 cation. Orders promptly executed.
A. C. Graham,

HANEERANDEROKER, 3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, DEALER in
Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Southern Bills on London and Paris, Bills on Memphis, New Orleans and Mobile.
Tyler, Wrenn \& Co., NO. 18 WANKERS,
Buy and Rell at most liberal rates, GO VERNMENT BECURITLES, GOLD, \&C. Orders for purchase and TYLIER, UHLMANN \&: CO., Chicago.
J. Van Schaick, 38 Broad Street,
BANKER AND ETOCK BROKIER.
©OUTEREN BANE NOTES.
Edwin Q. Bell,
EANEERANDEROKEIR,
In Southern Securities and Bank Bills.
80 BROADWAT \& 5 NEW STREET, New York.
Southern Collections.
Harrison, Garth \& Co., BANKERS,
No. 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
titarrison, Goddin \& Apperson,
BaNEERS AND Brokers,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Oollections made on all accessible Southern points.
J. L. Brownell \& Bro., BANEERS \& BREOKERS 28. BROAD STREET', NEW YORK, Bought and Sold exclueively on Commission Gold Accounts of Banks, Bankera and Individuals received on favorable terms.
J. H. Fonda, Pres. Nat. Mech. Banking Ass. N. Y.
C. B. Blati, Pres't. Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

Barstow, Edey \& Co.,
RANKERS a HROKERS,
HAVE REMOVED FROM NO. 80 TO
No. 86 itroad street. Dince No. 16.
DEALIGRE IN GOVGRNMENT AND
Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Cur-
Mency, 䲱ject to Check at Sight. Gold loanod to

$|$| Bankers and Brokers. |
| :---: |
| Tacquelin \& De Coppet, |
| No. 26 new strimer, N. |
| Railroad stocks, |
| Bonds, |
| Gold, and |
| Government securitien, |

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSIUN. Joun H. Jacquelin. Henrit De Coppet
L. S. Watkins,

NO, 11 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, EBANKIGR,
And Dealer in all Classes of Govern-
ment Securitionand Gold.
ment Securities and Goid.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and British America.
Gilliss, Harney \& Co., BANKERS,
NO. 24 BROAD STIREET.
Buy and Sell at Market Kates.
ALL UNITED STATES SECURETIES. Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, 8 ANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily bslances,
subject to sight draft. subject to sight draft.
And promptly execute orders for the formerms, Sale of Gold, state, Federal and Railroad Secorities.
M. K. Jesup \& Company,

BANEERS AND MERCEANTS,
Nerotiate - 84 BRUADWAY.
Negotiate and Loans for Railroad cose Contract for
Iron or Steel IBails, Locomotives,
Cars, etc.g Cars, etc.g
and undertake
DrakeKleinwort\&Cohen
LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.
The subscriber, their representative ann Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort \& Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits apon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, \&c. Marginal oredits of the London House issued for the same purposes. SIMON DF VISSER,
52 Exchange Piace, New York.
Lockwood \& Co., mo , broan maykers.
meat
 Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and CurMerchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.
John Munroe \& Co., ambrican bankers,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS
No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, Issue Circular Letters of Ored. tor Trarelers in a
parts of Europe, eto., oto Also Ccmucercial Credits

## Bankers and Brokers.

Satterlee \& Co., 70 BROADWAY \& 15 NEW STREET.

## STOCKS AND BONDS

 BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,GOVERNMENTSECURITIES,
all variettrs.
Duncan, Sherman \& Co., HBNKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE
CIROULAR' NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of tife world; also, COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.
Vermilye \& Co., BANEEES.
No. 44 Wall street. New Yerk, Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a
UNITEDSTATES STOCKS
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881 including
6 Per Cent $5-\% 0$ Bonds of 18
${ }_{5}^{6}$ Per Cent 10-40 Bonds, 1865,
5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
7
7
3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2 d , \& 8 d series 6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.
New Y6rk State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERN MENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKKRS
Compound Interest Notes of $1864 \&$ 1865 Bought and Sold. VERMILYE \& CO.

Western Bankers.
NORTHOWESTEERN STATES
Geo. C. Smith \& Bro., 48 LASELHE STR, CHICAGO, (Lake Bank of Montreal.)
Special attention given to collections. Draw on-Drexel, Winthrop \& Co. and Winslow, phia, and Bank of Montreal, Cansda. Co., Philadel
The Marine Company OF CHICAGO.

[^0]Robert Reid...................... Manager.
General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.

## Bankers and Brokers.

 Fourth National Bank. Capital.$\$ 5,000,000$ NASBAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STRRET. All the Government Ioans for male.

Colleetions made for Dealers on best terms.
Central National Bank, 318 BROADWAY.
Oapital..........................\$8,000,000.
Has for sale all descriptions of Government BondsCity and Country accounts received on terms mas favorable to our Correspondents.
Oollections made in all parts of the United Stata and Oanadas.
Wiri WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President
Tenth National Bank. capttal.

NO. 240 BROADWAY.
Designated Depository of the Government. Bankors' and Dealers' Accounts solicited.
J. H. Stout, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President.

The Tradesmens NATIONAL BANE.
291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL................................... $\$ 1,0{ }^{\circ} 0,000$ SURPLUS .................................. 400,00e RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

## C. POWELL, GREEN \& CO.

Bankers \& Commission MERCHANTS,
38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Stecks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

## Wilson, Callaway \& Co.,

BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 44 Broad Street, N. Y.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers, and others allowed 4 per cent. on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, \&c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspond.
John Bryan \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKEIRS,
NO. 35 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK. Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, and Gold Bought and Sold on Commission.

Orders Promptly Executed.
Jones \& Westervelt, BANKERS \& HROKERS, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, tand Gold, bought and sold on COMMERCIAL PAPER AND LOANS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY NEGOTIATED. NOS. 12 NEW \& 14 BROAD STREETS.

## Lawrence

## Brothers

\& Co.,

## IBANERES

NO 16 WALL STREET, N. Y
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AND OTHER STOCKS, BONDS, $\& 0$.
bought and sold on Commission for CAss Oxir. Drposits received subject to check at wight, as with Banks. DEWITT C. LAWRGNCE, DEW MIember Now York Stock Exchange.
CIRUS J. LAWRENCE, CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,
SOHN R. CECIL.
WM, A, HALSTLED, Cecil, Ravion \& Co.

Southern Bankers.

## National

Bank of the Republic, spa 8 sin cirssinut stremt, philadelphia,
Capital.
$\$ 500,000$
Offors ite services to Banks and Bankerf on liberal terms.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph T. Bailey,
Nathan Hilles,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr
Edward B. Orne wland, Jr., Willam Ervien Frederic A. Hoyt,

Williln H. Reawn, President
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank Josepi P. Mumford, Cashier,

Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.
Washington.
FIRSTNATIONALIBANE H OF WASHINGTON,
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke \& Co.), PRES'T.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, CASHIER.

Government Deponitory and Financial Agent of the United Statos.
We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected With the sev.
GOVErmment.
Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.
ROB'T E. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURT. ROB'T T. BROOKE
R. H. Maury \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS NO. 1014 IMAIN STR., RICHMIOND, VA. Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, ac,
bought and sold on commission. bought Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

Conner \& Wilson,
No. 5 Broad street, Charleston, S. C.,
BANEEHS \& DEALERS
IN FOREIGN\& DOMESTIO EXCHANGE,SPECIE, BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BUNDS. Especial attention paid to Collections. Refer to Duncan, Sherman \& Co., New York;
Drexel \& Co., Philadelphia; Th 3 Franklin Bank; Drexel \& Co., Pbiladelphia; and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury \& Co., Richmond, Va., Charles D. Carr \& Co. Augusta, Ga.

Charles D. Carr \& Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS,
AUGESTA, GA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.
T. H. McMahan \& Co.

COMINISSION MERCHANTS and Dealer: in Domestic and Forelgn Exchange.
GALVESTON, TEXAS. Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, cessible points in the State, and REMITPANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT EXCEANGE AT CURRENT RATES.
National Park Bank REFER TO Mow \& Macy, and Spofford, Tileston \& Co., New York. Second National Co. and D. S. Stetson \& Co., Philadelphia. T. F. Thirkield \& Co, Cincinnati. Third National Bank and Jos. E. Elder \& Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler, Stanard a Co, Mrake, Kleinwerth\& Cohen, London and Liverpool.

## George Butler,

baNEIR AND Comision merghant,
GALVESTON, TEKAS.
(Established in 1847.)
Collections promptiy attended to and remitted for by Sight Drafts on Mensrs. Duncan, She.man \& Co., Bankers, New York.

1. Hefronoes in Now York -Duncan Sherman \& Co; Mosen Tavlor, Esq.; R. H. Iowry Eieq. Pres't. Bank of Republic; Eensy Switt \& Co.; H. B. Clafin \& Co.
OARe日in NeW Koris No, 71 Eroadway.

Easterm Bankers.
Page, Richardson \& Co ,
114 STATE STREET, BOSTON, bllis of exchange on tondo JOEIN MIUNROE AL CO, PARIS.
Commeroial Cradits for the purchase of Merchan dise in England and the Continent. Trave
boroad.
Dupée, Beck \& Sayles, STOCK BROKERS,
No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
Jamks a. DUPEE, James beck, heney sayles

## Western Bankers.

Gilmore, Dunlap \& Co.,
108 \& 110 West Fourih Sircet, CINCINNATIT, OHIHO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS, COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible point and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.
FOR SALE.
J.W. Ellis, Prest. Lewis Wortingaton, V.-Prest. Theodore Stanwood, Cashier
THEETIRSTNATIONAEBANK
Of Cincinnati.
Collections made on all points WEST and SOU'fH, and promptly remitted for. Capital Stock \$1,000,000. Surpluf Fund, $\$ 250,000$ Direct rs.-John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L $\underset{\text { Woods, James A. Frazer, Robert Mitchell, A. S }}{\text { A. }}$ Winslow.
H. J. Rogers, J. Bres. Geffre, Pres.

## Of Denver,

nesignated depository of the $u$. s.
 Transact a General Banking business corner of Blake and F. Sts. DENVER CoLORADD.
D. A. Given, of Watts, Given \& Co., Paducah, Ky. D. A. Grven, of Boyle Co. Ky. L. M. Flournor, Pres't Commercial Bank of Ky. N.S. Ray, late Cash'r Com'l B'k of Ky., Lebanon, Ky BANKING HOUSE OF
Given, Jones \& Co., 33 broad stieet, new vonk.
Raý, Given \& Cu., 43 CAReNDEELET ST., NEW OR-
Orders for the parchase or sale of Government securitien, stockn, Bonds, and Cold,
promptly executed.
Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to cheques at sight.
Special attention given to the Foreign Exchange Business. GIVEN, JoNEs \& Co. are prepared to draw Sterling Bille, at dight or sixtydays, on the Bank of Liverpleans Heuse whll malie Colloctions in that City and at all accessible points South, and remit on the day of payment. We refor to BANE OF AMcRRICA and NAmIMAAK BANE of STATE OTNEW YORE,
to any of the Kentucky Banks.

## D. C. \& R. H. Fiski,

DEALERS IN T. S. SECUREMEES;
NO. 16 NASSAC STREEET,
UNDER THE FOURT每 KATIONAIC BANE,
Buy and Sell at Markot Rates:
U. S. 6s of 1881.
I. S. 10-40 Bonds.
D. 8. $7-30$ Treasury Notes.
I. D. Cortifcates of Indebtedness.

And all clanem of Gorernmont Securitios

# FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS 

OF THE
CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

OF CALIFORNIA.

Interest at the rate of Six por Cent. per annum, payable Semi-Annually, on the First days of January and July.

Principal and Interest payable in U.S. Gold Coin in the City of New York.
Amount of Issue, $\$ 7,336,000$. In Coupon Bonds of $\$ 1,000$ each.
The Bonds have Thirty Years to run, and are secured by a First Mortage, constituting an absolute prior lien on that portion of the Road, Equipments, Franchises, and Entire Property of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, located in the Stata of California, and extending from Sacramento City to the California State Line, forming a part of the GREAT PACRFIC HEAIROAD ROUTE, adopted and aided by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

The amount of these First Mortgage Bonds to be issued per mile, is limited by law to the amount of United States Bonds allowed and issued to aid the construction of the Road, and the Mortgage by which they are secured is declared by $A_{c}$ of Congress to constitute a lien prior and superior to that of the United States Goverement.
The aid received from the Government (in amount equal to this First Mortgage) is economically and judiciously applied to the construction and equipment of the road, together with nearly $\$ 7,000,000$, received from Stock Subscriptions and other sources. The First Mortgage therefore amounts to but about 35 per cent. of the actual cost and value of the Property which it covers.
The road is now completed, equipped and running from Sacramento City to Alta, a distance of 73 miles, and the earnings for the three months ending August 1st, were as follows, viz.:
May, 1866
$\$ 65,11583$
June " "
67,429 78
85,00000

## IN GOLD.

The earnings are steadily increasing, and are estimated at over $\$ 100,000$ in gold for the month of August-the official report for that month not having been received at this date.
The construction of the road is going vigorously forward-24 miles additional being nearly ready for the cars-and it will probably be in full operation to the California State Line- $\mathbf{1 5 6}$ miles from Sacramento City-during the summer of 1867, when its earnings must be very large, as the entire trade of Nevada, and a large proportion of that of Utah, Idaho, and Montana must pass over its line. It has been shown by reliable statistics that in 1863 over $\$ 13,000,000$ in Gold was paid for freighting goods from California to Nevada alone.
This part of the Great Pacific Railroad Route is destined to be one of the most profitable lines of railroad in the world, and its First Mortgage Bonds are among the best secured and most desirable investments ever offered.
Over $\$ 1,000,000$ has already been expended in grading beyond the point to which the road is now running, and the iron is bought and paid for sufficient to lay the track the entire distance to the State line.
The Road has been completed and equipped thus far without the sale of a single dollar of its First Mortgage Bonds, and they are now offered to the public for the first time, after the earnings of the Road have reached the sum of $\$ 100,000$ per month in Gold, only about twenty-five per cent. of which is required for operating expenses.
The Bonds are offered at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1st, in Currency. Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the country.
Romittanoes may be made in drafts on New York, or in Legal. Tender Notes, National Bank Notes, or other funds current in this city, and the Bonds will be forwarded to any address by Express, free of charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or otherwise, will receive punctual attention.

## Fisk \& Натсн, Bankers,

No. 5 Nassau Streiet, N. Y.
N B.-All kinds of Government Securities received at the full 1 narket price in exchange for the above Bonds.

Miscellaneous.
L. P. Morton \& Co., BANKERS,
30 Broad Sireet, New York. Offer for Sale the
First Mortgage Convertible Bonds of the
ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE \& CEI
OAGO RAILROAD CO.,
REDEEMABLEIN i894. Intercst Seven per cent., Free of Government 7 ax Payable semi-annually on 1st April and 1st October, in New York.
PREESENTISSUEOF IBONDS $\$ \mathbf{9 0 0} 000$ Limited to $\$ 15,000$ per mile. This Road is located in one of the mort densel $y$ populated and most highly productive sections of
The Company have completed and in operation ninety miles of road, and are constructiag sist miles, which will be completed within twefe Unths.
connected with thal agreement this line has been road Company, thit of the Chicago and Alton Rail completion of the work now in progress will connect with the same road onc hundred asd twenty-six of ten per cent. le paid Under this agreement a bonu ville and (Jhicago Company, on all trafic delivered to the Chicago and Alton Company, and harmoniou action in conducting the traffic upon the two lines is

FIRSTM
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC THEAILROAD COMPANY of Minnesota. Interest at Seven per cent., semi annually, first January and July, free from Gov ernment Tax in the City of New York. Principal payable in 1892
the state, and has heen completed to St . Cioud eighty miles, nt an ex ense of over $\$ 3,000,000$. THESE BONDS ARE ONLY $\$ 10, v 00$ PER MILE be received in payment. For purticulars apply to be received in payment. For pirticulars apply to
TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers. Co ner Nassau and Pine Sts., New York. SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MIORTGAGE BONDS.

OF THE
North Missouri Rail-

## road Company.

We offer for zale the Seven Per Cent. First Mor gage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Com pany, having thirty years to 1 nn. Coupons paya-
ble in New York on January 1 and July 1 , in each ble in
year.
Bef
year. Before accepting the agency for sale of these bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition and prospects of the road, which was examined by Mr. Wm. Milnor Roberts, and others, on our behall and their highly satisfactory report enables us to re safe and judicious investment.
The proceeds of these bonds $(\$ 6,000,000$ in all) W 1. be used in extending a road, already completed 170 miles into North Missouri, to the lowa State line, where it is to counect with the railroads of lowa Railroad (at Leavenworth) and other railroads leading up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of $\$ 1,000,000$ will cover a complete and well-stocked road of 389 miles in length, costing at least $\$ 10,000,-$ of over $\$ 1,500,000$, or a sum nearly four times be yond the amount needed to pay the interest on these bonds, the income of the road of course increasing every year.
The Ralrosd connects the great City of St. Louis with its est portions of Missouri, but with the States ot Kan sas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads. The frrst 500,000 have been sold at 80 cents, and the remain:ler are now offored at 85 cents. At this rate they yied nearly 81/ per cent. income, and add 20 per cont. to principal at maturity.
office.
JAY COOKR \& CO.

## City of St. Louis 6 PER CENT. BONDS.

Issued for the Improvement of the Wharf and Harbor, 20 years to run, SECURED BY SINKING FUND, INTEREST PAYABLE IN NEW. YOKK CITY, for sale by

POTT, DAVIDSON \& CO., Bankers,
$59 \& 61$ Wall Street.

## American Dock

And Improvement Co., SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.

POTT, DAVIDSON \& JONES,
Bankers, 9 and 61 Wall street.

## Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. Morton \& Co.,

## BINEERS,

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORE. STERLING EXCHANGE
At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travelers' Use, on
L. P. MORTON, BURNS \& CO.,
(58 Oid Broad Street, London,)
AND THE
UNION BANE OE LONDON,
Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.
Telegraphic orderg executed for the Purchase and Sale of Slocks and Bonds in London and New York. Levi P. Morton, Charlfe E. Milnor, Walter h. Burns,
H. Cruger Oakley.

JAY COOKE, $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { H. C. FAHNESTOCK, } \\ \text { EDDFARD DODGE, }\end{array}\right.$ WM. G. MOOREEAD, $\}$
H. D COOKE, $\quad\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { EDWARD DODG } \\ \text { PITT COOKE. }\end{array}\right.$
$\int_{\text {н Y COOK E \& C O., }}^{\text {н. }}$ BAN KEERS.
Coraer Wali and Nassau Sts.
Coraer Wall and Nassau Sts., New York.
No. 114 South 3 d Street,
Philadelphia.
Fifteenth Street, Opposite Treas. Department. Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No, 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.
Mr. Edward Dodee, late of Clark, Dodge \& Co. New York, Mr. H. C. Fannestock, of our Washington House, and Mr. Pitt Cooke, of Sandusky, Ohio, will bé resident partners.
We shall give particular attention to the PURCEASE, bale, and exchange of government arcurities of all 1ssues; to orders for purchase and sale of stocks, bonds and gold, and to all business of National Banks
March $1,1866$.
Pott, Davidson \& Jones, BANKERS AND BROKERS,
(Messrs. Brown Bros \& Co.'s new building), $59 \& 61$ WALL STREET, NEW YOiK.
Bay and sell Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Government Secturitiea. Accounts of Bank\&, Bankers, and Merchant arecived on favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits, subject to check at sight. Tcleg aph.c quotaons furnished to corres, ondents.
Rfferences: James Brown, Esq, of Messrs. Rrferences: James Brown, Esq, of Messrs.
Brown Brothers \& Co.; John Q. Jones, Esq., PresBrown Brothers \& Co. ${ }^{\text {dent of the Chemic }}$ National Bank; James H. Ranker, Esq., Vice-President of the Bank of New Yanker, Es. B. A.

## Heath \& Hughes,

 BANKERS, DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES ANDGOLD، RAILROAD \& MINING STOCK BROKERS
13 Broad street, New York. Deposite recerved, subject to Check, and Intere A. HAWLEY HEATH. T. W. B. HUGHES.

## John Cockle \& Son,

 brokersIn Foreign Exchange, Honds, Notes,
\&c., \&c.
82 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
References.-Moses Taylnt; John Munroe \& Co ; C, Savage, U.S. Appraiser; W. Cockle, Peoria, In.:

## Financial.

## THIE

Market National Bank,
NEW YORK, DECEMBER 21, 1866. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Semi-annual Dividend of FIVE per cent., free of Government Tax, payable to stockholders on and after Janary 9,1867 . The transfer books will be closed until that date. A. GILBERT, Cashier. Ninth National Bank,

## No. 363 Broadway,

NEW YURK, DECEMBER 14, 1866. A DIVID + ND OF SIX FER CENT., FREE OF Goyernment Tox has this day been declare thayable on the 2 d day of January next. The transfer books will close on the $28 d$ inst, to reopen on the 2d January, 1867.
By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

## NATIONAL BANK

Of the Commonwealth,
NEW YORK, DECEMBER 27, 1866.
A DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT., fiee of United States Tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank on WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of January next.

GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.
Office of the Panama Railionad Company, $\}$
Tontine Bulidings, 88 Wall Street, ${ }^{\text {NEW }}$ Youk, THERTY=NINTHMDIVIDEND.-BHE board of directors have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the ONE PER CENT. ou of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, etc., payable to the stockholders or their leg. 1 representatives on and after January 5 . Transifer buoks will be closed from the evening of the 26 th inst . until the morning of January 7 .
HENRY SMITH, Treasure
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { The Chatham National Bank, } \\ \text { New Yore, Dec. } 22,1866 .\end{array}\right\}$
A SEMI-ANNUAL DEVEDEND OF EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of Government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Baik, on and after WEUNESDAY, 2d of January next.
The transfer book will remain closed from the
24th inst., to day of payment inclusive.
By order of the Board.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

BANK OF AMERICA, ${ }_{\text {NEW Y }}$ YORK Dec. 22, 1866. $\}$
DIVIDEND.--TEE PRESIDE V'ANI
DI:ECTORS of the Bank of America have thid day declared a D vidend of 5 per cent. for the current declared a months. free from Government tax. payable to the stockholders on and after WEDNESDAY, January 2, 1867 ; and an Extra Dividend of 3 PER CENT to cover the amount of the State, City and Cank, to be paid to the sharcholders on satisfactory evidence of there being no claim for these taxes.
The transfer books will remain ciosed from this date until the morning of SATURDAY, Januar
1867.

NEW YORE, DECEMBE 121866 -HAMILTON FIR INSIKANCE COMPANY, No. 11 Wall Street. The Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE Per Cent, free of Government Tas, payable on and after janaary $1 \mathrm{st}, 1867$.

JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Metropolitan National Bank, } \\ \text { Me. }\end{array}\right\}$ No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORE, Dec. 18, 1866. $\}$
DTVIDEND. - THHE MRRECTORS OF DIWIDEND. - THEE MTRECTIRIS OF
THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a semi-anrual dividend of Six (6) Per Cent., tree of Government tax, payable on the first Monday of January next.
The transfer books will be closed until January
GEO. I. SENEY, Cashier.
United States Treasury,
NEW YORK, DECEMBER 10, 1866.
INTERNAL REVENUE STAMIPS
Of all denominations can be obtained at this office at the foll commissions allowed by law, viz: On amounts of fifty dollars and upwards, 2 per cent; one hundred dollars and upwards, 3 per cent.; five hundred dollars and upwards 4 per cent.; one thousand dollars and upwards, 5 per cent ; the commie sions being jayable in stamps.
H. H. VAN DYCK,

Assistant Treasurer. ${ }^{7}$

## Financlal.

## FIRST MORTGAGE EONDS

 OF THESouthwest
Pacific Railroad Company.

Principal and Interest Guaranteed by the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, In Coupon Bonds of $\mathbf{\phi 1 , 0 0 0}$ each,
Twenty Years to Run,由UE SEPTEMBERE 15, 1886,
Interent at the rate of per cent. per Annum,
Payable in the City of New York on the First Days of
January and Juiy.

These Bonds are issued on 77 miles of completed road, now in operation to Rolla, in the stare of Missouri, which cost to construct...... $\$ 4,500,000$ And 13 miles of ruad graded, with material
1867, at a cost of .......................... 600,000
Together with 260,000 acies of land, now
being disposed of at a minimum of $\$ 5$
per acre, (maximum, $\$ 4() \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$.............
Say present total value of............. $\$ 6,300,000$
THE AMOUNT OF BONDS ISSUED IS

## \$2,000,000,

Secured by Mortgage to John $P$, Yelverton and Chas. H. Wara, of New York, as Trustees of the

Bya provis on of this mortgage, when lands are sold to the amou't of $\$, 0,00$ it is to cons itute a Special Fand tor the redemption of a like amount of Tne are also receivable at PAR by the Company in payment of its sales of lands.
At $\times t$ Louis this rosd connects with all the East ern Railways, and runs west through the most at tractive parts of the state of M ssouri via Franklin St. James, Rolla, Lebano, Marsfleld, Granby (Lead Mines) and Neosho, to the west line of the state At Sprinfied TIC $A N D: A C$
the Pacific.
When completed, it will preaent a road of 310 miles in leuyth, costing about..... $\$ 12,000,000$ 310 miles in length, costing about $\ldots \ldots . . \$ 12,000,000$
With $1,036,000$ acres of land valued at $.10,000,000$
8howing a total value of.............. $\$ 22,00,000$ With a total amount of Bonds authorized, with the guarantee as above, of $\$ 7,250,000$, whed at a rate not exceeding $\$ 25,000$ per mile of completed work as it progresees.
Of the present ingue of $\$ 2,000,000$ of Bonds, the sum of $\$ 500,000$ is now of fered tor sale at the low rate of 80 per cent. The Company will advauce the rate te 85 per cent. on January 1 st proximo.
For further particulers apply to
WARD \& CO., BANKERS,
No. 54 Wall Street, Neio York.
Chicago \& Alton R.R. Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.
Joliet \& Chicago R.R. Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds.
Dubuque \& Sioux City
Railroad Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds and Interest on Dividend Scrip.
Dubuque South-western
Ramroad Coupons of First Mort. Preferred Bondn.

## Detroit and Milwaukee

 Ratlroad Coupons, and
## Detroit and Pontiac

Coupons due January 1st, 1867, will be paid at our onfce, No. 84 BROADWAY, New York, on $2 d$ January next, less Government Tax,
III. K. JESUP \& CO.

## Gelston \& Bússing,

 brokrers inSTOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD. NO. 87 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPREAENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.
VOL. 3.
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1866
NO. 79.

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## The $\mathfrak{C l}$ fonicle.

Tge Commercial and Financial Chronicle is issued every Sizturday morning by the publishers of Huni's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news by mail and telegraph up to midnight f Friday. A Daily Bulletin is issued every morning with all fhe Commercial and Financial news of the previous day up to the hour of publication.

## TERMS OF SUBSGRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

 Commrecial and Finanolal Chbonicle, with The Daily Bulletin, delivered by carriers to city subscribers, and mailed to all others, (exclusive of postage).............................................. Bullestin, (exclusive of postage)........................................ for The Daily bulletin, poithout The Comerercial and Finanoiay CERonicle, (exclusiveof postage)..Canvassing Agents have no authority to collect money.
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## BUSINESS PROSPECTS.

If the end of this year, with the closing up of outstanding engagements which it brings with it, is less satisfactory to most of oar business men, and less remunerative in its pecuniary results, indications are not wanting which give hope of a revival of industrial and commercial enterprise, and we may probably look forward to the early removal of that gloom and torpor which have paralysed of late some of the most precious and vital productive energies of the country. Among these indications of the approach of a happier state of things we must mention first the relaxing of the recent stringency in the loan marhet. If money should work easy we can scarcely fail of an active spring trade. Among the reasons for anticipating such a favorable change in monetary affairs is the fact that in the great reservoirs of loanable capital a large amount of idle funds are now seeking temporary investment. This aggregate of loanable floating surplus has been kept back for some time from various causes, and capi-
talists, as we know, are proverbially disinclined to allow their money, if they can help it, to be idle and unproductive. It is long since we have had, in the great financial centres, so much capital lying in this dormant state, and its amount is about to receive an accession by the payment of the heavy dividends which fall due next week.
A second impulse towards ease is being imparted to the money market from the improved state of public confidence. Among the causes of stringency, we see few more severe in their effects than public distrust. The recent stringency had its origin in a great degree in the shock that was given to public confidence by anticipations of attempts at a speedy return to specie payments, and a fear of the general shrinkage in values, and of the wide-spread bankruptcy and ruin which any sudden attempts to realize such a dangerous financial project must recessarily bring with them. The "scare" seems now to have passed away. A general conviction prevails that nothing violent or rash will be done by the Secretary or authorized by Congress. No experiments are likely to disturb that stability of the currency which is indispensable to national well-being in so active a commercial country as ours, where every body is in business, and is therefore exposed to suffer by every spasm in the volume or purchasing power of the circulating medium.
There is, then, plenty of capital to lend, and increasing confidence, both among the lending and among the borrowing classes. For these reasons, as well as for many others which are too obvious to need mention in this place, we are disposed to look for a gradual easing of the money market. It might be presumptuous for any of us to conclude that this ease will not be very gradually developed and subject to interruption. The drain of currency to the West and South to move the crops has no small effect on the phenomena of the loan market. And, moreover, the National Banks on the first Monday in January make up their quarterly statements, and after the recent discussion relative to the reserves these institutions will very probably make special lefforts, by calling in loans, to make a favorable exhibit. For a few weeks to come perturbations in the money market may arise from such causes, and may be exaggerated by a speculative activity in the stock market, such as seems to be preparing. While thus there is much to awaken caution in our business men, as they endeavor to forecast the money market, we see no ground whatever for despondency or fear.

But there are other reasons besides the expected ease in money which affect our calculations of a revival in business. One of these is the revision of the internal tax laws. Rightly or wrongly, the people are demanding that in the fiscal changes which are contemplated the excise taxes, which in many instances inflict serious injury on business, shall be better adjusted and very much lightened. The Pittsburg

Gazette urged this popular view of taxation in a very forcible article, a few days ago. We make the following extract:
Do the members of Congress realize the degree of difficulty under which many of the productive industries are laboring It seems to us that their adjournment over the holidays, as in ordinary cases, signifies the contrary. Three hundred millicns of dollars a year are collected out of these industries. In many cases the excise duties not only exhaust all profits, but eat largely into capital. This condition of affairs cannot last. Either producers must have relief or production must stop. With the stoppage of production must come rational bankruptcy. Almost every pursuit is pressing to be relieved of the burden of the Almost every pursuit is pressing to be reieved of the bence ought not to be exonerated. If all the pursuits that are in trouble should have the excise dues abrogated in respect to them, the Treasury would soon show an ominous bollowness. What is needful is the relinquishment of the excise, as far as practicable, on oppressed industries, attended by a reasonable increase of impost, so as to give them the home market. This adjustment cannot be accomplished one moment too soon, if so be when it is done it be well done.

Let us not too easily suppose that the prospects of relief from the fiscal burdens oppressing industry are remote. It is sufficient in a free popular government if the people are awake to the fact that as one of the causes of the depression of business is heavy excise taxes, so one important measure of relief will be their removal. We take from the National Intelligencer another and still more suggestive argument of similar purport:
"The voice of the country," says our cotemporary, "is unquestionably in lavor of a large reduction of taxes. The revenue can be kept up to a proper standard by a new and improved system of imposts and excises, which will greatly reduce the cost of all the necessaries and comforts of life. Davufacturers, farmers, importers, laborers-all classes of the people, are crying out for a diminution of the burden of Federal taxes. Persons of moderate means, or those having fixed incomes, who have suffered so much from heavy taxation, and the consequent high prices of all articles of consumption, are especially interested in this reform. It was not to be supposed by the public that the same system of taxation which was necessary during the struggle for national life, and was therefore cheerfully submitted to, should be continued after the object had been secured. To hurry the payment of the national debt, at the hazard of general discontent and wide spread destruction of pub. lic interests, is no part of the policy of the mass of the people who sustained the Government during the late perilous crisis."

Here then we have before us the two great rencedies for the languor and paralysis of business, a stable money market and a judicious distribution of taxation. We are abundantly able, with our national resources, to bear our national burdens; but we can only avail ourselves fully of those resources when monetary perturbation or paralysing taxation are kept in check. It is on this conviction that from various causes both these evils will in their worst forms be less rife among us hereafter, and will gradually almost disappear, that we rest in part the opinion that business prospects will brighten during the coming year.

## THE UNITED STATES AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

We hope that our manufacturers and our merchants are as fully alive as it is desirable they should be to the importance of our being properly represented at the Exhibition of the World's Industry in April next. So far as concerns "commissioners" and other functionaries, the Federal Government and the different State authorities have taken abundant care of us. A trip to Europe is considered by great numbers of our people to be a very agreeable thing; and there is a very common belief that a man who goes to Europe with an official handle to his name will travel more pleasantly and see more of things and men than if he journeyed in the simple character of an American citizen. Without discussing here the accuracy or the inaccuracy of this general belief, we may safely assume that it will move a great many gentlemen to accept commissions in connection with a "World's Fair" which is tolerably certain to be one of the most magnificent as well as one of the most interesting spectacles of the century.
But the very affluence of our official representatives will make it still more important for us to be respectably represented in regard to the products of our industry and our
skill. It will not be believed that we can have sent abroad so many Commissioners to look after an exhibition in which we took no special interest; and whatever may be the show made of our products in Paris, we may be certain that it will be largely regarded as the very best show we could possibly have made. Is there no reason, therefore, to fear that our trade and commerce may suffer rather than be benefitted by the results of this extraordinary convocation of the works and the workmen of the world? It is unfortunate that when the project of the exhibition was first brought to the notice of our people we happened to be in a very unfriendly state of mind in regard to the Emperor Napoleon. The Mexican business and the letter of the Emperor to Marshal Forey were prominent in the public thought, and it will be remembered that the first propositions which were introduced into Congress for an appropriation in aid of the American contributions to the fair were vehemently attacked, on the ground that we ought not to take any pains or go to any expense for the sake of swelling the success of a scheme devised by a monarch so hostile to our country.

If we had preserved this attitude, and abstained entirely from appearing at the Paris Exhibition, we should certainly have suffered little positive detriment thereby. Never were the United States so much " considered" (to use an expressive French phrase,) as they now are. The issue of our civil war has caused us to be recognized throughout Europe as one of the greatest and wealthiest nations of the world. Had we not appeared in the Exhibition our absence would have been attributed to our disdainful consciousness of our own ability to supply ourselves with all that we need, and to our indifference to the opinions of the rest of mankind. The vacant place which we might have filled had we chosen so to do would have been as much remembered as the absence of the bust of Cato from the Roman procession. We have not, however, preserved our original attitude on this subject, we have made the Exhibition a matter both of legislative and exezutive action. We shall have, as has been already observed, a great number of Commissioners, we shall make a display of some sort, and we shall be judged by the display which we make.

It must be confessed that the reports which we hear from various quarters in respect to the extent and value of our preparations for this competition are not wholly satisfactory. It seems to be anticipated by those most conversant with these preparations that our contributions to the Paris Fair will be of such a kind, in the main, as to convey to the assembled jury of mankind an inadequate notion only of our power and our prospects as a manufacturing people.

If this should prove to be the case it can hardly fail to be felt very unfavorably in all our relations as a commercial nation. The community at large can hardly be said to be aware how much ground we have lost as an exporting people since the outbreak of the civil war, and how difficult it threatens to be for us to recover this lost ground. In the year 1860 we exported from New York and Boston 114,206 packages of domestic goods. During the past year our whole export of domestic goods has been but 13,749 packages. What we have lost in this way has not been lost from the actual commerce of the world. It has simply been transferred to other producing countries. These countries will be fully and energetically represented at Paris, and their customers, who in 1860 were our customers, will also be represented there. All the leading States of South America will send commissioners and committees of merchants to Paris; so also will the different Asiatic countries which maintain commercial relations with Christendom. Our mills, six years ago, supplied both South America and the East very largely with the foreign goods in
greatest demand among their inhabitants. Both our Eastern and Southern customers have greatly fallen away from us, to the benefit not only of our English but of our French, and especially of our German rivals. It cannot fail to have a very decided influence upon our future intercourse with such nations as these of South America and the East, whether we appear at an advantage or at a disadvantage at the Parisian competition. Nothing is more certain than that the beneficial effects of the English World's 'Fair of 1851 were immediately felt, and to a very serious degree, by those branches of American industrywhich were properly represented on that occasion. Our agricultural instruments were, in fact, introduced to the knowledge and use of Europe mainly through the influence of that extraordinary display. Other countries received similar benefits, each in the direction of its best-de veloped and best-represented industries. So marked, indeed, were the effects of that first " World's Fair" upon the trade and commerce of mankind, that almost every civilized nation in the world has since that time attempted and carried out similar expositions on a smaller scale. It is the intention of the French Emperor that this repetition of the Fair in 1867 shall entirely surpass all its predecessors in the completeness of its organization; and the energy with which the different manufacturing and commercial states have entered into the idea may be taken as a full guarantee of its success. Let us not, then, be misled into undervaluing its importance to our selves; and, since we are certainly " to put in an appearance," let our active merchants and manufacturers take some trouble, while it is yet time, to see that we put in an appearance worthy of ourselves, and likely to help rather than to hinder the recovery of our great industries from the prostrating and enfeebling results of our great national effort for the preservation of the national life.

## SHIP CANALS.

The reassembling of Congress, as well as of the Legislature of the State of New York, gives new energy to the efforts of the champions of the Niagara Ship Canal, and we look for some action in each of these Bodies with reference to this great public work. If this avenue of trade is needed, the checks received last season can be only temporary. The The bill which passed the Assembly of this State, authorised, as will be remembered, the construction of a canal of sufficient dimensions to transport-shipping from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario, reserving to the State the right of purchasing it at a future day, and operating it as a part of the canal system of New York. But the Senate attached the extraordi. nary proviso that the work should not be commenced till the Erie Canal shall have been enlarged to a capacity enabling it to carry boats of sufficient size to compete with the shipping on the new route.

This project of enlarging the Erie Canal to ship dimen sions, will also be brought up this winter. The occasion of holding a Constitutional Convention is regarded as opportune for this purpose, as it affords a chance of dispensing with that provision of the present Constitution, which restricts the creation of a new State debt. But the addition of thirty millions to the public indebtedness last year, and the fact that the recent enlargement, although it was estimated to require only twelve millions of dollars, yet actually cost three times that sum, will have an influence to prevent the success of the scheme; still our State authorities appear to oppose any other project until some such measure is successful.
The House of Representatives passed a bill in May last to incorporate the Niagara Ship Canal Company, and make an appropriation for that purpose. The Senate, for a time,
appeared to favor the measure. But the Canal Board of New York adopted resolutions declaring that the bill was inimical to the commercial interests of this State, and without advantage to the Western States; that it would tend to forestall and supersede the system of canal improvements and enlargements which has distinguished the policy of this State during the last half century; and that it would excite the apprehensions of the people of the State that the general Government was assuming a questionable authority in dero gation of the constitutional rights of the State, without any immediate necessity for taking control of the internal improvements within the limits of our State jurisdiction and sovereignty. One of the Senators from New York took the same view, and directed his efforts to the defeat of the bill.

It is certainly always proper for the authorities of a State to be jealous of encroachment on the part of the Federal Government. Besides, there is naturally a tend $\in$ ncy, when the necessities of war exist, to the assumption and concentration of all doubtful powers, which would, if not checked, effect the reduction of the States to the condition of provincial dependence. But the logic of the Canal Board, it seems to us, hardly meets the case ; besides, it is not quite consistent with the views formerly taken by American statesmen. Mr. Jefferson, it will be remembered, held more extreme sentiments on such matters than other Presidents. Yet, when the project of a grand canal to be constructed in the State of New York by the general Government was laid before him, he heartily approved of it, only objecting that the conception of such an ènterprise was a century in advance

## of the age.

Nevertheless, it is ungenerous and unjust to censure the aul thorities of the State of New York for their zeal to preserve the canal system in its prosperity. When the Western States were yet a wilderness, while the resources of her own citizens were crippled by war, and the Federal Government refused aid or encouragement, the people of New York resolved upon opening an avenue of commerce between the Northwest and the Atlantic. The money was borrowed and heavy taxes were levied for the purpose. Since that, the capacity of the canals has been doubled at an immense cost, and the Western States have derived the principal advantage. But all this, we freely acknowledge, is no excuse for a policy analogous to that of the dog in the manger. The proper course for New York ' is to seek to attract commerce into the channels which she has provided, without attempting to bend the inexorable laws of trade for the purpose of compelling it to come thither. Only in this way can she hope to retain her advantages.

The Niagara Ship Canal would enable vessels loading at the ports of the upper lakes to place their cargoes at such points on Lake Ontario and the St. Lawerence River as would be most accessible to the towns on the seaboard, at cheaper rates and several days quicker than by the Erie canal. Both these considerations are of the utmost importance ; and still these advantages are heightened by the fact that breadstuffs reaching tide water by way of the lakes, rivers and railroads, are always fresher than when exposed to heating by the canal. For example, a shipper in 1861 lost $\$ 50,000$ on grain from heating while being transported the entire length of the Erie canal, which he would have saved if he had been enabled to transmit it by either of the other modes of conveyance.

Not only the citizens of the Ontario lake ports are awake to the importance of this matter, but also the entire population residing upon the upper lakes. Commercial Conventions have repeatedly been held and Congress memorialized in regard to the subject. The last of these conventions as sembled at Chicago on the 11th of December, to take mea?
sures to ensure relief, and their memorial is already before Congress.

We notice that the capitalists of British North America have a project of their own, and propose to extend a ship canal from the Georgian Bay at the eastern extremity of Lake Huron by way of Lake Simcoe across the Canadian peninsula to Lake Ontario, entirely doing away with the necessity of the voyage around by the St . Clair river and Lake, the Detroit river, Lake Erie and the Welland Canal. The entire distance from the Georgian Bay to Toronto is but one hundred miles, of which only about forty would be close canal navigation. Besides this great economy of distance, the proposed route also obviates another great difficulty, that of head winds. The prevailing winds are either northerly or southerly. With a southerly wind a vessel going down Lake Huron can make little advance, whereas by this pro posed route it would be no impediment. Hence five or six days will be saved by going to Oswego.

We are aware that it is urged that Western commerce once brought into Lake Ontario would make its way directly to the Atlantic without going to the city of New York. It is very probable that the St. Lawrence canals would be deepened for the purpose of accomplishing such a result. The "solid men of Boston" would be very likely to open direct railway communication with the lake for similar purposes. There can, however, be no valid objection to this. Legislative authority or local effort put forth to obstruct such undertakings, is a transcending of the legitimate province of government and a violation of the comity existing between the several districts of the country. Besides, it is unsound policy. The prosperity of every State and place in the United States is to a great extent due to the unrestricted commerce between every district of the country. The city of New York is prosperous when the other commercial cities are prosperous, and has neither occasion or justification for becoming an incubus upon their prosperity. Indeed, the commanding position of this Commonwealth, and her advancement from a fourth to the first rank in the sisterhood of States, is owing almost entirely to the liberal character of her policy in commercial matters. It is no time now to hesitate; the same yenerous liberality should be continued, and then we may rely confidently upon the operation of the laws which govern commerce to assure our prosperity.

Whatever trade shall be established across the Atlantic by other routes will never be missed here. It will be made up by the coastwise and internal traffic, which is destined at an early period to assume colossal proportions. Besides, the development and prosperity of the Great West is essential to the welfare both of New York and of the whole country; and if it can be furthered by giving other and additional routes of commerce, New York will be sure to be the gainer by having it so.

Nevertheless, the means are still at our disposal to direct hither a large share of the very trade that it is apprehended may seek an outlet and inlet by way of the St. Lawrence. The enlargement of the Champlain Canal and the deepening of the channel of the upper Hudson would enable ships to pass between this city and Lake Champlain; and thence, by the Chamily Canal, the entire facilities of the proposed ship canals will be extended to this city. This matter, it will be remembered, was fully discussed in a paper presented by the late S. Dewitt Bloodgood at the Detroit Commercial Convention. The Legislature of New York has already authorized a survey with reference to the subject. It will be easy enough, in that event, to pass freights between this city and all the lake ports without breaking bulk, thus obviating the delays, losses and exorbitant charges now incident to transit.
There need be little apprehension of any considerable di-
rect commerce across the ocean. Vessels suitable for ocean navigation cannot navigate the lakes; nor can the flat-bottomed craft on the lakes profitably be employed to cross the ocean. But food will be cheapened by the improved facilities of transportation, and with cheap bread the manufactures and other industries of the Atlantic States will be more rem.unerative. Let our people, then, be wisely public-spirited and generous, and be ready to aid and welcome every enterprize to facilitate amicable intercourse between the several States of our Union and with other countries in friendship rith us.

## SOUTHWESTERN (GA.) RAILROAD.

The Southwestern Railroad leaves the Central of Georgia (Savannah to Macon) at Macon, and extends to Albany, giving off branches to Butler (where the Muscogee Railroad commences, and runs to Columbus), and to Eufala and Fort Gaines. The following shows the length of these several constituents :
Main line-Macon to Albany... ..................... ............. 106.10 miles Branch-FortValley to Butler

 | 22.00 |
| :--- |
| 59.08 |
|  |
| 108 | $89-102.98$

Total length of road and branches..................... 209.07 "
The Fort Gaines Branch, from which the iron had been taken during the war, was not in use for the fiscal year 186566 , and hence the length of road operated was only 187.18 miles. The relaying of that branch, however, has since been accomplished.

The motive power on the road during the year consisted of 20 locomotives, besides which the Company have two others not in use. The car stock at the commencement of the year embraced 13 first-class and 7 second-class passenger cars, 8 mail and express cars, 12 conductors' cars, with 103 box, 53 platform, 4 stock and 3 provision cars. During the year the Company purchased from the United States Government 32 box and 15 platform cars, increasing the rollingstock by that number.

The business of the road in $1865-66$, as compared with that of $1859-60$, shows, as might be expected, a considerable falling off. The total quantity of cotton transported during the year 1865.66 was 87,250 -in $1859-60,206,307$ bales; a decrease of 119,057 bales. The quantity received at Macon in 1865-66 was 29,133 bales ; in 1859-60, 32,641 ; a decrease of 3,508 . Of this, the quantrty from Columbus was in 1865$66,1,660$ bales ; in 1859-60, 138 bales; an increase of 1,522 bales. The great loss has, therefore, been the receipts from the Southwestern Railroad proper; and the general loss on the quantity carried South to Eufala and Fort Gaines on the Chattahoochee for shipment to the Gulf.
The number of passengers carried during the year 186566 was 115,787 , being an average of 317 per day. The average in 1859-60 was 353. The receipts from traffic, compared with those of 1859-60, were more favorable than the material business. The following statement shows the whole in detail, thus:
 -making a net increase of receipts in 1865-66 of $\$ 179$, 94973.

Total freight earnings in 1865-66, were ... ............................ $\$ 507,28948$
 $\begin{array}{r}308,56415 \\ \hline 41,50162 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Total receipts ................................................ $\$ 856,84560$
Current expenses same year.......................................... 519,044 18
Net earnings same year $\ldots \ldots . .$.
Making a total sum of ............................................... $\$ \overline{\$ 401,80147}$

From this the following were paid, viz.: February dividends of four per cent. .


Macon depot.........
Leaving a sarplas of. $\qquad$
Included in these payments are the bonds due in 1862-3-$4-5$, amounting to $\$ 60,500$, which had not been presented as they fell due; also the interest coupons accrued prior to 1865, and retained in the hands of holders upwards of $\$ 50,000$ and the cost of freight cars $\$ 36,598$, being together an extraordinary addition to charges of $\$ 147,098$.

The financial condition of the company as shown on the general ledger as of the 1st August, 1866, is shown in the following statement;


| 3,303,400 600 |
| :---: |
| 328,000 6600 |
| 58,500 00 |
| 51,000 00 |
| 21,020 00 |
| 513,178 64 |
| 323,182 32 |
| 6,105 63 |
| 111,550 00 |
| 1,098 57 |
| 12,532 04 |
| 179,919 79. |



The balance consists of -
Cash on hand, as per Cash Book.
"
deposit at Bank...........

Total....... .......................................................... 8179,01968
This is a very fair showing, but only such as might be expected from such a company which from the first has been conducted with great economy. The road is a first class one for the South,and was built and equipped for cash (chiefly share capital subscribed almost wholly within the State) at a cost of $\$ 18,000$ per mile. On this sum it had never failed to pay dividends until that of August, 1866, which was passed because of the large extraordinary expenses disbursed on account of bonds and coupons past due. For the future the Board sees no reason why regular dividends should not be declared and paid to the stockholders of at least eight per cent per annum." To meet the exigencies of the times, however, the tariff of charges for freight and passengers has been raised fifty per cent above that of 1860 , and this will have to be maintained until the prices of labor and material warrant a reduction.

## Catest Alonetarn and Commercial fryglish News.

## English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The holiday season and the storms have sadly interfered with our European communications. Not a word since Sunday last, and hence our notice under this head must be necessarily brief.
Our usual table of consols and American Securities closing prices shows as follows:


The quotations at Frankfort on the 22d for U. S. 6's was $76 \frac{1}{2}$.
The Liverpool cotton market on Friday and Saturday last, the latest report, was less animated, and closed quiet and steady at $14 \frac{1}{2}$, being a decline from the highest of last week of $\frac{7}{4} d$. per pound. The sales for the two days reported was 23,000 bales.
Breadstuff have been dull and flat, but prices remained unchanged. Corn-Western mixed-was quoted on Saturday last at 38 s . per quarter of 480 lbs .
The latest report of provisions is that of Saturday last. Bacon, in London, was 2 s . lower, and lard 6d lower.

## COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Imporis and Exports for ter Wrex.-The imports this week show a Large increase both in dry goods and in general merchandise, the total
being $\$ 6,224,708$, against $\$ 3,002,897$ last week, and $\$ 4,628,282$ the previous week. The exports are $\$ 3,284,610$ this week, against $\$ 4,095$,672 last week, and $\$ 3,10 i, 416$ the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 8,676 bales, against 9,608 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for drygoods) Dec. 21, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Dec. 22 :

 In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.
The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New. York to foreign ports, for the week ending Dec. 24 : EXPORTS FROM BIEW YORE FOR THE WEEE.

 Since January $1, \ldots \ldots . \overline{\$ 169,324,807} \overline{\$ 211,060,819} \quad \overline{\$ 176,683,521} \overline{\$ 185,815,620}$
In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The value of exports from this port to differ 3nt countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since July 1 , is shown in the following table:

Great Britain...
France... ...
Hrance. $\quad$ \& $\because$ Belg. Germany....... Spin
Other S. Europe East Indies.... China........... Br.N A Colonies

| Th | Since |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| week. | July 1, 1866 |  |
| \$1,458,206 | \$40,877,124 |  |
| 132,084 | 3,893,065 |  |
| 61,937 | 2,402,942 |  |
| 385,699 | 5,534,700 |  |
|  | 199,583 |  |
| 26,758 | 981,808 |  |
|  | 3,513,238 |  |
|  | 6,750 |  |
|  | 1,470,253 |  |
| 243,540 | 1,859,528 |  |
| 2,800 | 2,38 |  |


| Caba. ${ }^{\text {To }}$ |
| :---: |
| Hayti |
| Other W. I |
| Mexico....... |
| New Granada. |
| Venezuela. |
| Br. Guiana |
| Brazil. |
| OtherS.A. ports |
| All other ports. |


| This | Since |
| :---: | :---: |
| week. | July 1. |
| \$131,864 | \$4,184,752 |
| 103,084 | (i81,377 |
| 142,141 | 3,769,903 |
| 38,420 | 1,182,941 |
| 169,669 | 2,254,637 |
| 37149 | 558,669 |
| 87124 | 1,702,511 |
| 142,601 | 2,(120,357 |
| 71,529 | 963,962 |

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New Tork for the week ending Dec. 22, 1866 :


Treasure from California.-The steamship Ocean Queen from As. pinwall, Dec. 13, arrived at this port Dec. 22. The following is her treasure list :
W. Shon \& Co.............. $\$ 35,37700$ FRANCIsco.

| W. Sholl \& Co. | \$35,377 00 | Dabney \& Morgan.......... $\$ 122,488$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Third National Bank | 15.17800 | Wells, Fargo \& Co. . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {. 122,187 }} 00$ |
| J. W. Seligman \& Co | 81,30000 | Lees \& Waler.............. . 357 ,309 00 |
| Eugene Kelly Eugene Kelly | $\text { 19,600 } 00$ | Pacific Railroad Co........... 28,79500 |
| Duncan, Sherm | 32,166 00 | Order......................... 500,000 00 |

Total from San Francisco
FROM $\triangle$ SPINWALL.
Wells, Fargo \& Co.
Dearborn Bros.....

Total from both sources. 1,00000 Total from Aspinwall.......................................... $\$ 7,128,49100$
The receipts of treasure from California since January 1, 1866, have been as follows :
Date. Steamship. At date. To date. Date. Steamship. At date. To date.
 Jan. 19.H.Channcey 799,706 $1,485,314$ July 9. New York...1,429,833 19,468,072
 Feb.21. H.Chauncey1,209.048
Sar Mar. 5. Costa Rica..1,469,286 6,557,602 $\quad$ Aug.21. Nor. Light. $3,091,601$ 26,266,615







 June20.Arizona.... 892,365 16,420,346 $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } 10 . \text { Rising Star.1,168,316 39, } 39,404,905 \\ & \text { Dec. } 22.014\end{aligned}\right.$
Erie Railway Earnings.- Earnings and cash receipta and payments of the Erie Railway for the year ending September 30:
earnings.

| From | 1366. | 1865. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From freight. | 11,593,966.20 | \$ 4,450,209 60 |
| From other sourc | $11,61,02801$ 167,820 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,726,28433 \\ 124,10093 \end{array}$ |
|  | \$18,372,809 56 | \$15,800,574 85 |

The above to be stated without reference to the amount actually

$4,450,20960$
$10,726,264$
5,952
15,90366
1,19360 101,352 04
$\$ 15,300,57485$

10,819,188 97
165,700 37
17,00977
69,70872
69,70872
427,99188
\$11,630,786 10 1,279,783 00 669,49500
$1,846,95218$

## \$15,298,336 23

\$15,300,574 85
$815,800,57485$
Michigan is

100,000
216,000
216,000
200,000

Showing net increase of bonded delt during past six years.
Cirdular from Treasurer Spinner.-The following circular to cer tain collectors of customs, receivers of public money and others, was issued by the United States Treasurer the past week :

Treasury Department Treasurez's Office Washington, Dec. 17, 1866.
In order to realize with the least possible delay and expense the reeipts of revenue derived from customs, sales of pablic lands, and from other sources, collected at offices not contiguous to an assistant treasurer or designated depository, and to facilitate the necessary disbursements of the Tressury it is important that the Treasurer be kept duly advised of the amount of money in your hands. To this end you are required to ender in thasursements at the eader end of each calendar month. want of promptness in this particular will be noticed by the department.
In these statements you will bring forward balances from the last ccount, and place thereunder, to the credit of the Treasurer, the amount of all moneys received since the previous return, if any arranged, when ransactions are in more than oue kind, under separate columns for coin and currency; to his debit, arranged in like manner, the amount of Treasurer's draft made on you or on other officers and paid by you, and the amount of any deposit made by you to the Treasurer's credit with any government depository. The number, amount and date of payment feach draft will be given. The number, amount and name of depos. itory with whom credit has been so made. Deposits of coin for customs receipts, under law, cannot be made with any national bank. No debit to the Treasurer's account will be allowed, except for drafts or deposits made as above. All drafts or vouchers, properly endorsed and cancelled, or stamped as paid, must be transmitted to the Treasurer, with the scount current on which they were entered; such charge will not the allowed until they are remitted. Care should be exercised in havbe allowed ing all drafts properly endorsed before payment. General powers of attorney to endorse must be on file, eitial ones, for a particular trans. Comptroller of the Treasury, and special ones, for a particular transaction, must accompany the drafts. Companies or banks must endorse by one of their legalized officers, or by their attorneys aforesaid. No guarantee of any endorsement, nor stamped endorsements, will be recognized. As a matter of security against loss of drafts in transmission you should take from the last payee a receipt for the amount of each draft paid, rehearsing number, date, amount and name of original draft pa

Should the Treasurer direct you in writing to make payment of any of his drafts on himself, or on any Assistant Treasurer, United States depositary, National Bank designated as such, you will pay them if you have sufficient funds on hand the same as if made on yourself, and remit the draft, endorsed "for credit of my account," over your official signature, to the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, where the amount will be credited, and certificate of deposit or duplicate issued and forwarded-original to the Secretary of the Treasury, and duplicate to tha payor of the draft.
F. E. Spinikir,

Treasurer United States.
National Banks and Curbency Contrạtion.-The following letter has been extensively put is circulation. It is an indication of the deter mined efforts that are being put forth for a further inflation of the curmined

Offioe of the Mrichants union law Con American Eicuanae Bane Butlding, No. 128 Broanday, New Yoax, Dec. $21,1866$.

Union Law Company having been retained by some of the national banks and others interested, to oppose measures pending in Congress for the further curtailment of the currency, for compelling all such bank to redeem their issues in New York, and for prohibiting them from re ceiving or paying interest on bank balances. In view of the importance of the questions involved, concert of action has been determined upon minat connsel have been retained at Washington and elsewhere to emin prepare and presena avor of and currency; and such other measures have been taken as were deemed proper to inform Congress of the wishes and int munity upon these subjects.
Copies of the blank petitions which have been transmitted through. out the Union have also been forwarded to you, and, after procuring the signatures of your most influential citizens thereto, you are respectfully requested to enclose the same to your Congressional representatives, or to some other member, at W ashington, with whom you are acquainted. Much good may also arise from communicating your wishes by letter Mocur acquaintances in Congress.
o your acqual Adar ments, in pamphlet form, by some of forwarded to you, free of charge, country favoring these views,
If you approve of the efforts thus made and to be continued in this direction, you are respectfully solicited to contribute to the expeuses of the same, by transmitting to this office such retainer in the matter as you shall deem proper-say one-tenth of one mill on each dollar of your capital-being in the proportion of ten dollars on each one handred thousand dollars of such capital-it being understood, of course that jon incur no additional obligation whatever by so doing.

Yours, \&c.,
Jobn Livingston, Secretary, \&c.
Huron and Ontario Ship Canal-About 300 gentlemen, including delegates from several boards of trade from the States, joined with the directors of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal Company at Toronto last Wednesday in a grand banquet.
Lieut.Gov. Bross, of Illinois, was the chief speater, from whose address we give a few extracts, as follows:
The extension of our railways during the last eleven years, in spite o the financial crash of $1857-8$, and four years of desolating war, furnish an important illastration of the progress of the Northwest, and then our people were rejoicing in the fact that our lines had at length reached the Mississippi at Alton, Burlington, Rock Island, Fulton and Dubuque. Then we had only about 2,000 miles of railway in Illinois and running north and west from Chicago. Since then we have added at least 2,710 miles to those then in operation. Now, with steambort navigation on Green Bay, the Northwestern and Peninsular roads connect Chicago directly with Marquette, on Lake Buperior, some 400 miles from Chicago. With only a break of 40 miles between La Crosse and Winona, soon to be completed, our ralways connect us directly with St. Cloud, in Minnesota, on the Mississippi, at Sauk Rapids, 640 miles northwest of Chicago. Next week the little gap of 20 miles miles north be finged when Chicago will have a direct railroad to the south fork be flate Plate, 795 miles weat of the city, and the directors of the Union of the Pacic R Pacific Railway promise to have their line sou miles firther west, reaching the Rocky Mountains, at Denver, by the 4th of Juy next. No the southwest, the Burlington and Quincy, the Hannibal and StJ. Oseph, and the connecting lines, reach Fort Riley or some point beyond it, some 650 miles from our city. All these great extensions of our railways, repeat, have been made in spite of war and financial disaster during the last eleven years, and now with peace to bless the land, there can be little doubt that the great Pacific Railway will be completed within the next fire pears, and there will be such a development of the vast fer tile contry a, of Late Michigan, in wealth, population and power tile coill as will confound the evil foribodags
Referring especially to the proposed canal enlargement, Lieutenant Governor Bross said :
Build this caral and enlarge the lower St. Lawrence canals so as to pass vessels of a thousand tons burden, and in five years from the time it is completed the teeming West will as easily furnish the hungry millions of our race with a surplus of a handred millions of bushels of ce reals as she now does half that amount.
The necessity of this enlargement is manifested by the enormous profits of the great railways, and the extravagant rates of transportation, showing that the quantity to be carried forward is so vast that carriers command their own terms. The warehouses and the mammoth elevators of the latter towns for the last two years have been crushed with freight; everything which could be made to float on the lakes and canals has been taxed to the utmost, and proved insufficient to carry to market the products of the West.
The canal would lessen the distance between Chicago and all the cities on the western shores of Lake Michigan and New Yorty and Liver pool some three hundred miles. The entire distance between the Georgian Bay and Toronto is only one hundred miles, less than forty of which would be close canal navigation. There can scarcely be a doubt that a peasel conld reach Toronto by the time it could get to Detroit. By it the navigation on the St Clair River and the Lake, including, of By it the navigat the Detroit River, Lake Erie and the Welland Canal course, the flats,
would be saved.

Mr. Bross concluded as follows:
The opening of this canal will make Toronto one of the largest manu facturing cities of the Continent, besides the great advantage it would be to her mercantile ind As to Montreal and Quebec, they would inevitably become rivals of New York, for in these cities assorted cargoes of goode would be made up for all the lake cities which could not grade directly with Europe. It needs but a proper appreciation of the
vast importance of this work to the permanent progress of the cities on England and to old England，and to the to Canada generally，to New England and to old England，and to the great West，to secure its con－ struction as fast as men and money can do it．It has become an abso． lute necessity to the commerce of the continent，and therefore that it be in the no distant fue next decade I regard as certain as anything can Mr the no distant future．
Mr．Capreol，President of the H．and O．Canal，promised that within seven years the canal would be fully constructed and opened to the
world． W
We call attention to the advertisement in our columns of First Mortgage Bonds of the Southwest Pacific Railroad Company．These bonds，advertised by Messrs．Ward \＆Co．，of 54 Wall street，have twenty years to run，bear interest at the rate of seven per cent．，and are guaran－ teed by the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company．

## 

## DIVIDENIS

We give in our BuluETIN from day to day lists of bonds，\＆c．，lost，and morning such as have been pablished be continued dally，and on Saturday
will be collected an the week in the Buturtur morning such as have been pablished through the week in the Buturday
will be collected and published in the CmRONICLE．Below will be found those
pablighed the last week in the Bowertin．


## BUSINESE AT THE STOCK BOARDS

The following shows the deicription and number of shares sold at the Regu－
as and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the weok onding on Fridny：


| U．S．6＇s，1881．\＄．Sat． | Mon． \＄6，000 | Tues． | Wed． |  | Fri． | Week． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 233，000 | 盛家 | 37，000 |  | 32，500 | ${ }_{\text {\＄165，50］}}$ |
|  | 2，000 | 哯： | 19，000 | ${ }^{6} 6000$ | ， 0 | 6,000 |
|  | 100 | 纪영 | 19，000 | 70，000 | 10,000 13,000 | 103,500 13,000 |
| State bonds，viz．： | 61，000 |  | 30，500 | 44，500 | 13，500 | 161，500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N．Carolina $\mathrm{b}^{\prime} \mathrm{B}$ ．$\quad 5,000$ | 1，000 |  | 108，000 | 5，000 | 25，000 | 161，000 |
| Tennessee 6＇s．．$\quad 50,000$ | 25，000 |  | 17，000 | ${ }_{47,000}$ | 12,000 27,000 | 62,000 166,000 |
|  | 36，000 |  |  |  | 2，000 | 166，000 |
| － | 30，00 | $\cdots$ | 14，000 | 29，000 | 63，009 | 171，000 |

The Money Mariet．－The money Fridat，P．M．，Dec． 28. market has exhibited during at 7 per cent ；and in in amour cent．；and，in somè instances，a commission beyond this amount has been paid．The cause of this changed condition of the market is not very obvious．There has certainly been a moderate afflux of currency to the South；but this has l，een partially set off by the receipts from the Western cities，where exchange still rules in favor of New York．The last statement of the condition of the Associated Banks shows that the banks commenced the week with average resources，and presents no feature helping to account for the prevailing stringency．The banks，however，are probably influ． enced to some extent by the consideration that at the beginning of January they will be called upon for large amounts of currency for the payment of dividends，it being estimated that about ten mil－ lions will be disbursed next week in that way．Statements have been freely made to the effect that parties interested in speculations for lower prices in stocks have made combined movements to pro－ duce a fictitious stringency in the market；and it would seem quite probable that，early in the week，the market was thas tampered with．It is also asserted that large amounts of greenbacks have been locked up by the same parties，for the purpose of producing a＂tight＂market；but of this there is very little evidence．Dis． counts are heavy．There is a very general indisposition to employ money in the parchase of notes，and paper not strictly A1 passes very slowly．The best names are current at 7 ＠8 per cent．；a wide range of arerage names is negotiated with dimiculty at $9 @ 10$
per cent．
The following are the quotations for loans of various classes


United States Securities：－Governments have been quiet and weak during the week．There bas been no foreign movement of consequence either way；the communication by cable havisg the effect of so far equalizing prices between London and New York as to prevent the import or export of bonds，except under extraor－ dinary circumstances preventing the markets mutually responding to the changes in quotations．The continued decline in the premium for gold has a direct tendency to depreciate the value of goldin． terest securities，and bence bonds range ©d below the quotations at the close of last week．Ssven－thirties，which it might have been supposed would appreciate with the decline in gold，have also declined about one per cent，each series being quoted 104．This fact betrays a weakness in this class of securities，which can be accounted for only from the unsettled feeling which pervades the markets and values generally．
On the lst January coin interest becomes payable upon the fol－ lowing bonds ：loan of 1847；do．of 1848；do．of 1858；do．of 1860 ；do．of Feb．8， 1861 ；do．of July 17 and Ang．5， 1861 ； Oregon war honds ；loan of 1863 ；Five－twenties of 1865，new issue． The following are the closing prices of leading securities，com－ pared with preceding weeks ：




Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocis．－The stock market has shown considerable activity during the week．The transactions have been to a large extent on brokers＇own account，the outside public having apparently less than their usual share in the aggre－ gate of speculation．Wealthy firms stand committed to both sides
of the market，and the contest during the week has been unusually of the market，and the contest during the week has been unusually vigorous and exciting．＂Corners＂have been effected upon two
or three stocks．The largely oversold condition of Northwestern
preferred has caused an adva iuring the week of 6 per cent.; and to day Cumberland Coal has been run up to 81 , an advance of $15 \frac{5}{8}$ upon our last quotations. Other stocks are understood to be in a condition equa:.'y favorable to the "cornering" of the "shorts." The market is very irregular, owing to the "ups and downs" of speculative operations; but the prevailing tendency appears to favor higher prices. The expectation is general that the new year will open with a considerable speculative movement, which it is supposed will be fostered by an easier money market, produced by the distribution of dividends.

The total transactions in railroad and miscellaneous stocks at both boards, for the past five days (Christmas day being excluded), amount to 525,920 shares, against 649,419 last week. The total sales of Northwestern bave been 148,754 shares; of Erie, 91,975 shares; of Michigan Southern, 44,850 shares, and of Reading 39,350 shares.

From the subjoined comparison of prices, it will be seen that quo. tations generally rule above those of last Friday.
The following are the closing quotations at the regular board today, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:
 Cumberland Coal
Quicksilver..... Canton Co... Mariposa pref.....
New York Central Erie.....̈iver Reading........ Michigan Centrai Clev. and Pittsb. Northwestern.... "' preferred Fort Wayne.
5

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards con

|  | Sat. | $\mathrm{Mon}_{7}$ | Tue | Wed. ${ }_{25}$ | ${ }_{110}^{\text {Thurs. }}$ | ${ }_{20}{ }_{20}$ | Week8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank ehares | 30 86,000 | 94,680 |  | 100,495 | 94,781 | 178,249 | ${ }^{444}{ }^{2} 588$ |
| Coal ${ }_{\text {Railroad }}$ " | -2,300 | 50 | \% | ${ }_{1}^{200}$ | +100 | 1,500 | ${ }_{6}, 70^{\circ}$ |
| Mrinin | 2,900 | 810 |  | ${ }_{2} 100$ |  | 1,500 | 6,400 |
| Improv't " | 600 | ${ }_{3}^{2,200}$ | 号 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 120$ | 1300 | 1,150 | 9,488 |
| Telegraph " | 1,555 | 3,463 4,400 | 5 | 4,211 | 4,654 | 6,945 | 25,650 |
| Steamssip." | 5,400 | ${ }^{4} 7$ | 0 |  |  | 332 | 639 |

For the details of the week's transactions, the reader is referred to the tables headed "Basiness at the Stock Boards," in the next previous page.
The Gold Mariet.- Until to-day the downward tendency of gold has continued, the price baving touched $131 \frac{1}{2}$; to-day, however, there has been a partial reaction upward, and the market closes at 1331@1331. The general current of speculation has heen in favor of lower prices ; but the largely oversold condition of the market has produced a demand for covering contracts which naturally pro. duces an upward tendency. The payment of about eleven millions: of gold interest by the Treasury on the 1st January, appears to have been already discounted, and it may be questioned whether the actual disbursements will produce any further depression of the preminm. There has been so little effort of late to counteract the fall in the premiam, that an impression is gaining ground in some quarters that there is now a favorable opportunity for ranuing up the price ; and this impression may possibly induce the attempt.
The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold on each of the last six days:

Dec. 22.
Dec. 24.
Dec. 25.

 | 1333 | Dec. 22 |
| ---: | ---: |
| Dec. 28 |  | $\qquad$ Highest.

$1333 \%$
$1323 / \%$
$133 \%$ $131 \%$
$181 \%$

The transactions for last week at the Custom House and the Sub-Treasury were as follows:


Increase during the week.......................................
Total amount of gold certificates issued $\$ 2,209,000$. Included in the receipts of customs were $\$ 108,000$ in gold, and $\$ 249,949$ in gold certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub

At Regular Board..
At Regular Board.

The transactions in shares weekly sivee the commencement of September are shown in the following statement:
Week ending Regular Open Both |Week ending Regular Open Both Week ending Regular Open Board. Boards. Friday. Board. Board. Boards
Friday. Board. Board.
Bor



 Nov. $2 \ldots \ldots .343,038 \quad 332,301 \quad 675,3391$

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Pegular Board on each day of the past week : \begin{tabular}{rrrrrrrr}
U.S. Bonds.... \& $\$ 57,500$ \& $\$ 241,000$ \& $\$ \ldots$. \& $\$ 59,000$ \& $\$ 216,500$ \& $\$ 460,500$ \& $\$ 1,034,500$ <br>
U.S. Notes.... \& 22,000 \& 51,000 \& $\cdots$. \& 30,500 \& 44,500 \& 13,500 \& 161,500 <br>
\hline

 

<br>
State\& City brds \& 75,000 \& 29,000 \& $\ldots$. \& 125,000 \& 86,000 \& 64,000 \& 379,000 <br>
Company B'nds \& $2 y, 000$ \& 36,000 \& $\ldots$. \& 14,000 \& 29000 \& 63,000 \& 171,000 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

 The totals for the nine last weeks are slown in the following statement:

| statement: <br> Week ending Friday, | -Governments- |  |  <br> City. <br> $\$ 403,500$ | Railroad <br> Bonds. <br> $\$ 350,500$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { amount. } \\ \$ 3,166,300 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bonds. | Notes. |  |  |  |
|  | \$1,762,000 | \$650 |  |  | 4,334,700 |
| Nov. | 2,369,100 | 801,600 446,400 | 511,900 | 355,100 | 2,663,200 |
| Nov. 16 | 1,347,800 | 960,500 | 368,000 | 161,000 | 4,410,150 |
| Nov. 23 | 2,920,600 | 325,550 | 658,000 | 141,000 | 2,155,550 |
| Nov. 30 | 1,912,000 | 538,600 | 909,000 | 192,500 | 3,552,100 |
| Dec. | 1,208,600 | 239,850 | 681,000 | 189,300 | 2,318,750 |
| c. | 1,183,410 | 289,000 | 703,000 | 171,000 | 1,746,000 |
|  |  | 61,500 | 379,00. | 171 |  |

The totals of each class of securitits sold in the first eleven months of the year are shown in the statement which follows:

|  |  | ents | State, \&c. | RR. \& other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866. | Bonds. | Notes. | Bonds. | Bonds. | amount. |
| January. | \$4,827,200 | \$3,340,100 | \$952,900 | \$3,035,500 | 9,822,000 |
| Febraary | 3,946,500 | 2,591,900 | 1,691,500 | 1,781.240 | 10,622,840 |
| March | 3,931,300 | ${ }_{3}^{3,1739650}$ | 1,679,500 | 838,700 | 12,056,150 |
| April | 5,798,300 | $\stackrel{3}{3}, 739,600$ | 1,236,600 | 781,900 | 12,279,450 |
| May | 8,002,700 | 2,485,250 | 1,6:4,000 | 515,700 | 12,078,750 |
| June | 10,476,850 | 2,198,750 | 1,633,000 | 455,500 | 14,765,500 |
| July. | 10,987, 850 | 2,577,000 | 1,986,990 | 998,000 | 16,544,750 |
| August | 6,451,300 | 2.425,350 | 2,984,000 |  | 12,789,850 |
| Septemb | 10,282,300 | 2,703,250 | 2,792,300 | 1,234,700 | +17,012,550 |
| Novemb | 8,337,550 | 2,973,550 | 2,576,400 | 1,365,600 | 15,20,100 |

Treasury since Sept. 1 :


Foreign Exchange.-The supply of foreign bills was less abundant at the beginning of the week and rates were firmer, bankers' 60 days sterling bills being generally quoted 1091 for Wednesday's steamer. To-day, however, there has been a better supply of prime bankers' bills, and rates are about $\frac{1}{2}$ lower.
The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:


New York City Banks.-The fullowing statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New' York for the week ending with the commencement of business on Saturday Dec. 22, 1866 :

```
.
NBarks.
\(\begin{aligned} & \text { New York........ } \\ & \text { Manhattan }\end{aligned} . . . . . .\).
```

|  |  | Circala- | Net | Legal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans and discounts. | Specie. | circala- | deposits. | Tenders. |
| \$6,998,174 | \$2,393,331 | \$806,021 | \$6,956,633 | \$3,237,576 |
| 5,668,710 | [51,915 | 12,769 | 4,035,328 | 1.757,250 |
| 6,500,362 | 1,009,671 | 752,49\% | 5,435,820 | 1,304,489 |
| 5,172,793 | 281,788 | 568,606 | 4,113,394 | 1,754,786 |
| 4,275,795 | 178,528 | 456,136 | 8,284,210 | 1,683,846 |
| 8,936.208 | 2,026,191 | 20,445 | 8 8,041,570 | 779.605 |
| 4,008,896 | 245, 81年 | 292,492 | 2,902,972 | 751,35\% |
| 3,629,271 | 519,658 |  | 2,002, 2 |  |

## Tradesmen's Frulton.... Fhemical

 Chemical ......... 2,982,592 National........... Butch. \& Drovers.. Mech's \& Traders.. Leather Manufact's Seatherth Manufa State of N. York. American Exc'ge.. Commerce. Ocean. Me ..... Pacific..... Repablic... Noople's......... Hanover Metropolitan Citizens' Market......St. Nichola St. Nicholas..........
Shoe and Leather. Corn Exchang Continental. Oriental. Marine.. Imp. \& Traders Park. ................ North River. Manuf. \& Merch'ts
Central...........
inth National
F'irst National..
Third National..
N. Y. Exchange.

Dry Dock...
Croton National.


32,826

Totals......... $\$ 258,255,514 \frac{1,940}{\$ 13,231,917} \frac{170,000}{\$ 32,433,429} \frac{541,458}{\$ 202,029,877} \frac{177, \mathrm{ii8}}{\$ 64}$

Clearings for the week ending Dec. 15, 1866 Balances fir the week ending Dec. 22,1866 .
for the week ending De. ${ }_{22}, 1866$
22, 180..........................20,583,016 08
The deviations from the returns of the previous week are lows:
Loans.... ...............
Dec. \$196,816 Depos

The decrease in deposits is made to appear larger than it really is from one of the banks having the previous week returned its gross deposits instead of the net, which swelled the deposit line for that week about $\$ 3,000$ on beyond its proper amount
The several ivems compare as follows with the returns of previous weeks :

|  |  | Cir |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept. 1-8255,399,607 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 8.. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ 88,941,668 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept.15.. 230,806,504 | 7,357,369 |  |  |  |  |
| Sept.22.. 2\%2,177,166 | $7,664,611$ | 28,770,381 | 224,394,6 |  |  |
| Sept.is .. $269,807,383$ | 7,643,960 |  | 223,386,78 | 87 |  |
| Oct. 13... 276,443,219 | $6,203,698$ $5,576.002$ | 29,302,358 | 228,4 | 85 | 829 |
| Oct. $20 . .279,135,796$ |  | 30.415 .940 | 226,858,897 |  | 770 |
| ct. 27.. 274,725,456 | 7,848,239 |  | 220,083,853 | 78,6 | 824,721,933 |
| Nov. 3.. 271,790,435 | 9,186,623 |  |  | 78,064,925 | 762, |
| Nov. 10. . 275,698,288 | 13,145,381 | 30,968,940 | 226,325,317 |  | 761 |
| Nov. 17.. 273,338,390 | 15,511,121 | 31,233,502 | 221,892,500 | 68,120,361 |  |
| - $267,900,415$ | 15,202,865 | 31,361,418 | 213,414,984 | 62,359,254 |  |
| Dec. 8.. $260,620,027$ | 14,582,050 |  | 203,889,177 | 61,485,458 |  |
| , | 13,991,200 |  |  |  | 647,315,736 |
| Dec. 22: 258,255,514 |  |  |  |  |  |

Philadelphia Banks.-The following shows the totals of the average of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks :

| Capital | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } 15 . \\ \$ 15,442,160 \end{array}$ | Dec. 22. <br> \$15,442,160 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans. | 51,256,937 | 51,536,821 | Increase.. |  |
| Specie Tenders | 854,989 | 860,111 | Increase.. | - ${ }_{\text {5,122 }}$ |
| Dega from bank | 20,115,704 | 19,677,\%41 | Decrease. | 487,963 |
| Due to banks | 4,784,295 | 4,369,078 | Decrease. | 415,217 |
| Deposits. | 6,933,392 | 7,222,162 | Increase.. | 318,770 |
| Circulation. | 10,161,601 | 40,411,158 | Decrease. | 817,744 |

The following comparison shows the condition of the Philadel shia Banks at stated periods :

| Date. | Legal Tenders. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sept. 1.. | $24,040,254$ | $50,095,890$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { opecte. } \\ & 806,815 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { malation } \\ \mathbf{9}, 589,574 \end{gathered}$ | 41,162,627 |
| Sept. 15 | 24,134,918 | 50,320,068 | 826,345 | 9,608,410 | 41,604,903 |
| Sept. 22 | 24,906,925 | 50,787, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 802,922 | 9,605,817 | 41,093,120 |
| Sept. 29 | 24,073,963 | 51,037,567 | 788,024 | 9,601,273 | 42,886,971 |
|  | 24,011,480 | 51,242,252 | 769,272 | 9,6831,463 | $43,693,875$ $48,800,423$ |
| 0 | 23,377,073 | 51,316,490 | 770,676 | 9,639,176 | 43,152,028 |
| Oct. | 23,631,130 | 51,474,948 | 791,018 | 9,631,498 | 43,345,800 |
| Nov. | 24,140,637 | 50,973,584 | 799,652 | 9,648,605 | 43,953,737 |
| Nov. 10 | 24,369,566 | $50,655,176$ | 821.184 | $9.689,086$ | 44,385,162 |
| Nov. 17 | $24,671,396$ $23,452,466$ | ${ }_{51,681} 54,866$ | 847,458 | 9,665,040 | 44,217, 308 |
| No | 21,850,415 | 51,897,969 | 852,095 | $9,673,236$ $9,851,089$ | 43,458,096 |
| Dec. 1 | 21,057,343 | 54,549,367 | 876,751 | $9,815,989$ | 42,622,060 |
| D | 20,488,385 | 51,250,852 | 851,915 | 10,021,527 | 41,452,539 |
| D | 20,115,704 | 51,256,937 | 854,989 | 10,161,601 | 40,728,902 |
|  | 19,677,74! | 51,536,821 | 860,111 | 10,207,544 | 40,411,158 |

National Banks.--The amount of National Bank currency issued during the week ending December 22 was $\$ 199,630$, making the total issued to that date $\$ 300,431,001$. From this is to be deducted the currency returned, including worn out notes, amounting. to $\$ 2,123,432$, leaving in actual circutation $\$ 293,307,569$. The securities held by the United States Treasurer in trust for the National banks are reported as follows: For circulating notes, $\$ 343,256,650$; for deposits of public monesz, $\$ 38,933,950$. The receipts from this source Saturday were $\$ 488,13412$, making the total amount for the week $\$ 293,621,420$.
, The following is a statement of the progress of circulation for several weeks past :

| Date. B'ks. | Capital. | Circulation. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { May } 5: 1,650$ |  | $\$ 271,262,165$ | $\text { Aug. } 25 . .1,658$ | Capital. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Conculation } \\ & \$ 289,021,085 \end{aligned}$ |
| May 19... 1,650 |  |  | Sept. 1.. 1,658 |  |  |
| May $26 . .11,650$ | 479 | 274,540,510 | Sept. 8.. 1,659 |  | 291,179,045 |
| June 2.. 1,650 |  | 277, 379,660 | Sept 22.. 1,659 |  | 291,851,315 |
| June 9.. 1,650 |  | 278,905,675 | Sept 29.. 1,659 |  | 293,032,903 |
| June 16.. 1,653 | .......... | 280,263,890 | Oct. 13.. 1,659 |  | 291,072,059 |
| June 23.. 1.653 |  | 231,234,460 | Oct. 20.. 1,659 |  | 294,377,304 |
| June ${ }^{\text {July }}$ 7.. 1,653 |  | 282,555,440 | Oct. 27.. 1,659 |  | 294,636,689 |
| July 14.: 1,654 |  | $283,627,695$ $284,566,675$ | Nov. 3.. 1,659 |  | 295,354,854 |
| Jaly $21 .: 1,655$ |  |  | Nov. 10.. 1,659 |  | 296,086,104 |
| Aug. 4.. 1,656 |  | 286,894,545 |  |  | 297,065,059 |
| Ang. 11.. 1,656 |  | 287,048,950 | Nov. 24.. 1,659 Dec. $8.01,649$ |  |  |
| Aug. 18.. 1,656 |  | 288,403,775 | Dec. 22.. 1,650 |  | 298,307,569 |

## BANK STOCKLIST.



NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.


SALEPRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
JEGPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WBEK ENDING FRLDAY, DECEMBER 28.)


## $\mathfrak{C} \mathfrak{C l} \mathfrak{C} \mathfrak{m m e r c i a l} \mathfrak{C l m e g}$ ．

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME．

Friday Night，Dec． 28.
The markets have not been active，owing to the holiday festivities；but，this circumstance considered，trade has been better than the average，and prices of merchandize are，on the whole，very well supported，notwithstanding the decline in gold．It may be remarked that prices are but little，if any， lower than wher gold was 138．In some cases a positive ad－ vance is quoted．This fact is regarded as indicating a more favorable opening to the trade with the new year．It is true that the prices at which goods promise to sell more briskly， fail，with few exceptions，to pay cost of laying down here； but that is a matter that will soon regulate itself．

Cotton has not been fully supported，but cluses firm．Bread－ stuffs have been very quiet．Groceries have met with a moderate demand．Tobacco has been very quiet．

Naval stores have been irregular－spirits turpentive having materially declined，while low grades of rosin have again ad－ vanced，with the usual fluctuations．Other naval stores have ruled firm．

Petroleum has been without material variation．The re－ ceipts are less liberal，and some advance on current prices have been paid for future delivery．

Hides have been very active．The sales of the past three days are fully 50,000 ，and prices close at balf a cent advance．

Provisions have been irregular．Hog products took a downward turn on Wednesday，which was continued on Thurs－ day，but there was some reaction to－day，but not to any marked extent．Packers seem to feel pretty safe at present prices；and hold strongly against further decline．But the demand is not active；speculative confidence is wanting with the trade． Beef of all kinds shows no material change．Beef hams are higher，and the finer sorts of butter bring more money：

Pork packing is going on actively at the West，and the progress thus far is somewhat in advance of last season．

In other branches of trade there is nothing of importance to report．Prices have been without essential change，except that No． 1 Scotch pig iron has declined to $\$ 45$ per ton．

Freights have been inactive，except pretty liberal shipments of cotton．To－day，however，some shipments of provisions and grain were made to Great Britain，after several days＇inactivity．

The following table shows the exports of leading articles of com－ merce from the port of New York since July 1，1866，the principal ports of destination，and the total since January 1，and for the same period in 1866．The export of each article to the several ports and the total export for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount p the last number of the Caronicle from that here given：

Exports of Leading Articles from New York．


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咅㓯 } \\ & \text { 花官 } \end{aligned}$ | 융쌩․ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ： |
| 蓡 | : ino |
|  |  |
|  |  |


发黄





Imports of Leading Articles.
The following table shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Dec. 21, siace Jan 1,186i and for the corresponding period in 1865 :


The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending Dec. 28, sunce Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1865, have heen as follows:


COTTON.
Firiday, P. M., Dec. 28, 1866.
The receipts of cotton the past week at all the ports show a still farther increase, amounting to 76,898 bales, against 73,012 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since September 1, this year, 671,613 bales, against 768,288 bales for the same period in 1865. For the corresponding week of 1865 the receipts were 68,000 bales. The exports from all the ports this week amount to 34,940 bales (against 31,664 bales last week,) of which 23,775 bales were to Liverpool, 863 bales to Glasgow, 951 bales to Queenstown, 6,443 bales to Havre, 825 bales to Hamburg, 861 bales to Spain, and 1,222 to Mexico, as follows :


The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1 now amount to 249,781 bales, against 382,186 bales for the same period last year. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, \&c. :
Receipts and Exports of Coiton (bales) since Sept. 1 , and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

| PORTA. | $\begin{gathered} \text { REC'D } \\ \text { SINCE } \\ \text { SEPT. 1. } \end{gathered}$ | Exported since sept. 1 to- |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}{ }^{\text {BHITP- }}$ nostr. PORTS. | stocx. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Great Britain | France | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { for'gn. } \end{aligned}$ | Total. |  |  |
| N. Orleans, Dec. | 291,580 | 63,356 | 24,418 | 6,560 | 94,334 | 100,959 | 218,643 |
| Mobile, Dec. 21... | 108,734 | 19,894 |  | 801 | 20,695 | 29,508 | 71,841 |
| Charleston, Dec. 21. | 58,719 | 11,655 | 20 | :... | 11,675 | 36,496 | 17,860 |
| Savannah, Dec. 21.. | 86,318 | 12,026 |  | $\ldots$ | 12,02 | 59,75 | 22,590 |
| Texas, Dec. 21 | ${ }^{33,365}$ | 4,709 |  |  | 4,709 | 10,776 | 25,571 |
| New York, Dec. $28{ }^{*}$ | 26,996 | 89,662 | 2,235 | 8,833 | 100,730 |  | 120,000 |
| Florida, Dec. $21+$.. | 14,584 |  |  |  | .... | 7,44 | 1,221 |
| N. Carolina, Dec. 28 | 16,445 |  |  |  |  | 16,445 |  |
| Virginia, Dec. 28... | 31,684 |  |  |  |  | 31,684 |  |
| Other p'ts, Dec. 28* | 7,188 | 5,351 |  | 261 | 5,612 |  | \$50,0 |
| Total ... | 671,613 | 20 | 26,673 | 16,455 | 249,781 | 293 |  |

The market this week has been quiet. The holiday season is always a drawback to business, but other circumstances are at present having an unfavorable influence. Prominent among these are the interruption of cable dispatches and the fall in gold. The large and increasing weekly receipts have also served to depress speculative movements. Holders, however, are firm, believing that the fall in gold is only temporary, and that the increased receipts furnish no indication of the extent of this year's crop, since the necessities of the South have lead them to push their cctton forward more rapidly than usual. The fact that, even with the large receipts of the past three weeks, the total this year is still about 100,000 bales below last year's figures, is used in support of the idea of a decidedly short crop. Until to-day prices have, in sympathy with the decline in gold, ruled about one cent in currency below our last quotations; to-day, without any special activity, there is a recovery of a half cent. The sales of the week have been only about 7,000 bales.


Exports of Cotton from New York the past week amount to 8,676 bales, of which 6,704 were to Liverpool, 863 to Glasgow, 284 to Havre, and 825 to Hamburg, as follows : To Liverpool per steamer City of New York, 469; Virginia, 1,846; Hecla, Ti,030; per ship J. L. Bogert, 1,569; R. L. Lane, 380 ; Great Western, To Glasgow per steamer Caledonia, 863 . Totil bales

Below per steamer
Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1,1866 ; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year :
Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1866

| Exported to | weer ending |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { date. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Same } \\ & \text { time } \\ & \text { prev. } \\ & \text { year. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 11. } \end{aligned}$ | Dec. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 25 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Liverpool. Other British Ports | 7,898 | 6,101 | 8,028 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 36,704 \\ 863 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 88,615 \\ 1,042 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 155,075 \\ 8,708 \end{array}$ |
| Total to Gt. Britain. | 7,898 | 6,101 | 8, ${ }^{128}$ | 7,567 | 89,662 | 158,788 |
| Havre | 80 | 5 | 362 | 284 | 2,235 | 5,928 |
|  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total French | 80 | 5 | 362 | 284 | 2,235 | 5,934 |
| Bremen and Hanover | 406 |  | 1,153 |  | 4,354 |  |
| Hamburg.... Other ports. | 515 | 617 |  | 825 | $\begin{array}{r}3,416 \\ \\ \hline 203\end{array}$ | 8,254 |
| Total to.N. Europ | 921 | 617 | 1,153 | 825 | 7,973 | 7,217 |
| Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar .... |  | $\ldots$ |  |  | 860 | 602 |
| All others.............. ...... | ... |  | 65 |  |  | 7 |
| Totål Spain, ete. | .... | $\ldots$ | 65 |  | 860 | 609 |
| Grand Total ........ | 8,899 | 6,723 | 9,608 | 8,676 | 100,730 | 172,543 |

## Grand Tota

ports are only the shipments from Tennesseo,
Kentucky, \&c., not otherwise enumerated.

+ These are the receints ot all the ports of Florila to December 21 excep
Apalachiols which are olly to November 23 . $\ddagger$ Estimated. Tbe stock at New York is also estimated.

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1
From
New Orleans
Texas...........
Savannah.....
Mobile........
Florida........

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { This Since } \\ & \text { week. Sept. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | From |
| 5,811 | 59,077 | South Carolina. |
| 939 | 7,189 | North Carolina |
| 3,091 | 48,395 | Norfolk, Baltim |
|  | 13,042 | Per Railroad. |
| 2,002 | 9,025 | Foreign. |

## Total for the week <br> Total since Sept. 1.

231,453 231,802 delphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1 :

| Receipte from- | -Boston. |  | - Philad'phia.- |  | -Baltimore. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Last | Since |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{2,495}$ |  | wetk. |  | week. | Sep. 1. |
| Teias. |  | 27,408 | 571 | 4,094 |  | 618 |
| Bavannah. |  | 5,729 | - 46 | 8,268 | 601 | 4.302 |
| Mobile | 1,066 | 14,789 |  |  |  |  |
| South Caroilina |  |  | .. |  |  |  |
| North Carolina .............. | 250 | 2,879 |  | 1,127 |  | ,664 |
| Virgin |  | 4,176 |  | 649 | 555 |  |
| New York, \& ${ }^{\text {c }}$ * | 1,260 | 20,561 |  |  | 5 5 | 4,843 |
| Tennessee, Kentucky, \&c... | 546 | 7,188 |  |  |  |  |
| Total recelpts. . . . . .bales | 5,617 | 83,302 | S17 | 9,038 | 3 | 127 |

The exports of cotton this week from these three ports have been as follows, all to Liverpool:

Baltimore, per steamer Scmerset, sis bales
Making the total shipments for the week . . ..................bales. $\overline{1,482}$
This shows an increase for these three cities on any week of the season.
Mobile. Dec. 22.-By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending Dec. 21 were 13,899 bales, against 12,719 bales last week, and the shipments were 9,938 bales, of which 5,604 bales were to Liverpnol, 1,366 bales 'were to New York, 843 bales to Boston, 987 bales to Providence, and 1,138 bales to New Orleans, leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared, of 71,341 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales, and ex. ports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each weels:


Cotton has been active through the week, and prices have improved under the influence of the more favorable a! the close, bowever, the report of the fall in gold at New Yorls checked operations, and the market closed unsettled and weak, and at about $\frac{1}{2}$ cent lower than the day previous. Sterling exchange closed $141 @ 143$.
Galveston, Dec. 15 .- We have received one week's later statement by mail from Galveston. The receipts for week ending Dec. 14 were 5,042 bales, against 4,463 lact week, and the shipments were
3,006 bales, of which $1,45 \overline{0}$ bales 3,006 bales, of which 1,455 bales were to Liverpool, 1,595 to New York, and the balance to New Orleans. Below we give the receipts, sales, and shipments for a ser:es of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week

| Date. |  | -Receipts- |  | Exp. |  |  | Freights. - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1866. | 1865. |  | Stock, | mid.* | pool. | York.t |  |
|  |  | 690 | 3,214 |  | 6,427 | -4@25 | 3/199-16 | 1 @, 3/4 | 143 @145 |
| '6 | 19 | 1,419 | 3,923 3,561 | 1,195 8 | ${ }_{7}^{6.181}$ | $23 @ 24$ | 12\%0-16 | 1 | 150 |
| " | 26 | 1,663 | 5,524 | 1,494 | 8.111 | 2600. |  |  | $145 @ 148$ |
| Nov. | 2 | 2,119 | 5,778 | ${ }_{71}$ | 10,159 |  |  |  | 145 @148 |
|  |  | 4,419 | 4,950: | 3,0\%2 | 11,506 | 25 ( |  |  | 147 |
|  | 16 | 064 | 8.967 | 46 | 15.524 | 2213@23 | (\%) |  | 146\% |
|  | 20 | 3,572 | 5,4:2 | 753 | 10,343 | 2218@.. | 13-16@\%/8 |  | 138 @140 |
| c. | 30 | 5,405 | 4,671 | 2,493 | 21,255 | 22\%@23 | 78 | 1为@. | 142 @144 |
|  |  | 5,042 | 3,563 | 3,096 | 25,5\%4 | 21 |  |  |  |

* Specic.
+ Per steamer.
There has been considerable activity through the week, the sales amounting to 3,434 bales, against 700 bales last week. At the close, however, the market is unsettled by advices of lower prices in New York-middling being quoted wominally at 22, low middling $20 \frac{1}{2}$, good ordiuary 19, and ordinary $17 \frac{1}{2}$ specie, Liverpool classification.

New Orleans, Dec. 22.-The mail returns for the week ending Dec 21 show the receipts to be 37,764 bales, against 31,979 bales last week The shipments for the last week were 19,806 bales, of which 6,157 bales were to Liverpool, 6,159 to Havre, 861 to Spain, 1,222 to Mexico, 3,234 to New York, 647 to Providence, and 1,526 to Boston. Stock on hand Nov. 30 was 218,643 bales. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middlirg rates of freight to Liver pool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since Oct. 5 , were as follows:




* By steam.

Early in the week there was a moderate business, and prices were firm ; later the market became very active under the Liverpool advices and an advance of about one cent was established. The last day, how ever, on account of the weakness in gold, part of the improvement was lost, and the market closed weak at $32 @ 33$ for middling, 30@31 low middling, Liverpool classification. Sterling exchange is quoted nominally $142 \frac{1}{2} @ 143$ for bill of lading bills, $143 \frac{1}{2} @ 144$ for commercial, and $144 \frac{1}{2}$ @145 for bank.
Safannab, Dec. 22.-The receipts for the meek ending Dec. 14 were 10,804 bales (of which 278 were from Florida), against 5,230 bales last week. The shipments this week were 7,016 bales, of which 2,873 were to Liverpool, 951 to Queenstown, 2,856 to New York, 80 to Boston, 246 to Philadelphia and 510 to Baltimore. Below we give the receipts shipments, prices, \&c., for a series of weeks :


The market has been variable through the week: at one time an adrance of about 1 cent was established, under the influence of European advices; but the weakness in gold has unsettled prices, the advance has been lost, the market closing about the same as last week with middling at 31@31 $\frac{1}{2}$, ordinary $26 @ 28$; good middling at 33@34.
Charleston, Dec. 22.-The receipts for the week ending Dec. 21 amount to 6,464 bales, against 5,619 bales last week. Shipments for this week amount to 2,474 bales, against 2,444 bales last week, of which 2,156 were to New York, 201 to Boston, 52 to Philadelphia, and 65 to Baltimóre. The receipts, sales and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week siace Nov. 2, were as fol. lows

Rec'ts.
4,667
$5,0,06$
6,882
5,888
4,889
5,221
5,619
6,464 Sales.
2,191
3,472
1,40
1,900
1,89
2,258
3,712
2,496

Ship-
Stock. ck.
451
4.9
105
124
1295
3,870 Price
mid of Treight for Uplid $361 / 3$
$361 / 2$

Business was quite limited the early part of the week, and prices fell off about one cent. On Tuesday, however, under the influence of the Liverpool news, the demand was more active and prices improved, and since then the tendency has been upward, the market closing active and excited, with ordinary at 32, low middling 33, middling 383@34. Sterling 60 day bills $\$ 640 @ 650$.

## TOBACCO

Fridat, P. M., Dec. 28, 1866.
The export of crude tobacco from all the ports show a still further decrease this week, New. York having shipped only 115 hhds of leaf, against 495 last week, and 1,495 the previous week. The Baltimore figures also show a similar result, being 937 hlids., against shipments last week of 1,694 hhds., but from New Orleans there were 719 hhds exported this week to Vigo, Spain, agsinst no exports last week, so that the total from all the ports is $1,790 \mathrm{hhds}$. In manufactured tobacco there is a large increase, New York having shipped 321,828 lbs. during the week, of which 230,746 went to Australia. The exports for the week from all the ports may be seen in the following :


Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1866 :

Exportg of Tobacce from the United States nince November 1, 1866.

| To | Hhde. | Cases. | Bales. | Cer's \& tcs. Stps. | Ehds. | bales. | Pkge. \& bxs. | Manfd, lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Britain. | 1,771 | 267 |  | 141 . |  |  |  | 228,441 |
| Germany. | 5,999 | 3,510 | 607 |  | 944 | 229 |  | 108,190 |
| Belginm | 527 |  | ... | ... .. |  | .. |  |  |
| Holland. | 1,753 |  |  | ... .. |  | $\cdots$ |  | 7,562 |
| Italy. | 1,927 | 8 | $\ldots$ | ... |  | $\ldots$ |  | 36,411 |
| France | 3,430 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spain, \&c | 2.382 | 96 |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 462 | 155,357 |
| Mediterranean | 800 | 50 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 50 | 31,546 |
| Austria. | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa.... | 331 | 41 | 79 | ... .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 213 | 30,172 |
| China, India, \&c. | ... | 555 | . | ... .. | $\cdots$ | . | 1 |  |
| Australia ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,230,861 |
| B. N. Am. Prov.. | 62 | 17 |  | ... .. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 411 | 52,870 |
| South America... | 21 | 123 | 851 | ... - |  | ... | 341 | 94,958 |
| West Indies.... | 237 | 701 | 850 | ... .. | $\cdots$ |  | 81 | 105,244 |
| Efist Indies. |  | 244 |  | ... .. | .. |  |  |  |
| Mexico. |  |  |  | ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | 313 |
| All othars.. | ... | ... | ... | ... .. |  |  | 50 |  |


The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped :


The market this week, for all kinds of Tobacco, has been very dull. There has been very little demand either for ex. port or home use. In Kentucky Leaf the sales aggregate only about 200 hhds., mainly for export. The prices paid range from 4 to 16 c. In Seed Leaf the sales have been so unimportant as not to be worth specifying. Manufactured Tobacco is very quiet. Cutters are doing nothing now, in the expectation that Congress will reduce the tax at the present session. Mavana and other West Indies tobaccos have arrived very freely, and under the decline in gold is very depressed, Nothing of moment having been done, quotations are nominal.

EENTUCIS LEAF (HEDB.)


> Geod Leaf Fine do Selections.

Ky. Lioht H'vy West.
$11{ }^{7 \%}$ (614 14
11c ©123 15 @17c
eed Ieaf (boxes).
Q60c N. Y. State.-Fillers
 $4106 c$
$7 \Leftrightarrow 10 \mathrm{c}$
$5 @ 7 \mathrm{c}$
$3 @ 5 \mathrm{c}$
$6 @ 1 \mathrm{c}$
$3 \Leftrightarrow 5 \mathrm{c}$
MaNUFACTURED.

West. \& City. Virginia. Black work-5est. \& City. Virginia. Mommon.

 $311 \times 40$
60 @ 70
 Good and fine 60 @ $\mathbf{H}_{2}$ Bright work.-16 lbs. and lbs.- 35 Mediam.


Havana.-Fillers-Common. 75@ 80 Havana.-Wrappers.......... $150 \mathrm{~m} 300^{0}$ Good. 05110

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

| From | -This week- |  | -Prevously- |  | -Tl sin. Nov 1- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | hhds | pkga. | hhds. | pkga. | hhds. | phas. |
| Virginia.. | 78 | 1,446 | 1.784 | 1,943 | 1,862 | 20,849 |
| Baltimore |  |  | 345 | 15 | 345 | 15 |
| New Orlea |  |  | 174 |  | 174 |  |
| Ohio, \&c. | 134 | 72 | 2,253 | 3,809 | 2,387 | 3,881 |
| Other. | 90 |  | 17 | 44 | 116 | 44 |
| Total | 311 | 1,518 | 4,714 | 23,827 | 5,025 | 25,345 |

The following are the exports of tobaceo frem New York fur the past week

all comnion lugs to medium leaf at prices ranging from $\$ 215$ to $\$ 13$ The patire sales of the week were 815 hog:heacis, including reviews with 87 rejections. The actual receipts and ehipments for the cuirent year are in the following
tobacoo statement
The stock on hand Nov. 1, 1866 . Hhd Received since from the countr

Receipts last week-country
Hhds.
284 to Dec. 15 .

Total.
Total.
Deliveries jast week.
Stock on hand.
tock on hand Dec. $15 . .$.
We continue our classification: Lugs common, \$2 25@3 25; luge fair to good, $\$ 3$ 50@4 75 ; common leaf $\$ 5 @ 7$; low medium $88 @ 9$ good medium $\$ 9$ 50@11; fair to good \$12@14; fine to medium \$15@ .20 ; cutting leaf, medium and fins 815 @40.

New Orfeans.-The receipts of the new are small, and sell readily at good prices. The stock on sale of the old crop is very much reduced. Several buyers on foreign account are in the market, but they decline to pay the prices asked by factors, who are very frm in their views, and but little is doing in consequence. The principal eales were 4 hhd leaf at 8@12c; 32 bhds old leaf on private terms: 30 hbds ligh refused $4 \mathrm{c} ; 14$ hids Clarksville Leaf $11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c} ; 16$ hhds stems on private terms. Keceipts for the week, 5 o hhds. Cleared for the week, to New Fork, 98 hbds ; to Vigo, 719 bhde. Total 818 . Stock on hand 4,50' hhds. We quate:

## Inferior Lagz.... Good Lags..... Inf.to Com.Leaf. Medium Leaf.. <br> Light. Heary. <br> Fair Leaf <br> Light.

Virginia, - At Richn ond the market for Leaf Tobacco remains dul and prices for all grades fully sustained. The stock for inspection very small and rapidly decreasing. Market for nedium and inferior branda slightly advanced ; manufacturing trisk und prices geod. No sales on yesterday at the Tobacco Exchange. We quote as follows; Lugse Common and light weight s? 4 , good shipping $555(a 9$, gocd and fin manufacturing $9 \times 13$, common leaf *i@9, medium *10@12, good and fine manufacturing $\$ 15 @ 25$; good and fine ehipping, fancy manufactur ing, sun-cured, none offering; bright wrappeis with sales at $\$ 125$ @ $\$ 185$.

Maryland.-We have no change to notice in the market for Mary land leaf; receipts are fair for the season, and good demand to filling up the vessels now on the berth for Bremen and Holland. Sales 400@ 500 hhds., embracing all desciiptions within or quctations. Of Ohio sales were limited to 50 hhds, the past week. The stock remaining in factors' hands is only suitable for France. In Kentucky leaf there ie nothing at all to notice. Inspections for the week, 567 hhda. Mary lacd. 5 Ohio-total, 572 hhds. Cleared this week, 887 hhls. to Rotter dam, 50 hhds. and 20 cases to Liverpool.

## BREADSTUEFS.

We have had the usual holiday market. Business has been limited, and the variation in prices not important.

The receipts of flour bave fallen off very materially, so that a portion of the limited business is from stocks on hand. But at current prices holders have been disposed to meet the wants of the trade, and no material advance can be quoted. The feeling, however, has been rather upward, and city millers have been uble to make contracts for flour to be made at very full prices.

The receips of wheat hare absolutely ceased, but the business of the week has been limited, until yesterday, when millers bought a few loads, obtaining a slight concession in prices on those curient a week ago.
Corn has experienced a nominal advance, but the transactions have not been sufficient to establish quotations. Oats, Rye, Barley and Peas bave been very dull, and nearly nominal.

 the occurrence of Christmas and the considerable decline in gold ; but business is lesz active at the close, and somewhat irregular. The indications are of a very active business in nearly all branches of the trade following the opening of the new year.

TEA.
Teas have maintained a good degree of steadiness during the week notwithstanding the lower price of gold, and for the season a good general business has been aone by both first and second hands. Allively business is indicated after the close of the year. The sales are 200 halfchests greens on private terms, 1,100 half-chests uncolored Japans, and 500 packages of Onlongs. Prices are unchanged.
The imports of Tea this week have beein 901 pkgs per "Music" from Hong Kong, including 6,276 lbs. Pouchong, 1,439 lbs. Hyson, 5,151 Young Hyson, and 22,489 Gunpowder, and 2,000 pkgs per "Bella" from Whampoa (including $56,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. of Pouchong.)
The following table shows the shipments of tea from China and Japan to the United States, from June 1 W. Oct. 15, 1866, and importations at New York and Boston since Nov. 1 :


Corfer has been dull, and holders have submitted to a further de cline. The reports of shipments from Rio are quite large. The sale of the week are reported at 9,850 bage Rio, and 800 bags Maracaibo. The market closing quiet at our own quótations.
The imports this week have been-of Rio, 7,501 bags per steamer North America, 4,500 per John Welch, Jr., 2,900 per Najade, 5,001 per Moses Rogers, 5,300 per Eiche, 3.000 per Artistic : total 28,201 bags against 11,215 last week. Of other soris $-1,441$ bags Jamaica, 897 St. Domingo, 3,152 Maraciabo, 933 Laguayra, and 635 sundries.
The imports for the week, and stocke of coffee in first hands Dec. 25) are as follows:

Havana, Dec. 22.-There is nothing doing in clayed sugar for want of stock in first hands. Sales have been made of 2,300 boxes No. 9 at 71 rls. per arrobe. Nos. 11 to 12 are quoted nominally at $\delta @ 8 \frac{1}{2}$ rls. Shipments to United States have been 1,200 boxes to New York. The following will show the receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas

|  | Rec'd this -Expts to U. S. - |  |  | $\qquad$ Total export $\qquad$ week. Since Jan. 1. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yea |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,797 | 1,200 | 424,469 |  |  | 11,449 | 1,398,801 | 31,098 |
|  | 1,705 |  |  | 10,343 |  |  |
| 1864 | 5,657 |  | 141,176 | 25,697 | 1,330,38 | 32 |

Muscovadoes.-There is nothing doing here on account of the high demands of planters.
Receipts, exports and stocke at Havana and Matanzas are as follows :

|  | For Since | $\rightarrow$ Exporte--- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year. | week. Jan. 1. | for w'k. s'ce Jan. | To | ce Jan | hds. |
| 1866 | 180 | 339) 65,556 | 379 | 80,356 | 758 |
| 1865 | 186 | 66,533 | 45 | 82,115 | 345 |
| 1864 | 762 | 36,792 | 591 | 68,889 | 1,859 |

The imports of sugar have been small for the week, the details, as compared with last week, are shown in the following table :
 Molasses have been more freely offered, but the demand has been
small and prices show a downward tendency. The sales for the week small and prices show a downward tendency. The sales for the week
are reported at 600 hh ds. Porto Rico, and 450 bbls . of New Orleans The market closes rather nominal
The receipts of the week have been of fair amount, and considerably larger than last week. Included in them were 975 bbls. New Orleans. The details are given below
Receipts for the week and stock on hand are as follows :-

|  | Hhds. | Punch' | Ti'ce | casks. | Bbls. | Stock | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{l} \text { h'd } \\ \mathrm{bbblg} . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crba ..... | 1,083 | -... | 118 | $\ldots$. | - 7 | *5,800 |  |
| Other Foreign | 3 | 754 | $\ldots$ | 270 | 10 | *2,700 |  |
| New Orle ns. |  |  |  |  | 9:8 |  | 1,200 |
| Total | 1,086 | 754 | 118 | 270 | 975 | *8,500 | 1,200 |
| Last week | 215 | 172 | 23 | 152 | 1,427 | *9,300 | 1,000 |

SPICES．
Spices have met a fair jobbing demand，bút large transactions are limited．Prices are essentially the same as last reported．

## FRUITS．

Fruirs have been dull and business is limited to immediate wants． Prices are much unsettled by the lower price for gold，and quotations


DUTY：When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production；also，the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels， 5 cents \％it ；all other 10 zo cent ad valorem in addition．
 do prime，duty paid ．．． do fair．．．．
do ordinary．．．．．．．．．．
rava．mats and
Native Ceylon．
Maracaibo
Maracaibo．
Laguayra．
Laguayra．．．．．．

Sugar．
DUTY：on raw or brown sugar，not above No． 12 Dutch standard， 8 ；on white chad a bove 15 and not over 20,4 ；on reflined， 5 ；and on Melado， $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents $\%$ 位．
 Cuba，inf．to com．refining
do fair to good do ．．．
do fair to good grocery．．．
do fair to good grocery

do pr．to choice do do pr．to choice do centrifag | do Melado．．．．．．．．．．． |
| :--- |
| Hav，Box．D． |



| 9룻 12 | do do | do 13 to 1511 ＠ 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 （a）9k | do do | do 16 to 1812 ＠ 13 |
| 9\％9810 | do do | do 19 to 20 13i＠${ }^{\text {a }}$ 14 |
| $10 \pm 104$ | do do | white ．．．． 13 ＠ 14 |
| 11 （1）11t | Loaf． | is |
| 8 （a）${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Granulated |  |
| 6 （a） | Crushed and |  |
| 9 ＠ | White coffe |  |
| 10 （a） 11 | Yello |  | Molasses．

Doty： 8 cents fig gallon．
Now Orleans ．．．．．．．．．．革 gall． Porto Ríco ．． Porto Rico ．．．．．．．．．．．
$65 @$
$50 @$
$4 \pm @$ $@_{0}^{85}$ do Clayed．．．

Spices．
DUty ：mace， 40 cents；nutmegs， 50 ；cassia and cloves， 20 ；pep̆per and imento， 15 ；and ginger root， 5 cents $\%$ in．

 Mace ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．（gold）
Natmegs，

## Fruit．

Duty ：Raisins，Currants，Figs，Plums and Prunes，5；Shelled Almonds， 10 ； Almonds， 6 ；other nuts，2；Dates，2；Pea Nuts， 1 ；Shelled do， $1 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Filberta and Walnuts， 3 cents $\mathbb{8} \mathrm{I}$ ib ；Sardines， 50 ；Preserved Ginger， 50 ；Green Fruits， 25 \％cent ad val．

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raisins，Seedless．．軋，task 850 ＠ |  | $17 \text { @ } 20$ |
| do Bunch ．．．．．．．．．．． 3 70＠3 is | Brazil Nuts．．．．．．．．．．． | $17 \times 18$ |
|  | Filberts，Sicily | $1^{1}+12$ |
| Citron，Leghorn ．．．．．．．．．．． ¢ $^{\text {a }}$ 31\％ | Walnuts， |  |
|  | Dried Fruit－ | 10 （1）12t |
| Dates $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ 1s $@_{0}$ | Apples ．．．．．．．．．．．．．8．．．． | ．． 288 |
| Almonds，Languedoc．．．．．．se se © | Black Raspberries | ．． 980 |
| do Provence．．．．ioli $21 \times 25$ | Pared Peaches． | ii ${ }^{85}$ |
| do Shellcd．．．．．．．．． 40 ＠ 42 | Unpeeled do |  |
|  | Ch |  |

## THE DRY GOODS TRADE．

Fiday，P．M．，Dec．28， 1866.
The dry goods trade has been very much interrupted by the occurrence of Christmas，and the general disposition to post． pone business until after the 1st of January．The rapid de－ cline in gold tends to lower prices for cotton，and consequently to make easier rates for manufactured goods．Aside from the very light demand for immediate consumption，trade must re－ main very quiet until merchants shall have settled up accounts for the new year．We annex particulars and details of some leading kinds of goods：


Commonwealth O do $11 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Boott H do $15 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，Pepperell N do $15 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Indian Head do 181，Atlantic V 7－8 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Atlantic E do 18，Pacific do 18， Tremont E do 15，Bedford R do 13，Boott O do 19，Indian Orchard W do 17，Pepperell O do 17t，Indian Head 4－4 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Princeton A do 21 Pacific extra do $21 \frac{1}{3}$ ，do H do $21 \frac{1}{3}$ ，do L do 19，Atlantic H do $21 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do $\mathbf{A}$ do 22，do L do 19，Lawrence E do 191，do C do 21，F do 19，Stark A do $21 \frac{1}{4}$ ， A moskeag A do 22，do B Co $21 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Nashua D do 20，Pepperell E do $211^{\circ}$ Great Falls M do 19；do S do $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Sagamore do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ Albion do 17 ，

 Pequot do 26，Pocasset do 21，Indian Orchard A 40 inch $22 \frac{1}{\xi}$ ，do O Pequot No 26， W $5-427$ t Utica do $42 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell $7-4$ 45，Utica do 521．Pepperell $9-4$ 62 $\frac{1}{3}$ ，Monadnoc $10-470$ ，Pepperell do $77 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Útica | 521， |
| :--- |
| $11-4$. |
| 81 |

Bleaobed Sheitings and Shirtings are almost wholly nominal and prices continne to decline slowly，but little trade is expected until after the holidays．Keystone 8.411 ，Revere do $12 \frac{1}{\mathrm{t}}$ ，Kingeton do $11 \frac{1}{1}$ ， Boott $R$ do 14 ，do $H$ do $14 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Lawrence $H$ do $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Woodbury 7－8 16 ， Newburyport do 181，Rockdale do 17，Waltham X do 16，Amookeag Z do 18，Harris AA do 171，Great Falls M do 19，Lyman Cambric do 20 Stafford do 19，Lawrence L do 20，Lawrence A do 93，Hill＇s Sem．Idem do $22 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Bartlett 31 inch 18 ，do 83 inch 20 ，Webster $4-415 \frac{1}{3}$ ，Greene $G$ do 18 ，Lewiston G do $21 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Windsor do $22 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，Pocumtuck do 19，Putnam A do 19，Newmarket A．do 20，do C do 221，Great Falls K do 19， Bartletts do 22t，Bates BB do $23 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Constitutional do 17，Indian Grove do 20，James Steam do 22t $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Indian River XX do 21，Attawaigan do 21，Latrence B do 221，Fountain do 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Hope do $22 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}, \text { Tip Top }}$ do 5，Blackstone do 21，Amoskeag A do 25，Boot B do 23，Forestdale do 26，Masonville do 26，do XX do $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Androscoggin $L$ do 26 ，Lonsdal do 26．Wauregan do 29，do F do 211，Bates XX do 30，Lyman do 32，Wamsutta H do 32t，Atlantic Cambric do 35，Lonsdale Cam bric do $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，New York Mills do $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Hill do 25 ，Chickopee 42 inch $28 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Waltham do 24，Lyman R 5－4 24，Naumkeag W do 30，Boott W do 28，Nashua do $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Bates do $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Wamsutta do 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Amoskeag． 46－inch 38，Mattawamkeag 6－4 inch 46，Pepperell do 45，Oneida 9.4 45 ，Utica do $52 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Waltham $8.46 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Pepperell do $62 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell 9.4 75，Utica do 90，Phoeniz 10．4 65，Monadnock do Waltham do 85，Allendale do 75．Pepperell do $87 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Utica do $\$ 1$ ，Mas－ sabésic 11－4 87 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，A moskeag do $87 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Pepperell do 85.
Ticks have been very quiet and prices are nominal．Amoskeag A CA： 55，do A 42，do B 37 ，du D 27，do C 32，Pemberton do red stripe 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ ． Brunswick 22，Blackstone River 25，Hamilton 37⿺⿸⿻一丿又丶刂灬丶丶，do D 32 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Somerset 20 ， Thorndike 28，Pearl River 50，Oriental 41，Harvest 36，Hancock A A． 31，Pittsfield $14 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Bunkerhill 26 ，York $52 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 39 ，Cordis A A A 45， Everett 28，Imperial 35．Boston A A $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ．LehighValley A 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，do B 20．do A C A 22？，Swift River 25，Pacific 30，Winnebago 13 151．$\frac{1}{2}$ ．Hampden C C 30，Albany $14 \frac{1}{2}$ ．
Stripes are inactive，and although not decidedly changed in price， large lots could be purchased at a concession．Amoskeag 29 and 30 ， Uncasville 23 and 94 ，Whittenton A A 35 ，do A $3-3$ 30，do B B 25， Pittsfield 3.3 14，Pemberton Awn $47 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Haymaker 2f，Everett 27 inch 26，Masabeic 23 and 29，Andover 25，Boston 25，Harvesters 3－3 22＠ 26, 20 23 ，
23，Easton 21，Jewe liry Carces are Mills Red 25 ，Lanark $4 \times 217$ ，Union $5037 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do $5037 \frac{1}{2}$ in prices．Park 35 Caledonis 35 ，du 29，Lancaster fur 18，Kennebeck 35 ， do 20 35，do 2035 ，Caledonia 3n，do 29 ，Lancar No． $60016 \frac{1}{\text { d }}$ ，do No． 800 Wamsutta 20，Farmers \＆Mechanics 30，Star No． 600 \＆ 2－2 22，do No． 90042 26，Cameron No． 80 20，Miners \＆Mechanics 32.
Denims and Cótronades are dull and quite nominal．Amoskeag denims sell at 37 cts ，Haymaker 30，do brown 30，York $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Warren brown 25，Boston Manufacturing Co．25，Union 30，Monitor 21，Man－ chester Co．27，Clark＇s brown $27 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Suffolk 27，Marlboro 22，Blue Hill 24， Tremont $32 \frac{1}{2}$ In cottonades Farmer＇s and Mech．Cassim．sell at 55 ， Pemberton dist $50 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Rodman＇s Ky．J．47，Plow L．and Anv． 50
$32 \frac{1}{3}$ inch $52 \frac{1}{2}$ ，New York Mills $62 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Whittenden d\＆t $31 @ 39 \frac{1}{2}$.
Brown Drills are in very light demand for export．Winthrop 18，
Amoskeag 23，Laconia 24，Androscoggin 14，Minerva 18，Pepperell 23， do fine jean 22，Stark A 221，Massachusetts G 20，Woodward duck bags $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，National bags 40 ，stark A do $67 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Liberty do $37 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ．
Pbint Cloths are inactive from the derline in cotton，and prices are nomial．
Prints are without movement．The stucks are now ennsiderable，and agents are offering them a little lower．The following are the prices in jobbers＇hands：American 17t，Amoskeag dark $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do purple 18，do pink $18 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do ehirting $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Merrimac $D$ dark 18 ，do purplée 18 ，do $W$ dark 20 ，do purple 20，do pink 20，Sprague＇s dark 18，do purple 19，do shirt ing 19，do pink 19，do indigo blue 18，London Mourning $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Simpson Mourning $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ，A moskeag Mourning $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Garners light 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Dunnell＇s $17 \frac{1}{3}$ ． Allen 17，Kichmond $17 \frac{1}{2}$ ，A rnolds 15，Gloucester 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Wamsutta dark 14 Pacific dark 18，Lowell 15，Naumkeag 142，Hamilton 18，Victory 16，Glent Cove 121 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Home 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Empire State 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Wauregan $16 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ．

Domestic Ginghims are very quiet and prices are somewhat nominal． Lancaster 231，Hartford 18，Caledonia（new）21，Glasgow 22，Clyde 17，Berkshire 23，German 20，Roanoke 17 Bates 23і ．Manchester 20.

Canton Flannels are dull，and prices are more or less nominal．El－ lerton N，Bro． $37 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do O，do 35，Laconia do 30，Slaterville do 24，Ham－ Iton do 30 ，Suffolk do 23，Rockland do 17，Naumkeag do 26，Tremont do 21，Scotts extra do 19，Whittenton do 222 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Ellerton N Blea．40，do 0 do $33 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ ，do P do $33 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Methuen 3？，Naumkeag do 27，Naehua A 22.
Corset Jeans are in small request for immediate use．Androscoggin $15 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Bates colored 15，do bleached 141，Naumkeag 21，Pepperell 28， Naumkeag，satteen 25，Laconia 22，Amoskeag 221，Newmarket 16， Lewiston 15，Indian Orchard 16，Berkeley 22t $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Quinnebaug 181 ，Tre－ mont 12 4 ．
Cambrics and Silibias are in light request at unaltered prices．

Lonsdale Silesias sell at 23 cents，Victory 22t，Indian Orchard $22 \frac{2}{2}$ ，Ward 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ．Washington glazed Cambrics sell at $14 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Victory 13， do E 14，do high colors 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Hudson Mill 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Fox Hill 11，Superior $11 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Smithfield 13 ．Waverly $13 \frac{1}{2}$ ．S．S．\＆Sons paper cambrics sell at 18 cents，do high colors 20，English 20，White Rock 18，Masonville 19， Warren 18.
Woolen Goods are quiet．The manufacturers still hesitate about offering their Spring styles while the market is dull．

American Printed de Laines have been in light request at the last named prices．All dark 25，Hamilton Co 25，Manchester dark 25，Pa－ cific dark 25，Armures dart̀ 27，High colors 28，Pấcific Merinos 40 ， Mourning 25，Shepherd checks 25 all wool 421 2 ，Skirtings 35.
Park 45 inch 38 diso in good request and prices are firm．Washington 35 ， Park 45 inch 38 ，do 35 inch $27 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 60 inch $27 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 70 inch $52 \frac{1}{2}$ ，do 70 inch $57 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Kensington 26，Union cotton and wool 25，Park Mills No． $6 \overline{5}$ 421 $\frac{1}{2}$ ，Todd＇s $32 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Black Rock 30 ．

Coburgs are in light demand for special trade．Pacific Co．＇s black and colored coburgs bring $37 \frac{1}{2}$ cents for A quality， 45 cents for 36 inch AA do and 50 cents for AA A do；Atlantic De Laine Co．＇s black and colored coburge sell at 30 cent for 23 inch imperial and 45 for 32 inch do．Atlantic De Laine Co．＇s black Italian cloths $42 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ for 30 inch fine， 50 c for 27 inch extra fine，and 55 for 32 inch do， 27 inch initation do $30 \mathrm{c}, 27$ inch fine do 35 c and 32 iach do 40
Cloths are in some demand，principally for low grades．Slater＇s black cloths range from 8350 四 50 ，do Moskowas $\$ 12 \overline{5}$ ．Cotton warp cloths sell at 8175 fer No．1， 1165 fur No．2，and 81 bis for No． 3， 6.4 Winona sackings $\$ 145$ ．
Cassimeres and satinets are in very light request，except some par－ ticular desirable styles．Spring goods are not yet in market．Slater＇s $4-4$ black doeskins range from 4 ©
 Farmer＇s A Union do 47t．Lewiston D and E 55 ．Shameres 50 c ．： cassimeres $8120^{\circ}$ ．An 3180 ； ailk mixtures $\$ 1$ ， 1 doeskins $\$ 1.20$ ；Rochester grey do $\$ 1$ ；Dighton Mk mixtures $\$ 1.87 \frac{1}{2} @ 2.25$ ；Utica 6.4 fancy cassimeres $\$ 2.12 \frac{1}{2} @ \$ 3$ ． Merchants＇Woolen Co．＇s 星 silk mixtures $\$ 1.55$ ；${ }^{8}$ Black River do $\$ 1.55$ ， and $\frac{8}{8}$ do doubled and $t$ wist $\$ 1.37 \frac{1}{2} ; \mathrm{S}$ ．\＆H．Sayles heary $\frac{8}{4}$ fancy cas－ simeres $\$ 1.37 \frac{1}{2} @ 1.75$ ；Babcock \＆Moss do 81.621 ＠ 32 ；Campbell \＆ Do．＇s do $1.50 @ ⿴ 囗$ ；Mechanicsville Co．＇s do $\$ 1.75 @ \$ 2$.
Oabpers are quiet but steady．Velvets，J．Crossley＇s best $\$ 4$ ，do a 1 qual．\＄3．75，do patent \＄3 25 ．Body Brussels，Roxbury $\$ 2$ 75，do Bige－ dow $\$ 2$ ．Tapestry，Brussels，S．Crossley $\$ 1$ 90，Lowell，ex 8 p $\$ 215$ ， do super $\$ 175$ ，do med sup $\$ 1$ 60．Hartfurd Carpel Co．ex 3 －ply $\$ 225$ ， do Imp 3－ply．${ }^{\$ 2}$ 2 1 12，do supei fine $\$ 175$ ，do med sup $\$ 160$ ．Med and low pri Iugraius 8120 ＠1 45，Hemp pl， 33 inch 40＠50，do 36 inch $40 @$ 50 do twil $\frac{5}{6}$ inch 55 © 60 ．
Arerican Linen is steady sud quite uniform in demand．Prices aro unchanged．
Linen Thread－There is a light，steady business in linen thread at uniform prices．Burbour＇s No． 35 s in bozes of 60 banks $\$ 215$ per lb ．， No． 40 s 72 hanks S． 40 per lb ．Barbour＇s machine thread No． 85 s to 808， 3 cord， 200 yards，$\$ 180$ per doz．，less discounts．

Foreign Goods are nominal for all kinds except staple goods．A small trade has been done in fancy styles of dress goods suitable for the holidays．The movement in importers hands is simply the dispos－ ure of remnents of the season＇s business at much reduced prices．

Mancuester Cottcy Yarn and Goods＇Mareet，London Wool Sales，etc．－In reference to these markets，our correspondent in Lon－ don writes as follors

Manchester，Dec．12．－During the present week there has been a considerable increasa in the demand both for yarns and cloth．Shipping yarns have changed hands freely，and have been disposed of at a elight advance in prices，and as regards home－trade yarns，the quotations have experienced a rise of $\frac{1}{d}$ per lb ．Spinners have，in some instances， demanded a further advance，but have not succeeded in obtaining a greater improvement than that above noticed．For cloth，there has been an improved as well as more general demand，but there is no gen－ eral advance in prices．In some instances，rather more favorable terms are realized；but an improved range of prices can only be noticed as regards a few particular makes．The market，however，must be con sidered firm at fully the prices of last weet．The advices at hand from India，Cbina and Austria are by no means satisfactory．The trade for manufactured goods in the chief ports in those countries being quite in the extreme，with a decided tendency to heaviness．
London Wiol Sales．－These sales were brought to a close on Mon－ day，the 101 h inst．As several parcels which had been disposed of at last series，have been recffered at the recent sales，the supply brought forward was greater than had been represented at the opening sale，the Good Hope； 9401 Sydnes and Queensland；12，829 Port Philip； 6,426 Now Zealand； 3,541 Adelaide ；2，105 Van Dieman＇s Land； 10 Swan River，and $2, \& 00$ bales sundries．The quantities brought forward at these sales in each of the last five years are subjoined
Sydney．．．．
Port Phiiip
Adelaide．

Adelaide ．．．．．．．．．．．．
New Zealand
Nwan River
Total．
During the recent seria vance of $\frac{1}{2}$ d．to 1 d ．；but inferior qualities at a decline of $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ ．per 1 lb ． In the value of Cape produce，owing to the large supply brought for－ ward，a fall of 1 d ．to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ ．，to，in some instances， 2 d ．per 1 b ．took place， The export demand was chiefly for Belgium and Germany，the total
supply taken by foreign buyers being 15,000 bales．The arrivals for nest sales amount to 14,120 bales．Comprisicg 3,259 bales from Sydney： 321 Port Philip； 167 New Zealand，and 10,578 bales from the Cape of Good Hope．

## IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORE，

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Dce 27,1866 ，and the corresponding weeks of i 854 and 1865 ，have been f．$\varepsilon$ follows：


MPORTS
（OTHER than day goods and specie）at tae port of new yorif for tee week ending december 21， 1866.

| China，Glass ware－ |  | Prunes． <br> Plums | $14,491$ | Paper．．．．．．．． 1749 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value, } \\ & \text { B4,92, } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bottles．． | 49 |  |  |  |  |
| China．．．．．．．． 492 | 20.744 | Sauces and pres． |  |  |  |
| Earth＇nw＇e．．． 803 | 80，786 | Instruments－ |  |  |  |
| Gless ．．．．．．． 2487 | 4，513 |  | 6，854 |  |  |
| Glassware ．．． 166 | 9，814 | Optical．．．．．．．．． 11 | 4，405 |  | 817 |
| Glass plate．．． 110 | 17，153 | owel |  | Other |  |
| Drugs，\＆c．－ |  | Jewelry ．．．．． 15 | 31，240 | Miscel |  |
| Alkali ． | 887 | Watches．．．．． 39 | 84，282 | Baskets．．．．．．． 3 | 24 |
| Acids．．．．．．．．．． 7 | 813 | Leather，Hides，\＆ |  | Beeswaz | 10 |
| Ammonia ．．．． 8 | 808 8,048 | Bristles．．．．．．．． 80 Boots \＆atoes 8 | 11，656 | Bricks | 16 |
| argols． | 2,048 1,610 | Boots \＆stoes． 8 <br> Hides，dress－ | $605$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Boxes .......... } \\ & \text { Buttons. } \end{aligned}$ | 180 19,288 |
| Aloes | 468 | ed．．．．．．．．． 273 |  |  | 19,288 1166 |
| Albumen | 1，486 | Hides． |  | Bur | 1180 |
| Bark，Perup． 90 | 24，298 |  | 11，288 | Clay | 866 |
| Barytes ．．．．． 624 |  | Liquors， |  | Cheese．．．．．．．．60 | 4，168 |
| Blea Powder 609 | 11，677 |  | 5，255 | Cigars | 5，e88 |
| Brimstone．．． 978 | 10，190 | Brandy．．．．．．1，756 | 54， 239 | Coal， |  |
| Cream Tartar． 21 | 4.038 | Cordials ．．．．．． 18 | 117 |  |  |
| Chickory．．． 108 | 1，883 | Qin．．．t．．．．．．${ }^{5} 5$ | 8，001 | Cotto | 8 |
| Cochineal ．．．．${ }^{5}$ | 2，218 | Porter＇．．．．．．． 195 | 1，946 | Carria | 071 |
| Cudbear | 1，050 | Rum．．．．．．． 96 |  | Clocks．．．．．．． 17 | 2，401 |
| Cantharides | 968 | Whiskey ．．．．． 143 | 9，188 |  | 7，910 |
| Gums，crude． 353 | 14， 698 | Wines ．．．．．6，178 | 90，324 | Coffee，bgs．48，01 | 2，683 |
| do Arabic． 67 | 4，984 | Champage |  | Emery ．．．．．． 241 | 2，730 |
| do copavi． 8 | 492 | baskets．．2，655 | 28，3 |  | 1．776 |
| Indigo．．．．．．．．． 248 |  |  |  |  | 3,986 |
| Isinglass | 1.055 | Bronzes ．．．．．．ir | 2，631 | Fis | 32，180 |
| Jalap | 1，520 | Chained anch266 | 7，434 | Furniture．．．．．is | 8，264 |
| Laclarine | 1，129 | Cop | 42，831 | Gannycloth1，385 | 87．888 |
| Lac．dye．．．．．． 10 | 515 | Cutlery ．．．．．．． 98 | 40，863 |  | 7，102 |
| Leeches．．．．．． 7 | 5 | Gas Fixtures | 10 | Hair cloth．．． 28 | 15，148 |
| Lic paste．．．． 510 | 15，989 | Guns ．．．．．．．．． 54 | 10，311 | Hemp ．．．． 6,004 | 108，379 |
| Madder．．．．．． 153 | 35，777 | Hardware．．．． 763 | －49，288 | Honey．．．．．．．． 23 |  |
| Oils．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{80}$ | 1.552 | Iron，hoop， |  | Hops．．．．．．． 15 | 1，474 |
| do ess．．．．．． 99 | 7，691 | tons．．．．．．． | 5，074 | Ind．rubb＇r．1，416 | 88，903 |
| do linseed． 35 | 5，225 | 0.1 |  | Machinery．．． 356 |  |
| do olive．．． 168 | 546 |  | 37，132 | Marble mar | 8，622 |
| Opium ．．．．．．． 8 | 4，103 | on，P |  | Maccaroni． 2,510 |  |
| Paints． | 10，816 | bars ．．．．． 8817 | 60，2 | Molarses．．2，848 | 72，835 |
| otash，bich | 242 | Iron，sheet， |  | Oil paintings． 28 | 12，041 |
| do Pruss 24 | 3，000 | tons．．．． 298 | 16，645 | Paper bang＇g． 152 |  |
| Quicksilver | 5，022 | Iron，tubes． 2,001 | 14.888 | Perfumery. .121 | 2，066 |
| Quinine． | 8，716 | Iron，oth |  | Pipe | 6，046 |
| Reg．Antimo．． 25 | 1，281 | ns |  | Potat | 439 |
| Soda，bicarb1，800 | 3，557 | Lead pigs ．18，368 | 103，16 | Provisions | 119 |
| do ash ．．．， 514 | 20，266 | Metal goods ．． 28 | 7，442 | Rags．．．．．．1，125 | 41，119 |
| do caustic． 255 | 6，222 | Nails | 96 | Rice | 2，138 |
| do nit | 8，833 | Needles．．．．．． 17 | 11，24 | Salt | 4，688 |
| Safflow | 952 | Nickel | 7，863 |  | 110 |
| Sponges．．．．． 56 | 4，734 | Old metal | 6，263 | Seed |  |
| Sugar of lead． 49 | 3，709 | Plated ware．．． 18 | 1，956 | Linseed，bags |  |
| Sulph．Cop＇r 19 | 938 | Per．caps．．．． 18 | 3，767 | 11，422 | 32，706 |
| Sumac．${ }^{\text {V }}$ ．．．770 | 2，693 | Saddlery ．．．．．．．7 | 1，867 | Soap．．．．．．1，732 |  |
| Vanilla Beans． 5 | 1，515 | Steel．．．．．．4，001 | 55，093 | Sugar，hhds，tcs |  |
| Vermillion．．．． 6 | 2，785 | Spelter lbs54，846 | 2，429 | and bbls． 2,372 | ，581 |
| Yellow Ochre100 | 386 | Silverware ．．．． 1 | 744 | gar，bxs．\＆ |  |
| Verdigris．．．．．25 | 7，275 | Tin，bxs．．．17，790 | 115，237 | bgs．．25，845 | 61，236 |
| Capsules | 794 | Tin slabs ． 1350 ； |  | Trees \＆plants | 1，156 |
| Other． | 5，695 | 87，789 | 14.875 | Tea．．．．．．．．．． 714 | 20，965 |
| Wormsee | 2，708 |  | 3，538 | Twine ．．．．．．． 10 | 1，565 |
| Furs，\＆ |  | Spices－ |  | Toys．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 4，986 |
| Furs．．．．．．． 90 | 36，083 | Ginger | 4，309 | Tobacco ．．2，449 | 60，548 |
| Fruits，\＆ |  | Mace | 1，204 | Waste．．．．．．．． 458 | 20，609 |
| Currants | 56，888 | Mustar | 277 | Wool，bales． 397 | 32，945 |
| Dried fru | 591 | Nutmeg | 3，614 |  | 2，008 |
| Lemons | 4,009 63,020 | Stationery，\＆c．－167 | ．28，980 | To | －29，683 |
| rangen | 2，593 | Engravinge ．．， 26 | 13，19 |  |  |

## PRICES CURRENT．

In addition to the duties noted
below，a discriminating duty of 10 per cent．ad vall．is linatied on all imports，
under fags that have no reciprocal treaties woith the United States． On all goods，wares，and mer－ chandise，of the growth or produce of
Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope，when imported from places this
side of the Cape of Good Hope，a duty side of the Cape of Good Hope，a duty
of 10 per cent．ad val．is levied in ad－ dition to the duties imposed on any suck
articles wohen imported directly from the place or places of their growth or produc－ tion；Rav Cotton and Raw Silk excepted．
The tor jo all pases to be $2,240 \mathrm{D}$.

 Pearl，1st sort．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．＠${ }^{\circ} 20$
 Bomes－Duty：on invoice 10 邲 ct．
Rio Grande shin $7 \beta$ ton 3500 © 000 Hread－Duty， 30 \％cent ad val． Pllot ．．．
Navy．
Crackers
Brats．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 7 ＠ 14 Bricks．
 Philadelphis Fronts．．．．．．．© 00 Rristles＊${ }_{1}$ Duty， 15 cents；hogs halr 1 Amer＇n，gray \＆wh．\＆ib 73 ＠ 300 Butter and Cheese．－Duty： 4 Butter－
N．YS

N．Y State－Fresh palls
Firki
Half
Wels
Wels
Weish tubs，second
quality
North Pennsylvania－
Forkins．．．．．．．．．．．．
Western Reserve－Fir－
Western Reserve－Firir－
Western States－Fir－ Firkins，？nd quality
Factory Dairies．．．
do Weit： r
Farm Dairies ．．
do Wester．．．
do Common．
Candles－Duty，tallow，21；sperma ceti and wax 8 ；stearine and ada－
mantine， 5 cents ；；tor Sperm，patent，
Refined sperm，city Reflned
Stearic Atearic $\ldots . . . . . . . . .$.
Cement－Rosendale．fobl ．．（a） 200
 Coal－Duty，bituminous，$\$ 125 \%$ ton other than bituminous， 40 cents 488 bushels of 80 If $\mathfrak{q} 8$ bushel．
Liverpool Orrel．
\＆
Liverpool Orrel．\＆8 ton
of $2,240 \mathrm{H}$ ．．．．．．．．．．

 Cardiff steam．
 Cocoa－Duty， 5 conts \％
 $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Quayaquil do ．．．．（gold）} & 15 \text {＠} & 15 k \\ \text { St Domingo．．．．（gold）} & 10 & 10 \frac{1}{4}\end{array}$ Coffee．－See special report．
Uppper－Duty，pig，bar，snd ingot， factured， 35 每 cent ad val．；sheathing copper and yellow metal，in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide， weighing 14
3 cents
皆
Sheathing，new
Sheathi
Braziers＇．．．
Baltimore．
Baltimor
Detroit
Cordage－Daty，tarred， 8 ． Manila，2it other untarred， $3 \frac{1}{2}$ cents ${ }_{8}{ }_{8}$ Manila，
Manila，．．．．．．．．． Tarred American
Corks－Daty $50 \%$ \％

Cottom－See special report．
Drugs and Dyes－Duty，Alcohol， Alum， 60 cents $\% 100$ \＃D：Argols， 6 cents \＆DD；Arsenic and Assafoodati， $20 ;$ Antimony；Orude and Regulus，
10 ，Arrowroot，80 $\%$ cent sa Tal．；


Bark， 80 靬 centad val．；Bi Carb．Soda， 11
Bleaching Powder， 80 cents $\%$ Bi 100 BD ； Befined Boras， 10 cents 78 ib：Crude
 15 ．${ }_{30}$ cent ad val．；Crude Camphor， $30 ;$ Refined Camphor， 40 cents $\%$ \＃b．； Carb．Ammonia， 20 fis cent ad val．；
Cardamoms and Cantharides， 50 cents Cardamoms and Cantharides， 50 cents
OB ；Caster Oil，$\$ 1$ g gallon；Chlo－ rate Potash，6；Caustic Soda， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ； Citric A\＆id， $10 ;$ Copperas，$\frac{3}{7}$ ；Cream Tartar， 10 ；Cubebs， 10 cents 解 Ib； Cutch，10；Chamomile Flowers， 20
\＆cent ad val．；Epsom Salts， 1 cent 78 cent ad val．；Epsom Salts， 1 cent
\＃\＃b Extract Lngwood，Flowers Benzola and Gamboge， 10 of cent．；
Ginseng， $20 ;$ Gum Arabic， 20 ep cent Ginseng， $20 ;$ Gum Arabic， 20 FB cent
ad val．；Gum Benzoln，Gum Kow－ ad val．；Gum Benzoin，Gum Ko
rie，and Gum Damar， 10 cents per H ； Gum Myrrh，Gum Senegal，Gum cent ad val．；Hyd．Potash and Resub－ centad Vadine，75；Ipecac and Jalap，
limed Lic．Paste， $10 ;$ Manna， 25 ；Oil 50 ；Lic：Paste， 10 ；Manna， 25 ；Oil Anis，Oil Lemon，and
50 cents；Oil Cassia and Oil Berga－
玝 cent ad val．；Pruss．Potash，Yel－ ${ }_{Q B}$ ID：Quicksilver， 15 䝗 cent ad val．；Sal شratus， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents 旧 焐；Sal Soda，$\frac{1}{3}$ cent $\mathcal{Y}$ tb；Sarsaparilla and
Senna， $21 \%$ cent ad val．；Shell Lac， Senna， $21 \%$ cent ad val．；Shell Lac，
$10 ;$ soda $A$ sh，$;$ ；Sugar Lead， 20 cents val．－Sulph．Morphine， 45250 cent ad Tartaric Acid，20；Verdigris， 6 cents笊 to；Sal Ammoniac， 20 ；Blue Vit－ parations and Extracts，\＄1 $\%$ 位；all Acid，Citric ．．．．（gold）
Alcohol．．．．．．．．fog gall． 4 Alcohol．．．．．．．．． 88
Aloes，Cape．．．．．
Aloes，Socotrine．．． Alum． Annato，fair to prime． Antimony，Reg
Argols，Refined
Arsenic，Powdered．
Balsam Copaiv
Balsam Tolu．．．．．．．．．．．
Balsam Peru ．．．．．gold Bark Petayo．．．
Berries，Persian．．．．．．．． Bi Chromate Potash．．．． Boray，Refined
Brimstono．Crude
ton ．．．．．．．．．．．（gold． 41
00 ＠4250 Brimstone，i．．．．．．．．．．．．．． pamphor，
bond）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．in（in bond）．．．．．．
Camphor，Re
Cantharides．

## Cantharide

in bul



Caustic Soda．．．
Coriander Seed
Cochineal，Hon（gold
Cochineal，Mexic＇n（g＇d
Cream Tarar，pr．（goid）
Cubebs，East lndia．．
Cutch ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Cutch ．．．．．．．
Extract Logwood．
Flowers，Benzoin．．．．．．．

## Gambier

Ginseng，South \＆Woust
Gum Arbic，Pisked
Gum Benzoin ．．．（gold）
Gum Kowrie
Goin riodd．
Gum Marrar，East India
Gum，Myrrh，Tarkey．
Gum Senegal．．．．（gold）
Gum Tragacanth，Sorts
Gum Tragacanth，w．
Hyd．Potash，Fr．and Eng．．．．．．．．．．．．（gold） Iodine，Resublimed．．． Lar Dÿ．
Lar Dye．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Licorice Paste，Calabris Licorice Paste Spanish Solid．． Licorice Paste，Greek． do，French，EX X．F．do Menna，large flake．．．． Manna，small flake．．．
Mustard Seed，Cal．．． Mustard Seed，Trieste Nutgalls Blue Aleppo Oil Bergamont，．．．．．．．．．． 5750


## Drek－Duty， 30 \％cent ad val．

 Ravens，Light．． 88 pce $1600 @ 1000$Ravens，Heavz．．．．．． 2000 Scotch，G＇ck，No．

Dye Woods－Duty fre
Camwood．（gold）folt t＇n190000 020000 Fustic，Cuba．．．．．．．．．．30 00 ＠ 3100 Fustic，Navanilla（gold）22 50 （23 23 Logwood，Hon．．
Logwcod，L zuna（gold） 320 Logwood，St．Dumin． 50 u0＠22 00

 Barwood ．．．．．．．．．（gold）$: 0000$
Feathers－Duty： 30 \％centad val． $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Prime Western．．．f ib } & 95 @ & 100 \\ \text { Tennessee．．．．．．．．．．．} & 10 & 10\end{array}$
Fish－Duty，Mackerel，$\$ 2$ ；Herrings， \＄1 ；Salmon \＄3；other pickled，\＄1 50 ed，or Dried，in smaller pkgs．than bar－ rels， 50 cents $\$ 100$
Dry Cod Dry Cod．．．．．．$\%$ cwt．
Pickled scale．．．f bbl．
Pickled Cod．．．？bbl．

shore．．．．．．．．． Mackerel，No．1，Halifax17 03 ＠ $\mathrm{Q}_{18} 1800$ Mackerel，No．1，Bay．． 17 10 © 1800 Mackerel，No．2，Bay．16（00＠17．00
Mackerel，No．2，Ha ax16 00 © $1: 50$


 Sa＇mon，Pi kled，p．te． 4 ； 40
Herring，Scaled 8 bos．


Fruite－See speoial report
Fuirs－Dniy， 10 \％\％cent．
Beaver，Dark．． 78 skin 100 ＠ 50
do Pale．．．．．．．．． 60 © 300
Bear，Black
Bear，Black ．．．．．．．．．． 500 © 1200
do brown．．．．．．．．． 300
000
Badger
Cat，Wi
Fishe

$\underset{\text { Lyn }}{\text { do }}$
Lynx
Marte
do
Mink
Musk
Musk r8
Otter．．．．
Opossum
Racooon $\ldots . . .$.
Skuy，Black


Glass－Duty，Cylinder or Windo Polished Plate not over 10x 15 inches not onts ${ }^{\text {q．}}$ square foot；larger an square foot；larger and not cents 24 x 39 inches． 6 ．cents ${ }^{\circ} \%$ square foo above that，and not exceeding 24 z 60 inches， 20 cents \％square foot；all above that， 40 cents \％square foot on unpolished Cylinder，Crown，and 15 inches square， $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ；over that，and not over 16x24， 2 ；over that，and not over $24 \times 30,2 \frac{1}{4}$ ；all over that， 8 cents $\stackrel{88}{8 \mathrm{D} .}$
American Window－1st， $2 \mathrm{~d}, 8 \mathrm{~d}$ ，and 4th qualities．
 $8 \mathbf{x}, \dot{4}$ to $10 \times 15 . . . . .$.
$11 \times 14$ to $12 \times 18$ ．．．
$12 \times 19$ to $16 \times 24 .$.
$18 \times 19$ to $16 \times 24$ ．．



$32 \times 50$ to $32 \times 56 \ldots . .$.
English and French Wind
（SingleThick）Disconnt $25 @ 30$ \＆seen
6x 8 to $8 \times 10$ ． 850 feet $775 @ 600$
$8 \times 11$ to $10 \times 15$
$11 \times 14$ to $12 \times 18$ ．
$29 \times 31$ to $24 \times 30$ ．
$24 \times 31$ to $24 \times 36$
975 （1） 7 T 00
$24 \times 31$ to $24 \times 36$
1550 ＠ 750
 $32 \times 50$ to $32 \times 56 \ldots \ldots, 2400 @_{@}^{@ 16} 00$
Groceries－See special report．
Gunny－Bags－Duty，valued at 10 Co， 4 cents
Calcutta，light \＆h＇y \％28＋
Cunny Cloth－Uuty，valued at 13
cants or leas cents or leas 8 ，square yard， 3 ；ove
10,4 cents
78
Ib Calcutta，standard，$\overline{\text {＇d }} \quad 2$（a）
Gunposivder－Duty，ralued at 20 20 \％cent ad val．iover 20 cents ID， 10 cents $\%$ ID and 20 \％cent ad val Blasting（A） 4825 mineg
Shipping and Mining．© 500
Riffe Riffe．．．

40 （1） 110
Mrir－Duty Frex
RioGrande，mixedif io
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Buenos A yres，mixed．} & 86 \text {（Q } \\ \text { Hog，Western，unwash．} & 10 \text {（a）}\end{array}$
Hardurare－
Ayes－Cast stee＇，best
do ordinary
Carpe＇ter＇s $A$ dz
do ordinary
do ordinary $1 . . . . .$. ，
br•ds Nos
do ordinary
800 ＠ 950

do udi＂ary．．．．．．．．．．．＇
do Sri．Hopper
Cotton Gins，pers

Narrow Wrought Butts List $5 \%$ dis
Cast Butts－Fast Joint．List 10
Loose Joint．List．
Lis．
Lis．
Hinger，Wrought，J．．．．List 25 ， kadv
Door Bilts，Cast Bbi
Carrigge and Tire Bolts List $10 \% \mathrm{dis}$ Door Licks and Latches List $7 \frac{1}{4}$ dis
Door Knobs－Mineral．Iist $7 t$ Door Knobs－Mineral．I ist 7i $\%$ dis
 Streks Trunk Dies List 10 名 dis
Li t 85 \％ dis Li t $85 \%$ dis 3crew wrenctes－Coes
 do Traf＇s
8 m ths＇
 to do handled，
 Short Augurs，per dz．NewList $10 \% \mathrm{dis}$ Ring do ．．．．．．．．．List 10 \％dis Cut Brads．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．List $55 \%$ dis． Eivet，Iron．．．．．．．．．．．ist t $25 \& 30 \%$ dis．
Screws，American．．．List $10 \& 24 \%$ dis．
 Shovels and Spades．．． Horse Sh

 Hemp－Duty，Russian，\＄40；Manila， \＄nd Sisal， 815 ；Italian，$\$ 40 ;$ Sunn
and and 「ampioo

Amer．Dressed．\％ton ton
do
Undressed

 Hides－Dnty，all kinds，Dry or Salt Dry Hides－

| Dry Hides－ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monterideo．．．．．do | 18 ¢ |  |
| Bio Grande do | 17 ＠ | $17 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Orinoco ．．．．．．．do |  |  |
| California ．．．．．．gold | 18 （0） | 18 |
| California，Mex．do | 16 （c） |  |
| Porto Cabello ．．do | 13 ＠ | 14 |
| Vera Cruz．．．．．．do | $14 \times$ | 15 |
| Tampico ．．．．．．do | 14 （2） | 15 |
|  | 15 （13） | 16 |
| salted Hides－ |  |  |
| Ch lif．．．．．．．．．．（gold） | 1 F ¢ ${ }_{\text {d }}$ | 6. |
| Chllfornia．．．，do | $10^{(1)}$ | 13 |
| Saniwich Isl＇d do | 13 （2） | 14 |
| South \＆Wesr．do | 9 ＠ | 12 |
| et Salted Hides－ |  |  |
|  | ¢183 | 10 |
| Rio Grande ．．．．do |  | 10 |
| California ．．．．．．do | 9；（0） | 10 |
| Western Coutry | 11 （1） | 12 |
| cured | 11 | 12 |
| Upper Leather Stock－ <br> B．A．\＆Rio Gr．Kip |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\%_{8}$ Io cash． | 26 ¢ | §8 |
| Sierra Leone．．．．do | 30 ＠ | 32 |
| Gambia \＆Bissau do | 2）${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 21 |
| Foney－－Duty， 20 cents Cuba（duty paid）（gold） | 82 gallon |  |
|  |  |  |
| Crop of 1866 ．．．．． 88 |  | 70 |
| do of 1865 | 20 ＠ | 45 |
| Foreign ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 40 © | 65 |

Horns－－Duty， 10 \％cent．ad val Ox，Rio Grande．．． F C $1400 @$
Ox，Buenos Ayres．．． $1200 @ 14$ India IRubber－－Duty， 10 \％cent． Para，Fine
 EastIndia．． Carthagena，\＆c．．．
Indige－－Duty rrer．
Bengal．．．．．．（．old）$\%$ in
 Manila．．． Guatemala
Caraccas．．． ．（gold）
rron－Duty，Bars， 1 to 10 ＠ 90 Railroad， 70 cents \％o 100 m ；Boiler Hoop，and scroll， $1 \frac{1}{4}$ to is cents $\%$ \％ p ． Pig， 89 \％ton：Polished Sheet， ${ }_{\mathrm{Plg}}^{\mathrm{en}}$ ，Scotch， No 1 ．
 Pig，American，No． $1 . .9000$
Bar，Refld Eng\＆Amer 96010503 Bar，Swedes，assorted
sizes（ingold）．．．．．．．9500＠：00 00 Bar $\mathbf{S}_{\text {wedes，assorted }}$ Bar，English and Amer ican，Refined a．．．．．．i15 00
do do do Common 10500
 Band．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Band．
 Finoop
Nail Rod
Sheet，Single，
and Treble，Double

vory－Daty， 10 \＆centad val

East Indis，Prime 8 to $82 \div \in 350$ | East ind，Billiard Ball | 8 | $20 @$ | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African，W．W．，Prlme | 80 |  |  |
| African，Scrivel．W．C． | $200 @$ | 250 |  | Lead－Duty，Pig，$\$ 2$ \％ 100 ib ；Old Lead， $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & \text { cents } \\ & \text { cents } \\ & \text { th }\end{aligned}$ Oalena ．．．．．．．\％f 100 ib Spanish．

German Engman
 Ceather－Duty：sole 35，upper 80
\％cent ad val． pent ad val．
Oak，Slaughter，light． do do middle do light Croppe

33 ash． 180 do middle do
 do heavy．
Califor．，light．
do middle do middle． do heavy．
Orino．，etc．1＇t． do middle
do heary． do \＆B，$A$,
dam＇gd all $w^{\prime}$＇s dom＇gdall w＇g＇s
do poor do do Slaugh．in rough do do do mid．
and heary ．．．．．．．．．． aime－Duty： 10 qi
Rockland，com．\％bbl． do heavy．．．
Lumber，Woods， －Duty Lumber， 20 if centad val．； staves， 10 解 cent a
and Cedar，Fres．
Epruce，East．\％M ft 1900 ＠ 2100
 White Pine Merch． Box Boards．．．．．．．
 Laths，Eastern．${ }^{\text {P M M }}$ wood B＇ds \＆Pl＇k． 5500 ＠ 6500
Chery B＇ds \＆Plank 8000

 | Oak and Ash．．．．．．．． $6000 @ 6500$ |
| :--- |
| Maple and Birch. $.3500 @ 4000$ | Blaek Walnut White



| do St．Domingo， ordinary logs．． | 7 © | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| do Port－au－Platt， |  |  |
| crotches ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 30 （1） | 40 |
| logs., f............. | 12 （1） | 16 |
| d）Nuevitas | 12 ＠ | ！ 6 |
| do Mansanilla ．． | 12 ＠ | 16 |
| do Mexican ．．． | 15 （1） | 17 |
| do Honduras |  |  |
| （Amerlcan wood）．． | 14 ＠ | 20 |
| Cedar，Nuevitas | 11 ＠ | 15 |
| do Mansanilla | 14 ＠ | 15 |
| do Mexican | 10 ＠ | 14 |
| do Florida．\％c．ft． | 50 ＠ | 100 |
| Rosewood，R．Jan．qf in do Bahia．．．．．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \cong \\ & 4 \cong \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 8 |

## Molasses．－See special report

Nails－Duty：cut 1f；wrought 21 horse shoe 2cents \％
Cut， $4 \mathrm{~d} . @ 60 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{q}_{8} 100 \mathrm{tD}$ Clinch．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Horse shoe，
Horse ：hoe，pre ssed． Corse ： $1 . . . . . .$.
Yellow metal．
Zinc．

Naval Stores－Duty：－ 20 turpentine 30 cents $\ddagger$ gallon；crade Ttrpentine，rosin，pitch，and tar， 20归 Turpent ad val． 1
 Pi ch．．．．．．．．．．．
Rosin，common do strairedansino． 2 $\begin{array}{r}730 \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \\ 175 \\ \hline\end{array}$ do Pale and Extra （ 280 lbs ．）．．．．．．．．．．． 800 ＠11 0 Spirits turp．，Am．\％ 8 g．$\quad 70 @_{0}^{(1)}$ Dakum－Dutyfr．，那 in 9i＠11 Dil Cake－Duty： 20 \＆
City thin obl＇g，in bbls．
 Dils－Duty：linseed，flaxseed，and rape seed， 23 cents；ollve and salad oil，in bottles or flasks，$\$ 1$ ：burning fluid， 50 aents ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ gallon；palm，seal， sperm and whale or other flsh（for－ eign fisheries，） 20 \％ Olive os（gold）per case 425 do
dalm．

 | Whale．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 18183 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| do | 183 | do refined winter．．． $1730{ }_{@}^{@}{ }_{1}^{1} 35$

Sperm，crude
 Lard oil ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Bank．
Straits
Paraffine， $28-30 \mathrm{gr} 105 @_{\mathrm{E}}^{\mathrm{E}} \ldots \mathrm{5}$ Perosene ．．．．．．（free）．
Paints－Duty：on white lead，red lead，and litharge，dry or ground in

 \％$\%$ in ；ochre，ground in oil，$\$ 150$ \％ 100荷；Spanish brown 25 \％cent ad val China clay，$\$ 5$ \％ton；Venetian red and vermilion white chalk，$\$ 10$ \％ton． Litharge，City．
do white，American，
do pure，in oil．．．．．．．
do white，American，
pure，dry．．．．．．．．．
Zinc，white，Am\＆ican，
Zinc，white，Am币rican
dry，No． $1 \ldots . . .$.
do white，Americen
No whi：in French，in

| $12 @$ | 127 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 121 |

Ochre，yellow， 0 French，

do grish brown，dry
100 tb
gin
100 It
do gr＇d in oil．
Paris wh．，No． 181
Phiting，Amer
Vermilion，Chinese ${ }^{\text {gio }}$
do Trieste ．．．．．．
do Cal．\＆Eng．
do Americen
do American．．．．




Petroleum－Duty：cruc
refined， 40 ents $\%$ goll

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Crude，} 40 @ 47 \mathrm{grav} .78 \mathrm{gal} . & 19 \text {＠} \\ \text { Refined，free．．．．．．．．．．} & 40 \\ \text {＠}\end{array}$ Refined，in bond．．．
do
Vaptha，refined．．．

Plaster Paris－Duty：lump，freo
calcined，
Blue Nova Scotia䧿 tor ${ }^{2}$ a 450

，alr muls．．．． 250
Provisions－Daty：beef and pork，
3 eof，plain mess ${ }^{\circ}$ bbl． 1200 to 1700 ．



## do prime，do． <br> Lard，．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．9．i．  <br>  ${ }_{10}^{129}$

Ion 20 cents $\%$ gallon and 25 \％cent ad valorem；over
50 cents and not over 100 ， valorem；over $\$ 1$ g gallon，$\$ 1$ gif gad－ lon and 25 \％cent ad val． Brandy
J．\＆


Wool－Duty：costing 12 cents or les
 not over 82,10 ，and 10 zf cent ad val orem；over 82， 12 cents ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{f}$ e，and 1 ${ }_{8}^{\%}$ cent ad valor


Superfine．．．．
No．1，pulled．．．．．．．．．．．
California，unwashed．
do common
do pulled．．
Texse
Peruvian，unwashed．
Valparaiso unwashed．
S．Amer．Mestiza，unw．
．Amer．costiza，unw．．
Entre Rios，washed．
do unwashed．
S．American Coñdova
Donskoi，washed
Persian，．．．．．．．．．．．
do washed．．．．． Smyrna，unwashed．



Linc－Daty：pig or block，\＄1 50 \％q Sheet．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．用 Ib 12 © 12！
vreights－


## ©he Railway flanitor.

New York Central Railroad.-Between Sept. 30 and Dec. $11,1866, \$ 1,529,000$ of the convertible bonds of this Company, due 1876, were converted into stock which, at the latter date, amounted to $\$ 26,530,000$. The bonded debt by this operation bad been re duced from $\$ 14,095,804$ to $\$ 12,366,804$.

Reading Railroad Coal Trade.-The quantity of anthracite coal carried to market over this road in the year ending Nov. 30 1866, as compared with that of the previous year, was $3,425,330$ to $2,802,393$ tons, being an increase io $1865-6$ of $\$ 22,937$ tons This does not embrace the bituminous coal transported over the Lebanon branch, nor the anthracite over the Schuylkill and Sus quehanna Railroad west, which is, however, but a suall qnantity.
Lehige Valley Railroad Coal Trade.-In 1865-6 the Lehigh Valley Railroad carried $1,730,474$ tons, against in 186t-5 1,402, 276 , an increase of 328,197 tons.

Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad.-This road is rapidly approaching completion. Only 11 miles remain to be constructed to connect it with the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad at the Susquebanna, near Port Deposit. When this short line is finished, the farmers along the line will have a cloice of markets in Philadelphia and Baltimere.
Peat fgr the Grand Trune Rallway.-This Company have contracted with Mr. Hodges for a supply of peat for four years100 tons a day for the first year, and 300 tons per day for the remainder of the term.

Great Westerx (Can.) Railmay.-Tbe Petrolia and Wyoming branch of this road was opened for traffic on the 17 th inst. Four trains connect with the main line.

The Tehuantepec Transit.-The project of the Transit Compans (says the Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce) for the construction of a railroad and telegraph across the Isthmus of Tebuantepec is attracting more general attention there than any other commercial enterprize of the day, the route by the Isthmus from New York to our Pacific coast being represented shorter by nearly 1,500 miles than by way of Panama, and that if the Fernandina road across Florida be adopted as a part of the route, the distance saved will be nearly 2.000 miles. Its friends confidently expect that in less than two years the route will be opened and thronged with the commerce of the world.
Union Pacific Railroad.-Another section of 30 miles of this road was completed on the 5th inst., making the whole leugth of track corstructed west of Omaha about 300 miles. Contraets have been made for the construction of the road from its present terminus to Salt Lake City, and for the construction of a railroad bridge over the Missouri River at Omaha to connect the Union Pacific with the Iowa lines. These contracts are said to involve a sum equal to $\$ 40,000,000$.
Cincinnati and Indianapolis (Junction) Railroad.-This road is now nearly finished, and will be opened to Rushville (Md.) before the new year. The completed mileage will then be as follows : From Hamilton (0.) to Connersville (Ind.), 42 miles; from Connersville (branch) to Cambridge City, 12 miles ; and from Conversville to Rushville, 18 miles; total, 72 miles. The work be tween Rushville and Indianapolis will be pushed on virorously, and before another year is passed te completed. In the meanwhile, the Rushville Branch Railroad from Rushville and Shelbyville, and the Indiasapolis and Cincinuati Railroad from Shelbyville to Indianapolis will be used, thus forming a through connection between Cincinnati and Indianapolis, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad forming the sontheastern portion thereof.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.


RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).


RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.


Dece ： $20,1866$.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allen Wright．．．．．．．．par 10 |  |  | Hammond．．．．．．．．．par 20 |  |  |
| Bemis Heights．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  | HamiltonMcClinto |  |  |
| Bennehoff Run．．．．．．．．． 10 | 275 | 850 | Ivanhoe． |  | 25 |
| Bergen Coal and Oil．．．．． 10 Bliven ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  | Mountain OO |  | 70 |
| Bradley Oil．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Natnral |  |  |
| Brevoort ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  | N．Y．\＆Alleghany | 5 ¢ | 5 |
| Brooklyn．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{5}$ |  |  | New York \＆Newar |  |  |
| Buchanan Farm．．．．．．．．i10 | 110 | 125 | N．Y，Ph．\＆Balt．Cons． |  |  |
| Cherry Run Petrol＇m．．．．？ |  |  | Oceanic ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  |
| Cherry Run special．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Pit Hole Creek |  |  |
| Cliston Oil．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 125 | 150 | Rynd Farm． | － | 25 |
| Empire City．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Second National |  | 10 |
| Excelaior．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 | 0 | 20 | Shade River |  | 10 |
| First National ．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{\text {Germania }}$ |  |  | United Pe ${ }^{\text {U }}$＇tl＇m F ＇ms．．．．． 2 |  | 0 |
| Great Republic． $\square$ 10 |  |  | United States．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 400 | 450 |
| G＇t Western Consol．．．．． 10 |  |  | Venango（N．Y．）．．．．．．．． |  |  |

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST

| Companies． | Bid．Aska | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adventure．．．．．．．．．paid 3 |  | Lafayette．．．．．．．．．paid 1 |  |  |
| Attua．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 11 |  | Lake Superior．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Albany \＆Boston．．．．．．．253／4 |  | Madison．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| Algomah．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{3}$ |  | Mandan ．．．．．．．．．．．．．41／6 |  |  |
|  |  | Manhattan...........$~$ Mass 51／ 4， |  |  |
|  |  | Medora $. . . . . . . . . . . . . .17 / 8$ |  |  |
| Arnold．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  | Mendotat．．．．．．．．．．．．． $5^{\text {5 }}$ |  | 300 |
| Attas．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{4}^{2}$ |  | Merrimac．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{8}^{6 \%}$ | 1 （i0 | 175 |
| Aztec．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．418． | 9871025 |  | 160 | 176 |
| Bay State．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．131／4 | 9871020 | Minnesota $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 18$ | 120 | 300 |
| Boston．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．21／2 |  | National ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．5\％ |  |  |
| Caledonia．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  | Native ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Canada | $50 \quad 310$ | Naumkeag．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |
| Charter 0 | 110 | New Jersey Consol．．．．10 |  |  |
| Central．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 |  | New York． |  |  |
| Concord．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 4 | 450 | North Cliff．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| Copper Creek | 40755100 | North western．．．．．．．．11／3 |  |  |
| Copper Harbor．．．．．．．．． 1 |  | Ogima．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }_{50}^{7}$ |  |  |
| Dacotah．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $27 / 8$ |  | Pennsylvania＊．．．．．．．． 50 | 360 |  |
| Davidson ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ | 60 | Pewabic ．．．．．．．．．．．．．33／4 | 25 | 75 |
| Delaware ．．．．．．．．．．．． 201 \％ |  | Phoenix．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{15}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Pittsburg \＆Boston．．． 5 \％／8 |  |  |
| Dorchester |  | Portage I．ake．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  |  |
| Eagle River．．．．．．．．．．．．33／4 |  | Princeton． |  |  |
| Edwards ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $15 / 8$ |  | Providence．．．．．．．．．．．．－ | 3800 | 4000 |
| Empire．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  |  |  | 00 |
| Everett．．．．${ }^{\text {Eluff．．．．．．．．．}}$ 5\％／2 | 1． 00 |  |  |  |
| Excelsior ．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－ |  | Rocilland ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 12 | 850 |  |
| Flint Steel River．．．．．．．9／8 |  | St．Clair $\ldots$ ．．．．．．．．． 3 | 67 |  |
| Franklin．．．．．．．．．．．．．．81／8 | 39 10 4000 | St．Louis |  |  |
| French Creek．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  | St．Mary＇s．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {s／3}}$ |  |  |
| Great Western．．．．．．．．． 2 |  | Seneca ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  |  |
| Hamilton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{2}$ |  | Sharon ．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {3／8 }}$ |  |  |
| Hancock．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $17 \%$ | 12371275 | Nheldon \＆Columian． 21 |  |  |
| Hanover ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1／2． | 100 | South Pewabic．．．．．．．．${ }^{1}$ South Side．．．．．．．．． |  | 275 |
| Hope．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1\％8 |  | Star．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．11\％ |  |  |
| Hudson．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－ |  | Superior ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{8}$ | 250 | 350 |
| Hulbert $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ ．${ }^{\text {B／}}$ | 50200 | Toltic．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $21 / 8 / 8$ |  |  |
| Hungarian ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 |  | Victoria．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．1／8 |  |  |
| Huron ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 19 | 33503450 | Vnlcan ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{6}$ |  |  |
| Indiana．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 |  | Washington．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| Irle Royale＊．．．．．．．．．．．． 88 |  | West Minnesota．．．．．．．．${ }_{3}^{23}$ |  |  |
| Knowlton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8 |  | Winthrop．．．．．．．．．．．．．4／8 |  | 175 |

＊Capital $\$ 1,000,000$ in 20,000 shares．＋Capital $\$ 500,000$ ，in 100,000 shares． I Capital $\$ 200.000$ ，in 20,000 shares．

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST．

| Companies． | Bid． | Askd | Companies． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alpine ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．par 10 | 125 |  | Gunnell．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 117 | 122 |
| Albin ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 150 |  | Hiswath |  |  |
|  | 1.70 | 2 4 4 | H．bbard ．．．．．．．．．．．－－ |  | 23 |
| Atlantic \＆Pacific ．．． |  | 425 | Holman $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }^{2}$ | 90 | 150 |
| Bates \＆Baxter ．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 175 | 2 25 | Keystone Silver．．．．．．．．．－ |  | 10 |
| 3enton．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 5 | 120 | 130 | Kip \＆Buell | 75 | 100 |
| Bob Tail．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－ |  | 3 CG | LaCrosse | 100 | 115 |
| 8 sacobel S | 81 | 125 | Liberty | 7 |  |
| Bullion Consolidated |  | 300 | Liebig |  | 95 |
| Burroughs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$=0$ | 3 C | 250 | Mill Crec | －0 |  |
| Church Union． |  | 250 | Montana <br> Montauk | 0 | 0 |
| Col．G．\＆S．Ore separating | 180 | 190 | New York．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10 | 125 | 140 |
| Consolidated Colorado． |  |  | Nye | 10 | 12 |
| Consolidated Gregory．．． 100 | i490 | 1546 | Oak Hil | 15 |  |
| Corydon ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 380 | 390 | Ohio \＆Colorado G．\＆S． |  |  |
| Cruzier． |  | 50 |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Eagnieville．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．} 10} 10$ |  | 12 $\ldots .$. | Pah Ranagat Cen．Silver－ <br> People＇s G．\＆S．of Cal． 5 | 265 | 275 190 |
| Echla． |  | 325 | Quartz Hill．．．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．．．．． 225 | 425 | 450 |
| First N |  | 425 | Rocky Mountain．．．．．．． 10 | 325 | 35 |
| Glin． | 200 |  | Smith \＆Parmelee ．．．． 20 | 80.1 | 810 |
| G．${ }^{\text {a }}$ S |  | 425 | Texas | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 25 55 |

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST．

| COMPANIES． | Bid． | Askd | Conpanirs． | Bid． | Askd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Copake Iron．．．．．．par 5 |  |  | Tudor Lead ．．．．．．．．par ${ }^{-}$ | 310 | 315 |
| Foster Iron ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$-\overline{100}$ |  |  | Sroginaw．L．S．\＆M．．．． 25 <br> Wallkill Lead | 145 |  |
| Bucks County Lead ．．．．．． 5 |  |  | Wallace Nickel．．．．．．．．．．－ |  | 300 |
| Denbo Lead |  |  | Rutland Marble ．．．．．． 25 |  | 2010 |
| Manhan Lead |  |  | Long Island Peat | 800 |  |
| Phenix |  |  | Russell File ．．．．．．．．．．． 5 | 425 | 600 |

INSURANCE STOCK LIST．

| arked thus（＊）are | Dec．31， | ， 1865. | DIvide |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| participating，and（ $\dagger$ ） write Marine Risky． | Capital． | Assets． | Periods． | Last paid． |  | Sale． |
| Adriatic．．．．．．．．．． 25 | \＄300，000 | 223，775 | Jan．and July． |  |  |  |
| Attna ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | 205，976 | Jan and July． |  |  |  |
| American＊．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | 440，603 | Jan．and July． |  |  |  |
| American Exch＇e．${ }^{100}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200,000 \\ & 500,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 213,590 \\ & 501,543 \end{aligned}$ | Jan．and July． Jan．and July |  |  |  |
| Arctic．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{50}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500,000 \\ & 250,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 501,543 \\ & 253,2525 \end{aligned}$ | Feb．and Aug． |  |  |  |
| Astor．1．${ }^{\text {a }}$（ Brankiyn）．． 50 | 300,000 | 324，456 | March and Sep |  |  |  |
| Baltic ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 200，000 | 200.362 | May and Nov． |  |  |  |
| Beekman．．．．．． 25 | 200,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 181,052 \\ & 320,111 \end{aligned}$ | Feb．and Aug． |  |  |  |
| Bowery ．．．．．．．．． 25 | 300,000 200,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 320,111 \\ & 248,392 \end{aligned}$ | June and Dec． <br> Feb．and Aug． | Dec．＇65．．．5 <br> ing．＇66．．5 |  |  |
| Broadway ．．．．．．．．．${ }^{25}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200,000 \\ & 153,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 248,392 \\ & 241,521 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. and Aug. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \quad 66.5 \\ & \text { Aug. } 66 . .5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 180 |
| Central Park．．．．．．．100 | 150，000 | 123，577 | Jan．and July |  |  |  |
| Citizens＇．．．．．．．．．．． 20 | 300，000 | 378，440 |  | July＇66． 10 |  |  |
|  | 210，000 | 314，787 | Feb．and Aug． |  |  |  |
| Clinton ．．．．．．．．． 100 | 250，000 | $231,783$ |  | Aug．＇66 |  | $\cdots$ |
| Columbia＊．．．．．．．${ }^{100}$ | 500,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 391,913 \\ & 212,594 \end{aligned}$ | Jan．and July． | Juy＇ $64.8 \%$ |  |  |
| Commerce（N．Y．）． 100 | 200,000 400,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 212,594 \\ & 440,870 \end{aligned}$ | Feb．and Aug． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July ’66 .. } 5 \\ & \text { Aug. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 400,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 440,870 \\ & 244,296 \end{aligned}$ | Jan．and July． | Aug. |  |  |
| Commonwealth．．． 100 | 250，000 | 268，893 | April and Oct． |  |  |  |
| Continental＊．．．． 100 | 500，000 | 1，199，978 | Jan．and July． | July |  |  |
| Corn Exchange．．． 50 | 400,000 | 86，970 | March and Sep |  |  |  |
| Croton．．．．．．．．．． 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 200,000 \\ & 300,000 \end{aligned}$ | $168,32$ | Jan．and July． |  |  |  |
| Eagle …i．．．．．．．．．． 40 | $\begin{aligned} & 300,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 861,705 \\ & 21,145 \end{aligned}$ | Jan．and July． | July |  |  |
| Excelsior ．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | 258，054 |  | suly＇66．．．5 |  |  |
| Exchange．．．．．．．．． 30 | 150，000 | 140，324 | Feb．and Aug． |  |  |  |
| Firemeu＇s．．．．．．．．． 17 | 204，000 | 230,32 | Jan．and July． |  |  |  |
| Firemen＇s Fund．．． 10 <br> Firemen 8 Trust．． 10 | $\begin{aligned} & 150,000 \\ & 150,000 \end{aligned}$ | 156，063 | do | Jnly |  |  |
| Fulton ．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 200，000 | 215，079 | do | July＇66 |  |  |
| Gallatin．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 150，000 | 149，755 | May and Nov． | May |  |  |
| Gebhard ．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 200，000 | 22：4，309 | Feb．and Aug． |  |  |  |
| Germania ．．．．．．．．． 50 | 500,000 | 592，394 | van．and July． | July |  |  |
| Globe $\ldots \ldots . . . . .{ }^{\text {W }}$ 50 | 200,000 | 195，875 | Jan．and Juy． | Ja |  |  |
| Great Western＊$\dagger . .100$ | 1，000．000 | 3，177，437 <br> 228， 12 ： | Jan．and July． <br> Feb．and Aug． | A |  |  |
| Greenwich ．．．．．．．． 25 | 200,000 200,000 | 186，17 | April and Oct． | Aug Apr． 65.5 |  |  |
| ers $\qquad$ | 200，000 | 172，318 | Jan．and July． | Jan．＇67 3＞⿱⿰㇒一乂凵乀 |  |  |
| Hamilton ．．．．．．．．．． 15 | 150，000 | 163，860 | do | Jan 67. |  |  |
| Hanover ．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 400，000 | 430，295 | do | July＇66． |  | 07 |
| Harmony（F．\＆M．）$\dagger 50$ | 300，000 | 253，214 | do | Juy 66. |  |  |
| Hoffiman ．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | ${ }_{2} 207,345$ | do | Ju |  |  |
| Home．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 2，000，000 | 2，485，017 | do |  |  |  |
| Hope ．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | ${ }^{2592,057}$ | do | ${ }^{\text {Juny }}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 300,000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | 349,521 201,216 | do | July＇65．．5 |  |  |
| Import＇\＆Traders． 50 | 200,000 | 18，82 | do | ${ }^{\text {July }}$＇65 |  |  |
| Indemnity ．．．．．． 100 | 150，000 | 138，166 | Feb，and Aug． | Feb．＇65 ．5 |  |  |
| International．．．．．． 100 | 1，000，000 | 1．024，762 | do | Aug．＇ 6 6．37\％ |  |  |
| ［rving．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{25}$ | 200,000 | 195，571 |  | Aug． |  |  |
| Jefferson．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{30}$ |  | 245，984 159,721 | March and Sep | Sup． |  |  |
| Knickerbocker．．．． 40 | 280，000 | 279，864 | do | July |  |  |
| Lafayette（B＇kly）．． 50 | 150，000 | 161，252 | do | July＇66． |  |  |
| Lamar ．．．．．．．．． 100 | 300，000 | 346，426 | do | July |  |  |
| Lenox ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 150，000 | 129，644 | do | July |  |  |
| Long Island（B＇kly）． 50 | 200，000 | 260， 264 | do | July |  |  |
| Lorillard＊．．．．．．．．．${ }^{50}$ | 1，600，000 | 1，182，779 | do |  |  |  |
| Manhattan．．．．．．．． 100 | 200,000 | 282,35 | do | July＇b6 |  |  |
| Mechan＇\＆Trade＇． 25 | 200，000 | 197.638 | do | July＇66 |  |  |
| Mechanics（ ${ }^{\prime}$＇klyn） 50 | 150，000 | 150,135 | do | July＇66． |  |  |
| Mercantile ．．．．．．． 100 | 200，000 | 211，178 | do | July |  |  |
| Mercantile Mut＇l＊${ }^{\text {a }} 100$ | ¢40，00C | 1．322，469 | do |  |  |  |
| Merchants＇．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | 228，644 | do | July＇ 65.10 |  |  |
| Metropolitan＊$+\ldots .100$ | 1，000，000 | 1，192，303 | do | July＇65 |  |  |
| Montauk（ $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ lyn）．．． 50 | 150，000 | 150，646 | do | July＇66 |  |  |
| Nassan（B＇klyn）．．．． 50 | 150，000 | 216，184 | do | July＇66． |  |  |
| National ．．．．．．．．78 | 200,000 | 235，518 | do |  |  |  |
| New Amsterdam．． 205 | 300,000 210,000 | 311.976 244,086 |  | July＇65． |  |  |
| N．Y．Eequitable ${ }^{3} 355$ | 210,000 200,000 | 244,086 222,199 | Feb．and Aug． | Juy．＇ 68. |  |  |
| Niagara．．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 1，000，000 | 1，175， 665 | Jan．and July． | July＇66． |  |  |
| North American＊． 50 | 500，000 | 601，701 |  | Juls＇66 |  | 923 |
| North River．．．．．． 25 | 300,000 | 385，489 | April and Oct． | Apr．＇66． |  |  |
| Paciflc ．．．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 200，000 | 229，729 | do | July＇66 |  |  |
| Park．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 200,000 | 194，317 | do | July＇66 |  |  |
| Peter Cooper ．．．．． 20 | 150，000 | 173，691 | d | July＇66． |  |  |
| People＇s ．$\quad$ ．．．．．．． 20 | 150，000 | 154．206 | Feb．and Aug． | Aug． 66 ． |  |  |
| Phoenix＋Br＇klyn．${ }^{50}$ | $1,000,000$ 200000 | 998，687 | Jan．and Jouly． | Jan＇66 <br> July＇65 |  |  |
| Relieı $\begin{aligned} & \text { Republic＊．．．．．．．．．．．} 500 \\ & \text { R }\end{aligned}$ | '200,000 | 188，170 | do | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July '65..5 } \\ & \text { July'66.3is } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Republic＊．．．．．．．． 100 | 300,000 200,000 | 457，258 208,969 | do | July＇66．83／ |  |  |
| Rutgers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 200，000 | 208.909 | Feb．and Aug． | Aug．＇66． 5 |  |  |
| St．Mark＇s．．．．．．．．． 25 | 150，000 | 150，580 | do | Aug．＇66． |  |  |
| St．Nicholas $\dagger . . . . .25$ | 150，000 | 138，902 | Jan．and July． | Aug．＇ 66.5 |  |  |
| Spcurity＊$\dagger$ ．．．．．．．．． 50 | 1，000，000 | 1，277，564 | Feb．and Aug． | Feb．＇68．836 |  |  |
| Standard．．．．．．．．．． 50 | 200，000 | 230，903 | Jan．and July． | July＇66．．5 |  |  |
| Star．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100 | 200，000 | 217，843 | do | July＇66 ．． 5 |  |  |
| Sterling＊．．．．．． 100 | 200,000 | 177，915 |  |  |  |  |
| Stuyvesant ${ }_{\text {Tradesmen }}$ \％．．．．．．．． 25 | 200,000 150,000 | 208，049 | Feb．and Aug． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Feb. }{ }^{\prime} 66 . .4 \\ \text { July } 66 \ldots 5 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | 105 |
| Tradesmen ${ }^{\text {United States }}$ ．${ }^{\text {a }}$ 25 ${ }^{25}$ | 150,000 200000 | 142,830 350,412 | Jan．and July． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } 66 \ldots 5 \\ & \text { July } \ldots 6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 105 |
| United States．．．．．${ }^{26}$ Washington | $\begin{aligned} & 250,000 \\ & 400,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 350,412 \\ & 569,623 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { July } \\ \text { Aus. } 66 \ldots . .5 \\ \hline 66 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Washington } \\ & \text { Washington }\end{aligned}+\ldots . .50$ | $\begin{aligned} & 400,000 \\ & 287,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 569,623 \\ & 581,689 \end{aligned}$ | Feb．and Aug． <br> Fob．and Ang | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus. } \quad 66 . .5 \\ & \text { Aug. } 66 . . .2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Washington ${ }^{\text {W }}+\dagger . . .100$ | $\begin{aligned} & 287,400 \\ & 150,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 581,689 \\ & 151,539 \end{aligned}$ | F ${ }^{\circ}$ b．and Ang． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ang. } \\ & \text { July } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Williamsbury City 50 Yonkers \＆N．Y． 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 150,000 \\ & 560 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 151,539 \\ & 550,301 \end{aligned}$ | Jan．and July． | July $86 \ldots 5$ |  |  |
| Yonkers \＆N．Y．． 100 | $5 \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{OOH}$ | 550．301 | तิ | Juiy＇60．．． 5 |  |  |

## ADVERTISEMENTS．

## TERIMS FOR ADVERTISING．

The rate for advertising in the Chronicle is 15 cents a line for each insertion A discount on this rate will be made when the advertisement is continued

## INDEX TO ADVERTISEIIENTS

## Commercial Cards

Commission Merchants 830 Cordgge ．．．． Cotton Duck
Dry Goods
Guano ．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Holiday Goods．
Metals．
Railroad Iron
Stationers．．．．．．．
Tobacco broker．


Steamship Companies．．．．． 838 Fire Insurance． Fire． Marine and Inland Navigation．．．．．．． 838 Bankers and Brokers in N．Y．803－10－18 Bankers and Brokers－Nouth ．． 810 Miscellaneous Financial．．．．．．．812－38 Bonds，Dividends，\＆c．．．．．．．．．．．811－12 Bonds stolen
Bonds stolen ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 839

## Financial. <br> Taussig, Fisher \& Co.,

 BANKERS AND BROKERS,No. 32 Broad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates,
ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.
Make Collections on favorable terme, And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or road securitien.

ADAMS, KIMEALL \& MOORE, BANKERS,
No. 14 Wall Street, New York. Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securitien, of all issues, and exacute orders for the purInterest allowed on deposits of Gold and Cur rency, subject to check at sight.

Winslow, Lanier \& Co.,
BANKERS,
27 \& 89 Pine Strect, New York.
DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

Interent Allowed on Deposits.

## Insurance.

## The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY. OFFICE No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866....................... \$1,366,699 ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.
The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the present time, Lossis amounting to over - EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to
One Hundred and Twenty=one and a half per cent.
Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all cinsses of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such when premiums are paid, as the general experience o underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.
This Company contiunes to make Insurance on Riaks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight. Policies issured making loss payable in Gold or Carrency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. \& Co., in Liver pool.

Joseph Walker USTEES. Aaron L. Reia,
James Freeland, Enwood Walter,
Samuel Willets, D. Colden Murray,
Wobert L. Taylor, $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { K. Haydock White, }\end{aligned}$
William Watt, $\quad$ Drost, $\quad$ D. Miel T. Willet
William Watt,
Honry Eyre,
Corneline Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt,
F. E. Morgan,
Her. A. Schleicher, William Nelson, Jr

Joseph Slagg, Charles Dimon,
Jas. D. Fieh,
Geo. W. Henntngs, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, P, NA. Spofford.
C. J. Despard, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance COMIPANY,
No. 45 WALL STREET JaNGARY 1st 1866.

Gross Assets.
Total Liabilities
BENJ. S. WALCOTT,

Insurance
Security Insurance Co.,
Ne. 119 BROADWAY,
Cash Capital, One Million Dollarm, ( $\$ 1,000,000$.)
FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE. A. F. HASTINGS, President.

Frane W. Ballard, Secretary.

## Queen Fire Ins. Comp'y

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Authorized Capital = $\mathbf{E} 2,000,000$ Stg. Subscribed Capital = $\mathbf{1 1 , 8 8 5 , 2 2 0}$ Stg. Paid up Capital \&
Surplus $=-\quad=$ \& $1,392,115$
Special Fund of $\$ 200,000$, deposited in the Insur ance Department it Albany.
United States Branch. No. 117 Broadway, N. Y.

GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.
The Mutual Life Insu-
RANCE CONIPANY OF NEW YORE. CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1866, oVER $\$ 16,000,00000$ FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.
R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.
gecroraries, $\}$ ISAAC ABBATT
Actuary, SHEPPARD HOYÁNYS.
Niagara Fire Insurance COMIPANY.
NO. 12 WALL STREET.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { CASH CAPITAL, } \\ \text { SURPLUS, JANUARY } \\ \text { ist, } \\ 1865 . . . . . . . & \$ 1,000,000 \\ 270,353\end{array}$
Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years 253 per cent. JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.
P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

Germania Fire Ins. Co., NO. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL,............. $\mathbf{8 5 0 0 , 0 0 0 0}$
SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, $1886 \ldots .$. 205,989 83
TOTAL ASSETSS .......... \$705,989 83
RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.
JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

Hope
Fire Insurance Company, OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.



This Company Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as
Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISES SOLICITKD.
Board of Directore:
HENRY M. TABER, |THOS. P. CJMMINGS, JOSEPH FOULKE $\quad$ ROBERT SCHELLMR STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,
THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT. THEODOREW. RILEI, FRED. SCHUCHARDT JACOB REESE
JNO. W. MERSEREAU, JOSERPG GRAFTON,
JOSHPH BRITTTON,
 HENRY's. EFVERICH.
JACOB FIHESE, Prenident. OBAS, D, HARTFHORNVE, Fecretary.

## Insurance.

## Sun Mutual Insurance

COMIPANY. (insuranoe buildinas,) 49 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec, 31,1865 - $\quad \$ 2,716,42432$ DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.
This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.
Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a retarn preminm in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNRLL, Pres't.
EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pies' $i$
Isaac H. Walker, Sec'y.

## Steamship Companies.

PACIFIC MALL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
TO CALIFORNIA, - And Carrying the United
 States MIAll
LgAVEPIERNO. 42 NORTH RIV
ER, FOOT of Canal street. at ER, FOOT of Canal street, at 12 31st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding saturday), for
ASPINWALL, connecting via Panama Railroad WSPINWALL, connecting, for SAN FRANCISCO touching at ACAPULCO.
1st-Abizona, connecting with Golden Citr. 11th-HENRY CEACNCET, connecting with ST. Louts Departures of 1 at and 1 at conect at Panama Departures of 1st and Central American Ports. Those of 1 st touch at Manzanillo.
zang.
Bagge checked throngh. One hundred pounds allowed each adult Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Zanal street, North River, New York. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

2STEAMI COMIMUNICATIGN BETVWEEN NEW.

RK AND AUSTRALASIA via PA NA PIIA.
The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on mon the Australian Colo ies, connecting with the steame of the Pacitic Mail Steamshi? Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (colon) on the 11 th of each month. conveyed
rates: $:$ From New-Yorls to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $\$ 34 \mathrm{C}$ to $\$ 364$ for first class, and $\$ 218$ to $\$ 242$ for second class.
The above rates include the transit across the Tsthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward latter $\$ 25$ additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.
Statecial steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand, Children under three years free; under eight years, quarter fare under twelve years, half-fare male gervants, one-half fare : female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do. in lades cabin.
A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading. the Pacific Mail SteamshipCompation to be made to the Painc Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent

## Atlantic Mail Steamship

 Company,27. poin sr. rhomas axd BRAZKL.-REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIIL STEAMERS. Sailing on the 22d of every month.
North America, Capt. L. F. Timmerman... Oct. 22. Soutr America, Capt. E. L. Tinklepangh Nov. 22. Guiding Star, Capt. W. C. Berry ............Dec. 22.
These fine steamers sail on schedule time, arriving at St. Thomas 29th, and making connection with steamships of the French, Spanisb, West India, and Royal Mail Companies, to and from all ports of the West Indies and Spanish Main.
Arrive at Para, Brazil, 8th; Pernambuco, 15th; Bahis, 17th; and Fio de Janeiro, 20th. Connecting thence by semi-monthly steamers to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.
For further information, of freights or passage, Apply to

\$10,000 Reward!

The ROTAL INSURANCE COMPANY will pay a REWARD OF TEN THOUSAND DOIJARS for the recovery of Government Securities contained in a tin box stolen from their Safe on the 10th instant, and will pay in that proportion for the recovery of any portion of the said Securities. The pablic are cautioned against negotiating said Securities.

5 per cent Coupon 1874 Bonds, $\$ 1,000$ Each.
Nos. 1656, 1657, 1658, $165{ }^{\circ}, 4931,10695,10696$, 11341, 12950, 12951, 12952, 12953, 12954, 12955, 12986, 12987, 12988, 12989, 12990, 14493, 14494, $14495,14496,14962,15159,15160,15161,16761$, $16762,16763,16764,16765,16766,16767,16768$, 16769, 16770, 16771, 1677?, 16773, 16774, $16775^{\text { }}$ 16776, 16777, 16778, 16779, 16780, 16781, 16782 , 16783, 16784, 16785, 16786, 16787, 16788, 16789, $16790,16791,16792,16793,16794,16795,16796^{1}$ [16797, 16798, 16799, 16800, 5989, 14026.
6 per cent. Coupon 1881 Ronds, \$1,000 Each.
Payable to the order of Adam Norrie and Benja$\min$ B. Sherman, Committee, and not endorsed.
Nos. 65997, 65998, 65999, 66000, 66001, 66002, 66002, 66004, $66005,66006,66007,66008,66009,66010$, 66011, 66012, 66013, 66014, 66015, 66016, 66017, 66018, 66019, 66020, 66021, 6602.

7-30 Bonds, \$1,000 Each.
Nos.12099, 20899, 25045, 25046, 25047, 25940, 34556, 75599, 116634, 117827117828, 117829, 117830, 117831, 119903, 124,719.

5-20 Bonds, $\$ 1,000$ Each.
Nus. 36551, 23870, $38506,38805,38807,38804,38808$, 28867, 28868.

6 per cent. 18 si i Honas, \$1,000 Each. Nos. $8902,8906,8703,8894,8908,8910,8909,8911$ 8907, ร904, 8899, 8905, 8901, $8900,8898,8896$ 8897, 8895.
$1267,1266,1264,1265,15486,15487, \$ 500$ each.
U. S. Coupon Honds $\overline{5}$ per cent. $10=40$.

Nos. 36289,98813 98814, 102542, $\$ 1,000$ each.
Nos. $35275,35276,35277,35278,35279,35280,35281$ 85\%2, $\$ 500$ each.

Fegistered Stock oli 1881 . $\$ 10,000$ Each.
Nos. 9662, 9663, 9684.
Regintered Stock of 1881 , -5,000 Each.
Nos. 7224, 7278, 7279, 7280, 7281, 7282, 6911, 2819.
Hegintered stock of 1881, , 1,000 Each. Nos. $17404,18888,18839,18840,18,254$.

7-30 per cent. Bonds.
Nos. 1782, 1783, $\$ 5,000$ each. $11278, \$ 1,00$
56. WALH STREET, NEWGYORE? DECEMBER 11 1866,

## Bankers and Brokers. <br> Jackson Brothers, DEALERS IN STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, \& GOVERN IIENT SECURITIES, <br> No. 19 Broad Street, New York. <br> Warren, Kidder \& Co., HANKERS, <br> No. 4 WALL SI., NEW YORK. Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly exeon deposits, subject to check at sight. <br> Drake Brothers,

STOCK BRIOKERSAND BANKERS
NO. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities, Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, C'oal, Petro leum and Mining Stocks.
Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. Orders Promptly Execnted. Edward P. Tesson. Edward M. Tesson.
Tesson, Son \& Co., BANKEIRS,
(No. 45 Second Street, corner of Pine), ST. LOEIS, MO.,
Founded in 1847, under the Style of Tessen \& Danjen.
B. C. Morris \& Son,

STCOK CONIDISSION HOUSE, NO. 17 WILLIAM SI REET.
Government Securities, Railways Petroleum, Mining, Insurance Stocks and Scrip Miscellaneons shares of a d descriptions, bought and sold at the
different Stock Boards.
-
Collections madeinall the States and Canudas.
For the more thorough protection of all-both Broker and "Principal" "-our business will be conducted entirely on the basis of Certified Checks none given or received unless certified.
To more fully enable us to carry out this principle, aliving orders for stocks, of whatever description or giving orders for stocks, of whatever description or ble amount at time of leaving order. Receipts for such doposits given until atocks are delivered.

No Stocks pirrehased or sold on "0plion."
Out-of-town orders solicited, and those comprying with above requirements will receive special and prompt attention
Qaotations can be had daily apon application, or will be furnished if desired.

## Commercial Cards.

FLOUR, GIRAIN, SEEDS AND PROVISIONS.

Blair, Densmore \& Co.,

## COMIMISSION RIERCHANTS,

165 WASHINGTON STREET Chicago, Ills.

## Railroad Iron,

AMERICAN AND FOIETEGN, FOR
Steam and Street Roads, FOR SALE BY
8. W. HOPKINS \& CO.,

69 \& 71 Broadway. .
Bankers, Merchants, and orther byond sond by tho
HARRNDEN EKPRESS, 65 Rroad way, as they have nnsurpassed facilities for the rapid and afe forwarding of
Gold, Nilver, Jewelry, and Merchandise of every description. Also for the collection of notes of overy description. Also for the collection of
drafth, and bilf, billa accompanying goods, \&c.

## Commercial Cards.

 Cotton Duck,All Widths and Weights, a laree stock always on hand. THEODORE POLHEMUS \& CO., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS, 59 Broad Street, Corner of Beaver.

## P. P. OLDERSHAW,

 ACCOUNTANT,62 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK, Boolin Examined. Accounts Adjusted. References:
STEWART BROWN, C. S. BODLEY, DAVID WALLACE, S. L. M. BARLOW,
C. H. HARNEY,
Files of this Paper Boand to Order. BLANK BOOKS

STATIONERY ENGRAVING PRINTING,. \&C. , \& $_{4}$
Cooper \& Sheridan, 26 EXCHANGE PLACE,

## W. H. Schieffelin \& Co. SUCCESSORS to SCHIEFFELIN BROTMERS \& CO.,

 IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OFD RUGS ,
INDIGO, CORKS, SPONGES, FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, ETC., ETC. 170 \& 172 WILLIAM ST. New York.
Joseph H Westerfield. William A. Gellatly Joseph H Westerfield. William A. Gellatly.
William H. Schiefatin, Wiliam N. Clark, Jt.

## Holiday Goods

NOW READY.
SIXTY-SIXTE ANNUAL DISPLAY OF Fancy Goods, Rich Bohemian Glass, China, Bronz
locks, Berlin Iron, Terra Cotta and Cabintet-
ware, Smokers Requisites, Morocco
Baga, Portemonnaies, spa and Toilet Articles,
and the
ST. GERMAIN STEUDY HAMP. Also, Toys and Games, comprising all that is nov and suitable for Holiday Presents, and of as large variety as can be found in the city, at

HIINRICHESS,
Late WERCKMEISTER'S
150 Tiroadway, (up stairs) New York.
JOSEPH GILLDTR'S STEEEL PENS
OF THE OLD STANDARD QUALITY.
JOSEPII Or Desariptive TRADE MARK: CHLLOTH Name and Desig NEW SERIES, GOOD AND CHEAP, from No 700 to No. 761.
TRADE MARK: JOSEPF GIMETV, $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { With } \\ \text { Designating }\end{gathered}$

## For sale by

JOSEPH GILLOTTI \& SONS.
Nu. 91 John st., New-York
HENRY OWEN. Sole Ageat.
YOUR CUSTON SOLICHTED BY
Francis \& Loutrel, STATIONERS PRINTERS AND BLANK-BOOK MARUFACTURERS.
45 Maiden Lane, New York.
We supply everything in our line for Business Professional and Private use, at Low Prices. Ordere
receive prompt attention.

## E. S. Thackston,

Tobaceo, Note and Exchange Broker,
No. 18 OLD SLIP, COR. WATER ST. NEW YORK.
Ould \& Carrington,
ATTTMANES AT
mictino

## Commercial Cards.

S. H. Pearce \& Co.,

No. 353 BROADWAY Importers of

CUROREAN ANi CIIINA SEKKS, and Manufactarere of
SHK AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEFS, Olled Silk,
Imitation Oiled Silk.
Our "Imitatton" has a very superior finish, and costs but half as much as real silk, which it equals in appearance and durability.
Agents for the sale of the
Patent Reversible Paper Collars, the most economical collar ever invented.

Lindsay, Chittick \& Co., IMPORTERS AND COMIMISSION MEIRCHANTS,
British Staple,
And Faney
Bress Goods, White Goods, Irish and Scotch

Linens, \&c., \&cc.,
150 \& 152 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK,

## Julius Garelly,

 No. 101 Franklin Street, IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF LADIES' LRESS ANE CLOAK TRIMMINGS,Invites the attention of the trade to his samples of NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.

## LINEN THREADS

SHOE THREADS,
SE WING RIACHINE THREADS, ETC.
Barbour Brothers, 95 CGAMBER ST., NEW YORK. Mille at Pattereon, N. J.

## E.R.Mudge,Sawyer\&Co.

AgENTS FOR
WASHENGTON HLILLS,
BURLINGTON WOOLEN CO., CHICOPEE MIANUP.ECO., VICTORY MANUF.CO., MILTON MHLLS,
Nom. 43 \& 45 WHITE STREET.
YOURLEDAY \& DWIGHT, MANUFACTURERS OF
Umbrellas \& Parasols, 49 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK.

Tracy, Irwin \& Co., NO. 400 BROADWAY,
HEPORTERS AND JOBBERS or
Foreign and Domestic Bry Goods, in luding a superb stock of IDRESS GOODS, AND
HOSIERY and WHITE GDODS.

## Commercial Cards.

Brand \& Gihon,
Importers de Commission Merchaht2, 65 MURRAY STREET.
IRISH \& SCOTCH IIINEN GOODS, In full assortmeni for the
Jobbing and Clothing Trade.
Agents for the sale of
WILLIAM GIHON \& SONS
WHITE, LINENS, \& C.
HURLAPS, BAGGING,
FLAXSAIL DUCK, \&C.
George Hughes \& Co.,
Importers \& Commission Merchants, NO. 134 CHURCH STREET,
Will Remove on January 1, to their new Warehouse 198 \& 200 CHURCH STREET, SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,

SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILL
LINEN CHECKS, \&c., WHITE GOODS, PATENT LINEN THREAD.
Sole Agents for
DICESON, FERGUSON \& CO.g Belfast. And F. W. HAYES \& CO., Hanbridge.

Spool Cotton.
JOHN CHARE, Jr. \& CO'S. Nille End, Glággow.
IS UNSURPASSED FOK HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.
THOS. RUSSELL, sole Agent,
88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.
Lane, Lamson \& Co., COMIMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS, 97 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK.

REST ENGLISH CANNEL \& ORRELL
$C O A L$
FROM LIVERPOOL,
For Grate Fires. Delivered from yards in New York and Brooklyn.
H. J. PARMELE \& RRO., 32 Pine Street, N. $\mathbf{Y}$

## C. E. Thorburn,

SIIPPINGANDCOMMISSION MERCHANT,
109 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Consignments of Cotton and all other Southern. Products Solicited.

## J. M. Cummings \& Co.,

 DISTLLHERS ANDCOMMISSION IIERCHANTS, 58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Offer for sale, IN BOND, fine BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES, from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

## Jeremiah M. Wardwell,

(of the late firm of Neilson Wardwell \& Co.) Importer and Dealer in Hardware, and Commission Herchant, 45 CLIFF STREET, NEW YORK All orders entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. Consignments of Cotton, Wocl, H:Cies, \&c., solicited. Best of references given it required.

## Metals,

THOS. J. PORE, 92 John Street. Anthracite and Charcoal Pig Irons, Ingot Copper, Spelter, Tin, Antimony, \&c., Old and New Railroad Iron, Bloom Irons, Car Wheel Pig Irons.

## Commercial Cards.

Ekx. Norton,
Late of Paducah, Ky.
T. J. Slateriter, Wisdom, T. J. Slatgerer, $\quad$ B. H. WIsDOM,
Late of St Louis, Mo. Late Cawh. Bk. Tenn Norton, Slaughter \& Co., COTTION \& TOBACCO FACTORS AND
General Commission Nerchants 40 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK Cash Advances made on consignments
Tannahill, McIlwaine \& Co.,
COMMISSION MERECANTS FOR ' HE SALE OF PRODUCE AND PURCHANE OF MERCHANDISE GENERALLY.
No. 79 Front Street, New York. Martin \& Tannahill,
of Petersburg, Va. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { McIlwaine \& Co. } \\ & \text { of Petersburg, }\end{aligned}$ SAM'L B. CALDWELL.
Caldwell \& Morris,
Successors to BREWER \& CALDWELL, COTTTON FACTOES, and
General Commission Herenants, 20 OLD SLIP, NEW YORK.
Henry Lawrence \& Sons,
MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE
FOR EXPORT AND BOMESTTC USE, 192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.
Sawyer; Wallace \& Co., COMIMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 47 BROAD STREET,

NEW YORK.
Wilson, Son \& Co., Late of Lynchburg, Va., COMMISSION MERCHANTS For the sale of produce and-purchase of merchandise generai:y. BALTIMORE, NID.
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Jacob Heald \& Co., Lord \& Robingon, Bat Jacob Heald \& Co., Lord \& Robingon, Baltimore. Tannahill. McIlwaine \& Co., New York.
I. S. Bush \& Co., HEDE RHOKERS,
155 Kinzie Street, Chicago. Orders will receive careful and prompt attention TO GIRAIN SHIPPERE, NHLLLERS, AND DISSTILLERS.
Richards Power Corn shellers, Of all sizes and capacity, ranging from 50 to 1000 bushels per hour; built of Iron, and warranted to skell clean in nny condition of grain, and clean the corn in superior condition for the Mill or Market Over 500 in Daily Use, Portable Engines, Smal Burr Mills, Farm Mills, \&c
RECHARDS, IRON WORES $190 \& 92$ WASHLNGTON STMEE'L,
E. W. Blatchford \& Co., Manufacturers of
LINSEED OIL AND OIL CAKE, LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD, CHICAGO, HLL.

Norton \& Co., MILLERS \& COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 138 LASALLE ST., CITICAGO, HLLH., PROPRIETORS OF
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Importers \& Commission Merchants, NO. 134 CHURCH STREET,
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For the sale of produce and-purchase (Offices, for the present, 63 EXCHANGE PLACE), HALTIMORE, MID.
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Pichardsg Power Corn Shellers, Of all sizes and capacity, ranging from 50 to, 000 bushels per hour; built of Iron, and warranted to skell clean in any condition of grain and clean the corn in superior condition for the Mill or Market. Over 500 in Daily Use. Portable Engines, Small Burr CIHAREDS, IREN WORES, $190 \& .92$ WASHLNGTON STMEEN,
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[^0]:    J. Young Scammon ..................President.

