

# THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.  
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868.

NO. 155.

## Bankers and Brokers.

### JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,  
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.

Receive money on Deposit and allow interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on daily balances, subject to check at sight.

Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four per cent interest, payable on demand.

Negotiate Loans.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and Sell Government and other Securities on commission.

Make Collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

Special Agents for the sale of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

### LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

#### Government and other Securities

Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

#### Interest Allowed on Deposits.

### Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

27 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

### HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES  
GOLD, &c.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

### HOYT & GARDNER,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

#### Gold a Specialty.

Money received upon deposit and interest allowed on current balances.

T. A. HOYT, Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange, JAMES GARDNER, formerly of Georgia

### FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S.  
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

Specie and Banking Office,

OF

KENNEDY, HUTCHINSON & CO.,

NO. 40 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Gold, Silver, Government Securities, &c.  
Collections Made.

### S. Thompson's Nephew,

EUROPEAN

PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland

Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

### TEMPLE & MARSH,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Dealers in Government Securities, &c. on Commission

No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

## Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN BAILEY, J. A. BUCKINGHAM, F. F. HILL,  
Late Bound & Bailey. Member N.Y. St. Ex.

### Bailey, Buckingham & Co

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

44 WALL STREET.

Buy and sell Commercial Paper, make advances on good securities, execute orders for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold for the usual commission.

### SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Advances made on approved securities.

Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper. Collect on both inland and foreign promptly made. Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

### R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE

WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,

Bankers and Commission Merchants,  
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

### LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW

STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

### James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

JAY COOKE, WM. G. MOORHEAD, H. D. COOKE, } { H. C. FAHNESTOCK EDWARD DODGE, PITT COOKE.

### JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,  
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,  
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,  
Opposite Treas. Department,  
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co. New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES on all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

March 1, 1866

JAY COOKE & CO.

## Bankers and Brokers.

### Day & Morse,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,  
NO. 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities, Bought and Sold on Commission.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to draft.

ALBERT F. DAY.

HORACE J. MORSE.

### LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Sterling Exchange at Sight and Sixty Days upon

ALEX. S. PETRIE & CO., London,

Orders for Stocks, Bonds, and Merchandise, executed in London by cable or mail.

### WILLIAMS & GUION,

71 Wall Street, New York,

### Lounsbury & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities,

Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBURY.

WILLIAM S. FANSHAW.

### WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.

## Philadelphia Bankers.

### AUSTIN & OBERGE,

313 WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Commission Stock Brokers.

J. BELL AUSTIN.

CHAS. H. OBERGE.

## Cincinnati Bankers.

### GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER and all kinds of  
GOVERNMENT BONDS.

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible  
points and remitted for on day of payment.

CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS  
FOR SALE.

### FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.  
THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89

Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

DIRECTORS:

John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison  
Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell  
William Woods A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson

**Insurance.**  
OFFICE OF THE  
**ATLANTIC**  
**Mutual Insurance Co.,**

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,  
The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:  
Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,322,015 75  
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867..... 2,838,109 71  
Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$10,160,125 46  
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.  
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,597,123 16  
Losses paid during the same period..... \$4,224,364 61  
Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$1,305,865 93

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:  
United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks. \$6,864,485 00  
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise..... 2,175,450 00  
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages. 210,000 00  
Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... 252,414 82  
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. 3,232,453 27  
Cash in Bank..... 373,374 02  
Total Amount of Assets..... \$13,108,177 11

**Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.**

**Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.**

**A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.**

By order of the Board,

**J. H. CHAPMAN,**  
Secretary

**TRUSTEES:**

John D. Jones,	Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow,	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot,	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge,	Gordon W. Burnham,
Robt. C. Fergusson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb,
Daniel S. Miller,	Paul Spofford,
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
	Shephard Gandy.

**JOHN D. JONES,** President,  
**CHARLES DENNIS,** Vice-President,  
**W. H. H. MOORE,** 2d Vice-Pres.  
**J. D. HEWLETT,** 3d Vice-Pres't

**Insurance.**  
THE  
**NORTH BRITISH**  
AND  
**Mercantile Insurance Co**  
OF  
**LONDON AND EDINBURGH.**

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.  
UNITED STATES BRANCH,  
**50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.**  
CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):  
**Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000**  
**Accumulated Funds..... 12,695 000**  
**Annual Income..... 4,260,635**  
Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.  
Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.  
NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:  
CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.  
of Dabney, Morgan & Co.  
SOLON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.  
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co.  
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.  
EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey  
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.  
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.  
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers  
T. C. ALLYN, }  
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.  
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.  
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

**HARTFORD**  
**FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF HARTFORD, CONN.  
**Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.**  
GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't  
**PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,**  
OF HARTFORD, CONN.  
**Capital and surplus \$1,200,000.**  
W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't  
**SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.  
**Capital and Surplus \$700,000.**  
J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres  
**CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO**  
OF HARTFORD, CONN.  
**Capital \$275,000.**  
M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't  
Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.  
**WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,**  
NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

**FIRE INSURANCE.**  
**North American Fire**  
**Insurance Co.,**  
**OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,**  
BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.  
**INCORPORATED 1823.**

**Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00**  
**Surplus..... 255 057 77**  
**Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.**  
Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.  
Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.  
JAMES W. OTIS, President.  
R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres  
F. H. CARTER, Secretary.  
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

**UNITED STATES**  
**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
In the City of New York.  
NO. 40 WALL STREET.  
**ASSETS.....\$2,300,000**  
New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year and annually thereafter.  
JOHN EADIE, President.  
NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

**Hanover Fire Insurance**  
**COMPANY,**  
No. 45 WALL STREET.  
JULY 1st, 1867.  
Cash Capital..... \$400,000 30  
Surplus..... 200,634 79  
Gross Assets..... \$606,634  
Total Liabilities..... 50,144  
BENJ. S. WALCOTT Pres't  
REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

**Financial.**  
**INCORPORATED 1798.**  
**The New York Mutual**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.  
January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:  
Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866..... \$89,855 49  
Premiums received..... 293,116 87  
Total..... \$382,972 63  
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.  
Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868..... \$307,390 93  
Losses and Expenses..... \$207,661 23  
Return Premiums..... 14,418 30  
The Company have the following assets:  
Cash in Banks..... \$29,809 57  
United States Stocks..... 272,925 00  
Bank, City and other Stocks..... 194,790 00  
Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company..... 40,785 15  
Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages..... 92,000 00  
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..... 83,399 12  
Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company..... 31,037 69  
Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 22,803 20  
Total..... \$767,549 73

**SIX PER CENT.**  
Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.  
**TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND**  
and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

**FIFTY PER CENT.**  
of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.  
By order of the Board,  
W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

**TRUSTEES:**  
Stewart Brown, Edward Kaupé,  
Stephen Johnson, Henry Oelrichs,  
Arthur Leary, James R. Smith,  
Henry Meyer, George Mosle,  
Edward H. R. Lyman, Gustave H. Kissell,  
George Moke, Gerhard Janssen,  
E. V. Thebaud, William Paxson,  
Francis Hathaway, John H. Earle,  
Lloyd Aspinwall, Francis Skiddy,  
E. P. Fabbri.  
JOHN H. LYELL, President.  
THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

**Sun Mutual Insurance**  
**COMPANY.**  
(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)  
49 WALL STREET.  
**Incorporated 1841.**

**Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78**  
This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and In-land Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.  
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.  
JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President.  
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

**ÆTNA**  
**Insurance Company,**  
**OF HARTFORD.**  
Incorporated 1819..... Charter Perpetual.  
**CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.**

**L. J. HENDEE, President.**  
**J. GOODNOW, Secretary.**  
**Assets July 1, 1867.....\$4,650,938 27**  
**Liabilities..... 377,668 46**  
**INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.**  
NEW YORK AGENCY  
**NO. 62 WALL STREET.**  
**JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.**

**Boston Bankers.**

**Page, Richardson & Co.,**

**BANKERS & MERCHANTS,**  
DEALERS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE, GOLD AND BONDS.

114 State Street, Boston.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS issued on London and Paris available in all parts of Europe.

LOANS OF STERLING made to Merchants upon favorable terms.

DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY received, subject to draft at sight and interest allowed.

ADVANCES made on consignments to Liverpool and London.

**Dupee, Beck & Sayles,**

**STOCK BROKERS,**

No. 23 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

**Southern Bankers.**

**WASHINGTON.**

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**OF WASHINGTON,**

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.

WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE.

**R. H. MAURY & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS.**

No. 1014 MAIN ST, RICHMOND, VA.,

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & Co.

**Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,**

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

**REFERENCES:**

- Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
- Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
- E. H. Bulkly & Co., Brokers, New York.
- Byrd & Hall, New York.
- Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
- Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
- Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlbert.
- Home Insurance Company of New York.
- New York Life Insurance Company.
- Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
- Underwriters Agency New York.
- Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
- Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

**Western Bankers.**

**The Marine Company**

**OF CHICAGO.**

J. YOUNG SCAMMON .....President.  
ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN  
**BANKING HOUSE OF**

**Hayden, Hutcheson & Co**

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

**COLUMBUS, OHIO,**

Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

**National Trust Company**

423 PENN STREET,

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

Capital.....\$100,000

Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

**L. A. BENOIST & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

**ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,**

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

**Western Bankers.**

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO**

**Boise City, I. T.**

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.

CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000;  
B. M. DU RELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.

New York Correspondent,—National Bank of North America.

Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfers," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**THOMAS DENNY & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

NO. 39 WALL STREET.

Our Annual Financial Circular for 1868

is now ready, and will be forwarded free of charge to parties desiring to make investments through us.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.  
THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

**KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

**TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

**ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.**

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

**DRAKE BROTHERS,**

**STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,**

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Executed

**HODGSKIN, RANDALL &**

**HOBSON,**

NO 39 EXCHANGE PLACE,

**BROKERS IN**

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government, and other Securities.

GENERAL PARTNERS;  
James B. Hodgskin,  
Chas. K. Randall,  
J. Lowry Hobson

SPECIAL PARTNERS.  
John Randall,  
J. Nelson Tappan,  
Geo. G. Hobson.

**SMITH, RANDOLPH & Co.**  
**Bankers,**

16 So. 3d St., | 3 Nassau St.,  
Philada. | New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on liberal terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**FISK & HATCH,**

**BANKERS AND DEALERS IN**

**GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,**

NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and sell, at market rates, all descriptions of United States Securities, and give especial attention to the conversion of

**SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES**

Into the

NEW FIVE TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Certificates of Deposit issued, Deposits received and Collections made. Also, General Agents for

Central Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds.

**VERMILYE & Co.,**

**BANKERS.**

No. 44 Wall Street, New York. Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

**UNITED STATES STOCKS**

INCLUDING

6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,

6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,

6 " " " 1864,

6 " " " 1865,

Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,

3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series

1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

**M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,**

**BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,**

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos., Contract for Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc., and undertake all business connected with Railways.

**LOCKWOOD & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET. DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

HASLETT MCKIM. ROBT. MCKIM. JNO. A. MCKIM.

**McKim, Bros. & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

**EVERETT & Co.,**

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

**AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.**  
OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

**THE CENTRAL**

**Salt and Coal Company**

**OF WEST VIRGINIA.**

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$300,000  
With the privilege of increasing the same to...\$300,000

Shares of Stock Each \$100.

WM. H. MARTIN, Esq., President,  
Hon. JOHN HALL, Treasurer.

**E. E. TIFFANY & CO.,**

Financial Agents and Brokers,

15 Wall Street, New York.

## Financial.

**L. P. MORTON & Co.,**

BANKERS,

20 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

**STERLING EXCHANGE,**

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

**L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,**

(28 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

**UNION BANK OF LONDON.**

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON.  
WALTER H. BURNS.CHARLES E. MILNOR.  
H. CRUGER OAKLEY.**Central National Bank,**

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELLOCK, President  
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.**TENTH NATIONAL BANK.**

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Banker and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

I. H. STOUT, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, Preside

**The Tradesmen's**

NATIONAL BANK.

221 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000  
SURPLUS.....450,000RICHARD BERRY, President.  
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# THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

**Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.**

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1868.

NO. 155.

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## The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

WILLIAM B. DANA, } WILLIAM B. DANA & CO., Publishers.  
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### CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks for the three weeks ending June 11. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

LOCATION.	NAME OF BANK.	REDEEMING AGENT.
Ohio. Mt. Gilead.....	The First National Bank of Mt. Gilead.....	The Merchants' National Bank of Cincinnati, approved in addition to The American National Bank of New York.
Michigan. Battle Creek....	The First National Bank of Battle Creek.....	The Central National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Fourth National Bank of New York.
Michigan. Romeo.....	The First National Bank of Romeo..	The Central National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The Second National Bank of Detroit.
Maine. Bath.....	The Lincoln National Bank of Bath.....	The First National Bank of Boston, approved in place of The Suffolk National Bank of Boston.
Vermont. Royalton.....	The National Bank of Royalton.....	The Importers' and Traders' National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Ninth National Bank.
Massachusetts. Chicopee.....	The First National Bank of Chicopee.	The Importers' and Traders' National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Fourth National Bank.
Connecticut. New London....	The National Union Bank of New London.....	The American Exchange National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The Suffolk National Bank of Boston.
New York. Waterville.....	The National Bank of Waterville....	The Importers' and Traders' National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The New York State National Bank of Albany.
Pennsylvania. Lewistown.....	The Lewistown National Bank.....	The First National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The Western National Bank of Philadelphia.
Indiana. Lafayette.....	The National State Bank of Lafayette	The Third National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Phenix National Bank of New York.
Iowa. Davenport.....	The Citizens' National Bank of Davenport.....	The City National Bank of Chicago, approved in addition to The Importers' and Traders' National Bank of New York.
Minnesota. Rochester.....	The First National Bank of Rochester.....	Should be in the published list—The Third National Bank of Chicago in place of The Third National Bank of New York.
Illinois. Princeton.....	The First National Bank of Princeton	The Fourth National Bank of New York, approved in place of The Ninth National Bank.
Illinois. Rockford.....	The Second National Bank of Rockford.....	The First National Bank of Chicago, approved in addition to The Central National Bank of New York.
Maryland. Cumberland....	The Second National Bank of Cumberland.....	The Importers' and Traders' National Bank of New York, approved in addition to Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Baltimore.

## THE JUNE DEBT STATEMENT.

Several changes of importance appear in the reported movements of the debt for the last month. The Three per Cent Certificates issued for the convenience of the banks, and authorized to be held as lawful reserve, have now reached the maximum of 50 millions, and the remainder of the Compound Notes, as they mature, must be paid off by the Treasury in cash. These Compound Notes amounted a month ago to 49 millions, of which 20 millions were redeemed in May, so that no more than 29 millions are at this time outstanding. We cannot anticipate the slightest embarrassment to the Treasury from the payment of these notes, or of the other short-date obligations which will be readily met from the current receipts for internal revenue and customs duties. Of these short obligations, the chief are the Seven-Thirties, which are reported at 105 millions, against 163 millions on the 1st of May. On this showing the conversions during the month amount to nearly 58 millions. Really they were larger, for some 20 millions more of Seven-Thirties, as we are informed, were sent in for conversion into bonds, at the very close of May, and the Department was unable to overtake the arrears. One reason for this large influx of Seven-Thirties was the change which took place on the 1st June in the terms of conversion, which were less favorable by about  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent to the converter of Seven-Thirties into the Sixes of 1867. On the 15th inst. a further change will be made in the terms of conversion, and the Sixes of 1868 are expected to be then ready. The aggregate of these new bonds will be small, as they will only be wanted to exchange for the 80 or 90 millions of Seven-Thirties, or for the 29 millions of Compound Notes.

The gold-bearing bonds are thus approaching their maximum aggregate. The time draws near when no more new bonds will be emitted from the Treasury. The supply will be stopped. What effect this will have on the current prices is scarcely matter for conjecture. If the demand shall keep up in the market for government securities at home and abroad, the cessation of all new issues is a very important element of the financial situation, and cannot fail to create some excitement; and the intensity of this excitement will not be diminished by the fact that some sixty millions of dollars will be set afloat in a few weeks on account of various interest disbursements falling due in July, and that the amount of capital seeking investment will receive so notable an increase. It is very clear that but for the discussions arising out of the presidential campaign the market for government bonds would have responded with some briskness to these influences and to others which are operating upon it in the same direction. Till the election excitement is over, these results may possibly be to some extent

checked, but if so, it can only be for a brief interval; and the six per cent gold bearing bonds of the United States must by degrees assume a position in the money market more in accordance with their relative merits as compared with other securities.

There is one circumstance connected with the method of selling new securities from the Treasury which has provoked a good deal of hostility, and has probably had something to do with depressing the national credit. We refer to the secrecy which has sometimes been practised as to the time and amount of issue. One not very important instance of this needless secrecy appears in the debt statement before us, the Ten-Forties having increased \$4,865,000 during the month of May, without any announcement being made of the sales which we presume were made through the Government brokers at the usual commission. We by no means agree with the indiscriminate animadversions with which Wall street sometimes meets the Treasury doings, and we freely admit that the marvelous success which has attended almost every new movement for two or three years past should silence the cavils of detractors; still we regret, with many of Mr. McCulloch's best friends, that he has not given a lustre to his administration, or at least removed one of its blemishes, by adopting the principle of publicity more freely than was customary or possible during the war.

With the exception of this small lot of Ten-Forties, however, the debt statement offers us no instance of these secret sales, as, in consequence of the heavy payment of interest, the Treasury, has had little or no gold to dispose of. These payments have reduced the coin balance 16 millions, while, as will be seen, the coin certificates have increased only one million; usually the payment of the May interest increases the coin certificates by several millions. But, at present, specie itself seems to be in more demand than usual, and the heavy recent movement of the precious metals gives us probably one of the reasons for this.

The apparent increase of the debt during the month of May was about 10 millions. But as some 25 millions of interest has just been paid which was previously accruing, there is an actual decrease in the net principal of the debt, and in this point of view the statement is better than it appears. As the pressure of the debt upon the resources of the nation is in proportion to the actual interest rather than to the nominal principal, it is much to be wished that Mr. McCulloch would publish, as did some of his predecessors, an official statement of the interest of the debt in full detail with the other tabular statistics. In the absence of such official particulars we supply the figures as usual by careful computation.

The currency at this season of the year attracts but little of public anxiety. The increase of \$22,670 in the Certificates of Reserve passes almost without notice, although if it had occurred during the monetary pressure of February and March, it would no doubt have been hailed as having a tendency to relax the overstrained tension of the financial machinery. The greenback currency has undergone a slight decrease from the influx of mutilated notes, and under a strict interpretation of the acts of Congress these mutilated greenbacks should be at once replaced by new notes, it being the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to keep the greenback currency at its present level.

#### THE GOLD CONTRACT BILL.

The Senate has, we think, acted wisely in the adoption of a measure designed to legalize contracts made payable in gold coin. The text of the bill as passed we have not yet seen, and have, therefore, no precise knowledge as to its

scope.\* We understand it, however, as providing that, in future, contracts involving a specific engagement to pay in gold coin shall be regarded as valid and binding in law; that, in other words, United States coin and not United States notes shall be a legal tender in the settlement of contracts wherein gold payment is stipulated. A proposal was introduced, during the discussion of the bill, that the measure should be made retroactive, so as to apply to all existing contracts implying an intended obligation to pay gold. This, however, was rejected, for obviously good reasons. Such an enactment would be open to question on Constitutional grounds, as legislation affecting the validity of contracts. And, whatever may be said as to the injustice of the Legal Tender Act in rendering obligations, contracted upon the specie basis, payable in depreciated paper, yet the thing having been done and affairs generally adjusted to the new basis of contracts, there would certainly be renewed injustice in adopting a law which could be construed as requiring the settlement in gold of all contracts made since and before the suspension of specie payments. The new law is required not for the redress of past inequalities, but to provide a future convenience for commerce.

There was a time when such a measure was looked upon by very many as calculated to interfere with the operation of the Legal Tender Act, by causing traders to prefer the stable currency to a circulation daily fluctuating in value; which course, whatever might have been its convenience to trade, would have seriously impeded the financial operations of the Government under the pressure of war necessities; and it was to prevent this competition of the gold currency with government notes that Congress constituted the latter a legal tender in all payments. Now, however, that greenbacks have become the established basis of contracts, there is no danger of inconvenience from the competition of the gold currency; on the contrary, the war necessities of the Government having ceased, and it being desirable to make the earliest possible preparation for the return to specie payments, it is quite important that full freedom should be given to the community to consult their convenience in substituting the gold legal tender for the paper one in commercial transactions. Certainly upon no other ground than as a war necessity was the Legal Tender Act justifiable. Not only did it involve a serious loss, not to say wrong, to the creditor portion of the community, but it gave us a currency essentially unsound and demoralizing in its tendencies. When, therefore, the public ask that the law shall recognize their right to make contracts in gold, they but ask for a partial relief from the inconveniences attending an irredeemable currency, the forced exclusive circulation of which can no longer be supported by the earlier state reasons.

But it is urged that this measure would be an evil, inasmuch as it would give us a double legal tender; one gold, the other paper; one standard, the other depreciated. There are doubtless inconveniences arising from such a condition of things; and it would be quite possible to cite instances from the history of other countries showing that the mercantile community find these inconveniences by no means trivial. In order to give this objection much force, however, it would be necessary to show that the exclusive use of a fluctuating currency is better than a condition of things which admits of escape from the more serious forms of embarrassment grow-

\* Since this article was in type we have received from Washington a copy of the Bill as passed, and give it below:

#### A BILL RELATING TO CONTRACTS PAYABLE IN COIN.

Be it Enacted, &c.—That any contract hereafter made, specifically payable in coin, shall be legal and valid, and may be enforced according to its terms, anything in the several acts relating to United States notes to the contrary notwithstanding.

ing out of the paper legal tender by the recognition of contracts made in specie. We by no means regard the use, at the same time of a standard legal tender and a depreciated one as in itself desirable; but when the choice is between that and an exclusive depreciated currency, we regard the former alternative as unquestionably preferable. This measure is obviously in the direction of a return to a sounder currency. It at least makes it optional with those engaged in the larger transactions of commerce to conduct their operations upon a stable currency basis; and, to that extent, it affords an easy way of escape from the injuries growing out of the vacillations in the value of greenbacks. It opens a natural way of return to the specie basis, and without violence to any interests; so that the continuance of the evils growing out of the Legal Tender Act would be voluntary on the part of those who bore them.

It may also be objected that the measure will encourage a fresh inflation of prices. And to this objection a certain degree of importance must be attached. In proportion as business was transacted upon the gold basis, the requirements for paper currency would be diminished; and the volume of the currency remaining the same, while the volume of transactions on that basis was reduced, there would result a redundancy of circulation, with the natural consequence of an enhancement of prices. This result, however, instead of furnishing an argument against the proposed measure, only renders it necessary, in case it operates as anticipated by its projectors, that Congress should make provision for the contraction of the currency to the extent that it thus became redundant. A provision for retiring greenbacks by funding or otherwise, as they were superseded by specie, would be the most natural and harmless process of resuming specie payments. In proportion as this supersedure progressed, the volume of the currency would be diminished, and the value of greenbacks would be appreciated; until ultimately a point would be reached at which it would be universally deemed safe for the Government to resume the payment of its notes in gold. How long it would require for the evolution of this result we cannot presume to estimate; for we really consider it quite problematical whether the act will make any great change for the present in the volume of gold transactions. Its advocates anticipate such a result. That point, however, we are willing to leave for the test of experience. It is sufficient for us to know that every idea of right urges the legalizing of gold contracts.

#### THE EASTERN QUESTION IN EUROPE.

The Summer has at last come: and in the Old World the press and public men are putting to this "late guest" the question which the father of the bride in Sir Walter Scott's ballad addresses to the young Lochinvar, "O come ye in peace, or come ye in war?" A practical question it is in this case, of the gravest importance, not to the press and to public men in Europe alone, but to all men everywhere; to the farmers of Illinois and to the merchants of New York as well as to the bankers of Paris and to the politicians of Berlin. The French War Minister is making formidable reports upon the efficiency of the new Chassepot rifle, which did such cruel service at Mentana upon the young Italian volunteers of Garibaldi's luckless expedition, and which has now been put into the hands of every soldier in the tremendous army of France. The French Minister of Marine announces that the French fleet is now ready for extensive operations, and that its reorganization as an iron clad navy is fast approaching completion. The questions whether it is not necessary for France to fight some one, and whom it is best for France to fight, are daily discussed in the French journals, just as they were two years ago after the Prussian

victory of Sadowa—just as they were a year ago after the close of the great Paris Exposition. The reserves of the Bank of France continue to be increased. The distress in the manufacturing districts in France is so great as to furnish the advocates of protection with an opportunity upon which they have eagerly seized, of denouncing the commercial treaty of 1860 with England as the source of woes unnumbered. In the French capital the laws against gatherings in the streets are enforced with a severity unknown for ten years past; and the restrictions imposed by Power upon the Press are sharper, more vexatious and more irritating than ever. All this, it must be confessed, has an aspect of coming conflicts, and goes far to justify the apprehensions of a general European war, which, the cable reports to us, are loudly expressed throughout France and the Continent.

Furthermore, it is obviously impossible that Europe can for any great length of time go on in her present state of "armed peace" without a serious explosion. The burden imposed upon the wealth and industry of the Continent by the existing armaments of all the powers, is not only utterly without precedent; it is wholly incompatible with the spirit of the age and the tendencies of public opinion even in the least enlightened of European countries. If the greater powers of Europe were now ruled as they were, for example, in the time of Frederick the Great, or of the first Napoleon, by autocratic sovereigns substantially independent of the popular will and the popular intelligence, it might be possible to protract indefinitely a state of things which in all the European monarchies compels a sort of financial congestion, and which in some of them, as for example in Austria and in Italy, amounts to a deliberate organization of public insolvency. But there is no one European country to-day, unless we are to except Spain, in which the government is exempt from the necessity of cajoling if it does not consult the opinion of the public, and there is no one country of Europe in which the public has not already begun to give signs that it will not much longer acquiesce in the actual status of things. If France and Germany, for example, are to keep on foot between them nearly a million and a-half of armed men, and to expend upon their military establishments sums amounting in the aggregate to more than one-fourth of the whole public revenues of both nations, it is but natural and reasonable that Frenchmen and Germans should sooner or later demand that the necessity for these enormous efforts be clearly demonstrated. That necessity can only be demonstrated by the dread reality of war; the sole alternative of which is a general disarmament. Of the latter we see no symptoms; every suggestion looking to such a result which has been put forth by various governments during the last twelvemonth having been received with indifference. If Europe then be steadily drifting towards a general war, in what quarter is its outbreak to be expected?

The conflict between France and Prussia, which was last year regarded as imminent, has been growing more and more improbable with every month which has followed the conferences held by Napoleon III. with the Emperor of Austria and his premier, the Baron Von Beust, at Salzburg in September, 1867. Such a conflict, had it broken out in July or August, 1866, while South Germany was still smarting under the shame and surprise of its overwhelming defeat by the Prussian arms, might perhaps have resulted in breaking up the Prussian schemes for a reorganization of Germany around the Prussian throne. Austria, Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Baden and the Hesses were then really in arms against Prussia; Saxony had not then lost her position irretrievably, and Hanover was in a ferment of hostility to its Prussian conquerors. Had the French then crossed the Rhine as the allies of South German independencies they

might possibly have been welcomed, and their work achieved. But when Napoleon III visited Austria in September, 1867, he had abundant occasion to satisfy himself that the French opportunity of 1866 had gone by never to return; that the expulsion of Austria from Germany had been accepted by Austria herself as an irretrievable fact; and that the hope of a real German unity had pretty thoroughly mastered, even in Bavaria and Wurtemberg, the traditional dislike of the Catholic South Germans for their stiffnecked, arrogant and Protestant brethren of the North. Napoleon III came back to Paris from Austria, there is reason to believe, profoundly satisfied that any French interference in German affairs would only precipitate the whole German people into the arms of Prussia. He brought back with him also a new programme of European politics for the new future, a programme concocted by him in many conversations with the able and far-seeing statesman Von Beust, who, escaping from the ruins of the Saxon monarchy, has contrived to find a refuge in the highest post of the Austrian Empire. To this new programme it was necessary not only that France should make herself at once more formidable in the field than she had ever before been; but also that Austria and Prussia should put themselves in the highest condition of military efficiency; and that all the efforts of the leaders of opinion in the three countries should be directed toward appeasing the resentments, distrusts and jealousies by which the masses in each are animated towards the others. For this new programme of European policy, it is asserted on the highest authority, tends to no less a result than the substantial expulsion of Russia from Europe; to the reconstruction of the Polish nationality and of the Scandinavian power, and to the greatest extension of Austria eastward to the Euxine.

Many signs have recently concurred to show not only that such a programme as this has been conceived, but that it has been advancing towards its fulfillment. The extraordinary efforts which the Russian government has been making during the last three or four months to "crush out" utterly the "poison of Polish nationality" from the provinces which were known down to last year as the "Kingdom of Poland;" the sudden reappearance of the "Polish Societies" in Paris and in Switzerland; the repeated declarations of Count Bismarck that peace is not and will not be in peril between Paris and Berlin; and the mysterious visit which Prince Napoleon, a well-known partisan of the extreme anti-Russian movement in Europe, is now making to the Emperor of Austria at Vienna, may be enumerated as among the most striking of these signs.

Simultaneously with these indications we have the Turkish Government suddenly taking the initiative in propositions of reform more liberal than any which have ever been proposed to it by its European allies—propositions which proceed directly from the Sultan, and which certainly tend to put the Moslem authorities in a very favorable light of contrast with the Russian policy towards Poland. This liberal demonstration on the part of the Sublime Porte has been responded to in Servia by the murder of the reigning Prince of that country, which has long been a great focus of Russian intrigues for the dismemberment of the Turkish Empire; and by a vivacious renewal of the Greek clamor for an extension of the Hellenic monarchy.

We cannot therefore but regard it as eminently probable that the "Eastern Question" is on the eve of assuming a practical and perilous shape; and that Russia may be about to take upon herself the dread responsibility of provoking such an explosion of that question as must almost certainly lead to an armed interference of Austria and France in defence of the Turkish authority. The extreme and restless "Muscovite Party" appears to have got so completely into

possession of the Imperial machinery at St. Petersburg, and to be so resolutely bent on an effort to arrest the progress of Austria towards the consolidation of her power on the new basis made for it by the results of Sadowa, that such an outbreak in the East must almost inevitably lead to a new war between Russia and the allies of Turkey. In this war, should it come, Prussia would occupy at first a position curiously analogous with that held by Austria in the Russian war of 1854; but if the speculations in which we have indulged as to the ultimate designs of Napoleon and of Von Beust be, as we believe them to be, well founded, and if the arrangements which have so long, as we believe, been maturing to bring Count Bismarck into harmony with those designs have borne their fruit, we may expect to see Prussia also wheel into line with the Western allies against the Empire of the Czar. In that event there can be little doubt that the conflict would result in effecting a complete and most important change in the map of Europe. We should then look to see the policy of Peter the Great and Catherine utterly foiled; Germany constituted, with the consent of France and of Austria; Poland and Scandinavia erected into a powerful outwork of the West against Russia, and Austria become in fact, as she is in name, the *Æster Reich* or Empire of the East.

The possibility of changes such as these is beyond a doubt, and, considered merely as a possibility, they are of such a nature, and so important, as to make it worth while for us to watch with enlightened attention every move in a great political game, which may have so profound a bearing upon the future of Europe and of the world. If events like these, or events of equal importance, be not indeed on the point of coming to pass, as the upshot and excuse of the tremendous military reorganization of Europe during the last two years, the burden of that reorganization will assuredly bring it to the earth ere long with a crash not less startling, perhaps, but far less compatible with the welfare of mankind.

#### MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL AND MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAYS.

These railroads are now virtually consolidated, having been operated together through the year 1867, and agreements made for their final union. The report now before us is the fourth of the Milwaukee and St. Paul, and the seventh of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Company. During the year the litigation which the St. Paul Company had been compelled to carry on with parties claiming to own the Eastern Division of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad, and a portion of the rolling stock, has terminated in favor of the former, and secured to it the 95 miles of road involved in the dispute. The year also closes with the completion of the Iowa and Minnesota Division extending from McGregor, Io., to St. Paul, Minn., 215 miles, the section between Cresco and Owatonna, 85 miles, having been opened about November 1, 1867. The Iowa and Minnesota Division is owned by the St. Paul Company, and was built at a cost of \$9,015,000, being about \$41,930 per mile. The company are not engaged on any additional lines, except in extending the existing line in Wisconsin from Omro to Winneconne, a distance of five miles, the cost of which will not exceed \$70,000, valuable donations in land, &c., from those towns having been made. Winneconne is on the Wolf River, which is navigable for steamboats 150 miles into the heart of a vast and valuable lumber region. The lines of railroad owned by the two companies are reported at an aggregate length of 820 miles, and are described as follows:

1st. Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.	
Milwaukee, via Watertown, to La Crosse .....	196
Milwaukee, via Horicon, to Portage .....	95
Watertown to Sun Prairie .....	26
Horicon to Berlin and Omro .....	53
	} 370 miles.

2d. Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railway.  
 Milwaukee to Prairie du Chien..... 193 } 235 miles.  
 Milton to Monroe ..... 42 }  
 3d. Iowa and Minnesota Division (formerly known as the McGregor  
 Western and the Minnesota Central Railways.)  
 McGregor (opp. Pr. du Chien) to St. Paul, Minn..... 215 miles  
 Aggregate length of all lines owned by companies ..... 820 miles

The rolling stock in use on these several lines is enumerated in the following table:

	M. & St. Paul Raily.	I. & M. Div.	M. & P. du C. R.	Total of all lines.
Locomotives .....	64	14	47	125
Passenger cars—1st class.....	25	8	27	60
“ 2d class .....	4	1	3	8
“ Sleeping.....	3	0	3	6
Baggage, mail and express.....	23	8	17	48
Box and freight cars .....	1,079	215	558	1,858
Platform cars.....	162	84	152	398

The following is a summary of the operations on the several lines for the year ending December 31, 1867:

	M. & St. P. (370 m.)	I. & M. Div. (215 m.)	M. & P. du C. (235 m.)	Total. (820 m.)
Miles run by trains—				
Passenger trains.....	369,081	75,029	296,724	740,834
Freight trains .....	692,522	154,142	483,180	1,329,844
Wood and gravel trains.....	112,846	39,537	73,085	225,468
Total miles run.....	1,174,449	268,708	852,989	2,296,146
Tons of freight carried—				
Tons eastward.....	297,344	90,248	230,609	618,201
Tons westward .....	142,984	58,643	128,206	329,833
Tons both ways .....	440,328	148,891	358,815	948,034
Tons carried one mile—				
Tons eastward.....	31,543,323	4,626,276	31,467,606	67,637,205
Tons westward.....	13,955,617	2,911,745	11,673,482	28,540,844
Tons both ways.....	45,498,940	7,538,021	43,141,088	96,178,049
Tonnage revenue—				
Revenue eastward.....	\$1,100,361 01	\$249,202 49	\$1,055,224 03	\$824,047 53
Revenue westward.....	694,168 08	183,377 56	449,347 16	1,331,892 80
Revenue both ways.....	1,794,529 09	437,580 05	1,504,571 10	3,736,680 33
Tonnage revenue per mile—				
Per mile eastward.....	3.49c.	5.38c.	3.35c.	4.07c.
Per mile westward.....	4.97c.	6.46c.	3.85c.	5.09c.
Per mile both ways.....	3.94c.	5.80c.	3.49c.	4.41c.
Passengers carried—				
Passengers eastward ..	159,493	46,548	120,373	326,414
Passengers westward..	187,902	50,389	130,545	368,836
Passengers both ways ..	347,395	96,937	250,918	695,250
Passengers carried one mile—				
Passengers eastward ..	8,982,466	1,816,280	4,989,391	15,788,077
Passengers westward ..	12,221,946	1,939,981	5,332,217	19,494,144
Passengers both ways ..	21,204,352	3,756,261	10,321,608	35,282,221
Passenger revenue—				
Revenue eastward.....	\$371,646 04	\$90,514 03	\$177,313 03	\$639,473 10
Revenue westward .....	476,190 14	95,983 48	197,015 40	769,194 02
Revenue both ways .....	847,836 18	186,502 51	374,328 43	1,408,667 12
Passenger revenue per mile—				
Per mile eastward.....	4.14c.	4.98c.	3.55c.	4.22c.
Per mile westward.....	3.90c.	4.95c.	3.69c.	4.18c.
Per mile both ways.....	4.00c.	4.97c.	3.63c.	4.20c.

The gross earnings of the several lines, including mails rents, express, &c., were as shown in the following account:

	M. & St. Paul. (370 miles.)	I. & M. Div. (215 miles.)	M. & P. du C. (235 miles.)	Total. (820 miles.)
Passengers.....	\$847,836 18	\$193,727 43	\$377,005 25	\$1,418,568 86
Freight.....	1,794,529 09	491,990 87	1,504,594 35	3,791,114 31
Military.....	2,796 88	.....	44 48	2,841 36
Mails and rents.....	41,117 11	.....	27,347 51	68,464 62
Miscellaneous.....	6,365 24	.....	1,669 66	8,034 90
Exptess service.....	158,344 09	59,653 79	74,786 55	372,784 43
Telegraph.....	2,417 07	.....	2,026 55	4,443 62
Sleeping cars .....	13,701 35	.....	4,358 20	18,059 55
Elevators.....	78,799 94	.....	.....	78,799 94
Total.....	\$2,946,906 95	\$745,372 09	\$1,991,829 55	\$5,683,608 59
Operating expenses, including taxes and all other charges.....	1,722,217 21	562,386 98	1,381,081 63	3,665,685 82
Net earnings applicable to bond interest and dividends.....	\$1,224,189 74	\$182,985 11	\$610,747 92	\$2,017,922 77

These figures for 1867 compare with those of 1866 as shown in the following statement:

Gross earnings increased..	\$407,606 99	\$202,651 25	\$.....	\$588,338 67
Gross earnings decreased.....	.....	.....	21,919 57	.....
Net earnings increased.....	290,086 27	35,703 09	239,570 50	565,359 86

The following compares the gross earnings of the several lines for the last four years:

	M. & St. P.	I. & M. Div.	M. & P. du C.	Total.
1864.....	\$1,402,105 86	\$.....	\$1,711,280 88	\$3,113,386 74
1865.....	2,535,001 43	.....	1,985,511 71	4,520,513 14
1866.....	2,538,799 96	542,721 80	2,013,749 12	5,095,270 92
1867.....	2,946,406 95	745,372 09	1,991,829 55	5,683,608 59

From the above tables we make the following summary of comparative results for 1867, reducing the primary figures to relative proportions:

	M. & St. P. (old lines.)	M. & St. P. (I. & M. Div.)	Milw. & P. du Ch.	Total of all lines.
Miles of road operated.....	370	215	235	820
Train miles to mile of road.....	3,160	1,250	3,629	2,849
Tons of freight per mile.....	122,970	35,061	183,579	117,510
Passengers per mile.....	57,309	17,638	43,922	44,246
Gross earnings per mile.....	\$7,963 26	\$3,466 85	\$8,443 18	\$6,931 23
Expenses per mile.....	4,654 64	2,605 76	5,854 28	4,470 35
Net earnings per mile.....	3,308,62	851 09	2,588 90	2,460 88
Expenses, incl. taxes, &c., p. c.	57	75	69	64
Receipts per ton per mile.....	3.76 c.	5.80 c.	3.49 c.	4.35 c.
Receipts per pass. per mile.....	4.00 c.	4.97 c.	3.63 c.	4.20 c.

The gross earnings on all these lines for the year ending December 31, 1867, amounted to..... \$5,683,608 59  
 And the operating expenses to..... 3,665,685 82  
 Leaving the net earnings at..... \$2,017,922 77

This residue is charged with interest on the mortgage indebtedness and the Prairie du Chien preferred stock \$1,144,932,00, and hence the balance applicable to the St. Paul stocks is \$872,990 77. No dividends, however, were paid on either the preferred or common stock of the latter during the year, all the net earnings having been required to pay for new buildings and additional equipment for the roads. The directors announce that hereafter they will be able to pay a cash dividend, commencing the current year on the preferred stock. The floating debt is of such limited dimensions as to be manageable without fear of embarrassment. The general accounts of the companies are given separately and are as follows:

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL COMPANY.  
 (Including the Iowa and Minnesota Division.)

Purchase of road.....	\$19,501,023 41	Stock—preferred.....	\$8,050,892 00
Construction of road.....	3,920,145 28	“ common.....	5,406,883 00
	\$23,421,168 69	Bonds—1st mortgage.....	\$13,457,775 00
Materials on hand.....	331,434 28	“ 2d mort. & inc.....	\$5,361,000 00
Railway shares owned.....	4,014,231 44	“ Real estate.....	1,500,000 00
Post office dep't.....	19,236 27	“ 1st mor. (I. & M. Div.).....	2,000,000 00
Due from agents & other companies.....	155,835 68	“ Assumed.....	3,492,042 06
Miscellaneous accounts.....	14,802 24		
Sinking fund, 2d mortg. bonds.....	24,000 00	Pay rolls and bills.....	\$12,501,542 06
	\$4,559,539 91	Bills payable.....	179,290 06
Interest paid on bonds since Jan. 1, 1868.....	155,564 50	State Treasurer, Wis.....	259,646 52
Cash on hand.....	170,898 76	Due other roads.....	86,267 21
	\$28,307,171 86	Miscellaneous accounts.....	81,936 32
		Mil. & P. du Ch. R.R. Co	732,940 03
		Income account.....	963,156 82
		Total.....	\$28,307,171 86

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN COMPANY.

General property.....	\$7,698,281 00	First mortg. bonds.....	\$390,500 00
Materials and fuel.....	163,861 51	Stock—1st preferred.....	3,214,250 00
Advances to I. & M. Div.....	732,940 03	“ 2d.....	1,014,000 00
Post office dep't.....	10,851 07	“ common.....	2,986,081 00
Money lent in New York.....	295,072 92	Bonds & stocks cancel'd by Sinking Fund.....	514,200 00
McGregor Western RR. bonds \$17,000.....	15,733 33	Reserved & unpaid Sinking Funds.....	178,580 00
Due from agents & other companies.....	95,874 54	Other accounts & balan's convertible property and old debts.....	213,051 75
Survey of Monroe & Dubuque Extension.....	4,882 78	Income account.....	498,639 22
Cash on hand.....	128,371 35		
	\$9,150,568 56	Total.....	\$9,150,568 56

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Treasury Department, on the 1st of May and 1st of June, 1868:

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.				
	May 1.	June 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
5 per cent. bonds.....	\$215,947,400 00	\$220,812,400 00	\$4,865,000 00	\$.....
6 “ '67 & '68.....	8,688,241 80	8,582,641 80	.....	105,600 00
6 “ 1881.....	283,677,200 00	283,677,200 00	.....	.....
6 “ (5-20's) ..	1,442,065,450 00	1,494,755,600 00	52,690,150 00	.....
Navy Pen. F'd 6 p.c.	13,000,000 00	13,000,000 00	.....	.....
Total.....	1,963,378,291 80	2,020,827,841 80	57,449,550 00	.....
DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.				
6 per ct. (RR) bonds.....	\$23,982,000 00	\$25,902,000 00	\$1,920,000 00	\$.....
3-y'ars com. int. n'tes.....	44,573,680 00	21,604,890 00	.....	22,968,790 00
3-years 7-30 notes .....	163,490,250 00	105,610,650 00	.....	57,879,600 00
3 p. cent. certifiates.....	28,320,000 00	50,000,000 00	21,670,000 00	.....
Total.....	260,375,930 00	203,117,540 00	.....	57,258,390 00
MATURED DEBT NOT PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT.				
7-30 n. due Aug. 15, '67.....	\$1,075,950 00	\$947,500 00	\$.....	\$128,450 00
6 p. c. comp. int. n'tes.....	4,745,280 00	8,012,360 00	3,267,080 00	.....
B'ds of Texas ind'ty.....	256,000 00	256,000 00	.....	.....
Treasury notes (old).....	155,461 64	155,211 64	.....	250 00
B'ds of Apr. 15, 1842.....	6,000 00	6,000 00	.....	.....
Treas. n's of Ma. 3, 63.....	616,192 00	555,492 00	.....	60,700 00
Temporary loan.....	1,032,400 00	883,639 00	.....	148,761 00
Certif. of indebt'ness.....	18,000 00	18,000 00	.....	.....
Total.....	7,905,283 64	10,834,202 64	\$2,928,919 00	.....
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.				
United States notes.....	\$356,144,727 00	\$356,144,212 00	\$.....	\$515 00
Fractional currency.....	32,450,489 94	32,531,559 94	81,100 00	.....
Gold cert. of deposit.....	19,357,900 00	20,298,180 00	940,280 00	.....
Total.....	407,953,116 94	408,973,951 94	1,020,865 00	.....

RECAPITULATION.

Bearing coin interest.....	1,963,378,291 80	2,020,827,841 80	57,449,550 00	\$.....
Bearing cur'y interest.....	260,375,930 00	203,117,540 00	.....	57,258,390 00
Matured debt.....	7,905,283 64	10,834,202 64	2,928,919 00	.....
Bearing no interest.....	407,953,116 94	408,973,981 94	1,020,865 00	.....
Aggregate.....	2,639,612,622 38	2,643,753,566 38	4,140,944 00	.....
Coin & cur. in Treas.....	139,083,794 82	133,507,679 64	.....	5,576,115 18
Debt less coin and cur.....	2,500,528,827 56	2,510,244,866 74	9,716,059 18	.....

The following statement shows the amount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table:

COIN AND CURRENCY IN TREASURY.

Coin .....	\$106,909,658 00	\$90,228,559 31	\$.....	16,681,098 69
Currency.....	32,174,136 82	43,279,120 33	11,104,983 51	.....
Total coin & curre'y.	139,083,794 82	133,507,679 64	.....	5,576,115 18

The annual interest payable on the debt, as existing May 1 and June 1 1868 (exclusive of interest on the compound interest notes), compares as follows :

ANNUAL INTEREST PAYABLE ON PUBLIC DEBT.

	May 1.	June 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
Coin—5 per cents....	\$10,797,370 00	\$11,040,620 00	\$243,250 00	\$.....
“ 6 “ ‘67 & ‘68	520,294 50	514,958 50	.....	5,336 00
“ 6 “ 1881....	17,020,632 00	17,020,632 00	.....	.....
“ 6 “ (5-20's).	83,523,927 00	89,685,336 00	3,161,409 00	.....
“ 6 “ N. P. F.	780,000 00	780,000 00	.....	.....
Total coin interest.	\$115,642,223 50	\$119,041,546 50	\$3,399,323 00	\$.....
Currency—6 per cents	\$1,433,920 00	\$1,554,120 00	115,200 00	\$.....
“ 7.30 “	11,493,364 10	7,709,577 35	.....	3,783,786 75
“ 3 “	849,900 00	1,500,000 00	650,000 00	.....
Total currency inter't.	\$13,782,184 10	\$10,763,697 85	.....	\$3,018,486 75

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—MAY 29.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11 17½@11.18½	May 29.	short.	11.90 @ —
Antwerp.....	3 months.	25.37½@25.42½	“	“	25.22½@ —
Hamburg.....	“	13.9½@13.1½	“	“	13.8 @ —
Paris.....	“	25.32½@25.37½	“	“	25.17½@ —
Paris.....	short.	25.15 @25.22½	“	“	*25.20 @ —
Vienna.....	3 months.	11.87½@11.92½	“	“	2 p. c.
Berlin.....	“	6.26½@6.27½	“	“	“
St. Petersburg	“	32 @32½	May 29.	“	33
Cadiz.....	“	48½@49	“	“	“
Lisbon.....	90 days.	51½@51½	May 21.	30 days.	51½@51½
Milan.....	3 months.	27.50 @27.60	“	“	“
Genoa.....	“	27.50 @27.60	“	“	“
Naples.....	“	27.50 @27.60	“	“	“
New York....	—	—	May 29.	60 days.	110%
Jamaica.....	—	—	May 10	90 days.	X p. c.
Havana.....	—	—	May 29.	60 days.	11½
Rio de Janeiro	—	—	May 9.	“	18 @ —
Bahia.....	—	—	May 15.	“	18½@ —
Valparaiso...	—	—	April 22.	“	45½@46½
Pernambuco...	—	—	May 17.	“	18½@18½
Singapore....	60 days.	4s. 4d.	April 7.	“	4s. 4½d.@ —
Hong Kong...	“	4s. 4d.	May 1.	“	4s. 4d. @ —
Ceylon.....	“	2 p. c. dis.	April 8.	“	1½@1½ per ct.
Bombay.....	“	1s. 11½d.	May 19.	“	2s. 0d.
Madras.....	“	1s. 11½d.	May 18.	“	1s. 11½d.
Calcutta.....	“	1s. 11½d.	May 18	“	1s. 11½d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	April 23	30 days.	½ p. c. prem.

\* Less 2 per cent.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, May 30, 1868.

The prominent features of the present week are the increased abundance of money, and a rise of 1½ per cent in the value of Consols. Assisted by fine weather, by the assurance that peace on the continent will be maintained, and by the downward movement in the value of wheat, great buoyancy has pervaded the Consol and other similar markets, the result being that Consols have been as high as 96½, with the dividend due in July, and that many descriptions of Indian, Colonial and foreign government securities have also experienced an important improvement. But the improvement is not general, and the deduction to be drawn from the movements of the week is plainly that faith in public companies has not yet returned, but that even at the low prices current the public are unwilling to venture their money in undertakings to which so much liability is attached. Hence Consols, India guaranteed railways and foreign government securities have chiefly commanded attention. As regards Consols, Brazilian, Peruvian, Russian, Spanish, Turkish and Italian securities, the upward movement in prices has been rapid, and a considerable amount of business has been transacted; but bank, financial and miscellaneous companies' shares have continued neglected, and are without improvement in value.

I mentioned in one of my letters, written towards the close of last last quarter, that when the quarterly payments had been met, a return of ease in the discount market might be expected, but that as trade had improved it could not be anticipated that a return of the depression, peculiar to the closing months of last year, would take place. Those remarks cannot be considered to have entirely proved correct. During the present week the supplies of money have been so rapidly, and, indeed, so unexpectedly augmented, while trade has been lately so very quiet that the value of money has declined materially, and first-class short-dated paper is discounted at as low a figure as 1½ per cent. There is, indeed, the prospect that as a further increase in the supply of money must take place in the course of the next few weeks, a still further decline in the quotation must be the result. The increase in trade during the first three months of the year was, as I stated last week, due to an increased demand for goods for the Eastern markets, but as that demand has now abated so considerably, and as extreme quietness prevails in nearly every other department,

the monetary requirements of the commercial body are likely to diminish rather than increase. With the falling off in the demand for money, there is the certain prospect that the supply will continue to augment. A very large supply of the precious metals is still on passage to this country from Australia and New York, and as there is no profit on the transmission of gold to Paris (the short exchange being 25f. 17½c.), there is every probability that the whole will be retained here. This week very large supplies of bar gold have been sent into the Bank, the total being as much as £705,000, while scarcely any gold has been withdrawn for export. Further large supplies have also to be sent in, so that it is very probable that the supply of bullion held by the establishment will be rapidly increased. These circumstances, added to the fact that there is the promise of an early, if not abundant, harvest, are clearly calculated to promote a return of extreme ease, and, probably, of depression, in the discount market. Some, whose testimony is worth recording, are under the impression that, even so soon as next week, the open-market *minimum* will not exceed 1½ per cent. To-day the open market rates of discount, compared with those of last year, are as follows :

	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
30 and 60 days' bills	2½@2½	1½@...	6 months' ba'k bills	2½@3
3 months, bills.....	2½@2½	1½@1½	4 and 6 trade bills..	3 @3½
months, ba'k bills	2½@2½	1½@1½		2 @3

In the money market on the Continent extreme quietness has prevailed, and, in some instances, the rates of discount have slightly declined. At Paris the accumulation of bullion is more rapid than it is here, the total supply held by the Bank of France being as much as £47,910,850. The open market rate of discount does not, therefore, exceed 1½ per cent. At Hamburg, owing to the abundance of silver, the rate is also 1½ per cent, showing a slight decline since the close of last week. Annexed are the rates of discount at the leading Continental cities compared with last year :

	B'k rate		Op. m'kt			B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.		1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
At Paris.....	2½	2½	2-2½	1½	Turin.....	5	5	—	—
Vienna... 4	4	4	4	4	Brussels.. 3	2½	2½	2½-3	2½-3
Berlin.... 4	4	3½	2½-3	—	Madrid... 5	5	—	—	—
Frankfort. 2½	2½	1½-2	1½-2	—	Hamburg.. —	—	1½-2	1½	
Amst'rd'm 3	2½	2½	2	—	St. Pet'g. 7	6½	7½-8½	6-6½	

There is scarcely any demand for gold for export, and the silver market is extremely quiet. The quotations, have not, however, altered to any important extent. They are as follows : bar gold 77s. 9d.; refineable do 77s. 10½d.; Spanish doubloons 76s.; South American do 73s. 9d.; United States gold coin 76s. 2½d.; fine bar silver 60½d.; dore do 60½d.; fine cake silver 65½d., and Mexican dollars 58½d. per ounce.

No material change has taken place in the Paris exchange. At 25f. 17½c., there is no profit on the transmission of gold to Paris. The Italian exchange is more favorable to Italy; but the Austrian rather adverse to Austria. In other respects, the exchange market has not materially altered.

Fine weather, the prospect of an early and good harvest, and large foreign supplies have had their natural effect upon the wheat trade. During the whole of the week much heaviness has prevailed, and prices have declined to the extent of from 3s. to 4s. per quarter. Should the weather continue fine it is very probable that the speculative holders of foreign wheat will press their wheat for sale, and endeavor to secure the high price now current. Much, however, depends upon the weather. The supplies of wheat afloat to this country are amply sufficient to meet our wants, so that with the prospect of an early and abundant harvest, the tendency of prices must be downward. The particulars of the imports and exports of wheat and flour, since the commencement of the season, are subjoined :

From—	WHEAT.		FLOUR.	
	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
Sept. 1 to April 25.....	16,720,119	24,746,056	2,463,773	2,289,978
Week ending May 2.....	837,491	668,044	89,717	36,142
“ “ “ 9.....	777,113	770,687	80,690	53,640
“ “ “ 16.....	746,814	657,738	68,854	55,809
“ “ “ 23.....	512,164	723,022	83,774	25,331
Total.....	19,593,701	27,565,547	2,786,813	2,460,900

In the Consol market there has been, as before stated, much buoyancy, and prices have rapidly improved. Yesterday morning Consols, for money, were as high as 96½@96½, cum. dividend; but from that point there has been a fall of about ½ per cent, in consequence of some heavy sales. The highest and lowest price of Consols on each day of the week is subjoined :

Week ending May 30	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94½-95½	95½-95½	95½-95½	95½-96½	95½-96½	95½-95½

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, compared with the state of its resources at this date since 1865. It also exhibits the *minimum* rate of discount, the price of Consols, wheat, middling Upland cotton, and No. 40 mule yarn at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
	£	£	£	£
Circulation .....	21,422,198	26,562,525	23,361,656	22,680,695
Public deposits .....	8,706,848	6,188,512	8,843,011	6,195,503
Private deposits .....	13,919,431	20,467,080	17,309,383	20,847,589
Government securities .....	11,480,025	10,864,638	12,886,314	13,294,557
Other securities .....	19,823,240	33,447,463	18,883,405	19,272,316
Reserve .....	9,577,896	859,980	12,483,113	11,296,590
Coin and bullion .....	15,838,491	11,873,775	20,417,283	21,290,652
Bank rate .....	2½ p. c.	10 p. c.	2½ p. c.	2 p. c.
Price of Consols .....	90 x d.	87½	95½	94½, 5/8 x d.
Average price of wheat .....	41s. 9d.	47s. 4d.	65s. 3d.	73s. 19d.
Mid. Upland cotton .....	16½d.	13½d.	11½d.	11½d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality .....	1s. 8½d.	1s. 8d.	1s. 5d.	1s. 3½d.

United States Five-Twenty bonds are firmer, and have steadily risen in price. For Atlantic and Great Western Railway consolidated mortgage bonds, Erie Railway shares and Illinois Central Railway shares, the market has been firm, and the quotations have had an upward tendency. United States Five-Twenty bonds close this evening at 72½@72¾; Atlantic and Great Western Railway consolidated mortgage bonds, 32½@33¼; Erie Railway shares, 46½@47¼; and Illinois Central, 96½@97¼. The highest and lowest quotations of the principal American securities on each day of the week are as follows:

Week ending May 30	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's .....	71½-71¾	71½-71¾	71½-72½	72 -72½	72½-72¾	72½-72¾
Atlantic & G't West- ern consol'd bonds .....	32½-33	32½-....	33 -....	33½-....	33½-....	32½-33½
Erie Shares (\$100) .....	45½-46	45½-....	45½-46½	46½-....	47 -47½	46½-47½
Illinois shares (\$100) .....	95½-96½	95½-96½	96½-....	96 -96½	96½-97½	97½-....

**English Market Reports—Per Cable.**

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

**London Money and Stock Market.**—Consols have been steady during the week, opening at 94½@95 for both money and account, and closing at 95@95½ for money, and 95½@95½ for account. United States Five-Twenty bonds were firm and active during the early part of the week, and advanced to 73½, but at the close the tone of the market is weaker, and the quotation has fallen off to 72½@72¾. Railroad shares have been generally firm and advancing, Illinois Central touching 101½, and Erie 46½, but at the close were quieter at 100½ for Illinois and 46 for Erie. U. S. Bonds at Frankfort were buoyant and firm during the middle of the week, in sympathy with the market at London, the price touching 77½@77¾, but at the close receding to 77¼@77¾.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money .....	94½-95	95-½	95½-¾	95-¾	95-¾	95-¾
" for account .....	94½-95	95½-¾	95½	95-¾	95½	95½-¾
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862 .....	72½	73 -¾	73½	73-¾	72½	72½-¾
Illinois Central shares .....	97½	98½	100	100½	101½	100½
Erie Railway shares .....	45½	45½	46½	46½	46½	45
Atl. & G. W. (consols) .....	....	33	....	....	....	....

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—

Frankfort .....	77½	77½	77½	77½-¾	77½	77½-¾
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**Liverpool Cotton Market.**—This market opened quiet, and has remained so all the week, prices ranging ½d. downward each day, closing at 11d. for Middling Upland on the spot, 10½d. for Middling Upland to arrive, and 11½ for Middling Orleans. Sale for the current week, as reported by cable, amount to 44,000 bales.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bales sold .....	10,000	6,000	7,000	5,000	8,000	8,000
Fri. Midd. Uplds. 11½	11½	11½-¾	11½-¾	11½-¾	11½	11
" " Orleans 11½	11½	11½-¾	11½-¾	11½-¾	11½	11½
Mid. Uplds. to arriv .....	....	....	....	....	....	10½

**Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.**—This market, with the exception of Wheat and Peas, which have been a shade firmer, has been generally quiet. Flour shows no alternation; Western Red Wheat is 3d. better, White California 1d. do, and Peas 1s. 6d. lower, and Oats 2d. do. The market closed quiet.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
	s. d.					
Flour, (Western) .....	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0	32 0
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. ctl	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 3	12 3	12 3
" (California white) .....	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 10	12 10	13 10
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480lbs	35 6	35 3	35 0	34 6	34 3	34 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6	3 6
Peas. (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	43 0	43 0	43 0	43 0	44 0	44 0

**Liverpool Provisions Market.**—Beef and Cheese remain unaltered, but the remaining articles have shown a downward tendency. Pork has lost 2s. on the week. Bacon 1s., and Lard 2s., closing at 81s. 6d., 46s., and 65s., respectively. The market was dull and weak at the close.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
	s. d.					
Beef (ex. pr. mese) p. 304 lbs	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mese) p. 200 lbs	82 6	82 6	82 6	82 6	82 6	81 6
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	47 0	47 0	47 0	46 6	46 6	46 0
Lard (American) .....	67 0	66 0	66 0	65 6	65 6	65 0
Cheese (fine) .....	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0

**Liverpool Produce Market.**—Common Rosin lost 6d. on Monday, but reacted 3d. on Wednesday, closing at 6s. 3d. Refined Petroleum has been firm, closing at 1s. 4½d. Spirits Turpentine has lost 6d., and is quoted at the close at 28s. Tallow has declined 6d., and closes at 44s. Spirits Petroleum is 1d. lower, closing at 8d. The market at the close was quiet.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
	s. d.					
Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	6 6	6 6	6 0	6 0	6 3	6 3
" middling .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
" fine pale .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sp turpentine .....	28 6	28 6	28 6	28 6	28 0	28 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1 3	1 3	1 4	1 4½	1 4½	1 4½
" spirits .....	9	9	8	8	8	8
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs	44 6	44 6	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0
Clover seed (Am. red) .....	....	....	....	....	....	....

**London Produce and Oil Markets.**—Calcutta Linseed declined early in the week to 59s., but reacted at the close to 59s. 6d. Sugar has been weak, closing at 27s. Linseed cake and Whale, Sperm and Linseed oils have not been quoted in the telegrams we have received, and we therefore omit the quotations.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Linseed (Calcutta) .....	£0 59 0	£0 59 0	£0 59 0	£0 59 0	£0 59 6	£0 59 6
Linseed cake (obl'g.) p ton	....	....	....	....	....	....
" oil .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sperm oil .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Whale oil .....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) per 112 lbs .....	27 6	27 6	27 3	27 3	27 0	27 0

**Latest: Friday Evening, June 12.**

LONDON, JUNE 12—5 P. M.—The following are the closing prices at the Stock Exchange to-day: United States Five-Twenty bonds, 72½; Erie shares, 46; Illinois Central, 100½; consols for money, 95@95½; consols for account, 95½.

FRANKFORT, JUNE 12.—United States bonds close at 77½@77¾ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 12—5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed heavy at a slight decline in prices. The following are the figures: Middling Uplands, 10½@11d., including Orleans, 11½@11¾d. The weekly circulars published to-day, by the authority of the Cotton Brokers Association, give us the following statistics relative to the cotton market for the week ending last evening: The sales of the week have been 46,000 bales, of which 7,000 were taken for export and 2,000 for speculation. The total stock of cotton in port and on shipboard is estimated at 652,000 bales, of which 382,000 are from the United States. It is estimated that the total stock of cotton at sea bound to this port is about 487,000 bales, of which 74,000 are on their way from American ports.

The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is dull. In Breadstuffs, corn is a little better at the close, and is quoted at 34s. Wheat and Peas are dull.

Provisions and Produce close generally dull, but at unchanged rates. In the London Produce market Calcutta Linseed has advanced to 60s. 6d.

**COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.**

**IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.**—The imports this week show a decrease in dry goods, and a considerable decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$4,259,340, against \$6,820,770 last week and \$3,469,371 the previous week. The exports are \$2,546,370 this week, against \$2,692,824 last week, and \$3,657,521 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 359 bales, against 2,813 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) June 5, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) June 6:

**FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.**

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Dry goods .....	\$415,247	\$611,374	\$1,010,414	\$1,047,219
General merchandise .....	3,175,292	2,119,385	3,215,271	3,212,121
Total for the week .....	\$3,590,539	\$2,730,759	\$4,225,685	\$4,259,340
Previously reported .....	61,146,299	133,907,962	109,605,903	101,743,735
Since Jan. 1 .....	\$64,736,838	\$136,638,721	\$113,881,587	\$106,003,135

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending June 9:

**EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.**

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
For the week .....	\$1,250,702	\$1,943,194	\$3,829,587	\$2,546,370
Previously reported .....	71,100,331	93,154,413	83,391,741	75,498,590
Since Jan. 1 .....	\$72,351,033	\$100,097,907	\$87,221,328	\$78,044,960

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table;

To	1868.		1867.	
	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$639,607	\$41,840,643	\$1,379,181	\$49,052,023
France.....	84,080	3,908,962	30,250	6,055,791
Holland and Belgium.....		2,284,376	162,679	2,252,998
Germany.....	344,201	6,242,505	471,537	9,787,665
Other Northern Europe..	48,416	786,791	62,039	675,884
Spain.....	19,083	647,530		436,993
Other Southern Europe..	191,455	2,309,346	295,025	2,235,681
East Indies.....		30,820		
China and Japan.....	113,513	1,306,171	192,250	1,063,079
Australia.....	80,456	1,210,803		1,003,131
British N. A. Colonies....	84,655	1,958,649	40,003	1,086,053
Cuba.....	113,412	3,242,353	130,874	2,741,210
Hayti.....	11,992	1,077,933	108,713	592,210
Other West Indies.....	242,362	3,976,993	200,345	3,240,547
Mexico.....	52,370	909,310		763,473
New Granada.....	55,174	1,525,324	54,923	1,420,655
Venezuela.....		286,392		316,691
British Guiana.....	10,744	655,640		540,082
Brazil.....	74,797	1,392,866	29,238	1,241,753
Other S. American ports..	369,018	1,442,148	156,902	1,580,612
All other ports.....	11,985	552,209	53,852	706,310

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending June 6, 1868:

June 2.—St. Hammonia, Hamb'g,	American gold.....	7,000
Silver bars.....	4—St Morro Castle, Havana,	
Gold bars.....	American gold.....	120,000
American gold.....	Spanish doubloons..	51,000
Mexican dollars.....	French gold.....	76,600
Foreign gold.....	American silver.....	10,000
June 3—St. Scotia, Liverpool—	June 6—St. France, Liverpool—	
Gold bars.....	Am. gold bars & silv	58,000
Silver bars.....	June 6—St. City of Baltimore—	
American gold.....	American gold.....	423,723
June 4—St. Bremen, Bremen—	June 6—St. Borussia, Hamburg—	
American gold.....	American gold.....	75,013
Mexican dollars.....	Silver bars.....	277,863
Foreign silver.....	Gold bars.....	63,599
June 4—St. Tripoli, Liverpool—	Mexican silver.....	22,000
Total for the week.....		\$3,575,595
Previously reported.....		37,159,712
Total since Jan. 1, 1868.....		\$40,735,307

Same time in	Same time in
1867.....\$20,088,211	1859.....\$29,761,838
1866.....37,477,535	1858.....11,801,833
1865.....15,514,156	1857.....18,021,607
1864.....25,525,170	1856.....11,130,080
1863.....19,675,676	1855.....13,889,374
1862.....19,759,036	1854.....12,925,758
1861.....3,005,840	1853.....7,034,846
1860.....15,903,298	1852.....10,518,261

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

June 1—St. Emma Dean, Curacao—	Gold.....	91
Silver.....	6—Steamer Ocean Queen, Aspinwall—	2,650
Gold.....	Silver.....	300
June 1—St. Laurent, Havre—	Gold.....	4,400
Gold.....	Total for week.....	\$128,190
June 5—St. Prairie Bird, Laguna,	Previously reported.....	3,262,373
Total for week.....	Total since January 1, 1868.....	\$3,390,573

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks:

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
May 2.....	341,925,000	38,349,950	380,274,950
" 9.....	341,952,000	38,344,950	380,296,950
" 16.....	341,391,000	38,294,950	379,685,950
" 23.....	341,417,000	38,344,950	379,761,950
" 30.....	341,472,000	38,289,950	379,762,350
June 6.....	341,456,400	38,292,950	379,749,350

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued.		Notes returned.	Notes in Circulation.
	Current week.	Aggregate.		
May 2.....	115,490	307,528,721	7,773,096	299,755,625
" 9.....	86,230	307,614,951	7,849,796	299,765,155
" 16.....	107,320	307,722,271	8,000,446	299,721,825
" 23.....	88,255	307,810,526	8,006,446	299,804,080
" 30.....	193,520	308,010,046	8,215,446	299,794,600
June 6.....	197,775	380,270,821	8,277,646	299,930,175

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroy'd
May 2.....	378,500	345,615	438,000
" 9.....	378,000	540,297	433,000
" 16.....	436,500	307,206	397,800
" 23.....	431,500	1,121,429	391,900
" 30.....	419,000	580,500	335,100
June 6.....	445,100	272,830	430,200

NORTH CAROLINA DEBT.—The following is the ordinance of the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina providing for the payment of the interest on the public debt:

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That the first General Assembly that shall be convened under the provisions of the Constitution framed by this body, be, and the same is hereby, directed to make the following provisions for the payment of the interest upon the public debt:

Sec. 2. It shall provide for the payment in cash of the interest falling due on and after the 1st day of January, 1869, upon that portion of the bonds of the State which are dated prior to May 20, 1861.

Sec. 3. It shall provide for the payment in cash of the interest falling due on and after the 1st day of July, 1869, upon that portion of the bonds of the State which are dated on and after Jan. 1, 1866.

Sec. 4. It shall provide for funding all such coupons upon the above

specified classes of bonds as are now due, or which may become due prior to the time when the payment of interest shall be resumed as above directed. And for such purpose the General Assembly shall authorize the issue of bonds of the State, bearing 6 per cent interest, which shall be given at par in exchange for such coupons as are now due, or may become due prior to the time when such resumption of the payment of interest shall take place.

SEC. 5. The ordinance shall be in force and take effect from and after its passage.

Passed March 14, 1868.

MARIPOSA MINING COMPANY'S BONDS.—The committee appointed by the bondholders to make a report as to the condition of the Mariposa Company have made a statement of the debts due July 1. The claim of Garrison was originally \$200,000 in gold, and the balance is accrued interest:

Due Garrison's claim, say.....	\$316,800 00
Trustees' advances and interest, say.....	51,888 87
Due prior to mortgage debt.....	368,683 87
First mortgage bonds.....	654,000 00
Five coupons, due July 1, 1868.....	114,450 00—\$768,450 00
New mortgage bonds.....	1,592,000 00
Two coupons, due April 1, 1861.....	111,440 00
Interest to July 1, three months.....	27,860 00—1,731,300 00
Common bonds.....	\$170,000
Interest to July 1.....	44,625
	\$214,625 00
Deduct 25 per cent.....	53,656 00—\$160,969 00
Balance due on settlement of Dodge Brothers' judgment (lessees under old direction).....	25,000 00
Floating debts estimated.....	50,000 00
Taxes in litigation in California.....	40,000 00
Total.....	\$3,144,407 87

The claim of Garrison is on a mortgage on seven-eighths of the property represented as owned by the company, and unless the amount is raised and paid the bondholders have no right or title to it.

We would call attention to the advertisement of E. E. Tiffany & Co., in another column, concerning Pardee's Patent "Bilge Water Discharge."

Scotch Pig Iron, in yard, on dock, or to arrive, is always for sale by Messrs. Henderson Brothers, of 6 Bowling Green, whose card appears on the last page.

The attention of investors is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Tiffany & Co., who are the financial agents in New York of the "Argillo Works," at Carbon Cliff, Illinois.

## The Bankers' Gazette.

### DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
<b>Railroads.</b>				
Harlem, com. and pref.....	4	July 1.	Company's Office	June 20.
<b>Mining.</b>				
Central.....	3	July 1	Company's Office	June 20.
<b>Miscellaneous.</b>				
National Trust Company.....	4	July 1	Company's Office	—
Union Petroleum.....	7½	June 16	Company's Office	—
Atlantic Tel., orig. stock.....	3	July 1	London.	—
" " pref. stock.....	6	July 1	London.	—

FRIDAY, June 12, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week opened with a bank statement hardly favorable to an increase of the feeling of ease in money. The loans were \$5,612,877 higher, while the increase in the deposits was only \$4,342,691. The legal tender line showed an increase of \$3,188,275; but the specie was \$3,532,557 lower; so that with a material increase of deposits there was a decrease in the legal tender reserve. The supply of funds, notwithstanding, has proved in excess of the demand, and the rate of interest is generally 3@4 per cent. The dulness of the trade of the city has caused a large increase of mercantile deposits; and the banks of the interior find so little demand for accommodation that they allow their funds to accumulate with their correspondents here. The demand for money for speculative purposes is quite limited compared with what is frequently experienced at this season. The trade demand is unusually light. The banks are ready to take prime paper quite freely at 5@6 per cent; but very little is being made of the better grades. Of second class paper there is, as at all times, an abundant supply; for which rates are irregular.

It would seem probable that the present ease in money will continue until near August, when the demand from the interior for crop purposes sets in. On the first Monday of July the quarterly bank statement will have to be made up; the banks, however, are not likely to have to make any special preparations, as in April or October, so that the occasion may be expected to pass without producing any derangement of the market.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	3 @ 4	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	5½ @ 7
Loans on bonds & mort.....	7 @ 7	do single names.....	6 @ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months.....	6 @ 6	Lower grades.....	7 @ 8

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Governments have been less active than last week. The unusual speculative activity noted in our late reports has naturally been followed by a sharp reaction. Investors have appeared inclined to wait for a downward turn in prices, or at least, to see present quotations tested, and holders have, in some instances, become sellers, under an idea that quotations might decline, so that prices have been weak. In the meantime the dealers have done little to influence the market in any direction, but, perhaps, have been quite willing that prices should fall  $\frac{1}{2}$  @ 1 per cent, so as to induce another free buying movement. To-day there has been a speculative attempt to break down the market, simultaneously with a speculation in gold, which was successful to the extent of about  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent on everything except Ten-Forties. There were, however, free buyers at the decline, and this evening the market advanced  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent, and closed quite strong. Prices have been rather weak in Europe, Five-Twenties having declined at London from 73 $\frac{1}{4}$  to 72 $\frac{1}{4}$ , but closed to-day at 72 $\frac{1}{4}$ .

From the improved stand that Governments have taken since the declaration of the Chicago Convention relative to the debt, and the near approach of the completion of the funding process, it is hardly to be expected that they will again decline to the previous range of quotations. Some investors are unquestionably disposed to hold bonds at higher values; it remains to be seen whether European holders will respond to this improved confidence. Among the German bankers there is an idea that in the event of the Austrian Legislature permanently taxing the coupons of the national obligations there will be an increased demand for United States bonds.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	May 3.	May 15.	May 22.	May 29.	June 5.	June 12.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	113%	114	115	115%	116%	116%
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	108%	109	110%	111%	112%	111%
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ..	106%	107	108%	109%	110%	109%
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ..	107%	107%	108%	109%	110%	110
U. S. 5 20's, 1865, N. iss. ..	109%	109%	110%	111%	112%	112%
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.....	109%	109%	110%	112	113%	112%
U. S. 10-40's ..	103%	103%	104%	105%	106	105%
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series.....	107%	107%	108%	109%	109%	109%
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	107%	107%	108%	109%	109%	109%

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The stock market continues very dull. The outside public are doing literally nothing in the way of speculation, although they are usually in the market at this season. Professional operators too are doing little, being more than ordinarily wary about placing themselves within the power of the cliques or relieving them of their load of stocks. The current operations are mainly connected with attempts of the combinations to produce fluctuations of 1 @ 3 per cent, with a view to drawing in the street, and thereby getting rid of a certain amount of stock. During the last two days, there has been an effort in this way to put up New York Central, Erie, Cleveland and Toledo and Reading; but on the advance being accomplished large sales were made by the cliques and prices again were weak. The market, however, closes at an advance on the prices of last Friday. The current large earnings of the roads have a certain effect in sustaining prices, but fail to induce any important legitimate demand. Illinois Central has been especially strong, under the advance of the shares to 101 at London and the declaration of a dividend, the price closing at 154 $\frac{1}{4}$ . Rock Island remains steady at the advance made upon the settlement of the dispute in the management, although legal proceedings still continue.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	May 1.	May 8.	May 15.	May 22.	May 29.	June 5.	June 12.
Cumberland Coal	32	31	31	36	36	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	34
Quicksilver.....	27	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	30%	29%	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	26%
Canton Co.....	51	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	50%	50	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	51	50
Mariposa pref.....	11	11	9	9	9	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
New York Central	129 $\frac{1}{2}$	128 $\frac{1}{2}$	128 $\frac{1}{2}$	129	133%	132%	134 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie.....	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	69	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	72%	69%	70
Hudson River.....	136 $\frac{1}{2}$	137	136	138	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$
Reading.....	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	90%	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	93	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94	96 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mich. Southern.....	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	86%	86%	87%	88	89 $\frac{1}{2}$	89 $\frac{1}{2}$
Michigan Central	114	117	119%	119%	119%	119%	120
Clev. and Pittsb.	83	84 $\frac{1}{2}$	84 $\frac{1}{2}$	85%	88%	86%	87%
Clev. and Toledo.	106	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	107%	109%	108%	107%
Northwestern.....	65	66%	67%	66%	68%	68%	69%
" preferred	76 $\frac{1}{2}$	77	76	77%	79%	81%	81%
Rock Island.....	94%	95%	95	95%	97%	102	103%
Fort Wayne.....	104 $\frac{1}{2}$	107%	107%	109%	115%	111	111 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central ..	147	146	147	147 $\frac{1}{2}$	148%	150	154 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ohio & Miss.....	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	29%	30%	31%	29%	29%

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Min-ing.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total.
Feb. 7.....	985	388,304	3,066	4,710	13,370	19,667	35,445	33,797	495,749
" 14.....	1,198	384,843	520	2,050	16,580	10,748	23,627	23,515	462,931
" 21.....	1,676	450,524	993	2,300	7,000	27,306	83,088	9,217	532,101
" 28.....	979	301,484	2,296	5,050	7,137	20,468	22,500	11,753	371,655

Mar. 6.....	797	346,169	4,100	2,300	4,400	18,265	28,493	19,876	424,400
" 12.....	960	331,308	4,245	3,300	4,000	6,648	13,613	21,627	388,701
" 19.....	598	438,908	1,831	3,012	9,100	11,080	26,423	29,653	520,605
" 26.....	624	273,629	770	1,400	3,150	9,960	24,869	10,469	324,871
Apr. 2.....	463	291,125	385	3,500	2,350	19,516	34,566	9,199	361,104
" 9.....	457	207,747	801	6,410	2,800	19,219	61,193	4,260	302,987
" 16.....	448	400,744	584	5,350	1,700	18,431	26,351	46,602	500,210
" 23.....	518	359,932	556	12,400	4,325	14,440	34,761	21,820	448,752
" 30.....	646	252,255	582	5,870	4,800	3,033	19,960	13,228	300,374
May 7.....	364	232,554	587	14,150	5,265	9,084	16,318	16,853	295,175
" 14.....	625	197,104	1,525	16,800	2,550	9,036	16,855	29,306	273,801
" 21.....	714	170,021	1,127	9,915	2,750	11,177	61,658	28,189	285,551
" 28.....	550	339,666	2,076	8,850	5,450	6,660	36,674	23,818	423,744
June 5.....	356	275,562	1,312	4,850	3,500	5,568	21,410	11,844	324,046
" 11.....	176	203,621	300	7,945	4,900	7,005	12,046	10,564	246,557

THE GOLD MARKET.—The week opened with a weaker feeling in gold, and the premium slightly yielded; the expectation being general that the shipments of specie would now materially decline, but as the week advanced the gold exports were found to keep up closely with those of last week, which checked the downward tendency. At the same time, rumors have been circulated of threatened political complications in Europe, which were apparently countenanced for the moment by the decline of  $\frac{3}{8}$  in Consols. Considerable purchases have also been made by parties said to be preparing for an active upward movement to be made next week. The firmness of the premium has been supported by the increasing scarcity of "cash gold," growing out of the exports of specie and customs payments, without any sales by the Treasury or any important coin disbursements from that source. Notwithstanding, there is a strong under-feeling in favor of a lower premium ultimately, in anticipation of the coin disbursements of the Treasury in July, nearly \$40,000,000 of interest and of principal on Sixes of 1881 being then due. Loans are made at 4 @ 6 per cent for "carrying."

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Quotations.				Total clearings.	Balances.	
	Open-ing.	Low-est.	High-est.	Clos-ing.		Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, June 6....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	32,728,000	\$1,452,547	\$2,261,824
Monday, " 8....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	41,929,000	1,232,005	1,732,671
Tuesday, " 9....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	30,926,000	1,004,912	1,395,078
Wednesday, " 10....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	34,257,000	1,484,579	2,298,016
Thursday, " 11....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	140	27,343,000	843,461	1,353,558
Friday, " 12....	140	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	29,250,000	1,222,280	1,735,183
Current week.....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	196,443,000	7,239,784	10,776,835
Previous week.....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	217,727,000	12,335,598	17,861,126
Jan. 1 '68, to date....	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	144	140			

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, June 6, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California.....	\$.....
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports.....	128,190
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York.....	667,000
Reported new supply thrown on market.....	\$795,190
Withdrawn for export.....	\$3,575,595
Withdrawn for customs ..	2,122,000—
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply.....	4,902,405
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals.....	.....
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 30.....	\$17,861,088
Specie in banks on Saturday, June 6.....	14,328,531
Decrease of specie in banks .....	\$3,532,557
Actual excess of reported supply.....	.....
Supply received from unreported sources.....	\$2,165,038

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
June 1.....	\$281,204 33	\$760,058 95	\$757,427 47	
" 2.....	310,091 38	540,279 43	1,055,863 13	
" 3.....	305,393 55	3,575,863 87	1,422,453 89	
" 4.....	428,961 25	765,386 85	806,632 85	
" 5.....	359,359 50	22,805,183 16	23,562,864 12	
" 6.....	215,110 87	1,643,725 61	1,995,781 40	
Total .....	\$1,900,117 88	\$30,090,497 34	\$29,601,022 86	
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of June 1.....			94,677,986 37	
Deduct payments during the week .....			30,090,497 34	
Balance on Saturday evening.....			\$94,188,511 89	
Decrease during the week.....			489,474 48	

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$507,000: Included in the receipts of customs were \$100,000 in gold, and \$1,800,117 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since March 7:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
Apr. 4....	2,545,340	24,171,354	20,292, 78	97,934,551	Dec. 3,819,074
" 11....	2,227,468	17,365,820	20,191,303	100,760,035	Inc. 2,825,481
" 18....	2,527,387	9,402,954	13,397,798	104,754,879	Inc. 3,994,842
" 25....	2,256,729	8,502,050	10,595,993	106,848,823	Inc. 2,093,945
May 2....	2,131,831	27,813,127	22,172,626	101,208,223	Dec. 5,640,605
May 9....	2,234,604	34,789,865	34,896,835	101,315,865	Dec. 106,970
May 16....	2,402,484	30,085,338	30,149,016	101,378,870	Inc. 63,678
May 23....	2,162,417	31,225,352	32,532,267	102,685,755	Inc. 1,306,688
May 30....	2,240,980	51,170,721	42,162,953	94,677,986	Inc. 8,007,763
June 6....	1,900,118	30,090,497	29,601,023	94,188,512	Dec. 489,474

To	1868.		1867.	
	This week.	Since Jan. 1	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$639,607	\$41,840,643	\$1,379,181	\$49,052,023
France.....	84,030	3,908,962	3-0,250	6,055,791
Holland and Belgium.....		2,284,376	162,679	2,252,998
Germany.....	344,201	6,242,505	471,537	9,787,665
Other Northern Europe..	48,416	766,791	62,039	675,884
Spain.....	19,083	647,930		436,993
Other Southern Europe...	191,455	2,309,346	295,025	2,235,681
East Indies.....		30,820		
China and Japan.....	113,513	1,306,171	192,250	1,063,079
Australia.....	80,456	1,210,803		1,003,131
British N. A. Colonies....	84,655	1,958,649	40,003	1,086,053
Cuba.....	113,412	3,242,353	130,874	2,741,210
Hayti.....	11,992	1,077,933	108,713	592,210
Other West Indies.....	242,362	2,976,993	200,345	3,240,547
Mexico.....	52,370	909,310		763,473
New Granada.....	55,174	1,525,324	54,923	1,420,615
Venezuela.....		286,392		316,691
British Guiana.....	10,744	655,640		540,082
Brazil.....	74,797	1,392,866	29,238	1,241,753
Other S. American ports..	369,018	1,442,148	156,902	1,580,612
All other ports.....	11,955	552,209	53,852	706,310

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending June 6, 1868:

June 2.—St. Hammonia, Hamb'g,	American gold.....	7,000
Silver bars.....	4—St Morro Castle, Havana,	
Gold bars.....	American gold.....	120,000
American gold.....	Spanish doubloons..	51,000
Mexican dollars.....	French gold.....	76,600
Foreign gold.....	American silver.....	10,000
June 3.—St. Scotia, Liverpool—	June 6.—St. France, Liverpool—	
Gold bars.....	Am. gold bars & silv	58,000
Silver bars.....	6—St. City of Baltimore—	
American gold.....	American gold.....	423,723
June 4.—St. Bremen, Bremen—	6—St. Borussia, Hamburg—	
American gold.....	American gold.....	75,013
Mexican dollars.....	Silver bars.....	277,863
Foreign silver.....	Gold bars.....	63,599
June 4.—St. Tripoli, Liverpool—	Mexican silver.....	22,000
Total for the week.....		\$3,575,595
Previously reported.....		37,159,712
Total since Jan. 1, 1868.....		\$40,735,307

Same time in	1867	1866	1865	1864	1863	1862	1861	1860
1867.....	\$20,088,211	1859.....	\$29,761,838					
1866.....	37,477,535	1858.....	11,801,833					
1865.....	15,514,156	1857.....	18,021,607					
1864.....	25,525,170	1856.....	11,130,080					
1863.....	19,675,676	1855.....	13,889,374					
1862.....	19,759,035	1854.....	12,925,758					
1861.....	3,005,840	1853.....	7,034,846					
1860.....	15,903,298	1852.....	10,518,261					

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

June 1.—St. Emma Dean, Curacao—	Gold.....	91
Silver.....	6—Steamer Ocean Queen, Aspinwall—	2,650
Gold.....	Silver.....	300
June 1.—St. Laurent, Havre—	Gold.....	4,400
Gold.....		
June 5.—Sc Prairie Bird, Laguna,		
Total for week.....		\$128,190
Previously reported.....		3,262,373
Total since January 1, 1868.....		\$3,390,573

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
May 2.....	341,925,000	38,349,950	380,274,950
9.....	341,952,000	38,344,950	380,296,950
16.....	341,391,000	38,294,950	379,685,950
23.....	341,417,000	38,344,950	379,761,950
30.....	341,472,000	38,289,950	379,762,350
June 6.....	341,456,400	38,292,950	379,749,350

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued.		Notes returned.	Notes in Circulation.
	Current week.	Aggregate.		
May 2.....	115,490	307,528,721	7,773,096	299,755,625
9.....	86,230	307,614,951	7,819,796	299,765,155
16.....	107,320	307,722,271	8,000,446	299,721,825
23.....	88,255	307,810,526	8,006,446	299,804,080
30.....	199,520	308,010,046	8,215,446	299,794,600
June 6.....	197,775	380,270,821	8,277,646	299,930,175

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroy'd
May 2.....	378,500	345,615	438,100
9.....	378,000	540,297	433,000
16.....	436,500	307,206	397,800
23.....	431,500	1,121,429	391,900
30.....	419,000	580,500	335,100
June 6.....	445,100	272,830	430,200

NORTH CAROLINA DEBT.—The following is the ordinance of the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina providing for the payment of the interest on the public debt:

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That the first General Assembly that shall be convened under the provisions of the Constitution framed by this body, be, and the same is hereby, directed to make the following provisions for the payment of the interest upon the public debt:

Sec. 2. It shall provide for the payment in cash of the interest falling due on and after the 1st day of January, 1869, upon that portion of the bonds of the State which are dated prior to May 20, 1861.

Sec. 3. It shall provide for the payment in cash of the interest falling due on and after the 1st day of July, 1869, upon that portion of the bonds of the State which are dated on and after Jan. 1, 1866.

Sec. 4. It shall provide for funding all such coupons upon the above

specified classes of bonds as are now due, or which may become due prior to the time when the payment of interest shall be resumed as above directed. And for such purpose the General Assembly shall authorize the issue of bonds of the State, bearing 6 per cent interest, which shall be given at par in exchange for such coupons as are now due, or may become due prior to the time when such resumption of the payment of interest shall take place.

SEC. 5. The ordinance shall be in force and take effect from and after its passage.

Passed March 14, 1868.

MARIPOSA MINING COMPANY'S BONDS.—The committee appointed by the bondholders to make a report as to the condition of the Mariposa Company have made a statement of the debts due July 1. The claim of Garrison was originally \$200,000 in gold, and the balance is accrued interest:

Due Garrison's claim, say.....	\$316,800 00
Trustees' advances and interest, say.....	51,888 87
Due prior to mortgage debt.....	368,683 87
First mortgage bonds.....	654,000 00
Five coupons, due July 1, 1868.....	114,450 00—\$768,450 00
New mortgage bonds.....	1,592,000 00
Two coupons, due April 1, 1861.....	111,440 00
Interest to July 1, three months.....	27,860 00—1,731,300 00
Common bonds.....	\$170,000
Interest to July 1.....	44,625
Deduct 25 per cent.....	53,656 00—\$160,969 00
Balance due on settlement of Dodge Brothers' judgment (lessees under old direction).....	25,000 00
Floating debts estimated.....	50,000 00
Taxes in litigation in California.....	40,000 00
Total.....	\$3,144,407 87

The claim of Garrison is on a mortgage on seven-eighths of the property represented as owned by the company, and unless the amount is raised and paid the bondholders have no right or title to it.

We would call attention to the advertisement of E. E. Tiffany & Co., in another column, concerning Pardee's Patent "Bilge Water Discharge."

Scotch Pig Iron, in yard, on dock, or to arrive, is always for sale by Messrs. Henderson Brothers, of 6 Bowling Green, whose card appears on the last page.

The attention of investors is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Tiffany & Co., who are the financial agents in New York of the "Argillo Works," at Carbon Cliff, Illinois.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
<b>Railroads.</b>				
Harlem, com, and pref.....	4	July 1.	Company's Office	June 20.
<b>Mining.</b>				
Central.....	3	July 1	Company's Office	June 20.
<b>Miscellaneous.</b>				
National Trust Company.....	4	July 1	Company's Office	—
Union Petroleum.....	7½	June 16	Company's Office	—
Atlantic Tel., orig. stock..	3	July 1	London.	—
" " pref. stock..	6	July 1	London.	—

FRIDAY, June 12, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week opened with a bank statement hardly favorable to an increase of the feeling of ease in money. The loans were \$5,612,877 higher, while the increase in the deposits was only \$4,342,691. The legal tender line showed an increase of \$3,188,275; but the specie was \$3,532,557 lower; so that with a material increase of deposits there was a decrease in the legal tender reserve. The supply of funds, notwithstanding, has proved in excess of the demand, and the rate of interest is generally 3@4 per cent. The dulness of the trade of the city has caused a large increase of mercantile deposits; and the banks of the interior find so little demand for accommodation that they allow their funds to accumulate with their correspondents here. The demand for money for speculative purposes is quite limited compared with what is frequently experienced at this season. The trade demand is unusually light. The banks are ready to take prime paper quite freely at 5@6 per cent; but very little is being made of the better grades. Of second class paper there is, as at all times, an abundant supply; for which rates are irregular.

It would seem probable that the present ease in money will continue until near August, when the demand from the interior for crop purposes sets in. On the first Monday of July the quarterly bank statement will have to be made up; the banks, however, are not likely to have to make any special preparations, as in April or October, so that the occasion may be expected to pass without producing any derangement of the market.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	3 @ 4	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	5½ @ 7
Loans on bonds & mort..	@ 7	do single names.....	6 @ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	5 @ 6	Lower grades.....	@ ..

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U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.....	108%	109	110%	111%	112%	111%
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	106%	107	108%	109%	110%	109%
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	107%	107%	108%	109%	110%	110
U. S. 5 20's, 1865, N. iss. ....	109%	109%	110%	111%	113%	112%
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.....	109%	109%	110%	112	113%	112%
U. S. 10-40's, ".....	103%	103%	104%	105%	106	105%
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series.....	107%	107%	108%	109%	109%	109%
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	107%	107%	108%	109%	109%	109%

**RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.**—The stock market continues very dull. The outside public are doing literally nothing in the way of speculation, although they are usually in the market at this season. Professional operators too are doing little, being more than ordinarily wary about placing themselves within the power of the cliques or relieving them of their load of stocks. The current operations are mainly connected with attempts of the combinations to produce fluctuations of 1@3 per cent, with a view to drawing in the street, and thereby getting rid of a certain amount of stock. During the last two days, there has been an effort in this way to put up New York Central, Erie, Cleveland and Toledo and Reading; but on the advance being accomplished large sales were made by the cliques and prices again were weak. The market, however, closes at an advance on the prices of last Friday. The current large earnings of the roads have a certain effect in sustaining prices, but fail to induce any important legitimate demand. Illinois Central has been especially strong, under the advance of the shares to 101 at London and the declaration of a dividend, the price closing at  $154\frac{1}{2}$ . Rock Island remains steady at the advance made upon the settlement of the dispute in the management, although legal proceedings still continue.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	May 1.	May 8.	May 15.	May 22.	May 29.	June 5.	June 12.
Cumberland Coal	32	31	31	36	34	34	34
Quicksilver.....	27	32%	29%	30%	29%	26%	26%
Canton Co.....	51	51%	50%	50	51%	51	50
Mariposa pref.....	11	11	9	9	7%	7%	7%
New York Central	129%	128%	128%	129	133%	132%	134%
Erie.....	71%	68%	69	68%	72%	69%	70
Hudson River.....	136%	137	136	138	143%	141%	141%
Reading.....	90%	90%	90%	93	94%	94	96%
Mich. Southern.....	91%	86%	87%	88	89%	89%	89%
Michigan Central	114	117	119	119%	119%	120	120
Clev. and Pittsb.	83	84%	84%	85%	88%	86%	87%
Clev. and Toledo.	106	106%	105%	107%	109%	108%	107%
Northwestern.....	65	66%	67%	66%	68%	68%	69%
" preferred	76%	77	76	77%	79%	81%	81%
Rock Island.....	94%	95%	95	95%	97%	102	103%
Fort Wayne.....	104%	107%	107%	109%	115%	111	111%
Illinois Central..	147	146	147	148%	150	150	154%
Ohio & Miss.....	31%	31%	29%	30%	31%	31%	29%

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Min-ing.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total.
Feb. 7.....	985	338,304	3,066	4,710	13,370	19,667	35,445	33,797	495,749
" 14.....	1,198	384,843	520	2,050	16,580	10,748	23,627	23,515	462,931
" 21.....	1,676	450,524	993	2,300	7,000	27,306	83,088	9,217	532,104
" 28.....	973	301,484	2,296	5,050	7,137	20,463	22,500	11,753	371,655

Mar. 6.....	797	846,169	4,100	2,300	4,400	18,265	28,493	19,876	424,400
" 12.....	960	334,308	4,245	3,300	4,000	6,648	13,613	21,627	388,701
" 19.....	598	438,908	1,831	3,012	9,100	11,080	26,423	29,653	520,605
" 26.....	624	273,629	770	1,400	3,150	9,960	24,869	10,469	324,771
Apr. 2.....	463	291,125	385	3,500	2,350	19,516	34,566	9,199	361,104
" 9.....	457	207,747	801	6,410	2,800	19,219	61,193	4,260	302,987
" 16.....	448	400,744	584	5,350	1,700	18,431	26,351	46,602	500,210
" 23.....	518	359,932	556	12,400	4,325	14,440	34,761	21,820	448,752
" 30.....	646	252,255	582	5,870	4,800	3,033	19,960	13,228	800,374
May 7.....	364	232,554	587	14,150	5,265	9,084	16,318	16,853	295,175
" 14.....	625	197,104	1,525	16,800	2,550	9,036	16,855	29,306	273,801
" 21.....	714	170,021	1,127	9,915	2,750	11,177	61,658	28,189	285,551
" 28.....	550	339,666	2,076	8,850	5,450	6,660	36,674	23,818	423,744
June 5.....	356	275,562	1,312	4,850	3,500	5,568	21,410	11,844	324,046
" 11.....	176	203,621	300	7,915	4,900	7,005	12,046	10,564	246,557

**THE GOLD MARKET.**—The week opened with a weaker feeling in gold, and the premium slightly yielded; the expectation being general that the shipments of specie would now materially decline, but as the week advanced the gold exports were found to keep up closely with those of last week, which checked the downward tendency. At the same time, rumors have been circulated of threatened political complications in Europe, which were apparently countenanced for the moment by the decline of  $\frac{3}{8}$  in Consols. Considerable purchases have also been made by parties said to be preparing for an active upward movement to be made next week. The firmness of the premium has been supported by the increasing scarcity of "cash gold," growing out of the exports of specie and customs payments, without any sales by the Treasury or any important coin disbursements from that source. Notwithstanding, there is a strong under-feeling in favor of a lower premium ultimately, in anticipation of the coin disbursements of the Treasury in July, nearly \$40,000,000 of interest and of principal on Sixes of 1881 being then due. Loans are made at 4@6 per cent for "carrying."

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Quotations.				Total clearings.	Balances.	
	Open-ing.	Low-est.	High-est.	Clos-ing.		Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, June 6....	139%	139%	139%	139%	32,728,000	\$1,452,547	\$2,261,824
Monday, " 8....	139%	139%	139%	139%	41,929,000	1,232,005	1,732,671
Tuesday, " 9....	139%	139%	139%	139%	30,926,000	1,004,913	1,395,078
Wed'n'day, " 10....	139%	139%	139%	139%	34,257,000	1,484,579	2,298,016
Thursday, " 11....	139%	139%	140	140	27,343,000	843,461	1,353,558
Friday, " 12....	140	139%	140%	140	29,250,000	1,222,280	1,735,188
Current week.....	139%	139%	140%	140	196,443,000	7,239,784	10,776,835
Previous week.....	139%	139%	140%	139%	217,727,000	12,335,598	17,861,126
Jan. 1 '68, to date....	133%	133%	144	140			

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, June 6, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California.....	\$.....
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports.....	128,190
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York.....	667,000
Reported new supply thrown on market.....	\$795,190
Withdrawn for export.....	\$3,575,595
Withdrawn for customs .....	2,122,000—
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply.....	4,902,405
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals.....	.....
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 30.....	\$17,861,088
Specie in banks on Saturday, June 6.....	14,328,531
Decrease of specie in banks .....	\$3,532,557
Actual excess of reported supply.....	.....
Supply received from unreported sources.....	\$2,165,038

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
June 1.....	\$281,204 33	\$760,058 95	\$757,427 47	\$1,055,863 13
" 2.....	310,091 38	540,279 43	1,422,453 89	806,632 85
" 3.....	305,393 55	3,575,863 87	23,562,864 12	1,995,771 40
" 4.....	428,961 25	765,386 85		
" 5.....	359,359 50	22,805,183 16		
" 6.....	215,110 87	1,643,725 61		
Total.....	\$1,900,117 88	\$30,090,497 34	\$29,601,022 86	\$4,677,986 37
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of June 1.....			\$124,279,009 23	
Deduct payments during the week.....			30,090,497 34	
Balance on Saturday evening.....			\$94,188,511 89	
Decrease during the week.....			489,474 48	

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$507,000; Included in the receipts of customs were \$100,000 in gold, and \$1,800,117 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since March 7:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
Apr. 4.....	2,545,340	24,171,354	20,292, 78	97,934,551	Dec. 3,879,074
" 11.....	2,227,468	17,365,820	20,191,303	100,760,035	Inc. 2,825,481
" 18.....	2,527,387	9,402,954	13,397,798	104,754,879	Inc. 3,994,842
" 25.....	2,256,729	8,502,050	10,595,993	106,848,823	Inc. 2,093,945
May 2.....	2,131,331	27,813,127	22,172,626	101,208,223	Dec. 5,640,605
May 9.....	2,284,604	34,789,365	34,896,835	101,315,865	Dec. 106,979
May 16.....	2,402,484	30,085,338	30,149,016	101,378,870	Inc. 63,678
May 23.....	2,162,417	31,225,382	32,532,267	102,685,755	Inc. 1,306,688
May 30.....	2,240,980	51,170,721	42,162,953	94,677,986	Inc. 8,007,763
June 6.....	1,900,118	30,090,497	29,601,023	94,188,512	Dec. 489,474

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—There has been less demand for bills, and drawers have conceded about 1/4 per cent in rates; quotations, however are still kept up to figures admitting of the shipment of specie.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks

Table with columns for City (London, Paris, Antwerp, etc.), Date (May 22, May 29, June 6, June 12), and Exchange rates.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on June 6, 1868:

Large table titled 'AVERAGE AMOUNT OF' showing Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net Deposits, and Legal Tenders for various banks like New York, Manhattan, Merchants, etc.

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows:

Summary table showing changes in Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, and Legal Tenders.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing weekly totals for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings from March to June.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, June 8, 1868:

Table showing Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Deposits, and Total net Circulation for Philadelphia banks like Philadelphia, North America, Farmers' & Mech., etc.

Table showing various bank entries with columns for bank name, amount, and date.

Total, June 8 ... 16,017,150 53,491,364 226,581 16,078,308 42,910,499 10,630,645

\* This column includes amounts due to banks.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows:

Summary table showing changes in Capital, Loans, Specie, Deposits, and Circulation.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table showing weekly totals for Philadelphia banks from April to June, including Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tend., Deposits, and Circulation.

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, June 8, 1868.

Large table showing Capital, Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, and Circulation for various Boston banks like Atlantic, Atlas, Blackstone, etc.

Total June 8 ... 42,300,000 98,116,632 631,149 14,368,900 41,470,376 \*25,194,114

\* This total does not include \$159,313 State circulation.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows:

Summary table showing changes in Capital, Loans, Specie, Deposits, and Circulation for Boston banks.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing weekly comparative totals for Boston banks from April to June.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

New York, June 4, 1868.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS—SPECIAL NOTICE.

The receipts from sales of these securities for some time past having largely exceeded the current requirements of the Company, they have this day advanced the price to 103 and accrued interest, in currency.

FISK & HATCH,

Bankers and dealers in Government Securities, and Financial Agents of the C. P. R. Co., No. 5 Nassau st, N. Y.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JUNE 13, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Table with columns for Stock/Security Name, Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Week's Sales. It is divided into sections: Stocks and Securities (National, State, Municipal, Bank Stocks, Miscellaneous Stocks), Railroad Stocks, and Railroad Bonds.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, June 12.

The weather during a considerable portion of the past week has been severe and unseasonable, having the usual repressive effect upon trade, and compelling sellers, who have desired to close out whole invoices, to make more or less reduction in prices. However, as compared with a year ago, the business doing is not so generally at a loss, and failures are much less numerous.

In Provisions we notice a pretty general decline in hog products, attended with some fluctuations, but any improvement was soon lost. The difficulty in sustaining the price of Pork arises, not from the large stock or from money difficulties, but from the large receipts of live hogs at the markets, and the liberal quantity of ice-cured Pork which is produced, with which the local trade supplies its wants. At the reduced prices of Lard, and low rates of ocean freights there has been some English demand, but it did not seem to be of any considerable extent, and had little effect in supporting prices; while Bacon and other cured meats have been almost unsaleable except in a jobbing way. Beef of all kinds has been more steady, while Butter and Cheese show a slight improvement.

Hides have been firm with rather more demand at the close. Skins have been moderately active, and Leather advanced 1/4 @ 1 cent per lb.

Naval Stores have been quite active at the decline noted last week, sellers have been favored by the low rates of freight to European markets, and at the close these staples bring a slight advance. Spirits Turpentine closed in demand at 46c. Linseed Oil has declined 2c per gallon, but in Crude Whale and Crude Sperm there was a good business early in the week. Petroleum has been sparingly offered for current delivery, but with a brisk demand for all the summer months, and an advance abroad, the whole market has improved, closing at 15 1/2 @ 16c for Crude in bulk, and 31 1/2 @ 32c for standard refined in bond.

Metals have been dull, except Iron; of which we notice sales 800 tons Scotch Pig from Wharf at \$38 50 @ \$40 50, cash, and 1,000 tons old rail to arrive at \$32 gold. East India goods have been dull and prices weak. Fish, Hogs, and Hay, have had a downward tendency. Tallow has been fairly active and firm.

Wool has shown a good degree of activity mostly in California and Texas products, but the business includes 300 bales Cape and East India, understood to be at very full prices. Domestic Fleece has been somewhat neglected, but pulled has met a good demand.

Freights have been dull at low rates. The speculative values at which most articles of Domestic Produce have been maintained, with the expectation of compelling shippers to pay, have reduced our exports to a very low aggregate.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

Table with columns: This week, Since Jan. 1, Same time '67, and corresponding columns for various commodities like Ashes, Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York. The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1868. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

Large table showing exports of various articles from New York to different ports (Mexico, India, Europe, etc.) with columns for 'Same time in 1867', 'Total since January 1, 1868', and 'Total this week'.

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending June 5, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.
China, Glass & Earthenware	89	3,178	...	Molasses.....	2,986	94,603	84,135
China.....	89	3,178	...	Metals, &c.	48	1,709	1,758
Earthenware	1,483	17,764	...	Centerv.....	54	2,746	5,135
Glass.....	5,049	173,040	...	Hardware.....	17,320	205,490	141,768
Glassware..	142	36,316	...	Iron, RR b'rs	10,542	202,257	201,674
Glass plate..	88	2,133	2,402	Lead, pigs..	1,061,583	2,902,881	825,203
Buttons.....	2,404	24,569	28,939	Spelter, lbs	6,391	71,616	110,733
Coal, tons...	25,693	515,863	409,566	Steel.....	12,251	304,641	269,125
Cocoa, bags...	35	187	167	Tin, boxes..	6,929	216,213	152,920
Coffee, bags..	126	5,699	4,746	Sugar, hds,	6,608	307,615	132,505
Cotton, bales.	1,548	12,426	14,287	Sugar, bxs & bg	8,591	591,578	547,703
Drugs, &c.	81	4,664	8,591	Tobacco.....	706	783	14,855
Bark, Peru	210	1,521	706	Waste.....	28	544	4,286
Blea p'wd'rs	5	783	699	Wines, &c.	633	38,733	43,269
Cr Tartar...	876	12,273	11,847	Champ. bkts	1,406	34,631	56,280
Gambier.....	351	8,121	8,121	Wines.....	96	13,945	21,501
Gums, crude	1,912	2,420	1,557	Articles reported by value.			
Gum, Arabic	44	2,607	2,642	Cigars.....	\$14,841	\$255,327	\$193,383
Indigo.....	126	4,485	2,642	Corks.....	2,162	85,164	124,391
Madder.....	4	273	1,914	Fancy goods..	19,509	465,000	1,759,064
Oils, ess....	1,148	21,537	13,746	Fish.....	4,193	184,563	322,92
Oil, Olive...	38	508	392	Fruits, &c.	1,567	116,658	233,183
Opium.....	6,200	43,259	64,526	Lemons....	24,872	478,187	590,180
Soda, bi-carb	1,407	21,788	7,490	Oranges....	19,165	268,770	418,629
Soda, ash....	1,696	15,826	15,598	Nuts.....	392	640,885	448,447
Flax.....	4	614	909	Raisins....	98,166	2,893,261	4,688,298
Furs.....	238	2,335	1,301	Rice.....	25,934	421,440	118,186
Gunny cloth..	7,349	29,496	29,496	Spices, &c.	2,560	69,551	67,279
Hair.....	158	2,933	1,981	Cassia.....	5,425	30,110	30,110
Hemp, bales..	1,095	53,533	68,030	Ginger.....	2,206	97,495	156,617
Hides, &c.	57	445	917	Pepper.....	2,431	16,966	16,966
Bristles.....	103	3,651	4,053	Saltpetre....	4,876	64,328	26,800
Hides, dres'd	1,043	17,197	21,445	Woods.....	2,264	131,034	89,310
dia rubber..	105	925	1,307	Fustic.....	2,300	39,808	64,420
vorv.....	23	1,021	308	Logwood...			
Jewelry.....	30	508	422	Mahogany...			
Watches....	198	225,507	204,852				
Linseed.....							

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 12, 1868.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, June 12. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the last seven days have reached 3,579 bales (against 4,661\* bales last week, 6,441 bales the previous week, and 10,950 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1867, up to this date, including the returns by telegraph to-night, 2,146,805 bales, against 1,793,679 bales for the same period in 1866-7, being an excess this season over last season of 353,126 bales. The details of these receipts for this week, (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1867, are as follows:

Received this week at—	Receipts.		Received this week at—	Receipts.	
	1868.	1867.		1868.	1867.
New Orleans... bales.	663	3,358	Florida*... bales	10	1,287
Mobile.....	121	1,117	North Carolina.....	184	88
Charleston.....	264	1,753	Virginia.....	741	1,414
Savannah.....	597	3,139	Total receipts.....	3,579	17,845
Texas.....	611	2,430	Decrease this year.....		14,266
Tennessee, &c.....	388	3,359			

\* We deduct from our Florida receipts of last week 723 bales shipped from Fernandina, but received at that port by rail from Mobile, and therefore previously counted in the Mobile receipts.

These returns forcibly indicate the very small amount of cotton still remaining in the interior. At this rate of receipts we cannot anticipate that the further arrivals at the ports this season will reach more than about 40,000 bales, so that the total for the year, after all omissions have been added, will probably be about 2,250,000 bales. The exports for the week ending to-night also continue very small, the total reaching only 13,609 bales, of which 6,050 bales were to Liverpool, and 3,056 bales to the Continent, while the stocks, as made up this evening, are now reduced to 126,563 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

Week ending	Exported to—		Total this week.	Same week 1867.	Stock—	
	Great C'n.	Continent.			1868.	1867.
June 12.	3,992	2,984	6,976	10,736	10,225	79,686
New Orleans.....	...	1,936	1,936	470	11,283	21,743
Mobile.....						

Charleston.....	1,718	....	1,718	....	7,182	5,665
Savannah.....	....	....	....	....	3,899	10,069
Texas.....	2,567	....	2,567	....	5,579	19,429
All other ports.....	340	72	412	13,153	88,385	130,000
Total.....	6,050	3,056	13,609	24,409	126,563	266,592

Comparing the foregoing statement for this week with that for the corresponding week of last season, we find a decrease in the exports of 10,800 bales, so that the total increase in the shipments since Sept. 1, 1867, as compared with the same period of the previous year is reduced to about 225,000 bales, while the stocks are 140,029 bales less than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to-night, as we cannot ensure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary by telegraph:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP- MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.		
N. Orleans, June 5..	570,188	321,061	139,227	106,481	566,769	85,010
Mobile, June 5....	352,413	208,156	10,432	14,679	233,267	43,322
Charleston, June 5.	237,818	86,596	2,936	13,226	102,758	130,835
Savannah, June 5..	483,926	238,406	9,904	9,195	257,505	220,659
Texas, May 29.....	102,636	38,790	1,625	16,110	56,525	31,936
New York, June 12*	107,256	284,904	25,970	55,074	365,948	....
Florida, June 5†...	30,576	....	....	....	....	14,998
N. Carolina, Jun. 12	37,282	....	....	....	....	37,282
Virginia, June 12..	152,342	8,239	....	....	8,239	143,103
Other ports, Jun 12*	59,789	17,309	....	3,064	20,373	....
Total this year..	2,143,226	1,203,461	190,094	277,829	1,611,384	707,135
Same time last year	1,782,781	1,006,074	178,755	105,624	1,380,453	677,702

The market this week has been dull, though a little more active towards the close, with prices to-day about 1½ cent off from our quotations of last Friday. Early in the week buyers showed great indisposition to operate, and this fact, together with continued unfavorable advices from Europe, induced holders to offer their stocks more freely, and the offerings being in excess of the demand, concessions had to be made. Shipments from Bombay appear to keep up well, being reported for the last week at 90,000 bales, against 101,000 for the corresponding week of last year. Our own crop reports are also very encouraging, while the markets for goods both here and abroad continue greatly depressed. Hence, although our stocks and weekly receipts are reduced to an extremely low point, there appears very naturally to be a "want of heart" among many holders, although we believe the bulk of the stock in this market is still held above our quotations. The sales of the week foot up 6,490 bales, of which 2,983 bales were taken by spinners, 888 bales on speculation, 1,919 bales for export, and 700 bales in transit. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans	Texas
Ordinary.....	26 @...	26½ @...	26½ @...	26½
Good Ordinary.....	27 @...	27½ @...	27½ @...	27½
Low Middling.....	28 @...	28½ @...	28½ @...	28½
Middling.....	29 @...	29½ @...	29½ @...	29½

Below we give the price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday.....	30½ @...	30½ @...	31 @...	31½ @...
Monday.....	30 @30½	30½ @30½	30½ @31	30½ @31½
Tuesday.....	30 @...	30½ @...	30½ @...	30½ @...
Wednesday.....	29½ @30	29½ @30½	30 @30½	30½ @30½
Thursday.....	29½ @30	29½ @30½	30 @30½	30½ @30½
Friday.....	29 @...	29½ @...	29½ @...	29½ @...

In the exports of Cotton this week from New York there is a further large decrease, the total shipments reaching only 359 bales, against 2,813 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

\* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.  
† These are the receipts at Apalachicola to March 14, and at the other ports of Florida to June 5.  
‡ Estimated.

**Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867**

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	May 19.	May 26.	June 2.	June 9.		
Liverpool.....	3,192	4,663	2,013	287	277,545	319,972
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,359	6,057
<b>Total to Gt. Britain..</b>	<b>3,192</b>	<b>4,663</b>	<b>2,013</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>284,904</b>	<b>326,029</b>
Havre.....	820	.....	51	.....	25,767	26,623
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203	6
<b>Total French.....</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>25,970</b>	<b>26,629</b>
Bremen and Hanover.....	.....	481	56	.....	31,954	30,911
Hamburg.....	488	160	93	72	10,850	12,548
Other ports.....	327	.....	.....	.....	6,832	5,202
<b>Total to N. Europe..</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>49,636</b>	<b>48,661</b>
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,172	860
All others.....	.....	.....	600	.....	3,266	952
<b>Total Spain, etc.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>5,438</b>	<b>1,812</b>
<b>Grand Total.....</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>5,304</b>	<b>2,813</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>365,948</b>	<b>403,131</b>

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week. Bales.	Since Sept. 1. Bales.	From	This week. Bales.	Since Sept. 1. Bales.
New Orleans.....	42,417	42,417	South Carolina.....	538	96,362
Texas.....	1,345	21,092	North Carolina.....	182	27,595
Savannah.....	1,461	166,095	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	96	99,392
Mobile.....	8,230	8,230	Per Railroad.....	7	114,411
Florida.....	14,476	14,476			
Total for the week.....				3,629	
Total since Sept. 1.....					590,070

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	Boston.		Philad'phia.		Baltimore.	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans.....	200	42,104	.....	4,502	.....	147
Texas.....	.....	4,408	.....	.....	.....	188
Savannah.....	.....	18,737	.....	17,894	.....	13,811
Mobile.....	.....	21,767	.....	203	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	.....	14,277	.....	3,802	487	11,814
North Carolina.....	.....	370	.....	1,555	2	4,711
Virginia.....	561	21,301	.....	303	86	54,889
New York, &c*.....	482	56,403	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c..	192	33,744	.....	.....	189	26,045
Total receipts.....bales.	1,435	213,161	.....	128,659	764	91,684

\* Reshipments.  
† This total does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

**SHIPPING NEWS.**—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per mail returns, have reached 2,509 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers City of Baltimore, 200 ..	287
France, 87 ..	72
To Hamburg, per steamer Borussia, 72.....	53
BOSTON—To Liverpool, per bark Patmos, 53.....	1,182
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per steamship Fire Queen, 1,182.....	915
GALVESTON—To Bremen, per bark Carl George, 915 .....	915

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..bales. 2,509

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

From	Exported this week to—			Total.
	Liverpool.	Bremen.	Hamburg.	
New York.....	287	.....	72	359
Savannah.....	53	.....	.....	53
New Orleans.....	1,182	.....	.....	1,182
Galveston.....	.....	915	.....	915
Total.....	1,522	915	72	2,509

**By Telegraph.**—The following telegrams have been received by us to-night showing the receipts, exports and stocks of cotton at all the ports for the week ending this evening, June 12 and price on that day.

From—	Receipts for week.	EXPORTS TO—		Total foreign. Exports.	Price Middling.	Stock
		Great Britain	Continent.			
New Orleans.....	663	3,992	2,934	6,976	27	10,235
Mobile.....	121	1,936	.....	1,936	26 3/4 @ 27	11,283
Charleston.....	264	1,718	.....	1,718	28 @	7,182
Savannah.....	597	.....	.....	.....	29 @	3,899
Texas.....	611	2,567	72	2,567	.....	5,579
All other ports...	1,323	340	.....	412	.....	88,385
Total.....	3,579	6,050	3,056	13,609	.....	126,563

**EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.**—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of May 30, states:\*

LIVERPOOL, May 30.—During the present week the cotton trade has

\* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ld. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

been dull, and all descriptions of produce have given way in price. The total sales are only 37,370 bales, comprising 3,920 bales on speculation, 6,210 bales declared for export, leaving 27,240 bales to the trade. American cotton has fallen 1/4 d. to 3/4 d.; Brazilian, 3/4 d.; East Indian, 1/4 d., while Sea Island and Brazilian cotton are saleable only at lower prices. The following are the quotations for cotton to arrive: American, basis of Middling, from New Orleans, nearly due, 11 1/2 d.; shipping or shipped 12 d. per lb. The prices of American cotton, compared with those of last year, are subjoined:

Description.	Ord. & Mid.	Fair & g'd fair		G'd & fine		Same date 1867—	
		g'd fair	fine	Mid.	Fair.	Good.	
Sea Island.....	23	27	30	32	38	66	18
Stained.....	11	13	14	16	17	19	12
Upland.....	9 1/2 - 10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	.....	.....	.....	11 1/2
Mobile.....	9 1/2 - 10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	.....	.....	.....	11 1/2
New Orleans.....	10	10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	.....	.....	11 1/2
Texas.....	10	10 1/2	11 1/2	12 1/2	.....	.....	11 1/2

The following statement shows the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.		1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Mid. Sea Island 34d.	27d.	18d.	27d.	27d.	Mid. Pernamb.	15 1/2 d.	13 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.
Upland... 16 1/2	13 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Egyptian..	15	13	12 1/2	9 1/2
Mobile.... 16 1/2	13 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Broach....	8 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2
Orleans... 16 1/2	14	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	Dhollerah.	8 1/2	6 1/2	7 1/2	8 1/2

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports, compared with last year:

	1867.	1868.
Stock in Liverpool.....Bales	810,620	620,520
“ London.....	56,910	36,730
American cotton afloat.....	100,000	90,000
Indian “.....	560,160	445,420
Total.....	1,527,710	1,192,670

Since the commencement of the year speculation and export have been to the following extent:

	Taken on spec. to this date—		Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—		Actual exp't from K'gdom in 1867.	
	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	1867, bales.	1867, bales.
American.....	187,510	45,520	85,420	70,748	92,206	227,900
Brazil.....	40,080	3,370	13,930	23,567	23,556	87,740
Egyptian, &c..	36,450	5,210	10,100	5,250	5,501	12,590
West India, &c	3,180	640	1,910	5,160	5,060	22,660
East India, &c.	76,760	36,060	37,170	149,690	163,971	664,150
Total.....	343,980	90,830	148,530	254,380	294,294	1,015,040

The following statement shows the sales and imports for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on the evening of Thursday last, compared with 1867:

	Sales this week.			Total this year.	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.
	Trade.	Ex- port.	Specula- tion.			
American.....bales.	15,580	3,430	3,640	22,650	855,230	610,640
Brazilian.....	4,000	1,370	.....	5,370	275,470	136,140
Egyptian.....	1,700	.....	110	1,810	140,490	94,630
West Indian.....	490	320	.....	810	41,350	40,110
East Indian.....	5,470	1,090	170	6,730	524,090	581,470
Total.....	27,240	6,210	3,920	37,370	1,836,630	1,362,990

	Imports			Stocks		
	This week.	To this date 1868.	Im- ports.	Total. 1867.	This day.	Same date 1867.
American.....	27,358	924,697	804,302	1,220,325	363,220	4,240
Brazilian.....	14,939	292,047	243,419	423,946	134,010	160,500
Egyptian.....	4,586	122,561	133,094	197,783	63,020	63,500
West Indian.....	4,444	28,285	53,358	107,047	9,800	28,796
East Indian.....	13,702	196,635	251,324	1,264,160	50,200	113,500
Total.....	65,029	1,564,225	1,485,973	3,223,276	620,250	810,620

Of the present stock of cotton at Liverpool, 58 1/2 per cent is American, against 54 1/2 per cent last year. The proportion of Indian cotton is 8 1/2 per cent, against 14 per cent.

LONDON, May 20.—The cotton trade has been very flat, and prices have declined 1/2 per lb. Annexed are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to May 23 .....	157,350	63,840	59,667
Deliveries.....	124,197	70,651	126,978
Stocks, May 28.....	63,024	56,909	36,726

BOMBAY, May 23.—The shipments of the week have been 50,000 bales, and since the 1st inst. 124,000 bales. Fine qualities of cotton are scarce.

MADRAS, May 18.—Western cotton is quoted at 7 1/2 d. per lb. ALEXANDRIA, May 18.—Fine cotton is still very scarce, and is consequently firm in price. Fair quality is quoted 13 1/4 d. to 13 1/2 d.; white do 13 1/4 d. to 14 d.; good fair 14 1/4 d. to 14 1/2 d. per lb., free on board. The shipments have been as follows:

From—	G. Britain,	Continent,	Total
Nov. 1, 1867, to May 16, 1868.....	156,946	39,750	196,696
Same period 1866-7.....	147,700	28,423	176,123
“ “ 1865-6.....	124,145	25,818	149,963
“ “ 1864-5.....	185,429	34,479	219,908

**TOBACCO.**

FRIDAY, P. M., June 12, 1868.

The exports of crude tobacco this week are somewhat in excess of last week, the total at all the ports reaching 1,805 hhds., 808 cases, 158 bales, 11 tierces and 7 hhds. of stems, against

1,318 hhds., 931 cases, 248 bales, 223 tierces for the previous seven days. Of these exports 756 hhds., 595 cases, 158 bales, 10 tierces were from New York; 922 hhds. were from New Orleans; 101 hhds., 6 cases, 1 tierce from Baltimore; 26 hhds., 185 cases from Boston, and 22 cases from San Francisco. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: 197 hhds. to Great Britain, 1,150 hhds. to Bremen, 400 hhds. to Venice, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco have reached only 36,620 lbs. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems, hhds.	Pkgs.	Man'f'd lbs.
New York	756	595	158	10	19	13	30,676
Baltimore	101	6	1	7	1	12	5,704
Boston	26	185	1	1	1	12	240
New Orleans	922	1	1	1	1	1	1
San Francisco	22	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Total this week</b>	<b>1,805</b>	<b>808</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>36,620</b>
Total last week	1,318	931	248	223	117	117	326,394
Total previous week	2,448	849	446	199	117	117	118,189

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867:

**Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.**

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & Stems, tcs.	hhds.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'f'd lbs.			
Great Britain	7,190	1,658	312	442	7	948	1,092,558			
Germany	13,426	6,421	14,214	4	1,108	545	108,917			
Belgium	1,180	1,201	36	1,027	146	6	3,091			
Holland	6,094	565	1,027	146	4,400	6	4,400			
Italy	2,890	218	43	17,916	193	55,570	113	13,404		
France	3,427	21	193	55,570	113	13,404	621	60		
Spain, Gibralt. &c.	8,292	1,039	57	60	628	73	187	524	33,018	
Mediterranean	228	57	1,132	61	8,890	4	1,216	23	264	2,154,655
Austria	621	60	171	164	364	1	1,016	96,373		
Africa, &c.	628	187	210	523	2,543	10	60	294,829		
China, India, &c.	1	1,132	632	464	6,709	37	314	542,211		
Australia, &c.	4	1,216	632	464	6,709	37	314	542,211		
B. N. Am. Prov.	171	164	716	43	41	6,370	6	2	28	903
South America	210	523	2,543	10	60	294,829	8	5	6	59
West Indies	210	523	2,543	10	60	294,829	8	5	6	59
East Indies	632	464	6,709	37	314	542,211	6	2	28	903
Mexico	6	2	43	41	6,370	6	2	28	903	
Honolulu, &c.	8	5	6	59	59	59	8	5	6	59
All others	8	5	6	59	59	59	8	5	6	59
<b>Total since Nov 1.</b>	<b>45,107</b>	<b>15,503</b>	<b>24,474</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>2,142</b>	<b>5,407</b>	<b>4,342,202</b>			

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	Stems, hhds.	Bxs & Pkgs.	Man'f'd lbs.
New York	25,336	11,522	21,893	279	283	1,606	4,165,098
Baltimore	14,622	53	152	31	1,859	231	25,404
Boston	584	3,510	2,293	24	2,395	9,940	141,560
Philadelphia	5	70	125	20	681	172	200
New Orleans	4,208	331	11	183	172	302	200
San Francisco	22	1	1	1	1	1	1
Virginia	352	10	183	172	302	200	200
Portland	7	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Total since Nov 1.</b>	<b>45,107</b>	<b>15,503</b>	<b>24,474</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>2,142</b>	<b>5,407</b>	<b>4,342,203</b>

The market has been active for low grades of Kentucky, but otherwise quiet.

The low grades of Kentucky have been in active demand for export and speculation, and prices are firm. The sales of the week are about 800 hhds., in fair to fine lugs at 8@10½c, including one line of 200 hhds. light old at 9½c, which is considered a very high figure. The better grades are held firmly, but are not active; buyers held off in expectation of a turn in their favor, and only about 200 hhds. changed hands at 12@20c. Letters from the interior show that a very large planting is going on, with favorable crops, in the face of which it is thought foreign holders will desire to reduce stocks.

Seed leaf has been dull. We have only to notice sales 100 cases old Ohio fillers at 5½c.; 48 cases State 8c.; 39 do Pennsylvania 7¼c. Spanish tobacco has been quiet; sales 53 bales new Havana on private terms; 25 bales old do \$1 07; 200 do do \$1 02. Manufactured tobacco remains inactive.

**QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY, PER LB.**

Kentucky Leaf (hhds.)				
	Light.	Heavy.	Light.	Heavy.
Lugs	8 @ 9	9½ @ 10½	14½ @ 15	15½ @ 16½
Common Leaf	9½ @ 10½	11 @ 13	15½ @ 17½	17 @ 20
Medium do	11 @ 14	13½ @ 15	18 @ 20	21 @ 24
Seed Leaf (cases).				
Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers	6 @ 7c.			
Average lots	18 @ 30			
Fine wrappers	35 @ 55			
New York State fillers	5 @ 5½			
Average lots	8 @ 14			
Wrappers	12 @ 35			
Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers	5 @ 5½			
Average lots	9 @ 16			
Wrappers	15 @ 40			

Havana.		Foreign (bales).		Yara.	
Common	80 @ 85	I cut	107½ @ 112	82	@ 85
Good	95 @ 100	II cut	107½ @ 112	23	@ 30
Fine	105 @ 110	Average lot	92½ @ 95	25	@ 45
Manufactured (bxs. in bond.)					
Black work—common and medium	17½ @ 22				
good and fine	23 @ 30				
Bright work—common and medium	25 @ 45				
good and fine	50 @ 85				

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

**RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.**

From	This week		Previously		T'l sin. Nov. 1	
	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.
Virginia	530	1,894	6,071	42,623	6,601	44,517
Baltimore	189	188	1,186	3,486	1,375	3,674
New Orleans	922	770	770	703	770	703
Ohio, &c.	1,208	825	17,705	11,066	18,913	11,891
Other	39	267	267	2,168	267	2,207
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,927</b>	<b>2,946</b>	<b>25,999</b>	<b>60,046</b>	<b>27,926</b>	<b>62,992</b>

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

**EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.\***

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Lbs. manuf.
Liverpool	20	139	1	1	1
Glasgow	96	1	1	1	1
Havre	2	1	1	1	1
Hamburg	1	1	37	1	1,261
Bremen	228	434	1	1	1
Venice	400	1	1	1	1
Danish West Indies	1	1	36	1	1
Dutch West Indies	3	1	6	1	1
British West Indies	1	1	24	1	3,895
Cuba	1	1	1	1	7,524
Porto Rico	2	1	42	1	1
Hayti	1	1	13	1	1
British Guiana	5	1	1	1	1
New Granada	1	1	1	1	557
Argentine Republic	1	1	10	1	4,800
Chili	1	22	1	1	1
Peru	1	1	1	1	10,695
Canada	1	1	1	1	1,944
<b>Total for week</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>595</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>30,676</b>

\* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Liverpool, 81 hhds. leaf, 6 cases, 1 tierce and 2 hhds., and 10 tierces of strips....To Rio Janeiro, 20 hhds. leaf....To Demerara, 4,431 lbs. manuf....To St. Jago, 1,273 lbs. manuf.  
From New Orleans—To Bremen, 922 h hds. 1-af.  
From Boston—To British East Indies, 185 cases....To Africa, 22 hhds....To British Provinces, 4 hhds., 12 boxes and 240 lbs. manuf.  
From San Francisco—To Hong Kong, 10 cases....To Mexico, 1 box....To Victoria, 12 cases.

**BREADSTUFFS.**

FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1868, P. M.

The market has been very irregular the past week, and closes unsettled.

The flour market has shown a steady downward tendency in nearly all grades. Receipts have been moderate, but the demand has also been quite limited. Nothing has been done for Great Britain. The Provinces have bought very sparingly, and the local trade takes only to supply immediate wants. There is no great pressure to sell, but receivers prefer to sell from the wharf on arrival, and will make concessions to clear off full lines. At the close there is some shipping demand for extra State at \$8 25@\$8 50.

The wheat market has also been dull and drooping. There has been some export demand, and a few loads have been shipped on consignment; millers have been moderate buyers, but the whole movement has not been equal to the receipts, reduced as they are, and prices have slightly but almost daily receded. The receipts at the Western markets are somewhat reduced, but are still very fair. This market to-day was at \$2 13@\$2 15 for No. 2 Spring in store and afloat, at which a limited business was done to day for export and milling.

Corn having declined on Wednesday to \$1 08 for prime new Western mixed, has since been doing better in the face of lower quotations from Liverpool. This is attributed to the cold storm of rain which for two days has extended along the whole Atlantic seaboard, and is greatly adverse to the cultivation of the crop for the current season. Holders say that we have not now and shall not have any more corn than will be

requisite to supply the home demand. At to-day's market prime Western mixed at the opening was held higher, but closed at \$1 08½. Oats have sympathized closely with corn Rye is dull and heavy. Barley and barley malt quite nominal. In Canada Peas the only sales for some weeks have been made for Glasgow at \$1 40, in bond.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour— Superfine..... 7 bbl. \$7 40@ 8 20 Extra State..... 8 25@ 9 00 Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 9 00@ 9 75 Extra Western, com- mon to good..... 8 15@ 9 00 Double Extra Western and St. Louis..... 10 00@15 00 Southern supers..... 9 50@11 25 Southern, extra and family..... 11 75@15 00 California..... 10 50@13 25 Rye Flour, fine and super- fine..... 8 65@10 40	Corn Meal..... \$5 50@ 6 85 Wheat, Spring, per bush. 2 38@ 2 27 Red Winter..... 2 50@ 2 60 Amber do..... 2 65@ 2 75 White..... 2 60@ 2 90 Corn, Western Mix'd new Yellow..... 1 08@ 1 09 Southern White..... 1 12@ 1 13 Rye..... 1 15@ 1 18 Oats, Western cargoes... 85@ 86 Jersey and State..... @ Barley..... @ Malt..... 2 20@ 2 40 Peas Canada..... 1 40@ 1 55
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The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	30,650	614,125	40,895	909,385
Corn meal, bbls.....	3,170	133,240	2,820	173,950
Wheat, bush.....	87,930	670,810	180,770	3,475,505
Corn, bush.....	451,05	2,212,380	405,510	7,042,645
Rye, bush.....	14,770	25,435	5,730	206,130
Barley, &c., bush.....	10,610	259,770	730	661,095
Oats, bush.....	61,960	645,405	189,945	1,940,900

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, bbls.	C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	649	76,026	.....	.....	.....	.....	166,488
since Jan. 1.....	80,621	63	2,470,699	.....	.....	.....	3,368,961
N. A. Col. week..	3,988	1,176	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
since Jan. 1.....	66,117	34,600	500	.....	.....	.....	48,414
West Ind. week..	7,539	3,330	400	.....	.....	949	1,794
since Jan. 1.....	165,527	52,239	400	21	.....	34,640	43,019
Total exp't, week	16,032	4,556	76,426	.....	.....	949	173,192
since Jan. 1, 1868	366,867	93,247	2,509,817	152,993	.....	38,943	3,537,451
same time, 1867.	192,926	73,452	37,549	136,887	860,217	122,708	3,955,642
Since Jan. 1 from							
Boston.....	80,372	29,344	27,090	.....	430	3,092	16,870
Philadelphia.....	28,225	23,075	44,370	16,198	.....	2,495	509,367
Baltimore.....	118,526	24,611	10,770	66	.....	10,065	465,978

EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT 1, 1867.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	June 5, 1868.	347,342	6,627,609	5,436,862
New Orleans.....	May 28, 1868..	303	14,779	450,654
Philadelphia.....	" 28, 1868..	20,143	58,286	634,197
Baltimore.....	" 28, 1868..	9,297	10,770	440,450
Boston.....	" 28, 1868..	18,863	27,090	2,750
California.....	Apr. 28, 1868..	43,079	5,054,157	.....
Other ports.....	May 16, 1868..	32,499	77,224	91,545
Total.....		471,526	11,869,915	7,056,458
To about same period, 1867.....		125,802	4,880,164	7,056,458
do do 1866.....		126,762	1,198,969	7,766,476
do do 1865.....		103,894	1,678,730	207,646

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to June 5, 1868.....	52,354	578,723	314,576	38,299
Other ports, to latest dates.....	14,717	.....	26,188	17,180
Total.....	67,071	578,723	340,764	55,479
To about same period, 1867.....	2,183	151,582	71,407	10,360
do do 1866.....	4,277	245,651	68,111	41,893
do do 1865.....	19,801	.....	94,990	11,485

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN BY CANAL.—The following statement will show the amount of grain on canals, June 5th, destined for tide water:

	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
From Buffalo, 14 days.....	209,839	471,374	432,123	8,082	.....
From Oswego, 9 days.....	52,599	87,135	57,706	.....	750
Total.....	262,438	558,509	489,834	8,082	750
Previous week.....	423,909	889,848	475,400	.....	15,386
Corresponding week '67.....	27,500	634,821	259,545	.....	30,260
Corresponding week '67....	197,266	1,770,839	770,685	25,897	23,924

FLOUR AND GRAIN IN STORE AT CHICAGO:

	June 1, 1868.	May 25, 1868.	June 1, 1867.
Flour, bbls.....	41,208	53,000	85,714
Wheat, bush.....	553,252	498,525	148,174
Corn, bush.....	960,365	996,457	1,111,162
Oats, bush.....	323,193	333,639	441,350
Barley, bush.....	3,246	3,632	23,474
Rye, bush.....	13,635	20,935	23,474
Total grain, bush.....	1,953,691	1,853,288	1,747,634

WHEAT IN STORE AT MILWAUKEE, June 3.—604,000 bushels, against \$20,000 bushels for corresponding period in 1867.

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The receipts at the following Lake ports for the week ending June 6:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	27,769	221,970	609,971	215,462	512	3,527
Milwaukee.....	11,432	208,720	22,293	35,113	404	2,733
ledo.....	12,984	20,905	77,133	13,236	.....	40

	12,237	22,420	9,756	5,320	34	.....
Detroit.....	12,237	22,420	9,756	5,320	34	.....
Cleveland.....	2,898	24,664	30,050	16,500	.....	.....
Totals.....	67,320	498,679	749,308	285,631	950	6,300
Previous week.....	70,813	570,955	663,348	480,080	3,673	3,884
Correspond'g week, '67.	44,511	269,762	971,270	278,459	6,342	24,859
.....	66.	86,396	711,331	2,169,997	804,732	28,792

The comparative receipts of flour and grain at the same ports, from January 1st to June 6, for three years were:

	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.....	1,468,574	1,193,451	1,351,327
Wheat, bush.....	6,498,679	3,903,365	7,433,345
Corn, bush.....	12,352,793	9,783,459	11,485,727
Oats, bush.....	3,848,251	2,621,811	4,891,920
Barley, bush.....	378,082	513,729	311,808
Rye, bush.....	186,728	432,638	589,759
Total grain, bush.....	22,264,533	17,235,002	24,712,559

GRAIN IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES.

	June 1, 1868.	June 8, 1868.	June 10, 1867.
Wheat..... bush.	538,778	567,699	578,279
Corn.....	1,094,468	1,326,721	217,706
Oats.....	570,943	527,364	379,865
Rye.....	575	575	69,643
Barley.....	48,043	57,460	117,257
Malt.....	16,429	11,565	16,311
Peas.....	31,759	43,400	25,041
Total.....	2,301,035	2,543,782	1,404,102

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 12, 1868.

Trade has been uniformly dull, and has doubtless been somewhat influenced by the continuous bad weather. There has been no demand for coffee, sugar or molasses, and prices for these are drooping. In teas the lack of business seems to have arisen from the very firm views of holders, as there has been a fair inquiry, but prices have been so stiff as to put a check on transactions.

Imports of the week have been considerable in Rio Coffee, Sugar and Molasses. A cargo of Tea, chiefly greens, has also arrived from Halifax, having been shipped from Shanghai to that port and thence ordered to New York. Our total imports since Jan. 1, 1868, are still considerably in advance of last year's imports for the same time, and stocks have lately been increasing. Full details of the imports at the several ports for the week and since Jan. 1 are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	This week.	From Jan 1 to date—1868.	1867.
Tea..... lbs.	372,844	28,578,662	26,159,358
Tea (indirect import)..... pkgs.	77	5,325	15,245
Coffee, Rio..... bags	25,909	499,238	476,934
Coffee, other..... bags.	5,789	210,495	.....
Sugar..... boxes.	17,380	288,817	140,784
Sugar..... hhds.	24,869	333,485	261,640
Sugar..... bags.	11,695	214,465	71,806
Sugar.....	.....	257,412	247,040
Molasses..... hhds.	26,019	10,925	8,937
Molasses, New Orleans..... bbls.	.....	.....	.....

TEA.

The general inactivity which has prevailed in other branches of the grocery trade has affected this also, but originating from a different source. There has been apparently a good demand, but the views of holders who adhere firmly to the scale of prices attained under the advance we reported some time since have been such as to discourage purchasers and limit transactions. The inquiry has been mainly for blacks. The sale comprise 8,304 half chests Oolongs, 2,011 do greens, 2,937 do Japans and 270 do Souchong.

The imports of the week include 372,844 lbs. per "Guam", from Shanghai, consisting of 14,884 lbs. Congou and Souchong, 24,360 lbs. Twankay, 3,334 lbs. Hyson, 219,333 lbs. Young Hyson, 22,783 lbs. Imperial, 5,3200 lbs. Gunpowder. The "Guam" sailed from China for Halifax, and thence for New York. Her cargo has already been sold. 77 caddies of tea from Liverpool by steamer are also included in our receipts.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to April 7, 1868, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868:

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1.	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1868.	1867.
	June 1 to April 7.	June 1 to April 7.	1868.	1867.
Congou & Sou..... lbs.	1,858,899	1,464,633	1,468,890	1,512,839
Pouchong.....	468,183	182,750	191,774	267,493
Oolong & Ning.....	11,043,725	11,512,691	11,257,481	9,766,109
Pekoe.....	12,078	3,300	1,700	12,078
Twankay.....	732,938	650,716	749,541	480,642
Hyson skin.....	65,157	23,190	33,024	54,403
Hyson.....	2,026,818	1,268,632	1,250,638	1,493,115
Young Hyson.....	8,067,185	7,017,447	5,900,781	5,638,863
Imperial.....	1,777,073	1,456,110	1,439,030	1,350,512
Gunpowder.....	1,906,417	1,843,138	1,753,926	1,414,565
Japans.....	5,496,842	6,320,600	4,536,926	4,693,739
Total, lbs.....	33,455,245	31,748,207	*28,578,661	26,159,358

\* All at New Ycrk except three cargoes (1,103,400 lbs.) at Boston.



The weather has had a very depressing influence on trade, and had not the business been conducted on all sides with due prudence and foresight, we might have witnessed a still more unfavorable state of affairs than now exists. As it is credits have been well maintained, and stocks being reported generally lighter than usual on all hands, the auspices are favorable for a fair business in the Fall.

The low prices now ruling for many makes of domestic goods, and the still drooping tendency of others that have slightly accumulated during the late inaction, will probably have the effect shortly, of stimulating some speculative purchases for the next season's trade, as it is admitted that the goods cannot be replaced at the current rates of cotton. Such action might for a time give a feverish animation to the market, but would probably be followed by a depressing reaction, unless a more decided confidence in the prices of dry goods and cotton should be developed than now exists.

The exports of dry goods for the week ending June 9, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.			FROM BOSTON.	
	D. Goods. pkgs.	Val.	D. Goods. packages.	Domestics. pkgs.	Dry Goods cases.
Dutch West Indies.	14	\$1,100	.....	.....	.....
Mexico.....	10	1,386	.....	.....	.....
Brazil.....	24	3,870	.....	.....	.....
Cisplatine Republic	11	540	.....	.....	.....
Argentine Republic	96	5,744	.....	.....	.....
Chili.....	33	6,679	.....	.....	.....
Peru.....	21	1,467	.....	.....	.....
China.....	5	473	.....	.....	.....
Liverpool.....	.....	.....	9	2,564	.....
British West Indies	.....	.....	3	385	.....
Cuba.....	.....	.....	9	1,914	.....
New Granada.....	.....	.....	13	6,500	.....
British East Indies.	.....	.....	.....	110	.....
Hayti.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
British Provinces..	.....	.....	.....	5	6
Total this week..	214	\$21,259	34	\$11,363	115
Since Jan. 1, 1868.	11,535	1,093,244	2,207	798,514	5,786
Same time 1867....	4,534	620,771	3,086	678,332	3,351
1860.....	42,811	.....	.....	.....	22,444

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

**BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS** have been dull and depressed, and the transactions are limited to a few drives, and to small lots required for immediate consumption. The stock of both heavy and light weights are accumulating in first hands, but agents show no disposition to press sales on such a languid market. The prices of a good many brands are lower than those ruling last week. Agawam 36 inches 18½, Amoskeag A 36 16½, do B 36 16, Atlantic A 36 17½, do H 36 17, do P 36 14½, do L 36 15, do V 36 14½, Appleton A 36 17, Augusta 36 16, do 30 13½, Bedford R 30 10½, Boott H 27 11, do O 34 12½, do S 40 14½, do W 45 19, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Grafton A 27 9½, Great Falls M 36 13½, do S 33 12½, Indian Head 36 17, do 30 14½, Indian Orchard A 40 15½, do C 36 14½, do BB 36 13½, do W 34 12½, do NN 36 16, Laconia O 39 14½, do B 37 13½, do E 36 12½, Lawrence C 36 16½, do E 36 14½, do F 36 14½, do G 34 12½, do H 27 11, do LL 36 —, Lyman O 36 15, do E 36 17, Massachusetts BB 36 13½, do J 30 13½, Medford 36 16, Nashua fine O 33 14½, do R 36 16, do E 39 18, Newmarket 36 13, Pacific extra 36 17, do H 36 17, do L 36 15, Pepperell 6-4 —, do 7-4 27½, do 8-4 42, do 9-4 45, do 10-4 50, do 11-4 57, Pepperell E fine 39 16, do R 36 15, do O 33 13½, do N 30 12½, do G 30 14, Pocasset F 30 10½, do K 36 14, do 40 17, Saranac fine O 33 14½, do R 36 16, do E 39 18, Sigourney 36 10, Stark A 36 16½, Swift River 36 12½, Tiger 27 9½, Tremont M 33 11.

**BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS** are quiet under a very limited demand. Some popular and well known brands of first quality are fairly steady, but the medium grades are slow of sale at the reduction noted in our Price Current. Amoskeag 46 21½, do 42 20, do A 36 17, do Z 33 12, Androscoggin 36 18, Appleton 36 17, Attawaugan XX 36 15, Atlantic Cambric 36 27½, Ballou & Son 36 16, Bartletts 36 16, do 33 14½, do 30 13½, Bates 36 19, do BB 36 16, do B 33 14, Blackstone 36 16, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 15½, do C 33 13½, do H 28 11, do O 30 13½, do R 27 10½, do S 36 14½, do W 45 19, Dwight 36 21½, Ellerton E 42 20, do 27 10, Forrest Mills 36 15, Forestdale 36 17½, Globe 27 8½, Fruit of the Loom 36 19, Gold Medal 36 16, Greene Mfg Co 36 12½, do 30 10½, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 14, do S 31 13, do A 33 15, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 17, do 33 15, Hope 36 15, James 36 16, do 33 14½, do 31 13, Lawrence B 36 15, Lonsdale 36 18, Masonville 36 18, Mattawamkeag 6-4 —, do 8-4 —, do 9-4 —, do 10-4 —, Newmarket C 36 15½, New York Mills 36 28, Pepperell 6-4 29, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 55, Rosebuds 36 17, Red Bank 36 12, do 32 10½, Slater J. & W. 36 16, Tuscarora 22, Utica 5-4 32½, do 6-4 25, do 9-4 62½, do 10-4 67½, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 16½, do 6-4 27, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 55, Wamsutta 45 32½, do 40½ 29, do 36 25, Washington 33 10.

**BROWN DRILLS** are inactive, and the export demand is quite limited. Androscoggin 11, Amoskeag 17, Boott 17, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 17, Pepperell 17, Stark A 17, do H 15½.

**PRINT CLOTHS** were reported more active last week at Providence, with sales amounting to 126,500, and the closing price for 64x64 standard cloth was 8½ cents.

**PRINTS** have shown but a slight inquiry, except for small lots to complete assortments. The continuation of unfavorable weather has had a depressing influence on the trade, and some agents have resolved to clear out their balance of light work at a reduction. This has unsettled the market for that style of goods, and there seems a probability of all light patterns being offered at a material decline. Mediums are scarce in the market, and agents are firmer in their views for dark work of good style. Allens 12½, American 12½, Amoskeag 12½, Arnolds 10½, Cocheco —, Conestoga —, Dunnell's 12½, Freeman 10½, Gloucester 11½-12½, Hamilton 12½-13½, Home 7½, Lancaster 11½-12½, London mourning 12½, Mallory 13-14, Manchester 11-11½, Merrimac D 12½, do p'k & purple 15, do W 15, do chintz 13½, Oriental 12½, Pacific 12½, Richmonds 12½, Simpson Mourning 12½, Sprague's pur and pink 14½, do blue and wh. 16, do fancy —, do shirtings 14½, Victory 10½, Wamsutta 10, Wauregan 11½.

**GINGHAMS** are inactive, the demand being restricted to small lots to complete assortments. Allamance plaid 19, Caledonia 15, Glasgow 15-16½, Hampden 16, Lancaster 18, Manchester 13½.

**MUSLIN DELAINES** are dull, and prices are drooping. Armures 20, do plain 20, Hamilton 15-16, Lowell 15-16, Manchester 15-16, Pacific 15-16, Pekins 24, Piques 22, Spragues 15.

**TICKINGS** are in very limited request for the best makes Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag A C A 35, do A 30, do B 25, do C 22, do D 20, Blackstone River 18, Conestoga 27½, do extra 32½, Cordis 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 27½, do D —, Lewiston 36 34, do 32 30, do 30 26, Mecs. and W'km's 30, Pearl River 33, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 17, Thorndike 18½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28½-30, York 30 27½, do 32 34.

**STRIPES** are quiet, with a decline on some brands. Albany 9, American 13½, Amoskeag 23½, Boston 15, Everett 13, Hamilton 23½, Haymaker 17, Sheridan A 13, do G 14, Uncasville dark 16, do light 15, Whittenton AA 23, do A 21, do BB 16, do C 15, do D 12, York 22½.

**CHECKS**—But little doing, and prices for the most part nominal. Caledonia No. 70 27½, do 50 25, do 10 25, do 8 19, do 11 22½, do 15 27½, Kennebeck 23½, Lanark No. 2 12, Park No. 60 15, do 70 22½, do 90 27½, Pequa No. 1,200 12½, Star Mills 600 10½, do 800 16, Union No. 20 25, do 50 27½.

**DENIMS** show a small demand, but prices are not so firm. Amoskeag 30, Blue Hill 14½, Beaver cr. blue 19, do CC 22½, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 19, Manchester 22½, Lingard's blue 16, do brown —, Otis AXA 29, do BB 27, do CC 23, Pearl River 28, Pittsfield —, Thorndike 18, Tremont 20.

**COTTONADES** are inactive. Far. & Mec. Cass. 42½, Lewiston 40, New York Mills 31½, Plow. L. & Anv. 37½.

**CORSET JEANS** are slow of sale. Amoskeag 14, Bates 10½, Everetts 15, Laconia 14, Naumkeag 14, do satteen 17½, Pepperell 15, Washington satteen 16½.

**CAMBRICS** are quiet; but the demand for the best grades of SILESIA has been steady at current values. Pequot cambrics 10½, Superior 8½, Victory H 9, Washington 10, Wauregan 10½, Blackburn Silesias 16, Indian Orchard 15, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory J twilled 15, Ward 15.

**COTTON BAGS** are dull; but a few orders for hop bagging have been received. American 47½, Lewiston 50, Stark A 52½, do C 3 bush 67½.

**COTTON YARNS** are inactive at unchanged quotations. Forty for large and 4½ cents for small skeins are the asking rates.

**FOREIGN DRESS GOODS** show nothing of special interest to report. Jobbers are clearing out their balances at a reduction, but nothing but the most desirable styles attracts attention. The auctions are almost over for the season, and now consist mainly of irregular lots that bring but poor prices.

**DOMESTIC WOOLENS** are quiet, as jobbers are not as yet in the market. The clothing trade are buying with extreme caution, but all odd lots of desirable style for the Fall trade that can be purchased at low prices, are taken to keep the hands employed. Foreign woollens are inactive.

**IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.**

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending June 11, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows:

**ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 11, 1868.**

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	620	\$271,507	389	\$149,835	706	\$234,770
do cotton..	480	137,540	172	61,151	524	139,339
do silk...	134	143,718	120	149,210	369	272,238
do flax....	973	213,369	248	71,596	524	133,849
Miscellaneous dry goods.	290	51,100	2,110	81,361	145	156,667
Total.....	2,497	\$817,234	3,039	\$513,153	2,268	\$841,863

**WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.**

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	475	\$182,287	213	\$91,054	408	\$154,076
do cotton..	220	71,148	183	64,729	138	37,531
do silk....	75	87,117	99	94,182	40	31,421
do flax....	387	85,121	215	53,654	272	48,459
Miscellaneous dry goods.	15	4,774	1,340	16,257	1,511	18,929
Total.....	1,172	\$430,447	2,050	\$319,876	2,369	\$290,414
Add ent'd for consu'p'n	2,497	817,234	3,039	513,153	2,268	841,863
Totalth'wn upon mak't.	3,669	\$1,247,681	5,089	\$833,029	4,637	\$1,132,277

**ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.**

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	1,447	\$629,035	655	\$277,748	589	\$227,511
do cotton..	731	196,696	74	23,568	157	40,980
do silk....	149	132,551	31	29,976	23	31,241
do flax....	635	134,550	201	43,433	187	52,067
Miscellaneous dry goods.	2,829	48,937	2,228	31,767	42	13,104
Total.....	5,788	\$1,191,769	3,192	\$412,542	1,003	\$364,903
Add ent'd for consu'p'n	2,497	817,234	3,030	513,153	2,268	841,863
Total entered at the port	8,285	\$2,009,003	6,231	\$925,695	3,271	\$1,206,766

**Dry Goods.**

**JENKINS, VAILL & PEABODY,**

46 LEONARD STREET,  
DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Sole Agents for the sale of  
**COTTONS AND WOOLENS,**  
Of Several Mills.

**C. B. & J. F. Mitchell,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.  
21 WALKER STREET NEW YORK,  
Sole Agents for  
**JOSEPH GREER'S CHECKS.**  
Also, Agents for the Sale of  
Fine 6-4 Scotch Coatings; Oxford, Cadet, and Fancy  
Jeans, B. & W. Checks and Fancy Tweeds; Shirting  
Flannels; Gingham, Ticks, and Balmoral  
Skirts, of several makes.

**George Hughes & Co.**

Importers & Commission Merchants,  
198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,  
SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,  
SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,  
LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,  
PATENT LINEN THREAD

Sole Agents for

**DICKSONS' FERGUSON & CO, Belfast.**  
**And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.**

**GEORGE PEARCE & Co.,**

70 & 72 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK,  
Importers of

**White Goods,**  
**Laces and Emb's,**  
**Linen Handk's,**  
**British and Continental.**

**BYRD & HALL,**

Manufacturers of  
**UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,**  
Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

**SPOOL COTTON.**

**JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.**  
Mile End, Glasgow.  
IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE  
SEWING.  
**THOS. RUSSELL, Sole Agent.**  
88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.

**TOWNSEND & YALE,**

90, 92 & 94 FRANKLIN STREET.  
Agents for  
**Lawrence Manf'g Co.**  
**Keystone Knitting Mills.**  
**Germantown Hosiery Mills.**  
**Blackstone Knitting Mills.**  
**Bristol Woolen Manf'g Co.**  
**Glastenburg Knitting Co.**  
**Penn Knitting Company.**  
**Winthrop Knitting Co.**

**Commercial Cards.**

**THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO.,**

Manufacturers and Dealers in

**Cotton Sail Duck,**

And all kinds of  
COTTON CANVASS, FELTING DUCK, CAR COVER-  
ING, BAGGING, RAVENS DUCK, SAIL TWINES  
& C. "ONTARIO" SEAMLESS BAGS AND  
AWNING STRIPES.

Also, Agents

**United States Bunting Company.**

A full supply all Widths and Colors always in stock.  
59 Broad Street, New York.

E. A. BRINCKERHOFF, THEODORE POLHEMUS,  
J. SPENCER TURNER, H. D. POLHEMUS, Special.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**

The partnership between the subscribers, under  
the firm of

**J. H. Brower & Co.,**

was dissolved by mutual consent, November 29th  
1867.  
The liabilities of the late firm have all been liqui-  
dated and settled.

J. H. BROWER.  
W. H. SELLERS.  
B. B. BLYDENBURGH.

New York, June 1st, 1868.

**PARTNERSHIP.**

The subscribers have this day formed a partnership  
under the firm of

**J. H. Brower & Co.,**

for the transaction of a general commission business  
and have such arrangements as to enable them to  
offer their friends and former correspondents liberal  
facilities upon consignments.

Strict attention will be given to such interests as  
may be intrusted to our care.

J. H. BROWER.  
B. B. BLYDENBURGH.

New York, June 1st, 1868.

**Edward Lambert & Co.,**

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

**SPECIALTY  
COMMERCIAL PAPER.**

**PARDEE'S PATENT**

**"Bilge Water Discharge."**

**PORTABLE AND SELF-ACTING.**

One fixture will probably discharge 1,500 barrels of  
water per day, without the aid of machinery or  
labor.

Is applied to all vessels at an average expense of  
\$50 00.

One-Half interest in the above improvement is for  
sale by

E. E. TIFFANY & CO.,  
15 Wall Street, New York.

**Argillo Works.—Carbon**

**Cliff.**

**ROCK ISLAND CO., ILLS.**

**OBJECTS:**

Manufacture of Pottery-Ware, Fire Brick and Drain  
Tiles.

**ASSETS:**

The actual cash value of the property of the Com-  
pany is \$100,000, and the total stock of the Company is  
but \$100,000. The property of the Company is owned  
and its affairs managed by three of the most capable  
and honorable citizens of Rock Island County. The  
demand for its products is steadily and rapidly in-  
creasing, and for the purpose of enabling the Company  
to increase its manufacturing capacity, a limited  
number of its shares are offered to the public for in-  
vestment at 80 per cent.

From the profits thus far realized, the undersigned  
believe the stock of the above Company will pay  
better Dividends than any other investment equally  
safe now offering. For stock or further information  
apply to

E. TIFFANY & CO.  
Financial Agents,  
15 Wall Street, New York.

**Excelsior  
STEAM BOILER.**

Fenton's Patents, May 7, 1867, and  
March 3, 1868.

**The Best and most Economical,  
Safe and Durable.**

All former inventions of this nature  
have failed for want of simplicity of  
construction, in efficiency, in economy,  
in use, and first cost; these failings have  
been obviated by this invention as will  
be seen by inspecting its advantages,  
which are:

**FIRST.**—Simplicity of construction  
and not liable to get out of order.

**SECOND.**—Cheapness of first cost  
and freedom from danger.

**THIRD.**—Universality of application  
in almost all cases where steam is  
required.

**FOURTH.**—Economy in use, as its  
internal parts are so arranged with  
respect to each other, that better  
combustion, and great saving in  
fuel, follow in its use.

**FIFTH.**—Good water circulation;  
which keeps the iron clean and free  
from deposit and scale, and induces  
rapidity in the production of steam.

**SIXTH.**—It produces dry steam. Its  
large water content and the steam  
exit being at a distance from the  
tubes tends to prevent priming.

The Inventor and owner of the above  
Improvement being unable to manufac-  
ture them in sufficient quantities will

**Dispose of the Improvement**

AT A

**FAIR PRICE.**

Apply immediately to

**F. TIFFANY & CO.,**  
15 Wall Street, New York.

600 MILES  
OF THE  
**Union Pacific Railroad**

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this Spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and the Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all the energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

**GREAT NATIONAL WORK.**

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive :

**I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT**

Of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

**II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT**

Of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

**III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT**

Of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

**IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT**

Of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the United States Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and NO MORE. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

**V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION.**

From the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

**VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS**

On its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific but they certainly prove that

**FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS**

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

**Are Secure Beyond any Contingency.**

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for \$1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of Six Per Cent in Gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

**NEARLY NINE PER CENT.**

**And it is believed that they may soon be at a Premium.**

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their Bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the Bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of Six Per Cent per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in New York

**At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street,**

AND BY

**John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall Street.**

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the progress of the work, the resources of the country traversed by the road, the means for construction, and the value of the bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's office, or to any of the advertised agents.

**JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer New York.**

MAY 25, 1868

**Financial.**

**St. Louis City**

**SIX PER CENT BONDS.**

Bonds have 20 years to run, interest payable May 1st and November 1st, at the

**NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, In New York.**

The subscribers, the authorized agents for the sale of these Bonds, offer a limited amount at

**\$5 and Accrued Interest.**

**Jameson, Smith & Cotting**

**BANKERS,**

14 AND 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

**A Desirable Investment.**

**UNION AND LOGANSPORT**

**SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS**

We offer for sale a limited amount of the above named bonds at the low rate of 85 and accrued interest. These bonds are secured by a First Mortgage on the road between Union, Ohio, and Logansport, Indiana, being a link in the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad Company, the new route to Chicago, and are convertible at the option of the holder, into the First Mortgage Bonds of that Company. For further particulars apply to

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.

No. 18 Wall Street, New York.

**St. Louis & Iron Mountain**

**RAILROAD COMPANY.**

**SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.**

The title of the ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Kentucky, is now going rapidly forward; 91 miles being in profitable operation, 45 miles of new work graded with rails enough on hand for 47 miles; it is expected that the whole line from St. Louis to Belmont, 192 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated. The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch southwardly from Pilot Knob for which a cash subsidy of \$15,000 per mile is granted by the State as a free gift to the company, will add very much to the value of their property.

THOMAS ALLEN, President, St. Louis.

St. Louis, April, 1868.

We the undersigned, cordially recommend these 7 per cent mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large and the administration of the affairs of the company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.

- James S. Thomas, Mayor of St. Louis.
- John J. Roe, President Chamber of Commerce.
- E. W. Fox, President Board of Trade.
- Barton Bates, President North Missouri Railroad.
- J. H. Britton, President National Bank State of Mo.
- Wm. L. Ewing, Pres. Mer. Nat. Bank of St. Louis.
- Geo. H. Rea, Pres. 2d Nat. Bank of St. Louis.
- Jas. B. Eads, Chief Engineer St. L. & Ill. Bridge Co.
- G. R. Taylor, President Pacific Railroad.
- Wm. Taussig, President Traders' Bank St. Louis.
- Jno. R. Lionberger, Pres. 3d Nat. Bank St. Louis.
- Adolphus Meir, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railroad.
- Robert Barth, Pres. German Savings Institution, New York References:
- E. D. Morgan & Co. John H. Swift. Isaac N. Phelps.
- W. V. Brady. S. Gandy. W. T. Blodgett

Bonds for sale and pamphlets giving details can be had at the New York agency of the Company, 43 Wall street. H. G. MARQUAND, Vice-President.

**United States Treasury,**

June 8th, 1868.

SCHEDULES OF (30) THIRTY OR MORE COUPONS, due July 1st, will now be received for examination.

H. H. VAN DYCK,

Assistant Treasurer.

**THE HOPE**

**Fire Insurance Company**

**OFFICE NO. 92 BROADWAY,**

Cash Capital.....\$150,000  
Assets, June 1, 1867.....\$222,433

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any responsible Company

JACOB REESE, President  
JAMES E. MOORE, Secretary.

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1867 and 1868 :

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings (1867, 1868), Earn. p. m. (1867, 1868). Rows include Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago and N. West'n, Chic., R. I. and Pacific, Marietta & Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Western Union.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY COMPANY.—The United States Trust Company of Cincinnati will act as transfer agents of the new company. Holders of Bellefontaine stock are to exchange it at par for stock of the new company, and holders of Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati stock are to receive a bonus of \$20 per share in stock, that is, they are to have \$120 of the new stock for every \$100 of the old. Scrip certificates will be issued for fractional shares, which will not bear interest till converted into full shares.

MANASSAS GAP RAILROAD.—This road has been for some time in operation to Front Royal, 51 miles from its junction with the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. On the 1st of June it was to have been opened to Strasburg, 61 miles; and by the 20th of June it is confidently expected that the track will have been relaid and the road put in good order as far as Mount Jackson, 85 miles. From that place to near Harrisonburg its former western terminus, the completion of the road has been put under contract to reliable parties, to be finished by the first of October next.

The Flint and Holly Railroad has been leased to the Flint and Pere Marquette Railway Company for 100 years, which amounts to an absolute sale, from May 1, 1868. The amounts to be paid is \$550,000, of which \$250,000 is in ten annual installments of \$25,000 each, and \$300,000 on May 1, 1868. The capital stock of the Flint and Holly Railroad was \$500,000, so that the \$50,000 is clear profit to the stockholders, and they get 20 per cent in dividends beside. The Flint and Pere Marquette Railway gives up bonds, with 10 per cent interest, payable semi-annually, free of Government tax.

Ground has been broken at Nebraska City for the building of a railroad by the Midland Pacific Railroad Company, to connect with the Union Pacific 150 miles due west of Nebraska City, to pass through Lincoln, the capital. The road is to be built in two years, saving a distance from New York to San Francisco of 148 miles.

Among the new railway bonds now being offered to the public we notice the 8 per cent first mortgage bonds of the Grand River Railroad Company. The bonds are a first mortgage on the road from Grand Rapids to Jackson, 93 miles in length; and the amount authorized to be issued is \$100,000 for the purpose of ironing and equipment of the road. They are partially guaranteed by the Michigan Central Railroad, of which it is to be an important branch.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table with columns for various railroads (Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific, Erie Railway, Illinois Central, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, New York Central, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Ohio & Mississippi, Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago, St. L. Alton & T. Haute, Toledo, Wab. & Western, Western Union) and rows for months (Jan-Dec) and Yearly totals for 1866, 1867, and 1868.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), and another set of columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, and FRIDAY. The table lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous stocks with their respective financial details.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 2.

Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, INTEREST, Amount outstanding, Rate, Payable, Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), DESCRIPTION, INTEREST, Amount outstanding, Rate, Payable, Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd). The table lists various bonds for railroads, canals, and miscellaneous projects, including Montgomery & West Point, Morris and Essex, and various canal bonds.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bennehoff Run, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, Marked thus (\*) are participating, & (+) write Marine Risks., Jan. 1, 1868., DIVIDENDS (1865, 1866, 1867), Last paid. Lists insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

\* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares. § Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists gold and silver mining companies like Ada Elmore, Alameda Silver, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, etc.

CITY PASSENGER RAILROAD STOCKS & BONDS.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Par., Capital paid in., Dividend Date, p.ct, Price bid., Bonded Debt., Due., Inter. Lists railroad stocks and bonds like Bleck St. & Fult. F., Broadway (B'klyn) 100, etc.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchors—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward per lb 8 @ ...

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... per 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 37 1/2 Pearl, 1st sort... @ ...

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... per lb 51 @ 52

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin per ton 43 00 @ ...

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... per lb @ 7 1/2 Navy... @ 5 1/2 Crackers... 8 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 12 00 @ 13 50 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ ...

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n, gray & wh. per lb 45 @ 2 00

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—

Fresh milk... 30 @ 36 State firkins, prime... 30 @ 33 State firkins, ordinary... 28 @ 30 State, hf-fir., prime... 30 @ 35 State, hf-fir., ordin'y... 26 @ 30 Welsh tubs, prime... 28 @ 34 Welsh tubs, ordinary... 26 @ 28 Western, good... 30 @ 34 Western, fair... 25 @ 30 Penn., dairy, good... 28 @ 31 Penn., dairy, fair... 25 @ 28 Canada... @ Grease... @

Cheese— Factory prime... per lb 14 @ 15 Factory fair... 13 @ 14 Farm Dairies prime... 13 @ 14 Farm Dairies fair... 12 @ 13 Farm Dairies common... 10 @ 12 Skimmed... 3 @ 10

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 3; st earine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 45 @ -- Sperm, patent... per lb 55 @ 50 Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 21 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale per bl... @ 1 75

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward per lb 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb bushel. Newcastle Gas 2,240 lb. 9 50 @ Liverpool Gas Cannel... 11 00 @ 12 00 Liverpool House Cannel... 16 00 @ 17 00 Liverpool Orrel... @ Anthracite... per ton of 2,000 lb... 6 50 @ 7 00

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) gold... per lb 16 @ 16 1/2 Maracaibo do... (gold) @ Guayaquil do... (gold) 11 @ 11 1/2 St. Domingo... (gold) 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... per lb @ 33 Bolts... 33 @ Braziers... 33 @ Sheathing, &c., old... 18 @ 20 Sheathing, yellow metal... 26 @ Bolts, yellow metal... 26 @ Pig Chile... @ American Ingot... 23 @ 23 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... per lb 21 @ 22 Tarred Russia... @ Bolt Rope, Russia... @ 22

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts per gro 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 70 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phial... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafedati, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val; Balsam Copaivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Callisaya Bark, 30 per cent ad val; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Eratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below, FREE.

Alcohol, 95 per cent... @ 21 Aloes, Cape... per lb @ 85 Alum... 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Annato, good to prime... 60 @ 1 50 Antimony, Reg. of, g'd... @ 11 1/2 Argols, Crude... 18 @ 24 1/2 Arsenic, Powdered... @ 3 Assafetida... 25 @ 40 Balsam Copivi... 85 @ 95 Balsam Tolu... 1 30 @ 3 50 Balsam Peru... 45 @ 50 Bark Petayo... 27 @ 31 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle, gold... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... @ 18 1/2 Bleaching Powder... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Borax, Refined... 33 @ 33 1/2 Brimstone, Crude... 37 00 @ 38 00 ton... (gold) 37 00 @ 38 00 Brimstone, Am. Roll... @ 3 1/2 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... @ 5 1/2 Camphor, Crude, (in bond)... (gold) @ 10 @ 10 @ 1 65 @ 1 65 @ ... Cantharides... 1 65 @ 1 65 @ ... Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 17 @ 17 @ 3 25 Cardamoms, Malabar... 29 1/2 @ 30 1/2 Castor Oil... 15 @ 50 Chamomile Flow's... 34 @ 85 Chlorate Potash (gold) 5 @ 5 1/2 Caustic Soda... 20 @ 21 Caraway Seed... 14 @ 15 Coriander Seed... @ 90 Cochineal, Hon. (gold) 73 @ 75 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd) 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 Copperas, American... 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2 Cream Tartar, pr. (gold) 30 @ 30 @ 15 @ 16 Cutch... 3 1/2 @ 4 Epsom Salts... 10 @ 10 @ 17 @ 17 @ 80 @ 60 Flowers, Benzoin... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Gambier... 1 75 @ 2 00 Gamboge... 90 @ 95 Ginseng, West... 1 00 @ 75 Ginseng, Southern... 45 @ 75 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 31 @ 35 Gum Benzoin... 60 @ 85 Gum Kowie... 84 @ 86 Gum Gedda... gold 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Gum Damar... 50 @ 55 Gum Myrrh, East India... 55 @ 55 Gum Myrrh, Turkey... @ 33 Gum Senegal... 35 @ 40 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey, gold... 60 @ 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 3 60 @ 3 80 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ 6 50 @ 3 00 @ 3 75 Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 85 @ 90 Jalap, in bond gold... 25 @ 55 Lac Dye... 37 @ 40 Licorice Paste, Calabria Licorice, Paste, Sicily Licorice Paste Spanish Solid... 29 @ 30 Licorice Paste, Greek... 31 @ 12 1/2 @ 18 do, French, EXF, F do @

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ 10 Mustard Seed, Cal... 7 1/2 @ 10 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 25 @ Oil Anis... @ 3 75 Oil Cassia... 3 70 @ 3 80 Oil Bergamot... 6 87 1/2 @ 7 00 Oil Lemon... 8 87 1/2 @ 4 00 Oil Peppermint, pure... 6 00 @ 6 50 Oil Vitriol... 2 1/2 @ 7 25 Opium, Turkey (gold)... @ 83 Oxalic Acid... @ 1 00 Phosphorus... 23 1/2 @ 35 Prussiate Potash... 75 @ 80 Quicksilver... 2 25 @ 3 25 Rhubarb, China... 8 00 @ Sago, Pealed... 20 @ Salaratus... 8 @ 8 1/2 Sal Am'n'ac, Ref (gold) @ 1 62 1/2 Sal Soda, Newcastle... 25 @ 30 Sarsaparilla, H. g'd in b'd... @ 14 Sarsaparilla, Mex... 35 @ 36 Seneca Root... 25 @ 28 Senna, Alexandria... 2 @ 22 Senna, East India... 37 1/2 @ 50 Shell Lac... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) @ 25 Sugar L'd, W... @ 2 25 Sulph. Quinine, Am... oz @ 7 00 Sulphate Morphine... 50 @ 12 1/2 @ 13 Tapioc... 47 @ 50 Verdigris, dry & ex dry Vitriol, Blue... 9 1/2 @ 11

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ 72 Scotch, G'ck, No. 1... @ 58 Cotton, No. 1... per y... 58 @

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold, per ton... @ 160 00 Fustic, Cuba... 32 00 @ 33 10 Fustic, Tampico, gold... @ 24 00 Fustic, Jamaica... 22 00 @ 24 00 Fustic, Savanilla... 22 50 @ 24 00 Fustic, Maracaibo... 22 00 @ Logwood, Luzuna... 28 00 @ Logwood, Cam... 19 00 @ 20 00 Logwood, Hond... 19 00 @ 21 00 Logwood, Tabasco... 20 00 @ 21 00 Logwood, St. Dom... 19 00 @ 21 00 Logwood, Jamaica... 20 00 @ 21 00 Limwood... 75 00 @ 85 00 Barwood... @ 26 00 Sapanwood, Manila... @ 60 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 30 @ 95 Tennessee... 85 @ 90

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 6 00 @ 7 00 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 5 00 @ 5 25 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 6 25 @ 6 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 22 25 @ 22 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 22 00 @ 22 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... 23 00 @ 23 25 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... 18 00 @ 18 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax... 19 00 @ 20 50 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'gel... 12 00 @ 12 00 Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax... 10 50 @ 11 00 Mackerel, No. 3, Mass, med... 11 25 @ 11 50 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1... 26 00 @ 27 00 Salmon, Pickled, ptce... @ Herring, Scaled... 30 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 23 @ 25 Herring, pickled... 6 00 @ 9 50

Flix—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 16 @ 24

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 75 @ 2 50 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 10 @ 50 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 60 do House... 10 @ 50 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 75 @ 1 50 do Grey... 40 @ 60 do Kitt... 30 @ 50 Lynx... 50 @ 2 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Otter... 3 00 @ 7 00 Musquash, Fall... 12 @ 15 Opossum... 5 @ 12 Raccoon... 10 @ 40 Skunk, Black... 30 @ 1 00

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacao... per lb cur. 37 1/2 @ 43 do Buenos A... cur. 40 @ 45 do Vera Cruz... gold @ 50 do Tampico... gold @ 50 do Matamoras... gold @ 42 1/2 do Para... cur. 45 @ 47 1/2 do Cape... cur. 40 @ 45 Deer, San Juan... B gold @ 45 do Central America do Honduras... gold @ 42 1/2 do Sisal... gold @ 43 do Para... gold @ 42 1/2 do Vera Cruz... gold @ 42 1/2 do Missouri... gold @ do Texas... gold @

Deer, Arkansas gold... @ do Florida... gold... @ Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches, 6 cents per square foot above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 3 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 50 per cent 6x8 to 8x10... 50 ft 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 13x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 5 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 24x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x58 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 19 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New 1st of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent 6x8 to 8x10... 50 feet 5 50 @ 6 25 8x11 to 10x15... 9 00 @ 6 75 11x14 to 12x18... 10 00 @ 7 50 13x18 to 16x24... 11 00 @ 8 00 18x22 to 18x30... 13 50 @ 9 00 20x30 to 24x30... 16 50 @ 10 00 24x31 to 24x36... 18 00 @ 12 00 25x36 to 26x40... 20 00 @ 16 00 28x40 to 30x48... (3 qts) 22 00 @ 18 00 34x54 to 32x56... (3 qts) 24 00 @ 20 00 32x58 to 34x60... (3 qts) 27 00 @ 23 00 English sells at 35 @ 40 per ct. off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 18 @ 18 1/2

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... 22 @

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ Meal... 6 00 @ Deer... 5 50 @ Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd... per lb gold 26 @ 27 Buenos Ayres, mixed... 24 @ 25 Hog, Western, unwash, cur... 9 @ 10

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 75 @ 85

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Fampi 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed... per ton 270 00 @ 290 00 do Undressed... 175 00 @ 180 00 Russia, Clean... (gold) 24 00 @ 245 00 Italian... (gold) 230 00 @ 240 00 Manila... (gold) 10 1/2 @ 1 1/2 Sisal... (gold) 10 @ 1 1/2 Jute... (gold) 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides— Buenos Ayres... per lb g'd 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Montevideo... do @ 21 Rio Grande... do @ 20 1/2 Orinoco... do 19 @ 19 1/2 California... do 19 @ 19 1/2 San Juan... do 17 @ 18 Matamoras... do 15 1/2 @ 17 Vera Cruz... do 16 @ 17 Tampico... do 16 @ 17 Bogota... do 17 @ 18 Porto Cabello... do 14 @ 16 Maracaibo... do 14 @ 15 Truxillo... do 17 @ 18 Bahia... do 14 @ 15 Rio Hache... do 14 @ 15 Curacao... do 18 @ 15 S. Domingo & Pt. au Patt... do 11 @ 13 Texas... do 14 @ 16 Western... do 13 @ 15

Dry Salted Hides— Chili... gold 14 @ 15 Payta... do 14 @ 15 Maranh... do 11 @ 12 Pernambuco... do 11 @ 12 Bahia... do 10 @ 11 Matamoras... do 13 1/2 @ 14 Maracibo... do 11 @ 12 Savanilla... do 12 @ 12 1/2 Wet Salted Hides— Bue Ayres... per lb g'd 11 @ 11 1/2 Rio Grande... do 11 @ 11 1/2 Califr... do @ 11 Para... do 10 @ 11 New Orleans... cur 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 City sl'hter trim. & cured... 12 @ 12 1/2

Upper Leather Stock—		
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip	22 1/2 @	23
Sierra Leone.. cash	27 @	23
Gambia & Bissau..	22 @	24
Zanibar.....	.. @	..
East India Stock—		
Calcutta, city sl'hter	15 1/2 @	16
do p. gold.....	12 1/2 @	13
Calcutta, dead green	12 @	12 1/2
do buffalo, # B	.. @	..
Manilla & Batavia,	.. @	..
buffalo..... # B	.. @	..
Honey—Duty, 2 cent	56 @	57
Cuba (in bond) (gr)	.. @	..
Hops—Duty: 5 cents # B	35 @	45
Crop of 1867.....	nominal.	..
do of 1868.....	25 @	35
Bavarian.....	.. @	..
Horn—Duty, 10 cent ad val.	.. @	..
Ox, Rio Grande... # C	7 00 @	6 00
Ox, American.....	5 00 @	6 00
India Rubber—Duty, 10 cent	.. @	..
ad val.	.. @	..
Para, Fine..... # B	82 1/2 @	85
Para, Medium.....	.. @	..
Para, Coarse.....	.. @	..
East India.....	.. @	..
Carthagena, &c.....	.. @	45
Indigo—Duty FREE.		
Bengal..... (gold) # B	1 10 @	2 05
Oude..... (gold)	75 @	1 40
Madras..... (gold)	75 @	1 00
Manila..... (gold)	70 @	95
Guatemala..... (gold)	1 10 @	1 45
Caracas..... (gold)	80 @	1 05
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2	.. @	..
cents # B; Railroad, 70 cents	.. @	..
# B; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2	.. @	..
cents # B; Sheet, Band,	.. @	..
Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2	.. @	..
cents # B; Pig, # 9 # ton;	.. @	..
Polished Sheet, 3	.. @	..
cents # B.	.. @	..
Pig, Scotch, No 1.	.. @	..
# ton 38 3/4 @	42 00	..
Pig, American, No. 1..	38 00 @	..
Pig, American, No. 2..	35 0 @	36 00
Bar, Ref'd eng & Amer	55 0 @	50 00
Bar, Swedes, assorted	.. @	..
sizes (in gold).....	37 50 @	90 00
—STORE PRICES—		
Bar Swedes, ordinary	.. @	150 00
Bar, English and Amer-	.. @	..
ican, Refined.....	95 00 @	100 00
do do do Common	85 00 @	90 00
do do do	125 0 @	110 00
Ovals and Half Round	120 00 @	150 30
Band.....	125 00 @	..
Horse Shoe.....	125 00 @	..
Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch.	100 00 @	160 00
Hoop.....	133 00 @	85 00
Nail Rod..... # B	9 @	10
Sheet, Russia.....	17 @	18
Sheet, Single, Double	.. @	..
and Treble.....	5 @	7
Rails, Eng. (g'd) # ton	52 00 @	52 50
do American.....	78 00 @	80 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 cent ad val.	.. @	..
East India, Prime # B	3 30 @	3 15
East Ind, Billiard Ball	3 0 @	3 25
African, Prime.....	2 62 1/2 @	2 87 1/2
African, Scrivel., W.C.	1 25 @	2 25
Lead—Duty, Pig, # 2 # ton	100 @	100
Lead, 1 1/2 cents # B; Pipe and Sheet,	.. @	..
2 1/2 cents # B.	.. @	..
Galena..... # 100 lb	.. @	..
Spanish..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 50
German..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 62 1/2
English..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 87
Bar..... net	.. @	10 00
Pipe and Sheet..... net	.. @	12 00
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 80	.. @	..
cent ad val.	.. @	..
Oak, sl'hter, heavy # B	88 @	46
do do middle	38 @	44
do do light..	35 @	40
do do crop, heavy	38 @	42
do do middle	42 @	46
do do light..	42 @	44
Oak, rough slaughter.	38 @	46
Heml'k, B. A., &c., h'y	25 @	28
do do middle.	26 1/2 @	28
do do light.	26 1/2 @	27 1/2
do do Califor., heavy	25 @	27
do do middle.	26 @	27
do do light.	26 @	27
do do Orino., heavy.	24 @	25
do do middle	26 @	27
do do light.	26 @	27
do rough.....	85 @	39
do good damaged	23 @	25
do poor do	19 @	21 1/2
Lime—Duty: 10 cent ad val.	.. @	..
Rockland, com. # bbl.	.. @	1 35
do heavy.....	.. @	2 25
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.		
—Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.;	.. @	..
Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood	.. @	..
and Cedar, FREE.	.. @	..
Spruce, East. # M ft	21 00 @	23 00
Southern Pine.....	35 00 @	40 00
White Pine Box B'ds	23 00 @	27 00
White Pine Merch.	.. @	..
Box Boards.....	27 00 @	30 00
Clear Pine.....	60 00 @	70 00
Laths, Eastern. # M	.. @	3 62 1/2
Poplar an. White	.. @	..
wood B'ds & Pl'k.	45 00 @	55 00
Cherry B ds & Plank	70 00 @	80 00
Oak and Ash.....	4 00 @	60 00
Maple and Birch... 30 00 @	45 00	..
Rick Walnut..... 70 0 @	125 00	..
TAVES—		
White Oak, hhd.,	.. @	135 00
West India.. # M	.. @	..

White oak, pipe,		
extra..... # M.	275 00	..
do pipe, heavy	.. @	225 00
do pipe, light.	.. @	175 00
do pipe, culls.	.. @	170 00
do pipe, culls, lt	.. @	110 00
do hhd., extra.	.. @	235 00
do hhd., heavy	.. @	175 00
do hhd., light.	.. @	110 00
do hhd., culls.	.. @	100 00
do hbl., extra.	.. @	150 00
do hbl., heavy.	.. @	115 00
do hbl., light.	.. @	90 00
do hbl., culls.	.. @	60 00
Red oak, hhd., h'y.	.. @	120 00
do hhd., light.	.. @	80 00
do hhd., culls.	.. @	..
HEADING—White	.. @	140 00
oak hhd.....	.. @	..
HEADING—White Oak	.. @	240 00 @
double bbl.....	.. @	..
Manogany, Cedar, Rose-		
wood—Duty free.	.. @	..
Manogany St. Domin-	.. @	25 50
do St. Domingo,	.. @	7 10
ordinary logs.....	.. @	..
do Port-au-Platt,	.. @	30 40
croches.....	.. @	..
do Port-au-Platt,	.. @	10 14
logs.....	.. @	..
do Nuevitas.....	.. @	10 14
do Mansanilla.....	.. @	8 10
do Mexican.....	.. @	11 15
do Honduras	.. @	..
(American wood)..	.. @	14 20
Cedar, Nuevitas.....	.. @	12 13
do Mansanilla.....	.. @	12 13
do Mexican.....	.. @	8 10
do Florida, # c. ft.	.. @	25 75
Rosewood, R. Jan. # B	.. @	5 8
do Bahia.....	.. @	4 6
Molasses.—See special report.		
Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;		
horse shoe 2 cents # B.		
Cut, 4d. @ 60d. # 100 lb	4 87 1/2 @	5 00
Clinch.....	6 50 @	6 75
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) # B	27 @	30
Copper.....	40 @	..
Yellow metal.....	26 @	..
Zinc.....	18 @	..
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of		
turpentine 30 cents # gallon; crude		
Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20		
cent ad val.		
Turpentine, s. ft. # 280 lb	4 00 @	4 25
Tar, N. County # bbl.	.. @	3 25
Tar, Wilmington.....	.. @	4 50
Pich City.....	.. @	3 50
Spirits turpentine # g.	.. @	46
Rosin, com'n. # 280 lb	3 00 @	3 12 1/2
do strained and No. 2..	3 15 @	3 62 1/2
do No. 1.....	4 00 @	5 00
do Pale.....	5 00 @	6 00
do extra pale.....	6 00 @	8 50
Oakum—Duty fr., # B	8 @	11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 cent ad val.		
City thin obl'g, in bbls.	.. @	56 00
do in bags.....	.. @	53 00
West. thin obl'g, do	51 00 @	51 50
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and		
rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad		
oil, in bottles or flasks, # 1; burning		
fluid, 50 cents # gallon; palm, seal,		
and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.;		
sperm and whale or other fish (for-		
oreign fisheries,) 20 cent ad val.		
Olive, Mar's, qs (gold)	.. @	4 12 1/2
do in casks. # gall.	2 4 @	12 1/2
Palm..... # B	11 1/2 @	12 1/2
Linseed, city... # gall.	1 13 @	..
Whale, crude.....	.. @	80
do bleached winter	.. @	90
Sperm, crude.....	2 00 @	..
do wint. unbleach.	2 20 @	..
Lard oil, prime winter	1 45 @	1 50
Red oil, city dist. Elaine	.. @	80
do saponified, west'n	.. @	1 05
Bank.....	.. @	72
Straits.....	75 @	..
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.	.. @	..
Lubricating.....	30 @	40
Kerosene..... (free).	39 @	..
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red		
lead, and litharge, dry or ground in		
oil, 3 cents # B; Paris white and		
whiting, 1 cent # B; dry ochres, 56		
cents # 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents		
# B; ochre, ground in oil, # 50 # 100		
lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val.;		
China clay, # 5 # ton; Venetian red		
and vermilion 25 cent ad val.;		
white chalk, # 10 # ton.		
Litharge, City..... # B	10 1/2 @	11
Lead, red, City.....	10 1/2 @	11
do white, American,	.. @	14
pure, in oil.....	.. @	12 1/2
do white, American,	.. @	12 1/2
pure, dry.....	.. @	12 1/2
Zinc, white, American,	.. @	9 9 1/2
dry, No. 1.....	.. @	9 9 1/2
do white, American,	.. @	9 12
No. 1, in oil.....	.. @	12 13
do White, French, dry	.. @	17
do white, French, in	.. @	17
oil.....	.. @	17
Ochre, yellow, French,	.. @	24 2 1/2
dry.....	.. @	2 1/2
do ground, in oil..	8 @	10
Spanish brown, dry #	.. @	1 00 @ 1 25
100 lb.....	.. @	8 25
do gr'd in oil. # B	.. @	21 @ 3
Paris wh., No. 1.....	.. @	15 @ 35
Chrome, yellow, dry..	.. @	2
Whiting, Amer.....	.. @	2
Vermilion, China, # B	1 15 @	1 80

Vermilion, Trieste... 1 00 @	1 10	..
do Cal. & Eng. 1 15 @	1 20	..
do Amer. com... 22 @	27	..
Venet. red (N.C.) # cwt	2 85 @	2 87 1/2
Carmine, city made # B	16 00 @	20 00
Plumbago.....	.. @	6
China clay, # ton.	30 00 @	31 00
Chalk..... # lb.	.. @	1 1/4
Chalk, block... # ton	23 00 @	24 00
Barytes, American # B	.. @	14
Barytes, Foreign.....	.. @	..
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents;		
refined, 40 cents # gallon.		
Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. # gal	19 @	20
do in bulk.....	15 1/2 @	16
Refined, free, S.W....	.. @	37
do in bond, prime	.. @	..
L. S. to W. (110 @	.. @	30
115 test).....	.. @	32
do do, prime white	.. @	33
Naptha, refined. 70	.. @	..
grav.,.....	14 @	..
Residuum..... # bbl.	3 50 @	..
Gasoline.....	.. @	..
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork,		
1 ct; rams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts # B.		
Pork, new mess, # bbl.	27 85 @	28 00
Pork, old m'ss.....	27 00 @	27 50
Pork, prime mess.....	24 25 @	24 50
do prime.....	22 50 @	23 00
Beef, plain mess.....	15 00 @	20 50
do extra mess.....	20 50 @	24 75
do hams.....	25 00 @	34 00
Hams,..... # B	15 1/2 @	..
Shoulders.....	12 1/2 @	13
Lard.....	16 1/2 @	12 1/2
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents # B;		
paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents		
# B.		
Carolina..... # 100 lb	10 75 @	11 62 1/2
Rangoon Dress'd, gold	.. @	6 50 @
duty paid.....	.. @	..
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents # 100 lb;		
bulk, 18 cents # 100 lb.		
Turks Islands # bush.	45 @	..
Cadiz.....	37 @	..
Liverpool, gr'nd # sack	1 60 @	1 65
do fine, Ashton's (g'd)	2 50 @	..
do fine, Worthing's	2 60 @	..
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents;		
refined and partially refined, 3 cents;		
nitrate soda, 1 cent # B.		
Refined, pure..... # B	.. @	14
Crude.....	10 @	10 1/2
Nitrate soda..... gold	3 1/2 @	..
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,		
1 cent # B; canary, # 1 bushel of		
60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent		
ad val.		
Clover..... # B	10 1/2 @	..
Timothy, reaped # bus	2 5 @	2 60
Canary..... # bus	5 37 1/2 @	6 25
Hemp.....	2 90 @	..
Lins'd Am. rough # bus	2 65 @	2 75
do Calc'a, Boston, g'd	.. @	2 25
do do New Yk, g'd	2 36 @	..
Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents # B.		
Drop..... # B	11 1/2 @	..
Buck.....	14 1/2 @	..
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk,		
35 cent.		
Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3. # B	10 50 @	12 50
Taysaams, superior,	.. @	..
No. 1 2.....	9 25 @	9 75
do medium, No 3 @ 4.	8 00 @	9 00
Canton, re-reel, No 1 @ 2	8 50 @	8 75
Canton, Extra Fine.....	9 25 @	9 50
Japan, superior.....	10 50 @	12 50
do Medium.....	8 75 @	10 00
China thrown.....	nominal.	..
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and		
plates, # 1 50 # 100 lbs.		
Plates, foreign # B gold	6 1/2 @	6 1/2
do domestic.....	10 @	10 1/2
Spices.—See special report.		
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof		
# 3 # gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey,		
for first proof, # 2 50 # gallon.		
Brandy, Otard, Dupuy	.. @	..
& Co. (gold) # gal.	5 20 @	13 00
Brandy, Pinet, Castil-	.. @	..
lon & Co (gold) 5 00 @	17 00	..
do Hennessy (gold) 5 50 @	18 00	..
do Marett & Co (g'd) 5 50 @	10 00	..
do Leger Freres do 5 00 @	10 00	..
do oth for, b'ds (g'd) 4 40 @	9 00	..
Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd) 4 50 @	4 75	..
do St. Croix, 3d	.. @	..
proof... (gold) 3 50 @	3 75	..
Gin, diff. brands, (gold) 3 00 @	4 75	..
Domestic Liquors—Cash		
Brandy, gin & p. spi'ts in b	25 @	30
Rum, pure, in bond.....	25 @	35
Whiskey, in bond.....	30 @	35
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued		
at 7 cents # B or under, 2 1/2 cents;		
over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts		
# B; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents # B		
and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)		
English, cast, # B.....	18 @	22
English, spring.....	10 @	12 1/2
English blister.....	11 1/2 @	20
English machinery.....	12 1/2 @	16
English German.....	14 @	16
American blister.....	11 1/2 @	17
American cast Tool	21 @	22
American spring do	10 @	13
American mach'y do	.. @	14
American German, do	10 @	13

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.		
Sicily..... # ton..	100 00 @	210 00
Sugar.—See special report.		
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent # B.		
American, prime, coun-		
try and city # B... 12 @	12 1/2	..
Teas.—See special report.		
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent		

**Insurance.**

**Sun Mutual Insurance Co**

NO. 52 WALL STREET.

INCORPORATED IN 1841.

**Assets of the Company, May 7, 1868.**

U. S. 10-40 Bonds.....	\$164,831 25	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds.....	155,083 75	
U. S. 7-30 Bonds.....	80,625 00	\$400,550 00
City Bond and other Stocks....	\$16,180 00	
Bonds and Mortgages.....	26,000 00	
Cash.....	29,153 86	71,833 86
		\$471,833 86
Premium notes and bills receivable not matured.....	208,525 45	
Subscription notes in advance of premiums.....	201,970 52	
Loans, accrued Interest, uncollected premiums, salvage, reinsurance and other claims due the Company.....	180,311 38	
		\$1,062,691 12

This Company continues to issue policies of Insurance against marine and inland navigation risks. No fire risks, disconnected from marine, taken by the Company. Dealers have the option of participating in the profits, or receiving an abatement in lieu of scrip dividends. The Company also issue policies payable in sterling at their bankers' in London.

**Trustees.**

Moses H. Grinnell,	Frederic Sturges,
John P. Paulison,	Wm. Toel.
John E. Devlin,	Thomas J. Slaughter,
John Chadwick,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
William H. Macy,	Alex. M. Lawrence,
Samuel L. Mitchell,	Isaac Bell,
Fred. G. Foster,	Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson,	Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy,	Samuel M. Fox,
Henry Foster Hitch,	Joseph V. Onativia,
Elias Ponvert,	Edward S. Jaffray,
Simon D. Visser,	William Oothout,
Isaac A. Crane,	Ernest Caylus,
A. Yznaga del Valle,	Frederick Chauncey,
John S. Wright,	George L. Kingsland,
Wm. Von Sachs,	James M. Campbell,
Wm. R. Preston,	Anson G. P. Stokes.

**MOSES H. GRINNEL, President.**  
**JOHN P. PAULISON, V-President.**  
**ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.**

**Niagara Fire Insurance**

**COMPANY.**

OFFICE 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$1,000,000  
 SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1868..... 363,000

The Directors have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT, free of tax, payable on and after Monday 13th inst. January 8, 1868.

J. D. STEELE, President.  
 P. NOTMAN, Vice-Prest.

HENRY KIP, Secretary.

**Queen Fire Insurance Co**

**OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.**

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.  
 SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... 1,893,220  
 PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340

**Special Fund of \$200,000**

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany  
 UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.  
 GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.  
 WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.



**JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS**

Sole Agents in New York for J.P. COATS

of Paisley, Scotland

**Offices To Let,**

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets ne WALL. Apply to EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 6 Broad Street

**Miscellaneous.**

**Cotton Duck,**

All Widths and Weights.  
 A Large Stock always on hand.

**THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO**  
 MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS  
 59 Broad Street, corner of Beaver

ESTABLISHED IN 1826.

**A. B. HOLABIRD & Co.,**  
**CINCINNATI, O.,**

ENGINE AND MILL MANUFACTURERS.

Particular attention is called to our  
**IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.**

It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

**REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.**

Built of solid French Burr Rock. Particular attention to Southern patronage.

**THE**

**Singer Manufacturing Co.**

458 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned

**SINGER SEWING MACHINES,**

for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world, SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

**HOME INSURANCE Co.,**

OFFICES:

O. 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, AND 151 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN.

Capital.....\$2,000,000 00  
 Assets, Jan. 1, 1868..... 3,623,896 79  
 Liabilities..... 107,490 55

Desiring to deal directly with its Customers, this Company will hereafter make a rebate from the Premium or Risks in the City, equal to the Commission heretofore paid as Brokerage.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.  
 A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.  
 D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice-President.

J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.  
 GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.  
 T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.

**Steamship Companies.**

**NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**  
 OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY.

**THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,**  
 VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

New Sailing Arrangements

**The 5th & 20th of Every Month.**

or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot King st., at noon.

JUNE 5.—Steamer SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new Steamship OREGONIAN.

JUNE 20.—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.

These Steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for Safety, Speed, Elegance, and Comfort, and their rates for Passage and Freight will always be as low as by any other Line.

For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46, North River, New York.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.  
 WM. H. WEBB, President.  
 CHARLES DANA Vice-President,  
 No. 54 Exchange Place, N.Y.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S**  
**THROUGH LINE**

**To CALIFORNIA.**

And Carrying the United States Mail,  
 LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 1 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

JUNE:  
 1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.  
 11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA.  
 21st—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office at Canal street, No. 42, New York.

**Miscellaneous.**

**LARGE FIRE!**

Brooklyn, May 15, 1868.

Messrs. MARVIN & Co., New York,  
 Gentlemen.—Our planing mill, with Fifty Thousand feet of lumber was destroyed by fire last night, and we are happy to say your Alum and Dry Plaster Safe preserved our books, papers, and money in excellent order.

We want another and larger one, and will call on you as soon as we have time.  
 Yours truly,  
 SHEARMAN BROS.

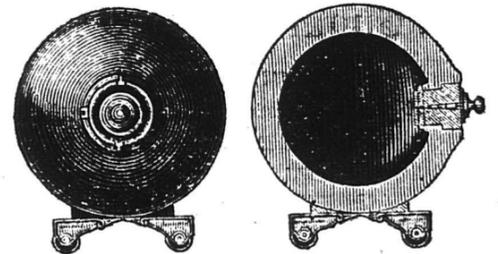
This Safe was red hot for several hours, and the cast iron feet were actually melted.  
 It can be seen at our store, NO. 265 BROADWAY.

PERFECT



MARVIN'S

Chrome Iron Spherical



Burglar Safe

Will resist all Burglar's Implements for any length of time.  
 Please send for Catalogue.

**MARVIN & Co.,**

PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSES.

No. 265 Broadway, New York.  
 No. 721 Chestnut st, Philadelphia.  
 No. 108 Bank st, Cleveland, Ohio.  
 And for sale by our agents in the principal cities throughout the United States.

J. & J. COLMAN'S

**LONDON MUSTARD.**

BARCLAY, PERKINS & CO.'S

**LONDON PORTER & BROWN STOUT**

BASS' AND ALLSOP'S

**PALE ALE.**

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

**PICKLES AND SAUCES,**

AND

**FOREIGN FANCY GROCERIES,**

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE BY

**GARDNER G. YVELIN,**

206 & 208 Fulton Street, New York.

**A. W. DIMOCK & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

NO. 16 NASSAU STREET.

Government Securities of all issues, Gold and Stocks bought and sold upon commission only, and advances made upon the same on the most favorable terms.

**Special Attention**

given to the accounts of Banks and Bankers.  
 Interest allowed upon Gold and Currency Deposits subject to check at sight, at the best rates.  
 A. W. DIMOCK & CO.

**GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,**

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

**ASH CAPITAL, ..... \$500,000 00**

**SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868 ..... 376,815 50**

**TOTAL ASSETS ..... \$876,815 50**

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.  
 JOHN E. KAHL, Vice President.

UGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

## Commercial Cards.

## BRAND &amp; GIHON,

Importers & Commission Merchants.  
110 DUANE STREET.

## IRISH &amp; SCOTCH LINEN GOODS,

In full assortment for the  
Jobbing and Clothing Trade.

Agents for the sale of  
WILLIAM GIHON & SONS'

WHITE LINENS, & C,  
BURLAPS, BAGGING,  
FLAXSAIL DUCK, & C

PHILADELPHIA PA.,

## ALFRED SAVIDGE &amp; Co.,

Brokers in

SUGARS, SYRUPS MOLASSES, COFFEES, RICE, & C., & C.

1841.

S. DAVIS, Jr's., DIAMOND BRAND

## Sugar Cured Hams

CINCINNATI.

Sold by leading Grocers in principal cities. Apply to

READ & ROUNDY,

CORNER BEAVER & NEW STREETS, NEW YORK.

## GANO, WRIGHT &amp; Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions  
NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.

## W. H. Schieffelin &amp; Co.,

Importers and Jobbers of

## DRUGS,

Indigo, Corks, Sponges,

FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, & C.

170 AND 172 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK

## J. M. CUMMINGS &amp; Co.,

DISTILLERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Offer for sale, IN BOND,

FINE BOURBON

AND RYE WHISKIES,

from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

## John Dwight &amp; Co.,

No. 11 Old Slip, New York,  
MANUFACTURERS OF

SALERATUS,

SUP CARB. SODA,

AND SAL SODA.

AGENTS FOR

HORSFORD'S CREAM TARTAR.

## Henry Lawrence &amp; Sons,

MANUFACTURERS OF CORDA E

FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,

192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

## Thomas J. Pope &amp; Bro.

METALS.

292 PEARL STREET, NEAR BEEKMAN STREET  
NEW YORK

## F. &amp; F. A. Dana,

FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD  
IRON, OLD AND NEW,

Pig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Locomotives, Railroad Chairs & Spikes.

Old Rails Re-rolled or Exchanged for new.

67 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

## Iron and Railroad Materials.

## NAYLOR &amp; CO.,

NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILA.,  
99 John street. 80 State street. 208 So. 4th street

CAST STEEL RAILS,

CAST STEEL TYRES,

Cast Steel Frogs, and all other Steel Material for  
Railway Use.

HOUSE IN LONDON:

NAYLOR, BENZON & CO.,  
34 Old Broad Street,

who give special attention to orders for

## Railroad Iron,

as well as Old Rails, Scrap Iron and Metals.

## Scotch Pig Iron.

All the approved Brands of No. 1  
Scotch Pig Iron,

IN YARD, ON DOCK, AND TO ARRIVE.

In lots to suit purchasers. Apply to

HENDERSON BROTHERS,  
6 Bowling Green.

BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.

## M. BAIRD &amp; Co.,

PHILADELPHIA.

All work accurately fitted to gauges and thoroughly  
interchangeable. Plan, Material, Workmanship,  
Finish, and Efficiency fully guaranteed.

MATTHEW BAIRD. GEO. BURNHAM. CHAS T. PARRY

## MORRIS, TASKER &amp; Co.,

Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.

Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded  
Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street  
Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools,  
Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES:

15 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.

ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT  
OF

## The Novelty Iron Works,

NOS. 77 & 83 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF BROADWAY, N. Y.  
Manufacture

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work for Buildings  
Complete Fire-proof Structures—Columns, Lintels,  
Floors, Roofs, Castings, Shutters, Vaults, Safes, etc.,  
of Cast or Wrought Iron, Also, Iron Bridges, Iron  
Piers, etc.

HY. J. DAVIDSON,  
WM. W. AYRES, } Agents,  
J. HEUVELMAN, }

NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE

GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-  
MORA IRON. (L)

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into  
a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield  
for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which  
in future, will be stamped

(L) LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.

And to which I request the special attention of the  
trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.

WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above  
notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of,  
Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders  
for this IRON, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL  
made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 &  
93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 133 & 135 FED-  
ERAL STREET, BOSTON.

## Scovill Mnfg. Company,

Manufacturers of

SHEET BRASS,

GERMAN SILVER PLATED METAL,

BRASS BUTT HINGES,

Gilt, Lasting, Brocade, and Fancy Dress Buttons,

## Kerosene Oil Burners

And Lamp Trimmings,

And Importers and Dealers in every Description of

## Photographic Goods.

No. 4 Beekman street & 36 Park Row, NEW YORK,

Manufactory, WATERBURY, CT.

## Iron and Railroad Materials.

ESTABLISHED 1856.

## S. W. Hopkins &amp; Co.,

69 & 71 Broadway, New York,

Negotiations of every description of  
Railroad, Town, County, City and  
STATE BONDS,

In connection with the purchase and sale of

## Railroad Iron,

LONDON HOUSE, 58 OLD BROAD ST.

## To Railroad Companies.

We beg to call the attention of Managers of Rail-  
ways and Contractors throughout the United States  
and Canada to our superior facilities for executing  
orders at manufacturers prices, for all descriptions of  
both AMERICAN and FOREIGN

## Railroad Iron.

We are always in a position to furnish all sizes, pat-  
terns and weight of rail for both steam and horse  
roads, and in any quantities desired either for IMME-  
DIATE OR REMOTE delivery, at any port in the  
United States or Canada and always at the very lowest  
current market prices. We are also prepared to sup-  
ply

## Bessemer Steel Rails,

of American and Foreign manufacture, rolled to any  
desired pattern and weight for final yard and of  
approved lengths. Contracts for both IRON AND  
STEEL RAILS will be made payable in United States  
currency for America, and in either currency or gold  
(at the option of the buyer) for Foreign; when desired,  
we will contract to supply roads with their  
monthly or yearly requirements of STEEL OR IRON  
RAILS, taking their

OLD RAILS IN TRADE FOR NEW

furnished, receiving the difference in cash, and allow-  
ing the highest market price for their Old Rails, and,  
if necessary, receiving the latter after the delivery of  
the New Rails.

Orders for Foreign Rails, both Steel and Iron, will  
be taken for transmission by Mail or through the cable  
to our

LONDON HOUSE,

58 OLD BROAD STREET,

for execution at a fixed price in Sterling or on com-  
mission at the current market price abroad when the  
order is received in London; shipments to be made  
at stated periods to ports in America and at the low-  
est possible rates of freights. Address

## S. W. Hopkins &amp; Co.,

69 & 71 Broadway, New York.

## To Iron Manufacturers.

We beg to announce to the proprietors and mana-  
gers of Rolling Mills and Iron Manufacturers through-  
out the United States and Canada, that we are con-  
stantly receiving from both American and Foreign  
Railroad Companies heavy shipments of

## Old Rails.

We are, therefore, always in a position to furnish to  
consumers any quantity desired for IMMEDIATE OR  
REMOTE DELIVERY at all points in the United States  
and Canada, and when required will contract to supply  
mills with their monthly or yearly consumption at  
the lowest current market prices.

We are also prepared to transmit by mail or through  
the cable to our

LONDON HOUSE,

58 OLD BROAD STREET,

Orders for old rails off of Foreign Railroads for  
shipments at stated periods to any ports in America  
at a fixed price in sterling or for execution on com-  
mission at the current market prices abroad when the  
order is received in London. In this department  
of our business our facilities are unsurpassed and our  
experience unequalled by any house in America. Our  
yearly transactions in Old Rails being very much  
greater than all other houses combined. Address

## S. W. Hopkins &amp; Co.,

69 & 71 Broadway, New York.

## GILEAD A. SMITH,

15 LANGHAM PLACE, LONDON, W.

RAILROAD IRON,

BESSEMER RAILS,

STEEL TYRES,

AND METALS.

Railroad Bonds and U.S. and other American Securi-  
ties negotiated, and Credit and Exchange provided for  
U. S. or Continent.

Consignments solicited on the usual terms of any of  
the staples.

Special Counting and Reception Rooms available for  
Americans in London, with the facilities usually found  
at the Continental Bankers.

## Street Cars, Omnibuses.

JOHN STEPHENSON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS.

New York.