the bonds of the State here, upon the reports that a party in favor of repudiating the new bonds was forming in the State upon the theory that the State Constitution forbids the sale of the bonds of the State at less than par, while the greater portion of these new bonds have been sold at from 60@70 per cent by the railroads in order to raise money. The present condition of the State is lamentable, but any talk of repudiation in any form will no doubt be voted down by the citizens, who have struggled so manfully to sustain the credit of the State in the past; and holders of the bonds, who bought them knowing that the faith of the State was pledged for their payment, will no doubt ultimately be paid in full.

	June 25.	July 2.		June 25.	July 2.
Tennessee Sixes, x.c.	61	62	Louisiana Eigh's, levee	88	85
Tennessee Sixes, new	58	57	Alabama Fives	61	61
North Carolina Sixes, old	58	57	Alabama Eights	97	96
North Carolina Sixes, x.c.	55	52	Georgia Sixes	83	83
Virginia Sixes, old	58	57	Georgia Sevens	96	93
Virginia Sixes, new	61	61	Missouri Sixes	91	87
Louisiana Sixes	72	69	South Carolina Sixes, n.w.	71	71
Louisiana Sixes, levee	67	66			

RAILROAD MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS—In railroad stocks there has been considerable speculative activity, which, however, has been confined to a few stocks and has not enlisted much outside support. The bulk of the business has been transacted in New York Central, Lake Shore, Cleveland & Pittsburg, Northwestern and Reading. In these stocks the drift of speculation has been irregular, favoring alternately higher and lower prices, the object of the cliques being apparently, pending the uncertainties of the money market, to make profits out of the frequent fluctuations of 2@3 per cent. New York Central has fluctuated between 193½@198½. There is, apparently, an effort to depress the stock, upon the fact that the meeting of Directors, held at Albany this week, concluded upon nothing definitely relative to consolidation with Hudson River. Lake Shore has ranged between 106½ and 110½, Northwestern common between 79½ and 83½, Rock Island between 117½ and 120½, Fort Wayne between 155 and 157½, Hudson River between 163½ and 167½, and Pacific Mail between 87 and 90½. To-day Cleveland & Pittsburg sold up to 106, upon a report that a dividend is to be declared upon the stock of 20 per cent scrip and 2½ per cent cash.

The following were the closing quotations of the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	May 21.	May 28.	Jun. 4.	Jun. 11.	Jun. 18.	Jun. 25.	July 2.
Cumberland Coal	30	31	35	33	34	32	33
Quicksilver	19	19	15	15	15	15	15
Canton Co.	63	64	66	63	62	62	61
Mariposa pref.	49	5	49	17	16	17	15
Pacific Mail	91	82	82	84	89	86	90
New York Central	191	x.1.190	192	190	186	194	195
Erie	29	29	29	29	30	29	30
Hudson River	161	157	159	158	155	164	163
Reading	97	99	99	95	97	98	98
Mich. Southern	106	113	114	106	103	106	109
Michigan Central	129	126	130	132	132	131	128
Clev. and Pittsb.	93	97	101	97	95	99	105
Clev. and Toledo	106	112	113				
Northwestern	91	93	92	90	x.d. 80	83	82
preferred	104	105	104	101	x.d. 94	96	96
Rock Island	126	127	122	121	117	119	118
Fort Wayne	154	157	158	157	153	157	155
Illinois Central	146	145	144	143	143	141	143
Ohio & Miss.	35	34	34	33	32	33	32
Milw & St. Paul	76	77	77	75	72	76	75
prf	86	87	89	86	83	87	86
Tol., Wab. & W'n	76	77	76	74	70	73	73

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Mining.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Exp'ess.	&c.	Total.
Feb. 4	440	243,766	2,149	16,881	6,400	3,200	13,175	9,675	295,785	
" 11	653	179,110	899	25,403	9,900	7,350	5,546	5,655	234,516	
" 18	512	175,234	2,350	13,575	3,200	5,400	10,456	7,455	218,212	
" 25	784	136,369	902	22,165	13,450	700	7,676	11,543	193,589	
March 4	582	177,884	544	30,697	28,766	900	6,548	12,615	258,237	
" 11	566	139,674	405	8,423	18,050	4,950	6,240	10,209	188,516	
" 18	546	177,818	1,445	21,740	23,200	1,950	15,118	8,604	250,421	
" 25	644	207,115	705	29,519	10,750	1,800	9,271	8,970	268,774	
April 1	410	138,420	235	15,290	7,250	1,000	14,549	5,977	183,031	
" 8	415	429,249	575	11,006	11,550	1,650	21,255	5,061	480,761	
" 15	835	193,517	175	8,566	8,769	3,600	8,916	6,998	231,076	
" 22	742	258,731	1,052	15,692	14,950	3,400	16,246	16,865	327,728	
" 29	1,039	542,773	332	15,463	32,100	1,500	14,334	13,415	620,986	
May 6	1,039	368,820	410	6,971	15,190	1,850	9,923	5,633	409,499	
" 13	890	671,000	369		6,300	1,100	7,130	20	686,899	
" 20	458	171,292	51	3,580	1,700	5,210	5,125	6,146	193,599	
" 27	977	246,607	1,459	5,800	4,900	1,102	7,929	4,612	273,402	
June 3	418	198,605	2,425	10,105	2,800	3,865	6,615	10,665	235,497	
" 10	530	231,882	1,686	11,505	3,150	4,499	16,550	7,081	276,883	
" 17	461	134,328	310	8,490	1,000	5,200	12,740	8,270	170,859	
" 24	337	121,809	255	1,900	800	1,261	1,762	4,147	132,271	
July 1	75	123,916	115	1,200	400	3,360	5,055	9,906	146,927	

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bond and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at Regular Board for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending	Government Bonds.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount.
Friday				
March 4	9,126,000	1,067,000	774,500	10,967,500
" 11	6,606,900	1,308,500	546,000	8,461,400
" 18	6,195,700	775,325	415,500	7,386,500
" 25	3,923,600	768,500	344,000	5,056,100
April 1	2,264,500	677,000	215,500	3,157,000
" 8	4,143,500	911,100	290,000	5,374,600
" 15	4,476,450	517,500	229,200	5,223,150
" 22	4,239,700	1,622,000	762,000	6,614,700
" 29	5,017,500	1,541,100	615,675	7,174,275
May 6	3,901,500	1,734,500	932,800	6,570,800
" 13	6,608,000	1,174,500	198,349	7,980,849
" 20	6,843,600	807,000	732,000	8,382,600
" 27	4,254,400	957,800	766,000	5,978,200
June 3	5,395,000	1,337,500	465,500	7,198,000
" 10	4,132,500	1,261,750	491,500	5,885,750
" 17	2,246,100	1,522,000	429,000	4,197,000
" 24	2,653,600	1,102,500	297,500	4,053,600
July 1	3,221,000	1,888,000	251,000	5,460,000

THE GOLD MARKET.—The principal feature in the gold market has been an effort on the part of a speculative clique to force down

the premium. One of the objects of the "locking up" of money was to enhance the carrying rate so as to induce sales; holders, however, have clung to their gold with much tenacity, paying for having it carried, on an average for the week, ¼@½ per cent per day. The principal inducement to holding, under these adverse circumstances, has been the prospect of early shipments of specie growing out of the present high rates of exchange and the remittances to be made against July interest and in settlement of bankers' balances. To-day a special attack was made upon the market, understood to be with a view to buying largely for a rise, and the price fell from 137½ in the morning to 136½ at the close.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Open-ing.	Low-est.	High-est.	Clos-ing.	Total clearings.	Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, June 26	137½	137½	137½	137½	52,733,000	\$2,041,098	\$2,773,440
Monday, " 28	137½	137½	137½	137½	33,562,000	1,178,840	1,606,288
Tuesday, " 29	137½	137½	137½	137½	57,042,000	2,626,056	2,574,500
Wed'n'day, " 30	137½	137	137½	137½	82,584,000	3,813,472	3,104,101
Thursday, July 1	137½	136½	137½	137	71,280,000	3,032,102	4,251,260
Friday, " 2	137½	136½	137½	136½	85,047,000	3,430,050	5,386,665
Current week	137½	136½	137½	136½	382,251,000	15,121,648	20,726,454
Previous week	136½	136½	138½	137½	651,830,000	13,220,676	20,570,457
Jan. 1 '69, to date	134½	130½	144½	136½			

FOREIGN EXCHANGE—Has been dull, the stringency in money having checked operations, there has been, however, a very light supply of commercial bills, and drawers have been firm in their rates, quotations being ¼ higher than a week ago.

The following are the closing quotations of the different classes of foreign bills, compared with preceding weeks:

	June 12.	June 18.	June 25.	July 2.
London Com'l.	108½@109	109 @109½	109 @109½	109 @109½
do bkrs' leg	109½@109	109½@109½	109½@109½	109½@109½
do do short	110½@110	110½@110	110½@110	110½@110
Paris, long	5.18½@5.17½	5.17½@5.16½	5.17½@5.15	5.16½@5.15
do short	5.16½@5.15	5.15 @5.13½	5.15 @5.13	5.13½@5.12½
Antwerp	5.20 @5.18½	5.20 @5.18½	5.20 @5.18½	5.17½@5.16½
Swiss	5.20 @5.18½	5.20 @5.18½	5.20 @5.18½	5.17½@5.16½
Hamburg	35½@35	35½@35	35½@35	35½@35
Amsterdam	40½@40	40½@40	40½@40	40½@40
Frankfort	40½@40	40½@40	40½@40	40½@40
Bremen	78½@78	78½@78	78½@78	78½@78
Berlin	71 @71½	71 @71½	71 @71½	71 @71½

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House Receipts.	Sub-Treasury Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.
June 21	\$351,593 13	\$3,682,162 74	\$4,402,110 94
" 22	284,569 83	1,357,527 58	2,370,692 96
" 23	298,701 83	1,101,698 18	1,088,824 46
" 24	398,761 51	319,258 12	1,691,458 17
" 25	326,316 52	1,393,211 00	3,011,138 52
" 26	190,904 32	2,532,664 65	1,274,200 08
Total	\$1,850,877 34	\$10,506,125 27	\$13,838,425 13
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of June 21			\$4,476,809 45
			\$98,315,234 58
			10,506,125 27

Deduct payments during the week

Balance on Saturday evening
Increase during the week

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$2,734,000. Included in the receipts of customs are \$100,000 in gold and \$1,750,877 in gold certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury a series of weeks:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
Feb. 6	2,169,645	5,657,096	7,863,358	85,879,989	Inc. 2,216,265
Feb. 13	3,339,143	7,996,110	10,157,005	88,040,934	Inc. 2,161,945
Feb. 20	2,899,816	4,674,472	7,089,420	90,155,882	Inc. 2,414,945
Feb. 27	3,588,089	8,461,940	6,547,652	88,541,593	Dec. 1,914,288
Mar. 6	3,257,013	8,221,692	6,043,387	86,924,288	Dec. 1,617,309
Mar. 13	2,569,769	10,250,601	11,113,388	87,787,075	Inc. 862,778
Mar. 20	2,993,092	5,366,277	11,321,643	93,742,411	Inc. 5,955,346
Mar. 27	2,537,835	5,260,937	6,208,779	94,690,283	Inc. 947,848
April 3	2,868,793	15,891,946	8,081,928	86,880,266	Dec. 1,810,012
April 10	2,718,338	4,246,920	7,101,850	89,735,196	Inc. 2,854,930
April 17	2,391,842	5,373,388	5,610,469	89,972,277	Inc. 237,086
April 24	2,671,828	9,611,064	8,344,663	88,655,871	Dec. 1,316,401
May 1	2,150,455	17,063,636	10,393,150	81,985,389	Dec. 6,670,481
May 8	2,525,718	19,833,572	21,115,463	83,267,280	Inc. 1,281,894
May 15	2,541,536	7,849,953	9,145,255	84,562,582	Inc. 1,295,307
May 22	1,846,036	6,280,835	7,342,817	8	

Table listing various banks and their financial details including Capital, Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, and Circulation. Includes entries for Chemical, Merchants' Exchange, National, Butchers, etc.

Total. 83,970,300 260,131,732 20,257,140 34,214,785 181,774,695 48,163,930

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows:

Summary table showing deviations for Loans, Specie, and Circulation with Dec and Inc values.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing weekly totals for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings from Feb 6 to June 26.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, June 28, 1869:

Table detailing the average condition of Philadelphia banks, listing Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Depos., and Circulation for various banks like Philadelphia, North America, Farmers' & Mech., etc.

Total. 16,055,150 53,661,72 180,684 14,567,327 41,517,716 10,622,704

The deviations from last week's returns are as follows:

Summary table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, and Circulation.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks:

Table showing the condition of Boston Banks from April 5 to June 28, listing Date, Loans, Specie, Legal Tend., Deposits, and Circulation.

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, June 28, 1869.

Table listing Boston National Banks and their financial details including Capital, Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, and Circulation.

Total. 45,600,000 102,575,825 1,105,662 11,784,892 34,331,417 25,304,858

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows:

Summary table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Deposits, and Circulation.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing comparative totals for Boston banks from April 5 to June 28, listing Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, and Circulation.

The following is an abstract of a report showing the condition of the National banks in the City of New York at the close of business on the 12th day of June, 1869:

Table showing the condition of National banks in New York, divided into RESOURCES and LIABILITIES, listing various assets and liabilities.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JULY 2, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Table with columns for Stock/Security Name, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Week's Sales, and No. of Shares Sold. Includes sections for National, State, Municipal, Bank Stocks, and Railroad Stocks.

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly gross earnings of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1868 and 1869:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings 1868, Gross earnings 1869, Inc., Dec. Rows include Chicago and N. West'n., Chicago, R. Isl. & Pac., Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and Western Union.

—The Western Union Railroad, it is reported, has been sold to Alexander Mitchell, the President of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway. The Western Union extends from Racine, on Lake Michigan, sixty-two miles north of Chicago and twenty-three miles south of Milwaukee...

—The Connecticut Senate has defeated the Parallel Railroad project, which was to make a railroad line from New Haven to New York, competing with the New York and New Haven road, by a vote of 11 to 10.

—The Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad, extending from Laporte to Peru, Ind., is now completed. The company will commence running passenger trains on Monday, June 27th. The road opens a new route between Chicago, Indianapolis and the South...

—The Des Moines Valley Railway Company of Iowa, whose finished road extends from Keokuk, on the Mississippi River, there connecting with the Peoria and Warsaw and Toledo and Wabash lines, east to Des Moines 162 miles, and thence 50 miles northwest to the Chicago and Northwest road...

—The Peoria, Pekin and Jacksonville Railroad was completed to Jacksonville recently. It opens a direct route to the Illinois river country to St. Louis, through the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago road to Jacksonville. It has a charter for a road to St. Louis which it designs to use if it cannot make good terms with the Chicago and Alton road.

—The New Haven and Northampton Co., who will begin to operate their own road on the expiration of the New York and New Haven road's lease of it, July 1st, have already put on some of the new cars built for them by the Wason Co., of Springfield, Mass.

—The Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railroad Company, which was sold lately to satisfy a mortgage, has been reorganized. The articles of association of the new company were filed with the Secretary of State of Indiana, Monday, June 21. The capital stock is \$300,000 and there are thirteen directors.

—The St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad was completed to Effingham on the Cairo and Dunleith line of the Illinois Central, Saturday, June 19. There is no truth in the statement that the road has been leased to the Illinois Central.

—The change of gauge of the Missouri Pacific from five feet six inches to four feet eight and a half inches will be commenced July 1.

For other railroad items see "COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS" on a previous page.

EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large table with multiple columns for different railroads: Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific, Illinois Central, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Ohio & Mississippi, Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago, St. L. Alton & T. Haute, Toledo, W. b. & Western, and Western Union. Each column shows monthly earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869, along with annual totals.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), and various company names like Atlantic & St. Lawrence, Boston & Albany, etc.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables. Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, N.B., Amount outstanding, INTEREST, Payable, Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), DESCRIPTION, N.B., Amount outstanding, INTEREST, Payable, Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd). The table lists various railroad and canal bonds with their respective terms and interest rates.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

Quotations by J. M. Welth & Arents, 9 New Street.

Table of Southern Securities including State Securities (Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, etc.), City Securities (Alexandria, Atlanta, etc.), and Railroad Securities (Alabama, Georgia, etc.).

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table of Petroleum Stocks with columns for Companies, Bid, and Asked prices.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table of Gold and Silver Mining Stocks with columns for Companies, Bid, and Asked prices.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table of Insurance Stocks including Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc., with columns for Capital, Net Assets, Dividends, and Last Paid.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table of Copper Mining Stocks with columns for Companies, Bid, and Asked prices.

Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. + Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares. Capital of Lake Superior generally \$50,000 in 20,000.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 2.

The approach of the termination of a half yearly period in business, the usual indisposition to trade which precedes our national holiday, and the unsettled state of the money market, have limited mercantile transactions the past week, and but few important variations can be quoted.

Cotton has again advanced, and until the last two days has been active, sales being largely to spinners, closing firm at the best figures of the week. Breadstuffs were much depressed early in the week, and close somewhat unsettled. Tobacco firm but less active. Groceries are generally quiet.

Hides have become dull, the stock being somewhat reduced. Leather in large supply and weak. Skins more active for Mexican at some decline.

Naval Stores close with more firmness apparent. Spirits Turpentine and Rosin show a moderate movement. Oils have been less active, but generally steady. Petroleum has fluctuated daily, but the business only moderate.

Metals show rather more movement in Copper and Tin, at a slight recovery in prices. East India Goods remain quiet, but rule very firm. We notice considerable sales of Jute.

Hops have slightly improved on diminished receipts and steady export demand. Hay is more active. Tallow closes flat, with a partial subsidence of the export demand. Whiskey has been dull and heavy, but closes more steady. Building Materials are quite active, with a slight reduction of prices in Lath.

Fruits are less buoyant. Fish are rather dull.

Wool has hardly opened as yet for the new clip, and prices are unsettled. The stock of the old clip is very small. Foreign has arrived more freely of late and found ready sales. Prices asked for new clip are proportionately lower than have been paid in the Provincial markets, and yet higher than our manufacturers are willing to pay. The clip, however, is now known to be light, and holders are very firm, while the wants of manufacturers are becoming more pressing.

Freights have been less active in shipments of grain, and the extreme rates obtained early in the week have not been fully sustained. Receipts of grain by canal and rail have been liberal, but holders have refused to accept the reduced prices offered, preferring to send to store, and this has in turn operated adversely to ocean freights. The Liverpool steamers have taken large quantities of provisions, and have consequently been comparatively independent of the movement in breadstuffs.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1868, have been as follows:

Table with 7 columns: This week, Since Jan. 1, Same time '68, and three more columns for comparison. Rows include various commodities like Ashes, Breadstuffs, Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1869. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given.

Large table with multiple columns: Other W. Indies, Hayti, Cuba, Br. N.A. Colonies, Others, China & Japan, Europe, Spain, Other N. Europe, Ger. many, Holland, France, Britain, etc. Rows list various export articles like Breadstuffs, Cotton, Hops, etc.

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, show the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port or the last week, since Jan. 1, 1869, and for the corresponding period in 1868:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.
China, Glass and Earthenware—				Metals, &c—			
China	152	5,418	3,615	Cutlery	66	2,097	1,941
Earthenware	382	31,131	22,275	Hardware	88	2,458	3,062
Glass	2,709	272,968	183,292	Iron, RR bars	17,811	412,831	274,931
Glassware	382	7,632	36,897	Lead, pigs	12,801	286,478	223,570
Glass plate	81	4,869	3,965	Spelter, lbs.	223,810	7,173,177	3,068,114
Buttons	66	2,758	3,671	Steel	3,122	85,156	91,589
Coal, tons	7,365	33,111	27,771	Tin, boxes	24,885	709,001	372,412
Cocoa, bags	52	12,381	7,148	Tin slabs, lbs.		2,079,876	133,036
Coffee, bags	29,523	613,718	587,544	Rags	1,677	51,191	21,812
Cotton bales	70	1,510	215	Sugar, hlds, tes & bbls.	12,182	261,730	262,989
Drugs, &c—				Sugars, boxes & bags	11,895	566,566	351,571
Bark, Peruvian	216	10,782	6,406	Tea	13,31	632,437	623,660
Blea powders		16,081	15,001	Tobacco	119	2,213	19,376
Brimstone, tons	120	9,213	5,099	Waste	10	1,321	561
Cochineal	111	2,552	2,363	Wines, &c—			
Cream Tartar	46	1,141	868	Champagne, bks	3,026	62,106	46,366
Gambier		13,857	12,403	Wines	6,816	98,685	9,066
Gums, crude	6	476	364	Wool, bales	7,000	31,083	14,845
Gum, Arabic		1,063	1,917	Articles reported by value—			
Indigo		3,970	2,552	Cigars	\$14,952	\$422,601	\$276,125
Madder	516	7,396	4,911	Corks	3,064	76,353	96,569
Oils, essence	21	112	218	Fancy goods	29,500	953,514	542,116
Oil, Olive	1,879	35,243	24,877	Fish	2,029	392,697	192,593
Opium		384	589	Fruits, &c—			
Soda, bi-carb.	1,590	52,333	51,864	Lemons	23,164	226,362	143,162
Soda, sal.	1,694	19,873	25,566	Oranges	22,229	648,024	497,851
Soda, ash	106	21,316	19,570	Nuts	9,031	44,571	289,791
Flax	161	1,283	645	Raisins	39,559	610,894	658,451
Furs	42	3,251	3,024	Hides undressed	210,107	5,638,771	3,093,372
Gunny cloth		3,134	7,349	Rice		197,135	356,896
Hair	18	5,319	3,343	Spices, &c—			
Hemp, bales	1,935	57,696	69,111	Cassia	518	175,328	73,125
Hides, &c—				Ginger	321	20,162	29,129
Bristles	2	856	535	Pepper	1,321	101,845	128,536
Hides, dressed	813	7,856	4,252	Saltpetre	9,419	129,607	3,431
India rubber	808	22,874	17,069	Woods—			
Ivory	37	1,874	951	Cork	1,145	87,051	.....
Jewelry, &c—				Fustic	515	48,975	70,953
Jewelry	41	1,115	1,129	Logwood	7,737	217,369	111,254
Watches	18	563	578	Mahogany	13,130	56,326	46,612
Linseed	5,000	328,160	225,507				
Molasses	3,683	116,012	117,794				

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 2, 1869.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, July 2. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the seven days have reached 5,200 bales, (against 9,440 bales last week, 11,536 bales the previous week, and 12,633 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1868, up to this date, 2,315,902 bales (of which 241,000 bales are overland shipments direct to the mills), against 2,333,654 bales (of which 175,000 bales are overland shipments), for the same period in 1867, being an excess last season over this season of 17,752 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1868 are as follows:

Received this week at—	Receipts—		Received this week at—	Receipts—	
	1869.	1868.		1869.	1868.
New Orleans	893	259	Florida	.....	8
Mobile	506	58	North Carolina	.....	32
Charleston	804	273	Virginia	.....	251
Savannah	722	1,160	Total receipts	5,200	2,478
Texas	201	149	Increase this year	.....	2,722
Tennessee, &c	1,112	293			

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 7,649 bales, of which 7,629 were to Great Britain, and 20 bales to the Continent, while the stocks at all the ports, as made up this evening, are now 57,933 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

Week ending	Exported to—		Total	Same week	Stock—	
	Great Britain.	Continent.			1869.	1868.
July 2.	7,629	20	7,649	2,329	57,933	95,081
New Orleans	1,813	.....	1,813	1,611	14,733	6,674
Mobile	3,804	.....	3,804	.....	6,178	4,376
Charleston	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,862	6,510
Savannah	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,321	4,960
Texas	1,643	.....	1,643	.....	301	2,037
New York	369	20	389	698	20,017	50,324
Other ports	.....	.....	.....	20	12,491	20,170

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 5,320 bales, while the stocks to-night are 37,148 bales less than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement

of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to night, as we cannot insure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary by telegraph.

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS SINCE SEPT. 1.		EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			Shipments to Nor. Ports.	Stock.
	1868.	1867.	Great Britain	France	Other Foreign		
New Orleans	790,844	580,797	338,775	113,361	109,583	611,719	2,427
Mobile	224,899	352,713	131,967	16,133	9,527	157,637	41,112
Charleston	194,554	238,759	52,979	.....	3,656	56,035	138,355
Savannah	353,535	486,887	130,814	20,129	12,350	163,193	189,784
Texas	142,982	108,460	55,856	.....	22,629	78,485	52,893
New York	103,107	108,239	233,432	19,756	59,671	312,559	.....
Florida	15,721	30,594	.....	.....	29	229	7,632
North Carolina	85, 58	37, 33	.....	.....	.....	.....	35,458
Virginia	155,529	152,998	6,232	.....	.....	6,232	148,806
Other ports*	296,202	235,304	12,556	.....	10,789	23,345	.....
Total this year	2,312,834	.....	962,611	219,668	227,515	1,409,734	818,267
Total last year	.....	2,331,734	1,216,042	196,660	222,245	1,631,947	728,667

*Under this head we have added the overland shipments direct to manufacturers to April 24, as follows: for the present year 241,000 bales, and for last year 175,000 bales.

The market the past week has been active, with an almost daily advance in prices. This is due to the same causes which have been at work for some weeks past: very small stocks, free purchases on the part of spinners and speculators, with an advancing and active market at Liverpool. Although our quotations are above those of Liverpool, still any advance there pushes up our market further, as stocks here will not warrant shipments abroad, not being more than sufficient to satisfy our present spinning demand. To day and yesterday our market has been more quiet, but closes firm this evening at the highest point of the week. On last Saturday there was considerable activity, speculators being the principal purchasers. Prices advanced about 1/4c on all grades. Monday the movement increased in volume, spinners buying more largely, and at the close the quotations were from 1/2@3/4c higher. Tuesday was more quiet, but there was an advance of about 1/4c on all grades, and the close was firm. On Wednesday the market was active again. Thursday there was less doing, and to day it has been even more quiet, but the close is firm, holders showing no disposition to make any concession in prices. For forward delivery the transactions are increasing, sellers being more numerous as the accounts of the growing crop improve. We note for the week sales to the amount of 3,000 bales (all low middling or on the basis of low middling), of which 350 were for December at 26c, 100 for December at 25 1/2c, 150 for December at 25 1/4c, 350 for January at 25 1/2c, 200 for January at 25c, 100 for November at 26 1/4c, and 100 for November at 26 1/2c; 1,450 for December, 100 October and 100 for July—all on private terms. The total sales for immediate delivery this week foot up 20,916 bales (including 1,067 bales to arrive), of which 10,345 bales were taken by spinners, 9,600 bales on speculation, 923 bales for export, and 48 bales in transit, and the following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans	Texas.
Ordinary	28 @	28 1/2 @	28 1/2 @	28 1/2 @
Good Ordinary	30 1/2 @	30 1/2 @	31 @	31 1/2 @
Low Middling	33 1/2 @	33 1/2 @	34 @	34 1/2 @
Middling	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	35 @	35 1/2 @

Below we give the sales and price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Total sales.	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday	4,197	33 1/2 @	33 1/2 @	34 @	34 1/2 @
Monday	6,151	34 @	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @
Tuesday	1,762	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	35 @	35 1/2 @
Wednesday	5,006	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	35 @	35 1/2 @
Thursday	2,384	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	35 @	35 1/2 @
Friday	1,416	34 1/2 @	34 1/2 @	35 @	35 1/2 @

THE GROWING CROP --It is frequently asked how the present position of the cotton crop compares with its condition at this time in 1868. We think the answer to this question explains the reason for the disappointment in the results of the season just closing. Last year the spring was favorable, but the drought through all of June and half of July succeeded by warm rains forced a new growth in July and caused a loss of the first or bottom crop over a large part of the cotton district. Then, again, this new and tender growth was a fit prey to the caterpillar, which devastated a broad strip of country in August and September, spoiling the chance for a top crop. Hence the deficiency in the yield. This season th

spring was apparently very unfavorable—some few losing a portion of their stands—and yet the cold rains, although they resulted in producing a very slow growth, tended in most districts to strengthen the plant and prepare it the better for the subsequent fine growing weather which it has since enjoyed. To-day, then, the cotton plant is in a strong, healthy condition, with the fields well cleaned, and far better circumstanced for battling with its usual enemies than at this time last year. In some sections it is still backward, but in others it has recovered the time lost by the cold and wet early in the season. From Georgia, for instance, very full reports show that it has now made up the lost time; that the crop is all clean of grass and weeds, and where fertilizers were used the stand is perfect, and where they were not used smaller though very healthy and better than average years. It will not do, however, to jump to the conclusion that we are to have a large yield. Too many contingencies lie between the present condition of the plant and the marketing of the crop. All we can say is, that the plant now is in a strong, healthy condition. The month of July is the most critical one of the year. Among old planters there was a saying that "July makes the crop," and in ordinary seasons this is so. The development during this month, therefore, will be watched with much interest. And if we reach the picking season safely, sufficient acreage has been planted to make the extent of the crop depend solely upon the capacity of the labor to gather it in before frost stops their work.

GOLD, EXCHANGE AND FREIGHTS.—Gold has fluctuated the past week between 136½ and 137½, and the close to-night was 136½. Foreign exchange closed strong, although quiet under the continued pressure in money at the following range of quotations: London prime bankers' 60 days 109¼@109½, London prime bankers' 3 days 110¼@110½, London prime commercial 109@109½. Freights closed dull at ¼d by steam and ½@5 32d by sail to Liverpool.

The exports of cotton this week from New York still show a large decrease, the total reaching only 152 bales, against 1,406 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1868; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1868

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date	Same time prev year.
	June 8.	June 15.	June 22.	June 29.		
Liverpool.....	1,204	538	1,206	132	230,377	279,398
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,055	7,359
Total to Gt. Britain.	1,204	538	1,206	132	233,432	286,757
Havre.....	.....	482	.....	20	19,756	25,913
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203
Total French.....	.....	482	.....	20	19,756	26,116
Bremen and Hanover.....	676	17	99	.....	33,137	32,372
Hamburg.....	475	513	101	.....	2,120	11,385
Other ports.....	.....	17	.....	.....	1,375	6,892
Total to N. Europe.	1,151	547	200	.....	54,632	59,589
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar &c	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,498	2,172
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,541	3,206
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,039	5,438
Grand Total.....	2,355	1,567	1,406	152	312,859	368,900

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1868:

RECEIPTS FROM	NEW YORK.		BOSTON.		PHILADELPHIA		BALTIMORE.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.						
New Orleans.....	4,099	111,033	1,076	64,313	.....	6,799	102	1,587
Texas.....	814	40,326	.....	11,679	.....	.....	.....	298
Savannah.....	1,144	142,070	.....	2,184	.....	15,502	631	14,711
Mobile.....	.....	15,672	.....	6,751	.....	333	.....	50
Florida.....	.....	7,384	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	1,143	102,657	.....	5,600	616	9,320	.....	17,933
North Carolina.....	1	27,568	.....	152	.....	1,313	4	2,355
Virginia.....	128	70,321	1,008	24,361	.....	.....	115	23,145
North'n Ports.....	9	12,400	1,542	66,924	.....	.....	.....	119
Tennessee, &c.....	495	101,474	231	35,057	203	21,600	183	17,543
Foreign.....	.....	1,031	.....	859	.....	.....	.....	28
Total this year	7,825	631,936	3,857	217,880	819	54,867	1,426	77,773
Total last year.	4,915	604,107	770	216,090	431	51,411	711	77,191

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 7,931 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday, except Galveston, and the figures for that port are the exports for two weeks back. With regard to New York, we include the manifests only up to Tuesday night, to make the figures correspond with the official week. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales.
New York—To Liverpool, per steamers Cuba, 25..... Minnesota, 15..... Siberia, 3..... City of Brooklyn, 89.....	132
To Havre, per steamer Lafayette, 20.....	20

NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ships Wm Woodbury, 3,269.... Polar Star, 91... Perseverance, 3,257.... Tranquebar, 299..... 7,516
To Vera Cruz, schooner Helena, 263..... 263

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week bales. 7,931

The particulars of these shipments arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	Liverpool.	Havre.	Vera Cruz.	Total.
New York.....	132	20	.....	152
New Orleans.....	7,516	.....	263	7,779
Total.....	7,648	20	263	7,931

By TELEGRAPH.—The following despatches from the Southern ports and from Liverpool contain some matters of interest not given above:

BOSTON, Mass., July 2.—Exports this week—to Great Britain and Continent, none. Stock on hand, 5,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 2.—Exports this week—to Great Britain and Continent, none. Stock on hand, 1,564 bales.

NORFOLK, Va., July 2.—Net receipts of the week, 891 bales. Exports—coastwise, 931 bales. Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, 110 bales. Market quiet and firm—Low Middlings 32½c. Sales of the week, 150 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 2.—Net receipts of the week, 804 bales; coastwise, none—total, 804 bales. Exports—foreign, none; coastwise, 1,720 bales. Stock on hand, 1,862 bales. Market quiet but firm; Middlings 33c, Sea Island, 50c@51 00. Sales of the week, 683 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 2.—Market firm; Middlings 32½c. Receipts of the week, 722 bales. Exports—1,963 bales Uplands and 96 bales Sea Island, all coastwise. Stock on hand and on shipboard, 1,907 bales Uplands and 414 bales Sea Island. Sales, 810 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., July 2.—Receipts of the week, 506 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 3,804 bales; coastwise, 3,371 bales. Stock on hand 6,178 bales. Sales of the week, 1,650 bales. Sales to-day, 75 bales. Low Middlings, 31c. Receipts, 83 bales. Exports, 2,645 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 2.—Receipts to-day, 482 bales. Receipts for the week, gross 1,465 bales, net 891 bales. Exports for the week—to Great Britain, 1,813 bales; coastwise, 2,200 bales. Stock on hand, 14,733 bales. Sales of the week, 5,550 bales. Sales to-day, 776 bales. Market stiffer; Middlings 32½@33c.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 2.—Receipts of the week, 201 bales. Exports—to Liverpool, 1,643 bales. Stock on hand, 301 bales. Demand fair but no stock on sale; good ordinary 22½@22¾c. Sales 217 bales.

LIVERPOOL, July 2—4:30 P. M.—The market opened active to-day and closed a shade firmer, with sales amounting to 15,000 bales. The sales of the week have been 102,000 bales, of which 19,000 were taken for export and 11,000 on speculation. The stock in port is estimated at 332,000 bales, of which 188 are from the United States. The stock at sea, bound to this port, is estimated at 674,000 bales, of which 80,000 are American.

For the convenience of our readers we give the following, showing the sales and stocks at and afloat for Liverpool each of the last four weeks:

	July 2.	June 25.	June 18.	June 11.
Total sales.....	102,000	85,000	86,000	78,000
Sales for export.....	19,000	16,000	16,000	12,000
Sales on speculation.....	11,000	12,000	13,000	10,000
Total stock.....	332,000	378,000	428,000	435,000
Stock of American.....	188,000	212,000	229,000	248,000
Total afloat.....	674,000	599,000	605,000	586,000
American afloat.....	80,000	79,000	80,000	80,000

Trade Report—Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are firmer at better prices. The following table will show the daily closing prices of the week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fr.
Price Midd. Uplds.	12½	12½	12½	12½-12½	12½	12½
“ “ Orleans...	12½	12½	12½	12½-12½	12½	12½
“ Up. to arrive.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of June 19, states:

LIVERPOOL, June 19.—There has been an active demand for cotton during the present week, and a large business has been transacted at higher prices. There has been an increase of speculation, and the operations on the part of the home-trade, as well as for export, has been extensive. The total sales are 85,880 bales, of which 15,340 bales are on speculation, 17,680 bales declared for export, leaving 54,860 bales to the trade. Common American cotton has risen ¾d to ¾d; Middling and Fine do ¼d; Brazilian ¼d to ¼d, and common East Indian ¼d per lb. Egyptian cotton is rather higher in price.

In cotton to arrive the transactions have been large, at a rise corresponding to the market on the spot. The latest quotations are: American, basis of Middling, from Mobile, at sea, 12½d; Savannah, ship named, 12½d; New Orleans, Low Middling, ship named, 12; Maceio, basis of fair, ship named, 12½d; Dhollerah, fair new Merchants, May sailing, 9½d; June, 9½d; ship named 9½d; Comrawuttee, fair new Merchants, June sailing 9½d; April 9½; March, 10d, ship named, 9½d—Bengal, fair new Merchants, May sailing and ship named, 8½d—Cocconada, fair red, May or June shipment 8½d per lb. The following are the prices of American cotton:

Description.	Ord. & Mid.	Fair & g'd fair	G'd & fine.	Same date 1863.
Sea Island.....	22	24	26-28	26
Stained.....	9	11	12-14	13
	Ord. G.Ord. L.Mid.	Mid.		
Upland.....	10½ 11½ 11½	12 14-16	.....	11½ 12
Mobile.....	1 ½ 11½ 11½	12½	.....	11½ 12½
New Orleans.....	10½ 11½ 11½	12 5-16	.....	11½ 13
Texas.....	10½ 11½ 11½	12 5-16	.....	11½ 13

The following are the prices of middling qualities of cotton at this date and since 1866:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Mid. Sea Island 27d.	18d.	26d.	24d.	.....
Upland.....	12½	11½	11½	12½
Mobile.....	12½	11½	11½	11½
Orleans.....	13½	11½	11½	12½
Mid. Pernamb.	13½d.	11½d.	10½d.	11½
Egyptian.....	.....	12½	9½	10
Broach.....	6½	7½	8	8½
Dhollerah.....	6½	7½	8	8½

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, and also the stocks of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports:

	1868.	1869.
Stock in Liverpool.....	611,980	428,460
“ London.....	39,231	75,376
American cotton afloat.....	72,000	86,000
Indian “.....	529,040	638,564
Total.....	1,252,251	1,228,400

Since the commencement of the year the transactions on speculation and for export have been to the following extent:

	—Taken on spec. to this date—			—Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—			Actual exp't from U. K. in 1868.
	1869, bales.	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	1869, bales.	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	
American.....	108,520	201,540	52,570	52,652	77,181	177,970	177,970
Brazilian.....	19,620	41,370	4,419	22,634	26,582	89,840	89,840
Egyptian, &c.....	11,640	26,740	5,969	3,667	5,570	10,160	10,160
West Indian.....	360	3,180	859	4,790	6,074	21,580	21,580
East Indian.....	170,280	78,640	28,310	97,871	156,392	615,570	615,570
Total.....	310,420	361,470	103,100	181,614	271,799	915,120	915,120

The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on Thursday evening last:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.						
	—Sales this week—			Total this year.	Same period 1868.	Average weekly sales.	1869.
	Trade.	Ex. port.	Specula- tion.				
American.....	23,260	8,310	5,450	37,580	643,850	945,690	19,680
Brazilian.....	10,150	1,540	3,850	15,540	237,740	314,280	7,810
Egyptian.....	5,450	380	240	6,070	110,840	148,810	3,960
West Indian.....	1,250	30	100	1,410	37,050	45,750	1,390
East Indian.....	14,720	2,520	8,040	25,260	661,470	570,250	14,570
Total.....	54,860	13,340	17,680	85,880	1,693,950	2,025,050	47,410

	Imports			Stocks		
	To this date	To this date	Total.	This day.	Same date	Dec. 31.
	1869.	1868.	1868.	1868.	1868.	1868.
American.....	10,778	670,852	9,005,4	1,262,250	229,280	264,390
Brazilian.....	12,151	269,125	322,946	629,502	75,020	128,670
Egyptian.....	2,682	127,688	126,745	200,509	61,110	58,980
West Indian.....	3,062	37,316	33,568	79,541	4,210	11,250
East Indian.....	34,795	278,632	234,742	1,154,731	58,810	48,690
Total.....	63,468	1,383,613	1,717,055	3,326,543	428,469	611,980

Of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool 53½ per cent is American, against 59½ per cent last year. Of Indian cotton the proportion is 13½ per cent, against 1½ per cent.

LONDON, June 19.—The cotton trade has been very firm, and at the close prices show a rise of ¼d per lb. for produce on the spot, and ½d to arrive. The following are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks:

	1867.	1868.	1869.
Imports, Jan. 1 to June 17.....	Bales. 85,981	65,361	135,161
Deliveries.....	78,624	131,401	205,014
Stocks June 17.....	71,117	39,231	75,376

ALEXANDRIA, June 4.—Owing to the better tone of the Liverpool cotton market the cotton trade is very firm, with an upward tendency in prices. Fair open, with staple, is quoted at 12½d; good fair do 13d; and fully good fair 13½ to 13¾d per lb, per on board.

HAVRE, June 18.—The stock of cotton yesterday evening was 48,693 bales, of which 35,200 bales were American, and 7,700 bales East Indian. It was estimated that 18,575 bales of American, and 112,697 bales of East Indian produce were afloat to the port.

BOMBAY, June 12.—Our cotton market remained without quotable change for some days, but, under the influence of better accounts from Liverpool, an active demand has sprung up, and higher rates have been paid. Fair Dhollera, 9½d cost and freight; fair Comptah, 8½d, cost and freight. Sales for the week, 7:0 candies. Shipments, 54,000 bales. A moderate business has been done in piece goods this week, at a slight improvement in price; 8½ lb shirtings, 6r 6a.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 2, 1869.

There is a decrease in the exports of crude Tobacco this week, the total from all the ports reaching 6,345 hhds, 247 cases and 75 bales, against 7,766 hhds., 919 cases and 538 bales for the previous seven days. Of these exports for this week, 2,028 hhds., 210 cases and 18 bales were from New York, 1,642 hhds. and 8 cases from Baltimore, 13 hhds., 23 cases and 57 bales from Boston, 2,662 hhds. from New Orleans and 6 cases from San Francisco. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: To Bremen, 938 hhds.; to Havre, 557; to Liverpool, 1,161; to London, 143; to Rotterdam, 1,090; to Vigo, 382; to Gibraltar, 200; to Genoa, 1,675; and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 25,643 lbs., of which 12,136 lbs were to Gibraltar. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Exp'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Hhds.	Tcs.	Pkgs.	Man'd lbs.
New York.....	2,028	210	18	.....	.....	95	23,143
Baltimore.....	1,642	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	13	23	57	.....	.....	333	2,500
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	2,662	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Portland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Francisco.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	6,345	247	75	.....	.....	428	25,643
Total last week.....	7,766	919	538	.....	.....	83	121,887
Total previous week.....	4,409	690	589	.....	.....	379	135,243

Below we give our usual table showing the total export of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1868:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1868.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems, hhd's.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	7,196	765	668	429	.....	1,905	1,219,019
Germany.....	19,605	13,178	9,764	617	1,988	262	103,501
Belgium.....	3,485	197	100	.....	.....	.....	36,264
Holland.....	7,737	600	100	1	729	104	12,235
Denmark.....	488	277	151	.....	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	3,905	122	.....	.....	.....	12	6,346
France.....	6,727	309	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,286
Spain, Gibralt. &c.....	12,222	1,008	355	.....	14	189	103,698
Mediterranean.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	895	328	32	.....	.....	85	15,624
China, India, &c.....	23	796	.....	.....	.....	46	23,100
Australia, &c.....	1	200	2	24	.....	3	1,209,524
B. N. Am. Prov.....	239	389	536	.....	.....	1,638	163,798
South America.....	329	909	2,780	.....	.....	1,677	24,966
West Indies.....	801	369	1,802	17	.....	1,503	317,278
East Indies.....	.....	261	.....	.....	.....	1	2,900
Mexico.....	.....	71	125	.....	.....	.....	6,773
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	213	.....	.....	.....	43	.....
All others.....	274	401	1,505	2	.....	393	131,739
Total since Nov 1.....	72,362	20,676	19,263	1,094	2,731	9,279	3,604,214

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tes. & cer's.	Stems hhd's.	Bxs. & pkgs.	Lbs. Man'd.
New York.....	36,111	17,839	16,168	967	11	4,813	3,359,188
Baltimore.....	23,928	73	479	50	2,720	251	17,019
Boston.....	853	1,001	2,177	30	.....	3,812	145,870
Philadelphia.....	10	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	76,788
New Orleans.....	12,078	2	379	.....	.....	309	.....
San Francisco.....	.....	696	60	.....	.....	10	.....
Virginia.....	282	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	2,026
Portland.....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	79	8,850
Total since Nov 1.....	63,017	20,676	19,263	1,094	2,731	9,279	3,604,214

The market this week has been irregular but closes firm.

In Kentucky Leaf sales of the week reach 1,169 hhds, with prices somewhat lower on the low grades. The prospects of the coming crop are now the main influence on the market, although the unusual stringency in money the past week has acted temporarily in buyers' favor. Reports from the crop are favorable—the weather has been propitious; the settings have been larger than in 1868. But very many contingencies still surround it.

Seed Leaf continues rather quiet, the demand being mostly restricted to fillers and low grades; for these prices remain firm, with considerable inquiry.

Spanish Tobacco has been only in limited demand, and prices remain as before.

Manufactured has been in good demand for all grades. Prices are firm and unchanged, except a slight upward tendency for the low sorts.

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1868.

From	—This week—		—Previously—		—T'lsin, Nov. 1—	
	hhd's.	pkgs.	hhd's.	pkgs.	hhd's.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	402	2,639	5,147	37,297	5,549	39,936
Baltimore.....	46	180	1,174	1,912	1,220	2,092
New Orleans.....	69	.....	125	461	194	461
Ohio, &c.....	11,697	21	33,295	24,846	44,992	24,846
Other.....	.....	.....	350	537	350	556
Total.....	12,214	2,840	40,091	65,053	52,305	67,893

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Pkgs.	Man'd lbs.
Liverpool.....	174	.....	.....	.....	.....
London.....	143	.....	.....	.....	4,378
Glasgow.....	56	.....	.....	.....	.....
Havre.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bremen.....	938	60	.....	.....	.....
Vigo.....	382	.....	.....	5	.....
Gibraltar.....	200	.....	.....	.....	12,136
Trieste.....	110	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dutch West Indies.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canada.....	.....	.....	18	.....	.....
British N. A. Colonies.....	16	.....	.....	50	.....
British West Indies.....	2	5	.....	.....	1,834
British Guiana.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,795
Hayti.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....
New Granada.....	.....	.....	145	.....	.....
Total.....	2,028	210	18	95	23,143

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Havre, 552 hhds....To Rotterdam, 1,090 hhds....To Mayaguez, 8 cases.
 From Boston—To Kings'on, Ja., 300 hf. bbls....To Port au Prince, 2,500 bbls....To St. Pierre Miquelon, 23 cases, 57 bales and 25 boxes....To Halifax, 4 boxes....To other foreign ports, 13 hhds....To British Provinces, 4 boxes.
 From New Orleans—To Genoa, 1,675 hhds....To Liverpool, 987 hhds.
 From San Francisco—To Tahiti, 6 cases.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, July 2, 1869, P. M.

We have had a variable and somewhat irregular market for Breadstuffs since the date of our last review. Early in the week very little was done beyond supplying the actual wants of the trade. Lower prices were accepted, and the tendency was downward. But on Wednesday there was a sharp reaction, based upon unfavorable crop advices from the West, it being reported that serious damages had been done by the recent rains; and since then the tendency has been upward. The receipts of Flour have been fair, while the exports show a falling off, and yet prices during the week have advanced, and the market at the close is 10@20c per bbl higher than last week, with an active trade. Spring Wheats have been irregular and variable. Since Wednesday they have recovered the decline, but after Change hours to day the market again became flat and heavy, with a decline of about 2c per bush. The business of the week has been quite large, amounting to 817,100 bush, chiefly for export. Yesterday there was a fair shipping demand for White Wheat. This is quite a new feature to the trade. Winter Wheats have not sympathized with Spring. They have steadily improved, and close firm. The stock is much reduced, and is remarkably small for the season. Not including California, the total will not exceed 50,000 bush; hence the firmness of holders. We have had an unusually active trade in Corn the past week. The comparatively low prices, as contrasted with other cereals, has induced a speculative demand, and prices advanced, not without, however, considerable variability. The business of the week foots up 421,000 bush. At the close there is less doing, still a fair trade may be noted. Prices are a shade firmer, and close with an upward tendency. Rye is devoid of activity, and in the absence of sales prices are nominal. Barley remains without life; in fact there is no market for it, the season being about over. The same may be said of Malt.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour—	Corn Meal.....	\$4 00@ 4 75
Superfine..... 30 bbl.	Wheat, Spring, per bush.	1 40@ 1 52
Extra State.....	Red Winter.....	1 43@ 1 46
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.	Amber do.....	1 50@ 1 60
Extra Western, com-	White.....	1 63@ 2 00
mon to good.....	Corn, Western Mix'd, old	1 00@ 1 02
Double Extra Western	Western Mixed, new....	64@ 83
and St. Louis.....	Yellow new.....	90@ 93
Southern supers.....	White new.....	92@ 93
Southern, extra and	Rye.....	1 25@ ..
family.....	Oats, West.....	76 1/2@ 78
California.....	Barley.....	@ ..
Rye Flour, fine and super-	Malt.....	@ ..
fine.....	Peas Canada.....	1 15@ 1 20

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1869.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	67,380	1,238,165	39,115	1,044,105
Corn meal, bbls.....	1,390	143,895	6,710	188,080
Wheat, bush.....	1,129,650	5,590,805	156,115	4,210,155
Corn, bush.....	288,685	3,838,420	400,170	8,342,535
Rye, bush.....	11,155	190,210	3,605	213,045
Barley, &c., bush.....	13,275	702,585	13,600	719,555
Oats, bush.....	153,560	2,027,400	295,730	2,763,410

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1

To	Flour, C. meal,	Wheat,	Rye,	Barley,	Oats,	Corn
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush	bush
Gt. Brit. week....	40,601	510,038	.....	.....	.....	48,334
Since Jan. 1.....	204,765	5,311,923	.....	.....	17,000	1,305,122
N. A. Col. week..	8,917	1,491	.....	.....	.....	.....
Since Jan. 1.....	72,723	20,477	.....	.....	.....	19,369
West Ind. week..	5,998	3,585	.....	.....	281	1,404
Since Jan. 1.....	165,224	23,906	225	.....	23,203	80,901
Total exp't, week	61,355	5,176	555,421	21,199	.....	284
Since Jan. 1, 1869.	557,923	80,779	4,888,995	48,036	75	41,345
Same time, 1868..	424,561	165,871	2,840,445	152,993	.....	39,303

SINCE JAN. 1 FROM—

Boston.....	73,063	18,819	.....	.....	61,753	8,771
Philadelphia.....	48,375	21,903	24,187	.....	6,452	65,861
Baltimore.....	132,854	18,466	5,700	.....	10	3,202

IN STORE IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES:

	1869.		1868.	
	June 28.	June 21.	June 29.	June 29.
Wheat..... bush.	475,422	528,836	691,355	691,355
Corn..... bush.	218,682	218,851	1,412,791	1,412,791
Oats..... bush.	235,831	431,421	679,475	679,475
Rye..... bush.	62,621	94,477	37,410	37,410
Barley..... bush.	168	168	518	518
Malt..... bush.	87,454	107,876	53,492	53,492
Peas..... bush.	35,414	35,414	37,917	37,917
Total grain, bushels.....	1,115,392	1,417,043	2,914,988	2,914,988

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 26, viz.:

At	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Chicago.....	31,641	539,516	503,869	158,149	1,450	8,606
Milwaukee.....	11,942	522,683	3,037	11,503	203	1,673
Toledo.....	17,410	50,710	124,681	21,844	.....	.....

Detroit.....	10,518	15,370	483	3,411	12	.....
Cleveland.....	1,680	30,680	24,285	17,400	800	2,000
Totals.....	73,191	1,158,965	656,915	215,300	2,465	12,273
Previous week.....	106,438	1,395,082	1,084,803	371,182	785	12,268
Correspond'g week, '68.	37,950	353,518	1,223,416	273,819	293	3,830
“ ‘67.	27,514	100,673	1,170,545	182,605	2,029	8,810
“ ‘66.	74,764	520,959	1,594,556	738,820	14,007	117,728

Comparative receipts at the same ports, from January 1 to June 26:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.....	2,611,834	1,599,149	1,281,274	1,596,743
Wheat, bush.....	14,753,078	7,526,500	4,352,389	9,180,619
Corn, bush.....	14,782,324	15,437,534	13,159,508	16,741,033
Oats, bush.....	5,356,398	4,618,234	8,112,662	5,965,348
Barley, bush.....	397,340	391,022	528,231	354,032
Rye, bush.....	526,935	196,000	479,467	894,527
Total grain, bush.....	35,816,075	28,172,290	21,632,157	33,135,559

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FROM CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND TOLEDO FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 26, 1869:

	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Total.....	73,149	1,420,284	480,597	195,219	5,275	15,020
Previous week.....	77,168	1,172,143	903,467	173,854	.....	1,410
Cor. week, 1868.....	33,895	231,374	640,143	259,173	100	8,766
“ 1867.....	31,182	116,820	1,108,247	149,096	.....	.....
“ 1866.....	31,181	358,388	1,780,774	416,160	2,100	14,380

Chicago Railroad shipments are not included.

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 2, 1869.

The markets for groceries have maintained the quiet position which accompanies the present season of the year, and during the present week have found one or two additional causes of inactivity. Embracing the close of the first half of the current year, the attention of merchants has been more or less engrossed by the taking account of stock and its attendant work, and, in addition, a recurrence of a stringent money market has more or less restricted transactions. Sugars are very quiet and prices have gradually become weaker, though the firmness of importers has prevented any quotable decline. Molasses has met with no inquiry except for the best grades of grocery, which are in light supply and wanted. Coffee has been dull; both Rio and West Indian have been neglected and the sales are without importance. Teas have been somewhat unsettled, but the tendency of prices has been in general to lower figures, with an inactive market.

Imports of the week have been very moderate. No cargoes of Tea have been received, only one cargo of Rio Coffee, one of Java and a small lot of Costa Rica. The receipts of Sugar and Molasses are rather above those of the previous week; and in comparison with the same time last year the receipts since January 1 show an increase in Sugar in boxes and bags, but a slight decrease in hogsheads, and also a decrease in Molasses.

The imports at New York for the week, and at the several ports since January 1, are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	At N. York, this Week.	Total at all ports	
		1869.	From Jan 1 to date—1868.
Tea..... lbs.	.....	33,228,814	29,915,038
Tea (indirect import).....	48	15,817	5,624
Coffee, Rio..... pkgs.	4,010	683,983	575,232
Coffee, other.....	7,976	227,080	224,582
Sugar..... boxes.	4,961	420,623	335,121
Sugar..... hhds.	12,715	36,045	389,704
Sugar..... bags.	743	397,182	214,465
Molasses..... hhds.	2,711	251,326	305,193
Molasses, New Orleans.....	.....	17,497	10,925

TEA.

We are unable to report any permanent improvement in this market. Prices have been unsettled, but generally weak, and the business of the week of small importance. The sales include 2,043 half chests Greens, 2,209 do Japans and 1,300 do Oologs.

There have been no imports of Tea, except 48 packages per steamer Arizona, since last week. Advices from China are not later than those given in our last report.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1868, to April 28, 1869 the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1868 and 1869.

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN FROM JUNE 1, '68, TO APRIL 28, '69.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U.S. SINCE JAN 1, 1868.	
	1868-9.	1867-8.	1869.	1868.
Black.....	12,155,376	13,278,304	9,837,236	11,878,868
Green.....	18,052,894	12,921,570	14,436,872	12,441,977
Japan.....	10,670,633	7,102,769	6,509,351	5,615,193
Total.....	41,778,903	33,302,647	33,228,814	29,921,154

The indirect importations since Jan. 1 now reach 15,817 pkgs, against 5,624 last year.

COFFEE.

There has been very little done in Rio. Early in the week the telegram from Rio de Janeiro, under date of June 8 ult, was received, report-

ing smaller sales, and shipments of Coffee for the United States somewhat neutralized, however, by a decided increase of stock and lower prices. On the whole it was considered favorable to the market, but failed to awaken any degree of animation, and the week has been a dull and inactive one in this line of trade. A little movement in the market to-day has given it an appearance of more animation, but prices remain weak. In West Indian there has been a single sale of Laguayra. Sales include 3,422 bags of Rio and 1,466 do of Laguayra.

Imports of the week have been quite small, including only one cargo of Brazil Coffee per "Beethoven," from Santos, of 4,010 bags. Of other kinds the receipts include 16,813 mats of Java per "Royal Berkshire," and 1,252 bags of sundries.

The stock of Rio July 1, and imports since Jan. 1, are as follows:

In Bags.	New York.	Phila-del.	Balti-more.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Mobile.	Gal-veston.	Total.
Stock..	148,335	...	35,800	17,600	3,500	...	207,735
Same date 1868.	115,562	7,730	57,690	11,300	3,200	...	225,362
Imports.....	421,702	8,200	151,547	74,068	19,666	2,500	683,983
" in 1868.	363,679	5,836	137,135	56,071	9,711	2,800	575,232

Of other sorts the stock at New York July 1 and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

In bags.	New York Stock.	Boston Import.	Philadel. Import.	Balt. Import.	N. Orleans Import.	Total imports at all the ports.
Java.....	†1,935	*35,514	*12,667	...	...	...
Singapore.....	...	*4,834	12,616	...	...	...
Ceylon.....	1,884	3,774	913	...	...	...
Maracaibo.....	10,040	40,578	...	...	...	...
Laguayra.....	7,362	19,397	...	16,002	...	...
St. Domingo.....	1,229	55,159	6,937	...	...	...
Other.....	12,592	11,145	1,114	1,254	300	1,246
Total.....	35,103	170,401	34,277	20,856	300	1,246
Same '68.....	26,458	175,029	37,437	11,151	815	141

* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags. † Also 66,691 mats.

SUGAR.

On the first of the present month the regular reports of the stock of sugars shows an accumulation here of a larger amount than had been supposed, and reveals one of the causes of the dulness of the trade and the indisposition of buyers to enter the market—the total number of hogsheads reaching 127,952. Importers have maintained prices with great steadiness however under the circumstances, offering only the grades unfit for storing and preserving their faith in a better demand before long. We make no change in our quotations, but the market has been inactive, and with the exception of Wednesday, when there was a better show of firmness, has been weak throughout, so that prices must be considered nearly nominal. Purchasers have supplied themselves only so far as their immediate wants demand. Refined sugars have been dull at 1/4 lower quotations. Sales of raw sugars include 3,721 hhds of Cubas, including clarified; 538 do Porto Rico, 67 do Demararas, 5 do Barbadoes, and 937 boxes.

Imports for the week at New York, and stock on hand July 1, were as follows:

Imports this week	Cuba, bxs.	Cuba, *hhds.	P. Rico, *hhds.	Other, *hhds.	Brazil, bgs.	Manila, bgs.
Imports this week	4,961	10,021	2,714	330	7,403	...
Stock on hand	145,007	...	125,000	...	120,000	...
Same time 1868	48,399	...	51,082	...	20,232	...
" " 1867	31,916	...	61,410	...	27,952	...

Imports at the several ports since Jan. 1, have been as follows:

Imp's since Jan 1, at New York	Boxes		*Hhds		Brazil, bgs.	Manila, bgs.
	1869.	1868.	1869.	1868.		
Portland..	7,807	10,055	7,56	7,987	...	...
Boston...	20,292	42,125	41,972	47,331	12,600	36,639
Philadel..	30,914	43,750	51,200	55,537	41,481	...
Baltimore.	23,513	16,477	41,121	33,742	10,955	...
" " " N. Orleans	63,224	51,151	7,679	10,104	...	...
Total.....	420,623	335,121	336,045	389,704	185,148	182,034

*Including tierces and barrels reduced to hhds.

MOLASSES.

In the markets for refiners products and for jobbing, business has been very dull, and the direct result has been an almost stagnant condition for all descriptions of Molasses, except the highest grades of grocery. These are scarce, and prices in consequence have ruled firm, but other descriptions are neglected and lower. Domestic is scarce and higher. Sales include 425 hhds of Barbadoes, and 486 do of Porto Rico, 30 do inferior Cuba, 135 do Demerara, and 50 bbls New Orleans.

The receipts of the week at New York, and the stock on hand July 1, were as follows:

Imports this week	Cuba, *Hhds.	P. Rico, *Hhds.	Demerara, *Hhds.	Other, *Hhds.	N. O. Bbls.
Imports this week	703	1,677	...	331	...
Stock on hand	9,630	4,518	1,523	...	330
Same time 1868	16,433	4,995	1,795	...	...

Imports at the several ports since January 1 have been as follows:

Total imports since Jan 1 at New York	*Hhds		N. O. bbls.
	1869.	1868.	
Portland.....	104,065	116,743	13,579
Boston.....	17,730	46,108	762
Philadelphia.....	32,342	42,065	2,722
Baltimore.....	69,437	66,457	431
New Orleans.....	16,615	18,144	...
Total at all ports.....	251,326	305,193	17,497

*Including tierces and barrels reduced to hhds.

SPICES.

There has been no feature in the business of the week which calls for special notice, a dull trade is usually anticipated by merchants during this and most of the coming month. Sales has been made since our last of 2,500 mats of Cassia.

FRUITS.

In foreign dried the market has been quiet without interruption. Prunes have hardly maintained their former firmness, though we leave our quotations unchanged. Citron has been steady at 28c for old and 29c for new. Domestic dried are but little changed since our last. Apples are dull, and unpeeled quarter peaches are still lower selling at 8c. In foreign green fruit the supply of Mediterranean is much diminished by the great losses in transit which the season and prolonged voyages have rendered inevitable, but little sound fruit reaches the market, for this jobbers are getting \$7 00@3 00 per box for Oranges, and about 50c per box more for lemons. From the West Indies the arrivals of the fruits in season continue to be liberal and are sold about as follows: Bananas \$1 25@1 75 per bunch. Cocoanuts (Barracoa) \$25 00 per M; do Carthagenas \$65 00@70 00 per M. Pineapples \$12 00@18 00 per C.

We annex ruling quotations in first hands:

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.	Tea.	Duty paid
Hyson, Common to fair... 83 @ 1 00	do do Ex f. to finest nominal.	do do Ex f. to finest nominal.
do Superior to fine... 1 05 @ 1 20	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair.. 80 @ 85	do do Ex f. to finest 90 @ 95
do Ex fine to finest... 1 30 @ 1 45	do do Ex f. to finest 1 05 @ 1 15	Oolong, Common to fair... 67 @ 72
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair... 78 @ 85	do do Superior to fine... 75 @ 1 00	do do Ex fine to finest... 1 10 @ 1 45
do Super. to fine... 90 @ 1 10	Gamp. & Imp., Com. to fair 90 @ 1 10	do do Sup. to fine 1 15 @ 1 30
do Ex fine to finest... 1 25 @ 1 55	do do Sup. to fine 1 15 @ 1 30	do do Ex f. to finest... 1 35 @ 1 70
Gamp. & Imp., Com. to fair 90 @ 1 10	do do Ex f. to finest... 1 75 @ 80	do do do Sup. to fine 83 @ 87
do Super. to fine... 90 @ 1 10	H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair. 35 @ 80	
do Ex fine to finest... 1 25 @ 1 55	do do do Sup. to fine 83 @ 87	

Coffee.
Rio, Prime, duty paid... gold 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
do good... gold 10 1/2 @ 11
do fair... gold 9 1/2 @ 9 1/2
do ordinary... gold 8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Java, mats and bags... gold 24 1/2 @ 25
Native Ceylon... gold 17 @ 19 1/2
Maracaibo... gold 15 @ 19
Laguayra... gold 16 1/2 @ 18 1/2
St. Domingo... gold 15 @ 15 1/2
Jamaica... gold 15 @ 16

Sugar.
Cuba, inf. to com refining... 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
do fair to good do... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
do prime... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
do fair to good grocery... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
do pr. to choice do... 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2
do centrifugal hds & bxs 10 1/2 @ 13 1/2
do Melado... 6 @ 9
do molasses... 10 @ 12
Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9. 11 @ 11 1/2
do do do 10 to 12 12 @ 12 1/2
do do do 13 to 15 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
do do do 16 to 18 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2
do do do 19 to 20 15 @ 15 1/2
do do do white... 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do No. 12, in bbl, nc (gold) ... @ ...
Porto Rico, refining grades. 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
do do grocery grades... 12 @ 12
Brazil, bags... 11 @ 12
Manila, bags... 10 1/2 @ 11
Crushed... 15 1/2 @ ...
Granulated... 15 1/2 @ ...
Soft White... 14 1/2 @ 14 1/2
Soft Yellow... 13 1/2 @ 14

Molasses.
New Orleans... \$ gall. 67 @ 90
do do do 50 @ 75
Porto Rico... 50 @ 75
Cuba Muscovado... 48 @ 58
do Clayed... 48 @ 50
Barbadoes... 50 @ 60

Spices.
Cassia, in mats... gold \$ lb 44 @ 45
Ginger, race and Af (gold) 11 1/2 @ 12
Mace... (gold) 1 15 @ ...
Nutmegs, No. 1... (gold) 9 1/2 @ 9 1/2
Pepper... (gold) 8 @ 8 1/2
Pimento, Jamaica. (gold) 19 @ 19 1/2
Cloves... (gold) 27 @ ...

Fruit.
Raisins, Seedless... \$ mat. 6 00 @ ...
do Layer... \$ box 2 80 @ 2 85
do Valencia... \$ lb. 12 @ 12 1/2
Currants... \$ lb 10 @ 10 1/2
Citron, Leghorn... .. @ 29
Prunes, Turkish... 11 @ 11 1/2
Dates... 11 1/2 @ 12
Almonds, Languedoc... .. @ 26
do Provence... .. @ 21
do Sicily, Soft Shell 13 @ 14
do Shelled... 35 @ 38
Sardines... \$ hf. box 28 @ ..
Sardines... \$ qr. box 17 @ ..
Figs, Smyrna... \$ lb 14 1/2 @ 16
Brazil Nuts... .. @ 10 1/2
Filberts, Sicily... .. @ 12 1/2
Walnuts, Bordeaux... 9 1/2 @ 10
Macaroni, Italian... 18 @ 19
Apples, State... \$ lb 14 1/2 @ 15
Blackberries... .. @ 24 @ 25
Peaches, pared new... 24 @ 26
Peaches, unpared... 9 @ 9 1/2

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 2, 1869.

The market has been dull as regards the amount of business done, but extremely firm in prices since our last report. The near approach of the Fourth of July holiday, together with the recurrence of the semi-annual period for taking account of stock, usually make the present week one of the dullest of the season, and in the present instance the sharp rise in cotton is the only feature to be noticed, which forms an exception to the usual monotony.

In addition to the natural inactivity at this time of the year, the effect of the immediate condition of affairs is such as to put a check upon large transactions in Dry Goods. At the first advance of two cents per pound on cotton there was much speculative buying, showing the confidence of the purchasers that the advance would be maintained; but latterly, although cotton is several cents higher, there is much less disposition to purchase on speculation, and the market is reported generally quiet, which would seem to show that these parties hold the opinion that the present price is too high as a basis upon which to buy goods to hold. The same influence also has an important effect upon the transactions

between jobbers and agents. Agents are inclined to hold the productions of their mills with extreme firmness, looking only to the fact that all the cotton they now purchase to keep the mills running must be paid for at enormous prices, while jobbers, on the other hand, having but a limited demand from the country trade, are cautious about placing more goods in their stores than can be disposed of at the ruling prices.

During the next two weeks it is much to be hoped that the condition of the cotton and goods markets will become more settled, and a sounder basis will be presented for the opening of a good fall business.

The exports of dry goods for the past week, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pkgs.	Dry Goods. Val.	Domestics. pkgs.	Dry Goods. Val.
British West Indies.	4	\$634	.....	.....
British Guiana.....	52	4,579	.....	.....
Argentine Republic	58	3,440	.....	.....
Havre.....	.....	.....	20	13,351
Canada.....	.....	.....	2	291
Mexico.....	.....	.....	6	1,346
New Granada.....	.....	.....	40	12,000
Brazil.....	.....	.....	50	6,185
Kingston, Ja.....	.....	.....	.....	40
St. Pierre.....	.....	.....	.....	27
British Provinces...	.....	.....	.....	39
Total this week.	114	\$8,653	118	\$33,173
Since Jan. 1, 1869...	14,583	1,577,282	1,945	393,529
Same time 1868....	12,445	1,220,339	2,566	908,473
" " 1860....	60,693	.....	.....	24,887

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have not been very active, both speculation and trade purchases having been less than in previous weeks. The remarks made in our introduction above apply to these goods especially, as they are more directly influenced by the market for the raw material than any others. Jobbers prices have still been below those of agents in many cases, and some fine brown goods have actually been sold lower than the quotations made a week ago. Agawan 36 inches 12½, Amoskeag A 36 16½, do B 36 16, Atlantic A 36 17, do H 36 16½, do P 36 18½, do L 36 14½, do V 33 13½, Appleton A 36 16½, Augusta 36 15½, do 30 13½, Bedford R 30 10½, Boott H 27 11½, do O 34 12½, do S 40 14, do W 45 18, Commonwealth O 27 8, Grafton A 27 9½, Graniteville AA 36 15½, do EE 36 15½, Great Falls M 36 13½, do S 33 12½, Indian Head 36 17, do 30 13½, Indian Orchard A 40 15½, do C 36 14, do BB 36 13, do W 34 12, do NN 36 15½, Laconia O 39 14½, do B 37 14, do E 36 13½, Lawrence A 36 13½, do E 36 14½, do F 36 14, do G 34 12½, do H 27 11½, do LL 36 13½, Lyman C 36 14½, do E 36 17, Massachusetts BB 36 14½, do J 30 12½, Medford 36 13, Nashua fine 33 14, do 36 16, do E 39 18, Newmarket A 13½, Pacific extra 36 16½, do H 36 16½, do L 36 14½, Pepperell 6-4 —, do 7-4 30, do 8-4 37½, do 9-4 45, do 10-4 52½, do 11-4 57½, Pepperell E fine 39 15½, do R 36 14½, do O 33 13½, do N 30 12½, do G 30 13, Pocasset F 30 10, do K 36 13½, do 40 17, Saranac fine O 33 14, do R 36 15, do E 39 17½, Sigourney 36 10½, Stark A 36 16, Swift River 36 12½, Tiger 27 9, Tremont M 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been very firm, except where jobbers have closed out some broken lots before taking their account of stock for the first of July. There are few changes of importance in prices since our last report. Amoskeag 46 20, do 42 19, do 54 25½, do A 36 17½, Androscoggin 36 18, Appleton 36 18, Attawaugan XX 36 14, Atlantic Cambric 36 26, Ballou & Son 36 15, do 31 12½, Bartletts 36 16, do 33 15, do 31 14, Bates 36 19, do B 33 15, Blackstone 36 15½, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 15½, do C 33 14, do E 35 13½, do H 28 11½, do O 30 13, do R 28 10½, do L 36 15½, do W 45 19, Dwight 40 21, Ellerton E 42 18, do 27 —, Forrest Mills —, Forestdale 36 17½, Fruit of the Loom 36 19, Globe 27 8½, Gold Medal 36 16, Greene Mfg Co 36 12½, do 30 11, Great Falls K 36 15, do J 33 13½, do S 31 12½, do A 33 14½, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 18, do 33 16½, Hope 36 15½, James 36 15½, do 33 14, do 31 13, Lawrence B 36 15½, Lonsdale 36 19, Masonville 36 19½, Newmarket C 36 14½, New York Mills 36 25, Pepperell 6-4 32½, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Rosebuds 36 17½, Red Bank 36 12½, do 32 11, Slater J. & W. 36 16, Tuscarora 36 20, Utica 5-4 2½, do 6-4 37½, do 9-4 65, do 10-4 70, Waltham X 33 13½, do 42 17, do 6-4 32½, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 57½, Wamsutta 45 32, do 40 29, do 36 22½, Washington 33 10.

BROWN DRILLS have been firm and active, and several of the makes quoted below are ½ cent higher than last week. Agents are very firm in their views. Amoskeag 17½, Boott 17½, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 17½, Pepperell 17½, Stark A 17½, do H 16.

PRINTS are firmer, and agents are very reluctant in making prices to the jobbers until the course of the cotton market is more fully developed. It seems probable that if the price of cotton is not lower in the first half of July standard prints will be advanced. The experience of jobbers in the last spring season will tend to make them very cautious in their operations in these goods. Allens 12½, American 13, Amoskeag 12½, Arnolds 10, Cocheco 14, Conestoga 12, Dunnell's 12½, Freeman 10, Gloucester 12½, Hamilton 13, Home 8½, Lancaster 12½, London mourning 12, Mallory 12½, Manchester 12, Merrimac D 13½, do pink and purple 15, do W 15, Oriental 12½, Pacific 12½-13, Richmond's 12½-13, Simpson Mourning 12, Sprague's purple and pink 13½, do blue 13½, do shirtings 13-13½, Wamsutta 9½.

PRINT CLOTHS are reported as follows by the Providence Journal: Market very firm, with an upward tendency in prices. The following are the sales of the week: 3,000 pieces 56x60, 7½c; 4,000 do 56x60, 7½c; 2,500 do 56x60, 7½c; 8,000 do 64x64, private terms; 15,000 do

64x64, 8½, standards; 18,000 do 64x64, 8 15 16c, extra; 31,000 do 64x64, 9c, extra. Total 81,500 pieces. Most of the above sales were made on thirty days; if longer than thirty days, with interest added at bank rates.

GINGHAMS are without change in prices, and are pretty well sold up. Allamance plaid 18, Caledonia 14, Earlston 22½-25, Glasgow 16, Hampden 16, Lancaster 17, Manchester 13½.

MUSLIN DELAINES.—No new fall styles are yet put upon the market although California buyers are already making purchases for the autumn trade at prices to be made hereafter. Hamilton 15-20, Lowell 15-20, Pacific Amvres 20, do Alpacas 3-4 26, do 6-4 26, Pekins 22½, Oriental Lustres 18.

TICKINGS are firm, and in about equal demand with other standard cotton goods. Albany 11, American 14½, Amoskeag A C A 36, do A 30, do B 25, do C 23, do D 21, Blackstone River 16½, Conestoga 26, do extra 31, Cordis AAA 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 27, do D 21, Lewiston 36 35, do 32 30, do 30 25, Mees. and W'km's 29, Pearl River 33, Pemberton A A 28, do E 18, Swift River 17, Thorndike 18, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28, York 30 27, do S 2 33½.

STRIPES are much the same as Tickings. Albany 11, American 15, Amoskeag 23-24, Boston 15, Everett 13½, Hamilton 22, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 14½, do G 15½, Uncasville dark 16 do light 15, Whittenton AA 22½, do A 20, do BB 17, do C 15, York 21½.

DENIMS are very firm, with an advancing tendency. Trade is fairly active. Alba y 12½, Amoskeag 31, Blue Hill 13½, Beaver Cr. blue 26½, do CC 19, Columbian extra 31, Haymaker 19, Manchester 20, Otis AXA 28½, do BB 26, do CC 21, Pearl River 30, Thorndike 19, Tremont 19.

CORSET JEANS have been throughout the past season in better demand than most other cotton goods, and at more remunerative prices. They continue to be firm and in good demand. Amoskeag 15½, Androscoggin 13, Bates 13, Everetts 15½, Indian Orch. Imp 13½, Laconia 15½, Naumkeag 15½, Newmarket 14, Washington satteen 17½.

CAMBRICS are firm and active. Amoskeag 10, Portland 7½, Pequot 10½, Victory H 9½, do A 10, Washington 10.

COTTON BAGS are very firm for most makes, although in a few instances jobbers have closed out the remnants of their old stock at former prices. American 45, Androscoggin 45, Arkwright A 45, Great Falls A 45, Lewiston 47, Ludlow AA 47, Ontario 47½, Stark A 47½, do C 3 bush 65, Union A 30.

COTTON YARNS AND BATTS being particularly influenced by the price of cotton, have been very firm, with a tendency to higher rates. Best Georgia Cotton Yarns Nos. 6 to 12 38½, Best South Carolina small skeins 40.

SPOOL COTTON has been very firm, and has advanced on some brands, with a prospect of higher prices throughout the list. Brool's per doz. 200 yards 90, J. & P. Coat's 90, Clark, John, Jr. & Co. 90, Willimantic 3 cord 45, Glasgow 40, Holyoke 42½, Pitchers 40.

WOOLENS.—In woolens there appears to be a continued improvement of feeling, the general tone of the market being decidedly more favorable. There is a fair demand from clothiers for cloths and overcoatings, and as stocks in first hands are said to be small, agents expect to be able to advance rates before the opening of the fall trade. Whether they will be successful in accomplishing this or not, will depend much upon the production of manufacturers, and the course of the wool market. There is a general disposition now to hold back wool and force up rates, on the idea that the clip at the West is a small one. Buyers, however, show no impatience, and as our woolen manufacturers have had such an unfavorable season the past twelve months, we do not see how they can have the courage to run up prices. At San Francisco we notice that the deliveries of wool continue free and largely in excess of last season, with liberal shipments to the East. With low rates for wool, and a decreased production on the part of manufacturers, we may hope to have a very favorable season in this department of trade.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending July 1, 1869, and the corresponding weeks of 1867 and 1868, have been as follows:

	1867.		1868.		1869.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	395	\$105,726	418	\$153,388	439	\$172,486
do cotton...	526	155,225	503	127,186	512	135,493
do silk.....	129	149,606	219	178,379	432	322,178
do flax.....	313	79,162	547	118,664	761	98,023
Miscellaneous dry goods.	148	56,673	687	50,272	216	79,715
Total.....	1,541	\$586,372	2,401	\$627,889	2,360	\$807,897
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	306	\$133,862	194	\$74,549	226	\$84,292
do cotton...	162	50,576	48	14,018	170	43,987
do silk.....	164	100,442	14	17,205	34	33,244
do flax.....	34	58,886	228	24,022	932	43,503
Miscellaneous dry goods.	271	11,989	775	12,281	144	15,195
Total.....	1,147	\$378,756	1,259	\$142,075	1,506	\$220,221
Add ent'd for cons'pt'n	1,541	586,372	2,401	627,889	2,360	807,895
Total th'w'n upon mak't	2,688	\$915,128	3,660	\$769,964	3,866	\$1,028,116
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	866	\$426,710	282	\$198,457	352	\$130,591
do cotton...	152	43,902	246	67,599	205	52,096
do silk.....	47	50,637	32	31,313	94	115,078
do flax.....	217	37,874	176	44,707	294	45,294
Miscellaneous dry goods.	3	969	1,014	10,868	137	11,913
Total.....	1,285	\$560,092	1,750	\$262,962	1,072	\$354,882
Add ent'd for cons'pt'n	1,541	586,372	2,401	627,889	2,360	807,895
Total entered at the port	2,826	\$1,146,464	4,151	\$890,851	3,432	\$1,162,775

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**JOHN S. &
EBEN WRIGHT & Co.,**
92 & 94 Franklin Street, New York,
147 Devonshire Street, Boston

AGENTS FOR THE
Otis Company, Belknap Mills,
Columbian Mfg Company, Grafton Mills,
Warren Cotton Mills, Sumner Falls Mills,
Boston Duck Company, Gilmanton Hosiery Mills,
Cordis Mills, Pepper Hosiery Mills,
Thorndike Company, Otis Hosiery Mills,
And Arlington Mills,
Fancy Dress Goods, 3-4 and 6-4 Roubaix Cloth, Imper-
ial Chines, Alpacas, Reys Coburgs, &c., &c.
Belknap & Grafton
Shirtings, Flannels, Rob Boys, Cassimeres, Repellants,
Cottonades, Domestics, Boys' Checks, Sulloways,
Shaker Flannels.
Hosiery.
Otis Co., Pepper and Gilmanton Mills' Sulloways,
Shaker Socks, &c., &c.
Blue Denims.
Columbian Heavy, Otis AXA, BB, CC, D, O, E, G,
Union, Arlington, Oxford, Mt. Vernon, Beaver Creek
AA, BB, CC, Thorndike, C. Haymaker, Palmer, Bos-
ton, Northfield, Pawnee, Farmers' and Mechanics'
Brown Denims.
Columbian XXX, Otis BB, Warren A.B.D.X.
Ticks.
Cordis ACE, AAA, BB, Duck AA.B., Thorndike A.C.
Swift River, Palmer, New England.
Stripes.
Cordis Awing, Thorndike, B.C., Otis CC, Mount Ver-
non, Columbus, Eagle,
Warren FF Fine Sheetings.
BLEA. AND BROWN.
Brown and Bleached Goods.
Thorndike H. B. & C. Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Hingham, Farmers' AA and Swift River Brown Sheet-
ings, 40-in. Rocky Mountain Duck, Bear, Raven's Duck

REMOVAL.

THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO.,
COTTON DUCK,
Have removed from 59 Broad Street, to
NOS. 13 & 15 LISPENARD STREET.

Theodore Polhemus & Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
COTTONS SAIL DUCK
And all kinds of
COTTON CANVAS, FELTING DUCK, CAR COVER-
ING, BAGGING, RAVENS DUCK, SAIL TWINES
& C. "ONTARIO" SEAMLESS BAGS,
"AWNING STRIPES."
Also, Agents
United States Bunting Company.
A full supply all Widths and Colors always in stock.
13 & 15 Lispenard Street.
E. A. BRINCKERHOFF, THEODORE POLHEMUS,
J. SPENCER TUNNER, H. D. POLHEMUS, Special.

GEO. J. BYRD & Co.,
Manufacturers of
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET NEW YORK.

C. B. & J. F. Mitchell,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
87 & 89 Leonard Street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AGENTS
For the Sale of
COTTONS AND WOOLENS.

Steamship Companies.
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE
To CALIFORNIA & CHINA,
Touching at Mexican Ports
AND
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.
On the 1st, 11th and 21st of Each
Month.

Leave PIER 42 NORTH RIVER, foot of Canal street
at 12 o'clock noon, as above (except when those dates
fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday),
for ASPINWALL, connecting via Panama Railway
with one of the Company's Steamships from Panama
for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
Departure of 1st connect at Panama with steamers
for SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN
PORTS. Those of the 1st touch at MANZANILLO.
One hundred pounds baggage allowed each adult.
Baggage-masters accompany baggage through, and
attend to ladies and children without male protec-
tors. Baggage received on the dock the day before
sailing, from steamboats, railroads, and passengers
who prefer to send them down early. An experienced
surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information apply
the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot
Canal street, North River, New York.
F. R. RABY, Agent.

Miscellaneous.

CAUTION!
TO THE TRADE
AND TO CONSUMERS OF
J. & P. COATS'
BEST SIX-CORD THREAD.

A COUNTERFEIT, OR ROUGH FAC-SIMILE OF
their trade-mark upon the wrappers of thread, is
in circulation, and may be readily detected by com-
parison with the genuine. The black and gold labels
upon the spools are larger than the genuine. The
white labels bearing the name of "Andrew Coats,
General Agent for the United States," are roughly cut
out by hand.
The spurious article, having been smuggled into the
U. S., is also liable to seizure by the customs.

All dealing in Thread with these
Forged Labels will be prosecuted by
J. & P. Coats.

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,
Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS.

CHRISTY DAVIS,
PURCHASING
WOOL BROKER
No. 58, BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Cor. of Exchange Place.

Insurance.
Sun Mutual Insurance
COMPANY,
52 WALL STREET.
Incorporated May 22, 1841.

Cash Capital and Assets, Jan. 1, 1869, - - \$1,031,167 17
Amount of Losses paid since Organiza- 27,124,594 73
tion of the Company
Amount of Profits declared and paid in 4,507,402 87
Cash do. do. do. do.

Insures against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks
at Low Rates and on Favorable Terms.
No Fire Risks taken disconnected from Marine.
Dealers have the option of participating in the Pro-
fits, or receiving an abatement from Premiums, in
lieu of Scrip Dividends.

TRUSTEES
Moses H. Grinnell, Wm. Toel,
John P. Paulison, Thomas J. Slaughter,
Isaac H. Walker, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
John E. Devlin, Alex. M. Lawrence,
William H. Macy, Isaac Bell,
Fred C. Foster, Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson, Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy, Louis De Bebian,
Henry Foster Hitch, Joseph V. Onativia
Elias Ponvert, Edward S. Jaffray,
Simon De Visser, William Oothout,
Wm. R. Preston, Ernest Caylus,
Isaac A. Crane, Frederick Chauncey,
A. Yznaga Del Valle, Geo. L. Kingsland,
John S. Wright, James F. Penniman,
m. Von Sachs, Frederic Sturges,
Philip Dater, Anson G. P. Stokes,
JOHN P. PAULISON, President,
ISAAC H. WALKER, Vice-President,
JOHN P. NICHOLS, Secretary.

Gas Machin s.
EMPIRE STATE
GAS MACHINE
For Lighting Private Dwellings.
BAY STATE GAS WORKS
FOR LIGHTING CHURCHES, HALLS, ETC.
NASH & CATE, Agents,
State Rights for sale. 29 Cortland St.

THE SPRINGFIELD
GAS MACHINE,
FOR LIGHTING COUNTRY RESIDENCES AND
MANUFACTORIES.
These celebrated MACHINES are sold by
GILBERT & BARKER, General Agents, No. 90
Crosby-st., N. Y. (Broadway entrance through Covel
& Co.'s, N. Y. 554.)
ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS, giving full descrip-
tions of the MACHINE, and also testimo ials from,
and reference to, some hundred persons who have
used them for a number of years, can be had upon
application, or will be mailed upon request.

Financial.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
71 Wall Street, New York.
Gulon & Co., Alex. S. Petrie & Co.,
Liverpool. London.

Advances made on consignments to our Correspondents, and orders for the purchase of Merchandise, Stocks and Bonds, executed by Cable or Mail.
Travelers' and Commercial Credits issued, available in all parts of Europe, &c.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collectors both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

COENER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Government and other Securities

Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Draw Bills on City Bank of London.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET,

negotiate **Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,**

Contract for **Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc.**

and undertake **all business connected with Railways**

JAMES ROBB, KING & Co.,

No. 56 Wall Street.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS,

DRAW Short-sight Exchange on PARIS, Sterling Bills at Sight or Sixty Days, on

THE CITY BANK..... } LONDON.
Messrs. ROBERT BENSON & CO. }

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the New York Stock Exchange.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 50 EXCHANGE PLACE.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, FOREIGN EXCHANGE and GOLD bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

INTEREST allowed on deposits either in Currency or Gold, subject to check at sight, the same as with the City Bank.

ADVANCES made on all marketable securities. CERTIFICATES of Deposit issued bearing interest. COLLECTIONS made at all points of the UNION and BRITISH PROVINCES.

LOANS negotiated on FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PRODUCE, in store and afloat. We invite particular attention to this branch of our business, in which we have unusual facilities.

Financial.



Dealers in U.S. Bonds and Members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both Cities.

Receive Accounts of Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

ISSUE BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON

C. J. HAMBRO & SON, London.

B. METZLER S. SOHN & CO. Frankfurt

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO., Paris.

AND OTHER PRINCIPAL CITIES;

And Letters of Credit available throughout Europe.

CIRCULAR NOTES

AND

CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT

FOR

TRAVELERS,

AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE

ALSO,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

ISSUED BY

MORTON, BLISS & Co.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS,

Removed to Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau Street, New York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND IN

GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS,

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND

GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

Interest on Deposits.

HENRY H. WARD. WM. G. WARD. CHAS. H. WARD.

WARD & Co.,

BANKERS,

54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Established 1820.

Orders in Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities promptly filled at usual rates. Foreign Exchange negotiated. Draw Bills on the

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Deposits in Gold and Currency received and interest allowed on balances exceeding \$1,000.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY.

52 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

C. J. OSBORN.

ADDISON CAMMACK

OSBORN & CAMMACK,

BANKERS,

34 BROAD STREET.

Stocks, State Bonds, Gold and Federal Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular Attention paid to investments in Southern State Bonds.

Tapscott, Bros. & Co.

86 SOUTH STREET & 23 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Issue Sight Drafts and Exchange payable in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland.

Credits on W. TAPSCOTT & CO., Liverpool. Advances made on consignments. Orders for Government Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise executed.

WARREN KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 4 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Orders for Stocks Bonds and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits subject to check at sight.

Bankers and Brokers.

BANKING HOUSE
OF

JAY COOKE & Co.,

New York, Philadelphia and Washington.

No. 20 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

We Buy, Sell and Exchange at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS,

and Bonds of LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive Deposits, subject to Check, allowing interest, and transact a general Banking Business.

JAY COOKE & CO.]]

THE

National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY

CAPITAL PAID IN

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres. JAMES MERRELL, Sec

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST,

ON DAILY BALANCES

SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT for Six Months or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is invested entirely in Government Securities, and is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

Wm. R. Utley & Geo.

W. Dougherty,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

NO. 11 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Gold and Specie Southern Securities and Bank Notes; Central and Union Pacific Railroad Sixes; State, City, Town, County and Corporation Bonds; Insurance, Manufacturing and Bank Stocks, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY:

Capital.....\$3,000,000-

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELLOCK, President
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS.....470,000
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY Cashier

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES,

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the purchase or sale of **Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.**

Miscellaneous.

Queen Fire Insurance Co
OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....1,893,226
PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,810

Special Fund of \$200,000
Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.
UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.
GEORGE ADLARD, Manager
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

THE
NORTH BRITISH
AND
Mercantile Insurance Co
OF
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND ACCUMULATED FUNDS
\$14,044,635 31 IN GOLD.

UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.

Geo. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$1,400,000.

D. W. C. SKILTON, Sec'y. H. KRLOGG, Pres

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid
in current money.

WHITE ALLYN & CO., Agents,
NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

Thomas J. Pope & Bro.

METALS.

PEARL STREET, NEAR BEEKMAN STREET,
NEW YORK

H. C. HARDY & SON,

No. 4 Wall Street, New York.

Execute orders at the New York Stock, Government
and Gold Exchanges, in person, and transact a Gen-
eral Banking, Exchange, and Brokerage Business.

MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS.
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all
parts of Europe, etc., etc. Exchange on Paris.

RIDER & CORTIS,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Successors to

SAML. THOMPSON'S NEPHEW, AND ABM. BELI
SONS.

Sterling Exchange business. Drafts on Englan
Ireland and Scotland.
Bankers furnished with Sterling Bills of Exchange,
and through passage tickets from Europe to all parts
of the United States

STOKER, TAYLOR & Co.,

BANKERS,

21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Sight and Time Bills on LONDON, LIVERPOOL,
EDINBURGH and DUBLIN, PARIS, BREMEN,
HAMBURG, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-
MAIN, VIENNA, etc.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD
on COMMISSION.
COLLECTIONS made in all parts of Europe.

White, DeFreitas &
Rathborne,

Bankers and Brokers, 17 Broad St.

Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds,
bought and sold exclusively on Commission at the
New York Stock Exchange.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Refer to WM. H. COX, Esq., Cashier Merchant's
National Bank.

Bankers and Brokers

HARVEY FISK,

A. S. HATCH.

Office of FISK & HATCH,

Bankers & Dealers in Gov't Securities,
No. 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Opposite U. S. Sub. Treasury.

We receive the accounts of Banks,
Bankers, Corporations, and others,
subject to check at sight, and allow
interest on balances. We make collec-
tions on all points in the United States
and Canada, and issue Certificates of
Deposit available in all parts of the
Union.

We buy and sell, at current rates,
all classes of Government Securities,
the Bonds of the Central Pacific
Railroad Company; also Gold and Sil-
ver coin and Gold coupons.

We buy and sell at the Stock Ex-
change miscellaneous Stocks and
Bonds, on commission, for cash.

We offer also the United States Six-
per-cent. Thirty Year Currency Bonds,
issued in aid of the Pacific Railroad,
which are widely esteemed by moneyed
corporations, as the longest Six-per-
cent. Government Bond in the market.

Communications and inquiries by
Mail or Telegraph will receive atten-
tion.

FISK & HATCH.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received
on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass. N Y
C. B. BLAIR, Pres. Merchants' Nat. Bank Chicago.

LOCKWOOD & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND
OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur-
rency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to
Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

J. M. WEITH, GEO. ARENTS

J. M. Weith & Arents,

Late J. M. Weith & Co.,

DEALERS IN SOUTHERN AND MIS-
CELLANEOUS SECURITIES,

NO. 9 NEW STREET.

Loans Negotiated.

Lounsbery & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities,
Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBERRY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE

WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold
bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants
Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits.
The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco,
&c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents
Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool

Insurance

OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1869.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the
Company, submit the following statement of the
affairs on the 31st December, 1868:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1868, to 31st Dec., 1868.....	\$6,752,965 82
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1868.....	2,563,002 38
Total amount of marine premiums....	\$9,315,972 20

No policies have been issued upon
life risks; nor upon fire risks dis-
connected with marine risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st Janu-
ary, 1868, to 31st December, 1868.... \$6,807,970 82

Losses paid during the
same period.....\$3,081,080 49

Reports of premiums and
expenses.....\$1,333,230 61

The Company has the following as-
sets, viz.:

United States and State of New York stock, city bank and other stocks....	\$7,587,438 00
Loans secured by stocks and other- wise.....	2,214,100 00
Real estate and bonds and mortgages	210,000 00
Interest, and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at....	297,530 00
Premium notes and bills receivable....	2,953,267 50
Cash in bank.....	405,548 86
Total amount of assets.....	\$13,660,881 36

Six per cent interest on the outstand-
ing certificates of profits will be paid
to the holders thereof or their legal representative
on and after Tuesday the Second of
February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of
1865 will be redeemed and paid to the hold-
ers thereof, or their legal representative, on and
after Tuesday the Second of February
next, from which date all interest thereon will
cease. The certificates to be produced at the time
of payment and canceled.

A Dividend of Forty Per Cent is
declared on the net earned premiums
of the Company, for the year ending 31st
December 1868, for which certificates will be
issued on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of April
next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,

Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

J. D. Jones,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Charles Dennis,	C. A. Hand,
W. H. H. Moore,	James Low,
Henry Coit,	B. J. Howland,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Benj. Babcock,
Lewis Curtis,	Robert B. Minturn,
Charles H. Russell,	Gordon W. Burnham
Lowell Holbrook,	Frederick Chauncey
R. Warren Weston,	R. L. Taylor,
Royal Phelps,	Geo. S. Stephenson,
Caleb Barstow,	William H. Webb,
A. P. Pillot,	Paul Spofford,
William E. Dodge,	Sheppard Gandy,
David Lane,	Francis Skiddy,
James Bryce,	Charles P. Burdett,
Daniel S. Miller,	Robert O. Fergusson,
Wm. Sturgis,	Samuel G. Ward,
Henry K. Bogert,	William E. Barker,
Dennis Perkins,	Samuel L. Mitchell,
	James G. De Forest.

JOHN D. JONES, President.

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.

W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Prest.

J. P. HEWLETT, 3d Vice Pres't.

PRICES CURRENT

In addition to the duties noted above, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports...

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of countries East of the Cape of Good Hope...

The top in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward per lb 8 @ ..

Ashes—Duty: 20 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb 7 62 1/2 @ 7 87 1/2

Beeswax—Duty: 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 46 @ 48

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin per ton 39 00 @ ..

Bread—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... 6

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 8 50 @ 10 00

Bristles—Duty: 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb.

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents.

Butter—Creamery pails... 33 @ 40

Candles—Duty: tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 5; t. carine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb.

Cement—Rosendale per bbl 2 00 @ ..

Coal—Duty: bituminous, \$1 25 per ton or 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel;

Cocoa—Duty: 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold) 14 @ 15

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty: pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb;

Cordage—Duty: tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb.

Corks—Duty: 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts per gro 55 @ 70

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 30 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 80 per cent ad val.

Alcohol, 95 per cent... 2 05 @ 2 10

Alum... 31 @ ..

do, French EXF.F. do 16 1/2 @ ..

Manna, large flake... @ 2 00

Duck—Duty: 30 per cent ad val.

Ravens, Light... per pce 15 00 @ ..

Dye Woods—Duty free.

Camwood, gold... 60 00 @ ..

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val.

Prime Western... 90 @ 95

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50

Dry Cod... per cwt. 7 62 1/2 @ 7 87 1/2

Pickled Scale... per bbl. 5 00 @ ..

Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 27 50 @ ..

Mackerel, No. 1, By... 28 50 @ 29 00

Mackerel, No. 3 new... 28 50 @ ..

Mackerel, No. 2, Halifax... 28 50 @ ..

Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge 1 50 @ 12 00

Mackerel, Shore, No. 218 01 @ 20 00

Mac, No. 3, Mass, med. 10 50 @ 11 00

Salmon, Pickled, No. 1, 21 00 @ 25 00

Salmon, Pickled, ptcc. 32 00 @ 35 00

Herring, Scaled per box. 40 @ 45

Herring, No. 1... 35 @ 37 1/2

Herring, pickled per bbl. 5 00 @ 8 00

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton.

North River... per lb 22 @ 24

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent

Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 5 00

do Pale... 1 00 @ 4 00

Bear, Black... 3 00 @ 15 00

do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00

Badger... 50 @ 75

Cat, Wild... 25 @ 50

do House... 10 @ 15

Fisher... 4 00 @ 10 00

Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00

do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 60

do Red... 75 @ 1 75

do Grey... 39 @ 60

Lynx... 1 00 @ 2 00

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot all above that, 40 cents per square foot on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30 2 1/2; all over that, 8 cent per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

Subject to a discount of 45 @ 50 per cent

6x 8 to 7x9... 50 ft 7 75 @ 6 00

8x10 to 10x15... 8 25 @ 6 50

11x14 to 12x18... 9 75 @ 7 00

14x16 to 16x24... 10 50 @ 7 50

18x22 to 18x30... 12 25 @ 8 00

20x30 to 24x30... 15 00 @ 9 00

24x31 to 24x36... 16 50 @ 10 00

25x36 to 30x44... 17 50 @ 12 50

30x46 to 32x48... 20 00 @ 13 50

32x50 to 32x56... 22 00 @ 14 50

Above... 25 00 @ 16 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New 1st of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent

6x 8 to 8x10... 50 feet 8 50 @ 6 25

8x11 to 10x15... 9 00 @ 6 75

11x14 to 12x18... 10 00 @ 7 50

13x18 to 16x24... 11 00 @ 8 00

18x22 to 18x30... 13 50 @ 9 00

20x30 to 24x30... 16 50 @ 10 00

24x31 to 24x36... 18 00 @ 12 00

25x36 to 26x40... 20 00 @ 16 00

28x40 to 30x48 (3 qlts) 22 00 @ 18 00

24x54 to 32x58 (3 qlts) 24 00 @ 20 00

32x58 to 34x60 (3 qlts) 27 00 @ 23 00

English sells at 35 per cent. off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 1 cent or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb

Calcutta, light & h'y... 16 @ 17

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb.

Calcutta, standard, y'd 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val.

Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... 4 00

Shipping and Mining... 4 50

Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ ..

Meal... 6 00 @ ..

Deer... 5 50 @ ..

Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 26 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE.

Rio Grande, mixed per lb gold 26 1/2 @ ..

Buenos Ayres, mixed... @ ..

Hog, Western, unwash, cur 10 @ 10 1/2

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lb for shipping... 60 @ ..

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunr and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico 1 cent per lb.

Amer. Dressed... per ton 275 00 @ 335 00

do Undressed... 175 00 @ 200 00

Russia, Clean... 240 00 @ 245 00

Italian... (gold) 40 00 @ 13

Manila... per lb (gold) 12 1/2 @ 13

Sisal... 19 @ 10 1/2

Tampico... 8 @ 8 1/2

Jute... (gold) 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres per lb g'd... 22

Montevideo... do 21 @ 21 1/2

Rio Grande... do 21 @ 21 1/2

Orinoco... do 20 1/2 @ 21

California... do 20 @ 20 1/2

San Juan... do 18 @ 19

Matamoros... do 16 @ 17

Vera Cruz... do 18 @ 19

Tampico... do 18 @ 19

Bogota... do 18 1/2 @ 19 1/2

Porto Cabello... do 16 @ 17

Maracaibo... do 14 @ 14 1/2

Truxillo... do 18 @ 19

Bahia... do 16 @ 17

Rio Hache... do 14 @ 15

Curacoa... do 13 @ 14

Pt. au Platt... do 16 @ 17

Texas currency... 21 1/2 @ 23

Western... do 20 @ 22

Dry Salted Hides—Chili... gold 15 @ 16

Payta... do @ ..

Maranhao... do 13 @ 14

Peruambuco... do 13 @ 14

Bahia... do 12 @ 13

Matamoros... do 15 @ 16

Maracaibo... do 12 @ 13

Savanna... do 12 @ 13

Wet Salted Hides—Buenos Ayres per lb g'd... 11 1/2 @ 12

Rio Grande... do 11 1/2 @ 12

California... do 11 @ 11 1/2

Para... do 9 @ 10

New Orleans... cur 11 @ 12

(it) sh'ly trim. & cured... 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2

Dry Goods.

N.B. FALCONER & CO

IMPORTERS OF
STAPLE AND FANCY

British Dress Goods,

VELVETS, VELVETRENS,
Umbrella Alpacas and Gingham, &c.,
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Miscellaneous.

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Liquorice Stick and Paste.

Wools of every descriptions.

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Figs, Raisins, Boxwood,

Otto Roses, &c

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Palm and Ornamental Iron Works of all kinds for
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Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.

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Importers of Norway & Swedes Iron, including (L)
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Bessemer Rails, &c.

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RAILROAD IRON

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To Railroad Companies.

We beg to call the attention of Managers of Rail-
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Railroad Iron.

We are always in a position to furnish all sizes, pat-
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DIATE OR REMOTE delivery, at any port in the
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Bessemer Steel Rails,

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STEEL RAILS will be made payable in United States
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we will contract to supply roads with their
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for execution at a fixed price in Sterling or on com-
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