

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 8.

NEW YORK, MARCH 27, 1869.

NO. 196.

Bankers and Brokers.

MUNROE & Co.,
AMERICAN BANKERS.
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Exchange on Paris.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne

BANKERS.
New York, AND Leipzig, Saxony,
51 BROAD ST. AND 85 BRUHL.

DRAW IN SUMS TO SUIT
On the principal cities of Germany, Switzerland, England, France, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Belgium, Russia, Italy, Spain, Denmark, &c.
Issue Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

BLAKE BROTHERS & Co.,

52 Wall Street, New York.
AND
29 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,

And Sterling Credits,
DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.
Buy and Sell Massachusetts and New York State Stocks.
Government Securities, Stocks Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold strictly on Commission.

Citizens Bank of Louisiana

Capital and Reserved Fund.....\$2,500,000,
AGENCY,

A. D. SELLECK, 37 Pine St, N.Y.

DRAW ON
London Joint Stock Bank, Marcuard, Andre & Co,
Baring, Brothers & Co, Fould & Co,
LONDON, PARIS,
In sums to points suiting buyers of Sterling or France.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

TITUSVILLE, PENN.,
Capital - - - - - \$200,000
Deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulation and Deposits \$500,000.
G. C. HYDE, Cashier. CHAS. HYDE, Pres't.

BANKING HOUSE OF

GEO. OPDYKE & Co.,
NO. 25 NASSAU STREET,
(Corner of Cedar street.)

DEPOSITS received from Individuals, Firms, Banks, Bankers and Corporations, subject to check at sight, and interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum.
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, bearing Four per cent Interest, payable on demand, or after fixed dates.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States, Canada and Europe. Dividends and Coupons also collected, and all most promptly accounted for.
ORDERS promptly executed, for the purchase and sale of Gold; also, Government and other Securities, on commission.
INFORMATION furnished, and purchases or exchanges of Securities made for Investors.
NEGOTIATIONS of Loans, and Foreign Exchange effected.

Bankers and Brokers.

LANCASTER & Co., Richmond. BROWN, LANCASTER & Co., Baltimore.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

LANCASTER, BROWN & Co.,
23 Nassau Street,

OFFER FOR SALE:
Chesapeake and Ohio 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds, principal and interest in gold, at 95 and interest.
Petersburg Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 92½ and interest.
South Side Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$6,000 per mile), at 85.
Richmond and York River 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$7,000 per mile), at 85.
Piedmont RR. 1st mtg. 8 p. c. (mtg. \$10,000 per mile), at 90.
Norfolk and Petersburg RR, 2d mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile, including 1st mtg.), at 82½.
Columbia and Augusta RR. 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$12,000 per mile), at 80.
Richmond and Danville RR. 1st mtg. 6 p. c. bonds (mtg. \$14,000 per mile), at 73.

White, DeFreitas & Rathborne,

Bankers and Brokers, 17 Broad St.
Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds, bought and sold exclusively on Commission at the New York Stock Exchange.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Refer to WM. H. COX, Esq., Cashier, Mechanics National Bank.

Bowles Brothers & Co.,

[Successors to BOWLES, DREVET & Co.]
No. 12 Rue de la Paix, Paris.
76 State Street, Boston,
19 William Street, New York

Bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London.
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

STOKER, TAYLOR & Co.,

BANKERS,
21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.
Sight and Time Bills on LONDON, LIVERPOOL, EDINBURGH and DUBLIN, PARIS, BREMEN, HAMBURG, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, VIENNA, etc.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
COLLECTIONS made in all parts of Europe.

SWAN & PAYSON,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
50 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, Bought and Sold on Commission.
OTIS D. SWAN. GEO. P. PAYSON, of the New York Stock Exchange. WM. S. ALEXANDER, Jr.

W. P. VAN DEURSEN, Chicago. SWAN & PAYSON, New York.

W.P. VanDeursen & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,
106 LASALLE ST., (UNION BANK BUILDING).
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Buy and sell STOCKS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and GOLD, on Margin—or for investors at **NEW YORK RATES.**
GOLD DRAFTS ON NEW YORK FOR SALE.

Bankers and Brokers.

CIRCULAR NOTES
AND
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
FOR

TRAVELERS,
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE,
ALSO,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
ISSUED BY

MORTON, BLISS & Co.

H. C. HARDY & SON,
No. 4 Wall Street, New York.

Execute orders at the New York Stock, Government and Gold Exchanges, in person, and transact a General Banking, Exchange, and Brokerage Business.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 16 Nassau Street, New York.
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS
INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,
Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.
VERMILYE & Co.

BANKING HOUSE OF

HENRY CLEWS & Co.,
No. 32 Wall Street, New York.

Four per cent interest allowed on all daily balances of Currency or Coin.
Persons keeping accounts with us may deposit; draw without notice, the same as with City Banks.
Certificates of Deposit issued bearing interest market rates.
Collections made everywhere promptly.
United States Securities and Gold bought and sold State, City and other Corporate Loans negotiated.
Our business conducted the same as that of a bank

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS
No. 32 Broad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES,
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.
Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the purchase or sale of
Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

Notices and Wants.

A Desirable Investment.

St. Louis, Vandalia and Terra Haute Railroad Co., First Mortgage 7 per cent Bonds.

TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS PER MILE GUARANTEED BY

The Terra Haute and Indianapolis Railroad Company. The Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway Company. The Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway Company. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, for sale by LUDLOW THOMAS, 39 Pine street.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 12 Pine-st., New York, Feb. 1, 1869.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot 25 Bonds numbered as follows: 380, 496, 35, 348, 82, 579, 223, 424, 410, 252, 191, 85, 560, 165, 328, 196, 551, 355, 295, 446, 18, 416, and 14, for one thousand dollars each, for redemption. According to the terms of the Mortgage, interest hereon will cease May 1, 1869. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest, so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender. S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st., N. Y. L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st., N. Y.

NOTICE—THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MARION, located at Marion, in the State of Ohio, is closing up its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of said Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.—Dated Marion, Ohio, Jan. 18, 1869. J. J. HANE, Cashier.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue of a writ to me directed, sued out of the Common Pleas Court of White County, Indiana, upon a decree therein rendered January 22, 1869, in favor of DOUW D. WILLIAMSON, and against the Louisville, New-Albany and Chicago Railroad Company, I will proceed to sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, at the Court-House door at Monticello, White County, Indiana, at 1 o'clock, P.M., on the 8th day of April, 1869, the entire line of said Louisville, New-Albany and Chicago Railroad from New-Albany to Michigan City, with all and singular its property, equipments, appurtenances and franchises, as more specifically described in said decree, said railroad being of the length of 238 miles or thereabouts. Said railroad, and all its appurtenances and franchises as aforesaid, will be sold as an entirety, and without any relief from valuation laws. M. HENDERSON, Sheriff White County, Ind.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 29, 1869.

BY VIRTUE OF AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of the State of Illinois, entitled "An Act in relation to the payment of the principal and interest of the State Debt," approved February 22, 1859, I, JOHN M. PALMER, Governor of the State of Illinois, do hereby notify all whom it may concern, that on the first day of April, 1869, AT THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, the Treasurer of the State of Illinois will pay the bonds of said State hereafter particularly designated in this proclamation; and by virtue of and in pursuance of said law. I do further notify all whom it may concern, that the interest upon each and all of said bonds will cease from the time of payment specified in this notice, to wit, from the said 1st day of April, 1869, viz:

Bonds issued in pursuance of the above recited act, being Refunded Stock payable after 1862, and numbered as follows: Nos. 2, 42, 44, 48, 51, 52, 56, 58, 61, 75, 82, 85, 105, 106, 109, 120, 129, 161, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 169, 170, 171, 172, 187, 188, 214, 241, 254, 256, 275, 276, 277, 284, 292, 29, 301, 304, 336, 339, 343, 344, 345, 349, 355, 356, 361, 362, 388, 389, 40, 414, 417, 418, 422, 430, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 446, 449, 450, 455, 471, 475, 493, 499, 504, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 533, 532, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 614, 662, 663, 664, 668, 670, 6, 2, 673, 679, 680, 681, 683, 689, 698, 703, 706, 717, 723, 787, 741, 742, 743, 749 to 815 (inclusive), 817, 818, 821, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 867, 868, 869, 870, 879, 914, 915, 918, 920.

Also, Bonds issued pursuant to an act entitled "An Act to prevent loss to the State upon the Mechanical and Stebbins' Bonds," approved Feb. 10, 1849, being Liquidation Bonds, issued to James Holford, numbered 1 to 113 (inclusive), and No. 121 to 199 (inclusive) of \$1,000 each, and No. 200 for \$1,400.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and cause to be affixed the Great Seal of State. Done at the City of Springfield, this 29th day of January, A. D., 1869. JOHN M. PALMER, Governor.

By the Governor: EDWARD RUMMEL, Secretary of State.

WANTED.—SANDUSKY, MANSFIELD, AND Newark STOCK and BONDS; Indianapolis and Cincinnati, Dayton and Michigan, Little Miami, Dayton, and Western, Cincinnati, Richmond and Chicago, Evansville and Crawfordsville, Memphis and Charleston. Also, all other Western and Southern Railroad STOCKS and BONDS PURCHASED by WM. A. GUEST, No. 25 Wall st.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY

Capital.....\$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELER, President
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....470,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

Insurance.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

OFFICE OF THE

Commercial Mutual Ins.

COMPANY,

Nos. 57 and 59 William Street.

NEW YORK, 18th January, 1869.

THE TRUSTEES, IN CONFORMITY TO THE Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st of December, 1868:

Premiums on Risks outstanding 31st Decem-ber, 1867.....\$146,079 12
Premiums received during the year 1868... 420,861 01

Total Premiums.....\$566,880 13

Premiums marked off as earned during the year 1868.....\$392,617 66

Loss and Expenses paid during same period.....\$199,964 92
Return Premiums..... 31,521 12

The Assets of the Company on the 31st De-cember, 1868, were as follows:
United States Stocks.....\$52,950 00
Bank Stocks..... 266,578 50
New York State, City and other Stocks and Bonds..... 249,763 50
Cash in Banks & Loans on Stocks..... 144,307 59

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....\$913,599 59
Insurance Scrip and Accrued Interest..... 248,825 99
Salvage and Re-Insurance Claims due the Company..... 9,376 34
1,356 71

Total Assets.....\$1,173,158 51

SIX PER CENT interest on the outstanding Certifi-cates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 9th day of February, 1869.

FORTY PER CENT DIVIDEND, and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1868, for which certificates may be issued on and after the first day of May next.

THE WHOLE OF THE OUTSTANDING CERTI-FICATES OF PROFITS, of the issues of 1861 and 1862, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 9th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled.

TRUSTEES:

Moses Taylor, Daniel Drake Smith,
James C. Bell, Henry M. Taber,
Charles L. Frost, Josiah O. Low,
George B. Morewood, Charles W. Blossom,
Sheppard Gandy, Henry K. Bull,
Thomas B. Coddington, Edward Saportas,
Samuel U. F. Odell, Anthony P. Francia,
Henry S. Henry, Emanuel Lehman,
William H. Brodie, H. K. Corning,
Samuel Schieffer, Dwight Stone,
James W. Phillips, William R. Kirkland,
Willard M. Newell, Hiram W. Brooks,
Lewis S. Benedict, John C. Jackson,
Charles P. Marks, Edward L. Hedden,
Stephen D. Harrison, David G. Cartwright,
Lucius Hopkins, Benj. P. Baker.

DANIEL DRAKE SMITH, President.

ADRIAN B. HOLMES, Vice-President.

HENRY D. KING, Secretary.

THE

NORTH BRITISH

AND

Mercantile Insurance Co

OF

LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND ACCUMULATED FUNDS
\$14,044,635 31 IN GOLD.

UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.

Geo. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$1,400,000.

D. W. C. SKILTON, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.
WHITE ALLYN & CO., Agents,
NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... 1,893,236
PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,840

Special Fund of \$200,000
Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.

UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.

GEORGE ADLARD, Manager
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

Bankers and Brokers.

HARVEY FISK, A. S. HATCH.

Office of FISK & HATCH,

Bankers & Dealers in Gov't Securities,

No. 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Opposite U. S. Sub Treasury.

We receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and others, subject to check at sight, and allow interest on balances. We make collec-tions on all points in the United States and Canada, and issue Certificates of Deposit available in all parts of the Union.

We buy and sell, at current rates, all classes of Government Securities, the Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company; also Gold and Sil-ver coin and Gold coupons.

We buy and sell at the Stock Ex-change miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, on commission, for cash.

We offer also the United States Six-per-cent. Thirty Year Currency Bonds, issued in aid of the Pacific Railroad, which are widely esteemed by moneyed corporations, as the longest Six-per-cent. Government Bond in the market.

Communications and inquiries by Mail or Telegraph will receive atten-tion.

FISK & HATCH.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass. N. Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres. Merchants' Nat. Bank Chicago.

Lockwood & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur-rency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

J. M. WEITH, GEO. ARENTS

J. M. Weith & Co.,

Late Ragland, Weith & Co.,
DEALERS IN SOUTHERN AND MIS-CELLANEOUS SECURITIES,

NOS. 15 NEW STREET AND 70 BROADWAY
Loans Negotiated.

Lounsbury & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
Government Securities,
Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBURY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE
WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits.

The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, M. & S. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

Financial.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Advances made on approved securities. Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper. Collect on both inland and foreign promptly made. Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

Tapscott, Bros. & Co.

86 SOUTH STREET & 23 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Issue Sight Drafts and Exchange payable in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland.

Credits on W. TAPSCOTT & CO., Liverpool. Advances made on consignments. Orders for Government Stocks, Bonds and Merchandize executed.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS, For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS. SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Sterling Exchange at Sight and Sixty Days upon ALEX. S. PETRIE & CO., London. Orders for Stocks, Bonds, and Merchandise, executed in London by cable or mail.

WILLIAMS & GUION,

71 Wall Street, New York.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

[Government and other Securities] Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

Interest Allowed on Deposits. Draw Bills on City Bank of London.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET,

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos., Contract for Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc. and undertake all business connected with Railways

JAMES ROBB, KING & Co.,

BANKERS.

56 WALL AND 59 PINE STREETS.

Negotiate United States, State, City, and Railway Bonds.

Issue Letters of Credit to Travellers in Europe.

Advance on Consignments of Cotton.

Receive Money on Deposit, with an allowance of four per cent interest per annum.

WARREN KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 4 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Orders for Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits subject to check at sight.

Financial.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & Co.
BANKERS PHILA & N.YORK

Dealers in U.S. Bonds and Members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both Cities.

Receive Accounts of Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

ISSUE BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON

C. J. HAMBRO & SON, London.

B. METZLER S. SOHN & CO. Frankfort

JAMES W. TUCKER & CO., Paris.

AND OTHER PRINCIPAL CITIES;

And Letters of Credit available throughout Europe.

Morton, Bliss & Co.,

BANKERS,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(58 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON. CHARLES E. MILNOR. WALTER H. BURNS.

HENRY H. WARD. WM. G. WARD. CHAS. H. WARD.

WARD & Co.,

BANKERS,

54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Established 1820. Orders in Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities promptly filled at usual rates. Foreign Exchange negotiated. Draw Bills on the

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Deposits in Gold and Currency received and interest allowed on balances exceeding \$1,000.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY.

52 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

C. J. OSBORN. ADDISON CAMMACK

OSBORN & CAMMACK,

BANKERS,

84 BROAD STREET.

Stocks, State Bonds, Gold and Federal Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular Attention paid to investments in Southern State Bonds.

NATIONAL Life Insurance Company

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, D C

Chartered by Special Act of Congress

CASH CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. PAID IN FULL.

Branch Office:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

PHILADELPHIA.

To which all general correspondence should be addressed.

Officers:

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.

JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.

HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.

EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of Insuring Life yet presented to the public.

JAY COOKE & CO., 216 Broadway, New York. General Agents for New York State and Northern New Jersey

Managers:

J. U. ORVIS. D. C. WHITMAN.

Financial.

BANKING HOUSE

OF

JAY COOKE & Co.,

No. 20 Wall St., Cor Nassau St., New York.

No. 114 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

No. 448 Fifteenth Street, Washington.

We buy and sell at the most liberal current prices, and keep on hand a full supply of

GOVERNMENT BONDS of all issues,

and execute orders for the purchase and sale of

Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

We have added to our office a Retail Department, for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

JAY COOKE & CO.!

THE

National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY

CAPITAL PAID IN;

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres. JAMES MERRELL, Sec

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST,

ON ALL BALANCES

SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT for Six Months or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is invested entirely in Government Securities, and is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

Wm. R. Utley & Geo.

W. Dougherty,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

NO. 11 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Gold and Specie Southern Securities and Bank Notes; Central and Union Pacific Railroad Sixes; State, City, Town, County and Corporation Bonds; Insurance, Manufacturing and Bank Stocks, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Dismal Swamp

Canal Company.

This Canal, which has been many years in successful operation, cost in cash, before the war, largely over one million dollars, and paid dividends to the stockholders.

The United States and State of Virginia were original subscribers, and over one-third of the stock is now owned by the Federal Government.

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 The Trustees submit the following statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:
 Outstanding Premiums to December 31, 1867.....\$75,582 43
 Premiums received since.....279,252 02
 Total\$354,834 45
 No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.
 Earned Premiums to January 1, 1869.....\$280,916 74
 Losses and Expenses.....\$151,919 03
 Return Premiums.....19,381 85
 The Company have the following Assets:
 Cash in Banks.....\$37,461 80
 United States Stocks.....292,862 50
 Bank, City and other Stocks.....203,452 20
 Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company.....28,551 70
 Real Estate, bonds and mortgages.....92,000 00
 Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....\$654,331 20
 Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company.....25,417 11
 Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value.....24,916 25
 Total\$788,923 52

SIX PER CENT Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday the 9th day of February, 1869.
 FORTY PER CENT DIVIDEND, and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1868, for which certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.
 THE OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES OF PROFITS of the issue of 1859, and FIFTY PER CENT of the issue of 1860, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 9th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.
 By order of the Board.

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.
TRUSTEES:
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 Stephen Johnson, Henry Oelrichs,
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THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 8.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1869.

NO. 196.

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The Chronicle.

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Bound volumes of the CHRONICLE for the six months ending Jan. 1, 1869, and also previous volumes can be had at the office.

NOTICE.

In the present and future numbers of the CHRONICLE, the table pages of Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, Insurance and Mining Stocks, and Southern Securities, and the Railway Monitor, will be found immediately after the Bankers' Gazette, and preceding the Commercial Departments. By this change, the entire financial matter of the CHRONICLE will always be found on consecutive pages, and the Commercial Reports and Prices Current immediately following. This arrangement, we think, will be greatly to the convenience of our readers.

THE GOLD PREMIUM.

The recent decline in the gold premium deserves attention, as it appears to be the result of causes of more than ordinary importance. The following statement of the range of the price, each March since the suspension of specie payments, will show that the premium is now exceptionally low for this period of the year:

PRICE OF GOLD AT NEW YORK IN MARCH.	Highest	Lowest.
1869.	132	130%
1868.	141%	137%
1867.	140%	133%
1866.	136%	124%
1865.	201	145%
1864.	199%	159
1863.	171%	169

Only in 1866, when the contraction bill was under consideration in Congress, has the premium been so low in March as in the present month. Nor has the present decline to 130½ to 132 been the result of speculation; on the contrary, it has come about in opposition to an unusually strong speculative effort to carry up the price. It is necessary to understand clearly the cause of this decline, in order to judge how far it is likely to prove permanent.

Aside from our present currency derangements, the consideration above all others affecting the value of gold is the standing of the Government credit; and it is rather in influences of this character that we are to look for the reasons of the present change of the price than in any speculative or other market causes. Congress has recently taken a pronounced position upon questions of finance which has a very direct tendency to bespeak public confidence in the good faith of the Government. After a vigorous agitation of schemes savoring strongly of partial repudiation, during which there was more or less apprehension among the public creditors, we find our national Legislature undertaking to supply specific antidotes to these fears. As our readers are aware, a bill has become law which provides that all obligations of the United States, except when otherwise expressly stipulated, are payable in coin or its equivalent; and, to provide against the fear of an attempt being made to pay off Five-twenty bonds before maturity, in a depreciated currency, it is declared that no bonds shall be paid before maturity unless the government shall at the time have resumed specie payments. This affords the utmost assurance Congress could give that the holders of our securities shall receive their claims in full and according to their own interpretation. But, if at home, where the ultimate good faith of the Government was never seriously doubted, this action has had a perceptible effect, how much more important results might we not anticipate in Europe, where the misgivings upon this point have been so decided that our bonds have generally been held at an equivalent to their face value in currency, so that, in the event of their being paid in that form, the holders would lose nothing on the principal? Now, therefore, that Congress has interpreted the precise import of the contract between the government and the bondholders in a sense much more favorable than the foreign holders had generally anticipated, there has been a rapid appreciation in the value of our securities abroad. Five-twenties have advanced 8 per cent since the beginning of February, and from that date to the present probably not less than \$40,000,000 of bonds have been exported. English investors, who hitherto have scouted over national credit, have now become free buyers of our securities; and in France also the demand has very largely increased. This appreciation of the public credit abroad has in various ways tended to depreciate the

price of gold. The honesty of the policy endorsed by such large majorities in Congress, has had a very direct influence in strengthening the value of every form of Government obligation, and naturally encourages confidence in the purpose of Congress to provide for the earliest practical resumption of payment of its notes, and to oppose the wild schemes for further inflation which have heretofore found advocates. Again, the large amount of bonds sent out has enabled us to keep at home so much gold which would otherwise have been remitted in settlement of trade balances; and which, again, by increasing our home supply of coin is placing us in so much better condition for contemplating resumption. These influences enhancing the public credit are not only leading foreigners to invest largely in our Government securities, are tending to strengthen confidence in our corporate securities; and hence we have witnessed, simultaneously with the export of government bonds, unusually large shipments of railroad stocks and bonds; which again reduces our exports of specie.

Appearances very strongly indicate that we have not yet seen the full effect abroad of the attitude assumed by Congress upon the debt and resumption questions. It is predicted with much confidence, by those most familiar with the European markets, that foreign investors will now be prepared to hold our bonds at par in American coin, and that further large amounts will be called for. However this may be, it is clear that the already changed value of our bonds abroad places the credit of the Government upon a higher basis; and this fact is a sufficient basis for anticipating that the gold premium, all things being equal, will hereafter permanently range at a lower level; while, in the event of a still further advance in bonds abroad, a corresponding further yielding in gold might be reasonably expected to follow.

We have alluded to these considerations because it appears that there are many who do not yet fully comprehend the changed position of the premium growing out of the appreciation of the public credit. It is not to be overlooked, further, that the action of Congress relative to the payment of the debt may lead, earlier than is generally expected, to very important results in connection with funding. Should, for instance, the present advancing tendency in bonds finally carry them up to a point equal to par for a 5 per cent coin bond, we should then have solved the problem of reducing the interest upon the debt. Without of course predicting that such will be the actual result, it may be assumed that we have entered upon the road running in that direction; and it is only a question of time and of prudence on the part of Congress when we may reach the goal.

But while these influences have a very direct tendency to place the gold premium upon a permanently lower level, there are yet contingencies which may hold this drift in check. For several weeks past, our imports have been upon a large scale and much in excess of those of last year; while our exports have been unusually limited; if, therefore, the foreign markets should not take any further important amount of bonds, we may have to export considerable specie during the Spring; and this consideration is the more important from the fact that the exports of cotton are likely to prove lighter than was expected. During the months of April, May, June and July, our heaviest shipments of coin are usually made. During those four months of 1868, we exported \$44,400,000 specie from this port alone; in 1867, \$31,500,000; and in 1866, \$46,000,000. The course of the foreign trade movement would seem to be in favor of equally large shipments this year; but, as before intimated, it remains to be seen how far we may be able to substitute bonds for gold in our remittances. Any advance in the rate of interest by the Bank of England, which seems not improbable, would prove unfavor-

able to a low premium, as it might induce the sending home of securities now being carried in Europe on account of New York capitalists. The still unsettled condition of the Alabama question, and the possibility of difficult issues being raised in connection therewith, and the diplomatic dangers arising from attempts to involve our Government in the Cuban insurrection, are also to be counted among the contingencies favoring speculation for a higher premium. But, allowing for all these influences, we think it may be safely concluded that, within the last three months, the premium has taken a permanent downward step of several points.

TAXING WALL STREET.

The State Legislature appears to have become desirous of emulating the example set them by some of our revenue officers and other officials, in heaping burdens upon our bankers and brokers. The internal revenue law imposes toll upon these interests at every turn. Collector Webster has made a new interpretation of the tax laws, under which the loans of bankers and brokers are called capital, and subjected to an onerous duty; Congress has passed an act prohibiting the certification of checks, thus seriously interfering with, and, (if Banks did not avoid the law), crippling their business; and now a member of our State Legislature thinking the poor bird is not quite plucked of all its feathers, proposes to draw out of him for the State Government the further sum of \$1,500,000 per annum. Accordingly a bill has been introduced at Albany which proposes to impose on all brokers and on bankers acting as brokers a tax of \$50; and also upon all sales of gold, silver, bullion, foreign exchange, stocks, and bonds, a duty of 1-20th of 1 per cent on the par value. The proposal is such as might have been expected from a rural politician, who is not supposed to have any other idea about Wall street than that there is considerable money there, and that the State has a peculiar right to appropriate it toward defraying its liberal expenditures.

It is high time, however, that this highwayman's notion of taxation—to seize money where it happens to be most abundant—were unlearned at least among men holding the responsible position of law makers. An idea very generally prevails that the business of Wall street is merely a system of demoralizing speculation, to be tolerated in much the same way as we should tolerate gambling; but which cannot be overtaxed, simply because so far as taxes may injure its interests they repress a public evil. This vulgar notion finds countenance too much among our legislators; and they are all the readier to embody it into a law from the fact that such laws awaken a responsive chord in popular prejudice. This hostility, however, is simply the result of misconception as to the part that bankers and brokers play in the vast system of commercial and financial exchanges. There is doubtless a certain amount of speculation there based upon factitious occasions; as there is in every branch of business where values are subject to frequent fluctuations. But, at the same time, there is much speculation that is legitimate and wholesome in its results. The perpetual changes in the affairs of corporations are reflected in the fluctuating value of their shares; and how is it to be shown that the purchase or sale of stocks, in accordance with these fluctuations, is illegitimate. The holders of shares are the owners of the properties represented by the stock; and what objection can be urged to the transfer of proprietorship, according to the varying estimate of value between buyers and sellers? The corporate property represented on the stock boards amounts to several hundreds of millions; and considering the many influences directly and indirectly affecting the value of this enormous amount of securities, the wonder is not so much, that large amounts of shares daily change hands in the way of speculation and occasionally with

much excitement, but that the transfers are not more frequent and the excitement greater. The men who speculate in stocks are they who watch the movements in our vast transportation system, in our mining operations, in our telegraphs and in our state and federal finances. They are, to a large extent the owners of the capital invested in these enterprises. They change their proprietorship according to their varying estimate of the value of the several investments; one day employing their capital in one company and the next in another, but all the time contributing their quota toward keeping the commercial machinery of the nation in action. Their operations hold out a constant inducement to the organization of remunerative enterprises, and act as a check upon losing ventures. Any scheme which promises a fair return upon the capital invested can find ready takers of its stock among those so-called speculators; while such as are dubious find Wall street a poor market for their shares. Without the agency of this interest, it would have been found impossible to float the immense corporate enterprises to which our national progress is so largely due. Wall street, in short, is the source and reservoir of capital seeking employment in those associate undertakings which exceed the resources of private enterprise, and without which our commercial and industrial operations must have been confined within dwarfish limits.

In this view of the scope of Wall street operations, what is there to justify the disposition shown by legislators—statesmen we cannot call them—to cripple and over tax this special interest? These taxes are direct imposts upon corporate enterprise and upon credit operations. To tax the accumulated capital of the country is to lessen the inducement to employ it, and therefore to strike industry at its root. To tax the transfer of securities tends to prevent them from passing into the hands of those to whom they are most valuable, and so far acts injuriously upon associated enterprise. The tendency of capital is always to seek the most productive employment; it will forsake one investment for another, for the most fractional advantage; and a very light impost upon these transfers consequently suffices to prevent the immense capital of Wall street from reaching the utmost attainable remuneration. To place this embargo upon the great money centre of the country has a most serious effect in disqualifying us for competing with the capital of other nations, and has a very direct tendency to drive capital out of the country. It is poor statesmanship which allows a democratic prejudice against capitalists to find expression in legislation calculated to fetter the movements of capital, by the free exchanges of which all classes and interests are mutually benefitted.

DEBT AND FINANCES OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, NO. 2.

In our issue of March 13, we showed from the official record that the debt of New York, exclusive of the contingent debt of \$68,000, amounted in gross to \$44,900,786.40, and that it was subdivided into three classes, viz.: the General Fund Debt, \$4,707,826.40; the Canal Debt, \$14,249,960; and the Bounty Debt, \$25,943,000. The two debts first in order are provided for and will be paid principal and interest as they mature from the surplus revenues of the State Canals. The third class of debt is payable in 1877, and for its extinction a sinking fund has been created on the basis of a tax sufficient to accomplish that end. This tax is now three mills on the dollar of the taxable value of real estate and personal property. It is evident from these facts that in less than ten years the whole present debt of the State will be redeemed and that the canal revenues, unless charged with some new debt, will remain as a permanent source of relief to the general treasury, while admitting of a reduction in the tolls to the benefit of ourselves and of the West,

At the present time the population of the State may be estimated at fully 4,000,000. The valuation of 1868, on which the taxes for 1868-69 are assessed, is \$1,766,089,140, and the total taxation on this basis for that year will be \$44,298,435.90, of which \$2,207,611.42 (1½ mill) is for school purposes and \$8,035,705.59 (4.55 mills) was for State and debt purposes. The local taxes included in the aggregate amount to \$8,525,422.14 for towns and \$25,529,696.45 for counties. The total amounts to 2.51 cents on the dollar valuation, but varies largely in the several counties, being as low as 0.95 in Wyoming County on a valuation of \$9,001,950, and as high as 5.67 in Hamilton County on a valuation of \$468,381. In the following table we give the population, valuation, and taxation at quinquennial periods from 1845:

	Population of State.	Valuation of property.	State taxes.	Local and school taxes.	Total taxes.	Rate per 1,000
1845	2,604,495	\$605,646,095	\$361,310	\$3,809,218	\$4,170,528	0.683
1850	3,097,394	727,494,583	364,044	5,948,783	6,312,767	0.867
1855	3,466,212	1,402,849,304	1,751,718	9,924,454	11,676,172	0.838
1860	3,880,733	1,419,297,529	4,376,167	14,579,857	18,956,024	1.335
1865	3,800,000	1,550,879,685	6,067,857	39,893,624	45,961,441	2.963
1868	4,000,000	1,766,089,140	8,035,706	36,262,730	44,298,436	2.502

It thus appears that taxation has outstripped largely the valuation on which it is based, the valuation having between 1845 and 1868 increased \$1,160,443,045, or 191.6 per cent, while in the same period the increase in taxes has been \$40,127,908, or 962.2 per cent, and the increase in rate 182 mills on the dollar, or 264.5 per cent. Between the same years the ratio of valuation to population has increased 89.9 per cent, and of taxation to population has increased 587.9 per cent. This increase in taxation, however, is more apparent than real, for it is well known that the real valuation is far ahead of the assessed valuation. The federal census of 1850 stated the real value of property at \$1,080,309,216, and in 1860 at \$1,843,338,517, showing an increase in ten years of \$763,029,301, or 70.63 per cent. Applying the same average rate of increase to the eight years since 1860, we find that in June, 1868, the real value in New York would be \$2,885,698,512, or larger by 63.5 per cent than the assessed valuation. Such an increase, or even one-half that increase, in the assessed valuation, would very materially effect the apparent rate of taxation, as given in the table above. The rates of taxation levied on the valuation of property in the State for the year 1867-'68, with the rates estimated for the two years next following, are as given below:

	1867-68		1868-69		1869-70	
	Mills on dollar.	Amount of proceeds.	Mills on dollar.	Amount of proceeds.	Mills on dollar.	Amount of proceeds.
General fund	2.46	\$4,094,665	1.25	\$2,207,611	1.25	\$2,207,611
Schools	1.25	2,080,135	1.25	2,207,611	1.25	2,207,611
Canal deficiency	0.62½	1,040,067	1.05½	1,865,715	0.12½	220,761
B. debt sinking fund	3.00	4,992,323	2.16½	3,826,527	2.25	3,978,701
Railroads	0.26½	440,028	0.08	135,853	.....	.....
Total	7.60	\$12,647,218	5.80	\$10,243,317	4.87½	\$6,609,684

These exhibits, and such as we presented in our former paper on this subject, indicate the healthy position of our State finances. It is true that our taxes are at present heavy, but it is gratifying to know that our means are large, and our burdens being constantly decreased.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD.

The annual report of this company for the year ending December 31, 1868, has just been issued. As already indicated in the returns published each month, the road shows a decided increase in its earnings over those of 1867. The gross receipts, not including the Jacksonville Division, exceed those of the previous year about 7½ per cent—the two years compare as follows, the Jacksonville Division being included for the last seven months of 1868.

	1867.	1868.	Inc.	Dec.
Passenger traffic	\$1,308,760	\$1,305,570	\$36,810	\$....
Freight traffic	2,430,008	2,953,629	523,621	.....
U. S. mail, express, &c	254,093	249,443	.....	4,650
Total gross earnings	\$3,992,861	\$4,508,642	\$615,781	.....
Total expenses	2,149,128	2,463,183	\$314,054	.....
Earnings less expenses	\$1,743,733	\$2,045,460	\$301,727	\$....

At the date of the last annual report, the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad was operated under a contract made with this company, dated January 25, 1864, by which that road was entitled to a pro rata proportion of earnings on joint business, and a bonus of 10 per cent upon that portion of such business as belonged to this company.

It was deemed important that the possession of this line of road should be vested in the Chicago and Alton Company, beyond question, and permission having been asked to lease the same in perpetuity, and the same having been granted by the nearly unanimous vote of the stockholders, the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad, on the first day of June last past, practically became the property of this company and is now operated as a division of the road, under the immediate control of its officers.

The earnings of that road have, since that date, been included in the gross earnings of this road, as published. The Treasurer in his report gives the following statement:

The gross joint earnings on business to and from stations on that road, for the seven months from June 1st to December 31st, were	\$657,481 16
Of this sum there was earned upon the C. & A. R. R.	337,795 5
Leaving the proportion earned on the St. L., J. & C. R. R.	\$319,701 63
Assume the expenses at 60 per cent.	\$191,820 97
Seven months rental	140,000 00
	331,820 97
Which shows a probable loss of	\$12,119 34
But, under the contract which governed prior to 1st June last, we should have paid the St. L., J. & C. R. R. Co. a drawback of 10 per cent upon this company's proportion of the above joint earnings, equal to	\$33,777 95
From this deduct the probable loss	12,119 34
And it shows that this company is better off under the lease than under the old contract	\$21,658 61

The report states that including the earnings of the Jacksonville division for seven months, the aggregate amount exceeds the earnings of the previous year \$615,781 49. The gross earnings of the main line amounted to \$4,188,941 34, about 7 1/2 per cent in excess of 1867.

The operating expenses amounted to 54 6-10 per cent of the gross earnings, as against 55 2-10 per cent for the preceding year.

The number of passengers transported during the year amounted to 608,874, an increase over the number carried in 1867, of 77,657, or 14 3-5 per cent. Of this number, 574,253 were way, and 34,621 through; 299,562 were moved north, 309,312 were moved south. Increase number of way passengers, 16 1-10 per cent. Of the whole number carried, 94 3-10 per cent were local, and 5 7-10 per cent were through. Average fare paid by each way passenger. \$1 67 8-10.

Not a single passenger was killed or injured during the year, on account of any defect in the track or equipment, or through the negligence of the employees.

The increased tonnage of the road exceeds that of 1867 about 22 per cent. 91 4-10 of the tonnage was way; 8 6-10 of the tonnage was through.

There have been constructed eight miles of additional track, between Wilmington and Braceville, and eight miles between Dwight and Odell, making sixteen miles of double track now in operation. During 1869 the distance between Braceville and Dwight will also be constructed in same manner, thus giving the road the use of about thirty miles of continuous double track.

The coal traffic continues to increase in magnitude and importance, and every encouragement is being extended to aid in the development of a business which will contribute largely to the income in the future. In order to show the increase in this branch of an almost entirely new business on the road, it will be of interest to note, that during the year 1865, 6,000 tons were transported; 1866, 71,090 tons; 1867, 146,050 tons; 1868, 166,986 tons.

According to the statistics of the Board of Trade, 51 per cent of the whole amount of bituminous coal received by rail in Chicago, during the year 1868, came over this road.

During three months of the year the mines that usually contributed largely to the business, were not operated, on account of the miners being "on a strike." This fact will explain the small per centage of increase in the tonnage over 1867; but new mines are being opened contiguous to your line, and the old ones are again being worked, and a large increase in the business is confidently expected during the present year.

The earnings, expenses, and profits from operations for the last seven years have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	Miles of road.	Earnings.	Expenses.	Profits.
1861	220	\$1,098,464	\$646,372	\$452,092
1862	220	1,225,001	767,207	457,794
1863	221	1,673,706	971,840	701,866
1864	257	2,770,484	1,532,105	1,238,379
1865	280	3,840,092	2,006,574	1,833,518
1866	280	3,695,153	2,210,536	1,484,617
1867	280	3,892,861	2,149,128	1,743,733
1868	431	4,508,642	2,463,182	2,045,460

The net earnings have been disposed of in the last three years as shown in the following statement:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Net earnings	\$1,484,617	\$1,743,733	\$2,045,460
Joliet & Chic. R. lease	\$153,312	\$152,927	\$144,049
Alton & St. L. R. lease	11,760	10,711	
St. L., Jack. & Chic R. ls.			140,000
Improvements	221,707	255,407	635,766
Interest on bonds	280,700	277,095	273,245
Sinking funds and tax	57,138	56,943	62,100
Dividends and tax	553,442	664,173	1,985,145
Balance to credit	\$206,558	\$226,477	\$60,315

The general balance sheets December 31, 1865-68, exhibit the financial condition of the company thus:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Capital stock, preferred	\$2,425,575	\$2,425,575	\$2,425,410	\$2,425,400
" common	1,783,313	3,886,643	3,886,572	5,141,872
Bonds—sinking fund	519,000	483,000	444,000	402,000
1st mortgage	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000
income	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
Sinking fund bonds cancelled	81,000	117,000	156,000	198,000
cash	124			
Bonds and stocks unissued	37,813	37,813	37,813	37,813
Current accounts	369,960	342,917	209,160	350,181
Income, surplus Dec. 31	1,291,398	1,497,955	924,352	984,667
Total	\$10,008,224	\$12,290,904	\$11,583,307	\$13,039,983

Against which the following charges are made:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Cost of road & equipm'ts (220 miles)	\$8,308,919	\$10,118,522	\$10,276,604	\$11,433,523
Bonds and stocks unissued	37,813	37,813	37,813	37,813
Alton & St. L. R. shares	637,700	675,000		
Railroad bonds (foreign)		24,800	17,800	173,011
U. S. securities, \$135,000		135,614	10,000	10,000
Renewal account, bonds in trust	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Supplies on hand	451,934	436,139	338,787	465,592
Timber land	41,268			
Stock depot & grounds purchased	78,639	50,000	55,000	55,000
Interest in palace sleeping cars			20,000	41,200
Expended to replace losses at Bloomington			78,152	
For depot grounds at Bloomington			13,800	49,353
Current accounts	208,954	165,478	180,967	136,099
Cash on hand, general fund	193,097	597,538	524,128	468,638
Total	\$10,008,224	\$12,290,904	\$11,583,307	\$13,039,983

Since the re organization of the Company in October, 1862, the following cash dividends have been declared and paid:

Date of payment.	Pr. f.	Com.	Date of payment.	Pr. f.	Com.
September, 1863	3 1/2	3 1/2	September, 1866	5	5
March, 1864	3 1/2	—	March, 1867	5	5
September, 1864	3 1/2	6	September, 1867	5	5
March, 1865	5	5	March, 1868	5	5
September, 1865	3 1/2	3 1/2	September, 1868	5	5
March, 1866	5	5	March, 1869	5	5

Total in five years and a half.....54 58

The monthly range of prices for the stocks of this Company in the New York market, for the last three years, is shown in the table which follows:

	Common Stock.			Preferred Stock.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.
January	108 @ 105 1/2	105 @ 110 1/2	130 @ 136	105 @ 107	109 @ 112	131 @ 140
February	102 @ 119	106 @ 111	128 @ 136	103 @ 120	112 @ 116	138 @ 138
March	83 @ 112 1/2	115 1/2 @ 108 1/2	129 @ 131	94 @ 118	106 @ 109	132 @ 134 1/2
April	84 @ 90 1/2	105 @ 107	120 @ 128 1/2	93 @ 96	108 @ 109	125 @ 129
May	91 @ 99	107 @ 108	127 1/2 @ 128	100 @ 101	111 1/2 @ 111 1/2	128 @ 129 1/2
June	95 @ 99	109 @ 114 1/2	129 @ 138	102 @ 102	111 1/2 @ 116 1/2	130 @ 136
July	98 1/2 @ 105 1/2	114 @ 115	137 @ 138	104 1/2 @ 106	117 @ 122	128 1/2 @ 29 1/2
August	103 1/2 @ 119	111 @ 117	136 @ 144	105 @ 109 1/2	114 @ 120	182 1/2 @ 145
September	105 @ 113 1/2	117 @ 125	141 @ 158 1/2	106 1/2 @ 113 1/2	113 @ 128	.....
October	110 1/2 @ 113 1/2	123 @ 125	150 @ 155 1/2	113 @ 113 1/2	125 @ 128	.....
November	116 @ 113	120 @ 122	134 @ 151	109 1/2 @ 113 1/2	125 @ 128 1/2	.....
December	108 @ 110 1/2	121 1/2 @ 130 1/2	140 @ 147	110 1/2 @ 111	125 @ 130	.....
Year	83 @ 119	105 @ 130 1/2	127 1/2 @ 158 1/2	93 @ 120	106 @ 130	115 @ 145

ILLINOIS CENTRAL, PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO, AND CLEVELAND & PITTSBURG RAILROAD REPORTS.

The annual reports of these important companies have recently been made for the year ending December 31, 1868, and we shall present to our readers very soon articles on

APPROPRIATIONS.

Appropriated as follows:

New construction and equipment.....	\$519,726 51	
Extension of Akron branch.....	50,685 31	
Increase of net amount due by other companies.....	21,541 15	
Increase of sinking fund.....	119,819 76	
Increase of miscellaneous assets.....	149,431 29	
Increase of cash on hand.....	65,603 25	926,837 27

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG RAILROAD.

The report shows the following receipts in gross:

From Passengers.....	\$609,362 12
" Freight.....	1,610,331 16
" Miscellaneous sources.....	83,667 52
" P. F. W. & C. Railway—due this Co. in settlement of joint earnings.....	189,852 80
Total.....	\$2,493,213 60

From which deduct expenses:

For account Motive Power and Cars.....	\$548,196 06
" Maintenance of Way and Structures.....	403,113 13
" Transportation Expenses.....	338,025 47
" General Expenses.....	181,090 88
Total.....	\$1,470,425 54

And the net Receipts are \$1,022,788 06

From these have been paid:

Mortgage Interest, &c.....	\$314,884 65
Lease of Track P. F. W. and C. Railway.....	85,000 00
Sinking Fund—Mortgage Bonds of 1900.....	25,000 00
Total.....	\$424,884 65

Leaving as the proceeds of the year's business.. \$597,903 41

Comparing these figures with those for the previous year—The gross receipts show an increase of \$194,891 92, while the expenses notwithstanding the large increase of tonnage, show a decrease of \$18,382 29, and the net income after payment of interest, lease and sinking fund, exceeds that of last year in the sum of \$136,519 55.

CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks for the week ending March 25, 1869. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

LOCATION.	NAME OF BANK.	REDEEMING AGENT.
Massachusetts. Clinton.....	The First National Bank of Clinton..	The Central National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The First National Bank of Boston.
Pennsylvania. Altoona.....	The First National Bank of Altoona	The Girard National Bank of Philadelphia, approved in place of The Union National Bank of Philadelphia.
Ohio. Sidney.....	The First National Bank of Sydney..	The Third National Bank of Cincinnati, approved in addition to The Tenth National Bank of New York.
Michigan. Kalamazoo.....	The Michigan National Bank of Kalamazoo.....	The Northwestern National Bank of Chicago, approved in addition to The Fourth National Bank of New York.
Illinois. Joliet.....	The First National Bank of Joliet.....	The Union National Bank of Chicago, approved in addition to The Central National Bank of New York.
Illinois. Princeton.....	The First National Bank of Princeton.....	The First National Bank of Chicago, approved in addition to The Fourth National Bank of New York.
Minnesota. Austin.....	The First National Bank of Austin.....	The First National Bank of Milwaukee.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—MARCH 9.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	12.0% @ 12.1%	March 8.	short.	12.02 @ —
Antwerp.....	3 months.	12.2% @ 12.2%	March 8.	short.	25.17% @ —
Hamburg.....	"	13.11 @ 13.11%	March 8.	short.	13.8% @ —
Paris.....	"	25.32% @ 25.40	March 8.	short.	25.15 @ —
Paris.....	short.	25.15 @ 25.22%	March 8.	3 mos.	25.17% @ —
Vienna.....	3 months.	12.60 @ 12.70	March 8.	3 mos.	123.75
Berlin.....	"	6.27 @ 6.27%	March 8.	3 mos.	6.23%
Frankfort.....	"	1.20% @ 1.20%	March 8.	short.	119%
St. Petersburg	"	31% @ 31%	March 6.	3 mos.	32%
Cadiz.....	"	48% @ 48%			
Lisbon.....	90 days.	52% @ 52%	Feb 27.	90 days.	53%
Milan.....	3 months.	25.65 @ 25.70			
Genoa.....	"	"			
Naples.....	"	"			
New York.....	"	"	March 9.	60 days.	108%
Jamaica.....	"	"	Feb 10.	90 days.	1 p. c. pm.
Havana.....	"	"	March 9.	60 days.	10%
Rio de Janeiro	"	"	Feb. 9.	"	18%
Bahia.....	"	"	Feb. 13.	"	18%
Valparaiso.....	"	"	Jan. 16.	"	46
Pernambuco.....	"	"	Feb. 15.	"	18%
Singapore.....	60 days.	4s 4d	Feb. 1.	6 mos.	4s. 5 1/2 d. @ —
Hong Kong.....	"	4s 4d	Jan. 25.	"	4s. 5 d. @ —
Ceylon.....	"	1 p. c. dis.	Jan. 26.	"	2% p. c. dis.
Bombay.....	"	1s 11 1/2	Feb. 27.	"	2s. 3-16d.
Madras.....	"	1s 11 1/2	Feb. 2.	"	4s 0d.
Calcutta.....	"	1s 11 1/2	Feb. 27.	"	1s. 11 5-16d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	1/2 p. c. dis.	Jan. 1.	30 days.	1/2 p. c. pm.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Wednesday, March 10, 1869.

The wheat trade this week rather than improving has had a downward tendency. At Liverpool, wheat has fallen 4d. per cental, and in

other parts of the country, a fall of 1s. to 2s. per quarter has taken place. Barley, oats, beans, peas, and maize are also very dull, and they show a further reduction in price. The weather has now become cold, with a chilly, easterly wind. Vegetation has made but little progress during the last few days, and if the weather remains as cold as now, until the close of the month, a spring, comparatively free from frosts, is looked forward to. The imports and exports of wheat and flour, into and from the United Kingdom, from September 1 to the close of last week, were:

From—	WHEAT.		Exports.	
	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
Sept. 1 to Feb. 27.....	cwt. 13,628,500	15,053,680	431,537	115,440
Week ending Mar. 6.....	570,476	464,436	11,016	2
Total.....	19,198,976	15,518,116	445,553	115,442

From—	FLOUR.		Exports.	
	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
Sept. 1 to Feb. 27.....	1,837,123	2,067,798	81,326	19,952
Week ending Mar. 6.....	63,942	51,125	395	98
Total.....	1,900,665	2,121,923	81,631	20,050

Annexed is an official return showing the quantities of cotton in stock, the quantities imported, exported and forwarded in and for consumption:

	American—		Brazilian—		East Indian—	
	bales.	cwt.	bales.	cwts.	bales.	cwts.
Cotton in stock on Jan 31, 1869.....	72,988	281,814	21,341	22,952	262,036	783,714
Do imported during Feb., 1869.....	130,493	524,302	43,824	62,605	38,864	119,037
Do forwarded from inland towns to ports during Feb., 1869.....	49	217	115	204	252	1,073
Total.....	203,530	806,333	64,280	85,761	302,202	903,829
Cotton exported during Feb., 1869.....	7,984	32,078	6,117	8,738	25,221	77,011
Do forwarded in and for consumption during Feb., 1869.....	73,474	294,110	21,583	34,806	59,468	198,552
Total.....	81,458	326,188	27,700	43,544	84,689	275,573
Cotton in stock on Feb 27, 1869.....	122,012	483,245	36,580	42,217	217,513	628,255
	Egyptian—		Miscellaneous—		Total—	
	bales.	cwts.	bales.	cwts.	bales.	cwts.
Cotton in stock on Jan 31, 1869.....	38,972	161,045	.....	.....	394,997	1,217,816
Do imported during Feb., 1869.....	19,958	87,315	13,558	21,789	246,697	815,019
Do forwarded from inland towns to ports during Feb., 1869.....	73	220	52	1,327	541	3,646
Total.....	59,003	248,582	13,610	23,616	642,235	2,046,511
Cotton exported during Feb., 1869.....	388	1,697	1,346	2,163	41,056	121,717
Do forwarded inland for consumption during Feb., 1869.....	13,251	64,548	12,772	33,605	180,548	630,601
Total.....	13,639	66,245	14,118	40,768	221,604	752,318
Cotton in stock on Feb., 27, 1869.....	45,264	182,337	.....	.....	420,631	1,294,193

NOTE—The Return for January gave no stock under the head of "Miscellaneous," but the accounts published by the trade show a stock of 10,310 bales = 22,970 cwt., which would leave 9,502 bales = 21,438 cwt. at the end of February

With the assistance of the above figures. We are enabled to ascertain the extent of our imports since the commencement of the year. In February our imports were rather less than in the corresponding month in 1868; but for the two months a slight increase is apparent, as compared with the previous year. The comparison is as follows:

From—	IMPORTS OF COTTON IN FEBRUARY.			
	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
United States.....	cwt. 524,302	680,405	441,165	344,878
Brazil.....	62,605	48,768	51,793	52,657
Egypt.....	87,315	118,560	151,407	137,801
East Indies.....	119,037	69,182	88,730	214,442
Other countries.....	21,789	7,242	43,252	90,400
Total.....	815,049	921,147	784,347	780,178

	IMPORTS OF COTTON IN TWO MONTHS.			
	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
United States.....	717,418	792,336	486,415	570,735
Brazil.....	94,011	76,034	76,190	93,728
Egypt.....	126,537	130,546	225,134	148,269
East Indies.....	210,140	102,739	96,509	305,907
Miscellaneous.....	22,944	12,866	47,191	85,484
Total.....	1,181,050	1,114,321	931,379	1,154,123

Annexed is a statement showing the extent of our exports of the principal cotton, linen, silk, and woolen goods to the United States and to France in January last, compared with the corresponding month in 1868 and 1867:

	TO THE UNITED STATES.			
	1867.	1868.	1869.	
Cotton piece goods.....	yds. 19,108,317	11,905,630	15,834,560	
Cotton yarn.....	lbs. 111,612	188,579	133,564	
Linen piece goods.....	yds. 9,604,478	7,957,320	9,377,160	
Linen thread.....	lbs. 141,362	119,588	96,635	
Silk piece goods.....	yds. 48,446	25,394	56,716	
Silk Ribbons.....	yds. 1,772	641	1,503	
Woolen cloth.....	yds. 724,120	556,940	543,385	
Carpets and druggets.....	yds. 344,794	140,238	323,136	
Worsted stuffs.....	yds. 7,928,925	6,376,750	8,409,790	
Total.....	38,011,886	27,281,080	35,276,85	
	TO FRANCE.			
	1867.	1868.	1869.	
Cotton yarn.....	lbs. 238,872	393,665	96,837	
Cotton piece goods.....	yds. 4,128,967	2,403,321	4,136,352	
Cotton thread.....	lbs. 10,685	16,768	2,241	

Linen yarn.....lbs.	515,227	142,972	270,033
Linen piece goods.....yds.	415,421	364,437	217,080
Woolen yarn.....lbs.	166,412	590,742	217,861
Woolen cloth.....yds.	408,410	499,786	84,424
Carpets and druggets.....yds.	17,368	20,980	49,223
Worsted stuffs.....yds.	2,547,779	1,543,843	1,462,868
Total.....	8,442,141	5,976,519	6,587,924

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary. The occurrence of Good Friday being generally observed as a close holiday, and there being no regular boards, we omit quotations on that day:

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols have ruled quiet and steady at about the closing rates of last week. United States Five-Twenty bonds have been reported from day to day as quiet but steady, the bonds closing on Thursday evening at 83½. In railroad stocks quotations have scarcely varied from the rates of the two preceding weeks. United States Five-Twenty bonds at Frankfort have ruled quiet, closing on Thursday evening at 87½ @ 87½.

Consols for money.....	Sat. 93½	Mon. 93½	Tues. 93½	Wed. 93½	Thu. 93½	Fri. 93½
“ for account.....	93½	93½	93½	93½	93½	93½
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862.....	83½	83½	83½	83½	83½	83½
Illinois Central shares.....	97	97	97	97	97	97
Erie Railway shares.....	24½	24½	24½	24½	24½	24½
Atl. & G. W. (consols).....	31½	31½	31½	31½	31½	31½

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—
Frankfort 87½ 87½-¼ 87½-¼ 87½-¼

Liverpool Cotton Market.—See special report of cotton.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—A slightly better feeling is perceptible in the market for the various descriptions of breadstuffs, which has culminated in a slight advance in both descriptions of wheat and in new corn, the other articles as yet remaining without quotable change. The market closed firm on Thursday evening, with considerable activity in wheat.

Flour, (Western)....p. bbl	Sat. 23 0	Mon. 23 0	Tues. 23 0	Wed. 23 0	Thu. 23 0	Fri. 23 0
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. ctl	8 8	8 9	8 10	8 10	8 11	8 11
“ (California white) “	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 9	9 9
Corn (W. m.x'd) p. 480 lbs old	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0
“ new	29 0	29 0	29 0	29 0	29 0	29 0
Barley (Canadian), per bush	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
Peas (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0

Liverpool Provisions Market.—There is nothing of interest to note in this market, quotations opening and closing at the same figures with the exception of lard, which opened 6d better; which advance was lost, however, before the close.

Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	Sat. 90 0	Mon. 90 0	Tues. 90 0	Wed. 90 0	Thu. 90 0	Fri. 90 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	62 6	62 6	62 6	62 6	62 6	62 6
Lard (American) “ “	75 6	75 6	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0
Cheese (fine) “ “	76 0	76 0	76 0	76 0	76 0	76 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—Naval stores ruled quiet the first half of the week, but during the latter part more firmness was apparent, with considerable activity in Spirits Petroleum, which advanced to 9@10d per 8 lbs. Spirits Turpentine lost 6d early in the week, but regained it at the close. Linseed Oil maintained the advance established last week, closing at £32 per ton.

Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	Sat. 5 6	Mon. 5 6	Tu. 5 6	Wed. 5 6	Th. 5 6	Fri. 5 6
do Fine Pale... “	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0
Sp turpentine..... “	31 0	30 6	30 0	30 6	30 6	30 6
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs.	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½
“ spirits... per 8 lbs	0 7½	0 7½	0 7½	0 10	0 10	0 10
Tallow (American)... p. 112 lbs.	45 6	45 6	44 3	44 3	45 6	45 6
Clover seed.....						

Lins'd cake (obl.) p. ton	Sat. 32 0 0	Mon. 32 0 0	Tu. 30 0 0	Wed. 32 0 0	Th. 32 0 0	Fri. 32 0 0
Linseed oil... per ton...	32 0 0	32 0 0	30 0 0	32 0 0	32 0 0	32 0 0

London Produce and Oil Markets.—Sugar has again advanced to 39s 9d for No. 12 Dutch Standard on the spot, and 30s for do to arrive. Sperm Oil has experienced considerable activity, and the price advanced £4, closing at £104. Whale Oil still continues to be quoted at £36. Linseed cakes closed at £10 10s @ £10 15s per ton; Tallow, 47s per cwt.

Linseed (Calcutta)....£0 59 0	Sat. £0 59 0	Mon. £0 59 6	Tues. £0 59 0	Wed. £0 59 0	Th. £0 59 0	Fri. £.....
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) per 112 lb.....	39 6	39 6	39 9	39 9	39 9	.....
Sperm oil.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	104 0 0	104 0 0	104 0 0	.....
Whale oil.....	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	.....

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a slight decrease both in dry goods, and in general merchandise, the total being \$6,246,407, against \$7,021,605 last week, and \$7,255,441 the previous week. The exports are \$2,440,120 this week, against \$2,676,878 last week, and \$2,865,889 the previous week. The exports

of cotton the past week were 6,325 bales, against 4,902 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) March 19, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) March 20:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Dry goods.....	\$3,283,331	\$2,517,763	\$1,568,530	\$2,619,046
General merchandise..	3,032,743	3,810,101	6,007,537	3,627,361
Total for the week....	\$6,316,074	\$6,327,863	\$7,576,117	\$6,246,407
Previously reported...	67,480,655	52,514,301	42,753,908	55,635,909

Since Jan. 1..... \$73,796,759 \$58,872,164 \$50,330,025 \$61,182,316

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending March 23

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
For the week.....	\$6,127,258	\$4,836,232	\$1,946,378	\$2,440,120
Previously reported....	50,791,717	41,595,362	36,520,120	31,577,637
Since Jan. 1.....	\$56,918,975	\$46,431,644	\$33,466,498	\$34,017,757

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	Since Jan. 1. 1869.	Same time 1868.
Great Britain.....	\$17,393,986	\$19,855,266
France.....	1,085,197	2,225,652
Holland and Belgium.....	1,107,726	1,622,482
Germany.....	3,173,748	3,461,491
Other Northern Europe.....	296,204	219,792
Spain.....	515,582	287,064
Other Southern Europe.....	1,358,565	1,246,623
East Indies.....	33,763	30,820
China and Japan.....	743,952	291,225
Australia.....	408,228	638,484
British N A Colonies.....	584,936	746,473
Cuba.....	1,097,514	1,703,766
Haiti.....	249,251	518,671
Other West Indies.....	1,934,473	1,979,600
Mexico.....	366,531	414,357
New Granada.....	1,082,889	890,166
Venezuela.....	95,311	114,233
British Guiana.....	355,816	236,414
Brazil.....	751,544	750,780
Other S. American ports.....	1,138,908	899,806
All other ports.....	263,529	159,058

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending March 20, 1869:

March 16—Sch. Mary A. Witham, Para,	Mexican dollars....	12,500
American gold.....	Foreign gold.....	3,500
“ 16—St. Cimbria, Paris, Silver bars.....	American gold.....	10,000
“ 19—St. Morro Castle, Havana, Spanish doubloons. 106,900	“ 19—Eg. Thomas Turrell, Mayaguez, American silver....	5,363
American silver.... 2,000	“ 20—St. Rising Star, Aspinwall, American silver....	7,540
“ 19—St. New York, London,	Total for the week.....	\$181,338
Previously reported.....	Previously reported.....	7,258,533
Total since Jan. 1, 1869.....	Total since Jan. 1, 1869.....	\$7,439,865

Same time in 1868.....	\$14,167,724	Same time in 1859.....	\$7,460,569
1867.....	6,068,603	1858.....	9,214,846
1866.....	5,364,804	1857.....	4,763,167
1865.....	4,392,526	1856.....	3,643,867
1864.....	10,032,455	1855.....	4,515,067
1863.....	14,066,188	1854.....	3,655,489
1862.....	8,085,832	1853.....	2,459,178
1861.....	1,474,434	1852.....	7,332,496
1860.....	3,506,696		

The imports of specie at this port during the past week have been as follows:

March 16—St. Henry Chauncey, Aspinwall, Silver.....	\$8,680	Gold.....	2,500
“ Gold.....	8,900	“ 18—St. Germania, Hamb'g, Gold.....	154,389
“ 18—St. Fahkee, Hamilton, Silver.....	930	“ 18—St. Periere, Havre, Silver.....	930
Total.....	\$175,390	Total since Jan. 1 1869.....	\$2,411,767
Previously reported.....	2,256,377	Same time, 1868.....	1,129,323
Total since Jan. 1 1869.....	\$2,411,767	Same time, 1867.....	393,154

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom House.

1.—Securities held by the U S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
Jan. 2.....	342,016,900	35,391,850	377,408,750
“ 9.....	342,136,400	35,391,350	377,527,750
“ 16.....	342,366,400	35,297,350	377,663,750
“ 23.....	342,447,600	35,247,350	377,694,950
“ 30.....	342,512,600	35,047,350	377,560,950
Feb. 6.....	342,555,900	34,492,350	377,048,250
“ 13.....	342,555,900	34,391,350	376,947,250
“ 20.....	342,567,900	34,217,350	376,785,250
“ 27.....	342,613,900	33,051,350	375,665,250
Mar. 6.....	342,622,900	33,116,350	375,739,250
“ 13.....	342,667,900	32,966,350	375,634,250
“ 20.....	342,690,200	32,716,350	375,406,550

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued.	Notes returned.	Notes in Circulation
Jan. 2.....	Current week, 168,020	Aggregate, 311,556,916	11,873,297
“ 9.....	121,010	311,677,926	11,842,747
“ 16.....	111,430	311,792,356	11,998,073
“ 23.....	124,470	311,926,826	12,180,060
“ 30.....	201,200	312,138,026	12,382,200

Feb. 6	295,460	312,333,46	12,544,140	299,789,347
" 13	197,240	312,530,726	12,787,949	299,742,777
" 20	202,000	312,733,326	12,913,249	299,815,077
" 27	192,840	312,926,166	13,011,149	299,915,017
Mar. 6	129,610	313,055,776	13,150,693	299,905,083
" 13	145,000	313,200,936	13,299,213	299,901,923
" 20	100,800	313,301,736	13,446,896	299,854,840

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroyed
Jan. 2	378,543	338,768	254,370
" 9	710,500	444,315	624,408
" 16	947,000	361,600	351,208
" 23	942,000	470,833	582,480
" 30	943,000	1,544,577	741,600
Feb. 6	869,000	604,831	638,618
" 13	906,000	166,850	412,600
" 20	891,000	224,800	637,700
" 27	830,000	239,800	448,800
Mar. 6	729,610	411,462	369,185
" 13	562,500	350,700	759,501
" 20	538,500	683,099	431,921

TREASURY FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Ocean Queen, from Aspinwall, arrived at this port March 24, with treasure for the following consignees:

Eugene Kelly & Co	\$60,000	S. L. Isaac & Arch	\$2,012
Wells, Fargo & Co	31,248		
Fred. Probst & Co	10,000	Total	\$103,260

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 6	Rising Star	\$589,765	\$589,765
" 14	H. Chauncey	213,167	802,932
" 21	Arizona	533,419	1,335,351
" 28	Alaska	473,172	1,808,523
Feb. 6	Rising Star	737,503	2,546,026
" 9	Constitution	855,887	3,401,913
" 13	Henry Chauncey	247,356	3,649,269
" 21	Arizona	270,364	3,919,633
" 28	Alaska	104,000	4,023,633
March 7	Rising Star	325,366	4,348,999
" 16	Henry Chauncey	351,293	4,700,292
" 24	Ocean Queen	103,260	4,803,552

QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY.—The following report of the operations of the company for the year 1868, shows that the production of quicksilver from the New Almaden mines, during the year 1868, was 25,628 flasks of 76½ lbs. each, being a monthly average of 2,135 flasks.

The production for each of the months was as follows:

January	3,000	August	2,000
February	3,001	September	1,600
March	2,501	October	1,600
April	2,000	November	2,202
May	2,000	December	1,664
June	2,000		
July	2,000	Total Flasks	25,628

The operations of the company for the disposal of quicksilver during the first three months of the year, were carried on under the Barron contract of 1866. This contract expired by limitation on the 31st day of March last, at which time the company had on hand a surplus of 7,416 flasks of quicksilver. Mr. Barron declined to renew this, or to make any contract for the direct purchase of the quicksilver from the company; and it became evident to the Directors that either a combination arrangement must be made with other producers of quicksilver in California, or a competition for the sale of quicksilver in the home and foreign markets would ensue, which could not fail to lower the price of the article and seriously injure, if not entirely destroy, all profits incident to its mining and manufacture.

After considerable negotiation, an arrangement for two years, from April 1, 1868, was entered into between the several quicksilver mining companies and Messrs. Barron & Co., of San Francisco, which was duly ratified by the Board of Directors.

This agreement was made between the following parties:—The Quicksilver Mining Company of New York, of the first part; The Redington Quicksilver Mining Company of California, of the second part; The New Idria Quicksilver Mining Company of California, of the third part; and Messrs. Barron & Co., of San Francisco, of the fourth part. It recited that the parties thereto had united for the purpose of regulating, through the agency of the parties of the fourth part, the supply to the markets of the world, of quicksilver, the product of the mines of the parties of the first, second and third parts, for the period of two years, from and after the first day of April, 1868.

This agreement specifies and limits the production of the several mining companies, as near as may be, in equal monthly amounts, to the following quantities:

The Quicksilver Mining Company	24,000 flasks annually.
The Redington Quicksilver Mining Company	10,000 " "
The New Idria Quicksilver Mining Company	10,000 " "

Making an aggregate of 44,000 " " with a provision that, in case either party shall fail to furnish its proportion of the total quantity allotted, the others may proportionately make up any deficiency.

It also made provision for the purchase of all the quicksilver then on hand in California and Nevada, owned by the several parties to the agreement.

It also provides for the purchase and sale by Messrs. Barron & Co., for the use and benefit of the combination, of the products of any other quicksilver mines in California or elsewhere. And under this section arrangements have been made for the product of the Santa Clara Mining Association, the San Juan Bautista Mining Company, and the Phoenix Quicksilver Company.

At the close of the contract the quicksilver on hand in California is to be divided between the companies, in the proportions in which the same shall have been delivered; and the stock in other markets shall be closed out and accounted for by the agents, in accordance with the contract.

All advances, payments, penalties and accounts are to be made and

kept upon a gold coin basis, and the books of account of the said agency shall be always open to the inspection and examination of the other parties to the agreement. Any differences arising between the parties shall be determined by arbitrator.

The proceeds of sales of quicksilver for the year were as follows:

Proceeds of 10,435 flasks, sold prior to April 1st, under the Barron contract, No. 1, at \$30	\$313,050 00
Proceeds of 5,056 flasks, sold from April 1st to December 31st, under Combination contract	182,242 71
Quicksilver Mining Company's proportion of profit in purchase and sale, by Combination of 2,764 flasks	13,424 22
Total	\$509,216 9

The financial condition of the company, as it existed on the 31st day of December, 1868, may be thus briefly stated:

LIABILITIES.	
Advances upon Quicksilver, bearing interest at 6 per cent, 19,486 flasks, \$23 per flask	\$448,178 00
Call loans and bills payable in California, less cash and bills receivable, bearing interest at one per cent monthly	168,116 79
Bills payable in New York, interest at seven per cent, currency	25,000 00

ASSETS.	
19,486 flasks of Quicksilver in agents hands, at present cash value, \$33 00	643,038 00
Working capital consisting of ore extracted, materials and miscellaneous property at the mines not appertaining to the real estate or covered by mortgage, as per inventory	218,513 15

The total value of the real estate, with improvements, and all personal property at New Almaden, and in San Francisco, belonging to the company, excluding the mine, but including the items above specified among the assets, amounts, by the inventory returned to the company, December 31st, to the sum of \$572,175 95.

By an examination of these accounts, it will appear that at \$33 per flask for the remaining stock of quicksilver unsold (the average price for that sold under existing contract having equalled \$36 per flask), the financial condition of the company is improved \$143,979 23 since December 31, 1867, of which \$50,012 were paid in settlement of the Hepburn claim, to perfect the title to the property.

BALANCE SHEET, DECEMBER 31ST.		
	Gold.	Currency.
Convertible bond stock	\$	\$141,000 00
Real estate mining property, etc.	1,152,230 43	9,595,645 17
Houses and lands	150,307 80	
Railroad	85,855 00	
Furnaces	117,500 00	
Machinery and tools	44,652 35	
Materials and supplies	129,921 70	
Miscellaneous property	15,203 10	1,000 00
Ore account	28,733 00	
Quicksilver, 19,486 flasks, at \$30	584,580 00	
G. F. Forest, Treasurer	56 61	1,322 39
Total	\$2,309,042 99	\$10,038,967 56
Capital stock	\$	\$10,000,000 00
First Mortgage Bonds	560,000 00	
Second	1,000,000 00	
S. F. Butterworth, Manager		
Advance Account	\$448,178 00	
Call Loans	168,116 79	
Draft account	2,000 00	
Bills payable		25,000 00
Income account	190,748 20	13,967 56
Total	\$2,309,042 99	\$10,038,967 56

WORKING ACCOUNT.	
Expenses.	
	Gold.
Mine pay roll	\$310,275 58
Haulage pay roll	45,818 90
Miscellaneous expenses	40,384 99
Working supplies	105,275 27
Total expenses	\$501,754 74
Balance profit to income account	245,306 62
Total	\$747,061 36

Earnings.	
	Gold.
Product—25,628 flasks of Quicksilver, at \$30	\$768,840
Less ore account reduced	90,667
	\$678,173 00
Profit over \$30, on sales of 5,056 flasks	30,562 71
Profit on purchases and sales of 2,764 flasks	13,924 22
Rents, privileges, &c.	24,401 43
Total	\$747,061 36

DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD.—The report for the year ending 31st December, 1868, shows that the gross traffic and rents for the year were \$1,718,093, 72, being \$43,214 42 less than those of 1867. The working expenses, taxes and insurance were \$1,013,686 06, being \$21,116 96 greater than those of 1867. The net revenue is \$704,457 66, being \$69,395 26 greater than that of 1866, and \$64,331 38 less than that of 1867. This has been applied to the interest on the bonded debt existing prior to 1866, \$368,685 80; in part towards interest on bonds of June 30, 1866, \$53,550; to sundry discounts and exchanges, \$5,670 27; to new works and rolling stock, \$8,899 37; to rebuilding on account of the fire in April, 1866, \$1,571 52; to new cars on same account, \$93 08; to payment for baggage and merchandise consumed in that fire, \$20,573 15; to old debts of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railway Company, for supplies, \$3,588 71; to redemption of bonds issued to the Commercial Bank of Canada, 30th June, 1866, \$100,000; and on account of dividend to Great Western Railway Company of Canada, on preference shares, \$73,325; the whole exclusive of interest and dividend, amounting to \$211,725 78; and after deducting the amount received for insurance on the steamer "Milwaukee," less paid for losses of through freight and baggage, being net, \$36,717 96, to \$175,007 82. The balance to credit of Net Revenue \$31st December, 1867, was \$75,210 84, and the balance to credit of that account 31st December, 1868, is \$103,429 61.

The total amount paid on account of the fire of April, 1866, is \$368,129 74 (less received for insurance, \$49,766 66). All of the second, mortgage bonds, due 15th May, 1866, have been extended to 15th May, 1875, except \$3,500, which have not been presented; and all the funded coupon bonds due 1st January, 1866, have been extended to the same date except \$8,217 50, not yet presented. Of the coupon bonds due 15th November, 1868, \$263,592 50 have been extended to the same date, and the remainder will be extended from time to time, as presented.

The bonded debt and stock of the company may be seen on reference to our tables of Railroad Bonds and Stocks on a subsequent page.

The following is a comparative statement of the receipts and expenses for the last five years :

Years.	Receipts.	Work'g Ex.	Per Cent. on Gross Re's.	Total Rev. including Taxes & Ins.	Per Cent. on Gross Re's.	Net Rev. Balance.
1864....	\$1,323,402	\$834,226	63.03	\$489,176	66.84	\$438,644
1865....	1,691,735	939,570	55.54	1,000,750	59.15	690,984
1866....	1,659,217	959,023	57.79	1,024,155	61.72	635,062
1867....	1,761,308	937,711	53.23	992,519	56.35	768,789
1868....	1,718,093	956,898	55.69	1,013,636	58.99	704,456

And the number of passengers and tons of freight carried during each of those years, together with the gross earnings therefrom, are as follows :

Years.	PASSENGERS.		FREIGHT AND LIVE STOCKS.		TOTAL. Passenger and Freight Rec's.
	Number.	Receipts.	No. tons, including weight of Live stock.	Receipts excluding Storage, &c.	
1864....	403,901	\$661,827	165,371	\$618,919	\$1,280,746
1865....	439,964	842,372	189,427	806,196	1,648,569
1866....	439,453½	794,952	278,810	813,792	1,608,745
1867....	468,004	827,189	258,409	848,532	1,675,721
1868....	438,394½	754,361	287,729	901,404	1,655,765

Governor Palmer, of Illinois, has signed the bill passed by the Legislature authorizing the Railroad Companies in the State to divide their Boards of Directors into three classes, the term of office of the first class to expire on the day of the annual election for officers next ensuing, the second class one year thereafter, and the third class two years thereafter. At each annual election after such classification the stockholders shall elect for a term of three years a number of directors equal to the number in the class whose term expires on the day of election.

Four thousand shares of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad have been purchased by Baltimore capitalists, and the control of the road has passed into Baltimore interests. Baltimore has now the control of transportation via the Chesapeake from Baltimore to Wilmington.

The Chicago and Alton Railroad Company intend laying an additional track from Alton to Springfield, and also east to St. Louis. The work of grading, widening the cuts, and forming embankments, etc., is to be commenced at once.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is called to the business card of Messrs. H. C. Hardy & Son, Bankers and Brokers, No. 4 Wall street, and also to the advertisement by them of the twenty year eight per cent first mortgage bonds of the Dismal Swamp Canal, a work which cost before the war over a million of dollars, and upon which the small amount of \$200,000 only is to be put as a mortgage lien.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividend has been declared during the past week :

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroads				
Hudson River.....	4	April 15	Company's Office.	April 7.
Panama (gold).....	6	April 5	Company's Office.	Mar. 26
Pittsburg, Ft W. & Chicago	2½	April 26	Company's Office.	Apr. 12
Oil Creek & Alleghany.....	2½	April 1.	Company's Office.	

FRIDAY, March 26, 1869, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The last bank statement was in its chief features favorable. The currency portion of the deposits showed an increase of \$3,200,000, which indicated a continuance of the reflux of currency to this centre which set in the previous week. The week opened with a more settled feeling, in consequence of this improved condition of the banks, and money was easily obtained on call at 7 per cent. Later, owing to a very active speculation in stocks and gold, there was an excessive shifting of loans, which in connection with rumors of a purpose to "lock up" greenbacks, produced an unsettled feeling, and for the last few days the rate on call loans has been fully 7 per cent, and in many cases seven per cent in gold. Philadelphia exchange has ruled against this city; and as the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company have recently negotiated a sterling loan through New York bankers, a considerable amount has been remitted to the office of the Company at Philadelphia. Remittances of currency have also been made to Boston and Baltimore. It is probable that the outflow of currency on these accounts has exceeded the receipts from other points, and as the banks of the near by States are likely to call home deposits next week, preparatory to April settlements, the week closes with a condition of the market verging upon stringency

and with anticipations of a decided activity next week. To-day being Good Friday, and a holiday among brokers, there has been very little business at the banks; early in the morning, however, there was considerable calling in of loans, which were replaced in some cases at 7 per cent in gold.

The discount market shows considerable firmness. Merchants are at present throwing a considerable amount of paper on the market, and owing to the backwardness of Western collections are pressing for money. The banks are not free buyers, and outside purchasers do not care to discount below 10@12 per cent for average prime names; exceptional transactions are reported at 9 per cent.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes :

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	7	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	9@12
Loans on bonds & mortg. months.....	7	do single names.....	10@12
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months.....	8@9	Lower grades.....	12@15

UNITED STATES BONDS.—In government securities there has been a marked reaction from the late activity, attended with a slight decline in prices. The purchases of foreign bankers for shipment have so glutted the exchange market that bond bills have sold at very low figures, good names being negotiated with difficulty at 108@108½. This class of dealers have consequently suspended buying, and are holding their bonds until an improvement in the rate for bills encourages the renewal of shipments. The large amount of bonds placed recently upon the foreign markets has somewhat depressed prices abroad, which also has had a tendency to keep the market here quiet. The possibility of money being more or less stringent about the beginning of April has made dealers generally indifferent about buying, and indeed disposed to encourage lower prices. It is significant, however, that under these adverse influences there has been no special effort to put down the market, none apparently thinking it safe to sell bonds which they are not prepared to deliver. Among leading dealers there is an idea that, after these temporary occasions of weakness, the market will recover its late elasticity, with a fresh advance throughout the list. The foreign bankers are very generally of opinion that the effect of the public credit bill upon foreign investors has not yet exhausted its force, and that after the bonds sent out lately have been distributed, prices will further advance and more bonds be required. In some quarters, it is confidently anticipated that the Secretary of the Treasury will early call for proposals for the sale of bonds for gold, which, to a certain extent, is an element of strength.

To day being Good Friday and a holiday, at the Boards there has been no business on which to base quotations, and we therefore give the prices of yesterday.

The following are the closing prices of leading government securities, compared with preceding weeks :

	Feb. 19.	Feb. 26	Mar. 5.	Mar. 12.	Mar. 19.	Mar. 25
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	113%	115%	116%	116%	116%	116%
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coup.....	114%	117%	119	120	119	118%
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	111%	113%	115	115	114%	114%
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	111%	115	116%	117%	117	116%
U. S. 5 20's, 1865, July cpn	110%	112	113%	113%	113%	113%
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, coup.	110%	112%	113%	113%	113%	113%
U. S. 5-20's, 1868, ".....	110%	112	113%	113%	113%	113%
U. S. 10-40's, ".....	109%	110%	xc.105%	105%	105%	105%

STATE BONDS.—This class of securities has been neglected, owing to the diversion of speculation to the railroads. The border State securities are forsaken, for the moment, by speculative dealers, with a view to allowing them to sink to a low figure preparatory to an advance movement when the money market becomes more settled. North Carolina Sixes have been especially weak, declining 1½ within the week. Alabama's and Louisiana's have been exceptionally firm, in sympathy with the present tendency toward increased confidence in everything connected with the South.

The following are the prices of State bonds, compared with those of preceding weeks :

	Mar. 25	Mar. 25.	
Tennessee Sixes, x. c.....	65%	Louisiana Eigh's, levee.....	85
Tennessee Sixes, new.....	64%	Alabama Fives.....	67
North Carolina Sixes, old.....	60%	Alabama Eights.....	98
North Carolina Sixes, x. c.....	57%	Georgia Sixes.....	62%
Virginia Sixes, old.....	55%	Georgia Sevens.....	92%
Virginia Sixes, new.....	60%	Missouri Sixes.....	87%
Louisiana Sixes.....	71%	do H. & S. J. iss.....	88%
Louisiana Sixes, levee.....	68%		

RAILROAD MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The stock market has been unusually active, and prices on the whole higher. The market appears to have been considerably oversold upon the supposition that an active money market about the beginning of April would naturally force down prices. The clique holders of stocks, availing themselves of this condition of the market, have called in

their loaned stocks and thus compelled a large amount of buying, with a consequent advance in prices. It is presumed that, at the same time, the cliques have been sellers, with an intention of depressing the market next week and thereby getting back their stocks at lower figures; it remains to be ascertained how far this assumption is correct. New York Central has figured most conspicuously in these operations. The "short" interest in the stock, at the beginning of the week was estimated at 100,000 shares. With a view to frightening the time sellers into covering their contracts, the Company on Wednesday suddenly began to pay interest upon the dividend certificates, and the price advanced to about 165; an aggrieved stockholder, however, procured from Judge Ingraham an injunction restraining the Company from paying the interest, but not until about one-half of the amount had been paid. This moreover only temporarily depressed the price of the stock, it being understood that arrangements had been made at Albany for the passing of still legalizing the certificates. Pacific Mail has been very active, fluctuating between 92½@86½. Rock Island and the Northwestern shares have been active and higher, the latter advancing in sympathy with the largely increased earnings of the road. The St. Paul stocks have been especially strong, ranging 1½@2 per cent above the figures of last week. The cliques appear to be shaping their affairs with a view to an active spring speculation in the direction of higher prices.

The following were the closing quotations of the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Feb. 5.	Feb. 12.	Feb. 26.	Mar. 5.	Mar. 12.	Mar. 19.	Mar. 25.
Cumberland Coal	37	37½	37½	37½	37½	35½	35
Quicksilver	23½	23½	24½	24½	24½	20½	20
Canton Co.	59	59	59	59	59	59	59
Mariposa pref.	25½	28½	31½	33½	33½	34½	34½
Pacific Mail	117	113½	101½	100	99½	91½	88½
New York Central	161½	164½	164½ x.d.	158½	159½	159½	162½
Erie	38	36½	36½	36½	37½	33½	33½
Hudson River	135½	136½	136	136½	139½	139½	138½
Reading	95½	94½	92½	90½	91½	92½	91½
Mich. Southern	98½	94½	97½	95½	97½	96½	96½
Michigan Central	120	119½	118	118	117½	115	117
Clev. and Pittsb.	93½	92½	91½	89½	89½	88½	88½
Clev. and Toledo	104½	105½	105½	104½	105½	106½	106½
Northwestern	84½	83½	82½	81½	81½	84½	84½
" preferred	92½	91½	91	89½	91	92½	92½
Rock Island	132	131	126½	126	128½	128½	132½
Fort Wayne	118½	117½	122½	117½	118½	120½	122½
Illinois Central	148½	140½	140½	140½	140½	139½	138
Ohio & Miss.	87	85½	84	83½	83½	82½	82½
Milw. & St. Paul	64½ x.d.	65½ x.d.	65½ x.d.	66½	66½	69½	71½
" pref	70½ x.d.	74½ x.d.	74½ x.d.	78½	78½	79½	80½
Tol., Wab. & W'n	66½ x.d.	66½ x.d.	66½ x.d.	66	66½	67½	67

THE GOLD MARKET.—The chief feature in gold, during the week, has been the calling in of a large amount of loaned coin and the holding it off the market, with a view apparently to compelling these who have sold for future delivery to buy. The effect was to enhance the loaning rate to very high figures, as much as ½ per cent per day "for borrowing" having been paid; but the premium has remained comparatively stationary, the low rates of exchange and the expectation of a continued supply of bond bills having produced an indisposition to buy. As usual at this season, the foreign merchants are largely "short" on gold; and as the present stock on the market is very low, the larger bidders make it their policy to compel borrowers to pay high rates on their loans. There appears to be some ground for expecting that the Secretary of the Treasury will early put coin on the market, either by paying the May interest before maturity or by exchanging gold for bonds through public proposals.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Quotations.				Total clearings.	Balances.	
	Open.	Low.	High.	Clos.		Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, March 20	131	130½	131½	131	122,682,000	\$3,874,137	\$5,392,115
Monday, "	131½	131	131½	131½	73,851,000	1,860,029	2,452,247
Tuesday, "	131	131	131½	131½	60,402,000	1,471,710	2,223,359
Wednesday, "	131½	131½	131½	131½	107,245,000	4,830,473	6,692,521
Thursday, "	131½	131	131½	131½	104,673,000	3,582,005	4,747,323
Friday, "	131	131	131½	131½	(Good Friday.)		
Current week	131	130½	131½	131	468,856,000	15,622,354	21,507,375
Previous week	131½	130½	131½	131	487,772,000	3,952,542	15,002,671
Jan. 1 '69, to date	124½	130½	131½	131½			

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, Mar. 20, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California	\$351,293
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	175,390
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York	380,416

Reported new supply thrown on market	\$907,999
Withdrawn for export	\$181,332
Withdrawn for customs	3,101,162
" " "	2,282,494

Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply	2,376,395
Specie in banks on Saturday, March 13	\$17,358,671
Specie in banks on Saturday, March 20	15,213,306
Decrease of specie in banks	\$2,145,365

Excess of reported supply unaccounted for.....
Supply received from unreported sources..... 230,030

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The market has been weak under the large supply of bills against shipments of bonds. The best bankers' 60 days sterling has sold on the street as low as 108½, but at the close there is a somewhat firmer feeling. Cotton and local produce bills continue very scarce.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks

	March 5.	March 12.	March 19.	March 26.
London Comm'l.	108½@108½	108½@108½	108 @ 108½	108 @ 108½
do bkrs' lng	108½@108½	108½@108½	108½@108	108½@108½
do do shrt.	109½@109½	109½@109½	108½@109	108½@109
Paris, long	5.20 @5.17½	5.18½@5.17½	5.21½@5.20	5.20 @5.19½
do short	5.17½@5.16½	5.15½@5.17	5.18½@5.17½	5.17½@5.16½
Antwerp	5.21½@5.20	5.20 @5.18½	5.22½@5.21½	5.22½@5.21½
Swiss	5.21½@5.20	5.20 @5.18½	5.22½@5.21½	5.22½@5.21½
Hamburg	35½@ 35½	86 @ 36½	35½@ 35½	35½@ 36
Amsterdam	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½
Frankfort	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½	40½@ 40½
Bremen	78½@ 78½	78½@ 78½	78½@ 78½	78½@ 78½
Berlin	71½@ 71½	71½@ 71½	71½@ 71½	71½@ 71½

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
Mar. 15	\$426,490 84	\$971,163 62	\$1,467,569 95	\$1,703,874
" 16	659,416 31	1,131,155 68	4,478,932 83	2,072,016
" 17	510,766 78	1,052,609 28	1,500,226 75	735,044
" 18	567,361 66	900,282 12	1,235,990 91	487,075
" 19	412,971 61	667,501 15	1,740,645 65	1,389,728
" 20	383,994 46	643,464 77	893,276 58	2,420,482
Total	\$2,993,001 66	\$5,366,276 63	\$11,321,642 72	\$11,321,642 72
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of March 15			87,787,075 31	
Deduct payments during the week			\$99,103,718 03	
Balance on Saturday evening			5,366,276 63	
Increase during the week			\$93,742,441 40	
Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$418,600. Included in the receipts of customs were \$102,122 in gold, and \$2,890,879 in Gold Certificates.			5,955,366 09	

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on March 20, 1869:

BANKS.	AVERAGE AMOUNT OF					
	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.	Legal Tenders.
New York	\$3,000,000	\$9,136,927	\$3,398,071	\$921,645	\$7,618,184	\$1,703,874
Manhattan	2,050,000	5,702,304	231,055	10,427	3,417,297	951,817
Merchants	3,000,000	6,655,425	1,419,922	887,733	5,800,948	2,072,016
Mechanics	1,500,000	5,577,381	418,917	565,861	3,917,317	735,044
Union	2,000,000	4,021,908	148,511	48,921	2,172,371	487,075
America	3,000,000	7,619,970	1,048,188	1,095	5,890,525	1,389,728
Phoenix	1,800,000	4,237,418	313,565	550,205	2,695,617	420,482
City	1,000,000	4,769,590	705,799		3,437,268	186,667
Tradesmen's	1,000,000	2,476,521	30,960	777,700	1,507,671	583,668
Fulton	600,000	2,301,010	208,335		1,715,676	499,487
Chemical	300,000	6,621,959	409,151		4,725,817	1,158,433
Merchants' Exchange	1,235,000	3,391,338	64,388	451,134	2,702,939	827,850
National	1,500,000	3,098,929	118,468	488,787	1,084,726	303,870
Butchers'	800,000	2,502,000	73,900	263,400	1,807,700	430,360
Mechanics and Traders'	600,000	2,356,750	30,417	195,720	1,783,718	465,702
Greenwich	200,000	1,087,438		3,269	764,086	125,651
Leather Manuf. National	600,000	2,994,864	215,673	265,959	1,913,712	715,752
Seventh Ward, National	500,000	1,319,693	63,531	175,404	815,361	299,572
State of New York	2,000,000	4,428,399	412,596	400,000	3,483,900	1,463,881
American Exchange	5,000,000	9,815,536	543,846	984,198	4,385,401	945,560
Commerce	10,000,000	22,967,577	261,765	5,910,350	5,067,271	5,033,379
Broadway	1,000,000	6,320,048	93,941	900,000	4,819,216	1,415,906
Ocean	1,000,000	8,384,654	117,767	798,325	2,184,833	651,324
Mercantile	1,000,000	3,280,335	45,103	481,508	2,581,411	723,474
Pacific	422,700	1,771,267	11,091	134,817	1,350,408	562,450
Republic	2,000,000	5,066,472	612,903	855,050	3,323,527	438,052
Chatham	450,000	2,262,008	100,693	131,939	2,800,049	525,293
People's	412,500	1,366,372	40,577	5,999	1,232,923	298,389
North American	1,000,000	2,303,533	87,295	333,000	1,978,921	520,833
Hanover	1,000,000	2,303,533	85,068	290,561	1,231,600	314,952
Irving	500,000	1,741,000	12,000	192,766	1,502,000	437,000
Metropolitan	4,000,000	10,365,434	673,091	2,207,942	4,220,138	1,179,000
Citizens	400,000	1,639,711	23,264	130,573	1,233,480	376,523
Nassau	1,000,000	2,052,054	29,761	4,094	1,679,060	259,324
Market	1,000,000	2,915,258	183,759	591,484	1,876,703	435,778
St. Nicholas	1,000,000	2,566,371	52,454	751,745	1,514,056	509,681
Shoe and Leather	1,500,000	3,780,000	15,121	930,887	1,881,800	760,000
Corn Exchange	1,000,000	2,731,965	53,204	6,185	1,296,231	180,000
Continental	2,000,000	3,938,411	204,572	594,486	2,068,010	481,000
Commonwealth	750,000	2,829,560	26,077	239,127	2,577,015	681,703
Oriental	800,000	1,451,881	10,075	5,285	1,177,131	268,208
Marine	400,000	1,735,530	114,320	390,060	1,519,960	559,960
Atlantic	800,000	1,251,384	51,077	99,413	916,824	250,532
Importers and Traders'	1,500,000	8,874,252	167,644	605,571	6,933,60	1,851,456
Park	2,000,000	13,725,717	76,795	1,033,000	14,920,704	3,162,232
Mechanics' Banking Ass.	500,000	1,111,321	10,167	505,939	1,077,519	888,271
Grocers'	800,000	905,938	17,939	59,250	861,889	302,718
North River	400,000	1,203,843	27,188	11,144	1,109,214	258,846
East River	350,000	1,025,259	7,188	283,500	551,565	231,726
Manufacturers & Mer.	500,000	1,190,687	10,030	698	819,935	156,347
Fourth National	5,000,000	16,829,798	414,577	2,928,021	13,126,265	3,584,997
Central National	3,000,000	11,839,134	161,052	1,790,100	10,341,302	3,021,639
Second National	800,000	1,310,226		270,000	1,075,580	360,785
Ninth National	1,000,000	5,418,244	113,433	832,751	5,062,934	1,493,172
First National	500,000	4,326,451	39,265	381,499	4,578,758	1,194,974
Third National	1,000,000	4,977,778	45,701	795,126	3,400,445	1,023,869
New York N. Exchange	300,000	938,5				

Table with columns: Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, Aggregate Clearings. Rows include dates from Nov. 7 to Mar. 20.

Table with columns: Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Central, Bank of Republic, Exchange. Rows include dates from Nov. 7 to Mar. 20.

* This column includes amounts due to banks.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, and Circulation.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table with columns: Date, Loans, Specie, Legal Tend., Deposits, Circula. Rows include dates from Nov. 2 to March 23.

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, March 22, 1869.

Table with columns: Banks, Capita., Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, Circula. Lists various banks like Atlantic, Atlas, Blackstone, etc.

* Not received.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Deposits, and Circulation.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past

Table with columns: Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, Circulation. Rows include dates from Dec. 7 to March 22.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, March 22, 1869 :

Table with columns: Banks, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Deposits, Circulation. Lists banks like Philadelphia, North America, Farmers' & Mech., etc.

BANK STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, CAPITAL, DIVIDEND, FREIGHT. Lists various companies and their stock details.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, MARCH 26, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK

Table with columns for Stocks and Securities, Week's Sales, and various stock types including National, State, Bank Stocks, Railroad Stocks, and Railroad Bonds. Includes sub-sections like 'National', 'State', 'Bank Stocks', 'Railroad Stocks', and 'Railroad Bonds'.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, FRIDAY, and Bid. Ask. It lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous stocks with their respective financial details and market prices.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 1.

Bond List Page 2 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and Principal payable. It lists various railroad and miscellaneous bonds with their respective terms and prices.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

Quotations by J. M. Welth & Co., 15 New Street and 70 Broadway.

Table of Southern Securities including State Securities (Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, etc.), City Securities (Alexandria, Atlanta, etc.), and Railroad Securities (Alabama, Georgia, etc.).

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table of Petroleum Stock List with columns for Companies, Bid, and Ask prices.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table of Gold and Silver Mining Stock List with columns for Companies, Bid, and Ask prices.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table of Insurance Stock List including company names, capital, net assets, dividends, and last paid dates.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table of Copper Mining Stock List with columns for Companies, Bid, and Ask prices.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares. § Capital of Lake Superior company generally \$500,000 in 20,000

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1868 and 1869:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings (1868, 1869), Earn. p. m. (1868, 1869). Rows include Chicago and N. West'n., Chicago, R. Isl. & Pac., Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and Western Union.

ERIE RAILWAY STATEMENT.—The undersigned, President and Treasurer of the Erie Railway Company respectfully reports:

First—That the exact amount of common stock of said company outstanding March 19, 1869, and now, is \$7,765,300.
Second—That the exact amount of preferred stock of said company outstanding at same date was \$3,536,910.
Third—That the funded debt of said company was at the same time as follows:
First mortgage bonds \$3,000,000
Second mortgage bonds 4,000,000
Third mortgage bonds 6,000,000
Fourth mortgage bonds 4,441,000
Fifth mortgage bonds 926,500
Buffalo Branch mortgage bonds 186,400
Sterling convertible bonds 4,844,400
Fourth—The floating debt of the said company is so fluctuating and uncertain from day to day, from its obligation due for supplies and labor, that it is impossible to state the amount with any degree of accuracy.
Dated New York, March 22, 1869.

(Signed) JAY GOULD, President and Treasurer of the Erie Railroad.

Sworn to before W. H. Morgan, Notary Public.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company has obtained by purchase and is now operating the short line of railroad extending from Keokuk northward to Fort Madison twenty five miles, and known heretofore as the Keokuk and St. Paul Railway. The road will be extended this season to Burlington, and will thus give its purchaser a direct line to Keokuk about 250 miles long, and 30 miles shorter than any route now operated.

The lease of the Columbus and Xenia Railroad to the Little Miami Railroad Company has been ratified. It guarantees to the stockholders of the Columbus and Xenia Road dividends of 7 per cent annually, and 8 per cent upon the condition that the entire management and earnings in excess of 8 per cent be surrendered to the Little Miami Road.

ATLANTIC AND LAKE ONTARIO RAILROAD.—The recent combination of the Railroad Lines between the seaboard and Lake Ontario, namely, the Morris and Essex, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Syracuse and Binghamton, and the Oswego and Syracuse, for the purpose of convenience, is termed the Atlantic and Lake Ontario route. The capital stock and funded and floating debt of these lines amounts to \$31,346,550. Their equipment is as follows: Locomotives, 171; passenger and mail cars 124; freight cars, 1,480; coal cars, 6,772. The gauge of the the Syracuse and Binghamton, and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroads is six feet. That of the Oswego and Syracuse is 4 feet 8 1/2 inches, but one year ago a third rail was laid (at a cost of \$251,350) to accommodate the wide gauge cars.

The Cleveland and Toledo and Lake Shore Railroad were formally consolidated on the 19th, at the joint meeting of the two boards at Cleveland. The directors of the new Company (now styled the Lake Shore Railway Company) have declared a dividend on both stocks of 10 per cent in 7 per cent 3-year bonds. Stockholders registered in New York will receive their dividends at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company. The transfer books close April 1; the dividend is payable on the 20th of April.

The Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad is likely to remain indefinitely under the management of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, according to the terms of the lease made some time ago. At the meeting of the stockholders held at Dubuque last Monday the lease of the road to the Illinois Central Railroad Company was confirmed by a large majority.

The Southside (Va.) Railroad Company has lately issued about \$2,000,000 of new bonds. Of this amount \$1,200,000 will be applied to the redemption of the old bonds of the company. The balance will be expended in ballasting the track and relaying it with heavy rail. The work has already been commenced and twelve miles of new iron laid down on that part of the road next to Lynchburg.

The act to enable the Savannah and Charleston Railroad Company to complete their road became a law without the signature of the Governor by the expiration of the constitutional limit of thirty days, in which it should have been returned.

A special dispatch from Omaha says the Union Pacific Railroad will commence carrying passengers and mails to Ogden, 1,034 miles west from Omaha, on Thursday next.

For other railroad items see "COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS" on a previous page.

EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Table showing earnings for Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, Illinois Central, and Marietta and Cincinnati for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Chicago & Northwestern earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Illinois Central earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Marietta and Cincinnati earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Michigan Central earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Mich. So. & N. Indiana earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Milwaukee & St. Paul earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Ohio & Mississippi earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

St. L. Alton & T. Haute earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Toledo, W. b. & Western earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

Western Union earnings for 1867, 1868, and 1869.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 26.

There has been this week a marked revival in business, checked somewhat to-day by the observance of Good Friday, but very decided in the previous two days.

Cotton has improved both in price and demand. Breadstuffs are firmer, and in some cases more active.

Hides and Leather have been steady, with a moderate business.

There has been much excitement and activity in Petroleum based on firmer accounts from abroad, and from the producing regions, but with some reaction at the close.

East India Goods are firmer for Hemp and Gunny Cloth, with more doing, and Seed, Bags, Saltpetre, &c., quite firm.

Metals have shown great activity in Iron and Copper, with a fair business in Tin, Lead, and Spelter—prices ruling firm in all cases, except for Copper, in which at some concession the sales for present and future delivery amount to about five million pounds.

Fish and Fruit have been weak. Hops less active and close heavy. Hay in fair demand. Whiskey unchanged.

Wool has been quiet, but prices rule firm, assortments are not attractive, and buyers hold off.

Freights have been very dull, and rates are low and unsettled: some grain has been taken on steamer's account.

Provisions show activity and buoyancy in all hog products. The annual statement of packing operations show a falling off in the number of hogs slaughtered, which is partially made good by an increase of average weights, but still there is a small deficiency.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1868, have been as follows:

Table with 7 columns: This week, Since Jan. 1, Same time '68, and three columns for various commodities like Ashes, Breadstuffs, Flour, etc.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, show the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1869.

Large table with multiple columns: ARTICLES, EXPORTS SINCE JANUARY 1 TO, and Total Total since Same this January 1, time 1868. Lists various export categories and their values.

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, show the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the last week, since Jan. 1, 1869, and for the corresponding period in 1868:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.
China, Glass and Earthenware—				Metals, &c—			
China.....	174	1,598	.....	Cutlery.....	115	1,001	1,019
Earthenware.....	2,663	8,514	.....	Hardware.....	113	1,333	1,556
Glass.....	21,348	83,491	.....	Iron, in R bars.....	7,663	77,399	61,312
Glassware.....	588	2,071	.....	Lead, pigs.....	13,183	107,711	90,047
Glass plate.....	152	2,215	.....	Spelter, lbs.....	168,268	2,772,859	584,759
Buttons.....	124	1,686	1,955	Steel.....	2,725	36,334	39,246
Coal, tons.....	146	6,127	11,843	Tin, boxes.....	20,754	286,639	76,739
Cocoa, bags.....	146	5,271	3,587	Tin slabs, lbs.....	82,993	1,191,747	331,621
Coffee, bags.....	9,070	227,216	218,962	Rags.....	22	29,683	8,259
Cotton, bales.....	50	307	46	Sugar, hhd's, tcs & bbls.....	5,343	35,949	52,498
Rugs, &c.—				Sugars, boxes & bags.....	18,265	195,454	172,663
Bark, Peruvian.....	1,767	5,531	3,331	Tea.....	17,166	240,409	383,858
Blea powders.....	1,484	4,855	6,19	Tobacco.....	100	11,320	6,212
Brimstone, tons.....	85	4,029	1,690	Waste.....	74	357	249
Cochineal.....	112	575	589	Wines, &c—			
Cream Tartar.....	.....	572	339	Champag'e, bks.....	3,133	27,420	16,964
Gambier.....	.....	6,090	.....	Wines.....	536	20,490	15,434
Gums, crude.....	1	44	98	Wool, bales.....	1,39	11,012	7,891
Gum, Arabic.....	1	554	1,294	Articles reported by value—			
Indigo.....	209	1,834	1,103	Cigars.....	\$19,909	\$166,883	\$102,722
Madder.....	10	2,529	2,221	Corks.....	15	21,811	38,898
Oils, essence.....	3	55	191	Fancy goods.....	44,737	435,044	252,046
Oil, Olive.....	221	4,370	6,806	Fish.....	30,274	152,561	103,165
Opium.....	.....	283	229	Fruits, &c—			
Soda, bi-carb.....	3,217	20,853	18,384	Lemons.....	7,988	46,161	4,279
Soda, sal.....	600	3,772	11,102	Oranges.....	47,516	250,197	192,747
Soda, ash.....	1,241	6,358	6,644	Nuts.....	13,900	223,378	141,248
Flax.....	3	295	331	Raisins.....	.....	475,733	514,018
Furs.....	158	1,24	897	Hides undressed.....	215,273	2,562,127	2,364,059
Gunny cloth.....	.....	2,990	4,15	Rice.....	.....	48,746	103,519
Hair.....	85	2,534	1,575	Spices, &c—			
Hemp, bales.....	839	25,007	30,637	Cassia.....	.....	86,889	26,653
Hides, &c—				Ginger.....	.....	6,558	4,891
Bristles.....	93	378	81	Pepper.....	607	58,211	673
Hides, dressed.....	419	3,621	1,939	Saltpetre.....	2,637	29,687	100
India rubber.....	438	9,58	8,561	Woods—			
Ivory.....	875	1,016	751	Cork.....	799	39,980	.....
Jewelry, &c—				Fustic.....	6,678	24,205	32,997
Jewelry.....	64	532	620	Logwood.....	10,942	107,072	98,555
Watches.....	29	238	25	Mahogany.....	42	21,577	19,615
Linseed.....	1,731	124,007	131,362				
Molasses.....	1,701	31,421	33,40				

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 26, 1869.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, March 26. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the seven days have reached 32,099 bales, (against 34,887 bales last week, 37,711 bales the previous week, and 44,589 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1868 up to this date, 1,974,376 bales, against 1,973,908 bales for the same period in 1867, being an excess this season over last season of 468 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1867 are as follows:

Received this week at—	1869.	1868.	Received this week at—	1869.	1868.
New Orleans..... bales.	9,990	13,275	Florida..... bales.	293	297
Mobile.....	2,519	2,927	North Carolina.....	321	331
Charleston.....	3,200	3,690	Virginia.....	2,563	5,393
Savannah.....	5,303	7,481	Total receipts.....	32,099	44,825
Texas.....	3,648	2,284	Decrease this year.....	.....	12,726
Tennessee, &c.....	4,352	9,157			

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 29,062 bales, of which 20,300 were to Great Britain, and 8,762 bales to the Continent, while the stocks at all the ports as made up this evening, are now 415,007 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

Week ending	Exported to—		Total	Same week	Stock—
March 26.	Great Britain.	Continent.	this week.	1868.	1868.
New Orleans.....	9,836	6,642	16,478	24,931	80,212
Mobile.....	3,208	831	4,039	4,373	35,599
Charleston.....	.....	196	196	6,886	19,246
Savannah.....	.....	956	956	2,883	41,594
Texas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55,143
New York.....	6,456	137	6,593	5,607	82,543
Other ports.....	800	.....	800	2,502	25,170
Total.....	20,300	8,762	29,062	46,682	339,407
Total since Sept 1.....	632,726	322,832	955,558	1,272,554	.....

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is a decrease in the exports this week of 17,620 bales, while the stocks to-night are 75,600 bales more than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to-night, as

we cannot insure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary by telegraph:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS SINCE SEPT. 1.		EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				Shipments to Nor. Ports.	Stock.
	1868.	1867.	Great Britain	France	Other Foreign	Total.		
New Orleans.....	697,410	512,112	214,135	116,821	80,617	411,073	167,803	144,415
Mobile.....	191,608	325,686	88,208	12,580	5,734	106,522	28,709	49,742
Charleston.....	163,737	213,342	31,522	.....	1,908	33,430	113,530	18,559
Savannah.....	295,504	437,933	74,920	12,143	9,119	96,182	153,377	45,020
Texas.....	115,049	59,341	34,514	.....	.....	14,661	49,178	15,357
New York.....	80,066	91,424	156,843	14,775	41,994	213,612	.....	121,179
Florida.....	14,114	26,391	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,512	.....
North Carolina.....	3,280	31,162	.....	.....	.....	.....	32,280	.....
Virginia.....	127,849	137,409	4,481	.....	.....	4,481	118,787	4,631
Other ports*.....	224,660	151,682	8,560	.....	5,630	14,190	.....	29,000
Total this year.....	1942,277	.....	613,183	155,819	159,666	923,668	662,839	427,908
Total last year.....	.....	1886,482	398,553	146,507	180,795	125,860	617,166	312,895

*Under this head we have added the overland shipments direct to manufacturers to January 1.

The market this week has been more active and higher, under the improved Liverpool accounts, but closes to-day quiet but firm, with very little business doing, there being no European advices, as the foreign markets are closed to-day. Exporters have been the principal purchasers during all the week. On Saturday there was no change in the quotations, though the lower grades were obtained at a shade easier prices; Monday the sales were smaller, but holders were firmer and prices stronger, without being quotably higher; Tuesday prices remained firm, although there was still less doing; but on Wednesday, under better advices from Europe, our market became more active and prices advanced nearly 1/2 cent, and this advance was sustained yesterday, though towards the close last night there was less disposition to operate, the Liverpool accounts not being as favorable as at the opening. To-day, as stated above, there has been very little business, but cotton is strongly held, holders expressing and probably feeling as much confidence as at any period this season. Sales for forward delivery this week reach 1,950 bales, all Low Middling; on Saturday 300 bales were sold, of which 200 were for March, at 27 3/4c, and 100 for April at same price; on Monday the sales were 800 bales, 700 for March at 27 3/4c, and 100 for May at 28c; on Tuesday 450 bales were sold, 250 for April at 27 3/4c, and 200 for May at 28c; on Wednesday 200 bales for May at 28c; on Thursday 200 bales, 100 for April at 28 1/2c, and 100 on private terms: The total sales for immediate delivery this week foot up 18,024 bales (including 681 bales to arrive,) of which 3,950 bales were taken by spinners, 1,967 bales on speculation, 10,004 bales for export, and the following are the closing quotations, the market closing steady:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary.....	25 1/2 @.....	26 @.....	26 1/2 @.....	26 1/2 @.....
Good Ordinary.....	26 1/2 @.....	27 @.....	27 1/2 @.....	27 1/2 @.....
Low Middling.....	27 1/2 @.....	28 @.....	28 1/2 @.....	28 1/2 @.....
Middling.....	28 1/2 @.....	29 @.....	29 1/2 @.....	29 1/2 @.....

Below we give the sales for immediate delivery and price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Total sales.	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday.....	3,314	28 1/2 @.....	28 1/2 @.....	29 @.....	29 1/2 @.....
Monday.....	2,625	28 1/2 @.....	28 1/2 @.....	29 @.....	29 1/2 @.....
Tuesday.....	2,056	28 1/2 @.....	28 1/2 @.....	29 @.....	29 1/2 @.....
Wednesday.....	4,122	28 1/2 @29	29 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2
Thursday.....	4,673	28 1/2 @29	29 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2
Friday.....	1,234	28 1/2 @29	29 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2	29 1/2 @29 1/2

RECEIPTS.—The receipts continue very small. At Savannah there is a slight improvement, which is, however, at the expense of the interior stocks. It seems to be generally admitted that the Atlantic States are pretty thoroughly drained of cotton. Some claim that the supply in portions of the country tributary to New Orleans, and also in Texas, is in a less exhausted condition. The receipts, however, indicate that there cannot be any large amount to come forward even from those sections.

The exports of cotton this week from New York show a small increase, the total reaching 4,902 bales, against 2,529 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1868; and in the next column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1868

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date	Same time prev. year.
	March 2.	March 9.	March 16.	March 23.		
Liverpool.....	4,457	2,006	4,759	5,647	154,233	196,741
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,610	5,613
Total to Gt. Britain.	4,457	2,006	4,759	5,647	156,843	202,354
Havre.....	.....	209	.....	509	14,775	21,342
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203
Total French.....	.....	209	.....	509	14,775	21,545
Bremen and Hanover.....	303	14	73	120	23,681	28,732
Hamburg.....	648	300	70	49	15,189	9,245
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	293	5,490
Total to N. Europe.	951	314	143	169	39,168	43,467
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar & All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,498	2,172
					328	2,557
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,826	4,729
Grand Total.....	5,408	2,529	4,902	6,325	213,612	272,065

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1868:

RECEIPTS FROM	NEW YORK.		BOSTON.		PHILADELPHIA		BALTIMORE.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,199	81,430	.....	48,072	.....	5,767	.....	1,385
Texas.....	1,684	32,432	853	9,280	.....	.....	.....	298
Savannah.....	1,368	122,314	.....	1,444	303	11,234	223	10,622
Mobile.....	778	12,791	.....	4,970	.....	333	.....	50
Florida.....	211	6,259	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	1,691	90,212	172	8,919	183	4,833	256	14,245
North Carolina.....	349	24,610	.....	152	47	1,045	.....	2,188
Virginia.....	1,129	60,120	386	15,622	.....	.....	510	20,253
North'm Ports.....	216	8,993	983	53,573	.....	.....	.....	2
Tennessee, &c.....	2,518	79,970	562	26,873	673	15,527	401	10,787
Foreign.....	.....	288	.....	568	.....	.....	.....	38
Total this year.....	11,315	522,429	2,956	161,473	1,206	38,739	1,440	59,934
Total last year.....	17,414	511,831	9,585	165,141	1,165	23,584	3,024	78,293

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 15,758 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday, except Galveston, and the figures for that port are the exports for two weeks back. With regard to New York, we include the manifests only up to Tuesday night, to make the figures correspond with the official week. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers Baltimore 531..... Erin 2,491.....	5,647
Russia 521..... Manhattan 1,115 Tripoli 989.....	509
To Havre, per steamer Periere 509.....	49
To Hamburg, per steamer Germania 49.....	120
To Bremen, per steamer New York 120.....	3,127
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Record, 3,127.....	2,565
To Barcelona, per bark Centro de Exportacion, 713..... per ship Favorite 1,852.....	600
To Malaga, per ship Favorite, 600 (this same ship has, as part of her cargo, 1,852 bales to Barcelona, as noted above.....)	700
CHARLESTON—To Barcelona, per ship Olimpa, 700 Upland.....	566
GALVESTON—To Bremen, per brig Leopoldine, 566.....	742
BALTIMORE—To Liverpool, per bark Iron Queen, 89..... per ship Annapolis 653.....	484
BOSTON—To Liverpool, per steamer Tripoli, 478..... per schooner Onward 6 Sea Island.....	649
NORFOLK—To Liverpool, per steamer Gorilla, 649.....	.....

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week bales. 15,758

The particulars of these shipments arranged in our usual form, are as follow

From—	Liverpool.	Havre.	Hamburg.	Bremen.	Barcelona.	Malaga.	Total.
New York.....	5,647	509	49	120	.....	.....	6,325
New Orleans.....	3,127	.....	.....	.....	2,565	600	6,292
Charleston.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	700	.....	700
Galveston.....	.....	.....	.....	566	.....	.....	566
Baltimore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	742
Boston.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	484
Norfolk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	649
Total.....	10,649	509	49	686	3,265	600	15,758

GOLD EXCHANGE AND FREIGHTS.—Gold has fluctuated the past week between 130½ and 131½, and the close to-night was 131½. Foreign exchange closed dull but rather firmer at 108½@108¾ for prime banker's 60 days, and 109 for prime banker's sight drafts. Freight closed at ½d. by steam to Liverpool.

By TELEGRAPH.—The following despatches from the Southern ports and from Liverpool contain some matters of interest not given above:

BOSTON, Mass., March 26.—Total receipts this week, 4,770 bales. Exports—to Great Britain and Continent, none. Stock on hand, 16,000 bales.

BALTIMORE, Md., Mar. 26.—Total receipts this week, 2,140 bales. Exports—to Great Britain and Continent none. Stock 7,790 bales.

NORFOLK, Va., March 26.—Net receipts of the week, 2,198 bales; Exports to coastwise, 2,399 bales; to Great Britain, 800 bales. Stock on hand and on ship-board, not cleared, 2,021 bales. The market is quiet but firm; Low Middlings 27c. Sales of the week, 320 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 26.—Total receipts of the week 131 bales. Exports—coastwise, 301 bales. Stock on hand, in store and on shipboard, 600 bales. The market is quiet; Middlings 26c. Total sales of the week 100 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 26.—Net receipts of the week, 62 bales Sea Island, and 5,241 bales Uplands; coastwise, 34 bales Sea Island—total, 5,342 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, none; coastwise, 3,162 bales; to Bremen 956 bales; Stock on hand, 2,727 bales Sea Island and 43,517 bales Uplands. Market quiet but firm; Middlings, 27½@27¾c. Sales of the week, 7,900 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., March 26.—Receipts of the week, 2,519 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 3,203 bales; other foreign ports, 831 bales; coastwise, 1,880 bales. Stock, 46,402 bales. Sales of the week, 500 bales. Sales to-day, 600 bales. Market quiet; Middlings, 26½@27c. Receipts 516 bales; exports, 3,208 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 26.—Receipts to-day, 2,907 bales. Receipts of the week—gross, 10,490 bales; net, 9,900 bales. Exports of the week—to Liverpool, 9,836 bales; to the Continent, 6,642 bales; coastwise, 1,538 bales. Stock, 136,584 bales.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 26.—Receipts of the week, 3,648 bales. Export to New York, 1,002 bales; to New Orleans, 58 bales; to Boston 547 bales. Stock 17,398 bales. Market unsettled; Good Ordinary, 20@20½c. Sales, 1,952 bales.

LIVERPOOL, March 25—4:30 P. M.—To-mo row being Good Friday, the cotton and other markets will be closed. For that reason the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Circular has been issued this week one day earlier than usual, and contains the following statistics: The sales of the week have been 63,000 bales, of which 8,000 were taken for export and 10,000 on speculation. The market has been generally quiet and steady, except for the last day or two, when an increased activity has been noticed. The stock in port and on shipboard is estimated at 258,000 bales, of which 116,000 are American. The stock at sea, bound to this port, is estimated at 417,000 bales; of which 160,000 are from the United States.

For the convenience of our readers we give the following, showing the sales and stocks at and afloat for Liverpool each of the last four weeks:

	March 25.	March 19.	March 12.	March 5.
Total sales.....	63,000	54,000	68,000	52,000
Sales for export.....	8,000	4,000	11,000	8,000
Sales on speculation.....	10,000	5,000	9,000	5,000
Total stock.....	258,000	264,000	282,000	310,000
Stock of American.....	116,000	105,000	109,000	120,000
Total afloat.....	417,000	363,000	389,000	342,000
American afloat.....	160,000	169,000	163,000	159,000

The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is firmer, and better prices are realized. The following table will show the daily closing prices of the week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fr.
Price Midd. Uplds.	12	12	12	12½	12½-¼	.....
" " Orleans...	12½	12½	12½	12½	12½-¼	.....
" Up. to arrive.	.....	.....	.....	12½-¼	12½	.....

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 26, 1869.

There is a decrease in the exports of crude tobacco this week, the total at all the ports reaching 649 hhds., 943 cases, 29 tierces and 207 bales, against 1,083 hhds., 371 cases, 144 tierces and 396 bales for the previous seven days. Of these exports for this week, 606 hhds., 563 cases, 207 bales and 3 tcs. were from New York; 6 hhds from Baltimore; 37 hhds. 380 cases and 26 tierces from Boston. The direction of the Bremen, 288 to Cadiz, 50 to Lisbon and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 49,543 lbs., of which 15,346 were to Dutch West Indies. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Exp'd this week from	Hhds.	Case.	Bales.	Stems.	Tcs.	Pkgs.	Man'd lbs.
New York.....	606	563	207	.....	3	30	49,543
Baltimore.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	37	380	.....	.....	26	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....
Total.....	649	943	207	.....	29	35	49,543
Total last week.....	1,083	371	396	.....	144	320	85,195
Total previous week.....	592	971	590	557	.....	439	141,795

Below we give our usual table showing the total export of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1868:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1868.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems. hhds.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	2,766	631	628	205	.....	572	761,080
Germany.....	4,616	6,902	7,091	617	1,074	50	75,752
Belgium.....	474	42	100	.....	.....	.....	8,978
Holland.....	2,720	650	160	.....	268	104	12,285
Denmark.....	388	277	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	20	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,346
France.....	3,671	302	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,286
Spain, Gibralt. &c.....	5,465	918	355	.....	14	180	85,194
Mediterranean.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	598	213	15	.....	.....	21	15,624
China, India, &c.....	.....	757	.....	.....	.....	6	8,188
Australia, &c.....	1	265	2	24	.....	.....	564,980
B. N. Am. Prov.....	89	238	324	3	.....	703	33,154
South America.....	67	621	1,709	.....	.....	1,230	106,988
West Indies.....	485	210	598	17	.....	1,035	190,202
East Indies.....	.....	160	.....	.....	.....	1	2,900
Mexico.....	.....	23	89	.....	.....	.....	8,188
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
All others.....	162	59	1,504	2	.....	387	.....
Total since Nov 1.....	21,786	11,791	13,227	869	1,356	4,591	1,871,611

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tes. & cer's.	Stems	Bxs. & pkgs.	Lbs. Manfd
New York	10,537	10,124	11,139	833	14	2,545	1,789,576
Baltimore	9,420	58	109	....	1,342	173	5,301
Boston	557	1,290	1,694	80	....	1,563	2,677
Philadelphia	....	....	....	....	....	....	70,216
New Orleans	945	2	237	....	....	303	....
San Francisco	....	302	57	....	....	2	....
Virginia	827	....	....	....	....	....	....
Portland	....	15	....	....	....	....	3,850
Total since Nov. 1	21,736	11,791	13,227	869	1,356	4,591	1,871,621

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1868.

From	This week		Previously		T's in Nov. 1-	
	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.
Virginia	76	1,213	2,374	14,723	2,459	15,935
Baltimore	48	19	523	1,016	571	1,029
New Orleans	45	....	32	461	77	461
Ohio, &c.	729	2,011	5,436	11,179	6,165	13,190
Other	....	....	264	312	264	312
Total	898	3,237	8,629	27,691	9,527	30,928

The market the past week has assumed a steadier tone from many causes, with a fair business.

Kentucky Leaf is held rather stronger at the West, but this market shows no decided change, except that the views of holders are more readily met by buyers. The sales of the week are 400 hhds., of which about 125 hhds. for home use, the balance for export; prices ranging from 7½c to 17c for lugs to prime leaf.

Seed Leaf has been more active; the business, however, continues to be restricted to the older growths, and the prices for the most part are withheld. The progress of the struggle in Cuba is closely scanned by parties who are interested in Seed Leaf Tobacco, and the belief that the insurgents will not be readily put down, tends to strengthen the views of holders. The sales for the week embrace 700 boxes Connecticut, crop of 1866, private terms; 120 do do 22c; 24 cases Connecticut Cut, crop of 1867, 45c; 73 cases State, crop of 1866, private terms; 64 cases new crop Ohio, private terms; 50 cases, mixed lots, 10c@12c.

Spanish tobacco was fairly active and firm; the sales embrace 500 bales of Havana, at 95@101 12½; 125 bales Yara, 88c.

In Manufactured Tobacco no movement of importance is reported.

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY, PER LB.

Kentucky Leaf (hhds.)			
	Light.	Heavy.	
Lugs	7½@8½	8½@9½	Good Leaf.... 11½@12½
Common Leaf	9 @ 9½	10 @ 11	Fine do.... 13 @ 14
Medium do.	10 @ 11	11 @ 12½	Selections.... 15 @ 18
Seed Leaf (cases).			
Connecticut, 1865 crop, running lots	8 @ 14		
" 1866 " wrappers	20 @ 45		
" " running lots	16 @ 5		
" 1865 and 1866 crop, fillers	6 @ 8		
Pennsylvania, 1865 and 1866 crop, wrappers	20 @ 35		
" " assorted lots	10 @ 12		
New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers, old	6½ @ 8		
Crop of 1867.			
Connecticut wrappers	35 @ 75	Ohio assorted lots	8 @ 10½
" fillers	9 @ 10	" wrappers	12 @ 14
New York assorted lots	17 @ 25	New York and Ohio fillers	6½ @ 8
" wrappers	35 @ 50		
Spanish (bales).			
Havana.		Yara.	
Common	4 @ 85	I cut	75 @ 80
Good	95 @ 1 00	II cut	1 02 @ 1 08
Fine	1 02½ @ 1 07	Average lots	82½ @ 88
Manufactured (bxs. in bond.)			
Black work—common and medium	12½ @ 18		
" good and fine	20 @ 30		
Bright work—common and medium	15 @ 40		
" good and fine	51 @ 85		

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierces.	Pkgs.	Lbs. Manfd.
Liverpool	45	....	....	3	....	10,000
London	12	....	93	....	....	5,354
Glasgow	....	....	....	....	30	....
Bremen	151	245	22	....	....	....
Hamburg	20	28	70	....	....	....
Cadiz	288	....	....	....	....	1,370
Lisbon	50	....	....	....	....	....
Havre	2	197	....	....	....	....
Africa	....	....	....	....	....	13,506
British N. A. Col.	38	2	....	....	....	2,685
Danish West Indies	....	....	....	....	....	685
Dutch West Indies	....	....	22	....	....	15,346
British West Indies	....	....	....	....	....	597
British Guiana	....	41	....	....	....	....
Argentine Republic	....	50	....	....	....	....
Total	606	563	207	3	30	49,543

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Liverpool, 6 hhds.
From Boston—To Port Chalmers, N. Z., 47 cases and 4 half tierces.... To Calcutta, 291 cases.... To Sydney, 35 half tierces and 25 quarter do.... To Liverpool 24 cases.... To Africa, 73 half hhds.... To St. Pierre Miquelon, 18 cases.
From New Orleans—To Ruatan, 5 boxes.

The Richmond Tobacco Market is reported as follows by the *Whig* of that city:

The activity in the market, reported in our last weekly review, has not abated. All classes of desirable Lugs and Leaf, in fair order, continue to hold their own firmly. When out of order concessions have to be made to buyers.

There is no reason to change our quotations this week for shipping or working Tobacco.

Much nondescript and frosted tobacco is on the market. For such the prices are purely nominal, and we cannot give an accurate quotation. Bright tobacco of all classes in demand, and prices fully maintained. The general tone of the market is as favorable as could be expected at this season of the year. The breaks to-day were 75 hhds., 11 tierces and 1 box, and for the week ending March 20, 761 hhds., 200 tierces, and 58 boxes. The receipts from 1st October to 1st March were 5,531 hhds. The average for the same period of four tobacco years previous to the war was 7,645 hhds.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, March 26, 1869, P. M.

The market the past week has shown only a moderate degree of activity, but latterly there has been a pretty general though slight improvement. Flour has not been so much pressed for sale, and some scarcity is again felt in the low grades, which have slightly improved; but the demand has been very moderate, and the better qualities have had a very slow sale. The markets which have previously been dependent upon supplies from New York, seem to receive large quantities from the Western mills, and the call upon our dealers is less than usual. Nothing of moment has been done for export to-day, business was interrupted by the observance of Good Friday, but prices ruled very firm.

Wheat has been doing a little better in the past two or three days; the week opened very flat; but the better accounts from Liverpool coming upon a light stock in store, and the bulk of expected supplies from California being in, there was a firmer feeling. But we are considerably above the wants of the Liverpool market, and shippers are unable to meet the advanced views of holders, especially as an advance is asked for ocean freights. Receipts have fallen off at the West and will probably be limited for some weeks by the occupation of the farmers with spring sowing. It is not improbable that on the re-opening of lake navigation from Chicago to Buffalo, we shall get increased quantities of wheat forwarded by rail from the latter market. No. 2 Spring closed yesterday at \$1 43@1 46, and to-day advanced to \$1 44@1 48, with white California firm, at \$1 60@1 65.

Corn has been in better demand, mainly for the home trade, and partly for distilling, which is being returned in this quarter, with some export. The receipts has been liberal, and prices declined early in the week, but there has latterly been a recovery of two cents per bush. Oats have shown some speculation, based on the light available stock of the small quantity to come forward. Rye has been doing better, with a fair amount of sales. Barley is too unsettled to quote accurately. Barley Malt and Canada Peas nominally unchanged.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour—		Corn Meal	\$4 10 @ 5 05
Superfine..... 3 bbl.	\$5 75 @ 6 15	Wheat, Spring, per bush.	1 38 @ 1 5
Extra State.....	6 25 @ 6 60	Red Winter.....	.... @ 1 65
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.	6 40 @ 6 75	Amber do.....	.... @ 1 65
Extra Western, common to good.	6 20 @ 6 50	White.....	1 60 @ 1 85
Double Extra Western and St. Louis.	6 75 @ 11 00	Corn, Western Mix'd, old	83 @ 90
Southern supers.	6 35 @ 6 75	Western Mixed, new....	80 @ 88
Southern, extra and family.	7 00 @ 11 00	Yellow new.....	85 @ 91
California.	7 00 @ 10 25	White new.....	.... @ 1 40
Rye Flour, fine and superfine.	5 00 @ 7 10	Rye.....	1 32 @ 1 40
		Oats, West. cargoes new	74½ @ 76
		Barley.....	1 90 @ 2 20
		Malt.....	2 0 @ 2 10
		Peas Canada.....	1 25 @ 1 50

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1869.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.	45,475	427,910	21,300	413,100
Corn meal, bbls.	9,110	98,015	6,115	111,620
Wheat, bush.	257,310	1,413,810	38,035	399,748
Corn, bush.	185,490	1,973,760	143,250	2,756,325
Rye, bush.	190	4,305	3,385	35,450
Barley, &c., bush.	62,005	237,715	2,155	105,506
Oats, bush.	58,305	350,735	23,005	283,740

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, bbls.	C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.	3,597	157,936	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,757
Since Jan. 1.	62,704	1,935,745	.....	.....	.....	17,000	597,886
N. A. Col. week.	4,055	1,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	650
Since Jan. 1.	19,158	7,602	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Ind. week.	4,304	674	.....	.....	7	949	3,183
Since Jan. 1.	84,049	27,081	.....	.....	40	15,520	50,900
Total exp't, week	17,461	1,900	171,936	.....	7	949	14,958
Since Jan. 1, 1869.	220,421	37,762	1,992,073	.....	45	32,895	688,600
Same time, 1868.	162,865	42,839	531,915	146,782	.....	20,291	1,965,523
Since Jan. 1 from—							
Boston.	22,169	4,220	.....	.....	.....	60,121	4,481
Philadelphia.	16,406	9,852	.....	.....	.....	6,202	39,818
Baltimore.	55,186	4,735	.....	.....	10	2,768	267,430

IN STORE IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES:

	1869.		1868.	
	March 22.	March 15.	March 23.	March 23.
Wheat.	bush. 1,666,397	1,768,080	.....	947,842
Corn.	1,211,647	1,255,855	.....	1,548,811
Oats.	1,719,721	1,853,399	.....	1,432,480
Barley.	48,861	54,793	.....	21,496
Rye.	205,019	207,554	.....	11,671
Peas.	53,556	54,056	.....	.....
Malt.	41,134	45,795	.....	.....
Total grain, bushels.	4,946,335	5,239,532	.....	3,962,300

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS for the week ending March 20:

At	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.	51,695	166,015	334,240	107,957	15,914	22,718
Milwaukee.	11,186	70,417	5,322	12,526	3,430	5,569
Toledo.	13,167	32,910	222,080	38,625	2,370	760
Detroit.	11,663	5,821	69,379	14,350	1,491	.....
Cleveland.	3,520	6,112	18,600	8,700	.....	125
Totals.	91,231	287,275	649,595	182,058	23,505	29,172
Previous week.	95,477	373,386	713,004	172,253	23,099	27,148
Correspond'g week, '68.	41,900	72,625	182,887	62,814	5,686	2,603
" '67.	40,051	150,192	339,318	88,809	15,254	20,825
" '66.	52,704	85,948	39,110	11,564	7,322	7,394

Comparative receipts at the same ports, from January 1 to March 20, in the years indicated:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.	1,228,841	625,436	705,946	509,154
Wheat, bush.	4,742,457	2,098,670	2,22,202	2,412,071
Corn, bush.	6,230,175	6,074,263	2,438,707	1,532,259
Oats, bush.	1,912,918	1,348,223	1,018,728	1,237,339
Barley, bush.	3,33,768	308,190	2,8,814	158,323
Rye, bush.	346,096	127,448	190,293	169,189
Total grain, bush.	13,535,414	9,956,794	5,993,744	5,545,636

THE STOCKS OF WHEAT IN STORE at Chicago and Milwaukee in 1867, 1868 and 1869, were near upon the following figures at a late date

	1867.	1868.	1869.
Chicago, bush.	569,500	1,107,300	1,488,000
Milwaukee, bush.	726,000	1,127,000	1,595,000
Total.	1,295,500	2,234,300	3,083,000

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 26, 1869.

The indications of a coming better trade which were thought apparent at the date of our last have been realized in several of the markets embraced in our report, and we have the satisfaction of recording in them both improved business and better prices. The course of gold has not been such as to materially affect business, and the various lines of trade have found the causes of their respective variations in other circumstances mostly within themselves.

Sugars have gradually strengthened throughout the week and close firm. Teas have met with an improved inquiry, also been more generally distributed among the which has various kinds, and prices are better. Molasses is without special change, though somewhat easier. Coffee is lower and quiet.

The final phases to-day of all the markets have been modified by the quiet attendant upon the observance of Good Friday as a half holiday, which the storm has rendered nearly complete.

Imports of the week have been about an average. Three cargoes of teas, 18,219 bags of Rio coffee, and ordinary quantities of sugar and molasses are embraced in the totals. Mail advices from China to Jan. 25th, show increased shipments to the United States over the same time of last year,

Full details of the imports at New York for the week, and at the several ports since January 1, are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	At N. York, this Week.	From Jan 1 to date—1869.	1868.
Tea.	lbs. 2,318,501	13,699,608	20,015,645
Tea (indirect import).	pkgs. 586	8,777	4,057
Coffee, Rio.	bags 18,219	271,519	242,816
Coffee, other.	bags 13,743	102,398	80,613
Sugar.	boxes 15,625	14,731	117,980
Sugar.	hhds. 7,453	86,018	89,896
Sugar.	bags 4,000	18,614	94,017
Molasses.	hhds. 6,238	77,803	76,67
Molasses, New Orleans.	bbls.	16,016	10,923

TEA.

In the earlier part of the week, business in this line was restricted to narrow limits, and small lots to meet the immediate wants of dealers composed the bulk of all that was done. The effect of the good prices realized at the auction of last week was felt, nevertheless, in assisting to strengthen the tone of the market, and since Thursday the amount of transactions has been much enlarged, and all kinds have sold more readily at improved prices. We note to-day a sale of nearly 4,000 half chests of Oolongs at prices at least 3 cents per lb. better than could have been obtained for the same stock some time since. Sales previously include 8,334 half chests of greens, 400 do. Souchong, and 3,900 do. Japans.

Imports of the week included cargoes per "Golden State" from Shanghai with 1,083,977 lbs., mostly of greens, and "Banian" from Shanghai with 887,263 lbs. all greens except 17,273 lbs. of Japans. Also the "Union" from Nagasaki with 348,81 lbs. of Japans. Receipts by steamers from England and the continent embrace 526 pkgs. Mail dates from Hong Kong are to Jan. 25th. The total shipments of tea to the United States were 28,966,638 lbs., against 27,733,193 lbs. last year.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1868, to Jan. 25, 1869, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1868 and 1869.

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN FROM JUNE 1, '68, TO JAN. 25, '69. PAID INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1, 1868-9.		1867-8.		1868.	
	1868-9.	1867-8.	1869.	1868.	1868.	1868.
Congou & Son.	lbs. 1,514,806	1,453,006	915,160	1,294,430		
Pouchong.	211,682	181,750	190,500	185,214		
Oolong & Ning.	6,444,487	9,154,374	2,147,799	8,867,359		
Fekoe.	.....	1,700	.....	.....
Twankay.	625,673	631,713	368,586	596,798		
Hyson skin.	47,820	42,190	42,004	26,783		
Hyson.	1,240,844	1,221,345	782,617	789,659		
Young Hyson.	7,223,500	6,667,666	4,521,214	3,861,197		
Imperial.	1,475,920	1,385,430	899,918	971,184		
Gunpowder.	2,381,549	1,729,141	1,564,509	1,092,926		
Japans.	7,800,501	1,247,878	2,003,239	2,060,564		
Total, lbs.	28,967,633	27,703,193	13,699,608	20,015,645		

The indirect import from Jan 1 to date is 8,777 pkgs.

COFFEE.

Since the date of our last report with the telegram from Rio de Janeiro under date of September 23, and the steamer Merrimac, from the same port, with advices up to February 24, have been received. The effect of these has been to depress and lower the market for this description. Prices are on fourth cent less throughout, and holders are by no means disposed to exact the uttermost of purchasers, but reasonable offers are met with a desire to effect sales at any moderate concession. Of the coffee brought by the steamer, considerable has been taken by dealers, though the quality has been somewhat disappointing. Sales of the week include 6,676 bags of Rio, and 1,460 do., to arrive; 4,600 bags of St. Domingo, for export; 270 Laguayra, and 150 Maracaibo. In East Indian we notice the sale of 11,000 bags of Samarang for consumption.

The imports of coffee for the week include cargoes of Rio per steamer "Merrimack" of 13,719 bags, and per "Carl" 4,500 bags. Of other sorts we note the arrival of 11,418 mats from Singapore per "Bosworth" 6,008 bags of St. Domingo per "Georgia," 2,880 bags of Laguayra per "Jenny" and a few bags of sundry other kinds.

The stock of Rio March 25, and imports since Jan. 1, are as follows:

In Bags.	New York.	Phila-del.	Balti-more.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Gal-veston.	Total.
Stock.	74,968	.....	20,500	10,000	3,000	120,968
Same date 1868.	73,054	3,500	25,700	22,400	4,800	129,454
Imports.	180,611	4,200	5,039	24,034	7,784	221,519
" in 1868.	141,609	4,000	51,258	42,449	3,500	242,816

Of other sorts the stock at New York March 25, and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

In bags.	New York—Stock.	Boston—Import.	Philadel.—Import.	Balt.—Import.	N. Orleans—Import.	Total imports at all the ports.
Java.	+1,614	*6,050	*14,398	.....	.....	.....
Singapore.	.....	*4,834	7,386	.....	.....	.....
Ceylon.	7,000	.....	557	.....	.....	.....
Maracaibo.	9,772	19,885	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laguayra.	4,550	7,736	2,500	.....	.....	.....
St. Domingo.	.....	37,210	1,004	.....	.....	.....
Other.	13,107	5,114	561	100	497	.....
Total.	36,110	81,009	21,996	2,500	100	523
Same '68.	20,764	51,751	21,930	6,757	5	120

* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags. † 2,270 mats. ‡ Also 23,396 mats.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 24, 1869.—Messrs. Boje & Co.'s market report states of coffee: Upon the whole a steady fair demand has prevailed notwithstanding the firmness of the holders. During the last days

holders, sustained by the favorable tenor of the news from Europe, and especially from the United States, even obtained a further advance of 200 rs. for the better and 100 for the lower descriptions. Nevertheless the transactions would have reached a still higher figure was it not for the poorness of the selection, the bulk of the stock consisting of medium and inferior grades of small uneven bean mixed with many black beans, and for the unsettled state of Exchange, by which business was essentially interfered with. The general opinion seems to be that our next crop will hardly turn out an average one, owing to the continued dryness during our usually rainy season. We estimate sales at: For the United States 145,000 bags; for Europe, etc, 98,000. Total, 243,000 bags.

COMPARATIVE SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE IN THE LAST THREE MONTHS TO THE UNITED STATES.

	1866.	1867.	1868.
November	124,933	85,792	105,578
December	68,809	150,882	110,042
January	43,004	54,660	79,264
	237,767	291,334	294,844
Average	78,900	97,100	98,300
Vessels sailed from Jan. 25th to 23d Feb., for the United States			144,710
4 California.....German brig.....Allianz.....by sundries			3,955
In the same period sailed for Europe 29 vessels with together.....			148,665
Total			105,032
Vessels cleared and ready for sea.....bags			254,777
Vessels loading or about to load for the United States.....bags			264,000
Exchange.—London, bank bills 18½d. Private bills 18¼@18½d. Freights: Northern ports 45s. Southern ports 50s.			35,700

SUGAR.

The week has witnessed a decided improvement throughout this market. Refiners, in view of a much better demand for their own productions, became purchasers to a liberal extent quite early, and to the stronger tone imparted by their appearance as buyers was shortly added the influence of exciting news from Cuba. Under these influences the tenacity and firmness of importers augmented rapidly, and stocks were either withdrawn entirely or held at considerably higher figures. The market closes firm in this condition though more quiet to-day, with prices about ¼@½c. higher. For Refined, as noted, the market has been better, and the advance since one week ago is at least ¼c. on the finer qualities. Sales foot up 7,984 boxes Cuba, 4,112 hhd. do., 469 do. Porto Rico, 198 hhd. and 100 bbls Demerara, 196 hhd. and 79 bbls. bbls. do. clarified, and 100 hhd Melado.

The imports of the week at New York have been as follows: 15,625 boxes and 5,810 hhd. of Cuba, 760 hhd of Porto Rico, and 883 hhd. of other foreign sugars.

The stocks at New York March 25, and imports at all the ports since Jan. 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba b'xs.	Cuba *hhd.	Porto Rico *hhd.	For'n *hhd.	Other Brazil, Manila &c bgs, hhd.	N.O. bbls.
New York stock.....	32,362				16,142	53,843
Same date 1868.....	19,011				15,236	15,270
“ 1867.....	31,717				21,420	118,335
Imports since Jan 1.....	83,922	43,082	1,593	6,085	47,092	107,509
Portland do.....	2,305	2,156	228	.....	.....	.....
Boston do.....	7,002	6,540	615	1,379	.....	18,593
Philadelphia do.....	11,472	12,811	1,684	378	9,150	.....
Baltimore do.....	13,992	5,091	2,450	1,547	.....	134
New Orleans do.....	22,038	349	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total import.....	140,731	70,029	6,600	9,389	56,242	126,402
Same time 1868.....	117,980	72,224	9,329	8,283	19,280	74,737

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads

MOLASSES.

The receipts of foreign have been more than sufficient to meet the wants of the market and prices are a little off. The demand is fair for the better grades but the inferior are overlooked. Some 1,000 hhd. have been sold during the week to go to Philadelphia. New Orleans continues very quiet. Sales of the week include 3,116 hhd. and 201 tcs. of Cuba, 185 hhd. Porto Rico, 140 Demerara, and 100 bbls. New Orleans.

The receipts of the week at New York have included 5,510 hhd of Cuba, 493 hhd. of Porto Rico, and 235 do Demerara.

Stocks at New York March 25, and imports at all the ports, since January 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba, *hhd.	Porto Rico, *hhd.	Demerara, *hhd.	Other foreign, *hhd.	N.O. bbls.
New York stock.....	11,590	310	.....	916	600
“ same date '68.....	6,264	159	.....	1,416	200
“ “ ‘69.....	2,650	750	.....	.....	.....
Imports since Jan. 1.....	30,559	1,511	4,430	274	12,098
Portland “.....	8,328	.....	475	.....	.....
Boston “.....	6,469	1,250	340	1,052	762
Philadelphia “.....	14,000	434	.....	.....	2,722
Baltimore “.....	4,130	61	308	.....	434
New Orleans “.....	4,132	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total import.....	67,668	3,256	5,553	1,326	16,016
Same time 1868.....	63,622	5,673	4,402	2,570	10,968

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

The market has been generally quiet. The receipts of Cassia has been large and prices are less firm. In Nutmegs, sales of some magni-

tude, on the spot and to arrive, are reported to have been made a Boston to come here. The market for these is very firm.

FRUITS.

Foreign dried fruit has been without exception, dull, with gradually declining prices. There is some demand for Prunes, but buyers demand and obtain lower rates. Large lots can be purchased at 10c. Raisins are dull, and the list of our quotations is generally reduced. Domestic dried have been proportionately firmer, and a considerable sale made of Southern dried apples at 12c. This was an exceptional sale however, and the fruit of an exceedingly fine quality. West Indian green is in good supply and firm. Mediterranean do has been sold to a large amount at auction, but has been generally in poor condition and disposed of at low figures, while the accumulated and still arriving stock prevents any strengthening of the market.

We annex ruling quotations in first hands:

Tea.

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.		
Hyson, Common to fair... 1 00 @ 1 10	do do Ex f. to finest 85 @ 1 00	(Duty paid—)
do Superior to fine... 1 15 @ 1 40	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair.. 85 @ 1 00	
do Ex fine to finest... 1 45 @ 1 60	do do Sup'r to fine. 95 @ 1 00	
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair... 87 @ 1 05	do do Ex f. to finest 1 95 @ 1 15	
do Super. to fine... 1 15 @ 1 40	Oolong, Common to fair... 70 @ 80	
do Ex fine to finest... 1 45 @ 1 65	do do Superior to fine... 85 @ 1 15	
unp. & Imp., Com. to fair 1 10 @ 1 20	do do Ex fine to finest... 1 35 @ 1 60	
do do Sup. to fine... 1 20 @ 1 50	Sou. & Cong., Com. to fair 80 @ 85	
do do Ex f. to finest... 1 65 @ 1 90	do do Sup'r to fine. 90 @ 1 11	
II. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair. 80 @ 85	do do Ex f. to finest 1 25 @ 1 50	
do do Sup. to fine 88 @ 92		

Coffee.

DUTY: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents per lb.; all other, 10 per cent ad valorem in addition.

Rio, Prime, duty paid... gold 11½ @ 12	Native Ceylon..... gold 17 @ 19½
do good..... gold 11 @ 11½	Maracaibo..... gold 15 @ 18½
do fair..... gold 9½ @ 10½	Laguayra..... gold 16½ @ 17½
do ordinary..... gold 8½ @ 9½	St. Domingo..... gold 13½ @ 14
Java, mats and bags... gold 21 @ 23½	Jamaica..... gold 14½ @ 15½

Sugar.

DUTY: On raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 3; on white or clayed, above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 3½; above 15 and not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Melado 2½ cents per lb

Cuba, inf. to com. refining... 11½ @ 11½	do do do 19 to 20 15½ @ 16½
do fair to good do... 12½ @ 12½	do do white... 15 @ 15
do pr me... 12½ @ 12½	do No. 12, in bd, n c (gold) .. @ ..
do fair to good grocery... 12½ @ 12½	Porto Rico, refining grades. 11½ @ 12½
do pr. to choice do... 12½ @ 13½	do do grocery grades... 12½ @ 13½
do centrifugal hhd. & bxs 11 @ 14	Brazil, bags..... 11½ @ 12½
do Melado..... 7 @ 9	Manila, bags..... 11½ @ 11½
do molasses..... 11 @ 12	Crushed..... @ ..
Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9. 11½ @ 11½	Granulated..... @ ..
do do do 10 to 12 12½ @ 13	Soft White..... 15½ @ 16½
do do do 13 to 15 13½ @ 14½	Soft Yellow..... 14½ @ 15
do do do 16 to 18 14½ @ 15	

Molasses.

DUTY: 8 cents per gallon.	
New Orleans..... per gall. 70 @ 86	do Clayed..... 50 @ 52
Porto Rico..... 60 @ 73	Barbadoes..... 55 @ 70
Cuba Muscovado..... 50 @ 55	

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents per lb.

Cassia, in mats... gold 45 @ 47	Pepper..... (gold) .. @ 24½
Ginger, race and Af (gold) 11½ @ 12	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold) 19½ @ 20
Mace..... (gold) 95 @ 97	Cloves..... (gold) .. @ 27
Nutmegs, No. 1..... (gold) 88 @ 95	

Fruit.

DUTY: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1½; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents per lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 3 cent ad val.

Raisins, seedless... per mat. 6 00 @ ..	Figs, Smyrna..... per lb 14 @ 23
do Layer..... per box 3 10 @ 3 15	Brazil Nuts, old..... 12½ @ ..
do Valencia..... per lb. .. @ 12	Filberts, Sicily..... 12½ @ 12½
Currants..... per lb 10 @ 10½	Walnuts, Bordeaux..... 11 @ 12
Citron, Leghorn..... 25 @ 25½	Pear. Sago..... @ ..
Prunes, Turkish..... 10½ @ 11	Tapioca..... @ ..
Dates..... @ 11½	Macaroni, Italian..... 17 @ 17½
Almonds, Languedoc..... 23½ @ 24	
do Provence..... 20 @ 21	DRIED FRUIT—
do Sicily, Soft Shell 13 @ 14	Apples, State..... per lb 14 @ 15
do Shelled..... 35 @ 36	Blackberries..... 23½ @ 24
Sardines..... per ht. box 28½ @ 29	Peaches, pared new..... 15 @ 29
Sardines..... per qr. box 18½ @ 18½	Peaches, unpared..... 13 @ 16

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 26, 1869.

The week has been one of considerable excitement in Prints, produced by the reduction noticed in our last, and these goods have moved actively, in fact to such an extent that jobbers are very short on most of the leading styles. Stocks have become depleted and assortments much broken so that several styles have advanced a fraction in price on account of the heavy demand. Southern merchants particularly have taken large quantities of prints, and the New Orleans steamers which sailed Saturday were so overcrowded with dry goods freight that several shipments had to be returned to store. Much dissatisfaction has been expressed at the continued depression of the market in other cotton goods, which have been very inactive, with the exceptions of several "drives" offered by jobbers. The most noticeable of these was in "Ellerton D," brown goods, which are claimed to cost 15 cents to manufacture, they were offered however at 12½c, but such is the state of trade that even that price was not sufficient temptation, and the "drive" could not be called a success. The theory seems to be one of two, either buyers do not want the goods, or they are determined to force the rates

still lower by their neglect. The first seems to clash with all reports which have been received so far that stocks have become much reduced and are comparatively small throughout the country, and the purposes expressed in the latter is not likely to succeed, as manufacturers and agents say that they are disappointed with the Spring trade this season, and their goods being offered now in many cases at less than the actual cost of production will not be reduced any lower, but if not taken will be carried over to another season. The large houses are not anxious to sell at present rates, except a few goods to pay current expenses. Production this year appears to have much exceeded the consumption, but styles and designs have far excelled in beauty and variety any season previous in nearly every class of goods.

The exports of dry goods for the past week, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pkgs.	D. Goods. Val.	Domestics. packages.	Dry Goods. Val.
Liverpool.....	50	\$4,950	.....	.....
Bremen.....	3	100	.....	.....
Cuba.....	20	1,434	.....	.....
Dutch West Indies..	25	1,735	.....	.....
British West Indies.	3	90	.....	.....
Brazil.....	29	3,169	.....	.....
Cisplatine Republic.	23	1,200	.....	.....
Argentine Republic.	201	13,529	.....	.....
Havre.....	.....	.....	12	\$,923
St. Pierre.....	.....	.....	.....	27
Total this week..	344	\$26,307	12	\$8,923
Since Jan. 1, 1869....	6,384	662,721	548	40,242
Same time 1868.....	2,959	245,617	1,060	367,333
" " 1860.....	22,06	.....	.....	14,859

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been dull, notwithstanding a reduction of $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 cent on most all standards. Fine browns have been in moderate request at the reduced price; but quotations are irregular, jobbers not agreeing with one another, or with agents in rates. Some makes of these goods have been offered in drives without such success as was anticipated. Stocks are pretty large, but held by agents with some firmness, as they could not be replaced at present rates, with the price of the raw material at the prices now ruling. A few brands of fine browns have been offered on more liberal reductions in price, and the goods have been taken with some freeness; but others have been neglected, or only dealt in for immediate wants. Agawam 36 inches 13, Amoskeag A 36 16, do B 36 16, Atlantic A 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do H 36 16, do P 36 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do L 36 14, do V 33 14, Appleton A 36 16, Augusta 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 30 13, Bedford R 30 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Boott H 27 11, do O 34 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do S 40 14, do W 45 18, Commonwealth O 27 8 $\frac{1}{2}$, Grafton A 27 9 $\frac{1}{2}$, Graniteville AA 36 —, do EE 36 —, Great Falls M 36 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do S 33 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Head 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 30 14, Indian Orchard A 40 15, do C 36 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do BB 36 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do W 34 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, do NN 36 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia O 39 14, do B 37 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do E 36 13, Lawrence C 36 16, do E 36 15, do F 36 14, do G 34 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do H 27 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, do LL 36 13, Lyman O 36 15, do E 36 16, Massachusetts BB 33 13, do J 30 13, Medford 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Nashua fine 38 14, do 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do E 39 17, Newmarket A 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pacific extra 36 16, do H 36 16, do L 36 14, Pepperell 6-4 30, do 7-4 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 8-4 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 9-4 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 10-4 52 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 11-4 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell E fine 39 15, do R 36 14, do O 33 13, do N 30 12, do G 30 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pocasset F 30 11, do K 36 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 40 16, Saranac fine O 33 14, do R 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do E 39 17, Sigourney 36 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Stark A 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Swift River 36 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Tiger 27 9 $\frac{1}{2}$, Tremont M 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS show considerable weakness, although there is always more or less demand for these goods for consumption. The business of the past week has been very small. Stocks are supposed to be rather heavy; no general decline, however, has taken place, though some concessions are offered by jobbers, agents being still firm. Amoskeag 46 20, do 54 26, do A 36 16, Androscoggin 36 18, Appleton 36 18, Attawaugan XX 36 —, Atlantic Cambric 36 26, Ballou & Son 36 15, do 33 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bartletts 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 15, do 30 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates 36 20, do B 33 15, Blackstone 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do C 33 14, do E 35 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, do H 28 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, do O 30 13, do R 28 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, do L 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do W 45 19, Dwight 40 24, Ellerton E 42 20, do 27 10, Forrest Mills 36 —, Forestdale 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Globe 27 8 $\frac{1}{2}$, Fruit of the Loom 36 19, Gold Medal 36 15, Greene M'fg Co 36 13, do 30 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 14, do S 31 13, do A 33 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 16, Hope 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, James 36 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 33 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 31 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence B 36 16, Lonsdale 36 18, Masonville 36 18, Newmarket C 36 15, New York Mills 36 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell 6-4 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 10-4 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Rosebuds 36 17, Red Bank 36 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 32 11, Slater J. & W. 36 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Tuscarora 36 22, Utica 5-4 35, do 6-4 40, do 9-4 —, do 10-4 —, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 6-4 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 10-4 57 $\frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta 45 32, do 40 29, do 36 25, Washington 33 11 $\frac{1}{2}$.

BROWN DRILLS show no improvement over last week. Prices are still maintained, in fact cannot be reduced any lower except at a loss; and in the present condition of the market we question very much whether a concession would benefit holders at all. Amoskeag 17, Boott 17, Graniteville D 17, Laconia 17, Pepperell 17, Stark A 17, do H 15 $\frac{1}{2}$.

In **PRINTS** the whole interest of the week has centred, and we have had one of the most excited markets in these goods ever witnessed. The reduction noticed in our last report was what buyers evidently had been waiting for, and on its being made our jobbers were almost overwhelmed in the rush of buyers; but the market being so unsettled, a fair trade had not set in, before some one or two of the smaller jobbing houses, not content to wait the usual course of affairs, and allow the

market to get somewhat settled at the rate offered, (12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents,) reduced a few styles still lower, and this acted unfavorable on buyers, they still operated, but were shy, and took the finer styles only, and thus stocks and assortments were badly broken; and the poorer styles being left on hand, caused one of our jobbers to offer the last of the lines at 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, which seemed to have a still more demoralizing effect, and this being perceived the prices were advanced to the former rates. The market closes very unsettled, but with a much firmer feeling among agents, and the probability is that prints will be higher before long. Allens 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, American 12, Amoskeag 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Arnolds 10, Cocheco 14, Conestoga 12, Dunnell's 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Freeman 10, Gloucester 12, Hamilton 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Home 8 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lancaster 12, London mourning 11, Mallory 12, Manchester 12, Merrimac D 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, do pink and purple —, do W —, Oriental 12, Pacific 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Richmond's 12, Simpson Mourning 11-12, Sprague's purple and pink 13, do blue and white 14, do shirtings 13, Wamsutta 8 $\frac{1}{2}$.

GINGHAMS are no better off than other light goods. We note no difference from our report of last week. Some few slight concessions are offered, but without noticeable success. We quote: Allamance plaid 18, Caledonia 14, Glasgow 16, Hampden 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lancaster 17, Manchester 13 $\frac{1}{2}$.

MUSLIN DELAINES have been quite neglected, and in consequence, although offered on the stands at 20 cents can be obtained easily at 17 cents, although these are jobbers concessions and we quote at regular marks. Until warmer weather sets in no extensive activity may be expected in these goods. Armures 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, do Alpacas 3-4 25, 6-4 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, Perkins 25, Orientals 20.

TICKINGS are no different from the previous week. Stocks appear to be gradually accumulating, although prices remain unchanged, and we are unable to hear of any concessions being made. Albany 11, American 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag A C A 35, do A 30, do B 25, do C 23, do D 20, Blackstone River 17, Conestoga 26, do extra 31, Cordis 31, do BB 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hamilton 26, do D 21, Lewiston 35 33 $\frac{1}{2}$, do 32 30, do 30 23 $\frac{1}{2}$, Meccs. and W'km's 29, Pearl River 32, Pemberton AA 28, do E 18, Swift River 17, Thorndike 17, Whittenden A 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Willow Brook 29, York 30 27, do 32 33.

STRIPES are dull; concessions are in order, and can probably be readily obtained; no general reduction is to be noticed. Albany 11, American 15, Amoskeag 22-23, Boston 15, Everett 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hamilton 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 14, do G 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Uncasville dark 17, do light 16, Whittenton AA 23, do A 20, do B B 17, do C 15, York 22 $\frac{1}{2}$.

DENIMS are in the same position as Stripes and Ticks. We quote: Amoskeag 31, Blue Hill 14, Beaver Cr. blue 27 $\frac{1}{2}$, do CC 18 $\frac{1}{2}$, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 18, Manchester 20, Otis AXA 27, do BB 25, do CC 20, Pearl River 30, Thorndike 19, Tremont 20.

CORSET JEANS are in moderate demand, although considerable falling off is to be noticed from the previous seven days. Prices are steady, and seem satisfactory. Amoskeag 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Androscoggin 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, Everetts 16, Indian Orch. Imp 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Newmarket 14, Washington satteen 17.

CAMBRICS show no change from last week's rates; they are offered low, and buyers appear to be satisfied with the prices; but there is little demand. Amoskeag 10 $\frac{1}{2}$, Portland 8, Pequot 11, Victory H 10, do A 10, Washington 10 $\frac{1}{2}$.

WOOLENS, CASSIMERES, ETC.—We have to notice a decided falling off in the demand. Jobbers are offering concessions, and one or two heavy transactions have taken place at very low figures, much below cost in fact.

WOOL THREAD still shows a dull demand, although offered considerably below cost. This will not probably last long, and we look for advanced rates the ensuing week.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS have moved slowly indeed. The continued cold weather may have operated depressingly on this trade, as displays are very fine and should tempt buyers; but even auction sales have averaged poorly in prices obtained. The prevailing opinion seems to be that prices are too high, especially in silks, which have been dealt in very sparingly. Buyers seem to lack energy, but with warmer weather we hope for a change for the better. L. Maillard & Co. made their first offering this season on Wednesday, but the bidding was very poor, and many lots were passed.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Mar. 25, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1867 and 1868, have been as follows:

	1867.		1868.		1869.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 18, 1869.						
Manufactures of wool...	378	\$158,226	875	\$369,557	677	\$263,827
do cotton...	247	81,959	824	266,355	1,391	376,364
do silk....	168	136,991	398	350,288	415	366,966
do flax....	540	137,074	946	217,042	1,028	233,465
Miscellaneous dry goods	3,946	84,215	493	121,615	719	132,859
Total.....	5,279	\$601,465	3,536	\$1,265,087	4,230	\$1,373,481
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	462	\$186,393	757	\$272,874	695	\$240,916
do cotton..	735	259,258	582	153,890	324	78,994
do silk....	224	260,123	130	133,105	73	82,972
do flax....	514	141,921	2,370	139,486	324	78,774
Miscellaneous dry goods.	82	36,392	3,252	53,757	388	27,892
Total.....	2,017	\$882,087	7,121	\$753,112	1,804	\$509,548
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	5,279	61,465	3,536	1,265,087	4,230	1,373,481
Total th'w'n upon mak't.	7,296	\$1,483,552	10,657	\$2,018,199	6,034	\$1,883,029
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	700	\$271,594	536	\$189,567	793	\$242,994
do cotton..	345	116,404	241	69,582	395	93,743
do silk....	83	83,607	53	43,464	90	123,008
do flax....	723	128,715	314	84,378	413	119,611
Miscellaneous dry goods.	193	15,237	610	16,512	1,409	26,453
Total.....	1,354	\$615,557	1,757	\$405,093	3,100	\$610,814
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	5,279	601,465	3,536	1,265,087	4,230	1,373,481
Total entered at the port	6,633	\$1,217,022	5,293	\$1,670,180	7,330	\$1,984,295

Dry Goods.

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PEABODY,**

46 LEONARD STREET,

DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Sole Agents for the sale of

COTTONS AND WOOLENS,

Of Several Mills.

AMERICAN SILKS.

MANUFACTURED BY

CHENEY BROTHERS.

Machine Twist,

Sewing Silk,

Tissues and Organzines,

FINE ORGANZINES FOR SILK MIXTURE, CASSI-MERES.

Foulards and Florentines,

Pongee Handkerchiefs,

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Silk Dress Goods,

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SPOOL COTTON.

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Mile End, Glasgow.

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Have now in store, and are receiving Weekly, their
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Paris Dress Goods

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Expressly for this market, which are offered to the
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Are of the r own Manufacture.

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Mortgage Bonds of the Louisville and
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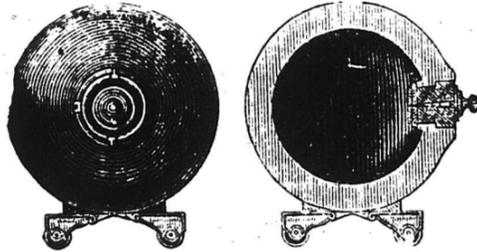
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JULY 1st, 1867
Cash capital..... \$400,000
Surplus..... 206,63
Gross Assets..... \$606,634
Total Liabilities..... 50,144
BENJ. S. WALCOTT, Pres
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Germania Fire Insurance COMPANY.

Office, No. 175 Broadway.
BRANCH OFFICES:
No. 357 Bowery, New York.
No. 377 Fulton Street, Brooklyn
Cash Capital..... \$500,000 00
Assets, July 1, 1868..... 925,150 92
Liabilities..... 45,000 00
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JOHN EDW KAHL, Vice-President.
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The Hope Fire Insurance COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital..... \$150,000
Net Assets, Dec. 1868..... 223,282
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INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital..... \$500,000 00
Surplus..... 245,911 93
Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1868, \$745,911 93.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.
Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.
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F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
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Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED 1819.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$3,000,000
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NO. 62 WALL STREET.

Assets Jan. 1, 1869..... \$5,150,931 71
Liabilities..... 289,553 98

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INSURANCE COMPANY,
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Capital..... \$1,000,000
Assets..... 1,500,000

This Company takes Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Merchandise, Freight and Hulls of Vessels. On the payment of Premiums a Rebate or Discount on the current rates is made IN CASH, as an equivalent for the Scrip Dividends of a Mutual Company. The amount of such Rebate being fixed according to the character of the business, gives to dealers a more just apportionment of profits than by the mutual system; and being MADE IN CASH, on payment of the Premiums, is more than equivalent to the CASH VALUE of the average Scrip Dividends of Mutual Companies. Policies issued, making loss payable in Gold in this City, or in Sterling at the Office of the Company's Bankers in Liverpool, if desired.

TRUSTEES:

James Freeland, Samuel Willets, Robert L. Taylor, William T. Frost, William Watt, Cornelius Grinnell, James D. Fish, Edwood Walter, D. Golden Murray, Bryce Gray, N. L. McCready, William Nelson, Jr., Harold Dollner, Geo. W. Hennings, A. Foster Higgings, Francis Hathaway, Aaron L. Reid, Henry Eyre, Joseph Slagg, Edward Merritt, Daniel T. Willets, L. Edgerton, Henry R. Kunhardt, John S. Williams, Charles Dimon, Paul N. Spofford, Jos. Willets.
ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
ARCH. G. MONTGOMERY, Jr., Vice-Pres.
ALANSON W. HEGEMAN, 2d Vice-Pres.
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)
49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets..... \$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continue to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

BUNTING BROTHERS,

BROKERS IN METALS.

112 JOHN STREET.

COPPER, TIN, LEAD, SPELTER, RAILROAD IRON
PIG IRON, IRON ORES, &C., &C.,

Insurance

OFFICE OF THE
ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1869.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1868:
Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1868, to 31st Dec., 1868..... \$6,752,969 89
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1868..... 2,563,002 30
Total amount of marine premiums.... \$9,315,972 19

No policies have been issued upon life risks; nor upon fire risks disconnected with marine risks.
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1868, to 31st December, 1868... \$6,807,970 89
Losses paid during the same period..... \$3,081,080 49
Reports of premiums and expenses..... \$1,333,230 61

The Company has the following assets, viz.:
United States and State of New York stock, city bank and other stocks... \$7,587,435 00
Loans secured by stocks and otherwise..... 2,214,100 00
Real estate and bonds and mortgages 210,000 00
Interest, and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... 290,530 08
Premium notes and bills receivable... 2,963,297 53
Cash in bank..... 405,548 53
Total amount of assets..... \$13,660,831 29

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Second of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Second of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled.

A Dividend of Forty Per Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December 1868, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

J. D. Jones, Charles Dennis, W. H. H. Moore, Henry Coit, Wm. C. Pickersgill, Lewis Curtis, Charles H. Russell, Lowell Holbrook, R. Warren Weston, Royal Phelps, Caleb Barstow, A. P. Pillot, William E. Dodge, David Lane, James Bryce, Daniel S. Miller, Wm. Sturgis, Henry K. Bogert, Dennis Perkins, Joseph Gaillard, Jr., C. A. Hand, James Low, B. J. Howland, Benj. Babcock, Robert B. Minturn, Gordon W. Burnham, Frederick Chaucey, R. L. Taylor, Geo S. Stephenson, William H. Webb, Paul Spofford, Sheppard Gandy, Francis Skiddy, Charles P. Burdett, Robert O. Fergusson, Samuel G. Ward, William E. Bunker, Samuel L. Mitchell, James G. De Forest.

JOHN D. JONES, President.
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't.
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice Pres't.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward 8 @ ..

Ashes—Duty. 20 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb 7 75 @ 8 00 Pearl, 1st sort... nominal.

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 48 @ 50

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin... 39 00 @ ..

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... 6 Navy... 4 1/2 Crackers... 6 1/2 @ 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 16 00 @ 16 50 Crotons... 19 00 @ 22 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 43 00 @ 45 00

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer n, gray & wh... 40 @ 2 50

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents.

Butter—Creamery pails... 53 @ 56 State firkins, prime... 47 @ 51 State firkins, ordinary... 42 @ 46 State, hf-firkin, prime... 48 @ 50 State, hf-firkin, ordin'y... 43 @ 47 Welsh tubs, prime... 48 @ 52 Welsh tubs, ordinary... 38 @ 45 Western, good... 35 @ 38 Western, fair... 30 @ 35 Penn., dairy, prime... 43 @ 45 Penn., dairy, good... 38 @ 42 Canada... Grease... Cheese—Factory prime... 21 @ 22 Factory fair... 18 1/2 @ 20 Farm Dairies prime... 20 @ 21 Farm Dairies fair... 17 1/2 @ 19 Farm Dairies common... 16 @ 17 Skimmed... 10 @ 15

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 8; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 46 @ 48 Sperm, patent... 58 @ .. Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 20 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale... 75 @ 3 00 Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward... 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb bushel. Newcastle Gas, 2,240 lb... 9 50 @ .. Liverpool Gas Cannel... 11 00 @ .. Liver'pl House Cannel... Anthracite, per ton of 2,000 lb... 6 50 @ 7 50

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold)... 14 @ 15 Maracaibo do... (gold) 28 @ 30 Guayaquil do... (gold) 10 @ 10; St. Domingo... (gold) ..

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 cents long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... 33 Bolts... 35 @ .. Braziers... 35 @ .. Sheathing, &c., old... 22 @ 28 Sheathing, yellow met l... 27 @ .. Bolts, yellow metal... Pig Chile... American Ingot...

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... 21 1/2 @ 22 1/2 Tarred Russia... 17 @ 21 Bolt Rope, Russia... 21

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts... 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 70 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phials... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 3) cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val; Balsam Copalivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calisaya Bark, 30 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/4; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 10; Caustic Soda, 1 1/4; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1 1/4; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent.; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin Gum Kowie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Eratus, 1 1/4 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1 1/4; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below FREE.

Alcohol, 88 per cent... @ .. Aloes, Cape... 20 @ 20 Aloes, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 31 @ 3 1/2 Annato, good to prime... 1 00 @ 1 3 1/2 Antimony, Reg. of, g'd... @ 12 1/2 Argols, Crude... 18 @ .. Argols, Refined, gold... 23 @ 27 Arsenic, Powdered... 2 1/2 @ .. Assafetida... 25 @ 40 Balsam Copalivi... 82 1/2 @ 85 Balsam Tolu... 1 25 @ .. Balsam Peru... 8 50 @ 4 50 Bark Petayo... 45 @ 4 50 Berries, Persian, gold... 27 @ 31 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle, gold... 3 87 1/2 @ 4 00 Bi Chromate Potash... 17 1/2 @ .. Bleaching Powder... @ 2 1/2 Borax, Refined... 85 @ 36 Brimstone, Crude... 42 50 @ .. Brimstone, Am. Roll... 4 @ 4 1/2 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... 5 1/2 @ 5 1/2 Camphor, Crude, (in bond)... (gold) @ 30 Camphor, Refined... 1 00 @ .. Cantharides... 1 18 1/2 @ .. Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 18 @ .. Cardamoms, Malabar... 3 25 @ 4 50 Castor Oil... @ 32 Chamomile Flow's... 30 @ 35 Chlorate Potash (gold) 33 @ .. Caustic Soda... 4 1/2 @ 5 Caraway Seed... 17 1/2 @ .. Coriander Seed... 14 @ 15 Cochineal, Hon. (gold) 90 @ 95 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd) @ 70 Copperas, American... 1 1/2 @ 2 Cream Tartar, pr. (gold) @ 30 1/2 Cubebs, East India... 30 @ .. Cutch... 8 1/2 @ .. Epsom Salts... 3 1/2 @ 4 Extract Logwood... 11 1/2 @ .. Fennel Seed... 17 @ .. Flowers, Benzoin... 80 @ 60 Gambier... gold @ 4 1/2 Gamboge... @ 1 20 Ginseng, West... 90 @ 95 Ginseng, Southern... @ 1 00 Gum Arabic, Picked... 55 @ 75 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 30 @ 32 Gum Benzoin... 60 @ 85 Gum Kowie... 80 @ 86 Gum Gedda... gold @ 16 Gum Damar... 45 @ 51 Gum Myrrh, East India 55 @ .. Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 55 @ .. Gum Senegal... @ 33 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts @ 40 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey, gold... 60 @ 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 8 60 @ 8 70 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ .. Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 3 00 @ .. Jalap, in bond gold... 85 @ 90 Lac Dye... 30 @ 45 Licorice Paste, Calabria 27 1/2 @ 32 Licorice Paste, Sicily... 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid... 29 @ 30 Licorice Paste, Greek... 31 @ .. Madder, Dutch (gold) 18 1/2 @ 14 do, French, EXF. F. do 16 1/2 @ ..

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ .. Mustard Seed, Cal... @ 10 1/2 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ .. Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 35 @ .. Oil Anis... @ 3 75 Oil Cassia... @ 2 37 1/2 Oil Bergamot... 5 50 @ 6 0 1/2 Oil Lemon... 4 12 1/2 @ 4 20 Oil Peppermint, pure... @ 5 50 Oil Vitriol... 3 1/2 @ .. Opium, Turkey. (gold) 12 75 @ 13 00 Oxalic Acid... @ 32 Phosphorus... @ 90 Prussiate Potash... 36 @ .. Quicksilver... 76 @ 77 Rhubarb, China... 2 25 @ .. Sago, Pea. lod... 8 1/2 @ 10 Salaratus... 20 @ .. Sal Am'niac, Ref... 9 1/2 @ .. Sal Soda, Newcastle... 1 70 @ 1 17 1/2 Sarsaparilla, H. g'd in b'd 28 @ 30 Sarsaparilla, Mex... @ 10 Senna Root... 50 @ .. Senna, Alexandria... 25 @ 50 Senna, East India... 20 @ .. Shell Lac... 40 @ 47 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 1/2 @ .. Sugar L'd, W. e... @ 25 Sulph. Quinine, Am oz 2 47 @ 2 50 Sulphate Morphine " 11 50 @ 11 62 1/2 Tart'ic Acid. (g'd) per lb 49 1/2 @ 50 Tapioca... 11 1/2 @ .. Verdigris, dry & ex dry 46 @ 47 Vitriol, Blue... 13 @ ..

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ .. Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ .. Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 per y... @ 72 Cotton, No. 1... per y... @ 58

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold, per ton... @ 175 00 Fustic, Cuba... 28 60 @ 30 00 Fustic, Tampico, gold... @ 25 00 Fustic, Jamaica... @ 21 00 Fustic, Savanilla... 21 00 @ .. Fustic, Maracaibo... 23 00 @ .. Logwood, Laguna... @ .. Logwood, Cam... @ .. Logwood, Hond... @ 25 00 Logwood, Tabasco... @ .. Logwood, St. Dom... 29 00 @ 30 00 Logwood, Jamaica... 22 00 @ .. Limawood... 160 00 @ .. Barwood... 26 00 @ .. Sapanwood, Manila... 50 00 @ 60 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 90 @ .. Tennessee... @ 85

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 7 00 @ 7 25 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 5 25 @ 5 75 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 6 25 @ 6 75 Mackerel, No. 1, shore 2 1/2 @ 24 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... @ .. Mackerel, No. 1, By... 27 00 @ 27 50 Mackerel, No. 2 Bay'n'w... @ .. Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax 18 00 @ 19 00 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge 13 00 @ 14 00 Mackerel, Shore, No. 2 18 00 @ .. Mac, No. 3, Mass. med. 12 50 @ 13 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1 26 00 @ .. Salmon, Pickled, per pce. 32 00 @ 35 00 Herring, Scaled per box... 48 @ 55 Herring, No. 1... 33 @ 35 Herring, pickled per bbl. 5 00 @ 7 75

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 20 @ 23

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 5 00 do Pale... 1 00 @ 4 00 Bear, Black... 3 00 @ 20 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 50 @ 75 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 75 do House... 10 @ 20 Fisher... 4 00 @ 10 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 1 50 @ 2 25 do Grey... 30 @ 1 00 do Kitt... 50 @ 75 Lynx... 1 00 @ 3 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 2 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Otter... 3 00 @ 9 00 Musquash, Fall... 10 @ 20 Opossum... 3 @ 10 Raccoon... 40 @ 1 25 Skunk, Black... 50 @ 1 25

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacao... per lb cur. 42 1/2 @ 52 1/2 do Buenos A... cur. 47 1/2 @ 50 do Vera Cruz... gold 50 @ 55 do Tampico... gold 50 @ 55 do Matamoros... gold 52 1/2 @ 57 1/2 do Payta... cur. @ 50 do Cape... cur. 50 @ .. Deer, San Juan... gold 40 @ 42 do Central America 47 1/2 @ 52 do Honduras... gold 45 @ .. do Sisal... gold 45 @ 47 do Para... gold 48 @ 50 do Vera Cruz... gold 45 @ 50 do Missouri... gold @ .. do Texas... gold @ ..

Deer, Arkansas... gold @ .. do Florida... gold @ ..

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot on unpollished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/4; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/4; all over that, 8 cent per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 45 @ 50 per cent 6x8 to 7x9... 50 ft 7 75 @ 6 00 8x10 to 10x15... 8 25 @ 6 50 11x14 to 12x18... 9 75 @ 7 00 14x16 to 16x24... 10 50 @ 7 50 18x22 to 18x30... 12 25 @ 8 00 20x30 to 24x30... 15 00 @ 9 00 24x31 to 24x36... 16 50 @ 10 00 25x36 to 30x44... 17 50 @ 12 50 30x46 to 32x48... 20 00 @ 13 50 32x50 to 32x56... 22 00 @ 14 50 Above... 25 00 @ 16 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New: is of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent 6x8 to 8x10... 50 feet 8 50 @ 6 25 8x11 to 10x15... 9 00 @ 6 75 11x14 to 12x18... 10 00 @ 7 50 13x18 to 16x24... 11 00 @ 8 00 18x22 to 18x30... 13 50 @ 9 00 20x30 to 24x30... 16 50 @ 10 00 24x31 to 24x36... 18 00 @ 12 00 25x36 to 26x40... 20 00 @ 16 00 28x40 to 30x48. (3 qlts) 22 00 @ 18 00 24x54 to 32x58. (3 qlts) 24 00 @ 20 00 32x58 to 34x60. (3 qlts) 27 00 @ 23 00 English sells at 35 per cent off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 1 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 16 1/2 @ 17

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd 21 @ ..

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ .. Meal... 6 00 @ .. Deer... 5 50 @ .. Sporting, in 1 lb cants-ters per lb... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd per lb gold 26 @ .. Buenos Ayres, mixed... @ 26 Hog, Western, unwash. cur... @ 10

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 60 @ 70

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunz and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed... per ton 320 00 @ 390 00 do Undressed... 175 00 @ 200 00 Russia, Clean... 240 00 @ .. Italian... (gold) 400 00 @ .. Manila... per lb. (gold) 12 @ 12 1/2 Sisal... 10 @ 10 1/2 Tampico... 8 1/2 @ 9 Jute... (gold) 4 1/2 @ 5

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres... per lb g'd 28 1/2 @ 24 Montevideo... do 28 1/2 @ 24 Rio Grande... do 28 1/2 @ .. Orinoco... do 28 1/2 @ 23 1/2 California... do 22 @ 23 San Juan... do 20 @ 20 1/2 Matamoros... do 18 @ 20 Vera Cruz... do 21 @ 22 Tampico... do 21 @ 22 Bogota... do 21 @ 22 Porto Cabello... do 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Maracaibo... do 17 @ 18 Truxillo... do 21 @ 22 Bahia... do 16 @ 17 Rio Hache... do 17 1/2 @ 18 Curacao... do 16 @ 18 S. Domingo & Pt. au Piatt... do 19 @ 20 Texas... do 24 @ 25 Western... do 23 @ 25

Dry Salted Hides—Chili... gold 16 @ 17 Payta... do @ .. Maranham... do 15 @ 16 Pernambuco... do 15 @ 16 Bahia... do 14 @ 15 Matamoros... do 15 @ 16 Maracaibo... do 14 @ 15 Savanilla... do 15 @ 16 Wet Salted Hides—Bue Ayres... per lb g'd. 12 @ 12 1/2 Rio Grande... do 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2 California... do 13 1/2 @ 13 1/2 Para... do 13 1/2 @ 13 1/2 New Orleans... cur 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2 City al'hter trim. & cured, 12 @ 12 1/2

Upper Leather Stock— E. A. & Rio Gr. Ktp \$ T gold .. 26	39 @ 40
Sierra Leone.. cash	32 @ 35
Gambia & Bissau ..	23 @ 29
Zanzibar ..	23 @ 29
East India Stock— Calcutta, city sl'hter p. gold. 17 @ 17½	17 @ 17½
Calcutta, dead green do buffalo, \$ B	15 @ 15½
Manilla & Batavia, buffalo..... \$ B	12 @ 12½
Honey—Duty, 20 cent \$ gallon. Cuba (duty paid) (gr. d \$ gall. 85 @ 90	85 @ 90
Hops—Duty: 5 cents \$ B. Crop of 1868 .. \$ B	10 @ 18
do of 1867 ..	15 @ 20
Bavarian ..	15 @ 20
Horns—Duty, 10 \$ cent. ad val. Ox, Rio Grande... \$ C	8 @ 8 00
Ox, American ..	6 @ 6 00
India Rubber—Duty, 10 \$ cent. ad val. Para, Fine..... \$ B	81 @ 85
Para, Medium @ ..
Para, Coarse @ ..
East India @ ..
Carthage, &c.....	36 @ 38
Indigo—Duty FREE. Bengal..... (old) \$ B	1 75 @ 2 25
do .. (gold)	.. @ ..
Madras..... (gold)	80 @ 1 10
Manila..... (gold)	70 @ 1 02½
Guatemala..... (gold)	1 20 @ 1 45
Caracas..... (gold)	.. @ 1 15
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1½ cents \$ B. Railroad, 70 cents \$ 100 B; Boiler and Plate, 1½ cents \$ B; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1½ to 1½ cents \$ B; Pig, \$ 9 \$ ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents \$ B. Pig, Scotch, No 1.	\$ ton 40 00 @ 42 50
Pig, American, No. 1 ..	42 00 @ 42 50
Pig, American, No. 2 ..	41 00 @ ..
Bar, Reif'd Eng & Amer	81 00 @ 87 50
Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (In gold) ..	82 50 @ 87 50
Bar Swedes, ordinary sizes ..	140 00 @ 150 00
Bar, English and Amer- ican, Refined ..	95 90 @ 100 60
do do do Common	99 30 @ 95 00
do do do ..	125 0 @ 140 00
Ovals and Half Round	120 00 @ 150 30
Band ..	122 50 @ 125 00
Horse Shoe ..	120 00 @ 125 00
Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch ..	100 00 @ 155 00
Hoop ..	127 50 @ 185 00
Nail Rod ..	9 @ 10½
Sheet, Russia ..	11½ @ 13
Sheet, Single, Double and Treble ..	5½ @ 7
Rails, Eng. (g'd) \$ ton	54 00 @ 55 00
do American ..	75 00 @ 78 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 \$ cent ad val. East India, Prime \$ B	3 30 @ 3 25
East Ind., Billiard Ball	3 0 @ 3 25
African, Prime ..	2 50 @ 2 87
African, Seivel., W. C.	1 25 @ 2 25
Lead—Duty, Pig, \$ 2 \$ 100 B; Old Lead, 1½ cents \$ B; Pipe and Sheet, 2½ cents \$ B. Galena .. \$ 100 B .. @ @ ..
Spanish .. (gold)	6 37½ @ ..
German .. (gold)	6 37½ @ ..
English .. (gold)	6 37½ @ ..
Bar .. net .. @ @ ..
Pipe and Sheet .. net .. @ 12	.. @ 12
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 \$ cent ad val. —cash. \$ B.— Oak, sl'hter, heavy \$ B	40 @ 46
do do middle	38 @ 46
do do light ..	38 @ 42
do do crop, heavy	42 @ 44
do do middle	42 @ 45
do do light ..	42 @ 45
Oak, rough slaughter.	38 @ 45
Hem'k, B. A., &c., h'y	27 @ 29
do do middle.	30 @ 32
do do light.	30 @ 32
do Califor., heavy	26½ @ 27½
do do middle.	30 @ 31
do do light.	31 @ 31
do Orino., heavy.	26 @ 27
do do middle	30 @ 31
do do light.	30 @ 31
do rough ..	35 @ 40
do good damaged	25 @ 28
do poor do	20 @ 24
Lime—Duty: 10 \$ cent ad val. Rockland, com. \$ bbl.	.. @ 1 25
do heavy ..	.. @ 2 00
Lumber, &c.—Duty: Lumber, 20 \$ cent ad val.; Staves, 10 \$ cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE. Bird's-eye maple, logs, \$ ft.	6 @ 7
Black walnut .. \$ M. ft.	75 00 @ 85 00
Black walnut, logs, sup fit	8 @ 9
Black walnut, tróches ..	15 @ 20
do figar'd & blist'd	22 @ 1 25
Yellow pine timber, Geo \$ M. ft.	33 00 @ 35 00
White oak, logs \$ cub. ft.	.. @ 50
do plank, \$ M. ft.	55 00 @ 60 00
Pper & W wood b'ds & nk ..	45 00 @ 45 50

Cherry boards and plank ..	70 00 @ 80 00
Oak and ash ..	45 00 @ 60 00
Maple and birch ..	30 00 @ 45 00
White pine b x boards ..	23 00 @ 27 00
White pine merchantable b x boards ..	27 00 @ 30 00
Clear pine ..	60 00 @ 70 00
Laths .. \$ M ..	.. @ 3 50
Hemlock... 3x4, per piece ..	.. @ 22
do ... 4x6, do ..	.. @ 50
do ... bds, do ..	22 @ 25
Spruce .. bds, do ..	23 @ 28
do plk 1½ in. do ..	31 @ 32
do ... do 2 in. do ..	35 @ 50
do strips, 2x1 do ..	18 @ 20
do per Mft. 19 00 @ 22 00	.. @ 22 00
Mahogany, Cedar, Rose- wood—Duty free. Mahogany St. Domingo, go, crotches \$ ft.	25 @ 50
do St. Domingo, ordinary logs ..	7 @ 10
do Port-au-Platt, crotches ..	30 @ 40
do Port-au-Platt, logs ..	10 @ 14
do Nuevitas ..	10 @ 14
do Mansanilla ..	8 @ 10
do Mexican ..	11 @ 15
do Honduras (American wood) ..	14 @ 20
Cedar, Nuevitas ..	12 @ 13
do Mansanilla ..	12 @ 13
do Mexican ..	8 @ 10
do Florida, Jan. c. ft.	25 @ 75
Rosewood, R. Jan. \$ B	5 @ 8
do Bahia ..	4 @ 6
Molasses.—See special report.	..
Nails—Duty: cut 1½; wrought 2½; horse shoe 2 cents \$ B. Cut, 4d. @ 60d. \$ 100 B	5 00 @ ..
Clinch ..	6 50 @ ..
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) \$ B	27 @ 30
Copper ..	38 @ 40
Yellow metal ..	27 @ ..
Zinc ..	18 @ ..
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 39 cents \$ gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 \$ cent ad val. Turpentine, s ft. \$ 280 B	4 60 @ 4 25
Tar, N. County \$ bbl.	2 85 @ 3 00
Tar, Wilmington ..	3 65 @ 3 85
Pitch City ..	2 75 @ ..
Spirits turpentine \$ g	50 @ ..
Rosin, com'n. \$ 280 B	2 35 @ ..
do strained ..	2 49 @ 2 50
do No. 2 ..	2 55 @ 2 75
do No. 1 ..	3 00 @ 4 25
do Pale ..	4 50 @ 6 00
do extra pale ..	6 50 @ 8 00
Oakum—Duty fr., \$ B	8 @ 11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 \$ cent ad val. City thin obl'g, in bbls. \$ ton. 40 00 @ 41 00	.. @ 41 00
do in bags ..	.. @ 50 00
West. thin obl'g, do	48 00 @ 48 50
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$ 1: burning fluid, 50 cents \$ gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 \$ cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (for- eign fisheries), 20 \$ cent ad val. Olive, Mar's, qs (gold) per case ..	3 90 @ 4 00
do in casks. \$ gall.	1 65 @ 1 70
Palm .. \$ B @ ..
Linseed, city .. \$ gall.	1 60 @ 1 05
Whale, crude ..	1 20 @ ..
do bleached winter	1 25 @ ..
Sperm, crude ..	1 95 @ 2 00
do wint. bleach ..	2 10 @ 2 12
Lard oil, prime ..	1 60 @ 1 65
Red oil, city dist. Elain	97 @ 1 00
do saponified, west'n	97 @ ..
Bank ..	.. @ 95
Straits ..	.. @ 1 00
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.	.. @ ..
Lubricating ..	.. @ 40
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents \$ B; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent \$ B; dry ochres, 56 cents \$ 100 B; oxides of zinc, 1½ cents \$ B; ochre, ground in oil, \$ 50 \$ 100 B; Spanish brown 25 \$ cent ad val.; China clay, \$ 5 \$ ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 \$ cent ad val.; white chalk, \$ 10 \$ ton. Litharge, City .. \$ B ..	.. @ 11
Lead, red, City ..	.. @ 11
do white, American, pure, in oil ..	.. @ 13½
do white, American, pure, dry ..	.. @ 12
Zinc, white, American, dry, \$ 1 ..	7½ @ 8
do white, American, No. 1, in oil ..	8 @ 11
do White, French, dry	11½ @ 11½
do white, French, in oil ..	14 @ 17
Ochre, yellow, French, dry ..	2 @ 2½
do ground, in oil ..	2 @ 10
Spanish brown, dry \$ 100 B ..	1 00 @ 1 25
do g'd in oil \$ B	8 @ 9
Paris wh., No. 1 ..	2 75 @ ..
Chrome, yellow, dry ..	15 @ 35
Whiting, Amer \$ 100 lb	2 90 @ ..
Vermilion, China, \$ B	1 05 @ 1 10

Vermillion, Trieste ...	1 00 @ 1 05
do Cal ..	95 @ 1 05
do Amer. com ..	52 @ 27
Venet. red (N.C.) \$ cwt	2 50 @ 2 75
Carmine, city made \$ B	18 00 @ 16 00
Plumbago ..	.. @ 6
China clay, \$ ton ..	28 00 @ 29 00
Chalk .. \$ lb ..	.. @ 1½
Chalk, block .. \$ ton	23 00 @ 24 00
Barytes, American \$ B	1½ @ 1½
Barytes, Foreign @ ..
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents \$ gallon. Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. \$ gal	22 @ 23
do in bulk ..	19 @ ..
refined in bond, prime L. S. to W. (110 @ 115 test) @ ..
do Standard white	32 @ 32½
Naptha, refined. 63-73 grav.	9 @ 10
Residuum .. \$ bbl ..	.. @ 6 00
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; lams, bacon, and lard, 2 cts \$ B Pork, new mess, \$ bbl	31 50 @ 31 75
Pork, old mess ..	31 00 @ 31 25
Pork, prime mess ..	28 50 @ 30 50
do prime ..	26 25 @ 27 25
Beef, plain mess ..	8 00 @ 16 30
do extra mess ..	12 00 @ 18 00
do hams ..	25 00 @ 31 00
Hams .. \$ B	16½ @ 22
Shoulders ..	13 @ 15½
Lard ..	17½ @ 19½
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2½ cents \$ B.; paddy 1½ cents, and uncleaned 2 cents \$ B. Carolina .. \$ 100 B	8 50 @ 9 50
Rangoon Dressed, gold	81 @ 81
In bond ..	81 @ 81
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents \$ 100 B; bulk, 18 cents \$ 100 B. Turks Islands \$ bush.	43 @ 41
Cadiz @ ..
Liverpool, gr'd \$ sack	1 85 @ ..
do fine, Ashton's (g'd)	2 50 @ ..
do fine, Worthing's	2 60 @ ..
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2½ cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent \$ B. Refined, pure .. \$ B	15 @ 15½
Crude ..	.. @ 7½
Nitrate soda .. gold	5½ @ 7½
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, ½ cent \$ B; canary, \$ 1 \$ bushel of 60 B; and grass seeds, 30 \$ cent ad val. Clover .. \$ B	15 @ 15½
Timothy, reaped \$ bus	3 50 @ 3 75
Canary .. \$ bus	4 25 @ 5 25
Hemp ..	2 25 @ 2 40
Lins'd Am. rough \$ bus	2 75 @ 2 90
do Calc'a, Bost'n, g'd	2 2½ @ 2 25
do do New Yk, g'd	2 25 @ 2 27½
Shot—Duty: 2½ cents \$ B. Drop .. \$ B ..	.. @ 12
Buck ..	.. @ 13
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 \$ cent. Tsates, No. 1 @ 3. \$ B	9 00 @ 10 75
Taysaams, superior, No. 1 @ 1 ..	9 00 @ 9 25
do medium, No. 2 ..	7 00 @ 8 50
Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2	7 50 @ 8 60
Canton, Extra Fine ..	8 75 @ 9 00
Japan, superior ..	10 50 @ 12 00
do Good ..	8 00 @ 9 00
do Medium ..	8 30 @ 9 00
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$ 1 50 \$ 100 lbs. Plates, for \$ 100 B gold	6 75 @ ..
do domestic \$ B	11 @ 12½
Spices.—See special report.	..
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof \$ 3 \$ gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey, for first proof, \$ 2 50 \$ gallon. Brandy, Otard, Dupuy & Co. (gold) \$ gal.	5 50 @ 13 00
Brandy, Pinet, Castil- lon & Co (gold)	5 50 @ 17 00
do Hemmessy (gold)	5 50 @ 18 00
do Marett & Co (g'd)	5 50 @ 10 00
do Leger Freres do	5 50 @ 10 00
do oth for. b'ds (g'd) @ ..
Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd)	4 50 @ 4 75
do St. Croix, 3d proof .. (gold)	3 50 @ 3 75
Gin, diff. brands. (gold)	3 00 @ 4 35
Domestic Liquors—Cash. Brandy, gin & spits in b	1 00 @ 1 05
Rum, pure ..	1 00 @ 1 05
Whiskey ..	94 @ 95
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents \$ B or under, 2½ cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts \$ B; over 11 cents, 3½ cents \$ B. and 10 \$ cent ad val. (Store prices.) English, cast, \$ B ..	18 @ 22
English, spring ..	9 @ 11½
English blister ..	11½ @ 19
English machinery ..	12½ @ 15
English German ..	14 @ 16
American blister ..	10½ @ 16
American cast Tool	.. @ 19
American spring do	10 @ 13
American mach'y do	.. @ 13
American German, do	10 @ 13

Sumac—Duty: 10 \$ cent ad val. Sicily .. \$ ton ..	50 00 @ 100 00
Sugar.—See special report.	..
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent \$ B. American, prime, coun- try and city \$ B ..	11½ @ 11½
Teas.—See special report.	..
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 \$ cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent. ad val. Banca .. \$ B (gold) ..	83½ @ ..
Straits .. (gold)	88 @ ..
English .. (gold) ..	.. @ 31½
Plates, char. I. C. \$ box @ ..
do I. C. Coke @ ..
do Terne Charcoal @ ..
do Terne Coke @ ..
Tobacco.—See special report.	..
Wines—Duty: Value not over 50 cts \$ gallon, 20 cents \$ gallon, and 25 \$ cent. ad val.; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents \$ gallon and 25 \$ cent. ad val.; over \$ 1 \$ gallon, \$ 1 \$ gal- lon and 25 \$ cent. ad val. Madeira .. \$ gall.	3 50 @ 7 00
Sherry ..	1 25 @ 9 00
Port ..	2 00 @ 7 50
Burgundy port. (gold)	75 @ 1 25
Lisbon .. (gold)	2 25 @ 3 50
Sicily Madeira .. (gold)	1 0 @ 1 25
Red, Span. & Sicily (g)	90 @ 1 00
Marseilles Mad'ra (g'd)	70 @ 85
Marseilles Port. (gold)	80 @ 1 60
Malaga, dry .. (gold)	1 00 @ 1 25
Malaga, sweet .. (gold)	1 10 @ 1 25
Claret .. gold. \$ cask	35 00 @ 60 00
Claret .. gold. \$ doz	2 65 @ 9 00
Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 1½, uncovered \$ 2 to \$ 3 50 \$ 100 B, and 15 \$ cent ad val. Iron No. 0 to 18 .. List 25 & 5 \$ ct. off Iron Nos. 19 to 26 .. List 30 & 5 \$ ct. off Iron Nos 27 to 36 .. List 35 & 5 \$ ct. off Iron Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Galv. \$ B. 10½ @ 11½	.. @ ..
Brass (less 20 @ 25 per cent.) ..	43 @ ..
Copper ..	.. @ 58
Wool—Duty: Imported in the "or- dinary condition as now and hereto fore practiced." CLASS 1.—Clothing Wools—The value whereof at the las place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less \$ B, 10 cents \$ B and 11 \$ cent. ad val.; over 32 cents \$ B, 12 cents \$ B and 10 \$ cent. ad val.; when imported washed, double these rates. CLASS 2.—Combining Wools—The value where- of at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less \$ B, 10 cents \$ B and 11 \$ cent ad val.; over 32 cents \$ B, 12 cents \$ B and 10 \$ cent. ad val. CLASS 3.—Carpel Wools and other similar Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 12 cents or less \$ B, 3 cents \$ B; over 12 cents \$ B, 6 cents \$ B. Wool of all classes imported scoured, three times the duty as if imported unwashed. Am., Sax'y fleece, \$ B	55 @ 60
do full blood Merino	47 @ 53
do ¼ & ¾ Merino ..	46 @ 50
do Native & ¾ Mer.	47 @ 50
do Combing ..	55 @ 65
Extra, pulled ..	42 @ 52
Superfine, pulled ..	45 @ 50
No 1, pulled ..	35 @ 40
Califor., fine, unwash'd	34 @ 37
do medium do	33 @ 36
do common, do	30 @ 33
Valpraiso, do	22 @ 24
South Am. Merino do	34 @ 37
do Mestizado	28 @ 32
do Creole do	20 @ 24
do Cordova,	.. @ ..
washed	33 @ 36
Cape G. Hope, unwash'd	37 @ 40
East India, washed ..	28 @ 40
Mexican, unwashed ..	23 @ 27
Texas, Fine ..	35 @ 37
Texas, Medium ..	33 @ 36
Texas, Coarse ..	27 @ 32
Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$ 1 50 \$ 100 B.; sheets 2½ cents \$ B Sheet .. \$ B	12½ @ 12½
Freights— To LIVERPOOL (steam):s. d. Cottor .. \$ B ..	1½ @ ..
Flour .. \$ bbl. ....	.. @ 1 9
Heavy wds. \$ ton	12 6 @ 17 6
Oil ..	.. @ 35 0
Corn, b'k & bags \$ bus.	.. @ 44
Wheat, bulk and bags ..	.. @ 44
Beef .. \$ tce. ....	.. @ 2 6
Pork .. \$ bbl. ....	.. @ 1 9
To LONDON (sail) Heavy goods .. \$ ton	17 6 @ 20 0
Oil ..	.. @ 30 0
Flour .. \$ bbl.	1 9 @ ..
Petroleum ..	5 @ ..
Beef .. \$ tce. ....	.. @ 3 9
Pork .. \$ bbl. ....	.. @ 2 9
Wheat .. \$ bush. ....	.. @ 6
Corn ..	.. @ 6
To HAVRE: Cotton .. \$ B @ ..
Beef and pork .. \$ bbl.	.. @ ..
Measur'm. g'ds. \$ ton	10 00 @ ..
Lard, tallow, cut in t lets @ ..
Asbes, pot & pl, \$ ton	8 00 @ 9 00
Petroleum ..	6 00 @ ..

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