Minneapolis–St. Paul, MN–WI National Compensation Survey November 1999



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Preface

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, or call (202) 691–6199, or send e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://stats.bls.gov/comhome.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are in three formats: An ASCII file containing the published table formats; an ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet; and a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the entire bulletin.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are also available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Minneapolis–St. Paul, MN–WI, metropolitan area. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and several appendixes with detailed information on occupational classifications and the generic leveling methodology.

NCS products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides data on occupational wages and employee benefits for localities, broad geographic regions, and the Nation as a whole. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence of benefit plans and their provisions. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households), as explained in Appendix A. Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for

detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational groups. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational groups; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational groups; these estimates also are limited to the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers. These iterations correspond to those presented in tables 2–1, 2–2, and 2–3. For each published occupation, these percentiles relate to the average hourly earnings of jobs surveyed in establishments. The percentiles do not relate to the hourly earnings of individual workers in these establishment jobs.

Appendix table 1 provides the employment scope of this survey. The occupation employment estimates relate to all employers in the area, rather than just to those surveyed. Appendix table 2 presents the number of establishments studied by industry group and employment size. The median work levels for published occupations are presented in appendix table 3.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

		Total		Priv	ate industry	1	State and	l local gover	nment
Walter and askabilaharan shaharan shairi	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	
Worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	weekly hours ³	Mean	Relative error ² (percent)	Mean weekly hours ³
Total	\$18.65	2.1	35.7	\$18.16	2.6	35.3	\$20.85	2.6	37.4
Worker characteristics: ⁴									
White-collar occupations ⁵ Professional specialty and technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support Blue-collar occupations ⁵ Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Service occupations ⁵ Full time Part time Union Nonunion	21.92 25.50 29.29 19.94 13.85 15.69 18.23 14.66 16.55 11.82 10.65 19.92 10.58	2.4 3.0 3.4 12.8 2.3 2.5 4.0 2.9 7.0 4.0 3.3 2.1 2.8	37.1 37.8 40.9 30.2 37.1 38.2 40.0 39.3 38.0 34.0 28.0 40.1 20.9	21.81 25.37 29.44 19.96 13.91 15.50 18.13 14.66 16.73 11.21 9.12 19.55 10.18	3.0 4.0 4.0 12.8 2.9 2.7 4.5 2.9 7.9 3.7 2.3 2.6 3.1	36.9 37.8 41.1 30.2 37.1 38.1 40.0 39.3 38.3 33.5 26.7 40.3 20.7	22.29 25.81 28.61 - 13.65 17.82 18.96 - 15.36 17.83 16.59 21.41 14.00 20.77 21.30	3.0 3.1 6.1 - 2.5 2.2 2.2 - 3.8 3.2 4.6 2.7 4.8 3.2 6.9	37.9 37.8 40.1 - 37.4 38.8 40.0 - 35.6 40.0 34.4 39.4 23.1 38.1 34.0
Time	18.36 25.23	2.0 12.9	35.3 35.6 37.2	17.77 25.23	2.5 12.9	35.4 35.2 37.2	20.85	2.6	37.4
Goods producing Service producing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	19.64 –	3.2	39.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
50-99 workers ⁷	15.44 16.75 20.87	9.5 3.6 2.8	32.7 35.5 36.6	15.44 16.65 20.80	9.5 3.7 4.0	32.8 35.6 36.1	_ 19.16 21.01	- 8.9 2.7	- 35.0 37.7

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

industries applies to private industry only.

7 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. $^{\rm 3}$ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

⁴ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially

bonuses.

5 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

6 Classification of establishments into goods-producing and service-producing

fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
All	\$18.65	2.1	\$18.16	2.6	\$20.85	2.6
All excluding sales	18.57	2.0	18.01	2.5	20.86	2.6
White collar	21.92	2.4	21.81	3.0	22.29	3.0
White collar excluding sales	22.15	2.3	22.10	2.9	22.31	3.0
Destancianal anneights and technical	05.50	2.0	05.07	4.0	05.04	2.4
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty	25.50 26.73	3.0 2.4	25.37 26.75	4.0 3.3	25.81 26.69	3.1 3.2
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	29.12	3.1	29.55	2.4	20.03	5.2
Electrical and electronic engineers	25.60	6.2	25.60	6.2	_	_
Mechanical engineers	28.93	4.5	28.93	4.5	_	_
Engineers, n.e.c.	29.61	4.3	30.60	2.8	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	28.57	6.7	29.71	6.6	20.65	3.6
Computer systems analysts and scientists Operations and systems researchers and	29.81	6.7	31.50	5.6	20.65	3.6
analysts	26.09	5.6	26.09	5.6	_	_
Natural scientists	20.98	7.3	21.59	8.0	19.61	12.8
Physical scientists, n.e.c.	31.14	6.0	_	_	_	_
Health related	25.69	4.3	25.81	5.3	25.27	3.8
_ Registered nurses	24.22	2.6	23.60	3.2	26.42	3.5
Teachers, college and university	30.31	7.1	30.22	8.9	30.35	9.2
Art, drama, and music teachers	35.77	3.8	_	-	_	_
Trade and industrial teachers	29.25	6.7	_	_	_	_
Other post-secondary teachers	20.39 28.29	3.2 4.3	16.87	12.1	29.82	3.5
Teachers, except college and university Prekindergarten and kindergarten	25.60	16.2	10.07	12.1	30.50	3.3
Elementary school teachers	29.08	6.7	23.13	10.1	29.46	7.0
Secondary school teachers	31.16	1.8	29.60	8.4	31.19	1.8
Teachers, special education	29.19	2.9	_	_	-	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.34	10.0	16.22	7.4	_	_
Vocational and educational counselors	22.34	4.3	_	_	_	_
Librarians, archivists, and curators	26.02	12.1	_	_	25.29	20.0
Librarians	27.23	13.0	_	_	25.29	20.0
Social scientists and urban planners	20.04	9.0	19.67	10.0	-	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	18.86	8.2	15.77	11.9	21.83	3.5
Social workers	18.58	8.5	14.76	10.1	22.06	3.4
Lawyers and judges	28.96	6.8	_	_	_	_
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	28.96	6.8	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	23.74	8.0	26.04	9.2	19.17	9.2
Professional, n.e.c.	25.14	11.7	29.29	13.1	-	- 5.2
Technical	21.98	10.2	22.48	11.3	18.33	3.8
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.14	4.8	18.38	4.7	-	_
Licensed practical nurses	15.20	4.4	14.60	2.6	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	15.05	6.2	15.22	6.8	13.51	6.0
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.81	7.0	_	_	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	20.22	1.9	20.33	2.6	_	_
Drafters	17.44	4.9	17.42	5.0	-	_
Science technicians, n.e.c.	15.15	7.2		_	-	_
Computer programmers	20.99	3.6	20.93	3.7	_	_
Legal assistants	22.54	6.5	22.70	6.8	-	_
Technical and related, n.e.c	22.61	14.5	24.60	13.4	15.50	3.5
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.29	3.4	29.44	4.0	28.61	6.1
Executives, administrators, and managers	34.75	4.9	34.87	5.7	34.21	7.0
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.34	6.3	_	_	27.34	6.3
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	37.15	9.4	37.16	9.5	-	_
relations	43.01	9.4	43.01	9.4	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	35.62	9.6	16.81	8.3	38.77	8.0
Managers, medicine and health	30.32	10.4	30.60	11.5	_	_
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	23.72	14.7	22.87	16.4	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	35.21	9.1	35.29	9.3	_	_
Management related	23.95	4.3	24.09	5.1	23.31	3.8
Accountants and auditors	25.77	10.8	26.75	11.3	20.13	2.4
Other financial officers	26.00	13.7	26.45	17.2	_	_

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	T	otal	Private	industry		and local rnment
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued Management related –Continued						
Management analysts	\$26.65	11.6	\$26.82	14.4	_	_
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	21.29	6.3	21.15	6.8	_	-
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	20.28 20.95	14.3 8.7	20.17	9.7	- \$24.35	9.2
					,	
Sales	19.94	12.8	19.96	12.8	_	-
Supervisors, sales	22.58	11.8	22.58	11.8	_	_
Sales, other business services	29.52	37.2	29.52	37.2	_	_
and wholesale	31.76	12.4	31.76	12.4	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	10.55	6.8	10.55	6.8	_	_
Cashiers	8.37	2.2	8.29	2.2	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	13.85	2.3	13.91	2.9	13.65	2.5
Secretaries	14.45	3.8	14.51	5.2	14.35	4.9
Typists	11.49	5.6	_	_	_	_
Receptionists	11.27	3.0	11.19	3.2	. –	<u>-</u> .
Library clerks	11.03	4.4	_	_	11.03	4.4
Records clerks, n.e.c.	13.76	11.2	13.82	11.9	- 47.50	- 0.4
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Billing clerks	13.38 13.00	6.7 8.2	12.52 13.00	7.0 8.2	17.53	6.4
Dispatchers	23.58	20.9	13.00	0.2	_	
Production coordinators	14.15	5.6	14.15	5.6	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.80	5.1	13.80	5.1	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.21	3.7	13.00	3.5	_	_
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and						
investigators	14.79	8.9	14.79	8.9	_	-
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance General office clerks	14.19 12.85	4.2 2.8	14.19 12.28	4.2 3.7	_ 13.79	3.0
Data entry keyers	10.99	4.9	10.99	4.9	13.79	3.0
Teachers' aides	11.86	4.4	-	_	12.01	4.5
Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.59	3.9	12.36	4.9	13.21	4.9
Blue collar	15.69	2.5	15.50	2.7	17.82	2.2
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.23	4.0	18.13	4.5	18.96	2.2
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.26	5.1	-	-	-	
Heavy equipment mechanics	18.90	2.0	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	19.25	3.5	19.25	3.5	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	17.34	4.7	17.34	4.7	_	-
Carpenters	20.06	4.9	20.25	10.3	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters Supervisors, production	23.43 22.92	1.0	23.44 22.92	1.0 6.7	_	_
Tool and die makers	22.65	2.0	22.65	2.0	_	_
Machinists	18.23	6.8	18.17	6.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.04	8.3	10.04	8.3	_	_
Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c	16.44	8.8	16.44	8.8	-	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.82	24.5	20.82	24.5	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.66	2.9	14.66	2.9	_	_
Punching and stamping press operators	13.03	8.9	13.03	8.9	-	-
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	14.23	6.8	14.23	6.8	-	-
Printing press operators	17.61	11.5	17.61	11.5	-	_
Slicing and cutting machine operators	15.73 13.47	3.5 8.4	15.73 13.47	3.5 8.4	_	_
Welders and cutters	16.40	4.3	16.40	4.3	_	-
Assemblers	15.34	3.0	15.34	3.0	_	_
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c.	13.23	15.9	13.23	15.9	-	-
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	13.93	7.8	13.93	7.8	_	_

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Blue collar -Continued							
Transportation and material moving	\$16.55	7.0	\$16.73	7.9	\$15.36	3.8	
Truck drivers	19.33	6.0	19.53	5.8	_	_	
Bus drivers	13.70	7.1	_	_	15.30	4.2	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.69	4.8	14.69	4.8	-	-	
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	16.20	4.2	16.20	4.2	_	_	
,							
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.82	4.0	11.21	3.7	17.83	3.2	
Production helpers	11.86	6.1	11.86	6.1	_	-	
Stock handlers and baggers	11.79	4.0	11.79	4.0	_	-	
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.76	13.8	12.76	13.8	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	14.49	14.3	14.49	14.3	_	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	9.91	3.3	9.64	3.1	-	_	
Service	10.65	3.3	9.12	2.3	16.59	4.6	
Protective service	18.06	5.3	13.15	7.0	18.93	5.6	
Firefighting	15.87	7.2	- 10.10		15.87	7.2	
Police and detectives, public service	22.76	4.1	_		22.75	4.2	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	22.70	7.1			22.70	7.2	
officers	18.77	5.8	_	_	18.77	5.8	
Correctional institution officers	16.43	13.2	_	_	16.43	13.2	
Guards and police, except public service	13.07	6.2	_	_	10.43	13.2	
Food service	8.15	3.0	8.04	3.0	10.67	6.1	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.39	4.1	6.39	3.0 4.1	10.67	0.1	
	7.14	5.1	7.14	5.1	_	_	
Bartenders		-	l	-	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	5.31	5.3	5.31	5.3	_	_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	8.17	2.8	8.17	2.8	-	_	
Other food service	8.66	4.2	8.54	4.3	10.67	6.1	
Cooks	10.08	4.4	10.04	4.4	_	_	
Food counter, fountain, and related	7.96	14.4	7.96	14.4	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.31	8.1	7.19	7.8	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.05	4.7	7.84	4.8	10.51	7.5	
Health service	9.98	3.2	9.90	3.4	11.17	5.4	
Health aides, except nursing	10.87	5.3	10.84	5.5	_	_	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.82	3.3	9.72	3.4	11.14	5.9	
Cleaning and building service Supervisors, cleaning and building service	11.04	5.8	9.79	4.4	15.33	6.3	
workers	16.08	8.1	15.57	8.1			
		7.1		8.1 7.1	_	_	
Maids and housemen	8.80		8.81		15.00		
Janitors and cleaners	11.23	7.0	9.75	5.1	15.28	6.4	
Personal service	10.53	5.8	9.76	6.8	14.12	11.3	
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	7.86	10.6	7.86	10.6	_	_	
Welfare service aides	9.24	10.1	_	_			
Early childhood teachers' assistants	14.27	12.9		<u> </u>	14.33	13.0	
Child care workers, n.e.c.	8.28	3.9	8.28	3.9	_	-	
Service, n.e.c.	9.75	8.0	9.75	8.0	_	I –	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" and the relative standard error.

a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
AII	\$19.92	2.1	\$19.55	2.6	\$21.41	2.7	
All excluding sales	19.65	2.0	19.18	2.4	21.42	2.7	
White collar	22.91	2.5	22.95	3.0	22.78	3.3	
White collar excluding sales	22.73	2.4	22.71	3.0	22.79	3.3	
Professional specialty and technical	26.08	3.1	25.99	4.2	26.27	3.1	
Professional specialty	27.10	2.5	27.17	3.4	26.99	3.2	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	29.12	3.1	29.55	2.4	_	_	
Electrical and electronic engineers	25.60	6.2	25.60	6.2	_	_	
Mechanical engineers	28.93	4.5	28.93	4.5	_	_	
Engineers, n.e.c.	29.61	4.3	30.60	2.8	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	28.57	6.7	29.71	6.6	20.65	3.6	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	29.81	6.7	31.50	5.6	20.65	3.6	
Operations and systems researchers and		•					
analysts	26.09	5.6	26.09	5.6	_	_	
Natural scientists	20.98	7.3	21.59	8.0	19.61	12.8	
Physical scientists, n.e.c.	31.14	6.0	_		_	_	
Health related	26.76	5.6	27.44	7.4	24.95	3.9	
Registered nurses	24.83	3.5	24.27	4.9	26.16	3.4	
Teachers, college and university	30.56	7.2	30.88	9.0	_	_	
Teachers, except college and university	28.61	4.4	16.39	13.0	30.06	3.6	
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.24	16.9	_	_	_	_	
Elementary school teachers	29.09	6.7	23.15	10.1	29.46	7.0	
Secondary school teachers	31.17	1.8	29.95	10.0	31.19	1.8	
Teachers, special education	29.91	2.1	_	-	_	_	
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.03	10.2	_	_	_	_	
Vocational and educational counselors	22.34	4.3	_	_	_	_	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	26.69	12.6	_	_	25.41	20.4	
Librarians	28.16	12.9	_	_	25.41	20.4	
Social scientists and urban planners	20.25	9.4	19.88	10.5			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	19.14	9.0	15.92	12.9	22.26	3.3	
Social workers	18.80	9.1	14.84	11.0	22.26	3.3	
Lawyers and judges	29.55	7.2	-	_	_	_	
Lawyers	29.55	7.2	_	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c.	24.06	8.2	26.24	9.3	19.43	9.7	
Professional, n.e.c.	25.14	11.7	29.29	13.1	_	_	
Technical	22.93	11.2	23.44	12.2	18.73	3.4	
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	17.81	5.2	18.09	5.2	_	_	
Licensed practical nurses	14.68	3.9	14.68	3.9	_	_	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	15.44	5.3	15.76	5.3	_	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.81	7.0	_		_	_	
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	20.22	1.9	20.33	2.6	_	_	
Drafters	17.44	4.9	17.42	5.0	_	_	
Science technicians, n.e.c.	15.07	7.9	_	_	_	_	
Computer programmers	20.99	3.6	20.93	3.7	_	_	
Legal assistants	22.54	6.5	22.70	6.8	_	_	
Technical and related, n.e.c.	23.68	13.7	24.64	13.4	-	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.37	3.4	29.49	3.9	28.78	6.3	
Executives, administrators, and managers	34.88	4.8	35.02	5.6	34.21	7.0	
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.34	6.3	-	-	27.34	6.3	
Financial managers	37.15	9.4	37.16	9.5	_	-	
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	40.04	0.4	40.04	0.4			
relations	43.01	9.4	43.01	9.4	_ 20.77		
Administrators, education and related fields	36.77	8.9	-	11.5	38.77	8.0	
Managers, medicine and health	30.32	10.4	30.60	11.5	_	_	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	23.72	14.7	22.87	16.4	_	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	35.21	9.1	35.29	9.3	-	-	
Management related	23.98	4.3	24.09	5.1	23.48	3.6	
Accountants and auditors	25.77	10.8	26.75	11.3	20.13	2.4	
Other financial officers	26.00	13.7	26.45	17.2	_	_	
Management analysts	26.65	11.6	26.82	14.4	_	_	
Personnel, training, and labor relations	24.24		04.45	60			
specialists	21.31	6.3	21.15	6.8	_	-	

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
	Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁴ (percen
White co	ollar –Continued						
-	the administrative and managed October						
	Itive, administrative, and managerial –Continued Management related –Continued						
IV	Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	\$20.28	14.3	_	_	_	_
	Management related, n.e.c.	21.04	8.9	\$20.17	9.7	_	_
٠.	·		400				
Sales	Cupariagra calca	25.04	12.8	25.06	12.8	_	_
	Supervisors, sales	22.58 32.29	11.8 37.2	22.58 32.29	11.8 37.2	_	_
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	32.29	37.2	32.29	37.2	_	_
	and wholesale	31.76	12.4	31.76	12.4	_	_
	Sales workers, other commodities	11.29	7.6	11.29	7.6	_	_
	Cashiers	10.67	7.3	-	-	-	_
A .1	sistenting arms and in about the state of	4444		44.00		#40.00	
Admir	nistrative support, including clerical	14.14	2.6	14.23	3.2	\$13.82	2.7
	Secretaries	14.72 11.52	4.1 6.1	14.95	5.9	14.35	4.9
	Receptionists	11.34	4.4	11.21	4.7	_	_
	Library clerks	10.78	4.2	11.21	4.7	10.78	4.2
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	13.82	11.5	13.83	11.9	-	
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.70	7.4	12.80	7.8	17.53	6.4
	Billing clerks	13.00	8.2	13.00	8.2	_	_
	Dispatchers	23.81	20.9	_	_	_	_
	Production coordinators	14.15	5.6	14.15	5.6	_	-
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.21	4.5	14.21	4.5	_	-
	Stock and inventory clerks	13.22	3.8	13.00	3.5	-	_
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	14.79	8.9	14.79	8.9	_	_
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.25	4.2	14.25	4.2	_	_
	General office clerks	13.09	2.9	12.56	3.9	13.91	3.0
	Data entry keyers	11.03	5.8	11.03	5.8	_	_
	Teachers' aides	11.75	6.3				
	Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.60	4.6	12.34	5.9	13.23	5.6
Blue col	lar	16.12	2.5	15.95	2.8	18.01	2.1
Precis	sion production, craft, and repair	18.26	3.9	18.16	4.4	18.96	2.2
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.26	5.1	_	_	_	_
	Heavy equipment mechanics	18.90	2.0	_	_	_	_
	Industrial machinery repairers	19.25	3.5	19.25	3.5	_	-
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	17.34	4.7	17.34	4.7	_	-
	Carpenters	20.06	4.9	20.25	10.3	_	_
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters Supervisors, production	23.43 22.92	1.0 6.7	23.44 22.92	1.0 6.7	_	_
	Tool and die makers	22.92	2.0	22.92	2.0	_	_
	Machinists	18.23	6.8	18.17	6.9	_	l _
	Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	10.11	8.2	10.11	8.2	_	_
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c.	16.44	8.8	16.44	8.8	_	_
	Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.82	24.5	20.82	24.5	-	-
Machi	ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.74	2.9	14.74	2.9	_	_
	Punching and stamping press operators	13.21	8.2	13.21	8.2	-	_
	Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	14.23	6.8	14.23	6.8	-	_
	Printing press operators	17.61	11.5	17.61	11.5	-	_
	Slicing and cutting machine operators	15.73	3.5	15.73	3.5	-	_
	Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.54 16.40	8.5 4.3	13.54 16.40	8.5 4.3	_	_
	Assemblers	15.34	3.0	15.34	3.0	_	
	Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c.	13.23	15.9	13.34	15.9	_	_
	Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	13.93	7.8	13.93	7.8	-	_
Trans	portation and material moving	17.01	6.7	17.17	7.4	15.77	4.0
	Truck drivers	19.74	5.0	19.99	4.6	-	
			8.6				1

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Transportation and material moving –Continued Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	\$14.69	4.8	\$14.69	4.8	-	-
operators, n.e.c.	16.27	4.2	16.27	4.2	-	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12.77	4.6	12.09	4.4	\$17.83	3.2
Production helpers	11.86	6.1	11.86	6.1	ψ17.00 -	-
Stock handlers and baggers	13.17	6.3	13.17	6.3	_	_
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.89	14.3	12.89	14.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	10.83	3.9	10.50	3.1	-	-
Service	12.23	3.8	10.10	2.6	17.44	4.8
Protective service	18.37	5.3	13.32	7.0	19.27	5.6
Police and detectives, public service	22.76	4.1	- 10.02	_	22.75	4.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement						
officers	19.43	4.7	_	_	19.43	4.7
Correctional institution officers	16.43	13.2	_	_	16.43	13.2
Guards and police, except public service	12.84	6.3		_	-	_
Food service	9.29	4.3	9.22	4.5	-	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.86	6.5	6.86	6.5	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.15	.0	5.15	.0	_	_
Other food service	10.01	5.0	9.96	5.3	_	_
Cooks	10.35	5.5	10.29	5.6	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.96	6.6	8.82	7.1	_	_
Health service	10.50	4.4	10.38	4.5	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	11.26	5.2	11.26	5.2	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.31	5.0	10.14	5.2	-	_
Cleaning and building service	12.17	5.2	10.76	4.6	15.33	6.3
Supervisors, cleaning and building service	40.00	0.4	45.57	0.4		
Workers	16.08	8.1	15.57	8.1 7.7	_	_
Maids and housemen	9.09	7.7	9.10		45.00	- 6.4
Janitors and cleaners	12.59	6.2	10.92	5.7	15.28	6.4
Personal service	10.46	5.6	9.93	7.6	_	_

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings¹, part-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent	
All	\$10.58	2.8	\$10.18	3.1	\$14.00	4.8	
All excluding sales	10.96	3.2	10.54	3.5	14.03	4.8	
MIL March Harr	40.40	0.7	40.00	4.0	45.04		
White collar White collar excluding sales	13.16 15.40	3.7	12.82 15.42	4.2 5.9	15.24 15.30	5.7 5.7	
Write collar excluding sales	10.40	7.0	10.42	0.5	10.00	0.7	
Professional specialty and technical	19.26	4.1	19.49	4.7	18.36	7.4	
Professional specialty	21.64	3.2	22.22	2.9	19.33	9.9	
Health related	23.02	2.6	22.60	2.3	28.14	13.9	
Registered nurses	23.10	2.5	22.66	2.2	28.14	13.9	
Teachers, college and university	23.53	13.4	25.02	12.4	_	_	
Teachers, except college and university	18.96	7.4	20.03	11.6	_	_	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals. n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Technical	15.66	6.2	15.33	7.2	16.94	10.2	
Licensed practical nurses	15.87	7.6	14.48	1.5	-	10.2	
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	14.46	12.3	-	-	_	_	
ricalar teermologica and teermolarie, mote	11.10	12.0					
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_		_	_	
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Management related	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Wanagement related							
Sales	8.20	1.6	8.18	1.6	_	_	
Sales workers, other commodities	9.02	4.6	9.02	4.6	_	_	
Cashiers	8.08	1.8	8.05	1.8	_	_	
Administrative support, including clerical	11.60	2.5	11.49	3.1	12.05	2.8	
Secretaries	12.63	7.0	12.63	7.0	_	_	
General office clerks	10.47	4.7	10.31	5.5	11.18	2.2	
Teachers' aides	12.10	4.3	_	_	12.11	4.3	
Blue collar	9.19	4.4	8.99	4.6	_	_	
	0.10		0.00	1.0			
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	-	-	-	_	-	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.13	5.5	10.02	5.7	-	-	
Transportation and material moving	11.41	10.0	10.91	13.4	-	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.51	3.9	8.51	3.9	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	9.37	5.0	9.37	5.0			
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.80	3.8	7.80	3.8	_	_	
Edborots, except constitution, n.c.c.	7.00	0.0	7.00	0.0			
Service	8.27	3.1	7.96	3.0	11.86	10.4	
Protective service	10.83	12.7	_	_	-	-	
Food service	7.21	2.6	7.06	2.5	10.38	9.8	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.98	4.7	5.98	4.7	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	5.40	7.5	5.40	7.5	_	-	
Other food service	7.56	3.4	7.38	3.1	10.38	9.8	
Cooks	9.36	3.2	9.33	3.3	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.31	8.1	7.19	7.8	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.39	4.0	7.12	3.4	10.43	12.8	
Health service	9.48	2.6	9.41	2.8	10.43	2.2	
Health aides, except nursing	10.07	6.0	3.41	2.0	-		
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.40	2.7	9.34	2.9	_		
rauronny andeo, ordenies and altendants	3.40	2.1	3.54	2.3	_	1 -	

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings1, part-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation ³	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	
Service –Continued							
Cleaning and building service	\$8.00	3.0	\$8.00	3.0	_	_	
Janitors and cleaners	8.06	3.1	8.06	3.1	_	_	
Personal service	10.64	12.2	9.47	13.3	-	_	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and

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tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Moon	Weekly e	arnings	Moon	Weekly 6	earnings	Moon
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mear weekl hours
II	\$798	2.2	40.1	\$787	2.8	40.3	\$844	2.7	39.4
All excluding sales	787	2.1	40.0	771	2.6	40.2	844	2.7	39.4
White collar	921	2.6	40.2	929	3.2	40.5	893	3.2	39.2
White collar excluding sales	912	2.4	40.1	918	3.1	40.4	894	3.3	39.2
Professional specialty and									
technical	1,044	3.1	40.0	1,052	4.3	40.5	1,026	2.7	39.1
Professional specialty	1,098	3.1	40.5	1,127	4.5	41.5	1,052	2.8	39.0
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	1,260	7.8	43.3	1,288	7.7	43.6	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic	1,200	/.0	45.5	1,200	/./	45.0		_	_
engineers	1,056	4.2	41.2	1,056	4.2	41.2	_	_	_
Mechanical engineers	1,165	4.4	40.3	1,165	4.4	40.3	-	-	-
Engineers, n.e.c.	1,332	11.1	45.0	1,397	10.0	45.6	-	-	-
Mathematical and computer			40.0	4 400			222		
scientists	1,144	6.7	40.0	1,190	6.6	40.1	826	3.6	40.0
Computer systems analysts and scientists	1,194	6.7	40.0	1 262	5.6	40.1	826	3.6	40.0
Operations and systems	1,194	0.7	40.0	1,262	5.0	40.1	020	3.0	40.0
researchers and analysts	1,045	5.8	40.1	1,045	5.8	40.1	_	_	_
Natural scientists	847	7.0	40.4	875	7.3	40.6	785	12.8	40.0
Physical scientists, n.e.c	1,246	6.0	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health related	1,058	5.6	39.5	1,080	7.4	39.4	998	3.9	40.0
Registered nurses	978	3.7	39.4	951	5.1	39.2	1,046	3.4	40.0
Teachers, college and university	1,211	7.3	39.6	1,193	8.8	38.6	_	_	-
Teachers, except college and university	1,086	3.5	37.9	640	12.2	39.0	1,137	2.7	37.8
Prekindergarten and	1,000	3.5	37.8	040	12.2	39.0	1,137	2.7	37.0
kindergarten	1,003	16.2	38.2	_	_	_	_	_	_
Elementary school teachers	1,117	5.4	38.4	900	10.4	38.9	1,130	5.6	38.4
Secondary school teachers	1,192	1.9	38.3	1,226	8.4	40.9	1,192	1.9	38.2
Teachers, special education	1,186	1.2	39.6	_	-	-	_	-	-
Teachers, n.e.c.	899	6.6	34.5	-	_	-	_	_	-
Vocational and educational counselors	869	5.5	38.9	_	_		_		
Librarians, archivists, and	009	5.5	30.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
curators	1,044	11.7	39.1	_	_	_	1,010	20.4	39.8
Librarians	1,095	12.2	38.9	_	_	_	1,010	20.4	39.8
Social scientists and urban									
planners	810	9.4	40.0	795	10.5	40.0	-	_	-
Social, recreation, and religious	704		000	20.4	40.0	000	200		
workers	764 750	9.0	39.9	634	12.9	39.8	892	3.3	40.1
Social workers Lawyers and judges	750 1,740	9.1 13.5	39.9 58.9	589 -	11.0	39.7 –	892 –	3.3	40.1
Lawyers	1,740	13.5	58.9	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers,	.,0		00.0						
athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	970	8.3	40.3	1,062	9.2	40.5	777	9.7	40.0
Professional, n.e.c.	1,006	11.7	40.0	1,172	13.1	40.0			
Technical	886	9.2	38.6	902	10.1	38.5	749	3.4	40.0
Clinical laboratory technologists and									
technicians	713	5.2	40.0	724	5.2	40.0	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	574	4.2	39.1	574	4.2	39.1	_	_	-
Health technologists and	** *			** *					
technicians, n.e.c	616	5.4	39.9	628	5.4	39.9	-	_	-
Electrical and electronic									
technicians	691	6.2	41.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	809	1.9	40.0	814	2.5	40.0	-	_	-
Drafters Science technicians, n.e.c	698 603	4.9 7.9	40.0 40.0	697 —	5.0	40.0	_	_	-
Computer programmers	847	4.0	40.0	- 845	4.1	40.4	_		
Comparer programmore	870	5.6	38.6	874	5.8	38.5			l

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly
/hite collar –Continued									
Professional specialty and technical –Continued									
Technical –Continued Technical and related, n.e.c	\$943	13.9	39.8	\$981	13.6	39.8	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and	4.000	0.5		4.040	4.0	44.4	04.474	0.7	40.7
managerial Executives, administrators, and	1,206	3.5	41.1	1,213	4.0	41.1	\$1,171	6.7	40.7
managers Administrators and officials,	1,459	5.0	41.8	1,468	5.8	41.9	1,417	7.1	41.4
public administration Financial managers Managers, marketing,	1,094 1,572	6.3 7.1	40.0 42.3	_ 1,574	7.2	- 42.3	1,094 -	6.3	40.0 -
advertising, and public relations	1,777	11.2	41.3	1,777	11.2	41.3	_	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	1,559	8.3	42.4	_	_	-	1,651	6.8	42.6
Managers, medicine and health	1,232	10.0	40.6	1,246	11.0	40.7	_	_	-
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	970	14.6	40.9	938	16.3	41.0	_	_	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	1,499	9.5	42.6	1,505	9.7	42.6	_	_	_
Management related	967	4.2	40.3	973	5.1	40.4	939	3.6	40.0
Accountants and auditors	1,015	9.6	39.4	1,051	10.1	39.3	805	2.4	40.0
Other financial officers	1,058	15.0	40.7	1,083	18.9	40.9	_	_	-
Management analysts Personnel, training, and labor	1,066	11.6	40.0	1,073	14.4	40.0	_	_	_
relations specialists Purchasing agents and	848	6.4	39.8	841	6.9	39.8	_	_	_
buyers, n.e.c Management related, n.e.c	811 870	14.3 9.7	40.0 41.4	- 840	11.0	- 41.7	_	_	_
Sales	1,027	13.9	41.0	1,028	13.9	41.0	_	_	_
Supervisors, sales	926	12.9	41.0	926	12.9	41.0	_	-	-
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and	1,299	37.2	40.2	1,299	37.2	40.2	_	_	_
wholesale Sales workers, other	1,295	13.0	40.8	1,295	13.0	40.8	_	_	-
commodities Cashiers	452 427	7.6 7.3	40.0 40.0	452 -	7.6 -	40.0 -	_ _	-	_
Administrative support, including									
clerical	561	2.6	39.7	568	3.2	39.9	537	3.8	38.8
Secretaries	580 450	4.0	39.4	590	5.4	39.4	564	5.8	39.
Typists Receptionists	450 450	5.6 4.3	39.1 39.7	- 445	- 4.6	- 39.7	_ _	_	_
Library clerks	391	6.4	36.3	-	-	-	391	6.4	36.
Records clerks, n.e.c Bookkeepers, accounting and	548	10.9	39.7	548	11.4	39.7	-	_	-
auditing clerks	546	7.3	39.9	511	7.7	39.9	694	5.7	39.
Billing clerks	520	8.2	40.0	520	8.2	40.0	-	-	-
Dispatchers	959	20.6	40.3	_	_	_	-	_	-
Production coordinators	569	5.6	40.2	569	5.6	40.2	-	_	-
Traffic, shipping and receiving	FC0		40.0	E00	4.4	40.0			
clerks Stock and inventory clerks Insurance adjusters,	568 529	4.4 3.8	40.0 40.0	568 520	4.4 3.5	40.0 40.0	_	_	_
examiners, and									1

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	rate industry	,		ate and local overnment	l
Occupation ³	Weekly	earnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly 6	earnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵
White collar -Continued									
Administrative support, including									
clerical -Continued									
Investigators and adjusters,		4.0	40.0		4.0	40.0			
except insurance	\$570	4.2	40.0	\$570	4.2	40.0	_ 		20.0
General office clerks	523 441	2.8 5.8	39.9 40.0	502 441	3.9 5.8	40.0 40.0	\$554	2.8	39.8
Data entry keyers	415	1	35.3	441	5.6	40.0	_	_	_
Teachers' aides Administrative support, n.e.c.	413	11.4 4.5	39.4	- 487	5.6	39.5	_ 520	6.2	39.3
Administrative support, n.e.c.	497	4.5	39.4	407	3.0	39.5	520	0.2	39.3
Blue collar	647	2.8	40.2	641	3.1	40.2	716	2.4	39.7
Precision production, craft, and	722	2.0	40.4	700	4.4	40.4	750	2.0	40.0
repair Bus, truck, and stationary	732	3.9	40.1	728	4.4	40.1	758	2.2	40.0
engine mechanics	650	5.1	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Heavy equipment mechanics	756	2.0	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	770	3.5	40.0	770	3.5	40.0	_	_	_
Mechanics and repairers,		0.0			0.0				
n.e.c	694	4.7	40.0	694	4.7	40.0	_	_	_
Carpenters	802	4.9	40.0	810	10.3	40.0	_	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and									
steamfitters	937	1.0	40.0	937	1.0	40.0	_	_	_
Supervisors, production	964	8.3	42.1	964	8.3	42.1	_	_	-
Tool and die makers	906	2.0	40.0	906	2.0	40.0	_	_	-
Machinists	729	6.8	40.0	727	6.9	40.0	_	_	-
Electrical and electronic									
equipment assemblers	404	8.2	40.0	404	8.2	40.0	_	-	-
Miscellaneous precision	050		40.0	050		400			
workers, n.e.c.	658	8.8	40.0	658	8.8	40.0	_	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	833	24.5	40.0	833	24.5	40.0	-	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers,	E07		20.0	E07	2.0	20.0			
and inspectors	587	2.9	39.8	587	2.9	39.8	_	_	_
Punching and stamping press operators	527	8.2	39.9	527	8.2	39.9			
Fabricating machine	321	0.2	39.9	321	0.2	39.9	_	_	_
operators, n.e.c.	569	6.8	40.0	569	6.8	40.0	_	_	_
Printing press operators	667	12.4	37.9	667	12.4	37.9	_	_	_
Slicing and cutting machine	001		5	301		5			
operators	626	3.8	39.8	626	3.8	39.8	_	_	-
Miscellaneous machine									
operators, n.e.c	541	8.5	39.9	541	8.5	39.9	_	-	-
Welders and cutters	656	4.3	40.0	656	4.3	40.0	_	_	-
Assemblers	614	3.0	40.0	614	3.0	40.0	_	-	-
Miscellaneous hand working,									
n.e.c	529	15.9	40.0	529	15.9	40.0	_	_	-
Production inspectors,		l							
checkers and examiners	555	7.7	39.8	555	7.7	39.8	_	_	_
Transportation and material									
moving	702	10.4	41.3	715	11.6	41.6	612	6.2	38.8
Truck drivers	931	9.3	47.2	953	8.7	47.7	-	_	-
Bus drivers	490	15.0	34.9	_	_	-	-	_	-
Industrial truck and tractor	F00	4.0	40.0	F00	4.0	40.0			
equipment operators Miscellaneous material	588	4.8	40.0	588	4.8	40.0	-	_	_
moving equipment	GE4	4.0	40.0	GF4	4.0	40.0			
operators, n.e.c.	651	4.2	40.0	651	4.2	40.0	_	_	-

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings1, full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean	Weekly e	arnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekly hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	weekl hours
Blue collar –Continued									
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
helpers, and laborers	\$511	4.6	40.0	\$483	4.4	40.0	\$713	3.2	40.0
Production helpers	472	6.2	39.8	472	6.2	39.8	_		-
Stock handlers and baggers	528	6.4	40.1	528	6.4	40.1	_	_	-
Machine feeders and					_				
offbearers	515	14.3	40.0	515	14.3	40.0	_	_	_
Laborers, except construction,									
n.e.c	433	3.9	40.0	420	3.1	40.0	_	_	_
O. m. d	404	4.0	20.0	202	0.0	20.0	704	- 4	40.2
Service	481	4.2	39.3	393	2.8	38.9	701	5.1	
Protective service	753	5.3	41.0	533	7.0	40.0	794	5.6	41.2
Police and detectives, public	005		40.7				005		40-
service	925	3.6	40.7	_	_	-	925	3.8	40.7
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law		4 -	40.0					4 -	40.0
enforcement officers	777	4.7	40.0	_	_	-	777	4.7	40.0
Correctional institution officers	657	13.2	40.0	_	_	-	657	13.2	40.0
Guards and police, except	F4.4		40.0						
public service	514	6.3	40.0	_		-	-	_	-
Food service	361	5.1	38.8	358	5.2	38.8	_	_	-
Waiters, waitresses, and									
bartenders	264	7.8	38.4	264	7.8	38.4	_	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	192	3.7	37.2	192	3.7	37.2	_	_	-
Other food service	390	5.8	38.9	387	6.1	38.9	_	_	-
Cooks	407	5.9	39.3	404	6.0	39.3	_	_	-
Food preparation, n.e.c	344	8.3	38.4	337	8.9	38.2	-	_	-
Health service	413	4.7	39.3	409	5.0	39.4	-	_	-
Health aides, except nursing	447	5.1	39.7	447	5.1	39.7	-	_	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and									
attendants	405	5.4	39.3	399	5.7	39.4	-	_	-
Cleaning and building service	485	5.2	39.8	427	4.7	39.7	613	6.3	40.0
Supervisors, cleaning and									
building service workers	642	8.1	40.0	623	8.1	40.0	_	_	-
Maids and housemen	357	8.6	39.2	357	8.7	39.2	_	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	503	6.1	39.9	435	5.6	39.9	611	6.4	40.0
Personal service	383	3.5	36.6	369	4.0	37.1	_	_	-

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITA-TION IN MIND.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule. $$^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A. ⁵ Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean -	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours ⁵
All excluding sales	\$40,514 39,866	2.2 2.1	2,034 2,029	\$40,784 39,963	2.8 2.6	2,086 2,083	\$39,533 39,536	2.7 2.7	1,846 1,846
White collar White collar excluding sales	46,298 45,706	2.6 2.4	2,020 2,011	48,229 47,624	3.2 3.1	2,101 2,097	40,849 40,854	3.2 3.3	1,793 1,793
Professional specialty and									
technical	50,998	3.1	1,956	54,395	4.3	2,093	44,711	2.7	1,702
Professional specialty	52,547	3.1	1,939	58,092	4.5	2,138	45,151	2.8	1,673
Engineers, architects, and	CE E00	7.0	2.250	66.067	77	2 200			
surveyors	65,508	7.8	2,250	66,967	7.7	2,266	_	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	54,902	4.2	2,145	54,902	4.2	2,145			
Mechanical engineers	60,598	4.4	2,145	60,598	4.4	2,145	_	_	<u>-</u>
Engineers, n.e.c.	69,272	11.1	2,095	72,621	10.0	2,093	_	_	<u>-</u>
Mathematical and computer	55,212	''''	2,000	, 2,021	10.0	2,375			
scientists	59,501	6.7	2,082	61,882	6.6	2,083	42,947	3.6	2,080
Computer systems analysts	,		_,	- 1,		_,,,,,	,		_,
and scientists	62,067	6.7	2,082	65,610	5.6	2,083	42,947	3.6	2,080
Operations and systems									
researchers and analysts	54,347	5.8	2,083	54,347	5.8	2,083	_	_	-
Natural scientists	44,044	7.0	2,100	45,526	7.3	2,109	40,797	12.8	2,080
Physical scientists, n.e.c	64,772	6.0	2,080						
Health related	54,698	5.6	2,044	56,167	7.4	2,047	50,845	3.9	2,038
Registered nurses	50,473	3.7	2,033	49,427	5.1	2,037	52,951	3.4	2,024
Teachers, college and university	52,512	7.3	1,718	51,898	8.8	1,681	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	42,024	3.5	1,469	30,429	12.2	1,857	43,086	2.7	1,433
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	40,744	16.2	1,553		_			_	
Elementary school teachers	41,395	5.4	1,423	35,444	10.4	1,531	41,732	5.6	1,417
Secondary school teachers	44,076	1.9	1,414	48,659	8.4	1,625	44,009	1.9	1,411
Teachers, special education	43,992	1.2	1,471	-	-	- 1,020	-	_	,
Teachers, n.e.c.	38,948	6.6	1,496	_	_	_	_	_	_
Vocational and educational	,		,						
counselors Librarians, archivists, and	40,921	5.5	1,832	-	_	-	-	_	_
curators	51,028	11.7	1,912	_	-	-	46,869	20.4	1,845
Librarians	52,868	12.2	1,877	_	_	-	46,869	20.4	1,845
Social scientists and urban									
planners	42,119	9.4	2,080	41,345	10.5	2,080	_	_	-
Social, recreation, and religious	00.740		0.077	00.050	40.0	0.074	40.000		0.000
workers	39,746	9.0	2,077	32,959	12.9	2,071	46,363	3.3	2,083
Social workers	39,012	9.1	2,075	30,643	11.0	2,065	46,363	3.3	2,083
Lawyers and judges Lawyers	90,476 90,476	13.5 13.5	3,062 3,062	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers,	90,470	13.3	3,002	_	_	_	_	_	_
athletes, and professionals,									
n.e.c	47,836	8.3	1,988	54,886	9.2	2,092	34,971	9.7	1,800
Professional, n.e.c.	48,744	11.7	1,939	60,921	13.1	2,080	-	-	-,,,,,
Technical	46,080	9.2	2,009	46,907	10.1	2,001	38,957	3.4	2,080
Clinical laboratory technologists and			,			,			,
technicians	37,052	5.2	2,080	37,625	5.2	2,080	_	_	-
Licensed practical nurses Health technologists and	29,856	4.2	2,034	29,856	4.2	2,034	_	-	_
technicians, n.e.c.	32,021	5.4	2,074	32,669	5.4	2,073	-	-	-
Electrical and electronic	25.052		0.400						
technicians	35,958	6.2	2,139	- 42 224	2.5	2 002	_	_	-
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	42,076	1.9	2,081	42,321	2.5	2,082	_		-
Drafters Science technicians, n.e.c	36,280 31,338	4.9 7.9	2,080 2,080	36,239 –	5.0 -	2,080	_		-
Computer programmers	44,029	4.0	2,080	- 43,915	4.1	2,098	_	<u>-</u>	_
Legal assistants	45,240	5.6	2,007	45,441	5.8	2,001	_	_	_
_oga. accidianto	.5,2 10	1 5.5	_,55.	.5,] 3.0	_,55.		1	1

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	′		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Maan	Annual ea	arnings	Maan	Annual e	arnings	Mear
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	Mean annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua hours
White collar –Continued									
Professional specialty and									
technical –Continued									
Technical –Continued									
Technical and related, n.e.c	\$49,033	13.9	2,071	\$50,994	13.6	2,069	-	_	-
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial	62,215	3.5	2,118	63,086	4.0	2,139	\$58,344	6.7	2,02
Executives, administrators, and	,		_,			_,	****		_,
managers	74,653	5.0	2,141	76,315	5.8	2,179	67,583	7.1	1,97
Administrators and officials,									
public administration	56,874	6.3	2,080	-	_	-	56,874	6.3	2,08
Financial managers	81,760	7.1	2,201	81,838	7.2	2,202	_	_	-
Managers, marketing,									
advertising, and public	00.407	44.0	0.440	00.407	44.0	0.440			
relations	92,427	11.2	2,149	92,427	11.2	2,149	_	_	-
Administrators, education and related fields	70,474	8.3	1,917				73,705	6.8	1,90
Managers, medicine and	10,414	0.3	1,917	_	_	_	73,703	0.0	1,50
health	64,063	10.0	2,113	64,787	11.0	2,117	_	_	_
Managers, service	0.,000		_,	0.,.0.		_,			
organizations, n.e.c	50,450	14.6	2,127	48,801	16.3	2,134	_	_	-
Managers and administrators,	,		,	,		, i			
n.e.c	77,946	9.5	2,214	78,242	9.7	2,217	_	_	-
Management related	50,292	4.2	2,097	50,605	5.1	2,101	48,837	3.6	2,08
Accountants and auditors	52,763	9.6	2,048	54,630	10.1	2,042	41,862	2.4	2,08
Other financial officers	55,019	15.0	2,116	56,301	18.9	2,128	_	_	-
Management analysts	55,430	11.6	2,080	55,795	14.4	2,080	_	_	-
Personnel, training, and labor	44.007		0.070	40.740	0.0				
relations specialists	44,097	6.4	2,070	43,740	6.9	2,068	_	_	-
Purchasing agents and	42,186	14.3	2,080						
buyers, n.e.c Management related, n.e.c	45,260	9.7	2,000	43,696	11.0	2,166	_	_	_
Wanagement related, n.c.c	40,200	3.7	2,102	40,000	11.0	2,100			
Sales	53,393	13.9	2,132	53,434	13.9	2,132	_	_	-
Supervisors, sales	48,165	12.9	2,133	48,165	12.9	2,133	_	_	-
Sales, other business services	67,527	37.2	2,091	67,527	37.2	2,091	_	_	-
Sales representatives, mining,									
manufacturing, and	07.055	40.0	0.404	07.055	40.0	0.404			
wholesale	67,355	13.0	2,121	67,355	13.0	2,121	_	_	-
Sales workers, other commodities	23,489	7.6	2,080	23,489	7.6	2,080			
Cashiers	22,190	7.3	2,080	25,469	-	2,000	_	_	_
	22,.00		_,000						
Administrative support, including									
clerical	28,605	2.6	2,024	29,547	3.2	2,076	25,783	3.8	1,86
Secretaries	29,816	4.0	2,026	30,647	5.4	2,050	28,551	5.8	1,99
Typists	23,410	5.6	2,033		_		_	_	-
Receptionists	23,411	4.3	2,064	23,127	4.6	2,062	-		
Library clerks	15,322	6.4	1,421	_ 20 F40	- 11 4	2.062	15,322	6.4	1,42
Records clerks, n.e.c	28,499	10.9	2,063	28,513	11.4	2,062	-	-	-
auditing clerks	28,377	7.3	2,072	26,563	7.7	2,075	36,079	5.7	2,05
Billing clerks	27,039	8.2	2,072	27,039	8.2	2,075	-	5.7	2,00
Dispatchers	49,860	20.6	2.094		-		_	_	_
Production coordinators	29,575	5.6	2,090	29,575	5.6	2,090	_	-	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving	-,-		,	-,-		'			
clerks	29,560	4.4	2,080	29,560	4.4	2,080	_	-	-
Stock and inventory clerks	27,498	3.8	2,080	27,042	3.5	2,080	-	-	-
Insurance adjusters,									
examiners, and		1				l l		I	
investigators	30,297	8.2	2,048	30,297	8.2	2,048			

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mear
	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annua
White collar –Continued									
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued									
Investigators and adjusters,									
except insurance	\$29,637	4.2	2,080	\$29,637	4.2	2,080	_	_	l _
General office clerks	27,035	2.8	2,065	26,106	3.9	2,079	\$28,440	2.8	2,04
Data entry keyers	22,944	5.8	2,080	22,944	5.8	2,080	Ψ20,440		2,04
Teachers' aides	15,425	11.4	1,312	22,344	J.0 _	2,000	_	_	_
				25 240	5.6	2.052	27.026	6.2	204
Administrative support, n.e.c.	25,830	4.5	2,051	25,340	5.0	2,053	27,036	0.2	2,04
Blue collar	33,345	2.8	2,069	33,118	3.1	2,076	35,777	2.4	1,98
Precision production, craft, and									
repair Bus, truck, and stationary	37,973	3.9	2,080	37,837	4.4	2,083	38,999	2.2	2,05
engine mechanics	33,818	5.1	2,080	_	_	_	_	_	_
Heavy equipment mechanics	39,314	2.0	2,080		_			_	
Industrial machinery repairers	40,031	3.5	2,080	40,031	3.5	2 090	_	_	_
Mechanics and repairers,	40,031	3.5	2,000	40,031	3.5	2,080	_	_	_
n.e.c	36,071	4.7	2,080	36,071	4.7	2,080	_	_	_
Carpenters	41,717	4.9	2,080	42,127	10.3	2,080	_	_	_
•	41,717	4.9	2,000	42,127	10.3	2,000	_	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and	40 222	10	2.062	40.220	1.0	2.062			
steamfitters	48,322	1.0	2,063	48,339	1.0	2,063	_	_	-
Supervisors, production	50,137	8.3	2,187	50,137	8.3	2,187	_	_	_
Tool and die makers	47,121	2.0	2,080	47,121	2.0	2,080	_	_	-
Machinists	37,908	6.8	2,080	37,792	6.9	2,080	_	_	-
Electrical and electronic	24 024		2 000	24 024		2 000			
equipment assemblers	21,031	8.2	2,080	21,031	8.2	2,080	_	_	_
Miscellaneous precision	24 100	8.8	2 090	24 100	8.8	2 000			
workers, n.e.c.	34,190	0.0	2,080	34,190	0.0	2,080	_	_	_
Inspectors, testers, and graders	43,306	24.5	2,080	43,306	24.5	2,080	_	_	_
_									
Machine operators, assemblers,	00.547		0.070	00.547		0.070			
and inspectors	30,517	2.9	2,070	30,517	2.9	2,070	_	_	-
Punching and stamping press	07.404		0.075	07.404		0.075			
operators	27,404	8.2	2,075	27,404	8.2	2,075	_	_	-
Fabricating machine									
operators, n.e.c.	29,608	6.8	2,080	29,608	6.8	2,080	_	_	-
Printing press operators	34,689	12.4	1,970	34,689	12.4	1,970	_	_	-
Slicing and cutting machine	00.505		0.074	00 505		0.074			
operators	32,565	3.8	2,071	32,565	3.8	2,071	_	_	-
Miscellaneous machine	00.440	0.5	0.077	00.440	0.5	0.077			
operators, n.e.c.	28,112	8.5	2,077	28,112	8.5	2,077	_	_	-
Welders and cutters	34,104	4.3	2,080	34,104	4.3	2,080	_	_	-
Assemblers	31,907	3.0	2,080	31,907	3.0	2,080	_	_	-
Miscellaneous hand working,	.=			.=					
n.e.c.	27,519	15.9	2,080	27,519	15.9	2,080	_	_	-
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	28,842	7.7	2,071	28,842	7.7	2,071	_	_	_
Transportation and material	,			•					
Transportation and material	24 450	10.4	2.026	2F F60	11.6	2 074	27 5 4 4	6.0	1 74
moving	34,450	10.4	2,026	35,560	11.6	2,071	27,544	6.2	1,74
Truck drivers	48,434	9.3	2,453	49,561	8.7	2,480	_	_	-
Bus drivers	19,284	15.0	1,375	_	-	-	_	_	-
Industrial truck and tractor	20 550	4.0	2.000	20 550	4.0	2 000			
equipment operators Miscellaneous material	30,553	4.8	2,080	30,553	4.8	2,080	_	_	_
moving equipment	00.00=		0.000	00.00=	4.0	0000			
operators, n.e.c	33,835	4.2	2,080	33,835	4.2	2,080	_	-	-

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	'		te and local overnment	
Occupation ³	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean	Annual ea	arnings	Mean
·	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵	Mean	Relative error ⁴ (percent)	annual hours ⁵
Blue collar -Continued									
Handlers, equipment cleaners,									
helpers, and laborers	\$26,552	4.6	2,079	\$25,134	4.4	2,079	\$37,091	3.2	2,080
Production helpers	24,519	6.2	2,068	24,519	6.2	2,068	-	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	27,436	6.4	2,084	27,436	6.4	2,084	_	_	-
Machine feeders and									
offbearers	26,805	14.3	2,080	26,805	14.3	2,080	_	_	_
Laborers, except construction,									
n.e.c	22,525	3.9	2,080	21,842	3.1	2,080	-	_	-
Service	24.759	4.2	2,025	20,455	2.8	2,025	35,315	5.1	2,025
Protective service	39,177	5.3	2,133	27,712	7.0	2,080	41,286	5.6	2,142
Police and detectives, public	,		,	,		,	,		_ ′
service	48,105	3.6	2,114	_	_	_	48,104	3.8	2,115
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law	,		·				,		,
enforcement officers	40,406	4.7	2,080	_	_	_	40,406	4.7	2,080
Correctional institution officers	34,170	13.2	2,080	_	_	_	34,170	13.2	2,080
Guards and police, except									
public service	26,704	6.3	2,080	-	_	_	_	_	_
Food service	18,642	5.1	2,007	18,599	5.2	2,017	-	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and									
bartenders	13,722	7.8	1,999	13,722	7.8	1,999	-	_	-
Waiters and waitresses	9,965	3.7	1,935	9,965	3.7	1,935	-	_	_
Other food service	20,122	5.8	2,010	20,143	6.1	2,022	-	_	_
Cooks	21,143	5.9	2,042	21,020	6.0	2,042	-	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c	17,619	8.3	1,966	17,543	8.9	1,989	_	_	-
Health service	21,480	4.7	2,045	21,289	5.0	2,051	_	_	-
Health aides, except nursing	23,229	5.1	2,062	23,229	5.1	2,062	_	_	-
Nursing aides, orderlies and									
attendants	21,042	5.4	2,041	20,772	5.7	2,048	_	-	-
Cleaning and building service	25,032	5.2	2,056	22,222	4.7	2,065	31,220	6.3	2,036
Supervisors, cleaning and									
building service workers	33,407	8.1	2,078	32,381	8.1	2,080	_	_	-
Maids and housemen	18,545	8.6	2,039	18,559	8.7	2,039	_	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	25,921	6.1	2,058	22,626	5.6	2,073	31,101	6.4	2,036
Personal service	19,028	3.5	1,820	19,169	4.0	1,931	_	_	-

¹ Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITA-TION IN MIND.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

the minimum full-time schedule. $$^3\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

⁴ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year, exclusive of overtime.

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
II	\$18.65 18.57	2.1 2.0	\$18.16 18.01	2.6 2.5	\$20.85 20.86	2.6 2.6
All excluding sales	10.57	2.0	10.01	2.5	20.00	2.0
White collar	21.92	2.4	21.81	3.0	22.29	3.0
1	8.06	2.1	8.01	2.2	-	
2	10.45	3.9	9.49	4.0	11.74	4.5
3 4	11.42 12.41	2.0 1.9	10.98 12.17	2.0 2.0	13.25 13.70	3.2 3.6
5	14.57	2.5	14.39	2.8	15.76	3.2
6	17.88	3.5	18.10	4.3	17.03	2.9
7	20.57	3.6	20.77	4.5	19.88	2.3
8	24.10	6.5	22.62	9.6	26.30	6.9
9	25.77	2.2	24.33	2.9	28.60	2.3
10	27.67	4.6	26.92	3.8	32.30	16.3
11	30.31	3.7	30.78	4.1	27.67	5.4
12	37.79	6.5	37.35	7.2	41.87	7.3
13	46.32	13.3	48.03	14.7		_
14	51.43	10.0	59.33	11.3	35.60	9.1
Not able to be leveled	21.87	9.2	22.91	10.1	17.74	9.6
White collar excluding sales	22.15	2.3	22.10	2.9	22.31	3.0
1	8.91	4.3	8.74	4.6	1175	- 46
2 3	11.12 11.62	3.6 2.1	10.35 11.18	4.2 2.1	11.75 13.25	4.6 3.2
4	12.75	1.9	12.53	2.1	13.23	3.6
5	14.63	2.2	14.44	2.5	15.70	3.3
6	17.29	2.2	17.36	2.6	17.03	2.9
7	19.86	1.8	19.86	2.3	19.88	2.3
8	23.28	4.7	20.84	1.8	26.30	6.9
9	25.44	1.8	23.74	1.9	28.60	2.3
10	26.91	5.1	25.89	3.6	32.30	16.3
11	29.25	2.0	29.57	2.1	27.67	5.4
12	37.55	6.8	37.06	7.5	41.87	7.3
13	46.32	13.3	48.03	14.7		
Not able to be leveled	51.43 21.24	10.0 10.2	59.33 22.36	11.3 11.5	35.60 17.74	9.1 9.6
Professional specialty and technical	25.50	3.0	25.37	4.0	25.81	3.1
Professional specialty	26.73	2.4	26.75	3.3	26.69	3.2
5	14.25	7.8	13.16	6.9	_	-
6	16.53	6.0	16.52	6.3	-	_
7	19.91	3.0	20.00 21.31	4.4	19.76	3.3
8 9	25.86 26.92	6.7 2.0	24.48	4.3 1.9	27.05 29.67	7.2 2.2
10	26.51	2.0	26.83	3.1	24.14	5.5
11	28.80	3.0	29.65	2.4	24.88	8.7
12	32.96	6.5	32.50	7.1	_	_
13	38.38	4.7	40.01	5.3	_	_
14	40.84	10.6	_	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	20.22	10.6	21.84	13.0	17.74	9.6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	29.12	3.1	29.55	2.4	_	-
7	22.02	4.2	_	_	_	_
9	23.65	4.0	23.65	4.0	_	_
10	25.64	5.1	25.64	5.1	_	-
11 12	30.67 34.98	2.3 3.4	30.67 34.55	2.3 3.3	_	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	25.60	6.2	25.60	6.2	_	
Mechanical engineers	28.93	4.5	28.93	4.5		_
Engineers, n.e.c.	29.61	4.3	30.60	2.8	_	_
12	36.19	2.8	36.19	2.8	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	28.57	6.7	29.71	6.6	20.65	3.6
7	19.40	3.6	18.90	5.6		-
9	24.96	3.6	24.74	3.8	_	-
10	27.99	2.3	28.33	2.5	_	-
11	29.19	2.8	29.19	2.8	_	-
12	35.51	10.4	35.51	10.4	-	
Computer systems analysts and scientists	29.81	6.7	31.50	5.6	20.65	3.6

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional anacialty and technical Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued						
Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued						
Computer systems analysts and scientists						
-Continued						
9	\$24.70	4.3	\$24.42	4.7	_	_
10	27.67	2.0	28.03	2.1	_	_
12	35.61	11.0	35.61	11.0	_	_
Operations and systems researchers and	00.00	5.0	00.00	5.0		
analysts	26.09	5.6	26.09	5.6	- 010.61	12.0
Natural scientists	20.98 31.14	7.3 6.0	21.59 –	8.0	\$19.61	12.8
Health related	25.69	4.3	25.81	5.3	25.27	3.8
7	23.42	2.4	23.76	2.4	22.44	5.0
8	21.42	2.8	20.15	3.3		_
9	25.09	2.4	24.90	2.6	25.81	5.7
Registered nurses	24.22	2.6	23.60	3.2	26.42	3.5
7	23.71	2.2	23.76	2.4	23.51	5.8
8	21.38	3.1	19.91	3.7	_	_
_ 9	24.36	2.3	23.78	2.1	_	_
Teachers, college and university	30.31	7.1	30.22	8.9	30.35	9.2
11 Art, drama, and music teachers	22.65	11.3	_	_	_	_
Trade and industrial teachers	35.77 29.25	3.8 6.7	_	_	_	_
Other post-secondary teachers	20.39	3.2	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	28.29	4.3	16.87	12.1	29.82	3.5
7	17.16	7.5	16.15	4.4	-	-
8	28.65	7.8	_	_	28.74	7.8
9	31.61	2.5	27.43	10.8	31.72	2.6
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	25.60	16.2			30.50	3.3
Elementary school teachers	29.08	6.7	23.13	10.1	29.46	7.0
5	19.59	6.2	19.59	6.2	_	_
8 9	27.74 31.44	12.6 1.2	_	_	31.70	.9
Secondary school teachers	31.16	1.8	29.60	8.4	31.19	1.8
9	31.94	1.3	_	-	32.06	1.2
Teachers, special education	29.19	2.9	_	_	_	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	25.34	10.0	16.22	7.4	_	_
Vocational and educational counselors	22.34	4.3	_	_	_	_
Librarians, archivists, and curators	26.02	12.1	_	_	25.29	20.0
Librarians	27.23	13.0	_ 19.67	10.0	25.29	20.0
Social scientists and urban planners	20.04 18.86	9.0 8.2	15.77	10.0 11.9	21.83	3.5
9	21.98	4.7	-	-	22.75	4.0
Social workers	18.58	8.5	14.76	10.1	22.06	3.4
9	21.93	5.0	_	_	22.75	4.0
Lawyers and judges	28.96	6.8	_	_	_	_
Lawyers	28.96	6.8	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	00 = 1		00.01		46 :-	
professionals, n.e.c.	23.74	8.0	26.04	9.2	19.17	9.2
Not able to be leveled	19.38 25.14	17.2 11.7	20.58 29.29	20.0 13.1	_	_
Professional, n.e.c Technical	21.98	10.2	29.29 22.48	11.3	18.33	3.8
4	13.74	4.1	13.81	4.3	-	- 5.0
5	15.66	2.6	15.70	2.8	15.22	4.2
6	18.38	4.0	18.51	4.7	18.05	6.3
7	18.92	2.9	18.37	3.5	_	-
8	21.43	1.5	21.42	1.5	-	-
9	22.58	6.1	22.74	6.5	-	-
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	18.14	4.8	18.38	4.7	_	_
		4.4	14.60	2.6	_	ı –
Licensed practical nurses5	15.20 14.52	5.0	14.47	5.1	_	

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
/hite collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	\$15.05	6.2	\$15.22	6.8	\$13.51	6.0
4	12.16	10.2	-	_	-	_
5	16.65	2.6	17.00	1.9	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.81	7.0	_	_	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	20.22	1.9	20.33	2.6	-	_
8	21.26 17.44	2.5 4.9	21.26	2.5	_	_
Drafters Science technicians, n.e.c	15.15	7.2	17.42 –	5.0	_	_
Computer programmers	20.99	3.6	20.93	3.7	_	
Legal assistants	22.54	6.5	22.70	6.8	_	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	22.61	14.5	24.60	13.4	15.50	3.5
		'		'3	. 3.00	0.0
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.29	3.4	29.44	4.0	28.61	6.1
5	14.29	6.5	13.64	5.9	_	_
6	17.79	6.3	17.63	7.1	_	_
7	21.22	4.0	21.38	4.8	20.40	2.8
8	19.84	4.6	18.90	4.3	21.81	5.6
9	23.58	3.1	23.21	3.8	25.03	2.3
10	28.76	15.3	23.54	8.8	_	_
11	29.52	2.9	29.25	3.5	30.77	2.0
12	39.46	3.9	38.60	3.9	_	_
13 14	43.96 62.49	2.5 12.1	43.60 63.46	2.7 12.2	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	34.75	4.9	34.87	5.7	34.21	7.0
7	20.14	4.4	-	-	-	
8	19.36	6.0	19.16	6.3	_	_
9	24.46	5.1	24.63	6.1	_	_
10	29.70	17.8	23.11	12.1	_	_
11	30.00	3.4	29.74	4.3	30.91	2.4
12	38.40	4.6	36.53	3.3	_	_
13	43.96	2.5	43.60	2.7	_	_
14	62.49	12.1	63.46	12.2	-	_
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.34 37.15	6.3 9.4	- 37.16	9.5	27.34	6.3
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	37.13	3.4	37.10	9.5	_	_
relations	43.01	9.4	43.01	9.4	_	_
Administrators, education and related fields	35.62	9.6	16.81	8.3	38.77	8.0
11	30.99	2.7	_	_	_	_
Managers, medicine and health	30.32	10.4	30.60	11.5	_	-
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	23.72	14.7	22.87	16.4	_	-
11	25.76	10.5	-	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	35.21	9.1	35.29	9.3	_	_
8 9	21.32	6.6	21.21	7.3	_	_
9 11	25.76 32.52	6.5 4.0	25.76 32.52	6.5 4.0	_	_
13	32.52 44.19	4.0	32.52 44.19	4.0	_	
Management related	23.95	4.3	24.09	5.1	23.31	3.8
5	14.30	6.5	13.64	5.9		-
6	16.28	5.2	-	_	_	_
7	21.47	4.9	21.70	5.9	_	-
8	20.25	6.3	18.43	4.0		_
9	23.20	4.0	22.59	4.8	25.53	1.2
11	28.58	3.3	28.41	3.6	_	_
12	41.20	7.1	41.20	7.1	20.42	
Accountants and auditors 7	25.77 25.71	10.8 10.3	26.75	11.3	20.13	2.4
9	25.71	12.3	_	_	_	
Other financial officers	26.00	13.7	26.45	17.2	_	_
Management analysts	26.65	11.6	26.82	14.4	_	_
					i	1

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Executive, administrative, and managerial –Continued Management related –Continued						
Personnel, training, and labor relations						
specialists	\$21.29	6.3	\$21.15	6.8	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	20.28	14.3	-	_	-	_
Management related, n.e.c9	20.95 22.92	8.7 5.5	20.17 23.02	9.7 6.1	\$24.35 -	9.2
Sales	19.94	12.8	19.96	12.8	_	_
1	7.81	2.4	7.81	2.4	_	_
2	8.28	4.2	8.23	4.2	_	-
3	9.30	2.3	9.30	2.3	-	-
4	10.08	5.0	10.08	5.0	-	-
5	13.96	17.0	13.93	17.3	_	-
6	24.66	24.7	24.66	24.7	-	-
7	29.89	21.4	29.89	21.4	_	_
8	31.21	37.9	31.21	37.9	_	_
9	34.36	23.1	34.36	23.1	_	_
	37.98	11.8	37.98	11.8	_	_
Supervisors, sales	22.58	11.8	22.58	11.8	_	_
Sales, other business services	29.52	37.2	29.52	37.2	_	_
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and wholesale	21.76	12.4	21.76	12.4		
Sales workers, other commodities	31.76 10.55	12.4 6.8	31.76 10.55	6.8	_	_
Cashiers	8.37	2.2	8.29	2.2	_	_
1	7.60	2.7	7.60	2.7	_	
2	8.38	2.9	8.31	3.1	_	_
3	9.05	4.7	9.05	4.7	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	13.85	2.3	13.91	2.9	13.65	2.5
1	8.91	4.3	8.74	4.6	_	_
2	11.12	3.6	10.35	4.2	11.75	4.6
3	11.55	2.1	11.09	2.1	13.25	3.2
4	12.61	2.0	12.32	2.0	13.74	3.6
5	14.30	3.0	14.15	3.3	15.05	5.1
6	16.98 19.13	2.5 3.2	17.15 19.23	3.2 3.3	16.50	3.3
8	21.65	5.4	21.65	5.4	_	[
Not able to be leveled	23.66	21.7	23.66	21.7	_	_
Secretaries	14.45	3.8	14.51	5.2	14.35	4.9
3	12.01	4.6	11.41	4.1	-	-
4	13.19	4.3	12.99	3.9	13.41	7.4
5	15.11	5.7	14.53	7.4	-	-
6	17.34	10.7	_	_	_	_
Typists	11.49	5.6	_	_	_	-
Receptionists	11.27	3.0	11.19	3.2	_	-
3	11.16	3.2	11.01	3.6	_	-
4	11.56	4.4	11.56	4.4	-	-
Order clerks	40.00		40.00			1
4	13.26	3.2	13.26	3.2	_	-
5	14.99	8.3	14.99	8.3	11.00	
Library clerks Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.03 13.76	4.4 11.2	- 13.82	11.9	11.03	4.4
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.76	6.7	12.52	7.0	- 17.53	6.4
3	10.57	5.3	10.57	5.3	-	- 0.4
4	11.97	5.4	11.85	5.8	_	_
Billing clerks	13.00	8.2	13.00	8.2	_	_
Dispatchers	23.58	20.9	_	-	_	_
Production coordinators	14.15	5.6	14.15	5.6	-	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	13.80	5.1	13.80	5.1	_	-
		3.7	13.00	3.5	_	1 _
Stock and inventory clerks	13.21	3.7	13.00	3.5	_	_

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	T	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar -Continued						
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued						
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	\$14.79	8.9	\$14.79	8.9	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.19	4.2	14.19	4.2	_	_
General office clerks	12.85	2.8	12.28	3.7	\$13.79	3.0
2	12.00	6.5	-	_	· –	_
3	11.96	3.8	11.40	4.4	13.39	5.1
4	13.52	5.1	12.64	5.4	15.20	4.8
5	15.69	3.5	15.92	4.3	_	_
Data entry keyers	10.99	4.9	10.99	4.9	42.04	
Teachers' aides Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.86 12.59	4.4 3.9	- 12.36	- 4.9	12.01 13.21	4.5 4.9
3	11.16	5.5	- 12.30	4.9	- 13.21	4.9
4	12.57	2.3	12.44	2.7		_
Blue collar	15.69	2.5	15.50	2.7	17.82	2.2
1	9.16	4.7	9.16	4.7	_	_
2	11.74	4.3	11.65	4.4	_	-
3	13.57	4.4	13.30	4.8	15.89	3.4
4	14.18	3.2	14.22	3.3		
5	17.68	5.4	17.60	6.2	18.20	2.6
6	17.02	2.9	17.02	3.2	17.09	4.3
7 8	19.85 22.08	2.5 2.7	19.96 22.17	2.8 3.1	19.23	2.1
0	22.00	2.7	22.17	3.1	_	
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.23	4.0	18.13	4.5	18.96	2.2
2	10.81	6.1	10.81	6.1	_	_
4	14.31	6.7	14.31	6.7	_	-
5	18.67	9.9	18.72	11.3	18.39	3.3
6	16.78	3.0	16.77	3.4	-	_
7	19.93	2.8	20.09	3.2	19.24	2.1
8 Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	21.96 16.26	2.7 5.1	22.05	3.2	_	_
Heavy equipment mechanics	18.90	2.0	_		_	_
Industrial machinery repairers	19.25	3.5	19.25	3.5	_	_
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	17.34	4.7	17.34	4.7	_	_
Carpenters	20.06	4.9	20.25	10.3	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	23.43	1.0	23.44	1.0	_	_
7	23.36	1.7	23.36	1.7	_	-
Supervisors, production	22.92	6.7	22.92	6.7	_	-
Tool and die makers	22.65	2.0	22.65	2.0	_	_
Machinists	18.23	6.8	18.17	6.9	_	_
7 Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	18.89 10.04	3.8 8.3	18.89 10.04	3.8 8.3	_	
Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c.	16.44	8.8	16.44	8.8		
Inspectors, testers, and graders	20.82	24.5	20.82	24.5	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	14.66	2.9	14.66	2.9	_	_
1	10.82	13.3	10.82	13.3	_	_
2 3	11.30	7.1	11.29	7.2	_	_
4	15.17 14.07	5.7 4.7	15.17 14.07	5.7 4.7	_	_
5	15.41	2.6	15.41	2.6	_	
6	16.13	4.3	16.13	4.3	_	_
7	18.66	4.8	18.66	4.8	_	_
Punching and stamping press operators	13.03	8.9	13.03	8.9	_	_
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	14.23	6.8	14.23	6.8	_	-
Printing press operators	17.61	11.5	17.61	11.5	_	_
Slicing and cutting machine operators	15.73	3.5	15.73	3.5	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.47	8.4	13.47	8.4	_	-
3	11.65	8.6	11.65	8.6	_	_
Welders and cutters	16.40 15.33	4.3	16.40 15.33	4.3	_	_
5	15.33	3.3	15.33	3.3	_	

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percen
Blue collar -Continued						
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors						
-Continued	¢45 04	20	C1E 24	2.0		
Assemblers	\$15.34 17.78	3.0 4.8	\$15.34 17.78	3.0 4.8	_	_
4	13.33	3.5	13.33	3.5	_	
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c.	13.23	15.9	13.23	15.9	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	13.93	7.8	13.93	7.8	_	-
Transportation and material moving	16.55	7.0	16.73	7.9	\$15.36	3.8
2	13.94	10.4	_	_	_	_
3	14.67	3.5	13.06	6.5	-	-
4	15.57	4.1	15.97	3.7	-	-
5	19.20	8.1	19.36	7.9	_	-
Truck drivers	19.33	6.0 4.3	19.53	5.8	_	-
4	17.01		17.01	4.3		4.2
Bus drivers	13.70 15.41	7.1 4.7	_	_	15.30	4.2
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.69	4.7	14.69	4.8	_	-
4	15.12	7.6	15.12	7.6	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	16.20	4.2	16.20	4.2	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.82	4.0	11.21	3.7	17.83	3.2
1	9.17	4.2	9.17	4.2	-	_
2	11.57	7.5	11.58	7.5	_	_
3	12.83	6.8	12.70	7.1	_	_
4	12.36	6.5	12.19	6.7	_	_
5	17.23	5.3	14.33	9.0	18.40	2.1
Production helpers	11.86	6.1	11.86	6.1	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers 1	11.79 9.13	4.0 9.0	11.79 9.13	4.0 9.0	_	_
3	13.91	9.0	13.91	9.0	_	_
4	11.41	10.1	11.41	10.1	_	_
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.76	13.8	12.76	13.8	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	14.49	14.3	14.49	14.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.91	3.3	9.64	3.1	_	_
1	8.36	3.3	8.36	3.3	_	_
2	10.89	11.8	_	_	_	_
3	11.05	4.0	10.76	2.6	_	-
ervice	10.65	3.3	9.12	2.3	16.59	4.6
1	7.87	3.4	7.78	3.6	9.68	4.9
2	9.40	5.4	8.72	4.9	13.19	5.1
3 4	9.44	4.1	8.66	3.4	12.82	3.3
5	11.21 13.66	4.4 11.1	10.70 11.65	3.6 9.8	14.17 18.65	9.3
6	15.68	5.7	15.42	5.4	10.03	7.0
7	19.23	3.6	-	J.4	19.44	3.8
8	21.88	8.2	_	_	23.23	5.8
Protective service	18.06	5.3	13.15	7.0	18.93	5.6
7	19.45	3.8	_	-	19.45	3.8
8	23.25	5.8	-	-	23.25	5.8
Firefighting	15.87	7.2	_	-	15.87	7.2
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	22.76	4.1	_	_	22.75	4.2
officers Correctional institution officers	18.77	5.8	_	_	18.77	5.8
Guards and police, except public service	16.43 13.07	13.2 6.2	_	-	16.43	13.2
Food service	8.15	3.0	8.04	3.0	10.67	6.1
1	7.40	4.9	7.25	5.1		-
2	7.82	5.1	7.63	4.8	_	_
3	7.86	3.5	7.80	3.3	_	-
4	9.98	4.6	9.97	4.7	-	_

Table 4-1.Selected occupations¹ and levels,² all workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		Total		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent	
Service –Continued							
Food service –Continued							
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	\$6.39	4.1	\$6.39	4.1	_	_	
1	5.65	6.4	5.65	6.4	_	_	
2	5.92	7.7	5.92	7.7	_	_	
3	7.26	6.1	7.26	6.1	_	_	
Bartenders	7.14	5.1	7.14	5.1	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	5.31	5.3	5.31	5.3	_	_	
1	4.88	4.5	4.88	4.5	_	_	
2	5.15	.0	5.15	.0	_	_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	8.17	2.8	8.17	2.8	_	_	
Other food service	8.66	4.2	8.54	4.3	\$10.67	6.1	
1	7.75	5.1	7.60	5.5	Ψ10.07		
2	8.42	7.8	8.19	7.5			
3	8.33	4.4	8.23	4.0	_		
4		3.6	10.38	3.7	_	_	
	10.38			-	_	_	
Cooks	10.08	4.4	10.04	4.4	_	_	
3	9.37	3.9	9.17	3.1	_	_	
4	10.59	4.2	10.61	4.3	_	_	
Food counter, fountain, and related	7.96	14.4	7.96	14.4	_	_	
1	6.49	6.5	6.49	6.5	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.31	8.1	7.19	7.8	_	_	
1	7.46	11.4	7.33	11.4	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.05	4.7	7.84	4.8	10.51	7.5	
1	8.01	6.5	7.83	7.2	_	_	
Health service	9.98	3.2	9.90	3.4	11.17	5.4	
2	10.38	7.4	10.37	7.8	_	_	
3	9.02	4.5	8.66	4.1	_	_	
4	10.56	4.2	10.56	4.2	_	_	
Health aides, except nursing	10.87	5.3	10.84	5.5	_	_	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.82	3.3	9.72	3.4	11.14	5.9	
2	10.04	9.2	10.01	9.8			
3	8.95	4.7	8.59	4.4	_	_	
4	10.56	4.2	10.56	4.2	_	_	
Cleaning and building service	11.04	5.8	9.79	4.4	15.33	6.3	
5		2.4	9.79 8.62	2.4	13.33	0.3	
1 2	8.62 12.05	8.1	8.62 10.91	7.2	_	_	
3	12.74	3.9	12.08	6.6	13.32	4.8	
5	18.05	8.1	_	_	18.78	9.2	
Supervisors, cleaning and building service	40.00		45.53	64			
workers	16.08	8.1	15.57	8.1	_	_	
Maids and housemen	8.80	7.1	8.81	7.1	_	_	
1	8.39	10.6	-			_	
Janitors and cleaners	11.23	7.0	9.75	5.1	15.28	6.4	
1	8.67	2.2	8.67	2.2	_	_	
2	13.32	8.4	11.92	10.5	_	_	
3	13.07	3.1	12.75	4.1	13.32	4.8	
	17.81	8.8				1	

Table 4-1.Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation and level	To	tal	Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued Personal service 1	\$10.53 7.25 8.82 8.33 10.62 12.48 7.86 9.24 14.27 8.28 9.75	5.8 3.8 13.1 11.1 8.9 16.1 10.6 10.1 12.9 3.9 8.0	\$9.76 7.25 7.47 - - 7.86 - - 8.28 9.75	6.8 3.8 3.3 - - 10.6 - - 3.9 8.0	\$14.12 - - - - - - - 14.33	11.3 - - - - - - 13.0

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

4 Exprises the straight time brushet workers are calcing paid to

³ All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers;³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	To	otal	Private	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent	
All	\$19.92	2.1	\$19.55	2.6	\$21.41	2.7	
All excluding sales	19.65	2.0	19.18	2.4	21.42	2.7	
White collar	22.91	2.5	22.95	3.0	22.78	3.3	
1	8.63	5.3	_	_			
2	10.97	4.4	9.95	5.8	11.81	5.1	
3 4	11.53 12.65	2.4 2.0	11.02 12.42	2.4 2.1	13.49 13.75	3.2 3.9	
5	14.49	2.8	14.25	3.2	15.75	2.8	
6	17.95	3.7	18.17	4.4	16.99	2.7	
7	20.49	3.8	20.66	4.9	19.96	2.4	
8	24.29	6.7	22.82	9.9	26.48	7.0	
9	25.88	2.3	24.37	3.1	28.67	2.3	
10	27.69	4.7	26.94	3.9	32.30	16.3	
11	30.29	3.7	30.80	4.1	27.37	5.4	
12 13	37.79	6.5	37.35	7.2 14.8	41.87 —	7.3	
14	46.34 51.43	13.4 10.0	48.08 59.33	11.3	35.60	9.1	
Not able to be leveled	22.95	9.4	23.70	10.1	33.00	- 3.1	
White collar excluding sales	22.73	2.4	22.71	3.0	22.79	3.3	
2	11.21	4.1	10.34	5.3	11.81	5.1	
3	11.67	2.5	11.16	2.5	13.49	3.2	
4	12.84	2.1	12.63	2.3	13.75	3.9	
5	14.54	2.5	14.30	2.8	15.86	2.8	
6	17.33	2.2	17.41	2.7	16.99	2.7	
7	19.71	1.8	19.63	2.3	19.96	2.4	
8	23.46	4.8	21.00	1.7	26.48	7.0	
9	25.54	1.9	23.74	2.1	28.67	2.3	
10 11	26.93 29.22	5.1 2.0	25.90 29.59	3.7 2.1	32.30 27.37	16.3 5.4	
12	37.55	6.8	37.06	7.5	41.87	7.3	
13	46.34	13.4	48.08	14.8		-	
14	51.43	10.0	59.33	11.3	35.60	9.1	
Not able to be leveled	22.30	10.5	23.11	11.7	_	_	
Professional specialty and technical	26.08	3.1	25.99	4.2	26.27	3.1	
Professional specialty	27.10	2.5	27.17	3.4	26.99	3.2	
5	14.42	8.2	13.29	7.7	_	_	
6	16.55	6.3	16.51	6.5	_	_	
7	19.59	3.1	19.39	4.7	19.87	3.5	
8	26.29	6.7	21.86	4.6	27.29	7.3	
9	27.24	2.1	24.62	2.2	29.77	2.2	
10 11	26.53 28.74	3.0	26.86	3.2 2.4	24.14 24.19	5.5 8.6	
12	32.96	3.0 6.5	29.69 32.50	7.1	24.19	0.0	
13	38.32	4.7	39.96	5.4	_	_	
14	40.84	10.6	-	_	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	20.87	11.4	_	_	_	_	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	29.12	3.1	29.55	2.4	_	_	
7	22.02	4.2	_	_	_	_	
9	23.65	4.0	23.65	4.0	_	-	
10	25.64	5.1	25.64	5.1	_	-	
11	30.67	2.3	30.67	2.3	_	-	
12	34.98	3.4	34.55	3.3	_	_	
Electrical and electronic engineers Mechanical engineers	25.60 28.93	6.2 4.5	25.60 28.93	6.2 4.5	_	-	
Engineers, n.e.c.	29.61	4.3	30.60	2.8		I -	
12	36.19	2.8	36.19	2.8	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	28.57	6.7	29.71	6.6	20.65	3.6	
7	19.40	3.6	18.90	5.6	_	-	
9	24.96	3.6	24.74	3.8	_	-	
10	27.99	2.3	28.33	2.5	-	-	
11	29.19	2.8	29.19	2.8	-	-	
	35.51	10.4	35.51	10.4	I _	l –	
12 Computer systems analysts and scientists	29.81	6.7	31.50	5.6	20.65	3.6	

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Professional specialty –Continued Mathematical and computer scientists –Continued Computer systems analysts and scientists –Continued						
9	\$24.70	4.3	\$24.42	4.7	_	_
10	27.67	2.0	28.03	2.1	_	_
12	35.61	11.0	35.61	11.0	_	_
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	26.09	5.6	26.09	5.6	_	_
Natural scientists	20.98	7.3	21.59	8.0	\$19.61	12.8
Physical scientists, n.e.c.	31.14	6.0	_	_	_	_
Health related	26.76	5.6	27.44	7.4	24.95	3.9
7	23.58	3.6	_	_	22.36	5.4
8	21.65	2.6	_	-	_	_
9	25.79	3.3	25.77	4.1	25.81	5.7
Registered nurses	24.83	3.5	24.27	4.9	26.16	3.4
7	24.28	3.2	-		_	-
9	24.97	2.8	24.17	2.9	_	_
Teachers, college and university	30.56	7.2	30.88	9.0	-	_
Teachers, except college and university	28.61	4.4	16.39	13.0	30.06	3.6
7	17.69	8.9	16.03	4.2	-	_ 7.0
8 9	28.77 31.78	7.8 2.2	_ 27.31	11.5	28.85 31.89	7.8 2.3
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	26.24	16.9	27.51	11.5	31.09	2.3
Elementary school teachers	29.09	6.7	23.15	10.1	29.46	7.0
5	19.59	6.2	19.59	6.2	_	_
9	31.45	1.2	_	-	31.70	.9
Secondary school teachers	31.17	1.8	29.95	10.0	31.19	1.8
9	31.94	1.3	_	_	32.06	1.2
Teachers, special education	29.91	2.1	_	-	_	-
Teachers, n.e.c.	26.03	10.2	-	-	_	-
Vocational and educational counselors	22.34	4.3	-	-		
Librarians, archivists, and curators	26.69	12.6	_	-	25.41	20.4
Librarians	28.16	12.9	-		25.41	20.4
Social scientists and urban planners	20.25	9.4	19.88	10.5	-	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers 9	19.14	9.0	15.92	12.9	22.26	3.3
Social workers	21.98 18.80	4.7 9.1	- 14.84	11.0	22.75 22.26	4.0 3.3
9	21.93	5.0	14.04	- 11.0	22.75	4.0
Lawyers and judges	29.55	7.2	_	_		- 4.0
Lawyers	29.55	7.2	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	20.00	'				
professionals, n.e.c.	24.06	8.2	26.24	9.3	19.43	9.7
Not able to be leveled	19.78	18.8	_		_	_
Professional, n.e.c.	25.14	11.7	29.29	13.1	_	_
Technical	22.93	11.2	23.44	12.2	18.73	3.4
4	14.53	3.4	14.64	3.4	_	-
5	15.32	3.0	15.36	3.3	15.04	5.0
6	18.60	3.9	18.63	4.6	-	_
7	18.75	3.0	18.09	3.5	_	_
8	21.43	1.5	21.42	1.5	_	_
9 Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	22.58 17.81	6.1 5.2	22.74 18.09	6.5 5.2	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	14.68	3.9	14.68	3.9	_	_
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	15.44	5.3	15.76	5.3	_	_
Electrical and electronic technicians	16.81	7.0	-	-	_	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	20.22	1.9	20.33	2.6	_	_
8	21.26	2.5	21.26	2.5	_	_
Drafters	17.44	4.9	17.42	5.0	_	-
Science technicians, n.e.c.	15.07	7.9	-	-	_	_
Computer programmers	20.99	3.6	20.93	3.7		_

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	Total		Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen
White collar –Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
Legal assistants	\$22.54	6.5	\$22.70	6.8	_	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	23.68	13.7	24.64	13.4	-	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.37	3.4	29.49	3.9	\$28.78	6.3
5	14.07	6.6	13.64	5.9	Ψ20.70	- 0.0
6	17.81	6.4	17.63	7.1	_	_
7	21.22	4.0	21.38	4.8	20.40	2.8
8	20.05	4.5	19.16	4.3	21.81	5.6
9	23.58	3.1	23.21	3.8	25.03	2.3
10	28.76	15.3	23.54	8.8	25.05	
11	29.52	2.9	29.25	3.5	30.77	2.0
12	39.46	3.9	38.60	3.9	-	2.0
13	43.96	2.5	43.60	2.7	_	_
14	62.49	12.1	63.46	12.2		_
Executives, administrators, and managers	34.88	4.8	35.02	5.6	34.21	7.0
7	20.14	4.4	-	J.0	34.21	'.0
8	19.80	5.9	19.61	6.3		
9	24.46	5.1	24.63	6.1	_	_
10	29.70	17.8	23.11	12.1	_	_
11	30.00	3.4	29.74	4.3	30.91	2.4
12	38.40	4.6	36.53	3.3	30.91	2.4
13	43.96	2.5	43.60	2.7	_	_
14	62.49	12.1	63.46	12.2	_	_
Administrators and officials, public administration	27.34	6.3	03.40	12.2	27.34	6.3
Financial managers	37.15	9.4	37.16	9.5	27.54	0.3
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public		9.4		9.4		
relations Administrators, education and related fields	43.01 36.77	8.9	43.01	9.4	38.77	8.0
11	30.77	2.7	_		30.77	0.0
Managers, medicine and health	30.32	10.4	30.60	11.5	_	
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c.	23.72	14.7	22.87	16.4		_
11	25.76	10.5	22.07	- 10.4	_	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	35.21	9.1	35.29	9.3		
8	21.32	6.6	21.21	7.3	_	_
9	25.76	6.5	25.76	6.5	_	
11	32.52	4.0	32.52	4.0	_	_
13	44.19	4.2	44.19	4.2	_	_
Management related	23.98	4.3	24.09	5.1	23.48	3.6
5	14.07	6.6	13.64	5.9		
6	16.29	5.2	-	-	_	_
7	21.47	4.9	21.70	5.9	_	_
8	20.25	6.3	18.43	4.0	_	_
9	23.20	4.0	22.59	4.8	25.53	1.2
11	28.58	3.3	28.41	3.6		
12	41.20	7.1	41.20	7.1	_	_
Accountants and auditors	25.77	10.8	26.75	11.3	20.13	2.4
7	25.71	10.3	-	-	_	-
9	24.15	12.3	_	_	_	_
Other financial officers	26.00	13.7	26.45	17.2	_	_
Management analysts	26.65	11.6	26.82	14.4	_	_
9 Personnel, training, and labor relations	23.05	5.6	_	-	-	-
specialists	21.31	6.3	21.15	6.8	_	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	20.28	14.3	-	-	_	_
Management related, n.e.c.	21.04	8.9	20.17	9.7	_	_
9	22.92	5.5	23.02	6.1	_	-
Sales	25.04	12.8	25.06	12.8	_	_
4	10.71	5.0	10.71	5.0	_	_
	13.96	17.0	13.93	17.3		1

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent
White collar -Continued						
Sales -Continued						
6	\$24.66	24.7	\$24.66	24.7	_	_
7	29.89	21.4	29.89	21.4	-	_
8	31.21	37.9	31.21	37.9	_	_
9	34.36	23.1	34.36	23.1	-	_
11	37.98	11.8	37.98	11.8	_	_
Supervisors, sales	22.58	11.8	22.58	11.8	_	_
Sales, other business services Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,	32.29	37.2	32.29	37.2	_	_
and wholesale	31.76	12.4	31.76	12.4	_	_
Sales workers, other commodities	11.29	7.6	11.29	7.6	-	-
4 Cashiers	10.72 10.67	5.9 7.3	10.72	5.9	_	_
Jasilieis	10.07	'.3	_	-	-	-
Administrative support, including clerical	14.14	2.6	14.23	3.2	\$13.82	2.7
2	11.21	4.1	10.34	5.3	11.81	5.1
3	11.60	2.5	11.04	2.5	13.49	3.2
4	12.69	2.1	12.42	2.2	13.78	3.9
5	14.34	3.3	14.11	3.7	15.51	4.3
6	17.03	2.5	17.20	3.2	16.52	3.3
7	19.13	3.2	19.23	3.3	-	_
8	21.65	5.4	21.65	5.4	_	_
Secretaries	14.72	4.1	14.95	5.9	14.35	4.9
3	13.10	2.7	_	-	-	_
4	13.23	4.4	13.04	4.1	13.41	7.4
5	15.25	6.8	14.53	10.1	_	_
6	17.34	10.7	_	-	_	_
Typists	11.52	6.1	-	-	-	_
Receptionists Order clerks	11.34	4.4	11.21	4.7	_	_
4	13.26	3.2	13.26	3.2	_	_
5	14.99	8.3	14.99	8.3	_	_
Library clerks	10.78	4.2	-	-	10.78	4.2
Records clerks, n.e.c.	13.82	11.5	13.83	11.9	-	_
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.70	7.4	12.80	7.8	17.53	6.4
3	10.55	5.5	10.55	5.5	_	_
4	12.59	6.7	12.49	7.4	_	_
Billing clerks	13.00	8.2	13.00	8.2	_	_
Dispatchers	23.81	20.9	_	-	-	_
Production coordinators	14.15	5.6	14.15	5.6	_	_
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	14.21	4.5	14.21	4.5	_	_
Stock and inventory clerks	13.22	3.8	13.00	3.5	_	_
4Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	13.19	6.5	12.61	5.6	_	_
investigators	14.79	8.9	14.79	8.9	_	_
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	14.25	4.2	14.25	4.2	_	_
General office clerks	13.09	2.9	12.56	3.9	13.91	3.0
2	12.45	5.7	_	_	_	_
3	11.97	4.0	11.34	4.5	-	_
4	13.61	5.2	12.72	5.8	_	_
5	15.69	3.5	15.92	4.3	-	-
Data entry keyers	11.03	5.8	11.03	5.8	-	-
Teachers' aides	11.75	6.3	40.04		- 12.22	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.60	4.6	12.34	5.9	13.23	5.6
3 4	10.98 12.50	5.8 3.1	_	_	_	_
Blue collar	16.12	2.5	15.95	2.8	18.01	2.1
1	9.86	5.9	9.86	5.9	-	
2	11.88	4.8	11.82	4.8	-	_
3	13.68	4.5	13.40	4.9	-	-
4	14.42	3.4	14.45	3.5	_	l _

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	Total Pr		Private industry		State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
Nue celler Continued							
Blue collar –Continued 5	\$17.78	5.4	\$17.71	6.2	\$18.20	2.6	
6	17.03	3.0	17.02	3.2	17.09	4.3	
7	19.85	2.5	19.96	2.8	19.23	2.1	
8	22.08	2.7	22.17	3.1	-		
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.26	3.9	18.16	4.4	18.96	2.2	
2	10.81	6.1	10.81	6.1	_	_	
4	14.31	6.7	14.31	6.7	_	_	
5	18.67	9.9	18.72	11.3	18.39	3.3	
6	16.78	3.0	16.77	3.4	_	_	
7	19.93	2.8	20.09	3.2	19.24	2.1	
8	21.96	2.7	22.05	3.2	_	_	
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	16.26	5.1	-	_	_	_	
Heavy equipment mechanics	18.90	2.0	-	_	-	-	
Industrial machinery repairers	19.25	3.5	19.25	3.5	_	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	17.34	4.7	17.34	4.7	-	-	
Carpenters	20.06	4.9	20.25	10.3	_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	23.43	1.0	23.44	1.0	_	_	
7	23.36	1.7	23.36	1.7	_	_	
Supervisors, production	22.92	6.7	22.92	6.7	_	_	
Tool and die makers	22.65	2.0	22.65	2.0	_	_	
Machinists	18.23	6.8	18.17	6.9	_	_	
7	18.89	3.8	18.89	3.8	-	_	
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c	10.11	8.2	10.11	8.2	_	_	
Inspectors, testers, and graders	16.44 20.82	8.8 24.5	16.44 20.82	8.8 24.5	_	_	
Machine operators assemblers and inspectors	14.74	2.9	14.74	2.9			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors 1	11.12	14.7	11.12	14.7	_		
2	11.35	7.4	11.35	7.4	_	_	
3	15.17	5.7	15.17	5.7	_	_	
4	14.07	4.7	14.07	4.7	_	_	
5	15.47	2.6	15.47	2.6	_	_	
6	16.13	4.3	16.13	4.3	_	_	
7	18.66	4.8	18.66	4.8	_	_	
Punching and stamping press operators	13.21	8.2	13.21	8.2	_	_	
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c	14.23	6.8	14.23	6.8	_	_	
Printing press operators	17.61	11.5	17.61	11.5	_	_	
Slicing and cutting machine operators	15.73	3.5	15.73	3.5	_	_	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.54	8.5	13.54	8.5	_	_	
3	11.65	8.6	11.65	8.6	-	-	
Welders and cutters	16.40	4.3	16.40	4.3	-	-	
5	15.33	3.3	15.33	3.3	-	-	
Assemblers	15.34	3.0	15.34	3.0	-	-	
3	17.78	4.8	17.78	4.8	_	_	
4	13.33	3.5	13.33	3.5	_	-	
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c	13.23 13.93	15.9 7.8	13.23 13.93	15.9 7.8	_	_	
	17.01			7.4	1F 77	4.0	
Transportation and material moving	17.01	6.7 3.5	17.17 –	'.4	15.77	4.0	
4	15.19	4.3	16.29	3.8	_	_	
5	19.20	8.1	19.36	7.9	_	_	
Truck drivers	19.74	5.0	19.99	4.6	_	_	
4	17.37	4.0	17.37	4.0	_	_	
Bus drivers	14.03	8.6	-	-	_	_	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.69	4.8	14.69	4.8	_	_	
4	15.12	7.6	15.12	7.6	_	_	
Miscellaneous material moving equipment		4.2					
operators, n.e.c.	16.27	4.2	16.27	4.2	_	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12.77	4.6	12.09	4.4	17.83	3.2	

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Blue collar -Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
2	\$12.10	9.3	\$12.11	9.4	_	_
3	12.97	7.0	12.84	7.4	_	_
4	13.40	7.5	13.24	8.0	_	_
5	17.98	3.5	_	_	\$18.40	2.1
Production helpers	11.86	6.1	11.86	6.1	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	13.17	6.3	13.17	6.3	_	_
3	14.14	9.4	14.14	9.4	_	_
Machine feeders and offbearers	12.89	14.3	12.89	14.3	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	10.83	3.9	10.50	3.1	_	_
3	10.97	4.0	10.67	2.3	_	_
ervice	12.23	3.8	10.10	2.6	17.44	4.8
1	8.79	5.0	8.71	5.3	_	-
2	10.47	5.8	9.62	5.6	13.48	6.3
3	10.24	5.0	9.09	5.1	13.13	3.4
4	11.68	5.1	11.01	4.1		_
5	12.82	13.2	10.64	8.7	17.95	8.7
6	15.94	5.1	15.42	5.4	10.42	2.0
7 8	19.24 21.96	3.7 8.1	_		19.43 23.34	3.9 5.5
Protective service	18.37	5.3	13.32	7.0	19.27	5.6
7	19.44	3.9	-		19.44	3.9
Police and detectives, public service	22.76	4.1	_	_	22.75	4.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement						
officers	19.43	4.7	_	-	19.43	4.7
Correctional institution officers	16.43	13.2	_	_	16.43	13.2
Guards and police, except public service	12.84	6.3	-	_	_	_
Food service	9.29	4.3	9.22	4.5	_	_
1 2	8.34 8.59	8.9 8.0	8.12 8.59	10.0 8.0	_	_
3	8.07	4.1	7.94	3.6	_	_
4	9.95	5.0	9.95	5.0	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.86	6.5	6.86	6.5	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.15	.0	5.15	.0	_	_
Other food service	10.01	5.0	9.96	5.3	_	_
1	8.75	8.6	8.54	10.0	_	_
4	10.38	4.0	10.38	4.0	_	_
Cooks 4	10.35 10.61	5.5 4.3	10.29 10.61	5.6 4.3	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	8.96	6.6	8.82	7.1	_	_
1	9.25	8.6	9.04	10.4	_	_
Health service	10.50	4.4	10.38	4.5	_	_
2	10.30	9.8	_	-	_	_
3	9.38	9.6	_	_	_	_
Health aides, except nursing	11.26	5.2	11.26	5.2	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.31	5.0	10.14	5.2	_	_
Cleaning and building service	12.17	5.2	10.76	4.6	15.33	6.3
1 2	9.32 12.15	3.4 8.4	9.32 10.96	3.4 7.6	_	_
3	12.15	3.9	12.36	6.7	13.32	4.8
5	18.05	8.1	-	- 0.7	18.78	9.2
Supervisors, cleaning and building service	. 5.00	3.1			. 5.7 0	0.2
workers	16.08	8.1	15.57	8.1	_	-
Maids and housemen	9.09	7.7	9.10	7.7	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	12.59	6.2	10.92	5.7	15.28	6.4
1	9.43	2.6	9.43	2.6	_	-
2	13.42	8.5	12.02	10.8	12.22	- 4.0
3 5	13.25	3.0	-	_	13.32	4.8
	17.81	8.8	_	_	_	ı –

Table 4-2. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² full-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation and level	Total		Private industry		State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued Personal service	\$10.46 10.66	5.6 11.6	\$9.93 -	7.6 -	_ _	- -

 $^{^{1}}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. 2 Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is

hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.
³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

³ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and

of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	T	otal	Private	industry		ind local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relativ error ⁵ (percer
	\$10.58	2.8	\$10.18	3.1	\$14.00	4.8
All excluding sales	10.96	3.2	10.54	3.5	14.03	4.8
Vhite collar	13.16	3.7	12.82	4.2	15.24	5.7
1	7.96	2.2	7.94	2.2	_	_
2	9.30	4.0	8.95	3.9	_	_
3	10.98	2.6	10.84	3.4	11.86	2.1
4	11.08	4.9	10.83	5.2	13.27	7.2
5	15.19	3.3	15.38	3.0	14.18	12.0
6	16.48	8.3	15.01	4.6	17.24	11.7
7	21.48	4.6	21.94	4.6	18.01	6.2
8	18.57	7.1	17.16	8.4	_	_
9	23.58	1.9	23.74	1.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	15.44	10.9	15.95	17.0	_	_
White collar excluding sales	15.40	4.8	15.42	5.9	15.30	5.7
1	9.01	5.3	8.94	5.5	_	_
2	10.67	4.0	10.37	5.8	_	_
3	11.38	1.7	11.28	2.1	11.86	2.1
4	12.03	4.4	11.81	5.1	13.27	7.2
5	15.19	3.3	15.38	3.0	14.18	12.0
6	16.48	8.3	15.01	4.6	17.24	11.7
7	21.48	4.6	21.94	4.6	18.01	6.2
8	18.57	7.1	17.16	8.4	-	-
9	23.58	1.9	23.74	1.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	15.84	10.9	16.73	17.2	-	-
Professional specialty and technical	19.26	4.1	19.49	4.7	18.36	7.4
Professional specialty	21.64	3.2	22.22	2.9	19.33	9.9
7	21.42	5.0	21.92	5.1	18.01	6.2
8	19.57	5.8	18.48	6.5	_	_
9	23.58	1.9	23.74	1.9	_	_
Not able to be leveled	17.31	12.5	_	_	_	_
Health related	23.02	2.6	22.60	2.3	28.14	13.9
7	23.27	2.1	_	_	_	_
9	23.47	1.6	23.47	1.6	_	_
Registered nurses	23.10	2.5	22.66	2.2	28.14	13.9
7	23.27	2.1	_	_	_	_
9	23.27	1.8	23.27	1.8	_	_
Teachers, college and university	23.53	13.4	25.02	12.4	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	18.96	7.4	20.03	11.6	_	_
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	_	-	_	_	_	-
Technical	15.66	6.2	15.33	7.2	16.94	10.2
4	12.61	8.6	12.59	9.1	_	-
5	16.85	3.2	16.91	3.4	_	-
6	17.22	11.0	_	_	_	-
Licensed practical nurses	15.87	7.6	14.48	1.5	_	-
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	14.46	12.3	_	-	_	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	-	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	-	-	_	-	-	-
Management related	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sales	8.20	1.6	8.18	1.6	_	_
1	7.73	2.1	7.73	2.1	_	-
2	8.38	3.0	8.32	3.2	_	-
4	9.05	4.8	9.05	4.8	_	-
Sales workers, other commodities	9.02	4.6	9.02	4.6	_	-
Cashiers	8.08	1.8	8.05	1.8	_	-
1	7.60	2.7	7.60	2.7	_	1 -
2	8.41	3.0	8.34	3.2		1

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	Total Convention and level		Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percen	
White collar -Continued							
Administrative support, including clerical	\$11.60	2.5	\$11.49	3.1	\$12.05	2.8	
1	9.01	5.3	8.94	5.5	_	_	
2	10.68	4.0	10.37	5.8	11.06	2.1	
3 4	11.38 11.61	1.7 4.1	11.28 11.11	2.1 4.5	11.86 13.32	2.1 8.3	
5	14.02	5.2	14.44	5.2	-	0.3	
Secretaries	12.63	7.0	12.63	7.0	_	_	
General office clerks	10.47	4.7	10.31	5.5	11.18	2.2	
3	11.90	5.5	-	5.5	-		
Teachers' aides	12.10	4.3	_	_	12.11	4.3	
Blue collar	0.10	1 1	9 00	16			
1	9.19 7.74	4.4 4.0	8.99 7.74	4.6 4.0	_	_	
2	9.98	8.0	9.35	6.0	_	_	
3	10.56	5.2	9.33	6.0	_	_	
4	11.56	8.3	11.54	9.1	_	_	
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	10.13	5.5	10.02	5.7	_	_	
Transportation and material moving	11.41	10.0	10.91	13.4	-	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	8.51	3.9	8.51	3.9	_	_	
1	7.68	4.7	7.68	4.7	_	_	
4	9.51	2.1	9.51	2.1	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	9.37	5.0	9.37	5.0	_	_	
1	8.47	10.4	8.47	10.4	_	_	
4	9.51	2.1	9.51	2.1	-	_	
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	7.80	3.8	7.80	3.8	_	_	
Service	8.27	3.1	7.96	3.0	11.86	10.4	
1	7.26	3.1	7.16	3.3	_	_	
2	8.05	5.4	7.78	5.2	11.96	5.3	
3	8.26	3.5	8.20	3.6	_	_	
4	10.01	3.1	-	-	_	_	
5	15.91	11.7	_	-	_	_	
Protective service	10.83	12.7	7.00		-	_	
Food service	7.21	2.6	7.06	2.5	10.38	9.8	
1	6.91	4.0	6.81	4.1	_	_	
	7.38	5.4	7.04 7.67	3.8 5.7	_	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	7.67 5.98	5.7 4.7	7.67 5.98	4.7	_		
	5.34	7.1	5.34	7.1			
1 2	6.25	7.8	6.25	7.8	_	_	
Waiters and waitresses	5.40	7.5	5.40	7.5	_	_	
1	4.75	6.7	4.75	6.7	_	_	
Other food service	7.56	3.4	7.38	3.1	10.38	9.8	
1	7.23	3.9	7.13	4.0	-	-	
2	7.78	7.8	7.34	5.8	_	_	
3	8.11	5.5	8.11	5.5	_	_	
Cooks	9.36	3.2	9.33	3.3	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.31	8.1	7.19	7.8	_	_	
1Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.46 7.39	11.4 4.0	7.33 7.12	11.4 3.4	- 10.43	12.8	
1	7.39	4.0	7.12	5.0	-	12.0	
2	7.83	12.0	-	-	_	_	
Health service	9.48	2.6	9.41	2.8	10.24	2.2	
2	10.50	5.8	10.45	6.7	_		
						I	
3	8.81	2.3	8.69	2.2	_	_	

Table 4-3. Selected occupations¹ and levels,² part-time workers:³ Mean hourly earnings,⁴ private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)	Mean	Relative error ⁵ (percent)
Service –Continued						
Health service –Continued						
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	\$9.40	2.7	\$9.34	2.9	_	_
2	10.39	7.8	_	_	_	_
3	8.72	2.3	8.64	2.3	_	_
Cleaning and building service	8.00	3.0	8.00	3.0	_	_
1	7.90	3.2	7.90	3.2	_	-
Janitors and cleaners	8.06	3.1	8.06	3.1	_	-
1	7.99	3.2	7.99	3.2	_	_
Personal service	10.64	12.2	9.47	13.3	_	-
1	6.95	1.9	6.95	1.9	_	-
2	7.38	3.1	_	_	_	-
3	7.59	8.3	7.59	8.3	_	_

¹ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

² Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on 10 factors, including knowledge, complexity, work environment, etc. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendixes C and D for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a

worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

⁴ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and

hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

5 The relative standard error (RSF) is the standard error expressed as a

5 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not eisewhere classified. Overlail occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings¹ by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

		Private indu	stry and Sta	ate and local g	jovernment			
Occupational group	Full-time workers ³	Part-time workers ³	Union ⁴	Nonunion ⁴	Time ⁵	Incentive ⁵		
			N	lean				
All occupations All excluding sales	\$19.92 19.65	\$10.58 10.96	\$19.07 19.33	\$18.42 18.11	\$18.36 18.54	\$25.23 19.76		
White collar	22.91 22.73	13.16 15.40	22.15 22.94	21.83 21.83	21.60 22.15	28.93 21.30		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	26.08 27.10 22.93 29.37 25.04	19.26 21.64 15.66 - 8.20 11.60	27.70 26.70 32.69 29.18 9.42 15.65	24.41 26.74 19.11 29.31 21.83 12.97	25.52 26.73 22.04 29.23 14.04 13.87	- - - - 29.51		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	16.12 18.26 14.74 17.01 12.77	9.19 - 10.13 11.41 8.51	18.37 20.76 17.38 17.54 14.38	13.05 14.86 13.15 14.01 10.17	15.42 18.01 14.71 15.31 11.83	19.76 - - - -		
Service	12.23	8.27	12.98	8.70 ror ⁶ (percent)	10.63	_		
All occupations	2.1 2.0 2.5	2.8 3.2 3.7	3.1 3.1 4.9	2.8 2.7 2.8	2.0 2.0 2.3	12.9 8.0 15.7		
White-collar excluding sales Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	2.4 3.1 2.5 11.2 3.4 12.8 2.6	4.8 4.1 3.2 6.2 - 1.6 2.5	4.9 6.4 3.0 30.2 9.2 4.4 3.7	2.6 3.0 3.3 3.9 3.7 12.8 2.4	2.3 3.0 2.4 10.3 3.5 8.8 2.3	28.5 - - - - 15.8		
Blue collar	2.5 3.9 2.9 6.7 4.6	4.4 - 5.5 10.0 3.9	2.6 3.2 2.2 6.3 5.4	3.2 6.2 3.7 14.5 2.9	2.3 3.7 2.9 6.3 4.0	8.1 - - - -		
Service	3.8	3.1	5.2	3.0	3.3	_		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. In THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN

information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

4 Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

collective bargaining.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 5}}$ Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses.

6 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	ne workers			
		Good	s-produc	ing indus	stries ³		Service-	producing in	dustries ⁴	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				
All occupations	1 '	\$19.64 19.21	_ _	_ _	\$19.53 19.07	<u> </u>	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
White collar		25.18 24.57	- -	- -	25.28 24.65	- -	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Professional specialty and technical	26.75	24.84 28.59 18.17	- -	- -	24.86 28.69 18.15	-	_ _	_ _	_ _	- -
Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	29.44 19.96	35.04 32.66 14.14	_ _ _	_ _ _	35.26 32.66 14.21		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Blue collar	15.50	15.67	_	_	15.22	_	_	_	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	14.66	17.41 14.89 15.98	- - -	- -	16.44 14.91 15.91	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	11.21	12.46	_	-	12.20	-	_	_	_	_
Service	9.12	13.65	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
		1	Г		Relative	error ⁵ (percent)	ı		
All occupations		3.2 2.9	_ _	- -	3.3 3.1	-	- -	- -	- -	- -
White collar		4.3 4.0	_ _	- -	4.5 4.1	-	_ _	- -	_ _	- -
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	3.3	3.7 3.5 3.0	_ _	- - -	3.8 3.5 3.1	-	- -	- -	- -	- -
Executive, administrative, and managerial	4.0 12.8	6.4 22.6 2.3	_ _ _	_ _ _	6.6 22.6 2.3	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair	2.7	2.8 5.2	_	_	2.7 5.5	_				_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	2.9	2.9 3.5	_ _ _	_ _	3.0 3.5	_ _	_ _	_ _ _	_ _	_ _
laborerslaborers reiners, reipers, and	3.7	4.6	_	-	4.6	-	_	_	_	-
Service	2.3	2.8	_	ı	_	-	_	_	_	

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
² A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
³ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.
⁴ Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

⁵ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers			
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore		
Occupational group	All private industry workers	industry workers3		100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
			Mean				
All occupations	\$18.16 18.01	\$15.44 14.06	\$18.65 18.71	\$16.65 16.88	\$20.80 20.60		
White collar	21.81	21.31	21.88	19.83	23.45		
White-collar excluding sales	22.10	19.23	22.42	21.02	23.38		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	25.37 26.75 22.48	18.15 18.53 17.80	25.92 27.19 23.07	23.31 24.89 18.77	27.72 29.00 25.29		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	29.44	27.72	29.70	29.34	29.99		
Sales Administrative support, including clerical	19.96 13.91	28.10 14.26	17.94 13.87	14.27 12.53	24.23 14.71		
Blue collar	18.13 14.66	14.18 17.75 12.48 – 10.06	15.77 18.22 14.98 16.57 11.63	14.77 17.07 14.40 16.14 11.45	18.03 19.47 16.76 18.02 12.63		
Service	9.12	7.67	9.69	9.26	10.13		
	Relative error ⁴ (percent)						
All occupations	2.6	9.5	2.8	3.7	4.0		
All excluding sales	2.5	7.5	2.7	3.8	3.8		
White collar	3.0 2.9	9.9 7.6	3.2 3.1	4.7 4.9	4.3 4.1		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	4.0 3.3 11.3 4.0 12.8 2.9	7.1 14.8 5.4 9.3 25.5 6.0	4.1 3.2 12.3 4.4 15.1 3.2	4.3 4.4 5.2 7.3 13.0 3.2	5.8 4.1 16.9 5.5 22.4 4.7		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2.7 4.5 2.9 7.9 3.7	10.5 19.3 4.3 – 4.5	2.7 3.4 3.2 8.3 4.6	3.7 5.3 4.0 11.2 5.0	3.2 3.8 4.2 6.0 12.5		
Service	2.3	3.5	2.9	3.1	5.1		

¹ Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed

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holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Sestablishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

 $^{^4\,}$ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$8.65	\$11.30	\$16.30	\$22.48	\$31.60
All excluding sales	8.87	11.50	16.36	22.38	31.12
White collarWhite collar excluding sales	10.60 11.34	13.45 13.86	19.23 19.59	27.07 27.32	35.01 34.63
Professional specialty and technical	15.00	19.06	23.62	30.73	35.01
Professional specialty	17.02	21.01	25.53	31.86	36.79
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	21.01	23.73	29.57	31.60	36.79
Electrical and electronic engineers	16.88	21.37	27.69	29.85	35.85
Mechanical engineers	21.89	25.84	29.99	30.38	36.76
Engineers, n.e.c Mathematical and computer scientists	21.01 18.23	24.89 22.65	30.99 27.59	33.56 31.63	36.79 39.14
Computer systems analysts and scientists	20.02	24.82	27.39	34.63	39.14
Operations and systems researchers and					
analysts	17.90 15.78	23.39 16.63	27.59 18.06	31.40	31.40 34.03
Natural scientists Physical scientists, n.e.c.	23.70	26.38	34.03	23.84 34.03	39.59
Health related	19.59	21.73	24.25	25.13	33.52
Registered nurses	19.68	21.77	24.25	24.98	27.65
Teachers, college and university	17.76	22.83	30.52	34.21	43.71
Art, drama, and music teachers	27.13	37.23	37.23	37.23	38.66
Trade and industrial teachers	22.83	22.83	31.49	31.49	31.49
Other post-secondary teachers	18.56	21.05	21.05	21.05	21.05
Teachers, except college and university Prekindergarten and kindergarten	18.42 10.05	24.60 15.72	31.55 29.91	32.24 33.48	33.73 33.52
Elementary school teachers	21.92	22.64	31.86	32.24	32.24
Secondary school teachers	29.06	29.18	31.86	32.65	33.03
Teachers, special education	25.01	27.12	28.35	31.55	36.58
Teachers, n.e.c.	14.20	16.56	26.17	34.90	34.90
Vocational and educational counselors	21.10	21.10	21.10	24.08	24.08
Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians	16.51	19.34 16.51	26.02 32.56	32.56 32.56	38.94 38.94
Social scientists and urban planners	16.51 14.82	15.37	18.24	24.41	25.39
Social, recreation, and religious workers	12.36	13.95	19.47	23.11	24.68
Social workers	12.36	13.80	19.24	23.11	24.68
Lawyers and judges	19.66	19.66	27.40	41.11	41.11
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	19.66	19.66	27.40	41.11	41.11
professionals, n.e.c	14.11	17.79	23.81	28.36	36.92
Professional, n.e.c.	15.43	18.93	23.81	36.92	40.71
Technical	14.00	15.06	18.88	21.62	25.54
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.29	15.48	18.78	20.59	22.08
Licensed practical nurses	13.51	13.71	14.31	15.86	18.77
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c Electrical and electronic technicians	11.44 14.75	12.41 14.75	15.69 15.06	17.72 18.78	18.88 19.88
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	18.18	19.82	19.87	21.74	22.54
Drafters	14.43	15.00	18.02	19.25	19.25
Science technicians, n.e.c.	12.60	13.50	14.10	17.68	17.68
Computer programmers	16.57	19.06	20.46	21.79	26.40
Legal assistants	19.37	21.03	23.22	25.54	25.54
Technical and related, n.e.c	12.55	14.82	21.63	25.28	40.00
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.26	19.59	25.96	34.83	46.59
Executives, administrators, and managers	18.77	24.23	32.21	40.80	52.63
Administrators and officials, public administration	18.77	27.19	29.08	29.08	32.21
Financial managers Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	24.23	24.23	35.67	44.64	50.46
relations	24.25	34.60	39.91	54.99	64.21
Administrators, education and related fields Managers, medicine and health	15.75 21.00	25.66 25.50	36.68 27.00	45.83 36.00	52.63 43.27
Managers, medicine and nearth Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	13.76	15.22	26.78	28.46	32.68
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	18.54	24.04	29.62	38.46	49.32
Management related	15.20	18.50	22.38	27.55	37.25
Accountants and auditors	16.26	18.08	20.00	29.10	39.90
Other financial officers	13.70	21.78	25.14	26.07	46.59
Management analysts	18.69	19.48	26.09	33.08	37.50
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	15.42	18.75	19.55	23.99	26.02
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.	11.63	18.32	18.83	20.51	39.55
. 2. 2 3 agoing and 24,010, 110.00		.5.52	. 5.55		

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Vhite collar –Continued					
Executive, administrative, and managerial -Continued					
Management related –Continued	#40.40	C45.00	CO4 04	CO400	# 00.00
Management related, n.e.c.	\$12.16	\$15.29	\$21.31	\$24.33	\$30.26
Sales	7.54	8.60	13.00	24.04	36.97
Supervisors, sales	13.46	15.63	24.04	26.42	34.96
Sales, other business services	8.90	17.45	18.62	22.50	109.11
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,					
and wholesale	19.42	21.12	30.05	36.97	45.66
Sales workers, other commodities	7.54	8.36	9.93	11.90	17.78
Cashiers	6.79	7.35	8.60	8.67	9.54
Administrative cupport including elected	10.10	11.06	12.02	15 50	10 70
Administrative support, including clerical Secretaries	10.10	12.26	13.02 13.74	15.58 15.93	18.78 18.66
Typists	10.37	10.37	11.20	12.75	12.75
Receptionists	10.27	10.48	11.11	11.99	13.46
Library clerks	10.26	10.26	10.59	11.84	11.84
Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.02	11.02	13.19	14.98	19.85
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.62	10.92	12.69	16.33	18.78
Billing clerks	10.25	11.35	11.75	13.68	18.71
Dispatchers	10.43	16.32	17.87	33.19	33.19
Production coordinators	10.25	12.65	13.08	17.98	18.27
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	11.50	12.02	13.50	14.45	16.30
Stock and inventory clerks	10.82	12.11	13.00	13.56	15.52
investigators	12.42	12.55	12.55	16.01	21.90
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	10.00	13.09	14.80	14.82	15.56
General office clerks	10.23	10.97	13.02	14.09	16.65
Data entry keyers	9.33	10.16	10.77	11.00	13.75
Teachers' aides	9.37	11.26	11.38	12.65	13.33
Administrative support, n.e.c.	9.25	11.30	12.55	13.32	15.25
Blue collar	9.00	11.00	15.59	19.18	22.14
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.01	14.05	18.44	21.96	24.55
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	12.90	14.71	15.35	19.18	19.96
Heavy equipment mechanics	16.50	19.18	19.18	19.38	19.49
Industrial machinery repairers	16.93	18.43	19.25	19.94	23.31
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	12.92	16.32	16.59	18.76	20.98
Carpenters	16.40	18.44	20.79	22.40	23.15
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	22.05 17.50	22.56 18.55	23.20 22.25	23.78 26.45	25.35 31.00
Tool and die makers	21.01	21.70	22.23	23.49	25.59
Machinists	13.77	15.63	18.00	21.42	22.78
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	7.50	8.34	9.54	11.84	12.82
Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c.	12.35	12.35	16.46	17.81	26.65
Inspectors, testers, and graders	10.01	12.66	17.00	22.74	37.90
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	9.12	11.62	14.80	17.08	19.95
Punching and stamping press operators	8.25	9.93	15.58	15.63	16.76
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	11.49	11.75	13.75	15.52	18.86
Printing press operators	12.64	13.07	14.22	22.80	26.08
Slicing and cutting machine operators	14.87	14.87	15.31	16.34	18.54
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	8.00	9.07	13.39	16.64	20.02
Welders and cutters	14.64	14.64	16.20	17.08	20.06
Assemblers	11.85	14.16	15.23	17.02	19.54
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	9.12 9.25	9.12 10.05	10.60 13.94	14.27 16.01	22.14 19.95
•					
Transportation and material moving Truck drivers	9.60 14.34	13.64 16.95	16.83 21.30	21.30 21.30	21.63 22.47
Bus drivers	14.34	10.88	12.63	17.12	17.30
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	11.15	14.25	15.54	16.88	17.30
Miscellaneous material moving equipment		17.20	15.54	10.00	17.00
operators, n.e.c.	14.83	14.83	15.53	17.84	18.47
-r, ···	7.44				
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers		9.20	10.31	14.18	18.16

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, all workers:2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Blue collar –Continued					
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued					
Production helpers	\$9.00	\$10.51	\$10.84	\$13.32	\$15.49
Stock handlers and baggers	7.30	9.39	10.82	13.51	17.81
Machine feeders and offbearers	6.68	11.67	11.67	17.84	17.84
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	9.36	9.50	16.83	18.16	18.16
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.29	7.80	9.87	10.65	13.88
Service	6.25	7.70	9.30	12.24	17.57
Protective service	11.56	14.23	19.46	21.40	25.12
Firefighting		13.87	14.97	19.08	19.94
Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	19.46	21.73	22.90	25.12	25.12
officers	11.56	19.90	20.29	21.40	21.40
Correctional institution officers	12.34	12.34	18.76	20.06	20.06
Guards and police, except public service	10.18	10.30	14.89	14.89	14.89
Food service	5.15	6.25	7.81	9.45	11.33
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.15	5.15	5.15	7.10	8.92
Bartenders	6.13	6.29	7.00	7.10	8.92
Waiters and waitresses	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	7.00	7.31	8.58	8.64	10.19
Other food service	6.00	6.81	8.00	10.00	11.52
Cooks	8.10	8.60	9.79	11.00	12.24
Food counter, fountain, and related	5.15	5.15	7.27	11.52	11.52
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.00	6.00	6.25	8.72	10.15
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.19	6.81	7.70	8.41	11.33
Health service	7.97	8.76	9.59	11.17	12.11
Health aides, except nursing	8.76	9.55	11.17	11.73	12.71
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	7.45	8.75	9.50	10.77	12.70
Cleaning and building service	7.47	8.10	9.73	13.15	16.39
Supervisors, cleaning and building service	1.41	0.10	9.73	13.13	10.55
workers	13.80	13.80	16.66	17.75	19.74
Maids and housemen	7.13	7.41	8.14	11.23	11.43
Janitors and cleaners	8.10	8.25	9.82	13.37	16.39
Personal service	7.00	7.89	9.30	13.35	17.07
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities	5.17	7.00	7.00	8.09	11.21
Welfare service aides	7.25	7.50	8.11	12.25	13.52
Early childhood teachers' assistants	10.32	11.79	13.35	16.14	20.79
Child care workers, n.e.c.	6.72	8.26	8.75	8.75	8.75
Service, n.e.c.	7.00	9.30	9.30	9.30	10.83

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

			Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$8.25	\$10.75	\$15.41	\$21.96	\$31.0
All excluding sales	8.37	10.88	15.49	21.95	30.3
Vhite collar	10.16	13.00	18.78	25.89	35.9
White collar excluding sales	11.00	13.51	19.13	25.97	35.8
Professional specialty and technical	14.54	18.18	23.05	29.22	36.7
Professional specialty	16.56	20.56	25.16	31.57	38.4
Engineers, architects, and surveyors Electrical and electronic engineers	21.37 16.88	25.10 21.37	29.99 27.69	32.97 29.85	36.79 35.8
Mechanical engineers	21.89	25.84	29.99	30.38	36.7
Engineers, n.e.c.	23.62	28.49	31.60	33.64	36.7
Mathematical and computer scientists	18.23	24.82	28.85	32.43	39.1
Computer systems analysts and scientists	24.50	26.06	30.73	34.63	44.0
Operations and systems researchers and					
analysts	17.90	23.39	27.59	31.40	31.4
Natural scientists	15.78	15.78	18.06	23.84	34.0
Health related	19.52	21.73	23.96	24.98	35.8
Registered nurses	19.59	21.73	23.21	24.83	25.1
Teachers, college and university	21.21	25.26	30.52	34.21	42.6
Teachers, except college and university	10.05	11.67	15.45	18.42	25.3
Elementary school teachers	15.21 20.22	17.97 20.82	19.49 29.75	30.36 36.11	35.0 37.0
Secondary school teachers Teachers, n.e.c.	11.67	14.20	15.45	17.45	18.4
Librarians, archivists, and curators	-	- 14.20	-	- 17.43	- 10.4.
Social scientists and urban planners	14.82	14.82	18.24	24.41	25.3
Social, recreation, and religious workers	11.43	12.64	13.95	20.56	20.5
Social workers	11.43	12.36	13.80	14.04	20.5
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	-	-	-	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	11.78	20.35	25.53	34.52	40.7
Professional, n.e.c.	18.93	18.93	36.92	37.91	40.7
Technical	13.71	15.06	18.88	21.74	25.5
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	14.55	15.48	18.78	20.59	22.0
Licensed practical nurses	13.51	13.71	14.31	15.59	16.1
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	11.44	12.41	15.69	17.72	18.8
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	16.00	19.82	19.82	22.54	22.5
Drafters	14.43	15.00	17.57	19.25	19.2
Computer programmers	16.57	19.06	20.46	21.79	24.3
Legal assistants Technical and related, n.e.c.	21.03 12.55	21.03 18.83	24.27 23.00	25.54 31.00	25.5 40.0
·					
Executive, administrative, and managerial	15.86	19.55	25.85	35.67	47.6
Executives, administrators, and managers Financial managers	18.54 24.23	24.23 24.23	32.11 35.67	40.80 44.64	54.9 50.4
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	24.20	24.25	33.07	44.04	30.4
relations	24.25	34.60	39.91	54.99	64.2
Administrators, education and related fields	13.76	13.76	15.75	15.75	24.0
Managers, medicine and health	21.00	21.13	27.00	43.27	43.2
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	13.76	15.22	19.24	28.46	32.6
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	18.54	24.28	29.62	38.46	49.3
Management related	14.75	18.08	21.78	29.10	37.5
Accountants and auditors	15.86	18.08	23.75	29.10	39.9
Other financial officers	13.39	16.20	22.38	31.05	47.9
Management analysts	16.83	19.48	26.09	33.08	37.5
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	15.42	18.10	19.55	23.95	26.0
Management related, n.e.c.	12.16	14.78	19.13	22.85	29.3
Sales	7.54	8.60	13.00	24.04	36.9
Supervisors, sales	13.46	15.63	24.04	26.42	34.9
Sales, other business services	8.90	17.45	18.62	22.50	109.1
Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing,					
and wholesale	19.42	21.12	30.05	36.97	45.6
Sales workers, other commodities	7.54	8.36	9.93	11.90	17.7
Cashiers	6.79	7.35	8.59	8.67	9.5
			1	1	1

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	Private industry						
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90		
White collar –Continued							
Administrative support, including clerical –Continued Secretaries	\$10.50	\$12.34	\$13.51	\$16.00	\$21.58		
Receptionists	9.30	10.48	10.93	11.99	13.46		
Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.02	11.02	13.19	14.98	19.85		
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.62	10.20	12.22	13.76	18.78		
Billing clerks	10.25	11.35	11.75	13.68	18.71		
Production coordinators	10.25	12.65	13.08	17.98	18.27		
Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks	11.50	12.02	13.50	14.45	16.30		
Stock and inventory clerks	10.82	12.11	13.00	13.56	15.52		
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	12.42	12.55	12.55	16.01	24.00		
investigators Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.42 10.00	12.55 13.09	12.55 14.80	16.01 14.82	21.90 15.56		
General office clerks	9.00	10.67	11.79	13.64	16.78		
Data entry keyers	9.00	10.07	10.77	11.00	13.75		
Administrative support, n.e.c.	9.25	10.10	12.55	13.05	15.73		
,	0.20	10.00	12.55	10.00	.0.20		
Blue collar	8.92	10.84	15.23	19.18	22.48		
Precision production, craft, and repair	10.01	13.70	18.27	22.05	24.98		
Industrial machinery repairers	16.93	18.43	19.25	19.94	23.3		
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	12.92	16.32	16.59	18.76	20.98		
Carpenters	14.67	16.40	20.79	23.15	23.15		
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	22.05	22.56	23.20	23.78	25.3		
Supervisors, production	17.50	18.55	22.25	26.45	31.00		
Tool and die makers	21.01	21.70	22.62	23.49	25.59		
Machinists	13.77	15.63	18.00	21.42	22.78		
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	7.50 12.35	8.34 12.35	9.54 16.46	11.84 17.81	12.82 26.65		
Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c	10.01	12.55	17.00	22.74	37.90		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	9.12	11.62	14.80	17.08	19.9		
Punching and stamping press operators	8.25	9.93	15.58	15.63	16.76		
Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	11.49	11.75	13.75	15.52	18.86		
Printing press operators	12.64	13.07	14.22	22.80	26.08		
Slicing and cutting machine operators	14.87	14.87	15.31	16.34	18.54		
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	8.00	8.69	13.39	16.64	20.02		
Welders and cutters	14.64	14.64	16.20	17.08	20.06		
Assemblers	11.85	14.16	15.23	17.02	19.54		
Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c	9.12	9.12	10.60	14.27	22.14		
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	9.25	10.05	13.94	16.01	19.9		
Transportation and material moving	8.25 14.37	14.15	16.74	21.30	21.60		
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.37	18.44 14.25	21.30 15.54	21.30 16.88	22.47 17.03		
Miscellaneous material moving equipment	14.83	14.83	15.53	17.84	18.47		
operators, n.e.c.							
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Production helpers	7.30 9.00	9.00 10.51	10.31 10.84	12.17 13.32	16.87 15.49		
Stock handlers and baggers	7.30	9.39	10.84	13.52	17.8		
Machine feeders and offbearers	6.68	11.67	11.67	17.84	17.8		
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	9.36	9.50	16.83	18.16	18.16		
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.29	7.75	9.67	10.10	11.90		
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Service Protective service	6.09 8.38	7.41 10.18	8.72 14.89	10.60 14.89	12.24 14.89		
Food service	5.15	6.25	7.70	9.01	11.33		
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.15	5.15	5.15	7.10	8.92		
Bartenders	6.13	6.29	7.00	7.10	8.92		
Waiters and waitresses	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15		
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	7.00	7.31	8.58	8.64	10.19		
Other food service	6.00	6.81	8.00	9.75	11.4		
Cooks	8.00	8.60	9.75	11.00	12.24		
Food counter, fountain, and related	5.15	5.15	7.27	11.52	11.52		
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.00	6.00	6.25	8.37	10.15		

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, all workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

		F	Private industr	у	
Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Food service –Continued Other food service –Continued Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Health aides, except nursing Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Supervisors, cleaning and building service	7.45 8.76 7.45	\$6.63 8.75 9.55 8.75 8.10	\$7.70 9.52 11.17 9.50 9.10	\$8.09 10.78 11.73 10.77 11.00	\$11.33 12.11 12.78 11.84 13.72
workers	13.80 7.13 7.47 7.00 5.17 6.72 7.00	13.80 7.41 8.10 7.50 7.00 8.26 9.30	13.80 8.14 9.10 8.75 7.00 8.75 9.30	17.75 11.23 10.62 10.83 8.09 8.75 9.30	17.75 11.43 13.72 13.61 11.21 8.75 10.83

Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

 $^{^3\,}$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified.

Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, all workers:² Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

Occupation ³	State and local government							
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90			
All	\$11.83	\$14.51	\$19.24	\$25.66	\$32.21			
All excluding sales	11.83	14.51	19.24	25.66	32.21			
White collar	11.84 11.84	15.17 15.25	20.57 20.71	29.10 29.10	33.11 33.11			
Professional specialty and technical	16.67	20.30	24.68	31.86	33.65			
Professional specialty	17.46	21.01	27.32	31.86	34.90			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	_	_	_	_	_			
Mathematical and computer scientists	20.02	20.02	20.57	20.57	22.67			
Computer systems analysts and scientists	20.02	20.02	20.57	20.57	22.67			
Natural scientists	16.63	16.63	16.63	19.97	26.38			
Health related	19.74	20.78	24.49	27.65	30.74			
Registered nurses	21.40	24.14	24.93	27.65	29.10			
Teachers, college and university	17.76	21.05	29.51	35.74	43.71			
Teachers, except college and university	21.92	28.35	31.86	32.24	33.73			
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	29.91	29.91	29.92	33.48	33.52			
Elementary school teachers	21.92	24.60	31.86	32.24	32.24			
Secondary school teachers	29.06	29.18	31.86	32.65	33.03			
Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians	16.51 16.51	16.51	20.26 20.26	38.94	38.94 38.94			
Social scientists and urban planners	-	16.51	20.26	38.94	J0.94 -			
Social, recreation, and religious workers	16.81	19.24	23.11	23.54	26.34			
Social workers	16.81	19.24	23.11	23.54	26.34			
Lawyers and judges	-	-	25.11	25.54	20.54			
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and								
professionals, n.e.c.	14.54	15.43	17.79	23.81	23.81			
Technical	14.51	15.90	19.29	19.87	21.71			
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	11.60	11.94	12.56	15.90	15.90			
Technical and related, n.e.c.	14.51	14.82	14.82	17.37	17.37			
Executive, administrative, and managerial	19.16	22.51	26.07	30.69	45.83			
Executives, administrators, and managers	22.36	27.19	32.21	42.29	48.18			
Administrators and officials, public administration	18.77	27.19	29.08	29.08	32.21			
Administrators, education and related fields	25.66	30.69	36.68	48.18	52.63			
Management related	18.75	20.00	23.32	26.07	26.74			
Accountants and auditors	19.16	19.32	20.00	20.28	22.51			
Management related, n.e.c.	18.03	20.20	22.00	30.04	30.26			
Sales	-	-	-	-	_			
Administrative support, including clerical	11.26	11.63	13.33	15.40	16.82			
Secretaries	11.38	12.19	15.30	15.92	16.82			
Library clerks	10.26	10.26	10.59	11.84	11.84			
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.44	16.33	17.16	20.37	20.37			
General office clerks	11.34	13.02	14.09	14.68	16.65			
Teachers' aides	11.26	11.38	11.38	12.65	13.33			
Administrative support, n.e.c.	11.37	12.18	13.06	15.25	15.25			
Blue collar	14.34	16.95	18.29	19.18	21.52			
Precision production, craft, and repair	16.22	17.68	19.18	19.96	21.80			
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	_	_	_	_			
Transportation and material moving	12.22	13.64	16.95	17.30	17.30			
Bus drivers	12.22	12.63	16.95	17.30	17.30			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	14.37	17.76	18.29	19.07	19.07			
Service	10.63	12.60	15.85	20.06	22.90			
Protective service	12.34	14.97	19.94	21.73	25.12			
Firefighting	13.87	13.87	14.97	19.08	19.94			
Police and detectives, public service	19.46	21.73	22.90	25.12	25.12			
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	13.40	-1.75		20.12	20.12			
officers	11.56	19.90	20.29	21.40	21.40			

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, all workers:2 Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 Continued

Occupation ³	State and local government						
Occupation	10	25	Median 50	75	90		
Service –Continued Protective service –Continued Correctional institution officers Food service Other food service Food preparation, n.e.c. Health service Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service Early childhood teachers' assistants	7.63 7.63 7.63 9.59 9.59	\$12.34 9.83 9.83 9.83 9.59 9.59 12.60 12.60 11.79 11.79	\$18.76 10.63 10.63 10.63 11.02 10.24 15.56 15.56 13.35	\$20.06 10.85 10.85 10.63 12.00 12.00 17.52 17.52 16.14	\$20.06 13.12 13.12 13.12 14.29 14.29 18.40 18.35 20.79		

Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

 $^{3}\,$ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. In This Survey, the Nonresponse rate for all Industries and private industries excepted regular survey Standards for publication. Accordingly, users should interpret these results with this limitation in

All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
	\$10.00	\$12.56	\$17.78	\$23.43	\$32.21
All excluding sales	10.01	12.60	17.71	23.20	31.86
White collar	11.38	14.13	19.88	28.49	35.92
White collar excluding sales	11.50	14.24	20.00	28.34	35.09
Professional specialty and technical	15.33	19.43	24.08	31.25	35.94
Professional specialty	17.66	21.05	27.07	31.86	36.92
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	21.01	23.73	29.57	31.60	36.79
Electrical and electronic engineers	16.88	21.37	27.69	29.85	35.85
Mechanical engineers Engineers, n.e.c.	21.89 21.01	25.84 24.89	29.99 30.99	30.38 33.56	36.76 36.79
Mathematical and computer scientists	18.23	22.65	27.59	31.63	39.14
Computer systems analysts and scientists	20.02	24.82	29.09	34.63	39.14
Operations and systems researchers and					
analysts	17.90	23.39	27.59	31.40	31.40
Natural scientists	15.78 23.70	16.63 26.38	18.06 34.03	23.84 34.03	34.03 39.59
Physical scientists, n.e.c	19.68	21.73	24.49	27.65	35.88
Registered nurses	20.00	21.77	24.49	25.61	28.24
Teachers, college and university	17.76	25.26	30.52	37.23	43.71
Teachers, except college and university	21.10	25.01	31.86	32.24	33.73
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	10.05	12.47	29.92	33.48	33.52
Elementary school teachers	21.92	22.64	31.86	32.24 32.65	32.24
Secondary school teachers Teachers, special education	29.06 25.01	29.18 27.32	31.86 28.35	32.65	33.03 36.58
Teachers, n.e.c.	14.20	17.45	26.17	34.90	34.90
Vocational and educational counselors	21.10	21.10	21.10	24.08	24.08
Librarians, archivists, and curators	16.51	19.34	26.02	32.56	38.94
Librarians	16.51	19.34	32.56	32.56	38.94
Social scientists and urban planners	14.82	14.82	23.99	24.41	25.39
Social, recreation, and religious workers Social workers	12.36	13.95	20.56	23.11	24.68 24.68
Lawyers and judges	12.36 19.66	13.95 19.66	20.56 27.40	41.11	41.11
Lawyers	19.66	19.66	27.40	41.11	41.11
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c	14.11	17.79	23.81	28.36	36.92
Professional, n.e.c.	15.43	18.93	23.81	36.92	40.71
Technical	14.43	15.40	19.23	21.74	25.54
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Licensed practical nurses	14.29 13.51	15.48 13.51	18.78 14.24	20.26 15.86	20.59 16.17
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.	11.95	14.54	14.89	17.72	18.88
Electrical and electronic technicians	14.75	14.75	15.06	18.78	19.88
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	18.18	19.82	19.87	21.74	22.54
Drafters	14.43	15.00	18.02	19.25	19.25
Science technicians, n.e.c.	12.60	13.50	14.10	17.68	17.68
Computer programmersLegal assistants	16.57 19.37	19.06 21.03	20.46 23.22	21.79 25.54	26.40 25.54
Technical and related, n.e.c.	12.55	17.37	23.00	31.00	40.00
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.26	19.62	25.97	34.99	46.59
Executives, administrators, and managers Administrators and officials, public administration	19.24 18.77	24.25 27.19	32.21 29.08	40.80 29.08	52.63 32.21
Financial managers	24.23	24.23	35.67	44.64	50.46
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	0		33.07		00.40
relations	24.25	34.60	39.91	54.99	64.21
Administrators, education and related fields	18.22	30.69	36.68	45.83	52.63
Managers, medicine and health	21.00	25.50	27.00	36.00	43.27
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c	13.76 18.54	15.22 24.04	26.78 29.62	28.46 38.46	32.68 49.32
Management related	15.20	18.50	29.02	28.00	37.25
Accountants and auditors	16.26	18.08	20.00	29.10	39.90
Other financial officers	13.70	21.78	25.14	26.07	46.59
Management analysts	18.69	19.48	26.09	33.08	37.50
Personnel, training, and labor relations	45.40	10.75	46.55	00.00	
specialists	15.42	18.75	19.55	23.99	26.02
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c	11.63 12.16	18.32 15.29	18.83 22.00	20.51 24.33	39.55 30.26
Management related, 11.6.6.	12.10	10.23	22.00	2-7.00	30.20
Sales	9.35	11.90	19.36	33.05	46.09

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, full-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
W.:4	Han Continued					
vnite co	Illar -Continued					
Sales -	-Continued	* 10.10			000.40	0010
	Supervisors, sales	\$13.46 13.75	\$15.63 17.45	\$24.04 20.70	\$26.42 22.50	\$34.90 109.1
	Sales, other business services	13.75	17.45	20.70	22.50	109.1
	and wholesale	19.42	21.12	30.05	36.97	45.60
	Sales workers, other commodities	7.54	9.05	10.62	11.90	17.78
	Cashiers	7.78	8.91	10.66	12.01	12.0
Admin	istrative support, including clerical	10.25	11.35	13.32	16.20	18.78
	Secretaries	11.38	12.34	14.01	16.23	18.6
	Typists	10.37	10.37	10.37	12.75	12.7
	Receptionists	10.28	10.48	10.78	12.82	13.40
	Library clerks	10.26	10.26	10.26	10.59	13.2
	Records clerks, n.e.c.	11.02	11.02	13.19	14.98	19.8
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.62	11.00	12.76	16.35	18.78
	Billing clerks	10.25	11.35	11.75	13.68	18.7
	Dispatchers	10.43	16.32	17.87	33.19	33.1
	Production coordinators	10.25 11.50	12.65 12.98	13.08 13.50	17.98 15.20	18.2
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks Stock and inventory clerks	10.82	12.96	13.50	15.20	16.3 15.5
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and	10.02	12.11	13.00	14.13	13.3
	investigators	12.42	12.55	12.55	16.01	21.9
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	12.90	13.09	14.80	14.82	15.5
	General office clerks	10.51	10.99	13.02	14.09	16.7
	Data entry keyers	9.33	9.33	10.77	10.77	13.7
	Teachers' aides	9.37	11.38	11.38	13.33	13.3
	Administrative support, n.e.c	9.25	11.30	12.46	13.32	15.2
lue coll	ar	9.54	11.83	16.13	19.34	22.4
Precis	ion production, craft, and repair	10.01	14.11	18.44	21.96	24.5
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	12.90	14.71	15.35	19.18	19.9
	Heavy equipment mechanics	16.50	19.18	19.18	19.38	19.4
	Industrial machinery repairers	16.93	18.43	19.25	19.94	23.3
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	12.92	16.32	16.59	18.76	20.9
	Carpenters	16.40	18.44	20.79	22.40	23.1
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	22.05	22.56	23.20	23.78	25.3
	Supervisors, production	17.50	18.55	22.25	26.45	31.0
	Tool and die makers	21.01 13.77	21.70 15.63	22.62 18.00	23.49 21.42	25.5 22.7
	Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	7.50	8.34	9.54	11.84	12.8
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c.	12.35	12.35	16.46	17.81	26.6
	Inspectors, testers, and graders	10.01	12.66	17.00	22.74	37.9
Maabi	no anarotora accombiara and increatora	0.05	11.76	14.04	17.00	20.0
iviachii	ne operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators	9.25 8.25	11.76 9.93	14.84 15.58	17.09 16.34	20.0 16.7
	Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	6.∠5 11.49	11.75	13.75	15.52	18.8
	Printing press operators	12.64	13.07	14.22	22.80	26.0
	Slicing and cutting machine operators	14.87	14.87	15.31	16.34	18.5
	Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	8.69	9.07	13.39	16.64	20.0
	Welders and cutters	14.64	14.64	16.20	17.08	20.0
	Assemblers	11.85	14.16	15.23	17.02	19.5
	Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c	9.12	9.12	10.60	14.27	22.1
	Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	9.25	10.05	13.94	16.01	19.9
Transı	portation and material moving	10.88	14.31	16.95	21.30	21.6
	Truck drivers	15.40	18.44	21.30	21.30	22.4
	Bus drivers	10.88	10.88	13.64	17.30	17.30
	Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	11.15	14.25	15.54	16.88	17.03
	Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	14.83	14.83	15.53	17.84	18.4
	ers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.00	9.87	11.00	16.60	18.7
Handle		9.00	3.01			10.7
Handle		a nn	10.51	10.84	13 37	15./0
Handle	Production helpers	9.00 9.00	10.51 10.31	10.84 12.03	13.32 16.60	
Handle		9.00 9.00 6.68	10.51 10.31 11.67	10.84 12.03 11.67	13.32 16.60 17.84	15.49 18.79 17.84

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs1, full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service	\$7.45	\$8.75	\$11.23	\$14.89	\$20.02
Protective service Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	12.34	14.89	19.46	21.53	25.12
	19.46	21.73	22.90	25.12	25.12
officers Correctional institution officers	15.70	19.90	20.29	21.40	21.53
	12.34	12.34	18.76	20.06	20.06
Guards and police, except public service Food service	10.18	10.30	14.89	14.89	14.89
	5.15	7.70	8.71	11.22	12.24
	5.15	5.15	6.13	8.58	10.07
Waiters and waitresses Other food service	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.15
	7.70	8.00	9.50	11.33	14.09
Cooks Food preparation, n.e.c Health service	8.00	8.71	10.43	11.22	12.24
	7.50	7.70	8.38	10.63	11.33
	7.45	9.00	10.77	11.84	12.24
Health aides, except nursing	8.76	9.84	11.73	12.78	13.19
	7.00	9.00	10.77	11.84	12.24
Cleaning and building service Supervisors, cleaning and building service	8.39	9.10	11.43	13.80	17.52
workers Maids and housemen Janitors and cleaners	13.80	13.80	16.66	17.75	19.74
	7.41	7.43	8.67	11.23	11.43
	9.10	9.48	12.60	15.15	17.52
Personal service	7.41	8.75	9.30	12.47	17.07

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled Percentiles are calculated from average nounly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a

full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN

another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, part-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$6.54	\$7.45	\$9.00	\$11.99	\$16.96
All excluding sales	6.25	7.47	9.50	12.45	18.03
White collar	7.56	8.60	11.75	16.02	23.21
White collar excluding sales	9.92	11.33	13.66	18.57	24.06
Professional specialty and technical	12.93	14.87	18.57	23.21	24.75
Professional specialty	15.47	17.31	23.21	24.66	24.83
Health related	19.47	23.10	23.21	24.74	24.83
Registered nurses	19.47	23.10	23.21	24.75	24.83
Teachers, college and university	12.93	17.90	22.54	31.49	31.49
Teachers, except college and university	15.72	16.56	17.31	21.10	24.93
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	_	_	_	_
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	_	_	_	_
professionals, n.e.c.	-				
Technical	11.86	14.16	15.28	17.57	21.71
Licensed practical nurses	14.16	14.16	14.34	15.59	21.71
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c	7.90	11.86	16.96	17.57	19.64
Executive, administrative, and managerial	-	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	-	_	_	_	_
Sales	6.81	7.38	8.10	8.65	9.54
Sales workers, other commodities	7.56	8.08	8.36	10.00	10.67
Cashiers	6.79	7.19	8.25	8.60	8.94
Administrative support, including clerical	8.89	10.27	11.35	12.55	13.72
Secretaries	10.50	10.94	12.40	14.94	16.00
General office clerks	8.73	9.00	10.23	11.34	11.35
Teachers' aides	11.26	11.26	11.75	12.17	12.45
Blue collar	6.40	7.29	8.81	10.61	12.87
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.25	9.00	10.61	11.05	11.93
Transportation and material moving	8.00	8.00	11.89	14.15	14.15
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.40	7.07	7.75	9.66	11.31
Stock handlers and baggers	6.40	8.75	9.40	10.16	11.50
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	7.00	7.25	7.52	7.75	10.00
Service	6.00	6.81	7.97	9.50	10.62
Protective service	7.00	7.85	11.00	11.00	20.61
Food service	5.15	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.79
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.15	5.15	5.15	7.00	8.33
Waiters and waitresses	4.50	5.15	5.15	5.15	9.00
Other food service	6.00	6.25	7.21	8.37	10.00
Cooks	8.58	8.60	9.79	10.00	10.18
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.00	6.00	6.25	8.72	10.15
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.19	6.58	7.20	7.97	8.41
Health service	8.25	8.75	9.50	9.59	11.17
Health aides, except nursing	7.44	9.33	9.55	11.17	11.75
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	8.25	8.75	9.50	9.59	10.78

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs¹, part-time workers:² Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation ³	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service	\$6.45	\$7.47	\$8.10	\$8.10	\$9.10
	6.78	7.47	8.10	8.10	9.10
	7.00	7.00	7.97	13.61	20.79

¹ Percentiles are calculated from average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. The percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile hourly wage for an occupation, one-tenth of the occupation's employment are found in sampled establishment jobs whose average wages are the same or less, and nine-tenths are in jobs averaging the same or more. The calculations of the 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time.

full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRESPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a

³ A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Appendix A: Technical Note

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all the steps required to produce the data.

Planning for the survey

The overall design of the survey includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Minneapolis–St. Paul, MN–WI, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Washington, and Wright Counties, MN; and Pierce and St. Croix Counties, WI.

Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated.

Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. See appendix table 2 for a count of establishments in the survey by employment size. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Regional Office and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow-up and update data.

Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- 3. Characterization of jobs as full-time v. part-time, union v. nonunion, and time v. incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers who met all the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a correct classification or level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs collected in each establishment was based on an establishment's employment size as shown in the following schedule:

Number of employees	Number of selected jobs
50–99	8
100-249	10
250-999	12
1000-2,499	16
2,500+	20

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The National Compensation Survey occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. In cases where a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was identified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based

on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of Terms" section on the following page for more detail.

Generic leveling through point factor analysis

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "generic leveling" process. Generic leveling ranks and compares all occupations randomly selected in an establishment using the same criteria.

For this survey, the level of each occupation in an establishment was determined by an analysis of each of 10 leveling factors. Nine of these factors are drawn from the U.S. Government Office of Personnel Management's Factor Evaluation System, which is the underlying structure for evaluation of General Schedule Federal employees. The tenth factor, supervisory duties, attempts to account for the effect of supervisory duties. It is considered experimental. The 10 factors are:

- Knowledge
- Supervision received
- Guidelines
- Complexity
- Scope and effect
- Personal contacts
- Purpose of contacts
- Physical demands
- Work environment
- Supervisory duties

Each factor contains a number of levels, and each level has an associated written description and point value. The number and range of points differ among the factors. For each factor, an occupation was assigned a level based on the written description that best matched the job. Within each occupation, the points for nine factors (supervisory duties was excluded) were recorded and totaled. The total determines the overall level of the occupation. Appendix table 3 presents median work levels for published occupational groups and selected occupations. A description of the levels for each factor is shown in appendix C.

Tabulations of levels of work for occupations in the survey follow the Federal Government's white-collar General Schedule. Point ranges for each of the 15 levels are shown in appendix D. It also includes an example of a job with its associated leveling factors, and a guide to help data users evaluate jobs in their firms

Wage data collected in prior surveys using the new generic leveling method were evaluated by BLS researchers using regression techniques. For each of the major occupational groups, wages were compared to the 10 generic level factors (and levels within those factors). The analysis showed that several of the generic level factors, most notably knowledge and supervision received, had strong explanatory power for wages. That is, as the levels within a given factor increased, the wages also increased. For addi-

tional information on generic leveling see Brooks Pierce, "Using the National Compensation Survey to Predict Wage Rates," *Compensation and Working Conditions*, Winter 1999, pp. 8–16.

Collection period

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

Earnings

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers, exempt from overtime provisions, often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

Definition of terms

Full-time worker. Any employee that the employer consid-

ers to be full time.

Incentive worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

Level. A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on generic leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

Nonunion worker. An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage (see below).

Part-time worker. Any employee that the employer considers to be part time.

Straight-time. Time worked at the standard rate of pay for the job.

Time-based worker. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

Union worker. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the Bureau's National Office following collection.

Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of the nonrespondents equals the mean value of the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonre-

sponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group and job level.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

Survey response

	Establish-
	ments
Total in sample	516
Responding	318
Out of business or not in	
survey scope	25
Unable or refused to pro-	
vide data	173

Some surveys may have a high nonresponse rate for the all industries or private industry iterations. Such instances are noted in the bulletin table footnotes.

Estimation

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by: the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using average hourly wages for sampled establishment jobs within each occupation. Establishments in the survey may report either individual-worker earnings or average wage rates for each sampled job. If individual-worker earnings are provided, an average hourly wage rate is computed for the job and used in the calculation of percentile estimates. The average hourly wages for each sampled job are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles describe the distribution of an occupation's employment by the average wage rates for its jobs. For example, at the 10th percentile, 10 percent of a published occupation's employment is in sampled establishment jobs that had average hourly wages at the 10th percentile or less for that occupation. Note that the percentiles in previous NCS bulletins for this area were calculated from individual-worker earnings rather than from average wages for sampled establishment jobs. Data users should keep this difference in mind.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is \$13.55 to \$12.03 (1.645 times 3.6 percent = 5.922 percent times \$12.27, plus or minus \$0.76). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. A Technical Reinterview Program done in all survey areas will be used in the development of a formal quality assessment process to help compute nonsampling error. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

Appendix table 1. Number of workers¹ represented by the survey, by occupational group,² National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	Full-time and part-time workers					
Occupational group	Total Private industry		State and local government			
All occupations	824,600 665,800 765,300 606,900		158,800 158,500			
White collar White-collar excluding sales	475,700 416,400	360,400 301,500	115,300 114,900			
Professional specialty and technical	194,500 144,400 50,100 73,800	129,800 85,900 43,900 59,900	64,700 58,600 6,100 13,900			
Sales Administrative support, including clerical	59,200 148,200	58,900 111,900	36,300			
Blue collar	195,300 67,700 54,100 30,800 42,800	179,400 59,800 54,000 26,200 39,400	15,900 7,900 - 4,600 3,400			
Service	153,600	125,900	27,600			

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy.

See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. IN THIS SURVEY, THE NONRE-SPONSE RATE FOR ALL INDUSTRIES AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY EXCEEDED REGULAR SURVEY STANDARDS FOR PUBLICATION. ACCORDINGLY, USERS SHOULD INTERPRET THESE RESULTS WITH THIS LIMITATION IN MIND.

Appendix table 2. Number of establishments represented by survey and the number studied by industry division and establishment employment size, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

	N	Number of establishments studied						
Industry	Number of establish-		50.00	100 workers or more				
	ments repre- sented ¹	Total studied	50 - 99 workers ²	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
All industries	4,400	318	73	245	141	104		
Private industry	,	277	71	206	129	77		
Goods-producing industries		93	17	76	47	29		
Mining	(3)	1	1	_	_	_		
Construction	100	9	4	5	4	1		
Manufacturing	1,000	83	12	71	43	28		
Service-producing industries	3.100	184	54	130	82	48		
Transportation and public utilities	100	12	1	11	4	7		
Wholesale and retail trade	1,300	55	22	33	25	8		
Finance, insurance and real estate		20	5	15	3	12		
Services	1,400	97	26	71	50	21		
State and local government	200	41	2	39	12	27		

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported. Overall industry and industry groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Number of establishments represented by the survey rounded to the nearest 100.
Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.
Number of establishments represented by the survey is fewer than 50.

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999

Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-time workers
	_	_	
All	5	6	2
All excluding sales	5	6	
White collar	7	7	3
White collar excluding sales	7	7	5
Ç			
Professional specialty and technical	8	9	7
Professional specialty	9	9	7
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	11	11	_
Electrical and electronic engineers	11	11	_
Mechanical engineers	11	11	_
Engineers, n.e.c		10	_
Computer systems analysts and scientists	10	10	
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	11	11	_
Natural scientists	7	7	_
Physical scientists, n.e.c.	11	11	_
Health related	9	9	8
Registered nurses	9	9	8
Teachers, college and university	13	13	8
Art, drama, and music teachers	14	_	-
Trade and industrial teachers		_	-
Other post-secondary teachers		_	_
Teachers, except college and university	8	8	8
Prekindergarten and kindergarten	8 8	8 8	_
Elementary school teachers	8	8	
Teachers, special education		9	_
Teachers, n.e.c.	9	9	_
Vocational and educational counselors	8	8	_
Librarians, archivists, and curators	9	9	_
Librarians	9	9	_
Social scientists and urban planners	9	9	-
Social, recreation, and religious workers		9	_
Social workers	9	9	_
Lawyers and judges	12 12	12 12	_
Lawyers Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,	'2	12	_
n.e.c.	8	8	_
Professional, n.e.c.	8	8	_
Technical	6	7	5
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	7	7	_
Licensed practical nurses	5	5	4
Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c		5	5
Electrical and electronic technicians		6	_
Engineering technicians, n.e.c.	7	7	_
Drafters	5	5	_
Science technicians, n.e.c.	6 6	6	_
Computer programmers Legal assistants		6 9	_
Technical and related, n.e.c.	8	8	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9	9	
Executive, administrative, and managerial		11	_
Administrators and officials, public administration	11	11	_
Financial managers		12	_
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public relations	12	12	_
Administrators, education and related fields		11	_
Managers, medicine and health		11	_
Managers, service organizations, n.e.c		11	_
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	I	11	_
Management related		9	_
Accountants and auditors		8	_
Other financial officers		9	_
Management analysts Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists		9	_
		7	_
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c			

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

	Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-tin worke
Mhita ac	bllar –Continued			
viille cc	mar -Continued			
Sales	0	4	7	2
	Supervisors, sales Sales, other business services	8 5	8	_
	Sales representatives, mining, manufacturing, and	3	0	_
	wholesale	9	9	_
	Sales workers, other commodities	3	4	1
	Cashiers	2	3	2
Admir	nistrative support, including clerical	4	4	3
	Secretaries		4	4
	Typists	2	3	_
	Receptionists		3	-
	Library clerks		2	_
	Records clerks, n.e.c.		5 4	_
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks Billing clerks		4	
	Dispatchers	3	3	_
	Production coordinators		5	_
	Traffic, shipping and receiving clerks		4	-
	Stock and inventory clerks		4	-
	Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators		4	_
	Investigators and adjusters, except insurance		4	_
	General office clerks	3 4	3	2
	Data entry keyers Teachers' aides	1 .	5 2	4
	Administrative support, n.e.c.		4	_
			_	
iue coi	llar	4	5	1
Precis	sion production, craft, and repair	6	6	_
	Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics		6	_
	Heavy equipment mechanics		7	_
	Industrial machinery repairers Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.		6	_
	Carpenters		7	_
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters		7	_
	Supervisors, production		8	_
	Tool and die makers	8	8	_
	Machinists	6	6	l –
	Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	l 3		
			3	_
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c	6	6	_ _ _
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c	6 5		- - -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders	6 5 4	6 5 4	- - - 2
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators	6 5 4 3	6 5 4 3	- - - 2 -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c.	6 5 4 3 5	6 5 4 3 5	- - - 2 - -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators	6 5 4 3 5 5	6 5 4 3 5 5	2 - -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators	6 5 4 3 5 5 3	6 5 4 3 5	2 - - - -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5	6 5 4 3 5 5 3	2 - - - - - -
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3	2
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c.	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2	2
Machi	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3	2
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 4	2 3
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5	- - - - - -
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3	- - - - - -
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5	- - - - - -
	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3	- - - - - -
Trans	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators. Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4	3
Trans	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Assemblers Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	6 5 4 3 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 2	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 3	- - - - - -
Trans	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Miscellaneous hand working, n.e.c. Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c. lers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Production helpers	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 2 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 2 3	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 3 3	3 - 1
Trans	Miscellaneous precision workers, n.e.c. Inspectors, testers, and graders ine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Punching and stamping press operators Fabricating machine operators, n.e.c. Printing press operators Slicing and cutting machine operators Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c. Welders and cutters Assemblers Assemblers Production inspectors, checkers and examiners portation and material moving Truck drivers Bus drivers Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c. Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 2 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 2 3	6 5 4 3 5 5 5 3 3 5 3 2 4 4 5 3 4 4 3	3

Appendix table 3. Median work levels for all workers, full-time and part-time workers: Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI, November 1999 — Continued

Occupation ²	All workers	Full-time workers	Part-time workers
Blue collar -Continued			
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued			
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	1	3	1
Service	2	3	2
Protective service		7	4
Firefighting	1 -	l <u>'</u>	
Police and detectives, public service		8	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers		7	_
Correctional institution officers		7	_
		4	_
Guards and police, except public service		2	1
Food service		3	1
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders)	'
Bartenders		_	_
Waiters and waitresses		2	1
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants		_	
Other food service	I	2	1
Cooks		4	3
Food counter, fountain, and related		_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	1	_	1
Food preparation, n.e.c.	1	1	1
Health service	3	3	3
Health aides, except nursing	2	2	2
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	3	3	3
Cleaning and building service	1	2	1
Supervisors, cleaning and building service workers		6	_
Maids and housemen		1	_
Janitors and cleaners	1	2	1
Personal service	3	4	3
Attendants, amusement, and recreation facilities			_
Welfare service aides		_	_
Early childhood teachers' assistants		_	_
Child care workers, n.e.c.		_	_
Service, n.e.c.		_	_
00.1100, 110101			

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

musicians, actors, painters, photographers, dancers, artists, athletes, and legislators cannot be assigned a work level. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. The occupations titled authors,