 A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

## VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867.
NO. 89.

## Bankers and Brokers.

 HEMITAL.WE HAVE REMOVED TO THE MORE COMMODIOUS OFFICE,
No. 12 WALL STREETS,
Directly opposite our former Office.
$\mathrm{Hatch}^{\text {, Foote } \& ~ C o ., ~}$ BANKERS
and dealers in government securiTIES, GOLD, \&c.

Hedden, Winchester\&Co
NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Bankerg and Brokers.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Secarities and Gold Stocks, Bonds, Governmeet rates, on commission
bought and sold at market only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances only. on approved securities.
Particular attention given to orders for the pur-
Phase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, chase or sale of the Adams, American, United States,
Wells, Fargo \& Co., and Merchants' Wells, Fargo \& Cors faithfully executed.
JOSIAF HEDDEN. ISAIAH C. BABCOCK, JOSIAK HEWDNCHIMSTER, ROBT. M. HEDDEN.

John Bloodgood \& Co.,
22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTEHIERE SECURITIES.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Carrency, subject to check at sight, and particnlar stten-

## A. C. Graham,

EANKERANDEROKER,
3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, DEALER in
Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Southern Bills on London and Paris, Bill on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.
Tyler, Wrenn \& Co.,
NOANKERS, 18 WALL ATRET, Buy and Seli at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT sECURI'TIES, GOLD, \&C. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptiy execated.
Jones \& Westervelt, BANKERS \& BROKERS, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonde, and Gold, bought and sold on COMMERCIAL COMPER AND LOANS OF GOLD NOS. AND CURRENCY NEGOTIATED. 12 NIEW \& 14 RREOAD STRRIGETS.

OFFICE OF
George K. Sistare, AD OINING HOWES \& MACY. 30 WALIL STHREIET, NEW YORK. February 11, 1867. New York City and County Stocks Family sid Bonds, Soldier's Bounty Fund Bonds, and other County Stocks. Also,
Stocks due in 1868 to 1870 at a very

## Bankers and Brokers.

 Jameson, Smith \& Cotting NOS. 14 \& 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. Receive Deposite in Curreney and Gold, and allow Interest at the rate of Four Per Cent per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

## P. Hayden, BANKERE,

AND DEALER IN BULLION AND SPECIE,
24 Nasman Street, New Yo k. The Specie Department will be in charge has my anthority to sign the Firm name by procuration.
Garth, Fisher \& Hardy, BANKERS,
Ne. 18 NEW STREET,
Successors to Harrison, Garth \& Co. and Henry C.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Brokers and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.
Foreign and Domestfc Exchange bought, sold and collected.
Deposits received, subject to check, without no
tice, and Four per cent. interest allowed thereon.
M. K. Jesup \& Company, BANEEERS AND MIERCEANTES 84 BROADWAY.
Negotiate and Loans for Railiroad Comeg Contract for
Cron or Steel Raile, Locomotivees Cars, etc.g
and undertake
all bunimem connected with IRailwaym.
Haslett McKim. Robt. McKim. 'Jno. A. McKim.
McKim, Bros. \& Co.,
62 WAKL STHREETV.
Interest allowed on deposits snbject to draft at other places.

## Gelston \& Bussing,

 BANKIERES \& BROKall orders receive our Personal Attention. Wm. J. Gelston.
Theo. M. Morgan, STPCKS, GOLD,
GOVERNMIENTT SECURITTES,
Bonght and Sold on Commission
No. I' New Street, New York.
Reference : JAY COOKE \& CO., Bankers, New York.

## Bankers and Brokers.

Duncan, Sherman \& Co.,

 For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also, COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States. C. POWELL, GREEN \& CO.

Bankers \& Commission merbohants.
ss broad strabi, new york.
Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission
Wilson, Callaway \& Co., bankers And commitsion micivants, No. 44
Government Securities, Street, Stocks, $\mathbf{N o n d s}$, and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Mer-- hants, bankers, and others alowed 4 per cent. on eposits. The most liberal ado ourselves or to our ton, Tobacco, \&c. Hessrs. J. K. GILLIAT \& CO., of Liverpool.

Western Bankers.
L. A. Benoist \& Co., BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,
Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

Scott \& Co.,
Hatescott, Kerraco., BANKERS,
LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.
Collections made on all accessible points and remitted for on the day of payment, less carrent ratos
of exchange.
The Marine Company OF CHICAGD.
 General Banking and Collections promptly attended to. Established 1848.
Haskele \& Co., ST BANKIRRS
Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Exchange collections made on all accessible points and Second National Bank.

## st. Lovis, mo.

Capital.. $\$ 200,000$ I Surplus.. $\$ 150,566$ Prompt attention given to the business of correspondents.
E. D. JONES, Cashier.

NORTHOWESTEGRN STATEES
Geo. C. Smith \& Bro.,
48 LASALLETS. OHICGGO, (antlon
Special attention given to collectione. Draw on-Drexel. Winthrop \& Co., and Winslow, Draw on-Drexe, New York; Drexel \& Co., Philadel phia, and Bank of Montreal, Canada.

## Bankers and Biokers. Fourth National Bank.

 Capital. $. \$ 5,000,000$ NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET.
## All the Government Lonans_for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

## Central National Bank,

 318 BROADWAY.Capital.......................... $\$ 3,000,000$.
Has for sale all descriptions of Government BondsCity and Conntry accounts received on terms mos favorable to our Correspondents.
Collections made in all parts of the United State and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.
The Tradesmens NATIONAE BANK.
291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
 RICHARD BERRY, Presidont ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.
Tenth National Bank. Capital.................... $81,000,0^{\circ} 0$. NO. 336 BROADWAYCOR. WORTTHST, Designated Depository of the Government. Bank-
J. h. Stout, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President.

Gilliss, Harney \& Co., BANKERS
NO. 24 BROAD STREET Buy and Sell at Market Rates LLI UNITEED STATES SECUHETTIES. Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight draft.
Make collections on favorable terms, Aale of Gold, state, Federal and Railroad Securities

ADAMS, KMMBALL \& IMOORE, BANKERS,
No. 14 Wall Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, of all issues, and execute orders for the purInterest allowed on deposits of Gold and Cur-

## L. S. Watkins,

NO. 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, BANKERE,
And Dealer in all Classes of Government securities and Gold.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and British America.
Warren, Kidder \& Co., No. 4 watinkriss y
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly exe cated. FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLO WED
un deposits, subject to check at sight.

## John Cockle \& Son,

 BROKERSIn Foreign Exchange, Bonds, Notes, dxc., \&x.

32 PINE STREET, NEW YORK. References.-Moses Taylor; John Munroe \& Co Hon. F. E. Spinner Treasurer $\mathbf{U}$. W Pashingti.
OFPICE OF THIE PACIEIC TIATE TEAMSHR COMPANY, NEW YORK, Febraary 20, 1887.-THIRTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.-NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors have this the net earnings of the quarter ending cent. out of 1867 , payable at the office of the company, FRIDAY, March 1 .
The transfer books will be closed Thnrsday, Feb uary 21, at 4 P.M., and re-opened Monday, March 4,
By order of the Board of Directors.
THEODORE T. JOHNSON.

## Southern Bankers.

National

## Bank of the Republic,

809 \& 811 CHESTNUT STREHNT, PRIILADELPEIA,
Capital. $\qquad$ $\$ 500,000$
Ofrers its mervices to Bankin and Bankere on liberal terme. DIREOTORA:

Joseph T. Bailey, Biward B. Orne
Nathan Hilles,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Wiliam Frvion, Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh, Samuel A. Bispham, Frederis A. Hojt William H. Rhaw
Wilitaif H. RHawn, President,

- Late Cashier of the Central National Banks Josepi P. Mumpord, Cashier

Late of the Philadelphla National Bank,

## Washington.

FIRETNATIONAEBANE OF WASHINGTION, H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke \& Co.), PREs'r. Government Depository and Financial Wo Agent of the United States. We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give special attentior to department connect Government.
Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully farnished.
EOB'T H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROB'T T. BROOK
R. H. Maury \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS NO. 1014 MAIN ST., RICEMMOND, VA. Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, \&c.
bought and sold on commission.
Depllections made on
all accessible points in the Und United States. N. Y. Correspondento Veraluys \& Co.

Charles D. Carr \& Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERB, AUGUSTA, $A$, COLLEOLIONS PROMPTLI RBMITURE FOR
Jas. M. Muldon \& Sons,
No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.
Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gov ernment Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt Ben REFERENCES
Babcock Bros. \& Co., Bankers, New York. Goodyear Bros. \& Dnrand, Bankers, New York. E. H. Bulkly \& Co., Brokers, New York.

Martin, Bates \& Co., Merchants New Yo Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Woiff \& Gillespie. Henry A Huriburt, late Swift \& Hurlbert. Home Insurance Company of New York. Aetna Insurance Company of Hart. Underwriters Agency New York, Charles Walsh. President Bank of Mobile. Henry A Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala,

## George Butler,

BANKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
GALVESTON, TEXXAS.
Collections promptly attended to and remitted for by Sight Drafts on Messrs. Duncan, Sherman \& Co., Bankers, New York
References in New York:-Duncan Sherman \& Co I. H. Frothingham, Esqi. Pres't. Union Trast Co.; Moses Taylor, Esq. ; R. H. Lowry Esq., Pres't. Claflin \& Co. Office in New York No. 71 Broadway.
T. H. McMahan \& Co. Un COMMISSION MIERECHANTY ma Dealers in Domestic and Foreign GALVESTRANGE. TEXAS.
Bavecial attantion giren to Collections of all kinds, cessible points in the State cond pondents at all acRMMITPANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT Jational Pais RRTFRR TO MAT Tational Park Bank, Howes \& Macy, and Spofford
Thestom © Bank and J. W. Seaver, Kork. Becond National Co. and D. \&. Stetson \& $\mathrm{CO}_{0}$ Philadelphis Dreal ${ }^{\circ}$ Thirrield \& Co, Cincinnatio ThirdNaphia. T. F. and Jos. EL. BMder \& Goodwin, St Louis. Fowler, Stanard \& Co. Mobila, Pike Wapeyre \& Bro Now Orleans, Drake, IJeinwerthut Cohen, Lon

## Southern Bankers.

## Burke \& Co.,

## BANEERES,

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS, Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and Collections and remittances promptly attended to

Conner \& Wilson,: No. 5 Eroad Street, Charleston, S. O. BANEERS \& DEALERS IN FORETGN\& DOMGSTIC EXCHANGE,SPECIR a BANK NOTES, SHOCKS, AND BONDS Irpecial attention paid to Collectiong, Refer to Duncan, Sherman \& Co., New York; Drezel \& Co ${ }^{\text {on }}$ Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank, and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury \& Co,

## Eastern Bankers.

Page, Richardson \& Co, BILIS OX JOHIN MUNROE \& CO., PARIS.
Commérial Credits for the purchase of Merchan dise in England and the Continent. Traveluena Caidifs for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck \& Sayles, STOCK BROKERS,
HO. 28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
JAMES $\triangle$ DUPER, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

## Western Bankers.

J.W. Ellis, Prest. Lswis Worthington, V.-Prest. THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.
of Cincinnati.
Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH and promptly remitted for. Capital Sitock Directors,-John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, I B. Harrison, William Glenn R. M. Bishop, William Winslow.

Gilmore, Dunlap \& Co.,
108 \& 110 West Fourth Street, CINCINNATH, OHHO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BhNB NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS, COLLEGTIONS MADE at all accessible points and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON FOR SALES.
D. A. Grven, of Watts, Given \& Co., Paducah, Ky,
D. W. Jones, of Boyle'Co., Ky. N. S. Ray, late Cash'r Com'l B'E of KI $^{\text {I }}$, Lebanon, $K$ j

## BANEING HOUSE OF

Given, Jones \& Co., 33.ERRAD STREEET, NEW YORE.

THEE CITY BANK OF N. O., NEW ORELEANS, HA.

Orders for the purchase or sale of Govermment Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed.
Interest allowed on Deposits; subject to cheques
Special attention given to the Foreign Exchange draw sterling Billis, at sight or sixty days, on the Bank of Liverpool, in sims to suit purchasers. The New Orleans Fiouse Will make Collections in that City and at all accessible Weints routh, and remit on the day of payment. BANK OF STATE OF NEW Yore, New York City, and to asy of the Kentracky Banks.

Financial.
Southwest
Pacific Railroad Company,
SEVEN PERE CENT. FIRST MORT:
GAGE BONDS.
$\$ 2,000,000$ In Coupon EBonds of \$1,000 each,

## Twenty Years to Run,

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company,

And secured by property valued at $\$ 7,500,000$, consisting of 90 miles of completed road and 330,000 acres of rich agricultural and mineral lands on the line of the rcad. (By a provision of the mortgage, when lands are sold to the amount of $\$ 10,000$, it is to constitute a Fund for the redemption of a like mount of bonds, which are also received by the Company at PAR in payment for land.) This land is Company being disposed of at rates from $\$ 5$ to $\$ 40$ por acre.
The climate is remarkably salubrious, and the nean tomperature the same as in Virginia. The winters last about six weeks, and the stock can be kept on the range the year through. For particulars respecting lands address Colonel A. ALBERT, Land Agent at St. Louis, Mo.

This Company has recently been merged with the atlantic and Pacipic Rathroad Company, having a land grant of $55,000,000$ of acres, thereby adding
to the fullest to the security of these Bonds.
The road of the latter Company, when completed, will form a direct and continuous railway from St. Lunis to San Francisco, shorter by 500 miles from New Fork to the Pacific than by any other route.

Of the present issue of Bonds a limit ed amount is now offered for sale at the ow rate of 80 per centog subject to ad= vance at the option of the ompany.

For further particulars apply to
WARD \& CO.
No. 54 Wall Street, New York.
SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORT-
AGL KONDS
North Missourí Rail-

## road Company.

We offer for sale the Seven Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Com pany, having thirty years to run. Coup York on January 1 and July 1 , in each
year.
Before accepting the agency for sale of these
bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition and prospects of the road, which was examined by and their highly satisfactory report enables us to re commend the bouds as first-class securities, and a afe and judicious investment.
The proceeds of these bonds $\$ \$ 6,000,000$ in all) will e used into North Missouri, to theady completed 170 mere it is to and also westward to with the railroads of lowa, Railroad (at Leavenworth) and other railroads leading up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of oad of 389 mill cover a complote and well-stocked 000 , with a net ann length, costing at least $\$ 10,000,-$ of over $\$ 1,500,000$, or a sum nearly four first year yond the amount needed to pay the interest on these解, the income of the road of course increasing - The Ry Year.

The Rallroed connects the great City of St. Lonis with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the rich sas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads.
The frss 500,000 have been sold at 80 cents, and the remainder are now offered at 85 cents. At this rate they yield nearly $81 /$ per cent. income, and add 20 per cent. to principal at maturity. office.

JAY COOKR \& CO.

## Financial.

1866. 

Ofics op the
Sun Mutual Ins. Co.,
Insurance Buildings, 49 Wall St.
New York, January 30, 1867.
The following st tement of the affairs of this Company is pablished in conformity with the requirements of the 10th section of the A
corporation:
ber 31st, $1865 \ldots . . . . . .$. ............. \$640,311 71 Preminms received during
the year to December
31 st, 1866 :
On Marine Risks....... $\$ 2,383,246$ O7
On Inland Risks........ 212,103 14-2,595,349 21
The amount of earned premiums dur- $\$ 3,235,66092$
ing the year, less return premiums,
ing the year, less return premiums,
was............................................30,322 30
Losses paid during the jear :
On Marine Risks......... $\$ 2,382$, ' 1881
On In'and Risks........... $2,205,74999$
Expenses and Re-insur-
278,63834
$\overline{\$ 2,665,40714}$
The assets of the Company on the 31st December 1866, were as follows, viz: United States Stocks, Loans on Stocks, Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mort-
gages and Loans, Rents of Real Esgages and Loans, Rents of Real Es-
tate, Salvage, \&c. tate,
Cash Cash ............. Prins Receivable.

425,548 42 remium Accounts not yet collected... Scrip of Sundry Matual Insurance
$\begin{array}{r}91,77804 \\ 943,56468 \\ 84,245 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Companies .............................
Total. ............................. $\$ 1,988,88939$ The foregoing statement has been made to conform strictly to the requirements of the Company's The RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1866 Expenditures for Marine Losses, Re turn Preminms, Expenses, \&c....... $\$ 3,506,0691$ Receipts from Earned Preminms
Profits on Gold, \&c....
Profits on Gold, \&c. ... ............ $\frac{2,575,462}{2}$
The Company were liable
at the end of the year, for
Unpaid Losees, Return
Preminms, commissions
Less, to be received for ad.
vance in value of Rea
Estate, Stocks, \&c., and
for sundry Solvage, Re-
insurance and othe
claims due the company
estimated at............ $\$ 413,42636-235,18507$
Deficiency........................... $\overline{\$ 1,165,791 ~} 95$ Amount of outstanding Scrip called in
and cancelled........................ $\$ 1,161,820$
06
In view of the above result, the Board of Trustees have this day ordered, that the outstanding scrip or Certificates of Profits heretofore issued and the Cerpany, be reduced their entire amount, ancelled.
Holders of Certificates not heretofore redeemed, are hereby notified of the action of the Board, and are requested to surrender such certi
office of the Company for cancellation.
The Board of Trustees also resolved, that a subScription of FFV HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLap, in addition to the cash capital. of FIVE taken DRED THOUS KND DOLLARS already subscribed and not inclnded in the above assets. Marine, have been takpa by the Company
Lilife's Safes,

## manuFactured by

HHLLIE SAFE \& IRON COMPANY.
This Company are now prepared to execute orders for BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF SAFES, BANK LOCKS, VAULTS, and bank work of all descriprions, under the several Letters Patent issued to
Lewis Lillie. A new combination of metals has Lewis Lillie. A new combination of metals has a strictly Burglar and Fire-Proof Safe, adspted to a strictly Burglar and Fire-Proof safe, adspted to the present recuirements as to security and pre.
From tests made of this metal at the Novelty From tests made of this metal at Mess. Merrick \& Sons, Philadelphia, and Messrs. Hinckley \& Williams, Boston, whose, reports, with those of others, will form a notice hereafter, we are anthorized to say that a
single plate safe of this metal will afford perfect single plate sast burglars, however well they may have been instructed by the combined competitors of Lillie's Safes.
An extensive stock and variety is now on hand at is requested.

HILHIE SAFE AND IRON COMIPANY, LEWIS LILLIE, President,
198 Broadwayg Now York.

## Bankers and Brokers.

## Satterleb \& Co.,

## T0 BROADWAY \& 15 NEW BTREET.

## GTOCES AND BONDS

BOUGETT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,
COVERNMENTEROURITIK,

## ang varitiviag

## Drake Brothers,

## STOCK BROKERS AND BANEERS,

NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Buy and Se'l on Commission Government Securities, Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, C'oal, Petro. leum and Mining Stocks.
Curren and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interestc lected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Executed.
H. J. Rogers, V. Pres. Geo. T. Clark, Cashier. HIRRST NATHINATHEANI
of Denver,
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE O. 8 . Authorized Capital - - $\mathbf{8 5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ Paid in Capital Transact a General Banking business corner of Blake and F. Sts. DENVERECOLORADO.
SOUTHERNBANENOTEB。
Edwin Q. Bell,
BANEIRANDEROERE,
In Southern Securities and Bank Bills. 30 BROADWAY \& 6 NEW STREET, Nev Tork.

## W. H. Whittingham,

$$
\text { No. } 8 \text { Broad Street, }
$$

MINING,
TELEGRAPH,
RAlLROAD, AND ALL OTHER STOCKS, Bought and Sold on Commission. Quotations and salestists execnted.

## Riker \& Co.,

BROKERS IN MINING STTOCKS,
NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.
J. Van Schaick,

## 38 Broad Street,

BANKER AND STOCK BROKER.

## Juhn Munroe \& Co., <br> AMERECAN BANEERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS
No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in an parts of Kujope, etc., etc. Also Ccmmercial Credits.

## THE

PARIS UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION.

## Norton \& Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
14 RUE AUBER, PARIS.
Highest premium allowed for Exchange on Lon don.
Special attention paid to securing apartments for Americans visiting Paris, and letters of enquiry replied to by return mail.

## George Farnham,

(Late of G. S. Robbins \& Son.)
COIIMERCTALPAPER,
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD \&O., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
54. Willim Street, cormer of Pine.

Bankers and Brokers.

## L. P. Morton \& Co., <br> BANEERS, <br> 80 BROAD STRRHET, NEW YORK, <br> STERRLING EEXCEANGE

At Sight or SLxty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on
I. P. MORTON, BURNS \& CO., (58 Old Broad Street, London,) AND THE
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the Eiast.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

Levi P. Mortons,
Charlate. Elinom,
Walter H. Buras, H. Cbugrr Oakher.

## Travellers' Credits.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR THE USE OF TRAVELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST.

## issued for

Messrs. J. S. Morgan \& Co., London, BY

## Dabney, Morgan \& Co.,

 53 Exchange Place.
## DrakeKleinwort\&Cohen

## LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative ana Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort \& Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, $t$ e East and West Indies, South America, \&c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same parposcs.

SIMON DE VISSER
52 Exchange Place, New York.
JAY COOKE,
WM. G. MOORHEAD,
H. D COOEE,
H. C. FAHNESTOCK PITT COOKE.
JAY COOKE \& CO., BANKERS.
Coraer Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.
No. 114 South 3 d Street,
Philadelphia
Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department.
Washington.
In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. Nassau. corner of Wall Strect, in this city.
Mr. Edward Dodge, late of Clark, Dodge \& Co., New York, Mr. H. C. Fahnestock, of our Washington House, and Mr. Pitt Cooke, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.
We shall give particular attention to the purchase sale, and exchange of government securities of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of stocks, bonds and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.
March 1, 1866.

JAY COOKE \& CO.

LOск W OOD \& CO., BANKERS.
No. 94 BROADWAY \& No. 6 WALL STREET. DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, sabject to Check at sight. Gold loaned

## Bankers and Brokers.

Jacquelin \& De Coppet,
NO. 26 NEW STREEET, N.Y. ABilroad Stocke,

## Bonde,

Gold, and
Government securitien,
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Jobr H. Jacequinn.
Hentry Di Copper.

## Winslow, Lanier \& Co., BANKERS, <br> 27 \& 29 Pine Strect; New Yorla.

DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILR AND NEW ORLEANS.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.
Interest Allowed on Depositm.

## S. G. \& G. C. Ward,

## GEENTS FOR

BARING IBRO'RHERS \& COMPANY, 56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
Rodman, Fisk \& Co., EANKEIES,
Dealers in Government Securities NO. 7 -WALL STREET.
Gold, Stocks, Bonds, \&c., Bought and Sold at market rates on Commission, Registered and coupon Interest collectied withont charge. Agents for the sale of First Mortgage 6 per cent. Gold Bear ing Bonds tentral Paction
M. T. RODMAN,
J. H. FISK, $\}$ General Jartners
J. L. Brownell \& Bro., BANKERS \& BROKERS,
28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities, and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Acconnts of Banks, Bankers and Individual received on lavorable terms.
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SECONDEDIT1ON
The Dler, antile agency Reference The demand having exhausted the January issue of THE REFEHENCE BOOK, we beg to announce contains the corrections and changes in the leadin cities up to the end of February.
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in connection with the fall and detaile spring revisions of our reports, now being seceived from our correspondents in every locality of the parties desiring information as to the CHARAC TER, CAPITAL and CREDIT of their customers. terms made bnow to be seen, last reports had, an 295 Broadway. R. G. DUN \& CO., Proprietors. The Mercaintile Agency,
New York, March 4, 1867.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.
VOL. 4.
SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867.
NO. 89.

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TIIE RAILWAY MONITOR AND INSURANCE JOURNAL.


## The $\mathfrak{C h r a n i c l e}$.

Ter Commercial and Financial Chronicle is issued every Suturday morning by the publishers of Huni's Merchants' Magavine, with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A Daily Bulletin is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

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## THE MARCH STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL DEBT.

The debt statement offers several interesting features. From the comparative table, which appears in its place, our readers will see that the work of funding has gone on mole rapidly than usual. No less than 42 millions of long bonds have been disposed of- 32 millions in exchange for compounds and seven-thirties, and 10 millions for money. Only a part of this cash has been disbursed, so that the currency balance has been augmented $7 \frac{1}{2}$ millions. The coin balance has also accumulated 10 millions in consequence of customs receipts. Its amount is now $\$ 107,271,031$.

As the claims against this gold by holders of coin certifi cates amount to $\$ 18,376,180$, the net balance of coin is $\$ 88,894,851$. There is a very strong antipathy both in and out of Congress against allowing so large a sum of idle cash to remain locked up in the Treasury while the Government is paying so heavy a rate of interest as 8 per cent, on all the long bonds it issues. The interest at 8 per cent. on the sum
we have now in the Treasury vaults would amuunt to 12 * millions of dollars a year. If this sum could be reduced by one-hall 6 millions a year would be saved.
In view of the recent changes in the income tax, which may reduce its product from 60 to 40 millions, or perhaps less, the country cannot afford to lose so large an annual sum in interest. Especially is this accumulation of currency to be objected to when, as in the present case, it is obtained by selling gold-bearing bonds. What private individual in his ordinary business could afford to borrow money at high rates for the sole purpose of keeping it idle? We sometimes hear the excuse that the public credit is improved when we can show a full purse, and that a large balance in the Treasury helps the price of our bonds. There is no practical force in this reasoning. A working balance is all we want. It adequate for actual payments a small balance is better than a large one. What helps the public credit is not the idle balance but the incoming revenue. An overgrown temporary balance is a temporary reservoir which may become exhausted, but a revenue is a stream which flows perennially. There are many popular objections to the heavy Treasury balances which Mr. McCulloch has lately allowed himself to accumulate. But in the present state of the country it ought to be unnecessary to urge any other argument than this one of economy.
The only point of interest which remains to be noticed is the cancelling of an undue amount of greenbacks. The contraction law positively prohibits the withdrawal of more than 4 millions in any one month. Mr. McCulloch has taken in more than 5 millions. This violation of a plain, positive enactment of the law provokes much comment. In January the greenbacks were increased one million, and it is claimed by some persons that the extra million was withdrawn in February on that account. But this explanation does not satisfy the objectors. The law, they say, is clear and precise. There is no power given to reduce the currency more than 4 millions under any circumstances. The subject, it is said, will probably come up in Congress.

## MR. CISCO ON TREASURY ADMINISTRATION.

There is a growing anxiety in the public mind relative to certain real or imaginary mischiefs, which by common consent are ascribed to the vast powers of the Treasury, as exerted from time to time upon the currency and upon the money market. Among the multitude of letters evoked by the uncertainty incident to this state of things there is one from Mr. Cisco, which has been published this week. The writer is well known as the head of a leading banking firm; and, speaking with the authority derived from fifteen years' faithful service as Assistant Treasurer in this city, he may be presumed to have a good title to be heard.

In a practical point of view, the most important part of Mr. Cisco's paper is that in which he insists that Congress and the Treasury should work together according to a wellknown fixed policy. This necessity is so obvious, so generally demanded, and has so often been urged in our columns, that we refrain from saying more about it in this place. The public will heartily approve Mr. Cisco's remarks on this subject, and we only regret that he did not develop his facts and suggestions more fully. Few men are better able to expose the departmental uselessness and the public mischiefs resulting from secret manipulations of the money market by the Treasury, whether conducted by the sale of gold or of bonds, by suddenly drawing down the balances in the National Banks, or by spasmodic changes in the volume of the currency.
Mr. Cisco had other objects in view, however, and among them that of elaborating a system of finance adequate to meet the embarrassments, present and prospertive, of the National Treasury. Accordingly, he begins by giving a sketch of the position of the public debt. When the new year opened, he tells us, the public debt was composed of three items : First, long-funded bonds, 1,385 millions, demanding 81 millions a year of interest in coin; secondly, short obligations, such as Seven-thirties, 677 millions; and Compound Notes, 145 millions; all of which fall due before the close of next year; thirdly, legal tender notes to the amount of 400 millions, which the writer tells us are "pay. able on demand, and of course payable in gold." Having made this statement, he has to account for the fact that these notes, though "payable on demand in gold," are not worth their face in standard coin of the United States. He solves the difficulty by the brief explanation that " the Treasury is not in perfect credit; its notes payable on demand being depreciated 27 per cent. below gold, and its 6 per cent. bonds selling much below par in gold."

This formula "not in perfect credit" is the key to Mr. Cisco's "system of finances." It is imperfect credit which makes the currency depreciated, and which causes the six per cent. Five-twenties to sell at 80 in coin, instead of at 100. When he has said that " the Treasury is not in perfect credit" he believes that he has accounted for all the phenomena both of depreciated paper money and of low-priced bonds.

Having thus settled the question as to what is the malady, Mr. Cisco goes on to say how it must be cured. The remedy, he tells us is, "first of all to improve the credit" of the Treasury. This is logical. Let us see how the end is accomplished. First, he would forbid all sales of Government gold. The coin paid into the Treasury he would hold as a sacred de posit, which should be "a reserve and guaranty fund against the future gold interest and against the legal tender notes, so as to enhance the value of these latter just as a bank keeps a reserve against its liabilities." It is easy to see how this mass of coin might sustain the price of the interest bearing bonds; for in case the customs duties should fall off for a time the bondholders would be assured of the payment of their maturing interest. But how the precious hoard could have any influence on the greenbacks Mr. Cisco fails to show. As long as no holder of greenbacks has a claim to a dollar of this coin reserve, how could the purchasing power or public estimation of the greenback currency be at all influenced by it? We might as well say that a glass of wine and water on your table would become less and less diluted in proportion as you pour wine into the decanter beside it. It is in vain to say that a diluted currency of greenbacks can be raised to par, or made equal to coin by any "reserve" which is inaccessible to the holder of the greenbacks. The specie reserve of a banh keeps the notes of that bank at par, because the coin is freely accessible, dollar for
dollar, to every owner of a bank note who chooses to demand it.
Secondly, Mr, Cisco would stop all contraction of legal tender notes. He would leave the greenbacks " where they are, in the pockets of the people, and take measures for making them good, as above suggested," that is, by amassing a reserve of coin which no holder of a greenback can touch. He would improve the flavor of the wine and water by filling the decanter to the brim. It cannot be denied that there are good reasons against contraction. Many persons oppose it. We ourselves vehemently oppose contraction of the currency when unskilfully done, because it is apt to contract credits, to disturb business, to react on the public revenue, to depress the markets and to injure the prices of Government securities. Contraction, like some other useful things, is a good servant but a very bad master. The difficulty is that its help cannot in the existing depreciation be dispensed with. Stop contraction and there can be no resumption.
Thirdly, Mr. Cisco would issue no more gold-bearing bonds at present. IIe thinks the Treasury loses by chang. ing Seven-thirties for Five-twen Bies, as the latter bear more interest than the former. It were time enough to make the change when the notes come due. This would be sound rea: soning but for one or two awkward facts. The holders of the Seven-thirties will shortly be able to demand payment of principal and interest in currency. We have seen panics in which the public funds have run down to par and far below par. Suppose such a panic to happen in August, 1867. The Seven-thirties then due may have to be paid in cash. The demand for new legal tenders may not be arrested until we have issued 100 millions more than are now outstanding. Or suppose such a revulsion about midsummer, 1868, when, in the space of thirty days, 400 millions or, perhaps, 500 millions of Seven-thirties will mature. What a frightful. impulse towards repudiation the currency of the country might thus receive by excessive issues of legal tender paper. It is too late now to complain because the maturity of these Seven-thirties was not more judiciously arranged at the time of their original issue. The mischief has been done. And if we refuse to issue gold bonds to take up these notes before maturity the mischief cannot perhaps be undone.

Mr. Cisco thinks that, instead of issuing gold-bearing bonds, we might induce the holders of the Seven-thirties to forego their claim on Five.Twenties and to accept a twentyyear bond bearing 7 7-10 interest in currency, with the option to the Government to pay instead of $73-10$ in paper 6 per cent. in gold after the first three years. But as these currency. bonds would not be equal in intrinsic value to the 6 per cent. coin bonds, how shall we induce the holders to accept the offer?
It is easy to see why Mr . Cisco, with his very peculiar opinions on the currency, and his anxiety to hoard up a "coin reserve," looks with concern on the growing amount of our annual coin disbursements. Soon, he tells us, "our gold interest will be 130 millions a year. Between now and that time is our opportunity for strengthening the Treasury in gold ; after that our power to do so will be in a great degree, if not entirely, cut off." According to his view our hope of returning to specie payments rests on what we can do in hoarding specie during the next fifteen months. Suppose we could spare 100 millions from our interest reserves and devote this amount to the work of "redemption." How far would these 100 millions go? How much of our out. standing Government currency co uld we pay off? We are told, indeed, that the people would not demand the gold. Should the Government, with 100 millions of coin, offer to pay four hundred millions of greenbacks, people would not
want to exchange their greenbacks. They would prefer greenbacks and refuse gold.

Such statements are unworthy of a serious discussion. If
the Government to-morrow held two hundred millions of coin, and were to offer it at par for greenbacks, we may depend upon it a market would before long be found for the whole sum. It would be bought at home, and it would be the cheapest thing we could export, the best commodity for foreigners to buy. Gold always finds a market everywhere.

We must do Mr. Cisco the justice to acknowledge that he does not carry his views to such excesses as have some of the less practical minds who have attempted to vindicate and expound his theory. He virtually gives up the whole question when he says he would not attempt to force specie payments, nor to fix a time for them. He would leave them to come about naturally. To postpone, as he recommends, the question of what to do about taking in and cancelling the legal tender notes until these notes are brought up to par, is in reality to defer to an indefinite period all hope of improving our currency or bringing up its purchasing power more nearly to a level with that of coin.

But we will not further argue the few questions on which we disagree with Mr. Cisco. His theories will find very few supporters, while his practical opinions as to the necessity of a settled financial policy and of publicity in the doings of the Treasury cannot fail to secure general assent.

## cOURSE OF PRICES.

The course of prices during late months has not been what would be very generally supposed, from the dulness of trade and the necessities under which many holders of products have been placed. Throughout the interior there has been a protracted stringency in the money market, and at this port a curtailment of the usual facilities for credit, so that, as a rule, stocks of merchandise and produce have been carried with difficulty. The state of the politics and of the trade of the country has produced a very marked caution among lenders, which, in connection with a chronic expectation of lower prices, has naturally caused merchants to realize upon their goods as early as possible, a course which has produced a settled weakness in the market.

On the other hand, there has been a very general curtailment of consumption, especially of those products least essential to subsistence and comfort. "The pressure of taxation, the depression of trade, and the exhaustion of means following the extravagant expenditures growing out of the prevail. ing inflation, have necessitated among all classes a diminution of expenses, which it might be expected would produce a perceptible decline in values. The gẽneral result, however, does not wholly correspond with expectations based upon the operation of these causes. The quotations for some articles show a very important fall in prices; but there are notable exceptions to this rule, and especially in the case of food products. For the purpose of indicating the course of prices within the last twelve months, we present the wholesale quotations at New York of certain leading articles of consumption, giving in each case the average price at the dates named.
wholesale prices of leading products at new york mabch 1, 1866;


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } 1, \\ 186 . \\ \$ 042 / 12 \\ 22_{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\text { Sept. } 1$ $1866$ <br> \$0 35 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 860 | 940 |  |
| $1{ }_{78}^{65}$ | 20 |  |
| 2225 | 2200 | 1850 |
| 2800 | 3275 |  |
| 50 | 132 | 10 |
|  |  | 15\% |
| 300 |  |  |
|  |  | 125 |
| 50 | 750 | 600 |

Clothing Products-
 Flax, Jersey........ 1 Brown sheetings, standards
Print cloths $64 x$ Print cloths 64x64........... Metals-
Copper, Portage Lake.
Iron, Scotch pig......
Iron, Scotch pig....
Lead, English American.
Spelter, plates, domestic
Steel, American spring.
Tin, English (gold). Zinc, sheet.
Woods-
Woods-
Eastern spruce.
 Black walnut....
Ifiscellaneous-
Ashes, pearl, 1st..
Cordage, Manila...
Feathers, P. West.
Hair, Rio Grande..
Tay, Norih River...
Pitch .............
Rosin, No. $1 . .$.
Oil, Olive, in casks
"Whale, refined
" Kerosene
Petroleum, crude. Rags, white, city..
Tallow, American
The first class of products comprises the chief expenditures of the household. In breadstuffs the advance since March, 1866, is very important, averaging about 35 per cent., and goes far toward neutralizing the decline upon other articles. In dairy products and beef and pork the reduction averages about 20 per cent., while groceries show a fall of about 10 per cent. Upon the whole, however, the housewife would appear to be able to supply her table at a lower cost than a year ago, the average decline being probably $5 @ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
In clothing inanufactures and their respective raw materials the decline has been most marked. Cotton has fallen within the year 12 cents per pound, or 30 per cent., and domestic wool, of Saxony fleece grade, 16 cents, or say $22 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., while domestic fabrics have declined in fully an equal proportion. Woolen goods, indeed, have fallen in a ratio beyond that of the raw material, the production having been largely in excess of the wants of the country; and manufacturers have consequently sustained severe losses.
In the metal markets the fluctuations have been less marked than in other products. Pig iron has fallen about $\$ 4$ per ton, or less than 10 per cent.; railroad iron brings nearly the same price as it did one year ago; steel is even higher, and tin shows but a nominal decline; while copper, lead, spelter and zinc, range $15 @ 25$ per cent. lower. Although the decline in this class of products is not so general as might be desired, yet it is sufficient to afford important relief to industrial operations by cheapening machinery and some of the materials of building. Similar relief is also offered by the changes in the value of lumber and staple woods generally. From the quotations above given it will be seen that, in spruce and Southern pine there has been a decline warranting an important reduction in the cost of the principal classes of wood work, although fancy woods maintain nearly old prices. In oils, which are by no means unimportant in their relation to manufacturing processes, the table also shows a similar movement towards lower figures. And, still more important, coal, the chief source of motive power, is but little over two thirds the price at which it sold one year ago.
It will be apparent from this hasty survey that, although the decline in prices has not been universal, and there are some important exceptions to a downward course of values yet, upon the whole, it has been sufficiently broad to afford important relief to consumers at large and to our depressed manufacturing industries. With the almost sole exceptions
of bread and rent, the working classes find a material reduction in all their items of expenditure, and are, therefore, the better prepared to meet that fall in wages which the changed condition of production and values renders inevitable. In some cases reduction of wages has actually taken place within late months; but the price of labor has not fallen so generally, nor in such a ratio, as the value of products. The inference is therefore plain that, as capitalists are not making their usual profits upon production, they will be necessitated to enforce lower rates of wages. This is one of the most essential measures toward a further reduction of the scale of values; and the labor market is evidently being prepared for it. The number of unemployed workmen is on the increase, and very many of the factories have recently put their hands on short time; so that the competition for employment must soon produce its natural result.

The future of prices is to a large extent dependent upon causes as yet uncertain as to their ultimate development. If the seasons should prove favorable to abundant crops, one great condition toward a further decline in values will be insured. During last year the failure of the wheat crops of Europe conduced to promote extraordinary high prices for breadstuffs in the United States; anl, with high prices for bread, employers have naturally been somewhat reluctant to cut down the pay of their hands. But with a plentiful harvest this year the reduction of wages would be unly the more sweeping from the movement having been deferred. The partial abatement of internal taxes upon some leading manufactures is in favor of a limited decline of values, while Congress appears indisposed to favor any course tending to foster the prevailing inflation.

It is not to be supposed that there will be any sudden or extreme fall in values, except in the event of a general panic, a contingency which there is no very obvious reason for expecting, and which, should it occur, would have only a temporary effect upon prices. The causes chiefly regulating values are identified with the natural laws of trade, which are always steady and gradual in their operation; and it is by the current modifications of these influences, rather than by temporary and extraneous events, that we must be guided in our anticipations as to future changes in prices.

## PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATHS.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returus in the Treasury Department, on the 1st of January, the 1st of February, and the 1st of March, 1867, comparatively :





Debt, less coin and currency......... $\$ \overline{2,543,325,172} \$ 2,543,349,749 \$ \overline{2,530,763,890}$
The following statement shows the amount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table:


## DEBT AND FINANCES OF KENTUCKY.

The funded debt of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as shown by the Auditor's Report for the fiscal year ending October 10,1866 , amounted at that date to the sum of $\$ 5,238$, 691.79, viz. :


The following is a detailed description of the several issues comprised in the above aggregate amounts:


The taxable value of real estate and personal property owned in the Commonwealth in 1860 was $\$ 528,212,693$, or, excluding the value of slaves $(\$ 95,588,479) \$ 432,624,214$. The valuation in 1865 excluding value of slaves $(\$ 7,224,851)$ was $\$ 352,492,310$, and in $1866 \$ 392,355,952$, showing an increase in the latter over the previous year of $\$ 39,863,642$. The figures for the years 1865 and 1866 compare as follows:

| Acres of land. | $\text { Number. } \quad \text { Year } 1865-$ |  | - Year 18f6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number. | Va |
|  | 17,778,146 | \$197,676,721 | 19,655,443 | 210,621,879 |
| Town lots.................. | 45,560 | 61,883,478 | 5!,070 | 77,760,914 |
| Slaves. | 153, 14 | 7,224,851 |  |  |
| Horses an | 299,160 | 16,641,815 | 324,623 | 20,319,404 |
| Mules... | 58,273 | 4,176,248 | 66, 876 | 4,890,762 |
| Jennies | 3,933 | 167,523 | 3,744 | ,685 |
| Cattle | 520,798 | 6,267,247 | 559,308 | 6,987, ${ }^{\text {26 }}$ |
| Stores. | 4,280 | 16,527,915 | 6,125 | 20,392,370 |
| Value under equalizat'n hav |  | 45,409,895 |  | 47,102,390 |
| Carriages and vehicles for passengers. |  | 1,509.182 |  | 1,659,150 |
| Gold and other watches and clocks |  | 1,023,7 9 |  | 1,160,701 |
| Gold and other plat |  | 500,3 3 |  | 481,071 |
| Pianos ............ |  | 708,259 |  | 822,600 |
|  |  | 717,16 |  | \$392,355,9 |

The following statement shows the objects of taxation and the rates and amount of tax levied in the year 1866:
Tax on $\$ 392,355,922$ valuation.................. 40 cts. per $\$ 100 \$ 1,569,42380$ Tax on
Tax on 14,661 dogs over two not taxed Tax on $\$ 881$,311, value of property owned by negroes..................... $1 \mathrm{id} . . . . . . .40$ cts. per $\$ 103$ 3,925 27 Tax on 38,16in negroes over is years old........... $\$ 2$ per capita. 3,93527
70,3400
55,16954

| Total | \$1,775,026 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total taxes |  |

 RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.
The receipts and expenditures of the Commonwealth for the year ending October 10,1866 , are exhibited in the following accounts:


Total.. $\$ 188,58249 \$ 1,974,95931 \$ \overline{\$ 2} \overline{163,54180} \$ 2,002,87 \% 59$
The tax on valuation for $1866 \cdot 7$, including the
List ( $\$ 55,16954$ ), is estimated at $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$


Leaving the sum available $\qquad$ 831,030 34

The Revenue Fund for the support of the Government is entitled to one-half of the amount of the above tax ........viz.:
-making the total estimated receipts for 1866-7.................. Estimated expenses for the year 1866-7..
Deficit for year ending Oct. 10, 1867.
Deficit for year ending Oct. 10, 1867, 1866 $\qquad$
Supposed deficit of Revenue Fund Oct. 10, $1867 .$. $\qquad$
\$160,71481 Auditor's \$1,624,593 34 1,293,563 00 _which amount will have to be supplemented by loan or otherwise, as the Legislature may direct.

The Sinknig Fund, for the payment of the public debt and interest thereon, receives three-eighths of the valuation tax, and has other resources derived from dividends on stocks owned by the State, taxes on corporations, taxes on billiards and plaving cards, interest on deposits, \&c., \&c. The property and assets owned by the Commonwealth, and constituting the capital of this fund were valued on the 10 th October, 1866, at $\$ 8,150,072.09$, viz. :
Stock in Internal Improvement Companies.
\$4,830,475
$1,542,819$
50 Loan to Revenue Department. 100,00000
 Loan to Military Fund................................................. Dmonnt in Treasury Oct. 10, 1866 " (not transierred) 240,147 56- $\$ 1,290,87832$ -making the total nominal value, as above stated, $\$ 8,150$, 072 27.
The School Fund is entitled to one eighth of the valuationtax, and also to taxes on the capital stock of certain banks, fines and forfeitures for gambling, the dog tax, \&c. The permanent capital of the fund consists of moneys invested in the bonds of the Commonwealth to the amount of $\$ 1,326,77001$ (see details in Debt Statement), and 735 shares in the Bank of Kentucky valued at $\$ 73,500$, making a total of $\$ 1,400,27001$ Of the bond investments, $\$ 67,500$ bear interest at 6 per cent. and the remainder at 5 per cent.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON SINKING FUND.
The Committee on the Sinking Fund made a report to the Senate on the 2 d of February, 1867, from which we extract the following :

The above debt was created for purposes of improvement, for the payment of which certain sources of revenue were set apart, constituting a fund to pay the interest and sink the principal of the dabt.

The Constitution forbids the repeal of the laws which constitute the resources of that fund, and provides that they may be increased, but shall not be diminished until the debt is paid.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Resources of the sinking pund. } \\
& \text { nev on the 10th dov of October } 18666
\end{aligned}
$$

Amount in the Treasury on the 10th day of October, 1866........ 8
Amount in the Treasury on the 10th day of October, 1866, to be Amount in the Treasury on the 10th day of October, 1866, to be Amennt borrowed from the sinking Fund by the Treasury Department, with interest up to October, 1867... Amount borrowed by Military Board of'sinking Fund..................... Estimated amount to be received from 15 cents tax on $\$ 100$ worth Estim proped receipts from other sources than is cents tax ................
Total amount of available resources to $1868 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .$.
Total sum which may be paid on debt in the year 1867............
The present annual reliab'e sources of receipts, exclusive of inter est on deposits and receipts from forfeited lands..
A tax of ten cents remains of the increased resources of the sinking Fund for war purposes. Five cents was levied betore the debt is paid; but if the Legislature think proper to repeal the 10 cents tex; the annual regources of the fand would be.....

The sum reported to be due from the General Government of the
United States to the State of Kentucky, \& shown by the Gov-


1,050,230 76 240,147 56 121,000 00 485,086 00 | 485,08600 |
| :--- |
| 324,57100 | $\overline{2,592,43471}$ 82.421,654 71 777,851 00

487,866 00 2,488,347 91 $\$ 2,288,34791$ 685,000 00

If it shall be the policy of the State to defer the payment of those
wonds to maturity, there would be of the war fand, if received,
If thought be dieposal of the Legislature. .
Leaves...
State Agent at Washington to attend to the liquidation of that claim, gives assurances that accounts amounting in the aggregate to between seven and eight hundred thousand dollare have been so far approved by the accounting officer as to give assur ances that that sum will soon be placed to the oredit of the State.

It will be seen that the sum on hand, at the close of the year, lacks only $\$ 470,749$ of paying our actual indebtedness The resources, exclusive of the ten cents tax, amounts annually to $\$ 317,086$ more than the annual interest, and will increase by the amount of interest on each debt when paid. The above surplus would be applicable next year to the payment of principal.

It is suggested for the consideration of the Legislature the passage f a law directing that proclamation be made by the President of the Board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund that the State of Kenboard of Commissioners ready to redeem her bonds, irrespective of their maturity; tucky is ready to redeem all her bonds, irrespective of their maturity; that after maturity no interest will be paid; and if not presented for payment within one year after maturity, the State will regard them as
lost and cancelled; and if presented after that time. will only be paid at the pleasure of the State. If it can be ascertained that an exchange can be effected, the fact should be made known in the proclamation and published in papers in the localities where the bonds are held.

The Sinking Fund was created for the purpose of paying the interest and principal of moneys borrowed for internal improvement. If it shall be deemed to the interest of the State to enter on a general system of improvement, or aid in the construction of leading lines of railroads con necting those now constructed in the State with those in other States, or by diver from them and atriking in the direction of the Ohio, it will beud that the preseuking Fund without additional tara. will be found that the prese interest on near or quite eight millions of dollars. is sufficient to pay the interest on near or quite eight milions of On this same subject we have received the following from Governor Bramlette :

Executive Department, $\}$ Frankfort, Feb. 15, 1867. $\}$
The monthly report of the Auditor, made to this office on the $81 \mathrm{~s}_{\mathrm{t}}$ January, 1867, exhibits in the Treasury at that date the sum of $\$ 2,026,10030$, being $\$ 975,86154$ more than at the close of the fiscal year (10th October, 1866), the date from which the estimate in the foregoing report was made. There is still due from the sheriffis and other revenue officers a large amount of unpaid revenue for 1866. The entire indebtedncss of the State is set forth in the foregoing report

Thos. E. Bramlettre.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDDN

| EXCHANGE AT LONDON- |  |  | EXCHANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON- | TIME. | RATE. | LATEST DATE. | TME. | RATIT. |
| Amsterdam | shor | $11.16{ }^{\text {a }} 11.161 / 4$ | Feb. 22. | short. | $11.82 \% 0$ |
| Antwerp. | 3 months. | $25.35{ }_{13}$ @25.40 |  | , | 13.7\% |
| Hamburg | " |  | " | ، | $25.12 \%$ @ ${ }^{\text {a }}$.15 |
| Paris ...... | short. | 25.10 @25.20 | " | 8 mo 's. | 2.12 |
| Vienna | 3 months. | $12.95 @ 13.5$ |  |  |  |
| Berlin |  | 6.253@ 6, 6.14 |  |  |  |
| St. Petersburg | " | $311 / 80313 / 8$ 483649 | Feb. 22. | 3 mo 's. | 32 3-16@ |
| Lisbon. | " | 517@ 52\% | Feb. 22. | 30 days. | 531/3 |
| Milan. | " | 26.90 @27. 0 |  |  |  |
| Genoa | " | 26.90 @27. 0 |  |  |  |
| Naples... | " | 26.90 @27. 0 | Feb. 21. | 60 days. | 1087/8 |
| New Yor | - | - | Jan. 26. | 90 days. | 1\% p.c. prem. |
| Havana. |  | - | Feb. 1. | 60 days. | 20@23 |
| Rio de Janeiro |  |  | Jan. 24. | " | $23 \% @^{3}$ |
| Buenos Ayres. |  |  | Jan. 14. | " | 501@503 |
| Valparaiso.... |  |  | Jan. 3. | " | 243 @ $243 /$ |
| Pernambuco |  |  | Jan. 29. |  |  |
| Singapore... Hong Kong. | 60 days. | 48. $5 \frac{1}{4}$ d. <br> 48. $51 / 2 d$. | Jan. ${ }^{\text {Feb. } 1 .}$ | 6 mos . | 48.5 d.@- |
| Ceylon.. | " | $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$ dis. | Jan. 30. | " | 2\%@3 p. c. prem |
| Bombay ....... | " | $18111 / 0 \mathrm{~d}$ - | Feb. 19. | " | 18. 11\%d. |
| Madras ....... | " | $1811 \%$ - | Feb. 19. | " | 18.11\% 18. |
| Calcatta ....... <br> Sydney | 30 days. | 1si1\%a@ 1 p.c.dis. | Dec. 28. | 30 days. | $11 / 2$ p. c. prem. |

[From our own Correspondent.]
London, Saturday, Feb. 23, 1867.
The past week has been one of continued depression in business circles. In fact, under the influence of several small failures, and the rumors of others, the existing distrust has increased, and matters have assumed a less satisfactory appearance. The abundance of money, its cheapness, and the more favorable accounts from our colonies and possessions in the East have not, as yet. had the effect of improving affairs to any extent in any department of trade here, and now there seems every probability that we shall witness a strong and decided movement in the foreign markets previously to observing any very favorable or permanent movement on this side. The true fact of the case appears to be that merchants, taken as a body, have for some time
past traded beyond their meaus. They were enabled to do so because the facilitics for obtaining adyances, previously to the late crisis, were very numerous, owing to the abundance of financial, discount and banking institutions then in existence. These institutions were placed in the position of competing freely for business, and in consequence of this fact much bad business was secured. One modus operandi was this : A merchant with small capital having shipped goods takes the invoices, bills of lading and policy of insurance to a discount establishment, and obtains as favorable an advance as possible in order to meet his bills as they become due. Rut, of course, the time arrives when the advance has to be repaid, and as the foreign markets at the time of which we are speaking were over-supplied with goods, remittances are slow in coming forward, and the merchant is therefore placed in a very difficult position. With all the facilities which then existed for obtain ing money a remedy is found by shipping a further supply of goods, and obtaining a further advance to repay the previous advance. In this way matters gradually grew worse, until the collapse of Overend's and several minor financial institutions, revealed the actuat truth. The class of marchants to which allusion has been made is very numerous, and it is mostly with them that so much ansiety rests. Thisis one cause why our trade is now so contracted.
There can, however, be no doubt that although busisess remains so quiet, we are in some measure approaching a period of greater activity, although that period may even now be some months distant. Still. it may be near at hand, for our latest colonial advices state that the markels for imported goods had assumed a more encouraging appearance, and as the crnps of cereats in Australia and at the Cape of Good Hope had been excellent, it was thought that the efficet of this encouraging news from the agricultural districte would be beneficial at the ports in consequence of anticipated orders for goods from the interior. Further news from those parts is therefore somewhat anxiously awaited, and, if favorable, cannot but operate in to improve our markets. It seems likely, however, as stated above, that previously to making free shipments merchants bere will prefer to await news of a decided movement in the markets for British manufactures at colonial and foreign ports Should such prove to be the case, an immediate resuscitation of extensive business can scarcely be expected to take place.
Money here is still very abundant, and there is some prospect of the Bank minimum declining to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent., although there is no doubt of the fact that the Bank authorities would submit to a considerable loss of business before reducing their rate to so low a point. In other words, they would prefer to witness a wider difference than 8 the per cent. betweeu their own and the open market minimum. Although the rate for discount here is so low, there have been withdrawals of gold from the Bank for several days paet; and from this fact it is argued that our foreign inbedtedness is reduced to unusually narrow lim its. It may also be argued thnt if such be the actual fact, we have now almost recovered from the crisis, while we shall soon probably be in the position of re-entering a state of commercial activity. But although money is abundant, and a heavy burden of indebtedness has been wiped off, we are not yet sufficiently sound to start afresh. We have given in full above our reason for the continued depression and distrust. The class of merchants referred to are not in a position to offer good security for the money they desire to borrow, and therefore, although capital seeking employmentis abundant, they cannot obtain it Then, again, many the rumors respecting some of the leading merchants operate unfavorably with regard to a renewal of commercial operations -but, with a few exceptions, the rumors appear to be without foundation. In the China trade, respecting which there was so much discussion several weeks since, there have been no failures of importance, al though some are expected. The return of active trade will, in all prob ability, be very gradual; but when it shall have taken place we may hope for thorough soundaess in all branches.
This week's demand for accomodation has been very moderate: First class bills are readily taken at $2 \frac{5}{8}$ per cent., but there are no transactions below this figure. The rates current for the best paper are as under :
30 to 60 days' bills........... Per Cent. $25(6$ months' bank bills..... Per Cent


The return of the Bank of France is very favorable. Like our own, it indicates a falling off in the money requirements of the commercial body, and an increasing supply of unemployed capital. The stock of bullion held by that establishment is now $£ 28,987,712$, while discounts have fallen to $£ 23,604,100$. The stock of bullion in the Banks of England and France reach a total, therefore, of $£ 48,300,000$. Money at Paris is easy, and is obtainable " outside" at $2 \frac{5}{8}$ per cent. Apart from the large increase in the supply of bullion in the Bank of France, the leading feature in the Continental money market is the extreme ease which has prevailed at Hamburg, bills in that city bave been discounted
at as low a figure as 1 ghths per cent. Later, however, the market has become firmer, and 2 per cent may be considered the current minimum, In other parts of the Continent there has been no material change. An: nexed are the rates at the leading cities :


The Atrato, from the West Indies, brought gold to the value of $£ 63,820$, and silver, $£ 133,000$. The other arrivals of gold are $£ 13,070$ from Australia, by the Syria; $£ 42,000$ from the same quarter, by the Chariot of Fame; and $£ 13,000$ from New York, by the City of Paris, These amounts bave been taken for transmission to Paris, but as in the aggregate, they are small, very little attention has been paid to these transactions. It seems likely, however, that a few small sums of bar gold will be taken from the Bank in the space of a few days. About $\mathfrak{£ 3 3 , 0 0 0}$ in gold and silver has been sent to the East.
The bullion market remains extremely quiet, but there is a decided appearance of flatness. In this department the leading feature is a fair demand for gold for transmission to Paris; but so far, recent arri. vals have been sufficiently extensive to meet it without applying at the Bank. Silver, however, is decidedly flat. The Continental demand is very moderate, while the inquiry for Bombay and other East ern ports is quite insignificant. The business transacted is at the late decline in prices. Annexed are the quotations for gold and silver :
old.


The rates of foreign exchange are rather more favorable to this country. On the Exchange yesterday the demand for bills was not so great as had been anticipated.
A new loan for the United Danubian Principalities has been brought out. It is for $£ 1,264,420$ stock, bearing 8 per cent. interest. The price of issue is $£ 71$ per $£ 100$ stock. The loan has also been announced at Paris, Frankfort and Bucharest, and it may therefore be assumed that it was anticipated some difficulty would be experienced in obtaining the amount, notwithstanding the high rate of interest offered. The whole of the amount, however, has been applied for. The scrip has been 1 premium ; but has since fallen to $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} \text { discount. }}$
The Chilian loan has bees sold as low as 3 discount, owing to the circumstance that a further issue of stock may shortly take place. It appears that there are in Chili holders of about $£ 1,000,000$ sterling of internal 8 per cent. stock, who have the right of calling upon the Chilian Government to exchange this stock for bonds payable in London aud bearing 7 per cent. interest. This right now appears to have been insisted upon, and it seems probable that a further loan will be brought out, in order to meet the emergency. It is asserted that the takers of the recent loan bere were not aware of this circumstance at the time it was brought out, and as it is considered the prospectus was not a faithful representation of the actual state of affairs, explanations will shortly be offered by the contractors.
On the whole, the Consol market has ruled firm, with but little fluctuation in prices. In some instances the quotations have given way; but any decline has been speedily recovered. Under the existing cir. cumstances, viz. : the diffidence shown by the public in investing in public companies, a decline in Consols can acarcely be of any length. ened duration. The following statement shows the highest and lowest prices each day during the week:
Week ending Feb. 23.


United States Five-twenty bonds have ruled firm, and up to 'I hursday evening gradually improved in value; but since then the quotations have exhibited less firmness. Atlantic and Great Western Railway se curities have continued depressed; but the announcement that the report of the undertaking may shortly be expected to be issued has had a favorable influence. Erie Railway shares àpd Illinois Centrals have, on the whole, ruled firm. The following statement shows the highest and lowest prices of the principal A merican necurities each day during the week :

HIGHEST PRICSS OF PRINCIPAL AMERICAN SECURITHES. Week ending Feb. 23 Monday. Tuesday. Wed'day Tha'day. Friday. Sat'rday
 Erie Shares..
The latest prices from the Continent for United States Five-twenty
 77 年.
A recent number of the Moniteur published returns showing the extent of the imports and exports of cereals at French ports from September 1 to December 31, 1866. They are as follows:


The export of the 853.200 cwts . of flour was distributed as follows: To England, $342,000 \mathrm{cwts}$; to Belgium, $99,600 \mathrm{cwts}$; to Germany, $17,100 \mathrm{cwts}$. to Italy, $12,500 \mathrm{cwts}$; to Switzerland, $64,300 \mathrm{cwts}$; to Algeria, $24,800 \mathrm{cwte}$; and sundry quarters $291,100 \mathrm{cwts}$. The stock of flour in the different entreports of Paris on the 1st of February was 539,840 cwts. ; of wheat, $44,473 \mathrm{cwts}$. It will therefore be observed that the excess of the imports of wheat and fleur into France, as compared with the exports, is $1,142,800$ cwts. The official return of imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Feb 9 shows that the foreign receipts of wheat and flour were $400,000 \mathrm{cwta}$, which is less than an average importation. The four months' net importation into France was, therefore, about equal to three week's gross importa. tion into the United Kingdom.
I supplemented my remarks of last week upon cotton with the follow. statement, which shows the export of cotton from Madras, in each of the last four years:

|  | Great Britain. | France. | Elsewhere. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 | 253,262 | 5,408 | cw,360 | ${ }_{262,03}$ |
| 1865 | 687,209 | 8,667 | 2,585 | 598,461 |
| 1864 | 297,233 | 15,809 | 2,55\% | 315,601 |
| 1863 | 422,099 | 35,177 | 6,741 | 464,017 |

With regard to the cotton trade, it may be well to call attention to the large falling off in our exports of cotton during the present, as compared with last year. In the cotton report I send you the actual ex. port of the United Kingdom, for the present and for last year is noticed.
There has been a large arrival of Black Sea wheat this week, and lese firmness has been observed in the trade. In some instances the quota tions have declined 1 s . per quarter.
The report of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company will it is said, be issued on Monday.

## English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The quotations for Consols and the specified American securities at London have been as follows:

The Paris and Frankfort quotations were as follows:

The Cotton market at Liverpool, especially in the first half of the week, was firm and active, with increased sales, at $13 \frac{8}{8} @ 13 \frac{1}{d}$ d. per 1 b . but, after Tuesday, unfavorable advices from Manchester arrested the improvement, the sales falling off, and the price receding to $13 \frac{8}{8} \mathrm{~d}$., at which quotation the market closed quiet on Thursday. The total sales of the week amounted from 50,000 to 55,000 , which was also the total of the previous week.

Breadstuffs in the early part of the week were somewhat dull, but after Monday became firm, and on Thursday closed steady. Corn (Western mixed) opened at 36s. 6d, and closed at $378 . @ 37 \mathrm{~s}$. 6d. Cali. fornia Wheat has sold at 18 s .6 d ., but closed at 2d. easier.
Provisions are quiet. Bacon 43s. per cwt.; Lard, 50s. 6d. per cwt.; Pork, eity mess, 77s. per 200 lbs.
Ashes dull-Pots, 34s. per cwt. Petroleum; Pennsylvania and Canada refined, 1 s .6 d . per gallon of 8 lbs . Spirits Turpentine (Carolina), 37s. 6d. per cwt. Linseed Cake (American) $£ 10$ 10s. per ton. Spirits Petroleum, 11d. per gallon ; Rosin, 15s. 2d. per bbl.; Lingeed Oil, 38s. per cwt.; Saltpetre, 15 s . per cwt.

## COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Imports and Exports for the Wrek.-The imports this week show a large increase in dry goods, and a decrease in general merchandise, the otal being $\$ 5,898,954$ against $\$ 6,572,606$ last week, and $\$ \mathbf{5}, 772,153$
the previous week. The exports are $\$ 4,492,564$ this week, against $\$ 4,017,029$ last week, and $3,297,924$ the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 16,573 bales, against 11,455 bales last week The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) March 1, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) March 2 :

| Dry goods ...... ${ }^{\text {General merchandise.... }}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1864 . \\ \$ 1,976,699 \\ 1,837,039 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1865 . \\ \$ 1,009,691 \\ 1,510,546 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1866 . \\ \$ 2,547.990 \\ 3,599,766 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1867 \\ \$ 3,3 ., 737 \\ 2,583,217 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total for the week: | 83, 819,738 31650,669 |  |  | \$5,883,954 |
| Previously reported. | 31,650,869 | 17,034,014 | 47,189, 146 | 37,237,544 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending March 5 : EXPORTS FROM MEW YORE FOR THE WEEK.

For the week ..........
Previously reported.... 1364.

Since Jan. 1:............
In the commercial statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The value of exports from this port to differant countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1 , is shown in the following table:

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| This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & \text { Jan. } 1,1867 \end{aligned}$ | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$2,677,913 | \$19,851,903 | Cuba. |
| 440,733 | 1,758,311 | Hayti |
| : 622,178 | 783,084 | Other W. 1 |
| 419,531 | 2,855,848 | Mexico.... |
|  |  | New Granad |
|  | 91,755 | Venezuela.. |
| 6,200 | 368,252 | Br. Guiana |
| 57,583 | 476,975 | Brazil. ${ }_{\text {Other }}$......... |
|  | 455,074 | All other ports. |
| 12,505 | 182,605 |  |


| This week. |
| :---: |
| \$236,060 |
| 13,330 |
| 169,04.9 |
| 54,345 |
| 35,014 |
| 75,98\% |
| 108,964 |
| 37,16\% |
| 86,029 |

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New Vork for the week ending March 2, 1867 :


The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

 Aspinwall February 24, arrived at this port March 4 with mails and treasure from Califorria. The following is her treasure list:


The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:
Date. Steamship. At date. $\begin{gathered}\text { Since } \\ \text { Jan. 1. }\end{gathered}$ Date. Steamship. At date. $\begin{gathered}\text { Since } \\ \text { Jan. }\end{gathered}$



United States Mint yor February.-The following is an official statement of the deposits and coinage at the United Stated Mint for the month of February, 1867 :

DEPosits.
Gold deposits, all sources.. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value. } 208,917 \\ & 74 \mid \text { Silver deposits inc. purch }\end{aligned}$
Value.
P9,160
94 Total deposits.
\$228,078 68

## gold connage.


Total...................................................... 14,598 \$299,52988

 Total RECAPITULATION.

 Massachusetts Interest Law.-The followin is the sext of the new interest law which passed the Massasbusetts Legislature :

Section 1. When there is no agreement for a different rate of interest of money, the same shall continue to be at the rate of $\$ 6$ upon terest of money, the same shall continue to be at the rate of $\$ 6$ upon
$\$ 100$ for a year, and ac the same rate for a greater or less sum, and for $\$ 100$ for a year, and at the
a longer or shorter time.

Sed 2. It shall be lawful to contract to pay or reserve diecount at any rate, and to contract for payment and receipt of any rate of inte vest : Provided, however, That no greater interest than six per centum pei annum shall be recovered in any action except when the agreement to pay such greater rate of interest is in writing.

Sec. 3. Sections 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby rep ealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall not affect any existing contract or action pending, or existing right of action, and shall take effect on the firet day of July next.

Compound Interfest Funding Bill-The following is the Componnd Interest Note Funding bill as it passed both Houses :

Be it enacted. \&c., That for the purpose of redeeming and retiring any compound interest notes outptanding, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to iseue temporary loan certifi cates in the manner prescribed by section four of the act, entitled "An act to authorize the resue of United States notes and for the redemption or funding thercof, and for funding the floating debt of the United States," approved Feb. 25, 1862, bearing interest at a rate not exceed ing three per centum per annum, principal and ioterest payable in law ful money on demand; and said certiffcate of temporary loan may con stitute and be held by any national bank, holding or owning the same as a part of the reserve provided for in sections 31 and 32 of the act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof" a proved June 3, 1864 Provided that not less than thereof, af proved Jus of the United States; and provided, further, that the amount of such temporary certificates at any time outatanding shall not exceed $\$ 86,000,000$.

Western Union Telegraph.- At a meeting of the Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company last week it was decided, that in view of the successful working of the Atlantic Cable, it is not advisable to expend any more money on the Russig̨n extension at present. The distance across the Russian territory yet to be completed is about 3,000 miles.

Minnesota Railroad Bonds.-The Minnesota Legislature has just parsed a law in relation to the railroad bonds of the State; by which is created a "State Railroad Bond Sinking Fund," for the support of which moneys arising from the sales of certain lands, and taxes derived from railroads, are appropriated to an annual amount not exceeding $\$ 20,000$, which sum is to be bid for by the bondholders, and knocked down to the one who will give the largest amount in bonds for the money in hand, or in other words, to the one who has least faith in the State's promises to pay. Nothing is said about the interest 7 or 8 years in default; and even the sop offered is subject to rejection or approval of the people at large to be expressed by vote at the next general election.

We call attention to the card of Messrs. Jameson, Smith \& Cotting Bankers, at Nos. 14 and 16 Wall Street, published on the first page oi the Chronicle. The previuus busincss connections of the gentlemen of this firm should give assurance of their ability and knowledge of business.

We call the attention of our readers to the card of the Merchants Union Express Co., published in our advertising columns. This company is now located in the large and commodious building Nos. 365 and 367 Broadway, and is prepared to give careful attention to all express business committed to their charge

## Che Bankers 何azete.

## DIVIDENIS.

We give in our Buluetin from day to day lists of bonds, \&c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning such as have lein pablished through the week in the Buburtn will be collected and published in tie Crronicus. Below will be found those published the last week in the Bulletin.

| F OOMPAN | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { BATM } \\ & \text { P. } \sigma^{\prime} \text { r. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Payabile |  |  |  | OLO |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | when. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ra 1rotuds. <br> Morris\&Ess'x, pay.in stock <br> Insurance. <br> Atlantic Fire, Brooklyn. | 31/2 |  |  | Newark. panys Of |  |  |  |
| HUSINESS ATETHESTOC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sat. 359 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Railroad shares, | nk |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Central of New Jersey... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago \& Alton. ........ | 100 | C0 | 350 | 1,200 |  |  |  |
| doChicago, Burl.preferred.Quincy.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago \& Northwestern. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago, R. Isl. \& Pacific. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Cleveland \& Pittsburg. } . . & 5,150 & 3,800 & 5,590 & 5,800 & 1,900 & 4,600\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hudson Riv | 1,100 | 400 | ,200 | 10 | 100 | 200 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan Central......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Michigan South | 2.500 | 9,350 | 10,400 | 16,50 | 6,500 | 4,950 |  |
| $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Milwankee \& St. Paul...f. } & 200 & 200 & 400 & \ldots 00 & \cdots 00\end{array}$ | 200 | 200 | 700 | 1,000 | 0 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { New York Central....... } & 2,9000\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York \& N. Haven.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ohio \& Mississippi (\$100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 600 | 7,800 | 14,450 | 16,200 |  | 11,400 |  |
| St. L., Alton \& T. Haute. .... .... 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| do do |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| econd ave |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ixth avenu |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| tonincton. |  |  |  | 200 | 1.000 |  |  |
| do Wabash \& West' do pre | 00 | 200 |  | 0 | 1,000 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous shares, viz. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal-Ashburton |  |  | 00 | 700 | 200 |  | , |
| " Central............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " Cumberlan | 200 |  |  | 500 | 200 | 800 | ,200 |
| " Delaw'e \& Hud. |  | 0 | 63 | 62 | 4 |  |  |
| "Pennsylvania....... .... 50 .... 75112 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining-Mariposa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pref | 700 | ,200 | 00 | 550 |  | 400 |  |
|  | , | 100 | 300 | 300 | 200 | 200 | 00 |
| 1mprovm't-Bost.W.Pow $1,400 \quad 500$     <br> 1,800 200 100 300 3,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 lelegraph-W est'n Onion $\quad . . . \quad 4,000 \quad 2,609 \quad 2,430 \quad 1,434 \quad 1,200 \quad 11,673$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steamship-Atlantic Mail. $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 0}$ $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 , 9 0 0}$ 8,750 <br> P Pacific Mail.. 726 3,776 6,205 5,815 3,250 2,747 22,519 |  | 400 3,776 | 1,050 6,205 | 1,100 5,815 | 2,200 3,250 | 2,900 | ,750 |
| Exppress-Adams ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " American. . . | 10 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 rust-Union. The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular board, Sy and for the weel, are given in the following statement

 U.S 6's (old) … $\quad 39,500$ U.S. 5's ( $10-40 \mathrm{~B}$ ) U.S 5 's (old) .. State and City, viz.:Catifornia 7's.. Missouri 6's... New York 6's.. $\quad 9,0000$ | New York 7' $\mathbf{8}$ | 10,000 |
| :--- | :--- | N. Zarolina 6's. Ohio $\begin{aligned} & \text { 's. } \\ & \text { O. }\end{aligned}$

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { City Bnese } \\ \text { 6's.. } & \mathbf{9 , 0 0 0}\end{array}$
Brooklyn ${ }^{\prime}$, viz :
Company Bonds, $\underset{\sim}{ } \dddot{z}$ :
95,200
54,850 - 2,000 $\begin{array}{llllll}107,000 & \ddot{8}, \ddot{500} & \ddot{6}, \mathbf{5 0 0} & 143,500 & 22,000 & 287, \ddot{50}\end{array}$


Railroad ...... 27,000

Fridix, March 8, 1867, P. M.
Tefe Money Mariet. -The movement in monetary affairs has been steady throughout the week. Some disappointment was felt at the bank statement showing a decrease of legal tenders, after the large disbursements of last week by the Sub-Treasury on account of purchases of Seven-thirty netes; but it does not appear to have been considered that the Treasury had made its payments largely in bank currency, and that on that account the banks, at the close of the week, were still holding a considerable amount of Treasury drafts, in expectation of being able ultimately to have them cashed in legal tenders. For this reason it may be anticipated that the next statement will show an increase of legal tenders.

The statement of the public debt fordMarch lst shows that the

Secretary of the Treasury has retired $\$ 5,190 ; 464$ of legal tenders dur－ ing February，and $\$ 1,755,810$ of compound interest notes，making a total contraction for the month of $\$ 6,946,274$ ．Besides this， there is an increase of $\$ 7,184,181$ of currency on hand；so that during the month there has been $\$ 14,120,455$ of currency of the various kinds taken into the Treasury．The movement has not produced any embarrassment to the banks，money having remained generally easy at this centre at $5 @ 6$ per cent．on demand ；it has， however，undoubtedly prevented the occurrence of an unusual de gree of ease in the market．

The present rate on call loans is 5 per cent．on Goveroment col． laterals and 6 per cent．on stocks．Discounts are fairly active， prime notes being negotiable at 7 per cent．，with exceptions at $6 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ and $7 \frac{1}{1}$ per cent．Lower grades are very irregular and difficult of sale．

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes：

|  | Per cent | Good endorsed bills， 3 \＆ | Per cent． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Call loans．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }_{6}^{5}{ }_{6}{ }^{6}$ | Good endorths．．．．．．．．． | 7 （1）73／3 |
| Prime endorsed bills， 2 |  | do single names． | 710 |
| mouth | 6\％＠7 | Lower grades．．． | $8 @ 10$ |

United States Securities．－The market for Governments has been weak during the week，with occasional brief reactions．The decline of six points on the price of gold，without a corresponding advance iu foreign quotations，has necessitated a reduction of quo－ tations for the gold interest bonds．The decline has increased the number of sellers，and to day the pressure to realize has been unus ually marked．Offers have been made of large amounts on thirty days，buyer＇s option．The decline，compared with the quotations of March 1st，is as follows：Series of 1881,1 per cent．：Five－ twenties，1862， $1 \frac{1}{4}$ ；do．1864，是；do．1865，15 ；do．new issue，$\frac{1}{8}$ ； Ten forties，$\frac{8}{8}$ ；Seven－thirties，first series，$\frac{1}{8}$ ；do．，second，$\frac{子}{4}$ ；do． third，$\frac{1}{6}$ ．
The Treasury has suspended the conversion of Seven－thirties through its agents，and now makes the transfers only directly， thereby saving to the Government commissions on both the sale and purchase of securities．The debt statement shows that during February the Treasury sold $\$ 44,809,500$ of Five－twenties，and pur． chased $\$ 30,888,050$ of Seven－thirties．At this rate of conversion the whole of the first series of Seven－thirties must soon disappear from the market．
The fellowing are the closing prices of leading secarities，com－ pared with preceding weeks ：

| U．S．6＇s， 1881 coup．．．．．．．． |
| :---: |
| U．S．5－20＇s， 1862 coupons． |
| U．S．5－20＇s， 1864 |
| U．S．5－20＇s， 1865 |
| U．S．5－20＇s，1865，N．iss． |
| U．S 10－40＇ B ， |
| U．8，7－30＇s 1st series． |
| U．S．7－30＇s 2 d Series |
|  |


| Teb． 1. | Feb． 8. | Feb． 15 | eb． 21. | Mar． 1. | Mar． 8. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 107\％ | 1083／8 | 1093／8 | 1101／2 | 110） |  |
| 1073／4 | 108\％ | 109\％\％ | 111\％ | 111 | 1093／4 |
| 1055／8 | 106 | 107 | 10834 | 1077／8 | 107／3 |
| 106 | 107\％ | 1073／4 | 109\％ | 108\％ | 107\％ |
| 1043／8 | 10514． | 105\％ | 106\％ | 1063／2 | 106\％ |
| 993／4 | 1003／8 | 101\％ | 1013／4 | c． 98 | 975／n |
| 1045／8 | 1053／8 | 106 | 1057／ | 1057／8 | 105\％／4 |
| 104\％ | 105立 | 105\％ | 105\％ | 105 \％／ | 1053／8 |
| 1041／3 | 1051／4 | 105\％ | 105\％ | 1053／6 | 105\％3 |

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks．－The course of specu lation in stocks has，upon the whole，favored lower prices．Early in the week the effo：ts of strong combinations were successful in putting down stocks 2＠3 per cent．Erie at one time touched 52 ． and other leading shares declined in a similar ratio．It appears， however，that the sales were made chiefly with a view to buying in early at lower prices．To－day the purchases of the＂shorts＂have been quite considerable，and prices bave nearly recovered what they previously lost．The balance of power appears to be with those operating for a decine；and hence their attempts to break down prices are generally successful；but their subsequent purchases to cover＂short＂contracts generally bring up prices to about the former level，leaving but little encouragement to contiaue these op－ erations．The generally favorable exhibit of the earuings of the roads，in spite of the prevailing depression of trade，has the effect of inducing purcbases from outside investors at each successive decline， and stocks are consequently less abundant on the Street than some time ago．

The transactions at both boards for the week aggregate 546，620 shares，a material increase upon last week，the sales of last week being only 235,392 shares．Included in the sales were 118,325 shares Erie ；Reading， 52,450 ；Michigan Southern，50，200 ；North－ western preferred，61，360 ；do common， 27,580 ；New York Cen－ tral，45，100 ；and Cleveland and Pittsburg，26，570．The transac－ tions in Pacific Mail continue large，the week＇s sales amounting to 22，519 shares．The stock，however has shown more firmness．

From the subjoined comparative quotations it will be seen that prices range ats per gento below the figures of a week ago，

The following are the closing quotations at the regular board to－ day，compared with those of the six preceding weeks：

|  | Jan． 23.15 Feb 1. |  | Feb．8．Feb．15．Feb． 21. |  |  | ${ }_{30}{ }^{\text {r }}$ 1． | 8. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cumberland Coal | 381 |  | 40 | $\cdots{ }^{10}$ | 39 |  |  |
| Canton Co．． | 45 | 4 | 461／6 | 4513 | 46 | ， | 尔 |
| Mariposa pref |  | 23.1 | 22\％ | 213／ | 233／3 | 224 | 2114 |
| New York Central | 101 | ．993\％ | 1023 | 100 | 1013 | $1023 / 4$ | 10.8 |
| Erie．．． | ${ }_{123}^{53 / 8}$ | 56\％ | 593／4 | 553\％ | 134\％ | ${ }^{557}$ | ${ }_{139}{ }^{3}$ |
| Reading | 102 102 | 1041／8 | $104 \%$ | 1044／8 | 104\％ | 1027／6 | 102 |
| Mich．Southern | 71 | 71／ | 75\％／9 | 73 | $72 \%$ | $72 \%$ | 713／ |
| Michigan Centr | 1033／2 | 107 | 109 | 108 | 1078 |  |  |
| Clev．and Pittsb． | ${ }_{12013} 813$ | 183 120 120 | ${ }^{\text {c2031／}}$ | 83 | 79\％／ | ${ }_{11818}$ | ${ }_{1} 1_{17 \%}^{80 / 6}$ |
| Northwestern．．．． |  |  |  | з ${ }^{6}$ | 36 |  | 3t\％ |
| ＂${ }^{\text {preferred }}$ | $64 /$ | 64 | 68 | 663／ | $65 \%$ | 65 | 2／3 |
| Rock Island． | ${ }_{95 \%}^{963}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{96}^{97}$ | 94\％ | \％ |
| Erinois Central．．． | 112\％ | 114\％ | 114\％ | 115\％ | 116 | 115\％ | 114\％ |

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares，at the regular and open boards conjointly，on each day ox the ween，elosing with this day＇s bu－iness ：

| Bank shar | Sat． | Mon． | Tues. | Wed． 111 | Thurs． 134 | Fri. $111$ | Week． 1，066 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Railroad | 31，850 | 64，528 | 130，142 | 106，330 | 65，935 | 81，180 | 479，945 |
| Coal | 200 | 100 | 1，163 | 1．33\％ | 558 | 1，600 | 4，958 |
| Mining | 1，000 | 1，500 | 1，450 | 2，750 | 200 | 700 | 7，610 |
| Improv＇t＂ | 1，700 | 1.200 | 2，100 | 600 | 1，300 | 2.000 | 8，900 |
| Telegraph＂ |  | 4；000 | 2，609 | 2，430 | 1，431 | 1，200 | 11，673 |
| Steamship＂ | 1，826 | 4，176 | 7，255 | 6，915 | 5，4．50 | 5，648 | －994 |
| Express | ${ }^{8}$ | 450 | 19 | 335 | 40 |  | 40 |
| Gas |  |  | 100 | 25 | 50 |  | 175 |
| At Regular Board．． | 14，8＋5 | 29，520 | 50，273 | 49，533 | 25.381 | 26，443 | 196，009 |
| At Open Board．．． | 22，150 | 46，500 | 94，850 | 71，300 | 49，820 | 66，000 |  |
| Total current week． | 36，955 | 76.030 | 145，123 | 120，833 | 75，201 | 92，448 | 546，620 |
| Total Previous w＇k． | 44，945 | 37，662 | 37，928 | 30，594 | 31，414 | 53，849 | 235，392 | $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Total Previous w＇k．} & 44,945 & 37,662 & 37,928 & 30,594 & 30,414 & 53,849 & 235,392\end{array}$

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement：

| Week ending－ |  | R |  | Mi |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ro＇d | Coal． |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Jan．（1 to 4） | 83 | 188.0 | 3，600 |  | 1，700 |  |  | 1.2018 | 596，851 |
| 11 | 141 1,058 | 53， 465,739 | ＋2．559 |  | 3，200 | 8.536 | 14，170 |  | 506，840 |
| ＂ 27 | 1，428 | 668， 322 | $\stackrel{3}{2} \mathbf{6 0 1}$ | 16，050 | 5，400 | 14，569 | 14，255 | 381 | 722 |
| Feb． | 763 | 566，252 | 2，577 | 24，375 | 6，080 | 10，613 | 10，047 | 1，072 |  |
| \％ 8 | 747 | 493，565 | 3，5it | 9，900 | 6，350 | 7，325 |  | 1，001 | 530，10 |
| ＂ 1 | 453 | 310，871 | 2，310 | 6.800 | 6，800 | 6，709 | 9，336 | 1，464 | 344，745 |
| ＂ 22 | 713 | 270，788 | 2，156 | 6，760 | 3，500 | 12.570 | 48，533 | 1，883 |  |
| ar． | 1，026 | 184，987 | 2，283 | 4．8：0 | 3，400 | 11，903 | 29,623 31,269 |  |  |
| ＂ 8 | 1，066 | 479，945 | 4，958 |  |  | 11，673 | 31，269 | 1，209 | 546， |

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes．State and City securities，and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week ：





The totals，weekly，since the commencenent of the year are shown in the following tabulation：

| Week ending | Gove | ents－ |  | Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Friday． | Bonds． | Notes． | City Bonds． | ${ }_{\text {Bonds }}$ |  |
| Jan．（ 11 to 4）．．．．．${ }^{\text {d }}$ | \＄977．000 | \＄1465，400 | ${ }_{623.500}$ | \＄165．000 | －3，517，15¢ |
| Jan． 18 | 1．734，600 | 314.100 | 431，500 | 155,000 150.500 | 2，63， <br>  <br> $2.535,550$ |
| Tan |  |  |  | 155．000 |  |
| Feb． | ， 11463.800 | 492700 | 642，500 | 195，500 | 2．797．500 |
| ${ }_{\text {Feb．}} 8$ | 1， 14290000 | 450,950 |  | 247，090 | 2，761，950 |
| eb． 22 | 1，608，150 | 419，200 | 525，0 | 123， | 2，705，950 |
| － | 1，707，950 | 336，000 |  | 197，500 | 2，906，150 |
| Mar． 8 |  |  |  |  |  |

The Gold Market．－Gold has shown an unexpectedly strong tendency downward．The settlement of vexed questions of politics and finance at the close of the session of Congress has been succeed－ ed by a reaction from the excitement in the public mind ；and those who have held gold from an expectation the session would close in storm bave become ready sellers．This movement for realizing upon gold has produced a decline of 6 points in the premium，the highest price having been $139 \frac{8}{8}$ ，and the lowest 133 g ．The purchases up to the 6 th for customs duties were unusually heavy，owing to the de－ sire of importers to evade the enhanced duties upon wool and wool－ ens which came into operation on the 7th inst．Yesterday and to－ day the demand，on account of foreign exchange，was unusually large，but the premium has been weak notwithstanding．The mar－ ket is considerably oversold，as is evidenced by the fact that yes－ terday and to－day gold has been loaned at $1-32$ to $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent．per day．The following has been the range of quotations during the week ：

|  | Opening． | Lowest， | Highest． | Closing． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saturday，Mar． | ．1393／2 |  |  | ${ }_{1}^{1385}$ |
| Monday， |  | ${ }_{1365}^{133}$ | ${ }_{1}^{13981}$ | ${ }_{136 \%}$ |
| Tuesday ${ }^{\text {Wednesday，}}$ |  | 135\％ | ${ }^{136 \%}$ | $1353 / 8$ |
| Tharsday ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1344／4 | $1333 /$ | 1343／3 | 134／4 |
| F＇riday， | 8 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．4349／4 | 133\％ | 1343／4 |  |
| Current | 1993／ | 433， | 1333 | ${ }^{134}$ |
| Pravigus we | 198告 |  | 明最 |  |

The weekly range since January 1 has been as follows :


The amounc of specie and bullion drawn from unreported sources -private hoardings, Treasury sales, unmanifested receipts from California and foreign ports (including coin brought by immigrants), and receipts from the interior and overland from the gold regions-was in January $\$ ., 133,944$, and in February $\$ 6,424,630$. or since January 1, $\$ 11,558,574$, as shown by the subjoined formula :
Specie in banks at or near commencement.
Receipts of treasure from California.....
Imports of specie and bullion from forign
lorts.
Coin paid by Treasiry for interest..........
Total reported supply.


Total reported supply $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . . \begin{array}{ll}\mathbf{\$ 2 3}, 2 \pi 0,781 \\ \$ 18,731,416 \\ \$ 25,669,213\end{array}$ From which subtract amounts withdrawn from market, viz : Export of specie and bullion to fireign
ports parts into Treasury on account of custums. Excegs of snpply over withdrawals Specie in banks at or uear close.

Drawn from nureported sources........
The tranactions for the last week at the Custom House an Sub-Treasury were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Res | Payments. |  | eceints |
| eb. 25 |  |  | \%86,56170 | \$4,750,783 32 |  | .735, |
| " |  |  | ${ }^{661,61}$ | 14.727312 97 |  | 6\%7,00366 |
|  |  |  | 600,222 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 309,879 | 3,604,76 |  | 50 |
|  |  |  | 313,936 8-1 | 3,850,464 6 |  | 1,458,565 33 |
|  |  |  |  | \$40,666,248 22 |  | 580,658 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | , |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ac | ents dur | the |  |  |  |  |
| Balance Decreas | aturday ring the |  |  |  | $\$ 109,8$ | $94$ |
| Total | mount of | Gold Cert | ificates | ed, \$30 | 0. | ncluded |
| in the rec | ipts of c | toms were | 40 | in g | d \$2 | 89 |
| Gold | rtificate |  |  |  |  |  |
| The foll | owing tabl | e show | ag |  |  |  |
| Treasury | since Jan. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cnsto |  |  |  |  | ges in |
| Ending | House. | Payments. | Receipts | Balance |  |  |
| Jan. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 12 | 1,584,037 | ${ }_{24,387,977}^{12,304}$ | 17,565,951 $22,939,314$ | 102,613,65 |  | $5,261,452$ $1,448,662$ |
| " | 2,360,714 | , | 13,109,053 | 104, |  | 3,658,363 |
| " 25 | 2,399,315 | 8,601,270 | 12,364,321 | 10S,586, |  | 3,763,051 |
| Feb. 2 | 2,004,760 | 19,158,396 | 13,897,446 | 103,325,459 |  | 5,240, |
|  | 2,585,047 | ${ }_{7}^{7,633,155}$ | ${ }_{20}^{13,265,948}$ | 108,988,253 |  | 5,633,793 |
|  |  | - $12,175,3176$ |  | 132,952, 351 |  | 13,644,560 |
| arch2 | 3,152,288 | 40,666,248 | 17,580,658 | 109,886,76 |  | 23,085 |


$-\quad 144$ $\$ 260,166,436 \$:$ Clearings for the week ending Feb. 23, 1867 $\frac{225,000}{33,294,433} \frac{548,238}{\$ 198,018,914}-\frac{198,122}{\$ 63,014,195}$

Clearings for the week endin March 2, 1867.......................... $\mathbf{\$ 4 6 . 5}_{465455939} 10$


The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows: Lodns. $\qquad$ | Inc.. $82,342,437$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dec. $1,934,075$ | Deposits.. |
| Legal Ten |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Deposits..................De } \\ & \text { Legal Tenders........De }\end{aligned}\right.$ $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Dec. } & \$ 401,433 \\ \text { Dec. } & 139,700\end{array}$



The following are the totals for a series of weeks past. :







Philadelphia Banks.-The following shows the totals of the average of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks :

Foreign Exchange.- The decline in gold has induced importers to buy bills much more freely for remittance, and the result has been a steady advance in rates during the week, bankers' prime 60 days sterling bills opening at 108@108t, and closing at 108遜@ 109.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:


New Yore City Banks.-The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York tor the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday, March 2, 1867 :
Banks.
New York.......
New York.......
Manhatan
Merchants ${ }^{\circ}$........
Mechanics'
Union.
City...............
Fradesmen's........
Chemical

| Loans and |  | Circula- | Net |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| discounts. | Specie. | tion. | deposits. | Tenders. |
| \$8,459,245 | \$2,233,674 | \$842,133 | \$7,408, ${ }^{\text {r }} 66$ | \$2,643,786 |
| 5,912,022 | 361,604 | 12,526 | 3,937,139 | 1,246,178 |
| 7,056,361 | 613,056 | 840,576 | 4,825,693 | 1,479,350 |
| 5,508.3:7 | 201,036 | 570,032 | 4,006,583 | 1,081,235 |
| 4,464,214 | 156.937 | 472,020 | 3,202,434 | 915,289 |
| 8,109,738 | 1,505,783 | 2,105 | 7,364,680 | 1,667,364 |
| 3,726,105 | 183,064 | 291,878 | 2,639,840 | 679,837 |
| 8,618,218 | 268,581 |  | 2,460,311 | 725,795 |
| 3,076,207 | 35,409 | 767,941 | 1,887,901 | 811,695 |
| 2,169,680 | 195,892 | 18,621 | 1,986,427 | 1,042,736 |
| 5,814,292 | 519,681 |  | 5,415,783 | 1,799,27 |



Legal Tenders....
Due from Bankiz..
Due to Banks. Due to Banks. Deposits... $\ldots . . . . . .$.
Feb. 23.
$\$ 15.517,150$
$52,394,721$
841,223
$17,837,598$
$4,632,708$
$7,145,825$
$38,646.013$
$10,566,43$

Decrease. Decrease
Decrease.
Increase.
Increase 415,548
14,350 14,350
313,059
17,532

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks :

| Date, | Legal Tenders. | Loans. | Specie. | Circulation. | Deposits. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 5, |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |

Boston Banks.-The following are the footings of the statements of Boston Banks for last and preceding weeks :

| Capital | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } 4 . \\ \$ 41, \$ 00,000 \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 25. $\$ 41,900,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } 18 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans. | 95,050,727 | 95,332,900 | 96,949,47\% |
| Specie | 950,887 | 779,402 | 92,940 |
| Legal t | 15,988,103 | 15,741,046 | 15,398,338 |
| Due from other bank | 13,726,471 | 13,273,506 | 12,564,258 |
| Due to other banks. | 12,324,208 | 12,043,808 | 12,0466,329 |
| Deposits. | 38,316,573 | 37,897,963 | 38,900,500 |
| Circulation (National) | 24,675,767 | 21,953,605 | 24,765,420 |
| Circulation (State). | 301,437 | 303,228 | 305,044 |

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past :
Jan.
$"$.
Feb.
$"$.
M
Mar

 $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Spec } \\ 742 \\ \$ 1,183 \\ 982 & 1,334 \\ 329 & 1,07 \\ 461 \\ 162 & 95 \\ 473 & 92 \\ 900 & 92 \\ 727 & 0\end{array}$ Specie
$1,183,4$
1,334,
1,078
$1,078,1$
956,
873,
929
779
960

Legal
Tenderis Deposits. National.


SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
(REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, MARCH 8.)


## 

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, March 8.
The decline in gold, and the settlement of pending ques tions of public moment have nearly counterbalanced each other in their effect upon the market for merchandize. There is more disposition to sell, and a better demand for consumption. The turn of prices has in most cases been downward, but not equal to the decline in gold.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of foreign and domestic merchandize :


| -1867. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15,039 | 18,311 |
| 95,089 | 86,926 |
| 11,418 | 9,834 |
| 16.803 | 16,922 |
| 34,750 | 42,028 |
| 29,832 | 26,243 |
| 13,669 |  |
| 17,726 | 23,539 |
| 30.290 | 32,384 |
| 118,420 | 116,325 |
| 1140 | 70 |
| 2,369 | 6,751 |
| 648 |  |
| 125,090 | 44,700 |
| 16,600 | 16,820 |
| 23,300 | 21,505 |
| 180,000 | 150,000 |
| 87,300 | 105,185 |
| 2,000 | 1,557 |
| 4,700 | 8,466 |
| 6,250 | 6,173 |
| 19,7\% | 18,342 |
| 28 | 238 |
| 19,800 | 14,750 |
| 10,600 | 8,960 |
| 14,450 | 5,700 |
| 88,970 | 37,200 |
| 11,709 | 10,164 |
| 18.290 | 14,500 |
| 28,800 | 26,200 |
| 900 | 1.100 |

* In the table for last month this column should have been headed February 1st, 1866.

Cotton bas declined. Breadstufts have been somewhat irregular. Tobacco has been more active. Groceries have been very firm on the gold basis, but currency quotations are lower. Provisions have been quite irregular. The speculative feeling in Pork alluded to in our last, as based on a reduced stock and small receipts, carried new mess on Wednesday to $\$ 2231 \frac{1}{4}$, with large sales for April delivery at $\$ 2225$ @22 50, but at the clese it is freely offered on Western account at $\$ 22$ 121 $\frac{1}{2}$. Bacon has been taken freely for export at $10 @ 10 \frac{1}{8}$ c. for Cumberland cut, with gold at 138 , but with the decline in gold is not now salable, except at some concession. Lard has declined half cent in currency, and pickled Hams $\frac{1}{4} c$., with the demand quite moderate. Beef of all kinds continues in light supply with a steady export demand, and the advance of last week is fully supported. Butter has declined materially, except for fine table sorts. The receipts of common and medium qualities are unseasonably large. Cheese has also declined. The receipts are large.

Hides are slightly lower. There have been large arrivals, and coming upon the market with unfavorable weather for handling them, some concession has been made to close. Leather is doing better.

In East India Goods the only movement of importance has been in Manilla hemp, of which sales on the spot and to arrive are to the extent of 12,000 bales, closing at $11 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}$., gold, dnty paid.

Metals of all kinds have been quiet, and prices are weak.
Petroleum has further declined, with large stocks and receipts, and but moderate demand. Oils of all kinds are dull.

In Freights the only business of importance has been in the shipment of cotton to Liverpool, with some provisions and naval stores, the latter partly to the continent. A few petroleum charters are reported at steady rates.

On the announcemert of the passage of the bill to increase the tariff on wool and woolen goods, there was more movement in domestic fleece, and sales were made at $3 @ 5 \mathrm{c}$. per lb. advance. The demand has now almost entirely subsided, and the advance at best but nominally supported.
The following table shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867, the principal ports of destination, and the total for the same period in 1866. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last punber of the Ceronsole from that here given:

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.




|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |





## Imports of Leading Articlem.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of cerfain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending M

## ng period in 1866 :



January 1.
The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending March 8, since Jan. 1, and for the same time io 1866, have $t$ een as follows

|  | This week. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Since } \\ & . \operatorname{Jan} .1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { time'66 } \end{gathered}$ |  | This week. | Since <br> Jan. 1., t | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { ime' } 66 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, pkgs | 90 | 948 | 1,041 | Ro | 4,962 98 | 45,242 | 73,938 |
| Breadstuffe- |  |  | 240,622 |  | 294 | 1,504 | ${ }^{15} 495$ |
| Flour, bbls | 25,353 | 136,450 | 61,078 | Oil cake, pkgs | 312 | 7,941 | 9,566 |
| Wheat, bush |  | 198,688 | 819,399 | Oil, lard .... | 190 | 944 | 1,171 |
|  | 9,002 | 177,705 | 337,296 | Oil, Petroleum. | 19,952 | 153,532 | 20,717 |
|  |  | 1,972 | $8.05{ }^{\circ}$ | Peanuts, bags. | 907 | 7,259 | 4,099 |
| Malt. | 700 | 93,597 | 135,774 | Provisions |  |  |  |
| Barley |  | 13,093 | 281,962 |  | 5,490 | 59,536 | 27,134 |
| Grass see | 120 | 61,003 | 1,456 | Cut m | 4,211 | 41,050 | 32,252 |
| Flaxpeed | 127 | 10,789 | 28,283 | Egg | 2,812 | 8,570 | 12,084 |
| Beans. | 2,208 | 5,418 | 8,658 | Pork | 1,680 | 60,894 | 56,642 |
| Peas | i,530 | 9,507 | 15,441 | Beef, pkgs. | 2,140 | 13.887 | 13,92 |
| C. meal, bags. | 7,714 | 441,487 | 127,631 | Lard, pkgs | 6,426 | 53,015 | 38,768 2,813 |
| Buckwheat \& |  |  | ,045 | Rice, pk | 915 | 5,099 | 1,0\% |
| B.W. flour, bg |  | 214,725 | 189,186 | Starc | 2,500 | 8,970 | 24,534 |
| Cotton, bale | 97 | 1,216 | 1,335 | Stearine | 226 | 578 | 1,177 |
| Copper, plates | 241 | 1,260 | 754 | Spelter, slabs |  | 1,521 | 47 |
| Driedfruit,pkgs | 485 | 16,022 | 3,810 | Sugar, | 300 | 22 |  |
| Grease, pkgs... | 331 | 2,447 | 240 | Tallow, pkg | 497 | 2,417 | 1,283 |
| Hemp, bales. | 3,304 | 57,262 | 91,124 | Tobacco, pkgs. | 2,654 | 9,951 | 32,784 |
| Hides, | 3, 61 | 2,512 | 2,577 | Tobacco, hhds.. | 949 | 3,885 | 3,418 |
| Leather, sid | 31,258 | 375,095 | 417,003 | Whiskey, bbls.. | 3,216 | 26,200 | 17,797 |
| Lead, pigs. |  | 579 | 1,562 | Wool, bales..... Dressed Hoge, | 118 | 8,089 | 20,099 |
| Molasses, hhds and bbls... | 573 | 8,327 | 4,644 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No.......... }{ }_{\text {Rice, }} \text { rough, } \end{aligned}$ | 3,470 | 77,906 | 80,178 |
| Naval Stores- |  |  | 10,317 | bush |  | 3,964 | 6,186 |
| Crude trp, ${ }^{\text {Sinits }}$ turp.. | 812 | $7,831$ | 6,768 |  |  |  |  |

Begf and Pori Packing at Chicago.-The yield of lard exceeds that of the previous season $5 \% \mathrm{lbs}$., and the average weight of the hogs about 1 lb . per head. It is difficult to arrive at the stock of barreled pork on band, but, taking the packers returns of the number of barrels made by them as a starting point, assuming that the stock of old at that time was $5,000 \mathrm{bbls}$., and deducting the surplus shipments since then, reported at 51,053 , would leave the stock of all kinds on hand, 120,459 bbls. It is reasouable to infer that 100,000 bbls. of this stock consists of mess pork. About 70,000 long cut hams have been made, and the shipments of sugar-pickled hams are returned at 42.209 tcs. By deducting the above from the usual per centage yield of hams on the total weight of the hogs, we form the estimate that the stock on hand a present inclnding those received from the county, is 25,000 to 30,000 at probly the large number. The stock of middles, bulk meats, ces.- probabe the in the same manuer at $25,000,000 \mathrm{lbs}$.; and of ard 30,000 tcs The demand for all cut meats and sugar-pickled hams has been unexampled. English middles have gone largely into con sumption fur the South, and now meet with much more favor than the sld style of rough bulk meats

## COTTON.

Friday, P.M., March 8, 1867.
There is this week a considerable decrease in the receipts of cotton at all the ports, amounting in all to only 61,294 bales (against 73,574 bales Jast week, and 60,030 bales two weeks since), making the total receipts since September 1,
this year, $1,390,917$ bales, against $1,391,611$ bales for the same period in 1865-6. Our reports received this week indicate an approaching exhaustion of the supply in many quarters. Confirmation of these reports is seen in the decreasing of the interior stocks. Still we do not anticipate any immediate decided falling off in the totel receipts, much yet remaining to be brought to market in some of the States. In the following may be seen the details of the week's receipts :
Received this week at*- Receipts. $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Received this week at- Receipts. }\end{aligned}\right.$
 Mobile ........................ $\begin{gathered}5,037 \\ 2,395 \\ \text { Charleston }\end{gathered} \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { North Carolina.. } \\ & \text { Virginia.......... } . . .\end{aligned}\right.$

Texas..
Tenness
e, Ken
rgnia.
Total rece pts for week ...․ $\quad \overline{61,294}$
The exports this week from all the ports show an increase on the total for the previous week, amounting in the aggregate to 56,357 bales, against 54,296 bales last week. At present the movement at the South is principally for Liverpool, and has not been checked by the fall in prices there, great confidence being felt in diminished receipts and higher rates. Below are the details of the week's shipments from all the ports, showing a total of 40,804 bales sent to Liver pool, 1,456 bales sent to Glasgow, 12,794 bales to Havre, and 1,303 bales to Hamburg:


The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1 now amount to 729,942 bales, against 823,789 bales for the same period last year. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, \&c.
Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, an Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

## PORTS.

N. Orleans, Mar. 1.

Mobile, March 1....

Charleston, March 1 Texas, Feb. 22.... | Texas, Feb. |
| :--- |
| New York, March $8+$ | Florida, March 18....

N. Carolina, March 8 N. Carolina, March 8
Virginia, March 8 Virginia, March S
Other p'ts, March S

Total


| EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO- |  |  |  |  | stock |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great | France | Other for'gn. | Total. |  |  |
| 221,008 | 60,843 | 14,823 | 296,674 | 171,432 | 239,123 |
| 72,341 | 1,760 | 1,929 | 76,930 | 52,004 | 71,116 |
| 46,890 | 909 | 4 | 47,513 | 56,016 | 15,425 |
| 51,627 | $\ldots$ |  | 51,627 | ${ }^{97,702}$ | 33,893 |
| 18,475 |  | 1,257 | 19,732 | 41,012 | 35,365 |
| 187,788 | 7,439 | 22,242 | 218,469 |  | 185,000 |
|  | $\cdots$ | .... |  |  | 2,819 |
| 154 | .... | $\ldots$ | 154 4,853 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 30,077 \\ & 70,651 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  |
| 4,53 15,339 |  | 261 | 15,600 |  | 1500 |
| 618,475 | 70,951 | 40,516 | 72, 9,942 | 549.216 | 32,7 |

The market this week has been greatly depressed by the continued liberal receipts at the ports, the dull accounts from Liverpool and Manchester, the unsatisfactory state of our dry goods trade, and the fall in gold, the result being a decline of about 2 cents per pound since our last report. The business has been almost entirely for export, spinners buying very sparingly and speculators having lost confidence. At the close, however, there is less pressure to sell. It is believed that with the adjournment of Congress all commercial and financial matters will be in a more settled condition, so that business will spring up and the entire supply of cotton be wanted at prices fully up to current quotations. At this market, however, there appears to be a pretty general abandonment of the minimum estimates of the crop, and few place the year's receipts at a lower figure than $1,800,000$ bales, and many as high as two million bales.

- In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, \&c., we deruct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other from the recerpts For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Flor da retarn. ticular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fain
+ Our weekly mail returns from New Orleans have fuiled to reach us, so that we give the receipts as reported by telegraph.
$\ddagger$ The receipts given for these ports are only the shidments from Tennessee Kentacky, \&c., not otherwise envmerate
§ These are the receints at all the ports of Florida to March 1, ex cept Apalachicola, which are only to February 16.
E Estimated. The stock at New York is also estlmated.

The following are the closing quotations：
Ordinary
e． $\begin{aligned} & \text { N．Orleank } \\ & \& \text { Texan }\end{aligned}$
Good Ordinary
Middling
Good Middiing． Upland
it
25
26

The exports of Cotton from New York this week show a considerable increase over the total for last week，amounting in all to 16,573 bales．The particulars of these shipments are as follows ：
To Liverpool per steamers－Tripoli， $1.62 \%$ ．City of Baltimore， 622


 To Hamburg per steamer－Allemania，$\because, 264 \ldots$ Per ehip st．John Law－ rence，39．Total bales．
Below we give our table showing．．．．．．． from New York，and their direction for each of the last fou weeks；also the total exports and direction since September 1，1866；and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year ：
Exports of Cotton（bales）from Nevv York sincesept． 1,1866

| EXPORTED TO | week ending |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { date. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb 12. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 19 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { F. b. } \\ 26 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 5 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Iiverpool Other British Ports | 7，817 | 8.042 | 11，510 | 11，411 | 182，211 | 213，499 |
|  | 880 | 100 |  | 1，456 | 5，57\％ | 10，534 |
| Total to Gt．Britain．． | 8，697 | 3，142 | 11，510 | 12，867 | 187，788 | 253，033 |
| Havre $\qquad$ Other French ports | 397 | 784 | 65 | 2，403 | 7，433 | 817 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 8 |
| Total French．．．．．．．．．． | 397 | 790 | 65 | 2，403 | 7，439 | 16，825 |
| Bremen and Hanover $\qquad$ <br> Hamburg $\qquad$ <br> Total to N．Europe． | 2，703 | 620 | 1，880 |  | 12，89，3 | 10，062 |
|  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．．． | 1，303 | 7，213 | 9，296 |
|  |  |  |  |  | －，2\％6 | 2，285 |
|  | 2，703 | 620 | 1，880 | 1，303 | 21，382 | 20，643 |
| Spain，Oporto and Gibraltar All others． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 860 | 641 |
| Total Spain， |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | ．．． | 7 |
|  | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．．． | 860 | 651 |
| Grand T | 11，797 | 9552 | 13，455 | 16，573 | 217，469 | 152 |

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept． 1 ：


The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston，Phila－ delphia and Baltimore for the last week，and since Sep－
tember 1：

## ＊Reshipments．

| $-\mathrm{Bo}$ | ston．－－ | －Philad | ＇phia．－ | －Balt | ore |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Last | since | Last | Since | Last | Since |
| ${ }_{2}$ week． | Scp． 1. | week． | Sep． 1. | week． | Sep． 1 it |
| 1，735 | ${ }_{8,6 \% 2}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{931}$ |
|  | 12，3：0 | ．．．． | 3，764 | 2\％9 | 5，749 |
| ．．．． | 22，699 | $\cdots$ | 459 | ．．．． | $\bigcirc 20$ |
| 593 | 5，506 | 146 | 1，574 | 1100 | 5，471 |
| 292 | 640 8.338 | ．． | 717 | 267 | 1，662 |
| 1，128 | 33，760 |  |  | 823 | 9，594 |
| 1，321 | 15，583 |  |  |  |  |
| 5，314 | 158，937 | 837 | 15，145 | 1，529 | 14 |

Exports from these cities during the week have been as follows：

To Liverpool from Boston per steamer Chi a
making the total from these cities 1,269 bales，all of which were to Liverpool．

Shipping News．－We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports；we now add the same information with re－ gard to the Southern ports ：
New Orported this week from－
Ew Orleans－To Liverpool，per ships Molocka，2，274．．．Armstral bales 2，652．．．Georgina， 2.573 ， 1 per barks Onkel， $1,220 \ldots$ ．．．．．Never Sink， 1，388．．．．．Gauss 1，665．．．．per brig Comathan Chase， $1,985 . .$. Ellen， To Havre，pership Caravan， 4,214 Commodore $185 \ldots .$. per barks Añie Kimball， 2,308 Mobile To Liverpool，per ship Hapden， $2,863 . . .$.
To Harre，per bark Wm．Rathbone， 1,760 ．
1，516 Upland．．．．per ship Bessie Crosby， 126 bales Sea Isiand and
Saven 1，720 bales Upland．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Sea Is and and
 Galveston－To Liverpool，per brig Fanny， $480 .$. J

Savannar，March 2．－The receipts for the week ending March 1 were 7,219 bales（of which 283 were from Florida），against 7，742 bules last week．The shipments this week were 4,522 bale3，of which 3,270 bales were to Liverpool，and 1,252 bales to New York．Below．we give the receipts，shipments，prices，\＆c．，for a series of weeks ：

| n． | Receipts． | Shipm＇s． | Stock． | Price Mid． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6，976 |  | 28.508 | 32，${ }^{\text {a }}$－ |
| 18 | 11，589 | 8，496 | 27,849 28,037 |  |
| Feb ${ }^{2}$ | 11，156 | 5，953 | 32，873 |  |
| Feb． | 9，489 | 16.112 | 26，250 | $311 / 20$ |
| 15 | 10.624 7,041 | 8，714 | 29,160 27.542 | 31 ＠－ |
| ＂ 22 | 7,712 7,742 | 8，108 | 27.542 30,376 | $31 \times 3{ }^{31}$＠ |
| Mar | 7，219 | 4，522 | 33，893 | 80 ＠－ |

There has been considerable business done this week at prices ranging from $29 @ 30 \mathrm{c}$ ．for middling．The close，however，is firm at the latter figure，the rise in gold and decreased offerings having stiffened prices．Freights show no change．We quote to Liverpool 7－16＠1 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ ． for equare，and $\frac{7}{8} d$ ．for round bales．Steam to New York and Boston 1c，and to Philadelphia $\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{c}$ ，and Baltimore $\frac{5}{8} \mathrm{c}$ ．In sailing vessels cot－ ton is taken at $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ ．New York，and $\frac{5}{8} \mathrm{c}$ ．Boston．

Charleston，March．2．－The receipts for the week ending March ，amount to 2,609 bales，against 5,368 bales last week．Shipments for which week amount to 5,871 bales，（ggainst 4,890 bales last week），of which 3,734 bales were to Liverpool，1，382 bales to New York， 669 to Boston，2a to Philadelphia， 4 to Savanuah，and 57 to Baltimore．The receipts，sales and exports of a series of weeks，and the stock，price of mid ling，rates of freight to Liverpool and New York，and price of gold at the close of each week since Jan．4，were as follows：


The unfavorable Liverpool advices have exercised a depressing influ ence on the market this week，especially in the early part of it，causing prices to decline somewhat．At the close，however，and with the rise in gold，the market is firmer，middliggs being quoted as in cur last at 30c．，and ordinary at 28c，Exchange on New York is bought by banks at $\frac{1}{2}$ c．discount for sight，and sold at par．Sterling Exchange $\$ 6.60$＠ $\$ 6.63$ for 60 days＇bills．

Mobile．March 2．－By mail we have received one week＇s later dates from Mobile．The receipts for the week ending March 1 were 5，057 bales，against 6,900 bales last week，and the shipments were 7,476 bales，of which 2，863 bales were to Liverpool，1，760 to Hevre， 554 to New York，1，463 to Boston，and 411 bales to New Orleans，leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard，not cleared，of 71,116 bales．The re－ ceipts for the corresponding week of last year were 12034 bales，and the exports 8,778 bales．The following are the weekly receipts，sales and exports for a series of weeks，and the stock，price of middling，rates of freight to Liverpool and New York，and price of gold at the close of each week：


Mar． 1.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3212 \text { — } \\
& 413112 \text { 二 }
\end{aligned}
$$

13：gold．
 $\begin{array}{lll}\mathbf{9 , 5 0 8} & 9,200 & 7,765 \\ 8,303 & 11,300 & 12,374\end{array}$ 77,1
79,2
75,1
77,
74,
81,
78,
73
73 1 1 O O 1
 four days the sales amory limited early in the week，and for the first ing between $28 \frac{1}{2}$＠2．$\frac{1}{3}$ for middliny about 2.50 bales，prices fuctuat improvement at Liverpool and New York＇gave a better and the market，the sales for the two dajs reaching 4,000 bales，and closing firm at $29 \frac{1}{2} 30$ c．for middlings．Exchange on New York $\frac{8}{8}$ discount． Sterling Exchange 147＠149．
Galveston，Feb．23．－W．e have received one week＇s later statement by mail from Galveston．The receipts for week ending Feb． 29 were 8,180 bales，againat 4,957 last week，and the shipments were 4,215 bales，of which 460 bales were to Liverpool，2，860 bales were to New York， 546 bales to Boston，and 328 bales werc to New Orleans． Below we gire the receipts，and shipments for a series of weeks，and the stock，price of middling，rates of freight to Liverpool and New York，and price of gold at the close of each week ：
Date．－Receipts－Price To Liver－To New

 Feb．


[^0]
## $\dagger$ Per steamer．

There has been increased activity this week．factorg showing more willingness to meet the views of buyers．Prices，however，are unfet tled，but we quote middling at the close as nowinal at 22 c ．specie． Ex hange一sight or，New York we quote $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent．dieciunt．Freights steam 1 tc ．

European and Indian Corton Mareets.-In reference to these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows:*
Liverfool, Feb. 23.-A bunilant supplies of most descriptions of cotton are on offer, and the market has ruled quiet, with a downward tendency in prices. Spinners, however, show more disposition to operate at the recent decline in the quotations. As compared with Saturday last, American cotton shows a declive of $\frac{1}{4}$; Brazilian, $\frac{1}{4}$; inferior Egyptian, $\frac{7}{4}$ per lb.; while Smyrna, Sea Island and East Indian qualities barely support the rates then current. The total sales of the week exporters 14,100 , and the trade 38,890 bales. Annexed are the prices exporters 14,100 , and

-The following statement shows the prices of middling qualities of cotton at this date in each of the last four years:

|  | 1864. | 186 | 1866. | 1867. |  | 18 | S65 | 866. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middling- | d. | d. | d. | d. | Middling- | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| Sea Islan |  | 44 | 33 | 23 | Peruambu |  | 171/2 | 181/ | 14 |
| plan |  | 183/4 | 18\% | 133/4 | Egyptia | $261 / 4$ | 163/2 | 173/2 | 14 |
| Mobil |  |  | 185\% | 14 | Broach.. | 171/2 | 11 | 13 | 10 |
| Orleans | 2734 | 191/2 | :87/8 | 14, | Dhollerah |  | 111/2 | 121/2 | 101/2 |

Annexed are the available and immediately prospective supplies of cotton, so far as the principal European ports are concerved. With regard to the quantities afloat, it will be observed that only American and East Indian qualities are referred to :-

Total.
The followitg statement shows the actual export from Liverpool Hull, and other outports from January 1 to date, as well as the total export from these ports in the whole of last year:


The following statement shows the sales and imports for the week and year, and also the ftocks of each principal description of produce on the evening of Thursday last-a comparison with last year is also subjoined:

| American $\qquad$ bales |  | Lles, etc., of all description |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ex- | Specula- this | this | peri | weekly 1867. |  |
|  |  | port. | tion. week. | year. 138,690 | 1866. |  |  |
|  | Trade. |  |  |  | 0 198,230 | 14,130 | 15,830 |
| Brazilian....... . | 3,650 | 1,040 | 4.690 | 43,160 | 0 51,280 | 0 4,110 | 4,260 |
| West Indian....... | 4,8: 0 |  | $380 \quad 5,550$ | 39,050 | 0 3z,910 | 0 4,170 | 4,150 |
|  | 920 | 240 | 160 | 11,980 | 0 14,200 | 11,040 | 1,470 |
| East Indian...... <br> China and Japan. | 13,200 | 8,720 | 2,820 24,740 | 184,270 | 0 152,740 | - 13,270 | 12,510 |
|  |  |  | 60 | 1,6:0 | 0 1,260 | - 120 | 60 |
| Total.......... | 35,390 14,100 |  | 3,800 56,790 | 418,7\%0 | 456,620 | 36,840 | 38,280 |
|  | - Totmports- |  |  |  | ---Stocks-_ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | This | Same | Dec. 31 |
|  | This | date | date |  |  | data |  |
|  | week. | 1867. | 1886. | 1856. | day. | 1866. | 1866. |
|  | 25.164 | 216,43 | 2333,673 1,1 | 156,130 | 248,060 | 214,650 | 167,270 |
| Brazilian | 6,495 | 51,66 | 1 6.5,777 4 | 404,805 | 52,570 | 47,970 | 41,760 |
| Eeyptian | 9,933 | 8:,77 | 74-46,669 | 200,083 | 71,050 | 91,740 | 23,150 |
| West Indian | 120 | 8,676 | 8 17,224 | 90,274 | 10,750 | 13,900 | 11,620 |
| EastIndian | 2,5\%\% | 50,947 | $7 \quad 98,409 \quad 1,5$ | 44,6\%5 | 173,136 | 96,750 | 270,100 |
| China and Japan |  |  | 40 | 12,993 | 1,350 | 3,670 | 2,840 |
| Total. | 44,181 | 400,49 | 96 46:2,292 3,4 | 409,020 5 | 556,940 | 18,681 | 16,770 |
| Havre, Feb. 21.--The market to-day is decidedly quiet, but at the commencemeat of the week there was a good demand. New Orleans, for delivery in February, has realised 162 f . 50 c . the 50 kilogs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

 of Tobac we give our usual table showing the total exports direction, since November 1, $1866:$
Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.


The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:


The unfavorable weather which has prevailed during the greater portion of the week, and the non-arrival of samples h:sve retarded business, although the inquiry has been good both for export and consumption. The demand for Virginia tobacco is especially good. The sales of the week have been limited, by the circumstances we have named, to about 200 hhds. Kentucky and Virginia, about equally divided between old and new crops, at prices ranging from 6 to 20 c., with some fancy samples at $25 @ 40 \mathrm{c}$. Seed leaf has been rather quiet. There is a pressing demand for good wrapping lots, but they are scarce and held at extreme prices. Pennsylvania has a good quantity, but they are held back. There are no Ohio wrappers in market, and we have only to note the sale of 40 bales. Pennsylvania at 8c. Foreign tobacco has been in good demand, and we notice sales of 420 bales Havara on private terms, mostly for export. Manufactured tobacco has been without movement of importance.
quotations per pound.
hentucity leaf (hids.).


Black, common, tax paid.... $25 @ 30 \mathrm{c}$. Fine, tax paid. $80{ }_{61} 125$


The receipts of tobaco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

$$
\text { RECEIPTS AT NRW york since november 1. } 1866 .
$$

| From | -This week- |  | -Previously |  | -T'1sin. Nov 1- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | hhds. | pkgs. | hhds. | pkys. | hhds. | pkgs. |
| Virginia. | 178 | 1,444 | 2,047 | 24,922 | 2,225 | 20,366 |
| Baltimore | 51 | 770 | 700 | 1,012 | 751 | 1,082 |
| New Orlea | 189 | 152 | 694 | 88 | 883 | 240 |
| Ohio, \&c. | 531 | 856 | 4,095 | 6,526 | 4,626 | 7,388 |
| Other. |  | 12 | 124 | 44 | 124 | 56 |
| Total | 949 | 2,534 | 7,600 | 38,592 | 8,609 | 25,126 |

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week :

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO EROM NEW YORE.*
 Liverpool .. Liverpool - Africa.. China China......
Cuba......
Porto Rico. $\ddot{80}$ Total export for the week. T

* The exports in this table to Tur fests, veritied and corrected by an inspection of the cargo
Kentucey, - At Louisville, for the last week, the market opened with a good attendance of buyers, with sales of 141 hogsheads at $\$ 2$ 45@ $\$ 40$ per 100 pounds, including two hogeheads choice wrappers at $\$ 2.50$ $@ \$ 40$ per 100 pounds. The next day the sales were 118 hogsheads at $\$ 1.50 @ 27.50$ per 100 pounds; the next, 47 bogsheads at $\$: @ 4050$, the latter price for one hogshead Hart County, taken for manufacturing. The next, 130 hogsheads at $\$ 195 @ \$ 15$; the next, 218 bogsheads at $\$ 160 @ 4550$. The market closed active, with sales of 170 hogsheads The following are quotations : Common lugs, 2夆@31 ; fair to good, 3昱@ 5 ; common leaf, 5k@7t : medium, 8@11; fair to good, 12@15; good to fine, $16 @ 20$; faccy wrapping, $20 @ 50$ cents per 1 b .
jobacco statement.
Stock on hand Feb. 16....... $\begin{array}{r}\text { Hhds. } \\ 3,734 \\ \begin{array}{r}538 \\ 32\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ Deliveries since... . .
Stock on hand Feb. 23 Hhds
Receipts this week-country.
Total........................ $\overline{4,304}$
Maryland.-At Baltimore Maryland leaf is arriving a little more freely, but in the absetce of vessels on the berth, and the reduced stock in factors hands of desirable grades, shippers buy sparingly. Holders are steady. We are also without sales worthy of notice in Ohio and Kentucky. Inspected this week 207 hhds. Maryland (including 76 reinspected), 64 Ohio, and 1 Kentucky-total 272 hhds. Stock on hand 14,079 hhds. We renew quotations, per 100 lbs .:
Maryland frosted to com'n $\$ 2.50 @ 3.00 \mid$ Maryland upper county ... $\$ 3.00$ @ 30.00

 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ohio inferior to good com. | 4.000 | 5.00 | good to



Manufactured Tobacco-I here has been a good demand the past week for bright work, and in the absence of receists, stock of this description is much reduced.
irginia.-At Richmond the tobacco market of the week has been dull and prices lower, except for desirable and fine grades. Fine bright, and indeed all qualities of good merit, sell at about our quotations of last week. But, of the receipts, only a small proportion is in good orderthe major portion being of medium and low grades of loose leaf: and if future receipts continue to be of this character, prices are likely to continue on the decline for that description of tobacco. The better qualities keep well up in prices, and some very bright, well cured sam ples sold on Tyursday as high as $\$ 101$ per 100 lbs.

The new stock arriving is generally of inferior quality and ruling low. Fine qualitiee, however, are of hopeful prices. We quote as follows, per 100 lbs. :

Lugs and common lea
Nedium leat loose
 Lugs and common leaf in hhds.
dium leaf in hhds... $\quad 30001650$
Manufactured and smoking tobacco-Very little in market, but in good demand. There is some inquiry for inferior qualities.

At Petersburg the activity reported in our last review continues unabated. The receipts of loose are large, and all desirable grades sell at full prices. The receipts of hogsheads are daily increasing. We quote lugs at $\$ 2 @ 4$ for common to good; very good $\$ 4 \geq 5 @ b ;$ leaf at $\$ 8 @ 10$ for good, very good $\$ 1350 @ 15$ 50, fancy $\$ 2950 @ 80$ Primings anu inferior lugs sell very low and are much neglected.

## BREADSTUFFS

Friday, March 8, 1867, P M
The general demand bas somewhat improved in the past week, and prices opened firm, but the decline in gold has had the effect to weaken the market at the close, especially for flour and wheat. The Western markets have been very firm.

Flour has been in very light receipt, and the general trade very good ; but the approach of warm woather, from which there is danger that low grades and old flours may beconie sour and musty, has caused some pressure to sell, under which some irregularity of prices has prevailed, with a general tendency downward in sympathy with gold, though the actual cbanges in quotations are umimportant. The fresh ground high grades of spring wheat flours bring very full prices.

Millers have bought wheat fairly, and the movement for the week is a full average; but the last two days have developed a pressure to sell, under which prices have given way $3 @ 5$ cts. per bushel, closing dull.

Corn has been quite excited and irregular. The stock is rapidly diminishing, though still large, and, with better reports from Liverpool an advance was made on Tuesday to \$1 11 in store, from which it fell on Thursday to $\$ 107$, regovering to-dav to $\$ 109$, closing yery unsettled. The ad-
vance in price, with the decline in gold, has brought ship. ments to Europe to a pause.

Oats have been inactive for some days, but close with a good inquiry. Rye has sold pretty freely at better prices. Barley has had a free movenent, both for export and malting, and very full prices have been paid, especially for fine qualities, which are becouning scarce. Peas have been quiet and unchanged.
The following are the closing quotations:
 Extra state........... 975 7nil 40 Red Winter
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. mon to good com-
Double Extra Western
Southern supers..
Southern, fancy and ex.
Rye Flour, fine and super
Corn meai, jo.................. Wheat, Chicago Spring

## per bushel.. <br> per bushel............ The movement in brea

| REOEIPTS AT NEW YORK. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For w | ''e Jan. 1. | For we | S'e Jan. 1 |
| Flour, bbls. | 16,905 | 218,005 | 27,855 | 232,13 |
| Corn meal, | 5,98) | 78,685 | 12,600 | 71.73 |
| Wheat, bush | 40,000 | 122,085 | 2,600 | 55,78 |
| Corn, bush | 19,425 | 285,010 | 52,365 | 371,55 |
| Rye, bush | 250 | 1,920 | 2,150 | 7,85 |
| Barley, \&c., busn | 6,200 | 97,350 | 41,150 | 137,26 |
| Oats, bush ...... | 15,235 | 187,195 | 29,000 | 1327, |

yOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { To } \\ & \text { Gt. HiRit. week..... } \\ & \text { since Jan. } 1 . . . . . \end{aligned}$ | Flour, bbls. 2,076 | C. meal, bbls. $\ldots$ | Wheat, bush. <br> 14,086 | Rye, bush. 6,515 | Barley: bush. 15,833 459,819 | Oats, bush. 64,479 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N. A. Col. week. | 1,000 | 407 |  |  |  |  |  |
| since Jan. 1. | 7,C20 | 3,691 |  |  |  |  | 5,962 |
| We-tInd. week. since Jan. 1...... | $\begin{array}{r} 5,094 \\ 37.170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,574 \\ 19,381 \end{array}$ | 300 |  |  | 1,868 | 2,964 |
| Total exp't, week | 12,752 | 3,548 |  |  | 87,952 | 17,183 | 132,476 |
| since Jan. 1, 1867 | 67,856 | 24,899 | 20,166 | 98,911 | 470,256 | 67,872 | 1182,159 |
| same time, 1866. | 196,543 | 17,253 | 65,704 | 74,288 |  | 170,271 | 1146,166 |
| Since Jan. 1 , from |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston | 18,543 | 1,070 | 500 | $\ldots$ |  | 114,240 | 63 |
| Philadelphia | 4,645 | 2,535 |  |  |  | 1,341 | 130,513 |
| Baitimore | 17,183 | 4,461 |  |  |  | 250 | 259,166 | EXPORTS OF bREADSTUFFS to GREAT bRITAIN AND IRELAND $250 \quad 259,10$



Weekly Receipts at Lake Ports.-The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending March 2:


## GROCERIES

Fridat, March 8, 1867, P. M.
The grocery market has been generally less active from a variety of causes. Earlier in the week there was a fair business in a portion of the articles under this head, and prices were rather firmer. But later, with the decline in gold, there is developed a want of confidence in prices, and business is very much restricted, while currency prices are lower.

The imports of leading articles of groceries in the first two months of the year, as shown by the tables given in detail under the respective heads, are as follows:
Tea, lbs............
Coffee, bgs........
Sugar, hhds....... $\begin{array}{cc}1867 . & 1866 . \\ 8,482,286 & 5,165,600 \\ 187,062 & \end{array}$ Sugar, bxs. \& bgs. 1867.
85,565
120180 sugar, hgis.......... 187,063 16,634
8.979 do. N.O. bil

TEA．
Tea has been rather more quiet during the entire week．There is a light demand for teas in bond for the Canada market．The sales fcr the week are 2，500 half－chests Japans，5，600 half－chests Oolonge， 400 half－chests greens，and 2，570 half－chests Souchongs．

Imports of the week bave been 10,611 pkgs．per＂Royal Diadem＇， Imports Shanghae，includiag $50,273 \mathrm{lbs}$ ．of Twankay， 2,420 Hyson skin from 94,381 Hy
The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States，trom June 1 to Dec．14，1866，and importations at New York and Boston since Jan． 1 ：
－－BHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN．－－TMP＇TSAT N．Y．\＆BOSTON．－

| n Direct－Indurect－ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dec． 1 to | Juneito | Same | Fran－ | at New | At N．At Bos－ |
| עec．19． | Dec． 1. | in＇65， | cisco． | York． | York．ton |
| lbs． | lbs． | lbs． | pkge． |  | pkg．ail sorts． |
| Congou \＆Sou．154，261 | 984，44） | 801， 065 |  | 638，559 | From G＇t Brit |
| Pouchong | 5366，470 | 153．158 |  | 61,400 $3,665,255$ | 2，718 ．．．．．． |
| Oolong \＆Ning． $2,689,605$ | 5，042，546 | 6，025，659 |  | 3，665，255 | From Europe |
| Twankay．．．．．152，872 | 218，047 | 117，288 |  | 16，420 | From turope |
| Hyson skin ．．．．359，066 | 643，862 | 661，758 |  | 496，988 | From E＇tInd． |
| Hyson．．．．．．．． $1,248,657$ | 2，452，642 | 3，608，338 | 35，039 | 2，${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{7}$ 1，450 | From Etina． |
| Imperial．．．．．．．235，564 | 551，033 | 651，899 |  | ＋38，557 |  |
| Gunpowder．．．．293，755 | 604，692 | 841,678 |  | 459，867 | Exp＇ts Oth．${ }^{\text {p }}$＇ts |
| Japans ．．．．．．．457，751 | 2，723，964 | 2，011，860 |  | 1，050，952 | …．$\quad$ ．．．．．． |
| Total．．．．．6，704，656 | 13，600，322 | 15，310，883 | 35，039 | 9，084，367 | 2，718 | COFFEE．

Coffer has become extremely quiet，principally from the very small stocks offering，but prices are not advanced．The sales for the week in－ clúde 1,000 bags Rio ex Guiding Star，at 12年，gold，in bond： 350 bag $_{3}$ common Maraciabo at $16 \frac{1}{2} @ 17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，gold duty paid，and 330 bags St Domingo at 11 量c．gold，in bend．The market closes quiet．
Imports of the week have been very small，including only 382 bags of Hayti． The import
are as fio coffer．


Sugar was active and firmer early in the week for both raw and re－ fined，but later the decline in gold has caused prices to recede，and the market closes dull and lower．The sales of raw for the week are $6,000 \mathrm{hhds}$ ．and 4，000 bxs．Havana．

Imports of the week have been larger than usual at New York， mounting to 6,719 hhds．， 1,684 boxes Cuba and 316 hhds ．of other； at other ports the receipts have been muderate，amounting in all to 1，481 hhds．
Stocks and imports are as follows：
Other W, New

Brazil，Manila At－
N．York stock March 5 Same date 1866 5． 29,267
 $\begin{array}{lllllllll} & \text { Imports since Jan．1．} & 10,83 i & 14,717 & 1,409 & 80 & 16,206 & 10,051 & 16,36 \%\end{array}$ Philadelphi
Baltimore $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Total import．．．．．．．} & 15,527 & 18,317 & \overline{5,647} & \frac{\cdots}{257}\end{array}$ $\overline{24,710} \quad 10, \overline{051} \quad \overline{16,526}$
＊Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads．
$H_{\triangle \mathrm{VANa}}$, Feb．23．－Early in the week there were sigus of activity in the market，but later，under the influence of unfavorable English ad－ rices to the 14th inst．，there was increased declines，offers not exceed－ iog $7 \frac{y}{\text { ras．}}$ for good strong dry No． 12 ．
The following will show the receipts，exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas

|  | Re |  |  | ， | Since | Etocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year． | week． | week | Since Jan． 1. | week． | Since Jan． 1. | buxes． |
| 1867. | 72.253 | 5，421 | 13．595 | 28，293 | 103，929 | 177，441 |
| 1866． | 56，259 |  | 29，737 | 33，338 | 104，112 | 183，312 |
| 1865. | ． 44,060 |  | 51，313 | 29，397 | 110，011 | 172，332 | Musoovadoes have been active

at 6年 rs．tor fully good refining．
Receipts，exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas are as follows


．
Molasses has been fairly active，hotwithstanding light stocks，and prices are 2＠3c．higher．The sales of the week amount to about 3,000 hhds．，the market closing more quiet．
Imports of the week have been on an average scale at the several Its，amounting to 3,699 hhds of Cuba and Porto Rico，and 450 bbls
N．Orleans at New York，and 4,531 hhds．at other ports．
Stocks and imports are as follows：

New York，stock March 5．${ }_{\text {© hhds．}}^{\substack{\text { At } \\ \text { 3，675 }}}$ N．Y．，imp＇ts since Jan．1．11，443 Portiand
Boston，
Boston，
Philadelphia＂
New Orlear s＂
Total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．33，623


## ＊Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads．

> SPICES.

Spices are in only．light nominal jobbing demand，but at unchanged prices．

FRUITS．
Fruirs have been only moderately active，and with the decline in gold prices are unsettled and business nominal．


## THE DRY GOODS TRADE．

fridat，P．M．，March 8， 1867.
The dry goods trade has materially fallen off in activity since the adjournment of Congress and the publication of the result of its last deliberations．There seems to have been de－ veloped a want of confidence in business，and especially in prices，and buyers hold off to await a＇more settled condition of affairs．The decline in gold，the lower quotations for cot－ ton，and the failure of the tariff bill（except on wool and woolens），are perhaps the leading causes for this prevailing distrust．Buyers，consequently，take only such goods as their immediate wants require．The export demand is increasing ：


Brown Shertings and Shirtings are less active at the close，and prices show less firmness，althouth there is but little decided change to record．Jobbers are cautious about adding to their stocks with the pros pect of a dull market，and assortments are somewhat broken．The fol lowing are jobbers＇prices．Nonantum 3.411 ，Atlantic N do $12 \frac{1}{2}$ ， Massachusetts 0 do 15，Indian Orchard $L$ do $14 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Commonwealth do 10，Uuion do 13，Peppereh $N$ da 141 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Indian Head do $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ， Atlantic V $7-8$ 17 $\frac{1}{6}$ ，Atlantic $E$ do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Pacific E do 16 $\frac{1}{3}$ ，Tre mont E do $14 \frac{1}{8}$ ，Bedford R do 13，Indian Orchard W do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell do 16，Indian Head 4－4 22，Princeton A do 21，Pacific extra do 211，do H do $21 \frac{1}{2}$ do $L$ 17t Atlantic $H$ do $21 \frac{1}{2}$ do A do 22，do $L$ do $17 \frac{1}{4}$

do B do 201，Medford do 20，Pittsfield A do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Kenebeck do 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ， Roxbury A do 20，Indian Orchard B do $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，，Sussex F do 17，Newmar C do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell E do 20，Great Falls M do $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，doS do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Albion do 16，Dwight W do 18，Pepperell R do 18，Laconia E do 16，Ex eter A do 16 ，Sbannon do $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Laconia B do 18，Laconia 09.819 ，Pe quot do 25，Indian Orchard A 40 inch $20 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do do $\cap 18 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Naumkeag W 5－4 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Utica do 40，Pepperell 7－4 36，Utica do 50，Pepperell 9－4 50，Monadnoc $10-457 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell do 60 Utica 11－4 95.
Bleaohed Shertings and Shirtings show but little change in prices，but the demand is much less than last week．Mechanics 3.4 111 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Keysane do $10 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Revere do $10 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Globe do 11 ，Boott R do 13，Waltham 7－8 do 17t，Putnam B do 14．Arooskeag Z do 16，Great F＇alls M do $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do S do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do A do $13 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do J do 19，Lyman Cambric do 19 Strafford A do 18，James 31 inch $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 33 inch $18 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Bartlett 31 iach $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 33 inch 20，Webster $4-413 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Greene（ + do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Lewiston G do 172，Pocumtuck do 17，Putnam A do 16，Newmarket A do 13，do C do 21，Bartletts do $22 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Constitutional do 16，Indian Grove do 18，James Steam do 22；Newburyport do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Indian River XX do 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Atta－ waugan XX do $18 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Lawrence B do 19，Fountain do $18 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Hope do 22 Tip Top do 24，Blackstone do 19 and 20 ，Boot B do 22，Forestdale do 232 ，Lonsdale do 25，Wauregan F do $21 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，Bates XX do $26 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Wamsutta
 40 ，Amoskeag 43 inch 96 ，Waltham do $£ 2$ ，Wainsutta $9.8 \quad 37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Naum keag W $5-422 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Bates do 28 ，Wamsuitta do $42 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Waltham $6-432 \frac{1}{2}$ Mattawamkeag do 36，Pepperell do 36，Utica do 50，Waltham 8－4 45 Pepperell do 50，Mattawamkear 9 －4 60，Pepperell do 60，Utica do 85，Baltic 10－4 65，Bates do 65，Waltham do 65，Allendale do 65, Pepperell du 70，Utica do 90，Masabesic $11-4$ 75，Amoskeag do $72 \frac{1}{2}$ ， Pepperell do 80.
Troas are less active，and large lots can be purchased lower．Cones－ toga C M 423，Amoskeag A CA 50 ，do A 40，do B 35，do D． 25 ，do C 30，Brunswick 20，Blackstone River 21，Hamilton 36t $\frac{1}{2}$ ，do D $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Somer get 18，Thornuke $22 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Pearl River $47 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Harvest 34，Hancock A A 29 Pittgfield 132，Bunkerhill 24
Stripes are also less active，and prices are lower．Amoskeag 29 and 30，Uncasville 20 and 21，Whittenton A A $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do A 3－3 27．t，do B B 20，do U 20，Napoleon 183，Pitisfield $3-312 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Pemberton Awn 45 ，Hay－ maker 221，Massabesic 6－3 28 ＠29，Boston 21，Chester Dock 18 and 19 Blackstone 17＠18，American 18＠19，Eayle 16交＠17，Hamilton 27，Ark wright 17，Easton 16 $\frac{1}{2} @ 17$ ，Jewett Uity $21 @ 22$ ，Sheridan $G 13$ ．
Carces are in only limited demand for the present．Park Mills Red 25 ，Lanark $4 \times 2$ 18，Lanark fur $18 \frac{1}{4}$ ，Union $504 \times 234$ ，do $502 \times 234$ ，do 20， $4231 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do $202-231 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Caledonia 34，Kennebeck 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Star No． 600 16，do No． 800 2x2 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，do No． 900 4－2 2C，Cameron No． $9021 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do No 8020.

Denims and Cotronades are again quiet，but with little variation in prices．Amoskeag denims sell at $37 \frac{1}{2}$ c．，Haymaker 24，do brown 37, York 36，Warren brown 22，Pearl River 38，Union 24，Monitor 20，Man chester Co．25，Suffolt 25，Arlington 27t，Blue Hill 21 Fort Moultrie 30 Mount Vernon 29，and Furmers＇and Mechanics＇cottonades at 50 c ，Pem－ berton dist 45，Bodman＇s Ky J 47，PlowL \＆Anv． 50 ，Everett 471 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Whit tenden d\＆t $31 @ 39 \frac{1}{3}$
Brown Drills are in moderate demand at unchanged rates．Win throp 17，Amoskeag 21t ，Laconia 22，Androscoggin 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Minerva 16 Pepperell 22，do fine jean 22，Stark A $21 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Massabesic 18，Bennington 21，Woodward duck bags 32t ，National bags 31，StarkA do 57 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Lib－ erty do 31.
Print Cloths are dull and inactive．The nominal quotations for 64x 64 square cloth is 10 cents．
Prints have become less active，and some anxiety is shown to dis pose of the less desirable styles．Gloucester prints are reduced two cents a yard．Others are quiet at last week＇s prices．American $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ， Amoskeag dark $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do purple $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do pink 18，do shirting $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do palm leaf $16 \frac{1}{2}$ Merrimac $D$ dark 18，do purple 19，do W dark 20 ，do pur ple 20，do pink 20，Sprague＇s dark 18，do purple 19，do shirting 19，do pink 19，do blue checks 19，do solid $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ；do indigo blue 18，do Swiss ruby $18 \frac{1}{2}$ ，London Mourning $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Simpson Mourning $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Atlantic Mourning 16t，A moskeag Mourning 15 ．Garners light 181 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Dunnell＇s $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ， Rich nond $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Arnolds 14，Gloucester 15，Wamsutta 13，Pacific dark
 Empire State 11，Lancaster $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Wauregaa $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ．
Lawns and Ginghams are in fair demand and prices show but little change．Lancaster Ginhams sell at 23 cents．Hartford 18，Caledonia （new）20，Glasgow 22，Clyde 17，Berkshire 21，German 20，Roanoke 17 Bates $23 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Manchester 18.
Canton Flannels are inactive and quite nominal．Ellerton N，Bro 35，do O do $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do T do 19，Laconia do 28，Slaterville do 24，Hamilton do $28 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Rockland do 17，Naumkeag do 25，Tremont do 21，Scott $\underset{P}{ }$ do do 20 ，Whittendon do $22 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Ellerton $N$ Blea $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do $O$ do 36 ，do P do 32t，Sal＇n Falls do $31 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Methuen A do 32，Naumkeag do 26 Naebua A 21
Corset Jeans are quiet and prices are steady．Androscoggin 141 Bates colored 142，do bleached 142，Naumkeag 21，Pepperell 22 Naumkeag satteen 24，Laconia 21，A moskeag 21＠21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Newmar ket 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Lewiston 14 $\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，Indian Orchard 16，Berkeley 22，Rockport 21 Tremont $12 \frac{1}{2}$ ．
Cambrics and Silesias are moderately active at unchanged iates Washington cambrics sell at 14 cents，Victory 12；do A 13，do high colors 14，Fox Hill $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Superior $11 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Smithfield $13 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Waverly 12，S．S． Sons paper cambrics at 17，do high colors 19，White Rock 17，Ma Wville 17，and Indian Orchard Silesias 214，Ward do at $21 \frac{1}{2}$ ．
Wooles ctoons are improved from the higher tariff，but there is only a limited demand chiefly for the new and fancy makes suitable for epring wear．
Cabpers are firmer but not very active．Velvets，J．Crossly＇s best． $\$ 3$ 75，do Al qual．$\$ 3$ 50，do patent $\$ 285$ ．Body Brussel，Roxburys $\$ 2$ 75，d．Bigelow \＄2 75．Tapestry，Brus．S．Crossley $\$ 1.80$ ，Lowel extra 3 ply $\$ 195$ ，do superior $\$ 155$ ，do med．sup．$\$ 140$ ．Hartford Oarpet Co extra 3 ply $\$ 2$ ，do imp． 3 ply $\$ 1.95$ ，da－superine $\$ 1.65$ Med，and low pri，ingrain $\$ 1 @ 1$ s0．

Mouslin Delaines are rather firmer，but the demand is compara． tively light．Alt dark 25，HamiltonCo．25，Manchester dark 25，Pacific dark 25，Armures dark 25．，High colors 25，Pacific Merinos 40，Mourn． ing 25，Shephard checks 25，All wool 42立．Skirtings 30
Foreign Goons have continued in liberal request and the auction sales have been quite animated，but prices of cotton goods are gen rally $5 @ 10$ per cent lower than earlier in the season．Light drea fabrics lawns，and plain drees goods are in demand．Worsted goods are firmer．

## IMPORTATIONS OF DRY gOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORX，

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending March 7． 1867 ，and the corresponding weeks of $i 865$ and 1866 ，have been as fillows：

| anufactures of wool．．． | Volue | Pkge -1866. |  | $\mathrm{Pkgs}^{1867}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value． |  |  |  |  |
|  | \＄119，3 | 1,325 | ${ }^{451,591}$ | ${ }^{1,313}$ | ${ }^{86} 823.85$ |
| do silk ．．． 86 | \＄9，0 | 618 | 592，61 | 19 |  |
| do ：flax．．．． 697 | 170 | 84.2 |  | SSI |  |
| Miscellaneous dry gooas． 66 | 18，41 | 2，741 | 191，38 | 319 | 13， 3 20， |
| 2，032 | \＄672，683 | 7，162 | \＄2，293，356 | 3，6：1 | 1548031 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactures of wool．．． 401 | \＄169．243 | 721 | \＄320 |  |  |
| do cotton．． 3 33 | 119，0 |  |  |  | 2015，49？ |
| do silk ．．．．173 | 183，3，3 | 15 | 271， | 251 | 27， $2 \times 8$ |
| do Hax |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| scellaneous dry goods． 192 | 22，115 | 83 | 38，34 | 1，5\％5 | 37，459 |
| Total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1，465 | \＄590， | 1，906 | \＄848， |  |  |
| d ent＇d for consumpt＇n2， 282 | 672，183 | 7.162 | 2，293，3 |  | ，548，030 |
| Total thrown moon mak＇t 3,547 | 262，8 | 9，063 | ，141，741 | 7，989 | 679，33 |
| entered for warthousine during ter same period． |  |  |  |  |  |
| nufactures of wool．．． 399 | \＄169，502 | 1，815 | \＄784，1 | 972 | \＄412 |
| do cott | 76 | ${ }_{314}^{663}$ | ${ }^{215,465}$ | ${ }^{607}$ |  |
| do Bo silk $\cdots$（ 92 | ${ }_{100}^{76}$ | ${ }_{1} 134$ | 285， | 170 | 188 |
| iscellaneous dry goodis． 135 | $\begin{array}{r}100,376 \\ \hline 8,36\end{array}$ | ${ }^{1} 199$ | － |  | 114 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| deut＇d tor consumpt＇口 2,082 | 672，683 | 7，162 | 2，293，3 |  | ， |
| tal entered at the | \＄1，43，0 |  |  |  |  |

IMPORTS
（otele than dry goods and spedie）at the port of new yore for thi werk ending march 1， 1867.
［The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified．］

| Pkgs．Value． <br> China，Glass \＆E． |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Plums |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| carth |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glassw |  |  |  |  |  |
| ass |  | ptical |  | Iiscellane |  |
| Alkali ．．．．．．． 17 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ，006 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Bri |  | Battons． |  |
| Anoline ．．．．．．ii ${ }^{\text {Bark }}$ |  |  |  | Bnilding |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brimstone $1,1,014$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Cotton，sacksioo | ${ }_{18}$ |
| champhor ．．．．． 300 |  | Br |  | Coffee，bgs． 10 |  |
| Cream tartar． 40 Cbickory ．．．． 172 | r |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chickory $\ldots .172$ Cochineal $\ldots .12$ |  | Rnm |  |  |  |
| Gums，crude 442 | 15，624 | Wines |  |  |  |
| do arabi |  | Champ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Gua }}$ |  |
| Glue ．．．．．．．if1 | 10，015 | Bras |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 易 |  |
| Isinglass ．．．．．．． | 1，0 | chors |  | Hemp．．．．．．1，797 |  |
| Leeches．．．．．． 6 |  | Catlery |  |  |  |
|  |  | Guns．．．．．．．${ }^{54}$ |  |  |  |
| do ro rot $\ldots . .358$ Madder | 1 | Iro |  | Machinery．．．176 |  |
| Magnesia．．．．．．73 | 1，212 |  | 2，10 | Melasses．．：2，224 |  |
| Oils |  | Iron，pig， 1400 |  | Oil paintings． 13 |  |
|  | 5，936 | Irous Railroa |  | Paper hang． |  |
|  |  | rs ．．．15，3 |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Paints }}$ Potash，chio．．． 30 |  |  |  | Plaster． |  |
| do bich． 65 do Pruss 8 |  |  |  | Perfum |  |
| Quinine ．．．．${ }^{15}$ | 1, |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Lea |  |  |  |
| Shellac ．．．．． 177 |  |  |  | Rags，bals．．2，839 |  |
| Soda，bi crb 2500 |  | ， |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{cc}\text { do } & \text { ash．．．1187 } \\ \text { do } \\ \text { do } \\ \text { caustic．} 14\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{41,9}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Plated |  | L．in |  |
| Sponges |  | Per capa | 2，84 | Soap |  |
|  |  | Steel．．．．．．．4，413 | 72，82 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{bxs} . . .9$ ． | 68，651 |  |  |
| ther．．．．．．．．．．． | 4，3 | Tin，slabs．．．600， |  | Sugar，bxs．${ }_{5}$ |  |
| Furs，\＆c－ |  |  | 2，05 | Trees ${ }^{\text {d }}$ pla |  |
|  |  |  |  | Te |  |
|  |  | Ca |  | Umbr |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Bananas．．．．．．}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dates． <br> Dried fruit．．．．．．． |  |  | 409 |  |  |
| Figs．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nuts． <br> Orange $\qquad$ | 14，10 | ings． |  |  |  |
|  |  | 09 | 17,4 129 | Total．． | ， 217 |

our General Pricen Current will be found on pages 317 and 318.

## ©he Railway flonitor.


#### Abstract

Illinots Central Raflroad.-The income account of the Illinois Central Road for the year 1866 shows as follows : Balance from 1865 nd $\underset{\substack{6,546,741}}{81,703,595}$ Gross trafic of Road...... $6,846,749$ $1,858,049$ Difference in Bond and Supply Items...................................... 64,992 Total................. Operating expenses. Interest on Debt....   en per of illinois tax Sterling Exchange, \&c $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{r}799,380 \\ 2,459,673 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \$10,173,307

To new construction. 427,075 89,029

The new general balance sheet of the Company shows : Cost of road, actual outlay. Surplus cash, as above. $\qquad$ $130,954,452$ $2,029,319$ 2,029,319

Total exclusive of 868,811 acres...................... Total, exclusive of 868,841 acres Capital Debi... $\qquad$ $\$ 23,346,450$ Surplus, exclusive of lands unsold. *Exclusive of interest, during the construction of the road. La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad.-United States Marshal Cassius Fairchild, for the District of $W$ isconsin, sold at public auction in Milwaukee, on Saturday, March 2, at 12 o'clock M., the railroad formerly known as the Eastern Division of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad, for the sum of $\$ 100,92024$. It was bid off by the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. The sale was made subject to the following liens and incnmbrances, amounting to $\$ 2,893,10522$ and interest, to wit : A mortgage to Francis A. Palmer for $\$ 950,000$, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per annum since May 1,1866 ; two mortgages to the City of Milwaukee for $\$ 314,0$ c0, with interest thereon from the first day of September, 1866 ; a mortgage to Greene C. Bronson and James 'T. Soutter for


$\$ 1,000,000$, with interest thereon at 8 per cent. per annum from March 1, 1866, and a judgment rendered in favor of Selah Chamberlain, in the District Court of the United States for District of Wisconsin, on the 2 d day of October, 1857, for $\$ 629,10522$, and a certain lease given to said Chamberlain as security for the amount of said judgment.
Stram Between Baltmore and Bremen.-An arrangement has been definitely concluded between the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the North German Lloyd Steamship Company for the establishment of a line of first class steamers to run regularly between Baltimore and Bremen, the agreement being that not less than two first-class iron steamships shall be run regularly for not less than five years, to commence in February, 1868. The steamships, now being built on the Clyde, will measure each 2,500 tous and cost $\$ 700,000$, and have elegant accommodations for firstclass, as well as extensive arrangements for other descriptions of passengers. The agreement also requires that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall erect extensive piers and wharves at Locust Point to accommodate ressels of the size designed, which is much greater than of vessels heretofore used in connection with the business of the port. Propositions have also been received from extensive proprietors in steamship companies in England for the or. ganization of a company with large interests to be owned there, by which iron steamships of large size and of first-class will be placed permanently upon a line between Baltimore and Liverpool. It is the design of the Baltimore and Ohio Company to meet liberally the future position of affairs by making the improvements at Locust Point so extensive as to embrace accommodations for the numerous large steamers which it is expected will at no distant day ply between Baltimore and European ports.
Wilmington and Readina Railroad.-This road, which will extend from Birdsboro, Pa., to Wilmington, Del., is to be commenced in the early Spring. It is intended to open the ports of Delaware to the coal trade by sea.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).


## RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.



PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

| Companizs. | Bic | Askd | Companizs. | Bid. | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allen Wrio |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bemis Heights | 275 |  | Ivamhoe .... |  |  |
| Bergen Coal and 0 |  |  | Manhattan ${ }^{\text {a }}$........... 2 |  | 2 |
| Bliven |  |  | Mountain Oil............- ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| Bradey Oil.............. 10 |  |  | N. Y. \& Aileghany $\ldots \ldots$. |  | 50 |
| Brooklyn................. 5 |  |  | New York \& Newark... 5 |  |  |
| Buchanan Farm......... 100 | 7 | 920 | N.Y.Ph. \&Balt.Cons..... 1 |  |  |
| Cherry Run Petrolm.... |  |  | Oceanic ${ }^{\text {Ond }}$ Pit........ 10 |  |  |
| Cherry Run special...... ${ }^{5}$ |  | 250 | Pit Hole Creek.......... 25 |  | 75 |
| Empire City |  |  | Second National ........ 10 |  |  |
| Excelsio |  | 20 | Shade River.............. ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | United Pe'tlm F'ms.... ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |
| Great Republi |  |  | United States.............. 10 | 375 | 425 |
|  |  |  | Venango (N. Y.) ........ 10 |  |  |

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

| Companies. | Bid. | Askd | Companies. | Bid. | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adventure.........paid 3 |  |  | Lafayette..........paid 1 |  |  |
| Attna.................. 11 |  |  | Lake Superior......... |  |  |
| Albany \& Boston.......253/4 | 700 |  | Madison............... $6^{6}$ |  |  |
| Algomah................ 1 $_{1 / 8}$ | 500 |  | Manhattan.............. 51/2 |  |  |
| American .............. 1 |  |  | Mass $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ 41/2 |  |  |
| Amygdaloid........ ... 17 |  |  | Medora $\ldots$. $\ldots$......... $17 / 8$ |  |  |
| Arnold.................... $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | Mendotat............... 5 5/1/2 Merrimac............ |  |  |
| Aztec................... 41/ |  |  | Mesnard ............... 8 | 75 | 200 |
| Bay state.............133/4 | 800 |  | Milton $\quad . . . . . . . . . .1_{1}^{112}$ | 1003 | 1100 |
| Bohemian.............174\% |  |  | Minnesota......... .1812 | 1 C | 110 |
| Boston................ 21/2 |  | 1500 |  |  |  |
| Caledonia <br> Canada |  | 150 | Naumkeag.............. 1 |  |  |
| Charter | 135 | 140 | New Jersey Consol....10 |  |  |
| Central................ 5 | 250 | 30 C | New York, ............- |  |  |
| Concord ${ }_{\text {Copper }}$ Creek............... 4 | 250 | 306 | North Cliff.............113/8 |  |  |
| Copper Falls............241/2 | 2400 |  | Norwich........ . . . . . 11 |  |  |
| Copper Harbor.......... ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Ogima.................. ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |
| Dacotah............... ${ }^{\text {27/6}}$ |  |  | Pennsylvania *......... 50 |  |  |
| Dana.................. 31/ | 95 | 100 |  |  | 220 |
| Davidson ................- $201 / 2$ | 95 | 100 | Phoenix................ 15 | 5 | 7 |
| Devan................. 1 |  |  | Pittsburg \& Boston... 51/2 |  | 1 |
| Dorchester.......... ... ${ }^{11 / 2}$ |  |  | Pontiac |  | 15 |
| Dudley ................ ${ }_{31}^{13 / 4}$ |  |  | Portage Lake. |  |  |
| Eagle River.............. ${ }^{31 / 4}$ |  |  | Princeton |  |  |
| Empire................. $10^{18}$ |  |  | Quincy $\ddagger . . . . . . . . . . . .10$ | 3300 | 35 |
| Everett................. 1 |  |  | Resolute.............. 61/8 |  |  |
| Evergreen Bluff........ 5/2 |  |  | Ridge ................. $8_{18}^{8}$ |  |  |
| Excelsior …..........- |  |  | $\mathrm{Rocbland}_{\text {St. Clair }}$............. ${ }^{12}$ |  | 60 |
| Franklin .... ........... 8\%/2 | 2750 |  | St. Louis............... 1 |  |  |
| French Creek..........- |  |  | St. Mary's............. 51/2 |  |  |
| Girard ................ 5 |  |  | Salem............... ${ }^{\text {3/8 }}$ |  |  |
| Grat Western.......... $2_{2}$ |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Sharon................. }{ }^{\text {S }} \text { 1/8 }}$ |  |  |
|  | 850 | 875 | Sheldon \& Columioun. $21{ }^{1 / 8}$ |  |  |
| Hanover................ ${ }^{1 / 2}$ |  |  | South Pewabic......... 1 |  |  |
| Hilton.................. $21 / 1 / 8$ | 100 |  | South Side $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 1_{13 / 4}^{2}$ Star | ${ }_{1} 125$ |  |
| Hope.................. 11/8 |  |  | Star....................1184848. | ${ }_{3}^{1} \pm$ | 35 |
| Hudson:…...............- ${ }^{\text {3/4 }}$ |  |  | Toltec................... 21 |  |  |
| Hamboldit | 160 |  | Tremont ............... $15 / 8$ |  |  |
| Hungarian $\ldots . . . . . . . . .{ }^{1} 1$ |  |  | Victoria................. 11/2 |  |  |
| Huron .......................... 19 |  |  | Vulcan................... ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| Isdiana................33 | S00 | $15 \ddot{60}$ | West Minnesota........ ${ }^{21 / 4}$ |  |  |
| Keweenaw ............. 5 |  |  | Winona.............. |  |  |
| Knowlton............. . . 8 |  | 500 | Winthrop........... 41/2 | 100 |  |

## C Capital $\$ 1,000,000$ in 20,000 share $\pm$ Capital $\$ 200000$, In 20,000 shares.

| Companies. | Bid. | Askd | Companies. |  | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alpine ................par 10 |  |  | Grass Valley........par - |  |  |
| Alameda Silver.......... | 625 | 650 | Gunnell .ün............ 10 | 400 | 475 |
| American Flag $1 . . . . . . .10$ | $\stackrel{1}{2} 10$ |  | Gunnell Union........... $\overline{2}$ | 5 |  |
| Atlantic \& Pacific ...... Ayres Mill \& Mining, . | 220 |  | Hope.................... 25 | 25 | \%0 |
| Rates \& Baxter ......... 50 | 170 | 195 | Keystone Silver | 5 | 7 |
| Benton.................. 5 | 100 | 3 CG | Knickerbocker | 5 | 60 |
| Bob Tail. |  | ${ }_{4}^{3} 76$ | Kip \& Bu | 50 | 60 |
| Bullion Consolidated |  | 150 | Liberty . . . . . . . . . . . . - | 7 |  |
| Burroughs. ............ 10 |  | 50 | Liebig ${ }^{\text {Mill }}$ Creek................ 50 |  |  |
| Central Union |  |  | Montana................. 5 | 30 |  |
| Columbian G. \& S....... - | 245 | 259 | Montauk .............. - | 110 | 125 |
| Consolidated Colorado...- | 1150 | 1200 |  | 12 | 8 |
| Corydon ..... . . . . . . . . 25 |  | 6 c0 | Pah Ranagat Cen. Silver - |  |  |
| Crozier. |  | 14 | People's G. \& S. of Cal. 5 | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 00 \\ 4 & 0.5\end{array}$ | 200 |
| Des Moines............. - | 100 | 10 | Quartz Hill... ${ }_{\text {Rocky Mountain........ }{ }^{25} 10}$ | 405 1000 |  |
| Downieville.............. $\frac{1}{-}$ |  | 10 | Rocky Mountain........ $\frac{1}{1}$ | - 0 | 3000 |
| Fall River |  |  | Smith \& Parmelee . . . . 20 | 600 |  |
| First Nati |  |  | Symonds Forks. | 150 | $1 \begin{array}{r}70 \\ \\ 30\end{array}$ |
| Gilpin | 350 | 300 <br> 3 <br> 90 | Texas....... | 20 | 7 |

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

| MPANIES. | Bid. | Askd | Conpanies. | Bid. | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Copake Iron.... .. pas 5 |  |  | Tudor Lead ........par |  |  |
| Foster Iron ............. | .... |  | Saoinaw, L. S. \& M.. .. 25 |  |  |
| Lake Superior Iron . . . . 100 |  |  | Wallkill Lead. |  | 74 |
| Bucks Connty Lead ..... 5 Denbo Lead |  |  | Watlace Nickele Marble | 10000 | \% 300 |
| Manhan Lead |  |  | Long Island Peat........ $\frac{-}{5}$ |  | 350 400 |
| Phenix Lead. Iron Tank Sto |  |  | Rassel File ............. 5 <br> Savon de Terre. | 360 | 400 |

## INSURANCE ITEMS.

Upper Missouri Losses.-The total amount of losses over premiums on cargo insurance policies in the Upper Missouri trade last year by St. Louis insurance companies alone foot up $\$ 154,000$ The rates have been adjusted for the current year on an increased basis.
Insurance Decision.-The Attorney-General of Missouri has decided that foreign insurance companies camot combine and do business under one and the same license.
Ship Burning.-Jas. Smith has been convicted in the City Cour $t$ of Mobile of arson, and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. He was one of the seamen of the Bremen ship mobile burned in the baser investigation the couvicted sailor would prove to have been a mere instrument in abler hands.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

| sarked thus (*) are participating, andwrite Marine Risks. write Man | Dec. 31, 1865. |  | Dividend. |  | Bid. | Las |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Capital. | set | Periods. | Last paid |  |  |
|  |  |  | Th and |  |  |  |
| Atna |  |  | Jan. and Jnly. |  |  |  |
|  | 200 | ${ }_{218,590}^{440}$ | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {arctic........ .... }} 50$ | 500 |  | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| 促 | ${ }_{3}^{250}$ | 324,456 | March and Sep | $\mathrm{Se}^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Baltic ............ 25 |  |  | M |  |  |  |
| Beekman |  |  | Febe and A |  |  |  |
| Bowery | 200,000 | 24s,392 | Feb, and Aug. |  |  |  |
| okly | 153,000 | ${ }_{\text {123,57\% }}^{241,521}$ | Jon and |  |  |  |
| tra | ${ }_{300}$ | ${ }_{378,440}$ | Jan. and do | ${ }^{\text {Jan. }}$ '67 ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 10 |  | 180 |
|  |  |  | Feb. and Ang. |  |  |  |
| into | 250,000 |  | Jan. and | ${ }^{\text {July }}$ '64 |  |  |
| mmerce ( N. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commerce (Ali', ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 100 | 400,000 200000 |  | Feb. and Ang. |  |  |  |
| Commercial.ili... ${ }^{\text {comman }}$ | ${ }_{250,000}$ |  | April and |  |  |  |
| Continental * ..... 1 |  |  | Jan. and J |  |  |  |
| Crn Exchange... ${ }^{5}$ |  |  | Jan. and Joly. | July ' |  |  |
| le |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Empire City..... ${ }^{100}$ | ${ }_{200}^{200}$ | 212,145 | Jan. and Jaly. | Ja |  |  |
| Exchang | 150,000 | 140 | and Aug |  |  | - |
| Firemen's......... 17 |  |  | and |  |  |  |
| men' |  |  | do |  |  | \%3 |
| emen | 200 | 215,079 | do | July |  |  |
| llati |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ard |  | 592,394 | an. and |  |  |  |
| crmania ......... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| reat |  |  | ${ }^{\text {Ja }}$ | Ja |  |  |
| Greenwich ......... ${ }^{\text {G0 }}$ |  | 186,176 | April and Oct. | Ayr. $65 . .5$ |  | 60 |
| rdia |  |  | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| Hamilta |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| nve | ${ }_{200,000}$ |  | do |  |  |  |
| Home....... ...... 100 | 2,000,000 |  | do |  |  | 5 |
| Hope ...... ...... $5_{50}^{50}$ |  | ${ }_{3}^{2529}$ | do |  |  | 13 |
| ward........... 100 | 200 | 201,216 | do |  |  |  |
| Import' |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indemnity | 150,000 | 1,024, 762 | F |  |  |  |
| Internatio | 1,200 | 1,024, |  |  |  |  |
| ferson | 200, | 245,984 | March and Sep |  |  |  |
| King's Co' | ${ }^{150,000}$ | 159,721 | Jan. and July. | Jan |  |  |
| fayett | 150,000 | 161, | do | Jan. |  |  |
| mar | 300, |  | do |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{200}^{150}$ | 260,264 | do |  |  |  |
| , | 1,000,000 | 1,423 | do |  |  |  |
| anhattan........ 100 | 500,000 |  | do | Jan. ${ }_{\text {Jan }}$ |  |  |
| Market*. | 200,000 200000 |  | do | Jan. '67\% ${ }^{\text {Jan }}$ |  |  |
| Mechanics ( $\mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{klyn}$ ) 50 | 150,000 | 150,135 | do | Jan. ${ }^{\text {. } 67 . .5}$ |  |  |
| Mercantile | 200,000 |  | do |  |  |  |
| rcantile | ${ }^{\text {e40 }}$ |  | do |  |  |  |
| Metropolitan* $+\ldots .100$ | 1,000, | 1,192,303 | do | July |  |  |
| ntank ( $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ 'yn). . . 50 | 150,000 | 150,646 | do | Jan |  |  |
| Nassan (B'klyn) ... 50 | 150,000 200,000 |  | do |  |  | 27 |
|  | 300,0 |  |  | Ja |  |  |
| N. Y. Efu | 220 |  | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,175,565 | Jan. and July. | Ja |  |  |
| North Ame |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| rth Riv |  |  | April and Oct. | Jan |  |  |
| Park .............. 100 | 200,000 |  | do | Jan |  |  |
| Peter | 150,000 | 17 |  | Jan. '67 ..5 |  |  |
|  | 1,000, | ${ }^{\text {998, } 687}$ | Jan. and July. | Jan |  |  |
| Relier |  | 188 |  | July '66. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| ablic | ${ }_{200}^{300}$ | 208, | ${ }_{\text {do }}$ |  |  |  |
| Rutge | 200, | 206 | Feb. and |  |  |  |
| Ma | 150,0 |  |  |  |  | 76 |
| St. Nic | 1,000,000 |  | Feb. and Aug. | Feb |  |  |
| andar | 200,000 | 230,903 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| Star ${ }_{\text {Sterling }}$ | 200 | 2177,915 |  | Jal |  |  |
| Sun Matuai + . . . 100 | ${ }^{500,000}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stayvesant $; \cdots$.... ${ }^{25}$ | 200,000 | 14 | Feb. and |  |  | 105 |
| Tradesmen's | ${ }_{250}^{150,0}$ | ${ }^{14250,831}$ |  |  |  | 10 |
| W | 400, | ${ }^{569,6}$ | Feb. and Ang. | ${ }^{\text {Fe}}$ |  | 115 |
| Washi | 287,400 | ${ }_{15}^{581}$ | Jan, and July. | n. |  | 98 |
| kers \& N. Y.. 100 | 500,00 | 550,30 | do | aly $06 . .5$ |  |  |

## Insurance.

## Marine \& Fire Insurance.

## OFFICE OF TAE COMMERCIAL MUTUAL

 Nos. 57 \& 59 William Streed, New York. January 23,1867, The Trustees, in conformity to tue Charter ot the Company, submit the following statement of its Preminm on R ontetandingDecember, 1865.................. 31 s Preminms received during the year ending 31:t December, i866 ..........

Total Premiums
$\$ 231,31002$
 506,6:1 26 Premiums marked off as earned for th
year ending 31st December, 1866.... $\qquad$

The Assets of the Company on the 31st December 1886, were as follows :
United States Stocks....... \$239,000 00 New York sitate, city and
other Stocks and Bonds,
and Loans on Stocks......255,713 18
Crash in Banks.............. 83,336 32-\$889,427 00 Insurance Scrip Accile receivalle. 242,55121 dry Notes, \&c., at estimated value... Salvare and Re-insarance claine. ..
the Company ...............
16,500 27 Interest at the rate of Six ifer Cent. per an-
num, on the ontetanding Certificates of Profits, will bo paid on and att r "uesday, the 12 th day of February, 1867 .
the Erip Dividend of Fifceen Per Cent., and premianis entitled $t$ ereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1866 , for which' 0 ertificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of My yext.
Atter reserving Six Hundred and Fifty Thousand Certificates of 1 rofits of the iesue of outatanding redeemed and paid to the holders thereor), or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday' the 12 h day of February next, from wrich date all interest at the time of payment and cancelled.
Moses Taylor,
Cnarles. I . Frosi,
Geo. B. Morewood,
Thomas B. Coddington,
Samuel U. F. Odell,
Henry S . Heniy,
William H. Brolie,
Henry W. Barstow,
James W. Phillips,
Willar I M. Newell,
Lewis S Benedict,
Stephen D. Harricon,
DAN, EL Benjamin P. Baker,

## HENRY D. KING B. HOLMES, Vice-President.

The Mercantile Mutual
ingurance company
No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. -
Assets, Jan. 1st, 1867...................... \$1,251,349 ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.
During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holdere,

IV CASH
a rebatement on premiums in lien of scrip. equivaTWENTY PER CENT.
Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, are equally prontable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits rethe stockhelders. This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most Favorabbe terms, incluaing Ris ks Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sold or
 pool.

TRUSTEESS.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { James Freeland, } & \text { D. Colden Murray, } \\ \text { Samuel Willets, } & \text { E. Haydock White }\end{array}$ RobertL. Taylor, $\quad$ N. Haydock White, William T. Frost, Daniel T. Willets,
William Watt, William Watt, Cornelins Grinnell, Joseph Slagg,
Jas. D. Fish, Jas. D. Fish, William Nelson, Jr., $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Geo. W. Hennings, } & \text { Charles Dimon, William Heye, }\end{array}$ Arancis Hathaway, Harold Dollner,
Aaron L. Reid, Earon L. Reid,
kLLWOOD WALTER, President CIIAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.
C. J. Despasd, Secretary.

## Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE
Atlantic
Mutual Insurance Co.,
NEW YORK, JANUARY $25 \mathrm{TH}, 1867$,
The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affirs on the 31st December, 1866:
Preminms received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1866, to 31st December, 1866
. $88,282,02126$ Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January. 1866...... $\qquad$ 2,183,325 15
Total amonnt of Marine Premiums. . $\$ 10,470,34631$ No Polices have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1866 to 31 st December, 1866..... \$7,632,236 70
Losses paid during the
same period........... \$5,683,895 05
Returns of Premiums and
Expenses.
\$1,194,173 23
The Company has the following Assets, viz.
United States and State of New York
Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks, $\$ 6,771,88500$ Loans secured by Stocks, and other-
wise .................................
$1,129,35000$ Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... Prem tomy, estimated Cash in Bank $\qquad$ 434,207 81
Total Amount of Assets.................
$\$ 12,536,30446$

Six per cenifinterest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and afier Tuesulay the Fifth of February next

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fifth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled.

A dividend of Twenty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned preminms of the Company, for the year ending 31 st December, 1866, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Second of April next.

By order of the Board,
J. H. CHAPMAN

Secretary.
trustees:

John D. Jones, Charles Dennia, W. H. H. M
Henry Coit, Wm. C. Pickersgill, Lewis Curtis, Lewis Curtis,
Charles H. Russell, Lowell Holbrook, R. Warren Weston, Royal Phelps, Caleb Barstow A. P. Pillot William E. Dodge Geo. G, Hobson, David Lane, James Bryce, Francis Skiddy, Daniel S. Miller. Robert L. Taylor,

Wm. Sturgis, Henry K. Bogert, Joshua J. Henry, Dennis Perkins, Joseph Gaillard, Jr J. Henry Burgy, Cornelius Grinnell, C. A. Hand, B.J. Howland, Benj. Babcock, Fletcher Westray, Robt. B. Minturn, Jr. Gordon W, Burnham, Frederick Chauncey, James Low George S. Stephenson, William H. Webb. Paul Spofford. Charles P. Burdett, Shephard Gandy.
JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President W. Hi. Hi. MIOORE, 2 d Vice-Pres't, J. D. HIEWHEETTI, 3 Vico-Pres'to

## Insurance.

Ho.pe
Fire Insurance Company, OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.
Cash Capitale - - $-\$ 200,00000$ Assets, MIarch $9,1866=252,55922$ Lotal Liablitirs ${ }^{\circ}=-=226,85000$
This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by
Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.
ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED
Hoard of Directors: HENKY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUAIMINGS, STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY, THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED, SCHUCHARDT. JACOB REESE,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, JOSEi'H GRAFTON,
L. B. NARD. D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON

HENRY S. LEVERICH.
TACOH REESE, President.
CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

## Security Insurance Co.,

No. 119 BROADWAY,
Cash Capital, One Million Dollars, $(\$ 1,000,000$.
FIRE AND INHAND INSURANCE. A. F. HASTINGS, President

Frank W. Ballard, Secretary.

## Germania Fire Ins. Co.,

 NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.CASHI CAPITALg............ \$500,000 00
SURPLUS, Jan. 18t, 1867 ....... 240,482 43
TOTAL ASSETTS .......... \$840,482 43
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.
JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

## Niagara Fire Insurance

 COMIPANY.NO. 12 WALL STREET.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { CASH CAPITAL, } \\ \text { SURPLUS, JANUARY } \\ \text { ist, }, 1865 \ldots . . . . . & \$ 1,000,000 \\ 270,353\end{array}$ Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.
Hanover Fire Insurance COMIPANY,
No. 45 WALL STREET. Jandary 1st 1866.
Cash capital
$\$ 400,00000$
Surplus.................................. $\frac{156,30398}{\$ 556,303} \frac{1}{98}$

BENJ. S. WALCOTT,
J. Bemben Lane, Secretary.

The Mutual Life InsuRANCE COMIPANY OF NEW YOIRK. EASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, over \$16,000,000 00 IFREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Eecretaries, \} JOHA MBBATT. STUART.
Actuary. SHEPPARD HOYA grg.

## Marine Insurance.

 The Insurance Company of North INCORPORATED 1794 . CAPITAL $\$ 500,000$. Askets, Jan. 8, $1867, \$ 1,763.28723$.Risks made binding and losses adjusted and paid

CATEIN \& SATTERTHW NAITF, Agents.

## PRICES CURRENT．

4 In addition to the duties noted below，a discrim nnating duty of 10 per cent．ad val．is levied on all imports under fafgs that have no
OV On all goods，vares，and mer chandise，of the growth or produce of
Countries East of the Cape of Good Countries East of the Cape of Good
Hope，when imported from places thi Hope，when imported from places this of 10 per cent．ad val．is levied in ad dition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growoth or produc
tion ；Raw Cotton and Razo Silk excepted tion；＇Raw Cotton and Ravo Silk excepted．
The tor in all pases to be 2.240 Do．

 Pearl，1st sort．．．．．．．．．．．． 11 75＠18 75 Beesvivax－Duty， 20 靯 cent ad val．
American yellow．植 10
40 Bones－Duty：on invoice 10 \％ct． Kio Grande shin 88 ton40 00 ＠ Hread－Duty， 30 \％cent ad val．
Pilot．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．to ．．©
 Breads
Brickso bard．．per M． 1300 O 1400 Crotinn．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 18 c0＠20 00
Philadelphis Fronts．．．．．．．
075
00 Bristles－Duty， 15 cents ；hogs hair 1 \％\＄
Amer＇n，gray \＆wh．柈ib 65＠ 250 Butter and Cheese．－Duty： 4 cents．
N．Y State－Fresh pails Firkins．．．．．．．．．．
Half tirkia 1 ubs Welsh tubs，prime Welsh tubs，sucond
North Pennsylvan：a－
Firkins
Western Reserve－Fir
Western States－Kin Firkins，：nd quality
Fhese－Dactory Dairies． Farm Dairies． $\qquad$

$\qquad$
 do Common． $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{ll}14 @ & 17 \\ 10 @ & 14\end{array}$ Candles－Duty，tallow，2t；sperma－ mantine， 5 cents Sperm，patent，．af it Stearic ． $\begin{array}{ll}49 @ \\ 33 @ & . \\ 30 @ & 8 \\ 20 @ & 2\end{array}$ Cement－Rosendale⿻丷⿻二丨䒑巾bl2 000 225


Coal－Duty，bituminous，$\$ 125 \%$ ton of 28 bushels 80 If to the bushel；
other thañ bituminous， 40 cents कf 28 bushels of 80 ID 99 bushel．
Liverpool Orre
 Cardiff steam．
Liverpo 1 Ga，Cain $\rightarrow$ ．
Cocoa－Duty， 3 cents 夗 ID．

 Coffee．－See special report．
Copper－Duty，pig，bar，and ingot， factured， 35 7乃 cent ad val．；sheathing copper and yellow metal，in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide，
weighing $14 @ 34 \mathrm{oz}$ ， weighing 14 （3） 34 oz ．\％square foot，
3 cents 4 B ib． 3 ceats $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Sheathing，new．．f } \\ \text { Sheathing，yellow．．．．．} & 38 \text {＠} & 27 & 40 \\ \text { Belt }\end{array}$ Borts．． Braziers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．8id＠ 40 Baltimor Portage Lake
Cordage－Duty，tarred 3．．．． Manila，21 $2 \frac{1}{2}$ other untarred， $3 \frac{1}{2}$ cents M ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~m}$ ． Tarred Russia．． Tarred American
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Corks－Duty，} 50 \text { er cent ad val．} \\ \text { Regular，quarts\％gross } & 55 \text {＠} & 70 \\ \text { Rinepal } & 70 & 70\end{array}$ Minera
Phisl．
Cotton－See spevial report．
Drugs and Dyes－Duty，Alcohol，
 ents \％Io ；Arsenic and Assafoodati， ；Antimony，Orude and Regrlas， 10；Arrowroot， 80 eg cent sd val．； Belaam Peru， 50 cents \％ 10 ；Calisaya
 Bleaching Powder， 80 cents \％ 100 D Refined Borsk．${ }^{10}$ cents $\%$ ID Crnde Brimstone， 86 ，Roll Brimstone， 10 hur， 820 \％ton，an 30；Refined Camphor， 40 cents \％In．
Carb．Ammonia， 20 cent ad vai． Carb．Ammonia， 20 cent ad val． Cardamoms and Castor Oil，$\$ 1$ qig gallon；Chlo Citr Tartar， Cutch，10；Chamomile Flowers， 20桇 cent ad val．；Epsom Salts， 1 cent Benzols and Gamboge 10 \％cent Ginseng，20；Gum Arabic， 20 \％cen ad Val．；Gum Benzoin，Gum Kow rie，and Gum Damar， 10 cents per it Gum Myrrh，Gum Senegal，Gum centad val．；Hyd．Potash and Resub limed lodine， 75 ；Ipecac and Jalap ©0；Wic．Paste，10；Manna， 25 ； 0 i 50 cents O amon，and Oil Orange， mot，$\$ 1$＇$\%$ in ；Oil Peppermint， 50 \＆if cent ad val．；Opium，\＄250；Oxalic Acid， 4 cents $\&$ fo Phosphorus， 20 （10w， 5 ；Red do， 10 ；Rhubarb， 50 cents 10w，5；Red do， 10 ；Rhubarb，cocents val．；Sal Eratus，1，conts \％\＃t ；Sal Soda，to cent \％it ；Barsaparilla and
 10；Noda Ash，䘱；Sugar Lead， 20 cents val．；＇Sulph．Morphine，$\$ 250$ \％ 8 oz Tartaric Acid，20；Verdigris， 6 cents \％ID；Sat Ammoniac， 20 ；Blue Vit－
riol， 25 \％cent ad val．；Etherial Pre－ parations and Extracts，\％1 \％\％in ；all others quoted below PREE
Acid，Citric．．．．（gold）is © 57 Alcohol．．．．．．．．．8 gall． 4 Aloes，Socotrine．．
Alum．．
Annato，fair to prime． Antimony，Regulus of Argols，Refined Arsenic，Powdered
Assafoetida
Balsam Copai
Balsam Tolu．．．．．．．．．．． Baisam Peru．．．． 24
25
24
64
11
22
38
24
25
$\cdots$ Berries，Persian．．．．．．．．
Bi Carb．Soda，New－ Bi Chromate Potash．．．． Borax Refined
Brimstons．Crude ton $\ldots . . . . . .$. （gold）． 4 Brimstond，ilor sul． Camphor，$\quad$ i．．．．．．．．．（in bond）．．．．．．．．．gold
Camphor，icained．．．．． Cantharidos os．A inmoni Cardamoms，Malabar． Castor Oil
Chamomile
Nos ow gitid Chamomilorate Potash（gold） Caustic Soda．
Carraway Need
Coriander Seed
Cochineal，Hon（go
Cochineal，Mexic＇n（g＇d
Cream Tarar，pr．（gold）
Cubebs，East 1r．jian．．． Cutch．
Epsom salts．
Extract Logwoo
Flowers，Benzoin． F \％．．．． Gambier．
Gamboge
Ginseng，south\＆West． Gum Arabic，Picked．．
Gam Benzoin ．．．（gold） Gum Kowrie．．
Grin dedda，
Gnm Myrrh，East india Gum Myrrh，Cast India Gum Senegal ．．．．（gold） Gum Tragacanth，Sorts Gum Tragacanth，w．
flakey．．．．．．．．．．．．and
Hyd．Potash，Fr．and Hyd．Potash，Fr．And Iodine，Resublimed．．． Ialap．．．
Lar Dye．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Licorice Paste，Calabria Licorice Paste Spanish
Solid．
Licorice Pasio．．．．．．．．．．． Madder，Dutch．．（gold）
do，French，EXF．F．do
anna，large fike．．．． Manna，small flake．．． Mustard Seed，Trieste．
Nutgalls
Oil Anis．
Oil Cassia．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

Oll Lemon．
Oif Peppermint i．．．．． 875 ＠ 400 Opium，Turkey．（gold） 66

## Oxalic Acid Phosphorus．

Prussiate Potash
Qhabarb，Chi
Shubarb，China．（gold） 80
Salaratus．
Balam＇n
Salam＇n ac，Bef（gold）
Bal Soda．Noweastle． Sarsaparilla，Hond． Sarsaparilla，Mex．．
Seneca Root．
Senna，Alexandria．
Bhe？Lac．
Boda Ash（80\％8c．）（g ld
Sugar L＇d，W＇e（god）． Sulp Quinine，Amfo Sulphate Morphine．．． Tapioca．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

Duck－Duty， 30 \％cent ad v Ravens，Light．．\％pee 16 00＠18 Ravens，Heavy．．．．．．．． 2000
Scotch，G＇ck，No． 00 Cotton，No．1．．．．幽 у． 80 ＠
DYe Woods－Duty free． Fustic，Cuba．．．．．．． Fustic，Savanilla（gold）：20 50 © 810
 Logwood，Laguna（g．ild） 100 ＠3： 00
 Logwood，Cam．（gpld）． 25 E0＠ Limswood Barwood ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．id） $3000{ }_{00}^{@} 1.000$
Feathers－Duty： 30 \％centad val． Prime Western．．．8 in su © 95

Fish－Duty，Mackerel，\＄2；Herrings \％bbl．；on other Fish，Fickled，Smok－ ed，or Dried，in smaller pkgs．than bar－ rels， 50 cents．$\% 100 \mathrm{mb}$ ．
Dry Cod ．．．．．．每 cwt． 5 ＜0＠ 600
 Macker
shore
 Mackerel，No． 1, Bay．． 1750 ＠1s to Mackerel，No．2，Bay．．1， 75 ＠17 00 Mac＇el，No．3，Ma：s．l＇ge ．．．．．＠ $14 \ddot{2} 5$
 Mackerel，No．8，Mass．
Salmon，Pickled，No． 1.4000
0 Salmon，Pickled，No． $1.4000 @ 4: 00$
Sa mon， Hi kled．p．tc． $4: 100$＠55 00 Herring，Scaled fo box．4：${ }^{2}$
 Flax－Duty：\＄15 \％ton．
Fruits－See special report
Furs－T Daıy， 10 \％cent

 Badger
Cisher，
Fox，suver ……．．．．． 400 ＠ 800

do Gre
Lynx．．．．．
do palu．．．．．．．．．．．． $500 \mathrm{Q}_{2} 00$
Mask
Otter
Opossum

Class－Duty，Cylinder or Window $2 \frac{1}{\frac{2}{2}}$ cents $\%$ square foot；larger and not over $16 x \cdot 24$ inches， 4 eants $\frac{P}{P}$
square foot；larger and not over 24 $x 39$ inches 6 cents $\% 3$ square foot above that，and not exceeding $94 x 60$
 above that， 40 cents $\% 8$ square fool
on unpolished Cylinder，Crown，and on unpolished Cylinder，Crown，and 15 inches square， $1 \frac{1}{8}$ ；over that，and not over $16 \times 24,2$ ；over that，and not
over $24 \times 30,2 \frac{1}{4} ;$ all over that， 8 cents over ${ }^{\text {In }}$ ．
merican Windono－1st，2d，8d，and 4th qualitios


$18 x 19$ to $12 x \times 8$ ．
$18 \times 22$ to $20 \times 30$.
$20 \times 31$ to $24 \times 30$ ．
$24 \times 31$ to $24 \times 36$ ．
$25 \times 36$
$80 \times 46$
to
$30 \times 44$
$32 \times 1$
$32 \times 50$ to $82 \times 56$ ．
English and french Win

$8 \times 11$ to $10 \times 15$
 650
700
750
200
1800
1500
1600
1800 Groceries－Sce
Gunny ifags－Duty，valued at if
conts or less， 9 square yard， 3 ；ove
 Csicuta，light \＆ $\mathrm{h}^{\prime} \mathrm{y}$ \＄ 22 （a） 22 Cumny Gloth－IUuty，valued at 1
cents or less ${ }_{8}^{8}$ square yard，3；ove Calontta，standard，v＇d 23 a Cumpowder－Duty，valued at 20 $20 \%$ cent ad val． in， 10 cents $\%$ \％and 20 \％\％centad va Blasting（A）${ }^{2}$ 25朝 keg
Riffe．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． ters 靬青．．．．．．．．．

## Hair－Duty fere．

BioGrande，mixedif it
40 （3） 110 Buenos Ayres，mixed
Hog Wis
$\begin{array}{ll}88 & 84 \\ 82 & 83 \\ 12 & 16\end{array}$ Hardware－
Axes－Cast steer，best
biand ．．．．．．．．erd d． 2
do ordina．．．．Fer d：
Carpe＇ter＇s Adzes，．．．．
do ordinary．．．

Shingling Hatchets，
do 1 to3．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800 ＠ 90

 do Sri．Hopper．．．．． 427 ＠10 51 Nurruw Wrovgit Butis \＄ist 5 \％dis
Cast Butt Cast butt－Fast Joint．List 10 \％adv．
 Door B．lts，Cast Boi
Carriage and Tire Bolts List 20 分 dis
List Carriage and THre Bolts
Liet 40 or dis
Diss and Latches List $7 \%$ dis
 Parlocks ．．．．．．New List 20877 \＆dis Locks－Cabinet，Eagle 5 gadr． St．cks and Dies．．．．．．．．． Li t $85 \%$ dis 3crew Wrencuts－Coe＇s List 20 \＆dis
 Framing Chisels．．．．．．Old List 25 ，kadv
Eirmer to in set． birmer do in sets．List 40 gadv．
in sets
in sets．．．．．．．．．． in sets．．．．．．．．．．．．List 40 kadv．
Augur Bitts $\ldots \ldots$ List $20 \%$ dis
Short Augurs，per dz．NewList $10 \%$ dis
 Cut Krads．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Kivet，Ir $\because$ n．．．．．．．．．．．．．ist $2880 \%$ \％dia
 do Engrish．．．．．．．．List 20 \＆dis
Shovels snd Spades．．．
List 5 \＆dis …．．．̈ist 30 ³ $3^{8} 8$ Hay－North River，in bales\％ 100 IDs Hemp－Duty，Russian， 840 ；Manila， Si5；Jute，$\$ 15 ;$ Italian，$\$ 40 ;$ 8nian 1 cent 笋 10
A mer．Dressed．Fif ton 870 no＠885 00
do Undressed 275
$00 @ 280$
 Sisal

101（2） 10 Hides－Duty，all kinds，Dry or Salt－
ed and Nkins 10 \％s cent ad val．
 Contry sl＇ter trim．\＆ 11 ＠
City do do
B．A．\＆Rio Ar．Kis SierraLfone ．．．do
Gambia \＆Sissau do
 Honey－Duty， 20 cent sal：on．
Oubs（duty paid）（gri
Hopinay
部

Horns－－Duty， 10 \％cent．ad val．
Ox，Rio Grande．．． 8 C 10 co＠ 1050 Ox，Buenos Ayres．．．． $800 @ 1000$ India Rubber－－Duty， 10 \％cent． ${ }^{\text {ad val．}}$ Para，Fine
 $\begin{array}{ll}72 \text {＠} & 75 \\ 60 @ & 65 \\ 42 @ & 45\end{array}$

Indigo－Duty FREF．

 Guatemala
Lron－Duty，Bars， 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents $\% \mathrm{\# B}$ ．
Railroad， 70 cents $\% 100 \mathrm{~m}$ ；Boiler

 Pig，$\$ 9$ 解 ton；Polished Sheet， 3 conts © Pl ，Scotch，No 1
Pig，American，No ton $4200 @ 4500$
 Bar，Refodes，assorted
sizes（ingold）．．．．．．． $9500 @ 10000$ Bar Swedes，assorted sizes
，Enghishand A．．．．．．． ican，Refined． do do do Common10 $50 @ 11750$
 Band．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．（142 50
 Nail Rod．

## ail Rod．．

Sheet，Single，Double
and Treble，Double 16

 Vory－Duty， 10 f centad val． | Kast India，Prime |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| East Ind， |  |  |
| to | 8 | $2 *$ | $\begin{array}{llll}\text { African，W．C．，Prime } & 3 & 25 @ & 30 \\ \text { African，Scrivel．，W．C．} & 2 & 00 @ & 20\end{array}$ Lead－Duty，Pig，\＄2 100 mb ；Old Lead， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{P} \mathrm{fb}$ ．


 English．．． Pipe and Sheet．．．．net ．．．＠10 25 Ceather－Duty：sole 35，upper 30
盃 cent ad val．
， 1

Lime－Duty： $1 \theta$ 解 cent ad val．

Sumber，Woods，Staves，etc． －Dtaves，io \％cent ad val．；Rosewood and Cedar，free．
Spruce，East．₹f M ft 1850 ＠ 2100
 White Pine Box B＇ds

 Poplar and vi e Twood B＇s \＆Plk． 5500 ＠ 650 J Cherry B＇ds \＆Plank 8000 ＠ 9090
Oak and Ash．．．．．．． $6000{ }_{6}^{9} 0500$ Oak and Ash．．．．．．． 85000
Maple and Birch
Black Walnut．．．． 1000000
400

## Black Walnu STAVES－ <br> Whts oak，plipe，．．ano  $\begin{array}{lll}\text { do } & \text { plpe，light．} & \cdots \\ \text { do } & \text { pipe，culls．} 120 \\ \text { do } & \text { hhd，extra．} \\ \text { do } & \text { hhd．hervy }\end{array}$ | $@ 200$ |
| :--- |
| $@ 180$ |
| 00 |
| $@ 250$ |
| 20 | hhd．，heavy   bbl．，extra．．． bbl．，heav bbl，light do bbl．，culls．． Eid oak，hhd．，h＇vy． ISADING Hh Hhit．White <br> Mahogany，Cetar，Rosc＝ vood－Daty iree． <br> 



Naval Stores－Duty：spirits of
turpentine 30 cents $q$ quilon Trpentine，rosin，pitch，and tar， 20萓 cent ad val
 Plich．．
Bosin．
Bosin，common
do strainedan ino． 2.
do Paie and Extra
（250 lbs．）．．．．．．．．．．．
 Oakum－Duty fr．，本 ib 910 ．11 Dil Cake－Duty： 20 靬 centad val． City thin obl＇g，in bbls．
do in bags． 56 00 00 ＠6 00 West．thin obl＇g，do 5250 ＠ Oils－Duty：linseed，flaxseed，and rape seed， 23 cents；okise and salad
oil，in bottles or flasks，$\$ 1:$ burning gluid， 50 oents 78 gallon；palm，seal， and cocoa nut， 10 of cent ad val． sperm and whale or other fish（for eign fisheries，） 20 क्ष cent ad val Olive，qs（gold）per case 6 co＠
do in casks．$\%$ g gall．． 160 do in casks．\％gall．． 160 ＠ $\xrightarrow{\text { Palm }}$
Whaled，city．．．．98 gall．i $35 @ 137$ do refined winter． Sperm，crude do do unbleach． Led oil，city distilled
Bank．．

Paints－Duty：on white lead，red lead，and litharge，dry or ground in whiting， 1 cent $\%$＇to；dry ochres， 56 \％to ；ochre，ground in oil，\＄8 50 \％ 100 China clay，$\$ 5$ fo ton；Venetian red white chalk，$\$ 10$ \％ton Litharge，City．．．．䇙扣
Lead，red，City．．．．－－ do white，American，
pure，in oil．．．．．．． pure，dry．．．．．．．．．．．
Zinc，white，American， do white，American， do white，American，
No．in oll ．．．．．．
ori．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． dry．．．．．．． do gr＇din oil．${ }^{\text {fop }} \mathrm{mb}$
 $100 \mathrm{~m}, \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 120$＠ 150

 Vermilion，Chinese
do Trieste 10.
do Cal．\＆Eng．．
do American．． Venet．red（N．C．）Fiplet 300 So Carmine，city madeff to $1600 @ 325$

 Chrome
Barytes Petroleum－Duty：crude， 20 cents Crude，40＠47grav．${ }^{\text {fogal }}$

 Plaster Paris－Duty：lump，free； Blue Nove Scotis？tor

 Jalcined ，ciip mills．．
Provisions－Duty：beef and pork，
1 ct ： $1 a \mathrm{~ms}$ ，bacon，andlard， 2 ts ${ }^{4} \mathrm{tb}$ ． Boef，plain mess 9 fbl bl． 1200 ＠ 1800 do extra mess．．．．．． $1700 @ 2000$
Pork，mess，new．．．．．． 2100
$@ 22$
00
do prime，do．．．．．．． $17{ }^{17}{ }^{11} @_{@ 17}^{25}$ Iams，．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1: @$
$111 @$
9 Rice－Duty：cleaned $2 \frac{1}{c}$ cents \％$\%$ Ib．；
 Carolina．．．． Salt－Duty：sack， 24 cents 姨 100 ID butk， 18 sents 100 mb ．
Cadiz．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 It
 do fine，Northingt＇s Onondaga，com．fine bls．
do do 210 Ib bgs． do do
Solar coarse．．．．．．．．．．

## Fine screcned

f．F．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
saltpetre－Duty：crude， 2 refined and partialiy refined， 3 cents；
nem nitrate soda， 1 cent ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{ftb}$ ．
Refined，pure．．．．． fo ．
Refined，pure．．．．．解 to $\because 9$＠ 16 Crude ．．．gold 34 Seeds－Duty：linseed， 16 cts；hemp
 ad val．
Timothy，reaped
 inseed，Am．clean $\boldsymbol{q}^{2}$ tce 425 ＠ 475
 Shot－Duty： 27 cents \％its． Drop
Silk－Duty：free．All thrown silk， 35 \％cent．
Tsatlees，No．1＠3．\％登 1200 ＠12 is Taysaams，superior，
No． $1 @$
ium，No3＠4
Canton，re－reel．No1＠2 Japan，superior．
$1 c 0$＠115 $900 @$
9
9 25 China＿thrown．．．．．．．．．．1200 1200＠13 00
Skins－Duty： 10 \％f cent ad val．

| Goat，Curacoaf8 io gold | 40 （3） | 44 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| do Buenos A．．．go！d | 82 ＠ | 34 |
| do Vera Cruz．．geld |  |  |
| do Tampico．．．gold | ．．© |  |
| do Matamoras．gold |  |  |
| do Payta．．．．．．gold | 52 （a） | （1） |
| do Madras，eac cash | 50 （1） | 52 |
| do Cape．．．．．．．cash | 27 （1） | －0 |
|  |  |  |
| do Bolivar ．．．gold |  | 4 |
| do Honduras．．gold | 57 ＠ |  |
| do Sisal．．．．．．．．gold | 55 ＠ |  |
| do Para．．．．．．．gold | 62！${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| do Vera Cruz ．gold |  |  |
| do Chagres ．．．gold |  |  |
| do Puerto Cab．gold | ．．＠ |  |

Soap－Duty： 1 cent $\% \mathrm{Zb}$ ，and 25 \％ cent ad val．
Castile．．．．．． ．．如 1b． 17 （18）17 Spelter－Daty：in pigs，bars，and Plates，foreign 得吾 gold
 Spices．－See special report． Steel－Duty：bars and ingots，valued at 7 cents 78 to or under， $2 \frac{1}{4}$ cents；
over 7 cents and not above 11,3 cts

 German ．．．．．．．．．．． Amer．c．n cast．． English，spring． English machinery． $\begin{array}{ll}12 @ & 15 \\ 19 @ & 12 \\ 101 @ & 12\end{array}$ Sumac－Duty： 10 \％cent ad val． Sugar．－See special report
Tallow－Duty ： 1 cent $\%$ its．
 Teas．－See special report．
Tin－－Duty：pig，bars，and block， 15 \％ cerne plates． 25 per and sheets and Bancs．．．．．林 io（gold） 231 （1） 24
 English do I．C．Coke．．．． 1100 01 1350 do Terne Charcoali： 00 ＠12 50
Tobacco．－See sperial report． Whalebone－Duty：foreign fish－ p．c． South Sea $\ldots \ldots .$. if in $\ldots$.
North west coast．．．．．．． Ochotsk
Polar．．
Wines and Liquors－Liquors gallon ：Brandy，first proof，$\$ 3$ per gaty other liquors，$\$ 2.00$ ．Winss－
lon 20 cents $\%$ gallon and $25 \%$ ad valorem；over 5 and not over 100 valorem；over \＄1 \％gallon，


$\stackrel{\text { Val．}}{ } \quad$ to $18 \ldots \ldots 15 \& 5 \%$ ct．off list
 No． 27 to $36 \ldots 30$ \＆ 5 \％ct．off lis

Wool－Duty：costing 12 cents or les $9 \mathrm{Ib}, 8$ cents fb ；over 12 and not
more than 24,7 cents；over 24 and mot over 32,10 ，and 10 g cent ad val orem；over 32， 12 cents 98 cent ad valorem ；on the skin， 20 \＆cent ad val．



## Insurance.

## ETNA

## Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD.

fncorporated 1819.... $\qquad$ ...Charter Perpetual. CAPITALA........ $\qquad$ ....... \$3,000,000.

## L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets January 1, 1867, \$4,478,100 74 Liabilities .................... 394,97696

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.
NEW YORK A GENCY,
NO. 62 WALL STREETI
JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

## Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

 (insubanor buildinge,) 49 WALL STREET.ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1865 - $\$ 2,716,42432$ DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.
This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.
Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.
EDW ARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't.
Isaac H. Walker, Sec'y.

## Commercial Cards.

## E.R.Mudge,Sawyer\&Co.

 AGENTS FORWASHENGTON MIHES, BURLINGTON WOOLEN CO., CHICDPEE MANUF:CO., VICTORY MIANUF, CO., MHLTTON MHLLSS,
Nog. 43 \& 45 WHITIE STRREETI.
Wilson, Son \& Co., Late of Lynchburg, Va.
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