 A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, representing the industrial and commercial interests of the united states.

VOL. 4.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1867.
NO. 83.

Bankers and Brokers.
D. B. Hatch, $\}$ Late with Fisk \& Hatch. F. A. Jornson, Jr.,
$\mathrm{H}_{\text {atch, }}$, Foote \& Co., HANKERSS
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURI-
TIES, GOLD, \&e. No. 11 WAHL STREET,
Two doors from New Street. NEW YORK. Fisk \& Hatch, N.Yerences: Fisk \& Hatch, N. Y Jay Coore \& Co., N. Y. John Bloodgood \& Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. DEALERS IN GOVERNMIENT AND OTMHIER SECURETIES.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Carrenof, subject to check at sight, and particular atten-
tiongiven to accounts of country banks and bankers.
A. C. Graham,

HANEER ANDEEOKER, 3 BROAD STREET. NEW YORK, Wore bealer in
Forelgn and Domestic Exchange, Southern Bills on London and Paris, Bills on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.
Tyler, Wrenn \& Co., NO. 18 WAKELRSTREET Buy and Seli at most liberal rates, GQ VERN MENT sale of Stocks. Bonds and Gold prompty execated. sale of Sitky UHEMIANN di CO.g Chicago.

Riker \& Co.,
mbokbritin mining stocks, no. 6 new strebt and 80 broadmar: SOUTHERN BANE NOTES.

- Edwin Q. Bell,

BANEIEANBEREKER, In Southern Securities and Bank Bills. 80 BROADWAY \& 5 NEW STRERT, - Nov Tork.

Southern Collections.
Harkison, Garth \& Co., mankers,
Ho. 18 NEw strebrr, New yori.
Herrison, Godila \& Apperson, Baineers and Brokera,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Collections made on all accessible Southern points.
W. H. Whittingham,
unisfor No, 8 Brona streot,
相
thiterapha
RAITRAD
AND ALI DTHER stocks
Woight and sold on Commisision. AND GOLD
Quotations and saleb liets farnished dally on appli.
ation. Orders promptly executed.

## , Bankers and Brokers.

Satterlee \& Co., 70 BROADWAT \& 15 New STREET.

## STOCKS AND BONDS

BOUGET AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
anc vabiaties.
T. M. Morgan. T. A. Lathror. Wm. H. Catlin. Morgan, Lathrop \& Co., sтоскs,

$$
\mathrm{rs}_{\boldsymbol{s}}^{\text {coup, }} \text {, ANo }
$$

govenninent securtites, Boarght man solit on Commastion
 Now york.

L. S. Watkins, no. 11 broad strber, new york, BANEER,
And Dealer in all Classes of Govern-
ment Securities and Cold.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and British America.
Gilliss, Harney \& Co., BANKERS.
NO. 24 EREAD STHECTOT
Buy and Sell at Market Rates.
ALE UNITED STATES SECURETHES. Solicit account from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and ethers, and allow intérest on daily balances, Make coliections on favo rable iermas, And promptly execute orders for the l'urchase or
Sale of Gold, state, Federal and Railroad Securities.
M. K. Jesup \& Company,

BANKERS AND MIEROTIANTS,

## INegotiate 84 BRUADWAY.

Negotiate and Loams for Railroad Conos Contract for
Caris, ette.,
and pndortake
all buginess connected with Raillurays.
Hasciett McKim. Robt. MaKim. Jno. A. McKn.
McKim, Bros. \& Co., BANKERE,
62 WA LI: STMENES.
Interest alowed on deposits aubject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

## Gelston \& Bussing, BANKGRES \& REOKERES <br> Air orders receive our Personal Attention. WM. J. GELsTON:

## Bankers and Brokers.

Duncan, Sherman \& Co., BANE ERE,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS, Issum CIRCULAR NOTEG ANN MIRCULAR LETTERS For the use of Travelers ancuac and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also, COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe east of the Cape of Good Hope,
West Indies, South America, and the United States West Indies, South America, and the United States.
Vermilye \& Co., BANEEES。
No. 44 Wall street. New York, Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a
UNTTEDSTATES STOCES• neludina
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent $5-\% 0$ Bonds of 1862,
$\begin{array}{lll}6 \\ 6 & \text { Per Cent } 5-20 & \text { Bonds of } \\ 6 & 1866, \\ 1864,\end{array}$
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
5 Per Cent Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, \& 3d series : 6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.
New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN;
MENT STOCKS TO BANKS ANB BANKERS
MENT STOCKS TO BANKS ANO BANKERS
Compound Interest Notes of 1864 \&
1865 Bought and Sold.
VERMILYE \& CO.

## Western Bankers.

L. A. Benoist \& Co., BANKERA,
ST. HOUIS, MISEOURE,
Buy and Sell Eizchange on an the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

Scotт \& Co.,
Hateseot, Kerracoog BANKERS,
LEAVEN WORTH, KANSAS.
LuOEEN SOOTT.
Lfman scott.
The Marine Company
J. Young Soammon ................ President.

Robirt Reid............. .. ....Manager.
General Ranking and Collectione promptly attended to.
NORTHE-WHSTLEREN STATEES
Geo. C. Smith \& Bro., .48 LASALLE BT, chicago, - (Lake Bank of Montreal.)

Special attention given to collectiong.
Draw on-Drexel, Winthrop \& Co. and Winglow,
Lanier \& Co., New York; Drezel a Co.; Philadel Lanier \& Co., Neiv York; Drezel \& C
phia, and Bant of Montreal, Canada.

Bankers and Biokers.
Fourth National Bank.
Capital
$\$ 5,000,000$
NASSAUU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET.
All the Government $\mathbf{7}$,onns for sale

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

## Central National Bank,

 318 BROADWAY.Capital ............ $83,000,000$.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bondslity and Country accounts received on terms mos favorable to our Correspondents.
Collections made in all parts of the United State and Canadas.

3iWILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President. WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.
Tenth National Bank. Capital..
. $\$ 1,000,0 \times 0$
No. 240 BROADWAY.
Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers' and Dealers' Accounts solicited.
J. h. Stout, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President.

The Tradesmens NATIONAL BANK. 291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL
$\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. RICHARD BERRY, President. ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.
C. POWELL, GREEN \& CO.

Bankers \&z Commission MERCPANTE
38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold Wilson, Callaway 8 Co.,
BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 44 iBroad Street, N. Y.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers, and others allowed 4 per cent. on
deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotdeposits. The most liberal advances made on Coton, Tobacco, \&c, consigned to ourselves or to our correspond
Liverpool.
Jones \& Westervelt, HANKERS \& BROKERS, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds; and Gold, bought and sold on COMMERCIAL COMPER AND LOANS OF GOLD NOS. AN NEUV \& 14 BBROAD STHREETS.

## Drake Brothers,

STOCIK BROKEIRS ANE BANKLERS, NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, Bay and Se'l on Commission Government Securities, Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.
Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Dratt. Dividends and Int ${ }^{-}$rest collected and Investments made. Orders Promplly Executed.
Warren, Kidder \& Co., No. 4 WALLEKIERES NEW YORK.
Orders for stockA, Bonds, and Gold promptly exe-
FOUR PER CENT' INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, suhject to check at sight.

## John Cockle \& Son, BROKEIES

Hin Foreign Fxchange, Honds, Notes, dec.ade.
82 PINE STREET, NEW YORK. References.-Moses Taylor; John Munroe \& Co ; , Savage, U.S. Ap raiser; W. Cockle, Peoria, III.;

So:athern Bankers.

## National

Bank of the Republic, 809\& 811 CHESTNUT STREETT, PHILADELPRIA,
Capital. $\qquad$ Bankers on liberal terms.

DIREOTORS
Joseph T. Bailey,
Nathan Hilles,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr
Edward B. Orne, Benjamin Rowland, Jr Wiliam Ervien, Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt, William H Rhawn
Whliam H. RHawn, President,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.
Josepir P. Mumpord, Cashier,
Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.
George Butler', BANKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, GALVESTON, TEXAN
(Established in 1847.)
Collections prompt:y attended to and remitted for by Sight Drafts on Messrs. Duncan, Sherman \& Co., Bankers, New York.
References in New York:-Duncan Sherman \& Co; I. H. Frothingham, Esq. Pres't. Union Trust Co.; $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Moses Taylor, Esq.; } \\ \text { Rank of H. Howry, } & \text { Esq., } & \text { Pres't. } \\ \text { R. }\end{array}$ Bank of Rep
Clatin \& Co.
ofice in New York No. 71 EBroadway.
ROB'T H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROB'T T. BROOKE
R. H. Maury \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS
No. 1014 MIAIN ST., RICHMIOND, VA. Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, \&c., bought and sold on commission.
Deposits received and Collections made on ible. points in the United States.
N. Y. Correspondent, VErmin \& Co.
Jas. M. Muldon \& Sons,
No. 52 St. Francis St., MIobile, Ala. Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonde, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.
Babcock Bros. \& Co., Bankers, New York. Goodyear Bros. \& Drirand, Bankers, New York E. H. Bulkly - Co., Brokers, New York. Byrd \& Hall, New York.
Martin, Bates \& Co., Merchants, New York.
Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wo'ff Geo. D. H. Qillespie, late Woift \& Gillespie. Henry A Hurlburt, late Swift \& Hurlbert.
Home Insnrance Company ot New York.
New York Lifé̃ Insurance Company. Aetna Insurance Company of Gartford Underwriters Agency New York,
Ch irles Walsh. Pre:ident Bank of Mobile Chirles Walsh. Pre-ident Bank of Mobile.
Henry A Schroeder, Pres. Sonthern Bank of Ala.
T. H. MćMahan \& Co. COMMISSION MEFICHANTS and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, baving prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGH ITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGH
EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES. National Park Bank HEFER TO Mowes \& Macy, and Spofford, Tileston \& Co., New York. Second National Bank and J. W. Seaver, Kisq. Boston. Drexel \& Co. and D. S. Stetron \& Co., Philadelphia. T. F and Jos. E. EIder \& Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler Stanard \& Co, Mobile. Pike, Zaperre \& Bro. New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwerth\& Cohen, Lon don and Liverpooi.

Charles D. Carr \& Co.,
BANKERSAND BROKERS, AUGUSTA, GA.
COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.

## Conner \& Wilson, a

No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.g BANEEIRS \& DEALERS
IN FOREIGN\& DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,SPECIE, Fepectal attention paid to Collectiome Reter to Duncen Sbermen \& Co New York Reter to Duncan, Sberman \& Co., New York;
Drexel \& Co. Philadelphia; Tho Franklin Bank, and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury \& Co Kichmond, Va., Charles D. Carr \& Co. Augusta, Ga,

## Southern Bankers.

## Washington.

EIRETENATIONALEANE OF WASFIFNGTON,
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke \& Co.), PRes't. WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.
Government Depository and Fimancial We buy and sell all classes of Governiment securitiles on the most favorable terms, and uiv esprcial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

解 at all times cheerfully furnished.

## Eastern Bankers.

Page, Richardson \& Co,


JOHN MIUNROED \& CO., PARIS.
Commizoial Credits for the purchase of Merchan Tise in England and the Continent: Traveluers Ceedits for the use of Travellera abroad.
Dupee, Beck \& Sayles, STOCK BROKERS,
No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENBY SAYLEE

## Western Bankers.

J.W. Ellis, Prest. Lbwis Worthington, V.-Prest. THEEIHETNATIONALEANE of Cincinnati.
Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTHE and promptly remitted for. Capital sirock \$1,000,000. Surplus Fund. \$250,000. B. Harrison, William Alenn, R. M. Bishop, William Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S Winslow.

## Gilmore, Dunlap \& Co.,

## $108 \& 110$ West Fourth Street,

 CINCINNATI, DHIW.Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BLANK NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS, COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible point and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON. FOR SALE.
H. J. Rogers, V. Pres. Chaffer, Pres.
 of Denver,
pesignated depository of the U . s . Authorized Capital = = = $\$ \mathbf{=} \mathbf{5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ Paiderim capitral Banking business corner Blake and F. Sts. DENVERECHORADU.
D. A. Given, of Watts, Given \& Co., Paducah, Ky. I. M. Flounnor, Pres't Commercial Bank of Ky N.S. Ray, late Cash'r Com'I B'k of Ky., Lebanon, Ky

## BANEING HOUSE OF

Given, Jones \& Co., 33 RRoad strekt, new vork. $\underset{\text { 43 carondient st, new or- }}{\text { Raten }}$ LEANS.
Orders for the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold,
promptly executed. Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to cheques at sight. Special attention given to the Foreign Exchange Business. Given, Jones \& Co. are prepared to draw Stering ibing, at sigh of siverpool, in surchasers. The New Orleans House will make Collections in that City and at all accessible points Sonth, and remit on the day of payment. We refer to BANE OF AMERICA ard NATIONAI
BANE OF STATE OF NEW YORK, New York City, and O any of the Kentucky Banks.

Financial.
Southwest
Pacific Railroad
Company.
first mortange' bonds

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company,
In Coupon Bonds of $\$ 1,000$ each,
Twenty Years to Run,
DUE SEPTEEMBER 15, 1886,
Interest at the rate of per cent. per Annum,
Payable in the City of New York on the Firsi Days of January and July.

These Bonds are issned on 77 miles of completed road, now in operation to Rolla, in the State of Missouri, which cost to construct......
And 13 miles of road graded, with material on hand to be completed' by Jaunary 1 180,her with 260.
being disposed of at a minimum of $\$ 5$ per acre, (maximum, $\$ 40$ ).
Say present total value of..

By a provision of this mortgage, when lands are sold to the amount of $\$ 40,00^{\prime \prime}$, it is to constitute a Special Fand for the redemption of a like amount of these bonds at a rate not exceding 105 per cent. payment of its sales of lands.

At Springfield the Souhwest Pacific will connect fith the Great AtLANTIC AND ACMFIC RALLROAD ous route from st. Liouis to San Francisco.
When completed, it will present a road of 310 miles in length, costing abont..... $\$ 12,000,000$ With $1,036,000$ acres of land valued at .... $10,000,000$
Showing a total value of............... $\$ 22,000,000$ With a total amount of Bonds authorized, with the guarantee as above, of $\$ 7,20,000$, which may be completed work as it progresses.

Of the present issue of $\$ 2,000,000$ of Bonds, a limited amount is now offered for sale.
For further particulars apply to
WARD \& CO., BANKERs
No. 54 Wall Street, New York.
SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTTO
GAGEABON
OF THE
North Missouri Railroad Company.
We offer for sale the Seven Per Cent. First Mort gage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Com pany, having thirty years to iun. Conpons paya-
Bear.
Beore accepting the agency for sale of these
bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition onds, we made careful inquiry into the condition Mr. Wrospects of the road, whilnor Roberts and others, on our behalf. and their highly satisfactory report enables us to re commend the bouds as first-class securities, and safe and judicious investment.
ue used in extending a road al $\$ 6,000,000$ in all) N 1 . miles into North Missouri, to the lowa State line, where it is to connect with the railroads of Iowa, and also westward to the junction with the Pacific ing up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of $\$ 5,000,000$ will cover a complete and well-stocked road of 889 miles in length, costing at least $\$ 10,000,-$ 000 , with a net annual revenue after the first year of over $\$ 1,500,000$, or a sum nearly four times be bonds, the income of the road of course increasing
every year.
The Ralrod connects the great City of St. Louis
with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the rich with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the rich sas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads.
The fres 500,000 have been sold at 80 cents, and the remainder are now offered at 85 cents. At this rate they yiold nearly $81 /$ per cent. income, and add 20 per cent. to principal at maturity. office.

JAI COOKE \& CO

## Financial.

## Caution.

To Bankers, 13 rokers and Dealers in Government and other Securities.
The public are cautioned against negotiating any solen from thg Government Securities, which were pany, on 10th December last, as the payment of the Coupons or Interest and the transfer or conversion of said Securities has been stopped by a Caveat fled United States at Washington, Department of the have been taken to make said securities unsaleable in Europe.
The Ro
al Insurance Company will pay a
REWARD OF $\$ 10,000$
for the recovery of said Securities, or in that propor-
tion for the recovery of any portion of them ion for the recovery of any portion of them.
5 per cent Coupon 1894 Bonds,
Nos. $1,656,1,657,1,658,1,65,4,931,10,695,10,696$,
$1,341,12,9.90,12,951.12,952,12,453,12,954,12,955$,
$12,986,12,987,12988,12,989,12,990,14,493,14,49$,
$14.49,14,496,14,962,15,159,15,160,15,161,16,761$,
$16,762,16,763,16,764,16,765,16,766,16767,16,768$,

| $16,762,16,763,16,764,16,765,16,766,16,767,16,768$, |
| :--- |
| $16,769,16,770$, |
| $6,771,16,77,16,773,16,774$ |

$16,776,16,777,16788,16,779,16,780,16,781,16,782$,
$16,783,16,754,16,785,16,786,16,787,16,78,16,789$,
$16,799,16,791,16,792,16,793,16,794,16,795,1$
$16,797,16,798,16,799,16,800,5,989,14,026$.
6 per cent. Coupon 1881 itonds, $\$ 1,000$ Payable to the order of Adam Norrie and Benja $\min$ B. Sherman, Committee, and not endorsed. Nos. $65997,65,998,65,999,66,000,66,001,66,002,66,00 ?$

6,010
$66,011,66,012,66,013,66,014,66,415,66,016,66,017$
$66,018,66,019,66,020,66,021,66,022$.
$\mathbf{7 - 3 0}$ iBonds, $\$ 1,000$ Each. 1 at Series.
interet pay. Angust and February.
Nos. $12,099,20,899,25,045,25,046,25,047,25,940$
$34,556,75,599,116,634,117,527,117,828,117,829$,
$117,830,117, \leftrightarrow 31,118,903,124,719$.
$5-20$ Hionds, $\$ 1,000$ Each. Dated No vember 1, 1864. Act or June $3 \cup, 1864$ Nos. $36551,28,870,38,806,35,805,38,807,38,504,38,808$,
6 per cent. 1881 Bonas, $\$ 1,000$ Each. Nos. $8,902,8,906,8,903,8,894,8,908,8,910,8,909,8,911$, 8,907, ז,904, $8,899,8,905,8,901,8,400,8,895,4,846$,
Nos. $1,267,1,266,1,264,1,265,15,486,15,487, \$ 500$ each. U. S. Coupon nonas per cent. $10=40$.

Nos. 36,259, 98,813, $98,814,102,542, \$:, 000$ each.
Nos. 35, $275,35,236,35,277,35,278,35,279,35,280,35,281$,
7-30 per cent. yronis. $2 a$ series. Inter est payable 1 bth of June of Hecember Eegistered Stoclr ol 1881 \$10,000 Registered stock or $1881 . \$ 10,000$ each Nos. $9,662,9,663,9,664$, acts of July 17 and Angust 5,
1861 .
Registered Stock of $1881,55,000$ each. Nos. $7,224,7.278,7,279,7,280,7,281,7,282,6,911$, acts March 3, 1863.
Hegirtered Stock of $1881, \$ 1,000$ Each. Nos. 17,404, 18,338, 18.339, 18,340, 18,254, acts of Jul 1 17. and August 5, $1=61$.

## QUARTEREXREPOR OF THE CONDITION OE THE

 Market National Bank of Nevi York,First Dinonday of *anuary, $186 \%$.
Notes and Bills discounted......
Notes and Bills
Suspended debt

Indeb edness o
Banhing house .
Current expenses. .........................
Cash items-Uncollected chec Due from banks and bankens … Bond and stocks
Notes of other Nutionsil Banks
Market Bank notes
Specie
........... 2,78480
146,20000

Legal 1 ender Notes....
$\qquad$

LIABILITIES :
Capital
Surplus
LIABILITIES :
Surplas
Crofit and loss .....................................
Circulatirg notes outstanding-State.
Individual deposits..
Uncollected checks
Dividends unpaid. .....
. ...............
8,00000
12560
455,895

Total .............................. $. .84,133,51249$
dward P. Tegson. Edward M. Tesson
Tesson, Son \& Co.,

No. 45 Second SKERRS,
No. 45 Second Street, corner of Pine),


## Dividends.

Hinois Central Railice of the Company. AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DI 18 EEC tors of this Company, hel this day, it was resolved that a Dividend of FIVE PER OEN't. in cash, frce ruary next to the holders of the Full Paid Shares registered on the Dincteenth day of January instant and that the Transfer Books be clrsed on the said nineteenth day of Jannary and opened on the sixt

NEUV YORE, DECEMEBER 121866 -HAMILTON FIR心 INSUKANCE COMPANY, declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE Per Cent free of Government Tax, payable on aud after Janu ary 1st, $\vdots 8 \mathrm{it}$.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Metropolitan National Bank, } \\ \text { No. } 108 \text { Broadway, New-Yore, Dec. 18, } 1866\end{array}\right\}$ DHEIDEND, -THE OIRECTRORS DE this day declared a semi NATHONAL BANK have Per Cent., tree of Government tax, payable on (6) fret Monday of January next. The transfer books will be closed until Januar
10, 186\%.

## FIRESTMORTGAGE BONDS

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIG OFAILROAD COMPANY of Minnesota. Interest at Seven per cent, semiannually, lirst Jannary and Jnly, free from Gov-
ermuent Tax, in the City of New Yor.. Principal payable in 1892
The road runs through one of the beat portions of ighty miles, at an exuenve of overed to. St. Choud, GHESE BONDS ARE ONLY $\$ 10,000$ PER MILE. G.,vernment Bouds at the hishest market price will be received iu payment. For particulars apply to
orner Nassau and Pine Sts New

14in DIVIDEND-STANDAERD FIRE Wall street, New York, Janury 8,1867 . A SemiAnual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., Free of Government Tax, has this day been declared, paya ble on demand

WILLIAM M. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

## Bankers and Brokers.

Lockwood \& Co., BANKERS.
No. 94 BROADWAY \& No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERE IN GOVERNMENT AND
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and CurMerchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

## J. 'Van Schaick,

38 Broad street,

## BANKER AND STDCK BROKER.

## Taussig, Fisher \& Go.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 32 Eiroad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates,
ALE UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.
Make Collections on favorable terms, And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or road securities.

## ADAMS, KMMBALL \& MQORE,

 BANKERS,No. 14 Wall Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, or all issues, and execute orders for the pur Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Cur rency, subject to check at sight.

## Jackson Brothers,

 DEALERS INSTOCKS, RONDS, GOLD, \& GOVERN MENT SECURITIES.
Ne. 19 Bread Street, New York.

## Bankers and Brokers.

## L. P. Morton \& Co.,

## BANKERS,

50 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

## STERLING HXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for 'Travelers' Une, on

## E. P. MORTON, BURNS \& CO.,

 (58 Old Broad Street, London,) AND THEUNION BANK OF LONDON, Avaliable in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.
Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York. Levi P. Morton, Cuarlife E. Minnot, Watier h. Burns, h. Cruger Oaklet.

## Bankers and Brokers. <br> Travellers' Credits.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR THE USE OF TRAV ELLERS IN EUROPE AND THE EAST.

## Issued for

Messre. J. S. Morgan ar Co., London, BY
Dabney, Morgan \& Co.,

$$
53 \text { Exchange Place. }
$$

S. G. \& G. C. Ward, AGENTS FOR
EIEENG BROTHELES \& COMPANY, 56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, 25 STATE STHEET, BOSTON.

## DrakeKleinwort\&Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.
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Interest allowed upon deposite of cold and carrency, subject to Cheek of Sight, Gold loane
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## Bankers and Brokers.

CAPITAE...................... $85,000,000$.
Fourth National Bank
OF THER CITY OF NEWVYRE.


New York, January 9, 1867.
At the annual election for Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, the following gontlomen were duly elected:

|  | Birectors. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Edwin Hoyt, | Timothy G. Churchill, |
| Joseph Shuart, | Joseph B. Hoyt, |
| Johu M. Fnrman, | Ifenry swift, |
| Charles | C. Calhoun. |

For Inspectors of Next Rlection.
T. Belknap, Ir., E. L. BoHes, C. E. Detmold. At a subsequent meeting of the Board Mr. P.C Calhoun wes ninanimonsly re-elected President, and Joseph Stuart, Vice President.
B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

## THE

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AMERICAN BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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Special attention paid to securing apartiments for Americans visiting Paris, and letters of enq iry replied to by return mail.

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Insurance Company,

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Incorporated 1819.. $\qquad$ ... Charter Pexpetual. CAPITAL $\qquad$ ........ \$3,000,000.
L. J. HIGNDEIE, Prestatit.
J. GODDNOW, Secretary.

Assets Jan uary $1,1867 \ldots 4,478,10074$ Elabilifes .. $\qquad$
INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.
NEW YORK AGENCY,
ND. 62 WALLL STRETETY
JAS. A. ALCKANDER, Azent,

## Sun Mutual Insurance

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This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Fruight, and Cargo ; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.
Preminms paid in gold will be entitled to a retarn premium in gold.
mOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.
EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't Isaac H. Walken, Sec'y.
Hanover Fire Insurance company,
No. 45 WALL STREET. JANUART1st 1866.
Cash capital.
Surplus.....
$\$ 400,00000$
Gross Assets
 BENJ. S. WAtcoter
President.


John Munroe \& Co., ambrican bankrbe,
NO. TRUE SCRIBE, PARIS
No. 8 WACL STREET NEW YORR,
Leane Oircular Letters of Oredit for Trapeletis m all
parts of Europe. etc., etc. Alsu Ccmicercial Credits.

#  <br> A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, 

represennting the industrial and commercial interests of the united states.
VOL. 4.
SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1867.
NO. 83.


THE RAILWAY MONITOR AND INSURANCE JOURNAL.

## Railway News...

Railiroad, Ganal, and Miscelliane-
ore Bond List..............

## The $\mathfrak{C b r o n i c l e}$.

Tee Commercial and Financial Cbronicle is issued every Sizturday morning by the publishers of Huni's Merchants' Magazine; with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight of Friday. A Daily Bolletin is issued every morning with all the Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.
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Pustage is paid by subscribers at their ovo post-ofce. ir is, on
WILLIAM B. DANA \& CO., Publichers, $\quad$ G0 William Street, Now

Files for holding the Chronicle or Bulletin can be had at this Office. Price $\$ 150$.
The third volume of the Chronicle, from July to December, 1866, inclusive, is for sale at this Office; price $\$ 500$.

## MR. MORRILL ON FINANCE.

Mr. Morrill deserves the thanks of the country for having afforded a very satisfactory answer to certain questions which vitally affect the prospects of our spring trade. His very teinperate and able speech in the House on Thursday may be taken as an indication of the will of the controlling majority in Congress relative to the financial policy of the immediate future.

The chief anxiety of our mercantile community is at present, and for some time has been, to asceriain what Congress means to do relative to the currency and to our finances generally; and the existing depression which paralyses the industrial activities of the country is largely due to apprehension that some law may be passed which will either produce a revulsion in the money market or introduce some new derangement of our sensitive standard of volue, by aug
menting or lessening the purchasing power of the current paper dollar.

Nor is this anxiety unnatural or unreasonable. If the farmer or the dealer in wheat were uncertain as to whether the bushel measure would be changed by law so as to be different a month hence to what it is to-day, and if contracts for future delivery are to be fulfilled in the new bushel, be they less or greater than the present ones, it is easy to see that all time contracts would be discouraged, and business erterprise would be seriously checked. And the trouble would be greatly increased if it was uncertain what changes would be made in the bushel measure, and if it depended on the arbitrary will of Congress or of some Government official to decide whether there shall be any change, and, if so, whether it shall be an increase or a diminution.

Now, there is a close analogy between the functions the bushel measure serves in the case before us, and thise which the dollar performs in regard to all values. The greenback dollar is a measure of all the values in which our debts are expressed. If the legal tender dollar be increased in value all the debts in the country are increased likewise.

But our current money is not only the measare of value and the standard by which all debts are fixed, but it is also the medium by which all exchanges are carried on. Hence our paper currency cannot be contracted suddenly and severely without these two results following with more or less of delay: first, prices fall in consequence of the unit of value being enlarged, and, secondly, the movements of busi ness are checked because the medium of exchange is made scarce. The latter result is more certainly and more speedily produced than the former, but it is only temporary, and passes away when the equilibrium of prices is produced.
Mr. Morrill's speech requires and will reward a patient reading. Its main points may be summed up in three words: Resumption, contraction and retrenchment. The resumption which he advocates is to be attained by contraction, and we are to enable ourselves to contract the volume of our paper money by means of economy, and by retrenchment of all unnecessary expenditure in the various departments of the Government.

If, as we believe, the speech before us was intended to reassure the public mind, it has already begun to produce the effect intended. Yesterday, for the first time in several weeks, an unusual number of capitalists made their appearance in Wall street, and by purchasing freely sounder securities, and especially government bonds, they did much to arrest the panic, the destructive course of which now seems, for the present, to have been arrested. On the whole we may probably conclude, with tolerable certainty, that no financlal measures of importance will be passed during this, piring session of the thirty-ninth Congreas.

## THE GOLD BILL.

The gold bill will probably be reported next week from the Senate Committee on Finance, to whom it was referred on the 21st inst. This measure is decidedly the least objectionable in its features of any which have been proposed in Congress, and with a few modifications it will not improbably pass. As the publications of this bill, which have been made from telegraphic dispatches in the daily papers, are more or less incorrect, we give it in full from the official copy, as follows :
An Act to regulate the sale of gold by the Secresary of the Treasury. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, after the passage of this act, whenever any sale shall be made of coin from the Treasury of the United States, public notice of not less than six days shall be given by advertisement in one daily newspaper in each of the cities of Washington and New York, designating the amount to be cities of Washington and New York, designating the amount to be
offered, inviting proposals for any part thereof, naiming the place and the hour up to. which such sealed propowals will be received, the terms of payment, and when and where such proposals shall be opened. Such propgeals shall be addressed to the Assistant Treasurer at New York, and shall be opened and declared by him in the presence of such persons as may choose to attend at the time designated in the notice. And no proposal shall be considered unless accompanied by a certificate of deposit in the Treasury of the United States of five per centum of the amount of coin bid for in such proposal, which shall be received as part pay for the coin bid for when the proposal is accepted, or refunded to the party making the same when not accepted. And payments may be received for coin thus disposed of in compound interest notes, with the interest accrued thereon. The Assistant Treasurer, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall have the right to reject the whole or any part of such proposals: l'rovided, That none but the highest bid shall be accepted : and in case of different bids at the same rate, said bids shall be accepted only pro rata.
Passed the House of Represtntatives January 21, 1867.
We think this bill will pass, first, because it conforms to the general wishes of the nation, that part of the mass of coin which is accumulating in the Treasury shall be disposed of in accordance with prescribed regulations, instead of being left entirely to the discretion of the department; and secondly, because the regulations imposed are as simple as they could be, consisting, as they chiefly do, in the enforcement of publicity, and in the prohibition of those secret sales and negotiations which have lent a semblance of plausibility to many gossiping rumors, and have provoked all over the country so much of positive; though only half-expressed, distrust and dislike.

While we approve of the general features of this bill, there are some modifications which we venture to suggest as desirable. The six days notice, for example, might with advantage be extended, for the disturbances in the money market which have so often been caused by the sales of gold for greenbacks induce the banks to strengthen themselves beforehand, and a spasmodic and severe contraction of their operations might result from the sudden announcement that a large amount of gold would in a week be thrown into the hands of the public.

The same regard to the easy working of the money market suggests that the sales of gold should be made at regular intervals; and the times of sale should not be so far apart that the amount to be sold should be too heavy for easy absorption.

It would have been objected to the gold bill a few months ago that it curtails the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to repress speculation in gold. Since the experience of last summer, however, the belief has been on the wane that the Secretary has or should have any legitimate means of controlling the premium on gold, except by improving the eurrency and by carrying forward its steady, slow, judicious contraction, as is appointed by law,

## EUROPE IN 1867.

As the year 1866 drew to its close a heavy cloud-bank of threatening political questions was piled up above the European horizon, portending no quiet or pleasant adyent of its
successor. In the remote East the outbreak of the Candiote Greeks gave warning that the hour of the final dissolution of the incongruous and stagnant Turkish dominion could not forever be postponed by the diplomacy of the West. In Italy the departure of the French garrisons from the Papal States was anticipated with concern by all who knew how greatly the future of the new Italian Kingdom depends upon its power to maintain the authority of the laws over popalations long corrupted by tyranny, and who understood how certain it was that the Mazzinists and the Garibaldians, the "party of action," as they style themselves, would endeavor to raise the Roman people in a turbulent revolution about the heels of the retiring protectors of the Papacy. In Germany the folly of the Emperor Francis Joseph in insisting upon an attempt to perpetuate the absolute supremacy of German Austria over the powerful Sclavonic and Magyar races, in which the strength of his empire now resides, gave abundant reasons to fear a complete break-up of the ancient Austrian monarchy, bringing with it inevitably nut only a renewal of the recent war in Germany, but struggles also of a wider sweep and of more dangerous possibilities along the lower Danube, and upon the southwestern frontiers of the Russian Empire. At the same time there were many evidences visible of a growing jealousy between the French and the Western German population, evidences the menace of which was not 'mitigated by the haughty, almost defian', attitude of the Prussian Government towards the Emperor Napoleon III.
In France the failure of the Mexican expedition, and the extraordinary success of the policy of Count Bismarck, had shaken the prestige of the Emperor and emboldened the malcontents of the upper and middle classes to assume a position of open hostility to His Majesty's grand and darling scheme for a military reorganization of France on the Prussian model. And in England itself, ordinarily the type of domestic order and of political stability, strange mutterings were audible. A movement for an extension of the franchise, and of the popular representation in Parliament, had gradually grown under the manipulation of a knot of experienced political agitators into the likeness of an incipient revolution. So prominent a man as Mr. John Bright had not hesitated openly to recommend a " pressure upon Parliament" in the form of gigantic popular demonstrations of the physical force of the disfranchised classes. Excesses committed in London, in Sheffield, and in other large towns, had been interpreted in the light of these recommendations of the man who is universally recognized as the ablest living leader of the extreme Radical party in English politics. The government of Lord Derby, relying upon the instinctive indignation with which the English people have always responded to any threat of coercion, whether from above or from below, from a Charles I., or a Jack Cade, had taken high and resulute ground, and was evidently determined to avail itself of the incautious language and conduct of the extreme Radicals, for the purpose of hurling down the moderate Whigs effectually, and dividing Parliament between the two camps of Bright and of Disraeli.

In this general condition of the older Contineut there was was certainly much to justify the auxiety with which statesmen and journalists looked forward to the year now begun. To Americaus this aspect of affairs was made more than usually interesting by the appointment of the month of April, 1867, as the opening season of the World's Fair at Paris. It has been by common consent anticipated that this would prove to be the most superb exhibition ever made of the wealth, the resources and the progress of humanity in modern times. Paris, at all times the most attractive of cities, has gained a new and peouliar charm from this antici-
pation. And it is reasonably enough expected that the exodus of Americans to Europe during the coming spring and summer will far exceed anything which has been seen in the past. The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Harrington, now in Europe, estimates the number of Americans actually in Europe to day at nearly thirty thousand, and puts down the influx thither for 1867 at more than one hundred and fifty thousand. To all of these intending travellers, therefore, it naturally was, and is, a question of moment whether the festivities of A pril at Paris are or are not likely to be overcast, or perhaps even wholly arrested, by the outbreak of the flames of war or of revolution in one or another important region of the vast area which, as we have seen, the year 1866 left so ominously volcanic and smoking. Four weeks of the year 1867 have so seriously modified the face of matters that this question may already be answered without rashness, and in the negative.

In England, the mistakes of the party of John Bright, and the cleverness with which the Conservatives have availed themselves of these mistakes, are already bearing their fruit. Such is the strength of the reaction induced by the foolish Radical demonstrations of the Autumn of 1866, that Lord Derby's government have announced their intention to leave the question of Parliamentary reform in the hands of the Opposition, reserving to themselves the advantage of controlling in the final vote that powerful section of the Liberals who, while they will hardly be able to prevent Mr . Bright from giving shape to any opposition measure of reform, will be certain to throw their whole weight against the adoption as law of any measure which Mr. Bright shall have shaped. The English Radicals who, having loaded themselves most unnecessarily with the odium of the Fenian movement in Ireland, have suffered from its failure, and the revolutionary party in Great, Britain, may be truly said to be more power less at this moment for good or for evil than at any time since the Chartist demonstrations of 1848.

In France, the Emperor Napoleon, by a bold and unex: pected stroke of policy, has disarmed his domestic antagonists, and enormously increased his force in dealing with foreign diplemacies. He has abolished the executive censorship of the Press, and established a more complete freedom of the Parliamentary tribune than existed in the time of the Orleans monarchy. These measures are pretty clearly preliminary to an open appeal to the masses of the French people in behalf of that grand reorganization of the French army upon which the bourgeoisie have already pronounced unfavorably. No Frenchman in our day has shown such a thorough knowledge of the real temper and feelings of the French peasantry as the Emperor Napoleon. No man is more fully aware than he of the overbalancing power of this class in France, and no man has so much reason as he to know that with this class the glory and the preponderance of France in Europe are the deepest of political passions and the most effective of political levers. Freedom of the press and of the tribune will bring it clearly home to the peasantry of France and to the working classes in the great towns, who on these points are at one with the peasantry, that the aggrandizement of Prussia threatens the preponderance of France in the west, and that the increasing complications of the Eastern question may at any moment compel France to encounter a formidable alliance in the Levant. This being once made plain to the people of France, the Emperor can propose no military law so stringent and sweeping that it will not be supported by the vast majority of Frenchmen with enthusiasin. Whatever may be the ultimate peril to Europe involved in this fresh hold of the Napoleonic dynasty upon France, it must at least be regarded as a new guarantee of quiet for the immediate future, The increased strength
of France is a possible prospective menace to Prussia and to Russia, but for that very reason it is prêtty sure to impose a policy of moderation !upon those powers for the present.
This influence will be fortified, in the case of Prussia, by the very great trouble which exists in the newly arranged States of Germany. The Prussian military system is a source of great vexation to the people of those States, and the authorities appointed by King William have fone moreth heighten than to diminish the ill feeiing caused by the change of system.

So far as concerns Russia, the prompt acquiescence of the Turkish Government in the demands of Servia has deprived the Greek insurrections in Turkey for the present of their chief importance. No movement of the Christians in Turkey can promise much in which Servia does not lead; and as Servia has now gained all she has asked for, and is more disposed to await the dismemberment of Austria for her chances of development than to invite a Russian interference in Turkey, which would redound rather to the advantage of the Greeks than of the Servians or their neighbors of MoldoWallachia, the probabilities are that the efforts of the Great Western Powers to appease the ferment in the East will be successful for the time being.

We may sum up our view of the present position of Europe, therefore, briefly thus: The year 1866 has bequeathed to us a great number of unsettled and angry questions, to which the first weeks of 1867 have added the threatening of a revolutionary outbreak in Spain. But the first weeks of 1867 have thrown into the scale in favor of peace a notable consolidation of the power of the Conservative Ministry in England, and a great and real advance in the hold of Napoleon III. upon France, and though France upon the springs of Continental action: With this advantage on the side of the Western Powers, whose present policy is the maintenance of peace at almost any price, we have little doubt that peace will be maintained; and that 1867 will be the year of travail rather than of birth for the great changes which the future is preparing in the map of Europe.

## THE FUTURE OF COTTON.

The cotton yield for the current year is still a matter of considerable uncertainty. It must, however, be acknowledged that the tenor of evidence upon the question favors the estimates of the low crop party. It appears that almost every condition affecting the yield adversely has been realized. The drought and the rains, the worm and the frost, have com bined to limit the supply; and, in some sections, loss has been incurred from the disinclination of the laborers to work. Reports are, consequently, receiyed, from almost every point, of disappointment at the result of "picking out." Even those planters who, in October, were sanguine, find the result of their own crop much below their anticipations, while all who estimated the yield at or exceeding two millions of bales now find it necessary to reduce their estimates; and those who from the first have predicted a light supply, have still further moderated their small expectations. This change of estimates is altogether too general to be treated lightly.

During the first four months of the cotton year, i. e. from Sept. 1 to Jan. 1, the receipts from the interior were, in round numbers, 735,000 bales. During the eight years next preceding the war the receipts for the four months ending January lst constituted, on an average, about forty per cent. of the total average crop. Supposing this ratio of receipts to have been maintained for the first four months of the current cotton year, it would follow that a total crop of pobut $1,825,000$ bales mat be anticiv.
pated. It is claimed, however, that during the present year the early receipts 'are in excess of the usual rates. The impoverished condition of the planters and other cotton growers, it is argued, has imposed upon them an urgent necessity for forwarding their crop to the market as early as possible. The credit faoilitios of former years are now denied them; and money has to be provided to pay wages and feed the laborers. On the other hand, it is true that the embarrassing operation of the cotton tax tended at first to impede the movement of the crop to the ports; but this obstruction was so promptly remedied that this can be scarcely considered as countervailing the pressure to realize growing out of the causes indicated. How far the movement up to January 1st may have varied, on these accounts, from the rates of ordinary years, it must be left for the reader to estimate. A bout a month ago two leading cotton firms of this city telegraphed to sixteen ol their agents at the cotton ports for their opinion as to what proportion of the whole crop had then been received. Their replies, dated Dec. 24th to 28th, estimated the proportion variously at from one-third to two-thirds; the ratio at New Orleans and Mobile being stated at fully one-half. If these estimates were ac cepted, it would follow that a crop of less than $1,500,000$ bales is to be anticipated; but, of course, they are mere opinions; and yet they probably indicate the views of the leading planters in those sections of the South. In this market the range of moderate opinion upon the total yield may be taken, we think, as between $1,500,000$ and $1,800,000$ bales. In estimating the bearing of these probabilities of a reduced supply upon the value of raw cotton, it is necessary, also, to take into account the prospects of the supply Great Britain is likely to draw from other countries than the United States. With reference to the chief sources of Eastern production, there appears to be a general disposition to moderate the estimates entertained a few weeks ago. The grounds of this change of opinion in England are thus al luded to by our London correspondent, under date of Jan 5 :
With regard to the cotton trade, it may be observed that although spinners may purchase with extreme caution, the present range of prices must at least le maintained, owing to the small quantities of the staple afloat, and the prospect, therefore, of a small importation for some weeks to come. So far as is at present ascertained, the supply of East Indian cotton afloat is under 100,000 bales, while at this date in 1866 the quantity known to be on passage to Europe was nearly $29 \mathrm{C}, 000$ bales : and with regard to America, it appears that only 82,000 bales are on passage, against $60, \mathrm{c} 00$ bales in $180^{\circ} 6$. These figures are certainly in fassage, agatinued firmness in the cotton trade ; but, as successive ad vices from India report steadily-increasing shipments of cotton to Europe, spinners will evidently continue to eperáte cautiously in concluding sales. At latest date, viz., Dec. 21, the shipments of cotten from Bombay were progressing at the rate of about $\mathbf{1 6 , 0 0 0}$ bales per week, being a considerable increase as compared with the previous weeks; and. as the season for new cotton had just been commenced, there seems to be every probability that with the continuance of favorable advices from Liverpool the exports from Bombay will be on a much wore extensive scale. These advices, we know, have been favorable to growers of cotton in India; hence there can be but little doubt as to the nature of our future' advices fion the Enst. In the course of a month or six weeks we shall most pri bably observe a large increase in the quantity of East Indian cotton afloat. In Egypt the crop of cotton has certainly been productive of disappointment. We were led to anticipale a crop of 600,000 bales, but subegquent advices have reduced the estimate to 400,000 , and finally to 800,000 bales. That the crop is by no means so extensive as was announced at the commencement of the season may be considered certain ; but in the present position of the cotton trade, statistics relating to the probable production of cotton in any country should be well authenticated before full reliance is placed upon their correctress. It may, however, be looked upon as certain that the crop of cotton in Egypt is superior to last year, although there is so considerable falling off from the statements made at the opening of the season, with regard both to the extent and quality of the crop. Our latest adrices fiom Alexandria report fair thipments of produce from that port since November 1, but as compared with 1864 there is a falling off of about 7,000 bales.

These combined considerations require a material curtailment of estimates of the total supply from all sources entertained two or three months ago. The reluction may be roughly represented by 250,000 bales for the United States, 250,000 for India, 250,000 for Egypt, and 50,000 for Brazil,
making a total curtailment of original estimates amounting to 800,000 bales. These aspects of the supply have produced a strong disposition among holders of cotton to stand firmly for higher prices; a feeling not shaken by the move. ment among domestic manufacturers for further curtailing their production of goods.
Surveying the general condition of the world's markets, it would seem reasonable to expect an active demand for cotton goods during the present year.

The political status of Germany is settled, without, at least, any prospect of immediate disturbance, and with less commercial derangement than might have been expected; and the Eastern question which, until recently, loomed darkly in the horizon, presents no features like!y to disturb the larger markets for cotton manufactures. The tone of business in Manchester is assuming a more hopeful aspect, and spinners do not show any reluctance to buy cotton freely at current prices.

Among those best acquainted with the condition of the South and with the disposition of cotton growers, the opinion is strongly cherished that the next crop will be more limited than bas beer generally expected. There can be no doubt that the profits upon the present crop are too insignificant to encourage an extension of this branch of production. The unwise tax upon cotton bears with great severity upon the growers, and has swallowed up nearly all the profits upon the crop. The burthen of testimony goes to show that, with the enhanced costs of labor, and the uncertainty about its employment, it is impossible, upon an average, to raise cotton for less than 25 cents per pound; and adding to this the tax of 3 cents and the nuw heavy charges for transportation, it is clear that there is no inducement to lay out any large breadth of land in the production of the staple. The Southern crops of cereals, during the past year, have fallen below the wants of that secticn, and breadstuffs have conse. quently ruled high; it is, therefore, reasonable to suppose that this year more attention will be given to grain culture and less to cotton-growing; and the more so as those crops are less subject to suffer from the risks of the seasons and the irregularity connected with the present condition of the new labor system.
The conclusion indicated by a survey of all these considerations appears to favor very decidedly the prevailing firmness of the cotton market.

## WIISHEY AND ITS IIYPOTHECATIONS.

Some months ago a revenue officer awoke to the fact that the wholesale price of whiskey was about fifty cents per gallon less than the tax imposed on it under the Revenue Act. After discovering this circumstance he was led to investigate the subject, and finally became convinced that numerous distill. ers by one subterfuge and another were evading the law, and for some weeks past attention has been called to the various arts by which the revenue has been defrauded, in the illicit manufacture of this article. Their prevalence, in fact, is so great as to constitute them the rule, while conformity to the law is the exception. Nobody for a moment will suppose that less alcoholic drink is consumed now than formerly, yet the Federal Treasury, with the tax at $\$ 2$ a gallon, derives but about a million dollars more revenue annually than it did when the rate stood at twenty cents. This ought to be a lesson to our law-makers, who often defeat the end which they seek to promote by the exorlitance of the burdens which they. impose. Sometimes production is checked, and with it the capability of bearing taxation; and sometimes the tax operates principally as an incentive to devise means of escaping it.
To the distiller it is eridently of no importance whether the
rate of duty be high or low so long as it does not interfere with consumption, since what he pays is reimbursed to him by the consumer. Yet it is of the first importance, not only to trade but to morals, that every one engaged in the business should pay a like duty. A tax so high as to put honest dealing at a discount is clearly injudicious. The best evidence of the truth of this, and of the ease with which a law can be evaded is found in the nature and extent of the frauds recently discovered.

It seems that the most common article produced by distillation is " molasses whiskey," or more properly "rum." The mode of preparation is so simple that any housekeeper is able at a small outlay, to have a still of his own, and make enough daily to realize a handsome income. Molasses costing seventy cents per gallon is mixed with eight times the quantity of boiling water; yeast is added, and the mixture suffered to ferment three days. It is then distilled. Molasses of a specific gravity of thirty pounds contains 97 per cent. of rum, and the distiller generally gets it from 30 to 40 per cent. above proof. Governiment officen are deceived by the manufacturer as to the per centage, as well as by other means. Great pains are taken by the manufacturer to rectify the article before the officer can ascertain the fact, as it then loses its identity and cannot be taxed. The proper method of rectifying is by filtration through powdered charcoal, which removes the fusil oil and other impurities; but this is too slow to suit, and so finelybroken coal is used, which fails to change materially the character of the liquor.
The following approximate figures will give some idea of the lucrativeness of this business. The actual profits are more than the estimate we give :
Cost of 100 gallons of molases.
Cost of manufacturing, use of apparatus, etc. $\qquad$ ${ }_{15}^{\$ 70}$
Value of 70 gallons of spirits thus obtained:
At $\$ 150$ per gallon.
Profit...
But, as stated above the genuine rectiffing proces slow for the manufacturer ; and the liquor is "leached" instead, by being passed through cracked in place of pulverized charcoal. This fails to a great degree of clarifying it, and the fusil oil principally remains. This is the article generally vended; and revenue officers fail somehow to distinguish it from spirits which have been actually rectified. The constituents of this whiskey is about 75 per cent. of alcohol, 22 per cent. of water, and 3 per cent. of fusil oil and other impurities. The alcohol is separated by the "alcohol column," an apparatus in the form of a pillar, consisting of chambers one above another to admit the vapor as it passes from lower to higher. Thus the "proof" is incrèsed. Distillers often have several barrels on hand of fusil oil. By putting a gallon of it into each cask of whiskey, the character of the article cannot be detected. It can afterward be restored by the alcohol column.

Corn whiskey is prepared in a similar manner. The "beer" or wort is prepared by mixing the meal with warm water at $185^{\circ}$; after which it is run off from the mash-tub into a cooling vat; then about 12 per cent of rye flour and malt is added, and the whole stirred for two hours, when it is removed to the fermenting cisterns, which are supplied with coolers. Yeast is then added, and the wort stands three days; after which it is run off and distilled. A bushel of Indian corn can be made to yield five gallons of whiskey; the distiller usually obtains about three and a half. The residue goes off with the refuse or " swill." A rye whiskey is made by adding rye to the corn; and in like manner wheat whiskey by the addition of wheat.

A common method of evading the tax is by deceiving the revenue officers as to the quantity actually manufactured. The rectifying and leaching processes enable the distiller to shirk the payment of the tax. Another mode is that of con-
verting it into "burning fluid." It is notorious that since the introduction of coal oil and petroleum into household use they have superseded this compound; so that the professed manufacture is a self-evident fraud. The composition of burning fluid is as follows: Alcohol 70 parts, turpentine 25 parts, impurities 5 parts. The article palmed off by distillers upon revenue officers is somewhat different. When the "beer" or wort has ceased fermenting, from 3 to 5 per cent. of turpentine is added before distillation, which gives to the liquor afterward a milky appearance and the smell of turpentine, seeming to deceive the inspector as to its real character. The article distilled is whiskey, which being under 88 per cent. proof will not "cut" turpentine. The "burning fluid" thus palmed off on the inspector contains about 70 per cent. of alcohol, 25 of water and foul oil and the residue turpentine and impurities. It is easy to separate the foreign elements by the "alcohol column" or by rectification.

Officers and others are also puzzled because many distillers do not use a " separater" in their stills to shut the spirits of high proot from the spirits of low proof. In such cases a series of copper pans with false bottoms is attached to the "doubler." As the vapor passes through the bottoms, a stream of cold water is at the same time running over the pans. The denser parts of the vapor are thus cooled, restored to fluid form, and returned to the doubler by means of a tube, while the rarer portion enters the still and comes out at the "tail-pipe" as whiskey of 20 to 50 per cent. proof. When a separater is used, the "low wines" are conducted into a " mountjoy," from which they are forced back into the doubler by a pump or steam-force.

These, and many other instances which might be mentioned, indicate the manner in which the revenue is being defrauded by this illicit manufacture. It may be suggested that the remedy lies in more stringent laws. We do not think so. All experience teaches that such excessive taxes cannot be collected, and that a moderate rate of duty produces the most revenue.

## MOBILE AND OHIO RAILROAD

The last reports issued by the officers of this company were for the year 1865. Although the figures are not as recent as we could desire, still they supply the materials from which we may form a just estimate of the condition of the company and their property.
The fiscal year 1865 is divided into two parts by the 15 th of May, on which date Confederate money ceased to be current, and was supplanted by the National currency. The following shows the earnings and expenses of the periods separately, and the totals for the full year as compared with the year 1865 :

| Earnings. | Before May | After May 15. | Total 1865. | ${ }^{T}$ Total 1864. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rom passeugers | \$224,966 74 | \$ $\$ 435,30693188$ | $\$ 860,273$ <br> $1,174,047$ <br> 69 | $\$ 1,548,8700_{25}^{03}$ |
| Freight.... | 279,50631 10,356 26 | $\begin{array}{r}894,541 \\ 89,127 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1} 149,48425$ | ${ }_{\text {2, }}^{72,678} 82$ |
| Other earnings (unpaia) | 668,39111 | 105,699 51 | 774,090 62 | 39,155 89 |
| tal | 81,183,220 42 | 1,524,676 81 | \$2,707,896 23 | \$3,674,498 99 |
| Disbursements. | \$315,813 10 | \$216,247 22 | \$532,060 32 | 8637,195 25 |
| O.res machinery | 200,616 55 | 196,03970 | 5625 |  |
| For conduct'g transp'n | n 390,254 19 | 287,611 | 677,865 41 | 1,172,590 68 |
| Total disbursements. | . $\$ 9006,68384$ | \$699,898 14 | \$1,606,581 98 | \$2,281,596 38 |
| Net revenue | \$276,536 58 | \$324,777 67 | \$1,101,314 ${ }^{5}$ | \$1,892,902 61 |

The "other earnings" are accounted for as follows: Those prior to May 15 are a legacy from the Confederate, Government for transportation and mails, and those after May 15 for express $\$ 13,69951$, and accounts against the United States Government (unadjusted and estimated) \$92,000.

The Mobile and Ohio Railroad extends from Mobile northward through Alabama 63 miles, Mississippi 270 miles, Tennessee $118 \frac{1}{2}$ miles, and Kentucky $20 \frac{1}{2}$ miles, or from Mobile, Ala., to Columbus, Ky., a distance of 472 miles, with a branch
to Columbus, Miss; 14 miles-making the total length of its track 484 miles. Its earnings from May 15 to December 31, (of $7 \frac{1}{2}$ months,) as above shown, were $\% 1,524,677$, or at the rate of $\$ 2,439,543$, or $\$ 5,040$ per mile per annum. The cost of operating the road for the last $7 \frac{1}{2}$ months of 1865 was (as above) $\$ 699,898$, or at the rate of $\$ 1,019,826$ or $\$ 2,107$ per mile per annum ; slowing net $\$ 2,933$ per inile, or 58.2 per cent. of the gross earnings.

These earnings, bowever, were not available for dividends and only to a small amount for interest, but were diverted to the restoration and repairs of the road and machinery. Between May 1, 1865, and January 1, 1866, there was expended in this direction a very large amount as will be shown in the general revenue account of which the following is an abstract:
abstract of begilita and expenditures.
(From May 1, 1865 to January 1, 1866.)

The Mobile and Ohio Railroad is a new road and was completed as a through line jist as our Soathern troubles commenced. The last rail was laid April 1, 1861, the same day that the federal forces arrived at and occupied Cairo. From that date trains were ran regularly through, and thre through business would no doubt have been large, but the embarrassment resulting from the examination of passengers, baggage and freight for contrabaad articles, gradually reduced it, until it was entirely stopped by the occupation of Columbis by the Confederate forces. From that time to the close of the war the road was virtually operated under the direction of the Confederate authorities. The destruction which necessarily resulted to the rolling stock and roadway from the contending armies and repeated raids, and from the natural wear and tear-accelerated by the impossibibly of obtaining the supplies necessary for repairs-may be stated as follows:


The letters $a b c d$ refer to the condition of the rolling stock at date- $a$ indicates "in running order; $b$ "under repairs"; $c$ "out of order but good", and $d$ "exploded and condemned."

The damage to the roadway consisted in the destruction of of the bridge:, trestle-work and cross-ties from Okolona to Union City, a length of 184 miles; the burning of 19 warehouses and station buildings ; the destruction of tools and stationary tngine in the Whistler repair shops, at the evacuation of Mobile, and the wearing out and burning of 37 miles of rails. In addition to this, there were 21 miles of rails burnt on Gen. Sherman's raid, in February, 1864, besides the destruction of the warehouses, water stations, bridges and trestlework on 48 miles of road, \&c.

At the close of the war the road was in fair running condition from Mobile to Okolona, and assable for trains to Co rinth, but there were only 15 locomotives, 231 freight and 11 passenger cars to operate it. The Government, however, had a large quantity of rolling stock at Nashville, Memphis and Columtus, \&c., which they decided to dispose of. The company took advantage of the upportunity thus offered, and made such purchases that, on the 1st of April, 1866, they had on hand as follows:
Locomotives-in order 40, under repairs 13, out of order 33, and exploded and
condemned 8 . condemned 8 .

Pasergag and second class cars-in order 30, and under .epairs 4
Freight cars-in order 471; and under repairs 20 .

Materials had also been ordered for 100 platform and 50 box cars, and their construction been commenced at the Whistler repair shops.

The total estimated damage and loss to the company by the war is summed up thus:

Loss by the failure of the Confederates. $5,288,561$
Total. $\$ \overline{\$ 7,038,498}$
The last item consists chiefly of ledger balances and unadjusted claims against the Confederate Government, and the possession at the last of large amounts of Confederate bonds and currency.

The financial condition of the company on the 1st of May, 1866, as exbibited on the general balance sheet, is summed up as follows:


Among the sundries are comprised large amounts of Conferlerate bonds, and dues from the C. G., also $\$ 739,829$ the cost of purchased cotton, \&c., \&c. The following is a statement of the condition of the bonded debt of the company on December 31, 1865 :

Payable at Total issuie. Unsold. Red'm'd. Outst'g.




Total amount... $\qquad$ 10,422,062 $2,985,700 \overline{1,903,119} \overline{6,133,243}$
From this it would appear that that largest portion of the 8 per cent. income bonds have become due. The only mention of these, and the debt generally in the President's report is in the following words, which we transfer verbatim:

Our 8 per cent. iocome bonds, secured by collaterals, having matured, we propose to the holdere to exchange sterling bonde for them at par. This proposition has been readily accepted, anda large portion of those bonds have been taken up by exchange, and the remainder are coming in rapidly.
The coupons on our sterling bonds beld in this country not having been paid during the war, because the holders were unwilling to receive
the only currency that could be had, we pronosed to them to find the the only currency that could be had, we proposed to them to find the matured coupons, including the two coup,ons that will fall due this year (1866.), giving them 8 per cent. ten year, dollar bond, call at 40 . Said "interest bonds" to be secured by collaterals, making them perfectly safe; the first cuupon to be payable thellat of May, 1867 .
The financial plan here intimated is the funding of coupons now matured and that will mature this year, and the resumption of payment of interest on the lat of May, 1867 .
Tre coupons are coming in rapidly, and this proposition also seems to give general satisfaction.
Categt Monetary and Commercial English News.
HATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON
ATCATISTR DATES.

| EXCHANGE AT LONDONJAN. 11. |  |  | EXCHANGE ON LONDON. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON- | time. | rate. | LATEST | time. | Rate. |
| Amsterdam | short. | 11153/@11.18 | Jan. 11. | 3 days. | 11.77\% 10 |
| Antwers. | 3 months. | 25.3. @ ${ }^{25.540}$ |  |  | 25.15. @25.17\% |
| Hamburg Paris ... | ". | ${ }^{13.3236}$ O25.40. | " |  | 13.68 .10 |
| Paris | short. | 25.10 @25.20 | " | 8 mos . | 25.00 |
| Vienna | 3 months. | 18.37\%@13.42 |  | - | $\rightarrow$ |
| ${ }_{\text {Sta }}$ Berlin Peterbiourg | " | - 6048.81 | Jan. 11. | 8 mo | 2 (3) |
| Cadiz ........ | " | 43* © 483/4 |  | - |  |
| Lisbon.. | " | 51\% ${ }^{51 \%}$ | Jan. 6. | 3 mo's. | 63\% |
| Milan. | " |  | - | 二 |  |
| Naples. | ، | 27.5 @27.15 |  | - |  |
| New Yor | - |  | Jan. 10. | 60 days | 10936 |
| Jamaica. |  |  | Dec. 15. |  | ${ }^{20023}$ |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Havena }}$ Riv de Janeiro | - | - |  | ${ }^{99}{ }^{93}$ dayses. | ${ }_{24}^{2 p . c . ~}{ }_{\text {a }}$ |
| Buenos Ayre |  |  | Nov. 27. | , | 498.0493 |
| Valparaiso.. | - |  | Nov. 18. | " | 46 @46\% |
| Pernambaco | 60 days. |  | Dec. 16. |  |  |
| Hong Kong | . | 48. 63 d. | Dec. 4. | " | 48. 6) ${ }^{\text {d.@ }}$ - |
| Ceylon. | \% | ${ }_{18}^{10} \mathrm{p}$.c.dis. | ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} 14$. | " | 23@3p.c. di |
| Madras |  | $1_{18}^{10 \%}{ }^{10} 0$ |  |  | $13.11 \%$ d |
| Calcuta | " | 1810\%d@ | Dec. 28. | " ${ }^{\text {" }}$ | 13.13称d. |

## ［From our own Correspondent．

London，Saturday，Jan．12， 1867.
The dividends haviog been paid this week，the supply of money seeking employment in the discount market has increased，and，as the commercial demand for accommodation is very moderate，the rates out－ of doors are easy in the extreme，very prime paper having been taken st as low a figure as $2 \frac{8}{6}$ pel cent．There seems，therefore，a strong probability that the present minimum at the Bank of England of 31⿱亠䒑八 per cent．cannot be maintained for any lengthened period，and it is now considered almost certain that a decline to 3 per cent．will take place on Thursday next．Owing to the caution displayed in trade circles for op protrscted a period，and the consequent contraction in the volume of commercial transactions，the supply of bills in the market is quite in signifioant，and there seems but little prospect of a revival in the demand for some time to come．Still there exists a little uncertainty with re－ gard to the future of the money market．As before etated，the demand for commercial purposes is limited，and in this department there is，at present，no prospect of an carly or extensive revival；nevertheless， there is considerable inquiry for money，althougb，probably，the demand is of but a temporary nature．During the present week the foreign ex－ changes have been less in favor of this country，the demand for bills on Paris and Hamburg having materially increased．The Paris exchange bas now fallen to a point at which refinable gold can be forwarded to France at a cheaper rate than remittances can be sent by the purchase of bills，and during the last few days the market for gold has exhibited more than usual animation．As，however，our imporiations of that commodity are considerable，there seems to be no prospect of withdrawals taking place at the Bank of England．The ad． vices at hand from Australia yesterday，reported large shipments of gold，and these，with other arrivals，which will in due time take place will be sufficient to meet the demand for France．
This demand，however，has not been produced by commercial causes． It has undoubtedly arisen from the loans negotiated at Paris and Vienna for Spain and Egspt，several Parisian bankers having arranged to ad－ vance Spain a certain sum，whilst it is also said tbat Egypt requires $£ 8,000,000$ sterling，and report says that for the sum of $£ 2,000,000$ ster－ ling arrangements at Paris have been completed．During the present week，however，as stated above，the demand for commercial accommo－ dation has been quiet in the extreme．The supply seeking employ． ment in the mariset has increased，and the rates have therefore tended downwards．The best paper has been taken at as low a price as 2 a per cent，but the more general quotations for the best paper may be considered as follows：

|  | ent． |  | 8 ＠31／4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ＠3／2 | 3 months＇bills |  |


The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France has suffered a con－ siderable diminution during the present week，the stock at the date of the last return being $£ 26,291,610$ ．At Hamburg the rate is extremely easy，and in most other quarters the quotations tend downwards．The rates at the leading cities are snbjoined：
 the steamer due at Southampton on the 17 th inst．with the heary por． tion of the Iudia，China，and Australian mails，will bring only $£ 74,000$ ， instead of $£ 350,000$ as previously reported．This circumstance had not been ascertained until the delivery of the Australian letters yester day，and it appears that orders had been sent out to Point de Galle， Ceylon，to tranship $£ 276,000$ ，and to forward that amount to Calcutta． There is，however，a large supply of gold afloat，viz：the Kosciusko， with 28,392 ounces ；the Chariot of Fame，with 10,420 ounces；the Giants＇Causeway，with 18,366 ounces ；the Sussex，with 29,262 ounces ； the Star of Peace，with 17,389 ounces ；the Sarah Price，with $\mathbf{2 , 9 7 7}$ ounces ；and the Ballarat，with 2,532 ounces，equal to a total value of about $£ 420,000$ ，The Wave of Life arrived yesterday with $£ 74,000$ ， and the Suffolk is reported to－day with $£ 73,500$ ．
The silver market is firm，and there is a demand for shipment to Holland．The supply here is small，and $60 \frac{7}{8} d$ ．per ounce is easily ob－ tainable for fine bars．The West Indian steamer is expected here in the course of a few days；but so far as is known at present，she is not expected to bring any very considerable supply．Annexed are the present quotations for bullion ：


Bar Gold F．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per oz．standard．
do Fine．．．．．．．．．
Spanish Refinable．．．
Outh American Doubloons．．．
per oz
do
do
last price

77 s.
7 d.
77 s.
7 d.
77 s.
74 c.
7 d.
73 d.
7 d.
76 g.

| per 02．standard．last price． | 5s．7／8d． |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 5s． $11 \% \mathrm{~d}$ ． |
| Fine Cake Silver ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per oz． | 5s．5\％d． |
| Mexican Dellars．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per oz． | 48．113．4． |
| Spanish Dollars（Carolus）．．．．．．．．．．．．per oz．none here． |  |
| Five franc pieces．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per oz．none here． |  |

Quicksilver $£ 7$ per bottle；discount 3 per cent
Consols have continued to rise in price，although the market presents a less buoyant appearauce to－day．As the supply of money is now more than sufficient to meet the wants of the commercial body，and as the banks and discount houses only allow $2 \frac{1}{2}$ and $2 \frac{8}{8}$ per cent．for money deposited with them at call，the supply taken to the Stock Excharige for investmen：in various classes of securities has been considerably in－ creased．The public，however，on account of their late experience，show extreme reluctance in making investments in public companies，and have therefore purchased stock in preference to shares，inasmuch as they know that they are not responsible for calls in the event of the com pany failing．Consequently，railway shares have been much sought after of late，and during the last few weeks the rise in these securities averages from 8 to 10 per cent．；but for the present，it seems as if the maximum point had been attained．＇The advacce in consols in the same period is not so extensive，but is nevertheless，considerable，and is，in one respect，proportionately great，for these securities never suffered depreciation to a similar extent．The highest and lowest prices of con－ sols，on the days encmerated，are subjoined：

| Three diys ending January 12. | Thur． | Fri． | Sat． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consols fur | 00\％ $0^{\text {＠991 }}$ | 1＠91\％ | 91＠91／4 |

The market for United States $5-20$ bonds has been affected by the news from America relating to the impeachment of the President，but the decline in the quotations has not exceeded one per cent．Atlantic and Great Western railway securities were very flat in the early part of the week，in consequence of the non announcement of the payment of the coupons on the Consolidated Mortgage bonds；but as the payment of these coupons has since been advertised，the market has assumed a firmer appearance．Erie Railway shares have been flat，and Illinois Centrals have also given way in price．＊United States 5－20 bonds close this evening at $72 \frac{8}{8}$ to $72 \frac{5}{8}$ ；Atlantic and Great Western Debentures 52 to 54，do．Consolidated Mortgage bonds $40 \frac{1}{4}$ to $40 \frac{8}{4}$ ，Erie Railway shares 43 to 44 ，and Illinois Centrals $80 \frac{1}{8}$ to $81 \frac{1}{3}$ ．The highest and lowest prices of American securities，on the days enumerated，were as under：
Week ending Jan． 12 Monday．Tuesday．Wed＇day Thu＇day．Friday．Sat＇rday．

## 

 Erle Shares． Allinois shares．$\because . .$.
The following statement shows the course of the market for United States 5－20 bonds on the Continent during the week：

|  | Jan． 4. | Jan． 5. | Jan． 7. | Jan． 8. | Jan． 9. | Jan． 10. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At Amsterdam． | $77 \%$ | 76 9－16 | 77\％ | $76 \%$ | 755 | $75 \%$ |
| At Frankiort | $773 /$ | $771 \%$ | $78 / 4$ | 763／4 | 763／8 | 7614 |
| At Berlin．．． | 7734 | $773 / 8$ | 77\％／8 | 763 | 763／4 | 77 |
|  |  | e per cis | ants． |  |  |  |
| At Hamburg． | $701 / 4$ | $72$ | $70$ | $693 / 3$ | $693 / 8$ $713$ | $693$ |

 It would appear that the price of wheat has reached its highest point． Our imports are by no means extensive，but they are sufficiently large to check any upward movement in prices．Several cargoes have been taken on French account；but as we are still in the receipt of flour from France，very little importance need be attached to this circum－ stances；indeed as French buyers take wheat from Lincolnshire，and from the same quality of wheat，owing to their superior system of grinding，produce a larger proportion of flour than can be produced here the fact of the French buying here，and reshipping it in the shape of flour，is a manifest advantage to the consumer，and should tend to check rather than stimulate a further advances in prices．In Australia the crop has proved much more satisfactory than was at one time con－ sidered probable，and we shall now not only receive the Californian and and Chilian wheats imported there，but also a considerable supply of Australian wheat．At present there is by no means ground for assert－ ing that the existing range of prices will not be maintained；on th $\rightarrow$ other hand，it would seem that although millers may purchase with extreme caution，the trade will be characterized by much firmness，and there may be occasionally an advance of 1s．per quarter．The fluctuations， however，between now and the re－opening of the navigation in the Bal－ tic are likely to be insignificant．

Advices from India report very favorably of the crop of cotton，and it is asserted that the aggregate production will exceed that of 1865－6． The Liverpool cotton market，under the influence of increasing supplies afloat and a quiet trade at Manchester，is rather flat．There is，how－ ever，very little change in prices from last week．


## English Market Reports-Mer Cable

The latest dates received are those of Tuesday the 23d. The storms which made that day memorable threw down the Eastern telegraph lines, and owing to the almost impassable condition of the roads, the parties sent out to repair them have not as yet succeeded in their purpose.
The following statement gives the closing price of consols and the speçified American securities at London, daily, since our last
 Consols for money
U. S. ${ }^{6}$ 's $\left(186^{2}\right)$. .. $\begin{array}{ccc} & \text { Fri. } 18 & \text { Sat. } 19 . \\ . & 905 / 6 & 903 / \\ . . & 723 / 4 & 725 / 6 \\ . . & 81 / 4 & 81 / 4 \\ . & 43 / 4 & 43 / 4\end{array}$ Ion. 21.
$903 / 4$
$725 / 6$
$803 / 2$
43 $\left.\begin{array}{l}90 \% \\ 72 \% \\ 01 \\ 4336\end{array}\right\} N$ No reports. Erie Railway shares
The latest (21st) reports from Frankfort quote U.S. E's, 1882, at 76, At the same date they were quoted in Paris Bourse at 72 .
The Liverpool cotton market has been remarkably dull, and prices have given way at least $\frac{1}{2}$. on the week, Upland Middlings having closed on Tuesday evening at $14 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{~d}$. The total sales for the week ending Thursday, 17 th, amounted only to 42,000 bales. The sales for the four days following are reported at 24,000 bales, which, at the same rate would make the total for the week only 36,000 bales. The depressed condition of the Manchester market is the ostensible cause of this falling off.

Breadstuffs have been active and firm, with an advancing tendency. Mixed Western Corn is selling at 43 s : 6d. per qr. of 480 pounds, being a shilling better than at the close of the previous week. Wheat is also tending up.

In the provision market there has been greater activity. Cheese has made an advance. Lard is quoted at $E 5 \mathrm{~s}$. per cwt .
Rio Coffee is quoted at $61 @ 63 \mathrm{~s}$. per cwt. Both American and Canadian refined Petroleum are higher, but are still below their actual cost. The latest quotation is $18 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$. per gallon of 8 pounds. Linseed Cake is quoted at $£ 11$ per ton.

## COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Imports and Exports for the Wefk. - The imports this week show a large decrease, buth in dry goods and in general merchandise, the total being $\$ 4,229,355$, against $\$ 7,062,192$ last week, and $\$ 4,140,074$ the previous week. The exports are $\$ 2,7 \pm 4,291$ this week, against $\$ 4,256,658$ last week, and $33,716,624$ the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 7,968 bales, against 16,589 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 18, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 19 :

our report of the goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of sperie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Jan. 22 :

| Expor |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}1864 . \\ \hline 9.871 .5\end{array}$ | $1865 .$ | $\begin{gathered} 1866 . \\ \$ 4.860 .886 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1867.724,291 \end{array}$ |
| Previonsly reported.... | 4,390,653 | 4,502,544 | 9,1095,150 | 7,973,28 |
| Since Jan. 1 | \$7,262,218 | \$8,566,849 | \$13,955,536 | \$10,697 |

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The value of exports from this port to differant countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1 , is shown in the folowing table: Since
Jan. 1.
$\$ 373,598$
73,996
448,198
52,077
178,382
42,565
58,920
98,524
68,245
38,102 dermany....... Other N. Europe Spain $\because$ © East Indies.... China...... Australia Br.N A Colonie week. Jan. 1, 1
$\because 20,808$

## 116,15

The following will show Fork for the week ending Jan 19, 1867 :

## Jan. 16-S.S. Tarifa,



Same time in
Same
1866.
186.

$\qquad$

Treasure from California.-The U. S. mail ateamship New York, from Appinwall on January 12, arrived at this port, Sunday, January 20. The following is the epecie list:

| $\underset{\text { Eugene, Kelly \& Co........ }}{\text { Morgan \& }}$ | FROM SAN |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ 61,00000 | Lees \& Waller . . . . . . . . .\$306,140 <br> 3,000 <br> 00 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total $\qquad$ FROM ASPINWALL. |  |  |
|  | \$20,553 75 | Hall .......... . . 2,900 00 |
| G. Herchtield | 80000 |  |
| L. L. Ieaacs \& A | 1,300 00 |  |
| Ribon \& Munoz |  |  |

Total from both sources


National Bangs not Authorized to Establish Brancers, or to Buy Commercial Paper at More than 7 Per Cent.-Some National Banks, in as well as out of this State, have been in the habit, when they had the opportunity, of buying good paper in the open market at 8@12 per cent., while others have considered that they had the right, under the law, to open branch banks in other places, and have done so These practices, we are informed in the following decision of the Deputy Comptroller, are unauthorized. This decision, however, is not in ac cordance with the opinion of some of our best lawyers.

Treasury Department,
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Treasury Department, } \\ \text { Offioe of Comptroller of the Curbengt, } \\ \text { Washington, Jan. 8, } 1867 \text {. }\end{array}\right\}$
Sir-I am in receipt of your letter of the 7th of January
Sec. 8 of the National Currency act confers upon national banks "all such incidental powers as shall be necessary to carry on the business of banking, by discounting and negotiating promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other evidences of debt," and closes with this provis ion: "And its usual business shall be transacted at an office or banking house located in the place specified in its organization certificate."
As the law confers no authority upon a national bank to establish a Arance or to carry oi the business of lanking at any other place than branch, or follow that all such banking at the one where ir is points, and in violation of Sec. 8 of the law.

Such hanking is also in violation of the provision of section thirty, ref discount or interest llowed by law in the several States where they may be located.

National banks have no authority conferred on them to "discount or negotiate notes" otherwise than under the restriction of the thirtieth sec tion of law ; therefore a New York National Bank is not authorized to buy commércial paper in the upen market at a rate greater than seven per cent.

Very respectfully,
H. R. Hulburd,

Deputy and Acting Oomptroller.
J. Thompson, Esq., New York.

The section of the Act on which the foregoing opinion is founded reads as follows:
Sec. 30. And be it further enacted, That every association may take, receive, reserve and charge, on any loan or discount made, or upon any note, bill of exchange, or other evidences of debt, interest at the rate allowed by the laws of the State or $t$-rritory where the bank is located, and no more, except that where by the laws of any State located, and no more, except limited for banks of issue organized onder State laws the rates so limited shall be allowed for associations organized in any such state under this Act. And when no rate is fixed by the laws of the state or territory, the bank may take, no rate is fixed by the laws of the state or territory, the bank nay take, receive, reserve or charge, a rate not exceeding seven per centum, and such interest may be taken in advance, reckoning the days for which
the note, bill, or other evidence of debt has to run. And the knowingly the note, bill, or other evidence of debt has to run. And the knowingly the aforesaid, shall be held and adjudged a forfeiture of the entire in terest which the note, bill, or other evidence of debt carries with it, or which has been agreed to be paid thereon. Aud in case a greater rate f interest has been paid the person or persons paying the same, o their legal representstives, may recover back, is any action of debt $t$ wice the amount of interest thus prid, from the association taking or receiving the same. Provided, That such action is commenced within
two years from the time the usurious transaction occurred. But the purchase discount or sale of a bona fide bill of exchange, payable at purchase, dace than the place of such purchase, discount or sale, at not nore than the current rate of exchang, for sight drafts in addition to the interest, shall not be considered as taking or receiving a greater rate of interest."
Railroad Property in Virginia.-The Legislature of Virginiz at its present session has granted two rallway charters designed to develop the rich mineral region known as the Kanawha Valley, long noted for its supplies of coal and salt. Remarking on this effort, the Richmond Enquirer says:
The mountains and the hills of Southwest Virginia are unsurpassed for the excellence, the abundance, and the variety of their mineral stores. Its salt wells, imperfectly developed as they are, supplied a large part of the Confederacy during the late military blockade. Its plaster beds are the wonder of the world, and are enough to make the hearts of our
farmers dance with joy. Its iron is unsurpassed, its lead rivals the deposits of Missouri and the galena of Illinois. Its copper, its silver, its posits, its manganese, are abundant and excellent, and its coal is unsur passed any where.
Omaba--Omaha, as the eastern terminus of the Union Pacifi: railway is fast looming up into importance. In 1853 it was the site of an Indi an village ; in 1857, it had a population of three thousand 0 ve hundred ; it now has a population of ten thousand. It is sitnated about midway between New York and San Francisco, two thousand miles from each Since October, 1865, the company have constructed and are running three hundied and thirty-five miles of road, weaterly, and have aided the Cbicago and Northwestern Company in building, since April last, the Chicago and thirty miles, a feat of railroading unparalleled. They have also a contract for a bridge over the Missouri Kiver to connect Omaha with Conncil Bluffe, and reasonably expect by July next to have their road in complete running order to the foot of the Rocky Mountains more than half the distance to San Francisco.
The Report on Mineral Resouroes.-The Report of J. Ross Browne, special commissioner oo the financial resources of the States and territories west of the Rocky Mountains, gives an estimate of the product for 1866 , of gold and silver, at $\$ 106,000.000$ from California, Montana, Idaho, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon, and other sections.

Portage (Mich.) Canal.-One of the Detroit papers says that the preliminary arrangements have been made, and that the work upon the canal will be commenced during the coming season; and vigorously pushed forward. The design of this enterprise is to complete the water connection between the east and west stores of Keweenaw Point, making, with Portage Entry and Portage Lake, a ship canal through the centre of the Peninsula.
Subiey of the Waters of Maine.-The Maine journals advocate a survey of the various waters of the State, and the publication of such a report as will place its great manufacturing facilities properly before the public. Gov. Chamberlain has recommended the same thing.
Revenoe from N. Y. Institutions.-The following are the griss receipts of the various ferry companies, railroad companies, and of places of amusement in Brooklyn for the five months ending the lst of January :
Union Ferry Company.
Hooston Street Ferry Company.
$\$ 300,846$
50,625
Brooklyn City Railroad Company
Broadway Railroad Company....
Coney Island Railroad Company

Brooklyn and Canaraie Railroad Company...
Jewtown Railroad Compauy.. Railway Company
Brooklyn, Central and Jamaica Railroad Company
Grand Street and Newtown Railroad Company.
Van Brunt and
Academy of Music...

## 

## DIVIDENIS.

Wegive in our Bulletin from day to day lists of bonds, \&c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on saturday morning sucheas have been pnblished throagh the week in the Bullerin will be collected and published in the Chronicle. Below will be found thos
publighed the last week in the BuLLETIN.

| gaye of company. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Batz } \\ & \text { f. O'T. } \end{aligned}$ | PAYABLE. |  | Books olosed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | when. | whirre. |  |
| Banks. | 5 | Feb. 1. Feb. 1. | At Bank. At Bank, | Jan. 24 to Feb. 1. Jan. 23 to Feb 1. |
| Corn Exchange |  |  |  |  |
| N. Jersey Rr. Trans. Co. | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 84 \\ 54 \end{array}$ | Feb. : <br> Jan. 25. <br> Jan. 31. | 2 Nas'u corWall TreasurersOffice Philadelphia. |  |
| Granite of Boston... |  |  |  |  |
| Philadelphia and Trenton |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance. <br> Phenix of Brooklyn. | 5. | Jan. 19. | 139 Broadway. |  |
| Universal Life. | 312 | Jan. 17. | Companys Office |  |
| Home... | 5 | Jan. 22 | 135 Broadway. |  |
| Broadway .ii............. Mitcollaneous. | 6 | Feb. 1. | 158 Broadway. |  |
| Del. \& Raritan Canal and |  |  |  |  |
| Camden \& Amboy RR on |  |  |  |  |
| Capital Stock | 5 | Jan. 31. | Companys Office | Jan. |
| ments, paid sept. 1, 1865. | 3\% | Jan. 31. | Companys Office | Jan. 22 to Feb. 1. |
| Morris Canal and Banking Co Canal preferred stoct |  | Feb. 5. | Jersey City. | san. 22 to Feb.5. |
| Consolidated Stock. | A 3 | Feb. 5. | Jersey City. | Jan. 22 to Feb. 5 |

## BUSINESS AT THESTOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

## Railroad shares, viz

 Chicage \& Alton Preferred Chicago, Burlinoton \& Q. . Chicago \& Northwestern.do Pref.
Chicago, R. Isl. \& Pacific. Cleveland \& Pittsburg.... Cleveland and Toledo.. Erie Railway Pre.........
do Hudson River. Marietta \& Cin. first pre Michigan Central......... Milw'kee \& P. du Cist pf Milwaukee \& St. Paul. do do pore. Co
New York Cent.... New York \& New Haven.
Ohio \& Mississippi ( $\$ 100$ ) Ohio \& Mississippi ( $\$ 100$ )
Panama............
Pitte., Ft. Wayne \& Reading.... \& T. H........ Toledo, Wabasta Weat'n

## Miścellaqeous shares, viz.

## Coal-American.

"" Cumberland .........
" Maryland
© Spring Mountain.
" Wpring Mountain ...
Mining-Mariposa ...
Improvm't-Bust.W. Pow ": Bruns. City. Steamshin " (Rvesian) SteamshipPacitic Mail...
S. Amer. Nav S. Amer. Nav
Union Nav... Express-Adams.
Trust Wells, Far. \& Co. Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

| U.S. 6's, 1881 . ${ }_{\text {Sat. }}^{\text {S }}$ (3,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mon } \\ \$ 17,000 \end{gathered}$ | Tues. $\$ 55,500$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wed. } \\ & \$ 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | Thur. *. | $\underset{\$ 15,000}{\text { Fri }}$ | Week. $\$ 122,560$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S 6's (5-20's): 74,500 | 64,500 | 113,000 | 254,500 | 251,500 | 211,000 | 968,000 |
| U.S 6's (old) $\ldots$. $\quad .$. |  | 10,000 |  |  |  | 110,0100 |
| U.S 5 's ( $10-40 \mathrm{~s}$ ) | 17,500 | 1,000 | 10,000 | ,000 | 20,500 | 95.060 |
|  | 22 | 32,9 | 3,000 72,000 | 66, 0 (0) | 93,500 | 550,160 |
| State bonds, viz.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| California 7 's.. |  | 3,000 |  |  |  | 3.000 |
| Illinois 6 's. | $\ldots$ |  | 2,000 |  |  | 2,000 |
| Minnesota $8^{\prime}$ 's. |  | 2,000 | 22,000 |  |  | 24,040 79,000 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Missouri } 6 \text { 's.... } & 3,000 \\ \text { New York } 6 \mathrm{~s} . & \ldots .\end{array}$ | . | 60,000 | 11,000) | 11,0 | 5,000 | 11,000 |
| New York ${ }^{\text {N }}$ \% s .. | $\ldots$ |  | 12,000 |  | 3,000 | 15,009 |
| N. Carolina 6's. 3,000 |  | 2,000 | 2,060 | 2,000 |  | 9,(1)\% |
| Ohio 6's |  | 2,000 |  |  |  | 2.000 |
| Tennessee 6's.. 135,000 | 56,000 | 28,000 | 73,000 | 83,000 | 96.000 | 451,(M6) |
| Virginia 6's.... 1,000 City Bonds, viz : |  | 1,000 | 5,500 | 8,000 |  | 15,500 |
| Brooklyn 6's.. Company Bonds, viz: | 6,000 | 3,000 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  | 9,000 |
| Railroad . ..... 13,000 | 31,000 | 19,000 | 28,500 | 36,040 | 23,000 | 150,500 |

Friday, January 25,1867, P. M.
The Money Mariet.-The protracted disturbance of confideuce noted in our late reviews has culminatedduring the week in another serious crisis in Wall street. The discussions in Congress upon the questions of reconstruction and impeachment, and the uncertainty as to the ultimate action of Congress upon measures of banking and currency have seriously unsettled confidence in banking circles Lenders appear to have generally adopted the policy of revising their loans, weeding out weak firms and calling up margins, and at the same time keeping their reserves in a strong position, hoping thereby to prepare themselves for any untoward events which may possibly arise in national affairs. This process has compelled a considerable amount of realizing upon stocks, with a consequent severe decline in prices, involving several failures among the minor stock houses. On Wednesday the breaking up of a protracted "corner" in Cumberland Coal, with a decline in the price of about 55 per cent., involved the failure of two firms, one of whom, Messrs, Quigley Brothers, have since made arrangements for satisfying the claims of their creditors. Yesterday two other failures were reported; and this moraing three more; while the names of many other firms were rumored, but without adequate foundation. Yester day it transpired that A. J. Meyer \& Co. had failed upon stock contracts, having previously overdrawn their account at the Bank
of North America to the extent of $\$ 219,000$. The President of the bank, J. P. Yelverton, on finding that securities were not forthcoming to cover the advance, was seized with apoplexy, and died yesterday morning. This sad occurrence naturally added to the prevailing excitement. To-day the banks have shown great caution in certifying checks, and brokers have been equally cautious of accepting checks without certification. The weaker class of firms find unusual difficulty in effecting loans, and lenders generally demand extra margins upon collaterals, notwithstanding the reduced prices of stocks. The applications for loans this afternoon have been active ; the banks have abundant funds on hand, but are not disposed to liberality in employing them. The general rate on call loans is 7 per cent. Government brokers, however, have had money freely offered in blocks at 5 per cent., on national securities -a fact which shows that the prevailing high rate of money is owing rather to want of confidence than to lack of funds.

Discounting is checked by the prevailing monetary derangements; prime, biltsefen are negotiable to ouly a moderate extent, at $7 \frac{1}{2} @ 8$ per cent.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes :
Call loans.
Loans on bonde a mort.
Prime endorsed bills, 2
months......... 2
${ }_{7} \mathrm{Per}_{0}$ cent.
${ }_{6}^{7}$
Good endorsed bille, 3 \& do 4 months....... do single name

Per cent.

- Government securities moderately active. The sufpension of telegraphic commonication with Europe, however, has checked the operations in Five-twenties, which in convection with a decline in gold has produced a fall from 108 to 107 in price, other securities having more or less sympathized with the decline. There has been no realizing of consequence upon Governments under the crisis in the stock market-a fact which indicates that the derangements have been chiefly confined to stock speculations. To-day and yesterday there bave been some few sales of securities by parties intending to invest in railroad stocks at the reduced prices. The prevailing lack of confidence among capitalists is evidenced in the preference given to national securities over all other forms of investment. Seven-thirty notes, for in stance, commanding a premium of 4 per cent., while demand loans are 7 per cent.

We understand that the banks are likely to be relieved from the inconveniences of the maturing of compound notes, now held freely as a reserve, by the introduction of a bill into Congress providing for their substitution, at maturity, by a form of security bearing light interest and being legal tenders.
'The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks :

|  | Dec. 21 | ${ }_{110}^{\text {Dec. } 28 .}$ ¢c. $108 \%$ |  | Jan. 11 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. ${ }^{\text {6 }}$, 1881 coup....... |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 105 | 1043 | 105\% |  |  |  |  |
| $5-20{ }^{\text {'e, }} 18$ | 1053 | 104 | 106 | 105 |  |  |
| U. S. $5-20^{\prime} \mathrm{s}, 1865$, N | 108 |  |  |  |  | 104 |
|  | 105 | 104 | 105 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| U | 105 | 104 |  | 104 | 兂 |  |
| U. S 7-80's 3rd series | 105 | 104 | 1047/3 | 104 | 104 |  |

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-The steck market has experienced another of those violent spasms which, during the last two months, have characterised speculation ; but more severe than those preceding. The panicky movement commenced with a break in the "corner" on Cumberland Coal, which, after having been held some time about 90 , suddenly fell to 35 , bringing down in its fall two or three firms, and seriously injuring Hou. John Morrissey. Wedvesday and yesterday the banks freely called up margins, and among the weaker firms, carrying heavy loads of stocks, there was a geveral movement to realize. This morning the brokers sold out freely their customers' stocks, and speculative firms were necessitated to realize. The morning Board consequently opened very feverish, and stocks sold at reckless prices. Erie sold down to 55, Michigan Southern to 66, ©leveland and Pittsburg to 78, Illinois Central to 111, Northwestern to 33, and preferred do. to 574. Subsequently, however, a rumor prevailed that the Secretary of the Treasury had expressed an intention, to suspend the con traction of the currency, which, though probably without any found ation, appeared to have the effect of giving the market a turn, and prices bave since steadily improved. The decline brought in large orders from outside investors, and those who have been long "short" on stocks came into the market freely, late in the day; to cover their contracts, and some appear to be now committed to an upward movement. From the subjoined comparative quotations it
will be seen that the market closes at a heavy decline from the prices of a week ago. The total transactions for the last six days exceed those for any former week in the history of Wall street, being 722,004 shares, against 506,840 for the previous week. . Included in the sales are 128,570 shares of Erie; N. Y. Central 87,100, Reading 93,030, Chicago and Northwestern 83,565, do. preferred, 51,173 Michigan Southern 53,150, and Cleveland and Pittsburg 47,780

The following are the closing quotations at the regular board today, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

| Cumberland Coal | Dec. 14. Dec | 81 |  | 90 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quicksilver..... | 44 | 441年 | 45 | 43 | 41 | 4 |
| anton Co. | 46 - $451 / 6$ | 46 | 49 | 46 | 461/2 |  |
| Mariposa pr | 311/8 301/6 | $81 \%$ | 32 | 3013 | 30\% | 101. |
| New York Central | 110\% 11034 | 1103 | 1103/8 | 110\% |  | 10\%\% |
| rie.... | 713/4 69 | 68 | 67\% | 132 | 1254 | 123. |
| Hudson Ri | 12212 1193 | 1233 | 132 | 1051 | 103 | 102 |
| Reading... | 10934 x.d. $1037 / 3$ | 105 | 10423/8 | 80"\% | 78 | 71 |
| Mich. Southern. | $811 / 2$ | 828 | 107\% | $100 \%$ | 107 | 10316 |
| Michigan Central | $112{ }^{\text {chem }}$ x.d.107\% | ${ }^{108} 8$ | 108\% | 1013/4 | 90 | 813 |
| Clev. and Toledo. | 1133 124\% | $124 \%$ | 124\% | 123 | 125123 | 1203 |
| Northwester | $54 \%$ \% 47 | $44 \%$ | 8.126 | 413/3 | 791 | $64 \%$ |
| " preferred | 567\% 7814 | $\stackrel{80}{803 \%}$ | 1036 | 102\% | 98\% | 963 |
| Rock Island. | 1033/6 1027/3 | $107 \%$ | $104 \times 3$ | 102\% | 96\% | 95\% |
| Fort Wayne.... | 10478  <br> $117 \%$ $104 \%$ <br> $16 / 8$  | 118) | 121 | 119 | 120 | 1123 |

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week closing with this day's business :

| Bank shares | Sat. 59 | M | Tues. | Wed. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Thurs. } \\ 115 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fri. } \\ & 162 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Week. } \\ 426 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Railroad " | 47,943 | 52,4700 | 99,769 | 111,462 | 163,345 | 193,393 | $668,322$ |
| Coal | 1.000 |  | 700 | 1291 | 160 | 450 | 2,601 |
| Mining | 2,600 | 410 | 1,909 | 1,400 | 6,400 | 250 | 16,050 |
| Improv't " | $200^{\circ}$ | 400 | 1,350 | 1,250 | 1,300 | 900 | 5.400 14.569 |
| Telegraph " | 980 | 408 | 2,785 | 2,150 | 3,081 | 5,165 3 | 14.569 14,255 |
| Steamehip" | 2,720 | 1,550 | 1,335 | 2,260 | 2,400 | 3,116 | 371 |
| Express " | .... | 54 | 100 | 50 | 51 | 10 | 10 |
| Gas " | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |




The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week :

|  |  | M |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | \$99,000 |  | , |  |  |  |
| U. S. No | 55,650 | 225,000 | 32,900 | 72,000 | 66.000 | 98,500 |  |
| State\& City b'ds | 142,000 | 62,000 | 98,000 | 127,500 | 104,000 |  |  |
| Company B'nds | 13,000. | 31,000 | 19,000 | 28,500 | 36000 |  |  |
|  |  | 00 | 329,400 | 358,500 | 221,400 | 362,0 | 2,635 |



The totals, weekly, siuce the commencement of the year are shown in the following tabulation:

| Week ending | G |  | State \& | Company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | Boud | Notes. | City Bond | 1 |  |
| ( | \$ | ${ }_{8}^{\$ 1155,400}$ | - ${ }_{6}$ | 165,000 | 3,517,150 |
|  | 1,734,600 | 314,1 | 431, |  |  |
| Jan. 27 | 1,197,500 | 550,0 | 637,50 | 150,00 |  |

The Gold Mareet.-The speculative activity in gold has materially abated, pending the excitement in the stock market, and, under the decline in transactions the premium has gradually fallen. The price bas ranged between $136 \frac{7}{8}$ and 134 , and clozes steady at 134. The gold bill adopted by the House, and now before the Senate, has not had any perceptible effect upon the premiun, it being regarded as bearing only upon the method of making sales by the Treasury
The course of gold during the past week is shown in the following


The transactions at the Sub-Treasury for the week ending Saturday evening were:


Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Jan. 14
Deduct payments during the week. Balance on Saturday evening

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub. Treasury since Dec. 1 :

| Weeks Ending | Custom House. | Payments. | Sub-Treasury |  | Changes in Balances. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Receipts. | Balanc |  |  |
|  | \$1,173,516 | \$15,277,328 | \$15,091,4 | 102,455,273 | Dec. | \$182,8 |
|  | 1,419,235 | 16,155. 328 | 20,383,460 | 106,68, ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 404 | c. | 4,234,131 |
| 15 | 1,471,199 | 10,7 13.385 | 12,793,157 | 108,689,176 | Inc. | 1,999,771 |
| " 22 | 1,057,950 | 10,525,233 | 15,915,183 | 114,079,126 | Inc. | 5,389,950 |
| ". 29 | 1,332,919 | 29,541,684 | 12,814,763 | 97,352,205 | Dec. | 16,726,920 |
| an. 5 , | 1,584,037 | 12,301,498 | 17,565,951 | 102,613,658 | Inc. |  |
|  | 1,944,622 | 24,387,977 | 22.939.314 | 101,164,996 | Dec. | ${ }_{3,648}^{1,46562}$ |
| "19.. | 2,360,714 | 9,450,690 | 13,109,053 | 104,823,359 | Inc. | 3,658,363 |

Foreign Exchange.-There has been an improved supply of cotton bills during the last two or three days, and with a light demand for exchange rates close lower-bankers' 60 days' sterling being quoted 108 굴@1091, and francs, long date, $5.16 \frac{1}{2} @ 5.15$.
The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreigu bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:


New York City Banks.-The fullowing statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York tor the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday, Jan. 19, 1867 :

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans and | Spe | Circula- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { deposits. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| New York. |  | \$3,224,84 | \$764,756 | \$7,104,077. | \$3,213,840 |
| Manhatt | 5,569.202 | 576,452 | 12,684 | 4,586,813 | 1,397,703 |
| Merch | 6,334,067 | 1,172,937 | 771,900 | 5,080,693 | 1,644,829 |
| Mechani | 5,234,6ั̌7 | 260,960 | 568,596 | 4,058,910 | 1,293,243 |
| Union | 4,544,903 | 208,437 | 468.213 | 3,177,27.2 | 1,271,525 |
| Americ |  | 1,840,707 |  |  |  |
|  | 3,864,376 | 454,341 |  | 3,574,315 | 591,060 |
| Tradesm | $2,827,016$ | 20,42 | 745;008 | 1,868 | 799,760 |
| Fulton | 2,025,895 | 204,320 | 18,9 | 2,017,334 | ${ }_{1}^{1,0855,353}$ |
| Chemica | 5,371,132 | 586,935 | 18,153 | 5,113,794 | 1,620,382 |
| Merch't | 3,578,452 | 80,401 | 453,693 | 2,777,865 | 749.579 |
|  | 2,690,176 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \% $2,271,9892$ |  |  | 1,583,204 |  |
| Mech's \& Trad | ${ }_{1} 1,151,772$ | ${ }_{6,015}$ | 4,979 | 1, 9454,365 | 128,498 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Qreen wich.... }}$ Leather Manuc | 3,507 |  | 192,050 | 2,518,2 | 862, |
| Seventh Ward | 1,296,55 | ${ }^{54,942}$ |  | -845,653 |  |
| te of N. Yor | 5,153,232 | 551,938 | 110,66 | 4.272 | 1,394,935 |
| American Exc'g | 10,495,741 | 831,748 | 987,31 |  | 5,730,281 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dis | 3 3,435, | -69,608 | - 4839289 | 13,017, |  |
| Pacific. | ${ }_{4}^{1} 9858.82$ | 32, ${ }^{\text {2, } 629}$ | 855,525 | ${ }_{3,858,6}^{1,64}$ | 1,210,529 |
|  | 2,05 |  | 129, | 2,047 |  |
| People's | 1,361,76 | 37,564 |  | 1,155,439 | 190.101 |
| North Am | 2,392,69 |  | 339,7 | 2,307,976 | 814, |
| Hanover | 2,610,726 | 74,900 | 291 | 1,570 |  |
| Irving | 11,173,179 | 275,371 | 2.811, 110 | 6,245,424 | 2,029,433 |
| Citizens' | 1,313,5 | 2,935 | 139,7 | 1,298,5 |  |
| Nassa | 2,369 |  | 4,447 | ${ }_{2}^{1,893}$ | ${ }^{352}$ |
| M Market. | ${ }_{2,68}$ | 23,981 | 755 , | 1,202, | 554 |
| Shoe and Leath | 5,499,8 | 63,700 | 919.2 | 3,60,660 | 1,167,300 |
| Corn Exchang | 4.093, | 22,486 | 10,711 | 3,078,579 |  |
| Continental | 4,018,6 | 236,246 |  | 2, |  |
| , | 2,940,323 | 52,180 | 13.9 |  | 561,8 |
| Oriental | ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 230.020 .056 | 96,027 | 14,0,0 | 11,64, ${ }^{1059}$ | 240.26 423,50 |
| Marine | 1,488 | -9b,480 | 98, | 1,340,304 | ${ }_{371,268}$ |
| Imp. \& Tra | 5,726,551 | 94,750 | 504.5 | 4.752 | 1,241,766 |
|  | 13,684,372 | 1,029,501 | 1,000,0 | 17,825, | 3,6337929 |
| ch. Bank'g A | , |  |  |  |  |
| Orocers ${ }^{\text {orth }}$ | 1, $1,275,968$ | 21,598 | 11,849 | 1,104,771 |  |
| st Riv | 1,028,416 | 11,631 | 283,500 | 671,419 | 226,014 |
| Manuf. \& Merch | 1.449,522 | 20,873 | 1,0 | 1,135,220 | 249,604 |
| Fourth |  | 20, | 2,925,7 | 12,751,825 |  |
| nt |  |  | ${ }^{2} 70$ | 943,514 | 310.039 |
| Ninth National | 6,272,302 | 79,663 | 916,807 | 7,299,708 | 002,309\% |
| Firet National | 2,936.327 | 43,472 | 448,880 | 2,977 | 960, 889 |
| Third National | 2,986,067 | 74,705 |  | 2,248, |  |
| Y. Exchan | 990,682 | 21,867 | 269.019 | 766,.358 | 307,008 |
| Tenth Nation | 2,537,900 | 7,900 | 910,900 | ,397,200 | 51,000 |
| rryoc |  |  |  |  |  |
| Croton National | 640,740 | 3,383 | 180,000 | 479,301 | 162, |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as fol- |  |  |  |  |  |
| lows: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :

|  | Sprocle. I s th |  | Tenders. | Aggregate Clearings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 8 . $2600,620,027$ |  |  | $60.916,857$ | 5,736 |
| Dec. 15. 258 ,45!,330 |  | 206,458,2i1 |  | 556, 150,838 |
| Dec. 22.. 208,255,514 | 13,231,917 32,433,429 | 202,029,877 | 64,816,96 | 587.150,833 |
| Dec. 29.. 259,354,761 | 13,185,22: 32,664,526 | 200,811,290 | 63,000,687 | 515,917,999 |
| Jan. 5. 67 257,852.460 | 12,794,892 $32,762,779$ | 202, 533.5444 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 65,026,121 | 4 6,987,787 |
| Jan. 12. 258,935,488 | 14,613,477 32,825 | 212,517.608 | $63,246,370$ 62235386 | $605,132,066$ $583,040,028$ |
| Jan. 19.. 255,032,223 | 15,365,207 32,854,928 | 201,200,115 | 62,230,386 | 583,040,028 |
| Philadelphia Banks.-The following shoms the totals of the |  |  |  |  |
| werage of the leading items of the Pbiladelphia Banks for last and previous weeks: |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\operatorname{Jan} 12$ | Jan. 19. <br> $\$ 15.449150$ |  |  |
|  | 52,528,491 | 53,158,307 | Increase.. | \$956, \$16 |
|  | 9903.320 | 877,548 | Decrease. | 25,772 |
| Due from Ban | 4,765,087 | 4,612.477 | Decrease. | 152,610 |
| Due to Banks | \%,339,462 | 7,486,050 | Increase.. | 146,588 |
| Deposi | 41,023,421 | 40,048,65 | Decrease. | 14,76 |
| Circula | 10,380,57\% | 10,381,595 | Increase. |  |
|  | 20,006,255 | 19,448,099 | D | 558,126 |

The following are the totals of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks past :


BANKSTOCKLIST.

| Companies. |  | pital. | Divi | dend. |  | dr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Marked thus * are not National.) |  | Amount. | Periods. | Last Paid. | Bid. | Ask. |
| America* | 100 | 3,000,000 | an. and |  | 130 | 135 |
| America (Jer. City) | 125 | 100,000 | Jan. and Jul |  |  |  |
| American......... | 100 | 500,000 $5,0100,000$ |  |  | , 12 |  |
| American Exchange. | 100 | - 3,000000 | May and | n. '67 |  |  |
| Atlantic (Brooklyn). | 50 | 500,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. |  |  |
| Bowery. ............. | 100 | 1250,000 | Jan. aud July | '6 |  | 5 |
| Broad wa | 25 | 1,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. $67 \ldots \ldots . .18$ |  |  |
| Brooklyn | 50 | 300,000 200,00 | Quarterly | Jan. 67.4\&23/2ex |  |  |
| Butchers \& Drovers | 25 | 800,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. '67....... 5 |  |  |
| Central. | 100 | 3,000,000 | May and Nov |  |  |  |
| Central (Brooklyn). | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 200,000 \\ & 450,000 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. and July | Jan. | 146 |  |
|  | 100 | 300,000 | Quarterly. | Jan |  |  |
| tizen | 25 | 400,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. '67 |  |  |
| City | 100 | 1,000,000 | May and.Nov. | Nov |  |  |
| City (Broo |  | 300,000 $10,000,000$ | Jan. and July. | Jan. ${ }^{\prime}$ | 11 | 11 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { opmere } \\ \text { ommo } \end{gathered}$ | 100 | 750,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. '67 |  | 06 |
| Continent | 100 | 2,000,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. '67 |  |  |
| Corn Exchange* | 100 | 1,000,000 | Feb. and Aug. | Aug. |  |  |
| roton | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 200,000 \\ & 100,000 \end{aligned}$ | arteriy | Jan. '67....... 10 |  |  |
| Dry 1 |  | 200.000 | Jan. and July | Jan. ${ }^{67} \ldots .$. . 36 |  |  |
| East Ri | 50. | 350,040 | Jan. and July |  |  |  |
| Eight | 100 | 250,000 | Jan. and July Jan and July | Jan. 67 |  |  |
| Fith | 100 | 150,000 500,000 | May and $N$ | Nov. '66 $\square$ |  |  |
| First. <br> First | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 500,000 | Jan. and July |  |  |  |
| Fourth | 100 | 5,000,000 | Jan and July |  |  | 02 |
| Fulton | 30 | 600,000 | May and Nov. |  |  |  |
| Far: \& Cit.(Wm'bg) | 20 | 160.000 | Jan. and July |  |  |  |
| Gratin. | 100 | $1,500,000$ 8 | Apr and Oct.. | Арт. |  |  |
| Grocers'. | 50 | 300.000 | Jan. and July. . | July '66 |  |  |
| Han | 100 | 1,000,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. 67 |  | .io |
| Importers | 109 | 1,500,000 | Jan. and Jnly. |  |  |  |
| Irving. <br> LeatherManufact'rs | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500,000 \\ & 600,000 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. and Aug.. |  |  |  |
| Long Isl (Brook.) | 50 | 400,000 | Feb. and Aug.. | Aug. 66 |  | 90 |
| Manhattan* | 50 | 2,050,000 | Feb. and Aug |  |  |  |
| Manufacture | 30 | 252,000 | Apr. and Oct. |  |  |  |
| Manufac. \& Merch.* | 100 | 500,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. <br> Jan. |  |  |
| Marine | 100 | 400,000 $1.000,000$ | Jan. and July. <br> Jan. and July. | ${ }^{\text {Jan. }}$ Jan |  |  |
| Mechanics | 125 | 2,000,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. | 117 |  |
| Mechanics'(Brook.) | 50 | 500,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. '67 |  |  |
| Mech. Bank. Asso., | 50 | 500,006 | May and Nov, | Nov. ${ }^{6} 6$ |  |  |
| Mechan. \& Traders'. | 25 | 600,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. '6' |  |  |
| Mercantile | 100 | $1,000,000$ $3,000,000$ | May and Nov. | N |  |  |
| Merchants' <br> Merchantr' | 50 | 1, $1,230,000$ | Jan. and July. | Jan. 'o'\% |  |  |
| Metropolitan | 100 | 4,000,000 | Jan. and July | Jan. '67. |  |  |
| Nassan*. | 100 | 1,000,000 | Jan. and July | n. '6\%' |  |  |
| Nassan (Brooklyn) | 100 | 300,000 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| National New Yor | 50 | 1,500,000 | April and Oct |  |  |  |
| New York County | 100 | 200,000 | April and Oct. | Jan. 6 |  |  |
| NewYorkExchange. | 100 | 300,000 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| Ninth. ........... | 100 | 1,000,000 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| North Am | 100 | 1,000,000 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| North River | 50 | 400,000 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| Ocean | 50 | 1,000,0n0 | Jan. and July. |  |  |  |
| Oriental* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific | 50 100 | 482,700 2,000 | Feb. and Aug | Feb. ' |  |  |
| Park. People | 100 | 2,000,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan. '67 |  |  |
| Phœonix | 20 | 1,800,000 | Jan. and July. | Jan, '67... $48 . e$ |  |  |
| Republic | 100 | 2,000,000 | Feb. and Aug. | Aug. '66...5\&be | $x 116$ |  |
| St. Nicho | 100 | 1,000,000 | Feb. and Aug. | Aug. '66 |  |  |
| Seventh | 100 | 500,00 | Jan. and July |  |  |  |
| Second. ... | 100 | - $\begin{array}{r}300,000\end{array}$ | 0 May and Nov |  |  |  |
| Shoe \& Leal | 100 | 1,500,000 | 0 Jan. and July | Jan. 67 | 61105 |  |
| State of Niew York. | 100 | - 2,000,00 | 0 May and Nov. | Nov. '66 | 106 |  |
| Tenth. . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  | 1,000,00 | 0 Jan. and July. | Jan. |  |  |
| Third. .... |  | 0 1,000,00 | 0 Jan. and | Jan. |  |  |
| Tradesmen 8 . .o... |  | 0 1,000,000 | plan. and Juy. | Nov '68 |  |  |
|  |  | 01,50060 | nfen, axd July |  |  |  |

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.


## ©he $\mathbb{C o m m e r c i a l d i m e g . ~}$

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

Friday Night, Jan. 25.
The heavy fall of snow and severe cold weather have filled our streets and harbor with obstructions, and the transportation of heary merchandize has been a work of extreme difficulty. The past day or two brovght some relief. but the obstacles to regular trade are still very great. Enforced inactivty has consequently prevailed since our last. And yet it has been evident that the legitimate demaud for goods has been considerable.
Cotton and breaḋstuffs have declined, but close steady. Groceries have, in one or two specialities, shown decided activity, and in all prices have been well supported, where they have not advanced, Tobacco has been inactive but very firm.

Provisions have been irregular. Pork and hog products have been dull for several days, and at the close nearly the entire advance of last week has been lost. The only exception is in bacon, which has slightly improver. The demand for lard for export has quite subsided. At Chicago, the receeipts of hogs last week were 37,000 dressed and 45,000 live, against 18,700 dressed and 36,700 live for the corresponding week last seasor.
Naval stores have arrived much less freely, but with very little demand,-prices have been tending downward. Yesterday there were considerable sales of common rosin at $\$ 4$ per 280 pounds.
Petroleum has been active with some advance; but the movement proving to be mainly speculative, the close is dull, and the advance partly lost.
Oils rule uniformly firm, with a moderate export demand for fine sperm and low red oils.

Hides have been quiet, with reduced stocks, the business being inainly restricted to Buenos Ayres, at 20c., gold, per !b. for medium weights. Leather with a dull trade, is a shade lower.

Fruits and Fish have been dull and depressed.
Wool bas been quite active, both at Boston and this market. There is a much better demand for woolen goods, and the long season of depression in this important staple is apparently at an end. No marked improvement in price can be noted, but decidedly more firmness with holders.
Freights have been quiet, but there has been very little room on the berth Shippers of grain to English ports have been obliged to resort to charters, and rates by regular sail and steam packets have advanced.

Recelpts of Domestic produce for the Week, gind since January 1.
The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending Jan. 25, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:
[Of the items left blank in 1866 no record was made.]

|  | This week | Since <br> Jan. 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Same } \\ & \text { time'66 } \end{aligned}$ |  | This week. | Since Jan.1. t | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { me'66. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, pkgs |  | 235 | 511 | Rosin | 1,276 | 15,972 | 31,531 |
| Breadstuffe- |  |  |  | Tar | 836 | 3,519 | 7,675 |
| Flour, bbls. | 18,855 | 102,094 | 101.013 | Pite | 26 | 536. | 92 |
| Wheat, bush. |  | 1,534 | 37,851 | Oil | 150 | 5,310 | 4,951 |
| Corn | 11,025 | 123850 89.50 | 146,149 | Oil, Petroleum. | 9,083 | 47,935 | 90,749 |
| Rye | 500 | 1,200 | 1,545 | Peanuts, bagis. | 320 | 1,583 | 744 |
| Malt. | 14,75' | 46,725 | 48,825 | Provisions- |  |  |  |
| Barley. |  | 2,915 | 14,737 | Butter, pkg.s. | 88,993 | 45,041 | 40,066 8,344 |
| Grass seed | 1,480 | 6,850 | 14,014 | Cut me | 1,659 | 35,324 8,326 | 8,344 <br> 3,564 |
| Beans. | 270 | 8,203 | 8,559 | Egg8 | 286 | 2,120 | 3,564 |
| Peas. | 596 | 2,096 | 2,285 | Pork | 2,407 | 32,364 | 13,985 |
| C. meal, bbls.. | 240 | 3,087 | 1,980 | Beef, pk | 403 | 3,742 | 3,622 |
| C. meal,bags. Buckwheat \& | 9,697 | 54,514 | 43,761 | Lard, ${ }^{\text {Lap }}$ | 4,221 | 13,981 294 | 9,317 2.059 |
| B.W. flour, bg | 596 | 4,375 | 3,184 | Rice,'pkgs...... | 567 | 1,997 | 358 |
| Cotton, bales.. | 18,689 | 73,567 | 83,418 | Starch .. | 950 | 2,214 | 9,980 |
| Copper, bbls... | 14 | 705 | 760 | Stearine . . . . . . | 46 | 187 | 207 |
| Copper, plates. | 150 | 8:7 | 1,073 | Spelter, slabs |  |  |  |
| Driedfrait,pkgs | ${ }^{731}$ | 1,925 | 1,083 | Sugar, hhds |  | 62 | 128 |
| Hemp, bales... | 41 | 143 | 102 | Tallow, pkga.. | 123 | 667 | 512 |
| Hider, No..... | 1,937 | 13,476 | 44,175 | Tobacco, pkgs.. | 279 | 2.392 | 8.570 |
| Hops, bales. | 71. | 1.059 | 1,258 | Tobacco, hhds.. | 87 | 747 | 1,473 |
| Leather, sides | 23,385 | 132,012 | 170,216 | Whiskey, bbls.. | 914 | 7.546 | 7,233 |
| Lead, pigs... |  |  | 6 | Wool, balcs.... | 441 | 2,916 | 5,429 |
| Molasses, hhds and bbls... | 772 | 3,185 | 2,661 | Dressed Hogs, No........ . | 6,426 | 37,383 | 39,212 |
| Naval Stores- |  |  |  | Rice, rough, |  |  |  |
| Crude trp, bbl | 559. |  | 3,135 | bush.......... |  | $\ldots$ | 428 |

The following table shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since Jannary 1, 1867, the principal ports of destination, and the total for the same period in 1866. The export of each article to the several ports jor the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the Chroniole from that here given :


## Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table shows the forcign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Jan. 18, since Jan 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866 :
[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specifled.]

| Buttons | For the week. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Since } \\ \text { Jan. 1, } \\ 1867 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Same } \\ \text { time } \\ 1866 . \end{gathered}$ | Hardware |  | Since <br> Jan. 1, 1867. | Same time <br> 13 if. <br> 696 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coal tone | 952 |  |  |  |  |  | 696 |
| Cocoa, bags |  | 2,017 | 1,621 | Lead, pirs. | 3,078 10,630 | 14,797 29.316 | 20,821 |
| Coffee, bags | 19,618 | 72,813 | 53,305 | Spelter, ibs. |  | 331,500 | 890,812 |
| Cotton, bales. |  |  | $3: 3$ | Steel | 3,075 | 14,613 | 7,656 |
| Drage, \&c. |  |  |  | Tin, boxes.. | 4903 | 30,560 | 34.886 |
| Bark, Perav | 372 | 884 | 261 | Tinslabs,lbs |  | 129,451 | 350,480 |
| Blea p'wd'rs |  | 535 | 530 | Rage | 100 | 1,531 | 2,012 |
| Brimst, tns. | 201 | 298 | 45 | Susar hhds, |  |  |  |
| Cochineal. |  | 30 | 561 | tcs \& bbls.. | 339 | 1,920 | 3,871 |
| Cr Tartar |  | 5 | 35 | Sugar,bxsむtbg | 1,200 | 6,162 | 13,66-4 |
| Gambier |  |  |  | Tea. | 216 | 10,227 | 2.98\% |
| Gams, crude | 17 | 984 | 1,109 | Tobacco | 1,49) | 4.506 | - 2,995 |
| Gnm, Arabic | 10 | 272 | 193 | Waste | 90 | 1,141 | 706 |
| Indigo.... | 63 | 205 | 214 | Wines, \&c. |  |  |  |
| Madder. |  | + | $9 \% 1$ | Champ, bkts | 365 | 5,283 | 2,981 |
| Oils, ess ... | 71 | ${ }_{336}$ | 434 | Wines | 405 | 5,238 | 4,815 |
| Oil, Olive. | 5015 | 1,247 | 2,924 | Wool, balce.. | 305 | 1,426 | 2,038 |
| Opium...... | 15 |  | 102 | Articles report | ted by va | ue |  |
| Soda, hi-carb Soda, sal... | 1,665 | 6,350 | 7,418 | Cigars | \$1,636 | \$16.094 | \$57,625 |
| Soda, sal. | 187 | 1,117 | 1,075 | Fancy goo | 67,9076 | 4,788 252,988 | 201,990 |
| Flax. | 18 | 40 | 841 | Pish.... | 44,998 | 86,198 | 95,411 |
| Firs. | 17 | 82 | 440 | Fruite, \&c. |  |  |  |
| Gunny cloth | 1,026 | 3,756 | 1,750 | Lemons. |  |  | 15,099 |
| Hair | 136 | 235 | 329 | Oranges | 545 | 7,564 | 8,223 |
| Hemp, bales | 1,559 | 4,521 | 10,229 | Nuts. | 9,30\% | 45.816 | 51,175 |
| Hides, \&c. |  |  |  | Raisins |  | 19,976 | 75,989 |
| Bristles. | 19 | 45 | 134 | Hides,urdrod. 2 | 216.086 | 476,552 | 243,41, |
| Hides, dres'd | 205 | 68.2 | 803 | Rice | 27,37\% | 35,949 | 24,371 |
| India rubber.. | 2,633 | 5,750 | 1,502\% | Spicee, \&c. |  |  |  |
| Ivory.......... |  | 31 | 180 | Cascia. |  | 18,510 | 5,007 |
| Jewelry, \&c. |  |  |  | Cinger. | 459 | 1,895 | 114 |
| Jewelry... | 11 | 33 | 54 | Pcpper |  |  | 11,022 |
| Watches | 21 | 68 | 69 | Saltpetre |  |  | 4,076 |
| Linzeed | 14,268 | 42,756 | 23,829 | Woods. |  |  |  |
| Moissses. | 93 | 2,027 | 2,237 | Fustic. | 102 | 8,886 | 1,813 |
| Metale, \&c. Cutlery. | 79 | 334 | 274 | Logwood.. |  | 7.197 1,333 | 6,913 9,822 |

Fridiy, P. M., Jan. 25, 1867.

- The receipts of cotton at all the ports this week show a further slight increase, amounting to 70,323 bales (against 69,504 bales last week, and 61,280 bales the previous week, and 77,554 bales two week's since), making the total receipts since September 1, this year, 959,174 bales, against $1,028,547$ bales for the same period in 1865-6. The exports from all the ports this week amount to 41,689 bales (against 49,701 bales last week), of which 38,247 bales were to Liverponl, 1,862 bales to Havre, 1,434 bales to Hamburg, 142 bales to Vera Cruz, and 4 bales to Barcelona, as follows:-


The total foreign exports from the United States since September i now amount to 420,493 bales, against 514,152 bales for the same period last year. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, \&e.:
Receirts and Exports of Corton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

| PORTS. | $\begin{gathered} \text { REC'D } \\ \text { EINCE } \\ \text { SEPT. } 1 . \end{gathered}$ | EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 To- |  |  |  |  | stoce. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Great Britain | France | Other | Total. |  |  |
| N. Orleans, Jan. 18. | 400,068 | 121,245 | 35,105 | 10,124 | 169,474 | 139,717 | 220,707 |
| Mobile, Jan. $13 . .$. | 148,196 | 40,418 |  | 801 | 41,219. | 41,108 | 75,170 |
| Charleston, Jan. 18. | 80,118 | 24,458 | 20 | 4 | 24,482 | 43,974 | 20,299 |
| Savannab, Jan. 18.. | 120,518 | 23,211 | .... |  | 23,211 | 73,854 | 28,037 |
| Texas, Jan. $11 \ldots$. | 67,313 | 5,661 |  | 1,2;7 | 6,918 | 13,364 | 37,168 |
| New York, Jan. $25^{*}$. | 42,111 | 126,152 | 3,312 | 13,909 | 143,373 |  | 125,000 |
| Florida, Jan. $18+\ldots$. | 23,3:0 | .... | .... | .... | .... | 23,320 | 2,327 |
| N. Carolina, Jan. 25 | 23,349 |  | .... | .... |  | 23,349 | .... |
| Virginia, Jan. $25 . .$. | 44,776 | 1,970 |  | $\ldots$ | 1,970 | - 41,770 |  |
| Other p'ts, Jan. 25 * | 9,411 | 9,585 | .... | 261 | 9,846 |  | $\ddagger 50,000$ |
| Total .......... | 959,174 | 355.700 | 38,437 | 26,356 | 420.493 | 40i.956 | 6.558,899 |

[^0]The market this week has been dull, attended with a decline in prices. This is due to several causes, but principally to the decline in gold; the accounts also from Liverpool showing a slight reduction in quotations, the prevalence of ice in the harbor and in Long Island Sound interfering with the execution of orders from Eastern spinners, and the al most impassable state of our streets, the slight decline in cotton goods, without leading to activity, and the reduced consumption among our manufacturers, have likewise contributed in some measure to produce the prevalent dulness. In the face, however, of all these facts, and of increased re ceipts at the ports, the currency price of cotton has declined but two cents, while there has been a fall of about 3 cents in gold. This circumstance well illustrates the real strength of the market, based upon the belief of an ultimate deficiency in the supply. The sales for the week are about 8,000 bales, the market closing dull at the following quotations :


The exports of Cotton from New York this week are less than one-half the total for last week, amounting in all to only 7,968 bales. The particulars of these shipments are as follows :
To Liverpool per steamers City of Cork, 225 ; Erin, 2,181; Tarifa, 1,037. ships. Rangoon, 1,957 ; Columbia, 864. Total bales
To Hamburg per steamer Saxoniy 1,434 . Total bales To Hamburg per steamer Saxonig 1,434 . Total bales
To Havre per ship Mercury 2io. 'Otal bales.
 from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1,1866 ; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :
Exporss of Cotion (bales) from New York sincesept. 1, 1866

| EXPORTED TO | week ending |  |  |  | Total to date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 8 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 15 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 22 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Liverpool. | 4,722 | 9,538 | 14,640 | 6,264 | 123,779 | 139,47\% |
| Other British Ports |  | 1,122 | 204 |  | 2,373 | 5,681 |
| Total to Gt. Eritain.. | 4,722 | 10,660 | 14,844 | 6,264 | 126,152 | 195,158 |
| Havre. | 316 |  | 491 | 270 | 8,312 | 10,177 |
| Other French ports | .... |  |  |  |  | . 8 |
| Total French | 316. |  | 491 | 270 | 3,312 | 10,085 |
| Bremen and Hanover | 829 | 486 | 1,254 |  | 6,923 |  |
| Hamburg |  |  |  | 1,434 | 4,850 | 6,891 |
| Other port |  | 1,073 |  |  | 2,2i6 | 89 |
| Total to N. Europe.. | 829 | 1,559 | 1,254 | 4,4:3 | 13,049 | 10,191 |
| Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar .... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | $\ldots$ | 860 | 602 |
| All ot | $\ldots$ | ... | . | $\ldots$ | ... |  |
| Total Spain, etc...... | .... | .... | .... | .... | $\varepsilon 60$ | 609 |

Grand Total
Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1


The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Phila delphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since Sep tember 1 :


* Reshipments.

There have been no exports of cotton from either of thesecities the past two weeks, except from Boston, which were to the amount of 579 bales, all of which were to Liverpool per steamer China. There were also exported the past week from Portland 133 bgles to Liverpool.

Caskliston, Jan. 19,-The receipts for the week ending Jan. 18 Cmarleston, Jan. 19, - 6,283 bales, against 4,248 bales last week. Shipments for thie week amount to 5,857 bales, (against 1,684 bales last week,) of which week amount to 5,857 bales, (against 1,534 bales last week, of which 3,674 bales were to Liverpool, 4 bales to Barcelona, 1,425 to New York,
325
to Boston, 66 to Philadelphia, and 355 to Baltimore. The receipts, 325 to Boston, 66 to Philadelphia, and 355 to Ba!timore. The receipts,
sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling,
rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and p
close of each week since Dec. 7 , were as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |  | -Freig To Liv | Tpld ${ }^{\text {Tow }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ment |  | mid. | poo | York. |  |
|  | 5,231 | 2,2 | 5,267 | 10,695 | 31 (a)- | 1/2@ |  | $140{ }^{142}$ |
| 14 | 5.619 | 3,712 | 2.444 | 13,870 | 32. @ $321 / 3$ | 3 | 1 (a) | 140 (141 14 |
| 21 | 6,464 | 2,496 | 2,474 | 17,s60 | $333 \times 13$ | \% | (1) | 137@139 |
| 28. | 6,265 | 1,086 | 7,574 | 16,334 | 31/2ab- | 12(3)- | (3) |  |
| Jan. 4.. | 5,378 | 3.347 | 4,353 | 17,409 | 33 ©0.34 |  | 1 (a) - | 134@136 |
| 11. | 4,248 | 1,648 | 1,634 | 20,023 | 33 @- | (a) | @ | 134 13136 |
| 18.. | 6,233 | 1,790 | 5,857 | 20,349 | 33 (13) | *(1)3 | (d) | 1360.6138 |

Business has been very limited throush the week hold decided firmness, and offering. but a limited supply. Early in the week the market declined about $\frac{1}{2}$ cent, but the transactions at the decline were very small. The close, however, is same as last week, middling being firm at 33, low middling at 32, and strict middling 337. Sterling exchange closed at $8644 @ 647$ for 60 day bills.
Savannah, Jan. 19.-The receipts for the week ending Jan. 18 were 11.589 bales (of which 99 were from Florida), against 7,837 bales last week. The shipments this week were 11,401 bales, of which 4,615 bales weie to Liverpool, 3,523 bales to New York; 1,899 bales to Boston, 700 to Portland, 351 to Providence and 313 to Philadelphia Below we give the receipts, shipments, prices, \&c., for a series of weeks :


Early in the week there was very little business done, but the favorable advices from Liverpool, and the rise in gold late in the week, gave an upward turn to prices, and the market closed firm at 53 cents for Middling, Strict Middling and Good Middling now on the market.
Mobile. Jan. 19.-By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending Jan. 11 were 8,308 bales, against 9,508 bales last week, and the shipments were 12,374 bales, of which 5,888 bales were to Liverpool, 1,101 bales were to New York, 977 bales to Providence, 3,229 bales to boston, 200 to Baltimore and 979 bales to New Orleans, leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, of 75,170 bales. The receipts for the corresponding week of last year were 12,550 bales, and the exports 9,271 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales and exports for as series of weeks, and the stock, prise of middlins, rates of freight a series of weeks, and the stock, prise of midding, rates of freight
to Liverpool and New Yors, and price of gold at the close of each to Live

| eex: |  |  |  |  |  | Price of gold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Receipts. Sales. Exp's. Stock Price mid. L'pool. York. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 7 | 10,447 7,100 | 2,879 | 60, 933 | $30 \times 1$ | 5/8 1340818 | 138 @1393 |
| 14 | 12,719 11,050 | 6,272 | 67,830 | 30031 |  | 137 @138t |
| 21. | 13,899 16,500 | 9,938 | 71,341 | 32a- | \% 1\%@ ${ }^{1 \%}$ | 1333 ©135 |
| 28. | 14,746 6,100 | 6,267 | 79,820 | 3 @- | \%/8 1 ${ }^{2}$ @ 11/4 | 132 @133 |
| Jan | 6,905 14,500 | 9,257 | 77,468 | 321/2- | 5\%61303134 | $13 \pm$ @135 |
| 11. | 9,508 9,200 | 7,735 | 79.241 | 313 - | 5/611303114 | $134{ }^{13135}$ |
| 18. | 8,303 11,300 | 12,374 | 75,170 | $32 @ 32$ 为 | 5/8 138(3) 13/4 | 136 (6)1834 |

There has been a fair business the past week, and, with the rise in rold, currency prices have gone up about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cent. The market closes firm, with Midillings 32@32i. Sterling exchange closes at 144@146 Exchange sight on New York steady throughout the week at $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{8}{8}$ per cent discount.
New Orleans, Jan. 19.-The mail returns for the week ending Jan 18 show the receipts to be 29,664 bales, against 25,019 bales last week, and 24,344 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 30,289 bales, of which 16,142 bales were to Liverpool, $1,59:$ to Havre, 142 to Vera Cruz, 5,700 to New York, 657 to Philadelphia, 622 to Providence, and 5,434 to Boston. Stock on hand Jan 19 was 220,707 bales. The receipts, sales and exporte for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middlieg rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week aince Dec. 7, were as follows:


## * By steam.

There has been $n$ very liberal movement the past week, attended with higher rates during the last three days. The rise in prices was due principally to the advance in gold; though the advices from Liverpool, and the prevailing opinion of a small crop, contributed to make holders firm. Freighte are looking up, owing to the scarcity of disengaged tonnage. The rates by steam for Liverpool are $1 \frac{1}{6}\left(1 \frac{1}{3}\right.$, and by
 lading bills, $142 @ 142 \frac{1}{2}$ for commercial, and $143 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ for bank.
European and Indian Cotion Mariets.-In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writes'as follows : *
Liverpoól, Jan. 12.-The cotton trade during the week has been rather flat, and as regards most descriptions prices exhibit a decline. The total business transacted is small, and the trade have purchased

[^1]with extreme caution. The cales of the week amount to 40,920 bales of which 4,910 bales are on epeculation, 7,570 for export, and 28,440 bales to the trade. As compared with last week, American cotton shows a decline of 7 d to $\frac{8}{8} \mathrm{~d}$; Brazil $\frac{1}{4}$; Smyrna $\frac{1}{4 d}$ to $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ : and East Iudian $\frac{1}{4} d$ to $\frac{8}{8} d$ per 1 b . In the value of Sea Ieland cotton no change has taken place. The prices current for American cotton are now as under :


Subjoined is a comparisun of the prices of middling qualities of cot ton for a series of years

|  | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. | 867. |  | 1804 | 1865. | 1866, | 1267 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middlin | d. | d. | d. | d. | Middling- |  |  |  |  |
| Sea Islan |  | 44 | 33 | 24 | Pernambac | 2713 | 24 | 214 |  |
| Upland |  | 251/2 | 103/6 | 147/8 | Egyptian | 27\% | 2:3/3 | 213/2 |  |
| Mobile | $27 / 3$ | 25\% | 19\% | 15 | Broach | 1944 | 15 | 15 |  |
| Orlea |  | 26\% | 20 | 15, | Dholler |  | 15 | 15 |  |

The available and immediately prospective supplies of cotton are now as under:
Stock at Liverpool.
bales. Americ
Indian
otal... $\qquad$ 846,512
The following statement shows the imports of cotton at Liverpoc for the week and year, including the sales of each description of produce in the same periods; the stock of cotton on Thursday evening last is also subjoined


London, Jan. 12.-The cotton trade at this port is extremely quiet, and prices have fatlen $\frac{1}{4} d$ to $\frac{8}{4} d$ per lb . The annexed particulars relate to East India, China and Japan Cotton :


Havae, Jan. 10.-The demand for cotton is much quieter, and prices are rather lower. Very Ordinary New Orleans has sold at 167 f .50 c on the spot; 164 f . for March; and 165 f . the 50 kilogs fur A pril.
Bombay, Dec. 29.-There is a geod demand for cotton, at 9 d for Dhollerah, $8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ for Broad, $8 \frac{8}{4} \mathrm{~d}$ for Pomrawuttee, and $9 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~d}$ per lb . free on board fir Coomptah. The stipments during the past fortnight have been 25,000 bales.
Alexannria, Dec. 27.-The demand fur cotton is very active, and prices have risen $\frac{1}{8} d$ per lb. Good Fair is worth 17 d to $17 \frac{1}{d}$ per 16. free on board. The shipments stand thus :

|  | Great Britain. | Continent. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From Dec. 19 to Dac. 25. | 10,529 | 4,066 | 14,595 |
| Previously from Nov. 1 | 39,331 | 8,158 | 47,489 |
| Total | $49, \gtrless 60$ | 12,224 | 62,084 |
| Same period 1865. | $\begin{array}{r} \quad 35,654 \\ \therefore \quad 53106 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,946 \\ & 9.964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45,600 \\ & 63,160 \end{aligned}$ |

## TOBACCO.

Fridari, P. M., Jan. 25, 1867.
The exports of tobacco from all the ports continue small this week, in fact are considerably less than last week, amounting in the aggregate of crude tobacco to only 1,450 hhds., 504 cases, 30 tierces, 149 bales and 284 hhds. of stems. In manufactured there appears to be a slight increase ${ }^{6}$ amounting to 77,105 pounds, against 61,469 pounds last week. The movement at all the ports for the week may be seen in the following:


Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866 :

## Exports of Tobacco fro the United States ince Novem-

 ber 1, 1866.| To | Hhds. | Cases. | Bales | Cer's d tes. | Stps. | bhds | ems-es. | Pkgs. \& bxs. | Manfd, lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Britain. | 2,494 | 383 |  | 142 |  |  |  |  | -299,410 |
| Germany. | 9,49! | 3,967 | 770 | $\ldots$ | . | 1,314. | 229 | 50 | 111.87\% |
| Belgium | 1,058 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holland | 2,850 |  |  |  | .. | 162 |  |  | 7.562 |
| Italy | 2,669 | 16 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | . . | $\ldots$ | ... | 36,411 |
| France | 3,464 | 4 | $\ldots$ |  | .. |  |  |  |  |
| Spain, \&c | 3,502 | 360 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 462 | 212,354 |
| Mediterranean | 831 | 50 | $\ldots$ | ... | .. | $\ldots$ |  | 50 | 31,546 |
| Austria. | 14 |  |  |  | .. |  |  |  |  |
| Africa, \&c. | 436 | 41 | 79 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 218 | 40,110 |
| China, India, \&c. |  | 558 |  |  | .. |  |  | 1 |  |
| Australia ..... |  |  | .. | 30 | .. | $\cdots$ |  |  | 1,286,653 |
| B. N. Am. Prov.. | 77 | 32 | 63 |  |  |  |  | 582 | 52,870 |
| South America... | 45 | 231 | 623 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 341 | 64,859 |
| West Indies. | 332 | 765 | 1,406 | $\ldots$ | .. |  |  | 112 | 195,909 |
| East Indies. |  | 244 |  | . | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mexico. | 1 | .. |  |  | . |  |  |  | 313 |
| All others. | ... | . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | .. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 50 |  |

T'1 since Nv. $1, \begin{array}{lllllllll} & 66 & \overline{27,467} & \overline{6,656} & \overline{2,883} & \overline{172} & -. & 1, \overline{476} & \overline{229}\end{array} 1, \overline{898} \quad \overline{2,339,914}$ The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped :


The market his week has been without animation. In Kentucky leaf the business is limited to about 150 hhds., at 8 82@14c. for medium to good. The market suffers from the same influences that have checked general traie; but, in addition, the assortments are very indifferent, and receipts very small; so that the export buyers could not operate freely, except at au advance, if other circumstances were favorable. In Seed leaf and Havana tobacco nothing has been done, and brokers have had an unusually dull week. Since the irregular movement in manufactured tobacco last week, amounting to about 2,000 boxes, the market has been very quiet.
kentucky leaf (hids.).



$\qquad$ | $40 \omega^{4} 50 \mathrm{c}$ | N. Y. State.-Fillers |
| :--- | :--- |
| 30 | 0 c |
| Ohio.-Goud running |  |


N. Y. State.-W Wrappery $\begin{array}{r}\text { Fiots. } \\ \text { Running }\end{array}$
 Average
Penn. Fillers.
manufactured.
Black Work, com., tax paid. 25 @30c. | Black Work Fine, tax paid. $80{ }_{0} 0_{1} 125$




The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

| From | hhds. pkers. |  | -Previonsly- |  | -T'l sin. Nov 1- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | phas. | hhds. | pkgs. |
| Virginia. | 2 | 94 | 1.862 | 21,990 | 1,864 | 22,684 |
| Baltimore | 14 | 25 | 619 | 620 | 633 | 645 |
| New Orlea |  |  | 226 | 88 | 226 | 88 |
| Ohio, \&c. | 71 | 160 | 2,653 | 4,682 | 2,724 | 4.842 |
| Other. |  | $\ldots$ | $11 \%$ | 44 | 117 | 44 |
| Total | 89 | 279 | 5,47\% | 27,424 | 5,564 | 27,703 |

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:


* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from the manifests.

New Orleans.-The market last week was very active, the sales footing up about 900 hhds . The demand was chicfly for export. The sales were almost all on prirate terms, but the prices, as far as transpired, were from $\delta \frac{8}{4} \mathrm{c}$. for luw leaf, to 12 c . for good light leaf, and 20 c . for selected. The receipts of the week were 28 hhds., and 1 hhd. was exported to Mátamoras, leaving stock on band 3.795 hhds. The receipts of the new crop are light, and have sold readily, while the stock on hand of the old crop is very small, and the desirable descriptions are
selling rapidly. The market is very firm and prices are looking up. The total stock on sale would hardly sum up $1,000 \mathrm{hbds}$., and the assortment is poor. A number of foreign buyers are in the market.
Maryland-At Baltimore the market has been very quiet. Receipts are light and stocks reduced. The business of the week amounts to about 320 hbds. reinspections, at nominally unchanged prices. The exports were 680 hhds. Maryland and Ohio and 284 hhds. Virginia stems, to Bremen, and 2 bhils. leaf to West Indies. Late quotations are con tinued.
Kentucky.-At Louisville the market bas been fairly active all the week, and prices fully sustained. The breaks, however, were light. owing to inadequate supplies, the ice embargo on the river cutting off receipts. With the full resumption of navigation the receipts and sales are expected to be very large, and as there is an increase in the number of buyers for sbipping qualities and a good demand ancong manufac turers, the trade is expected to be very brisk. The offerings to day were only 7 hogsheads, none rejected; the prices as follows: 1 hogshead at $\$ 360 ; 2$ at $\$ 5 @ 560 ; 1$ at $\$ 925 ; 2$ at $\$ 11 @ 1150$ and 1 at $\$ 1350$. The total sales of the week were 216 hogsheads, with 30 rejections.

## BREADSTUFFS.

Fridat, Jan. 25, 1867, P. M.
The snow and ice in the streets and harbor have proved a material check to regular trade in Flour and all kinds of Grain, while maturing acceptances and a decline in gold have caused many holders to be very anxious to realize. The same causes that have diminished the demand have reduced supplies, and this circumstance has had some influence to check the declining tendency. The receipts at the Western markets are on a more liberal sale than was expected, and are consid erably in excess of corresponding dates of previous years.

Flour has been dull of sale. Prices have declined $10 @ 15 \mathrm{c}$ per bbl . for low grades, and $25 @ 50 \mathrm{c}$. per bbl. for trade and family brands. But the close is quite firm. With an improved state of the streets and harbor, the trade has come forward to supply pressing necessities. Stocks in hands of bakers and dealers have become very low. There is also to note some export demand. Although limits are fully 25@ 50 c . below current quotations, the fact of an export inquiry had an encouraging effect upon holders.

Wheat has been very dull. Our local millers have not purchased half the average. Holders are firm, but have nevertheless shown a willingness to entertain approximate bids. The stocks of flour are liberal, but of wheat are everywhere very light. In Baltimore and Philadelphia millers have stopped grinding because they have no wheat. The stock here is much below last year. But at Chicago and Milwavkee, the principal sources of supply, the stocks at the latest dates, notwithstanding a liberal increase of receipts, aggregated only $1,200,000$ bushels, against $2,500,000$ bushels at the corresponding date last year. Any material increase is prevented by the rapid absurption of supplies to meet the wants of the Obio Valley, where for two years the crops of winter wheat have been almost total failures.

Corn has been very dull. There have been moderate shipments of Western Mixed to Great Britain on consignment, but no general demand. The receipts of Jersey Yellow, though reduced, have been equal to the wants of the trade. Oats have been very dull. The business has been contined to bag lots arriving by rail. There has been some business in rye for the Contineut, at $\$ 115$ for Canada, in bond. Barley has also been shipped to Great Britain on consignment, and closed firm. The following are the closing quotations :

Flour, bbls
Corn meal, bb
Wheat, bush.
Corn, bush.
Rye, bush
Oatey, bush \& busn.


The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows: beoetpts at new yobk.

| For week. S'e Jan. 1. |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| 19,480 | 78,990 |
| 8,885 | 28,305 |
| 1,210 | 1,305 |
| 29,960 | 94,300 |
| 7,75 | 3400 |
| 5,250 | 34,515 |
| 29,830 | 7,640 |


| For week. S'eJan. 1. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 22,600 | 79,540 |
| 9,840 | 16,650 |
| 12,325 | 32,310 |
| 58,480 | 125,3:0 |
| 125 | 375 |
|  | 18,355 |
| 8,240 | 14,250 |


| N EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Flour, bbla. | . meal, bbls. | Wheat bush. | Rye, bush. | Barley. bush. | Oats, bush. | Corn, |
| Gt. Eritaln, |  |  |  |  | 42,687 |  | 59,383 |
| since Jan. 1...... | 2,076 |  | 7,835 | 6,515 | 89,327 | 6,549 | 256,14 |
| Hr. N. A. Col. ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,228 | 729 |  |  | .... |  |  |
| Weetindies | 1,396 | 1,609 |  |  |  | 125 | 3,758 |
| since Jan | 11,680 | 5,960 | 300 |  | … | 468 | 3,758 |
| Total exp't, week | 2,396 | 1,609 |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{42,687}$ | 125 7 | 59,833 262,072 |
|  | 20,133 | 7,94 4,496 | 12,335 | 15,250 15,419 | 89,327 | 7,417 | 282,072 |
| same time,Since Jam.,from | 72,014 | 4,496 | 50,284 | 15,419 |  |  | 393,466 |
|  | 7,57\% | 310 | 500 |  |  | 150 | 10 |
| Boston | 3,337 | 2,630 |  |  |  | 1,191 | 3,400 |
| Philimore.......... | 4,286 | 704 |  |  | ... | 25 | 26,640 |
| exports of breadstuffs to great britain and ireland from sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



at the following lake ports for the week ending Jan. 19:

|  | Flour. | Wheat. | Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rye. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | bbls. | bush. | bush. | bush. | bush. | bush. |
| Chicago | 51,118 | 110,599 | 124,580 | 77,718 | 21,852 | 18,922 |
| Milwauk | 7.201 | 130,6it? | 22,729 | 16,590 | 1,710 | 5,054 |
| Toledo. | 8,803 | 16,32.5 | 54,310 | 4,965 | 1,770 | 700 |
| Detroit | 4,175 | 2,423 | 21,844 | 3,249 | 5,149 |  |
| Cleveland | 5,586 | 14,333 | 21,650 | 7,200 | 900 |  |
| Totals. | 76,883 | 274,347 | 245,113 | 109,712 | 31,381 | 24,676 |
| Previons | 77,225 | 212,858 | 244,208 | 171,277 | 37,008 | 26,897 |
| Corresponding week, '66 | 31,450 | 161,346 | 133,184 | 100,222 | 4,056 | 13,409 |
| Since Jan. 1, 1867. | 210,905 | 619,482 | 620,110 | 388,021 | 97,069 | 64,218 |
| Same time, 1866 | 89,435 | 542,097 | 434,100 | 421,562 | 94,902 | 49,151 |

San Francisco.-A circilar, dated the 28th of Derember. 1866, makes the following report: "There has been but little grain sown yet, but farmers are preparing to sow 25 per cent. more wheat than in any former year. The rains will be more generally beneficial than oth erwise. The sales of wheat throughout the month have been limited; 25,000 sacks sold at prices rating from $\$ 155$ to $\$ 175$ for milling, and on speculation, 45,000 sold at $\$ 185$, on time, for export. There are about twenty vessels now in port under charter to load breadstuffs,
their joint capacity being about 19,000 tons; :he most of them go to their joint capacity being about 19,000 tons; he most of them go to
Europe. The Australian advices received by maii steamer, arriving on the 25 th inst., bringing disastrous returns of the shipments made there, will prevent any more grain being sent there for the present. Flour is nominal, at $\$ 525$ per bbl. for good shipping brands."

The following charters have been effected since the 80 th November : British ship St. John, wheat to Liverpool, on owners' account ; American ships Kingtisher, 999 tons wheat to Liverpool, £3 10 s ; Reynard, wheat to New York, $\$ 19$ curiency per ton of 2,000 pounds: Geo. Peabody, wheat, etc, to New York, $\$ 37,500$ nett, in curredcy; British barks wheat, etc, to New York, Hamburg bark Esther and Sophia, 3io, wheat to Cork or Falmouth, for orders to discharge at a safe port in Great Britain, or on the Continent, between Havre and Hamburg, £3 10 s ; the Joachin Christian, 371, wheat to Cork or Falmouth, for orders to dierharge in London or Liverpool, £3 7s 6d; Prussian bark Hans, 328, wheat to Cork or Falmouth for orders to discharge at a safe port in Great Britain, or on the Continent, between Havre and Hamburg $£ 35 \mathrm{~s}$; Austrian brig Tiger, 180, and French bark Tropique, 486, same voyage; the American bark Delaware is loading wheat fir Guernsey. on owners' account ; ships Invincible, 1,325, wheat to Philadelphia, on private terms: Shatemuc, 1,043, wheat to Liverpool, on private terms: Sharpshooter, 481, wheat to Liverpool, £3 6s: Zang, 4:27, wheat to Liverpool, $£: 35 \mathrm{~s}$.
The actual exports of grain and flour to Atlantic ports, from 30 th Nuvember to December 28th, were as follows:

| Name of vessel. | Destination. | Flour. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Robin Hood. | New York. |  |
| Potosi | Liverpool. |  |
| Golden City | .New York | 48 |
| Granite state | . New York | 10 |
| Labaina | Cork |  |
| Carl Ludwig | Rio Janeiro | 344 |
| Silas Fish. | . New York |  |
| Bleng . | . Cork |  |
| Intrepid | New York | 148 |
| Zalette. | Liverpool | 98 |
| Derby | Liverpool |  |
| Dragon... | Cork |  |
| Constitution | New York | 47 |
| Mary Ann Wilson | Liverpool |  |

Wheat. 1,3299

$$
\text { Total tons } ., \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \overline{694}
$$

11,462
Liverpool, Jan. 11 th.-Flour quiet, but in a few cases more money was obtained. Wheat in rather small demand at previous quotations. good request at a slight advance on the week previous: Mixed American $428 . @ 42 \mathrm{~s}$. 6d. per 480 lbs . Barley inactive but unchanged.

ERTMEATED STOOES OF WHEAT, FLOUR, INDIAN CORN, BARLEY AND OATS


## GROCERIES

Friday, P. M., Jan. 25.
The Grocery Trade has been less active from the interruption of transportation, and somewhat unsettled by the decline in gold. Early in the week prices were quite firm, but later there is considerable irregularity.

## TEA.

Teas have shown considerable speculative activity, especially in greens, and generally prices have been well sustaned. There is less activity at the close, but prices are steady. The sales for the week are reported at 8,450 half chests greens, with a good activity in lines.

Dates from Hong Kong given below show the shipments of tea from China for November, 1866, to have been $1,708,437$ lbs, of black and 909,852 lbs. of green, making a total of $2,618,266 \mathrm{lbs}$. there were no shipments from Japan. The total shipments from June 1 to November 1, are $10,032,346$ lbs. ayainst $8,401,388$ for the same time in 1865 . The quautity of Black and Japan Teas is larger in 1866, and of greens in 1865 . Full details of the exports are given in the following table.

The imports of the week have been 8,910 pkgs ( $710,176 \mathrm{lbs}$.) per "Samuel Russel" from Amoy, and 404 pkgs . per "Aleppo" from Liverpool.

The following table shows the shipments of tea from China and Japan to the United States, from June 1 to Nov. 30, 1866, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1:


The following statement of stock of tea at Montreal, Canada, is from the circular of Mr. B. S. Curry ;


Kong Kong, Dec. 1, 1866 - There has been no considerable business during the fortuight past at any ports except those of Japan.
At Canton buyers make no offers high enough to meet the ideas of teamen. Of Country Congous there are 21,819 packages unsold, At Amoy Oolong has come down from the country freely, settlements for the fortnight comprise $11,262 \mathrm{pkgs}$. At Shanghae there has been some busiuess in greens for the American market. The total sette 1865. At Hankow the stock on hand is 12,750 chests, against 2,860 in 1865 holders are firm and no business doing.
At Yokohama the market continues active under a good demand which has generally been freely met, stocks being heavy. Most of the purchases are for the American market, and are of the finer sorts. Quotations are: Goof Common $\$ 18$ to $\$ 26$, Good Medium $\$ 33$ to $\$ 36$, Medium $\$ 28$ to $\$ 32$, Fine to Finest $\$ 37$ to $\$ 46$.

## COFFEE.

There has been a liberal business in coffee during the latter part of the week, and prices of Rio are firmer. Other kinds are unchanged. The sales of the week are reported at 17,200 bags Rio and 700 Maracaibo. The latest Rio dates, given below, show only bays luading fur the United States.

The imports for the weék have been 8,709 bags Rio, per steamer South America, 275 bags Manila and 982 bbls. Jamaica. At New Orleans the Ruth and Commodore have arrived from Rio with cargoes amounting to 6,800 bags.
The imports since January 1, and stock in first bands January 22d are as follows:

| New York | EE. <br> port. <br> 707 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stock. } \\ & 55,176 \end{aligned}$ |  | отн | York |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0,727 |  |  |  | Stock | mpo |
| Philadelphia |  |  | Java, | gs | 3,606 |  |
| Baltimore | 7,900 | 8,000 | Ceylon |  | 4,841 |  |
| New Orleans " | 16,844 | 18,000 | Singapore, | * | 2,580 |  |
| Galveston " | 2,200 | 2,200 | Maracaibo, | " | 4,214 |  |
| Mobile | 2,540 | 2,500 | Laguayra |  | 3,929 |  |
| Savannah | 2,500 | 2,510 | St. Domingo |  |  |  |
|  | . 62 | ¢5,62 |  |  |  |  |

Rio, Dec. 29, 1866 .-The following vessels are reported sailed, cleared and luading for the U.S. since Dec. 7 :

Date
Dec.


Date.
Flosence. Destination. bag

> Total sailed
" 15-(haristi

## Gertrude $\quad$ IOAD. Yor <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Gertrude...N. York.. } & 1,500 \\ \text { Aquidneck. Baltimore. } & 5,001\end{array}$

Redwing
Aberfielby
Aberfiel
T tal loading ..
t 80,000 bags.
.......... $\overline{11,2}$
The stock on hand is reported at 80,000 bags. Total sales since Dec. 15, 51,400 bags. Exchauge on London 23遥@24.

SUGAR.
Sugar his been steady, but only fairly active for raw, with sales of 3,000 horsheads and 2,800 boxes Havana. Refined is less active and lower. The decline in gold tends to unsettle the inarket at the close.
Imports of sugar during the week have $b$ 'en small, they include 535 boxes Havana, 178 hhds. Cuba, 5,832 bays Manila, 257 hhds. and a few bbls. and tes. of other.
Stocks and imports are as follows

 At-
Imports since Jan. 1.
Import Boston
Philadelphi
Baltimore
ew Orleans do,

## Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

New Orleans, Jan. 19.-Sugar has generally been active through the week, receipts selling readily, and the market closing at an advance of $\frac{1}{1}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ cent per 1 b . on the price of last week. Iuferior is quoted at 7833 , and choice at 13 c . Sales of the week are about 3,250 bbls. Mulasses has been in fair demand but closes at a reduction of $1 @ 2 c$ on the week. Common is u uoted at 57@58, choice at 71@72. Sales of the week have been about 4,100 bbls.
 Sugar, bbls... 3,041

Havana, J.n. 19. -There has been an improved demand for clayed sugar during the week, but holders have been firm, asking 8 rs. for No 12, and trausactions have been checked by this firmoess. The stock to. day is about 44,000 boz $3 \quad 11$ to 12 is quoted at $7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{rs}$. to 8 rs . Ex change on London being $14 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. premium. Sales of the week foot up about 4,477 bexes.
The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas :

|  | Rec'd th | Wris | ince Jan |  | sipor | tow |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year. | week. | week. | since Jan. 1. | weck. | Since Jan. 1. | boxes. |
| 186 | 27,633 | 795 | :,167 | 8.139 | 12,203 | 60,95 |
| 186 | 23,53:2 |  | 4,7i8 | 3,835 | 7,666 | 57,90 |
|  | 27,653 |  | 7,475 | 7,124 | 16,736 | 79,46 |

Muscovanoes.-Tbe stock at Havana is about 500 hbds., with no sales reported yet. At Hatanzas several parcals have sold at 61 @ $6 \frac{1}{2}$ rls. per arroba for fair to good refining ; 1,600 hbds. No. 11, old crop were sold at 7 rls.
Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzis are as follows Receipts
For
To U. States Exports
Total exports-
Stncks Year.
$1867 . .$. $1867 \ldots$
$1866 \ldots$
$1865 .$.

Molasses has been without material change in price, but the market has been quite inactive during the entire week. Reported sales are very mall.
The imports of Molasses for the week have been about 250 hhds. of 11 tinds, and 1,655 barrels New Orleans.
Stocks and imports are as follows:


[^2]
## SPICES.

Spicus have continued very quiet during the entire week, and sales from first bands are very limited. Jobbers are doing only a light trade: Prices are, however, quite steady.

## FRUITS.

Froirs have not been very active, but stocks were very firmly held until near the close of the week, when the decline in gold has somewhat unsettled prices, and our quotations are rather nominal.

-


Molasses.


 Citron, Leghorn
 Alnnonds, Languednc.
do
do Srovence.......
do Shelly, Soft Sbeli


 $\qquad$ lys, imyrna......go dig box Fiberts, Sicily DRInd FBuixpples ……......得 ip Back Raspberries
Pared Peachos Unpeeled do
Cherries, pitted,
new.........


## THE DRY GOODS TRADE

Friday, P. M., Jan. 25, 1867
There has been a comparatively light business in dry goods during the week. This is to be attribated in part to the storm of last week, which entirely stopped transportation and interfered with trade of all kinds, and also in part to the uncertainty which still exists with regard to the action of Con gress. At the close there is a slight improvement, but the sales are much below the present production of goods, and stocks are accumulating. There are but slight variations in prices, although the decline in cotton has a tendency to depress the market in the absence of trade. Agents' prices are still above those at which jobbers are selling goods, and we adopt the latter in our quotations.


$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Total this w'k. } & 55 & 17 & 85\end{array}$
Brown Shertings and Shintings have been very quiet during the week, and prices show aldeclining tendency for all but leading standard makes. Nonantum 3-4 i11, Atlantic $\mathbf{N}$ do $12 \frac{1}{2}$, Massachusetts $\mathbf{C}$ do $15 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard L do 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Commonwealth O do 11, Knox B do 15, Uuion do 14, Pepperell N de $14 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Head do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, Átlantic V $7-818 \frac{1}{2}$ Atlantic E do $17 \frac{1}{8}$, Pacific do $17 \frac{1}{3}$, Tremont E do 15 , Bedford $R$ do 13, Boott $O$ do 17, Indian Orchard W do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence G do 17, Pep. perell $O$ do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Head 4-4:22, Appleton A do 22, Wachusetts do $21 \frac{1}{2}$. Princeton A do 21 , Pacific extra do 22 do H do 22 , do L do $18 \frac{1}{2}$ Atlantic H do 22, do A do 221, do $L$ do 181 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence E do 191 $\frac{1}{3}$, do C do $21 \frac{1}{2}$, do $\mathbf{F}$ do 19. Stark A do $21 \frac{1}{2}$, AmoskeagA do 22, do B do 211 2 , Medford do 20, Pittsfield A do 17, Kenebec do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, Roxbury A do $20 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard B do $17 \frac{1}{2}$, Broadway best do 19, Sussex F do 19 Newmarkét A do 18 , do $\mathbf{C}$ do $2 ะ \frac{1}{2}$, Nashua $D$ do 20 , Pepperell E do $20 \frac{1}{2}$, Great Falls M do 19, do S do 17 , Sagamore do $15 \frac{1}{2}$, Albion do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Dwight $W$ do $18 \frac{1}{2}$, Standard do 17 , Shawmut $E$ do 17 , Pepperell $R$ do 181, Laconia E 17, Laconia B do 18. Lacohia 0 9-8 19, Pequot do 26, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 21, do do © 19, Nashua 5-4 321, Naumkeag W do 25, Utica do 42, Pepperell $7-4$. 40 , Utica do 50, Pepperell 9.4 .55, Monadnoc 10-4 62 $\frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 65, Utica $11-490$.

Beraoned Shemines and Shirtines have been dull and inactive until near the cloye of the week, when there was a light moderate de mand. Prices are not very firm. Mechanics 3.4 12, Revere do 12, Globe do 12, Kiggston do $11 \frac{1}{1}$, Boott R do $13 \frac{1}{2}$, Lawrence H do $15 \frac{1}{1}$, Woodbury 7-8 15, Newburyport do 18, Rockdale do 17, Waltham X do 19, Putnam B do 15, Amoskeag Z do 17, Harris AA do 171 $\frac{1}{2}$, Great Falls M do 19, do S do $16 \frac{1}{2}$, do A do 20 , do J do 19, Lyman Cambric do 20, Straffurd A do 19. Lawrence L do 19, do A do 10, Hill's Semp Idem do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, James 31 inch $17 \frac{1}{2}$, do 33 inch $19 \frac{1}{3}$, Bartlett 31 inch 18 , do 33 inch 20 , Webater 4-4 14, Greene G do 18, Lewiston G do 20, Windsor do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Pocumtuck do 19, Putnam A do 19, Newmarket A do 20, do $O$ do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Bartletts do 23, Bates BB do $23 \frac{1}{2}$, Oonstitutional do 17, Indian Grove do 20, James Steam do $22 \frac{1}{3}$, Indian River XX do 20, Attawaugan XX do 20, La Amoskeag $A$ do 20 , Boot $B$ do $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Forestdale do 26, Masonville do 27, do XX do 32t, Audroscoggiu L do 26, Lonsdale do 26. Wauregan do 30, do F do $21 \frac{1}{2}$, Bates XX do $27 \frac{1}{3}$, Arkwright do 30 , Wamsutta $H 32 \frac{1}{2}$, do OdU $32 \frac{1}{2}$, Atlantic Cambric do 35, Lonsdale 26 , Chickopee do 20, Waltham do 24, Wamsutta $9.8 \quad 37 \frac{1}{2}$, Lyman R'5-4 24, Naumkeag $W$ do 25, Boott $W$ do $27 \frac{1}{2}$, Nashua do $32 \frac{1}{2}$, Bates do $32 \frac{1}{2}$, Wamsutta do $42 \frac{1}{2}$, Amoskeag 46 inch 28 , Waitham 6-4 38, Mattawamkeag do 40, Pepperell do 40, Oneida io 45, Utica do 50, Waltham 3-4 $52 \frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do $52 \frac{1}{2}$, Mattawaumkeak $9-462 \frac{1}{2}$, Pepperell do 67, Utica do 85, Phoenix $10-4$ 65, Monadaock do 65 , Baltic do 70 , Bates do 60, Waltham do $72 \frac{1}{2}$, Allendale do $67 \frac{1}{5}$, Pepperell do 75, Utica do 90, Masabesic 11-4.75, Amoskeag do 75, Pepperell do 75.
Ticks are in very light request, and prices are easier: Conestoga CM 45, Amoskeag A C A 55, do A 42, do B 37, du D 27, do 032 , Bronswick
 dike 26, Pearl River 50, Oriental 41, Harvest 36, Hanccels A A 31, Pittsfield 14 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bunkerhill 26, York 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, Omega B $37 \frac{1}{2}$, do A 50 , do 025 , Cordis A A A 45, Everett $27 \frac{7}{2}$, Imperial sj b, Boston A A 35, LehighVal ley A 21, do B 20 . do A C A 22, Swift River 25, Pacific 30, Winnebago 13 $\frac{1}{4}$, Girard $37 \frac{1}{2}$, Hampden C C 30, Albany $14 \frac{1}{2}$.
Stripes are also very quiet, and prices are lower. Amoskeag 29 and 30, Uncasville 23 and 24, Whittenton A A $32 \frac{1}{2}$, do A $3-3$ 27t
 $47 \frac{1}{2}$, Haynaker 24, Everett 26 , Massabesic $6-328$ and 29 , Andover 23 , $47 \frac{1}{2}$, Haymaker 24, Everett 26, Massabesic 6-3:8 and 29, Andover 23,
Boston 25 , Harvesters $3-3 \cdot 22 @ 27$, do $\mathrm{t}-322 @ 27$, Blackstone 23 , AmeriBoston 25, Harvesters 3-3.22@:7, do ti-3 22@27, Blackstone 23, Ameri-
can 19, Eagle 19, Hamiton 28, Arkwright 23, Jewett City $21 @ 21 \frac{1}{2}$, Sheridan 421
Cheors are also dull and nominal. Park Xills Red 20́, Lanark $4 \times 229$ inch 18, Lanark fur 18 $\frac{1}{3}$, Union $504 \times 2$ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$, do $502 \times 237 \frac{1}{2}$. do 204235 , do $202-2$ 35, Caledonia 15 inch 35, do 11 inch 29, Lancaster fur 18, Kennebeck 35, Wamsutta 20, Farmers \& Mechanics 30, Star No. 600 16 $\frac{2}{\mathrm{~b}}$, do No. 800 2x2 22, do No. 9004.2 26, Cameron No 90 214, do No. 8020 Miners \& Mechanics 32.
Denims and Cotronades are quiet, but not materially changed in prices. Amoskeag denims 372, Haymaker 25, do brown 37 , York 36, Warren brown 25, Boston Manufacturing Co. 251, Pearl River 36 Union 30, Monitor 20, Manchester Co. 27, Clark's brown 25, Suffolk 27, Marlboro 20. Biue Hill 22 $\frac{1}{2}$, New York M 22, Fort Moultrie 30 Mount Vernon 30, Tremont 28.-Farmer's and Mechanics cassimeres alll at 55, Pemberton d\&t 45, Rodman's Ky J 47, Plow L \& Anv 50, Everett 47 $\frac{1}{2}$, New York Mills $62 \frac{1}{4}$. Whittenden d\&t 31@393.
Brown Drills are inactive, but prices of heavy makes are steady Winthrop 18, Amoskeag 23, Laconia $\div 3 \frac{1}{4}$, Androscoggin 14, Minerva 18 Pepperell 23, do fine jean 22, Stark A 22, Boott $23 \frac{1}{2}$, Bennington $22 \frac{1}{2}$ Massachusetts G 20, Woodward duck bags $32 \frac{1}{2}$, National bags 40, Stark A do 62t, Liberty do $37 \frac{1}{2}$.
Print Cloths are dull and prices quite nominal. The last quotations were 12 cents for $64 \times 64$ cloth, but this is quite above the views of printers.
Prints are dull, notwitbstanding the large variety of new and desirable styles on the market. Prices are nominally without change, in the absence of any considerable demand. American 173, Amoskeag dark 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, do purple 18, do pink $18 \frac{1}{2}$, do shirting $16 \frac{1}{2}$, Merrimac $D$ dark 18, do purple 18, do $W$ dark 20 , do purple 20, do pink 20, Sprague's dark 18, do purple 19, do shirting 19, do pink 19, do solid $17 \frac{1}{2}$, do indigo blue 18, London Mourning 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Simpson Mourning 16t, Amoskeag Mourning
 nolds 15, Gloucester 161. Wamsutta 132 Pacific dark 18, Freeman Ar Cocheco 19, Lowell 15, Naumkeag 142, Hamilton 172 $\frac{1}{2}$, Victory 14, Home 121, Empire State 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lancaster $17 \frac{1}{2}$, Wauregan $16 \frac{1}{2}$.
Domestio Ginghams are inactive and nominal. Lancaster 23, Hart ford 18, Caledonia (new) 20, Glasgow 22, Olyde 17, Berkshire 22, German 20, Roanoke 17 Bates 23і. Manchester 19.
Canton Flannels are also duli, and lower grades are nominal. Ellerton $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{Bro} .37 \frac{1}{2}$, do O do 35 , do T do 21, Laconia do 23 , Slaterville do 24 , Hamiton do $28 \frac{1}{2}$, Rockland do 17, Naumkeag do 26, Tremont do 20 , Scotts extra do 20, Whittendon do $22 \frac{1}{3}$, Ellerton N Blea. $37 \frac{1}{2}$, do 0 do 35, do P do 33t, Sal'n Falls do 311, Methuen A do 32, Naumkeag do 7, Nashua A 22.
Corset Jeans are in light moderate demand at last weeks prices. Androscnggin 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Bates colored 15, do bleached 141, Naumkeag 21, Pepperell 23, Naumkeag, satteen 25, Laconia 21, Amoskeag 21@22, Neivmarket 16 $\frac{1}{2}$, Lewiston 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard 16, Berkeley $22 \frac{1}{2}$, Rockport 21, Tremont $12 \frac{1}{2}$,
Camberus and Silesias are also in light request. Lonsdale Silesias sell at 23 cents, Victory $21 \frac{1}{2}$, Indian Orchard $21 \frac{1}{2}$, Ward $21 \frac{1}{2}$. Washington glazed Cambrice sell at 14, Victory H 13, do E $15 \frac{1}{2}$, do high colors 142, Hudson Mill 121, Fox Hill 11, Superior 11 $\frac{1}{2}$, S nithfield 13. Waverly 181 . and S.S. \& Sons paper cambrics at 18 cenis, do high colors 20 English 30 inch 20, White Rock 18, Masonville 19, Warren 18.

Woolen Gonds are rather more in request from the expected action of Congress on the tariff, but prices are unchanged.
american Peinted de Laines are still quiet, but prices are the same. All dark 25, Hamilton: $\mathrm{OO}_{0}$ 25, Manchester dark 25, Pa-
cific dark 25, Armures dark 25, High colors 25, Pacific Merinos 40 Mourning 25, Shopherd cheeks 25 all wool $4 \pm \frac{1}{2}$, Skirtinge 35.

Lingeys and Flannels are again inactive, and rather nominal in prices. Coburas are quiet at unchanged prices.
Cloths are in some demand for manufacture into ready made clothing. Cassimeres are in some request for spring trade.
Cabpist are unchanged in prices. The demand is light. American Linen is quiet but steady.
Formian Goods are still very quiet, with little or nothing of interesting feature. Most branches of the trade are dull, while a few, looking to a higher tariff, are firm. The trade is very light and confined to staple articles of houshéeping and dress goods.
Mancerster, Jan. 12.-The business doing in yarns and cloth is extremely limited, and much caution is being displayed. The actual transactions are of so restricted a character that prices are, in some measure considered nominal, and, it may be observed, that were sales pressed less money would have to be accepted

## IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORE

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan: 24, 1867, and the correspuading weeks of i 865 and 1866 , have been us fillows

(OTHEB THAN DRY GOÓdS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THR week rnding january $18,1867$.
[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.] China, Glass Es. Value.

onr General Prices Current will be found on pages 125 and 126.

## ©he $\mathfrak{Z a i l w a y ~ f l o n i t o r . ~}$

The following are the gross earnings of Atlantic \& Great Western and Chicago of Great Eastern roads for the last three years

- Atlantic \& Great Western. ${ }_{1864}$.

-Chicago \& Great Eastern. -

| $\begin{gathered} 18.54 . \\ (224 \mathrm{~m}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1865 . \\ (224 \mathrm{~m}) \end{gathered}$ | $1866 .$ $(224 m)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$47,393 | \$77,878 | \$90,415 |
| 56,565 | 77,242 | 79.430 |
| 67,822 | 83,450 | 111,102 |
| 61,612 | 75,514 | 107,072 |
| 69,182 | -76,674 | 120,460 |
| 58.178 | 91,987 | 118,960 |
| 53,518 | 91,075 | 86,037 |
| 88,458 | 97,145 | 104,331 |
| 87,037 | 106,389 | 103,4137 |
| 97,876 | 118610 | 132,725 |
| 94,543 | 116.293 | 138,911 |
| 78,111 | 91,564 | 102,957 |

Europeanand North American Railway.-Ground was broken at Bangor, Me., on New Year's Day, for the European and North American Railway, a line intended by its projector, the Hon. John A. Poor, to connect the American system of railroads with the harbors of St. John, N.B. and Halifax, Nova Scotia, the best ports on the Eastern coast, and the latter the continental port of America nearest to Europe. The first 56 miles east of Bangor are to be commenced as soon as the winter is over and the ground thawed.

Great Western (Can.) Railway.-The completion of the laying of the third rail on this important line was celebrated at Ham ilton, C. W, on the 9 lh inst. By means of this addition the Great Western is brought into uniform line and connection with the New Yórk Central on the one hand and the Michigan Central on the other hand, and the narrow gauge cars of these roads can now pass and repass through Canáda without breaking bulk. Cars can be loaded at Portland, Boston or New York, and sent through to Detroit, Chicago, Cairo, Burlington and St. Louis, and, by conjoint arrangement between the Eastern and Western railroad managers,
freight cars commenced running through on the 1st inst. to and from the points above named. About a million and a quarter dollars have been expended by the Great Western Company in completing this improvement and in the construction of a ferry-boat, by means of which the cars will be transported between Windsor and Detroit. This boat takes 18 ears at a load, and a train of 108 cars was so Iransported a few days ago in the short space of two hours. It is proposed to make this line the great freight line, and to employ about 5,000 cars in the business. Proper regulations have been issued to avoid the inconvenience of customs examinations on the frontiers; but Custom-house officers will accompany each train.

New Brunswick and Canada Railitay.-The first train on the Nt. Stephen's branch of this line passed over the new road on the 2d inst.

Southwestern Pacific Railroad.-A large body of men are now engayed in the construction of this road (now a link in the Atlantic and Pacific), and the work is being pushed along with commendable vigor. In a few days it will be completed to the Gasconade River, 125 miles from St. Louis. At this point a bridge 800 feet long is being built. The work of grading is also being pushed west of that river, 1,500 men being employed in that direction.

Union Pacific Railroad.-Trains are now runing on this road from Omaba to a point a few miles west of the forks of the Platte River. The road is now definitely located up the Lodge-Pole Creek to the foot of the Black Hills, thence through Evans' Pass to the Laramie River, a further distance of near 300 miles. So far the road is to be built this year. The main line will pass about 100 miles north of Denver, to whieh city it is now proposed to construct a branch. Oliver Ames, of Easton, Mass., officiates as President in the absence of Gen. John A. Dix, our Minister.Plenipotentiary to France.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chica } \\ & \hline 18644 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | -Chicas |  |  |  | hicag | d Rock Is] |  |  | land |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1864 . \\ (257 \mathrm{~m} . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1865 . \\ & (2 * i 0 \mathrm{n} .) \end{aligned}$ | 1866. $(280 \mathrm{~m}$. |  | 1864. <br> ( 800 m .) | $\begin{gathered} 1865 . \\ \\ \hline 860 \end{gathered}$ | 18866. $(930 \mathrm{~m}$. |  |  |  |  |  | 1864. $(20 \pm \mathrm{m}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 1865 \\ 204 \mathrm{ni} \text { ) } \end{array}$ |  |
| \$100, | \$230,50 |  |  |  | \$541,0, | \$523,566 |  |  | \$305,5 | \$241,395 | Jan.... | \$139, | \$173,557 |  |
| 154,418 | 275, |  |  |  |  | 405,(134 | . Fe | 175, | 246 |  |  | 170 | 180, | 30 |
| 195, | ${ }^{299,063}$ | 304,885 |  |  | 499 | 523,744 | Mar | 243,150 | 289, | 257,230 | A | 202, | 20 | 167,007 |
| 162,7\% | 253,43 | 0,8 |  | 421,363 | 468,358 | 518,736 | pr | 185,013 | 196,5 | 192 |  | 193,919 | 196, | 173 |
| 178,780 | 322,27 | 3,4 |  | 466 | 585,623 | $735,0 \times 2$ |  |  | 234,6 | $26^{64}$ |  | 203,51 | 215 |  |
| 20 | 355,27 | sti |  | 565,145 | 747.942 | 922,892 |  | 243 | 321, | 240 |  | 210,3 |  |  |
|  | 335,9 | 326 |  | 480,710 |  | ${ }^{73}$ | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40 |  |  | 519, | 767 | 778 | u | 271 |  | 310,443. | A |  |  |  |
|  | 401,280 | 318.5 |  | 669, | 946,701 | 989 | se | 331,494 | 389,4 | Ri396,050. | ep | 2A2, | 243 , | ,441 |
| 320 , | 357,93 | 347,0 | oct | ${ }^{7229}$ 7259 | 3,886 | 1,210,65 |  | 344,86 | 307 | 8422.124 |  | 248,29 | 223,846 |  |
| 307 | 307,9 | зщ2, |  | 716,378 | 0.354 | 1,005,688 |  | 331 |  |  |  | 220,0 | 220,183 |  |
| 252,015 | 2381 |  |  | 563,401 | 546,6 |  |  | 321,03 |  | O339 |  | 201,10 | 178,434 | ,427 |
| 0,484 | 3,840,091 |  |  | 6,114,566 7 | 960,9 | 9,188,99 |  | 3,095,470 | 3,313,5 | 478 |  | 2,512,31 |  |  |
| Eris | Railway |  |  | ${ }^{11} 1$ | nois Centra | al. |  | Mariett | nd Cincin | nnati- |  | Michis | an Ce |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$327,900 | \$571,533 |  | J | \$77,010 | \$96 |  |  | 6252 , |  |  |
| 934,13 |  |  |  |  | 528,972 | 512,027 | F | 74,409 |  |  |  | 278,8 | 279,1s |  |
| 1,114,50 | 1,256 | 1,070,434 |  | 459,762 | 616,665 | 516,82 | M | 80 | 93 , | 82,91 |  | 348,8 | 344,228 |  |
|  | 1,458 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,041, | 1,177, | 1,243 | un | 510,1 | 617,6 | 560,025 | Jun | 78,69 | 107,5 | 166,31 | un |  |  | 835 |
| 994, | 1,202,18 |  |  |  | 578,403 | 467,115. | uly | 91,80 | 104, | 96,121 | In | 263,2 | 329,10 |  |
| 105, | 1,33 |  |  | 588,964 | 747,469 |  | Au | 94,375 |  | 106, |  |  |  |  |
| 301, | 1,336,61 | 1 |  | 93,236 | 7339,736 | 551,021 | Se | 93,078 | 125,252 | 108.3 | Se | 448,4 | 60, |  |
| 222 | 1,438,61 | 1,480.261 |  | 661,391 | 641,539 | 639,195. | Oc | ,576 | 116,495 | 150,14 | O | 410, |  |  |
| 22 | 1,522, 472 | 417 |  | 657,141 | 2,8 | 1,552 | ...No | 6,9,9 | 116,146 | 110,9 | No | 405,51 |  | 414,604 |
| 1,234, | 1,429,765 | 1,0\#t |  |  |  |  |  | 95,4 | 105,767 | 111,6 |  | 376, |  | 308,6 |
| 13,429,643 | 15,4 | 14,556,94 |  | 6,329,447 | 7,181,208 | - | Year | ,038,1 | 1,222,0 | 1,186, | Yea | 3,970, | 4,504 | 12 |
| Mich. | O. \& N. | iana.- |  | -Mil. and | Prairie du | Chien.- |  | Milwa |  |  |  | Ohio |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 硡 | (524 m.) |  |  | (1) | (234 m.) | ) |  |  | (234 m.) | ${ }^{234}$ m.) |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$363,996 | \$314,5 |  | \$102,749 | \$98,183 | \$121,776. | ..Jan... | \$51,965 | \$98,181 | \$131,707 | . Jan... | \$210,329. | \$25 |  |
| 30 | 366 |  |  | 115,135 |  |  |  | 46,47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 338,45 | 413,9 | 412,3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 124 |  |  | 313, |  |
| 330,65 |  |  |  | 140,4 | 106, |  |  |  | 106, | 121, | April. |  |  |  |
| 267,12 | 351,489 |  |  | , | 146,943 | 267 , | Ia | 131,64 | 203,01 | 245,51 | Ma | 224,9 |  |  |
| 315,2 | 387,0 |  |  | 212,2 |  | 262,1 |  | 126,97 | 237 , | 242,5 | u | 223, |  | 25 |
|  |  |  | Jul | 139,5 | 217,159 | 170 | I |  | 251 | 209,1 |  | 268 , | 349 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 113, | 170,555 | 116 |  |  |  | 189 |  |  |  | 454 |
| 402, |  | 429 | Sep | 168,2 | 228,020 | 150,981 | ..Se | 18, |  | 275,90 | ...Sep... |  |  | 278,701 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 31 | 286,133 | ..cet... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 448,93 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 198,135 | 344 | 12011 |  | 275950 | 412,553 | 02,425 |
| 411,80 | 351,799 |  |  | 117,013 | 110,664 |  |  | 129,227 | 171 | 128,7 | De | 275,960 | 4,319 |  |
| 4,120,153 | 4,826,722 | 4,643,422 | Year .. | 1,711,281 | 1,985,712 | 2,012,700 | Yea | 1,402,106 | 2,535,001 | 2,544,000 | Ye | 3,311,070 | 3,793,005 |  |
| t |  |  |  | -St. L., | on 2 | Haute. |  | Toled | ab. \& W | estern |  |  | U Union |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1865 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0,144 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{611}$ |  |  |  | 160.4 | 202,771 |  |  | 96, 84 | 139,171 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{588}$ | ${ }_{733}$ |  |  |  | 169,299 | 167,301 |  | ${ }_{123}$ | 144,100 |  |  |  |  | - 89,23 |
|  |  |  |  | 149 |  | 163,6 |  | 12 T |  | 316, | A |  |  | 86,91 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14 | 162,570 | 166,015 | , Ju |  | (271, | 304,91 | -Jul |  |  |  |
| 625,5 | 712,495 |  |  | 218,236 | 218 | 222,953 |  | 244,144 | 374.5 | 396,24 |  |  | 51, ,862 |  |
| (356, | 795,9 |  |  | 194 | 4 216,783 | 19 |  | 375,534 | ¢ 379,9 | 1349,1 |  | 56 | 75,677 |  |
| 701 | ${ }_{71,580}$ | ${ }_{7681} 72.00$ |  | 203,785 | 222,934 |  | ct | 221,570 | $\underbrace{3}$ |  |  | ${ }_{56 \text { 6. }}^{672}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 202, \\ 5093 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7,220,465 | \%,489 |  | Year.o | +2,084,074 | 0,7 | 2,251,5 | .. Year.. | 0,3 | 2,928, | 3,694,975 | Yea | 687, |  |  |

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.


RAILROAD，CANAL，AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST．

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Companies. } \\ & \text { Marked thus (*) are leased roads, } \\ & \text { and have fixed incomes. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Stock } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Dividend． |  | $\left.-\frac{\text { Priday. }}{\text { IBid. }} \right\rvert\,$ | Companies． <br> Marked thus（＊）are leased roads， and have fixed incomes． | Stock out－ standing． | Dividend． |  | frid ${ }^{\text {at．}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per | L |  |  |  | Perio | Last p’d． | Bid． | Ask |
| RRailroad． Alton and St Lonis＊．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  | Quarterly． | Jan．．．1\％ |  | New York and Harlem ．．．．．．．． 50 | 1，5 | Jan．and July <br> Jan．and July | I |  | 98 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Atton and St Lonis* } \\ & \text { Atlantic \& Great Western....... } 50 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | 1,522, | Quarterly． | Jan．．．1® |  | New York Providence \＆Boston 100 | 1, | Quarterly． |  |  |  |
| do prefe | 1，919， |  |  |  | Ninth Avenue |  | May and Nov | Nov |  |  |
| Allantic \＆st．Lid | 13，188，00 |  |  |  | Northern Ce |  | May and Nov． |  |  |  |
| Baltimore Mnd Ohio． | $\begin{aligned} & 13,188,00 \\ & 1,650,00 \end{aligned}$ | April and Oct |  |  | North Missouri ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bellefontaine Line | 4，434 | Fcb．and Ang |  |  | North Peungylvania：．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belvidere，Delawar Berkghire＊＊．．．．．． | 997， 600 | Q | Jan．．．13／4 |  |  |  |  |  | 68 |  |
| Berkshire＊． Bloseburg a | 250,000 | － | Dec．． $24 / 8$ |  | do preferred．${ }^{2} 00$ |  | Apr．and Oct | Oct． | \％ |  |
| Boston，Hartford and Erie．．．．． 10 | $8,500,(100)$ $1,830,000$ |  |  | 93／4 | Ohio and Mississippi．．．．．．．．${ }_{\text {do }}^{\text {do }}$ preterred． 100 |  |  |  | $24 x$ |  |
| Boston and Low | ${ }_{4,076,97+}^{1,830,000}{ }^{\text {J }}$ | J |  | 132 | Oid Colony and Newport．．．．．．． 100 |  | Jan．and Juy | A |  |  |
| Boston and Prov |  |  |  | 136 | Oswego aud Syracuse．．．．．．．．． 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Doston and Worc |  |  |  |  | Pacific of Missouri．．．．．．．．．．．100 Panama（and Steamship） | 7，0 |  |  | 40 |  |
| Broadway \＆7 Brooklyn Cent | $2,100,000$ 492.150 |  |  |  | Pauama（and Steamship）．．．．．．． 500 |  | May and Nov | N | 56 | $561 / 4$ |
| Brooklyn | 1，000，000 ${ }^{366}$ | Feb．an |  |  | Philadelphia and BaltimoreCent100 Philadelphia and Erie＊ |  |  |  | $30 \%$ | 8 |
| Brooklyn City and Newtown．． 100 | 3656 800 | Jan．and July |  |  | Philadelphia and Readivg $\cdot \ldots .055$ | 30， |  |  |  | \％ |
| Buffalo and State Line |  |  |  |  | Phila．，Germant＇n，\＆Norrist＇n＊ 50 |  | Apr．and Oct |  |  |  |
| Camden and Amboy．．．．．．．．．．．100 | 4．513，800 F |  |  | 1263／6126／2 | Phila Wilmington \＆ |  | Quarterly． | Oc | 54x | 1／2 |
| Camden and Atlantic．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{\text {do }}{ }^{50}$ |  |  |  |  | Pittsburg and Connellsville．．．．． 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,744, \\ & 9,312, \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 94 | 941／6 |
|  |  | Jan．and July | Jan． 5 ． 5 \％ |  | Portlaud，＇Saco，\＆Portsmouth 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cȧawissa＊ | $1,150.000$ |  |  | $22^{2} /{ }_{30}{ }_{3}^{25}$ | Providence and Worcester．．．．． 100 | $1.7(\mathrm{~m})$ |  |  |  |  |
| do $p$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 2,200,063 \\ 10,685,940 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Quart |  | $\cdots{ }^{\text {c．}}$ | Reusselaer \＆Saratega consol．． 100 |  | April and Oct |  |  |  |
| tral of | 2，085，92 | art |  | 55 | Saratoga and Whitehall ．．．．．． 100 | 5000000 | April and Oct |  |  |  |
| Chicago and |  | － |  | 105105 \＄2 | Troy |  |  |  |  |  |
| crea do | 2，4 |  |  | （2） | Rome， |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago Burlington | 10，1 | May |  | 29 130 | Rutland and Burlington．．．．．100 |  |  |  | 30 | $31 \times$ |
| Chicago and Great Eastern．．．．．100 | 4，390，000 1.0000 | Jan | ． 5 |  | St．Louis，Alton，\＆derre Hantec 100 do do | $\begin{aligned} & 2.300,000 \\ & 1,700,000 \end{aligned}$ | Annualy． |  |  |  |
| Chicagoand Milwauk |  |  |  | 34 | St．Lonis，Jacksonviile \＆Chic＊1c0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicago and Northwes |  | Jul | Dec＇66．7 | ${ }_{60}{ }^{34}$ | $\underset{\text { do }}{\text { Sandusk，and Cincinnati．．．．．．．} 100}$ do pref． 100 |  | Feb．and Aug | Ang． |  |  |
| Chicago，Rock Isla | 6，500． | April |  | 95\％9\％／2 | Sandurky．Mansfield \＆Newark100 | 862,571 |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{1,1060,125}$ |  |  |  |  | 1， $1,020,0000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Cincunati，Hamilton | ${ }^{3,000,1000} 4$ |  |  |  | Schuylkill Valley＊＊．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 1，576，050 | Jan．and July |  |  |  |
| Cincinnati and Zan | 2，000，000 |  |  |  | Second A Acnue（N．Y．）．．．．ilier 100 | 650,000 869 8690 | Apr．and Oct |  |  |  |
| Cleveland，Columbus， | 6，000，000 | Feb．an |  | 107 | Shamokin Valley \＆Potteville＊＊ 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 869,450 \\ & 750,000 \end{aligned}$ | Feb．and Aug |  |  |  |
| Cleveland \＆Mahonin | ${ }_{5}^{1,03600,000}$ |  |  |  | Sixth Avenue（N．Y．）．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 5，819，275 |  |  |  |  |
| Cleveland and Pittsburg | 5，403，910 J |  |  | 79.793 | Syracuse，Binghamton \＆N．Y ． 100 | 1，210， 130 |  |  |  |  |
| Cleveland and Toled | 4，841，600 |  |  | 18\％ | Terre Hate \＆Indianapolis．．．． 50 | i， 929,150 | Jan．and July |  |  |  |
| Columbus \＆Indianap |  | Qu2 |  |  | Thir |  |  |  |  |  |
| Columbins and Xenia | $1.500,000$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,700,000 \\ & 1,700,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Concord and Portsinoutk．．．．．．． 100 | 1．500，000 J | Jan | 4／8 |  | do 2 dd pref． 100 | 1，000 |  |  |  | 析 |
| Coney Island and Brook |  |  |  |  | Toledo，Wabash and Western．${ }^{\text {a }}$ do ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do do | 2， 2842,3500 | May and Noy | No |  |  |
| Con＇ticut and Pas | $\begin{aligned} & 1,514,30 \\ & 1,591,100 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Troy and Boston．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut Rive Covington and | $\begin{aligned} & 1,591,100 \\ & 1,582.169 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Troy and Greenbush＊＊．．．．．．．．．．．100 | 274，400 | Juneand Dec | Dec ．．3／2 |  |  |
| Dayton and | 2，334，931 |  |  |  | Utica and Black Rive | 811,660 | Jan．and July |  | 100 |  |
| Delaware＊ | 406，132 | Jan．a |  |  | Vermont and Canada＊．．．．．．．． 100 | $2,8810,000$ |  |  | 56 | 16 |
| iav | 0，277，050 | Jan．and July | uly．． 5 |  | ${ }^{\text {Vermont }}$ and Massach |  | Jan．an |  |  | \％ |
| Des Moines Valley | 1，550，（050 ． |  |  |  | Western（Mass）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100 | 0，627， 700 | J |  | 135 2 |  |
| Detroit and Milwan | $\begin{array}{r} 952,350 \\ 1,500,(1000 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dubuque and Sioux |  |  |  |  | Worce |  |  |  |  |  |
| do do pref．． 100 | 1，957，351 |  |  |  | Wrightsville，York心（ettysber＊ 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eastern．（Mass）${ }^{\text {a }}$－ | $3.155,10$ | Jan．and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eighth Avenue， N ． | 1，000 |  |  |  | Chesaneake and Delaware．．．．．．25 |  |  | Dec ．． 3 |  |  |
| Elmira，Jefferson，ic Canan |  |  |  | 29 | Chesapeake and Ohio ．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Etmira do do dilliamsport＊ pref．．． 50 |  |  |  | 40 | Delaware Divisi |  |  |  | 56\％ | 57＊ |
|  | 16，570，101 |  |  | 571／2． 75 | Delaware and Hudson．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  |  | 140 |
| do prefe |  |  |  | 74 | Delaware and Ra |  | Feb．and Atg |  |  |  |
| Erieand N |  |  |  |  | Lehigh Nuvigat <br> Morris（consolid | 5，104，050 | May and Nov |  |  |  |
| Fitchbury |  | Jan． |  | 11. | Morris（conso |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1, |  |  | 56 | Schuylkill Navigation | 1，908，207 | Feb．a |  |  | 23 |
| lo do |  |  |  |  |  |  | Feb．and Aug | Fib |  | 33 |
| Hartford and New Haven．．．．．100 | 3，000，000 | Quar |  |  | Susquehanna | 2，051，006 |  |  |  |  |
| Housatonic ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  |  | West Branch and Susquehanna． 100 |  | Jan． |  |  |  |
| Hudson River．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．100 | ${ }_{6,961,971}^{1,18000}$ | Aprilan |  | 23142 | Wyoming Valley．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | ， 550,000 | Qua | ept．． 4 | 52 | 52\％ |
| Euntingdon and Broad Top＊．．． 50 | ${ }^{494,380} 1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| do  <br> Illinors Central．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 23，374，400 |  |  | 1234 | Coal．－American．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 1，500，000 |  | Aug． 3 \％ |  | 59 |
| Indianapolis and Cincinnatı．．． 50 |  |  |  |  | Ashbur |  |  | Dec．．． 4 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{407}^{412,000}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { Butler }}{\text { Consolid }}$ |  |  | Dec．．． 4 |  |  |
| Jeffersonville．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  |  |  |  | Central ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | ${ }_{2}, 00$ | 0 Jan．and July | an．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 49 |
| Joliet and Chicago＊．．．．．．．．．．100 | 1，500，000 | Quar | Jan．．．13／4 |  | Cumberland ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kennebec and Portland（new）．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  | 3，200，0 |  |  |  |  |
| Lackawanna |  |  |  |  | Spring Monntain．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{50}$ | ${ }^{1} 1.2000$ | Jan． | $y y^{y} \text { Jan.... } 6$ |  |  |
| Lehigh Valley | 6，6 |  |  | 60 $\quad 62 \%$ | Wilkesbarre …．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 2，175，100 | 0 Apr．and Uci |  |  | 35 |
| exington an | 51 | Fe |  |  | Wyoming Valley ．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 0 | Feb．and Ang |  |  |  |
| Little Miami |  | June，an |  |  | Gas．－Brookly |  |  | Aug |  |  |
| Little Schuy | 2，646， 100 | Jan | Ja |  | Citizens（ Br | 1，000， | Jan． |  |  |  |
| Long Isla | 1， $1,852,715$ | Qu |  |  | ${ }_{\text {Jers }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lonisvile and Frankirit．．．．．． 50 | 5，527，871 | reb．and |  |  | Manhattan ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | Jan：and July | Jan．．． 5 | 142 | 146 |
| Lonisville，New Albany \＆Chic． 100 |  |  |  |  | Metropolitan．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 2，som |  |  |  |  |
| Macon | 1，500，000 |  |  |  | New Yorb．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 0 1，000，00 |  |  |  |  |
| Mctregor We |  |  |  |  | Williamsburg ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | Jau．and July | Jan |  |  |
| Maine Ceutral | 1，447，060 |  |  |  | Improvement．－Canton 100．（16t pd） |  |  |  |  | 44\％／2 |
|  | 2，029，778 |  |  |  | Boston Water Power ．．．．．． 100 | 4,0 |  | July 20 |  |  |
|  | 6，586，135 | Mar |  |  | Selfrranswick City Western Union．．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Memphis and Charloston |  |  |  |  | Evpress．－Adanis ．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  | 65 |  |
| Mjechig ta Central． | 6，9－2 | Jap． |  | $10:$ | American．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 500 |  | Quarterly． |  |  |  |
| Michig w ：onthern and N．Ind． 100 | 9，381，800 |  |  | 68） | Merchants＇ | 20，00 |  |  | 137 | 142\％ |
| do do guaran．100 | 1，009，700 | Fel |  |  | United States $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . .100$ | C0 6 ，000 | y． | Aug |  |  |
| Mitwankee and Prairie Du Chien100 | 3，014，000 |  |  |  | Wells，Fargo \＆Co．．．．．．．． 100 |  |  |  | 65 | 72 |
| do do 1 st |  | Fe | ． 8 | $90 \quad 98$ | 7ヶ ansil．－－Central American．．． 100 | $0{ }^{4.0} 10 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { do } \\ \text { wakee and St. Paul......... } 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1，01 | Te |  |  | Steamshin．－Atiantic Mailo． 100 | 100 1，00，00， |  |  |  |  |
| wakkee and St．Pau．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 2，400，000 | Feb．and Aug | F．10sors | 50 50 <br> 50  |  | $1020,000,000$ | Quarterly． | Dec．．． 5 |  | 6 |
| ine IIIIL \＆S Shuylk | 3，708，200 | Jan．and July |  |  | South American Navization10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| orris and Essex | 3，5010000 | Fe l | Aug $3 \chi$ s | s．．．．． 80 | Union Navigation，${ }^{\text {a }}$ ， 100 | 20 |  |  |  |  |
| shua and | co | May and Nov | No |  | Trust．－Farmere Loan \＆Trust． | 1, | ${ }^{\text {Jan }}$ |  |  |  |
| Ou | 1，100，000 | Feb．and Ang |  |  | $\cdots 100$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | United States Trust ．．．．．${ }^{100}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Siew Havea and Northampton．． 110 | 1，010，000 |  |  |  | Mining．－Mariposa Gold ．．．．．．． 100 | 5，09\％ 60 |  |  | a |  |
| New Jerssy．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | － |  |  | Mariposa Gold Preferred．． 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N |  | ${ }^{\text {Ma }}$ |  |  | Qnartz fill Gold ．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ow |  | Irt |  |  | Rutlund JIarbe．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST．


COPPER MINING STOCK LIST

| Companies． | Bid．Askd | Companies． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adventure．．．．．．．．．paid 3 |  | Lafayette．．．．．．．．．．paid 1 |  |  |
| Etna．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 11 |  | Lake Superior．．．．．．．．．． 2 |  |  |
| Albany \＆Boston．．．．．．．．25，34 | 700 | Madison． $6$ |  |  |
| Algomak．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{3}$ |  | Mandan ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．414 |  |  |
| American |  | Mass ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 4\％$^{4 / 2}$ |  |  |
| Ampgdaloid．．．．．．．．．．． 17 |  | Medora ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．17／8 |  |  |
| Arnold．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  | Mendotat．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $5^{\text {5 }}$ |  |  |
| Atlas ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ |  | Merrimac．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{61 / 6}$ |  |  |
|  | 8 50， 950 | Mesnard | 100 |  |
| Bohemian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．17\％ |  |  | 1000 |  |
| Boston．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2 2／2 | （i） | National ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $51 / 2$ |  |  |
| Caledonia．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  | Native ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Canada | $50 \quad 60$ | Naumkeag．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |
| Charter O |  | New Jersey Consol．．．．10 |  |  |
| Central．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 | $\square^{35} 00$ | New York |  |  |
| Concord ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Copper Falls．．．．．．．．．．．．．24， 4 | 4534600 | Norwich．．．．．．．．．．．．．．11／8 |  |  |
| Copper Harbor．．．．．．． 1 |  | Ogima．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 7 |  |  |
| Dacotah．．．．．．．．．．．．．．27／8 |  | Pennsylvania＊．．．．．．．． 50 |  |  |
| Dana ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．31／2 |  | Petherick．．．．．．．．．．．．．．514 | 260 |  |
| Davidson ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ | 256 | Pewabic ©．．．．．．．．．．．．33／4 | 30 | $0207$ |
| Delaware $\ldots$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．201／2 |  | Phoenix．．．．．．．．．．．．． 15 | 400 |  |
| Dorchester．．．．．．．．．．．．．．11， |  | Pontiac ……．．．．．．．． 10 年 |  |  |
| Dudley．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $13 / 4$ |  | Portage Iake．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |
| Eagle River．．．．．．．．．．．．314 |  | Princeton．．．．．．．．．．．．．－． |  |  |
| Edwards ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1\％ |  | Providenc |  |  |
| Empire．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  | Quincy $\ddagger . .$. ．．．．．．． 10 | 32 |  |
| Everett．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  | Resolute．．．．．．．．．．．．．．61／2 |  |  |
| Evergreen Bluff．．．．．．．．51／2 |  | Ridge ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 |  |  |
| Excelsior |  | Kuctiand............$~$ Sta Stair | 750 |  |
| Franklin ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．81／2 | 32353250 | St．Louis．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| French Creek．．．．．．．．．－ |  | St．Mary＇s．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $51 / 2$ |  |  |
| Girard ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  | Salem．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |
| Great Western．．．．．．．．．${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {2 }}$ |  | Seneca ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |
| Hamilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}{ }^{2}$ | 8 <br> 75 <br> 900 | Sharon \＆Columionan． $21^{1 / 8}$ |  |  |
| Hanover ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1\％ |  | South Pewabic．．．．．．．．． 1. |  |  |
| Hilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2 㑑 | 100 | South Side．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | － 00 |  |
| Hope．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．11／8 |  | Star．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．113／4 |  |  |
| Hudson．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {3／4 }}$ |  | superior <br> Toltec | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 25 \\ 1 & 0\end{array}$ |  |
| Hulbert $\quad \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }^{3 / 2}$ | 12520 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Tontec..................... } 21 \\ \text { Tremnont............ } \end{array}$ | 100 |  |
| Hungarian ．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{1}$ |  | Victoria．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1 \%$ |  |  |
| Hrron ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 19 | $29 \mathrm{C0} 2035$ | Vnlcan ．．．．．．．．．．．． 6 |  |  |
| Indiana ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 400 | Washington．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |
| sle Royale＊．．．．．．．．．．．． 33 | 450500 | West Minnesota．．．．．．． 2 21／4 |  |  |
| Keweenaw ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 | 400 | Winona．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |

Capital $\$ 1,000,000$ ，in 20,000 shares．＋Capital $\$ 500,000$ ，in 100,000 shares．
$\pm$ Capital
GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alpine $\qquad$ par 10 |  |  | Grass Ve |  |  |
| Alameda ．．．．．．．．$\quad \cdots$－ | 510 | 525 | Gunnell．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 163 | 15 |
| American Flag ．．．．．．．． 10 <br> Atlantic \＆Pacific | $\pm 55$ | 1 1 3 50 50 | Gunnell <br> Lolman |  | 45 |
| Atlantic \＆Pacific ．．．．．． |  | 边 $\begin{gathered}3 \\ 2\end{gathered} 50$ | Holman $_{\text {Hope．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} 25}^{2}$ |  | ${ }^{29}$ |
| Bates \＆Baxter ．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | 2 （6） | Keystone silver．．．．．．．．．－ | 7 | 8 |
| 3enton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  | 105 | Knickerbocker |  |  |
| Bob Tail． |  | 36 | Kip d Baell．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Bullion Consolida |  |  | Liberty |  | 10 |
| Burroughs．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  | 35 | Liebig ．． ¢．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 |  | 10 C |
| Central． | 20 | 35 | Manhattan ．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |
| Charch Union |  |  | Mill Creek |  | 15 |
| Columbian G．\＆S Consolidated Colo | 150 | 200 | Montaza <br> Montank | 55 | 75 |
| Consolidated Gregory ．．．100 | 840 | 850 | New York．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 125 |  |
| Corydon ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 595 | 600 | Nye ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ | 8 | 9 |
| Crozier | ， | 14 | Pah Ranagat Cen．Silver |  | 3 co |
| Des Moines． |  | 240 | People＇s G．\＆S．of Cal． 5 | 185 | 200 |
| Downieville． |  | 12 | Perry and Peoples＇．．．．．．－ |  | 10 |
| Echla．：． |  |  | Quartz Hill．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．．．．．． 25 Rocky Mountain | 365 | 400 200 |
| First Natio |  | 42 | Smith \＆Parmelce．．．．．． 20 | 600 | 615 |
| Gilpin． | 300 | 350 | Texas ．．．．．．．．．．．．－ | 21 | 30 |
| Gold Hi | 450 | 455 | Yellow J |  | 60 |

MISCELLANEOUS STOOK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | 1oipanies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Copake Iron．．．．．．par 5 |  |  | Tudor Lead ．．．．．．．par |  |  |
| Foster Iron ．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lake Superior Iron ．．．．r <br> Bucks County Lcad ．．．．． |  |  | Wallkill Lead．．．．．．．．．．－ | 115 | 120 |
| Denbo Lead ．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manhan Lead |  |  | Long Island Peat．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |
| Phenix Lead． |  |  | Rnssell File | 300 | 400 |

## INSURANCE ITEMS．

The Directors of the Gallatin Insurance Company，finding their capital still intact，but regarding the business under present condi－ tions as wholly unprofitable，have resolved to reinsure their risks and retire their capital．The office，however，will be in a condition to resume business this year if the Directors deem it advisable．

The Adriatic and the Park Insurance companics have replaced their full capital，and will continue a local business only．All agencies outside the city have been revoked
The Directors of the Security Insurance Company，at a meeting held December 31，decided that the company would require the can－ cellation of all their outstanding serip to pay ascertained and exist－ ing losses and expenditures．At the same meeting it was resolved that the issuing of participation policies shuuld be diseontinued．

INSURANCE STOCK LIST．



## Insurance. <br> The Mercantile Mutual

insurance comipany. OFFICE NO. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. Assets, Jan. 1st, 1867..................... 81,861,849 ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.
The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the
present time, Losses amounting to over est time, Losses amounting to over
EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLABS:
For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the ne pronts, have amounted in the aggregate to haif per cent.
Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all c asses of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates,
when premiums are paid, as the general experience o underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remainiug at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.
Mhis Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and inland Navigation and iransportation on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight. Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Carrency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling,
at the Office of Rathborie, Jros. \& Co., in Liver-

## EXPENDITURES。

Expenses, including Govern-
ment and Local Taxes..... \$53,522 60
Losses, jncluding all unset-
tled Losses........ ....... 137,411 70

Earnings.

-     - $\$ 190,98437$
$\qquad$
James II. NeLean, Fresident.
Edward A. Walton, Secretary
The Mutual Life InsuRANCE COMPANY OF NEW YOIRK. CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, òver $\$ 16,000,00000$

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.
gecrèaries, \} JOAAC ABBATT, STUART.
Actuary, SHEPPARD BOYAANS.

## Niagara Fire Insurance

 COMPANY.NO. 12 WALL STREET.

Losses eqnitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 ycars. 23 per cent. JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

## - навтго.ы

Accident Insurance Co., OF HARTFORD, CONN
Camh Capital................. $\$ 300,000$ NEW YORE OHFICE
155 d $15 \%$ BROADWAY.
WESLEY E. SHADER, Manag r. Instures Against

## DEATHE BY ACCIDENTS

of any description, with liberal compenestion in case of bodily injury.
WANTED. Active and energetic Agants to pot

pool.

Joseph Walker, Aaron L. Reid,
Samuel Willets, Ellwood Walter,
RobertL. Taylor, E. Colden Murray,
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { William T. Frost, } & \text { N. L. IcCready } \\ \text { William Watt, } & \\ \text { Daniel T. Willets, }\end{array}$
Henry Eyre, Latt, Edgerton,
Cornelius Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt.
E. E. Morgan

Her. A. Slaleicher, William Nelson,
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Jas. DiFigh, } & \text { A. William Heye, }\end{array}$
Geo. W. Hennings, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, Panl N. Spofford.
CLIAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.
C. J. Despard, Secretary.

Security Insurance Co.,

## NO. 119 BROADWAY,

Cash Capital, Dne Million Dollare, ( $\$ 1,000,000$.
FHRE AND INLAND INSURA Y CE.
A. F. HASTINGS, President.

Frank W. Ballard, Secretary.

Germania Fire Ins. Co., NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASF CAPITAE,............ \$500,000 0
SUREPLUE, Jan. 1st, $1866 \ldots .$. 205,989 83
TVTAL ASSETS .......... \$705,989 83
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, Premident.
JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

H O P E
Fire Insurance Company, OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.
Cash Capilal- - - $\$ 200,00000$ Assetts, March 9, $1866=-252,55,82$


This Compary Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.
Board of Directors:
HENLY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS, JOSEPH FOULKE; ROBERT SCHELL, STEP: CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY
TIEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT TAEODORE $W$. RILEY, FRED, SCHUCHARDT JACOB REESE,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B NARD. D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON, WILLIAM REMSEN, AMO: ROBBINS,

Y S. LEVERICH
JAOOB REESE, Pronident.
CGAE, D. HABTCHOLNX Bocretary

## Insurance.

OFFICE OF

## The Atlantic Mutual

## INSURANCE COMPANY

NEW YORK, JANUARY 27TH, 1866,
The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1865:
Premiums received on Marine Risks
from 1st January, 1865, to 31st De-
cember, $1865 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
nary 1865 .............
Total amount of Marine Preminms.. $\$ 8,952,47158$ No Polices have been issued upon Life
Risks; nor upon Fire Risks discon
nected with Marine Risks.
Premiums marked off from 1st Jana
ary, 1865 to 31st December, 1865..... \$6,764,146 38
Losses paid during the
same period............ \$3,659,178 45
Returns of Premiums and
Expenses.............: \$992,341 4
The Company has the following As sete, viz.:
United States and State of New York
Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks, $\$ 4,828,58500$ Loans secured by Stocks, and other-
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, 330,350 Dividends on Stocks, Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans, sundry notes, re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at

144,96443 Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. Cash in Bank, Coin................... do do U.S. Treasury Note CurTotal Amount of Assets. ............... | $12,199,97517$ |
| :---: | :---: |

Six per centinterest on the outstand ing certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and afier Tuesiay the sixth of February mext.

Fifty per cent of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864 , will be redeemed and pail: to the holders thereof, or their legal repre sentatives, onand arter Tuesiag the Sixth of February next, from which date interest on the amount, so redeemable, will cease. The certif cates to be produced at the time of payment cancelled to the extent paid.

A divilend of Thirty-five Per Cent is declareit on the net earned premilume of the Company, for the year enaing 31 ist December, 1865.
for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Third of April next

By order of the Board,
J. H. CHAPILAN. Secretary
truetees:

John D. Jōnes,
W. H. H. Moore Menry cot,
Wm. C. Pickeregth
Lewis Curtis,
Charles H. Russell,
Lowell Holbrook,
R. Warren Weston,

Royal Phelps,
Caleb Barstow
A. P. Pillot

William E. Dodge
Geo. G. Hobson,
David Lane,
James Bryce,
Leroy M. Wiley,
Daniel S. Miller.
JOHN IT.JONES, Fresident,
Charles bensie, Vice-President
W. H. H. MEOEEE, 2A Vicopros't.


## PRICES CURRENT．



In addition to the duties noted cent．ad val．is levied on all importt， nder Rags that have．no reciprocat
nraties with the United States．
 Mandise，of the growth or produce of Hope，when imported from places this
side of the Cape of Good Hope，a duty $s i d e$ of the Cape ef Good hope，a duty
of 10 per cent．ad val．is levied in ad－
 place or places of their growth or produc－ tion；Ravo Cotton and Raw Sillsexcepted． Anchnrs－Dnty： 24 cents \％\％iD． Ashes－Duty： 15 \＆eent ad val．



 Navy． Crackers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． in $_{@}^{@} \quad{ }_{14}^{54}$ Breadstuffs－See special report． Bricks．
 Philadelphis Fronts．．．．．．．．＠7500 Eristiles－Duty， 15 cents；hogs hair Amer＇n $n$ gray \＆wh．\＆ 1 Ib 75 ＠ 8.00 Rutter and Cheese．－Daty： 4 Butter．


 Brimstone， 86 ；Roll Brimstono，$\$ 10$ ${ }^{8}$ fon ；Flor Sulphar， 820 \％ton，and 18 ton；Flor sulphar， 820 ton，and Carb．Ammonis 20 equnt ad val．； Cardamoms and Cantharides， 50 cents
 rate Potash，${ }^{6}$ ；Casustic Noda，1\％；
Citric Acid， 10 ；Copperas， t ；Cream Tartar， 10 ；Cubebs， 10 cents \％虂；努 cent ad val．；Epsom Selts， 1 cent Benzols Extract Logwood，Flowers Benzola and Gamboge， 10 \％8 cent．；
Ginseng， $20 ; G u m ~ A r a b i c, ~$
20 ad val．；Gum Benzoin，Gum Kow－ rie，and $G$ am Damar， 10 cents per DD ； Gum Myrrh，Gum Senegal，Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth， 20 98 limed Iodine， 75 ；Ipecac and Josap－ 00 ；Lic．Paste， 10 ；Manna， 25 ； 011 Anis，Oil Lemon，and Oil Orange， 50 cents；Oil Cassia and Oil Berga－

解 cent ad val．；Pruss．Potash，Yel－ 7 Th：Sal Arratus． 1, cents Senna， 20 7g cent ad val．；Shell Lac， 10 ；Noda Ash，$\frac{1}{2}$ ；Sugar Lead， 20 cents
 Tal．；Sulph．Morphine，$\$ 250 \%$ oz．； $\mathrm{f}_{8}$ to；Sad Ammoniac， 20 ；Blue Vit－ riol， 25 \％cent ad val．；Etherial Pre－ parations and Extracts， 81 \＆ tb ；all Acid，Citric ．．．．（gold） Alcohol．．．．．．．．．7 ga
Alves，Cape．．．．．．．．．．
Aloes，Sucotrine．．． Annato，fair to prime．
Antimony，Regulus of Argols，Crude．
Argols，Refined．
Assafortida
Balsam Copaivi
Balsam Tolu．．．．．．．．．．．
Balsam Pern Bak Petayo．．．．．．
Berries，Persian． Bi Carb．soda，New－ Bi Chromate Potash． Bleaching Powde Borax，Rellned．．．．．
Brimston：Crude
 Brimston，in ior s．．．．．．． phur．．．．．．．．．．．．．（ bond）．．．．．．．．．．（gold） Camphor，ke
Carbonate Ammonia in bulk．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Castor Oil（iases ${ }^{\text {\％gai gal }}$
Chamomiln F ow Chlorate Potash（gold） Caustic Soda
Coriander See
Cochineal，Hon（gold） Cochincal，M1exic＇u（g＇d） Cream Tarar，prican ubebs，Esst lndia． Cutch．
Epsom saits．．
Extract Logwo
Fenneh Se d．．．．．．．．．． Gambier．
Gamboge
Ginseng，southiowest， Gum Arabic，Picked． Gum Benzoin ．．（gold） Gum Kowrio． Gum Dainar Gum Myrrh，E．．．．．．．．．． Gum，Senegal．．．．（ild Gum Tragacanth，Sorts Gum Tragacanth，w．
flakey．．．．．．．．g．jd）
Hy．Potash，Fr．and Iodine，Resublimed．． Tarp． Lionice Paste，Caiabria Licortice，Paste Spanish Licorice Licorice Paste，Greek．
Madder，Dutch Madder，Dutch．（gold）
do，French，EXP．F．do Manna，large flake． Manna，small flake． Nustard Seed，Trieste． Ond Anis．．．．．．．．．．． Oll Byrgamot．．．．．．．．．．o 5 70：8

Oil O
 Opliam，Turkey．（gold）
Oxalic Acid Phosphorus．．．．．
Prussiate Potas Quicksilve Rhubarb，China．（gold） 8 Balaratos．

Bal sodar Newonstle
Barsaparilla，Hond．
Sarsaparilla，Hond
Barsaparilla，Mex．
Beneca Root．
Senns，Alesandria
8enna，East India
 SuIp Quinine Am 28
 Tapioca．．
Verdigris，dis
Duck－Duty， 30 \％oent ad val Ravens，Light．．．z pee 16 （0） 180


Dye Woods－Duty free．
．（gold）tit ni90 00200 Fustic，Suba．ill．．．．．．．．30 $0.4 @_{0}^{2} 8100$ Fustic，Maracaibo do． 2500 ＠ Logwood，Hon．．．．．．． $100 @ 32$ Loguood，St D•min．． 20 t0＠si 50 Logwood，Cam．（gold）． 2 ， 50 ＠ Logwood，Jamaica．．．í 1450 ＠15 14

 Prime Western．．．母 ib $75 @ 80$

Fish－Duty，Mackerei， 82 ；Herrings，
$\$ 1$ ；Salniou $\$ 3$ ；other pickled，$\$ 150$ \＄1 ；Salmiou \＄3；other pickled，$\$ 150$ ed，or Dried，in smaller pkged rels， 50 cents \＄8 100 Db． 50 ， 7
 Pickled Cod．．．．． 8 ，bbl． $725 @ \ldots$
Mackerel，No．
Mass
 Mackerel，No．1，Bay．．17 10 ＠1800 Mackerel，No．2，Bay． 1 15 $50 @ 17.0$


 Sa mon，ti kled．p．te． 45 14＠55 00
 Flax－Duty：$\$ 15$ \＆ton． 16 （1） 23

Fruits－See special report．
Furs－Davy， 10 \％cent．





do Red．．．
Lynx ．．．．．．．．
Mo pale．
Musk rat
Opossum


Racooon

$\qquad$

Tlass－Duty，Cylinder or Window 21 cents $\%$ square foot；larger and not over 16x 24 inches， 4 cents $\%$ sqnare foot；larger and not over 24 above that，and not exceeding $24 \times 60$ inches， 20 cents 78 square foot；all above that， 40 cents 99 square foot on unpolished Cyliuder，Crown，and Common Window，not exceeding 10 x not over 16x24， 2 ；over that，and not over $24 \times 30,2 \frac{1}{4}$ ；all over that， 8 cents
of it．
merican Window－1st，2d，8d，and 4th qualities．
 $8 \mathrm{x}, \dot{\text { to }} 10 \times 15$.
$11 \times$ to $12 \times 18$.
$12 \times 19$ to $16 \times 24$.
$20 \times 31$ to $24 \times 30$ ．
$24 \times 31$ to $94 \times 36$
$25 \times 36$ to $30 \times 44$
$80 \times 46$ to $32 \times 48$
$32 \times 50$ to $82 \times 56$.

（HigioThak）Discount

8811 to $10 \times 15$
12x19 to 16x24． $90 \times 31$ to $24 \times 80$ $23 \times 31$ to $24 \times 86$
$24 \times 36$ to 30 x 44 ． $80 \times 45$ ta $32 \times 48$ ． （18） Groceries－see special report Guminy BiBgg－Diaty，valued at 10
 Culcutta，light \＆h＇y \％ 221 （13 227 Gunniny Cloth－Duty，valued at 10
cents or less
 Gunpourder－Duty，valued at 20

 Blasting（A） 9 P 25 keg
Shipping and Mining．：

$\because \dot{5} 0 \stackrel{y}{9} 5$

Hair－Duty Fres．
 Hog，Western，un
Harduyare－
Ases－Cast stee＇，best
brand
brand ．．．．．．．！erdez Carpe ordinary
do ordinary．．．．．．．．．．．
Shingling Batchets，
Nteel，best br ds，Nos．
do ord：nary．．．．．．．．．．．． 6 on 17950

 do Mri Hopper．．．．．． 6 \＆ 8 ＠10 00 Cotten Qins，per s．aw Narrow Wrought Eutts List $5 \%$ dis ＂．Louse Joint．．List 10 galv． Hingez，Wi ruasht，．．．．．．List $2 \overline{0}$ gadv． Carriage aud Tire Bolts List an \＆dis Door L cts and Latches List $7 \frac{1}{4}$ dis． Door Knobs－Mineral． Parlocks Porc lain．．．List $7 \%$ dis． Locks－Cabinet，Eagle $20 \& 7 \%$ dis． ＂t Tiunk．．．．．．．．．．List $10 \%$ dis．
Stroks and Dies．．．．．．． Li t 85 \％dis． Patent．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．List 20 ot dis： 01 dis． Framing Chisels．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {eld }}$ List 25 Lad Firmer to li，sets．List $40 \%$ \％dv． in do handled， Augar Bitts List 40 Radv Fhort Augurs，per dz．NewList 10 \＆dis Ring do ．．．．．．．．．List $10 \$ \mathrm{dis}$ ． Cut Tacks．．．．．．．．．．．List nis \＆ 10 \％dis． kivet Irun ．．．．．ist List 55 \＄dto． Screws American．．．．List $10 \mathbb{4} 2+5$ dis do Engısh．．．．．．．．．List su
\％dis．
Shovels and Spades．．．List 5 dis
 Fizay－North River，in bales行 100 Ios， Hemp－Duty，Rassian， 840 ；Manila and Sisal， 150 ton；and rampico 1 cent 770


 Hides－Duty，all kinds，Dry or Salt－ ed and Nkins
Dry Hides－

| Dry Hides－ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lnenos Aytes \％Iog＇d Montevideo．．．．．do | $19 \text { @ }$ | 181 |
| Rio Grande do | 18 ＠ |  |
| nrinoco ．．．．．．．do | 17 a | 171 |
| California ．．．．．gold | 18 （13） | 19 |
| California，Mexa do | 16 （3） |  |
| Porto Cabello ．．do | 14 （3） |  |
| Vera Cruz．．．．．．do | 14i（a） | $15 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| s＇ampleo ．．．．．．do | $14{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 15 |
| Texas ．．．．．．．．．do | 15 （3） | 16 |
| Dry Salted Hides－ |  |  |
| Ch lifornia．．．．．．．（gold） | $11 \times$ | ${ }^{3} 6$ |
| San wich İsl＇d do | 18 ＠ | 14 |
| south \＆Wes＇．do | 9 ＠ | 11 |
| Wet Balted Hides－ |  |  |
| Bue Ayres．$\%$ 矿 g＇d． | 81.1 | 10 |
| Rio Grande ．．．．do |  | 10 |
| California ．．．．．．do | 91＠ | 10 |
| Western | 11 （1） | 18 |
| Coutry sl＇ter trim．\＆ |  |  |
| City do cured | $11 \text { 10 }$ | $12$ |
| UpperLeather Stock－ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| － 78 业 eash． | 26 a | 88 |
| Sierra Leone ．．．do | 30 \％ | 82 |
| Gambia \＆Sissau do | $21 \times$ | 21 |
| Fioney－Duty， 20 cents \％gallo Caba（duty paid）（gold） |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| oppo－Duty＇ 5 cente \％ 70 |  |  |
| － | 40 | 70 |
| do of 1 |  |  |
| Toretgr． |  | 6 |


Indiai Rubber－－Duty ${ }^{\text {ad varal．Fine }}$
Para，Medium
Para，Coarse．
Para，Coarse
East India．．
日： ：出范
Imdigo－Duty rere $\begin{array}{lll}100 @ & 1 & 65 \\ 75 & 1 & 35\end{array}$ Bengal．
Oude．
Madras． Madras．． Guatemala
ren
$\qquad$
ron－Duty，Bars 1 to Rall Plate 70 cents to 100 fb ；Boiler
 Pig，Sootch，No 1
Píg，American，No． 1 ． 46 Har，Refi＇d Eng\＆amer 910 ＠ 10000 Bar，Swedes，assorted
sizes（in gold）．．．．．．． 9500010000 Bar Swedes，assorted
Bar，Englishand AMmer
ican，Refined
do do Common105 00 Ovals and Half Round $1+200$ on 100 Band．．．
Horse
 Rod，
 Sheet，Russia．．．．．．．．．．
Rails，Eng．（g＇d）a ton 550 0 Fory－Duty， 107 centad val．
 East Ind，Billiard Ball 350034 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { African，W．C．，Prime } & 8 & 25(a) & 3 \\ 4 & 40 \\ \text { African，Scrive．WC．} & 2 & 00 & 2\end{array}$ Lead－Duty，Pig，\＄2 \％8 100 fb ；Old Lead， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents


 Leather－Duty：sole 35，upper 30 \％eatiner－cent ad val．



Molasses．－Sec special report． Nails－Duty：cut $1 \frac{1}{6}$ ；wrought $2 k$ horse shoe 2 cents 8 Clinch．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Horse shoe，fd（6d）登道
Horse Copper．．．．．．．．
 50 ＠ 675
25
28
8 Zinc Trpentine，rosin，pitch，and tar， 20
 Tar，
Pi ch．
Rosin，common
 ［ do No．${ }^{1} \ldots . . . . . .{ }^{5}$ 500 ＠ 700 do Pale and Extra 67＠69 Dakum－Duty fr．，78 tb 91 （a） $11 \frac{1}{2}$ Dil Cake－Duty： 20 敏 centad val． City thin obl＇g，in bbls．
 Bils－Duty：linseed，flaxseed， rape seed， 23 cents；olive and salad oil，in bottles or Hasks，$\$ 1$ ：burning fluid， 50 oents $\mathcal{F}$ gallon；palm，seal； and cocoa nut． $10 \%$ cent ad val．；
sperm and whale or other fish（for－ sperm and whale or other fish（for
eign fisheries， 20 cent ad val． Olive，qs（gold）per case 425 ＠ Olive，qs（gold）per case 425
do in cusks． 8 g gall．． 165 Palm．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．7 fib
Linseed，city
Whale Whale．．．．．．．．．．．．
Sperm，crude

## do Lard il

Red oil，city distilled

## Bank．． Straits

Straits ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Paraffine， $88-30 \mathrm{~g}$ ．
Paints－Duty：on white lead，red Paind，and litharge，dry or ground in oil， 3 cents 7 fg tb；Paris white and whiting， 1 cent $\%$ fory nchres； 56 cents $\% 100$ th：oxides ofzine，iz cents
of to ；ochre，ground in oil，$\$ 150 \% 8100$ to ；Spanish brown 25 解 cent ad val； China clay， 95 解 ton；Venetian red and vermilion ent Litharge，City
do white，American，
12 ＠
pure，in oil ．．．．．．．
do white，American，
puio，
inc，white，American，
dry，N． $1 \ldots \ldots . .$.
do white，American，
No． 1 ，in oil．．．．．．．
do whi e，French，in
oil．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Ochre，Fellow，
 Spanish brown，dry
 Pariswh．，No．${ }^{\text {Whiting }}$

do Crieste \＆Eng
do American．．．
venet．red（N．C．i解ew
Carmine，city madeqtith 316
Carmine，clyy made

Chalk，block．．．． 88 ton Bargtes

| 15 |
| :--- |
| 35 |
|  |

Petrol
Petroletim－Duty：crnd
refined， 40 ：$\theta$ nts 78 gallon
refined， 40 ：ents 78 gallon
Crude， $40(3) 47$ grav． 7 Fg gal．
 do in bond Vaptha，refined．
Plaster praris－Duty． calcined， 20 \％ 8 cent ad val Blue Nova Scotis $\begin{gathered}\text { P } \\ \text { tor }\end{gathered}$ White Nova Scotia．$\ldots .1500$＠ 550
 うlaly Provisions－Daty：beef and pork $1 \mathrm{ct}: 1 \mathrm{mms}$ ，bacon，andlard， 2 ts 48 It．
300 plain mess fl bbl． 1200 a 1800



Pice－Duty：cleaned 21 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ tb．；等 Ho Carolina $\ldots .$. 牡 100 th 1050 ＠：075
East lndia，dressed．．．．．．．．．．．．． Salt－Duty：sack， 24 cents 8100 促； bulk， 18 cents ${ }^{7} 160 \mathrm{mb}$ ．
 ôo fin ，Ashton＇s（2＇d）
do ine， Onondara，comndine bls． 2 24 © 8
 Solar coarse．
 Salloeirs－Duty：crude；ot cents； refinet and artint
nitrate soda， 1 cent
 Crude
sectis－Duty：linseed， 16 cts；hemp，
 ad val．
 C nary …… ．．．躬 bus 425 ＠ 47 Linseed，Am．clean䄧tce
 Shot－Duty： 27 cents $\%$ to． Brop 111 （13）

Silk－Duty：free．All thrown silk 35 配 cent．
Tsatlees，No．1＠3．Bible 50 ＠13 00 Tyysaarus，saperior，
No．1＠ $0 . . . . . .11$＠ 1150 do medium，Nc3＠4． 10 of \＄10 50
 Jupan，superior．．．．．．． $11500_{00}^{@ 1} 1400$
do Medium..... .1100 Chins thrown．．．．．．．．1200 © 18.10 Skins－Duty： 10 for cent ad val．

| Goat，Curacos解 to |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| do Bnenos A．．．gold | 85 © |
| do Vera Cruz ：\％old | ．© |
| do Tampico．．．gold | ．．（1） |
| do Matamoras：gold |  |
| do Payta．．．．．gold |  |
| do Madras，eac cash |  |
| do Cape．．．．．．cush |  |
|  |  |
| do Bolivar ．．．sold |  |
| do Honduras．．gold | 57 （13） |
| do Sisal．．．．．．．．gold | 5713 |
| do Para．．．．．．．．gold | 6216 |
| do Verat Cruz ．cold |  |
| do Phagres ．．．gold |  |
| do Puerto Cabgold |  |

Soap－－Duty： 1 cent $\%$ to，and 25 \％
 Spelter－Duty：in pigs，bars，and Plates foreign fif it gold fif＠6s Spices．－See special report．
Stee 1－Duty：bars and ingots，valued at 7 cents 9 fl fo or under， $2 \frac{1}{4}$ cents；
 English，cast，那 to 18 ＠ German
American，spring．．．．．．．
Amer o．$n$ cast．．
English，spring
Englisu mactinery．
Sumac－Duty： 10
 Sugar．－See spicial repo：t．
Tallow－Duty ： 1 cent $\boldsymbol{q}_{\beta} \mathrm{Ib}$ ．

Teas．－See special report．
Tin－－Duty：pig，bars，and block， $15 \%$ cent ad val．Plate and sheets and terne plates， 25 per cent．ad val．
Banca．．．．．都 to（gold） $93 z$ a Straits ．．．．．．．．．．．（gold） 22 （a）
 do I．C．Coke．．．． 10 i5＠12 50

Tobacco．－See sperial report
Whalebone－Duty ：forelgn fish－ ery， 20 p．c．ad val．
South Sea．．．．．．．烲 It... ．© 115
North west coast． 125
Ochotsk
Polar ．．．
Wines and Hiquorg－Liquóss
Duty ：Brandy，Hrst proof，$\$ 3$ per
gallon other liquors，$\$ 2.50$ ．Winks－
－Duty：Brandy，irst proof，\＄8 per
gallon，other liquors，$\$ 2.50$ ．Wings
Duty：value net over 50 cents \％gal
lon 20 oents $\%$ gallon and 25 cent ad valorem；over 5 and notover 100,
50 cents $\%$ gallon and 25 cent ad 50 cents $\%$ gallon and 25 cent ad
valorem；over $\$ 1$ gallon，$\$ 1$ ga gal－ valorem；over 41 q．gallo
lon and 25 \％cent ad val
Brandy－Martell（gold） $520 @ 1050$
I．\＆F．Mal Hennessy．．．．．．．（gold） $520 @ 105$
 Revault\＆Co．．do $510 @ 1050$ J．Vassal \＆Co．． Jules Robin．．．． Marrette \＆Co．
United V．Prop． Liger freres．．． Pellevoisin fre A．Seignette
Hiv．Pellevoisin Alex．Seignette
Arzac Seignette J．Romienx．．．． Rum－Jamaica
Gin－Differ．brands do
Whisky－S．\＆Ir．do Bourbon Whisky．cur．
Corn Whisky（in b nd） Wines－Port．．．．．（gold） Burgundy Port． Sherry．
do Marseilles
Malaga，sweet
Claret，in hhäs． do in case
Vire－Duty：No． 0 to 18 ，uncovered val． No． 19 to $26 \cdots 25 \& 5$ 名 ct．off list No． 27 to $36 \ldots 38 \& 5$ \％ct．off list Telegraph，No． 7 to 11

Wool－Duty：costing 12 cents or les Fif to a cents to ：over 12 and not not over 32,10 ，and 10 afocent ad val－ orem；over 32， 12 cents $7 \mathcal{F}$ it，and 1能 cent ad valor


## 

## Freights－



Insurance.

## American

Fire Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK CITY.
office:
No. 48. WALL STREET.

Cash Capital. $\qquad$ . $\$ 200,00000$
Cash Surplus................. 366,439 30
fet Amsets Jan. 1, 1867 .. \$566,439 30
statement for the tear ending DECEMBER 31, 1866 :

Income.
Prominms received....................... 8197,30423
Interest.
$32,9,438$

Expenditures.
Losses. ................ $\$ 51,13974$
Return Premiums, Re-insurance and Commissions.......... 35,269 53
Taxes and all other office ex-
penses..

$$
32,58784
$$

Profits for 1866 $\qquad$ 118,997 11

SCRIP DIVIDEND JULY, 1866, 50 PER CENT.
JAMIES M. HALSTED, PRESIDENT.
THOS. L. THORNELL, SECRETARY.

## DAVID ADEE,

ASSISTANT SECRETARY.
Steamship and Express Co.'s.


STREAMICMIIUNICA. TIION BETWEEN NETWYORE AND AUSTRALA. SIA VIa RANAMA.
The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Roya Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 2 th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colo ies, coanecting with the steamer of the Pacitic Main Sall ( Neolon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passenger ${ }^{-}$will be conveyed under throngh ticket at the following rates: From New.York to ports in New-Zealand, or and $\$ 218$ to $\$ 248$ for second class.
The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Paaama, and the first class tares are for forward cabins of the Austral an steamer; after States gold coin.
Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.
Children years, quarter fare; nuder twelve years, half-fare years, quarter fare; nnder twelve years, half-fare; male fare ; men servants berthed forward, women do. in ladies' cabin.
A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.
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[^0]:    *The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee,
    Kentucky, \&c., not otherwise enumerated.
    +These are the receints at al the port, of Florida to January 18 , except
    Apthachicota. Which are on! y o December e9,
    

[^1]:    * For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph despatches at the close of our Lonion letter in'a previone part $\rho 1$ this paper. - [ ECd
    

[^2]:    * Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

