

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 4. SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1867. NO. 81.

Bankers and Brokers.

W. H. WHITTINGHAM,
No. 8 Broad Street,
MINING, EXPRESS, TELEGRAPH, RAILROAD,
AND ALL OTHER STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
Bought and Sold on Commission.
Quotations and sales lists furnished daily on application. Orders promptly executed.

A. C. GRAHAM,
BANKER AND BROKER,
3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Exchange,
Southern Bills on London and Paris,
Bill on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.

Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 18 WALL STREET,
Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.
TYLER, ULLMANN & CO., Chicago.

RIKER & Co.,
BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,
NO. 5 NEW STREET AND 80 BROADWAY.

HATCH, FOOTE, & Co.,
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.
No. 11 WALL STREET,
Two doors from New Street. NEW YORK.
C. B. HATCH, } Late with Fisk & Hatch.
B. FOOTE, }
F. A. JOHNSON, JR.
Formerly Cashier 1st Nat. Bank, Glens Falls, N. Y.
References:
FISK & HATCH, N. Y. JAY COOKE & Co., N. Y.
PHENIX NATIONAL BANK.

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES.
EDWIN Q. BELL,
BANKER AND BROKER,
In Southern Securities and Bank Bills.
80 BROADWAY & 5 NEW STREET,
New York.

Southern Collections.
HARRISON, GARTH & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
Harrison, Goddin & Apperson,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Collections made on all accessible Southern points.

John Bloodgood & Co.,
22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and bankers.

Bankers and Brokers.

SATTERLEE & Co.,
70 BROADWAY & 15 NEW STREET.

STOCKS AND BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
ALL VARIETIES.

L. S. WATKINS,
NO. 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
BANKER,
And Dealer in all Classes of Government Securities and Gold.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and British America.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 24 BROAD STREET.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to sight draft.
Make collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,
BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,
84 BROADWAY.
Negotiate
Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,
Contract for
Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives,
Cars, etc.,
and undertake
all business connected with Railways.

HASLETT MCKIM, ROBT. MCKIM, JNO. A. MCKIM.
McKim, Bros. & Co.,
BANKERS,
62 WALL STREET.
Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

GELSTON & BUSSING,
BROKERS IN
STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
NO. 27 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
T. M. MORGAN. T. A. LATHROP. WM. H. CATLIN.

Morgan, Lathrop & Co.,
STOCKS, GOLD, AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
Bought and Sold on Commission
Nos. 32 New Street & 36 Broad Street,
New York.
Refer to JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, New York.

Bankers and Brokers.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,
BANKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,
For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

VERMILYE & Co.,
BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York,
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a

issues of
UNITED STATES STOCKS
INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
7 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS
Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.
JOHN MUNROE & Co.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS
AND
No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

Western Bankers.
SCOTT & Co.,
Late Scott, Kerr & Co.,
BANKERS.
LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.
LUCIEN SCOTT. LYMAN SCOTT.

The Marine Company
OF CHICAGO.
J. YOUNG SCAMMON President.
ROBERT REID Manager.
General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

NORTH-WESTERN STATES
BANK OF
GEO. C. SMITH & BRO.,
48 LASELLE ST., CHICAGO,
(Lake Bank of Montreal.)
Special attention given to collections.
Draw on—Drexel, Winthrop & Co., and Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia, and Bank of Montreal, Canada.

Bankers and Brokers.

Fourth National Bank.

Capital.....\$5,000,000
 NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET.

All the Government Loans for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and Country accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
 WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.
 No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers' and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

D. L. ROSS, President.
 J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
 SURPLUS.....400,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
 ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

C. FOWELL, GREEN & CO.

Bankers & Commission

MERCHANTS.

88 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,

BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
 No. 44 Broad Street, N. Y.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers, and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. J. K. GILLIAT & CO., of Liverpool.

Jones & Westervelt,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
 Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, bought and sold on Commission.

COMMERCIAL PAPER AND LOANS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY NEGOTIATED.
 NOS. 12 NEW & 14 BROAD STREETS.

Lawrence

Brothers

& Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 16 WALL STREET, N. Y.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND OTHER STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,

bought and sold on Commission for CASH ONLY.

DEPOSITS received subject to check at sight, as with Banks.

DEWITT C. LAWRENCE,
 Member New York Stock Exchange.

CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,

JOHN R. CECIL,
 late Butler, Cecil, Rawson & Co.

WM. A. HALSTED.

Jacquelin & De Coppet,

NO. 26 NEW STREET, N. Y.

Railroad Stocks,

Bonds,

Gold, and

Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

JOHN H. JACQUELIN. HENRY DE COPPET.

Southern Bankers.

National Bank of the Republic,

809 & 811 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Capital.....\$500,000

Offers its services to Banks and Bankers on liberal terms.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne,
 Nathan Hilles, William Ervien,
 Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Gsgood Welsh,
 Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt,
 William H. Rhawn.

WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,

Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.

JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,

Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

GEORGE BUTLER,

BANKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.

(Established in 1847.)

Collections promptly attended to and remitted for by Sight Drafts on Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., Bankers, New York.

References in New York:—Duncan Sherman & Co.; I. H. Frothingham, Esq., Pres't. Union Trust Co.; Moses Taylor, Esq.; R. H. Lowry, Esq., Pres't. Bank of Republic; Henry Swift & Co.; H. B. Claffin & Co.

Office in New York No. 71 Broadway.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
 N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:

Babcock Bros & Co., Bankers, New York.
 Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
 E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
 Byrd & Hall, New York.
 Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
 Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
 Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlburt.
 Home Insurance Company of New York.
 New York Life Insurance Company.
 Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
 Underwriters Agency New York.
 Charles Wal-h. Pre ident Bank of Mobile.
 Henry A Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS
 and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign Exchange.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, having prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and

REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.

REFER TO

National Park Bank, Howes & Macy, and Spofford, Tileston & Co., New York. Second National Bank and J. W. Seaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel & Co. and D. S. Stetson & Co., Philadelphia. T. F. Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler, Stanard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Lapeyre & Bro., New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwrth & Cohen, London and Liverpool.

Charles D. Carr & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

AUGUSTA, GA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.

Conner & Wilson,

No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.,

BANKERS & DEALERS

IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, SPECIE,

BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BONDS.

Special attention paid to Collections.

Refer to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank, and Johnson Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co., Richmond, Va., Charles D. Carr & Co. Augusta, Ga.

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON,

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), PRES'T.
 WM. S. HUNTINGTON, CASHIER.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United State..

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give special attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

Eastern Bankers.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

AND

JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.

ALSO ISSUE

COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Western Bankers.

J. W. ELLIS, Pres't. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres't.

THE BORE STANWOOD, Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

of Cincinnati.

Collections made on all points WEST and SOUTH, and promptly remitted for. Capital Stock, \$1,000,000. Surplus Funds, \$250,000. DIRECTORS.—John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison, William Glenn, R. M. Bishop, William Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S. Winslow.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.

J. B. CHAFFEE, Pres.

H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. GEO. T. CLARK, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

of Denver,

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.

Authorized Capital - - - \$500,000

Paid in Capital - - - \$200,000

Transact a General Banking business corner of Blake and F. Sts. DENVER COLORADO.

D. A. GIVEN, of Watts, Given & Co., Paducah, Ky.

U. W. JONES, of Boyle Co., Ky.

I. M. FLOURNOY, Pres't Commercial Bank of Ky.

N. S. RAY, late Cash'r Com'l B'k of Ky., Lebanon, Ky

BANKING HOUSE OF

GIVEN, JONES & Co.,

33 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

RAY, GIVEN & Co.,

43 CARONDELET ST., NEW OR-

LEANS.

Orders for the purchase or sale of Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed.

Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to cheques at sight.

Special attention given to the Foreign Exchange Business. GIVEN, JONES & Co. are prepared to

draw Sterling Bills, at sight or sixty days, on the Bank of Liverpool, in sums to suit purchasers.

The New Orleans House will make Collections in that City and at all accessible

points South, and remit on the day of payment.

We refer to BANK OF AMERICA and NATIONAL BANK OF STATE OF NEW YORK, New York City, and

to any of the Kentucky Banks.

Financial.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Chatham National Bank.

In New York, in the State of New York ON THE MORNING OF THE First Monday of January, 1867.

RESOURCES: Notes and Bills discounted and loans... \$1,650,730 20; Indebtedness of Directors... \$78,741 81; Overdrafts... 3,918 35; Real Estate... 6,022 87; Current Expenses... 509 12; Cash Items... 270,907 03; Superintendent of Bank Department, State of New York... 4,600 00; Due from National Banks... 118,506 70; Due from other banks and bankers... 16,799 17; United States bonds deposited with U.S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes... 150,000 00; Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks... 33,960 00; Specie... 51,308 41; Legal Tender Notes... 288,316 40; Compound Interest Notes... 270,000 00; Treasurer United States, taxes overpaid... 1,204 95; Total... \$2,867,252 80

LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in... \$450,000 00; Surplus Fund... 190,000 00; Circulating Notes received from Comptroller... \$132,500 00; Less amount on hand... 3,315 00; Amount outstanding... 129,185 00; Individual Deposits... 1,687,486 82; Dividends unpaid... 19,517 99; Due National Banks... 14,805 30; Due to other banks and bankers... 120,598 95; State Bank circulation outstanding... 4,565 00; Discount... \$ 700 79; Interest... 519 51; Profit and loss... 6,804 57; Uncollected Checks... 243,159 87; Total... \$2,867,252 80

I, O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier of "the Chatham National Bank of New York," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier. State of New York, County of New York. - Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 7th day of January, 1867.

Wm. H. BROWN, Commissioner of Deeds. [5 cent Int. Rev. Stamp cancelled.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Leather Manufacturers' NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

In New York, in the State of New York ON THE MORNING OF THE First Monday of January, 1867.

Dr.—RESOURCES: Notes and Bills discounted... \$2,300,436 77; Suspended Debt... 2,493 57; Indebtedness of Directors... 46,659 67; Overdrafts... 2,349,590 01; Banking-house... 6 71; Current expenses... \$70,000 00; Taxes paid... 70,000 00; Remittances and other cash items... 24,472 95; Due from National Banks... 3,324,573 83; Due from other Banks and Bankers... 3,566 29; United States Bonds deposited with U.S. Treasurer to secure Circulating Notes... 5,718 47; United States Bonds deposited with U.S. Treasurer to secure Deposits... 300,000 00; United S. Bonds on hand... 200,000 00; Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of other National Banks... 131,000 00; Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of State Banks... \$47,464 00; Specie... 2,110 00; Other lawful money... 49,583 00; Total... \$7,640,628 06

Cr.—LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in... \$600,000 00; Surplus Fund... 400,000 00; Circulating Notes received from Comptroller... \$260,000 00; Less amount on hand... 68,000 00; Amount outstanding... 192,000 00; Individual Deposits... 5,706,632 01; United States Deposits... 18,596 97; Dividends unpaid... 908 00; Due National Banks... 397,513 49; Due to other Banks and Bankers... 233,412 22; Discount... \$23,807 17; Exchanges... 581 74; Interest... 36,982 18; Profit and Loss... 35,194 28; Total... \$7,640,628 06

State of New York, County of New York.—I, NICHOLAS F. PALMER, Cashier of "The Leather Manufacturers' National Bank of New York," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NICHOLAS F. PALMER, Cashier. Sworn to and subscribed before me this seventh day of January, 1867. FREDERIC BULL, Notary Public, 53 Wall st. [5-cent stamp.]

Financial.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Metropolitan Nat'l Bank

In the City of New York, ON THE MORNING OF THE First Monday of January, 1867.

RESOURCES: Notes and Bills discounted... \$7,683,000 35; Indebtedness of directors... \$259,000 00; Overdrafts... \$7,942,000 35; Banking house... 3,368 13; Current Expenses... 225,000 00; Cash items (including Revenue Stamp) ... 114 25; Due from National Banks... \$264,459 46; Due from other banks and bank rs... 79,901 26; New York State Stocks... 444,360 72; Bonds and Mortgages... 700,000 00; United States Bonds deposited with United States Treasurer to secure circulating notes... 51,054 52; Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks... 2,500,000 00; Cash on hand in circulating notes of State Banks... 20,611 05; Specie... 51,166 05; Fractional Currency... 316,010 00; Legal Tender Notes... \$2,745 55; Compound Interest notes... 1,566,500 00; Total... \$14,614,354 85

LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in... \$4,000,000 00; Surplus Fund... 1,520,594 74; Circulating Notes received from Comptroller... \$2,225,000 00; Less amount on hand... 89 50; Amount outstanding... 2,216,015 00; Individual deposits... 4,279,259 36; Dividends unpaid... 244,860 00; Due to National Banks... \$1,514,606 13; Due to other banks and bankers... 765,028 19; State Bank Circulation outstanding... 2,279,624 37; Discount... 26,000 00; Exchanges... \$12,147 67; Profit and Loss... 178 37; Total... \$14,614,354 85

I, GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier of "The Metropolitan National Bank," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier. State of New York, County of New York. - Sworn to and subscribed before me, this day of January, 1867. ROBERT OWEN, Notary Public.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE National Mechanics' BANKING ASSOCIATION

OF NEW YORK, In New York, in the State of New York, ON THE MORNING OF THE First Monday of January, 1867.

Dr.—RESOURCES: Notes and Bills discounted and demand loans... \$906,868 71; Indebtedness of directors... 169,899 01; Overdrafts... \$1,016,767 72; Current expenses... 139 58; Premiums... \$8,186 01; Cash items: including revenue stamps and checks, and notes on City banks in exchanges... 7,702 29; Due from National banks... 3,262,225 47; U. S. bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes... 41,953 65; U. S. bonds and securities on hand... 10,087 29; Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National banks... 355,000 00; Cash on hand in circulating notes of State banks... 107,000 00; Specie... 23,430 00; Fractional currency... 13,125 09; Legal tender notes... \$834 66; Compound interest notes... 535,634 00; Bonds and mortgages... 226,100 00; Total... \$5,415,298 33

Cr.—LIABILITIES: Capital stock paid in... \$500,000 00; Surplus fund... 10,135 16; Circulating notes received from Comptroller... \$309,500 00; Less amount on hand... 2,341 00; Amount outstanding... 307,156 00; Individual deposits... \$1,018,133 10; Uncollected checks... 3,248,351 36; Due National Banks... 4,266,484 46; Due to banks and bankers... 117,026 10; State bank circulation outstanding... 57,972 15; Discount... 12,119 00; Exchanges... \$4,264 30; Interest... 71 62; Profit and loss... 13,505 64; Dividends unpaid... 3,493 83; Total... \$5,415,298 33

State of New York, City and County of New York. ss.: I, F. CHANDLER, Cashier of "The National Mechanics' Banking Association of New York," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. CHANDLER, Cashier. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of January, 1867. WM. T. FARNHAM, Notary Public. [5 cent Stamp, cancelled.]

Dividends.

NATIONAL BANK Of the Commonwealth,

NEW YORK, DECEMBER 27, 1866. A DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT., free of United States Tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of January next.

GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier. OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, TONTINE BUILDINGS, 88 Wall Street, NEW YORK, December 24, 1866.

THIRTY-NINTH DIVIDEND.—THE board of directors have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 31st instant, and ONE PER CENT. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, etc., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after January 5. Transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 26th inst. until the morning of January 7.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer. NEW YORK, DECEMBER 12 1866. HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 11 Wall Street. The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT, free of Government Tax, payable on and after January 1st, 1867.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary. METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK, No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 18, 1866. DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Six (6) Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on the first Monday of January next. The transfer books will be closed until January 10, 1867.

GEO I. SENEY, Cashier. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY of Minnesota. Interest at Seven per cent., semi-annually, first January and July, free from Government Tax, in the City of New York. Principal payable in 1892. The road runs through one of the best portions of the State, and has been completed to St. Cloud, eighty miles, at an expense of over \$3,000,000. THESE BONDS ARE ONLY \$10,000 PER MILE. Government Bonds at the highest market price will be received in payment. For particulars apply to TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers, Corner Nassau and Pine Sts., New York.

14th DIVIDEND—STANDARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 11 Wall Street, New York, January 8, 1867. A Semi-Annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., Free of Government Tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand. WILLIAM M. ST. JOHN, Secretary.

SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY.

We offer for sale the Seven Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Company, having thirty years to run. Coupons payable in New York on January 1 and July 1, in each year.

Before accepting the agency for sale of these bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition and prospects of the road, which was examined by Mr. Wm. Milnor Roberts and others, on our behalf, and their highly satisfactory report enables us to recommend the bonds as first-class securities, and safe and judicious investment.

The proceeds of these bonds (\$6,000,000 in all) will be used in extending a road, already completed 170 miles into North Missouri, to the Iowa State line, where it is to connect with the railroads of Iowa, and also westward to the junction with the Pacific Railroad (at Leavenworth) and other railroads leading up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of \$5,000,000 will cover a complete and well-stocked road of 889 miles in length, costing at least \$10,000,000, with a net annual revenue after the first year of over \$1,500,000, or a sum nearly four times beyond the amount needed to pay the interest on these bonds, the income of the road of course, increasing every year.

The Railroad connects the great City of St. Louis with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the richest portions of Missouri, but with the States of Kansas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads.

The first 500,000 have been sold at 80 cents, and the remainder are now offered at 75 cents. At this rate they yield nearly 8 1/2 per cent. income, and add 20 per cent. to principal at maturity.

Any further inquiries will be answered at our office.

JAY COOKE & CO.

American Dock And Improvement Co., SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS Interest payable January and July. Guaranteed by Central Railroad of New Jersey. Also, Morris and Essex Railroad 1st and 2nd Mortgage Bonds, For sale by POTT, DAVIDSON & JONES, Bankers, 9 and 61 Wall street.

Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,

BANKERS,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(58 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON,

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON,
WALTER H. BURNS,CHARLES E. MILNOR,
H. CRUGER OAKLEY.JAY COOKE,
WM. G. MOORHEAD,
H. D. COOKE,H. C. FAHNESTOCK,
EDWARD DODGE,
PITT COOKE.

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REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 4.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1867

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The Chronicle.

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CONTRACTION OF CREDIT AND CONTRACTION OF CURRENCY.

It is commonly reported that some of those powerful interests which are unfavorable to contraction of the currency are endeavoring to exaggerate the existing stringency, and increase it into a monetary spasm, that they may claim relief, operate on Congress, and obtain either a further emission of some kind of currency, or, at least, a repeal of the law of 12th April last, which authorized a gradual contraction, to the extent of four millions of greenbacks a month. Whether there be any foundation for this Wall street rumor or not, it is certain that the odium of having produced trouble in the money market is charged by some persons on the law to which we have referred, and by a mischievous confusion of thought it is supposed that contraction of the currency is identical with or tends inevitably to bring on a contraction of credit. If the object

proposed to be attained by the tampering with the money market and locking up of greenbacks, which is charged on some prominent firms, is to produce a general outcry among the people against contraction of the volume of our redundant paper money, that object is probably destined to signal failure.

Two very sound, useful ideas have taken full possession of the public mind, which will effectually prevent it from being so misled. They are: first, that contraction of the currency may be so made as not to produce the mischief of a spasmodic stringent money market; and secondly, that this contraction of the redundant volume of our circulating money is the necessary and only means whereby the standard of the paper dollar can be raised and made equal to the dollar in coin. The malady under which our currency is suffering being redundancy, the obvious remedy is to correct this redundancy by calling in and cancelling the over-issue. There is no other cure than this. No depreciated paper money that has heretofore been emitted on the faith of a stable government was ever restored to par with coin except by reducing the amount in circulation and making the supply of currency equal to the legitimate demand. Very plausible objections have been urged to the method of restoring the currency by contraction, founded on the well-known fact that the price of gold has not kept even pace with the amount of over-issue. These objections, in the present instructed state of the popular mind, mislead very few persons. It would be just as sound an argument to urge that the law of gravitation is disproved because the waters of the Mississippi run up-hill from the sea twice every day. The law of gravitation, as we see its workings, is subject to a thousand tidal and other perturbations, which derange its results. And as it is with the stern, unyielding laws of matter, so is it with those laws which govern the value of the currency. Both alike admit of deviations which may puzzle us until we discern and measure the perturbing causes.

The truth is, that when once the financial system of any nation under a redundant currency has been loosened from its hold on the solid rock of specie convertibility, the standard of value is liable to temporary derangement by a thousand influences, from not one of which it would otherwise have suffered. The value of the paper dollar is liable to contract and to enlarge spasmodically, suddenly, irregularly. Prices estimated in so fugitive and changeable a standard fluctuate, and tempt speculators to gamble in values, and thus to disturb them still more. Even under a sound metallic currency the oscillations of prices in the open market offer the most difficult problems known to financial science. What then must we expect when these well-known difficulties and anomalies are increased in a geometrical ratio by a fluctuation of the unit of value in which all prices are expressed. A mathematician would not find a long series of calculations easy if the figures and signs he uses were perpetually chang-

ing their value. We will not enlarge, however, on this view of the subject. It is only referred to in a general way to suggest replies to the sophistical and superficial reasoning by which plain people may often be puzzled, even though they be neither convinced nor misled.

In Congress, a few days ago, a very plausible statement of these objections to the accepted theory of the currency was made by Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, in a speech which otherwise was characterized by acuteness and ability. After exposing some of the mischiefs of our expanded banking, Mr. Kelley proceeds as follows:—

Neither the price of gold nor of other commodities is regulated nor materially influenced by the amount of currency; nor is the difference between gold and our currency evidence that the latter is inflated. If the Secretary controverts these propositions, I will remind him that gold commanded a premium of 185 in 1864, and ask him to let us know how much he had contracted the currency before it went down to 25, as it did in June, 1865; and again, how much he expanded the currency to put the premium on gold up again to 50, at about which figure it stood so long before dropping to 29 and ascending again to its present price. During all these fluctuations the volume of currency was not essentially modified. * * * * But, sir, assuming that the volume of currency does not regulate prices, and that apart from the often fatal vice in our banking system to which I have alluded it has but little influence on them, I appeal from the judgment of Mr. McCulloch to that of the people, and ask whether, if the volume of currency regulated prices, it would not affect every species of property equally or nearly so? If prices are regulated by the volume of currency, how is it that American wool is as cheap in the Philadelphia market now as it was before the war? How is it that corn is unusually low and wheat is commanding a higher price than ever before in the history of our country? How is it that during last month one variety of cotton goods, those known as brown or unbleached goods, advanced twenty per cent, or two cents per yard, and another variety, bleached goods, declined twenty per cent, or from five to seven cents per yard? How is it that mess pork commands but about half last year's prices, while the decline in beef has been little more than nominal? And how is it that in 1865, with gold at 25, Lehigh coal commanded at the shipping point from five to six dollars per ton, and in 1866, with gold ranging from 32 to 40, the same qualities of coal at the same points will not bring three dollars to three dollars and a quarter per ton?

We quote this ingenious array of facts not for the sake of replying at length to the arguments built upon them, but to show how, contrary to the logical axiom, an expert advocate may use the exception to disprove the rule. Properly understood these facts simply prove what is universally acknowledged, namely: first, that the fluctuations in gold mark very imperfectly the value of our paper currency; and, secondly, that the prices of gold and other commodities expressed in fluctuating paper dollars, oscillate oftentimes in a very irregular, violent and anomalous way, some commodities going up when others go down, while all alike are really borne upwards as the tide of inflation rises. The solid ground of specie payments being left, prices lose their old stability, and are liable to be affected by all the currents and eddies of the current of redundant circulation, by which they are buoyed up and raised above their normal level.

Such has ever been the course of events during the progress of inflation under an issue of paper money. And when contraction begins a similar or even a greater irregularity prevails, and the solid basis of values is only reached in successive slow degrees as the tide recedes. If then to these causes of fluctuation in values we add those arising out of our searching and mischievous taxation, we shall cease to be surprised that prices deviate so often from what might be expected did the laws of currency-expansion and currency-contraction operate with mathematical precision and undisturbed force.

PROPOSED CHANGES IN THE BANKING LAW.

The opinion has been actively discussed for some time past, and is evidently gaining ground in the country and in Congress, that the National Bank currency could be assumed by the Government without danger to any business interests of importance, and with manifest relief to the burdens of the people. It is argued that the banks gain at present the whole of the profits arising from the issue of the currency, while the country at large suffers the loss which its issue has caused in

the depreciation of the currency and the consequent disturbance of values. The interest on the 330 millions of bonds deposited by the banks as security for 300 millions of circulation is estimated at some 18 millions of dollars in gold. This sum, under the proposed plan, would be saved to the Treasury, while the notes would be cancelled and their place supplied by greenbacks. This scheme has been attracting the more attention in consequence of the opposition raised by the banks against the redemption of their notes in the metropolitan centres. We publish below a copy of a bill for this purpose, which was introduced into the House of Representatives by Mr. S. I. Randall on the 7th January, and referred to the Committee on Banking and Commerce:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue, on the credit of the United States, such sums as may be necessary for the purposes set forth in this act, not exceeding in the aggregate amount three hundred millions of dollars, of treasury notes, not bearing interest, of such denominations as he may deem expedient, not less than five dollars each, which said notes shall be lawful money and a legal tender for debts in like manner as provided in the first section of an act entitled "An act to authorize the issue of United States notes, and for the redemption or funding thereof, and for funding the floating debt of the United States," passed February twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-two. And the provisions of the sixth and seventh sections of said act are hereby re-enacted and applied to the notes herein authorized.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of said notes issued in any one fiscal year shall not exceed one hundred millions of dollars, and the same shall be used only in exchange for notes issued by the national banks under the authority of the United States, in conformity with the laws regulating the same, and for the purchase of such portions of the national indebtedness as may be necessary to carry out the true intent of this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said national bank notes so received in exchange for the treasury notes authorized by this act, shall be by the Secretary of the Treasury forthwith cancelled in like manner as though they had been returned for cancellation by the banks respectively issuing them, and the certificates of national indebtedness, and bonds on deposit for the security of said notes, shall be transferred to the commissioners of the sinking fund, which is herein established, at market prices, to the amount and extent that the several banks whose notes have been thus returned would be entitled to receive the securities therefor.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney-General, the Secretary of the Interior, the Treasurer of the United States, and the Comptroller of the Currency, shall be the commissioners of the sinking fund, who, or a majority of whom, shall receive the evidences of debt and bonds purchased in accordance with the provisions of this act, and forthwith stamp upon each, so as to make it unfit for further use, "Belonging to the sinking fund of the United States," and shall cancel the signatures thereon. They shall hold said evidences of debt and bonds until their respective maturities, and until then all accruing interest shall be paid and is hereby appropriated to the said commissioners, who shall purchase other evidences of debt and bonds, to be used and held as herein provided for, and so from time to time as money may be received from such sources.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the close of each fiscal year the Secretary of the Treasury shall publish an account of the condition of the said sinking fund in at least one newspaper published in the cities of Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York, and he shall, at the first meeting of Congress thereafter, report the same to each branch thereof.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That so much of any law or laws as are inconsistent herewith shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

As our appreciation is well known of the important part the national banks play in the financial affairs of the country, we need scarcely say that we disapprove of the plan set forth in the foregoing bill, and think it likely, if adopted, to cause serious commotion in monetary and industrial affairs. For the present, and until the nation shall have recovered from its financial troubles, the more of steadiness and stability we can confer on our banking system the better. Until we have funded our vast floating debt, thoroughly absorbed the disbanded soldiers into the disciplined army of peaceful workers, and restored the equilibrium of our tottering, overstrained financial machinery, it would not be wise to run the risk of causing further disturbance by closing any of the banks. We have never objected to making these institutions pay their fair share of taxation; we approve of the late decision of the Supreme Court compelling the banks to pay local taxes; we might not object to the imposition of a heavier Federal tax than the 7 millions a year which the banks now pay, but in the present financial situation we do strongly object to so sweeping, dan-

gerous and revolutionary a change as that contemplated by Mr. Randall and his friends.

Waiving all considerations of the overwhelming objections of a political and financial character which oppose the plan of increasing the volume of the Government legal tender notes, Congress has a sufficient argument for rejecting the scheme before us in the fact that it would unsettle and weaken that financial stability which every motive of patriotic and enlightened statesmanship combines to lead them to strengthen and support.

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE.

Mr. Wells may be congratulated on having accomplished a very difficult task, and on having done it well. He is required by the law of 13th July, 1866, under which his office was created, to report "through the Secretary of the Treasury, to Congress, either in the form of a bill or otherwise, such modifications of the rates of taxation, or of the methods of collecting the revenues, and such other facts pertaining to the trade, industry, commerce or taxation of the country, as he may find, by actual observation of the operation of the law, to be conducive to the public interest." In accordance with this arrangement Mr. Wells has presented his first report, which forms an elaborate pamphlet of 112 pages, and is accompanied by a new tariff bill, which is favorably regarded in the hostile camps of free trade and protection, and stands, if we are not misinformed, a very good chance of passing the Senate in a few days without much alteration. The report at large has been freely and favorably commented on by the daily Press in all parts of the country. It has two obvious characteristics which confer on it its chief value: first, it is free from narrow ideas and impracticable crotchety notions; and secondly, it presents trustworthy deductions from a vast array of facts which have been collected with commendable industry and painstaking zeal from a multitude of well-informed persons in our chief cities. One thing is wanting to give completeness to the report. We refer to vast mass of evidence which Mr. Wells received during his investigations. This evidence should be published in full, as should also the evidence taken before the late Revenue Commission, of which Mr. Wells was chairman. These two volumes would be invaluable to the country, and would constitute a storehouse of facts for the use of that large and increasing class of our leading men who are devoting themselves to the study of fiscal subjects.

NATIONAL AID TO STEAMSHIP LINES.

On New Year Day six steamers arrived at this port from Europe, all owned by European capitalists. Yet this is no unusual circumstance, for our entire trade with the Old World promises to be very soon carried on under foreign flags. The recent sale of the Arago and Fulton would appear to augur unfavorably for efforts to continue even one American line of ocean steamers in existence.

It is not our purpose, at the present time, to discuss the reasons for this. They are many and varied; and yet, even if all other difficulties were removed, assistance would still be required from our Government before an American line of steamers could successfully compete with the old-established European companies. Without such aid capitalists will not enter upon so hazardous an experiment. We are aware that it is the legitimate province of Government, strictly speaking, to administer justice and protect its citizens. The establishment of industrial pursuits and other legislation of analogous character can hardly be said to be comprised within its purposes. It is to be presumed that every citizen will exercise his talents and energy in the call-

ing which shall be to him the most remunerative, without demanding of the Government to make it so. But it is not always practicable to carry on public affairs strictly upon technical principles. Exigencies arise which materially complicate these matters. True statesmen understand this, and provide accordingly.

The pursuits of commerce are absolutely essential to render other departments of industry remunerative. The facilities of market are vital to all enterprise. Acting on this principle, the British Government, in former years, were in the habit of granting large subsidies to steamship lines. The purpose was to seize the whole of the mail traffic, and with it the lucrative trade accompanying it in the North Atlantic. Accordingly, Mr. Cunard first began his enterprise under the express stipulation of receiving from the Treasury the annual subvention of £60,000. He soon found the amount insufficient, and the government raised it to £100,000; but this was not enough, and the sum was finally fixed at £145,000 a year—equivalent to ten shillings and eightpence sterling per mile. The fact was recognized at the outset that the immense capital required to start the line of steamers from Europe to America, and the expenditure necessary for its maintenance, would not be covered by any commercial returns to be expected from it. Private enterprise could not afford to enlist in so great an undertaking. Only by subsidy could it be accomplished; and this measure was warranted by broad considerations of its importance to the British nation.

Afterward the West Indian Steam Packet was established, receiving the still greater subvention of £240,000 a year. The line to Australia was also in its turn fostered in a like manner. As, however, the profits of the lines have become adequate for the remuneration of the companies for the capital invested, it has become proper that the subvention should cease. The British nation has been amply compensated for the expenditure, from the commerce which the establishment and operating of these steamship lines has secured to the country.

In order to establish a successful rivalry on the ocean, the French Government found it necessary not only to bestow a heavy subvention on the General Trans Atlantic Mail Steamship Company, but to lend to it outright the sum of five million dollars. At this very time Prussia is also seeking to extend her power on the ocean. A bill pending before the House of Deputies proposes a large subsidy to steamship lines for mail service, and in addition a loan of \$5,000,000 to enable the company to go into successful operation. The Geetsemunde, just acquired from Hanover, is the entrepot which it is contemplated to establish, and the proposed line is to ply between that point and the city of New York.

We see that the Commercial Navigation Company, of the State of New York, recently memorialized Congress for legislation to enable the operating of an American Transoceanic line of mail steamships. The proposition which the company submitted was, to establish a line of seven sea-going steam vessels, two to be of two thousand and five of three thousand tons, and all to be constructed in the best manner, with all known modern improvements in model, machinery and outfit, so as to secure the greatest possible speed and safety. The proposed outlay for construction exceeds six million dollars. The purpose, it is said, is to secure a speed of twelve to fourteen marine miles an hour, with a draught of water which shall not exceed sixteen feet when loaded; and in the plan of construction to have three decks, one extending the entire length of the vessel, giving passengers every possible comfort and convenience. These steamships would constitute a United States line for the transportation

of the mails. The memorial asks Congress for the passage of a law authorizing the Postmaster-General to arrange and contract with the company for the weekly conveyance of the foreign and European mails of the United States between New York and Liverpool for a term not exceeding twelve years. The times of sailing, and other details, are proposed to be arranged between the company and the Postmaster-General.

At the present time no mail, no dispatch from the Federal Government to a minister, or other foreign agent, or from such agent to the Government, no diplomatic agent of the United States crosses the ocean, except on foreign vessels, and under a foreign flag. These facts, it is claimed, should be allowed due weight when considering this application.

The compensation asked by the company for carrying the mails is the postage. In view of the fact that an outlay of about eight million dollars will be required for the building, equipping, and running such a line of steamships as is proposed, this company ask in addition that the Postmaster-General shall be authorized to guarantee the payment of their bonds to the amount of about \$3,000,000. To assure the Government against loss by this transaction, it is proposed that the company shall give to the United States a first lien upon the steamships, their tackle, apparel, machinery and furniture, which will be worth double the amount of the obligations so assumed; also that the Postmaster-General shall receive all the moneys paid for postage on the mails so carried, applying the amount to liquidate the interest on the bonds, and retaining the excess for payment of the principal till the entire indebtedness shall have been extinguished. The bonds so guaranteed, it is further proposed, shall be issued in such amounts and at such times during the construction of the steamships as the Postmaster-General shall determine, and shall be made payable at the expiration of twelve years, bearing interest at five per cent., gold, to be paid semi-annually. The company also propose, as additional security against loss on the part of the Government, to cause each of the steamships to be insured, by marine insurance companies of good standing, against the dangers of the seas, in such sums as shall be equivalent to the amounts of the bonds so guaranteed and owing; the policies to be made payable to the order of the Postmaster-General. In the event of war, the Navy Department shall be empowered to take the vessels and use them as transports or ships of war, for an equitable sum, or may purchase them for the public service, if the Secretary of the Navy shall deem proper.

We refer to this memorial thus minutely because it appears to be the most favorable project of the kind now before Congress; not because we approve of all its details. The estimate upon which the proposal is based supposes the average amount received annually for postage to be \$450,000, which would be more than sufficient to meet the interest and principal of the bonds guaranteed. By reference to the report of Postmaster-General Randall for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1866, the cost of transatlantic mail service, which is performed almost wholly by foreign steamship lines, was \$525,307 46, the total amount for the four years ending with that date being \$1,634,710. Within the last fiscal year our European postal communication has been increased at the unprecedented rate of 25 per cent.

There has existed in this country for years a strong feeling against subsidies. The experiment of the Collins Line evidently operated to strengthen this prejudice. But when we consider what Great Britain has done to promote the navigation of the ocean by means of steam vessels, as well as the advantages which have been thus secured for her merchants and manufacturers, it would seem to be time for such preju-

dice to cease. Our Government has actively taken the initiative in the case of the line of subsidized mail packets now plying between New York and Rio de Janeiro, in which case the contract obligates the United States to pay the company for twelve round trips each year the annual sum of \$150,000 for ten years, the Imperial Government of Brazil also paying a like amount. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has also obtained a contract to make twelve round trips between San Francisco and China each year, for the annual subsidy of \$500,000, for and during the term of ten years, beginning on the 1st day of January, 1867.

In accordance with this principle, enterprises have been fostered by Congress for the purpose of developing the resources of the country. Aid has been granted by lending the credit of the Government to two Pacific Railroad companies, the bonds of the companies having been endorsed by the Government at the rate of \$16,000 per mile, and only a second instead of a first lien having been required. Large grants of public lands have been made to the new States, to facilitate the construction of railways. Every argument that can apply in defense of those measures would seem to be of equal force in regard to the bestowment of governmental aid to steamship lines. Such lines would increase the volume of commerce and direct it to our own ports, making our home industry remunerative, and so developing the resources of the Government.

We trust that Congress will give the most careful attention to this matter. If the patronage of our Government can be employed judiciously to bring Europe, the ports on the Mediterranean and the countries lying on the Indian and Pacific oceans, into frequent communication with the United States, it should be done. It is for the interest of this country. Upon the direct question of guaranteeing the bonds of the Commercial Navigation Company, or private obligation of any kind, however, we are hardly clear. In times past, whenever public and private matters have been mixed up, the public interest has often been the loser. Nevertheless, there is in this case security offered, and the prospect of an ulterior advantage to counterbalance the risk of any such loss. When private enterprise promises and almost guarantees to initiate an era of commercial prosperity for the country, it is, we will admit, the time, if ever, for the Government to lend its aid.

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Abstract statement, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Treasury Department, on the 1st of November, 1st of December 1866, and the 1st of January, 1867, comparatively:

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.			
	Nov. 1.	Dec. 1.	Jan. 1.
5 per cent. bonds.....	\$198,091,350	\$198,091,350	\$198,091,350
" " of 1867 and 1868.....	16,033,742	15,837,942	15,783,442
" " of 1881.....	233,739,750	233,740,000	233,740,850
" " 5.20's.....	823,944,000	861,641,300	891,125,100
Navy Pension Fund.....	11,751,000	11,750,000	11,750,000
	\$1,333,558,842	\$1,371,068,592	\$1,400,490,742
DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.			
6 per cent. bonds.....	\$9,882,000	\$10,302,000	\$10,622,000
3-year Compound Interest Notes.....	148,512,140	147,387,140	144,900,840
3-year 7.30 notes.....	724,014,300	699,933,750	676,856,600
	\$882,408,440	\$857,622,890	\$832,379,440
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED.			
Various bonds and notes.....	\$36,988,909	\$22,605,794	\$16,513,590
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.			
United States Notes.....	\$390,195,785	\$285,441,849	\$380,497,842
Fractional currency.....	27,588,010	28,620,249	28,732,512
Gold certificates of deposit.....	10,896,980	19,636,500	16,442,680
	\$428,680,775	\$433,698,598	\$425,673,334
Aggregate debt.....	\$2,681,636,966	\$2,684,995,875	\$2,675,062,565
Coin and Currency in Treasury.....	130,326,960	135,364,637	131,737,333
Debt, less coin and currency.....	\$2,551,310,000	\$2,549,631,238	\$2,543,325,172
The following statement shows the amount of coin and currency separately at the dates in the foregoing table:			
	Nov. 1.	Dec. 1.	Jan. 1.
Gold Coin.....	\$99,413,018	\$95,168,816	\$97,841,963
Currency.....	30,913,942	40,195,821	33,895,765
Total gold coin and currency.....	\$130,326,960	\$135,364,637	\$131,737,333

COMMERCE OF NEW YORK FOR 1866.

We are able now to publish a full review of the commerce of New York for the past year, having received from the Custom House the returns for the last quarter, and revised our own figures of receipts, exports, &c.

RECEIPTS, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The movement of domestic produce the past year shows considerable changes over the figures for the previous twelve months, as our readers have probably noticed in our weekly tables. In the matter of breadstuffs we have frequently called attention to the diminished receipts. This is, of course, due in great part to the falling off in the shipments East at the West, but in part also to the fact that the direct shipments to Boston and elsewhere have increased during 1866. Below we give our tables of receipts and exports for the year :

RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR 1865 AND 1866.

[Of the items left blank in 1865 no record was made.]

	1865.	1866.		1865.	1866.
Ashes, pkgs.....	5,924	17,210	Crude turp., bbls	36,886	29,150
Breadstuffs—			Spirits turp.....	59,002	18,462
Flour, bbls.....	2,730,735	3,650,490	Rosin.....	401,460	133,682
Wheat, bush.....	5,911,511	9,162,680	Tar.....	48,118	19,452
Corn.....	22,696,186	15,505,905	Pitch.....	8,162	.....
Oats.....	8,699,339	9,710,625	Oil cake, pkgs....	168,952	.....
Rye.....	1,304,799	888,135	Oil, lard.....	4,155	.....
Malt.....	526,818	.....	Oil, petroleum....	1,057,299	558,540
Barley.....	4,861,993	*2,992,785	Peanuts, bags....	17,914	.....
Grass seed.....	141,523	.....	Provisions—		
Flaxseed.....	66,177	.....	Butter, pkgs....	454,049	658,470
Beans.....	47,474	.....	Cheese.....	726,143	615,615
Peas.....	414,543	.....	Cut meats.....	102,389	104,505
Corn meal, bbls..	195,344	+280,875	Eggs.....	150,401	.....
Corn meal, bags.	272,073	.....	Pork.....	131,668	218,120
Buckwheat & B.			Beef, pkgs.....	70,076	102,630
W. flour, bags..	82,039	.....	Lard, pkgs.....	102,956	100,330
Cotton, bales....	657,383	792,675	Lard, kegs.....	8,481	.....
Copper, bbls....	17,002	.....	Rice, pkgs.....	4,544	.....
Copper, plates..	7,312	.....	Starch.....	77,720	.....
Dried fruit, pkgs.	23,461	.....	Stear ne.....	8,228	.....
Grease, pkgs....	6,581	.....	Splinter, slabs..	3,967	.....
Hemp, bales....	2,958	.....	Sugar, hhd. & bbls	5,591	.....
Hides, No.....	367,030	.....	Tallow, pkgs....	7,356	12,580
Hops, bales....	19,289	28,690	Tobacco, pkgs....	167,368	.....
Leather, sides..	2,235,251	2,124,900	Tobacco, hhd. &	63,624	.....
Lead, pigs.....	6,819	.....	Whiskey, bbls..	103,314	69,750
Molasses, hhd. &			Wool, bales.....	119,998	136,580
bbls.....	23,704	.....	Dressed hogs, No.	88,532	.....
Naval Stores—			Rice, rough, bush.	.....	.....

* Including barley malt. † Including bags reduced to barrels.

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS OF CERTAIN LEADING ARTICLES OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE YEAR :

	1865.	1866.		1865.	1866.
Breadstuffs—			Pitch, bbls.....	1,150	2,737
Wheat flour, bbls.	1,402,144	914,695	Oils—Whale, galls..	16,809	20,919
Rye flour, bbls..	2,673	7,552	Do. sperm, galls..	470,725	219,103
Corn meal, bbls..	127,600	148,006	Do. lard, galls....	27,403	28,823
Wheat, bush....	2,527,626	522,607	Do. linseed, galls.	13,405	92,081
Rye, bush.....	193,348	263,503	Provisions—		
Oats, bush.....	94,567	222,129	Pork, bb's.....	118,865	92,081
Barley, bush....	.....	1,329,842	Beef, bbls.....	41,910	55,310
Peas, bush.....	88,899	282,992	Do tcs.....	51,828	28,749
Corn, bush.....	4,549,610	11,147,731	Cutmeat, s, lbs..	35,743.0	529,478.691
Candles, bxs....	86,287	70,334	Butter, lbs.....	9,718.079	2,082,723
Coal, tons.....	22,539	67,392	Cheese, lbs.....	41,668,213	39,069,500
Cotton, bales....	221,069	352,092	Lard, lbs.....	22,793,384	28,306,600
Hay, bales.....	36,070	33,053	Rice, tcs.....	83	81
Hops, bales....	13,674	3,046	Do. bbls.....	19,196	9,379
Naval Stores—			Tallow, lbs.....	16,550,552	14,901,800
Crude turp, bbls.	4,832	12,532	Tobacco, crude, pks.	167,447	104,975
Spirits turp, bbls.	939	21,413	Do manf. lbs....	4,155,889	5,691,557
Rosin, bbls.....	51,742	222,084	Whalebone, lbs..	294,151	647,413
Tar, bbls.....	8,815	23,450	Petroleum, galls..	14,593,586	32,788,957

The imports of leading articles of commerce for two years may be seen in the following table. In our commercial department we publish a detailed import table, showing total imports of each item during 1866, which will be found very useful for reference :

IMPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES AT NEW YORK FOR 1865-6.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	1865.	1866.		1865.	1866.
Buttons.....	5,770	4,039	Hardware.....	13,653	5,670
Coal, tons.....	231,029	312,792	Iron, R.F. bars..	243,228	218,290
Cocoa, bags....	16,413	6,468	Lead, pigs.....	463,577	225,888
Coffee, bags....	724,646	742,145	Spelter, lbs.....	10,217,828	4,781,071
Cotton, bales....	2,007	29,819	Steel.....	197,764	95,615
Drugs, &c.....			Tin, boxes.....	800,471	621,890
Bark, Peruvian..	9,667	5,502	Tin slabs, lbs....	6,692,672	7,183,095
Bleaching powdr	24,739	18,931	Rags.....	44,067	33,419
Brimstone, tons.	16,214	8,932	Sugar, hhd. & bbls	375,546	288,875
Cochineal.....	1,090	2,270	Sugar, boxes & bags	434,003	443,487
Ceam Tar, ar....	1,248	1,177	Tea.....	684,118	659,551
Gambier.....	24,098	4,712	Tobacco.....	21,868	31,439
Gums, crude....	14,445	8,361	Waste.....	14,843	12,991
Gum, Arabic....	4,356	4,451	Wines, &c.....		
Indigo.....	3,478	6,300	Champagne, bkts.	112,805	68,026
Madder.....	8,195	5,094	Wines.....	383,103	117,143
Oils, essence....	4,234	2,754	Wool, bales....	57,755	57,615
Oil, Olive.....	99,016	37,581	Articles reported by value.		
Opium.....	793	1,094	Cigars.....	\$1,251,891	\$961,372
Soda, bi-carb....	141,462	67,130	Corks.....	163,823	140,074
Soda, sal.....	36,434	16,019	Fancy goods....	4,284,510	3,413,147
Soda, ash.....	39,949	29,604	Fish.....	890,832	978,643
Flax.....	9,461	12,622	Fruits, &c.....		
Furs.....	4,652	6,132	Lemons.....	520,295	252,715
Gunny cloth....	26,022	4,698	Oranges.....	311,621	332,415
Hair.....	4,878	3,315	Nuts.....	1,009,202	1,031,985
Hemp, bales....	183,289	83,683	Raisins.....	1,152,943	825,323
Hides, &c.....			Hides, undressed	6,728,819	5,427,761
Bristles.....	2,476	1,494	Rice.....	776,470	1,094,949
Hides, dressed..	11,564	7,032	Spices, &c.....		
India rubber....	26,817	26,861	Cassia.....	174,008	223,075
Ivory.....	1,308	2,532	Ginger.....	50,613	50,517
Jewelry, &c....			Pepper.....	220,522	149,128
Jewelry.....	801	726	Saltpetre.....	156,744	107,575
Watches.....	1,208	1,023	Woods.....		
Linseed.....	243,562	114,934	Fustic.....	33,911	74,228
Molasses.....	131,893	147,168	Logwood.....	153,919	196,865
Metals, &c....			Mahogany.....	120,427	241,817
Uttery.....	5,600	3,218			

We now bring forward our figures showing the total foreign commerce at this port for a series of years.

EXPORTS.

The exports for the year show an increase over 1865, but still do not equal the figures for 1864. It should be remembered, however, that for the past two years, and especially the last twelve months, the foreign shipments direct from Southern ports have been large, so that New York exports do not now represent nearly as large a proportion of the exports of the country as during the years of the war. The shipments of cotton alone from the South direct to foreign ports for 1866 amounted to over one million bales. If to this we were to add tobacco, naval stores, &c., we would discover one reason why we have been able to import so largely the past year without working serious disturbance to monetary affairs by reason of our foreign balances. The following statement exhibits the quarterly exports for the past six years. As the shipments of merchandise are reckoned at their market price in currency, we have given in the same connection the range of gold.

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS EXCLUSIVE OF SPECIE.

	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866
1st quarter.....	\$3,477,742	\$2,075,564	\$5,614,908	\$4,429,756	\$6,710,118	\$6,072,531
Price of gold par	101½-104¼	152½-172¼	151½-169¾	196¾-234¼	124¼-145¾	
2d quarter.....	\$3,123,489	\$2,793,344	\$4,046,726	\$4,446,686	\$2,216,567	\$4,766,386
Price of gold par	101½-109¾	140½-157¾	166¾-250	128¾-147¾	125-167¾	
3d quarter.....	\$3,075,918	\$4,313,299	\$3,835,587	\$9,519,134	\$4,521,493	\$3,881,202
Price of gold par	108¾-124	122¾-145	191-285	138¾-146¾	143¾-147¾	
4th quarter.....	\$4,917,752	\$9,747,611	\$9,223,747	\$2,426,966	\$7,178,421	\$6,09,435
Price of gold par	1-2-134	140¾-156¾	189-260	148¾-145¾	131¾-154¾	
Total.....	\$13,594,901	\$15,934,822	\$17,718,768	\$21,822,542	\$17,626,599	\$19,329,554

We now annex our usual detailed statement showing the exports of domestic produce, foreign dutiable and free goods, and specie and bullion, during each month of the last six years :

EXPORTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January.....	\$10,277,925	\$12,053,477	\$14,329,398	\$11,448,953	\$16,023,621	\$19,784,997
February.....	10,263,820	10,078,101	17,780,586	13,662,218	15,042,505	16,768,120
March.....	10,580,977	8,985,176	16,137,689	14,410,051	13,893,565	23,291,485
April.....	9,255,648	8,002,094	11,581,933	13,263,712	7,220,709	22,526,822
May.....	10,855,709	9,837,693	13,183,510	11,610,493	7,882,565	12,281,623
June.....	10,270,430	10,048,832	14,780,072	17,996,495	8,079,892	9,601,089
July.....	9,552,789	14,050,437	15,298,073	26,251,246	12,521,246	13,057,476
August.....	9,652,301	13,046,389	10,666,959	26,617,850	14,500,860	12,648,004
September.....	9,877,999	14,734,993	11,717,761	15,595,548	12,763,484	1,635,610
October.....	12,904,350	19,476,947	14,513,454	16,740,404	20,986,936	14,593,664
November.....	14,109,763	14,060,340	11,413,591	12,015,064	22,763,327	13,651,464
December.....	13,661,444	14,805,112	12,846,151	19,248,523	22,562,534	16,817,615
Total.....	\$131,235,995	\$149,179,591	\$164,249,177	\$201,855,989	\$174,247,154	\$186,655,969

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN FREE.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January.....	\$399,940	\$27,193	\$73,111	\$42,232	\$105,421	\$38,801
February.....	137,950	49,099	43,880	77,693	74,793	26,606
March.....	109,270	65,388	213,685	72,667	307,221	57,167
April.....	209,573	56,350	74,949	48,461	57,544	120,254
May.....	180,114	76,971	103,337	40,898	54,500	151,393
June.....	648,482	43,368	49,380	75,709	35,417	55,074
July.....	203,325	1,177,193	77,232	249,404	28,236	27,269
August.....	57,965	417,100	90,815	126,537	45,045	50,720
September.....	30,013	697,987	55,400	848,742	64,003	29,373
October.....	60,868	179,205	149,325	69,965	33,225	32,061
November.....	41,973	45,533	56,534	64,914	109,155	64,001
December.....	75,474	108,489	55,555	425,031	24,165	44,265
Total.....	\$2,154,947	\$2,853,848	\$1,037,212	\$2,142,458	\$938,735	\$706,483

EXPORTS OF FOREIGN DUTIABLE.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January.....	\$465,978	\$149,493				

The exports of specie through the year will be seen from the foregoing to have been large, owing to the monetary disturbance in Europe and the consequent return of United States bonds.

TOTAL IMPORTS.

The imports for the year at this port have been very large, as our readers already have seen from our weekly tables; in fact the total is without precedent, reaching the enormous sum of three hundred and six millions of dollars. It should be remembered also that this is the foreign gold value, without freight or duty being added. There is reason, however, why the imports for the year should reach so unusual a figure; and it is to be found in the fact that this port has been called upon to supply not only the usual portions of the country which draw their imports from this point, but to a very great extent the whole South. For while there has been a large direct export of cotton and other Southern staples from the South, as we have shown above, the imports have to a very considerable extent passed through New York. In the following we classify the total imports, giving separately the dry goods, general merchandise and specie:

	1862	1863	1864	1865	1866
Dry goods	\$56,121,927	\$67,274,547	\$71,589,752	\$92,061,140	\$126,222,855
General merchandise	117,140,813	118,814,219	144,270,386	130,579,985	170,813,300
Specie	1,390,277	1,525,811	2,265,622	2,123,281	9,578,029
Total Imports	\$174,652,317	\$187,614,577	\$218,125,760	\$224,764,419	\$306,613,184

We now give for comparison the previous years since 1851, classifying them into dutiable, free, and specie. Under the head of dutiable is included both the value entered for consumption and that entered for warehousing. The free goods run very light, as nearly all the imports now are dutiable.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

Year	Dutiable.	Free goods.	Specie.	Total.
1851	\$119,692,264	\$9,719,771	\$2,049,543	\$131,461,578
1852	115,336,052	12,105,342	2,408,225	129,849,619
1853	179,512,412	12,156,387	2,429,083	194,097,882
1854	163,494,984	15,768,916	2,107,572	181,371,472
1855	142,900,661	14,103,946	855,631	157,860,238
1856	191,839,616	17,922,573	1,814,425	210,576,614
1857	196,279,362	21,440,734	12,895,033	230,615,129
1858	128,578,256	22,024,691	2,364,120	152,967,067
1859	213,640,373	28,708,732	2,816,421	245,165,526
1860	201,401,633	28,006,447	8,852,330	238,260,410
1861	95,326,459	30,353,913	37,088,413	162,768,785
1862	149,970,415	23,291,625	1,390,277	174,652,317
1863	174,521,766	11,567,000	1,525,811	187,614,577
1864	204,128,236	11,731,902	2,265,622	218,125,760
1865	212,208,301	10,410,837	2,123,281	224,742,419
1866	284,083,567	13,001,588	9,578,029	306,613,184

Below we give a detailed statement showing the receipts from foreign ports during each month of the year, for the last six years, both of dutiable and free goods, and what portion were entered for warehousing, and the value withdrawn from warehouse:

IMPORTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January	\$8,178,837	\$6,763,396	\$8,741,227	\$12,422,618	\$5,217,495	\$18,556,725
February	7,003,399	7,058,174	7,372,539	15,766,601	5,178,774	17,389,505
March	6,700,061	10,312,649	11,461,572	15,848,425	7,066,126	15,200,809
April	5,893,809	7,141,197	9,493,830	18,951,700	5,528,575	13,366,448
May	2,889,588	8,091,120	7,980,281	7,131,300	6,592,157	13,563,551
June	1,825,563	7,278,953	6,328,511	5,513,985	8,542,271	10,682,723
July	3,200,663	13,799,505	9,080,210	6,322,928	10,175,820	14,304,403
August	3,259,695	10,289,427	10,004,580	6,603,653	15,903,743	14,560,161
September	3,106,298	11,890,711	11,203,535	4,390,114	16,748,595	13,228,489
October	3,638,580	8,462,554	11,835,569	3,770,526	16,357,282	13,812,206
November	4,614,932	6,565,185	10,326,929	3,363,359	16,655,764	10,688,544
December	4,342,756	6,831,073	10,498,576	4,443,542	14,500,606	8,447,064
Total	\$54,254,231	104,483,984	114,377,429	104,988,811	128,467,155	168,800,629

IMPORTS ENTERED WAREHOUSE.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January	\$8,560,680	\$3,141,725	\$4,482,794	\$5,571,936	\$4,510,225	\$10,241,576
February	3,751,673	3,370,486	3,657,775	4,991,398	5,568,127	11,626,677
March	3,084,187	4,811,846	6,016,901	6,641,408	7,872,555	9,539,100
April	4,187,678	3,853,218	6,456,308	5,905,640	7,448,371	10,159,657
May	5,842,313	4,600,920	5,437,404	14,727,176	5,288,049	13,902,407
June	3,245,564	3,874,127	5,377,885	16,906,964	7,123,792	10,957,050
July	1,769,636	4,502,764	6,057,342	14,954,635	7,845,947	11,301,274
August	2,680,457	2,939,721	4,409,891	10,437,478	7,553,260	8,123,406
September	1,390,766	4,351,084	3,431,310	5,258,568	4,936,209	7,817,045
October	2,082,381	3,689,806	4,189,457	5,332,924	5,903,993	8,113,869
November	2,150,361	2,108,009	4,956,415	4,160,532	9,184,116	8,345,859
December	2,346,387	4,212,725	5,676,955	4,250,862	10,506,502	10,105,018
Total	\$41,072,228	45,486,431	60,144,237	99,139,425	83,741,146	20,232,938

IMPORTS OF FREE GOODS.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January	\$2,825,065	\$2,552,050	\$2,413,649	\$841,050	\$840,129	\$1,233,757
February	2,312,563	3,281,473	783,561	797,788	620,163	1,504,253
March	2,573,697	3,476,004	1,328,806	1,072,949	830,450	1,179,177
April	3,351,905	2,232,315	1,328,216	1,025,517	961,026	1,152,683
May	2,730,568	1,416,093	710,021	1,056,576	818,818	959,416
June	2,191,513	1,122,092	781,053	1,258,634	953,226	1,002,330
July	2,972,054	1,831,931	683,880	917,694	886,431	899,519
August	1,816,124	982,992	509,781	936,472	836,532	931,877
September	1,577,885	1,784,904	786,864	832,557	795,468	810,082
October	2,163,452	1,004,870	741,838	855,079	795,508	810,082
November	1,964,644	1,526,496	665,207	911,976	1,159,248	873,514
December	2,574,248	1,950,504	834,074	1,125,718	913,937	947,999
Total	\$30,353,918	\$23,291,625	\$11,567,000	\$11,731,902	\$10,410,837	\$13,001,588

IMPORTS OF SPECIE.

	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January	\$7,262,299	\$169,568	\$101,906	\$141,790	\$52,268	\$52,771
February	2,274,067	62,007	213,971	88,150	106,904	172,122
March	5,546,406	89,327	123,616	104,437	243,242	285,854
April	1,959,001	26,152	107,061	283,814	236,492	161,817

May	3,486,812	110,888	197,217	660,093	177,085	393,073
June	5,387,153	61,023	103,997	146,731	256,032	94,549
July	6,996,498	29,001	182,245	128,052	257,640	345,911
August	1,049,552	92,703	113,877	245,858	182,072	269,221
September	1,231,012	121,318	78,231	58,220	194,224	5,193,473
October	639,328	256,676	78,053	129,775	77,942	1,434,158
November	908,825	109,708	103,144	161,727	234,526	802,937
December	353,530	78,316	116,493	114,976	127,054	352,093
Total	\$37,088,413	\$1,300,277	\$1,525,811	\$2,265,622	\$2,123,281	\$9,578,029

TOTAL IMPORTS.

January	\$26,872,411	\$12,620,829	\$15,739,576	\$18,977,394	\$10,620,117	\$30,109,830
February	16,341,727	13,872,140	13,027,846	21,643,937	11,473,663	30,692,567
March	18,204,351	18,719,866	18,390,895	23,667,119	16,012,373	28,204,949
April	14,886,393	13,252,882	17,385,315	26,168,631	14,174,464	24,840,605
May	14,949,281	14,248,521	14,324,925	23,970,144	12,876,109	28,818,447
June	12,649,733	12,336,195	12,597,516	23,926,314	16,855,321	22,736,652
July	14,938,851	20,353,002	16,003,677	22,383,299	19,161,828	26,851,187
August	8,375,928	14,304,843	15,038,129	18,223,463	24,475,608	23,884,665
September	7,205,461	13,447,917	15,499,940	10,539,459	22,674,496	27,079,059
October	8,523,741	13,413,908	16,894,967	10,088,308	23,134,675	24,832,184
November	9,639,012	10,869,398	16,645,695	8,597,595	27,235,651	20,710,854
December	9,616,921	13,072,618	17,126,098	9,935,698	26,048,099	19,862,174
Total	162,768,790	174,652,317	187,014,577	218,125,760	224,742,419	306,613,184

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE.

January	\$2,543,273	\$4,356,252	\$2,881,531	\$4,950,418	\$5,653,554	\$7,424,388
February	5,781,728	3,466,641	3,499,127	5,285,680	5,673,619	7,666,543
March	5,817,144	3,339,567	2,456,530	5,215,963	5,795,512	7,944,644
April	1,761,245	4,405,410	4,132,633	14,183,873	7,880,008	8,640,260
May	1,606,864	2,760,232	9,794,773	659,869	10,277,170	9,450,597
June	1,963,842	5,054,106	3,830,387	2,544,914	6,346,958	8,967,431
July	6,622,454	6,102,033	4,227,265	3,386,873	8,612,411	9,084,242
August	2,614,052	2,386,604	6,429,421	7,867,843	9,661,136	10,530,593
September	2,938,464	2,715,620	6,942,561	6,852,329	8,042,603	11,091,194
October	2,518,080	3,109,388	4,858,512	5,541,133	4,699,328	8,789,838
November	1,987,626	1,914,983	4,084,183	5,828,884	4,249,281	6,126,721
December	3,561,887	2,282,908	3,742,294	5,400,974	2,636,662	4,564,886
Total	39,717,259	41,563,754	50,851,167	67,480,778	80,524,342	100,241,282

Below we give in detail the receipts for customs at New York each month of the last five years:

RECEIPTS FOR CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK.

	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
January	\$2,351,657	\$4,127,906	\$6,180,536	\$4,231,737	\$12,437,474
February	3,565,063	3,590,713	7,474,027	4,791,247	12,008,273
March	4,626,862	4,554,400	7,679,770	5,892,099	11,173,149
April	4,149,952	8,957,197	13,982,555	6,309,994	10,950,896
May	4,784,924	3,873,665	3,		

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

Consols at London have advanced during the week about $\frac{1}{2}$, indicating an easy money market. On the contrary United States Securities have retrograded. The closing quotations for the specified Securities and Shares on each day of the week are shown in the following statement:

	Fri. 4.	Sat. 5.	Mon. 7.	Tues. 8.	Wed. 9.	Thur. 10.
Consols for money	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	91	91	91
U. S. 6's (1862)	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73	73	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central shares	82 $\frac{1}{2}$	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	82	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	81	80 $\frac{1}{2}$
Erie Railway shares	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	46	45 $\frac{1}{2}$	45	44 $\frac{1}{2}$

The Liverpool cotton market in the first days of the week was firm and unchanged, with moderate sales at 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per pound. On Monday and Tuesday it became quiet, at a decline of $\frac{1}{2}$ d., and on Wednesday a further decline of $\frac{1}{2}$ d., and on Thursday evening closed dull at 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. This has been caused by an unusual dulness pervading the manufacturing interests and the limited orders on hand. The Manchester market for goods and yarns, though inactive, is without quotable change.

The Liverpool Breadstuffs Market has exhibited an advancing tendency, and both wheat and corn are higher. The latest report (Tuesday's) quotes Western Mixed Corn at 42@42 $\frac{1}{2}$ s. per 480 pounds.

Lard has advanced 1s. per cwt.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show an increase, both in dry goods and in general merchandise, the total being \$4,140,074, against \$2,426,214 last week, and \$6,224,708 the previous week. The exports are \$3,716,624 this week, against \$2,426,214 last week, and \$3,234,610 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 12,219 bales, against 5,867 bales last week. This large increase is due to the fact that the manifests of several vessels, which sailed last week, could not be obtained from the Custom House until this week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 4, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 5:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods	\$2,501,526	\$497,073	\$2,507,714	\$1,696,285
General merchandise	2,930,023	1,878,367	3,220,441	2,449,789
Total for the week	\$5,431,554	\$2,375,440	\$5,728,173	\$4,140,074

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Jan. 7:

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week	\$1,916,598	\$2,596,818	\$4,091,557	\$3,716,624

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since July 1, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain	\$2,384,498	\$2,384,498	Cuba	\$121,412	\$121,412
France	221,566	221,566	Hayti	6,744	6,744
Holland & Belg.	467,205	467,205	Other W. I.	137,372	137,372
Germany	22,660	22,660	Mexico	52,077	52,077
Other N. Europe	43,655	43,655	New Granada	24,494	24,494
Spain	130,486	130,486	Venezuela	8,241	8,241
Other S. Europe	30,635	30,635	Br. Guiana	23,936	23,936
East Indies	43,655	43,655	Brazil	19,551	19,551
China	130,486	130,486	Other S.A. ports	16,693	16,693
Australia	30,635	30,635	All other ports	5,399	5,399
Br. N. A. Colonies	30,635	30,635			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Jan. 5, 1867:

Dec. 31—S.S. Corsica, Havana—Spanish gold	\$17,000	Jan. 5—S.S. City of Washington, Liverpool—American gold	6,751
" 31—Brig E. Thomson, St. Johns, P. R.—American silver	16,000	" 5—S.S. Allemania, Ham—German silver	600
Jan. 3—S.S. Palmyra, Liv.—Silver bars	9,000	Silver bars	305,134
" " Gold bars	62,000	Gold bars	385,873
" 5—S.S. Louisiana, Liv—Gold bars	15,154	Total for the week	817,512
		Deduct cleared Dec. 31	33,000
Total since Jan. 1, 1867			\$784,512

Same time in	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.	1861.	1850.	1859.	
Same time in	\$552,027	1858.	\$2,398,684	1857.	275,809	1856.	23,210	1855.	287,779
1866	594,353	1857	275,809	1856	23,210	1855	287,779	1854	55,956
1865	1,806,466	1856	23,210	1855	287,779	1854	55,956	1853	843,977
1864	325,038	1855	287,779	1854	55,956	1853	843,977	1852	
1863	442,141	1854	55,956	1853	843,977	1852			
1862	15,799	1853	843,977	1852					
1861	85,080	1852							
1850	1,052,558								
1859									

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Rising Star, which left Aspinwall on Jan. 2, arrived at this port Jan. 10. The following is her treasure list:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.		Lees & Waller	
Panama R. R. Co.	\$15,298 21	Wells, Fargo & Co.	\$417,717 49
Third National Bank, N. Y.	3,958 56	Flint & Hale	94,273 41
Duncan, Sherman & Co.	34,983 80	Order	25,000 00
Eugene Kelly & Co.	109,800 00		
Dabney, Morgan & Co.	137,783 49		
Total			\$874,764 04

DEBT OF NEW YORK CITY AND COUNTY.—The following statement, taken from the annual message of the Mayor of New York, will show the aggregate amount of the City and County debt, and the particulars in relation to it:

Debt of the City and County of New York, Dec. 31, 1866.

CITY FUNDED DEBT.

Water Stocks—Issued on account of introducing the Croton water into the city and distributing the same	\$10,782,800 00
Central Park Stocks—Issued on account of Central Park and the improvement of the same	9,923,571 00
Fire Indemnity Stock—Issued for the payment of damages for blowing up buildings, December, 1835	402,768 00
Building Loan Stock—Issued on account of building workhouse on Blackwell's Island	190,000 00
Real Estate Bonds—Issued in settlement with State lessees of West Washington Market, for payment to the State for sundry lands filled in beyond the boundary line of the Montgomery charter and for purchase of Fort Gansevoort property	1,133,437 50
Stocks for Docks and Slips—Issued for rebuilding and repairing public docks and slips	500,000 00
Floating Debt Fund Stock—Issued for liquidating and funding Floating Debt in 1859	2,748,000 00
Public Education Stock—Issued for payment of debt of Public School Society	154,000 00
Stock for Rebuilding Tompkins Market	51,000 00
Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bonds—Issued to provide for the families of soldiers in the United States Army	3,766,500 00
Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Redemption Bonds—Issued to extend the time of payment of Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bonds, No. 3	500,000 00
Volunteer Soldiers' Bounty Fund Redemption Bonds—Issued for redemption of a like amount of bonds for payment of bounties to Volunteer Soldiers	490,000 00
Total Funded Debt of City	\$30,642,076 50

COUNTY FUNDED DEBT.

Harlem Bridge Bonds—Issued for erecting a bridge across Harlem River at McComb's Dam	\$20,000 00
County Court-house Stock—Issued, as its title indicates, for the erection of the New Court-house in Chambers street	1,900,000 00
Soldiers' Substitute Bounty Redemption Bonds	\$2,300,000 00
Soldiers' Substitute and Relief Redemption Bonds	946,700 00
Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds	4,000,000 00
Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, No. 2	376,600 00
Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, No. 3	745,800 00
Total	\$8,069,100 00
The above were issued to provide means for the payment of bounties, and for substitutes for the armies of the Union.	
Riot Damages Redemption Bonds	1,200,000 00
Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds	620,000 00
Total Funded Debt of County	\$11,509,100 00

RECAPITULATION—FUNDED DEBT.

City	\$2,423,576 50
Amount payable from Sinking Fund	30,633,076 50
Amount payable from taxation	11,509,100 00
County	\$42,142,176 50
Amount payable from taxation	11,240,298 11
Total	\$39,901,878 39
The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund hold on account of the above debt the sum of	\$10,782,800 00
Net amount City and County Funded, December 31, 1866	\$30,901,878 39
Of the foregoing debt it will be perceived that \$10,782,800 is for Croton Waterworks, \$9,923,571 for Central Park, and \$14,445,600 for expenses growing out of, and connected with the war.	

TEMPORARY CITY DEBT.

Revenue Bonds of 1866—Issued in anticipation of collection of taxes of 1866	\$683,800 00
Street improvement Fund Bonds—Issued to pay contractors for improving the streets in anticipation of the collection of assessments therefor	1,642,600 00
Assessment Fund Bonds—Issued to pay for opening, widening, &c., of streets, in anticipation of the collection of assessments therefor	400,000 00
Total Temporary Debt of the City	\$2,726,400 00

TEMPORARY COUNTY DEBT.

Revenue Bonds of 1866—Issued in anticipation of collection of taxes of 1866	307,200 00
City	\$2,726,400 00
County	307,200 00

RECAPITULATION—TEMPORARY DEBT.

City	\$2,726,400 00
County	307,200 00
Total Temporary Debt, City and County	\$3,033,600 00

For the payment of this Temporary Debt the city holds assets in the shape of assessment liens, unpaid taxes, &c., &c.

The net amount of funded debt is \$855,996 less than it was at the close of 1865 and the City and County Temporary Debt is \$1,659,700 less than it was at that date.

The whole debt is well secured, for it is a lien upon the whole property of the city, both public and private. The Sinking Fund (provided for the payment of the principal and interest of a large portion of it) is in a sound condition. The revenues or the payment of the interest on that portion of it payable from this Fund are greatly in excess of what is required for that purpose, and the accumulations for payment of the principal will be ample to pay it long before its maturity.

WOOL TRADE FOR 1866.—Mr. James Lynch, broker, has compiled the following statement of the stocks, imports, exports, &c., of wool for 1866:

STOCK OF WOOL IN NEW YORK.		1867.	1866.	1865.	
Jan. 1.		4,450,000	3,000,000	4,200,000	
Domestic fleece	lbs.	800,000	250,000		
Pulled		930,000	1,250,000	500,000	
Texas		1,150,000			
California and Oregon					
Total domestics		7,380,000	4,500,000	4,700,000	
1867.	1866.	1865.	1867.	1866.	1865.
bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
Cape	6,600	2,500	12,000	4,500	4,000
Australian	630			900	200
Mestiza	100	3,000	2,000	900	3,500
Coarse S. Am.	830	450	700	1,100	1,800
Wine Chilian	900	600	400		
Total foreign ales		25,460	16,050	21,450	

Stock in pounds.	1867.	1866.	1865.
Foreign.....	14,302,500	7,800,000	13,000,000
Domestic.....	7,330,000	4,500,000	4,700,000
Total.....	22,232,500	12,300,000	17,700,000

FOREIGN IMPORTS OF WOOL AT NEW YORK.									
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.	1866.	1865.	1864.	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.
From—	bales.	bales.	bales.	From—	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.	bales.
Buenos Ayres.....	22,693	14,420	14,360	France.....	333	1,645	20,955		
Montevideo.....	1,980	750	3,923	Russia.....	3,151	7,415	9,445		
Rio Grande.....	1,817	2,071	1,668	Antwerp.....	892	1,570	1,716		
Chili.....	926	2,947	3,487	Hamburg.....	757	104	1,051		
West Indies.....	275	60	1,433	Bombay.....	1,312	5,670	3,536		
C. Good Hope.....	14,067	6,617	27,394	Sundry.....	110	846	9,018		
Adelaide.....	1,152	1,109		Total.....	58,724	53,429	113,668		
England.....	9,259	9,205	15,602	Total.....				107,371	
Total.....				Foreign, 1863.....				88,883	
Foreign, 1866.....				Foreign, 1862.....					
Foreign, 1865.....									
Foreign, 1864.....									

COASTWISE ARRIVALS OF WOOL AT NEW YORK.									
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.	1866.	1865.	1864.	Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.	1866.	1865.	1864.	1863.	1862.
From	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	From	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
San Francisco.....	2,560	2,326	5,485	Interior by rail- road, canal and river steamers.....	563	348			
San Francisco via Aspin- wall.....	5,134	5,671	6,331	Interior, in transit.....	39,413	45,000	23,000		
Texas.....	14,894	1,644							
New Orleans.....	2,918	1,014							
Savannah.....	862	555							
Sundry South- ern.....									
Total.....				Total.....					
Foreign, 1866.....				Foreign, 1863.....				107,371	
Foreign, 1865.....				Foreign, 1862.....				88,883	
Foreign, 1864.....									

TOTAL ARRIVALS OF WOOL IN NEW YORK IN 1866.					
Foreign.....	Bales.	Pounds.	Foreign.....	Bales.	Pounds.
California.....	58,724	36,066,176	New Orleans.....	2,918	1,167,200
Texas.....	7,094	3,847,000	Sundry Southern	563	13,600
Savannah.....	14,894	4,468,200	From interior..	65,045	13,009,000
	862	362,040	Total.....	150,705	59,033,216
Total.....			1865.....	136,023	50,460,203
1865.....			1864.....	225,454	77,699,443

FOREIGN WOOL IMPORTED INTO UNITED STATES.			
	1866.	1865.	1864.
New York.....	26,066,176	20,266,540	51,798,943
Boston.....	20,027,958	14,292,412	20,780,124
Philadelphia.....	171,000	450,000	1,513,000
Baltimore.....	597,150	595,800	870,980
Total.....	56,862,284	45,604,752	74,963,047

ESTIMATE OF TOTAL WOOL CLIP OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1866.	
Washed—On sheep, tub-washed and pulled.....	120,000,000 Pounds.
Unwashed—California and Oregon.....	9,000,000
Texas.....	6,000,000
Sundry Southern.....	2,000,000
Total.....	137,000,000
Yielding about one-half pure wool, or say.....	68,500,000
The product of 56,862,284 lbs. foreign may be set down at 40 per cent. clean.....	22,744,913
Leaving of pure wool, grown and imported in 1866.....	91,244,913

There are in the United States about 1,600 woolen mills, containing about 6,000 sets of carding machines, capable of consuming annually 170,000,000 lbs. clean material.

BOSTON DIVIDENDS.—We are indebted to Joseph G. Martin, of Boston, for tables of Railroad, Manufacturing and Miscellaneous Dividends, payable in that city in January. The railroads show a profitable year, their dividends in many cases exceeding those of last year. This is probably due, in great part, at least to the decrease in the expense account, by reason of the lower charges for wages and railroad material. On the other hand the exhibit of the manufacturing companies is not so favorable, although many of them are still dividing large profits among their stockholders. Below we give the dividends for this year, adding also, for comparison, those for the previous year.

DIVIDENDS OF RAILROAD COMPANIES.									
Pay- able Jan.	Stocks.	Capital.	Dividends.				Amount January, 1867.		
			July, 1865.	Jan., 1866.	July, 1866.	Jan., 1867.			
10	Berkshire Railroad.....	\$320,000	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	\$5,600		
1	Boston and Lowell.....	1,830,000	2	4	4	4	73,200		
1	Boston and Maine.....	4,155,700	4	4	5	5	207,785		
1	Boston and Providence.....	3,360,000	5	5	5	5	168,000		
1	Boston and Worcester.....	4,500,000	4 1/2	5 1/2	5	5	225,000		
—	Cape Cod (par 60).....	600,000	3 1/2	4 1/2	3 1/2	*			
—	Concord & Ports'head guard.....	350,000	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2	12,250		
1	Connecticut River.....	1,591,000	4	4	4	4	63,640		
1	Eastern.....	3,155,000	3	4	4	4	126,200		
1	Eastern in N. H.....	492,500	3	4	4	4	19,700		
1	Fitchburg.....	3,540,000	3	4	3	5	177,000		
1	Metropolitan.....	1,250,000	—	—	0	5	62,500		
1	Michigan Central.....	7,502,700	4	5	5	5	375,135		
1	New Bedford and Taunton.....	500,000	4	4	4	5	25,000		
1	Old Colony and Newport.....	4,798,300	4	4	4	3	143,949		
1	Philadelphia, Wil. & Bal.....	7,178,850	—	—	5	5	358,942		
1	Pittsfield and No. Adams.....	450,000	3	0	3	3	13,500		
1	Providence and Worcester.....	1,000,000	4	4	4	4	68,000		
1	Taunton Branch.....	250,000	4	4	4	4	20,000		
1	Vermont & Massachusetts.....	2,860,000	—	2	1 1/2	1 1/2	42,900		
1	Western.....	6,710,800	4	6	5	5	335,540		
1	Worcester & Nashua.....	15,222 sh.	\$3	\$1	\$4	\$4	60,888		
Total.....							\$2,574,729		

DIVIDENDS OF MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.									
Pay- able Jan.	Stocks.	Capital.	Dividends.				Amount January, 1867.		
			July, 1865.	Jan., 1866.	July, 1866.	Jan., 1867.			
1	Androscoogin.....	\$1,000,000	15	25	20	20	\$200,000		
—	Appleton.....	600,000	5	20	10	10	60,000		
—	Atlantic.....	1,500,000	0	10	4	0			
1	Bates.....	1,000,000	10	25	10	5	50,000		
1	Chicopee.....	420,000	20	30	15	20	84,000		
*	Cochecho.....	2,000 sh.	\$20	\$40	\$50	\$50	100,000		
1	Contoocook.....	140,000	—	4	4	5	7,000		
1	Douglas Axe.....	400,000	5	5	10	6	24,000		
*	Dwight Mills.....	1,700,000	0	3	3	0			

1	Franklin.....	600,000	5	10	10	10	60,000
1	Great Falls.....	1,500,000	0	5	3	3	45,000
*	Hamilton Cotton.....	1,200,000	0	5	0	5	60,000
1	Hill Mill.....	700,000	5	10	20	20	140,000
*	Jackson Company.....	600,000	5	15	5	5	30,000
*	Lancaster Mills (par 400).....	800,000	6 1/2	20	25	10	80,000
*	Langdon Mills.....	225,000	5	25	25	25	56,250
1	Lowell Bleachery.....	300,000	5	5	5	5	15,000
*	Manchester P. W.....	1,800,000	4	12	6	6	108,000
1	Massachusetts Mills.....	1,800,000	3	7	0	6	108,000
*	Merrimack.....	2,500,000	—	—	7 1/2	15	375,000
*	Middlesex Mills.....	750,000	7 1/2	10	5	5	37,500
*	Nashua.....	1,000,000	10	25	10	10	100,000
1	Naumkeag.....	1,200,000	4	10	10	12	144,000
1	Newmarket (par 700).....	600 sh.	\$21	\$100	\$50	\$70	42,000
*	Pacific.....	2,500,000	10	14	12	12	300,000
1	Salisbury.....	1,000,000	7 1/2	15	10	7 1/2	75,000
*	Salmon Falls (par 800).....	600,000	3	7	3	0	
*	Stark Mills.....	1,250,000	8	12	5	10	125,000
1	Washington Mills.....	1,650,000	8	10	10	10	165,000
Total.....							\$2,590,750

* Payable on demand.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.
We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will be found those published the last week in the BULLETIN.

NAME OF COMPANY.	RATE P. C. T.	PAYABLE.		BOOKS CLOSED.
		WHEN.	WHERE.	
Banks.				
Mechanics of St. Louis.....	4	Jan. 2.	B'k Republic, NY	—
American National.....	4	Jan. 10.	At Bank.	—
First National of Yonkers.....	5	Jan. 10.	At Bank.	—
Railroads.				
Milw. & P. du Chien, 1st pre	8	Feb. 1.	Company's Office	Jan. 21 to Feb. 1.
do do 2d pre	7	Feb. 1.	Company's Office	Jan. 21 to Feb. 1.
Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	10	Jan. 20.	Company's Office	Jan. 1 to Jan. 20.
Lehigh Valley RR.....	2 1/2	Jan. 17.	412 Waln't Phil.	—
Ogdensburg & L. Champ'n	\$3	Feb. 1.	13 Exch'ge Bost.	—
Insurance.				
Kings County F're.....	5	Jan. 15.	1 Nassau street.	Jan. 8 to Jan. 15.
Citizens.....	10	Jan. 9.	156 Broadway.	—
American Ex. Fire.....	5	Jan. 9.	141 Broadway.	—
Aena of New York.....	5	Jan. 10.	170 Broadway.	—
Merchants.....	10	Jan. 9.	106 Broadway.	—
Lamar Fire.....	5	Jan. 14.	50 Wall St.	—
Montauk Fire.....	5	Jan. 10.	Company's Office	—
American Fire.....	3 1/2	Jan. 7.	48 Wall St.	—
do Extra.....	3 1/2	Jan. 7.	48 Wall St.	—
Rutgers Fire.....	5	Feb. 1.	180 Chatham Sq.	Jan. 26 to Feb. 1.
New Amsterdam.....	4	Jan. 3.	20 Wall Street.	—
American Fire.....	3 1/2	Jan. 7.	48 Wall Street.	—
Equitable.....	6	Jan. 10.	58 Wall Street.	—
National Fire.....	6	Jan. 9.	52 Wall Street.	—
Howard.....	5	Jan. 10.	66 Wall Street.	—
Aetna of Hartford.....	4	Jan. 5.	62 Wall Street.	—
Long I-land.....	3 1/2	Jan. 5.	—	—
United States Fire.....	5	Jan. 7.	Company's Office	—
Market Fire.....	3 1/2	Jan. 8.	Company's Office	—
Knickerbocker Fire.....	5	Jan. 10.	64 Wall Street.	—
Standard Fire.....	5	Jan. 8.	11 Wall Street.	—
Pacific Fire.....	6	Jan. 11.	47 Broadway.	—
Navigation Co.				
Schuylkill, common stock	6	Feb. 1.	417 Walnut st.	—
do preferred stock.	6	Feb. 1.	Philadelphia	—

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following statement shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri'y.	Week.
Bank Shares.....	70	105	88	20	180	141	604
Railroad shares, viz.:							
Central of New Jersey.....	50	—	45	—	—	—	95
Chicago & Alton.....	—	50	100	—	200	—	350
do Preferred.....	—	—	—	—	100	—	100
Chicago, Burlington & Q.....	—	25	200	99	20	—	335
Chicago & Milwaukee.....	—	—	—	—	—	20	20
Chicago & Northwestern.....	8,200	8,300	8,700	11,200	24,350	19,600	80,350
do do Pref.....	4,342	4,800	4,900	6,400	10,800	7,663	38,905
Chicago, E. Isl. & Pacific.....	1,100	2,915	2,300	3,003	7,000	7,300	23,623
Cleveland & Pittsburgh.....	4,200	10,200	8,300	18,120	11,400	9,900	62,120
Cleveland and Toledo.....	1,200	1,000	—	3,400	—		

Improv't—Boston W. P.	500	100	600	1,200
" " Bruns'k City	300	100	200	700
" " Canton	200	300	200	1,800
" " Cary	100	100	100	300
Telegraph—West'n Union	700	2,320	1,610	2,126
" " (Russian)	10	81	7	98
Steamship—Atlantic Mail	100	700	300	1,900
" " Pacific Mail	105	85	700	2,250
" " S. Amer. Nav.	400	500	400	900
" " Union Nav.	2,000	2,200	1,000	900
Express—Adams	15	110	50	387
" " American	5	5	2	4
" " United States	50	150	100	18

The amount of Government, State and City and other bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily and for the week, are given in the following statement:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. 6's, 1881	\$3,000	\$51,000	.....	\$10,000	\$1,000	\$91,500	\$156,500
U. S. 6's (5-20's)	85,000	413,000	227,000	53,500	206,700	175,000	1,160,700
U. S. 6's (old)	.....	.....	.....	11,000	2,000	.....	13,000
U. S. 5's (10-40s)	.....	16,000	14,000	1,900	.....	8,000	39,000
U. S. 5's (old)	.....	.....	5,000	.....	5,000	.....	10,000
U. S. 7-30 notes	5,500	214,500	27,500	43,950	434,500	69,500	855,550
State bonds, viz.:							
Connecticut 6's	.....	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri 6's	26,000	152,000	31,000	33,000	8,000	16,000	266,000
New York 6's	.....	.....	.....	5,000	3,000	23,000	31,000
New York 7's	9,000	1,500	12,000	5,000	5,000	1,000	33,500
N. Carolina 6's	11,000	14,000	11,000	3,000	.....	17,000	56,000
Ohio 6's	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000	5,000
Rhode Isl'n 6's	.....	5,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,000
Tennessee 6's	25,000	34,000	28,000	14,000	7,000	110,000	218,000
Virginia 6's	.....	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000
City Bonds, viz.:							
Brooklyn 6's	.....	.....	4,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	7,000
Company Bonds, viz.:							
Railroad	5,000	17,000	8,000	21,000	44,000	50,000	145,000
Mining	.....	20,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,000

FRIDAY, Jan. 11, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The week opened with a steady 7 per cent. market. Up to Wednesday the tendency appeared to favor greater ease, and on the morning of that day call loans were made on Government collaterals at 6 per cent. This tendency was opposed to the interest of parties largely "short" on stocks and gold, and combinations were consequently formed for producing a sharp stringency in the money market. This object was accomplished by borrowing largely from private bankers and up-town merchants upon terms calculated to induce them to call in loans. In some cases the greenbacks thus obtained were sealed-up and used as collateral for fresh loans, and the process again duplicated and reduplicated. In other instances the loans were made for a definite period, and the money borrowed left as security, the end being served so long as the greenbacks could not be made available to other parties. In this way an amount, variously estimated at six to ten millions, was literally tied up. The result, of course, has been to produce an extreme stringency, and to compel a considerable amount of realizing upon gold, stocks and Governments, with a consequent decline in prices. Wednesday afternoon and yesterday call loans ranged at 7 per cent. in currency to 7 per cent. in gold. This afternoon, however, there has been a partial relaxation of the stringency, and the severity of the spasm appears to have passed. Some who had loaned to the parties in these operations, without knowing the purpose of the movement, we understand, have determined upon calling in their loans, and the stratagem may be considered as having now lost its power. It is proper to record that these operations are universally deemed highly discreditable, and the parties known to be engaged in them are for the hour under the ban of public reprobation.

Discounting has been almost entirely discontinued on the part of the banks, under the flurry of the moment, and transactions in paper are confined to limited purchases by private bankers at 7@8 per cent. for prime names.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months	Per cent.
Call loans	7 @	do single names	7 @ 8
Loans on bonds & mort.	6 @ 7	do single names	8 @ 9
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months	7 @	Lower grades	8 @ 10

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Governments have been unsettled during the week, owing to the fluctuations in gold, the changes in the prices of bonds at London, and the fitful condition of the money market. The extreme stringency in money, alluded to in our remarks on the money market, forced out a considerable amount of bonds on Wednesday and Thursday, producing a sharp decline in prices, but the demand from the interior upon any decline in quotation has helped to sustain the market. The chief fluctuations have occurred in Seven-thirties. Parties supposed to be working in the interest of conversion operations have sold the first series of Seven-thirties largely, producing at one time a decline to 103½@104; this afternoon, however, the market was firmer, and each series closed at 104, which is 1 per cent. below our last quotations. New Sixty-

fives have been made scarce, and advanced to 104½, but closed at 104.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	Dec. 7.	Dec. 14.	Dec. 21.	Dec. 28.	Jan. 4.	Jan. 11.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.	113	112	111½	110	xc.108½	107½
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons	108½	107½	106½	105½	107½	108½
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	106½	106	105½	104½	105½	105½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	107	106	105½	104½	106	105½
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.	108½	108½	108	107½	xc.104	104
U. S. 10-40's	100½	99½	99	99½	99½	99½
U. S. 7-30's 1st series	105½	105	105	104	105	104
U. S. 7-30's 2d Series	105½	105	105	104	104½	104
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series	105½	105	105	104	104½	104

THE STOCK MARKET.—The stock market opened quiet, but generally firm. Subsequently the severe closeness in the money market produced for the purpose of depressing stocks, had the effect of compelling a large amount of realizing, and prices yesterday fell off 2@4 per cent. This morning the market opened weak, prices being generally about ½@1 per cent. below those of yesterday afternoon; as the call progressed, stocks gathered strength, and the first board closed with a general improvement upon the opening figures. This afternoon the relaxation of the severe tightness in money produced a more buoyant feeling, and a still further improvement in prices was realized.

The total transactions in stocks at both boards, for the week, amount to 596,861 shares, against 307,370 shares for last week. The chief activity has been in Erie, the sales of which have been 138,225 shares. Included in the transactions are Northwestern common 80,350 shares; Reading 61,530; Michigan Southern 39,250; Cleveland and Pittsburg 62,120; New York Central 37,370, and Western Union Telegraph 18,906.

The following are the closing quotations at the regular board today, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Nov. 30.	Dec. 7.	Dec. 14.	Dec. 21.	Dec. 28.	Jan. 4.	Jan. 11.
Cumberland Coal	.....	65½	65½	81	.....	90	90
Quicksilver	41½	43½	45½	44	44½	45	43
Canton Co.	.....	46	46	45½	46½	49	46
Mariposa pref.	27	31½	31½	30½	31½	32	30½
New York Central	113	110½	110½	110½	110½	110½	110½
Erie	71½	71½	71½	69	68½	67½	64
Hudson River	.....	122½	119½	123½	132	132	132
Reading	111½	110½	109½	x.d.103½	105½	104½	105½
Mich. Southern	81½	79½	81½	80½	82½	82½	80½
Michigan Central	112½	110½	112	x.d.107½	108	107½	106½
Clev. and Pittsb.	85	84½	90½	85½	87½	88½	90½
Clev. and Toledo	113½	112½	113½	124½	124½	124½	123
Northwestern	45	51½	54½	47	44½	45½	41½
Northwestern preferred	73	70½	76½	78½	80	82	81½
Rock Island	104½	103½	103½	102½	103½	103½	102½
Fort Wayne	105½	105	104½	104½	107½	104½	102½
Illinois Central	119	118½	117½	116½	118½	121	119

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	70	105	88	20	180	141	604
Railroad	45,588	52,165	59,586	87,716	156,234	137,750	539,039
Coal	1,523	2,200	1,755	3,496	1,855	2,000	12,559
Mining	2,100	2,600	2,000	400	1,400	1,100	9,600
Improv't	.....	600	1,100	500	800	1,300	4,300
Telegraph	700	2,330	1,692	2,133	2,800	2,350	12,005
Steamship	2,605	4,215	2,500	4,150	2,300	2,066	17,836
Express	70	260	150	407	54	66	1,007
Gas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	11
At Regular Board	14,656	26,950	26,871	27,122	67,853	42,684	206,136
At Open Board	38,000	37,525	42,000	71,400	97,700	104,100	390,725
Total current week	52,656	64,475	68,871	98,522	165,553	146,784	596,861
Previous week	49,586	36,469	.....	75,611	80,844	65,460	307,370

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

Week ending—	Bank	Rail-rod	Coal	Min-ing	Im-pro't	Tele-graph	Steam-ship	Other	Total
Jan. (1 to 4)	83	188,089	3,600	7,850	1,700	4,323	898	1,257	200,715
" 11	141	539,139	12,559	9,600	4,300	12,005	17,836	1,018	596,851

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$8,000	\$480,500	\$247,000	\$73,500	\$708,700	\$274,500	\$1,873,200
U. S. Notes	5,500	214,500	27,500	43,950	494,500	69,500	855,450
State & City b'ds	71,000	208,500	86,000	61,000	24,000	173,000	623,000
Company B'nds	5,000	37,000	8,000	21,000	44,000	50,000	165,000
Total Cur. w'k.	\$160,600	940,500	367,500	201,450	1,271,200	567,000	3,517,150
Previous week	273,000	292,100	.....	359,609	702,800	72,500	2,349,900

The totals, weekly, since the commencement of the year are shown in the following tabulation:

Week ending	Governments—Bonds	Notes	State & City Bonds	Company Bonds	Total amount
Friday, Jan. (1 to 4)	\$977,000	\$146,100	\$454,800	\$207,500	\$1,785,400
Jan. 11	1,873,200	855,450	623,500	165,000	3,517,150

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has been excited under unusually active speculative operations. There are very heavy commitments in favor of both higher and lower prices, and the contest between the opposite parties has been more than ordinarily active. The price has fluctuated between 132½ and 135½, and closes at 134.

The derangements in the money market, although produced for the purpose of depressing gold, have had comparatively little effect in that direction. Opinion, at present, appears to be about equally divided between the upward and downward tendencies of the premium. At present the price appears to depend upon the speculative manipulation of the market rather than upon any external causes.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations on each of the last six days:

Table with columns for Highest and Lowest prices for various dates from Jan. 5 to Jan. 11, 1867.

The transactions for last week at the Custom House and the Sub-Treasury were as follows:

Table showing receipts and payments for Custom House and Sub-Treasury from Dec. 31 to Jan. 5, 1867.

Total Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Dec. 31. Deduct payments during the week.

Balance on Saturday evening. Increase during the week.

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$2,519,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$124,000 in gold, and \$1,460,037 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Dec. 1:

Table showing Sub-Treasury transactions (Payments, Receipts, Balances) and changes in balances from Dec. 1 to Jan. 5, 1867.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—Foreign exchange for Wednesday's steamer was moderately active, the rate for bankers' 60 days sterling closing at 109 1/2 @ 1. To day the demand has been more active, and a considerable total of bills has been sold at 109 1/2 @ 1.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

Table of foreign exchange rates for various locations (London, Antwerp, Hamburg, etc.) for Dec. 21, 28, and Jan. 4, 11, 1867.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York for the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday, Jan. 5, 1866:

Large table showing average amount of Loans and discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net deposits, and Legal Tenders for various banks in New York City from Dec. 21 to Jan. 11, 1867.

Table listing various banks and their financial figures, including Marine, Atlantic, Imp. & Traders, Park, Mech. Bank's Ass'n, Grocers', North River, East River, Manuf. & Merch'ts, Fourth National, Central, Second National, Ninth National, First National, Third National, N. Y. Exchange, Tenth National, Dry Dock, Bull's Head, and Croton National.

Totals. * Same as last week.

Clearings for the week ending Dec. 29, 1866. Clearings for the week ending Jan. 5, 1867. Balances for the week ending Dec. 29, 1866. Balances for the week ending Jan. 5, 1867.

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Table showing deviations in Loans, Specie, and Circulation from Dec. 29 to Jan. 5, 1867.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing totals for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings from Dec. 1 to Jan. 5, 1867.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the average of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks:

Table comparing Philadelphia Bank items (Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Due from Banks, Due to Banks, Deposits, Circulation) for Dec. 29 and Jan. 5, 1867.

The most remarkable feature of the bank statement of averages for the past week is the very large increase of \$1,602,275 of deposits. The loans increased \$552,562, the legal tenders \$432,913, and the specie \$27,016. Every item of the statement shows an increase. The clearings of the week amount to \$33,374,852, against \$26,951,011 the previous week. The balances amount to \$3,484,315, against \$3,038,881 the previous week.

The following comparison shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks at stated periods:

Table comparing Philadelphia Bank items (Legal Tenders, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits) for Dec. 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, and Jan. 5, 1867.

BOSTON BANKS.—The last weekly statement of the Boston National Banks shows a considerable decrease in loans, a large increase in specie, and in amounts due to and from other banks.

The following are the footings compared with the two previous statements:

Table comparing Boston Bank items (Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Due from other banks, Due to other banks, Deposits, Circulation) for Jan. 7, Dec. 31, and Dec. 24, 1866.

The following are the comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table comparing Boston Bank items (Loans, Specie, Tenders, Deposits, National, State) for Dec. 3, 10, 17, 24, 31, and Jan. 7, 1867.

NATIONAL BANKS.—There was issued from the Treasury Department during the week ending January 5 \$18,400 in National Bank currency, making the total amount issued up to date \$300,755 35. From this is to be deducted the currency returned, including worn out notes, amounting to \$2,145,932, leaving in actual circulation at that date \$298,609,419.

The amount of securities held by the Treasury of the United States in trust for National Banks reported January 6 is as follows: As security for circulating notes, \$340,363,150; for deposits, \$38,963,050; total, \$379,267,200.

The following is a statement of the progress of circulation for several weeks past:

Table showing circulation progress (Date, B'ks, Capital, Circulation) for Dec. 8, 22, and Jan. 5, 1867.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, JANUARY 11.

Table with columns for 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES' and 'RAILROAD STOCKS'. It lists various financial instruments like American Gold Coin, United States 6s, and Railroad Stocks (Central of New Jersey, Chicago and Alton, etc.) with their respective prices for Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, JAN. 11.

Business has been clogged by a speculative advance in prices, for which there was no adequate basis—encountering a very stringent money market, and a check to the demand, that less ambitious views on the part of holders would have avoided.

Cotton and Breadstuffs have been declining since Monday. Groceries have been fairly active, but quite irregular from conflicting influences. Tobacco steady, but without activity.

Pork and hog products generally have been dull and heavy, but without important decline in prices. The packing season is proceeding briskly, and buyers, before committing themselves to the future, are disposed to await a nearer approach to the end of the season. But packers are very confident, and do not press sales; relying upon the later developments of the season to support prices. The packing and shipments of hogs and their products at the West are thus far about 20 per cent. in excess of last season. Beef in bbls. or tes. has been taken moderately for export to Great Britain, and prices have been supported. Butter is quiet. Cheese is firm with a good demand for export to Great Britain.

Naval stores have been rather firmer, but with only a very moderate degree of activity, as prices were generally above the views of buyers. Oils have been dull, with a considerable decline in linseed oil.

In hides we notice rather more movement in foreign dry hides at full gold prices. Leather is steady.

Petroleum has been dull and heavy since early in the week, when a fair business was done for the Continent. An advance in tallow early in the week has since been lost.

In metals, last Monday and Tuesday, we noticed a good business in ingot copper and pig tin, with some improvement, but the close is quiet.

Hops have been taken to the extent of some 1,300 bales for export, and rule very firm. Fish and fruit are very quiet. Whiskey continues unsettled.

Wool meets with rather more demand, but is without improvement in price.

Freights, the past week, have been noted by very large shipments of cotton to British markets, with some to the Continent. There has been rather more going in grain and provisions, but in these the close is quiet, owing to scarcity of room for cotton in the steamers.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week, and since January 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending Jan. 11, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1866, have been as follows:

[Of the items left blank in 1866 no record was made.]

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '66.
Ashes, pkgs...	56	104	252	Rosin.....	3,796	8,288	8,881
Breadstuffs—				Tar.....	1,133	2,253	1,460
Flour, bbls...	28,757	51,216	53,018	Pitch.....	69	69	.....
Wheat, bush...	17,901	17,901	17,901	Oil cake, pkgs...	1,070	3,570	4,284
Corn.....	31,338	51,373	27,765	Oil, lard.....	100	125	61
Oats.....	17,000	32,280	46,061	Oil, Petroleum.	20,471	31,211	41,906
Rye.....	125	250	250	Peanuts, bags.	106	989	375
Malt.....	12,660	21,760	11,000	Provisions—			
Barley.....	2,915	2,915	330	Butter, pkg.s.	14,498	23,895	15,965
Grass seed...	1,838	3,692	3,640	Cheese.....	6,615	12,496	5,087
Flaxseed....	390	648	.....	Cut meats....	2,216	3,017	1,820
Beans.....	4,256	6,715	2,367	Eggs.....	614	1,353	1,558
Peas.....	1,200	1,500	1,400	Pork.....	10,121	19,851	3,487
C. meal, bbls.	820	2,347	868	Beef, pkgs....	1,691	3,097	4,571
C. meal, bags.	15,855	23,090	9,216	Lard, pkgs....	3,269	5,813	3,122
Buckwheat & B.W. flour, bg	1,355	2,168	1,036	Lard, kegs....	200	218	56
Cotton, bales..	14,747	35,674	29,156	Rice, pkgs....	290	1,012	129
Copper, bbls..	238	497	274	Starch.....	637	749	3,025
Copper, plates.	403	677	302	Stearine.....	108	108	113
Driedfruit, pkgs	307	733	461	Spelter, slabs..	.....	.....	.....
Grease, pkgs..	.....	.....	167	Sugar, hhds & bbls	38	38	.....
Hemp, bales..	93	103	36	Tallow, pkgs..	243	509	209
Hides, No.....	8,397	10,527	13,541	Tobacco, pkgs..	650	1,448	3,535
Hops, bales..	198	209	331	Tobacco, hhds..	342	560	679
Leather, sides	36,309	70,159	70,037	Whiskey, bbls..	2,513	5,357	3,166
Lead, pigs....	.....	.....	416	Wool, bales....	965	2,093	2,065
Molasses, hhds and bbls	991	1,356	512	Dressed Hogs, No.....	16,061	21,666	12,309
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough, bush.....	.....	.....	.....
Crude trp, bbl	124	523	1,503				
Spirits turp..	635	1,897	793				

The following table shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1867, the principal ports of destination, and the total for the same period in 1866. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

ARTICLES.	Exports of Leading Articles from New York.		Total this week.	Total since January 1, 1867.	Same time in 1866.
	Great Britain.	Other N. Europe.			
Breadstuffs—Flour	2,076	.....	7,956	7,956	27,564
Wheat	7,074	.....	3,473	3,473	2,189
Rye	24,445	.....	7,074	7,074	26,133
Barley	123,789	.....	8,700	8,700	15,419
Oats	31,125	.....	24,445	24,445	109
Corn	.....	.....	126,685	126,685	156,577
Peas	.....	.....	81,905	81,905	4,163
Candles	.....	.....	1,380	1,380	1,385
Coal	.....	.....	1,899	1,899	.....
Coffee	.....	.....	1,998	1,998	.....
Cotton	7,906	.....	9,445	9,445	6,539
Domestic	.....	.....	86	86	.....
Drugs	171	.....	1,825	1,825	.....
Hardware	43	.....	373	373	.....
Hops	191	.....	196	196	30
Naval stores—Sp. Turpentine	1,882	.....	12	12	172
Rosin	27,688	.....	3,170	3,170	1,767
Tar	.....	.....	35	35	10
Oil cake	.....	.....	27,688	27,688	11,604
Oils—Petroleum	.....	.....	832,500	832,500	435,734
Whale oil	32,143	.....	83	83	172
Sperm oil	.....	.....	32,143	32,143	21,653
Lard oil	110	.....	327	327	858
Provisions—Pork	994	.....	1,297	1,297	1,994
Beef	4,250	.....	1,202	1,202	1,329
Bacon	18,009	.....	4,356	4,356	2,763
Butter	469	.....	819	819	788
Cheese	440	.....	18,643	18,643	4,051
Lard	255	.....	4,287	4,287	7,593
Tallow	118	.....	1,842	1,842	3,580
Tea	64,951	.....	1,199	1,199	1,088
Tobacco leaf	.....	.....	384	384	1,478
Tobacco	.....	.....	144,806	144,806	26,114
do manufactured	.....	.....	22,244	22,244	27,170
Whalebone	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Jan. 4, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866 :

Table with columns: For the week, Since Jan. 1, 1867, Same time 1866, For the week, Since Jan. 1, 1867, Same time 1866. Lists various goods like Buttons, Coal, Coffee, Cotton, Drugs, etc.

Imports of Merchandise other than Dry Goods at the port of New York for the year 1866.

Table with columns: Quantity, Value, Quantity, Value, Quantity, Value. Lists various goods like China, Glass, Bottles, E. ware, etc.

Table with columns: Quantity, Value, Quantity, Value, Quantity, Value. Lists various goods like Iron, Mahogany, Rattan, Rosewood, etc.

Exports from Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

The following table shows the exports from the above ports, of some leading articles of commerce for the month of December, and from Jan 1 to Dec. 31, 1866 :

Table with columns: Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore. Lists various goods like Bread, Flour, Corn, etc.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 11, 1867.

The receipts of cotton at all the ports show a further decrease this week, amounting to only 61,280 bales (against 77,554 last week, and 86,898 bales the previous week), making the total receipts since September 1, last year, 819,347 bales, against 904,217 bales for the same period in 1865.

Table with columns: From, Exported this week to, Total. Lists various ports like Liver-pool, Glas-gow, etc.

The total foreign exports from the United States since

September 1 now amount to 327,133 bales, against 431,938 bales for the same period last year. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c. :

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP-M'TS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain	France	Other for'gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, Jan. 4..	345, 85	91,904	30,825	9,104	131,223	121,442	318,491
Mobile, Jan. 4.....	130,355	31,094	.....	801	31,895	32,708	77,468
Charleston, Jan. 4..	69,924	20,784	20	.....	20,804	39,661	17,409
Savannah, Jan. 4..	101,291	12,026	.....	.....	12,026	68,703	29,296
Texas, Dec. 28	51,574	4,709	.....	1,257	5,966	15,170	30,357
New York, Jan. 11..	36,347	105,044	2,551	11,221	118,816	.....	12,000
Florida, Jan. 4*.....	19,543	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,640	3,921
N. Carolina, Jan. 11	18,668	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,668	.....
Virginia, Jan. 11...	37,318	.....	.....	.....	.....	37,318	.....
Other p'ts, Jan. 11*	8,912	6,132	.....	261	6,393	.....	50,000
Total	819,347	271,093	23,396	22,644	327,133	345,310	551,942

The market this week opened very firm on the cable reports from Liverpool and the advance in gold, but since Tuesday it has been extremely dull, with a declining tendency, and prices must be written 1@1½c. lower to-day than the currency price of last Friday. The money pressure has been quite severe the last half of the week, while the advanced premium on gold has not been supported; also freight room by the steamers has been restricted, so that shipments could not be made except by sail. All these influences have served to check the demand; but there is very little cotton pressed for sale; holders are generally very firm. The receipts at the ports last week show a large falling off, and as the exports have increased, stocks have not accumulated. The sales of the week amount to only about 10,000 bales, the market closing dull at the following quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans & Texas
Ordinary	31	30	30	31
Good Ordinary	31	31	31	32
Low Middling	33	33	34	34
Middling	34½	35	35	35½
Good Middling	36	37	38	39

The exports of Cotton from New York this week show a considerable increase, amounting in all to 12,219 bales. This increase, however, is due to the fact that the manifests of several vessels which sailed last week, could (on account of a holiday intervening) be obtained from the Custom-house until this week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool per steamers Helvetia, 1,668; City of Washington, 950; Louisiana, 1,979; Palmyra, 1,077; per ships Albert Gallatin, 1,434; Cynosure, 1,379; The Royal Family, 991. Total bales.....	9,528
To Glasgow per steamer Columbia, 1,122. Total bales.....	1,122
To Bremen per ship Goschen, 486. Total bales.....	486
To Hamburg per steamer Allemania, 1,050. Total bales.....	1,050
To Antwerp per ship Energie, 23. Total bales.....	23

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1866; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1866

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	D. c. 18.	Dec. 25.	Jan. 1.	Jan. 8.		
Liverpool.....	8,028	6,704	4,722	9,538	102,875	167,600
Other British Ports.....	.....	863	.....	1,122	2,169	4,020
Total to Gr. Britain..	8,028	7,567	4,722	10,660	105,044	171,620
Havre.....	362	284	316	.....	2,551	8,519
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Total French.....	362	284	316	.....	2,551	8,527
Bremen and Hanover.....	1,153	.....	829	486	5,669	2,787
Hamburg.....	.....	825	.....	1,073	3,416	6,099
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,276	89
Total to N. Europe ..	1,153	825	829	1,559	10,361	8,975
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	860	602
All others.....	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Total Spain, etc.....	65	.....	.....	.....	860	609
Grand Total	9,608	8,676	5,867	12,219	118,816	189,731

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
 † These are the receipts at all the ports of Florida to January 4 except Apalachicola, which are only to December 14.
 ‡ Estimated. The stock at New York is also estimated.

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.		Since Sept. 1.		From	This week.		Since Sept. 1.	
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.		Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
New Orleans.....	2,223	66,376	1,778	28,018	South Carolina.....	.....	334	15,911
Texas.....	2,193	10,284	.....	.....	North Carolina.....	.....	1,381	31,830
Savannah.....	2,605	54,037	.....	.....	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	.....	4,178	31,062
Mobile.....	.....	14,172	.....	.....	Per Railroad.....	.....	.....	97
Florida.....	.....	9,679	.....	.....	Foreign.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for the week.....	.....	.....	14,697	.....	Total since Sept. 1 .....	.....	.....	267,466

NEW ORLEANS Jan 5.—The mail returns for the week ending Jan 4 show the receipts to be only 24,344 bales, against 29,461 bales last week, and 37,764 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 31,163 bales, of which 13,831 bales were to Liverpool, 6,407 to Havre, 1,116 to Bremen, 977 to Malaga, 2,577 to New York, 235 to Baltimore, and 5,972 to Boston. Stock on hand Jan. 5 was 218,491 bales. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since Nov. 2, were as follows:

Date.	Rec'ps.	Sales.	Exp.	Stock.	Mid.	Freights—		Price gold.
						To Liver.	To New York.*	
Nov. 2.....	22,019	19,500	2,592	126,215	37 @ 38	9-16 @	10 @	147½ @ 148
9.....	25,662	17,850	16,145	137,561	nominal.	½ @ 9-16	1 @	146½ @ 147
16.....	24,968	9,210	17,457	147,328	nominal.	½ @ 9-16	1 @	143¼ @ 143¾
23.....	27,703	15,900	10,667	166,022	34 @ —	½ @ 9-16	1 @	138 @ 139
30.....	23,836	22,400	16,216	180,426	33 @ —	½ @ 9-16	1 @	140½ @ —
Dec. 7.....	23,299	22,900	9,170	190,426	30 @ 31	½ @ 9-16	1 @	139 @ —
14.....	31,979	40,000	25,408	198,708	32 @ —	9-16 @	1 @	137 @ 137½
21.....	37,764	32,800	19,806	218,643	32 @ 33	9-16 @	1 @	133½ @ 133¾
28.....	29,461	23,900	26,219	224,022	31 @ —	9-16 @	1 @	132½ @ 132¾
Jan. 4.....	24,344	32,050	31,163	218,491	33¼ @ —	9-16 @ 11-16	@ —	133½ @ 134

* By steam.

The business through the week has been liberal, and prices have advanced about 2½ per cent. under the more favorable advices from Liverpool and New York, the market closing strong at (New Orleans classification) 33¼ for middling, 31½ @ 32½ for low middling, and 27½ @ 28½ for ordinary. Sterling exchange is quoted nominally 139½ @ 141 for bill of lading bills, 142 @ 142½ for commercial, and 143½ @ 144 for bank.

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 11, 1867.

There is an increase this week in the exports of tobacco from all the ports, both in crude and manufactured tobacco. Of crude the total shipments are 2,886 hhd., 238 cases, 1 tierce, 149 bales, and 3 hhd. of stems; and the manufactured amounts to 137,366 lbs., and 106 boxes. The movement at all the ports for the week may be seen in the following:

Exported from	Hhds.	Case.	Tierc.	Bals.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Stems— hhd. bales.	Man'f'd lbs.
New York.....	1,336	231	1	48	104	3	137,366
Baltimore.....	1,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	.....	7	.....	101	2	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	500	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total this week.....	2,886	238	1	149	106	3	137,366
Total last week.....	1,840	132	.....	19	89	95	24,042

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1866.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & Stps.	Stems— hhd. bales.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'f'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	2,290	384	.....	142	.....	.....	289,910
Germany.....	8,844	3,692	619	.....	1,030	229	103,190
Belgium.....	1,058	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,562
Holland.....	1,753	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	36,411
Italy.....	2,669	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
France.....	3,464	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	462
Spain, &c.....	2,382	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	155,357
Mediterranean.....	800	50	.....	.....	.....	50	31,546
Austria.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	218
Africa.....	372	41	79	.....	.....	.....	30,172
China, India, &c.....	.....	558	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Australia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,286,653
B. N. Am. Prov..	75	32	.....	.....	.....	452	52,870
South America.....	37	201	351	.....	.....	341	49,958
West Indies.....	255	758	1,096	.....	.....	112	157,296
East Indies.....	.....	244	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mexico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	313
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
T'l since Nov. 1, '66	24,013	5,986	2,055	142	1,042	229	2,201,340

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcrs. & Strips.	Bxs. & Stems— hhd. bales.	Lbs. mant'd.		
New York.....	9,401	4,390	1,672	142	518	694	229	2,174,457
Baltimore.....	12,103	23	.....	.....	2	348	.....	19,835
Boston.....	448	918	383	.....	909	.....	.....	.....
Portland.....	20	14	.....	.....	330	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	2020	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	21	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,048
Total since Nov. 1.....	24,013	5,986	2,055	142	1,759	1,042	229	2,201,340

The market this week has been without material change. Kentucky Leaf, of the new crop, is readily taken up on arrival.

and brings full prices, but old tobacco is entirely neglected. The demand is mainly for export, and the sales for the week amount to about 300 hhd's, the business being limited by the small arrivals. Growers are looking for very high prices of the finer sorts.

Seed leaf has been without movement of importance. We have only to notice sales of 100 cases Pennsylvania fillers at 4@5c.; and two running lots, including 78 cases Ohio, on private terms, and 50 cases State, at about 8c.

There has been nothing of moment done in Spanish Tobacco. Prices are drooping.

Manufactured Tobacco remains dull. We regret to learn of the suspension of one of the oldest and most important manufacturers of this city.

KENTUCKY LEAF (HHD'S.)					
Ky. Light Leaf		H'vy West. & Cl'ksv'le.		Ky. Light Leaf	
4c @ 4 1/2 c.		5c @ 5 1/2 c.		10c @ 12	
Common Lugs	4c @ 4 1/2 c.	— @ —	Good Leaf	10c @ 12	13 @ 15c
Good do	4 1/2 @ 5	5c @ 5 1/2	Fine do	13 @ 14	16 @ 17
Common Leaf	5 1/2 @ 7	6 @ 9	Selections	15 @ 16	18 @ 20
Medium do	5 1/2 @ 9	10 @ 12			

SEED LEAF (BOXES)					
Conn.—Prime wrappers		N. Y. State.—Fillers		Ohio.—Good running lots	
Average		Average		Average	
Conn.—Prime wrappers	40 @ 50c	N. Y. State.—Fillers	5 @ 7c	Ohio.—Good running lots	7 1/2 @ 10c
Average	30 @ 40c	Average	5 @ 7c	Average	5 @ 7c
Com. " to b'd's	10 @ 20c	Fillers	3 @ 4c	Fillers	6 @ 10c
Fillers	7 @ 13c	Penn.—Running lots	3 @ 4c	Fillers	3 @ 4c
N. Y. State.—Wrappery lots	12 @ 18c				
Running "	7 @ 12c				

MANUFACTURED.					
Black Work, com., tax paid		Black Work, med. in bond		Bright Work, med.	
good		good & fine		good & fine	
Black Work, com., tax paid	25 @ 30c	Black Work, med. in bond	12 1/2 @ 18c	Bright Work, med.	20 @ 30c
good	40 @ 5c	good & fine	20 @ 30c	good & fine	50 @ 55c
fine	60 @ 70c				
Brig t Work, com.,	25 @ 40c				
good	45 @ 75c				

FOREIGN.					
Havana.—Fillers—Common		Havana.—Wrappers		Yara, average lots	
Good		Good		Good	
Havana.—Fillers—Common	60 @ 70	Havana.—Wrappers	1 25 @ 2 50	Yara, average lots	55 @ 1 05
Good	75 @ 85	Good	55 @ 1 05	Good	60 @ 70
Fine	90 @ 95				

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1866.						
From	This week		Previously		T'ls in Nov 1	
	hhd's.	pkgs.	hhd's.	pkgs.	hhd's.	pkgs.
Virginia	133	260	1,862	21,585	1,862	21,845
Baltimore	6	6	486	571	619	577
New Orleans	—	—	174	28	188	28
Ohio, &c.	204	384	2,387	3,881	2,591	4,265
Other	—	—	117	44	117	44
Total	337	650	5,040	26,109	5,377	26,759

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.							
	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Bxs.	St'ms, hhd's.	Manuf., lbs.
Liverpool	28	—	—	—	—	—	12,451
London	217	117	—	1	—	—	45,000
Bremen	531	92	—	—	—	3	—
Hamburg	—	—	12	—	41	—	—
Antwerp	531	—	—	—	—	—	—
Africa	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Melbourne	—	—	—	—	—	—	55,792
Cuba	—	4	—	—	63	—	21,123
Other West Indies	8	13	36	—	—	—	—
China	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Guiana	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Granada	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
British N. Am. Provinces	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total for week	1,326	231	48	1	104	3	137,366

NEW ORLEANS.—A trade circular reports: The business in tobacco during December, with the small and poorly assorted stock left upon our market at the commencement of the month, and with but light receipts since that time, has not been a heavy one, but transactions of any magnitude could hardly be expected, even had the declining tendency in the gold premium and increasing tightness in the money market not acted as a further drawback upon the movement of our buyers, some of whom, early in the month, appeared to be willing operators, but could only with difficulty find lots any ways suitable for their orders. Many small sales, however, were concluded, mostly previous to the holidays, and their aggregate sums up near 750 hhd's, the greater portion of which was taken for the Bremen market. Leaf of substance and quality was most in demand, and of this the sales embrace about 250 hhd's from the Clarksville region, a portion very fine, heretofore held at extreme rates, but for which from 15@18 1/2 c. was accepted, then some 150 hhd's Green River tobaccos, old and nondescript, at an average of 6 1/2 c., a few lots of low lugs from 3@4 c. taken on account of their cheapness, and about 50 hhd's new crop, which latter generally brought prices considerably above what the same style of old crop would command. These sales pretty well cleared the market of any ways serviceable parcels, and left in the hands of factors by actual count on 26th ulto., 1,517 hhd's. Light leaf, 193 hhd's, heavy do, 452 hhd's light and frosted lugs and 138 hhd's heavy do, which, with 250 hhd's trashy lugs in the hands of a speculator, makes a total stock upon the market of 2,550 hhd's; not one-tenth of this, however, is fit for any other purpose than the lowest of smoking tobacco, and to supply henceforward our regular export buyers we have to look to the new crop, which, especially of good bodied leaf, suitable for the German markets, we believe could be placed without any unreasonable delay and at prices that will compare favorably with any sales recently made.

The quality of the New Crop, at least what has so far been opened here, generally confirms the good opinion already entertained of this year's production, and although in some instances there is a deficiency of gum in the Leaf, yet most samples develop all the essential qualities of a perfect crop. Harsh and unfavorable weather up the country has generally prevented the handling of the weed, and therefore only from those sections where they are best prepared for the culture of tobacco have early shipments come to hand. From the Upper Cumberland, the Green River country and the Kentucky purchase, shipments have yet to commence, and even should there be a deficiency in rich heavy leaf from the Clarksville section (for which we do not look) other regions, especially the seven counties west of Tennessee River, will make up for it, for they were favored by the most timely seasons, and have, from reliable information, now the largest and finest crop on hand ever heretofore produced in that part of Kentucky.

We quote prices for old crop in currency (Gold at 133 per cent.) as follows:

	Light.	Heavy.
Inferior and trashy Lugs	3 @ 3 1/2 c.	4 @ 4 1/2 c
Good Lugs	4 @ 4 1/2 c.	4 1/2 @ 5 c
Inferior to Common Leaf	5 @ 6 c.	6 @ 7 1/2 c
Medium Leaf	7 @ 9 c.	8 @ 10 c
Fair Leaf	10 @ 12 c.	11 @ 12 c
Fine Leaf	12 1/2 @ 14 c.	12 1/2 @ 15 c
Choice sections (Cutters)	15 @ 20 c.	18 @ 20 c
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1866	8,707	
Received since	1,533—10,240	
Exported this season	5,689	
City consumption and baling	251—5,940	
Stock on hand not cleared	4,300	
Of which in factors' hands by actual count on 26th ult. 2,300 hhd's.		

VIRGINIA.—Clark's Petersburg Price Current, reviewing the tobacco trade of that market for 1866, reports that the trade is satisfactory, and the tobacco manufacturers there were employed throughout the year. Touching the crop of last year, now to come forward, the opinion is expressed that it has been overrated, both in quantity and quality. There is undoubtedly a good proportion of the crop of fine quality, but there will be a good deal wanting in body, owing to the heavy rains at the time of cutting. The rains filled the plants with fresh sap, and a good deal was cut in that State; consequently, on curing, it showed a want of oil and body, though it looked well when cut. The total inspections at Petersburg for 1866 were 7,033 hogsheds. Stock on hand Dec. 31, 1866: Inspected, 677 hogsheds; uninspected, 251. Total, 928 hogsheds. The production of manufactured tobacco for the last quarter of 1866 was 3,804,084 pounds chewing 94,816 pounds smoking, and 98,777 pounds snuff.

MARYLAND.—The Baltimore market is quiet, and prices nominally unchanged.

TOBACCO STATEMENTS.			
Hhds.		EXPORTED 1866.	
Of Maryland and Ohio.		Hhds. Hhds.	
Jan. 1, 1866. Stock in warehouse and on ship board not cleared	22,648	To Bremen	15,005
Inspections for the year 1866 were as follows:		To Rotterdam	15,198
		To Amsterdam	4,192
		To England	682
		To France	6,320
		To Spain	813
		Total foreign	42,215
		Reinspections	3,144
		Coastwise shipments and home consumption	7,304—52,663
		Actual stock in warehouse 1st of January, 1867	17,645
		And on shipment and cleared	1,950
		Total	19,595

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM THE PORTS OF BALTIMORE FOR THE LAST 4 YEARS.						
Years.	Bremen.	Rotterdam.	Amsterdam.	France.	All other pls.	Total.
1866	15,205	15,198	4,192	6,320	9,403	51,618
1865	14,350	8,950	4,788	5,863	6,664	40,598
1864	15,686	12,287	4,940	7,459	4,660	45,052
1863	11,672	8,135	3,371	6,383	14,576	44,137

TOBACCO INSPECTIONS AT BALTIMORE FOR THE LAST 4 YEARS.					
Years.	Maryland.	Ohio.	other kinds.	Total.	Kentucky and
1866	31,515	15,579	566	47,660	—
1865	25,479	15,396	3,077	43,952	—
1864	28,518	21,961	2,140	52,619	—
1863	36,676	17,032	2,267	55,975	—

STATEMENT OF INSPECTIONS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS OF TOBACCO FOR THE LAST 4 YEARS.				
Years.	Inspections.	Exported.	Total.	
1866	47,660	52,663	17,645	
1865	43,952	42,605	22,297	
1864	52,873	45,052	20,938	
1863	55,975	44,137	21,560	

BREADSTUFFS.

The upward movement in prices in progress at the date of our last report culminated on Monday, and the market has since been dull and depressed.

Flour has come forward by rail in excess of anticipations of holders, although still considerably below the average of previous seasons. This fact, together with the pause in the upward movement, has induced some of the late speculative buyers to realize, and they have thrown a few thousands barrels upon the market. But the necessities of the trade are such, that after holding on two or three days, they are

obliged to come forward, and the market closes steady at a decline of 25 cents per barrel from the highest currency of the week.

Wheat has been much less active this week, and prices of Spring have receded two or three cents per bushel. The increased receipts and stocks at Chicago and Milwaukee caused some holders to desire to realize. The pressure of the money market has also had a depressing influence. But at the concession there was some speculative and export inquiry, and the close is quite firm.

Corn has been very feverish and unsettled. The favorable reports by Cable from Liverpool have not sufficed to support prices, and have not induced any considerable business. The receipts of new Corn have increased, and are nearly equal to the current wants of the market. Oats advanced four cents per bushel, and nearly the whole has since been lost. Barley advanced five cents, and subsequently declined as much. Rye has been firmer but quiet. About 20,000 bushels have been shipped to Antwerp.

The following are the closing quotations :

Flour, Superfine... # bbl \$9 65@10 80	Wheat, Chicago Spring
Extra State..... 11 00@12 75	per bushel..... \$2 00@ 2 50
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 11 65@12 65	Milwaukee Club..... 2 05@ 2 45
Extra Western, com-	Red Winter..... @
mon to good..... 10 65@13 50	Amber do..... 3 05@ 3 15
Double Extra Western	White..... 3 00@ 3 30
and St. Louis..... 14 00@17 00	Corn, Western Mixed.... 1 18@ 1 20
Southern supers..... 11 40@13 00	Western Yellow..... @
Southern, fancy and ex. 14 00@17 00	Western White..... @
Canada, common to	Rye..... 1 08@ 1 35
choice extra..... @	Oats, Western cargoes... 64@ 67
Rye Flour, fine and super-	Jersey and State..... 68@ 70
fine..... 6 75@ 8 15	Barley..... 75@ 1 15
Corn meal, Jersey and	Malt..... 1 20@ 1 35
Brandywine..... 5 20@ 5 50	Peas, Canada..... 1 30@ 1 43
	White beans..... 2 10@ 3 00

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.			
	1867.	1866.	
Flour, bbls.....	For w'k. 24,820	For w'k. 31,885	
Corn Meal, bbls....	6,940	2,790	
Wheat, bush.....	7,910	14,066	
Corn, bush.....		14,665	
			1867. 1866.
			For w'k. For w'k.
Rye, bush.....			250
Barley, &c., bush..			11,445
Oats, bush.....			12,560
			27,555

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK.

	Flour, C. meal,	Wheat,	Rye,	Barley.	Oats,	Corn,
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Gt. Britain.....	2,076	7,074	7,074	24,445	123,789	123,789
since Jan. 1.....	2,076	7,074	7,074	24,445	123,789	123,789
Br. N. A. Col....	1,025	10	10	10	10	10
since Jan. 1.....	1,025	10	10	10	10	10
West Indies.....	3,170	3,333	3,333	3,333	996	996
since Jan. 1.....	3,170	3,333	3,333	3,333	996	996
Total to all oth-	7,956	3,473	7,074	8,700	24,445	126,685
er ports.....	7,956	3,473	7,074	8,700	24,445	126,685
since Jan. 1.....	7,956	3,473	7,074	8,700	24,445	126,685
same time, 1866.	27,564	2,189	26,153	15,419	109	156,577

FROM PORTS SINCE JANUARY 1.

	Boston	Philadelphia	Baltimore	Total
Flour, C. meal,	5,582	90	250	6,935
bbls.				
Wheat, bush.				340
Rye, bush.				
Barley, bush.				
Oats, bush.				100
Corn, bush.				10

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT. 1, 1866.

From	To date.	Flour	Wheat,	Corn,
		bbls.	bush.	bush.
New York.....	Jan. 4 1867..	49,055	341,401	2,768,792
New Orleans.....	Dec. 2, 1866..	291		
Philadelphia.....	Dec. 31, 1866..		3,345	71,723
Baltimore.....	Dec. 31, 1866..			40,894
Boston.....	Dec. 31, 1866..	19		
San Francisco.....	Dec. 7, 1866..	10,745	1,177,375	
Other ports.....	Dec. 31, 1866..	9,507	16,332	7,410
Total.....		69,617	1,538,453	2,888,819
To about same period, 1866.....		83,888	1,151,790	3,523,426
do do 1865.....		55,920	1,407,246	73,359
do do 1864.....		361,976	5,247,318	239,459

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Flour,	Rye,	Wheat,	Corn,
	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York, to Jan. 4, 1867.....	1,823	33,522	41,436	4,208
Other ports, to latest dates.....	12			
Total.....	1,835	33,522	41,436	4,208
To about same period, 1866.....	2,425	80,691	57,333	14,349
do do 1865.....	10,018		68,521	
do do 1864.....	25,551	13,965	135,188	

CHICAGO.—Receipts and shipments of breadstuffs at Chicago for week ending Jan. 7 :

-1866-		-1867-	
Receipts.	Shipments.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls.....	15,890	13,942	32,320
Wheat, bu. h.....	101,000	16,942	55,722
Corn, bush.....	96,335	13,535	97,985
Oats, bush.....	147,165	11,607	59,516
Rye, bush.....	14,256		9,775
Barley, bush.....	2,000		26,807

MILWAUKEE.—Receipts and shipments have been as follows for week ending Jan. 5 :

-1866-		-1867-	
Receipts.	Shipments.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls.....	3,493	7,822	5,348
Wheat, bush.....	163,474	1,617	53,169
Corn, bush.....	4,150	130	8,731
Oats, bush.....	25,554	150	11,849
Rye, bush.....	2,519		2,110
Barley, bush.....	2,959	347	2,017

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Jan. 5 :

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
Chicago.....	33,947	55,722	97,985	59,519	17,407	9,775
Milwaukee.....	6,365	62,934	5,959	20,426	2,593	2,870
Toledo.....	5,621	3,736	13,385	6,425	1,338	
Detroit.....	5,223	3,135	9,469	862	5,542	
Cleveland.....	5,633	6,750	13,000	19,600	1,800	
Totals.....	56,794	132,277	139,798	107,032	28,659	12,645
Previous week.....	40,553	188,969	136,624	77,837	25,327	11,606
Corresponding week, '66	25,065	277,554	115,081	180,781	6,803	19,800

CALIFORNIA.—The receipts of Wheat at San Francisco for the six months ending Dec. 31st were 3,000,000 sacks against 1,250,000 for the corresponding time in 1865. It is believed that there are 2,000,000 sacks yet to come forward. With such a surplus on hand holders are not anxious to retain their stocks. During December 208,000 sacks were expected. Good shipping Wheat there is quoted \$1 75 in gold per 100 lb. Extra Flour \$6 50 per bbl. The shipment of Wheat for the last half year was larger than for any year heretofore. The value of Flour and Wheat exported was over \$6,000,000.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 28th.—The arrivals from the United States and Canada since Friday last comprise 12,202 quarters wheat (chiefly Californian), 2,564 barrels flour, 8,683 quarters corn, 8,219 quarters oats, 500 loads oatmeal, and 2,210 quarters barley. The weather has continued mild and open, which, with the Christmas holidays, has caused the demand to be limited to immediate wants, and the business done has consequently been insignificant; however, prices of all articles have been maintained. The Paris markets continue to advance, and the French are still buying freely in the Baltic markets, so that all prospect of supplies from France during the winter are at an end, unless our prices advance materially.

At this day's market there was a good attendance of the town and country trade, and more disposition to buy was evinced than for some time past. Wheat and flour met with a good consumptive demand at the full prices of this day week, and, in some cases, rather more money. Feeding Barley and Oats were in moderate demand, and without change in price. Peas were difficult to move at 43s. per 504 lbs. for prime Canadian. Indian Corn was in fair demand at 38s. per 480 lbs. for mixed and White American. We quote choice Amber Iowa Wheat and fine Canadian club 12s. 2d. to 13s. 9d., No. 1 Milwaukee 13s. per 100 lbs. Extra State and Western and super Canadian Flour 35s. to 36s. per 196 lbs., choice Southern and extra Canadian 37s. to 38s. per b. rel. Canadian Barley 4s. to 4s. 9d. per 60 lbs. ds in quality, and Oats 3s. 2d. to 3s. 4d. per 45 lbs. Farmers' deliveries of Wheat for this week 76,127 quarters at 61s. 7d. Ditto corresponding week last year, 76,126 quarters at 4fs. 8d.

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 11.

There has been a largely increased business in all branches of the grocery trade since our last report. Prices have, however, remained essentially the same notwithstanding the fluctuations in gold; nor does the stringency in money seem to have affected the market in any way.

Jobbing houses report a very lively trade and a good degree of confidence.

TEA.

The greater activity which set in in the tea trade at the close of last week has continued with both first and second hands up to this time, and the market closes in a very satisfactory condition to all parties. The sales of the week from first hands are reported at 5,485 half chests greens, 8,100 do. Oolongs, 2,235 do. Japans, 3,200 do. Souchongs, and 216 boxes greens.

There have been no imports during the week. The following table shows the shipments of tea from China and Japan to the United States, from June 1 to Oct. 23, 1866, and importations at New York and Boston since Nov. 1 :

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.				IMP'TS AT N. Y. & BOSTON.	
To Atlantic ports.		To San		Direct	Indirect
Oct. 1 to June 1	Same Fran-	Oct. 1. in '65,	Same Fran-	at New	At New At Bos-
Oct. 23.	York.	Oct. 1.	York.	York.	York. ton.
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	pkgs of all sorts.
Congou & Sou.....	453,360	176,872		30,200	From G't Britain.
Pouchong.....	42,800	200,670	53,166	796,746	3,347
Oolong & Ning.....	1,960,423	685,127	250,768	106,200	
Twankay.....		82,130	201,892		From Europe.
Hyson skin.....			55,845		
Hyson.....	145,416	252,940	341,920	11,951	From East Indies.
Young Hyson.....	723,015	734,371	1,617,410	29,800	
Imperial.....	159,938	194,784	264,623	38,489	
Gunpowder.....	146,030	184,172	338,584		From other ports.
Japans.....	374,868	1,846,196	262,851	740,305	1,842
Total.....	3,963,040	4,357,272	3,837,055	28,568	1,160,330
					5,189
					28

COFFEE.

COFFEE has also been correspondingly active with importers, and the Jobbing trade are doing a very liberal business. The large arrivals and favorable advices have tended to slightly lower gold prices. The sales of the week are reported at 21,500 bags Rio, and 1,300 bags Jamaica, the market closing steady.

The imports of coffee during the week have been—of Rio, 3,800 bags per Germania; 5,000 per G. Aruna, 5,000 per Eremerin, 5,000 per Mary Bond, 4,213 per Agilis, 4,005 per Valkyrien: total Rio, 27,018; 200 bags Laguayra, and 143 sundries.

Bartletts do 23, Bates BB do 23, Constitutional do 17, Indian Grove do 20, James Steam do 22, Indian River XX do 20, Attawaugan XX do 20, Lawrence B do 22, Fountain do 22, Boot B do 23, Forestdale do 26, Masonville do 26, do XX do 32, Androscoggin L do 26, Lonsdale do 26, Wauregan do 30, do F do 21, Bates XX do 23, Lyman J do 32, Wamsutta H do 32, Lonsdale Cambric do 37, New York Mills do 37, Amoskeag 42 inch 26, Chickopee do 26, Waltham do 24, Wamsutta 9-8 37, Lyman R 5-4 24, Naumkeag W do 25, Nashua do 32, Bates do 32, Wamsutta do 42, Amoskeag 46 inch 28, Waltham 6-4 38, Mattawamkeag do 40, Pepperell do 40, Oneida do 45, Utica do 52, Waltham 8-4 52, Pepperell do 52, Pepperell 9 4 67, Utica do 90, Phoenix 10-4 65, Monadnock do 70, Baltic do 72, Bates do 70, Waltham do 75, Allendale do 80, Pepperell do 77, Utica do 95, Masabesic 11-4 85, Amoskeag do 87, Pepperell do 85.

TICKS are in increased demand and prices have been quite steady. Amoskeag A C A 55, do A 42, do B 37, do D 27, do C 32, Pemberton A A 42, do red stripe 42, Brunswick 22, Blackstone River 25, Hamilton 36, do D 32, Somerset 19, Thorndike 28, Pearl River 50, Oriental 41, Harvest 36, Hancock A A 31, Pittsfield 14, Bunkerhill 26, York 52, do 39, Omega B 37, do A 50, do C 27, Cordis A A A 45, Everett 28, Imperial 35, Boston A A 37, Lehigh Valley A 22, do B 20, do A C A 22, Swift River 25, Pacific 30, Winnebago 13, Baltic 15, Girard 37, Hampden C C 30, Albany 14.

STRIPES are also in better request and steady. Amoskeag 29 and 30 Uncasville 23 and 24, Whittenton A A 35, do A 3-3 30, do B B 25, Napoleon 13, Pittsfield 3-3 14, Pemberton Awn 47, Haymaker 28, Everett 26, Massabesic 6-3 28 and 29, Andover 25, Boston 25, Harvesters 3-3 22@27, do 6-3 22@27, American 22@23, Eagle 19, Hamilton 28, Arkwright 23, Jewett City 22@23, Sheridan G 20.

CHECKS are quiet and unchanged in price. Park Mills Red 25, Lanark 4x2 18, Lanark fur 18, Union 50 4x2 37, do 50 2x2 37, do 20 4 2 35, do 20 2-2 35, Caledonia 35, do 29, Lancaster fur 18, Kennebeck 35, Wamsutta 20, Farmers & Mechanics 30, Star No. 600 16, do No. 800 2x2 22, do No. 900 4-2 26, Cameron No. 80 20, Miners & Mechanics 32.

DENIMS AND COTTONADES are steady in price, and in improved request Amoskeag denims sell at 37 cents, Haymaker 30, do brown 30, York 36, Warren brown 25, Boston Manufacturing Co. 25, Farmer's and Mechanics cassimeres 55, Pemberton ddt 45, Holman's Ky J 47, Plow L & Anv 50, Union 30, Monitor 21, Manchester Co. 27, Clark's brown 27, Suffolk 27, Everett 47, New York Mills 62, Whittenden ddt 31@39, Marlboro 22, Arlington 20, Blue Hill 24, Fort Moultrie 30, Mount Vernon 32.

BROWN DRILLS are fairly active for export and hence trade at steady prices. Winthrop 18, Amoskeag 23, Laconia 24, Androscoggin 14, Minerva 18, Pepperell 23, do fine jean 22, Stark A 22, Bennington 22, Massachusetts G 20, Woodward duck bags 32, National bags 40, Stark A do 62, Liberty do 37.

PRINT CLOTHS are unsettled by the declining tendency of the raw material, and prices are nominal.

PRINTS are in fair request in jobbers hands. Agents have opened a variety of handsome Spring styles, which are now offered to the trade, and meet with a fair demand. There is also an improved demand for dark goods. Prices are unchanged. American 17, Amoskeag dark 16, do purple 18, do pink 18, do shirting 16, Merrimac D dark 18, do purple 18, do W dark 20, do purple 20, do pink 20, Sprague's dark 18, do purple 19, do shirting 19, do pink 19, do solid 18, do indigo blue 18, London Mourning 16, Simpson Mourning 16, Amoskeag Mourning 16, Garners light 18, Duonell's 17, Allen 17, Richmond 17, Arnolds 15, Gloucester 16, Wamsutta dark 14, Pacific dark 18, Lowell 15, Naumkeag 13, Victory 14, Glen Cove 12, Home 12, Empire State 11, Lancaster 11, Wauregan 16.

DOMESTIC GINGHAMS remain inactive and somewhat nominal. Lancaster 23, Hartford 18, Caledonia (new) 21, Glasgow 22, Clyde 17, Berkshire 23, German 20, Roanoke 17, Bates 23, Manchester 20.

CANTON FLANNELS are in light steady request for finer makes. Other kinds are dull. Ellerton N, Bro. 37, do O do 35, do T do 21, Laconia do 29, Slaterville do 24, Hamilton do 30, Rockland do 17, Naumkeag do 26, Tremont do 21, Scotts extra do 19, Ellerton N Blea. 37, do O do 35, do P do 33, Methuen A do 32, Naumkeag do 27, Nashua A 22.

CORSET JEANS are in rather request at unchanged prices. Androscoggin 15, Bates colored 15, do bleached 14, Naumkeag 21, Pepperell 23, Naumkeag satteen 25, Laconia 22, Amoskeag 21@22, Newmarket 16, Lewiston 15, Indian Orchard 16, Berkeley 22, Quinnebaug 13, Tremont 12.

CAMBRICS AND SILESIA are in improved demand, but prices are unchanged. Lonsdale Silecias sell at 23 cents, Victory 21, Indian Orchard 21, Ward 21, Washington glazed Cambrics sell at 14, Victory 13, do E 15, do high colors 14, Hudson Mill 12, Fox Hill 11, Superior 11, Superior, 11, Smithfield 13, Waverly 13. S. S. & Sons paper cambrics sell at 14 cents, do high colors 20, English 20, White Rock 18, Masonville 19, Warren 18.

WOOLEN GOODS are still quiet, with little or no improvement. There are but slight indications of improvement for the spring trade, and manufacturers hold back their spring styles.

AMERICAN PRINTED DE LAINES are in good demand at unchanged prices. All dark 25, Hamilton Co 25, Manchester dark 25, Pacific dark 25, Armures dark 25, High colors 28, Pacific Merinos 40, Mourning 25, Shepherd checks 25 all wool 42, Skirtings 35.

LINSEYS are hardly as active, but stocks are small and prices steady. Washington 35, Park 45 inch 38, do 35 inch 27, do 60 inch 37, do 70 inch 52, do 75 inch 57, Kensington 26, Union cotton and wool 25, Park-Mills No. 65 42, Todd's 32, Black Rock 30.

COBURGS are quiet, but prices are unchanged.

CLOTHS are dull except for a few desirable makes, and quotations are nominal.

CASSIMERES AND SATINETS show but little change in the demand. CARPETS are steady in prices with rather less demand. Velvets, J. Crossley's best \$4, do A 1 qual \$3 75, do patent \$3 25. Body Brussels, Roxbury \$2 75, do Bigelow \$2 75. Tapestry, Brussels, S. Crossley \$1 90, Lowell, ex sp \$2 15, do super \$1 75, do med sup \$1 60. Hartford Carpet Co. ex 3-ply \$2 25, do Imp 3-ply \$2 12, do superfine \$1 75, do med sup \$1 60. Med and low pri Ingrains \$1 25@1 45, Hemp pl, 33 inch 30@37, do 36 inch 40@50, do twil 36 inch 55@60. AMERICAN LINEN is steady and moderately active at previous prices. FOREIGN GOODS show little more animation, especially for the leading kinds of goods. Dress goods are still quiet, although importers are preparing to offer a variety of new styles as soon as the Spring business opens.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan. 10, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	308	\$112,308	932	\$431,356	597	\$309,634
do cotton...	201	56,488	1,179	350,078	1,409	475,675
do silk...	218	60,445	388	449,005	289	253,727
do flax...	530	131,901	1,234	294,189	935	293,665
Miscellaneous dry goods...	1,290	46,018	574	211,022	1,737	190,250
Total.....	2,547	\$407,160	3,307	\$1,738,575	4,967	\$1,553,001

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	266	\$103,045	686	\$38,616	294	\$139,026
do cotton...	258	78,963	738	239,420	204	68,610
do silk...	37	37,727	112	132,481	41	51,433
do flax...	543	136,705	660	294,189	474	151,132
Miscellaneous dry goods...	477	18,033	2,541	37,413	1,099	31,182
Total.....	1,581	\$374,623	4,737	\$952,119	2,102	\$441,283
Add ent'd for consumpt'n	2,547	407,160	3,307	1,738,575	4,967	1,553,001
Total thrown upon market	4,128	\$781,733	8,044	\$2,690,694	7,069	\$1,994,384

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

	1865.		1866.		1867.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	269	\$81,023	1,192	\$547,978	2,241	\$1,037,908
do cotton...	81	33,667	790	237,049	1,726	626,230
do silk...	9	12,665	177	193,231	304	280,136
do flax...	105	26,645	391	112,439	1,748	383,127
Miscellaneous dry goods...	30	9,448	39	22,549	2,891	141,562
Total.....	497	\$165,418	2,559	\$1,163,346	8,913	\$2,481,963
Add ent'd for consumpt'n	2,547	407,160	3,307	1,738,575	4,967	1,553,001
Total entered at the port	3,044	\$572,608	5,896	\$1,901,921	13,880	\$4,034,964

IMPORTS

(OTHER THAN DRY GOODS AND SPECIE) AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 4, 1866.

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.	Pkgs. Value.
China, Glass & E. ware—	Boots & shoes 534	Woods—
China 8,038	Hides, dress—	Cork 6,507
Earth'nw'e. 94 2,999	ed 218 114,543	Fustic 8,734
Glass 972 7,398	Hides, undress—	L-gwood, lbs 325 1,402
Glassware 598 8,364	ed 55,161	Mahogany 427
Glass plate 61 8,552	Liquors, Wines, &c.—	Other 9,336
Drugs, &c.—	Ale 114 972	Miscellaneous—
Alkali 9 335	Brandy 51 2,483	Baskets 17 591
Arrow root 11 465	Cordials 2 264	Bags 600
Anoline 5,704	Gin 30 1,209	Buttons 85 31,310
Alum 2,005	Porter 160 1,620	Building stones 315
Aloes 613	Whiskey 10 505	Burr stones 281
Annatto 411	Wines 758 14,196	Cheese 43 2,449
Bark, Peruv. 159 7,896	Champagne,	Cigars 8,471
Barytes 265 2,331	baskets 2,042 21,655	Coal, tons 871 2,930
Blea Powder 257 4,782	Metals, &c.—	Corks 3,550
Castor oil 100 1,410	Brass Goods 2 314	Clocks 15 1,584
Camphor 175 4,959	Bronzes 1 208	Cocoa, bags 250 8,241
Gums, crude 600 17,629	Chains & an-	Coffee, bgs. 32,707 561,901
do Arabic 50 2,335	chors 149 8,276	Fancy goods 79,304
do copavi. 52 3,973	Copper 6,748	Feathers 2,602
Gamboge 2,138	Cutlery 112 54,269	Fire crackers 13,682
Gum copal 92 1,286	Guns 107 11,714	Fish 10,500
Guac 130 3,181	Hardware 221 40,005	Furniture 675
Leeches 3 116	Iron, hoop,	Grain 96
do ess 32 1,697	tons 178 8,800	Grind stones 99
do linseed 78 7,812	Iron, pig,	Hair cloth 16 8,262
do olive 2 33	tons 200 3,008	Hemp 1,858 29,931
Paints 3,543	Iron, Railroad,	Honey 41 1,762
Paris white 100 299	bars 4,721 40,299	Hops 97 8,707
Potash, bich 1,284	Iron, sheet,	Ind. rubbr 3,005 192,663
Reg antimony 25 1,231	tons 273 22,453	Ivory 24 7,723
Rhubarb 24 3,591	Iron, tubes 70 1,224	Machinery 201 12,194
Soda, ash 152 4,055	Iron, other,	Marble man 5,734
Sponges 21 2,222	tons 748 24,596	Maccaroni 454
Safflower 1,173	Lead pigs 8,165 42,411	Molasses 1,173 30,239
Tong beans 7 228	Metal goods 23 8,152	Oil paintings 5 3,138
Vermillion 71 7,188	Nails 3 211	Perfumery 24 8,452
Yellow ochre 100 359	Needles 8 9,125	Pipes 4,103
Other 3,413	Nickel 15 9,119	Rags 203 8,069
Furs, &c.—	Old metal 2,830	Rice 8,577
Furs 4 5,618	Plated ware 4 1,316	Salt 3,856
Fruits, &c.—	Per caps 25 4,827	Statuary 342
Bananas 94	Saddlery 4 1,231	Seeds 7,772
Citron 7,104	Steel 4,067 44,198	Linseed 8,510 51,495
Nuts 20,411	Tin, bxs 10,673 84,707	Soap 9 547
Oranges 4,362	Tin slabs 1,265	Sugar, hlds, tea and bbls 1,253 64,046
Raisins 17,762	Wire 5 613	Sugar, bxs. & bgs 1,110 18,386
Sauces and pres. 7,641	Zinc 417,294 25,621	Tapioca 1,171
Instruments—	Spices—	Trees & plants 2,063
Musical 25 6,518	Cassia 5,207	Tea 5,982 68,243
Nautical 1 213	Ginger 627	Wine 54 1,321
Optical 5 1,255	Mustard 171	Toys 13 1,033
Jewelry, &c.—	Nutmeg 525	Tobacco 762 19,871
Jewelry 10 8,207	Stationery, &c.—	Waste 100 3,567
Watches 23 49,592	Books 123 26,345	Wool, bales .956 71,977
Leather, Hides, &c.—	Engravings 6 1,115	Other 1,087
Bristles 14 4,718	Paper 1,852 42,971	
	Other .80 15,490	
	Total.....	\$2,449,789

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward 9 1/2 @ ..

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 50 Pearl, 1st sort... @ ..

Beeswax—Duty: 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... 37 @ 35

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin... 35 00 @ 36 00

Bread—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... @ 6 1/2 Navy... @ 5 1/2 Crackers... 7 @ 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 12 50 @ 13 50 Groton... 22 00 @ 21 00 Philadelphia Fronts... @ 5 00

Bristles—Duty: 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n gray & wh... 75 @ 3 00

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—

N. Y State—Fresh pails... @ .. Firkin... 35 @ 45 Half firkin tubs... 40 @ 56 Welsh tubs, prime... 35 @ 40 Welsh tubs, second quality... 32 @ 34

North Pennsylvania—Firkins... 32 @ 33 Western Reserve—Firkins... 2 @ 35

Western States—Firkins, red yell w... @ .. Firkins, red quality... 25 @ 27

Cheese—Factory Dairies... 17 @ 19 do West n... 14 @ 17 Farm Dairies... 17 @ 19 do Western... 14 @ 17 do Common... 10 @ 14

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 5; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Sperm, patent... 45 @ 50 Refined sperm, city... 34 @ 49 Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 21 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale... 2 00

Charcoal—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. Oakluch & upward... 5 @ 8 1/2

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel. Liverpool Orrel... per ton of 2,240 lb... @ 15 00 Liverp'l House Cannel... 00 @ 20 00 Anthracite... 8 00 @ 8 50 Cardiff steam... 12 00 @ .. Liverpool Gas-Cann... 1 16 00 @ .. Newcastle Gas & Steam... 10 50 @ 11 10

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond)(gold)... 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2 Maracaibo do... (gold) @ .. Guayaquil do... (gold) 15 @ 15 1/2 St Domingo... (gold) 10 @ 10 1/2

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... 40 @ .. Sheathing, yellow... 2 @ 26 Bolts... @ 40 Braziers... @ 40 Baltimore... 28 @ .. Detroit... 29 @ .. Portage Lake... 28 @ ..

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 Tarred Russia... @ 1 1/2 Tarred American... @ 19 1/2 Bolt Rope, Russia... @ 22

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. Regular, quart... 55 @ 70 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phal... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloe, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 per cent ad val.; Balsam Copaliv, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calisaya

Bark, 80 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent.; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Aratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below FREE.

Acid, Citric... (gold) @ 57 1/2 Alcohol... per gall. 4 65 @ .. Aloe, Cape... per lb 2 @ 26 Aloe, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 31 @ 4 Annato, fair to prime... (15 @ 90 Antimony, Regulus of... @ 11 1/2 Argols, Crude... 22 @ 23 Argols, Refined... 33 @ 34 Arsenic, Powdered... 23 @ 8 Assafetida... 25 @ 45 Balsam Copaliv... @ 70 Balsam Tolu... @ 2 25 Balsam Peru... (gold) 2 50 @ 2 75 Bark Petayo... 60 @ .. Berries, Persian... 46 @ 48 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle... 8 @ 8 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... 20 @ 21 Bleaching Powder... 5 1/2 @ .. Borax, Refined... 3 1/2 @ 35 Brimstone, Crude per ton... (gold) 40 00 @ 40 00 Brimstone, sm. Roll... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... 5 1/2 @ 6 Camphor, Refined, (in bond)... (gold) @ 80 Camphor, Refined... @ 92 1/2 Cantharides... @ 1 75 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 19 @ .. Cardamoms, Malabar... 3 00 @ 3 25 Castor Oil Cases per gal... 2 40 @ 2 45 Chamomile Flowers... 50 @ 60 Chamomile Row's... 50 @ 60 Chlorate Potash (gold)... 82 @ 83 Caustic Soda... 7 @ 8 Caraway Seed... 19 @ 21 Coriander Seed... 14 @ 15 Cochineal, Hon (gold)... 90 @ 95 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd)... 85 @ 95 Copperas, American... 2 @ .. Cream Tartar, pr.(gold)... 27 1/2 @ 28 Cubebs, East India... 4 1/2 @ .. Cutch... 15 @ .. Epsom Salts... @ 4 1/2 Extract Logwood... 11 @ .. Fennel Seed... 18 @ 19 Flowers, Benzoin... 30 @ 60 Gambier... 1 1/2 @ .. Gamboge... @ 2 00 Ginseng, South & West... 85 @ 1 00 Gum Arabic, Picked... 70 @ 80 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 42 @ 45 Gum Benzoin... (gold) @ 55 Gum Kowrie... 32 @ 37 Gum Gleditsia... @ 27 Gum Damar... 89 @ 42 Gum Myrrh, East India... @ .. Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 55 @ 65 Gum Senegal... (g'd) @ 28 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts... 30 @ 40 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey... (g'd) 60 @ 90 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 3 75 @ 4 00 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ .. Ipecacuanna, Brazil... @ 25 @ .. Jalap... 2 20 @ .. Lac Dye... 25 @ 55 Licorice Paste, Calabria... 41 @ 42 Licorice Paste, Sicily... 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste Spanish Solid... 37 @ 40 Licorice Paste, Greek... 30 @ .. Maddar, Dutch... (gold) 7 @ 7 1/2 do, French, E.X.F.F. do... 6 1/2 @ 6 1/2 Manna, large flake... 2 00 @ .. Manna, small flake... 1 75 @ .. Mustard Seed, Cal... 3 @ 12 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 17 @ .. Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 98 @ .. Oil Anis... 8 75 @ .. Oil Cassia... 4 50 @ .. Oil Bergamot... 5 75 @ 5 80

Oil Lemon... (gold) 2 95 @ 3 25 Oil Peppermint, pure... 5 00 @ 5 50 Opium, Turkey... (gold) 6 75 @ .. Oxalic Acid... 41 @ .. Phosphorus... @ 52 1/2 Prussiate Potash... 42 @ .. Quicksilver... 95 @ .. Rhubarb, China... (gold) 8 60 @ 8 50 Sago, Pea. led... 8 @ 8 1/2 Salaratus... @ 20 Sal Am n ac, Ref (gold) 10 @ 10 1/2 Sal Soda, Newcastle... 2 @ 2 1/2 Sarsaparilla, Hond... 40 @ 45 Sarsaparilla, Mex... 33 @ .. Seneca Root... 42 1/2 @ .. Senna, Alexandria... 24 @ 30 Senna, East India... 18 @ 30 Shell Lac... 3 1/2 @ 4 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 1/2 @ 3 Sugar L'd, W(e)go d... 30 @ 35 Sulp Quinine, Am... 2 80 @ 2 35 Sulphate Morphine... 7 25 @ .. Tart'e Acid... (g'd) 52 @ .. Tapoca... 12 @ 15 Verdigris, dry & ex dry... 50 @ 58 Vitriol, Blue... 12 @ 13 1/2

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pce 16 00 @ 18 00 Ravens, Heavy... 20 00 @ .. Scotch, G'ck, No. 1... 74 Cotton, No. 1... per y... 82 @ ..

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood... (gold) per ton 190 00 @ 200 00 Fustic, Cuba... 30 00 @ 31 00 Fustic, Savanilla (gold) 2 50 @ 23 00 Fustic, Maracaibo do... 25 00 @ .. Logwood, Hon... 1 00 @ 32 00 Logwood, L zuna (gold) 30 10 @ .. Logwood, St. Domin... 10 @ 21 00 Logwood, Cam... (gold) 2 70 @ .. Logwood, Jamaica... 14 50 @ 15 00 Limawood... (gold) @ 67 50 Barwood... (gold) 10 00 @ ..

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 75 @ 80 Tennessee... 70 @ 75

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 6 50 @ 7 1/2 Pickled Scale... per bbl... @ 6 50 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 7 25 @ .. Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 19 00 @ .. Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 17 00 @ 18 00 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... 17 00 @ 18 00 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... 16 00 @ 17 00 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax... 16 00 @ 17 00 Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. l'ge... 4 00 @ 14 50 Mackerel, No. 3, H'ax... 13 75 @ .. Mackerel, No. 3, Mass... @ 42 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1... 40 00 @ 45 00 Sa mon, r'kled, p. tc. 45 00 @ 55 00 Herring, Sealed per box... 45 @ 50 Herring, No. 1... 2 @ 2 1/2 Herring, pickled per bbl. 5 50 @ 7 50

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. Jersey... per lb 16 @ 21

Fruits—See special report.

Furs—Duty, 10 per cent. Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 5 00 do Pale... 50 @ 3 00 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 3 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 50 @ 1 00 Cat, Wild... 50 @ 75 do House... 10 @ 20 Fisher... 5 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 10 00 @ 50 00 do Red... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Grey... 50 @ 75 Lynx... 2 00 @ 4 00 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 2 00 @ 5 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 6 00 Musk rat... 10 @ 40 Otter... 5 00 @ 8 00 Opossum... 15 @ 80 Raccoon... 30 @ 75 Skunk, Back... 75 @ 1 25

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24 x39 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 3; all over that, 3 cents per lb. American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Subject to a discount of 3 @ 35 per cent.) 6x 8 to 8x10... 7 25 @ 5 50 8x 10 to 10x15... 7 75 @ 6 00 11x 12 to 12x18... 9 25 @ 6 50 12x19 to 16x24... 9 50 @ 7 00 18x22 to 20x30... 11 75 @ 7 50 20x31 to 24x30... 14 50 @ 9 00 24x31 to 24x36... 16 00 @ 10 00 25x36 to 30x44... 17 00 @ 11 00 30x46 to 32x48... 18 00 @ 12 00 32x50 to 32x56... 20 00 @ 13 00 Above... 24 00 @ 15 00

English and French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick)—Discount 25 @ 30 per cent 6x 8 to 8x10... 7 75 @ ..

Sx11 to 10x15... 8 25 @ 6 50 11x14 to 12x18... 9 75 @ 7 00 12x19 to 16x24... 10 50 @ 7 50 20x31 to 24x30... 15 50 @ 12 00 21x31 to 24x36... 16 50 @ 13 00 24x36 to 30x44... 18 00 @ 15 00 30x45 to 32x48... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x50 to 32x56... 24 00 @ 18 00

Groceries—See special report. **Gunny Bags**—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 23 1/2 @ 24 1/2

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... 20 @ ..

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (A) per 25 lb keg... @ 5 00 Shipping and Mining... @ 5 50 Rifle... 7 50 @ .. Sporting, in 1 lb canisters per lb... 40 @ 1 10

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mixed... 26 @ .. Buenos Ayres, mixed... 31 @ 35 Hog, Western, unwash... 10 @ 14

Hardware—Axes—Cast steel, best brand... per doz 15 @ 17 do ordinary... 13 @ 15 Carpenters' Adzes... 24 @ 25 do ordinary... 21 @ .. Shingling Hatchets, C't steel, best br'ds, Nos. 1 to 3... 9 00 @ 9 50 do ordinary... 6 17 @ 7 50 Broad Hatch's 8 to 8 1/2... 15 50 @ 25 00 do ordinary... 12 00 @ .. Coffee Mills—Iron Hop'r... 8 75 @ 7 50 do Bri. Hopper... 6 50 @ 10 00 do Wood Back... 4 25 @ 10 50 Cotton Gins, per saw... \$5 less 20% Narrow Wrought Butts List 5% dis. Cast Butt—Fast Joint... List 5% adv. Loose Joint... List

Hinges, Wrought... List 25% adv. Door Bolts, Cast Bl... List 20% dis. Carriage and Tire Bolts List 40% dis. Door Locks and Latches List 7 1/2% dis. Door Knobs—Mineral... List 7 1/2% dis. " Pore lain... List 7 1/2% dis. Padlocks... New List 20 & 7 1/2% dis. Locks—Cabinet, Eagle... 5% adv. Trunk... List 10% dis. Stocks and Dies... List 35% dis. Screw Wrenches—Coe's Patent... List 20% dis. do Telf's... List 55 & 60% dis. Smith's Vise... per lb 24 @ .. Framing Chisels... Old List 25% adv. Firmer do in sets... List 40% adv. do do handled, in sets... List 40% adv. Augur Bits... List 20% dis. Short Augurs, per doz. New List 10% dis. Ring do... List 10% dis. Cut Tacks... List 65 & 10% dis. Cut Brads... List 55% dis. Rivet, Iron... List 25 & 30% dis. Screws American... List 10 & 2 1/2% dis. do English... List 20% dis. Shovels and Spades... List 5% dis. Horse Shoes... 7 1/2 @ 8 Planes... List 30 @ 35% adv

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs, for shipping... 1 20 @ ..

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunu and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Lampico, 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed... per ton 880 00 @ 990 00 do Undressed... 290 00 @ 300 00 Russia, Clean... 375 00 @ 385 00 Jute... (gold) 100 00 @ 150 00 Manila... per lb... (gold) 11 1/2 @ 12 Sisal... (gold) 8 @ 8 1/2

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val. Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres... per doz 19 @ 22 Montevideo... do 18 @ 18 1/2 Rio Grande... do 18 @ .. Patagonia... do 17 @ 17 1/2 California... gold 18 @ 19 California, Mex. do 16 @ .. Porto Cabello... do 14 @ 14 1/2 Vera Cruz... do 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Lampico... do 14 @ 15 Texas... do 15 @ 16

Honey—Duty, 20 cents per gallon. Cuba (duty paid) (gold) per gall. 84 @ 85

Hops—Duty: 5 cents per lb. Crop of 1866... per lb 40 @ 70 do of 1865... 30 @ 45 Foreign... 40 @ 55

Horns-Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 Ox, Rio Grande... 14 00 @ 14 00
 Ox, Buenos Ayres... 12 00 @ 14 00

India Rubber-Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 Para, Fine... 65 @ 67
 Para, Medium... 55 @ 61
 Para, Coarse... 42 @ 45
 East India... @
 Carthagena, &c... @

Indigo-Duty FREE.
 Bengal... (old) 1 00 @ 1 65
 Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 35
 Madras... (gold) 65 @ 90
 Manila... (gold) 65 @ 1 10
 Guatemala... (gold) 80 @ 1 15
 Caraccas... (gold) 70 @ 90

Iron-Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents per lb.
 Railroad, 70 cents per 100 lb.; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents per lb.; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents per lb.; Pig, \$9 per ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents per lb.
 Pig, Scotch, No 1.
 per ton 47 00 @ 50 00
 Pig, American, No. 1... 8 00 @
 Bar, Ref'd ang & Amer 50 0 @ 100 00
 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold)... 95 00 @ 100 00

STORE PRICES-
 Bar Swedes, assorted sizes... @ 162 50
 Bar, English and American, Refined... 112 50 @ 1 7 50
 do do Common 105 00 @
 Scroll... 1 2 00 @ 1 70 00
 Ovals and Half Round 1 7 50 @ 1 47 50
 Band... @ 1 42 50
 Horse Shoe... 13 50 @ 1 42 50
 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 1 7 50 @ 1 72 50
 Hoop... 1 1 50 @ 2 13 00
 Nail Rod... 2 1/2 @ 1 1/2
 Sheet, Russia... 20 @ 22
 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble... 6 1/2 @ 8
 Zails, Eng. (g'd) per ton 55 0 @
 do American... 85 00 @ 90 00

Ivory-Duty, 10 cent ad val.
 East India, Prime per lb 8 2 @ 3 50
 East Ind, Billiard Ball 8 50 @ 4 50
 African, W. C., Prime 8 25 @ 3 40
 African, Serivel, W. C. 2 00 @ 2 50

Lead-Duty, Pig, \$2 per 100 lb.; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents per lb.; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Galena... per 100 lb @
 Spanish... (gold) 6 65 @ 6 57 1/2
 German... (gold) 6 65 @ 7 00
 English... (gold) 6 75 @ 7 12 1/2
 Bar... @ 10 25
 Pipe and Sheet... net @ 10 25

Leather-Duty: sole 35, upper 30 cent ad val.
 Oak, Slaughter, light... 31 @ 38
 do do middle... 39 @ 44
 do do heavy... 49 @ 43
 do light Cropped... 44 @ 47
 do middle do... 48 @ 53
 do bellies do... 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2
 Heml'k, B. A., &c... 3 1/2 @ 8 1/2
 do do middle... 32 @ 33
 do do heavy... 35 @ 36
 do Califor., light... 30 @ 31
 do do middle... 31 @ 32
 do do heavy... 34 @ 35
 do Orino., etc... 29 @ 30
 do do middle... 31 @ 32
 do do heavy... 33 @ 34
 do do B. A... 28 @ 30
 do dam'gd all w'g's... 21 @ 24
 do do poor do... 21 @ 24
 do Slauch. in rough... 36 @ 35
 Oak, Slauch. in rou., l't do do do mid... 36 @ 42
 do do do heavy... 36 @ 46

Lime-Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Rockland, com. per bbl. @ 1 70
 do heavy... @ 2 20

Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.-Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.; Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.
 Spruce, East. per M ft 19 00 @ 20 00
 Southern Pine... 40 00 @ 45 00
 White Pine Box B'ds 30 00 @ 32 00
 White Pine Merch.
 Box Boards... 33 00 @ 33 00
 Clear Pine... 80 00 @ 100 00
 Laths, Eastern. per M 8 25 @
 Poplar and White wood B'ds & Pl'k. 55 00 @ 65 00
 Cherry B'ds & Plank 80 00 @ 90 00
 Oak and Ash... 60 00 @ 65 00
 Maple and Birch... 35 00 @ 40 00
 Black Walnut... 100 00 @ 120 00

STAVES-
 White oak, pipe, extra... @ 200 00
 do pipe, heavy... @ 250 00
 do pipe, light... @ 200 00
 do pipe, culls. 120 @ 180 00
 do hhd., extra... @ 250 00
 do hhd., heavy... @ 200 00
 do hhd., light... @ 12 00
 do hhd., culls... @ 100 00
 do bbl., extra... @ 175 00
 do bbl., heavy... @ 140 00
 do bbl., light... @ 110 00
 do bbl., culls... @ 60 00
 Red oak, hhd., h'vy... @ 130 00
 do hhd., light... @ 90 00

HEADING-White oak, hhd... @ 150 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood-Duty free.
 Mahogany, St. Domingo, crotches, per ft... 25 @ 50

do St. Domingo, ordinary logs... 7 @ 10
 do Port-au-Platt, crotches... 30 @ 40
 do Port-au-Platt, logs... 12 @ 15
 do Nuevitas... 12 @ 15
 do Mansanilla... 12 @ 16
 do Mexican... 15 @ 17
 do Honduras (American wood)... 14 @ 20
 Cedar, Nuevitas... 14 @ 15
 do Mansanilla... 14 @ 15
 do Mexican... 10 @ 14
 do Florida, per c. ft. 50 @ 1 00
 Rosewood, R. Jan. per lb 5 @ 8
 do Bahia... 4 @ 6

Molasses-See special report.

Nails-Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2; horse shoe 2 cents per lb.
 Cut, 4d. @ 60d. per 100 lb 6 75 @
 Clinch... 8 25 @ 8 50
 Horse shoe, f'd (6d) per lb 22 @ 32
 Horse shoe, pressed... 22 @ 24
 Copper... 48 @
 Yellow metal... 30 @ 32
 Zinc... @ 20

Naval Stores-Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 cent ad val.
 Turpentine, f... 23 00 @ 6 00
 Tar, Am rica... bbl 2 00 @ 2 5
 Pitch... @ 4 50
 Rosin, common... 4 25 @
 do strained... No. 2... 1 0 @ 5 00
 do No. 1... 5 50 @ 7 50
 do Pale and Extra (250 lbs.)... 8 00 @ 11 50
 Spirits turp., Am. per gal 68 @ 69

Oakum-Duty fr., per lb 9 1/2 @ 11 1/2

Oil Cake-Duty: 20 cent ad val.
 City thin obl'g, in bbls. per ton 56 00 @
 do in bags... @ 54 00
 West. thin obl'g, do 53 00 @

Oils-Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1; burning fluid, 50 cents per gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries), 20 cent ad val.
 Olive, qs (gold) per case 4 25 @
 do in casks, per gal... 1 65 @
 Palm... per lb @ 11
 Linseed, city... per gall. 1 20 @ 1 25
 Whale... 1 15 @ 1 20
 do refined winter... 1 20 @ 1 5
 Sperm, crude... 2 40 @
 do do unbleach... 2 90 @ 2 95
 Lard oil... 1 25 @
 Red oil, city distilled... 85 @ 90
 Bank... 1 00 @
 Straits... 1 05 @
 Paraffine, 28-30 gr... 45 @ 55
 Kerosene... (free). 51 @

Paints-Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents per lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent per lb; dry ochres, 56 cents per 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents per lb; ochre, ground in oil, \$1 50 per 100 lb; Spanish brown 25 cent ad val; China clay, \$5 per ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 cent ad val; white chalk, \$10 per ton.
 Litharge, City... per lb 12 @ 12 1/2
 Lead, red, City... 12 @ 12 1/2
 do white, American, pure, in oil... @ 14
 do white, American, pure, dry... 12 @
 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1... 9 @ 9 1/2
 do white, American, No. 1, in oil... 10 @ 11
 do white, French, in oil... 14 @ 15
 Ochre, yellow, French, dry... per 100 lb 2 50 @ 3 50
 do gr'd in oil, per lb 8 @ 10
 Spanish brown, dry per 100 lb... 1 50 @
 do gr'd in oil, per lb 8 @ 9
 Paris wh., No. 1 per 100 lb 8 75 @
 Whiting, Amer... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
 Vermilion, Chinese per lb 1 40 @ 1 45
 do Trieste... 1 10 @ 1 15
 do Cal. & Eng... 1 85 @ 1 50
 do American... 30 @ 40
 Venet. red (N.C.) per cwt 3 25 @
 Carmine, city made per lb 16 00 @ 20 00
 China clay... per ton 30 00 @ 32 00
 Chalk... per bbl. 5 00 @
 Chalk, block... per ton... @ 33 00
 Chrome yellow... per lb 15 @ 49
 Barytes, oreign... 40 @ 55

Petroleum-Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents per gallon.
 Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. per gal. @ 70
 Refined, free... @ 46 1/2
 do in bond... 9 @
 Naptha, refined... 25 @ 26
 Residuum... per bbl. 4 50 @

Plaster Paris-Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cent ad val.
 Blue Nova Scotia per ton... @ 4 50
 White Nova Scotia... 5 00 @ 5 50
 Calcined, eastern per bbl... @ 2 40
 Calcined, city mills... @ 2 50

Provisions-Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; lams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts per lb.
 Beef, plain mess per bbl. 12 00 @ 18 00
 do extra mess... 17 00 @ 20 00
 Pork, mess, new... 19 00 @ 20 50
 do mess Old... 18 25 @ 19 50

do prime, do... 18 75 @ 17 25
 Lard... per lb 1 1/2 @ 1 2 1/2
 Hams... 10 @ 1 1/2
 Shoulders... 9 @ 10

Rice-Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents per lb.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents per lb.
 Carolina... per 100 lb 9 0 @ 9 50
 East India, dressed... @

Salt-Duty: sack, 24 cents per 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents per 100 lb.
 Turks Islands per bush. 56 @
 Cadiz... @
 Liverpool, gr'nd per sack 1 90 @ 1 95
 do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 75 @
 do fine, Worthing's 2 85 @ 2 90
 Onondaga, com. fine bls. 2 50 @ 2 60
 do do 210 lb bgs. 1 50 @ 2 00
 do do per bush. 45 @ 50
 Solar coarse... 54 @ 56
 Fine screened... 50 @ 52
 do... per pkg. @ 3 25
 F. F... 240 lb bgs. 2 85 @ 3 00

Saltpetre-Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent per lb.
 Refined, pure... per lb @ 16
 Crude... @ 9 1/2
 Nitrate soda... gold 4 @

Seeds-Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1 cent per lb; canary, \$1 per bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val.
 Clover... per lb 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
 Timothy, reaped per bus 3 25 @ 3 50
 Canary... per bus 4 25 @ 4 75
 Linseed, Am. clean per tce @
 do Am. rough per bus 2 50 @ 2 60
 do Calcutta... gold 2 25 @

Shot-Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Drop... per lb 10 1/2 @
 Buck... 11 @

Silk-Duty: free. All thrown silk. 35 cent.
 Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3. per lb 12 50 @ 13 00
 Taysams, superior,
 No. 1 @ 2... 11 50 @ 12 00
 do medium, No. 3 @ 4 9 00 @ 10 50
 Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2 9 50 @ 9 75
 Japan, superior... 11 50 @ 13 50
 do Medium... 10 00 @ 11 00
 China thrown... @

Skins-Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Goat, Curacos per lb gold @
 do Buenos A. gold 85 @ 57 1/2
 do Vera Cruz gold @
 do Tampico... gold 45 @ 50
 do Matamoros... gold @
 do Payta... gold 85 @ 87
 do Madras, each cash @
 do Cape... cash @
 Deer, San Juan per lb gold 52 1/2 @ 60
 do Bolivar... gold @
 do Honduras... gold 57 @ 60
 do Sisal... gold 57 1/2 @ 60
 do Para... gold 62 1/2 @ 65
 do Vera Cruz... gold @
 do Chagres... gold @
 do Puerto Cab... gold @

Soap-Duty: 1 cent per lb, and 25 cent ad val.
 Castile... per lb. 17 @ 17 1/2

Spelter-Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.
 Plates, foreign per lb gold @ 6 1/2
 do domestic... 10 @ 10 1/2

Spices-See special report.

Steel-Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents per lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts per lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.)
 English, cast, per lb... 18 @ 22 1/2
 German... 1 1/2 @ 14 1/2
 American, spring... 12 @ 15
 Amer c'n cast... 1 @
 English, spring... 10 @ 12
 English bister... 11 @ 19
 English machinery... 18 @ 14

Sumac-Duty: 10 cent ad val.
 Sicily... per ton 125 00 @ 225 00

Sugar-See special report.

Tallow-Duty: 1 cent per lb.
 American, prime, country and city per lb... 1 @ 11 1/2

Teas-See special report.

Tin-Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val. Plate and sheets andterne plates, 25 per cent ad val.
 Banca... per lb (gold) 24 @
 Straits... (gold) 22 @ 2 1/2
 English... (gold) 2 1/2 @
 Plates, char. I. C. per box 12 50 @ 13 00
 do I. C. Coke... 10 75 @ 12 50
 do Terne Charcoal... 10 @ 12 50
 do Terne Coke... 9 50 @ 10 00

Tobacco-See special report.

Whalebone-Duty: foreign fishery, 20 p. c. ad val.
 South Sea... per lb @ 1 15
 North west coast... @ 1 25
 Ochotsk... @
 Polar... 1 10 @ 1 2 1/2

Wines and Liquors-Liquors -Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon; other liquors, \$2.50. Wines -Duty: value net over 50 cents per gal-

lon 20 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over 5 and not over 100, 50 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over \$1 per gallon, \$1 per gallon and 25 cent ad val.

Brandy-
 J. & F. Martell (gold) 5 20 @ 10 50
 Hennessy... (gold) 5 20 @ 10 50
 Otard, Dup. & Co. do 5 15 @ 10 50
 Pinet, Castil. & Co. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Renault & Co. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 J. Vassal & Co. do 5 00 @ 10 50
 Jules Robin... do 5 20 @ 10 00
 Marrette & Co. do @
 United V. Prop. do @
 Vine Grow. Co. do 5 15 @ 10 50
 Leger freres... do @
 Other br'ds Cog. do 5 0 @ 7 00
 Pellevoisin freres do 4 90 @ 5 0
 A. Seignette... do 4 90 @ 5 00
 Hiv. Pellevoisin do 4 85 @ 4 90
 Alex. Seignette. do 4 85 @ 4 95
 Arzac Seignette. do 4 85 @ 4 95
 J. Romieux... do 4 75 @
 Other Rochelle. do 4 25 @ 4 85
 Rum-Jamaica... do 4 25 @ 6 00
 St. Croix... do 3 50 @ 3 60
 Gin-Differ. brands do 2 90 @ 3 50
 Whisky-S. & Ir. do 4 00 @ 4 90
 Dom'c-N.E. Rum. cur. 2 45 @ 2 60
 Bourbon Whisky. cur. 2 40 @ 2 60
 Corn Whisky (n b'nd) 4 1 @ 4 3
 Wines-Port... (gold) 2 00 @ 8 00
 Burgundy Port. do 55 @ 1 20
 Sherry... do 1 15 @ 8 00
 Madeira... do 4 00 @ 8 00
 do Marcellies do 75 @ 1 10
 Pherry, d... do 75 @ 1 10
 Malaga, sweet... do 1 75 @ 1 75
 do dry... do 1 10 @ 1 50
 Claret, in hds. do 3 00 @ 150 00
 do in cases. do 2 25 @ 30 00
 Champagne... do 11 00 @ 25 00

Wire-Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered \$2 to \$3 50 per 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val.
 No. 0 to 18... 15 cent off list.
 No. 19 to 26... 25 & 5 cent off list.
 No. 27 to 36... 30 & 5 cent off list
 Telegraph, No. 7 to 11
 Plain... per lb 9 @ 10
 Brass (less 15 p cent) 47 @
 Copper do 57 @

Wool-Duty: costing 12 cents or less per lb, 8 cents per lb; over 12 and not more than 24, 7 cents; over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 cent ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents per lb, and 1 cent ad valorem; on the skin, 3 cent ad val.
 Amer., Sax. fleece per lb 50 @ 65
 do full bl'd Merino. 48 @ 58
 do 1/2 and 3/4 Merino... 40 @ 45
 Extra, pulled... 50 @ 55
 Superfine... 40 @ 50
 No. 1, pulled... 30 @ 40
 California, unwashed... 30 @ 40
 do common... 20 @ 25
 do pulled... 30 @ 45
 Texas... 18 @ 32
 Peruvian, unwashed... 23 @ 31
 Valparaiso, unwashed... 27 @ 30
 S. Amer. Mestiza, unw... 32 @ 34
 do common, unw... 18 @ 28
 Entre Rios, washed... @
 do unwashed... 22 @ 24
 S. American Cordova... 40 @ 45
 Donskol, washed... 42 @ 48
 Persian... 25 @ 30
 African, unwashed... 15 @ 25
 do washed... 30 @ 40
 Mexican, unwashed... 20 @ 25
 Smyrna, unwashed... 22 @ 25
 do washed... 35 @ 45

Zinc-Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 per 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents per lb.
 Sheet... per lb 12 @ 12 1/2

Freights-
 To LIVERPOOL: s. d. s. d.
 Cotton... per lb 1/2 @ 5 16
 Flour... per bbl. @ 2 0
 Petroleum... @ 4 6
 Heavy goods... per ton 10 0 @
 Oil... @ 20 0
 Corn, b'k & bags per bus. @ 4
 Wheat, bulk and bags @ 4
 Beef... per tce. @ 2 0
 Pork... per bbl. @ 1 6
 To LONDON:
 Heavy goods... per ton @ 20 0
 Oil... @ 21 6
 Flour... per bbl. @ 2 0
 Petroleum... @ 5 6
 Beef... per tce. @ 4 6
 Pork... per bbl. @ 3 6
 Wheat... per bush. @ 6
 Corn... @ 5 1/2
 To GLASGOW (By Steam):
 Flour... per bbl. @ 2 0
 Wheat... per bush. @ 5 0
 Corn, bulk and bags... @ 5 6
 Petroleum (sa'l) per bbl. @ 5 6
 Heavy goods... per ton 20 0 @ 30 0
 Oil... @ 25 0
 Beef... per tce. @ 5 0
 Pork... per bbl. @ 3 6
 To HAVRE:
 Cotton... per lb 1 @
 Hops... @
 Beef and pork... per bbl. 1 00 @
 Measur. g'ds per ton 10 0 @
 Wheat, in shipper's bags... per bush. @
 Flour... per lb @
 Petroleum... 5 6 @ 6
 Lard, tallow, cut m t etc... per lb 1 @
 Ashes, pot and pear... 8 @ 10

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES.—The following statement gives the aggregates of the railroad interest in each of the great sections of the country January 1, 1867 :

Table with 5 columns: Sections, Miles of road projected or in progress, Miles of road completed and in use, Total amount, Amount per mile. Rows include Six New England States, Five Middle Atlantic States, etc.

From this showing it appears that we are building railroads at the rate of more than four miles a day ; but at what cost cannot be ascertained, as a large portion of the increased, cost as above, has been made by expenditures in improving and equipping existing lines, and this nearly to the amount given as the increased cost per mile, viz., \$1,725.

CONSOLIDATION IN ARKANSAS.—The Memphis and Little Rock and the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad Companies have been consolidated under the name of the Central Pacific Railroad Company.

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY'S RAILROAD.—The new railroad constructed by this company between Penn Haven and

Whitehaven was opened on the 31st ult. ; also the road from South Wilkesbarre to the new depot at Market street. The whole road between Wilkesbarre and the head of navigation of the Lehigh, above Mauch Chunk, a distance of over 50 miles, is now completed.

CASUALTIES BY RAILROAD AND STEAMBOATS.—The number of casualties, whether by way or water, if we are to believe recorded statistics, were not excessive in 1866. Compared with the two previous years they show a very gratifying diminution, and satisfy us that the safety of travel is increasing.

Table with 4 columns: BY RAILROAD, BY STEAMBOAT, Killed and Wnd'd. Rows list years from 1857 to 1866 with corresponding casualty counts.

RIVER DAMS AND RAILROADS.—Improvements on the Connecticut River appear to be carried on with the right sort of energy, and the railroad companies are following their track. The Connecticut River Railroad Company contemplate the construction of a branch railroad 3 1/2 miles long from Greenfield to Truner's Falls, Mass., where the new dam across the Connecticut for factory purposes is expected to produce another Holyoke.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table showing monthly earnings for various railroads from 1864 to 1866. Columns include railroad names, years, and monthly earnings in dollars.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

Table with columns for Description, Amount outstanding, Interest, Principal payable, and Friday (Bid/Ask). It lists various railroad and canal bonds from companies like Alexandria and Fredericksburg, Atlantic & Gt. Western, and many others, including their respective interest rates and maturity dates.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal payable, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd). The table lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous bonds with their respective terms and prices.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), COMPANIES (Marked thus (*) are leased roads, and have fixed incomes), Stock out-standing, Dividend, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask). The table lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous stock companies with their respective financial details and market prices.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bemis Heights, Benschhoff Run, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various copper mining companies like Adventure, Elmt, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$300,000, in 20,000 shares. § Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various gold and silver mining companies like Alpine, Albin, American Flag, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, Lake Superior Iron, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Large table with columns: Capital, Assets, Dividend, Last paid, Bid, Last Sale. Lists numerous insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISING.

The rate for advertising in the CHRONICLE is 15 cents a line for each insertion. A discount on this rate will be made when the advertisement is continued for three months or more.

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Table listing various advertisement categories and their corresponding page numbers, such as Commercial Cards, Steamship Companies, Insurance, etc.

Insurance.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE:

NO. 156 BROADWAY.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL--\$2,500,000
CAPITAL PAID IN-----\$300,000

Assets, Jan. 1, 1867.....\$533,245 70
Liabilities..... 26,812 00
Net Assets, Jan. 1, 18 7 \$5,1433 70

The following Abstract is from a statement made to the Stockholders of the business for the year ending December 31, 1866:

INCOME.

Premiums received, after deducting amounts paid for Re-insurance, Return Premiums and Commissions \$238,335 03
Interest 32,661 74
\$271,046 32

EXPENDITURES.

Expenses, including Government and Local Taxes..... \$53,522 60
Losses, including all unsettled Losses..... 137,411 70
\$190,924 31
Earnings..... \$80,112 52

James M. McLean,
President.

Edward A. Walton,
Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, OVER \$16,000,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, } ISAAC ABBATT.
 } JOHN M. STUART.

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOWANS.

Niagara Fire Insurance Company.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1865 270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance Company,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1866.
Cash capital..... \$400,000 00
Surplus..... 156,303 98
Gross Assets..... \$556,303 98
Total Liabilities..... 24,550 00

BENJ. S. WALCOTT,
President.

J. REMSEN LANE, Secretary.

Insurance.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866..... \$1,366,699

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the present time, Losses amounting to over EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to **One Hundred and Twenty-one and a half per cent.**

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight. Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

Joseph Walker, Aaron L. Reid,
James Freeland, Ellwood Walter,
Samuel Willets, D. Colden Murray,
Robert L. Taylor, E. Haydock White,
William T. Frost, N. L. McCready,
William Watt, Daniel T. Willets,
Henry Eyre, L. Edgerton,
Cornelius Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt,
E. E. Morgan, John S. Williams,
Her. A. Schleicher, William Nelson, Jr.,
Joseph Slagg, Charles Dimon,
Jas. D. Fish, A. William Heye,
Geo. W. Hennings, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, Paul N. Spofford.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.

C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Security Insurance Co.,

No. 119 BROADWAY,

Cash Capital, One Million Dollars, (\$1,000,000.)

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

A. F. HASTINGS, President.

FRANK W. BALLARD, Secretary.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$500,000 0

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1866 205,989 83

TOTAL ASSETS \$705,989 83

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

H O P E

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$200,000 00
Assets, March 9, 1866 - - - 252,553 22
Total Liabilities - - - - - 26,850 00
Losses Paid in 1865 - - - - 201,588 14

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,
JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,
STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,
JACOB REESE, JOSEPH GRAFTON,
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B. WARD,
D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,
WILLIAM REMSEN, AMOS ROBBINS,
HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF

The Atlantic Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK, JANUARY 27TH, 1863,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1865:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1865, to 31st December, 1865 \$6,933,146 80
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1865 2,019,324 73

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$8,952,471 53

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1865 to 31st December, 1865.... \$6,764,146 38

Losses paid during the same period..... \$3,659,173 45

Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$992,341 44

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks, \$4,328,585 00
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise 3,330,350 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, 221,300 00
Dividends on Stocks, Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans; sundry notes, re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at..... 144,964 43
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. 3,283,801 96
Cash in Bank; Coin..... 80,462 00
do do U. S. Treasury Note Currency 310,551 78
Total Amount of Assets..... \$12,199,975 17

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February next.

Fifty per cent of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February next, from which date interest on the amount, so redeemable, will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty-five Per Cent declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1865,

for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Third of April next.

By order the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones, Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis, Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore, Joshua J. Hentry,
Henry Coit, Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis, J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell, Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook, C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston, B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps, Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow, Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot, Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.
William E. Dodge, Gordon W. Burnham,
Geo. G. Hobson, Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane, James Low
James Bryce, Georg Stephenson,
Leroy M. Wiley, William H. Webb.
Daniel S. Miller.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't,
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.

Insurance.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS.)

49 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1866 - - \$2,716,424 32

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, *Pres't.*

EDWARD P. ANTHONY, *Vice-Pres't*

ISAAC H. WALKER, *Sec'y.*

Queen Fire Ins. Comp'y

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Authorized Capital - £2,000,000 Stg.

Subscribed Capital - £1,885,220 Stg.

Paid up Capital & Surplus - - - - \$1,392,115

Special Fund of \$200,000, deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.

United States Branch, No. 117 Broadway, N. Y.

GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.

WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

Steamship and Express Co.'s.



STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA via PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 21st of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$34 for first class, and \$218 to \$243 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.

Children under three years, free; under eight years, quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do. in ladies' cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William-st., New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

To CALIFORNIA,

And Carrying the United States Mail.



LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

JANUARY:

1st—ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with ST. LOUIS
21st—NEW YORK, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

Bankers, Merchants, and

others should send by the **HARDEN EXPRESS, 65 Broadway,** as they have unsurpassed facilities for the rapid and safe forwarding of **Gold, Silver, Jewelry, and Merchandise** of every description. Also for the collection of notes, drafts, and bills, bills accompanying goods, &c.

Financial.

To Bankers, Brokers and Dealers in Government and other Securities.

BONDS STOLEN!

\$10,000 Reward!

The ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY will pay a REWARD OF TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS for the recovery of Government Securities contained in a tin box stolen from their Safe on the 10th instant, and will pay in that proportion for the recovery of any portion of the said Securities. The public are cautioned against negotiating said Securities.

5 per cent Coupon 1874 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.

- Nos. 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 4931, 10695, 10696, 11341, 11950, 11951, 12952, 12953, 12954, 12955, 12956, 12957, 12958, 12959, 12990, 14493, 14494, 1449, 14496, 14962, 15159, 15160, 15161, 16761, 16762, 16763, 16764, 16765, 16766, 16767, 16768, 16769, 16770, 16771, 1677, 16773, 16774, 16775, 16776, 16777, 16778, 16779, 16780, 16781, 16782, 16783, 16784, 16785, 16786, 16787, 16788, 16789, 16790, 16791, 16792, 16793, 16794, 16795, 16796, 16797, 16798, 16799, 16800, 5989, 14026.]

6 per cent. Coupon 1881 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.

Payable to the order of Adam Norrie and Benjamin B. Sherman, Committee, and not endorsed.

- Nos. 65997, 65998, 65999, 66000, 66001, 66002, 66003, 66004, 66005, 66006, 66007, 66008, 66009, 66010, 66011, 66012, 66013, 66014, 66015, 66016, 66017, 66018, 66019, 66020, 66021, 66022.

7-30 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.

- Nos. 12099, 20899, 25045, 25046, 25047, 25040, 34556, 75599, 116634, 117827, 117828, 117829, 117830, 117831, 118903, 124,719.

5-20 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.

- Nos. 26551, 28870, 38806, 38805, 38807, 38804, 38808, 28867, 28868.

6 per cent. 1881 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.

- Nos. 8902, 8906, 8903, 8904, 8908, 8910, 8909, 8911, 8907, 8904, 8899, 8905, 8901, 8900, 8893, 8896, 8897, 8895.

1267, 1266, 1264, 1265, 15486, 15487, \$500 each.

U. S. Coupon Bonds 5 per cent. 10-40.

- Nos. 36239, 98913, 98814, 102542, \$1,000 each.
- Nos. 35275, 35276, 35277, 35278, 35279, 35280, 35281, 35282, \$500 each.

Registered Stock of 1881, \$10,000 Each.

Nos. 9662, 9663, 9664.

Registered Stock of 1881, \$5,000 Each.

Nos. 7224, 7273, 7279, 7280, 7281, 7282, 6911, 2618.

Registered Stock of 1881, \$1,000 Each.

Nos. 17404, 18333, 18339, 18340, 18,254.

7-30 per cent. Bonds.

Nos. 1782, 1733, \$5,000 each. 11273, \$1,000

56, WALL STREET, NEW YORK

DECEMBER 11 1866.

Financial.

CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

P. C. CALHOUN, Pres. BILLOFF SEAMAN, Cash.
JOSEPH STUART, V. P. ANTHONY LANE, Ass. Cash.

New York, January 9, 1867.

At the annual election for Directors of this Bank, for the ensuing year, the following gentlemen were duly elected:

Directors.

Edwin Hoyt, Timothy G. Churchill,
Joseph Stuart, Joseph B. Hoyt,
John M. Furman, Henry Swift,
Charles L. Anthony, George Opdyke,
Philo C. Calhoun.

For Inspectors of Next Election.

T. Belknap, Jr., E. L. Bolles, C. E. Detmold.
At a subsequent meeting of the Board Mr. P. C. Calhoun was unanimously re-elected President, and Joseph Stuart, Vice-President.

B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

Commercial Cards.

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Blair, Densmore & Co.,

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Bags, Port-monnaies, Tapa and
Carved Wood Articles,
Toilet Articles,
and the

ST. GERMAIN STUDY LAMP.

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Late WERCKMEISTER'S,

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Henry Lawrence & Sons,

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FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,

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97 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK.

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SEWING-MACHINE THREADS, ETC.

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SOLE AGENTS IN NEW YORK,

No. 108 Duane Street.

P. P. OLDERSHAW,**ACCOUNTANT,**

62 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Books Examined. Accounts Adjusted.

REFERENCES:

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DAVID WALLACE, S. L. M. BARLOW,
C. H. HARNEY, McANDREW & WANN.**W. H. Schieffelin & Co.**

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Anthracite and Charcoal Pig Irons, Ingot Copper, Spelter, Tin, Antimony, &c., Old and New Railroad Iron, Bloom Irons, Car Wheel Pig Irons.

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