

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867.

NO. 107.

Bankers and Brokers.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.
THOS. BELKNAP, JR.
KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 24 Broad Street, New York.
Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

SOUTTER & Co., BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collections both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

FRANK & GANS,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 14 WALL STREET.

DIBBLEE & HOWARD,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
No. 10 WALL STREET.
Government Bonds of all kinds, State and City Bonds, Railroad and other Stocks and Bonds, Gold and Silver bought and sold on commission. Interest Coupons and Dividends collected.

C. & G. Woodman,
30 PINE STREET,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, LAND WARRANTS, COLLEGE LAND SCRIP, &c.
Advances made on approved Securities and Interest allowed on deposits.

**THE AGENCY OF THE
BANK OF
BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.**
NO. 17 NASSAU STREET.
Bills of Exchange on London bought and sold. Drafts issued and bills collected on San Francisco and on the principal towns of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia. Drafts for £2 and upwards granted on Scotland and Ireland.

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers and others allowed 4 per cent. on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.
Bankers & Commission Merchants,
38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Bankers and Brokers.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
James G. King's Sons,
54 William Street.

B. MURRAY, JR.,
BROKER IN
Government and other Securities,
27 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Cash Capital, \$150,000. Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,
BANKERS,
CINCINNATI.
Jos. F. Larkin, }
John Cochnower, } GENERAL } Thomas Fox.
Adam Poe, } PARTNERSHIP. } John M. Phillips.
Harvey Decamp, } } Thos. Sharp.
 } } John Gates.

Barstow, Edey & Co.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
HAVE REMOVED FROM NO. 30 TO
No. 36 Broad Street, Office No. 16.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.

Gelston & Bussing,
BANKERS & BROKERS
27 WALL STREET
All orders receive our Personal Attention.
WM. J. GELSTO JOHN S. BUSSING

GEORGE FARNHAM,
(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)
COMMERCIAL PAPER,
ALSO,
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c. BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
48 Pine Street, New York.

Cohen & Hagen,
BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
No. 1 Wall Street.

T. A. HOYT,
GOLD AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
36 NEW AND 38 BROAD STREETS.
Orders executed for Bankers, Brokers and Merchants.

VAN SCHAICK & Co.,
No. 10 Wall Street,
NEW YORK.
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS AND GOLD.

Bankers and Brokers.

BELL, FARIS & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKER
12 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS,
Members of the Stock, Gold and Government Boards,
Dealers in Governments and other Securities.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to check at sight.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
TURNER BROTHERS,
NO. 14 NASSAU STREET,
Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.
We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same as an incorporated Bank. Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission.
TURNER BROTHERS.

DRAKE BROTHERS,
STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,
No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum, and Mining Stocks.
Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Executed

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.
REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,
BANKERS,
No. 14 Wall Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, of all issues, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 18 WALL STREET
Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.
TYLER, ULLMANN & CO. Chicago.

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.
Capital.....\$3,000,000.
Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.
WILLIAM A. WHELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

**The Tradesmen's
NATIONAL BANK.**
291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....450,000
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.
Capital.....\$1,000,000.
No. 29 BROAD STREET.
Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers' and Dealers' Accounts solicited.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, Preside

Financial.

THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
COMPANY,

Are now constructing a Railroad from
OMAHA, NEBRASKA,
westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making, with its
connections, an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offer a limited amount of their

First Mortgage Bonds

having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest
payable on the first day of January and July in the
City of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

AT

Ninety Cents on the Dollar.

This road was completed from Omaha 305 miles west
on the 1st of January, 1867, and is fully equipped, and
trains are regularly running over it. The Company
has now on hand sufficient iron, ties, etc., to finish the
remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky
Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done
September 1st of this year, and it is expected that the
entire road will be in running order from Omaha to its
western connection with the Central Pacific, now being
rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during
1870.

Means of the Company.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific
to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government
issues its Six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company
as the road is finished at the average rate of about
\$28,250 per mile, amounting to \$44,208,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First
Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at the same
time, which, by special Act of Congress, are made a
First Mortgage on the entire line, the bonds of the
United States BEING SUBORDINATE TO THEM.

The Government makes a donation of 12,800 acres of
land to the mile, amounting to 20,032,000 acres, estimated
to be worth \$30,000,000, making the total resources,
exclusive of the capital, \$118,416,000; but the full value
of the lands cannot now be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one
hundred million dollars, of which five millions have
already been paid in, and of which it is not supposed
that more than twenty-five millions at most will be re-
quired.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engi-
neers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclu-
sive of equipment.

Prospects for Business.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the
East is now complete, and the earnings of the Union
Pacific on the sections already finished for the month
of May were \$361,732. These sectional earnings
as the road progresses will much more than pay the in-
terest on the Company's bonds, and the through busi-
ness over the only line of railroad between the Atlan-
tic and Pacific must be immense.

Value and Security of the Bonds.

The Company respectfully submit, that the above
statement of facts fully demonstrates the security of
their Bonds, and as additional proof they would sug-
gest that the Bonds now offered are less than ten mil-
lion dollars on 517 miles of road, on which over twenty
million dollars have already been expended; on 330
miles of this road the cars are now running, and the re-
maining 187 miles are nearly completed.

At the present rate of premium on gold these bonds
pay an annual interest on the present cost of

Nine per cent.,

and it is believed that on the completion of the road,
like the Government Bonds, they will go above par.
The Company intend to sell but a limited amount at
the present low rates, and retain the right to advance
the price at their option.

Subscriptions will be received in New York by the
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St.
CLARK, DODGE & Co., Bankers, 51 Wall St.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall St.

and by BANKS AND BANKERS generally through-
out the United States, of whom maps and descriptive
pamphlets may be obtained. They will also be sent by
mail from the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street,
New York, on application. Subscribers will select
their own Agents in whom they have confidence, who
alone will be responsible to them for the safe delivery
of the bonds.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
NEW YORK.

Financial.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER
DESIRABLE SECURITIES,

No. 5 Nassau Street, New York,
RECOMMEND TO INVESTORS THE

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE

THE CENTRAL

Pacific Railroad Co.,

This Company is constructing, under the patron-
age of the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
THE WESTERN END OF THE

**GREAT NATIONAL RAILWAY
ACROSS THE CONTINENT.**

Their line will extend from Sacramento, Califor-
nia, across the Sierra Nevadas to the California
State line, traversing the RICHEST AND MOST POPU-
LOUS SECTION OF CALIFORNIA, and thence through
the GREAT MINING REGIONS OF THE TERRITORIES,
to the vicinity of Salt Lake City.

It forms the **sole Western link** of the only
route to the Pacific which is adopted by Congress
and **aided by the issue of United States
Bonds.**

Their road is already completed, equipped, and
running for 94 miles from Sacramento to within 12
miles of the summit of the Sierras, and a large
amount of the work of Grading, Tunnelling, &c.,
beyond that point has been accomplished.

The **First Mortgage Bonds** of this Com-
pany afford unusual inducements of Safety and
Profit to Investors, for the following among other
reasons, viz:

FIRST—The rate of Interest is **Six per Cent. in
Gold**, payable semi-annually in the City or New
York

SECOND—The **Principal** is payable in **Gold** at
maturity.

THIRD—The cost of the Bonds, **Ninety-five Per
Cent.** and accrued interest, is **Ten Per Cent.**
less than that of the cheapest Six Per Cent. Gold
Bearing Bonds of the Government.

FOURTH—The **United States Government**
**provides nearly half the amount nec-
essary to build the entire road, and
looks mainly to a small percentage
on the future traffic for re-payment.**

FIFTH—Owing to this liberal provision, accom-
panied with **Extensive Grants of Public
Lands**, by which the Government fosters this
great national enterprise, **its success is ren-
dered certain, and its financial sta-
bility is altogether independent of
the contingencies which attend ordi-
nary Railroad enterprises.**

SIXTH—The Security of its **First Mortgage
Bonds** is therefore ample, and their character
for safety and reliability is equalled only by that of
the obligations of the **Government itself.**

SEVENTH—The net earnings of the completed
portion are **already largely in excess of
the interest obligations which the
Company will incur on twice the dis-
tance**, and are steadily increasing, rendering the
**uninterrupted payment of the Inter-
est absolutely certain.**

EIGHTH—At the present rate of Gold they pay near-
ly **8½ Per Cent.** per annum, on the amount in-
vested.

The Bonds are issued in denominations of \$1,000
with semi-annual Gold Coupons attached, payable
in New York, and are offered for the present at **95**
per cent, and accrued interest (in currency) from
January 1st.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the
principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the
country.

Remittances may be made in drafts on New York,
or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes or
other funds current in this city, and the bonds will
be forwarded to any address by express, free of
charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or
otherwise, will receive punctual attention.

Fisk & Hatch,

**BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, N. Y.**

N.B.—All kinds of Government Securities re-
ceived at the full market price in exchange for the
above Bonds. Also,

**All descriptions of Government Securi-
ties kept constantly on hand, and
Bought Sold or Exchanged.**

☞ Gold Coin and U. S. Coupons bought, sold,
and collected.

**Deposits received on Liberal Terms.
subject to check at sight.**

☞ Collections made throughout the country.

☞ Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and
sold at the Stock Exchange on commission for
cash.

*Special attention given to the Exchange of SEVEN-
THIRTY NOTES of all the series for the new FIVE-
TWENTY BONDS of 1865, on the most favorable
terms.*

Safes.

IMPORTANT

TO

BANKERS & MERCHANTS.

This Company offer for the consideration of Bank-
ers, Merchants and those desiring the *best* burglar
proof security the following certificates:

LILLIE'S

DOUBLE CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF

Safes.

OFFICE OF THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS, }
New York, 18th December, 1866. }

Messrs. LEWIS LILLIE & SON,

Gentlemen,—We have subjected the sample of
double-chilled iron you furnished us to the most se-
vere tests (as regards drilling through it) we could
bring to bear upon it, and without success.

It is our opinion that it can only be penetrated by
the use of a large number of drills, and the expendi-
ture of much power with days of time, and we
think it impossible for a burglar with his time and
power to penetrate it at all.

Yours truly,

ISAAC V. HOLMES, Supt.
LYMAN G. HALL, Foreman.

HINKLEY AND WILLIAMS WORKS, }
Boston, Mass., January 22, 1867. }

We having made an attempt to drill a sample of
double chilled iron furnished us by Messrs. Lillie &
Son, and failed to penetrate it more than five-eighths
($\frac{5}{8}$) of an inch, after hours of labor, feel that we can
endorse the above Novelty Iron Works' certificate
in all particulars.

JARVIS WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 25, 1867.

Messrs. LEWIS LILLIE & SON,

Gentlemen,—We have tried a sample of double-
chilled iron similar to that sent to the Novelty
Works, New York, and our experience with it is
about the same, viz: that it can only be penetrated
by a long continued operation of the most skillful
mechanics and the best tools.

Very truly,

W. H. BECHTLELL,
W. H. STRAHAN,

Foremen in Messrs. Merrick & Son's Southworth
Foundry, Philadelphia, Pa.

OFFICE UNION FOUNDRY WORKS, }
Chicago, Ill., March 13, 1867. }

Messrs. MURRAY & WINNE,
Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen,—We subjected the sample of new
combination of metals for safes sent us by you to
as thorough tests of the drill as we could, and failed
to penetrate the metal at all. We think it would
be impossible for burglars to enter the safes made of
this metal by means of the drill during the longest
time in ordinary business they could have access to
them—in fact, that the metal is proof against the
drill.

Truly yours,

N. S. BOUTON & CO.

OFFICE OF NORTHWESTERN MAN'G CO., }
Chicago, March 11, 1867. }

Messrs. MURRAY & WINNE,
Agents Lillie Safe and Iron Co.,

Gentlemen,—We subjected the sample you fur-
nished us (of a new combination of metals to be
used in the manufacture of Lillie's Safes) to the se-
verest tests of our Power Drill, and with the best
tempered drills our skill and experience could pro-
duce.

After operating upon it with different drills sever-
al hours without penetrating it more than half an
inch and at that point unable to make further prog-
ress, we became satisfied that if not utterly im-
penetrable, it would at least require days of time, a
large number of drills and machine power to pene-
trate through it; and that it was entirely out of the
power of even the most skillful burglar to penetrate
a safe made of this material.

R. T. CRANE, President.

A full assortment of these unequalled Burglar-
proof Safes constantly on hand at our Warerooms.
Also, safes of every description, designed for both
Fire and Burglar-proof security. The public are in-
vited to call and examine for themselves as to the
merits of our Safes.

Lillie Safe & Iron Co.,

LEWIS LILLIE, President.

198 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Bankers and Brokers.

JAY COOKE, }
WM. G. MOORHEAD, }
H. D. COOKE, }
H. C. FAHNESTOCK, }
EDWARD DODGE, }
PITT COOKE. }

JAY COOKE & Co.,
BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co. New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.
JAY COOKE & CO.
March 1, 1866.

SATTERLEE & Co.,

70 BROADWAY & 15 NEW STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

ALL VARIETIES.

Lockwood & Co.,
BANKERS.

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

Rodman, Fisk & Co.,
BANKERS,

AND
Dealers in Government Securities

NO. 18 NASSAU STREET,

Buy and sell at market rates:

Six per Cent. Bonds of 1881; Ten-Forties;
Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues;
Seven-Thirty Notes, all series;
Compound Interest Notes, and
Gold and Silver Coin.

Registered Interest Collected and Coupons cashed without charge.
7-30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to holders of 7-30s.

Merchants and Importers supplied with coin for custom-duties at lowest market rates.
Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits received, and interest allowed on balances. Collections made on all points with quick returns.
RODMAN, FISK & CO.

Pott, Davidson & Jones,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

(Messrs. Brown Bros. & Co.'s new building,
59 & 61 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.)

Buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Securities. Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Merchants received on favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check at sight. Telegraphic quotations furnished to correspondents.

REFERENCES: James Brown, Esq., of Messrs. Brown Brothers & Co.; John Q. Jones, Esq., President of the Chemical National Bank; James H. Baker, Esq., Vice-President of the Bank of New York N. B. A.

P. D. RODDEY, }
J. N. PETTY, }
R. P. SAWYERS, }
N. P. BOULETT. }

P. D. RODDEY & Co.,

No. 2 1/2 Wall Street, N. Y.,

(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances.

Bankers and Brokers.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,

56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JOSEPH A. JAMESON, }
AMOS COTTING, }
of Jameson, Cotting & Co. }
St. Louis. }
JAMES D. SMITH, }
of the late firm of James }
Low & Co., New York }
and Louisville, Ky. }

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive Deposits in Currency and Gold,

and allow Interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,
BANKERS

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.

All issues of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES exchanged for the new FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, on the most liberal terms, and without delay.

IMPORTERS and others supplied with GOLD at market rates, and Coin on hand for immediate delivery.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

A. C. GRAHAM,
BANKER AND BROKER,

3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Exchange,

Southern Bills on London and Paris,

Bills on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.

P. HAYDEN,

BANKER,

AND DEALER IN BULLION AND SPECIE,

24 Nassau Street, New York.

The Specie Department will be in charge of J. S. CRONISE (late of J. S. Cronise & Co.), who has my authority to sign the Firm name by procuracy.

RIKER & Co.,

BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,

NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.

DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS

OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope West Indies, South America, and the United States

Bank Statements.

Quarterly Report

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

National Bank of the Commonwealth,

In the City of New York, in the State of New York, on the morning of the first Monday of July, 1867:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$1,663,067 20
Commercial paper.....	\$860,621 10
Demand loans.....	583,604 65
Indebtedness of directors.....	218,841 45
Overdrafts.....	7,912 60
Banking-house.....	190,001 05
Current expenses.....	31,615 79
Premiums.....	24,232 73
Cash items (including revenue stamps)....	106,660 51
Due from National banks.....	156,642 40
Due from other banks and bankers.....	10,801 66
United States bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes.....	290,000 00
United States bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits.....	200,000 00
U. S. bonds and securities on hand.....	185,800 00
Other stocks and bonds.....	185,166 47
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National banks.....	\$14,740 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of State banks.....	5,375 00
Specie.....	20,115 00
Fractional currency.....	113,159 20
Legal tender notes.....	469 45
Compound interest notes.....	\$1,109,624
	50,710
	1,160,334 00
	\$4,345,978 06

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	\$750,000 00
Surplus fund.....	17,747 70
Circulating notes received from Comptroller.....	\$234,000 00
Circulating notes outstanding.....	234,000 00
Individual deposits.....	2,424,383 92
United States deposits.....	106,541 94
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers.....	996 70
Due to National banks.....	463,381 61
Due to other banks and bankers.....	183,927 01
State Bank circulation outstanding.....	9,727 00
Discount.....	\$36,973 57
Exchanges.....	246 75
Interest.....	41,218 38
Profit and loss.....	76,833 48
	155,272 18
	\$4,345,978 06

I, George Ellis, Cashier of the National Bank of the Commonwealth, in the City of New York, in the State of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

State of New York, County of New York:—Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 6th day of July, 1867.

WM. T. FARNHAM, Notary Public.

Fifth Quarterly Report

OF THE

Nat. B'nk of the Republic

PHILADELPHIA, July 1, 1867.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$859,722 63
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures....	129,746 99
Current Expenses and Taxes.....	7,094 49
Premiums.....	29,291 47
Revenue Stamps.....	959 05
Due from Banks and Bankers.....	160,535 42
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer of the United States to secure circulation.....	500,000 00
U. S. Bonds and securities on hand.....	225,050 00
Notes of other National Banks.....	17,116 00
Fractional Currency.....	13,484 82
Legal Tender Notes and Specie.....	326,136 25
Total.....	\$2,269,137 13

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in.....	\$1,000,000 00
Circulating Notes outstanding.....	417,500 00
Deposits.....	837,864 93
Profits.....	13,772 20
Total.....	\$2,269,137 13

JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this first day of July, 1867.

EDMUND WILCOX, Notary Public.

Quarterly Report of the

Market National Bank,

Of New York, on the morning of the first Monday of July, 1867:

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$2,002,812 44
Overdrafts.....	2,064 16
Banking house.....	35,000 00
Cash.....	79,363 44
Exchanges.....	441,309 49
Due from National Banks.....	304,540 08
Due from other Banks and Bankers.....	10,753 74
United States Bonds to secure circulation.....	672,000 00
Other Bonds and Stocks.....	24,166 76
Notes of other National Banks.....	50,000 00
Notes of State Banks.....	1,347 00
Specie.....	58,579 98
Legal Tender Notes.....	214,442 00
Compound Interest Notes.....	406,000 00
Total.....	\$4,298,379 06

LIABILITIES:

Capital.....	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus Fund.....	254,873 71
Circulating Notes outstanding.....	562,100 00
Individual Deposits.....	1,773,536 56
Due to National Banks.....	232,939 68
Due to other Banks and Bankers.....	26,829 11
State Bank circulation outstanding.....	10,200 00
Uncollected checks.....	487,900 00
Total.....	\$4,298,379 06

Bank Statements.

Quarterly Statement
OF THE TRUE CONDITION OF THE
Ninth National Bank,

Of the City of New York, on Monday Morning, July 1st, 1867.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts.....	\$3,928,329 94
Government Securities.....	1,893,675 56
Due from Banks and Bankers.....	1,065,641 58
Furniture and Fixtures.....	13,000 00
Specie and Legal Tender Notes.....	2,347,101 82
Cash Items and Exchanges.....	869,737 00
	\$10,117,485 90
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock.....	\$1,000,000 00
Surplus Profits.....	225,066 80
Unpaid Dividends (payable July 1).....	50,538 57
Circulation.....	904,561 00
Deposits.....	7,987,319 53
	\$10,117,485 90

JOSEPH U. ORVIS, President.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

Dividends.

EIGHTH SCRIP DIVIDEND.

American
Fire Insurance Company,

No. 48 Wall Street.

NEW YORK, July 8, 1867.

Cash Capital.....	\$200,000
Cash Surplus.....	429,492
Cash Assets, July 1, 1867.....	\$629,492
Liabilities.....	10,834

The Board of Directors have this day resolved that a Scrip Dividend of

FIFTY PER CENT.

on the business of the year ending June 30, 1867, be declared, and that certificates be issued to customers entitled thereto, on and after August 15, prox.; and a Cash Dividend to Stockholders of

TEN AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.,

payable on and after July 10, both free of Government tax. Also, that SIX PER CENT. interest on all the outstanding Scrip of the Company be paid, on and after August 15, prox.

THOS. L. THORNELL, Secretary.

Long Island Insurance Co

No. 48 Wall Street,

July 8, 1867.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A Stockholders' Dividend of SEVEN Per Cent., free of tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand, and a

Scrip Dividend of 60 Per Cent., free of tax,

to parties entitled to participate in the profits of the Company, for which certificates will be issued August 1, 1867. Also an interest Dividend of SIX Per Cent. on the outstanding Scrip of the Company, payable on demand.

WM. W. HENSHAW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK, July 2, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on demand.

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

22d DIVIDEND.

PARK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, 237 Broadway, New York, 1st July, 1867. The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on demand.

GEO. ALGER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 11 Wall Street.

NEW YORK, June 12, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE (5) Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after July 1.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK, 175 Broadway, July 3, 1867.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a Dividend of SEVEN Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company was declared payable, free of Government tax, on and after Monday, the 8th inst.

At the same meeting Mr. JOHN EDW. KAHL was unanimously elected Vice-President, and Mr. HUGO SCHUMANN, appointed secretary of this Company.

RUD. GARRIGUE, President.

20th DIVIDEND.

LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 50 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....	\$300,000 00
ASSETS, JULY 1, 1867.....	475,082 58
LIABILITIES.....	11,600 00

A semi-annual Dividend of FIVE Per Cent. free of Government tax, is payable on demand.

ISAAC R. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

July 11, 1867.

Dividends.

THIRTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND.
NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....	\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JULY, 1867.....	316,000

NEW YORK, July 10, 1867.

The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of FIVE Per Cent. for the past six months, free of tax, payable on and after Monday, the 15th inst.

J. D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Vice-President.

H. KIP, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE

PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Tontine Buildings, 88 Wall St.,

NEW YORK, June 24, 1867.

41st DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of SIX (6) Per Cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 30th instant, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of July next. Transfer books will be closed from the afternoon of the 25th instant, and reopened on the morning of the 8th proximo

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.

NEW YORK, June 21, 1867.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held this day, it was Resolved, That a Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., in cash, free of Government tax be paid on the 1st of August next to the holders of the full paid shares registered on the 20th day of July instant, and that the transfer books be closed on the said 20th day of July, and opened on the 5th day of August.

THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS BANK.

NEW YORK, June 25, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., payable on and after 1st day of July, free of Government tax. Transfer books will be closed from this date to July 2d.

A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

INSTITUTION FOR THE SAVINGS OF

MERCHANTS' CLERKS & OTHERS,
516 Broadway.

Dividend for six months to July 1st, payable according to by-laws Monday, July 15, 1867, at following rates per annum, viz: SIX Per Cent. on sums of \$5 and not over \$500; and FIVE Per Cent. on larger sums, free from tax.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

ANDREW WARNER, Secretary.

THE

CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,

NEW YORK, June 22, 1867.

A Dividend of EIGHT (8) Per Cent., free of Government tax, has been this day declared from the profits of the past six months, payable on and after July 1. The transfer books will remain closed until July 2.

By order of the Board,

O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

29 Broad Street,

NEW YORK, June 21, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., free of government tax, payable on Monday, July 1st. The transfer books will be closed until July 2d.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.

NEW YORK, June 18, 1867.

A Dividend of SEVEN (7) Per Cent. (free of Government tax) will be paid on and after July 1st, the Bank also assuming payment of the city tax on the shares of stockholders for the present year.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

Financial.

United States Treasury.

NEW YORK, July 3, 1867.

Holders of August Seven-Thirty Notes are hereby informed that this issue may now be exchanged at this office for Five-Twenty Bonds bearing date July 1, 1867, irredeemable for five years, and carrying six per cent. interest in gold.

Interest on the Seven-Thirties will be paid to day of presentation, and interest on the bonds will be charged from July 1st at six per cent. in currency. Interest on the Seven-thirties will cease August 15, and if not presented for exchange on or prior to that date, the holders will be deemed to have waived the privilege of conversion.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer U.S.

United States Treasury,

July 6, 1867.

Schedules of (30) Thirty or more 7-30 Coupons due July 15, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

OFFICE OF

EAST TENNESSEE AND GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Coupons of the Bonds of this Company, indorsed by the State of Tennessee, also, those not indorsed, payable in New York, July 1, 1867, will be paid on presentation at the office of Messrs. Wilson, Callaway & Co., No. 44 Broad street, New York.

Those payable in Augusta will be paid at the office of Dr. J. Milligan, Cashier Georgia Railroad and Banking Company, Augusta, Ga.

THOS. H. CALLAWAY, President.

Financial.

Coupons Wanted.

Past Due Coupons from the State Bonds of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Missouri, Louisiana, and Tennessee; also, Memphis City, and Memphis and Charleston Railroad, and Mississippi Central Railroad. Also, Past Due North Carolina and Georgia Bonds.

BOUGHT BY

Ragland, Weith & Co.,
14 NEW ST., under Gold Exchange.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

HAVING THIRTY YEARS TO RUN.

Interest Six per cent. Lawful Money.

The attention of Savings Banks and other Institutions is invited to these Bonds as the most desirable of all the Government Securities for long investment. For sale by

Dabney, Morgan & Co.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

JOLIET & CHICAGO RAILROAD Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

DUBUQUE & SIOUX CITY RAILROAD Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.

DUBUQUE SOUTHWESTERN Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Preferred Bonds.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD Coupons, and

DETROIT & PONTIAC RAILROAD Coupons, due July 1st, 1867, will be paid at our office, No. 13 Pine street, New York, on and after that date, less Government tax.

M. K. JESUP & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

Jacquelin & De Coppet,

NO. 26 NEW STREET, N.Y.

Railroad Stocks,

Bonds,

Gold, and

Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

JOHN H. JACQUELIN.

HENRY DE COPPET.

HEATH & HUGHES,

BANKERS & COMMISSION BROKERS
IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND

GOLD, RAILROAD AND MINING STOCKS,

13 Broad Street, New York.

Deposits received, subject to Check, and Interest allowed.

A. HAWLEY HEATH.

T. W. B. HUGHES,
Member of N. Y. Stock Ex.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co.,

BANKERS,

50 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold, ONLY on Commission, at the Stock, Mining Stock and Gold Boards, of which we are members.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

Dividends, Coupons and Interest collected.

Liberal advances on Government and other Securities.

Information cheerfully given to Professional men, Executors, etc., desiring to invest.

Refer by permission to Messrs. LOCKWOOD & Co.,

DABNEY, MORGAN & Co.

HASLETT McKim, ROBT. McKim, JNO. A. McKim.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

Established 1855.

George Edward Sears,

Successors to Samuel S. Motley,

MAKER OF

FINE ACCOUNT BOOKS,

AND DEALER IN

Every Description of Stationery,

For the use of

BANKS, STOCK AND GOLD BROKERS, MERCHANTS AND INCORPORATED COMPANIES.

No. 45 William Street,

(One door north of Wall Street, New York.)

Mercantile Printing and Engraving of finest quality executed quickly.

evil soon commenced again, and by the 15th June the balance rose to \$134,616,271. This amount was gradually lowered, and last Monday it stood at 129 millions. But here comes the most inexplicable fact of all. On Tuesday the balance was suddenly depleted 12 millions, sinking to 117 millions, at which it still remains.

This sudden fall of the Sub-Treasury balance from 129 millions to 117 millions, has formed the subject of a good deal of conjecture. But conjecture is baffled by the method in which the Treasury accounts are kept. For, on inspecting the figures of the daily published statement, we cannot tell what amounts of coin or currency have actually been paid out of the Treasury. It is said to be the custom of Mr. McCulloch to count gold notes after redemption as cash, to count converted Seven-thirties as cash, as well as to place to interest account on the Treasury books the whole amount of coin due for interest, and to withdraw the entire sum out of the ordinary funds held by the Government, setting it aside by itself until called for by the bondholder to whom it is due. If such practices really obtain, a part of the 13 millions which the Treasury reports as paid out on the 9th July, might, for aught we know, have been composed largely of money set aside for interest. This view of the case is in part confirmed by the following despatch, which we are informed is semi-official, and was sent to all the daily papers on Thursday :

WASHINGTON, July 11.—It is ascertained from an official source that the *coin interest has been paid*, amounting to eighteen and a half millions of dollars on the loans of 1867 and 1868, and on what are termed bonds of 1881 and Five-twenties of recent issue, which fell due on the 1st instant. On the 15th of this month the interest on the Seven-thirties falls due, amounting to six millions of dollars in lawful money. Thereafter no coin interest will be payable until the 1st November, with the exception of that falling due on the Ten-forties on the 1st of September, amounting to four and a-half millions. The interest on compound notes, amounting to fourteen millions in currency, will be due in July, August, October and December, respectively. The *coin in the Treasury* is about seventy-three millions, and twenty millions of coin certificates.

The statements of the foregoing despatch, which we emphasize by italics, raise the two questions which we particularly have in view, namely, first, has the whole 18½ millions of coin interest been actually paid out, or is not part of it still held by Mr. McCulloch; and secondly, does the coin in the Treasury amount to 73 millions only, or is there not besides this sum a further amount which represents interest due but not yet called for, and is therefore still on hand. We urge these points not with the view to find fault with Mr. McCulloch or with any individual officer of the Treasury. Our simple object is to call attention to certain complaints which are current, relative to the method of keeping the accounts of the Treasury, as well as of reporting its balances and its daily business. If these complaints are founded on misconception and mistake, it will be well to correct them by authority, and at once.

There is also another difficulty as to the Sub-Treasury balance which is much discussed. The business of each day is by law required to be reported for the information of the public. But the intention of the law is thwarted by the fact that no one who examines the daily or monthly schedules which appear in the papers can form an idea as to how much of the balance is in gold and how much is in currency. To obviate this error it is proposed, and Congress will in its fall session probably enact that a more full statement shall be published, separating the currency receipts, payments, and balances from the transactions in coin. It is quite needless to waste words in showing the necessity of such a change. We will only glance therefore at a single illustration. Take for instance the transactions of the 8th and 9th of July. During those two days 23½ millions were reported as being paid out of the Treasury. Suppose that one-third or one-fifth of this sum had consisted of currency which had previously for

months been locked up and was suddenly dashed into the already brimming channels of the circulating current of paper money. Who can estimate the utility in business, and who does not see the absolute need to our mercantile and financial men—of information as to changes which may so powerfully galvanise the money market, overturn in a moment the best concerted plans, and destroy the equilibrium and stability on which public confidence, national credit, and general prosperity depend. So long as the volume of currency is liable to be suddenly depleted or suddenly enlarged by Treasury necessities, so long it will be indispensable that the fullest information as to the doings of the Treasury be given to the public. And had not the Sub-Treasury here been managed during the last few years by men of such signal ability, integrity and experience, the evils of our system must have been much more conspicuous and intolerable. We have received in this, as in many other chapters of our monetary and political history, an impressive confirmation of the adage that "the efficiency of governments depends much on the machinery for governing but more on the men who work that machinery."

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

The project was revived in Congress a few days ago to destroy the National Banks, to call in their notes, and to substitute legal tenders. At the last session, several plans were proposed having these objects in view, and in the fall the subject will inevitably come up again for discussion at Washington. The main argument urged in the present attack on the banks is the costliness of the system to the country. It is said that the banks receive some 18 or 20 millions a year for interest on the bonds deposited as security for their currency. This large sum is to be saved. By substituting greenbacks and calling in bank notes the saving may be made. Twenty millions a year is the alleged cost of the banking machinery, and these twenty millions a year are to be saved to the country by the destruction of that machinery.

There are other subordinate arguments used by the anti-bank men, but no one has yet shown that the evils complained of would not for the most part survive in any substitute which might take the place of the present banking system. The main question raised at present then is virtually this. Are the National Banks worth what they cost to the country? And is the difficulty to be met by imposing on these institutions larger taxation, or by destroying them altogether.

We are also entitled to ask the opponents of the banks how, if they abolish the National Banks, they will avoid reviving the old mischievous State-banks, with all those evils which must follow in their train. These banks are still in existence or ready to revive. Their powers are dormant, not extinguished. Within six months after the repeal of the National Banking Law we should in all probability see the removal of the tax on State bank currency. With this tax repealed would come a season of inflation, and in view of the profits of such inflation, the pressure on Congress would be too great to resist.

The contrast between the former and the present condition of the paper currency of this country is forcibly stated by one of the most experienced old bankers of this city as follows :

The National Banks have been in full operation four years, with a circulation run up to 300 millions, and not one dollar of this currency has ever been at a discount. This fact is worthy of careful consideration. There is not one in a hundred of the people of the country that cares anything about banks or banking, any further than to know that the currency is universally at par and indubitably sound. It is a fact that the currency issued in any of the extreme Southern or Western States is as good as that issued by our own banks. No more New England, ½ per cent. discount; New York State, ¼ discount; Michigan wild

cat, Illinois and Indiana stump-tail, at all rates from 5 to 75 per cent. discount. Our merchants have got rid of their uncurrent-money clerk and the uncurrent expense account of the same. Another great revolution and reformation is, that we have got rid of currency panics. As the money market grows tight, our safe and par currency is swept out of Wall Street, because money is wanted, and the currency is money. Formerly, in a panic, currency was rushed into the markets and into the banks for sale or redemption, for it was not money, but it required money to handle and redeem it. Hence it was the most inflammable element in a revulsion. A shiplaster bank somewhere would burst—its redemption agent would stop redeeming—it would be "thrown out" here or in Boston—a dozen more would be reported broken—and away went everybody's currency to be sold. Now who cares if a National Bank has been robbed and breaks, or breaks because of doing a bad business, or is broken by its managing speculators? Its circulating notes are good and current nevertheless, and they continue to be money—good money—everywhere.

We would repeat the question then, as to what is proposed to follow the destruction of the National banks. If Congress should substitute nothing then the State banks will revive. If Congress is to propose some new scheme of banking, what shall that scheme be? In what points is it better than the one it is to supplant? and how shall we be preserved from the perils and panics which must signalize the transition from the old to the new?

Although we were not favorable to the National Banking system when it was first projected, still, as it is firmly established, and has worked better than expectation, we have little sympathy with those persons who would destroy it by a single act of Congress; without knowing precisely what better financial machinery they can put in its place. There is not a single objection urged at present against the banking system, which was not freely canvassed in and out of Congress at the time of the passage of the first and second National currency acts. On the contrary, many of the objections then urged have proved unfounded, and multitudes of observers have come to the same conclusion as ourselves, that the financial condition of the country is too sensitive, and the interests involved too stupendous to allow a judicious statesman to contemplate with equanimity the prospect of so sweeping a financial revolution as would be caused by the project to which we have referred.

It has been said that there is no danger that such a perilous measure will at present find favor with a majority in Congress. We think this is probably true. The banks have friends who are well able to plead their cause. In many parts of the country they exercise no small political influence, and although it is impossible that the organized force of the National banks can ever be combined by political aspirants for the attainment of office, yet it is easy to see that the banks when threatened may, and should unite under the controlling instinct of self-preservation. It would be a national calamity if the National banks should ever become a political machine, wielded by some unprincipled, ambitious demagogue; but no pusillanimous fear of such an impossible result should lead us to wage a blind, indiscriminate warfare on corporations as essential to the welfare of the country, and so conducive to its growth in wealth and productive power.

THE INSURANCE BUSINESS FOR 1866.

Proof sheets of the Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York for 1866, dated April 1st, 1867, have been sent us by the Superintendent the past week, and although the late date at which the report is presented to the public, like our State report on Railroads, takes away from it the value and interest which belong to new facts, it is still very interesting, not only as a part of the financial history of the past year, but also as affording useful lessons for the future. It is unfortunate that these State reports can not be issued at a period earlier than six months after the official statements of the companies contained in them are made. The information which is now

published in July or August would be doubly valuable to all parties interested if published in January or February.

The year 1866, which witnessed the remarkable panic following the failure of Overend, Gurney & Co., in England, and the universal depression in business in the United States, was also a year of the severest losses insurance companies ever experienced. The Superintendent begins his report with the statement that no new joint stock fire insurance company was organized during the calendar year 1866. This is the only year since the passage of the general Insurance Act of 1849 (chap. 308) which has not witnessed the incorporation of at least one stock fire insurance company. This fact is a good indication of the unprofitable nature of the insurance business during that period.

From several tables, giving in detail the changes which took place in the companies of this State in the year, it appears that two companies were changed from mutual to stock companies; one casualty was changed to a fire company; five companies had their charter extended 30 years, pursuant to the general act; two companies increased their capital (three others have increased since January, 1867); requisitions have been made on the stockholders of seven companies to make up impaired capital, three of which were not responded to; five companies have reduced their capital since Jan. 1, 1867; thirty-three companies showed an impairment of capital Dec. 31, 1866, varying from 81.74 per cent. to 0.21 per cent.; ten companies which showed an impaired capital Jan. 1, 1866, repaired their capitals during that year; seventy-one companies show capitals intact, with surpluses varying between \$271,387 and \$15 and six companies discontinued business, and are closing up their affairs.

The present standing of the companies of this State we give in the Insurance Department of the CHRONICLE, but the table following, compiled from the report, shows the operations of these companies for the seven years 1860-66, inclusive; fire business being separately stated:

MARINE AND INLAND BUSINESS.

	Risks written.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to pre-miums.	Perct' writ risks.	Am't of writ. risks.	Av. rate of pre'm risks.
1860	\$80,379,892	\$551,183	\$405,507	73.57	.5045	198.22	.6875
1861	80,351,602	666,228	497,073	74.61	.6186	161.65	.8291
1862	110,949,672	875,835	452,166	51.64	.4075	245.37	.7343
1863	175,942,397	1,193,714	839,727	70.35	.4773	209.52	.5695
1864	253,714,936	2,292,820	1,542,338	67.37	.6079	164.50	.9037
1865	271,588,107	2,657,131	2,020,654	76.05	.7440	134.41	.9784
1866	378,880,063	4,335,305	3,800,702	87.67	1.0031	99.69	1.1442
Agg & av.	1,351,806,609	12,572,218	9,558,160	76.03	.7071	141.43	.9300

FIRE BUSINESS.

	Risks written.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to pre-miums.	Perct' writ risks.	Am't of writ. risks.	Av. rate of pre'm risks.
1860	1,049,551,594	\$6,710,412	\$3,578,934	53.33	.3410	293.26	.6392
1861	1,027,112,596	6,161,507	3,274,115	53.14	.3188	313.71	.5999
1862	1,200,721,130	6,866,355	4,227,157	61.56	.3521	284.05	.5738
1863	1,560,637,139	8,987,315	3,349,945	37.27	.2146	465.88	.5805
1864	2,342,666,111	13,325,783	7,195,271	54.00	.3071	325.58	.5688
1865	2,510,595,187	17,052,086	12,046,793	70.65	.4799	208.40	.6792
1866	2,753,493,107	20,786,847	15,312,751	73.67	.5561	179.82	.7549
Agg & av.	12,444,826,864	79,890,309	48,964,968	61.32	.3936	254.05	.6420

It appears from the above that the losses have increased to an alarming extent within the past two years. Indeed, without the figures the fact is too well known to the public. The remedy to be applied to save insurance companies from total annihilation has been discussed in these columns. Mr. Barne's evidently inclines to the plan of not insuring property to its full value as the surest safeguard against incendiary fires. His argument is forcible and is especially worthy of consideration from the fact that it is based upon the simplest principles of common sense, and not upon the assumption that a large proportion of insurers are scoundrels. He remarks as follows:

In all insurance economics, the relations of underwriter and policy holder should be so contrived, that in no contingency could the latter gain by a loss on his policy; the pecuniary interest of the insured should never conflict with his duty to prevent, by all possible means, any loss under his policy.

In fire insurance, the downward tendencies of a declining market and the nervous apprehensions of an approaching financial crisis have, especially on mercantile risks, often made it for the pecuniary interest

of the insured that a destructive fire should happen. Thus, with low or diminishing net premiums, the moral hazards have been woefully increased, and the sad results are now historic, in the years 1865 and 1866, two consecutive years of excessive and unprecedented loss.

To the extent that fire insurance relaxes the vigilant care and natural guardianship of the owner over his own property, and prevents the construction of fire proof buildings and the discovery of rapid means of extinguishing conflagrations, the political and social economist and statesmen cannot hesitate emphatically to denounce and condemn it. The natural guardian of property should never lose an interest in its preservation. No care of children can, as a general rule, equal parental care, and no watchman is so continuously vigilant as the owner. When property is fully insured and the premium paid, how can an underwriter reasonably expect that, with all the harrassing cares and solitudes of modern business life, the owner will watch and guard and protect it against hazards, for the happening of which he has already paid a strong and wealthy corporation? When companies ask and expect this solicitude and surveillance on the part of a policy-holder fully insured, they violate the plainest axioms of business and common sense. This, when dealing with men of good principles and thorough honesty; and no mathematics can compute how much these hazards are increased when dealing with elements of fraud, chicanery and land piracy.

Could the plan of partial insurance be carried out without seriously impeding the movements of commerce, and frequently resulting in losses to parties who are both careful and honorable, we should be inclined immediately to advocate its adoption as the surest means of protection to insurers. But we do not think it could be; the result of such a rule would leave innocent parties, particularly agents who have made advances, or others having only a partial or temporary interest in property, without any adequate safeguard against losses. In default of any suggestion which seems to meet all the difficulties of the case more satisfactorily we must adhere to the opinions previously expressed in these columns, that the most effective, if not the only remedy that the case admits of is to be found in a thorough examination into the causes of all fires, and also in the non-payment of the amount insured until it is at least established that the loss is not of incendiary origin. A committee or board should be organized, the members to be chosen by all the companies, whose duty it should be to make the examination. If this were done the insurance business could be reduced to a proper basis, and no insurer would be called upon to pay for his neighbor's dishonesty or for his neighbor's greater risk. At present, no sooner does a company hear of a loss than it hurries to the insured with a check in hand to liquidate it, thus making a bid for future business. This is clearly wrong. Of course, no unnecessary impediment should be put in the way of prompt payment, but it is due alike to the company and its patrons that there should first be a proper investigation.

In conclusion Mr. Barnes says, and in this we believe all the most prudent writers will agree with him, that the remedy for weakness is increased strength; this must be reached either by means of new additional capital, or by a reserve of premiums paid for by the public but retained by the companies in some form as a Safety Fund, for the payment of extraordinary losses and contingencies. Whether the ownership of this fund is vested in the policy holders and represented by scrip, or in the stockholders and held as a "reserve fund," or in both and represented in any form, is of less consequence to the public than the practical initiation, on a broad and general basis, of some system of fortification besides capital, which is often strained beyond endurance, and besides the ordinary re-insurance reserve of *fifty* per cent to pay losses, which last year have actually taken over *seventy-seven* per cent. of premiums.

NEW YORK CITY GOVERNMENT AND FINANCES.

The statement submitted to the Board of Supervisors by the Comptroller, giving the financial condition of the City of New York, and the aggregate taxation required for the maintenance of the Government, is well calculated to excite a lively apprehension, showing, as the figures do, a steady in-

crease of expenditure, far disproportionate with that of wealth and population. The Comptroller, therefore, appeals to the Constitutional Convention now in session at Albany, to devise some more economical method of maintaining the city and county governments, and declares that there can be no just cause for such an increase of taxation. He also very properly urges the Board of Supervisors, and through them all Boards and Commissioners authorized to disburse the public moneys, to exercise the greatest prudence and economy in all expenditures with which they are charged.

The management of public affairs in the City of New York has long been a prolific theme for criticism and wordy declamation. This is no recent thing; for we remember that in 1849 the Democratic City Convention put forth an address in favor of Myndert Van Schaick for mayor, in which censures were freely bestowed upon the administration of affairs, very similar to those which are current at the present time. The remedy then proposed and afterward applied was the revision of the charter of the city, by which the executive and administrative branches of the government shall be separated from the legislative, and devolved upon departments. The result proves that the experiment was not a successful one. The expenses were increased more rapidly than ever, as the following table will show :

Year.	Valuation.	Total tax.	Year.	Valuation.	Total tax.
1825.....	\$101,160,046	\$387,448 85	1851.....	320,110,857	2,924,455 94
1830.....	125,288,518	509,178 44	1852.....	351,768,426	3,380,511 90
1835.....	218,723,703	965,602 94	1853.....	413,631,382	5,066,698 74
1840.....	252,233,515	1,354,835 29	1854.....	462,021,734	4,845,386 07
1845.....	239,995,517	2,096,191 18	1855.....	486,998,278	5,243,822 89
1849.....	256,197,143	3,005,762 52	1856.....	511,740,491	7,075,425 72
1850.....	286,061 816	3,230,085 02			

A later mode of decreasing the expenditures has been by means of commissions appointed at Albany. Under this system in 1857 the Legislature enacted the Metropolitan Police Bill, which removed the police from the control of the municipal authorities, and devolved them upon a Board of Commissions appointed by the Governor and Senate. This department of the government has been for many years growing into a costly body. The following table shows the increase under the last years of the two municipal systems and the first years of the metropolitans :

1851.....	\$492,000	1856.....	\$819,000
1852.....	510,000	1857.....	828,000
1853.....	540,000	1858.....	888,588
1854.....	615,000	1859.....	2,211,992
1855.....	872,000	1860.....	1,325,560

In 1860 the Legislature made another change by enacting that the Board of Supervisors should annually cause to be raised by tax the amount of money required from the city for the total expenses of the police district, since which time the police items do not appear in the tax levies enacted annually at Albany. The amounts since appropriated by the Board of Supervisors have been as follows :

1862.....	\$1,683,650	1865.....	\$2,211,556
1863.....	1,743,920	1866.....	2,166,684
1864.....	2,062,720	1867.....	2,531,247

These figures certainly do not indicate that the change of systems worked any decrease in the expenses of the police.

The statistics of the Governors of the Alms House show also a similar tendency to increase, as may be seen in the following table :

1850.....	\$400,000	1856.....	\$613,450
1851.....	330,000	1857.....	925,000
1852.....	390,000	1858.....	843,800
1854.....	385,000	1859.....	605,000
1855.....	427,000	1860.....	780,250

On the last night of the session of 1866 the Legislature abolished this Board and created the Department of Public Charities. In 1865 their expenditures amounted to \$988,450. They have not materially increased.

The public schools also constitute an item continually on the increase. The following is a table of the expenses from 1850 to 1859 :

1850.....	\$267,968	1855.....	\$956,000
1851.....	447,487	1856.....	1,023,354
1852.....	502,315	1857.....	1,100,410
1853.....	604,000	1858.....	1,226,013
1854.....	668,814	1859.....	1,216,000

In 1865 the amount appropriated was \$2,298,508 58; and several hundred thousand dollars have been since added. The Comptroller states it at \$2,939,348. The other Boards and Departments have a similar record to show. These figures indicate the tendency of matters both before the adoption of the expedient of governing by commissioners, and the tendency since that time, to have been the running year by year into prodigality and extravagant expenditure. In fact, this large increase would appear to have taken its rise on the first division of the Government into irresponsible departments. We have given above the total yearly aggregate and taxation from 1825 to 1856; we now add the figures for each year since the passage of the Metropolitan Police Act:

Year.	Valuation.	Aggreg'e tax	Year.	Valuation.	Aggreg'e tax
1857.....	\$521,175,252	\$8,111,758 09	1862.....	\$571,967,345	\$9,906,271 10
1858.....	531,194,290	8,621,091 31	1863.....	594,196,813	12,091,905 14
1859.....	551,923,122	9,860,926 09	1864.....	634,615,890	13,705,092 86
1860.....	577,230,956	9,758,507 86	1865.....	608,784,355	18,202,857 56
1861.....	581,579,971	11,627,632 28	1866.....	737,989,908	16,950,767 83

The amount of revenue required for 1867 is put down by the Comptroller at \$21,889,655 98. The Board of Supervisors will somewhat modify this aggregation, but the rate of taxation cannot vary greatly from three per cent.

How these rapidly increasing expenses can be stopped is of course a vital question. Much is expected from the deliberations of the Constitutional Convention, and we trust that their first effort in the way of solving the problem will be to give us a homogenous efficient municipal government. With this change, it strikes us that many of the difficulties in the way of initiating reform would be removed. The plurality of the functions, and the division of them into departments virtually independent of each other, totally overthrows responsibility, and tolerates the introduction of abuses which are hard to redress. A complete deliverance from this incongruous medley of state, county and city departments is then of the first importance. Many other changes have been proposed. The most important perhaps is that suggested by, we believe, the Citizens' Association, to the effect that one branch of the Common Council be composed of members elected only by tax-payers, and that body to originate all bills for the appropriation of money. This would certainly give promise of a more responsible body of men than our present city fathers, and has, besides, much else to recommend it. But, as the first and most important change, we desire an efficient, responsible government in the place of the many headed makeshift we are now afflicted with. When that change is accomplished we shall be ready to look further.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JUNE 28.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam ...	short.	11 17½ @ 11.18½	June 28.	short.	11.88½ @ —
Antwerp ...	3 months.	25.37½ @ 25.42½	"	"	2.20 @ 25.23½
Hamburg ...	"	13. 9½ @ 13.10½	"	"	13. 7½ @ 13. 8
Paris ...	"	25.35 @ 25.40	"	"	25.15
Paris ...	short.	25.17½ @ 25.25	"	8 mo's.	25.32½ @ 25.37½
Vienna ...	3 months.	12.72½ @ 12.77½	"	"	—
Berlin ...	"	6.26 @ 6.26½	June 28.	3 mo's.	32½
St. Petersburg	"	3 ¾ @ 3 ¾	June 26.	30 days.	52½ @ 53
Cadiz ...	"	49½ @ 49½	"	"	—
Lisbon ...	90 days.	52 @ 52½	"	"	—
Milan ...	3 months.	27.10 @ 27.20	June 27.	60 days.	110
Genoa ...	"	27.10 @ 27.20	June 29.	90 days.	½ p. c. prem.
Naples ...	"	27.10 @ 27.20	June 27.	60 days.	1 @ 11½ p. c. prem.
New York ...	"	—	May 24.	"	22½ @ 22½
Jamaica ...	"	—	May 14.	"	48½ @ 49
Havana ...	"	—	May 18.	"	43½ @ —
Rio de Janeiro	"	—	May 30.	"	22½ @ 23
Buenos Ayres.	"	—	May 20.	6 mos.	4s. 5½ d. @ 4s. 5½ d
Valparaiso ...	"	—	May 30.	"	4s. 4d. @ —
Pernambuco ...	"	—	May 28.	"	—
Singapore ...	60 days.	4s. 4d.	May 22.	"	1s. 11 5-16d.
Hong Kong ...	"	4s. 4d.	May 18.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Ceylon ...	"	1 p. c. dis.	May 20.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Bombay ...	"	1s 11d	May 13.	30 days.	1½ p. c. prem.
Madras ...	"	1s 11d			
Calcutta ...	"	1s 11d			
Sydney ...	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.			

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 29, 1867.

This being the closing week of the half year, business generally has been on a contracted scale. The downward movement in prices has continued. Although no change has taken place in the value of wheat, the state of the market seems to indicate that we are on the eve of a great change in this department of commerce. We have now had a week of very magnificent weather. After a wet and cold Spring, a period of almost unprecedented warm dry weather has set in, and, what is a somewhat unusual circumstance in this country, for the last ten days the sky has been cloudless and the sun hot, but not forcing. The wheat plant, more especially upon heavy and undrained or badly drained soils, has thrived immensely, while on the light soils it has approached steadily towards maturity. In all our early districts the wheat plant is in full bloom, while in several quarters it has passed through this stage, and the ears have been very firmly set. Perhaps at no former period has there been more favorable weather for the growing plant. But, notwithstanding the favorable prospect, the value of wheat has not materially declined, and I may perhaps be allowed to observe that my observations of a few weeks since have, in this respect, proved quite correct. I noticed that we could not expect any important decline previously to the new crop being ready for market, owing to the small supply of home-grown wheat in the country, as well as to the circumstance that our importations were likely to be only on a scale sufficiently large to balance pretty equally supply and demand. I remarked that with this equal balance, only fine weather and a favorable harvest prospect here and abroad could check a further rise in the value of wheat, and the limited fall which has taken place since, seems to me to fully justify the assertion. In fact, had it not been for the fineness of the weather, and the prospect of a full average crop of wheat here, in France, Germany, and in the United States, an important rise in prices must have been the result. The present state of the trade seems to be thus: Farmers hold small supplies, while our imports are on only a moderate scale; consequently, there is no actual abundance, although our prospective supplies before harvest are sufficiently extensive to meet our wants during that period. Farmers are necessarily aware of the favorable harvest prospect here and abroad, and evince a desire to sell, but as their supplies are small, this desire is by no means strong, and hence there is no actual pressure upon the market. On the other hand, millers, who are thoroughly acquainted with the state of the crops, are still exercising the greatest caution, and confine their purchases to the supply of their immediate wants. The parcels they purchase are, therefore, chiefly in retail, and in those cases in which they notice a desire on the part of the farmer or factor to sell, they are enabled to transact business on rather lower terms. In this condition the trade is likely to remain until we are acquainted with the result of the harvest here and in foreign countries, and judging from the character of some recent transactions in produce for delivery during the latter months of the year, a heavy fall in prices is likely to take place previously to the commencement of the winter months. The transactions to which I refer are in Banat Wheat, which has been recently sold at Trieste for shipment in September, at 10s., and for shipment in December, at 12s., beneath the quotations ruling at the present time for produce on the spot.

It is becoming evident that the danger which has been reported as having been done to the crop of wheat by the protracted drought in the south of Russia has been overstated. That this is the case is sufficiently conclusive from the fact that the farmers in the interior are still sending large supplies of wheat to the Odessa market, the consequence being that wheat at that port has declined in value to the extent of 1s to 2s. per quarter.

The cotton trade remains in a most inactive state. This was more especially the case in the early part of the week, the demand for the raw material at Liverpool, and for goods at Manchester having been very limited. The cotton market continues to be well supplied with produce, and there is much desire shown on the part of holders to realise. Hence the tendency of prices is downward, and a further decline has taken place during the present week. At Manchester, business is also extremely quiet, with but little change in the quotations. At yesterday's market, however, both as regards Liverpool and Manchester there was rather a better feeling in the trade, but the business transacted was at the late decline in prices.

The Board of Trade returns for May and the five months ending May 31 have just been published. They show that the declared value of our exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures in the five months was £72,123,393, against £78,227,710 last year, and £60,901,576 in 1866. The computed real value of our imports in the four months ending April 30, was £66,166,150, against £68,804,895 last year, and £45,335,850 in 1865. The imports of cotton into the United Kingdom in the five months ending May 31, were 4,353,482 cwts., of which 2,690,611 cwts. were from the United States, 4,083 from the Bahamas

and Bermudas, 22 Mexico, 809,862 Brazil, 40,847 Turkey, 657,197 Egypt, 538,815 cwt. from British India, 2,041 China, and 110,004 cwt from other countries. The total import in the same period last year was 5,180,070 cwt., and in 1865, 2,637,022 cwt. Of wheat the import in the five months amounted to 12,504,077 cwt., against 9,842,578 cwt. and 5,389,222 cwt.; and of flour, to 1,518,434 cwt., against 2,758,784 cwt., and 1,300,125 cwt. in 1866 and 1865 respectively. The following statement shows the extent of our total imports and exports of the principal articles of interest in the United States.

IMPORTS.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.
Cotton.....cwt.	2,637,022	5,180,070	4,353,482
Petroleum.....tuns.	3,417	8,065	6,485
Provisions:			
Bacon and Hams.....cwt.	338,685	365,300	181,259
Beef, salt.....	119,628	108,652	75,477
Pork, salt.....	74,072	110,455	58,756
Butter.....	358,618	385,679	405,512
Cheese.....	207,126	155,362	210,726
Lard.....	71,283	165,924	74,680
Wheat.....	5,389,222	9,842,578	12,504,077
Indian Corn.....	1,677,935	4,903,140	3,510,122
Flour.....	1,300,125	2,758,784	1,518,434

EXPORTS.			
	1865.	1866.	1867.
Cotton Manufactures:			
Yarn.....lbs.	29,934,401	55,395,106	61,197,610
Piece Goods.....yards.	775,317,393	985,540,574	1,068,164,225
Thread.....lbs.	1,671,209	2,482,972	2,655,588

Owing to the close of the half year, there has been a good demand for accommodation the present week. The supply seeking employment in the discount market having fallen off, and the applications having been decidedly numerous, the rates are firmer, $2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. being the quotations for the best short-dated paper. The Bank directors, notwithstanding a further accumulation of bullion at the Bank, have therefore refrained from making a change in their rates of discount, the minimum quotation being still $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. During the last two days, however, the demand has fallen off; but there is still a tolerably active inquiry, and the quotations rule firm. As soon, however, as all the half-yearly payments shall have been met, and the dividends paid, there is no doubt that the money market will again relapse into a state of great ease, and that the minimum rate of discount will be reduced to two per cent. But even at this quotation there is not at present any likelihood of our surplus means being profitably employed. The value of commodities having declined, the capital required to carry on the trade of the country is diminished to a very important extent: the public are wholly indisposed to satisfy the wants of embarrassed railway companies; while there is no inclination on their part to embark in fresh enterprises or to subscribe freely to foreign loans. The Russian loan lately brought out met with but poor success, and the Chilean seven per cent. loan for about £1,000,000 introduced to-day meets with but little favor. The accumulation of bullion is therefore likely to continue, and although many short-sighted individuals rejoice at the circumstance that the stock of bullion here is likely to reach a total of £25,000,000 within a short period, and seem to look upon it as indicative of our great wealth, yet it shows conclusively that there is great apathy at present in this country, and that, owing to the still existing want of confidence, there is no disposition to turn our supplies of idle money into profitable channels. The rates current for the best paper in the open market are now as under:

	Per Cent	Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	6 months' bank bills..... $2\frac{1}{2}$ @ 3
3 months' bills.....	$2\frac{1}{2}$ @ $2\frac{3}{4}$	4 & 6 months' trade bills.... 3 @ $3\frac{1}{2}$
4 months' bank bills.....	2 @ $2\frac{1}{2}$	

The supply of bullion now held by the Bank of France is as much as £35,377,120; consequently, the total held by the two establishments is £57,600,000. The demand for money at several of the leading continental money markets has increased, owing to the close of the quarter. At Hamburg, the rates are somewhat firmer, but in other quarters there is no material variation. Annexed are the quotations at this date, and at the corresponding period last year:

At Paris				Turin			
B'k rate	Op. m'kt	B'k rate	Op. m'kt	B'k rate	Op. m'kt	B'k rate	Op. m'kt
1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
4	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$	9	5	9	5
5	4	6	4	6	$2\frac{1}{2}$	5	$2\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{3}{4}$
9	4	9	$2\frac{1}{2}$	9	5	9	5
6	$2\frac{1}{2}$	6	$1\frac{1}{2}$ - 2	8	8	8	2
$6\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$6\frac{1}{2}$	2 - $2\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	7	6 - $6\frac{1}{2}$	$7\frac{1}{2}$ - $8\frac{1}{2}$

The rates of exchange are more favorable. At the close of last week there was a good demand for American eagles for export; but it has now wholly subsided, and all supplies which may arrive in the course of the next few days will in all probability be converted into bars, and be sent into the Bank. There is, in fact, scarcely any export demand for gold, while in the market for silver, owing to a contracted Continental demand, and the absence of any inquiry for shipment to the East Indies, there is much inactivity.

A large "bull" account being open, and numerous sales for the realization of profits having taken place, the value of consols has given way. With the abundance of money, however, the indisposition on the part

of the public to invest in the shares of the numerous public companies, and to subscribe to new foreign loans, there is no doubt that as soon as the present account is arranged the market will again assume a buoyant appearance, and that prices will experience a further rise. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the present week are subjoined:

Week ending June 29	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94 -94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 -94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$ -94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$-94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$-94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$-94$\frac{1}{2}$

In American securities the principal change is a rise of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in the value of Erie Railway shares. United States Five-twenty bonds, Atlantic and Great Western Railway securities, and Illinois Central Railway shares have ruled steady, without material variation in price. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the present week are subjoined:

Week ending June 29	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's.....	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$ -72 $\frac{1}{2}$
Atlantic & G't West- ern consol'd bonds	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	25 -.....	24 $\frac{1}{2}$ -25	25 -.....	24 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....
Erie Shares (\$100)...	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	39 $\frac{1}{2}$ -40 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ -41 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$ -43
Illinois shares (\$100)	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....	79 -.....	79 -.....	79 -.....	79 -.....	79 $\frac{1}{2}$ -.....

The latest prices from the Continent in reference to Five-twenty bonds are subjoined: Amsterdam, 77 3-16; Frankfort, 77 $\frac{1}{2}$; Berlin, 78, and Hamburg, 70 $\frac{1}{2}$.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

London Money Market.—The buoyancy in the money market continues, and stocks of all kinds have advanced. American Securities have kept up with the general market, notwithstanding the firmness of the gold premium on this side, and are materially advanced on the closing prices of the previous week:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
Consols for money.....	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$	94$\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 6's (1862).....	73	73	73	73	73	73
Illinois Central shares..	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	80 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie Railway shares....	44	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	44	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	44 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$

The closing quotations for U. S. 6's at Frankfort were as follows:

Frankfort.....	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$
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Liverpool Cotton Market.—The market has continued to exhibit the same downward tendency noted in our last, and obviously from the causes then stated, viz.: the increase of imports from India, and the unfavorable reports from the manufacturing districts. With moderate sales the price of Uplands has given way $\frac{1}{4}$ d., and of Orleans $\frac{1}{2}$ d. The daily closing rates were as follows:

	Fri., 5.	Sat., 6.	Mon., 8.	Tues., 9.	Wed., 10.	Thu. 11.
Bales sold.....	10,000	10,000	10,000	7,000	10,000	10,000
Price Midd. Uplands.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
" " Orleans	11d.	11 d.	11 d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -16d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -16d.	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Wheat, barley and oats are firm at old quotations. Corn is 6d. lower than at the opening of the week. Peas have advanced 6d. The market, however, has been remarkably steady for the season, the fair prospects of a bountiful harvest on both sides the Atlantic having failed to affect prices prejudicially.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Wheat (Mil. red No. 1) p. ctl	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9
" (Califor. white) "	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9	13 9
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480 lbs	37 3	37 3	37 3	37 3	37 0	36 9
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 9	3 9	3 9	3 9	3 9	3 9
Peas... (Canadian) per qtr.	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 6	39 6	39 6
Flour... (Southern) per bbl.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef and Pork are without change on last week's prices. Bacon remains also the same, but in the middle of the week was 6d. below the opening and closing price. Lard is 3d. lower, and Cheese 6d. lower. The following are the daily closing quotations for American provisions in this market:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tues. 9.	Wed. 10.	Thu. 11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	136 0	136 0	136 0	136 0	136 0	136 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	42 6	42 6	42 0	42 6	42 3	42 6
Lard (American) " "	47 6	47 6	47 6	47 3	47 3	47 3
Cheese (fine Am.) " "	61 0	61 0	61 0	60 6	60 0	59 6

Liverpool Produce Markets.—Ashes have declined 6d. on the week. Rosin is firm and common Wilmington 3d. advanced. Spirits of turpentine without change. Petroleum is weaker—standard white $\frac{1}{4}$ d. below the advance of Monday, but fully up to the opening price: spirits are $\frac{1}{2}$ d. lower. Tallow without change. Clover Seed without change.

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tu. 9.	Wed. 10.	Th. 11.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Ashes—pots.....per 112 lbs	31 6	31 0	31 0	31 0	31 0	31 0
Rosin (com Wilm) "	6 6	6 9	6 9	7 0	7 0	7 0
" (fine).....	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
Sp turpentine.....	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1 2	1 2	1 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 2
" spirits.....per 8 lbs	0 9	0 9	0 9	0 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	44 0	43 9	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0
Clover seed (Am. red) "	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0	41 0

London Produce and Metal Markets.—Linseed has advanced from 64 to 68 3-6d., and Sperm Oil declined from £122 to £110. These are the only changes reported, but they are remarkable both for their suddenness and proportions. The daily course has been as follows:

	Fri. 5.	Sat. 6.	Mon. 8.	Tu 9.	Wd. 10.	Th. 11
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p. 112 lbs.	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6	25 6
Linseed (Calcutta) ..	64 0	68 6	68 6	68 6	68 6	64 6

Cake and oils are quoted as follows:

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
" cake (obl'g) .p ton	£9 12 6	£9 12 6	£9 12 6	£ 9 11 6	£9 12 6	£9 12 6
" oil	41 10 0	41 0 0	41 10 0	41 10 0	41 10 0	41 10 0
Sperm oil.....	122 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0
Whale oil..... p. 252 gals.	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0	35 0 0

The following are the quotations for metals:

Iron (Sc. pig mxd num) p. ton.	53 0	53 0	53 0	53 0
Tin (Straits & Banca) p. 112 lb.	.....	.....	.....	.....

Latest: Friday, July 11, P.M.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 11.

Consols opened firmer at 95, but subsequently fell to 94½. U. S. 6's are quoted at 73 3-16, Illinois Central shares at 80½, and Erie shares at 45.

The Cotton Market is steady, Upland at 10½, and Orleans 10½. The sales of the week ending yesterday are reported at 56,000 bales, of which 12,000 were taken for export and on speculation. The stock in port is 749,000 (484,000 American) bales.

California Wheat has declined to 13s. 4d. Peas (Canadian) have advanced to 40s. per 504 lbs.

Pork has declined to 73s. 6d.; while Beef has advanced from 136s. to 137s. 6d. Cheese closed at 59s. 6d, Lard at 47s. 3d. and Bacon at 42s. 6d.

Spirits Turpentine have advanced 1s., closing at 31s.; otherwise produce generally is without change, both at London and Liverpool.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week are about the same in dry goods but show a small decline in general merchandise, the total being only \$3,971,793, against \$4,371,547 last week, and \$5,366,112 the previous week. The exports are \$3,075,579 this week against \$3,541,893 last week, and \$3,928,664 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 5,885 bales, against 12,909 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) July 5, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) July 6:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods.....	\$620,414	\$1,396,009	\$1,413,181	\$1,146,464
General merchandise...	3,690,678	2,422,082	1,789,317	2,825,329
Total for the week.....	\$4,311,092	\$3,818,091	\$3,202,498	\$3,971,793
Previously reported	124,999,943	75,734,129	155,455,014	128,565,055
Since Jan. 1.....	\$129,311,035	\$79,552,220	\$158,657,512	\$132,536,848

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending July 9:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week	\$5,224,707	\$1,757,233	\$2,094,882	\$3,075,579
Previously reported.....	87,523,235	73,936,439	107,084,227	97,777,689
Since Jan. 1.....	\$92,747,942	\$80,693,722	\$109,179,109	\$106,853,268

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain....	\$1,689,703	\$5,952,380	Cuba.....	\$28,287	\$3,062,765
France.....	84,226	6,408,581	Hayti.....	10,433	645,366
Holland & Belg.	.....	2,557,281	Other W. I	123,646	3,841,437
Germany.....	463,201	11,921,657	Mexico.....	.....	763,473
Other N. Europe	13,944	923,077	New Granada...	73,521	1,658,388
Spain.....	10,201	548,595	Venezuela.....	21,912	365,956
Other S. Europe	160,612	3,115,638	Br. Guiana....	17,975	686,472
East Indies.....	.....	.....	Brazil.....	25,667	1,493,242
China & Japan .	16,000	1,227,345	Other S.A. ports	122,201	1,879,819
Australia	152,291	1,346,284	All other ports..	17,558	814,624
Br. N A Colonies	35,101	1,227,431			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending July 6, 1867:

July 3—St. City of New York, Liverpool—		“ 6—St. Tentonia, Ham—	
American gold.....	\$55,000	American silver.....	100,000
“ 3—St. Palmyra, Liv.—		“ 6—St. Teutonia, Ham—	
American gold.....	355,000	Foreign silver	600
“ 3—St. N. York, Bremen—		“ 6—St. Teutonia, Ham—	
Foreign silver.....	1,500	Gold coin.....	150,000
“ 3—St. Low, London—		“ 6—St. City of Baltimore,	
Gold bars.....	111,000	Liverpool—	
“ 6—St. Teutonia, Ham—		American gold.....	751,761
American gold.....	10,000	Total for the week.....	\$1,534,861
July 6—Steamer Fulton, not included in above.....	423,200		
Previously reported	24,595,662		
Total since Jan. 1, 1867.....	\$26,533,723		

Sametime in	1866.....	1865.....	1864.....	1863.....	1862.....	1861.....	1860.....	1859.....
Same time in	1858.....	1857.....	1856.....	1855.....	1854.....	1853.....	1852.....	
	\$47,123,863	18,15,774	29,755,185	21,044,901	30,623,411	3,251,638	23,199,302	36,315,496
	\$13,067,976	23,260,518	16,236,260	17,014,160	17,014,160	9,717,663	13,202,083	

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

July 1—Harvest Queen, Carthagea—		Silver.....	485
Gold.....	\$775	“ 1—San Juan N., San Francisco—	
“ 1—Harvest Queen, Santa Martha—		Gold.....	400
Gold.....	136	“ 3—Moro Castle, Hav.—	
“ 1—Prince of Wales, Carthagea—		Gold.....	600
Gold.....	100	“ 5—Rising Star, Asp'll—	
		Gold.....	7,120
		Silver.....	400

Total for the week..... \$10,016
Previously reported..... \$1,554,989

Total since January 1, 1867..... \$1,565,005

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall July 3, arrived at this port July 11, with treasure to the following consignees:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Panama Railroad Co.....	\$13,890 99	Wells, Fargo & Co.....	\$121,677 78
J. W. Seligmann & Co.....	65,700 00	Moritz Meyer.....	44,805 69
Engene Kelly & Co.....	48,000 00	Lees & Waller.....	342,871 43
Dabney, Morgan & Co.....	62,047 01		
Total from San Francisco.....	\$699,492 90		

FROM THE ISTHMUS.

S. L. Isaacs & Asch.....	\$500		
Langman & Kemp.....	620		1,120 00
Total from California and the Isthmus.....			\$700,112 90

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 10.	Rising Star.	\$874,764	\$874,764	“ 22.	New York.	1,114,778	9,259,515
“ 20.	New York.	525,956	1,400,720	May 2.	H. Chauncey.	206,214	9,465,729
Jan. 31.	H. Chauncey.	1,072,177	2,472,897	May 11.	Arizona.	409,667	9,875,396
Feb. 10.	Ocean Queen.	788,027	3,260,924	May 25.	Ocean Queen.	565,247	10,440,643
Feb. 22.	Rising Star.	952,082	4,213,006	June 2.	H. Chauncey.	774,313	11,214,956
Mar. 4.	H. Chauncey.	818,818	5,031,824	June 11.	Arizona.	653,262	11,868,213
“ 13.	Ocean Queen.	244,888	5,276,712	June 23.	Ocean Queen.	1,141,198	13,009,416
Mar. 24.	Rising Star.	833,151	6,109,863	July 4.	Rising Star.	804,250	13,813,666
April 1.	H. Chauncey.	891,992	7,001,855	July 11.	Arizona.	699,493	14,513,159
“ 14.	Ocean Queen.	1,142,884	8,144,737				

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following we compare the reported weekly earnings of the under-named railroads for 1866 and 1867:

EARNINGS FOR THE THIRD WEEK IN JUNE.

	—M. of road—		—Gross earn'gs—		—Earn'gs p. m—	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Atlantic and Gt. Western...	507	507	\$131,316	\$90,825	\$259 01	\$179 14
Chicago and Northwestern.	1,032	1,145	219,101	225,703	212 31	197 12
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410	410	94,397	64,400	230 04	157 07
Detroit and Milwaukee.....	188	188	27,271	32,948	145 06	175 25
Marietta and Cincinnati.....	251	251	25,415	21,446	101 65	85 44
Michigan Central.....	285	285	79,043	59,113	277 34	207 41
Michigan Southern.....	524	524	86,726	72,874	165 50	139 07
Western Union.....	177	177	24,910	14,340	140 73	81 02

EARNINGS FOR THE FOURTH WEEK IN JUNE.

	—M. of road—		—Gross earn'gs—		—Earn'gs p. m—	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Atlantic & Gt. Western.....	507	507	\$111,762	\$92,504	\$220 44	\$182 45
Chicago & Northwestern.....	1,032	1,147	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410	410	77,325	65,300	188 60	159 27
Detroit and Milwaukee.....	188	188	30,776	33,821	164 23	184 15
Marietta and Cincinnati.....	251	251	35,118	30,324	139 91	120 79
Michigan Central.....	285	285	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan Southern.....	524	524	123,224	81,352	235 16	155 23
Western Union.....	177	177	30,913	15,811	174 64	89 33

EARNINGS FOR THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY.

	—M. of road—		—Gross earn'gs—		—Earn'gs p. m—	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Atlantic and Gt. Western ..	507	507	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago and Northwestern..	1,032	1,145	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago, Rock Is. & Pacific.	410	410	.....	.....	.....	.....
Detroit and Milwaukee.....	188	188	35,558	37,608	189 14	200 04
Marietta and Cincinnati.....	251	251	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan Central.....	285	285	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michigan Southern.....	524	524	84,969	63,928	162 15	125 00
Western Union.....	177	177	20,875	13,122	117 94	74 13

RAILROAD EARNINGS (MONTHLY).—The following returns for June have been published:

Railroads.	1866.	1867.	Dec.
Chicago & Alton.....	\$371,543	\$343,671	\$27,872
Chicago & Northwestern.....	922,891	898,357	24,430
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific.....	350,920	261,480	89,440
Marietta & Cincinnati.....	106,315	96,535	9,780
Michigan Central.....	335,082	284,977	50,105
Michigan Southern.....	392,640	302,232	90,408
New York Central.....	1,084,000	944,100	140,000
Western Union.....	102,686	60,559	42,127

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR JUNE.—We are indebted to the Cashier of the Office of the Assistant Treasurer for the following statement of the business of the month of June:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Balance May 31, 1867.....	\$124,921,324 5
Receipts during the month:	
On account of customs.....	\$8,040,113 69
do Gold notes.....	7,629,980 00
do Internal revenue.....	249,951 76
do Post-office Department.....	1,089,588 60
do Transfers.....	1,379,500 00
do Patent fees.....	3,439 40
do Miscellaneous.....	52,736,466 24
do Disbursing accounts.....	9,117,702 38
do Interest accounts.....	4,322,087 00
	84,543,824 07
	\$209,490,148 64

Payments during the month:

Treasury drafts	\$62,244 29 20	
Post-office drafts	227,518 06	
Disbursing accounts	10,828,903 17	
Assay-Office	171,195 28	
Interest accounts, viz.:		
In coin	1,237,081 89	
In currency	2,322,087 00	77,030,978 60
Balance		\$132,459,170 04
Balance to Cr. Treasurer United States	\$120,077,726 23	
Balance to Cr. disbursing accounts	8,412,735 93	
Balance, Assay Office	2,398,521 49	
Balance to Cr. interest accounts	1,570,185 34	132,459,170 04
By receipts for customs in June, 1867	\$8,040,113 69	
do do 1866	9,707,980 00	
Decrease do do 1867		\$1,667,916 31

The attention of readers is called to the following new cards which will be found in our advertising columns to-day.

The North America Fire Insurance Company, at 114 Broadway, with a cash capital of 500,000, and a surplus of \$255,057 77, and also the notice of dividend at 5 per cent. by the same company.

The eighth scrip dividend of the American Fire Insurance Company—notice is given of a scrip dividend of 50 per cent. to customers, and a cash dividend of 10½ per cent to stockholders.

Mr. Geo. Edward Sears, stationer and blank-book manufacturer, invites the attention of bankers and merchants to his establishment at 48 William street, he having succeeded Mr. Motby in business at that place.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. O. T.	PAYABLE.		BOOKS CLOSED.
		WHEN.	WHERE.	
Railroads:				
Del. and Raritan Canal and Cam. & Amboy R.R. and Transportation Company	5	Aug. 1.	Princeton, N. J.	July 1 to July 14,
Central of New Jersey	2½	July 20.	103 Liberty st.	July 10 to July 22
Ter. Haute & Indianapolis.	6	July 10.	Far. L. & T. Co.	
Naugatuck	5	Aug. 15.	Bridgeport, Ct.	
Insurance.				
Relief Fire	5	—	Company's Office	
Commercial Fire	5	—	Company's Office	
Commonwealth Fire	5	July 8.	151 Broadway.	
National Fire	6	July 9.	52 Wall Street.	
Merchants' Insurance	10	July 5.	106 Broadway.	
Germania Fire	7	July 8.	175 Broadway.	
New York Equitable	5	July 10.	58 Wall Street.	
Etna Fire of Hartford	6	July 3.	62 Wall Street.	
American Fire, scrip	50	Aug. 15.	48 Wall Street.	
American Fire, cash	10½	July 10.	48 Wall Street.	
Standard Fire	5	July 9.	11 Wall Street.	
Knickerbocker Fire	5	July 15.	64 Wall Street.	July 9 to July 15
Phenix Insurance of Bryn	5	July 15.	138 Broadway.	
Niagara Fire	5	July 15.	12 Wall Street.	
Pacific Fire	6	July 10.	470 Broadway.	
Lamar Fire	5	July 11.	50 Wall Street.	
Lorillard Fire	5	July 11.	152 Broadway.	
Market Fire, cash	6½	July 9.	37 Wall St.	
Market Fire, scrip	20	Sept 15.		
Continental Insurance	7	July 15.	102 Broadway.	
American Exchange Fire	5	July 10.	141 Broadway.	
Miscellaneous.				
United States Trust Co.	5	—	Company's Office	

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week
Bank Shares	71	49	321	81	495	165	1,182
Railroad shares, viz.							
Central of New Jersey			5				5
Chicago & Alton			50		150		200
Chic. Burl. & Quincy		10	25				35
Chicago & Northwestern	5,000	7,800	14,200	6,230	10,240	9,100	52,570
do do Pref.	1,600	8,600	5,400	2,135	11,000	10,130	38,865
Chic., Rock Is. & Pacific	2,000	7,425	4,300	4,109	7,050	8,000	32,884
Clev., Col. and Cincinnati				20			20
Cleveland & Pittsburg	7,200	8,400	14,200	14,000	7,100	5,200	56,100
Cleveland and Toledo	300	1,000	700	1,200	200	800	4,200
Del. Lacka & West. script					200		200
Erie Railway	6,300	10,000	10,000	24,500	31,900	27,300	110,000
do do pref.	40	100		150	200	100	590
Hau. & St. Joseph pref.				100			100
Hudson River	300	100		100	600	700	1,800
Illinois Central	420	425	625	783	500		2,753
Michigan Central	208	10	206	730	453	453	2,060
Michigan Southern	4,700	8,510	9,000	4,560	7,800	4,400	38,910
New York and N. H.				23			23
Milwaukee & St. P.	600	3,170	200	2,900	3,300	1,520	11,690
do do pref.	2,100	3,200	900	5,100	3,400	1,200	15,900
Morris and Essex				70			70
New York Central	3,450	3,500	5,350	4,900	12,940	7,700	37,840
Ohio & Mississippi (\$100)	1,150	1,650	1,050	3,430	3,600	2,000	12,880
Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic.	500	613	645	4,700	4,300	2,250	13,005
Panama		28	25				53
Reading	1,800	4,125	3,315	2,900	5,273	5,520	20,633
St. L., Alton & T. H.					100		100
Tol., Wabash & West'n	2,800	2,500	3,000	1,400	1,200	800	11,700
do do pref.	400	200				500	1,100
Miscellaneous shares, viz.:							
Coal—Central						200	200
" Cumberland	100	2,400	4,000	2,900	3,700	1,000	14,100
" Del. & Hudson		25		9	8		42
" Spring Mountain				200			200
" Wilkesbarre				500	1,500	200	1,200

Gas—Manhattan	48	600	900	500	400	6,100
Mining—Mariposa	1,100	2,600	1,100	2,300	1,700	8,300
" Pref.	1,500	700	1,400	4,035	2,500	10,235
Quicksilver	300	500	1,500	400	500	6,900
Improvement—Bost. W. Pow	1,200	700	1,500	2,600	500	6,900
Brunswick				1,300	240	1,540
Canton				700	3,100	4,600
Canton				9,145	8,417	7,200
Telegraph—West'n Union	3,450	6,350	9,145	8,417	8,275	7,200
Steamship—Atlantic Mail	300	500	1,000	1,000	1,900	6,500
Pacific Mail	305	812	1,500	3,105	3,300	11,172
Express—Adams	400	100	100	350	1,000	3,990
American	10			6	12	28
Merchants'	175	185			50	360
United States	7					7
Wells, Far. & Co.	200	100		150	470	1,320

The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881	\$15,000	\$62,000	\$156,000	\$105,000	\$172,000	\$510,000	
U. S. 6's (5-20's)	99,000	863,600	619,900	955,100	461,900	421,000	2,950,500
U. S. 6's (old)			2,000				2,000
U. S. 5's (10-40's)	136,000	111,000	38,000	104,000	37,000	426,000	
U. S. 5's (old)		20,000	3,000	3,000	2,000	83,000	
U. S. 7-30 notes	157,250	71,500	661,500	441,500	665,000	168,000	2,137,750
State Bonds, viz.:							
California 7's					2,000		2,000
Georgia 7's		2,000	1,000			5,000	8,000
Indiana 5's				3,000			3,000
Missouri 6's	41,000	52,000	34,000	94,000	60,000	87,000	358,000
New York 6's		15,000			2,000		17,000
" 7's	5,000				5,000		10,000
N. Carolina 6's	5,000	7,000	8,000	5,000	6,000	20,000	51,000
Tennessee 6's	30,000	27,000	31,000	33,000	183,000	40,000	344,000
Virginia 6's						1,000	1,000
City Bonds, viz.:							
Brooklyn 6's						5,000	5,000
Company Bonds, viz.:							
Railroad	19,000	25,000	56,500	44,500	46,000	17,000	208,000

FRIDAY, July 12, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The condition of the market throughout the week has been that of extreme ease. The banks commence the week with a large increase of deposits, and a moderate addition to their leg 1 tenders; and their condition since has probably not materially varied, although the exchanges at the Western cities are now against us, and may be expected to take a certain amount of currency from this centre.

The demand for accommodation at the banks has been very limited, and has been confined very much to brokers loans. The wants of demand borrowers have been met mostly at 5 per cent. on stocks, and 4 per cent. on Government s.

In discounts the transactions are very light. Strictly prime paper passes readily at 6@7 per cent., but is very scarce. Paper not exactly A1 is scrutinize somewhat closely, the occurrence of two important failures in the dry goods trade, during the week, having increased the caution of buyers.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months	7 @ 8
Loans on bonds & mort.	6 @ 7	do single names	9 @ 10
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months	6 @ 7	Lower grades	11 @ 15

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The market for governments has been excited. There has, perhaps, been less demand from investors than last week, and the purchases for shipment have been quite light. But a very active speculation has been maintained on brokers own account, under which prices have advanced fully 1 per cent. on most securities. Sixty-two's and Ten-forties being the principal exceptions. This morning there was a reaction in the temper of the market. The brokers do not appear to have the courage to bid up prices further, and the advance has at the same time increased the number of sellers and diminished that of buyers. The market consequently closes weak at ½@¾ per cent. below the figures of the morning.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	May 31.	June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	July 5.	July 12
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.	112%	112%	112%	113	x.c.109%	110%
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons	109%	110%	110%	111	x.c.111%	111%
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	105%	106%	107	107%	108%	109%
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	106%	107%	107%	107%	108%	109%
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.	108%	109%	109%	110%	x.c.107%	108%
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.						107%
U. S. 10-40's	99%	100%	100%	100%	102%	102%
U. S. 7-30's 1st series	106%	106%	106%	106%	107%	108%
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	105%	105%	106%	106%	107	168
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series	105%	105%	106%	106%	107	108

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—There has been some irregularity in the course of the stock market, but, on the whole, the tone of business has been buoyant and transactions large. Early in the week an active opposition to the upward movement was started in behalf of a well-known Erie director, who, report has it, is largely short of the stock of that road. The effect was to temporarily check the buoyancy of the market. Subsequently prices

bounded up 2@4 per cent., and yesterday the speculative excitement in the market exceeded anything witnessed since 1864. This morning, however, the market opened weak, perhaps owing equally to sales for the purpose of realizing profits, and to an effort to depress prices, in order to get in stocks at lower figures. On the whole, prices this evening vary but little from those of last Friday. The market, however, appears to be destined to a further advance in prices. There are few disposed to sell short at present figures, and the disposition to buy is almost as strong as at the commencement of the advance. Outside operators are coming into the street, and buy apparently with much confidence.

The business at the two stock boards for the current week amounted to 590,672, against the previous week's business 469,202 shares. The principal stocks sold were—Chicago and Northwestern, common 52,570 and preferred 38,865; Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 32,884; Cleveland and Pittsburg 56,100; Erie 110,000; Michigan Southern 39,910; Milwaukee and St. Paul—common 11,690 and preferred 15,900; New York Central 37,840; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago 13,005; Reading 20,633. The miscellaneous stocks sold amounting to—Coal, 15,742; Mining, 24,635; Improvement, 19,675; Telegraph, 42,837; Steamship, 16,674, and Express 5,595, in the week's aggregate 125,202 against last week's aggregate 73,438.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	May 31.	June 7.	June 14.	June 21.	June 28.	July 5.	July 12
Cumberland Coal	25	25	30	30	33	33	40
Quicksilver	43	25	28	27	31	32	33
Canton Co.	20	20	20	19	21	24	48
Mariposa pref.	98	100	101	102	104	105	105
New York Central	58	60	60	59	66	68	70
Erie	102	109	108	108	109	109	110
Hudson River	103	105	106	107	109	110	103
Reading	68	68	68	70	78	81	79
Mich. Southern	111	113	x.d.107	110	110	110	110
Michigan Central	75	76	76	77	84	86	91
Clev. and Pittsb.	119	118	120	120	121	119	119
Clev. and Toledo	33	34	34	35	42	45	44
Northwestern	57	58	59	59	65	67	68
" preferred	87	88	89	90	95	97	97
Rock Island	96	99	97	98	103	100	101
Fort Wayne	115	119	120	121	122	122	101
Illinois Central							

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	71	49	321	81	495	165	1,182
Railroad	38,868	70,663	73,196	84,680	109,206	87,073	464,286
Coal	100	2,425	4,000	3,609	4,208	1,100	15,742
Mining	2,906	3,800	3,000	7,235	4,700	3,000	24,635
Improv't	1,200	1,400	4,600	5,700	5,775	1,000	19,675
Telegraph	3,450	6,350	9,145	8,417	8,275	7,200	42,837
Steamship	605	1,312	2,500	4,105	4,200	3,950	16,672
Express	792	335	100	500	1,922	1,940	5,595
Gas			48				48
At Regular Board	16,336	34,534	49,295	51,473	70,438	31,608	256,684
At Open Board	31,650	51,800	47,615	62,860	68,343	71,720	333,988
Total current week	47,986	86,334	96,910	114,333	138,781	106,328	590,672
Total Previous w'k.	96,381	136,138	77,993	78,096		80,634	460,242

The transactions in shares weekly since May 3 are shown in the following statement:

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail-rod.	Coal.	Min-ing.	Im-prov't.	Tele-graph.	Steam-ship.	Other.	Total.
May 3	528	465,847	505	6,160	12,150	14,084	12,700	4,946	516,920
10	11,761	371,270	2,463	3,300	10,150	14,247	17,491	5,680	425,777
17	827	294,415	1,151	3,620	7,500	7,925	8,916	9,358	333,713
24	826	293,377	2,163	5,600	6,950	7,870	15,875	6,007	338,679
31	934	290,750	1,583	4,000	10,050	5,254	11,828	9,033	333,437
June 7	1,828	314,512	1,381	7,810	9,350	10,177	17,148	6,212	368,418
14	653	397,920	2,586	9,978	10,005	16,517	23,295	6,661	467,615
21	681	224,243	819	2,825	2,500	6,253	11,915	15,395	264,661
28	422	537,561	3,436	10,400	9,430	15,702	22,868	25,841	625,660
July 5 (5 days)	298	395,506	4,466	23,425	4,850	23,753	8,600	8,344	469,242
12	1,182	464,286	15,742	24,635	19,675	42,837	16,672	5,643	590,672

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds old at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$39,000	\$514,600	\$364,900	1,182,100	733,900	632,000	\$4,026,500
U. S. Notes	157,259	71,500	651,500	44,500	665,000	163,000	2,137,750
State & City b'nds	81,000	103,000	74,000	125,000	258,000	158,000	799,000
Company B'nds	10,000	25,000	56,500	44,500	46,000	17,000	2,800
Total Cur. w'k.	\$356,250	714,100	1,086,900	1,766,100	1,702,900	975,000	7,171,250
Previous week	246,000	630,000	411,000	645,100		639,900	2,672,000

The totals, weekly, since May 3 are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending	Gov't Bonds.	Notes.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount
May 3	3,918,600	14,100	643,000	203,000	4,910,700
10	4,628,800	567,200	520,000	238,500	5,954,500
17	3,363,900	22,000	682,800	223,200	4,291,900
24	4,355,300	85,100	515,000	158,100	5,113,400
31	1,905,600	333,500	808,500	218,500	3,266,100
June 7	3,172,650	68,500	744,000	158,000	4,143,150
14	3,585,350	161,500	795,250	233,000	4,775,100
21	3,801,600	366,100	495,000	153,000	4,815,600
28	2,319,650	491,850	664,700	165,000	4,641,200
July 5	3,596,500	441,500	437,000	97,000	4,572,000
12	4,026,500	2,137,750	797,006	208,000	7,171,250

THE GOLD MARKET.—The market has been firm but without any special activity. The exports have been unexpectedly large, apparently owing to the remittance of interest falling due on the 1st July. It would be difficult to discover any other reason for the advance of the price to 139 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{3}{4}$, the figure touched this morning. At the beginning of the week there was a disposition to sell gold "short," but at the close we perceive no indications of an oversold market, gold being abundant for delivery and loans being made "flat" to 1 per cent.

The fluctuations in the gold market during the week closing with Friday are shown in the following table:

	Open-ing.	Lowest.	High-est.	Range.	Clos-ing.	Tone of Market.
Saturday, July 6	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	139	Firm.
Monday	139	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	139	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	Quiet.
Tuesday	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	Quiet.
Wedn'day	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	Steady.
Thursday	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	Firm.
Friday	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	Steady.
Current week	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Previous week	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	138	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Jan. 1 to date	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	

The movement in coin and bullion at this port for the week ending Saturday, July 6, was as shown in the following formula:

Specie in banks Saturday, June 29	\$7,768,596
Treasure receipts from California	\$804,250
Import of coin and bullion from foreign ports	18,024
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury	5,669,900
Total reported supply for week	6,492,174
Export of coin and bullion to foreign ports	\$1,534,861
Paid into U. S. Treasury on account of customs	1,610,006
Apparent excess of supply for week	\$11,116,303
Specie in banks Saturday, July 6	10,853,171
Excess of reported supply (gone into private hands)	\$263,132

The transactions for the last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

July	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
1	\$406,975 80	\$5,403,675 54	\$5,253,330 70	\$1,140,344 84
2	337,040 26	8,405,315 46	1,345,056 23	3,782,180 88
3	288,474 66	2,995,498 94	3,782,180 88	1,536,004 03
4	257,000 00	1,621,967 21	1,536,004 03	1,138,820 08
5	320,515 50	1,595,613 15	1,138,820 08	1,305,391 92
6			1,305,391 92	132,459,740 04
Total	\$1,610,006 22	\$15,022,070 30	\$13,055,391 92	132,459,740 04
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of July 1				
Deduct payments during the week			\$145,514,561 96	15,022,070 30
Balance on Saturday evening			15,022,070 30	
Increase during the week				\$130,492,491 66
Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$2,023,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$91,000 in gold, and \$1,519,006 in Gold Certificates.				1,966,678 38

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since May 4:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Payments.	Sub-Treasury Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
May 4	\$2,190,166	\$37,933,020	\$28,401,654	\$110,334,049	Dec. \$9,531,366
11	1,116,949	23,272,343	40,177,571	122,239,278	Inc. 11,905,228
18	2,068,648	16,507,815	22,966,533	128,697,997	Inc. 6,458,719
25	2,006,097	17,042,109	20,625,333	132,281,220	Inc. 3,583,223
June 1	1,955,086	27,547,745	18,850,257	123,583,732	Dec. 8,691,487
8	1,789,140	8,347,553	18,850,257	134,112,919	Inc. 10,519,186
15	1,895,713	17,331,277	17,834,628	134,616,271	Inc. 503,351
22	2,039,064	14,932,695	12,446,169	132,129,745	Inc. 2,486,526
29	1,726,400	25,086,873	25,416,297	132,459,170	Inc. 329,425
July 6	1,610,006	15,022,070	13,055,392	130,492,492	Dec. 1,966,678

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—There has been a decided scarcity of bills for steamers of Wednesday and to-morrow. For Wednesdays' mail the ruling rate for 60 days' bankers sterling was 110 $\frac{1}{2}$; for to-morrow's the majority of transactions have been done at 110 $\frac{1}{2}$, at which the market closes firm.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	June 21.	June 28.	July 5.	July 12.
London Com'l.	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109$\frac{1}{2}$@ 109$\frac{1}{2}$	109$\frac{1}{2}$@ 109$\frac{1}{2}$	109$\frac{1}{2}$@ 109$\frac{1}{2}$
do bkrs' l'ng	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do shrt	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110$\frac{1}{2}$@ 110$\frac{1}{2}$	110$\frac{1}{2}$@ 110$\frac{1}{2}$	110$\frac{1}{2}$@ 110$\frac{1}{2}$
Paris, long	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$
do short	5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.10	5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.10	5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.08 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.08 $\frac{1}{2}$
Antwerp	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.15	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.08 $\frac{1}{2}$
Swiss	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$		
Hamburg	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$		
Amsterdam	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$	41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$
Frankfort			41 $\frac{1}{2}$ @	

Table listing various banks and their financial details, including columns for Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, and Deposits. Includes entries for Tradesmen's, Fulton, Chemical, National, etc.

Total. 82,520,200 246,361,237 10,853,171 33,669,397 191,524,312 71,196,472
Clearings for the week ending June 29, 1867. \$493,944,354 22
Clearings for the week ending July 6, 1867. 494,081,990 06

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:
Loans..... Inc. \$3,819,283 Deposits..... Inc. \$5,311,055
Specie..... Inc. 3,084,175 Legal Tenders..... Inc. 1,021,717
Circulation..... Inc. 126,837

Table showing totals for a series of weeks past, with columns for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings. Includes dates from May 4 to July 9.

The following table shows the monthly range of sales of bank stocks at the New York Exchange Board of Brokers for the first six months of the current year:

Table showing monthly range of sales of bank stocks from January to June. Columns include Bank Name, January, February, March, April, May, and June.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks:

Table showing totals of leading items for Philadelphia Banks for June 22, June 29, and July 6. Includes items like Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, etc.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table showing condition of Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks, with columns for Date, Legal Tenders, Loans, Specie, Circulation, and Deposits. Includes dates from June 1 to July 6.

BOSTON BANKS—The following are the footings of the last Boston Banks' statement compared with those of the three previous weeks:

Table showing footings of Boston Banks' statement compared with three previous weeks. Columns include Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Due from other banks, Deposits, Circulation (National), and Circulation (State).

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing comparative totals for a series of weeks past, with columns for Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, National, and State. Includes dates from June 3 to July 8.

BANK STOCK LIST.

Large table listing various bank companies, their capital, dividends, and Friday bid/ask prices. Includes companies like America, American Exchange, Atlantic, Bowery, Broadway, etc.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JULY 12.)

Table with columns for Stocks and Securities, categorized into National, State, Municipal, and Miscellaneous Shares. It includes sub-sections for Railroad Stocks and Railroad Bonds, listing various companies and their stock prices across days of the week (Sat., Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri.).

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 12.

The markets the past week have been moderately active and general trade has been at a fair average, with a strong feeling as regards prices, but without any especial animation or buoyancy to be noted, except in one or two leading staples.

In Provisions we note a decided advance, in all kinds of Hog Products with considerable activity, partly speculative. Mess Pork closed at \$23 25. Prime Kettle Lard 12 1/2c. Cumberland Bacon 11c., but in dry salted Meats the advance is fully one cent per lb., closing firm.

Wool is coming forward slowly and prices are well supported by a steady though moderate demand for consumption.

Freights have been fairly active, and rates for British ports have at the close a slight upward tendency.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since January 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending July 5, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows :

Table with columns: This week, Since Jan. 1, Same time '66. Rows include Ashes, Breads, Flour, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Malt, Barley, Grass seed, Flaxseed, Beans, Peas, C. meal, B.W. flour, Cotton, Copper, Driedfruit, Grease, Hemp, Hides, Hops, Leather, Lead, Molasses, Naval Stores, Spirits.

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending July 5, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the correspond ing period in 1866 :

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

Table with columns: For week, Since Jan. 1, Same time 1866. Rows include Buttons, Coal, Cocoa, Coffee, Cotton, Drugs, Bark, Blea, Brimst., Cochineal, Cr Tartar, Gambier, Gums, Gum, Indigo, Madder, Oils, Oil Olive, Opium, Soda, Soda ash, Flax, Furs, Gunny cloth, Hair, Hemp, Hides, India rubber, Ivory, Jewelry, Watches, Linseed, Molasses, Metals, Cutlery.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given :

Large table with columns: Same time 1866, Total since Jan. 1, 1867, Total this week, Other S. All oth. Ports, Brazil, Guiana, Vene. zuela, Mex. ico, Other W. Indies, Haydt., Cuba, Aus. Br. N. A., China, Japan, Europe, Ger. many, Holland, France, Britain, Breadstuffs, Flour, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn, Peas, Candles, Coal, Coffee, Cotton, Domestic, Drugs, Hardware, Hops, Naval stores, Oil cake, Oils, Petroleum, Sperm oil, Lard oil, Provisions, Beef, Bacon, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Tallow, Tea, Tobacco, do, Whalebone.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

We have this week a still further decrease in the receipts of cotton at all the ports, the total reaching only 7,932 bales (against 9,186 bales last week, 10,023 bales the previous week and 10,952 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate receipts since Sept. 1, this year 1,823,023 bales, against 1,975,197 bales for the same period in 1865-6. The details of the week's receipts are as follows:

Received this week at*—	Receipts.	Received this week at—	Receipts.
New Orleans.....	2,156	Florida.....	68
Mobile.....	445	North Carolina.....	114
Charleston.....	1,737	Virginia.....	320
Savannah.....	1,334		
Texas.....	1,181	Total receipts for week.....	7,932
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	677		

The aggregate receipts at all the ports for the corresponding week of 1866 was 10,464 bales. In the exports there is a considerable decrease this week, the total reaching 24,257 bales, against 36,688 bales last week and 14,556 bales the previous week. Below we give the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

	-Exported this week to-						
From	Liverpool.	Havre.	Bor-deaux.	Barce-lona.	Bremen.	Hamb-urg.	Total.
New York.....	4,322	371	...	...	465	727	5,885
Boston.....	621	...	...	...	...	...	621
New Orleans.....	6,330	...	49	344	...	...	6,773
Mobile.....	4,628	...	...	...	...	...	4,628
Charleston.....	...	...	185	...	...	...	185
Savannah.....	3,299	...	...	...	...	...	3,299
Galveston.....	2,866	...	...	...	...	...	2,866
Total this week.....	22,116	371	234	344	465	727	24,257

For the corresponding week in 1866 the shipments from all the ports amounted to only 6,317 bales. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1 now amount to 1,480,367 bales, against 1,466,015 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks reach only 207,356 bales, against 347,207 bales at the same time in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, July 5..	704,818	387,425	155,953	48,376	591,754	220,658	56,107
Mobile, July 5.....	227,870	141,969	4,362	3,506	149,837	59,546	12,785
Charleston, July 5..	149,461	74,174	3,524	740	78,438	78,935	3,229
Savannah, July 5..	225,653	105,763	959	...	106,722	103,901	8,838
Texas, June 28....	173,002	58,303	...	7,798	66,101	82,907	10,967
New York, July 12†	113,655	356,003	27,572	59,642	443,217	...	80,090
Florida, July 5†...	57,073	3,011	...	...	3,011	39,149	480
N. Carolina, July 12	37,505	534	...	...	534	36,972	...
Virginia, July 12...	103,005	12,901	...	...	12,901	89,715	...
Other ports, July 12†	30,981	27,531	...	321	27,852	...	\$35,000
To all.....	1,823,023	1,167,614	192,370	120,333	1,480,367	711,783	207,356

The market this week has been very quiet but firm all the week. The reduced stocks in this and the Southern markets (the total now reaching only 207,000 bales), and the continued reduction of these stocks by large shipments to Europe, have raised the question where our domestic spinners are to procure supplies for the next two or three months, when the receipts at the ports drop down to the minimum figures. Hence prices have rather strengthened in the face of a decline of a half-penny in Liverpool, and continued dull accounts from that point and from Manchester. Some speculative confidence has been developed during the week, money being very easy, but the demand for spinning has been very light. The important features in the dry goods market have temporarily checked operations on the part of manufacturers, but stocks are generally light with them, and continued production must soon bring them into the market. The sales of the week are about

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact, as some of our readers fail to understand it. † The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated. ‡ These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida to June 21, except Apalachicola, which are only to June 14. § Estimated. The stock at New York is also estimated.

10,500 bales, the market closing quiet but firm at the following quotations:

Ordinary.....	21	Upland.	21	Florida.	21	Mobile.	21	N. Orleans & Texas	21
Good Ordinary.....	22		22		23		23		23
Low Middling.....	24		24		25		25		25
Middling.....	26½		26½		27½		27½		27½
Good Middling.....	28		28		29		29		30

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show a decrease, the total shipments reaching only 5,885 bales, against 12,909 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool, per steamer—City of Cork, 298.....	Palmyra, 804.....	City of Baltimore, 167.....	Denmark, 1,893.....	per ship Thornton, 1,160. Total	4,322
To Havre, per steamer—Fulton, 565. This includes 194 bales, the cargo of the Morning Star, reported as having cleared in the CHRONICLE of June 29, but subsequently put back in distress. Total bales.....					371
To Bremen, per steamer—New York, 465. Total bales.....					465
To Hamburg, per steamer—Eutonia, 727. Total bales.....					727

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1866; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1866

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	June 17.	June 24.	July 1.	July 8.		
Liverpool.....	11,737	5,933	7,982	4,322	349,946	367,172
Other British Ports.....	...	...	...	...	6,057	17,963
Total to Gt. Britain..	11,737	5,933	7,982	4,322	356,003	384,134
Havre.....	104	194	274	371	27,566	34,002
Other French ports.....	...	...	...	...	6	88
Total French.....	104	194	274	371	27,572	34,090
Bremen and Hanover.....	823	844	1,898	465	34,941	17,745
Hamburg.....	251	761	1,029	727	15,816	15,097
Other ports.....	75	570	735	...	6,582	6,052
Total to N. Europe..	1,149	2,175	3,662	1,192	56,839	38,894
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	...	...	991	...	1,851	1,880
All others.....	...	...	...	...	952	754
Total Spain, etc.....	...	...	991	...	2,803	2,634
Grand Total.....	12,990	8,302	12,909	5,885	443,217	459,752

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	862	126,782	South Carolina.....	1,206	59,147
Texas.....	650	62,469	North Carolina.....	72	30,929
Savannah.....	1,097	96,240	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	170	74,699
Mobile.....	340	25,847	Per Railroad.....	518	117,982
Florida.....	...	32,262			
Total for the week.....				4,915	
Total since Sept. 1.....					626,357

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1:

Receipts from—	—Boston.—		—Philad'phia.—		—Baltimore.—	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans.....	711	64,771	...	9,992	...	951
Texas.....	...	16,836	...	...	...	407
Savannah.....	978	15,163	...	7,749	184	7,006
Mobile.....	775	29,717	...	1,020	...	200
Florida.....	...	112	...	...	...	...
South Carolina.....	...	6,036	129	2,606	43	7,130
North Carolina.....	...	660	21	1,005	2	2,464
Virginia.....	...	9,633	...	...	...	13,885
New York, &c*.....	612	55,207	...	...	203	...
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c... †	159	30,981	...	...	...	...
Total receipts..... bales	3,235	234,116	150	122,372	451	32,043

* Reshipments. † This does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

There have been no exports this week from these cities except 621 bales from Boston, all of which were shipped to Liverpool per steamer China.

SHIPPING NEWS.—We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports:

Exported this week from—	Total bales	
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ship J. H. Stetson, 3,372.....	J. H. Ryerson, 3,008.....	6,380
To Bordeaux, per bark Bon Fils, 49.....		49
To Barcelona, per brig Antoinita, 344.....		344
Mobile—To Liverpool, per ship Prince Consort, 3,354.....	per schr. A Elwood, 1,274.....	4,628
Charleston—To Barcelona, per brig Polacre Elena, 185 bales Upland..		185
Savannah—To Liverpool, per Alahabad, 2,686 Upland and 618 Sea-Island.....		3,299
Galveston—To Liverpool, per barks Patriot, 730; Brothers, 1,030.....	per schooner King Fisher, 1,106.....	2,866

Total exports this week from Southern ports..... bales. 17,751

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—The mail returns for the week ending July 5, show a small decrease in the receipts, the total for the week being 2,156 bales, against 2,208 bales last week, and 2,395 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 7,954 bales, of which 6,308 bales were to Liverpool, 49 bales to Bordeaux, 344 bales to Barcelona, 350 bales to Boston, 33 bales to Philadelphia, and 798 bales to New York. Stock on hand, July 5, was 56,107 bales. The receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 3, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ps.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Price Mid.	Freights		Price gold.
						To Liver- pool.	To New York.*	
May 3....	5,127	16,400	11,891	134,513	26 @27	17-32@9-15	1/4@-	136 1/2 @136 3/4
" 10....	4,592	19,600	12,364	128,099	25 @26	17-32@9-16	1/4@-	137 @137 1/4
" 17....	4,800	20,150	19,109	115,547	27 @28	17-32@9-16	1/4@-	135 1/2 @135 3/4
" 24....	4,256	10,800	20,719	99,228	26 1/2 @-	17-32@9-16	1/4@-	136 1/4 @136 3/4
" 31....	4,038	13,250	18,285	86,040	26 @-	1/2 @	1/2 @	136 1/2 @136 3/4
June 7....	3,358	11,400	13,871	90,147	@-	1/2 @	1 @	136 1/2 @136 3/4
" 14....	2,038	9,100	14,100	79,686	26 @-	1/2 @	1 @	136 @136 1/4
" 21....	2,395	11,550	6,466	76,751	26 @27	15-32@ 1/2	1 @	137 1/2 @138
" 28....	2,208	6,650	19,112	60,583	26 @-	15-32@ 1/2	1 @	138 @138 1/4
July 5....	2,156	5,750	7,954	56,107	nom.	1/2 @	1 @	139 @139 1/4

* By steam.

The movement in the market this week has been very limited, owing to the discouraging Liverpool advices and the small supply offering. Sales for the week reach only 5,750 bales, and at the close quotations are nominal—we hear of sales of low middling (Liverpool classification) at 23@23 1/4. Domestic exchange has shown but little variation. Bankers checking on New York 1/2 per cent. premium. The rate for commercial has been 1/4@5-16 premium for New York sight. Sterling exchange closed 152 1/4 @153 for bankers.

CHARLESTON, July 6.—The receipts for the week ending July 5 amount to 1,784 bales, against 1,145 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 1,579 bales, (against 3,574 bales last week), of which 185 bales were to Barcelona, 1,237 bales were to New York, 29 bales to Philadelphia, and 128 bales to Baltimore. The receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since May 3, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'rs.	Sales.	Ship-ments.	Stock.	Price of mid.	Freight for Upl'd.		Price gold.
						To Liver- pool.	To New York.*	
May 3..	1,549	1,474	3,105	7,995	25 @....	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	135 @136
" 10..	2,294	580	931	9,458	24 1/2 @25	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	137 @138
" 17..	1,589	881	4,926	6,321	26 @.6 1/2	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 136 @138
" 24..	2,535	476	3,490	5,366	25 @-	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 138 @138
" 31..	1,335	496	1,567	5,611	@-	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 137 @138
June 7..	1,753	937	1,589	5,515	25 @26	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 126 @137
" 14..	1,689	759	1,889	5,665	25 @....	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 137 @138
" 21..	750	431	1,252	5,463	25 @....	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 138 @138 1/4
" 28..	1,145	379	3,574	3,034	24 1/2 @25	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 138 @138 1/4
July 5..	1,784	517	1,579	3,239	25 @26	3/4 @-	1/2 @-	75c bale 137 1/4 @138 1/4

* Steam.

The market this week has been quite steady, though the reduced stock has prevented any great activity. At the close prices for the better grades are somewhat higher, but easier for the inferior qualities, low middling being quoted at 23 cents, and middling at 25@26 cents. Exchange sight on New York is bought by banks at par, and sold at 1/2 per cent. premium. Sterling Exchange \$6 65 for 60 days' bills.

SAVANNAH, July 6.—The receipts for the week ending July 5 were 1,255 bales (of which 21 were from Florida), against 2,407 bales last week. The shipments this week were 4,238 bales, of which 3,299 bales were to Liverpool, 268 bales to Baltimore, and 671 bales were to New York. Below we give the receipts, shipments, prices, &c., for a series of weeks:

Date.	Receipts.	Shipm's.	Stock.	Price Mid.
May 3....	2,264	7,071	17,787	25 @-
" 10....	3,112	3,791	17,108	23 1/2 @-
" 17....	1,872	5,046	13,934	26 @-
" 24....	3,041	1,823	15,082	24 1/2 @-
" 31....	1,654	3,399	13,337	25 @-
June 7....	3,151	5,547	10,812	24 1/2 @25
" 14....	2,421	3,224	10,969	25 @-
" 21....	1,833	608	11,294	24 1/2 @25
" 28....	2,407	2,674	11,027	24 @24 1/2
July 5....	1,255	4,238	8,838	23 @23 1/2

The market has not shown much animation this week, the unfavorable European advices having induced buyers to hold off waiting for lower quotations. At the close the market rules dull at 20c. for good ordinary, 21@21 1/4 for low middling, and 23@23 1/4 for middling. Freights have continued dull. We quote to Liverpool 1/4d. @7-16d. for square, and 1/4d. for round bales; steam to New York 1/4c.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to the state of these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows: *

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—During the earlier days of the week the cotton trade was dull at drooping prices. As the week, however, approached its termination the demand improved, nevertheless, the quotations current to-day show a decline as compared with those current last week. In American cotton there is a decline of 1/4d. to 1/2d., in Brazilian of 1/4d., in Egyptian of 1/4d. to 1/2d., and in East India of 1/4d. per lb. The total sales of the week amount to 60,820 bales, of which 3,190 bales are on speculation, 13,770 bales for export, and 43,860 bales to the trade. The prices current for American cotton at this date and at this period last year are subjoined:—

	1867.			1866.		
	Ordinary and middling.	Fair and good fair.	Good and fine.	Mid.	Fair.	Good
Sea Island....	17	18	20	33	64	27
Stained.....	11	12	14	16	17	18
Upland.....	9 1/2 @10 1/4	11	12 1/2	..	..	13 1/2
Mobile.....	9 1/2 @10 1/4	11	12 1/2	..	..	13 1/2
New Orleans..	9 1/2 @10 1/4	11 1/2	13 1/2	..	..	14
Texas.....	9 1/2 @10 1/4	11 1/2	13 1/2	..	..	14

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph despatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.

Annexed is a statement showing the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date for a series of years:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.		1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Middling—	d.	d.	d.	d.	Middling—	d.	d.	d.	d.
Sea Island....	41	34	27	18	Pernambuco..	29	1 1/2	13 1/2	11 1/2
Upland.....	29 1/2	19 1/2	13 1/2	11	Egyptian.....	27 1/2	16	12 1/2	8 1/2
Mobile.....	29 1/2	..	13 1/2	11	Broach.....	17 1/2	12	6 1/2	7 1/2
Orleans.....	30	20 1/2	14	11 1/2	Dhollerah....	18	12	6 1/2	7 1/2

The stocks of cotton in Liverpool, London and Havre, including the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat to these ports, are now as under:—

	1866.	1867.
Stock at Liverpool.....	Bales 1,014,600	748,670
" London.....	81,548	68,231
" Havre.....	158,86	82,761
American cotton afloat.....	70,000	55,000
Indian.....	665,750	636,560
Afloat to Havre.....	36,943	69,600
Total.....	2,027,727	1,661,212

The exports of cotton from the United Kingdom since the commencement of the year compared with the corresponding period in 1867, have been:

	To date 1867.	To date 1866.	For year 1866.	To date 1867.	To date 1866.	For year 1866.
	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
American.....	131,919	122,711	208,015	East Ind., &c.	207,942	189,804
Brazil.....	37,296	67,520	111,685	China.....	1,457	1,541
Egyptian, &c.	7,168	12,062	19,524	Total.....	393,095	397,207
West Ind., &c.	7,313	3,569	14,813			1,136,565

Of the present stock of cotton nearly 52 1/2 per cent is American.

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

	Sales this week.			Total year.	Same period 1866.	Average weekly sales.
	Trade.	Ex- port.	Specula- tion.			
American....bales.	20,670	4,440	1,770	26,880	743,930	20,940
Brazilian.....	3,350	1,350	..	4,700	164,190	4,680
Egyptian.....	1,760	140	100	2,000	107,460	3,770
West Indian.....	1,580	560	10	2,160	52,880	1,590
East Indian.....	16,470	7,280	1,310	25,060	573,670	12,630
China and Japan..	20	..	..	20	3,320	20
Total.....	43,860	13,770	3,190	60,820	1,645,450	43,650

Imports

	Imports			Total 1866.	Stocks	
	This week.	To this date 1867.	To this date 1866.		This date 1866.	Dec. 31. 1866.
American.....	8,611	919,819	890,568	1,156,130	389,760	444,950
Brazilian.....	2,483	273,139	287,234	404,865	149,190	190,360
Egyptian.....	722	176,705	129,378	200,083	56,380	50,690
West Indian.....	..	60,590	57,541	90,274	26,070	26,530
East Indian.....	18,935	374,620	770,592	1,544,675	125,400	365,950
China and Japan..	..	894	3,994	12,993	1,870	6,120
Total.....	30,751	1,765,767	2,139,217	3,409,020	748,670	1,014,600

LONDON, June 29.—A very moderate business has been transacted in cotton this week. In prices a decline of 1/4d. to 1/2d. per lb. has taken place. The annexed particulars relate to East India, China and Japan cotton:

	1865.	1866.	1867.
Imports, Jan. 1 to June 27.....	Bales. 106,595	190,657	86,008
Deliveries from Jan. 1 to June 27.....	157,696	143,980	81,537
Stocks, June 27.....	57,956	81,548	68,231

HAVRE, June 27.—The demand for cotton is in a sluggish state, and prices are lower. Very ordinary New Orleans sold yesterday at 120f. to 122f. 50c. on the spot.

IMPORTS AND DELIVERIES JAN. 1 TO JUNE 21; STOCKS JUNE 21.

	Imports		Deliveries		Stocks	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
American....bales.	184,233	120,599	81,700	117,276	112,107	47,248
Brazilian.....	39,080	26,577	25,995	24,784	15,198	13,348
Indian.....	85,687	56,507	78,489	72,517	27,928	20,010
Total incl. oth. kinds	321,375	215,172	196,038	225,020	158,866	82,761

PRICES OF AMERICAN COTTON, JUNE 21.

	1867.						1866.
	Very low.	Low.	Very ord.	Ord.	Good.	Med.	
Per 50 k'ls.							Very low.
New Orleans.....	115	120	130	145	160	175	200@
Mobile.....	115	120	128	143	158	170	190@
Georgia.....	115	120	127	135	145	155	175@

ALEXANDRIA, June 19.—The arrivals are small. For the better qualities there is an improved demand at full prices. Inferior cotton is dull. Good middling qualities are quoted at 14d. to 14 1/4d., fair to fully fair, 15 1/4d. to 15 1/2d., and good fair 16 1/4d. to 17d. per lb. The shipments since the 1st of November have been:

	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
	bales.	bales.	bales.
From 9th to 15th June, 1867.....	2,179	435	2,614
Previously from 1st November, 1866....	150,237	30,990	181,227
Total 1st Nov., 1866, to 15th June, 1867.....	152,416	31,425	183,841
Same period last season.....	127,677	27,428	155,105
Do. 1864-65.....	208,884	40,081	248,965

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

The exports from all the ports of crude tobacco this week continue large though somewhat less than last week. For each of the last three weeks the exports of hhds have amounted to over 5,000, making a total shipment of 16,498 hhds. for the three weeks. The receipts, however, continue large, so that the stocks are still on the increase. On the first of July the stocks in New York, Baltimore and New Orleans, amounted to 55,682 hhds., against 43,105, hhds. the first of June, 34,307 hhds. the first of May, and 33,305 hhds. the first of April. Of the shipments this week 1,348 hhds. were to Great

Britain, 1,972 hhd. were to Bremen, 1,627 hhd. to France and the balance to other ports. The following table gives the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

The ports.	Hhds.	Case.	Bals.	Tcs.	Stems	Pkgs.	Man'f.
Export'd this week from					hhd. bales.		lbs.
New York	1,773	780	450	103		68	247,851
Baltimore	2,667						34,444
Boston	30	33	26				
New Orleans	575					41	
Total this week	5,045	813	476	103		109	282,295
Total last week	5,603	2,907	774		288	35	125,104
Total previous week	5,880	1,046	401	24	142	30	333,804

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems	Pkgs.	Man'f.
				hhd. bales.	& bxs.		lbs.
Great Britain	7,843	2,240	157	548		790	1,144,738
Sweden	342				20		
Germany	29,789	25,281	6,576	8	3,186	774	272,944
Belgium	4,896	612					39,807
Holland	12,709	119			472	4	46,411
Italy	10,160	21					17,276
France	5,663	25	99				18,215
Spain, Gibralt. &c.	7,402	1,111				470	606,764
Mediterranean	1,066	61				50	72,605
Austria	14						
Africa, &c.	1,446	805	955			567	113,040
China, India, &c.		1,596	97	15		8	
Australia	15	443		30		1,860	2,309,046
B. N. Am. Prov.	513	191	21			4,449	172,143
South America	179	759	1,531	24		548	455,272
West Indies	757	956	4,797	1		359	557,536
East Indies		372					
Mexico	2	41	92				3,678
Honolulu, &c.		136					
All others						50	8,906
T'l since Nov. 1	82,796	34,272	14,323	626	3,678	774	10,166

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems	Bxs. & lbs.	Man'f.
				crns.	hhd. bales.	pkgs.	man'f.
New York	40,574	30,706	11,876	357	1,943	774	4,625
Baltimore	34,808	51		2	1,735		12
Boston	1,078	3,203	2,231	45			4,299
Portland	20	14					530
New Orleans	5,834		124				
Philadelphia	21	31	47				82,070
San Francisco		238	45				233
Virginia	461	29		222			467
Total since Nov. 1	82,776	34,272	14,323	626	3,678	774	10,166

The market this week has been fairly active, but a good deal unsettled. The reports that have reached us respecting the German tariff have been so conflicting that nothing positive can be made out of them. The late or present tariff is four to six dollars per hundred pounds. It has been or is proposed to be raised to ten dollars, with some excise on tobacco of home growth: but whether these changes have been actually made, and if made, when they go into effect; or whether they are only a proposition yet to be definitely determined, nobody seems to know. The presumption, however, is that they are to take effect at some future time. There has been a large movement in Bremen in anticipation of it, and in this market there has been a good deal of buying of heavy leaf suitable for that market, and they are very firm, while lighter goods have been somewhat neglected, and close a shade easier. The sales the past week amount to about 800 hhd., including light lugs to prime light leaf at 4½@14c.; heavy lugs to prime heavy leaf, 5½@18c., with choice at 20@22c. Domestic Seed Leaf has been in good demand, prices tending upward. The sales embrace the following: Connecticut 76 cases at 20@21c.; 52 do at 12c.; 100 do at 13@14½c.; 103 do and 30 do on private terms; 29 Ohio, 5c.; 81 do 8½c.; 150 do and 122 do on private terms. We hear of nothing in foreign. Manufactured is firm, with an improving but still moderate demand.

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY.

KENTUCKY LEAF (HHDs.).			
Light.	Heavy.	Light.	Heavy.
Common Lugs... 4 @ 4½c.	5 @ 6½	Good Leaf... 10 @ 12½c.	12 @ 15
Good Lugs... 4½ @ 5½	5½ @ 6½	Fine do... 13 @ 14	16 @ 18
Common Leaf... 6 @ 7	7 @ 8½	Selections... 15 @ 16	19 @ 20
Medium do... 7½ @ 9½	9 @ 11½		
SEED LEAF (BOXES).			
Connecticut & Massachusetts		Old Crop.	New Crop.
Fillers	7 @ 10c.	4½ @ 5½	
Wrappery lots	25 @ 40	10 @ 18	
Fine wrappers	45 @ 65	15 @ 35	
New York State Fillers	2½ @ 5	4 @ 4½	
Average lots	8 @ 15	7 @ 14	
Wrappers	15 @ 30	10 @ 20	
Pennsylvania and Ohio	2 @ 3	2½ @ 3½	
Average lots	4½ @ 10	7 @ 12½	
Wrappers	10 @ 30	10 @ 20	
MANUFACTURED.			
Black work—com., tax paid.	25 @ 30c	Fine, tax paid.	80 @ 1 25
good	40 @ 55c	Black work, medium, in bond	8 @ 12c
fine	60 @ 70c	good & fine	14 @ 25c
Bright work—common	25 @ 40c	Bright work, medium	15 @ 40c
good	45 @ 75c	good & fine	50 @ 35c

FOREIGN.			
Havana.—Fillers—Common.	60 @ 70	Havana.—Wrappers	1 20 @ 2 00
Good	75 @ 85	Yara	55 @ 1 05
Fine	90 @ 1 05	Yara, average lots	60 @ 70

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.

From	This week	Previously	T'l since Nov. 1
	hhd. pkgs.	hhd. pkgs.	hhd. pkgs.
Virginia	249	4,014	6,967
Baltimore	200	98	2,819
New Orleans			2,049
Ohio, &c.	4,623	738	34,578
Other			129
Total	5,072	4,850	46,542

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bals.	Tcs.	Pkgs.	Man'f.
						lbs.
Liverpool	569	20	78	103		
London	699	234				12,564
Bristol	51					
Glasgow						7,226
Hamburg		283	184			3,037
Bremen	898	14	116			
Gibraltar	22	180				11,076
Sidney						177,173
Cuba						6,618
Hayti			10			
Other W. Indies	28	4	22			3,317
British N. A. Colonies	6					14,768
New Granada						68
Cisplatine Republic		30				9,102
Argentine Republic		15				2,970
Total export for the week	1,773	780	450	1 3	68	247,851

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the exports for the week, from the other ports, have been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Havre, 1,627 hhd. To Bremen, 1,028 hhd. To Mayaguez, 2 hhd. To Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, 4,444 lbs. of manuf. To Port Spain, Trinidad, 10 hhd.

From Boston—To Valparaiso, 20 boxes. To Africa, 25 hhd. To St. Pierre Miquelon, 33 cases, 1 bale, and 17 boxes. To Hayti, 25 bales. To British Provinces, 5 hhd. and 4 boxes.

From New Orleans—To Liverpool, 29 hhd. To Bremen 546 hhd.

KENTUCKY.—At Louisville the market continues very active, with large receipts and full prices. The number of buyers in the market are increasing. The annual tobacco fair came off last week, with fully 600 hhd. of Kentucky leaf, all of the growth of 1866, contending for the premiums. This fair was conducted on the principle of encouraging the culture and improving the quality of the staple; and the tobacco was sold on its merits. At the premium sales on the 3d July the offerings amounted to 316 hhd., of which 299 were sold, including 1 hhd. Owen County cutting at \$80, 1 Ballard County manufacturing leaf at \$70, 2 Ma-on County cutting at \$55@40, 1 at \$36, 2 at \$35@35 25, 1 at \$34, 2 at \$33, 1 at \$33, 2 at \$31, 6 at \$30@30 75, 2 at \$29, 1 at \$28 50, 8 at \$27@27 50, 7 at \$26@26 75, 11 at \$25@25 75, 8 at \$24@24 50, 11 at \$23@23 75, 9 at \$22@22 75, 12 at \$20@20 75, 10 at \$19@19 75, 20 at \$18@18 75, 16 at \$17@17 75, 19 at \$16@16 75, 27 at \$15 25@15 75, 18 at \$14@14 75, 20 at \$13@13 75, 16 at \$12@12 75, 5 at \$11 @11 75, 9 at \$10@10 75, 1 at \$9 50, 4 at \$8@8 50, 4 at \$7@7 85, 2 at \$6 05@6 50, 4 at \$5@5 10, 5 at \$3 05@4 50. On the 5th the sales were 495 hhd.

The sales and value of tobacco at the four auction warehouses for the month of June were as follows:

Warehouses.	Quan.	Value.	Warehouses.	Quan.	Value.
Pickett	2,108	\$203,752 61	Louisville	1,250	\$174,256 08
Boone	1,738	172,218 10			
Ninth-street	1,416	153,847 89	Total	6,507	704,074 68

VIRGINIA.—The feature of the week at Richmond has been the sale of old Tobacco held for account of the French Tobacco,—324 hhd. sold on the 10th at \$6@24 per 100 lbs., averaging about \$13. There has been no change in the open market.

MARYLAND.—At Baltimore receipts of Maryland have fallen off considerably the past week, owing to the planters being engaged harvesting their wheat crop. The demand for shipment to Bremen and Holland continues very active, and is taken as fast as inspected, at prices favoring sellers. Scarcely anything offering now below sound common. No frosted. Ohio is likewise in active request for France, Duisburg, and Bremen. Sales since our last review amount to 1,410 hhd., and at full former prices. Of Kentucky, 50 hhd. new crop sold, ranging from \$7 to \$20, as to quality. Inspections this week—943 hhd. Maryland (49 re-inspected), 1,149 Ohio, and 54 Kentucky (11 re-inspected), total 2,142 hhd. Exported same period 1,627 hhd. to Havre, 1,028 do to Bremen, and 12 to West Indies. Total 2,667 hhd. We revise quotations as follows:

Per 100 lbs.		Per 100 lbs.	
Maryland sound common.	\$3 50 @ 4 00	Ohio inferior to good com.	3 00 @ 6 00
good	5 50 @ 6 50	brown and greenish.	6 00 @ 7 00
middling	7 50 @ 9 50	medium & fine red.	7 50 @ 15 00
good to fine b'wn	10 00 @ 15 00	com. to med. spang.	8 00 @ 15 00
fancy	17 00 @ 25 00	fine spangled	15 00 @ 20 00
upper country	3 00 @ 30 00	yellow do. & fancy	20 00 @ 30 00
grou'd leav. new	3 00 @ 5 00		
Stock in warehouse 1st Jan., 1867, together with 1,950 hhd. on shipboard not cleared.	19,595	Cleared for foreign ports.	22,522
Inspected this week.	2,142	Coastwise & reinspected	4,497
do previously	29,717		
Total	51,454	Stock to-day in warehouses and on shipboard not cleared.	24,435

MISSOURI.—At St. Louis the attendance was good, but the breaks were inferior, and the market was weak without quotable change in

price. We quote lugs 2@5c., common leaf 5@7½c., medium do. 7½@10c., factory dried leaf 7@11c., dark fillers 4½@7c., bright do. 10@18c., black wrappers 10@15c., good and fine bright leaf 20@45c., fancy do. 50@90c. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

NEW ORLEANS.—The market was fairly active in the fore part of the week, the heavy descriptions being most in request. The rapidly depreciating character of the stock causes factors to hold at enhanced rates, and consequently full prices have generally been realised. The business included purchases for Bremen, France and Spain, amounting in the aggregate to 650 hhds. The close, however, was rather quiet. The sales included low to good heavy heavy leaf at 6½@12½c. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. We quote:

	Light.	Heavy.
Inferior and trashy Lugs.....	4 @ 4½c.	4½ @ 5 c
Good do.....	5 @ 5½c.	5½ @ 6 c
Inferior to Common Leaf.....	6½ @ 7½c.	7 @ 8½c
Medium Leaf.....	8 @ 10½c.	9 @ 11½c
Fair do.....	11 @ 13 c.	12½ @ 13½c.
Fine do.....	13½ @ 15½c.	14 @ 18 c.
Choice selections.....	16½ @ 18½c.	18½ @ 20½c.

Receipts for the week, 590 hhds. Exports for the week: To New York, 72; to Philadelphia, 23; to Bremen, 546; to Liverpool, 29; total, 670 hhds. Stock on hand and on shipboard, 4,328 hhds.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, July 12, 1867, P. M.

The market this week has been exceedingly unsettled. Flour, wheat and oats having advanced materially, while corn has declined.

Good grades of flour, suitable for bakers' and family use, have become exceedingly scarce; and, with very small receipts, and the operations of local millers, circumscribed by the scarcity of sound wheats, prices of these qualities of flour have advanced from 75 cents to \$1.50 per bbl., the better the quality the greater the advance. Lower grades of flour are more plenty, but have advanced 50@75c. per bbl. The receipts from the West are below the average of the previous few weeks, and the supply of California retarded by the operations of quarantine. Advices from the South state that the mills in that quarter are running briskly on the new wheat, but as yet very little flour comes to this market from that direction. Stocks are so low at the South that some time must elapse before her dealers are in a position to spare any considerable surplus. The market closed firm, but with a demand only moderate.

Wheat has presented similar features to the flour market. Prices have advanced from 15c. to 30c. per bushel, the finer the quality the greater the advance. White California closed at \$3.20@3.25, and No. 2 Club \$2.35@2.40. The small supplies received from the South have been sold at \$2.50@3.50, mostly \$3 for prime new red Georgia, at which much more liberal receipts could be disposed of. The market closed quiet.

Corn has been in better supply, but there has also been a good demand from the export and home trade, and at a slight decline the receipts have been promptly cleared off the market and the close was quite steady. The quality of the receipts has somewhat improved, and the range of prices is less extended than it has been for some weeks. The export business has been favored by a good supply of room on the berth and a slight decline in freights—and about two hundred and fifty thousand bushels have been taken during the week for Great Britain.

Oats have advanced and closed steady on a deficient supply. Rye has advanced 15c. per bushel with a good demand. Barley and Peas are nearly nominal.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine.. $\frac{1}{2}$ bbl. \$7 10@ 8 50	Wheat, Chicago Spring
Extra State..... 8 75@11 10	per bushel..... \$1 75@ 2 45
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 10 40@11 35	Milwaukee Club..... 1 50@ 2 60
Extra Western, com-	Red Winter..... 2 35@ 2 75
mon to good..... 8 75@12 75	Amber do..... 3 00@ 3 15
Double Extra Western	White..... 3 00@ 3 50
and St. Louis..... 13 00@17 50	Corn, Western Mixed.... 95@ 1 08
Southern supers..... 9 75@11 75	Western Yellow..... 1 10@ 1 12
Southern, fancy and ex. 12 00@16 00	Southern White..... 1 05@ 1 10
California..... 12 50@15 25	Rye..... 1 40@ 1 60
Rye Flour, fine and super-	Oats, Western cargoes... 82@ 85
fine..... 6 75@ 9 00	Jersey and State..... 90@ 92
Corn meal, Jersey and	Barley..... 1 04@ 1 25
Brandywine..... 5 50@ 6 00	Malt..... 1 50@ 1 65
	Peas, Canada..... 1 15@ 1 30

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

	RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.			
	1867	1866	1867	1866
Flour, bbls.....	For week. 29,145	S'e Jan. 1. 733,955	For week. 55,365	S'e Jan. 1. 1,098,200
Corn meal, bbls.....	3,460	147,310	4,545	168,360
Wheat, bush.....	20,225	779,575	366,805	888,765
Corn, bush.....	588,385	3,869,815	2,278,345	7,080,255
Rye, bush.....	2,180	70,115	135,500	220,735
Barley, &c., bush.....	16,070	295,520	625	445,540
Oats, bush.....	285,115	1,224,725	443,885	2,330,670

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week.....	7,400	22,805	61,941	6,515	835,538	116,406
since Jan. 1.....	13,477	25	19,081	.....	.....	2,000
N. A. Col. week..	2,220	293	.....	.....	.....	1,750
since Jan. 1.....	50,824	19,081	.....	.....	.....	39,814
West Ind. week.	4,062	2,282	.....	.....	.....	376
since Jan. 1.....	123,994	64,184	1,205	63	.....	3,458
Total exp't, week	15,456	2,798	24,257	.....	.....	376
since Jan. 1, 1867	229,496	88,759	86,856	136,887	860,217	126,114
same time, 1866.	507,455	71,697	134,493	199,200	.....	760,374
Since Jan. 1, from						
Boston.....	84,020	11,495	500	.....	2,758	257,925
Philadelphia.....	17,587	16,054	8,302	.....	.....	4,763
Baltimore.....	55,346	30,513	.....	.....	.....	1,911

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT 1, 1866.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	July 5, 1867..	53,037	364,718	7,244,416
New Orleans.....	June 28, 1867..	291	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	" 28, 1867..	.....	3,345	609,051
Baltimore.....	" 28, 1867..	.....	.....	687,899
Boston.....	" 28, 1867..	.....	3,819	300
San Francisco.....	May 28, 1867..	51,273	4,685,942	.....
Other ports.....	June 28, 1867..	19,608	16,332	38,640
Total.....		128,028	5,070,337	8,580,306
To about same period, 1866.....		127,269	1,198,969	9,812,169
do do 1865.....		127,922	2,167,358	344,288
do do 1864.....		987,835	13,411,888	240,220

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Date.	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to July 5, 1867.....		2,164	151,882	11,786	10,360
Other ports, to latest dates.....		19	.....	62,621	.....
Total.....		2,183	151,882	74,407	10,360
To about same period, 1866.....		4,285	245,661	68,111	41,803
do do 1865.....		21,426	.....	97,430	11,485
do do 1864.....		69,037	13,965	256,319	12,535

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN BY CANAL.—The following statement will show about the amount of grain and flour on canals destined for tide water:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Buffalo, 14 days.....	49,820	1,223,700	249,157	.....	.....	.....
Oswego, 9 days.....	1,823	21,120	144,962	13,759	.....	13,511
Total.....	1,823	70,940	1,368,662	262,916	.....	13,511
Previous week.....	1 30	27,720	909,199	246,159	23,600	2,960
Corresp'd'g week '66.	1,360	289,012	2,355,062	563,058	.....	103,598

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending July 6:

Chicago.....	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Milwaukee.....	11,788	31,400	955,703	102,626	750	7,069
Toledo.....	3,082	91,385	15,193	15,774	146	2,241
Detroit.....	1,965	2,350	177,134	5,341	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	3,120	702	3,837	2,790	700	.....
Totals.....	850	1,500	15,000	.....	.....	350
Previous week.....	20,805	127,337	1,166,867	141,704	1,596	9,660
Corresponding week, '66	27,514	100,673	1,170,545	182,605	2,020	8,810
Since Jan. 1, 1867.....	56,897	540,054	1,506,612	546,503	6,673	62,239
Same time, 1866.....	1,305,979	4,479,626	14,326,375	3,254,366	529,827	489,127
	1,653,449	9,684,773	18,225,645	6,511,851	370,705	956,766

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY NIGHT, July 12.

The Grocery trade has been very quiet this week in all departments, with the exception of sugar. This is part from the general consent to neglect business during the hot weather when the people in the country are actively engaged in agricultural pursuits, and but little demand prevails, and part from the light stocks of goods in market and very firm rates at which they are held. Money is easy, and were there larger stocks some speculative business would naturally occur.

TEA.

TEA has been very quiet during the week with, however, no important feature of change to report. Sales have been confined to 3,700 half chests Greens and 1,200 do Japans. We revise our quotations slightly. There have been no imports of tea during the week.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1866, to May 13, 1867, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1.

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

	To Atlantic ports.		To San Fran.		IMP'TS AT N. Y. & BOSTON.	
	May 15 to Jun. 1, '66.	May 13, '67.	May 15 to Jun. 1, '66.	May 13, '67.	Direct at New York.	Indirect at N. York.
Congou & Sou.....	1,869,236	1,137,338	.....	.....	1,448,639	From G't Bri.
Pouchong.....	468,163	472,033	.....	.....	267,493	From G't Bri.
Oolong & Ning.....	10,857,437	9,950,773	.....	.....	10,571,209	16,036
Pekoe.....	12,078	35,944	.....	.....	12,078	From Europe
Twankay.....	11,204	797,849	851,543	.....	573,571	112
Hyson skin.....	66,465	146,595	.....	.....	59,402	From E't Ind.
Hyson.....	33,885	2,065,131	1,390,154	51,832	1,79,542	436
Young Hyson.....	169,347	8,251,297	7,402,576	.....	6,258,118	From oth. p'rts
Imperial.....	45,459	1,825,984	1,313,955	.....	1,599,437	56
Gunpowder.....	33,553	1,934,427	1,631,905	.....	1,726,295	17,127
Japans.....	95,120	5,492,019	6,576,959	.....	4,693,739	.....
Total.....	388,568	33,463,166	30,972,426	51,832	29,946,633	16,244

Dates from Hong Kong are to the 13th of May, the Overland Trade Report says of tea: "Although the new season has not yet opened there are musters of the new crop at some of the ports, and conflicting

accounts concerning their quality. It is clear, however, that a more healthy tone will prevail the market when it opens than last year. Up to the present time it is understood that there is no tonnage engaged in advance for Foochow, and letters from the interior are said to report settlements with the native growers which will enable exporters to lay down their teas at Foochow 8 to 10 teals lower than last year."

COFFEE.

COFFEE has also been extremely quiet, with only a small sale of 500 bags Java to report. Stocks are scarce in first hands, and without receipts for the past ten days there is nothing to give activity to trade in first hands. Prices are unchanged.

The imports of the week include only 409 bags of sundries.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands July 9, are as follows:

OF RIO COFFEE.		OTHER SORTS.	
Import.	Stock.	At New York,	At Bost.
New York, bags..... 333,782	48,948	import.	import.
Philadelphia "..... 10,730	5,200	Java, bags 45,492	8,006
Baltimore "..... 121,897	28,000	Ceylon " 5,000	19,454
New Orleans "..... 55,882		Singapore, " 20,962	3,974
Galveston "..... 3,200		Maracaibo, " 21,196	875
Mobile "..... 5,000		Laguayra, " 23,660	7,648
Savannah "..... 2,500		St. Domingo, " 20,220	8,720
		Other, " 15,771	5,788
Total..... 535,991	82,148	Total..... 152,301	26,291

SUGAR.

SUGAR has continued active for raw during the week, and has been the only redeeming feature of the grocery trade. But with high and firm prices in Havana there has been but small exports from that point and the trade is to-day rather quiet, in part from light stocks, and part from anticipation of an easier market. The sales for the week are 10,500 hhd. Cuba and Porto Rico, principally at rather firmer rates, 1,750 boxes Havana, and 3,118 bags Java. Refined sugar is firm and fairly active at an advance of 1/2 cent.

Imports have been large at New York of Cuba boxes and hogsheads but generally less than an average at the other ports. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba—	Other	Manila	At—	Cuba—	Other
boxes.	hhd.	hhd.	bags.	boxes.	hhd.	hhd.
N. York 7,047	10,133	1,459		Philad'l.	2,088	2,667
Portland 476	725			Baltimore	449	580
Boston	372	159		New Orleans	97	466

Stocks July 9, and imports since January 1, are as follows:

At—	Cuba.	Other	Total	Brazil, Manila.
boxes.	*hhd.	For'gn.	*hhd.	bags, bags, &c
N. York stock.....	38,970		74,871	27,962
Same date 1866.....	88,404		95,807	100,980
Imports since Jan. 1.....	99,577	168,754	29,816	198,570
Portland do.....	1,684	3,788	1,294	13,051
Boston do.....	33,012	25,671	5,082	57,609
Philadelphia do.....	14,794	49,351	31,248	5,200
Baltimore do.....	10,624	13,592	56,447	159
New Orleans do.....	16,857	9,422	32,714	
Total import.....	176,548	270,578	64,023	331,601

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, July 5.—The Weekly Report gives the following, concerning the sugar market: "Owing to the successive favorable accounts from abroad, and the comparatively small stock of low and middling qualities, holders have continued to exhibit much firmness at the late advance, which has placed prices at a range almost beyond the views of shippers. Consequently there has been less activity since our last issue, though prices from actual sales are fully maintained on the basis of 8 1/2 to 8 3/4 rs. per arrobe for D. S. No. 12. High grades continue to sell at cheaper prices comparatively.

The market closes firm, with a moderate business doing. Last year at this time No. 12 was quoted at 7 rls.

The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. week.	Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Since Jan. 1.	Stocks boxes.
1867.....	16,374	11,150	184,798	31,009	933,306	388,846
1866.....	32,335		284,692	56,950	864,661	478,983
1865.....	38,141		224,238	39,565	1,009,264	385,729

MOLASSES.

MOLASSES has been very quiet during the week, and nominally lower figures are excepted. We make no decided change in prices however. The sales are only 900 hhd.

Imports are falling off, and are of comparatively small amounts for the past week. Details are as follows:

At—	Porto	Cuba.	Rico.	Other.	At—	Porto	Cuba.	Rico.	Other.
hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.	hhd.
New York.....	2,269	304			Philadelphia.....	39	20		812
Portland.....	723				Baltimore.....	456	60		62
Boston.....				211	New Orleans.....				

Stocks, July 2, and imports since January 1 are as follows:

At	Cuba.	P. Rico.	Oth. Fo'gn.	Total	N. O.
hhd.	*hhd.	*hhd.	*hhd.	hhd.	bbis.
New York, stock.....	14,150	4,481	565	20,706	102,130
N. Y imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	1,65,700	15,724		479	34,442
Portland.....	33,864	99		4,211	55,628
Boston.....	48,512	2,905		1,300	44,499
Philadelphia.....	42,015	1,184		1,304	12,070
Baltimore.....	10,337	429			984
New Orleans.....	30,303	175			30,378
Total.....	230,631	20,516	28,000	279,147	9,155

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

SPICES continue quiet, with only a light jobbing demand, but prices are maintained.

FRUITS.

FRUITS are dull and neglected for the moment, but nominally without change in prices for foreign dried. Domestic fruits show a better business at easier prices.

Tea.		Duty paid.	
Hyson, Common to fair.....	90 @ 1 05	do	do Ex f. to fin'st 85 @ 90
do Superior to fine.....	1 10 @ 1 30	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair.....	80 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 35 @ 1 50	do	Sup'r to fine. 90 @ 1 05
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair.....	7 @ 1 05	do	Ex f. to finest 10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine.....	1 1 @ 1 35	Oolong, Common to fair.....	70 @ 80
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 40 @ 1 70	do	Superior to fine.....
unp. & Imp., Com. to fair.....	00 @ 1 15	do	Ex fine to finest.....
do	25 @ 1 45	Souc. & Cong., Com. to fair.....	65 @ 80
do do Ex. f. to finest.....	1 55 @ 1 85	do	Sup'r to fine. 91 @ 1 05
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair.....	6 @ 70	do	Ex f. to finest 1 25 @ 1 55
do	75 @ 80		

Coffee.		Duty paid.	
Bio, prime, duty paid.....	gold 19 @ 19 1/2	Java, mats and bags.....	gold 24 @ 25
do good.....	gold 17 1/2 @ 18	Native Ceylon.....	28 1/2 @ 30
do fair.....	gold 16 @ 16 1/2	Maracaibo.....	17 1/2 @ 18 1/2
do ordinary.....	gold 14 @ 14 1/2	Laguayra.....	17 @ 18
do fair to g. cawgoes.....	gold 15 1/2 @ 17 1/2	St. Domingo.....	15 1/2 @ 16

Sugar.		Duty paid.	
Porto Rico.....	11 1/2 @ 14	do	do do 18 to 15 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Cuba, inf. to com. refining.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2	do	do do do 16 to 18 14 1/2 @ 14 1/2
do fair to good.....	11 @ 12	do	do do do 19 to 20 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2
do fair to good grocery.....	12 1/2 @ 12 1/2	do	do do white..... 14 1/2 @ 15
do pr. to choice do.....	12 1/2 @ 13	Loaf.....	@ 18
do centrifugal.....	10 1/2 @ 13	Granulated.....	@ 17
do Melado.....	7 @ 9	Crushed and powdered.....	@ 17
Hav'a, Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9.....	11 @ 11 1/2	White coffee, A.....	15 1/2 @ 16 1/2
do do do 10 to 12.....	11 1/2 @ 12 1/2	Yellow coffee.....	15 @ 15 1/2

Molasses.		Duty paid.	
New Orleans.....	50 @ 6 1/2	do Clayed.....	45 @ 47
Porto Rico.....	48 @ 5 1/2	Barbadoes.....	55 @ 58

Spices.		Duty paid.	
Cassia, in mats.....	gold 40 @	Pepper..... (gold)	21 @ 21 1/2
Ginger, race and Al(gold).....	11 @ 11 1/2	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold)	19 @
Mace..... (gold)	87 1/2 @	Cloves..... (gold)	27 @
Nutmegs, No. 1..... (gold)	84 @ 86		

Fruit.		Duty paid.	
Raisins, Seedless.....	8 50 @	Sardines.....	17 @ 18
do Layer.....	3 70 @	Figs, Smyrna.....	21 @ 22
do Bunch.....	3 60 @	Brazil Nuts.....	8 @ 9
Currants.....	11 1/2 @ 11 1/2	Filberts, Sicily.....	10 @ 10 1/2
Citron, Leghorn.....	27 @ 29	Walnuts.....	8 @ 1 1/2
Prunes, Turkish.....	21 1/2 @ 1 1/2	DRIED FRUIT—	
Dates.....	11 1/2 @ 12	Apples.....	3 @ 9 1/2
Almonds, Languedoc.....	4 @ 4 1/2	Blackberries.....	16 @ 18
do Provence.....	27 @ 30	Raspberries.....	50 @
do Sicily, Soft Shell.....	21 @ 21 1/2	Pared Peaches.....	40 @ 44
do Shelled.....	85 @ 86	Unpeeled do.....	9 @ 10
Sardines.....	27 1/2 @ 28 1/2	Cherries, pitted, new.....	46 @ 48

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., July 12, 1867.

The Dry Goods trade has been irregular and unsettled during the week under review. The occurrence of the National Holiday was hardly over when the more encouraging prospects held out for an early opening of Fall trade were interrupted by the failure of several prominent houses engaged in different departments of the trade. This unsettled confidence among all parties, jobbers holding out of market to see where the matter was to end, and buyers seizing the opportunity to demand and profess to expect lower prices. So that trade has been at an entire stand still in all departments, nor does the close of the week show any signs of immediate recovery, although no panic is anticipated. The heavy decline in prices, and the unusually light trade for the past year, is the reason given for the present inability of these houses to meet their obligations. Added to this the country has been less able to promptly meet their indebtedness than it is expected to be so soon as the coming crops are marketed. The only business is in small orders from the country, and from home buyers to keep up assortments, with a fair export demand. The following are the details for export for the week ending July 9th:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics.	D. Goods.	Domestics.	Dry Goods.
	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.	cases.
British W. Indies.....	13	\$443		
Porto Rico.....	3	133		
Constantinople.....	20	200		
Brazil.....	8	1,174		
Cisplatin Republic.....	11	1,144		
Central America.....		109	10,650	
New Grenada.....		12	4,800	
Argentine Republic.....		2	1,000	
Br. Provinces.....			5	
Total this week.....	55	\$4,894	123	\$16,450
Since Jan. 1.....	5,369	746,580	3,510	751,279
Same time 1866.....	2,222	352,503	2,198	678,797
" 1860.....	60,698			24,887

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are without important feature of change or interest. Standard makes are held at 17 1/2 @ 18 cents. The following are jobbers prices: Atlantic N 3-4 10 1/2, Lawrence H do 12 1/2, Indian Orchard L do 12, Union do 10, Boot H do 11 1/2, Pepperell N do 13 1/2, Indian Head do 14 1/2, Atlantic V 7-8 14 1/2, Atlantic E do 15, Pacific E do 15, Tremont E do 11 1/2, Bedford R do 11, Boot O do 14, Indian Orchard W do 13, Massachusetts E do 14, Lawrence G do 13, Pepperell O do 14 1/2, Indian Head 4-4 18, Princeton A do 17, Pacific extra do 17 1/2, do H do 17 1/2, do L do 16, Atlantic H do 17 1/2, do A do 18, do L do 16, Lawrence E do 15 1/2, do C do 17 1/2, do F do 15, Stark A do 17, Amoskeag A do 17 1/2, do B do 17, Medford do 16, Pittsfield A do 13, Kenebeck do 10 1/2, Roxbury do 16, Indian Orchard B B 14, Broadway best do 14 1/2, Nashua D do 14, Pepperell E do 17 1/2, Great Falls M do 14 1/2, do S do 13 1/2, Sagamore do 12 1/2, Albion do 12 1/2, Dwight W do 14 1/2, Standard do 14, Pepperell R do 16, Laconia E do 14 1/2, Macon do 17, Laconia B do 16, Laconia O 9-8 17, Pequot do 22, Sumac

E do 20 1/2, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 17, do C do 15, Utica 5-4 37 1/2, Utica 7-4 42 1/2, Pepperell 9-4 35, Pepperell 10-4 45, Utica do 70, Utica 11-4 75.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are steady but inactive. Kingston 3-4 9 1/2, Boot R do 11, do H do 12, Lawrence B do 16 1/2, Globe A do 10, Strafford B do 13, Waltham X do 15, Putnam B do 11 1/2, Amoskeag Z do 12 1/2, Great Falls M do 14 1/2, do S do 13 1/2, do A do 15 1/2, do J do 13 1/2, Lyman Cambric do 16 1/2, Strafford M do 14, Lawrence A do 13 1/2, Hill's Semp. Idem. do 19, Boot C do 15, James 33 inch 15, Bartlett 31 inch 15 1/2, Greene G 4-4 12 1/2, Lewiston G do 13 1/2, Pocumtuck do 12 1/2, Putnam A do 13, Newmarket A do 15, do C do 16 1/2, Great Falls K do 16, Bartletts do 19, Constitutional do 12 1/2, James Steam do 18 1/2, Indian River XX do 13 1/2, Attawaugan XX do 16, Lawrence B do 16 1/2, Hope do 17 1/2, Tip Top do 19, Blackstone A A do 15, Franklin do 18 1/2, Amoskeag A do 20, Boot B do 18 1/2, Forestdale do 20, Masonville do 22 1/2, do XX do 24, Androscoggin L do 21 1/2, Lonsdale do 22 1/2, Wauregan do 22 1/2, Bates XX do 25, Arkwright do 23 1/2, Lyman J do 20, Wamsutta H do 30, do O do 30, Atlantic Cambric do 29, Lonsdale Cambric do 31 1/2, New York Mills do 40, Hill do 21 1/2, Amoskeag 42 inch 22 1/2, Waltham do 20, Dwight 9-8 27 1/2, Wamsutta do 37 1/2, Naumkeag W 5-4 20, Boot W do 20, Nashua do 26, Bates do 25, Wamsutta do 42 1/2, Amoskeag 46 inch 24, Waltham 6-4 27 1/2, Mattawamkeag do 27 1/2, Pepperell do 27 1/2, Allendale do 27 1/2, Utica do 42 1/2, Waltham 8-4 37 1/2, Pepperell do 32 1/2, Allendale do 32 1/2, Mattawamkeag 9-4 40, Pepperell do 41 1/2, Utica do 65, Allendale do 40, Monadnock 10-4 45, Waltham do 52 1/2, Allendale do 50, Pepperell do 50, Utica do 70, Pepperell 11-4 65.

TICKS are also quiet but held at steady prices. Conestoga extra 42 1/2, Conestoga C M 37 1/2, Amoskeag A C A 32 inch 46, do A 32 inch 36, do B 32 inch 31, do D 30 inch 21, do C 30 inch 26, Pemberton E 18, Brunswick 16, Blackstone River 17, Hamilton 30, Somerset 1 1/2, Thorndike 18, Pearl River 42 1/2, Pittsfield 9 1/2, York 32 inch 40, do 30 inch 20, Cordis A A A 32 inch 32 1/2, do 4-4 32 1/2, Duck A A 30 inch 27 1/2, Everett 21, Boston A A 27 1/2, Swift River 17 1/2, Eagle 4-4 22 1/2, Albany 10.

STRIPES are also inactive but without change in prices. Amoskeag 25 1/2 and 26 1/2, Uncasville 16 1/2-17 1/2, Whittenton A A 25, do A 3-3 22 1/2, do B B 18, do C 16, Pittsfield 3-3 10, Pemberton Awn 37 1/2, Haymaker 16 and 17, Everett 27 inch 16 and 17, Massabesic 6-3 25 1/2, Boston 14 1/2 and 15 1/2, Blackstone 3-3 15, American 14 1/2 and 15, Eagle 12 1/2 and 13 1/2, Hamilton 25, Jewett City 13 1/2 and 14 1/2, Sheridan G 14.

CHECKS show little or no change from last week. There is a light home trade. Park Mills Red 20, Lanark Fur. 13 1/2, Union 50 4x2 30, do 50 2x2 30, do 20 4-2 27 1/2, do 20 2-2 27 1/2, Caledonia 15 inch 28, do 11 inch 22, Kennebeck 26 1/2, Wamsutta 24, Star No. 600 15 1/2, do No. 800 2x2 20 1/2, do No 900 4-2 24.

DENIMS are in small movement and with considerable stocks, prices are without improvement. Amoskeag 35, Haymaker 28 inch 16, do brown 15, York 28 inch 30, Warren brown 27 inch 15, Boston Mfg. Co. 29 inch 13 1/2, Pearl River 30, Union 16, Monitor 15, Manchester Co. 20, Columbian XXX 33, Arlington 18, Blue Hill 12 1/2, Otis AXA 27 1/2, do BB 25, Mount Vernon 26 1/2, Pawnee 11 1/2.

BROWN DRILLS are in fair demand for export for heavy makes, and at steady prices. Winthrop 14 1/2, Laconia 19, Pepperell 19, do fine jean 19, Stark A 18, Massabesic 16, Woodward duck bag 26 1/2, National bags 31, Stark A do 57 1/2, Liberty do 31.

PRINT CLOTHS are in only very small demand in this market. The last sales reported were at 9 cents for 64x64 square cloth.

PRINTS are in light request for special styles, but the anticipated increase of business at this time is interrupted by the general want of confidence. The new styles offered meet but with little demand. Prices are steady. American 15, Amoskeag dark 14, do purple 15, do shirting 14-14 1/2, do palm leaf 15, Merrimac D 15-15 1/2, do purple 16 1/2, do W dark 18-19, do purple 19, do pink 19, Sprague's 15 1/2 do purple 16, do shirting 16 1/2-17 1/2, do pink 16, do turkey red 15, do blue check 16, do solid 14 1/2, do indigo blue 15 1/2, London Mourning 14 1/2, Simpson Mourning 14 1/2, Amoskeag Mourning 13 1/2, DUNNELL'S 15, Allen pink 16, Gloucester 15, Wamsutta 11 1/2, Pacific 15 1/2, Cocheco 16, Lowell 12 1/2, Naumkeag 12, Hamilton 15-15 1/2, Victory 12 1/2, Home 10 1/2, Empire State 9, Wauregan light 14, Hovey 8 1/2, Troy 8 1/2.

LAWNS and GINGHAMS are dull and rather nominal. Pacific lawns No. 1,400 sell at 20, do do no No. 20, plain black and colors 18 to 25, and Manchester Chambrays at 24 for B, 26 1/2 for C, 31 for D, 33 1/2 for E, and F 38. Lancaster Gingham 23, Hartford 15, Hampden 19, Glasgow 20, Clyde 12 1/2, Berkshire 18, Roanoke 12, Bates 20, Manchester 15.

CANTON FLANNELS are in improved request as the season advances. Ellerton N brown 31, do O do 29, do P do 25, do S do 21 1/2, do T do 25, Laconia Brown 26, Slaterville do 21, Hamilton do 25, Rockland do 12 1/2, Naumkeag do 22 1/2, Nashua A 20, Extra Plush 22 1/2, Arlington 17 1/2.

CORSET JEANS are in fair demand and prices are steady. Androscoggin 12 1/2, Bates colored 12 1/2, do bleached 12 1/2, Naumkeag 17, Pepperell 19, Naumkeag satteen 21, Laconia 17 1/2, Indian Orchard 15 1/2, Rockport 18, Ward 17.

CAMBRICS and SILESIA are in some demand. Washington cambrics sell at 11 1/2 cents, Victory H 10, Superior 8 1/2, Pequot 11 1/2, Waverly 11 1/2, S. S. & Sons paper cambrics at 15 1/2, do high colors 17 1/2, White Rock 15, Masonville 15 1/2, and Indian Orchard Silesias 18, Ward do at 18.

MUSLIN DELAINES are quiet, but prices are unchanged. Lowell 20, Hamilton Co. 23, Manchester dark 20, Pacific dark 20, Armures dark 23, High colors 28, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 23, Shepherd checks 20, Spragues 19, Skirtings 30.

LINSEYS are in rather improved request. Westerly, 29, Park 35 inch 22 1/2, do 60 do 37 1/2, do 65 do 42 1/2, do 75 52 1/2, Miners' Flannel 35 and 40, Rob Roy 24, White Rock 31 1/2, Black Rock 32 1/2.

COTTONADES are in only light demand. New York Mills d & t 55, Farmer's and Mechanics' Cassimeres 45, Pemberton d&t 42 1/2, Great Western 37 1/2, York 22 1/2 to 37 1/2, Whittenden d&t 47 1/2, Everett 25 to 37 1/2, Andover 22 1/2.

FLANNELS are in better supply, looking to more business; prices are steady. Belknap shirting 50, Washington do 50, Rob Roy, rolled 6-4

92 1/2 to 95, Rob Roy 3-4 45 to 47 1/2, Cocheco black and white check 45, Franklin shirting 45, Caledonia miners 35, Pequa, double fold 47 1/2, Bay State, Opera 55, Gilbert's do 62, Franklin do 57, Middlesex do 60.

WOOLEN GOODS are generally improving, but the interruptions of trade at this time leave business generally unimportant.

CARPETS are in steady request at unchanged rates. Velvets, J. Crossley's best \$3 60, do A1 qual. 3 35, do patent 2 85; body Brussels, Roxbury 2 75, do Bigelow 2 60; Tapestry. Brussels, J. Crossley 1 80, Lowell, ex. 3-p 2 00, do super 1 55, do med sup 1 40, Hartford Carp. Co, ex. 3-ply 2 05, do Imp. 3-ply 1 95, do superfine 1 55, Med. and low pri- Ingrain 1@1 30

AMERICAN LINEN is in fair demand at steady rates.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending July 12, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

Table with columns for 1865, 1866, and 1867, showing Pkgs. and Value for Manufactures of wool, cotton, silk, flax, and Miscellaneous dry goods. Includes sub-tables for 'WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD' and 'ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD'.

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 5, 1867.

Table listing various import categories such as China, Glass & E. ware, Bottles, Pineapples, Raisins, Saucers and pres., Jewelry, Watches, Leather, Hides, Bristles, Hides, dress-ed, Hides, undress-ed, Horns, Leather, do patent, Liquors, Wines, &c., Ale, Brandy, Beer, Porter, Rum, Wines, Champagne, Metals, Brass Goods, Chains and anchors, Cutlery, Guns, Hardware, Iron hoop, Iron, Pig, Iron, RR, Iron, bars, Iron, sheet, Iron, tubes, Iron, other, Lead, pigs, Metal goods, Nails, Needles, Nickel, Old metal, Platina, Plated ware, Per. caps, Saddlery, Steel, Tin, bxs, do slabs, Spices, &c., Ginger, Pimento, Stationery, Books, Engravings.

Our General Prices Current will be found on pages 61 and 62.

The Railway Monitor.

NEW YORK AND NEW HAVEN RAILROAD.—The earnings and expenses of this company from operations for the five last fiscal years ending March 31, were as follows :

Table with 5 columns (years 1862-3 to 1866-7) and 10 rows of financial data including Passengers, Freight, Mails, Total earnings, and various operating expenses.

This road (including 15 miles of the Harlem Railroad) extends from New York to New Haven, a distance of 76 miles. It is a double track throughout.

The following shows the mileage of trains, the number and mileage of passengers, and the tons and mileage of freight in each year :

Table with 5 columns (years 1862-3 to 1866-7) and 6 rows of operational data including Trains (passenger), Passengers carried, and Tons of freight carried.

The "general account" showing the total financial transactions of the company for each year, is given in the following statement :

Table with 5 columns (years 1862-3 to 1866-7) and 10 rows of financial data including Cash on hand, Mortgage bonds sold, Materials on hand, and Earnings less expenses.

Table with 5 columns (years 1862-3 to 1866-7) and 10 rows of financial data including Total, Per contra, and various items like Coupons, Loss "Canal R.R.", and Dividends.

The financial condition of the company, as shown on the general balance sheets at the close of each year, is exhibited in the following figures :

Table with 5 columns (years 1862-3 to 1866-7) and 10 rows of financial data including Stock, Bonds due, Bids due, Profit and loss, and Accounts payable.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table with 12 columns of railroad names and 12 columns of monthly earnings data from 1865 to 1867.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and a second set of columns for a duplicate table. Rows include various railroad and canal bonds such as Atlantic & Gt. Western, Erie, and others.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Main table containing stock listings for Railroads, Canals, and Miscellaneous. Columns include Name, Stock outstanding, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), and FRIDAY (Bid, Ask). Includes entries like Alton and St. Louis, Chicago and Alton, Erie, and various canal and miscellaneous stocks.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bennehoff Run, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$300,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various gold and silver mining companies like Alameda Silver, American Flag, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES., Bid., Asked, COMPANIES., Bid., Asked. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: Marked thus (*) are participating, and (†) write Marine Risks., Jan. 1, 1867., DIVIDEND., Bid., Last Sale. Lists various insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American Exch'e., etc.

A man named Lansing has been arrested in Detroit for conspiracy to defraud an insurance company. Lansing and two other young men, agents for a Hartford Accident Insurance Company, conspired with a widow to procure an insurance of \$6,000 upon her husband who had been suddenly killed, and to date it back several days.

Insurance.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY, BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00 Surplus.....255 057 77 Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates. Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President. R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres't. F. H. CARTER, Secretary. J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

Metropolitan Insurance Company,

NO. 108 BROADWAY.

NEW YORK, April 16, 1867.

This Company having reduced its capital according to law, under the sanction of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department to the sum of

\$300,000,

intends hereafter to confine its fire business to the city of New York and vicinity, and will also write Marine Risks on Cargo only, at the office in the Metropolitan Bank Building.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM President.

ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice-President.

Directors :

- Martin Bates, Dudley B. Fuller, Franklin H. Delano, Gilbert L. Beeckman, Joseph B. Varnum, Lorrain Freeman, Edward A. Stansbury, J. Boorman Johnston, Samuel D. Bradford, F. H. Wolcott, P. W. Turney, William T. Blodgett, Charles P. Kirkland, Watson E. Case, John A. Graham, John C. Henderson, James L. Graham, Clinton B. Fisk.

W. R. WADSWORTH, Secretary.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819.....Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets January 1, 1867..\$4,478,100 74 Liabilities.....394,976 96

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1867.....240,482 43

TOTAL ASSETS.....\$740,482 43

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

CASH ASSETS, September 1st, 1866, over \$16,000,000 00.

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries ISAAC ABBATT, JOHN M. STUART.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets,.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-President.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,

a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

- James Freeland, Samuel Willets, Robert L. Taylor, William T. Frost, William Watt, Henry Eyre, Cornelius Grinnell, Joseph Slagg, Jas. D. Fish, Geo. W. Hennings, Francis Hathaway, Aaron L. Reid, Ellwood Walter, D. Colden Marray, E. Haydock White, N. L. McCready, Daniel T. Willets, L. Edgerton, Henry H. Kunhardt, John S. Williams, William Nelson, Jr., Charles Dimon, A. William Heye, Harold Dollner, Paul N. Spofford.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President.

CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.

J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.....278,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent. JONATHAN D. STEELE, President

NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st, 1866

Cash capital.....\$400,000 00

Surplus.....156,303 98

Gross Assets.....\$556,303 98

Total Liabilities.....24,550 00

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.

J. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

The North American Life Insurance Company.

Will Remove to their New Offices,

229 Broadway, corner of Barclay st., on May 1st.

The office now occupied by them, 93 William Street, corner Cedar is to Rent.

Steamship Companies.



SAMUEL THOMPSON & NEPHEWS' BLACK STAR LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS, and National Line of Liverpool and Queenstown Steamers, sailing every week. Passage office 73 Broadway, corner of Rector Street (formerly 275 Pearl Street). Sight Drafts on the Royal Bank of Ireland, payable in all its Branches, and on C. Grimshaw & Co., Liverpool, payable in any part of England and Wales. Bankers supplied with Sterling drafts and through tickets from the Old Country to any part of the United States.

Steamship Companies.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

To CALIFORNIA,



And Carrying the United States Mail.

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and

11st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

JULY:

1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY. 11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA. 20th—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult. An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY Agent.



STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA

via PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month.

First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$316 to \$364 for first class, and \$218 to \$243 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.

Children under three years, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do., in ladies' cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William st., New York.

Financial.

A. M. FOUTE, W. W. LORING, Late Pres. Gayoso Bank, Memphis, Tenn.

FOUTE & LORING,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

38 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET.

Government Securities of all kinds, Gold, State, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to check at sight. Collections made in all the States and Canadas.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 24 BROAD STREET.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight draft.

Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

BANKING HOUSE OF

WHITE, MORRIS & Co.,

29 WALL STREET,

(Established 1854.)

Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Gold Exchange, and Mining Board.

Dealers in Government Securities. Special attention given to Collections. Four per cent interest allowed on Balances, subject to check at sight.

WHITE, MORRIS & CO.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

Western Bankers.

J.W. ELLIS, *Pres.* LEWIS WORTHINGTON, *V.-Pres.*
THEODORE STANWOOD, *Cashier.*

**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of Cincinnati.**

Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH,
and promptly remitted for. Capital Stock,
\$1,000,000. Surplus Fund, \$250,000.
DIRECTORS.—John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L.
B. Harrison, William Glenn, R. M. Bishop, William
Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S.
Winslow.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK
NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,
COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points
and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.
FOR SALE.

**The Marine Company
OF CHICAGO.**

J. YOUNG SCAMMONPresident.
ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections
promptly attended to.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & Co.,

BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MO

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Ex-
change. Collections made on all accessible points
and promptly remitted for at current rates of ex-
change.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities
of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on
London and Paris for sale.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital..\$200,000 | Surplus..\$150,566
Prompt attention given to the business of corres-
pondents. E. D. JONES, Cashier.

J. B. CHAFFER, Pres.
H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. GEO. T. CLARK, Cashier.
**FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of Denver,**

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.
Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000
Paid in Capital - - - \$200,000
Transact a General Banking business, corner of
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CITIZENS' UNION BANK,

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Buy and Sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange
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County, and Memphis Bonds, and past due Coupons.
Particular attention paid to Collections.

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BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON
AND
JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.

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COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchan-
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renders its services to Banks and
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We buy and sell all classes of Government
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special attention to business connected
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Full information with regard to Government loans
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Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes,
State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c.,
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Deposits received and Collections made on
all accessible points in the United States.

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Special attention given to Collections of all kinds,
having prompt and reliable correspondents at all ac-
cessible points in the State, and
REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT
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54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,

Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and
Bank of Liverpool, England.

Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

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and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co.,
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BANKERS,

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and
Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(58 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of
Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and
Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

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VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York.
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all
issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING

6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
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6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN-
MENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

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VERMILYE & CO.

GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,

BANKERS,

No. 18 NEW STREET,

Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry C
Hardy).

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc.,
bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers
and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commis-
sion only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and
collected.

E. S. MUNROE & Co.,

80 BROADWAY & 5 NEW ST.,

Dealers in Government and other
Securities.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency,
subject to check at sight. Members of New York
Stock Exchange, Government Exchange and Long
Room of ditto, and also of Gold Room—where all
orders will be promptly attended to.

John Bloodgood & Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND
OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Curren-
cy, subject to check at sight, and particular atten-
tion given to accounts of country banks and bankers

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
bought and sold at market rates, on commission only.
Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on ap-
proved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase
or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells,
Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks.
All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,
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JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS

AND

No. 3 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all
parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

ANCHORS—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. of 200 lb and upward per lb. 8 1/2 @ ..
ASHES—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb @ 8 75 Pearl, 1st sort... 18 lb @ ...
BEESWAX—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 41 @ 4 1/2
BONES—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin per ton 45 00 @ 47 50
BREAD—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... 7 1/2 Navy... 5 1/2 Crackers... 9 1/2 @ 14
BREADSTUFFS—See special report.

BRICKS. Common hard... per M. 8 50 @ 9 50 Croton... 18 lb @ 20 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 45 lb @ ...
BRISTLES—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n gray & wh. per lb 55 @ 2 00
BUTTER AND CHEESE.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—Fresh pail, per lb, new... 24 @ 30 Ht-ft kin tubs per lb... 2 1/2 @ 26 Welsh, tubs per lb... 20 @ 24 Fine to extra Sta... 20 @ 26 Good to fine Stat... 13 @ 22 Common State... 15 @ 18 Western Butter... 18 @ 22 Grease butter, ark. per lb... @ ...
Cheese—Factory Dairies... 13 @ 14 1/2 do Common... 12 @ 13 Farm Dairies... 12 @ 13 do Common... 7 @ 12

CANDLES—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax... 5; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Sperm, patent... 49 @ 50 Refined sperm, city... 39 @ 40 Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 17 1/2 @ 21 1/2
CEMENT—Rosendale per bl... @ 1 50
CHAINS—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward per lb 8 @ 8 1/2
COAL—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 30 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel. Liverpool Orrel. per ton of 2,240 lb... @ ... Liverpool House Cannel... @ ... Anthracite... 6 50 @ 7 00 Cardiff steam... @ ... Liverpool Gas Cannel... @ ... Newcastle Gas & Steam... @ ...
COCOA—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond)(gold) per lb... 17 @ 18 Maracaibo do... (gold) @ ... Guayaquil do... (gold) 12 @ 13 St Domingo... (gold) 9 1/2 @ 10
COFFEE.—See special report.

COPPER—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... 35 Sheathing, yellow... 24 @ ... Bolts... 75 @ 37 Braziers... 35 @ 37 Baltimore... 23 1/2 @ ... Detroit... 24 @ ... Portage Lake... 2 1/2 @ ...
CORDAGE—Duty, tarred, 3; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... per lb 22 @ 23 Tarred Russia... @ 19 1/2 Tarred American... @ 19 1/2 Bolt Rope, Russia... @ 23
CORKS—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. Regular, quarts gross 55 @ 70 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phial... 12 @ 40
COTTON—See special report.

DRUGS AND DYES.—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 20; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val; Balsam Copaivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Callisaya

Bark, 30 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Aratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below FREE.

Acid, Citric... (gold) 57 1/2 @ 60 Alcohol... @ 4 70 Aloes, Cape... per lb 20 @ 21 Aloes, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 34 @ 4 Annato, good to prime... 55 @ 1 25 Antimony, Regulus of... @ 12 1/2 Argols, Crude... 18 @ 20 Argols, Refined... 30 @ 33 Arsenic, Powdered... 2 @ ... Assafetida... 25 @ 35 Balsam Copaivi... 75 @ 85 Balsam Tolu... 1 25 @ 1 40 Balsam Peru... @ 3 25 Bark Petayo... 60 @ ... Berries, Persian... 38 @ 40 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle... gold @ 4 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... 18 @ 18 1/2 Bleaching Powder... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Borax, Refined... 34 @ 3 1/2 Brimstone, Crude per ton... (gold) 38 50 @ 40 00 Brimstone, Am. Roll per lb... @ 3 1/2 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... @ 5 1/2 Camphor, Refined, (in bond)... (gold) @ 2 1/2 Camphor, Refined... 92 1/2 @ 1 70 Cantharides... 1 60 @ 1 70 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 18 @ 19 Cardamoms, Malabar... 3 00 @ 3 25 Castor Oil Cases per gal 2 17 @ ... Chamomile Flowers per lb 80 @ 45 Chlorate Potash (gold) 72 @ 83 Caustic Soda... 8 1/2 @ 9 1/2 Caraway Seed... 20 @ ... Coriander Seed... 14 @ 15 Cochineal, Hon (gold) 94 @ 95 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd) 90 @ 92 1/2 Copperas, American... 14 @ 1 1/2 Cream Tarar, pr. (gold) 2 1/2 @ 2 3/2 Cubebs, East India... @ 30 Cutch... 17 @ 17 1/2 Epsom Salts... @ 4 1/2 Extract Logwood... 10 1/2 @ ... Fennel Seed... 17 @ 18 Flowers, Benzoin. per oz. 30 @ 60 Gambler... 54 @ 6 1/2 Gamboge... 1 75 @ 2 00 Ginseng, South & West... 55 @ 90 Gum Arabic, Picked... @ 80 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 25 @ 38 Gum Benzoin... (gold) @ 55 Gum Kowrie... 30 @ 36 Gum Geeda... 25 @ 26 1/2 Gum Damar... 40 @ 4 1/2 Gum Myrrh, East India... @ ... Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 55 @ 6 1/2 Gum Senegal... (gold) @ 28 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey... (gold) 60 @ 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 3 75 @ 3 80 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ ... Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 3 85 @ 3 90 Jalap... 90 @ ... Lac Dye... 25 @ 55 Licorice Paste, Calabria 31 @ ... Licorice, Paste, Sicily 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste Spanish Solid... 34 @ 40 Licorice Paste, Greek 30 @ ... Madder, Dutch... (gold) 7 @ 7 1/2 do, French, EXF.F. do 7 @ 7 1/2 Manna, large flake... 1 60 @ ... Manna, small flake... 1 00 @ 1 06 Mustard Seed, Cal... 8 @ 12 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ ... Nutgalls Blue Aleppo 85 @ 37 Oil Anis... 4 50 @ 5 00 Oil Cassia... 3 75 @ 4 00 Oil Bergamot... 6 50 @ 9 00

OIL LEMON... 4 00 @ 4 25 OIL PEPPERMINT, pure... 5 87 1/2 @ ... OPIUM, Turkey (gold) 7 00 @ ... OXALIC ACID... 85 @ 86 PHOSPHORUS... 90 @ ... PRUSSIAN POTASH... 15 @ 86 QUICKSILVER... 78 @ 80 RHUBARB, China (gold) 2 75 @ 3 50 SAGO, Peeled... 7 @ 8 SALARATUS... 20 @ ... SAL AMONIA, Ref (gold) 1 1/2 @ ... SAL SODA, Newcastle... 1 90 @ 2 00 SARSAPARILLA, Hond... 35 @ ... SARSAPARILLA, Mex... @ 24 SENECA ROOT... 40 @ ... SENNA, Alexandria... 27 @ 38 SENNA, East India... 18 @ 30 SHELL LAC... 8 @ 40 SODA ASH (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 65 @ 2 65 SUGAR L'D, W'c (gold)... 28 @ ... SULPH QUININE, Am per oz 2 15 @ ... SULPHATE MORPHINE... 6 75 @ ... TARTARIC ACID... (g'd) per lb 10 @ 51 TAPIOCA... 11 @ ... VERDIGRIS, dry & ex dry... @ 45 VITRIOL, Blue... 10 @ ...

DUCK—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ ... Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ ... Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 per y... 72 Cotton, No. 1... per y... 60 @ ...
DYE WOODS—Duty free. Camwood... (gold) per 100 lb @ ... Fustic, Cuba... 31 00 @ 32 00 Fustic, Savailla... @ ... Fustic, Maracaibo... 25 00 @ ... Fogwood, Hon... 30 00 @ ... Logwood, Laguna (gold)... @ ... Logwood, St. Domin... 1 00 @ 2 00 Logwood, Cam (gold)... @ ... Logwood, Jamaica do... @ 16 00 Limwood... @ 11 1/2 00 Barwood... (gold) @ 75 00

FEATHERS—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 10 @ ... Tennessee... 78 @ 80
FISH—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 6 25 @ 6 50 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 4 50 @ 5 00 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 6 50 @ ... Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... @ 20 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax 17 00 @ 17 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... 17 00 @ 17 25 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... 16 00 @ 16 50 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax 16 00 @ 16 50 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge 8 50 @ ... Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax... @ ... Mackerel, No. 3, Mass... @ 6 50 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1 37 00 @ ... Salmon, ti kled, p. te... @ ... Herring, Scaled per box... 40 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 18 @ 20 Herring, pickled per bbl. 4 50 @ 5 50

FLAX—Duty: \$15 per ton. Jersey... per lb 16 @ 23
FRUITS—See special report.
FURS—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 4 00 do Pale... 50 @ 2 00 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 50 @ 1 00 Cat, Wild... 50 @ 75 do House... 10 @ 20 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 1 00 @ 1 50 do Grey... 50 @ 75 Lynx... 2 00 @ 4 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 2 00 @ 5 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 6 00 Musk rat... 8 @ 30 Otter... 5 00 @ 8 00 Opossum... 15 @ 30 Raccoon... 10 @ 50 Skunk, Black... 30 @ 75
GLASS—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x36 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 3 cents per lb. American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 40 @ 45 per cent. 6x 8 to 8x10... 50 ft 7 25 @ 5 50 8x... to 10x15... 7 75 @ 6 00 11x... to 12x18... 9 25 @ 6 50 12x19 to 16x24... 9 50 @ 7 00 18x22 to 20x30... 11 75 @ 7 50 20x31 to 24x30... 14 50 @ 9 00 24x31 to 24x36... 16 00 @ 10 00 25x36 to 30x44... 17 00 @ 11 00 30x46 to 32x48... 18 00 @ 12 00 32x50 to 32x56... 20 00 @ 13 00 Above... 24 00 @ 15 00
ENGLISH AND FRENCH WINDOW—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick)—Discount 40 @ 45 per cent 6x 8 to 8x10... 50 ft 7 75 @ 6 00

8x11 to 10x15... 8 25 @ 6 50 11x14 to 12x18... 9 75 @ 7 00 12x19 to 16x24... 10 50 @ 7 50 20x31 to 24x30... 15 50 @ 12 00 21x31 to 24x36... 16 50 @ 13 00 24x36 to 30x44... 18 00 @ 15 00 30x45 to 32x48... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x50 to 32x56... 24 00 @ 18 00

GROCERIES—See special report.
GUNNY BAGS—Duty, valued at 16 cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 20 @ 20 1/2
GUNNY CLOTH—Duty, valued at 16 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... @ 23 1/2
GUNPOWDER—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, an 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (A) per 25 lb keg... @ 4 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 4 50 Rifle... 6 50 @ ... Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 36 @ 1 06

HAIR—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mixed per lb 34 @ 75 Buenos Ayres, mixed... 33 @ 84 Hog, Western, unwash... 10 @ 11
HARDWARE—Axes—Cast steel, best brand... per doz 15 @ 17 do ordinary... 13 @ 15 Carpe'ter's Adzes... 24 @ 27 do ordinary... 21 @ 25 Shingling Hatchets, Ct steel, best br'ds, Nos. 1 to 3... 8 00 @ 9 50 do ordinary... 6 17 @ 7 50 Broad Hatch's Stos bst. 15 50 @ 25 00 do ordinary... 12 00 @ ... Coffee Mills... List 10 % dis. do Bri Hopper... @ ... do Wood Back... @ ... Cotton Gins, per saw... \$5 @ 5 less 20 % Narrow Wrought Butts List 5 % dis. Cast Butts—Fast Joint. List 10 % sav. Loose Joint... List. Hinges, Wrought... List 5 % adv. Door Bolts, Cast Bbl... List 30 % dis. Carriage and Tire do List 40 @ 5 % dis. Door Locks and Latches List 7 1/2 % dis. Door Knobs—Mineral. List 7 1/2 % dis. " Porc lain... List 7 1/2 % dis. Padlocks... New List 25 @ 7 1/2 % dis. Locks—Cabinet, Eagle List 15 % dis. " Trunk... List 15 % dis. Stocks and Dies... List 85 % dis. Screw Wrenches—Coe's Patent... List 25 % dis. do Taft's... List 65 % dis. Sm ths' Vises... per lb 20 @ 22 Framing Chisels, New List 37 1/2 @ 40 % dis. Firmer do in sets. List 40 % adv do do handled, in sets... List 40 % adv. Augur Bitta... List 15 @ 10 % dis. Short Augurs, per dz. New List 30 % dis. Ring do... List 30 % dis. Cut Tacks... List 75 % dis. Cut Brads... List 60 % dis. Rivet, Iron... List 5 @ 40 % dis. Screws, American... List 7 @ 40 % dis. do English... List 2 @ 60 % dis. Shovels and Spades... List 5 % dis. Horse Shoes... 61 @ 1 1/2 per lb Planes... List 30 @ 35 % adv

HAY—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 90 @ 95
HEMP—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Lampico, 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed per ton 860 00 @ 370 00 do Undressed... 2 00 @ 290 00 Russia, Clean... 245 00 @ 150 00 Jute... (gold) 105 00 @ 120 00 Manila... per lb (gold) 11 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Sisal... 13 @ 1 1/2
HIDES—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val. Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres per lb g'd 21 @ 23 Montevideo... do 21 @ ... Rio Grande... do 21 @ ... Orinoco... do 9 @ 19 1/2 California... gold 1 1/2 @ 10 California, Mex. do @ ... Porto Cabello... do 14 1/2 @ 16 Vera Cruz... do 17 @ 15 Lampico... do 17 @ 1 1/2 Texas... cur 19 @ 21
Wet Salted Hides—Chil... (gold) 15 @ 16 California... do @ ... Tamp co... do 7 1/2 @ 15 South & West... do 11 @ 12
Upper Leather Stock—B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip per R cash... 28 @ 30 Sierra Leone... do 22 @ ... Gambia & Bissau do 25 @ 27

HOPS—Duty: 5 cents per lb. Crop of 1866... per lb 45 @ 70 do of 1865... 20 @ 40 Foreign... 40 @ 60

IRON—Duty, 10 per cent. Cast Iron... per ton 10 @ ... Pig Iron... 10 @ ... Steel... 10 @ ...

LEATHER—Duty, 10 per cent. Cowhide... per lb 10 @ ... Horsehide... 10 @ ...

MEATS—Duty, 10 per cent. Beef... per lb 10 @ ... Pork... 10 @ ...

WINE—Duty, 10 per cent. Port... per gal 10 @ ... Champagne... 10 @ ...

Horns—Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande... 10 @ 10 25
 Ox, American... 8 00 @ 10 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 Para, Fine... 17 1/2 @ 80
 Para, Medium... .. @ ..
 Para, Coarse... .. @ ..
 East India... .. @ ..
 Carthage, &c... .. @ ..

Indigo—Duty FREE.
 Bengal... (gold) 1 05 @ 1 70
 Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 35
 Madras... (gold) 60 @ 85
 Manila... (gold) 65 @ 1 40
 Guatemala... (gold) 95 @ 1 20
 Caracas... (gold) 75 @ 1 00

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents per lb.
 Railroad, 70 cents per 100 lb.; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents per lb.; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents per lb.; Pig, 99 per ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents per lb.
 Pig, Scotch, No 1... .. @ ..
 Pig, American, No. 1... 42 00 @ 44 00
 Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 85 @ 90 00
 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold)... 92 50 @ 105 00

—STORE PRICES—
 Bar Swedes, assorted sizes... @ 155 00
 Bar, English and American, Refined... 100 00 @ 105 00
 do do Common 90 00 @ 95 00
 Scroll... 132 50 @ 80 00
 Ovals and Half Round 127 50 @ 137 50
 Band... @ 132 50
 Horse Shoe... 127 50 @ ..
 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 105 00 @ 165 00
 Hoop... 137 50 @ 192 50
 Nail Rod... 9 @ 10 1/2
 Sheet, Russia... 18 @ 18 1/2
 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 5 1/2 @ 8
 Rails, Eng. (g'd) per ton 53 @ 54 00
 do American... 79 00 @ 82 50

Ivory—Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 East India, Prime 3 00 @ 3 25
 East Ind, Billiard Ball 3 00 @ 3 50
 African, Prime... 3 00 @ 3 75
 African, Scrivel, W.C. 1 60 @ 2 50

Lead—Duty, Pig, 32 per 100 lb.; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents per lb.; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Galena... per 100 lb @ ..
 Spanish... (gold) 6 10 @ 6 62 1/2
 German... (gold) 6 10 @ 6 62 1/2
 English... (gold) 6 56 @ 6 87 1/2
 Bar... net @ 10 00
 Pipe and Sheet... net @ 10 25

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 80 cent ad val.
 Oak, Slaughter, light... 38 @ 42
 do do middle... 33 @ 46
 do do heavy... 4 @ 46
 do light Cropped... 44 @ 47
 do middle do... 47 @ 50
 do bellies do... 19 @ 21
 Hem'lk, B. A., &c., l't... 30 @ 31
 do do middle... 30 1/2 @ 31 1/2
 do do heavy... 30 1/2 @ 31
 do Califor., light... 29 1/2 @ 30
 do do middle... 29 1/2 @ 30 1/2
 do do heavy... 29 @ 30
 do Orino., etc., l't... 29 1/2 @ 30 1/2
 do do middle... 29 @ 30
 do do heavy... 28 @ 29
 do do & B. A., dam'gd all w'g's... 25 @ 26 1/2
 do do poor do... 19 @ 21
 do Slaughter rough... 37 @ 37 1/2
 Oak, Slaughter rough... 40 @ 42
 do do mid... 37 @ 41
 and heavy... 40 @ 43

Lime—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Rockland, com. per bbl... @ 1 25
 do heavy... @ 1 85

Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.—Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.; Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Spruce, East. 1/2 M ft 20 00 @ 21 00
 Southern Pine... 30 00 @ 35 00
 White Pine Box B'ds 30 00 @ ..
 White Pine Merch... .. @ ..
 Box Boards... 33 00 @ 35 00
 Clear Pine... 80 00 @ 100 00
 Laths, Eastern. 1/2 M 3 00 @ ..
 Poplar and White wood B'ds & Plk. 55 00 @ 65 00
 Cherry B'ds & Plank 80 00 @ 90 00
 Oak and Ash... 60 00 @ 65 00
 Maple and Birch... 35 00 @ 40 00
 Black Walnut... 100 00 @ 120 00

STAVES—
 White oak, pipe, extra... per M... @ 300 00
 do pipe, heavy... @ 250 00
 do pipe, light... @ 200 00
 do pipe, culls. 120 @ 180 00
 do hhd., extra... @ 250 00
 do hhd., heavy... @ 200 00
 do hhd., light... @ 120 00
 do hhd., culls... @ 100 00
 do bbl., extra... @ 175 00
 do bbl., heavy... @ 140 00
 do bbl., light... @ 110 00
 do bbl., culls... @ 60 00
 Red oak, hhd., h'vy... @ 130 00
 do hhd., light... @ 90 00

HEADING—White oak, hhd... @ 150 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free.
 Mahogany St. Domingo crotches, per ft... 25 @ 50

do St. Domingo, ordinary logs... 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt, crotches... 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt, logs... 10 @ 14
 do Nuevitas... 10 @ 14
 do Mansanilla... 10 @ 14
 do Mexican... 11 @ 15
 do Honduras (American wood)... 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas... 8 @ 12
 do Mansanilla... 8 @ 12
 do Mexican... 8 @ 12
 do Florida, per c. ft. 25 @ 50
 Rosewood, R. Jan per lb 5 @ 8
 do Bahia... 4 @ 6

Molasses.—See special report.

Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2; horse shoe 2 cents per lb.
 Cut, 4d. @ 60d. per 100 lb 5 75 @ 6 00
 Clinch... 7 @ 7 1/2
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) per lb 22 @ 32
 Horse hoe, pressed... 20 @ 22
 Copper... 42 @ ..
 Yellow metal... 24 @ ..
 Zinc... 18 @ ..

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 cent ad val.
 Turpentine, f... per 280 lb 4 50 @ ..
 Tar, American... bbl 50 @ 6 00
 Pitch... 4 00 @ 4 2 1/2
 Rosin, common... 3 00 @ 3 25
 do strained and No. 2... 3 37 1/2 @ 3 75
 do No. 1... 4 00 @ 5 50
 do Pale and Extra (250 lbs)... 5 50 @ 8 00
 Spirits turp., Am. per g. 56 @ 60

Oakum—Duty fr., per lb 8 @ 11

Oil Cake—Duty: 20 cent ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls... per ton 55 00 @ 56 00
 do in bags... @ 55 00
 West. thin obl'g, do 50 00 @ 52 50

Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1: burning fluid, 50 cents per gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries,) 20 cent ad val.
 Olive, qs (gold) per case 5 87 @ ..
 do in casks, per gall. 1 60 @ ..
 Palm... per lb 10 1/2 @ ..
 Linseed, city... per gall. 1 85 @ 1 36
 Whale... 67 @ ..
 do refined winter... 75 @ 80
 Sperm, crude... 2 01 @ ..
 do do unbleach. 2 45 @ ..
 Lard oil... 1 12 @ 1 15
 Red oil, city distilled... 60 @ ..
 Bank... 70 @ ..
 Straits... 80 @ ..
 Paraffine, 28-30 gr... 45 @ ..
 Kerosene... (free). 42 @ 44

Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents per lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent per lb; dry ochres, 56 cents per 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents per lb; ochre, ground in oil, 50 cents per lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val; China clay, \$5 per ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 cent ad val.; white chalk, \$10 per ton.
 Litharge, City... per lb 11 1/2 @ 12
 Lead, red, City... 11 @ 12
 do white, American, pure, in oil... @ 14 1/2
 do white, American, pure, dry... 18 @ 18 1/2
 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1... 9 1/2 @ 10
 do white, American, No. 1, in oil... 10 @ 11
 do white, French, in oil... 14 @ 15
 Ochre, yellow, French, dry... per 100 lb 2 00 @ 2 50
 do gr'd in oil per lb 2 @ ..
 Spanish brown, dry per 100 lb 1 12 @ 1 55
 do gr'd in oil per lb 8 @ 9
 Paris wh., No. 1 per 100 lb 2 75 @ 2 8 1/2
 Whiting, Amer... 2 @ 2 1/2
 Vermilion, Chinese per lb 1 25 @ 1 35
 do Trieste... 1 05 @ 1 10
 do Cal. & Eng... 1 26 @ 1 30
 do American... 5 @ 30
 Venet. red (N.C.) per cwt 2 75 @ 3 00
 Carmine, city made per lb 16 00 @ 20 00
 China clay... per ton 34 00 @ 50 00
 Chalk... per bbl 4 00 @ 4 50
 Chalk, block... per ton 2 00 @ 23 00
 Chrome yellow... per lb 15 @ 35
 Barytes... 39 00 @ 42 00

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents per gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. per gal. 16 @ 17
 Refined, free... 35 @ 38 1/2
 do in bond... 25 @ 26
 Naptha, refined... 2 @ ..
 Residuum... per bbl. 3 25 @ 3 50

Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cent ad val.
 Blue Nova Scotia per ton... @ 4 00
 White Nova Scotia... 4 70 @ ..
 Calcined, eastern per bbl... @ 2 40
 Calcined city mills... @ 2 50

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; lams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts per lb.
 Beef, plain mess per bbl... 18 00 @ 24 00
 do extra mess... 23 00 @ 28 00
 Pork, mess, new... 22 00 @ 22 50
 do mess Old... 21 25 @ ..

do prime... 18 75 @ 19 00
 Lard... per lb 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
 Hams... 13 @ 14
 Shoulders... 9 @ 10

Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents per lb.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents per lb.
 Carolina... per 100 lb 11 50 @ 12 50
 East India, dressed... 9 25 @ 9 75

Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents per 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents per 100 lb.
 Turks Islands per bush. 45 @ 48
 Cadiz... .. @ ..
 Liverpool, gr'd per sack 1 40 @ 1 95
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 60 @ ..
 do fine, Worthing's 2 88 @ 2 85
 Onondaga, com. fine bls. 2 50 @ 2 60
 do do 210 lb bgs. 1 50 @ 1 90
 do do per bush. 42 @ ..
 Solar coarse... 50 @ 52
 Fine screened... 50 @ 52
 do... per pkg. @ 3 00
 F. F... 240 lb bgs. 2 75 @ 3 00

Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent per lb.
 Refined, pure... per lb @ 15
 Crude... 9 @ 11 1/2
 Nitrate soda... gold 3 1/2 @ ..

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1 cent per lb; canary, \$1 per bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val.
 Clover... per lb 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2
 Timothy, reaped per bus 3 00 @ 3 25
 Canary... per bus 4 50 @ 5 70
 Linseed, Am. clean per cwt @ ..
 do Am. rough per bus 3 20 @ 3 25
 do Calcutta... gold 2 15 @ ..

Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Drop... per lb 10 1/2 @ ..
 Buck... 11 1/2 @ ..

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cent.
 Tsateles, No. 1 @ 3. per lb 11 50 @ 12 25
 Taysams, superior, No. 1 @ .. 10 23 @ 11 00
 do medium, No. 3 @ 4. 8 51 @ 10 00
 Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2. 8 75 @ 9 00
 Japan, superior... 11 50 @ 13 50
 do Medium... 10 00 @ 11 00
 China thrown... 10 50 @ 13 00

Skins—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Goat, Curacao per lb cur. 47 @ 50
 do Buenos A... gold 33 @ ..
 do Vera Cruz gold 40 @ 42 1/2
 do Tampico... gold @ 42 1/2
 do Matamoros gold @ 42 1/2
 do Payta... gold 31 @ 33
 do Madras... each 40 @ ..
 do Cape... 15 @ 40
 Deer, San Juan per lb gold 50 @ 52 1/2
 do Bolivar... gold 37 1/2 @ 40
 do Honduras... gold @ 57 1/2
 do Sisal... gold 57 1/2 @ 60
 do Para... gold 60 @ 62 1/2
 do Vera Cruz... gold @ 57
 do Chagres... gold 52 1/2 @ 55
 do Puerto Cab gold 45 @ ..

Soap—Duty: 1 cent per lb, and 25 cent ad val.
 Castile... per lb. 18 @ 1 1/2

Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.
 Plates, foreign per lb gold 6 1/2 @ 6 1/2
 do domestic... 9 1/2 @ 10

Spices.—See special report.

Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents per lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts per lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)
 English, cast, per lb... 18 @ 23
 German... 11 @ 16
 American, spring... 12 @ 15
 American cast... 19 @ ..
 English, spring... 10 1/2 @ 12 1/2
 English blister... 11 1/2 @ 20
 English machinery... 18 1/2 @ 16

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Sicily... per ton... 150 00 @ 225 00

Sugar.—See special report.

Tallow—Duty: 1 cent per lb.
 American, prime, country and city per lb... 11 @ 11 1/2

Teas.—See special report.

Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent ad val.
 Banca... per lb (gold) 26 @ 26 1/2
 Straits... (gold) 24 1/2 @ 43
 English... (gold) @ 23 1/2
 Plates, char. I.C. per box 12 25 @ 13 25
 do I. C. Coke... 10 50 @ 12 25
 do Terne Charcoal 11 50 @ 12 00
 do Terne Coke... 9 25 @ 9 00

Tobacco.—See special report.

Wines and Liquors—Liquors—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50. Wines—Duty: value net over 50 cents per gallon 20 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over \$1 per gallon, \$1 per gallon and 25 cent ad val.

Brandy—
 J. & F. Martell (gold) 4 80 @ 9 00
 Hennessy... (gold) 4 @ 1 60
 Otard, Dup. & Co. do 4 8 @ 13 00
 Pinet, Castil. & Co. do 4 75 @ 17 00
 Benault & Co. do 5 00 @ 16 00
 J. Vassal & Co. do... .. @ ..
 Jules Robin... do... .. @ ..
 Marrette & Co. do 4 90 @ 10 00
 Vine Grow. Co. do 4 90 @ 9 00
 Leger freres... do 5 00 @ 10 00
 Other br'ds Cog. do 4 75 @ 7 60
 Pellevoisin freres do... .. @ ..
 A. Seignette... do 4 75 @ ..
 Hiv. Pellevoisin do 4 75 @ ..
 Alex. Seignette do 4 75 @ ..
 Arzac Seignette do 4 75 @ ..
 P. Romieux... do 4 75 @ ..
 Rum—Jamaica... do 3 50 @ 4 50
 St. Croix... do 3 50 @ ..
 Gin—Differ. brands do 3 00 @ 4 75
 Dom c—N.E. Rum, cur... .. @ ..
 Bourbon Whisky, cur... .. @ ..
 Whisky (in bond)... 30 @ 33
 Wines—Port... (gold) 2 2 @ 8 50
 Burgundy Port do 9 2 @ 1 40
 Sherry... do 1 90 @ 9 00
 Madeira... do 3 50 @ 7 00
 do Marceilles do 70 @ 85
 Sherry do... .. @ ..
 Malaga, sweet... do 90 @ 1 10
 do dry... do 1 15 @ ..
 Claret, in hlds. do 35 00 @ 60 00
 do in cases. do 2 80 @ 9 00
 Champagne... do 11 00 @ 25 00

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered \$2 to \$3 5; per 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val.
 No. 0 to 18... 30 @ 5 per ct. off list.
 No. 19 to 26... 30 @ 5 per ct. off list.
 No. 27 to 36... 35 @ 5 per ct. off list.
 Telegraph, No. 7 to 11... .. @ ..
 Plain... per lb 7 @ 9
 Brass (less 20 per cent) 47 @ ..
 Copper do 57 @ ..

Wool—Duty: Imported in the "ordinary condition as now and heretofore practiced." CLASS 1—Clothing Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less per lb, 10 cents per lb and 11 cent ad val.; over 32 cents per lb, 12 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val.; when imported washed, double these rates. CLASS 2—Combining Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less per lb, 3 cents per lb; over 12 cents per lb, 6 cents per lb. Wool of all classes imported scoured, three times the duty as if imported unwashed.
 Amer., Sax. fleeces per lb 55 @ 65
 do full bl'd Merino. 50 @ 65
 do 1/2 and 1/4 Merino... 45 @ 48
 Extra, pulled... 45 @ 50
 Superfine... 38 @ 45
 No. 1, pulled... 30 @ 35
 California, unwashed... 24 @ 30
 do common... 18 @ 23
 Texas... 18 @ 33
 Peruvian, unwashed... .. @ ..
 Valparaiso, unwashed... 28 @ 30
 S. Amer. Mestiza, unwh... 32 @ 34
 do common, w... 30 @ 31
 Entre Rios, washed... 13 @ 46
 S. American Cordova... 31 @ 38
 African, unwashed... 18 @ 25
 do washed... 30 @ 40
 Mexican, unwashed... 18 @ 21
 Smyrna, unwashed... 26 @ 30
 do washed... 35 @ 45

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Sheet... per lb 11 @ 11 1/2

Freights—
 To LIVERPOOL: s. d. s.
 Cotton... per lb 8-16 @ 1 1/2
 Flour... per bbl... @ 1
 Petroleum... .. @ 4 0
 Heavy goods... per ton 15 0 @ 20 0
 Oil... .. @ 20 0
 Corn, b'k & bags per bus. @ 4
 Wheat, bulk and bags @ 4
 Beef... per ton... @ 2 6
 Pork... per bbl... @ 2 0
 To LONDON:
 Heavy goods... per ton 15 0 @ 17 0
 Oil... .. @ 15 0
 Flour... per bbl... @ ..
 Petroleum... 4 0 @ ..
 Beef... per ton... @ 3 6
 Pork... per bbl... @ 2 6
 Wheat... per bush... @ 5 1/2
 Corn... .. @ 5 1/2
 To GLASGOW (By Steam):
 Flour... per bbl... @ 2 6
 Wheat... per bush... @ 5 1/2
 Corn, bulk and bags... @ 4 1/2
 Petroleum (sail) per bbl... @ 4 6
 Heavy goods... per ton... @ 25 0
 Oil... .. @ 30 0
 Beef... per ton... @ 3 0
 Pork... per bbl... @ 2 0
 To HAVRE:
 Cotton... per lb 1 @ ..
 Beef and pork... per bbl 1 00 @ ..
 Measur. g'da. per ton 10 00 @ ..
 Petroleum... 5 6 @ 6 0
 Lard, tallow, cut in t etc... per lb 1 @ ..
 Ashes, pot and pear! 8 00 @ 10 00

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And to which I request the special attention of the
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CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.
WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above
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