

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

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REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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CONGRESS AND THE FINANCES.

The talk of some men and of some public bodies is less wise than their acts. In matters of finance, this is true of our late Congress. During the past few months, at Washington, heresies innumerable, on the currency, on the tariff, and on various topics of monetary and commercial prominence, have been put forth in elaborate or hasty speeches, though, even in this respect, there has been a marked improvement over previous years. When we lose sight, however, of the rhetoric of honorable members, and examine the conservative nature of the actual work done in the regulation of our financial affairs, we cannot refrain from acknowledging the claims which the Thirty-Ninth session of Congress has established to the consideration of the whole country. They have not, perhaps, done very much that is good, but they have avoided much that was very bad. For example, there is a class of persons among us who are clamorous to

have the currency suddenly contracted, and these men, knowing that our paper money is depreciated because it is redundant, imagined that, by hasty, ill-considered and violent means, the mischief might be remedied. They even ventured to propose that the volume of the currency should be diminished in a month or two to the extent of hundreds of millions of dollars. If this plan had been adopted by Congress, the panic lately raging in England were a slight trouble compared with that which we should have brought upon ourselves to teach us the lesson which we have happily learned without such a harsh schoolmaster—that “the circulating medium of the country is too delicate an instrument to be rashly tampered with,” and that, of all the changes which can be made in it, the diminution of its volume is, in all respects, the most difficult to make without doing irreparable and widespread harm. The currency being thus delicate and difficult to deal with, a second class of persons hold themselves opposed to the permission of any reform whatever of our paper-money system. Now, it is true that financial science and financial experience show that to contract the currency, except it be done at the right time and in the right way, is likely to produce stringency in the loan market. But, mistaking the accidental for the necessary, these men would, for fear of stringency, resist every salutary movement towards contraction. Like a patient who needs, but dreads the knife of the surgeon, they shrink from and refuse the operation which can alone restore the system. Again and again, in Congress and elsewhere, the theory was even propounded, and that with the utmost gravity, that the currency could be restored and specie payments resumed without any diminution whatever in the volume of that currency whose redundancy it is which alone makes specie at a premium. Congress, we repeat, deserves the thanks of the country for refusing to act upon these oft-repeated shallow theories. On the one hand, at the early part of the session, they decided, by the adoption of Mr. Alley's resolution, that the currency shall positively be contracted; and, on the other hand, they refused to authorize any but a gradual safe slow contraction, the amount of which, in the present fiscal year, cannot exceed 42 millions, and is limited to 48 millions for each of the following years.

The same moderate conservative course has been adopted relative to the internal revenue and the customs duties. Each of these departments of Government revenue is justly chargeable with anomalies and mischievous irregularities, but it is better not to correct an evil by substituting a greater evil for it, and in taxation any new evil is usually worse than an old one, to which the country is accustomed.

Next year we must try to reform our tax system, and

further experience will, no doubt, by degrees, perfect it. But all the changes should be made cautiously and by gradual steps. A number of important ameliorations of oppressive and inquisitorial tax regulations have already been realized. And more will be contrived, year by year, until our tax system is as well adapted to the exigencies of the people as are those of England, France, or Holland.

We will mention but one more illustration of the point we have raised. We refer to the management of the public debt. Congress has, very wisely, refrained from passing any of the several laws which have been proposed, whose effect would have been to tie up the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury and to prevent his carrying forward the work of funding the short-dated obligations of the Government. When the statement comes before the public, as it must shortly do, there will be probably reason to acknowledge that, so far as Mr. McCulloch has as yet proceeded with his funding operations, they have been attended by an unexpected amount of success. And it is a very gratifying circumstance that, although, in consequence of these conversions and changes, the issues of long gold-bearing bonds have been so large, the price has continued to go up, and they now command in the market a much higher rate than when the negotiations commenced. Congress, then, deserves credit, both for what it has done during the last session and what it has abstained from doing. In a financial point of view, it has done more good and less harm than might, under the circumstances, have been anticipated.

And now the question which is uppermost in financial circles is, as to the further policy of Mr. McCulloch. Without pretending to any special private knowledge on this subject, we may say that, according to the best information that is current, he will probably do three things. First, he will contract the currency slowly, judiciously, gradually, and in such a way as not to derange or wantonly sacrifice the commercial and monetary interests of the country. Secondly, he will continue to convert into long bonds the short-dated obligations of the Government, of which, independently of the temporary loan, about \$150,000,000, as Mr. McCulloch stated to Congress, mature in the year ending May, 1867, \$407,415,250 in 1868, \$690,428,131 in 1869, \$148,000,000 in 1870, and \$126,024,500 in 1871. Thirdly, he will, as we are assured, apply the principle of publicity, so far as the exigencies of the Government service will permit, to all his future operations, in selling gold, exchanging bonds, and in contracting the volume of the outstanding greenbacks. With such a programme, it is obvious, on the one hand, that the money market will probably remain easy, and, on the other, that there is no reason whatever for those predictions of further inflation of the currency, which have already produced speculative movements, not only in Wall street, but elsewhere.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Perhaps the most positive result yet attained by the projectors and promoters of the Atlantic Cable Line is the demonstration which they have given that an Atlantic Cable Line can be laid, and made to work.

This, at least, has been done; but it would be premature to say that more than this has been done as yet. The working of the line from Valentia to Heart's Content has been pronounced by Mr. Field and the engineers, to be both perfect and splendid; but it is a curious commentary upon this exuberant joy that we have had none but a few very meagre telegrams, by way of this perfect and splendid line, since the beginning of the week which ends to-day. We do not mean from this to infer that the experiment of 1866 is destined, or even that it is likely to come to an end as soon and as sud-

denly as the previous experiment of 1858; but we do think it worth while to fix attention upon the fact, in order that too much may not be expected from the operation of the single line now thrilling beneath the waves of the North Atlantic. This single line, it is pretty nearly certain, can never be relied upon to keep up full and continuous telegraphic communication between the New World and the Old. The anticipated recovery of the Cable lost in 1865 is relied upon to supplement the working force of the line now in operation, as well as to supply an alternative in case of damage to one or the other of these lines at some future time. But since it has been shown that the laying of a submarine cable between Europe and America is practicable, and that such a cable can be profitably worked, at a rate of charges very greatly less than that now established by the pioneer company, we may confidently look forward to the energetic production of several other projects for connecting the two continents, which have for several years past been held in abeyance upon the decisive issue of the original undertaking.

The Spanish cable from Havana to Cadiz, and a French line from Brest or Bordeaux by the Azores to some point on the American Continent from which tributary lines may be advantageously carried southward to Brazil, and westward through the Gulf of Mexico, are, in particular, likely to be commenced and pushed forward resolutely within the year. When all these lines, or lines doing work equivalent to the work which these lines should be able to do, are fairly at our service, it will be possible to form something like a trustworthy and valuable estimate of the effects of a telegraphic connection of Europe and America, upon the interests, social, political, commercial, of both hemispheres. Certain large and obviously probable considerations have already presented themselves to all men's minds, and been discussed or elucidated, more or less, in many journals. So far as commerce is concerned, perhaps its most decisive effect will be to modify the sweep of speculation, and thus to check the growth of the gambling spirit which has assumed such formidable proportions during these latter years, both in England and in this country. The *Pall Mall Gazette*, a London evening journal, edited with much ability, points out the great and novel dangers to which men are exposed by the impossibility of applying to messages by telegraph the same kind of control which we exercise over correspondence by mail. An order which may ruin the house which executes it may be transmitted through the telegraph, observes the *Gazette*, with such circumstantial evidence of authenticity as to defy detection. This is certainly true; and so long as the cost of messages by the Atlantic Telegraph is counted by hundreds of dollars, there may be risk of mischief from this source. But when ocean telegraphing is brought within reasonable limits of price, as it must ere long be, by the competition which, as we have said, is sure to spring up immediately upon the declared and unquestionable success of the first lines, there will be no more difficulty in checking messages between London and New York, and verifying doubtful points, than there is now in doing the like between New York and St. Louis.

In its ultimate effects upon the Press, both of Europe and America, a complete telegraphic communication between the two shores of the Atlantic promises unmixed good. Instead of abolishing European correspondence, as some of our hasty contemporaries appear to have come to the conclusion that it must do, the increased intercourse and interdependence between the two worlds, which it must foster, will make it infinitely more important than it now is for journals which aspire to lead and control public opinion, to maintain really intelligent correspondents in Europe, and to treat of European affairs generally with breadth of view and accuracy

of knowledge. Telegrams must, in the nature of the case, as a rule, be brief and bare of detail. Their multiplication from any given quarter breeds a curiosity as to that quarter, which telegrams alone can never satisfy, and which telegrams unexplained are more likely to irritate than to appease. In short, all the antecedent probabilities are, that the real "revolution" which the working of sub-Atlantic wires is thought sure to bring about, will be gradual in its coming, and will ultimately tend less to the increase of the feverish and excitable elements in politics and trade, than to readjust the balance of men's minds, and to restore to reason and right information a higher and wider influence than ever.

REVIEW OF THE MONTH—COURSE OF GOLD, EXCHANGE, &C.

The general trade of the city has exhibited, during July, the usual midsummer quiet. Manufacturing for the Fall Trade, however, has been active; and, in most branches of business, the supply of goods in the hands of manufacturers' agents is ample, as compared with the stocks held during the last three years. The provision made for the Fall business, indeed, is so fully proportioned to the requirements of consumption as to indicate the commencement of a process of return toward that relation between supply and demand which is the basis of normal prices. Toward the close of the month, the representatives of the Southern markets arrived in the city in numbers, indicating the probability of a comparatively liberal trade being transacted with that section. The proceeds of the sale of the supply of Cotton, amounting to probably not less than \$350,000,000, have laid a basis for the renewal of business in the South, which is likely to be sustained by the results of the next crop; and, hence, it would not be surprising, should our merchants court business with the traders of that section; and, by offering credit facilities, place in their hands a considerable amount of merchandise during the season now opening.

It is worthy of note that fewer new firms were established at the beginning of last month than has been usual at that period. The times are not encouraging toward new enterprises. The country is still in an unsettled condition; the public finances have yet to undergo changes, which may affect business; we are yet far from a specie basis; and, above all, prices range so high that a decline in the value of every species of property would seem inevitable. It is, therefore, not surprising if, at present, there is a prevailing indisposition to establish new business enterprises.

The quiet of general trade has afforded an opportunity for stock speculations. The bank deposits have increased largely; a large amount of currency has been paid out of the Treasury on account of the redemption of Certificates of Indebtedness, and the July coupons on Seven-thirty notes; and money has, consequently, been easily available to stock dealers at 4@5 per cent. The month which ordinarily is above all others dull as a vacation for recreation, has this year been one of very unusual activity in railroad speculation. The unexpectedly large traffic of the roads since the suspension of the military transportation connected with the war, and the reopening of the Mississippi, have very much strengthened confidence in railroad stocks as an investment. This improved tone of feeling has been turned to account by the brokers, and the result has been a general and large advance in the price of stocks.

In anticipation of the war in Germany, we expressed a confidence that hostilities would, ultimately, cause an increased demand for our bonds in Europe. That result has already appeared. During last month, the exports of Five-twenties were on a very large scale, the amount sent to Europe being probably much in excess of the total returned in anticipation of the war. The heavy shipments of bonds have aided us in

adjusting our balances with Europe, which, with maturing obligations largely in excess of the current exports, would otherwise have caused a severe drain of specie, with material fluctuations in the premium on gold. As a consequence of this movement there has been a steady decline in the rates of foreign exchange, the month closing with quotations for bankers' sterling bills, 60 days' sight, at 107 $\frac{3}{4}$ @108 $\frac{1}{4}$ —a rate about 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent below the present specie shipping rate.

The following table shows the daily fluctuations of Exchange (long) on London, Paris, Amsterdam, Bremen, Hamburg, and Berlin, at New York, for July, and the total range for the first seven months of 1866:

| Days. | COURSE OF EXCHANGE FOR JULY. | | | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | London. cents for 54 pence. | Paris. centimes for dollar. | Amsterdam. cents for florin. | Bremen. cents for rix daler. | Hamburg. cents for M. banco. | Berlin. cents for thaler. |
| 1.. | 108 @ 108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 520 @ 512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 @ 36 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 2.. | 108 @ 108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 520 @ 512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 @ 36 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 3.. | 108 @ 108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 520 @ 512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 @ 36 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 4.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @42 | 78 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 | 74 @ 75 |
| 5.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 6.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 7.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @512 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 8.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 516 $\frac{1}{2}$ @508 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 9.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 516 $\frac{1}{2}$ @508 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 10.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @508 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 11.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @508 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 12.. | 109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 515 @508 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 |
| 13.. | 109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @507 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 14.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @507 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 15.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 16.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 17.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 18.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 19.. | 109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 515 @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 20.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @511 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 73 @ 75 |
| 21.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 516 $\frac{1}{2}$ @511 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 74 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 22.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 517 $\frac{1}{2}$ @513 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 37 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 73 $\frac{1}{2}$ @74 |
| 23.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 520 @515 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 37 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 24.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 520 @515 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 37 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 25.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 520 @515 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 37 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 26.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 | 520 @513 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 27.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 520 @513 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 28.. | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 520 @513 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 | 77 $\frac{1}{2}$ @79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 73 @ 74 |
| 29.. | 108 @ 108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 522 $\frac{1}{2}$ @516 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ @73 |
| 30.. | 108 @ 108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 525 @520 | 40 @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 | 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ @73 |
| 31.. | 107 $\frac{3}{4}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 525 @520 | 40 @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 79 | 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 | 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ @73 |
| July | 107 $\frac{3}{4}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 525 @507 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 42 | 77 @ 79 | 36 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 72 @ 75 $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| June | 107 $\frac{3}{4}$ @110 | 205 @507 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 42 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 77 @ 80 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ @37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 73 @ 75 |
| May | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 520 @510 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @42 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @80 | 36 @ 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 71 @ 74 |
| Apr | 106 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 537 $\frac{1}{2}$ @517 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 76 $\frac{1}{2}$ @78 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 69 $\frac{1}{2}$ @71 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Mar | 106 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 530 @ 518 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 @ 41 | 77 @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ @36 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 70 $\frac{1}{2}$ @71 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Feb | 107 $\frac{1}{2}$ @108 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 532 $\frac{1}{2}$ @517 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 77 @ 79 | 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ @36 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 70 $\frac{1}{2}$ @71 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Jan | 108 @ 109 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 523 $\frac{1}{2}$ @515 | 40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @41 | 78 @ 79 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 36 @ 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 71 @ 71 $\frac{1}{2}$ |

Military operations in Germany have been attended with an almost total suspension of the drawing of bills on Frankfurt; and, for a time, transactions with Bremen and Hamburg were limited from the same cause. At the beginning of the month, the apparent possibility that France might become involved in the struggle, caused increased remittances to Paris.

The gold premium has been comparatively steady during the month, chiefly owing to the diversion of speculation from the Gold Room to the Stock Exchange. The continued export of specie, and a large demand for the payment of duties on goods withdrawn from bond, upon the expectation that the additional duties imposed under the new tariff would apply to goods in warehouse, have sustained the premium against influences otherwise tending to depress it. The highest price reached during the month was 155 $\frac{3}{4}$, and the lowest 147, the closing quotation being 149.

COURSE OF GOLD FOR JULY.

| Date. | Open'g | High st. | Lowest | Closing | Date. | Open'g | High st. | Lowest | Closing | |
|---------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Sunday..... | 1 | ..... | ..... | ..... | Friday..... | 20 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Monday..... | 2 | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 155 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Saturday.. | 21 | 149 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 146 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Tuesday..... | 3 | 153 | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Sunday..... | 22 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Wednesday... | 4 | ..... | ..... | ..... | Monday..... | 23 | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Thursday..... | 5 | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Tuesday.... | 24 | 150 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Friday..... | 6 | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Wednesday.. | 25 | 150 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 |
| Saturday..... | 7 | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Thursday.... | 26 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Sunday..... | 8 | ..... | ..... | ..... | Friday..... | 27 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| Monday..... | 9 | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Saturday.... | 28 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 | 150 |
| Tuesday..... | 10 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 148 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Sunday..... | 29 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Wednesday... | 11 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Monday..... | 30 | 147 | 147 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 147 | 147 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| Thursday..... | 12 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | Tuesday.... | 31 | 148 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 148 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 |
| Friday..... | 13 | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 153 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | July, 1866... | 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 155 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 147 | 149 | |
| Saturday..... | 14 | 152 | 152 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 152 | " 1865.... | 141 | 146 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 138 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 144 | |
| Sunday..... | 15 | ..... | ..... | ..... | " 1864.... | 222 | 285 | 222 | 255 | |
| Monday..... | 16 | 148 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 148 $\frac{1}{2}$ | " 1863.... | 144 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 145 | 123 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 128 $\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| Tuesday.... | 17 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 151 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 149 | " 1862.... | 109 | 120 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 115 | |
| Wednesday... | 18 | 149 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 149 | " 18.1.... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | |
| Thursday.... | 19 | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 $\frac{3}{4}$ | 150 | | | | | | |

The following table, compiled from the records for the past seven months of the current year, and for the same months

of the previous seven years, shows the general results of the import and export of treasure at this port:

| Months, &c. | New Supply. | | Exports to for. ports. | Excess of— | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | California. | Foreign. | | Supply. | Export. |
| January..... | \$1,485,316 | \$72,771 | \$1,558,087 | \$2,516,236 | \$988,149 |
| February.... | 3,603,000 | 172,122 | 3,775,122 | 1,787,029 | 1,988,093 |
| March..... | 3,958,290 | 285,854 | 4,244,145 | 1,035,039 | 3,209,106 |
| April..... | 1,539,321 | 161,817 | 1,701,138 | 554,654 | 1,146,484 |
| May..... | 3,667,596 | 393,073 | 4,060,669 | 23,833,873 | 19,773,205 |
| June..... | 2,166,823 | 116,952 | 2,283,775 | 15,736,307 | 13,452,532 |
| July..... | 6,754,669 | 101,003 | 6,855,672 | 5,801,459 | 1,054,213 |
| Jan. July, '66 | \$23,175,015 | \$1,303,592 | \$24,478,608 | \$51,294,597 | \$26,815,989 |
| do do '65 | 10,035,127 | 1,319,163 | 11,354,290 | 18,630,745 | 7,276,455 |
| do do '64 | 6,534,216 | 1,555,066 | 8,089,282 | 31,099,450 | 23,010,168 |
| do do '63 | 8,023,940 | 1,036,013 | 9,059,953 | 25,900,850 | 16,841,897 |
| do do '62 | 13,943,535 | 730,556 | 14,674,091 | 36,034,688 | 21,360,597 |
| do do '61 | 21,175,405 | 32,906,166 | 54,081,571 | 3,260,458 | 50,821,113 |
| do do '60 | 19,810,150 | 756,182 | 20,566,332 | 28,242,826 | 7,576,494 |
| do do '59 | 21,144,739 | 1,301,082 | 22,445,821 | 43,248,391 | 20,802,570 |

It will be seen from this compilation, that the receipts of California gold during July have reached the very extraordinary total of \$6,754,669. The exports to foreign countries have been \$5,801,459, against \$15,736,307 in June, and \$23,833,873 in May. The excess of receipts over exports is thus \$1,054,213. For the first seven months of the year, the exports show an excess of shipments over receipts of \$26,815,989, which is nearly ten millions more than the average excess of exports for the same period of the preceding four years.

TRADE WITH BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

The readers of the CHRONICLE will bear us witness that we have steadily maintained the policy of continuing and further promoting the commercial relations heretofore existing between the United States and the British Provinces in North America. We regarded such intercourse as of the highest importance to both countries. The United States obtained by the treaty an outlet for many millions of dollars' worth of products and manufactured goods, on conditions as fair as those granted by the provinces to the mother country; while, at the same time, under the stimulus imparted by commerce, the colonies grew to larger importance, and increased in wealth and population.

This subject becomes prominent at the present moment by reason of the report from the Treasury Department made to Congress near the close of the session with regard to this trade. We have nothing to say respecting the remarkable recommendation which closes the report, that Canada and the other British Provinces be annexed to the United States, and admitted into the Union as States and Territories. However gratifying it might be to our national pride, to assemble the whole Anglo-Saxon family into our political household, to unite in one national domain the Arctic and tropical climates, and have the "boundless continent" for our possession, the project is too preposterous for serious consideration. Between the Canadian of the Eastern province, and the American, is the wall of race, prejudice, and religion, so hard to overpass; and the inhabitants of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick entertain no sentiments toward the United States which would warrant an attempt to incorporate them into our political alliance. They are better neighbors at a little distance. There may be some difference with Upper Canada and the Western Provinces, but not sufficient to justify the the passage of a bill of annexation like the one introduced into the House of Representatives. Any such union with the provinces on our Northern boundary, is too remote an event for earnest discussion, or even attentive consideration. We are not going to undertake their conquest, and they do not desire any closer relationship than that of a mutually advantageous commerce; so that all such ideas must be left totally out of the calculation.

The importance of that commerce has been underestimated. The records of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending on the 30th of June, 1865, just obtained, show that it was only second in magnitude to our trade with Great

Britain. Its aggregate was \$69,150,013; that with Great Britain being \$221,709,263—our whole foreign trade consisting of \$339,768,220 of exports, and \$234,434,167 of imports. Forty-five years ago the entire foreign trade of this country was but \$62,000,000.

At the period of the termination of the Reciprocity Treaty the trade between this country and the Provinces was rapidly increasing. The colonies had become large consumers of our manufactures, and we were extensive purchasers of their raw material. In the year ending June 30th, 1852, the total trade was only \$16,619,315; three years afterward it had risen to \$42,942,754; and the very next year rose above \$50,000,000.

The principal part of this trade was with Canada and the maritime provinces east. But it had been in recent years increasing in area as well as in volume. A large commerce had sprung up between Minnesota and the Hudson's Bay Company, also between the States on the Pacific and the British Provinces north of them. Five years ago this commerce did not exceed half a million of dollars; since that it has steadily increased, so that the trade between the Pacific States and colonies amounted, during the fiscal year ending with June, 1865, to \$2,480,954, and that between Minnesota and the central region to near \$3,000,000.

The commerce of Canada herself was being absorbed more and more by the United States; the ratio having increased in ten years from thirty-four to forty-eight per cent. While, for the last fourteen years, the aggregate of our exports to that province amounted to \$339,000,000, we imported from them only about \$283,000,000. These values, like the others named in this article, are in gold. So the balance of trade, that skeleton in many closets, was in favor of the United States. The following is a statement of our imports from Canada for the years ending on the 31st of January, 1854, and the 30th of June, 1865:

| | 1854. | 1864-65. | 1854. | 1864-65. | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Produce of the mines | \$278,260 | \$168,649 | Manufactures..... | \$141,145 | \$469,172 |
| do fisheries | 85,472 | 89,257 | Coin and bullion... | ..... | 1,599,341 |
| do forest.. | 2,083,544 | 5,008,746 | Other articles..... | 33,331 | 304,460 |
| Animals and their products..... | 697,925 | 7,053,079 | | | |
| Ag'l. products..... | 5,329,324 | 8,246,987 | | | \$8,649,000 |
| | | | | | 22,939,691 |

The articles exclusively exported from Canada to the United States were, in 1854, pig and scrap iron, fresh fish, scantling, railroad ties, horses, horned cattle, swine, sheep, poultry, hides, eggs, hops, malt, hay, flaxseed, manufactures of India rubber, straw hats, and Indian bark work; but in 1861-65 the list was greatly reduced, consisting of pig and scrap iron, firewood, railroad ties, saw-logs, sheep pelts, venison, balsam, cotton manufactures, ground plaster, and sugar boxes. The increase in the importation of animals has been about ten-fold in ten years. This was owing principally to the demand during our civil war for horses, cattle and swine, for the use of our armies.

The other articles of import are and always will be desirable. We cannot afford, now that building material has come to bear so exorbitant a price, to dispense with the lumber of which Canada has an inexhaustible supply. Every endeavor to diminish the importation operates to make dwellings costly, and thus to deprive our population of comfortable homes. The political economist will not fail to perceive the ulterior mischief which will thus be wrought to society. We must have houses, and, of course, cheap building material is of the utmost importance. Even if the balance of trade should thereby be against us, we are compelled to regard it as the smaller evil. From 1854 till 1865 the lumber trade advanced from \$2,083,544 to \$5,008,746, a large increase, but not more than the constant and increasing demand of American markets would have caused in any event. Since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, American purchasers are paying higher rates for Canadian

timber, and in larger quantities than in 1865, notwithstanding the necessity of paying a duty of 20 per cent. on the frontier of the United States.

Another article produced in Canada and in demand in this country is wool. A particular quality is thus obtained which is invaluable. On this subject, a report received by the Board of Trade of the City of Boston, declares as follows :

Considerable investments have been made in machinery for the manufacture of worsted goods, of which we now import from Great Britain alone about 50,000,000 yards. These could all be made in this country, if we had a supply of wool suitable for them. At present, we depend mainly upon those grown in Canada, whence we import from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 pounds, which supply we shall be deprived of if the reciprocity treaty is abrogated. The wool we import from Canada does not compete with that raised in this country; but the drain we make upon the Canadian supply sends the manufacturers of that country into our market to buy the fine wools of the United States, which they can purchase for less money than they obtain for their coarser grades.

As for the balance of trade, for the ten years ending in June, 1863, the exports of this country to Canada amounted to \$170,635,000, and our imports to \$152,051,000—which was \$18,584,000 in our favor. Under the reciprocity treaty, till the rebellion, Canada bought of us more than she did of all the world beside. In respect to the transit of the precious metals, one illustration is a point: In 1863 we exported of them to Canada, according to Representative Morrill, \$3,502,180. Mr. Chase reports that we imported that year \$4,892,195.

The eastern provinces obtained the principal part of their breadstuffs from the United States. Under the treaty, New Brunswick took from us, for ten years, over \$33,000,000 worth of merchandise, sending to us timber in return. Nova Scotia, with less than 350,000 inhabitants in 1865, furnished us \$3,600,000, principally in fish and coal, and received over \$4,000,000 in manufactured goods, furniture, boots and shoes, hats, Indian rubber, agricultural implements, &c. This commerce was taxed no higher than imports from Great Britain. It is unnecessary to remark, in addition, that we had access to their fisheries on equal terms with British subjects. This was an invaluable boon for us, but they received for it no equivalent.

The tonnage of vessels clearing from American ports during the year ending June 30th, 1865, for ports of British America was 3,537,752 tons, and the entrances from British America were 3,193,193 tons—the total of 6,730,945 tons; exceeding the tonnage of vessels employed in trade with any other country, as will be seen :

| | Vessels cleared for. | Vessels entered for. | Total |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. |
| Canada..... | 1,497,045 | 2,332,886 | 4,829,931 |
| British Provinces, east..... | 903,023 | 746,682 | 1,649,705 |
| British Columbia..... | 137,684 | 113,625 | 251,309 |
| | 3,537,752 | 3,193,193 | 6,730,945 |

Of the clearances for British America, 1,750,548 tons were of American vessels, and 1,787,204 tons were of Canadian and other foreign vessels. Of the entrances from British America, 1,689,829 tons were American, and 1,503,364 were Canadian and other foreign. The total tonnage for our commerce with the rest of the world was 12,780,885:—6,620,257 tons being of vessels clearing, and 6,160,628 vessels entering our ports.

The provinces have not as yet resorted to retaliatory legislation; but the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty renders it proper for them to make other arrangements for their trade. The flour, pork, sugar, and manufactured goods heretofore received from this country must be obtained elsewhere. The Board of Trade of the several cities of British North America have already begun to consider this matter; and the proposed confederation will tend also to divert from the United States the trade which our legislation, we must acknowledge, has sought to drive away. This commerce is destined to increase steadily; but more rapidly in the central and western provinces than in those on the eastern side of the

continent. Its natural outlet is through the United States, and the time has not yet passed for us to recover it by wise statesmanship.

The true policy to be pursued is to return to our former reciprocity of trade. Though our conditions have changed, owing to the heavy taxation required because of the war, that change has not reversed the principles which should control our action. We need every article which the British Provinces will produce, even their coal and cereals, and are only injuring ourselves by obstructing our citizens in obtaining them. We have never attached much weight to the proposition of Messrs. Morrill and McCulloch, that a Reciprocity Treaty encroached on the taxing power vested in Congress by the Constitution. If the objection is valid it is easily obviated by enacting the treaty into a statute.

Regarding the matter in the light of experience, as well as of principle, we are more than ever convinced that our Government should take the earliest opportunity to reinstate by negotiation, or otherwise, the former commercial arrangement with our northern neighbors. A policy which statesmen like Lewis Cass and Daniel Webster, Edward Everett and William L. Marey, after the most careful consideration, regarded as eminently wise and judicious, is very likely to prove the most felicitous for our country. While it lasted we derived advantages for transcending whatever sacrifice was involved; and with the rapid development which is sure to take place within the next quarter century, these advantages would be sure to be multiplied.

FOREIGN TRADE OF NEW YORK FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.

We are able now to complete our tables showing the foreign trade of New York for the fiscal year, having received the official figures for June. The business for the year has been, as our readers have become aware from our monthly tables, very large—in fact, beyond precedent—but much of this is due to the peculiar circumstances incident to the close of the late war.

IMPORTS.

It should be remembered, in examining the imports, that the increase this year arises in great part from the fact that the South has supplied her wants through New York almost entirely, instead of importing directly, and therefore, as we stated last month, the imports at this port bear a much larger proportion to the total imports of the country than formerly. The imports for June we give below, adding the figures for the two previous years :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Entered for consumption..... | \$5,513,985 | \$8,542,271 | \$10,682,723 |
| Entered for warehousing..... | 16,906,964 | 7,123,792 | 10,957,050 |
| Free goods..... | 1,358,634 | 953,226 | 1,002,330 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 146,731 | 236,032 | 94,549 |
| Total entered at the port..... | \$23,926,314 | \$16,855,321 | \$22,736,652 |
| Withdrawn from warehouse..... | 2,544,914 | 6,346,858 | 8,967,431 |

From the above it will be seen that the total goods thrown on the market during each year in June was as follows :

FOREIGN GOODS MARKETED IN JUNE.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Entered for consumption..... | \$5,513,985 | \$8,542,271 | \$10,682,723 |
| Free goods..... | 1,358,634 | 953,226 | 1,002,330 |
| Withdrawn from warehouse..... | 2,544,914 | 6,346,858 | 8,967,431 |
| Total marketed..... | \$9,417,533 | \$15,842,455 | \$20,652,484 |

The large comparative increase in goods marketed for June, 1866, is probably due to the rumors that the new tariff was to apply to goods in bond. Below we give the total imports for the six months ending June 30 :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE SIX MONTHS FROM JAN. 1.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Entered for consumption..... | \$76,034,89 | \$38,125,398 | \$88,759,762 |
| do warehousing..... | 54,744,422 | 42,811,119 | 66,426,467 |
| Free goods..... | 6,152,414 | 5,023,712 | 7,036,616 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 1,427,014 | 1,051,823 | 1,180,186 |
| Total entered at port..... | \$138,358,539 | \$82,012,052 | \$163,403,031 |
| Withdrawn from warehouse..... | 32,839,737 | 41,626,821 | 49,993,854 |

The increase in imports for the six months over 1865 is about 100 per cent., being \$163,403,031 in 1866, against \$82,012,052 in 1865. That our readers may see the movement each month, we have prepared the following, showing the value imported and marketed each month since January, with the totals for the previous six months :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AND AMOUNT MARKETED AT NEW YORK FOR TWELVE MONTHS.

| | 1864-65 | | 1865-66 | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Total imports. | Total thrown on market. | Total imports. | Total thrown on market. |
| Six months..... | \$79,767,221 | \$69,201,651 | \$147,730,367 | \$135,457,584 |
| January..... | 10,620,117 | 11,711,178 | 30,109,830 | 27,219,868 |
| February..... | 11,473,668 | 11,472,456 | 30,692,557 | 26,560,301 |
| March..... | 16,012,373 | 13,602,088 | 26,204,940 | 24,224,630 |
| April..... | 14,174,464 | 14,369,609 | 24,810,605 | 23,269,391 |
| May..... | 12,876,169 | 17,688,145 | 28,818,447 | 23,973,558 |
| June..... | 16,855,321 | 15,842,455 | 22,736,652 | 20,652,484 |
| Total 12 months | \$161,779,273 | ..... | \$306,133,368 | ..... |
| Deduct specie..... | 1,890,431 | ..... | 2,251,644 | ..... |
| Total merchandize for 12 months.... | \$159,888,842 | \$153,977,582 | \$303,881,724 | \$280,358,816 |

The following statement gives the totals for the year:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.

| | 1863-64. | 1864-65. | 1865-66. |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Entered for consumption..... | \$139,031,088 | \$65,189,115 | \$175,849,845 |
| do warehousing..... | 83,459,792 | 82,206,122 | 112,356,494 |
| Free goods..... | 10,374,108 | 10,603,200 | 12,423,741 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 2,099,057 | 1,890,431 | 2,251,644 |
| Total entered at port..... | \$234,967,045 | \$159,888,842 | \$303,881,724 |
| Withdrawn from warehouse.... | 63,095,973 | 76,267,862 | 88,891,375 |

From the above, it will be observed that the total imports this year were \$303,881,724, against \$159,888,842 last year, showing about the same increase for the year as for the last six months. We have classified this statement, and give the figures below, showing the imports of dry goods and general merchandise separately:

DESCRIPTION OF IMPORTS FOR THE YEAR-ENDING JUNE 30.

| | 1863-64. | 1864-65. | 1865-66. |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Dry goods..... | \$83,234,966 | \$47,963,508 | \$136,075,645 |
| General merchandise..... | 149,633,022 | 110,034,903 | 165,554,435 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 2,099,057 | 1,890,431 | 2,251,644 |
| Total imports..... | \$234,967,045 | \$159,888,842 | \$303,881,724 |

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The following table gives the customs receipts at this port for the eleven months:

RECEIPTS FOR CUSTOMS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Six months..... | \$35,042,764 45 | \$24,473,902 73 | \$65,007,328 87 |
| January..... | 6,180,536 09 | 4,231,737 47 | 12,437,474 16 |
| February..... | 7,484,027 93 | 4,791,247 10 | 12,008,273 74 |
| March..... | 7,659,770 47 | 5,392,099 26 | 11,173,154 62 |
| April..... | 13,982,555 60 | 6,309,994 34 | 10,950,896 78 |
| May..... | 3,855,186 46 | 8,133,423 06 | 11,418,492 10 |
| June..... | 3,911,148 43 | 7,837,075 84 | 9,559,898 88 |
| Total for twelve months .. | \$77,506,201 43 | \$61,161,079 80 | \$192,625,518 63 |

These figures for 1866, it will be noticed, do not precisely agree with those we received last week from Washington, and published in the CHRONICLE, page 105.

EXPORTS.

The imports as given above are stated, of course, in their foreign gold value, freights and duty not added, while the exports of merchandise are given in their currency values. This fact should be remembered in comparing the increase of exports with the increase noted in our imports. At the same time, as affecting the balance of trade, we must also remember the exports of cotton from Southern ports, which have been for the year over 1,000,000 bales; this, at \$150 (specie) per bale (which, we think, is a fair average), would show an export value from the Southern ports of cotton alone of \$150,000,000 in gold. This item plainly indicates how we have paid for our large imports. Below, we give the tables of exports. The following is the comparative summary for June:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS IN THE MONTH OF JUNE.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Domestic produce..... | \$17,996,495 | \$8,079,802 | \$9,601,089 |
| Foreign free goods..... | 75,709 | 35,417 | 55,074 |
| Foreign dutiable goods..... | 1,282,218 | 131,425 | 606,255 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 6,533,109 | 5,199,472 | 15,890,956 |
| Total exports..... | \$25,887,531 | \$13,446,116 | \$26,153,374 |
| do exclusive of specie.... | 19,354,422 | 8,246,644 | 10,262,418 |

The exports since Jan. 1 are as follows:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR SIX MONTHS FROM JAN. 1.

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Domestic produce..... | \$85,386,922 | \$68,148,767 | \$104,251,136 |
| Foreign free goods..... | 357,665 | 644,896 | 458,794 |
| do dutiable..... | 4,131,855 | 2,143,022 | 3,025,937 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 29,152,121 | 17,915,759 | 45,782,430 |
| Total exports..... | \$119,028,563 | \$88,242,444 | \$153,521,347 |
| do exclusive of specie..... | 89,876,442 | 70,923,685 | 107,738,917 |

The following will show the total for the twelve months from July 1 to June 30, inclusive:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.

| | 1863-4. | 1864-5. | 1865-6. |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Domestic produce..... | \$161,842,911 | \$184,617,824 | \$210,352,823 |
| Foreign free goods..... | 838,526 | 2,419,689 | 762,633 |
| do dutiable..... | 6,244,339 | 15,835,262 | 4,323,375 |
| Specie and bullion..... | 58,274,220 | 39,589,259 | 57,870,354 |
| Total exports..... | \$227,199,996 | \$242,462,044 | \$273,309,185 |
| do exclusive of specie..... | 168,925,776 | 202,872,785 | 215,438,831 |

We thus see a total currency value of exports at this port for the year of \$215,438,831, against \$203,881,724 in foreign gold values of

imports. If to these exports, however, we add the value of the cotton exports from the Southern ports, we have a very different balance.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON, AT LATEST DATES.

| EXCHANGE AT LONDON— JULY 21. | | | EXCHANGE ON LONDON. | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|----------|-------------------|
| ON— | TIME. | RATE. | LATEST DATE. | TIME. | RATE. |
| Amsterdam... | short. | 11 15 @11.16 | July 21. | short. | 13.67½ |
| Antwerp..... | 3 months. | 25.45 @25.50 | do | do | 25. 5 |
| Hamburg..... | do | 13. 8½@13. 9 | do | do | 13. 4½ |
| Paris..... | short. | 25.10 @25.20 | do | do | 25.12½ |
| Vienna..... | 3 months. | 25.37½@25.45 | do | 3 mo's. | 24.80 |
| Berlin..... | do | 14.00 @15.00 | do | do | — |
| St. Petersburg | do | 6.27 @ 6.23 | do | do | — |
| Cadiz..... | do | 25¼@ 26¼ | do | do | — |
| Lisbon..... | do | 44 @ 45 | July 13. | 30 days. | 53 |
| Milan..... | do | — | do | do | — |
| Genoa..... | do | 28.00 @29.00 | do | do | — |
| Naples..... | do | 28.00 @29.50 | do | do | — |
| New York.... | do | 28.00 @29.50 | July 11. | 60 days. | 163 |
| Jamaica..... | do | — | June 24. | do | 2¼ p. c. prem. |
| Havana..... | do | — | July 3. | 90 days. | 27½@— |
| Rio de Janeiro | do | — | June 25. | 60 days. | 22 @24 |
| Buenos Ayres. | do | — | June 14. | do | 50 @50½ |
| Valparaiso.... | do | — | June 3. | do | 47 @46½ |
| Pernambuco... | do | — | July 1. | do | 25 @26 |
| Singapore.... | do | — | June 14. | 6 mo's. | 4s. 7½d.@4s. 7¾d. |
| Hong Kong... | do | — | June 13. | do | 4s. 1¼d.@— |
| Ceylon..... | do | — | June . | do | 4½@5 p. c. disc. |
| Bombay..... | 60 day's | 1s 10¼d@ — | July 10. | do | 2s 0d. |
| Madras..... | do | 1s10d @ — | June 13. | do | 2s 1d. |
| Calcutta..... | do | 1s10d @ — | June 8. | do | 2s. 0¾d. |
| Sydney..... | do | — | May 29. | 30 days. | ½@1 p. c. disc. |

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, July 21, 1866.

It is generally admitted that there is now some progress being made towards a revival of trade, and towards a return of greater confidence in our position, both at home, and so far as the Continent is concerned. At present, however, the movement is very slow, and is scarcely perceptible; but, at the same time, the tendency is undoubtedly in a favorable direction, and an early reduction in the Bank rate of discount is anticipated in many quarters. The opinion continues to gain ground that the Bank Directors erred in not reducing their rates of discount at a time when their resources under the circumstances would have allowed them to do so. They certainly permitted an opportunity to pass by, and which may, even yet, not present itself to them again for some time to come. In fact, in certain respects, the position of affairs is unchanged. The country bankers and others continue to strengthen their position by holding or hoarding notes, whilst, on the other hand, the Bank Directors, acting as if it were a normal state of affairs, desire to see a return of notes previously to reducing their rates. But the panic has been one of credit, and as the mercantile community have lost confidence in one another, the question to be discussed is: what are the best means of restoring the confidence lost? The Bank Directors have had a long trial of these experiments without success. The maintenance of a high rate of discount—the storm signal as it is now pretty generally termed—has had the effect, not of increasing confidence, and of attracting capital hither, but of diminishing confidence, and of withdrawing capital from this country. That such is the case is very evident, and by applying the case to France it will be seen that a ten per cent. rate will never, under the circumstances by which it had been raised to that point, have the effect of attracting capital to this country for investment in securities, or for the purchase of long-dated bills. The supply of bullion at Paris is now £27,000,000; the official minimum rate of discount is 4, and the open-market quotation for the best short-dated paper 3½ to 3¾ per cent. Here, the Bank only holds rather more than £13,500,000, or about one-half the supply held by the Bank of France, whilst the rates offered for money are quite 6 per cent. below those current at Paris. But notwithstanding this great difference, as bills mature, sums are withdrawn from England, and no similar reinvestment is made. The balance of trade between England and France is also in favor of the latter country, hence, as bills are becoming scarce, the demand for bullion for export to France has somewhat increased. During the present week the imports have been on an extensive scale, and amount to about £900,000, in which is included £125,000 by the Essex, and £44,000 by the Wellesley, from Australia; £129,000 by the Tarifa, £13,000 by the City of Boston, and £132,000 by the Bavaria, from New York; £9,000 by the China from Boston; £31,000 by the Nyanza, and £206,000 by the China, from India and Australia, and about £250,000 from the Continent. Nearly the whole of this supply, however, has been taken for the Continent, chiefly for Paris. The want of confidence has also led to a more extensive transit of coin, and from this circumstance it may be presumed that business is more freely transacted by payment in coin than by accepting bills. During the present week we have received £250,000 from the Continent, whilst about £650,000 has been exported. Under ordinary circumstances, the ex-

pense attending the transmission of this bullion would, in some measure, have been saved. It is evident, however, that so long as distrust continues to prevail, an increased quantity of coin will be required to settle our affairs with France; hence, continued want of confidence will have the effect of keeping up the rates for money. By most persons it is maintained, that as the Bank has failed to restore confidence by retaining a high rate for money, it is now time to try the experiment of lowering the rate, and of seeing the effect of—say—an eight per cent. minimum rate of discount. It is certain, however, that a high rate of discount cannot be maintained for any great length of time, for trade, with such a minimum as ten per cent. must become less extensive; prices must rule lower, and hence the demand for money must fall off, so far as the requirements of the commercial body are concerned. But such a course of action must be one for regret. The panic through which we have passed has not been commercial; on the other hand, trade is in a very sound state, and that this is the fact, the few commercial failures recorded, and the comparatively limited depreciation in prices which has taken place, have been a matter of surprise on the part of the public in general. Many failures have yet probably to be recorded; but it is maintained that had the Bank Directors lowered their rates of discount three weeks since, and given to the mercantile world those facilities so earnestly desired, many of these houses might have been enabled to tide through their difficulties. Trade would have revived, prices would have improved, and holders of raw produce and manufactures would have been enabled to sell on more satisfactory terms. It may, indeed, be presumed that should the panic extend itself in any serious degree to the merchant class, much blame will attach to the Directors of the Bank of England in keeping up an exorbitant rate of discount.

During the present week, there has been a slight revival of trade. In grocery produce, a greater extent of business has been transacted than for several previous weeks, and rather more favorable prices have been obtained. Wheat, under the influence of a high rate for money, fine harvest weather, and an approaching close of the war on the Continent, has been very dull; but, in other respects, the appearance of affairs, although a quiet feeling has prevailed, has been satisfactory. It cannot, however, be considered that transactions in produce and manufactures have exceeded the wants of buyers; indeed, in most cases, it appears that business has been confined to the supply of actual and immediate wants.

The advance in the price of wheat during the recent excitement was 6s. to 10s. for English, and 6s. to 10s. per quarter on foreign. The probability of an approaching close of the war, the continuance of a high rate for money, and the favorable harvest prospects, have induced millers to purchase sparingly. During the last ten days, millers have operated with great caution, and the amount of business transacted throughout the country has been extremely limited. Holders of wheat, observing that the war is not actually at an end, have endeavored to keep up prices; but have, notwithstanding, been compelled to accept 6s. per quarter less money, as compared with the late highest point. And, even at this reduction, millers have not felt disposed to buy with any degree of freedom. The late high prices have had the effect of stimulating exports from France, Prussia, and Russia, and large supplies of produce are now on their way to our ports. The import into London this week is nearly 50,000 quarters; and, with such an importation, with the certain prospect of further large arrivals, millers will not purchase any considerable quantities, except at a further reduction in price. Virtually, indeed, the whole of the recent advance in the quotations is almost lost. Respecting the crop in this country, the accounts at hand are favorable. It is not considered that the crop will be abundant; but, supposing it to be an average, it will certainly be a subject for congratulation, for, during the last three years, our crops have been wonderfully good. The crop of 1863 was probably the largest ever grown in this country; that of 1864 was remarkable for its fineness of quality, the wheats of that year being probably the finest produced in this country: whilst the crop of last year was, on the whole, good, although considerable damage was done in southern counties by wet weather prevailing during the progress of harvest operations. If, therefore, we secure an average crop of wheat this year, the average of the last four years would more than exceed the most sanguine anticipations. Indeed, it may be said that farmers' prospects are very encouraging; the crop of wheat is likely to be good; all kinds of Spring corn promise to be very abundant, and the cattle plague has almost died out. Wheat and Spring corn are selling at very remunerative prices, whilst meat commands very high quotations. Probably, at no period were farmers' prospects so brilliant as now, and that they admit this themselves seems evident, from the fact that the public are not troubled with the
 yar. The recent fine hot weather has produced an almost marvellous effect on the hop plantations, and it is now admitted that the growth of hops will be very large.

The hope of peace and more favorable rates of exchange, have had a very beneficial effect upon the market for English Government securities. Consols have attained a higher point than for many months, transactions for account having been effected as high as 88½. The public appear to have been buying largely, and as the dividends have recently been paid, increased supplies of money have been awaiting investment. In times like these, the public are by no means desirous of purchasing the shares of joint-stock banks and other public companies, and for this reason consols and other government securities are attracting more attention. During the week, prices have advanced about one per cent., the highest quotations on the days enumerated being as under:

| Week ending July 21 | Monday | Tuesday | Wed' day | Thur' day | Friday | Sat' rday |
|----------------------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| Consols for money... | 88 | 88½ | 88½ | 88½ | 88½ | 88½ |

The money market has not exhibited any change of importance. The supply of money on offer is ample, and the rates out of doors vary from ½ to 1 per cent. below those of the Bank of England, 9½ per cent. being the more general, and 9 per cent. the exceptional rate for the best short dated paper. Six and four months' acceptances of the leading bankers and merchants have been more inquired for, at from 7½ to 9 per cent. The quotations for money are as under:

| Bank of England minimum 10 per cent. open market rates: | | Per Cent. | |
|---|--------|--------------------------|--------|
| 30 days' bills | 9 @— | 4 months' bills | 9 @ 9½ |
| 60 days' bills | 9 @ 9½ | 6 months' bills | 9 @ 10 |
| 3 months' bills | 9 @ 9½ | 6 & 4 months' bank paper | 7½ @ 9 |

On the Continent the value of money has given way. The principal changes are at Berlin and Hamburg, at both of which cities the terms are more favorable to borrowers. The rates of exchange have also become more favorable to this country, chiefly, however, as regards Hamburg and Amsterdam. The rates of discount at the leading continental cities are as under:

| | Bank rate. | Open market. | | Bank rate. | Open market. |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| | per cent. | per cent. | | per cent. | per cent. |
| At Paris | 4 | 3½ ½ | Turin | 8 | — |
| Vienna | 5 | 6 | Brussels | 6 bills | 5 |
| Berlin | 7 bills | — | " | 6½ advances | — |
| " | 7½ advances | — | Madrid | 9 | — |
| Frankfort | 6 | 6 | Hamburg | — | 4½ |
| Amsterdam | 7 | 7 | St. Petersburg | 5½ | 6½ |

The market for American securities has been very firm. United States Five-twenty bonds have been freely dealt in, and an important advance has taken place in prices. Erie Railway shares, owing to the advance at New York, have considerably improved in value, and have realized 45 this afternoon. Illinois Centrals close with firmness at 79½ the highest point of the week. The highest prices each day during the week were as under:

| For week ending July 21. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. | Sat. |
|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|
| United States 5-20's, 6 per cent. | 68 | 68½ | 69¼ | 69½ | 70¼ | 70¾ |
| Virginia 5 per cent. | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| do 6 per cent. | 44 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 47 |
| Atlantic and Great Western, New York section, 1st mortgage, 1880 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| — Pennsylvania section, 1st m, 1877 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| do cons'ed mort. b'ds, 1895 | 44½ | 45½ | 45 | 45 | 45 | 44¾ |
| Erie shares, 100 dollars, all paid | 41 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 42¾ | 45 |
| do Convertible bonds, 6 per cent. | 70 | 69¾ | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| Illinois Central, 6 per cent, 1875 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 |
| do 7 per cent, 1875 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| do \$100 shares, all paid | 76¼ | 76¾ | 78 | 78½ | 77½ | 79½ |
| Marrietta and Cincinnati, 7 per cent. | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| New York Central, 100 dollar shares | 67½ | 67½ | 67½ | 67½ | 67½ | 67½ |
| Panama Rail, 7 per cent, 1872, 2d mort. | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 |
| Pennsylvania R.R. 2d mort., 6 p. c. | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| do \$50 shares | 34½ | 34½ | 34½ | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| Philadelphia and Erie, 1st mortgage, 1881, (qua. by Penn. Railroad Co) | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| do with option to be paid in Philadelphia | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| Canada 6 per cent | 93 | 95 | 95 | 93½ | 94 | 94 |
| do 5 per cent | 76 | 75¾ | 76 | 76½ | 75¾ | 76½ |

The Bombay mail, announcing the effect of the failure of the Agra and Masterman Bank in India, was delivered this week. It appears that the effect of this failure was serious as regards shares of nearly all descriptions, Government stocks forming necessarily the leading exception. These, upon investments on the part of the public, improved in value. Telegraphic advices state that the effect of the failure was fast subsiding.

The following are the quotations for bullion in the London market:

| GOLD. | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Bar Gold | per oz. standard. | 77s. 9d. @ 10d. |
| do Refinable | do | 77s. 1d. @ 11½d. |
| American Gold Coin | per oz. | 76s. 3d. |
| South American Doubloons | do | 73s. 9d. @ 74s. |
| Spanish do | do | 74s. 9d. @ 75s. 3d. |
| Brazilian Gold Coin | do | 77s. 8d. |
| Russian Half Imperials | do | 77s. 8d. |
| SILVER. | | |
| Fine or Cake Silver | per oz. | 5s. 6½d. @ ¼d. |
| Bar Silver | per oz. standard. | 5s. 1½d. |
| do with gold above 5 grs. per lb. | do | 5s. 1½d. |
| Five Franc Pieces | per oz. | 4s. 11½d. |
| Mexican Dollars | do | 4s. 11½d. |
| Spanish Pillar Dollars, Carolus | do | 4s. 11½d. |
| Crusades | do | 4s. 11½d. |

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports continue large this week, the total being \$5,829,287, against \$6,253,994 last week and \$6,500,355 the previous week. The exports are \$3,343,6700 this week against \$2,867,787 last week, and \$4,076,857 the previous week. The exports of cotton continue to increase, as the prices here and at Liverpool still admit of shipments being made at a profit; for the past week the export reached 3,526 bales against 2,808 bales last week. Included in the exports were also 34,661 bbls wheat flour, 30 bbls rye flour, 2,511 bbls cornmeal, 9,722 bus wheat, 300 bus oats, 7,916 bus barley, 1,105 bus peas, 430,457 bus corn, 1,217 pkgs candles, 1,264 tons coal, 3,007 bales cotton, 1,030 bales hay, 1 bale hops, 410 bbls spirits turpentine, 3,141 bbls rosin, 35 bbls tar, 56 bbls pitch, 200 galls sperm oil, 1,309 galls lard oil, 200 galls linseed oil, 689,932 galls petroleum, 3,067 bbls pork, 156 bbls beef, 156 tes do, 94,406 pounds cutmeats, 68,812 do butter, 1,059,288 do cheese, 171 bbls rice, 232,986 do tallow, 462 bhds and 781 other pkgs crude tobacco, 27,594 pounds manufactured tobacco, as may be seen in a comparative table of exports which we give in our Commercial Epitome.

The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry-goods) July 26, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) July 27:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

| | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Dry goods..... | \$1,228,758 | \$1,486,091 | \$3,366,859 | \$2,869,310 |
| General merchandise..... | 2,726,057 | 1,959,775 | 2,839,604 | 2,959,977 |
| Total for the week..... | \$4,054,815 | \$3,445,866 | \$6,206,463 | \$5,829,287 |
| Previously reported..... | 99,923,111 | 136,801,907 | 86,004,186 | 181,411,861 |
| Since January 1..... | \$103,977,926 | \$140,247,773 | \$92,210,649 | \$187,241,148 |

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending July 31:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

| | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| For the week..... | \$3,358,493 | \$3,040,364 | \$2,947,348 | \$3,343,670 |
| Previously reported..... | 105,588,555 | 105,022,360 | 87,605,017 | 116,123,753 |
| Since January 1..... | \$108,947,053 | \$113,062,724 | \$90,552,365 | \$119,467,423 |

In the commercial department will be found the official detailed statement of the imports and exports for the week.

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York, for the week ending July 28, 1866:

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| July 25—SS. Persia, Liverpool— | Gold coin..... \$171,300 | July 27—SS. Allemania, Hamburg— | Foreign silver..... 8,222 |
| Silver bars..... 186,356 | Foreign coin..... 4,000 | American gold..... 38,000 | American silver..... 29,000 |
| Mexican silver..... 4,378 | July 27—SS. Pereire, Havre— | Gold and silv'r bars..... 228,300 | Foreign coin..... 18,400 |
| American gold..... 125,000 | Foreign coin and gold bars..... 53,320 | July 27—SS. Hermann, Bremen— | American gold..... 25,000 |
| Mexican coin..... 59,000 | German silver..... 8,300 | July 27—SS. C. of Paris, Livp'l— | American gold..... 125,000 |
| American silver..... 8,000 | British gold..... 8,233 | Gold bars..... 18,892 | Silver bars..... 24,716 |
| Spanish gold..... 9,000 | | | |
| For Havre— | | | |
| Gold bars..... 230,232 | | | |
| Spanish doubloons..... 15,795 | | | |
| American gold and bars..... 108,000 | | | |
| July 27—SS. C. of Limerick, Livp'l— | | | |
| Gold bars..... 18,892 | | | |
| Silver bars..... 24,716 | | | |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Total for the week..... | \$1,515,446 |
| Previously reported..... | 49,779,151 |
| Total since Jan. 1, 1866..... | \$51,294,597 |

| Same time in | 1865. | 1866. | 1867. | 1868. | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878. | 1879. | 1880. | 1881. | 1882. | 1883. | 1884. | 1885. | 1886. | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Same time in | \$18,626,890 | 1858..... | \$15,039,978 | 1864..... | 31,014,205 | 1857..... | 26,074,186 | 1863..... | 25,363,076 | 1856..... | 20,453,834 | 1862..... | 35,678,387 | 1855..... | 1,994,308 | 1861..... | 3,258,976 | 1854..... | 18,899,924 | 1860..... | 27,987,294 | 1853..... | 12,556,140 | 1859..... | 43,182,097 | 1852..... | 14,814,953 |

UNITED STATES MINT.—The following is a statement of deposits and coinage at the Mint of the United States, Philadelphia, during the month of July, 1866:

| DEPOSITS. | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| | Value. | | Value. | | |
| Gold deposits from all sources..... | \$326,227 26 | Silver deposits, including purchases..... | \$7,302 23 | | |
| Total deposits..... | | | \$333,529 49 | | |
| GOLD COINAGE. | | | | | |
| Denomination. | No. of pcs. | Value. | Denomination. No. of pcs. Value. | | |
| Double Eagles.... | 18,555 | \$371,100 00 | Fine bars..... | 6 | \$3,142 84 |
| Total..... | | | | 18,561 | \$374,242 84 |
| SILVER. | | | | | |
| Dollars..... | 13,950 | \$13,950 00 | Half-dimes..... | 50 | 2 50 |
| Half-dollars..... | 50 | 25 00 | Three-ct. pieces..... | 50 | 1 50 |
| Quarter-dollars..... | 50 | 12 50 | Fine bars..... | 4 | 170 50 |
| Dimes..... | 50 | 5 00 | | | |
| Total..... | | | | 14,204 | \$14,167 00 |
| COPPER. | | | | | |
| Cents..... | 1,032,500 | \$10,325 00 | Three Cent pieces..... | 452,000 | \$13,560 00 |
| Two Cent pieces..... | 140,000 | 2,800 00 | Five Cent pieces..... | 1,944,000 | 97,200 00 |
| Total..... | | | | 3,568,500 | \$123,885 00 |
| RECAPITULATION. | | | | | |
| Gold Coinage..... | 18,561 | \$374,242 84 | Copper..... | 3,568,500 | \$123,885 00 |
| Silver..... | 14,204 | \$14,167 00 | | | |
| Total No. of pieces..... | | | | 3,601,265 | \$512,294 84 |

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR JULY.—The following is the official statement of the business at the Sub-Treasury for the month of July, 1866:

| RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS. | |
|---|------------------|
| Balance July 1, 1866..... | \$67,735,455 21 |
| Receipts during the month: | |
| On account of customs..... | \$11,617,979 71 |
| Loans, exchanged temporary to 5 per cent..... | 871,012 79 |
| do Internal revenue..... | 321,186 79 |
| do Post-office Department..... | 125,273 20 |
| do Transfers..... | 2,205,600 00 |
| do Patent fees..... | 12,981,120 00 |
| Coin notes..... | 3,066 85 |
| do Miscellaneous..... | 26,289,561 81 |
| | \$54,414,801 15 |
| | \$122,180,256 36 |
| Payments during the month: | |
| Treasury drafts..... | \$51,613,178 30 |
| Post-office drafts..... | 323,909 67 |
| | 51,937,087 97 |
| Balance July 31, 1866..... | \$70,243,168 39 |
| By balance, cr. disbursing accounts..... | \$11,840,392 03 |
| By receipts during the month..... | 13,503,519 66 |
| To payments..... | 25,343,911 69 |
| | 17,221,018 30 |
| Balance..... | \$8,122,893 39 |
| By balance, cr. interest accounts..... | \$1,565,772 21 |
| By appropriations..... | 7,373,760 99 |
| To payments—coin..... | 5,873,377 92 |
| do notes..... | 1,473,601 53 |
| | 7,346,979 45 |
| Balance..... | \$1,492,553 75 |
| By receipts for customs in July, 1866..... | \$11,617,979 71 |
| do do do 1865..... | 9,908,190 66 |
| Increase do do 1866..... | \$1,709,789 05 |
| By balance, cr. bullion and expense account for Assay Office..... | \$912,335 72 |
| By fine bars..... | 641,310 68 |
| | \$1,553,646 40 |
| To payments in coin..... | \$428,287 29 |
| do fine bars..... | 89,288 99 |
| | 517,576 28 |
| Balance..... | \$1,036,070 12 |
| By funds in hand, in Assistant Treas. Office..... | \$79,858,615 53 |
| do do Assay Office..... | 442,417 75 |
| By fine bars in Assay Office..... | 730,581 61 |
| By unparted bullion in Assay office..... | 287,614 05 |
| | \$81,319,228 94 |
| Less temporary loan to be reimbursed..... | \$372,319 21 |
| Less due depositors..... | 815,682 66 |
| | \$1,188,001 87 |
| Balance..... | \$80,131,227 07 |

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Arizona, from Aspinwall on the 24th July, with mails, passengers and treasure, arrived at this port on Tuesday, July 31. The following is her treasure list:

| FROM SAN FRANCISCO. | | FROM ASPINWALL. | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Duncan, Sherman & Co.. | \$60,042 15 | Dabney, M. & Co..... | \$110,646 55 |
| J. & W. Seligman & Co.. | 67,000 00 | Wells, Fargo & Co..... | 118,418 73 |
| Eugene Kelly & Co..... | 126,496 13 | Lees & Waller..... | 445,000 60 |
| D. Winthrop & Co..... | 60,000 00 | To order..... | 600,000 00 |
| Agent Bank British N. A. | 30,000 00 | Total..... | \$1,655,481 77 |
| Panama R. R. Co..... | 27,878 21 | | |
| | | | |
| Schmillinsky, L. & Co.... | \$3,000 00 | Trevor, Colgate & Co.... | \$4,600 00 |
| Ribon & Munoz..... | 9,000 00 | Total..... | \$23,037 00 |
| Marcial & Co..... | 300 00 | | |
| Wells, Fargo & Co..... | 6,137 00 | | |

The receipts of treasure from California since January 1, 1866, have been as follows:

| Date. | Steamship. | At date. | To date. | Date. | Steamship. | At date. | To date. |
|----------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Jan. 12. | New York | \$685,610 | \$685,610 | May 1. | Costa Rica | \$1,318,271 | \$11,904,199 |
| Jan. 19. | H. Chauncey | 799,706 | 1,485,316 | May 9. | New York | 1,072,820 | 12,977,019 |
| Feb. 1. | Atlantic | 944,878 | 2,430,194 | May 21. | Arizona | 1,276,505 | 14,253,524 |
| Feb. 9. | New York | 1,449,074 | 3,879,268 | May 31. | Costa Rica | 324,552 | 14,578,076 |
| Feb. 21. | H. Chauncey | 1,209,048 | 5,088,316 | June 9. | New York | 949,906 | 15,527,982 |
| Mar. 5. | Costa Rica | 1,469,286 | 6,557,602 | June 20. | Arizona | 892,365 | 16,420,347 |
| Mar. 12. | New York | 1,425,553 | 7,983,155 | July 2. | N. Light | 1,617,899 | 18,038,246 |
| Mar. 23. | Arizona | 389,837 | 8,372,992 | July 9. | New York | 1,429,833 | 19,468,079 |
| Mar. 31. | H. Chauncey | 673,615 | 9,046,607 | July 21. | Arizona | 2,051,456 | 21,519,535 |
| Apr. 9. | New York | 729,862 | 9,776,469 | July 31. | H. Chauncey | 1,655,481 | 23,175,016 |
| Apr. 20. | Arizona | 809,459 | 10,585,901 | | | | |

EXPORTS OF TREASURE FROM SAN FRANCISCO.—The exports of treasure from San Francisco from June 1st to date have been as follows:

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| June 2—Per Swallow to Shanghai..... | \$147,629 92 |
| June 8—Per Carl Ludwig to Hong Kong..... | 6,024 00 |
| June 9—Per Golden Age: | |
| To New York..... | \$1,617,899 25 |
| To England..... | 345,801 40 |
| To Panama..... | 5,000 00 |
| | \$1,968,730 65 |
| June 12—Per California to Hong Kong..... | 207,681 08 |
| June 13—Per Sunny South to Shanghai..... | 147,966 25 |
| June 13—Per Constitution: | |
| To New York..... | \$919,018 06 |
| To England..... | 697,893 23 |
| To France..... | 35,891 44 |
| To Panama..... | 25,000 00 |
| | \$1,677,802 73 |
| June 18—Per Sierra Nevada to Victoria..... | 100,000 00 |
| June 20—Per Lizzie to Shanghai..... | 68,494 30 |
| June 21—Per Wm. Wilcox to Hong Kong..... | 28,777 00 |
| June 27—Per Aline to Hong Kong..... | 3,000 00 |
| June 30—Per Golden City: | |
| To New York..... | \$1,551,416 18 |
| To England..... | 820,603 14 |
| To France..... | 68,746 00 |
| To Panama..... | 5,000 00 |
| | \$8,445,665 32 |
| July 3—Per Don Pedro I. to Hong Kong..... | 85,019 00 |
| Total since June 1, 1866..... | \$6,886,920 25 |
| Previously this year..... | 16,605,856 99 |
| Total since January 1, 1866..... | \$23,492,777 24 |
| Corresponding period of 1865..... | 22,290,291 02 |
| Increase this year..... | \$1,202,486 22 |

SAN FRANCISCO TRADE REPORT.—The Mercantile Gazette of San Francisco (9th July) furnishes the following valuable summary of the commerce of that port for the first six months of the current year:

The ordinary course of our import trade is found in arrivals from the following ports and countries. These furnish the larger portion of our supplies, and during the period under review, together with a like period last year, have sent us vessels and tonnage as represented below:

| From | 1864 | | 1865 | | 1866 | |
|------------------|------------|----------------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| | Vessels. | Tons. | Vessels. | Tons. | Vessels. | Tons. |
| Atlantic ports | 61 | 61,355 | 47 | 50,950 | 43 | 43,734 |
| Great Britain | 15 | 12,729 | 14 | 8,525 | 13 | 9,469 |
| France | 6 | 2,669 | 6 | 2,532 | 8 | 3,761 |
| Hamburg | 5 | 2,265 | 4 | 1,456 | 4 | 1,315 |
| Hawaiian Islands | 16 | 5,472 | 18 | 5,984 | 23 | 10,130 |
| China | 26 | 14,509 | 17 | 12,248 | 20 | 12,914 |
| Manila | 7 | 3,598 | 4 | 3,263 | 8 | 4,274 |
| Malaga | 2 | 677 | 1 | 359 | 1 | 337 |
| Rio Janeiro | 4 | 1,344 | 2 | 752 | 3 | 864 |
| Totals | 140 | 105,149 | 113 | 86,169 | 123 | 86,798 |

These figures indicate a very slight increase in the aggregate tonnage from supply ports, as compared with last year: and the present condition of the supplies of merchandise in this market would seem to afford confirmation of the very moderate increase of importations. By the Panama steamers, which bring us large cargoes of merchandise, we have received during the past six months 12,114 tons, as against 11,750 tons in the corresponding period of 1865.

The following figures will show the total arrivals of tonnage from all quarters, including both domestic, Atlantic and foreign ports, during the past six months, as compared with the three preceding years:

| Year. | From Dom. Atlantic Ports. | | From Foreign Ports. | |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|---------------------|---------|
| | Vessels. | Tons. | Vessels. | Tons. |
| 1863 | 54 | 62,496 | 177 | 132,279 |
| 1864 | 61 | 61,355 | 213 | 15,551 |
| 1865 | 47 | 50,950 | 184 | 145,168 |
| 1866 | 43 | 43,734 | 242 | 166,800 |

Our export trade during the period under consideration shows a very large increase as compared with the first six months of the two preceding years. The following table shows the destination and value of our exports as against like periods in 1864 and 1865:

| To | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| New York and Boston | \$2,275,495 97 | \$2,511,301 31 | \$2,311,503 34 |
| Great Britain | 512,271 60 | 151,824 02 | 415,106 00 |
| Mexico | 976,032 87 | 1,075,174 66 | 897,900 00 |
| South America | 155,657 72 | 189,804 50 | 204,027 00 |
| Hawaiian Islands | 277,359 32 | 346,348 97 | 441,422 00 |
| China | 697,765 33 | 480,962 73 | 982,554 50 |
| Australia | 335,902 22 | 31,638 35 | 1,851,983 20 |
| British Columbia | 822,771 68 | 709,622 23 | 644,088 00 |
| Japan | 38,083 32 | 58,802 51 | 88,726 00 |
| Other countries | 246,254 28 | 236,039 75 | 190,508 00 |
| Totals | \$6,337,694 31 | \$5,816,519 03 | \$8,031,823 04 |

The marked increase in our exports to China and Australia has been owing to large and steady shipments thence of grain and flour since the beginning of the year. Our trade with Great Britain and the Hawaiian Islands has also augmented, the former comprising Wheat, Copper Ore, Quicksilver, &c., and the latter consisting of general merchandize. With New York and Boston there has been a falling off, attributable to lighter shipments of Wool and Hides, these products being largely consumed here by local manufacturers.

The amount of shipments to New York and Boston, as indicated in the above table, represents their value both by sailing vessels and steamers, via Panama and New York. We now separate the two methods of transportation for the first six months of the past two years:

| | 1865. | 1866. |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| To New York, per sailing vessels | \$971,986 46 | \$1,159,722 00 |
| New York, per steamers, via Panama | 729,479 22 | 751,988 34 |
| Boston, per sailing vessels | 829,835 63 | 399,793 00 |
| Total | \$2,531,301 31 | \$2,311,503 34 |

The shipments to New York by the P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamers show a slight increase, and in the aggregate amount to about one-third of the entire exports for Atlantic ports.

Our treasure export during the first half of the past three years has been as follows:

| To | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| New York | \$5,607,940 | \$6,996,794 61 | \$14,930,663 67 |
| England | 19,835,269 | 9,769,532 00 | 3,305,527 11 |
| China | 2,911,783 | 378,926 00 | 3,745,821 52 |
| Panama | 186,205 | 235,000 00 | 331,549 86 |
| Other countries | 452,514 | 267,360 17 | 1,094,166 08 |
| Total | \$28,993,711 | \$21,050,613 23 | \$23,497,728 24 |

The increase in the exports of treasure this year, as compared with that of last, is \$2,357,115. The Sub-Treasurer of this city has made a number of shipments to the east since the beginning of the year, amounting, in the aggregate, to \$4,500,000, which are not embraced in the above table. The destination of other treasure exports will be found in our usual table in another column.

The combined exports of treasure and merchandize during the past half year, and compared with the same period of 1864 and 1865, were as follows:

| | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Merchandize exports | \$6,337,690 38 | \$5,816,519 03 | \$8,031,823 04 |
| Treasure | 28,993,711 27 | 21,050,613 23 | 23,497,728 24 |
| Total | \$35,331,401 65 | \$26,867,132 26 | \$31,439,551 28 |

The receipts of treasure from different sources, during the past half year, have been as follows through public channels:

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| From California, Northern Mines | \$12,927,734 |
| California, Southern Mines | 2,298,384 |
| Nevada | 7,263,218 |
| Coastwise ports, Oregon, &c. | 2,079,069 |
| Imports foreign, British Columbia, &c. | 1,353,440 |
| Total | \$25,313,745 |

In comparison with the year 1864 there is a falling off in the total receipts of \$1,972,014, and as against last year the decrease amounts to \$3,976,998. These figures embrace coin as well as bullion. The re-

corded receipts of the latter, it will be seen, amounted during the period under review to \$21,137,733, including \$7,263,000 from the silver districts of Nevada. During the first half of last year the receipts of bullion from Nevada exceeded \$8,600,000, showing a decline of \$1,336,782 this year. From the Southern mines the decrease amounts to \$980,248, and from the Northern mines \$2,317,030, as compared with the first six months of 1865. There has been a steady falling off in the yield of the Southern mines for several years past. The lessened productiveness of the Northern mines during January and February of this year was owing to the interruption to both quartz and placer operations by the unusual severity of the weather. Since March last the yield of the northern portion of this State shows an important increase over a like period last year. In arriving at the probable product of the gold mines of California and the silver mines of Nevada, it would be proper to add say ten per cent. to the bullion receipts in this city through the express companies, for receipts in private hands. This would make an aggregate yield of \$21,293,622 for California and Nevada during the past six months. Adding say thirty per cent. to the arrivals from coastwise ports, north and south, including Oregon and British Columbia, gives the sum of \$4,056,895, making the entire product of the gold and silver mines of this coast \$25,350,517 during the first half of this year. This is probably within bounds.

The following are our exports of quicksilver for the first six months of this year, as compared with the same period of 1865:

| To | 1865. | 1866. | To | 1865. | 1866. |
|---------------|---------|---------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Flasks. | Flasks. | | Flasks. | Flasks. |
| New York | 3,020 | 3,050 | Australia | 200 | 575 |
| Great Britain | 4,200 | 3,000 | British Columbia | 17 | 2 |
| China | 7,000 | 5,752 | Other countries | ... | 41 |
| Mexico | 1,426 | 4,007 | | | |
| South America | 5,500 | 1,000 | Total | 21,363 | 17,427 |

SUBMARINE CABLES OF THE WORLD.—The following is a complete list of submarine cables now in successful working order, the insulated wires for which were manufactured by the Gutta-Percha Company of London.

It will be seen that they are fifty-four in number, and they are in constant use.

We give the date of the laying of the cables, the length of each of the insulated wires, in British statute miles, and the names of the points between which they are laid.

| Date. | Route from | Insul. Cab. wire. | Date. | Route from | Insul. Cab. wire. |
|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1851 | Dover to Calais | 27 108 | 1859 | Malta to Sicily | 60 60 |
| 1853 | Denmark across the Belt | 18 54 | 1859 | England to Isle of Man | 36 36 |
| 1853 | Dover to Ostend | 8 48 | 1859 | Suez to Jubal Island | 220 220 |
| 1853 | Frith of Forth | 6 24 | 1858 | Jersey to Poroir, France | 21 21 |
| 1853 | Portpatrick to Donaghadee | 25 170 | 1859 | Tasmania to Bass Straits | 240 240 |
| 1853 | Across River Tay | 2 8 | 1860 | Denmark to Great Belt | 28 126 |
| 1854 | Portpatrick to Whitehead | 27 162 | 1860 | Dacca to Peru | 116 116 |
| 1854 | Sweden to Denmark | 12 36 | 1860 | Barcelona to Mahon | 180 180 |
| 1854 | Italy to Corsica | 110 66 | 1860 | Minorca to Majorca | 35 70 |
| 1854 | Corsica to Sardinia | 10 60 | 1860 | Iviza to Majorca | 74 143 |
| 1855 | Egypt | 10 40 | 1860 | St. Antonio to Iviza | 76 152 |
| 1855 | Italy to Sicily | 5 15 | 1861 | N'way across Fiords | 16 16 |
| 1856 | Straits of Canso to Cape Breton, N.S. | 1 4 | 1861 | Toulon to Corsica | 195 195 |
| 1857 | N'way across Fiords | 49 49 | 1861 | Holyhead to Howth, Ireland | 64 64 |
| 1857 | Across mouths Danube | 3 3 | 1861 | Malta to Alexandria | 1,535 1,535 |
| 1857 | Ceylon to mainland of India | 30 30 | 1861 | N. Haven to Dieppe | 80 320 |
| 1858 | Italy to Sicily | 8 8 | 1862 | Pembroke to Wexford | 63 252 |
| 1858 | England to Holland | 140 560 | 1862 | Firth of Forth | 6 24 |
| 1858 | England to Hanover | 20 56 | 1862 | England to Holland | 130 520 |
| 1858 | N'way across Fiords | 16 16 | 1862 | Across River Tay | 2 8 |
| 1858 | South Australia to King's Island | 140 140 | 1863 | Sardinia to Sicily | 243 243 |
| 1858 | Ceylon to India | 30 30 | 1864 | Persian Gulf | 1,450 1,450 |
| 1859 | Alexandria | 2 8 | 1864 | Otranto to Avlona | 60 60 |
| 1859 | England to Denmark | 368 1,104 | 1865 | La Calle to Baserte | 97 97 |
| 1859 | Sweden to Gothland | 64 64 | 1865 | Sweden to Prussia | 55 166 |
| 1859 | Folk-tone to Boulogne | 24 144 | 1865 | Biserte to Marsala | 164 164 |
| 1859 | Across rivers in India | 10 10 | 1865 | Corsica to Tuscany | 66 66 |
| | | | Total | | 6,811 11,080 54 |

A great many cables of short lengths, not included in this list, are now at work in various parts of the world; and other cables, the wires insulated by the Gutta-Percha Company, have been laid by Messrs. Felton & Guelme, of Cologne, during the last eight years, amount to over 1,000 miles, and which are now in working order.

THE NEW TARIFF.—Collector Smythe has received a despatch from the Secretary of the Treasury to the effect that the new tariff law will go into operation on the 10th day of August next. It was generally understood by importers that duties under the new law would be levied on the 1st of August. Goods in bond will be chargeable with the old tariff rates.

A NEW MATERIAL FOR PAPER.—The Secretary of the Interior has received from a gentleman in New Jersey samples of paper manufactured from sedge grass, a grass which grows in great abundance upon all tide water flats. The paper is very white and clear, and will undoubtedly prove a good substitute for ordinary writing paper made of cotton or linen rags. It is estimated that it can be manufactured for 20 per cent. less than any variety now in use, and this circumstance alone renders the discovery of great importance to the interests of the country.

THE REVENUE LAWS.—The new Internal Revenue law is in process of compilation. A dispatch from Washington says: "The Act of Congress authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to remit certain fines on the payment of the appraised value of certain articles seized by Collectors of Customs, valued at less than 1,000, for violation or evasion of the Revenue laws, has had the effect to precipitate a vast amount of labor on the Department. It is estimated that cases involving over \$15,000 are received daily, and properly adjudicated."

The Bankers' Gazette.

We give in our BULLETIN from day to day lists of bonds, &c., lost, and dividends declared. These tables will be continued daily, and on Saturday morning, such as have been published through the week in the BULLETIN will be collected and published in the CHRONICLE. Below will found those published the last week in the BULLETIN.

DIVIDENDS.

| NAME OF COMPANY. | RATE P. O. T. | PAYABLE. | | BOOKS CLOSED. |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | | WHEN. | WHERE. | |
| Insurance Co's. | | | | |
| Republic Insurance Co..... | 3 1/2 | Demand | 183 Broadway. | — |
| Rutgers Insurance Co..... | 5 | Aug. 1. | 180 Chatham Sq. | — |
| Lafayette Insurance Co..... | 5 | July 16. | 347 Fulton St. | — |
| Gebhart Insurance Co..... | 5 | Aug. 1. | 114 Broadway. | — |
| Washington Insurance Co.. | 5 | Aug. 1. | 172 Broadway. | — |
| Clinton Fire..... | 5 | Aug. 9. | Company's Office | — |
| Banks. | | | | |
| Long Island Bank..... | 5 | Aug. 1. | At Bank. | — |
| Manhattan Company..... | 5 | Aug. 10. | At Bank. | — |
| Leather Manufacturers..... | 6 | Aug. 1. | At Bank. | — |
| National Bank of Republic. | 5 | Aug. 6. | At Bank. | — |
| extra..... | 5 | Aug. 6. | At Bank. | — |
| St. Nicholas National..... | 5 | Aug. 5. | At Bank. | July 26 to Aug. 6. |
| Railroads & Canals. | | | | |
| N. Y. Central Railroad..... | 3 | Aug. 0 | Duncan Sherman & Co. | July 31 to Aug. 23. |
| Delaware & Raritan Canal } | 5 | July 31. | 7 Battery Place. | — |
| Camden & Amboy R.R. } | | | | |

BUSINESS AT THE STOCK BOARDS.

The following shows the description and number of shares sold at the Regular and Open Boards conjointly on each day and for the week ending on Friday.

| | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thurs. | Fri'y. | Week. |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Bank Shares | 63 | 60 | 15 | 2.0 | 80 | 131 | 579 |
| Railroad shares, viz.: | | | | | | | |
| Catawissa..... | | | 100 | 100 | | 200 | 400 |
| Central of New Jersey.... | | 100 | 20 | 100 | | 54 | 274 |
| Chicago & Alton..... | 100 | 300 | 501 | 600 | 100 | 300 | 1,901 |
| Chicago, Bur. & Quincy.... | | | 200 | | | | 200 |
| Chicago & Northwestern.. | 7,500 | 12,700 | 7,675 | 16,500 | 13,150 | 9,314 | 66,839 |
| Chicago & Rock Island.... | 4,400 | 9,440 | 4,400 | 5,040 | 4,350 | 4,550 | 32,180 |
| Cleveland, Col. & Cinc.... | 125 | 157 | 100 | 25 | | 60 | 467 |
| Cleveland & Pittsburg.... | 15,000 | 11,500 | 15,500 | 7,900 | 12,000 | 4,350 | 66,250 |
| Cleveland & Toledo..... | 2,800 | 5,950 | 8,500 | 3,300 | 3,500 | 2,700 | 26,750 |
| Erie Railway..... | 1,500 | 12,161 | 7,250 | 9,810 | 16,950 | 6,260 | 47,931 |
| Hannibal & St. Joseph.... | | | | 88 | | | 88 |
| Hudson River..... | 100 | 300 | 300 | 1,350 | 200 | 300 | 2,550 |
| Illino s Central..... | 1,320 | 2,109 | 800 | 1,600 | 928 | 400 | 7,157 |
| McGregor Western..... | | | | | | 200 | 200 |
| Marietta & Cincinnati... | 800 | 1,400 | 1,400 | 1,000 | 1,300 | 800 | 6,700 |
| Michigan Central..... | 310 | 2,000 | 826 | 200 | 600 | 400 | 4,336 |
| Michigan Southern..... | 4,900 | 8,100 | 2,800 | 2,300 | 6,500 | 2,100 | 26,700 |
| Milwaukee & P. du Chien. | 50 | | | | | | 50 |
| Milwaukee & St. Paul.... | 624 | 1,300 | 800 | 700 | 700 | 650 | 4,774 |
| New Jersey..... | | | 225 | | | | 225 |
| New York Central..... | 200 | 2,500 | 3,555 | 6,210 | 3,428 | 1,959 | 17,932 |
| New York & New Haven.. | | | | 204 | 14 | | 218 |
| Ohio & Mississippi (\$100) | 550 | 500 | 800 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 9,230 | 13,580 |
| Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic. | 2,900 | 5,500 | 3,235 | 1,700 | 1,436 | 1,900 | 16,971 |
| Reading..... | 620 | 3,100 | 2,100 | 6,800 | 4,500 | 4,800 | 21,920 |
| St. Louis, Alton, & T. H. | | 100 | 200 | 300 | | | 600 |
| Stonington..... | | | | | | 50 | 50 |
| Toledo & Wabash..... | | 100 | 350 | 200 | 200 | | 850 |
| Miscellaneous shares, viz.: | | | | | | | |
| American Coal..... | 100 | | | 200 | | | 300 |
| Ashburton Coal..... | 100 | 100 | 100 | | | | 300 |
| Atlantic Mail..... | 25 | | | | 50 | | 75 |
| Boston Water Power..... | 2,200 | 700 | 600 | 2,400 | 1,000 | 2,700 | 9,600 |
| Canton..... | 100 | | 600 | 400 | 500 | 400 | 2,000 |
| Central Cal..... | 200 | 100 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 1,000 |
| Cumberland Coal..... | 1,100 | 500 | 1,100 | 2,700 | 800 | 300 | 6,500 |
| Del. & Hudson Canal.... | | | | | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| Mariposa..... | 1,600 | 3,900 | 1,850 | 4,400 | 4,350 | 3,400 | 19,500 |
| Pacific Mail..... | | 130 | 250 | 460 | 175 | 695 | 1,710 |
| Quicksilver..... | 1,300 | 900 | 1,600 | 1,000 | 700 | 460 | 5,360 |
| Smith & Parmalee Gold.. | | | 400 | | | | 400 |
| Western Union Telegraph | 573 | 4,560 | 3,630 | 4,419 | 1,760 | 3,240 | 18,212 |
| Wilkesbarre..... | | | 175 | 100 | 100 | | 375 |
| Wyoming Valley Coal.... | | | | 100 | | | 100 |

The volume of transactions in shares at the two Boards, comparatively, for each day of the two last weeks, and the total for the same weeks, is shown by the following statement:

| | Reg. Board. | | Open Board. | | Both Boards. | |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Last week. | Prev's week. | Last week. | Prev's week. | Last week. | Prev's week. |
| Saturday..... | 27,804 | 14,531 | 23,456 | 15,600 | 51,260 | 30,131 |
| Monday..... | 51,067 | 13,770 | 39,500 | 20,600 | 90,567 | 34,370 |
| Tuesday..... | 34,857 | 13,363 | 36,800 | 40,052 | 71,657 | 53,415 |
| Wednesday..... | 40,616 | 21,744 | 42,900 | 37,218 | 83,516 | 58,962 |
| Thursday..... | 41,621 | 22,932 | 23,500 | 30,532 | 70,121 | 53,464 |
| Friday..... | 29,113 | 34,925 | 33,000 | 41,550 | 62,113 | 76,475 |
| Total of week..... | 225,027 | 121,265 | 204,156 | 185,552 | 429,234 | 306,817 |

The transactions in shares weekly since the commencement of the year are shown in the following statement:

| Week ending | Regular Board. | Open Board. | Both Boards. | Week ending | Regular Board. | Open Board. | Both Boards. |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Friday..... | 181,350 | 243,900 | 425,250 | April 27..... | 242,733 | 226,230 | 468,963 |
| January 5..... | 339,109 | 328,400 | 667,509 | May 4..... | 135,949 | 182,500 | 318,449 |
| January 12..... | 243,815 | 272,300 | 516,115 | May 11..... | 139,127 | 190,450 | 329,577 |
| January 19..... | 247,743 | 301,400 | 549,143 | May 18..... | 205,609 | 360,940 | 566,549 |
| January 26..... | 201,107 | 239,700 | 440,807 | May 25..... | 228,080 | 454,381 | 682,461 |
| February 2..... | 209,140 | 227,800 | 436,940 | June 1 (5 days) | 228,873 | 380,306 | 609,179 |
| February 9..... | 234,285 | 228,700 | 462,985 | June 8..... | 204,080 | 278,850 | 482,930 |
| February 16..... | 187,913 | 183,200 | 371,113 | June 15..... | 126,591 | 268,910 | 395,501 |
| February 23..... | 217,961 | 221,500 | 439,461 | June 22..... | 150,864 | 238,680 | 389,544 |
| March 2..... | 206,849 | 211,300 | 418,149 | June 29..... | 119,437 | 165,500 | 284,937 |
| March 9..... | 206,312 | 213,450 | 419,762 | July 6 (4 days) | 113,413 | 110,300 | 223,713 |
| March 16..... | 261,106 | 335,910 | 597,016 | July 13..... | 202,529 | 227,640 | 430,169 |
| March 23..... | 122,563 | 208,200 | 330,763 | July 20..... | 167,471 | 260,300 | 427,771 |
| March 30..... | 170,934 | 247,400 | 418,334 | July 27..... | 121,265 | 185,552 | 306,817 |
| April 6..... | 250,118 | 214,650 | 464,768 | August 3..... | 225,075 | 204,156 | 429,234 |
| April 13..... | 176,956 | 208,650 | 385,606 | | | | |

The Government and State, &c., bonds sold at the Regular Board, daily, last week, are given in the following statement:

| | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. | Week |
|---------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
| U. S. 6's, 1881..... | \$..... | \$12,000 | \$..... | \$5,000 | \$17,000 | \$5,000 | \$39,000 |
| U. S. 6's (5-20's)..... | 88,000 | 221,500 | 345,500 | 378,000 | 177,900 | 247,500 | 1,458,400 |
| U. S. 6's (old)..... | 33,000 | 4,000 | 25,000 | 100,000 | 8,000 | ..... | 170,000 |
| U. S. 5's (10-40s)..... | 20,500 | 51,500 | 180,000 | 72,000 | 22,500 | 56,000 | 403,000 |
| U. S. 5's (old)..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 5,000 | ..... | 10,000 | 15,000 |
| U. S. 7-30 notes..... | 51,500 | 177,250 | 160,900 | 213,000 | 36,500 | 22,500 | 661,650 |
| State bonds, viz.: | | | | | | | |
| California 7's..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Georgia 6's..... | ..... | 7,000 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 7,000 |
| Missouri 6's..... | 9,000 | 1,000 | ..... | ..... | 1,000 | ..... | 11,000 |
| N. Y. State 5's..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 25,900 | 25,900 |
| N. Y. State 6's..... | ..... | 5,000 | ..... | ..... | 6,000 | ..... | 11,000 |
| N. Y. State 7's..... | ..... | 10,000 | ..... | ..... | 7,000 | 25,000 | 42,000 |
| N. Carolina 6's..... | 3,000 | 6,000 | 7,000 | 40,000 | 1,500 | 23,000 | 80,000 |
| Tennessee 6's..... | 20,000 | 41,000 | 16,000 | 40,000 | 57,000 | 9,000 | 183,000 |
| Virginia 6's..... | ..... | ..... | 2,000 | ..... | 1,000 | 4,000 | 7,000 |
| City bonds: | | | | | | | |
| Brooklyn 6's..... | ..... | 2,000 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 2,000 |
| N. Y. City 5's..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 15,200 | ..... | 15,200 |
| N. Y. City 6's..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 2,000 | ..... | 2,000 |

The following is a summary of the amount of Governments, State and City securities, and railroad bonds sold on each day:

| | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. | Week. |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| U. S. Bonds..... | \$141,500 | \$289,000 | 550,500 | 560,500 | \$225,400 | \$318,500 | \$2,085,400 |
| U. S. Notes..... | 51,500 | 70,000 | 160,900 | 213,000 | 36,500 | 22,500 | 661,650 |
| State & City bonds..... | 32,000 | 18,000 | 25,000 | 80,000 | 90,500 | 85,900 | 333,400 |
| Railroad Bonds..... | 12,000 | ..... | 11,000 | 45,000 | 35,000 | 43,000 | 164,000 |

Total amount..... \$237,000 554,250 747,400 898,500 387,400 469,900 3,294,450

The totals of each class of securities sold in the first six months of the year are shown in the statement which follows:

| | Governments | | State, &c. Bonds. | Railroad Bonds. | Total amount. |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Bonds. | Notes. | | | |
| January..... | \$4,827,200 | \$3,340,100 | \$952,900 | \$3,085,500 | \$12,155,700 |
| February..... | 3,846,500 | 2,591,900 | 1,691,500 | 1,692,100 | 9,822,000 |
| March..... | 3,931,300 | 3,006,700 | 2,903,600 | 781,240 | 10,622,840 |
| April..... | 5,798,300 | 3,739,650 | 1,679,500 | 838,700 | 12,056,150 |
| May..... | 8,002,700 | 2,258,250 | 1,236,600 | 781,900 | 12,279,450 |
| June..... | 7,463,800 | 2,485,250 | 1,614,000 | 515,700 | 12,078,750 |
| July..... | 10,476,250 | 2,198,750 | 1,633,000 | 455,500 | 14,763,500 |

and for the weeks ending on Friday—

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| July 6 (4 days)..... | \$1,264,000 | \$238,300 | \$129,000 | \$54,000 | \$1,785,300 |
| " 13..... | 5,044,400 | 372,850 | 274,500 | 117,500 | 5,809,250 |
| " 20..... | 1,093,650 | 365,600 | 572,000 | 150,000 | 2,181,250 |
| " 27..... | 1,993,200 | 832,350 | 430,500 | 93,000 | 3,349,050 |
| Aug. 3..... | 2,085,400 | 661,650 | 383,400 | 164,000 | 2,894,450 |

FRIDAY, August 3, 1866—P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—Monetary affairs continue to exhibit the extreme ease noted for the last few weeks. The banks have a very heavy surplus of funds, which they can employ to only a limited extent in discounts, the supply of merchants' bills being unusually light. At the same time, the West is indebted to this section, and is steadily remitting currency to meet its maturing obligations. The banks are embarrassed with a plethora of bank notes, especially those who pay out little over the counter. Some of them are offering to lend round amounts of currency for six to ten days free of interest, payable in check or legal tenders. Stock speculation finds employment for a considerable amount of money, but the plethora is, notwithstanding, so great as to keep down the rate on call loans at 4@5 per cent.; indeed loans of heavy amounts have been made at 3 per cent. on Government collaterals.

Owing to the prevailing quiet of business, the supply of bills offering for discount is merely nominal, and prime names pass quickly at 5@6 1/2 per cent.

The following are the current rates for loans of various classes:

| | Per cent. | Per cent. |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Call loans..... | 4 @ 5 | Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months..... |
| Loans on bonds & mort..... | 6 @ 7 | do single names..... |
| Prime endorsed bills, 2 months..... | 5 1/2 @ — | Lower grades..... |
| | | 6 @ 7 |
| | | 7 @ 8 |
| | | 10 @ 15 |

1 3/4; do of '64, 3/4; do of '65, 3/4; Seven-thirties, first series, 3/4; do second series, 3/4; do third series, 1/2; Sixes of 1881, 3/4.

The subjoined closing quotations for leading Government securities will show the difference in prices as compared with previous weeks:

| | June 22. | June 29. | July 6. | July 13. | July 20. | Aug. 3. |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|
| U. S. 6's, 1881 coup. | 110 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 109 1/2 | 109 1/2 | 109 1/2 | 109 1/2 |
| U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons. | 104 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 106 1/2 | 106 1/2 | 107 1/2 | 108 1/2 |
| U. S. 5-20's, 1864 | 103 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 106 1/2 |
| U. S. 5-20's, 1865 | 103 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 105 1/2 | 106 1/2 |
| U. S. 10-40's | 97 1/2 | 98 | 99 | 98 1/2 | 98 1/2 | 99 1/2 |
| U. S. 7-30's 1st series. | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 104 | 104 1/2 |
| U. S. 7-30's 2d Series. | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 104 | 104 1/2 |
| U. S. 7-30's 3rd series. | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 103 1/2 | 104 | 104 1/2 |

The July statement of the public debt, to appear in a day or two, will show a further reduction, during the last two months, of about \$27,000,000, \$17,000,000 of which was liquidated in the month of June. \$23,000,000 of the remaining \$26,000,000 of the Certificates of Indebtedness have been redeemed during the last month, leaving only \$3,000,000 still outstanding. The statement will also show that Seven-thirties are being rapidly converted into Five-twenties.

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The speculative activity in stocks has been maintained during the week. Prices have advanced steadily until yesterday; when a movement for realizing set in, and prices have since slightly fallen off. The speculation includes a large support from the outside public, who appear to have considerable confidence in this class of securities. The best evidence of the strength of the market is in the fact that, high as prices appear to be, there are no operators disposed to sell short upon present quotations.

The advance during the week will appear from the subjoined comparative quotations:

| | June 22. | June 29. | July 6. | July 13. | July 20. | July 27. | Aug. 3. |
|-------------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| Cumberland Coal | 45 | 45 1/2 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 1/2 |
| Quicksilver | 50 1/2 | 47 1/2 | 47 1/2 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 50 1/2 |
| Canton Co. | 59 | 54 1/2 | 55 1/2 | — | 52 1/2 | 53 | 52 1/2 |
| Mariposa pref. | 23 | 22 1/2 | 23 1/2 | 23 | 22 1/2 | 26 1/2 | 27 1/2 |
| New York Central | 98 1/2 | 98 1/2 | 99 1/2 | 99 | 104 1/2 | 104 1/2 | 104 1/2 |
| Erie | 59 1/2 | 61 1/2 | 68 1/2 | 74 1/2 | 65 1/2 | 64 1/2 | 68 1/2 |
| Hudson River | 111 1/2 | — | — | 114 1/2 | 116 | 120 | 121 |
| Reading | 108 1/2 | 109 1/2 | xd. 107 1/2 | 106 1/2 | 110 1/2 | 111 1/2 | 112 |
| Mich. Southern | 79 | 78 1/2 | 80 | 81 1/2 | 82 1/2 | 83 1/2 | 84 1/2 |
| Michigan Central | 108 | — | xd. 105 1/2 | — | 110 | 110 1/2 | 110 1/2 |
| Clev. and Pittsb. | 84 1/2 | 82 1/2 | 83 1/2 | 84 1/2 | 84 1/2 | 87 1/2 | 87 1/2 |
| Clev. and Toledo. | 106 1/2 | 106 1/2 | 108 1/2 | 109 1/2 | 110 1/2 | 112 1/2 | 116 1/2 |
| Northwestern | 29 1/2 | 30 | 31 1/2 | 34 1/2 | 35 1/2 | 35 1/2 | 37 1/2 |
| “ preferred | 58 1/2 | 59 1/2 | 61 1/2 | 63 1/2 | 64 1/2 | 64 1/2 | 67 1/2 |
| Rock Island | 95 | 94 | 96 | 96 1/2 | 97 1/2 | 99 1/2 | 103 1/2 |
| Fort Wayne | 98 1/2 | 98 1/2 | 97 1/2 | 98 1/2 | 99 1/2 | 101 1/2 | 103 1/2 |
| Illinois Central | 120 1/2 | 121 | 121 1/2 | 122 1/2 | 124 1/2 | xd. 120 | 123 1/2 |

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has been steady during the week. There has been but little speculative activity, but the purchases for customs' duties have been very large. The market is generally understood to be considerably oversold; and upon this ground a very large amount of gold is held off the market. An application has been made to the Secretary of the Treasury to adopt at once a system of weekly sales of gold, as a means of relieving the market and preventing the violent fluctuations of premium arising from speculation.

The price has fluctuated during the week between 150 1/2 and 147, and closes to-day at 148.

The export of specie from this port last week amounted to \$1,515,447. On Wednesday the steamship Malta took out \$103,068. The Aspinwall steamer, arrived on the 31st of July, brought \$1,655,481 in treasure.

The following have been the highest and lowest quotations for gold on each of the last six days:

| | Highest. | Lowest. | | Highest. | Lowest. |
|---------|----------|---------|-------|----------|---------|
| July 28 | 150 1/2 | 150 | Aug 1 | 149 1/2 | 148 1/2 |
| July 30 | 148 | 147 | Aug 2 | 148 1/2 | 148 |
| July 31 | 149 1/2 | 148 1/2 | Aug 3 | 148 | 147 1/2 |

The transactions for last week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury were as follows:

| | Custom House. | | Sub-Treasury | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Receipts. | Payments. | Receipts. | Payments. |
| July 23 | \$391,012 00 | \$13,674,357 43 | \$4,539,421 90 | \$1,777,796 23 |
| “ 24 | 617,797 22 | 585,162 12 | 1,777,796 23 | 2,582,850 38 |
| “ 25 | 555,945 62 | 1,814,311 95 | 2,582,850 38 | 1,349,902 52 |
| “ 26 | 452,333 29 | 873,751 87 | 1,349,902 52 | 1,974,376 69 |
| “ 27 | 473,491 65 | 834,766 44 | 1,974,376 69 | 1,789,002 79 |
| “ 28 | 436,304 22 | 1,894,756 80 | 1,789,002 79 | |
| Total | \$2,926,884 00 | \$19,682,106 50 | \$14,013,440 51 | \$1,572,928 82 |
| Balance in Sub Treasury morning of July 23 | | | | \$105,586,369 33 |
| Deduct payments during the week | | | | 19,682,106 50 |
| Balance on Saturday evening | | | | \$85,904,262 83 |
| Decrease during the week | | | | 5,668,666 09 |

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$2,120,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$383,000 in gold, and \$2,543,884 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since April 7:

| Weeks Ending | Custom House. | Payments. | Sub-Treasury Receipts. | Balances. | Changes in Balances. |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Apr. 7 | \$2,863,009 | \$13,324,981 | \$11,790,124 | \$33,621,790 | dec \$1,534,856 |
| “ 14 | 2,857,703 | 5,359,749 | 12,063,189 | 90,325,685 | inc 6,704,395 |
| “ 21 | 2,535,567 | 14,638,239 | 21,953,904 | 97,591,349 | inc 7,265,664 |
| “ 28 | 2,346,307 | 13,937,517 | 14,119,991 | 97,773,833 | inc 182,478 |
| May 5 | 2,711,131 | 35,688,713 | 31,241,874 | 93,326,985 | dec 4,446,833 |
| May 12 | 2,417,391 | 15,034,333 | 20,036,038 | 98,318,690 | inc 4,991,704 |
| “ 19 | 2,542,814 | 23,547,689 | 23,230,222 | 103,051,222 | inc 4,732,532 |
| “ 26 | 2,358,454 | 48,958,044 | 56,955,238 | 111,021,417 | inc 7,970,194 |
| June 2 | 2,182,395 | 45,911,432 | 20,092,337 | 85,202,321 | dec 25,819,095 |
| “ 9 | 2,141,086 | 11,006,409 | 15,417,530 | 89,613,442 | inc 4,411,120 |
| “ 16 | 2,371,621 | 9,005,847 | 13,654,093 | 94,261,683 | inc 4,648,246 |
| “ 23 | 2,209,676 | 12,022,302 | 18,400,464 | 97,639,849 | inc 3,378,161 |
| “ 30 | 2,902,264 | 34,958,792 | 18,164,683 | 80,845,741 | dec 16,794,108 |
| July 7 | 2,471,626 | 18,039,083 | 25,259,144 | 88,065,802 | inc 7,220,061 |
| “ 14 | 2,486,296 | 10,184,139 | 16,366,534 | 94,248,193 | inc 6,183,395 |
| “ 21 | 2,480,149 | 16,472,438 | 13,797,169 | 91,572,928 | dec 2,675,269 |
| “ 28 | 2,926,884 | 19,682,106 | 14,013,440 | 85,904,262 | dec 5,668,666 |

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—The rates for foreign bills have steadily declined during the week, partly as the result of an increased supply from the export of Five-twenties, and partly from an indisposition among importers to remit with gold at its present high price.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

| | July 13. | July 20. | July 27. | Aug. 3. |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| London Comm'l. | 107 @ 108 1/2 | 107 @ 108 | 107 @ 108 | 106 @ 106 1/2 |
| do bkrs' long | 109 @ 109 1/2 | 108 1/2 @ 108 1/2 | 108 1/2 @ 108 1/2 | 107 1/2 @ 107 1/2 |
| do do short | 110 @ 110 1/2 | 110 @ 110 1/2 | 110 @ 110 1/2 | 108 1/2 @ 108 1/2 |
| Paris, long | 5.12 1/2 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.13 1/2 @ 5.11 1/2 | 5.15 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.22 1/2 @ 5.20 |
| do short | 5.07 1/2 @ 5.06 1/2 | 5.10 @ 5.08 1/2 | 5.11 1/2 @ 5.10 | 5.18 1/2 @ 5.18 1/2 |
| Antwerp | 5.13 1/2 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.15 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.16 1/2 @ 5.13 1/2 | 5.25 @ 5.22 1/2 |
| Swiss | 5.13 1/2 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.15 @ 5.12 1/2 | 5.16 1/2 @ 5.13 1/2 | 5.25 @ 5.22 1/2 |
| Hamburg | 37 1/2 @ — | 37 1/2 @ — | 37 1/2 @ 37 1/2 | 37 @ — |
| Amsterdam | 42 @ — | 42 @ — | 41 1/2 @ — | 40 1/2 @ 41 |
| Frankfort | 43 @ — | 43 @ — | nominal. | 42 @ — |
| Bremen | 79 @ 79 1/2 | 79 1/2 @ — | 79 @ 79 1/2 | 79 @ — |
| Berlin | 74 @ — | 74 1/2 @ 75 | 73 @ 73 1/2 | 73 @ — |

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of the City of New York for the week ending with the commencement of business on July 23, 1866:

| BANKS. | Average amount of— | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Loans and discounts. | Specie. | Circulation. | Net deposits. | Legal Tenders. |
| New York | \$7,437,627 | \$1,881,145 | \$862,692 | \$7,490,822 | \$4,118,022 |
| Manhattan | 6,214,216 | 443,624 | 13,126 | 5,692,280 | 2,083,016 |
| Merchants' | 7,745,257 | 607,127 | 611,305 | 5,832,014 | 3,939,750 |
| Mechanics' | 5,698,418 | 148,940 | 493,361 | 4,826,492 | 2,186,057 |
| Union | 4,513,584 | 100,871 | 410,116 | 3,247,651 | 1,591,240 |
| America | 8,546,730 | 1,271,161 | 2,795 | 9,800,312 | 4,551,024 |
| Phenix | 4,571,424 | 154,233 | 193,167 | 3,678,052 | 943,264 |
| City | 3,275,242 | 361,213 | — | 3,249,802 | 1,854,559 |
| Tradesmen's | 3,009,876 | 17,674 | 571,358 | 2,455,983 | 917,778 |
| Fulton | 2,672,544 | 143,560 | 20,504 | 2,581,483 | 2,338,359 |
| Chemical | 5,694,902 | 426,918 | 18,685 | 5,568,561 | 2,885,059 |
| Merch'ts Exchange | 3,282,413 | 31,371 | 453,563 | 2,605,261 | 741,445 |
| National | 2,680,876 | 233,320 | 490,194 | 1,180,313 | 554,261 |
| Butch. & Drovers | 2,300,270 | 27,709 | 236,353 | 1,741,412 | 486,779 |
| Mech's & Traders | 1,780,282 | 44,032 | 105,000 | 1,718,412 | 541,112 |
| Greenwich | 1,092,391 | 12,277 | 6,009 | 877,928 | 329,926 |
| Leather Manufacturer | 3,360,330 | 224,795 | 161,071 | 2,798,248 | 1,472,167 |
| Seventh Ward | 1,215,175 | 48,195 | 168,880 | 764,156 | 565,745 |
| State of N. York | 5,492,589 | 427,558 | 10,992 | 5,141,560 | 3,035,204 |
| American Ex'c'ge. | 11,750,327 | 532,896 | 940,376 | 7,715,420 | 3,126,309 |
| Commerce | 24,688,455 | 671,099 | 4,050,380 | 9,785,137 | 4,926,688 |
| Broadway | 5,253,519 | 82,839 | 900,000 | 4,997,529 | 2,207,691 |
| Ocean | 3,556,670 | 35,707 | 796,835 | 2,737,676 | 967,422 |
| Mercantile | 3,201,141 | 59,178 | 481,693 | 3,192,927 | 1,237,899 |
| Pacific | 1,816,042 | 15,747 | 129,313 | 1,634,826 | 704,523 |
| Republic | 5,200,926 | 287,254 | 556,950 | 4,584,762 | 1,524,254 |
| Chatham | 1,942,542 | 20,935 | 131,259 | 1,862,762 | 534,848 |
| People's | 1,303,083 | 24,938 | 7,207 | 1,348,298 | 380,873 |
| North America | 2,380,766 | 119,123 | 324,007 | 2,528,029 | 1,151,641 |
| Hanover | 2,465,532 | 46,995 | 293,561 | 1,667,349 | 463,687 |
| Irving | 1,492,000 | 14,000 | 191,900 | 1,364,000 | 529,000 |
| Metropolitan | 10,058,220 | 15,566 | 879,902 | 6,714,091 | 2,204,000 |
| Citizens' | 1,592,313 | 18,905 | 133,240 | 1,405,262 | 506,085 |
| Nassau | 2,439,505 | 117,949 | 4,529 | 2,011,894 | 815,732 |
| Market | 2,674,170 | 67,560 | 504,800 | 2,326,977 | 967,507 |
| St. Nicholas | 2,810,633 | 37,357 | 708,808 | 1,394,593 | 803,749 |
| Shoe and Leather | 5,695,160 | 31,835 | 893,400 | 3,711,000 | 1,480,500 |
| Corn Exchange | 3,966,200 | 16,940 | 16,967 | 2,815,693 | 439,000 |
| Continental | 3,752,777 | 187,632 | 501,675 | 2,359,371 | 890,000 |
| Commonwealth | 2,628,080 | 37,272 | 213,927 | 2,908,234 | 710,973 |
| Oriental | 1,228,282 | 10,137 | 55,139 | 1,049,956 | 227,884 |
| Marine | 1,766,155 | 59,434 | 221,850 | 1,763,512 | 810,000 |
| Atlantic | 1,145,803 | 12,194 | 92,500 | 928,117 | 418,189 |
| Imp. & Traders | 4,697,802 | 96,189 | 507,191 | 4,047,254 | 1,375,555 |
| Park | 15,418,676 | 143,506 | 1,000,000 | 17,989,091 | 5,379,629 |
| Mech. Bank'g As'n | 1,150,425 | 9,707 | 307,848 | 1,488,669 | 624,589 |
| Grocers' | 1,253,883 | 6,146 | 78,250 | 1,193,722 | 333,248 |
| North River | 1,558,723 | 27,800 | | | |

Loans Inc. \$647,053 Deposits Inc. \$1,533,847
Specie Dec. 1,158,607 Legal Tenders Inc. 4,180,822
Circulation Dec. 334,039

The several items compare as follows with the returns of previous weeks :

Table with columns: Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, Aggregate Clearings. Rows for dates from Apr 7 to July 28.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following comparative statement shows the average condition of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for the last and previous weeks :

Table comparing Philadelphia Banks for July 21 and July 28. Columns: Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, Circulation.

The following comparison shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks at stated periods :

Table comparing Philadelphia Banks at various dates from Apr 28 to July 23. Columns: Date, Legal Tenders, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits.

BOSTON BANKS.—We give below the footings of the last weekly statement of the Boston banks, with those of the two previous weeks. The return this week is incomplete, one bank (the Traders') failing to make returns in season.

Table showing Boston Banks footings for July 30, July 23, and July 16. Columns: Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Due from other banks, Due to other banks, Deposits, Circulation (National), Circulation (State).

Below we give the comparative totals for each week for the last four months :

Table with columns: Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, National, State, Circulation. Rows for dates from April 2 to July 30.

* No returns from the Traders' Bank.

FOREIGN BANKING.—The following is the statement of the Bank of England for the week ending July 18, 1866 :

Table for Bank of England statement, divided into ISSUE DEPARTMENT and BANKING DEPARTMENT. Columns: Notes issued, Proprietors' capital, Rest, Public deposits, Other deposits, Seven day and other bills.

The preceding accounts, compared with those of the previous week, exhibit :

Table showing changes in Bank of England accounts. Columns: Increase, Decrease, Other Securities, Bullion, Rest, Reserve.

The following is the return of the Bank of France, made up to the 19th July. The return for the previous week is added :

Table for Bank of France, divided into DEBTOR and CREDITOR. Columns: July 19, 1866, July 12, 1866. Rows include Capital of the bank, Profits, Reserve, Dividends, Advances on bullion, etc.

BANK STOCK LIST. Table with columns: COMPANIES, CAPITAL, DIVIDEND, FRID. Rows list various banks and their stock details.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REPRESENTED BY THE CLOSING SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, AUGUST 3.)

Table with columns for 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES' and 'RAILROAD STOCKS'. It lists various financial instruments like American Gold Coin, National and State bonds, and railroad stocks from companies like Central of New Jersey, Chicago and Alton, and others. Prices are listed for Saturday through Friday.

NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

Table with columns: DENOMINATIONS, Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal Due, FRIDAY (Bid, Asked), DENOMINATIONS, Amount Outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), Principal Due, FRIDAY (Bid, Asked). Rows include National Securities (e.g., American Gold Coin, Bonds of 1847-1861), State Securities (e.g., Alabama, California, Connecticut), and Municipal Securities (e.g., Albany, Alleghany City, Baltimore, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit, Dubuque, Hartford, Jersey City, Louisville, Marysville, Milwaukee, Newark, New Bedford, New London, Newport, New Haven, New York City, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland, Providence, Rochester, Sacramento, St. Louis, San Francisco, Wilmington).

June, 1865: From 1st June, 1865, to 22d May, 1866, 52,798,763 lbs. From 1st June, 1864, to 22d May, 1865, 59,300,133 lbs. Decrease 1865-66, 6,501,376 lbs. FOOCHOW, May 22.—The first chop arrived from the country on the 10th inst. and the new teas have since continued to come forward from the districts of San Yuen and Yong How, situated to the west of Foochow. The teas usually first to arrive from districts on the main branch of river are reported to have been detained for taxation at the city of Kie-ningfoo, about 160 miles above this port, and have probably accumulated there to the extent of about 40,000 packages. The import is now reported to have been arranged, and large arrivals of teas are looked for in the course of a few days.

Total arrivals to date—Congou in chests and half-chests, 19,263 chests. Pak-ling Congous, in half-chests and boxes, 2,427 chests—21,690 chests. Oolongs, in half-chests and boxes, 6,039 half chests. Exports from 1st of June to date—United Kingdom, 1865-66, 46,247,100; 1864-65, 43,958,760 lbs. Outports, for orders, 1865-66, 2,664,800 lbs.; 1864-65, 1,752,170 lbs. America, 1865-66, 6,914,000 lbs.; 1864-65, 5,649,000 lbs. Australia, 1865-66, 9,887,939 lbs.; 1864-65, 8,978,000 lbs. Continent, 1865-66, none; 1864-65, 235,600 lbs. Exports from 1st January to date—United Kingdom, 2,938,230 lbs.; Australia, 1,344,960 lbs.; America, 68,420.

CANTON, May 23.—Tea—Congous. None has yet arrived from the country. Canton Congous—Moderate settlements of new leaf have been made, and show a decline of Tls. 1 to 2 per picul. Scented teas.—The market for these was opened on the 26th inst, by the settlement of about 12,000 packages, at prices nearly equal to last years opening rates, say Tls. 27½ to 29 per picul. Previous to the above date some 10,000 Scented Orange Pekoe, of Foochow make, had been settled at Tls. 28 to 32 per picul, or about Tls. 4 per picul above those paid last year. The quality of the bulk of the new scented tea is inferior to, but the scenting is better than that of last year. Canton Green Teas.—Some 600 boxes Gunpowder, of old make, have been taken at Tls. 16 per picul. In the new leaf nothing has been done. Country green teas.—There are none of these on the market. Congou, no sales; Canton Congous, 5,100 half-chests and 3,500 boxes, Tls. 29½ to 33; Souchong Pouchong and Oolong, no sales; Scented Orange Pekoes, new, 18,000 boxes, at Tls. 27½ to 33; old 1,000 boxes at Tl 25; Scented Capers, new, 9,000 boxes at Tls. 27½ to 35; old 1,000 boxes at Tls. 14; Canton Green Teas—Gunpowder, old, 600 boxes at Tls 16 per picul; Country Green Teas, no sales.

IMPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The following table shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending July 27, since Jan. 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

| | For the week. | Since Jan. 1, 1866. | Same time 1865. | | For the week. | Since Jan. 1, 1866. | Same time 1865. |
|---------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Buttons | 162 | 3,945 | 1,404 | Hardware | 270 | 8,291 | 2,452 |
| Coal, tons | 11,288 | 292,227 | 140,508 | Iron, RR b'rs | 2,436 | 166,969 | 115,892 |
| Cocoa, bags | 851 | 7,783 | 2,529 | Lead, pigs | 6,816 | 275,350 | 86,071 |
| Coffee, bags | 15,174 | 505,344 | 367,295 | Spelter, lbs. | 108,512 | 6,882,068 | ..... |
| Cotton, bales | ..... | 1,816 | 23,782 | Steel | 3,272 | 110,083 | 42,856 |
| Drugs, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... | Tin, bxs. | 9,577 | 451,867 | 306,416 |
| Bark, Peruv | 431 | 4,074 | 1,972 | Tin slabs, lbs | 47,394 | 4,609,113 | 2,006,753 |
| Blea p'wd'rs | 431 | 15,171 | 12,877 | Rags | 589 | 32,351 | 20,227 |
| Brimst, tns. | 333 | 11,871 | 6,534 | Sugar, hlds, | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Cochineal | 43 | 666 | 982 | tes & bbls. | 8,631 | 286,602 | 204,143 |
| Cr Tartar | 2 | 738 | 595 | Sugar, bxs & bg | 8,943 | 271,258 | 224,042 |
| Gambier | 892 | 13,521 | ..... | Tea | 346 | 593,998 | 392,076 |
| Gums, crude | 671 | 8,282 | 1,875 | Tobacco | 78 | 12,587 | 14,533 |
| Gum, Arabic | 137 | 2,252 | 1,285 | Waste | 22 | 9,685 | 5,274 |
| Indigo | 65 | 2,328 | 3,475 | Wines, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Madder | 2 | 7,229 | 2,393 | Champ, bkts | 2,201 | 78,927 | 27,317 |
| Oils, ess. | 89 | 2,968 | 1,275 | Wines | 5,410 | 290,706 | 34,519 |
| Oil, Olive | 336 | 78,512 | 14,577 | Wool, bales | ..... | 45,424 | 32,732 |
| Opium | ..... | 455 | 461 | Articles reported by value. | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Soda, bi-carb | 9,160 | 89,476 | 35,699 | Cigars | ..... | \$42,164 | \$1,093,308 |
| Soda, sal. | 1,832 | 21,731 | 6,699 | Corks | ..... | 21,457 | 90,617 |
| Soda, ash | 220 | 24,860 | 18,074 | Fancy goods | 99,415 | 2,498,970 | 1,194,567 |
| Flax | 16 | 7,813 | 7,713 | Fish | ..... | 580,228 | 301,624 |
| Furs | 228 | 2,746 | 2,321 | Fruits, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Gunny cloth | ..... | 16,331 | 2,138 | Lemons | 14,693 | 350,485 | 115,196 |
| Hair | 128 | 3,239 | 1,767 | Oranges | 7,533 | 275,376 | 291,195 |
| Hemp, bales | 2,195 | 82,786 | 27,811 | Nuts | 6,079 | 608,598 | 676,082 |
| Hides, &c. | ..... | ..... | 608 | Raisins | 13,794 | 581,894 | 286,347 |
| Bristles | 61 | 1,524 | 1,988 | Hides, undrsd. | 86,022 | 4,122,099 | 2,507,637 |
| Hides, dres'd | 262 | 6,492 | 1,988 | Rice | 4,922 | 455,284 | 754,037 |
| India rubber | 312 | 14,543 | 17,877 | Spices, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Ivory | 13 | 453 | 1,287 | Cassia | ..... | 125,873 | 63,232 |
| Jewelry, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... | Ginger | ..... | 37,069 | 11,667 |
| Jewelry | 19 | 453 | 234 | Pepper | 4,166 | 14,802 | 2,068 |
| Watches | 21 | 698 | 409 | Saltpetre | 3,629 | 120,490 | 58,672 |
| Linseed | ..... | 166,541 | 28,101 | Woods | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Molasses | 7,429 | 83,895 | 104,306 | Fustic | ..... | 19,927 | 39,852 |
| Metals, &c. | ..... | ..... | ..... | Logwood | 2,168 | 126,622 | 82,329 |
| Cutlery | 111 | 3,638 | 1,297 | Mahogany | 3,492 | 100,580 | 162,706 |

RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC PRODUCE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week ending Aug. 3, since Jan. 1, and for the same time in 1865, have been as follows:

[Of the items left blank in 1865 no record was made.]

| | This week. | Since Jan. 1, 1866. | Same time '65. | | This week. | Since Jan. 1, 1866. | Same time '65. |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Ashes, pkgs | 47 | 3,481 | 11,925 | Rosin | 5,471 | 233,211 | 47,046 |
| Breadstuffs | ..... | ..... | ..... | Tar | 479 | 38,114 | 6,660 |
| Flour, bbls | 46,532 | 1,283,117 | 1,697,350 | Pitch | ..... | 1,609 | ..... |
| Wheat, bush | 56,471 | 1,110,416 | 2,758,140 | Oil cake, pkgs | 830 | 59,133 | ..... |
| Oats | 237,453 | 3,208,500 | 4,945,310 | Oil, lard | ..... | 3,333 | 4,740 |
| Corn | 695,532 | 9,945,394 | 4,202,210 | Oil, Petroleum | 10,088 | 553,515 | 265,565 |
| Rye | 16,040 | 304,828 | 131,510 | Peanuts, bags | 161 | 9,185 | ..... |
| Malt | 2,125 | 267,520 | ..... | Provisions | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Barley | 4,026 | 162,512 | *579,855 | Butter, pkgs | 8,710 | 236,188 | 342,180 |
| Grass seed | ..... | 100,183 | ..... | Cheese | 28,760 | 236,102 | 245,835 |
| Flaxseed | ..... | 4,146 | ..... | Cut meats | 318 | 93,008 | 42,495 |
| Beans | 30 | 39,199 | ..... | Eggs | 1,998 | 112,815 | ..... |
| Peas | ..... | 146,307 | ..... | Pork | 994 | 92,454 | 159,505 |
| C. meal, bbls | 5,466 | 151,838 | +206,600 | Beef, pkgs | ..... | 46,355 | 77,245 |
| C. meal, bags | 2,150 | 217,143 | ..... | Lard, pkgs | 51 | 79,500 | 83,230 |
| Buckwheat & do Flour, bg | ..... | 75,322 | ..... | Lard, kegs | ..... | 5,737 | ..... |
| Cotton, bales | 7,598 | 404,063 | 254,075 | Rice, pkgs | 131 | 1,805 | ..... |
| Copper, bbls | 37 | 14,593 | ..... | Starch | 384 | 61,896 | ..... |
| Copper, plates | 390 | 5,134 | ..... | Stearine | 377 | 6,272 | ..... |
| Driedfruit, pkgs | 113 | 3,457 | ..... | Spelter, slabs | ..... | 2,321 | ..... |
| Grease, pkgs | 9 | 5,496 | ..... | Sugar, hlds & bbls | ..... | 2,692 | ..... |
| Hemp, bales | 2 | 2,344 | ..... | Tallow, pkgs | 53 | 3,909 | 9,955 |
| Hides, No. | 8,798 | 268,851 | ..... | Tobacco, pkgs | 2,482 | 96,395 | ..... |
| Hops, bales | 50 | 3,704 | 13,540 | Tobacco, hlds | 1,776 | 37,334 | ..... |
| Leather, sides | 31,649 | 1,257,644 | 1,313,900 | Whisky, bbls | 2,052 | 48,293 | 35,835 |
| Lead, pigs | 33 | 5,238 | ..... | Wool, bales | 8,672 | 85,835 | 44,570 |
| Molasses, hlds & bbls | 478 | 9,816 | ..... | Dressed Hogs, No. | ..... | 81,769 | ..... |
| Naval Stores | ..... | ..... | ..... | Rice, rough, bush | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Crude trp, bbl | 685 | 27,588 | 9,540 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Spirits turp. | 1,655 | 29,053 | 7,353 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |

* Including barley malt. † Including bags reduced to barrels.

EXPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES.

The following table shows the exports from this port of some leading articles of commerce for the week ending July 30, since January 1, 1866, and for the corresponding period in 1865:

| | For the week. | Since Jan. 1, '66. | Same time '65. | | For the week. | Since Jan. 1, '66. | Same time '65. |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Ashes, pts, bbls | ..... | 2,577 | 5,895 | Pitch, bbls | 265 | 1,844 | ..... |
| Ashes, Prls, bbls | ..... | 44 | 465 | Oil cake, 100 lb | 1,008 | 375,136 | 310,123 |
| Beeswax, lbs. | ..... | 153,857 | 141,204 | Oils | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Breadstuffs | ..... | ..... | ..... | Petrol., gals | 713,440 | 15,697,544 | 4,988,234 |
| Flour, bbls | 33,061 | 577,032 | 794,618 | Whale, gals | ..... | 12,625 | 11,804 |
| C. meal, bbls | 2,511 | 82,827 | 88,455 | Sperm, gals | 200 | 80,545 | 56,982 |
| Wheat, bus. | 9,722 | 147,215 | 1,093,579 | Lard, gals | 1,309 | 13,244 | 28,929 |
| Rye, bush | ..... | 199,200 | 63,457 | Provisions | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Corn, bush | 431,351 | 7,061,959 | 732,575 | Pork, bbls | 2,973 | 55,969 | 79,954 |
| Oats, bush | 300 | 824,190 | ..... | Beef, bbls & tcs. | 1,224 | 42,752 | 63,737 |
| Peas, bush | 883 | 138,511 | ..... | Bacon, 100 lb | 716 | 234,778 | 262,438 |
| Candles, bxs | 1,237 | 42,434 | ..... | Butter, 100 lb | 688 | 11,701 | 67,378 |
| Cotton, bales | 3,536 | 268,892 | 28,724 | Cheese, 100 lb | 10,628 | 123,169 | 192,208 |
| Hay, bales | 1,030 | 22,295 | ..... | Lard, 100 lb | 3,250 | 161,120 | 167,680 |
| Hops, bales | 1 | 1,320 | 11,873 | Staves M. | 139 | 62,202 | 8,081 |
| Naval Stores | ..... | ..... | ..... | Tallow, 100 lb | 2,330 | 88,332 | 124,994 |
| C. Turp. bbls | 92 | 12,016 | ..... | Tobacco, pkgs | 1,244 | 59,247 | 94,723 |
| S. Turp. bbls | 367 | 7,572 | 633 | Tobacco, mf, lbs. | 28,849 | 2,340,618 | 2,210,192 |
| Rosin, bbls | 3,237 | 147,811 | 9,404 | Whalebone, lbs | ..... | 389,609 | 180,827 |
| Tar, bbls | 35 | 21,379 | 5,633 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., August 3.

The receipts of cotton at all the ports have reached the past week 6,608 bales, against 5,701 bales the previous week; the total receipts since September 1st now reaches 2,004,441 bales, and since the close of the war 2,423,035 bales. The weekly exports continue to increase again, being 12,215 bales for this week, against 7,993 bales last week, and 5,840 bales the previous week. In the statement for this week, however, it should be remarked that we include 3,274 bales from Florida not before counted, as our reports from that point have failed to reach us regularly. Of the exports noted above for this week 11,396 bales were to Liverpool, and 819 bales to Havre. The total exports from the United States since September 1 now reach 1,492,063 bales and the stocks at all the ports amount to 330,186 bales. Below we give our table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since September 1 showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) SINCE SEPT. 1, AND STOCKS AT DATES MENTIONED.

| PORTS. | REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1. | EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO— | | | | SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH PORTS. | STOCK. |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------|----------------------------|---------|
| | | Great Britain | France | Other for'gn. | Total. | | |
| N. Orleans, July 27. | 672,395 | 333,715 | 130,834 | 22,325 | 491,874 | 240,789 | 93,797 |
| Mobile, July 27 | 417,890 | 224,873 | 40,184 | 1,579 | 266,636 | 108,091 | 35,108 |
| Charleston, July 27. | 106,030 | 46,935 | 6,057 | 822 | 53,814 | 51,156 | 4,158 |
| Savannah, July 27. | 252,327 | 90,609 | 1,492 | ..... | 92,101 | 153,403 | 11,270 |
| Texas, July 27. | 169,133 | 58,731 | 1,739 | 3,214 | 63,734 | 68,510 | 6,599 |
| New York, Aug. 3* | 140,584 | 389,643 | 36,142 | 41,327 | 467,112 | ..... | 138,000 |
| Florida, June 18... | 146,773 | 37,977 | ..... | ..... | 37,977 | 107,542 | 1,254 |
| N. Carolina, Aug. 3. | 63,650 | 21 | ..... | ..... | 21 | 63,650 | ..... |
| Virginia, Aug. 3. | 35,659 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 35,659 | ..... |
| Other p'ts, July 31. | ..... | 18,504 | ..... | 290 | 18,794 | ..... | 140,000 |
| Total | 2,004,441 | 1,206,058 | 216,448 | 69,557 | 1,492,063 | 828,660 | 330,186 |

* By Railroad, Canal and River. † Estimated.

Our latest advices respecting the new crop are very satisfactory. In some parts of Texas and Louisiana complaints are not unfrequent, and here and there the worm is said to have made its appearance. Still in most of the cotton growing States the plant is making very favorable progress, and with a dry and late fall the better opinion is that the yield will be from two million to two and a half million bales. Later advices, however, may, of course, materially modify this conclusion. The general appearance of the worm, (to the ravages of which a late crop, such as we are to have this year, is particularly exposed,) early frosts or a rainy autumn would evidently and radically change the result.

During the week the market here has been very fitful. The peace news in Europe led to a slight advance early in the week, but it has not been sustained. Added to the other difficulties of the trade, there has been, the past two or three days, much difficulty in negotiating sterling exchange, and cotton bills have been in especial disfavor. This has checked the export demand, while spinners have bought but sparingly. The sales of the week are about 9,000 bales, and the market closes heavy at the following quotations:

| | Upland. | Florida. | Mobile. | N. Orleans & Texas |
|----------|---------|----------|---------|--------------------|
| Ordinary | 27 | 27 | 27 | 28 |

Exports of Cotton from New York the past week have amounted to 3,526 bales as follows:

To Liverpool per steamers: England, 1,501; Paris, 546; Persia, 673; Marathon, 73; City of Limerick, 400. Per ship Universe, 258. Total, 3,451. To Havre per steamer Pereire, 75 bales. Total, 75.

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York and their direction for each of the last three weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1865; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1865.

Table with columns: EXPORTED TO, WEEK ENDING (July 17, 24, 31), Prev. to July 31, Total to date, Same time prev. year. Rows include Liverpool, Other British Ports, Total to Gt. Britain, Havre, Other French ports, Total French, Bremen and Hanover, Hamburg, Other ports, Total to N. Europe, Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar, All others, Total Spain, etc., Grand Total.

NEW ORLEANS July 28.—The mail returns for the week ending July 27 show the receipts to be 1,461 bales, against 1,386 bales last week. The shipments for the week were 5,998 bales: of which 2,300 bales were to Liverpool, 744 to Havre, 2,206 bales to New York, 265 bales to Boston, 1,094 bales to Providence, and 44 bales to Philadelphia. Stock on hand July 27 had been reduced to 93,797 bales. The receipts, sales, and exports for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week since June 2, were as follows:

Table with columns: Date, Rec'ps, Sales, Exp., Stock, Price Mid., To Liverpool, To New York, Price gold. Rows from June 2 to July 27.

* By steam.

Exchange, sight on New York at 1/4 @ 3/4 discount.

MOBILE, July 28.—By mail we have received one week's later dates from Mobile. The receipts for the week ending July 27 were 702 bales against 826 bales last week, and the shipments were 572 bales against 1,017 bales last week; leaving the stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared at 35,108 bales. Shipments during the week were to Liverpool, 300 bales; to New York, 264 bales; and to New Orleans, 8 bales. The following are the weekly receipts, sales, and exports, for a series of weeks, and the stock, price of middling, rates of freight to Liverpool and New York, and price of gold at the close of each week:

Table with columns: Date, Receipts, Sales, Exp's, Stock, Price of To Liverpool, To New York, Price gold. Rows from June 1 to July 27.

During the week there had been but little business until Friday, when there was a more animated demand, resulting in the sale of 1,000 bales the market closing same as last week. The lower grades are easy at inside figures, but the better grades are scarce, and hard to buy at the outside figures. Exchange sterling ruled dull and closed at par to 1/2 discount. The total receipts at Mobile since Sept. 1 now amount to 417,890 bales.

SAVANNAH July 27.—The receipts for the week ending July 26, were 1,143 bales, against 2,086 last week; and the shipments this week were 673 bales, all of which was to New York, leaving the stock 11,270 bales. Below we give the receipts, shipments, price, &c., for each of the last four weeks:

Table with columns: Date, Receipts, Shipm's, Stock, Price Mid. Rows from June 22 to July 27.

The sales during the week have been much heavier than during several weeks past, the number of bales sold amounting to about 1,700, and the market closes steady.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—Our own correspondent in London, writing under the date of July 21, gives the following review of the markets:

LIVERPOOL, July 21.—This market has been subjected to a few fluctuations, the market having assumed some little activity under the hope of peace, while on the other hand, the Bank failure at Preston, in Lancashire, produced at one time a little uneasiness. The week's business has been moderately extensive. To-day American cotton shows very little change from last week, but Brazilian and Egyptian qualities, which are in extensive demand, have risen in value 1/2 d

to 1d per lb. The total sales are 70,890 bales of which speculators have taken 5,030 bales; exporters, 20,420 bales; and the trade 45,440 bales. The prices current for American cotton are now as under:

Table comparing prices of cotton for 1866 and 1865. Columns: 1866 (Ordinary and middling, Fair and good fair, Good and fine), 1865 (Mid., Fair, Good). Rows: Sea Island, Stained, Upland, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas.

Subjoined is the comparison of the prices of cotton for a series of years:

Table titled 'COMPARATIVE PRICES OF COTTON' comparing 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866 for Middling, Sea Island, Upland, Mobile, Orleans, and Pernambuco.

The available and prospective supplies are as under:

Table showing stock in Liverpool and London, and East Indian cotton afloat, with average weekly sales for 1865 and 1866.

—supplies are therefore diminishing.

The following are the particulars of sales imports and stocks for the week and year:—

Table titled 'SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS' showing trade, exports, speculation, and stocks for American, Brazilian, Egyptian, West Indian, East India, and China and Japan.

Table showing imports and stocks for American, Brazilian, Egyptian, West India, East India, and China and Japan, with columns for This week, To this date, Total, Same date, Dec. 31.

LONDON, July 21.—The particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks at this port for the year are as under:

Table showing imports, deliveries, and stock for 1864, 1865, and 1866.

HAVRE, July 19.—The stock of cotton at this port now amounts to 169,088 bales, against 42,707 bales last year. The imports and stocks of the principal descriptions for the year, and for this day are:

Table showing imports and stocks for American, Brazilian, and Indian cotton for 1865 and 1866.

MADRAS, July 11.—The cotton trade is dull, at 10 1/2 d for Western produce. The shipments stand thus:

Table showing shipments for 5 months to May 30, 1867, for Gt. Britain, France, Elsewhere, and Total.

BOMBAY, July 10.—The cotton trade exhibits more steadiness, and prices have an upward tendency. The more favorable accounts from Liverpool, and from the English markets generally in reference to the panic have had a favorable effect on the market. Shipments have increased, and have reached 40,000 bales during the fortnight. The prices current are as under:—Dholerah 10 1/2 d, Broach 10 1/2 d, Pomrauretee 11d per lb., free on board and freight. Freight to Liverpool only 7s. 6d. per ton of 50 cubic feet. The exports stand thus:

Table showing exports to London, Liverpool, Clyde, and Grand Total for 1865 and 1866.

ALEXANDRIA, July 7.—The amount of business passing in cotton is very moderate. The quality of the produce on offer is poor, the bulk of the finest descriptions in the market not being above "fair." A few parcels of good fair have sold at 20d to 20 1/2 d per lb., cost and freight. The exports stand thus:—

Table showing exports from Alexandria for Gt. Britain, Continent, and Total for From June 22 to July 2, and Previously from November 1.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., August 3, 1866.

There has been a very dull, depressed tone to the whole market throughout the week. The continued favorable accounts from the harvest; the probability of peace in Europe; fine weather in Great Britain; lower gold, and the difficulties of negotiating sterling exchange, have all exacted an influence adverse to the market. Receipts have been but moderate, however, and there is some show of steadiness at the close. Flour has been without important feature. Prices have been very irregular, and close somewhat lower. Flour from new Southern Wheat has come forward, and gold at \$1 50 below the previous current quotation for similar brands. Latterly there has been an improved demand for export, which has taken the higher grades of Spring wheat extras.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Aug. 3.

Trade is generally a fair average in amount, but there is general complaint of unsatisfactory results. There is the difficulty, which has existed for some months, of getting cost for merchandise; as, for example, some of the shipments of grain from the West to this market are netting their consignors 20 per cent. loss. And reducing prices by no means stimulates sales. The more they are reduced, the greater the reduction, which buyers seem to expect.

The chief causes of the depressions are, the delay in the coming forward of the Fall trade, the uncertainty as to the premium on gold, and the downward tendency of sterling exchange.

The following is a statement of the stocks of leading articles of domestic and foreign merchandise:

| | 1866. | | 1865. |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | July 1. | Aug. 1. | Aug. 1. |
| Beef, tierces and barrels..... | 16,678 | 13,685 | 62,556 |
| Pork, barrels..... | 87,169 | 78,734 | 85,020 |
| Tobacco, foreign, bales..... | 7,946 | 7,939 | 3,950 |
| Tobacco, domestic, hogsheads..... | 26,892 | 29,795 | 35,883 |
| Coffee, Rio, bags..... | 138,836 | 90,181 | 38,919 |
| Coffee, other, bags..... | 60,908 | 62,444 | 22,334 |
| Coffee, Java, mats..... | 14,937 | ..... | 8,000 |
| Sugar, hogsheads..... | 82,054 | 93,456 | 78,343 |
| Sugar, boxes..... | 81,056 | 77,307 | 38,129 |
| Sugar, bags..... | 100,475 | 100,849 | 99,311 |
| Milado, hogsheads..... | 292 | 292 | 2,001 |
| Molasses, hogsheads..... | 6,032 | 11,935 | 10,336 |
| Molasses, barrels..... | 145 | 100 | ..... |
| Hides, No..... | 378,500 | 233,200 | 309,900 |
| Petroleum, crude, barrels..... | 42,200 | 27,168 | 37,426 |
| Petroleum, refined, barrels..... | 28,100 | 36,990 | 12,698 |
| Cotton, bales..... | 135,000 | 132,000 | 70,000 |
| Rosin, barrels..... | ..... | 36,295 | 10,394 |
| Crude turpentine, barrels..... | ..... | 1,013 | 1,623 |
| Spirits turpentine, barrels..... | ..... | 2,731 | 1,668 |
| Tar, barrels..... | ..... | 6,734 | 2,428 |
| Rice, E. J., cleared..... | ..... | 17,279 | 6,440 |
| Rice, E. J., uncleared..... | ..... | 14,352 | 2,500 |

Cotton has been very irregular, but without important variation.

Breadstuffs have had a downward tendency, but the decline is most marked in Corn, Oats and Rye, of which the receipts have been in excess of the wants of the market.

Provisions have been without essential variation. Early in the week there was renewed speculation in Pork for a rise; but the improvement has been lost, and the close is flat. Other Hog Products have been scarce; and, although return shipments are known to have been from Liverpool, prices show a slight improvement on the week. Beef has slightly declined, and Butter and Cheese have had a downward tendency.

Groceries have met with a quick sale. The sales of Coffee have been about 30,000 bags, including Rio at 11@14c., gold, in bond; and Laguayra 17@18c., gold, duty paid. Sugar is 1/4c. lower in currency, with free sales. The stock is pretty large. Molasses and Rice are unchanged. Teas are in better demand and firm.

Naval Stores show a decided improvement in Spirits Turpentine and Rosin, of which the receipts have fallen off materially.

Petroleum has steadily advanced. Yesterday there was much excitement in the market, and extreme prices asked, but to-day extreme views were not supported.

Oils have been firm and fairly active. Tallow has been quiet and steady.

Metals have been quiet and unchanged. The importation of Tin for July was 3,300 slabs Straits, and 20 tons English. The total stock in New York and Boston is equal to 23,600 slabs, against 6,050 slabs last year. The importation of Spelter in July was 125 tons, and the stock of foreign is now 900 tons.

Wool is very dull, but rather improving. The stock is well held, and current prices nearly down to old gold prices. The business has been mainly in the lower grades.

Freights have been more active for two or three days, but the shipments are very little besides Cotton and Corn, with some Cheese. The going rates at the close were: To Liverpool, by sail, Corn 4 1/2d @ 1 1/2d., and by steam, Cotton 1/2d. To London, by sail, Corn at 4 1/2d. @ 5d., and to Cork for orders, charters for Corn are making at 4s. 9d. @ 5s.

The following tables show the quantity of Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Molasses imported for the week ending August 2, 1866, and since July 1; the amount withdrawn from warehouse, and the total thrown upon the market during the same periods.

[These tables are compiled from statistics furnished exclusively for the CHRONICLE, and will afford to importers and dealers in these articles information of great value. The tons (2,240 lbs.) of Sugar imported in boxes and bags are reported separately from those in hhds., bbls., &c., to distinguish the different qualities. Molasses is reported in 100 gallons for convenience and accuracy, the packages in which it arrives at the port being of such different sizes that the total number of them gives no correct report of the quantity entered.]

| COFFEE. | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|-------|---------|--------|
| Imported. | Brazil. | Mara- | La- | West | Hol- | East | Other |
| | bags. | caibo. | ganyra. | Indies. | land. | Indies. | Ports. |
| | | bags. | bags. | bags. | bags. | bags. | bags. |
| Ent'd for cons. this week | 100 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Warehoused do | ..... | 766 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 336 |
| Total import for week | 100 | 766 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | 336 |
| Previously reported..... | 10,766 | 3,784 | 864 | 200 | ..... | ..... | 15,10 |
| Total import since July 1 | 10,866 | 4,550 | 864 | 200 | ..... | ..... | 1,846 |

Withdrawn.

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| This week..... | 2,124 | 500 | ..... | 20 | ..... | 2,100 | 50 |
| Add ent. for cons..... | 100 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Total on market this w'k | 2,224 | 500 | ..... | 20 | ..... | 2,100 | 1,896 |
| Prev. reported..... | 30,376 | 1,472 | 693 | 109 | 625 | 5,425 | 1,833 |
| Total on market since July 1..... | 32,600 | 1,972 | 693 | 129 | 625 | 7,425 | 3,729 |

TEA.

| Imported. | China. | Japan. | Other Ports | Withdrawn. | China. | Japan. | Other Ports |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| | 1/2 ch. | 1/2 ch. | 1/2 ch. | | 1/2 ch. | 1/2 ch. | 1/2 ch. |
| Enter'd for cons..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | This week..... | 3,296 | 609 | 160 |
| Warehoused..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | Add ent. for cons..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Total for week..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | Total on market | 3,296 | 609 | 100 |
| Prev. reported.. | 5,040 | 237 | 141 | Prev. reported.. | 12,264 | 2,073 | 627 |
| Total import since July 1... | 5,040 | 237 | 141 | Total on market since July 1... | 15,560 | 2,682 | 787 |

SUGAR.

| Imported. | In bxs & bags. | In hhds &c. | Withdrawn. | In bxs & bags. | In hhds &c. |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| | tons. | tons. | | tons. | tons. |
| Entered for con. | ..... | 29 | This week..... | 419 | 517 |
| Warehoused..... | 400 | 1,622 | Add ent. for con. | ..... | 29 |
| Total for week.. | 400 | 1,651 | Total on market | 419 | 846 |
| Prev. reported.. | 1,681 | 6,743 | Prev. reported.. | 2,688 | 4,952 |
| Total import since July 1... | 2,081 | 8,399 | Total on market since July 1... | 3,107 | 5,798 |

MOLASSES.

| Imported. | From Cuba. | Other Ports. | Withdrawn. | From Cuba. | Other Ports. |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| | 100 galls. | 100 galls. | | 100 galls. | 100 galls. |
| Entered for con. | ..... | 58 | This week..... | ..... | 594 |
| Warehoused..... | 20 | 81 | Add ent. for con. | ..... | 58 |
| Total for week.. | 20 | 139 | Total on market | ..... | 652 |
| Prev. reported.. | 748 | 12,124 | Prev. reported.. | 1,846 | 13,378 |
| Total import since July 1... | 768 | 12,268 | Total on market since July 1... | 1,846 | 14,030 |

The Tea Trade.—Latest advices by telegraph from the leading Chinese ports are to the effect that the shipments of tea of the new crop to Great Britain had been 13,750,000 pounds, and that the prospects of the season, so far as could be judged, appeared favorable. The exports of teas from Shanghai to the United States has been as follows:

| | Total black. | Total green. | Japan tea. | Grand total, lbs. |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|
| From June 1, 1865, to Apr 7, 1866 | ..... | 10,779,596 | 369,609 | 11,149,205 |
| April 18..... | ..... | 582,877 | ..... | 582,877 |
| Total to date..... | ..... | 11,362,473 | 369,609 | 11,732,082 |
| Total to corres'g period last year | 232 | 3,562,975 | 268,230 | 3,831,437 |
| do season 1863-64 | 167,246 | 9,387,447 | 779,722 | 10,334,415 |

EXPORT OF SILKS AND SUNDRIES TO THE UNITED STATES.

| | Grass hats. | Raw silk. | Waste silk. | Straw Mat. |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| | Pieces. | Bls. | Peculs. | braiding. |
| From June 1, '65, to Apr. 7, '66. | | 87 | 69:43 | 85:00 |
| April 18..... | | | | 909:05 |
| Total to date..... | | 87 | 69:43 | 85:00 |
| Total to corres'g period last year | 82,000 | ..... | 83:79 | 96:46 |
| do season 1863-64. | | | 191:17 | 170:06 |

EXPORT OF TEAS FROM SHANGHAI TO CANADA.

| | Total black. | Total green. | Japan tea. | Grand total, lbs. |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|
| From 1st June, 1865, to April 21 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Total to corres'g period last year | 27,616 | 1,205,599 | 11,623 | 1,244,838 |

By post, the following is the latest intelligence from the principal ports:

YOKOHAMA, May 15.—Since the departure of the French mail the business done in tea amounts only to a very few piculs of finest sorts, at extreme quotations for the American market. Buyers are now waiting the arrival of the new tea, which is expected down shortly, after which, if the price be reasonable, operations will re-commence. Settlements amount to about 30 piculs. Ordinary to good ordinary nominal, \$11 to 17. Stock 50 piculs. Common nominal, \$13 to 21. Stock 200 piculs. Good Common nominal, \$22 to 25. Stock 200 piculs. Medium, \$26 to 30. Stock 350 piculs. Good Medium, \$31 to 34. Stock 400 piculs. Fine nominal, \$35 to 42. Stock 150 piculs. Finest nominal, \$43 to 46. Stock none.

HANKOW, May 16.—The market for the new season's leaf opened at Hip-ca-see on the 30th ult., and in the other districts a few days later. The quality is not so favorably spoken of as might have been expected, and most extravagant prices have been paid, it being estimated that Yang-laou-ton teas will cost, laid down in Hankow teals, \$36 to 40 per picul, and Hip-ca-see teals 31 to 34 per picul. Musters of the latter are daily expected, and arrivals in bulk from the 20th to the 22d inst. The following statement shows the shipments as compared with last season:

| | Chops. | Chests. | Pounds. |
|--------------|--------|---------|------------|
| 1864-65..... | 752 | 373,930 | 37,423,690 |
| 1865-66..... | 679 | 328,740 | 33,323,044 |

The export from Jan. 1st to May 6th is: 1864, 920,007 pounds; 1865, 1,000,850 pounds; 1866, 338,978 pounds.

KIUKIANG, May 18.—Green Teas.—In these there is nothing to notice. Arrivals to date, 147,522 packages against 236,970 packages last year. Shipments do 147,522 packages against 232,692 packages last year. Stock, Nil. against 4,278 packages last year. Black Teas.—No settlements have taken place, and only one parcel of inferior Kiukiang packed tea remains on the market. Advices from Ningchow report the opening of the market there for new leaf at rates equivalent to from Tls. 32.0.0@34.0.0 for best chops. These prices show an advance of nearly 40 per cent. upon those of last season. The quality is well of, and the crop is likely to be abundant. Chest musters may be expected in about a fortnight, and arrivals in bulk in about three weeks or a month. Arrivals to date, 121,197 packages against 123,845 packages last year. Shipments do 12,497 packages against 121,978 packages last year. Stock, 700 packages against 1,867 packages last year.

SHANGHAI, May 5.—Black Teas.—No transactions have taken place during the fortnight, owing to the high prices demanded by the holders of the few chops now offering. A few musters of new season's teas have come to hand, but we cannot at present give any decided opinion as to the quality of the crop. Settlements for the fortnight, Nil. Reshipments on owners' account, 900 chests. Stock, 2 chops or 650 packages. Green Teas.—Two chops common Shanghai-packed tea have been settled at Tls. 21.2.5 to 27, which prices show a slight reduction in former rates. Only a few parcels remain on the market, for which Tls. 25 to 27 have been offered and refused. A few musters of sun-dried Ping-sueys have arrived, which compare favorably with those of last season, but the prices demanded in the country are high. Settlements for the fortnight, 783 half-chests. Reshipments for the fortnight, 730 half-chests. Total, 1,513 half-chests. Export of tea from Shanghai and Hankow to Great Britain, from 1st

Wheat has been very dull. Small as supplies are, the sales are even less. Millers come into the market occasionally, and take fifteen or twenty thousand bushels. The depression is greatest in unsound Spring, of which the stock is large.

Corn, with a supply by no means excessive, prices have steadily declined. In the past two days buyers for export have had great difficulties in negotiating exchange, and freights to British ports have had an upward tendency. The quantity on the way to this market is considerably reduced. The Eastern trade has been buying sparingly for some time.

Oats have materially declined, but at to day's market there was some export demand, which took off part of the surplus, and steadied prices. Rye has declined, and closed dull. Barley and Barely Malt are nominal.

The stocks of grain in this market are as follows; (Partly estimated.)

| | | | |
|-------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Wheat.....bushels | 400,000 | Rye.....bushels | 200,000 |
| Corn.....bushels | 500,000 | Barley.....bushels | 75,000 |
| Oats.....bushels | 600,000 | | |

The following are the closing quotations of Breadstuffs:

| | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Flour, Superfine State and Western.....# bbl | \$5 75@ 7 50 | Wheat, Chicago Spring per bushel..... | 1 20@ 1 85 |
| Extra State..... | 6 85@ 9 65 | Milwaukee Club..... | 1 60@ 2 10 |
| Shipping R. hoop Ohio..... | 8 35@ 9 65 | Red Winter..... | 2 35@ 2 75 |
| Extra Western, common to good..... | 7 00@11 65 | Amber do..... | 2 25@ 2 75 |
| Double Extra Western and St. Louis..... | 11 75@14 25 | White..... | 79@ 80 1/2 |
| Southern supers..... | 9 56@11 10 | Corn, Western Mixed..... | 83@ 85 |
| Southern, fancy and ex..... | 11 25@15 25 | Western Yellow..... | 1 10@ 1 10 |
| Canada, common to choice extra..... | 8 25@12 25 | Western White..... | 80@ 1 10 |
| Rye Flour, fine and superfine..... | 5 50@ 6 25 | Rye..... | 41@ 46 |
| Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine..... | 4 50@ 4 90 | Oats, Western, cargoes.. | 55@ 63 |
| | | Jersey and State..... | 95@ 1 20 |
| | | Barley..... | 1 10@ 1 30 |
| | | Malt..... | 1 15@ 1 30 |
| | | Peas, Canada..... | 1 80@ 2 60 |
| | | White beans..... | |

The movement in Breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

| | RECEIPTS. | | 1865. | |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | For the w.k. | Since Jan. 1. | For the w.k. | Since Jan. 1. |
| Flour, bbls..... | 60,815 | 1,276,825 | 69,920 | 1,697,350 |
| Corn meal, bbls..... | 3,550 | 180,125 | 4,855 | 206,660 |
| Wheat, bush..... | 104,240 | 1,111,760 | 195,170 | 2,758,140 |
| Corn, bush..... | 677,630 | 9,609,355 | 314,755 | 4,202,210 |
| Rye, bush..... | 19,070 | 302,990 | 10,780 | 131,510 |
| Barley, &c., bush..... | 6,620 | 455,885 | 29,915 | 579,855 |
| Oats, bush..... | 143,015 | 2,900,495 | 180,980 | 4,945,310 |

FOREIGN EXPORTS.

| | 1866. | | 1865. | |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | For the w.k. | Since Jan. 1. | For the w.k. | Since Jan. 1. |
| Flour, bbls..... | 33,960 | 571,230 | 26,800 | 794,620 |
| Corn meal, bbls..... | 2,560 | 90,140 | 4,385 | 88,455 |
| Wheat, bush..... | 7,085 | 142,465 | 82,465 | 1,093,580 |
| Corn, bush..... | 431,350 | 7,023,645 | 46,180 | 732,575 |
| Rye, bush..... | ..... | 196,955 | ..... | 63,460 |
| Oats, bush..... | 400 | 778,895 | ..... | ..... |

MILWAUKEE.—The following tables show the receipts and shipments of Breadstuffs during the past week and since the 1st of January 1866 and the same time in 1865:

| | RECEIPTS. | | | SHIPMENTS. | | |
|-------------------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Week end'g | Since Jan. 1. | 1865. | Week end'g | Since Jan. 1. | 1865. |
| Flour, bbls..... | 4,216 | 22,961 | 125,781 | 151,747 | 5,335,946 | 3,035,372 |
| Wheat, bush..... | 96,148 | 5,758,583 | 3,418,061 | 8,163 | 335,770 | 230,299 |
| Oats, bush..... | 83,587 | 1,528,764 | 276,616 | 146,877 | 1,201,874 | 141,316 |
| Corn, bush..... | 43,574 | 490,924 | 169,725 | 28,307 | 175,382 | 51,137 |
| Barley, bush..... | 10,512 | 255,986 | 39,077 | 47,501 | 176,518 | 332 |
| Rye, bush..... | ..... | 99,150 | 53,815 | 50 | 12,003 | 1,385 |

EASTWARD MOVEMENT BY CANAL.—The following will show about what there was afloat last Saturday on canals destined for tide-water:

| | Flour. | Wheat. | Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rye. |
|---------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|
| From Buffalo, week ending | 223 | 7,650 | 704,310 | 426,735 | 28,470 | 59,280 |
| July 30..... | ..... | 26,850 | 1,001,797 | 463,862 | ..... | 39,770 |
| July 23..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Totals, 14 days..... | 223 | 34,500 | 1,706,107 | 890,597 | 28,470 | 99,050 |
| F'm Oswego, 9 days..... | 957 | 51,874 | 195,025 | 60,949 | ..... | ..... |
| Total afloat..... | 1,180 | 86,374 | 1,901,132 | 951,546 | 28,470 | 99,050 |
| Prev'ous week..... | 769 | 183,107 | 2,384,579 | 848,602 | ..... | 86,010 |
| Corres'ding time, '65. | 12,369 | 275,074 | 1,348,835 | 200,079 | 17,140 | 23,600 |

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, August 3, 1866, P. M.

The increased activity in domestic goods noticed last week has continued, with a more general evenness and steadiness. We hear of no large lines of goods being taken, but buyers are more numerous, and are taking goods more generally. The trade is, however, thus far, principally confined to the movement of goods by the case, or several cases, or bales, instead of by the piece. The fear of cholera which seems to affect people out of the city far more than in, does, and will, no doubt, keep very many small buyers out of town during the Fall trade, and, consequently, the leading jobbers at the inland cities will do a much larger business with country merchants than usual. Jobbers are doing fair steady business, and prices, although without material change, are quite firm. The business done in the month of July, this year is reported as much larger than that of 1865.

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been uniform in prices, and the increased activity noticed in some quarters is becoming quite general. Standard sheetings are firm at last week's quotations, while some makes are held above the market. Lawrence C. is held at 24c. Other makes at 23. This is the price for Indian Head A, Appleton A, Stark A, and Nashua X X. Atlantic heavy A 37 inch 25, do P A 37 inch 24 1/2, do A H 37 inch 24 1/2, do P H 37 inch 24 1/2, do heavy shirt A V 30 inch 20, do fine sheet A L 36 1/2 inch 23, do do P L 36 1/2 inch 23, do shirt P E 38 inch 22, Indian Head B 30 inch 19, do E 48 inch 37,

Nashua extra A 36 inch 21, do fine D 36 inch 21, Waltham F 40 inch 26, Massachusetts A 4-4 21, do B B 4-4 21, Medford 22, Newmarket Manuf. Co. 33 inch 19, do do 36 inch 20, do do heavy D 36 inch 22 1/2, Auburn 36 inch 14, Indian Queen 36 inch 17, New England 36 inch 17, Pittsfield A 36 inch 18, Rocky Point sheetings 36 inch 17, Wawawanda 36 inch 17.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been generally in better demand, and the stocks of leading makes in agents' hands is somewhat reduced. Prices are generally steady at last week's quotations. York Mills are closely sold up, and firm at 43 1/2, Wamsutta are held at 37 1/2, Lonsdale 33, Rockdale B 27, Uxbridge imperial 4-4 27 1/2, Kent River 12, Grafton 3-4 14 and 7-8 15, Auburnville 4-4 29, Aquidnecks 4-4 21, do 7-8 18, White Rock 36 34. O J Rathbun 7-8 20, Social Mill Co. water twist 30, do, C 7-8 19, Manville R 25, do XX 27 1/2, Attawaugan XX 25 1/2, Bedford O 15, Indian River XX 23, Warrenton B 15, Bartlett Steam Mills 33 inch 24, do 5-4 33, do 7-8 21 1/2, do 4-4 29, Newmarket 33 inch 22, do 36 inch 26, Waltham L 72 inch 62 1/2, do X 33 inch 22 1/2, do W 42 inch 30, do M 81 inch 82 1/2, do N 90 inch 87 1/2, Boston 19, Rockdale A 4-4 27 1/2, Harvard 35 inch 22, Sunnyside 36 inch 25, Woodlawn 34 inch 21, Baltic A 34 inch 20, Atlantic 26 inch 15 1/2, Washington 16, Canoe 13, Hallowell 15.

DRILLS are in better demand for all the light and heavy goods. India 25, Globe Steam Mills 19, Union mill 14, Pepperell 25, Boott 25, Stark Standard 24 Park Mills 20.

CANTON FLANNELS are inactive and rather nominal. Columbia bring 26 cents, and Nashua 27. Laconia 35, Massachusetts 31, and Prescott 30, Globe 27 1/2, Clay 27 1/2, Eagle 22.

CORSET JEANS are in steady, fair demand, and prices are maintained. Indian Orchard 16 1/2, Silver Lake brown are sold ahead at 21 1/2 @ 22, Newmarket colored 17, Nashua and Franklin each 15, Canoe 16, and Uncas 16.

STRIPES AND CHECKS are moderately dealt in. Arkwright 6x3 22 1/2, do 3x3 22, Louisiana plaids 24, Ringgold fast plaids 20, Simpson's Chambrays 22, Concord 15, Madison check 18, Roanoke 20, Penobscot 22 1/2, and Uplands 22, Wauregan 3x3 23, do 6x3 24, Albany 3x3 13, do 6x3 14, Willow Brook Check 22 1/2.

TICKS are fairly active for leading makes. West Branch are held at 32 for 4-4 and 25 for No. 2. Springfield 14, Pacific Extra 7 3/8, do 4-4 40, Henry Clay 3-4 18, Amoskeag A C A 60, A 47, B 42 C 37 1/2 and D 32 1/2, York 30 inch 41, 32 inch 51, Albany 14, American 20, Glen Allen 3-4 13 1/2, Chattanooga 3-4 15, Ontario A 3-4 13, Passaic 7-8 19, Sacondale 13, Windsor 22, Chattanooga 16, Willow Brook 45, Farmer's and Miner's 50.

DENIMS AND COTTONADES are in light request at steady prices. Burlington Brown Denims sell at 14 1/2, Homestead Brown 22, Peabody Blue 17 1/2, Arkwright Blue 26 1/2, do Brown 26 1/2, Madison Brown 20, Providence Blue 20, Ashton Glenn brown 21, do blue 21, Homestead blue 21 1/2, Lonsdale 30, Albany 19 1/2, and Wauregan 22.

PRINT CLOTHS are very quiet at 13 1/2 @ 14 cents for 64x64 square. PRINTS are moderately active, and some large lots have been disposed of. Prices remain essentially the same as last week. Arnolds are held at 17 1/2 c, Garner's 22, Amoskeag pink 21, do purple 20, do shirting 19, do dark 19, do light 19, do mourning 18, Swiss Ruby 20, Dutchess B 17, Lowell dark 17 1/2, do light 17, Naumkeag 17, Spring Valley 13, Wamsutta dark 16 1/2, do light 15 1/2, Dusters 15 1/2, Glen Cove full madders 14, Wauregan fancies 18 1/2, do Rubies 19 1/2. American regular 19, Sprague's fancy styles 27. solid colors 20, Canaries 19, Orange polkas 20, Indigos 20, Blue and Orange 22, Madder Rubies 20. Merrimac W 22, and D 21.

JACONETS are in fair demand at firm prices. Lonsdale 21, White Rock 24 for high colors, and 22 for plain.

GINGHAMS are in rather better request. Lancaster sell at 27c, Glasgow at 26, and Dundee at 18.

SILESIA are in moderate demand, and prices are kept up. Indian Orchard 23, Social Mills 27 1/2, do extra fine twilled 32 1/2, and superior 24.

CAMBRICS are quiet and unchanged. Manville 14 for black, 15 for plain and 16 for pink. Clinton 13, Federal 12 1/2, Smithfield Mfg Co 14-15, Fox Hill Bank 12, Naragansett 15, Wauregan 16, Pacific 15, Adriatic 15, Hallowell 16.

MOUSLIN DE LAINES are as yet quiet and unchanged. Pacific and Manchester are sold at 28, Pacific armures 30, do Robes de Chambre 32 1/2 @ 35, Pacific and Manchester Challies 23 1/2.

BALMORAL SKIRTS are in steady request at firm prices. Pontoosuc Company's are sold at \$66 per doz. for Imperial, \$60 for Picnic, \$51 @ 55 for No. 1, and \$42 @ 45 for No. 2.

CASSIMERES AND SATINETS are but moderately active, and there seems but little disposition to increase business. Millville 3-4 heavy fancy cassimeres sell at \$2 @ \$2 3/4, do silk mixed do \$1 50 @ \$1 75, Farmer's and Miner's double and twist do 52 1/2 c, Farmer's A Union do 47 1/2 c, Shaw's Diagonal cassimeres \$1 37 1/2, do doeskins \$1 25, Rochester grey do \$1 25, Dighton's silk mixed \$1 75 for light weight and \$2 @ \$2 25 for heavy do.

KENTUCKY JEANS are in steady request, at the quotations Washington and Union 52 1/2 c, Eagleville 35 1/2 @ 42 1/2, extra fine indigo blue do 47 1/2, common standard 22c, and E. and H. Babcock's Alpine cloth 50.

AMERICAN LINEN is steady. Crash 12 @ 16, and Huckabuck 20 @ 21. FLANNELS are in demand, and steady. Plain scarlet and orange range from 32 1/2 @ 60, plain white 34 @ 75, scarlet, blue and mixed twilled 37 1/2 @ 55.

CARPETS are in better demand, but prices remain the same. Lowell & Hartford Co.'s superfine ingrain \$1 60, and \$1 75 for extras, \$2 25 for extra three ply Brussels, \$2 45 for 3fr, \$2 55 for 4fr, and \$2 65 for 5fr.

FOREIGN GOODS are rather more active, and holders seem disposed to meet the market. The auction sales have been less animated than was expected, but prices are generally remunerative. Some styles of British prints, and fine colored and black merinoes and mouslin de laines are in better request and quite firm.

MANCHESTER COTTON YARN AND GOODS MARKET.—In reference to the market for cotton yards and goods at Manchester, our correspondent in London writes as follows:

MANCHESTER, July 18.—The demand for yarns is in a most inactive state, and there is less business doing than last week. In some instances prices are rather lower. As the continental war is now considered to be approaching its termination, German buyers have been making inquiries, but, as yet, they have not made any considerable purchases. The demand for cloth rules inactive, but without material change in prices from last week.

WOOL.—Respecting the wool trade in England our correspondent writes as follows:

It is announced that the public sales of East India wool will be commenced at Liverpool on the 31st of the present month, and it is estimated that during their progress, about 23,000 bales will be brought forward for disposal. In London the next series of public sales of Australian and Cape wool will be commenced either on the 9th or 16th of August. The arrivals are already much larger than was at one time expected, the imports since the close of last sales having amounted to nearly 95,000 bales, comprising 23,558 bales from Sydney; 13,457 Port Philip; 8,778 Van Dieman's Land; 6,140 Adelaide; 30,496 New Zealand; 456 Swan River; and 11,690 bales from the Cape of Good Hope. The wool trade shows a few signs of improvement, but the continental war and the state of the money market are adverse to any permanent advance in prices. At the present moment good and fine qualities of wool are firm, and are commanding a moderate share of alteration; but inferior wools are very dull.

PORT ELIZABETH, June 10 (Cape of Good Hope).—The Wool season has been unusually abundant, and business is now in a considerable state of animation, the season being now at its height. The quality of the wool is also superior to many previous years. The news, however, of a heavy decline in prices in London has caused a considerable fall here, and the reports of an alteration in the American tariff have been the cause of increasing the prevailing depression. The shipments to New York during the month have been about 3,000 bales, and to London 6,909 bales. The prices current are as under: Fine fleece-washed, 1s. 2½d. to 1s. 3½d.; medium, 1s. 1d. to 1s. 2d.; seedy and faulty, 11d. to 1s.; superior scoured, snow white, 1s. 8d. to 1s. 10d.; hand-washed, superior, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 5d.; medium to good do., 1s. 1d. to 1s. 3d.; inferior seedy, 9½d. to 11d.; fine unwashed, superior light and clean, 8d. to 8½d.; good average, 7½d. to 7¾d.; medium, 7d. to 7½d.; inferior and seedy, 5½d. to 6d.; coarse unwashed, 4½d. to 5d. per lb. Freights—to London, ½d. to ¾d.; to New York, 11-16ths of a penny per lb.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending August 3, 1866, and the corresponding weeks of 1864 and 1865, have been as follows:

| ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 3, 1866. | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | 1864. | | 1865. | | 1866. | |
| | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. |
| Manufactures of wool... | 417 | \$182,804 | 3017 | \$1,322,200 | 203 | \$925,377 |
| do cotton... | 225 | 71,590 | 1242 | 334,073 | 694 | 211,548 |
| do silk... | 120 | 103,774 | 549 | 584,718 | 356 | 370,973 |
| do flax... | 160 | 46,399 | 1023 | 334,647 | 866 | 251,668 |
| Miscellaneous dry goods. | 137 | 50,014 | 406 | 158,558 | 609 | 190,637 |
| Total | 1089 | \$455,014 | 6242 | \$2,734,196 | 4548 | \$1,950,203 |

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Manufactures of wool... | 1065 | \$444,786 | 1042 | \$506,987 | 147 | \$54,023 |
| do cotton... | 331 | 110,632 | 159 | 44,858 | 70 | 19,877 |
| do silk... | 106 | 83,027 | 85 | 112,358 | 7 | 10,704 |
| do flax... | 802 | 169,354 | 299 | 64,061 | 67 | 20,760 |
| Miscellaneous dry goods. | 101 | 28,141 | 8 | 6,313 | 23 | 17,811 |
| Total | 2405 | \$835,940 | 1593 | \$734,579 | 314 | \$123,180 |
| Add ent'd for consumpt'n | 1089 | 455,014 | 6242 | 2,734,197 | 4548 | 1,950,203 |
| Total thrown upon mak't | 3494 | \$1,290,954 | 7435 | \$3,468,773 | 4862 | \$2,073,383 |

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Manufactures of wool... | 2375 | \$971,068 | 474 | \$184,267 | 971 | \$412,544 |
| do cotton... | 883 | 255,435 | 27 | 9,594 | 166 | 50,641 |
| do silk... | 231 | 206,611 | 64 | 112,703 | 140 | 198,627 |
| do flax... | 1455 | 361,623 | 193 | 53,947 | 271 | 90,793 |
| Miscellaneous dry goods. | 298 | 52,077 | 5 | 4,641 | 1453 | 359,221 |
| Total | 5242 | \$1,846,824 | 763 | \$365,152 | 3001 | \$788,527 |
| Add ent'd for consumpt'n | 1089 | 455,014 | 6242 | 2,734,196 | 4548 | 1,950,203 |
| Total entered at the port. | 6331 | \$2,301,838 | 7005 | \$3,099,348 | 7549 | \$2,738,730 |

DETAILED STATEMENT.

The following is a detailed statement of the movement the past week ending August 3, 1866:

| ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION. | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------|--------|---------|-------------|------------------|
| MANUFACTURES OF WOOL. | | | | | | |
| | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. |
| Woolens..... | 631 | \$324,555 | 22,749 | 11,291 | 33 | 11,291 |
| Cloths..... | 120 | 66,975 | 392 | 188,850 | 5 | 3,063 |
| Carpeting..... | 242 | 70,234 | 6 | 3,695 | 47 | 23,689 |
| Blankets..... | 18 | 3,236 | 81 | 30,238 | 282 | 123,883 |
| Shawls..... | 26 | 19,816 | 63 | 33,103 | | |
| Total | | | | | 2023 | \$925,377 |
| MANUFACTURES OF COTTON. | | | | | | |
| Cottons..... | 135 | \$48,927 | 16 | 5,540 | 5 | 1,901 |
| Colored..... | 40 | 11,647 | 6 | 4,972 | 21 | 4,623 |
| Prints..... | 4 | 984 | 28 | 20,276 | 30 | 8,155 |
| Ginghams..... | 2 | 727 | 1 | 233 | 362 | 89,542 |
| Emb'd mus'n | 17 | 6,662 | 27 | 7,404 | | |
| Total | | | | | 694 | \$211,548 |
| MANUFACTURES OF SILK. | | | | | | |
| Silks..... | 90 | \$140,987 | 98 | 90,873 | 12 | 8,024 |
| Satin..... | 3 | 1,539 | 48 | 33,228 | 10 | 6,653 |
| Pongees..... | 1 | 172 | 3 | 1,046 | 24 | 21,927 |
| Crapes..... | 5 | 3,249 | 2 | 1,153 | | |
| Plushes..... | 1 | 524 | 7 | 7,848 | | |
| Velvets..... | 51 | 47,590 | 1 | 210 | | |
| Total | | | | | 356 | 370,973 |
| MANUFACTURES OF FLAX. | | | | | | |
| Linsens..... | 737 | \$182,621 | 5 | 7,253 | 15 | 6,534 |
| Linen & cott. | 11 | 3,530 | 64 | 44,534 | 34 | 7,196 |
| Total | | | | | 866 | \$251,668 |
| MISCELLANEOUS. | | | | | | |
| Leath. gloves | 23 | \$24,964 | 47 | 9,832 | 83 | 22,071 |
| Kid gloves... | 8 | 12,782 | 47 | 28,264 | 211 | 43,932 |
| Matting..... | 63 | 2,886 | 3 | 1,361 | 38 | 15,445 |
| Oil cloth..... | 13 | 1,366 | 70 | 27,734 | | |
| Total | | | | | 609 | \$190,637 |
| WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE. | | | | | | |
| MANUFACTURES OF WOOL. | | | | | | |
| | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. |
| Woolens..... | 13 | \$6,955 | 5 | 857 | 57 | 20,938 |
| Cloths..... | 3 | 1,381 | 17 | 1,586 | 52 | 23,311 |
| Total | | | | | 147 | \$54,023 |

| MANUFACTURES OF COTTON. | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----|---------|---|-----|-----------|-----------------|
| Cottons..... | 33 | \$9,150 | 2 | 476 | 1 | 1,819 |
| Colored..... | 23 | 6,392 | 4 | 994 | 8 | 2,046 |
| Total | | | | | 70 | \$19,877 |

| MANUFACTURES OF SILK. | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|---------|---|-------|----------|-----------------|
| Silks..... | 3 | \$4,485 | 1 | 1,432 | 3 | 4,787 |
| Total | | | | | 7 | \$10,704 |

| MANUFACTURES OF FLAX. | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|----|----------|
| Linsens..... | | | | | 67 | \$20,760 |

| MISCELLANEOUS. | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---------|----|--------|-----------|-----------------|
| Leath. gloves. | 1 | \$1,301 | 14 | 13,300 | 8 | 3,210 |
| Total | | | | | 23 | \$17,811 |

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING.

| MANUFACTURES OF WOOL. | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|-------|---------|------------|------------------|
| | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. | Pkgs. | Value. |
| Woolens..... | 174 | \$82,308 | 43 | 41,044 | 12 | 7,114 |
| Cloths..... | 6 | 2,459 | 21 | 10,339 | 3 | 1,615 |
| Carpeting..... | 131 | 37,722 | 435 | 180,367 | 102 | 42,401 |
| Blankets..... | 36 | 5,428 | 5 | 1,747 | | |
| Total | | | | | 971 | \$412,544 |

| MANUFACTURES OF COTTON. | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----|--------|----|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Cottons..... | 37 | 13,239 | 17 | 6,693 | 79 | 20,832 |
| Colored..... | 8 | 2,702 | 5 | 1,255 | 11 | 3,395 |
| Ginghams..... | 4 | 971 | 5 | 1,554 | | |
| Total | | | | | 166 | \$50,641 |

| MANUFACTURES OF SILK. | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|-----------|---|-------|------------|------------------|
| Silks..... | 76 | \$147,315 | 6 | 4,257 | 3 | 1,957 |
| Velvets..... | 28 | 25,047 | 3 | 1,263 | 5 | 1,583 |
| Ribbons..... | 16 | 16,141 | 3 | 1,064 | | |
| Total | | | | | 140 | \$198,627 |

| MANUFACTURES OF FLAX. | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|----------|---|-------|------------|-----------------|
| Linsens..... | 254 | \$83,082 | 6 | 4,581 | 11 | 3,130 |
| Total | | | | | 271 | \$90,793 |

| MISCELLANEOUS. | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|---------|----|-------|-------------|-----------------|
| Leath. gloves. | 6 | \$6,016 | 1 | 126 | 40 | 6,356 |
| Kid gloves... | 1 | 711 | 37 | 9,973 | 2 | 2,083 |
| Matting..... | 1356 | 6,921 | 10 | 3,736 | | |
| Total | | | | | 1453 | \$35,922 |

EXPORTS

(EXCLUSIVE OF SPECIE) FROM THE PORT OF NEW YORK TO FOREIGN PORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 31, 1866.

| | Quan. | Value. | Quan. | Value. | Quan. | Value. | | |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------|
| DANISH WEST INDIES. | | | | | | | | |
| Drugs, pkgs... | 37 | 995 | Steel, cks... | 37 | 150 | Woodware, pkgs... | 100 | 320 |
| Flour, bbls... | 783 | 8,031 | Oil cake, lbs... | 100,800 | 2,400 | Coal, tons... | 1,126 | 8,800 |
| Rye flour, bbls... | 10 | 73 | Petroleum, galls... | 74,748 | 26,687 | Pig paper, bls... | 17 | 734 |
| Pork, bbls... | 25 | 719 | Sugar, bxs... | 945 | 18,868 | Tobacco, hhd... | 7 | 1,063 |
| Peas, bbls... | 10 | 81 | Tobacco, cs... | 25 | 2,000 | Redwood, tns... | 3 | 297 |
| Corn meal, bbls... | 170 | 1,401 | Books, cs... | 5 | 1,105 | Glassware, cs... | 25 | 420 |
| Rasp syrup... | 2 | 265 | Pistols, cs... | 1 | 200 | Bread, bxs... | 600 | 600 |
| Candles, bxs... | 100 | 275 | Pres'd fish, cs... | 70 | 402 | Lard, lbs... | 500 | 98 |
| Butter, lbs... | 3,158 | 1,043 | Oil stone, cs... | 12 | 758 | Rice, bgs... | 6 | 126 |
| Lard, lbs... | 2,319 | 559 | Tobacco, hhd... | 292 | 98,580 | Miscellaneous... | | 264 |
| Pepper, bgs... | 10 | 122 | Cotton gins, cs... | 5 | 450 | | | \$211,910 |
| Furniture, cs... | 2 | 130 | Horse hair, ble... | 1 | 216 | | | |
| Bread, bbls... | 75 | 396 | Clocks, bxs... | 3 | 350 | BRITISH WEST INDIES. | | |
| Tobacco, hhd... | 1 | 502 | Skins, pkgs... | 5 | 6,000 | Butter, lbs... | 11,267 | 3,553 |
| Petroleum, galls... | 419 | 176 | Carriage... | 1 | 300 | Hams, lbs... | 3,796 | 807 |
| Leather, rolls... | 2 | 234 | Copper, plts... | 146 | 7,675 | Mfd tobacco, lbs... | 5,278 | 1,851 |
| Brandy, bbls... | 10 | 245 | Tin, snbs... | 500 | 8,205 | Bread, pkgs... | 100 | 552 |
| Corn, bush... | 200 | 218 | Wheat, bus... | 2,083 | 12,397 | Drugs, pkgs... | 137 | 1,773 |
| Rum... | 1 | 110 | | | | Potatoes, bbls... | 95 | 400 |
| Miscellaneous... | 1,001 | \$1,151,328 | | | | Preserves, cs... | 50 | 100 |
| Total | | \$16,576 | | | | Furniture, cs... | 27 | 695 |
| | | | | | | Glassware, cs... | 10 | 145 |
| | | | | | | Starch, bxs... | 55 | 221 |
| | | | | | | Perfumery, bxs... | 525 | 1,864 |
| HAMBURG. | | | | | | Cond milk, cs... | 10 | 150 |
| Clocks, bxs... | 137 | 2,139 | | | | Pork, bbls... | 276 | 8,246 |
| Shoe pegs, bbls... | 256 | 883 | PENARTH ROADS. | | | Beef, bbls... | 98 | 2,447 |
| Mahogany, crotches... | 72 | 224 | Corn, bush... | 30,722 | 26,115 | Rum, bbls... | 46 | 1,359 |
| Ind rubber, cs... | 3 | 934 | Oat meal, bbls... | 300 | 2,600 | Corn meal, bbls... | 707 | 3,254 |
| Sew mach, cs... | 210 | 5,549 | Flour, bbls... | 196 | 1,680 | Lard, lbs... | 9,765 | 2,100 |
| Pres'd fruit, cs... | 1 | 120 | Cheese, lbs... | 60,749 | 10,275 | Hardware, cs... | 4 | 139 |
| Staves... | 25,000 | 2,785 | Tallow, lbs... | 22,051 | 2,219 | Musical inst, cs... | 3 | 217 |
| Senaca root, lbs... | 23 | 925 | Mfd tobacco, lbs... | 2,936 | 675 | Carriages, cs... | 2 | 630 |
| Furs, bale... | 1 | 900 | Corn, bush... | 35,817 | 31,400 | Shoes, cs... | 9 | 917 |
| Rosin, bbls... | 821 | 5,000 | Logwood, tons... | 14 | 210 | Mf iron, pkgs... | 3 | 200 |
| Tobacco stems, bales... | 81 | 1,100 | Clocks, bxs... | 165 | 1,885 | Corn, bush... | 1,211 | 1,357 |
| Tobacco stems, hhd... | 12 | 150 | Staves... | 1,800 | 400 | Peas, bgs... | 185 | 679 |
| Mfd tobacco, lbs... | 2,402 | | | | | | | |

PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE.

All goods deposited in public stores or bonded warehouses must be withdrawn therefrom, or the duties thereon paid within one year from the date of the original importation, but may be withdrawn by the owner for exportation to Foreign Countries, or may be transhipped to any port of the Pacific, or Western Coast of the United States, at any time before the expiration of three years from the date of the original importation, such goods on arrival at a Pacific or Western port, to be subject to the same rules and regulations as if originally imported there; any goods remaining in public store or bonded warehouse beyond three years shall be regarded as abandoned to the Government, and sold under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Merchandise upon which duties have been paid may remain in warehouse in custody of the officers of the customs at the expense and risk of the owners of said merchandise, and if exported directly from said custody to a Foreign Country within three years, shall be entitled to return duties, proper evidence of such merchandise having been landed abroad to be furnished to the collector by the importer, one per centum of said duties to be retained by the Government.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Ashes—Duty: 15 cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort. 8 25 @ 9 50 Pearl, 1st sort. 14 00 @ 15 00

Anchor—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 209 lb and upward 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2

Beeswax—Duty, 20 cent ad val. American yellow. 40 @ 41

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 cent. Rio Grande shin. 34 00 @

Bread—Duty, 30 cent ad val. Pilot 6 1/2 Navy 5 1/4 Crackers 7 @ 14

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard per M. 10 70 @ 11 50 Crotin 14 00 @ 15 00 Philadelphia Fronts. 40 00 @

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair, 1 cent. American, gray and white. 75 @ 3 00

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—New York State—Fresh pails. 88 @ 45 Firkins 33 @ 40 Half dozen tubs 52 @ 35 Welsh tubs, prime 35 @ 37 Welsh tubs, second quality 32 @ 34 North Pennsylvan a—Firkins 31 @ 33 Western Reserve—Firkins 27 @ 32 Western States—Firkins, yell w. 29 @ 31 Firkins, second quality 25 @ 27 Firkins, stone packed 23 @ 25 Firkins, common 20 @ 22

Cheese—Factory Dairies. 17 @ 19 1/2 Western 16 @ 19 Farm Dairies. 15 @ 19 Western 15 @ 17 Common 10 @ 15 Ohi Dairies. 5 @ 18

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 8; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Sperm, patent. 50 @ 55 Refined sperm, city 40 @ 45 Stearine 30 @ 31 Adamantine 2 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale. 90 @ 1 75

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch and upward. 9 @

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb bushel. Liverpool Orrel. 10 00 @ 10 00 Liverpool House Cannel. 16 00 @ 16 00 Anthracite 9 00 @ 9 50

Cocoa—Duty, 5 cents per lb. Caracas (gold), (in bond). 19 @ 22 Maracaibo (gold) do 16 @ 16 1/2 Guayaquil (gold) do 16 @ 16 1/2

Coffee—Duty: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents per lb; all other 10 cent ad valorem in addition.

Bio, prime, duty paid. 20 @ 20 do good. 19 @ 19 1/2 do fair. 17 @ 17 1/2 do ordinary. 15 @ 16 do fair to good average. 17 @ 19 Java, mats and bags. 24 @ 25 Native Ceylon. 18 @ 21 1/2 Maracaibo. 17 1/2 @ 19 1/2 Laguayra. 17 1/2 @ 19 St. Domingo. 16 1/2 @ 17

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb.

Sheathing, new. 44 @ 45 Sheathing, yellow. 38 @ Bolts. 45 @ Braziers'. 45 @ Baltimore. 81 @ 3 1/2 Detroit. 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Portage Lake. 31 @ 3 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila. 22 @ 23 Tarred Russia. 19 @ Talled American. 19 @ Bolt Rope, Russia. 24 @

Corks—Duty, 50 cent ad val. Regular, quarts. 55 @ 70 Short Tapers. 50 @ 70 Mineral. 12 @ 4 Phial. 12 @ 4

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 30 cent ad val.; Balsam Capivi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calisaya Bark, 30 cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 30 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1/2; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 cent ad val.; Sal Eratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1/2; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below, FREE. Most of the articles under this head are now sold for cash.

Acid, Citric. (gold) 61 @ 4 40 Alcohol. 24 @ 4 25 Aloes, Cape. 50 @ 75 Aloes, Socotrine. 3 1/2 @ 4 Alum 55 @ 70 Annato, fair to prime. 24 @ 25 Antimony, Regulus of. 24 @ 25 Argols, Crude. 3 @ 4 Argols, Refined. 25 @ 35 Assafetida. 50 @ 90 Balsam Capivi. 2 @ 2 25 Balsam Tolu. 40 @ 1 87 1/2 Berries, Persian. 40 @ 50 Bi Carb. Soda, Newcastle. 13 @ 24 Bi Chromate Potash. 6 @ 3 1/2 Bleaching Powder. 33 @ 12 00 Borax, Refined. 4 1/2 @ 41 Brimstone, Crude. 5 @ 5 1/2 Brimstone, Am. Roll. 5 @ 80 Camphor, Crude, (in bond). (gold) 1 @ 1 75 Camphor, Refined. 1 @ 1 75 Cantharides. 3 @ 17 1/2 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk. 8 00 @ 3 25 Cardamoms, Malabar. 8 00 @ 3 07 Castor Oil, Cases. 50 @ 60 Chamomile Flowers. 36 1/2 @ 37 1/2 Chlorate Potash. (gold) 36 1/2 @ 10 Caustic Soda. 1 @ 1 75 Cobalt, Crystals. in kegs. 112 lbs 1 10 @ 1 05 Cochineal, Honduras. (gold) 1 00 @ 1 05 Cochineal, Mexican. (gold) 27 1/2 @ 25 1/2 Copperas, American. 4 @ 50 Cream Tartar, prime. (gold) 4 @ 50 Cubebs, East India. 13 @ 13 1/2 Cutch 13 @ 4 1/2 Epsom Salts. 11 @ 80 Extract Logwood. 60 @ 80 Flowers, Benzoin. 6 1/2 @ Folia, Buchu. 6 1/2 @ Gambier. 1 75 @ 2 00 Gamboge. 80 @ 1 05 Ginger, Jamaica, bl'd, in bbls. 62 @ 85 Ginseng, Southern and Western. 40 @ 42 Gum Arabic, Picked. 83 @ 87 Gum Arabic, Sorts. 37 @ 83 Gum Benzoin. 50 @ 60 Gum Kowrie. 80 @ 24 Gum Senegal. (gold) 80 @ 40 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts. 85 @ 1 00 Gum Tragacanth, white flakey. 8 50 @ 3 55 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng. (gold) 4 50 @ 4 75 Iodine, Resublimed. 2 80 @ 2 80 Ipecacuanna, Brazil. 25 @ 55 Jalap. 41 @ 42 Licorice, Paste, Sicily. 28 @ 24 Licorice Paste, Spanish Solid. 40 @ 43

Licorice Paste, Greek. 30 @ 9 Madder, Dutch. 9 @ 8 Madder, French, E. X. F. F. do 7 1/2 @ 8 Manna, large flake. 2 00 @ 50 Nutgalls Blue Aleppo. 4 00 @ 4 50 Oil Anise. 4 75 @ 5 00 Oil Cassia. 7 5 @ 9 75 Oil Bergamot. 8 00 @ 8 25 Oil Lemon. (gold) 3 75 @ 4 00 Oil Peppermint, pure. (gold) 6 37 1/2 @ 6 50 Opium, Turkey. 50 @ 46 Oxalic Acid. 1 @ 1 00 Phosphorus. 40 @ 1 10 Prussiate Potash. 50 @ 5 87 1/2 Quicksilver. 10 1/2 @ 11 Rhubarb, China. (gold) 50 @ 3 1/2 Salaratus. 10 1/2 @ 11 Sal Ammoniac, Refined. (gold) 50 @ 55 Sarsaparilla, Hond. 30 @ 24 Sarsaparilla, Mex. 18 @ 22 Senna, Alexandria. 50 @ 55 Senna, East India. 3 @ 45 Shell Lac. 3 @ 3 1/2 Soda Ash (80 cent). (gold) 30 @ 85 Sugar Lead, White. (go d) 2 62 1/2 @ 2 67 1/2 Sulphate Quinine, Am. 7 50 @ 55 1/2 Sulphate Morphine. 56 @ 56 1/2 Tartaric Acid. (gold) 14 Verdigris, dry and extra dry. 14 Vitriol, Blue. 14

Duck—Duty, 30 cent ad val. Ravens, Light. 19 00 @ Ravens, Heavy. 20 00 @ Scotch, Gourock, No. 1 per yard. 76 Cotton, No. 1. 85 @

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood. (gold). 210 00 @ Fustic, Cuba. 81 00 @ Fustic, Tampico. 23 00 @ 24 00 Fustic, Savanilla. (gold) 23 00 @ do Maracaibo. 20 00 @ Logwood, Campeachy. (gold) 38 00 @ Logwood, Hond. 23 00 @ Logwood, Tabasco. (gold) 18 00 @ 19 00 Logwood, St. Domingo. 18 00 @ 19 00 Logwood, Jamaica. (gold) 10 00 @ 85 00 Limawood. (gold) Barwood. (gold) Sapan Wood, Manila.

Feathers—Duty: 30 cent ad val. Prime Western. 90 @ 95 do Tennessee. 65 @ 70

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl.; on other Fish, Pickled, smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb.

Dry Cod. 6 50 @ 8 00 Dry Scale. 4 50 @ 5 00 Pickled Scale. 7 00 @ 7 50 Pickled Cod. Mackerel, No. 1, Mass. shore. 22 00 @ Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax. 21 00 @ Mackerel, No. 1, Bay. 21 00 @ Mackerel, No. 2, Bay. 14 00 @ Mackerel, No. 2, Halifax. 12 25 @ Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. large. 40 00 @ Mackerel, No. 3, Halifax. 14 25 @ Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. 13 00 @ Salmon, Pickled, No. 1. 57 @ 60 Shad, Connecticut, No. 1. 47 @ 50 Shad, Connecticut, No. 2. 4 00 @ 6 00 Herring, Scaled. Herring, No. 1. Herring, pickled.

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. Jersey. 20 @ 25 1/2

Fruit—Duty: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, 10; Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1 1/2; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents per lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 cent ad val. Raisins, Seedless. 8 75 @ do Layer. 4 25 @ do Bunch. 8 65 @ Currants. 15 @ 15 1/2 Citron, Leghorn. 20 @ 32 Prunes, Turkish. 1 1/2 @ 19 1/2 Dates. 87 Almonds, Languedoc. 82 @ 34 do Provence. 25 @ 30 do Sicily, Soft Shell. 10 @ 51 do Shelled. 85 @ 90 Sardines. 38 @ 40 do. 19 @ 21 do. 25 @ 27 1/2 Figs, Smyrna. 1 1/2 @ 17 1/2 Brazil Nuts. 11 1/2 @ 12 Filberts, Sicily. 10 @ 13 Walnuts, French. 18 @ 21 DRIED FRUIT—N. State Apples. 18 @ 21 Blackberries. 25 @ 25 Black Raspberries. 25 @ 25 Pared Peaches. 18 @ 25 Unpeeled do. 35 @ 40 Cherries, pitted, new.

Furs—Duty, 10 cent. Gold Prices—Add premium on gold for currency prices. (Quotations nominal.)

North and East. No. 1. Western. No. 1. Beaver, Dark. 1 20 @ 2 00 .. 1 25 @ 1 50 do Pale. 1 25 @ 1 50 .. 1 00 @ 1 25 Bear, Black. 5 00 @ 15 00 .. 5 00 @ 10 00 do brown. 4 00 @ 8 00 .. 4 00 @ 7 00 Badger. 90 @ 1 50 .. 40 @ 1 00 Cat, Wild. 90 @ 1 50 .. 40 @ 1 00 do House. 10 @ 20 .. 10 @ 20 Fisher. 5 00 @ 10 00 .. 3 00 @ 5 00 Fox, Silver. 10 00 @ 75 00 .. 6 00 @ 50 00

Table listing various animal skins and furs such as do Cross, do Red, do Grey, Lynx, Marten, Dark, do pale, Mink, dark, Musk rat, Otter, Opossum, and Raccoon with their respective prices.

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/4; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 3 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Subject to a discount of 30 @ 35 per cent.) Table listing window sizes and prices.

English and French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

(Single Thick)—Discount 20 @ 30 per cent. Table listing window sizes and prices.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb.

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val.

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mixed, (cash), per lb 35 @ .. Buenos Ayres, mixed .. 33 @ 34 Hog, Western, unwashed .. 12 @ 15

Hardware—Axes—Cast steel, best brand .. per doz 15 @ 17 do or ordinary makers .. 13 @ 15 Carpenter's Adzes, best quality .. 24 @ .. do ordinary .. 21 @ .. Cotton Gins, per saw .. \$5 less 20 per cent Narrow V rough at Butts .. List 5 per ct. disc. Cast Butts—Fast Join .. List 10 per ct. aiv. Loose Joint .. List. Hinge, Wrought, Strap and I P .. List 25 per ct. adv. Door Bolts, Cast Stl .. List 20 per ct. dis. Carriage and Tire Bolts .. List 40 per ct. dis. Door Locks, Latches & Escatcheons .. List 7 1/2 per ct. dis. Door Knobs—Mineral .. List 7 1/2 per ct. dis. Pore lain .. List 7 1/2 per ct. dis. Padlocks .. List 10 @ 20 & 7 1/2 per ct. dis. Locks—Cabinet, Eagle .. List. Tunx .. List 10 per ct. dis. Stocks and Dies .. List 30 per ct. dis. Screw Wrenches—Coe's Patent .. List 20 per ct. dis. Taft's .. List 50 per ct. dis. Sm ths' Vis's .. per lb 24 @ 26 Framing Chisels .. Old List 25 per ct. aiv Firmer do in sets .. List 40 per ct. aiv do do handled, in sets .. List 40 per ct. aiv Augur Bits .. List 20 per ct. dis. Short Augurs .. per doz. New List 10 per ct. di. Ring .. List 10 per ct. dis. Cut Tacks .. List 6 1/2 @ 10 per ct. dis. Cut Brads .. List 55 per ct. dis. Rivets, Iron .. List 25 @ 30 per ct. dis. Screws American .. List 1 @ 2 1/2 per ct. dis. do English .. List 20 per ct. d.s. Iron Shovels and Spades—No. 2 .. 7 @ 8 do do Steel edged .. 2 50 @ 15 00 do Cast Steel, Polish d—No. 2 .. 11 5 @ 17 00 Horse Shoes .. 8 @ 8 1/2 Planes .. List 25 @ 30 per ct. adv.

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs, for shipping .. 70 @ 75

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila, \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunn and Sisal, \$15 per ter; and Tampico, 1 cent per lb. American, Dressed .. per ton 310 00 @ 320 00 do Undressed .. @ 250 00 Russia, Clean .. 3 0 00 @ .. Jute .. (gold) .. 100 00 @ 140 00 Manila .. (gold) .. per lb .. @ 10 Sisal .. @ 14

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted, and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres .. per lb gold 19 1/2 @ 22 Montevideo .. do 18 @ .. Rio Grande .. do .. @ 17 1/2 Orinoco .. do 17 @ ..

California .. do 15 1/2 @ 16 1/2 California, Mexican .. do 14 @ 15 1/2 Porto Cabello .. do 11 @ 12 1/2 Vera Cruz .. do .. @ .. Tampico .. do 13 @ .. Western .. cash .. @ .. Dry Salted Hides—Maracaibo .. per lb gold 10 @ 11 Maranham .. do 10 @ 11 Pernambuco .. do 1 @ 11 Tampico and Metamoros .. do .. @ .. Bahia .. do 9 1/2 @ 10 Chili .. do .. @ .. Wet Salted Hides—Buenos Ayres .. per lb gold .. @ .. Rio Grande .. do .. @ .. California .. do 9 @ 9 1/2 Western .. do 10 @ 11 Contry sl'ter trim. & cured .. 11 @ 12 1/2 City .. do 9 @ 13 Upper Leather Stock—B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip .. per lb cash .. @ .. Sierra Leone .. do .. @ .. Gambia and Bissau .. do .. @ ..

Honey—Duty, 20 cents per gallon. Cuba .. (duty paid) (gold) .. per gall. 50 @ 52 1/2

Hops—Duty: 5 cents per lb. Crop of 1865 .. per lb 30 @ 70 do of 1864 .. 26 @ 30

Horns—Duty, 10 per cent ad val. Ox, Rio Grande .. per C 18 00 @ .. Ox, Buenos Ayres .. 13 00 @ 15 00

India Rubber—Duty, 10 per cent ad val. Para, Fine .. per lb 87 1/2 @ 90 Para, Medium .. 67 1/2 @ 70 Para, Coarse .. 57 1/2 @ 60

Indigo—Duty FREE. Bengal .. (old) per lb 1 00 @ 1 65 Oude .. (gold) 75 @ 1 35 Madras .. (gold) 65 @ 90 Manila .. (gold) 70 @ 1 10 Guatemala .. (gold) 55 @ 1 10 Caracas .. (gold) 70 @ 90

Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents per lb; Railroad, 70 cents per 100 lb; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents per lb; Pig, \$9 per ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents per lb. Pig, Scotch, Best, No 1 (cash) per ton 46 00 @ 50 00 Pig, American, No. 1 .. 47 00 @ 48 00 Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold) 95 00 @ 107 00

Bar Swedes, assorted sizes .. 170 00 @ .. Bar, English and American, Refined do do do Common 115 00 @ .. Scroll, 155 00 @ 205 00 Ovals and Half Round .. 150 00 @ 160 00 Band .. @ 155 00 Horse Shoe .. 1 00 @ 1 00 Rods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch .. 130 00 @ 125 00 Hoop .. 165 00 @ 225 00 Nail Rod .. per lb 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Sheet, Russia .. 25 @ 26 Sheet, Single, Double and Treble .. 7 @ 9 Rails, English .. (gold) .. per ton 55 00 @ .. do American .. 55 00 @ 90 00

Ivory—Duty, 10 per cent ad val. East India, Prime .. per lb 3 00 @ 3 50 East India, Billiard Ball .. 3 50 @ 4 50 African, West Coast, Prime .. 3 00 @ 3 25 African, Scivellos, West Coast .. 2 00 @ 2 50

Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 per 100 lb; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents per lb. Galena .. per 100 lb .. @ .. Spanish .. gold 6 75 @ 6 87 1/2 German .. gold 6 75 @ 7 00 English .. gold 6 87 1/2 @ 17 12 Bar .. net .. @ 11 5 Pipe and Sheet .. net .. @ 11 25

Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 per cent ad val. Oak, Slaughter, light .. cash per lb 33 @ 36 do do middle .. do 38 @ 44 do do heavy .. do 43 @ 49 do light Cropped .. do 44 @ 50 do middle do .. do 50 @ 54 do bellies do .. do 17 @ 20 Hemlock, B. Ayres, &c. l't do 32 @ 33 do do middle do .. 34 @ 35 do do heavy do .. 36 @ 37 do California, light do .. 31 @ 32 do do middle do .. 33 1/2 @ 34 do do heavy do .. 34 @ 35 do Orinoco, etc. l't do .. 30 @ 31 1/2 do do middle do .. 32 @ 33 do do heavy do .. 29 @ 32 do do & B. A, dam'gd all weights 28 @ 32 do do poor all do 21 @ 24 do Slaughter in rough .. cash 31 @ 34 Oak, Slaughter in rough, light .. do 33 @ 38 do do do mid. & h'vy do 38 @ 45

Lime—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Rockland, common .. per bbl. .. @ 1 50 do heavy .. @ 2 10

Lumber, Woods, Staves, Etc.—Duty Lumber, 20 per cent ad val.; Staves, 10 per cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE. Spruce, Eastern .. per M feet 22 00 @ 26 00 Southern Pine .. 50 00 @ 60 00 White Pine Box Boards .. 25 00 @ 30 00 White Pine Merchant. Box Boards 29 00 @ 33 00

Clear Pine .. 80 00 @ 100 00 Laths, Eastern .. per M 3 25 @ .. Poplar and W. wood B'ds & Pl'k. 55 00 @ 65 00 Cherry Boards and Plank .. 80 00 @ 90 00 Oak and Ash .. 60 00 @ 65 00 Maple and Birch .. 35 00 @ 40 00 Black Walnut .. 100 00 @ 120 00

STAVES—White oak, pipe, ext. a .. per M. .. @ 300 00 do pipe, heavy .. @ 250 00 do pipe, light .. @ 200 00 do pipe, culls .. @ 150 00 do hhd., extra .. @ 250 00 do hhd., heavy .. @ 200 00 do hhd., light .. @ 12 00 do hhd., culls .. @ 100 00 do bbl., extra .. @ 175 00 do bbl., heavy .. @ 140 00 do bbl., light .. @ 110 00 do bbl., culls .. @ 60 00 Red oak, hhd., heavy .. @ 130 00 do hhd., light .. @ 90 00 HEADING—white oak, hhd. .. @ 150 00

Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood—Duty free.

Mahogany, St. Domingo, crotches, per foot .. 25 @ 50 do St. Domingo, ordinary logs .. 17 @ 20 do Port-au-Platt, crotches .. 20 @ 30 do Port-au-Platt, logs .. 12 @ 16 do Nuevitas .. 12 @ 16 do Mansanilla .. 12 @ 16 do Mexican .. 10 @ 15 do Honduras (American wood) .. 14 @ 20 Cedar, Nuevitas .. 12 @ 16 do Mansanilla .. 10 @ 14 do Mexican .. 10 @ 14 do Florida .. per cubic ft. 50 @ 1 00 Rosewood, Rio Janeiro .. per lb 5 @ 8 do Bahia .. 4 @ 6

Molasses—Duty: 8 cents per gallon. New Orleans .. per gall. .. @ .. Porto Rico .. 60 @ 80 Cuba Muscovado .. 45 @ 65 do Clayed .. 43 @ 44 English Islands .. @ 60

Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2; horse shoe 5 cents per lb. Cut, 4d. @ 6d. .. per 100 lb 6 75 @ 7 00 Clinch .. 8 50 @ .. Horse shoe, forged (8d) .. per lb 34 @ 35 Copper .. 50 @ .. Yellow metal .. 33 @ .. Zinc .. @ 20

Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents per gallon; crude turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 per cent ad val. Turpentine, N. C. .. per 280 lb 4 75 @ .. Tar, American .. per bbl. 3 00 @ 3 50 do foreign .. @ .. Pitch .. @ 3 50 Rosin, common .. 8 25 do strained and No. 2 .. 3 37 1/2 @ 4 50 do No. 1 .. 5 00 @ 7 00 do Pale and Extra (280 lbs.) .. 7 50 @ 9 00 Spirits turpentine, Am. .. per gall. 69 @ 73

Oakum—Duty free .. per lb. 9 1/2 @ 12

Oil Cake—Duty: 20 per cent ad val. City thin oblong, in bbls. .. per ton 12 50 @ 55 00 do in bags .. @ 52 00 Western thin oblong, in bags .. @ 52 00

Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1; burning fluid, 50 cents per gallon; palm, seal, and cocos nut, 10 per cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish foreign fisheries, 20 per cent ad valorem. Olive, quarts per case .. 1 00 @ .. do in casks .. per gall. 1 90 @ .. Palm .. per lb 11 @ 12 Linseed, city .. per gall 1 80 @ 1 81 Whale .. @ 1 85 do refined winter .. 1 45 @ .. Sperm, crude .. @ 2 80 do winter, bleached .. @ .. do do unbleached .. @ 2 85 Lard oil .. 1 95 @ 2 00 Red oil, city distilled .. 1 05 @ .. do saponified .. @ .. Straits .. 1 10 @ .. Paraffine, 28—80 gr. .. @ 58 Kerosene .. (free) .. @ 53

Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents per lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent per lb; dry ochres, 56 cents per 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents per lb; ochre, ground in oil, \$1 50 per 100 lb; Spanish brown 25 per cent ad val.; China clay, \$5 per ton; Venetian red and vermilion, 5 per cent ad val.; white chalk, \$10 per ton. Litharge, American .. per lb 11 @ 13 Lead, red, American .. 11 @ 13 do white, American, pure, in oil .. @ 17 do white, American, pure, dry .. @ 17 Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1 .. 10 @ 12 do white, American, No. 1, in oil .. 10 @ 12 Ochre, yellow, French, dry per 100 lb 2 50 @ 3 50 do ground in oil .. per lb 9 @ 10 Spanish brow dry .. per 100 lb 1 50 @ .. do ground in oil .. per lb 8 @ 9 Paris white, No. 1 .. per 100 lbs 3 87 @ 4 25 do do Am. .. per 100 lbs .. @ .. Whiting, American .. 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Vermilion, Chinese .. per lb 1 65 @ 1 70 do Trieste .. 1 15 @ 1 20 do California & English .. 1 85 @ 1 40 do American .. 80 @ 40 Venetian N C) .. per cwt. 3 00 @ ..

Table listing various commodities like Carmine, China clay, Chalk, and Chrome yellow with their respective prices.

Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents per gallon. Table listing refined petroleum products.

Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 cent ad val. Table listing different grades of plaster.

Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 cent; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 cents per lb. Table listing various meats and their prices.

Rags—(Domestic). Table listing different types of rags and their prices.

Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents per lb.; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents per lb. Table listing rice products.

Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents per 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents per 100 lb. Table listing various salt products.

Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent per lb. Table listing saltpetre products.

Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cents; hemp, 1/2 cent per lb; canary, \$1 per bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent ad val. Table listing various seeds.

Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Drop and Buck. Table listing shot and buckshot.

Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 cent. Table listing various types of silk.

Skins—Duty: 10 cent ad val. Table listing various animal skins and their prices.

Soap—Duty: 1 cent per lb, and 25 cent ad val. Table listing different types of soap.

Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 per 100 lbs. Table listing spelter products.

Spices—Duty: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50 cents; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents per lb. Table listing various spices.

Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents per lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cents per lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents per lb and 10 cent ad val. (Store prices.) Table listing different types of steel.

Sugar—Duty: on raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 3; on white or clayed, not above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 3 1/2; above 15 and not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Melado, 2 1/2 cents per lb. Table listing various sugar products.

Sumac—Duty: 10 cent ad val. Sicily. Table listing sumac products.

Tallow—Duty: 1 cent per lb. American, prime, country and city. Table listing tallow products.

Tea—Duty: 25 cents per lb. (Nomi al.) Table listing various types of tea.

Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 per cent ad val. Table listing tin products.

Tobacco—Duty: leaf 35 cents per lb; and manufactured, 50 cents per lb. Cigars valued at \$15 or less per M., 75 cents per lb., and 20 per cent ad valorem; over \$15 and not over \$30, \$1.25 per lb. and 30 per cent ad valorem; over \$30, and not over \$45, \$2 per lb. and 50 per cent ad valorem; over \$45, \$3 per pound and 60 per cent ad valorem. Table listing tobacco products.

Table listing various types of cigars and their prices.

Whalebone—Duty: foreign fishery, 20 cent ad val. Table listing whalebone products.

Wines and Liquors—Liquors—Duty Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon, other liquors, \$2.50 Wines—Duty: value net over 50 cents per gallon 2 0 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents per gallon and 25 cent ad valorem; over \$1 per gallon, \$1 per gallon and 25 cent ad val. Table listing various wines and liquors.

Table listing various types of wine and liquor brands and their prices.

Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered, \$2 to \$3 50 per 100 lb, and 15 cent ad val. Table listing wire products.

Wool—Duty: costing 12 cents or less per lb, 8 cents per lb; over 12 and not more than 24, 6 cents over 24 and not over 32, 10, and 10 cent ad valorem; over 32, 12 cents per lb, and 10 cent ad valorem; on the skin, 20 cent ad val. Table listing wool products.

Table listing various types of wool and their prices.

Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 per 100 lb; sheet 2 1/2 cents per lb. Table listing zinc products.

Freights—To LIVERPOOL: Table listing freight rates for various goods to Liverpool and other ports.

The Railway Monitor.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.—The results of operations on this road for the year ending May 31, 1866, and the four previous years, are shown in the following statement :

Table with 5 columns (1862-1866) and 7 rows (Passenger, Freight, Miscellaneous, Total earnings, Expenses, Net earnings).

The income accounts, varying somewhat from the above, supplies the following figures for the same years :

Table with 5 columns (1862-1866) and 3 rows (Bal. from old account, Receipts from earnings, Total means).

Which is accounted for as follows :

Table with 5 columns (1862-1866) and 10 rows (Expenses, Sinking fund, Interest and exchange, Cash dividend, Stock div., U. S. tax, Bills and sundries, Balance of income).

The general account on the 31st May, yearly, has been as shown in the following statement :

Table with 5 columns (1862-1866) and 6 rows (Capital stock, Bonds, U. S. tax on coupons, Unpaid dividends, Bills and sundries, Balance of income).

Against which are charged as follows :

Table with 5 columns (1862-1866) and 10 rows (Construction, Materials, Cash, bonds, &c., N. A. & S. R. R. stock, J. & N. I. R. R. stock, Land accounts, Steamboats, Ass. in officers' hands, Accounts and bills, Total).

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The Government Commissioners accepted on the last day of July an additional thirty-five (35) miles of the Union Pacific Railroad. One hundred and sixty-three miles of the road are now completed. This brings the line within thirty-one miles of Fort Kearney, which point will be reached by the end of August. Regular trains are running to Grand Island.

TELEGRAPH IN FRANCE.—At the close of 1865, France had 97,278 kilometres of telegraph wires working, and 610 offices were open. During the year, 1,967,748 messages were transmitted, and 6,123,272 francs realized therefrom.

WARREN AND FRANKLIN RAILROAD.—This road has been completed from Irvington, on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, to Tideoute, and is expected to be finished to Oil City within a month. This will largely increase the facilities already enjoyed by the oil trade of the Alleghany region.

OTTOMAN RAILROAD.—The completion of this road (Smyrna to Aidin) is announced in the Smyrna papers. It was opened July 1. By this important event the City of Smyrna is connected with the foot of the great producing plain, that of Aidin, and a continuous line of communication formed in connection with the Cassaba Railroad of 120 miles between the cities of Aidin and Manisa, or of 140 miles with the town of Cassaba.

READING RAILROAD.—For the first six months of the current year the net earnings of the Reading were \$469,990 ; in 1865, \$1,533,441. This shows an increase of \$166,550.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table with 16 columns (Railroad names) and 13 rows (Monthly earnings from Jan to Dec for years 1864, 1865, 1866).

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, FRIDAY (Bid, Ask). The table lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous stock companies with their respective financial details.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.

| DESCRIPTION. | Amount outstanding. | INTEREST. | | Principal payable. | FRIDAY. | | DESCRIPTION. | Amount outstanding. | INTEREST. | | Principal payable. | FRIDAY. | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------|---|---------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--|
| | | Rate. | Payable. | | Bid. | Ask'd | | | Rate. | Payable. | | Bid. | Ask'd | |
| N. B.—The sums placed after the name of Company shows the total Funded Debt. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Railroad: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Atlantic & Gt. Western</i> (\$30,000,000): | | | | | | | <i>Des Moines Valley</i> (\$2,088,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Pa.) | \$2,500,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1877 | | | Mortgage Bonds..... | \$1,740,000 | 8 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1887 | | | |
| 2d do | 1,000,000 | 7 | do | 1882 | | | Income Bonds..... | 348,000 | 7 | J'ne & Dec. | 1874 | | | |
| Franklin Branch..... do | 528,000 | 7 | do | 1882 | | | <i>Detroit and Milwaukee</i> (\$3,500,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (N. Y.) | 1,014,000 | 7 | do | 1879 | | | 1st Mortgage, convertible..... | 2,500,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | | | |
| 2d do | 800,000 | 7 | do | 1881 | | | 2d do | 1,000,000 | 8 | do | 1864 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage, sinking fund, (Ohio) | 4,000,000 | 7 | do | 1876 | | | <i>Detroit, Monroe & Toledo</i> (\$734,000): | | | | | | | |
| 2d do | 4,000,000 | 7 | do | 1883 | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 734,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1876 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage S'k'g Fund (Buff. ex) | 2,000,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1884 | | | <i>Dubuque and Sioux City</i> (\$900,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st do S'k'g Fund (Silv. Creek) | 300,000 | 7 | do | 1884 | | | 1st Mortgage, 1st section..... | 300,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1863 | | | |
| Consolidated Bonds..... | 13,858,000 | 7 | do | 1895 | | | 1st do 2d section..... | 600,000 | 7 | do | 1894 | | | |
| <i>Atlantic & St. Lawrence</i> (\$1,472,000): | | | | | | | <i>Eastern, Mass.</i> (\$1,798,600): | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Bonds..... | 988,000 | 6 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1866 | | | Mortgage, convertible..... | 420,000 | 5 | Jan. & July | 1872 | | | |
| Sterling Bonds..... | 484,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1878 | | | do do | 730,200 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 1874 | | | |
| <i>Baltimore and Ohio</i> (\$10,112,584): | | | | | | | <i>East Pennsylvania</i> (\$598,000): | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage (S. F.) of 1834..... | 1,000,000 | 6 | Ja Ap Ju Oc | 1867 | | 90 1/2 | Sinking Fund Bonds..... | 598,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1888 | | | |
| do do 1855..... | 1,128,500 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1875 | | 96 | <i>Elmira & Williamsport</i> (\$1,570,000): | | | | | | | |
| do do 1850..... | 700,000 | 6 | do | 1880 | | 96 | 1st Mortgage..... | 1,000,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1873 | | 97 | |
| do do 1853..... | 2,500,000 | 6 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1885 | | 96 | <i>Erie Railway</i> (\$22,370,982): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Bellefontaine Line</i> (\$2,037,550): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 3,000,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1876 | 102 | | |
| 1st Mortgage (B. & I.) convertible. | 791,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 70-79 | | | 2d do convertible..... | 4,000,000 | 7 | M'ch & Sep | 1879 | 100 | 101 | |
| 2d do do | 116,000 | 7 | do | 1870 | | | 3d do | 6,000,000 | 7 | do | 1883 | 97 | | |
| 1st do (I. P. & C.)..... | 650,000 | 7 | do | 1870 | | | 4th do convertible..... | 4,441,600 | 7 | April & Oct | 1880 | | 96 | |
| 2d do do | 347,000 | 7 | do | | | | 5th do do | 926,500 | 7 | June & Dec | 1888 | | | |
| <i>Belvidere Delaware</i> (\$2,193,000): | | | | | | | Sterling convertible..... | 3,816,582 | 6 | M'ch & Sep | 1875 | | | |
| 1st Mort. (guar. C. and A.)..... | 1,000,000 | 6 | J'ne & Dec. | 1867 | | 82 | <i>Erie and Northeast</i> (\$149,000): | | | | | | | |
| 2d Mort. do | 500,000 | 6 | M'ch & Sep | 1885 | | | Mortgage..... | 149,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1870 | | | |
| 3d Mort. do | 589,500 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 1877 | | | <i>Gal. & Chic. U. (incl. in C. & N. W.):</i> | | | | | | | |
| <i>Blossburg and Corning</i> (\$150,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage, sinking fund..... | 1,963,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1882 | | | |
| Mortgage Bonds..... | 150,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1871 | | | 2d do do | 1,086,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | | 100 | |
| <i>Boston, Conc. & Montreal</i> (\$1,050,000): | | | | | | | <i>Grand Junction</i> (\$927,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 364,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1865 | | | Mortgage..... | 927,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1870 | | | |
| 1st do | 250,000 | 6 | do | 1865 | | | <i>Great Western, Ill.</i> (\$2,350,000): | | | | | | | |
| 2d do | 100,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1870 | | | 1st Mortgage West. Division..... | 1,000,000 | 10 | April & Oct | 1868 | | | |
| 2d do | 200,000 | 6 | do | 1870 | | | do East. do | 1,350,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1868 | | | |
| Sinking Fund Bonds..... | 200,000 | 6 | do | 1889 | | | <i>Hannibal & St. Joseph</i> (\$7,177,600): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Boston and Lowell</i> (\$400,000): | | | | | | | Land Grant Mortgage..... | 3,437,750 | 7 | April & Oct | 1881 | | | |
| Mortgage Bonds..... | 400,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1879 | | | Convertible Bonds..... | 633,600 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1883 | | | |
| <i>Buffalo, N. Y. and Erie</i> (\$2,395,000): | | | | | | | <i>Harrisburg & Lancaster</i> (\$700,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 2,000,000 | 7 | J'ne & Dec. | 1877 | | 96 | New Dollar Bonds..... | 700,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1883 | | | |
| 2d Mortgage..... | 395,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1872 | | | <i>Hartford & New Haven</i> (\$927,000): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Buffalo and State Line</i> (\$1,200,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 927,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 1883 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 500,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1866 | | | <i>Hartf., Fror. & Fishkill</i> (\$1,936,940): | | | | | | | |
| Income..... | 200,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 69-72 | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 1,037,500 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1876 | | | |
| Erie and Northeast..... | 400,000 | 7 | do | 1870 | | | 2d do sinking fund..... | 1,000,000 | 6 | do | 1876 | | | |
| <i>Camden and Amboy</i> (\$10,264,463): | | | | | | | <i>Housatonic</i> (\$191,000): | | | | | | | |
| Dollar Loans..... | 1,700,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 1883 | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 191,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1877 | | | |
| Dollar Loan..... | 867,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1889 | | | <i>Hudson River</i> (\$7,762,840): | | | | | | | |
| Consolidated (\$5,000,000) Loan..... | 4,269,400 | 6 | J'ne & Dec. | 1893 | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 3,890,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1870 | 100 | 101 1/2 | |
| <i>Camden and Atlantic</i> (\$983,000): | | | | | | | 1st do | 110,000 | 6 | do | 1869 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 490,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1873 | | | 2d do sinking fund..... | 1,907,000 | 7 | J'ne & Dec. | 1885 | | | |
| 2d do | 493,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1879 | | | 3d do | 192,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | | | |
| <i>Catawissa</i> (\$141,000): | | | | | | | Convertible..... | 523,000 | 7 | do | 1867 | 99 | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 141,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1882 | | | <i>Huntington & Broad Top</i> (\$1,436,082): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Central of New Jersey</i> (\$1,509,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 500,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1870 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 909,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1870 | 140 | | 2d do | 500,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug. | 1875 | | 82 | |
| 2d do | 600,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | | | <i>Illinois Central</i> (\$13,231,000): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Central Ohio</i> (\$3,673,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage, convertible..... | 6,837,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1875 | | 105 | |
| 1st Mortgage W. Div..... | 450,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1890 | 88 | | 1st do Sterling..... | 2,896,500 | 6 | do | 1875 | | | |
| 1st do E. Div..... | 800,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1890 | | | Redemption bonds..... | 2,563,000 | 6 | do | 1890 | | | |
| 2d do | 800,000 | 7 | M'ch & Sep | 1865 | | | <i>Indiana Central</i> (\$11,254,500): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cheshire</i> (\$600,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage, convertible..... | 600,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1866 | | | |
| Mortgage Bonds..... | 600,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 75-80 | | | 2d do | 364,000 | 10 | do | 1870 | | | |
| <i>Chicago and Alton</i> (\$3,619,000): | | | | | | | <i>Indianapolis and Cinc.</i> (\$1,362,284) | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage (Sk'g Fund), pref..... | 519,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1877 | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 500,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1866 | | | |
| 1st do | 2,400,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1893 | 98 | | <i>Indianapolis & Madison</i> (\$640,000): | | | | | | | |
| 2d do income..... | 1,100,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1883 | 88 | 90 | 1st Mortgage..... | 640,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1881 | | | |
| <i>Chic., Burl. and Quincy</i> (\$5,924,969): | | | | | | | <i>Jeffersonville</i> (\$621,000): | | | | | | | |
| Trust Mortgage (S. F.) convert..... | 467,000 | 8 | Jan. & July | 1883 | | | 2d Mortgage..... | 187,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1873 | | | |
| do do inconvert..... | 3,167,000 | 8 | do | 1883 | | | <i>Joliet and Chicago</i> (\$500,000): | | | | | | | |
| Bonds, (dated Sept. 20, 1870)..... | 680,000 | 7 | M'ch & Sep | 1890 | | | 1st Mortgage, sinking fund..... | 500,000 | 8 | Jan. & July | 1882 | | | |
| <i>Chicago and Gt. Eastern</i> (\$5,600,000): | | | | | | | <i>Joliet and N. Indiana</i> (\$800,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 5,600,000 | 7 | Ap'l & Oct. | 1895 | | | 1st mortgage..... | 800,000 | | Jan. & July | 1874 | | | |
| <i>Chicago and Milwaukee</i> (\$2,000,000): | | | | | | | <i>Kennebec and Portland</i> (\$1,280,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage (consolidated)..... | 2,000,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1898 | 85 | | 1st Mortgage..... | 800,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1870 | | | |
| <i>Chicago & Northwest</i> (\$12,020,483): | | | | | | | 2d do | 230,000 | 6 | do | 1861 | | | |
| Preferred Sinking Fund..... | 1,250,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1885 | 95 | | 3d do | 250,000 | 6 | do | 1862 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 3,600,000 | 7 | do | 1885 | 85 1/2 | | <i>La Crosse & Milwaukee</i> (\$1,903,000): | | | | | | | |
| Interest Bonds..... | 756,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1863 | 89 | | 1st Mortgage, Eastern Division..... | 903,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 872 | | | |
| Consol. S. F. Bonds, conv. till 1870 | 2,000,000 | 7 | Quarterly. | 1915 | 78 | 79 | 2d do do | 1,000,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1869 | | | |
| Extension Bonds..... | 484,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1885 | | | <i>Lehigh Valley</i> (\$1,477,000): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Chicago & Rock Island</i> (\$1,448,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 1,465,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 873 | | 92 | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 1,397,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1870 | | 102 | <i>Little Miami</i> (\$1,400,000): | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cinc., Ham. & Dayton</i> (\$1,629,000): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 1,300,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 883 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 379,000 | 7 | do | 1867 | | | <i>Little Schuylkill</i> (\$960,000): | | | | | | | |
| 2d do | 1,250,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1880 | | | 1st Mortgage, sinking fund..... | 960,000 | 7 | April & Oc | 877 | | 92 | |
| <i>Cincinnati & Zanesville</i> (\$1,300,000): | | | | | | | <i>Long Island</i> (\$932,000): | | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 1,300,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1893 | | | Mortgage..... | 500,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 870 | | | |
| <i>Cleveland, Col. and Cinc.</i> (\$491,500): | | | | | | | Extension Bonds..... | 225,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 890 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 491,500 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1890 | | | <i>Louisville and Nashville</i> (\$3,297,000) | | | | | | | |
| <i>Cleveland & Mahoning</i> (\$1,752,400): | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage..... | 1,804,000 | 7 | Feb. & Au | 883 | | | |
| 1st Mortgage..... | 850,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1873 | | | 1st Memphis Branch Mortgage..... | 300,56 | 7 | do | 883 | | | |
| 2d do | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST (continued).

| DESCRIPTION. | Amount outstanding. | INTEREST. | | Principal payable. | FRIDAY | | DESCRIPTION. | Amount outstanding. | INTEREST. | | Principal payable. | FRIDAY | |
|---|---------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------------|--------|-------|---|---------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------------|--------|-------|
| | | Rate. | Payable. | | Bid. | Ask'd | | | Rate. | Payable. | | Bid. | Ask'd |
| The sums placed after the name of Company show the total Funded Debt. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Railroad: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Naugatuck:</i> | | | | | | | <i>St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage (convertible)... | 300,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1876 | | | 1st Mortgage | | 7 | April & Oct. | | | |
| <i>N. Haven, N. London & Stonington:</i> | | | | | | | 2d do | 1,700,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1894 | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 450,000 | 7 | M'ch & Sep | 1861 | | | 2d do Income | | | | | | |
| 2d do | 200,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1868 | | | <i>Sandusky, Dayton and Cincinnati:</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>New Haven and Northampton:</i> | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage (extended) | 1,000,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1900 | | |
| 1st Mortgage | \$500,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1869 | | | 2d do | 201,500 | | May & Nov | 1875 | | |
| <i>New Jersey:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:</i> | | | | | | |
| Ferry Bonds of 1853 | 485,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug | 1873 | | | 1st Mortgage | 1,290,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1875 | | |
| <i>New London Northern:</i> | | | | | | | 2d do | | | | | | |
| 1st General Mortgage | 140,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1885 | | | <i>Second Avenue:</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>New York Central (\$14,627,443):</i> | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage | 500,000 | 7 | June & Dec | 1867 | | |
| Premium Sinking Fund Bonds | 6,917,598 | 6 | May & Nov | 1883 | 93 1/2 | | <i>Shamokin Valley and Pottsville:</i> | | | | | | |
| Bonds of October, 1863 (renewal) | 2,925,000 | 6 | June & Dec | 1887 | 91 | | 1st Mortgage | 700,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1872 | | |
| Real Estate Bonds | 165,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1883 | 87 | | <i>South Carolina:</i> | | | | | | |
| Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks) | 663,000 | 6 | do | 1876 | | | Sterling Loan | 2,000,000 | 5 | Jan. & July | 1866 | | |
| Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts) | 1,328,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1876 | | | Domestic Bonds | 1,070,000 | 5 | Various. | 68-74 | | |
| Bonds of August, 1859, convert. | 604,000 | 7 | do | 1876 | 105 | | <i>Staten Island:</i> | | | | | | |
| Bonds of 1865 | | 7 | do | 1876 | 107 | | 1st Mortgage | 200,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1871 | | |
| <i>New York and Harlem (\$6,098,045):</i> | | | | | | | <i>Syra. Bing. and N. Y. (\$1,595,191):</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st General Mortgage | 3,000,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1872 | 101 | | 1st Mortgage | 1,400,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1876 | | |
| Consolidated Mortgage | 1,000,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1893 | | | <i>Terre Haute and Indianapolis:</i> | | | | | | |
| 3d Mortgage | 1,000,000 | 7 | do | 1868 | 97 | | 1st Mortgage, convertible | 94,000 | 7 | Mch & Sept | 1866 | | |
| <i>N York and New Haven (\$2,000,000):</i> | | | | | | | <i>Third Avenue (N. Y.):</i> | | | | | | |
| Mortgage Bonds | 1,088,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1875 | 90 | | 1st Mortgage | 1,180,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1870 | | |
| <i>New York, Providence and Boston:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 232,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug | 73-78 | | | 1st Mortgage | 1,391,000 | 7 | June & Dec | 1894 | | |
| <i>Northern Central:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Toledo and Wabash:</i> | | | | | | |
| State Loans | 1,500,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | irred. | | | 1st Mort. (Toledo & Wabash) | 900,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1865 | 90 | |
| 2d Mortgage Sinking Fund | 2,500,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1885 | 86 | | 1st do (extended) | 2,500,000 | 7 | do | 1884 | | |
| <i>Northern New Hampshire:</i> | | | | | | | 2d do (Toledo and Wabash) | 1,000,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | 80 | |
| Plain Bonds | 220,700 | 6 | April & Oct | 1874 | | | 2d do (Wabash and Western) | 1,500,000 | 7 | do | 1875 | 80 | |
| <i>North Missouri:</i> | | | | | | | Sinking Fund Bonds (T. W. & W.) | 152,355 | 7 | do | 1865 | | |
| 1st General Mortgage | 6,000,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1896 | | | Equipment bonds | 600,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1874 | | |
| <i>North Pennsylvania:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Troy and Boston (\$1,452,000):</i> | | | | | | |
| Mortgage Bonds | 2,500,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1880 | 90 | | 1st Mortgage | 300,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1887 | | |
| Chattel Mortgage | 360,000 | 10 | do | 1887 | | | 2d do | 300,000 | 7 | Apr. & Oct. | 1885 | | |
| <i>North-Western Virginia:</i> | | | | | | | 3d do | 650,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1875 | | |
| 1st Mortgage (guar. by Baltimore) | 1,500,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1873 | | | Convertible | 200,000 | 7 | Mar. & Sep. | 1882 | | |
| 2d do (guar. by B. & O. RR.) | 1,000,000 | 6 | do | 1873 | 95 | | <i>Troy Union (\$680,000):</i> | | | | | | |
| 3d do (do do do) | 500,000 | 6 | do | 1885 | 87 1/2 | | Mortgage Bonds | 500,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1863 | | |
| 3d do (not guaranteed) | 500,000 | 6 | do | 1885 | | | do do | 180,000 | 6 | do | 1867 | | |
| <i>Norwich and Worcester:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Vermont Central:</i> | | | | | | |
| General Mortgage | 100,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1874 | | | 1st Mortgage | 2,000,000 | 7 | June & Dec | 1861 | | |
| Steamboat Mortgage | 300,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1870 | | | 2d do (no interest) | 1,135,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1867 | 30 | |
| <i>Ogdensburg and L. Champlain:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Vermont and Massachusetts:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 1,494,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1869 | | | 1st Mortgage | 550,600 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1883 | 102 | 103 |
| <i>Ohio and Mississippi:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Verm. Cen. & Verm. & Can. Bonds:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 2,900,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1872 | 90 | | Warren: | | | | | | |
| 2d do (W.D.) | 750,000 | 7 | do | 1874 | | | 1st Mortgage (guaranteed) | 600,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1875 | | |
| <i>Oswego & Rome (\$350,000):</i> | | | | | | | <i>Westchester and Philadelphia:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.) | 350,000 | 7 | May & Nov. | 1916 | | | 1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon | 399,300 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1873 | | |
| <i>Oswego and Syracuse (\$311,500):</i> | | | | | | | 2d do registered | 554,908 | 8 | April & Oct | 1878 | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 225,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 70-80 | | | <i>Western (Mass.):</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Pacific (S. W. Branch):</i> | | | | | | | Sterling (\$899,900) Bonds | 4,319,520 | 5 | April & Oct | 68-71 | | |
| Mortgage, guar. by Mo. | 1,139,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 72-87 | | | Dollar Bonds | 850,000 | 6 | do | 1875 | | |
| <i>Panama:</i> | | | | | | | Albany and W. Stockbridge Bonds | 1,000,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 66-76 | | |
| 1st Mortgage, sterling | 416,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1870 | | | Hudson and Boston Mortgage | 150,000 | 6 | June & Dec | D'm'd | | |
| 1st do do | 346,000 | 7 | do | 1875 | | | <i>Western Maryland:</i> | | | | | | |
| 2d do do | 1,150,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug. | 1872 | | | 1st Mortgage | 596,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1890 | 80 | |
| <i>Peninsula (Chic. & N. W.):</i> | | | | | | | 1st do, guaranteed | 200,000 | 6 | do | 1890 | 97 1/2 | |
| 1st Mortgage | 1,029,000 | 7 | Mch & Sept | 1884 | 80 | 85 | <i>York & Cumberland (North. Cent.):</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Pennsylvania:</i> | | | | | | | 1st Mortgage | 175,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1870 | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 4,980,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1880 | 100 | | 2d do | 25,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1871 | | |
| 2d do | 2,621,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1875 | 95 1/2 | 96 | Guaranteed (Baltimore) Bonds | 500,000 | 6 | do | 1877 | | |
| 2d do, sterling | 2,283,840 | 6 | do | 1875 | | | Canal | | | | | | |
| <i>Philadelphia and Baltimore Central:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Chesapeake and Delaware:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 575,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1876 | | | 1st Mortgage Bonds | 2,356,509 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1886 | | |
| <i>Philadelphia and Erie:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Chesapeake and Ohio:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage (Sunbury & Erie) | 1,000,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1877 | | | Maryland Loan | 2,000,000 | 6 | Ja Ap Ju Oc | 1870 | | |
| 1st do (general) | 5,000,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1881 | 90 | 91 | Sterling Bonds, guaranteed | 4,375,000 | 5 | do | 1890 | | |
| 2d do (general) | 4,000,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1901 | | | Preferred Bonds | 1,699,500 | 6 | do | 1885 | | |
| <i>Philadel., Germant. & Norristown:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Delaware Division:</i> | | | | | | |
| Consolidated Loan | 119,800 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1865 | | | 1st Mortgage | 800,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1878 | | 90 |
| Convertible Loan | 292,500 | 6 | do | 1885 | | | <i>Delaware and Hudson:</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Philadelphia and Reading:</i> | | | | | | | Mortgage, sinking fund | 641,000 | 7 | Mch & Sept | 1870 | | |
| Sterling Bonds of 1836 | 408,000 | 5 | Jan. & July | 1867 | | | <i>Erie of Pennsylvania:</i> | | | | | | |
| do do | 182,400 | 5 | do | 1880 | | | 1st Mortgage Bonds | 752,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1865 | | |
| Dollar Bonds of 1849 | 2,856,600 | 6 | April & Oct | 1870 | | 96 | Interest Bonds | 161,000 | 6 | do | 1868 | | |
| do do 1861 | 106,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1871 | | | <i>Lehigh Navigation: (\$3,081,434):</i> | | | | | | |
| do do 1843-4-8-9 | 1,521,000 | 6 | do | 1880 | | | Loan of 1871 | 414,158 | 6 | Mch & Sept | 1870 | | |
| Sterling Bonds of 1843 | 976,800 | 6 | do | 1880 | | | Loan of 1884 | 2,667,276 | 6 | do | 1884 | | 88 |
| Dollar Bonds, convertible | 564,000 | 6 | do | 1886 | 110 | | <i>Monongahela Navigation:</i> | | | | | | |
| Lebanon Valley Bonds, convertible | 60,000 | 7 | do | 1886 | 110 | | Mortgage Bonds | 182,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1876 | | |
| <i>Philadelphia and Trenton:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Morris:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 258,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1868 | | | Mortgage Bonds | 750,000 | 6 | April & Oct | 1876 | | 92 |
| <i>Philadel., Wilming. & Baltimore:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Pennsylvania & New York:</i> | | | | | | |
| Mortgage Loan | 692,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1884 | | | 1st Mortgage (North Branch) | 590,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1876 | | |
| <i>Pittsburg and Connellsville:</i> | | | | | | | <i>Schuylkill Navigation:</i> | | | | | | |
| 1st Mort. (Turtle Cr. Div.) | 400,000 | 6 | Feb. & Aug | 1889 | | | 1st Mortgage | 1,764,330 | 6 | Mch & Sept | 1872 | | |
| <i>P'tg. Ft. W. and Chic. (\$573,500)</i> | | | | | | | 2d do | 3,980,670 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1882 | | 82 |
| 1st Mortgage | 5,200,000 | 7 | Semi an'ally | 1912 | 102 | | Improvement | 586,500 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1870 | | |
| 2d do | 5,160,000 | 7 | do | 1912 | 95 | 96 | <i>Susquehanna and Tide-Water:</i> | | | | | | |
| 3d do | 2,000,000 | 7 | April & Oct | 1912 | 85 1/2 | 90 | Maryland Loan | 1,000,000 | 6 | Jan. & July | 1865 | | |
| <i>Akron Branch: 1st mortgage</i> | 200,000 | 7 | Jan. & July | 1884 | | | Coupon Bonds | 1,100,000 | 6 | do | 1878 | | 60 |
| <i>Pittsburg and Steubenville:</i> | | | | | | | Priority Bonds | 325,000 | 6 | do | 1864 | | |
| 1st Mortgage | 1,000,000 | 7 | Feb. & Aug | 1881 | | | <i>Union (Pa.):</i> | | | | | | |
| 2d do | 500,000 | 7 | do | 1881 | | | 1st Mortgage | 2,500,000 | 6 | May & Nov. | 1883 | | 24 |
| <i>Racine and Mississippi:</i> </ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, Dividend (Periods, Last paid), Capital, Assets. Lists various insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists petroleum companies like Adamantine Oil, Alleghany, Allen Wright, etc.

MINING STOCK LIST.—FRIDAY.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists mining companies under categories: Copper, Gold, Lead and Zinc, Iron, Coal, Miscellaneous.

MARINE MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP.—FRIDAY.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists marine insurance scrip companies like Atlantic, Commer, Gt West'n, etc.

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Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.

F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

THE UNITED STATES & BRAZIL

Mail Steamship Comp'y,



Under contract with the governments of the

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL For the carriage of the Mails, will despatch one of their

NEW FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS, each over 2,000 tons burden, ON THE 2ND OF EACH MONTH, commencing in JULY,

FROM THE PORT OF NEW YORK,

For the following named ports, at the following rates of passage, payable in coin:

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| New-York to St. Thomas | First Cabin, \$80 |
| New-York to Para..... | " \$150 |
| New-York to Pernambuco | " \$170 |
| New-York to Bahia..... | " \$180 |
| New-York to Rio de Janeiro..... | " \$200 |

Steerage at half these rates, meals included.

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each vessel. For further information, freight or passage, Apply to

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling Green.

The elegant sidewheel steamship "North America" L. F. Timmerman, commander, will sail Saturday, July 21, punctually at 3 o'clock P. M. from Pier 43 N.R.

GARRISON & ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling Green

Miscellaneous.

SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY.

We offer for sale the Seven Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the North Missouri Railroad Company, having thirty years to run. Coupons payable in New York on January 1 and July 1, in each year.

Before accepting the agency for sale of these bonds, we made careful inquiry into the condition and prospects of the road, which was examined by Mr. Wm. Milnor Roberts and others, on our behalf, and their highly satisfactory report enables us to recommend the bonds as first-class securities, and a safe and judicious investment.

The proceeds of these bonds (\$6,000,000 in all) will be used in extending a road, already completed 170 miles into North Missouri, to the Iowa State line, where it is to connect with the railroads of Iowa, and also westward to the junction with the Pacific Railroad (at Leavenworth) and other railroads leading up the Missouri River, so that the mortgage of \$5,000,000 will cover a complete and well-stocked road of 389 miles in length, costing at least \$10,000,000, with a net annual revenue after the first year of over \$1,500,000, or a sum nearly four times beyond the amount needed to pay the interest on these bonds, the income of the road of course increasing every year.

The Railroad connects the great City of St. Louis, with its 200,000 inhabitants, not only with the richest portions of Missouri, but with the States of Kansas and Iowa and the great Pacific Railroads.

To the first applicants we are prepared to sell \$500,000 at the low rate of 80 cents, desiring to obtain a better price for the remainder. This will yield about 9 per cent. income, and adds 20 per cent. to principal at maturity.

Any further inquiries will be answered at our office.

JAY, COOKE & CO.

Miscellaneous.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.
SPLENDID INVESTMENT.

The American Cotton Planting & Loan Co.

CAPITAL STOCK \$2,500,000
SHARES, \$25.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. SIMON CAMERON, Ex-Secretary of War.
Hon. JOS. A. GILMORE, Ex-Governor of New Hampshire.

Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, late Secretary of State, New York.

Hon. JAS. H. WALTON, late Treasurer U. S. Mint, Philadelphia.

Hon. N. B. BRYANT, Boston, Mass.

GEO. L. TRASK, Esq., firm Bigelow & Trask, N. Y.

THOS. COREY, Esq., firm of Corey, Wilson & Co., Boston.

ELIJAH F. DEWING, Esq., New Orleans.

Major H. O. BRIGHAM, late Paymaster, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

This Company offers greater inducements for investments than any Stock Company now in existence.

The object of the Company is to afford facilities to the impoverished Cotton and Sugar Planters of the South to grow and get their crop to market, always taking good and satisfactory security, by mortgage on their plantation and crops, for money advanced in procuring supplies, paying labor, and other necessary expenses incidental to the development of the soil.

CAPITAL AND LABOR

are the universal requirements of the largest portion of

THE SOUTHERN STATES,

and when judiciously applied, no matter by whom furnished, will restore that portion of our unfortunate country to its former prosperity, and make the South all that nature designed it.

THE GARDEN OF THE WORLD.

Books opened for the sale of the Stock at the office of the Company; also at the office of WALTON, BRYANT & CO., No. 17 Broad street, New York.

Send for Circular.

STORAGE,

No Cotton Taken,

IN FIRST-CLASS WAREHOUSES,

Nos. 115, 117, 119, 121, & 123,

Greenwich Street.

R. P. GETTY & SON,

115 GREENWICH STREET.

Dividends.

LONG ISLAND INSURANCE COMPANY, }
No. 48 WALL STREET, July 6, 1866. }

DIVIDEND.—A CASH DIVIDEND OF Four per cent. to stockholders has this day been declared payable on demand. Also a scrip dividend of FORTY PER CENT.

to policy holders, entitled to participate in the profits of the Company, for which certificates will be issued on the 1st of September, 1866.

WM. W. HENSHAW, Secretary.

Insurance.

ÆTNA INSURANCE Co.,

Hartford, Conn.

INCORPORATED 1819.

Capital..... \$3,000,000

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH CHURCH

ROBERT BURLE,

EBENEZER FLOWER,

ELIPHALET A. BULKELEY,

ROLAND MATHER,

SAMUEL S. WARD,

AUSTIN DUNHAM,

GUSTAVUS F. DAVIS,

EDWIN D. MORGAN, of New York.

DRAYTON HILLYER,

THOS. A. ALEXANDER,

WALTER KENEY,

CHAS. H. BRAINARD,

WILLIAM F. TUTTLE,

GEORGE ROBERTS,

THOMAS K. BRACE,

ERASTUS COLLINS,

ASSETS, Jan. 1, 1866,..... \$4,067,455 80

Liabilities,..... 244,391 43

NEW YORK AGENCY,

No. 62 Wall Street.

JAMES A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Insurance.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

NO. 175 BROADWAY, N.

CASH CAPITAL,..... \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1866 205,989 83

TOTAL ASSETS \$705,989 83

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insu-

RANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

CASH ASSETS, Sept. 1st, 1865, OVER \$13,500,000 00

FREDERICK S. WINSTON, President.

R. A. McCURDY, Vice-President.

Secretaries, (ISAAC ABBATT,

THEO. W. MORRIS,

Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.

H O P E

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, NO. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$200,000 00

Assets, March 9, 1866 - - - - - 252,551 22

Total Liabilities - - - - - 26,850 00

Losses Paid in 1865 - - - - - 201,588 14

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on as favorable terms as any other responsible Company.

ONLY FIRST CLASS RISKS SOLICITED.

Board of Directors:

HENRY M. TABER, THOS. P. CUMMINGS,

JOSEPH FOULKE, ROBERT SCHELL,

STEP. CAMBRELENG, WILLIAM H. TERRY,

THEODORE W. RILEY, FRED. SCHUCHARDT,

JACOB REESE, JOSEPH GRAFTON,

JNO. W. MERSEREAU, L. B. WARD,

D. LYDIG SUYDAM, JOSEPH BRITTON,

WILLIAM REMSEN, AMO. ROBBINS,

HENRY S. LEVERICH.

JACOB REESE, President.

CHAS. D. HARTSHORNE, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

NO. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL,..... \$1,000,000

SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1865..... 270,353

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash Dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.

JONATHAN D. STEELE, President.

P. NOTMAN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JANUARY 1st 1866.

Cash capital..... \$400,000 00

Surplus..... 156,303 98

Gross Assets..... \$556,303 98

Total Liabilities..... 24,550 00

DORAS L. STONE,

President.

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS,)

49 WALL STREET.

ASSETS, Dec. 31, 1865 - - \$2,716,424 32

DIVIDEND THIRTY PER CENT.

This Company insures against Marine Risks on Vessels, Freight, and Cargo; also, against Inland Navigation Risks.

Premiums paid in gold will be entitled to a return premium in gold.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, Pres't.

EDWARD P. ANTHONY, Vice-Pres't

ISAAC H. WALKER, Sec'y.

Insurance.

Marine & Fire Insurance.

METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO.,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital..... \$1,000,000
Assets Nov. 1, 1865, over..... 1,600,000

This Company insures at customary rates of premium against all Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Cargo or Freight; also against loss or damage by Fire.

If Premiums are paid in Gold, Losses will be paid in Gold.

The Assured receive twenty-five per cent of the net profits, without incurring any liability, or, in lieu thereof, at their option, a liberal discount upon the premium.

All losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Scrip Dividend declared Jan. 10, 1865, **FIFTY PER CENT.**

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President,
ROBERT M. C. GRAHAM, Vice President,
JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, JR., 2d V. P.
HENRY H. PORTER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866..... \$1,366,699

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

The Company has paid to its Customers, up to the present time, Losses amounting to over

EIGHTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

For the past nine years the cash dividends paid to Stockholders, made from ONE-THIRD of the net profits, have amounted in the aggregate to

One Hundred and Twenty-one and a half per cent.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company will hereafter make such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

Joseph Walker, Aaron L. Reid,
James Freeland, Ellwood Walter,
Samuel Willets, D. Colden Murray,
Robert L. Taylor, E. Haydock White,
William T. Frost, N. L. McCready,
William Watt, Daniel T. Willets,
Henry Eyre, L. Edgerton,
Cornelius Grinnell, Henry R. Kunhardt,
E. E. Morgan, John S. Williams,
Her. A. Schleicher, William Nelson, Jr.,
Joseph Slagg, Charles Dimon,
Jas. D. Fish, A. William Heye,
Geo. W. Hennings, Harold Dollner,
Francis Hathaway, Paul N. Spofford.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President,
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-Prest.
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Pacific Mutual Insurance

COMPANY,

(TRINITY BUILDING,)

111 BROADWAY.

Assets, Jan. 1st, 1866..... \$1,164,380

DIVIDEND TWENTY PER CENT.

This company insures against MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION Risks, on cargo and freight.

No time risks or risks upon hulls of vessels are taken.

The profits of the Company ascertained from January 10, 1855, to January 1, 1865, for which certificates were issued amount to..... \$1,707,310

Additional profits from January 1, 1865, to January 1, 1866..... 189,024

Total profit for eleven years..... \$1,896,334

The certificates previous to 1863 have been redeemed in cash..... \$1,107,24

NEW YORK, Feb. 20, 1866.

ALFRED EDWARDS, President.
WM. LECONY, Vice-President.
THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF

The Atlantic Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

NEW YORK, JANUARY 27TH, 1866,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1865.

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1865, to 31st December, 1865..... \$6,933,146 80

Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1865..... 2,019,324 73

Total amount of Marine Premiums.. \$8,952,471 53

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1865 to 31st December, 1865..... \$6,764,146 38

Losses paid during the same period..... \$3,659,178 45

Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$992,341 44

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks, \$4,828,585 00

Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise..... 3,330,350 00

Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, 221,260 00

Dividends on Stocks, Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and other Loans, sundry notes, re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at..... 144,964 43

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.. 3,233,801 96

Cash in Bank, Coin..... 80,462 00

do do U. S. Treasury Note Currency..... 310,551 78

Total Amount of Assets..... \$12,199,975 17

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February ext.

Fifty per cent of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1864, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Sixth of February next, from which date interest on the amount, so redeemable, will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty-five Per-Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1865,

for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Third of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones, Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis, Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore, Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit, Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis, J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell, Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook, C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston, B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps, Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow, Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot, Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.
William E. Dodge, Gordon W. Burnham,
Geo. G. Hobson, Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane, James Low,
James Bryce, George S. Stephenson,
Leroy M. Wiley, William H. Webb,
Daniel S. Miller.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't,
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.

Miscellaneous.

To CAPITALISTS.

Attention is called to the

SEVEN PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

OSWEGO AND ROME RAILROAD COMPANY.

Interest guaranteed and payable by the

ROME, WATERTOWN & OGDENSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,

in the City of New York, on the

First Days of May and November.

These Bonds are a strictly **FIRST-CLASS SECURITY,**

and will be sold on terms that render them a very cheap and

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT.

Further information on application to

S. W. HOPKINS & CO.,
69 & 71 Broadway.

Bankers, Merchants,

And others should send by the

HARDEN EXPRESS, 65 Broadway, as they have unsurpassed facilities for the rapid and safe forwarding of **GOLD, SILVER, JEWELRY, & MERCHANDISE** of every description. Also for the collection of notes, drafts and bills, bills accompanying goods, etc.

Bankers and Brokers.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorney, in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

52 Exchange Place, New York.

Lawrence

Brothers

& Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 16 WALL STREET, N. Y. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND OTHER STOCKS, BONDS, &c., bought and sold on Commission for CASH ONLY. Deposits received subject to check at sight, as with Banks.

DEWITT C. LAWRENCE,

Member New York Stock Exchange.

CYRUS J. LAWRENCE,

JOHN R. CECIL,

late Butler, Cecil, Rawson & Co.

WM. A. HALSTED.

C. POWELL, GREEN & CO.

Bankers & Commission

MERCHANTS,

38 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds and Governments bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

CULVER, PENN & Co.,

BANKERS,

19 & 21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, Receive Deposits from Banks, Bankers and others. Orders for the Purchase and Sale of Government Securities receive particular attention. Special attention is given to the transaction of all business connected with the **Treasury Department.**

S. W. DANA,

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
No. 30 PINE STREET, ROOM 4.

Exchange on London and Paris bought and sold on Commission—also Gold Stocks, Bonds, and Gold.

REFERENCES AND SECURITIES.

Messrs. Ward & Co., Wm. & John O. Brien, Weston & Gray, McIlvaine Bro's, Washington Murray, Esq New York.

Banks and Bankers.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital \$5,000,000

NASSAU STREET, N. E. COR. PINE STREET

All the Government Loans for sale.

Collections made for Dealers on best terms.

Tenth National Bank,

No. 240 BROADWAY.

Designated Depository of the Government.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital \$3,000,000.

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and Country accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United State and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen

NATIONAL BANK.

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

D. C. & R. H. FISK,

DEALERS IN U. S. SECURITIES,

NO. 16 NASSAU STREET,

UNDER THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,

Buy and Sell at Market Rates:

- U. S. 6s of 1881.
- U. S. 5-20 Bonds.
- U. S. 10-40 Bonds.
- U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes.
- U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness.
- U. S. Compound Interest Notes.

And all classes of Government Securities.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS

AND
No. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers in a parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits

LOCKWOOD & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 94 BROADWAY AND No. 6 WALL ST
Dealers in Government and other Securities.

Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

B. C. MORRIS & SON,

STOCK COMMISSION HOUSE,

NO. 17 WILLIAM STREET.

Government Securities, Railways, Petroleum, Mining, Insurance Stocks and Scrip Miscellaneous shares of all descriptions, bought and sold at the different Stock Boards.

Collections made in all the States and Canadas.

For the more thorough protection of all—both Broker and "Principal"—our business will be conducted entirely on the basis of Certified Checks; none given or received unless certified.

To more fully enable us to carry out this principle, although starting with a sufficient capital, all parties giving orders for stocks, of whatever description or amount, will be required to cover same with probable amount at time of leaving order. Receipts for such deposits given until stocks are delivered.

No Stocks purchased or sold on "Option."

Out-of-town orders solicited, and those complying with above requirements will receive special and prompt attention.

Quotations can be had daily upon application, or will be furnished if desired.

Bankers and Brokers.

JAY COOKE, }
WM. G. MOORHEAD, }
H. D. COOKE, }
H. C. FAHNESTOCK, }
EDWARD DODGE, }
PITT COOKE. }

JAY COOKE & Co.,
BANKERS.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

March 1, 1866.

VERMILYE & Co.,
BANKERS.

No. 44 Wall Street, New York,
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery a issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

- INCLUDING
- 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881.
- 6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
- 6 " " " 1861,
- 6 " " " 1865,
- 5 Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
- 7 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series,
- 6 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,

BANKERS,

35 WALL STREET,
NEW YORK.

Are prepared to draw Sterling Bills of Exchange, at sight, or sixty days, on the

Union Bank of London,

in sums to suit purchasers; and also to issue Circular Letters of Credit, on this Bank, for Travellers' use.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on Commission.

ORDERS FOR SECURITIES EXECUTED ABROAD

Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to Cheques at sight.

Prompt attention given to the Collection of Dividends, Drafts, &c

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States.

CORN, TWEEDIE & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

No. 30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Gold, Foreign Exchange and Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

ADOLPHUS M. CORN, DAVID TWEEDIE,
Members of the New York Gold Exchange.
EDWIN D. FOSTER,
Member of the New York Stock Exchange.

Banks and Bankers.

W. H. WHITTINGHAM,

No. 8 Broad Street.

COMMERCIAL PAPER

Bought, Sold and Collected.

STOCKS,

BONDS,

GOLD, AND

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Eastern Bankers.

Burnett, Drake & Co.,

BANKERS,

BOSTON.

GOLD, STOCK, AND BOND BROKERS.

Personal attention given to the purchase and sale of Stocks and Bonds at the Boston Brokers' Board.

Page, Richardson & Co.,

114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

AND

JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.

ALSO ISSUE
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent.
TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Southern Bankers.

A. G. CATTELL, Pres't. }
A. WHILLDIN, V. Pres't. } **Capital,**
\$500,000

The Corn Exchange

NATIONAL BANK,

PHILADELPHIA.

Attends to **business of Banks & Bankers** on liberal terms.

J. W. TORREY, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,
OF RICHMOND, VA.,

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the Government.

Collections made in this city and all accessible points in the South.

H. G. FANT, President.
S. A. GLOVER, Cashier.

Western Bankers.

J. B. CHAFFEE, Pres.
H. J. ROGERS, V. Pres. GEO. T. CLARK, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF DENVER,

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE U. S.

Authorized Capital - - - - \$500,000
Paid in Capital - - - - \$200,000

Transact a General Banking business corner of Blake and F. Sts. **DENVER, COLORADO.**

GEO. T. CLARK & CO., BANKERS,
CENTRAL CITY, COLORADO.

The Stockholders of the First National Bank of Denver, constitute the firm, and are responsible for all Deposits and Business transacted by the House.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.