

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 7.

SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1868.

NO. 161.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.

Receive money on Deposit and allow interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on daily balances, subject to check at sight.
Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four per cent interest, payable on demand.

Negotiate Loans.
Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gov. d.
Buy and Sell Government and other Securities on commission.
Make Collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.
Special Agents for the sale of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

THE FIRM OF

GILLISS, HARNEY & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 24 Broad Street,

Is dissolved by the death of H. Gilliss, Esq.

The business will be continued by the surviving partners, C. H. HARNEY and J. L. SEARLES, under the name and style of

Harney & Searles.

They receive deposits subject to sight draft and allow interest thereon. Issue Certificates of Deposit and execute orders for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, and all classes of Government Securities.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
GOLD, &c.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

HOYT & GARDNER,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Gold a Specialty.

Money received upon deposit and interest allowed upon current balances.

T. A. HOYT, Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange,
JAMES GARDNER, formerly of Georgia

Specie and Banking Office.

OF

KENNEDY, HUTCHINSON & CO.,

NO. 40 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Dealers in Gold Silver, Government Securities, &c

Collections Made.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM, THOS. BELKNAP, JR.
GEORGE PHIPPS.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

Bankers and Brokers.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & Co,

NO. 18 WALL STREET.

Commercial and Travellers' Credits,
Available in all the principal Cities of Europe.

EXCHANGE ON PARIS

At Sight at Sixty Days.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities
and Gold

bought and sold on Commission.
Advances made at current rates.
Interest at four per cent per annum allowed on deposits.

JOHN BAILEY, J. A. BUCKINGHAM, F. F. HILL,
Late Bond & Bailey. Member N.Y. St. Ex.

Bailey, Buckingham & Co

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

44 WALL STREET.

Buy and sell Commercial Paper, make advances on good securities, execute orders for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold for the usual commission.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co.,

BANKERS,

50 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold, ONLY on Commission, at the Stock, Mining Stock and Gold Boards, of which we are members.

Interest allowed on Deposits.
Dividends, Coupons and Interest collected.
Liberal advances on Government and other Securities.
Information cheerfully given to Professional men Executors etc., desiring to invest.
Refer by permission to Messrs. LOCKWOOD & Co.,
" DABNEY, MORGAN &

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE

WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,

Bankers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

Day & Morse,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities, Bought and Sold on Commission.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to draft.
ALBERT F. DAY. HORACE J. MORSE.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Sterling Exchange at Sight and Sixty Days upon

ALEX. S. PETTIE & CO., London,

Orders for Stocks, Bonds, and Merchandise, executed in London by cable or mail.

WILLIAMS & GUION,

71 Wall Street, New York,

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.,

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Bankers and Brokers.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

AND

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT M. HEDDEN.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH. JOHN MCGINNIS, JR
E. W. MCGINNIS.

McGinniss, Bros. & Smith,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.

Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies.

DRAKE BROTHERS,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities, Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Executed

Western Bankers.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN
BANKING HOUSE OF

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO,

Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.
THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89
Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

DIRECTORS:
John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison,
Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,
William Woods A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE
ATLANTIC
Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,322,015 75
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867..... 2,838,109 71

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$10,160,125 46

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,597,123 16

Losses paid during the same period..... \$4,224,364 61

Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$1,305,865 93

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks. \$6,864,485 00

Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise 2,175,450 00

Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, 210,000 00

Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... 252,414 82

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. 3,232,453 27

Cash in Bank 373,374 02

Total Amount of Assets..... \$13,108,177 11

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.

Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones,	Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pilot	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge	Gordon W. Burnham
Robt. C. Fergusson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb.
Daniel S. Miller.	Paul Spofford.
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
	Shephard Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres.
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.

Financial.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,

BANKERS,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(38 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON.
WALTER H. BURNS.

CHARLES E. MILNOR.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital..... \$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHELOCK, President
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL..... \$1,000,000

SURPLUS..... 450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

Lounsbery & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities,

Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBERY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,
26 Exchange Place, New York.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos., Contract for Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc., and undertake all business connected with Railways.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits, subject to check at sight.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

Financial.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York,
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,

Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

THOMAS DENNY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 39 WALL STREET.

Our Annual Financial Circular for 1868

Is now ready, and will be forwarded free of charge to parties desiring to make investments through us.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

JAY COOKE, }
WM. G. MOORHEAD, }
H. D. COOKE, }

{ H. C. FAHNESTOCK
{ EDWARD DODGE,
{ PITT COOKE.

JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co.' New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES on all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

March 1, 1866

JAY COOKE & CO.

S. Thompson's Nephew,

EUROPEAN

PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland

Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.

Bankers,

76 So. 3d St., } 3 Nassau St.,
Philada. } New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on liberal terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

Financial.

MANSFIELD, FREESE & BROWNELL,

Bankers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 50 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
U. S. Bonds, Coin, Stocks, Grain, Flour, and Provisions Bought and Sold on Commission only. Liberal advances on consignments. Particular attention given to collections. Four per cent, interest allowed on deposits.
J. L. MANSFIELD,
Vice-Pres. 1st Nat. Bank Decatur, Ill.
J. L. BROWNELL,
Pres. of the Open Board Stock Brokers, N.Y.
I. M. FREESE & CO.,
Commission Merchants, Chicago, Ill.
FREESE & COMPANY,
Bankers, Bement, Ill.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission. Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.
REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF DECATUR, ILL.

Capital.....\$100,000
ISAAC FREESE, Pres. J. L. MANSFIELD, Vice-Pres
T. W. FREESE, Cashier.
Prompt attention given to collections on all accessible points in the Northwest.

FREESE & COMPANY,
BANKERS,
Bement, Ill.,

A Regular Banking and Exchange business transacted. U. S. Bonds and Coin bought and sold. Capitalists can make desirable Real Estate Investments through our House. Correspondence solicited.

I. M. FREESE & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Chicago, Ill.,

Advances made on Consignments. Eastern orders for all Western products solicited. Prompt and careful attention given.

Lockwood & Co.,
BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

THE
National Trust Company
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY.

Capital One Million Dollars.
CHARTERED BY THE STATE
DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres, JAMES MERRELL, Sec.
Receives deposits and allows FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST on daily balances, Subject to Check at Sight.
SPECIAL DEPOSITS for six months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Buy and sell, at market rates, all descriptions of United States Securities, and give especial attention to the conversion of
SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES
Into the
NEW FIVE TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.
Certificates of Deposit issued, Deposits received and Collections made. Also, General Agents for
Central Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds,

Financial.

Missouri Pacific 7 per cent

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED AND ASSUMED BY THE
STATE OF MISSOURI.

These Bonds were issued by the Pacific Railroad Company as a first mortgage on the Southwest Branch and one million acres of land. The mortgage covers 98 miles of road now built from Franklin to Jerome, and all the road to be built by the South Pacific Railroad Company. There were originally issued \$4,500,000, of which but \$1,600,000 are outstanding, the balance having been redeemed and cancelled. The bonds mature in 1876.

We offer \$300,000 for Sale.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,
14 AND 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

A Desirable Investment.

UNION AND LOGANSPORT

SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

We offer for sale a limited amount of the above named bonds at the low rate of 85 and accrued interest. These bonds are secured by a First Mortgage on the road between Union, Ohio, and Logansport, Indiana, being a link in the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad Company, the new route to Chicago, and are convertible at the option of the holder, into the First Mortgage Bonds of that Company. For further particulars apply to

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
No. 18 Wall Street, New York.

FOR
SAVINGS BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES
And Investors Generally.

The towns of West Farms, Morrisania, Westchester County, New York, will issue bonds in aid of the construction of the "Southern Boulevard." Said bonds will bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually (March and September) in the city of New York. By Special Act of the Legislature, Savings Banks and Trust Companies within the State are authorized to purchase said bonds for the purpose of investment. No safer or more desirable investment can be found. A limited amount for sale at PAR AND INTEREST by

Lawrence Brothers & Co.,
BANKERS,
16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, Tontine Buildings, No. 88 Wall street, New York, June 24, 1868.—45th Dividend.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of SIX (6) Per Cent out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th instant, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 6th of July next.
Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 26th instant and reopened on the morning of the 9th prox.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

FIFTEENTH DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE
Germania Fire Insurance
COMPANY,

NO. 175 BROADWAY.
New York, July 1, 1868.

The Board of Directors have this day declared semi-annual Dividend of
FIVE PER CENT,
on the Capital Stock, free from Government Tax, payable on demand, at the office of the Company.
HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

36TH DIVIDEND.

Niagara Fire Insurance
COMPANY.

New York, July 15, 1868.

The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of
FIVE PER CENT.,
payable on demand, free of U.S. tax.

HENRY KIP, Secretary.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,
No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collections both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

Financial.

North Missouri Railroad

FIRST MORTGAGE
30 YEARS SEVEN PER CENT BONDS
INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY AND JULY,
AT THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

The Road is completed and in operation from ST. LOUIS to BRUNSWICK, on the Missouri River, and to ATLANTA, in Northeast Missouri, 232 MILES.
The entire length of road which will be completed in NOVEMBER OF THIS YEAR, 332 1-2 MILES.

Amount in Actual Cash Expended in Construction to date, \$11,340,000.

The only lien upon the Road is this First Mortgage of Six Millions, and which is LESS THAN \$16,000 PER MILE.

This Road connects with the Union Pacific at Kansas City, already completed westward 350 miles, and with the Iowa Central and the Cedar Rapids Railroads in Iowa, forming by the Iowa Central a direct connection with St. Paul, and by the latter with Dubuque. It runs through the choicest agricultural and coal lands in the State of Missouri, and by its connections will have the finest and most populous portions of Iowa and Minnesota tributaries to it. The road now completed is constructed in the most substantial manner.

We recommend the above loan as an undoubted security, and are authorized to offer a limited amount of the Bonds at \$31-2 and accrued interest. For the character of the security we refer, by permission, to

- R. LENOX KENNEDY, Esq., President National Bank of Commerce, New York.
- Messrs. E. D. MORGAN & CO., New York.
- H. F. VAIL, Esq., Cashier National Bank of Commerce.
- JAMES LOW, Esq., New York.
- J. H. BRITTON, President National Bank of the State of Missouri, St. Louis.
- J. R. LIONBERGER, President Third National Bank St. Louis.
- JOHN J. ROE, Esq., President State Savings Institution, St. Louis.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting
16 Wall Street, New York.

PROPOSALS FOR

\$1,750,000

ASSESSMENT FUND STOCK OF THE
COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office, until TUESDAY, July 28, 1868, at two o'clock P.M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of one million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the "Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York," authorized by the 7th section of chapter 565 of the laws of 1865, and by a resolution of the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, adopted June 19, 1863. The said stock is to provide means for the payment of damages awarded by the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the matter of laying out a road or public drive between 59th and 155th streets, as per report of said Commissioners, confirmed by the Supreme Court, June 15, 1868, and the expenses, charges and disbursements in same matter. The said stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year and the principal will be redeemable on the first day of November, in the year 1908. The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per \$100 thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Assessment Fund Stock of the County of New York," and enclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if the interests of the County require it.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
City of New York, Department of Finance,
Comptroller's Office, July 16, 1868.

AGENCY AETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, 62 Wall street, New York July 3, 1868.—Dividend—A Dividend of SIX Per Cent has been declared by the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
New York shareholders will be paid at this office.
JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

700 MILES
OF THE
Union Pacific Railroad

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this Spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and the Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all the energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK.

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive :

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the United States Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and NO MORE. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION.

From the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

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On its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific but they certainly prove that

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upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

Are Secure Beyond any Contingency.

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AND BY

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall Street.

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents will look to them for their safe delivery.

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THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 7.

SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1868.

NO. 161.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

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Bound volumes of the CHRONICLE for the six months ending July 1, 1868, and also previous volumes, can be had at the office.

CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

Hereafter the changes in the Redemption agents of the National Banks will be found immediately preceding the letter of our London correspondent.

THE PROSPECTIVE PREMIUM IN GOLD.

At this season, the probabilities as to the gold premium are usually canvassed with more than ordinary interest. The importer is concerned in ascertaining what price he may have to pay for the gold with which he buys his exchange for remittance, and what premium he ought to charge upon the gold cost of his goods. The cotton merchant and the manufacturer are anxious to ascertain how far the price of the new crop is likely to be affected by the gold market. Both exporters and domestic traders are interested in knowing to what extent the whole range of our exportable products may be influenced by fluctuations in gold. The question, therefore, as to the probabilities of the premium for the next three or four months has a very intimate bearing upon the value of the entire aggregate of products destined to change hands during the fall trade.

It must be allowed that, at present, there are influences at work throwing more than usual doubt upon the question as to the course of the premium. We are on the eve of a presidential election of unusually exciting interest. The issues to be discussed during the preparatory canvass are of a fundamental character; and the party acerbity with which the agitation will be conducted must naturally give rise to extreme sentiments, calculated to alarm the timid and to produce, for the time being, a generally unsettled feeling. The politics of the country are, in some respects, undergoing an important transition, and as the changes are made conspicuously apparent by the heated discussion of opposite policies, there will naturally be more or less uneasy forecasting of the influence of the contest upon the future of the nation. The bearing of the election upon the gold premium is the more important from the fact that the adjustment of the finances is a prominent issue. Leading members of both parties have shown an inclination to impose a tax upon the bonds of the government, and to declare the Five-Twenties payable in greenbacks, in opposition to what the bondholders generally conceive to be their rights.

Among those who understand our heated election discussions these controversies will have little influence. But it remains to be seen how far this prospective agitation may affect the confidence of foreign holders of United States bonds. The financial resolutions of the Democratic Convention have produced little effect as yet upon the foreign bondholders. The London press takes the ground that they have already heard much of this kind of talk from politicians, and that the financial resolutions are a mere echo of that sentiment, designed for election effect, but not to be regarded as certainly reflecting the ultimate policy of the party. Should the recent discussions in Congress and the agitation of the question during the presidential canvass modify this impression, a lower price for bonds in Europe might be expected, requiring a corresponding rise in the gold premium unless followed by a fall in the price for bonds on this side.

The more important considerations, however, affecting the premium are those connected with our foreign commerce. We have repeatedly called attention to the fact that, for the last five years, we have been paying for our imports to a material extent by the remittance of bonds to Europe. It is now very generally estimated that nearly one-third of our gold-bearing bonds are held by foreign investors. These securities may be estimated as having realised about \$425,000,000 in gold, so that they may be viewed as having compensated for a deficiency in our ordinary exports averaging about \$70,000,000 per annum. The interruption or suspension of this form of remittance must clearly be productive of a very important crisis in the import trade of

the country. It would hardly seem probable that Europe, under the present circumstances, would be willing to take more than \$700,000,000 of our bonds, the amount estimated to be now held there; and the experience of foreign bankers for the last few months proves that the demand is now confined almost entirely to the re-investment of a portion of the interest. It is true that trade in Europe still continues inactive, and that the large accumulations of money in the banks induces an active demand for securities; but it is also to be kept in mind that European governments are at present large borrowers at liberal rates of interest. Without, however, assuming that the foreign demand for our bonds will now cease, it may be quite safely concluded that we have at least reached a point at which there must be a material contraction in that demand. In no other way can we account for the unusually heavy shipments of specie from this port during the current year than from the curtailment of our shipments of securities. From the opening of the year to July 18, we have exported from New York \$57,400,000 of specie; which is \$7,500,000 above the highest former shipments for that period, and \$33,500,000 beyond the average for the last 16 years, as will appear from the following comparison:

EXPORTS OF SPECIE FROM NEW YORK FROM JAN. 1 TO JULY 18.

1868.....	\$57,392,854	1859.....	\$40,838,057
1867.....	33,774,091	1858.....	14,736,660
1866.....	49,779,151	1857.....	25,677,779
1865.....	18,416,175	1856.....	18,475,062
1864.....	30,612,893	1855.....	18,363,561
1863.....	23,637,328	1854.....	18,122,563
1862.....	34,891,350	1853.....	10,997,818
1861.....	3,254,976	1852.....	14,411,000
1860.....	21,106,797		

This immense increase in the specie exports is partially due to a further unfavorable balance existing this year between the imports and exports. That is to say, with the same amount of bonds exported as last year, we should still require some increase in the shipments of gold to adjust our foreign trade balance. From the subjoined statement it will be seen that, for the first four months of the year, there was a decrease of \$24,000,000 in the value of United States exports of produce and merchandise, while the falling off in the imports was only \$11,400,000.

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR FIRST FOUR MONTHS OF THE YEAR.

IMPORTS (gold value).

First four months, 1867.....	\$135,964,417
" " " " 1868.....	124,529,524
Decrease.....	\$11,434,893

EXPORTS (gold value).

	Prod. & Mds.	Specie.	Total.
First four months, 1867.....	\$137,239,326	\$14,741,387	\$151,980,713
" " " " 1868.....	112,827,433	24,060,065	136,887,498
Increase.....		9,318,678	
Decrease.....	24,411,893		15,093,215

For the months of May and June the imports at New York are \$198,021 less than for the same period of last year, while the exports are \$1,764,207 less than then. So that, for the whole expired portion of the year, the exports of produce have been less, in proportion to the imports, than in 1867; but the increase in the exports of specie over last year is immensely in excess of this disparity; the inference being plain that the specie drain is largely due to a decrease in our exports of bonds. Now, if we have reached the point at which our shipments of securities are being materially curtailed, it is evident that to adjust affairs to the loss of this medium of settlement our produce exports must bear a larger ratio to our imports than during late years; a change to be effected either by the diminution of our imports or the increase of our exports. Without such an adjustment, the drain of specie must be continued. It is the fact that no such adjustment is at present in process that constitutes the serious feature of the probabilities as to the future of the gold premium. The foregoing statistics show that while the general trade movement for the first

half of the year is somewhat below that of 1867, yet the contraction is much larger on the exports of produce than on the imports; so that up to this point, affairs have been taking a direction opposite to that we have shown to be required by the changed situation. The indications are, both from foreign advices and the current arrivals of goods, that the importations for the fall season will be well up to those of last year. From now up to the close of September, we shall have little produce for shipment; apparently less than at the same period of last year. After that date we shall have a fair cotton crop, which is likely to realise good prices, and probably also a larger surplus of breadstuffs than last year; so that it is reasonable to expect that our exports of these important products will realise a considerably greater value than in 1867. The question to be settled, however is, will this gain be adequate to set off any deficiency of exports between now and October, and any possible increase of imports that may be induced by the promising crop prospects? An answer to this question would go far towards determining the probabilities as to the future gold premium.

THE NORTHAMPTON FORGERIES.

In any country where paper money has ever been issued the resulting speculative excitement has been the hot-bed of prodigality and breach of trust. One of the most surprising features of our inflation era of the past six years is the small number of forgeries, swindles and defalcations which have come to light. During the earlier part of the era scarcely any such cases were discovered, and since they have increased the aggregate has been so few as to inspire us with a high and grateful sense that the moral character of our people will compare favorably with that of any other commercial nation in the world. If resistance under temptation is the touchstone of moral strength and the only proof of loyalty to principle, we might well congratulate ourselves on the result, did not the tone of public feeling seem to be undergoing a change for the worse.

The Springfield *Republican* of the 22d inst. contains the details of one of the very sad events which offer of late but too frequent evidence of this moral deterioration. Captain Sylvester Wright, an enterprising respectable merchant of Northampton, in Massachusetts, is alleged to have been forging his neighbors' signatures to a considerable amount. He was greatly esteemed, and had held several municipal offices of trust. We regret to add that he was a member of one of the leading churches of Northampton, and that this circumstance, together with his blameless moral character, gave him a credit and a standing which he has so outrageously abused. The subjoined details show how the infamous affair was first discovered, and how it finally terminated:

The forgeries extend over a period of three or four years. The first that was suspected was about two months ago, when James Ellsworth, of Northampton, accidentally heard one of the persons, whose name Capt. Wright had forged, state that he had not signed a note for two years, to which Mr. Ellsworth said he thought he was mistaken, as he had a note of \$1,500 at home with his name on it. The person addressed at once pronounced any such note a forgery. Mr. Ellsworth, who had \$2,200 of Capt. Wright's paper, then made him take it up, and thus escaped a loss. Other parties afterward found out that they held forged paper, when Capt. Wright acknowledged it and appealed to J. P. Williston for assistance, who loaned him \$7,000, and was about to loan him \$6,000 more, when the whole matter came out. To his few confidential friends Capt. Wright acknowledged he had committed a great crime, and should not shrink from the punishment that he considered his just deserts, if the community chose to proceed against him. He appointed Josephus Crafts, of Northampton, Trustee of his property, and made it all over to him, not even reserving his homestead exemption. Saturday night he came home, ready to take the consequences, but some of his friends advised him to take a different course, furnished him with money and a horse and buggy, and he left for parts unknown that night. His creditors held a meeting last night, and have decided to let Mr. Crafts proceed and settle the estate rather than have it go through the Court of Bankruptcy. Capt. Wright lost nearly his whole property by fire some years ago, his mill at Northampton being entirely destroyed. This greatly crippled his business operations, and hindered him from making much headway for some time, but it was generally

supposed that he was now in a more prosperous condition than he had been in for a long time. But the entire confidence bestowed upon him was dangerous.

The liabilities are estimated at about \$50,000 and the forged paper at \$30,000, the largest amount to any one individual being under \$7,000.

This sad case brings to light an amiable but ill timed and very mischievous laxity which prevails whenever a felony is committed by some person well known in society. His friends and associates are all anxious to escape the public odium of seeing their old friend arraigned as a felon and with one consent they conspire to defeat the ends of justice, and to let the "poor unfortunate" criminal go. Now it is clear that if such amiable reasons are sufficient for releasing one criminal, they are equally valid for another. The majesty of law, the sacredness of property, and the paramount claims of public justice over private favor might thus be outraged to the dissolution and disintegration of the body politic.

Another result of this affair should be to inspire us with caution. It has been supposed that our merchants, especially our merchants of the interior, and above all our merchants of New England, were free from certain obliquity of moral sentiment which circumstances had begun to develop in other orders of the community, and especially among the sorely tempted financial classes of our great cities. Brokers and bank officers at Washington, Baltimore, Boston, and New York have fallen victims to the temptation. But other members of the monetary republic are now contributing to swell the sad catalogue of defaulters. What can be done must be done to arrest the rising tide of speculation. Let all men holding in our banks, brokers' firms, and other moneyed institutions, in our merchants, manufacturers, and shipping firms, a position of commanding influence and trust, look carefully into the private expenditures of his juniors. Nine-tenths of the speculation that occurs is begotten by extravagance.

THE GRAIN MARKET AND THE CURRENCY.

Information received from all parts of the United States, as well as Europe, seems to render it certain that the crop of cereals for the current year will be uncommonly large, and breadstuffs and provisions of all kinds will be abundant. Should this be realized, what is to be the price of our great staples when the crops are well secured and ready for market? Should the surplus in this country, over all needed for home consumption be, as is probable, at least equal to 75 million bushels of wheat and 150 million bushels of corn, that quantity of course must find a market abroad. It cannot be held here. It must be exported, and for that purpose it can be worth only the current price in Liverpool, plus expenses of shipment, &c., and that price will govern the value of the entire crop. Should the supply abroad be large, as appears now quite certain, so that the wheat of this country is brought into sharp competition in the markets of Europe with the wheat of Egypt, Poland, and other wheat growing districts, we shall certainly be obliged to sell at much lower prices than have been obtained for several years past, especially for the last year, and our agricultural interest will begin for the first time to feel the full effects of a depreciated currency. Up to this time, owing to the great demand occasioned by the war, and the subsequent short crops abroad, breadstuffs have brought excessive prices, and the West has not only been quite well satisfied with a largely expanded currency, but desirous even of a still greater extension of it. But the tables will be turned when their products are sold at the usual gold prices in Europe, while all the articles they purchase for consumption and use will be held at currency prices. They must lose the

difference, and a large difference it will be. So it would be with the cotton growers, if the crop of 1868 were equal to that of 1860.

The experience of the past shows that while the currency of the country does govern the price of all articles made and sold exclusively within the country, it has no effect in determining the value of those products, a surplus of which must be sent abroad.

From tables that have been prepared with great care for a long series of years, it is shown beyond dispute that flour and cotton have not risen and fallen with the expansion and contraction of the currency, as all other articles produced in the country have done.

Flour, for example, in 1846, with a currency of \$9 94 per capita, was at \$5 06; while in 1851, though the currency had risen to \$11 86, an increase of 20 per cent, flour was sold at \$4 50, a decline of 10 per cent. Cotton was at 12 cents in 1850, under a currency of \$10 39, and at 9 cents in 1854, with a currency of \$14 95—a fall of 25 per cent in the price of cotton under an increase of nearly 50 per cent in the quantity of the currency! Nothing seems better established than the fact that our expanded currency has no influence on the price of any commodity a large part of which must find a foreign market, for the obvious reason that in the commerce of the world all values are measured in gold, while all non-exportable articles are governed by the quantity of local currency in use.

Should it turn out, then, that there is throughout the world a large crop of cereals, and that the people of the United States produce some 75 or 100 million bushels of wheat and 100 to 150 million bushels of corn more than required for home consumption, we may predict with great assurance, unless some unlooked for event occurs to interrupt the operation of the natural laws of trade, that breadstuffs must experience a serious decline, and that those engaged in producing them will be convinced that it is not for their advantage to have a currency expanded beyond the natural wants of the country, and will become as clamorous for contraction as they have hitherto been for expansion.

It may be thought by some that the immense volume of currency now in use, some 1,200 millions, will enable speculative operators to hold the crops to such an extent as to control prices if they choose to do so; but if there be the large surplus now expected, it would be quite impossible for them to accomplish the undertaking, since the market must in the end certainly break down, and the actual gold value for export be the established price. But whatever the result may be, those persons who take an interest in the question of the relation of currency to prices (and the number of such is not small at the present day), will regard with deep solicitude the developments of the grain markets for the next twelve months; for it is nearly certain that they will be such as to exhibit in a striking manner the disadvantage those must suffer who produce articles for export under a currency less valuable than that generally used in the commerce of the world.

INFLUENCE OF THE TELEGRAPH ON COMMERCE.

By no class in the community will the reduction of cable charges, which is to take place on and after the 1st of September next, be more highly appreciated than by merchants, while indirectly it is a benefit to every one. After that date a message of ten words, exclusive of the address, date and signature, which are free, will cost only fifteen dollars. This reduces the expense of ocean telegrams to somewhere near the rates of overland dispatches for equal distances; and though a lower tariff may at some future period be adopted, it is nevertheless sufficiently reasonable to bring the privileges of the cable within easy reach of the public.

That it will be attended by a largely increased and more profitable business can scarcely be doubted. The cable is not worked at present to more than a third of its capacity, and as it is claimed that use improves in place of injures it, there is no reason why the business should not be greatly enlarged; and this may be effected by reducing the rates charged until they are within the means and the wants of the public.

The influence of this cable upon the world is, we think, scarcely appreciated. Speculators are not benefitted by it, and especially is this true as the rates for telegrams gradually come within the control of all. It has, however, diminished the risks of business, equalized prices, regulated the production of commodities and promoted their distribution. As a mercantile agent, therefore, the telegraph system is invaluable, and when the missing links shall have been completed of the great chain that will bring all civilized nations into instantaneous communication with each other, it will also be found to be the most potent of all the means of civilization, and the most effective in breaking down the barriers of evil prejudice and custom that interfere with the universal exchange of commodities.

But as we have already intimated, the most important effect of the telegraphic system is the saving that results to each individual. Through its agency a larger business may be conducted upon a smaller capital than in the old times. A merchant, through its use, may quickly learn of the scarcity of any article in any port of the world, and also the prices of the same goods in the leading markets, and decide on the expediency of engaging in the trade. In the same way, one holding a heavy stock of goods can ascertain at a small cost the condition of the various markets in reference to it, and thus obtain the data for determining the proper course of action to be adopted for bringing his goods to the market. Consequently it is no longer necessary to keep immense supplies of goods on hand in anticipation of the wants of consumers. Through the agency of the telegraph and steam he may obtain in a few weeks the supplies that are needed. Examples of this kind are within the experience of every business man. In case of a sudden turn in the American market for any particular line of French or English goods, orders can be sent by telegraph and a supply obtained by steam within as many days as it formerly required weeks or months to obtain them.

Last fall there were short crops of breadstuffs in Europe under circumstances that would have produced a bread panic in the olden time. But this was obviated in the most natural manner possible. The telegraph was set to work in every direction, and the remotest quarters of the globe reached. To the Baltic, New York, San Francisco, South America, Australia, Egypt, the word flew that the necessities of England and Southern Europe were very great, and orders for the shipment of breadstuffs were sent forward, so that in a very short time two million bushels of wheat were afloat for England. The scarcity, in place of a panic, only produced a proper adjustment in prices, without any of the excitement which in former times would have carried the cost of living to a very high figure, and be attended with immense suffering to the masses. Nearer home, in the winter of 1866-67, a heavy increase in the price of breadstuffs in New York was only prevented by the prompt arrival of supplies from California via the Isthmus. It was the first time that flour had ever been shipped by that expensive route; but the telegraphic information warranted the risk, and the result more than justified the venture.

In the same way the cotton trade was last year saved from some disastrous vicissitudes. English spinners and dealers were impressed with the idea that the supply of cotton would

be largely in excess of consumption. As a consequence, prices went down to a figure that rendered its production no longer profitable in the United States, and, on the eve of the planting season, Southern planters prepared to abandon its cultivation. This fact becoming known, and the consumption at the same time increasing, a little panic in the cotton trade set in, prices went up rapidly, so that planters were induced again to raise cotton. Had we been without the cable, the information as to the rise in prices at Liverpool would have reached us too late to have had the same influence on cultivation, and hence we should have raised very little cotton. Other countries, too, within telegraphic communication of Liverpool, were led by the same facts to increase the cultivation of this staple. The benefit thus accruing to each consumer of cotton goods will be felt through the present year.

The influence of the telegraph in equalizing prices is also very marked. There can be scarcely any such thing as wide fluctuations under a condition of affairs that places the markets of the world in momentary communication with each other. A failure of the sugar crop in the South and in Cuba, even with a short supply in this city, would not necessarily cause a very large advance of prices in New York if it could be known by telegraph that supplies could be obtained from India and Europe. To the legitimate trader the facilities of the telegraph reduce risks to a minimum; secures greater certainty of returns on outlay; effects a considerable saving of time, and therefore of money, and renders it possible to transact a larger amount of business with the same capital. All these results are highly advantageous to the masses of consumers and producers everywhere; and hence a reduction in the rates by the Atlantic cable is a good subject for general rejoicing.

CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks for the week ending July 23. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

LOCATION.	NAME OF BANK.	REDEEMING AGENT.
New York. Oswego.....	The First National Bank of Oswego.	The National Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of Albany, approved in place of The First National Bank of Albany.
Pennsylvania. Downington....	The Downington National Bank ...	The National Exchange Bank of Philadelphia, approved in place of The Corn Exchange National Bank of Philadelphia.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JULY 10.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam....	short.	11 18 @11.18½	July 10.	short.	11.90 @11.92½
Antwerp.....	3 months.	25.37½ @25.42½	"	"	25.20 @25.22½
Hamburg.....	"	13. 9½ @13.10	"	"	13. 8½ @ —
Paris.....	"	25.32½ @25.37½	"	"	25.17½ @ —
Paris.....	short.	25.17½ @25.25	"	3 mos.	*25.20 @ —
Vienna.....	3 months.	11.57½ @11.62½	—	—	—
Berlin.....	"	6.26½ @ 6.27	—	—	—
St. Petersburg	"	31½ @ 31½	July 10.	3 mos.	32½ @32½
Cadiz.....	"	49½ @ 49½	—	—	—
Lisbon.....	90 days.	51½ @ 51½	July 7.	30 days.	5½ @51½
Milan.....	3 months.	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
Genoa.....	"	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
Naples.....	"	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
New York.....	—	—	July 10.	60 days.	110%
Jamaica.....	—	—	June 10.	90 days.	½ p. c.
Havana.....	—	—	July 9.	60 days.	10½ @ —
Rio de Janeiro	—	—	June 9.	"	17 @17½
Bahia.....	—	—	June 15.	"	18 @18½
Valparaiso....	—	—	May 17.	"	45½ @ —
Pernambuco..	—	—	June 17.	"	17½ @18½
Singapore.....	60 days.	4s. 4d.	June 1.	6 mos.	4s. 4½ d. @ —
Hong Kong....	"	4s. 4d.	June 12.	"	4s. 6½ d. @ —
Ceylon.....	"	1 p. c. dis.	June 1.	"	1½ @1½ per ct.
Bombay.....	"	1s. 11½ d.	July 8.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Madras.....	"	1s. 10½ d.	July 1.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Calcutta.....	"	1s. 10½ d.	July 2.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	2 p. c. dis.	May 29.	90 days.	½ p. c. prem.

* Less 2 per cent.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, July 11, 1868.

The weather continues dry, and as the week closes there is no sign of a change. On the other hand, the indications are that we are by no means about to leave the dry weather behind us, and enter a period of wet weather. We are, in fact, although this is only the 11th of July, in real harvest weather, and the harvest has begun. As we approach the close of next week we shall find, no doubt, that on forward land considerable progress will have been made with cutting and carting wheat; consequently, we can scarcely wish that the weather should change, and the produce be stacked in damp condition. In the southern counties of England the cutting of rye is making rapid progress, and as the ground is so dry the operation of cutting and carting occupies but little time. There is every probability that the harvest will be rapidly completed, and doubtless many farmers will thresh a considerable proportion of their produce in the fields, and forward it to market immediately. Throughout the country the ground is much parched and there is scarcely any grass. The cattle in the fields are consequently suffering from restricted supplies of food, and, in some parts, from the want of water. Stock is consequently forwarded prematurely to market, from which circumstance we must of necessity suffer towards the close of the year. Barley and oats will be bad crops, and the latter article has in consequence advanced 1s. per quarter during the present week. The root crops will also be deficient. But so far as wheat is concerned the crop accounts are still very favorable, and it seems very clear that the yield of produce will be above the average. Indeed, on all well-farmed land the yield will be heavy, but upon poor land light. As has been frequently mentioned, the area of land under wheat cultivation has considerably increased, and consequently the light yield on inferior land is more than compensated for by the extension of the cultivation. This week prices have fallen 1s. to 2s. per quarter. The following statement shows the imports and exports of wheat and flour into and from the United Kingdom from the commencement of the season to the close of last week:

From—	Imports—		Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sep. 1 to June 27.....	22,190,846	30,951,944	408,965	619,857
Week ending July 4.....	437,265	865,663	.....	4,901
Total	22,628,111	31,817,607	408,965	624,848

From—	Imports—		Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sep. 1 to June 27.....	3,177,794	2,702,223	24,746	27,108
Week ending July 4.....	54,820	60,729	679	1,260
Total	3,232,614	2,762,952	25,425	28,358

The weather on the Continent has been similar to that in this country. A long period of drought has caused pasture land to be deficient, but wheat is doing well. So far as I am able to ascertain, the wheat crop in France is about an average; but in Germany it is well spoken of, and is represented as being large. I am also informed that the vintage will be an excellent one, and that the wines of 1868 will in future years be much sought after for their fine quality.

The supply of Cape and Australian wool in the market for the July-August sales already amounts to about 120,000 bales. The wool trade is still characterised by much quietness, but, considering the enormous supplies on hand this year, it is wonderful that prices have improved. The cause of the improvement is to be attributed to the large purchases on Continental account. Annexed are the particulars of imports and exports for the first five months of the year:

IMPORTS OF WOOL IN FIVE MONTHS.

	1866.	1867.	1868.
From Continent.....lbs.	9,097,415	5,041,086	2,874,415
Cape.....	6,455,121	11,862,977	10,868,543
East Indies.....	5,071,201	3,534,133	5,179,467
Australia.....	43,817,913	51,648,900	36,911,536
Other countries.....	6,272,332	9,567,820	7,350,592
Total.....	70,714,032	81,654,901	63,127,353

EXPORTS IN FIVE MONTHS.

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Colonial.....	17,440,969	22,517,027	30,255,377
Foreign.....	2,121,696	5,065,480	1,966,632
Home grown.....	2,626,371	2,157,812	4,010,278

EXPORTS OF WOOLEN MANUFACTURES.

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Yarn, lbs.....	11,162,377	13,819,561	20,315,393
Cloth, yds.....	13,793,230	12,745,036	9,538,314
Flannels, yds.....	2,170,795	2,225,535	2,567,460
Blankets, yds.....	1,487,896	1,007,105	1,182,306
Blanketing and baizes, yds.....	530,169	593,936	314,221
Carpets and druggets.....	2,812,187	2,895,518	2,624,794
Worsted stuffs & waistcoatings, yds.....	97,535,714	82,582,656	85,299,174

The comparatively active state of our trade during the first five months of the year was due in a great measure, as your readers are aware, to our extensive shipments of goods to the India and China markets. I find, on compiling a return which shows the extent of our exports of cotton piece goods to India and China, that in the first five

months of this year we supplied nearly 150,000,000 yards more than in 1867, and about 160,000,000 yards more than in the corresponding period in 1866. So far as has yet been ascertained, however, the profits on the transactions have not been so great as anticipated; indeed I am told that a loss has been the result. Consequently, during the last six weeks, the demand for goods for the East has fallen off, and trade is therefore quieter. To some extent the losses on the diminution of profits have been caused by the low rate of exchange; but as the exchange, according to the latest advices, has improved, a revival of activity is expected to take place. The particulars of the exports of cotton piece goods to India and China are subjoined:

EXPORTS OF COTTON PIECE GOODS TO INDIA AND CHINA.

	1866.				
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
China & Hong Kong...	28,939,282	23,501,087	9,808,158	16,333,98	23,236,492
British India.....	62,689,222	80,09,333	51,508,888	89,069,883	74,421,721
Total.....	91,628,504	103,510,420	61,317,046	105,403,681	98,658,213

	1867.				
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
China & Hong Kong...	7,808,878	6,510,305	15,336,761	12,841,560	15,976,483
British India.....	40,221,417	50,945,818	32,512,149	52,099,032	78,165,783
Total.....	48,030,295	57,456,123	47,858,910	64,940,592	94,142,266

	1868.				
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
China & Hong Kong...	12,996,763	11,927,651	11,569,177	12,678,996	18,948,204
British India.....	24,091,361	38,150,682	61,046,502	46,218,337	61,906,983
Total.....	37,088,124	50,078,333	72,615,679	58,897,333	80,855,187

The following are the totals for each year:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
January.....	91,628,504	48,030,295	37,088,124
February.....	103,510,420	57,456,123	50,078,333
March.....	61,317,046	47,858,910	72,615,679
April.....	105,403,681	64,940,592	58,897,333
May.....	98,658,213	94,142,266	80,855,187
Total.....	460,517,864	312,528,136	299,534,556

The bulk of the dividends on Consols has now been paid, and a large sum of money has been released. The consequence has been that an increased amount of loanable capital, which is not at present required, has come into the market, and the rates of discount have fallen to a very low point. The Bank *minimum* remains at 2 per cent, and in the open market first-class short-dated bills are taken at 1½ to 1¼ per cent. The mercantile demand is comparatively trifling, although the Clearing-House statement for the fourth of the month shows a heavier total than for 15 months past. The Bank *minimum* has now been for nearly 12 months at 2 per cent, and it is quite impossible to say when a higher quotation can be expected. It is not improbable that money will remain at from 1½ to 2 per cent during the rest of the year. The following are the current quotations for money:

	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
30 and 60 days' bills	1½@2	1½@1½	6 months' bank bills	2½@2½
3 months' bills	1½@2	1½@1½	4 and 6 trade bills	2 @2½
4 months' bank bills	2 @2½	1½@1½		

On the Continent the money market continues to present a quiet appearance. At Berlin there is rather more firmness, but in other quarters much quietness prevails. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France amounts to £48,178,390, while discounts are at £17,201,820. The following are the quotations for money at the leading cities:

	B'k rate—		Op. m'kt—		B'k rate—		Op. m'kt—	
	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
At Paris.....	2½	2½	1½-2	1½	Turin.....	5	5	2½-3
Vienna.....	4	4	4	4	Brussels..	3	2½	2½-3
Berlin.....	4	4	2½	2½-3	Madrid...	5	5	2
Frankfort.	2½	2½	1½-2	1½-2	Hamburg..	—	2	2
Amst'rd'm	2½	2½	2-2½	2	St. Pet'g.	7	6½	7½-8½

The rates of exchange have not materially altered during the week. There is scarcely any demand for gold for export, but Mexican dollars in consequence of the purchase of about £100,000 for shipment to China on a market scantily supplied, are firmer, and are now quoted at 59d. to 59½d. per ounce.

The chief feature in the bullion movements of the first six months of the year is the large increase in the receipts of gold from the United States, the total being £5,527,100, against £2,323,040 in 1867. Our imports from Australia have increased to the extent of £1,000,000; but those from Mexico, &c., have declined £1,000,000. The export movement has also been considerable, the shipments of gold to France having been £2,500,000 greater than they were in 1867. The export of silver has, however, fallen off, in consequence of the absence of any important demand for India and China. Annexed is an abridgement of a return, compiled by Messrs. Pixly, Abell & Langley, showing the extent of our imports and exports in the first six months of 1867 and 1868:

	IMPORTS, 1868.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
France.....	£205,820	£154,730	£360,550
United States.....	5,527,100	1,440,760	6,967,860
Mexico, C. America and W. Indies.	655,595	2,181,528	2,837,123
Brazils.....	713,290	85,330	798,620
Australia.....	3,194,790	.....	3,194,790
Total.....	£11,279,337	£4,004,573	£15,283,910

1867.			
France.....	£343,702	£502,741	£546,443
United States.....	2,323,040	573,600	2,901,640
Mexico, C. America and W. Indies.	774,116	3,058,783	3,832,899
Brazils.....	226,442	11,095	237,537
Australia.....	2,121,170	.....	2,121,170
Total.....	£6,420,840	£1,353,947	£10,774,787
EXPORTS, 1868.			
France.....	£4,601,190	£373,460	£5,474,650
Hanse Towns.....	112,400	674,040	786,440
Holland.....	.....	1,349,410	1,349,410
Alexandria.....	682,100	.....	682,100
Bombay.....	35,300	425,830	461,100
Brazils.....	639,100	32,000	671,100
Total, with other countries....	£6,390,122	£3,779,680	£10,169,802
1867.			
France.....	£2,113,102	£504,966	£2,618,068
Hanse Towns.....	129,952	611,329	741,281
Holland.....	95,630	1,044,330	1,139,960
Alexandria.....	240	.....	240
Bombay.....	15,000	350,118	365,118
Brazils.....	125,830	55,200	181,030
Total, with other countries....	£3,099,880	£3,055,794	£6,155,674

The Egyptian loan, which will be brought forward next week, will be for £2,000,000 of cash. It is also said that the Swedish loan will be introduced next week.

The Consol market has been weaker, notwithstanding the supply of money is very large, and that the crop of wheat promises to be a large one. The rumors of many foreign loans is probably the chief cause of the less buoyant tone of the market. The highest and lowest prices of consols on each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending July 11	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -95 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -95	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -95	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -94 $\frac{1}{2}$

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, compared with the state of its resources at this date since 1865. It also exhibits the *minimum* rate of discount, the prices of Consols, wheat, middling upland cotton, and No. 40 mule yarn at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Circulation.....	22,943,562	25,899,211	24,508,333	24,722,730
Public deposits.....	4,590,233	2,726,739	5,121,309	4,396,418
Private deposits.....	16,229,245	21,472,485	21,232,551	23,158,434
Government securities.....	10,398,909	10,278,123	12,830,773	14,614,394
Other securities.....	21,161,055	29,039,734	18,361,530	18,412,735
Reserve.....	7,791,521	3,800,640	13,488,151	11,665,730
Coin and bullion.....	15,534,466	13,993,470	22,541,231	22,551,542
Bank rate.....	3 p. c.	10 p. c.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. c.	2 p. c.
Price of Consols.....	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ @95
Average price of wheat.....	42s. 5d.	54s. 6d.	61s. 1d.	67s. 7d.
Mid. Upland cotton.....	19d.	14d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality.	1s. 10d.	1s. 9d.	1s. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	1s. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

American securities have been very quiet, and United States Five-Twenty bonds have been unfavorably affected by the declaration of the Democratic party in reference to the public debt. The decline has not, however, been important. Atlantic and Great Western railway securities are firmer; but Erie railway shares and Illinois Central show no material alteration in price. The following are the highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities on each day of the week:

Week ending July 11	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's.....	73 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 - 73 $\frac{1}{2}$
Atlantic & G't West-ern consol'd bonds	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ -34 $\frac{1}{2}$	34 $\frac{1}{2}$ -35	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ -36 $\frac{1}{2}$	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ -37	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ -36 $\frac{1}{2}$	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ -35 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie Shares (\$100)	45 $\frac{1}{2}$ -46 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$ -46 $\frac{1}{2}$	46 - 46 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$ -46 $\frac{1}{2}$	46 $\frac{1}{2}$ -	45 $\frac{1}{2}$ -46 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois shares (\$100)	101 $\frac{1}{2}$ -	102 -	102 -	102 -	101 $\frac{1}{2}$ -102	101 $\frac{1}{2}$ -

Advices from Frankfort state that the market for 5-20 bonds was firm, with a tendency to higher prices.

The directors of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company have issued an amended statement respecting the proposals for a re-organization of that undertaking, and for the resumption of specie payments. The principal feature is that the interest on income bonds is to be at the rate of 7 per cent, and will date from the 15th of November next. Income bonds are issued for the unpaid coupons of the certificates of debenture. It is proposed to resume cash payments of interest accruing on the first mortgage divisional bonds from October 1, 1868, second mortgage divisional bonds from October 1, 1869, and on the consolidated mortgage bonds from January 15, 1871, funding the previous coupons.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols have been steady all the week at about 94 $\frac{1}{2}$ @94 $\frac{1}{2}$ for both money and account. American securities have been steady, with more firmness apparent toward the close, excepting Erie which declined during the week to 42 $\frac{1}{2}$, although the price reacted to 43 at the close. U. S. Bonds at Frankfort have been generally firm, although without material change in the quotations,

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money.....	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$
“ for account.....	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862..	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central shares..	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie Railway shares..	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	43
Atl. & G. W. (consols)..	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	39 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—
Frankfort..... 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ -77 77 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$

Liverpool Cotton Market.—This market opened quiet, and has continued heavy and depressed through the entire week with some decline in quotations. The sales of the week, as reported per cable, have reached only 50,000 bales. The market closed heavy at the following authorized quotations: Middling Uplands, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d., and Middling Orleans, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ @11d.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bale sold.....	8,000	8,000	8,000	6,000	8,000	12,000
Pr. Mid. Uplds.	11-11 $\frac{1}{2}$	11	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -7 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
“ Orleans	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	11- $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -11
Mid. Uplds. to arriv	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—The market for the articles under this head has been generally quiet. The following are the changes from last week. Flour and Red and White Wheat each show a loss of 6d., and Corn of 1s., while Oats are 2d. better, Barley 1d. and Peas 6d. The market closed heavy.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Flour, (Western).... p. bbl	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	29 6
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. ctl	11 6	11 6	11 6	11 3	11 3	11 0
“ (California white) “	13 0	13 0	13 0	12 11	12 11	12 6
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480lbs	36 0	36 0	36 0	36 0	35 0	35 0
Barley (Canadian), per bush	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs.	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 9	3 9	3 9
Peas (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	43 0	43 0	43 0	44 0	43 6	43 6

Liverpool Provisions Market.—In this market Beef has declined to 106s. per tierce, at which price it has been firmly held. Pork has also lost 1s. and cheese 6d. The market closed steady.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	107 6	107 6	107 6	105 0	106 0	106 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	76 0	76 0	76 0	76 0	75 0	75 0
Bacon (Cumb. cu) p. 112 lbs	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 6
Lard (American) “ “	65 6	65 6	65 6	65 6	65 3	65 6
Cheese (fine) “ “	57 6	57 0	57 0	57 0	57 0	57 0

London Produce and Oil Markets.—We have again to report a quiet and steady market, generally speaking, of the articles under this head. Spirits Turpentine has lost 6d., closing at 27s. Tallow has gained 1s. and Clover Seed 4s. 6d. Linseed Oil, after losing 5s., reacted at the close to the opening price. Sugar closed quiet and steady, and Petroleum declining.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Rosin (com Wilm) .per 112 lbs	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9
Sp turpentine.....	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs.	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 5	1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$
“ spirits....per 8 lbs	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
Tallow (American) .p 112 lbs.	43 3	43 3	43 9	43 9	44 0	44 3
Clover seed (Am. red)	48 6	48 6	48 6	52 0	53 0	53 0
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p 112 lb	26 0	26 0	.....	.....	26 0	.....
Linseed (Calcutta).....	£0 63 6	£0 63 6	£0 64 0	£0 64 0	£0 63 6	£0 63 6
Linseed cake (obl'g) p ton	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0
“ oil.....	31 15 0	31 15 0	31 15 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 15 0

Latest: Friday Evening, July 24.

LONDON, July 24.—Consols are now quoted at 94 $\frac{1}{2}$ for both money and account. American securities as follows: United States Five-Twenty bonds, 72 $\frac{1}{2}$; Illinois Central Railway shares, 95 $\frac{1}{2}$; Erie Railway shares, 43 $\frac{1}{2}$; Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated shares, 41

LIVERPOOL, July 24—Cotton.—The usual circulars issued under the authority of the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association contain the following statistics and remarks on the cotton market for the week. The total sales up to last evening have been only about 45,000 bales, of which number 10,000 bales were taken by exporters and 3,000 on speculation. The market has been generally heavy, with a downward tendency, and the quotations of American descriptions; as compared with last week, show a decline of fully $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per pound. There is a slight falling off in the stock of American cotton and the amount on hand is about 320,000 bales, against 329,000 last week. The total stock of cotton at sea, on the way to this port, is estimated at 781,000 bales, of which 13,000 bales are on the way from the United States.

Advices from Manchester state that the market for yarns and fabrics is steady.

The only changes in the other commercial markets are a loss of 6d. on Flour and 15s. on Linseed Oil, and an advance of 10s. in Linseed Cakes.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show an increase both in dry goods, and in general merchandise, the total being \$4,680,442, against \$4,363,244 last week, and \$3,850,662 the previous week. The exports are \$2,638,195 this week against

\$2,317,411 last week, and \$2,452,598 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 165 bales, against 671 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) July 17, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) July 18:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Dry goods.....	\$1,240,529	\$2,378,815	\$1,320,641	\$1,480,619
General merchandise...	2,446,345	3,875,179	1,908,815	3,199,823
Total for the week....	\$3,687,174	\$6,253,994	\$3,229,456	\$4,680,442
Previously reported....	82,317,012	165,157,867	137,949,424	128,953,845
Since Jan. 1.....	\$86,004,186	\$171,411,861	\$141,178,880	\$133,640,285

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending July 21:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
For the week.....	\$2,847,751	\$2,867,787	\$3,892,324	\$2,638,195
Previously reported....	84,757,260	113,255,966	104,178,867	90,953,806
Since Jan. 1.....	\$87,605,017	\$116,123,753	\$108,071,191	\$93,597,001

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	1868.		1867.	
	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$899,987	\$47,799,813	\$2,012,888	\$59,574,410
France.....	96,350	4,563,779	150,086	6,806,566
Holland and Belgium....	99,476	2,646,643	262,303	2,867,008
Germany.....	326,144	8,438,278	547,593	12,909,501
Other Northern Europe..	41,471	1,043,483	130,006	1,138,684
Spain.....	59,965	1,135,516	7,176	596,568
Other Southern Europe..	183,754	3,005,930	10,713	3,422,096
East Indies.....		55,773		
China and Japan.....	174,087	1,924,053	2,500	1,251,686
Australia.....	153,436	1,461,269	200,263	1,546,544
British N. A. Colonies....	75,195	2,373,276	121,414	1,385,637
Cuba.....	36,614	3,828,713	78,137	3,247,674
Hayti.....	19,737	1,137,431		728,145
Other West Indies.....	87,495	4,867,495	153,432	4,098,805
Mexico.....	46,207	1,040,977	34,618	849,298
New Granada.....	121,738	2,024,621	36,627	1,795,928
Venezuela.....		362,662	40,208	422,105
British Guiana.....		785,278	11,878	698,354
Brazil.....	35,679	1,754,268		1,518,690
Other S. American ports..	147,879	2,171,079	60,727	1,940,549
All other ports.....	33,071	719,868	29,155	859,576

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending July 18, 1868:

July 14—St. Saxonia, Hamburg—		Gold bars.....	139,432
American gold.....	\$215,000	Foreign silver....	17,000
Gold and silver coin.	53,600	Bullion.....	810
“ 15—St. China, Havre—		“ 18—St. Borussia, Hamb'g—	
American gold.....	100,000	American gold.....	135,000
“ 15—St. China, Liverpl'—		Silver bars.....	21,500
American gold.....	755,000	Gold and silver coin	
“ 16—St. Missouri, Havana—		and bars.....	40,000
American silver....	5,526	Specie.....	4,732
Spanish gold.....	7,500	Gold bars.....	1,793
“ 16—St. Hansa, Bremen—		“ 18—St. City of Boston,	
American gold.....	175,000	Liverpool—	
Foreign gold.....	7,700	American gold.....	105,000
Silver bars.....	139,710	British gold.....	9,795

Total for the week.....	\$1,934,138
Omitted from last week.....	150,000
Previously reported.....	55,298,716
Total since Jan. 1, 1868.....	\$57,382,854

Same time in	1867.	Same time in	1868.
1867.....	\$33,774,091	1859.....	\$40,838,057
1866.....	49,779,151	1858.....	14,736,660
1865.....	18,446,175	1857.....	25,677,779
1864.....	30,612,893	1856.....	18,475,062
1863.....	23,637,328	1855.....	18,363,561
1862.....	34,894,350	1854.....	18,122,563
1861.....	3,254,979	1853.....	10,997,818
1860.....	26,106,797	1852.....	14,411,003

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

July 13—St. Guiding Star, Aspinwall—		“ 15—St. Rising Star, Aspinwall—	
Silver.....	\$660	Gold.....	4,888
“ 14—Schr. J. Jameson, Carthage—		Silver.....	5,050
Gold.....	200	“ 15—St. Europe, Havre—	
		Gold.....	2,000

Total for week.....	\$12,738
Previously reported.....	4,107,663
Total since January 1, 1868.....	\$4,120,401

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall, July 14, arrived at this port July 22, with treasure for the following consignees:

Fugene Kelly & Co.....	\$103,800 00	Marcial & Co.....	400 00
Moritz Meyer.....	93,900 52	Isaacs & Asch.....	1,235 00
A. Belmont & Co.....	102,644 50	G. Hirshfeld.....	1,500 00
Van Hoffman & Co.....	100,000 00	S. Davis.....	500 00
Wells, Fargo & Co.....	55,322 14		
Kunhardt & Co.....	4,625 00	Total.....	\$463,927 16

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 9.	Rising Star	\$989,464	\$989,464	May 6.	Oc'n Queen	727,849	13,399,336
“ 22.	Arizona	951,705	1,941,170	May 22.	Arizona	1,177,496	14,577,332
Feb. 1.	H. Chauncey	1,293,584	3,239,753	May 28.	H. Chauncey	618,040	16,195,372

Feb. 9.	Rising Star	1,255,333	4,495,087	June 6.	Ocean Queen	996,820	16,192,192
Feb. 20.	Arizona	1,568,161	6,063,248	June 11.	Rising Star	657,510	16,849,702
Mar. 2.	H. Chauncey	1,551,270	7,571,680	June 13.	Guid'g Star	290,723	17,140,425
Mar. 11.	Rising Star	476,147	8,047,827	June 22.	Arizona	1,063,051	18,203,476
Mar. 22.	Arizona	1,168,779	9,216,606	June 27.	San de Cuba	118,109	18,321,585
Apr. 1.	H. Chauncey	864,698	10,081,304	June 29.	H. Chauncey	807,071	19,128,566
Apr. 10.	Oc'n Queen	1,175,754	11,257,058	July 5.	Oc'n Queen	849,372	19,978,028
Apr. 22.	Arizona	948,020	12,205,078	July 15.	Rising Star	522,721	20,500,748
Apr. 28.	H. Chauncey	466,909	12,671,987	July 22.	Arizona	463,927	20,964,675

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.*—The following is a summary of the proposed plan for funding coupons and resuming payment of interest on the bonds of this company which was lately issued from the London office, over the signature of Mr. H. G. Stebbins, President.

A. CASH REQUIREMENTS, April 1, 1867.

1. Coupons due prior to and on January 5, 1867.....	\$1,409,196
2. Supply debt in America.....	61,405
3. Amount expended since April 1, 1867, and required for renewals and new works.....	2,613,288
Total.....	\$4,083,889

—of this amount over one third has been provided for out of revenues for year ending March 31, 1868.

B. CAPITALIZATION OF INTEREST.

It is proposed to capitalize into "income bonds" bearing 4 per cent interest in gold from November 15, 1868, having 20 years to run and semi-annual coupons attached:

1. Two years' coupons on first mortgage divisional bonds.....	\$798,110
2. Three years' coupons on second mortgage divisional bonds.....	308,553
3. Four years' coupons on consolidated mortgage bonds.....	4,926,180
4. Two years' interest on debentures, from November 15, 1867, at 5 per cent.....	1,400,000
Total amount of income bonds to be issued.....	\$7,432,843

Resumption of interest at 7 per cent will commence on the first mortgage bonds from October 1 next.

C. CERTIFICATES OF DEBENTURE—(£2,800,000, \$14,000,000).

These debentures were originally issued for temporary purposes. It is proposed to convert the certificates of debenture into second mortgage consolidated bonds bearing 5 per cent interest in gold from the 15th November, 1869; the two years interest from maturity of debentures, 15th November, 1867, until interest on the bonds commences, being funded at 5 per cent per annum, as per statement B.

D. PRESENT POSITION OF THE CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

1. First mortgage bonds, secured on divisions, as they stood prior to consolidation.....	\$5,700,509
2. Second mortgage bonds secured on same.....	1,469,300
3. Consolidated mortgage bonds, secured on the whole line and its franchises, and the revenue of the Mahoning and Franklin branches.....	17,593,600
4. Certificates of debenture, £2,800,000 equal to, in gold.....	14,000,000
5. Shares or common stock.....	17,358,850
Balance being difference between the amount of collaterals lodged as security for certificates of debentures—viz., bonds.....	\$5,236,600
Do, shares.....	12,641,150
Less amount of certificates of debenture.....	14,000,000
Total present authorised issue.....	\$60,000,000

E. POSITION OF THE BOND AND CAPITAL ISSUES.

On completion of the scheme of conversion of debentures and capitalization of interest.	
1. First mortgage, divisional bonds, 7 per cent.....	\$5,700,500
2. Second mortgage divisional bonds, 7 per cent.....	1,469,300
3. Consolidated bonds, 7 per cent.....	17,593,600
4. Second mortgage consolidated bonds, 5 per cent (new).....	14,000,000
5. Income bonds, 4 per cent (new).....	7,432,831
6. Share capital or common stock.....	17,358,850
Total.....	\$63,555,081

The whole of the securities in trust for certificates of debenture will revert to the company. It is proposed to resume cash payments of interest accruing on the first mortgage divisional bonds from 1st October, 1868. Second do do from 1st October, 1869. Consolidated mortgage bonds from 15th January, 1871, funding the previous coupons.

F. ESTIMATES OF REVENUE FROM 1ST APRIL, 1867, TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1872, AND ITS APPROPRIATION.

The ability to resume payments at the dates hereafter named is based on the estimates of Mr. Trevithick, the consulting engineer of the committee of investigation, and of Mr. Oewel, one of the committee who visited the railway. The moderation of these estimates is proved by the actual net receipts of 1867-8, being 15 per cent in excess of Mr. Trevithick's calculations. The estimates are in United States currency, and coupons must be for the present so payable; but for the difference between currency and gold on such coupons as are payable in gold, certificates will be given redeemable from the earliest revenues which can fairly be appropriated for that purpose. The estimates of net revenue, after providing for rent, taxes and working expenses, are:

	By Mr. Trevithick.	By Mr. Oewel.
April 1, 1867, to April 1, 1868.....	\$1,450,000	\$1,495,000
“ 1868 “ “.....	1,740,000	1,840,000
“ 1869 “ “.....	2,052,500	2,005,000
“ 1870 “ “.....	2,237,500	2,430,000
“ 1871 “ “.....	2,506,250	2,615,000
“ 1872, to Dec. 31, 1872.....	2,000,000	2,100,000
Net amount of revenue.....	\$12,086,250	\$12,485,000

The demands on the revenue will be—	
As per statement A.....	\$4,083,889
Coupons due in 1869.....	671,578
“ “ 1870.....	1,466,803
“ “ 1871.....	2,422,853
Total.....	\$11,376,054
Surplus of estim. net rev.....	710,196

* By the last English mail, received since this statement was in type, several important changes have been made in these proposals, which will be found in an extract from the London Times published in The Railway Monitor, on a subsequent page.

UNITED STATES DEBT.—The subjoined letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, shows the amount of the several gold-bearing loans of the United States outstanding July 1, 1868:

Pacific Mail, Reading or Fort Wayne. These inducements, however, appear to have failed to draw the outside operators to any important extent into stocks; and it may be safely assumed that the combinations are now holding fully as much stock as at the commencement of the season. The transactions registered on the stock lists during the week make an imposing show; but those familiar with the course of business are aware that a large proportion of the sales of the cliques are made to their agents, for effect, the stocks coming back into their hands. Prices close rather higher on the Western shares; but the stocks of the State roads remain about the same. The Erie Company has negotiated the sale of £200,000 of the sterling bonds of the company, authorized about three years ago, the price being 103. The proceeds of the loan are to be employed principally in the importation of steel rails. This has given a steadier tone to the stock.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	June 12.	June 19.	June 26.	July 3.	July 10.	July 17.	July 24
Cumberland Coal	34	34	34	35	35	35	35
Quicksilver	26 1/2	25 1/2	24 1/2	22	21	21 1/2	21 1/2
Canton Co.	50	50	49 1/2	48	48	48	48
Mariposa pref.	7 1/2	9 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	9	9	9
New York Central	134 1/2	133 1/2	134 1/2	131 1/2	131 1/2	133	134 1/2
Erie	70	69 1/2	69 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Hudson River	141 1/2	140	140	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2
Reading	96 1/2	100 1/2	101 1/2	99 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	95
Mich. Southern	89 1/2	90 1/2	92 1/2	91 1/2	92 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Michigan Central	120	120	120	119 1/2	119 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Clev. and Pittsb.	87 1/2	89 1/2	90 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	86 1/2	88
Clev. and Toledo	107 1/2	107 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103	103
Northwestern	69 1/2	x.d. 65	69 1/2	75 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2	83 1/2
preferred	81 1/2	x.d. 77 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	83 1/2
Rock Island	103 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	108
Fort Wayne	111 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2	109 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2
Illinois Central	151 1/2	156	157 1/2	158	149 1/2	151 1/2	151 1/2
Ohio & Miss.	29 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Min. ing.	Im. prot.	Tele. graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total.
May 7	364	232,554	587	14,150	5,265	9,084	16,318	16,853	295,175
" 14	625	197,104	1,525	16,800	2,550	9,036	16,855	29,306	273,801
" 21	714	170,021	1,127	9,915	2,750	11,177	61,658	28,189	285,551
" 28	550	339,666	2,076	8,850	5,450	6,660	36,674	23,818	423,744
June 5	356	275,562	1,312	4,850	3,500	5,568	21,410	11,844	324,046
" 11	176	203,621	300	7,915	4,900	7,005	12,046	10,564	246,557
" 18	618	244,997	209	9,100	2,200	5,910	15,302	11,380	289,116
" 25	509	248,834	420	8,659	6,175	6,290	33,968	17,533	322,438
July 2	389	283,817	1,646	9,250	5,200	6,411	22,230	33,681	362,624
" 9	369	197,735	640	4,500	2,950	3,130	15,035	9,407	233,796
" 16	611	194,822	219	2,000	1,700	7,520	5,220	9,652	221,744
" 23	1,354	297,335	156	2,475	2,470	4,986	6,250	10,187	325,163

THE GOLD MARKET.—The gold premium has continued firm at near the advance established at the close of last week, the price having ranged at 142 1/2 to 143 1/2. There is still a very strong undertone in the market; but any further rise has been held in check by the supply of exchange made against shipments of bonds; and the Erie loan, alluded to above. There has also been a disposition among the larger holders to encourage an appearance of weakness, in order to draw out a "short" interest. Owing to the temporary supply of bills from the sources above alluded to, there has been but a light shipment of specie this week. Loans have ranged at 2 1/2 @ 4 per cent "for carrying."

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Quotations.				Clos. ing.	Total clearings.	Balances.	
	Open. ing.	Low. est.	High. est.	High. est.			Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, July 18	143 1/2	143 1/2	144	143 1/2	78,730,000	\$2,165,925	\$3,430,191	
Monday, " 20	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	57,353,000	1,421,128	2,102,419	
Tuesday, " 21	142 1/2	142 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	64,205,000	1,397,832	2,001,926	
Wednesday, " 22	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	57,812,000	1,990,175	3,252,298	
Thursday, " 23	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	43,844,000	1,617,311	2,324,305	
Friday, " 24	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	29,288,000	1,365,739	1,971,129	
Current week	143 1/2	142 1/2	144	143 1/2	331,232,000	9,958,140	15,082,263	
Previous week	140 1/2	140 1/2	143 1/2	143 1/2	304,367,000	9,092,115	12,912,941	
Jan. 1 '68, to date	133 1/2	133 1/2	144	143 1/2				

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, July 18, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California	\$522,721
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	12,738
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York	2,898,000
Reported new supply thrown on market	\$3,433,459
Withdrawn for export	\$1,934,138
Withdrawn for customs	2,250,000
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply	750,679
Specie in banks on Saturday, July 11	\$19,235,348
Specie in banks on Friday, July 18	20,399,031
Increase of specie in banks	\$1,163,683
Actual excess of reported supply	\$413,604
Supply received from unreported sources	

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
July 13	\$255,437 68	\$3,213,025 36	\$3,935,474 22	\$1,698,612 99
" 14	517,148 18	2,884,811 03	860,429 84	4,227,409 88
" 15	1,682,483	395,164 78	3,886,905 93	1,013,159 83
" 16	343,934 03	1,184,108 62	4,227,409 88	1,013,159 83
" 17	1,527,334	343,934 03	1,013,159 83	1,457,193 35
" 18	315,302 40	915,970 06	1,457,193 35	
" 18	362,195 00	2,540,397 85	1,457,193 35	
Total	\$2,189,182 07	\$14,265,768 35	\$13,192,269 61	\$3,310,743 79
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of July 13				83,310,743 79

Deduct payments during the week

Balance on Saturday evening

Decrease during the week

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$991,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$93,000 in gold, and \$2,096,182 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since May 2:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
June 6	1,900,118	30,090,497	29,601,023	94,188,512	Dec. 489,474
June 13	1,682,483	12,505,291	14,377,045	96,060,267	Inc. 1,871,755
June 20	1,835,670	25,947,576	25,523,528	95,636,220	Dec. 424,047
June 27	1,598,058	14,428,293	12,694,790	93,902,717	Dec. 1,733,502
July 3	1,527,334	22,802,061	12,325,278	83,425,935	Dec. 10,474,783
July 11	1,730,411	40,481,495	40,366,307	83,310,744	Dec. 115,191
July 18	2,189,182	14,265,768	13,192,270	81,877,243	Dec. 1,433,496

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—There has been a good deal of irregularity in the rates of exchange. A considerable amount of bills has been thrown upon the market, drawn by German bankers against bonds, which have sold at low rates. The leading drawers, however, have declined to sell their sterling bills below 110 1/2.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	July 3.	July 10.	July 17.	July 24.
London Comml.	109 1/2 @ 110	109 1/2 @ 110	109 1/2 @ 110	109 1/2 @ 110
do bkrs' lq	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2
do do shrt.	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 1/2 @ 110 1/2
Paris, long	5 13/16 @ 5 12/16	5 13/16 @ 5 12/16	5 13/16 @ 5 12/16	5 13/16 @ 5 12/16
do short	5 10 1/2 @ 5 10	5 10 1/2 @ 5 10	5 10 1/2 @ 5 10	5 10 1/2 @ 5 10
Antwerp	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15
Swiss	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15	5 16 1/2 @ 5 15
Hamburg	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2	36 1/2 @ 36 1/2
Amsterdam	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2	41 1/2 @ 41 1/2
Frankfort	41 @ 41 1/2	41 @ 41 1/2	41 @ 41 1/2	41 @ 41 1/2
Bremen	79 1/2 @ 80	79 1/2 @ 80	79 1/2 @ 80	79 1/2 @ 80
Berlin	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on July 18, 1868:

BANKS.	AVERAGE AMOUNT OF					Legal Tenders.
	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.	
New York	\$3,000,000	\$8,735,006	\$4,581,535	\$748,557	\$8,164,617	\$3,153,703
Manhattan	2,050,000	5,629,348	2,197,307	11,435	4,681,963	2,138,767
Merchants'	3,000,000	8,190,706	1,467,982	891,589	6,773,652	1,173,345
Mechanics'	2,000,000	5,914,604	429,971	569,398	4,511,609	964,709
Union	1,500,000	4,062,277	307,513	469,696	2,837,389	875,201
America	3,000,000	7,783,363	2,622,894	1,785	8,980,902	2,729,890
Phoenix	1,500,000	4,513,301	439,720	518,215	3,221,081	513,513
City	1,000,000	4,281,941	389,837	.....	2,112,797	887,500
Tradesmen's	1,000,000	3,238,483	48,176	714,085	2,158,240	774,103
Fulton	600,000	2,039,546	205,002	.....	1,961,260	999,537
Chemical	300,000	6,512,236	417,973	.....	5,939,721	2,097,506
Merchants' Exchange	1,235,000	3,960,108	83,350	446,600	3,202,858	957,757
National	1,500,000	2,843,091	139,098	484,385	838,402	123,558
Butchers'	800,000	2,664,200	40,000	264,100	1,946,900	502,700
Mechanics and Traders'	600,000	2,245,054	20,675	195,720	1,824,079	490,530
Greenwich	200,000	1,162,860	.....	3,395	901,246	112,353
Leather Manuf. National	600,000	3,213,848	317,710	266,985	2,435,212	1,064,288
Seventh Ward National	500,000	1,144,643	71,592	177,705	996,445	306,345
State of New York	2,000,000	5,113,079	525,642	366,000	4,557,427	1,480,702
American Exchange	5,000,000	10,527,728	662,510	9,8,569	6,055,717	1,677,941
Commerce	10,000,000	25,112,638	1,241,747	5,891,630	9,381,830	7,173,631
Broadway	1,000,000	6,321,141	98,658	900,000	5,609,405	2,041,306
Ocean	1,000,000	3,898,274	30,152	798,460	3,021,569	886,315
Mercantile	1,000,000	3,717,188	39,946	482,087	3,194,220	904,612
Pacific	422,700	2,055,591	38,917	133,795	1,807,031	499,529
Republic	2,000,000	5,003,624	690,667	858,750	3,725,263	904,612
Chatham	450,000	1,901,165	81,380	129,486	2,135,704	704,719
People's	412,500	1,328,054	18,694	6,106	1,257,355	289,702
North American	1,000,000	2,484,131	135,649	833,000	2,323,198	540,333
Hanover	1,000,000	2,540,746	41,748	229,155	1,580,172	486,867
Irving	500,000	1,792,000	12,000</			

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.	Legal Tenders.	Aggregate Clearings.
June 6.	273,792,367	14,328,531	34,188,159	209,089,655	68,822,028	640,663,329
June 13.	275,142,024	11,193,631	34,166,846	210,670,765	69,202,840	530,323,197
June 20.	274,117,608	9,124,830	34,119,120	211,484,887	72,567,582	553,983,817
June 27.	276,504,036	7,753,300	34,048,721	214,302,207	73,853,303	516,726,075
July 3.	281,945,931	11,954,730	34,032,466	221,050,806	72,125,939	525,646,693
July 11.	284,147,708	19,235,348	34,068,202	224,320,141	63,531,542	591,756,395
July 18.	282,917,490	20,399,031	31,004,111	228,130,749	71,47,545	603,462,460

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, July 20, 1868 :

Banks.	Capital.	Loans.	Specie.	L. Tend.	Deposits.	Total net	Circulation
Philadelphia	\$1,500,000	\$5,161,000	\$51,000	\$1,335,000	\$3,818,000	\$1,000,000	786,000
North America	1,000,000	4,559,670	55,960	1,140,149	3,103,152	716,035	716,035
Farmers' & Mech.	2,000,000	5,155,969	14,239	1,646,525	4,604,805	623,400	623,400
Commercial	810,000	2,431,000	4,000	763,000	1,638,000	479,355	479,355
Mechanics	800,000	2,251,000	8,950	679,000	1,767,000	460,000	460,000
Bank N. Liberties	500,000	2,185,000	...	679,000	1,497,800	219,479	219,479
Southwark	250,000	1,445,800	10,632	565,200	1,138,424	228,670	228,670
Kensington	250,000	1,166,927	15,912	262,567	986,546	177,080	177,080
Penn Township	500,000	1,324,401	...	395,000	1,664,599	6,725	6,725
Western	400,000	1,449,338	1,419	584,169	1,155,816	450,294	450,294
Manufacturers'	570,150	1,630,000	...	373,500	811,003	219,860	219,860
B'k of Commerce	250,000	949,797	...	1,153,000	2,894,000	588,000	588,000
Girard	1,000,000	3,285,000	17,000	215,104	836,917	181,821	181,821
Tradesmen's	200,000	1,310,542	3,520	307,865	897,855	358,434	358,434
Consolidation	200,000	1,121,450	...	498,964	1,034,197	212,800	212,800
City	400,000	1,387,314	...	511,241	1,194,852	450,000	450,000
Commonwealth	237,000	1,064,382	6,000	490,000	1,627,000	227,000	227,000
Corn Exchange	500,000	1,896,000	...	631,000	2,137,000	270,000	270,000
Union	30,000	1,617,000	520	1,265,000	3,916,000	798,000	798,000
First	1,000,000	3,650,000	...	301,300	896,590	261,599	261,599
Third	300,000	1,013,000	...	272,490	829,509	133,210	133,210
Fourth	225,000	732,028	...	137,000	369,000	135,000	135,000
Sixth	150,000	442,000	...	204,000	597,000	219,000	219,000
Seventh	250,000	775,000	...	188,000	652,000	260,590	260,590
Eighth	275,000	811,000	...	764,000	2,148,000	593,000	593,000
Central	750,000	2,614,000	...	367,000	1,180,000	417,500	417,500
Bank of Republic	1,000,000	1,863,000	...	354,000	844,000	175,000	175,000
Exchange	300,000	853,000	...	...	...	...	...
Total	16,017,150	53,994,618	188,252	16,747,440	45,637,975	10,647,852	10,647,852

* This column includes amounts due to banks.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Capital	Increase	83,238
Loans	Increase	481,355
Specie	Increase	21,638
Legal Tenders	Increase	...
Deposits	Increase	...
Circulation	Increase	...

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Date.	Loans.	Specie.	Legal Tend.	Deposits.	Circulation.
June 1.	53,562,449	239,371	16,184,865	36,574,457	10,626,937
June 8.	53,491,364	226,581	16,078,308	42,910,499	10,630,945
June 15.	53,122,521	175,308	15,837,117	43,016,968	10,630,945
June 22.	53,281,820	182,711	15,993,145	43,243,562	10,631,220
June 29.	53,072,878	198,563	16,414,877	43,936,629	10,630,307
July 6.	53,653,471	233,996	16,443,153	44,824,398	10,625,426
July 13.	53,791,596	182,524	16,664,202	45,156,620	10,626,214
July 20.	53,994,618	188,252	16,747,440	45,637,975	10,617,852

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, July 20, 1868.

Banks.	Capital.	Loans.	Specie.	L. T. Notes.	Deposits.	Circulation.
Atlantic	\$750,000	\$1,494,328	\$24,289	\$161,730	\$467,610	\$447,563
Atlas	1,000,000	1,976,431	3,444	408,610	530,626	797,343
Blackstone	1,000,000	2,762,355	3,991	273,000	1,454,071	793,325
Boston	750,000	1,700,814	4,564	236,571	718,829	599,127
Boylston	500,000	1,455,000	587	192,217	715,531	443,155
Columbian	1,000,000	2,472,183	4,292	230,500	1,019,090	789,012
Continental	500,000	1,341,651	...	228,857	708,315	439,461
Eliot	1,000,000	2,434,858	116,648	172,650	986,558	795,760
Faneuil Hall	1,000,000	2,149,278	2,685	397,003	1,195,376	598,615
Freeman's	400,000	1,228,790	1,969	92,252	504,106	356,017
Globe	1,000,000	2,543,416	11,470	431,000	1,540,378	358,540
Hamilton	750,000	1,603,813	6,690	171,345	912,332	242,883
Howa d.	750,000	1,451,212	3,354	168,550	515,043	446,133
Mark-t	800,000	1,485,077	16,367	140,156	527,130	357,841
Massachusetts	800,000	1,781,090	1,467	278,692	846,295	333,552
Maverick	400,000	838,032	...	154,785	243,974	245,357
Merchants'	3,000,000	6,316,595	180,632	946,275	2,796,534	1,842,420
Mount Vernon	200,000	594,879	1,201	162,707	423,098	177,125
New England	1,000,000	2,306,959	2,005	508,678	669,516	799,782
North	1,000,000	2,222,901	2,005	242,200	688,439	794,287
Old Boston	900,000	1,955,479	61,040	640,433	1,203,681	363,900
Shawmut	750,000	1,726,537	3,607	216,675	536,811	595,960
Shoe & Leather	1,000,000	2,381,001	...	331,592	936,449	360,000
State	2,000,000	3,390,712	666	677,320	870,213	987,254
Suffolk	1,500,000	3,698,477	628,446	521,495	723,397	757,320
Traders'	600,000	1,043,307	44,344	211,428	560,086	179,250
Tremont	2,000,000	3,354,512	110,919	744,952	1,231,750	700,054
Washington	750,000	1,988,170	29,236	162,285	861,082	591,366
First	1,000,000	4,579,492	27,486	637,043	1,687,175	794,000
Second (Granite)	1,000,000	3,382,433	44,123	763,054	1,373,938	795,500
Third	300,000	859,209	1,536	104,064	656,151	174,312
B'k of Commerce	2,000,000	4,917,801	9,217	1,091,958	2,943,652	971,122
B'k of N. Amer.	1,000,000	1,757,141	1,301	497,363	556,012	596,397
B'k of Redemp'n	1,000,000	6,112,223	80,752	882,773	2,042,723	799,100
B'k of the Repub.	1,000,000	2,441,705	...	254,400	783,718	800,000
City	1,000,000	1,824,874	11,153	75,000	585,933	456,638
Eagle	1,000,000	1,904,443	19,079	273,000	955,272	345,072
Exchange	1,000,000	3,192,057	16,104	213,904	1,053,122	795,510
Hide & Leather	1,000,000	1,986,579	6,700	221,034	808,110	792,079
Revere	1,000,000	3,475,452	5,940	439,719	2,921,132	395,300
Union	1,000,000	2,415,681	13,185	304,000	1,045,995	546,004
Webster	1,500,000	2,954,029	17,004	468,922	1,440,371	491,554
Everett	200,000	492,651	47	81,226	350,873	99,785
Security	200,000	453,876	2,462	58,025	270,953	130,000
Total	42,300,000	102,430,433	1521,393	15,469,406	43,876,300	25,218,727

* This total does not include \$135,799 State circulation.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Capital	Increase	273,805
Loans	Increase	756,544
Specie	Increase	2,543
Legal tender notes	Dec.	...
Deposits	Inc.	...
Circulation	Inc.	...

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past :

	Loans.	Specie.	Tenders.	Deposits.	National.	State.
June 1.	97,458,997	766,553	14,188,806	40,311,569	25,204,939	159,560
June 8.	98,116,632	631,149	14,368,900	41,470,376	25,194,114	159,313
June 15.	99,513,988	561,990	14,373,575	41,738,706	25,190,565	159,151
June 22.	99,389,632	476,433	14,564,614	42,583,871	25,197,317	158,908
June 29.	99,477,074	436,699	15,195,550	42,506,316	25,182,920	158,812
July 6.	100,110,830	1,617,638	15,107,307	43,458,654	25,214,100	144,689
July 13.	101,493,516	1,198,529	15,743,211	43,116,765	25,216,184	141,538
July 20.	102,430,433	1,521,393	15,469,406	43,876,300	25,218,727	135,799

BANK STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	CAPITAL.	DIVIDEND.	FRIDAY.			
			Bid.	Ask		
America*	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July	July '68	5 140	...
American	100	500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. '68	4	...
American Exchange	100	5,000,000	May and Nov.	May '68	5 120 1/2	121
Atlantic	75	300,000	Jan. and July	July '68	5	...
Atlantic (Brooklyn)	50	500,000	Jan. and July	Jan. '68	5	...
Bowery	100	250,000	Jan. and July	Jan. '68	12	...
Broadway	25	1,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. '68	5	...
Brooklyn	50	300,000	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. '68	4	...
Bull's Head*	50	200,000	Quarterly	July '68	5 134	...
Butchers & Drovers	25	800,000	Jan. and July	July '68	5 107 1/2	108
Central	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July	Jan. '68	6	...
Central (Brooklyn)	50	200,000				

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: DENOMINATIONS, Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal Due, FRIDAY (Bid, Asked), and DENOMINATIONS (marked * are in default for interest), Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal Due, FRIDAY (Bid, Asked). Rows include National (June 1, 1863), State Securities (Alabama, Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland), and Municipal Securities (Baltimore, Boston).

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JULY 24, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Table with columns for Stock/Security Name, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Week's Sales. It is divided into sections: National, State, Municipal, Bank Stocks, and Railroad Stocks/Bonds. Includes entries like American Gold Coin, United States 6s, and various railroad securities.

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The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 24.

The market seems subject to fitful movements, springing up with little apparent basis, and as suddenly subsiding. This may be attributed, no doubt, to the prevailing ease in the money market, and also, to some extent, to the idea that prices of many staples are relatively low, or that the supply is to be reduced.

Cotton has declined, but Breadstuffs are generally better, notwithstanding the favorable crop prospects. There has been a large movement in Kentucky Tobacco, and Groceries at the close are rather better.

Provisions generally have shown an upward tendency. The favorable prospects of the Cotton crop, increasing the demand for Hog products to feed laborers, as the picking season approaches. There is also more inquiry from Great Britain and the Continent, while, with next to nothing coming forward, the speculation in Pork has regained strength. Beef is very unsettled and somewhat neglected. Butter has advanced fully 5c. per lb. on a falling off in the receipts, and Cheese is also doing better, with a good export demand.

Hides and Leather have become quiet, with more liberal supplies. East India goods are firm, with Calcutta Linseed advanced to \$2 2½ gold, per bushel. Metals are dull, and prices barely supported.

Naval Stores have shown the usual fluctuations, but Spirits Turpentine closes firm and active at 44@45c. per gallon. Rosins and other Naval Stores are quiet but firm. Linseed Oil has advanced 5c. per gallon, and Lard Oil is doing better, but Whale and Sperm are dull and weak. Whalebone is slightly lower and dull; Arctic sold at 60c. gold.

There has been a quiet week in Petroleum closing at 17½@17¾c for Crude in bulk, and 34@34½c for refined in bond. Tallow has shown an upward tendency. Fish have slightly declined. Building materials show some depression.

Wool has become very active; at the decline of the past few weeks, manufacturers and dealers have bought largely; domestic fleece has attracted the most attention the past week, mostly in the range of 42½@50c.

Freights have been very dull, and rates to the leading British ports are unsettled and drooping; but it is expected that the coming week with better supplies of grain, will make a better return.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67.
Ashes, pkgs.	104	3,511	3,752			
Breadstuffs—						
Flour bbls.	22,332	593,451	734,210	9,601	241,746	189,752
Wheat, bush	73,371	4,206,594	1,071,504	1,138	20,999	11,343
Corn	318,631	9,773,470	5,451,296	100	6,037	3,326
Oats	49,875	2,911,771	1,531,712	2,244	33,057	39,748
Rye	985	189,601	82,044		7,096	2,802
Malt		337,389	323,819	16,756	352,449	501,055
Barley		406,818	46,422	193	25,024	12,445
Grass seed	1,116	60,306	43,869	4,746	230,558	298,719
Flaxseed		4,954	7,720	36,683	359,163	465,232
Beans	177	23,841	17,442	263	62,403	79,524
Peas	7,691	190,667	285,892	2,821	149,545	162,538
C. meal, bbls.	1,363	89,066	44,748		98,776	120,143
C. meal, bags	267	215,590	218,949		86,057	26,259
Buckwheat & B W flour, pkg		8,272	6,085	95	61,234	97,285
Cotton, bales	4,433	37,618	407,497		10,109	8,418
Copper, bbls.	121	10,976	6,345		7,486	8,705
Copper, plates	303	1,852	8,693		50	7,486
Dried fruit, pkg		13,639	9,985		6,240	83,535
Grease, pkgs.	38	3,354	9,985		45	8,733
Hemp, bales	105	472	565			2,801
Hides, No.	9,916	317,493	199,354			
Hops, bales	54	3,526	3,177			
Leather, sides	30,253	641,853	1,479,583			
Lead, pigs		3,477	1,193			
Molasses, hhd and bbls.		10,950	13,311			
Naval Stores—						
Crude trp. bbl	1,086	5,955	5,210			
Spirits turp.	1,107	32,572	33,917			
Rosin						
Pitch						
Oil cake, pkgs						
Oil, lard						
Oil, petroleum						
Peanuts, bags						
Provisions—						
Butter, pkgs						
Cheese						
Cut meats						
Eggs						
Pork						
Beef, pkgs						
Lard, pkgs						
Lard, kegs						
Rice, pkgs						
Starch						
Stearine						
Spelter, slabs						
Sugar, hhd. & bbls.						
Tallow, pkgs						
Tobacco, pkgs						
Tobacco, hhd						
Whisky, bbls						
Wool, bales						
Dressed hogs, No.						
Rice, rough, bush						

Exports of Leading Articles from New York. The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1868. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

ARTICLES.	Total this week.	Total since January 1, 1868.	Same time in 1867.
Breadstuffs—			
Flour	16,578	451,640	267,786
Wheat	1,377	173,522	93,310
Corn	31,439	2,989,053	93,871
Oats		152,993	136,887
Rye			860,226
Malt		39,560	136,314
Barley		4,419,677	5,603,887
Grass seed			346,286
Beans		61,042	39,429
Peas		53,113	40,904
C. meal, bbls.		36,745	30,274
C. meal, bags		2,225	8,446
Buckwheat & B W flour, pkg			3,915
Cotton, bales		206,356	15,231
Copper, bbls.		14,503	15,231
Copper, plates		27,674	28,329
Dried fruit, pkg		16,623	12,833
Grease, pkgs.		433	1,420
Hemp, bales		50	14,418
Hides, No.		8,189	170,361
Hops, bales		1,148	208,706
Leather, sides		8,144	3,054
Lead, pigs		3,907	292,815
Molasses, hhd and bbls.		26,319,117	15,958,758
Naval Stores—			
Crude trp. bbl		17,006	225,393
Spirits turp.		190,765	3,77,554
Rosin			150,294
Pitch			53,992
Oil cake, pkgs			33,297
Oil, lard			164,365
Oil, petroleum			37,144
Peanuts, bags			6,228
Provisions—			
Butter, pkgs			172,129
Cheese			262,564
Cut meats			77,344
Eggs			114,373
Pork			8,515
Beef, pkgs			20,477
Lard, pkgs			18,682
Lard, kegs			41,704
Rice, pkgs			21,571
Starch			4,281,130
Stearine			446,385
Spelter, slabs			
Sugar, hhd. & bbls.			
Tallow, pkgs			
Tobacco, pkgs			
Tobacco, hhd			
Whisky, bbls			
Wool, bales			
Dressed hogs, No.			
Rice, rough, bush			
Others S. Amer'n.	5,601		
Brazil	35,971		
Guana.	24,381		
Venezuela	11,646		
Granada.	10,838		
Mexico	3,318		
Hayti.	158,211		
Cuba	10,592		
Colombia	87,878		
Venezuela	42,217		
Other W. Indies.	63,251		
Cuba	1,425		
Hayti	2,250		
Colombia	76,703		
Venezuela	1,333		
Other W. Indies.	85		
Cuba	2,584		
Hayti	620		
Colombia	1,211		
Venezuela	3,271		
Other W. Indies.	53		
Cuba	132		
Hayti	3,091		
Colombia	2,073		
Venezuela	2		
Other W. Indies.	9		
Cuba	3,2		
Hayti	20		
Colombia	10		
Venezuela	110		
Other W. Indies.	31		
Cuba	646,598		
Hayti	6,026		
Colombia	231		
Venezuela	121		
Other W. Indies.	2,137		
Cuba	2,862		
Hayti	12,478		
Colombia	642		
Venezuela	194		
Other W. Indies.	334		
Cuba	1,062		
Hayti	517		
Colombia	2,324		
Venezuela	163		
Other W. Indies.	2,929		
Cuba	35,810		
Hayti	2,148		
Colombia	10,231		
Venezuela	120		
Other W. Indies.	16		
Cuba	1,769		
Hayti	20		
Colombia	34		
Venezuela	97		
Other W. Indies.	20		
Cuba	18,168		
Hayti	127		
Colombia	439		
Venezuela	171		
Other W. Indies.	3,633		
Cuba	1,045		
Hayti	73		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1,961		
Venezuela	347		
Other W. Indies.	8		
Cuba	1,961		
Hayti	347		
Colombia	1		

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the last week, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.
China, Glass & Earthenw ^e .				Molasses.....	5,384	133,539	101,806
China.....	37	3,844	....	Metals, &c.			
Earthenware	1,818	24,793	....	Cutlery.....	57	1,988	2,019
Glass.....	1,300	190,311	....	Hardware....	70	3,255	5,981
Glassware ..	140	37,441	....	Iron, RR b'rs	15,679	342,452	199,696
Glass plate ..	101	3,466	....	Lead, pigs..	3,359	236,601	248,707
Buttons.....	118	4,039	2,858	Spelter,lbs..	....	3,176,096	887,025
Coal, tons....	1,124	32,058	76,719	Steel.....	7,462	116,749	127,766
Cocoa, bags...	1,618	10,191	11,269	Tin, boxes..	29,997	442,351	360,532
Coffec, bags...	8,329	625,217	526,606	Tin slabs, lbs	238,009	3,455,905	2,183,324
Cotton, bales.	....	318	258	Rags.....	634	25,120	40,100
Drugs, &c.				Sugar, hhd's,			
Bark, Peruv	650	7,130	5,703	tcs & bbl's..	8,989	297,217	218,084
Blea p'wd'rs	273	16,132	16,602	Sugar, bxs & bg	6,144	369,286	160,920
Brimst, tns.	25	5,124	9,733	Tea.....	7,243	643,242	683,217
Cochineal...	88	3,052	1,503	Tobacco.....	342	21,150	17,032
Cr Tartar ...	....	877	870	Waste.....	....	622	4,458
Gambier.....	....	12,403	14,352	Wines, &c.			
Gums, crude	....	391	9,841	Champ. bkts	228	48,670	54,187
Gum, Arabic	....	1,917	2,648	Wines.....	456	53,849	82,632
Indigo.....	2	2,828	1,877	Wool, bales..	103	15,397	28,041
Madder.....	165	5,488	3,279	Articles reported by value.			
Oils, ess....	3	286	2,199	Cigars.....	\$17,180	\$312,223	\$243,314
Oil, Olive...	75	28,560	23,137	Corks.....	1,170	109,538	165,976
Opium.....	20	600	488	Fancy goods..	28,144	621,642	2,094,457
Soda, bi-carb	4,040	64,569	95,356	Fish.....	2,088	206,541	896,828
Soda, sal....	950	27,744	14,796	Fruits, &c.			
Soda, ash....	677	20,984	19,732	Lemons.....	22,011	173,389	328,791
Flax.....	24	832	1,028	Oranges....	4,709	513,750	653,174
Furs.....	123	3,431	2,115	Nuts.....	3,058	335,062	477,221
Gunny cloth ..	200	7,549	21,322	Raisins....	....	703,334	464,106
Hair.....	97	3,612	2,436	Hides, undrsd	181,827	3,746,661	5,609,136
Hemp, bales..	13,256	82,784	84,430	Rice.....	27,758	619,451	229,476
Hides, &c.				Spices, &c.			
Bristles....	18	582	1,126	Cassia.....	....	86,889	72,541
Hides, dres'd	163	4,753	5,193	Ginger.....	....	20,558	39,860
India rubber..	375	18,980	26,160	Pepper.....	....	128,834	163,527
Ivory.....	39	995	1,396	Saltpetre....	1,110	4,541	31,678
Jewelry, &c.				Woods.....			
Jewelry.....	35	1,237	384	Fustic.....	7,005	81,097	29,798
Watches....	19	638	517	Logwood...	5,411	161,861	104,569
Linseed.....	12,465	237,972	225,734	Mahogany..	2,017	48,806	75,316

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 24, 1868.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, July 24. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the last seven days have reached 2,214 bales (against 3,335 bales last week, 3,067 bales the previous week, and 2,463 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1867, up to this date, including the returns by telegraph to-night, 2,177,023 bales, against 1,841,327 bales for the same period in 1866-7, being an excess this season over last season of 335,696 bales. The details of these receipts for this week, (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1867 are as follows:

	Receipts.			Receipts.	
	1868.	1867.		1868.	1867.
Received this week at—			Received this week at—		
New Orleans.....bales.	373	1,201	Florida.....bales	....	27
Mobile.....	82	341	North Carolina.....	85	152
Charleston.....	190	1,331	Virginia.....	81	102
Savannah.....	380	1,378	Total receipts.....	2,214	5,993
Texas.....	153	536	Decrease this year.....	....	3,779
Tennessee, &c.....	865	925			

The exports for the week ending to-night reach a total of only 76 bales, all of which were to Great Britain, while the stocks at all the ports, as made up this evening, are reduced to 85,149 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

Week ending	Exported to—		Total	Same week	Stock	
	Gr't Brit'n.	Cont'n't.			1867.	1868.	1867.
July 24.						
New Orleans.....	....	....	....	9,231	2,310	29,983
Mobile.....	....	....	....	2,823	4,805	7,588
Charleston.....	....	....	....	401	4,513	2,639
Savannah.....	....	....	....	....	1,814	2,419
Texas.....	....	....	....	....	156	7,980
All other ports....	76	....	76	3,729	71,491	84,312
Total.....	76	....	76	16,234	85,149	134,921

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is a decrease in the exports this week of 16,158 bales, so that the former increase in the total shipments since Sept. 1, 1867, as compared with the same period of the previous year is now reduced to about 121,000 bales, while the stocks to-night are 49,772 bales less than they were at this time a year ago. The follow-

ing is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to-night, as we cannot ensure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary by telegraph.

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH PORTS.	STOCK
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.		
N. Orleans, July 17..	586,386	327,348	147,120	106,668	96,686	2,799
Mobile, July 17....	357,045	211,034	10,432	14,925	50,237	5,980
Charleston, July 17.	239,431	89,047	2,936	13,226	135,280	4,964
Savannah, July 17..	490,332	240,475	9,904	9,195	228,909	1,978
Texas, July 10....	109,273	39,670	1,625	20,639	38,406	490
New York, July 24*	110,005	288,307	26,116	56,184	370,607	55,331
Florida, July 17+..	30,594	....	....	....	....	15,004
N. Carolina, July 24	37,581	....	....	....	....	37,581
Virginia, July 24..	153,443	8,293	....	....	8,293	145,160
Other ports, July 24*	60,719	18,331	....	3,074	....	18,000
Total this year..	2,174,809	1,222,495	193,133	223,911	1,644,539	747,263
Same time last year	1,835,334	1,188,249	195,011	127,742	1,511,007	726,754

The market this week has continued to give way, though very gradually, the offerings being considerably in excess of the demand on the part of our spinners who have been the only purchasers, speculators having taken next to nothing. Advices from Liverpool by cable have been increasingly unfavorable all the week. It would appear that Manchester spinners have concluded that the European stock of American cotton is sufficient to supply the European demand until the new crop begins to arrive. According to the cable report this afternoon the stock of American cotton at Liverpool today is 320,000 bales, and the amount afloat 13,000 bales, making a total of 333,000 bales. This would give a supply at the present rate of consumption (which is, according to the mail returns of the last few weeks, 23,000 bales per week for trade and export) for nearly 15 weeks; or, with the decrease in the consumption indicated by cable, and which under the circumstances is likely soon to be more marked, would last say to November 15, leaving the arrivals during that time (except the 13,000 bales now afloat) for stock at that date. As our crop, in case the surroundings remain as favorable as at present, is likely to be earlier as well as larger than this year, we may expect to receive at our ports about 350,000 bales by the first of November, against 200,000 bales this season and over 400,000 bales in 1865. Hence exports may become quite liberal again by the close of October, and the European stock be replenished. There is, however, great confidence felt here in maintaining a fair price for cotton this year whatever the crop may be; nor do these figures indicate the contrary. Beginning the season with such small stocks, the demand will have to be for immediate consumption, while under the influence of cheap food business both here and abroad is likely to be active, and consumption considerably increased. So far as the present is concerned our own spinners continue to confine their purchases to their most pressing wants, and the market remains dull. Sales of the week foot up 3,895 bales, of which 3,515 bales were taken by spinners, and 380 bales on speculation. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans	Texas
Ordinary.....	28 @....	28 1/2 @....	28 1/2 @....	28 1/2 @....
Good Ordinary.....	29 @....	29 1/2 @....	29 1/2 @....	29 1/2 @....
Low Middling.....	30 @....	30 1/2 @....	30 1/2 @....	30 1/2 @....
Middling.....	31 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....

Below we give the price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday.....	31 1/2 @32	31 1/2 @32 1/2	32 @32 1/2	32 1/2 @32 1/2
Monday.....	31 1/2 @32	31 1/2 @32 1/2	32 @32 1/2	32 1/2 @32 1/2
Tuesday.....	31 @31 1/2	31 1/2 @31 1/2	31 1/2 @32	31 1/2 @32 1/2
Wednesday.....	31 @31 1/2	31 1/2 @31 1/2	31 1/2 @32	31 1/2 @32 1/2
Thursday.....	31 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....
Friday.....	31 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....	31 1/2 @....

The exports of Cotton this week from New York continue small, reaching only 165 bales, against 671 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
 † These are the receipts at Apalachicola to March 14 and at the other ports of Florida to July 17.
 Estimate

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	June 30.	July 7.	July 14.	July 21.		
Liverpool.....	567	871	555	124	280,948	359,821
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,359	6,057
Total to Gt. Britain..	567	871	555	124	288,307	365,878
Havre.....	31	.....	.....	.....	25,913	28,308
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203	6
Total French.....	31	.....	.....	.....	26,116	28,314
Bremen and Hanover.....	100	.....	116	.....	32,488	36,922
Hamburg.....	.....	.....	.....	41	11,426	15,891
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,832	7,496
Total to N. Europe..	100	.....	116	41	50,746	60,309
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,172	1,851
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,266	952
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,438	2,803
Grand Total.....	698	871	671	165	370,607	457,304

The total sales of the week amount to 70,850 bales, of which 8,900 bales are on speculation, 10,330 bales declared for export, leaving 51,620 bales to the trade. The principal change is in American cotton, which has advanced 1/4d. per lb. India cotton is rather dearer. The prices of American cotton, compared with those of last year, are subjoined:

Description.	Ord. & Mid.		Fair & g'd fair.		G'd & fine.		Same date 1867.		
	22	24	26	29	32	36	Mid.	Fair.	Good.
Ser Island.....	11	13	14	16	17	19	12	14	17
Stained.....	9 1/2-10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	13	14	15	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2
Upland.....	9 1/2-10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	13	14	15	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2
Mobile.....	9 1/2-10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	13	14	15	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2
New Orleans.....	9 1/2-10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	13	14	15	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2
Texas.....	9 1/2-10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	13	14	15	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2

The following statement shows the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Mid. Sea Island 34d.	19	24	18d.	24d.	Mid. Pernamb 17 1/2d.	15 1/2d.	10 1/2d.	10 1/2d.
Upland... 19	14 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Egyptian. 16	11	7	8
Mobile... 14 1/2	14 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Broach... 11	7	7	8
Orleans... 19 1/2	14 1/2	10 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Dhollerah 11	7	7	8

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports, compared with last year:

	1867.	1868.
Stock in Liverpool.....	748,700	581,870
" London.....	74,650	36,130
American cotton afloat.....	75,000	25,000
Indian.....	704,380	789,230
Total.....	1,602,730	1,432,230

Since the commencement of the year speculation and export have been to the following extent:

	Taken on spec. to this date—			Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—			Actual exp't from K'gdom in 1867.		
	1868.	1867.	1866.	1868.	1867.	1866.	1868.	1867.	1866.
American.....	214,260	55,660	102,650	89,972	145,749	227,900	87,740	12,590	22,660
Brazil.....	45,490	4,480	15,310	6,146	7,386	8,270	22,660	664,150	1,015,040
Egyptian &c.....	37,260	6,450	11,030	7,903	8,270	234,204	4,6092	1,015,040	1,015,040
West India, &c.....	3,460	1,010	2,460	168,263	234,204	664,150	4,6092	1,015,040	1,015,040
East India, &c.....	82,610	40,400	55,970	302,061	4,6092	1,015,040	4,6092	1,015,040	1,015,040
Total.....	383,080	108,000	187,420	302,061	4,6092	1,015,040	4,6092	1,015,040	1,015,040

The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on the evening of Thursday last, compared with 1867:

	Sales this week.			Total this year.	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.
	Trade.	Ex- port.	Specula- tion.			
American.....	19,660	3,460	5,770	28,890	790,820	25,780
Brazilian.....	17,220	1,680	1,620	2,520	360,280	9,730
Egyptian.....	2,390	200	180	2,770	159,280	3,980
West Indian.....	1,370	190	20	1,580	111,430	1,400
East Indian.....	10,980	4,800	1,310	17,090	621,130	10,190
Total.....	51,620	10,330	8,900	70,850	2,200,060	51,080

	Imports			Total.	This day.	Same date 1867.	Dec. 31 1867.
	To this week.	To this date 1868.	To this date 1867.				
American.....	12,182	1,046,061	959,667	1,220,325	341,360	384,230	103,420
Brazilian.....	10,479	372,929	285,793	423,946	137,210	151,690	66,030
Egyptian.....	1,517	130,580	141,752	197,788	52,710	58,190	38,990
West Indian.....	3,791	44,192	69,695	107,047	17,480	22,130	13,640
East Indian.....	13,311	263,974	413,776	1,264,160	33,110	122,370	225,380
Total.....	41,280	1,857,736	1,870,683	3,223,276	581,870	748,700	447,460

Of the present stock of cotton at Liverpool 58 per cent is American, against 51 per cent last year. Of Indian cotton, the porportion is 5 4-5 per cent against 6 1/2 per cent.

LONDON, July 11.—Cotton has been in fair demand during the week and prices are rather higher. The following are the particulars of im-ports, deliveries and stocks:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to July 9.....	198,555	97,326	70,714
Deliveries.....	156,190	86,441	138,628
Stocks, July 9.....	77,236	74,645	36,123

ALEXANDRIA, June 27.—The stock of cotton is small and the arrivals are of an unimportant character. Holders are consequently very firm. Very little business is doing. Fair cotton is quoted 12 1/4d, good fair 13 1/4 @ 13 1/4 per lb., free on board. Since the commencement of the season the exports have been:

From—	G. Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Nov. 1, 1867, to June 25, 1868.....	163,653	42,271	205,924
Same period 1866-7.....	155,504	32,105	187,609
" " 1865-6.....	128,448	27,428	155,876
" " 1864-5.....	210,622	41,350	251,972

BOMBAY, July 7.—The shipments of cotton since June 30 have been 12,000 bales.

MADRAS, July 7.—Western cotton is quoted at 7d. per lb., cost, freight and insurance.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 24, 1868.

There is a further considerable decrease in the exports of crude tobacco this week, the total at all the ports reaching 2,078 hhds., 896 cases, 732 bales, 58 hhds. stems, against 3,139 hhds., 1,336 cases, 452 bales, 150 tierces for the previous seven days. Of these exports 806 hhds., 863 cases, 657 bales were from New York; 1,189 hhds. and 58 hhds. leaf from Baltimore; 26 hhd., 33 cases, 75 bales from Boston; 51 hhds. from New

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,671	49,705	South Carolina.....	186	99,008
Texas.....	128	26,309	North Carolina.....	84	27,857
Savannah.....	191	173,397	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	14	100,426
Mobile.....	524	11,041	Per Railroad.....	743	117,160
Florida.....	.....	14,482			
Total for the week.....	4,343	619,355			
Total since Sept. 1.....					

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	Boston.		Philad'phia.		Baltimore.	
	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	43,509	.....	5,671	263	415	188
Texas.....	5,722	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,516
Savannah.....	18,737	.....	18,308	.....	.....	.....
Mobile.....	22,056	.....	203	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	238	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	14,386	.....	3,856	120	13,009	.....
North Carolina.....	370	.....	1,555	1	4,828	.....
Virginia.....	21,393	.....	303	61	55,310	.....
New York, &c*.....	722	60,223	.....	.....	.....	26,836
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	51	33,883	.....	.....	71	.....
Total receipts.....	779	220,517	129,896	521	95,102	

* Reshipments.
† This total does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per mail returns, have reached 3,711 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made:

	Total bales
Exported this week from—	124
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers Propontis, 32... France, 32 ..	41
To Hamburg per steamer Borussia, 41.....	4
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per steamer Olinda 4.....	1,473
To Havre, per bark Halcyon, 1,473 .....	.....
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per ship Lydia Skolfied, 1,976 Upland and 93 Sea Island.....	2,069
Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..	3,711

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

From	Exported this week to—			Total
	Liver- pool.	Havre.	Ham- bu g.	
New York.....	124	.....	41	165
New Orleans.....	4	1,473	.....	1,477
Savannah.....	2,069	.....	.....	2,069
Total.....	2,197	1,473	41	3,711

By Telegraph.—We have given above the week's receipts, exports and stocks of cotton as reported to us in our telegrams received to-night from the various ports. As the following despatches contain some other items of news we give them in full:

SAVANNAH, July 24.—The receipts this week are 380 bales; exports to foreign ports none; coastwise 296 bales; stock 1,844 bales; market dull—no sales to-day, prices nominal. Crop accounts continue favorable.

CHARLESTON, July 24.—Cotton receipts this week 190 bales; exports, foreign, none; coastwise 134 bales; sales of the week 110 bales; market to-day easier, price 30c. for Middlings; stock 4,543 bales, of which 600 bales are on shipboard not cleared.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—Cotton quiet; Middlings 30c.; sales 280 bales; receipts 53 bales; receipts of the week, net, 373 bales; gross, 841; sales of the week 599 bales; exports 837 bales coastwise; foreign, none; stock 2,310 bales.

GALVESTON, July 24.—Cotton. Receipts for the week 158 bales; exports to New York 593 bales; sales 52 bales; stock 156 bales; Good Ordinary 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2c.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these mar-kets, our correspondent in London writes as follows:*

LIVERPOOL, July 11.—There has been an improved demand for cot-ton during the week, and the tendency of prices has been favorable.

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dis-patches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

Orleans; 6 hhds. from Philadelphia. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: 137 hhds. to Great Britain; 311 hhds. to Bremen; 239 hhds. to Fiume, Austria; 1,189 hhds. to Rotterdam, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 360,804 lbs., of which 235,752 lbs. were to Melbourne and 82,216 lbs. to Great Britain. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems, hhds.	Pkgs.	Man'f lbs.
New York	806	863	657	...	...	...	341,110
Baltimore	1,189	...	...	...	58	...	...
Boston	26	33	75	...	...	5	...
Philadelphia	6	...	...	...	...	...	19,694
New Orleans	51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total this week	2,073	896	732	...	58	5	360,804
Total last week	3,139	1,336	452	...	150	50	41,738
Total previous week	3,685	619	195	...	11	113	34,481

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems, hhds.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'f lbs.
Great Britain	11,720	1,911	312	675	7	1,070	1,227,554
Germany	21,418	10,358	16,139	4	1,221	545	147,579
Belgium	1,241	1,328	36	...	...	...	15,577
Holland	10,102	565	...	...	1,574	146	14,400
Italy	3,686	218	...	...	...	6	22,577
France	3,693	21	...	...	...	193	55,570
Spain, Gibralt. &c	9,314	1,565	...	...	...	113	13,404
Mediterranean	228	57	...	...	...	...	...
Austria	860	60	...	...	...	...	...
Africa, &c	677	131	310	...	...	524	33,018
China, India, &c	...	1,152	...	...	...	61	12,234
Australia, &c	4	1,216	...	23	...	264	2,460,954
B. N. Am. Prov.	243	183	465	1	...	1,135	108,025
South America	227	732	3,071	10	...	60	296,234
West Indies	798	585	7,197	37	...	8,107	648,226
East Indies	...	716	...	...	...	175	...
Mexico	6	2	43	...	...	41	6,370
Honolulu, &c	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
All others	8	41	6	...	...	903	...
Total since Nov 1	64,125	20,811	27,639	750	2,802	13,445	5,051,752

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	Stems, hhds.	Bxs & pkgs.	Man'f lbs.
New York	31,769	16,428	24,685	374	283	8,947	4,793,355
Baltimore	23,375	323	152	42	2,519	331	44,462
Boston	668	3,605	2,621	24	...	2,992	9,940
Philadelphia	41	70	...	...	...	...	201,010
New Orleans	7,819	...	110	...	...	20	...
San Francisco	...	368	11	...	...	681	...
Virginia	453	10	...	310	...	172	...
Portland	...	7	...	...	...	302	3,015
Total since Nov 1	64,125	20,811	27,639	750	2,802	13,445	5,051,752

The principal transactions the past week has been the purchase of 3,000 hhds. Kentucky for the French contract at slightly easier prices—say an average of about 12½c. Besides this business, about 500 hhds. have been taken for the coast of Africa, for South America, and other markets, at prices within our range. Seed Leaf has been quiet, and we have only to notice sales of 200 cases State fillers at 6@8c; 50 do Ohio do, private terms; 40 cases Old Connecticut, at 18c. Spanish Tobacco has also been quiet—sales for the week, 150 bales Havana at 95@110. Manufactured Tobacco remains quiet; the readjustment of the tax does not seem to have helped matters as yet.

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.

From	This week		Previously		T'ls. in Nov. 1	
	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.
Virginia	251	2,326	7,550	56,031	7,861	58,357
Baltimore	11	3	1,844	4,222	1,855	4,225
New Orleans	46	65	1,313	703	1,359	763
Ohio, &c	1,153	183	26,341	15,175	27,494	15,358
Other	...	12	267	2,310	267	2,322
Total	1,461	2,589	37,315	78,441	38,776	81,030

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

To	Hhds.			Lbs.	Hhds.			Lbs.
	Cas.	Bal.	Man'f		Cas.	Bal.	Man'f	
Liverpool	97	58	...	52,287	...	...	2,398
London	29	...	...	29,929	...	...	...
Glasgow	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bremen	311	456	78	3,696	...	...	...
Hamburg	70	30	344	...	...	...	...
Antwerp	30	127	...	...	...	...	...
Fiume	239	...	...	...	...	...	...
Melbourne	...	...	...	235,752	...	...	...
B. N. A. Colon's	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total for week	806	863	657	341,110	806	863	657	

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore	To Rotterdam	1,189 hhds. leaf and 58 hhds. stems.
From Boston	To Africa	26 hhds., 6 cases... To St. Pierre, 17 cases, 5 boxes
...	To Hayti	150 half bales... To British Provinces 10 cases.
From Philadelphia	To Guantanamo	19,694 lbs. manufactured... To Barba.
...	...	does, 6 hhds.
From New Orleans	To Havre	51 hhds.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, July 24, 1868, P. M.

The market has been very irregular and unsettled throughout the week. Conflicting views have arisen from the reduced receipts and the lower quotations received from Liverpool.

The flour market is wholly unsettled. The supply of fresh ground continues barely equal to the wants of the trade and, the current export, but there is a considerable stock of flour, which has been in store several months, which holders find it extremely difficult to place. Hence, great irregularity in tone and price. Some old extra State has been consigned to British markets in preference to forcing the sale here. There is consequently, with the quantity necessarily taken to supply the usual demand, a considerable reduction being effected in the stocks on hand. It is a notable fact that, whereas the receipts for the past three weeks are only 65,000 bbls., the foreign export in that time have been 57,000 bbls.

Wheat has been unsettled. The demand has been limited, but bidders have been firmer. Receipts at all points are merely nominal. The Winter Wheat has been harvested in nearly all latitudes, but very little of it has as yet come to market, and stocks are smaller than they were ever known at this season, except the last, when serious inconvenience was caused by the deficient supply of wheat. Western markets are maintained much above the parity of this, and the shipments eastward have nearly ceased, so that for the next fortnight we cannot expect more than 10,000 bushels per day.

This market closed firmer at \$1 89 for No. 2 Spring, and Winter Wheats are decidedly better than last week.

Corn has been very scarce. Very little has come forward for some days. Water is low in the Erie Canal, and boats are detained thereby. The local trade have paid higher prices, and shut out most of the shipping orders. The close is firm but quiet at \$1 12 for good new Shipping Mixed. Oats have shown the same features as Corn, and holders have been able to obtain some advance in prices. Rye has also been doing better. Barley and Barley Malt are nominal. Canada Peas have improved, with considerable sales for London, closing at \$1 50 in bond.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour—	Superfine	75@ 7 15	Corn Meal	\$5 25@ 6 15
Extra State	7 85@ 8 50	Wheat, Spring, per bush.	1 78@ 2 10	
Shipping R. hoop Ohio	8 25@ 9 00	Red Winter	2 30@ 2 35	
Extra Western, com-	7 80@ 8 40	Amber do	2 40@ 2 48	
mon to good	...	White	2 40@ 2 70	
Double Extra Western	9 00@ 14 00	Corn, Western Mix'd new	1 05@ 1 13	
and St. Louis	...	Yellow	...	
Southern supers	8 40@ 9 75	White	1 20@ ...	
Southern, extra and	10 00@ 14 50	Rye	1 75@ 1 85	
family	...	Oats, Western cargoes	84@ 86	
California	10 00@ 12 25	Jersey and State	...	
Rye Flour, fine and super-	7 50@ 9 75	Barley	2 00@ 2 25	
fine	...	Malt	2 30@ 2 45	
		Peas Canada	1 50@ 1 65	

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls	21,000	791,350	20,705	1,111,615
Corn meal, bbls	2,235	152,335	2,255	196,775
Wheat, bush	226,765	1,098,110	112,205	4,708,090
Corn, bush	903,585	5,165,020	426,780	9,565,575
Rye, bush	440	76,875	855	214,575
Barley, &c., bush	2,575	327,265	...	741,870
Oats, bush	145,030	1,460,260	48,890	3,053,600

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal,	Wheat,	Rye,	Barley,	Oats,	Corn
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Gt. Brit. week	3,214	...	31,439	...	...	...
since Jan. 1.	113,396	63	2,921,107	...	...	4,193,966
N. A. Col. week	6,065	1,090	...	...	...	...
since Jan. 1.	87,878	42,277	500	...	...	76,703
West Ind. week	2,356	287	...	...	...	1,420
since Jan. 1.	197,667	63,593	400	21	...	35,220
Total exp't, week	16,578	1,377	81,439	...	...	37
since Jan. 1, 1868	481,640	173,522	2,939,053	152,993	...	39,560
same time, 1867	267,786	93,310	93,871	136,887	860,226	126,314
Since Jan. 1 from						
Boston	100,578	40,921	27,090	...	430	3,174
Philadelphia	86,679	28,549	44,870	16,198	...	2,760
Baltimore	189,264	83,255	10,770	...	...	11,589

EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEP 1, 1867.

From	Date	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York	July 17, 1868	384,334	7,082,319	6,371,642
New Orleans	" 10, 1868	325	31,829	450,654
Philadelphia	" 16, 1868	20,143	58,286	669,105
Baltimore	" 26, 1868	9,297	10,770	499,412
Boston	" 16, 1868	19,163	27,090	2,750
California	June 19, 1868	44,109	5,131,833	.....
Other ports	July 16, 1868	32,899	77,224	110,866
Total		510,270	12,419,351	8,104,429
To about same period, 1867		139,679	5,278,082	9,068,498
do do 1866		134,969	1,262,911	11,316,380
do do 1865		142,989	2,542,820	591,458

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Date	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to July 17, 1868	56,713	578,728	343,009	53,199	
Other ports, to latest dates	14,717	16,193	26,188	17,180	
Total		71,430	594,916	369,197	70,379
To about same period, 1867		2,183	160,086	74,407	10,360
do do 1866		4,285	245,651	68,111	41,855
do do 1865		22,884	41,350	97,430	11,483

GRAIN IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES.

Wh at...	July 20, 1868.	July 13, 1868.	July 22, 1867.
Wheat, bush.	624,252	592,919	202,429
Corn	1,397,731	1,460,412	204,452
Oats	655,070	700,825	145,935
Barley	575	575	12,437
Rye	19,204	28,897	55,644
Malt	34,082	57,138	55,932
Peas	47,648	60,708	29,871
Total	2,778,562	2,981,474	704,799

STOCKS OF WHEAT in store at Chicago and Milwaukee in 1866, 1867 and 1868 were near upon the following figures at the close of last week and corresponding dates:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Chicago, bush.	443,700	57,500	372,700
Milwaukee, bush.	665,000	108,000	393,000
Total	1,108,700	165,500	765,700

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS for the week ending July 18:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago	15,621	63,547	980,272	131,844	440	1,992
Milwaukee	3,453	27,877	17,198	10,601	.....	765
Toledo	2,632	4,620	57,465	10,233	.....	360
Detroit	1,521	676	4,411	2,832	.....	.....
Cleveland	2,600	46,700	81,360	12,300	4,500	.....
Totals	25,817	143,420	1,090,706	167,810	4,940	3,217
Previous week	27,919	152,784	1,122,081	171,588	8,341	1,835
Correspond'g week, '67.	25,686	237,541	1,153,577	93,512	3,323	8,400
" " '66.	48,001	290,774	1,374,422	384,069	4,781	43,327
" " '65.	60,933	509,571	792,616	195,192	5,890	20,951

Comparative receipts at the same ports, from January 1st to July 18 for four years:

	1868.	1867.	1866.	1865.
Flour, bbls.	1,679,858	1,351,526	1,768,276	1,395,125
Wheat, bush.	8,134,609	4,892,263	10,365,827	10,762,889
Corn, bush.	18,803,131	16,507,721	21,216,849	10,871,892
Oats, bush.	5,220,583	3,405,083	7,384,811	6,542,613
Barley, bush.	408,017	534,738	373,364	467,612
Rye, bush.	202,725	504,116	1,063,535	358,888
Total grain, bush.	32,769,065	25,903,921	40,404,386	29,003,974

THE EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FROM LAKE PORTS, for the week ending July 18, 1868, and destination, was:

To	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Buffalo	16,125	91,702	505,843	143,757	.....	.....
Oswego	.....	16,500	244,584	.....	.....	.....
Port Colborne	.....	.....	108,514	.....	.....	.....
Ogdensburg	2,472	9,400	44,810	232	.....	.....
Erie	400	.....	5,500	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland	.....	13,200	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Huron	3,925	3,000	12,006	300	.....	.....
Saginaw	.....	.....	7,000	.....	.....	.....
Chicago	.....	15,400	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Catharines	274	16,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kingston	.....	.....	16,000	.....	.....	.....
Montreal	3,447	.....	12,000	.....	.....	.....
Toronto	.....	12,300	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other ports	1,675	600	1,436	2,117	.....	.....
By railroad	3,638	11,183	4,785	10,337	.....	392
Totals	31,956	189,485	862,478	156,843	.....	392
Previous week	26,115	217,601	1,379,720	247,536	.....	9,966
Cor. week 1867	21,577	106,672	1,435,841	194,512	11,000	9,966
" 1866	35,558	321,495	1,016,816	394,246	.....	24,283

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 24, 1868.

The most that can be said of the markets, is that they have generally been better than in the previous week. The weather has been more favorable, and in some branches a passable business has been done. Prices of Rio Coffee are firmer, but of sugar declining, while molasses is quite firm on the best grades, and weak on the lower. Tea is without change.

The only imports of Tea have been 8,049 half chests of Japan from London. Rio Coffee has arrived more freely, the receipts footing up 21,795 bags. Of other sorts of Coffee im-

ports have not been large, included in them were 3,795 bags of Maracaibo at this port, and 2,140 bags of Singapore at Boston. Receipts of Sugar and Molasses are well maintained. Full details of the imports at the several ports for the week and since Jan. 1 are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	This week.	From Jan 1 to date— 1868.	1867.
Tea	8,049 lbs.	30,517,132	30,674,638
Tea (indirect import)	.....	14,106	16,776
Coffee, Rio	21,749 bags.	609,855	584,724
Coffee, other	7,240 bags.	247,557	.....
Sugar	10,000 boxes.	366,145	187,435
Sugar	12,077 hhds.	440,493	357,245
Sugar	5,000 bags.	253,307	80,075
Molasses	12,869 hhds.	344,116	287,516
Molasses, New Orleans	.....	10,925	9,155

TEA.

We have only a moderate trade in these to report. The inquiry has been mostly for blacks, and sales of Oolongs have been the principal transactions. The market closes quiet and steady. We note sales of 9,489 half chests Oolongs, 1,584 do. of Japans, and 1,180 do. greens.

Imports have been small, including only one lot of Japan tea—8,049 half chests—from London. No later advices from China have been received; the next mail will probably bring fuller reports of the opening of the new season, June 1, 1868.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to May 14, 1868, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868.

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1868.	1867.
	June 1 to May 14.	June 1 to May 14.	1868.	1867.
Congou & Sou.	1,858,819 lbs.	1,465,033	1,480,517	1,629,639
Ponchong	468,183	182,750	191,774	267,493
Oolong & Ning	11,043,725	11,627,225	11,512,682	11,118,209
Pekoe	12,078	3,300	3,300	12,078
Twankay	745,171	689,659	768,444	573,571
Hyson skin	65,885	28,190	33,024	59,402
Hyson	2,060,703	1,302,452	1,297,925	1,793,542
Young Hyson	8,256,848	7,979,936	6,250,562	6,258,113
Imperial	1,824,340	1,544,066	1,506,334	1,599,437
Gunpowder	1,944,879	1,977,267	1,867,923	1,726,295
Japans	6,054,343	7,102,769	5,609,648	4,693,739
Total, lbs.	31,334,484	43,302,647	*30,517,132	30,674,633

* All at New York except three cargoes (1,103,400 lbs.) at Boston. † Add to this 372,814 lbs. per "Guam" originally shipped to Halifax, and thence to New York.

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 96,642 packages to San Francisco.

The indirect importation since Jan 1 has been 14,106 pkgs.

COFFEE.

The effect upon the market of the last advices from Rio has been to materially strengthen prices, and an advance of 1/4 upon all grades of this description was made early in the week. Holders are apparently endeavoring to further improve upon this, and the market closes firm at these prices, with stocks held somewhat above the reach of purchasers. Other kinds have been quiet, at unvaried rates. Sales include 9,528 bags of Rio, 1,866 do. Maracaibo, 108 Costa Rica and 100 Government Java.

The imports of Rio for the week have been 21,795 bags, as follows: Str. "S. America" 2,465 bags, "Orinoco" 4,580, "Mary" 3,500, "Three Sisters" 4,600. At Baltimore "May Queen," 3,000 bags, and at Philadelphia "Dora," 3,700 bags. Of other sorts there have come to hand 3,795 bags of Maracaibo at this port, and several lots of sundries here and at Boston.

The stock of Rio coffee July 23, and the imports from Jan. 1 to date in 1868 and 1867 were as follows:

	New York.	Phila- del.	Balti- more.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Mobile.	Gal- veston.	Total.
In Bags.	149,687	7,700	51,000	11,300	1,500	.....	221,187
Stock	67,155	5,000	28,600	.....	.....	.....	100,155
Same date 1867.	391,602	9,536	140,135	56,071	9,711	2,800	609,855
Imports in 1867.	377,105	10,730	130,397	55,882	7,500	3,200	584,724

Of other sorts the stock at New York July 23, and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

	New York.	Boston.	Phila- del.	Balt.	N. Orle's.	Total.
In bags.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stock.	22,230	45,754	21,378	.....	.....	67,182
Java	100	10,188	.....	.....	.....	10,188
Ceylon	.....	1,948	5,123	.....	.....	6,981
Singapore	19,056	58,160	33	.....	.....	61,989
Maracaibo	4,254	21,178	.....	19,238	.....	40,416
Laguayra	2,000	19,010	12,376	.....	.....	31,586
St. Domingo	5,964	25,875	2,600	.....	1,031	207
Other	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	33,604	185,708	39,280	19,238	1,031	247,557
Same '67.	20,963	152,868	38,429	.....	.....	.....

* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags.

† Also 41,285 mats.

RIO DE JANEIRO June 24, 1868.—Boje & Co's Market Report states: Throughout the interval of our last circular of 25th ult. business in coffee has been limited, owing to the firm tendency of exchange, and the difficulty of passing larger amounts of bills, coupled with the poor quality of the selection and the firmness of holders, who, in face of the small supplies, which average only about 4,000 bags per day in the interval, and in the expectation that exchanges will turn to their favor again, obstinately resist against larger concessions, notwithstanding the by no means favorable news about the staple from abroad.

Only few holders have agreed to sufficing concessions to attract buyers, and sales altogether were limited to about 78,000 bags at a gradual decline. Of new coffee (Serra acima) but little has as yet appeared at the market, and our stock, consisting of about 110,000 bags, continues to be poorly assorted.

SHIPMENTS OF COFFEE TO THE UNITED STATES.

	1866.	1867.	1868.
From 1st Jan. to 31st May.....	341,463	406,848	413,700

VESSELS SAILED FOR THE U. STATES SINCE 25TH MAY	In the same period sailed for Europe 17 vessels with together.
May 26-New York. Merrimac.....2,058	Total... bags of coffee 100 515
" 29- " Orinoco.....4,530	
" 30- " Hertha.....3,656	
June 2- " Bella.....3,700	
" 6-Baltimore. May Queen.....3,000	
" 6- " Star of Devon.....5,000	
" 6-New York. Century.....3,060	
" 6- " Mary.....3,500	
" 7- " La Plata.....2,924	
" 9- " Moses Rogers.....5,005	
" 11- " Iconia.....4,977	
" 13-Del. B'kw'r. Superb.....4,150	
" 14-New York. G. Knyphausen.....4,500	
" 14-H. Roads... Sir R. McClure.....3,500	
" 20-New York. Uller.....4,659	
- Total.....57,317	

Exchange.—London, bank bills 17½@17¾d. Private bills 18d. Freights.—Northern ports 32s. 6d.@35s. Southern ports nominal.

SUGAR.

We are obliged to report a week of dull business in raw sugars, and a continued drooping in prices. A reduction of ½ in all grades has been made, and the indifference of buyers, or their faith in a further reduction has rendered transactions at the lower rates very limited. The sales of the last two days have been larger, and were effected at unimproved prices. The market closes weak, with only the above indications of recovery. In refined the market has been more active, but at declining prices. Sales 3,623 hhds. mostly Cubas; 144 do Porto Rico, 77 do of sundry kinds, and 1,088 boxes of Havana.

The imports of the week show an increase in boxes and a decrease in hogsheads compared with those of last week. At all the ports for the week the receipts foot up 10,000 boxes against 5,864—and 12,077 hhds. against 15,821 last week, making the total receipts to date 366,145 boxes and 440,493 hhds., against 187,435 boxes and 357,245 hhds. to same date last year. Details for the week are as follows:

At—	Cuba	P. Ri.	Other Brazil.	At—	Cuba	P. Rico.	Other
N. York	3,901	4,221	853	Philad'l...	103	689	2'8
Portland	165	605	1,127	Baltimore.	1,811	1,499	696
Boston.	4,020	1,534	295	N. Orleans	.....	.....	.....

Stocks July 23, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

At—	Cuba.	P Rico.	Other	Brazil, Manila	N. O
N. York stock.....	51,866	.....	.....	49,236	.....
Same date 1867.....	40,368	.....	.....	26,195	.....
Imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	181,014	217,137	31,773	15,703	264,572
Portland do.....	15,384	7,083	327	1,491	8,901
Boston do.....	49,820	41,263	5,187	5,203	51,653
Philadelphia do.....	44,122	57,457	3,117	361	60,698
Baltimore do.....	19,746	19,095	16,453	7,599	43,147
New Orleans do.....	53,059	10,800	485	247	11,612
Total import.....	366,145	356,443	56,975	30,604	440,493
Same time 1867.....	187,435	289,865	.....	67,380	357,245

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, July 18, 1868.—Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Stocks boxes.
1868.....	26,049	12,037	333,894	47,935
1867.....	17,787	.....	205,951	26,999
1865.....	16,449	.....	303,679	45,674

The total exports of sugar and molasses from all the principal ports of Cuba for the first four months of the current year, 1868, are shown in the following table. The figures are compiled from the Havana Weekly Report.

	Sugar.				Molasses.	
	boxes.	boxes.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.
Havana.....	463,713	441,152	10,850	7,391	12,225	14,408
Matanzas.....	126,662	102,772	37,397	31,782	71,764	68,822
Cardenas.....	15,578	15,577	26,392	22,511	52,892	47,651
Sagua.....	2,695	323	46,953	39,551	18,284	17,474
Remedios.....	85	34	19,940	18,764	5,106	4,460
Nuevitas.....	40	.....	9,542	5,879	7,214	5,574
S. t. Jago.....	.....	138	17,769	19,006	95	231
Trinidad.....	3,882	1,749	25,069	18,722	10,462	8,462
Cienfuegos.....	191	420	49,292	44,077	31,412	27,524
Total.....	612,846	562,165	243,144	207,623	209,454	194,606

MOLASSES

Within a day or two past there has apparently been an improvement in the tone of the market as evidenced by the feeling among the trade that prices for good qualities would go no lower, and also by an increase in the amount of business done. The poorer grades are still dragging, none going for distillation, and in fact very little for any purpose. A portion of the business which has been done during the past week has not been made public. Sales include 541 hhds. Porto Rico, 273 do Demerara, 209 do Cuba, 488 do Barbadoes, and 191 do Guadaloupe.

The aggregate receipts of the week have been nearly the same as in the previous week. The receipts at all ports foot up 12,869 hhds.,

against 12,696 last week. The total receipts at the ports since Jan 1 now reach 344,116 hhds., against 287,518 hhds. in 1867. Details for the week are as follows.

Hhds at—	Porto Deme- Cuba. Rico. rara. Other.	Hhds. at	Porto Deme- Cuba. Rico. rara. Other.
N. York.....	3,105 320 415 1,117	Philad'a.....	3,067 96
Portland.....	1,643	Baltim're.....	130 54 85 177
Boston.....	1,962 136	N. Orle's.....	294

Stocks, July 23, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

*Hhds at—	Cuba.	Rico.	rara.	Other.	Total.	N. O
New York, stock.....	25,813	6,345	.....	.....	2,539	34,697
Imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	97,653	15,249	7,826	14,435	135,168	6,576
Portland.....	49,995	380	.....	523	50,898	.....
Boston.....	33,648	4,691	336	7,326	46,001	2,281
Philadelphia.....	71,990	914	.....	709	73,264	2,068
Baltim're.....	16,259	1,893	772	2,242	21,169	.....
New Orleans.....	17,404	212	.....	.....	17,616	.....
Total import.....	286,949	23,262	8,934	24,886	344,116	10,925
Same time 1867.....	235,445	21,844	.....	30,227	287,516	9,155

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

There has been a very quiet trade in these throughout the week. Our prices stand unchanged.

FRUITS.

A legitimate but light business in foreign dried has supplied the regular wants of the trade, beyond which no demand has been apparent Turkish Prunes are in active request for consumption, but none are taken for speculation. There have been no sales of any moment of Mediterranean green fruit from importers; while jobbers prices for round are pretty well advanced. Delayed arrivals of West Indian fruits have reduced the stock considerably; but several cargoes are due; prices nominally at our last quotations.

Annexed are the ruling quotations in first hands.

Tea.

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.

Hyson, Common to fair...	Duty paid—	do do Ex f. to fin'st	Duty paid—
85 @ 1 05	do do Ex f. to fin'st	85 @ 95	.....
do Superior to fine....	10 @ 1 35	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair..	85 @ 95
do Ex fine to finest....	40 @ 1 65	do Sup'r to fine..	1 00 @ 1 05
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair...	80 @ 1 10	do Ex f. to finest	10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine..	15 @ 1 40	Oolong, Common to fair...	70 @ 85
do Ex fine to finest..	45 @ 1 75	do Superior to fine...	95 @ 1 20
Cunp. & Imp., Com. to fair	1 05 @ 1 20	do Ex fine to finest..	1 35 @ 1 65
do Sup. to fine..	1 25 @ 1 55	Souc & Cong. Com. to fair	70 @ 80
do do Ex. f. to finest..	1 65 @ 1 90	do Sup'r to fine..	90 @ 1 15
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair.	65 @ 70	do Ex f. to finest	1 25 @ 1 50
do do Sup. to fine	75 @ 80		

Coffee.

Rio, Prime, duty paid... gold 17 @ 17½	Native Ceylon..... gold 17½ @ 19
do good..... gold 16½ @ 16½	Maracaibo..... gold 15 @ 18
do fair..... gold 15½ @ 15½	Laguayra..... gold 15½ @ 17
do ordinary..... gold 13½ @ 14	St. Domingo..... gold 14½ @ ..
Java, mats an l bags... gold 22½ @ 23½	Jamaica..... gold 14½ @ 15½

Sugar.

Porto Rico, ir to gd ref. # B. 11 @ 11½	do do do 10 to 12 11½ @ 11½
do do do grocery. 11½ @ 12½	do do do 13 to 15 12½ @ 13
do prime to ch. do.... 12½ @ 14	do do do 16 to 18 13½ @ 14½
Cuba, inf. to com. refining. 10½ @ 10½	do do do 19 to 20 14½ @ 15½
do fair to prime do .. 10 @ 11½	do do white .. 14 @ 15½
do fair to good grocery.. 11½ @ 12	Loaf..... @ 17
do pr. to choice do .. 12½ @ 12½	Granulated..... 16½ @ 16½
do centrifugal..... 11½ @ 14½	Crushed and powdered..... 16½ @ 16½
do Melado..... 7 @ 8½	Soft White..... 14½ @ 15½
Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9. 10½ @ 11½	do Yellow..... 13½ @ 14½

Molasses.

DUTY: 8 cents per gallon.	
New Orleans..... per gall. @ ..	do Clayed..... 33 @ 43
Porto Rico..... 46 @ 67	Barbadoes..... 43 @ 65
Cuba Muscovado..... 42 @ 53	

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents per lb.	
Cassia, in mats... gold # B 52 @ ..	Pepper..... (gold) 23½ @ 24
Ginger, race and Af(gold) 11 @ 11½	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold) .. @ 21
Mace..... (gold) 90 @ 95	Cloves..... (gold) .. @ 27
Nutmegs, No. 1.... (gold) 88½ @ 89	

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 24, 1868.

During the week under review business has remained in the same quiet state as reported for some time past. The jobbing trade, as usual at this season of the year, is of a mere retail character, and the commission houses, especially in domestics, have not done such a large business as the first rush of trade led them to anticipate. Prices, however, are well maintained, and there is a tendency to an advance on all favorite brands that have not already been marked up since the fall campaign commenced. Nevertheless, there is not that extreme confidence in a higher range of quotations that existed about one month since, and some doubts are expressed whether the trade will accede to the advance already established. This bearish feeling owes its origin to a belief that cotton will be much lower when the new crop comes on the market, and

that this decline must affect the manufactured article. But there is no likelihood of cotton being delivered in any great quantity before the second or third week in October, and then a month or six weeks must elapse before it is returned to New York in its manufactured shape. This would bring us to the end of November, a period evidently too late to influence directly the fall trade, although in Wall street parlance, the fact of cotton at lower quotations may be discounted.

As to the immediate future there is also a difference of opinion among the trade. Some maintain that many planters will engage for future delivery at a reduction of 25 per cent off present rates, while others insist that there will be so much competition to buy of the new crop through the stocks of spinners running so low, that prices will not decline so much as anticipated; and in this belief they are strengthened by the increase of material welfare, and the impulse that will be given to commercial affairs by the crops which promise a bounteous yield in almost every section of the country.

The exports of dry goods for the past week, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pkgs.	D. Goods. Val.	Domestics. pkgs.	Dry Goods. cases.
B. N. A. Colonies..	4	\$553		
British West Indies	16	1,037		
Africa.....	3	570		
Brazil.....	20	2,712		
Chili.....	1	200		
China.....	230	37,496		
Liverpool.....		12	6,709	
Mexico.....		33	6,565	
New Granada.....		60	7,991	
Smyrna.....			87	
Hayti.....			15	
British Provinces..				5
St. Pierre.....				17
Total this week..	324	\$42,373	110	\$21,265
Since Jan. 1, 1868.	14,434	441,401	2,521	967,582
Same time 1867....	5,441	773,355	3,607	820,817
" " 1860....	62,465			29,617

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been in limited demand during the past week, but prices are well maintained, and there is no disposition evinced by holders to press sales at a concession. Standards are firm, and fine brown continue to be scarce in the market. Agawam 36 inches 14, Amoskeag A 36 17½, do B 36 17, Atlantic A 36 18½, do H 36 17½, do P 36 14½, do L 36 15, do V 36 15, Appleton A 36 17½, Augusta 36 16½, do 30 14, Bedford R 30 11, Boott H 27 11½, do O 34 13½, do S 40 15, do W 45 19, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Grafton A 27 10, Great Falls M 36 14, do S 33 13, Indian Head 36 18, do 30 14½, Indian Orchard A 40 16, do C 36 14½, do BB 36 13½, do W 34 12½, do NN 36 16, Laconia O 39 15, do B 37 14½, do E 36 14, Lawrence C 36 17½, do E 36 15½, do F 36 14½, do G 34 13, do H 27 11½, do LL 36 14, Lyman C 36 16, do E 36 17½, Massachusetts BB 36 14½, do J 30 14, Medford 36 16½, Nashua fine O 33 15, do R 36 16½, do E 39 18½, Newmarket A 14, Pacific extra 36 17½, do H 36 17½, do L 36 15, Pepperell 6-4 —, do 7-4 —, do 8-4 4½, do 9-4 4½, do 10-4 5½, do 11-4 5½, Pepperell E fine 39 16, do R 36 15, do O 33 14, do N 30 13, do G 30 14, Pocasset F 30 10½, do K 36 14, do 40 17, Saranac fine O 33 14½, do R 36 16, do E 39 18, Sigourney 36 10½, Stark A 36 17, Swift River 36 13, Tiger 27 9½, Tremont M 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are quiet, the demand being limited chiefly to the lower and medium grades. Quotations are firm and advancing, but we note, nevertheless, that some makes are jobbing in small quantities beneath agents' rates. Amoskeag 46 20, do 42 18, do A 36 18, do Z 33 —, Androscoggin 36 19, Appleton 36 17, Attawaugan XX 36 15½, Atlantic Cambric 36 27½, Ballou & Son 36 16, do 33 13½, Bartletts 36 17½, do 33 15, do 30 14, Bates 36 —, do B 33 15, Blackstone 36 16½, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 16, do C 33 14, do E 13½, do H 28 11½, do O 30 14, do R 27 11½, do S 36 15, do W 45 19, Dwight 36 21½, Ellerton E 42 22, do 27 —, Forrest Mills 36 14½, Forestdale 36 18, Globe 27 —, Fruit of the Loom 36 20, Gold Medal 36 15½, Greene Mfg Co 36 13½, do 30 11½, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 14, do S 31 13, do A 33 16, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 18, do 33 16, Hope 36 16½, James 36 16½, do 33 14½, do 31 13, Lawrence B 36 15, Lonsdale 36 18½, Masonville 36 18½, Newmarket C 36 16, New York Mills 36 28, Pepperell 6-4 30, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 5½, do 10-4 5½, Rosebuds 36 17½, Red Bank 36 13, do 32 11, Slater J. & W. 36 16, Tuscarora 22½, Utica 5-4 3½, do 6-4 3½, do 9-4 6½, do 10-4 6½, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 16½, do 6-4 30, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 5½, do 10-4 5½, Wamsutta 45 32½, do 40½ 30, do 36 25, Washington 33 10½.

BROWN DRILLS have been more active under the recent advance in prices, and the inquiry for export has been on a more liberal scale. Androscoggin —, Amoskeag 18, Boott 17½, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 18, Pepperell 18, Stark A 18, do H 15.

PRINTS show no material change since our last review. The new designs are now in full supply, but the jobbing demand is quite limited, and restricted to a few orders to complete stocks. There is also a seeming disposition among the trade not to buy ahead of strict requirements, but rather to await fuller reports of the new crop before laying in a full stock. Allens 13½, American 13½-14, Amoskeag 13½, Arnolds 11½,

Cocheco 14, Conestoga 13½, Dunnell's 13½, Freeman 11½, Gloucester 13½, Hamilton 13-15, Home 7½, Lancaster 13½, London mourning 13, Mallory 13½-14½, Manchester 13½-14, Merrimac D 14½, do pink and purple 15, do W 16, do chintz 13½, Oriental 13½-14, Pacific 14½, Richmond's 14, Simpson Mourning 13, Sprague's purple and pink 15, do blue and wh. 16, do fancy 14½, do shirtings 15½, Victory 10½, Wamsutta 10½, Wauregan 13.

GINGHAMS are quiet; we revise our quotations of new work, which is firmly held at the advance established. Allamance plaid 19, Caledonia 15, Glasgow 17, Hampden 16, Lancaster 18, Manchester 13½.

MUSLIN DELAINES are inactive; the price for Fall styles is about 20c. Armures 20, do plain 20, Hamilton 20, Lowell 2, Manchester 20, Pacific 20, Pekins 24, Piques 22, Spragnes —.

TICKINGS are quiet. Albany 9½, American 14, Amoskeag A C A 35, do A 30, do B 25, do C 22, do D 20, Blackstone River 18, Conestoga 27½, do extra 32½, Cordis 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 26, do D 20, Lewiston 36 32½, do 32 30, do 30 27½, Mecs. and W'km's 30, Pearl River 33, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 17½, Thorndike 18, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28½-30, York 30 26½, do 32 32½.

STRIPES are dull. Albany 9½, American 14½, Amoskeag 23½, Boston 15, Everett 13, Hamilton 23½, Haymaker 17, Sheridan A 15, do G 14, Uncasville dark 17, do light 16, Whittenton AA 25, do A 22½, do BB 17, do C 15, do D 12, York 22½.

CHECKS are neglected. Caledonia No. 70 27½, do 50 25, do 10 25, do 8 19, do 11 22½, do 15 27½, Kennebeck 25, Lanark No. 2 12, Park No. 60 15, do 70 22½, do 90 27½, Pequa No. 1,200 12½, Star Mills 600 12, do 800 16, Union No. 20 25, do 50 27½.

DENIMS are in limited request for the best brands, others are extremely quiet. Amoskeag 30, Blue Hill 14½, Beaver Cr. blue 27½, do CC 22½, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 20, Manchester 21, Lingard's blue 16, do brown —, Otis AXA 29, do BB 27, do CC 23, Pearl River 23, Pittsfield —, Thorndike 18, Tremont 20.

COTTONADES show no great movement. Far. & Mec. Cass 40, Lewiston 40, New York Mills 31½, Plow. L. & Anv. 37½.

CORSET JEANS are inactive. Amoskeag 14, Bates 10½, Everetts 15, Laconia 14, Naumkeag 14, do satteen 17½, Pepperell 15, Washington satteen 16½.

CAMBRICS are quiet, with a tendency to higher quotations in first hands. Silesias are unchanged. Pequot cambrics 10½, Superior 8½, Victory H 9½, Washington 10½, Wauregan 10½, Blackburn Silesias 16, Indian Orchard 15, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory J twilled 15, Ward 15.

COTTON YARNS are firm under a slightly increased demand. We quote large skeins at 40 and small at 42½ cents; but with a leading jobber 38@40 are the asking rates.

COTTON BAGS are in increased demand, and some brands, such as the Ontario, are sold largely ahead of production. American 47½, Lewiston 52½, Stark A 55, do C 3 bush 70.

CANTON FLANNELS have shown more activity, and quotations have not been maintained at the extreme point demanded by some leading firms. Ellerton N. Brown 29, do O 25, do P 23, Hamilton 25, Laconia 22½, Naumkeag F 21, Ellerton N Bleached 31, do O 27, do P 25, Naumkeag F 22, emberton A 26.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS are quite inactive. The demand for spring styles is over, but a few culls are being cleared out at irregular rates. For the fall trade there is but little movement as yet, importers feeling indisposed to show their samples before a more active inquiry sets in, as they justly fear, by such eagerness, to compromise the future range of prices.

DOMESTIC WOOLENS are still quiet in first hands, the demand being limited to the immediate wants of clothiers. Jobbers are canvassing the market, but their orders have been as yet of a very restricted character. The fancy cassimeres and silk mixtures that are now in agents' hands show a great improvement both in design and finish to last years productions, and prices appear to be on a more remunerative basis.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending July 23, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 23, 1868.

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	2,090	\$876,802	982	\$430,832	783	\$317,585
do cotton...	1,402	431,502	1,071	302,130	1,036	281,952
do silk...	455	463,283	174	162,026	1,422	416,235
do flax.....	939	266,037	803	194,765	802	183,209
Miscellaneous dry goods.	561	192,631	304	139,633	373	125,282
Total.....	5,447	\$2,230,304	3,339	\$1,229,376	3,416	\$1,324,263

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	546	\$234,350	522	\$248,407	351	\$152,585
do cotton..	162	53,302	234	71,545	165	39,759
do silk....	74	107,222	93	103,136	48	43,934
do flax....	157	47,524	575	123,812	361	74,760
Miscellaneous dry goods.	8	2,481	1,139	23,632	33	11,416
Total.....	947	\$444,879	2,563	\$577,532	961	\$322,493
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n.	5,447	2,230,304	3,339	1,229,376	3,416	1,324,263
Totalth'wn upon mak't.	6,394	\$2,675,183	5,902	\$1,806,908	4,377	\$1,646,746

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	897	\$361,190	1,257	\$522,027	957	\$400,106
do cotton..	189	58,446	261	78,953	246	64,927
do silk....	97	112,539	112	168,310	106	138,782
do flax....	321	97,729	311	97,117	265	81,368
Miscellaneous dry goods.	13	9,102	41	34,968	34	15,193
Total.....	1,517	\$639,006	1,982	\$901,375	1,608	\$700,376
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n.	5,447	2,230,304	3,339	1,229,376	3,416	1,324,263
Total entered at the port	6,964	\$2,869,310	5,321	\$2,130,751	5,024	\$2,024,659

Dry Goods.

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46 LEONARD STREET, DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Sole Agents for the sale of COTTONS AND WOOLENS, Of Several Mills.

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CASH CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

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Assets July 1, 1868.....\$5,052,880 19 Liabilities..... 499,803 55

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JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

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SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868 376,815 50

TOTAL ASSETS \$876,815 50

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OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,

BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00

Surplus..... 255,057 77

Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates. Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 5/4. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... 1,883,220 PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340

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No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Cash capital.....\$400,000 00 Surplus..... 206,634 79

Gross Assets.....\$606,634 Total Liabilities..... 50,144

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To CALIFORNIA

And Carrying the United States Mail,
LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT OF Canal street, at 1 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
JULY:
 1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
 11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA.
 21st—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.
 Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
 Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.
 An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.
 For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot Canal street, New York.

Offices To Let,

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets near WALL. Apply to
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
 No. 6 Broad Street

Insurance.

INCORPORATED 1798.

The New York Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY,
 NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
 January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866.....	\$89,855 49
Premiums received.....	233,116 87
Total.....	\$322,972 63

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.
 Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868..... \$307,390 93

Losses and Expenses.....	\$207,661 23
Return Premiums.....	14,118 30

The Company have the following assets:
 Cash in Banks..... \$29,809 57
 United States Stocks..... 273,925 00
 Bank, City and other Stocks..... 194,790 00
 Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company..... 40,785 15
 Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages..... 92,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	\$630,309 72
Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company.....	83,399 12
Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value.....	31,037 69
	22,803 2
	\$767,549 73

SIX PER CENT.

Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.

TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND

and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

FIFTY PER CENT.

of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.
 By order of the Board,
 W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Stewart Brown, | Edward Kaupé, |
| Stephen Johnson, | Henry Oelrichs, |
| Arthur Leary, | James R. Smith, |
| Henry Meyer, | George Mosle, |
| Edward H. R. Lyman, | Gustave H. Kissell, |
| George Moke, | Gerhard Janssen, |
| E. V. Thebaud, | William Paxson, |
| Francis Hathaway, | John H. Earle, |
| Lloyd Aspinwall, | Francis Skiddy, |
| | E. P. Fabbri. |
- JOHN H. LYELL, President.
 THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co
 OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.
 UNITED STATES BRANCH,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds..... 12,695 000
Annual Income..... 4,260,635

Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.
 Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
 of Dabney, Morgan & Co
SOLOMON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co
EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy & Co
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

OFFICES:
 O. 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, AND 151 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN.

Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1868..... 3,673,896 78
Liabilities..... 107,490 55

Desiring to deal directly with its Customers, this Company will hereafter make a rebate from the Premium or Risks in the City, equal to the Commission heretofore paid as Brokerage.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice-President.
J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.
GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.

Insurance

HOMEOPATHIC Mutual Life Insurance Co

Of the City of New York,
NO. 231 BROADWAY,
NEW PLANS AND LOWER RATES.

This Company offers to insurers all the advantage hitherto afforded by any responsible company in respect to terms and plans of insurance, and, in addition to low rates on ordinary lives, it makes a still further reduction to those using the Homeopathic practice.

Persons about to insure are invited to give our proposals a careful examination.

DIRECTORS.

- D. D. T. Marshall, 157 East 31th Street.
 Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, Lieut. Gov. State N. Y.
 Jas. Cushing, Jr., of Leroy W. Fairchild & Co.
 Edward E. Eames, of H. B. Claflin & Co.
 Elisha Brooks, of Brooks Bros., 468 Broadway.
 Hon. Rich'd B. Connolly, Comptroller of N. Y. City.
 Robert T. Sewall, of Sewall & Pierce, 62 Broadway.
 George G. Lake, of Lake & McCreery, 471 Broadway.
 Hon. Richard Kelly, Pres't of 5th National Bank.
 John Simpkins, 29 Wall Street.
 Wm. C. Dunton, of Bulkley, Dunton & Co., 4 John St.
 Peter Lang, of Lang & Clarkson, 4 Front Street.
 Wm B. Kendall, of Bigelow Carpet Co., 65 Duane St.
 Hiram W. Warner, late Warner & Loop, 332 5th Av.
 Charles L. Stickney, 209 Bowery.
 William Radde, Publisher, 550 Pearl Street.
 Thomas B. Asten, 124 East 29th Street.
 G. B. Hammond, Tarrytown, N. Y.

- D. D. T. MARSHALL, President.
 JAMES CUSHING, Jr., Vice President.
 ELIZUR WRIGHT, Consulting Actuary.
 E. A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
 A. HALSEY PLUMMER, Assistant Sec'y.
 STEWART L. WOODFORD, Counsel.
 EDWARD M. KELLOGG, M. D.,
 JOHN W. MITCHELL, M. D.,
 Medical Examiners.
 A. COOKE HULL, M. D., Medical Director.

Agents and Solicitors wanted. Send to cul

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and surplus \$2,000,000.

Geo. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and surplus \$1,200,000.

W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
 SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus \$700,000.

J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital \$275,000.

M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't

Loese promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.

WHITE, ALLYN & CO. Agents,
 NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)
 49 WALL STREET.
Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

Trade Mark for the United States.



BEST SIX CORD J. & P. COATS WARRANTED
 SPOOL NOTION 200 YARDS

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

Sole Agents in New York for J & P. COATS,
 of Paisley, Scotland.

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of several leading railroads for five weeks in 1867 and 1868:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings (1867, 1868), Earn. p. m. (1867, 1868). Rows include Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and N. West'n, Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, and Western Union.

NEW YORK AND NEW HAVEN RAILROAD.—At a meeting of the stockholders of this company at New Haven, on the 7th inst., it was voted unanimously to approve of the resolutions passed by the General Assembly now in session, authorizing an increase of the capital stock of the company; also to accept of said resolution as an amendment to the charter. Resolutions were passed directing the Board of Directors not to dispose of the new stock, except to make certain specified improvements on the road, and that when

any new shares were issued the option to take them at par should first be given to the present stockholders in proportion to the shares held by them.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN ROAD.—The directors of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway have this evening issued an "amended" statement of their proposals for the reorganization of the concern, and for the resumption of coupon payments. The directors say:

Some important alterations in the president's proposals recently submitted have been made at the suggestion of Sir William Russell's and Mr. Ridsdale's committees. The unanimity now secured compensates for the inconvenience of the changes, and assures an early return to a proper administration of the company's affairs. The alterations are chiefly in the mode of dealing with the certificates of debenture. The interest on income bonds issued for coupons is increased, and the bonds made equal to a mortgage by deposit for their protection of the coupons in trust.

It appears that the proposed capitalization is to be into income bonds, bearing seven per cent annual interest from the 15th November next, with semi-annual coupons attached. It is further proposed to cancel and convert the certificates of debenture, first, by delivery of the divisional bonds now held in trust, \$5,236,600; second, by the issue of income bonds for coupons due up to 16th July, 1868, \$1,171,600; third, by cash payment, \$592,400; fourth, by issue of consolidated second mortgage bonds, bearing five per cent, interest in gold, from 15th November, 1870, \$7,000,000—completing the capital amount of debentures \$14,000,900; fifth, income bonds for the interest on this capital, until the bonds issued commence to carry interest (Statement B), \$1,224,553.

It is proposed to resume cash payments of interest accruing on the first mortgage divisional bonds from 1st October, 1868; second mortgage divisional bonds, from 1st October, 1869; and consolidated mortgage bonds, from 15th January, 1871, funding the previous coupons.—London Times.

The original proposals, with statements in full, showing the present financial status of the company, and the proposed changes will be found in Commercial and Miscellaneous News, on a previous page.—(ED. CHRONICLE)

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table showing monthly earnings for various railroads from 1866 to 1868. Columns include railroad names, years, and monthly earnings in dollars. Rows include Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific, Erie Railway, Illinois Central, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, New York Central, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Ohio & Mississippi, Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago, St. L. Alton & T. Haute, Toledo, Wab. & Western, and Western Union.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Main table with columns: COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask). Includes sections for Railroad, Canal, and Miscellaneous.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 2.

Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd). The table lists various bonds for railroads, canals, and miscellaneous projects, including Montgomery & West Point, Morris and Essex, and many others.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Askd., COMPANIES., Bid., Askd. Lists various petroleum companies like Hamilton, McClintock, Ivanhoe, Manhattan, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Capital., Net as'ts., Dividends (1865, 1866, 1867, Last paid), Periods. Lists insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Askd., COMPANIES., Bid., Askd. Lists copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Askd., COMPANIES., Bid., Askd. Lists gold and silver mining companies like Ada Elmore, Alameda Silver, American Flag, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Askd., COMPANIES., Bid., Askd. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Brunswick City Land, Copake Iron, etc.

CITY PASSENGER RAILROAD STOCKS & BONDS.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Par., Capital paid in., Dividend Date, p.ct., Price bid., Bonded Debt., Due., Inter. Lists railroad stocks and bonds like Bleek St. & Fult. F., Broadway (B'klyn), etc.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchors—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward per lb 8 @ ..

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... per 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 37 Pearl, 1st sort... 9 25 @ 9 37

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow. per lb 43 @ 44

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin per ton 43 00 @ ..

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... per lb @ 7 1/2 Navy... @ 5 1/2 Crackers... 8 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard. per M. 10 50 @ 12 00 Crotons... 18 00 @ 20 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ ..

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n, gray & wh. per lb 45 @ 2 00

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—

Fresh pail... 45 @ .. State firkins, prime... 35 @ 38 State firkins, ordinary... 37 @ 34 State, hi-firk., prime... 36 @ 39 State, hi-firk., ordin'y... 30 @ 35 State, low, prime... 32 @ 37 Western, good... 27 @ 33 Western, fair... 23 @ 26 Penn., dairy, good... 28 @ 33 Penn., dairy, fair... 25 @ 27 Canada... @ .. Grease... @ ..

Cheese— Factory prime... per lb 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Factory fair... 13 @ 15 Farm Dairies prime... 14 @ 15 1/2 Farm Dairies fair... 12 @ 14 Farm Dairies common... 9 @ 12 Skimmed... 3 @ 9

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 5; t. carline and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 45 @ .. Sperm, patent... 55 @ .. Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 21 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale per bl... @ 1 75

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward per lb 7 @ 7 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel. Newcastle Gas 2,240 lb. 9 00 @ 9 50 Liverpool Gas Cann. L. 11 00 @ 12 00 Liverpl' House Cannell 16 00 @ 17 00 Liverpool Orrel... @ .. Anthracite. per ton of 2,000 lb... 6 50 @ 7 50

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold) per lb 16 @ 16 1/2 Maracaibo do... (gold) @ .. Guayaquil do... (gold) 9 1/2 @ 10 St. Domingo... (gold) @ ..

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... per lb @ 33 Bolts... 33 @ .. Braziers'... 33 @ 20 Sheathing, &c., old... 18 @ 20 Sheathing, yellow metal... 26 @ .. Bolts, yellow metal... 26 @ .. Pig Chile... @ .. American Ingot... 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... per lb 20 @ 21 Tarred Russia... @ 18 1/2 Bolt Rope, Russia... @ 22

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts per gro 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 70 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 60 @ 70 Phial... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val; Balsam Copalvi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Caliaaya Bark, 30 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb.; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1/2; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent.; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Aratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1/2 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1/2; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below. FREE.

Alcohol, 95 per cent... @ .. Aloes, Cape... per lb @ 21 Aloes, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Annato, good to prime... 60 @ 1 25 Antimony, Reg. of, g'd... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 Argols, Crude... 15 @ .. Argols, Refined, gold... 21 1/2 @ 24 Arsenic, Powdered... @ 3 Assafetida... 25 @ 40 Balsam Copivi... 85 @ .. Balsam Tolu... 1 30 @ .. Balsam Peru... @ 3 50 Bark Petayo... 45 @ .. Berries, Persian, gold... 27 @ 31 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle, gold... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... @ 18 1/2 Bleaching Powder... 4 1/2 @ 35 1/2 Borax, Refined... 34 @ .. Brimstone, Crude per ton... (gold) @ 39 30 Brimstone, Am. Roll per lb... @ 3 1/2 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... @ 1 1/2 Camphor, Crude, (in bond)... (gold) @ .. Camphor, Refined... 1 10 @ .. Cantharides... 1 65 @ .. Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 17 @ .. Cardamoms, Malabar... @ 3 25 Castor Oil... @ 33 Chamomile Flow's per lb... 15 @ 50 Chlorate Potash (gold)... 34 @ 85 Caustic Soda... 4 5-16 @ 5 1/2 Caraway Seed... 20 @ 21 Coriander Seed... 14 @ 15 Cochineal, Hon. (gold)... @ 90 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd)... 73 @ 75 Copperas, American... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 Cream Tartar, pr. (gold)... @ 30 Cubebs, East India... 15 1/2 @ 16 Cutch... 15 1/2 @ 16 Epsom Salts... 3 1/2 @ 4 Extract Logwood... 10 1/2 @ .. Fennel Seed... 17 @ .. Flowers, Benzoin, per oz... 80 @ 60 Gambier... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Gamboge... 1 75 @ 2 00 Ginseng, West... 20 @ 95 Ginseng, Southern... 1 05 @ .. Gum Arabic, Picked... 45 @ 75 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 31 @ 85 Gum Benzoin... 50 @ 85 Gum Kowrie... 84 @ 86 Gum Gedda... gold 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Gum Damar... 44 @ 47 1/2 Gum Myrrh, East India... @ .. Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 55 @ .. Gum Senegal... @ 33 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts... 35 @ 40 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey, gold... 60 @ 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 8 67 1/2 @ 8 85 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ .. Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 3 00 @ 3 75 Jalap, in bond gold... 35 @ 90 Lac Dye... 25 @ 55 Licorice Paste, Calabria... 37 @ 40 Licorice Paste, Sicily... 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste Spanish Solid... 29 @ 30 Licorice Paste, Greek... 31 @ .. Madder, Dutch (gold)... 12 1/2 @ 13 do, French, E.F.F. do... 15 @ ..

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ .. Mustard Seed, Cal... 7 1/2 @ 10 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ .. Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 35 @ .. Oil Anis... @ 3 80 Oil Cassia... @ 3 50 Oil Bergamot... 6 87 1/2 @ 8 87 1/2 Oil Lemon... 4 25 @ 4 50 Oil Peppermint, pure... @ 6 50 Oil Vitriol... 24 @ .. Opium, Turkey, (gold) 7 37 1/2 @ 7 50 Oxalic Acid... @ 83 Phosphorus... 92 1/2 @ 95 Prussiate Potash... 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2 Quicksilver... 76 @ 77 Rhubarb, China... 2 25 @ 3 25 Sago, Pea, led... @ 8 Salaratus... 20 @ .. Sal Am'n'ac, Ref (gold) 8 @ 8 1/2 Sal Soda, Newcastle... 1 65 @ 1 70 Sarsaparilla, H, g'd in b'd 25 @ 30 Sarsaparilla, Mex... @ 14 Seneca Root... 35 @ 36 Senna, Alexandria... 25 @ 28 Senna, East India... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Shell Lac... 37 1/2 @ 50 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 5 @ 2 60 Sugar L'd, W'e... @ 25 Sulph. Quinine, Am per oz 2 20 @ 2 25 Sulphate Morphine... 7 00 @ .. Tart'c Acid, (g'd) per lb 49 1/2 @ 52 Tapioca... @ 11 1/2 Verdigris, dry & ex dry 50 @ 60 Vitriol, Blue... 10 @ 11

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ .. Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ .. Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 per y... @ 72 Cotton, No. 1... per y... 58 @ ..

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold, per ton... @ 175 00 Fustic, Cuba... 32 00 @ 33 00 Fustic, Tampico, gold... @ 24 00 Fustic, Jamaica... 23 00 @ 24 00 Fustic, Savanilla... 22 50 @ 23 00 Fustic, Maracaibo... 22 00 @ .. Logwood, Lazuna... 28 00 @ .. Logwood, Cam... @ .. Logwood, Hond... 19 00 @ 20 00 Logwood, Tabasco... @ .. Logwood, St. Dom... 21 00 @ 22 00 Logwood, Jamaica... 16 00 @ .. Limawood... 75 00 @ 85 00 Barwood... @ 26 00 Sapanwood, Manila... @ 60 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 85 @ .. Tennessee... 75 @ ..

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 6 00 @ 7 00 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 5 00 @ 5 25 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 6 25 @ 6 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 18 00 @ 22 70 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 22 00 @ 22 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay old... 19 50 @ 23 25 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay n'w... 18 00 @ 18 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax... @ .. Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge... 10 25 @ 10 50 Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax... 10 50 @ 11 00 Mac, No. 3, Mass, med... @ 8 50 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1... 25 00 @ 27 00 Salmon, Pickled, per c... @ .. Herring, Scaled per box... 30 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 23 @ 25 Herring, pickled per bbl... 6 00 @ 9 50

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 16 @ 24

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 75 @ 2 50 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 80 @ 50 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 60 do House... 10 @ 50 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 50 @ 1 50 do Grey... 25 @ 60 do Kitt... 30 @ 50 Lynx... 50 @ 2 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 2 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 2 55 Otter... 2 50 @ 7 00 Musquash, Fall... 3 @ 35 Opossum... 3 @ 12 Raccoon... 10 @ 1 00 Skunk, Black... 10 @ 1 00

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacoa per lb cur... 42 1/2 @ .. do Buenos A... cur... 45 @ 50 do Vera Cruz... gold... @ 55 do Tampico... gold... @ 55 do Matamoras... gold... @ 55 do Payta... cur... 43 @ 45 do Cape... cur... 52 1/2 @ 55 Deer, San Juan per lb gold... 40 @ 41 do Central America... 45 @ 47 1/2 do Honduras... gold... @ 45 do Sisal... gold... 46 @ 47 1/2 do Para... gold... 42 @ 45 do Para Cruz... gold... @ 45 do Missouri... gold... @ .. do Texas... gold... @ ..

Deer, Arkansas gold... @ do Florida... gold... @ ..

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 3 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 45 @ 50 per cent 6x8 to 8x10... per 50 ft 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 18x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 6 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 2x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x55 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 19 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New 's of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent 6x8 to 8x10... per 50 feet 8 50 @ 6 25 8x11 to 10x15... 9 00 @ 6 75 11x14 to 12x18... 10 00 @ 7 50 13x18 to 16x24... 11 00 @ 8 00 18x22 to 18x30... 13 50 @ 9 00 20x30 to 24x30... 16 50 @ 10 00 24x31 to 24x36... 18 00 @ 12 00 25x36 to 26x40... 20 00 @ 16 00 28x40 to 30x48 (3 qlts)... 22 00 @ 18 00 24x54 to 32x56 (3 qlts)... 24 00 @ 20 00 32x58 to 34x60 (3 qlts)... 27 00 @ 23 00 English sells at 35 @ 40 per ct. off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... 22 1/2 @ 22 1/2

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ .. Meal... 6 00 @ .. Deer... 5 50 @ .. Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd per lb gold... 28 @ 28 1/2 Buenos Ayres, mixed... 25 @ 25 1/2 Hog, Western, unwash, cur... 9 @ 10

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 70 @ 75

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Lampi 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed per ton 270 00 @ 290 00 do Undressed 175 00 @ 180 00 Russia, Clean... (gold) 240 00 @ 245 00 Italian... (gold) 230 00 @ 240 00 Manila... (gold) 94 @ .. Sisal... @ .. Jute... (gold) 6 @ 6 1/2

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides— Buenos Ayres per lb g'd... 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Montevideo... do 21 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Rio Grande... do 21 1/2 @ .. Orinoco... do @ 20 1/2 California... do @ 20 1/2 San Juan... do 17 1/2 @ 18 Matamoras... do 16 @ 17 1/2 Vera Cruz... do 16 @ 18 Lampico... do 18 @ 19 Bogota... do 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2 Porto Cabello... do 17 @ 18 Maracaibo... do 14 @ 15 Truxillo... do 18 @ 19 Bahia... do 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Rio Hache... do 14 @ 15 Curacoa... do 18 @ 15 S. Domingo & Pt. au Platt... do 12 @ 14 Texas... do 14 @ 16 Western... do 13 @ 15

Dry Salted Hides— Chili... gold 15 @ 16 Payta... do 15 @ 16 Maranh... do 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2 Pernambuco... do 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2 Bahia... do 12 @ 13 Matamoras... do 13 1/2 @ 14 Maracaibo... do 12 @ 13 Savanilla... do 12 @ 13 Wet Salted Hides— Bue Ayres per lb g'd... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2 Rio Grande... do 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2 Calif. ma... do @ 11 1/2 Para... do 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 New Orleans... cur 12 1/2 @ 13 City sl'hter trim. & cured... 13 1/2 @ 14

Upper Leather Stock—	
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip	23
Sierra Leone.. cash	28 @ 30
Gambia & Bissau..	22 @ 25
Zauibar.....	.. @ ..
East India Stock—	
Calcutta, city sl'hter	16 @ 16 1/2
do p. gold.....	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Calcutta, dead green	12 1/2 @ 13
do buffalo, # B	.. @ ..
Manilla & Batavia,	.. @ ..
buffalo..... # B	.. @ ..
Honey—Duty, 20 cent	80 @ 82
Juba (duty paid) (gold	.. @ ..
# gall.....	.. @ ..
Hops—Duty: 5 cents # B	20 @ 40
Crop of 1867..... # B	10 @ 20
do of 1866.....	20 @ 30
Bavarian.....	.. @ ..
Horns—Duty, 10 # cent. ad val.	
Ox, Rio Grande..... # C	7 00 @ 7 00
Ox, American..... # C	5 00 @ 6 00
India Rubber—Duty, 10 # cent.	
ad val.....	.. @ ..
Para, Fine..... # B	82 1/2 @ ..
Para, Medium.....	.. @ ..
Para, Coarse.....	.. @ ..
East India.....	.. @ ..
Carthagena, &c.....	.. @ 45
Indigo—Duty FREE.	
Bengal..... (gold) # B	1 10 @ 2 05
Oude..... (gold)	75 @ 1 40
Madras..... (gold)	95 @ 1 10
Manilla..... (gold)	70 @ 95
Guatemala..... (gold)	1 10 @ 1 45
Caracas..... (gold)	80 @ 1 05
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents # B.	
Railroad, 70 cents # 100 lb; Boiler	
and Plate, 1 1/2 cents # B; Sheet, Band,	
Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 cents # B;	
Fig, # 9 # ton; Polished Sheet, 3	
cents # B.	
Pig, Scotch, No 1.	42 @ 45 00
Fig, American, No. 1..	39 @ 40 00
Fig, American, No. 2..	37 @ 38 00
Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer	1 10 @ 1 50
Bar, Swedes, assorted	.. @ ..
sizes (ingold).....	97 50 @ 90 00
—STORE PRICES—	
Bar Swedes, ordinary	.. @ 150 00
Bar, English and Amer-	
ican, Refined.....	95 00 @ ..
do do Common.....	125 @ 170 00
Scroll.....	120 @ 150 00
Ovals and Half Round	125 @ ..
Band.....	125 @ ..
Horse Shoe.....	125 @ ..
Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch.	100 @ 160 00
Hoop.....	133 @ 185 00
Nail Rod..... # B	9 @ 10
Sheet, Russia.....	17 1/2 @ 19
Sheet, Single, Double	.. @ ..
and Treble.....	5 @ 7
Rails, Eng. (g'd) # ton	51 50 @ 52 00
do American.....	79 00 @ 80 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 # cent ad val.	
East India, Prime # B	3 00 @ 3 15
East Ind, Billiard Ball	3 0 @ 3 25
African, Prime..	2 62 1/2 @ 2 87 1/2
African, Scrivel., W.C.	1 25 @ 2 25
Lead—Duty, Pig, # 2 # 100 lb; and Old	
Lead, 1 1/2 cents # B; Pipe and Sheet,	
2 1/2 cents # B.	
Galena..... # 100 lb	.. @ ..
Spanish..... (gold)	6 30 @ 6 40
German..... (gold)	6 20 @ 6 50
English..... (gold)	6 30 @ 6 87 1/2
Bar..... net	.. @ 10 30
Pipe and Sheet..... net	.. @ 12 00
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30	
# cent ad val.	
—cash. # B.—	
Oak, sl'hter, heavy # B	88 @ 46
do do middle	38 @ 44
do do light..	36 @ 40
do do crop, heavy	40 @ 43
do do middle	43 @ 47
do do light..	44 @ 46
Oak, rough slaughter.	38 @ 46
Hem'lk, B. A., &c., h'y	28 @ 29
do do middle.	29 @ 30
do do light.	29 @ 30
do Califor., heavy	27 @ 31
do do middle.	28 @ 29
do do light.	28 @ 29
do Orino., heavy.	25 @ 27
do do middle	28 @ 29
do do light.	28 @ 29
do rough.....	35 @ 39
do good damaged	24 1/2 @ 27
do poor do	20 @ 22
Lime—Duty: 10 # cent ad val.	
Rockland, com. # bbl.	.. @ 1 10
do heavy.....	.. @ 2 00
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.	
—Duty: Lumber, 20 # cent ad val.;	
Staves, 10 # cent ad val.; Rosewood	
and Cedar, FREE.	
Spruce, East. # M ft	17 50 @ 20 50
Southern Pine.....	35 00 @ 40 00
White Pine Box B'ds	23 00 @ 27 00
White Pine Merch.	.. @ ..
Box Boards.....	27 00 @ 30 00
Clear Pine.....	60 00 @ 70 00
laths, Eastern. # M	3 00 @ 3 06
Poplar an. White	.. @ ..
wood B'ds & Pl'k.	45 00 @ 55 00
Cherry B ds & Plank	70 00 @ 80 00
Oak and Ash.....	4 00 @ 60 00
Maple and Birch.....	80 90 @ 45 00
Black Walnut.....	70 @ 125 00
STAVES—	
White Oak, hhd.,	.. @ ..
West..... # M	.. @ 135 00

White oak, pipe,	275 00
extra..... # M.	.. @ ..
do pipe, heavy	.. @ 225 00
do pipe, light.	.. @ 175 00
do pipe, culls.	.. @ 170 00
do pipe, culls, lt	.. @ 110 00
do hhd., extra.	.. @ 235 00
do hhd., heavy	.. @ 175 00
do hhd., light.	.. @ 110 00
do hhd., culls.	.. @ 100 00
do bbl., extra.	.. @ 150 00
do bbl., heavy.	.. @ 115 00
do bbl., light..	.. @ 90 00
do bbl., culls..	.. @ 60 00
Red oak, hhd., h'vy.	.. @ 120 00
do hhd., light..	.. @ 80 00
HEADING—White	
oak hhd.....	.. @ 140 00
HEADING—White Oak	
double bbl.....	240 00 @ ..
Suhogany, Cedar, Rose-	
wood—Duty free.	
Manogany St. Iomin-	
to..... # ft.	25 @ 50
do St. Domingo,	
ordinary logs.....	7 @ 10
do Port-au-Platt,	
crotches.....	30 @ 40
do Port-au-Platt,	
logs.....	10 @ 14
do Nuevitas.....	16 @ 14
do Mansanilla ..	8 @ 10
do Mexican.....	11 @ 15
do Honduras	.. @ ..
(American wood)..	14 @ 20
Cedar, Nuevitas.....	12 @ 13
do Mansanilla.....	12 @ 13
do Mexican.....	8 @ 10
do Florida..... # c. ft.	25 @ 75
Rosewood, R. Jan. # B	5 @ 8
do Bahia.....	4 @ 6
Molasses.—See special report.	
Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;	
horse shoe 2 cents # B.	
Cut, 4d. @ 60d. # 100 lb	4 75 @ 5 00
Clinch.....	6 37 1/2 @ 6 50
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) # B	27 @ 30
Copper.....	40 @ ..
Yellow metal.....	26 @ ..
Zinc.....	18 @ ..
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of	
turpentine 34 cents # gallon; crude	
turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20	
# cent ad val.	
Turpentine, s. ft. # 250 lb	4 00 @ ..
Tar, N. County # bbl.	3 25 @ 3 53
Tar, Wilmington.....	.. @ 3 75
Pitch City.....	3 25 @ ..
Spirits turpentine # g	44 @ 43
Rosin, com'n. # 280 lb	.. @ 2 90
do strained and No. 2.	3 00 @ 3 40
do No. 1.....	3 50 @ 4 50
do Pale.....	4 50 @ 5 50
do extra pale.....	5 50 @ 8 00
Oakum—Duty fr., # B	8 @ 11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 # cent ad val.	
City thin obl'g, in bbls.	
do in bags.....	ton. 61 00 @ 62 00
do in bags.....	.. @ 59 30
West. thin obl'g, do	.. @ 57 00
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and	
rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad	
oil, in bottles or flasks, # 1: burning	
fluid, 50 cents # gallon; palm, seal,	
and cocoa nut, 10 # cent ad val.;	
sperm and whale or other fish (for-	
oreign fisheries), 20 # cent ad val.	
Olive, Mar's, qs (gold)	
per case.....	.. @ 4 00
do in casks. # gall.	2 35 @ ..
Palm..... # B	12 @ 13
Linseed, city..... # gall.	1 05 @ ..
Whale, crude.....	.. @ 82
do bleached winter	87 @ 90
Sperm, crude.....	1 90 @ ..
do wint. unbleach.	2 15 @ 2 20
Lard oil, prime winter	1 35 @ 1 40
Red oil, city dist Elain	80 @ ..
do saponified, west'n	90 @ 1 00
Bank.....	.. @ 75
Straits.....	80 @ ..
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.	
Lubricating.....	25 @ 30
Kerosene..... (free).	35 @ ..
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red	
lead, and litharge, dry or ground in	
oil, 3 cents # B; Paris white and	
whiting, 1 cent # B; dry ochres, 56	
cents # 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents	
# B; ochre, ground in oil, # 50 # 100	
lb; Spanish brown 25 # cent ad val.;	
China clay, # 5 # ton; Venetian red	
and vermilion 25 # cent ad val.;	
white chalk, # 10 # ton.	
Litharge, City..... # B	10 1/2 @ 11
Lead, red, City.....	10 1/2 @ 11
do white, American,	
pure, in oil.....	.. @ 14
do white, American,	
pure, dry.....	.. @ 12 1/2
Zinc, white, American,	
dry, No. 1.....	9 @ 9 1/2
do white, American,	
No. 1, in oil.....	9 @ 12
do White, French, dry	13 1/2 @ 13 1/2
do white, French, in	
oil.....	11 @ 17
Ochre, yellow, French,	
dry.....	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
do ground, in oil..	2 @ 10
Spanish brown, dry #	
100 lb.....	1 00 @ 1 25
do gr'd in oil. # B	8 @ 9
Paris wh., No. 1.....	2 1/2 @ 3
Chrome, yellow, dry..	15 @ 35
Whiting, Amer.....	.. @ 2
Vermilion, China, # B	1 15 @ 1 20

Vermillion, Trieste... 1 10 @ 1 12	
do Cal. & Eng. 1 15 @ 1 20	
do Amer. com. 2 @ 27	
Venet. red (N.C.) # cwt 2 85 @ 2 90	
Carmine, city made # B 16 00 @ 20 00	
Plumbago.....	.. @ 6
China clay, # ton.....	29 00 @ 30 00
Chalk..... # lb.	.. @ 1 1/2
Chalk, block..... # ton	23 00 @ 24 00
Barytes, American # B	.. @ 1 1/2
Barytes, Foreign.....	.. @ ..
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents;	
refined, 40 cents # gallon.	
Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. # gal	22 @ 22 1/2
do in bulk.....	17 @ 17 1/2
refined in bond, prime	
L. S. to W. (110 @	
115 test).....	3 1/2 @ 32
do Standard white	34 1/2 @ ..
Naphtha, refined. 63-73	
grav.....	19 1/2 @ 29
Residuum..... # bbl.	.. @ 3 80
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork,	
1 ct; lams, bacon, and lard, 2 cts # B	
Pork, new mess, # bbl. 7 95 @ 28 12	
Pork, old mess.....	28 @ 28 10
Pork, prime mess.....	.. @ 24 00
do prime.....	22 00 @ 22 75
Beef, plain mess.....	15 00 @ 20 50
do extra mess.....	20 50 @ 24 75
do hams.....	27 00 @ 33 00
Hams..... # B	16 1/2 @ 17 1/2
Shoulders.....	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Lard.....	16 @ 18 1/2
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents # B.;	
paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents	
# B.	
Carolina..... # 100 lb	10 50 @ 11 25
Rangoon Dressed, gold	
duty paid.....	6 25 @ 6 62 1/2
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents # 100 lb;	
bulk, 18 cents # 100 lb.	
Turks Islands # bush.	45 @ ..
Cadiz.....	.. @ ..
Liverpool, gr'nd # sack	1 75 @ 1 80
do fine, Ashton's (g'd)	2 50 @ ..
do fine, Worthing's	2 60 @ 2 65
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents;	
refined and partially refined, 3 cents;	
nitrate soda, 1 cent # B.	
Refined, pure..... # B	.. @ 14
Crude.....	10 @ 10 1/2
Nitrate soda..... gold	4 1/2 @ 4 1/2
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,	
1 cent # B; canary, # 1 bushel of	
60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 # cent	
ad val.	
Clover..... # B	12 @ 13
Timothy, reaped # bus	2 50 @ 2 60
Canary..... # bus	5 25 @ 6 50
Hemp.....	2 75 @ ..
Lins'd Am. rough # bus	2 65 @ 2 79
do Calc'a, Bos'n, g'd	2 17 1/2 @ ..
do do New Yk, g'd	2 17 1/2 @ ..
Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents # B.	
Drop..... # B	11 1/2 @ ..
Buck.....	1 1/2 @ ..
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk,	
35 # cent.	
Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3. # B	10 50 @ 11 50
Taysaams, superior,	
No. 1 2.....	9 25 @ 9 75
do medium, No 3 @ 4.	8 50 @ 9 00
Canton, re-reel, No 1 @ 2	8 50 @ 8 75
Canton, Extra Fine.....	9 00 @ 9 50
Japan, superior.....	10 50 @ 13 00
do Medium.....	9 00 @ 9 50
China thrown.....	nominal.
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and	
plates, # 1 50 # 100 lbs.	
Plates for # 100 lb gold	6 27 1/2 @ 6 50
do domestic # B	10 @ 10 1/2
Spices.—See special report.	
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof	
# 3 # gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey,	
for first proof, # 2 50 # gallon.	
Brandy, Otard, Dupuy	
& Co. (gold) # gal.	5 20 @ 13 00
Brandy, Finet, Castil-	
lon & Co (gold)	5 00 @ 17 00
do Hennessy (gold)	5 50 @ 18 00
do Marett & Co (g'd)	5 50 @ 10 00
do Leger Freres do	5 00 @ 10 00
do oth for. b'ds (g'd)	4 40 @ 9 00
Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd)	4 50 @ 4 75
do St. Croix, 3d	
proof..... (gold)	3 50 @ 3 75
Gin, diff. brands, (gold)	3 00 @ 4 55
Domestic Liquors—Cash.	
Brandy, gin & p. spi'ts in b	30 @ 40
Rum, pure, in bond.....	25 @ 35
Whiskey, in bond.....	30 @ 40
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued	
at 7 cents # B or under, 2 1/2 cents;	
over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts	
# B; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents # B	
and 10 # cent ad val. (Store prices.)	
English, cast, # B.....	18 @ 23
English, spring.....	10 @ 12 1/2
English blister.....	11 1/2 @ 20
English machinery.....	12 1/2 @ 16
English German.....	14 @ 16
American blister.....	10 1/2 @ 16
American cast Tool	.. @ 19
American spring do	.. @ 18
American mach'y do	.. @ 13
American German do	10 @ 13

Sumac—Duty: 10 # cent ad val.	
Sicily..... # ton..	90 00 @ 190 00
Sugar.—See special report.	
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent # B.	
American, prime, coun-	
try and city # B.....	11 1/2 @ 12
Teas.—See special report.	
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 #	
cent ad val. Plate and sheets and	
terne plates, 25 per cent. ad val.	
Banca..... # B (gold)	26 1/2 @ 27
Straits..... (gold)	24 @ ..
English..... (gold)	24 @ 24 1/2
Plates, char. I.C. # box	12 25 @ 12 1/2
do I. C. Coke.....	9 75 @ 10 75
do Terne Charcoal	11 50 @ 12 00
do Terne Coke.....	9 25 @ 9 50
Tobacco.—See special report.	
Wines—Duty: Value not over 50 cts	
# gallon, 20 cents # gallon, and 25 #	
cent. ad val.; over 50 and not over	
100, 50 cents # gallon and 25 # cent.	
ad val.; over \$1 # gallon, \$1 # gal-	
lon and 25 # cent ad val.	
Madeira..... # gall.	3 50 @ 7 00
Sherry.....	1 25 @ 9 00
Port.....	2 00 @ 8 50
Burgundy port.. (gold)	75 @ 1 25
Lisbon..... (gold)	2 25 @ 3 50
Sicily Madeira.. (gold)	1 00 @ 1 25
Red, Span. & Sicily (g)	90 @ 1 00
Marseilles Mad'ra (g'd)	70 @ 85
Marseilles Port. (gold)	80 @ 1 60
Malaga, dry..... (gold)	1 00 @ 1 25
Malaga, sweet... (gold)	1 10 @ 1 25
Claret..... gold. # cask	35 00 @ 60 00
Claret..... gold. # doz	2 65 @ 9 00
Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered	
\$2 to \$3 50 # 100 lb, and 15 # cent ad	
val.	
Iron No. 0 to 18 20 @ 25 # ct. off list.	
No. 19 to 26.....	30 # ct. off list
No. 27 to 36.....	35 # ct. off list
Telegraph, No. 7 to 11	
Plain..... # B	10 1/2 @ ..
Brass (less 20 per cent.)	43 @ ..
Copper do	53 @ ..
Wool—Duty: Imported in the "or-	
inary condition as now and hereto-	
fore practiced." CLASS 1—Clothing	
Wools—The value whereof at the last	
place whence exported to the United	
States is 32 cents or less # B, 10	
cents # B and 11 # cent. ad val.;	
over 32 cents # B, 12 cents # B and	
10 # cent. ad val.; when imported	
washed, double these rates CLASS	
2.—Combining Wools—The value where-	
of at the last place whence exported	
to the United States is 32 cents or	
less # B, 10 cents # B and 11 #	
cent ad val.; over 32 cents # B, 12	
cents # B and 10 # cent. ad val.	
CLASS 3.—Carpet Wools and other	
similar Wools—The value whereof at	
the last place whence exported to the	
United States is 12 cents or less #	
B, 3 cents # B; over 12 cents # B,	
6 cents # B. Wool of all classes	
imported scoured, three times the	
duty as if imported unwashed.	
Am., Sax'y fleece. # B	55 @ 60
do full blood Merino	52 @ 56
do 3/4 & 1/2 Merino..	45 @ 48
do Native & 1/2 Mer.	45 @ 46
do Combing.....	50 @ 53
Extra, pulled.....	42 @ 48
Superfine pulled.....	42 @ 46
No 1, pulled.....	30 @ 33

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MORA IRON. (L)I beg to announce that I have this day entered into
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for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which
in future, will be stamped

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And to which I request the special attention of the
trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.

WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above
notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of,
Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders
for this IRON, and for ELISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL
made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 &
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approved lengths. Contracts for both IRON AND
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if necessary, receiving the latter after the delivery of
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