
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
representing tiie industrial and commercial interests of tile united states.

## VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1867.
NO. 98.

Bankers and Brokers.
Frank \& Gans, BANKERS AND DEALERES IN U. S. GOVERNMENTI SECURITIES. No. 14 WALL STREET.
Dibblee \& Howard, BANEEIRS A HROKERES, No. 10 WALL STREET.
Government Bonds of all kinds, State and City Bonds, Ra: siad and and sold on commission. Interest Coupous and Dividends collected.
P. D. Rodief,
R. P. Sawyers
P. D. Roddey \& Co., No. 2 12 Wall Street, N. Y., (PETTY, SAWYERS \& CO., Mobile, Ala.) BANKERS ANID IBIBKEIRS. Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Com-

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Collections made on all accessible pous Securities. Interest allowed on all accessible points.

Bell, Faris \& Co., BANEERESAND REDKERS, Members of the Stock, Gold and Government Boards, Dealers in Governments and other Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to check at sight.
C. \& G. Woodman, 30 PINE STRRIEET, BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, LAND WARRANTS, COL-
SEC LEGE LAND SCRIP, \&C.
Advances made on approved Securities and Interest allowed on deposits.
THEE AGENCY OF THE Bank of
British North America.
No. 17 NASSAU STREET.
Bills of Exchange on London bought and sold.
Draftsissned and bills collected on San Francisco and on the principal towns of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia. Drafts fur £2 and upwards granted on Scotland and Ireland.
Wilson, Callaway \& Co., Bankers and Commission Merchants NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK. Government Securities, Stocks. Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers and others allowed 4 pes cent. on dep.sits. The most liberal advances ma te un Cot-
ton, Tobacco, \&c., consigned to ourselves o. to our correspondents, Mesirs. K. GILLLAA $1^{\prime}$ \& CO., currespond
Liverpool.

## Cohen \& Hagen,

 BANKERE,AND DEA' ERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES. No. 1 Wall Street.

## Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. Morton \& Co., BANEERS,
80 BROAD STREEET, NEW TORK STEERLING EXCHANGE
At Sight or Sixty Days ; also, Circular Noten and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on
E. P. MIORTON, BURNS \& CO.g ( 58 Old Broad Street, London,)

## AND THE

UNION BANK OR LONDON,
Available in all the principal towns and cities of Earope and the Elast.
Telegraphic orders execnted for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York. Levi P. Morton,

Charlie F. Mmeor, Walter H. Burarg, H. Crugar Onkher.

## HBANKING HOUSE OF

White, Morris \& Co.,
29 WALL STREET,
(Established 1854.)
Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Gold Exchange, and Mining Board.
Dealers in Government Securities. Special atten-
tion riven to Collections. Four per cont interest allowed on Balances, subject to check at sight. WHITE, RLORRIS \& CO.

> A. M. Foute, Late Pres. Gayoso Bank,
> Memphis, Tenn.
W. W. Loning.

Foute \& Loring, BANKEIRS AND IRROKERE, 39 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET. Government Sccurities of all kinds, Gold, State, Bank, and LBailroad Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on Deposits subject to check at sight. Collections made in all the States and Canadas.
Garth, Fisher \& Hardy, HANKERES,
No. 18 NEW STREET,
Successors to Harrison, Garth \& Co. and Henry C.
Hardy). Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, ete;, bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commi Foreign and Domestfc Exchange bought, sold and collected.
E. S. Munroe \& Co., SO BROADWAY \& 5 NEW ST.,
Dealers in Government and other Securities.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight. Members of New York
Stock Exchange, Government Exchance and Lonar Stock Exchange, Government Exchange and Lont
Room of aitto, and also of Gold Room-where all orders will be promptly attended to.

Bankers and Brokers.

## Travellers' Credits.

Letters of credit for tiie use of travELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST.
ISSUED FOR

Messrs. J. S. Morgan d Co., London, EY
Dabney, Morgan \& Co., 53 Exchange Place.
S. G. \& G. C. Ward, AGENTS for
RARING HROTHERS \& COMPANY, 56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, as state street, BOSTON.
Duncan, Sherman \& Co., IB ANK ERES,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS., CIRCULAR NOTES ANSU CIRCULAR LETTERS For the nse of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also, COMMERCIAL CREDI'TS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, west Indies, South America, and the United States.

## DrakeKleinwort\&Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPDOL.
The subscriber, their representative ana Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrz. Drake, Kleinwort \& Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, \&c Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes. SIMON DE VISSER,
26 Exchange Place, New York.
Juhn Munroe \& Co., AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS
No. 8 W ALL STREET, NEW YORK, Issue Circnlar Letters of Credit for Travelers in an
parts of Eusope. etc., etc. Alsu Ccmmercial-Crodith.

Pott, Davidson \& Jones, HANEERS AND BROKERS,
Messers. Brown Bros \& Co.'s new buildingh,
$59 \& 61$ WALL STREET, NEW YO:/K.
Buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Govermment Securities. Accounts of Banke, Bankers, and Merchanter received on favorable termg. Interest allowed on depotits, subject to check at sight. Telegraphic quota tions furnished to corres iondents.
Refrrences: Jawes Brown, Kay., of Mesirs. Brown Brothers \& Co. John Q. Jones, Esq., Prea-
ident of the Chemical National Bank; James H Banker, Fssq., Vice-President of the Bank of New Banker, Fisg.!

Western Bankers．
 THEEIRST NATIONALBANE of Cincinnati． Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH， and promptly reinited for Capital Nitock， S1，V00，000．Surplue Fund，\＄250，000： B．Harrizon，William Glenn，R．M．Biehop，William Woods，James A．Frazer，Robert Mitchell，A．\＄ Winslow．
Gilmore，Dunlap \＆Co．，
108 \＆ 110 West Fourth Street， CINCINNATI，OHIO．

Dealers in GOLD，SILVER，UNCURRENT BANK NOTES，and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS， COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points nd remitted for on day of payment．

Checks on UNION BANK OF LON wr fur sale．

## The Marine Company <br> of Chicago．

J．Young Scammon ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．President． Mobert Reid．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Manager． General Banking and Collections promptly attended to．

NOHTH－WWESTERN STATES Geo．C．Smith \＆Bro．，

48 LASALLE ST．，CHICAGO， （Lake Bank of Montreal．）
Special attention given to collections． Draw on－Drexel，Winthrop \＆Co．and Winslew， Lanier \＆Co．，New York；Drexel \＆Co．，Philadel－ phia，and Bank of Montreal，Canada．

Established 1848.
Haskell \＆Co．， HANKERE，
Dealers in Government Securities，Gold and Ex－ change．Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at current rates of ex－ change．
L．A．Benoist \＆Co．， BANKERS，
ST．LOUIS，MISSOURI，
Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas．Also，drafts on London and Paris for sale．

## Second National Bank．

 ST．LOUIS，MO．Capital．．$\$ 200,000$ I Surplus．．$\$ 150,566$ Prompt attention given to the basiness of corres－
E．D．JONES，Cashier． pondents．

Scotт \＆Co．，
Latescott，Kerrsco．， BANKERS，
LEAVEN WORTH，KANSAS． Collections made on all accessible points and re－ mitted for on the day of payment，less current rates of exchange．

H．J．Rogers，V．Pres．Geo．T．C
pilits＇s Pres．Geo．T．Chark，Cashier

## of Denver，

nesignated depository of the d．8． uthoined Capital－－－$\$ 500,000$ 1＇aid in Capitai B a a o 200,000 Transact a General Banking business corner of
Blake and F．Sts．DENVER CuLORADO．

## Citizens＇Union Bank，

 （Chartered by the State of Tennessee．） MEMEPEIS，TENN．Bay and Sell Foreign and Domestie Exchange United States Securities，State of Tenneasee，Shelby Particular attention paid to Collection．

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Ororb its certeas Eante and Rankers on liberal cermig．

DIREOTORS：
Josepl T．Bailey， Nathan Hillea cdward B．Orne， Benjamia Rowland，Jr Winian Ervian， enjamil Rowiana，Jr．， William H．Rhawn
Whunal H．Rinuwn，President，
th Late Carhier of the Central National Bank Jongpa P．Mourord，Cashier．

Late of the Philadelphia National Bank．

## Washington．

FIRETNATITNAEBANE OF WASEIINGTON，
H．D．COOKE（of Jay Cooke \＆Co．），Pres＇r．
WM．S．HUNTINGTON，CABHIER．
Government Depository and Financial We Agent or the classicea states． We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms，and give with the several departments of the Government．
Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished．

ROB＇t F．MAURT．JAg．L．MAURT．ROB＇T T．BROOKI
R．H．Maury \＆Co．， BANKKRS AND BROKERS NO． 1014 IIAIN ST．，RECHEIOND，VA． Sterling Eixchange Gold and Silver，Bank Notea， State，City，and Kailroad Bonds and Stocks，\＆ic．，
bonght and sold on commission． bought and sold on commiseion．
all accessible points in the Und Collections made on all accessible points in the United States．

Charles D．Carr \＆Co．， BANKERS AND BROKERE。 AUGU\＆TA，GA。 COLLETOLIONS PROMPTLI RMMITYED FOR

Jas．M．Muldon \＆Sons，
No． 52 St．Francis St．，Mobile，Ala． Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange，Gov－ ernment Securities，Bonds，fold and Silver．Prompt altention given to Collections．
Babcock Bros \＆Co．，Bankers，New York． Goodyear Bros．\＆Dirand，Bankers，New York． E．H．Bulkly \＆Co．Brokers，New York．
Martin，Bates \＆Co．，Merchants，New York Geo．D．H．Gillespie，late Woift \＆Gillespie． Henry A Hurlburt，late Swift \＆Hurlbert． Home Insurance Company of New York． New York Life Insurance Company．
Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford． Underwriters Agency New York， Ch rles Wal h．Pre－ident Bank of Mobile． Henry A＇Schroeder，Pres．Sonthern Bank of Ala．
T．H．McMahan \＆Co．
CONMISSION MIERCHANTS and Dealerm in Domestic and Foreign GALVESTON，TMGKAS．
Epecial attention giren to Collections of all kinds， having prompt and reliable correspondents at all aco ceseiblepoints in the state，and EXCHANGR AT CURRENT RATES Tational Park Bank EBFIR TO M Macy，and Spoford Tlieston Co Mew York Recond Nationa Bank and J．W．Seaver，Kisq．Boston．Drezel \＆ Co．and D．B．Stetson \＆Co．Philadelphia，T．M．
Thirtide \＆Co，Cincinnati．ThirdNational Bank and dom．E．IMder \＆Goodwin，St．Louis．Fowler， siow Orlans．Drake，Klein שerthe Cohen，Ion

## Burke \＆Co．，

 BANEERS，54 CAMP STREET，NEW ORLEANS，
Draw on Merchants National Bank，New York，and Bank of Liverpool，England．
Collections and remittances promptly attended to

## Southern Bankers．

Conner \＆Wilson，
－． 5 IBroad Streot，Charlenton，S．C． BANEEARS \＆DEALERS a FORTIGN D DOMESTIO EXCHANGR，SPECIR， －BANK NOTHR，STOCKS，AND BUNDS poerial attention paid to Colicetion， Roier to Duncan，Bherman \＆Co．，New York
Drexel \＆Cou Phladelphia；The Franklin Bank，
and Johnaton Bros．，Beltimore；R．H．Maury \＆Co and Johnston Bros，Baltimore；R．H．Mary \＆Co．，

## Eastern Bankers．

$\overline{\text { Page，Richardson \＆Co }}$


JOHEN IIUNRONE \＆CO．，PARIS．
Comoréroiar Criditr for the parchase of Mercichan Nise in Kngland and the Continent．Travinuria Oeedits for the use of Travellers abroad．

Dupee，Beck \＆Sayles， STOCE BRPOKERE，
NO． 28 BTATE STREET，BOSTON．
JAMEA $\triangle$ ．DUPEE，JAMES BECK，HENET BAYLEA
Bankers and Biokers．
Barstow，Edey \＆Co．，
BANKERS \＆BREKERS，
HAVE REMOVED FROM NO． 80 TO
No． 36 Broad Street，Ofice No． 16.
DEALERS IN GOVIERNMENT AND CREHER SIECURITIES．
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur rency，subject to Check at Sight．Gold loane
Merchants and Bankers upon Iavcrable terms．

## Vermilye \＆Co．， RANEERS。

No． 44 Wall Street．New Yerk， Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all
UNITEDSTATES STOCES 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881 INOLING
6 Per Cent $5-20$ Bonds of 1862，

5 Per Cent 10－40 Bonds，
7 3－10 Per Cent Treasury Notes，1st， 2 d ，\＆3d series 6 Per Cent Currency Curtificates．
New York State 7 per cent．Bounty Loan．
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN－ MENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS．
Compound Interest Notes of 1864 \＆
1865 Bought and Sold
VERMMLYE \＆CO．
M．K．Jesup \＆Company， BANKERS AND MERCHANTS， 12 PINE STREET．
Negotiate
Negotiate and Loans for Railroad Cos．， Contract for
Cariron or Steel Rails，Locomotives， and nndertak
all business connecredwith Railway．
Warren，Kidder \＆Co．，
No． 4 WALL ST．，NEW YORK．
Orders for stocks，Bonds，and Gold promptly ero－
cuted．FOUR PER CENT．INTEREST ALLOW EDD on deposits，subject to check at sight．
Haslett McKim．Robt．McKim．Jno．A．McKin．
McKim，Bros．\＆Co．， A2 MANERER
Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight，and special attention given to orders from
other places．
Gelston \＆Bussing， BANETBES \＆FBROE
all orders receive our Perional attention．
All orders receive our Permonal Attention．
J．Giming，Buanse

Financial．
W．H．Whittingham， univa

No． 8 Broad Street， EXPRESS

TELEGRAPH，
RALROAD
AND＇ALL OTHER STOCKS，
BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and Sold on Commission．
onotations and sales lists furnished daily on applj Quotations and salesilists furnithed．

GEORGE FARNHAM， （Late of G．S．Robbins \＆Son．） COMMETRCALIPAPER， $\triangle \mathrm{LSO}$,
STOCKS，BONDS，GOLD \＆O．BOUGHT AND 48 Pine Street，New York．

## Hedden，Winchester\＆Co

NO． 69 BROADWAY，NEW YORE．
Bankers and Brokers． Stockg，Bonds，Government Securities and Gold bought and solr at market rates，on commission only．Interest allowed on balances．Advances
made on approved securities． Particular attention given to orders for the pur Wells，Fargo \＆Co．，and Merchants＇Union Express Stocks．All orders finthfully executed．
JOSI HI HEDDEN．ISAIAH C．BABCOCK， LOUKE W．WINCHESTER，ROBT．M．HEDDEN．

Riker \＆Co．，
BROKERS IN MIINING STOCKS， NO． 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY．
Gilliss，Harney \＆Co． BANKERS，
NO． 24 IBROAD STREEET． Bay and Sell at Market Kates ALH UNITEIS STATES SECURITHES． Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS，BANKERS and others and allow interest on daily balances， subject to sight draft．
Make collections on favio rable terms， And promptly execute orders for the $P$ urchase or

OUTEEEN EANENOTEB。
－Edwin Q．Bell，
BANEREANDEREEE， In Bouthorn Secarities and Bank Billa． 30 BROADWAY \＆NEW BTRBRT． ：A NOW EORk。
Jones \＆Westervelt， BANKIRS \＆BROEKRES， Government Securitieg，Stockg，Bonde， and Gold，bought and mold on COMOLERCIAL PAPER AND LOANS OF GOLD NOS． 18 NEW \＆ 44 IBROAD ETEDIEMFTM．

Jackson Brothers， DEALERS IN
GTOCKS，BONDS，GOLD，\＆GOVEIRN MENT SECURITIIES．
No． 19 Broad Street，New York．
L．S．Watkins，
NO． 11 BROAD STREET，NEW YORK， BANEER，
And Dealer in all Classes of Govern－
ment serurities and coldo．
Collections made in all parts of the United States and Britshh America
J．L．Brownell \＆Bro．，
BANKERS \＆BROKERS，
${ }^{28}$ BROAD STREET，NEW YORK
Bought and Sold exclasively on Scurities，and Gold Acconnts of Banks，Bankers and Individuala received on favorable terms．
J．H．Pompa，Pres．Rexpermans：
C．B．Buma，Pres．Nat．Mech．Banking As，Fi，T．

## Bankers and Brokers．

$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { JAT COOKE，} \\ \text { WIH．G．MOORHED，}\end{array}\right\} \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { E．C．FAHNEBTOCE }\end{array}\right.$ $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { WHI．G．MOOREEEAD，} \\ \text { H．COOKE，}\end{array}\right\} \quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { EDWARD DODEE，} \\ \text { PITT COOKE．}\end{array}\right.$ JAY COOKE \＆COO， BANKERS．
Corner．Wall and Nassan Ste．， New York．
No． 114 South 3d Street，
Philadelphia．

## Fifteenth Street，

Opposite Treas．Department． Washington．
In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No． 1 Nassan，corner of Wall Street，in this city．
Mr．Edward Dodes，late of Clark，Dodge \＆Co．， avew York，Mr．H．C．FAhnestock，of our Washing－ ton House，and Mr．Pitt Coore，of Sandusky，Ohio will be resident partners．
We shall give particular attention to the PURCHAsr， SALE，and EXCEANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues；to orders for purchase and sale of stocks， bonds and Gold，and to all business of National Banks． JAY COOKE \＆CO．
March 1， 1866.
Satterlee \＆Co．，
TO BROADWAT A 25 NEW STREKET．

## STOCIK $\triangle N D$ BONDS

BODGHT AND BOLD ON COMMISSION．



Lockwood \＆Co．， BANKERS．
No． 94 BROADWAY \＆No． 6 WALL STREET． DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHEER SECUBITHES．
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur－ rency，subject to Check at Sight．Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms．
Rodman，Fisk \＆Co．， BANKERS， AND
Dealers in Govermment Securities
NO． 18 NASSAU STREET， Buy and sell at market rates：
Six per Cent．Bonds of 18 1．T n－Forties ；
Five－Twenty Bonds，all issues；
Seven－Thiry Notes，all se ies Seven－Thrry Notes，all se ies；
Compound Intere $t$ Notes and Kegistered Interest Collected and Cuupons cashed without charse．
7－30 Notes，all series，taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5－20 Bonds，on terms advantageous to holders of ${ }^{7}-30 \mathrm{~s}$ ．
Merchants and Importers supplied wlth coin for Orders for purchese market rates，
ecurities promphase and sale of all miscellaneous orders will receive our persted．Mail and telegraph received，and interest allowed on balances．Collec－ tions made on all points wilh quick retarns．

ADAMS，KMRHBALLL \＆MUORE， BANKERS，
No． 14 Wall Street，New York． Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securi－ ties，oi all issues，and execate orders for the par－ chase and sale of STOCKS，BONDS，and GuLD． Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Cur－ ency，anbject to check at sight

## Tyler，Wrenn \＆Co．， <br> No．${ }_{18}$ BinNERES $_{W}$



 TVLER，ULLMANN：Co．，ochlearo．

## T．A．Hoyt，

cold and exchange broien，
36 NEW AND 38 BROAD STREETS．


## Bankers and Brokers．

## Tauśsig，Fisher \＆Co．，

## BANKERS AND BROKERS，

No． 32 Broad Street，Now York．

## Buy and Sell at Market Rateb，

ALLUNITED STATES SECURITIES． Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS，BANKERS and others，and allow interest on daily balances， subject to Sight Draft
Make Collections on favorable terms， And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold，State．Federal，and Rail road securities

## Fourth National Bank．

Capital． $\qquad$
NASSAU STREET，N E COR PINE All the Government I，nans for sale．

Collections made for Dualers on best terms．

## Central National Bank， 318 BROADWAY．

## Capital．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $3,000,000$.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds－ City and Country accounts received on terms mot $t$ favorable to our Correspondents．
Collections made in all parts of the United Statis and Canadas．

WILLIAM A．WHEELOCK，President ．SANFORD，Cashier．

## The Tradesmens nATIONAL BANK．

 OAPTIAL．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．00， RICEARD BRRRY，President．Tenth National Bank． Canital．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．81，000．0い0． NO． 29 BROAD STREEFT． Designated Depository of the Government．Bank－ ers＇and Dealers＇Accounts solicited．
J．H．Stout，Cashier．
D．L．ROSS，President．

 \begin{tabular}{c|c}
Amos Cotrine， \& of the late firm of James <br>
Of Jameson，Cotting\＆Co． \& Low \＆o New Yort

 

St．Louis． \& Low Landisville，Ky．
\end{tabular}

## Jameson，Smith \＆Cotting

 BANEERS，NOS． 14 \＆ 16 WALL STREET，NEW YORK． Receive Deposits in Currency and Gold， and allow Interest at the rate of Four Per Cent per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight．
Will purchase and sell Gold，Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission．

## $\mathrm{Hatch}^{\text {Hankers }}$ \＆Co．，${ }^{\text {，}}$

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURI－ TIES，GOLD，\＆C．
All issues of SEVEN－THIR CY NOTES exchanged for the new FIVE－T NENTY BONDS，on the most liberal terms，and without delay．
IMfORTER；and others supplied with GOLD at market rates，and Coin on hand for immediate de－ 1 very．

$$
\text { No. } 12 \text { WAmE STYREIET. }
$$

## A．C．Graham，

BANEERANDEEOEEE，
3 BROAD STREET，NEW YORK，
DEALER INT
Foreign and Domestic Exchange，
Southern Bills on London and Paris， Bills on Memphid，New Urieans and Mobile．

Financial.
Fisk \& Hatch, bankers
AND Dealergiva ivernment and other
No. 5 Nassau street, New York, mecommend to INVEstors tue
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE

## The Central

Pacific Railroad Co.,
This Company is constracting, under the eatron-
age of the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT tig westrn end or the
GREAT NATIONAL RAILGAY
Their line will extend from Sacramento Califiror-
 Tove fection or CAlipornis, and thence through
 the vicinity or salt Lake city.
It forms ihe sole Whestern Hink of the only roune to the Paciific which 18 dopted by Congress
gnd anded by the issue or United states
ind Bonde.
Their road is already completed, equippen, and raning for 94 miles from Soncremedutequippen, ind miles of tho summit of the sierras, andi) a arye amound that poini has been accomplished.
The First Mrortgage Bonds of this Com
 reasong, viz:
Frigs-The rate of Interestis Six per Cent. In riold, payable semi-annually in the City or New York.
Second.-The Principal is payable in Gold at
maturity maturity.
Third.-The cost of the Bonds, Ninety-five Per les- than that of the cheapest Six Per Cent. Gold Bearing Bonds of the Government.
Fourtr.-The United States Government cosiary to bu Id the entire road, and lookemmainly to an smalire per-centage rifth.-Owing to this liberal provision accompa nied with Extensive (irants of Piblic Lands, by which the Government fosters this great national enterprive. its success is renbility is altogether independent of the contingencies which attend ordinary iailroad enterprises.
Sixtr.- The Serurity of its First Nortgage Bonds is therefore ample, and their character the obligations of the Government itselir.
sivintit.-The net earnings of the completed portion are already largely in excess of the iaterest obligations Which ihe tance. and are steadily increasing, rendering the rest absolutely certail.
Ereiti.- At the present rate of Gold they pay nearly \& Pested. Cent. per annum, on the amount in-

The Bonds are issued in denominations of $\$ 1,000$ with semi-annual Gold Coupons attached, payable per cent. and accrued interest (in currency) from Onuary 1st.
Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the
Remittances mey be made in drafts on New York, or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes or other funds current in this city, and the bonds will be forwarded to any address by express, free of
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## Fisk \& $\mathrm{Hatch}^{\text {at }}$

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## Financial.

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$\$ 2,000,000$ IN COUPON BONDS OF $\$ 1,000$ EACH TWUENTTY YEARS TO RUN,
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The climate of Sonthwest Missouri is remarkably salubrious, the temperature even, and the winters excelled by any part of the United States. Of it minerals, lead, iron and coal are found of superior qualities and in great abundance. The famous known, and recent developments show that iron ore purer than any yet known, lis 8 along the line of the road in greater yuan
sit of $P$ enusylvania.
The Company is now prepared to sell these lands The Company is now prem
at from $\$ 5 \pm 0$ per acre.
By a recent arrangement this road becomes the
Missouri division of the A tlantic and Pacific Rail Missouri division of the A tlantic and Pacific Rail will form a direct and continuous rallway from St . Louis to San Francisco, shorter and of much easier gradients than any other route.
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22d day of May, 1867 , and will remain open until the whole amount ot Capital stock of one milion dollars shall be subscribed.

ELISHA A PACKER,
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THOMAS B. READ, Commissioners.
JONEPH U. ORVIS,
Dated New York, May 9, 1867

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## THE

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This Company bas parchased all the Mineral Rights on the Seigniory of Rigand-Vaudreui, in the Prov ce of Quebec, and about the firt of June,
will coumence practical operations by making mineralogical survegs, by shafting and tunnelling the quartz ledges, aud by testing the quality of $t$ rock in their stamp Mill, just completed. The area of the Seigniory is 108 square miles, and the quartz veing are of unnsual widih and extent, furnishing a basis
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Full information can be obtained at either office of the Company, or of the local agent, Mr. Truman
Coman, on the property. Coman, on the property.
J. M. WINCHELL,

Quebec, April 26, 1867.
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多的k A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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## Che $\mathfrak{C b r a n i c l e}$.

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle is issued every Siztur day morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnigh of Friday: A Daily Bulletin is issued every morning with alh the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

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## MR. McCuLLOCH AND THE PUBLIC DEBT.

It is impossible to compare the schedules of the public debt as they make their monthly appearance without noting the simplicity which is gradually taking the place of the perplexing multitude of securities which used to complicate the accounts of the Treasury. If Mr. McCulloch would add to his lucid and perspicuous tables of the movements of the debt a quarterly supplement showing the amount of interest as well as that of the principal of the debt; and if he would also include in this new schedule a statement of the respective aggregates of the marketable securities such as the various series of seven-thirties and five-twenties, he would leave searcely anything to be desired in this particular. There is at present so strong an investment demand for our National securities, they are so widely distributed and so firmly held and our public debt, moreover, bears such numerous and intimate relations to the vexed questions of Natinnal taxation, National wealth; and material pregress that' all the information the people can obtain is eagerly sought for. Our usaal comparative tables appear elsewhere
and, as we intimated would probably be the case, there is for the first time in several months an increase in its aggregate amount. The apparent decrease of $\$ 2,641,974$ is caused by an accumulation of gold in the Treasury preliminary to the payment of the May interest on the five-twenty bonds, and the actual aggregate of the funded and unfunded debt will be seen to be larger by $\$ 5,161,724$ than at the close of March.

- There are two reasons for the anxiety with which the publication of Mr. McCulloch's monthly schedule is looked for by the people at large. The first regards the consolidation of the debt, and the second the contraction of the currency. In each of these respects the movements of the debt have relations of the closest kind with the movements of general business, and the latter are so languid as to be exquisitely sensitive just now to every irregularity of the former. Never has there been a time, however, when the negotiations of the Treasury were adjusted more skilfully, or managed with a more successful endeavor to avoid perturbation to the monetary machinery of the country. It is indeed a subject of general remark that notwithstanding the magnitude of the amounts which by conversions of Seven thirties, and by sales of consolidated bonds as well as by the heavy payments of taxes, pass into the Treasury from the hands of the people and back again into the channels of circulating currency, still not a ripple from this cause has disturbed the steady even flow of the money market. It is also gra ifying to find that Mr. McCulloch is now advancing with such rapidity in the work of consolidat ing the debt, that the apprehensions of embarrassment which ourselves and others have entertained from the large obligations maturing this year have now passed away. Of the August Seven-thirties nearly 33 millions have been taken in during the month, and at the present rate of progress they will be all converted before maturity, or at least the unfunded residue will be so small when the 15th August arrives as to be easily manageable, and should payment be demanded in legal tenders the claim will be readily satisfied without expansion of the volume of the outstanding greenback currency. Besides these 33 millions of Seven-thirties, the Secretary bas funded 4 millions of compounds, thus reducing the aggregate of these notes to $\$ 134,7 \% 4,510$. The total amount of float ing debt which has been thus funded is $\$ 38,969,860$, ineluding $\$ 393,113$ of miscellaneous matured debt, and $\$ 1,411,677$ of mutilated currency. Of bonds of 1867 and $1868 \$ 103,000$ have been purchased, and to balance this cancelled indebtedness consolidated Fivestwenties to the amount of $\$ 41,584,150$ have been issued, in addition to $\$ 600$ of Sixes of 1881 , and $\$ 340,000$ of Ten-forties. In other words, $37 \frac{1}{2}$ millions of short-date obligations have been withdrawn, and 42 millions of long bonds have been issued,

Let us now examine whether these changes in the debt have caused contraction in the volume of our paper money. This money consists first of an active circulation of 403 mil . lions of greenbacks and fractional currency, and secondly of a torpid stagnant circulation of compound notes, the total amount being $\$ 134,774,510$, of which 50 millions is in the portfolios of investors, and 84 millions is counted as reserve by the banks. Now if the 4 millions of compounds which were redeemed last month came out of the banks it is evident that their reserve will be diminished, and to that extent contraction will have been made of the total volume of the currency, and the place of the absorbed compounds will have to be supplied either by greenbacks or by other compounds. But if it be true, as we are assured, that the banks are not selling their compounds at all, and do not seem disposed to do so until they can exchange them for the new 3 per cent. certificates, then the withdrawal of the 4 millions of compounds in April was made from the pockets of investors, and produced no depletion whatever in the amount of paper money afloat in the channels of the circulation. The same argument applies to the 1,400 thousand mutilated notes. These, if mutilated, would not form a part of the active currency, and their removal cannot be properly called contraction. If this be so we have now reached the fourth month in which there has been no contraction of the currency. And Mr. McCulloch has used the discretion confided to him by the law of 12 April, 1366, by refusing to contract the currency, the reason being found, as we suppose, rather in the languid depression of general business than in any doubt as to the soundness of the great general law that depreciation of paper money is caused by redundancy, and can be cured only by correcting the redundancy, or calling in and destroying the excessive issues.

Contraction of the currency is indeed the most delicate task ever entrusted to any minister of finance in this or any other country. The time of attempting the operation is of importance. At certain parts of the year this country requires 50 millions, and at others 100 millions more of currency than is watted during the intervals of comparative quiescence. The genius and skill of the statesman are shown in right discernment as to the auspicious time and method for effecting his object. The right method of contraction is as important to be chosen as the right time. We have to guard against the consequences of that dread uhich makes the banks contract three or four millions of their loans for every million which we contract of currency. The mischievous spasms arising out of contraction of loans and other bank $a_{i-}$ isturbances have to be prevented; for they constitute a tax on che people-which, where it presses with its heaviest weight, is $f a_{2}$. more intolerable and ruinous than all the Government taxes put tors. It is then, we conclude, from a judicious caution as to the the and method of contraction that Mr. McCulloch has again let a month elapse without contracting the volume of the currency. The pourgenerally approve this action relative to the currency, and this especially as the conviction is gaining ground that when our gold product is enlarged, as it bids fair shortly to be; when cur industry, North and South, is in a higher state of organfzation; when we have had time for our recuperative powers to resume their elasticity, and when our material prosperity is established on a sounder basis, we shall find carrency grievances and currency evils less formidable to deal with.

## qLIE CONSTIfUTIOZAL CONVENTION AND STATE FINANCES.

The Convention recently chosen to revise the Constitution of the State of New York, will assemble at the Capitol in Albany upon Tuesday the 4 th day of Jpnenext. The se sion,
it is thought, will probably last till the second week in October. The changes made in the fundamental law of the State in 1846 were sweeping and almost revolutionary; and as several of them have proved to be of questionable utility, much of the time will be taken in considering the expediency of attempting further modifications. It is hardly probable that serious innovations will be made upon the judiciary systern, however necessary; but it is to be desired that the number of public departments should be diminished. Many think that the Boards of Regents of the University, Canals, and Inspectors of State Prisons should be wiped out, and an efficient and responsible superintending official established in their place.

But the more important discussions will be upon the proposed modification of our financial system. The Convention of 1846 was called for the purpose of revising the financial policy of the State. The crisiz of 1837 had been followed by severe embarrassments; State stocks had fallen con. siderably below their par value; the public works had been suspended till credit could be recovered, and the State debt, owing to extravagant outlays for improvements, exceeded thirty-seven millions of dollars to a population little over two and a half millions. To this difficult problem the Convention directed attention, and provided a plan of liquida. tion which should extinguish the entire indebtedness by the year 1878. The Constitution required that from June, 1846, till June, 1855, there should be set apart annually from the revenues of the canals the sum of $\$ 1,300,000$ to pay the interest and redeem principal of the canal debt, including $\$ 300,000$ then to be borrowed; increasing the contributicns after that time to $\$ 1,700,000$ annually. After complying with this requirement, the sum of $\$ 350,000$ was set apart every year as the "General Fund Debt Sinking Fund" to pay the interest and redeem the principal of the general fund and contingent debts, as well as the debts created by lending the credit of the State. So successful was this plan, that of the thirty seven millions of indebtedness then existing, only the following items remained at the end of twenty yearsSeptember 30, 1866-namely :

In 1854, the third section of the seventh article was amended, and an additional debt authorised, redeemable in eighteen years; the items of which are as tollows :-
For the enlargement of the canals
For payment of canal revenue cer
$\$ 9,000,000$
For payment of canal revenue certiticates...... $1,500,000$
$1,067,000$
Total. $\$ 1 \overline{\$ 11,567,000}$
In 1859, there existed a considerable floating debt, made by the enlargement of the canals, but not exactly sustained hy the constitution. After a warm discussion in both branches of the Legislature of that year, a law was passed, submitting to the people the question of borrowing $\$ 2,500,000$ to pay these demands. It was authorized, and the debt thuo created, now stands at $\$ 1,743,000$.
On the ${ }^{0} 0$ th of September, 1866 , the close of the fiscal year, the aggregate indebtedness from these sources was reported by the Comptroller, as follows, namely :
General Fund Debt..................................................................................18,602200 28
28,248,460 00 $5,642,022$
218,000
$18,248,460$ Canal...... $\ldots \$ 24,109,08222$
The provisions of the constitution of 1846 require the entire extinction of this indebtedness by the year 1878, in case that there sho uld be no extraordinary falling off of the revenues from the to. ${ }^{\text {l }} \mathrm{l}$ on the canals.
But there has been an ther extraordinary increase made to the funded obligations of th? State, amounting at the close of the last fiscal year to no lam a sum than $\$ 27,644,000$,

This debt exists in the form of coupon bonds aud registered stock, maturing in twelve years. - Its purpose, as set forth in chapters $29,41,56,226$ and 325 of the laws of 1865 , was to provide bounties for volunteers, to reimburse counties and towns for bounties paid by them, and to restrain the further exercise by localities of the power to create debts which the Legislature in previous years had conferred. The constitutional power of the Legislature to authorise county and town officers to borrow money may well be questioned, when it cannot itself create a debt without submitting the question to the people. Nevertheless, the power has been exercised, and a debt of thirty millions dollars authorized, for the purpose, in part, of obviating the very condition of things thus existing. The Comptroller accordingly reported the entire aggregate of State debt at the beginning of the present fiscal year at the sum of $\$ 51,753,08222$; for which the honor of the State is obligated to provide payment by the year 1878. In addition to this is an immense burden of local indebtedness, which the Comptroller estimates at $\$ 75,000,000$, The precise amount, however, has never been ascartained, and it probably exceeds that amount. The debt of the city and county of New York alone is over $\$ 35,000,000$, and other cities of the State have been "salting down" considerable amounts of local obligations.

The members of the Constitutional Convention must perceive that heavy taxation, for many years to come, is inevitable. Outside of the General Fund, Contingent and Canal debts, aggregating \$22,347,682 22—every dollar of principal and interest must be paid by direct taxation. This requires at their hands great care lest an increase of the public burdens shall prevent the resources of the taxpayers from being exhausted. It may well be questioned whether the restriction now placed upon the Legislature in the matter of County or State debt, should not be extended to public donations. At the last session, laws were passed making grants of money to be raised by tax, to the Albany and Susquehanna, and to the Whitehall and Plattsburgh Railroads; and it is said that a "ring" existed for the express purpose of procuring similar bestowments to two other roads. Indeed, the "O'Donncll Railroad Bill," which actually passed both Houses, makes provision for such grants as an act of public policy. There can be no valid objection to the incorporation of a provision into the Constitution requiring in future that all gifts of public money, to be valid, shall be submitted to the ordeal of a public vote. The people themselves only, and not their representatives upon any pretext, should be permitted to vote away their money.

The Convention of 1846 wisely endeavored also to restrict the power of localities to levy taxes and create debts, expressly making this the duty of the Legislature in the 8th article of the Constitution. The idea of extending that power was not entertained for a moment. Yet under the stimulus of the war, the Legislature transcended this authority by passing numerous laws authorising Boards of Supervisors to borrow money. Since that time the same license has been exercised also in the way of allowing towns to issue their bonds for the purpose of aiding in the construction of railroads. Already the outstanding obligations thus incurred exceed the entire debt of the State, and threaten to remove the barriers interposed by the present Constitution against the mortgaging of the resources of the State. These obligations are as much a charge upon property as those of the State, and just as much an encumbrance upon its resources as though the State should assume the payment of every dollar. They affect the sources of taxation alike, and must therefore be included in the same category whenever we consider the subject of State finance. The Convention of

1867, we insist, is charged with the duty of a thorough overhauling of this whole matter of local indebtedness, with a view 'to checking the present practice and providing safeguards for the future.

## TIIE WHISKEY TAX.

The internal duties upon distilled spirits afford a fair illus. tration of the injurious working of excessive taxes. The duty upon whiskey commenced at the moderate rate of 20 cents per gallon, to be increased to 60 cents, subsequently to $\$ 150$, and finally, on the 1 st January, 1866 , to $\$ 2$, at which rate it has since continued. Assuming the average cost of distilled spirits to be 20 cents per gallon, this tax is at the rate of 1,000 per cent.

At the time of the adoption of this impost it was urged, with apparent plausibility, that spirits, being one of the luxuries of society, and not among the essentials of subsistence or comfort, no injury could result to the public were the tax to compel a partial contraction of consumption. Strong moral grounds were taken in favor of the high rate of duty. It was asserted that the free use of ardent spirits is injürious to the morals and health of society, and that a tax which would largely increase the cost ot whiskey to consumers would place a wholesome check upon the drinking habits of the people. Statistics were adduced to show also that, from the large consumption of domestic spirits, this duty would become the principal source of revenue to the Government.

Not one of the arguments originally used in favor of the whiskey tax has however been justified by results. On the contrary, all that was urged against it, from the effects of similar imposts in other countries, has been confirmed by the event.

1. There has been, under this onerous tax, no proportionate increase of revenue. For evidence of this assertion we present a statement of the duties collected upon domestic distilled spirits during each of the four last fiscal years, with the rates of duty for each period:


In 1863, the revenue system was so imperfectly organized that the results in that year afford no criterion. During the first nine months of 1864 , the duty was 20 cents, and for the last quarter 60 cents; yet for that year the revenue from this source reached the large total of $28 \frac{1}{2}$ millions, it being cheaper to pay the tax than to avoid it. For the first half of 1865 the duty was $\$ 150$ and for the latter half $\$ 200$, but the high duties so cheched production and stimulated fraud that the revenue fell off $12 \frac{1}{2}$ millions during the year. Last year, under the tax of $\$ 200^{\circ}$ the aggregate duty was only $\$ 766,780$ more than in 1864 , when the duty was for more than three quarters of the year 20 cents; showing that with an increase of 1,000 per cent. in the rate of duty the increase of revenue was only $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent; and it must not be overlooked that the revenue machinery was in much better working order during 1866 than in 1864 . It is impossible to conceive a more conclusive evidence that moderate duties are most favorable to ample revenues.
2. There has been no abatement of the drinking habits of the people under the excessive duties. We presume that from the obvious increase in the number of saloons in our cities, it would rather appear that the opposite result has followed. Experience in other countries has shown that it is impossible to check the consumption of spirits by increasing their price; for, as a rule, the appetites must be gratified, even if it be at the sacrifice of other things more essential to
health and comfort. The high duties induce the production of a cheap, deleterious article, and the result is that the vicious appetite of those who drink inordinately is rendered more craving, and their health impaired. This deterioration of ardent spirits is, according to medical testimony, one of the most fruitful sources of abandoned intemperance.
3. The tax produces demoralization among the revenue officers. The moral stamina of servants of the Government is in no wise different from that of other men. They are as capable of becoming parties to the evasion of the revenue laws as those who pay the taxes. The only condition necessary to insure their dishonesty is that the inducement be strong enough. That is secured when the tax is sufficiently heavy to enable the tax payer to cover the risks of the revenue officer in conniving at evasion. The recent investigations of the revenue commissioners, and the numerous cases of distillery frauds brought to light, show to what an extent the revenue officers actually become consenting parties to the non-payment of duties. At present, in order to place a more effective check upon the dishonesty of distillers, each distillery is placed under the surveillance of one inspector. This arrangement virtually makes the inspector an attaché of the distillery, and the intimate relations thus established directly facilitate arrangements for fraud. The distiller can well afford to offer inducements for the inspector to serve his interests rather than those of the Government, and few officers are found ready to resist the temptation.
A very common practice now in vogue to evade the tax is somewhat as follows: It was provided in the last amendments to the revenue law that the spirit after it is distilled may be placed in a bonded warehouse, and that it cannot be removed for the purpose of selling and refining unless the tax is paid, or unless the person who takes it out gives a bend, to be approved by the inspector in charge, that he will return it after it is refined. Under this provision the distiller deposits his spirits in the warehouse and takes the usual receipt for it. He then sells it in bond to some irre sponsible person, who furnishes a worthless bond which, for a consideration, the inspector accepts, and the whiskey or rum is taken out and sold. The consequence of this and other frauds is, that although the tax is $\$ 2$, and it costs about 30c. to manufacture, any quantity of whiskey can be bought in this market to day at $\$ 1.35$ per gallon. Commissioner Wells, in his late report to the Secretary of the Treasury, observes-
"The losses which have occurred, and are now occurring to the revenue, through the failure to collect the tax on distilled spirits, tobacco, and a few other articles, are of an amount almost to exceed belief. * *

If he had added that these losses will continue so long as the tax is so high, or, in other words, solong as the premium on dishonesty is so large, he would have furnished a true solution of the problem, and a remedy for the evil.
4. The tax in effeet discriminates in favor of dishonest traders. So great is the premium which the law holds out to dishonesty that very many of the distillers systematically evade the duty. They consequently render it impossible to produce spirits without defrauding the government. In order to counteract this effect, the law provides that any purchase below $\$ 2$ per gallon will be considered as prima facie evidence of fraud, it being supposed that the honest dealer would thus be protected against being undersold by his dishonest neighbor. The refiner cannot therefore openly purchase below this figure without subjecting himself to the danger of having the spirit he has purchased seized. But how easy it is to avoid this provision of the law where the parties to the transaction are disposed to do so, it is hardly necessary for us to state. The payment of the full amount $(\$ 2)$, and the paying back of part, is a common practice; or the turning out of worthless notes or stocks sometimes con-
ceals the transaction. In a word, the truth is, that although the form of the law is generally observed, yet actually sales are regularly made at as low a price as $\$ 135$ per gallon. According to the investigations of the revenue commission in 1865 , the consumption of distilled spirits in the United States was then about $40,000,000$ gallons per annum. Upon that quantity, with a tax of $\$ 2$ per gallon, the revenue from that source should be $\$ 80,000,000$; yet last year it was only $\$ 29$,198,578. This will afford a further idea of the extent to which evasion of the duty is carried. Where three gallons pay duty, five evade it. The average duty actually paid is about 70 cents per gallon. With odds of $\$ 130$ per gallon against the honest distiller, how can he compete with his fraudulent competitor? He has his ohoice between leaving his business and submitting to the dishonor of defrauding the Government.

But it is unnecessary to multiply objections to the present impost. We have always opposed this high rate, knowing that the experience of every country has shown that it is impossible to collect it. So far as the refiner or the dealer is concerned he does not care what the tax is, so long as all have to pay it, for in that case he can collect the amount out of the consumer. But he has a right to object to its being placed at so high a figure that the law cannot be enforced against all alike, and, as we have shown, it is clearly not the interest of the Government that it should be.

## PUBLIC DEBT OF TIIE UNITED STATTAS.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Treasury Department, on the 1 st of March the 1st of April, and the 1st of May, 1867, comparatively:


The following statement shows the anount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table:
$\qquad$ $\underset{\$ 107,271.031}{\text { Mar. }}$

Total gold coin and carrency | $\mathbf{5 2 , 2 5 3 , 3 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5 , 9 5 6 , 4 7 7}$ |
| :--- | :--- | $\xrightarrow{\text { May } 1 .}$ $\overline{\$ 159,823,399} \overline{\$ 140,235,304}$

## DEBT AND FINANCES OF CINCINNATI,

The public debt of Cincinnati, as stated by the City Auditor in his report for the fiscal year 1865-66, amounted to $\$ 3,203,000$. Of this amount $\$ 1,805,000$ is guaranteed the interest by certain beneficiaries (railroad and canal companies and the wäter works) leaving the actual debt to be provided for from taxation $\$ 1,398,000$. The following list describes the several issues:

d. Pr Funding city debts**. Little Miami R. ${ }^{+} \ddagger \ddagger$ Whitewater canal $\ddagger 8$. Funding floating debts $\ddagger$. Eaton \& Hamilton RR. $+\$$ Covington \& Lex. RR. + t Issued
Apr.
May
Var.,
Var.,
Var,
Var.,
Oct. , 45 City Hall lott............ Apr. $1, ' 51$ Principal
'45 Oct.
'35 Nov
'44 Deo.
'47-48 May
'47-48 May
'50-51 Ang.
'50-51 Jan.
'51 Jan.
'50 May yable.
v. 1,
0.31,
y 1,
y. 1,
1,
1,
1, Rat
1
5
5
5
7
7
7
7
6
1
1
1 -Interest-Amount Rate. Payable. ontstn'g

5 Apr. \& Oct. $\$ 100,000$ Hall lott.............. Apr. 1,'50 Mry \& Oct. \$100,000 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { May \& Nov. } & 80,000 \\ \text { June \& Dec. } & 100,000\end{array}$ | May \& Nov. | $\begin{array}{r}30,000 \\ \text { May \& Nov. }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Feb. \& Aug. | 98,000 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Feb. \& Aug. } & 98,010 \\ \text { Jan. \& July. } & 150,000 \\ \text { Jan. \& July. } & 100000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Jan. \& July. } & 100,000 \\ \text { May \& Nov. } & 60,000\end{array}$



 Park ${ }^{*}$ ( (in 81,000 ). Episcopal burying ........ Mar. 17 , ${ }^{58}$ Bonaty +

Schoolst

Marked (*) are payable in Cincinnati ; ( $\dagger$ ) in New York, and ( $\ddagger$ ) in Philadelphia; and (§) interest guaranteed.
Against this indebtedness the city holds assets and property as follows:
Bonds of railroad companies


\$1,050,000
706.500
18,437
$18,4,48$
15000
\$1,927,937


| $\$ 2,500,000$ |
| :---: |
| 910,854 |

charbet property
Fire department property.
City property (miscellaneous)
…............
............
Total assets and property. 1,724,603
... $\overline{\$ 10,170,599}$
assessed valuation of property in the city, and the rate and amount of taxes, has been quinquennially as follows :

|  | Population --Assessed valuation.- |  |  |  | R-Taxation. - - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total. |  |  |
|  | 28,2 | \$3,157,675 | \$1,048,529 | \$4,206, 204 | 1.20 |  |
|  | 31,000 | 4,314,030 | 1,394,542 | 6,208,572. | 1.90 |  |
| 18 | 46,382 | 4,731,350 | 1,440,108 | 6,171,498 | 2.45 |  |
| 1845 | 74,699 | 6,157,890 | 2.015,830 | $8,173,720$ | 3.09 | 245,211 |
| 1850 | 115,438 | 34,194,430 | 8,668,:93 | 42,862,728 | 1.70 |  |
|  | 140,000 | 60,335,982 | 24,944,948 | 85,330.880 |  |  |
|  | 161,044 | 61,428,917 | 30,532,458 | 91,961,375 | 1.741/8 | 1,666,231 |
|  | 200,000 | 67,610,611 | 63,135,382 | 180,745,993 | 229 | 3,050,000 |

-which levy includes the State and county taxes, and the taxes levied for war purposes.
The tax levy of 1866 for the service of $1866-67$ is estimated as follows:



Aggregate on all city accounts..
.. 1.540
The following table exhibits the sources and amount of receipts and the amounts expended on city accounts, the amount of debt outstanding, and the receipts ard expenses on account of schools at quinquennial periods:


## [From our own Correspondent.]

London, Saturday, April 27, 1867. Arising out of the circumstance that there seems much more probability of peace between France and Prussia being maintained, the tone of business during the last few days has decidedly improved, aithough the recent heavy fall in prices has by no means wholly recovered, However, confidence has greatly increased, both in commercial and financial circles; but in all departments extreme caution is still being observed, and business is therefore limited in extent. The most important change, in a commercial point of view, is in cotton, the rise in the value of which, during the last few days, has been very important. Since so much uncertainty has existed with regard to the question of the Duchy of Luxembourg, the cotton trade has been in a most unsettled state, and a heavy fall has taken place in prices. The hnpe cow entertained in many quarters that we are on the eve of a pacific solution of this difficulty has produced a nost buogant feeling in the market, but although prices have advanced considerably from the lowest point of the week, they are still about 1d. per pound lower than on Saturday last. We are now approaching so rapidly the commencement of another harvest, there seems every probability that business in not likely i., revive to any extent until the probable extent of cur next wheat crop is ascertained. So far as can be judged at present, our agricultural prospects 'are as favorable and encouraging as could be desired; but it is necessarily impossible at the present moment to advance any estimate as to the probable yield. The wheat plant, however, is looking strong aud healthy, and with fine weather we shall most likely be in the position to secure an excellent crop. Should such prove to be the case some stimulus may be given to business; but, with the exception of the Cape of Good Hope, from which colony more favorable advices have been received, but which, from the comparative smallness of its trade, has but little effect in engendering an improved tone in business, our colonial and toreign advices are by no means of a sufficiently satis$\mathrm{f}_{\text {actory }}$ character to justify our merchants in extending their operations in exporting British and Irish produce and manufactures.
Money continues very abundant, while the demand for it is extremely limited. Yesterday the applications for accommodations were numerous, and the discount market presented quite an active arpearance; but apart from this circumstance, the money market during the course of the present week has been very quiet. At the weekly meeting of the Bank Directors un Thursday, no change was made in the rates of discount. It was not, however, contemplated that at that period, when the export demand for gold was considerably increasing, and fears were entertained of a Continental war, the bank authorities would venture on making an alteration in their terms of accommodation, even to the extent of one-half per cent. Still, there is no doubt of the fact that the tendency of the money market is strongly in the direction of greater ease, and although in the open murket the rate is at as low a figure as $2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ per cent., on the security of baukers' short-dated acceptances it seems a question of doubt whether any further decline will take place. The last bunk return indicates very strocgly the continued falling off in the requirements of the commercial body. At the commencement of the present y ear "other securities" or "discounts" stood at $£ 22,816,508$; but have now fallen to $£ 18,249,706$, showing therefore a decline in the course of about four months of $£ 4,500,000$. The Bank of France return, however, shows still more striking resulte, "discounts" at the commencement of the year being $£ 28,209,01 \epsilon$, and at the present time $£ 21,307,700$, or a reduction of nearly $£ 7,000,000$. The discount business of the twồ national banking institutions of England and France has declined during the present year by néarly $£ 12,000,000$ : a fact sufficiently conclusive of the existing want of activity in most branches of trade in the two countries. The quotations are now as under :


On the Continent the money marset remains in the same quiet state noticed during the greater part of the present year. The fear of war has necessarily checked any downward movement; but at the leading cities, viz.: at Paris, Hamburg, Amsterdam, and Berlin the supply is abundant, and considerably in excess of the requirements of the mercantile body. The supply of bullion now held by the Bank of France amounts to $£ 31,222,600$. ${ }^{*}$ Annexed are the quotations for money at the principal cities on the Continent at this date, and at the corresponding period in 1866:


The changes in the rate of foreign exchange, so far as the Continent is concerned, have not been important; but they are decidedly leay favorable to this country.

In India, however, the quotations for exchange have considerably improved, and recent events, which have transpired, clearly indicate that the late sudden demand for silver for remittance to the East, resulted from undue misapprehensions respecting the action of the Indian Council, on one occasion, in advanciag their quotations for bills at one of their fortnightly sales to a prohibitory point. This demand, however, was but temporary, and only led to the shipment from this country of wilver to the value of about $£ 250,000$. During the last few days, the demand for remittance to the East has still further diminished, and bills which were disposed of at the sale of bills, on Wednesday week, have lately been re-sold at a reduction of about 1 per cent. Silver, however, is very firm, owing to the uncertainty which exists with regard to Continental politics. At present, the market is bare of supplies, and those who hold the small quantities here are by no means inclined to sell. The West Indian steamer is now about due, and as soon as the supply she is like. ly to bring over is ascertained, an accurate quotation for silver will be fixed.
The leading feature in the bullion market, however, is a decided and sudden increase in the demand for gold for export. This movement is attributable chiefly to the recent heavy sales of Five-twenty bonds and I $n$ securities in our market on foreign ascount. At present the supplies taken for this purpose reach a total of about $£ 200,000$, of which $£ 60,000$ has been withdrawn from the Bank, and it is expected that unless further supplies arrive from Australia during the next few days, further withdrawals will be effected. The sum now due from Australia is $£ 225,000$.
The position of cur railway companies remains as unsatisfactory as ever, and there certainly appears to be no prospect that a restoration of financial order amongst these undertakings is likely to take place, except after a protracted period of semi-insolvency. Such is the distrust with regard to railway management, that the general public is decidedly unwilling to lend its aid. It seems pretty certain that if fresh capital must be subscribed, in order to meet the existing difficulties, and to pay off the debentures of those who do not wish to have them renewed, the proprietors of railway property should themselves be the first to extend the requisite aid. They are evidently the parties most interested, and if they have a desire to improve their own property, and free it from constantly recurring difficulties, subscriptions to new capital should emanate from them. But before they extend such aid, they should make it a sine qua non with the directors that no fresh lines should be undertaken, and that the strictest economy should be exercised in every department. During the last few years there has been too lavish an expenditure, and under the influence of support from the numerous finance and new banking institutions, many unwise enterprises have been undertaken. The crisis of May last brought to light the actual state of things; the credit of a large portion of the community was lost, as it were, in the course of a few hours, and those who had money to lend refrained from doing so, for they knew not whom to trust. The new railways under construction, or rather the contractors who had undertaken their construction, suffered heavily from the crisis; so much so that it became necessary to stop the works, while, as your readers know, several well-known firms were compelled to suspend payment. Since that period the difficulties of railway directors have increased, not, however, from the circumstance that their liabilities have been augmented, but from the fact that in consequence of the existing distrust, they are unable to obtain the needed pecuniary aid. The directors of the Great Western Railway Company have proposed to the shareholders that they should subscribe to a new five per cent. preference stock, to the extent of one million sterling. Promises of aid to the extent of only $£ 250,000$ have been obtained, and the directors have, therefore, looked upon this system of meeting the present emergency as a failure. It seems, however, that unless shareholders themselves make a great effort to support their directors in the difficulties into which they have unnecessarily run, there is no prospect of a speedy settlement of the railway cifficulty.
In order to show how heavily the shares of our various public companies have been depreciated since 1865, the year in which new companies were brought forward in such abundancesil have compiled the following statement, which shows the prices of these shares at the most favorable period in 1865, and at the close of business this afternoon. I have also extended the comparison to a few days prior to the failure of Orerend's in 1866 :

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Railways. } \\
\text { Highest Price Pres-| }
\end{gathered}
$$




The Consol market has been subjected to numerous fluctuations dur: ing the week, according as prices from Paris and Berlin have been favorable or unfavorable. During the early days of the week, the quiotations were very sensitive, but towards the close, on numerous purchases by bankers and the public, coupled with a more satisfactory state of Continental politics, much more firmness has prevailed. To-day the market has been quite buoyant, and an important rise has taken place. The highest and lowest quotations on each day of the week are subjoined :
Week ending Apr. . 27 Yonday Tuesday. Wed'y. Thur. Friday. Sat.
 American Securties have been very flat, but have improved in value during the closing days of the week. United States 5-20 bonds have been heavily pressed for sale on German account ; hence, the decline in the qnotations has been considerable. Illinois Centrals, Erie Railway shares, and Atlantic and Great Western Seecurities have also been dull, and have given way in price. U. S. 6-20 bonds close this evening at 701 to $70 \frac{9}{4}$; Atlantic and Great Western railway debentures, 30 to 32 ; do Consolidated mortgage bonds 21 to 22 ; Erie Railway shares $38 \frac{1}{3}$ to $39 \frac{1}{2}$, and Illinois Centrals $75 \frac{1}{4}$ to $75 \frac{3}{4}$. The highest and lowest prices of American Securities each day during the week are subjoined:
highest and lowest pbices of principal amerioan gecubities.

| Week ending Apr. 27 | Monday. | Tuesday. | Wed'day | Thu'day. | Friday. | Sat'rday. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. 5-20 |  | 681/2-69 | 67/2-68 | 672-67\% | 69 | 170 |
| antic \& G't | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| Erie Shares ( $\$ 100$ ). |  |  |  | 361 | ${ }_{37}$ |  |
| llinois shares (\$100) | ( | 73 | $72-73$ | 72 | 73\%-75 | 75 |

Oñ the Continent the market for American Securities has been considerably depressed, but the latest advices report much more firmness. At Frankfort 72, at Amsterdam 72 $\frac{8}{4}$, at Berlin 72 $\frac{9}{4}$, and at Hamburg 66.
The wheat trade continues very firm. Millers, however, are operating with great caution, and sales in consequence progress slowly. Prices now show an occasional advance of 18. per qr. as compared with the close of last week.

## English Market Reports-Per Cable.

London Money Market.-Money is buoyant. Consols have advanced $\frac{1}{8}$ point on the week. U.S. securities are generally lower, bat recovering from Wednesdays minimum. The closing prices have been as follows:


The
The last quotation at Paris and Frankfort daily for U. S. 6s of 1862 has been as follows:

Liverpool Cotton Market.-The stock import at the beginning of the week was 823,000 (including 403,000 America) bales, the sales of the week having been 99,000 bales. The following shows the ceurse of the market for the week closing on the 9 th :


Cosing quotations. $11 \% \mathrm{~d} .11 \% \mathrm{~d}$. $11 \% \mathrm{Kd}$.
Adrices from Manchester are leas farorable.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.-Corn has declined fall 1s. on the week. All other descriptions of grain have been without fluctuation The daily closing quotations are herewith given:

|  | Fri. 3. <br> Firm. | Sat. 4. Quiet. | Mon. Quiet. | Tues. 7. <br> Easier. | Wed. 8. Firm. | Thu 9. Firm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B. d. | s. d. | g. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. |
| Wheat (Mil. red No. 1) p. ctl | 139 | 139 | 13.9 | 189 | 139 | 139 |
| " (Califor. White) | 146 | $14{ }^{6}$ | $14{ }^{6}$ |  | 14 | 14 |
| Corn (West. mx'd) p. 4801 bs | 443 | 440 | 440 | 439 | 43 | 43 |
| Barley (American) per 60 lbs | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 4 |  |
| Oats (Am \& Can.) per 45 lbs | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 3 | 3 |
| Flour (West.Canal) per bbl. | $\ldots$ | 40 | 44 | 4400 | 440 | 440 |

Liverpool Provisions Market.-Beef is 2s. 6d. lower. Pork has advanced Is. Otherwise there is no change. The market generally has been quiet. The daily closing prices have been as follows :

Fri. 3. Sat. 4. Mon 6. Tues. 7. Wed. 3. Thu 9

Beef(ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs
Pork(Etu. pr. mess) p 200 lbs Pork(Etu. pr. mess) p 200 lbs Bacon (Cumerican)
Cheese (mid. Am.)

Liverpool and London Produce Markes generally quiet, and lower prices made. Rosin is lower. Common 6 d and fine 9d, ; spirits turpentine is 9d. lower ; petroleum $\frac{1}{4}$ d. lower, and tallow 3d. lower than at the opening. No change in the London quota tions, except that Scotch pig iron has advanced from 52 s , to 58 s . per ton. The following are the prices at the close of each day:

| liverpool. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fri. 3. Sat. 4. Mon 6. T |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Firm. |  |  |  |  | , |
| Ashes-pots.......per 112 lbs | $\stackrel{\text { gi }}{3}$ | ${ }^{\text {8. }}{ }_{4} 0$ | ${ }_{0}{ }_{34}^{\text {8. }}$ | ${ }_{34}^{\text {s. }}{ }_{0}{ }^{\text {d. }}$ |  | $\mathrm{d}_{0} \mathrm{O}_{34}$ |
| Rosin (com Wilm), " |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |
| " (fine)....... " | 139 | 140 | 0 |  |  | ${ }^{0} 1300$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{0}^{1} 11$ | ${ }_{0}^{1} 1{ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ - ${ }^{1} 11$ | ${ }_{011}$ |  | ${ }_{11}^{2 \times 1}$ |
| Tallow (Americain). p 112 lbs. | $\begin{aligned} & 440 \\ & 57 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | 44 57 0 | 0 0 | ${ }_{57}^{44}$ |  | 9 0 |
| London. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar (No.12 Dch std) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| oil ........... " 39 |  |  | ${ }^{39} 10$ | ${ }^{39} 0$ | ${ }^{39} 00$ | 3900 |
| Sperm oil $\begin{aligned} & \text { Whale oil } \\ & \text { İceld }\end{aligned}$ | Oe 0131 | ${ }_{390} 0$ | 1310 39 | 13100 39 | 13100 39 | $\begin{array}{r}33100 \\ \hline 99\end{array}$ |

## COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Imports and Exports for the Week.-The imports this week show a decrease in dry goods, and a large decrease in general merchandise, the total being only $\$ 4,292,967$, against $\$ 6,540,820$ last week, and $\$ 5,102,880$ the previous week. The exports are $\$ 4,198,819$ this week, against $\$ 3,314,702$ last week, and $\$ 4,473,844$ the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 14,431 bales, against 12,725 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) May 3, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 4 :

| Dry goods | $\begin{gathered} 1864 ; \\ \$ 978,32 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{1865 .}{ } \mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 2 2 , 4 9 8}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1866 . \\ \$ 1,088,264 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \% \\ \$ 1,292,697 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General merchandise. | 2,667,663 | 1,691,660 | 2,798,296 | 3,000,270 |
| Total for the week...... | \$3,645,795 | \$2,814,158 | \$3,886,560 | \$4,292,967 |
| Previously reported .... | 85,232,912 | 44,887,804 | 106,9\%9,192 | 85,984,738 |

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from
the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending May 7: Since Jan. 1............ \$55,084,498 $\$ 6 \overline{3,435,304} \$ 87,402,537 \quad \$ 71,920,222$

The value of exports from this port to differant countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1 , is shown in the followhing table:

| To | This week. | Since <br> Jan. 1,1867 |  |  | Since |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Jan. 1, 1867 | Cuba. . |  |  |
| Prance. | 381,842 | \$ ${ }_{4}^{41,896,666}$ | Cubati | \$77,485 | \$2,344,719 |
| Holland \& Belg. | 112.711 | 1,738,112 | Other W. | 99,748 | 2,503,806 |
| Germany....... | 655,473 | 7,996,987 | Mexico |  | 604.917 |
| Other N.Europe | 84,805 | 516,116 | New Granada. | 127,273 | 1,194,072 |
| Spain | 9,756 | 305,034 | Venezuela. | 136,383 | 293,581 |
| Other S. Rurope | 241,710 | 1,371,082 | Br. Gaia | 20,140 | 470,449 |
| Rast Indies..... |  |  | Brazil. | 46,292 | 777,641 |
| China d Japan. | ,748 | 784,726 | Other S.A. ports |  | 1,223,119 |
| Ar.MA 4 Colonies | 97,288 | 873,703 851,189 | All other ports. | 183,855 | 522,785 |

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New Tork for the week ending May 4, 1867 :


The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as fillows:
April 29-Brig G. Worthington,


Total since January 1, 1867............................................ $\$ 729,608$
United States Mint Statement for April.-The following is a statement of deposits and coinage at the United States Mint at Phila delphia during the month of April, 1867 :

DEPOSITS.

Total deposits. . .
, COINAGE EXECUTED-GOLD.

 silver.
Half Dollars .... 9,500 4,750 00 | Fine bars ...... 2 2 48 COPPER.
$\$ 4,82748$ COPPR.


Total....................... .............. ... .... . $5,942,500$ \$239,195 00 RECAPITULATION.
Gold Coinage... $14,813 \quad \$ 300,55081$ Copper coinage $5,942,500 \quad \$ 239,19500$ Silver $10 \quad \cdots \quad 9,502 \quad 4,82743$
$. \overline{5,966,815} \$ 544,57324$
Revenue Returns of Franoe.-The revenue returns of France show the following results from indirect taxation for the first three months of 1865,1866 and 1867 :

|  | $1867 .$ <br> Francs. | 1866. Francs. | 1865. <br> Francs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Registration and mortgage dues, \&c... | 86,873,000 | 84.409,000 | 79,762,000 |
| Stamp duties | 21,217,00 | 21,097,000 | 19,925,000 |
| Custom duties on imp | 17,589,000 | 16,422,000 | 15,635,000 |
| do do on exports | 67,000 | 104,000 | 46,000 |
| Navigation dues. | 206,000 | 900,000 | 803,000 |
| Various customs, duties and receipts | 314,000 | 321,000 | 279,000 |
| Salt tax levied by Board of Customs | 5,221.000 | 5,509,000 | 5,683,000 |
| Sa.t tax levied by Board of Indirect Taxes | 2,358,000 | 2,345,000 | 2,178,000 |
| Duty on wines, beer, | 50,521,000 | 58,590,000 | 52,438,000 |
| Various dutits and receipt | 7,622,000 | 8,5 ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ 3,000 | 7,753,400 |
| - ale of tobacco | 50,211,010 | 58,202,400 | 56,016,000 |
| Sule of gunpo | 2,700,000 | 2,455,000 | 2,230,010 |
| Pust office | 16,549,000 | 16,271,000 | 15,733,090 |
| Duty on money orders | 378,000 | 345,000 | 316,000 |
| Duty on articles of value sent by post | 259,000 | 240,000 | 212,000 |
| Transit duty on foreign mails. | 7,000 | 196,000 | 20,000 |
| Various receipts | 17.000 | 13,000 | 14,000 |
| Duty on Fretch colonial saga | 7,975,000 | 7,117,000 | 3,003,000 |
| Duty on foreign sugar. | 2,786,000 | 2,793,000 | 2,784,000 |
| Duty on native sugar (beetroot) | 12,021,000 | 14,932,000 | 2,848,000 |
| Total. | 293,8ะ6,000 | 301,324,000 | 267,627,000 |

Philadelphia Banking Capital-Dividends Drglared.-A few weeks since we referred to the fact that the National Bank of the Republic of Philadelphia was about to increase ite capital to $\$ 1,000,000$ A correspondent in the Inquirer, of that city, referring to this circumslance, gives the following table (prepared from the report of the Comptroller of the Currency of Dec. 3, 1866) to illustrate how far Philadelphia is behind other cities in the amount of its National Banking capital :


From this statement it appears that in proportion to population Philadelphia has fewer banks, less capital, less deposits and circulation than
either of the cities nhmed. New York has thirteen banks, with $\$ 1,000$, 000 capital each, four with $\$ 1,500,000$, one with $\$ 1,800,000$, five with $\$ 2,000,000$, three with $\$ 3,000,000$, one with $\$ 4,000,000$, two with $\$ 5,000,000$, and one with $\$ 10,000,000$. Boston has twenty banks with $\$ 1,000,000$ capital each, two with $\$ 1,500,000$, three with $\$ 2,000,000$, and one with $\$ 3,000,000$. But Philadelphia, the second city of the Union, one orly five comparatively large bank, three of which have $\$ 1,000,000$ has capital each, one ment dofs not include State banks, of which latter New York city has twelve, with an aggregate of $\$ 9,292,500$ capital ; Providence thirteen,
with $\$ 2,499,200$ capital; Pittsburg one, with $\$ 1,143,500$ capital, and with $\$ 2,499,200$ capital; Pittsburg one, with $\$ 1,14,500$ capital, and
Baltimore six, with $\$ 2,255,058$ capital ; all in addition to the National banks.
It would certainly appear from this exhihit that there is room for the employment of more banking capital in Philadelphia, for deposits will increase as banking facilities increase; while the following list of dividends just announced ehows the profitableness of bank investments in that city

 Mechanics'. N. Liberties. Southwark. Kensington. Penn To Manufact'ers.
Commerce. Girard ... Consolidat'n
Tee Feence Post-office.-The number of post offices in France, which in 1791 was only 1,419 , is now not far short of 5,000 . The sale of postage stamps has risen from 4,446,766 francs in 1949, to 60,695, 548 francs, a sixth of the latter sum being contributed by Parisalone. A bout eight times as many articles now pass through the post as in 1825. For 1865 the figures were : $311,095,000$ ordinary letters, 3,722 ,000 registered packets, $106,00,000$ rancs, $275,499,120$ journals, printed papers and patterns, and $4,124,556$ money orders Thirty thousand papployees conduct the service; 43,000 letter-toxes are daily filled and emptied many times, and every year the mails travel $27,730,000$ kiloemptied many times, and every year the mails
metres by rail, and $51,700,000$ on the highways. When the new lines are open the total journess will not be far short of $100,000,000$ of silometres.

We call the attention of our subscribers to the advertisement of the National Trust Company of the City of New York, in which the purposes and prospects of the corporation are fully set forth-prominent among the names of the incorporators we notice those of Messrs. Joseph U. Orvis, Charles Scribner, E. V. Haughwaut and others.

The De Lery Gold Mining Company publish in this number of the Chronicle an advertisement of the objects and property of the company. The office in New York is at 74 Cedar street, where Mr. J. W. Winchell, General Managing Agent, will give the fullest information as to its affairs.

## Che Bankerg' $\mathfrak{G} \mathfrak{a} \mathfrak{z e t t e}$.

(1) IVIDENDS.

Wegive in our Bulletin from day to day lists of bonds, \&c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning sach as have keca pablished through the week in the Bulurtin will be collected and published in the Chronicle. Below will be found those published the last week in the Bulletin.

| MAME OT COMPANY. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { EATE } \\ \text { P. O'T. } \end{array}\right.$ | fayable. |  | buozs OLOSED. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | when. | where. |  |
| Railroads. <br> Manchester and Lawrence | 5 | May 1. | Manche ter, N.H\| | [ |

## RUSINESSATTTHESTOCKIBARIS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:
Bank Shares . ........... Railroad shares, viz.
Central of New Jersey Chicago \& Alton. Chic. Burl. \& Quiacy... Chic. \& Great Eastern ... Chicago \& Northwestern.
do Pref. Chicago, R. Isl. \& Pacific Cleve and, Col \& Cinn.. Cleveland \& Pittsburg... Erie Railway..............$~$
do do do pref.... llinois Central. Michigan Central Michigan Southern........
Mil. \& Prairie duC, ist p Mil. \& Prairie duC, ist p
Mil New York Central...... New York Central.
Ohio
 Fitts., Ft. Wayne \& Chic.

Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri'y. Week.



The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

| S. 6's, 1881 . ${ }_{\text {Sat, }}^{\text {Sat, }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mon. } \\ & \$ 93,000 \end{aligned}$ | Tues. $\$ 5,000$ | Wed. 100,000 | Thur. $\$ 35,000$ | $\mathrm{Fri}_{4,000}$ | Week. $\$ 327,000$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S 6 's (5-20's). 181, 100 | 1,413,500 |  | 197,800 | 537,500 | 610,000 | 5,763,800 |
| U.S 6 's (old) |  |  |  |  |  | 2,000 |
| U.S. 5's (10-40s) | 61,500 | 13,50) | 100,000 | 53,000 | 1,000 | 229.000 |
| U.S 5's (old) ... | 1,000 | 3,000 |  |  | 8,000 28000 | 7,000 |
| U. S 7-80 notes. 32,200 State Bonds, viz. : | 65,500 | 46,000 | 335,500 | 86, | 0 | 567,200 |
| Georgia 6's.... | 3,000 | 2,000 | 8,060 |  |  | 13,000 |
| Michlgan 6's.. $150 . \mathrm{CO}$ | 16,000 43,000 |  |  |  |  | 16,000 180,000 |
| Missouri 6 's.... New York 6 's.. c, | 43,000 | 51,000 |  | 1,000 | 70,000 | 180,000 1.000 |
| New York ${ }_{7}{ }^{\text {', }}$ 's.. $\quad 3,000$ |  |  |  | 1,000 |  | 3,000 |
| N. Carolina 6's. 5,000 | 10,000 | 9,000 | 8,500 | 5.000 | 15,000 | 52,500 |
| Ohio 6's........ |  |  |  | 5,000 100000 |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,000 \\ 227 \\ \hline 15000\end{array}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llr}\text { Tennessce } 6 \text { 's.. } & 9,000 \\ \text { Virginia } 6 \text { 's.... } & 4,000\end{array}$ | 58,000 | 18,000 | 27,000 | 100,000 | 15,000 10,000 | 227,000 14,000 |
| City Bonds, viz : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brooklyn 6's... 1,000 |  | 2,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 6,000 |
| New York 6's... .... |  |  |  | 2,500 | .... | 2,500 |
| Company Bonds, viz : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Railroad. ...... 15,000 | 29,400 | 31,000 | 32,000 | 81,009 | 49,100 | 237,500 |
| Telegraph ...... |  |  |  | 1,000 |  | 1,000 |

Fridat, May 10, 1867, P. M.
The Money Market.-The market has shown a steady gain in ease during the week. The last bank statement showed an increase of $\$ 8,054,731$ in deposits, of which $\$ 2,497,873$ was in specie, and the balance in currency, and a gain of $\$ 2,667,056$ in legal tenders. The loans were increased $\$ 3,140,177$, chiefly through the investments of the banks in Government securities, which they prefer to lending at the present low rates of interest. It will thus be seen that the banks commenced the week with ample resources. A considerable amount of currency has been withdrawn into the SubTreasury during the week, but the banks have neverthless held more money than they could use at the late rates, and the rate of interest on call loans has fallen to 5 per cent on stocks, and 4 per cent. on Governments.

The banks in the interior are in an easier condition, as has been apparent from their free purchases of government securities throughout the week, a movement which has caused an enlarged flow of currency toward this point. In the Western Exchanges there is rather more ease. The opening of the canals has induced an enlarged movement of produce eastward, and bills on New York are in better supply at those cities, but not to an extent sufficient to turn the balance in their favor, though enough to check the flow of currency to the East. In a short period the purchase of the wool clip will increase our indebtedness to the West materially, and the anticipation of that movement may be expected to exert an influence early upon the market

Discounts are decidedly easier. There is more confidence in commercial paper, and the supply of prime names is below the demand. Prime paper is current at $6 @ 7$ per cent., and very choice would pass at still lower rates were it on the market. Good to fair names are current at $7 \frac{1}{2} @ 10$ per cent.

The following are the quotatious for loans of various classes :


United States Securities.-Governments have been active, and, upon the whole, firm throughout the week. There has been a steady demand from the interior banks, and also from the city banks, for the employment of surplus money, the second and third series of Seven-thirties having been freely bought by these parties, upon the supposition that they will soon be in demand for conversion purposes and bring a higher price. To-day, under the advance
of bonds at London and the rise in gold, there have been considerable purchases of Sixty-twos and old Sixty-fiyes, causing an advance of $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ on the former and of $\frac{1}{8}$ on the latter.

Conversion operations are still going forward on a liberal scale. To-day the Assistant Treasurer bought about $\$ 1,600,000$ of August Seven-tbirties. There are still about $\$ 100,000,000$ of the first series of Seven-thirties outstanding. This balance is largely held by insurance companies and other financial institutions, and this class of holders are very generally disposed to retain their notes until maturity, and to demand in exchange a bond dated from the maturity of the notes, in preference to converting them into the new Sixtyfives. Included in the Seven-thirties converted last month was about six millions of notes of the second series.

During the week Sixes of 1881 have advanced $\frac{3}{4}$, Sixty-twos $\frac{5}{8}$, new Sixty-fives $\frac{4}{4}$, and Ten-forties $\frac{5}{8}$.
The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks :

|  | Apl. | Ap |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D. S. $\mathrm{b}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}, 1881$ coup....... | ${ }^{109}$ | 109 | 1093/ |  | 110\% | 3/8 |
|  |  |  | 1093/ |  | xc. 10 |  |
|  | 107\% | 1083/ | 108 | 1098/8 | xc. 1 | \% |
| U. s. 5 -20' ${ }^{\text {', }} 1865$, N. is8. . | 1073 | 107\% | 107\% | 107/3/ | 107 | 107\% |
|  | 98\% | 97\% |  | 98\% | $991 /$ | 934 |
| 730's | 106 | 106 | 106 |  |  |  |
| J.S. $7-30 \mathrm{~s}$ 2a | 1053 | 1053 |  |  |  |  |
| S 7-30's 3rd | 1053/8 | 105\%/3 | 105 | 105\% | 105\%/ | 105 |

Ratlroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-The course of speculation in stocks has been irregular. The combination which recently run up prices have been checked by the operations of the opposite side, and have exhibited some symptoms of a desire to get out of their stocks. On every effort to sell, however, the market has shown a weakness which discouraged the 9 ttempt, and although a good many shares have changed hands, the real distribution of stocks perhaps does not vary much to-day from the condition of a week ago. The market is a very unsatisfactory one for brokers. They have comparatively little commission business, and are feeding upon each other in a spiritless speculation. The public show no interest in the market, very few stocks are wanted for investment, and outsiders have little money that they can afford to risk in speculation.
The current earnings of the roads are, on the average, up to those of last year ; but the public appear not to want this class of securi ties. At the close prices vary but little from last week.
The following were the closing quotations at the regular board yesterday, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

| Comberland Coal | Mar. 29 April 5. Apl. 12. |  |  | Apr 18. |  | May 3. May 10. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quicksilver | 34 | 31\%/ | 2834 | 29 |  |  |  |
| Canton C | 461/2 | ${ }_{45}{ }^{\circ}$ | 433/2 | 43 | 42\% | 44 | 43 |
| Mariposa | 1057 |  | 2 | 踊 |  |  |  |
| New | 58\% | 55 |  | 55 |  |  | \% |
| Hadson River.. |  | 136 |  |  | $91 \%$ | $96 \%$ | \% |
| Reading. | 101\% | 1013 | 993/2 | 99 | 102\% | . 104 | 1033/ |
| Mich. Southern | 751/2 | 711/2 | 68\%/ | 66 | 67/4 |  | $673 /$ |
| Michigan Centr | 108 | 108 |  | 1074 | 70 | $1083 /$ |  |
| Clev. and Poltso. | ${ }_{12128}$ | 120 | 119 | 112 | 1126 | 1134 | 13 |
| Northwestern | $35 \%$ | 34 |  | 11 |  |  |  |
| * preferred | ${ }_{97} 64$ | 623 | 663 | 5 | 593 |  |  |
| rt Wayne.... | $96 \%$ | d $933 \%$ |  | ${ }^{85}$ | 93\% | ${ }^{87 \%}$ | 96\% |
| Illinois Central . |  | 1143/ | 114\% | 113\% | 1133/4 | 113\% | 14 |

The total transactions in stocks at both boards, for the week, have been 425,777 shares, against 516,920 for last week. Included in the sales were 86,485 shares Erie, 63,650 Northwestern preferred, 43,000 Michigan Southern, 30,672 N. Y. Central, and 41,850 Rock Island.

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business :

| Bank shares, | Sat. 303 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mon. } \\ \quad 394 \end{gathered}$ | Tues. 150 | Wed. 100 | Thurs. | $\underset{91}{\mathrm{Fri}}$ | Week. 1,176 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Railroad " | 39,528 | 71,906 | 82,256 | 72,046 | 59,237 | 24,297 | 371,270 |
| Coal | 230 | 275 | 358 | 900 | 500 | 20) | 2,463 |
| Mining | 500 | 1,100 | 1,300 | 300 |  | 100 | 3,300 |
| Improv't " | 1,000 | 2,200 | 3,600 | 500 | 1,550 | 1,300 | 10,150 |
| Telegraph " | 2,025 | 4,605 | 2,750 | 350 | 4, 007 | 1,510 | 14,217 |
| Steamship; | 1,058 | 6,142 | 3,100 | 1,606 | 3,250 | 2,335 | 17,491 |
| Express " | 1,082 | 1,260 | 545 | $78:$ | 682 | 1,317 | 5,668 |
| Insurance " |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 12 |
| At Regular Board. | 18,376 | 39,622 | 30,599 | 34,284 | 24,307 | 18,462 | 165,650 |
| At Open Board. | 27,350 | 44,260 | 63,460 | 42,300 | 45,057 | 33,700 | 260,127 |
| Total current week. | 45,726 | 87,832 | 94,059 | 76,584 | 69,364 | [52,162 | 425.777 |
| Total Previous w'k. | 53,850 | 97,881 | 118,085 | 102,484 | 79,664 | 64,956 | 516,920 |

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:


Apl.

 $\begin{array}{r}857 \\ 861 \\ 430 \\ 1,300 \\ 528 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}735 \\ 1 & 357 \\ 0 & 403 \\ 345 \\ 3\end{array}$ | 656 |
| :--- |
|  |
| 004 |
| 04 |
| 04 |
| 04 | 1,820

3,022
1,35
1,81
505
2 $\begin{array}{lllll}53 & 5,350 & 3,500 & 8,65\end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll}.302 & 1,53 \\ 501 \\ 5.511 \\ 5079 \\ 2,29 \\ 5\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{ll}535 & 443,975 \\ 511 \\ 610,581\end{array}$ $\stackrel{\because}{\text { May }}$

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week :
$\qquad$
 $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Company B'nds. } & 15,000 & 29,400 & 31,000 & 32,000 & 82,000 & 49,000 & 238,500\end{array}$
 Previous week... 465,050, 1,173,050 ce cominencement ot the yeur are shown
The totals, weekly, since the in the following tabulation:

| Week ending Friday. | Governments- |  | State \& City Bouds. $\$ 512,300$ | Company <br> Bonds. <br> \$197,000 | Tota: amount \$2,753,250 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bonds. | Notes. |  |  |  |
|  | \$1,707,950 | \$336,000 |  |  |  |
| Mar. | 1,068,650 | 285,500 | 1,355,509 | 194,500 | 2,906,150 |
| Mar. 15. | 1,289,.00 | 315.250 | 1,0tis,000 | 159,500 | 2.832, 250 |
| Mar. 22 | 1,231,300 | 261,850 | 738,400 | 12\%,000 | 2,356,150 |
| Mar. 29 | 1,750,100 | 138,480 | 687,000 | 183,500 | 2,759,040 |
| April | 823,000 | 299,750 | 297.000 | 138,500 | 1.558,250 |
| April 12. | 1,397,000 | 166,000 | 651,500 | 121,200 | 2,335,700 |
| April 19, | 2,390,500 | 32.200 | 38,900 | 179,200 | 3,274,400 |
| April 26 ... | 3,798,500 | 3322,150 | 491,000 | 158,500 | 4,770,150 |
| May 3 | 3,918,600 | 14', 100 | ${ }_{5}^{643} \mathbf{0} 0000$ | 203,000 238,500 | $\stackrel{4}{5,910} 9$ |
| May 10. | 4,628,500 | 567,200 | 20,00 | 233,500 | 5,901,500 |

The Gold Market.-Gold has exhibited more firmness throughout the week. The anticipation of an export of specie has become more decided among the foreign bankers, while there are still lingering $d$ ubts about the London Conference settling the question of Luxemburg. There has been some disappointment at so few bonds having been sent abroad in return for the coupons of foreign bondholders, there having been no shipments of Five-twenties of moment until to day. At the same time, the tendency of cotton at Liverpool has been steadily downward. These combined considerations have produced a feeling is favor of a higher premium, and the price at one time bordered on $138 \frac{1}{2}$. To-day, upon a demand for gold for shipment (to the extent probably of about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ millions,) the price advanced to $137 \frac{1}{3}$, but subsequently reacted to 137 , and closed at 1371 (1) $\frac{1}{4}$.
From the statement of the movement of gold, given below, it will oe seen that under the payment of interest at the Sub Treasury, $\$ 3,721,373$ last week passed into private hands, a reversal of the usual movement. This will probably find its way upon the market at once, and cause an important increase in the specie deposits of the banks.

The fluctuations in the gold market during the week closing with Friday are shown in the following table:


Surplus gone into private hands.......................... $\$ 3,721,378$
The transactions for the last week at the Custom House and Sub.Treasury were as follows :

|  | Custom House. Receipts. | Sub-Treasury |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Payments. | Rece |
|  |  | \$4,851,479 63 | \$6, |
|  | 427,189 57 | 10,5i4,777 ${ }^{34}$ | 1,383,557 |
| May | 388,56666 | 11,432,567 3ib | 7,762,366 |
|  | 299.511 34 | 5,059,296 05 | 1,7822 |
|  | 13633 |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 88,4,4 \\ & 119,8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Deduct payments durivg the week.... .................... |  |  | $37$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| Balance on Saturday eveni |  |  |  |

Total amount of ciold Certificntes issued, $\$ 3,625,000$. Included in the receipts of ov stoms were $\$ 145,000$ in gold, and $\$ 2,045,166$ in Gold Certificatefy.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the SubTreasury since March 2:

| Weeks | Custom | Treasury |  |  | Changes in Balances. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ending | House. | Pavments. | Receipts. | Bala |  |  |
| March 2. | \$3.152,288 | \$40,666,248 |  | 109,866,761 |  |  |
|  | 4,041,689 | 15.927,811 | 18,296,106 | 112,235,05 ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | Inc. | 2,368,294 |
| " 16 | 2,877,562 | 17,346.143 | 16,772,353 | 111,661,266 | Dec. | 573,789 |
| 23 | 1,935,874 | 19,599,298 | 18,8:8, 437 | 110,890,405 | Dec. | 770,861 |
| " 30 | 2,4!9,595 | 32,090,532 | 22,834,25 | 100,634,126 | Dec. | 10,256,279 |
| pril 6 | 2,406,907 | 9,342,691 | 13,889,356 | $105,1 \cdot 0,790$ | Inc. | 4.546,564 |
| 13 | 2,170,505 | 19,35',508 | 22,719,558 | 108,548,840 | Inc. | 3,368,049 |
| " 20 | 2,092,583 | 14,801,590 | 10,329,844 | 112,077,074 | Inc. | 3,528,233 |
| " 27 | 1,964,580 | 10,480,082 | 18,268,424 | $119,788,342$ | Inc. | 7,788,342 |
| May | 2,190,166 | 37,933,020 | 28,401,454 | 110,334,049 | Dec. | 9,531,366 |

Foreign Exchange.-There has been but a moderate demand for bills; but with a limited supply the tendency of rates has been upward. The failure of a firm in the cotton trade, with large liabilities, following a similar failure recently, has produced a lack of confidence in cotton bills, which to some extent has strengthened rates. 'To-day prime bankers' 60 -days sterling closes at $109 \frac{7}{\frac{7}{3}}$, a rate which admits of the export of specic.
The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks :


New York City Banks.-The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York tor the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday, May 4, 1867 :


Totals ......... $\$ \overline{250,877,558} \overline{\$ 9,902,177} \$ 33,571,747 \$ 195,729,072 ~ \$ 70,587,407$ Clearngg for the week ending April 27, 1867.
Clearings for the week ending May 4, 1867.
Balances for the week ending April 27,106 $\qquad$
The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:
Luans.................. Inc. 83,140,177 | Deposits.
Oirculation....................Dnc. 2,497,87. ${ }_{29,538}$
Legal Tenders
ors.........
..Inc. $88,054,731$
. Inc.
$2,667,056$

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :


The following table shows the amount of deposits in the savings' banks of this city during the past two years, according to the reports of the officers to the authorities at Albany :


Philadelphia Banks.-Annexed is the Philadelphia Bank statement for last and the previous weeks :


The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks :


The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past :



 National Banks.-The United States Treasurer holds in trust for National Banks as security for circulating notes $\$ 340,607,450$; for deposits of public money, $\$ 38,860,950$. Total securities held, $\$ 379,468,400$.
From an official statement made in the Treasury Department Thursday, it appears that the number of National Banks organized at that date was 1,671 ; closing and closed 24 ; whole number in active operation 1,647; aggregate capital paid in $\$ 422,913,861$. The number of National Banks qualified as depositaries is 385 ; number heretofore depositaries now in liquidation 5 ; whole number of banks now in operation as depositaries 3,800 .

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
(REPRESGRNTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICLALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, MAY 10.)


## 

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME．

Friday Night．May 10.
Business is fairly active，but the tone of trade circles is still depressed．The real extent of business does not seem to be appreciated，and there is still a feeling of uncertitude and vex－ ation respecting the state of commercial affairs，which is to be attributed to the unsatisfactory results of the past year．

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of foreign and domestic merchandise ：


| April 1. | May 1. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 19，243 | 8，．63 |
| 99，181 | 106，593 |
| 8：937 | 8，880 |
| 17，304 | 17，110 |
| 20，933 | 31， 21 |
| 12，414 | 23，94， |
|  | 6，000 |
| 20，102 | 42， 25 |
| 24，424 | 34，964 |
| 94，046 | 72，715 |
| 70 | 70 |
| 455 | 7，185 |
| 1018，300 | 121，000 |
| 2れ，210 | 10，050 |
| 28.900 | 33，486 |
| 185，000 | 150，000 |
| 75，740 | 52，520 |
| 1，542 | 1，441 |
| 3 3，221 | 1，912 |
| 4，766 | 4，810 |
| 13，975 | 11，778 |
| 715 | 674 |
| 22，628 | 28，400 |
| 14，295 | 16，800 |
| 16，6．33 | 20，000 |
| 36，600 | 32，000 |
| 14，000 | 10，370 |
| 27，448 | 33，050 |
| 22，000 | 21，400 |
| 800 | r00 |
| 2，100 | 2，800 |



Cotton has been dull and unsettled．Breadstuffs have been quiet advancing，except corn，which is lower．Tobacco has been less active．Groceries have been more active，and prices generally are more steady．
Provisions have been more active，and prices generally show some improvement．The relatively low prices of hog products bas attracted some attention from speculators，and there has been a decided increase in the demand for shipment and local consumption．Lard，Bacon；and Cutmeats have advanced half cent per lb ．，with a large business．The exports of Lard have been to Great Britain and the Contiuent，while the Cut meats and Bacon taken for shipment have mostly gone South，part to Freedmen＇s Bureau for gratuitous distribution．Butter and Cheese have advanced，but Beef has become quite dull．
Hides have been dull，and gold prices have been depressed by the advanced premium－heivy Bnenos Ayres selling at the close at $20 \frac{1}{2}$ c．gold．Leather has been firm．Skins more ac tive ；the sales including 200 bales Tampico Goat at $40 @ 42 \frac{1}{2}$ e per lb．，gold．Tallow lizs been active，and prices have im－ proved with the premium on gold．
Petroleum was firmer early in the week－standard white，in bond，bringing 27c．，but it has since declined to 26．A slight advance in Crude has also been lost．Oils lave been firm，but we bear of no important transactions．Eist India Goods are more active．A cargo of 6，000 bales Man！la Hemp sold to－day at $11 \frac{1}{2}$ c．gold．Caleutta Linseed and Gunny Cloth are firm and in demand．

Metals have a rather improving tendeney．
Wool has been very quiet，but is well held．
Fish and Fruit have been dull and heavy．
Building materials have sold freely，sellers accepting lower prices in some cases．

Freights have been irregular．For sail vessels to Great Britain there appears very little to do，and they will take corn at 3 d ．，cotton at $3-16 \mathrm{~d}$ ．and weight 10 s ．，th Liverpool，but steamer room is scarce，and double the above rates are ob－ tained．The new corn arriving must go forward by steam； hence the unusual desparity．There is a very fair business doing to the Continent at pretty full rates．Some deal charters have been made ；one from St．Louis，N．B．to Liver－ pool at 64s．
The following table，compiled fiom Custow House returns，shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1，1867，the principal ports of destination，and the total for the same period in 1866．The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the gmoput＇$n$ the last number of the Caronfoly from that here given：


|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

号音






## Imports f Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending May 3, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866 :
[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]


The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending May 10 , since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have keen as follows:

|  | This week | Since <br> Jan. 1. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Same } \\ \text { time'66 } \end{array}$ |  | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sinc } \\ & \text { Jan. } . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Same } \\ & \text { ime' } 66 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, pkgs. | 123 | 2,140 | 1,929 | Rosin | 7,998 | 101,917 | 152,394 |
| Breadstuffi- |  |  |  | Tar |  | 9,094 |  |
| Flour, bbls | 4,435 | 453,234 | 563,294 | Pitc | 88 | 2,779 | 1,106 |
| Wheat, bush | 4,066 | 436,475 | 71,596 | Oil cake, pkgs | 545 | 16,780 | 31,067 |
| Corn | 94,050 | ${ }^{630,413}$ | 523,481 | Oil, lard ${ }^{\text {O }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 1,641 |  |
| Oats | 13,518 | 241,873 | 417,666 | Oil, Petroleam. | 14,612 308 | 313,636 11,280 | 32,243 |
| Ry |  | 3,934 214,175 | 14,140 180.186 | Peanats, bags. Provisions- | 308 | 11,280 | 6,323 |
| Marley |  | 16,130 | 118,459 | Butter, pkgs.. | 9.569 | 173,456 | 24,180 |
| Grass seed. | 208 | 42,506 | 98,851 | Cheese. | 4,227 | 94,126 | 45,080 |
| Flaxseed |  | 7,114 | 2,252 | Cut meats | 2,363 | 7¢, 114 | 80,491 |
| Beans. | 255 | 14,411 | 32,759 | Eggs | 9,414 | 87,904 | ${ }_{88,323}$ |
| Peas... |  | 9,641 | 18,421 | Por | 7,717 | 23,628 | 43,318 |
| C. meal,bbls. <br> C. meal bacs | 1,460 3,571 | 193,109 | 193,601 | Lard, ${ }^{\text {Beef }}$ | 1,256 | 79,381 | 73,283 |
| Buckwheat \& |  |  |  | Lard, kegs.... | 255 | 6,247 | 3,984 |
| B.W. flour, bg |  | 6,085 | 6,045 | Rice, pkgs...... | 109 | 7,967 | 1,375 |
| Cotton, bales .. | 8,060 | 322,368 | 311,254 | Starch | 7,905 | 38,977 | 0.246 |
| Copper, bbls. |  | 2,374 | 2,720 | Stearine | 444 | 3,746 | 3,809 |
| Copper, plates. |  | 1,419 | 1,628 | Spelter, slabs. |  | 2,801 | 547 |
| Driedfrait,pkgs | 338 | 19,036 | 5,062 | Sugar, hhds | 100 | 18 |  |
| Grease, pkgs... | ${ }_{6} 48$ | 6,373 | 1,384 | Tallow, pkgs | 186 | 4,100 | 2.221 |
| Hides, No... | 16,601 | 135,685 | 201,292 | Tobacco, pkgs. | 2,647 | 36,492 | 60,600 |
| Hops, bales | , 0 | 2,738 | 3,324 | Tobacco, hhds.. | 1,807 | 18.967 | 10,103 |
| Leather, sides . | 60,064 | 835,559 | 759,598 | Whiskey, bbls.. | 1,498 1,031 | 17,313 | ${ }_{31,611}$ |
| Lead, pigs..... | 141 | 720 | 2,892 | Dressed Hog |  |  |  |
| and bbls .... | 100 | 10,492 | 5,782 | No......... |  | 79.873 | 81,769 |
| val Stores- |  |  |  | Rice, rough, |  | 3,964 | 5,704 |
| Crade trp, ${ }^{\text {chir }}$ Spis | 1,136 | 13,644 | 11,796 |  |  |  |  |

## COTTON.

 Friday, P. M., May 10, 1867.The receipts of Cotion this week from all the ports show a small increase, the total reaching 19,661 bales (against 18,088 bales last week, 26,808 bales the previous week, and 27,790 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate receipts since September 1, this year, $1,679,993$ bales, against $1,816,101$ bales for the same period in 1865-6. The details of the week's receipts are as follows:
Received this week at*- Receipts. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Received this week at- Receipts. } \\ & 593\end{aligned}$

 Sivannah $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Texas.. } . . . \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . & \text { 2,205 } \\ \text { 4,396 }\end{array}$

In the exnorts this week there is also a slight increase, the total from all the ports reaching 43,160 bales, against 42,545 bales last week, and 51,768 bales the previous week. Be-

[^0]low we give the details of the week's shipments from all the ports :

| From- $\begin{gathered}\text { Liver- } \\ \text { pool. }\end{gathered}$ | Eavre. | -Expo Barcelona. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rted th } \\ & \text { Brem. } \end{aligned}$ | weel Hamburg. | Other N Europe. | Gibraltar. | Vera Cruz. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York...12,245 | -392. |  | 1,517 | 150 | 127 | .... | ..... | 14,431 |
| Boston....... 2,040 | .... |  |  | .. |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 2,040 |
| Baltimore ... 261 |  |  | ... | ... | 59 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 820 |
| Philadelphia. 200 |  |  |  | .. |  |  | 80 | 200 |
| New Orleans. 6,663 |  | 1,228 |  |  | .- | 464 | 80 | 8,720 |
| Mobile ..... 6,768 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 1,768 |
| Charleston.. | 1,551 | 322 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | . |  |  | 6,862 |
| Savanuah ... 6,362 |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
| Galveston ... 1,462 | $\cdots$ |  | 519 | . | . |  |  | 2,760 |
| Norfolk, Va. 66 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80 |
| T'l this w'k.36,761 | 1,943 | 1,550 | 2,036 | 150 | 186 | 454 | 0 | 43,160 |

The total foreign exports from the United States since Sept. 1 now amount to $1,231,370$ bales, against 1,317,695 bales for the same period last year, and the present stocks are 406,008 bales, against 428,968 bales at the same time in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the poris since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, \&c. :

## Receipts and Exports of Coiton (bales) since Sept. 1, and

 Stocks at Dates Mentioned.| PORTS. | $\begin{gathered} \text { REC'D } \\ \text { SINCE } \\ \text { SEPT. } \end{gathered}$ | EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 To- |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { BHIP- } \\ \text { M'NTB } \\ \hline \text { NORTR } \\ \text { PRRTE. } \end{array}$ | STOCK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Great Britain | France | Other for'gn. | Total. |  |  |
| N. Orleans, May | 661,689 | 337,740 | 109,437 | 39,914 | 487,091 | 193,341 | 134,543 |
| Mobile, May 3 | 218,896 | 120,402 | 4,362 | 3,036 | 127,800 | 55,430 | 85,071 |
| Charleston, May 8... | 133,535 | 66,878 | 3,524 | 413 | 70,815 | 65,750 | 7,995 |
| Savannab, May 3. | 204,982 | 92,992 |  |  | 92,992 | 87,839 | 17,787 |
| Texas, April 26. | 146,217 | 40,951 |  | 5,202 | 46,153 | 66,524 | 24,699 |
| New York, May 10*. | 104,698 | 300, 01 | 2 ,,698 | 46,597 | £68,791 |  | 140,090 |
| Florida, May $3+$. | 52,969 |  |  | .... |  | 35,370 | 8,018 |
| N. Carolina, May 10. | 35,885 | 492 |  | $\ldots$ | 492 | 35,393 | .... |
| Virginia, May 10 . | 96,720 | 11,885 |  |  | 11,585 | 84,819 | +48000 |
| Other p'ts, May 10*. | 24,402 | 25,031 |  | 320 | 25,351 |  | $\ddagger 48,000$ |
| Tot | 1,679,993 | 997,172 | 138.716 | 95,482 | 1,231.370 | 623, 406 | 406,00 |

The market has been exceedingly unsettled and variable the past week, and yet the fluctuations in prices have been unimportant. The reports by the cable have in their influence nullified each other, more peacefu] intelligence having been attended with a decline in gold, which prevented holders realizing any advantage from the improved political situation, and again, warlike news being followed by an advance in gold, which prevented orders from being executed. The business of the week consequently has been the smallest we have had to note in some time, not exceeding 7,500 bales. The market closes steady but spiritless. An irregular decline in cotton goods from $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. on heavy sheetings to 2 or 3 cents on other cotton fabrics has been very discouraging to spinners, while the light receipts and decreasing stocks cause holders to be unwilling sellers. There has been anotber heavy failure in the trade which was severely felt in New Orleans, but had very little effect here. The following are the closing quotations :

|  |  |  | N. Orleans |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Upland. | Florida. | Mobile. |
| \&'rexas |  |  |  |  |

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show an increase, the total shipments amounting to 14,431 bales against 12,725 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:
To Liverpool, per steamers-Scotia 1,346... Lonisiana, 1,642....Hecla 750 . Kingaroo, $432 \ldots$..City of Cork, $572 . .$. City of Washingtion, 231
 To Havre, per steames-Bremen, $50 . .$. .Western Metropolis, 1,467 . Total
 To Antwerp, per steamer-Midway, 98. Total bales.
To Rotterdam, per ship-Johann Wilhelm, 29. Total lal $3 \mathrm{~s} . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1,1866 ; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :

[^1]| EXPORTED TO | WEEE ENDING |  |  |  | Total to date. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Same } \\ & \text { time } \\ & \text { prev. } \\ & \text { year. } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April } \\ 16 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 23 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 30 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Liverpool. Other British Ports | 6,887 | 10,516 | 9,805 | 12,245 | $\begin{array}{r} 294,744 \\ 6,057 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 354, \quad 59 \\ 16,798 \end{array}$ |
| Total to Gt. Britain.. | 6,887 | 10,516 | 9,805 | 12,245 | 300,801 | 371,657 |
| Havre <br> Other French ports. | 924 | 4,088 | 2,197 | 392 | 21,387 | 31,761 |
| Total French | 924 | 4,028 | 2,197 | 392 | 21,393 | 31,769 |
| Bremen and Hanover | 1,143 | 2,259 | 522 | 1,517 | 28,160 | 17,064 |
| Other ports | 672 808 | 2,461 1,599 | 152 49 | 150 127 | 11,203 | 14,807 |
| Total to N. Eu | 2,623 | 4,319 | 723 | 1,794 | 44,937 | 37,243 |
| Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar All others. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 860 \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,014 \\ 754 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Total Spain, etc....... | .... | .... | .... | .... | 1,660 | 1,768 |
| Grand Total ............ | 10,434 | 18,863 | 12,725 | 14,431 | \|368,791 | 442,437 |

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1 :

| From | This week. Bales. | Since Sept. 1. Bales. | From | This week. Bales | Since Sept. 1. Bales. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New Orleans. | 1,434 | 112,477 | South Carolina. | 1,011 | 47,497 |
| Texas. | 1,510 | 46,62 | North Carolina | 312 | 29,9R8 |
| Eavannal | 1,272 | 84,470 | Norfolk, Baltimo | 486 | 70,205 |
| Mobile. |  | 24,297 | Per Railroad... | 2,002 | 108,628 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Florida } \\ & \text { Total for } \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 29,941 |  |  |  |
| Total sinc |  |  |  |  | 554,064 |

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1:


* Reshipments.
+ This does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

The following are the exports of cotton from these cities the past week :
$\underset{\substack{\text { From } \\ \text { Boston }}}{ }$
${ }_{2}{ }_{2}$ Bales.
From
Boston to Liverpool per ship Phœnix, 2.040..
Baltimore to Liverponl per steamer Wrceate
$\ldots 2,040$

making the total exports from these cities this week 2,560 bales, of which 59 bales were to Rotterdam, and the bal. ance to Liverpool.
Shipping News.-We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports :
Exported this week from -
New Orleans-To Liverpool, per ships Alsager, $3,613 \ldots$. Wyoming
$2.331 \ldots$ Per bark Ardour 719 Tot
To Barceiona per brig Cisnero 5
To Gibralter per bark Emily 454
To Vera Cruz per schooner Arthur Burton $80 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. Mobile-To Liverpool per ships Norwood 3,456.... Success 8,3ia.....
 Savannah-To Liverpool per ships New England azo bailas Sea island
and 2,812 Upland. . Johu Patten 597 Sea Island and $\varepsilon, 633 \mathrm{Up}$ and 2,812 Upland.. John Patten 597 Sea Island and $\AA, 633$ Up-
Galveston-To Liverpool per schooner Gem $1,462 \ldots$
Norfolk, Va-To Liverpool per steamer Propontis $\neq$
otal bales
Early in the week, under the influence of the advices from Liverpool that the Laxemburg difficulty would probably be settled, and the im proved quotations at Liverpool and New York, prices here were higher until on Wednesday Middling to Strict Middling (Liverpool quotations) were sold as high as $29 @ 30$. Subsequently, however, there was an unfaverable reaction, the Liverpool and New York Markets being reported lower, and at the close here Middling is quoted at 26@27, and Low Middling 24@25. Domestic Exchange has continued quiet with a tendency in favor of buyers, bankers checking on New York at $\frac{1}{2}$ premium. The rate for commercial has been selling at par to 1-16@1 discount for New York sight. Sterling Exchange closed at 14y $\frac{1}{2}$ for bankers.

Eubopean and Indian Cotton Marekts.-In reference to these mar* kets our correspondent in London writes as follows: *

Liverpool, April 27.-In the early part of the week, the cotton trade, owing to the unfarorable opinion entertained with regard to the issue of the Luxemburg dispute, was heavy in the extreme, and an important fall in prices was the result. During the last few days, however, there has been much more activity in the demand, and the sales have been considerable; nevertheless, prices to-day are much lower than on Saturday last. As compared with that day, American cotton shows a fall of 1 d. ; Brazilian, $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{~d} . ; \operatorname{Rio}, 1 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~d} . ;$ Egyptian, $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d} . ;$ Smyrna, $\frac{1}{d}$ d. to $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. ; and East India 1d. per lb. The sules of the week amount to 55,560 bales, of which 3,280 bales were on speculation, 13,050 bales for export, and 39,230 bales to the trade. Annexed are the prices current for American cotton:
Mobile, May Mobile. May 4.-By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending May 3 were 1,848 bales, against 1,285 bales last week, and the shipments were 7,236 bales, of which 6.768 were to Liverpool, 172 to New York, and 296 bales to New Orleans, leaving the stock on hand and os shipboard, not cleared, of 35,071 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week :

Sea Island....
Stained...... Upland...
Mobile.....
New Oriean
New Orleans.

The supplies of cotton in London and Liverpool, including the quan tities of American and Indian produce afloat to these ports, are now as under :

```
Stock at Liverpool.
```

| 1866. | 1867. |
| ---: | ---: |
| Bales. | Bales. |
| 821,950 | 826,110 |
| 64,610 | 48,582 |
| 115,000 | 120,000 |
| 629,810 | 431,330 |
| $1,631,370$ | $1,426,022$ |

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dempatches at the close of our London lette.
COMMEROLAL \& FuGANOFL CEROMIOLE.

The actual export from the United Kingdom since the commenceThe actual export from
ment of the year has been :


HaVke, April 25-A coneiderable fall has taken place in the value of cotton during the last few days. Very ordinary New Orleans is now selling at 125f.; for July, August and September ; for May, 122f. 50 c .; and for July, 121 f . per 50 kilogs.
Alexandida, April 13.-The current rumors of approaching war have in a measure paralyzed our market, and prices are almost nominal. The shipments since November 1, have been;
From

## TOBACCO.

Friday, P. M., May 10, $186 \%$.
The exports of crude tobacco continue large this week, the total being about the same as last week. It will be noticed from the tables we give that the receipts at New York and Baltimore are now increasing materially, but the large shipments prevent any decided increase in the stocks, which are considerably smaller than they were a year ago. The total exports from all the ports this week amount to 3,255 hbds., 1,677 cases, 423 bales, and 176 hhds. and bałes of stems, besides $166,169 \mathrm{lbs}$. and a few hundred boxes of manufactured tobacco, as may be seen in the following statement:



 $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Total previous week.. } & 2,644 & 1,453 & 313 & \cdots 7 & 70 & \cdots . . & 693 \\ 2025,681\end{array}$
Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:
Exports of Tobacco from the United States mince Novem-


The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped ;

$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Total since Nov. 1...48,646 } & 20,160 & 9,053 & \overline{337} & 2,778 & \overline{373} & 4,974 & 4,619,807\end{array}$
The market this week is generally less active. Foreign buyers of Kentucky have in good part withdrawn their orders, and seem to be very unsettled in their views. There has been a fair, steady demand for consumption, but the trade on the other hand lacks animation. Sales for the week about 550 hhds., of which 250 hhds . lugs, mainly for export, at $4 \frac{1}{2} @ 5 \mathrm{c}$., the balance at $8 @ 18 \mathrm{c}$. , as in quality.

Seed Leaf has also been very quiet. The sales have been re stricted entirely to samples of Connecticut. There has been no Ohio offering until to-day, and no sales. Some few samples of State have been shown, but nothing done. The sales are 67 cases Connecticut, 1865 and 1866 crops, at $8 @ 13 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}$., 200 cases Connecticut at 8@25, the latter price for fine wrappers, 1866 crop. Manufactured Tobacco is quiet in the absence of assortments. The stock is quite small, but liberal supplies are at hand. In Foreign Tobacco we have only to notice the sale of 97 bales Mexican on private terms.

> QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY. KENTICKY LEAF (HBDS.).

KENTUCKY LEAF (HEDS.).


Medium do .
ed leaf (boxes).
Connecticut Wrappers, Selections.
Running ..
New "York Running
Ohio
Pennsylvania "
Ohio and Pennsylvania Filiers.

manuFactured.



 $\qquad$ $55 @ 105$
600170 gRCEIPTS AT NRW YORK BINGE NOVEMber 1. 1866.

| From | TThis week- |  | -Previously- |  | -T'l sin. Nov.1- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | hhds. | pkga. |
| Virginia. | 166 | 1,660 |  |  | 3,805 | 39,540 | 3,971 | 41,200 |
| Baltimore | 74 | 131 | 1.914 | 2,462 | 1,988 | 2,593 |
| New Orlea |  |  | 1,463 | 390 | 1,463 | 390 |
| Ohio, \&c.. | ,56\% | 856 | 14,787 | 15,568 | 16,354 | 16,424 |
| Other |  |  | 124 | 853 | 124 | 803 |
| Total | ,80\% | 2,647 | 22,093 | 58,813 | 23,900 | 61,460 |

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week

*The exports in this table to Enropean ports are made up from manifests, veritied and corrected by an inspection of the cargo
The direction of exports for the week, from other ports, have been as follows:
From Baltimore-To Liverpool, 263 hhds. leaf....To Rotterdam, 871 hhds leaf and 76 hhds. stems. Zealand, ${ }^{27}$ cases....To Africa, 30 hhds. 3 . To Honoluin, 9 cases...... From Portland-To Halifax, 100 boxes.
From Philadelphia-To Liverpool, 10,636 manufactured lbs....To Port Spain, 3,200 manufactured lbs Barbadoes, 788 mannfactured lbs.
From Norfolk. Va.-To Liverpool, 60 hhds ., 25 cases and 286 boxes.
Maryland.-At Baltimore inspoctions have been somewhat retarded the past week, consequent upon the inauguration of new inspectors. The demand for Maryland leaf has been very brisk, all the receipts being quickly taken by shippers at full pricen. Of Ohio, the receipta are
light and demand moderate. We notice sales of 150 hbds., nearly all new crop, within our former range. In Kentucky descriptions there is nothing doing ; market extremely dull, and quotations entirely nominal in the absence of sales. Inspections for the week, 894 hhds. Maryland, (including 10 reinspected,) 296 Ohio, 10 Virginia, and 1 Kentuckytotal, 1,201 bhds. Clearell, 263 hhds. to Liverpool, 871 do. leaf, and 76 do. stems to Rotterdam. We repeat the range of prices, viz:


 1.5003 .00
 $3.00 @ 30.00$
tOBAOCO ATATEMENT

Stock 1st Jan., 1867. $\qquad$ | 19,595 | Cleared for foreign ports. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,2,479$ |  | do previously.

Total.
, Stock to-day in warehonses and 13.275

Manufactured Tobacco.-There is a fair demand for sound common and medium grades, supplies of which continue slim, but for fine descriptions the market is dull.

Fine bright................ $\$ 1$
Good bright soun
Mediam bright sound. Fome, a little out of cond'n Other qualities, out of con dition, range from.......
$\qquad$ $00 @ 1$
9001
90
80

And as to condition down to 20 cts . 5 's and 10 's Western. Half 1 lb . B -com. to best. Halfo. "، (dark). Pounds, common to good.
$\begin{array}{ll}20 @ & 50 \\ 65 @ & \text { Navy-pounds and halfs }\end{array}$
millers have been buying but little; country millers have appeared in the market within a day or two, buying moderately. The business early in the week embraced $30,000^{\circ}$ bushels for Oswego. The sales to-day embraced 40,000 bushels at $\$ 275$ @\$2 82 for No. 2 Chicago and Milwaukee.
Corn has declined 5 c . for old and 10 c . for new. There have been liberal arrivals of new, much of it in poor condition, which, in the absence of distilling demand, must be forced off at relatively low prices. There has been this week a considerable supply of new Southern white corn, which was quickly taken for export at $\$ 130 @ 135$. At to day's market old Western mixed sold at $\$ 133$ in store, and new from $\$ 105$ to 128, including good to prime shipping cargoes at $\$ 125 @$ 127. Freights to Liverpool by sail are down to three pence, while by steam they are 6d.@6 $\frac{1}{2} d .-$ giving holders of old, which only can be shipped by sail, the decided advantage.

Oats have advanced on speculative demand, but at the close in sympathy with gold are weak at 87 c . for Western and 90 c . for State. Rye has further advanced, with a good demand for consumption. Barley has been quiet, but firm. Peas are nominally unchanged, but supplies to the extent of fifty thousand bushels or more are on the way here from Oswego, with which a market will probably be made.

The following are closing quotations: inquiry, the only important transactions are 31 lugs to fine leaf at $4 \frac{1}{6} @$ $14 \mathrm{c} ., 37$ lugs and leaf at $4 \frac{1}{2} @ 12 \mathrm{c}$., 16 low to good leaf at $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$., 6 good leaf at $10 \mathrm{c}, 3$ lugs at $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$., and 7 fine leaf at $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$., 27 leaf and lugs at ritc., 89 medium Clarksville leaf at $11 \frac{1}{2} c ., 10$ fine leaf at $12 c ., 4$ and 8 lugs at 5 c ., and 1 low lugs at 4 c . per lb . The receipts of the week amountto 685 hl :ds., and the exports embrace only 5 hhds. to New York, upon which the stock has increased to 2,287 hhds.

Kentuciy.--At Louisville, the market has been active and buoyant Sales for the week $1,150 \mathrm{hhds}$. The supplies have also inereased. We quote : common lugs $2 \frac{1}{2} @ 3$, fair to good $3 \frac{1}{2} @ 5$, common leaf $5 @ 7$, medium 8@11, fair to good 12@16, good to fine 17@26; faucy wrapping 20@75. Stock on hand April 133,727 , receipts since to April 20th, country, 827, do do local 90, Receipts since to April 28th, country, 1,144, do do local 60, total 5,850. Deliveries since to April 20th 1;001, do do April 27 th 1,108. Stock on hand April 27 th 3,741 hhds.

May 6th.-The market was active with full attendance of buyers. Prices continue steady for all desirable grades. In the sales some Todd county shipping leaf brought $\$ 2025$. The breaks to-day amounted to 106 hhds. with 11 rejections. Sales were of 2 hhde. at $\dot{\infty} 020 @ 1875$, 2 at $\$ 1650 @ 16.25,3$ at $\$ 15 @ 1575,1$ at $\$ 1475$, 5 at $\$ 1395 @ 1375$, 3 at $\$ 12 @ 12$ ธ 0,13 at $\$ 11 @ 1175,15$ at $\$ 10 @ 10$ 75, 12 at $\$ 9 @ 975,7$ at $\$ 8 @ 890,8$ at $\$ 740 @ 795,8$ at $\$ 630 @ 680,3$ at $\$ 520 @ 530,9$ at $84 @ 490,11$ at $\$ 3 @ 385,2$ at $\$ 230 @ 45$.

At Clarkaville, for the past two weeks, the market has been only moderately active, planters bolding back for a steadier riling in prices. European advices have tended to engender distrust among buyers, though the effect has been less operative to depress prices than in New York and other markets. The extreme backwardness of plants, coupled with the depredations of the fly has not as yet materially infuenced prices. We are advised both by Tennessee and Kentucky plánters of visits from the fly, but do not apprehend any great destruction from them, as the late rains will doubtless check their march.

Our market closes buoyant, and bidding was decidedly more animated than the week previous.

Virginia.-At Richmond, the receipts of tobacco are light for the season. The stocks in the different warehouses for inspection are very light, the tobacco being sampled and sold as soon as it arrives. This weer the market has been more active, and prices better for all grades in good order. Those out of order dull. We quote: New Lugs, medium, $\$ 250 @ 450$; New Good Shipping and Working, $\$ 6 @ 8$; Medium Leaf, \$8@11; Good Stripping and Shipping, \$12@17; Common Bright, $\$ 15 @ 25$; Medium Bright, $\$ 25 @ 35$; Fine, $\$ 50 @ 75$; Extra Fine, $\$ 80 @ 125$.

At Petersburg the market has improved, and prices are higher for all tobacco in dry safe order, particularly for the finer grades. To bacco in soft order is still low, and in very little demand. The sales during the weez amount to about 350 lots of loose and hogsheads. We quote Primings and Common Lugs at 50 c @ 52 50: good to very good Lugs \$4@\$9; good Leaf, \$10@\$15; very good, \$16@\$20; fine\$39@ $\$ 50$; fancy, $861 @ 1 \mathrm{cu}$. Receipts this week, 49 hhds; last week, 78 hhds. ; Total since October 1, 887 hhds.

## BREADSTUFFS.

Fridat, May 10, 1867, P. M.
The market shows less buoyancy throughout, but higker prices have been made during the past week for all staples, except Corn.
The receipts of Flour continue very light, and so far as we can learn there is very little on the way, but the reports from Western markets show steadily increasing supplies, though still far below the average. The advance in good serviceable Flour in.as been $50 @ 75 \mathrm{e}$. per bbl., though the range of quota tions $r$ main the same.

Wheat touched higher figures early in the week, but the advance has not been sustained for Spring grades. The city


The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows: erecipts at new york.

foreign exporte from new york for the weer and singe jan.l.

| To | Flour, bbls. | C. meal, bbls. | Wheat, bush. | Rye, bush. | Earley bush. | Oats, bush. | Corn, bash. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gt. Rrit. week since Jan. 1.. | 76 | 25 | 14,086 | 6,515 | 774,092 | 6,100 116,4062 | 221,191 |
| N. A. Col. week. | 3,181 | 2,074 |  |  |  |  |  |
| since Jan. | 37,477 | 11,626 |  |  |  |  | 24,022 |
| West Ind. week. | 3,623 | 1,109 |  |  |  | 38 | 1,183 |
| since Jan. 1 | 77,449 | 42,848 | 675 |  |  | 3,699 | 37,809 |
| Total expst, weeksince Jan. 1,1867 | 9,25252,610 | 3,283 | 2,697 |  | 798, 971 | 6,138 | 222,374959,608 |
|  |  | 57,469 | 37,019 | 28,620 |  | 121,630 |  |
| same time, 1866. | 361,102 | 47,302 | 100,296 1 | 81,589 |  | 676,620 | ,092,292 |
| Since Jan. 1 , from |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston | 59,212 | 4,039 | 500 |  | 2,758 | 257,640 | 1,031 |
| Philadelphi | 12,715 | 9,604 | 8,302 |  |  | 4,454 | 391,400 |
| Baitimore | 3,595 | 17,654 |  |  |  | 1,201 | 607,974 |

Weekly Receipts at Lake Ports.-The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending May 4:

|  | Flour. | Wheat. | Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rye. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | bush |
| Chicago. | 27,00 | 35,642 | 605,8 |  |  | ,893 |
| Milwauke | 5,721 | 16,152 | 12,302 | 18,529 | 4,205 | 3,050 |
| Toledo | 3,948 | 13,987 | 221,257 | 5,854 |  | 360 |
| Detroit | 8,309 |  | ${ }_{56,275}^{11.314}$ | 8,376 27,500 | 564 4.540 |  |
| Cleveland | 1,232 | 40,870 | 56,275 | 27,500 | 4,540 | 1,400 |
| Totals | 46,214 | 106,651 | 906,982 | 104,340 | 18,474 | 13,70 |
| Previous | 40,53! | 144,131 | 630,579 | 68,159 | 16,979 | 6,918 |
| Corresponding week,'66 | 80,091 | 341,885 | 379,125 | 361,679 | 20,872 | 38,167 |
| Since Jan. 1, 1867 | 949,242 | 2,634,703 | 5,8.54,671 | 1,446,434 | 434,732 | 344,298 |
| Same time, 1866 | 923,595 | 3,721,660 | 3,978,74C | 2,122,444 | 225,089 | 275,35 |

## GROCERIES.

Fridat, May 10, 1867-P. M.
The Grocery trade has been more uniform and steady during the past week, but the volume of business is somewhat less. There are no important influences at work upon the market, and prices are quite steady. Stocks of goods are light, but sufficient for the prevailing demand, and intelligence from foreign ports gives an average stock of groceries on hand. In but one instance, that of sugar, have prices been influenced to any extent by the advance in gold. Sugar is firmer from that reason. Buyers are exhibiting an unusual degree of caution in their purchases, and business is restricted to the actual wants of consumption. This applies to all parties at this time, from the importer to the retailer. We annex details regarding the leading articles of the trade :

TEA.
Tea has been quiet but steady for the most part since our last re port. Prices are without material variation. The sales are a cargo of 12,331 half chests Oolongs to a leading jobbing house, and 4,936 doOolongs and 1,046 boxes do., 4,300 balf chests Japans, 2,500 Greens, and 1,600 do. Souchongs to the trade-the market closing quiet at our quotations.
Imports of the week include the cargo of the "Golden State" from Yokohama, amounting to 849,392 lbs. Japan ; 3,794 lbs. by the "Amaranth" from Wampoa embracing 4,640 lbs. Hyson Skin, 3,105 Hyson, ${ }_{24,016}$ Young Hyson, 2,327 Imperial, 3,853 Gunpowder, and 1,375 pligs. from Liverpool.
pte following table shows the shipments of Tea from Ohina and Japan to the United States, from June 1, 1866, to Feb. 22, 1867, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1:

| antic ports.- To San Direet Indir'ct At |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1 to | Juneito | Same | Fran- | at New | AtN. | Bos- |
|  | Feb. 23. | Feb. 1. | in '65, | cisco. | York. | York. | ton. |
|  | lbs. | lbs. | 1 bs . | pkg. | lbs. | pkg. al | 1 sorts. |
| Congou \& Sou. | 212,000 | 1,654,736 | 1,041,614 |  | 1,075,631 | Frnm G | G't Brit |
| Ponchong .... | 94,100 | 1064,163 9947 | 1 809,283 $8,141,966$ |  | 8,043,023 | 11,202 | 96 |
| Oolong\&Ning. | 337,700 8,324 | 9,947,738 | 8,141,95964 |  | , |  |  |
| Twank |  | 611,194 | 749,049 |  | 316,439 | From | Europe |
| Hyson skin |  | 52,565 | 132,084 |  | 18,388 | 112 |  |
| Hyson. |  | 1,556,775 | 1,236,8:38 | 44,360 | 1,087,712 | From | E'tind. |
| Young Hyson.. |  | 6,236,478 | 6,586,493 | 4,300 | 4,506,264 |  | 255 |
| Imperial |  | 1,453,697 | 1,245,503 |  | $1,026.150$ |  |  |
| Gnnpowd |  | 1,508,905 | 1,5,476,078 |  | 1,6781,953 | 56 | 10,415 |
| Total |  | 28,859,017 | 25,469,476 | 44,360 | 20,987 958 | 11,201 | 10,760 |
|  | COFFEES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Coffer has been in fair demand, and in the absence of outside influences prices have been very steady. The sales for the week included 17,200 bags Rio, 150 do Costa Rica, and 1,200 Maracaibo, at rates within the range of our quotations below.
Imports of the week have been very limited amounting to only 8,865 bags as follows : of Rio 3,199 bags per "Gertrude," 3,800 bags ,er "Sadowa," of Singapore 3,020 bags, of St. Domingo 1,250 bags, per sundries 616 bags. At other ports there have been no importations. The stock of both Rio and other Coffee is less than last week.
The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands May 7, are
 SUGAR.
Sugar bas been generally less active for raw, but with the higher price of gold there is an advance of fully $\frac{1}{8}$ cent on refining grades Refined sugar has been in steady request, and prices are unchanged The sales of raw include 6,500 hhds. Cuba and Porto Rico, and 2,500 tozes Havana. The market closing steady.
Imports of the week have amounted to 6,253 boxes and 8,877 hhd $s$. of Cuba and 1,818 hhds. of other sorts at New York, 463 hbds of Cuba at Portland, 2.367 at Philadelphia, 2,800 hhds. at Baltimore, and 1,106 the at New Or import since Jan. 1, at all the hr. 93,438 boxes, 170,405 hhds., and 68,806 bags.
Stocks May 7, and imports since January 1, are as follows :
Other New
lows.


bags. Manila
${ }_{N}^{A t}$ Yor
Importg since Jan. 1. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Portland } & \text { do } \\ \text { Boston } & \text { do } \\ \text { Philadelphia } & \text { do }\end{array}$ Baltimore

- Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads

Havana, May 4.-Advices from abroad, and easier freights and higher exchange, have produced some activity in the market for lower grades, quotations of No. 12 remain the same, however, at 6 是@7 rs. per arrobe. Sales amount to 14,000 boxes.
The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas :

|  | Rec'd this week. | $\underset{\text { week. }}{\text { Expts }}$ | to U.S.Since Jan. 1. | week. | $1 \text { export-- } 1 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Etocks } \\ & \text { boxes. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year. 1867. | week. <br> 80,854 | week. | since Jan. 1 . 104,407 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { week. } \\ & 51,204 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since Jan. } 1 . \\ 547,800 \end{gathered}$ | 469,552 |
| 1866 | 94,995 |  | 151,912 | 65,452 | 503,256 | 439,945 |
| 1865. | 80,913 |  | 103,748 | 56,962 | E45,213 | 807,768 |
|  |  |  | LASSES. |  |  |  |

Molasses has continued in uniformly steady demand for the different kinds, and prices are also unchanged. The sales for the week include about $2,000 \mathrm{hhds}$. of all kinds, but principally of Muscovado.

Imports of the week have been 1,560 hhds. Ouba, 542 of Porto Rico and 1;613 of others at New York, 2;820 hhds. at Portland, 2,784 hids. at Boston 8,224 hhds at Philadelphia, 528 hhds, at Baltimore and 6,257 hhds, at New Orleans, making the total import at all the ports wince Jan, $1,172,489$ hhde, not jncluding New Orleans Molansen.

Stocks, May 7, and imports since January 1 are as follows:


* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads. SPICES.
Spices are in steady, moderate demand for the jobbing trade. Prices are the same. The sales are principally in small lots of the several articles in the list. A sale of 1,230 boxes Penang Pepper, in bond, on private terms, is reported.

FRUITS.
Fruits have been somewhat irregular for foreign dried, and prices are lower for some articles. Layer Raisins have met a fair trade demand at a reduction of $5 @ 10 \mathrm{c}$. from last week's prices. Foreign Green Fruits are abundant, and prices are hardly susiained. Domestic Dried are dull and somewhat nominal in price.
We annex ruling quotations:

 Spices.

 Sardines...................... box

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

Friday, P. M., May 10, 1867.
The Dry Goods Market has become rather quiet and the bulk of the Spring business seems to be over. The decline in cotton here and abroad has the effect to establish a lower basis of prices for all newly manufactured domestic goods excepting a few styles of prints and fine bleached goods which are scarce and wanted as fast as offered on the market. The auction sale of domestics referred to last week has had a perceptible depressing effect upon prices this week, and in many instances the reduction since Friday last has been quite heavy. On Monday, Denims, Stripes and Ticks were materially reduced for the lower grades. Delains were also marked down. - On Tuesday a line of Allen prints (dark) were offered at 15 cents and closed out. On Wednesday standard Brown Sheetings were reduced $\frac{1}{2}$ a cent, and a few makes of Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, medium grades, were also reduced, while Denims, Stripes, Domestic Ginghams, Corset Jeans and Brown Drills weré marked down materially. These lower prices stimulated the export demand, and the amount shipped for the week is much the largest of any time since before the war. Yesterday a line of Sprague's prints were placed upon the market at a material reduction, causing a general stampede in prices, and to-day the market is unsettled and very irregr
ular. The following will show the details of the export of Dry Goods and Domestics for the present week:

| Exports to | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Domestics. Val. } \\ & \text { pkgs. } \end{aligned}$ | D, Goods. packages. | Val. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Domestics } \\ \text { pkgg. } \end{gathered}$ | DryGoods cares. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| China............. | . 14 81,100 |  | \$.... |  |  |
| New Granada. | 103 8,50\% |  |  |  |  |
| Venezuela. | 10644 |  | ... |  |  |
| Brazil | 3630 |  | .... |  |  |
| Africa | 1,058 141,270 |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |
| Havre | .... | 8 | 5,467 | .... |  |
| Cuba | ... | 5 | 1,526 |  |  |
| St. Pierre. | .... .... |  | 1,0 | 1 |  |
| Honolala. | .... .... | $\ldots$ |  | 20 |  |
| British Provinces.. |  |  |  | 21 |  |
| Total this week. | 1,188\$152,146 | 13 | \$6,998 | 41 |  |
| Since Jan. 1...... | 3,812 532,887 | 2,467 5 | 524,780 | 3,123 |  |
| Same time $1866 \ldots$... | 880 31,791 144,749 | 1,221 4 | 441,892 | 1,148 |  |

Brown Sheftings and Shirtings have been in light request during the entire week, and, with the lower price of cotton, standards are quoted $\frac{1}{1}$ a cent lower. Atlantic $\mathrm{N} 3-4$ 11, Indian Orchard L do 13, Commonwealth $O$ do 9, Uuion do 11, Boott $H$ do 13, Pepperell N de 14, Atlantic V 7-8 15, Atlantic E do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pacific E do $15 \frac{1}{\frac{2}{4} \text {. Tremont E }}$ do $12 \frac{1}{2}$, Bedford R do 12, Boott $O$ do 14, Indian Orchard $W$ do 14, Pepperell O do 16, Indian Head 4-4 19, Princeton A 4-4 do 181, Pacific extra do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, do H do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, do L do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic H do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, do A do 19, do L do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence $E$ do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, do $C$ do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, do F do 16. Stark A do 18, Amoskeag A do 19, do B do 181, Medford do 17, Kenebeck do $11 \frac{1}{2}$, Roxbury A do $17 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard B do 15, Nanhua $D$ do 15, Pepperell E do 191, Great Falls M do 15, do S do 14, Albion do 14, Dwight do 15, Exeter A do 15, Macon do 18, Sbannon do 15, Laconia 0 9-8 17, Pequot do 23, Indian Orchard A 40 inch do 18, do 16 , Nasha $5-4$ 28, Naumkeag w do $23 \frac{1}{2}$, Utica do 40, Pep-
perell $7-435$, Utica do 45 , Pepperell $9-447 \frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell $10-457$,

Bleaceied Sbeetings and Shirtings are in light request, but for prime brands there is only a moderate supply, and prices are steadily maintained. New York Mills are sold ahead at 40 cents. Globe $3-49 \frac{1}{2}$, Pearl River do $9 \frac{1}{3}$. Kingston do 9, Boott $R$ do 12, do H do 13 , Walt ham X 7-8 16, Putnam B do 12. Great Falls M do 15 do S do 14 , do A do 16, Lyman Cambric do 171, Lawrence A do 141 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hill's Semp Idem. do 22, Boot C do 15 ,James 33 inch 18, Bartlett 31 inch 17, Bartett 83 do 171, Lewiston $G 4-4$ 14, Pocumtuck do 15, Putnam A do 14, Newmarket A do 16t, do C do 18, Great Falls K do 151, Bartletto do 20, Constitutional do 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, James Steam do 20, Indian River XX do 14t Attawangan XX do $15 \frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence B do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Hope do 19, Tip Top do 23t, Blackstone A A 16 , Amoskeag A do 24, Boot B do 20, Forestdale do 21, Masonville do 25, do XX do 25, Androscoggin L do 25, Lonsdale do 25, Wauregan do 25, Bates XX do 25 $\frac{1}{2}$, Arkwright do 25, Lyman J do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta H do $32 \frac{1}{2}$, do O do $32 \frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic Cambric do 29, New York Mills do 40, Hill do 25, Amoskeag 42 inch 24ț, Waltham do 22, Wamsutta 9-8 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, Naumkeag W 5-4 $21 \frac{1}{2}$, Boot W do $21 \frac{1}{2}$, Bates do $27 \frac{1}{2}$ Wamsutta do $42 \frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag 46 inch 27, Waltham 6-4 30, Pepperell do $32 \frac{1}{3}$, Allendale do $32 \frac{1}{2}$, Utica do 45 , Waltham $8.442 \frac{1}{2}$, Pep perell do 45, Allendale do $37 \frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell $9-455$, Utica do 75 Allendale do $47 \frac{1}{2}$, Bates $10-4$ do 65 ; Waltham do 60, Allendale do 57, Pepperell do 65, Utica do 80, Masabesic 11-4 60, Amoskeag do 75.
Tioss are dull, and prices of low grades are lower and quite nominal. Amoskeag A CA 46, 0 A A6, do B 31, do D 21, do C 26, Brunswick 171 Blackstone River 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hamilton 31 $\frac{2}{2}$, Somerset 16, Thorndike 18, Peari River 432, Pittsfield 11, York 32 inch $42 \frac{1}{2}$, do 30 do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Cordis A A A 321 , Everett 21, Boston A A $27 \frac{1}{2}$, Swift River 20, Albany $11 \frac{1}{3}$. Striprs have been reduced to meet the lower prices obtained at th recent auction sale. Amoskeag 25 and $26 \frac{1}{2}$, Uncasville 18 and 19 , Whittenton A A 25 , do A $3-322 \frac{1}{2}$, do B B 18, do $C 16$, Pittsfield $3-3$ 11, Pemberton Awn 421, Haymaker 16 and 17, Everett 27 inch 18, Massabesic 6-3 21t, Boston $14 \frac{1}{2}$ and $15 \frac{1}{2}$. Blackstone $3 \cdot 314 \frac{1}{\mathrm{t}}$, Eagle 121 t Hamilton 25, Jewett City 17 and 18, Sheridan $G 15$.
Checks are lower, from the same reason, and the demand is very light Park Mills Red 221, Lanark $4 \times 229$ inch 18, Lanark fur 181 $\frac{1}{2}$, Union 50 $4 \times 2$ 31, do $502 \times 2$ 31. do $204-230$, do $202-230$, Caledonia 15 inch 80, do 11 inch 26 , Kennebeck $27 \frac{1}{2}$, Star No. 600 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, do No. 800 $2 \times 220 \frac{1}{4}$, do No 9004.2 24, Cameron No. 9021 , do No. $80 \% 0$.
Denims have also been materially reduced for the lower grades, and prices are still declining. Amoskeag 36, Haymaker 28 inch 16, do brown 15, York 28 inch 30, Warren brown 27 inch 15, Boston Mfg. Co. 29 inch 131, Pearl River 30, Union 16, Monitor 15, Manchester Co. 20, Suffolk 16, Arlington 18, Mount Vernon 25, Pawnee $11 \frac{1}{2}$.
Brown Drills are in good demand for export, home trade is light Winthrop 16, Amoskeag 20, Laconia 21, Pepperell 2013, do fine jean $21 \frac{1}{3}$, Stark A 19, Massabesic 162, Bennington 21, Woodward duck bag 28, National bags 31, Stark A do $57 \frac{1}{8}$, Liberty do 31 .
Printing Clotes are fairly active but prices are declining. Sales are reported at $9 \frac{1}{4}$ cents for $64 \times 64$ square cloth.
Pbints were more steady than most other goods, and the demand was liberal for all the new and desirabie styles up to yesterday, when line of undesirable goods of the Sprague brand was placed upon the market by a jobber at a reduction of $1 @ 2$ cents, which was taken by other houses as a eignal for a general break in prices, and to-day all kind are materially reduced and the market closes very much unsettled and business at a complete stand still. We anoex nominal prices in jobbers hands. American 15t and 16, Amoskeag dark 14t, do purple 15t do shirting 14t, do palm leaf 16, Merrimac $D$ dark 17, do purple 18, do W dark 19, do purple 19, do pink 20, Sprague's dark $16 \frac{1}{2}$ do purple 17 , do shirting $17 \frac{1}{2}$. do pink 17 , do turk'y red $17 \frac{1}{4}$, do blue check 17 , do solid $15 \frac{1}{2}$, do indigo blue $16 \frac{1}{2}$, London Monrning 15, Simpson Mourning 15 Amoskeag Mourning 14. Dunnell's 16, Allen 16t and 17 1 , Arnolds 14 , Amoskese Mourning 14. Dunnelis 16, Allen $16 \frac{1}{2}$ and $17 \frac{1}{2}$, Arnolds 14, Gloucester 16 and $16 \frac{1}{,}$, Wamsatia $11 \frac{1}{2}$, Pacific $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Cocheco 18, Lowell 12k, Naumkeag 12, Hamilton 16; Vic.
9, Lancaster 16 , Wauregan light $15 \frac{1}{2}$.
IANWB and Givarams are in but small demand. Ginghams are
lower. Lancaster Ginghams sell at 23 cents, Hartford 18, Hampden 19, Caledonia 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Glasgow 21, Clyde 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Berkshire 18, Roanoke 12 $\frac{1}{y}$, Manchester 15, Bates 21.
Canton Flannels are inactive and quite nominal at this time. Laconia Bro.23, Rockland do 16, Naumkeag do 25, Nashua A 20, Extra Plush $22 \frac{1}{2}$.
Corset Jeans are in good demand but prices are declining. Andros$\operatorname{coggin} 12 \frac{1}{2}$, Bates colored 131 , do bleached 131 2 , Naumkeag 20, Pepperel 21, Naumkeag satteen 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, Laconia 20, Indian Orchard 16, Rockport 20: Ward 18.
Cambrios and Silesias are more steady. Washington cambrics sell at 13 cents, Victory 12, do A 13, do high colors 14, Fox Hill 104, Superior 10, Pequot 121, Waverly 121, S. S. \& Sons paper cambrics at $16 \frac{1}{2}$, do high colors $18 \frac{1}{2}$. White Rock $15 \frac{1}{3}$, Masonville 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Indian Orchard Silesias 20, Ward do at 20.
Cloths and Caseimeres show more inquiry, looking to an early revival of business. Prices are difficult to give.
Linsers are in light demand at this season. Park 60 inch $37 \frac{1}{2}$, do 65 do 421, Miners' Flannel 35 and 40, Rob Roy 24, White Rock 31 Black Rock $32 \nmid$.

Delaines are dull and prices have been reduced. Lowell 20, Ham ilton Co. 20, Manchester dark 20, Pacific dark 20, Armures dark 23 High colors 23, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 20, Shepherd checks 23 \% Spragues 20, Skirtings 30.
Ladirs Sackings are in fair demand, and prices are unchanged. Leicester 155 , Middlesex 1 55, Garibaldi rep $137 \frac{1}{2}$, Excelsior 150 , Raritan rep $137 \frac{1}{3}$, Glenham 150.
Carpers are inactive at previous 'prices. Velvets, J. Crossley's best $\$ 3$ 60, do Al qual. 3 35, do patent 285 ; body Brussels, Roxbury 275 , do Bigelow 260 ; Tapestry. Brussels, G. Crossley 1 80, Lowell, ex. 3 p 200 , do super 155 , do med sup 140 , Hartford Carp. Co, ex. 3 -ply 205 , do Imp. 3 ply 1 95, do superfine 155 , Med. and low pri. Ingrain $1 @ 130$. amerioan Linen is in fair cemand at steady rates.
Foreign Goods are dull and declining. The auction houses continue to offer attractive assortments, but buyers show little animation, and
decline to offer anything like satisfactory prices. There is a light de. decline to offer any thing like satisfactory prices. There is a light de.
mand for plain dress goods and other staple articles, but generally trade mand for plain d
is unsatisfactory.

## IMPORTS

(other than dey goods and speoie) at the port of new yobe for the week ending may $3,1867$.
[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.] China, Glass \& \& E. Value. Lnstruments- Pkge. Value. ChinaChina......... 226 Earth
Glass
Glass Glass......
Glassware..
Glass plate. Anoline colors. Annatt
Alkali.
Acids. Acids.....
Ammoni Ammonia. Arrow
Argols
Bark $P$
Blea Peruv.. Brimstone. tons...... Cream tart Cochineal. Gums,crade... 746 do arabic. 18 Glue.
Ipicac
Iodine pot
Lic paste
Madder. Orchilla weed Orils, ess.......
do linseed. do olive . 2 Opinm.
Potash, hyd....i. 10
do
Prus. 29 Reg antimony 50 Rhubarb.
Saffron...
Santonine
Soda, bi crb do sal.....2
do ash. .21
do caustic. 12 Sponges.
Sumac
Vermiliion.
Yellow ochre .15
Fars, \&
Furs.
Frnits,

Fruits, \&c. $\because .106$ | $\$ 11,553$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 26,698 |  |
| 33,764 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 23,806 |  |
| 13,644 | Je |
| 1 |  |

Citron
Fige..
Figs.....
Nuts....
Pranges....
Prunes..
Sauces and pre-
serves
Total...

Our General Pricem Current will be found on pages
605 and 606.

## The 保ailmay fontor.

Erie Railiway.-The following statement shows the amounts earned and expended by the Erie Railway Company for the past five years:

Passenger...
Freight ails......




The following shows the disbursements of the net earnings for each of the five years :

| Interest on bonds..... | ,399,405 | \$1,406,403 | \$1,231,806 | \$1,399,770 | \$1,631,078 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rent of leased roads... | 138,400 | 133,400 | 182,400 |  |  |
| Rent of L. D. property | 144,040 | 143,552 | 135,163 | 165, 90 | 165,690 |
| Internal Reven'e Traxes | 27,617 | 113,505 | 353,812 | 561,250 | 300,815 |
| Taxes on Real Estate.. | 71,880 | 104,259 | 259 | 220,416 | 951,181 |
| Interest. |  | 28,246 | 85,788 | 29,264 | 31,331 |
| Pire of cars | 25,006 | 34,352 | 34,159 | 22,949 | Prof.10,513 |
| Loss by fire | 91,736 | 10,000 |  |  |  |
| Sinking fund-Buff Br . | 2,200 | 2,354 |  |  |  |
| Buff, N. Y. \& Erie RR. |  | 822,780 | 372,484 | 582,242 | (See rents |
| Damages Pa. Coal Co.. |  |  |  |  | 98,006 | Total before dividends. $\overline{\$ 1,903,235} \overline{\$ 2,309,096} \overline{\$ 2,635,427} \overline{\$ 3,218,311} \overline{\$ 3,185,642}$ 32,945 Dividends July $1 . \ldots \ldots$..... $\ddot{206,7 \ddot{8} 5}$ 699,062

761,040 909,992
906,632 $\underset{\substack{906,641 \\ 283 \\ \hline 1079}}{ }$ 657,989

The cost of the property of the company at the close of the same five fisčal years were represented by-
Common stock $\ldots \ldots . . \$ 11,437,500 \$ 11,569,500 \$ 16,400,000 \$ 16,570,100 \$ 16,574,300$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Preferred stock........ } & 8,535,700 & 8,535,7410 & 8,535,700 & 8,535,700 & 8,535,700 \\ \text { Bonds................ } & 20,131,500 & 19,961,000 & 17,823,400 & 22,370,982 & 82,370,982\end{array}$

Nominal cost......... $39,021,293$ 39,404,648 42,583,058 47,409,404 49,122,685
Difference (made up by the Drew loan on 28,000 shares at 60 ).... $\overline{\$ 1,641,703}$
Camden and Amboy and New Jersey R.R. Ccnsolidation. -The first joint report of the consolidated companies-The Camden and Amboy R.R. Company-The Delaware and Raritan Canal Company, and the New Jersey R.R. Companj-has been made to the stockholders, from which it appears that the three corporations, although preserving distinct organizations, are united in interest, and have one general management by officers of the consolidated
association. We have compiled the following statistics as to the condition of the companies Jan. 1st, 1867, and their operations in 1866, from the report. . The Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy R.R. are known as the " old joint companies."

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Del \& Camd. \& Old } \\
& \text { Raritan } \\
& \text { Amboy }
\end{aligned}
$$ Less held by as-

serip stock 25 p. $\quad \$ 12,975,420$
c. pa dissued
by old "joint
companies,
Jan. 1st...... ....... .. .... ........ ......... .......... 466,112
Undiv'd ear'gs Jan. 1st..... .............. 1,072,994 657,448 665,085 2,295,508 Funded debt... $\quad . . . . . . . . . . .1$ 10,182,137 $855,000 \quad 200,000 \begin{aligned} & 815,797,041 \\ & 11,237,134\end{aligned}$ Total liabilities
.......................................................... $\frac{11,26,974,178}{8213}$



Tota
EARNiNGA IN 1866-
Tolls and other
receipts...... $\$ 1,294,157$
\$............. $\$ \ldots .$. From passeng's From passeng's Miscellaneous... Steam towing.
From operating

## Ph operating

 Expenses in $\$ 1,294$ | Expenses in |
| :---: |
| Operat'g expe's |
| 1866- |
| $\$ 243,494$ |
| $\$ 2,562,100$ |
| $\$ 52,837$ |

 For stm towi'g.
Operat'g Ph.
R. R......

Total ....... $\begin{gathered}\$ 360,513 \\ \$ 3,801,732 \\ \$ 104,871 \\ \$ 1,119,174 \\ \$ 697,023 \\ \$ 6,080,815\end{gathered}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { NET EARNINGS. } & 933,642 & 511,162 & 136,934 & 651,687 & 139,791 & 2,378,218 \\ \text { INTEREST PAID. } & \ldots . . & \ldots . & 633,511 & 55,629 & 16,929 & 706,069\end{array}$ Total dividend fund . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .................... $\$ \widetilde{1,667,148}$ Trafric-
Thns on canal.. 2,857,244 Through pass's. ..... -..... freight on R.R ..... ..... .......... ..... 884,805
Connecticut and Passumpsic River Railioad.-The north section of the road of this company is now completed, the terminus being at Derby on the Canada Line. It was opened for travel on the lst inst. The ultimate extension will be carried to a junction with the Grand Trunk Railway, which twenty miles of new road will reach.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).


## RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tablem.


PETROLEUM STOCK LIST．

| Companirs． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allen Wright．．．．．．．．par 10 |  |  | Hammond．．．．．．．．．．．．par 20 |  |  |
| Bemis Helights．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{5}$ | 300 | 355 | HamiltonMcClintock．．．．－ 2 |  |  |
| Bennehofr Run．．．．in．．．．10 | 0 | 3 |  |  | 15 |
| Bliven ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  | Mountain Oil．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{-}$ |  |  |
| Bradley Oil |  |  |  |  | 500 |
|  |  |  | New York \＆Newark．．．． 5 |  | 60 |
| Buchanan Farm．．．．．．．． 10 | 15 | 18 | N．Y．\＆Philadel．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  |
| Central ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 50 | 90 | N．Y，Ph．\＆Balt．Cons．．．．．${ }_{10}^{1}$ |  |  |
| Cherry Run Petrol＇m．．．．${ }_{5}$ |  |  |  | 5 |  |
| Cherry Ran special．．．．．．． 10 | 50 | 150 | Prnd Farm．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  | 20 |
| Empire City．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Second National ．．．．．．． 10 |  |  |
| Excelsior．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  | 5 | Shade River．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| First National ．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Germania <br> Great Republic $\qquad$ |  |  | United States．．．．．．．．．．． $10^{2}$ | 200 | 700 |
| Great Western Consol．．．．． 10 |  |  | Venango（ $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$.$) ．．．．．．． 10$ |  | － |

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adventure．．．．．．．．．．paid 3 | $\cdots$ |  | Lafayette．．．．．．．．．．．．paid 1 |  |  |
| Atna．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 11 |  |  | ${\text { Lake Superior．．．．．．．．．．．}{ }^{2}}_{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |  |
| Albany \＆Boston．．．．．．．203／8 |  |  | Mandan ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．414 |  |  |
| Allouez ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1邉 | 475 | 500 | Manhattan ．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {51／}}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | Mass ．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {4／3 }}$ |  |  |
| Amvgdaloid．．．．．．．．．．．． $1^{17}$ |  |  | Medora $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .18$ |  |  |
| Aztec．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．41／ |  |  | Merrimac．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{61 / 8}$ |  |  |
| Bay State．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．133／1／ |  | 4 CO | Mesnard ．．．．．．．．．．．． 81 |  |  |
| Bohemian．．．．．．．．．．．．．171／3／ |  |  | Milton ${ }_{\text {Minnesota }} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .181 / 2$ | 600 |  |
| Boston $\qquad$ |  | 500 | Mannesota ．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {Mational }}$ 5\％ |  |  |
| Oalumet | 2806 | 8000 | Native ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2 |  |  |
| Canada |  |  | Naumkeag．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Charter | 210 | 225 | New Jersey Consol．．．．10 |  |  |
| Central．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{5}$ |  | 250 | New York．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {N }}$－ |  |  |
| Copper Creek．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  | North western．．．．．．．113／8 |  |  |
| Copper Falls．．．．．．．．．．．．241／6 | 2300 | 2420 | Norwich．．．．．．．．．．． 11 |  |  |
| Copper Harbor．．．．．．． 1 12 |  |  | Ogima．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{7}{ }^{7}$ |  |  |
| Dacotah．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．83／8 | 63 | 12 | Petherick ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．53 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 2500 |
| Davidson ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－ | 85 | 105 | Pewabic ．．．．．．．．．．．．．33 | 1300 | 1500 |
| Delaware ．．．．．．．．．．． 20 团 |  |  | Phoenix．．．．．．．．．．．．． 15 | 00 | 0 |
| Dev n．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  | Pittsburg \＆Boston．．． $51 / 8$ | 3800 | 000 |
| Dorchester．．．．．．．．．．．．．11／3 |  |  | Pontiac Pio．．．．．．．．．．10\％／2 |  |  |
| Dudley |  |  | Portage Jake．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |
| Eagle River．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{34}$ |  |  | Princeton． <br> Providence |  |  |
| Empire．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $10^{10}$ |  |  | Quincy $\ddagger \ldots . . . . . . . . . .10$ | 2000 |  |
| Everett． |  |  | Resolute．．．．．．．．．．．．．．6\％／8 |  |  |
| Evergreen Bluff．．．．．．．．51／2 |  |  | Ridge ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{8}{ }^{8}$ |  | 850 |
| Excelsior |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Roctland }}^{\text {St．Clair }}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{12}$ | 300 | 400 |
| Franklin ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．8／8 | 1350 | 1400 | St．Louis |  |  |
| French Creek．．．．．．．．－ |  |  | St．Mary＇s．．．．．．．．．．．．．5／3 |  |  |
| Girard |  |  | Salem．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1^{\text {B／}}$ |  |  |
| Great ${ }^{\text {Hamilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} 21}$ |  |  | Sharon．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |
| Hancock．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{171 / 2}$ | 425 | 450 | Nheldon \＆Columician． 21 |  |  |
| Hanover ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{\text {21／}}^{11 / 2}$ |  |  | South Pewabic．．．．．．．． South Side．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 103 |
| Hilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．2\％${ }^{\text {2／6 }}$ |  | 160 | Star．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．11\％${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | Superior ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 88 | 100 |  |
| Hulbert |  |  | Toltec．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 21 | 5 |  |
| Humbol |  | 100 | Tremont ．．．．．．．．．．．．15／8 |  |  |
| Hungarian | 37 | 450 | Victoria |  |  |
| Haron ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 19 |  |  | Waehingto |  |  |
| Isle Royale＊．．．．．．．．．．． 33 | 750 |  | West Minnesota．．．．．．．23／ |  |  |
| Keweenaw ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Winona．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |

\＃Capital $\$ 1,000,000$ ，in 20,000 shares．＋Capital $\$ 500,000$ ，in 100,000 shares．
$\ddagger$ Capital $\$ 200000$ ， 20,000 shares．
Cas Canital of Lake Sniperior combanies generally $\$ 500,000$ ，in 20,000 shares
GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albin．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．par 10 |  |  | Grass Valley．．．．．．．．par－ |  |  |
| Alameda Silver．．．．．．．．．． |  | 900 |  | 300 | 359 |
| American Flag ．．．．．．．． 10 | 190 | 95 | Gunnell Union．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10 | 125 |
| Atlantic \＆Pacific．．． | 125 |  |  | 12 | 7 |
| Ayres Mill \＆Mining |  | 200 | Keystone Silver．．．．．．．．．－－ |  | ． 2 |
| Benton． |  | 90 | Knickerbocker |  |  |
| Bob Tail |  | 300 | Kipp \＆Buell．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 70 |
| Boscobel Silver |  | 150 | LaCrosse <br> Liberty | 3 | 75 8 |
| Burroughs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  | Liebig ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  |  |
| Central． |  |  |  | 25 | 60 50 |
| Charch Union．．． | 320 | 325 | Montana <br> Montank |  | 50 |
| Colambia G．\＆S Consolidated Colorado． | 320 | 325 | Now York．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 50 | i＂0 |
| Consolidated Gregory．．． 100 | 665 | 675 | Nye ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 8 |
| Corydon ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 125 | ： 20 |  |  | 50 |
| Des Moines |  |  | Quartz Hili．．．．．．．．．． 25 | $1 \%$ | 178 |
| Downieville．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 | 5 |  | Rocky Mountain ．．．．．．． 10 | $8{ }^{50}$ | 8 |
| Echla． |  |  | Sensenderfer．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 80 | 850 475 |
| Fall River |  |  | Smith \＆Prarmerke．．．．．．． － | 40 | 45 |
| Girst Natio |  |  | Texas ．－ | 16 | 25 |
| Gold Hill．．．．．． |  | 4 co | Yellow Jacke |  |  |

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Conpantes． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Copake Iron．．．．．．．par 5 | ． |  | Tudor Lead ．．．．．．．．．par |  |  |
| Foster Iron．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． |  | Sacinaw，L．8．\＆M．．．． 25 | ${ }^{-42}$ | 47 |
| Bucks County Lead ．．．．．． 100 |  | …0． | Wallace Nickel |  |  |
| Denbo Lead ．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  | Ratland Marble ．．．．．． 25 | 400 |  |
| Manhan Lear |  |  | Long Island Peat． |  |  |
| Phenix Lead． | ．．．． |  | Russell File ．．．．．．．．．．．．हb |  |  |

INSURANCE STOCK LIST．

| yarked thus（＊）are participating，and（ $\dagger$ ） write Marine Risks． | Jan．1，1867． |  | VIDESN |  | Bid． | Last Sale |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Capi | Net as＇ts | ds | Last paid． |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atna $\ldots . . . . . . . . .350$ |  |  | Jan．and |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{200}$ | 222 | Jan． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{336}^{281}$ | March and Sep |  |  |  |
|  | 200, | 204， | May and Nov． |  |  |  |
| Beekman |  | 170 | Feb，and Ang． |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Feb．and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tra | 150，000 |  | Jan．and |  |  |  |
|  | 800,000 210,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 884,2666 \\ & 333,878 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Fet } \\ \text { Jap } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| lambi | 500, |  |  |  |  |  |
| mmerce | 2000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| minerce |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mm | 250, |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rn Exc |  | 404，178 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 424， |  |  |  |  |
| npire |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excelsior ．．．．．．．．． 50 | 300 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exiremen |  |  | Jan．and July． | Jan．${ }^{67}$ |  |  |
| rem |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| remen \％Trust．． 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Galla |  |  | may and |  |  |  |
| bhard |  |  | Feb and |  |  |  |
| rmani |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Great |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grocers |  | 177，1 | Japri and |  |  |  |
| Hamilto |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| frman |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| me． |  | 2，271 | do | ${ }_{\text {July }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| mb |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| por |  |  | nd |  |  |  |
| ing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jeffers | 200 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | an． |  |  |
| Lafay |  |  | do | Jan． |  |  |
| mar |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 284，605 | do |  |  | S |
| ill |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| nhattan．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  | do | ${ }^{\text {Jann．}{ }^{\text {JT }} \text { 3\％}}$ \％ |  |  |
| echan＇\＆Trade＇． 2 |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| Mechanics（B＇klyn）．5 |  | 146,692 195.546 | do |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | do |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| ntank（B＇klyn）${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 50 | 161，7 | do | Jan |  |  |
|  |  |  | do | Jan． |  |  |
| $w$ Amste |  |  |  | Jan．${ }^{67}$ ．． 4 |  |  |
| Y．Fire an |  |  | Jan．and |  |  |  |
| Niagara．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | 1，063 | Jan．and July |  |  |  |
| North Am |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| th Rive |  |  | Ap |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | do |  |  |  |
| 发 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Fan．and July． |  |  |  |
| P |  | 190，1 |  |  |  |  |
| Repuin |  |  | do | Jan．${ }^{67.3 \%}$ |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Resolu }}$ Ratger |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St． |  | 140．679 |  |  |  |  |
| St．Nic |  |  | a |  |  |  |
| Seca | ， | ${ }_{206}^{962,181}$ | Feb．and Aug |  |  |  |
|  |  | 195， |  | July＇ $66 . .6$ |  |  |
| Sterli | 200 | 198182 |  |  |  |  |
| Stay |  | 198， 183 | an |  |  |  |
| United ${ }^{\text {St }}$ | 250，000 | 336，691 |  | an． |  |  |
| Waaghing | 400,000 | 630，314 | ．and | b． 6 |  |  |
| Washington＊† ．．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Williamb ${ }^{\text {Wonkers }}$ | 1500,000 <br> 00 |  | do |  |  |  |
| The Chicago Tribune，under the head of＂A Suggestion to Insurance Companies，＂remarks as follows ：－It is frequently remarked that every large fire is followed rapidly by others；and the fact that such has been the case in Chicago during this season has suggested to many persons the possibility of there being a philosophical explanation of the coinci－ dence．On Friday morning the Merchants＇Hotel was．destroyed－clear－ ly the result of an accident．On the same uight the fire on South Water street took place，equally deatructive of property，and as clearly the act of an incendiary．Saturday morning the elevator on the South Branch was destroyed，and that was the work of an incendiary． The aggregate loss of these three fires was considerable，and following， at but short intervals，other fires equally destructive，there are grounds for serious distrust in the security of property．Chicago is not alone in this calamity．Every large city in the Union is a sufferer in a like manner，and even the small country towns have not escaped the calam－ ity．St．Louis and Cincinnati within a few weeks have suffered even more than Chicagn，but our losses have been very severe，Fires secm to have become epidemic，and one of the first duties in cases of epidem． ics is to ascertain their cause，and then employ every effort te femove them． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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## Insurance. <br> Ætna

Insurance Company, OF HARTEORD.

Incorporated 1819........................... CAPITAL
L. J. HENDIEE, President.
J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Asmets January 1, 1867,..\$4,478,10074 Liabilitiew .................... . 394,97696

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.
NEW YORK AGENCY,
NO. 62 WALL STREETT.
JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

## Security Insurance Co.,

NO. 119 BROADUNY,
Cash Capital, One Million Dollars, (\$1,000,000.)
FIRE AND INLAND INSUIRANCE.
A. F. Hastings, President.

Frank W. Bamlard, Secretary.

## Insurance.

## Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

 (insuranoe buildinge,)ASSETS, Dec. 31,1865 - - $\$ 2,716,42432$ DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT
This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.
Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a retarn premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.
EDWÁRD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't. Isaao H. Walker, Sec'y.

The Mercantile Mutual
INSURANCE COMLPANY.
No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Assets, Jan. 1st, 1867........................ \$1,261,349 ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844. During the past year this Company has paid to its Padicy-holders,

IN CASH,
a re batement on premiums in, lieu of scrip. equivaent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWVENTY PEFE CENT.
Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equaty prontable, this from the current rates, when premiums are puid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to he stockholders.
Marine and Inland continnes to make Insurance on Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight. Policies issur making loss payable in Gold or the Office of Rathbone, Bros. \& Co., in Liver peol

| James Freeland, | D. Colden Murray, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Namuel Willets, | E. Haydock White, |
| Robert L. Taylor, | N. L. McCready, |
| William T. Frost, | Daniel T. Will |
| William Watt | I. Edgerton |
| Heary Eyre, | Henry R. Kunhardt. |
| Cornelius Grinnell, | John S. Williams |
| Joseph Slags, | William Nelson, Jr |
| Jas. D. Fish, | Charles Dimon, |
| Geo. W. Ifennings, | A. William Heye, |
| Francis Hathaway, | Harold Dollner, |
| Aaron L. Reid, | Paul'N. Spofford. |
| wood Walter. ELLWOOD | D WALTER, President |
|  |  |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Namuel Willets, } & \text { D. Colden Murray, } \\ \text { RobertL. Taylor, } & \text { Haydock White }\end{array}$
William T. Frost, N. L. McCready,
William Watt; $\quad$. L. Edgertomilets, Heary Eyre, Henry P , Cornelius Grinnell, Tohn S. Williams
Joseph Slagg,
William Nelson, Jr Jas. D. Fish,
Geo. Wharles Dimon,
W. Francis Hathaway, Harold Dollner,
Aaron L. Reid, Paul'N. Spofford. Ellwood Walter. J. Dmpard, Secretary.

## Metropolitan

## Insurance Company,

NO. 108 RPDADWAY.
NEW YORK, April 16, 1867.
Th's Company having reduced its Capital according to law, under the sanction of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department to the sum of

$$
\$ 300,000,
$$

intends hereafter to confine its fire business to the city of New York and vicinity, and will also write Marine Risks on Cargo only, at the office in the Mctropoli'an Bauk Building.

> JAMES LORIMER GRAHAIVI

President.
ROBEIET M. C. GRAHAM, Vice-President.

## Directors:

Martin Bates,
$\underset{\mathrm{P}}{\mathrm{F}} . \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{W}}$ Wolcott,
Martin Bates,
Dudiey B. Fuller,
P. W. Turney,

Franklin H. Delano,
Gilbert L. Peeckman, $\quad$ Charliam T. Blodgett. Gilbert L. Beeckman, $\quad$ Charles P. Kirkland,
Jos ph B Varnum, Jos ph B Varnum, Watson E. Case,
Lorrain Freeman, Edwazd A. S'ansbury, John C. Henderson, T. Boorman Johnston, James L. Graham,
Samuel D. Bradford, Clinton B. Fisk.
.W.IR. WADSTO日ETHI, Secretary.
Steamship and Express Co.'s.


SAMIUEL THEDNIPSON \& NEPMEWS' Black Star Line
of Liverpoor. Packets, and Na tional Live of Liverpool and Queens tions tional Live of Liverpool and Queens 7.3 Broadway, corner of Rector Street (formerly
Pearl Street). Sight Drafts on the Royal Bank of Ire land, paya le in all its Branches, and on C. Grimshaw \& Co., Liverpool, payable in any part of Enyland and Wal-s. Bankers supplied with Sterling drafts and through tickets from the Old Country
any part of the United States.


STEAMICOMMIUNICA. TION HETWWEEN NEW= DRE AND AUSTRALA. SIA via PANABIA,
The Panama, New-Zcaland and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 2tth of
each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colo ies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacitic Mail Neammsio oompany leaving mon-York. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $\$ 346$ to $\$ 364$ for tirst class, and $\$ 218$ to $\$ 243$ for second class.
Isthe abo of Panams include the transit across the forward cabins of the the first class fares are for cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United states gold coin.
Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.
Children under three vears, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare: female do., three-quar do. in ladies' cabin.
$\dot{A}$ limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.
For further information, application to be made to the Pacitic Mail SteamshipCompany, No. 59 Wall -st., Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THEROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA, $\rightarrow 7$ And Carrying the United Siates MIail.
ILEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVL.EAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVo'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and
nth (except when those dates fall on 318t of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday and then on the preceding Saturday), for
ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, tonching at ACAPULCO. 1st-Arizona, connecting with Golden City. 11th-HENRY Chauncex, connecting with St. Louis 21st-New York, connecting with Sacramento.
Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with ateamers for South Pacific ports; 1 st and 11th for 'entrad American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult. attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York. S. K. HOLMAs, Agent.

## Insurance.

Marine Insurance.
The Insurance Company of North America, of philadelphia. INCORPORATED 1794. CAPITAL $\$ 500,000$. Assets, Jan. 8, 1867, \$1,763,28723. Risks made binding and losses adjusted and paid CATLIN \& SATTERTHWAITE, Agents. 61 William Street.

## Germania Fire Ins. Co.,

 NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.CASHI CAPITAL,............ $\$ 500,00000$
SURPRUS, Jan. 1st, 1867 240,48243

TOTAL ASSETS ........... $\$ 740,48243$
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.
JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

## Niagara Fire Insurance COMIPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.
CASH CAPITAL
SURPLUS, JANUARY ist,
$1865 \ldots \ldots .$.
$\$ 1,000,000$
270,353 Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Diyidends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent. JONATHAN D. STEELE, President. P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

## Hanover Fire Insurance

COMIPANY,
No. 45 WALL STREET.
Jandary 1st 1866.
Cash capital
$\$ 400,00000$
156,30398
Gross Assets

J. Remgen Lank, Secretary.

## The Mutual Life Insu-

RANCE COIMPANY OF NEW YORK. CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, over $\$ 16,000,00000$ FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, \} JOAAC ABBATT,
Actaary, SHEPPAKC HOMANS.
H o pe
Fire Insurance Company, OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.
Cash Capitale - $=-\$ 200,00000$ Assets, NIIarch $9,1866-=252,55922$

This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.
ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.
BEard of Directors:
HENRY M. TABER,
THOS. P. CUMMINGS, JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL, STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY, THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B WARD. D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON, WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,

HENRY S. LEVERICH.
JACOR REESE, President.
CHAS. D. HABTSHORNE, Secretary.
EREMIOVAL.
The North American Life
INSURANCE COÍIPANY.
Will Remove to their New Offices,
229 Broadway, corner of Earclay (t.a on May $18 t$.
The office now occupied by them, 绝 William

THE CHRONICLE

## PRICES CURRENT．

In addition to the duties noted below，a discriminating duty of 10 per
cent．ad val．is levied on all imports cent．ad val．is leoved on all imports
nder Ags that have no reciprecal
 reaties wn all goods，vares．and mer－
Rew
Randise，of the grovoth or produce of chandise，of the growth or produce of
Countries East of the Cape of Good Countries
$H 0 p e$, enen imported from places this Hope，Dohen Cape of Good Hope，a duty
side of the Cal wal．is levied in ad－ of 10 per cent．ad val．is levied in ad
dition to the duties imposed on any such articles shen impnrted directly from the place or Race Cotton and Raw Silk excepted．
tion；Rav
The tor in all eases to be 2.240 Dl Anchors－Duty：21 cente \％in．${ }^{\text {in }}$ Ashes－Dnty： 15 \＆cent ad cal． 62

 Bones－Daty on invoice 10 \％ct． Bread－Daty， 30 那 cent ad val．
 Breadstufis－See special report． Bricks． Common hard．．per M． 1300 all 50 Philadelphia Fronts．．．．．．．．＠65 00 Bristles－Duty， 15 cents；hogs hair
 cents．
Ht－fin kin tubs th new
Welsh，tubs ${ }_{6} \mathrm{ll}$ lb
Fine to extra Sta e，old
We sh tabs，
We momon Stste
Grease bucter，irk．＂ 8 焐
Cheese－ Factory Dairies．．
do Commo
on．．．．． ． $17 @$
do Cummon．．．．．． 10
Candles－Duty，tallow， $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ；sperma



Cement－Rosendale\％bl．．．．（6175 Chains－Duty， 2 立 cents
Oneinch \＆upward
9
Coal－Duty，bituminous，$\$ 125 \%$ ton of 28 bushels 80 HD to the bushel；
other than bituminous， 40 cents 28 bushels of 80 It＂f bushel
Liverpool Or
 Cardiff steam．
Liverpo 1 Gas Cannel．
Newcastle Gas a
caracas（in bond．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 24 ＠ 26
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Maracaibo do ．．．（gold）} & @ & 00 \\ \text { Guayaquil do } \ldots \text {（gold）} 13 & 00 \\ \text { St Domingo．．．．（gold）} & 91 @ & 10\end{array}$ Coffee．－See special report．
Cepper－Daty，pig，bar，and ingot， factured， 35 \％cent ad val．；sheathing copper and yellow metal，in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide，
weighing $14 @ 34 \mathrm{oz}$ ．$\%$ square foot， 3 cents ${ }^{\text {wighing }} 14$.
Sheathing，new．． Sheathing，yellow． Bolts．．．．， Braziers＇． Baltimor Detroit
Portage Lak $\qquad$ ${ }_{23}^{35}$（1）

Cordage－Duty，tarred， 8 ；uni－rred Manils Tarred Russia．．． Tarred American
 Regular，
Mineral
Phial．
Cotton－See special report．
Drugs and Dyes－Duty，Alcohol， alum， 60 cents \＆ 100 ib ；Argols， 6 cents 9 ID ；Arsenic and Assafoedati， 10；Antimony，Crude and Regulas， 10；Arrowroit，30 \％alsent ad Val．；


Bark， 30 \％centad val．Bi Carb．Sods
 Brimstone，86；Roll Brimstone，$\$ 10$ ${ }_{8}^{6}$ ton；Flor Sulphur，$\$ 20$ \％ton，and


 rate Potash，${ }^{6}$ ；Canstic Soda， 1 ； Citric Acid，10；Copperas， $1 ;$ Cream
Tartar， $10 ;$ Cubebs， 10 conts
ont Catch，10＇Chamomile Flowers， 20 \＆q cent ad val．；Epsom Salts， 1 cent Be It ；Extract Logwood，Flowers Benzola and Gamboge， 10 \％8 cent．；
Ginseng， $20 ; G u m$ Arabic， 20 qu cent． Ginseng， $20 ;$ Gum Arabic，
ad val．；Gum Benzoin，Gum Kow－ rie，and Gum Damar， 10 cents per tid；
 Geeda and Gum Tragacanth，${ }^{20}$ ab
cent ad val．；Hyd．Potash and Resub－ limed Iodine， 75 ；Ipecac and Jalap $50 ;$ Lic．Paste， 10 ；Manna， $25 ;$ Oil
Anis，Oil
Lemon，and Oil
Orange 50 cents；Oil Cassia and Oil Berga－ mot，＊1 \％ 1 ID ；Oil Peppermint， 50
 \＆cent ad val．；Pruss．Potash，Yel
low， $5 ;$ Red do， $10 ;$ Khubarb， 50 cents B to：Quicksillver， 15 cent ad
 Senna， 214 q cent ad val．；Shell Lae，

 al．；Sulph．Morphine，$\% 2.50,78$ oz．
Tartaric Acid， $20 ;$ Verdigris， 6 cents
 riol， 2, \％cent ad val．，Etherial Pre－
parations and Extracts，$\$ 1$ \＆ 1 D ；all parations and Extracts，\＄1
Acid，Citric．．．（gold）57i＠ 60 Aloes，Cape．．．．．．．． B ib $^{\text {A }}$ Aloes，
Annato，good to prime． Antimony，Regulus of
Argols，Crude．
Argols，Refined．．．．．
Assafoetida．
Balsam Copaiv
Balsam Tolu．
Balsam Peru．
Berries，Persian
castle．．．．．．．．．．．．gold
castle．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Bleaching Pow
Brimston．．Crude ஆ ton．．．．．．．．．．．．（gold）． 3850 ＠40 00 Brimstoni，am．Roll
q9 Ib．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． phar $\ldots$ ．．．．．．．．．．．（in
Camphor，
bond）．．．．．．．．．（gold） bond）．．．．．．．．．．（gold）
Camphor，keined．．．．． Cantharides．A …
 Castor Oil Cases 㣙 gal
Chamomile Hiow＇s ${ }^{2} \mathrm{Fib}$ Chlorate Potash（gold）
Canstic Soda ．．．．．．．．． Carraway seed Coriander Seed．．．．．．．
Cochineal，Hon（gold） Cochineal，Mexic＇n（g＇d） Copperas，American Tarar，pr．（gold） Cream
Cubebs
Cutch
Epsom Salts．
Extract Logwood．．．．
Flowers，Benzoin． ． f oz．
Gambier．．
Hinseng，sonth\＆West
Gum Arabic，Picked．．
Gum Benzoin ．．．（gold）
Gum Kowrie．
Goin liedda．
Gum Dainar．．．．．．．．．．．．
Gum Myrrh，East India
Gum，Myrrh，Turkey
Gum，Myrrh，
Gum Tragacanth，Sorts
Gum Tragacanth，w．




Talap．
Lar Dy
 Licorice，Paste，Sicily． Solid．．
Licorice Paste，Greok． Madder，Dutch．（gold）
do，French，EXF． do，French，EXF．
Manna，large flake．． Manna，small tlate． Mustard Seed，Cal．． Mustard Seed，Trieste．
Nutgalls Blue Aleppo Nutganis ． 1 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．
011 Anis Cassia．．．．．．．．．．．．．． OII Bergamot．．．．．．．．．．．．． 6

OllLemon $\qquad$ ． 8 3． 7504 Opinm，Turkey．（gold） Oxalic Acid．
Phosphorus． Phosphorus．．．．． Quicksilve Rhubarb，China．（goid） 2 Salaratus． SalAm＇ac，Ref（gold） Sal Soda．Newcastle Sarsaparilla，Hond
Seneca Root．
Senna，Alexandria．

## Senna，Ea


 Sulp Quinine，Amp Sulphate Morphine．．．．．
Tart＇c Acid．（s＇ld）
Tapioca
Verdigris，drysex dry
Duck－Daty， 30 报 cent
Raven 3 ，Light．．fir pee 1610 ＠


Dye TWoods－D
Cye woods－Duty free． Fustic，Cuba．．．．．． Fustic，Maracaib $\qquad$ I．ogwood，Laguna（gold） 30 t0
 logwood，Cam（gold）． 25 \＄0（1） Logwood，Jamaica．．．． 1575 ©16 00
 Feathers－Duty： 30 行 centad val．


Fish－Duty，Mackerel， 82 ；Herrings \＄1 ；Salmon
＊3；
b bbl．；on other Fish，Pickled，Smok－ ed，or Dried，in smaller pkgs．than bar－

 Pickled Scale．．．F bbl． Pickled Cod．．．．${ }^{*}$ ，Mas
 Mackerel，No．1，Bay．



 Sa mon，ri kled．p．tc．
Herring，Scaled
box．
 Flax－Duty：$\$ 15$ 特 ton．
Fruits－See special report．
Furs－Dnuy， 10 \％ 7 cent．
Beaver，Dark．．


Badger ．．．
$\begin{array}{cc}00 @ \\ 50 \\ 50 @ & 860 \\ 0 & 75\end{array}$
do House
Fisher，$\ldots .$.
Fox，Silver
do Cross
$100{ }_{0}^{8} 100$
.300 ＠ 500
 Marten，Dark …… 5
 Musk r Otter ．．．
 Opossum
Raccoon....
Skutk，Black
$\begin{array}{ccc}5109 \\ 15 & 800 \\ 10 & 30\end{array}$
Skuk Black …… 30 （a）${ }^{(1)}$
ailass－Duty，Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over $10 x 15$ inche $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents 78 square foot；larger and
not over $16 x \% 4$ inches， 4 cents square foot；larger and not over 24 x 39 inches 6 cents $\%$ square foot above that，and not exceeding $24 \times 60$ inches， 20 cents $\%$ square foot；all
above that， 40 cents $\%$ square foot； above that， 40 cents $\%$ square foot Common Window，not exceeding 10 x 15 inches square， $1 \frac{1}{3}$ ；over that，and not over 16x 24, ；over that，and not \％ 7 y ．
erican Windov－1st，2d，3d，and 4th （Subject to a discount of 3s＠35稳 cent．） $6 \times 8$ to $8 \times 10$ ．． 780 ft 725 （0） 50 8x to $10 \times 15$ ．

 $24 \times 31$ to $24 \times 36 \ldots \ldots 1600{ }^{2} 1000$ $811 \times 46$ to $32 \times 48 \ldots . . .1800$＠12 00 $32 \times 50$ to $32 \times 56 . . . . . .2000$＠13 00 English and French Windon－1st，2d， 3il，and 4th qualities．
（8ingleThiok）Disconnt 30 ans \％eort
$6 \times 8$ to $8 \times 10.450$ feot $775 \% 00$
$8 \times 11$ to $10 \times 15 \ldots \ldots .{ }^{8} 25$（a） 6 ．． 975 ＠ 7 $12 \times 19$ to $16 \times 24$.
$20 \times 31$ to $24 \times 30$ ． $24 \times 31$ to $24 \times 36$ $24 \times 30$ to $30 \times 44$ ． $32 \times 50$ to $32 \times 56$ ． 1050 ＠ 750 1350 ＠13 00 curn tiags－ cents or less，$\%$ square yard， 3 ；ove 10,4 cents $\% \mathrm{f}$ 配 Guniny Cloth cents or less \＆square yard， 3 ；ove Calcutta，standard，y＇d ．．（a 223 Gunpowder－Duty，valued at 20 cents or less 铭 $\mathrm{Tb}, 6$ cents $\% \mathrm{Fs}$ Ib，an


 Sporting，in 1 to sanis－
ters 40 ＠ 110 IIair－Duty FREE．
RioGrande，mixed $\begin{array}{lll}\text { RioGrande，mixedif ib } \\ \text { Buenos Ayres，mixed．} & 32 \\ 24 & 24\end{array}$ Hardware－
Hardware－
Aves－Cast steel，best brand ．．．．．．．．rer darpe ordinary
do ordinary． $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{ll}15 @ & 17 \\ 13 @ & 15 \\ 24 @ & 27 \\ 21 & 05\end{array}$
steel，best br＇ds，Nos
1 to $3 \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . .$.
 do did ary．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2} 0$＠ do 倍i ．Hopper．
cottun Gins，per saw．．．$\$ 5$＠ 3 less $20 \%$ Narrow Wrought Butts List $5 \%$ dis Cast Butt－Fast Joint．Loose Joint．．List Hinge ${ }^{\text {，}} \mathbf{W}$ rcu ht，．．．．List 25 qadv Door Bilts，Cast Bti ．Lst $20 \%$ dis Carriage and Tire Rolts List $40 \%$ dis， Door Knobs－dianeral．List $7 \frac{1}{2} \%$ dis， Padlocks．．．．．N．N List $25 \& 7=\%$ dis Locks－Cabinet，Eagle List $10 \%$ dis． St cks and Dies．．．．．．．．．Li $\mathrm{t} 30 \%$ dis．
crew Wrenches－Coe＇s List 20 \％dis：
do Patent．
55＠61）\％dis
Sm tbs＇Vis $8 . . . . . . .$.
 uo do hendled， $\begin{array}{ll}\text { in sets．．．} & \cdots \cdots \text { ．．．ist List } 40 \text { \％adv．} \\ \text { ugnr Bitts } & \text { ．．．．．．}\end{array}$ hart Angurs，per dz．NewList 00 dis Ring do …．．．．List $20 \%$ dis． Cut brads．．． 75 \＆ $5 \%$ dis kivet，Iron．．．．．．．．．．．．．ist $25 \& 30 \%$ dis． do Ens Engish．．．．．．．List $\mathbf{~ 1 0 \& 5} \%$ dis． shovels and spades．．．．List 5 dis

 Hemp－Duty，Kussian，$\$ 40$ ；Manila， and Sisal，$\$ 15$ \％ton；and rampico 1 cent 7 fl mb ．
 do Undressed．．
Russia，Clean．．．．．．．．
8
5
5 Jute．．．．．．．．．．．．．idi） 9000 ＠13500 Sisal．
Hides－Duty，all kinds，Dry or Salt－ ed and Skins 10 focentad va Dry Hides－

| Y Hides－ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| onte |  | 19 |
| Rio Grande | 18＠ |  |
| nrinoco | 275 |  |
| California ．．．．．gold | 15 © |  |
| California，Mex．do | a |  |
| Porto Cabello ．．do | 14 ＠ |  |
| Vera Cruz．．．．．．do | 1：${ }_{\text {c }}$ |  |
| I＇rmpico ．．．．．．do | 16 ＠ |  |
| Texas | 14 © |  |
| Diy Salted Hides－ |  |  |
| Ch li．．．．．．．．．．．（gold） | 13 |  |
| （ $\quad$ llfornia．．．．do |  |  |
| San wich Isl＇d do |  |  |
| South \＆Wes．do | 10 （1） |  |
| Wet Salted Hides |  |  |
|  | 10 |  |
| Rio Grande ．．．．do | 1019 | ， |
| California ．．．．．．do | 1）（13） | 10 |
| Western | 10 ＠ |  |
| Toutrysi＇ter tri |  |  |
| City do | It |  |
| UpperLeather Stock－ |  |  |
| B．A．\＆Rio Gr．Kip |  |  |
| ， 7 \％It cash． | 28 ＠ | 27 |
| Sierrs Leone ．．．do | 30 ＠ |  |
| Gambia \＆Bissi．u do | 23＊ | 24 |
| Honey－Dutr， 2 sent fogalion． Cuba（in bond）（gr＇ |  |  |
| Hops－Duty：${ }^{5}$ ouchs ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ |  |  |
| crop of 1866 |  | 70 |
| do of | 20 （8） | 40 |
| reign | 5 |  |


India Rubber－Duty， 10 sindial．
Para，Fine．．．．
Para，Medium
Para，Coarse．． Para，Coarse
Kapt Inala． ． 78 Carthaghis．
Tmdigo－Duty razr．
 Madras．．． Gustemsla ．（gold）
ren－Duty，Bars， 1 to and plate 10 cents \％o 100 ID；Boiler Hoop，and scrats if th ineet，Band Pig， 89 ton；Polished Sheet， Pig，Scotch，No 1
Pig，American No ton 4）00＠ 4400
 sizes（ingold）．．．．．．． $9500 @ 10000$ Bar Swodes，assorted Bar，English and Amer． do do do Oommoniou 00＠105 0 8oroll ．．．Hial．．．．．．．． $1.050 @ 19000$ Band．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 140.0 Rorse $5 \times 8 @ 3-16$ inch．．． $11600 @ 1720$
 8heet，Single，Double
 Trory－Daty， 10 \％ent ad val． Kast India，prime \％id 81003
 Lead－Duty，Pig，\＄2 \％ 100 To ；Old \％onnts \％ f ．

## 


 Leather－Duty：sole 35，upper 80 cont ad val．

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| do do middle | 33 （ 46 |
| do do heary． | 4．${ }^{16}$ |
| do Hght Cropped． | 44 ＠ 41 |
| middle do | 47 ＠ 51 |
| do bellies | 18 ＠ 21 |
| ml＇k，B．A．，mc．．i＇t．8s |  |
| do do middle． | 3ida 81\％ |
| do do heavy | 30 （3）8！ |
| do Califor．，light． | 29s＠ 80 |
| do do middie． | $21 \times 8$ |
| do do heary． | 29＠．01 |
| do Orimo．，eto．${ }^{\text {＇t．}}$ ． | $2{ }^{2}+3$ |
| do do middle | 2R19 |
| do do heary． | 27id 28 |
|  | 28 （1） 26 |
| do do poor de | 19 ＠ 21 |
| do Slangh．inrough | 34 ＠ 38 |
| Oat，Slaugh．in Fou．，${ }^{\text {d }}$＇t | 85 （1） 40 |
| do do do mid． | 35 ＠ 33 |
| and heavy ．．．．．．．． | 38 （3） 40 |
| Limae－Duty： 10 \％sentad val． |  |
| Rookland，oum．\％\％bbl． |  |
| do hes |  |
| Cumber Woods，Staves，etc． |  |
|  |  |
| Staves， 10 \％cent ad val．；Rosewood and Codar，fres． |  |
| Spruce，East．YM ft 2103 a 28 in Sonthern Pine ．．．．．． 4000 a 4； 00 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Box Boards．．．．．．． $3800{ }_{80} 80{ }_{0} 8800$ |  |
|  |  |
| Caths，Rastorn．9 M 825 © |  |
| Poplar and Whie <br> wood B＇de \＆Pl＇k． 5500 ＠ 650 J |  |
|  |  |
| Oherry B＇ds \＆Plank 80 | 00 ＠ 9000 |
| Onkand Ash．．．．．．． 6000 65 00 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Bleok Walnut ．．．．．．． 10000 ＠120 00 STAVES－ |  |
| White oak，pipe，．．anm 00 |  |
|  |  |
| do plpe，heary ．．＠250 00 |  |
| do plpe，light． $\mathrm{O}^{200} 000$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| do hhd．，heavy ．．＠200 00 |  |
| do hhd．，light．．：＠12，00 |  |
| do hhd．，eulls．． 210000 |  |
| do bblo，extra．．．＠17500 |  |
| do bbl．，heary．－M140\％00 |  |
|  |  |
| do bbl．oulls． |  |
| Red oak hhd．gh＇vy．． 13000 <br> do hihd．，igte．．－ 9000 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| oako hhd．．．．．．．．．．．－． 15000 |  |


| do St．Domingo， ordinary logs．．．．．． | 7 （a） | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| do Port－au－Platt， |  |  |
| Por | 30 a | 40 |
| Por |  | 16 |
| do Nuevitas | 12 | 16 |
| do Mansanilla | 12 © | 16 |
| do Mexican | 15 （a） | 17 |
| do Honduras |  |  |
| （American wo |  | 20 |
| Cedar，Nuevitas | 11 ＠ | 15 |
| do Mansanill | 14 ＠ | 15 |
| do Mexica | 10 ＠ | 14 |
| do Forids．\％\％fi． | 50 © |  |
| Rosewood，R．Jan．for do Bahia．．．． | $5 @$ | 8 |

Molasese－See special report
Nails－Duty：cut 1t；
Cut，4d．＠60d．\％ 100 Ib Ginch．
 Copper．．．．．．．． Zinc．． $\qquad$ Naval Stores－D．．．． 18 ＠ Naral stores－Duty：spirits of Ttrpentine，rosin，pitch，and tar， 20
 Turpent＇e，if．．q880m
 Roain，common do strained andNo．2．．．4 00 （0 450 do No．${ }^{1}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．
 Dakum－Daty fr．，fis in 8 （a） 11 iil cake－Duty： 20 \％centad val City thin obl＇g，in bbls．
do in bags． $5 ;$ Dils－Duty：linseed，fisxseed，sn rape seed， 23 cents；ollve and salad oil，in bottles or flasks， 81 ：burning flidd， 50 aents ${ }^{\text {and }}$ gallon；palm，seal， sperm and whale or other fish（for eign fisheries，） 20 \％cent ad val．
Olive，qs（gold）per case 62.3 ＠
do
Palm
Linse

Whale．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Sperm，crude ．． do do unbleach． 2485 Lard oil ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Red oil
Bank．．
 Paints－Duty：on white lead，red
lead，and litharge，dry or ground in oil， 3 cents \％\％$\%$ ；Paris white and Whiting， 10 cent ${ }^{\text {\％}}$ ，ib；dry nchres， 56
 Ohina clay， 85 \％8 ton；Venetian re
 white chalk， Litharge，City．．．． Lead，red，City．．．．．．．
do white，America do white，in oil．．．．． do white，America pure，dry．．．．．．．．．． dry，No． $1 \ldots . . .$. ，
do white，American，
No． 1, in oil ．．．．．．
do whi e，French，in
oll．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
 do gr＇in in oil．$\%$ it
spanish brown，dry
do gr＇d in oil．igion
Paris wh．，No． 1490 m
Whiting，Amer．．．．．． 275 © $28^{9}$

$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { do Trieste } \ldots . . . & 05 @ & 110 \\ \text { do Cal．\＆Eng ．．} & 16 \\ \text { do } & 130\end{array}$
Vonet．red（N．C．）fcwit 2 ＂35＠ 880
Carmine，city made\％ $\mathbf{H} 1600$＠20 110

Chalk，block．．．．．． Ghromey
Petrelenm－Ditr：orndo， 20
refined， 40 ients $\%$ gallon
Crade，40＠47grav．\％7gal．
Refined，free．．．
Napthe，refined．
Restdunm．．．．．．．\％bbi． 4 co
Planter Paris－Duty：lump，free Bline N（TVa Scotis\％tor
White Nova Sootia ．．． 45 \＆ 4 c7t Jalcined，eap＇ornfig bbl
Jalcined citr mills．．
Provisions－Daty：beef and pork



$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \\
& 8 \\
& 8
\end{aligned}
$$

do prime，do．．．．．． 1 Cice－Duty：cleaned 21 cents \％Th．；
paddy 10 cents，and uncleaned 2 cents Oay
 Salt－Duty：sack， 24 cents $\% 100$ Ib ；
bulk， 18 sents $\% 100$ m． Turks Islands \％bush． Cadiz．
 do dne，Ashton＇s（n＇d） 2 Onondaga，com．fine bls． do do 210 Io bgs．
do do bush． Solar coarse．．

Saltpetre－Duty：crude，2t cents； efined and partially refined， 3 cents Reinned，pure．．．．．f 梅 ．．．© 15 Crude． ……．．．id
Seeds－Duty ：linseed， 16 cts；hemp
 ad val．
Tiover．．．．．．．．．．．．．if ib 14 ＠ 17


 Sliot－Duty： 28 cents $\%$ 佂． Drop
silk－Duty：free．All thrown silk． 35 \％cent．
Tsatlees，No．1＠3． No． 1 Baperior
 Oanton，re－reel，No1＠2． 8.5 ＠ 990 apan，superior．．．．．．． 1050 E130 do Medium ．．．．．．．． 1000 ＠10 50

Skims－Daty： 10 \％i cent ad val．

| oat，Curacos\％ 10 gold | 37 ＠ |
| :---: | :---: |
| do Buenos A．．．go＇d | 84＠ |
| do Vers Cruz ．zold | 4）＠ |
| do Tampico．．．gold |  |
| do Matamoras．gold |  |
| do Payta．．．．．gold | と3＠ |
| do Madras，．．．．gol | 47，${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| do Cape．．．．．．．．g． 11 |  |
| Deer，SanJuanf fogud | B0 \％ |
| do Bolivar ．．．gold |  |
| do Honduras．．gold | 5718 |
| do Sisal．．．．．．．．gold | 55 ＠ |
| do Para．．．．．．．gold | 62．© |
| do Vera Cruz geld |  |
| do Ohagres ．．．gold |  |
| do Puerto Cab．gold | ．．© |

Soap－Duty： 1 cent \％In，and 25 \％ cent ad val．
instlle．．．．．．
Spelter－Duty：in pigs，bars，and plates，$\%$ ！ $50{ }_{8} 100$ ins．

Spices．－See special report．
Steel－Duty：bars and ingots，valued over 7 cents and not above 11,3 cts \％ig ib over 11 cents， $3 \frac{1}{4}$ cents \％ib
and $10 \%$ oent ad val．（Store prices．） English，cast，躴 10 ．． 18 ＠ 23 Aerinan．
Americun，spring．．．．．．
English，spring．
English bister．

| Englisu machinei $y . .$. | $11 @$ | 120 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Sumac－Duty： 10 \＆ \＆cent ad val．
Sugar．－See spscial report．
Tallow－Duty ：1 cent \％

Teas．－See special report．
Tin－－Duty：pig，bars，and block， 15 然 cent ad val．Plate and sheets and Banca．．．．．䉼 in（gold）213 23


 do Terne Coke．．．． 9 官＠

## Tobaeco．－See special report．

Wines and Iiquore－Liguors gallon ${ }_{3}$ other liquors，$\$ 2.50$ ．WiNRE－ buty：valuo net over 50 cents $\%$ gal－ Ion 20 oents © sallop and $25 \%$ cent sd valorem；over 51 and not over 100 50 cents gallon and 25 \％ont ad

 $5 @_{1} 1600$
1410

1000
9.50
100

Zinc－Duty：pig or block， 8150 \％

Freights－
Cotton．．．．．．．．．．is is s．d．s．sia sion Flour．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\％${ }_{\text {\％}}^{\text {b }}$ Heavy goods．．．．．．．．．．．ton Corn，buabagse．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Wheat，bulk and bags Beef．．．．．．．．．
Pork．．．．．．． Heavy goods ： Oil ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Petroleum．．

 Flour ．．．．．．．．．88 bbl． Cort，bulk and bags．
Petrolenm（sail）${ }^{\text {qa }} \mathrm{bbi}$ ． Petrolenm（sail）\％p bbi．$\quad \because$
Heavy goods．．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ton． Beef．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．toe．
Pork．．．．．．．．．．：





This Company offer for the consideration of Bank ers, Merchants and those desiring the best burglar proof security the following certificates:

OfFice OF THE NOVELTY IRON WORKE, $\}$ New York. 18th December, 1 \&66. Mesars. Lewis Liclise \& Son,
Gentlemen,- We have subjected the sample of double-chilled iron you furnished us to the most severe tests (as regards drilling through it) we could bring to bear unon that it can only be penetrated by the use of a large number of drills, and the expenditure of much power with days of time, and we think it impossible for a burglar with his time and power to penetrate it at all.

ISAAN V. HOLMES. Supt.
LYMAN G. HALL, Foreman.
$\qquad$
Hinklet and Witliams Works,
Boston, Mass', January 22, 1867. $\}$ We having made an attempt to drili a sample o donble chimed for to Son, and failed to penetrate it more than the-eighths (\%) of an inch, after hours of Iron Works' certiticate in all particulars.

JARVIS WILLIAMS, Treasurer.
Phmadelphia, Pa., February 25, 1867. Mesers. Lewis Linhiz \& Son,
Mersrs. Lewis
Gentlemen, -We have tried a sample of dnublechilled iron similar to that sent to the Novelty Works, New York, and our experience with it is abont the same, viz: that it can only be penctrated by a long continued operation of the most skillfal mechanics and the best tools.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { W. H. BECHIELL, } \\
& \text { W. H. STRAHAN, }
\end{aligned}
$$

Foremen in Messrs. Merrick \& Son's Southworth Foundry, Philadelphia, Pa.

Office Union Foundry Works, $\}$ abars. Murrat \& Winne,

Safe and'Iron Co.,
tentlemen,-We subjected the sample of new combination of metals for safes sent us by yon to as thorongh tests of the drill as we could, and failed to penetrate the metal at all. We think it wou d be impossible metal means of the drill during the longest time in ordinary business they could have acce-s to time in in fact, that the metal is proof against the
truly jours,
drill.
N. S. BOUTON \& CO.

OFFICE Of Norveawfstern Man's'a Co., $\}$ Chicago, March 11, 1867.
Mesars. Murrat \& Winne,
Gentlemen, -We subjected the ammple you furished us (of a new combination of metals to be used in the manufacture of Lilie's Safes) to the setempered drills our skill and experience could prodace.

After operating upon it with different drills several hours withont penetrating it more than half an gress, we became satisfied that if not utterly impenetrable, it would at least require days of time, a arge number of drills and machine power to peneower of even the most skilful burglar to penetrate a safe made of this material.
R. T. CRANE, President.

## Lillie's

DOUBLE CHILLED AND WROUGHT IRON
FIREAND-EUEGIARPRODF Safes. 4 full assortment of these unequalled BurglarAloo, safes of every description, designed for both Fre and Bardlar-proof security, The public are invited to call and examine for themselves as to the verits of our Safes.

## Lillie Safe \& Iron Co.,

LEWIS LILLIE, President.
198 EROADWA耳, 1 HEW YOBE

Commercial Cards.
WILSON, SON \& $C 0$
JOS. H. WI SON, SON PETER WISE, ROBT. N WILSON, Late of Richmond, Late of Lynchburg Va. Formerly ot Alexandria, V Nerchandise, Warehouse and office corner of Lombard and Frederick streets, No. 39 East End, Excbange Place, Refer to D. Sprigg, cashier; ; J. Sloan, Jr., cashier Baind ${ }^{\text {L }}$. Meall a Co. Lord \& Robinson, Balt; Tannahill ident 1st National Bank,' Lynchburg, Va.

PIOUE, GEAIN, SEED AND PREOVISIONS.

Blair, Densmore \& Co.,

## OOMDISSION MIERCHANTY,

26 WASHINGTON STRETT Ohicago, lile.

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os. $148,150,152,1.4, \& 156 \mathrm{~N}$. SECOND STREET BETWEEN WASHINGTON AVENUE AND GREEN STREET.
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Eastern orders will have prompt attention"at low est market price. Our Chicago mins heing sitnated on the railroad track cars are loaded with Flour pense and damare from cartage. Orders for pur chase of erain, Flour, or provisions in this marke will be faithfally attended to.

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Springmeyer Bros., LATE J. HI. BELTER ACO. Fine Ronewood Parlor Furniture, Patent Rosewnod Bureaus, (one lock controlling four drawers). Also, Rosewood, Black Wainnt and Oay No. 222 bedrom Furniture.
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Ould \& Carrington,

nxomand

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Lawyerg, Railway, Insurance,
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73, 78 \& 80 Broadway.
Nom. $5,7,17,19,34,36,49 \& 53$ New st. ALL NEAR WALL STREET.
Nom. $4,6,11,1 \%, 19,21 \& 88$ Broad st
Nof. 4 \& 19 Wall street, And
Nof. 55 \& 57 Exchange Place.
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NO. 19 Broan ©itog Room NJo. 80.

## Commercial Cards.

## S. H. Pearce \& Co.,

 No. 353 BROADWAY, Importers otCUROHEAN ANE CHINA SHIKS, and Manufacturers of
SILK AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEFS, Diled Silk,
Imitation oiled Silk.
Onr "Initation" has a very superior finish, and costs but half as much as real silk, which it equals in appearance and durability.
Agents for the sale of the
Patent ifeversible Paper Collars. the most economical collar ever invented.

> JOHN N. STEARNS,
> ss LEONAYH STRFET,

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oilea c'otton, Organzine Silk,
Tram silk.
$\overline{\text { George Pearce \& Co., }}$ ro \& fa franklin street, new york, Importers of
White Goods,
Laces and Emb's,

## Linen Handk'fs,

 Pritish and Continental.Munsell \& Co., Importers of
CIIINA ANDINIIA SILKS, And dealers in
HONGEE THANDKEHCHIEES, 105 Reade Street.
John O'Neill \&. Sons,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sewing Silks,
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> Cmbroidery,
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MILL; AT PATERSON, N. J.
Globe Woolen Co.,
198 \& 200 CHEUECTSTR., NEU YORK.
W. W. Coffin, Treas. W. D. Simonton.

Fancy Cassimeres, Silk Mixtures, Heavers.
E.R.Mudge,Sawyer\&Co.

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Nam. $43 \& 45$ WEHITE STREEETR
Lindsay, Chittick \& Co., IMPORTEERS AND COMDISSION MERCHANTS,
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Linems, \&ce., de.,
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Lane, Lamson \& Co., conimission merchants,
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Agent for S. Courtanid \& Co.'s ENGLISH CIEAPES, And importer of
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Offers a new Stock of the above at 364 BRUADWAY CORNER FRANKLIN STREET.

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Muslin Draperies,
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Machine Edgings,
Swiss \& French White Goods,
Réal Prussels Laces,
Imitation Laces,

> Corsets, \&c.

73 LEONARD STREET, NEW YORK.

## HETIOVAL.

Tames Smieton,
IMPOETRER OF DUNDEE LINENS, Has removed from 125 \& 127 Duane St., to No. 91 Read street.
New York, May 1st, 1 (67.

## John Graham,

Manufacturer of
WOVEN CORSETES, SKIIRT WATELEIALS, WEIBIBINGS, IBINIDNGS, IBLD

LACE, COTERON YARNS, de.g.
234 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK.
Wm. G. Watson \& Son,
IMPORTERS \& MANUFACTURERS OF SEUWING SHLKE,

MIACHINE TWUST, de. No. 20 WALKER STREET, NEW YORK. WORKS PATERSON; N. J.
Brand \& Gihon,
Importers \& Commisesion merchante, 55 MURRAY STREET.
HRISH \& SCOTECH LINEN GOODS, In full assortment for the
Jobbing and Clothing Trade. Agents for the sale of WILLIAM GIHON \& SONS'
WWITIE LINENS, \& C.
HUURLAPS, HBAGEIING,
FLAXSAIIA TUCK, dC.
Anderson \& Smith, 33 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

## Agents for

WILLEAME KIRE \& SON, BELFAST, Hinen Manufacturers.
JAMES GLASS \& CO., LURGAN,
Cannbric HandkerchiefManufacturers

## LINEN GOODS.

Strachan \& Malcomson, IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS HRISIIANB SCOTCITLINENS, 40 Murray Street, New York.

## Commercial Cards.

## Byrd \& Hall,

## Manufacturers of

UMERELIAS AND PARASOLS,
Nog, $12 \& 14$ WARREN ST., NEW YORK.
Wm. Thompson \& Co., Importers of
IRISFI LINENS,
LININCAMESC HANDK9PS, \&C. No. 185 Church Street, New York
C. Holt \& Co.,

COMMIISSION NIELEEHANTS, 119 CHAMBERS STREET. Agents for the Glasgow Thread Company's

SPODILCDTTON. Also, Agents for
MACHINE \& SEWING SILK, BUTTON-HOLE TWIST, FANCY GOODS, \&C.
offer to Jobbers owly.
Spool Cotton.
JOIEN CLARE, JT. \& CO9\%。 Mile End, Glasgow. IS CENSURPASSED FOK HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.
THIOS. RUSSELE, Sole Agent, 88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.
J. \& P. Coats'
hest six-cord dableb Thread.

JOHN \& THUGHI AUCHINCLOSS, SOLE AGENTS IN NEW YORK, No. 108 Duane street.
DOUEBEDAY \& DUIGIIT, MANUFACTURERS OF Umbrellas \& Parasols,

49 murnax $:$ sT. wew yorki.

## Linen Threads,

SHOE THIREADS, SEWING-MACHINE THREADS, ETC. HAREOUR BROTHERS, CfAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK. Mills at Patterson, N. I.
Railroad Material.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { Railroad Iron, } \\
\text { AMERICAN AND FOREIGN, } \\
\text { FOR }
\end{gathered}
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 HRALS, STEEEL TERESS Railroad Bonds and United States and other American securities negotiated, and Credit and
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Spacious Connting and Reception Rooms availabpacious Connting and Reception Rooms Americans in London, with the facilities asaally found at the Continental Bankers.

AMERICAN AGENTS,
TYNG \& CONIPANY,
164 Broadway, New York.

## Metals,

THETOS. J. POPE, 92 John street.
Anthracite and Charcoal Pig Irons, Ingot Copper, Spelter, Tin, Antimony, \&c., Old and New Railroad Iron, Bloom Irons, Car Wheel Pig Irons.


[^0]:    * In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, \&c., we denuct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Forida return. We are thus par-

[^1]:    * The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennersee Kentacky, \&c., not otherwise enumerated.

    號 $\ddagger$ Estimated. The stock at New York in also egjjmated.

