

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1867.

NO. 124.

Bankers and Brokers.

RODMAN, FISK & Co.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 18 NASSAU STREET,
Buy and sell at market rates:
Six Per Cent. Bonds of 1881, Ten Forties,
Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues;
Seven-Thirty Notes, all series;
Compound Interest Notes, and
Gold and Silver Coin.
Registered Interest collected and Coupons cashed
without charge.
7-30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new
Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to
holders of 7-30's.
Merchants and Importers supplied with Coin for
customs duties at lowest market rates.
Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous
securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph
orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits
received, and interest allowed on balances. Collec-
tions made on all points, with quick returns.
RODMAN, FISK & CO.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 32 Broad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates,
ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and
others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to
Sight Draft.
Make Collections on favorable terms,
and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale
of **Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad**
Securities.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,
BANKERS,
27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.
DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND
NEW ORLEANS.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, avail-
able in all parts of Europe.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Pott, Davidson & Jones,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
59 & 61 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Buy and Sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold
and Government Securities. Accounts
of Bank, Bankers, and Merchants
received on favorable terms.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 1 WALL STREET, PARIS
AND
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all
parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

TEMPLE & MARSH,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Dealers in Government Securities, &c., on Commission,
No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

Bankers and Brokers.

VERMILYE & Co.,
BANKERS.
No. 44 Wall Street, New York.
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all
issues of
UNITED STATES STOCKS
INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,
Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.
New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN-
MENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.
Compound Interest Notes of 1864 &
1865 Bought and Sold.
VERMILYE & CO.

RIKER & Co.,
BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,
NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.
Wilson, Callaway & Co.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold
bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Mer-
chants, bankers and others allowed 4 per cent. on
deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cot-
ton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our
correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO.,
Liverpool.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received
on favorable terms.
REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

BELL, FARIS & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKER
12 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS,
Members of the Stock, Gold and Government Boards,
Dealers in Governments and other
Securities.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency
subject to check at sight.

GEORGE FARNHAM,
(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)
COMMERCIAL PAPER,
ALSO,
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD
ON COMMISSION.
48 Pine Street, New York.

B. MURRAY, JR.,
BROKER IN
Government and other Securities,
27 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Gelston & Bussing,
BANKERS & BROKERS
27 WALL STREET
All orders receive our Personal Attention.
WM. J. GELSTON, JOHN S. BUSSING.

Bankers and Brokers.

JAY COOKE, }
WM. G. MOORHEAD, }
H. D. COOKE, }
H. C. FAHNESTOCK
EDWARD DODGE,
PITT COOKE.
JAY COOKE & Co.,
BANKERS.
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.
No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.
Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.
In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and
Washington we have this day opened an office at No.
1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.
Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co.,
New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington
House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will
be resident partners.
We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE,
SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of
all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS,
BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.
JAY COOKE & CO.
March-1, 1866.

HOYT & GARDNER,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
bought and sold exclusively on Commission.
Special attention given to orders
in gold.
Money received upon deposit and interest allowed
upon current balances.
T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,
Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange Georgia

S. Thompson's Nephew,
EUROPEAN
PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland
Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and
through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United
States.

JACKSON BROS.,
DEALERS IN
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOV-
ERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.,
NO. 19 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Wm. Henry Jackson. Fred. Wendell Jackson.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly exe-
cuted. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED
on deposits, subject to check at sight.

FRANK & GANS,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 14 WALL STREET

Financial.**GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,
BANKERS,**

No. 18 NEW STREET,
Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry
Hardy).

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc.
bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Broker
and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commis-
sion only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and
collected.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,**BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,**

12 FINE STREET.

Negotiate
Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,
Contract for
**Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives,
Cars, etc.,**
and undertake
all business connected with Railways

JOSEPH A. JAMESON,
AMOS COTTING,
Of Jameson, Cotting & Co.
St. Louis.

JAMES D. SMITH,
of the late firm of James
Low & Co., New York
and Louisville, Ky.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting**BANKERS,**

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive **Deposits in Currency and Gold,**
and allow Interest at the rate of **FOUR PER CENT**
per annum on daily balances which may be checked
for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly
and only on Commission.

DRAKE BROTHERS,**STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,**

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities
Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds,
Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum, and
Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to
Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Invest-
ments made. **Orders Promptly Executed**

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,**BANKERS**

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.

All uses of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES exchanged for
the new FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, on the most liberal
terms, and without delay.

IMPORTERS and others supplied with GOLD at mar-
ket rates, and Coin on hand for immediate delivery.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

SOUTTER & Co.,**BANKERS,**

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds,
Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable
Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft
or Check.

Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collections both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,**BANKERS,**

NO. 24 BROAD STREET.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and
others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to
Sight draft.

Make collections on favorable terms,
And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale
of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

HEATH & HUGHES,**BANKERS & COMMISSION BROKERS**

IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND

GOLD, RAILROAD AND MINING STOCKS,

13 Broad Street, New York.

Deposits received, subject to Check, and Interest al-
lowed.

A. HAWLEY HEATH.

T. W. B. HUGHES,
Member of N. Y. Stock Ex.

THE**CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY**

OFFER FOR SALE, THROUGH US, THEIR

**FIRST MORTGAGE THIRTY YEAR SIX
PER CENT. COUPON BONDS,****Principal and Interest Payable in Gold Coin, in New York City.**

They are in sums of \$1,000 each, with semi-annual gold coupons attached,
and are offered for the present at **95** per cent. and accrued interest from July
1, in currency, at which rate they yield nearly

NINE PER CENT. UPON THE INVESTMENT.

These bonds, authorized by the Pacific Railroad Acts of Congress, are issued
only as the work progresses, and to the same extent only as the Bonds granted by
the Government, and represent the preferred claim upon the whole valuable prop-
erty furnished by Subsidies, Donations, Stock subscriptions, etc. They possess
special assurances and advantages over other corporate assurances, and are des-
tined to rank among the best securities in the world.

I.—They are the *prior lien upon a valuable* and productive Railroad line, in
which three times their utmost issue has been invested.

II.—The road is *peculiarly exempt from competition*, and must form the Trunk
Line of the North American Continent.

III.—Much the hardest part of the work is now done; what remains is easy
and inexpensive, and will be rapidly carried through.

IV.—The surplus earnings, after the payment of all expenses and interest lia-
bilities, during the current year, will *exceed one million dollars in gold*.

V.—The Bonds, like the revenues of the road, *are payable in coin—principal*
as well as interest.

This agreement has the sanction of the Act of Congress, and being made
under the Specific Contract Acts of California and Nevada, is valid and binding in
law.

As these Securities possess elements of unusual safety, stability and profit
they will, without doubt, be actively dealt in by both European and home invest-
ors, and a marked increase in their value may be looked for long before the com-
pletion of the great enterprise.

**Conversions of Government Securities into Central Pacific
First Mortgage Bonds,**

now realize for the holders from **TWELVE TO EIGHTEEN PER CENT.**
ADVANTAGE, with the same rate of interest.

Bonds can be obtained through the subscribers directly, or through responsi-
ble Banking Agencies.

Descriptive pamphlets, maps, and information can be had at the office of the
C. P. R.R. Co., 54 William Street, New York, and of

F I S K & H A T C H ,**BANKERS,****AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,**

AND

Financial [Agents of the Central Pacific Railroad Company,**NO, 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.**

Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,

BANKERS,

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(38 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities on Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON,

CHARLES E. MILNER,

WALTER H. BURNS,

H. CRUICKSHANK.

Lockwood & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

P. D. RODDEY,
J. N. PETTY,

R. P. SAWYERS,
N. P. BOULETT

P. D. RODDEY & Co.,

No. 2 1/2 Wall Street, N.Y.,

(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances

HASLETT MCKIM, ROBT. MCKIM, JNO. A. MCKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

BANKING HOUSE

OF
TURNER BROTHERS,

NO. 14 NASSAU STREET,

Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.

We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same as an incorporated Bank. Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission.

TURNER BROTHERS.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM,

GEORGE PHIPPS,

THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,

BANKERS,

No. 14 Wall Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, of all issues, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD. Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to check at sight.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 18 WALL STREET

Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.

TYLER, ULLMANN & CO. Chicago.

Bankers and Brokers.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope West Indies, South America, and the United States

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW.

STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,

56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHELOCK, President.

WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS.....450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

D. L. GROSS, Preside

I. H. STOUT, Cashier.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH. JOHN MCGINNIS, JR.

SMITH & MCGINNIS,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.

Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies.

John Bloodgood & Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and banker

Cohen & Hagen,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

No. 1 Wall Street.

Financial.

Treasury Department,

September 30th, 1867.

Notice is hereby given that the Assistant Treasurer at New York has been instructed to issue Three Per Cent. Certificates as authorized by Act of Congress, approved March 2d, 1867, in denominations of \$5,000 and \$10,000 each, in redemption of the Compound Interest Notes maturing in the months of October and December next.

The accrued interest on all notes presented for such redemption will be paid in currency.

H. M'CULLOCH, Secretary.

In accordance with the foregoing notice the Compound Interest Notes therein mentioned will now be received at this office, and certificates issued for the principal thereof. Interest on the notes will be computed to October 15th, 1867, at which time the certificates bear date. Schedules may be obtained on application at the office.

H. H. VAN DYCK,

Assistant Treasurer.

United States Treasury,

New York, October 5th, 1867.

United States Treasury,

New York, October, 15, 1867.

Schedules of (30) Thirty or more 5-20 Coupons, due November 1, 1867, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,

Assistant Treasurer

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

Ohio & Mississippi R.R.

COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION

83 WALL STREET.

New York, October 17, 1867.

The Transfer Books of this Trust will be finally closed on Saturday, the 30th day of November, 1867, at Two o'clock P.M., preparatory to the conversion of Trustees' Certificates into Stock of the reorganized and consolidated corporation, to be called

The Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company.

To the persons or parties, or to their legal representatives, in whose names Trustees' Certificates shall be registered on said Thirtieth day of November, and upon the surrender and cancellation of the same, Certificates of Stock will be issued as follows:—Preferred Stock (full paid) for Preferred Certificates, and Common Stock (full paid) for Common Certificates, at the rate of one share for every one hundred dollars of Trustees' Certificates, and Scrip for fractional parts of such share. Interest on Preferred Certificates from January 1st, 1867, to the day fixed for conversion, to be paid in cash. By order of the Trustees.

ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

Memphis and Charleston

RAILROAD COMPANY.

\$600,000 Second Mortgage Bonds For Sale.

These Bonds are part of a series of One Million of Dollars secured by Mortgage on 290 miles of Railroad, of which Messrs. Denig Duer and James Robb are Trustees. They have 20 years to run with 7 per cent. interest coupons, payable semi-annually in New York. The liens on the Railroad having priority, amount to \$2,889,530, making the total incumbrance \$3,889,530, and its estimated value exceeds 10 millions of dollars. Since the conclusion of the war extensive improvements have been made, and its condition will compare favorably with that of leading lines of Western Railway. The profits of the Company from 1858 to 1862 were large, and after paying interest on Bonded Debt yielded over 15 per cent. to the shareholders, those of the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1867, were \$547,187 76, being more than double of the liability for annual interest, including the issue of the 2d Mortgage Bonds, and earned during a most unfavorable season owing to the failure of Southern crops.

We are prepared to receive bids for the above Bonds in whole or in part, and recommend them to the public as unquestionable security.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

THE

St. Louis & Iron Mountain

RAILROAD COMPANY.

SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST, FEBRUARY AND AUGUST.

These Bonds cover a Road of 91 miles, finished from Saint Louis to Pilot Knob, and in first-class order, and an extension of about the same length from Pilot Knob to Belmont, now rapidly constructing, for which the proceeds of these bonds are to be used, making a through route from St. Louis to New Orleans by rail. The earnings of the 91 miles are \$600,000 a year, the net profits now are sufficient to pay the interest on the entire amount of bonds, were they all issued. The basis of security is believed to be beyond that of any other bonds now offered.

Apply at the office of the company, No. 43 Wall street or to H. G. MARQUAND, Vice President. CLARK, DODGE & CO., Corner Wall & William streets

Eastern Bankers.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,
STOCK BROKERS,
No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Page, Richardson & Co,
114 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON
AND
JOHN MUNROE & Co., PARIS.
ALSO ISSUE
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers advised.

Southern Bankers.

National Bank of the Republic,
809 & 811 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Capital.....\$1,000,000
renders its services to Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

DIRECTORS:
Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne,
Nathan Hilles, William Ervise,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh,
Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt,
William H. Rhawn,
WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.
JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,
Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON,
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), PRES'T.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, CASHIER.
Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give special attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.
Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE
R. H. MAURY & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS
No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.
Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.
Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILY & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,
No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.
Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:
Babcock Bros & Co., Bankers, New York.
Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
Byrd & Hall, New York.
Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
Henry A Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlbert.
Home Insurance Company of New York.
New York Life Insurance Company.
Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
Underwriters Agency New York,
Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
Henry A Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

Charles D. Carr & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
AUGUSTA, GA.
COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR

Ould & Carrington,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
113 MAIN STREET,
RICHMOND, VA.

Southern Bankers.

Conner & Wilson,
No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.,
BANKERS & DEALERS
IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, SPECIE,
BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BONDS.
Special attention paid to Collections.
Refer to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York;
Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank,
and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co.,
Richmond, Va., Charles D. Carr & Co. Augusta, Ga.

BURKE & Co.,
BANKERS,

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,
Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and
Bank of Liverpool, England.
Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign
Exchange.
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Special attention given to Collections of all kinds,
having prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and
REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT
EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.
REFER TO
National Park Bank, Howes & Macy, and Spofford,
Tilston & Co., New York. Second National
Bank and J. W. Seaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel &
Co. and D. S. Stetson & Co., Philadelphia. T. F.
Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank
and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler,
Stanard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Lapeyre & Bro.,
New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwerth & Cohen, London
and Liverpool.

Western Bankers.

National Trust Company
423 PENN STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital.....\$100,000
Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

J. F. Stark & Co.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
PITTSBURGH.

Do a general Banking, Exchange and Collection business
New York Correspondents:—National Bank North America; Knauts, Nachod & Kuhne.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN
**BANKING HOUSE OF
Hayden, Hutcheson & Co**
NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,
COLUMBUS, OHIO,
Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,
108 & 110 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

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Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1867.

NO. 124

CONTENTS.

THE CHRONICLE.	
Position and Prospects of the Public Debt.....	581
The National Banks.....	582
Prospects of the Gold Premium.....	583
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad.....	584
THE BANKERS' GAZETTE AND COMMERCIAL TIMES.	
Money Market, Railway Stocks, U. S. Securities, Gold Market, Foreign Exchange, New York City Banks, Philadelphia Banks, National Banks, etc.....	588
Sale Prices N. Y. Stock Exchange.....	591
Commercial Epitome.....	592
Cotton.....	598
Tobacco.....	595
Breadstuffs.....	596
Groceries.....	596
Dry Goods.....	597
Prices Current and Tone of the Market.....	605-606
THE RAILWAY MONITOR AND INSURANCE JOURNAL.	
Railway News.....	599
Railroad, Canal, and Miscellaneous Bond List.....	568
Public Debt of the United States.....	584
Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.....	585
Commercial and Miscellaneous News.....	587
Railway, Canal, etc., Stock List.....	601
Insurance and Mining Journal.....	602
Advertisements.....	577-80, 603-4, 607-8

The Chronicle.

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POSITION AND PROSPECTS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The advantages of publicity in the management of the Treasury have an instructive illustration in some of the facts revealed in the debt statement for November. For two or three weeks past Wall street rumors have prevailed that some secret issue of bonds was going on or contemplated. Nothing was positively known, and opinions differed widely as to what bonds, if any, were being sold by the Government. Some persons contended that it was the Five Twenties of one of the three later series. This opinion was contradicted on various grounds, and especially because such an issue would arrest the work of converting the Seven-Thirties, which is the most difficult and most important negotiation that Mr. McCulloch has to carry forward at present. All conjectures and surmises are, however, put at rest by the statement before us, which is interpreted to show that the secret issue is not one of six per cent. bonds, but of the five per cents, which are commonly known as Ten-Forties. These bonds have just been introduced into some of the European markets, where they are expected to be regarded with favor in consequence of the provision made explicitly by law

that the principal as well as the interest shall be paid in coin. The secret issue of these Ten-Forties, up to the 1st November was only \$414,000, but more are supposed to have been emitted since; to what extent a further issue has been made is not known, as it has been conducted at Washington, and not through the usual channels here in the Sub-Treasury. The discovery of the facts has caused inquiries to be made, and we are informed that Mr. McCulloch has stopped further issues for the present. An evening paper refers to the affair in the following terms:

The first item of the debt shows an increase in the five per cent. bonds to the amount of \$414,000. This increase must of course be interpreted to be in the Ten-Forties, which are the only 5 per cent. government bonds likely to be issued. Our view of the case is strengthened by the fact that the law of 3d March, 1864, authorized 200 millions of the Ten-Forties. As yet 172 millions only have been issued, leaving Mr. McCulloch the right to emit 28 millions more should he deem it best to do so. Perhaps the only ground for dissatisfaction with the issue at this moment is the secrecy with which it has been conducted. It is well known that the supply on market of any given description of bonds is an element of importance in regulating the price these bonds will fetch in the open market. Hence a secret issue of securities gives an advantage to those persons who are in the secret, and may inflict damage on other holders. Apart from the want of publicity, the sale of a few millions of these Ten-Forty bonds is probably to be regarded as one of the least objectionable means of replenishing the depleted coffers of the Treasury. To raise money by the sale of Five Twenties or of gold might disturb the money market, even if there were not other reasons to prevent. What price Mr. McCulloch has obtained for these Ten-Forties, who has been the purchaser, how much commission has been paid, and whether any further issues will be made, are points respecting which the public at present seeks information with no small anxiety.

We are scarcely inclined to concede with this writer that any further issues of Ten-Forties are at the present moment desirable. If there were no other objections it might be sufficient to state that, in face of the incipient European demand, a prejudice might thus be excited, since, if we are not misinformed it is a rule in the London Stock Exchange not to admit any securities to dealings until the special loan they represent has been definitely closed up.

Another matter of leading importance on which light is thrown by the debt statement, is that of the contraction of the currency. The legal aggregate of four millions has been withdrawn from the greenback circulation, and 14 millions of compound legal tenders have also been cancelled. This contraction, as has been shown, is rather apparent than real. So far as it might affect business it is neutralized in two ways. First, by the issue of more than 11 millions of the new three per cent. certificates, of which we speak elsewhere, and secondly, by depleting the currency balance of the Treasury, and paying out nine millions of greenbacks which have been locked up in the Government vaults, and for some time past have formed no part of the active circulating medium of the country. It may also be added that of the compound notes which have been redeemed a part have come out of the pockets of private investors, so that the banks have been strengthened rather than weakened in their legal

tender resources by the substitution of 11 millions of certificates for 14 millions of compound notes. We do not wish to insist on this view of the case however, and only allude to it to show that those who charge Mr. McCulloch with deranging the currency, and disturbing the business of the country by his last month's contraction movements, are not sustained by a candid interpretation of the facts.

Let us now turn to the most gratifying and most important feature of the report, namely, the consolidation of the debt. The movements in this direction show that the Treasury is now quite beyond the reach of embarrassment from its short date obligations. Of the vast mass of these troublesome securities which were outstanding a few months ago, all have disappeared except the two last series of Seven-Thirties which mature in June and July, 1868. And even these are rapidly diminishing. Of the 530 millions which were originally issued all have been redeemed or converted except 334 millions, and even these are disappearing at the average rate of a million a day. One great trouble apprehended from these notes lay in the power they gave to holders to demand at maturity either payment in cash or in a Five-Twenty bond at par. It was plausibly argued that if from any cause Five-Twenties should be selling below par, the holders of the Seven-Thirties would have the power to compel the Government to issue legal tender notes, and would thus bring on our currency a revival of those evils which we have painfully and at great expense escaped by the contraction of the last two years. This apprehension, as we said, is now effectually silenced. There are few even of the most inveterate of our croakers, in their most fretful and ingenious dissertations on the gloomy side of our finances, who fail to show that they have lost their fears and are gaining confidence on this point.

We have not space to resume here our examination of other questions which have been revived, and are now agitating the public mind relative to the national debt. We are approaching the limit beyond which it will be injudicious, if not unsafe, to increase the issue of gold-bearing bonds. Our public credit ought now to be on such a basis that at five per cent. or even lower the Government bonds of a great republic like ours would absorb at par any amount of domestic or foreign capital. To develop and mature such a financial policy as that the six per cent gold bearing bonds of the United States should command the price to which they are entitled in face of these facts is one of the demands which the country will imperatively urge on Congress.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

It is supposed by many persons that the special claims of the National banks to superiority over the State organizations which it superseded rest almost exclusively on the security of the bank notes, which is the most perfect ever devised, consisting as it does of a deposit of Federal bonds, a guarantee from the Government founded on that deposit, and a reserve of legal tender money to the amount of 15 or 25 per cent. on the liabilities of every bank in the country. We should do injustice to the National system, and overlook some of its chief merits if we were to ignore the fact that the safety of the circulating notes is only one of its advantages, and by no means the most perfect, although it may be the most prominent. The bank note, it is true, is secure of ultimate payment, because the Government endorses it, and if the bank fails the Treasury is liable for the amount, and is empowered to sell the pledged bonds to obtain funds to meet the endorsement and make the dishonored payment. But security for ultimate payment is not the only safeguard needed by notes which are to pass as current money. There must also be redemption in specie or other lawful money.

And this redemption must be provided in the metropolitan centres as well as at the counter of the issuing bank. How defective our system is in this respect none have shown more clearly than Mr. Hubbard, the Comptroller of the Currency, who will no doubt propose again some adequate remedy in his forthcoming report for Congress as he did in his very able report of last year.

The National banking system has, however, as we said, other distinctive features to commend, it unconnected with the security of its notes. And one of these is the light of publicity which it sheds on the business which the banks are doing. It may be taken as a fundamental maxim of banking that bad business requires covering up, and can only thrive by secrecy. Now, the banks of this country are so closely united and bound together, that each is as it were, a guardian of the solvency of others, and all the sisterhood partake of the general security to which each contributes. Every member of the organized whole is interested in keeping every other member strong, and in cutting off and removing the unsound and rotten parts of the system. Moreover, the frequent visits of competent inspectors, and the monthly and quarterly reports which are sent to Washington and published in the newspapers; the discipline which the department is empowered to inflict on institutions which are guilty of short-comings and financial misdemeanors, and the severe penalties which are denounced against officers who are convicted of corruption, speculation or fraud; these and other provisions with which our readers are familiar, are exercising a powerful influence to strengthen the banking system, and to keep it strong.

A careful scrutiny of the figures which we published last week from the quarterly reports of Mr. Comptroller Hulburd, will show to what a gratifying extent these appliances have succeeded in furthering the ends for which they were devised. There is, no doubt, much remaining to be done. Some of the old State banks which were in an unsound condition for years before they were changed into National banks, have not yet succeeded in shaking off their incubus which has long weighed them down. They are still suffering the effects of old sins, and are laboring to conquer them with less success than might be desired. Of the 1,200 State institutions which have been converted, some are in this struggling condition; and of the 400 new banks, a few may have been drifted by ignorant or by speculative officers into troubled waters. We do not deny or conceal these facts. But what we claim, is that the number of these defaulters is relatively small—that that number is diminishing—that it is smaller now than six months ago—and that, with very inconsiderable exceptions, our 1,600 National Banks are at this hour in a sounder, safer position than ever they have been since this great experiment of National banking was fairly established in the United States.

Perhaps the most satisfactory showing in the reports before us is in the reserves which are kept up with sedulous care, and which no bank which values its credit will allow to run down, except as a temporary accident. In reserves of the banks we observe that the compound notes amount only to 56 millions, while the greenbacks are 100 millions. Further changes will be made in the reserves during the current quarter by the 50 millions of 3 per cent. certificates, which appear for the first time in the November debt statement, the amount of \$11,560,000 having been issued last month. These securities are designed to counteract any tendency to spasmodic contraction of bank credits and of general business which might arise from the withdrawal of the compound notes, of which 14½ millions were cancelled in October. These certificates, like the compounds, can be held as lawful reserve, and were authorized for that purpose by the act of

2d March, 1867. As it may be useful to our banking readers to have on record for easy reference the rules which regulate the availability of these certificates in print, the following official letter covers nearly all the subjects on which information is likely to be required:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER }
OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, Oct. 18, 1867. }

DEAR SIR—Your letter of the 17th inst. is received, inquiring what portion of the three per cent. certificates is available as a reserve for the National Banks. The act of March 2, 1867, authorizing the issue of three per cent. certificates and their use as a part of the reserve of National banks, also provides that not less than two-fifths of the entire reserve of such bank shall consist of lawful money of the United States. The country banks are required to have a reserve of fifteen per cent. of circulation and deposits, two-fifths of which must be in lawful money, and three-fifths of which may be in three per cent. certificates, or in cash deposits with the redemption agent selected by the bank. The banks of Boston and of the other cities designated in section thirty-one of the National Currency Act, are required to have a reserve of twenty-five per cent. of their circulation and deposits, two-fifths of which must be in lawful money, and three-fifths of which may be in these certificates, or, if preferred, one-half of this reserve may be in cash deposits, with the Redemption Agent in New York, two-fifths in lawful money, and the remaining one tenth in the three per cent. certificates.

I am, very respectfully,

JNO. JAY KNOX, Deputy and Acting Comptroller.

CHARLES G. NAZRO, President North National Bank, Boston.

We may add to the foregoing statements that the "lawful money" required as reserve by law may consist of gold and silver coin, of greenbacks, or of compound notes at their face value, while under the designation of country banks are included all those outside of the cities of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago Cincinnati, New Orleans, St. Louis, Louisville, Detroit, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Albany, Leavenworth, San Francisco and Washington.

PROSPECTS OF THE GOLD PREMIUM.

In our last issue we reviewed the course of the foreign trade of the country for the last six fiscal years, and showed that, although a large adverse balance had accumulated upon the trading account, yet there was good reason for considering that the debt had been set off by the export of securities, and that consequently the condition of our foreign balance gives no countenance to the supposition that we are liable to an excessive drain of specie in settlement of our foreign account. This consideration is chiefly important as bearing upon the prospective price of gold; and we now propose to supplement it by a survey of such other circumstances as may be deemed likely to affect the premium during the next few months.

The principles mainly regulating the value of gold, aside from the currency question, are the standing of the public credit, the supply of the precious metals and the demand for them—the supply and demand not only actual but prospective or estimated. Let us then scan the future with regard to these general considerations.

For some time past there has been a concurrence of circumstances tending to elevate the standing of the Government credit. As the most recent, we may specify the result of the late elections; which may be viewed not only as removing the dangers of impeachment, but also as signaling a reaction from extreme political measures, and as favoring the cultivation of a more harmonious sentiment toward a late hostile section. The National finances also have exhibited an improvement unequalled in the history of any nation similarly circumstanced. Since the close of the last year of the war we have reduced the net debt 225 million dollars, and we have converted into a permanent form upwards of 500 million dollars of short obligations, which have been regarded as the principal danger of embarrassment connected with the finances. Our revenues have been overflowing; and yet, with much depression in business, the people have shown no impatience under the public burthens. In the ordinary course of affairs we shall

find ourselves, nine months hence, with the entire short debt funded into twenty-year obligations, or otherwise permanently disposed of; and that which has always been regarded as the chief obstacle to the resumption of specie payments will thus be removed. The greenback circulation has been contracted from 424 million dollars in January, 1866, to 357 million in November, 1867; and the continuance of the monthly contraction of four millions to the close of the current fiscal year would reduce the total to 325 million dollars. This large reduction in the demand obligations has, of course, a most direct tendency to inspire confidence in the ability of the Government to redeem its promises; and the more so because the reserve of coin in the Treasury is at the same time accumulating, and in July next is quite likely to amount to about 30 per cent. of the greenback circulation.

The importance of these facts has been lost sight of in the excitement attending the vicissitudes of foreign and domestic politics; and it would seem that the public must soon wake up to the consciousness that we are being brought to the resumption of specie payments much more closely than they had supposed. From these considerations it is manifest that the firmness of the premium for some months past has been in opposition to the course of the public credit.

And next, as to the supply of precious metals. On the 31st October there was in the Treasury 14 million dollars of private coin on deposit; and on the 1st inst. 25 million dollars became due to the holders of coupons, making, together, 39 million dollars in the hands of the public; to which may be further added, say, 4 million dollars of coin proper in the banks. On the 1st of January about 20 million dollars will become payable on coupons, and 9 million more in redemption of United States Sixes of 1867. In view of the large payments on January 1st, it is probable that the Treasury may not sell gold to the average extent during the interim; and yet from the low state of the currency balance it may be found necessary to sell a portion of the customs receipts, say six millions for the two months, or half the average rate. This being the case, we should have a total supply from November 1st to January 1st of about 78 million dollars, an amount in the hands of the public unequalled at any period within the last four years, and more than double the average supply for many months past.

What are the prospects of the demand? The course of foreign trade is not favorable to the anticipation of any important demand for exportation. Last year, our imports at this season were unusually heavy, while our exports, except of cotton, were exceptionally light. This season the imports are light, under a reaction from the over-importations for the Spring trade; and as the results of the Fall trade are far from satisfactory, and trade is generally depressed, it is quite likely that the orders for Spring importation will also be on a strictly moderate scale. Our harvests have given us a liberal surplus of breadstuffs, which is likely to be bought by Europe at high prices; while our surplus of cotton will be somewhat larger than last year, though ruling at lower prices. The exports of flour at New York from the beginning of August to the close of October were, this year, 320,000 bbls., against 215,000 bbls. for the same period of last year; and of wheat 2,071,000 bushels, against 171,000 bushels last year. For the same period the imports at this port were this year 60 million dollars against 78 million last year; and the total exports 41 million dollars against 39 million last year. These facts indicate a very important change in the course of trade from this period of 1866, and so far indicate a probability that less than the usual amount of specie will be required for adjusting the excess of imports over exports of produce and merchandise. From the moderation of the imports it follows that the demand for coin for

customs duties will fall below the late average. This, however, is not a consideration really affecting materially the supply of coin; for if the receipts of the Treasury are diminished, its sales will also be to a corresponding extent curtailed. The position of affairs in Italy has quieted the fears of an outbreak of a foreign war, and hence at the financial centres of Europe there is a more hopeful feeling than prevailed a few weeks ago; facts which are calculated to allay the apprehensions of a return of our securities and a calling home of balances which have been excited in some quarters by the unsettled condition of European politics.

From a survey of the whole question, therefore, it would appear that the gold premium is now freed from a combination of influences which for some months have been steadily fostering its inflation, and that, for the immediate future at least, it will be more fully regulated by the improving condition of the finances and the contraction of a redundant currency.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD.

The operating accounts of this company for the years ending April 30, 1866 and 1867, compare as given in the following statement:

	1865-66.	1866-67.	Increase.	Decrease.
Passenger earnings..	\$1,757,387 99	\$1,543,714 15	.....	\$213,673 84
Freight ..	4,204,740 82	4,124,692 99	.....	80,047 83
Miscellaneous.....	213,424 54	414,730 91	201,306 37	.....
Total gross earnings.	\$6,175,553 35	\$6,083,138 05	\$92,415 30	\$92,415 30
Operating expenses..	3,020,164 78	3,093,574 07	\$73,409 29	.....
Net earnings.....	\$3,155,388 57	\$2,989,563 98	\$165,824 55	\$165,824 55

The following statement exhibits the total income of the company in the years severally and the manner of its disbursement:

	1865-66.	1866-67.	Increase.	Decrease.
Net revenue as above....	\$3,155,388 57	\$2,989,563 98	.....	\$165,824 55
Interest and exchange...	30,152 17	63,723 70	33,571 53	.....
Balance from Quincy & Chicago R. R.....	81,176 06	.....	.....	81,176 06
Balance of income.....	988,401 63	588,691 55	.....	399,709 48
Total resources....	\$4,255,117 83	\$3,641,979 23	\$613,138 60	\$613,138 60

—which amounts were disbursed on the following accounts, viz.:

	1865-66.	1866-67.	Increase.	Decrease.
Rent of tracks and depots..	\$17,457 92	\$14,288 14	.....	\$3,169 78
Transfer office expenses...	1,583 33	1,000 00	.....	583 33
Interest on bonds.....	421,566 34	406,753 31	.....	14,808 03
Prem. on fractional stock .	64 88	.....	.....	64 88
Illinois taxes.....	169,619 96	113,335 74	.....	56,284 22
National taxes.....	323,040 16	131,201 04	.....	191,839 12
Improvements.....	6,668 68	.....	.....	6,668 68
Dividend, May.....	418,825 00	509,650 00	90,825 00	.....
" November.....	503,300 00	509,650 00	6,350 00	.....
Stock distribution.....	1,675,300 00	.....	.....	1,675,300 00
Transfer to sinking fund...	129,000 00	50,000 00	.....	79,000 00
Balance to credit of income.	588,691 55	1,905,496 00	1,316,704 45	.....

The balance as here given was subject to the April dividend, amounting to \$547,315 78, leaving accumulated earnings at \$1,358,180 22. In September, 1867, in addition to the usual dividend, a stock dividend was made in the proportion of one share to every five shares at that date outstanding, being 20 per cent. of the total amount. This distribution made the capital stock about \$12,500,000, at which it now stands.

The financial condition of the company, as exhibited on the balance sheets of April 30, 1866 and 1867, is shown in the following statement:

	April 30, 1866.	April 30, 1867.	Increase.	Decrease.
Capital stock.....	\$10,193,010 00	\$10,399,010 00	\$206,000 00	.....
Bonded debt.....	5,754,405 25	5,458,250 00	.....	\$296,155 25
Operating accounts	204,206 73	365,542 02	161,335 24	.....
Sinking fund.....	778,125 99	828,725 99	50,600 00	.....
Income credit.....	588,691 55	1,905,496 00	1,316,804 45	.....
Total debit.....	\$17,518,440 57	\$18,957,024 01	\$1,438,583 44	\$.....

Against which are charged the following accounts, viz.:

	1865-66.	1866-67.	Increase.	Decrease.
Construction (406 miles)..	\$12,777,551 92	\$13,246,710 70	\$469,158 78	.....
Equipment	2,670,309 80	2,956,327 52	286,017 72	.....
Materials and fuel, &c....	426,805 60	459,304 10	32,498 50	.....
Accounts and bills receivable	82,116 35	203,373 96	121,257 61	.....
Burlin & Mo. River R.R. pref. stock (3 instal'ts).	59,976 59	180,023 22	120,046 63	.....
Due from agents and connecting roads.....	131,234 18	64,728 74	.....	66,505 44
Account of North'n Cross R.R. bonds not called for	270,000 00	270,000 00	.....	.....
Dividends No. 11 and 13 and tax.....	536,473 68	547,315 78	10,842 10	.....
Deposits in New York, Boston and Treasury..	348,317 71	746,575 13	398,257 42	.....
Deposits with Trustees of Sinking Fund.....	221,664 86	282,664 86	61,000 00	.....
Total credit.....	\$17,518,440 57	\$18,957,024 01	\$1,438,583 44	\$.....

These results are certainly very favorable, and were thought to warrant the distribution of stock in September last. In order to show the effect of the results indicated on the price of shares of the company in New York, we append the following statement of the monthly range for the last five years;

	1862-63.	1863-64.	1864-65.	1865-66.	1866-67.
May.....	64½ @ 73	108 @ 120	126 @ 142	102 @ 110	113 @ 117
June.....	75 @ 80	113 @ 116	126½ @ 132	104 @ 108	116 @ 121
July.....	74½ @ 78½	114 @ 111½	126 @ 132	109½ @ 112	124 @ 125
August.....	58 @ 87	115 @ 126½	127 @ 131	111 @ 113	129 @ 130
September.....	85½ @ 96½	120 @ 123	117 @ 127	112 @ 125	128 @ 138½
October.....	100 @ 119	122½ @ 131	111 @ 115	124 @ 130	132½ @ 137
November.....	83 @ 116	116½ @ 124½	115 @ 120	110½ @ 115	131 @ 133½
December.....	86½ @ 88	115 @ 117½	116½ @ 118	113 @ 115	130 @ 134
January.....	99 @ 111½	118 @ 129	114 @ 120	109½ @ 114	129 @ 132
February.....	105 @ 110	122 @ 133	115 @ 120	112 @ 112	127 @ 130½
March.....	106 @ 110	131½ @ 146	100 @ 115	113½ @ 115	129½ @ 132
April.....	107½ @ 112½	132 @ 149	103 @ 117	115 @ 117½	130 @ 135
Year.....	64½ @ 119	108 @ 149	100 @ 142	102 @ 130	113 @ 138½
Cash dividends, p. c.	9	9	13	10	10
Stock distributions	20	..	10	20	..

The range in May was 130@132; in June, 132@142; in July, 144@150; in August, 148@150; in September, 124@126½, and in October, 126½@137.

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Treasury Department, on the 1st October and 1st November, 1867:

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
5 per cent. bonds.....	\$198,431,350 00	\$198,845,950 00	\$414,000 00	.....
6 " " '67 & '68.	14,707,941 80	14,690,941 80	.....	17,000 00
6 " " 1881.....	283,676,100 00	283,676,600 00	500 00	.....
6 " " (5-20's) ..	1,233,380,750 00	1,267,898,100 00	32,517,350 00	.....
Navy Pen. F'd 6 p.c.	13,000,000 00	13,000,000 00	.....	.....
Total.....	1,745,196,141 80	1,778,110,991 80	32,914,850 00	.....

DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
6 per ct. (RR) bonds	\$16,746,000 00	\$18,042,000 00	\$1,296,000 00	.....
2-yrs com. int. n'tes	78,839,580 00	62,558,940 00	.....	16,280,640 00
3-years 7-30 notes ..	365,489,100 00	334,607,700 00	.....	30,881,400 00
3 p. cent. certificates	.....	11,560,000 00	11,560,000 00	.....
Total.....	461,074,680 00	426,768,640 00	34,306,040 00	.....

MATURED DEBT NOT PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
7-30 n. due Aug. 15, '67	\$4,250,000 00	\$3,371,100 00	.....	\$878,900 00
6 p. c. comp. int. n'tes	7,483,100 00	9,316,100 00	1,833,000 00	.....
B'ds of Texas ind'ty	262,000 00	262,000 00	.....	.....
Treasury notes (old)	164,511 64	163,661 64	.....	850 00
B'ds of Apr. 15, 1842.	54,061 64	54,061 64	.....	.....
Treas. n's of Ma. 3, '63	959,330 00	868,240 00	.....	91,140 00
Temporary loan.....	5,012,203 55	4,168,375 55	.....	\$843,828 00
Certif. of indebtedness	36,000 00	34,000 00	.....	2,000 00
Total.....	18,221,256 83	18,237,538 83	16,282 00	.....

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
United States notes.	\$361,164,844 00	\$357,164,844 00	.....	\$4,000,000 00
Fractional currency.	29,864,713 37	30,706,433 39	\$841,720 02	.....
Gold certi. of deposit	14,867,820 00	14,514,400 00	.....	353,420 00
Total.....	405,897,377 37	402,385,677 39	3,511,699 98	.....

RECAPITULATION.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
Bearing coin interest..	1,745,196,141 80	1,778,110,991 80	32,914,850 00	.....
Bearing cur'y interest..	461,074,680 00	426,768,640 00	34,306,040 00	.....
Matured debt	18,221,256 83	18,237,538 83	16,282 00	.....
Bearing no interest....	405,897,377 37	402,385,677 39	3,511,699 98	.....
Aggregate.....	2,630,389,456 00	2,625,502,848 02	4,886,607 98	.....
Coin & cur. in Treas...	135,112,009 24	133,998,398 02	.....	1,113,611 27
Debt less coin and cur.	2,495,277,446 76	2,491,504,450 00	3,772,996 76	.....

The following statement shows the amount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table:

COIN AND CURRENCY IN TREASURY.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
Coin.....	\$103,298,659 69	\$111,540,317 35	\$8,241,657 66	.....
Currency.....	31,813,349 55	22,458,050 67	.....	9,355,298 88
Total coin & cur'y.	135,112,009 24	133,998,398 02	\$1,113,611 22	.....

The annual interest payable on the debt as existing October 1, and November 1, 1867, (exclusive of interest on the compound interest notes,) compares as follows:

ANNUAL INTEREST PAYABLE ON PUBLIC DEBT.				
	October 1.	November 1.	Increase.	Decrease.
Coin—5 per cents.....	\$9,921,567 50	\$9,942,267 50	\$20,700 90	.....
6 " " 67-68	882,476 51	881,456 51	.....	1,020 00
6 " " 1881.	17,020,566 00	17,030,596 00	30 00	.....
6 " " 5-20s	74,122,845 00	76,073,886 00	1,951,041 00	.....
6 " " N. P. F.	780,000 00	780,000 00	.....	.....
Total coin interest ...	\$102,727,455 01	\$104,698,205 01	\$1,970,750 00	.....
Currency—6 per cents.	1,004,760 00	1,082,520 00	77,760 00	.....
7-30 " "	26,680,704 30	24,426,362 10	.....	2,254,342 20
Total cur'y interest	\$27,685,464 30	\$25,508,832 10	\$2,176,632 20	.....
Aggregate coin & currency, excl. comp. interest notes	\$130,412,919 31	\$130,207,037 11	\$205,882 20	.....

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— OCT. 25.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam	short.	11 18½ @ 11.18½	Oct. 25.	short.	11.91 @ —
Antwerp	3 months.	25.35 @ 25.40	"	"	25.17½ @ —
Hamburg	"	13. 9¼ @ 13.10½	"	"	13. 8¼ @ —
Paris	"	25.30 @ 25.35	"	"	25.15 @ —
Paris	short.	25.12½ @ 25.22½	"	3 mo's.	25.32½ @ —
Vienna	3 months.	12.67½ @ 12.72½	"	"	—
Berlin	"	6.26½ @ 6.27	"	"	—
St. Petersburg	"	31¼ @ 32	Oct. 25.	3 mo's.	33¼
Cadiz	"	49 @ 49½	"	"	—
Lisbon	90 days.	51½ @ 51¾	Oct. 22.	30 days.	53¼
Milan	3 months.	28.15 @ 28.25	"	"	—
Genoa	"	28.15 @ 28.25	"	"	—
Naples	"	28.15 @ 28.25	"	"	—
New York	"	—	Oct. 21.	60 days.	108¼
Jamaica	"	—	Sept. 24.	90 days.	1 p. c.
Havana	"	—	Sept. 29.	60 days.	19¼ @ 19½ pm.
Rio de Janeiro	"	—	Sept. 24.	"	21 @ 21½
Buenos Ayres	"	—	Sept. 24.	"	48 @ —
Valparaiso	"	—	Sept. 17.	"	45½ @ —
Pernambuco	"	—	Oct. 1.	"	21 @ 21½
Singapore	60 days.	4s. 5½ d.	Sept. 14.	6 mos.	4s. 4¼ d. @ —
Hong Kong	"	4s. 5½ d.	Sept. 10.	"	4s. 4¼ d. @ —
Ceylon	"	2 p. c. dis.	Sept. 23.	"	1½ p. c.
Bombay	"	1s 11¼ d @ —	Oct. 20.	"	1s. 11 d
Madras	"	1s 11¼ d @ —	Oct. 15.	"	1s. 11¼ d
Calcutta	"	1s 11¼ d @ —	Oct. 17.	"	1s. 11¼ d
Sydney	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	Oct. 7.	30 days.	1½ p. c.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, October 26, 1867.

Taken as a whole, business during the present week has been more satisfactory, but it would seem to be imprudent to assert that the steadiness which has prevailed is indicative of a return of thorough commercial activity and prosperity. There have been so many symptoms during the last few months of reviving trade, that people will not now believe stagnation is at an end until they actually find business once more in a state of decided animation. That period cannot be said to have yet arrived, but it may be remarked that trade, though comparatively restricted, is of a truly legitimate character, and hence the position of our commerce is becoming daily more sound and more satisfactory. The continued downward movement in the value of cotton has had a material influence in delaying any improvement in other branches of trade. Many persons, believing this heavy decline would have the effect of producing much distress amongst holders, and that several, if not very many failures, would inevitably follow. Such, however, has not yet been the case. Although the anxiety has been great, the failures which have taken place have been few. Liverpool, indeed, is said to be rotten; but this is what is so frequently stated of the trade of that port that but little attention need be paid to the remark; the failures which have lately taken place not being by any means numerous and, with few exceptions, not of a serious nature. Those of Messrs. Colin Campbell & Son, and of the Royal Bank of Liverpool are the most important.

The leading financial feature of the week is the failure of the Royal Bank of Liverpool. This bank was established in May, 1836. The paid-up capital was £600,000, in shares of £1,000 each. In 1837, the house passed through a period of great trial in consequence of the failure of the three American houses of Wildes, Wilson and Wiggin. In 1847 a still greater strain fell upon the resources of the bank, owing to the railway panic, and amongst many other banks and mercantile houses, it was compelled to suspend payment. The bank, however, was re-established, but heavy losses lately sustained have, after a lapse of twenty years, compelled it to stop payment in 1867. The liabilities of the institution are not heavy, viz., about £1,750,000. The company is unlimited, and the shareholders, who are mostly wealthy, are liable for all the debts of the concern. An effort is now being made to resuscitate the bank under the Limited Liability act of 1862.

On Monday the wheat trade was in a very depressed state. The supply of home grain produce on the stands in the London market was the heaviest since harvest; and yet millers, having supplied themselves to a considerable extent, showed but little disposition to purchase, except at a considerable decline in prices and hence the amount of business transacted was to a very moderate extent. The fall in the quotations from the highest point lately reached was 3s. to 4s. per quarter, and many millers were indisposed to operate even at this reduction in prices. During the last few days, however, the trade has exhibited more activity. Millers having perceived that there is no immediate prospect of any considerable fall in prices have purchased more freely, but, for the most part, at the late decline in the quotations. The principal change is in the value of produce off the coast. This description was more than ordinarily depressed, and prices declined as much as 4s per quarter. On Thursday and yesterday an improvement of about 1s was established

and hence the fall in the value of produce afloat is about equal to that for home-grown wheat, or for foreign produce on the spot. Our stocks of old wheat being small, and there being a deficiency not only in the yield per acre, but also in the weight per bushel, it seems impossible that at present, prices can give way to any important extent. So far as the sources of supply, on which we mainly relied last season, are concerned, our position is superior to last year, and our imports are very conclusive of this fact, being more than double the figures for this period in 1866. These imports, however, are only sufficient to check any upward movement in prices, but if we are to have, as seems probable, another very material source of supply in the United States, the prospect is, I think, that under the influence of heavy importations from New York prices will give way. Still, I may add that as the United States are to play an important part in supplying Europe with wheat and flour prior to next harvest, you are best able to calculate on your side what is to be the course of the markets in Europe during the present season. It seems to me that with heavy receipts from eastern Europe, and with the large arrivals of excellent produce which we anticipate from the United States, the value of wheat in this country must be at a more moderate level than is the case now; but it would appear that we cannot expect any very heavy supplies from New York this year, and hence the value of wheat is likely to keep at a high figure for at least two months to come.

Since the commencement of September our imports of wheat into the United Kingdom have been 4,502,753 cwt., against 2,163,373 cwt last year, showing an increase of about 2,200,000 cwt. I mentioned to you that it was again necessary to beware of the statements put forward respecting the French demand in this country, and the official statement of exports shows that the actual extent of the exports was very limited. In the seven weeks ending October 19, they amounted to 270,071 cwt., against 125,389 cwt. in 1866, so that in the seven weeks the export was about one-half of an ordinary weekly importation. As regards flour, owing to the small receipts from the United States, and the suspension of the trade with France, there is, compared with last year, an increase of only 22,000 cwt. The imports and exports of wheat and flour into and from the United Kingdom, since Sept. 1, have been as under:

WHEAT.	Imports.		Exports.	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Week ending	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
September 7	252,064	757,270	5,792	8,136
" 14	314,855	764,138	11,676	29,405
" 21	229,450	737,175	8,546	92,083
" 28	293,324	646,705	29,424	73,160
Total	1,119,693	2,905,288	55,438	202,784
October 5	391,443	539,930	28,789	38,939
" 12	350,770	515,179	20,503	16,704
" 19	301,467	542,356	20,659	11,644
Total	2,163,373	4,502,753	125,389	270,071

FLOUR.	Imports.		Exports.	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Week ending	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
September 7	27,297	46,893	1,088	144
" 14	22,088	33,379	184	80
" 21	28,817	29,184	6	1,362
" 28	22,727	44,684	235	538
Total	100,959	154,140	1,563	2,124
October 5	24,499	19,246	4	596
" 12	55,282	38,126	685	603
" 19	57,673	48,489	410	1,122
Total	238,423	260,001	2,662	4,445

The money market remains in the same stagnant state too frequently described in these letters. Nor does there seem to be any prospect of an immediate or even distant improvement, the trade of the country being so contracted, and, in most respects, so strictly legitimate, that no hope can be entertained of an increasing mercantile demand for money. In some quarters it is asserted that the demand is reviving and that the rates of discounts have become firmer; but the inquiries I have made upon this point does not bear out the assertion. The fact seems to be that because a little gold has gone out of the bank—little because of the very large supply held by the establishment—many persons have been led into the impression that the supply of capital seeking investment has been diminished, and that the Bank will shortly have to raise their *minimum* rate of discount. But it is plain that the gold withdrawn was idle capital, and, therefore, can have had no effect upon the supply in the discount market, which in fact, remains as abundant as ever. The present state of the discount market seems to be that the supply seeking employment in this department is heavy; that first class bills, owing to the distrust which still prevails, are scarce; and that, consequently, the open market *minimum* is at a low figure, owing to the anxiety shown on the part of the banks and discount houses to secure the best descriptions of paper. The open market *minimum* does not exceed 1½ per cent., and several institutions are glad to secure the best descriptions of bills at 1½ per cent. The rates of discount, so far as the best descriptions of paper are concerned, are now as under:

	Per Cent	Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	1½@1¼	6 months' bank bills..... 1½@2
3 months' bills.....	1¼@1½	4 & 6 months' trade bills.... 2 @3
4 months' bank bills.....	1¼@1½	

Since Saturday last, the principal change on the Continent is at Amsterdam, at which city, there has been an advance of ½ per cent. in the minimum quotation. This is believed to have been caused by some heavy remittances of specie to Russia, but the circumstance is of no very great importance to Europe at large, the bank of Amsterdam being quite an insignificant institution, as compared with the Banks of England and France. At Paris and other Continental cities the rates of discount have not materially changed. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France is now £36,639,620, while discounts are at £21,021,400. The following statement shows rates of discount at the leading cities at this date and at this period last year :

	B'k rate		Op. m'kt			B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.		1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
At Paris.....	3	2	3-3½	2-2½	Turin.....	6	5		
Vienna....	5	4	5½	4	Brussels..	3	2½	2½	2½
Berlin....	5	4	5	2½	Madrid...	9	5		
Frankfort.	4½	2½	4	1½-2	Hamburg..	-	5	3½	2
Amst'ru'm	5	3	5	2½	St. Pet'g.	7	7	8-9	8-9

On Tuesday the rates of foreign exchange were more favorable to this country ; but towards the close of the week bills have been more in demand, and the quotations are rather lower.

The whole of our imports of gold during the last ten days has been taken for export, and in addition to this supply about £760,000—nearly £200,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for transmission to the continent. This demand for gold for export is, as I stated last week, believed to have been caused by the maturing of a large amount of sterling bills held at Paris, and which, having been presented for payment, have not been renewed, nor have other bills been taken to supply their places, as money in the open market is one per cent dearer in Paris than in London. In the silver market there has been decidedly less animation, and also less firmness. The principal cause of this flatness arises out of the circumstance that a large supply from the West Indies is expected to be on the market on Monday, while the export demand is confined entirely to the continent. The prices of bullion are now as under : Fine bar gold, 77s. 9d.@77s. 9½d. do refinable, 77s. 11d.@78s. ; Spanish doubloons, 75@76s. ; South American do, 73s. 7d.@73s. 9d. ; United States gold coin, 76s. 3d.@76s. 4 ; bar silver, 60½d.@60½d. ; dore do, 60½d.@61d. ; fine cake do, 65d ; and Mexican dollars, 59d.@59½d. per ounce.

Taken as a whole, the Consol market has been firmer, but has remained very sensitive, prices have risen or fallen upon the slightest rumors from the Paris Bourse or from Italy. As, however, an impression prevails that the issue of the Roman question will be satisfactory, or at all events, that there will be no war, inasmuch as it is quite impossible that a nation situated like Italy should venture upon hostilities with so powerful a country as France, the tendency of prices has been favorable, and at certain periods of the week the quotations have been at a comparatively high point. The abundance of money and the indisposition of the public to invest in the shares of railway and other public companies have led to numerous investments in Consols, and these two facts have had a material influence upon prices. The following statement shows the highest and lowest prices of Consols on each day of the week :

Week ending Oct. 26.	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	93¼-93¾	93¾-94¼	93¾-94¼	94 -94¼	94¼-94¾	93¾-94¼

In the market for American securities the dealings have been to a very moderate extent. On the whole, prices have ruled firm, but the changes which have taken place are not important. A meeting lasting more than four hours was held on Tuesday for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee of Investigation of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company. Beyond what has been stated in that report, very little of interest transpired, the report of the Committee being adopted. Erie railway shares and Illinois Central are rather firm. The following figures show the highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities on each day of the week :

Week ending Oct. 26.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'rday.
U. S. 5-20's..	68½-68¾	69½-69¾	68½-68¾	69½-69¾	69½-69¾	68½-69
Atlantic & G't West- ern consol'd bonds	19¾-20	20¾-20¾	21¼-21¼	21¼-.....	21¼-21¼	21 -.....
Erie Shares (\$100)	43¼-45	45¼-45¼	45¼-46	45¼-.....	46 -.....	45¼-.....
Illinois shares (\$100)	77 -78	78-¾	78¾-78¾	78¾-.....	78¾-79	79 -79¾

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary :

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols fell to 94 1-16 on Monday.

At the close of Thursday the quotation was 94 7-16. American securities are buoyant—U. S. Sixes (Five-Twenties) closed at 70½, Illinois Central Shares at 81½, and Erie shares at 46½. Since the 31st ult. the bullion in the vaults of the Bank of England has decreased £364,000. The Bank of France in the meanwhile has increased its reserve by 100,000 francs.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money.....	94 9-16	94 7-16	94 1-16	94½	94½	94 7-16
U. S. 6's (1862).....	70	70 1-16	69¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Illinois Central shares..	80¾	81	81	81½	81 15-16	81½
Erie Railway shares....	47¾	47	46¾	46¾	47	46¾
Atlantic & Great West- ern cons. bonds.....	.....	20¾	.....	.....	.....	.....

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—
Frankfort..... 75¾ 75¾ 75¾ 75¾ 76 76 5-16

Liverpool Cotton Market.—The dullness reported at the close of last week continued until Wednesday, on which day a moderate activity was apparent, and American cotton advanced 1-16d. per lb. On Thursday the market was firm at a further advance of 1-16d, closing for middling uplands at 8½d, and for Orleans at 9d, being in either case a gain of ½d from the lowest prices of the week.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bales sold.....	8,000	8,000	10,000	8,000	15,000	15,000
Price Midd. Uplds. 8¾d.	8¾d.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8 9-16	8¾d.
Orleans 9d.	9d.	9	9	8¾d.	8 15-16	9d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—The wheat market is quiet, and all grades have receded from last week's closing quotations. The loss is 3d. per cental. Corn has also given way to the extent of 6d. per qr. Oats are dearer by 1d. per 45 lbs. Barley remains at 5s. 4d. and peas at 51s. The market closed firm at these quotations :

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Wheat (No. 1 Mil Red) p. ctl	14 0	14 0	14 0	13 9	13 9	13 9
(Ca if white) ".....	15 9	15 9	15 9	15 6	15 6	15 6
Corn (West. m'x'd) p. 480 lbs	49 9	49 9	49 6	49 6	49 6	49 3
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 10	3 10	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11
Peas. (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0
Flour (extra West.) p. bbl.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef fell to 112s. 6d. on Tuesday ; but recovered next day to 115s., but on Thursday sunk suddenly to 105s., at which it closed. Pork is steady at 72s, and bacon at 52s. Lard has been firm, but on Wednesday fell off 3d., and closes at 52s. 6d. Cheese maintains its old quotations, closing at 52s.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	115 0	115 0	115 0	112 6	115 0	105 6
Pork (Etu. pr. mess) p 200 lbs	72 0	72 0	72 0	72 0	72 0	72 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0
Lard (American) " " "	52 6	52 9	52 9	52 9	52 6	52 0
Cheese (mid. Am.) " " "	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—Rosin is easier and has lost 9d. on the week ; middling grades, and also fine pale, are quoted at 12s. Spirits Turpentine is steady at 27s. Petroleum is weak and has fallen off ½d. but spirits have made a sudden advance from 1s. 6d. to 2s. Tallow continues to decline, and closes at 44s. 6d., being 9d. loss on the week.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Ashes—pots..... per 112 lbs	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rosin (com Wilm) " "	9 0	9 0	8 3	8 3	8 3	8 3
" middling.... " "	12 0	12 0	12 0	.....	.....	12 0
" fine..... " "	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	12 0
Sp turpentine..... " "	27 0	27 0	27 0	27 0	27 0	27 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1 6	1 6	1 5½	1 5½	1 5½	1 5½
" spirits.... per 8 lbs	1 6	1 6	1 6	1 6	2 0	2 0
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	45 3	45 0	44 9	44 9	44 6	44 6
Clover seed (Am. red) " "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

London Produce, Oil and Metal Markets.—Sugar is firm and has gained 6d. per 112 lbs. since Tuesday. Whale Oil is again lower, closing at £37 per 252 gallons. Linseed Oil has advanced 10s. per ton. Linseed and Linseed Cake are steady at former prices. Sperm Oil is £1 lower, closing at £114.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p. 112 lbs.	26 0	26 0	26 0	26 0	26 6	26 6
Linseed (Calcutta).... per qtr.	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6	63 6

Cake and oils were quoted as follows :

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
Linseed cake (obl'g) p ton	£11 0 0	£11 0 0	£11 0 0	£11 0 0	£11 0 0	£11 0 0
" oil..... " "	40 10 0	40 10 0	40 10 0	41 0 0	41 0 0	41 0 0
Sperm oil..... " "	115 0 0	115 0 0	115 0 0	115 0 0	115 0 0	114 0 0
Whale oil..... p. 252 gals.	40 0 0	40 0 0	40 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0

The following are the quotations for metals :

Iron (Sc. pig mxd num) p. ton.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tin (Straits & Banca) p. 112 lb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a decrease in dry goods, but a considerable increase in general merchandise, the total being \$3,497,014 against \$2,717,854 last week, and \$5,281,277 the previous week. The exports are \$4,597,023 this week, against \$4,946,163 last week, and \$4,355,743 the previous week. The

exports of cotton the past week were 12,212 bales, against 7,413 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Nov. 1, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Nov. 2 :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods.....	\$721,817	\$3,137,236	\$1,339,840	\$1,013,957
General merchandise...	1,417,879	1,886,144	2,607,216	2,483,057
Total for the week.....	\$2,139,696	\$5,023,370	\$3,947,056	\$3,497,014
Previously reported.....	185,771,085	171,224,587	245,421,180	206,227,144
Since Jan. 1.....	\$187,916,781	\$166,247,957	\$249,368,236	\$209,724,158

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Nov. 5 :

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week.....	\$3,391,378	\$6,608,467	\$3,093,780	\$4,597,023
Previously reported.....	182,594,318	132,791,709	158,268,667	152,211,148
Since Jan. 1.....	\$185,985,698	\$139,400,176	\$161,362,447	\$156,803,171

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain...	\$2,714,683	\$83,264,146	Cuba.....	\$265,521	\$5,055,836
France.....	195,680	8,708,455	Haiti.....	14,426	1,328,551
Holland & Belg.	166,708	5,248,817	Other W. I.....	175,410	6,170,573
Germany.....	379,596	17,733,944	Mexico.....		1,794,970
Other N. Europe		1,335,116	New Granada...	97,091	2,651,422
Spain.....	64,701	1,287,810	Venezuela.....	12,633	554,784
Other S. Europe	149,522	5,697,530	Br. Guiana.....	37,141	955,313
East Indies.....		11,331	Brazil.....	55,993	2,552,286
China & Japan.	78,000	1,907,415	Other S.A. ports	72,809	3,075,533
Australia.....		2,502,602	All other ports	14,674	2,958,375
Br. N. A. Colonies	102,366	3,057,852			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Nov. 2, 1867 :

Oct. 31—St. Union, Bremen—		British gold.....	24,282
Foreign silver.....	\$3,200	1—Ste'er Allemannia,	
For Southampton—		Hamburg—	
Silver bars.....	73,282	Silver bars.....	30,000
Nov. 1—Bark Teresa, Mara-		Foreign silver.....	1,200
caibo—		1—St. Ville de Paris,	
Specie.....	20,000	Havre—	
American gold.....	10,000	Gold bars.....	262,600
1—St. France, Liverpool—		Foreign coin.....	44,400
Gold bars.....	100,000	Total for week.....	\$579,964
1—St. City of Paris,		Previously reported....	41,257,368
Liverpool—			

Total since Jan. 1..... \$44,837,332

Same time in	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.	1861.	1860.	1859.
1866.....	\$55,585,777	1858.....	\$23,692,977					
1865.....	25,238,218	1857.....	33,560,342					
1864.....	39,729,572	1856.....	22,686,309					
1863.....	39,042,834	1855.....	26,482,661					
1862.....	49,902,205	1854.....	34,612,176					
1861.....	3,235,652	1853.....	21,226,961					
1860.....	41,613,419	1852.....	23,106,137					
1859.....	64,703,213							

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows :

Oct. 26—St. Virginia, Vera Cruz—		31—St. Henry Chauncey, Aspinwall—	
Gold.....	\$19,323	Gold.....	5,638
Silver.....	36,798	Silver.....	200
2—St. Corsica, Nassau—		31—St. Moro Castle, Hav—	
Gold.....	82,452	Gold.....	450
Silver.....	6,545	31—St. San Francisco, Gray Town—	
23—St. Corsica, Havana—		Silver.....	100
Gold.....	50,058	Total for week.....	\$203,439
30—Bark A. M. Palmer, Buenos Ayres,		Previously reported..	2,655,028
Gold.....	1,575		

Since Jan. 1..... \$2,858,467

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses.

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks :

Date.	Weekly.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
Oct. 5.....	\$340,611,900	\$38,373,950	\$379,015,850
" 12.....	340,643,250	38,318,450	378,961,700
" 19.....	340,645,250	38,270,450	378,916,700
" 26.....	340,628,250	38,270,450	378,898,700
Nov. 2.....	340,700,250	38,170,450	378,870,700

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date :

Week ending.	Notes issued.		Notes returned.	Notes in Circulation.
	Current week.	Aggregate.		
Oct. 5.....	\$43,340	\$304,029,311	\$4,934,645	\$299,094,666
" 12.....	66,600	304,95,911	4,969,345	299,126,566
" 19.....	81,080	304,12,991	4,988,245	299,141,746
" 26.....	24,850	304,154,341	5,046,895	299,107,986
Nov. 2.....	132,600	304,287,641	5,048,796	299,235,796

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly ; also the amount destroyed :

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroyed.
Oct. 5.....	\$524,000	\$578,924	\$337,000
" 12.....	643,000	606,974	497,806
" 19.....	593,000	423,757	503,800
" 26.....	572,320	572,664	337,800
Nov. 2.....	521,500	259,602	351,100

4.—Receipts on account of Internal Revenue weekly, and the total from July 1 to date :

Week ending.	Current week.	Total to date.
Oct. 5.....	\$6,571,397	\$61,315,866
" 12.....	2,500,000	63,815,866
" 19.....	1,685,000	65,500,866
" 26.....	2,290,892	67,789,000
Nov. 2.....	6,013,000	73,802,000

5.—Receipts from Customs at the specified ports weekly :

Week end'g.	N. York.	Boston.	Phila.	Baltimore.	N. Orleans
Oct. 1 to 5.....	\$1,741,415	\$193,451	\$99,912	\$44,626	\$.....
" 5 to 12.....	2,111,000	402,942	238,314	185,848	.....
" 12 to 19.....	2,036,000	293,551	160,232	84,608	.....

THE NATIONAL BANKS OF BOSTON.—The following is a detailed statement of the condition of the National banks of Boston on the first Monday of October, 1867, prepared by Messrs. Walley & Bates, bankers, of Boston :

Name.	Capital.	Circulat'n.	Individual deposits.	Gov's.*	Surplus	Last p.c.t. div.
Atlantic National....	\$750,000	\$416,620	\$541,535 74	\$579,100	.27	5
Atlas ".....	1,000,000	795,010	775,861 52	1,122,650	.14	3-5 5
Blackstone ".....	1,000,000	791,915	1,307,305 47	1,010,600	.30	5
Boylston ".....	500,000	444,649	591,548 92	615,000	.25	6
Broadway ".....	200,000	174,745	164,915 86	220,000	.11	5
Columbian ".....	1,000,000	797,321	805,021 70	900,000	.12	5
Continental ".....	500,000	442,966	664,718 47	542,000	.21	5
Elliot ".....	1,000,000	796,000	786,578 02	906,000	.14	5
Feneuil Hall National	1,000,000	543,398	1,163,502 27	772,000	.10	5
First ".....	1,000,000	793,514	836,309 75	1,450,000	.59	6
Freeman's ".....	400,000	354,261	413,746 33	440,650	.30	8
Globe ".....	1,000,000	360,000	1,298,035 90	400,000	.30	5
Hamilton ".....	750,000	242,450	1,052,140 29	653,500	.09	6
Howard ".....	750,000	440,656	612,497 64	510,000	.09	5
Market ".....	800,000	351,698	803,413 70	489,000	.11	4
Massachus's ".....	800,000	353,844	777,350 83	568,000	.22	5
Maverick ".....	400,000	244,615	200,105 83	275,000	.21	4
Mechanics ".....	250,000	199,587	191,882 43	230,300	.05	5
Merchants ".....	3,000,000	1,841,500	1,871,676 50	2,850,000	.27	5
M't Vernon ".....	200,000	176,785	348,840 00	205,000	.25	6
Nat. Bank of Com'ce	2,000,000	998,452	1,658,394 11	1,130,000	.19	1-3 5
" of N. A.....	1,000,000	596,873	547,746 58	692,500	.05	4
" of Bedem.....	800,000	800,000	917,052 10	1,508,500	.12	4
" of Repub.....	1,000,000	799,400	613,982 87	1,200,000	.38	6
National City.....	1,000,000	456,495	626,411 58	510,000	.07	4
" Eagle.....	1,080,000	847,057	880,130 90	400,000	.17	4
" Exchange.....	1,000,000	798,570	892,529 06	521,000	.45	6
" Hide & Leth.....	1,000,000	794,401	938,908 25	906,150	.33	4 5 7
" Revere.....	1,000,000	832,790	1,534,313 57	370,000	.32	1-3 6
" Union.....	1,000,000	546,072	844,324 20	620,000	.27	5
New England Nat'l.....	1,000,000	799,398	637,099 13	920,000	.21	3-5 5
North ".....	1,000,000	797,953	538,712 60	972,450	.20	5
Old Boston ".....	900,000	367,000	1,018,975 32	535,000	.26	2-3 5
Second ".....	1,000,000	792,708	1,535,844 48	1,140,000	.33	6
Shawmut ".....	750,000	594,165	425,747 45	675,000	.21	4-5 5
Shoe & Leath. ".....	1,000,000	356,311	810,323 01	400,000	.19	6
State ".....	2,000,000	982,770	1,115,126 43	1,125,000	.10	4-5 5
Suffolk ".....	1,500,000	754,525	777,483 09	1,050,000	.08	4
The Boston ".....	750,000	524,186	504,535 45	1,037,000	.28	5
" Everett ".....	200,000	99,930	142,019 75	118,000	.02	7-10 3
Third ".....	800,000	174,715	530,320 14	374,300	.21	4
Traders ".....	600,000	173,250	703,722 58	205,000	.08	5
Tremont ".....	2,000,000	715,043	1,021,718 75	1,109,000	.06	1-6 5
Washington ".....	750,000	597,860	673,137 82	726,000	.28	2-3 6
Webster ".....	1,500,000	495,125	839,358 05	556,000	.03	2-3 4

* The Governments include those deposited with the U. S. Treasurer as security for circulating notes and deposits, and those held by the banks themselves.

SAN FRANCISCO BULLION MOVEMENT.—The supply of bullion during the past nine months has been as follows :

	1866.	1867.
Imports.....	\$1,017,123	\$1,655,306
Coastwise receipts.....	4,699,606	4,419,556
From Northern mines.....	29,775,101	31,973,874
From southern mines.....	8,418,456	3,223,353
Total.....	\$38,910,168	\$41,407,089

Increase nine months, 1867..... \$2,496,803

This does not represent the whole production, but simply the receipts from Wells, Fargo & Co. The receipts in October, since the close of the above table, are about \$1,000,000. The exports in the same period have been as follows :

To	1866.	1867.
New York.....	\$928,708 43	\$595,236 96
England.....	100,787 75	154,988 30
Panama.....	5,000 00	5,000 00
Acapulco.....	3,564 00	
Total.....	\$1,038,000 18	\$755,255 26
Honolulu.....	40,000 00	
China.....	303,983 01	
Previously.....	32,724,037 05	30,607,453 05
Total since January 1.....	\$34,107,070 23	\$31,362,708 31

TENNESSEE RAILROAD DEBT.—The Governor of Tennessee has just issued the following circular to the Railroad Presidents of the State :

GENTLEMEN—I herewith transmit to you, individually, a circular which explains itself. I have called upon the Comptroller for a statement of the indebtedness of the several railroad companies in the State, on account of interest up to January next (including arrearages), and have received the following: [Here follows list.]

On page 266 of the Code of Tennessee the three following sections of law are found, pointing out the

paid, and the credit of the State must be upheld, and this can only be done by those companies paying up their honest dues. I send this circular to every railroad President and Receiver in the State, that each may know what to expect. Further indulgence will not be given, and ought not to be expected.

W. G. BROWNLOW, Governor of Tennessee.

Nashville, Oct. 26, 1867.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY REFORM.—Those Stockholders who desire to change the direction of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, at the ensuing election, November 20, that the Company may be managed for the benefit of Stockholders, will please send their proxies to either of the Undersigned, from whom blank proxies can be obtained.

FRED. BUTTERFIELD, No. 8 College place.
SPENCER K. GREEN, Third Av. Savings Banl.
GEO. B. HARTSON, No. 5 Bowling Green.
O. W. JOSLYN & Co., No. 35 Broad Street.

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR OCT.—The following is an official statement of the business of the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in New York, for the month of October, 1867 :

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.		
Sept. 31, 1867, by balance		\$111,700,853 40
Receipts during the month:		
On account of customs	\$9,082,986 27	
do Gold notes	5,054,000 00	
do Internal revenue	413,580 37	
do Three per cent. Certificates	11,560,000 00	
do Post-office Department	555,494 16	
do Transfers	1,590,500 00	
do Patent fees	4,132 30	
do Miscellaneous	40,786,092 63	
do Disbursing accounts	14,566,840 48	
do Assay office	575,434 72	
do Interest accounts	507,916 00	\$4,697,036 93
Total		\$196,457,590 33
Payments during the month:		
Treasury drafts	\$71,475,203 22	
Post-office drafts	808,240 87	
Disbursing accounts	3,795,099 56	
Assay Office	213,284 14	
Interest accounts, viz.:		
In coin	187,356 75	
In currency	106,851 00	\$6,586,025 64
Balance		\$109,871,861 69
Balance to Cr. Treasurer United States	\$95,435,699 98	
Balance to Cr. disbursing accounts	10,568,233 64	
Assay Office	2,712,245 77	
Balance to Cr. interest accounts	1,350,585 30	\$109,871,861 69
Receipts for customs in Oct., 1867	\$9,082,986 27	
do do do 1866	11,507,697 75	
Decrease do do 1867	\$2,424,711 75	

UNITED STATES MINT FOR OCTOBER.—The following is the official statement of the operations of the United States Mint at Philadelphia for the month of October :

DEPOSITS.		Value.	Value.
Gold deposits	\$554,609 11	Silver deposits and purch.	\$32,871 36
Total deposits			\$587,480 47
COINAGE EXECUTED—GOLD.			
Denomination.	No. of pcs.	Value.	Value.
Eagles	38,630	772,600 00	12,050 28
Total			38,650 \$784,650 38
SILVER.			
Half Dollars	57,000	28,500 00	5 250 67
Total			57,005 \$28,750 67
COPPER AND NICKEL.			
One Cent pieces	796,000	\$7,900 00	Three Cent pieces 212,000 \$6,360 00
Two Cent pieces	267,500	5,350 00	Five Cent pieces 2,717,000 135,850 00
Total			3,986,500 \$155,460 00
RECAPITULATION.			
Gold Coinage	38,650	\$784,650 38	Copper coinage 3,987,500 \$155,460 00
Silver do	57,005	27,750 67	
Total			4,082,155 \$968,861 05

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C'T.	PAYABLE.		BOOKS CLOSED.
		WHEN.	WHERE.	
Banks.				
Nassau Bank	5	Nov. 11	At Bank.	Nov 2 to Nov 18
Railroads.				
W. Jersey, stock or scrip	10	Nov. 11	Camden, N.J.	—
Pennsylvania RR. Co.	3	Nov. 10	238 S. 3d st Phil	—
Nashua and Lowell	5	Nov. 1.	Boston.	—
Manchester & Lawrence	5	Nov. 1.	Manchester.	—
Telegraph.				
NY, New'd & London, g'ld	2	Nov. 15	44 South street	Nov 9 to Nov 15

FRIDAY, Nov. 8, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week opened with an improved condition of the banks, as indicated in the subjoined statement; but, notwithstanding, the market has shown less ease than last week, and the rate on call loans has reacted to 7 per cent. There appears to have been a partial falling off in the receipts of currency from the West; and perhaps at the same time there has been a slight increase in the amount going South. The cessation of yellow fever at the

ports of Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston and Memphis is likely to be followed by an active movement in cotton, requiring more currency; for which the banks are holding themselves prepared. The low balance of \$22,400,000 in the Treasury, as shown by the debt statement of November 1st, causes some uneasiness in banking circles. The balance is lower by about eight millions than at any period of the last two years; and as the current receipts of Internal Revenue are light, it is not only impossible that the money market should receive any relief from the Treasury, but it is probable that the Treasury may find it necessary to provide funds by sales of coin or bonds, thereby withdrawing currency from the banks. Under all the circumstances, therefore, the banks are inclined to hold their balances under immediate control, and are discounting sparingly and lending freely on call.

The discount market from these causes continues to work very closely. The merchants have to resort to the street to an unusual extent, and the large accumulation of bills in the hands of brokers causes rates to remain at the late high figures, prime paper being taken at 7½@10 per cent.

To-day an old established firm in the dry goods jobbing trade is reported to have failed.

The following are the quotation for loans of various classes :

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans	6 @ 7	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months	9 @ 12
Loans on bonds & mort.	.. @ 7	do single names	11 @ 12
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months	7 @ 9	Lower grades	15 @ 25

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Governments continue dull. Investors are doing little in either buying or selling; and the foreign houses also are, comparatively speaking, out of the market. There is a moderate business in connection with the conversion of Seven-Thirties; but the bulk of current transactions consists of speculative operations between dealers. A moderate amount of Ten-Forties has recently been shipped to Europe, and there appears to be a prospect of some future demand in London and Frankfurt for this class of bonds. A leading dealer purchased from the Treasury about \$1,000,000 of the bonds (there being still \$28,000,000 of the amount authorized unissued). The Secretary of the Treasury, however, on learning that the bonds were intended for the European market declined to make any further sales, probably under a supposition that the price may advance. Statements have been made to-day to the effect that the Treasury is still selling the bonds, which, from the following letter, is evidently incorrect :

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Nov. 7, 1867.

GENTLEMEN—I am in receipt of your favor of the 6th inst., but, for the present, can only reply, as I have already done to the telegrams of other parties, that the Department is not yet prepared to entertain propositions for the sale of the remaining issue of the Ten-Forty bonds.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) H. McCulloch, Secretary.

Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, New York.

A "short" interest has been made in the bonds, under the supposition that the Treasury will continue to sell them, which has caused an advance in quotations to 101½.

With the exception of Ten-Forties, prices remain about the same as last week.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks :

	Oct. 4.	Oct. 11.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.	110½	111½	111½	112	112½	112½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	111½	112½	111½	112½	xc108½	108½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	108½	109	108½	109½	x-105½	105½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	108½	109½	108½	109½	xc106½	106½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.	107	108½	106½	107	107½	107½
U. S. 5-0's, 1867, c.	107	108½	106½	107	107½	107½
U. S. 10-40's	99½	100½	100½	100½	100½	101½
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	105½	105½	104½	105½	105½	105½
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series	105½	105½	104½	105½	105½	105½

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The dulness in the stock market continues. The protracted depression appears to have drawn out a considerable "short" interest, and to-day there has been a free calling in of loaned stocks, especially of Erie, Northwestern common, Michigan Southern and New York Central. This has caused a more active demand for stocks, and prices have advanced ½@1 per cent. Earlier in the week the market was weak, and prices fell off about 1 per cent. On the clique stocks falling below a certain point the combination are prompt buyers, thereby sustaining the market. The entire stock list is held in suspense by the policy of the combination on Erie, Northwestern common, Michigan Southern and New York Central; the public and operators being alike disinclined to buy at the prices at which stocks are held up.

Northwestern preferred and Milwaukee and St. Pauls have been weak, in consequence of the prospect of a lawsuit between the two companies relative to the right claimed by the Northwestern Company to run upon a portion of the track of the Milwaukee and St. Pauls Company. The Northwestern Company have bought the Winona and St. Peters Railroad, with which they can connect only either by running on a portion of the Milwaukee and St. Paul's road, or by building a new connecting road at a cost of five to seven millions of dollars. The Milwaukee and St. Paul's Company refuse the privilege of running on their road, and the Northwestern managers have made proposals for consolidation, which we understand are not at all likely to be entertained. It remains, therefore, for the Northwestern Company to choose between entering into a suit to establish their claim to the use of the other road, and building a connecting line of over 100 miles in length. The "fix" in which the latter company has thus placed itself causes a good deal of uneasiness among holders of the preferred stock, some of whom have sold out; the common stock is not affected, being tied upon the hands of a clique.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Sep. 27.	Oct. 4.	Oct. 11.	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.
Cumberland Coal	29	27	30	...	...	24 1/2	24 1/2
Quicksilver	25 1/2	25	25	21	16 1/2	1 1/2	16 1/2
Canton Co.	43 1/2	43 1/2	...	...	42 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2
Mariposa pref.	18	17	17	17	14	...	...
New York Central	167 1/2	110 1/2	114 1/2	112	112	112 1/2	112 1/2
Erie	61 1/2	70	71 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2	72	72 1/2
Hudson River	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	...	...	12 1/2	12 1/2
Reading	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	96 1/2	97	96 1/2
Mich. Southern	81 1/2	81 1/2	83 1/2	80 1/2	77 1/2	78 1/2	79
Michigan Central	109	...	109 1/2	...	...	100	100
Clev. and Pittsb.	79	79 1/2	83 1/2	81	81 1/2	...	81 1/2
Clev. and Toledo	128 1/2	128	131 1/2	x.d.106	103	104 1/2	102 1/2
Northwestern	41	43 1/2	43 1/2	46 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	48
" preferred	65 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2	67	...	65 1/2	63 1/2
Rock Island	102 1/2	102 1/2	x.d.97	97 1/2	95	96	95 1/2
Fort Wayne	102 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	99 1/2	95	96 1/2	96 1/2
Illinois Central	...	121 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	...	125 1/2	126 1/2

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	175	165	55	80	361	225	1,061
Railroad	30,056	46,410	38,825	48,214	37,475	28,981	227,961
Coal	321	425	310	100	100	...	1,256
Mining	450	400	550	900	1,850	300	4,450
Improv't	20	1,500	800	700	850	600	4,650
Telegraph	950	4,446	2,400	7,781	2,200	4,055	21,912
Steamship	1,700	3,300	2,690	2,500	1,000	3,483	14,673
Express	4,009	3,715	2,778	2,339	2,100	1,917	16,858
Gas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trust	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
At Regular Board	20,181	33,443	19,553	31,364	21,916	21,919	151,381
At Open Board	17,680	26,918	26,850	31,250	24,100	14,642	141,440
Total current week	37,861	60,361	46,408	62,614	49,016	39,561	292,821
Total Previous w'k.	57,301	45,285	48,490	49,266	41,590	31,639	273,571

The transactions in shares for several weeks are shown in the following statement:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-road.	Coal.	Min-ing.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total
Aug. 2	1,202	359,786	1,855	6,400	5,000	10,269	6,537	14,074	405,12
9	990	277,709	1,590	5,550	3,000	8,103	6,761	5,048	808,75
16	603	177,061	380	3,200	1,500	8,884	6,356	8,841	201,827
24	516	217,152	2,423	4,450	1,600	19,357	9,260	5,438	260,197
30	242	166,482	311	3,520	2,205	9,125	8,707	11,580	102,205
Sept. 6	358	178,166	410	710	1,010	9,489	4,916	17,162	212,445
13	638	214,602	2,179	1,800	1,000	9,978	10,090	11,223	281,515
20	525	417,212	544	4,800	3,344	18,250	9,328	6,755	460,588
27	198	508,558	853	3,350	5,400	34,545	13,978	7,903	574,785
Oct. 4	205	850,048	1,160	2,700	1,700	51,676	9,082	5,775	422,346
11	320	391,491	249	1,300	2,700	25,961	9,838	7,005	438,864
18	374	375,293	585	3,350	1,400	35,229	15,193	7,971	439,595
25	707	316,106	338	8,200	6,300	20,338	7,969	14,482	874,440
Nov. 8	1,61	227,961	1,256	4,450	4,650	21,912	14,673	16,858	292,821

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$581,900	\$334,500	241,000	174,500	559,000	603,550	\$2,497,450
U. S. Notes	22,000	7,000	44,000	14,000	20,000	190,000	297,000
State & City b'ds	193,500	249,000	131,000	131,000	98,000	137,000	936,500
Company B'nds.	10,000	4,000	17,500	54,500	21,000	24,500	131,500
Total Cur. w'k.	\$807,400	594,500	436,500	374,000	698,000	955,050	3,865,450
Previous week.	943,500	820,000	296,500	622,100	931,500	822,100	4,605,700

The totals for several past weeks are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending	—Governments—	State	Company	Total	
Friday.	Bonds.	Notes.	City Bonds.	Bonds.	amount
Aug. 2	2,752,000	276,350	456,000	106,500	3,590,850
Aug. 9	4,020,500	1,866,850	419,000	156,000	6,462,350
Aug. 16	2,921,900	449,100	457,509	129,000	3,957,509
Aug. 23	4,240,650	1,923,400	590,000	216,000	6,770,050
Aug. 30	3,282,100	196,000	317,000	159,500	3,954,600
Sept. 6	5,466,850	592,850	399,500	151,000	6,609,700
Sept. 13	4,137,650	279,500	441,500	246,200	5,104,850
Sept. 20	2,697,800	83,100	457,500	145,000	3,383,400
Sept. 27	3,192,800	488,700	631,000	217,500	4,530,000
Oct. 4	4,223,900	823,000	487,500	235,000	5,774,400
Oct. 11	4,719,300	836,500	756,000	178,700	6,480,500
Oct. 18	3,962,400	1,005,100	1,618,000	113,500	6,698,600
Oct. 25	3,021,900	305,100	550,000	240,000	4,117,000
Nov. 8	2,497,450	297,000	939,500	131,500	3,865,450

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has been weak during the week, partially in sympathy with the reaction in political opinion indicated by the elections, and partly from the weight of the increased supply coming from the payment of the November coupons. To-day, the price has ranged at 138 3/4 @ 139 1/2, but closed firm under a report in the Gold Room that Hon. Thad. Stevens has written a letter supporting the quasi-repudiation doctrine of Gen. Butler. The defeat of the revolutionary movement in Italy has favored a lower premium; but there is still a reserve in the minds of some foreign bankers whether grave events may not grow out of the complications. Loans have been made to-day at 3 @ 4 per cent.

The fluctuations in the gold market during the week closing with Friday are shown in the following table:

	Open-ing.	Lowest.	High-est.	Close-ing.	Clearings.	
Saturday, Nov. 2	141 1/2	140 1/2	141 1/2	0 1/2	140 1/2	\$62,917,000
Monday, " 4	140 1/2	139 1/2	141 1/2	1 1/2	140 1/2	63,044,900
Tuesday, " 5	140 1/2	139 1/2	140 1/2	0 1/2	139 1/2	96,524,000
Wed'n'day, " 6	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	139 1/2	93,408,000
Thursday, " 7	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	138 1/2	78,358,000
Friday, " 8	138 1/2	138 1/2	139 1/2	0 1/2	138 1/2	56,770,000
Current week	141 1/2	138 1/2	141 1/2	3	138 1/2	451,021,000
Previous week	141 1/2	140 1/2	142 1/2	2 1/2	140 1/2	405,578,000
Jan. 1 to date	132 1/2	132 1/2	146 1/2	14 1/2	138 1/2	....

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending Nov. 2, was as shown in the following formula:

Specie in banks on Saturday, Oct. 26	\$6,161,164
Treasure receipts from California	\$510,653
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	147,318
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury	8,353,600—
Total reported supply for week	\$15,172,735
Export of coin and bullion to foreign ports	\$579,964
Paid into U. S. Treasury on account of customs	1,686,133—
Apparent excess of reported supply for week	\$12,906,648
Specie in banks on Saturday, Nov. 2	8,974,535
Actual excess of reported supply	\$3,932,113
Deficit in reported supply, made up from unreported sources	.....

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The remittances on account of coupons appear to have been completed, and the demand for bills is very limited. At the beginning of the week rates advanced, but at the close quotations are about the same as a week ago.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.
London Comm'l.	108 @ 108 1/2	108 @ 108 1/2	108 1/2 @ 108 1/2	108 @ 108 1/2
do bkrs' long	108 1/2 @ 108 1/2	108 1/2 @ 108 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2
do do short	109 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2	109 1/2 @ 109 1/2
Paris, long	5.20 @ 5.18 1/2	5.20 @ 5.17 1/2	5.17 1/2 @ 5.16 1/2	5.17 1/2 @ 5.16 1/2
do short	5.17 1/2 @ 5.17 1/2	5.17 1/2 @ 5.16 1/2	5.15 @ 5.13 1/2	5.15 @ 5.13 1/2
Antwerp	5.22 1/2 @ 5.20	5.22 1/2 @ 5.20	5.20 @ 5.17 1/2	5.20 @ 5.17 1/2
Swiss	5.24 @ 5.20	5.22 1/2 @ 5.20	5.20 @ 5.17 1/2	5.20 @ 5.17 1/2
Hamburg	35 1/2 @ 36	35 1/2 @ 36	35 1/2 @ 36	35 1/2 @ 36
Amsterdam	40 1/2 @ 41	40 1/2 @ 41	40 1/2 @ 41	40 1/2 @ 41
Frankfort	40 1/2 @ 40 1/2	40 1/2 @ 40 1/2	40 1/2 @ 40 1/2	40 1/2 @ 40 1/2
Bremen	78 1/2 @ 78 1/2	78 1/2 @ 78 1/2	78 1/2 @ 78 1/2	78 1/2 @ 78 1/2
Berlin	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72	71 1/2 @ 72

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments. Receipts.	
Oct. 28	\$245,587 98	\$9,527,975 01	\$8,938,426 81
" 29	294,334 43	1,943,715 18	1,223,556 68
" 30	275,961 39	2,489,006 37	2,883,490 60
" 31	296,055 84	9,341,686 77	5,486,349 37
Nov. 1	355,501 35	4,227,634 58	1,284,391 49
" 2	218,373 34	8,382,933 46	2,708,879 28
Total	\$1,686,123 33	\$35,904,751 37	\$22,525,094 23
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Oct. 28			114,634,224 56
Deduct payments during the week			\$137,159,318 79
Balance on Saturday evening			85,904,751 37
Decrease during the week			\$101,254,567 42
			13,379,657 14

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$1,168,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$106,000 in gold, and \$1,580,123 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since July 6:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	Changes in Balances.		
	Payments.	Receipts. Balances.			
Aug. 3	2,447,422	18,851,294	17,416,869	125,761,070	Inc. 1,434,426
" 10	2,685,075	18,180,192	18,505,724	129,687,302	Inc. 325,535
" 17	2,978,496	17,494,144	23,690,104	135,284,162	Inc. 6,196,900
" 24	2,992,122	28,475,460	27,640,499	134,449,300	Dec. 884,962
" 31	2,480,567	43,128,556	21,445,375	112,766,019	Dec. 21,683,181
Sept. 7	2,894,219	15,478,97	16,927,244	114,214,666	Inc. 1,48,

AVERAGE AMOUNT OF

BANKS.	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.	Legal Tenders.
New York	\$3,000,000	\$7,227,372	\$1,630,289	\$826,893	\$6,100,921	\$2,087,829
Manhattan	2,050,000	5,591,598	277,135	11,514	4,144,450	1,472,213
Mechanics'	3,000,000	6,700,331	469,367	879,522	4,530,756	1,619,530
Union	2,000,000	5,292,562	141,264	587,500	3,725,793	1,083,158
America	1,500,000	3,998,700	114,011	479,574	2,623,929	883,694
Phoenix	3,000,000	7,861,043	1,151,138	1,900	7,318,074	1,673,083
City	1,800,000	3,212,232	115,909	290,685	1,912,974	648,166
Tradesmen's	1,000,000	2,882,564	256,734	.....	1,991,490	392,090
Fulton	1,000,000	2,859,141	21,753	798,634	1,459,029	511,323
Chemical	600,000	2,261,688	71,702	.....	1,894,603	898,184
Merchants' Exchange	300,000	5,253,731	337,887	.....	4,193,435	1,457,392
National	1,250,000	3,053,738	28,066	452,543	2,173,062	698,170
Butchers'	1,500,000	2,618,854	152,649	497,005	777,859	229,265
Mechanics and Traders'	800,000	2,379,000	19,800	260,960	1,599,400	456,500
Greenwich	600,000	1,964,185	12,540	195,720	1,127,111	431,286
Leather Manuf. National	200,000	1,104,432	.....	3,850	759,935	133,854
Seventh Ward, National	600,000	2,651,577	156,496	267,056	1,716,793	697,549
State of New York	500,000	1,181,108	30,147	178,725	659,228	283,608
American Exchange	2,000,000	4,788,767	328,157	323,000	3,533,623	1,237,763
Commerce	10,000,000	25,805,176	353,636	933,215	4,089,198	1,063,174
Broadway	1,000,000	8,483,116	415,704	5,941,235	8,282,928	4,521,182
Ocean	1,000,000	2,974,450	99,885	600,000	8,791,019	2,772,032
Mercantile	1,000,000	3,096,042	92,061	796,639	1,788,511	640,132
Pacific	422,700	1,609,907	65,166	481,536	2,571,866	62,474
Republic	2,000,000	4,302,092	31,880	1,100,223	1,217,472	317,842
Chatham	450,000	1,779,390	171,674	858,750	2,713,455	1,148,423
People's	412,500	1,459,006	49,217	132,324	1,622,966	401,243
North American	1,000,000	2,306,256	10,044	6,515	1,152,534	123,127
Hanover	1,000,000	2,315,964	91,169	333,000	2,063,821	555,184
Irving	500,000	1,564,000	72,068	290,963	1,362,610	467,319
Metropolitan	4,000,000	10,538,687	261,816	1,228,000	5,199,969	1,909,167
Citizens	490,000	1,354,953	17,833	132,104	1,238,793	367,237
Nassau	1,000,000	2,213,460	52,968	4,184	1,756,703	295,415
Market	1,000,000	2,655,538	85,498	579,500	1,595,328	462,072
St. Nicholas	1,000,000	2,378,816	30,455	752,220	803,197	408,298
Shoe and Leather	1,500,000	4,520,800	21,567	946,725	2,286,800	786,330
Corn Exchange	1,000,000	2,862,603	110,997	564,702	1,829,164	244,000
Continental	2,000,000	3,367,339	26,167	212,127	2,140,837	692,158
Commonwealth	750,000	2,753,185	10,475	7,896	995,430	200,190
Oriental	300,000	1,256,101	61,773	360,000	1,355,032	399,456
Marine	400,000	1,293,890	21,756	98,068	1,084,967	325,427
Atlantic	300,000	1,293,890	131,806	501,290	5,131,825	1,460,683
Importers and Traders'	1,500,000	5,825,061	258,191	990,000	14,081,726	3,603,407
Park	2,000,000	11,146,965	3,066	308,934	1,041,725	594,077
Mechanics' Banking Ass.	500,000	1,079,700	6,908	77,750	700,403	273,485
Grocers'	300,000	826,544	17,995	11,603	955,007	203,162
North River	400,000	1,291,224	2,614	282,500	450,727	232,759
East River	350,000	838,356	11,242	836	808,430	246,322
Manufacturers & Mer.	500,000	1,175,579	84,122	2,960,693	13,055,905	4,031,650
Fourth National	5,000,000	16,398,374	20,749	1,696,250	11,564,474	3,435,804
Central National	3,000,000	12,386,995	.....	270,000	897,234	332,614
Second National	300,000	1,137,920	179,173	927,436	5,196,918	1,790,743
Ninth National	1,000,000	5,140,852	60,242	447,301	2,788,814	1,199,618
First National	500,000	2,475,858	174,413	797,330	2,133,635	915,134
Third National	1,000,000	3,092,039	6,441	269,150	612,703	235,997
New York N. Exchange	300,000	945,571	60,100	903,400	1,912,700	962,300
Tenth National	1,000,000	2,855,000	6,869	8,916	1,484,872	.....
Bull's Head	200,000	1,349,900	1,689	90,000	307,703	108,261
National Currency	100,000	254,764	.....	225,000	431,500	181,470
Bowery National	200,000	693,617	.....	.....	430,293	50,477
Stuyvesant	100,000	481,314	.....	.....	321,232	50,000
Eleventh Ward	.....	421,417	.....	.....	659,665	274,762
Eighth National	.....	765,264	.....	.....	649,698	.....
New York Gold Exch'ge	.....	806,750	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	82,520,200	247,237,488	8,974,535	34,037,076	173,209,724	57,396,067

Clearings for the week ending Oct. 25, 1867..... \$511,792,657 95
 Clearings for the week ending Nov. 2, 1867..... 481,356,278 74
 Balances for the week ending Oct. 26, 1867..... 18,096,890 68
 Balances for the week ending Nov. 2, 1867..... 19,414,424 34

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans..... Inc.	\$416,770	Deposits..... Inc.	\$5,145,596
Specie..... Inc.	2,813,371	Legal Tenders..... Inc.	1,014,124
Circulation..... Inc.	77,996		

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.	Legal Tenders.	Aggregate Clearings.
July 6	246,361,237	10,853,171	33,669,297	191,524,312	71,196,472	494,081,990
July 13	247,913,009	12,715,404	33,653,869	197,872,063	72,495,708	521,259,468
July 20	249,580,255	11,197,700	33,574,948	199,438,952	73,441,301	491,830,952
July 27	251,243,830	8,738,094	33,596,859	200,605,846	74,605,840	481,097,226
Aug. 3	254,940,016	6,461,949	33,559,117	201,153,754	75,098,762	468,217,764
Aug. 10	253,427,340	5,311,997	33,565,378	199,408,705	76,047,431	499,868,035
Aug. 17	253,232,411	5,920,557	33,669,757	194,046,591	69,473,793	414,289,518
Aug. 24	250,697,679	6,028,525	33,736,349	188,744,101	64,960,030	421,396,625
Aug. 31	247,877,612	7,271,595	33,715,128	190,892,315	67,932,571	355,591,543
Sept. 7	250,224,560	7,967,611	33,708,172	195,182,114	69,657,445	441,707,387
Sept. 14	254,160,587	8,184,946	34,015,228	193,086,775	65,176,933	514,088,737
Sept. 21	254,794,067	8,617,498	34,056,442	185,603,939	57,709,385	522,142,360
Sept. 28	251,918,751	9,496,163	34,147,269	181,439,410	55,991,526	600,688,710
Oct. 5	247,934,369	9,368,603	34,025,581	178,447,422	56,853,585	570,187,624
Oct. 12	247,833,133	9,603,771	36,006,041	177,135,341	56,114,922	585,542,270
Oct. 19	247,533,911	7,319,010	34,057,450	173,438,375	54,345,832	588,162,707
Oct. 26	246,810,718	6,161,164	33,959,080	173,064,128	56,381,943	511,792,657
Nov. 2	247,227,488	8,974,535	34,037,076	173,209,724	57,396,067	481,356,278

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks:

	Oct. 29.	Nov. 2.	Increase.
Capital	\$16,017,150	\$16,017,150	.....
Loans	52,575,552	52,584,077	\$8,525
Specie	215,746	273,590	\$57,844
Legal Tenders	14,947,184	15,049,84	102,670
Deposits	33,538,405	33,604,001	65,590
Circulation	10,634,907	10,640,820	5,918

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Date.	Legal Tenders.	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
July 6	16,022,675	52,420,272	461,951	10,610,301	37,077,456
July 13	16,234,914	52,802,552	419,399	10,641,770	37,855,226
July 20	16,608,860	53,150,569	371,744	10,637,651	38,170,418
July 27	16,862,112	53,104,475	333,118	10,633,750	37,829,640
Aug. 3	16,733,198	53,427,840	302,055	10,635,925	38,094,543
Aug. 10	15,909,195	53,117,569	304,979	10,627,761	36,861,477
Aug. 17	15,767,146	53,549,449	317,389	10,628,310	36,364,835
Aug. 24	16,882,816	53,399,090	314,242	10,628,324	36,459,379
Aug. 31	15,717,909	53,734,687	307,658	10,626,356	36,323,355
Sept. 7	16,249,658	53,776,452	279,714	10,625,794	35,453,559
Sept. 14	16,060,723	53,792,203	252,691	10,632,737	36,263,347
Sept. 21	15,845,482	53,540,501	228,528	10,628,744	35,327,203
Sept. 28	15,513,794	53,655,569	272,535	10,629,976	35,152,605
Oct. 5	15,557,404	53,041,100	258,303	10,627,921	36,494,213
Oct. 12	15,027,418	52,987,057	246,714	10,628,396	34,343,942
Oct. 19	14,947,002	53,020,293	237,125	10,635,015	34,336,604
Oct. 26	14,947,184	52,575,552	215,746	10,634,907	33,538,405
Nov. 2	15,049,854	52,584,077	273,590	10,640,820	33,604,001

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston Banks compared with those of the two previous statements:

	Nov. 4.	Oct. 28.	Oct. 21.
Capital	\$11,900,000	\$11,900,000	\$11,900,000
Loans	96,188,408	95,902,146	95,885,248
Specie	569,123	389,343	444,811
Legal tender notes	14,227,413	14,258,081	13,603,831
Due from other banks	13,535,875	13,908,546	14,062,155
Due to other banks	12,921,677	12,528,993	12,643,695
Deposits	37,379,191	37,361,818	36,836,809
Circulation (National)	24,598,409	24,678,086	24,717,584
Circulation (State)	236,061	263,323	252,773

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

	Loans.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Deposits.	Circulation—National.	State.
July 1						

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, November 8.

There are indications of some improvement in the general trade, but no decided activity. The steadiness of gold, under circumstances adverse to the maintenance of the premium, serves in a measure to restore confidence. Besides the positive requirements of consumption are increasing.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of merchandise:

Table with columns for Oct. 1, Nov. 1, and 1866, listing various commodities like Beef, Pork, Tobacco, Coffee, Sugar, etc., with their respective stock quantities.

Cotton has advanced one cent. since Tuesday. Breadstuffs are less active, under the cessation of export orders, but are without material decline. Groceries are doing better. Tobacco continues active, but prices favor buyers.

Provisions show increased activity as the supplies of new packing come upon the market, but prices have given way somewhat. Mess Pork is unchanged, but Lard is down to 13@13 1/2c. for prime, and Cumberland Bacon has declined to 10 1/2c. for December and 10 1/2c. for January.

Hides and Leather have declined under the extreme dullness of trade, which is attributed to the very fine autumn that we have experienced throughout the whole country. It is thought a reaction will be produced by severe weather, because stocks are not large.

Naval Stores have been without much change, closing steady at 55@56c. for Spirits Turpentine, and \$3 50 for Common Rosin.

Petroleum has been excited and unsettled. Standard white in bond declined to 28c. on Wednesday, but recovered to-day with large sales at 30c. on the spot, and 31@31 1/2c. for November delivery.

Metals are dull and the best Scotch Pig Iron has declined to \$39 50 ex ship.

East India Goods have remained quiet, except sales of 600 bales Gunny Cloth in bond at Boston at 7 1/4@7 3/4c. gold.

Fish have further declined. Fruits are active at \$4 15 for Layer Raisins. Hops are in large supply and drooping. Hay has ruled firm. Whalebone has been in some export demand. Tallow has been more active for export. Building materials are in some cases firmer. Oils have declined for Linseed, and are generally dull. Wool has been quiet but more steady.

Freights have been less active. Shipments of Grain to Great Britain, and Petroleum to the Continent have materially fallen off. Rates have consequently declined slightly, but close with some recovery, and room scarce. The shipments of Cotton and rates to Liverpool firmly maintained 5-16d by sail, and 3d by steamer, while there is a demand for vessels to load Cotton at 5d from Savannah, and 3d from Mobile.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

Large table showing export data for various articles from New York, including columns for 'Same time in 1866', 'Total since January 1, 1867', and 'Total this week'. It lists numerous commodities like Flour, Wheat, Coffee, etc., and their export values to different regions.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since January 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending Nov. 9, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66.		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66.
Ashes, pkgs...	217	5,830	4,950	Rosin.....	10,737	314,247	338,647
Breadstuffs—				Tar.....	513	19,980	41,719
Flour, bbls. 133,665	2,107,838	2,163,910		Pitch.....	8	5,315	2,617
Wheat, bu. 861,069	7,581,909	3,274,937		Oil cake, pkgs	522	71,076	89,824
Corn.....	505,543	13,711,134	20,267,388	Oil, lard.....	25	3,668	4,030
Oats.....	908,672	6,457,373	6,589,194	Oil, Petroleum.	27,104	896,275	906,219
Rye.....	87,372	626,419	638,642	Peanuts, bags.	....	13,214	10,675
Malt.....	1,510	409,616	436,081	Provisions—			
Barley.....	197,964	1,629,279	2,431,309	Butter, pkgs..	12,197	462,912	376,894
Grass seed...	912	63,295	125,682	Cheese.....	25,990	1,056,695	602,692
Flaxseed....	390	133,514	63,541	Cut meats....	432	83,546	96,792
Beans.....	1,350	33,466	44,715	Eggs.....	2,588	202,747	103,348
Peas.....	76,216	511,693	157,057	Pork.....	548	123,762	58,138
C. meal, bbls.	1,698	59,786	188,306	Beef, pkgs....	5,570	44,485	89,411
C. meal, bags.	2,492	237,762	241,814	Lard, pkgs....	3,635	127,004	10,052
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bg	2,269	12,082	77,834	Lard, kegs....	253	12,125	2,320
Cotton, bales..	16,558	518,818	519,104	Rice, pkgs....	354	1,456	69,102
Copper, bbls..	389	10,372	16,282	Starch.....	5,443	198,460	8,282
Copper, plates.	....	14,551	6,168	Stearine.....	206	8,233	3,863
Driedfruit, pkgs.	478	28,778	15,070	Spelter, slabs..	....	2,811	2,967
Grease, pkgs..	17	10,386	6,015	Sugar, hhd's & bbls.....	....	1,759	5,163
Hemp, bales..	6	737	2,694	Tallow, pkgs..	303	3,565	5,270
Hides, No.....	519	273,020	309,138	Tobacco, pkgs..	4,697	151,179	149,693
Hops, bales..	2,006	16,010	17,299	Tobacco, hhd's.	962	89,157	60,104
Leather, sides	89,158	2,047,217	1,996,393	Whiskey, bbls.	2,777	128,284	76,534
Lead, pigs....	....	14,437	6,530	Wool, bales....	478	83,728	113,478
Molasses, hhd's and bbls....	....	15,370	14,131	Dressed Hogs, No.....	118	80,314	81,769
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough, bush.....	....	3,961	....
Crude trp, bbl	1,121	10,926	31,075				
Spirits turp..	977	56,883	59,029				

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Nov. 2, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.
Buttons.....	74	5,212	5,277	Hardware....	154	8,293	11,539
Coal, tons....	5,095	160,551	202,231	Iron, RR b'rs	....	3,226	205,768
Cocoa, bags..	....	16,012	13,867	Lead, pigs..	3,351	311,625	367,277
Coffee, bags..	30,772	894,915	611,248	Spelter, lbs.	....	3,592,324	8,520,462
Cotton, bales.	....	613	1,976	Steel.....	3,715	180,700	187,305
Drugs, &c.				Tin, boxes..	17,634	653,528	694,148
Bark, Peruv	49	10,531	6,420	Tin slabs, lbs	47,531	3,635,619	6,004,413
Blea p'wd'rs	1,448	22,639	19,966	Rags.....	605	47,409	39,138
Brimst, tns.	1,280	12,333	14,810	Sugar, hhd's,			
Cochineal....	218	2,771	1,010	tcs & bbls..	736	269,907	357,974
Cr Tartar....	40	1,154	1,094	Sugar, bxs & bg	690	234,000	346,581
Gambier.....	....	14,352	24,098	Tea.....	....	722,337	659,539
Gums, crude	....	11,338	11,813	Tobacco.....	720	25,649	18,699
Gum, Arabic	364	4,432	3,813	Waste.....	14	4,827	12,762
Indigo.....	....	2,897	2,882	Wines, &c.			
Madder.....	379	4,541	7,417	Champ. bkts	409	72,196	100,753
Oils, ess....	16	2,810	3,711	Wines.....	417	126,262	349,779
Oil, Olive..	611	40,679	85,801	Wool, bales..	403	31,340	53,560
Opium.....	60	677	731	Articles reported by value.			
Soda, bi-carb	3,300	12,936	118,737	Cigars.....	3,787	\$374,909	1,204,463
Soda, sal....	50	22,413	33,668	Corks.....	5,327	221,963	146,405
Soda, ash....	1,974	32,912	32,818	Fancy goods..	36,400	2,846,006	3,702,526
Flax.....	8	1,719	9,209	Fish.....	6,830	526,934	696,221
Furs.....	60	3,777	4,233	Fruits, &c.			
Gunny cloth.	....	31,806	23,132	Lemons....	4,627	425,951	459,552
Hair.....	226	4,329	4,325	Oranges....	1,070	662,978	287,736
Hemp, bales..	544	97,515	95,996	Nuts.....	13,784	593,320	769,280
Hides, &c.				Raisins....	41,788	588,939	801,349
Bristles....	90	1,752	2,192	Hides, andrsd.	201,453	7,733,153	5,650,439
Hides, dres'd	186	8,673	9,715	Rice.....	....	447,688	695,600
India rubber..	243	32,682	20,750	Spices, &c.			
Ivory.....	....	2,098	761	Cassia.....	....	73,056	131,929
Jewelry, &c.				Ginger.....	402	47,293	46,166
Jewelry....	42	1,040	670	Pepper.....	8,262	178,330	229,761
Watches....	32	831	1,000	Saltpetre....	....	45,831	136,919
Linseed.....	3,410	877,554	209,898	Woods.			
Molasses....	1,192	130,779	125,457	Fustic.....	474	45,753	30,35
Metals, &c.				Logwood....	4,230	176,136	141,903
Cutlery.....	60	3,388	4,998	Mahogany..	4,266	115,455	113,611

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., Nov. 8, 1867.

Cotton is now beginning to come forward quite freely, the receipts this week at all the ports showing a further considerable increase, the total reaching 45,883 bales (against 36,129 bales last week, 32,962 bales the previous week, and 25,075 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate receipts since September 1, this year, 187,393 bales, against 209,367 bales for the same period in 1865-6. The details of the receipts for the past week, and the corresponding week of 1866, are as follows:

	—Receipts—	1867.	1866.		—Receipts—	1867.	1866.
Received this week at*				Received this week at—			
New Orleans.....	bales	9,384	22,019	Florida.....	bales	146	987
Mobile.....		7,334	7,293	North Carolina.....		1,215	746
Charleston.....		8,531	4,667	Virginia.....		1,309	2,142
Savannah.....		14,870	8,169	Total receipts.....		45,883	49,383
Texas.....		881	1,996	Decrease this year.....		3,500	
Tennessee, &c.....		2,213	1,264				

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fail to understand it

These receipts are of course made up from the latest mail dates, as telegrams are so incomplete and uncertain we cannot use them and ensure accuracy in our tables. That our readers, however, both at home and abroad may have the latest information up to the hour we go to press, we shall give hereafter, immediately following the above statement, the total receipts as reported by telegraph, for one week later than those included in our tables. In accordance with this plan we would state that our telegrams to-night from the different ports indicate that the aggregate receipts which we give in detail in our next issue will reach about 53,000 bales, against a total for the same period last year of 56,000 bales. Savannah continues to take the lead, the telegraph reporting the receipts at that port this week at 19,000.

In the exports this week there is a very slight increase the total reaching 15,973 bales, against 15,156 bales last week, and 6,372 bales the previous week. In the following table we give the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

From—	Liverpool.	—Exported this week to—					Total
		Havre.	Bremen.	H'mb'g	PL'mo	B'r'lona.	
New York.....	9,416	135	1,544	267	850	....	12,21
New Orleans.....	....	....	....	....	....	445	44
Savannah.....	3,316	....	....	....	....	....	3,31
Total exp'ts this week.	12,732	135	1,544	267	850	445	15,973

For the corresponding week of 1866 the shipments from all the ports amounted to 9,511 bales. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1, 1867, now reach 51,025 bales, against 79,923 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks at all the ports are at present 137,289 bales, against 334,867 bales at the same time in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.	
		Great Britain	France	Other for'gn.			
N. Orleans, Nov. 1.	36,686	4,200	682	445	5,327	13,192	43,889
Mobile, Nov. 1....	38,504	4,926	....	....	4,926	10,723	18,758
Charleston, Nov. 1..	31,370	....	....	....	....	22,473	10,268
Savannah, Nov. 1..	60,397	3,921	....	....	3,921	42,718	18,502
Texas, Oct. 25.....	1,751	472	....	....	472	1,314	2,324
New York, Nov. 8*	6,775	29,207	967	6,093	36,267	....	28,543
Florida, Nov. 1†....	307	....	....	....	....	....	5
N. Carolina, Nov. 8.	3,431	....	....	....	....	....	3,431
Virginia, Nov. 8....	6,542	....	....	....	....	....	6,542
Other ports, Nov. 8*	1,630	....	....	112	112	....	115,000
Total this year..	187,393	42,726	1,649	6,650	51,025	100,332	137,289
Same time last year	209,367	65,171	10,784	3,968	79,923	126,330	334,867

The market this week opened very dull under liberal receipts and unfavorable accounts from the British markets, prices steadily declining, until Tuesday, 18c. was reached for Middling Upland. Subsequently the foreign advices became better, the demand revived from spinners, and some old shipping orders were executed: the sales on Wednesday were 4,974 bales, closing at 18½@19c. for Middling Upland. Yesterday the market was sustained but less active; to-day, under a liberal export demand the market was strong and prices were better, notwithstanding the failure of the Liverpool market to advance further and a continued weakness in gold. Sales of the week foot up 18,125 bales, of which 3,872 bales were taken by spinners, 12,820 bales for export, and 1,520 bales on speculation. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans & Texas
Ordinary.....	15	15	16	16
Good Ordinary.....	16	16	17	17
Low Middling.....	18	18	19	19
Middling.....	19	19	20	20
Good Middling.....	20	21	22	23

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show a further increase, the total shipments reaching 12,212

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
† These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida, except Apalachicola, to Nov. 1st.
‡ Estimated.

bales, against 7,413 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows :

To Liverpool, per steamers—City of Paris, 635... France, 1,724... Hecla, 600... Minnesota, 2,700... Persia, 1,112... Aleppo, 686... per ships Thornton, 1,197... James R. Keeler, 362... Edith, 400.	2,416
Total bales.....	2,416
To Havre, per steamer—Ville de Paris, 135. Total bales.....	135
To Bremen, per steamer—Atlantic, 778... Union, 548... per bark Bremerin, 218. Total bales.....	1,544
To Hamburg, per steamer—Allemania, 267. Total bales.....	267
To Palermo, per brig Antelope, 850. Total bales.....	850

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	Oct. 15.	Oct. 22.	Oct. 29.	Nov. 5.		
Liverpool.....	3,250	3,759	5,739	9,416	29,207	38,681
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
Total to Gt. Britain..	3,250	3,759	5,739	9,416	29,207	38,700
Havre.....	.....	132	526	135	967	1,199
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total French.....	.....	132	526	135	967	1,199
Bremen and Hanover.....	402	688	887	1,544	3,744	1,508
Hamburg.....	246	.....	161	267	1,399	533
Other ports.....	.....	.....	100	.....	100	203
Total to N. Europe..	648	688	1,148	1,811	5,243	2,244
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	.....	.....	.....	850	850	795
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	850	850	795
Grand Total.....	3,898	4,579	7,413	12,212	36,267	42,938

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1 :

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,502	6,098	South Carolina.....	3,806	17,833
Texas.....	2,979	36,726	North Carolina.....	1,215	2,951
Savannah.....	6,078	1,968	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	1,287	5,539
Mobile.....	487	20	Per Railroad.....	2,181	6,144
Florida.....	.....	.....	
Total for the week.....	.....	.....		16,556	.....
Total since Sept. 1.....	.....	.....		.....	80,248

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867 :

Receipts from—	—Boston.—		—Philad'phia.—		—Baltimore.—	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans.....	8,249	561	1,953	.....	.....
Texas.....	857	.....	.....	.....	.....
Savannah.....	41	539	4,598	.....	1,392
Mobile.....	1,681	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....
South Carolina.....	657	.....	966	.....	2,182
North Carolina.....	18	.....	185
Virginia.....	24	.....	.....	.....	296
New York, &c*.....	2,157	8,224	.....	.....	.....	1,424
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c...	1,318	.....	.....	32	312
Total receipts..... bales	2,157	21,051	1,100	17,535	328	5,495

* Reshipments.
† These do not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

There have been no exports of cotton this week to any foreign port from either of these cities.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 2.—The mail returns for the week ending Nov. 1 show a further increase in the receipts, the total being 8,593 bales, (8,467 Uplands and 126 Sea Island) against 5,869 bales last week, and 6,181 bales the previous week. Shipments this week amount to 6,077 bales, of which 4,507 bales were to New York, 796 bales to Boston, 3 bales to Savannah, and 771 bales to Baltimore. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year, and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of middling (Liverpool classification) at the close of each week were as follows :

Week ending.	—Receipts—		—Shipments—		—Price Middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6..	339	480	844	794	24 @24½	30 @31	723	5,105
" 13..	578	1,089	547	1,683	22½ @....	31 @32	754	2,872
" 20..	848	950	1,014	3,176	22 @22½	33 @	587	2,300
" 27..	1,111	1,431	530	1,361	19 @19½	34 @..	1,169	2,385
Oct. 4..	2,903	2,096	1,519	1,076	17½ @18	38 @39	2,553	3,118
" 11..	5,090	2,693	2,889	3,851	16 @..	35 @36	4,754	2,620
" 18..	6,181	2,986	4,371	2,696	17 @..	.....	6,564	2,608
" 25..	5,869	5,395	4,681	1,599	17 @17½	36 @..	7,752	7,409
Nov. 1..	8,593	4,667	6,177	5,854	17 @17½	36 @36½	10,268	10,618

The market this week has fluctuated considerably under the influence of the changing aspects of the Liverpool market. For the first few days there was an upward movement; but later prices have fallen off again, closing at 17@17½c. for (Liverpool) Middling, and 16½c. for Low Middling. Freight to Liverpool we quote, ½d. to New York, per steam ¾c. to Boston, ¾c. per lb., and to Philadelphia and Baltimore ¾c. Exchange closed for sterling 60 day's bills at 151½, and for sight checks on New York, banks are paying ½ dis., and selling at par.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 2.—The receipts for the week ending Nov. 1 were 14,955 bales (of which 80 Sea Islands, 5 Uplands were from Florida.) against 12,405 bales last week. The shipments this week were 12,467 bales, of which 3,313 bales were to Liverpool, 490 were to Baltimore, 701 to Philadelphia, 591 to Boston, and 7,363 to New York. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year, and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of Middling (Liverpool classification) at the close of each week, were as follows :

Week ending.	—Receipts—		—Shipments—		—Price of Middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6..	485	1,440	268	1,732	24½ @25	30 @31	850	5,206
" 13..	1,660	494	1,631	1,543	23 @....	30 @31	879	4,150
" 20..	2,233	1,337	2,296	1,433	22½ @....	31 @31½	816	3,953
" 27..	4,220	1,472	3,002	1,799	19½ @....	34 @34½	2,034	3,626
Oct. 4..	7,137	2,847	5,265	3,274	18 @....	33 @39	3,906	3,299
" 11..	9,019	5,939	4,833	3,726	16½ @17	36 @37	8,562	5,500
" 18..	10,417	5,991	5,505	4,154	17 @....	26 @37	11,075	5,346
" 25..	12,405	8,558	8,091	4,614	17 @17½	36 @..	15,302	9,560
Nov. 1..	14,955	8,169	12,467	3,505	17 @..	35 @35½	18,502	14,224

Early in the week prices improved somewhat, but subsequently they were lower, closing at 17c. for (Liverpool) Middling, and 16½@16½c. for Low Middling. Exchange (sight) on New York, buying rate, is ½@½c. dis., and selling rate at par @½c. discount. Freight to New York, Philadelphia and Boston have advanced, and are now 1c. for square, and 1½c. for round bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—The mail returns for the week ending Nov. 1, show a further increase in the receipts, the total for the week being 9,384 bales, against 7,373 bales last week, and 6,804 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were only 769 bales, of which 445 bales were to Barcelona, and 324 bales to New York. Stock on hand November 1, was 43,889 bales. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year, and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of middling (Liverpool classification) at the close of each week were as follows :

Week ending	—Receipts—		—Shipm'ts—		—Price of Middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6.....	1,025	1,547	479	4,682	26 @26½	34 @35	15,896	.....
" 13.....	848	2,013	2,402	9,605	25 @..	35 @36	14,719	91,804
" 20.....	1,771	2,643	493	3,311	23 @23½	36 @37	17,018	91,628
" 27.....	1,796	4,163	2,207	4,612	@21	37 @38	17,095	92,008
Oct. 4.....	3,262	7,566	1,294	17,009	@19	40 @..	19,512	83,839
" 11.....	4,423	12,662	2,073	3,103	18½ @19	40 @..	23,397	93,398
" 18.....	6,804	16,560	3,789	11,731	@19	nom.	28,043	99,991
" 25.....	7,373	21,500	4,911	10,443	18½ @19	37 @38	33,182	112,521
Nov. 1.....	9,384	22,019	769	8,592	19 @19½	37 @38	43,889	126,216

During the early part of the week prices of all descriptions of cotton improved, later, however, the improvement on the lower grades was lost, but the better qualities remained firm at the advance, middling (Liverpool classification) being quoted at the close at 19@19½c. and Ordinary at 16½@17c. against 18½@19c. for middling and 14@15c. for ordinary last week. Freight are only moderately active; to Liverpool, ¾. by steam, and 9 16ths by sail; to New York, by steam, ¾c. and to Philadelphia and Boston 1c. Sterling exchange closed at 150@152 for bill of lading bills, and 152@153½ for bank. Exchange sight on New York, ½ per cent. dis. for bank and ¾@½ dis. for commercial.

MOBILE, Nov. 2.—Our mail returns show for the week ending November 1 an increase in the receipts, the total this week being 7,334 bales, against 6,632 bales last week and 6,418 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were in all 3,246 bales, of which 365 were to New York, 771 to Providence, and 2,110 to New Orleans. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of middling (Liverpool Classification) at the close of each week were as follows :

Week ending	—Rec'pts—		—Shipm'ts—		—Price of middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6.....	982	610	248	3,802	22½ @..	@30	4,448	25,817
" 13.....	1,398	479	546	1,540	21 @..	30 @31	5,300	24,786
" 20.....	2,145	772	1,748	122	21 @..	32 @33	5,697	25,436
" 27.....	4,613	1,607	1,152	3,888	19 @..	35 @..	9,158	23,155
Oct. 4.....	4,362	3,086	3,846	3,911	17½ @18	37 @..	9,674	22,150
" 11.....	4,623	2,847	1,049	1,927	16½ @..	37 @..	13,250	23,270
" 18.....	6,418	7,366	2,590	2,580	16½ @17	37 @..	19,071	28,956
" 25.....	6,632	8,680	8,210	3,875	17½ @..	35 @..	14,672	32,861
Nov. 1.....	7,334	7,393	3,246	4,833	16½ @..	35 @..	18,758	35,431

There has been a fair business this week, but prices have declined about 1c., at the close middling being quoted at 16½, and low middling at 15½. Exchange closes, New York sight buying rate ¾ discount, and selling rate par. In freights there is more doing; Liverpool 11-16d. and coastwise 1c. steam and ¾c. sail.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows :*

LIVERPOOL, October 26.—With the exception of Tuesday, when some depression occurred in consequence of the failure of the Royal Bank of Liverpool, the Liverpool cotton market has been in a healthy state at advancing prices. The sales of the week have been much larger than for many weeks past, and the quotations have experienced considerable recovery from the late depression. The total sales of the week are as much as 115,580 bales, of which 11,800 bales are on speculation; 28,050 bales for export, while the trade have taken 75,730 bales. In American cotton there is an improvement in price of ¼d. to ¾d., in East Indian of ¼d. per lb. Brazilian cotton is, in some instances ¼d. dearer, but other kinds, though firm, show no material variation. Annexed is a statement showing the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1864 :

Mid. Sea Island	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	Mid. Pernamb.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
	41d.	35d.	26d.	16d.		20½d.	22½d.	15½d.	8
Upland.....	21½	22	15	8½	Egyptian..	15	20	12	6
Mobile.....	21½	22	15	8½	Broach....	12	16	10	6
Orleans....	22	22½	15½	9	Dhollerah.	12	16	10	6

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed.]

The following figures show the present stocks of cotton at Liverpool and London, and also the quantities of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports :

	1866.	1867
Stock in Liverpool.....Bales	792,520	678,200
" London.....	97,819	118,343
American cotton afloat.....	3,000	15,000
Indian ".....	131,868	243,265
Total.....	1,025,207	1,054,808

Subjoined are the particulars of sales and imports for the week and year, and also of stocks on the evening of Thursday last, together with a comparison with the same period in 1866 :

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

	Sales this week.			Total year.	Same period 1866.	Average weekly sales.
	Trade.	Ex- Specula- tion.	port.			
American.....bales.	27,699	3,750	1,560	33,000	1,158,690	1,125,410
Brazilian.....	12,340	1,450	290	14,080	327,880	323,940
Egyptian.....	4,250	350	280	4,880	151,840	167,880
West Indian.....	3,960	260	4,220	91,640	79,930	1,740
East Indian.....	27,450	22,240	9,670	59,360	1,135,470	1,345,650
China and Japan..	40	.....	40	4,180	10,370	20
Total.....	75,730	28,050	11,800	115,580	2,869,700	3,053,180

	Imports			Stocks		
	This week.	To this date 1867.	To this date 1866.	This date 1867.	Same date 1866.	Dec. 31. 1866.
American.....	2,099	1,095.8	1,050.342	1,156,130	165,050	226,010
Brazilian.....	8,277	372,900	368,843	494,805	93,430	62,720
Egyptian.....	1,907	152,825	156,144	200,083	30,400	17,700
West Indian.....	55	95,205	78,575	90,274	22,080	16,750
East Indian.....	36,986	1,123,963	1,464,161	1,544,675	364,890	463,680
China and Japan	.....	894	11,032	12,993	1,460	5,660
Total.....	49,234	2,841,588	3,129,037	3,409,020	678,200	792,520

Of the present stock of cotton at Liverpool about 24 per cent. is American, against 23 1/2 per cent. last year.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—There has been a good demand for cotton during the week, and prices have advanced to the extent of 1/4 d @ 1/2 d. per lb. The annexed particulars relate to East India, China and Japan produce :

	1865.	1866.	1867.
Imports, Jan. 1 to Oct. 24..... Bales.	161,926	296,890	209,010
Deliveries.....	229,890	233,942	154,400
Stocks, Oct. 24.....	41,102	97,819	118,843

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 10.—Fine parcels of cotton are scarce and command full prices, but faulty produce is very dull. Old middling cotton is quoted at 6d., fair to fully fair ; new 8 1/2 d.; and good fair 10d. per lb. The exports of cotton since Nov. 1, 1866, were as under :

	Great Britain, bales.	Continent, bales.	Total, bales.
From Oct. 3 to Oct. 10, 1867	1,676	50	1,726
Previously from Nov. 1 1866.....	162,593	44,426	207,024
Total.....	164,274	44,476	208,750
Same period 1865-6.....	154,095	29,145	183,240
" 1864-5.....	326,248	71,126	397,374

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.—The week's shipments of cotton have been only 3,800 bales. The market is firm at full quotations.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., Nov. 8, 1867.

The exports of Crude Tobacco this week from all the ports reaches 2,242 hhds., 775 cases, 3,106 bales, against 2,684 hhds., 494 cases, 665 bales for the previous seven days, showing a decrease in the number of hhds. shipped, but a small increase in cases, and a very large increase in bales—almost all of the latter being sent to Germany. Of the exports of hhds. during the past week, 2,172 hhds. were from New York, and the balance, 70 hhds., were from Boston; and the direction of the shipments was as follows: 614 hhds. to Great Britain, 325 hhds. to Bremen, 565 hhds. to Leghorn, 510 hhds. to Cadiz, 150 hhds. to Lisbon, and the balance to other ports. The following table furnishes the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports :

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Case.	Bales.	Stems			Man'f. lbs.
				Tcs.	hhds.	bales.	
New York.....	2,172	450	3,053	25	20	12	46,860
Baltimore.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,405
Boston.....	70	325	53	.....	.....	.....	411
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,579
Total this week.....	2,242	775	3,106	25	20	12	60,814
Total last week.....	2,684	494	665	29	191	.....	54,347
Total previous week..	3,925	1,226	156	.....	172	.....	117,866

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866 :

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems—hhds.	Stems—bales.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'f. lbs.
Great Britain.....	24,696	2,722	232	614	86	.....	1,308	1,368,776
Sweden.....	342	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....
Germany.....	50,735	38,570	19,642	8	4,748	924	735	293,450
Belgium.....	6,553	891	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	70,171
Holland.....	27,310	279	.....	2	1,774	.....	18	17,276
Italy.....	20,026	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	49,876
France.....	18,841	35	99	.....	154	.....	.....	18,215
Spain, Gibralt. &c.....	11,870	1,935	20	.....	.....	1,029	.....	663,023

Mediterranean.....	1,096	61	.....	.....	.....	51	72,605
Austria.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	2,052	871	1,213	.....	.....	691	178,940
China, India, &c.....	.....	2,662	97	15	.....	320	8,142
Australia &c.....	100	902	20	50	.....	2,714	3,995,437
B. N. Am. Prov.....	712	318	194	.....	.....	6,438	342,733
South America.....	249	1,823	3,335	24	.....	973	702,145
West Indies.....	929	1,411	7,695	3	.....	790	822,762
East Indies.....	7	372	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mexico.....	3	76	231	.....	.....	.....	4,571
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	234	.....	.....	.....	58	.....
All others.....	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	10,518

T'l since Nov. 1.... 165,560 52,675 32,831 716 6,801 924 15,276 8,616,142

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped :

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & crns.	Stems—hhds.	Stems—bals.	Bxs. & pkgs.	Lbs. man'f.
New York.....	85,040	47,248	23,797	425	2,668	924	5,575	8,211,548
Baltimore.....	68,145	132	.....	4	4,133	.....	142	290,981
Boston.....	1,618	4,783	3,659	65	.....	.....	8,152	4,516
Portland.....	34	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	563	.....
New Orleans.....	9,769	.....	263	.....	.....	.....	8	.....
Philadelphia.....	23	31	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	139,097
San Francisco.....	.....	438	65	.....	.....	.....	369	.....
Virginia.....	926	29	.....	222	.....	.....	467	.....

Total since Nov. 1.... 165,560 52,675 32,831 716 6,801 924 15,276 8,616,142

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY.

KENTUCKY LEAF (HHDS.).

	Light.	Heavy.	Good Leaf.....	Light.	Heavy.
Common Lugs.....	5 1/2 @ 5 1/2	.....	12 1/2 @ 14c.	.....	14 1/2 @ 16
Good do.....	6 @ 7	7 @ 8 1/2	Fine do.....	15 @ 17	16 1/2 @ 19
Common Leaf.....	7 1/2 @ 9 1/2	9 @ 11	Selections.....	18 @ 20	20 @ 23
Midium do.....	10 @ 12	12 @ 14	.....	.....	.....

SEED LEAF (CASES).

Connecticut Wrappers, crop of 1866.....	20	@ 45
" Running lots,	16	@ 25
" Wrappers, " 1865.....	15	@ 35
" Running lots.....	10	@ 15
" Fillers, 1865 and 1866.....	5	@ 7
Ohio Wrappers.....	20	@ 48
" Running lots.....	10	@ 18
N. Y. State running lots.....	8	@ 16
Pennsylvania prime wrappers.....	30	@ 32
" Wrapper lots.....	16	@ 25
" Running lots.....	10	@ 14
Ohio and Pennsylvania Fillers.....	3 1/2	@ 6
New York State.....	4	@ 6

FOREIGN.

Havana.—Fillers—Common.....	60 @ 70	Havana.—Wrappers.....	1 @ 20 @ 2
" Good.....	75 @ 85	Yara.....	55 @ 1
" Fine.....	90 @ 1 05	Yara, average lots.....	60 @ 70

MANUFACTURED.

Black work—com., tax paid. 30 @ 35c	Black work, common, in bond 15 @ 20.
" good " 45 @ 60c	" good " 15 @ 22c
" fine " 60 @ 70c	" fine " 25 @ 30c
Bright work—common " 35 @ 45c	Bright work, medium... " 25 @ 45c
" good " 50 @ 75c	" good & fine " 50 @ 35c
" Fine, " 80 @ 1 25	.....

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows :

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

From	This week		Previously		T'l sin. Nov. 1	
	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	151	4,168	9,972	124,652	10,123	128,820
Baltimore.....	36	87	4,752	5,909	4,788	5,996
New Orleans.....	385	.....	3,678	427	4,063	427
Ohio, &c.....	390	442	63,443	38,902	63,833	39,344
Other.....	.....	.....	266	871	266	871
Total.....	962	4,697	82,111	170,761	83,073	175,458

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week :

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tierses.	Stems.	Bxs.	Man'f. lbs.
Liverpool.....	591	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,911
London.....	23	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....
Bremen.....	325	37	788	.....	20	.....	.....
Hamburg.....	.....	117	2,034	.....	.....	6	.....
Leghorn.....	565	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....
Cadiz.....	510	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisbon.....	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cuba.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,094
Hayti.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Danish West Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	637
British West Indies.....	5	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,928
Br. N. A. Provinces.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,062
British Guiana.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Central America.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	500
New Granada.....	.....	13	211	.....	.....	.....	6,729
Total export for week... 2,172	450	3,053	25	20	12	46,860	

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows :

From Baltimore—To St. Johns, P. R., 1,405 lbs. man'f.
From Boston—To Bombay, 200 cases. ... To Hong Kong, 100 cases. ... To Africa, 64 hhds. leaf. ... To Hayti, 53 bales. ... To British Provinces, 6 hhds. leaf, 25 cases and 411 boxes and pkgs.
From Philadelphia—To Havana, 2,725 man'f'd. ... To Barbadoes, 8,337 lbs. man'f'd
To Laguayra, 1,017 lbs. man'f'd.

MARYLAND AND OHIO.—At Baltimore, receipts continue small. Sales of Maryland light and prices steady. Ohio has been in brisk demand, with sales since our last review of 2,150 hhds., principally for Duisburg, and the residue for France and on speculation, at prices favoring sellers. The stock in factors' hands is now reduced to 800 hhds. leaf and several hundred hhds. scraps. In Kentucky descriptions we notice a much improved feeling ; lugs have already advanced from the lowest point.

\$2@3—and the tendency still upward. Stock of all kinds about 1,000 hds and held firmly. Sales the past week confined to small lots for home manufacture. Inspections this week 291 hds. Maryland (26 reinspected); 122 Ohio, 7 Kentucky, (all reinspected), and 2 Virginia—total 422 hds.

Stock 1st January, 1867..... 19,595
Inspected this week..... 442
do previously..... 59,580

Total..... 79,567
Cleared for foreign ports..... 55,804
Coastwise and reinspected..... 8,053

Stock to-day in warehouses and shipboard not cleared..... 63,857
15,710

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville the market opened steady and firm, with sales of 77 hds. at \$4 20@17 25. On the following day the receipts were better, and prices continued firm, with sales 92 hds., at \$4 15@16 75 per 1,00 lbs. The third day, receipts were small, and sales only 39 hds. at \$5 05@17. On the 4th day the receipts were again small, with very few choice grades; sales were 61 hds. at \$3 40@14 20. On the 5th day the market was more active, with better receipts, and prices steady; 101 hds. were offered, and 38 rejections, prices ranging from \$3 60@16. At the close the market was evidently a little firmer, caused in part by the improved qualities of the tobacco. Sales 63 hds. at \$4 40@25. We quote:

	Light.	Heavy
Lugs, common.....	4 @ 4 1/2 c.	4 1/2 @ 5 1/2 c.
do good.....	5 @ 5 1/2 c.	5 1/2 @ 6 c.
Leaf, common.....	7 @ 9 c.	7 @ 11 c.
do medium.....	11 @ 13 c.	12 @ 14 c.
do fair to good.....	13 1/2 @ 15 c.	14 1/2 @ 16 c.
do fine selections.....	15 1/2 @ 17 c.	16 1/2 @ 18 c.
Cutting leaf, common.....		7 @ 10
do Medium.....		12 @ 17
do Good.....		18 @ 22
do Fine to selections.....		25 @ 35

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 8, 1867, P. M.

The market this week has been quite variable and unsettled, and so closes. The receipts of Flour are rather moderate for the season. Western mills are not running full time—some are stopped altogether—because Flour does not pay a profit at present prices of Wheat, and money accommodation is not easy to obtain to permit the storing of large quantities. The shipping business of the week has been limited at about \$10@10 25 for Extra State, with 2s. 6d.@3s. freight.

Wheat has come forward freely, while the shipping orders have been mostly withdrawn. There has been, however, a very firm feeling among holders, and they have stored freely. Receipts have fallen off one-half at the principal Western markets. The quantity on the way to the Eastern markets is also somewhat reduced. But there are still rather more pressed for sale than the market will readily take, and prices show a decline for the week of 3@5c. per bushel. It is now thought we shall have on hand at the close of navigation about 3,500,000 bushels, a quantity not materially exceeding home requirements, unless some should come forward by rail and the supply of Flour should be very large. The close was dull at \$1 18@2 21 for No. 2 Spring.

Corn has declined. Liberal receipts, large stocks in store, and limited demand have steadily depressed prices, until \$1 33 was accepted on 'Change yesterday, at which something was for Liverpool, with freight 8 1/2 d. This was followed by a renewal of speculation, and shippers were obliged to pay as high as \$1 36, and speculative sales were made to-day at \$1 37.

Rye sold down to \$1 55 for Western, but with a revival of export demand at \$1 60, is now held at \$1 65. Our higher quotations is for State Rye. Oats are lower. Barley has slightly improved with a fair business. It is estimated that the supply for home consumption is nearly two million bushels less than last year. Canada Peas are dull at \$1 38@1 40 in bond.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine..... 2 bbl. \$8 25@9 10	Wheat, Chicago Spring..... \$2 12@2 25
Extra State..... 9 75@10 25	per bushel.....
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 10 60@10 60	Milwaukee Club..... 2 10@2 27
Extra Western, common to good..... 9 70@11 00	Red Winter..... 2 60@2 65
Double Extra Western and St. Louis..... 11 25@15 50	Amber do..... 2 70@2 75
Southern supers..... 10 00@10 85	White..... 2 85@3 20
Southern, fancy and extra..... 11 00@14 00	Corn, Western Mixed..... 1 35@1 37
California..... 11 50@13 50	Western Yellow..... @ 1 40
Rye Flour, fine and superfine..... 7 50@9 25	Southern White..... 1 40@1 45
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine..... 6 40@7 15	Rye..... 1 60@1 70
	Oats, Western cargoes..... 77@78
	Jersey and State..... @
	Barley..... 1 40@1 62
	Malt..... 1 55@1 65
	Peas Canada..... 1 35@1 50

The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1866		1867	
	For week.	S'c Jan. 1.	For week.	S'c Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	81,865	2,135,300	121,990	2,081,720
Corn meal, bbls.....	2,315	236,150	2,755	178,160
Wheat, bush.....	229,415	3,207,215	1,122,260	7,425,740
Corn, bush.....	188,970	19,643,760	559,935	13,852,290
Rye, bush.....	41,325	675,165	138,465	635,500

Barley, &c., bush.....	565,620	2,886,020	218,880	1,882,580
Oats, bush.....	195,415	6,223,015	558,315	5,886,605

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	42,687	526,676	.....	.....	.....	57,201
since Jan. 1.....	193,606	33 2,544,099	6,515	861,973	116,406	6,623,466
N. A. Col. week.....	7,455	975	.....	.....	.....	1,000
since Jan. 1.....	139,363	29,480	.....	.....	1,750	85,806
West Ind. week.....	6,755	1,016	.....	.....	480	1,072
since Jan. 1.....	216,580	91,078	1,765	63	14,007	116,925
Total exp't, week.....	61,123	2,336 541,153	.....	.....	480	59,573
since Jan. 1, 1867.....	663,380	127,947 2,714,508	333,021	886,863	132,175	6,961,093
same time, 1866.....	805,153	131,328 318,341	204,500	.....	1,016,322	10,741,649
SINCE JAN. 1, FROM						
Boston.....	151,650	23,082	1,897	2,758	283,751	6,774
Philadelphia.....	39,137	21,998	27,915	.....	9,495	700,072
Baltimore.....	130,525	39,684	.....	.....	2,920	711,455

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Nov. 2:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	62,278	693,531	318,764	455,703	41,696	32,577
Milwaukee.....	22,409	618,524	8,737	76,266	5,139	4,067
Toledo.....	22,407	29,278	142,467	30,707	3,580	1,623
Cleveland.....	4,485	49,582	11,270	14,125	20,260	1,410
Detroit.....	21,326	37,655	2,284	5,924	2,917	.....
Totals.....	135,905	1,428,570	463,522	582,725	73,592	40,277
Previous week.....	159,649	1,668,500	508,977	755,138	80,206	60,949
Correspond'g week '66.....	166,985	1,141,936	401,062	367,699	153,897	77,469
Since Jan. 1, 1867.....	3,068,550	24,800,188	28,444,107	12,827,425	2,652,650	1,559,591
Same time, 1866.....	3,293,708	23,688,370	36,104,051	11,333,319	1,778,755	1,989,563
Decrease in flour, bbls.....						295,158
Decrease in grain, bush.....						4,610,067

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF GRAIN BY CANAL.—The following statement will show about the amount of grain on canals destined for tide water on the 4th inst.:

From	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Buffalo, 14 days.....	1,290,280	696,650	1,573,850	75,070	108,700
Oswego, 9 days.....	253,044	39,794	75,461	458,177	32,872
Total.....	1,543,324	736,444	1,649,311	533,448	141,572
Previous week.....	1,952,328	909,549	1,742,440	423,318	219,449
Corresp'd'g week '66.....	966,348	701,536	425,740	875,766	107,312

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 25.—The country markets have been largely supplied, and with a smart decline quoted in the ports buyers have succeeded in establishing a lower scale of prices by 2@5s. per quarter. Arrivals on the coast are numerous, and sales very difficult even at a considerable reduction. Tuesday's market was poorly attended, and even a decline of 3@6d. per cental did not tempt buyers of wheat to operate beyond their immediate requirements. Flour 1@2s. lower. Indian Corn from scarcity sold rather higher. At to-day's market we had a fair attendance, and a steady though not large business passed at prices showing a recovery since Tuesday of 3@6d. on white, and 2@3d. on good red wheat. Flour also 6d.@1s. better, but not active. Indian Corn is almost exhausted, and mixed American is 3s. dearer, say 50s. per quarter.

FARMERS' DELIVERIES.

Week ending Oct. 19, 1867.....	79,292 qrs. at 6 1/2 s. 6d
Same time 1866.....	73,880 " 5 1/2 s. 2d

FOREIGN IMPORT THIS WEEK.

	Wheat, cwt.	I. corn, cwt.	O. G. Fl. & M1, cwt.	M1, cwt.
America and Canada.....	123,469	39,577	7,641	0,588
Europe, &c.....	67,123	585	25,996	2,860
Since 1st Sept., 1867.....	190,592	40,162	43,637	12,448
Same time 1866.....	1,295,747	421,165	295,900	80,147
	166,349	753,750	.....	.....

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 8.

Trade was very dull in the early part of the week—the elections having a material influence in checking business for the time. Latterly, however, with lower gold, and the election excitement over, a liberal demand for consumption has sprung up, and prices are stronger at the close. The imports of the week at New York have been limited to 50 packages of tea from Liverpool, 5,731 bags of coffee, none of which was Rio, 7,511 boxes and 1,838 hogsheads of sugar, and 3,103 hds. of molasses.

TEA.

There is a better business doing in teas than for several weeks past, and prices are more steady, but there is as yet nothing like activity to be reported. The sales for the week foot up 966 half chests Greens, 4,150 do Japans, and 100 do Oolongs from first hands, and a sale of 5,000 half chests Oolongs from second hands, the market closing steady.

The only imports of tea have been 50 packages by steamers from Liverpool. Advices from Hong Kong to September 11 have been received, and we quote as follows from the circular of Messrs. Olyphant & Co. "TEAS.—We have again to report a small aggregate of transactions during the fortnight, though the export still compares unfavorably with that of last season, but it must be borne in mind that 5,700,000 lbs. of the crop of 1866-7 were shipped prior to the 1st June, 1866 and do not appear in the season's export. The export from 1st Janu-

ry, 1867, to date shows an excess of about 500,000 lbs. only as compared with that of 1866." The buyers for the American market are reported as being very conservative in their views, and not inclined to purchase at high prices, and very little business had been done by them. No further shipments had been made to the United States.

COFFEE.

The Coffee trade has also been quite active. Early in the week a slight decline was acceded to, but later there is a firmer tone. The sales have been 14,732 bags Rio, and 323 do Santos, chiefly early in the week, the market closing steady but less active.

The only imports of Rio Coffee have been at Baltimore, where two cargoes, by the Nora, 4,158 bags; and by the Iconia, 3,314 bags have been received. At New York, 3,692 bags of Maracaibo; 1,314 of Laguayra, 644 of St. Domingo and 81 of sundries have come to hand.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands Nov. 5, are as follows:

OF RIO COFFEE.			OTHER SORTS.		
Import.	Stock.		At New York.	At Bost.	
New York, bags.....653,388	101,408		Java, bags*46,104	3,427	23,810
Philadelphia ".....19,730	3,500		Ceylon ".....9,110	3,700	
Baltimore ".....231,951	9,000		Singapore, ".....20,962		11,442
New Orleans ".....72,293			Maracaibo, ".....55,301	15,899	
Galveston ".....16,662	2,500		Laguayra ".....28,934	1,890	
Mobile ".....			St. Domingo, ".....25,767		11,392
Savannah ".....322			Other, ".....22,114	3,959	2,027
Total.....983,276	116,408		Total.....208,292	28,875	48,711

* Includes pockets reduced to bags.

SUGAR.

A better business has been done in sugar during the week than for some time previous. Prices are firmer in currency, notwithstanding lower gold. The sales for the week are 6,305 hhds. and 9,915 boxes, the market closing strong, with rather light stocks on hand.

The imports of the week at all the ports have been 10,736 boxes, against 5,806 last week, and 2,587 hhds. against 1,111 last week. The stock at New York is 49,287 boxes against 52,439, and 27,061 hhds. against 33,451 last week. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba—	Other Brazil,	At—	Cuba—	Other
boxes.	hhds.	hhds. bags.	boxes.	hhds.	hhds.
N. York 7,591	326	1,512	Philad'l.	245	
Portland ".....	203		Baltimore ".....	2,000	83
Boston ".....	344	119	New Orleans....	900	

Stocks Nov. 5, and imports since Jan. 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba—	Other	Total	Brazil, Manila,
boxes.	*hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	bags, bags, &c
N. York stock.....	49,287		27,061	17,903
Same date 1866.....	54,835		46,681	62,441
Imports since Jan. 1.....	183,496	220,628	42,725	263,353
Portland do.....	2,854	5,213	1,495	6,713
Boston do.....	57,545	31,575	8,065	39,641
Philadelphia do.....	28,886	59,764	9,463	69,227
Baltimore do.....	30,252	17,063	27,437	44,500
New Orleans do.....	41,927	12,135	1,118	13,253
Total import.....	344,960	346,333	90,304	436,687
				23,255
				72,229

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, Nov. 2.—Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. week.	Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Since Jan. 1.	Stocks boxes
1867.....	48	6,232	342,679	15,817	1,295,357	108,466
1866.....	366		383,879	27,453	1,269,767	148,138
1865.....	561		423,774	10,772	1,391,948	89,751

MOLASSES.

The trade in molasses has been an exception to the articles above; the trade has been very light, with easier rates and a dull market at the close. The sales are 750 hhds. of all kinds.

The imports of molasses at all the ports for the week have been 3,937 hhds. against 1,523 last week, and the stock on hand at New York is 9,514 hhds. against 7,332 last week. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Other.	At—	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Other.
hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.
New York.....	1,613	29	1,464	Philadelphia.....			
Portland.....				Baltimore.....			
Boston.....	430		42	New Orleans.....	359		

Stocks, November 5, and imports since January 1 are as follows:

At	Cuba.	P. Rico.	Oth. Fo'gn.	Total	N. O
hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	hhds.	bbbs.
New York, stock.....	5,106	1,790	2,618	9,514	
N. Y imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	79,346	20,975	35,394	135,715	7,377
Portland ".....	36,967	99	527	37,593	
Boston, ".....	53,577	3,467	5,907	62,951	1,122
Philadelphia ".....	45,660	1,401	1,757	48,818	984
Baltimore ".....	12,144	1,064	3,061	16,269	
New Orleans ".....	31,074	175	10	31,259	
Total import.....	258,763	27,181	46,656	332,605	9,483

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

There is a fair trade demand for most articles under this head, and prices rule steady.

FRUITS.

With lower gold prices are unsettled, and there is only a light business doing in foreign dried fruits. Domestic are rather easier, but fairly active. Foreign green fruits are arriving in some quantities.

We annex ruling quotations of goods in first hands:

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.		Tea.	
	—Duty paid—		—Duty paid—
Hyson, Common to fair...	90 @ 1 05	do do Ex f. to finest	85 @ 90
do Superior to fine....	1 10 @ 1 30	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair.	80 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest....	1 35 @ 1 55	do Sup'r to fine....	90 @ 1 05
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair...	75 @ 1 05	do Ex f. to finest	1 10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine....	1 15 @ 1 35	Oolong, Common to fair....	70 @ 80
do Ex fine to finest....	1 40 @ 1 70	do Superior to fine....	85 @ 1 10
unp. & Imp., Com. to fair	1 00 @ 1 15	do Ex fine to finest....	1 25 @ 1 60
do Sup. to fine....	1 25 @ 1 45	Souc & Cong., Com. to fair	65 @ 80
do do Ex. f. to finest....	1 55 @ 1 85	do Sup'r to fine....	90 @ 1 05
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C, to fair.	65 @ 70	do Ex f. to finest	25 @ 1 55
do do Sup. to fine	75 @ 80		

Coffee.

DUTY: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents @ lb; all other 10 @ cent ad valorem in addition.

Rio, prime, duty paid....	gold 17 1/2 @ 18	Java, mats an l bags....	gold 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
do good.....	gold 16 1/2 @ 17 1/2	Native Ceylon.....	18 1/2 @ 20
do fair.....	gold 14 1/2 @ 14 1/2	Maracaibo.....	16 1/2 @ 18 1/2
do ordinary.....	gold 13 1/2 @ 13 1/2	Laguayra.....	17 @ 17 1/2
do fair to g. cargoes....	gold 14 @ 16	St. Domingo.....	15 1/2 @ 16 1/2

Sugar.

DUTY: on raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 8; on white or clayed, above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 3 1/2; above 15 a' not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Melado, 2 1/2 cents @ lb.

Porto Rico.....	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2	do do do 13 to 15	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Cuba, inf. to com. refining	11 @ 11 1/2	do do do 16 to 18	13 1/2 @ 14 1/2
do fair to good do....	11 1/2 @ 11 1/2	do do do 19 to 20	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do fair to good grocery....	12 1/2 @ 12 1/2	do do white....	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2
do pr. to choice do....	12 1/2 @ 13	Leaf.....	@ 17 1/2
do centrifugal.....	13 1/2 @ 13 1/2	Granulated.....	@ 16 1/2
do Melado.....	6 @ 8 1/2	Crushed and powdered....	@ 16 1/2
Hav'a, Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9	11 @ 11 1/2	White coffee, A.....	@ 15 1/2
do do do 10 to 12	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2	Yellow coffee.....	15 @ ..

DUTY: 8 cents @ gallon.

New Orleans.....	@ ..	do Clayed.....	44 @ 46
Porto Rico.....	55 @ 70	Barbadoes.....	52 @ 53
Guba Muscovado.....	47 @ 52		

Molasses.

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents @ lb.

Cassia, in mats.....	gold @ 50	Pepper..... (gold)	2 1/2 @ 22 1/2
Ginger, race and Af(gold)	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold)	19 1/2 @ 19 1/2
Mace..... (gold)	90 @ 93 1/2	Cloves..... (gold)	26 @ 26 1/2
Nutmegs, No. 1..... (gold)	89 @ 90		

Fruit.

DUTY: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1 1/2; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents @ lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 @ cent ad val.

Raisins, Seedless.....	9 25 @ ..	Sardines.....	18 1/2 @ ..
do Layer.....	4 10 @ ..	Figs, Smyrna.....	16 @ 20
do Branch.....	@ ..	Brazil Nuts.....	9 @ 9 1/2
Currants.....	12 @ ..	Filberts, Sicily.....	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
Citron, Leghorn.....	3 1/2 @ ..	Walnuts.....	11 @ 12
Prunes, Turkish.....	17 @ 17 1/2	Pearl Sago.....	@ ..
Dates.....	9 @ 10	Tapioca.....	@ ..
Almonds, Languedoc.....	3 @ ..	Macaroni, Italian.....	@ 20
do Provence.....	28 @ 29	DRIED FRUIT—	
do Sicily, Soft Shell	21 @ 22	Apples.....	6 @ 9
do Shelled.....	86 @ 87	Blackberries.....	12 @ 12 1/2
Sardines.....	@ ..	Raspberries.....	@ ..
do.....	30 1/2 @ 81	Par'd Peaches.....	20 @ 28

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 8, 1867.

The dry goods trade this week opened with the same dull and unsettled appearance, and so continued during the early days in the week. The anxiety regarding the election, and the general wish to be at home kept many buyers away, and together with the stringency in the money market and general dullness in mercantile circles, was a sufficient excuse for keeping out of market. But the election over, and money less stringent, and gold lower, there sprung up a better feeling, and considerable disposition to purchase goods has since been shown. On Wednesday the jobbers purchased quite liberally, and on Thursday and to-day have been disposing of their goods quite freely. Prices of domestic goods have been almost nominal until now for all excepting leading brands, but have recovered tone, and are evidently on a firm basis. Our prices are revised to a considerable extent, and are now the actual figures at which goods can be purchased. The export demand continues liberal.

The exports of dry goods for the past week and since January 1, 1867, and the total for the same time in 1866 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics.	D. Goods.	Domestics.	Dry Goods.
	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.	cases.
Cuba.....	9	\$800		
New Granada.....	45	8,341		
Venezuela.....	16	975		
Brazil.....	21	2,777	1	153
Hamburg.....			11	4,195
Bremen.....			37	15,748

Liverpool	15	7,132	....	....
Havre.....	2	5,103	....	....
China.....	1	500	....	....
Hong Kong.....	....	....	64	....
Br. Provinces.....	....	....	3	....
Total this week.	91	\$12,893	67	\$32,835
Since Jan. 1.....	10,363	1,355,317	5,106	1,113,129
same time 1866...	8,233	....	....	7,047
" " 1860...	78,872	....	....	4,233
				31,900

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been no exception to the general rule, but on the contrary are one of the leading branches which give rise to our remarks above. Standards are sold at 14@15 1/2 cents. by jobbers. Atlantic N 3-4 8 1/2, Massachusetts C do 9 1/2, Lawrence H do 10, Indian Orchard L do 9 1/2, Commonwealth O do 7 1/2, Knox E do 9 1/2, Union do 10, Pepperell N do 10 1/2, Indian Head do 12, Atlantic V 7-8 12 1/2, Atlantic E do 11 1/2, Pacific E do 11 1/2, Tremont E do 10, Bedford R do 9, Boot O do 11 1/2, Indian Orchard W do 10 1/2, Massachusetts E do 11 1/2, Lawrence G do 11 1/2, Pepperell O do 11 1/2, Indian Head 4-4 15 1/2, Appleton A do 14, Wachussetts do 14, Pacific extra do 15, do H do 14, do L do 12 1/2, Atlantic A do 15 1/2, do H do 14 1/2, do L do 12 1/2, Lawrence E do 10 1/2, do C do 15, do F do 12 1/2, Stark A do 14, Amoskeag A do 14 1/2, do B do 14, Medford do 14, Kenebeck do 9, Roxbury do 13 1/2, Indian Orchard BB do 11, Nashua D do 11 1/2, Pepperell E do 13 1/2, Great Falls M do 12 1/2, do S do 10 1/2, Dwight W do 12 1/2, Standard do 11 1/2, Shawmut E do 11 1/2, Pepperell R do 12 1/2, Laconia B do 14 1/2, Laconia O 9-8 12 1/2, Pequot do 20, Saranac E do 18, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 14, do C do 12, Nashua 5-4 25, Indian Head do 24, Utica do 27 1/2, Pepperell 7-4 27 1/2, do 9-4 35, Monadnock 10-4 33 1/2, Pepperell do 40, Utica do 50, do 11 4 55, Waltham Bro do 60.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have met with some decline for all but primer makes, but are steady at the close, and fairly active. Mechanics 3 4 8, Globe do 8, Kingston do 9 1/2, Boot R do 9 1/2, Globe A 7-8 8 1/2, Washington do 9, Strafford S do 10 1/2, Putnam B do 11, Ed. Harris do 10 1/2, Great Falls M do 11 1/2, do S do 10 1/2, do A do 13, do J do 12 1/2, Lyman Cambric do 15 1/2, Strafford M do 11, Lawrence L do 12 1/2, Hill's Semp Idem do 16, James 31 inch 14, Greene G 4-4 11 1/2, Putnam A 4-4 11 1/2, Newmarket C do 14, Great Falls K do 13 1/2, Bartletts do 15, James Steam do 15, Attawaugan XX do 14 1/2, Lawrence B do 14 1/2, Hope do 13 1/2, Tip Top do 15, Blackstone do 16, Amoskeag A do 16, Boot B do 15, Forestdale do 17 1/2, Masonville do 19, Androscoggin L do 18, Lonsdale do 18, Bates XX do 20, Lyman J do 21, Wamsutta H do 22 1/2 do O do 22 1/2, Mystic Lake do 20, Atlantic Cambric do 27 1/2, Lonsdale Cambric do 26 1/2, New York Mills do 27 1/2, Hill do 17, Dwight 9-8 22 1/2, Wamsutta do 26 1/2, Amoskeag 42 inch 16 1/2, Waltham do 16 1/2, Chickopee do 20, Naumkeag W 5-4 20, Boot W do 18, Nashua do 22 1/2, Bates do 22 1/2, Wamsutta do 30, Utica do 27 1/2, Amoskeag 46 inch 21 1/2, Waltham 6-4 25, Mattawamkeag do 25, Pepperell do 26, Allendale do 25, Utica do 32 1/2, Waltham 8-4 32 1/2, Pepperell do 37 1/2, Mattawamkeag 9-4 40, Pepperell do 42 1/2, Utica do 50, Allendale do 40, Waltham do 40, Phoenix 10-4 35, Monadnock do 37 1/2, Waltham do 50, Allendale do 45, Pepperell do 47 1/2, Utica do 55, Pepperell 11-4 62 1/2.

TICKS are more steady at the close, with a better demand. Conestoga extra 32 1/2, do C M 40, Amoskeag A C A 32 inch 37 1/2, do A 32 inch 28, do B 32 inch 25, do D 30 inch 19, do C 30 inch 22, Pemberton A A 30, Brunswick 15, Blackstone River 16 1/2, Hamilton 25, Somerset 13 1/2, Thorndike 18, Pearl River 35, Housewife ex. 28, do AAA 25, do AA 22, Pittsfield 9 1/2, Housewife A 19, York 32 inch 32 1/2, do 30 inch 25, Cordis A A A 32 inch 27 1/2, do 4-4 27 1/2, Everett 27 1/2, do A 32 inch 27, Boston A A 24, Lehigh Valley B 13 1/2, Swift River 16 1/2, Browns AAA 16, Albany 9.

STRIPES are but little improved as yet, and prices are rather nominal. Amoskeag 22 1/2-23, Uncasville 14 1/2-15 1/2, Whittenton A A 22 1/2, do 3-3 20, do BB 17, do C 14, Pittsfield 3 3 9 1/2, Haymaker 16-17, Everett 14-14 1/2, Massabesic 6-3 22 1/2, Boston 14 1/2-15 1/2, American 14-15, Eagle 12 1/2-13 1/2, Hamilton 22 1/2, Jewett City 13 1/2-14 1/2, Sheridan G 13 1/2.

CHECKS have also been quiet during the week. Park Mills Red 18, Lanark 4x2 25 inch 13, Lanark Fur 13, Union 50 4x2 27 1/2, do 50 2x2 27 1/2, do 20 4x2 25, do 20 2x2 25, Caledonia 15 inch 26, do 11 inch 20, Kennebeck 25, Star No. 600 11, do No 800 2x2 18 1/2, do No 900 4x2 20, Cameron No. 90 15, do No. 80 12 1/2, Miners and Mech 23 1/2.

DENIMS have more tone and demand at the close. Amoskeag 27 1/2, Haymaker 28 inch 16, do brown 16, York 28 inch 25, Warren brown 27 inch 22 1/2, Boston Manufacturing Co. 29 inch 13 1/2, Pearl River 29, Union 14 1/2, Monitor 13, Manchester Co. 17, Columbian XXX 30, do blue 27 1/2, Arlington 17, Otis AXA 26, do BB 24 1/2, Mount Vernon 24, Pawnee 12 1/2, Northfield 12 1/2, Webster 10.

BROWN DRILLS are in good demand in part for export at unchanged rates. Wintthrop 13 1/2, Amoskeag 16 1/2, Laconia 17 1/2, Pepperell 17 1/2, do fine jean 18, Stark A 16, Massabesic 14 1/2, Woodward duck bag 24, National bags 31, Stark A do 40, Liberty do 31.

PRINT CLOTHS have continued dull during the week, and prices are quite nominal in this market. A better business in prints and a firmer cotton market will no doubt improve these goods.

PRINTS have been quiet up to the middle of the week, when a better demand prevailed, and to-day the market is quite active. American 12 1/2, Amoskeag dark 11 1/2, do purple 12 1/2, do shirting 11 1/2, do palm leaf 12 1/2, Merrimac D 13 1/2, do purple 13 1/2, do W dark 15, do purple 16, do pink 16, Sprague's 12 1/2, do purple 13, do shirting 13 1/2, do pink 13, do turkey red 12 1/2, do blue check 12 1/2, do solid 12, do indigo blue 12 1/2, do Swiss ruby 12 1/2, Loudon Mourning 12, Simpson Mourning 12, Amoskeag Mourning 11, Dunnell's 12 1/2, Allen pink 12 1/2, Arnolds 11, Gloucester 12 1/2, Wamsutta 10, Pacific 12 1/2, Freeman 11, Cocheco 13 1/2, Lowell 11, Hamilton Purple 12 1/2, Victory 10 1/2, Home 9, Empire State 7, Lancaster 15-17 1/2, Atlantic 7 1/2.

GINGHAMS are still inactive, and prices not very firm. Lancaster Domestic Gingham sell at 16 cents, Hartford 12 1/2, Hampden 12 1/2, Cale-

donia 12 1/2, Glasgow 15, Clyde 11 1/2, Berkshire 14, German 14, Roanoke 11 1/2, Hadley 12 1/2, Manchester 15 cents.

CANTON FLANNELS are in light demand. Ellerton N brown 27, do O do 28, do P do 21, do S do 20, do T do 18, Laconia do 20, Slaterville do 17, Hamilton do 20, Naumkeag do 19, Nashua A 20, Tremonts 17, Ellerton N Blea 29, do O do 25, do P do 23, Stillwater do 18, Granite State do 20, Naumkeag do 21.

CORSET JEANS are fairly active at steady prices. Androscoggin 11, Bates colored 11, do bleached 11, Naumkeag 13 1/2, Pepperell 15, Naumkeag satteen 18, Laconia 13 1/2, Amoskeag 13 1/2, Newmarket 14, Indian Orchard 11 1/2, Ward 16.

CAMBRICS AND SILESIA'S are quiet but steady. Washington glazed cambrics sell at 9 1/2c, Victory H 8 1/2, do A 9, Superior 7, Pequot 10, Wa-verly 11, Wauregan 10 1/2, and S. S. & Sons paper cambrics at 12 1/2, do high colors 14 1/2, White Rock 12 1/2, Masonville 12 1/2, Warren 13 1/2, and Lonsdale Silesias at 20, Victory J 14, Indian Orchard 16, Ward 16.

MUSLIN DELAINES are steadier, but with only a very light demand prevailing. Lowell 17, Hamilton Co. 17, Manchester 17, Pacific dark 17, Pekin 28, Armures dark 22, Pacific Merinos A 40, Mourning 17, Spragues 15 1/2, Skirtings 30, Alpacas 28.

FLANNELS AND LINSEYS are not very active as yet, but prices show no change. Belknap shirting flannels sells at 45c, Washington do 50, Rob Roy rolled 6-4 70, Rob Roy 3-4 35, Cocheco black and white check 44, Franklin shirting 45, Caledonia shirting 35, Pequa, double fold 42 1/2, Bay State Opera 55, Gilbert's do 60, Franklin do 50, and Park Linseys 35 inch at 20 cents, do 45 do 23 1/2, do 50 do 26, do 60 do 30, do 65 do 36, do 75 42 1/2, Wamsutta No 40 22 1/2, do No 50 25, do No 70 35, White Rock 25, Black Rock 22 1/2, James Nolan 33 1/2.

COTTONADES are inactive and prices still more or less nominal. A few sales are made for manufacture into goods for Spring trade. New York Mills d & t 52 1/2, Farmer's and Mechanics' 40, Pemberton d & t 40, Great Western 37 1/2, Plow, Loom & Anv. 37 1/2, Uncle Sam 40, Farmers' Union A 37 1/2, Persian Plaid 36.

AMERICAN LINEN remains in steady, fair demand.

FOREIGN GOODS have been much depressed, and the sales at auction have realized very unsatisfactory prices, with the single exception of ribbons. In jobbers' hands there is a very dull market reported.

The sales of foreign goods at auction have been quite unsatisfactory. Wednesday Messrs. Townsend, Montant & Co. held a sale of French dress goods, by order of Messrs. L. Maillard & Co., which was very well attended. We have no great revival of confidence to report in this branch of trade, although there were some desirable styles that brought better rates than those of the preceding week. The prevailing opinion is that unless gold should still keep falling, that the lowest point is not yet touched, and the experience of last year would seem to corroborate that idea. All depends on the revival of the retail trade, and with the present seasonable weather we may have soon a more brisk demand to report. Mousseline de lain, assorted colors, brought 33 1/2@35c, 38 inch Merino cloth do 55 1/2@60c. Finer 63@66c. 40 inch do 69@70c. Extra 96c.@\$1 02 1/2.

On Thursday Messrs. Kobbe, Corlies & Co. held a sale of Dres Cloak and Mantilla Trimmings, Galloons, buttons, &c., by order of Messrs. Rosenbaum & Josephthal, which was numerously attended; the bidding also was spirited on desirable styles to complete assortments, and in many cases prices were even up to those brought at private sales. The offering was a very large one, and the result satisfactory to the owners.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Nov. 7, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV. 7, 1867.						
	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs. Value	
Manufactures of wool...	2,082	\$853,088	970	\$380,977	547	\$199,573
do cotton...	1,411	458,743	346	111,253	463	127,567
do silk...	365	430,346	244	153,314	427	302,491
do flax....	1,152	353,870	1,231	256,805	600	116,216
Miscellaneous dry goods.	275	136,878	304	112,763	286	103,552
Total.....	5,885	\$2,233,425	3,045	\$1,015,117	2,323	\$849,339
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	169	\$63,296	354	\$145,083	326	\$120,714
do cotton...	144	48,032	146	53,378	72	23,024
do silk....	29	37,041	82	104,816	57	65,940
do flax....	89	27,987	293	79,630	324	62,094
Miscellaneous dry goods.	484	15,997	297	20,316	755	30,837
Total.....	916	\$197,353	1,172	\$403,223	1,564	\$302,659
Add ent'd for consumption	5,885	2,233,425	3,045	1,015,117	2,323	849,339
Total th'wn upon mak't.	6,801	\$2,435,778	4,217	\$1,418,340	3,887	\$1,151,998
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	467	\$183,312	749	\$341,372	519	\$220,734
do cotton...	491	149,005	256	80,643	1262	48,215
do silk....	74	91,453	146	193,042	73	81,093
do flax....	304	98,173	675	189,070	532	146,955
Miscellaneous dry goods.	15	11,424	84	29,440	512	35,626
Total.....	1,351	\$533,377	1,910	\$836,576	1,833	\$532,628
Add ent'd for consumption	5,885	2,233,425	3,045	1,015,117	2,323	849,339
Total entered at the port	7,236	\$2,771,902	4,955	\$1,851,693	4,156	\$1,381,967

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads in 1866 and 1867:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earn'gs, Earn'gs p. m. Lists earnings for various railroads like Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and Alton, etc.

PACIFIC RAILROAD OF MISSOURI—The fiscal year of this company closes February 28. The earnings and cost of operation the average mileage open for the past five years have been as follows:

Table with columns: Year, Passenger earnings, Freight, Mail, Rents, &c., Total earnings, Operating cost, Net earnings. Shows data for years 1862-3 to 1866-7.

The whole line from St. Louis to Kansas City (283 miles) was brought into operation October 2, 1865. The following shows the average length operated and the gross earnings for each year since the commencement:

Table with columns: Year, Average length operated, Gross earnings. Shows data from 1852 to 1866.

The financial condition of the company on the 1st March, 1867, is exhibited in the following condensed statement:

Condensed financial statement with columns: Item, Amount. Includes Capital stock, State bonds, Land sales, etc.

Total \$25,458,089 46 Total \$25,458,089 46 A full history of this railroad will be found in the CHRONICLE of October 27, 1866.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table with columns for various railroads (Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, etc.) and months (Jan to Dec) for years 1865, 1866, and 1867.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), PRINCIPAL PAYABLE, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and N.B. (Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 2d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name).

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Main table containing stock lists for Railroads, Canals, and Miscellaneous. Includes columns for Name, Stock outstanding, Dividend, Last paid, and Bid/Ask prices. The table is organized into two main sections: 'N. B. - The figures after the name refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."' and 'N. B. - The figures after the name refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."'.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bemis Heights, Bennehoff Run, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, Marked thus (*) are participating, and (†) write Marine Risks, Jan. 1, 1867, DIVIDEND, Periods, Last paid, Bid, Last Sale. Lists insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists gold and silver mining companies like Alameda Silver, American Flag, Atlantic & Pacific, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, Lake Superior Iron, etc.

STOCK AND BOND SALES AT PHILADELPHIA.—The following taken from Bowen and Fox's Monthly Report of the Philadelphia Stock and Bond Market, shows the highest and lowest prices in October:

Table listing stock and bond sales with columns for item name and price. Includes Philadelphia 6's old, Pennsylvania 5's, Allegheny Co. scrip, etc.

500 MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Running West from Omaha Across the Continent are now Completed.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company have built a longer line of railroad in the last eighteen months than was ever built by any other company in the same time, and they will continue the work with the same energy until it is completed. The Western Division is being pushed rapidly eastward from Sacramento by the Central Pacific Company of California, and it is expected that

THE ENTIRE GRAND LINE

to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870. MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WORK HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE, MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WHOLE LINE IS NOW IN RUNNING ORDER, AND MORE LABORERS ARE NOW EMPLOYED UPON IT THAN EVER BEFORE. More than

Forty Million Dollars in Money

have already been expended by the two powerful companies that have undertaken the enterprise, and there is no lack of funds for its most vigorous prosecution. When the United States Government found it necessary to secure the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad, to develop and protect its own interests, it gave the companies authorized to build it such ample aid as should render its speedy completion beyond a doubt. The available means of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, derived from the Government and its own stockholders, may be briefly summed up as follows:

1.—United States Bonds.

Having thirty years to run, and bearing six per cent currency interest at the rate of \$16,000 per mile for 517 miles on the on the Plains; then at the rate of \$18,000 per mile for 150 miles through the Rocky Mountains; then at the rate of \$32,000 per mile for the remaining distance, for which the United States takes a SECOND LIEN as security. The interest on these bonds is paid by the United States Government, which also pays the company one-half the amount of its bills in money for transporting its freight, troops, mails, &c. The remaining half of these bills is placed to the company's credit, and forms a sinking fund which may finally discharge the whole amount of this lien. The claims against the government since April of the current year amount to four and one-half times his interest.

2.—First Mortgage Bonds.

By its charter the company is permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the bonds issued by the Government, and NO MORE, AND ONLY AS THE ROAD PROGRESSES. The Trustees for the bondholders are the Hon. E. D. Morgan, U. S. Senator from New York, and the Hon. Oakes Ames, Member of U. S. House of Representatives, who are responsible for the delivery of these bonds to the Company in strict accordance with the terms of the law.

3.—The Land Grant.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company has a land grant or absolute DONATION from the Government of 12,800 acres to the mile on the line of the road, which will not be worth less than \$1 50 per acre at the lowest valuation.

4.—The Capital Stock.

The authorized capital of the Union Pacific Railroad Company is \$100,000,000, of which over \$5,000,000 have been paid on the work already done.

The Means Sufficient to Build the Road.

Contracts for the entire work of building 914 miles of first-class railroad west from Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, and embracing every expense except surveying, have been made with responsible parties (who have already finished over 500 miles), at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars (\$68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary shops for construction and repairs of cars, depots, stations, and all other incidental buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage, and freight cars, and other requisite rolling-stock, to an amount that shall not be less than \$5,000 per mile. Allowing the cost of the remaining one hundred and eighty-six of the eleven hundred miles assumed to be built by the Pacific Company to be \$90,000 per mile.

The Total Cost of Eleven Hundred Miles will be as follows:

914 miles, at \$68,058.....	\$62,205,012
186 miles, at \$90,000.....	16,740,000
Add discounts on bonds, surveys, &c.....	4,500,000
Amount.....	\$83,445,012

As the U. S. Bonds are equal to money, and the Company's own First Mortgage Bonds have a ready market, we have as the

Available Cash Resources for Building Eleven Hundred Miles:

U. S. Bonds.....	\$29,328,000
First Mortgage Bonds.....	29,328,000
Capital stock paid in on the work now done.....	5,369,750
Land grant, 11,080,000 acres, at \$1 50 per acre.....	21,120,000
Total.....	\$85,145,750

The Company have ample facilities for supplying any deficiency that may arise in means for construction. This may be done wholly or in part by additional subscriptions to capital stock.

Active inquiry has already been made for a portion of these lands, and arrangements are now proposed to offer a part of them for sale. While their whole value will not be available for some years to come, they will remain a very important source of revenue to the Company. The lands of the Illinois Central Railroad Company are selling at from \$6 to \$12 per acre, and other land-grant companies in the West are receiving equal prices for similar properties.

FUTURE BUSINESS.

The most skeptical have never expressed a doubt that when the Union Pacific Railroad is finished the immense business that must flow over it, as the only railroad connecting the two grand divisions of the North American continent, and will be one of the wonders of railway transportation; as it will have no competitor it can always charge remunerative rates.

Earnings from Way Business.

During the quarter ending July 31, an average of 325 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad was in operation. The Superintendent's Report shows the following result:

EARNINGS.	
Passengers, Freight, Telegraph and Mails..	\$723,755 54
Transportation of Contractors' material and men.....	479,283 41
Total.....	\$1,203,038 95
EXPENSES.	
Fuel, repairs, offices, conductors, trains &c.	\$395,530 92
NET EARNINGS to balance.....	807,508 03
Total.....	\$1,203,038 95

The net operating expenses on the commercial business for the quarter were \$237,966 50. The account for the COMMERCIAL BUSINESS stands as follows:
Earnings for May, June and July.....\$723,755 54
Expenses for May, June and July.....237,966 50
Net profit.....\$485,789 04

The amount of Bonds the Company can issue on 325 miles, at \$16,000 per mile, is \$5,200,000. Interest in gold three months, at 6 per cent., on this sum, is \$78,000; add 40 per cent. premium, to correspond with currency earnings is \$109,200, showing that the net earnings for this quarter were MORE THAN FOUR TIMES THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds on this length of road.

First Mortgage Bonds,

whose principal is so amply provided for, and whose interest is so thoroughly secured must be classed among the SAFEST investments. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

and are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, and accrued interest at Six Per Cent. in Currency from July 1.

Many parties are taking advantage of the present high price of Government stocks to exchange for these Bonds, which are over 15 per cent. cheaper, and, at the current rate of premium on gold, pay

Over Nine Per Cent. Interest.

Subscriptions will be received in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St.
CLARK, DODGE & Co., Bankers, 51 Wall St.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall St.

and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained on application. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.

JOHN J. CISCO Treasurer.
NEW YORK

October 28th, 1867.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1867,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1866:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1866, to 31st December, 1866.....	\$8,282,021 26
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1866.....	2,188,325 15

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$10,470,346 31
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1866 to 31st December, 1866..... \$7,632,236 70

Losses paid during the same period..... \$5,683,895 05

Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$1,194,173 23

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks,	\$6,771,885 00
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise.....	1,129,350 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages,	221,260 00
Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....	141,866 24
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..	3,837,735 41
Cash in Bank.....	434,207 81
Total Amount of Assets.....	\$12,536,304 46

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fifth of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fifth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled.

A dividend of Twenty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1866, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Second of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones,	Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgoyne,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.
William E. Dodge	Gordon W. Burnham,
Geo. G. Hobson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson,
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb,
Daniel S. Miller.	Paul Spofford.
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
	Shepherd Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres
D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres

Insurance.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
 AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
 SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....1,893,220
 PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340
Special Fund of \$200,000
 Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.
 UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.
 GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.
 WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

135 BROADWAY.
Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1867.....3,439,120 73
Liabilities.....114,849 48
FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.
 CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
 A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
 J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.

Metropolitan Insurance Company,

NO. 108 BROADWAY.
 NEW YORK, April 16, 1867.
 This Company having reduced its capital according to law, under the sanction of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department to the sum of

\$300,000,

intends hereafter to confine its fire business to the city of New York and vicinity, and will also write Marine Risks on Cargo only, at the office in the Metropolitan Bank Building.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM
 President.
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM,
 Vice-President.

Directors:

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Martin Bates, | F. H. Wolcott, |
| Dudley B. Fuller, | P. W. Turney, |
| Franklin H. Delano, | William T. Blodgett, |
| Gilbert L. Beekman, | Charles P. Kirkland, |
| Joseph B. Varnum, | Watson E. Case, |
| Lorrain Freeman, | John A. Graham, |
| Edward A. Stansbury, | John C. Henderson, |
| J. Boorman Johnston, | James L. Graham, |
| Samuel D. Bradford, | Clinton B. Fisk. |
- W. R. WADSWORTH, Secretary.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819..... Charter Perpetual.
CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.
L. J. HENDEE, President.
J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets: July 1, 1867.....\$4,650,938 27
Liabilities.....377,668 46

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY
NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.
CASH CAPITAL,.....\$500,000 00
SURPLUS, July 1st, 1867.....15,074 73
TOTAL ASSETS.....\$815,074 73
 RUDOLPH GARRIGI, President.
 JOHN E. KAHL, Vice-President.
 HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,
 No. 45 WALL STREET.
 JULY 1st, 1867.
 Cash capital.....\$400,000 00
 Surplus.....187,205 93
 Gross Assets.....\$587,205 93
 Total Liabilities.....33,480 09
BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.
REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

Insurance.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
In the City of New York.
 NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000
 New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year, and annually thereafter.
JOHN EADIE, President.
NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.
 (INSURANCE BUILDINGS)
 49 WALL STREET.
Incorporated 1841.
Capital and Assets,.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.
 No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
 Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349
 ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders, IN CASH, a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of **TWENTY PER CENT.**

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.
 This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.
 Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| James Freeland, | D. Colden Murray, |
| Samuel Willets, | E. Haydock White, |
| Robert L. Taylor, | N. L. McCready, |
| William T. Frost, | Daniel T. Willets, |
| William Watt, | L. Edgerton, |
| Henry Eyre, | Henry J. Kunhardt, |
| Cornelius Grinnell, | John S. Williams, |
| Joseph Slagg, | William Nelson, Jr., |
| Jas. D. Fish, | Charles Dimon, |
| Geo. W. Hennings, | A. William Heye, |
| Francis Hathaway, | Harold Dolner, |
| Aaron L. Reid, | Paul N. Spofford. |
| Ellwood Walter. | |
- ELLWOOD WALTER, President.**
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.
J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.
 No. 12 WALL STREET.
 CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
 SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.....278,000
 Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.
JONATHAN D. STEELE, President
NOTMAN, Secretary.

H O P E FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, No. 92 BROADWAY.
Cash Capital - - - - - \$150,000
Assets, June 1, 1867 - - - - - 222,433
 This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

Board of Directors:

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Henry M. Taber, | Henry S. Leverich, |
| Theodore W. Riley, | Robert Schell, |
| Steph. Cambreleng, | William H. Terry, |
| Joseph Foulke, | Joseph Grafton, |
| Cyrus H. Loutrel, | Amos Robbins, |
| Jacob Reese, | Thos. P. Cummings, |
| Lebbens B. Ward, | Jno. W. Mersereau, |
| D. Lydig Suydam, | David L. Eigenbrodt, |
| Joseph Britton, | William Remsen, |
| Fred. Schuchardt, | Stephen Hyatt, |

JACOB REESE, President.
JAMES E. MOORE, Secretary.

Insurance.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
 ESTABLISHED IN 1809.
UNITED STATES BRANCH,
74 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds.....12,695,000
Annual Income.....4,260,635
 Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.
 Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.
NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
 of Dabney, Morgan & Co.
SOLOMON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co.
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.
EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey.
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$1,500,000.
GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. **GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't**

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$1,000,000.
W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. **H. KELLOGG, Pres't**

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
 SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus \$700,000.
J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. **E. FREEMAN, Pres't**

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO
 OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital \$275,000.
M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. **J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't.**

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.
WHITE, ALLYN & CO. Agents,
 NO. 74 WALL STREET.

The Corn Exchange

INSURANCE COMPANY
 OF NEW YORK,
 Insures against Loss by Fire and the Danger of Inland Navigation.
NO. 104 BROADWAY.
Cash Assets, Jan. 1, '67...\$501,207 54
R. F. MASON, President.
J. S. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres.
GEORGE A. DRESSER, Secretary.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,
 BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Surplus.....255 057 77
Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.
 Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.
R. W. BLEECKER, Vice-Pres't.
F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

STANDARD Fire Insurance Company.

Cash Capital.....\$200,000
Net Surplus Oct. 1, '67 over....100,000
\$300,000

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Anchors, Ashes, Beeswax, Bones, Bread, Bricks, Butter and Cheese, Candles, Cement, Chains, Coal, Cocoa, Coffee, Copper, Cordage, Corks, Cotton, Drugs and Dyes.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Bark, Bi Carb. Soda, Bleaching Powder, Borax, Brimstone, Carb. Ammonia, Cardamoms, Castor Oil, Caustic Soda, Citric Acid, Cubebs, Chamomile Flowers, Epsom Salts, Extract Logwood, Benzola and Gamboge, Ginseng, Gum Arabic, Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, Hyd. Potash, Resublimed Iodine, Ipecac and Jalap, Lic. Paste, Manna, Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, Oil Orange, Oil Peppermint, Opium, Oxalic Acid, Phosphorus, Pruss. Potash, Redd, Rhubarb, Quicksilver, Sal. Eratus, Sal. Soda, Sarsaparilla, Shell Lac, Soda Ash, Sugar Lead, Sulph. Quinine, Sulph. Morphine, Tartaric Acid, Verdigris, Blue Vitriol, Etherial Preparations and Extracts.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Oil Lemon, Oil Peppermint, Opium, Oxalic Acid, Phosphorus, Prussiate Potash, Quicksilver, Rhubarb, Sago, Salaratus, Salam'ac, Ref (gold), Sal Soda, Newcaibo, Sarsaparilla, Seneca Root, Senna, East India, Shell Lac, Soda Ash, Sugar L'd, Sulph. Quinine, Sulphate Morphine, Tart'c Acid, Tapioca, Verdigris, Vitriol, Duck, Dye Woods, Feathers, Fish, Flax, Fruits, Furs, Glass, American Window, French Window.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including 8x11 to 10x15, 11x14 to 12x18, 13x18 to 16x24, 18x 2 to 18x80, 20x30 to 24x30, 24x31 to 24x36, 25x36 to 26x40, 28x40 to 30x48, 24x54 to 32x56, 32x58 to 34x60, 34x62 to 40x60, English sells at 15 ct. off above rates, Groceries, Gunny Bags, Gunny Cloth, Gunpowder, Hair, Hardware, Hinges, Locks, Screws, Nails, Spikes, Shingles, Sticks, Boards, Lumber, Paper, Books, Stationery, Miscellaneous.

Horns—Duty, 10 cent. ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande... 9 00 @ 8 00
 Ox, American... 7 00 @ 8 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 cent. ad val.
 Para, Fine... 75 @ ..
 Para, Medium... .. @ ..
 Para, Coarse... .. @ ..
 East India... .. @ ..
 Carthagena, &c... .. @ ..

Indigo—Duty FREE.
 Bengal... (gold) 1 05 @ 1 70
 Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 85
 Madras... (gold) 65 @ 1 85
 Manila... (gold) 65 @ 1 00
 Guatemala... (gold) 95 @ 1 20
 Caraccas... (gold) 75 @ 1 00

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents per lb.
 Railroad, 70 cents per 100 lb.; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents per lb.; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents per lb.; Pig, \$9 per ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents per lb.
 Pig, Scotch, No. 1... 40 00 @ 43 00
 Pig, American, No. 1... 42 00 @ 43 00
 Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 85 0 @ 90 0
 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold)... 92 50 @ 105 00

STORE PRICES
 Bar Swedes, assorted sizes... @ 155 00
 Bar, English and American, Refined... 105 00 @ 110 00
 do do Common 95 00 @ 100 00
 Scroll... 132 50 @ 139 00
 Ovals and Half Round 130 00 @ 140 00
 Band... @ 132 50
 Horse Shoe... 127 50 @ ..
 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 110 00 @ 165 00
 Hoop... 137 50 @ 190 00
 Nail Rod... 9 @ 10 1/2
 Sheet, Russia... 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2
 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 6 @ 7 1/2
 Rails, Eng. (g'd) per ton 52 50 @ 53 00
 do American... 79 00 @ 82 50

Ivory—Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 East India, Prime per lb 2 87 @ 3 00
 East Ind, Billiard Ball 3 00 @ 3 25
 African, Prime... 2 87 @ 3 00
 African, Serivel, W.C. 1 60 @ 2 50

Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 per 100 lb; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Galena... per 100 lb @ 9 50
 Spanish... (gold) 6 50 @ 6 55
 German... (gold) 6 50 @ 6 55
 English... (gold) 6 50 @ 6 87 1/2
 Bar... net @ 10 50
 Pipe and Sheet... net @ 12 00

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 cent ad val.
 Oak, Slaughter, light... 33 @ 42
 do do middle... 38 @ 46
 do do heavy... 40 @ 45
 do light Cropped... 42 @ 43
 do middle do... 43 @ 45
 do bellies... .. @ ..
 Hem'lk, B. A., &c., l't... 27 @ 29
 do do middle... 23 @ 30
 do do heavy... 29 @ 32
 do Califor., light... 27 @ 28
 do do middle... 28 @ 29
 do do heavy... 28 @ 30
 do Orino., etc., l't... 26 1/2 @ 27 1/2
 do do middle... 27 @ 28
 do do heavy... 26 @ 28
 do do B. A., dam'gd all w'g's 24 @ 26 1/2
 do do poor do 20 @ 23
 do Slaughter, in rough 37 @ 39
 Oak, Slaughter, in rough, l't do do do mid... 42 @ 45
 and heavy... 40 @ 41

Line—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Rockland, com. per bbl... @ 1 50
 do heavy... @ 1 85

Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.
 —Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.; Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Spruce, East. per M ft 17 00 @ 20 00
 Southern Pine... 35 00 @ 40 00
 White Pine Box B'ds 24 00 @ 29 00
 White Pine Merch. Box Boards... 29 00 @ 30 00
 Clear Pine... 60 00 @ 70 00
 Laths, Eastern, per M 3 25 @ ..
 Poplar and White wood B'ds & Pl'k. 55 00 @ 60 00
 Cherry B'ds & Plank 75 00 @ 80 00
 Oak and Ash... 55 00 @ 60 00
 Maple and Birch... 35 00 @ 40 00
 Black Walnut... 90 00 @ 100 00

STAVES
 White oak, pipe, extra... per M... @ 275 00
 do pipe, heavy... @ 225 00
 do pipe, light... @ 175 00
 do pipe, culls, 110 00 @ 170 00
 do hhd., extra... @ 235 00
 do hhd., heavy... @ 175 00
 do hhd., light... @ 110 00
 do hhd., culls... @ 100 00
 do bbl., extra... @ 150 00
 do bbl., heavy... @ 115 00
 do bbl., light... @ 90 00
 do bbl., culls... @ 60 00
 Red oak, hhd., h'vy... @ 120 00
 do hhd., light... @ 80 00

HEADING—White oak, hhd... @ 140 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free.
 Mahogany St. Domingo crotches per ft. 35 @ 50

do St. Domingo, ordinary logs... 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt, crotches... 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt, logs... 10 @ 14
 do Nuevitas... 10 @ 14
 do Mansanilla... 10 @ 14
 do Mexican... 11 @ 15
 do Honduras (American wood)... 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas... 8 @ 12
 do Mansanilla... 8 @ 12
 do Mexican... 8 @ 12
 do Florida, per c. ft. 25 @ 30
 Rosewood, R. Jan. per lb 5 @ 8
 do Bahia... 4 @ 6

Molasses.—See special report.

Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2; horse shoe 2 cents per lb.
 Cut, 4d. @ 60d. per 100 lb 5 6 1/2 @ 5 75
 Clinch... 7 12 1/2 @ 7 25
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) per lb 28 @ 32
 Horse shoe, pressed... .. @ ..
 Copper... 42 @ ..
 Yellow metal... 16 @ ..
 Zinc... 18 @ ..

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 cent ad val.
 Turpentine, soft, per 280 lb 4 75 @ 5 00
 Tar, Am ric... bbl 2 75 @ 3 75
 Pitch... 3 75 @ 4 25
 Rosin, common... 3 50 @ ..
 do strained and No. 2... 3 62 @ 3 75
 do No. 1... 4 12 @ 4 75
 do Pale and Extra (280 lbs)... 5 00 @ 9 00
 Spirits turp., Am. per g. 55 @ 56

Oakum—Duty fr. per lb 8 @ 11

Oil Cake—Duty: 20 cent ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls... per ton 58 00 @ 59 00
 do in bags... 52 75 @ ..
 West. thin obl'g, do 51 00 @ 52 50

Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1: burning fluid, 50 cents per gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries), 20 cent ad val.
 Olive, qs (gold per case 4 00 @ ..
 do in casks, per gall. 1 65 @ 1 75
 Palm... per lb 11 1/2 @ 12
 Linseed, city... per gall. 1 05 @ 1 07
 Whale... 7 @ ..
 do refined winter... 86 @ 87
 Sperm, crude... 2 20 @ 2 25
 do do unbleach... @ 2 40
 Lard oil... 1 30 @ 1 35
 Red oil, city distilled... 60 @ 61 1/2
 Bank... 70 @ ..
 Straits... 75 @ ..
 Paraffine, 28-30 gr... 35 @ 40
 Kerosene... (free) 50 @ ..

Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents per lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent per lb; dry ochres, 56 cents per 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents per lb; ochre, ground in oil, \$1.50 per 100 lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val; China clay, \$5 per ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 cent ad val; white chalk, \$10 per ton.
 Litharge, City... per lb @ 11 1/2
 Lead, red, City... @ 11 1/2
 do white, American, pure, in oil... @ 14
 do white, American, pure, dry... 12 1/2 @ ..
 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1... 9 1/2 @ 10
 do white, American, No. 1, in oil... 8 @ 12
 do white, French, in oil... 13 1/2 @ 14
 Ochre, yellow, French, dry... per 100 lb 2 25 @ 3 00
 do grain in oil, per lb 8 @ 10
 Spanish brown, dry per 100 lb 1 00 @ 1 25
 do gr'd in oil, per lb 8 @ 9
 Paris wh., No. 1 per 100 lb @ ..
 Whiting, Amer... 2 @ 2 1/2
 Vermilion, Chinese per lb 1 35 @ 1 40
 do Trieste... 1 0 @ 1 15
 do Cal. & Eng. 1 30 @ 1 40
 do American... 25 @ 35
 Venet. red (N.C.) per cwt 3 00 @ 3 25
 Carmine, city made per lb 16 00 @ 20 00
 China clay... per ton 32 00 @ 34 00
 Chalk... per lb 1 1/2 @ ..
 Chalk, block... per ton 22 5 @ 23 00
 Chromeyellow... per lb 15 @ 35
 Barytes... 39 00 @ 42 75

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents per gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. per gal. @ 19;
 Refined, free... 49 @ ..
 do in bond... 23 @ 29 1/2
 Naptha, refined... 30 @ 31
 Residuum... per bbl. 8 25 @ ..

Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cent ad val.
 Blue Nova Scotia per ton 3 87 1/2 @ 4 00
 White Nova Scotia... @ 4 25
 Calcined, eastern per bbl... @ 2 40
 Calcined city mills... @ 2 50

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts per lb.
 Beef, plain mess per bbl. 15 00 @ 19 00
 do extra mess... 19 00 @ 22 00
 Pork, mess... 20 00 @ 31 00

do prime... 19 50 @ 19 75
 Lard... per lb 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
 Hams... 15 @ 17
 Shoulders... 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2

Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents per lb.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents per lb.
 Carolina... per 100 lb 9 50 @ 10 50
 East India, dressed... 6 00 @ 6 37 1/2

Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents per 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents per 100 lb.
 Turks Islands per bush. 48 @ 50
 Cadiz... .. @ ..
 Liverpool, gr'd per sack 1 95 @ 2 00
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 60 @ ..
 do fine, Worthing's 2 85 @ 2 90
 Onondaga, com. fine bls... .. @ ..
 do do 210 lb bgs... .. @ ..
 do do per bush... .. @ ..
 Solar coarse... .. @ ..
 Fine screened... .. @ ..
 do... .. @ ..
 F. F... 240 lb bgs... .. @ ..

Salt-petre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent per lb.
 Refined, pure... per lb @ 15
 Crude... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
 Nitrate soda... gold 8 1/2 @ ..

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1 cent per lb; canary, \$1 per bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val.
 Clover... per lb 12 @ 12 1/2
 Timothy, reaped per bus 2 50 @ 2 75
 Canary... per bus 5 50 @ 5 75
 Linseed, Am. clean per tce... .. @ ..
 do Am. rough per bus 2 40 @ 2 50
 do Calcutta... gold 2 05 @ 2 10

Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Drop... per lb 11 1/2 @ ..
 Buck... 1 1/2 @ ..

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cent.
 Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3. per lb 10 50 @ 11 00
 Taysams, superior, No. 1 @ .. 10 00 @ 10 25
 do medium, No. 3 @ 4. 9 00 @ 9 10
 Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2. 8 00 @ 8 50
 Japan, superior... 11 25 @ 12 50
 do Medium... 9 50 @ 10 00
 China thrown... 10 50 @ 16 00

Skins—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Goat, Curacao per lb cur 42 1/2 @ 45
 do Buenos A... gold 80 @ 34
 do Vera Cruz... gold 40 @ ..
 do Tampico... gold 45 @ 47 1/2
 do Matamoros... gold 37 1/2 @ 42 1/2
 do Payta... gold 51 @ 32
 do Madras... each @ ..
 do Cape... 40 @ 42 1/2
 Deer, San Juan per lb gold 4 1/2 @ ..
 do Bolivar... gold 80 @ ..
 do Honduras... gold @ ..
 do Sisal... gold 47 1/2 @ 50
 do Para... gold @ 50
 do Vera Cruz... gold 45 @ 47 1/2
 do Chagres... gold 45 @ ..
 do Puerto Cab... gold @ 40

Soap—Duty: 1 cent per lb, and 25 cent ad val.
 Castile... per lb. 17 @ 17 1/2

Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.
 Plates, foreign per lb gold 6 1/2 @ 6 1/2
 do domestic... 10 @ 10 1/2

Spices.—See special report.

Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents per lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts per lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)
 English, cast, per lb... 18 @ 23
 German... 14 @ 16
 American, spring... 12 @ 15
 American cast... 21 @ 23
 English, spring... 10 @ 12 1/2
 English blister... 11 1/2 @ 20
 English machinery... 18 @ 16

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Sicily... per ton 125 00 @ 220 00

Sugar.—See special report.

Tallow—Duty: 1 cent per lb.
 American, prime, country and city per lb... 11 1/2 @ 12

Teas.—See special report.

Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent. ad val.
 Banca... per lb (gold) 26 1/2 @ ..
 Straits... (gold) 25 1/2 @ ..
 English... (gold) 23 @ ..
 Plates, char. I.C. per box 12 75 @ 13 50
 do I. C. Coke... 10 62 @ 12 00
 do Terne Charcoal 12 75 @ 13 00
 do Terne Coke... 9 75 @ 10 00

Tobacco.—See special report.

Wines and Liquors—Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$8 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50. Wines—Duty: value net over 50 cents per gallon 20 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over \$1 per gallon, \$1 per gallon and 25 cent ad val.

Brandy—
 J. & F. Martell (gold) 4 90 @ 9 00
 Hennessy... (gold) 4 90 @ 13 00
 Otard, Dup. & Co. do 4 80 @ 18 00
 Pinet, Castil. & Co. do 4 75 @ 17 00
 Renault & Co. do 5 00 @ 16 00
 J. Vassal & Co. do .. @ ..
 Jules Robin... do .. @ ..
 Marrette & Co. do 4 90 @ 10 00
 Vine Grow. Co. do 4 90 @ 9 00
 Leger freres... do 5 00 @ 10 00
 Other br'ds Cog. do 4 75 @ 7 50
 Pellevoisin... do .. @ 4 75
 A. Seignette... do 4 75 @ ..
 Hiv. Pellevoisin do 4 75 @ ..
 Alex. Seignette. do 4 75 @ ..
 Arzac Seignette do 4 75 @ ..
 P. Romieux... do 4 75 @ ..
 Rum—Jamaica... do 3 50 @ 4 50
 St. Croix... do 8 50 @ ..
 Gin—Differ. brands do 3 00 @ 4 75
 Dom c—N.E. Rum, cur... .. @ ..
 Bourbon Whisky, cur... .. @ ..
 Whisky (n band)... 34 @ 40
 Wines—Port... (gold) 2 0 @ 8 50
 Burgundy Port. do 8 50 @ 1 30
 Sherry... do 1 25 @ 9 00
 Madeira... do 3 50 @ 7 00
 do Marzeilles do 70 @ 85
 Sherry do... .. @ ..
 Malaga, sweet... do 90 @ 1 00
 do dry... do 90 @ 1 15
 Claret, in hds. do 85 00 @ 60 00
 do in cases. do 2 65 @ 9 00
 Champagne... do .. @ ..

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered \$2 to \$3 50 per 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val.
 No. 0 to 18... 17 1/2 @ 23 1/2 ct. off list.
 No. 19 to 26... 30 ct. off list
 No. 27 to 36... 35 ct. off list
 Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain... per lb 8 1/2 @ 9 1/2
 Brass (less 20 per cent) 47 @ ..
 Copper do 57 @ ..

Wool—Duty: Imported in the "ordinary condition as now and heretofore practiced." CLASS 1.—Clothing Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less per lb, 10 cents per lb and 11 cent ad val.; over 32 cents per lb, 12 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val; when imported washed, double these rates. CLASS 2.—Combining Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less per lb, 10 cents per lb and 11 cent ad val.; over 32 cents per lb, 12 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. CLASS 3.—Carpet Wools and other similar Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 12 cents or less per lb, 3 cents per lb; over 12 cents per lb, 6 cents per lb. Wool of all classes imported scoured, three times the duty as if imported unwashed.
 Amer., Sax. fleece per lb 55 @ 60
 do full bl'd Merino... 45 @ 50
 do 1/2 and 3/4 Merino... 40 @ 45
 Extra, pulled... 45 @ 50
 Superfine... 37 @ 40
 No. 1, pulled... 27 @ 32
 California, unwashed... 24 @ 25
 do common... 16 @ 20
 Texas... 15 @ 29
 Peruvian, unwashed... .. @ ..
 Valparaiso, unwashed... 23 @ 30
 S. Amer. Mestiza, unwh... 28 @ 32
 do common, w... .. @ ..
 Entre Rios, washed... .. @ ..
 S. American Cordova... 34 @ 37
 African, unwashed... 14 @ 18
 do washed... 30 @ 40
 Mexican, unwashed... 17 @ 19
 Smyrna, unwashed... 26 @ 30
 do washed... 35 @ 45

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Sheet... per lb 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2

Freights—
 To LIVERPOOL: s. d. s.
 Cotton... per lb @ ..
 Flour... per bbl. @ 3 0
 Petroleum... @ 5 6
 Heavy goods... per ton @ 30 0
 Oil... @ 80 0 0
 Corn, b'k & bags per bus. @ 8
 Wheat, bulk and bags... @ 8
 Beef... per tce. @ 5 3
 Pork... per bbl. @ 4 0
 To LONDON:
 Heavy goods... per ton 31 3 @ 32 6
 Oil... 40 0 @ 40 0
 Flour... per bbl. @ 3 3
 Petroleum... @ 5 6
 Beef... per tce. @ 6 0
 Pork... per bbl. @ 4 0
 Wheat... per bush. @ 11
 Corn... @ 10 1/2
 To GLASGOW (By Steam):
 Flour... per bbl. @ 4 6
 Wheat... per bush. @ 15
 Corn, bulk and bags... @ 14
 Petroleum (sail) per bbl. @ 5 6
 Heavy goods... per ton @ 50 0
 Oil... @ 60 0
 Beef... per tce. @ 8 0
 Pork... per bbl. @ 6 0
 To HAVRE:
 Cotton... per lb 1 @ ..
 Beef and pork... per bbl. @ ..
 Measurem. g'da. per ton 10 00 @ ..
 Petroleum (sail) per bbl. 5 6 @ 6 0
 Lard, tallow, out m t etc... per lb @ ..
 Asses, pot and pearl... 8 00 @ 10 00

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AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Henry Lawrence & Sons,

MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE

FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,

192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

Steamship Companies.



STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA via PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$346 to \$364 for first class, and \$218 to \$243 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.

Children under three years, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do., in ladies cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall st.

Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William st. New YPACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA,



And Carrying the United States Mail.

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT OF Canal street, at 12

o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and

21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

NOVEMBER:

1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA
20th—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY Agent.