

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1868.

NO. 141.

Bankers and Brokers.

MANSFIELD, FREESE & BROWNELL,

Bankers and Commission Merchants,
NO. 50 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
U. S. Bonds, Coin, Stocks, Grain, Flour, and Provisions Bought and Sold on Commission only.
Liberal advances on consignments. Particular attention given to collections. Four per cent, interest allowed on deposit.
J. L. MANSFIELD,
Vice-Pres. 1st Nat. Bank Decatur, Ill.
J. L. BROWNELL,
Pres. of the Open Board Stock Brokers, N.Y.
I. M. FREESE & CO.,
Commission Merchants, Chicago, Ill.
FREESE & COMPANY,
Bankers, Bement, Ill.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.
REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
C. E. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, OF DECATUR, ILL.

Capital.....\$100,000
ISAAC FREESE, Pres. J. L. MANSFIELD, Vice-Pres.
T. W. FREESE, Cashier.
Prompt attention given to collections on all accessible points in the Northwest.

FREESE & COMPANY, BANKERS, Bement, Ill.,

A Regular Banking and Exchange business transacted. U. S. Bonds and Coin bought and sold. Capitalists can make desirable Real Estate Investments through our House. Correspondence solicited.

I. M. FREESE & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Chicago, Ill.,

Advances made on Consignments. Eastern orders for all Western products solicited. Prompt and careful attention given.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co., BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.
No. 12 WALL STREET.

RICHARD H. FISK, COMMISSION DEALER IN Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, &c., NO. 8 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
TURNER BROTHERS,
NO. 14 NASSAU STREET,
Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.
We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same as an incorporated Bank. Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission.
TURNER BROTHERS

Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. MORTON & Co., BANKERS,

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
STERLING EXCHANGE,
At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on
L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,
(88 Old Broad Street, London.)
AND THE
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON. CHARLES E. MILNOR.
WALTER H. BURNS. H. CRUGER OAKLEY.

Belding, Keith & Co.,

American Bankers and Merchants,
80 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
DEALERS IN
EXCHANGE, U.S. BONDS AND ALL AMERICAN SECURITIES.
Orders for American or European Products promptly executed. Liberal Advances made on Approved Consignments. Collections made and drafts retired.
CIRCULARS (PUBLISHED WEEKLY) FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,
For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.
SIMON DE VISSER,
26 Exchange Place, New York.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,
AGENTS FOR
BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,
56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.
LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons, 54 William Street.

LOCKWOOD & Co., BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH. JOHN MCGINNIS, JR.
E. W. MCGINNIS.

McGinniss, Bros. & Smith,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.
Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies.

HOYT & GARDNER, BANKERS AND BROKERS.

NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.
Gold a Specialty.

Money received upon deposit and interest allowed on current balances.
T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,
Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange, formerly of Georgia

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Have Removed their Banking House

TO
NO. 59 WALL ST., COR. HANOVER,
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.

SOUTTER & Co., BANKERS, No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collect both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

Two Safes For Sale.
One large and one small new Marvin's Safes, just bought, will be sold for 20 per cent. less than cost, the owner having now no use for them. The safes will be warranted new and in perfect order. Address SAVK P. O. Box 4,592.

Eastern Bankers.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 23 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Page, Richardson & Co,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

AND
JOHN MUNROE & Co., PARIS.

ALSO ISSUE
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF WASHINGTON,

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.

WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT. H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT. T. BROOKE

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:

- Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
- Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
- E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
- Byrd & Hall, New York.
- Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
- Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
- Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlburt.
- Home Insurance Company of New York.
- New York Life Insurance Company.
- Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
- Underwriters Agency New York.
- Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
- Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

Western Bankers.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO

Boise City, I. T.

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.

CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000.

B. M. DU RELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.

New York Correspondent.—National Bank of North America.

Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfers," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

National Trust Company

423 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P. A.

Capital.....\$100,000

Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

J. F. Stark & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

PITTSBURGH.

Do a general Banking, Exchange and Collection business

New York Correspondents:—National Bank North America; Knauts, Nachod & Kuhne.

Western Bankers.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON

FOR SALE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF

Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.

THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89

Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

DIRECTORS:

John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison,

Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,

William Woods A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Cash Capital, \$150,000. Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CINCINNATI.

Jos. F. Larkin, } GENERAL PARTNERSHIP. { Thomas Fox,

John Cochnower, } Adam Poe, } John M. Phillips,

Harvey Decamp, } Harvey Decamp, } Thos. Sharp,

John Gates.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN

BANKING HOUSE OF

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO,

Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

The Marine Company

OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON.....President.

ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

Bankers and Brokers.

JACKSON BROS.,

DEALERS IN

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.,

NO. 19 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Wm. Henry Jackson. Fred. Wendell Jackson

TEMPLE & MARSH,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Dealers in Government Securities, &c. on Commission.

No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.

THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

A. W. DIMOCK & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 16 NASSAU STREET.

Government Securities of all issues, Gold and Stocks bought and sold upon commission only, and advances made upon the same on the most favorable terms.

Special Attention

given to the accounts of Banks and Bankers. Interest allowed upon Gold and Currency Deposits subject to check at sight, at the best rates.

A. W. DIMOCK & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

CAMPBELL & MILLER,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,

NO. 6 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

DRAKE BROTHERS,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. **Orders Promptly Executed**

Cohen & Hagen,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

No. 1 Wall Street.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York,

Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING

6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,

6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,

6 " " " 1864,

6 " " " 1865,

Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,

3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series

1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

JAY COOKE, } H. C. FAHNESTOCK

WM. G. MOORHEAD, } EDWARD DODGE,

H. D. COOKE, } PITT COOKE.

JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,

New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,

Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,

Opposite Treas. Department,

Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co. New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

March-1, 1866

JAY COOKE & CO.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

HODGSKIN, RANDALL &

HOBSON,

NO 39 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BROKERS IN

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government, and other Securities.

GENERAL PARTNERS; James B. Hodgskin, Chas. K. Randall, J. Lowry Hobson

SPECIAL PARTNERS John Randall, J. Nelson Tappan, Geo. G. Hobson.

Bankers and Brokers.

GARTH, FISHER & HARDY, BANKERS,

No. 18 NEW STREET,
Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry Hardy.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc. bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Broker and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate **Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,** Contract for **Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc.,** and undertake **all business connected with Railways.**

P. D. RODDEY, J. N. PETTY, R. P. SAWYERS, N. P. BOULETT

P. D. RODDEY & Co.,

No. 2 1/2 Wall Street, N.Y., (PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission. Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances

JOSEPH A. JAMESON, AMOS COTTING, Of Jameson, Cotting & Co. St. Louis. JAMES D. SMITH, of the late firm of James Low & Co., New York and Louisville, Ky.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive **Deposits in Currency and Gold,** and allow interest at the rate of **FOUR PER CENT** per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISIAH C. BARCOCK, LOCKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT M. HEDDEN.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits, subject to check at sight.

MURRAY & CHENEY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 27 WALL STREET,

R. MURRAY, Jr F. D. CHENEY

HASLETT MCKIM, ROBT. MCKIM, JNO. A. MCKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

A. M. FOUTE, W. W. LORING, Late Pres. Gayoso Bank, Memphis, Tenn.

FOUTE & LORING,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

33 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET. **Government Securities of all kinds, Gold, etc, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and Bonds** Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to check at sight. Collection made in all the States and Canadas.

Financial.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHELOCK, President
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS..... 450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Banker and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

D. L. FOSS, Preside
I. H. STOUT, Cashier.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO. Bankers,

16 So. Sa St., Philada. | 3 Nassau St., New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Banklets received on liberal terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

United States Treasury,

February 17th 1868.

Schedules of (30) THIRTY OR MORE coupons, due March 1st, 1868, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,

Assistant Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY,

CHICAGO, ILL., Feb 12 1868.

Notice to Stockholders.—Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company that a Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., free of Government Tax, has been this day declared upon the Preferred and Common Stock of this Company, payable at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & COMPANY, No. 11 Pine Street, New York, on the 3d day of March next, to holders of said stock who may be registered as such at the close of business hours on the 17th inst. The transfer books will close on the 17th inst. and be reopened for transfer on the 3d day of March next

W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Mercantile Agency.

UNITED STATES BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The above work, prepared with great care and on a larger scale than ever before, is ready for delivery. No merchant in the United States or Canada who has occasion to inquire into the credit of any business man should be without this work.

R. G. DUN & CO.,

Proprietors Mercantile Agency,
No. 273 Broadway.

THE National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY.

Capital, One Million Dollars.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

Darius R. MANGHAM, President.
(Of the old firm of Garner & Co.)
HENRY C. CARTER, First Vice-President.
BARNET L. SOLOMON, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRILL, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY

RECEIVES THE ACCOUNTS OF

Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and Individuals,

AND ALLOWS

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST

ON DAILY BALANCES,

Subject to Check at Sight.

Insurance.

1867.

OFFICE OF THE

SunMutual Insurance Co.

INSURANCE BUILDINGS,

NO. 49 WALL STREET,

New York, January 29, 1868.

The following statement of the affairs of this Company is published in conformity with the requirements of the 10th Section of the Act of its Incorporation:

Premiums on Unexpired Risks, Dec 31, 1866	\$634,783 94
Premiums received during the year to Dec 31, 1867:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$965,967 96
On Inland Risks.....	72,500 00
	<u>1,038,467 96</u>
	\$1,673,251 90

The amount of Earned Premiums during the year, less return Premiums, was...\$1,226,090 60

Losses during the year:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$991,285 70
On Inland Risks.....	88,969 72
	<u>\$1,080,255 42</u>
Expenses, Re-insurance, Taxes	
Commissions, &c.....	177,510 09
	<u>\$1,257,765 51</u>

The Assets of the Company on the 31st December 1867, were as follows, viz:

Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages.....	\$379,341 04
United States Stocks, Bonds and other Stocks.....	58,925 00
Cash.....	57,967 31
	<u>\$495,273 35</u>

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	\$236,671 54
Subscription Notes in advance of Premiums, not matured.....	213,000 00
Cash Premiums in course of collection.....	12,371 80
Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and Loans, Rents of Real Estate, and Sundry Salvage, Re-insurance, and other claims due the Company.....	169,597 35
	<u>631,640 69</u>

Total Assets.....\$1,126,914 04

No Fire Risks, disconnected from Marine, have been taken by the Company.

By order of the Board,

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Moses H. Grinnell,	Frederic Sturges,
John P. Paulison,	Wm. Toel,
John E. Devlin,	Thomas J. Slaughter,
John Chadwick,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
William H. Macy,	Alex. M. Lawrence,
Samuel L. Mitchell,	Isaac Bell,
Fred. G. Foster,	Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson,	Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy,	Samuel M. Fox,
Henry Foster Fitch,	Joseph V. Onativia,
Ellas Ponvert,	William Oothout,
Simon De Visser,	Ernest Caylus,
Jacob R. Nevius,	Frederick Chauncey
Isaac A. Crane,	George L. Kingsland
A. Yznaga Del Valle,	James M. Campbell,
John S. Wright,	Anson G. P. Stokes.
Wm. Von Sachs,	

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-Pres.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Corn Exchange

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK,

Insures against Loss by Fire and the Danger of Inland Navigation.

NO. 104 BROADWAY.

Cash Assets, Jan. 1, '67...\$501,207 54

R. F. MASON, President.

J. S. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres;

GEORGE A. DRESSER, Secretary.

Phenix Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, nearly.....\$3,000,000

Annual Income..... 1,500,000

Annual Dividend..... 50 Per Cent

Issues Life, Non-Forfeiting and Endowment Policies on the most favorable terms. This Company's strictly Mutual, giving to its members (in equitable ratio), all the profits. Its Annual Dividends have averaged Fifty per cent upon all its tables; it has thrown out all restrictions on Travel, Residence, Occupation, &c. It will take premiums all Cash or part Notes, as the Insured desires. The number of Dividends will always equal the number of outstanding notes, so that there are no deductions from the face of a Policy. It has been in operation seventeen years, and never contested a claim. New York office 153 Broadway.

L. F. RALEIGH, General Agent.

JOHN E. DEWITT, Resident Agent.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.

F. S. WINSTON, President.

FEBRUARY 1ST, 1868.

Net Assets, January 31, 1867..... \$17,639,296 97

RECEIPTS:

For Premiums, Annuities, Interest and Rents..... 10,173,047 61

\$27,812,344 58

DISBURSEMENTS:

Claims by death..... \$914,537 78
Claims on Endowments matured..... 36,300 00
Cash Dividends to Policies..... 2,517,114 05
Surrendered Policies..... 256,687 35
Annuities..... 14,678 06
Commissions and commutations of future commissions..... 925,037 32
Exchange, Postage, Advertising, Printing, Stationery, Medical Examiners, Salaries and Law Expenses..... 358,616 01
Taxes and sundry office expenses..... 106,921 87
Office rent sinking fund..... 20,000 00

5,149,892 44

Net Assets February 1st, 1868..... \$22,662,452 14

Invested as follows:

Cash on hand and in Bank..... 1,504,770 92
Bonds and Mortgages..... 15,176,945 63
Government Stocks..... 5,008,108 75
Real Estate..... 937,835 12
Balances due from Agents..... 39,791 72

\$22,662,452 14

Add:

Interest accrued but not due..... 173,113 00
Interest due and unpaid..... 4,522 45
Value of future commissions commuted as above..... 547,255 11
Premiums deferred semi-annual and quarterly..... 1,045,568 53
Premiums due (principally for Policies issued in December and January)..... 386,735 63
Market value of Stocks in excess of cost..... 499,942 69

2,656,867 41

Gross Assets February 1st, 1868..... \$25,319,319 55

Increase in net cash assets for the year..... 5,023,155 17

THE ASSETS ARE THUS APPROPRIATED:

Net Reserve at 4 per cent. Interest for reinsurance..... \$22,012,285 67
Claims by death, including additions unpaid (not yet due)..... 123,955 81
Premiums paid in advance..... 45,095 22
Dividends of 1868, cash value..... 2,370,317 86
Undivided surplus on basis of four per cent..... 767,664 99

\$25,319,319 55

Total number of Policies issued during the year..... 19,460

Amount insured thereon..... \$62,252,606 00

Number of deaths during the year..... 301

Amount insured thereon..... 871,200 00

Total number and amount of Policies in force..... 52,384..... \$194,321,889 36

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

Frederick S. Winston,	Lucius Robinson,	William E. Dodge.
John V. L. Pruyn,	W. Smith Brown,	George S. Coe,
William Moore,	Richard Patrick,	William M. Vermilye,
Robert H. McCurdy,	William H. Popham,	John E. Develin,
Isaac Green Pearson,	William A. Haines,	Wellington Clapp,
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RICHARD A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

SHEPPARD HOMANS, Actuary. LEWIS C. LAWTON Ass't. Actuary.

JOHN M. STUART, Secretary. FRED'K SCHROEDER, Ass't, Secretary.

COUNSEL:

WM BETTS, L.L.D. Hon. LUCIUS ROBINSON, Hon HENRY E. DAVIES,

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

MINTURN POST, M.D., ISAAC L. KIP, M.D.

Insurance.

INCORPORATED 1798.

The New York Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866..... \$89,355 49
Premiums received..... 293,116 87

Total..... **\$382,972 63**

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.

Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868..... \$307,990 93

Losses and Expenses..... \$207,661 23

Return Premiums..... 14,418 30

The Company have the following assets:

Cash in Banks..... \$29,809 57

United States Stocks..... 272,925 00

Bank, City and other Stocks..... 194,790 00

Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company..... 40,735 15

Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages..... 92,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..... \$630,309 72

Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company..... 83,399 12

Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 31,037 69

22,303 20

\$767,549 73

SIX PER CENT.

Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.

TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND

and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

FIFTY PER CENT.

of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.

By order of the Board,

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Stewart Brown,	Edward Kaue,
Stephen Johnson,	Henry Oelrichs,
Arthur Leary,	James R. Smith,
Henry Meyer,	George Mosle,
Edward H. R. Lyman,	Gustave H. Kissell,
George Moke,	Gerhard Janssen,
E. V. Thebaud,	William Paxson,
Francis Hathaway,	John H. Earle,
Lloyd Aspinwall,	Francis Skiddy,
	E. P. Fabbri.

JOHN H. LYELL, President.
THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

Financial.

MOUNT STERLING, KY.,

February 6, 1868.

I am prepared to pay one-third of the matured Coupons due on the

Bonds of Montgomery County, Ky.,

Issued to the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad Company, except the bonds in the hands of Sherman & Myers, of Covington, Ky). Persons holding coupons will please address me at this place and receive the amount, payable as above.

WM. HOFFMAN,

Treasurer Montgomery County, Kentucky.

First Class Investment.

SECURITY UNDOUBTED.

250,000 first mortgage bonds of the South Side Railroad of Long Island for sale.

These bonds are 7 per cent. coupons, payable 1st of March and September, at Atlantic National Bank Brooklyn, the mortgage covering the entire property of the Company.

The South Side Railroad runs from the East River, Brooklyn, through all the villages on the South Side of the Island to Patchogue, distance 55 miles, 34 miles complete and running, receipts paying interest on the bonds. The road is graded to Islip, Iron and ties on the line, and the entire line will be completed as soon as the weather will permit.

For sale on favorable terms by

SMITH, GOULD, MARTIN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

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THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1868.

NO. 141.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

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Complete files of the CHRONICLE from July 1, 1866, to date can be had at the office.

COMPULSION AS A FUNDING EXPEDIENT.

In the steadiness of the market for gold and government securities during the unprecedented events of the past fortnight we have a new illustration of the stability and recuperative force of popular institutions. For the first time in the history of the United States the chief functionary of our government, who is here in the great American republic what kings and emperors are in the polity of other nations, is solemnly impeached in the highest court known to the law. He is put on his trial with a view to his removal from office and to the giving of his power to another. Still business goes on just as if nothing new were happening. The Stock Exchange, after a very little spasm, is calm again. Every one is confident, in his own reverence for the supreme law of the land and in the firm assurance that before its majesty and paramount sovereign power, every American will loyally and peacefully bow for the good of the country and the permanence of its free institutions.

It is, however, an obvious truth which Congress should ponder well, that there may be limits to the buoyancy of the public credit. While such powerful influences are at work to depress the price of government bonds, it is the duty of a

wise statesman to avoid unnecessary agitation of the popular mind with questions and proposals which may help to put down credit or hinder its recovery. In this point of view the persistency is very noteworthy with which Mr. Sherman obtrudes his funding bill in the Senate, and the violence with which men of large influence urge schemes in private, in public, and even in the Senate itself, which schemes, if enacted by law, would be neither less nor more than national bankruptcy.

Mr. Sherman's bill was introduced in the Senate, 6th February, from the Committee on Finance, as a substitute for a former bill which had been rejected as unpopular and impracticable. The principle on which this new bill was funded is that six per cent. in gold is too high a rate for our government to pay for money, and that five per cent. in gold is a more equitable rate. With this principle abstractly considered, we have no fault to find. We agree with Mr. Morrill in the views so ably expounded in the Senate on Tuesday. He says that our national credit can be raised, and must be raised to the desired point, or even higher, but that this will never be done by means of a menace.

The leading idea of Mr. Sherman's bill is a threat to intimidate the national creditors. The central point on which turns the whole of his mechanism for lowering the interest on 2,000 millions of funded debt is found in the fear that if bondholders do not yield to the terms offered, they may get worse terms, and to them they may be obliged to yield. That this interpretation of the measure is correct, will be seen from the fourth section, which proposes to enact that "The bonds of the United States bearing six per cent. interest, and redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after five years from the date commonly known as the Five-Twenty bonds SHALL, after the expiration of five years from their date, at the option of the holder thereof, be exchanged for the bonds authorized by this act; and such as are now redeemable SHALL be presented for exchange on or before the first day of November next, and *not thereafter*, and the residue to be presented within six months after the expiration of five years from their date, and *not thereafter*; and such exchange shall be made at such places and under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe."

This feature of compulsion should kill this bill, and we have little doubt it will do so. Still the present moment, as we have said is very singularly chosen for such an attack on the public credit. We are not ignorant of the report that the bill before us is regarded as "a compromise measure and is honestly intended to stave off some other measure which might hereafter be proposed having a larger share of dishonesty in it." For our own part, however, we have no faith in any such compromises with dishonesty. The national

faith is pledged to pay six per cent. a year on the Five-Twenty bonds as long as they run. If redeemed under the option they can only be redeemed at the same rate which would pay them off at maturity. Nobody doubts that in 1882, when the old Five-Twenties mature, the legal tender dollar will be the statute coin dollar of 1853. As these bonds could only be paid on the basis of the gold dollar after resumption, so neither can they be redeemed at a lower valuation under the five years option. We will not argue this question further—it is too plain for argument. Had Mr. Chase, Mr. Fessenden, Mr. McCulloch, and Mr. Spinner made no statements on the subject of coin payment, and were it admitted that their words do not bind the Government, still we maintain that the old Five-Twenty bonds cannot be redeemed on any lower standard than that which shall be legal tender in 1882.

If this argument is correct, then the law by which Mr. Sherman proposes to make the exchange compulsory, is not only inequitable and dishonest, but is also unconstitutional, and would be declared so by the Supreme Court. The suggestion has, indeed, been whispered to us that Mr. Sherman, whom none of his friends can believe to be in favor of repudiation, has the design of setting at rest the question of the payment of the National debt, so that it may be removed forever from the noisy and perilous arena of party politics. Whether this conjecture be true or not, we regret very much that so wise and judicious a statesman should have pressed a doubtful project in the Senate at such a moment as the present.

MR. MORRILL ON FINANCE.

Mr. Morrill deserves the best thanks of the country for the firm attitude he assumed on Tuesday towards the factions in the Senate, and for his luminous exposition of some of the fundamental axioms of financial honesty and statesmanship, which are apparently being lost sight of in the dust and confusion of party strife. Nothing is more improbable than that there will be any important financial legislation for some time to come. Still, the nation is so much excited by the discussions in Congress and elsewhere on taxation, on the debt, the currency and the banks, that Mr. Morrill's judicious exposition is well-timed, and is likely to have the very best effect.

There are two points in this speech which merit special attention. The first refers to the Government currency, and the second to the free banking law. We have elsewhere remarked upon Mr. Morrill's opposition to the preposterous funding scheme, which proposes to compel the creditors of the Government to forego one-fifth of their income from bonds, and to reduce the interest on the Five-Twenties from six per cent. to five.

The inflationists, we believe, have heretofore pretended to claim Mr. Morrill as one of their votaries. They will be much disgusted at the positive way in which he overturns their pet theories, and declares, as all sound political economists do, that an irredeemable paper money cannot receive new issues without renewed depreciation. The paper money men who are clamoring for an issue of greenbacks to "revive trade and supply the wants of business," must at least withdraw their claims to reckon on Mr. Morrill's sympathy and help. The following is part of his exposition of the correct theory of the currency, which holds that expansion leads to depreciation, while contraction is a safe method and the only method of restoring the value of our currency, and making it mount towards par in coin:

The stereotyped argument in favor of expansion is that it will make money abundant and lower the rate of interest. How fallacious all this is will appear by a comparison of the money markets of the

country as they stand now and one year ago. Fortunately the Secretary of the Treasury was not arrested in his policy, fully sanctioned by Congress, until some contraction had been secured, and we now have less circulation afloat than we had last year; but money is now much more plentiful at all points and the rate of interest less by fully one-third, and in some quarters by one half. Nor have banking facilities been curtailed, but actually enlarged, as the report of the banks for January, 1868, shows the loans and discounts made by banks to have been over 635 million dollars, while in April, 1866, they were only 545 million dollars. These facts utterly demolish the whole theory of the expansionists. It may be that while we are staggering under the effects of a too free indulgence of an expanded currency that a light homeopathic dose of 50 million dollars more would sober us again; but that philosophy, it must be admitted, has better poetry than facts for its base. It may be that we really need more paper money—it would certainly be very convenient to me to add more of it to my stock—but as a legislator I must adhere to the old fashioned idea, now almost obsolete it is to be feared, and still hold when gold is at a high premium above paper money that we have too much of the latter in circulation and too little of the former.

We should be unjust to Mr. Morrill if we did not reproduce here his remarks on the newest of the ingenious devices for giving elasticity to the currency, by exchanging greenbacks for bonds and bonds for greenbacks at the Treasury. Elasticity is, no doubt, necessary in the currency machinery of the country; but it must be elasticity of the right kind at the right time, and to the right extent. Stability is more needful in the currency than is elasticity; and the trouble is, that the scheme suggested sacrifices the more important quality to secure the less important.

It has been argued (says Mr. Morrill) that this invention of the vi^lbratory power to change legal tenders into bonds and bonds into legal tenders at the will of the holder, will be a self-adjusting system that will always give us the exact quantity of currency needed at all points of the country, winding up in one place and unwinding in another; or when there is too much currency afloat, that it will be deposited to get the accruing interest, and when there is too little, that bonds will be exchanged for more.

This theory has all the charms of a perpetual motion, but can Senators believe it will do all that its advocates vouch for? To allow legal tender notes to be converted into United States bonds and bonds into legal tender notes at the option of the holder, now and hereafter, without any limitation of time, is certainly an experiment about which financial oracles must speak without any inspired authority or any authority of experience, and others like myself must feel as I do, great diffidence in venturing to express an opinion adverse to what appears to be that of a majority of the Committee on Finance, deservedly trusted by the Senate on all such questions; but I cannot banish the idea of a possibility that after all it may be as hazardous for them as for me to predict the practical results of this new-born, oscillating, reciprocatory contrivance, which is to be hereafter the magical regulator of the circulating medium of the country, or the self-acting governor, to let on or shut off steam according to the necessities of trade and commerce. At every hazard, however, I shall present the subject, as it appears to me, with entire frankness and without embellishment.

Others may regard this artificial regulator of the ebb and flow of currency as the offspring of genius, and as such, I believe, the paternity is already claimed by more persons than the number of cities claiming Homer's birth place. But I have been unable to get up any admiration of the proposed measure either at first sight or after more careful reflection.

We now pass to the other point to which we referred—that of free banking. Under this attractive name is generally concealed a project for enlarging the currency powers of the National banks. The issue of bank notes is now limited to 300 millions. The free bankers would increase this aggregate on condition of depositing 10 per cent. more of bonds than is required by the present law. Mr. Henderson has brought in a bill for this purpose, and other plans have been proposed. The object of all, however, is the same. They would allow the banks to issue more currency and to get the benefit of it, they would have the Government endorse this currency, which would then command a forced circulation, and would constitute a loan from the public to the banks without interest. Thirdly, to quiet the contractionists, these "free" banking theorists propose that as fast as their new National bank notes go out, the Government greenbacks shall be taken in. Their proposition in fact amounts to this, that the greenbacks that are a loan without interest, of which the Government gets the benefit, shall be called in and cancelled to make room for bank notes which are a loan without interest, of which the free bankers will get the benefit. The public will heartily endorse Mr.

Morrill's opinion on free banking. "At the proper time," he says, "and with proper restrictions, I am decidedly in favor of the principle. There ought to be no monopoly of banking privileges in this country. But I object to any multiplication of banks of circulation until the United States begin to retire from that kind of business. Two of a trade will agree to overdo the business. When specie resumption takes place, then 'free banking' will be admissible, but not till then."

THE RAILROAD CONTEST.

To the public at large the ordinary stock excitements of Wall street have little interest. The recent contests, however, in that *tauro-ursine* assemblage, the Stock Exchange, are of more moment than is generally supposed. Two railroad kings, with a retinue of influential retainers, have entered the lists, each well versed in the arts of the stock ring, each determined and each possessed of vast resources. Our readers are aware that, comparatively recently, the Harlem, Hudson River and New York Central roads have passed under the virtual control of one leading mind, and that the Cleveland and Toledo road also stands impliedly committed to the same interest. This unity of management has been accomplished to secure a harmony of working interests between a line of connecting roads running from New York to the West. This, however, is but one of the trunk routes connecting this market with the Western interior. The Erie road, with its vast appliances, runs to the shores of Lake Erie, and by alliance with other roads may be constituted a through route extending from New York to San Francisco. Here is a possible source of competition with the New York Central combination. Very naturally, therefore, the latter party desire to secure the control of the Erie road. The present Erie direction, however, appear disposed to assume an independent position; and in order to protect their interests, have determined upon an arrangement with the Michigan Southern road, under which the latter agrees to lay an extra rail upon its track so as to enable the Erie broad guage cars to run upon its road, while the Erie engages to aid in the construction of a broad guage branch connecting the Michigan Southern with the Atlantic and Great Western at Akron, giving the Erie a broad guage through connection to the Pacific railroad.

It thus appears that arrangements are completed for two distinct and competing combinations from New York to the far West. The New York Central combination are anxious to neutralise the competition of the Erie route; and the recent extraordinary transactions in Erie stock and the institution of legal proceedings against the Erie direction are more or less connected with plans for accomplishing that object. Some of the most notorious acts in the management of the Erie company, more especially the negotiation of the three millions loan with Mr. Drew, have been brought into court, and alleged as grounds for the removal of that gentleman from the direction. It is also sought to hold him to his full legal responsibility for having used for speculative purposes 54,000 shares of the stock of the company held in trust as collateral for his advances to the company. An injunction has also been issued restraining the direction from issuing stock or bonds to affiliated roads existing or projected, or in any way involving the Erie company with the interests of such roads. It is not improbable that these suits may have been partially designed to assist pending speculations in Erie shares; but there can be little doubt that the main purpose is to secure the removal of the master spirit from the Erie counsels, and to prevent any new issues of stock calculated to embarrass the efforts of the New York Central party to secure the control in the next election.

Whether the Erie direction have recently issued any new stock is perhaps known only to themselves. The Treasurer very naturally refuses to either to affirm or deny in the premises; and no information can be gathered from other officers. In Wall street, however, it is generally considered reasonably certain that new issues have been made, the amount being variously estimated at from 50,000 to 80,000 shares. The two parties may thus be considered as in a state of open war. If in the contest every sort of artful and tricky expedient is resorted to, and the interests of a great corporation are recklessly dealt with, it will excite no surprise; for in the present demoralization of railroad management everything appears to be considered allowable, that is likely to prove successful as a speculative expedient. These proceedings, of course, have a very injurious effect upon railroad investments; showing as they do with humiliating plainness, that the interests of stockholders are absolutely at the mercy of managers who control the roads for mercenary speculative purposes.

Thus far we have noticed but the incidents of a contest which has a very important bearing upon the interests of the public at large. The question that concerns our great trading interests is this—shall the main avenues of our commerce be under the control of a gigantic monopoly, or shall they be stimulated and expanded under a wholesome competition of transportation companies? We have no question that the New York Central combination, under the control of Mr. Vanderbilt, would be conducted with an economy and general efficiency which, while redounding to the advantage of the shareholders, would yet serve well the public interests. But it is undoubtedly to the interest of the public that even the best possible management should be placed under the stimulus of competition. While readily conceding all that can be reasonably claimed as to Mr. Vanderbilt's abilities as a railroad manager, and while allowing that the Erie would be sure of a more efficient head under his supervision than under its present and late control, yet it would be a matter of regret upon public grounds were the two independent routes to pass into the hands of the same parties. Monopolies are invariably selfish and regardless of the public convenience and interest. They are exclusive when they should be considerate, and grasping when they should be generous; and for this reason the country cannot afford that its means of transportation to and from the chief Atlantic port should be placed under the power of one board of direction. Already the rates of carriage are so high as to materially impede our commerce; and the desideratum of our trade is an amplification and a cheapening of transportation. The rapid growth of population and trade are sufficient to induce the providing of enlarged carrying facilities if free scope be allowed to corporate enterprise. But in case all our trunk roads pass under the same control, what prospects is there that the Legislatures of the different States will look with equal favor on new enterprises? The record of corruption at Albany and elsewhere is too plain and voluminous to admit of any hope that legislation in these matters would not be dictated by the parties who controlled the roads. Besides it would be to the interest of such a combination to prevent the building of new roads; and who that knows the difficulties of a new enterprise of this kind struggling into existence does not see that by putting down freights temporarily below the paying rates, this old combination could long deter capitalists from entering upon the construction of any competing line. Then again, the control of the canals, through legislative corruption, would be likely to pass under the influence of this railroad interest, and the immense commerce of this city would thus be subjected to a clique of capitalists interested in imposing the highest possible rates.

We regret, therefore, to see any desire on the part of the New York Central combination to control the Erie road. There is an abundance of traffic to make both roads profitable to the companies, with efficient management; and we can conceive of no satisfactory reason for attempting to blend both under one head. Should this policy be persisted in, it is deserving of consideration whether an urgent application should not be made to the Legislature for placing the plan under check. Not only our own interests would seem to demand this, but to even a greater extent the future development of the West requires it.

REVIEW OF THE MONTH.

February has been characterized by a steady conservative business. The extreme severity of the weather has naturally somewhat delayed Spring purchases; but there has been a fair representation of merchants from the interior, and all the indications favor the expectation of a healthy trade. The political excitement in Congress has had less effect upon trade than might have been expected; apparently for the reason that business is conducted upon such a conservative basis as to be little sensitive to extraneous influences. The goods markets have been generally quite steady. During the monetary depression of last Fall there was considerable compulsory realising upon merchandise, and it would appear that the consequent decline in prices went beyond the limit required by the condition of supply and demand; for since the opening of the year there has been an upward tendency in many kinds of merchandise.

Contrary to the general expectation, the money market has exhibited a marked increase of activity. In the West and South there has been a general scarcity of money, which has induced a sharp withdrawal of country deposits from the banks, resulting in an advance of one per cent. in the rate of interest. The following comparison will show the effect of this process upon the condition of the associated banks:

Table with 4 columns: Item, Feb. 29, Feb. 1, and Inc./Dec. Rows include Loans and discounts, Specie, Deposits, Circulation, and Legal tenders.

Wall street movements have been fitful and irregular. The speculative operations of prominent directors in Erie and other stocks, and the extreme expedients resorted to for aiding their movements, have induced wide fluctuations in the value of stocks. These irregularities have a very injurious effect upon railroad stocks as a means for investments, the public being naturally disinclined to hold securities the dividends on which depend upon the speculative caprice of the directors. The total transactions in stocks during the month, at both boards, amount to 1,937,024 shares, against 1,475,363 for the same month of last year.

The following table shows the volume of shares sold at the New York Stock Exchange Board and the Open Board of Brokers in February of the years 1867 and 1868, comparatively:

Table titled 'VOLUME OF SHARES SOLD AT THE STOCK BOARDS.' with columns for Classes, 1867, 1868, Increase, and Dec. Rows include Bank shares, Railroad, Coal, Mining, Improv't, Telegraph, Steamship, Express &c, Gas, guano, &c., shares, and At N. Y. Stock Ex. B'd.

The following table will show the opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of all the railway and miscellaneous securities quoted at the New York Stock Exchange during the months of January and February, 1868:

Table with columns for Railroad Stocks, January (Open'g, High, Low, Clos'g), and February (Open, High, Low, Clos). Rows include Alton & Terre Haut, Boston, Hartford & Erie, Chicago & Alton, Chicago, Burl. & Quincy, & Northwest'n, & Rock Island, & Milwaukee.

Large table listing various railroads and companies with columns for stock prices. Rows include Cleve., Col. & Cincinnati, Erie, Harlem, Hudson River, Illinois Central, Ind. & Cincinnati, Joliet & Chicago, Lehigh Valley, Long Island, Mar. & Cin., Michigan Central, Mil. & P. du Ch'n, Milwaukee & St. Paul, New Jersey, New York Central, Ohio & Mississippi, Panama, Pittsb., Ft. W. & Chica., Reading, Rensselaer & Saratoga, Home & Watertown, Stonington, Second Avenue, Sixth Avenue, Toledo, Wab. & Western.

Miscellaneous table listing items like American Coal, Cameron, Central, Cumberland Coal, Del. & Hud. Canal Coal, P. nnsylvania Coal, Pacific Mail, Atlantic do, Boston Water Tower, Canton, New York Guano, Mariposa, Quicksilver, Citizen's Gas, Metropolitan Gas, and West. Union Telegraph.

Express table listing American, Adams, United States, Merchant's Union, and Wells, Fargo & Co. with columns for prices.

United States securities have sympathised with the course of the money market. The banks have sold bonds held for the purpose of employing idle balances, and other financial institutions have realised freely. The introduction of the Sherman funding bill into the Senate, followed by the author's exposition of its purport, together with the impeachment movement, have had the effect of unsettling bondholders and weakening the market. Under these influences the price of securities has fallen off 1@2 per cent.

The amount of Government bonds and notes, State and city bonds, and company bonds, sold at the New York Stock Exchange in the month of February, 1867 and 1868, comparatively, is shown in the statement which follows:

Table titled 'BONDS SOLD AT THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.' with columns for Classes, 1867, 1868, Inc., and Dec. Rows include U. S. bonds, U. S. notes, State & city b'ds, Company b'ds, and Total for February and January.

The daily closing prices of the principal Government securities at the New York Stock Exchange Board, as represented by the latest sale officially reported, are shown in the following statement:

Table titled 'PRICES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT NEW YORK.' with columns for Day of month, 6's, 1881, 6's, (5-20 yrs.) Coupon, and 5's, 10-40 7-30. Rows list days from Saturday to Saturday.

Table showing interest rates for various days of the week (Sunday to Saturday) and financial metrics (First, Lowest, Highest, Range, Last).

The quotations for Three-years' Compound Interest Notes on each Thursday of the month have been as shown in the following table :

PRICES OF COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AT NEW YORK.

Table showing interest rates for various months (May 1865, August 1865, September '65, October 1865) and specific dates (Feb 6, Feb 13, Feb 20, Feb 27).

The closing prices of Consols for money and certain American securities (viz. U. S. 6's 5-20's 1862, Illinois Central and Erie shares) at London, on each day of the month of February, are shown in the following statement :

COURSE OF CONSOLS AND AMERICAN SECURITIES AT LONDON.

Large table showing daily prices for Consols and American securities (U.S. 5-20s, Ill. C., Erie) from Saturday to Wednesday.

The extreme prices of U. S. 6's at Frankfort in each week ending with Thursday, were as follows :

Small table showing extreme prices for Feb. 6, Feb. 13, Feb. 20, Feb. 27, and Month.

The course of gold has been fluctuating, in sympathy with the political situation at Washington, the price during the month having ranged between 139 1/2 @ 144, against 135 1/2 @ 140 1/2 in February, 1867. At the close of the month there was less disposition to attach importance to the impeachment proceedings, all apprehensions of any resort to violence having been dismissed.

The following statement exhibits the fluctuations of the New York gold market in the month of February, 1868 :

COURSE OF GOLD AT NEW YORK.

Table showing daily gold market fluctuations (Opening, Lowest, High, Closing) from Saturday to Thursday, including historical data from 1868.

The receipts and shipments of coin and bullion at New York in

the month of February, 1867 and 1868, comparatively, were as follows.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COIN AND BULLION AT NEW YORK.

Table comparing receipts and shipments of coin and bullion for 1867 and 1868, including categories like Receipts from California, Exports to foreign ports, etc.

The following statement shows the receipts and shipments in the same month of the last eight years :

Table showing receipts and shipments for the last eight years (1861-1868) with columns for California, Foreign, Total, Exports to foreign ports, Excess of receipts, Excess of exports.

The following formula furnishes the details of the general movement of coin and bullion at this port in the month of February, 1867 and 1868, comparatively:

GENERAL MOVEMENT OF COIN AND BULLION AT NEW YORK.

Table showing general movement of coin and bullion for 1867 and 1868, including Receipts from California, Exports to foreign ports, Total reported new supply, Excess of reported new supply, etc.

* Approximate.

The amount of specie in the Clearing House Banks at the opening and closing of February, 1867 and 1868, was as follows :

Table showing specie amounts in Clearing House Banks at opening and closing for 1867 and 1868, including Increase and Decrease.

Throughout the month foreign exchange has ruled close upon the specie shipping rate, there having been a steady demand for bills with but a limited amount offering.

The following exhibits the quotations at New York for bankers' 60 days bills on the principal European markets daily in the month of February, 1868 :

COURSE OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE (60 DAYS) AT NEW YORK.

Table showing foreign exchange rates for 60 days bills to London, Paris, Amsterdam, Bremen, Hamburg, and Berlin.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

We have received the past week the statement of the earning's of the Western Union Telegraph Company for December. It will be seen that the net income for the month is \$16,843 84 in excess of the amount estimated in their report published in the CHRONICLE of January 18, page 72. Below we give the statement from July, 1866 :

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES FOR 18 MONTHS FROM JULY 1, 1866, TO JANUARY 1, 1868.

	Gross Receipts.	Working Expenses.*	Net Profits.
1866.			
July	\$562,292 97	\$410,382 40	\$151,910 57
August	548,716 96	346,742 31	201,974 65
September	556,955 95	298,931 99	258,023 96
October	623,528 31	344,245 07	279,283 24
November	571,036 02	322,508 66	248,527 36
December	551,971 40	302,596 41	249,374 99
	\$3,414,501 61	\$2,025,406 84	\$1,389,094 77
1867.			
January	\$580,560 53	\$341,104 71	\$239,455 82
February	483,441 77	314,617 26	168,824 51
March	530,642 66	297,076 59	233,566 07
April	545,586 30	320,869 41	224,716 89
May	525,437 94	326,829 83	198,608 11
June	483,754 55	318,100 99	170,653 56
	\$3,154,423 75	\$1,918,598 79	\$1,235,824 96
1868.			
July	\$536,156 89	\$360,917 53	\$175,239 36
August	570,676 85	375,970 17	194,706 68
September	601,548 79	375,641 50	225,907 29
October	628,836 74	393,459 92	235,376 82
November	583,723 66	370,429 57	213,294 09
December	576,135 19	379,291 35	196,843 84
	\$3,497,078 12	\$2,255,710 04	\$1,241,368 08
Grand Totals	\$10,066,003 48	\$6,199,715 67	\$3,866,287 81

* Including paid other lines, rents, taxes, reconstruction, etc.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

This road, running from New York city to East Albany, is (double track) 144 miles in length. The Troy and Greenbush Railroad (East Albany to Troy,) double track, 6 miles, is also operated by it under lease. The number of engines and cars (8-wheel) owned by the company, and in use on the line on the 1st October, yearly, for seven years, was as follows:

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Locomotives	61	64	68	71	79	80	82
Passenger (first-class) cars	111	107	107	122	124	123	124
Passenger (second-class) cars	6	6	11	11	13	18	18
Baggage, mail, &c., cars	35	29	27	31	28	28	32
Freight cars	653	651	675	671	711	799	965
Dummy engines			3	3	3	3	5
City cars					30	20	20

The "Doings in Transportation" in the last four years, are recorded in the following statement:

	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.
Miles run by passenger tr'ns.	628,835	698,226	685,649	794,984
" freight trains	663,863	588,315	639,353	707,156
" gravel trains	103,596	59,538	60,759	96,146
" city cars		256,200	334,728	252,184
Passengers carried	2,017,843	2,068,245	2,159,267	2,266,743
Miles of travel	98,853,821	85,778,513	92,793,027	91,129,722
Tons of freight carried	601,824	491,855	497,307	581,437
Miles of transportation	72,720,351	53,738,444	57,545,439	73,237,023
City passengers carried		1,137,558	1,692,058	946,910
Miles of travel		2,275,116	2,184,116	1,893,820
Passenger earnings	\$1,921,964 13	\$2,099,951 72	\$2,138,944 80	\$2,025,800 80
Freight earnings	2,142,301 05	2,224,030 08	2,345,611 88	2,841,258 07
Miscellaneous	68,334 87	128,398 36	360,969 48	400,100 23
Total gross earnings	4,132,600 05	4,452,380 16	4,845,526 16	5,267,100 23

The receipts and expenses connected with operations in the same years, are thus summed up:

	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.
Passengers	\$1,921,277 45	\$2,099,030 14	\$2,138,944 80	\$2,025,800 86
Freight	2,134,669 31	2,189,371 88	2,327,648 68	2,841,258 07
Rents	12,473 82	16,292 94	28,724 86	43,500 38
Mail service	32,400 00	32,400 00	32,400 00	45,000 00
Telegraph	1,500 98	1,254 77		2,523 00
Miscellaneous	21,960 07	78,450 65	299,244 62	272,499 77
Total receipts	\$4,124,281 63	\$4,326,800 38	\$4,827,562 96	\$5,111,800 41

From which were paid (other than for construction) as follows:

	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.
Transportation	\$2,545,306 88	\$3,176,612 45	\$3,050,426 73	\$3,225,753 03
Roadway, eng'g's, &c	281,100 00	546,493 03	756,036 69	
Interest	594,487 92	537,613 16	515,918 11	485,220 77
Dividends—cash	(8) 499,286 80	(8) 329,405 25	(9) 615,427 00	(8) 572,083 75
scrip	(6) 441,930 00			
U. S. tax on earnings			99,298 09	70,196 17
Surplus fund	43,270 03	2,069 52		2,540 00
Total disbursements	\$4,124,281 63	\$4,326,800 38	\$4,827,562 96	\$5,111,800 41
Total surplus fund	1,763,321 73			

The following statement of the capital and debts of the company, and of the cost of construction and equipment, is an abstract of the annual reports to the State Engineer (date Nov. 30):

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Capital paid in	\$6,218,041 89	\$6,563,250 38	\$6,962,971 45	\$9,931,500 00
Funded debt	7,737,480 00	7,762,340 00	7,227,460 00	6,394,550 00
Floating debt	1,167 00	1,167 00	1,167 00	1,167 00
Total	13,956,888 89	14,327,257 38	10,191,598 45	16,327,217 00
Construction	\$10,774,017 22	\$10,970,884 51	\$11,095,338 15	\$
Equipment	1,616,413 57	1,969,334 33	2,125,599 51	
Engineering, &c	708,901 82	708,991 82	768,901 82	
Discount, &c, &c	1,570,514 41	1,570,514 41	1,570,514 41	
Horses, harness, &c		44,951 50	43,471 50	
Total cost of road, &c	14,669,847 02	15,264,586 57	15,543,825 39	17,505,037 2

The funded debt is made up of the following classes of bonds:

Classes.	Interest.	Amount.	Payable.
1st mortgage 7 per cent. bonds	Feb. and Aug.	\$1,954,000	Feb. 1, 1869.
1st mortgage 7 per cent. bonds	"	1,986,000	Feb. 1, 1870.
1st mortgage 6 per cent. bonds	"	110,000	Aug. 1, 1869.

2d mortgage (S. F.) 7 per cent. bonds June and Dec. 2,000,000 June 16, 1885
3d mortgage 7 per cent. bonds May and Nov. May 1, 1875.
Convertible 7 per cent. bonds " " May 1, 1867.

Under the head of "Discounts, &c.," are comprised—the loss in negotiating bonds and loans, commissions paid, interest to stockholders, &c., prior to 1855.

The following statements have been abstracted from the annual reports from 1859-60 and following years:

Year ending Sept. 30.	Cost of Road and Equipment.	Gross Earnings.	Operating and Repairs.	Earnings, less Expenses.	Div. p. c.
1860	\$13,370,959	\$2,037,145	\$1,269,025	\$778,120	nil
1861	13,619,114	1,989,014	1,422,553	566,461	"
1862	13,684,309	2,637,529	1,367,575	1,269,954	"
1863	14,186,824	3,581,902	1,748,425	1,833,477	7
1864	14,669,847	4,132,600	2,545,307	1,587,293	14
1865	15,284,586	4,452,380	3,176,612	1,275,768	8
1866	15,543,825	4,845,526	3,050,427	1,795,099	9
1867	17,505,037	5,267,100	2,225,753	2,041,347	8

The following shows the cost, earnings and expenses per mile of road for the same years, the 150 miles constituting the line between New York and Troy being taken for the divisor:

Fiscal year.	Cost of road p. m. Stock and debt.	Actual cost.	Gross earnings.	Operating expenses.	Net earnings.	Expenses to gross earnings, per ct.	Profits to stock & debt, per ct.
1860	\$87,117	\$89,136	\$13,648	\$8,469	\$5,188	61.98	5.39
1861	91,126	90,795	13,260	9,484	3,776	71.52	4.14
1862	87,959	91,228	17,584	9,117	8,467	51.30	9.62
1863	89,099	94,578	23,879	11,656	12,223	48.31	13.72
1864	93,046	97,799	27,551	16,969	10,582	61.61	11.37
1865	95,515	101,538	29,652	21,177	8,505	71.01	8.90
1866	94,611	103,625	32,303	20,336	11,967	62.96	12.64
1867	109,248	116,700	25,114	21,505	13,609	61.24	12.46

The monthly fluctuations in the price of the stock of this company in the New York market is shown in the following table:

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
January	82 @ 98	129 @ 143	95 @ 115	98 @ 109	119 @ 125 1/2
February	91 @ 99	130 @ 162	101 @ 117 1/2	99 @ 104 1/2	128 @ 138 1/2
March	95 @ 101 1/2	148 @ 161 1/2	88 @ 115	102 @ 109 1/2	135 @ 140
April	102 @ 117	120 @ 164	91 1/2 @ 114 1/2	105 1/2 @ 111	135 @ 137 1/2
May	116 @ 142 1/2	132 @ 156	94 @ 114 1/2	108 @ 114	96 @ 103 1/2
June	118 @ 143 1/2	138 @ 147	97 1/2 @ 110 1/2	110 @ 113 1/2	102 1/2 @ 110
July	145 @ 180	120 @ 137 1/2	107 @ 111 1/2	112 1/2 @ 120	109 1/2 @ 122 1/2
August	141 1/2 @ 153	126 @ 135	101 1/2 @ 113 1/2	118 1/2 @ 121 1/2	119 1/2 @ 125 1/2
September	128 1/2 @ 150	157 @ 127 1/2	108 1/2 @ 111 1/2	119 @ 125	124 1/2 @ 139 1/2
October	131 @ 141 1/2	109 @ 135	103 1/2 @ 112 1/2	120 @ 123 1/2	125 1/2 @ 133
November	121 @ 134 1/2	118 @ 127 1/2	106 @ 110 1/2	118 @ 126 1/2	123 1/2 @ 126 1/2
December	110 @ 129 1/2	114 @ 118 1/2	107 @ 109 1/2	118 @ 137	124 @ 133 1/2
Year	82 @ 130	107 @ 164	88 @ 117 1/2	95 1/2 @ 137	119 @ 140
					96 @ 139 1/2

In April, 1867, the company doubled their capital stock, and in payment therefor allowed 46 per cent., in addition to the 4 per cent. cash dividend then paid. This plan was adopted as compensation to the stockholders for earnings applied to construction since 1851. The other 50 per cent. of the new capital goes to the purchase, &c. of the station property in St. John's Park and the improvement of the road generally. When the payments and purchase are completed, the share capital will be about \$14,000,000.

COLUMBUS, CHICAGO AND INDIANA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

The Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railway is a consolidation (Feb. 12, 1868) of the Columbus and Indiana Central Railway and the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway. The lines of which it is composed are as follows:

Columbus, O., via Union Junction and Richmond to Indianapolis, Ind.	188 miles.
Union Junction (83 miles west Columbus) via Logansport, Ind., to State Line, Ill.	175 "
Richmond, Ind. (119 miles west Columbus) via Logansport, Ind., to Chicago, Ill.	225 "
Louisville Branch: (Cambridge City (135 miles west Columbus) to Rushville, Ind., 24 miles) built conjointly by Columbus and Indiana Central Railway Co. and Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis Railway Company	half. 12 "

Total length of railroad owned by consolidation. 600 miles.

The rolling stock owned by the consolidated company consists of—locomotives, 120; cars, 1,895, viz., passenger (1st class 60 and 2d class 10) 70, mail, baggage and express 25, and freight 1,800.

The financial standing of the two companies at the date of consolidation is shown in the following statement:

	C. & I. Cen. RR.	C. & G. E. RR.	Consolidat.
Length of roads	375 m.	(225 m.)	(600 m.)
Capital stock	\$6,520,000	\$4,900,000	\$11,420,000
Funded debt	8,150,000	5,750,000	13,900,000
Float. debt (incl. past-due coupons)		1,350,000	1,350,000
Total	\$14,670,000	\$12,000,000	\$26,670,000
Cost per mile of road	39,120	53,333	44,450

The Columbus and Indiana Railway is a recent consolidation of the following railroads—

Columbus and Indiana Central Railroad and branches	219 miles.
Union and Logansport Railroad	94 1/2 "
Toledo, Logansport and Burlington Railroad	61 1/2 "

Total length of Columbus and Indiana Central Railway. 376 miles.

Their securities now outstanding are as follows:

1st Mort. 7 p. c. bonds (Col. & Ind. Cent. RR.)	\$3,200,000, or \$14,612 p. mile.
1st Mort. 7 p. c. bonds (Union & Logansp. RR.)	1,884,000 or 19,407 do
1st Mort. 7 p. c. bonds (Toledo, Logansport and Burlington Railroad)	800,000 or 13,008 do
Total amount of 1st Mortgage bonds	\$5,884,000 or \$15,557 p. mile.
2d Mort. 7 p. c. bonds (Col. & Ind. Cent. RR.)	818,900 or 8,726 do
Income (7 p. c. bonds)	1,500,000 or 6,849 do

Total amount of all bonds outstanding..... \$8,150,000 or \$21,773 p. mile.

The Chicago and Great Eastern Railway (225 miles) has the following bonds outstanding :

1st Mortgage 7 p. c. bonds	\$5,600,000 or \$24,888 p. mile.
Income 8 p. c. bonds	150,000 or 666 do

Total amount of all bonds outstanding..... \$5,750,000 or \$25,555 p. mile.

Aggregate of consolidated company \$13,900,000 or \$23,166 p. mile.

It is proposed that the consolidated company shall execute a first mortgage, covering the whole road and property (600 miles, to secure fifteen million dollars of bonds, payable in 40 years, at 7 per cent. interest, with a sinking fund. Of these bonds, \$11,434,000 are to be set apart to be exchanged for and redeem the outstanding 1st mortgage bonds above described, leaving \$3,566,000 of the issue to be negotiated. The total would then be as follows :

1st Mortgage (consolidated) bonds	\$15,000,000 or \$26,000 p. mile.
2d Mortgage (Columbus & Indiana RR.)	816,000
Income (no mortgage) bonds	1,650,000
Capital stock	11,420,000

Total stock and bonds..... \$28,886,000 or \$48,143 p. mile.

The new bonds are offered to subscribers at 85 per cent. of their nominal value and accrued interest; and payment will be received in whole or in part, at the option of subscribers, in the Chicago and Great Eastern Company's coupons due in 1867 and 1868 in equal amounts, interest being equated, balance in cash.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— FEB. 21.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	11 1/8 @ 11.18 1/2	Feb. 21.	short.	11.82 @ —
Antwerp	3 months.	11.19 1/2 @ 12.00 1/2	"	"	25.17 1/2 @ —
Hamburg	"	13. 3/4 @ 13.10	"	"	18. 3/4 @ —
Paris	"	25.30 @ 25.35	"	"	25.15 @ —
Paris	short.	25.12 1/2 @ 25.20	"	8 mo's.	*25.16 1/2 @ —
Vienna	3 months.	11.85 @ 11.92 1/2	"	"	—
Berlin	"	6.26 1/2 @ 6.26 1/2	"	"	—
St. Petersburg	"	32 1/2 @ 32 1/2	Feb. 21.	3 mo's.	33 1/2
Cadiz	"	48 1/2 @ 48 1/2	"	"	—
Lisbon	90 days.	51 1/2 @ 51 1/2	Feb. 21.	30 days.	53 1/2
Milan	3 months.	29.30 @ 29.37 1/2	"	"	—
Genoa	"	29.30 @ 29.37 1/2	"	"	—
Naples	"	29.30 @ 29.37 1/2	"	"	—
New York	"	—	Feb. 21.	60 days.	110
Jamaica	"	—	Jan. 27.	90 days.	1 p. c.
Havana	"	—	Feb. 1.	60 days.	12 1/2 @ 12 1/2
Rio de Janeiro	"	—	Jan. 24.	"	17 1/2 @ 18 1/2
Bahia	"	—	Jan. 9.	"	48 1/2 @ —
Valparaiso	"	—	Jan. 3.	"	45 1/2 @ 46
Pernambuco	"	—	Jan. 31.	"	16 1/2 @ 17 1/2
Singapore	60 days.	4s. 4d.	Jan. 8.	6 mos.	4s. 4 1/2 d. @ —
Hong Kong	"	4s. 4d.	Jan. 25.	"	4s. 3 1/2 d. @ —
Ceylon	"	3 p. c. dis.	Jan. 13.	"	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 per ct.
Bombay	"	1s. 10 1/2 d. - 1s. 10 1/2 d.	Feb. 15.	"	1s. 10 1/2 d.
Madras	"	1s. 10 1/2 d. - 1s. 10 1/2 d.	Feb. 15.	"	1s. 10 1/2 d.
Calcutta	"	1s. 10 1/2 d. - 1s. 10 1/2 d.	Feb. 15.	"	1s. 10 1/2 d.
Sydney	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	Jan. 25.	30 days.	1 @ 1 1/2 p. c.

* Less 2 per cent dis.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, February 22, 1868.

The most important feature of the present week is the excitement in the cotton market, resulting in an advance in prices amounting to 1d to 1 1/2d. per lb. The diminished stocks here, and the apprehension that our future supplies will be insufficient to meet the demand, are the chief causes of the animation which has prevailed; but, at the same time, many are of opinion that the advance which has been established is too great. Hence, there has been some anxiety respecting this branch of our commerce. So long as prices were falling, and the market was depressed, we did not hope for a revival of business. The extraordinary excitement of the Liverpool market has now, to some extent, had a similar effect, business having been conducted on cautious principles in most other departments of trade. It is clear, however, that cotton must continue to rule firm. The stock in Liverpool and London is much less than it was at this time last year, although the diminution in the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat is only about 30,000 bales less than in 1867. However, the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat to those ports, are only 661,500 bales, against 1,046,380 bales, showing a decrease of 384,880 bales.

In reference to the production of cotton in the Bombay Presidency, Dr. Forbes, the cotton commissioner, in his report states, that of the

20,457,083 acres of arable land in the Presidency, 6,694,384 acres (equal to 2,281,461 in any one season) are suitable for cotton, and of these 1,976,800 are now under the staple. This is 254,000 less than the proportion of one-third which might have been used had the cultivators wished to do so; but it is an increase of 27,000 acres on the season 1866-7, so there is no evidence that the ryots' choice of crop has been much affected by the lower prices. The proportionate yield is not quite so promising this year, for although an increased cultivation on last of 27,000 acres is thus reported, the out-turn is estimated at 2,000 bales less. This result may be explained by a reference to the collectorate of Broach alone, where though the increase of cultivation over last year is so much as 47,000 acres, the estimated yield is only 37,248 bales against 40,028 last year, thus showing a very large relative falling off. This is accounted for partly by unduly heavy and untimely rain late in the season; but it is worthy of remark that in Ahmedabad, Surat and Broach—forming the larger part of British Guzerat—the whole extent of land under exotic cotton is only 39 acres, so there is yet much to be done in the way of improved cultivation in the most important and oldest cotton district of India.

In the Dharwar district more than the usual proportion of cotton is under cultivation this season, and it is stated that the prospect is very encouraging.

At Manchester the excitement in cotton has caused the buyers of goods and yarns to operate with great caution. The market has indeed, had a dull appearance, but prices are higher. Yarns show an advance of about 1d. per lb.; but the rise in cotton cloth does not correspond to the improvement which has been established in cotton and in cotton yarn.

As regards all good and fine qualities of wheat, much firmness has prevailed, and in home grown produce an advance of 1s. per quarter has been established. Millers, however, have operated with much caution, and as we are so near to the re-opening of the navigation in the Baltic and elsewhere, it seems clear that the trade will continue to pursue a cautious policy for some weeks to come. In the present position of affairs any abatement in price cannot be expected; but the future looks more satisfactory than for some time past. The period for winter sowing was, as I have mentioned before, extremely favorable, and at the present moment the young plant looks vigorous and healthy. At the same time the breadth of land under wheat cultivation has been materially increased. The high price naturally encourages production, while as farmers stocks are greatly reduced, they necessarily grow as much as they can, in order to replenish their barns. We are now approaching the period for Spring sowing. In a changeable climate like this, the future cannot be spoken of with the slightest degree of certainty. Suffice it to say, then, that the winter has been a mild one, and, although during the last two weeks the days have been bright and warm, the nights have been sufficiently cold to check the growth of wheat and of other plants. This is a favorable circumstance, and it is to be hoped that the weather will be sufficiently severe so as to prevent vegetation from getting too forward. The farmers in Essex and Kent, two of our leading wheat growing counties, speak favorably of the growing crops. There is no doubt that a good wheat crop, and also a good potato crop are required to set commercial affairs in motion, for the progress towards recovery is, even after two years from the failure of Overend's, slow in the extreme. Our imports continue good for the time of year and will now increase. Annexed is the weekly statement of shipments since the 1st of September, 1867, compared with 1866-7.

From—	WHEAT.		Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Sept. 1 to Jan. 25.....	9,521,772	16,030,163	265,726	407,398
Week ending February 1....	618,083	381,846	12,750	7,464
" " 8.....	327,709	462,511	2,111	6,524
" " 15.....	251,959	674,685	215	3,747
Total.....	10,719,553	17,549,255	280,802	425,133

From—	FLOUR.		Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Sept. 1 to Jan. 25.....	1,636,032	1,564,127	8,346	11,25
Week ending February 1....	103,566	30,823	819	284
" " 8.....	79,601	29,144	138	38
" " 15.....	64,699	82,041	155	13
Total.....	1,883,898	1,706,139	9,458	12,059

The following statement has been published, showing the number of acres under cereal cultivation in England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland

	England.		Wales.	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Wheat.....	3,126,431	3,140,025	113,862	116,733
Barley.....	1,877,387	1,892,338	146,343	148,340
Oats.....	1,503,990	1,506,361	251,893	247,006
Rye.....	50,570	42,675	2,452	3,124
Beans.....	492,586	505,539	3,534	3,435
Peas.....	314,206	312,409	3,010	2,766
Total.....	7,365,170	7,399,347	521,074	521,404

	Scotland.		Ireland.	
	Av. of the years.		Av. of the years.	
	1856-7.	1866-7.	1856-7.	1866-7.
Wheat	243,240	110,609	544,348	280,549
Barley	182,062	216,052	197,042	162,578
Oats	928,628	1,009,580	2,019,185	1,679,553
Potatoes	144,585	150,477	1,125,675	1,025,949
Turnips	468,411	481,895	352,249	326,454

Although there has been a slight tendency to improvement, the tone and position of the money market remain extremely quiet. That the rates have reached their lowest point is clear, but that money is to become dear in consequence of the prevailing active demand for gold, and of improving trade, is not so certain as some would suppose. As regards the export of bullion the movement in this department cannot, in reason, be looked upon as a matter of surprise, or as a cause for alarm. For many months our supply has been very largely in excess of our requirements, and hence any diminution which may take place in that over-abundant supply is necessarily a relief to our money market. The incubus is removed, the tone of the money market becomes more healthy, and prices rise. A rising money market is looked upon by many as unsatisfactory. When the advance is above five per cent., it may, with more reason, be thought so; but at present higher quotations charged for accommodation indicate simply an improving condition of affairs, and, to some extent, recovering trade. For many months bankers have been unable to employ their surplus balances, and have even discounted bills at 1 and 1½ per cent. Latterly, however, the rates have improved about ½ per cent, yet the open market maximum is still ½ per cent beneath that of the Bank of England. It follows, therefore, that an improvement equal to 25 per cent must take place in the open market rates of discount before we can expect the Bank rate to be advanced to a higher point. Improving trade and an export of gold are calculated to enhance the value of money, but with the exception of cotton, in which there has been continued excitement, trade improves at a very gradual, and almost imperceptible pace, while the export of gold has, during the last few days, subsided to an extent which will only absorb our imports from Australia, the United States and from other quarters, as they are received. The rates for money, so far as the best descriptions of paper are concerned are subjoined:

	Per Cent.	Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	1½@1½	6 months' bank bills..... 2 @2½
3 months' bills.....	1½@1½	4 & 6 months' trade bills.... 2½@3
4 months' bank bills.....	1½@2	

The principal changes in the rates on the Continent this week are at Hamburg and St. Petersburg. At Hamburg a rise of about ¼ has taken place, while at St. Petersburg bills have been discounted at 7 per cent. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France now amounts to £44,860,400; while discounts are at £18,216,690. The following figures show the rates at the leading Continental cities at this date, and at this period last year:

At Paris	B'k rate		Op. m'kt		Turin	B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.		1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
.....	3	2½	2½	2-2½	.....	5	5	2½	2½-3
Vienna	4	4	4	4	Brussels	3	2½	2½	2½-3
Berlin	4	4	3½	2½	Madrid	6	5		
Frankfort	3½	2½	3½	1½-2	Hamburg	-	-	2	1½
Amst'rd'm	3½	3	3½	2½	St. Pet'g.	7	7	8-9	7

The export demand for gold has now almost entirely ceased. The price has risen to a point at which there is no profit in the transmission of gold to the Continent. The supplies expected from abroad are small, but it is believed that the demand is sufficiently strong to absorb those supplies. Silver remains extremely quiet. There is very little demand, except for the Continent, to which the greater proportion of our supplies are sent. The prices of bullion are subjoined:

GOLD.			
	s.	d.	s. d.]
Bar Gold	77	9½	@—
do Fine	77	9	@—
do Refinable	78	0	@—
Spanish Doubleons.....	76	0	@76 6
South American Doubleons...	73	9	@—
United States Gold Coin.....	76	3½	@—

SILVER.			
	s.	d.	s. d.]
Bar Silver	5	0½	@ 5 0½
do containing 5 grs. gold	5	1	@—
Fine Cake Silver	5	5½	@—
Mexican Dollars	4	11	@—

Quicksilver, £6 17s. per bottle; discount 3 per cent.

The consol market was dull in the early part of the week, but towards the close the tone of business improved, and an advance was established in the quotations. A moderate amount of business has been transacted. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending Feb. 22	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	92½-93	92½-92½	92½-92½	92½-93½	93 -93½	93 -93½

United States Five-Twenty bonds have improved in value; but in Erie railway shares a considerable decline has taken place. Other American securities show no important variation. United States Five-Twenty bonds close this evening at 71½ to 72. Atlantic and Great

Western Railway consolidated mortgage bonds, 25@26; Erie railway shares, 45@46, and Illinois Central, 88@89. The highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities on each day of the week.

Week ending Feb. 22	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'rday.
U. S. 5-20's.....	71½-71½	71½-71½	71½-72½	72½-72½	72½-....	71½-71½
Atlantic & G't West-ern consol'd bonds	25½-25½	25½-25½	25½-25½	25½-....	25 -26	25½-25½
Erie Shares (\$100)...	49 -49½	49½-....	49½-49½	48½-....	47½-47½	45½-46
Illinois shares (\$100)	88½-89	88½-89	88½-....	88½-88½	89 -....	88½-....

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Stock and Money Market.—Consols have advanced, and closed steady at 93@93½. U. S. bonds have advanced slightly as the gold market here has declined, and 6's of 1862 closed steady at 71½. Illinois Central shares reached 89½, and closed at 89½, a gain of 3½ on the week. Erie shares advanced to 47½, and closed at 47½, a gain of 2½ on the week. U. S. 6's, 1862, at Frankfort, are steady at 75½.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money....	92½@93½	93 @½	93½	93½@½	93@93½	93@93½
“ for account....	93	93	93½	93½@½	93@93½	93@93½
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862.	71½	71½@½	71½@½	71½@½	71½@½	71½
Illinois Central shares	88	88½	88½	89½	89½	89½
Erie Railway shares..	44½	44½	44	43½	47½	47½
Atl. & G. W. (consols)	....	....	....	....	....	....

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—
Frankfort..... 75@½ 74½@75 74½@75 75½ 75½@½ 75½

Liverpool Cotton Market.—Cotton reached its lowest point on Monday. On Wednesday another period of activity commenced, and prices advanced fully ½d. from Monday's quotations, with large sales. There is a large speculative demand for cotton to arrive, at full prices. At the close the market was quieter, but without change in prices.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bale sold	8,000	7,000	1,000	10,000	25,000	20,000
Price Midd. Uplds.	9½d	9½	9	9½	9½@½	9½
“ Orleans	9½d	9½	9½	9½	9½@10	10
Mid. Uplds. to arriv	8½	....	....	9½	9½@½	9½

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Breadstuffs are generally dull. Flour, barley and peas are unchanged. Wheat—California is still quoted at 16s., but Western is 1d. lower, selling at 14s. 2d. Corn is lower by 6d. —new closing at 40s. 9d., and old at 41s. Oats are 1d. higher, the quotation on Tuesday having advanced to 3s. 11d. At the close the market was quiet, but firm.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Flour, (Western).... p. bbl	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6	37 6
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. cbl	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 2
“ (California white)	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0
Corn (West. m'x'd) p. 480 lbs	41 6	41 3	41 0	40 9	40 9	....
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 11	3 11	3 11
Peas.. (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Pork has been active and has advanced from 71s. to 76s. Beef is 6d. higher, closing at 113s. and Cheese 1s. higher, closing active at 53s. Bacon is without change. The activity in lard has passed with a decline from 61s. 6d. to 59s. 6d., the last the closing price. The market closed generally firm.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	112 6	112 6	112 6	112 6	112 6	113 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	71 0	71 0	73 0	74 0	74 0	76 0
Bacon (Cumb. cur) p. 1½ lbs	42 0	42 0	42 0	42 0	42 0	42 0
Lard (American) “ “	61 6	61 6	61 0	60 6	60 6	59 6
Cheese (fine) “ “	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	53 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—This market has been quiet throughout the week, but closed firm, after a decline in common rosin from 9s. to 7s 6d, and in tallow from 43s. 6d to 43s 3d. Medium rosin, spirits turpentine and petroleum are without change from last week's quotations. Sugar has been active and has advanced to 25s. 6d. There is no spirits petroleum in first hands.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	7 9	7 9	7 9	7 9	7 6	7 6
“ middling....	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
“ fine pale....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Spirit turpentine.....	34 6	34 6	34 6	34 6	34 6	34 6
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3
“ spirits.... per 8 lbs	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p. 112 lbs.	25 0	25 0	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	43 0	43 0	43 6	43 6	43 6	43 3
Clover seed (Am. red)	....	....	....	....	....	....

London Produce, and Oil Markets.—These markets are remarkably steady, and still hold the prices established six weeks ago.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
Linseed cake (obl'g) p ton	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0
“ oil.....	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0
Sperm oil.....	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0
Whale oil..... p. 252 gals.	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0

Latest: Friday Evening, March 6.

Consols closed at 93@93½. U. S. bonds of 1862 closed at 71½@71½. Illinois Central shares at 89, and Erie shares at 46½.

Cotton has advanced, Middling Uplands in port to 9 $\frac{1}{4}$, and 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ @9 $\frac{1}{4}$ to arrive, and Middling Orleans to 10 $\frac{1}{4}$.

Corn (new) 41s 6d, and Oats 4s. No other changes in the bread-stuffs market.

Lard has declined to 59s 6d. Beef closes steady at 113s 6d. Pork 76s 6d. Cheese 53s. 6s.

Petroleum has declined to 1s 2d.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a decrease in dry goods, but continue about the same in general merchandise, the total being 5,111,998, against \$5,785,486 last week, and \$4,087,820 the previous week. The exports are \$3,980,200 this week, against \$2,968,819 last week, and \$3,686,417 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 16,169 bales, against 9,618 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Feb. 28, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Feb. 29 :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Dry goods.....	\$1,009,691	\$2,547,990	\$3,315,737	\$2,037,327
General merchandise...	1,510,546	3,559,766	2,583,217	3,073,771
Total for the week....	\$2,520,237	\$6,107,756	\$5,898,954	\$5,111,098
Previously reported....	17,034,014	47,129,146	37,237,544	28,325,923
Since Jan. 1	\$19,554,251	\$53,236,902	\$43,136,498	\$33,437,021

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending March 3 :

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
For the week.....	\$2,919,574	\$6,803,831	\$4,492,564	\$3,980,200
Previously reported....	37,367,632	35,227,238	27,745,454	25,912,129
Since Jan. 1	\$40,287,206	\$42,031,069	\$32,238,018	\$29,892,349

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	1868.		1867.	
	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain.....	\$2,073,656	\$15,898,922	\$2,677,913	\$19,851,903
France.....	268,235	1,968,479	440,738	1,783,311
Holland and Belgium.....	134,945	1,315,188	62,178	783,084
Germany.....	274,097	2,841,101	419,531	2,855,848
Other Northern Europe..	.....	13,677	.....	.....
Spain.....	22,185	173,783	.....	91,755
Other Southern Europe...	234,253	944,811	6,200	663,252
East Indies.....	.....	30,820	.....	.....
China and Japan.....	7,800	234,725	57,588	476,975
Australia.....	.....	277,170	.....	455,074
British N A Colonies....	50,215	514,013	12,505	182,605
Cuba.....	114,028	1,280,869	236,060	1,370,413
Hayti.....	30,972	345,024	13,330	183,026
Other West Indies.....	104,892	1,211,536	169,009	1,314,859
Mexico.....	.....	299,726	54,345	210,271
New Granada.....	91,830	676,291	35,014	665,890
Venezuela.....	.....	113,046	.....	152,342
British Guiana.....	18,797	211,306	75,982	241,362
Brazil.....	148,914	583,109	108,960	399,332
Other S. American ports..	92,961	540,134	37,167	398,074
All other ports.....	45,412	133,444	86,029	161,43

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Feb. 29, 1868 :

Feb. 25—St. Cimbria, Hamburg—	Gold coin.....	10,820
Foreign silver.....	American silver ..	7,700
Gold and silver coin	“ 27—Steam. Deutschland, Bremen—	
American gold.....	Foreign silver.....	6,000
Silver bars.....	“ 27—Steam. Deutschland, Manche ter—	
Silver coin.....	Mexican silver.....	6,000
Gold coin.....	“ 27—Steam. Deutschland, Hamburg—	
7,500	Mexican silver.....	6,000
“ 26—St. Palmyra, Liverpool—	“ 27—Steam. Deutschland, Paris—	
Gold bars.....	Mexican silver.....	12,000
Silver bars.....		
10,539		
“ 26—St. Creole, Havana—		
Gold coin.....		
104,500		
“ 27—St. Missouri, Hav.—		
Total for week.....		\$654,901
Previously reported.....		10,786,491
Total since January 1, 1868.....		\$11,441,392

Same time in	1867.	1859.	1858.	1857.	1856.	1855.	1854.	1853.	1852.
1867.....	\$5,267,504	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1866.....	4,401,552	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1865.....	4,099,914	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1864.....	8,829,959	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1863.....	8,590,238	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1862.....	6,482,293	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1861.....	1,192,897	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1860.....	2,496,948	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows :

Feb. 24—St. Hansa, Bremen—	Gold.....	7,374
Gold.....	Feb. 26—Steamer Mississippi, Rio Janeiro—	
\$95,318	Gold.....	5,320
Feb. 24—Schooner St. James, Tampico—	Feb. 28—Steamer Napoleon III., Havre—	
Gold.....	Gold.....	140,058
11,000		
Silver.....		
2,500		
Feb. 25—Stm. Tripoli, Liverpool—		
Total for the week.....		\$261,600
Previously reported.....		277,174
Total since Jan. 1, 1868.....		\$528,774

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall Feb. 22, arrived at this port March 2, with treasure for the following consignees :

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.		FROM ASPINWALL.	
Panama Railroad Co.....	\$15,233 02	Marceal & Co.....	\$1,060 00
Duncan, Sherman & Co....	68,071 98	Acherman & Co.....	1,300 00
A Belmont & Co.....	191,319 77	Hoadly, Eno & Co.....	200 00
Dabney, Morgan & Co....	77,206 10	Ribon & Munoz.....	4,439 00
Mont & Twyer.....	7,000 00	D. H. B. Davis.....	4,560 00
Eugene Kelley & Co.....	127,300 00	S. S. Isaacs & Asche.....	540 00
Lees & Waller.....	411,300 00	Order.....	30,748 00
Wells, Fargo & Co.....	38,402 00		
J. & W. Seligman & Co....	72,600 00	Total from Aspinwall.	\$42,837 00
Order.....	500,000 00	Agg. from both ports.	\$1,551,370 37
Total from S. Francisco.	\$1,508,133 37		

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement :

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 9.	Rising Star	\$989,464	\$989,464	Feb. 9.	Rising Star	1,255,333	4,495,087
“ 22.	Arizona	951,705	1,941,170	Feb. 20.	Arizona	1,568,161	6,063,248
Feb. 1.	H. Chauncey	1,298,584	\$3,239,753	Mar. 2.	H. Chauncey	1,551,370	7,571,680

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week :

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
Railroads.				
Chemung.....	2	March 2.	Company's Office	—
Mining.				
American Coal.....	6	March 10	Company's Office	Feb. 29.
Quincy Mining.....	3	Feb. 17	Company's Office	Feb. 4.

FRIDAY, March 6, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—There has been, during the last few days, a partial relaxation of the stringent tendencies in money developed last week; and although rates on call loans continue at 5@6 per cent. there is more done at the lower figure.

The last statement of the Associated Banks showed a loss of \$2,315,000 in legal tenders and a decrease of \$525,000 in loans and of \$443,000 in deposits. The loss of legal tenders appears to have been largely due to the Sub-Treasury having paid out largely in Bank currency instead of greenbacks. The loss of about six millions of legal tenders in February, a period when money is about to accumulate here, appears to be due to the exceptional movement in breadstuffs at the West. Since January 1, the receipts of grain at the lake ports amount to nearly 9,000,000 bushels, or twice the amount for either of the two last years. With the current high prices of breadstuffs this has caused a large amount of money to be drawn from the banks of this city. This source of demand, however, having been already supplied, the wants of the West, about the opening of navigation will be proportionately less than they ordinarily are at that period.

There is rather more movement in discounts. The merchants however, do not appear to be making a very large amount of paper and prime names are by no means abundant. At bank, choice names range at 6@7 per cent.; on the street there is but little demand for any except the best class of paper; second class paper is comparatively abundant but passes slowly and at high rates.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes :

	Per cent.	Per cent.	
Call loans.....	5 @ 6	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Loans on bonds & mort.....	@ 7	do single names.....	8 @ 9
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	6 @ 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	Lower grades.....	10 @ 20

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Government securities have been dull and weak. The banks appear to be sellers and there is also a steady influx of bonds from the country, in excess of the current demand. There is a limited class of holders who are becoming unsettled at the indications of the probability of Congress adopting some measure for reducing the rate of interest upon the Public Debt, and this feeling has been sensibly increased by the resolutions upon this question adopted by the Republican State Conventions of Pennsylvania and Ohio. There is an expectation that this position will be very generally taken in the Presidential canvas, and that as the question comes to be fairly placed before the public bondholders will become free sellers, causing a material fall in prices. This brooding apprehension is steadily depressing the market, and the dealers appear disposed to allow it to have its full weight rather than take the risk of resisting it. In spite of this tendency, however, there has been a recovery of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. from the low prices of last Friday upon bonds of the issues held abroad, while new Sixty-Fives, Sixty-Sevens and Seven Thirties are $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. lower.

The statement of the Public Debt for March 1, shows the total net debt to be \$2,519,829,622, or \$7,483,000 below the total of the previous month. The amount of currency in the Treasury shows a decrease of \$3,800,000, the total being \$21,754,082. The coin on hand stands at \$106,628,374, which is an increase of \$8,100,000. The issue of Five-Twenty bonds has been increased \$9,000,000, and \$5,000,000 of Ten-Forties has been issued. The amount of Seven-Thirties has been reduced \$12,000,000.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	Jan. 31.	Feb. 7.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 21.	Feb. 28.	Mar. 6
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	111 1/2	112 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2	110	110 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 " "	108 1/2	109	108 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 " "	109 1/2	110	109 1/2	109 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss. ...	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
U. S. 5-30's, 1867, c.	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	106 1/2
U. S. 10-40's, " " " " " "	101 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2	104	xc101 1/2
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	106	105 1/2
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	106	105 1/2

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The stock market has been very irregular and excited owing to the peculiar position of Erie affairs. An injunction was issued by the Supreme Court, at the instance of Mr. Frank Work, restraining Mr. Drew from delivering or in any way using any portion of the 54,000 shares of Erie stock held by him as collateral. Upon this, the price of the stock was run up from 64 1/2 to 75, attended of course with failures upon deliveries and private settlements upon differences to a large amount. This virtual tying up of a large amount of Erie stock has, however, given more strength to Erie, with which the market generally has sympathized. Rumors have been in circulation of the issue of a large amount of new stock by the Erie Company; but this course perhaps has been rather contemplated than actual. An injunction has been served upon the Directors restraining them from issuing any new stock for any purpose whatever.

Toledo and Wabash, Northwestern and Milwaukee and St. Paul's have been especially firm at an advance.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Jan 24 '68	Jan. 31	Feb. 7.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 21.	Feb. 28	Mar. 6
Cumberland Coal	33 1/2	33 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Quicksilver	27	23 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22
Canton Co.	58 1/2	58 1/2	61	61	60 1/2	63 1/2	62 1/2
Mariposa pref.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	10	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
New York Central	131 1/2	xd.129 1/2	128 1/2	133 1/2	129 1/2	128 1/2	130 1/2
Erie	74 1/2	74 1/2	74	75 1/2	69 1/2	68	74 1/2
Hudson River	145	146 1/2	147	143	145	142 1/2	143 1/2
Reading	95 1/2	95 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	92 1/2	93 1/2	94 1/2
Mich. Southern	89	88 1/2	91 1/2	92 1/2	91 1/2	90 1/2	91 1/2
Michigan Central	112	112	114	114	114	114	114
Clev. and Pittsb.	96 1/2	97 1/2	97	96 1/2	94 1/2	94	95 1/2
Clev. and Toledo.	112	112	112 1/2	112 1/2	10 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Northwestern	60 1/2	60	60 1/2	60 1/2	59 1/2	60 1/2	67 1/2
" preferred	73 1/2	64	74 1/2	74 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	75 1/2
Rock Island	97 1/2	100 1/2	99	98 1/2	97 1/2	96 1/2	98 1/2
Fort Wayne	104 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102	100 1/2	100 1/2	101 1/2
Illinois Central	136 1/2	136 1/2	137	137	137 1/2	137 1/2	138
Ohio & Miss.	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	31 1/2	30 1/2	31 1/2

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	120	40	163	409	65	797	
Railroad	52,631	57,979	62,456	68,623	53,896	50,529	346,169
Coal	1,100	500	1,300	575	625	4,100	
Mining	300	400	800	100	300	2,300	
Improv't	1,700	300	500	1,000	800	4,400	
Telegraph	6,112	4,300	3,650	1,850	632	1,661	18,265
Steamship	9,658	4,125	1,750	4,605	5,900	2,455	28,493
Express	2,614	1,100	593	4,160	3,370	7,639	19,476
Gas	140	200	60	400	400	400	400
At Exchange Board	28,739	13,154	34,689	33,822	29,299	24,325	169,028
At Open Board	45,606	50,190	35,000	48,244	36,583	39,649	255,272
Total current week.	74,345	68,344	69,689	82,066	65,882	64,074	424,400
Total Previous w'k.	107,084	99,244	66,087	53,794	45,446	371,655	

The transactions in shares for several weeks are shown in the following statement:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Min-ing.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total.
Dec. 6	738	178,352	493	1,600	2,750	16,133	32,350	31,645	264,061
" 13	813	273,119	936	12,230	4,900	12,428	28,495	23,683	356,604
" 20	479	344,402	850	7,900	7,265	24,370	42,498	31,831	459,590
" 27	210	318,603	3,800	5,750	12,050	37,350	54,073	30,013	461,909
Jan. 3	371	279,060	2,755	2,650	14,100	24,483	26,475	15,511	365,465
" 10	63	487,391	3,970	14,970	10,400	16,315	18,375	17,515	569,569
" 17	1,542	458,652	2,500	15,200	16,950	13,277	23,365	27,259	558,805
" 24	414	586,791	1,060	8,522	23,530	14,038	36,508	15,211	606,124
" 31	999	513,729	6,850	6,260	13,950	11,956	41,146	18,738	618,628
Feb. 7	985	388,304	3,066	4,710	13,370	19,667	35,445	33,797	495,749
" 14	1,198	384,843	520	2,050	16,580	10,748	23,627	23,515	462,931
" 21	1,676	450,524	993	2,300	7,000	2,306	83,088	9,217	532,104
" 28	972	301,484	2,296	5,050	7,137	20,463	22,500	11,753	371,655
Mar. 6	797	346,169	4,100	2,300	4,400	18,265	28,493	19,876	424,400

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$633,600	308,000	837,800	192,500	799,000	575,800	3,346,100
U. S. Notes	20,000	166,000	38,500	15,000	50,000	205,000	494,500
State & City b'nds	216,000	171,000	232,000	573,000	320,500	280,000	1,798,500
Company B'nds	53,000	11,000	80,500	33,500	78,000	57,000	313,000
Total Cur. w'k.	\$922,000	656,000	1,188,800	814,000	1,247,500	1,123,800	5,952,100
Previous week	635,000	1,300,400	1,118,900	641,200	1,149,000	4,844,500	

The totals for several past weeks are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending Friday.	Governments		State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount.
	Bonds.	Notes.			
Dec. 6	1,623,600	191,250	359,500	241,000	2,415,350
Dec. 13	2,019,107	136,900	544,500	157,800	2,858,307
Dec. 20	3,121,500	170,500	398,500	174,000	3,864,500
Dec. 27	1,497,500	111,500	439,000	102,000	2,150,000
Jan. 3	2,256,400	188,500	931,500	92,800	3,471,200
Jan. 10	5,003,600	393,850	912,000	191,800	6,501,250
Jan. 17	4,379,500	1,425,900	1,088,000	247,000	7,140,400
Jan. 24	4,288,500	392,600	639,000	352,500	5,672,600
Jan. 31	3,908,100	527,200	742,000	315,000	5,492,300
Feb. 7	4,144,500	329,300	778,000	448,200	5,700,000
Feb. 14	2,191,000	424,550	978,600	591,200	4,195,350
Feb. 21	2,072,300	172,000	2,255,500	627,000	5,126,800
Feb. 28	2,850,900	410,600	1,236,500	346,500	4,844,500
Mar. 6	3,346,100	494,500	1,798,500	313,000	5,952,100

THE GOLD MARKET.—There has been but little political excitement to feed the gold market, and the Room has consequently been neglected, and the price on the whole, weak. The tendency of cotton at Liverpool and of bonds at London has been against any advance in the premium, and the tendency of exchange has been in the same direction. There is, however, a growing conviction that the financial measures likely to be ultimately adopted by Congress will be calculated to force up the premium, and there is consequently a very general disposition to hold gold, and to sell only for a temporary "turn." Cash gold is easier; to-day 4@5 per cent. is paid for having gold carried.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Quotations.				Total clearings.	Balances.	
	Open-ing.	Low-est.	High-est.	Clos-ing.		Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, Feb. 29.	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	141 1/2	40,840,000	\$2,213,310
Monday, March 2.	141 1/2	140 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	141 1/2	42,340,000	957,530
Tuesday, " 3.	141	140 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	141 1/2	43,188,000	1,192,802
Wednesday, " 4.	141	140 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	140 1/2	29,304,000	1,730,412
Thursday, " 5.	141	141 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	141	31,880,000	1,331,716
Friday, " 6.	141 1/2	141 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	141 1/2	27,521,000	1,326,759
Current week	141 1/2	140 1/2	141 1/2	1 1/2	141 1/2	\$215,107,000	8,752,529
Previous week	143 1/2	140 1/2	144	3 1/2	141 1/2	494,301,000	14,122,864
Jan. 1 '68, to date	133 1/2	133 1/2	144	10 1/2	141 1/2		20,561,967

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, Feb. 22, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California	\$.....
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	261,600
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury	308,086
Reported new supply thrown on market	\$569,686
Withdrawn for export	\$664,901
Withdrawn for customs	2,324,472
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply	\$.....
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals	2,419,687
Specie in banks on Saturday, Feb. 22	\$22,513,981
Specie in banks on Saturday, Feb. 29	24,091,642
Increase of specie in banks	\$.....
Decrease of specie in banks	422,339
Actual excess of reported supply: balance retained in private hands	\$.....
Actual deficit in reported supply: balance from unreported sources	1,997,248

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
Feb. 24	\$388,521 78	\$5,098,703 53	\$4,733,592 90	
" 25	372,809 21	1,358,256 27	1,261,991 60	
" 26	416,641 23	1,913,884 23	1,260,238 82	
" 27	382,013 86	2,345,392 45	1,420,338 78	
" 28	338,197 45	2,291,150 21	1,141,376 20	
" 29	426,288 18	11,089,576 84	3,144,083 18	
Total	\$2,324,471 71	\$23,274,463 53	\$12,970,421 48	
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Feb. 24			109,543,661 32	
			\$122,514,082 80	
Deduct payments during the week			23,274,463 53	
Balance on Saturday evening			\$99,239,619 27	
Decrease during the week			10,304,042 05	

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$846,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$124,000 in gold, and \$2,200,471 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Jan. 4:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
Jan. 4				

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The supply of bills is steadily gaining upon the demand, and rates have been weak, and at the close prime 60 days' bankers sterling cannot be negotiated at better than 109 1/2, which is 1/4 per cent. below the rate of last Friday.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks :

Table showing exchange rates for various locations including London, Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Frankfurt, Bremen, and Berlin, with columns for dates Feb. 14, Feb. 21, Feb. 28, and March 6.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on February 29, 1868 :

Average Amount of Banks table with columns: Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Net, Legal Tenders. Lists various banks like Manhattan, Merchants, Union, America, etc.

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows :

Summary table showing deviations for Loans, Specie, and Circulation, comparing Dec. and current figures.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :

Table showing totals for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings for various weeks from Dec. 7 to Feb. 29.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of leading items of Philadelphia Banks for the last and previous week :

Table comparing Philadelphia banks' items (Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, etc.) for Feb. 21 and Feb. 29, including an 'Increase' column.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table showing Boston Banks' statistics: Date, Legal Tenders, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits for various dates from Jan. 4 to Feb. 29.

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston National banks for this week, compared with the two previous statements :

Table comparing Boston National Banks' statistics for Mar. 2, Feb. 24, and Feb. 17, including Capital, Loans, Specie, etc.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past :

Table showing comparative totals for Legal Tenders, Deposits, National, and State circulation for various weeks from Jan. 3 to March 2.

BANK STOCK LIST.

Large table listing bank stocks with columns: COMPANIES, CAPITAL, DIVIDEND, FRIDAY. Includes entries for America, American Exchange, Atlantic, Bowery, Broadway, etc.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, MARCH 6, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Table with columns for Stocks and Securities, dates (Sat., Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri.), Week's Sales, and various stock/bond entries including American Gold Coin, National, State, Bank Stocks, and Railroad Stocks.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, March 6.

The feeling of incertitude induced by the political situation and the obstructions to business which arise from the accumulated snow and ice in our streets and harbor, have had the effect to restrict somewhat the commercial operations the past week, but without materially influencing prices.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of merchandise at dates given:

Table with columns for 1868 (Mar. 1, Feb. 1) and 1867 (Mar. 1). Rows list various commodities like Beef, Pork, Tobacco, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Petroleum, etc., with their respective quantities.

In provisions there was a fair amount of business doing, but the market presented rather an irregular tone. Box meats were, as a general thing, in very good demand, and realized about previous rates, but pork and lard could only be sold by making some concessions.

Petroleum has advanced on the very reduced stocks—crude closing at 13@13 1/2c. in bulk, and refined in bond 26c. for standard white. Oils have been dull.

Naval stores have been firm, and Spirits Turpentine closed at 74c. free, and common rosin, \$3 30.

Wool has been quiet after the large business noted last week, but the advance then quoted has been well supported.

Freights to British ports have been quite dull, and rates have materially declined, closing by the Liverpool and Glasgow steamers at 8@8 1/2d. for grain, 3/4d. for cotton, 2s. 6d. for flour, and 35@40s. for weight.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

Table comparing receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 in 1868 and 1867. Columns include 'This week', 'Since Jan. 1', and 'Same time '67' for various items like Wheat, Corn, Oats, etc.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York. The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1868.

Large table showing exports of leading articles from New York since January 1, 1868. Columns include 'Same time in 1867', 'Total since January 1, 1868', and 'Total this week'. Rows list various commodities like Flour, Wheat, Cotton, etc., and their destinations.

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Feb. 29, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	Same time 1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	Same time 1867.
Buttons	190	1,514	981	Hardware	119	1,227	2,467
Coal, tons	688	8,465	7,563	Iron, RR b'rs	6,176	40,637	50,531
Cocoa, bags	40	2,622	3,073	Lead, pigs	6,583	66,948	78,510
Coffee, bags	8,294	182,474	174,073	Spelter, lbs.	528,738	407,269	42,729
Cotton, bales	20	104	104	Steel	3,382	23,156	42,729
Drugs, &c.				Tin, boxes	10,591	60,865	86,357
Bark, Peruv	135	2,660	1,581	Tin, slabs, lbs	271,383	394,321	394,321
Blea p'wd'rs	1,199	4,665	5,018	Rags	822	5,986	8,615
Brimst, tns.	159	650	1,550	Sugar, hhd's			
Cochineal	86	366	45	" " " "	3,184	19,427	11,433
Cr Tartar	35	193	100	Sugar, bxs & bg	17,273	114,278	31,324
Gambier			2,093	Tea	56,001	156,277	208,307
Gums, crude		78	3,415	Tobacco	52	4,136	5,947
Gum, Arabic	173	914	650	Waste	36	173	2,363
Indigo	24	1,052	384	Wines, &c.			
Madder	455	1,160	587	" " " "	1,120	13,456	17,493
Oils, ess	7	118	641	Wines	844	12,217	19,598
Oil, Olive	2,480	4,960	4,324	Wool, bales	2,351	5,051	7,116
Opium		200	108	Articles reported by value.			
Soda, bi-carb	1,600	12,293	22,936	Cigars	382	\$65,471	\$45,216
Soda, sal	2,463	8,700	2,828	Corks	3,897	25,341	34,500
Soda, ash	1,085	5,170	7,319	Fancy goods	17,107	197,523	779,770
Flax	7	305	193	Fish	9,549	78,077	173,209
Furs	142	740	301	Fruits, &c.			
Gunny cloth	1,050	4,016	11,242	Lemons	1,454	21,143	24,629
Hair	125	1,081	419	Oranges	17,821	113,824	76,570
Hemp, bales	2,871	26,659	20,279	Nuts	2,491	115,400	149,272
Hides, &c.				Raisins	32,683	462,084	173,247
Bristles	5	76	145	Hides, undred	256,962	1,959,179	1,760,444
Hides, dres'd	102	1,560	1,742	Rice	15,486	60,887	47,512
India rubber	85	6,776	11,354	Spices, &c.			
Ivory	11	192	35	Cassia	1,414	14,289	48,171
Jewelry, &c.				Ginger		1,611	10,462
Jewelry	23	464	105	Pepper		46	74,798
Watches	20	191	164	Saltpetre		100	1,133
Linseed	12,896	123,363	129,520	Woods			
Molasses	3,164	15,593	13,609	Fustic	3,106	24,470	12,217
Metals, &c.				Logwood	2,256	78,339	15,928
Cutlery	75	697	877	Mahogany		9,345	2,258

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 6, 1868.

The receipts of cotton this week are about the same as for each of the three previous weeks, the total at all the ports reaching 94,532 bales, (against 92,867 bales last week, 92,986 bales the previous week, and 90,725 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since Sept. 1, 1867, 1,649,340 bales, against 1,390,917 bales for the same period in 1866-7, being an excess this season over last season of 268,423 bales. The details of the receipts for the past week, and the corresponding week of 1867, are as follows:

	Receipts—1868.	Receipts—1867.		Receipts—1868.	Receipts—1867.
Received this week at*	23,271	20,576	Received this week at—	1,535	1,386
New Orleans	15,420	5,037	Florida	3,207	1,138
Mobile	11,406	2,395	North Carolina	7,055	3,646
Charleston	22,584	6,936	Virginia		
Savannah	3,248	9,372	Total receipts	94,532	60,570
Texas	6,706	10,084	Increase this year		33,962
Tennessee, &c					

The foregoing table shows an increase in the receipts for the week of 33,962 bales this year compared with the same period of 1867. Our telegraphic advices to night indicate a falling off in the receipts, so that our total for next week will be about ten or twelve thousand bales less than that given to-day. Complaint is made, we see, of low water in the Red River region and elsewhere, which is affecting unfavorably the arrivals at New Orleans. Late rains are reported however, but whether to the extent necessary to make all the rivers navigable we do not learn. The exports continue large, and show a further considerable increase on last week, the total at all the ports reaching 92,339 bales, against 64,862 bales last week, and 62,299 bales the previous week. The following table furnishes the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

	Exported this week to—							Total.
From	Liver-pool.	Glas-gow.	Fleet-wood.	Bre-Havre.	Ham-men.	Rot'r-burg.	Genoa.	
New York	12,092	600		1,533	509	1,430		16,169
Baltimore	100							100
New Orleans*	21,107			5,460	1,201	1,546	328	29,927
Mobile	18,412				418			18,830
Charleston	5,016							5,016
Savannah	19,265		820					20,085
Galveston	661			1,551				2,212
Total week	76,653	600	820	6,998	3,679	1,546	1,430	92,339

* Also from New Orleans to Vera Cruz 285 bales.

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fail to understand it.

For the corresponding week of 1867, the shipments from all the ports amounted to 56,357 bales, showing an increase for the week this year of 35,982 bales, and making the total increase in the shipments of the season up to this date 302,346 bales, and a decrease in the stocks at the ports of the United States of 281,635 bales, compared with this date of 1867. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1, 1867, now reach 1,032,288 bales, against 729,942 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks at all the ports are at present 351,106 bales against 632,741 bales at the same time in 1867. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			Total.	SHIP-M'TS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.			
N. Orleans, Feb. 28.	446,678	182,091	95,644	73,483	351,218	67,512	105,803
Mobile, Feb. 28...	307,958	140,484	9,585	8,577	158,646	85,684	59,409
Charleston, Feb. 28	193,134	57,114	1,115	12,633	70,862	100,218	27,563
Savannah, Feb. 28.	400,371	152,671	6,121	5,541	164,333	177,360	62,452
Texas, Feb. 21....	46,373	10,801	1,625	10,061	22,487	9,690	13,395
New York, Mar. 6*.	76,878	182,201	21,385	44,550	248,136	.....	55,400
Florida, Feb. 21†	24,420	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,259	2,084
N. Carolina, Mar. 6.	27,409	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,409	.....
Virginia, Mar. 6§.	96,048	3,208	.....	.....	3,208	92,840	.....
Other ports, Mar. 6*	30,071	12,072	.....	1,326	13,398	.....	425,010
Total this year..	1,649,340	740,642	135,475	156,171	1,032,288	519,972	351,106
Same time last year	1,390,917	618,475	70,951	40,546	729,942	549,216	632,741

We have had this week a very excited and unsettled market, and so closes to-day. On Saturday last, late in the day, a large speculative movement set in, and the price of middling Uplands was quoted at an advance from 22 to 23c. On Monday the legitimacy of this advance was disputed, some quoting at 22@22½c., and others adhering to 23c. But on Wednesday the accounts from Liverpool of an improvement in that market to the extent of a half penny determined the contest in favor of the operators for a rise, and the market at once advanced to 25c., but the close was weak last night, and to-day, under a pressure to sell, there were some transactions at 24½c.; but the ruling quotations this evening remain the same as yesterday. The market has been almost entirely in the hands of speculators, spinners buying sparingly, and shippers confining their attention largely to lots in transit. The sales of the week foot up 48,503 bales, of which 3,646 bales were taken by spinners, 25,049 bales on speculation, 19,808 bales for export, and of which 9,096 bales were in transit. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	Texas.	New Orleans.
Ordinary	@23½	@23½	@24½	24½
Good Ordinary	@24	@24	@25	24½
Low Middling	@24½	@24½	@25½	25½
Middling	@25	@25	@26	25½
Good Middling	@25½	@25½	@26½	26½

Below we give the price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday	23 @	23½ @	23½ @	24 @
Monday	23 @	23½ @	23½ @	24 @
Tuesday	23 @23½	23½ @23½	23½ @24	24 @24½
Wednesday	25 @	25½ @	25½ @	26 @
Thursday	25 @	25½ @	25½ @	26 @
Friday	25 @	25½ @	25½ @	26 @

In the exports of Cotton this week from New York there is a considerable increase, the total shipments reaching 16,169 bales, against 9,618 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
† These are the receipts at Apalachicola to February 7, and at the other ports of Florida to Feb. 14.
‡ Estimated.

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	Feb. 11.	Feb. 18.	Feb. 25.	Mar. 3.		
Liverpool.....	11,384	8,175	8,189	12,002	177,033	182,211
Other British Ports.....	296	200	....	600	5,138	5,577
Total to Gt. Britain..	11,680	8,375	8,189	12,692	182,201	187,788
Havre.....	430	1,943	224	1,538	21,182	7,433
Other French ports.....	....	....	....	....	203	6
Total French.....	430	1,943	224	1,538	21,385	7,439
Bremen and Hanover.....	1,220	512	352	509	27,100	12,893
Hamburg.....	620	....	....	....	9,245	7,213
Other ports.....	....	391	303	1,430	4,566	1,276
Total to N. Europe..	1,840	903	655	1,939	40,911	21,382
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	32	....	....	....	2,172	860
All others.....	....	....	550	....	1,467	....
Total Spain, etc.....	32	....	550	....	3,639	860
Grand Total.....	13,982	11,221	9,618	16,169	248,136	217,469

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	702	33,859	South Carolina.....	7,234	80,107
Texas.....	1,700	2,925	North Carolina.....	2,686	23,030
Savannah.....	5,925	137,407	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	6,062	75,822
Mobile.....	....	5,178	Per Railroad.....	4,236	84,062
Florida.....	....	8,846			
Total for the week.....	....	....	Total since Sept. 1.....	28,545	450,736

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	Boston.		Philad'phia.		Baltimore.	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans.....	2,806	26,147	....	3,454	....	147
Texas.....	....	1,007	....	....	....	188
Savannah.....	2,665	12,545	838	13,125	653	9,046
Mobile.....	1,689	10,871	....	203	....	....
Florida.....	....	50	....	....	....	....
South Carolina.....	720	7,192	508	2,766	665	8,565
North Carolina.....	8	240	290	949	223	2,413
Virginia.....	....	24	....	....	1,712	21,600
New York, &c*.....	2,957	53,592	....	....	....	....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c... 1,538	21,893	....	....	....	932	8,178
Total receipts.....bales.	12,388	132,561	1,631	420,497	4,185	50,137

* Reshipments.
† These do not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The foregoing tables show that the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 92,339 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
New York—To Liverpool per steamer Tripoli 814... Helvetia 3,172... City of Boston 1,243... Palmyra 1,001... Manhattan 2,930... Per ship Chillumwallah 1,747... Per barks Neptune 817... Volage 368	12,092
To Glasgow per steamer Iowa 600	600
To Havre per ship Guiding Star 1,538	1,538
To Bremen per bark Goethe 350... per steamer 159	509
To Rotterdam per ship Bessie Crosby 1,430	1,430
Baltimore—To Liverpool per steamer Worcester 100	100
New Orleans—To Liverpool per steamer Alhambra 2,058... Per ships Zetland 3,516... Curlew 3,764... Arran 3,025... Berkly Castle 3,757... tadacona 3,267... Per bark Punjaub 1,720	21,107
To Havre per ships Java 2,258... Freedom 2,671... Per bark Severe 531	5,460
To Bremen per bark Limerick Lass 1,201	1,201
To Hamburg per steamship Bavaria	1,546
To Genoa per brig Alessandra 328	328
To Vera Cruz per schr. Elina 569 half bales	285
Mobile—To Liverpool per ships Loreley 1,314... Black Prince 1,976... Maryborough 2,418... Royal Arch 4,198... Ronachan 3,264... Joseph Fish 3,407... Black Sea 1,835	18,412
To Bremen per schooner Iris 418	418
Charleston—To Liverpool per ships Magdala 481, Sea Island and 2,406 Upland... Nar razzett 126 Sea Island and 2,003 Upland	5,016
Savannah—To Liverpool per steamship Darlen 994 Upland and 669 Sea Island... Per ships Henry Cook 2,520 Upland... Simonds 3,319 Upland... Margaret 2,537 Upland and 63 Sea Island... Giants' Causeway 3,797 Upland and 39 Sea Island... Cara Wheeler 3,670 Upland and 30 Sea Island... Per bark Norma 1,627 Upland	19,265
To Fleetwood, England, per brig Ida 820 Upland	820
Galveston—To Liverpool per brig Sadowa 661	661
To Bremen per bark Schiller 1,551	1,551

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..bales. 92,339

By Telegraph.—The following telegrams have been received by us to-night showing the receipts, exports and stocks of cotton at the ports named for the week ending March 6, and price on that day:

From—	SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE CHRONICLE.				Price Middling.	Stock.
	Receipts for week.	EXPORTS TO—		Total foreign.		
Charleston.....	8,910	Great Britain	Continent.	Exports.	25	25,580
Savannah.....	14,200	17,500	2,600	20,100	25	49,000

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of Feb. 22, remarks:*

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 22.—The cotton market has been in a very excited state during the whole of the week, and an important advance has been established in prices since Saturday last. The small stock, and the apprehension of insufficient future supplies seem to be the chief causes of the animation which prevails. The total sales of the week 145,340 bales, including 40,940 bales on speculation, 24,860 bales for export, leaving 79,540 bales to the trade. In Sea Island cotton there is an advance of 2d. to 3d., in American of 1½d., in Brazilian of 1½d. to 1½d., in Egyptian of 1½d., in Smirna of 1d. to 1½d., and in East India of 1d. per lb. The prices current for American cotton, compared with last year, are subjoined:

Description.	—Ord. & Mid—		—Fair & g'd fair—		—Same date 1867—		
	20	23	26	29	Mid.	Fair.	Good.
Sea Island.....	10	12	13	14	23	26	44
Stained.....	10	12	13	14	16	17	19
Upland.....	9	9½	10½	10¾	13½	15	..
Mobile.....	9	9½	10½	10¾	14	15	..
New Orleans.....	9	9½	10½	11	14½	15½	..
Texas.....	9	9½	10½	11	14½	15½	..

The following statement shows the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.		1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Mid. Sea Island 44d.	33d.	23d.	23d.	23d.	Mid. Pernamb.	17½d.	18½d.	14d.	10
Upland... 18½	18½	13½	10½	10½	Egyptian..	16½	19½	14	9
Mobile... 18½	18½	14	10½	10½	Broach...	11	13	10½	..
Orleans... 19½	18½	14½	10½	10½	Dhollerah.	11½	12½	10½	..

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat to those ports compared with last year:

	1867.	1868.
Stock in Liverpool.....Bales	556,940	266,780
“ London.....	184,720	127,360
American cotton afloat.....	120,000	140,000
Indian “.....	184,720	127,360
Total.....	1,046,380	661,500

Since the commencement of the year speculation and export have been to the following extent:

	—Taken on spec. to this date—			—Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—		Actual exp't from K'gdom in 1867.	
	1868.	1867.	1866.	1868.	1867.	1867.	1867.
American.....bales.	39,170	7,800	23,130	24,373	14,768	227,900	227,900
Brazilian.....	6,810	700	2,870	5,252	9,104	87,740	87,740
Egyptian &c.....	13,310	3,560	2,570	2,128	1,806	12,590	12,590
West India, &c.....	590	230	1,130	977	1,263	22,660	22,660
East India, &c.....	53,450	25,060	14,970	76,090	53,498	660,760	660,760
China.....	....	310	20	30	781	3,390	3,390
Total.....	113,330	37,750	44,690	108,850	81,220	1,015,040	1,015,040

The following figures show the sales and imports for the week and year, and also the stocks on the evening of Thursday last, compared with last year:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.							
	—Sales this week.				Total this year.	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.	
	Trade.	Ex- port.	Specu- tion.	Total.			1867.	1868.
American.....bales.	38,000	5,370	19,070	62,440	282,390	183,690	26,770	14,130
Brazilian.....	11,010	1,380	2,020	14,410	100,560	43,160	10,620	4,110
Egyptian.....	7,540	580	4,320	12,440	64,210	39,050	5,910	4,170
West Indian.....	2,920	250	510	3,680	18,380	11,980	2,060	1,040
East Indian.....	20,070	17,180	15,020	52,270	324,400	184,270	22,160	13,270
China and Japan..	....	100	....	100	250	1,620	20	120
Total.....	79,540	24,860	40,940	145,340	790,190	418,770	67,540	36,840

	—Imports—				—Stocks—		
	This week.	To this date 1868.	Im- ports.	Total.	This date.	Same date 1867.	Dec. 31. 1867.
American.....	61,810	273,340	206,433	1,220,395	142,770	248,060	103,420
Brazilian.....	1,773	55,761	51,664	433,946	32,680	52,570	66,030
Egyptian.....	4,274	51,912	82,774	197,788	41,720	71,050	38,990
West Indian.....	378	5,044	8,678	107,047	2,070	10,780	13,640
East Indian.....	2,097	62,646	50,947	1,263,266	46,530	173,130	224,200
China and Japan	....	....	....	894	1,010	1,350	1,180
Total.....	70,332	443,703	400,946	3,323,276	266,780	556,940	447,460

Of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool, nearly 54 per cent. is American, against 44½ per cent. last year.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The cotton market has been very active, and a rise of 1d. per lb. has been established in the quotations. The following figures relate to East India, China and Japan produce:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to Feb. 20..... Bales.	64,591	15,876	27,522
Deliveries.....	23,380	25,564	46,524
Stocks, Feb. 20.....	66,082	54,072	84,965

BOMBAY, Feb. 15.—The cotton trade is very firm at 180 rupees per candy for new Oomrawuttee. The week's shipments have been 23,200 bales.

MADRAS, Feb. 17.—In the cotton trade there is great excitement, and Western produce has advanced to 7½d. per lb, cost, freight and insurance.

ALEXANDRIA, Feb. 11.—The supplies being small, and the advices from Liverpool more favorable, a further rise has taken place in prices. In white and fair descriptions there is an advance of ½d., and in good fair of ¾d. per lb. White and fair are now quoted at 8½d. to 8¾d., and good fair at 9d. to 9¼d. per lb., free on board. Annexed is the statement of shipments:

	Great Britain, bales.	Continent, bales.	Total bales.
From Nov. 1 1867, to Feb. 7, 1868.....	89,457	26,873	116,330
Same period 1867-7.....	103,467	23,991	127,458
“ “ 1865-6.....	63,564	17,221	80,785
“ “ 1864-5.....	122,933	22,548	145,481

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 6, 1868.

There is an increase in the exports of crude tobacco this week, the total from all the ports reaching 1,176 hhds., 492

cases, 569 bales, against 571 hhds., 283 cases, 478 bales, and 7 hhds stems for the seven previous days. Of these exports 1,024 hhds., 450 cases, 505 bales were from New York, 150 hhds. from New Orleans, 42 cases and 64 bales from Boston and 2 hhds. from Baltimore. The direction of the shipments of hhds. were as follows:—49 hhds. to Great Britain, 447 hhds. to Bremen, 42 hhds to Rotterdam, 8 hhds. to Antwerp, 573 hhds. to Spain, 21 hhds. to Africa and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 100 pkgs. and 97,766 lbs., of which 68,519 lbs. were shipped to London. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows :

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems— hhds. bales.	Pkgs.	lbs., Man'f
New York	1,024	450	505				94,965
Baltimore	2						2,801
Boston	42	64				100	
New Orleans	150						
Total this week	1,176	492	569	4	78	100	97,766
Total last week	571	283	478			191	65,036
Total previous week	649	425	418			332	121,924

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867 :

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems— hhds. bales.	Pkgs.	Man'f lbs.
Great Britain	4,861	1,102	197	150		75	809,624
Germany	7,333	3,042	9,565	4	682	525	80,162
Belgium	721	463	31				1,525
Holland	2,798	575			828		4,400
Italy	2,499	200				6	
France	3,262					43	2,333
Spain, Gibralt. &c	5,690	486				3	29,525
Mediterranean	228					113	10,613
Austria	88		20				
Africa, &c.	365	12	50			116	
China, India, &c.		765					8,590
Australia, &c.	4	421		23		264	735,975
B. N. Am. Prov.	72	123	178	1		553	38,232
South America	62	336	1,782			60	80,016
West Indies	166	200	2,512	37		136	279,085
East Indies		531				175	
Mexico	4	2	22			30	2,201
Honolulu, &c.		14				903	
All others	8						
Total since Nov 1.	23,141	8,262	14,407	215	1,510	3,492	2,092,791

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped :

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's	Stems— hhds. bales.	Bxs & pkgs.	Man'f lbs.
New York	17,132	6,138	13,330	131	283	1,066	1,996,460
Baltimore	9,952			30	1,227	79	9,916
Boston	322	1,951	948	24		1,497	2,500
Philadelphia		32					83,715
New Orleans	669		125				20
San Francisco		134	4				603
Virginia	66			30			111
Portland		7					96
Total since Nov 1.	23,141	8,262	14,407	215	1,510	3,492	2,092,791

The market has been unusually quiet. In Kentucky Leaf none but the merest retail business is reported, not amounting altogether to over 50 hhds. The lowest medium grades are very scarce. Seed Leaf has also been very quiet, and we have only to notice the sale of 188 cases State fillers at 4 1/2 @ 7c. In manufactured we notice some further demand for low grades of Black Work, of which stocks have been considerably reduced, but no particulars of transactions are given. We annex revised

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY, PER LB.

	Light, Ky.	Heavy.	Good do	Light, Ky.	Heavy.
Lugs	7 @ 8 1/2	8 @ 9 1/2		13 1/2 @ 15	15 @ 16 1/2
Common Leaf	9 @ 10 1/2	10 @ 12	Fine do	16 @ 18	17 @ 19
Medium do	11 @ 13	12 1/2 @ 14 1/2	Selections	19 @ 20	20 @ 24

SEED LEAF

	Old crop.	New crop
Connecticut and Massachusetts	Fillers 7 @ 10	6 @ 7
"	Average lots 25 @ 40	18 @ 30
"	Fine wrapper 50 @ 65	35 @ 50
State fillers	4 @ 5	5 @ 5 1/2
" Average lots	8 @ 18	8 @ 14
" Wrappers	15 @ 35	12 @ 30
Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers	4 @ 5	4 1/2 @ 5
Average lots	6 @ 10	9 @ 16
Wrappers	12 @ 30	15 @ 40

	Havana.	Yara.
Common	75 @ 80	I cut 82 1/2 @ 85
Good	85 @ 95	II cut 105 @ 110
Fine	100 @ 105	Average 88 @ 92 1/2

MANUFACTURED, IN BOND.

Black work—common and medium	15 @ 20
" good and fine	22 @ 30
Bright work—common and medium	25 @ 45
" good and fine	50 @ 85

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows :

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.

From	This week— hhds. pkgs.	Previously— hhds. pkgs.	T'l sin. Nov. 1— hhds. pkgs.
Virginia	137	413	2,620
Baltimore			25,277
New Orleans	5		1,268
Ohio, &c.	19	389	546
Other			252
			3,276
			117
Total	161	802	7,149
			34,062
			7,310
			34,864

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week :

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	lbs.
London	49			68,579
Glasgow				4,182
Bremen	297	151	366	
Antwerp	8	232		1,525
Rotterdam	42			
Lisbon	202			2,478
Vigo	271			
Gibraltar	14	65		
Africa	21			
British North American Colonies				6,869
Hayti	1		139	
British West Indies	6			856
French West Indies	10			
British Guiana	1			
British Honduras		2		
New Granada				600
Brazil				3,979
Cisplantine Republic	2			5,957
Total export for week	1,024	450	505	94,965

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF STOCKS OF SPANISH TOBACCO.

	Havana.	Cuba.	Yara.
Stock Feb. 1, 1868, bales	6,759		1,009
Received since	2,387	142	68
Total	9,146	142	1,077
Sales and reshipments to Feb. 29	2,252	120	100
Stock Mar. 1, 1868, bales	6,894	22	977
Same time, 1867	9,995	25	1,398
Same time, 1866	11,582		1,019

DOMESTIC TOBACCO—NEW YORK INSPECTION WAREHOUSE, FEB. 1, '68.

	Ky.	Va. & N.C.	Ohio,	Md.,	Total.
Stock Feb. 1, 1868, hhds.	16,020	550	19	25	16,614
Received since	761	37			798
Total	16,781	587	19	25	17,412
Delivered since	2,589	138			2,622
Stock Mar. 1, 1868, hhds.	14,192	554	19	25	14,790
Brooklyn inspection—Stock Feb. 1, 1868					4,045 hhds.
Received since					273
Total	4,318				718
Delivered since					
Stock in Brooklyn inspection warehouse, Mar. 1, 1868					3,600
Total stock, hhds, March 1, 1868.					18,390
Same time, 1867					16,803
Same time, 1866					27,891

At Petersburg the tobacco market the past week has been animated and prices well sustained, though the receipts, owing, in a great measure to unfavorable weather, have been comparatively light, but greater than the week previous. We quote the market firm at \$5 to \$6 for common lugs, and \$8 to \$10 for good to very good; \$12 to \$14 for good manufacturing leaf, and \$15 to \$16 50 for shipping in good order. Some fine has been sold at \$21 to \$28. Receipts this week, 156; receipts ast week, 125—Total receipts at this port since Oct. 1, 1867, 1,585.

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville there has been a fair degree of animation prevailing in the market all the week, with a sharp demand for the finer grades and good style leaf of all descriptions, either for manufacturing or shipping, with some sales of Owen country bright lugs at \$10 25, while cutting leaf ranged from \$18 25 to \$23, and Hart county wrappers as high as \$38. Owing to light receipts all grades are sustained, though common lugs and leaf rule rather dull at the close, and the preponderance of the offerings were of those qualities of the staple. The sales of the week sum up 529 hhds., with 64 rejections. The sales to-day amounted to 58 hhds., with 7 rejections. Prices ranged as follows: 1 hhd. at \$17 75, 2 at \$14 25, 4 at \$13 25 @ \$13 75, 8 at \$12 @ 12 75, 6 at \$11 @ 11 50, 2 at \$10, 8 at \$9 @ 9 95, 7 at \$8 10 @ 8 75, 7 at \$7 15 @ 7 80, 9 at \$6 @ 6 75, and 5 at \$5 10 @ 5 75 per 100 lbs. The

At Richmond the offerings and sales for the week ending Saturday were large, and a better feeling prevailed in the market. The receipts of lugs were very large, consequently all grades of that description are a shade weaker. The receipts of loose also continue large. Shipping is in better demand as there are several parties buying largely for export. The offerings for the week were 746 hhds., 71 tierces 60 boxes, with 545 pkgs. sold.

The inspections from 1st October to 1st inst were 1,640 hhds., previously, 2,840 lbs.—4,480 hhds.

The inspections for the corresponding period of 1859-60 were 5,603 hhds., and for the month of February, 1860, 2,898 hhds. We annex our quotations per 100 lbs.

	Lugs.	Leaf.
Inferior and common	\$3 50 @ 4 50	\$5 0 @ 7 50
Medium	4 50 @ 6 00	7 50 @ 10 00
Shipping, good	6 00 @ 7 50	10 00 @ 12 50
" fine	8 50 @ 9 00	12 50 @ 16 00
Working, good	6 00 @ 8 00	11 00 @ 13 13
" fine	8 00 @ 11 00	13 00 @ 20 00
Bright (coal cured) common	12 00 @ 14 00	20 00 @ 25 00
" medium	14 00 @ 20 00	25 00 @ 35 00
" good	20 00 @ 25 00	35 00 @ 50 00
Yellow wrappers good		30 00 @ 50 00
" extra		50 00 @ 75 00
" extra for smoking	30 00 @ 45 00	

At Petersburg the tobacco market the past week has been animated and prices well sustained, though the receipts, owing, in a great measure to unfavorable weather, have been comparatively light, but greater than the week previous. We quote the market firm at \$5 to \$6 for common lugs, and \$8 to \$10 for good to very good; \$12 to \$14 for good manufacturing leaf, and \$15 to \$16 50 for shipping in good order. Some fine has been sold at \$21 to \$28. Receipts this week, 156; receipts ast week, 125—Total receipts at this port since Oct. 1, 1867, 1,585.

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quotations for the week have not materially changed, and range as follows:

Lugs, common, light to heavy.....	\$5 00@ 6 00
" good.....	6 25@ 7 50
Leaf, common " ".....	8 00@10 00
" medium " ".....	12 00@14 00
" fair to good.....	15 00@20 00
" fine.....	20 00@30 00
" fancy.....	35 00@50 00

MARYLAND AND OHIO.—At Baltimore there is little or nothing doing in leaf for want of receipts. Stock in factors' hands very small and held firm, though nominal in the absence of sales—no vessels at present loading. Inspected this week 56 hhd. Maryland (26 hhd. reinspected) and 21 hhd. Ohio—total 77 hhd.; cleared only 2 hhd. to the West Indies.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, March 6, 1868, P. M.

The market opened the week dull and declining, but latterly, with a good export demand, some speculation, and reduced receipts, there has been more activity, and some advance in prices.

The receipts of flour have been exceedingly small from all quarters—partly owing, no doubt, to the heavy fall of snow. Local millers are doing very little, the largest mill in this city is now idle, and wheat being relatively higher than flour, there is no disposition to push production, except on orders for particular brands and quality. The trade have operated freely; and about 5,000 bbls. low grades have been taken for export to Great Britain—mostly fair extra State at \$10 10@\$10 25—in which also we notice some speculative feeling—the rapid reduction of stocks now going on at Eastern markets causing a considerable advance to be looked for. Lower freights to British ports are also favorable, as tending to stimulate the export demand.

Wheat declined 2@3c. early in the week; there was some money pressure on expiring acceptances, and buyers held off. But since Wednesday there has been some export demand, favored in a measure by lower freights, and shippers have taken about 50,000 bushels, mainly at \$2 39@\$2 41 for No. 2 Spring, delivered. Millers have done something, and Winter wheats have improved 2@3c., California selling at \$3 25, and prime amber Winter \$2 85. The market closes with a good demand, which is met pretty freely by the holders.

Corn declined early in the week as low as \$1 18@1 20 for prime Western mixed, but large freight engagements having been made, and supplies being detained by the snow and ice, the demand to fill those engagements turned the market greatly in favor of holders, and as high as \$1 27@1 28 were paid to-day. The prospect, however, is in favor of an early renewal of liberal supplies, and current quotations are hardly a fair criterion of the market.

Oats declined to 80c. for Western in store—recovered to 83c. on a speculative demand, but again relapsed and closed dull at 82½c. Barley and Barley Malt, on continued scarcity, have further advanced, and the arrivals meet with a quick sale. Rye is coming forward moderately, and with the subsidence of the demand from Germany, closes dull and heavy.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, No. 2.....	8 bbl. \$7 50@ 8 75	Wheat, Chicago Spring	per bushel.....	\$2 32@ 2 51
Superfine.....	8 85@ 9 50	" Milwaukee Club.....	2 35@ 2 38	
Extra State.....	10 80@10 75	" Red Winter.....	2 65@ 2 70	
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.....	10 00@10 65	" Amber do.....	2 75@ 2 85	
Extra Western, common to good.....	9 75@11 50	" White.....	2 80@ 3 25	
Double Extra Western and St. Louis.....	11 75@15 50	Corn, Western Mixed.....	1 25@ 1 28	
Southern supers.....	9 25@10 50	" Western Yellow.....	1 29@.....	
Southern, fancy and extra.....	10 75@14 75	" Southern White.....	1 19@ 1 25	
California.....	12 50@14 00	Rye.....	1 82@ 1 88	
Rye Flour, fine and superfine.....	7 60@ 9 50	Oats, Western cargoes.....	82½@ 0 85	
Corn meal.....	6 00@ 6 30	" Jersey and State.....@.....	
		" Barley.....@.....	
		" Malt.....	2 20@ 2 25	
		" Peas Canada.....	1 50@ 1 65	

The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	16,905	218,005	21,880	337,090
Corn meal, bbls.....	5,980	76,685	7,760	94,175
Wheat, bush.....	40,000	122,085	10,495	494,240
Corn, bush.....	19,425	285,010	168,105	2,242,690
Rye, bush.....	250	1,920	7,320	29,105
Barley, &c., bush.....	6,200	97,850	1,815	89,040
Oats, bush.....	15,235	187,195	16,195	236,685

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	5,935	78,902	.....	.....	.....	137,302
" since Jan. 1.....	26,798	311,435	.....	.....	.....	1,527,523
N. A. Col. week.....	3,168	300	.....	.....	.....	6,340
" since Jan. 1.....	10,487	13,242	500	.....	.....	13,500

West Ind. week.....	4,723	1,643	.....	.....	.....	200	1,540
" since Jan. 1.....	49,832	16,251	.....	.....	.....	14,316	12,812
Total exp't, week.....	17,308	2,093	78,902	29,421	.....	250	146,692
" since Jan. 1, 1868.....	118,100	30,777	328,235	46,895	.....	15,135	1,584,228
" same time, 1867.....	67,856	24,899	20,166	98,911	470,256	67,872	1,182,759
Since Jan. 1 from							
Boston.....	18,925	9,006	27,090	.....	.....	30	1,300
Philadelphia.....	7,473	14,730	.....	.....	.....	915	130,853
Baltimore.....	35,166	10,438	.....	.....	.....	3,029	317,49

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Feb. 29:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	45,158	70,245	238,803	57,997	13,636	7,011
Milwaukee.....	9,113	56,675	9,874	9,116	4,719	2,091
Toledo.....	8,809	3,197	99,750	4,538	200	1,000
Detroit.....	6,766	6,133	6,621	4,779	1,856	116
Cleveland.....	2,558	5,198	14,875	9,600	550	850
Totals.....	70,904	146,473	414,923	86,030	20,961	11,068
Previous week.....	52,515	201,997	583,576	136,801	23,298	12,700
Correspond'g week, '67.....	46,609	162,167	221,171	96,497	33,785	13,877

The following will show the comparative receipts of flour and grain at the same ports from January 1st to February 29, for three years:

Flour, bbls.....	1868.		1867.		1866.	
	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.
Wheat, bush.....	1,847,057	1,630,883	1,961,562	1,630,883	1,961,562	1,630,883
Corn, bush.....	5,444,470	1,672,361	1,222,477	5,444,470	1,672,361	1,222,477
Oats, bush.....	1,151,785	838,919	1,064,751	1,151,785	838,919	1,064,751
Barley, bush.....	274,321	253,226	110,221	274,321	253,226	110,221
Rye, bush.....	110,356	147,532	134,577	110,356	147,532	134,577
Total grain, bush.....	8,827,889	4,542,951	4,492,588	8,827,889	4,542,951	4,492,588

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, March 6, 1868.

Trade has been less active in most departments than last week. There is not a very heavy demand among jobbers from the out-of-town trade, and until a more active movement in that direction, there is not much disposition to accumulate large stocks. Prices have varied; in tea, Japans have been sold at easier rates, and considerable quantities of those sorts have changed hands. Other kinds have been steady, particularly for new Greens. Rio coffee has maintained the advance made on the active business of Friday, Feb. 28. Sugar, with free receipts from Cuba, has fallen off a fraction, and molasses has also favored the buyer.

The imports of the week have been in excess of last week's, except in coffee, of which receipts have been quite insignificant. We report five cargoes of tea, three of greens, and two of blacks arrived at this port. Cuba sugar has come in more freely, and stocks have slightly increased. The weather has been most unfavorable for the arrival of vessels, and it is fair to conclude that with a few days of Southerly wind the receipts of sugar, molasses, and probably of tea and coffee, would be heavy. Full details of the imports at the several ports for the week and since Jan. 1 are given below, under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	This week.	From Jan 1 to date—	
		1868.	1867.
Tea.....	lbs. 3,136,662	11,291,055	9,084,367
Tea (indirect import).....	pkgs. 184	3,086	2,718
Coffee, Rio.....	bags 7,303	218,539	166,746
Coffee, other.....	bags 2,483	51,082	.....
Sugar.....	boxes 9,331	48,386	15,527
Sugar.....	hhds. 8,468	28,900	24,453
Sugar.....	bags 2,800	67,904	26,557
Molasses.....	hhds. 7,441	32,222	39,513
Molasses, New Orleans.....	bbls.	10,963	8,937

TEA.

The market has been pretty steady for the several kinds, with the exception of Japans, which have been sold at rather easier prices, and, induced by that circumstance, considerable transactions have taken place. New crop Greens, first quality, have been most wanted, and are quite firm in price. Sales of the week have embraced about 5,820 half-chests Oolong, 12,888 do. Japans, and 5,210 do. Greens.

The imports of the week have included five cargoes by the following vessels—"Burnside," "Ousuri," and "Resolute" from Shanghai; "Warren Hastings" from Foochow, and "N. B. Palmer" from Amoy. The details of these cargoes are as follows:

	Con-gou, &c.	Oolong	Twan-kay.	Hyson Skin.	Hyson.	Young Hyson.	Imperial.	Gun-powder.
Burnside.....	.....	.....	32,976	5,149	47,851	248,555	49,807	73,425
Ousuri.....	.....	.....	27,709	.....	1,638	279,661	63,676	62,442
Resolute.....	.....	.....	35,076	2,697	39,399	385,360	92,948	107,399
Hastings.....	78,800	.....	479,900	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palmer.....	2,281	.....	945,813	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	81,081	.....	1,521,474	7,846	10,288	973,376	206,431	243,266

There have been received also 184 packages from Liverpool. The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to Jan. 1, 1868, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States, from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868:

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1.	
1866-67.		1867-68.	
June 1 to Jan. 1.	June 1 to Jan. 1.	1868.	1867.
Congou & Sou. lbs.	1,161,843	1,413,330	1,038,436
Pouchong	374,163	176,200	185,224
Oolong & Ning	7,884,788	8,894,819	6,429,036
Fekoe	12,078	9,600	9,600
Twankay	392,462	594,517	133,477
Hyson skin	18,720	23,190	18,188
Hyson	1,083,517	1,093,554	161,347
Young Hyson	4,371,999	5,945,388	1,554,183
Imperial	1,034,182	1,264,256	386,831
Gunpowder	1,093,061	1,548,292	391,253
Japans	3,595,628	3,816,275	1,053,590
Total, lbs.....	21,010,393	24,744,821	11,291,055

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 27,264 packages to San Francisco

The indirect importation since Jan. 1 into the United States has been 3,086 pkgs.

COFFEE.

The market for Rio has been comparatively quiet since the large sales of last week, until to-day, when there was rather more activity. Prices, however, have been firmly held, and on some grades are $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ higher. Other sorts are firm, in sympathy with Rio. Holders base their demands very much upon the advices from Rio, which are deemed favorable to them. Sales of the week have been about 16,689 bags, Rio, 1,381 do. Maracaibo, 1,000 do. Ceylon, 698 do. Savanilla, and 1,200 pkgs. of Mocha to arrive.

There have been no imports of Rio coffee at this port since our last. One cargo at Philadelphia and one at New Orleans are all that are reported. The only receipts here have been 550 bags from Liverpool by steamer, and 245 bags of sundries. At Philadelphia 1,568 bags of Laguayra are reported.

The stock of Rio coffee March 3, and the imports from Jan. 1 to date in 1868 and 1867 were as follows:

In Bags.	New York.	Phila. del.	Balti. more.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Mobile.	Gal. veston.	Total.
Stock.....	103,471	3,000	26,000	32,000	2,000	.....	166,471
Same date 1867.	33,550	1,800	.....	4,000	2,200	2,500	52,050
Imports .....	.....	4,000	.....	42,449	.....	.....	218,539
" in 1867.	99,112	1,800	26,820	.....	.....	.....	166,746

Of other sorts the stock at New York March 3, and the imports at the several sorts since Jan. 1 were as follows:

In bags.	New York Stock.	Boston import.	Philadel. import.	Balt. import.	N. Orle's import.	Total import.
Java	7,500	6,700	.....	.....	.....	14,250
Ceylon	2,227	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Singapore .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maracaibo	4,974	13,160	.....	.....	.....	13,160
Laguayra .....	.....	.....	4,112	.....	.....	4,112
St. Domingo	187	2,602	6,142	.....	.....	8,744
Other	4,195	9,267	1,424	.....	5	120
Total	11,593	32,169	14,266	4,112	5	120
Same '67.	26,298	31,432	7,752	.....	.....	.....

SUGAR.

The market for raw sugar has been fairly active in the latter part of the week, business being stimulated by the easier prices and free offerings. Refined sugar has been dull. Fair to good refining is about $\frac{1}{2}$ of a cent lower than a week ago. Sales have been made of 3,451 boxes and 2,962 hhds. Cuba, 160 hhds. and 100 bbls. Porto Rico, 19 hhds. Demerara, and 2,800 bags Pernambuco.

The imports are on the increase, especially in Cuba hogsheads, though the weather has been very unfavorable. At all the ports for the week the receipts of all kinds foot up 9,331 boxes against 5,072—and 8,468 hhds. against 5,240 last week. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba	P. Rico	Other	Brazil	At—	Cuba	P. Rico	Other
bx's.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	boxes.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.
N. York	6,865	4,864	302	118	2,800	Philad'l.	65	635
Portland	44	.....	64	.....	.....	Baltimore.	180	276
Boston.	130	1,144	.....	131	.....	N. Orleans	2,227	200

Stocks March 3, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

At—	Cuba	P Rico	Other	Brazil	At—	Cuba	P. Rico	Other
bx's.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	boxes.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.
N. York stock	5,836	.....	.....	5,495	.....	6,238	.....	.....
Same date 1867	29,267	.....	.....	21,911	.....	118,426	.....	.....
Imp'ts since Jan 1	25,619	15,571	1,509	3,151	20,231	15,260	49,544	153
Portland do	235	253	.....	696	949	.....	.....	.....
Boston do	4,514	2,824	.....	1,232	4,106	2,800	.....	.....
Philadelphia do	7,680	1,962	.....	1,962	.....	.....	.....	107
Baltimore do	2,858	180	276	996	1,452	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans do	7,430	200	.....	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total import	48,336	20,990	1,785	6,125	28,900	18,060	49,844	260
Same time 1867	15,527	18,817	.....	5,647	24,453	10,051	16,526	257

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, Feb. 29, 1868.—Sugar (Clayed).—The sugar market has been active, particularly during the latter part of the week, when another advance in prices in London was reported per cable, which advance gave margin to the buyers for European markets to enter operations on a larger scale than for some time past. The majority of sales have been made within our last week's closing quotations of $7\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{3}{4}$ rs. per arroba for No. 12, as a basis, current qualities, which latter price is exacted, at the close, by many holders, while the former one is freely granted. The demand for the United States and North of Europe closes active, as above, and we accordingly base our quotations on $7\frac{1}{2}$ rs. for No. 12.

No. 12 at $7\frac{1}{2}$ rials per arroba—Exchange 10 per cent. prem.—22s. 9d. stg. per cwt. f. o. b. (without freight) and fcs. 28.87 per 50 kilo's Exchange on Paris at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. D.

Last year at this date No 12 being at 8 rs. and Exchange $14\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. P.—stood in at 22s. 7d. per cwt. f. o. b.—Weekly Reporter.

Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. week.	Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Since Jan. 1.	Stocks boxes
1868.....	78,475	19,891	74,561	46,860	167,994	178,826
1867.....	85,335	.....	21,825	28,951	182,880	224,577
1866.....	57,901	.....	33,716	20,220	124,333	200,423

MOLASSES.

Molasses has been in only moderate demand, and, with free arrivals and limited purchases for distillation, prices have ruled in the buyers favor. Sales of the week amount to 2,035 hhds. Cuba, 613 do. Porto Rico, and 92 do. Demerara.

The imports at all the ports for the week are but little larger than last week, the weather having been very bad for the arrival of vessels many being over-due, amounting to 7,441 hhds. of foreign, against 7,248 last week. The details are as follows:

Hhds at—	Porto Rico.	Deme- rara.	N. O. Other.	Hhds. at—	Porto Rico.	Deme- rara.	N. O. Other.
N. York	3,659	641	176	.....	Philad'a.	998	.....
Port and	.....	.....	.....	.....	Baltim're	1,267	.....
Boston ..	279	.....	25	.....	N. Orle's	396	.....

Stocks, Mar. 3, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

*Hhds at—	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Deme- rara.	Other foreign.	Total foreign.	N. O. bbls.
New York, stock	4,252	652	.....	253	5,157	750
Imp'ts since Jan. 1	12,966	862	1,937	421	16,216	6,516
Portland	1,759	.....	.....	223	1,982	.....
Boston	2,718	355	336	568	3,977	2,279
Philadelphia	3,269	.....	.....	.....	3,269	2,068
Baltimore	2,636	.....	347	.....	2,983	.....
New Orleans	3,795	.....	.....	.....	3,795	.....
Total import	27,173	1,217	2,620	1,212	32,222	10,903
Same time 1867	33,623	2,034	.....	3,856	39,513	8,937

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

FRUITS.

There is little of especial interest in the fruit market. Turkish prunes are more steadily held, and prices of all kinds are firm.

SPICES.

The market is firm, and a light jobbing demand prevails.

We annex ruling quotations of goods in first hands:

Tea.

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.

	Duty paid.		Duty paid.
Hyson, Common to fair	90 @ 1 30	do do Ex f. to fin'st	82 @ ..
do Superior to fine	1 05 @ 1 25	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair.	88 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest	1 30 @ 1 50	do Sup'r to fine.	90 @ 1 00
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair	78 @ 1 00	do Ex f. to finest	1 05 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine	1 15 @ 1 35	Oolong, Common to fair	68 @ 73
do Ex fine to finest	1 40 @ 1 65	do Superior to fine	90 @ 1 10
Unp. & Imp., Com. to fair	1 00 @ 1 15	do Ex fine to finest	1 25 @ 1 55
do Sup. to fine	1 25 @ 1 45	Souc & Cong., Com. to fair	62 @ 78
do do Ex. f. to finest	1 55 @ 1 85	do Sup'r to fine.	9 @ 1 10
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair.	68 @ 72	do Ex f. to finest	25 @ 1 55
do do Sup. to fine	75 @ 80		

Coffee.

DUTY: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents per lb; all other 10 cent ad valorem in addition.

Rio, prime, duty paid	gold 17 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$	Java, mats an l bags	gold 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 25 $\frac{1}{2}$
do good	gold 16 @ 16 $\frac{1}{2}$	Native Ceylon	28 @ 20
do fair	gold 14 @ 15	Maracaibo	16 @ 18 $\frac{1}{2}$
do ordinary	gold 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Laguayra	16 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair to g. overgoes	gold 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	St. Domingo	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$

Sugar.

DUTY: on raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 3; on white or clayed, above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ above 15 a not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Melado, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents per lb.

Porto Rico	12 @ 14 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do	do 18 to 15 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cuba, inf. to com. refining	11 @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do	do 16 to 18 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair to good	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12	do do	do 19 to 20 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair to good grocery	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do	white 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15
do pr. to choice	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Loaf	..... @ 17
do centrifugal	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14	Granulated	..... @ 17
do Melado	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9	Crushed and powdered	16 @ 17
Hav'a, Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	White coffee, A.	..... @ 16
do do do 10 to 12	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	Yellow coffee	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$

Molasses.

DUTY: 8 cents per gallon.

New Orleans	75 @ 93	do Clayed, n. c.	44 @ 47
Porto Rico	50 @ 75	Barbadoes	50 @ 56
Cuba Muscovado, n. c.	48 @ 55		

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents per lb.

Cassia, in mats	gold 53 @ ..	Pepper	(gold) 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 24 $\frac{1}{2}$
Ginger, race and Af	(gold) 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	Pimento, Jamaica	(gold) .. @ 19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mace	(gold) 92 @ ..	Cloves	(gold) .. @ 27
Nutmegs, No. 1	(gold) 88 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 91		

Fruit.

DUTY: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, $1\frac{1}{2}$; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents per lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 cent ad val.

Raisins, Seedless	9 00 @ 9 25	Sardines	..... @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do Layer	3 95 @ 4 00	Figs, Smyrna	..... @ 27
do Bunch	..... @ 3 75	Brazil Nuts	10 @ 12
Currants	..... @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	Filberts, Sicily	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Citron, Leghorn	29 @ ..	Walnuts	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 13
Prunes, Turkish	13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Pearl Sago @ ..
Dates	8 @ 9	Tapioca @ ..
Almonds, Languedoc	36 @ 37	Macaroni, Italian	21 @ 23
do Provence	29 @ 3		
do Sicily, Soft Shell	17 @ 19		
do Shelled	86 @ 88		
Sardines	..... @ 28		

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., March 6, 1868.

The transactions of the past week have been very limited; business generally slackens towards the end of the month, and

the weather has been so severe as to greatly impede operations; these reasons, however, cannot account for the inactivity that has reigned in the dry goods market for the past ten days; the fact is that buyers were mistrustful of present quotations, and thought that they would obtain some concessions on rates by postponing their purchases. The balance was pretty evenly adjusted for some days, but just at the moment when jobbers were about to mark down their lists in order to stimulate the demand, cotton took another sharp upward turn, and of course any such idea was immediately relinquished. The market to-day has assumed a more active appearance, although the business done has not been very large, and holders are strengthened in their views by the favorable accounts that have arrived by mail from England. If Liverpool and Manchester respond to the advance in cotton on this side, there seems to be no great probability of prices of domestic goods receding much from the present point, especially as stocks of favorite makes are still lighter than usual at this period of the year. We do not expect to see a great revival of activity until buyers are convinced that the present range of prices is likely to be maintained. In the meantime, there is no doubt but that some material concession could be obtained by large package buyers, mainly in those fabrics with which jobbers now are fully stocked.

The exports of dry goods for the week ending March 3, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.			FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pkgs.	Val.	D. Goods. packages.	Domestics. pkgs.	Dry Goods cases.
Br. West Indies.....	2	\$114	2	362	
Africa.....	5	1,302			
Brazil.....	50	6,207			
Cisplatine Repub.....	4	583			
Argentine Repub.....	146	6,123			
Liverpool.....			38	8,349	
Cuba.....			3	475	
New Granada.....			22	6,622	
Havana.....				19	
Haiti.....				8	
Br. Provinces.....				12	
Total this week ..	207	\$14,329	65	\$15,808	39
Since Jan. 1, 1868..	2,417	194,273	793	302,153	2,174
Same time 1867 ..	894	111,748	496	316,899	477
“ “ 1860.....	13,304				11,322

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been inactive during the week. They are now in better supply, but prices are firm for the best brands. Agawam 36 inches 14½, Amoskeag A 36 19, do B 36 18½, Atlantic A 36 19½, do H 36 19, do P 36 16, do L 36 17, do V 36 15½, Augusta 36 18, do 30 14½, Broadway 36 17, Bedford R 30 10, Boott H 27 11, do O 34 14, do S 40 16, do W 45 19½, Cabot A 36 18½, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Exeter A 36 16, Golden Ridge 36 14, Grafton A 27 9, Great Falls M 36 16, do S 33 14, Harrisburg 36 18, Indian Head 36 19½, do 30 15½, Indian Orchard A 40 17, do C 36 15½, do BB 36 13½, do L 30 10, do W 34 12½, do F 36 15½, do G 33 14½, do NN 36 17, Kennebec 36 9, Laconia O 39 16½, do B 37 16, do E 36 15½, Lawrence C 36 19, do E 36 18, do F 36 17, do G 34 14, do H 27 11, do LL 36 16, Lyman C 36 16½, do E 36 19, Massachusetts BB 36 17, do J 30 14, Medford 36 18½, Nashua fine O 33 16½, do R 36 19, do E 39 21, Newmarket 36 16, Pacific extra 36 19½, do H 36 19, do L 36 16, Penn. Manor 36 16, Pepperell 6-4 27½, do 7-4 30, do 8-4 37½, do 9-4 45, do 10-4 50, do 11-4 55, Pepperell E fine 39 17½, do R 36 16½, do O 33 15, do N 30 18, do G 30 13½, Pocasset F 30 10, do K 36 15½, do 40 20, Saranac fine O 33 16, do R 36 18, do E 39 20, Sigourney 36 10, Stark A 36 19, Superior IXL 36 16, Swift River 36 18½, Tiger 27 8½, Tremont E 33 11½.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are quiet. They are in better stock, and some concession might be obtained on large lots. Amoskeag 46 inches 22½, do 42 20, do A 36 19, do Z 33 12, Androscoggin 36 21, Appleton 36 17½, Attawagan XX 36 15, Atlantic Cambric 36 27, Bay Mill 36 21, Ballou & Son 36 16½, do 33 13½, Bartletts 36 19, do 32 15, do 30 14, Bates 36 22, do BB 36 19, do B 33 14½, Blackstone 36 17, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 17, do C 33 14½, do H 28 11, do O 30 14, do R 27 10½, do S 36 15½, do W 45 20, Canoe 27 8½, Clinton COO 36 17, do C 36 14, Dwight 36 18, Ellerton E 42 20, do 27 10, Forrest Mills 36 16½, Forestdale 36 18½, Globe 37 8½, Fruit of the Loom 36 21, Gold Medal 36 15, Greene M'fg Co 36 18½, do 30 14½, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 15, do S 31 14, do A 33 15, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 20, do 33 17, Hope 36 16½, James 36 17½, do 33 15, do 31 14, Langdon 42 18, do 46 20, do 36 17, do 33 13, Lawrence B 36 15½, Lonsdale 36 21, Masonville 36 20, Mattawamkeag 6-4 25, do 8-4 35, do 9-4 42½, do 10-4 47½, Newmarket C 36 16, New York Mills 36 29, Pepperell 6-4 30, do 8-4 40, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 55, Rosebuds 36 18½, Red Bank 36 13½, do 32 11½, Reynolds AA 36 14, Slaterville 36 16½, do 33 13, Slater J. & W. 36 16½, Tip Top 36 18, Utica 5-4 35, do 6-4 40, do 9-4 65, do 10-4 70, Uxbridge 36 17, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 17, do 6-4 30, do 8-4 40, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 55, Wamsutta 45 32½, do 40½ 28, do 36 25, Washington 33 10.

BROWN DRILLS show no great demand. Stocks are fair, and prices pretty firm. Androscoggin 11½, Amoskeag 17, Boott 17, Graniteville D

16, Laconia 17, Massabesic 16, Pepperell 17, Stark A 17, do H 15, Winthrop 14.

PRINT CLOTHS are firm and active. The sales last week at Providence amounted to 56,500 pieces, and the closing price was 8½ cents for 64x64. Since then rates have advanced to 9 cents, with large transactions, and even a further ½ cent, has in some cases been asked by holders.

PRINTS have been quiet at firm rates. To-day there has been more activity, in sympathy with the advance in Print Cloths. Allens 13½-14, do pk & pu 14, Amoskeag 13½, do p'k & purple 14½, do mourning 13, Arnolds 12½, Cocheo 15, Conestoga 14, Dunnell's 14, Freeman 12½, Mallory 14, Gloucester 13½-14, Hamilton 14, Home 9, Lancaster 14, do shirt, camb. 16, do stripes 14, London mourning 12-13½, Manchester 14, Merimac D 15, do p'k & purple 15½, do W 16, do p'k & pur 16, Oriental 14, Pacific 14½, Richmond's 14, Simpson Mourning 13-13½, Sprague's pur and pink 15½, do blue and wh. 16, do fancy 14½, do shirtings 15½, Victory 12, Wamsutta 10½, Wauregan 13.

GINGHAMS are steady, with a fair demand. Caledonia 15, Glasgow 16, Hampden 16, Lancaster 18, Manchester 12½.

MUSLIN DELAINES show but a small demand, but prices are well sustained. Armures 20, do plain 22½, Hamilton 19, Lowell 19, Manchester 19, Pacific 19, Pekins 24, Piques 22, Spragues 17.

TICKINGS are quiet, and the market is well supplied. Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag A C A 38½, do A 30, do B 27, do do C 24, do D 21, Bunker Hill 21, Blackstone River 17, Conestoga 27½, do extra 32½, Cordis 27½, do BB 17½, Eagle 22½, Easton A 16, do B 15, Hamilton 27½, do D 20, Lewiston 36 35, do 32 30, do 30 27½, Mecs. and W'km's 28, Methuen AA 30, Pearl River 34½, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 17, Thorndike 18½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28½, York 30 27½, do 32 35.

STRIPES are inactive, but in good supply. Albany 9, American 15, Amoskeag 24, Boston 18½, Easton 14½, Everett 14½, Hamilton 23½, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 12, do G 13, Uncasville dark 16½, do light 15½, Whittenton AA 22, do A 20, do BB 16, do C 13½, do D 12, York 23½.

CHECKS are without change. Caledonia No. 70 27½, do 50 25, do 12 26½, do 10 25, do 9 21, do 7 16, do 11 20, do 16 25, Kennebec 22½, Lanark No. 2 11½, Park No. 60 15, do 70 22½, do 80 25, do 90 27½, Pequa 1,200 12½, Star Mills 600 10½, do 800 16, do 900 18, Union No. 20 25, do 50 27½.

DENIMS are in somewhat better demand at our quotations. Arkwright bro'n 17, do blue 16½, Amoskeag 32, Blue Hill 14, Boston brown 13½, Beaver cr. blue 19, do bro'n 15, Chester Dock B 14½, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 19, Manchester 21, Liugard's blue 14, do brown 12½, Otis AXA 30, do BB 26, do CC 23, Pearl River 30, Pittsfield 10, Thorndike 18, Tremont 20, Union 14, Warren brown 17½, Workingman's 21½.

CORSET JEANS show but little inquiry, but quotations are firm. Amoskeag 14, Bates 11, Everetts 15, Laconia 14, Naumkeag 14, do sixteen 18, Pepperell 15½, Washington satt 18.

CAMBRICS AND SILESIAs are fairly active and in good stock. Agents are very firm in their quotations. Pequot cambrics 10½, Superior 8½, Victory H 9, Washington 10½, Wauregan 10, Blackburn Silesias 16, Indian Orchard 14, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory twilled 14, Ward 14.

COTTON YARNS are active at 35 cents for large, and 37½ cents for small skeins.

COTTON BAGS are firm and moderately active. American 40, Lewiston 45, Stark A 47½, do C 3 bush 62½.

In **DOMESTIC WOOLENS** there has been a fair trade done at unchanged prices, although there is a disposition shown to advance the rates of some fine silk mixtures. Operations have been restricted by the snow storm, which has retarded the arrival of goods from the mills, and some stocks are running low in consequence. Foreign woolen goods are a little more active, but the trade for the finer makes is later than usual.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS show a better inquiry. British makes are not plentiful in the market, and command fair prices. The French dress goods have been mostly sold at auction, at rates that are as yet unsatisfactory to owners. To-day there was a very important sale of these fabrics, at which buyers purchased very freely at more liberal rates. Manchester dress goods are in good demand at remunerative prices. Piques are scarce in the market, and are sold ahead of arrival. House-keeping lineas are also in request at advancing quotations, and there is now every appearance of a successful season in these specialities.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Mar. 5, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows:

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	1,636	\$815,106	1,327	\$625,654	1,036	\$436,202
do cotton...	1,325	454,591	913	317,618	943	267,555
do silk...	618	592,616	195	248,731	498	433,882
do flax...	842	239,159	830	223,525	1,053	205,925
Miscellaneous dry goods...	2,741	191,884	319	132,502	929	204,677
Total.....	7,162	\$2,293,356	3,634	\$1,548,030	4,449	\$1,548,241
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	721	\$326,483	832	\$392,602	860	\$324,106
do cotton...	473	162,215	908	205,492	726	190,559
do silk...	158	271,912	251	275,686	119	128,151
do flax...	471	102,426	739	220,162	754	186,003
Miscellaneous dry goods...	83	38,314	1,575	37,453	2,341	70,658
Total.....	1,906	\$848,385	4,355	\$1,131,295	4,800	\$899,477
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	7,162	2,293,356	3,634	1,548,030	4,449	1,548,241
Total th'wn upon mak't.	9,068	\$3,141,741	7,989	\$2,679,325	9,249	\$2,447,718
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	1,815	\$734,188	972	\$413,446	566	\$187,483
do cotton...	663	215,465	607	218,023	709	141,699
do silk...	314	277,155	170	188,461	72	69,193
do flax...	1,136	295,405	464	114,793	224	43,937
Miscellaneous dry goods...	199	22,692	112	24,973	1,319	33,741
Total.....	4,128	\$1,604,905	2,325	\$956,101	2,890	\$476,193
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	7,162	2,293,356	3,634	1,548,030	4,449	1,548,241
Total entered at the port	11,290	\$3,898,261	5,959	\$2,504,131	7,339	\$2,024,344

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads in 1866 and 1867:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings, and Earn'gs p. m. for various railroads like Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and Alton, etc.

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL PREFERRED STOCK.—At a meeting of the directors of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company on the 29th ult., it was determined to make the dividends on the preferred stocks cumulative.

HUDSON RIVER SUSPENSION BRIDGE.—In relation to the suspension bridge projected to stretch across the river from the mountain (St. Anthony's Nose) near Peekskill to the opposite shore, we give the following official figures:

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table showing monthly earnings for various railroads from 1866 to 1868, including Atlantic & Great Western, Erie Railway, Michigan Central, etc.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, Last paid, FRIDAY, Bid, Ask, and various company names like Albany and Susquehanna, Atlantic & St. Lawrence, etc.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 1.

Bond List Page 2 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and Principal payable. The table is split into two main sections: 'Railroad' and 'Miscellaneous'. Each entry includes details like bond type, maturity date, and interest rate.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bemis Heights, Bennehoff Run, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, Capital, Net assets, Dividends (1865, 1866, 1867), Last paid. Lists insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American Exch'e, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists gold and silver mining companies like Ada Elmore, Alameda Silver, American Flag, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, Lake Superior Iron, etc.

CITY PASSENGER RAILROAD STOCKS & BONDS.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Par, Capital paid in, Last Divid'd, Price bid, Bonded Debt, Due, Inter. Lists railroad stocks and bonds like Bleck St. & Fult. F., Broadway (B'klyn), etc.

Insurance.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
In the City of New York.
NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000

New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year, and annually thereafter.

JOHN EADIE, President.
NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.
(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)
49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets,.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,
a rebatement on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| James Freeland, | D. Colden Murray, |
| Samuel Willets, | E. Haydock White, |
| Robert L. Taylor, | N. L. McCready, |
| William T. Frost, | Daniel T. Willets, |
| William Watt, | L. Edgerton, |
| Henry Eyre, | Henry R. Kunhardt, |
| Cornelius Grinnell, | John F. Williams, |
| Joseph Slagg, | William Nelson, Jr. |
| Jas. D. Fish, | Charles Dimon, |
| Geo. W. Hennings, | A. William Heye, |
| Francis Hathaway, | Harold Dollner, |
| Aaron L. Reid, | Paul N. Spofford. |
| Ellwood Walter. | |
- ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.
J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.
No. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1868.....363,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President
NOTMAN, Secretary.

H O P E FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, No. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$150,000
Assets, June 1, 1867 - - - - 222,433

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

Board of Directors:

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Henry M. Taber, | Henry S. Leverich. |
| Theodore W. Riley, | Robert Schell, |
| Steph. Cambreleng, | William H. Terry, |
| Joseph Foulke, | Joseph Grafton, |
| Cyrus H. Loutrel, | Amos Robbins, |
| Jacob Reese, | Thos. P. Cummings, |
| Hebbeus B. Ward, | Jno. W. Mercereau, |
| D. Lydig Suydam, | David L. Eigenbrodt, |
| Joseph Britton, | William Remsen, |
| Fred. Scauchardt, | Henry Hyatt, |
- JACOB REESE, President.
AMES B. MOORE, Secretary.

Insurance.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

UNITED STATES BRANCH,
74 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds.....12,695 000
Annual Income.....4,260,635

Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant. Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
of Dabney, Morgan & Co.
SOLOMON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co.
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.
EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey.
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }

CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$1,500,600.
GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and surplus \$1,000 000.
W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus \$700,000.
J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital \$275,000.
M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't.

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.

WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,
NO. 74 WALL STREET.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819..... Charter Perpetual.
CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.
J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets July 1, 1867.....\$4,650,938 27
Liabilities.....377,668 46

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,
BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Surplus.....255,057 77
Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates. Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.
R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres
F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

Financial.

OFFICE OF THE Pacific Mutual Insurance COMPANY,

TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY.
New York, January 11, 1868.

The following Statement of the Affairs of the Company is published in conformity with the requirements of Section 12 of its charter:

Outstanding Premiums, Jan. 1, 1867.....\$149,480 75
Premiums received from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1867, inclusive.....796,612 87

Total Amount of Marine Premiums.....\$946,093 62

THIS COMPANY HAS ISSUED NO POLICIES EXCEPT ON CABGO AND FREIGHT FOR THE VOYAGE.

No Risks have been taken upon Time or upon Hulls of Vessels.

Premiums marked off as Earned during the Period as above.....\$827,044 19
Paid for Losses and Expenses, less Savings, &c., during the same period.....603,270 41
Return Premiums.....74,421 12

The Company has the following assets.

Cash in Bank and on hand.....\$84,029 31
U.S. and other stocks (U.S. \$433,100) 476,298 33
Loans on Stocks drawing interest 66,550 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....\$626,877 64
Subscription Notes in advance of Premiums 279,584 45
Re-Insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at.....91,438 94
52,477 92

Total Assets.....\$1,050,378 95

Six Per Cent. Interest,

on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next. The remaining Fifty Per Cent. of the

Outstanding Certificates of the Company of the issue of 1863,

will be redeemed and paid in cash, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next, from which date interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be produced at the time of payment and cancelled. A Dividend in Script of FIFTEEN PER CENT. is declared on the net amount of Earned Premiums for the year ending December 31st, 1867, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the first day of June next.

TRUSTEES:

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| John K. Myers, | William Leconey, |
| A. C. Richards, | John A. Bartow, |
| A. Augustus Low, | Alex. M. Earle, |
| W. M. Richards, | John A. Hadden, |
| G. D. H. Gillespie, | Oliver K. King, |
| C. E. Milnor, | Dean K. Fenner, |
| Martin Bates, | Wm. T. Blodgett, |
| Frederick B. Betts, | Lewis Buckman, |
| Moses A. Hoppock, | Chas. H. Ludington, |
| W. H. Mellen, | Jos. L. Smallwood, |
| B. W. Bull, | Thomas Eakin, |
| Horace B. Claffin, | Henry C. Southwick, |
| Ephraim L. Corning, | Wm. Hegeman, |
| A. S. Barnes, | James R. Taylor, |
| Egbert Starr, | Adam T. Bruce, |
| A. Wesson, | Albert B. Strange, |

JOHN K. MYERS, President.
WILLIAM LECONEY, Vice-President.

THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

135 BROADWAY.
Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1868.....3,673,496 79
Liabilities.....107,490 55

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.
GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.
D. A. HEALD, General Agent and Adjuster.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....1,393,220
PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340

Special Fund of \$200,000

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y. GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,
No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Cash capital.....\$400,000 30
Surplus.....206,684 79

Gross Assets.....\$606,684 79
Total Liabilities.....50,144 36

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.
REMON LANE, Secretary.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward per lb 8 1/2 @ ...

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... per 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 37 Pearl, 1st sort... 11 00 @ 11 50

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... per lb 41 @ 42

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin... per ton 40 00 @ ...

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... per lb 7 1/2 Navy... 5 1/2 Crackers... 8 1/2 @ 18 1/2

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 12 00 @ 12 50 Croton... 18 00 @ 22 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ 45 00

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n, gray & wh... per lb 33 @ 1 75

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—Fresh pail... 50 @ 60 State firkins, prime... 50 @ 58

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax... 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 45 @ 48

Cement—Rosendale... per ton 2 00 @ 2 25 Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward... 8 @ ...

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel.

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold)... 15 @ 16 Maracaibo do... 10 @ 10 Guayaquil do... 10 @ 10 St. Domingo... 7 @ 7 1/2

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42

Cork—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts... 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 70 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phal... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val; Balsam Copalvi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calliaya Bark, 80 per cent ad val; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 80 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Caster Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1/2; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val; Sal Aratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1/2; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below, free.

Alcohol, 95 per cent... 4 25 Aloes, Cape... 20 @ 25 Aloe, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Annato, good to prime... 75 @ 1 50 Antimony, Reg. of gold... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Argols, Crude... 18 @ 20 Argols, Refined, gold... 21 1/2 @ 25 Arsenic, Powdered... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Assafetida... 25 @ 40 Balsam Copalvi... 95 @ 1 00 Balsam Tolu... 1 40 @ 1 50 Balsam Peru... @ 3 75 Bark Petayo... 60 @ Berries, Persian, gold... 80 @ Bi Carb. Soda, Newcastle... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... 18 @ 18 1/2 Bleaching Powder... 4 62 1/2 @ 4 75 Borax, Refined... 81 1/2 @ 33 Brimstone, Crude... ton... (gold) 39 00 @ 40 00 Brimstone, Am. Roll... @ 33 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... @ 1 1/2 Camphor, Crude, (in bond)... (gold) @ 1 10 Camphor, Refined... @ 1 10 Cantharides... 1 70 @ 1 75 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 17 1/2 @ 3 25 Cardamoms, Malabar... 1 90 @ 1 95 Castor Oil cases... 15 @ 60 Chamomile Flowers... 81 1/2 @ 83 1/2 Chlorate Potash (gold)... 4 1/2 @ 5 1/2 Caustic Soda... 18 1/2 @ 19 Caraway Seed... 14 @ 15 Coriander Seed... 90 @ 98 Cochineal, Hon (gold)... 80 @ 85 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd)... 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2 Copperas, American... 33 @ 38 Cream Tartar, pr. (gold)... 15 @ 16 Cutch... 3 1/2 @ 4 Epsom Salts... 10 1/2 @ 11 Extract Logwood... 17 @ 17 Fennel Seed... 80 @ 60 Flowers, Benzoin... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Gambler... gold... 1 75 @ 2 00 Gamboge... 50 @ 78 Ginseng, South & West... 31 @ 35 Gum Arabic, Picked... 80 @ 85 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 84 @ 86 Gum Kowrie... 13 @ 15 Gum Hedda... 38 @ 43 Gum Damar... 55 @ 55 Gum Myrrh, East India... 35 @ 35 Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 60 @ 1 00 Gum Senegal... (gold) 60 @ 1 00 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts... 60 @ 1 00 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey... (gold) 8 60 @ 8 65 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 6 50 @ 6 50 Iodine, Resublimed... 3 85 @ 3 90 Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 85 @ 90 Jalap, in bond gold... 25 @ 55 Lac Dye... 31 @ 35 Licorice Paste, Calabria... 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste, Sicily... 29 @ 30 Licorice Paste Spanish Solid... 31 @ 31 Licorice Paste, Greek... 9 @ 9 Madder, Dutch... (gold) 9 1/2 @ 9 1/2 do, French, EXF.F. do

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ Mustard Seed, Cal... 8 @ 12 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 35 @ 40 Oil Anis... 5 7 1/2 @ Oil Cassia... 3 70 @ 3 80 Oil Bergamot... 6 87 @ 7 00 Oil Lemon... 3 87 @ 4 00 Oil Peppermint, pure... @ 4 7 Oil Vitriol... 2 1/2 @ Opium, Turkey (gold) 7 25 @ 7 50 Oxalic Acid... 8 6 @ 1 10 Phosphorus... 1 05 @ 1 10 Prussiate Potash... 23 1/2 @ 37 Quicksilver... 78 @ 80 Rhubarb, China... 2 55 @ 3 25 Sago, Pealed... 8 @ Salaratus... 20 @ Sal Am'n'ac, Ref (gold) 81 @ Sal Soda, Newcastle... 14 @ 1 1/2 Sarsaparilla, Hond... 25 @ 26 Sarsaparilla, Mex... @ 18 Seneca Root... 15 @ Senna, Alexandria... 25 @ 28 Senna, East India... 20 @ 25 Shell Lac... 40 @ 49 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Sugar L'd, W'e (gold)... 25 @ 2 12 1/2 Sulp Quinine, Am oz... 7 00 @ Tart'c Acid... (g'd) 48 1/2 @ 50 Tapioca... 13 @ Verdigris, dry & ex dry Vitriol, Blue... 9 1/2 @ 11

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ Scotch, G'ck, No. 1... 72 Cotton, No. 1... 52 @

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold... per ton @ 32 00 Fustic, Cuba... 30 00 @ Fustic, Tampico, gold... @ 22 00 Fustic, Jamaica... @ 20 00 Fustic, Savanilla... @ 22 00 Fustic, Maracaibo... @ Logwood, Laguna... @ Logwood, Cam... @ Logwood, Hond... 19 00 @ Logwood, tabasco... @ Logwood, St. Dum... 13 00 @ 13 50 Logwood, Jamaica... 13 50 @ 13 75 Limawood... 70 00 @ 75 00 Barwood... @ Sapan wood, Manila... 50 00 @ 82 50

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 85 @ 90 Tennessee... 75 @ 80

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... cwt. 5 50 @ 6 50 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 3 50 @ 4 00 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 5 00 @ 5 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 17 00 @ 17 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 25 @ 20 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... @ 19 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... 14 00 @ 14 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax 16 50 @ 17 00 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge... @ 12 50 Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax 12 00 @ 12 50 Mac, No. 3, Mass, med. 10 00 @ 10 50 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1, 24 00 @ 26 50 Salmon, Pickled, 3/4 c... @ Herring, Sealed per box... 40 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 25 @ 27 Herring, pickled per bbl. 6 00 @ 8 75

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 15 1/2 @ 22 1/2

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 75 @ 2 50 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 10 @ 50 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 60 do House... 10 @ 50 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 75 @ 1 00 do Grey... 40 @ 60 do Kitt... 30 @ 50 Lynx... 50 @ 1 50 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Otter... 3 00 @ 7 00 Musquash, Fall... 12 @ 15 Opossum... 5 @ 12 Raccoon... 10 @ 50 Skunk, Black... 80 @ 60

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacao... per lb cur 35 @ 38 do Buenos A... gold 27 @ 38 do Vera Cruz... gold 36 @ 40 do Tampico... gold... @ 42 1/2 do Matamoras... gold... @ 40 do Payta... gold... @ 40 do Cape... gold 37 1/2 @ 42 1/2 Deer, San Juan... per lb gold 40 @ 42 1/2 do Central America... @ 45 do Bolivar... gold... @ 35 do Honduras... gold... @ 45 do Sisal... gold... @ 47 1/2 do Para... gold... @ 49 do Porto Cabo... gold 38 @ 35 do Missouri... gold... @ do Texas... gold... @

Deer, Arkansas gold... @ do Florida... gold... @

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 8 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 8d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 40 @ 45 per cent. 6x8 to 8x10... 50 ft 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 18x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 5 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 28x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x58 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 19 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New list of Sept. 25 Discount 80 @ 35 per cent. 6x8 to 8x10... 50 feet 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 13x18 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 6 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 28x40 to 30x48... (3 qlts) 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... (3 qlts) 20 50 @ 16 00 32x58 to 34x60... (3 qlts) 24 00 @ 18 00 34x62 to 40x60... (3 qlts) 26 00 @ 21 00 English sells at 20 @ 25 per cent off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 18 1/2 @ 19

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... @ 20

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad val; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ Meal... 6 00 @ Deer... 5 50 @ Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd... per lb gold... 25 1/2 Buenos Ayres, mixed... 22 @ 22 1/2 Hog, Western, unwash... 11 @ 12

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 1 10 @ 1 15

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico, 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed... per ton 320 00 @ 380 00 do Undressed... 210 00 @ 240 00 Russia, Clean... (gold) @ 230 00 Jute... (gold) 105 00 @ 180 00 Italian... (gold) 230 00 @ Manila... per lb (gold) @ 11 Sisal... @

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres... per lb g'd 19 1/2 @ 20 1/2 Montevideo... do 19 1/2 @ 20 Bio Grande... do 19 1/2 @ 20 Orinoco... do @ 18 1/2 California... do 19 @ 19 1/2 San Juan... do 16 @ 17 Matamoras... do 16 @ 17 Vera Cruz... do 15 @ 16 Tampico... do 15 @ 16 Bogota... do 16 @ 17 Porto Cabello... do 14 @ 15 Maracaibo... do 14 @ 15 Truxillo... do 15 @ 17 Bahia... do 14 @ 15 Rio Hache... do 14 @ 15 Curacao... do 18 @ 15 S. Domingo & Pt. au Platt... do 11 @ 13 Texas... do 13 @ 16 Western... do 13 @ 15

Dry Salted Hides—Chili... gold 14 @ 15 Payta... do 14 @ 15 Maranhao... do 11 @ 12 1/2 Pernambuco... do 11 @ 12 1/2 Bahia... do 10 @ 11 Matamoras... do 13 @ 14 Maracaibo... do 11 @ 12 Savanilla... do 12 @ 12 1/2 Wet Salted Hides—Bue. Ayres... per lb g'd... @ 11 Rio Grande... do... @ 11 California... do... @ 11 Para... do 10 @ 11 New Orleans... cur 11 @ 11 1/2 City's later trim. & cured... 11 1/2 @ 12

Upper Leather Stock—
 B.A. & Rio Gr. Kip 22 @ 22 1/2
 Sierra Leone... cash 26 @ 27
 Gambia & Bissau... 22 @ 24
 Zanibar... .. @ ..
East India Stock—
 Calcutta, city sl'hter 14 @ 15
 do p. gold... 12 @ 13
 Calcutta, dead green 11 @ 11 1/2
 do buffalo, #1b 11 @ 11 1/2
 Manila & Batavia, buffalo... #1b 11 @ 11 1/2
Honey—Duty, 2 cent # gallon.
 Cuba (in bond) (gr) # gall. 61 @ 62
Hops—Duty: 5 cents # lb.
 Crop of 1867... # lb 40 @ 63
 do of 1866... 30 @ 51
 Bavarian... 35 @ 51
Horns—Duty, 10 cent. ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande... # C 7 00 @ 8 00
 Ox, American... 7 00 @ ..
India Rubber—Duty, 10 cent. ad val.
 Para, Fine... # lb @ 77 1/2
 Para, Medium... 57 1/2 @ 60
 Para, Coarse... 45 @ 47 1/2
 East India... .. @ ..
 Carthagens, &c... .. @ 45
Indigo—Duty FREE.
 Bengal... (gold) # lb 1 10 @ 1 90
 Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 40
 Madras... (gold) 70 @ 1 00
 Manila... (gold) 65 @ 1 00
 Guatemala... (gold) 95 @ 1 20
 Caraccas... (gold) 75 @ 1 00
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents # lb.
 Railroad, 70 cents # 100 lb; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents # lb; Pig, #9 # ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents # lb.
 Fig, Scotch, No 1. # ton 39 00 @ 42 00
 Fig, American, No. 1... 33 00 @ 34 00
 Fig, American, No. 2... 35 00 @ 37 00
 Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 50 @ 55 00
 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold)... 37 50 @ 90 00
STORE PRICES—
 Bar Swedes, ordinary sizes... @ 150 00
 Bar, English and American, Refined... 95 00 @ 100 00
 do do Common 55 00 @ 90 00
 Scroll... 125 0 @ 170 00
 Ovals and Half Round 120 00 @ 150 00
 Band... 125 00 @ ..
 Horse Shoe... 125 00 @ ..
 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 100 00 @ 160 00
 Hoop... 133 00 @ 185 00
 Nail Rod... # lb 9 @ 10
 Sheet, Russia... 16 @ 17
 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 5 @ 7
 Rails, Eng. (g'd) # ton 52 00 @ 53 00
 do American... 79 00 @ 82 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 East India, Prime # lb 3 30 @ 3 15
 East Ind., Billiard Ball 3 25 @ 3 50
 African, Prime... 2 75 @ 2 87 1/2
 African, Scrivel, W.C. 1 60 @ 2 50
Lead—Duty, Pig, #2 # 100 lb; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents # lb.
 Galena... # 100 lb @ ..
 Spanish... (gold) 6 40 @ 6 50
 German... (gold) 6 40 @ 6 75
 English... (gold) 6 45 @ 6 87
 Bar... .. net @ 10 50
 Pipe and Sheet... net @ 12 00
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 cent ad val.
 Oak, sl'hter, heavy # lb 40 @ 45
 do do middle 38 @ 46
 do do light... 33 @ 42
 do do crop, heavy 38 @ 42
 do do middle 38 @ 43
 do do light... .. @ 42
 Oak, rough slaughter... 38 @ 46 1/2
 Hemlock, B. A., &c., h'y 26 @ 28
 do do middle... 26 @ 28
 do do light... 26 @ 28
 do Califor., heavy 25 1/2 @ 27
 do do middle... 25 1/2 @ 27
 do do light... 25 1/2 @ 27
 do Orino., heavy... 23 @ 25
 do do middle... 25 @ 26
 do do light... 25 1/2 @ 25 1/2
 do rough... 35 @ 39
 do good damaged 22 @ 24 1/2
 do poor do 18 @ 21
Lime—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Rockland, com. # bbl. @ 1 50
 do heavy... .. @ 2 00
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.—
 Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.; Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Spruce, East. # M ft 18 50 @ 20 00
 Southern Pine... 35 00 @ 40 00
 White Pine Box B'ds 24 00 @ 27 00
 White Pine Merch.
 Box Boards... 27 00 @ 30 00
 Clear Pine... 60 00 @ 65 00
 Laths, Eastern # M 2 75 @ ..
 Poplar and White wood B'ds & Plank 50 00 @ 55 00
 Cherry B'ds & Plank 75 00 @ 80 00
 Oak and Ash... 45 00 @ 55 00
 Maple and Birch... 35 00 @ 40 00
 Black Walnut... 75 00 @ 100 00
STAVES—
 White Oak, hhd., West India... # M @ 135 00

White oak, pipe, extra... # M @ 275 00
 do pipe, heavy... @ 225 00
 do pipe, light... @ 175 00
 do pipe, culls... @ 170 00
 do pipe, culls, lt... @ 110 00
 do hhd., extra... @ 235 00
 do hhd., heavy... @ 175 00
 do hhd., light... @ 110 00
 do hhd., culls... @ 100 00
 do bbl., extra... @ 150 00
 do bbl., heavy... @ 115 00
 do bbl., light... @ 90 00
 do bbl., culls... @ 60 00
 Red oak, hhd., h'vy... @ 120 00
 do hhd., light... @ 80 00
HEADING—White oak hhd... @ 140 00
HEADING—White Oak double bbl... 240 00 @ ..
Manogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free.
 Manogany St. Domin... # ft. 25 @ 50
 do St. Domingo ordinary logs... 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt, crotches... 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt, logs... 10 @ 14
 do Nuevitas... 10 @ 14
 do Mansanilla... 10 @ 14
 do Mexican... 11 @ 15
 do Honduras (American wood)... 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas... 8 @ 12
 do Mansanilla... 8 @ 12
 do Mexican... 8 @ 12
 do Florida # c. ft. 25 @ 50
 Rosewood, R. Jan. # lb 5 @ 8
 do Bahia... 4 @ 6
Molasses—See special report.
Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/4; wrought 2 1/4; horse shoe 2 cents # lb.
 Cut, 4d. @ 60d. # 100 lb 5 25 @ 5 37 1/2
 Clinch... 7 00 @ 7 25
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) # lb 27 @ 30
 Copper... 42 @ ..
 Yellow metal... 26 @ ..
 Zinc... 18 @ ..
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents # gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 cent ad val.
 Turpentine, soft, # 280 lb 5 00 @ 5 25
 Tar, N. County # bbl. 2 75 @ 3 21
 Tar, Wilmington... 3 25 @ 3 50
 Pitch City... 3 25 @ 3 50
 Spirits turpentine # gal... @ 74
 Rosin, com'n. # 280 lb... @ 3 30
 do strained and No. 2... 3 30 @ 3 75
 do No. 1... 3 75 @ 4 75
 do Pale... 6 00 @ 6 25
 do extra pale... 6 50 @ 7 50
Oakum—Duty fr. # lb 8 @ 11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 cent ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls. # ton 52 50 @ 3 00
 do in bags. 50 50 @ 51 00
 West. thin obl'g, do 47 50 @ 48 00
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 33 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, #1; burning fluid, 50 cents # gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries), 20 cent ad val.
 Olive, Mar's, qs (gold) per case... 4 00 @ 4 00
 do in casks. # gall... @ 2 80
 Palm... # lb @ 11 1/2
 Linseed, city... # gall. 1 20 @ 1 23
 Whale, crude... @ 90
 do bleached winter 86 @ 85
 Sperm, crude... 2 00 @ 2 05
 do wint. unbleach. 2 25 @ ..
 Lard oil, prime winter 1 40 @ 1 45
 Red oil, city dist. Blain 65 @ 67 1/2
 do saponified, west'n 75 @ ..
 Bank... .. @ 60
 Straits... .. @ 65
 Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr. 30 @ 40
 Lubricating... .. @ 40
 Kerosene... (free). 44 @ ..
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents # lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent # lb; dry ochres, 56 cents # 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents # lb; ochre, ground in oil, # 50 # 100 lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val.; China clay, #5 # ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 cent ad val.; white chalk, #10 # ton.
 Litharge, City... # lb 11 @ 11 1/2
 Lead, red, City... 11 @ 11 1/2
 do white, American, pure, in oil... @ 12 1/2
 do white, American, pure, dry... @ 12 1/2
 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1... 8 1/2 @ 9
 do white, American, No. 1, in oil... 9 @ 12
 do White, French, dry 12 1/2 @ 13
 do white, French, in oil... 11 @ 14 1/2
 Ochre, yellow, French, dry... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
 do ground, in oil... 8 @ 1
 Spanish brown, dry # 100 lb 1 00 @ 1 25
 do gr'd in oil # lb 8 @ 9
 Paris wh., No. 1... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
 Chrome, yellow, dry... 15 @ 35
 Whiting, Amer... 2 @ 2 1/2
 Vermilion, China, # lb 1 20 @ 1 25

Vermilion, Trieste... 1 00 @ 1 10
 do Cal. & Eng... 1 20 @ 1 25
 do Amer. com... 2 @ 27 1/2
 Venet. red (N.C.) # cwt 2 85 @ 3 00
 Carmine, city made # lb 16 00 @ 20 00
 Plumbago... .. @ 6
 China clay, # ton... @ 33 00
 Chalk... # lb... 1 1/2
 Chalk, block... # ton 22 50 @ 23 00
 Barytes, American # lb... 1 1/2
 Barytes, Foreign... 39 00 @ 42 75
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents # gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. # gal 16 @ 17
 do in bulk... .. @ 13
 Refined, free, S.W... 42 @ 43
 do in bond, prime L. S. to W. (110 @ 115 test)... @ 26
 do do, prime white 25 @ 25 1/2
 Naptha, refined, 70 grav... 18 @ ..
 Residium... # bbl. 3 00 @ 3 50
 Gasoline... 18 @ 21
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; lams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts # lb.
 Pork, new mess, # bbl 24 62 @ 24 85
 Pork, old m-ss... 23 25 @ 23 27
 Pork, prime mess... 22 70 @ 23 00
 do prime... 19 50 @ 21 00
 Beef, plain mess... 13 00 @ 19 00
 do extra mess... 18 00 @ 22 00
 do hams... 33 00 @ 35 50
 Hams, dry... # lb 15 @ 15 1/2
 Hams, in pickle... .. @ ..
 Shoulders dry... 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2
 Shoulders in pickle... .. @ ..
 Lard... 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents # lb.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents # lb.
 Carolina... # 100 lb 11 00 @ 11 50
 Rangoon Dress'd, gold duty paid... 6 50 @ 7 00
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents # 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents # 100 lb.
 Turks Islands # bush. 45 @ 46
 Cadiz... 37 @ 38
 Liverpool, gr'd # sack 1 85 @ 1 90
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 50 @ ..
 do fine, Worthing's 2 70 @ ..
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent # lb.
 Refined, pure... # lb @ 15
 Crude... 10 1/2 @ 10 1/2
 Nitrate soda... gold 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1/2 cent # lb; canary, \$1 # bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val.
 Clover... # bus 13 @ 14
 Timothy, reaped # bus 2 75 @ 3 00
 Canary... # bus 4 70 @ 5 50
 Hemp... 3 00 @ 3 27 1/2
 Lins'd Am. rough # bus 2 75 @ 2 85
 do Calc'a, Boston, g'd 2 25 @ ..
 do do New Yk, g'd 2 37 1/2 @ ..
Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents # lb.
 Drop... # lb 1 1/2 @ ..
 Buck... 1 1/2 @ ..
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cent.
 Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3 # lb 10 00 @ 11 00
 Taysams, superior, No. 12... 9 00 @ 9 25
 do medium, No. 3 @ 4... 8 00 @ 8 50
 Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2... 7 25 @ 8 00
 Canton, Usual Reel... 8 50 @ 9 00
 Japan, superior... 10 50 @ 13 00
 do Medium... 8 00 @ 9 00
 China thrown... nominal.
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 # 100 lbs.
 Plates, foreign # lb gold (1/2 @ 61
 do domestic... 10 @ 10 1/2
Spices—See special report.
Spirits—Duty: Brandy, for first proof \$3 # gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey, for first proof, \$2 50 # gallon.
 Brandy, Otard, Dupuy & Co. (gold) # gal. 5 20 @ 13 00
 Brandy, Pinet, Castillon & Co (gold) 5 00 @ 17 00
 do Hennessy (gold) 5 50 @ 18 00
 do Marett & Co (g'd) 5 50 @ 10 00
 do oth. fr. b'ds (g'd) 4 40 @ 9 00
 Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd) 4 50 @ 4 75
 do St. Croix, 3d proof... (gold) 3 50 @ 3 75
 Gin, diff. brands (gold) 3 00 @ 4 35
Domestic Liquors—Cash.
 Brandy, gin & p. sp'its... @ 2 25
 Rum, pure... @ 2 25
 Whiskey... 20 @ 25
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents # lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts # lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents # lb and 14 cent ad val. (Store prices.)
 English, cast # lb... 18 @ 23
 English, spring... 10 @ 14 1/2
 English blister... 11 1/2 @ 20
 English machine... 13 @ 16
 English German... 14 @ 16
 American blister... 14 @ 17
 American cast To. 1... 21 @ 22
 American spring do... 12 @ 14
 American mach'y do... @ 14
 American German, do... 10 @ 13

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Sicily... # ton... 125 00 @ 225 00
Sugar—See special report.
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent # lb.
 American, prime, country and city # lb... 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
Teas—See special report.
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent. ad val.
 Banca... # lb (gold) 25 @ ..
 Straits... (gold) .. @ 23 1/2
 English... (gold) 23 @ 23 1/2
 Plates, char. I.C. # box 12 00 @ 12 75
 do I. C. Coke... 10 25 @ 11 00
 do Terne Charcoal 11 50 @ 12 00
 do Terne Coke... 9 00 @ 9 50
Tobacco—See special report.
Wines—Duty: Value not over 50 cts # gallon, 20 cents # gallon, and 25 cent. ad val.; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents # gallon and 25 cent. ad val.; over \$1 # gallon, \$1 # gallon and 25 cent ad val.
 Madeira... # gall. 3 50 @ 7 00
 Sherry... 1 25 @ 9 00
 Port... 2 00 @ 7 50
 Burgundy port... (gold) 75 @ 1 25
 Lisbon... (gold) 2 25 @ 3 50
 Sicily Madeira... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25
 Red, Span. & Sicily (g) 90 @ 1 00
 Marseilles Mad'ra (g'd) 70 @ 85
 Marseilles Port. (gold) 80 @ 1 60
 Malaga, dry... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25
 Malaga, sweet... (gold) 1 10 @ 1 25
 Claret... gold # cask 35 00 @ 60 00
 Claret... gold # doz 2 65 @ 9 00
Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered \$2 to \$3 50 # 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val.
 Iron No. 0 to 18; 20 @ 22 1/2 # ct. off list.
 No. 19 to 26... 30 # ct. off list
 No. 27 to 36... 35 # ct. off list
 Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain... # lb 10 1/2 @ ..
 Brass (less 20 per cent) 43 @ ..
 Copper do... 53 @ ..
Wool—Duty: Imported in the "ordinary condition as now and heretofore practiced." CLASS 1.—Clothing Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less # lb, 10 cents # lb and 11 cent. ad val.; over 32 cents # lb, 12 cents # lb and 10 cent. ad val.; when imported washed, double these rates CLASS 2.—Combing Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less # lb, 10 cents # lb and 11 cent. ad val.; over 32 cents # lb, 12 cents # lb and 10 cent. ad val. CLASS 3.—Carpet Wools and other similar Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 12 cents or less # lb, 3 cents # lb; over 12 cents # lb, 6 cents # lb. Wool of all classes imported scoured, three times the duty as if imported unwashed.
 Am., Sax'y fleece. # lb 50 @ 60
 do full blood Merino 48 @ 52
 do 1/2 & 3/4 Merino 44 @ 47
 do Native & 1/2 Mer. 42 @ 45
 do Combing... 50 @ 53
 Extra, pulled... 40 @ 45
 Superfine pulled... 38 @ 42
 No 1, pulled... 28 @ 35
 Califor., fine, unwash'd do common, do 18 @ 23
 Valpraiso, do 28 @ 30
 South Am. Merino do 34 @ 37
 do Mestizado 28 @ 32
 do Creole do 20 @ 24
 do Cordova, washed 34 @ 37
 Montevideo, com. wash'd 32 @ 35
 Cape G. Hope, unwash'd 35 @ 42
 East India, washed... 20 @ 40
 African, unwashed... 14 @ 18
 Mexican, unwashed... 18 @ 21
 African, washed... 30 @ 40
 Texas, Fine... 28 @ 31
 Texas, Medium... 22 @ 26
 Texas, Coarse... 18 @ 22
Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 # 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents # lb.
 Sheet... # lb 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
Freights—
To LIVERPOOL (steam): s. d. s.
 Cotton... # lb 7-16 @ ..
 Flour... # bbl. @ 4 0
 Heavy goods... # ton 40 @ 45 0
 Oil... .. @ 50 0
 Corn, b'k & bags # bus. @ 10
 Wheat, bulk and bags... @ 10
 Beef... # tee. @ 7 0
 Pork... # bbl. @ 5 0
To LONDON (sail):
 Heavy goods... # ton 27 0 @ 31 00
 Oil... .. @ 21 00
 Flour... # bbl. @ 2 9
 Petroleum... .. @ 7 0
 Beef... # tee. 6 0 @ ..
 Pork... # bbl. 4 6 @ ..
 Wheat... # bush. @ 9 1/2
 Corn... .. @ 10
To HAVRE:
 Cotton... # lb 14 @ 14 1/2
 Beef and pork... # bbl. @ ..
 Measure, g'ds # ton 60 @ ..
 Petroleum... 12 00 @ ..
 Lard, tallow, out m t etc... # lb 1 @ ..
 Lashes, pot & pl, # ton 8 00 @ 13 00

Commercial Cards.

GILEAD A. SMITH,
15 LANGHAM PLACE, LONDON, W.
RAILROAD IRON,
BESSEMER RAILS,
STEEL TYRES,
AND METALS.
Railroad Bonds and U.S. and other American Securities negotiated, and Credit and Exchange provided for U. S. or Continent.
Consignments solicited on the usual terms of any of the staples.
Special Counting and Reception Rooms available for Americans in London, with the facilities usually found at the Continental Bankers.

Railroad Iron,

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN,
FOR

Steam and Street Roads,

FOR SALE BY
S. W. HOPKINS & Co.,
69 & 71 Broadway.

Street Cars, Omnibuses.

JOHN STEPHENSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.
New York.

NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-MORA IRON.

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which in future, will be stamped

LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.

And to which I request the special attention of the trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.
CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.
WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of, Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders for this Iron, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 & 93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 133 & 135 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON.

MORRIS, TASKER & Co.,

Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.
Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools, Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES:
15 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.

Thomas J. Pope & Bro.

METALS.
292 PEARL STREET, NEAR BEEKMAN STREET
NEW YORK

F. & F. A. Dana,

FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD IRON, OLD AND NEW,
Pig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Locomotives, Railroad Chairs & Spikes.
Old Rails Re-rolled or Exchanged for new.
67 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

A. B. HOLABIRD & Co.,
CINCINNATI, O.,

ENGINE AND MILL MANUFACTURERS.
Particular attention is called to our
IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.
It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.
REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.
Built of solid French Burr. Particular attention given to Southern patronage.

Commercial Cards.

EVERETT & Co.,
28 State Street, Boston,
AGENTS FOR
AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.
OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Henry Lawrence & Sons,
MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE
FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,
192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

G. FALLS & Co.,
COTTON BUYERS,
Memphis, Tenn.
G. FALLS. J. C. JOHNSON. J. N. FALLS
Refer by permission to Caldwell & Morris, New York.

GANO, WRIGHT & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions
NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.

THE SINGER Manufacturing Co.
458 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned
SINGER SEWING MACHINES,
for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world, SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 24 BROAD STREET.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight draft.
Make collections on favorable terms,
And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

Steamship Companies.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$346 to \$364 for first class, and \$218 to \$243 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.
Children under three years, free; under eight years quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do., in ladies cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall st

Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William st. New Y

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

To CALIFORNIA

And Carrying the United States Mail,
LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH
ER, FOOT of Canal street, at 1 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
MARCH:

1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA.
21st—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, New York.

F. P. BABY Agent

Financial.

St. Louis Water Bonds.

Twenty-Year Six Per Cent. Bonds, Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.

The subscribers are the authorized Agents for the Sale of these Bonds, and offer them at 100 (or Par) and accrued interest, in currency.

JAMESON, SMITH & COTTING,
BANKERS, NO. 16 WALL STREET.
U.S. 5-20s, 10-40s, and 7-30s
CONVERTED INTO WATER BONDS

Offices To Let,

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets, near WALL. Apply to
EDWARD MATTHEWS,
No. 19 Broad Street.

Insurance.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

COMMERCIAL Mutual Insurance Co.,

Nos. 57 & 59 William Street.

New York, 17th January, 1868.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums on Risks outstanding 31st December, 1866..... \$191,397 82
Premiums received during the year 1867.... 403,877 54

Total Premiums..... \$595,275 36

Premiums marked off as earned during the year 1867..... \$449,196 24

Losses and Expenses paid during the same period..... \$191,971 07
Return Premiums..... 66,609 58

The Assets of the Company on the 31st Dec. 1867 were as follows:
United States Stocks..... \$253,300 00
Bank Stocks..... 257,213 50
New York State, City and other Stocks and Bonds, and Loans on Stocks..... 273,604 01
Cash in Banks..... 80,001 98

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..... \$364,119 49
Insurance Scrip, Accrued Interest, Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 11,654 67
Salvage and Reinsurance claims due the Company..... 17,845 1

Total Assets..... \$1,101,303 02

SIX PER CENT. interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profits will be paid on and after Tuesday the 11th day of February, 1868.

THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD PER CENT DIVIDEND, and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

The whole of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1860 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled.

DANIEL DRAKE SMITH, President.
ADRIAN B. HOLMES, Vice-President.
HENRY D KING, Secretary.



JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS

of Paisley, Scotland.

Commercial Cards.

S. H. PEARCE & Co.,

No. 353 BROADWAY,
Importers of

EUROPEAN AND CHINA SILKS,
and Manufacturers of
SILK AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEFS,
Oiled Silk,
Imitation Oiled Silk.

Our "IMITATION" has a very superior finish, and costs but half as much as real silk, which it equals in appearance and durability.

Agents for the sale of the

Patent Reversible Paper Collars.
the most economical collar ever invented.

George Hughes & Co.

Importers & Commission Merchants,

198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,
SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS.

SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,

LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,

PATENT LINEN THREAD.

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DICKSONS' FERGUSON & CO, Belfast.
And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.

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IMPORTERS OF

French Dress Goods,

Muslin Draperies,

Lace Curtains.

Machine Edgings,

Swiss & French White Goods.

Real Brussels Laces,

Imitation Laces,

Corsets, &c.

LEONARD STREET, NEW YORK.

BRAND & GIHON,

Importers & Commission Merchants.

42 & 44 MURRAY STREET.

IRISH & SCOTCH LINEN GOODS,

In full assortment for the

Jobbing and Clothing Trade.

Agents for the sale of
WILLIAM GIHON & SONS'

WHITE LINENS & C

BURLAPS, BAGGING,

FLAXSAIL DUCK, &c

LINEN GOODS.

Strachan & Malcomson,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

FOR

IRISH AND SCOTCH LINENS,

40 Murray Street, New York.

BYRD & HALL,

Manufacturers of

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

SPOOL COTTON.

JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.

Mile End, Glasgow.

IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

THOS. RUSSELL, Sole Agent,
68 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON TO

OUR FRIENDS IN LIVERPOOL HAVRE AND HAMBURG.

NEILL, BROS., & Co.,

184 PEARL STREET.

Commercial Cards.

E. R. Mudge, Sawyer & Co.

AGENTS FOR

WASHINGTON MILLS,

BURLINGTON WOOLEN CO.,

CHICOPEE MANUF. CO.,

VICTORY MANUF. CO.,

MILTON MILLS,

Nos. 43 & 45 WHITE STREET.

Wm. C. Langley & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR

AMERICAN COTTON AND WOOLEN GOODS.

From Numerous Mills.

17 & 19 WHITE STREET, NEW YORK.

GEORGE PEARCE & Co.,

70 & 72 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK,

Importers of

White Goods,

Laces and Emb's,

Linen Handk'fs,

British and Continental.

John Graham,

Manufacturer of

WOVEN CORSETS, SKIRT MATERIALS, WEBBINGS, BINDINGS BED LACE, COTTON YARNS, &c.,

234 CHURCH STREET NEW YORK

Wm. G. Watson & Son,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR MACHINE TWIST AND SEWING SILKS,

No. 299 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

WORKS PATERSON, N. J.

C. Holt & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

119 CHAMBERS STREET.

Agents for the Glasgow Thread Company's

SPOOL COTTON.

Also Agents for

MACHINE AND SEWING SILK, BUTTON-HOLE TWIST, FANCY GOODS, &c.

Offer to Jobbers only.

Norton, Slaughter & Co.,

COTTON & TOBACCO FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

40 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Cash Advances made on Consignments

J. M. CUMMINGS & Co.,

DISTILLERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Offer for sale, IN BOND, fine BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES, from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

Cotton Duck,

All Widths and Weights.

A Large Stock always on hand.

THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.

59 Broad Street, corner of Beaver

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL, \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868 376,815 50

TOTAL ASSETS \$876,815 50

RUDOLPH GARRIGI E, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Vice President.

HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,322,015 75

Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867..... 2,838,109 71

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$10,160,125 46

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,597,123 16

Losses paid during the same period..... \$4,224,364 61

Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$1,305,865 93

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks. \$6,864,485 00

Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise 2,175,450 00

Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, 210,000 00

Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... 252,414 82

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. 3,232,453 27

Cash in Bank 373,374 02

Total Amount of Assets..... \$13,108,177 11

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.

Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,

Secretary

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones;

Charles Dennis,

W. H. H. Moore,

Henry Coit,

Wm. C. Pickersgill,

Lewis Curtis,

Charles H. Russell,

Lowell Holbrook,

R. Warren Weston,

Royal Phelps,

Caleb Barstow

A. P. Pillot

William E. Dodge

Robt. C. Fergusson,

David Lane,

James Bryce,

Francis Skiddy,

Daniel S. Miller.

Robert L. Taylor,

Wm. Sturgis,

Henry K. Bogert,

Joshua J. Henry,

Dennis Perkins,

Joseph Gaillard, Jr.

J. Henry Burgy,

Cornelius Grinnell,

C. A. Hand,

B. J. Howland,

Benj. Babcock,

Fletcher Westray,

Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,

Gordon W. Burnham

Frederick Chauncey,

James Low

George S. Stephenson

William H. Webb.

Paul Spofford.

Charles P. Burdett,

Shephard Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.

W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres.

J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.