# Occupational Compensation Survey: Pay Only

West Palm Beach—Boca Raton, Florida, Metropolitan Area, February 1996



U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Bulletin 3085-10

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## **Preface**

This bulletin provides results of a February 1996 survey of occupational pay in the West Palm Beach—Boca Raton Metropolitan Statistical Area. This survey was conducted as part of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupational Compensation Survey Program. Data from this program are for use in implementing the Federal Employees Pay Comparability Act of 1990. The survey was conducted by the Bureau's regional office in Atlanta, under the direction of Dianne R. Farrior, Assistant Regional Commissioner for Operations.

The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation. For additional information regarding this survey or similar surveys conducted in this regional area, please contact the BLS Atlanta Regional Office at (404) 347-4416. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Occupational Pay and Employee Benefits, 2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE, Washington, D.C. 20212-0001 or call the Occupational Compensation Survey Program information line at (202) 606-6220.

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# Occupational Compensation Survey: Pay Only

## West Palm Beach—Boca Raton, Florida, Metropolitan Area, February 1996



U.S. Department of Labor Robert B. Reich, Secretary

Bureau of Labor Statistics Katharine G. Abraham, Commissioner

July 1996

Bulletin 3085-10

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### Introduction

This survey of occupational pay in the West Palm Beach—Boca Raton Metropolitan Statistical Area (Palm Beach County) was conducted as part of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Occupational Compensation Survey Program. The survey is one of a number conducted annually in metropolitan areas throughout the United States. (See listing of reports for other surveys at the end of this bulletin.)

A major objective of the Occupational Compensation Survey Program is to describe the level and distribution of occupational pay in a variety of the Nation's local labor markets, using a consistent survey approach. Another Program objective is to provide information on the incidence of employee benefits among and within local labor markets.

The Program develops information that is used for a variety of purposes, including wage and salary administration, collective bargaining, and assistance in determining business or plant location. Survey results also are used by the U.S. Department of Labor in making wage determinations under the Service Contract Act, and by the President's Pay Agent (the Secretary of Labor and Directors of the U.S. Office of Personnel Management and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget) in determining local pay adjustments under the Federal Employee Pay Comparability Act of 1990. This latter requirement resulted in: (1) Expanding the survey's industrial coverage to include all private nonfarm establishments (except

households) employing 50 workers or more and to State and local governments and (2) adding more professional, administrative, technical, and protective service occupations to the surveys.

### Pay

The A-series tables provide estimates of straight-time weekly or hourly pay by occupation. Tables A-1 through A-5 provide data for selected white- and blue-collar occupations common to a variety of industries.

Occupational pay information is presented for all industries covered by the survey and, where possible, for private industry and for State and local governments. Within private industry, more detailed information is presented to the extent that the survey establishment sample can support such detail.

### **Appendixes**

Appendix A describes the concepts, methods, and coverage used in the Occupational Compensation Survey Program. It also includes information on the area's industrial composition and the reliability of occupational pay estimates.

Appendix B includes the descriptions used by Bureau field economists to classify workers in the survey occupations.

Table A-1. All establishments: Weekly hours and pay of professional and administrative occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996

		Average			kly pay ollars) <sup>2</sup>							l	Percent	of work	ers rece	eiving s	traight-ti	me wee	ekly pay	y (in dol	llars) of	_					
Occupation and level	Number of workers	weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Midd	le range	350 and unde 400	400 - 450	450 - 500	500 - 550	550 - 600	600 - 650	650 - 700	700 - 750	750 - 800	800 - 850	850 - 900	900 - 950	950 - 1000	1000 - 1100	-	-	1300 - 1400	1400 - 1500	1500 - 1600	1600 - 1700	1700 and over
PROFESSIONAL OCCUPATIONS																											
Accountants Private industry State and local government	614 518 96	40.0 40.0 40.0	\$840 885 596	\$827 858 566	\$640 700 482	- \$1,0 - 1,0 - 7		2 - 11	2 1 6	5 3 15	10 8 20	7 7 4	2 2 5	14 14 11	5 5 5	8 8 4	9 10 1	8 8 3	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	7 9 -	11 13 -	4 4 2	4 4 -	1 1 -	- - -	- - -	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 -
Level 1: State and local government	25	40.0	441	-	_		32	24	16	20	8	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Level 2 Private industry State and local government		40.0 40.0 40.0	669 689 544	640 700 –	596 614 -	- 7 - 7 	31 1 31 – 11	1 - 11	( <sup>3</sup> ) - 4	9 9 11	20 14 56	18 21 –	4 5 -	26 29 7	1 1 -	11 13 -	4 5 -	2 3 -	  -  -	-  -  -	- - -	-  -  -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-   -   -
Level 3 Private industry State and local government	199 167 32	40.0 40.0 40.0	829 853 703	827 847 –	747 750 –		21 – 41 –	1 - 6	-  -  -	1 - 6	8 8 3	2 - 13	3 - 16	16 14 28	14 15 9	13 13 9	10 12 –	19 21 9	  -  -	9 10 -	6 7 -	-  -  -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 4 Private industry	117 107	40.0 40.0	1,018 1,045	1,058 1,061	890 903	- 1,1 - 1,1		-	1 -	3 -	1 -	- -	- -	-	2	- -	21 23	3 4	3	24 26	33 36	4 3	4 5	  -  -	  -  -	-	_ _
AttorneysState and local government	168 85	40.0 40.0	1,554 916	1,346 931	865 596	- 2,5 - 1,2		-	7 13	3 6	7 13	1 2	1	3 6	3 6	1 1	2 -	2 5	4 7	6 7	2 5	6 12	8 11	4 1	1	1 2	<sup>4</sup> 39 1
Engineers Private industry State and local government	991	40.0 40.0 40.0	1,165 1,178 974	1,154 1,167 948	948 989 813	- 1,3 - 1,3 - 1,1	23 –	-  -  -	-  -  -	- - -	2 2 3	4 4 1	2 2 1	2 1 6	2 2 6	3 2 16	5 5 6	7 6 13	3 2 10	14 14 6	15 16 13	17 17 6	8 8 9	5 5 –	5 5 1	2 3 -	6 7 -
Level 2	76	40.0	745	_	_		-	-	-	-	-	29	17	1	18	21	8	-	4	1	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Level 3	293	40.0	956	948	880	- 1,0	- 88	_	-	_	5	5	-	(3)	1	3	17	22	6	20	15	5	1	_	-	-	-
Level 4: State and local government	23	40.0	1,053	988	885	- 1,2	71 –	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	22	4	4	26	4	9	9	22	_	_	-	-
ADMINISTRATIVE OCCUPATIONS																											
Budget Analysts: Level 2: State and local government	12	40.0	705	_	_			_	_	_	17	17	17	17	25	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Buyer/Contracting Specialists Private industry	82	40.0 40.0 40.0	629 651	577	534	- 6 - 6	37 5	6 6	5 3	21 17	28 32	20 21	2	2 3	_ _ _	- -	- -	_ _ _	_ 	-   -	4 5	7 9	_	_ 	_ 	_	_ _ _
Computer Programmers Private industry State and local government	559	40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0	790 803 673	714 737 652	606 615 584	- 9 - 9	72 – 93 – 83 –	-   -   -	1 - 5	6 7 -	17 15 33	9 9 11	9 8 18	11 11 5	5 4 9	4 4 5	7 6 13	4 4 –	6 7 -	13 14 –	8 9	1 1 -	(3) (3)	_ _ _	- - -		_ _ _ _
Level 2 State and local government		40.0 40.0	666 660	643 643	590 594		17 – 98 –	-	  -  -	  -  -	35 47	27 5	5 26	12 -	8 11	8 11	2 -	2	  -  -	-		-	_ _	  -  -	  -  -	_ _	<del>-</del>
Level 3	139	40.0	682	673	652	- 7	07 –		-	2	6	17	29	33	9	2	3	_	-			_	-	_	_	_	_

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-1. All establishments: Weekly hours and pay of professional and administrative occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996 — Continued

		Average			kly pay lollars) <sup>2</sup>							ı	Percent	of work	ers rec	eiving st	traight-ti	ime wee	ekly pay	(in doll	lars) of-	_					
Occupation and level	Number of workers	weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Middle	range	350 and under 400	400 - 450	450 - 500	500 - 550	550 - 600	600 - 650	650 - 700	700 - 750	750 - 800	800 - 850	850 - 900	900 - 950	950 - 1000	1000 - 1100	-	-	1300 - 1400	1400 - 1500	1500 - 1600	1600 - 1700	1700 and over
Computer Systems Analysts: State and local government	34	40.0	\$748	_	_		_	_	_	_	3	18	21	26	3	15	_	9	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Level 1: State and local government	16	40.0	679	\$690	\$630	- \$692	_	_	_	_	6	31	44	13	_	_	-	6	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Level 2	465	40.0	946	962	885	- 1,000	-	_	-	-	_	(3)	-	3	3	12	11	5	31	36	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Personnel Specialists Private industry	346 284 62	40.0 40.0 39.8	783 799 712	731 731 677	577	- 904 - 946 - 881	1 - 8	1 1 3	8 7 10	6 6 3	17 17 16	9 10 6	4 4 6	7 8 3	12 13 6	8 7 10	2 1 5	5 4 10	2 2 3	4 4 3	6 6 3	1 1 2	3 4 -	4 5 -	( <sup>3</sup> ) - 2	- - -	1 1 -
Level 2 Private industry State and local government	116 98 18	40.0 40.0 40.0	586 581 614	577 577 571	538	- 635 - 635 - 678	  -  -	2 - 11	17 18 11	16 18 –	28 23 50	23 28 -	9 9 6	3 3 6	- - -	1 - 6	1 - 6	_ _ _	1 - 6	-   -   -	-   -   -	-   -   -	-  -  -	-   -   -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 3 Private industry State and local government	149 121 28	39.9 40.0 39.5	765 771 737	769 769 –	0.0	- 830 - 820 	- - -	- - -	3 - 14	1 - 7	17 21 4	3 - 14	1 1 4	13 17 –	27 31 11	12 12 14	2 2 4	7 3 21	4 4 4	8 9 4	1 2 -	-  -  -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 4: State and local government	10	40.0	906	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	20	10	10	10	10	-	-	10	20	10	-	-	-	-	_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual intervals may not equal 100 percent. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupation or occupational levels may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Appendix A for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges.

<sup>3</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Workers were distributed as follows: 3 percent at \$1,700 and under \$1,800; 5 percent at \$1,800 and under \$1,900; 2 percent at \$1,900 and under \$2,000; 2 percent at \$2,000 and under \$2,100; 5 percent at \$2,500 and under \$2,600; 7 percent at \$2,600 and under \$2,700; 7 percent at \$2,700 and under \$2,800; 2 percent at \$2,800 and under \$2,900; and 5 percent at \$3,100 and under \$3,200.

Table A-2. All establishments: Weekly hours and pay of technical and protective service occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996

		Average			kly pay ollars) <sup>2</sup>							ļ	Percent	of work	ers rece	eiving s	traight-ti	ime wee	ekly pay	(in doll	ars) of-	_					
Occupation and level	Number of workers	weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Middle ran	nge	300 and under 325	325 - 350	350 - 375	375 - 400	400 - 425	425 - 450	450 - 475	475 - 500	500 - 525	525 - 550	550 - 600	600 - 650	650 - 700	700 - 750	750 - 800	800 - 850	850 - 900	900 - 950	950 - 1000	1000 - 1050	1050 - 1100
TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS																											
Computer Operators Private industry State and local government	154 121 33	40.0 40.0 40.0	\$505 499 525	\$504 504 -	\$411 – 397 – – –	\$601 600 -	4 5 -	8 10 –	7 9 -	2 2 3	6 7 3	8 5 18	3 2 6	8 7 12	9 7 15	11 12 6	3 2 6	24 24 24	4 3 6	- - -	3 3 -	-   -   -	- - -	-   -   -	-   -   -	- - -	-  -  -
Level 2	71	40.0	467	-		-	4	-	13	4	6	17	7	13	18	7	1	10	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Level 3	59	40.0	607	_		-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	7	2	20	5	49	10	_	7	_	_	_	-	_	_
Engineering Technicians	119	40.0	712	711	616 –	803	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	3	3	1	15	23	6	15	10	6	8	12	-	_	_
Engineering Technicians, Civil: State and local government	32	40.0	488	_		_	-	_	3	31	3	13	9	13	_	3	6	6	6	_	6	_	_	_	_	_	_
Level 4State and local government	7 7	40.0 40.0	482 482	- -	 	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	43 43	14 14	14 14	  -  -	14 14	14 14	- -	- -	- -	  -  -	_	- -	  -  -	- -	- -	-
PROTECTIVE SERVICE OCCUPATIONS																											
Corrections Officers	1,356 1,356	40.0 40.0	623 623	594 594	521 – 521 –	736 736	1 1	-	_ _	_ _	-	3	1	9	15 15	4 4	24 24	9	- -	20 20	12 12	4 4	- -	  -  -	- -	_ _	- -
Firefighters	674 674	50.6 50.6	751 751	794 794	631 – 631 –	839 839		- -	_ _	_ _	- -	  -  -	_ _	12 12	1 1	2 2	6 6	4 4	10 10	6 6	18 18	17 17	6 6	5 5	10 10	1	(3) (3)
Police Officers	1,775 1,775	40.0 40.0	730 730	741 741	594 – 594 –	829 829	-	- -	( <sup>3</sup> )	- -	- -	- -	- -	( <sup>3</sup> )	6 6	8 8	11 11	10 10	7 7	10 10	16 16	11 11	6 6	9	4 4	2 2	1
Level 1State and local government	1,293 1,293	40.0 40.0	669 669	671 671	569 – 569 –	774 774	-	- -	1	- -	- -	_ _	- -	( <sup>3</sup> )	8 8	11 11	16 16	13 13	9	12 12	18 18	7 7	5 5	  -  -	  -  -	- -	-  -
Level 2State and local government	482 482	40.0 40.0	892 892	923 923	809 – 809 –	923 923	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	4 4	8 8	24 24	6 6	32 32	15 15	8 8	2 2

¹ Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

compute means, medians, and middle ranges.  $^{\rm 3}$  Less than 0.5 percent.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual intervals may not equal 100 percent. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupation or occupational levels may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Appendix A for definitions and methods used to

Table A-3. All establishments: Weekly hours and pay of clerical occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996

		Average			kly pay ollars) <sup>2</sup>							!	Percent	of work	ers rec	eiving s	traight-t	ime wee	ekly pay	/ (in doll	lars) of-	_					
Occupation and level	Number of workers	weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Middle r	ange	225 and under 250	250 - 275	275 - 300	300 - 325	325 - 350	350 - 375	375 - 400	400 - 425	425 - 450	450 - 475	475 - 500	500 - 525	525 - 550	550 - 575	575 - 600	600 - 625	625 - 650	650 - 675	675 - 700	700 - 725	725 and over
Clerks, Accounting	1,226 1,039 187	40.0 39.9 40.0	\$396 399 383	\$391 392 374	\$360 - 360 - 326 -	\$430 432 430	- - -	3 3 6	4 4 7	8 7 11	6 5 16	17 18 12	15 15 11	20 22 10	6 5 10	8 8 8	5 5 5	2 2 1	2 3 1	3 3 1	1 1 -	- - -	(3) (3)	(³) - 3	- - -	- - -	-   -   -
Level 2 Private industry	716 696	40.0 40.0	376 375	380 380	348 – 348 –	400 400	- -	4 4	6 6	9 9	7 7	21 21	19 20	20 21	6 5	4 4	3 2	( <sup>3</sup> )	  -  -	<u>-</u>	2 2	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	-
Level 3 Private industry State and local government	383 272 111	40.0 40.0 40.0	415 425 388	412 416 368	366 - 394 - 329 -	455 460 443	- - -	- - -	2 - 7	7 4 14	6 - 22	13 13 14	9 8 14	23 32 1	7 7 7	19 21 12	8 10 3	( <sup>3</sup> ) - 1	1 1 1	2 2 1	-   -   -	-  -  -	1 2 -	2 - 5	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 4 Private industry	68 68	39.1 39.1	541 541	- -	 	<u>-</u>	  -  -	  -  -	_ _	- -	- -	_ _	_ _	- -	  -  -	_ _	4 4	24 24	35 35	37 37	-  -	-  -	_ _	  -  -	  -  -	_ _	-
Clerks, General Private industry State and local government	1,407 296 1,111	39.9 40.0 39.8	384 360 391	360 356 360	315 – 320 – 312 –	400	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	3 9 1	7 - 8	22 22 22	11 10 12	12 18 11	9 15 8	8 15 6	7 5 8	3 2 4	5 3 6	2 - 3	3 1 4	1 - 1	3 - 4	1 - 1	1 - 1	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	(3) - (3)
Level 2 Private industry State and local government	363 80 283	39.9 40.0 39.8	368 301 387	360 300 376	300 – 272 – 345 –	411 320 429	1 - 1	9 31 3	10 - 13	16 57 4	9 6 9	15 4 18	12 - 15	7 1 8	8 - 10	2 - 2	5 - 6	4 - 6	3 - 4	1 - 1	-  -  -	-  -  -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 3 Private industry State and local government	700 179 521	39.8 40.0 39.8	394 375 400	376 376 377	323 – 356 – 312 –	442 400 472	- - -	1 - 1	8 - 11	17 11 20	12 13 11	11 25 7	11 22 7	10 21 6	8 4 9	3 - 4	7 3 8	2 - 2	3 - 4	1 - 2	6 - 8	1 - 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 4: State and local government	234	40.0	380	324	305 –	420	_	_	_	53	12	5	3	3	3	1	3	2	5	2	2	3	4	_	_	_	1
Key Entry Operators	375 303 72	39.7 40.0 38.5	336 322 394	309 300 407	288 - 280 - 354 -		- - -	1 1 -	39 46 7	14 15 11	7 7 7	6 6 10	16 19 1	10 6 28	5 1 19	3 - 15	( <sup>3</sup> ) - 1	- - -	  -  -	-  -  -	-   -   -	-   -   -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	  -  -  -
Level 2	135	39.2	392	388	375 –	407	-	-	2	2	2	6	42	27	11	7	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
Personnel Assistants Private industry State and local government	262 211 51	39.9 39.9 40.0	434 440 408	440 442 377	390 – 396 – 363 –		- - -	-  -  -	- - -	3 1 12	2 3 -	7 1 31	24 26 18	7 7 6	22 26 8	13 15 6	8 8 8	3 3 4	5 6 –	1 1 -	3 3 4	1 - 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 2 Private industry	96 75	40.0 40.0	395 400	396 -	376 – – –	409 -	  -  -	  -  -	_ _	9 4	6 8	5 4	53 57	8 9	4 3	- -	11 15	2 -	  -  -	  -  -	-   -	-	- -	  -  -	  -  -	- -	-
Level 3 Private industry	137 113	39.8 39.7	445 448	442 442	427 – 427 –	470 470	- -	  -	_ _	_ _	- -	7 -	9 10	7 7	39 46	20 22	7 5	1 2	7 8	_	-  -	1 -	_ _	_ _	- -	_ _	  - 

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-3. All establishments: Weekly hours and pay of clerical occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996 — Continued

		Average			kly pay ollars) <sup>2</sup>							ı	Percent	of work	ers rece	eiving s	traight-ti	ime wee	ekly pay	(in doll	ars) of-	_					
Occupation and level	Number of workers	weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (stan- dard)	Mean	Median	Middle ra	ange	225 and under 250	250 - 275	275 - 300	300 - 325	325 - 350	350 - 375	375 - 400	400 - 425	425 - 450	450 - 475	475 - 500	500 - 525	525 - 550	550 - 575	575 - 600	600 - 625	625 - 650	650 - 675	675 - 700	700 - 725	725 and over
Secretaries Private industry	1,704 1,077 627	39.9 39.9 39.9	\$468 479 449	\$462 478 441	\$391 – 404 – 369 –	\$532 542 515	-	1 1 1	4 3 7	3 1 5	6 5 8	7 6 9	6 5 6	9 8 10	10 11 7	8 8 8	9 10 8	10 10 9	7 8 5	5 5 4	6 6 5	4 4 2	3 3 2	1 1 1	1 1 2	1 1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	1 1 1
Level 1 Private industry State and local government	396 220 176	39.7 39.6 39.9	356 367 342	352 356 333	308 – 346 – 297 –	393 404 372	-	6 6 5	16 10 23	7 - 15	20 20 20	19 22 15	11 15 7	11 14 7	4 3 5	3 3 3	3 5 1	2 3 -	- - -	- - -	-   -   -	-   -   -	-   -   -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-   -   -
Level 2 Private industry State and local government	549 310 239	40.0 40.0 39.9	440 435 448	436 440 426	400 – 401 – 391 –	476 470 483	-	- - -	2 3 -	3 3 3	3 - 6	8 6 12	7 5 9	17 15 20	21 30 10	14 15 11	10 11 8	5 7 1	5 4 5	1 - 2	3 - 6	1 - 2	1 - 3	1 - 2	- - -	- - -	-   -   -
Level 3 Private industry State and local government	452 273 179	40.0 40.0 40.0	518 509 531	515 518 515	481 – 476 – 494 –	560 560 571	- - -	- - -	-   -   -	- - -	2 4 -	1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2	3 4 2	3 4 1	5 5 4	8 7 9	15 17 13	20 14 28	12 15 6	13 15 11	4 3 7	7 9 4	3 2 4	1 - 2	3 - 7	- - -	-   -   -
Switchboard-Operator-Receptionists Private industry	320 298	39.9 39.9	339 332	326 326	292 – 292 –	356 356		19 20	8 8	18 19	24 24	10 11	_ _	13 13	_ _	5 4	_ _	2	_ _	1 -	  - 	-  -	-  -	_ _	_ _	_ _	-   -
Word Processors: State and local government	91	40.0	341	329	308 –	357	-	-	18	30	23	10	9	5	-	3	1	1	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Level 2 State and local government	43 43	40.0 40.0	366 366	349 349	333 – 333 –	385 385		-	- -	16 16	35 35	19 19	14 14	5 5	_ _	7 7	2 2	2 2	-  -	_ _	- -	-  -	-  -	_ _	-  -	- -	-

<sup>1</sup> Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual intervals may not equal 100 percent. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupation or occupational levels may include data for categories not shown

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Appendix A for definitions and methods used to

compute means, medians, and middle ranges. 
<sup>3</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

Table A-4. All establishments: Hourly pay of maintenance and toolroom occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996

				rly pay ollars) <sup>1</sup>								Percen	of worl	kers rece	eiving s	traight-	ime hou	ırly pay	(in dolla	ars) of-							
Occupation and level	Number of workers	Mean	Median	Middle range	6.00 and under 6.50	6.50 - 7.00	7.00 - 7.50	7.50 - 8.00	8.00 - 8.50	8.50 - 9.00	9.00 - 9.50	9.50 - 10.00	10.00 - 10.50	10.50 - 11.00	-	-	12.00 - 12.50	-	-	-	14.00 - 15.00	-	-	17.00 - 18.00	-	-	20.00 and over
General Maintenance Workers	979 830 149	\$9.87 9.73 10.66	\$9.51 9.50 10.16	\$8.50 - \$11. 8.41 - 10. 8.77 - 12.	92 5	1 2 -	3 4 1	7 8 -	8 9 8	11 9 21	15 15 15	6 7 1	12 13 8	6 5 10	6 6 3	5 6 3	5 5 3	3 3 7	3 2 11	(²) - 1	2 1 5	1 1 1	1 1 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Level 1 Private industry	581	8.85 8.79 9.28	8.98 8.98 8.98	8.00 - 9. 7.81 - 9. 8.73 - 10.	57 7	2 2 -	5 5 1	10 12 –	12 12 14	15 12 35	21 21 24	8 10 –	9 9 8	8 7 14	3 3 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	  -  -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-  -  -	- - -	- - -
Level 2 Private industry State and local government		12.05 11.93 12.54	11.81 11.75 12.94	11.00 - 12. 11.00 - 12. 11.59 - 13.	70 –	- - -	-   -   -	- - -	- - -	1 - 3	(²) - 2	2 2 2	18 21 8	3 2 5	11 13 3	16 18 8	16 18 8	10 8 17	10 6 27	(²) - 2	6 4 13	2 2 2	4 5 2	- - -	-  -  -	- - -	- - -
Maintenance Electricians		15.24 16.53	14.55 16.83	13.00 - 16. 13.98 - 19.		-	  -	- -	- -	  -	4 7	1 2	1 2	1 2	<u>-</u>	- -	12 5	1 2	18 -	4 7	12 5	15 7	8 16	5 9	4 7	4 7	<sup>3</sup> 12 23
Maintenance Electronics Technicians Private industry	163 121	17.02 16.99	17.63 18.67	15.16 – 19. 15.16 – 19.		-	  -	- -	- -	  -	- -	- -	2 2		<u>-</u>	2 2	- -	5 7	  -	9	4 4	17 19	7	6 2	9 7	36 45	3 2
Level 2 Private industry		16.99 16.94	17.60 18.67	15.16 – 19. 15.16 – 19.		-	-	- -	- -	  -	_ _	- -	2 3		<u>-</u>	2 3	- -	3 5	-	10 11	3 2	18 20	8 -	7 3	10 8	36 46	1 -
Maintenance Mechanics, Machinery Private industry		13.48 13.48	12.15 12.15	12.15 – 15. 12.15 – 15.		-	-	- -	- -	  -	- -	- -	5 5	2 2	<u>-</u>	2 2	55 55	5 5	2 2	- -	-	23 23	5 5	- -	-  -	- -	3
Maintenance Mechanics, Motor Vehicle Private industry State and local government	269 234 35	12.09 11.89 13.43	11.75 11.75 –	10.65 - 13. 10.65 - 13. 		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 11 6	- - -	10 11 3	10 12 -	10 11 3	16 16 20	13 14 9	1 1 3	9 9 9	4 4 6	4 3 17	10 9 17	1 - 6	(²) - 3	1 1 -	- - -	- - -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Appendix A for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges.

<sup>2</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual intervals may not equal 100 percent. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupation or occupational levels may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> All workers were at \$21.00 and under \$22.00.

Table A-5. All establishments: Hourly pay of material movement and custodial occupations, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL, February 1996

				rly pay ollars) <sup>1</sup>									Percent	t of worl	ers rec	eiving s	traight-t	ime hou	urly pay	(in dolla	ars) of–	-						
Occupation and level	Number of workers	Mean	Median	Middle	e range	4.50 and under 4.75	4.75 - 5.00	5.00 - 5.25	5.25 - 5.50	5.50 - 5.75	5.75 - 6.00	6.00 - 6.25	6.25 - 6.50	6.50 - 6.75	6.75 - 7.00	7.00 - 7.25	7.25 - 7.50	7.50 - 7.75	7.75 - 8.00	8.00 - 8.50	8.50 - 9.00	9.00 - 9.50	9.50 - 10.00	-	11.00 - 12.00	-	13.00 - 14.00	14.00 and over
Guards Private industry State and local government	1,341 1,297 44	\$7.13 7.08 8.48	\$7.02 7.02 8.44	5.35	- \$8.00 - 8.00 - 9.02	-	_ _ _	20 20 -	10 10 -	4 4 -	3 3 2	1 1 2	(²) - 5	5 5 2	4 4 -	5 5 –	1 1 2	2 2 -	1 1 2	29 28 36	2 2 23	3 3 11	1 1 9	8 8 -	1 1 5	1 1 -	_ _ _	- - -
Level 1 Private industry	1,303 1,263	7.02 6.98	7.02 7.00	0.00	- 8.00 - 8.00		_ _	20 21	10 10	4 4	3 3	1 1	(²) -	5 5	4 4	5 5	1 1	2 2	1	29 28	3 2	3 3	2 1	8 8	-	- -	_ _	-  -
Janitors	2,443	6.99 6.86 7.44	6.61 6.48 7.11	5.25	- 7.82 - 7.80 - 8.06	'-'	(²) (²) -	16 20 1	6 7 (²)	5 6 2	3 4 (²)	8 10 2	6 3 18	7 6 8	6 3 15	8 5 22	3 4 1	5 6 3	3 2 3	6 8 3	3 2 8	2 1 5	2 2 3	10 12 3	1 - 3	-   -   -	(²) - (²)	- - -
Material Movement and Storage Workers Private industry State and local government	800	9.49 9.40 12.31	9.50 9.28 12.07	7.50	- 11.30 - 11.30 - 13.83	-	_ _ _	  -  -  -	_ _ _	_ _ _	3 3 -	(2) (2) -	_ _ _	(²) (²) -	_ _ _	7 7 -	2 2 -	20 21 –	4 4 4	3 3 -	5 5 -	4 4 -	11 11 8	8 7 16	20 20 20	6 6 8	3 2 28	3 2 <sup>3</sup> 16
Level 2	648 623 25	9.84 9.75 12.31	9.75 9.73 12.07	7.50	- 11.30 - 11.30 - 13.83	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	  -  -	- - -	3 3 -	1 1 -	23 24 –	3 3 4	1 1 -	5 5 -	4 4 -	14 14 8	9 9 16	22 22 20	8 8 8	3 2 28	3 3 316
Shipping/Receiving Clerks Private industry		10.88 10.88	11.30 11.30	00	- 11.30 - 11.30		-	  -	- -	- -	  - 	-	- -	  -	- -	3	3 3	1	2 2	2 2	3	2 2	14 14	10 10	42 42	7 7	5 5	6 6
Truckdrivers	1,188	10.65	11.15	9.35	- 12.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	2	-	-	-	3	3	9	10	12	12	29	6	4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are performance bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases, but not bonuses, under cost-of-living clauses, and incentive payments, however, are included. See Appendix A for definitions and methods used to compute means, medians, and middle ranges.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Workers were distributed as follows: 4 percent at \$14.00 and under \$15.00 and 12 percent at \$15.00 and under \$16.00.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual intervals may not equal 100 percent. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupation or occupational levels may include data for categories not shown separately.

## Appendix A. Scope and Method of Survey

### Scope

This survey of the West Palm Beach—Boca Raton, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in *goods producing industries* (mining, construction, and manufacturing); *service producing industries* (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries; and State and local governments.<sup>1</sup> Private households, agriculture, the Federal Government, and the self-employed were excluded from the survey. Table 1 in this appendix shows the estimated number of establishments and workers within scope of the survey and the number actually included in the survey sample.

### Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (the sampling frame) was developed from the State unemployment insurance reports for the West Palm Beach—Boca Raton, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area (March 1994). Establishments with 50 workers or more during the sampling frame's reference period were included in the survey sample even if they employed fewer than 50 workers at the time of the survey.

The sampling frame was reviewed for completeness and accuracy prior to the survey and, when necessary, corrections were made: Missing establishments were added; out-of-business and out-of-scope establishments were removed; and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated.

### Survey design

The survey design includes classifying individual establishments into groups (strata) based on industry and employment size, determining the size of the sample for each group (stratum), and selecting an establishment sample from each stratum. The establishment sample size in a stratum was determined by expected number of employees to be found (based on previous occupational pay surveys) in professional, administrative, technical, protective service, and clerical occupations.

In other words, the larger the number of employees expected to be found in designated occupations, the larger the establishment sample in that stratum. An upward adjustment to the establishment sample size also was made in strata expected to have relatively high sampling error for certain occupations, based on previous survey experiences. (See section on "Reliability of estimates" below for discussion of sampling error.)

### Data collection and payroll reference

Data for the survey were obtained primarily by personal visits of the Bureau's field economists to a sample of establishments within the West Palm Beach—Boca Raton, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area. Collection for the survey was from February 1996 through May 1996 and reflects an average payroll reference month of February 1996. Data obtained for a payroll period prior to the end of February 1996 were updated to include general wage changes, if granted, scheduled to be effective through that date.

### **Occupational pay**

Occupational pay data are shown for full-time workers, i.e., those hired to work a regular weekly schedule. Pay data exclude premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Also excluded are bonuses and lump-sum payments of the type negotiated in the auto and aerospace industries, as well as profit-sharing payments, attendance bonuses, Christmas or year-end bonuses, and other nonproduction bonuses. Pay increases—but not bonuses—under cost-of-living allowance clauses and incentive payments, however, are included in the pay data.

Unless otherwise indicated, the pay data following the job titles are for all industries combined. Pay data for some of the occupations for all industries combined (or for some industry divisions within the scope of the survey) are not presented in the A-series tables because either (1) data did not provide statistically reliable results, or (2) there was the possibility of disclosure of individual establishment data. Pay data not shown separately for industry divisions are

included in data for all industries combined.

Average pay reflect areawide estimates. Industries and establishments differ in pay levels and job staffing, and thus contribute differently to the estimates for each job. Therefore, average pay may not reflect the pay differential among jobs within individual establishments. A-series tables provide distributions of workers by pay intervals

The *mean* is computed for each job by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The *median* designates position—one-half of the workers receive the same as or more and one-half receive the same as or less than the rate shown. The *middle range* is defined by two rates of pay; one-fourth of the workers earn the same as or less than the lower of these rates and one-fourth earn the same as or more than the higher rate. Medians and middle ranges are not provided when they do not meet reliability criteria.

Occupations surveyed are common to a variety of public and private industries, and were selected from the following employment groups: (1) Professional and administrative; (2) technical and protective service; (3) clerical; (4) maintenance and toolroom; and (5) material movement and custodial. Occupational classification was based on a uniform set of job descriptions designed to take account of interestablishment variation in duties within the same job. Occupations selected for study are listed and described in appendix B, along with corresponding occupational codes and titles from the 1980 edition of the *Standard Occupational Classification Manual*. Job descriptions used to classify employees in this survey usually are more generalized than those used in individual establishments to allow for minor differences among establishments in specific duties performed.

Average weekly hours for professional, administrative, technical, protective service, and clerical occupations refer to the standard workweek (rounded to the nearest tenth of an hour) for which employees receive regular straight-time pay. Average weekly pay for these occupations are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Occupational employment estimates represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of occupational employment obtained from the sample of establishments studied serve only to indicate the relative importance of the jobs studied.

### **Survey nonresponse**

Data were not available from 19.0 percent of the sample establishments (representing 46,577 employees covered by the survey). An additional 4.2 percent

of the sample establishments (representing 8,885 employees) were either out of business or outside the scope of the survey.

If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights (based on the probability of selection in the sample) of responding sample establishments were adjusted to account for the missing data. The weights for establishments which were out of business or outside the scope of the survey were changed to zero.

Some sampled establishments had a policy of not disclosing salary data for certain employees. No adjustments were made to pay estimates for the survey as a result of these missing data. The proportion of employees for whom pay data were not available was less than 5 percent

### Reliability of estimates

The statistics in this bulletin are derived from a probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample, not the entire population. The particular sample used in this survey is one of a number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

Nonsampling errors can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information from some establishments; difficulties with survey definitions; inability of respondents to provide correct information; mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained; and other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation of missing data. Although not specifically measured, the survey's nonsampling errors are expected to be minimal due to the high response rate, the extensive and continuous training of field economists who gather survey data by personal visit, careful screening of data at several levels of review, annual evaluation of the suitability of job definitions, and thorough field testing of new or revised job definitions.

<sup>1</sup> For this survey, an establishment is an economic unit which produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. In manufacturing industries, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. In service-producing industries, all locations of an individual company in a Metropolitan Statistical Area are usually considered an establishment. In government, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

Appendix table 1. Establishments and workers within scope of survey and number studied, West Palm Beach-Boca Raton, FL¹, February 1996

	Number of es	tablishments	,	Workers in establishment	s
Industry division <sup>2</sup>	NACIDE	Otrodia d	Within scop	e of survey <sup>4</sup>	00
	Within scope of survey <sup>3</sup>	Studied	Number	Percent	Studied
II divisions	937	91	208,287	100	70,747
Private industry	902	78	167,151	80	38,176
Goods producing		14	28,521	14	5,650
Manufacturing	87	11	25,686	12	5,469
Construction <sup>5</sup>	46	3	2,835	1	181
Service producing  Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and	769	64	138,630	67	32,526
sanitary services <sup>6</sup>	54	5	12,258	6	3,029
Wholesale trade <sup>7</sup>	38	3	6,425	3	2,735
Retail trade <sup>7</sup>	303	22	43,113	21	9,375
Finance, insurance, and real estate <sup>7</sup> Services <sup>7</sup>	63	5	14,976	7	1,919
Services <sup>7</sup>	311	29	61,858	30	15,468
State and local government	35	13	41,136	20	32,571
Health services <sup>8</sup>	113	14	32,004	15	10,235
Private industry		13	31,821	15	10,052
Hospitals	13	7	15,768	8	8,468
Private industry		6	15,585	7	8,285

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The West Palm Beach-Boca Raton Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the Office of Management and Budget through October 1984, consists of Palm Beach County. The "workers within scope of survey" estimates provide a reasonably accurate description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison with other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels since (1) planning of wage surveys requires establishment data compiled considerably in advance of the payroll period studied, and (2) establishments employing fewer than 50 workers are excluded from the scope of the survey.

generally defined as all locations of a government entity.

Note: Overall industries may include data for industry divisions not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Standard Industrial Classification Manual was used in classifying establishments by industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes all establishments with at least 50 total employees. In goods producing, an establishment is defined as a single physical location where industrial operations are performed. In service producing industries, an establishment is defined as all locations of a company in the area within the same industry division. In government, an establishment is

<sup>4</sup> Includes all workers in all establishments with total employment (within an area) at or above the minimum limitations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Separate data for this division are not shown in the A-series tables, but the division is represented in the "all industries" and "goods producing" estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Abbreviated to "Transportation and utilities" in the A-series tables. This division is represented in the "all industries" and "service producing" estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Separate data for this division are not shown in the A-series tables, but the division is represented in the "all industries" and "service producing" estimates.

<sup>8</sup> Health services includes establishments primarily engaged in furnishing medical, surgical, and other health services to persons.