

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1868.

NO. 154.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,

NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.

Receive money on Deposit and allow interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on daily balances, subject to check at sight.

Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four per cent interest, payable on demand.

Negotiate Loans.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and Sell Government and other Securities on commission.

Make Collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

Special Agents for the sale of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Government and other Securities

Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

27 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
GOLD, &c.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

HOYT & GARDNER,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Gold a Specialty.

Money received upon deposit and interest allowed upon current balances.

T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,
Vice-Prest. Gold Exchange, formerly of Georgia

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

Specie and Banking Office.

OR

KENNEDY, HUTCHINSON & CO.,

NO. 40 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Gold, Silver, Government Securities, &c

Collections Made.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co.,

BANKERS,

50 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold, ONLY on Commission, at the Stock, Mining Stock and Gold Boards, of which we are members.

Interest allowed on Deposits.
Dividends, Coupons and Interest collected.
Liberal advances on Government and other Securities.
Information cheerfully given to Professional men, Executors etc., desiring to invest.

Refer by permission to Messrs. LOOKWOOD & Co.,
DABNEY, MORGAN &

Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN BAILEY, J. A. BUCKINGHAM, F. F. HILL,
Late Bound & Bailey. Member N.Y. St. Ex.

Bailey, Buckingham & Co

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

44 WALL STREET.

Buy and sell Commercial Paper, make advances on good securities, execute orders for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold for the usual commission.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collect on both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE

WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

JAY COOKE, } H. C. FAHNESTOCK
WM. G. MOORHEAD, } EDWARD DODGE,
H. D. COOKE, } PITT COOKE.

JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co.'s New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES on all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.
March 1, 1868

Bankers and Brokers.

Day & Morse,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities, Bought and Sold on Commission.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to draft.

ALBERT F. DAY.

HORACE J. MORSE.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Sterling Exchange at Sight and Sixty Days upon

ALEX. S. PETRIE & CO., London,

Orders for Stocks, Bonds, and Merchandise, executed in London by cable or mail.

WILLIAMS & GUION,

71 Wall Street, New York,

Lounsbury & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities,

Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBURY.

WILLIAM S. FANSHAW.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.

Philadelphia Bankers.

AUSTIN & OBERGE,

313 WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Commission Stock Brokers.

J. BELL AUSTIN.

CHAS. H. OBERGE.

Cincinnati Bankers.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER and all kinds of
GOVERNMENT BONDS.

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible
points and remitted for on day of payment.

CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS
FOR SALE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.

THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89

Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

DIRECTORS:
John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison,
Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,
William Woods A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Financial.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,
BANKERS,

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,
(88 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON. CHARLES E. MILNOR.
WALTER H. BURNS. H. CRUGER OAKLEY.

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELER, President
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Banker and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

I. H. STOUT, Cashier. D. L. FOSS, President

The Tradesmen's
NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

AND

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits,

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,

56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

Financial

MANSFIELD, FREESE & BROWNELL,

Bankers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 50 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

U. S. Bonds, Coin, Stocks, Grain, Flour, and Provisions Bought and Sold on Commission only. Liberal advances on consignments. Particular attention given to collections. Four per cent, interest allowed on deposits.

J. L. MANSFIELD, Vice-Pres. 1st Nat. Bank Decatur, Ill.
J. L. BROWNELL, Pres. of the Open Board Stock Brokers, N.Y.
I. M. FREESE & CO., Commission Merchants, Chicago, Ill.
FREESE & COMPANY, Bankers, Bement, Ill.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission. Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF DECATUR, ILL.

Capital.....\$100,000

ISAAC FREESE, Pres. J. L. MANSFIELD, Vice-Pres.
T. W. FREESE, Cashier.

Prompt attention given to collections on all accessible points in the Northwest.

FREESE & COMPANY,
BANKERS,

Bement, Ill.,

A Regular Banking and Exchange business transacted. U. S. Bonds and Coin bought and sold. Capitalists can make desirable Real Estate Investments through our House. Correspondence solicited.

I. M. FREESE & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Chicago, Ill.,

Advances made on Consignments. Eastern orders for all Western products solicited. Prompt and careful attention given.

THE
National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY.

Capital, One Million Dollars.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE

DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres. JAMES MERRELL, Sec.

Receives deposits and allows FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST on daily balances, Subject to Check at Sight.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for six months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BARCOCK,
LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT M. HEDDEN.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH. JOHN MCGINNIS, JR
E. W. MCGINNIS.

McGinniss, Bros. & Smith,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.

Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies

Financial.

INCORPORATED 1798.

The New York Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866..... \$89,855 49
Premiums received..... 213,116 87

Total..... \$302,972 63

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.

Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868..... \$307,890 93

Losses and Expenses..... \$207,661 23
Return Premiums..... 14,418 30

The Company have the following assets:
Cash in Banks..... \$29,809 57
United States Stocks..... 272,925 00
Bank, City and other Stocks..... 194,790 00
Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company..... 40,785 15
Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages..... 92,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..... \$630,309 72

Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company..... 83,399 12

Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 31,037 69

22,803 20

\$767,549 73

SIX PER CENT.

Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.

TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND

and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

FIFTY PER CENT.

of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.

By order of the Board,

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Stewart Brown, Edward Kaupe,
Stephen Johnson, Henry Oelrichs,
Arthur Leary, James R. Smith,
Henry Meyer, George Mosle,
Edward H. R. Lyman, Gustave H. Kissell,
George Moke, Gerhard Janssen,
E. V. Thebaud, William Paxson,
Francis Hathaway, John H. Earle,
Lloyd Aspinwall, Francis Skiddy,
E. P. Fabbri.

JOHN H. LYELL, President.
THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

Sun Mutual Insurance
COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819..... Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets July 1, 1867..... \$4,650,938 27

Liabilities..... 377,668 46

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Boston Bankers.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

BANKERS & MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE, GOLD AND BONDS,

114 State Street, Boston.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS issued on London and Paris available in all parts of Europe.
LOANS OF STERLING made to Merchants upon favorable terms.
DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY received, subject to draft at sight and interest allowed.
ADVANCES made on consignments to Liverpool and London.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 23 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF WASHINGTON,

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.

WM. S. HUNTINGTON, CASHIER.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE.

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

No. 1014 MAIN ST, RICHMOND, VA.,

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:

- Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
- Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
- E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
- Byrd & Hall, New York.
- Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
- Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
- Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlbert.
- Home Insurance Company of New York.
- New York Life Insurance Company.
- Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
- Underwriters Agency New York.
- Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
- Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

Western Bankers.

The Marine Company

OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON President.
ROBERT REID Manager.

General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN
BANKING HOUSE OF

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO,

Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

National Trust Company

423 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital.....\$100,000

Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

Western Bankers.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO

Boise City, I. T.

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.

CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000.

B. M. DU RELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.

New York Correspondent,—National Bank of North America.

Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfers," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

Bankers and Brokers.

THOMAS DENNY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 39 WALL STREET.

Our Annual Financial Circular for 1868

is now ready, and will be forwarded free of charge to parties desiring to make investments through us.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.
THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

DRAKE BROTHERS,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Executed

HODGSKIN, RANDALL &

HOBSON,

NO 39 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BROKERS IN

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government, and other Securities.

GENERAL PARTNERS: James B. Hodgskin, Chas. K. Randall, J. Lowry Hobson

SPECIAL PARTNERS: John Randall, J. Nelson Tappan, Geo. G. Hobson.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.
Bankers,

76 So. 3d St., | 3 Nassau St.,

Philada. | New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on liberal terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

Bankers and Brokers.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK

Buy and sell, at market rates, all descriptions of United States Securities, and give especial attention to the conversion of

SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES

Into the

NEW FIVE TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Certificates of Deposit issued, Deposits received and Collections made. Also, General Agents for

Central Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds,

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York. Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING

- 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
- 6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
- 6 " " " 1864,
- 6 " " " 1865,
- Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
- 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
- 1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos., Contract for Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc., and undertake all business connected with Railways.

LOCKWOOD & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET. DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

HASLETT MCKIM. ROBT. MCKIM. JNO. A. MCKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS.

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

S. Thompson's Nephew,

EUROPEAN

PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

ASH CAPITAL, \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868 376,815 50

TOTAL ASSETS \$876,815 50

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Vice President.

UGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

**STATEMENT OF THE
P H Œ N I X
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 1, 1868.**

EDSON FESSENDEN, President.

JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

ASSETS.....	\$2,218,344 29
RATIO OF ASSETS TO LIABILITIES.....	\$155 54 per \$100
Net Assets January 1, 1867.....	\$1,198,256 96
Premiums received during year.....	1,058,245 15
Interest received during year.....	120,799 13
	\$2,377,301 24
Add Premiums in hands of Agents.....	199,643 00
Add Accrued Interest and Cash Balances.....	28,576 02
	228,219 02
	\$2,605,520 26

DISBURSEMENTS :

Paid claims by death on 52 policies.....	\$107,700 00
“ Commissions and Salaries to Agents.....	163,135 88
“ Dividends, and for Policies surrendered.....	41,583 38
“ Physicians' Fees, Salaries, Taxes, Printing, Postages and all other expenses.....	74,576 71
	388,175 97
	\$2,218,344 29

ASSETS :

Loans on Real Estate	\$455,100 00
Bank Stocks and Railroad Bonds	205,275 00
United States Coupon Bonds.....	113,000 00
Hartford City Gas Light Company Stock.....	6,201 00
Loans on Collateral Security.....	14,900 00
Bills Receivable, amply secured.....	1,089,397 40
Furniture in offices.....	3,459 25
Cash in Bank.....	102,792 62
Accrued Interest and Cash Balances.....	28,576 02
Amount in the hands of Agents, and in course of transmission	199,643 00
	\$2,218,344 29

Number of Policies issued during the year.....	5,811
Amount insured during the year.....	\$15,250,910
Total amount of losses paid.....	530,500

DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1865.....	50 PER CENT.
DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1866	50 PER CENT.
DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1867	50 PER CENT.
DIVIDENDS BEING PAID IN 1868.....	50 PER CENT.

NEW YORK OFFICE.

JOHN E. DE WITT, Resident Director.

T. L. FRALEIGH, General Agent.

Insurance.

**HOMŒOPATHIC
Mutual Life Insurance Co**

**Of the City of New York,
BANG'S MARBLE BUILDING
NO. 231 BROADWAY,
Two doors above the Astor House, opposite the Park.**

This Company offers to insurers all the advantages hitherto afforded by any responsible company in respect to terms and plans of insurance, and, in addition to low rates on ordinary lives, it makes a still further reduction to those using the Homœopathic practice. Persons about to insure are invited to give our proposals a careful examination.

DIRECTORS.

D. D. T. Marshall, 157 East 34th Street.
Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, Lieut. Gov. State N. Y.
Jas. Cushing, Jr., of Leroy W. Fairchild & Co.
Edward E. Eames, of H. B. Claflin & Co.
Elisha Brooks, of Brooks Bros., 468 Broadway.
Hon. Rich'd B. Connolly, Comptroller of N. Y. City.
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OF WEST VIRGINIA.

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$200,000
With the privilege of increasing the same to..\$300,000

Shares of Stock Each \$100.

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THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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The Chronicle.

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THE DEFEAT OF THE BANK INFLATION BILL.

If Mr. Sherman is gratified by the passage of the coin contract law yesterday, he has little reason to complain of the previous action of the Senate defeating his bill for inflating the currency by the issue of twenty millions of new bank notes. What is surprising is that this untimely and mischievous project could have appeared to the mind of so experienced a political leader to stand the smallest chance of adoption. It would involve the giving up of the established policy on one of the most important prerogatives of the Government, that of guarding the currency, and exempting it from dilution and derangement by new issues. The national cry for a sound currency will certainly be heeded so far by Congress that no further depreciation is to be attempted, nor any new emissions of any sort of paper money, especially of bank notes.

Waiving the general question of policy, however, the special objections to the bill are, first, that it does not touch the most important defects of the banking system; and secondly, that it does not offer a fit remedy for the evils with which it proposes to deal. In illustration of the last named point we may cite Mr. Sherman's statement that "sundry states in the Union have not a national bank, while Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut have from \$50 to \$75 per

inhabitant." It is no honest remedy for this state of things to endow and subsidize certain new government banks by a forced loan—a forced loan of the worst sort, that of an issue of paper money. Who, moreover, would gain the profits of this new doling out of the national bounty? For whose emolument does Mr. Sherman believe that these twenty millions of notes would avail? Would the people at large be benefited? or would the whole profits be absorbed by a few speculators who had clubbed their means together to form these new banks? Mr. Sherman suggests a reply to these queries. He says that "the banks of Ohio have loaned every dollar at their command to New York, while they refused to the merchant, farmer and produce dealer any accommodation." And what does this alleged fact prove but that the hot-bed system of forcing banks to grow where the spontaneous movements of business do not produce them is fruitful in abuses. This is but one argument out of many by which Mr. Sherman's own admissions helped to defeat his project, and the people are well satisfied to see it die.

It is undoubtedly a defect of the National banking system that its currency is unequally distributed. A recent report showed that of the 300 millions outstanding 104 millions were issued by New England, almost 70 millions by New York, 40 millions by Pennsylvania, and 40 millions by Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, so that over three-fourths of the National bank notes are issued from New England, New York and Pennsylvania.

How this concentration on the seaboard originated Mr. Hulburt tells us, in his report for 1866. He describes it as follows:

"The original act of March 25, 1863, provided for an apportionment of the national currency to the several States and Territories as follows: one hundred and fifty millions according to representative population, and one hundred and fifty millions according to banking capital, resources, and business.

"This requirement was repealed by the act of June 3, 1864, which left the distribution to the discretion of the Comptroller of the Currency. By the amendment of March 3, 1865, the clause requiring an apportionment to be made was re-enacted, but at the same date an amendment to section 7 of the internal revenue act provided that all existing State banks should have the right to become national banks, and should have the preference over new organizations up to the 1st of July, 1865.

"These two amendments were not in harmony; for, if the apportionment was made as required by the amendment to section 21, the State banks then in existence could not have been converted without exceeding in many instances the amount of circulation apportioned to the different States. But, as it seemed to be the intention and policy of the act to absorb all existing banking institutions rather than to create new banking interests in addition thereto, the Comptroller of the Currency so construed the amendments as to permit the conversion of State banks without limitation. The effect of this action was to make a very unequal distribution of the currency, some of the States receiving more than they were entitled to by the apportionment, and leaving but a very limited amount to be awarded to the Southern and some of the Western States."

In this official report we have the clear admission that the bank notes have been allotted as was intended. Who is to blame for the evil we do not care in this place to enquire. It is to the proper remedy that we prefer to confine

our search. And this remedy obviously involves the calling in of the currency where it has been issued in excess of the equitable allotment. Several measures have been introduced into Congress for this purpose. The most important was that of Mr. Hooper, which proposed to call in the circulation of banks on certain established rules. First, no bank was to be allowed to issue more than one million of dollars of its own notes. Secondly, the smaller institutions were to be regulated as follows: a bank whose capital did not exceed \$300,000 was to issue notes to the amount of 90 per cent of its capital; a bank whose capital was from \$300,000 to \$500,000 was allowed 80 per cent of circulation; and if the capital was \$500,000 or upwards 70 per cent was the limit. Much objection was made to this scheme, and a modification of it was proposed by the Comptroller of the Currency allowing banks with two millions of capital to receive \$1,125,000 of notes. Three millions of capital was to entitle an association to \$1,400,000 of notes; four millions to \$1,500,000; five millions to \$1,600,000, while ten millions of capital was to secure \$3,000,000 of notes.

The discussion of these plans evoked opposition from the banks whose privileges it was proposed to cut off, so that the attempt was given up, and to this moment no practicable solution of the difficulty has presented itself. The only points which have been established so far, seem to be that the people will not allow the currency of the country to be tampered with to accommodate those who wish to start new banks; and, secondly, that the existing banks, which enjoy currency privileges will not, if they can help it, suffer those privileges to be taken from them or curtailed.

We have discussed thus exclusively the currency aspects of Mr. Sherman's bill, because it was by these chiefly that its defeat was rendered inevitable. We trust that if it should be revived hereafter in a new form, that it will be carefully revised, and that its provisions will be extended so as to enforce the redemption of all bank notes in New York, the establishment of some needed safeguards against defalcations among bank officers, the keeping up of more adequate legal tender reserves, and the increase of the efficiency of the Currency Bureau, by making its examiners and other officials responsible where bad banking, which leads to failure or defalcation, has been concealed; and through negligence, incompetence or collusion has failed to be reported.

THE CHINA TRADE.

NUMBER I.

"This mission," said Mr. Burlingame, in rather oracular explanation to his San Francisco entertainers of the purposes of his Embassy, "*means progress.*" Without giving way to unreasonable hopes, we may well be inclined to accept the sign in this sense, and to enquire in what manner and to what extent this progress is to reach and affect the commercial part of the world, of America especially, which has heretofore divided with the diplomatists and the missionaries, (taking the lion's share) the intercourse, limited as it has been, that has taken place between the Western nations and the Chinese.

The diplomatists have until recently been engaged in a long and weary struggle, by chicanery and force alternately, to fasten upon a powerful and elaborately civilized nation, a foreign policy of which it recognized the injustice. Resistance to that policy was baptized "Oriental duplicity."

The missionaries have labored, for the most part with zeal and fidelity, in a fruitless field. To people who not only believed but practiced a morality which was old when christianity was born, it was naturally not easy to appeal in favor of a religion the mass of whose professors, so far as the Chinese saw them, did not practice but only believed its precepts.

Commerce has been practically limited, on the one hand, to

the capacity, always increasing, of Europe and America to consume the teas, silks and other products of China; on the other, to the disposition and ability of the population embraced within a narrow area near the "open ports" to use the fabrics of the Western looms, and to poison itself with the opium, to supply which, in defiance of the Chinese government, has been one of the most cherished rights of European civilization. Lucrative as this commerce has been to the individuals concerned in it, and important so far as regards the wealth and power of Europe, and now of America as well, it has only touched the shell of China.

A few wealthy merchants, branches of flourishing firms in England or America, have established their houses in China, with ramifications at each of the lesser ports, including of late those of Japan; in the conduct of this traffic have amassed princely fortunes in a few years, and, when still young perhaps, have returned to their native country to enjoy them and to give place to the army of young men by whom the succession has been maintained. These great houses have been princely in their hospitality and display, no less than in their fortunes and the number of their retainers. With the general convulsion of commerce which followed the close of the war, and the subsequent prolonged depression, this state of things appears to be passing away, or at least undergoing a decided change. Some of the oldest and most honored names have disappeared entirely. Operations are no longer conducted on the same grand scale. Economy in expenses is thought of. The necessity and practicability of monopolizing trade by means of expensive branch establishments at all the ports is beginning to be doubted. Since the establishment of steam communication between California and China, the Chinese merchants of Hongkong and San Francisco have been, collectively, shippers of by far the greater portion of the large cargoes carried by the mail steamers of the Pacific Company. These native merchants, some of them of considerable wealth, were able, by reason of their greater frugality in all respects, to ship at a profit which would not have enabled their European neighbors to live. The steamers, as common carriers available to all alike, gave them an opportunity, never before realized, for adventures large or small and of quick issue: they were not slow to avail of it, and thus new branches of business have sprung into existence.

In all this there is room for progress, and promise of it. Between the oldest nation and the youngest: China, frugally supporting her population of four hundred millions on an area of 1,300,000 square miles; America, prodigally scattering thirty millions over 3,000,000 square miles; the former elaborately organized, reposing under a civilization which came out of the furnace centuries ago; the latter with no organization whatever, more than a town meeting, boasting of a brand new civilization whose chief characteristic is a fierce unrest; the one profoundly conservative, the other eagerly radical: between the people who before the birth of Christ discovered gunpowder, printing, and the compass, and that other people, who, within a single life time, have wrested from each untold uses, and given to each its highest practical application, surely there is room for the interchange of more than a few boxes and bales of merchandise.

In California there are now sixty thousand Chinamen, of whom it is said ten thousand are engaged on the Central Pacific Railroad, the others being occupied in mining, agriculture and various industries. It is difficult to foresee to what extent may be carried this transfer of population from a land where it exists in inconvenient excess of numbers to one where the demand for labor is apparently insatiable, and the means of providing for its wants practically unlimited. Unjust laws and unequal application of them, united to the violence, unrestrained by law, with which the Chinese labor-

ers, partly because of their frugal habits and patience under abuse, were treated by the laborers of other foreign nations, had the effect, for several years before the establishment of the steamship line, of checking and, indeed, of reversing the current of this migration; but it has again revived, and with vigor, since the last named event, and under the influence of a healthier sentiment among the people of California and an administration of the laws which recognizes in a Chinaman some rights that an Irishman is bound to respect. The annual movement of population for the past five years compares as follows:

	Arrived at San Francisco.	Departed from San Francisco.
1863.....	6,467	2,959
1864.....	2,166	3,684
1865.....	3,066	2,198
1866.....	2,284	2,993
1867.....	4,337	4,311
Total.....	18,120	16,145

Bullion began to be an important article of export from California to China about the year 1854, when the annual shipments reached a million dollars. Since then this trade has gradually increased, the shipments since 1863 having been as follows. For the sake of comparison we have placed in parallel columns the shipments from California to Japan for two years, previous to which they were wholly unimportant, and also the shipments from Great Britain to all China and Japan, reduced to dollars:

	From San Francisco. To China.	To Japan.	Gt. Britain to all China and Japan.
1863.....	\$4,206,370	.....	\$9,979,545
1864.....	7,888,973	.....	4,456,645
1865.....	6,963,522	.....	2,800,130
1866.....	6,533,084	\$105,890	1,515,980
1867.....	9,039,530	6,8,049	1,328,830

The steady and rapid growth of the export from the Pacific coast is in remarkable contrast to the decline in the flow of silver from England, and at first sight there would appear to be some intimate connection between the two; but the causes are, on examination, seen to be, for the most part, quite distinct. The heavy shipments from England to India and Asia during the war in this country were part of the overgrown speculation to which the mercantile community of England abandoned itself at that time: the course of the bullion flow accurately marks the progress and subsidence of the fever. The reaction has been the more severe because the excitement of disease was accepted by the patient as a sign of health. On the other hand, the trade between California and Asia has been growing in bulk and value, and the sudden increase of about twenty-five per cent in the treasure movement of 1867 results from a combination of this cause with the establishment of the steamship line on the 1st of January of that year, and an anomalous state of the India exchange market, coincident with the plethora and low rate of money in London, in consequence of which heavy operations were carried on, resulting in losses that will probably prevent their repetition in 1868.

The values of domestic merchandise exported from San Francisco to China and Japan during the last three years compare thus:

	To China.	To Japan.
1865.....	\$1,376,166	\$107,814
1866.....	1,534,700	1,7,275
1867.....	1,325,336	811,063

These exports consist mainly of breadstuffs, lumber and "sundries," the production of the Pacific States.

The two principal articles of import from China and Japan are tea and raw silk. The following table shows the exportation of each from either country to Great Britain and America for five years:

Year ending May 31,	FROM CHINA.		Silk, peculs of 133 1/4 pounds.	
	Tea, pounds To England.	To America.	To England.	To Am.
1864.....	113,159,800	22,889,100	46,603	883
" " " 1865.....	118,040,700	14,725,300	32,313	248
" " " 1866.....	111,165,200	24,896,500	62,890	894
" " " 1867.....	118,061,100	26,193,900	50,052	715

		FROM JAPAN.			
Year ending March 30, 1864.....	1,982,916	1,488,577	7,411	55	
" " " 1865.....	2,265,783	1,696,170	6,525	None.	
" " " 1866.....	887,140	6,224,694	5,740	55	
" " " 1867.....	354,145	5,546,466	7,616	78	
" " " 1868.....	772,332	16,710,207	4,559	518	

The importation of raw silk into this country has received a marked impulse from steam communication, and is, in our judgment, destined to grow to important dimensions, with momentous consequences to the national wealth. This article is worth, on an average, about \$600 in coin per bale, or about \$5 a pound. The silk of Japan is the finest known, and is used in the production of the most highly esteemed fabrics of British and French looms. The eggs of the Japanese silk worm are also imported into France to an enormous amount, and at great expense, to supply the ravages of the disease which has for some years past affected the native worms. With our greater proximity to Japan, and the great saving of freight and of interest on the cost of a material of so much value, there seems no reason why the infant manufacture of silk in this country should not grow to a sturdy manhood. In all except the more elaborate and costly fabrics, this advantage in the first price of the raw material should enable the American manufacturer to compete successfully with foreign looms for the supply of our extensive home market.

This question brings us to consider the probable influence of the Pacific Railroad, now approaching completion, upon the population and wealth of this country, and especially of the Pacific States, in relation to the commerce with Asia.

REVIEW OF THE MONTH.

The usual stringency of money in March and April has been followed in May by a very decided reaction towards the other extreme. The contraction of business necessitated by the pressure of the former period has naturally been attended by a limited demand for accommodation from merchants throughout the country, and at most of the commercial centre there has prevailed an abundance of idle funds, which have gravitated hither, and are now seeking employment at very low rates of interest. At the same time the loanable resources of the banks have been increased by the payment of about four millions of interest in the redemption of Compound Interest Notes dated May 15, 1865, both principal and interest of which have been paid in 3 Per Cent Certificates, absorbing the whole of the latter. The change in the condition of the banks resulting from these causes is shown by the following comparison:

	May 30.	May 2.	Changes.
Loans and Discounts.....	\$268, 17,490	\$257,628,672	Inc. \$10,498,818
Specie.....	17,861,088	16,106,873	Inc. 1,694,215
Circulation.....	34,145,606	34,114,843	Inc. 30,763
Deposits.....	204,746,964	191,306,135	Inc. 13,540,829
Legal tenders.....	65,633,964	57,836,599	Inc. 7,797,365

The fact of money being now @4 per cent on demand loans, while choice commercial paper is negotiable at 5 per cent, is an indication of a stagnant condition of general trade. In most branches of business the Spring trade has proved unsatisfactory, the only really healthy demand having come from the West, which has been exceptionally prosperous through its abundant crops. Retail dealers complain of the contracted purchases of their customers, and that their business is so overdone by the multiplicity of traders that they cannot make an average profit; and jobbers, under these circumstances, are naturally cautious about the standing of the parties to whom they sell.

The general unprofitableness of trading enterprises and the plethora of money have induced an extension of speculative transactions in securities, and especially so on Governments. A variety of considerations have conduced to diverting operations in that direction, prominent among which may be mentioned the near completion of the funding process, and the consequent filling up of the outstanding authorizations for loans. The high prices of real estate have had an influence in causing investors to shun that mode of employing their funds, while the high prices of railroad stocks have tended to deter speculators from touching them. Under the influence of this and other circumstances, which were more fully explained in our last issue, there has been during the latter half of May an unprecedented demand, which toward the close had carried up prices beyond all precedent. Transactions in

all kinds of bonds have consequently been large, as may be seen in the following statement of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and city and company bonds, sold at the New York Stock Exchange in the month of May, 1867 and 1868 :

Classes.	1867.	1868.	Inc.	Dec.
U. S. bonds	\$16,226,800	\$21,621,050	\$5,394,250	
U. S. notes	1,130,100	4,830,800	3,700,750	
St'e & city b'ds	2,863,300	3,759,100	895,800	
Company b'ds	930,300	718,000		212,300
Total—May	\$21,150,500	\$30,928,950	\$9,778,450	
—since Jan. 1.	69,784,680	121,923,550	52,138,870	

The daily closing prices of the principal Government securities at the New York Stock Exchange Board in the month of May, as represented by the latest sale officially reported, are shown in the following statement :

Day of month.	6's, 1881.	6's, 1862.	6's, (5-20 yrs.) Coupon.	5's, 10-40 7-30.
Friday 1..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Saturday 2..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Sunday 3..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Monday 4..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Tuesday 5..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Wednesday 6..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Thursday 7..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Friday 8..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Saturday 9..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Sunday 10..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Monday 11..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Tuesday 12..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Wednesday 13..	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Thursday 14..	114	109	107 1/4	108 1/4
Friday 15..	114	109	107 1/4	108 1/4
Saturday 16..	114	109	107 1/4	108 1/4
Sunday 17..	114	109	107 1/4	108 1/4
Monday 18..	114 1/4	109 1/4	107 1/4	108 1/4
Tuesday 19..	114 1/4	109 1/4	107 1/4	108 1/4
Wednesday 20..	114 1/4	109 1/4	107 1/4	108 1/4
Thursday 21..	115	109 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Friday 22..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Saturday 23..	115	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Sunday 24..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Monday 25..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Tuesday 26..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Wednesday 27..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Thursday 28..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Friday 29..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Saturday 30..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
Sunday 31..	115 1/4	110 1/4	108 1/4	109 1/4
First.....	113 1/4	108 1/4	106 1/4	107 1/4
Lowest.....	115 1/4	111 1/4	109 1/4	111 1/4
Highest.....	113 1/4	107 1/4	106 1/4	109 1/4
Range.....	2 1/4	4 1/4	3 1/4	2 1/4
Last.....	115 1/4	111 1/4	109 1/4	111 1/4

The closing prices of Five-Twenties at Frankfort in each week ending with Thursday, were as follows :

May 7.	May 14.	May 21.	May 28.	Month.
75% @ 75%	75%	76%	77	75% @ 77

The closing prices of Consols for money and certain American securities (viz. U. S. 6's 5-20's 1862, Illinois Central and Erie shares) at London, on each day of the month of May, are shown in the following statement :

Date.	Cons for mon.	U. S. 5-20s.	Ill. C. sh's.	Erie sh's.	Date.	Cons for mon.	U. S. 5-20s.	Ill. C. sh's.	Erie sh's.
Friday 1..	93 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Thursday 21..	94 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Sat'day 2..	93 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Friday 22..	94 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Sunday 3..	93 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Saturday 23..	94 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Monday 4..	93 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Sunday 24..	94 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Tues. 5..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Monday 25..	95	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Wedne. 6..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Tuesday 26..	95 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Thurs. 7..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Wednesday 27..	95 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4
Friday 8..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Thursday 28..	96 1/4	72 1/4	96 1/4	46 1/4
Sat'day 9..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Friday 29..	96 1/4	72 1/4	96 1/4	46 1/4
Sunday 10..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	46 1/4	Saturday 30..	96 1/4	72 1/4	96 1/4	46 1/4
Monday 11..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4	Sunday 31..	96 1/4	72 1/4	96 1/4	46 1/4
Tuesday 12..	94 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Lowest.....	93 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4
Wed'n'y 13..	94 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Highest.....	96 1/4	72 1/4	97	47 1/4
Thursday 14..	94 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Range.....	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4	2 1/4
Friday 15..	94 1/4	70 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4	Low } Since Jan. 1.....	91 1/4	70 1/4	84 1/4	41 1/4
Sat'day 16..	94 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Hig }	96 1/4	73 1/4	97	50 1/4
Sunday 17..	94 1/4	70 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Rng }	4 1/4	3	12 1/4	8 1/4
Monday 18..	94 1/4	71 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4	Last }	96 1/4	72 1/4	97	47 1/4
Tuesday 19..	94 1/4	71 1/4	94 1/4	45 1/4					
Wednesday 20..	94 1/4	71 1/4	95 1/4	45 1/4					

The course of the stock market has been somewhat disappointing to the larger holders of railroad shares. A very large proportion of the leading shares had been bought up by combinations, in anticipation that the current liberal earnings of the roads would induce an active speculative demand during the usual Spring and Summer ease in money. The event, however, has proved that there are few casual operators in the street, and that the regular habitues of Wall street are unusually cautious; so that although considerable effort has been made to draw out speculative transactions, yet the result has been disappointing, and the volume of business has been less than during the same month of 1867, as may be seen in the following table showing the volume of shares sold at the New York Stock Exchange Board and the Open Board of Brokers in May, 1867 and 1868, comparatively :

Classes.	1867.	1868.	Increase.	(Dec.
Bank shares	4,051	2,253	.....	1,798
Railroad	1,468,041	939,345	.....	528,696
Coal	7,515	5,315	.....	2,200
Mining	18,930	49,715	30,785	.....
Improv't	41,900	16,015	.....	25,885
Telegraph	42,671	35,957	.....	6,714
Steamship	61,180	131,505	70,325	.....
Expr's & c	34,411	98,166	63,755	.....
Total—April	1,678,699	1,278,271	400,428	
—since January 1.	9,517,129	9,134,495	382,634	

The following table will show the opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of all the railway and miscellaneous securities quoted at the New York Stock Exchange during the months of April and May, 1868 :

	April.				May.			
Railroad Stocks—	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Alton & Terre Haut	40	45	40	45	45	49 1/4	43	48 1/4
do do pref.	68	68	68	68	73	73 1/4	68	70
Boston, Hartford & Erie	15	15	14 1/4	14 1/4	15	15 1/4	15	15 1/4
Chicago & Alton	120	128 1/4	120	128	128	128 1/4	127 1/4	127 1/4
do do pref.	125	129	125	129	129	129 1/4	128 1/4	128 1/4
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy	150	150	150	150	149	150	149	150
do & Milwaukee	63	64	60	63 1/4	64	70	63	63 1/4
do do pref.	74 1/4	76 1/4	68	75 1/4	75 1/4	80 1/4	75	79 1/4
do & Rock Island.	92 1/4	97	85	93 1/4	94 1/4	98 1/4	93 1/4	97 1/4
Cleve., Col. & Cincinnati	105	106 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4	104	109	104	107
do Painesv. & Ashta.	100	102 1/4	99	102 1/4	102 1/4	108 1/4	102	108
do & Pittsburg	92	92	x80	83	82 1/4	89	83 1/4	88
do & Toledo	103 1/4	106 1/4	97 1/4	105 1/4	106 1/4	110 1/4	105 1/4	109 1/4
Del., Lack. & Western	114	115 1/4	114	114 1/4	118 1/4	125	118 1/4	125
do do scrip.	117	117	117	117	117	117	117	117
Erie	73 1/4	75	65 1/4	71 1/4	71 1/4	72 1/4	68 1/4	70
do pref.	71	75	69	74	74	77	74	76
Hannibal & St. Joseph	76 1/4	77 1/4	73	73	80	83	78	80 1/4
do do pref.	84 1/4	85 1/4	81	84	84 1/4	87	83 1/4	87
Hudson River	140	140	122 1/4	137	136 1/4	144	136	142
Illinois Central	137	147 1/4	137	147 1/4	146 1/4	148 1/4	145 1/4	148 1/4
Ind. & Cincinnati	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54
Mar. & Cincin., 1st pref.	25	25	25	25	27	29 1/4	27	28 1/4
do do 2d pref.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Michigan Central	113	115 1/4	113	115 1/4	116	121	118	120
do S. & N. Ind.	89 1/4	91 1/4	85	90	90 1/4	91 1/4	82 1/4	88 1/4
Mil. & P. du Ch'n, 1st pr	99	99	99	99 1/4	100	104	100	104
do do 2d pr.	93	93	93	93 1/4	91 1/4	97	91 1/4	97
Milwaukee & St. Paul	59	64 1/4	56	64 1/4	67 1/4	67 1/4	62	67
do do pref.	74	77	68 1/4	76	73 1/4	74 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4
Morris & Essex	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
New Jersey	133	133	133	133	133	133	133	133
do Central	117 1/4	118 1/4	114 1/4	115 1/4	116	121	116	119 1/4
New York Central	122 1/4	130	110 1/4	128 1/4	129 1/4	134	127 1/4	133 1/4
do & N. Haven.	139	142	137	142	150	159	150	151
Norwich & Worcester	94	94	94	94	94	94	94	94
Ohio & Mississippi	31	32 1/4	28 1/4	31 1/4	31 1/4	31 1/4	29 1/4	30 1/4
do do pref.	76	78	76	78	80	80	78	80
Panama	316	316	295 1/4	307	315	330 1/4	315	330 1/4
Pittsb., Ft. W. & Chica.	100 1/4	105	99	103 1/4	104	116	104	116
Reading	89 1/4	91 1/4	86 1/4	90	90	96 1/4	90	95
Rensselaer & Saratoga	85	86	84	86	86 1/4	89 1/4	86 1/4	89 1/4
Stonington	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92
Toledo, Wab. & Western	50 1/4	52	46	51	51 1/4	52	49	51 1/4
do do do pref.	72	72	70 1/4	71	69	69	69	69
Miscellaneous—								
American Coal	48	48	48	48	43	43	43	43
Ashburton do	40	40	40	40	3	3 1/4	2	3
Central do	40	40	40	40	33	35 1/4	33	35 1/4
Cumberland Coal	32 1/4	33	29	32 1/4	33	35 1/4	33	35 1/4
Del. & Hud. Canal Coal	157	160	155 1/4	158	158	165	156 1/4	164
Pacific Mail	103 1/4	104	8					

The price of gold has been remarkably steady, considering the importance of the political events (especially impeachment) calculated to affect the premium, the quotation having ranged between 139½ and 140½ against 135@138½ in May, 1867, and 125½@141½ in 1866, and 128½@145½ in 1865.

The following statement exhibits the fluctuations of the New York gold market in the month of May, 1868:

COURSE OF GOLD AT NEW YORK.

Date.	Open'g	Lowest	High st.	Closing.	Date.	Open'g	Lowest	High st.	Closing.
Friday.....1	139½	139½	139½	139½	Friday.....22	139½	139½	140	139½
Saturday....2	139½	139½	139½	139½	Saturday....23	139½	139½	139½	139½
Sunday.....3	.....	.....	.....	.....	Sunday.....24	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monday.....4	139½	139½	139½	139½	Monday.....25	139½	139½	140	140
Tuesday.....5	139½	139½	139½	139½	Tuesday....26	140½	139½	140½	140½
Wednesday...6	139½	139½	139½	139½	Wednesday..27	140½	139½	140½	139½
Thursday....7	139½	139½	139½	139½	Thursday....28	139½	139½	139½	139½
Friday.....8	139½	139½	139½	139½	Friday.....29	139½	139½	139½	139½
Saturday....9	139½	139½	140½	140½	Saturday....30	139½	139½	139½	139½
Sunday.....10	.....	.....	.....	.....	Sunday.....31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Monday.....11	140½	139½	140½	139½	May...1868....	139½	139½	140½	139½
Tuesday....12	139½	139½	139½	139½	" 1867....	135½	135	138½	136½
Wednesday..13	139½	139½	139½	139½	" 1866....	125½	125½	141½	140½
Thursday...14	139½	139½	140½	139½	" 1865....	145½	128½	145½	137
Friday.....15	139½	139½	139½	139½	" 1864....	177	163	190	190
Saturday....16	139½	139½	139½	139½	" 1863....	151	143½	154½	145
Sunday.....17	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 1862....	102½	102½	104½	103½
Monday.....18	139½	139½	139½	139½	S'ce Jan 1, 1868	133½	133½	144	139½
Tuesday....19	139½	139½	139½	139½					
Wednesday..20	139½	139½	139½	139½					
Thursday...21	139½	139½	139½	139½					

Foreign exchange has been firm throughout the month, at rates admitting of the export of the precious metals. There has been comparatively little cotton going forward, while the maturing obligations were heavy, and a large amount had to be remitted against coupons due May 1st.

The following exhibits the quotations at New York for bankers' 60 days bills on the principal European markets daily in the month of May, 1868:

COURSE OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE (60 DAYS) AT NEW YORK.

Days.	London. cents for 54 pence.	Paris. centimes for dollar.	Amsterdam. cents for florin.	Bremen. cents for rix daler.	Hamburg. cents for M. banco.	Berlin. cents for thaler.
1..	110 @110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
2..	110 @110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
3..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4..	110 @110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
5..	110 @110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
6..	110 @110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
7..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
8..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
9..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
10..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11..	110 @110½	513½@511½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
12..	110 @110½	513½@511½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
13..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
14..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
15..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
16..	110 @110½	512½@.....	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
17..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
19..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
20..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
21..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
22..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
23..	109½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
24..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
26..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
27..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
28..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
29..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
30..	110½@110½	513½@512½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
31..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
May, 1868	109½@110½	513½@511½	41½@41¼	79½@80	36½@36½	71½@72
1867	109½@110	520 @510	40½@41¼	78½@80	36 @36½	71½@72½

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—MAY 22.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11.17½@11.18	May 22.	short.	11.90 @ —
Antwerp.....	3 months.	25.37½@25.42½	"	"	25.22½@ —
Hamburg.....	"	13.9½@13.10½	"	"	13.8 @ —
Paris.....	"	25.32½@25.37½	"	"	25.17½@ —
Paris.....	short.	25.15 @25.22½	"	3 mos.	*25.19 @ —
Vienna.....	3 months.	11.85 @11.90	—	—	—
Berlin.....	"	6.26½@6.27½	—	—	—
St. Petersburg	"	32 @32½	May 22.	3 mos.	32½
Cadiz.....	"	48½@49	—	—	—
Lisbon.....	90 days.	51½@51½	May 21.	30 days.	51½@51½
Milan.....	3 months.	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
Genoa.....	"	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
Naples.....	"	27.70 @27.80	—	—	—
New York....	—	—	May 22.	60 days.	110%
Jamaica.....	—	—	April 24.	90 days.	1 p. c.
Havana.....	—	—	May 21.	60 days.	10
Rio de Janeiro	—	—	April 23.	"	19 @ —
Bahia.....	—	—	April 14.	"	49½@ —
Valparaiso....	—	—	April 22.	"	36½@ —
Pernambuco...	—	—	April 17.	"	20½@ —
Singapore....	60 days.	4s. 4d.	April 21.	6 mos.	4s. 4d. @ —
Hong Kong...	"	4s. 4d.	April 22.	"	4s. 4d. @ —
Ceylon.....	"	2 p. c. dis.	April 22.	"	1½@1½ per ct.
Bombay.....	"	1s. 11½d.	May 17.	"	2s. 0½d.
Madras.....	"	1s. 11d.	May 12.	"	1s. 11½d.
Calcutta.....	"	1s. 11d.	May 15.	"	1s. 11½d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	April 23.	30 days.	½ p. c. prem.

* Less 3 per cent.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, May 23, 1868.

The present week has, in nearly all departments of business, been devoid of features calculated to strengthen the hope expressed of late that commercial affairs are improving, or that there is any prospect that we may expect a better trade in the immediate future. Rather than having a favorable tendency, it must be admitted that since I last wrote there have been not only signs of increased caution, but merchants have contracted their operations, and trade has presented a much quieter appearance. In my last letter I compiled some statistics showing those countries to which there had, during the first three months of the present year been an increase, and those countries to which there had been a diminution in our exports of cotton piece goods. I either mentioned, or it was self-evident, that the great support to the cotton trade was derived from our augmented shipments of piece goods to India, China and Australia. But, from what has been mentioned to me this week by firms connected with the Eastern trade, it appears that the Eastern markets have been over-supplied, and that in consequence of the large quantities of goods shipped to the East the markets in that quarter have by no means responded to the movement which has taken place here. The advices received this week are of a somewhat discouraging nature, and consequently there is every probability that our exports of goods to the East will steadily, if not rapidly, decline. It seems, indeed, very clear that the returns for the second quarter of the year will show a considerable diminution as compared with the first quarter. It is, however, but natural that, with cotton at its present price, with wheat dear, and with a crisis not only fresh in the recollection of all business men, but with its effects still in operation, in consequence of the liquidation of many defunct companies being still in progress, that a cautious policy should be pursued. Doubtless, a good harvest will have considerable influence in giving an impetus to renewed activity, but the harvest is still distant, is necessarily uncertain as to its result while, even with a good harvest, we do not expect that bread will be cheap. A considerable fall in price may, indeed, be anticipated, but yet a sudden transition from dearness to cheapness can scarcely be looked forward to. Our supplies of wheat, and especially of good wheat, are so greatly reduced that it would seem impossible for our reserve of cereal produce to be such as to warrant the belief that our position in that respect is comparatively secure.

After a period of unusual dryness (scarcely any rain having fallen during the last four weeks), the weather has just become unsettled, and much benefit is certain to be derived from the change. The wheat plant, however, looks extremely strong and healthy, but Spring corn has been suffering to some extent, and is rather backward. The pastures also require moisture, and it is very probable that if we do not have a fair quantity of rain the hay harvest will be deficient. Potatoes and the other root crops also require moisture.

The favorable weather, the promising appearance in regard to the wheat crop, and an adequate supply of foreign wheat afloat to this country, have produced much heaviness in the trade for wheat, and prices have given way to the extent of 1d. @2d. per quarter. Millers have operated with unusual caution, and have restricted their purchases as much as possible. The supply of wheat ascertained to be afloat is about 800,000 quarters, but as, according to the latest mail dates from New York, the exports from that port are increasing, it is probable that the quantity of produce afloat will be shortly increased. It may, however, be observed that the above is a very moderate estimate of the quantity on passage to this country. To arrive at a correct estimate is extremely difficult, but to ascertain the *minimum* quantity of wheat on passage is an easy task. The above quantity is contained in vessels known to be afloat from the Mediterranean, the Black Sea, the Danube, New York, California, and, to some extent, from Chili and Australia. The statements of our imports and exports of wheat and flour, since the commencement of the season, are subjoined:

	WHEAT.		FLOUR.	
	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports
From—	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Sept. 1 to April 25.....	16,720,119 cwt.	24,746,056 cwt.	297,127 cwt.	557,397 cwt.
Week ending May 2.....	837,491	668,044	27,134	8,213
" " " 9.....	777,113	770,687	21,461	6,545
" " " 16.....	746,814	657,738	1,560	5,492
Total.....	19,081,537	26,842,525	347,282	577,647
Sept. 1 to April 25.....	2,463,778	2,239,978	10884	18,986
Week ending May 2.....	89,717	36,142	353	2,108
" " " 9.....	80,690	53,640	358	654
" " " 16.....	63,854	55,809	619	1,270
Total.....	2,703,039	2,435,569	15,214	23,018

At Manchester much quietness has prevailed this week, and prices are decidedly lower. Yarns show a fall in value of ¼@½c per lb., and and cloth has had a drooping tendency. In the wool trade, although a prudent caution seems to be observed, there is a fair degree of activity

and foreign buyers, at the public sales of colonial wool now in progress are operating with freedom. Prices, however, show no important change. Other departments of business are very quiet.

The supply of money in the discount market has increased, and the rates of discount have declined to the extent of about one quarter per cent. Trade is decidedly quieter, and, in some instances, prices have given way since Saturday last. At the present moment there does not appear to be even one argument in favor of a higher rate for money. Belief in a higher quotation has entirely died away, and although there was, about a fortnight since, a possibility of a rise in the Bank rate, there is now no likelihood of such an occurrence. It is fortunate that the Bank of England refused to advance their *minimum* to a higher point. Had they done so when the open market were not discounting bills at a lower rate than 2 per cent, and were, it is said, charging, or more probably, demanding, 2½ per cent, their present position would have been one of difficulty, and it seems almost certain that they would have been compelled to admit the error they had committed by returning to 2 per cent. It is very evident that the actual commercial demand for money is very moderate. There is still a want of enterprise in many departments of business, and as our trade with India, China and Australia, which during the first three months of the year afforded so material a support to commercial affairs, has of late so perceptibly declined, it is probable that business will remain quiet until, at the least, we can ascertain with some degree of certainty the nature of the harvest. Not only is there little or no prospect of an augmented commercial demand, but while the applications for discount accommodation on the part of our merchants are limited, the supplies of money are rapidly augmenting. At the present moment about £1,100,000 in gold is known to be on passage from Australia to this country; quite, if not more than that amount is on passage from New York; while the next few steamers from Mexico are expected to bring very large supplies of silver and dollars. The demand for gold and silver for export is very trifling, and it is expected that the greater part of our anticipated supplies will be retained here. As, however, money is so low in price in this country, it is not improbable that some important sums will be soon transmitted to other quarters in which they can be more profitably employed. The rates of discount, so far as the best descriptions of paper are concerned, compared with those of last year are subjoined:

1867.		1868.		1867.		1868.	
Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.	
30 and 60 days' bills	2% @ 2%	1% @ 1%	6 months' bank bills	2% @ 3%	2	@ 2½%	
3 months, bills	2% @ 2%	1% @ 1%	4 and 6 trade bills	3	@ 3%	2½ @ 3	
months, bank bills	2% @ 3	1% @ 2					

On the Continent during the present week there have been no changes of importance in the rates. At the leading cities much quietness has prevailed, and the tendency has been downwards. At Paris the supply of money is still large, and the stock of bullion in the Bank of France is as much as £47,100,000. The rates of interest, compared with those of last year, are as follows:

B'k rate		Op. m'kt		B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
1867. 1868.		1867. 1868.		1867. 1868.		1867. 1868.	
At Paris	3 2%	2-2%	1½-2	Turin	5	5	
Vienna	4 4	4	4	Brussels	3	2½ 2½	2½-3
Berlin	4 4	3%	2½-3	Madrid	5	5	
Frankfort	2½ 2½	1½-2	1½-2	Hamburg	3	2½-2½	1½-2
Amst'rd'm	3 2%	2%	2	St. Pet'g.	7	6½ 7½-8½	6-6½

No material alterations have taken place in the rates of Continental exchange. Bills on Paris are quoted somewhat favorably for this country. The Italian exchange, owing to the improving condition of Italian financial affairs, is more favorable to Italy.

The imports of bullion into the United Kingdom during the week ending Thursday evening last were large, and amounted to £799,400. Of that amount £190,000 was from Australia, and the remainder from the United States. There is scarcely any demand for gold for export, and the impression prevails that some very large supplies of bar gold will be transmitted to the Bank during the next fortnight or three weeks. Silver is very dull, and as large supplies of bars, and especially of Mexican dollars, will be shortly received, prices are expected to give way. There is no demand for silver for India, and only a moderate inquiry for the Continent. The prices of bullion are subjoined:

GOLD.			
	per oz.	standard.	do last price.
Bar Gold	77	9	@ - -
do Refinable	77	11	@ - -
Spanish Doubloons	76	0	@ - -
South American Doubloons	73	9	@ - -
United States Gold Coin	76	2½	@ - -

SILVER.			
	per oz.	standard.	do last price.
Bar Silver	5	0½	@ - -
do containing 5 grs. gold	5	0½	@ - -
Fine Cake Silver	5	5½	@ - -
Mexican Dollars	4	10%	@ - -

In the early part of the week the Consol market was very firm, and prices improved rapidly; but, during the last few days, in consequence of the position of the Ministry, and of the fear that Mr. Disraeli would

resolve upon an appeal to the country, there has been less firmness apparent. Italian stock has considerably improved in value, in consequence of the more satisfactory condition of Italian financial affairs. Nearly all descriptions of foreign government securities have improved in value, but British railway shares are less in favor, and have given way in price. The highest and lowest price of Consols on each day of the week is subjoined:

Week ending May 23	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94½-94¾	94¾-94¾	94½-94¾	94½-94¾	94¾-94¾	94¾-94¾

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, compared with the state of its resources at this date since 1865. It also exhibits the *minimum* rate of discount, the price of Consols, wheat, middling Upland cotton, and No. 40 mule yarn at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
	£	£	£	£
Circulation	21,330,400	26,020,693	23,201,021	22,925,150
Public deposits	7,997,105	5,994,761	8,584,864	6,041,006
Private deposits	13,551,860	18,790,917	17,185,452	20,320,946
Government securities	10,984,441	10,837,056	12,886,314	13,277,696
Other securities	19,719,278	31,050,406	19,122,322	19,364,724
Reserve	9,087,353	1,388,216	11,892,618	10,542,710
Coin and bullion	15,299,268	11,857,786	19,664,068	20,788,963
Bank rate	4 p. c.	10 p. c.	3 p. c.	2 p. c.
Price of Consols	90%	86%	93%	93¾ x d
Average price of wheat	41s 8d.	46s 1d.	64s 11d.	74s 3d.
Mid. Upland cotton	15½d.	12d.	11d.	11½d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality	1s. 8½d.	1s. 8d.	1s. 5d.	1s. 3½d.

With regard to the above table, it may be mentioned that in 1866 the Bank of England had just passed through its severest trial after the failure of Overends. It will be noticed that the reserve of notes and coin was only £1,388,216, while the "other securities" or advances were as high as £31,050,406.

The changes in the value of American securities during the week have been unimportant. As regards the Five-Twenty bonds there has been more firmness apparent; but Atlantic and Great Western Railway securities are weaker, and have given way in price. Illinois Central Railway shares are somewhat firmer. Erie Railway shares have been dealt in to a very moderate extent. United States Five-Twenty bonds close at 73½ to 73¾; Atlantic and Great Western Railway Consolidated Mortgage bonds 32 to 33; Erie Railway shares 45½ to 46, and Illinois Central 95½ to 96½. The highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities during the week are as follows:

Week ending May 23	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'rday.
U. S. 5-20's	71 -71½	71½-....	71½-71½	71½-71½	71½-....	71½-....
Atlantic & G't West- ern consol'd bonds	32 -32½	31½-32½	31½-32	31½-32	31½-....	32 -32½
Erie Shares (\$100)	45½-46	45 -46	45½-....	45½-....	45½-46	45½-46
Illinois shares (\$100)	95 -95½	95½-....	95½-95½	95½-95½	95½-....	96 -....

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols opened firm at 96½@96½ for money, and 94½@94½ for account, and advanced the same day to 96¾, at which price they remained during the week and closed. United States bonds and Illinois Central shares have been steady during the week, bonds opening at 72½@72½, and closing at 72½, and Illinois shares at 97, and closed at 97½. Erie shares have shown a weakening tendency, and have lost 1½ per cent on the week, closing at 45½. Atlantic and Great Western consolidated shares are quoted at the close at 31. Five-Twenty bonds at Frankfort continue steady, opening at 77½ and closing at 77½ for the old issue. Monday being observed as a holiday, and there being no regular meeting of the Stock Exchange, we omit quotations for that day. In the commercial markets Tuesday was also observed as a holiday, and in the tables below we have likewise omitted quotations on that day.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money	96¾	96¾		96¾	96¾	97¾
for account	94¾-½	94¾		94¾-½	94¾-½	94¾
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862	72¾-¾	72¾-¾		72¾	72¾-¾	72¾
Illinois Central shares	97	97		97¾	97¾	97¾
Erie Railway shares	47¾	47¾	Holiday.	46¾	45¾	45¾
Atl. & G. W. (consols)	....	....		....	32	31

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—
Frankfort 77¾ 77¾-¾ 77¾ 76¾-¾ 77¾

Liverpool Cotton Market.—This market opened firm, and has continued active and firm throughout the business days of the week, although at the close a more quiet feeling was apparent, prices however remaining steady. Circulars issued on Tuesday give the total shipments from Bombay to the 30th ult., since the last report, at 90,000 bales. Quotations are ½d. better at the close than at the opening. Sales of the current week as reported by cable foot up 43,000 bales. The following were the current prices at the close: Middling Uplands 11½d., middling Orleans 11½d.

Bales sold.....	Fri. 10,000	Sat. 10,000	Mon.	Tues.	Wed. 15,000	Thu. 8,000
Price Midd. Uplds. 11½	11½	11½	Holidays.		11½	11½
Orleans 11½	11½	11½	Holidays.		11½	11½
Mid. Uplds. to arriv	.....	.....	.....		.....	.....

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—The articles comprising this head have been generally dull and heavy, all the list showing a further decline on the week. At the close wheat showed a more firmer feeling and Western reacted 2d. from quotation of the previous day. Flour has lost 1s. 6d.; Western wheat 8d.; California wheat 9d.; corn 1s. 6d.; oats 1d. and peas 1s.

Flour, (Western)....p. bbl	Fri. s. d. 33 6	Sat. s. d. 33 0	Mon. s. d.	Tues. s. d.	Wed. s. d. 32 0	Thu. s. d. 32 0
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. ctl	12 6	12 3	Holidays.		11 8	11 10
California white	14 8	14 3	Holidays.		12 6	13 6
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480 lbs	37 6	37 3	Holidays.		36 0	36 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 9	3 9	Holidays.		3 8	3 8
Peas..(Canadian) pr 504 lbs	44 0	44 0	Holidays.		43 0	43 0

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef has been steady all the week at 110s. Pork, Bacon and Lard were steady during the week, but show a weakening feeling at the close; closing at 83s. 6d., 47s. and 67s. 6d. respectively. Cheese lost 1s. on the week, closing at 51s.

Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	Fri. s. d. 110 0	Sat. s. d. 110 0	Mon. s. d.	Tues. s. d.	Wed. s. d. 110 0	Thu. s. d. 110 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	84 0	84 0	Holidays.		84 0	83 6
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	48 0	48 0	Holidays.		47 0	47 0
Lard (American)	68 0	68 0	Holidays.		68 0	67 6
Cheese (fine)	52 0	51 6	Holidays.		51 0	51 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—We have again to report a steady, quiet market for the articles enumerated below. Petroleum showed a firmer feeling at the close, and spirits gained 1d., closing at 9d. Spirits Turpentine has declined 1s., closing at 28s. 6d., and Tallow shows an advance of 3d., closing at 44s. 9d. Rosins remain quiet at former quotations.

Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	Fri. s. d. 6 6	Sat. s. d. 6 6	Mon. s. d.	Tu. s. d.	Wed. s. d. 6 6	Th. s. d. 6 6
“ middling....	12 0	12 0	Holidays.		12 0	12 0
“ fine pale....	.....	.....	Holidays.		.....	.....
Sp turpentine....	29 6	29 6	Holidays.		29 0	28 6
Petroleum (std white) p. 9 lbs	1 3	1 3	Holidays.		1 3	1 3
“ spirits....per 8 lbs	8	8	Holidays.		9	9
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	44 6	44 6	Holidays.		44 9	44 9
Clover seed (Am. red)	.....	.....	Holidays.		.....	.....

London Produce and Oil Markets.—The quotations of the articles under this head have not been changed during the week, but remain as quoted before. Calcutta Linseed has been added, and the quotation is reported at 60s.

Linseed (Calcutta).....	Fri. £ 20 10 0	Sat. £ 20 10 0	Mon.	Tu.	Wd. £ 20 6 0	Th. £ 20 6 0
Linseed cake (obl'g) p. ton	10 10 0	10 10 0	Holidays.		10 10 0	10 10 0
“ oil.....	35 00 0	35 00 0	Holidays.		35 00 0	35 00 0
Sperm oil.....	96 00 0	96 00 0	Holidays.		96 00 0	96 00 0
Whale oil.... p. 252 gals.	.....	.....	Holidays.		.....	.....
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) per 112 lbs.....	27 6	27 6	Holidays.		27 6	27 6

Latest: Friday Evening, June 6.

Consols closed to-night at 94½@95 for both money and account. American securities closed as follows: U. S. Five-Twenties, 72½, an advance of fully ¼ per cent on yesterday's price; Erie shares, 45½, and Illinois Central shares 97½; U. S. Bonds at Frankfort closed at 77½.

Cotton closed at 11½d. for Middling Uplands, and 11¼d. for Middling Orleans. The sales of the day foot up 10,000 bales. The trade report from Manchester quotes the market for yarns and fabrics as steady. The usual cotton circulars, published this morning by authority of the Cotton Brokers' Association, contain the following statistics: "The total sales of the week have been 54,000 bales, including 5,500 for export, and 4,000 on speculation. The total stock of cotton in port, including cargoes yet unladen, is estimated at 648,000 bales, of which 371,000 were imported from the United States." The total stock of cotton afloat bound to this port is estimated at 507,000 bales, of which 94,000 are from the United States.

In Breadstuffs, Corn has declined 6d., and is now quoted at 35s. 6d. Wheat is a shade firmer at 12s. for California. Oats have declined to 3s. 6d.

In Provisions, Pork has declined to 82s. 6d., and in Produce, Tallow to 44s. 6d. All other articles in the reported lists are quoted at the prices previously given.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week are about the same in dry goods, but show a considerable increase in general merchandise, the total being \$6,820,770, against \$3,469,371 last week and \$5,773,251 the previous week. The exports are \$6,692,824 this week, against \$3,657,521 last week, and \$4,035,781 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 2,813 bales, against 5,309 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week

ending (for dry goods) May 29, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 30:

	FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Dry goods.....	\$897,385	\$2,278,930	\$1,232,567	\$1,185,203
General merchandise...	1,954,880	5,490,393	4,718,148	5,635,567
Total for the week.....	\$2,852,265	\$7,769,323	\$5,950,715	\$6,820,770
Previously reported....	58,294,034	126,138,639	103,655,187	94,923,025
Since Jan. 1.....	\$61,146,299	\$133,907,962	\$109,605,902	\$101,743,795

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending June 2:

	EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
For the week.....	\$1,725,342	\$1,634,555	\$2,437,899	\$2,692,824
Previously reported....	69,375,039	96,519,853	80,953,842	72,805,766
Since Jan. 1.....	\$71,100,381	\$98,154,413	\$83,391,741	\$75,493,590

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

	1868.		1867.	
To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$1,397,994	\$41,201,036	\$1,129,836	\$47,672,342
France.....	190,812	3,824,932	63,268	5,675,541
Holland and Belgium....	63,192	2,284,376	143,182	2,090,819
Germany.....	238,894	5,898,304	350,869	9,316,128
Other Northern Europe..	.....	738,375	24,900	588,945
Spain.....	16,450	628,847	50,757	613,847
Other Southern Europe...	87,063	2,117,891	251,586	1,940,656
East Indies.....	.....	80,820	.....	.....
China and Japan.....	.....	1,192,658	5,310	870,629
Australia.....	.....	1,130,347	.....	1,003,131
British N. A. Colonies....	111,726	1,873,994	8,501	1,046,050
Cuba.....	134,972	3,128,941	59,082	2,610,836
Hayti.....	31,536	1,066,941	39,675	483,497
Other West Indies.....	250,948	3,734,631	87,189	3,031,202
Mexico.....	42,749	856,930	.....	763,473
New Granada.....	.....	1,470,150	90,871	1,365,732
Venezuela.....	31,439	286,392	10,849	316,691
British Guiana.....	71,620	644,896	47,298	540,032
Brazil.....	7,686	1,318,069	21,163	1,212,515
Other S. American ports..	.....	1,073,130	45,813	1,423,710
All other ports.....	15,663	540,224	39,565	652,458

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending May 30, 1868:

May 26—St. Saxonia, Hamburg—	American gold....	\$419,900	“ 28—Sch. Enchantress, Para—	Foreign silver....	1,290
“ 26—St. Manhattan, Liverpool—	Silver coin.....	1,000	“ 28—Bark Cienfuegos, Cienfuegos—	American coin....	1,538
“ 27—St. Russia, Liverpool—	Spanish doubloons	3,000	“ 30—St. City of London, Liverpool—	“ 30—St. Europe, Havre—	960,000
“ 28—St. Columbia, Havana—	American gold. . .	1,010,000	“ 30—St. Europe, Havre—	Gold bars.....	503,645
“ 28—St. Hansa, Bremen—	American silver..	11,200	“ 30—St. Europe, Havre—	American gold....	1,025,000
“ 28—St. Hansa, Bremen—	American gold....	250,000	“ 30—St. Europe, Havre—	Foreign silver....	18,200
“ 28—St. Hansa, Bremen—	Prussian silver...	5,040	“ 30—St. Europe, Havre—	Mexican dollars...	1,000

Total for the week.....	\$4,211,723
Previously reported.....	32,947,998
Total since Jan. 1, 1868.....	\$37,159,712

Same time in	1867.....	\$17,255,788	Same time in	1859.....	\$27,884,544
1866.....	33,256,779	1858.....	11,785,217		
1865.....	13,436,982	1857.....	14,626,715		
1864.....	23,707,158	1856.....	10,968,032		
1863.....	19,264,193	1855.....	13,662,686		
1862.....	18,108,737	1854.....	12,844,928		
1861.....	3,005,196	1853.....	6,737,724		
1860.....	14,360,832	1852.....	10,188,824		

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

May 25—St. Arizona, Aspinwall—	Gold.....	263
“ 26—St. Nevada, Vera Cruz—	“ 28—St. Henry Chauncey, Aspinwall—	22,157
“ 27—St. Morro Castle, Havana—	“ 30—St. Rising Star, Aspinwall—	250
Total for week.....	\$48,268	
Previously reported.....	3,214,105	
Total since January 1, 1868.....	\$3,262,373	

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR MAY.—The following is the official statement of the business of the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in New York, for the month of May, 1868:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.	
Balance, April 30, 1868.....	\$102,495,373 74
Receipts during the month:	
On account of customs.....	\$10,009,176 16
do Gold notes.....	8,173,750 00
do Internal revenue.....	251,125 99
do Three per cent. Certificates.....	21,670,000 00
do Post-office Department.....	91,071 67
do Transfers.....	14,836,900 00
do Patent fees.....	4,057 90
do Miscellaneous.....	56,822,142 38
do Disbursing accounts.....	17,964,200 62
do Assay office.....	136,394 15
do Interest accounts.....	17,736,387 00
Total.....	\$250,190,579 61

Payments during the month:	
Treasury drafts.....	\$121,891,234 35
Post-office drafts.....	189,021 38
Disbursing accounts.....	16,220,214 80
Assay-Office.....	68,315 17
Interest accounts, viz.:	
In coin.....	17,053,376 54
In currency.....	90,431 00—
	<u>155,512,593 24</u>
Balance.....	\$94,677,986 37
Balance to Cr. Treasurer U. S.....	\$79,168,635 07
Balance to Cr. disbursing accounts.....	12,345,283 75
Balance to Cr. Assay office.....	2,614,554 88
Balance to Cr. interest accounts.....	549,513 67
Receipts for Customs in the month of May, 1868.....	\$10,009,176 16
Receipts for Customs in the month of May, 1867.....	9,634,697 06
Increase in May, 1868.....	\$474,479 10

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE FOR MAY.—Below we give the statement of business at the United States Assay Office at New York for the month ending May 30, 1868:

DEPOSITS OF GOLD.	
Foreign coin.....	\$13,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	6,000 00
United States bullion.....	355,000 00—
	<u>\$374,000 00</u>
DEPOSITS OF SILVER, INCLUDING PURCHASES.	
Foreign coins.....	\$26,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	16,000 00
United States bullion (contained in gold).....	4,500 00
United States bullion (old coins).....	1,000 00
Lake Superior.....	1,500 00
Nevada.....	15,000 00
Colorado.....	1,000 00—
	<u>\$65,000 00</u>
Total deposits, payable in bars.....	\$374,000 00
Total deposits, payable in coins.....	65,000 00—
	<u>439,000 00</u>
Gold bars stamped.....	450,281 16
Transmitted to U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, for coinage.....	120,783 24

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES.—We extract the following tables from the speech of Mr. Schenck, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, made on Monday last. He stated the receipts of the national revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, to have been as follows:

RECEIPTS.	
Currency.....	\$314,109,136 61
Coin.....	176,410,810 88
Total—coin and currency.....	<u>\$490,526,947 49</u>

The expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, were as follows:

EXPENDITURES.	
FOR CIVIL SERVICE.	
Legislative, judiciary, executive and diplomatic.....	\$51,110,027 27
Pensions.....	20,936,551 71
Indians.....	4,642,531 77
Navy.....	31,034,011 04
War—exclusive of bounties.....	83,841,555 80
Total ordinary expenditures.....	<u>\$191,564,677 59</u>
Interest.....	143,781,591 91
Bounties.....	11,382,850 83
Total expenditures.....	<u>\$346,729,129 33</u>

The balance of receipts over expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, was \$143,797,818 16

By the acts of July 13, 1866, and of March 2, 1867, internal revenue taxes were repealed or abated to an extent sufficient to occasion an annual loss of revenue from internal sources, taking the returns of the preceding year as a precedent, of at least \$90,000,000, of which amount some sixty or seventy millions were made applicable for the reduction of taxes during the fiscal years ending June 30, 1866, and 1867; the balance taking effect during the succeeding or present fiscal year.

NATIONAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR, ENDING JUNE 30, 1868, ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED.

For the three quarters, from July 1, 1867, to March 1, 1868, actual:

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Customs.....	\$121,208,874 37	Civil, legislative, &c. intercourse.....	\$38,554,175 32
Lands.....	866,337 31	Interior, pensions, &c.....	21,733,337 29
Internal revenue.....	140,686,426 44	War.....	88,858,496 82
Direct tax.....	1,413,960 46	Navy.....	19,113,673 53
Miscellaneous.....	85,019,360 71	Interest on public debt.....	109,418,383 87
Total.....	<u>\$299,194,459 29</u>	Total.....	<u>\$280,678,066 83</u>

Fourth quarter, from March 1, 1868, to June 30, 1868, estimated:

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Customs.....	\$44,000,000 00	Civil, legislative, &c. intercourse.....	\$13,000,000 00
Lands.....	300,000 00	Interior, pensions, &c.....	4,000,000 00
Internal revenue.....	50,000,000 00	War.....	35,000,000 00
Direct tax.....	300,000 00	Navy.....	6,500,000 00
Miscellaneous.....	12,000,000 00	Interest on public debt.....	40,000,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$106,600,000 00</u>	Total.....	<u>\$98,500,000 00</u>

Total revenue and expenditures for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1868, actual and estimated:

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Customs.....	\$165,208,874 37	Civil, legislative, &c. intercourse.....	\$51,554,175 32
Lands.....	1,166,337 31	Interior, pensions, &c.....	28,773,337 29
Internal revenue.....	190,686,426 44	War.....	123,858,496 82
Direct tax.....	1,713,960 46	Navy.....	25,613,673 53
Miscellaneous.....	47,019,360 71	Interest on public debt.....	149,418,383 87
Total.....	<u>\$405,794,459 29</u>	Total.....	<u>\$379,178,066 83</u>

RECAPITULATION.

Receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868:	
Total receipts.....	\$405,794,459 29
Total expenditures.....	379,178,066 83
Estimated balance of receipts over expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868.....	<u>\$26,610,392 46</u>

As to the national receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1869, Mr. Schenck stated that the appropriation bills for the next year, which have passed or are now pending, are as follows:

Deficiency bill, Senate, No. 32 passed.....	\$12,839,196 21
Deficiency bill, Senate, contingent, No. 462, passed.....	82,000 00
Deficiency bill, Reconstruction, No. 1,045 passed.....	87,710 50
Relief bill, District of Columbia, March 10, passed.....	15,000 00
Military Academy, passed.....	284,004 50
Consular and Diplomatic, passed.....	1,206,434 00
Post Office, passed.....	1,545,000 00
Pensions, pending.....	30,350,000 00
Army, pending.....	32,081,013 00
Navy, pending.....	17,000,000 00
Legislative, Executive and Judiciary, pending.....	16,880,672 00
Sundry civil expenditures, pending.....	6,020,376 32
Indian—pending.....	2,500,000 00
River and harbor—pending.....	6,000,000 00
Deficiency bill—pending.....	1,912,960 00
Total.....	<u>\$130,304,366 56</u>

Miscellaneous, including appropriations for New York City Post Office, private bills and judgments of Court claims—estimated.....	\$10,000,000 00
Permanent appropriations for collecting the revenue, &c.....	9,969,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$150,000,000 00</u>

Interest on the public debt.....	129,678,078 53
Total.....	<u>\$279,951,445 03</u>

EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

Bounties—estimated.....	\$40,500,000 00
Alaska.....	7,200,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$327,651,445 03</u>

To this aggregate there should also be added outstanding appropriations heretofore made that will not be extended till next year, viz:

Making a total probable expenditure during the next fiscal year, for which revenue must be provided of.....	<u>\$352,320,629 03</u>
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A recapitulation of the estimates of receipts given by Mr. Schenck shows the following as the total anticipated revenue for the next fiscal year:

Customs.....	\$165,000,000	Miscellaneous.....	30,000,000
Internal revenue.....	210,560,000	Total.....	<u>\$406,560,000</u>
Public lands.....	1,000,000		

Supposing no increase of receipts from distilled spirits and tobacco over the receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, the above estimate would be reduced to \$360,560,000.

Estimate of expenditures for next fiscal year, before submitted, \$352,320,629.

Balance to account at surplus revenue, \$28,239,371.

"The Manual of the Railroads of the United States," by H. V. Poor, Esq., is the title of an excellent volume just published, which contains an account of all the railroad lines of the United States, giving the length of road, names of officers and directors, financial condition, traffic and all valuable information relating to the Companies. The volume is handsomely bound, and is in every respect a valuable book for all parties interested in railroad statistics. The cost of the volume is \$5. The publishers are H. V. & H. W. Poor, No. 57 Broadway.

The Central Salt and Coal Company of West Virginia, with a capital stock of \$200,000 and the privilege of increasing to \$500,000, publishes a prospectus on page 708.

Parties interested in the purchase or manufacture of economic, safe and durable Steam Boilers will be interested in the advertisement of E. Tiffany & Co., in another column.

A. F. Day and H. J. Morse, formerly of Hartford, Ct., have established a Banking and Commission Brokerage House at No. 16 Wall street, under the firm of Day & Morse.

Messrs. Jameson, Smith & Cotting, Bankers, at No. 16 Wall street, offer for sale the first mortgage 30-year bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Company. An advertisement of the bonds, with full particulars of their value and price, will appear in the next number of the CHRONICLE.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
Coal.				
Central.....	July 1	Company's Office	.....

FRIDAY, June 5, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week commenced with an easier condition of the banks. The last statement showed an increase of \$3,400,000 in legal tenders and of \$2,239,000 in deposits, which considering that the specie line was down \$2,615,000 amounts to a gain of \$4,854,000 in currency deposits; while the loans had increased only \$796,000. The statement indicates an increase of currency balances; and the fact of the light increase in loans and discounts as compared with the large gain in deposits implies that

the amount of discounted paper maturing largely exceeds that being discounted. This movement leaves a much larger amount of funds for use on call loans, and the rate has consequently declined to 3@4 per cent to brokers.

To-day, there has been rather more demand for money and some transactions, on miscellaneous collaterals are reported at 5 per cent. The banks have employed some of their balances in the purchase of governments; this, however, has no effect in diminishing the extreme ease of the market, as the funds again return into the banks. Reports from all parts of the country indicate a marked ease in money at the minor centres, and the interior banks are consequently allowing their balances to accumulate here. This produces an extreme ease at New York, and encourages speculative transactions in securities; upon any new demand for moving the wool crop, or for the purchase of grain these balances are liable to be drawn upon, causing a change from the present easy state of affairs. After the middle of the month, the banks will begin to regulate their affairs with a view to the quarterly statement to be made up on the first Monday of July.

Discounts are quiet; prime commercial paper is in demand at 5@6 per cent, but is scarce.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans	3 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months	5 1/2 @ 7
Loans on bonds & mort.	.. @ 7	do single names	6 @ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months	5 @ 6	Lower grades	.. @ ..

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The speculation in government securities has retained the activity noted in our last report. The upward movement in prices had attracted a large speculative interest; brokers who were indisposed to manage stock operations in the present condition of railroad securities have entered freely into the movement; and private individuals have also been active operators. During the earlier part of the week prices advanced 1/4@2 per cent upon our last quotations; at this point an assault was made upon the market, supposed to be in the interest of stock cliques who found their interests threatened by the diversion of speculation in the new direction, and the market yielded 1/2@1/4 per cent in one day. This check appears to have brought out sellers both local and country, and the market has since been irregular and comparatively weak. It would seem that the speculative excitement has now reached its climax, and although there is no special uneasiness among holders arising from fears of a material decline, yet there is less expectation of higher prices; and, for the moment, the predominant disposition is to realise. The demand for Sixty-Sevens and new Sixty-Fives has been especially active, and the rise on those issues is most marked. At the close of May, there was a great pressure, at the Sub-Treasury, for the conversion of Seven-Thirties into Sixty-Sevens; as after that date the bonds were to be issued without the July coupon. The amount of Seven-Thirties outstanding at the close of May is estimated at about \$80,000,000, for which holders will have the option of receiving a Five-Twenty bond dated either 1867 at 1868. As the issue of the 1868 bonds must necessarily be limited, and that of 1867 is so large as to make it a leading bond, it is presumable that the holders of Seven-Thirties will generally prefer the latter issue.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	May 1.	May 3.	May 15.	May 22.	May 29.	June 5.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup	113 1/2	113 1/2	114	115	115 1/2	116 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons	108 1/2	108 1/2	109	110 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 "x.c.	106 1/2	106 1/2	107	108 1/2	109 1/2	110 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 "x.c.	107	107 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2	110 1/2
U. S. 5 20's, 1865, N. iss.	109	109 1/2	109 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2	113 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	110 1/2	112	113 1/2
U. S. 10-40's	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2	106
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The active speculation in government securities has diverted attention from railroad securities, and the consequence has been a partial dulness on the general stock list. The ease in money, however, has facilitated the carrying of stocks, and prices have not yielded materially. The cliques have but a limited period that can be regarded as favorable to their realizing, as money usually becomes more active about the time of the July quarterly bank statement, and they consequently show some anxiety to sell out. It is generally concluded that the combination holding New York Central, Cleveland and Toledo and Erie have about cleared out of the two former stocks, and the opinion is partly general that they are also selling on Erie. This movement has had a certain effect upon other stocks, which owe their late steadiness at high prices very much to the strength exhibited by the Van-

derbilt shares. The Northwestern Company's stocks have been quite firm, under a very large late increase in the earnings, the common selling up to 71 1/2 and the preferred to 82 1/2. Rock Island has to-day advanced from 97 1/2 to 102, in sympathy with reports that the parties in the contest for the direction of the company have effected a compromise. Border State stocks have been higher, as a natural result of the advance in Governments, and of the prospect of the States being early admitted to national representation. The market closes steady.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Apr. 24.	May 1.	May 8.	May 15.	May 22.	May 29.	June 5.
Cumberland Coal	36	32	31	...	36	...	34 1/2
Quicksilver	26 1/2	27	32 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2	26 1/2
Canton Co.	48 1/2	51	51 1/2	50 1/2	51	51 1/2	51
Mariposa pref.	11 1/2	...	11	...	9	...	...
New York Central	123 1/2	129 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2	129	133 1/2	132 1/2
Erie	68 1/2	71 1/2	68 1/2	69	68 1/2	72 1/2	69 1/2
Hudson River	135	136 1/2	137	136	138	143 1/2	141 1/2
Reading	89 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	93	94 1/2	94
Mich. Southern	89 1/2	91 1/2	...	86 1/2	87 1/2	88	89 1/2
Michigan Central	...	114	117	...	...	119 1/2	119 1/2
Clev. and Pittsb. x.d.	80 1/2	83	84 1/2	84 1/2	85 1/2	88 1/2	86 1/2
Clev. and Toledo	104	106	106 1/2	105 1/2	107 1/2	109 1/2	108 1/2
Northwestern	60	65	66 1/2	67 1/2	66 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
“ preferred	74 1/2	76 1/2	77	76	77 1/2	79 1/2	81 1/2
Rock Island	95	94 1/2	95 1/2	95	95 1/2	97 1/2	103
Fort Wayne	102 1/2	104 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	109 1/2	115 1/2	111
Illinois Central	143 1/2	147	146	...	147 1/2	148 1/2	150
Ohio & Miss.	30 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	29 1/2	30 1/2	31 1/2	...

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has been rather more active, the continuance of the specie exports at higher figures than was expected having stimulated speculation. The price, however, has fluctuated but little, the range being from 139 1/2@140 1/2. At the close of the week Five-Twenties have advanced at London from 72 1/2 to 72 3/4, while the price of Sixty-Twos here is lower; and this fact, together with the prospect of the large coin interest payments to be made July 1, and the export of specie to-morrow being likely to fall below expectations, causes the market to close heavy and weak, the price being 139 1/2. This afternoon the Senate passed the bill legalizing contracts in gold coin; but the news came too late for its effect on the premium to be appreciated. The closing rate for gold loans is 1@2 per cent “for borrowing.”

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Open- ing.	Low- est.	High- est.	Clos- ing.	Total clearings.	Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, May 30	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	45,539,000	\$2,081,954	\$3,899,154
Monday, June 1	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	139 1/2	26,825,000	1,323,340	1,845,944
Tuesday, “	139 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2	25,976,000	1,663,683	2,304,154
Wednesday, “	140	139 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2	53,251,000	3,399,037	4,849,433
Thursday, “	140	140	140 1/2	140	87,855,000	2,083,434	2,927,815
Friday, “	140	139 1/2	140	139 1/2	23,281,000	1,809,160	2,534,626
Current week	139 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2	139 1/2	217,727,000	12,335,598	17,861,126
Previous week	139 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2	139 1/2	164,932,000	8,199,346	11,682,971
Jan. 1 '68, to date	133 1/2	133 1/2	144	139 1/2	...	...	...

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, May 30, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California	\$618,040
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	48,268
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York	1,651,000
Reported new supply thrown on market	\$2,317,308
Withdrawn for export	\$4,211,723
Withdrawn for customs	2,312,000
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply	4,206,415
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals	...
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 23	\$20,476,947
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 30	17,861,088
Decrease of specie in banks	\$2,615,859
Actual excess of reported supply	...
Supply received from unreported sources	\$1,590,556

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury
	Receipts.	Payments.
May 25	\$488,604 29	\$9,726,490 88
“ 26	436,867 71	1,280,889 78
“ 27	495,358 12	7,878,577 83
“ 28	356,433 28	4,081,529 25
“ 29	250,830 71	887,844 29
“ 30	212,836 83	26,365,390 87
Total	\$2,240,980 94	\$50,170,721 90
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of May 25	...	102,685,754 85
Deduct payments during the week	...	50,170,721 90
Balance on Saturday evening	...	\$94,677,986 87
Increase during the week	...	8,007,768 48

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$793,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$115,000 in gold, and \$2,125,981 in Gold Certificates.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—There has been an average business in bills. The now limited supply of cotton bills necessitates drawers to demand rates admitting of shipments of specie, and perhaps all of the current business is done against specie bills. The demand from

importers is limited, a large proportion of current transactions being between bankers in the settlement of credits.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks

Table showing closing quotations for various locations including London, Paris, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Frankfurt, Bremen, and Berlin, with columns for dates (May 15, May 22, May 29, June 6) and rates.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on May 30, 1868 :

AVERAGE AMOUNT OF BANKS. Table with columns: Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net Deposits, Legal Tenders. Lists various banks like New York, Manhattan, Merchants', etc.

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows:

Summary table showing deviations for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, and Legal Tenders with increase and decrease figures.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :

Table showing totals for a series of weeks past (Mar. 7 to May 30) with columns for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, June 1, 1868 :

Table showing average condition of Philadelphia Banks with columns: Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend. Deposits, Circulat'n.

Table showing Union, First, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Central, Bank of Republic, and Exchange with various numerical values.

Total, June 1 ... 16,017,150 53,562,449 239,371 16,184,865 36,574,457 10,626,937

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Summary table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, and Circulation.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table showing condition of Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks (Mar. 7 to June 1) with columns: Date, Loans, Specie, Legal Tend., Deposits, Circula.

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, June 1, 1868.

Table showing Boston National Banks with columns: Banks, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. T. Notes, Deposits, Circula.

Total May 18... 42,300,000 97,458,997 766,553 14,188,806 40,311,569 *25,204,939

* This total does not include \$159,560 State circulation.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows :

Summary table showing deviations for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Deposits, and Circulation.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past :

Table showing comparative totals for a series of weeks past (March 2 to June 1) with columns: Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, National, State, Circulation.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

New York, June 4, 1868.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS—SPECIAL NOTICE.—The receipts from sales of these securities for some time past, having largely exceeded the current requirements of the Company, they have this day advanced the price to 103 and accrued interest, in currency. FISK & HATCH, Bankers and dealers in Government Securities, and Financial Agents of the C. P. R. R. Co., No. 5 Nassau st, N. Y.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, June 5.

There is the same complaint that was heard a year ago of unsatisfactory returns from trade; but, on the whole, the adverse circumstances do not seem to be so general, and an improving volume of business imparts a better tone to mercantile circles—the more notable because it had ceased to be looked for.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of foreign and domestic merchandise at dates given :

Table with columns for dates (June 1, May 1, June 1) and various commodity categories like Beef, Pork, Tobacco, Coffee, Sugar, etc.

Provisions, with perhaps a single exception, are lower; in fact the market for hog products has quite broken down. There has been an absence of foreign or Southern demand, and speculators have been disposed to reduce their burdens. The receipts of swine at this and other markets have been large, and have been sold at a marked decline in prices.

At to-day's market Pork closed at \$27 56 1/2 for new Mess and \$24 for prime; Lard 17 1/2 c. for prime steam, and 17 1/2 c. for the same, buyer June.

Hides have been tending upward—prime dry Montevideo selling at 21c., gold. The movement in Goat Skins was very large early in the week, and Leather has been doing better.

Spirits Turpentine has materially declined to 45c., under large receipts coming upon liberal stocks in yard. Rosins have been pretty steady, and closed more active in view of lower freights to European ports. Tar has been quite active for shipment.

Petroleum has been in but moderate request, but the receipts have been small; and, with firmer gold and easier ocean freights, there has been a slight improvement in prices. The close to-day was at 13 1/2 c. for crude, and 30@30 1/2 c. for refined, in bond.

East India goods remain quiet, but firm, and Calcutta Linseed doing slightly better. Metals have been dull on the spot, and prices weak. Ingot Copper is lower and unsettled. Oils have shown an upward tendency for crude Whale and Linseed; but Lard Oil is heavy.

Freights have been dull, and rates to European ports have materially declined. The Glasgow and London steamers had to purchase grain for their own accounts to complete their cargoes, and the Liverpool steamers have taken corn as low as three pence. A speculation in grain and an interruption of supplies by a break in canal, are the main causes of the decline. Next week promises better for the shipowners. Several Petroleum charters have been made, but the rates have been almost uniformly kept private.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York. The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1868. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

Large table with columns for 'Same time in 1867', 'Total since January 1, 1868', 'Total this week', and various regional categories (Great Britain, Holland, Ger., etc.) and commodity types (Wool, Cotton, Sugar, etc.).

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending May 29, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.
China, Glass & Earthenware				Molasses.....	10,661	91,617	77,928
China.....	203	3,089		Metals, &c.			
Earthenware	310	16,281		Cutlery.....	22	1,661	1,720
Glass.....	4,487	167,991		Hardware.....	75	2,692	4,979
Glassware ..	428	26,174		Iron, R.R. b'rs	26,634	188,170	139,173
Glass plate ..	330	2,133		Lead, pigs ..	12,417	191,715	193,626
Buttons.....	92	3,298	2,368	Spelter, lbs. 298,223	1,841	98	682,828
Coal, tons ..	446	22,165	25,694	Steel.....	2,713	65,225	105,997
Cocoa, bags ..	932	6,388	7,034	Tin, boxes ..	7,972	292,360	262,289
Coffee, bags ..	63,252	490,170	380,923	Tin slabs, lbs. 318,014	2,785,628	1,847,697	1,847,697
Cotton, bales ..		152	167	Rags.....	247	17,475	33,992
Drugs, &c.				Sugar, hhds, tcs & bbls.	31,681	209,284	143,801
Bark, Pernv	802	5,573	4,746	Sugar, bxs & bg	33,480	301,007	127,447
Blea p'wd'rs	220	10,878	13,460	Tea.....	8,413	559,752	536,942
Brimst, tns.	160	4,583	8,301	Tobacco.....	789	16,476	13,897
Cochineal...	69	1,311	703	Waste.....	10	516	4,236
Cr Tartar ...	42	773	672	Wines, &c.			
Gambier.....	1,008	11,397	11,657	Champ. bkts	5,072	38,100	42,194
Gums, crude	18	351	8,093	Wines.....	1,207	33,225	54,449
Gum, Arabic	115	1,912	2,420	Wool, bales ..	1,221	13,849	20,649
Indigo.....	10	2,563	1,461	Articles reported by value.			
Madder.....	320	4,259	2,580	Cigars.....	\$15,530	\$240,486	\$177,717
Oils, ess....	8	269	1,700	Corks.....	5,342	83,002	118,576
Oil, Olive...	3,050	20,389	13,746	Fancy goods ..	23,468	445,491	1,724,758
Opium.....	54	470	339	Fish.....	1,091	180,370	321,201
Soda, bi-carb		37,059	59,676	Fruits, &c.			
Soda, sal....	8	20,381	6,713	Lemons....	2,176	115,091	218,272
Soda, ash....	76	14,130	15,204	Oranges....	6,216	453,385	579,750
Flax.....	17	565	735	Nuts.....	13,877	249,605	399,785
Furs.....	246	2,097	1,309	Raisins....	17,462	640,885	448,447
Gunny cloth .	692	7,349	17,462	Hides, undrsd.	196,865	2,795,095	4,474,441
Hair.....	81	2,775	1,849	Rice.....	22,492	395,506	99,537
Hemp, bales..	86	52,438	66,766	Spices, &c.			
Hides, &c.				Cassia.....	3,465	66,991	64,106
Bristles....	30	388	735	Ginger.....		5,425	30,110
Hides, dres'd	174	3,548	3,837	Pepper.....	22,973	95,289	156,441
dia rubber..	823	16,154	20,929	Saltpetre....	2,331	2,431	16,966
vorv.....	2	820	1,307	Woods.....			
ewelry, &c.				Fustic.....	515	59,452	25,517
Jewelry.....	21	988	296	Logwood....		128,770	83,936
Watches....	17	478	418	Mahogany..		37,508	60,661
Linseed.....	4,000	225,309	192,121				

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67
Ashes, pkgs..	844	2,181	2,635	Rosin.....	7,449	167,541	128,834
Breadstuffs—				Tar.....	1,384	16,563	10,385
Flour bbls..	51,315	387,395	586,349	Pitch.....	107	5,028	2,875
Wheat, bush	282,833	2,909,513	616,843	Oil cake, pkgs	2,177	14,372	28,243
Corn.....	728,432	6,987,736	919,455	Oil, lard....	175	5,561	1,922
Oats.....	153,348	1,696,383	568,707	Oil, petroleum	11,247	236,468	394,125
Rye.....	5,951	180,514	22,185	Peanuts, bags	382	21,843	11,935
Malt.....	1,500	280,621	253,343	Provisions—			
Barley.....		382,085	43,732	Butter, pkgs.	8,669	166,873	224,390
Grass seed..		53,974	43,306	Cheese.....	9,900	150,872	158,716
Flaxseed....		4,252	7,720	Cut meats...	328	59,457	75,524
B-ans.....	2,308	22,019	15,368	Eggs.....	5,712	118,547	122,962
Peas.....	17,585	121,243	199,977	Pork.....	1,479	94,945	111,355
C-meal, bbls.	5,798	67,005	31,031	Beef, pkgs...	675	85,704	24,710
C-meal, bags.	2,403	208,903	204,953	Lard, pkgs..	739	56,590	83,484
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, pkg		8,272	6,085	Lard, kegs ..	350	7,809	6,789
Cotton, bales.	4,582	340,802	360,908	Rice, pkgs. .	79	6,813	8,300
Copper, bbls..	111	7,613	4,101	Starch.....	2,701	46,658	85,169
Copper, plates		459	4,433	Stearine....	148	7,865	4,397
Dr'd fruit, pkg	141	13,042	20,214	Spelter, slabs.			2,801
Grease, pkgs.		3,263	8,794	Sugar, hhds. & bbls.....		678	1,703
Hemp, bales..	20	133	535	Tallow, pkgs.		1,113	4,862
Hides, No....	8,796	261,466	165,071	Tobacco, pkgs	3,203	26,816	45,658
Hops, bales..	215	2,619	2,782	Tobacco, hhds	2,438	19,270	31,903
Leather, sides	33,259	359,936	115,717	Whisky, bbls.	35	11,972	70,428
Lead, pigs ..		2,704	1,109	Wool, bales	618	18,551	20,254
Molasses, hhds and bbls.	150	10,278	10,901	Dressed hogs, No.....		14,420	79,873
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough, bush.....			3,964
Crude trp. bbl	488	3,639	2,654				
Spirits trp.	2,159	19,347	21,427				

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 5, 1868.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, June 5. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the last seven days have reached 5,384 bales (against 6,441 bales last week, 10,950 bales the previous week, and 17,377 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1867, up to this date, including the returns by telegraph to-night, 2,143,555 bales, against 1,782,781 bales for the same period in 1866-7, being an excess this season over last season of 360,774 bales. The details of these receipts for this week, (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1867, are as follows:

	1868.	1867.		1868.	1867.
Received this week at—			Received this week at—		
New Orleans..... bales.	1,036	3,358	Florida*..... bales	758	1,393
Mobile.....	230	1,217	North Carolina.....	66	261
Charleston.....	830	1,753	Virginia.....	332	896
Savannah.....	865	3,139	Total receipts.....	5,384	15,877
Texas, est.....	900	2,430	Decrease this year.....		10,493
Tennessee, &c.....	367	1,530			

The exports for the week ending to-night, reach only 2,868 bales, of which 1,724 bales were to Liverpool, and 144 bales to the Continent, while the total stocks as made up this evening are now reduced to 144,834 bales. In a subsequent part of this report will be found a statement of these exports, stocks, &c., as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night. By mail we have received the full particulars of our weeks later receipts, shipments, stocks, &c., than those given in our standing table last Friday. We shall continue to make this table correspond with our mail returns, as we cannot ensure perfect accuracy, or obtain sufficient detail by telegraph. The total exports from all the ports for the last mail week reach 15,547 bales, against 23,234 bales last week, and 37,772 bales the previous week. Below we give the particulars of the shipments for the last mail week:

From	Exported this week to—					Total.
	Liverpool.	Havre.	Bre-men.	Ham-burg.	Naples.	
New York.....	2,013	51	56	93	600	2,813
New Orleans.....	8,853	2,076				10,929
Savannah.....	914					914
Galveston.....	819					819
Norfolk.....	72					72
Total.....	12,671	2,127	56	93	600	15,547

For the corresponding week of 1867, the shipments from all the ports amounted to 27,024 bales, showing a decrease for the week this year of 11,477 bales, and leaving the total increase in the shipments of this season 260,782 bales, while the stocks at all the ports of the United States are about 150,000 bales less than they were at this date of 1867. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1, 1867, now 1,608,875 bales, against 1,348,093 bales last year, and the stocks at all the ports, as made up this evening from our telegraphic returns, are now reduced to 144,834 bales, against 301,281 bales at the same time in 1867. Below we give our usual table of the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP-MENTS TO PORTS.	STOCK.	
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.			
N. Orleans, May 29..	578,161	319,879	139,227	106,481	565,587	84,121	21,095
Mobile, May 29....	352,183	208,156	10,432	14,679	233,267	43,322	12,913
Charleston, May 29.	236,966	86,596	2,936	13,226	102,758	129,791	10,462
Savannah, May 29..	483,096	238,406	9,904	9,195	257,505	219,346	6,243
Texas, May 22.....	101,508	38,790	1,625	15,195	55,610	30,829	6,992
New York, June 5.*	106,861	234,617	25,970	55,002	365,589		66,432
Florida, May 29†	31,289						14,998
N. Carolina, June 5.	37,098						37,098
Virginia, June 5....	151,601	8,239			8,239	143,362	
Other ports, June 5*	59,408	17,256		3,064	20,320		127,000
Total this year..	2,138,171	1,201,939	190,094	276,842	1,608,875	702,867	151,306
Same time last year	1,744,457	1,073,038	170,552	104,503	1,348,093	667,934	301,281

The market this week has continued dull, though slightly more active than last week, with but little variation in prices. Confidence, however, in higher quotations has very perceptibly diminished; the unfavorable condition of the goods market both here and abroad, the continued liberal shipments of cotton at Bombay, and the favorable nature of our own crop reports being the chief causes. Our recent accounts from Liverpool and Manchester indicate very clearly the check which the late high prices have given to consumption in Europe, while the entire stagnation in the dry goods trade here has its natural result in a continued decreasing spinning demand. There has been, consequently, much more cotton on sale here this week than for many weeks past, holders being willing sellers at the quotations. Still our stocks are very small, and the receipts at the ports very limited, much less than last year, so that there is no real pressure to sell. Sales of the week foot up 8,441 bales, of which 4,173 bales were taken by spinners 3,324 bales on speculation, 594 bales for export, and 350 in transit. The following are the closing quotations:

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
† These are the receipts at Apalachicola to March 14, and at the other ports of Florida to May 29.
‡ Estimated.

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	27½@	27½@	28 @	29½
Good Ordinary	28½@	28½@	29 @	29½
Low Middling	29½@	29½@	30 @	30½
Middling	30½@	30½@	31 @	31½

Below we give the price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week :

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday	31 @	31½@	31½@	31½@
Monday	31 @	31½@	31½@	31½@
Tuesday	30½@31	30½@31½	31 @31½	31½@31½
Wednesday	31 @	31½@	31½@	31½@
Thursday	31 @	31½@	31½@	31½@
Friday	30½@	30½@	31 @	31½@

In the exports of Cotton this week from New York there is a decrease, the total shipments reaching only 2,813 bales, against 5,304 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks ; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867 ; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	May 12.	May 19.	May 26.	June 2.		
Liverpool	8,486	3,192	4,663	2,013	277,258	315,197
Other British Ports	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,359	6,057
Total to Gt. Britain..	8,486	3,192	4,663	2,013	284,617	321,454
Havre	.....	820	.....	51	25,767	25,708
Other French ports	.....	.....	.....	.....	203	6
Total French	.....	820	.....	51	25,970	25,714
Bremen and Hanover	116	.....	481	56	31,954	30,588
Hamburg	52	488	160	93	10,778	12,404
Other ports	5	327	.....	.....	6,832	5,149
Total to N. Europe ..	173	815	641	149	49,564	48,141
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,172	860
All others	.....	.....	.....	600	3,266	952
Total Spain, etc.	.....	.....	.....	600	5,438	1,812
Grand Total	8,659	4,827	5,304	2,813	365,589	397,121

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1 :

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans	133	42,417	South Carolina	612	95,824
Texas	1,157	19,747	North Carolina	42	27,413
Savannah	1,709	164,634	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.	232	99,296
Mobile	.....	8,230	Per Railroad	155	114,404
Florida	723	14,476			
Total for the week				4,793	
Total since Sept. 1					586,441

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867 :

Receipts from—	—Boston—		—Philad'phia—		—Baltimore—	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans	102	41,904	180	4,502	.....	147
Texas	664	4,408	.....	.....	.....	188
Savannah	.....	18,737	387	17,894	171	13,811
Mobile	1,076	21,767	.....	203	.....	.....
Florida	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina	174	14,277	.....	3,802	.....	.....
North Carolina	18	370	.....	1,555	6	4,788
Virginia	59	20,740	.....	303	105	54,803
New York, &c*	443	55,921	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c...	27	33,552	.....	.....	185	25,856
Total receipts.....bales.	2,563	211,726	567	123,659	467	90,920

* Reshipments.
† This total does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The foregoing tables show that the exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per mail returns, have reached 15,547 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made :

Exported this week from—	Total bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers City of London, 493..... Pennsylvania, 877..... Etna, 100..... Russia, 250..... Manhattan, 3..... Malta, 194..... per ship Universe, 96.....	2,013
To Havre, per steamer Europe, 51.....	51
To Bremen, per steamer Hansa, 56.....	56
To Hamburg, per steamer Hammonia, 93.....	93
To Naples, per bark J. H. Jesser, 600.....	600
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ships Monoon, 1,833..... Wellington, 3,031..... Victoria, 2,512..... Lammergier, 1,472.....	8,853
To Havre, per bark Istria, 2,076.....	2,076
SAVANNAH.—To Liverpool, per bark Adelaide Norris, 911 Upland and 3 Sea Is and.....	914
GALVESTON.—To Liverpool, per brig Nordly, 819.....	819
NORFOLK, VA.—To Liverpool, per steamer Worcester, 72.....	72
Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..bales.	15,547

By Telegraph.—The following telegrams have been received by us to-night showing the receipts, exports and stocks of cotton at all the ports for the week ending this evening, June 5 and price on that day.

From—	Receipts for week.	—EXPORTS TO—		Total foreign. Exports,	Price Middling.	Stock
		Great Britain	Continent.			
New Orleans	1,031	1,182	None	1,182	29½	17,401
Mobile	230	None	None	None	28½	13,098
Charleston	830	None	None	None	29@½	9,233
Savannah	865	None	None	None	29½@30	6,500
Texas, est.	900	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000
All other ports	1,523	1,542	144	1,686	.....	93,602
Total	5,384	1,724	144	2,863	.....	144,834

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of May 23 states :*

LIVERPOOL, May 23.—The demand for cotton has fallen off, and prices are lower. The sales of the week are confined to 46,570 bales, of which 4,070 bales are on speculation, 5,000 declared for export, leaving 37,500 bales to the trade. In American cotton there is a decline of ½d. to ¾d.; in Brazilian of ½d.; in Egyptian of ½d. to ¾d., and in East Indian of ½d. to ¾d. per lb. American cotton, to arrive, basis of Middling, from New Orleans has sold at 11½d.; Orleans, from New York, ship named, 11½d., and Mobile, nearly due, 11½d. per lb. The prices current of American cotton, compared with last years, are subjoined:

Description.	—Ord. & Mid—		—Fair & G'd &—		—Same date 1867—	
	Ord.	Mid.	g'd fair	fine	Mid.	Fair.
Sea Island	23	27	30	32	38	40
Stained	11	13	14	16	17	19
Upland	10	10½	11½	12½	11	13
Mobile	10	10½	11½	12½	11½	13
New Orleans	10½	11	11½	13	11½	14
Texas	10½	11	11½	13	11½	14

The following figures show the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

Mid. Sea Island	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	Mid. Pernamb.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
	34d.	27d.	18d.	27d.		14d.	12½d	11½d.	11½
Upland	15½	12	11	10½	Egyptian	13½	13	12½	10
Mobile	15½	12½	11½	10½	Broach	8	6	7½	8½
Orleans	15½	12½	11½	11	Dhollerah	8	6	7½	8½

The stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports are subjoined:

	1867.	1868.
Stock in Liverpool.....Bales	773,840	590,570
" London.....	44,740	35,100
American cotton afloat.....	120,000	90,000
Indian ".....	603,330	416,800
Total	1,541,710	1,132,470

Since the commencement of the year speculation and export have been to the following extent:

	—Taken on spec. to this date—		—Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—		Actual exp't from K'gdom in 1867.
	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	1868, bales.	1867, bales.	
American	183,870	43,200	79,800	68,109	227,900
Brazil	40,080	2,730	13,200	21,688	87,740
Egyptian, &c.	36,341	5,130	10,070	5,165	12,590
West India, &c	3,180	640	1,710	5,155	22,660
East India, &c.	76,590	34,730	30,980	146,153	664,150
Total	340,060	86,430	135,820	246,270	1,015,040

The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on the evening of Thursday last, compared with last year:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.					
	—Sales this week.—		Total this year.	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.	1867.
	Trade.	Ex- port.				
American....bales.	22,710	2,210	3,510	23,430	832,580	568,620
Brazilian	5,040	840	450	6,330	270,100	127,910
Egyptian	1,870	110	60	2,040	138,680	90,570
West Indian	480	40	520	40,540	36,790	1,480
East Indian	7,400	1,800	50	9,250	517,860	457,240
Total	37,500	5,000	4,070	46,570	1,799,260	1,281,130
	—Imports—			—Stocks—		
	This week.	To this date	Im- ports.	Total.	This day.	Same date 1867.
American	21,144	897,339	759,051	1,220,325	354,080	439,500
Brazilian	16,772	277,108	217,877	433,946	124,950	144,690
Egyptian	3,557	117,975	132,409	197,788	60,190	67,040
West Indian	400	23,841	47,063	107,047	5,850	24,806
East Indian	6,736	182,933	205,453	1,264,160	45,500	97,810
Total	48,609	1,499,196	1,361,858	3,223,276	590,570	773,840

Of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool, 60 per cent is American, against 56½ per cent last year. Of Indian cotton the proportion is 7 4-5 per cent, against 12½ per cent.

LONDON, May 23.—The cotton trade is dull. On the spot the value of produce shows a fall of ½d. to arrive, a decline of ¾d. to ½d. per lb. is indicated. The following are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks :

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to May 21..... Bales.	143,804	48,355	55,851
Deliveries.....	121,146	67,531	124,798
Stocks, May 21.....	59,529	44,534	35,100

ALEXANDRIA, May 9.—The market is weaker, but holders decline to

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

sell except at full prices. There are, however, no buyers at previous rates, prices, consequently, are nominal. Fair quality is quoted at 13½d. to 13¾d., white 13½d. to 14d.; good fair 14½d. to 15d. per lb., free on board. Since the commencement of the season the exports have been as follows:

From—	G. Britain,	Continent,	Total
Nov. 1, 1867, to May 8, 1868.....	bales. 150,423	39,214	189,637
Same period 1866-7.....	146,800	27,994	174,794
“ “ 1865-6.....	124,145	25,818	149,967
“ “ 1864-5.....	180,882	34,205	215,087

BOMBAY, May 15.—The clearances of cotton during the week have amounted to 54,000 bales. Prices are rather easier, and new Dhollerah produce ready is quoted at 8 15-16d. per lb., cost and freight.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 5, 1868.

The exports of crude tobacco have been considerably less this week, the total from all the ports reaching only 1,318 hhds., 931 cases, 248 bales, 223 tierces, against 2,448 hhds., 849 cases, 446 bales and 199 hhds. stems for the previous seven days. Of these exports 707 hhds., 872 cases, 248 bales, 70 tierces were from New York; 359 hhds., were from New Orleans; 59 hhds., 59 cases from Boston; 3 hhds. from Baltimore. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: 655 hhds. to Great Britain, 212 hhds. to Bremen, 86 hhds. to Hamburg, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 117 pkgs. and 326,394 lbs.; of which 270,644 lbs. were shipped to Melbourne. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Case.	Bales.	Tcs.	—Stems—		Man'f.
					hhds.	bales.	
New York.....	707	872	248	70	.....	.....	315,378
Baltimore.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	59	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	117
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,016
New Orleans.....	359	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norfolk.....	190	.....	.....	153	.....	.....	.....
Total this week.....	1,318	931	248	223	.....	.....	326,394
Total last week.....	2,448	849	446	.....	199	.....	118,189
Total previous week..	1,322	289	265	.....	.....	.....	420,803

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	—Stems—		Pkgs. Man'f'd
					hhds.	bales.	
Great Britain.....	6,993	1,513	312	441	.....	.....	948 1,092,558
Germany.....	12,276	5,987	14,177	4	1,108	.....	545 107,656
Belgium.....	1,180	1,201	36	.....	.....	.....	3,091
Holland.....	6,094	565	.....	.....	1,027	.....	146 4,400
Italy.....	2,490	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	6
France.....	3,425	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	43 17,916
Spain, Gibralt. &c	8,292	1,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	193 55,550
Mediterranean...	228	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	113 13,404
Austria.....	621	.....	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	606	73	187	.....	.....	.....	524 33,018
China, India, &c.	.....	1,122	.....	.....	.....	.....	61 8,890
Australia, &c.....	4	1,204	.....	23	.....	.....	264 2,154,655
B. N. Am. Prov..	167	164	364	1	.....	.....	1,004 94,189
South America...	205	501	2,543	.....	.....	.....	60 188,777
West Indies.....	607	464	6,588	37	.....	.....	314 525,088
East Indies.....	.....	531	.....	.....	.....	.....	175
Mexico.....	6	2	43	.....	.....	.....	40 6,370
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	903
All others.....	8	5	6	.....	.....	.....	59
Total since Nov. 1.	43,302	14,695	24,316	506	2,135	.....	5,394 4,305,582

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	—Stems—		Bxs & Lbs.
					hhds.	bales.	
New York.....	24,580	10,927	21,735	269	283	.....	1,606 4,134,422
Baltimore.....	14,521	47	152	30	1,852	.....	231 19,700
Boston.....	558	3,325	2,293	24	.....	.....	2,383 9,700
Philadelphia.....	5	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	141,560
New Orleans.....	3,286	.....	125	.....	.....	.....	20
San Francisco...	.....	309	11	.....	.....	.....	680
Virginia.....	352	10	.....	183	.....	.....	172
Portland.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	302 200
Total since Nov. 1.	43,302	14,695	24,316	506	2,135	.....	5,394 4,305,582

The market has been less active the past week owing, mainly, to the extreme views insisted upon by holders.

Kentucky Leaf has met with a fair demand, and prices have ruled firm, but at the close buyers are disposed to hold off, in the anticipation of a turn of some sort in their favor. The sales of the week amount to about 700 hhds., of which a liberal proportion for export.

Seed Leaf likewise has been moderately active; buyers protesting against the extreme views of holders, and not suited with the indifferent assortments offered. Sales have been 100 cases State, 6¼@12c.; 10 do. Florida, 23c.; 156 do. Pennsylvania, 11c.; 55 do. Connecticut, 10c.; 100 do. Pennsylvania

fillers and binders on private terms; 14 cases Connecticut, 17c; 140 do. old Ohio, private terms; and previously, but accidentally omitted from our last, 500 cases State and Ohio fillers, 5@5¼c.; also, 500 cases including common State at 7½c., and Connecticut wrappers at 30@57c., the latter price for choice. Spanish Tobacco, as well as domestic manufactured, has been dull during the past week. We subjoin revised quotations, (per lb., in currency):

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY, PER LB.

Kentucky Leaf (hhds.)			
Lugs.....	Light. 8 @ 9	Heavy. 9½ @ 10½	Good Leaf..... 14½ @ 15
Common Leaf..	9½ @ 10½	11 @ 13	Fine do..... 15½ @ 17½
Medium do.	11 @ 14	13½ @ 15	Selections..... 18 @ 20
			21 @ 24
Seed Leaf (cases).			
Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers.....	6 @ 7c.		
Average lots.....	18 @ 30		
Fine wrappers.....	85 @ 55		
New York State fillers.....	5 @ 5½		
Average lots.....	8 @ 14		
Wrappers.....	12 @ 35		
Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers.....	5 @ 5½		
Average lots.....	9 @ 16		
Wrappers.....	15 @ 40		
Foreign (bales).			
Common.....	Havana. 80 @ 85	I cut.....	Yara. 82 @ 85
Good.....	95 @ 100	II cut.....	107½ @ 112
Fine.....	105 @ 110	Average lot.....	92½ @ 95
Manufactured (bxs. in bond.)			
Black work—common and medium.....	17½ @ 22		
“ good and fine.....	23 @ 30		
Bright work—common and medium.....	25 @ 45		
“ good and fine.....	50 @ 85		

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF STOCKS OF SPANISH TOBACCO.

	Havana,	Cuba,	Yara,	Sagua.
Stock May 1, 1868, bales.....	6,894	22	871	.....
Received since.....	4,521	.....	63	.....
Total.....	11,415	22	934	.....
Sales and reshipments to May 31.....	3,700	.....	200	.....
Stock June 1, 1868, bales.....	7,715	.....	734	.....
Same time, 1867.....	8,457	604	.....	.....
Same time, 1866.....	13,248	110	275	13

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF STOCKS IN THE NEW YORK TOBACCO INSPECTION WAREHOUSE.

	Ky.	Va. & N.C.	Ohio, & Md.,	Total.
Stock May 1, 1868, hhds.....	16,294	735	44	17,073
Received since.....	6,179	350	36	6,565
Total.....	22,473	1,085	80	23,638
Delivered since.....	2,359	71	.....	2,430
Stock June 1, 1868, hhds.....	20,114	1,014	80	21,208
Brooklyn inspection—Stock May 1, 1868.....	4,752	hhds.	.....	.....
Received since.....	2,142	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	6,894	.....	.....	.....
Delivered since.....	953	.....	.....	.....
Stock in Brooklyn inspection warehouse, June 1, 1868.....	.....	.....	.....	5,941
Total stock.....	.....	.....	.....	27,149
Same time, 1867.....	.....	.....	.....	20,763
Same time, 1868.....	.....	.....	.....	26,646

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:-

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.

From	—This week—		—Previously—		—T's in Nov. 1—	
	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	393	1,895	5,678	40,728	6,071	42,623
Baltimore.....	67	206	1,119	3,280	1,186	3,486
New Orleans.....	156	42	614	661	770	703
Ohio, &c.....	1,951	731	15,754	10,335	17,705	11,066
Other.....	150	411	117	1,757	267	2,168
Total.....	2,717	3,285	23,282	56,761	25,999	60,046

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	es.	Lbs.
Liverpool.....	231	25	.....	16	.....
London.....	65	.....	105	54	28,574
Glasgow.....	72	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bremen.....	212	824	.....	.....	.....
Hamburg.....	86	.....	49	.....	.....
Antwerp.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melbourne.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270,644
British North American Colonies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,130
Hayti.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
British West Indies.....	20	7	44	.....	15,030
British Guiana.....	9	10	.....	.....	.....
Venezuela.....	.....	6	8	.....	.....
Canary Islands.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for week.....	707	872	248	70	315,378

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Halifax, 3 hhds.
 From Boston—To Calcutta, 60 boxes... To Surinam, 41 hhds.... To West Indies, 15 hhds.... To St. Pierre Miquelon, 7 cas. s., 29 boxes... To British Provinces 3 hhds., 2 cases 28 boxes.... To South America, 50 cases.
 From New Orleans—To Liverpool, 287 hhds.... To Havre, 71 hhds.... To Taragona (Spain) 1.
 From Philadelphia—To Matanzas, 11,016 lbs. manufactured.
 From Norfolk, Va.—To Liverpool, 190 hhds. and 153 tierces.

The imports of the week have been limited to the cargo of the "Belle" from Nagasaki of 215,970 lbs. Japans. Advices from China two weeks later than those previously published report no further shipments to the United States, and make the total shipments for the season 31,748,207 lbs. against 33,455,245 lbs. for the same time last year.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to April 7, 1868, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States, from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868:

Table with columns: SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1, 1866-67, 1867-68, 1868. and IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1, 1867, 1868. Rows include Congou & Sou, Pouchong, Oolong & Ning, Fekoe, Twankay, Hyson skin, Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Japans, and Total lbs.

* All at New York except three cargoes (1,103,400 lbs.) at Boston.

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 96,870 packages to San Francisco.

The indirect importation since Jan. 1 has been 5,248 pkgs.

COFFEE.

The demand for Rio has been good, and the business fair at steady and unchanged prices. Upon revising our table of quotations we find no occasion to alter the figures given in our last. For all kinds except Rio there has been little or no inquiry. The invoice of 3,800 bags of Rio ex B. Stenberg, advertised for sale at auction on Tuesday next, has been disposed of at private sale, and is included in our summary of sales for the week. Sales amount to 15,088 bags of Rio, 1,000 bags of Java, and 200 do of Laguayra.

The imports of the week have included four cargoes of Rio at New York, three do at Baltimore, and one at New Orleans. At this port a cargo of Java of 12,389 mats, per "Arbutus," 1,300 bags of St. Domingo have a so come to hand. Details of the imports of Rio are as follows: "Wanderer," 2,900 bags; "James Davidson," 3,850; "Gipsey," 6,000; "Hind" 2,837. At Baltimore, "Johann Heinrich," 3,200 bags; "Eunomia," 2,700; "Terpsichore," 2,970. At New Orleans "Linus," 3,307 bags.

The stock of Rio coffee June 4, and the imports from Jan. 1 to date in 1868 and 1867 were as follows:

Table with columns: In Bags, New York, Phila. del. more, Balti. more, New Orleans, Savan. Mobile, Gal-veston, Total. Rows include Stock, Same date 1867, Imports in 1867, and Imports in 1868.

Of other sorts the stock at New York June 4, and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

Table with columns: In bags, New York Stock, Import, Boston import, Philadel. import, Balt. import, N. Orle's import, Total. Rows include Java, Ceylon, Singapore, Maracaibo, Laguayra, St. Domingo, Other, Total, and Same '67.

* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags. † Also 49,785 grass mats.

SUGAR.

There has been a gradual but steady improvement in the tone of the market commencing immediately after our last, and enhanced by the fact that the stock by count made the first of the present month, fell below the amount at which it had been generally estimated. At the close prices are firm at our revised quotations, which on refining grades are advanced 1/2 over our last figures. Sales comprise 9,091 hhds. of Cuba; 265 do. of Porto Rico; 124 of St. Croix, and 4,576 boxes Havana.

The imports of the week show a decided decrease both in hogsheads and boxes. At all the ports for the week the receipts foot up 9,812 boxes against 23,341—and 16,929 hhds. against 26,207 last week, making the total receipts to date 271,437 boxes and 308,589 hhds., against 132,697 boxes and 245,379 hhds. to same date last year. Details for the week are as follows:

Table with columns: At—Cuba, P. Rico, Other Java, At—Cuba, P. Rico, Other. Rows include N. York, Portland, Boston, Baltimore, New Orleans.

Stocks June 4, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

Table with columns: At—Cuba, P. Rico, Other, Brazil, Manila, N O. Rows include N. York stock, Same date 1867, Imp'ts since Jan 1, Portland, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Total import, and Same time 1867.

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

MOLASSES

The demand during the week has been steady, and strictly for the supply of the legitimate wan's of the trade. Little has been taken for speculation, and the course of business has been undisturbed by excitement or weakness. We continue our former quotations. Sales include 1,191 hhds. Cubas, 456 do St. Croix, and 356 do Barbadoes.

The aggregate receipts of the week are much below those of last week. The receipts at all ports foot up 11,780 hhds., against 25,198 last week. The total receipts at the ports since Jan. 1 now reach 231,593 hhds. against 236,204 hhds. in 1867. Details for the week are as follows:

Table with columns: Hhds at—Cuba, Porto Rico, Other, Hhds. at—Cuba, Porto Rico, Other. Rows include N. York, Portland, Boston, New Orleans.

Stocks, June 4, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

Table with columns: *Hhds at—Cuba, Porto Rico, Deme-rara, Other foreign, Total, N. O. Rows include New York stock, Imp'ts since Jan. 1, Portland, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Total import, and Same time 1867.

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

The market has been very quiet throughout the week. We find no occasion to change our table of quotations.

FRUITS.

Business in these continue to be very light. There is a firm feeling in all kinds, however, and the slight changes made in our quotations are in that way of advance. In green fruits the sales of Sicily from first hands during the week have been of trifling amount. In West India, of which this is the busy season, more has been done, and this kind is in great abundance.

Annexed are the ruling quotations in first hands.

Tea.

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.

Table with columns: Hyson, Common to fair, do Superior to fine, do Ex fine to finest, Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair, do Super. to fine, do Ex fine to finest, Gunp. & Imp., Com. to fair, do Sup. to fine, do do Ex. f. to finest, H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair, do do Sup. to fine. Rows include do do Ex f. to fin'st, Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair, do Sup'r to finest, do Ex f. to finest, Oolong, Common to fair, do Superior to fine, do Ex fine to finest, Souc & Cong., Com. to fair, do Sup'r to fine, do Ex f. to finest.

Coffee.

Table with columns: Rio, Prime, duty paid, do good, do fair, do ordinary, Java, mats an 1 bags, Native Ceylon, Maracaibo, Laguayra, St. Domingo, Jamaica.

Sugar.

Table with columns: Porto Rico, fr to gd ref. #b, do do grocery, do prime to ch. do, Cuba, inf. to com. refining, do fair to good, do fair to good grocery, do pr. to choice, do centrifugal, do Melado, Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9, do do 10 to 12, do do 13 to 15, do do 16 to 18, do do 19 to 20, do white, Loaf, Granulated, Crushed and powdered, Soft White, do Yellow.

Molasses.

Table with columns: New Orleans, Porto Rico, Cuba Muscovado, do Clayed, Barbadoes.

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents #b.

Table with columns: Cassia, in mats, Ginger, race and Af, Mace, Nutmegs, No. 1, Pepper, Pimento, Jamaica, Cloves.

Fruit.

DUTY: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1 1/2; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents #b; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, # cent ad val.

Table with columns: Raisins, Seedless, do Layer, Currants, Citron, Leghorn, Prunes, Turkish, Dates, Almonds, Languedoc, do Provence, do Sicily, Soft Shell, do Shelled, Sardines, # hi. box, Sardines, # qr. box, Figs, Smyrna, Brazil Nuts, Filberts, Sicily, Walnuts, Bordeaux, Pearl Sago, Tapioca, Macaroni, Italian, DRIED FRUIT—Apples, Blackberries, Peaches, par d., Peaches, unpared.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 6, 1868.

There is nothing of special interest to note in the Dry Goods market for the week under review, business remaining in the same languid condition in almost every branch of the trade. In some makes of domestics, especially brown and bleached shirtings, we note a further decline in prices, which has not, however, materially increased the volume of business, as no concession in rates can tempt dealers to purchase more than they need for their most urgent requirements. Nevertheless, orders continue to arrive from the State and near-by trade to replenish stocks, and Jobbers are thus gradually working off their Spring supplies.

We perceive by the latest advices from England that the same depression exists in the manufacturing districts there, and that many mills are working on short time in order to reduce production. Such a course has been proposed here, but no concerted action has been arrived at in the matter, as it is generally believed that such stringent measures are unnecessary. Nevertheless, there is no doubt but that the usual stoppage of some mills at this season of the year, for cleaning and repairs, will be prolonged beyond the average period so as not to overstock the market at the commencement of the Fall campaign.

The exports of dry goods for the week ending May 26, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	D. Goods. pkgs.	Val.	D. Goods. packages.	Dry Goods cases.
Cuba.....	26	\$2,120	43	\$9,612
Mexico.....	84	12,364	.....	.....
Venezuela.....	3	313	.....	.....
Hamburg.....	.....	.....	8	2,397
Liverpool.....	.....	.....	45	12,080
London.....	.....	.....	2	1,678
British West Indies	.....	.....	4	572
Havre.....	.....	.....	41	21,634
Calcutta.....	.....	.....	.....	150
Fayal.....	.....	.....	.....	1
British Provinces..	.....	.....	.....	76
Total this week..	113	\$14,797	143	\$49,525
Since Jan. 1, 1868..	11,321	1,071,935	2,173	787,151
Same time 1867....	4,139	575,770	2,977	647,495
“ “ 1860....	43,625	.....	.....	22,414

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been inactive, and prices are still unsettled. Standard show no great change, but the fine grades, such as Lawrence A and Hampton A, have been selling at 12½ cents, at which rate it would be impossible to manufacture them. Should this drooping tendency continue, some speculative purchases for the Fall trade may be expected. Agawam 36 inches 13½, Amoskeag A 36 16½, do B 36 16, Atlantic A 36 17½, do H 36 17, do P 36 14½, do L 36 15, do V 36 14½, Appleton A 36 17, Augusta 36 16, do 30 14, Bedford R 30 10½, Boott H 27 11, do O 34 12½, do S 40 15, do W 45 20, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Grafton A 27 9½, Great Falls M 36 12½, do S 33 12½, Indian Head 36 17, do 30 14½, Indian Orchard A 40 16, do C 36 14½, do BB 36 13½, do W 34 12½, do NN 36 16, Laconia O 39 15, do B 37 14½, do E 36 13½, Lawrence C 36 16½, do E 36 14½, do F 36 14½, do G 34 13, do H 27 11, do LL 36 13½, Lyman C 36 14, do E 36 17, Massachusetts BB 36 14½, do J 30 13½, Medford 36 16, Nashua fine O 33 15, do R 36 17½, do E 39 19½, Newmarket 36 12½, Pacific extra 36 17, do H 36 17, do L 36 15, Pepperell 6-4 —, do 7-4 27½, do 8-4 42, do 9-4 47½, do 10-4 52, do 11-4 57, Pepperell E fine 39 16, do R 36 15, do O 33 13½, do N 30 12½, do G 30 14, Pocasset F 30 10½, do K 36 15, do 40 17, Saranac fine O 33 15, do R 36 17, do E 39 19, Sigourney 36 10, Stark A 36 16½, Swift River 36 12½, Tiger 27 9½, Tremont E 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are but little inquired for, except some few brands in small quantities for immediate consumption. There is also a slight demand for the lower grades at current rates. The quotations of some medium grades are ½@1 cent lower. Amoskeag 46 inch 21½, do 42 20, do A 36 18, do Z 33 12½, Androscoggin 36 18, Appleton 36 17, Attawaugan XX 36 15, Atlantic Cambric 36 28, Ballou & Son 36 16, Bartletts 36 16½, do 33 14½, do 30 13½, Bates 36 20, do BB 36 16, do B 33 14, Blackstone 36 16, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 15½, do C 33 14, do H 28 11, do O 30 13½, do R 27 10½, do S 36 14½, do W 45 20, Dwight 36 21½, Ellerton E 42 21, do 27 10, Forrest Mills 36 15½, Forestdale 36 17½, Globe 27 8½, Fruit of the Loom 36 20, Gold Medal 36 16, Greene Mfg Co 36 12½, do 30 10½, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 14, do S 31 13, do A 33 15, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 17, do 33 15, Hope 36 15, James 36 16, do 33 14½, do 31 13, Lawrence B 36 15, Lonsdale 36 18, Masonville 36 18, Mattawamkeag 6-4 —, do 8-4 —, do 9-4 —, do 10-4 —, Newmarket C 36 15½, New York Mills 36 28, Pepperell 6-4 29, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Rosebuds 36 18, Red Bank 36 12, do 32 10½, Slater J. & W. 36 16, Tuscarora 22, Utica 5-4 32½, do 6-4 35, do 9-4 62½, do 10-4 67½, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 16½, do 6-4 27, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Wamsutta 45 32½, do 40½ 29, do 36 25, Washington 33 10.

BROWN DRILLS are dull, and the export demand quite limited. Androscoggin 11, Amoskeag 17, Boott 17, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 17, Pepperell 17, Stark A 17, do H 15½.

PRINT CLOTHS were reported a little more active under speculative

purchases. The sales at Providence for the week ending June 1 were 88,000 pieces, and the closing price for 64x64 standard cloth was 8½ cents.

PRINTS are quiet but steady in price. The light work is moving slowly into consumption, and as most of the mills have turned their attention to medium patterns, and with one exception, supplies are short in agents hands, we may, if we have some fine Summer weather, see them become somewhat scarce on the market. Some agents are asking ½@1 cent a yard for their new medium styles, but they are jobbing at the same price as light work. Allens 12½, do pk & pu 14, Amoskeag 12½, Arnolds 10½, Cochecho 14, Conestoga —, Dunnell's 13½, Freeman 10½, Gloucester 12½, Hamilton 13½, Home 7½, Lancaster 12½, London mourning 12½, Mallory 13-14, Manchester 12½, Merrimac D 13½, do p'k & purple 15, do W 15, do p'k & pur 15½, Oriental 13, Pacific 13½, Richmonds 13½, Simpson Mourning 12½, Sprague's pur and pink 14½, do blue and wh. 16, do fancy 14, do shirtings 14½, Victory 10½, Wamsutta 10, Wauregan 11½.

GINGHAMS are quiet, with a limited inquiry for the best makes. Allamance plaid 19, Caledonia 15, Glasgow 15-16½, Hampden 16, Lancaster 18, Manchester 13½.

MUSLIN DELAINES are dull, and should the present languid demand continue, it is believed that a recourse will be had to lower prices to effect a clearance. Armures 20, do plain 20, Hamilton 16, Lowell 16, Manchester 16, Pacific 16, Pekins 24, Piques 22, Spragues 16.

TICKINGS are quiet. Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag A C A 38, do A 32, do B 27, do C 24, do D 21, Blackstone River 18, Conestoga 27½, do extra 32½, Cordis 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 27½, do D 14½, Lewiston 36 34, do 32 30, do 30 26, Mecs. and W'km's 30, Pearl River 35, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 17, Thorndike 18½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28½-30, York 30 27½, do 32 35.

STRIPES are dull. Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag 24½, Boston 15, Everett 13½, Hamilton 24, Haymaker 17, Sheridan A 13, do G 14, Uncasville dark 16, do light 15, Whittenton AA 23, do A 21, do BB 17, do C 15, do D 12, York 23½.

CHECKS are in slightly improved demand. Caledonia No. 70 27½, do 50 25, do 10 25, do 8 19, do 11 22½, do 15 27½, Kennebeck 23½, Lanark No. 2 12½, Park No. 60 15, do 70 22½, do 90 27½, Pequa No. 1,200 12½, Star Mills 600 10½, do 800 16, Union No. 20 25, do 50 27½.

DENIMS of the best makes have been in limited request; others are neglected. Amoskeag 33, Blue Hill 14½, Beaver cr. blue 19, do CC 22½, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 20, Manchester 22½, Lingard's blue 16, do brown —, Otis AXA 29, do BB 27, do CC 23, Pearl River 31, Pittsfield —, Thorndike 18, Tremont 20.

COTTONADES have been generally quiet. A few styles were sold at reduced rates, but quotations are now fairly steady. Far. & Mec. Cass. —, Lewiston —, New York Mills 31½, Plow. L. & Anv. 37½.

CORSET JEANS are inactive. Amoskeag 14, Bates 11, Everetts 15, Laconia 14, Naumkeag 14, do satteen 17½, Pepperell 15½, Washington satteen 16½.

CAMBRICS have been in somewhat better request. In **SILASIAS** there has been but little done, except in the best grades, for which there is an improved inquiry. Pequot cambrics 10½, Superior 8½, Victory H 9, Washington 10, Wauregan 10½, Blackburn. silasias 16, Indian Orchard 15, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory J twilled 15, Ward 15.

COTTON BAGS are in slight demand. American 47½, Lewiston 55, Stark A 55, do C 3 bush 70.

COTTON YARNS are held firm, but there is but little business doing. Forty for large and 4½ cents for small skeins are the asking rates.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS have been inactive during the past week, the demand being limited to a few styles of light Summer fabrics suited for immediate trade. The sales at auction have been of an unimportant character, and except for really first class goods prices have been very low.

DOMESTIC WOOLENS are quiet, transactions in Spring styles of cassimeres being at an end. The clothing trade are buying more freely for the Fall trade, but the purchases are as yet limited mostly to cassimeres, beave s, Chinchillas, &c., carried over from the previous season. In a week or two business in this branch will be more fully developed.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending May 28, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 28, 1868.						
	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	308	\$148,043	373	\$158,582	386	\$136,695
do cotton...	364	111,677	240	75,463	758	190,440
do silk...	117	108,271	284	175,919	349	265,269
do flax....	273	93,362	292	74,589	555	134,216
Miscellaneous dry goods.	105	42,718	2,354	55,998	168	68,034
Total.....	1,167	\$504,071	3,543	\$540,551	2,216	\$794,654
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	287	\$104,903	314	\$130,758	299	\$116,229
do cotton..	137	45,727	249	77,427	180	47,085
do silk....	58	64,266	137	138,591	39	33,156
do flax....	146	31,602	234	57,308	163	32,057
Miscellaneous dry goods.	375	7,933	528	11,633	1,541	13,516
Total.....	1,003	\$254,431	1,312	\$415,717	2,222	\$247,043
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	1,167	504,071	3,543	540,551	2,219	794,654
Total th'wn upon mak't.	1,170	\$758,562	4,855	\$956,268	4,438	\$1,041,697
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	144	\$60,288	530	\$238,679	304	\$117,789
do cotton..	62	22,597	221	78,815	86	22,298
do silk....	8	6,035	34	32,171	32	41,931
do flax....	33	8,842	233	61,523	299	64,683
Miscellaneous dry goods.	232	9,541	8,001	58,650	21	5,864
Total.....	479	\$107,303	9,019	\$469,863	742	\$252,565
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	1,167	504,071	3,543	540,551	2,216	794,654
Total entered at the port	1,646	\$611,374	12,562	\$1,010,414	2,958	\$1,047,219

Dry Goods.

JENKINS, VAILL & PEABODY,

46 LEONARD STREET,
DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Sole Agents for the sale of
COTTONS AND WOOLENS,
Of Several Mills.

C. B. & J. F. Mitchell,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
21 WALKER STREET NEW YORK,
Sole Agents for
JOSEPH GREER'S CHECKS.
Also, Agents for the Sale of
Fine 6-4 Scotch Coatings; Oxford, Cadet, and Fancy
Jeans, B. & W. Checks and Fancy Tweeds; Shirting
Flannels; Gingham, Ticks, and Balmoral
Skirts, of several makes.

George Hughes & Co.

Importers & Commission Merchants,
198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,
SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,
SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,
LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,
PATENT LINEN THREAD

Sole Agents for

DICKSONS' FERGUSON & CO, Belfast.
And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.

GEORGE PEARCE & Co.,

70 & 72 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK,
Importers of

White Goods,

Laces and Emb's,
Linen Handk's,
British and Continental.

BYRD & HALL,

Manufacturers of
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,
Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

SPOOL COTTON.

JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.
Mile End, Glasgow.
IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE
SEWING.
THOS. RUSSELL, Sole Agent.
88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.



SPRING SHAWLS,

From the
KEYSTONE KNITTING MILLS,
IN GREAT VARIETY OF CHOICE DESIGNS,
For Sale by
TOWNSEND & YALE,
SOLE AGENTS,
NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Commercial Cards.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership between the subscribers, under the firm of

J. H. Brower & Co.,

was dissolved by mutual consent, November 29th 1867.
The liabilities of the late firm have all been liquidated and settled.

J. H. BROWER.
W. H. SELLERS.
B. B. BLYDENBURGH.

New York, June 1st, 1868.

PARTNERSHIP.

The subscribers have this day formed a partnership under the firm of

J. H. Brower & Co.,

for the transaction of a general commission business and have such arrangements as to enable them to offer their friends and former correspondents liberal facilities upon consignments.
Strict attention will be given to such interests as may be intrusted to our care.

J. H. BROWER.
B. B. BLYDENBURGH.

New York, June 1st, 1868.

Edward Lambert & Co.,

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

**SPECIALTY
COMMERCIAL PAPER.**

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

OFFICES:

O. 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, AND 151 MON
TAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN.

Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1868..... 3,623,896 78
Liabilities..... 107,490 55

Desiring to deal directly with its Customers, this Company will hereafter make a rebate from the Premium or Risks in the City, equal to the Commission heretofore paid as Brokerage.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice-President.

J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.
GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.

Steamship Companies.



**NORTH AMERICAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY.

**THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.**

New Sailing Arrangements

The 5th & 20th of Every Month.

or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot King st., at noon.

JUNE 5.—Steamer SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new Steamship OREGONIAN.

JUNE 20.—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new Steamship NEBRASKA.

These Steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for Safety, Speed, Elegance, and Comfort, and their rates for Passage and Freight will always be as low as by any other Line.

For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46, North River, New York.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

WM. H. WEBB, President.

CHARLES DANA Vice-President,
No. 54 Exchange Place, N.Y.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE**

To CALIFORNIA.



**And Carrying the United
States Mail.**

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH

PIER, FOOT of Canal street, at 1

o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and

21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

JUNE:

1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.

11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA

and ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot Canal street, New York.

F. E. BABY

Excelsior

STEAM BOILER.

Fenton's Patents, May 7, 1867, and
March 3, 1868.

**The Best and most Economical,
Safe and Durable.**

All former inventions of this nature have failed for want of simplicity of construction, in efficiency, in economy, in use, and first cost; these failings have been obviated by this invention as will be seen by inspecting its advantages, which are;

FIRST.—Simplicity of construction and not liable to get out of order.

SECOND.—Cheapness of first cost and freedom from danger.

THIRD.—Universality of application in almost all cases where steam is required.

FOURTH.—Economy in use, as its internal parts are so arranged with respect to each other, that better combustion, and great saving in fuel, follow in its use.

FIFTH.—Good water circulation; which keeps the iron clean and free from deposit and scale, and induces rapidity in the production of steam.

SIXTH.—It produces dry steam. Its large water content and the steam exit being at a distance from the tubes tends to prevent priming.

The Inventor and owner of the above Improvement being unable to manufacture them in sufficient quantities will

Dispose of the Improvement

AT A

FAIR PRICE.

Apply immediately to

E. TIFFANY & CO.,

15 Wall Street, New York.

600 MILES
OF THE
Union Pacific Railroad

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this Spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and the Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all the energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the United States Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and no more. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION.

From the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS

On its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific but they certainly prove that

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

Are Secure Beyond any Contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for \$1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of Six Per Cent in Gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

NEARLY NINE PER CENT.

And it is believed that they may soon be at a Premium.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their Bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the Bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of Six Per Cent per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in New York

At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street,

AND BY

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall Street.

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the progress of the work, the resources of the country traversed by the road, the means for construction, and the value of the bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's office, or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer New York.

MAY 25, 1868.

Financial.

St. Louis City

SIX PER CENT BONDS.

Bonds have 20 years to run, interest payable May 1st and November 1st, at the

**NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,
In New York.**

The subscribers, the authorized agents for the sale of these Bonds, offer a limited amount at

\$5 and Accrued Interest.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,

14 AND 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

A Desirable Investment.

UNION AND LOGANSPORT

SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

We offer for sale a limited amount of the above named bonds at the low rate of \$5 and accrued interest. These bonds are secured by a First Mortgage on the road between Union, Ohio, and Logansport, Indiana, being a link in the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad Company, the new route to Chicago, and are convertible at the option of the holder, into the First Mortgage Bonds of that Company. For further particulars apply to

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.

No. 18 Wall Street, New York.

St. Louis & Iron Mountain

RAILROAD COMPANY.

SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.

The title of the ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Kentucky, is now going rapidly forward; 91 miles being in profitable operation, 45 miles of new work graded with rails enough on hand for 47 miles; it is expected that the whole line from St. Louis to Belmont, 192 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated. The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch southwestward from Pilot Knob for which a cash subsidy of \$15,000 per mile is granted by the State as a free gift to the company, will add very much to the value of their property.

THOMAS ALLEN, President,
St. Louis.

St. Louis, April, 1868.

We the undersigned, cordially recommend these 7 per cent mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large and the administration of the affairs of the company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.

James S. Thomas, Mayor of St. Louis.
John J. Roe, President Chamber of Commerce.
E. W. Fox, President Board of Trade.
Barton Bates, President North Missouri Railroad.
J. H. Britton, President National Bank State of Mo.
Wm. L. Ewing, Pres. Mer. Nat. Bank of St. Louis.
Geo. H. Rea, Pres. 2d Nat. Bank of St. Louis.
Jas. B. Eads, Chief Engineer St. L. & Ill. Bridge Co.
G. R. Taylor, President Pacific Railroad.
Wm. Taussig, President Traders' Bank St. Louis.
Jno. R. Lionberger, Pres. 3d Nat. Bank St. Louis.
Adolphus Meier, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railroad.
Robert Barth, Pres. German Savings Institution,
New York References:
E. D. Morgan & Co. John H. Swift. Isaac N. Phelps.
W. V. Brady. S. Gandy. W. T. Blodgett.

Bonds for sale and pamphlets giving details can be had at the New York agency of the Company, 43 Wall street.
H. G. MARQUAND, Vice-President.

ESTABLISHED IN 1826.

**A. B. HOLABIRD & Co.,
CINCINNATI, O.,**

ENGINE AND MILL MANUFACTURERS.

Particular attention is called to our
IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.

It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

**REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM
WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.**

Built of solid French Burr Rock. Particular attention to Southern patronage.

THE

Singer Manufacturing Co.

458 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned

SINGER SEWING MACHINES,

for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1867 and 1868 :

Railroads.	Week.	Miles of road.	Gross earn'gs		Earn. p. m.		
			1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	
Atlantic & Gt. Western.	3d, April	507	117,467	112,216	232	221	
"	4th, "		115,965	96,807	229	191	
"	1st, May.		103,328	82,137	205	162	
"	2d, "		116,818	89,741	230	177	
"	3d, "		117,668	99,300	232	196	
Chicago and Alton.....	2d, Jan.	280	65,911	59,752	236	213	
"	3d, "		61,319	62,811	219	224	
"	4th, "		58,326	67,476	210	237	
"	2d, Mar.		67,968	65,132	243	233	
Chicago and N. West'n.	4th, Apl.	1,152	243,889	352,935	211	306	
"	1st, May		180,286	224,720	156	195	
"	2d, "		193,553	269,970	173	234	
"	3d, "		193,522	288,278	168	250	
"	4th, "		323,244	423,327	280	368	
Chic., R. I. and Pacific.	3d, Apl.	452	78,370	78,400	191	173	
"	4th, "		(in '67)	54,802	67,900	133	150
"	1st, May.		410.)	54,576	78,778	133	174
"	2d, "			60,863	68,900	148	152
Marietta & Cincinnati.	1st, May.	251	18,380	23,263	73	93	
"	3d, "			20,682	22,091	82	88
Michigan Central	2d, Apl.	285	81,628	87,047	286	305	
"	3d, "			77,060	92,633	270	324
"	1st, May.			82,677	84,833	290	297
"	2d, "			73,976	77,753	259	272
"	3d, "		70,263	82,203	246	288	
Michigan Southern.....	3d, Apl.	524	97,583	97,509	187	187	
"	1st, May.			81,021	93,578	155	178
"	2d, "			82,927	82,921	158	158
"	3d, "			77,324	100,133	147	191
"	4th, "		116,326	118,848	222	226	
Tol. Wabash & Western	3d, Feb.	521	41,903	60,802	80	110	
"	4th, "			54,315	80,264	104	150
"	1st, Mar.			53,569	51,644	103	97
"	3d, "			72,981	60,947	140	117
"	4th, "		87,911	91,114	169	175	
Western Union.....	4th, Apl.	180	13,634	17,611	76	98	
"	1st, May.			12,536	12,341	70	69
"	2d, "			11,747	12,668	65	70
"	3d, "			11,232	14,505	62	80
"	4th, "		22,337	30,649	124	170	

The Treasurer of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad gives the following notice to the holders of the bonds due April 1, 1868 :

The Company will exchange any of these bonds of \$1,000 each at any time before the first day of October next at par for a new mortgage bond of equal amount, bearing 7 per cent interest, clear of United States and State taxes, having 25 years to run. The bonds not surrendered on or before the 1st of October next will be paid at maturity in accordance with their tenor.

The City of Portland lately voted to take \$750,000 stock in the Portland and Ogdenburg Road. The vote was unexpectedly large. And also, to advance \$100,000, in addition to the aid before voted to the Portland Rochester (old York and Cumberland) Railroad, in anticipation of its completion to Alfred, Me.

The Lebanon Springs Railroad, connecting the Harlem with the Bennington and Rutland Railroad, it is expected, will be completed and in running order in the month of August. This road will form a through connection from New York and Montreal, without change of cars. Of the 67 miles 50 miles are graded, and the track is now laying.

The St. Louis Dispatch says:—"We learn that the purchase of all the iron necessary to complete the North Missouri Railroad to Kansas City and the Iowa State line has been made. The road will be finished to both points by the middle of October. A portion of the iron is of English manufacture, and is now at New Orleans. The other portion of it is at Brady's Bend. The whole quantity will arrive at an early day."

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railway recently held at Chicago, the contract with the Dubuque and Sioux City Company was confirmed. The stockholders also gave the directors authority to make an 8 per cent distribution of shares in accordance with a plan submitted to them by the directors. The distribution will probably be made August 1 net, at the same time with usual cash dividend.

The Panhandle Road, (O.) Holliday's Cave, (Western Va.) and the Steubenville and Indiana (Ohio) Railroads have consolidated under the name of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company. The capital is \$10,000,000. The central office is to be at Steubenville, Ohio.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Atlantic & Great Western.			Chicago and Alton.			Chicago & Northwestern.			Chic., Rock Is. and Pacific.		
1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.
(507 m.)	(507 m.)	(507 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(1,032 m.)	(1,152 m.)	(1,152 m.)	(228 m.)	(410 m.)	(452 m.)
\$504,932	\$361,137	\$394,771	\$226,152	\$243,787	\$259,539	\$590,767	\$696,147	\$741,926	\$241,395	\$292,047	\$283,600
408,864	377,852	395,286	222,241	157,832	296,496	459,007	574,664	800,787	183,385	224,621	231,900
388,480	438,046	318,219	290,111	235,961	261,599	613,974	757,134	855,611	257,230	272,454	362,800
394,533	443,029	421,038	269,249	282,165	270,386	624,174	774,280	1,068,959	209,099	280,283	288,700
451,477	459,370	..	329,851	335,510	..	880,993	895,712	..	277,505	251,916	..
474,441	380,796	..	371,543	342,357	..	925,983	898,357	..	306,693	261,480	..
462,674	400,116	..	321,597	354,244	..	808,524	880,324	..	238,926	274,800	..
528,618	475,257	..	387,269	415,982	..	797,475	1,038,824	..	317,977	404,600	..
526,959	483,857	..	322,638	408,999	..	1,000,086	1,451,234	..	400,941	517,702	..
541,491	477,528	..	360,823	426,752	..	1,200,216	1,508,883	..	428,474	558,200	..
497,250	446,596	..	323,030	359,103	..	1,010,892	1,210,387	..	345,027	415,400	..
368,531	350,837	..	271,246	330,169	..	712,359	918,088	..	260,268	351,600	..
5,476,276	5,094,421	..	3,695,152	3,892,861	..	9,424,450	11,712,248	..	3,466,923	4,105,103	..
Erie Railway.			Illinois Central.			Marietta and Cincinnati.			Michigan Central.		
1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.
(798 m.)	(775 m.)	(775 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)	(285 m.)
\$1,185,746	\$906,759	\$1,031,320	\$603,053	\$647,119	\$519,855	\$90,411	\$94,136	\$92,433	\$282,438	\$304,097	\$313,319
987,936	917,639	..	505,266	524,871	488,088	85,447	78,976	81,599	265,796	283,669	304,315
1,070,917	1,139,528	..	505,465	417,071	409,684	84,357	84,652	98,482	337,158	375,210	326,880
1,153,441	1,217,143	..	411,605	440,271	467,754	81,181	72,768	108,461	343,736	362,783	415,758
1,101,632	1,122,140	..	569,250	477,007	..	96,388	90,526	..	365,196	333,952	..
1,243,636	1,118,731	..	567,679	516,494	..	103,373	96,535	..	335,082	284,977	..
1,208,244	1,071,312	..	480,626	525,242	..	98,043	106,594	..	324,986	313,021	..
1,295,400	1,239,024	..	578,253	709,326	..	106,921	114,716	..	359,645	398,992	..
1,416,101	1,444,745	..	571,348	738,530	..	104,866	121,217	..	429,166	464,778	..
1,476,244	1,498,716	..	661,971	823,901	..	113,504	142,823	..	493,649	506,295	..
1,416,001	1,421,881	..	588,219	727,809	..	112,952	132,387	..	414,604	412,933	..
1,041,115	1,041,646	..	504,066	613,330	..	123,802	123,383	..	308,649	330,373	..
14,596,413	14,139,264	..	6,546,741	7,160,991	..	1,201,249	1,258,713	..	4,260,125	4,371,071	..
Mich. So. & N. Indiana.			New York Central.			Milwaukee & St. Paul.			Ohio & Mississippi.		
1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.
(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(524 m.)	(692 m.)	(692 m.)	(692 m.)	(275 m.)	(740 m.)	(740 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)
\$312,846	\$305,857	\$371,041	\$1,086,360	\$901,571	\$	\$131,707	\$340,511	\$368,484	\$267,541	\$242,793	\$211,973
277,234	311,088	339,736	895,887	845,853	..	123,404	301,275	350,884	246,109	219,064	231,351
412,715	379,761	381,497	1,135,745	1,075,773	..	123,957	262,031	333,281	226,236	279,647	265,905
413,970	391,163	455,983	1,190,491	1,227,286	..	121,533	318,389	435,629	277,423	284,729	252,149
418,024	358,601	..	1,170,415	1,093,731	..	245,598	..	..	283,130	282,939	..
384,684	304,232	..	1,084,533	934,536	..	244,376	..	..	253,924	240,135	..
338,858	312,879	..	1,135,461	1,101,693	..	208,785	..	..	247,262	234,633	..
384,401	428,762	..	1,285,911	1,388,915	..	188,815	..	..	305,454	322,521	..
429,177	487,867	..	1,480,929	1,732,673	..	276,416	..	..	278,701	365,372	..
496,655	539,435	..	1,530,518	..	..	416,359	..	..	310,762	379,367	..
429,548	423,341	..	1,211,108	..	..	328,539	..	..	302,425	336,066	..
352,218	370,757	..	935,857	..	..	129,287	..	..	281,613	272,053	..
4,650,328	4,613,743	..	14,143,215	..	..	2,538,800	..	..	3,280,583	3,450,319	..
Pittsb., Ft. W. & Chicago.			St. L. Alton & T. Haute.			Toledo, Wab. & Western.			Western Union.		
1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1866.	1867.	1868.
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(521 m.)	(521 m.)	(521 m.)	(157 m.)	(180 m.)	(180 m.)
\$559,932	\$542,416	492,694	\$178,119	\$149,658	\$127,594	\$226,059	\$237,674	\$278,712	\$5,103	\$39,679	\$46,415
480,986	525,498	602,754	155,893	143,342	133,392	194,167	200,793	265,793	36,006	27,666	40,703
662,163	627,960	684,189	192,138	174,152	149,165	256,407	270,630	263,259	39,299	36,392	39,198
599,875	590,557	774,103	167,301	168,162	213,097	270,300	317,052	..	43,333	40,710	49,231
682,511	586,464	..	168,699	171,736	..	316,433	329,078	..	86,913	57,852	..
633,667	507,451	..	167,099	156,065	..	325,691	304,810	..	102,686	60,558	..
552,372	537,331	..	166,015	172,933	..	304,917	309,591	..	85,508	58,262	..
648,201	606,217	..	222,953	220,788	..	396,248	364,723	..	60,698	73,525	..

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, Last paid, FRIDAY Bid, Ask, and various company names like Albany and Susquehanna, New York and Harlem, etc.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 1.

Bond List Page 2 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and a second set of columns for the same information on the right side. The table lists various railroad and miscellaneous bonds with their respective terms and amounts.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Allen Wright..... par 10			Hamilton McClintock par	—	—
Bennehoff Run.....10	1 00	1 30	Ivanhoe..... 2		
Bergen Petroleum.....10			Manhattan..... 2		10
Bliven.....			Mountain Oil.....		
Bradley Oil..... 5			National..... 5	2 00	
Brevort..... 10	30	50	N. Y. & Alleghany..... 5	1 75	2 10
Brooklyn..... 5			New York & Newark..... 5		
Buchanan Farm.....10	43	48	N. Y. & Philadel..... 5		
Central.....100	30	60	N.Y., Ph. & Balt. Cons..... 1		
Cherry Run Petrol m..... 2			Oceanic.....10		
Cherry Run special..... 5			Oil Creek.....		
Clinton Oil..... 10	75	1 50	Pit Hole Creek.....25	40	70
Columbia Oil.....			Ratibone Oil Tract.....		
Empire City..... 5			Rynd Farm.....10	10	18
Excelsior..... 5			Southern.....		50
First National..... 5			Sherman & Barnsdale.....	40	
Germania..... 5			Union.....10	5 00	
G't Western Consol.....10			United Pet'l'm F'ms..... 2	4	10
Hoffman.....		25	United States.....10	1 95	2 10

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Adventure..... paid 3			Lafayette..... paid 1		
Ætna.....11			Lake Superior..... 2		
Albany & Boston.....25%	3 50	3 75	Madison..... 6	50	87
Algolah..... 3			Mandan..... 4 1/2		
Allouez..... 1 1/2	3 50	4 00	Manhattan..... 5 1/2	25	60
American..... 1			Mass..... 4 1/2		
Amygdaloid.....17			Medora..... 1 1/2		
Atlas..... 2			Mendota..... 5		
Aztec..... 4 1/2			Merrimac..... 6 1/2		
Bay State.....13 1/2	1 25		Mesnard..... 8	25	1 00
Bohemian.....17 1/2			Milton..... 1 1/2		
Boston..... 2 1/2			Minnesota.....18 1/2		5 00
Caledonia.....		10 00	National..... 5 1/2	4 50	
Calumet.....	27 30	30 00	Native..... 2	30	
Canada.....		50	Naumkeag..... 1		
Charter Oak.....		1 00	New Jersey Consol.....10		
Central..... 5	23 00		New York.....		
Concord..... 4	3 00	3 25	North Cliff..... 4		
Copper Creek.....			North western.....11 1/2		
Copper Falls.....24 1/2	22 00	22 50	Norwich.....11		
Copper Harbor..... 1			Ogima..... 7	4 50	
Dacotah..... 2 1/2			Pennsylvania *.....50		
Dana..... 3 1/2			Petherick..... 5 1/2	88	
Davidson.....		55 70	Pewabic..... 3 1/2	8 50	8 75
Delaware.....20 1/2			Phoenix.....15	6 00	
Deven..... 1			Pittsburg & Boston..... 5 1/2	20 00	
Dorchester..... 1 1/2			Pontiac.....10 1/2		50
Dudley..... 1 1/2			Portage Lake.....		
Eagle River..... 3 1/2			Princeton.....		
Edwards..... 1 1/2			Providence.....		
Empire.....10			Quincy..... 10	24 00	25 00
Everett..... 1			Resolute..... 6 1/2		
Evergreen Bluff..... 5 1/2			Ridge..... 8		
Excelsior.....			Rockland..... 12	3 50	
Franklin..... 8 1/2	14 50	10 00	St. Clair..... 3	1 25	
French Creek.....		10 15	St. Louis..... 1		
Gardiner Hill.....		1 00	St. Mary's..... 5 1/2		
Girard..... 5			Salem..... 1 1/2		
Great Western..... 2			Seneca..... 1		
Hamilton..... 2			Sharon..... 1 1/2		
Hancock.....17 1/2		5 00	Sheldon & Columbian.....21		
Hanover..... 1 1/2			South Pewabic..... 1		
Hilton..... 2 1/2			South Side..... 2		50
Hope..... 1 1/2			Star.....11 1/2		
Hec a.....			Superior..... 8	1 00	1 50
Hulbert..... 1/2			Toltec.....21		
Humboldt.....	55 00	60 00	Tremont..... 1 1/2	40 00	
Hungarian..... 1			Victoria..... 1 1/2		
Huron.....19			Vulcan..... 6		
Indiana.....10			Washington..... 1		
Isle Royale.....33			West Minnesota..... 2 1/2		
Keweenaw..... 5			Winona..... 3		
Knowlton..... 8		2 00	Winthrop..... 4 1/2	50 30	75 00

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares
 ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.
 § Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Ada Elmore..... par			Hamilton G. & S. b'ds par		90
Alameda Silver.....	60	90	Holman..... 2	4	10
American Flag..... 10	40	54	Hope..... 25		20
Atlantic & Pacific.....		80	Harnon G. & S.....		3 00
Bates & Baxter..... 50		50	Kipp & Buell..... 2		15
Black Hawk..... 5 75	7 00		LaCrosse.....	44	46
Benton..... 5		35	Liberty.....		5
Bob Tail..... 1 00	1 30		Manhattan Silver..... 100		150
Boscobel Silver.....			Midass Silver.....		40
Bullion Consolidated.....	40	1 00	Montana..... 5	40	41
Burroughs..... 10	10	12	New York..... 10	60	75
Central.....			New York & Eldorado.....		1 75
Columbia G. & S.....	4	8	Ophir Gold.....		
Combination Silver.....	35 00	40 30	Owyhee.....		30 00
Consolidated Gregory..... 700	4 15	4 20	People's G. & S. of Cal. 5	5	20
Corydon..... 25	29	35	Quartz Hill..... 25	1 10	1 15
Des Moines.....			Reynolds.....		4
Downieville..... 1			Rocky Mountain..... 10	15	23
Edgehill..... 4 40	4 50		Seaver.....		
Empire Gold.....			Sensenderfer.....		10 00
Fall River.....			Smith & Parmelee..... 20	3 00	3 10
First National.....			Symonds Forks.....		1 00
Gold Hill.....		1 60	Twin River Silver..... 100		40 00
Gannell..... 10	60	90	Vanderburg.....		70
Gannell Union.....		45	Texas.....		12

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd
Copake Iron..... pa 5			Tudor Lead..... par		
Foster Iron.....			Saginaw, L. S. & M..... 25		
Lake Superior Iron..... 100			Walkkill Lead.....	20	22
Bucks County Lead..... 5			Wallace Nickel.....		
Jenbo Lead.....			Rutland Marble..... 25	15 25	16 50
Manhar Lead.....			Long Island Peat.....		
Phenix Lead.....			Russe, Fie..... 5		
Iron Tank Storage.....			Savon de Terre.....		

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Marked thus (*) are participating, & (†) write Marine Risks.	Jan. 1, 1868.		DIVIDENDS				
	Capital.	Net as'ts	Periods.	1865	1866	1867	Last pa
Adriatic..... 25	\$200,000	208,336	Jan. and July.				Jan '64. 5
Ætna..... 50	300,000	350,016	Jan. and July.	3 1/2	5	10	Jan '68.5
American *..... 50	200,000	581,436	Jan. and July.	16	14	17 1/2	Jan. '68.3 1/2
American Exch'o..... 100	200,000	225,585	Jan. and July.	5	7 1/2	10	Jan. '68.5
Arctic..... 50	250,000	289,191	Jan. and July.	5			Jan. '68.5
Astor..... 25	250,000	279,261	Feb. and Aug.	10	10	10	Feb. '68.5
Atlantic (Br'klyn) 50	300,000	312,089	March and Sep	10	10	10	Mar '68.5
Baltic..... 25	200,000	180,285	May and Nov.				
Beekman..... 25	200,000	192,588	Feb. and Aug.	9			Aug. '65.4
Bowery (N. Y.)... 25	300,000	399,062	June and Dec.	10	10	15	Dec. '67.5
Broadway..... 25	200,000	280,551	Feb. and Aug.	12	12	12	Feb. '68.6
Brooklyn..... 17	153,000	259,089	Jan. and July.	20	20	20	Jan. '68.10
Citizens'..... 20	300,000	438,750	Jan. and July.	20	20	20	Jan. '68.10
City..... 70	210,000	358,764	Feb. and Aug.	10 1/2	12 1/2	14 1/2	Feb. '68.7 1/2
Clinton..... 100	250,000	293,943	Jan. and July.	10	10	12	Jan. '68.5
Columbia*..... 100	300,000	51,339	do				Jan. '68.5
Commerce (N. Y.) 100	200,000	212,472	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Commerce (Alb'y) 100	400,000	417,194	Feb. and Aug.	10	10	10	Feb. '68.4
Commercial..... 50	200,000	226,092	Jan. and July.	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Commonwealth... 100	250,000	277,680	Jan. and July.	5	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Continental *..... 100	500,000	1,432,597	Jan. and July.	14	14	14	Jan. '68.7
Corn Exchange... 50	400,000	385,101	March and Sep				Jan. '68.5
Eagle..... 40	300,000	425,060	April and Oct.	12 1/2			Apr. '68.5
Empire City..... 100	200,000	246,090	Jan. and July.	14	14	14	Jan. '68.7
Excelsior..... 50	200,000	226,229	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Exchange..... 30	150,000	134,011	Feb. and Aug.				
Firemen's..... 17	204,000	273,792	Jan. and July.	10	10	10	Jan. '68.7
Firemen's Fund... 10	150,000	123,101	do		3 1/2		Jan. '68.3 1/2
Firemen's Trust. 10	150,000	160,963	do	5			July '65.5
Fulton..... 25	200,000	204,720	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Gallatin..... 50	150,000	147,066	May and Nov.	6			May '65.6
Gebhard..... 100	200,000	232,520	Feb. and Aug.	5	10	10	Feb. '68.5
Germania..... 50	500,000	597,473	Jan. and July.	10	10	12	Jan. '68.5
Globe..... 50	200,000	222,207	Jan. and July.	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Great Western*† 100	1,000,000	2,385,657	Jan. and July.	7	7	7	J'y '67.3 1/2
Greenwich..... 25	200,000	272,173	Feb. and Aug.	14	16	12	Feb. '68.10
Grocers'..... 50	200,000	187,065	April and Oct.	5			Apr. '65.5
Guardian.....	200,000	198,456	Jan. and July.		7	7	J'y '67.3 1/2
Hamilton..... 15	150,000	185,228	do	8	8	10	Jan. '68.5
Hanover..... 50	400,000	426,752	do	12	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Hofman..... 50	200,000	144,613	do		5		Jan. '66.5
Home..... 100	2,000,000	2,393,915	do	16	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Hope..... 25	150,000	159,630	do	5			Jan. '65.5
Howard..... 50	500,000	593,322	do	20	12	10	Jan. '68.5
Humboldt..... 100	200,000	217,103	do	10			Jan. '68.5
Import & Traders 25	200,000	204,664	do	6			July '65.6
International... 100	500,000	59,480	Feb. and Aug.	5	7		Aug. '66.3 1/2
Irving..... 25	200,000	233,253	do	10	10	10	Feb. '68.5
Jefferson..... 36	200,010	257,458	March and Sep	14	10	10	Mar. '68.5
King's Co'ty (B'kin 20	150,000	179,875	Jan. and July.		10	10	Jan. '68.5
Knickerbocker... 40	280,000	324,352	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Lafayette (B'klyn) 50	150,000	124,536	do	5	10	10	July '67.5
Lamar..... 100	300,000	419,774	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.6
Lenox..... 25	150,000	175,845	do	9	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Long Island (B'kly) 50	200,000	301,939	do	18	16	14	Jan. '68.7
Lorillard*..... 25	1,000,000	1,214,615	do	10	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Manhattan..... 100	500,000	648,755	do	15	15	10	Jan. '68.5
Market*..... 300	200,000	351,173	do	13 1/2	8	7	Jan. '68.3 1/2
Mechan' & Trade' 25	200,000	260,750	do	11	10	10	Jan. '68.5
Mechanics (B'kly)							

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The tor in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward 8 @ ..

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 3/4 Pearl, 1st sort... 11 25 @ 11 3/4

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 2 @ 51

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin per ton 43 00 @ ..

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... 7 1/2 Navy... 5 1/2 Crackers... 8 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 12 00 @ 13 50 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ ..

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n, gray & wh. per lb 45 @ 2 00

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—

Table listing various butter and cheese items with prices. Includes Fresh pail, State firkins, Welsh tubs, etc.

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 5; t earline and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 45 @ .. Sperm, patent... 55 @ .. Stearic... 30 @ 81 Adamantine... 21 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale per bl... @ 1 75

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward per lb 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel. Newcastle G S 2,240 lb. 9 50 @ .. Liverpo. 1 Gas Cann-L. 11 00 @ 12 00 Liverpo. 1 House Cannell 16 00 @ 17 00 Liverpo. Orrel... @ .. Anthracite. per ton of 2,000 lb... 6 50 @ 7 00

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold) per lb... 16 @ 16 1/2 Maracaibo do... (gold) @ .. Guayaquil do... (gold) 11 @ 11 1/2 St. Domingo... (gold) 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... per lb @ 33 Bolts... 33 @ .. Braziers'... 33 @ .. Sheathing, &c., old... 18 @ 20 Sheathing, yellow metal 26 @ .. Bolts, yellow metal... 26 @ .. Pig Chile... @ .. American Ingot... 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... per lb 21 @ 22 Tarred Russia... @ 18 1/2 Bolt Rope, Russia... @ 22

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts per gro 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 70 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phial... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafœtidi, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 80 per cent ad val; Balsam Copalvi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calisaya Bark, 80 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 80 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$8; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1/2; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent.; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 cents per lb; Sal Aratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1/2 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1/2; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below, FREE.

Table listing various drugs and dyes with prices. Includes Alcohol, Aloes, Alum, Argols, Arsenic, Assafœtidi, Balsam Copalvi, Balsam Tolu, Balsam Peru, Calisaya Bark, Bi Carb. Soda, Bi Chromate Potash, Bleaching Powder, Borax, Refined, Brimstone, Crude, Brimstone, Crude, ton, Brimstone, Am. Roll, Brimstone, Flor Sulphur, Camphor, Crude, (in bond), Camphor, Refined, Cantharides, Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk, Cardamoms, Malabar, Castor Oil, Chamomile Flow's, Chlorate Potash (gold), Caustic Soda, Caraway Seed, Coriander Seed, Cochineal, Hon (gold), Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd), Copperas, American, Cream Tartar, pr. (gold), Cubebs, East India, Cutch, Epsom Salts, Extract Logwood, Fennel Seed, Flowers, Benzoin, per oz, Gambier, Gamboge, Ginseng, West, Ginseng, Southern, Gum Arabic, Picked, Gum Arabic, Sorts, Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, Gum Hedda, gold, Gum Damar, Gum Myrrh, East India, Gum Myrrh, Turkey, Gum Senegal, Gum Tragacanth, Sorts, Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey, gold, Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng., Iodine, Resublimed, Ipecacuanha, Brazil, Jalap, in bond, Lac Dye, Licorice Paste, Calphria, Licorice, Paste, Sicily, Licorice Paste, Spanish, Solid, Licorice Paste, Greek, Madder, Dutch, (gold), do, French, EXF.F. do

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ .. Mustard Seed, Cal... 7 1/2 @ 10 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ .. Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 35 @ .. Oil Anis... 3 75 Oil Cassia... 3 70 @ 3 80 Oil Bergamot... 6 87 1/2 @ 7 00 Oil Lemon... 3 87 1/2 @ 4 00 Oil Peppermint, pure... 6 00 @ 6 50 Oil Vitriol... 2 1/2 @ .. Opium, Turkey... (gold) @ 7 50 Oxalic Acid... @ 3 1/2 Phosphorus... 95 @ 1 00 Prussiate Potash... 13 1/2 @ 35 Quicksilver... 75 @ 80 Rhubarb, China... 2 25 @ 3 25 Sago, Pea, led... 8 10 @ .. Salaratus... 20 @ .. Salam'nac, Ref (gold) 8 @ 8 1/2 Sal Soda, Newcastle... @ 1 62 1/2 Sarsaparilla, H. g'd in b'd 25 @ 30 Sarsaparilla, Mex... @ 14 Sarsaparilla Root... 35 @ 36 Senna, Alexandria... 25 @ 28 Senna, East India... 2 1/2 @ 22 Shell Lac... 37 1/2 @ 50 Soda Ash (80 per c.) (g'd) 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Sugar L'd, W... @ 25 Sulph. Quinine, Am per oz @ 2 25 Sulphate Morphine... @ 7 00 Tart'c Acid... (g'd) per lb 50 @ .. Tapioca... 12 1/2 @ 13 Verdigris, dry & ex dry @ 45 1/2 Vitriol, Blue... 9 1/2 @ 11

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ .. Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ .. Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 per y. @ 72 Cotton, No. 1... per y. 58 @ ..

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold, per ton @ 160 00 Fustic, Cuba... 32 00 @ 33 1/2 Fustic, Tampico, gold... @ 24 00 Fustic, Jamaica... 23 00 @ 24 00 Fustic, Savanilla... 22 50 @ 24 00 Fustic, Maracaibo... 22 00 @ .. Logwood, Luzuna... 28 00 @ .. Logwood, Cam... @ .. Logwood, Hond... 19 00 @ 20 00 Logwood, Tabasco... @ .. Logwood, St. Dom... 19 00 @ 21 00 Logwood, Jamaica... 20 00 @ 21 00 Limawood... 75 00 @ 85 00 Barwood... @ 26 00 Sapanwood, Manila... @ 60 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 90 @ 95 Tennessee... 85 @ 90

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 6 00 @ 7 25 Pickled Scale... per bbl. @ .. Pickled Cod... per bbl. 6 50 @ 7 00 Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 22 25 @ 22 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax 22 00 @ 22 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... 23 00 @ 23 25 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... @ 18 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax 19 00 @ 20 50 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'gel 20 00 @ 21 50 Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax 10 50 @ 11 00 Mac, No. 3, Mass, med. 11 50 @ .. Salmon, Pickled, No. 1 26 00 @ 27 00 Salmon, Pickled, ptce... @ .. Herring, Scaled per box... 30 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 23 @ 25 Herring, pickled per bbl. 6 00 @ 9 50

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 16 @ 24

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 75 @ 2 50 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 10 @ 50 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 60 do House... 10 @ 50 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 75 @ 1 50 do Grey... 40 @ 60 do Kitt... 30 @ 50 Lynx... 50 @ 2 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Otter... 3 00 @ 7 00 Musquash, Fall... 12 1/2 @ 15 Opossum... 5 @ 12 Raccoon... 10 @ 40 Skunk, Black... 80 @ 1 00

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacoa per lb cur. 37 1/2 @ 43 do Buenos A... cur. 40 @ 45 do Vera Cruz... gold @ 50 do Tampico... gold @ 50 do Matamoros... gold @ 50 do Payta... cur. @ 42 1/2 do Cape... cur. 45 @ 47 1/2 Deer, San Juan per lb gold 40 @ .. do Central America... @ 45 do Honduras... gold @ 42 1/2 do Sisal... gold 45 @ 43 do Para... gold @ 43 do Vera Cruz... gold @ 42 1/2 do Missouri... gold @ .. do Texas... gold @ ..

Deer, Arkansas... gold @ .. do Florida... gold @ ..

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24 x39 inches 6 cents per square foot above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 3 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

Subject to a discount of 50 per cent 6x 8 to 8x10... 50 ft 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 13x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 6 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 28x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x55 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 18 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New is of Mar. 11 Discount 45 @ 50 per cent 6x 8 to 8x10... 50 feet 8 50 @ 6 25 8x11 to 10x15... 9 00 @ 6 75 11x14 to 12x18... 10 00 @ 7 50 13x16 to 16x24... 11 00 @ 8 00 18x22 to 18x30... 13 50 @ 9 00 20x30 to 24x30... 16 50 @ 10 00 24x31 to 24x36... 18 00 @ 12 00 25x36 to 26x40... 20 00 @ 16 00 28x40 to 30x48... (3 qlts) 22 00 @ 18 00 24x54 to 32x56... (3 qlts) 24 00 @ 20 00 32x55 to 34x60... (3 qlts) 27 00 @ 23 00 English sells at 35 @ 40 per ct. off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y 18 @ 18 1/2

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd 22 1/2 @ ..

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ .. Meal... 6 00 @ .. Deer... 5 50 @ .. Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd per lb gold 26 @ 27 Buenos Ayres, mix'd... 24 @ 25 Hog, Western, unwash. cur 9 @ 10

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 75 @ 85

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Famp 1 cent per lb.

Amer. Dressed per ton 270 00 @ 290 00 do Undressed 175 00 @ 180 00 Russia, Clean... (gold) 24 1/2 @ 24 1/2 Italian... (gold) 230 00 @ 243 00 Manila... (gold) 10 1/2 @ 11 Sisal... (gold) 10 @ 1 1/2 Jute... (gold) 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides— Buenos Ayres per lb g'd 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Montevideo... do @ 21 Rio Grande... do @ 20 1/2 Orinoco... do 19 @ 19 1/2 California... do 19 @ 19 1/2 San Juan... do 17 @ 18 Matamoros... do 15 1/2 @ 17 Vera Cruz... do 16 @ 17 Tampico... do 16 @ 17 Bogota... do 17 @ 18 Porto Cabello... do 14 @ 16 Maracaibo... do 14 @ 15 Truxillo... do 17 @ 18 Bahia... do 14 @ 15 Rio Hache... do 14 @ 15 Curacoa... do 15 @ 15 S. Domingo & Pt. au Platt... do 11 @ 13 Texas... do 14 @ 16 Western... do 13 @ 15

Dry Salted Hides— Chili... gold 14 @ 15 Payta... do 14 @ 15 Maranham... do 11 @ 12 Pernambuco... do 11 @ 12 Bahia... do 10 @ 11 Matamoros... do 13 1/2 @ 14 Maracaibo... do 11 @ 12 Savanilla... do 12 @ 12 Wet Salted Hides— Buenos Ayres per lb g'd 11 @ 11 1/2 Rio Grande... do 11 @ 11 1/2 California... do @ 11 Para... do 10 @ 11 New Orleans... cur 11 1/2 @ 12 City after trim... cured. 12 @ 12 1/2

Upper Leather Stock—		
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip	22 1/2 @	23
Sierra Leone... cash	27 @	28
Gambia & Bissau...	22 @	24
Zanibar.....	@	..
East India Stock—		
Calcutta, city sl'nter	15 1/2 @	16
do p. gold.....	12 1/2 @	13
Calcutta, dead green	12 @	12 1/2
do buffalo, # lb	@	..
Manilla & Batavia,	@	..
buffalo..... # lb	@	..
Honey—Duty, 2 cent	@ gallon.	
Cuba (in bond) (gr)	57 @	58
Hops—Duty: 5 cents # lb.		
Crop of 1867.....	35 @	50
do of 1868.....	nominal.	
Bavarian.....	2 1/2 @	35
Horns—Duty, 10 cent ad val.		
Ox, Rio Grande.....	7 00 @	..
Ox, American.....	5 00 @	6 00
India Rubber—Duty, 10 cent ad val.		
Para, Fine.....	8 1/2 @	85
Para, Medium.....	@	..
Para, Coarse.....	@	..
East India.....	@	..
Carthagena, &c.....	@	..
Indigo—Duty FREE.		
Bengal..... (gold) # lb	1 10 @	2 05
Oude..... (gold)	75 @	1 40
Madras..... (gold)	5 @	1 00
Manila..... (gold)	70 @	95
Guatemala..... (gold)	1 10 @	1 45
Caracas..... (gold)	80 @	1 05
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents # lb.		
Railroad, 70 cents # 100 lb; Boiler		
and Plate, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Sheet, Band,		
Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents # lb;		
Pig, \$9 # ton; Polished Sheet, 3		
cents # lb.		
Pig, Scotch, No 1.	# ton	39 00 @ 42 00
Pig, American, No. 1.	39 00 @	40 00
Pig, American, No. 2.	35 00 @	37 00
Bar, Best'd Eng & Amer	85 00 @	90 00
Bar, Swedes, assorted	87 50 @	90 00
sizes (in gold).....		
Bar Swedes, ordinary	@	150 00
Bar, English and Amer-		
ican, Refined.....	95 00 @	100 00
do do do Common	85 00 @	90 00
Scroll.....	125 00 @	130 00
Ovals and Half Round	120 00 @	150 30
Band.....	125 00 @	..
Horse Shoe.....	125 00 @	..
Rods, 5-8 to 3-16 inch	100 00 @	160 00
Hoop.....	133 00 @	155 00
Nail Rod.....	9 @	10
Sheet, Russia.....	17 @	18
Sheet, Single, Double		
and Treble.....	5 @	7
Rails, Eng. (g'd) # ton	52 00 @	52 50
do American.....	78 00 @	80 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 cent ad val.		
East India, Prime # lb	3 30 @	3 15
East Ind, Billiard Ball	3 0 @	3 25
African, Prime.....	2 6 1/2 @	2 8 1/2
African, Scrivel., W. C.	1 25 @	2 25
Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 # 100 lb; Old		
Lead, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Pipe and Sheet,		
2 1/2 cents # lb.		
Galena..... # 100 lb	@	..
Spanish..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 50
German..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 50
English..... (gold)	6 37 1/2 @	6 50
Bar..... net	@	10 00
Pipe and Sheet..... net	@	12 00
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30		
cent ad val.		
Oak, sl'nter, heavy # lb	85 @	46
do do middle	38 @	44
do do light.....	36 @	40
do do drop, heavy	38 @	42
do do middle	42 @	46
do do light.....	42 @	44
Oak, rough slaughter.	38 @	46
Hem'k, B. A., &c. h'y	28 @	28
do do middle.	26 1/2 @	28
do do light.	26 1/2 @	27 1/2
do do Califor., heavy	25 @	27
do do middle.	26 @	27
do do light.	26 @	27
do do Orino., heavy.	24 @	25
do do middle	26 @	27
do do light.	26 @	27
do do rough.....	35 @	39
do do good damaged	23 @	25
do do poor do	19 @	21 1/2
Lime—Duty: 10 cent ad val.		
Rockland, com. # bbl.	@	1 10
do heavy.....	@	2 00
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.		
—Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.;		
Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood		
and Cedar, FREE.		
Spruce, East. # M ft	21 00 @	23 00
Southern Pine.....	@	33 00
White Pine Box B'ds	23 00 @	27 00
White Pine Merch.		
Box Boards.....	27 00 @	30 00
Clear Pine.....	55 00 @	65 00
Laths, Eastern, # M	@	3 00
Poplar, an. White		
wood B'ds & Pl'k.	45 00 @	55 00
Cherry B'ds & Plank	70 00 @	80 00
Oak and Ash.....	4 00 @	60 00
Maple and Birch...	80 00 @	45 00
Black Walnut.....	70 00 @	125 00
TAVES—		
White Oak, hhd.,		
West India # M	@	135 00

White oak, pipe,		
extra..... # M.	@275 00	
do pipe, heavy	@225 00	
do pipe, light.	@175 00	
do pipe, culls.	@170 00	
do pipe, culls, lt	@110 00	
do hhd., extra.	@235 00	
do hhd., heavy	@175 00	
do hhd., light.	@110 00	
do hhd., culls.	@100 00	
do bbl., extra.	@150 00	
do bbl., heavy.	@115 00	
do bbl., light.	@90 00	
do bbl., culls.	@60 00	
Red oak, hhd., h'vy.	@120 00	
do hhd., light.	@80 00	
HEADING—White		
oak hhd.....	@140 00	
HEADING—White Oak		
double bbl.....	240 00 @	..
Mogany, Cedar, Rose-		
wood—Duty free.		
Mogany St. Domin-		
go..... # ft.	25 @	50
do St. Domingo,		
ordinary logs.	7 @	10
do Port-au-Platt,		
crotches	30 @	40
do Port-au-Platt,		
logs.....	10 @	14
do Nuevitas.....	10 @	14
do Mansanilla.....	8 @	10
do Mexican.....	11 @	15
do Honduras		
(American wood).....	14 @	20
Cedar, Nuevitas.....	12 @	13
do Mansanilla.....	12 @	13
do Mexican.....	8 @	10
do Florida, c. ft.	25 @	75
Rosewood, R. Jan. # lb	5 @	8
do Bahia.....	4 @	6
Molasses.—See special report.		
Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;		
horse shoe 2 cents # lb.		
Cut, 4d. @ 60d. # 100 lb	4 87 1/2 @	5 00
Clinch.....	6 50 @	6 75
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) # lb	27 @	30
Copper.....	40 @	..
Yellow metal.....	26 @	..
Zinc.....	18 @	..
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of		
turpentine 30 cents # gallon; crude		
Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20		
cent ad val.		
Turpentine, s. ft. # 250 lb	@	4 00
Tar, N County # bbl.	3 00 @	3 25
Tar, Wilmington.....	@	4 00
Pine City.....	@	3 50
Spirits turpentine # gal.	45 @	45 1/2
Rosin, com'n. # 250 lb	2 87 1/2 @	3 00
do strained and No 2.	3 12 1/2 @	3 6 1/2
do No. 1.....	4 00 @	5 00
do Pale.....	5 00 @	6 00
do extra pale.....	6 00 @	7 50
Oakum—Duty fr., # lb	8 @	11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 cent ad val.		
City thin obl'g, in hbls.		
# ton.....	@56 00	
do in bags.....	@53 00	
West. thin obl'g, do	50 25 @	..
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and		
rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad		
oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1: burning		
fluid, 50 cents # gallon; palm, seal,		
and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.;		
sperm and whale or other fish (for-		
oreign fisheries), 20 cent ad val.		
Olive, Mar's, qs (gold)		
per case.....	@	4 12 1/2
do in casks. # gall.	2 4 @	..
Palm..... # lb	11 1/2 @	12 1/2
Linseed, city..... # gall.	1 13 @	1 15
Whale, crude.....	@	80
do bleached winter	@	90
Sperm, crude.....	2 00 @	..
do wint. unbleach.	2 20 @	..
Lard oil, prime winter	1 45 @	1 50
Red oil, city dist. Blain	75 @	80
do saponified, west'n	90 @	95
Bank.....	@	72
Straits.....	75 @	..
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.		
Lubricating.....	50 @	40
Kerosene..... (free).	39 @	..
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red		
lead, and litharge, dry or ground in		
oil, 3 cents # lb; Paris white and		
whiting, 1 cent # lb; dry ochres, 56		
cents # 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents		
# lb; ochre, ground in oil, 50 # 100		
lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val;		
China clay, \$5 # ton; Venetian red		
and vermilion 25 cent ad val.;		
white chalk, \$10 # ton.		
Litharge, City..... # lb	10 1/2 @	11
Lead, red, City.....	10 1/2 @	11
do white, American,		
pure, in oil.....	@	14
do white, American,		
pure, dry.....	@	12 1/2
Zinc, white, American,		
dry, No. 1.....	9 @	9 1/2
do white, American,		
No. 1, in oil.....	9 @	12
do White, French, dry	12 1/2 @	13
do white, French, in		
oil.....	@	17
Ochre, yellow, French,		
dry.....	2 1/2 @	2 1/2
do ground, in oil.....	2 @	20
Spanish brown, dry #		
100 lb.....	1 00 @	1 25
do gr'd in oil. # lb	8 @	9
Paris wh., No. 1.....	2 1/2 @	3
Chrome, yellow, dry.....	15 @	35
Whiting, Amer.....	@	2
Vermilion, China, # lb	1 15 @	1 20

Vermillion, Trieste... 1 00 @	1 10	
do Cal. & Eng... 1 15 @	1 20	
do Amer. com... 2 @	27	
Venet. red (N.C.) # cwt	2 85 @ 2 87 1/2	
Carmine, city made # lb	60 @ 20 00	
Plumbago.....	@	6
China clay, # ton.....	30 00 @	31 00
Chalk..... # lb.	@	1 1/2
Chalk, block..... # ton	23 00 @	24 00
Barytes, American # lb	@	1 1/2
Barytes, Foreign.....	@	..
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents;		
refined, 40 cents # gallon.		
Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. # gal	@	17 1/2
do in bulk.....	13 @	13 1/2
Refined, free, S.W.....	@	36 1/2
do in bond, prime		
E. S. to W. (11 @		
115 test).....	20 1/2 @	30
do Standard white	@	..
do d, prime white	@	31
Naphtha, refined. 70		
grav.....	13 @	13 1/2
Residuum..... # bbl.	3 50 @	..
Gasoline.....	@	..
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork,		
1 ct; tams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts # lb.		
Pork, new mess, # bbl. 7 50 @	27 60	
Pork, old mess.....	27 12 @	27 31
Pork, prime mess.....	23 75 @	24 00
do prime.....	22 75 @	23 00
Beef, plain mess.....	15 00 @	20 50
do extra mess.....	21 50 @	24 75
do hams.....	25 00 @	32 00
Hams..... # lb	16 1/2 @	17
Shoulders.....	12 1/2 @	13 1/2
Lard.....	16 1/2 @	17 1/2
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents # lb.;		
paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents		
# lb.		
Carolina..... # 100 lb	10 75 @	11 6 1/2
Rangoon Dress'd, gold		
duty paid.....	6 75 @	7 25
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents # 100 lb;		
bulk, 18 cents # 100 lb.		
Turks Islands # bush.	45 @	..
Cadiz.....	37 @	38
Liverpool, gr'nd # sack	1 6 1/2 @	1 65
do fine, Ashton's (s'd)	2 50 @	..
do fine, Northingt's	2 60 @	..
Salt-petre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents;		
refined and partially refined, 3 cents;		
nitrate soda, 1 cent # lb.		
Refined, pure..... # lb	@	14
Crude.....	10 @	10 1/2
Nitrate soda..... gold	3 1/2 @	..
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,		
1/2 cent # lb; canary, \$1 # bushel of		
60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent		
ad val.		
Clover..... # lb	10 1/2 @	10 1/2
Timothy, reaped # bus	2 5 @	2 60
Canary..... # bus	5 50 @	6 25
Hemp.....	2 90 @	3 00
Lin's'd Am. rough # bus	2 65 @	2 75
do Calc'n, Boston, g'd	@	2 25
do do New Yk, g'd	2 36 @	..
Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents # lb.		
Drop..... # lb	1 1/2 @	..
Buck.....	1 1/2 @	..
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk.		
35 cent.		
Teatlees, No. 1 @ 3. # lb	10 50 @	12 50
Taysaams, superior,		
No. 1 2.....	9 25 @	9 75
do medium, No. 3 @ 4.	8 00 @	9 00
Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2	8 50 @	8 75
Canton, Extra Fine.....	9 25 @	9 50
Japan, superior.....	10 50 @	12 50
do Medium.....	8 75 @	9 00
China thrown.....	nomi al.	
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and		
plates, \$1 50 # 100 lbs.		
Plates, foreign # lb gold	6 1/2 @	6 1/2
do domestic.....	10 @	10 1/2
Spices.—See special report.		
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof		
\$3 # gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey,		
for first proof, \$2 50 # gallon.		
Brandy, Otard, Dupuy		
& Co. (gold) # gal.	5 20 @	13 00
Brandy, Pinet, Castil-		
lon & Co (gold)	5 00 @	17 00
do Hennessy (gold)	5 50 @	18 00
do Marett & Co (g'd)	5 50 @	10 00
do Leger Freres do	5 00 @	10 00
do oth for. b'ds (g'd)	4 40 @	9 00
Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd)	4 50 @	4 75
do St. Croix, 3d		
proof..... (gold)	3 50 @	3 75
Gin, diff. brands, (gold)	3 00 @	4 75
Domestic Liquors—Cash		
Brandy, gin & p. spi'ts in b	25 @	30
Rum, pure, in bond.....	25 @	35
Whiskey, in bond.....	30 @	35
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued		
at 7 cents # lb or under, 2 1/2 cents;		
over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts		
# lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents # lb		
and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)		
English, cast, # lb.....	18 @	23
English, spring.....	10 @	12 1/2
English blister.....	11 1/2 @	20
English machinery.....	12 1/2 @	16
English German.....	14 @	16
American blister.....	11 1/2 @	17
American cast Tool	21 @	22
American spring do	10 @	13
American mach'ry do	@	14
American German do	10 @	13

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.		
Sicily..... # ton.....	100 00 @	210 00
Sugar.—See special report.		
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent # lb.		
American, prime, coun-		
try and city # lb.....	12 @	12 1/2
Teas.—See special report.		
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent		
ad val. Plate and sheets and		
terne plates, 25 per cent ad val.		
Banca..... # lb (gold)	27 @	27 1/2
Straits..... (gold)	24 1/2 @	24 1/2
English..... (gold)	24 1/2 @	24 1/2
Plates, char. I.C. # box	11 75 @	12 50
do I. C. Coke.....	9 50 @	10 50
do Terne Charcoal	11 00 @	11 50
do Terne Coke.....	9 00 @	9 25
Tobacco.—See special report.		
Wines—Duty: Value not over 50 cts		
# gallon, 20 cents # gallon, and 25 cent		
ad val.; over 50 and not over		
100, 50 cents # gallon and 25 cent.		
ad val.; over \$1 # gallon, \$1 # gal-		
lon and 25 cent ad val		
Madeira..... # gall.	3 5	

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance Co

NO. 52 WALL STREET.

INCORPORATED IN 1841.

Assets of the Company, May 7, 1868.

U. S. 10-40 Bonds.....	\$164,831 25	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds.....	155,093 75	
U. S. 7-30 Bonds.....	80,625 00	
		\$400,550 00
City Bond and other Stocks....	\$16,180 00	
Bonds and Mortgages.....	26,000 00	
Cash.....	29,153 86	
		71,333 86
		\$471,883 86
Premium notes and bills receivable not matured.....	208,525 45	
Subscription notes in advance of premiums.....	201,970 52	
Loans, accrued interest, uncollected premiums, salvage, reinsurance and other claims due the Company.....	180,311 38	
		\$1,062,691 12

This Company continues to issue policies of Insurance against marine and inland navigation risks. No fire risks, disconnected from marine, taken by the Company.

Dealers have the option of participating in the profits, or receiving an abatement in lieu of scrip dividends.

The Company also issue policies payable in sterling at their bankers' in London.

Trustees.

Moses H. Grinnell,	Frederic Sturges,
John P. Paulison,	Wm. Toel.
John E. Devlin,	Thomas J. Slaughter,
John Chadwick,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
William H. Macy,	Alex. M. Lawrence,
Samuel L. Mitchell,	Isaac Bell,
Fred. G. Foster,	Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson,	Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy,	Samuel M. Fox,
Henry Foster Hitch,	Joseph V. Onafivia,
Elias Ponvert,	Edward S. Jaffray,
Simon D. Visser,	William Oothout,
Isaac A. Crane,	Ernest Caylus,
A. Yznaga del Valle,	Frederick Chauncey,
John S. Wright,	George L. Kingsland,
Wm. Von Sachs,	James M. Campbell,
Wm. R. Preston,	Anson G. P. Stokes.

MOSES H. GRINNEL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON, V-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

OFFICE 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....	\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1868.....	363,000

The Directors have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT, free of tax, payable on and after Monday 13th inst.

January 8, 1868.

J. D. STEELE, President.
 P. NOTMAN, Vice-Prest.

HENRY KIP, Secretary.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	1,393,230
PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....	\$1,432,340

Special Fund of \$200,000

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y. GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.

WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.



JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS
 Sole Agents in New York for J. & H. COATS
 of Paisley, Scotland.

Offices To Let,

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets ne WALL. Apply to EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 6 Broad Street

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE
ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867.....	\$7,322,015 75
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867.....	2,838,109 71

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$10,160,125 46
 No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867.....	\$7,597,123 16
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Losses paid during the same period.....	\$4,224,364 61
---	----------------

Returns of Premiums and Expenses.....	\$1,305,865 93
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The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks.....	\$6,864,485 00
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise.....	2,175,450 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages.....	210,000 00
Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....	252,414 82
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	3,232,453 27
Cash in Bank.....	373,374 02
Total Amount of Assets.....	\$13,108,177 11

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.

Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
 Secretary

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones,	Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow,	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillbt	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge	Gordon W. Burnham
Robt. C. Fergusson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb,
Daniel S. Miller.	Paul Spofford.
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
	Shephard Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres.
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't

Insurance.

THE
NORTH BRITISH
 AND
Mercantile Insurance Co

OF
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

UNITED STATES BRANCH,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds..... 12,695 000
Annual Income..... 4,260,635

Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant. Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
 of Dabney, Morgan & Co
 SOLON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
 AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co
 DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co
 EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey
 SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co
 SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co
 EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
 T. C. ALLYN, }
 CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
 LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
 DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.

GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and surplus \$1,200 000.

W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
 SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus \$700,000.

J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital \$275,000.

M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.
WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,
 NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire
Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,
 BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....	\$500,000 00
Surplus.....	255 057 77
Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867,	\$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates. Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.
 R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
 J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

UNITED STATES

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
 In the City of New York.
 NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000

New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year and annually thereafter.
 JOHN EADIE, President.
 NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance
COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Cash capital.....	\$400,000 00
Surplus.....	206,634 79
Gross Assets.....	\$606,634
Total Liabilities.....	50,144

BENJ. S. WALCOTT Presl

BENSON LAMB, Secretary J

Commercial Cards.

BRAND & GIHON,

Importers & Commission Merchants.
110 DUANE STREET.

IRISH & SCOTCH LINEN GOODS,

In full assortment for the
Jobbing and Clothing Trade:

Agents for the sale of
WILLIAM GIHON & SONS'

WHITE LINENS, & C,

BURLAPS, BAGGING,
FLAXSAIL DUCK, & C

PHILADELPHIA PA..

ALFRED SAVIDGE & Co.,

Brokers in

SUGARS, SYRUPS MOLASSES, COF-
FEES, RICE, & C., & C.

1841.

S. DAVIS, Jr's., DIAMOND BRAND

Sugar Cured Hams

CINCINNATI.

Sold by leading Grocers in principal cities. Apply to

READ & ROUNDEY,

CORNER BEAVER & NEW STREETS, NEW YORK.

GANO, WRIGHT & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions

NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.

W. H. Schieffelin & Co.,

Importers and Jobbers of

DRUGS,

Indigo, Corks, Sponges,

FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, & C.

170 AND 172 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK

J. M. CUMMINGS & Co.,

DISTILLERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Offer for sale, IN BOND,

FINE BOURBON

AND RYE WHISKIES,

from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Ken-
tucky.

John Dwight & Co.,

No. 11 Old Slip, New York,
MANUFACTURERS OF

SALERATUS,

SUP CARB. SODA,

AND SAL SODA.

AGENTS FOR

HORSFORD'S CREAM TARTAR.

Henry Lawrence & Sons,

MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE

FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,

192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

Thomas J. Pope & Bro.

METALS.

292 PEARL STREET, NEAR BEEKMAN STREET

NEW YORK

Cotton Duck,

All Widths and Weights.

A Large Stock always on hand.

THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

59 Broad Street, [corner of Beaver

Iron and Railroad Materials.

NAYLOR & CO.,

NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILA.,
99 John street. 80 State street. 208 So. 4th stree

CAST STEEL RAILS,

CAST STEEL TYRES,

Cast Steel Frogs, and all other Steel Material for
Railway Use.

HOUSE IN LONDON:

NAYLOR, BENZON & CO.,
34 Old Broad Street,

who give special attention to orders for

Railroad Iron,

as well as Old Rails, Scrap Iron and Metals.

BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.

M. BAIRD & Co.,

PHILADELPHIA.

All work accurately fitted to gauges and thorough-
ly interchangeable. Plan, Material, Workmanship,
Finish, and Efficiency fully guaranteed.

MATTHEW BAIRD. GEO. BURNHAM. CHAS. T. PARRY

MORRIS, TASKER & Co.,

Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.

Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded
Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street
Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools,
Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES:

15 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.

ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT
OF

The Novelty Iron Works,

NOS. 77 & 83 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF BROADWAY, N. Y.

Manufacture

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work for Buildings
Complete Fire-proof Structures—Columns, Lintels,
Floors, Roofs, Castings, Shutters, Vaults, Safes, etc.,
of Cast or Wrought Iron, Also, Iron Bridges, Iron
Piers, etc.

HY. J. DAVISON, }
WM. W. AYRES, } Agents,
J. HEUVELMAN, }

NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE

GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-
MORA IRON. (L)

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into
a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield
for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which
in future, will be stamped

(L) LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.

And to which I request the special attention of the
trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.

WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above
notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of,
Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders
for this IRON, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL
made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 &
93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 133 & 135 FED-
ERAL STREET, BOSTON.

Scovill Mnfg. Company,

Manufacturers of

SHEET BRASS,
GERMAN SILVER PLATED METAL,
BRASS BUTT HINGES,

Gilt, Lasting, Brocade, and Fancy Dress Buttons,

Kerosene Oil Burners

And Lamp Trimmings,

And Importers and Dealers in every Description of

Photographic Goods.

No. 4 Beckman street & 36 Park Row, NEW YORK,

Manufactory, WATERBURY, CT.

F. & F. A. Dana,

FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD
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Pig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Lo-
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