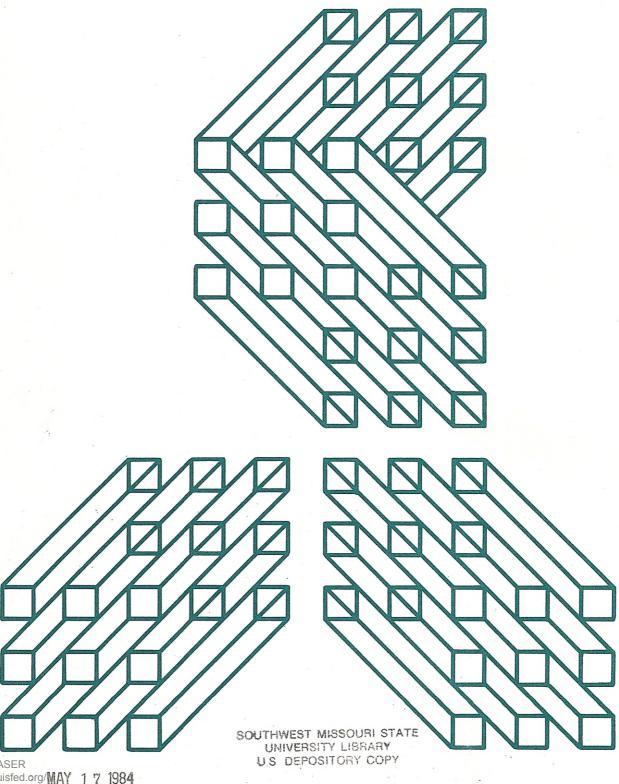
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Employment Projections for 1995



U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics March 1984

Bulletin 2197



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Employment Projections for 1995



U.S. Department of Labor Raymond J. Donovan, Secretary

Bureau of Labor Statistics Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner

March 1984

Bulletin 2197

Preface

The bulletin presents the latest Bureau of Labor Statistics employment projections for the year 1995, including the economic and labor force estimates on which they are based. It consists of four articles from the November 1983 issue of the Monthly Labor Review and supplementary tables containing additional data that are frequently requested.

These projections are part of a program initiated 20 years ago to study alternative patterns of economic growth and their effects on employment. Earlier employment projections in this series cover the years

1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, and 1990. Further background data and descriptions of the models and analytical systems used can be obtained from the Office of Economic Growth and Employment Projections.

The authors are cited at the beginning of each article. The appendix tables were compiled and prepared for publication by David Frank using photocomposition systems developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Material in this publication is in the public domain and, with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission.

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The 1995 labor force: a second look

About 131.4 million persons are expected to be in the 1995 labor force, 3.8 million more than projected earlier; alternative projections use various demographic and, for the first time, economic assumptions about the labor force

HOWARD N FULLERTON, JR. AND JOHN TSCHETTER

During the 1982–95 period, the number of persons of prime working age (25-54) in the labor force is expected to grow considerably faster than the total labor force. Young workers will decline in absolute numbers as the rate of growth of the total labor force slows markedly. These growth trends reflect the aging of the baby-boom generation and a subsequent sharp decline in birth rates.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics has revised its labor force projections for the 1982-95 period. For the middle scenario, which assumes that labor force participation of women will accelerate then taper off, the civilian labor force is projected to reach 131.4 million persons by 1995, 3.8 million more than projected earlier. 2 The labor force is expected to grow 1.6 percent per year over the 1982-90 period, slowing to 1.0 percent per year during 1990-95, thus continuing the slow growth which began in the late 1970's. Nearly two-thirds of the growth will be among women; nearly one-fourth will be among the black and other group.³

force with alternative demographic and, for the first time, economic assumptions. The demographic alternatives illustrate the sensitivity of the size of the projected labor force to various assumptions regarding the behavior of age, sex,

This article presents new projections for the 1995 labor

and racial groups.4 The economic alternatives explore the

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sensitivity of labor force changes to assumptions about real earnings and the employment rate.

Methodology

Labor force projections require population projections. The latter have been prepared by the Bureau of the Census by age, sex, and race, based on trends in birth rates, death rates, and net migration.⁵ Once the population projections are prepared, BLS can project labor force participation rates the percent of each group in the population who will be working or seeking work—for 64 age, sex, and race groups.

To develop labor force participation rates for each group, rates of growth over the 1962-81 period (or subperiods) are analyzed using the most appropriate time period for each group. If past trends are deemed not likely to continue throughout the projection period, the rates are modified. The rate of change in labor force participation was modified for several groups: women ages 20-44 and 45 and over, and men ages 55 and over. The rates of change in participation for all groups are tapered so that the annual changes would be zero after the year 2004.

For women ages 20 to 44, it is assumed that the rate of change in participation will accelerate during the 1982-85 period to allow some partial recovery from the 1980-82 economic slowdown. These projections assume that some of the 1980-82 slowdown in female participation rates are permanent, particularly when compared with the trends of the early and mid-1970's.

For the older labor force, the participation rates have been declining over the 1962–81 period. It is assumed that these declines will moderate. If the historical trends for some older groups continue, the resulting participation rates would approach zero. These modifications for women and older workers were made to each age group within these broad groups. The historical rates of change in participation for all remaining labor force groups are assumed to continue.

The levels of anticipated labor force are calculated by applying projected participation rates to the Bureau of the Census' population projections.

Middle growth scenario

The overall growth in the labor force over the next 8 to 12 years will be influenced by the baby-boom generation, which will attain those ages at which both men and women have their highest participation; and by the continued, but

slower, rise in participation among women ages 20 to 44. (See tables 1 and 2.) In contrast, the increases in the labor force during the 1970's were influenced by the initial entrance of the baby-boom generation, and by the very rapid increases in the labor force activity of women, particularly married women ages 20 to 44. As a consequence of these changing influences, labor force growth is expected to slow in the late 1980's and the 1990's.

The following tabulation shows labor force growth from 1950 to 1982 and projected growth from 1983 to 1995, by age group:

	1950– 60	1960– 70	1970– 82	1982– 90	1990- 95
	00	70	62	90	93
Age 16 and over	1.3	1.7	2.4	1.6	1.0
16 to 24	.0	4.5	2.7	-1.3	8
25 to 54	1.3	1.0	2.3	2.9	1.6
55 and over	1.6	1.4	.3	7	2

The uncertainty of projections

Knowledge or insights concerning future employment trends is very valuable. . . . Such information is used to plan careers and training programs, and develop business expansion plans and public policy. However, information about future employment growth is clouded by uncertainty. . . . It is very important for users to understand the imprecise nature of projections so they can deal with the information properly.

Although virtually no data about changes in the economy over a 10-year period can be anticipated with absolute certainty, there are differing degrees of uncertainty. To illustrate, I would say with relative certitude that the younger labor force is going to decline in this decade. The population which will be 16 years or older in 1990 is born and unless there are truly revolutionary changes in labor force participation rates for young people along with dramatic infusions through immigration of young people, the young labor force will decline. Perhaps, at the other end of the scale the uncertainty would be a projection of employment in the oil and gas well drilling industry. If I knew what the price of oil would be in 1990 or 1995, perhaps I could come close to projecting the level of employment in that industry. But the factors that will determine the price of oil in 1990 are themselves subject to great variances and uncertainty.

For much of the information on projections, the uncertainty lies between these two extremes. For example, the occupation "computer service technician" is projected to grow very rapidly. From 1982 to 1995, its projected growth is 97 percent. I am confident that employment in this occupation will grow rapidly, certainly much faster than the average growth of the economy over this period. However, I am not certain that the growth rate will be 97 percent or even fall within the 94–98 percent range shown in our alternatives. The growth rate could be significantly greater. Some occupations of this size, 55,000 in 1982, have grown much faster in the past. Still, a growth rate of only 50 percent is not beyond the realm of impossibility.

Concerns received from the public have led us to think and probe further in terms of asking questions about our projections. For example, in the last 6 months, the Department of Defense and some of the defense industries have said there is a critical shortage of engineers that should be reflected in our publications. During the same period, we have had three groups representing the engineering professions say that BLs has been painting such a rosy picture for engineers that we are causing a flood in the market and that their member engineers cannot find jobs.

Which of these groups is correct? We examined this dilemma and concluded that there probably are two distinct markets for engineers. One is new college graduates who are currently in short supply—in at least some engineering disciplines—and these are principally among the engineering categories used by defense contractors. But 45 year-old engineers who are working on a product or product line that has been cancelled are in a tough job market because they are not always able to compete with the young engineer. The important point here is that if this situation is true for engineers, it may also be true for accountants and auditors, lawyers, and many other occupations.

Economists and others involved in forecasting economic activity understand the uncertain nature of projections. However, others, including those who are primary users of the information, may not. Thus, the development of numerical projections is only the first task in presenting information on economic trends or employment growth. It is just as important to present the data in a meaningful way. Unfortunately, this task is neither simple nor straight forward. Despite BLS' experience with and concern about the subject, we still are not sure our users understand the uncertainty attached to our projected data. The Bureau hopes that by indicating the factors underlying growth, preparing evaluation of previous projections, and discussing alternatives and assumptions, we will provide users with some idea of the uncertainties.

—Ronald E. Kutscher
Associate Commissioner
Bureau of Labor Statistics.
Remarks before a Labor Market Information
Conference in Atlanta, Ga., June 1983

1-1	Labor force (in thousands)						Pa	rticipation r	ate	
Labor group	1970	1980	1982	1990	1995	1970	1980	1982	1990	199
Total, age 16 and over	82,771	106,940	110,204	124,951	131,387	60.4	63.8	64.0	66.9	67.8
Men 16 to 24 16 to 19 20 to 24 25 to 54 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 and over 55 to 64	51,228 9,725 4,008 5,717 32,213 11,327 10,469 10,417 9,291 7,126	61,453 13,606 4,999 8,607 38,712 16,971 11,836 9,905 9,135 7,242	62,450 13,074 4,470 8,604 40,357 17,793 12,781 9,784 9,019 7,174	67,701 11,274 4,123 7,151 48,180 19,569 17,469 11,142 8,247 6,419	69,970 10,573 4,043 6,530 51,358 18,105 19,446 13,807 8,039 6,311	79.7 69.4 56.1 83.3 95.8 96.4 96.9 94.3 55.7 83.0	77.4 74.4 60.5 85.9 94.2 95.2 95.5 91.2 45.6 72.1	76.6 72.6 56.7 84.9 94.0 94.7 95.3 91.2 43.8 70.2	76.5 74.7 62.3 84.4 93.8 93.7 95.6 91.3 37.4 65.5	76.1 74.5 62.9 84.1 93.4 93.1 95.3 91.1 35.3 64.5
65 and over Women 16 to 24 16 to 19 20 to 24 25 to 54 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 54 55 and over 55 to 64 65 and over	2,165 31,543 8,121 3,241 4,880 18,208 5,708 5,968 6,532 5,213 4,157 1,056	1,893 45,487 11,696 4,381 7,315 27,888 12,257 8,627 7,004 5,904 4,742 1,161	1,845 47,755 11,533 4,056 7,477 30,149 13,393 9,651 7,105 6,073 4,888 1,185	1,828 57,250 10,813 3,778 7,035 40,496 16,804 14,974 8,718 5,941 4,612 1,329	1,728 61,417 10,557 3,761 6,796 44,852 16,300 17,427 11,125 6,008 4,671 1,337	26.8 43.3 51.3 44.0 57.7 50.1 45.0 51.1 54.4 25.3 43.0 9.7	19.0 51.5 61.9 52.9 68.9 64.0 65.5 65.5 59.9 22.8 41.3 8.1	17.8 52.6 62.0 51.4 69.8 66.3 68.0 68.0 61.6 22.7 41.8 7.9	58.3 69.1 56.8 78.1 75.6 78.1 78.6 67.1 20.5 41.5 7.4	13.3 60.3 71.6 58.2 82.0 78.7 81.7 82.8 69.8 19.9 42.8
White Men 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over Women 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over	73,556 46,035 8,540 29,000 8,494 27,521 7,141 15,690 4,690	93,600 54,473 11,902 34,224 8,345 39,127 10,179 23,723 5,226	96,143 55,133 11,371 35,565 8,197 41,010 10,013 25,619 5,378	107,734 59,201 9,854 41,864 7,483 48,533 9,285 34,081 5,167	112,393 60,757 9,271 44,232 7,254 51,636 9,025 37,433 5,178	60.2 80.0 70.2 96.3 55.8 42.6 52.1 48.9 24.9	64.1 78.2 76.7 95.0 46.1 51.2 64.4 63.4 22.4	64.3 77.4 74.9 94.9 44.2 52.4 64.7 66.1 22.4	67.3 77.4 78.5 94.8 37.8 58.1 72.5 75.6 20.1	68.1 77.0 79.1 94.5 35.6 60.0 75.4 78.7 19.5
Black and other Men 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over Women 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over	9,218 5,194 1,185 3,212 796 4,024 982 2,517 524	13,340 6,980 1,702 4,488 790 6,359 1,516 4,164 678	14,062 7,317 1,702 4,792 822 6,745 1,520 4,529 695	17,217 8,500 1,420 6,316 764 8,717 1,528 6,415 774	18,994 9,213 1,302 7,126 785 9,781 1,532 7,419 830	61.8 76.5 64.5 91.9 54.7 49.5 46.3 59.2 30.0	61.7 71.5 61.6 88.6 40.8 53.6 49.3 67.0 26.4	61.6 71.0 60.0 88.0 40.5 53.9 48.8 67.9 25.5	64.8 71.0 55.9 87.6 34.3 59.7 53.7 75.8 23.5	65.7 70.6 52.7 87.2 32.6 61.7 55.3 78.7 22.8

The slowdown actually began in 1979. The peak labor force growth, 3.0 percent per year, occurred between 1976 and 1979. Over the 1979–82 period, growth was only 1.6 percent per year, reflecting the slowing of long-term growth, as well as the repercussions of 3 years of flat economic growth.

Over the 1982-95 period, there will be a pronounced shift in the age structure of the labor force. The 25- to 54-year-old labor force is expected to grow considerably faster

than the total labor force, 1.3 percentage points per year faster during the 1982–90 period. At the same time, the number of 16- to 24-year-old participants is projected to decline in absolute numbers. During the 1960's and 1970's, the labor force growth of younger workers was by far the fastest of any age group, reflecting the baby-boom generation initially entering and then maturing in the labor force. As this young generation ages in the 1990's, the number of persons ages 25 to 34 will decline. A shift from a young

Labor group		Lab	or force (in thou	sands)			Pa	rticipation r	ate	
	1972	1980	1982	1990	1995	1972	1980	1982	1990	1995
Blacks, age 16 and over	8,707	10,865	11,331	13,600	14,833	59.9	61.0	61.0	64.5	65.4
Men	4,816 1,214 2,917 687	5,612 1,414 3,551 647	5,804 1,401 3,745 660	6,687 1,156 4,939 592	7,297 1,055 5,549 583	73.7 63.9 90.0 49.1	70.6 62.0 88.4 39.3	70.1 60.3 87.7 39.0	70.4 55.9 87.4 33.2	70.5 54.0 87.0 31.3
Women	3,890 967 2,421 503	5,253 1,279 3,387 588	5,527 1,272 3,660 595	6,913 1,210 5,073 630	7,646 1,180 5,805 661	48.7 45.0 60.0 27.8	53.2 48.9 67.6 26.1	53.7 48.4 68.8 25.3	59.0 51.8 75.7 23.6	61.2 53.2 78.6 22.9

to a prime working-age population in itself induces an increase in the overall participation rate, as prime-age persons are more likely to be in the labor force.

The population ages 55 and older will continue to increase. However, the participation rates for this group are projected to continue declining. For men, the increased population and declining participation have resulted in absolute declines in their number in the labor force. For women, this combination is expected to result in a relatively constant number in the labor force over the next decade. It is assumed that the new social security laws will not affect the trend of labor force participation for the population 55 and older between now and 1995.

These variations in growth rates by age groups mean that persons ages 25 to 54 will account for a much greater share of the 1995 labor force than the 1982 labor force. Prime working-age persons (25 to 54) are expected to account for about 73 percent of the 1995 labor force, up from 61 percent in 1970, and 64 percent in 1982. The growing proportion of prime-age participants could favorably affect productivity because of the greater continuity of participation by women and because of the higher educational attainment of all participants. This continuity and educational attainment imply that the future labor force will be more experienced and better trained, compared with the 1970's when younger workers (ages 16 to 24) accounted for a large share of labor force growth. The maturing of the labor force in the 1980's and 1990's means that employers may have difficulties finding young workers. The decline in the number of youths will be particularly important to the Armed Forces, the single largest employer of young men.

Median age. The median age of the labor force will rise slightly over the next 10 to 15 years. The median age was fairly constant between 1950 and 1970, but dropped sharply between 1970 and 1980 when the baby-boom generation entered the labor force. The following tabulation shows the median age of the labor force for 1950 to 1980 and the projected median age for 1990 and 1995, by sex and race:

	1950	1960	1970	1982	1990	1995
All participants	38.6	40.5	39.0	34.8	35.9	37.3
Men	39.3	40.5	39.4	35.3	36.4	37.8
Women	36.7	40.4	38.3	34.2	35.3	36.8
White		40.7	39.3	35.0	36.1	37.5
Black and other		38.2	36.6	32.8	34.8	36.3

The differences in median age between men and women and between whites and black and other minorities reflect the age mix of the respective labor forces. For example, in 1982, men ages 55 and over accounted for 14.4 percent of the male labor force; women ages 55 and over accounted for only 12.7 percent of the female labor force. These median age differences between the two groups are projected to continue.

Women and minorities. During the 1982–95 period, the number of women and minorities in the labor force are projected to grow faster than the overall labor force. The following tabulation shows total labor force growth and growth for women, blacks, and black and other minorities for the 1950–82 period, and projected growth, 1982–95:

	1950– 60	1960– 70	1970– 82	1982– 90	1990– 95
Total	1.3	1.7	2.4	1.6	1.0
Women	2.4	3.1	3.5	2.3	1.4
Black and other		1.8	3.6	2.6	2.0
Blacks	_			2.3	1.8

Women, both white and black, will account for about two-thirds of the labor force growth during the 1980's and 1990's, about the same proportion as in the 1950's. During the 1960's and 1970's, when men of the baby-boom generation entered the labor force, the proportion of growth attributed to women dropped despite rapid increases in their participation rates. With the young men of the baby-boom generation now in the labor force, the share of labor force growth attributed to women will be greater over the next decade.

The black and other group, should account for slightly more than 21 percent of the additions to the labor force during the 1982–90 period, increasing to nearly 28 percent in the 1990–95 period. Since 1960, this group's proportion of overall growth has been growing despite the continuing drop in participation by black men. The black labor force is projected to grow at almost twice the white rate, reflecting the younger age structure of the black population.

The two groups just discussed overlap. White women and black and other men and women together will account for 72.4 percent of the 1982–90 labor force growth, and 75.8 percent of the 1990–95 growth. These two groups accounted for only 66.8 percent of the 1970–82 labor force growth.

Economic dependency. Around 1986, more of the population should be in the labor force than not in the labor force. The economic dependency ratio, the number of persons not in the labor force divided by those in the labor force, was high in the 1960's, but declined sharply through the 1970's as the baby-boom generation and women entered the labor force in large numbers. During the 1980's and 1990's, the ratio should continue to decline, but at a considerably more moderate pace, reflecting only the continued increases in participation rates for women.

The numerator of the economic dependency ratio can be disaggregated into all persons who are (1) under age 16, (2) between ages 16 and 64, and (3) age 65 and over. The denominator of the ratio in each instance is the total labor force. The following tabulation shows the economic dependency ratio for 1960 to 1982 and projected for 1990 and 1995 for these age groups.

	1960	1970	1982	1990	1995
Total population	150.4	138.5	106.5	96.4	94.1
Under age 16	81.45	72.1	48.9	45.2	45.2
Age 16 to 64	50.2	46.8	36.0	28.4	26.0
Age 65 and over	18.7	19.6	21.6	22.5	22.9

The drop (from 50 to 36 persons per hundred workers) in the ratio attributed to the 16- to 64-year-olds reflects the steady entry of women into the work force. The economic dependency ratio for persons under age 16 has declined over the 1960 to 1980 period, as the baby-boom generation and women entered the labor market. During the next decade, the ratio should be unchanged despite the "echo" of the baby boom, that is, the increase in the population attributed to the children of the baby-boom generation. The ratio for older workers is expected to rise slightly over the next decade, and should continue to rise into the middle of the next century; currently, their ratio is the lowest of the three groups.

These projected economic dependency ratios have several implications. There will be fewer children per labor force participant in the future, hence providing for primary and secondary education should be less of a burden. On the other hand, there will be more older persons not in the labor force per labor force participant, therefore, providing for retirement and the care of older workers should be slightly more of a burden.

Alternative assumptions

The middle scenario just discussed reflects underlying assumptions and could be significantly affected by changes in these assumptions. BLS developed alternative projections to examine the range of outcomes attached to any projection. Two sets of alternative projections were developed for the current projection: demographic alternatives and economic alternatives. The following tabulations show the size of the civilian labor force during 1970, 1980, and 1982

Civilian labor force (in millions)

	1970	1980		1982
Total	82.8	106.9		110.2
and the projected	size under	each scenario	for	1990 and

Civilian labor force (in millions)

	1990	1995
High demographic	131.3	141.0
High economic	125.3 to 125.4	131.9 to 132.8
Middle	125.0	131.4
Low economic	123.7 to 124.9	130.0 to 131.0
Low demographic	120.3	125.1

Demographic alternatives. One assumption in the middle scenario is that the growth in participation rates of women ages 20 to 44 will accelerate in the near term (that is, recover from the effects of the 1980 and 1981–82 recessions) before tapering off. If the rate of female labor force participation continues to accelerate through the late 1980's (rather than

only through the mid-1980's) the 1995 participation rate and labor force for these women would be considerably higher than in the middle scenario, about 9.6 million *more* persons, or 7.3 percent. (See table 3.)

On the other hand, it is possible that the participation rates for women ages 20 to 44 will not accelerate and instead will continue the modest upward trend shown during the 1979–82 period. If this occurs, there would be 6.3 million *fewer* persons (4.8 percent) in the 1995 labor force.

The two differences between the low, middle, and high assumptions concerning female participation rates, are substantial. The high scenario reflects female participation rates nearly converging to the higher male participation rates. The low scenario reflects a sharp deceleration from the trends of the 1970's. Over the 1979–82 period, the growth of female rates slowed, possibly in response to the 1980 and 1981–82 recessions. However, it might also reflect a change in the long-run trend. The low scenario, in essence, assumes that the recent trends reflect new secular trends for women.

The low-growth path assumes a more modest growth which is *not* a reversal of the upward growth in female participation rates or shifts in marital status. For example, regardless of which scenario is used, women should account for 65 to 66 percent of increases in the labor force. This stability occurs because increases in female participation will be the greatest source of labor force growth over the next decade.

A second demographic assumption in the middle scenario concerns the relative trends in black-white participation. Over the past two decades, the rates for black and white men have been diverging. (The rates for black and white women, on the other hand, appear to have converged, if not crossed.) The low and middle scenarios assume these respective trends will continue. The high scenario assumes that the rates for black and white men will converge to the higher white male rates. In the low scenario, black and other minorities account for 25.8 percent of the increase in the labor force over the 1982–95 period; in the high scenario, 23.9 percent; and in the middle scenario, 23.3 percent.

Economic alternatives. Labor force projections are only one segment of the BLS projections program. The program includes gross national product projections, in total and by major demand and income components; industry output and employment projections; and occupational requirements projections. To emphasize the uncertainty of these varied projections, BLS traditionally develops several scenarios which cover a number of alternative assumptions yielding a reasonably broad span of employment and gross national product level. The alternative projections of the economy as a whole use different assumptions for fiscal policy, productivity growth, the unemployment rate, and the price level.

At issue in these alternatives is the relationship between earnings and unemployment rates and labor force trends. Would alternative economic trends imply substantially or modestly different labor force trends? According to the models, modest changes in the unemployment rate for all workers and in real earnings of workers lead to relatively small changes in the total labor force. (See table 4.)

Alternative projections of labor force trends have been made with two econometric models. One, labeled the marital status model, focuses on the behavior of detailed labor force trends. The second model, labeled the macro labor force model, focuses solely on total labor force trends in the context of a broader economic model. The methodology for these economic scenarios is substantially different from that used in other BLS labor force projections. The assumptions here are based on econometric models, while the other alternatives were based on a demographic methodology.

The marital status model relates participation rates for 16 age, sex, and marital status groups to real earnings of full-time workers by sex, and the overall unemployment rate. The model was estimated with Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area data for 34 cities during the 1973–80 period. The data are constructed from the micro files of the Bureau of the Census' Current Population Survey. The following tabulation shows the unemployment rate and annual earnings data used in the model.

	1982	1990	1995
Unemployment rate: All workers			
High	9.7	5.4	5.2
Middle	9.7	6.3	6.0
Low	9.7	6.5	6.8
Real annual earnings (1972 dollars):			
High	\$7,497	\$8.698	\$9,074
Middle	7,497	8,905	9,804
Low	7,497	8,941	10,148
Women			
High	4,441	5,152	5,375
Middle	4,441	5,275	5,807
Low	4,441	5,296	6,011

Developing the alternative scenarios with the marital status model required two steps. First, a middle scenario of labor force growth was developed for the 16 groups. This middle scenario for the 16 marital status groups was constrained to replicate the middle scenario described earlier. It was developed as in previous projections—extrapolating historical trends. Second, the differences in the two explanatory variables among scenarios were multiplied by the

	Lab	or force (in thousan	ds)	Participation rate			
Labor group	High	Middle	Low	High	Middle	Low	
	scenario	scenario	scenario	scenario /	scenario	scenario	
otal, age 16 and over	140,973	131,387	125,058	72.7	67.8	64.5	
Men	73,005	69,970	67,541	79.4	76.1	73.5	
16 to 24	11,321	10,573	10,013	79.8	74.5	70.6	
25 to 54	52,545	51,358	50,130	95.5	93.4	91.2	
55 and over	9,139	8,039	7,398	40.1	35.3	32.5	
Women	67,968	61,417	57,517	66.7	60.3	56.5	
16 to 24	11,155	10,557	9,792	75.7	71.6	66.4	
25 to 54	49,525	44,852	41,964	86.9	78.7	73.6	
55 and over	7,288	6,008	5,761	24.2	19.9	19.1	
White Men 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over Women 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over	119,560	112,393	107,170	72.5	68.1	65.0	
	62,451	60,757	58,839	79.2	77.0	74.6	
	9,463	9,271	8,755	80.8	79.1	74.7	
	44,815	44,232	43,406	95.7	94.5	92.7	
	8,173	7,254	6,678	40.2	35.6	32.8	
	57,109	51,636	48,331	66.4	60.0	56.2	
	9,330	9,025	8,316	77.9	75.4	69.5	
	41,384	37,433	35,097	87.0	78.7	73.8	
	6,395	5,178	4,918	24.1	19.5	18.6	
Black and other Men 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over Women 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over	21,413	18,994	17,889	74.8	65.1	61.9	
	10,554	9,213	8,709	80.0	70.2	66.7	
	1,858	1,302	1,253	75.9	52.7	50.9	
	7,730	7,126	6,725	94.6	87.1	82.3	
	966	785	722	40.3	32.8	29.9	
	10,859	9,781	9,182	68.7	61.2	58.0	
	1,825	1,532	1,471	65.7	55.4	53.2	
	8,141	7,419	6,863	86.8	78.7	72.9	
	893	830	847	24.5	22.9	23.1	
Black Men 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over Women 16 to 24 25 to 54 55 and over	16,517	14,833	13,984	72.5	65.6	61.7	
	8,125	7,297	6,775	79.4	70.7	66.4	
	1,432	1,055	984	73.9	54.3	50.4	
	5,974	5,549	5,246	93.4	87.1	82.2	
	719	583	549	38.2	31.0	29.1	
	8,392	7,646	7,217	67.0	61.7	57.8	
	1,407	1,180	1,148	63.8	53.8	51.8	
	6,311	5,805	5,413	85.7	78.1	73.2	
	674	661	650	23.6	22.3	22.7	

	Labor force (in thousands)				Participation rate			
Labor group	1982	High scenario	Middle scenario	Low scenario	1982	High scenario	Middle scenario	Low scenario
Marital status model:								
Total	110,204	131,887	131,387	130,977	64.0	68.0	67.8	67.6
Men 16 to 19 20 to 34 Married Other 35 to 44 Married Other 45 to 54 Married Other 55 and over	62,450 4,470 21,385 14,212 12,185 12,781 10,321 2,460 9,784 8,320 1,464 9,019	70,101 4,032 24,647 11,071 13,576 19,497 14,971 4,527 13,847 11,553 2,295 8,076	69,970 4,043 24,635 11,071 13,564 19,446 14,956 4,490 13,807 11,531 2,276 8,039	69,867 4,047 24,619 11,062 13,557 19,401 14,937 4,463 13,784 11,523 2,261 8,017	76.6 56.7 90.8 97.1 85.3 95.3 96.8 89.4 91.2 93.4 80.8 43.8	76.2 62.8 90.5 95.6 86.7 95.5 97.0 90.9 91.4 93.8 81.0 35.5	76.1 62.9 62.9 90.4 95.6 86.6 95.3 96.9 90.2 91.1 93.6 80.3 35.3	75.9 63.0 90.4 95.6 86.6 95.1 96.8 89.6 90.9 93.5 79.8 35.2
Women 16 to 19 20 to 34 Married Other 35 to 44 Married Other 45 to 54 Married Other 55 and over	47,755 4,056 17,128 10,592 10,279 9,651 6,723 2,928 7,105 4,993 2,111 6,073	61,786 3,777 23,224 11,160 12,064 17,526 11,968 5,557 11,282 7,927 3,356 5,976	61,417 3,761 23,096 11,087 12,009 17,427 11,932 5,495 11,125 7,798 3,327 6,008	61,110 3,749 22,975 11,021 11,954 17,350 11,902 5,448 11,015 7,708 3,307 8,017	52.6 51.4 68.8 61.6 77.7 68.0 64.1 79.0 61.6 57.9 72.3 22.7	60.7 58.5 82.3 80.8 83.6 83.2 81.8 86.5 70.5 68.4 76.0 19.9	60.3 58.3 81.8 80.3 83.2 82.8 81.5 85.6 69.5 67.3 75.3 20.0	60.0 58.1 81.4 79.8 82.9 82.4 81.3 84.8 68.8 66.5 74.9

respective coefficients; then the products were added to obtain the differences from the middle scenario.

For the marital status model, the range between the high and low scenarios is only 900,000 persons in the total labor force and .4 percentage points in participation rates. (See table 4.) The groups most affected by the changes between the scenarios are married women ages 45 to 54, nonmarried women ages 35 to 44, married women ages 20 to 34, and nonmarried men ages 45 to 54 and ages 35 to 44. The finding that these groups are more sensitive than others to the changes in economic trends is consistent with the slower trends in participation rates during the 1979–82 period. The projected labor force participation rates for these five groups are all projected to change by between 1.0 and 1.7 percentage points between the high and low economic scenario.

The *macro labor force model* relates the labor force participation rate of all workers to the unemployment rate and real wages. As noted, the macro labor force model is part of a large-scale quarterly macroeconometric model that allows for interaction of labor force trends with employment, labor productivity, and other trends.

For the macro labor force model, the range between the high and low scenarios is 2.8 million persons and 1.4 percentage points in the total participation rates. The difference between the high and low scenarios for the macro labor force model, when compared to the marital status model, reflects, in part, the interaction of labor force trends with economic trends in the context of a macroeconometric model

and, in part, the structural differences between the two labor force models.8

A comparison of the low and high economic scenarios with the middle scenario indicates that changes in economic assumptions do not result in substantial changes in labor force projections.

The most important finding across the four economic scenarios is that projections with two strikingly different labor force models yield *small* differences between the scenarios. By contrast, the difference between the high and low demographic scenarios is 15.9 million in 1995. Thus, the key factors in the size of the future labor force are demographic in nature.

Revisions reflect 1980 census

Several factors necessitated updating the projections published in 1980: revisions in the historical labor force estimates, revisions in the projected population (which are used in determining the size of the future labor force), and availability of labor force participation rates for the 1979–82 period. The historical labor force data were revised to incorporate the 1980 census. The revised population projections reflect incorporation of the 1980 population estimates and new, *higher* assumptions about life expectancy and net migration, and new, *lower* assumptions about fertility levels. These changes resulted in a larger projected population for 1995, with 8.8 million more persons over age 16. The new population projection alone would have raised the 1995

labor force projections by 5.3 million persons (after accounting for population shifts by age, sex, and race).

Offsetting the population growth is a lower projected change in labor force participation rates. This reflects the 1979-82 changes in participation which were lower than those of 1962-79. The 1979-82 changes reflect both cyclical factors and trend factors, such as an increased fertility after years of steady decline. If the previously projected participation rates were applied to the new population projections, the 1995 labor force would have been 132.4 million persons, 1 million more than the current projection. The most notable change in projected participation rates occurred for women ages 25 to 34, a group for which BLS has consistently underprojected participation. The rate for this group was lowered 2 percentage points in the current projection to 81.7 percent, compared with 83.7 percent in the previous projection. Still, participation for this group is expected to grow 13.7 percentage points over the 1982–95 period, the largest projected increase for any labor group. Projected participation rates for several groups have been revised upward, notably for men ages 35 to 54, and women 35 and older.

The following tabulation compares the previous and the revised projections of the 1995 labor force:

	1980 projection	1983 projection	Difference
Civilian labor force			
(in thousands)	127,542	131,387	3,845
Men	67,611	69,970	2,359
Women	59,931	61,417	1,486
White	109,292	112,393	3,101
Black and other	18,250	18,994	744

	1980 projection	1983 projection	Difference
Participation rate	68.6	67.8	8
Men	76.8	76.1	7
Women	61.2	60.3	9
White	68.8	68.1	7
Black and other	67.0	65.7	-1.3

BASED ON BLS' PROJECTIONS, several significant changes in labor force trends are expected during the next decade:

- The total labor force will grow more slowly during the next decade than during the past decade.
- Women will account for a greater proportion of labor force growth in the decade ahead (nearly two-thirds) than they did over the past decade;
- Blacks and other minority groups will account for a greater proportion of overall labor force growth, about one-quarter during the next decade;
- The younger members of the labor force, ages 16 to 24, will decline in absolute numbers.
- The number of prime-age members of the labor force, those ages 25 to 54, will grow faster than the total labor force, 1.0 percentage point per year faster.

These projections reflect the changing demographic structure of the U.S. population: the aging of the baby-boom generation and the growth of the black population. These general conclusions hold for several scenarios concerning future trends in labor force participation for detailed groups, although the specific projections differ.

----FOOTNOTES

²The labor force (civilian labor force and resident Armed Forces) is projected to be 126,577,000 in 1990 and 133,018,000 in 1995. Of these, 57,415,000 will be women in 1990 and 61,582,000 will be women in 1995. Because there is no age or race detail in the resident Armed Forces measure of the labor force, this article is based on the civilian labor force.

³As with other current BLs presentations of data by race, this article presents data for blacks; however, for historical comparison, data are also presented for the black and other group, which also includes American Indians, Eskimos, and other minorities.

⁴For a short description of the BLS demographic labor force projection methodology, see *BLS Handbook of Methods*, Bulletin 2134–1 (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1982), Chapter 18; for a complete description, see *BLS Economic Growth Model System Used for Projections to 1990*, Bulletin 2112 (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1982), Chapter 2.

⁵Among the assumptions of the Census Bureau's projections of the population is that the total fertility rate will rise from 1.83 in 1980 to 1.96 in 2000, and then will decrease to 1.90 in 2050; and that life expectancy will rise from 78.3 in 1981 to 81.3 in 2005 for women, 70.7 to 73.3 for men. See *Projections of the Population of the United States: 1982 to 2050*,

Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 922 (Bureau of the Census, 1987)

⁶For illustrations of other uses of the marital status model, see James E. Duggan, "Labor force participation of older workers" *Industrial and Labor Relations Review*, forthcoming; and James E. Duggan, "Relative price variability and the labor supply of married persons." Both papers are available from the Office of Economic Growth and Employment Projections, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁷The macro labor force model is the labor force equation in the Chase Econometric Model. For a description of the model, see Arthur J. Andreassen and others, "Economic outlook for the 1990's; three scenarios for economic growth," pp. 9-21.

⁸ BLS' alternative scenarios of gross national product, industry output and employment trends and occupational requirements use the macro labor force model's projections of total labor force. This was done because of the small differences between the economic scenarios of labor force trends and because the macro labor force is part of the macroeconometric model of the economic projections.

⁹For a discussion of the revisions in labor force estimates due to the 1980 Census of the Population, see Kenneth D. Buckley, Jennifer Marks, and Ronald J. Statt, "Revisions in the Current Population Survey Beginning in January 1982," *Employment and Earnings*, February 1982, pp. 7–15.

¹These projections replace those in Howard N Fullerton, Jr., "The 1995 labor force: a first look," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1980, pp. 11–21. For an evaluation of earlier projections, see Howard N Fullerton, Jr., "How accurate were the 1980 labor force projections?" *Monthly Labor Review*, July 1982, pp. 15–21.

Economic outlook for the 1990's: three scenarios for economic growth

Alternative monetary and fiscal assumptions suggest quite different trends in GNP and employment through 1995; in all versions, growth tapers after 1988, reflecting slower rates of population and labor force increase

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The Bureau of Labor Statistics has prepared trend projections of growth in aggregate and industry demand for the 1982–95 period, updating prior projections to 1990 and extending the analysis to 1995. The projections are part of a Bureau program of studies aimed at analyzing mediumterm economic growth and the implications for the structure of employment by industry and occupation. The new estimates consist of a moderate-growth case, and high-growth and low-growth alternatives, which examine the effects of alternate policies on U.S. economic growth, distribution of demand, and employment.

It should be noted that none of the three projections should be favored as the most likely. The intent in preparing them was not to forecast future economic performance but, rather, to examine the implications of a reasonable range of demand growth over the projection period. The projections represent only three of many possible responses of the economy to differing fiscal and monetary stimulae. A different perspective on the inner workings of the U.S. aggregate economy could easily lead one to arrive at completely different results. For this reason, the high-growth and low-growth alternatives should not be viewed as the "good" forecast and the "bad" forecast, but rather as vehicles for generating a reasonable

spread in gross national product (GNP) and employment growth to 1995.

By 1995, real GNP is projected to range between \$2.1 and \$2.3 trillion, with total employment between 123.6 and 134.1 million jobs. In all three versions, job and production growth tapers during the latter part of the period, primarily in response to slower projected rates of growth of the population and labor force. Following are historical and projected rates of growth for real GNP, real disposable income, and employment:

		Disposable	
	GNP	income	Employment
Historical:			
1955–68	3.7	3.9	1.5
1968–73	3.5	4.3	1.7
1973–77	2.2	2.2	1.6
1977–82	1.6	2.4	1.6
Low growth:			
1982–90	2.8	2.4	1.4
1990–95	2.7	2.7	1.6
Moderate growth:			
1982–90	3.2	2.8	1.8
1990–95	2.5	2.6	1.5
High growth:			
1982–90	3.8	3.2	2.3
1990–95	2.5	2.7	1.7

The authors are economists in the Office of Economic Growth and Employment Projections, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In terms of the real rate of growth, the low-trend projections are comparable to the 1973–82 experience, and the high-trend projection corresponds more to that of the 1960's.

Following is a detailed discussion of the assumptions and results of the moderate-growth alternative, both in terms of aggregate economic activity and industry demand patterns. A summary of the low-trend and high-trend results is included. Other articles in this issue examine the BLS projections of labor force, industry output and employment, and occupational demand.

Moderate growth assumptions

To develop the moderate-growth projections, assumptions were made concerning demographics, fiscal and monetary policy, foreign economic conditions, energy, and miscellaneous items.³ Those variables having the largest impact on the projections are discussed below. (Refer to the

box on pages 10-11 for a discussion of the model used to develop the aggregate projections.)

Demographic. The middle-growth projections of U.S. population, developed by the Census Bureau, were chosen for the moderate-growth scenario. The population age 16 and over is projected to increase by 21.6 million between 1982 and 1995, an average annual rate of growth of 0.9 percent. As in prior projections, the population rate of growth slows over the projection horizon, dropping from 1.1 percent annually between 1982 and 1988 to 0.8 percent each year between 1988 and 1995.

The civilian labor force grows somewhat more rapidly during the projection period, reflecting generally increasing participation rates and the shift of persons into age categories with traditionally higher labor force participation. The ci-

BLS projections procedures

The Bureau of Labor Statistics prepares projections on a 2-year cycle, using the Economic Growth Model System. This system is composed of a group of separate but not unrelated processes. Projections are produced in the following areas: (1) labor force; (2) aggregate economic performance; (3) industry final demand and total industry production; (4) industry employment levels; and (5) occupational employment by industry. Each block of the projections depends upon inputs from an earlier stage and feeds logically into the next.

The labor force projections use Bureau of the Census population projections by age, sex, and race, based on trends in birth rates, death rates, and net migration. With the population projections in hand, BLS projects labor force participation rates—the percent of each group in the population who will be working or seeking work—for 64 age, sex, and race groups. The labor force participation rate projection for each group is developed by: (a) analyzing past rates of growth over the 1962–81 period or for selected subperiods; (b) selecting the rate for a period deemed most appropriate for each group; and (c) modifying that rate if past trends are judged not likely to continue throughout the entire projection period. The levels of anticipated labor force are then calculated by applying the projected participation rates to the Bureau of the Census population projections.

The aggregate economic projections or gross national product, in total and by major demand and income category, use the BLS labor force and Census population projections as inputs. Consistent economic scenarios are developed to provide aggregate controls for the various categories of demand and employment. These scenarios are selected to encompass a band around likely growth of the economy in the future. Later stages of the projection process develop industry-level projections consistent with these aggregate data.

The Bureau's aggregate economic projections have, in the past, been prepared with a modified version of the Thurow econometric model of the U.S. economy. Following the last round of projections, it was determined that the BLs macro model was inadequate for further projections studies without major respe-

cification and expansion. After studying the problem, the decision was made to look to the private sector for a macro model that would satisfy the needs of Bureau economists and that would, at the same time, remove the burden of periodic data base maintenance and model reestimation from the Bureau staff. A model of the size and complexity deemed necessary for an effective evaluation of U.S. economic growth potential had required that a significant proportion of staff time be allocated to such routine maintenance. For this reason and because of staff and other resource limitations, a competitive procurement process was initiated in January 1982 and a contract was awarded to Chase Econometrics Associates, Inc., in October 1982. Under the terms of this agreement, the Bureau now uses the Chase macro model to develop its projections.

The Chase model is a quarterly model of the U.S. economy, and is composed of 312 behavioral equations and 275 identities, thus determining 587 endogenous variables. In addition, the model contains 110 exogenous variables. The model can be conveniently decomposed into 13 sectors: (1) consumption, (2) business fixed investment, (3) residential investment, (4) change in business inventories, (5) foreign trade, (6) Federal government, (7) State and local government, (8) employment and hours, (9) financial, (10) income, (11) wages and prices, (12) industrial production, and (13) energy.

Assumptions are specified for the 110 exogenous variables. The model is simulated and the results are analyzed for consistency and reasonableness. Modifications to the exogenous variables and to the behavioral relationships are incorporated into the model until a reasonable set of results has been obtained.

For the *industry output projections*, the U.S. economy is disaggregated to 156 producing sectors, an exhaustive grouping which combines both the public and private sectors. The framework for this procedure is an input-output model that is prepared for a base period by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. The first step at the industry level is to disaggregate the GNP estimate from the aggregate projections to a set of demands by industry. This projected in-

vilian labor force is projected to attain a level of 131.4 million by 1995, an increase of just under 20 million from 1982. This represents average annual growth of 1.6 percent, 1982–88, and 1.0 percent between 1988 and 1995. The moderate-growth alternative uses the medium-growth projection of the civilian labor force discussed on pages 1–8 of this issue. The labor force projections in the low-trend and high-trend versions were generated by the macro model described on page 7.

Federal receipts and expenditures. General fiscal restraint throughout the remainder of this decade is the basic characteristic of the moderate-growth government expenditure and tax policies. Federal defense purchases of goods and services are assumed to increase at a real rate of 4.1 percent each year between 1982 and 1986. Thereafter, growth is assumed to drop to the 0.5- to 1.0-percent range to 1995.

Nondefense purchases of goods and services in real terms are expected to decline in the 1983–87 period, reaching \$35.8 billion in 1987, \$1.8 billion below the 1982 level. This reflects some employment declines, as well as general cutbacks in operating funds for many programs. Nondefense purchases are then assumed to grow, in real terms, by about 0.5 to 1.0 percent each year to 1990, and to accelerate somewhat to the 2.5- to 3.0-percent range during the first half of the next decade.

Social security benefit payments are expected to grow in nominal terms at an annual rate of 7.2 percent in the 1982–88 period, and by 7.1 percent each year between 1988 and 1995. No real benefit increases are assumed through 1988. The growth in social security payments is generated by inflation and by expanding client population only. After 1988, some resumption of real benefit growth is assumed, on the order of 0.5 percent to 1 percent annually.

dustry demand, in conjunction with a projected input-output table, is used to calculate total industrial production. The projected changes in input-output coefficients in the input-output model capture—among other factors—expected changes in technology. Finally, the employments necessary to produce those levels of output are estimated through use of projected industry productivity.

Aggregate demand projections are available from the macro model for 15 categories of consumption, 8 types of investment, 15 end-use categories of foreign trade, and 3 categories of government spending. Where possible, a further disaggregation of the control values is undertaken: Purchases of producers' durable equipment is divided into 23 types of capital equipment. Government spending is grouped into 12 categories.

To allow for shifts in the composition of aggregate demand and in the industrial makeup of a given demand category, "bridge tables" are projected. The bridge table is a set of percent distributions for each given demand category, such as one of the consumption groups or investment, among each of the 156 industries in the BLS input-output model.

The projection of the input-output table accounts for the changes in the input pattern for each industry. In general, two types of changes are made: (a) those made to the inputs of a specific industry after an industry study (as for the changes in inputs in the aluminum industry); and, (b) those made to the inputs of all industries for a specific commodity (as for increased use of business services across a wide spectrum of industries). Output requirements by industry are the result of multiplying the projected input-output table by projected changes in level and distribution of final demand.

The projected changes in industry output are important factors determining the *projections of industry employment*. However, converting output projections into employment estimates requires productivity-by-industry projections and measures of changes in average hours by industry. This is accomplished using a regression model with an equation for each industry that estimates worker-hours as a function of the following variables: (1) the industry's output, (2) capacity utilization, (3) the relative price of labor, and (4) a technology variable as approximated by the output/capital ratio. Worker-hours are then converted into jobs by dividing by average annual hours, which are projected using

time trends. The sum of employment by industry is controlled to total employment as estimated in the macro model. Several iterations are usually necessary for a reasonable balance to be achieved.

Projections of employment for the 156 sectors in the Economic Growth Model are disaggregated to 372 industries corresponding to the 3-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). This is done to match the industry mix of the industry-occupation matrix described later. The disaggregation is accomplished via a time-series regression model. The disaggregated 3-digit SIC industry employment projections are reviewed in light of a broad range of economic information. When the industry projections are considered final, they are used as inputs to the process of projecting occupational employment.

One of the main resources in making occupational employment projections is the industry-occupation matrix. This matrix is produced from data collected by State employment agencies and brought together by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to produce national estimates. The data are collected from employers on a 3-year cycle—manufacturing one year, nonmanufacturing the next year, and the balance of nonmanufacturing (trade, transportation, communications, and utilities) the final year. The data from the 3-year cycle are put on the same employment basis to form annual average estimates for occupational employment in each of the 3-digit sic industries. The matrix contains over 1,500 detailed occupations, although most industries do not have employment in many of these occupations.

The major occupational cells of the industry-occupation matrix for the base year are reviewed and adjustments are made to the cells in the projected matrix to account for changes expected to take place in the industries because of technological change, product mix shifts, and other factors. The changes introduced into the input-output model for expected technological change may also change the staffing patterns in industries using the new technology. (For example, one would expect greater general employment of computer specialists as computer technology spreads across industries.) The projected industry employment data are applied to the projected industry occupational employment patterns and the new cell employment is aggregated across all industries to yield total occupational employment for the projected year.

Medicare payments, on the other hand, are expected to grow at a 10.1-percent nominal rate over the 1982–88 period, reflecting client population growth, higher-than-average medical care cost inflation, and some real benefit increases, on the order of about 1 percent annually. After 1988, the medicare rate of growth drops to 8 percent annually as inflation continues to moderate.

Unemployment insurance benefits decline sharply through 1990 as the economy recovers from the 1982 recession and the number of unemployed drops. Some slight growth is apparent after 1990 as the unemployment rate stabilizes. Other transfer payments, including Federal retirement programs and veterans' benefits, are expected to increase at a nominal rate of 8.5 percent annually between 1982 and 1988, and at 7.9 percent during the 1988–95 period. Finally, grants to State and local governments are assumed to grow only with inflation during the entire period.

On the revenue side of the Federal government books, projected personal tax rates reflect currently mandated tax cuts and the indexation of personal taxes for the remainder of the period. Corporate profits taxes are assumed to stabilize at about 26 percent of profits for the entire projection period. Indirect business taxes are expected to increase annually by about 5.8 percent, while social insurance contributions are governed by the currently mandated tax rates and income base determination methods.

The net effect of these policies is a Federal budget deficit (NIPA basis) that declines steadily from \$180 billion in 1983 to about \$70 billion by 1990, and then remains at roughly that level for the remainder of the projection period.

Monetary policy. In the financial sector, 10 interest rates are derived, with the Federal funds rate providing the key to the overall term structure of rates. The major assumption affecting the determination of the Federal funds rate is the rate of growth of the nonborrowed monetary base, excluding currency. It is assumed that this variable will grow at a rate close to 10 percent during 1983, dropping to about 7 percent during the 1984–87 period, and then to the 5.5- to 6-percent range for the remainder of the projection period. This reflects an assumed willingness on the part of the Federal Reserve Board to loosen up somewhat on monetary controls as the economy recovers from the 1982 recession.

Also affecting the financial sector is the assumption concerning the rate of growth of money-market related mutual funds. This variable affects the distribution of the money stock between the aggregate money supply measures M1 and M2. Money-market funds are expected to increase at a strong pace during the mid-1980's (about 12 to 15 percent annually), but this will taper in the late 1980's and early 1990's to about a 10-percent average rate of growth.

Foreign economic conditions. Exports of domestically produced goods and services are influenced primarily by international financial markets and by the economic condition

of our major trading partners. The following table summarizes the assumed annual percentage rates of growth of the variables in the macro model that reflect these considerations:

Industrial production, world	Wholesale price index, rest-of-world	Average value of the U.S. dollar ⁴
_		-3.0
0.9	11.8	2.4
0.7	10.0	3.3
3.0	8.8	1.6
2.9	7.9	0.0
3.2	8.3	2.1
3.1	6.9	1.3
3.3	8.5	2.2
3.4	7.3	1.5
	production, world	production, world price index, rest-of-world — — 0.9 11.8 0.7 10.0 3.0 8.8 2.9 7.9 3.2 8.3 3.1 6.9 3.3 8.5

The assumed growth rates for industrial production appear high from a historical perspective. The table is deceptive, however, because the selected historical years are representative of peak-to-peak periods in this country. The world economy tends to lag the U.S. business cycle and, as a result, the historical growth rates presented above are not truly representative of long-term trend growth patterns. Generally, world industrial production has tended to increase at a 2.5- to 3.5-percent rate during trend growth periods.

Energy. Domestic oil production, currently running at about 10 million barrels per day (MBPD), is assumed to decline to 9.5 MBPD by 1987 and to remain at that level thereafter. Petroleum imports, on the other hand, are expected to increase steadily from 5.1 MBPD in 1982 to 7.8 MBPD in 1990 and 8 MBPD in 1995. The price of imported oil is assumed to rise from the 1983 price of \$28 per barrel to \$41 in 1990 and to \$52 by 1995. This rise is consistent with overall inflation but does not reflect any real increase in the barrel price of imported crude oil.

Affecting transportation-related demand for petroleum are assumptions concerning the average miles-per-gallon of new domestically produced autos, and the ratio of imports to domestic autos. Mileage figures are assumed to improve from the 1982 level of 26.7 mpg to 37.8 by 1990 and 41.7 by 1995. After declining to a more normal share of 24 percent in 1983, imported autos are expected to capture more of the U.S. auto market, accounting for 30 percent of domestic sales by 1990. The share is assumed to stabilize through 1995 at that level.

Implications of moderate growth

Real GNP is projected to increase at an average annual rate of 3.2 percent over the 1982–90 period, reflecting re-

covery from the 1982 recession. After 1990, GNP growth moderates somewhat to an annual rate of 2.5 percent between 1990 and 1995 (table 1). This assumes a return to the long-term trend growth path following the recovery and the continuing slowdown in the rate of growth of the civilian labor force. Following is a summary of the projection results for each major sector of the economy.

Prices. Projections for price change are truly optimistic in the moderate-growth scenario—at least compared to the more recent experience:

	An	nual change, in p	ercent
	GNP deflator	Personal consumption expenditures deflator	Gross private domestic investment deflator
Historical:			
1955-68	2.4	2.1	1.7
1968-73	5.1	4.6	5.1
1973-77	7.3	7.1	9.4
1977–82	8.1	8.1	7.1
Moderate growth:			
1982–90	5.4	5.2	5.8
1990–95	3.3	3.6	2.7

The moderation in inflation expectations is based on the relatively modest rate of recovery projected from the 1982 recession. Demand growth accelerates at a pace readily matched by production capacity, thus averting much of the demand pressure on prices apparent during recoveries from the 1969–70 and 1973–75 recessions. The 1981–82 recession also significantly dampened wage rate growth, a major impetus to renewed inflation during earlier recoveries.

Employment and productivity. Civilian household employment is projected to increase by just over 24 million jobs between 1982 and 1995, as the unemployment rate declines from 9.7 percent in 1982 to 6.3 percent in 1990 and to 6.0 percent in 1995. (See table 2.) This represents average annual growth in employment of 2 percent between 1982 and 1990 and of 1.1 percent between 1990 and 1995. There are 6.5 million new jobs in the goods-producing sector, and 17.3 million in the private service-producing industries.

For the private nonfarm sector, the long-term average annual rate of productivity growth was 2.6 percent between 1955 and 1968. Between 1968 and 1973, this rate dropped to 2.1 percent annually and even further, to 0.2 percent, during the 1973–82 period. The slowdown in productivity growth over the past decade has been attributed to many factors, including the influx of new workers into the labor force; slowing in capital accumulation per worker; emphasis on nonproductive types of investment, such as pollution control investment; and the remarkable increase in energy prices since 1973.

Over the coming decade, many of the factors that contributed to the productivity slowdown are expected to improve. As a result, the projections for productivity are quite optimistic when compared to more recent experience. Productivity in the private nonfarm sector is expected to increase at a rate of 1.7 percent annually between 1982 and 1990 and by 1.4 percent each year during the 1990–95 period. Increases in manufacturing labor productivity are expected to average 2.2 percent annually over the entire period.

Developments related to employment and labor productivity are discussed by Valerie Personick elsewhere in this issue.

Personal consumption. Consumer spending is the largest component of GNP. In 1968, personal consumption expenditures (PCE) accounted for 60.0 percent of real GNP. The share increased to 63.2 percent in 1981 and to 65.3 percent in 1982. It should be noted that personal consumption expenditures accounted for a large proportion of GNP in 1982 because of the rapid relative increase in the purchase of services during a recessionary period. After returning to a more normal share of GNP after 1983, consumer expenditures are still expected to show a long-term upward trend, reaching 65.2 percent of GNP in 1995. The increase is due primarily to relatively higher disposable income and a slightly lower savings rate, as well as to the smaller share of GNP accounted for by government expenditures. Table 3 details the projections of 15 major categories of consumer spending.

Because of price effects, new technology, the shifting population mix, and new household formation, consumers' behavior will exhibit some changes over the next decade. Purchases of consumer durables are projected to grow very strongly over the period—5.1-percent average annual growth from 1982 to 1990 and 2.9 percent each year, 1990-95. All categories of durables are expected to increase strongly in the early period of the projections, but the largest growth is attributable to motor vehicles and to household appliances. Generally speaking, durables purchases react quite sharply to increasing inflation and to swings in the business cycle because such purchases are easily put off until "better times." Two major reasons for the strong durables growth over the projection period are the greatly improved inflation situation and the lack of business-cycle swings built into the projection methods.

Purchases of motor vehicles and parts dropped dramatically during the 1982 recession. Sales of new motor vehicles were down 18 percent to 11.4 million units in 1980 and dipped to 10.4 million units in 1982, the worst slump in 20 years. The drop in new-car sales was largely accounted for by domestic autos, as imports continued to increase their share of the market during the 1982 recession.

With cut-rate financing luring buyers, sales rebounded sharply in the final months of 1982. Demand for motor

	4000	1973	1977	1000		1990			1995	
Item	1968	19/3	1977	1982	High	Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Low
Gross national product	\$1,058.1	\$1,255.0	\$1,369.7	\$1,485.4	\$2,004.2	\$1,915.5	\$1,857.9	\$2,264.6	\$2,166.9	\$2,126.7
Personal consumption Durables Nondurables Services	634.4	768.5	864.3	970.2	1,296.0	1,240.2	1,196.8	1,491.4	1,412.4	1,349.1
	88.3	121.3	138.0	139.8	236.0	208.8	190.1	277.4	240.4	223.8
	270.5	308.0	333.4	364.2	447.2	436.2	423.7	481.2	468.0	438.4
	275.6	339.2	393.0	466.2	612.8	595.2	583.0	732.9	704.0	686.9
Gross private investment Equipment Structures Residential Inventory change	161.6	217.5	214.2	194.5	342.1	305.7	250.1	405.0	337.2	285.7
	66.8	90.7	99.9	112.7	166.2	149.1	132.4	202.8	177.2	159.6
	42.8	47.4	40.4	53.4	62.8	61.5	45.0	76.9	70.1	44.6
	43.1	62.3	60.7	37.8	97.8	80.5	63.6	113.1	78.1	69.6
	9.0	17.2	13.3	- 9.4	15.3	14.6	9.0	12.2	11.9	11.9
Net exports Exports Imports	1.9	15.5	22.0	28.9	34.1	48.8	83.0	22.8	85.9	148.4
	61.2	97.3	112.9	147.3	206.7	202.3	206.5	261.7	260.0	267.9
	59.3	81.8	90.9	118.4	172.6	153.5	123.5	238.9	174.1	119.4
Government Federal State and local	260.2	253.5	269.2	291.8	332.0	320.9	327.9	345.4	331.4	343.5
	128.2	95.9	100.5	116.6	136.8	132.4	144.3	144.6	139.2	157.0
	132.0	157.6	168.8	175.2	195.2	188.5	183.6	200.7	192.2	186.5
					Percent d	istribution				
Gross national product	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Personal consumption Durables Nondurables Services	60.0	61.2	63.1	65.3	64.7	64.7	64.4	65.9	65.2	63.4
	8.3	9.7	10.1	9.4	11.8	10.9	10.2	12.2	11.1	10.5
	25.6	24.5	24.3	24.5	22.3	22.8	22.8	21.2	21.6	20.6
	26.0	27.0	28.7	31.4	30.6	31.1	31.4	32.4	32.5	32.3
Gross private investment Equipment Structures Residential Inventory change	15.3 6.3 4.0 4.1 0.9	17.3 7.2 3.8 5.0 1.4	15.6 7.3 2.9 4.4 1.0	13.1 7.6 3.6 2.5 -0.6	17.1 8.3 3.1 4.9	16.0 7.8 3.2 4.2	13.5 7.1 2.4 3.4 .5	17.9 9.0 3.3 5.0	15.6 8.2 3.2 3.6 .5	13.4 7.5 2.1 3.3 .6
Net exports Exports Imports	.2	1.2	1.6	1.9	1.7	2.5	4.5	1.0	4.0	7.0
	5.8	7.8	8.2	9.9	10.3	10.6	11.1	11.6	12.0	12.6
	5.6	6.5	6.6	8.0	8.6	8.0	6.6	10.5	8.0	5.6
Government	24.6	20.2	19.7	19.6	16.6	16.8	17.6	15.3	15.3	16.2
	12.1	7.6	7.3	7.8	6.8	6.9	7.8	6.4	6.4	7.4
	12.5	12.6	12.3	11.8	9.7	9.8	9.9	8.9	8.9	8.8
						of change (in				
	1968-73	1973-77	1977-82	1982-90	igh 1990–95	1982-90	Moderate	1000 05		0W
Gross national product	3.5	2.2	1.6	3.8	2.5	3.2	1990–95 2.5	1982–95	1982–90 2.8	1990–95 2.7
Personal consumption Durables Nondurables Services	3.9	3.0	2.3	3.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.4
	6.5	3.3	0.3	6.8	3.3	5.1	2.9	4.3	3.9	3.3
	2.6	2.1	1.8	2.6	1.5	2.3	1.4	1.9	1.9	0.7
	4.2	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.1	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.3
Gross private investment Equipment Structures Residential	6.1	-0.4	-1.9	7.3	3.4	5.8	2.0	4.3	3.2	2.7
	6.3	2.4	2.4	5.0	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.5	2.0	3.8
	2.1	-3.9	5.7	2.1	4.1	1.8	2.7	2.1	-2.1	-0.2
	7.6	-0.6	-9.0	12.6	2.9	9.9	-0.6	5.7	7.4	1.8
Exports	9.7	3.8	5.5	4.3	4.8	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.3	5.3
	6.6	2.7	5.4	4.8	6.7	3.3	2.6	3.0	0.5	-0.7
Government	-0.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	0.8	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.5	0.9

vehicles and parts is expected to increase at a robust rate, averaging 5.8-percent growth between 1982 and 1990. This represents an increase in new domestic car sales to 8.6 million units by 1990. Although low by the standards of the 1960's and 1970's, this is still well above the average sales rate of 5.7 million domestic cars in 1982. The slow-

Source: Historical data, Bureau of Economic Analysis; projected data, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

down from the long-term trends is caused by continuing relative price increases, a projected decline in the entry of new drivers into the marketplace, and the assumption that imports will continue to improve their competitive position in this country. The following table summarizes purchase data for motor vehicles, historically and projected.

	1968	1973	1977	1982	1990	1995
Vehicles and parts as a percent of PCE (1972 dollars)	6.3	7.4	7.3	5.9	7.3	7.0
New-vehicles sales (millions of units) New-car sales Domestic	9.6 8.6 1.0	13.6 11.4 9.6 1.8	14.6 11.1 9.0 2.1	10.4 8.0 5.7 2.3	16.6 12.4 8.6 3.7	16.1 12.0 8.4 3.6
Imported New-light-truck sales Percent import share,	T.0	2.3	3.5	2.4	4.2	4.1
new cars	10.7	15.5	18.7	28.3	30.0	30.0

Like the case for motor vehicles, the projected surge in purchases of furniture and household appliances is attributable to recovery. With the expected upturn in construction of new homes, demand for housing-linked items is expected to increase rapidly, at a rate of 4.6 percent per year, between 1982 and 1990.

In addition to the housing-related demand growth, a new boom in household appliances and furnishings, largely paralleling the 1950's television experience, will feature consumer electronics and a new wave of replacement demand. Purchases of home computers and supplemental equipment, such as printers and software, have exploded in the U.S. marketplace; demand for such popular new products is foreseen to grow strongly in the next decade. Other new electronic products, such as compact audiodiscs, video cassette recorders, and sophisticated electronic telephone systems,

are also expected to become increasingly important. Thus, considerable growth of 4.2 percent annually in the 1982–95 period is projected, much higher than the growth rate of 2.9 percent for total consumption during the same period.

Consumer purchases of nondurables are expected to account for progressively smaller shares of GNP throughout the projection period. Nondurables accounted for 25.6 percent of GNP in 1968. The share dropped to 24.5 percent in 1982 and is projected to decline further to 22.8 percent and 21.6 percent of GNP in 1990 and 1995, as nondurables grow more in line with population than they did during the 1970's.

Food consumption has been declining as a proportion of total PCE over time, and it is expected to continue to do so through 1995. As a family's real income increases, the percentage spent on food decreases. In 1982, purchases of food accounted for 19.0 percent of PCE, while by 1995, they are expected to decline to 15.8 percent. Particularly, demand for restaurant meals is projected to grow more slowly in the period than in recent years. During the last decade. a rapid increase in the number of working wives helped to boost restaurant sales. Female labor force participation is projected to continue to rise over the projection period but at a slower pace than during the last 10 years. Consequently, purchased restaurant meals are projected to grow only at a rate of 1.1 percent per year in the 1982–95 period, compared with 2.8 percent between 1973 and 1979.

Average growth of 2.3 percent annually is projected for purchases of clothing and shoes between 1982 and 1995, compared with rates of 3.9 percent per year in the 1968–

	4000 4070 4077	4077	1990					1995		
Item	1968	1973	1977	1982	High	Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Low
GNP deflator (1972 = 100)	82.5	105.7	140.0	206.9	341.1	315.9	303.5	483.7	372.1	341.8
Private nonfarm productivity	86.6 3.6	95.2 4.9	100.1 7.1	100.0 9.7	116.1 5.4	114.6 6.3	114.0 6.5	125.3 5.2	122.7 6.0	120.9 6.8
Total employment (in millions) Government Private Farm Manufacturing Service-producing Other	83,549 14,092 69,457 3,662 20,065 37,363 8,367	91,735 15,506 76,229 6,220 20,438 43,567 9,004	97,539 16,783 80,756 2,950 20,017 48,796 8,993	105,555 17,471 88,084 2,815 19,223 56,721 9,325	121,869 17,891 106,978 2,672 22,635 67,828 10,843	120,830 17,658 103,172 2,652 22,236 67,533 10,751	119,735 17,993 101,742 2,630 21,686 66,559 10,867	132,843 18,482 114,361 2,595 24,132 75,596 12,038	130,260 18,203 112,057 2,550 23,491 74,157 11,859	128,250 18,532 109,718 2,500 22,963 72,673 11,582
				Average	annual rate o	of change (in	percent)			
	1968-73	1973-77	1973-77 1977-82	Hi	gh		Moderate		Lo	W
	1300-70	1310-77	1317-02	1982-90	1990–95	1982-90	1990-95	1982-95	1982-90	1990-95
GNP deflator (1972 = 100)	5.1	7.3	8.1	6.5	7.2	5.4	3.3	4.6	4.9	3.4
Private nonfarm productivity	1.9	1.3	0.0	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.2
Total employment Government Private Farm Manufacturing Service-producing Other	1.9 1.9 1.9 -2.5 0.4 3.1 1.5	1.5 2.0 1.2 -2.2 -0.5 2.9 -0.0	1.6 0.8 1.8 -0.9 -0.8 3.1 0.7	1.8 0.3 2.1 -0.6 2.1 2.3 1.9	1.7 0.7 1.9 -0.6 1.3 2.2 2.1	1.7 0.1 2.0 -0.7 1.8 2.2 1.8	1.5 0.6 1.7 -0.8 1.1 1.9 2.0	1.4 0.3 1.6 -0.7 1.3 1.8 1.6	1.6 0.4 1.8 -0.8 1.5 2.0	1.4 0.6 1.5 -1.0 1.2 1.8 1.3

Table 3. Personal consumption expenditures by major categories, 1968, 1973, 1977, 1982, and projected to 1990 and 1995

Category	1968	1973	1977	1982		1990			1995	-
Category	1900	1970	1971	1302	High	Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Low
Total	\$634.4	\$768.5	\$864.3	\$970.2	\$1,296.0	\$1,240.2	\$1,196.8	\$1,491.4	\$1,412.4	\$1,349.1
Notor vehicles and parts	40.3	56.5	63.5	57.4	107.0	90.3	80.7	118.1	98.2	87.1
lousehold appliances	14.2 20.5	21.2 25.1	26.3 26.6	33.0 26.7	52.5 41.5	48.3 37.5	43.8 34.6	64.6 51.2	57.4 45.1	55.1 43.8
Other durable goods	13.4 88.3	18.5	21.5 138.0	22.7 139.8	35.0 236.0	32.7 208.8	31.0 190.1	43.5 277.4	39.7	37.8
Total durables		121.3							240.4	223.8
ood and beverages	142.4 49.0	153.6 59.3	170.6 67.5	184.0 84.4	216.6 106.9	213.2 103.9	207.1 100.8	228.7 117.0	223.8 113.7	208.9
Sasoline and oil	19.9	26.2	27.7	25.6	29.7	28.8	27.9	30.5	28.9	26.
uel oil and coal	5.3 53.9	5.4 63.5	4.4 63.2	3.5 66.6	3.7 90.3	3.7 86.6	3.6 84.3	100.6	97.2	93.
Total nondurables	270.5	308.0	333.4	364.2	447.2	436.2	423.7	481.2	468.0	438.
lousing services	93.5	118.2	141.3	171.3	215.2	212.7	209.8	249.3	247.7	245.
lousehold electricity	9.6 5.9	13.0 6.4	16.0 6.5	18.3 6.6	25.5 5.3	24.6 5.1	24.1 5.0	30.0 5.2	28.4 4.7	27.
Other household operations	23.4	28.0	32.6	38.6	55.0	52.9	51.4	68.9	64.0	61.
ransportation services	23.4 119.7	28.5 145.1	32.7 163.9	31.7 199.6	45.0 266.7	42.4 257.5	41.0 251.8	55.1 324.3	50.1 309.1	47. 300.
Total services	275.6	339.2	393.0	466.2	612.7	595.2	583.1	732.8	704.0	686
						istribution				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Notor vehicles and parts	6.4 2.2	7.4 2.8	7.3 3.0	5.9 3.4	8.3 4.1	7.3	6.7 3.7	7.9 4.3	7.0 4.1	6. 4.
ousehold furnishings	3.2	3.3	3.1	2.8	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.2	3.
ther durable goods	2.1 13.9	2.4 15.8	2.5 16.0	2.3 14.4	2.7 18.2	2.6 16.8	2.6 15.9	2.9 18.6	2.8 17.0	16.
ood and beverages	22.4	20.0	19.7	19.0	16.7	17.2	17.3	15.3	15.8	15.
lothing and shoes	7.7	7.7	7.8	8.7	8.2	8.4	8.4	7.8	8.1	7.
asoline and oil	3.1 0.8	3.4 0.7	3.2 0.5	2.6 0.4	2.3 0.3	2.3 0.3	2.3 0.3	2.0 0.3	2.0 0.3	2. 0.
ther nondurable goods	8.5	8.3	7.3	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.7	6.9	6.
Total nondurables	42.6	40.1	38.6	37.5	34.5	35.2	35.4	32.3	33.1	32.
ousing services	14.7 1.5	15.4 1.7	16.3 1.9	17.7 1.9	16.6 2.0	17.2 2.0	17.5 2.0	16.7 2.0	17.5	18.
ousehold natural gas	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	2.0 0.3	0.
ther household operations ransportation services	3.7 3.7	3.6 3.7	3.8 3.8	4.0 3.3	4.2 3.5	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.
ther services	18.9	18.9	19.0	20.6	20.6	3.4 20.8	3.4 21.0	3.7 21.7	3.5 21.9	3. 22.
Total services	43.4	44.1	45.5	48.0	47.3	48.0	48.7	49.1	49.8	50.
						of change (in				
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1968– 73	1973– 77	1977– 82	1982-	gh 1990-	1982-	Moderate 1990-	1982-	1982-	ow 1990-
	73	"	02	90	95	90	95	95	90	95
Total	3.9	3.0	2.3	3.7	2.8	3.1	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.
lotor vehicles and parts	7.0	3.0	-2.0	8.1	2.0	5.8	1.7	4.2	4.3	1.
lousehold appliances	8.4 4.1	5.5 1.5	4.6 0.1	6.0 5.6	4.2 4.3	4.9 4.3	3.5 3.8	4.4	3.6	4.
ther durable goods	6.7	3.8	1.1	5.6	4.4	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.
Total durables	6.6	3.3	0.3	6.8	3.3	5.1	2.9	4.3	3.9	3.
	1.0.25	0.7	1.5	2.1 3.0	1.1 1.8	1.9 2.6	1.0 1.8	1.5 2.3	1.5 2.3	0.
ood and beverages	1.5	2.7 3.3	4.6							
ood and beverages lothing and shoes asoline and oil	3.9 5.7	3.3 1.4	-1.5	1.9	0.5	1.5	0.1	0.9	1.1	
ood and beverages Clothing and shoes asoline and oil uel oil and coal	3.9	3.3	- 1.5 - 4.5	1.9 0.6	3.5	0.6	3.5	1.7	0.2	2.
ood and beverages Nothing and shoes Jasoline and oil uel oil and coal	3.9 5.7 0.4	3.3 1.4 -5.0	-1.5	1.9						-0. 2. 2. 0.
ood and beverages lothing and shoes asoline and oil uel oil and coal lther nondurable goods Total nondurables dousing services	3.9 5.7 0.4 3.3 2.6	3.3 1.4 -5.0 -0.1 2.0	-1.5 -4.5 1.1 1.8	1.9 0.6 3.9 2.6	3.5 2.2 1.5 3.0	0.6 3.3 2.3 2.7	3.5 2.3 1.4 3.1	1.7 2.9 1.9	0.2 3.0 1.9 2.6	2. 2. 0. 3.
ood and beverages Clothing and shoes Casoline and oil Usel oil and coal Charles and coal Ch	3.9 5.7 0.4 3.3 2.6 4.8 6.3	3.3 1.4 -5.0 -0.1 2.0 4.6 5.3	-1.5 -4.5 1.1 1.8 3.9 2.8	1.9 0.6 3.9 2.6 2.9 4.2	3.5 2.2 1.5 3.0 3.3	0.6 3.3 2.3 2.7 3.7	3.5 2.3 1.4 3.1 2.9	1.7 2.9 1.9 2.9 3.4	0.2 3.0 1.9 2.6 3.5	2. 2. 0. 3.
ood and beverages Clothing and shoes Casoline and oil Usel oil and coal Cher nondurable goods Total nondurables Housing services Household electricity Household natural gas Cotter household operations	3.9 5.7 0.4 3.3 2.6 4.8 6.3 1.6 3.7	3.3 1.4 -5.0 -0.1 2.0 4.6 5.3 0.4 3.9	-1.5 -4.5 1.1 1.8 3.9 2.8 0.1 3.5	1.9 0.6 3.9 2.6 2.9 4.2 -2.7 4.5	3.5 2.2 1.5 3.0 3.3 -0.4 4.6	0.6 3.3 2.3 2.7	3.5 2.3 1.4 3.1	1.7 2.9 1.9	0.2 3.0 1.9 2.6 3.5 -3.4	2. 2. 0. 3. 2. -2.
ood and beverages Clothing and shoes Clothing and shoes Clothing and oil Usel oil and coal Clother nondurable goods Total nondurables Clousing services Clousehold electricity Clousehold natural oas	3.9 5.7 0.4 3.3 2.6 4.8 6.3 1.6	3.3 1.4 -5.0 -0.1 2.0 4.6 5.3 0.4	-1.5 -4.5 1.1 1.8 3.9 2.8 0.1	1.9 0.6 3.9 2.6 2.9 4.2 -2.7	3.5 2.2 1.5 3.0 3.3 -0.4	0.6 3.3 2.3 2.7 3.7 -3.1	3.5 2.3 1.4 3.1 2.9 -1.6	1.7 2.9 1.9 2.9 3.4 -2.5	0.2 3.0 1.9 2.6 3.5	2. 2. 0. 3.

73 period and 4.0 percent in the 1973–82 span. This represents real spending of \$438 per person for clothing and shoes in 1995, compared with \$280 in 1973 and \$363 in 1982. The baby boom of the fifties powered much of the demand for clothing purchases of the sixties and seventies. The baby bust of the sixties will mean, for the nineties, a smaller proportion of the population in the 16- to 44-year-old group, accounting for 43 percent in 1995 versus 46 percent in 1982; individuals in this age group are major purchasers of clothing and shoes.

Due to continuing conservation, the downsizing of cars, and expected increases in relative energy prices, energy consumption stays at low levels through 1995. In 1982, the average miles-per-gallon for new domestic cars was 26.7, while by 1995, this figure is expected to jump to 41.7. Thus, only slight growth of 0.9 percent per year is projected for gasoline and oil purchases in the 1982–95 period. Since the energy crisis of the 1970's, consumption of fuel oil and coal for household heating and cooling has dropped substantially in response to relative price increases. Although the downward trend is expected to reverse in 1984, consumption will probably not return to its previous levels, at least not in the projection period. Average annual growth of 1.7 percent is projected for fuel oil and coal during the 1982–95 period.

Drugs and medical sundries is the only category of nondurables expected to show rapid growth during the projection period. Because of continued demand growth and the introduction of new kinds of products, a strong increase of 6.0 percent per year is projected between 1977 and 1995.

Consumer purchases of services have been becoming a more important budget item historically, and this trend is expected to continue to 1995. The growth of services purchases is broadly based; with the exception of natural gas purchases, all categories of services are expected to increase by at least 2.9 percent per year between 1982 and 1995.

Consumer expenditures for housing, which include rent paid by tenants and an imputed rental value of owner-occupied housing, have been an increasing share of total PCE over time, rising from 14.7 percent in 1968 to 16.3 percent in 1977, and to 17.7 percent in 1982. By 1995, housing expenditures are expected to exceed food expenditures and become the largest consumption category. The increase in housing demand is in response to changes in household formation rates—a trend toward single-person households, and a decrease in family size from 3.0 persons in 1973 to 2.6 in 1982, and to 2.4 in 1995. Stable growth of 2.9 percent per year in housing expenditures is projected for the 1982–95 period.

Since the early 1970's, demand for electric power has increased, consistently outpacing growth in GNP. In con-

trast, demand for natural gas has continued to decrease. This shift reflects diminished natural gas supplies and price hikes that have caused electricity to become the principal alternative energy source. During the past 2 years, retail natural gas prices rose by 40 percent (in nominal terms) in some parts of the Nation, and industry experts predict a sharp rise of 16 percent for the 1984 winter heating season. These trends of increased availability of electricity and decreased use of natural gas are expected to continue through 1995. Demand for electricity will grow 3.4 percent per year in the 1982–95 period, while demand for natural gas will fall at a rate of -2.5 percent.

Purchases of telephone and telegraph services by consumers are expected to grow substantially over the projection span. This reflects the increased use of modern communication systems, such as call-waiting and call-forwarding services, long-distance calling and related telecommunication systems, and the computerized telephone. In addition, cable television services have been expanding rapidly during recent years; spending on cable television services in 1982 was more than triple that in 1977. This trend is expected to continue in the next decade. Also contributing to increasing relative expenditures for communications services is the divestiture proceeding currently underway for the major supplier of these services. Communications services are projected to grow at an annual rate of 5.2 percent between 1982 and 1995.

The large increases projected in medical care services are affected by continued growth in the percentage of the population over age 65, who need more health care than the general population, and by the increasing availability of new, sophisticated, and expensive medical treatment equipment. In addition, demand for medical services seems to be relatively immune to the effects of price increases. Medical spending is projected to grow to 8.3 percent of PCE in 1995, compared to 7.0 percent in 1977.

Investment. Gross investment is expected to continue to exhibit its traditional volatility during the projection period. Accounting for 17.3 percent of GNP in 1973, gross private domestic investment (GPDI) accounted for only 13.1 percent by 1982, primarily because of the disastrous effects of high inflation and the recessions of the 1970's and early 1980's on housing construction. By 1990, investment accounts for 16.0 percent of GNP, reflecting growing expenditures for equipment and the projected housing recovery. The share declines slightly to 15.6 percent of GNP by 1995 as housing construction hits a plateau.

Equipment purchases are expected to grow at a 3.5-percent rate between 1982 and 1995, well above the 2.4-percent rate of the 1973–82 period. Although still well below the

rate of growth of producers' durable equipment (PDE) purchases during the 1960's, this has important implications for productivity.

In terms of industries, computers and peripheral equipment are projected to rise from 8 percent of producers' durable equipment expenditures in 1977 to 20 percent in 1995. Despite the rapid growth by the computer industry during the 1970's, more is still expected, brought on by advances in microchip technology. These developments should continue to bring down the price of computers, making them available to even the smallest businesses. Large computers with speeds many times faster than the fastest now available will find expanded uses, and will also be purchased by large companies to replace existing equipment.

Investment spending on motor vehicles and aircraft is projected to grow less rapidly than total outlays for producer's durables as companies do little more than replace equipment that wears out. Moderate growth in the agricultural sector translates into moderate investment in farm machinery. Developments such as laser systems, data communications, and electronic mail will result in rapid growth in investment in radio and telephone equipment.

The nonresidential construction market suffered its setback in the mid-1970's and has, to some extent, already anticipated the recovery foreseen for the residential market. Growth in nonresidential construction is expected to average 2.1 percent each year between 1982 and 1995. Growth of expenditures for industrial structures is expected to exceed 5.0 percent annually over the entire period, more than offsetting the very slow growth expected for commercial office buildings.

Housing. The residential construction market is projected to recover strongly from its depressed condition of the last several years. Private housing starts are expected to rise from the 1982 level of 1.06 million units to a peak of 2.16 million in 1988. Thereafter, growth moderates and housing starts stabilize at about 1.9 million units annually to 1995.

Hardest hit during the last several years have been single-family housing starts. In 1982 and 1983, government subsidy programs encouraged multifamily construction projects and, as a result, multifamily starts constituted almost 37 percent of total starts in 1982. Projected stronger growth in the single-family construction area means that one-unit houses will account for 66.5 percent of starts, with multifamily units dropping to 33.8 percent, by 1988. By 1995, single-family starts are 65.8 percent of total starts. Mobile homes are projected to grow at a rate of 5.9 percent annually, 1982–90, and at a 2.5-percent rate between 1990 and 1995.

Exports and imports. The assumption that our major trading partners will recover strongly from the current worldwide recession underlies the strong growth projected for U.S. exports of goods and services—4.1 percent annually be-

tween 1982 and 1990, accelerating to 5.2 percent each year, 1990–95. By end-use categories, the expected growth is broadly based, as depicted in table 4.

Merchandise exports are expected to grow at an annual rate of 5.3 percent over the projection period, led by consumer goods with average growth of 6.9 percent. In dollar values, capital goods are expected to show the largest increases—\$24.2 billion, or nearly one-third of the total increase. Growth in exports of consumer goods and capital goods reflects the expectation that U.S. trade will move toward developing countries in the long run because those countries tend to require goods with higher technological inputs, such as electronic computers and parts, aircraft and parts, telephonic and other electrical apparatus, and medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations. By 1995, computers are expected to be the leading export industry, reaching 5.3 percent of total exports with a growth rate of 8.4 percent per year from 1977 to 1995. Exports of telephone and telegraph apparatus show the highest annual rate of increase— 10.9 percent—over the 1977-95 period. The category of food, feeds, and beverages will continue to account for a sizable share of U.S. exports in coming years, but it will grow at a slower rate. The following table highlights those industries with the best expected export performance:

The five largest export industries, 1995:	Percent of total exports
Computers Food and feed grains Aircraft Electronic components Motor vehicles	5.3 4.2 3.6 3.4 3.3
The five fastest growing export industries, 1977–95:	Annual percent growth rate
Telephone and telegraph apparatus. Communications Floor covering mills Furniture and fixtures Computers	10.9 10.3 8.9 8.5 8.4

Imports are projected to grow at an average rate of 3.0 percent annually between 1982 and 1995. Merchandise imports will exhibit more rapid growth of 3.8 percent. Over the 1980–82 period, petroleum imports dropped by \$1.8 billion, or 14 percent, as a result of both the U.S. recession and continuing efforts to conserve energy. Increasing imports of petroleum during the projection period result from falling domestic production and some increase in demand. Domestic oil production is expected to continue to decline somewhat, dropping from 9.9 million barrels per day in 1982, and stabilizing at 9.5 million by 1990. In real terms, the barrel price of oil is assumed to reach \$52 by 1995, a price rise which is accounted for by general inflationary expectations. Thus, overall demand for petroleum tends to increase without the price constraints evident during the

Table 4. Foreign trade by end-use categories, 1968, 1973, 1977, 1982, and projected to 1990 and 1995

0-1	4000	1973	1977	1982		1990	2.7		1995	
Category	1968	1973	1977	1982	High	Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Low
Vet exports	\$ 1.9	\$15.5	\$ 22.0	\$ 28.9	\$ 34.1	\$ 48.8	\$ 83.0	\$ 22.8	\$ 85.9	\$148.4
Net merchandise	-1.9	1.5	0.9	1.7	-8.2	7.7	35.8	-21.5	28.9	72.9
Net services	3.8	14.0	21.1	27.2	42.3	41.1	47.2	44.3	57.0	75.6
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Total exports	61.2	97.3	112.9	147.3	206.7	202.3	206.5	261.7	260.0	267.9
Merchandise	39.0	61.2	68.0	81.4	118.7	119.8	125.7	146.5	158.7	171.9
Foods, feeds, and beverages	5.5	9.7	10.5	14.5	21.1	20.1	20.1	30.1	28.3	28.4
Industrial supplies and materials	12.3	17.1	16.8	21.7	33.8	34.6	35.3	41.3	45.1	45.9
Capital goods, excluding autos	13.3	21.3	24.1	28.4	39.6	40.9	43.6	45.4	52.6	59.5
Automobiles	4.1	6.4	7.9	5.4	7.3	7.9	9.7	7.2	10.5	13.9
	2.7	4.4	6.1	7.4	12.9	12.5	13.1	17.5	17.6	19.6
Consumer goods				4.0	4.0		3.9	4.9	4.6	4.6
Other goods	1.0	2.3	2.6			3.9				
Services	22.3	36.1	44.9	65.9	88.0	82.5	80.9	115.2	101.3	96.0
otal imports	59.3	81.8	90.9	118.4	172.6	153.5	123.5	238.9	174.1	119.4
Merchandise	40.9	59.7	67.1	79.7	126.9	112.1	89.9	168.0	129.8	99.0
Foods, feeds, and beverages	6.5	7.4	6.9	7.2	12.5	11.5	10.3	14.7	13.2	10.7
	14.0	16.5	17.8	16.3	25.8	22.8	20.4	29.0	23.3	20.7
Industrial supplies, excluding petroleum			9.0	5.1	9.5	8.9	8.4			12.5
Petroleum and petroleum products	2.8	6.6						13.3	12.7	
Capital goods, excluding autos	3.9	7.2	9.0	18.9	28.3	24.9	16.9	44.1	29.6	19.2
Automobiles and parts	5.4	8.9	10.6	11.5	17.0	14.9	12.5	20.1	17.1	16.1
Consumer goods	6.8	11.4	12.5	17.9	30.1	25.4	17.8	42.6	29.7	15.6
Other goods	1.4	1.7	1.5	2.9	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.2	4.2	4.2
Services	18.5	22.1	23.8	38.7	45.7	41.4	33.6	70.9	44.3	20.4
					Percent o	distribution				
Total exports	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Merchandise	63.7	62.9	60.2	55.3	57.4	59.2	60.9	56.0	61.0	64.2
Foods, feeds, and beverages	9.0	10.0	9.3	9.8	10.2	9.9	9.7	11.5	10.9	10.6
Industrial supplies and materials	20.1	17.6	14.9	14.7	16.4	17.1	17.1	15.8	17.3	17.1
Capital goods, excluding autos	21.7	21.9	21.3	19.3	19.2	20.2	21.1	17.3	20.2	22.2
Automobiles	6.7	6.6	7.0	3.7	3.5	3.9	4.7	2.8	4.0	5.2
Consumer goods	4.4	4.5	5.4	5.0	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.7	6.8	7.3
Other goods	1.6	2.4	2.3	2.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7
Services	36.4	37.1	39.8	44.7	42.6	40.8	39.2	44.0	39.0	35.8
otal imports	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Merchandise	69.0	73.0	73.8	67.3	73.5	73.0	72.8	70.3	74.6	82.9
Foods, feeds, and beverages	11.0	9.0	7.6	6.1	7.2	7.5	8.3	6.2	7.6	9.0
Industrial supplies, excluding petroleum	23.6	20.2	19.6	13.8	14.9	14.9	16.5	12.1	13.4	17.3
	4.7	8.1	9.9	4.3	5.5	5.8		5.6		
Petroleum and petroleum products							6.8		7.3	10.5
Capital goods, excluding autos	6.6	8.8	9.9	16.0	16.4	16.2	13.7	18.4	17.0	16.1
Automobiles and parts	9.1	10.9	11.7	9.7	9.8	9.7	10.1	8.4	9.8	13.5
Consumer goods	11.5	13.9	13.8	15.1	17.4	16.5	14.4	17.8	17.1	13.1
Other goods	2.4	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.1	2.4	3.0	1.8	2.4	3.5
Services	31.2	27.0	26.2	32.7	26.5	27.0	27.2	29.7	25.4	17.1
						1				

1970's. Petroleum imports are projected to grow at a rate of 7.3 percent per year between 1982 and 1995.

Imported cars held their own during the 1981–82 recession. Sales of imports were at 2.3 million units in 1982, accounting for 28 percent of all new-car sales. By 1995, annual automobile imports are projected to reach 3.6 million units, or 30 percent of all domestic sales. Average growth of 3.1 percent per year is expected over the 1982–95 period.

Two other categories of imports—capital goods, except autos, and consumer goods—are expected to grow at rates of 3.5 percent and 4.0 percent respectively from 1982 to 1995. In capital goods, electronic equipment and components and business equipment will contribute most of the increase; in consumer goods, nondurable goods imports such as apparel will strengthen total growth. Imported apparel is expected to reach 22 percent of total output (domestic output plus imports) in 1995 versus 11 percent in 1977. Industrial supplies, however, are expected to grow more slowly, achieving a yearly rate of 2.8 percent in the 1982–95 period.

The net result of these projections is a steady increase in real net exports over the period, from \$29 billion in 1982

to \$86 billion in 1995, boosting the GNP share of net exports from 1.9 percent to 4.0 percent between those years.

Government. More than half of government purchases are from the service industries, as indicated in the following distribution of 1977 government purchases less sales, by industry:

	- '	ederal ernment	State and local government		
Source industry	Defense	Nondefense	Education	Other	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Agriculture, mining, and maintenance construction	1.5	-1.7	4.2	5.2	
Manufacturing Transportation, communications, and public	34.1	27.2	11.2	13.5	
utilities	4.0	3.6	3.5	5.6	
Trade	0.9	2.3	-2.7	2.3	
Other services	59.5	68.6	83.7	73.4	

Federal employment in both the defense and nondefense areas is assumed to show little growth through 1995. With a steady level of armed forces, compensation falls from one half of defense purchases in 1977 to little more than one-third in 1995. The remainder of defense purchases are mainly from manufacturing industries, and it is in this area that healthy growth is expected. Computers and peripheral equipment purchases will more than triple, while those for radio and communications equipment (which includes lasers) are projected to more than double. Other defense-related industries such as ordnance, missiles, aircraft, ships, and electronic components will account for much of the rest of the purchases.

Only moderate growth is expected in State and local government purchases between 1977 and 1995 as a result of the completion of the highway construction program; the slowdown in Federal grants-in-aid, outside of health; slower growth in the school-age population compared to the increase through the early 1970's; and diminished citizen expectations from government. Because most State and local purchases are for compensation, the expected moderate growth has only minor impacts on other industries. In general, State and local government purchases are expected to mirror the rest of the economy in the industries affected.

Alternatives to moderate growth

The high-growth and low-growth versions of the projections vary the assumptions regarding fiscal and monetary policy. By 1995, real GNP ranges between a low of \$2,127 billion and a high of \$2,265 billion, accompanied by unemployment rates of 6.8 percent and 5.2 percent for the low and high, respectively. Each of the alternatives is summarized below and estimates from these scenarios are presented with the moderate-growth projections in tables 1 and 2.

High growth. The major assumption in the high scenario is that the Federal Reserve Board pursues a less restrictive monetary policy than in the moderate growth projections. The assumption is that the Board of Governors allows more rapid monetary growth in order to bolster recovery from the 1981–82 recession and to sustain a higher trend growth over the long run.

This less-restrictive monetary policy, coupled with stronger demand growth, leads to somewhat different inflation expectations. The implicit GNP deflator increases at an annual rate of 6.5 percent between 1982 and 1990, 1.1 percent faster than in the moderate-growth version. However, instead of decelerating after 1990, implicit deflator growth begins to pick up, running at 7.2 percent annually to 1995. This is comparable with the rate of inflation during the 1973–77 period.

No real differences were assumed for fiscal policy in the high-growth projection. The higher inflation rates do, however, result in government expenditures growing more rapidly throughout the period. Federal expenditures rise at a rate of 7.8 percent each year between 1982 and 1995 as compared to the moderate-growth expenditures increase of 6.7 percent.

Real GNP grows at an average annual rate of 3.9 percent during 1982–85, a 0.6-percent higher rate than in the moderate version. Between 1990 and 1995, GNP rises at the same rate in both the moderate- and high-growth alternatives—2.5 percent annually. This is due primarily to the much higher rate of import growth in the high-trend version which tends to mask greater increases in the other categories of GNP. The GNP in 1995 is about \$98 billion higher than in the moderate-growth case.

Major demand differences are in purchases of consumer durables (\$37 billion higher), producers' durable equipment (\$25 billion higher), and in residential investment (\$35 billion higher). As noted above, greater income growth in this version leads to higher levels of imports, while exports are virtually unchanged. Net exports are therefore lower by \$63 billion than in the moderate-growth projection. Finally, higher rates of income growth mean greater government revenues, which lead to a balanced Federal budget in 1990.

In the high-trend alternative, the distribution of demand as compared to the moderate version shows no change in the share going to government. Personal consumption expenditures at the total level show little difference, masking the fact that durables increase at the expense of nondurables and services. This follows from the assumption of easier money and lower interest rates, which are major inducements to purchase durables. Lower interest rates also lead to a larger share of GNP going to equipment investment and construction. Increased purchases from manufacturing as a result of higher government, durable goods, equipment, and construction purchases are more than cancelled by the large increase assumed for imports. The drop in the export share of GNP is partially reflected in a slight decline in the agricultural industries share.

Low growth. This alternative simulation assumes higher levels of government spending, especially in defense, but also in transfers and grants. Federal expenditures grow at a rate of 9.4 percent each year between 1982 and 1990 and at 7 percent during the 1990-95 period. This compares to 7.5-percent and 6.1-percent growth over the same periods in the moderate-growth scenario. Defense growth is about 1.5 percent higher each year between 1982 and 1988, reflecting somewhat higher staff levels and greater expenditures on goods. Transfer payments are higher in every category, with the major increase in social security and medicare. As a result of the more aggressive (or less controlled) fiscal policy, the Federal Government runs deficits of about \$200 billion for the remainder of the decade, with only modest tapering after 1990 to about \$160 billion by 1995.

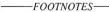
In addition, the monetary authorities are assumed to be generally more restrictive in order to hold down inflation.

Both M1 and M2 grow at about 0.6-percent-lower rates than in the moderate-growth projections. As a result, both short-and long-term interest rates are pushed higher, remaining in the double-digit range over the entire forecast period.

The high interest rates and severe competition for funds in the credit markets limits the growth of demand, especially for durable items. Real GNP is \$40 billion lower in 1995 than in the moderate-growth case. Personal consumption expenditures are lower by \$63 billion and gross private investment is off by \$52 billion from the 1995 moderate-growth levels. In a situation analogous to that in the highgrowth case, the slower growth in income lowers imports by \$55 billion, thus masking, to some extent, the full impact on the domestic economy. Reduced income growth only exacerbates the Federal deficit situation, despite assumed

personal tax hikes during the mid- and late-1980's. Dampened capital goods spending leads to lower productivity and job growth over the entire period.

Different assumptions in the low-growth case cause minor variations in the level of GNP, but large internal shifts, as compared to the base case. Tight monetary policy leads to higher interest rates with the expected retarding effect on consumers' and producers' durable goods and on construction—sectors that purchase heavily from manufacturing. However, because imports are assumed to grow at a much slower rate, and defense spending at a faster rate, than GNP, the adverse impact of low demand on manufacturing is alleviated. And lower consumer expenditures and investment do cause trade to represent a larger share of GNP.



¹ As part of a continuing program to assess the validity of BLS projections, a future article will evaluate the projections of the U.S. economy for 1980. For previous articles see Howard N Fullerton, Jr., "The 1995 labor force: a first look," *Monthly Labor Review*, December 1980, pp. 11–21; Norman C. Saunders, "The U.S. economy through 1990—an update," *Monthly Labor Review*, August 1981, pp. 18–27; Valerie A. Personick, "The outlook for industry output and employment through 1990," *Monthly Labor Review*, August 1981, pp. 28–41; Max L. Carey, "Occupational employment growth through 1990," *Monthly Labor Review*, August 1981, pp. 42–55; and Howard N Fullerton, Jr., "How accurate were the 1980

labor force projections?," Monthly Labor Review, July 1982, pp. 15-21.

²Projections of the Population of the United States: 1982 to 2050, Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 922 (U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1982).

³ Tables detailing the major assumptions underlying the aggregate projections will be included with reprints of this article.

⁴Trade-weighted average value of the dollar *vis-à-vis* the currencies of major U.S. trading partners.

The job outlook through 1995: industry output and employment projections

Recovery is expected in construction and durable goods, but services will continue to lead job growth; several heavy industries will not reach past peaks because changing markets and technologies will dampen expansion

VALERIE A. PERSONICK

The Bureau of Labor Statistics' latest projections of industry output and employment indicate that contrary to several popular reports the decade of the 1990's will not see the demise of America's smokestack industries. A sizable portion of the recent factory job loss can be attributed to the 1980–82 recessionary period, and as the economy recovers, heavy manufacturing industries should increase employment. Job gains in manufacturing will account for almost 1 of 6 new jobs between 1982 and 1995. (See table 1.) Manufacturing, which represented 25 percent of all jobs in 1959 but less than 19 percent in 1982, is projected to maintain this steady share throughout the 1982–95 period. (See table 2.)

Because manufacturing job gains primarily reflect a rebound from the low recession levels, much of the growth occurs in the early part of the projection span. About 3 million jobs are projected to be added to factory employment by 1990, but only about 1.3 million between 1990 and 1995. Furthermore, despite the recovery, employment in several key manufacturing industries (for example, autos and steel), is not expected to reach previous peaks, at least not by 1995. A turnaround in demand is projected to boost pro-

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duction in these sectors, but productivity improvements and technological change will limit job expansion.

Despite manufacturing's gains, most new job growth is projected to take place in service-producing industries, as it has in the past. Service-producing industries—broadly defined as transportation, communications, public utilities, trade, finance, insurance, real estate, other services, and government—are projected to account for almost 75 percent of all new jobs between 1982 and 1995.

Within the service-producing sector, the miscellaneous or other service component is projected to continue to grow the fastest. Industries such as medical care, business services, professional services, hotels, personal services, and nonprofit organizations are projected to account for more than 1 of 3 new jobs over the projection span, compared with 1 of 6 for manufacturing industries. In addition, the miscellaneous service sector is expected to have smoother job growth than manufacturing. Because miscellaneous service industries were less impacted by the cyclical downturn, they will not be as dramatically affected by the anticipated economic upswing, leading to smoother employment growth.

These findings are from the Bureau's most recent economic and employment projections for the years through 1995. This study of industry output and employment is one in a series of four; the others describe projections of the labor force, gross national product and the distribution of final demand, and employment by occupation.¹

Underlying assumptions and trends

Because of the unlimited range of actual outcomes in the future, three alternative projections to 1995 were prepared with an eye to suggesting a range of possibilities. These three scenarios, characterized as low growth, moderate growth, and high growth, assume various patterns of economic change. Because they are based on a few specific assumptions about macroeconomic variables, they do not represent the actual bounds to output and employment in 1995. Rather, they show what might happen under alternative responses of the economy to changes in fiscal and monetary policies.²

Unless otherwise noted, this article discusses the moderate growth projection. This case is marked by a period of recovery from the 1982 recession, followed by stable economic growth through the mid-1990's. The civilian unemployment rate, which was 9.7 percent in 1982, is projected to fall to 6.3 percent by 1990, and then dip slightly to 6.0 percent by 1995. Total employment is expected to rise from 102.3 million in 1982 to 127.6 million by 1995, a gain of more than 25 million new jobs. Growth is projected to be faster in the earlier years, as industries rebound from the recent economic downturn. Employment, which expanded by 3.6 percent a year between 1975 and 1979, showed very few gains during the business slump of 1980 or the brief recovery period thereafter. The more severe recession of 1981-82 brought an additional 1.3-percent decline in total jobs. Employment is projected to rebound, averaging growth of 1.8 percent a year from 1982 to 1990, then slow to 1.5 percent annually through 1995.

The slowdown in employment reflects not only the diminishing of the initial surge caused by recovery but, even more significantly, a continuing slowdown in the rate of growth of the labor force.³ Following the rapid expansion of the 1970's, labor force growth has begun to taper as the last members of the baby-boom generation reach working age. The slowdown is projected to continue through the 1980's and 1990's, as the decrease in births between 1960 and 1975 will cause an absolute decline in the number of potential new workers ages 16 to 24. The labor force, which grew 2.3 percent a year between 1970 and 1982, is projected to grow 1.6 percent a year to 1990, and 1.0 percent a year thereafter.

Workweek. Somewhat offsetting the effects of slower labor force growth on job creation is the projection of the workweek. Average weekly hours are projected to continue their long-term downward trend. In the short run, average weekly hours, especially in manufacturing, are used to respond to the pressures of the business cycle. At the beginning of an economic downturn, employers cut back on overtime hours before laying off workers, and as the economy improves, overtime hours are added and the workweek extended before new employees are hired. This recovery will be no excep-

	198	32-95	198	32-90	1990-95		
Industry	New jobs	Percent of total	New jobs	Percent of total	New jobs	Percent of total	
Total new jobs	25,248	100.0	16,000	100.0	9,248	100.0	
Goods-producing: Farm	2,434 4,257	25.9 -1.0 .5 9.6 16.9 12.6 4.3	4,350 -163 39 1,472 3,002 2,224 778	27.2 -1.0 .2 9.2 18.8 13.9 4.9	2,198 - 102 83 962 1,255 946 309	23.8 -1.1 .9 10.4 13.6 10.2 3.3	
Service-producing: Transportation, public utilities	18,700	74.1 4.3	11,650 659	72.8 4.1	7,050 435	76.2 4.7	
Trade	6,009	23.8	3,819	23.9	2,190	23.7	
real estate Services Private	1,786 8,673	7.1 34.4	1,214 5,246	7.6 32.8	572 3,427	6,2 37.1	
households	- 289	-1.1	- 235	-1.5	- 54	6	

tion. The factory workweek is projected to expand from 38.9 hours in 1982 to 39.8 hours by 1984; thereafter, the long-term decline will resume, with manufacturing hours averaging 38.8 by 1995. Hours in nonmanufacturing will drop even more rapidly, reflecting both declines in the full-time workweek as well as increases in part-time employment. For the private nonfarm economy as a whole, average weekly hours are projected to fall from 35.1 in 1982 to 33.1 in 1995.

Government . .

Productivity. Output per worker hour, or productivity, is projected to return to rates of growth more characteristic of the late 1960's and early 1970's. Between 1968 and 1973, output per hour in the private nonfarm sector grew by 2.0 percent a year. Over the same span, employment and real gross national product also enjoyed rapid growth—2.1 percent for jobs and 3.5 percent for GNP. This period of expansion was followed by years of declining productivity. Between 1973 and 1979, productivity grew by only .9 each year, and between 1979 and 1982 the rate dropped further, to .4 percent. This decline is expected to be reversed, however, as new capital investment, strong demand growth, and more efficient utilization of the slowly growing labor force all contribute to a resurgence in productivity. Output per hour is expected to climb to a 1.6-percent annual growth rate during the 1982-90 period, and then grow at a 1.3percent annual pace between 1990 and 1995.

For manufacturing alone, productivity gains are projected to be just as dramatic. A 2.2-percent annual rise is projected between 1982 and 1995, compared with 1.5 percent over the 1973–79 period and .7 percent during 1979–82.

It should be noted that rising productivity does not necessarily mean layoffs—as noted, 4.3 million new factory jobs will be added between 1982 and 1995. Productivity advances can be accompanied by employment growth, as the general level of production expands. GNP is projected

					Employm	ent (in tho	ousands)					
Sector	4050	4000	4070	4000		19	90			1	995	
	1959	1969	1979	1982	Low	Mode	erate	High	Low	Mo	derate	High
otal	67,705 5,491 62,214	82,401 3,495 78,906	102,211 2,861 99,350	102,315 2,815 99,500	116,943 2,630 114,313	118, 2, 115,	652	119,399 2,672 116,727	125,251 2,500 122,751		7,563 2,550 5,013	130,299 2,595 127,704
Government Federal State and local Private Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable Nondurable Transportation and public	8,083 2,233 5,850 54,131 612 3,825 16,985 9,560 7,425	12,195 2,758 9,437 66,711 501 4,386 20,469 12,081 8,388	15,947 2,773 13,174 83,403 704 5,903 21,406 12,989 8,417	15,803 2,739 13,064 83,697 742 5,491 19,234 11,326 7,908	16,830 3,202 13,628 97,483 775 7,020 21,686 13,218 8,468	2, 13, 98, 6, 22, 13,	750 989 761 913 781 963 236 550 686	17,060 3,096 13,964 99,667 760 7,052 22,635 13,871 8,764	17,180 3,163 14,017 105,571 842 7,798 22,963 14,266 8,696	1 10 2 1	7,230 2,960 4,270 7,783 864 7,925 3,491 4,496 8,995	17,760 3,139 14,621 109,944 8,004 24,132 14,965 9,167
utilities	4,304 13,245	4,718 16,704	5,534 22,352	5,543 22,536	6,152 25,885		202 355	6,287 26,649	6,488 27,764		6,637 8,545	6,746 28,859
estate	2,923 9,663 2,574	3,864 13,747 2,322	5,523 20,258 1,723	5,899 22,617 1,635	7,021 27,501 1,443	27,	113 863 400	6,667 28,225 1,392	7,607 30,814 1,295	3	7,685 1,290 1,346	7,788 32,203 1,368
	-,		1,1.20	.,,,,,		nt distribu		1,002	1,200		1,010	1,000
					1	19		Т		1	1995	
	1959	1969	1979	1982	Low	Mode		High	Low		derate	High
tal	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100		100.0	100.0	_	00.0	100.0
Farm Nonfarm	8.1 91.9	4.2 95.8	2.8 97.2	2.8 97.2	2.2 97.8	1 2	7.8	2.2 97.8	2.0 98.0		2.0	2.0 98.0
Government Federal State and local Private Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable Nondurable	11.9 3.3 8.6 80.0 .9 5.6 25.1 14.1	14.8 3.3 11.5 81.0 .6 5.3 24.8 14.7 10.2	15.6 2.7 12.9 81.6 .7 5.8 20.9 12.7 8.2	15.4 2.7 12.8 81.8 7 5.4 18.8 11.1 7.7	14.4 2.7 11.7 83.4 .7 6.0 18.5 11.3 7.2	11 83 18	4.2 2.5 1.6 3.6 .7 5.9 3.8 1.5	14.3 2.6 11.7 83.5 .6 5.9 19.0 11.6 7.3	13.7 2.5 11.2 84.3 .7 6.2 18.3 11.4 6.9		13.5 2.3 11.2 84.5 .7 6.2 18.4 11.4 7.1	13.6 2.4 11.2 84.4 .6 6.1 18.5 11.5 7.0
Transportation and public utilities	6.4 19.6	5.7 20.3	5.4 21.9	5.4 22.0	5.3 22.1		5.2	5.3 22.3	5.2 22.2		5.2 22.4	5.2 22.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.3 14.3 3.8	4.7 16.7 2.8	5.4 19.8 1.7	5.8 22.1 1.6	6.0 23.5 1.2	23	6.0 3.5 1.2	5.6 23.6 1.2	6.1 24.6 1.0		6.0 24.5 1.1	6.0 24.7 1.0
					Average an	nual rate	of change	9				
		Ī	T		1982-90			1990-95			1982-9	15
	1959–69	1969–79	1979–82	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Modera	
ial	2.0 -4.4 2.4	2.2 -2.0 2.3	.0 5 .1	1.7 8 1.7	1.8 7 1.9	1.9 6 2.0	1.4 -1.0 1.4	1.5 8 1.6	1.8 6 1.8	1.6 9 1.6	1.7 8 1.8	1 1 -
Government Federal State and local Private Mining Construction Manufacturing Durable Nondurable Transportation and public	4.2 2.1 4.9 2.1 -2.0 1.4 1.9 2.4	2.7 .1 3.4 2.3 3.5 3.0 .4 .7	3 4 3 .1 1.8 - 2.4 - 3.5 - 4.5 - 2.1	.8 2.0 .5 1.9 .6 3.1 1.5 1.9	.7 1.1 .7 2.1 .7 3.0 1.8 2.3	1.0 1.5 .8 2.2 .3 3.2 2.1 2.6 1.3	.4 2 .6 1.6 1.7 2.1 1.2 1.5	.6 2 .7 1.7 2.0 2.6 1.1 1.4	.8 .9 2.0 2.1 2.6 1.3 1.5	.6 1.1 .5 1.8 1.0 2.7 1.4 1.8	.7 .6 .7 2.0 1.2 2.9 1.5 1.9	1. 2. 2. 1. 3. 2. 1. 2. 1. 2. 1. 2.
utilities	.9 2.3	1.6	.1	1.3	1.4 2.0	1.6 2.1	1.1	1.4	1.4 1.6	1.2 1.6	1.4 1.8	1.
estate	2.8 3.6 -1.0	3.6 4.0 -2.9	2.2 3.7 -1.7	2.2 2.5 -1.6	2.4 2.6 -1.9	1.5 2.8 -2.0	1.6 2.3 -2.1	1.6 2.3 8	3.2 2.7 3	2.0 2.4 -1.8	2.1 2.5 -1.5	5 2.

to grow 2.9 percent a year between 1982 and 1995, compared with 3.1 percent during the 1969–79 period, and .1 percent during the 1979–82 period. However, it is expected that new labor-saving technologies will cause shifts to occur among industries, with many of the old-line factory jobs giving way to new industries and occupations.

Technology and changing demand. Labor-saving technologies are not the only cause of employment shifts among industries. Another determinant obviously is the demand for an industry's products. It is useful to separate aggregate demand into two categories—final demand and intermediate demand. Final demand includes consumer expenditures,

government purchases, investment in capital equipment and structures, exports, and imports. Intermediate demand refers to purchases necessary in the production process; for example, final demand by consumers for cars leads to intermediate demand by auto producers for steel, glass, plastic, and so forth.

Intermediate demand changes over time for several reasons. New technology is but one. Other reasons include substitutions necessitated by the changing relative prices of inputs, or scarcity of inputs, or changes in the relative distribution of goods which the industry produces.

Many times, a large increase or decline in demand for one product of an industry can have an impact on the supplying industries, even when the technology is not changing. When this demand change is coupled with a change in the production process, the impact can be even larger.

The energy crisis of the 1970's has led to some of these changes. As gasoline became more expensive, and the Congress mandated better fuel efficiency in domestic cars, the inputs to the production of autos changed. Cars became smaller, taking less steel (and lighter weight steel). Spare tires were replaced with smaller tires, and electronic ignition systems and "computers" were added to make cars more fuel efficient. Also, businesses were forced to be more energy efficient. Over time, they reduced their demand for electricity, gas, and oil by replacing older machines with more efficient models, renovating heating systems, and increasing building insulation.

Some changes occurred because of new technologies, and because these technologies were becoming more affordable. Advances in electronic components and computer chips made small business computers more prevalent and personal computers and video games quite common in private homes. Although this is reflected mainly as a final demand change, these same electronic components led to "smarter" machinery, which can do more. This trend will accelerate in the 1980's—most types of machinery are projected to include electronic components in the future.

Changing intermediate demand also affects the projection of miscellaneous business services. Many firms contract out for the services of this industry—computer software and services, mailing and reproduction services, building services, and personnel, management, and public relations services. As the demand for computers grows, obviously the demand for software will also grow. Businesses are finding that it is more efficient to get specialized services from professionals, instead of trying to do everything in-house.

Another growing component in business overhead is telephone communications. Firms have become increasingly dependent on telephone communication as business travel became more expensive and establishments more geographically spread out. As the capability of computers to "talk" to one another expands, this should become even more important. We have only begun to see the advances which are possible in this industry.

Most machinery is becoming smaller and being built with less steel. This change is reflected in the inputs to most industries, but causes a secondary impact on the demand for iron ore and coal.

Other changes in intermediate demand are not expected to be as large as those just described. The age structure of the population and health concerns are likely to cause some changes in the kinds of foods consumed and how they are packaged—less sugar and salt, more microwave and frozen foods. Food and beverages will be packaged more in plastic and paper products, less in metal cans. Plastics are likely to become even more commonplace and used in a multitude of new ways, as their cost comes down and durability improves. The radial tire and lower annual car mileage should slow down the domestic tire industry. As consumers keep their cars longer, maintenance and repair of vehicles will increase.

A continuation in the substitution of synthetic fibers for natural fibers (cotton and wool) in clothing and textile products is projected, although this trend is expected to slow.

Also projected is a change in how the advertising dollar is spent in the future. There will be a drop in the proportion spent on newspaper advertising, and an increase in that spent on radio and on commercial and cable television. This goes along with the closing of many afternoon newspapers, as the trend to watching news on television increases.

Output and employment: selected industries

Many industries are projected to show very rapid output and employment growth over the next several years but, for a lot of them, growth mainly represents a catchup following the severe 1980-82 recessionary period. (See table 3.) A list of the top 10 growth industries for the 1982-95 period illustrates how the recession and its subsequent recovery can impact the long-range growth outlook. (See table 4.) Several industries are on the list solely because their 1982 level of output or employment was so drastically reduced, and not because they are expected to be the high-growth industries of the 1980's. Examples are iron and ferroalloy ores mining (1982 output was half the 1981 level and employment less than two-thirds), and new construction. In addition, other industries not on the fastest-growing list may have faster growth rates projected for the years from 1982 to 1990 as they recover from recession, but their overall 1982–95 rate is projected to be lower than those industries on the list. Examples are chemical and fertilizer mining, fabricated metal stampings, engines and turbines, material handling equipment, household appliances, and miscellaneous transportation equipment.

New construction, along with the motor vehicle industry, actually led the recent downturn, as high inflation and interest rates constricted purchases of new homes and new cars. As the recession spread to supplier industries and to other areas of the economy, high unemployment and resulting concern over job security added to consumers' re-

					Billions								
Sector	1959	1969	1979	1982		199			1995				
					Low	Moder	ate	High	Low	Mod	lerate	High	
otal private	\$629.5	\$951.9	\$1,326.4	\$1,329.4	\$1,690.0	\$1,753		1,838.4	\$1,976.8		01.3	\$2,113.3	
Farm	27.8	29.5	34.2	39.0	40.6		.6	41.9	41.8		43.1	43.4	
Nonfarm	601.7	922.4	1,292.2	1,290.4	1,649.4	1,712	2.2	1,796.5	1,935.0	1,9	58.2	2,069.9	
Mining	13.3	18.2	20.8	21.6	24.3	25	5.1	25.3	26.4		27.0	27.3	
Construction	45.5	55.8	58.2	47.7	56.3	64	1.3	73.2	63.1		73.8	86.5	
Manufacturing	171.2	277.2	367.0	336.1	448.4	470		490.7	535.5		48.7	572.6	
	100.9	170.3	223.4	197.4	280.7	296		312.3	344.8		353.4	372.7	
Durable					167.7	174		178.4	190.7		95.3	199.9	
Nondurable	70.3	106.8	143.6	138.7								251.9	
Transportation and public utilities	55.4	92.6	140.0	138.9	192.8	203		213.0	234.3		239.7		
Transportation	29.9	43.4	56.3	46.8	60.7		3.6	66.0	71.4		73.0	76.	
Communications	11.5	23.8	49.0	57.2	91.2		7.5	103.5	117.5	1	20.3	127.8	
Public utilities	14.0	25.3	34.7	34.9	40.9		2.2	43.5	45.4	1 .	46.4	48.	
Trade	115.4	173.6	250.7	248.0	297.8	314		332.4	336.2		353.1	376.3	
Wholesale	42.0	70.6	106.5	106.3	126.5	132	2.6	140.0	142.4	1	147.8	157.0	
Retail	73.4	103.0	144.2	141.7	171.3	182	2.3	192.4	193.8	1 2	205.3	218.	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	98.5	152.9	229.4	251.0	325.4	340	0.9	351.5	384.6	1 3	391.4	405.	
Services	76.9	121.4	184.1	205.6	260.4	270		283.5	303.3		307.8	323.	
	11.8	16.8	21.2	21.6	23.2		1.0	24.9	24.5	`	25.3	26.	
Government enterprises	6.7	5.8	3.6	3.1	2.8		2.9	3.0	2.6		2.8	3.0	
Private households			17.2	16.8	18.0			-1.0	24.5		11.4	-3.	
Rest of world and statistical discrepancy	7.0	0.1									11.4	- 3.1	
		Average annual rate of change 1982–90 1990–9:									1982-	05	
	1959-69	1969-	79 1979-	82 Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Modera		
stal asimate	4.2	3.4	4 0.		3.5	4.1	3.2	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.2		
otal private		1.5			.8	.9	.6	.7	.7	.6	.7		
Farm	.6									3.2			
Nonfarm	4.4	3.4	4 – .	0 3.1	3.6	4.2	3.2	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.3	3.	
Mining	3.2	1.3	3 1.		1.9	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8		
Construction	2.1		4 -6.	4 2.1	3.8	5.5	2.3	2.8	3.4	2.2	3.4		
Manufacturing	4.9	2.	8 -2.	9 3.7	4.3	4.8	3.6	3.1	3.1	3.6	3.8		
Durable	5.4	2.	8 -4.	0 4.5	5.2	5.9	4.2	3.6	3.6	4.4	4.6	5	
Nondurable	4.3	3.	0 -1.	2 2.4	2.9	3.2	2.6	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.7	2	
Transportation and public utilities	5.3	4.		3 4.2	4.9	5.5	4.0	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.3	4	
Transportation	3.8	2.			3.9	4.4	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.5		
Communications	7.5	7.			6.9	7.7	5.2	4.3	4.3	5.7	5.9		
	6.1	3.			2.4	2.8	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2		
Public utilities													
Trade	4.2	3.			3.0	3.7	2.5	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.8		
Wholesale	5.3	4.			2.8	3.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.3	2.5		
	3.4	3.			3.2	3.9	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.9		
Retail		4.	1 3.		3.9	4.3	3.4	2.8	2.9	3.3	3.5		
Retail	4.5				3.5	4.1	3.1	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.2	3	
Retail	4.7	4.											
Retail				8 3.0	1.3	1.8	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.2	1	
Retail Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	4.7	4.	4 .	6 .9		1.8 3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.2 9	-	

luctance to make major spending commitments. Investment in residential construction and motor vehicle production each dropped by almost a third between 1979 and 1982.

Employment is projected to fare better in 1983 and succeeding years. As unemployment falls and the economy recovers, many durable goods industries will at first rebound strongly and then eventually resume long-term growth patterns. Some sectors, however, will not be able to recover to long-term growth paths, as changing markets and technologies crimp expansion. (See table 5 for employment by industry.)

Recovery in construction. Housing starts plunged from 2 million units in 1978 to fewer than 1.1 million in 1982, the result of high interest rates which drove many families out of the market for a new home. Pent-up demand will spur new home sales as interest rates fall, but by the late 1980's, a slowdown in the rate of new household formation will dampen these demand pressures. New housing starts are projected to climb steadily to 2.2 million by 1988, but then

taper to 1.9 million by 1995.

While new housing construction was in a severe slump, maintenance and repair construction was buoyant. As one might expect, the inability to purchase a new house led many consumers to renovate their present dwellings. In addition, high oil prices and energy tax credits resulted in substantial investments in energy conservation measures. The output of maintenance and repair construction (almost two-thirds of which is for residences) rose 4.6 percent a year from 1979 to 1981, more than three times as fast as its long-term expansion rate of 1.5 percent. Employment dropped in 1982 as the industry succumbed to the general economic recession. A turnaround is projected, with the output of maintenance and repair construction projected to grow 2.2 percent a year through 1995.

Unlike new residential construction, nonresidential construction suffered a setback in the mid-1970's, and has already begun the recovery anticipated for homebuilding. A 2.1-percent growth rate is projected for nonresidential construction between 1982 and 1995. Growth of industrial

structures such as plants and utilities will exceed 5 percent a year, while commercial buildings and other structures will grow much more slowly.

Total employment in new and repair construction peaked at 5.9 million in 1979, but fell to 5.5 million in 1982. The job picture will brighten as the industry recovers, with employment projected to reach 7.9 million by 1995. Growth will be faster between 1982 and 1990, rising 3.0 percent a year, then taper to a 2.6-percent annual rate between 1990 and 1995.

Construction-related industries. Output and employment trends in many construction-related industries mirror the patterns just described. Logging, sawmills, planing mills, and other wood product industries, which are heavily dependent on residential construction, suffered sizable output and employment losses between 1979 and 1982. These industries as a group took a 20-percent job cutback over that period. As residential construction improves, jobs in wood products industries should reappear. Employment is projected to grow 2.0 percent a year from 1982 to 1990 and .6 percent a year during the 1990–95 period. Almost all the growth is projected to be in millwork and plywood shops. Employment in logging, sawmills, and planing mills, which had been declining slightly even before the recession, will hold about level.

Most other construction-related industries will also show recovery from 1982's depressed levels. Included in this group are stone and clay products, fabricated structural metal, electric lighting and wiring, household appliances, furniture, and mobile homes. Most of the rebound occurs by 1988 or 1989, after which growth tapers off.

Motor vehicles. Like home construction, the motor vehicle industry was hit especially hard by high inflation and interest rates. The value of domestic production was cut by one-fourth in 1980, followed by an additional 10-percent drop in 1982. Workers in the industry suffered massive layoffs—284,000 jobs were lost over the 3-year span, with employment falling to a level of 707,000 by 1982 from 991,000 in 1979.

Consumers are projected to increase demand for motor vehicles as interest rates fall. New car sales are expected to climb to more than 12 million vehicles per year by 1988, compared with just 8 million in 1982.

After the catchup from 1982's depressed sales levels, however, new car sales are projected to plateau because of long-term demographic shifts which have already begun. The large numbers of new car buyers who flooded showrooms in the 1970's to purchase their first cars are now in older age groups. This surge of first-time buyers will not be seen again, at least not for several decades.

Imported autos held steady throughout the recession at 2.3 million units, as the drop in purchases occurred solely among domestic models. Imports are projected to stabilize

at 3.6 million units, or 30 percent of all new car sales after 1989, as more foreign automakers open plants in the United States.

Flat demand after the recovery period, foreign competition, and new automated methods of production do not bode well for employment in the auto industry. Only 127,000 of the 284,000 jobs lost between 1979 and 1982 are projected to be recovered by 1990. After 1990, employment increases will be moderate through 1995. The projected 1995 level of 860,000 jobs for the motor vehicle industry falls short of the 1 million peak recorded in 1978.

High-tech industries. BLS has developed three definitions of high technology industries based on the utilization of workers in technology-oriented occupations and on expenditures for research and development. 4 In addition, some judgments were made to include or exclude industries based on the major product or activity of the industry. Whichever definition is used, employment in high technology industries is projected to increase faster than total employment between 1982 and 1995; however, the contribution of high-tech industries to total job growth will be relatively small. Under the broadest of the three definitions, high-tech industries account for 17 percent of all new jobs between 1982 and 1995; under the second definition, they account for 8 percent; while under the narrowest definition, they represent slightly more than 3 percent. These ratios are about in line with the industries' share of new jobs over the previous decade.

Projected employment growth rates vary widely among high-technology industries. Computer and data processing services and research and development laboratories, the only nonmanufacturing industries in the group, will show some

	Table 4.	Projected	employment	changes	for sele	ected
ı	industries	s, 1982–95				

Industry	Average :	annual rate	of change
Industry	1982–95	1982-90	1990-95
Fastest growing:			
Medical and dental instruments Business services Iron and ferroalloy ores mining Computers and peripheral equipment Radio and television broadcasting Other medical services Plastic products Scientific and controlling instruments Electronic components New construction	4.3 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.5 3.4 3.2	3.2 4.1 5.7 4.0 4.2 3.6 4.1 3.2 3.6 3.3	6.1 3.6 1.1 3.4 3.0 4.0 2.4 3.7 2.7 2.8
Most rapidly declining:			
Leather tanning and industrial leather Dairy products (processed) Wooden containers Leather products, including footwear Tobacco manufacturers Bakery products Railroad transportation Cotton Private households Dairy and poultry products (farm)	-3.3 -2.3 -2.3 -2.2 -2.1 -2.0 -1.6 -1.5 -1.5	-2.3 -2.1 -2.3 -2.4 -1.2 -1.0 -1.8 -1.5 -1.9	-4.9 -2.6 -2.2 -1.9 -3.4 -3.7 -1.2 -1.5 8 -1.3

NOTE: Data include wage and salary workers, the self-employed, and unpaid family workers.

Table 5. Actual and projected employment by industry, 1959-95

[In thousands]

	Actual Projected									
Industry	1959	1969	1979	1982		1990			1995	
	1505	1303		1302	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
griculture: Dairy and poultry products	1,551	813	463	429	378	384	387	344	360	36
Meat animals and livestock	979	756	544	524	474	473	475	439	445	45
Cotton	565 960	172 635	60 602	61 603	55 585	54 589	55 593	50 571	50 577	58
Food and feed grains Other agricultural products	1,436	1,119	1,192	1,198	1,138	1,151	1,162	1,096	1,118	1,14
ning:		20	0.4	10	05	0.5		05		,
Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	33 23	30 34	31 33	16 25	25 27	25 27	22 26	25 33	26 35	
Nonferrous metal ores mining, except copper	31	25	38	34	34	34	33	35	34	
Coal mining	201 200	138 157	261 212	242 311	299 275	286 291	275 282	310 332	317 338	3
Stone and clay mining and quarrying	105	99	104	90	85	87	92	72	77	
Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	19	18	25	24	31	31	31	35	35	
nstruction: New construction (including oil well drilling)	3,163 662	3,594 792	4,679 1,224	4,067 1,424	5,242 1,778	5,263 1,700	5,366	5,936	6,043	6,0
Maintenance and repair construction	002	792	1,224	1,424	1,770	1,700	1,685	1,861	1,882	1,9
nufacturing: nurable goods: Octobros	50	175	73	79	90	87	88	88	85	
Ordnance	94	107	81	105	130	130	127	149	140	1
Logging	143	138	150	126	130	131	133	124	128	1
Sawmills and planing mills	305 261	230 310	237 394	179 317	192 400	196 406	210 416	206 414	209 419	2
Wooden containers	43	36	19	15	12	12	13	10	11	
Household furniture	259 124	316 153	329 176	270 180	334 193	346 199	368 205	346 200	357 206	
Glass	153	188	202	173	198	201	205	211	212	1
Cement and concrete products	209 78	228	255 52	209	222 35	37	250	215	240	2
Structural clay products	49	45	52	40	44	45	39 46	29 46	30 49	
Other stone and clay products	125 588	140 644	165 571	132 394	156 420	164 435	173 430	175 433	182 447	
Iron and steel foundries and forgings	269	312	324	221	247	255	258	264	270	-
Primary copper and copper products	137	160	161	135	157	160	164	166	170	
Primary aluminum and aluminum products	111 78	153 93	170 93	140 80	167 83	174 84	175 86	168 83	178 85	
Metal containers	75	87	80	64	67	69	70	61	62	
Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	71	76	76	61	72	73	80	77	78	
Fabricated structural metal products	344 88	440 114	535 117	461 92	537 112	572 115	598 117	563 118	619 121	. (
Metal stampings	189 135	255 165	245 185	187 143	234 177	249 184	253 188	236 198	252	2
Other fabricated metal products	231	315	376	331	388	414	413	399	200 430	
Engines, turbines, and generators	90	112	145	113	151	152	152	165	167	
Farm machinery	128 162	141 202	184 276	139 254	164 315	170 321	173 325	167 343	172 357	
Material handling equipment Metalworking machinery	65 251	95 347	106 379	87 319	110 371	113	120 393	123 373	125 400	
Special industry machinery	164	206	205	176	206	207	211	210	213	
General industrial machinery	221	291	329	288	336	342	343	350	356	;
Other nonelectrical machinery	166 111	246 224	313 339	292 428	323 586	331 586	341 593	339 665	345 694	
Typewriters and other office equipment	28	52	59	47	55	60	64	67	69	
Service industry machines	97 157	147 207	188 221	159 215	190 235	199 245	211 246	208 246	214	
Electrical industrial apparatus	176	223	251	206	255	261	275	284	256 288	
Household appliances	157 134	187 205	178 225	142 187	175 229	183 239	193 246	185 251	188 253	1
Radio and television receiving sets	114	156	116	93	95	106	110	106	113	
Telephone and telegraph apparatus	105 252	146 409	165 357	148 424	177 452	185 433	199 440	208 532	209 460	
Electronic components	213	394	525	561	725	745	793	862	850	
Other electrical machinery and equipment	111 696	125 912	176 991	153 707	162 794	170	180	192	194	
Aircraft	722	805	632	629	716	834 680	828 664	847 761	860 709	
Ship and boat building and repair	151	193	230	223	260	254	248	277	270	
Railroad equipment	41 9	51 14	74 20	37 14	45 17	47 18	47 19	47 19	50 20	
Other transportation equipment	23 166	89 195	103 215	74 226	87 294	96 292	108	104	109	
Medical and dental instruments	45	82	144	158	205	292	292 210	345 270	349 272	
Optical and ophthalmic equipment	85	75	81	77	83	86	89	88	92	
Photographic equipment and supplies	69 30	111 35	134 28	140 18	167 22	169 22	173 23	175 23	177	
Jewelry and silverware	67	78	92	76	75	82	88	96	21 98	
Musical instruments and sporting goods	116	149	145	130	134	140	144	143	146	

Table 5.Continued — Actual and projected employment by industry, 1959-95

[In thousands]

[In thousands]		Act	ual		,		Proje	cted		
Industry	1959	1969	1979	1982		1990			1995	
					Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
Other manufactured products	229	233	245	218	210	214	224	216	218	238
Nondurable goods: Meat products Dairy products Canned and frozen foods Grain mill products Bakery products Sugar Confectionery products Alcoholic beverages Soft drinks and flavorings Other food products	324 326 249 139 313 38 79 107 111	344 260 291 137 286 36 87 97 142	363 189 316 147 238 31 80 86 153 160	352 171 293 135 227 29 73 87 145	359 137 331 143 203 30 77 83 164 171	357 ,144 335 145 210 30 78 86 168 171	359 156 341 145 209 31 80 85 169 168	368 119 336 140 164 27 69 76 159	372 127 341 144 174 28 71 80 167 182	380 131 353 147 177 30 76 83 171 182
Tobacco manufacturing Fabric, yarn, and thread mills Floor covering mills Other textile mill products Hosiery and knit goods Apparel Other fabricated textile products Paper products Paperboard Newspaper printing and publishing	95 619 39 74 221 1,100 143 415 175 328	83 616 58 82 251 1,244 182 483 231 376	70 531 61 71 227 1,125 198 494 214 432	68 442 49 60 205 1,009 171 475 189 445	61 448 52 69 207 1,056 220 513 190 492	62 461 56 72 218 1,074 223 516 201 494	64 457 63 75 218 1,061 228 524 209 491	50 471 57 65 224 1,117 234 526 179 517	52 474 58 67 236 1,125 238 533 192 535	58 482 62 74 240 1,093 243 551 208 543
Periodical and book printing and publishing Other printing and publishing Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals Agricultural chemicals Other chemical products Plastic materials and synthetic rubber Synthetic fibers Drugs Cleaning and toilet preparations Paints and allied products	156 446 260 54 82 81 79 106 89 62	210 550 296 65 124 108 132 143 123 72	230 640 328 70 99 100 112 193 140 69	248 668 329 65 95 89 97 199 147 62	296 733 362 81 107 110 110 253 166 68	298 758 358 84 111 114 116 254 168 71	304 751 353 84 121 119 124 252 166 72	330 745 371 82 116 113 121 276 167 65	338 789 379 88 120 116 124 281 176 70	344 803 381 93 121 124 134 284 178 73
Petroleum refining and related products Tires and inner tubes Rubber products except tires and tubes Plastic products Leather tanning and industrial leather Leather products including footwear	217 105 178 94 36 341	182 119 162 320 29 316	210 127 167 494 20 232	202 105 140 460 19 206	185 100 147 565 15	183 102 151 636 16	182 104 157 653 16 172	179 101 146 654 11 147	182 104 150 716 12 154	183 108 159 741 14
Transportation: Railroad transportation Local transit and intercity buses Truck transportation Water transportation Air transportation Pipeline transportation Transportation services	930 311 1.001 239 184 24 70	651 315 1,214 234 357 18	559 303 1,555 222 443 20 198	433 314 1,454 206 450 22 224	353 345 1,720 197 522 22 261	373 341 1,701 210 532 24 269	429 345 1,702 214 528 25 250	327 350 1,750 204 561 24 295	351 361 1,774 214 568 24 302	377 385 1,793 216 573 27 302
Communications: Radio and television broadcasting Communications except radio and television	90 749	131 919	191 1,121	221 1,199	301 1,384	308 1,379	292 1,434	355 1,543	357 1,593	359 1,603
Public utilities: Electric utilities, public and private Gas utilities, excluding public Water and sanitary services, except public	430 215 61	460 220 88	608 220 94	684 230 106	686 220 140	712 218 133	714 219 135	730 205 144	740 207 147	746 211 154
Trade: Wholesale trade Eating and drinking places Retail trade, except eating and drinking places	3,349 1,960 7,936	4,163 2,812 9,729	5,507 4,864 11,981	5,585 5,159 11,792	6,162 5,908 13,815	6,298 5,951 14,106	6,387 5,959 14,303	6,622 6,669 14,473	6,734 6,742 15,070	6,745 6,772 15,342
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banking Credit agencies and financial brokers Insurance Real estate	644 389 1,137 753	987 652 1,370 855	1,498 901 1,750 1,374	1,655 1,038 1,870 1,336	1,954 1,313 2,187 1,567	1,954 1,350 2,169 1,640	1,968 1,364 2,168 1,168	2,098 1,507 2,237 1,764	2,120 1,518 2,272 1,774	2,146 1,549 2,307 1,787
Services: Hotels and lodging places Personal and repair services Barber and beauty shops Miscellaneous business services Advertising Miscellaneous professional services Automobile repair Motion pictures Amusements and recreation services Doctors' and dentists' services Hospitals Medical services, except hospitals	868 1,157 538 814 121 746 422 228 372 605 974 303	1,065 1,232 634 1,691 134 1,046 569 248 497 806 1,776 672	1,549 1,239 632 3,178 165 1,814 839 311 769 1,351 2,614 1,431	1,693 1,305 624 3,743 186 2,147 910 310 870 1,503 3,016 1,664	1,914 1,466 652 4,951 213 2,573 965 325 1,035 1,876 3,895 2,089	1,915 1,519 660 5,172 218 2,640 1,029 315 1,059 1,897 3,963 2,208	1,891 1,621 685 5,331 2,620 1,101 316 1,082 2,036 3,889 2,279	2,004 1,547 707 6,148 228 2,916 1,113 323 1,173 1,971 4,471 2,649	2,010 1,592 733 6,183 234 3,004 1,141 326 1,193 2,005 4,477 2,688	2,034 1,734 760 6,229 238 3,099 1,186 337 1,248 2,095 4,665 2,744

	Actual				Projected						
Industry	4050			4000	1990			1995			
	1959 1969	1979	1982	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High		
Educational services (private) Nonprofit organizations Private households Forestry and fishery products Agricultural, forestry, and fishery services	839 1,331 2,574 60 285	1,229 1,764 2,322 55 329	1,721 2,073 1,723 83 489	1,882 2,095 1,635 84 585	2,447 2,387 1,443 73 640	2,157 2,406 1,400 79 623	2,001 2,449 1,392 89 613	2,311 2,455 1,295 96 704	2,396 2,505 1,346 92 711	2,411 2,606 1,368 99 716	
Government enterprises: Post office Other federal enterprises Local government passenger transit Other state and local government enterprises	574 104 71 225	732 152 87 351	661 155 130 541	662 150 173 496	629 182 207 610	597 178 209 623	595 182 215 649	537 182 228 700	581 189 233 723	59 19 25 78	

of the highest annual rates of increase, 5.2 percent and 3.9 percent respectively. Other rapid gainers are medical and dental instruments (4.2 percent), office and computing machines (3.7 percent), electronic components (3.2 percent), and engines and turbines (3.1 percent). On the other hand, the chemical industries as a group and petroleum refining are projected to have much lower growth rates because of oil price effects. In fact, employment in petroleum refining is projected to decline 1.6 percent a year.

Computers. Demand for computers and related equipment such as data storage devices, printers, calculators, and similar items is projected to continue to boom through the 1990's. Computer process control and computer-assisted design and manufacture will be widespread. Purchases of computer equipment will represent about one-fifth of all capital expenditures by businesses, by far their largest item of durable equipment spending. Investment, export, and government demand for computers will soon be supplemented by personal consumption expenditures. Foreign competition, although projected to rise, is not expected to significantly hamper the expansion of domestic output. Imports will continue to represent about 7 percent of total output. The value of domestic production of computers and peripheral equipment is projected to post a 6.9-percent yearly growth rate, ranking it among the top five output gainers.

Employment in computer manufacturing is projected to grow 3.8 percent a year. Productivity gains have typically been very rapid in this industry, and this will continue.

Electronic components. Electronic components are expected to become an even more integral part of consumer and capital goods than they are now. Domestic production will expand by 7.6 percent a year between 1982 and 1995. Imports are projected to grow at about the same rate, keeping the import share of total output of electronic components at about 14 percent. Employment is projected to rise from 561,000 in 1982 to 850,000 by 1995, a 3.2-percent yearly gain.

Communication equipment. Demand for communication equipment such as radios, televisions, telephone apparatus, radar, laser systems, satellites, and similar items will almost double between 1982 and 1995. New telecommunications services required by businesses and consumers will be augmented by increasing defense expenditures, at least in the earlier years. Imports are not expected to make additional inroads into the market but rather are projected to hold a smaller share of total output by 1995.

Employment, on the other hand, will not rise as rapidly as output. Productivity gains have typically been rapid in the manufacture of communications equipment, and this trend will hold. Employment in radio and television set production, which had suffered because of import competition and slack demand for all consumer durables during the recession, is projected to rebound and grow 1.5 percent a year between 1982 and 1995. The 1995 level, however, will still fall far short of the previous peak. Jobs in telephone apparatus manufacturing are projected to grow 2.7 percent a year, while in radio and other communications equipment, productivity advances will limit job gains to .6 percent a year.

Aerospace. Defense demand is also expected to boost production in the aircraft and guided missiles and space vehicles industries. Most of this growth will occur by the mid-1980's, after which real defense expenditures are projected to moderate sharply. Commercial aircraft manufacturers are expected to meet serious competition from foreign producers, both in their domestic and overseas markets. Output of the aircraft industry is projected to expand 1.8 percent a year during 1982–95, while employment grows at a .9 percent rate.

Machinery. Other nonelectrical machinery (besides computers, typewriters, and other office equipment) is projected to experience a strong rebound in demand as businesses begin to invest in new capital equipment. The sector is projected to enjoy a 4.3-percent average rate of output growth

between 1982 and 1995 (4.8 percent in the early years). Growth of domestic production occurs despite substantial import gains, because projected demand is so strong. Imports are expected to account for larger shares of most nonelectrical machinery industries than they do now, but for no industry will the share top 15 percent.

Leading the gains in domestic output will be engines and turbines and construction, mining, and oilfield machinery. Output of engines and turbines grows rapidly because of expected strong export demand, while the projected rebound in construction spurs demand for construction machinery. The metalworking machinery industry, which produces industrial robots, is projected to expand production by 3.5 percent a year through 1995, compared with declines or marginal growth since the mid-1960's.

Employment in nonelectrical machinery industries is projected to recover from 1982's cutbacks and resume long-term trends. Productivity gains are expected to be more rapid than for the durable goods sector as a whole, but because output also grows faster, there are opportunities for employment recovery. Most nonelectrical machinery industries will record new employment peaks by 1995.

Steel and other primary metals. Because of the strong growth projected for new construction, autos, nonelectrical machinery, and other industrial apparatus, the primary metals industries are expected to expand production over the next several years following the 1980–82 recession. However, recovery is not expected to be complete. Competition from foreign suppliers as well as continued substitution of alternative materials, such as plastics or ceramics, will limit the markets for domestic primary metals producers.

In the steel industry, which once employed 726,000 workers, output dropped by half over the late 1970's and early 1980's, and employment declined to 394,000 by 1982. Many steel mills were closed during the 1975–82 period. Recovery is expected, but neither production nor employment are projected to reach prerecession levels by 1995. Further, the gains in employment are projected to be less rapid than the gains in output, as it is assumed that production can only expand if new technologies such as continuous casting, the direct reduction of iron ore, and the electric arc furnace are used. Minimills which can specialize and use the latest technologies will become more important. Employment in the steel industry is projected to reach 447,000 by 1995.

Two primary metals, copper and aluminum manufacturing, have a better outlook than iron and steel. Demand for copper will be boosted by the rebound in residential construction, while aluminum will enjoy growth as a substitute for steel.

Nondurable goods. Nondurable manufactured goods are projected to experience modest growth over the next decade and a half. Food products industries can expect a 1.9-percent annual rate of increase in output, but little change in total

employment from the 1982 level. Some food industries (dairy products, bakery products, sugar, confectionery products, and alcoholic beverages) will actually lose jobs, while others (canned and frozen foods, soft drinks, meat products, grain mill products, and other miscellaneous food items) are projected to post slight job gains.

Clothing purchases are projected to grow 2.6 percent a year between 1982 and 1995, but the share accounted for by imports will almost double, from 11 percent in 1977 to almost 22 percent by 1995. This shift in the site of production will limit employment gains in the industry. Jobs are projected to increase from 1.0 million in 1982 to only 1.1 million in 1995.

Some nondurable sectors are expected to enjoy considerable output growth, such as drugs, chemicals, synthetic fibers, and plastics. Output in each of these industries is projected to grow by more than 4 percent a year. Employment growth in these sectors shows a wider range because of differing projections of productivity—jobs grow by 3.5 percent a year in plastic products (the seventh fastest of all industries studied), but only by 1.4 percent in chemicals.

Miscellaneous services—most new jobs

The miscellaneous service sector will provide the most new job opportunities over the next decade and a half, with about twice as many new jobs as manufacturing. These jobs will be spread among various service industries, from medical care to business and professional services to amusements and recreation. In sum, miscellaneous or "other service" industries will account for more than 31 million jobs in 1995, almost one-fourth of total employment.

Service industries are least affected by cyclical movements, and the recent recession was no exception. While declines in employment were reported for almost every other sector, jobs in the other services sector expanded 3.7 percent a year throughout the 1979–82 recessionary period. Of course, job growth might have been even stronger without the economic downturn, but almost 2.4 million jobs were added in these service industries during the period in which other sectors experienced layoffs.

Business services. The largest industry in the "other service" category, miscellaneous business services, will have the most new jobs between 1982 and 1995. Employment is projected to grow from 3.7 million in 1982 to 6.2 million in 1995. A wide variety of services are included in this sector, such as personnel supply, business consultants (providing management services or public relations advice), janitorial and protective services, and computer and data processing services. All are expected to show rapid growth. Total output for the industry is projected to grow 5.3 percent a year and employment, 3.9 percent. These rates, although among the highest of all industries studied, are still lower than the historical growth rates for the industry. Since 1958, output growth in business services has averaged 9.4 percent

a year and employment, 7.0 percent. The slowdown is projected to occur as the industry matures and the shift from in-house services to contracting-out by businesses reaches a saturation point.

Professional services. A related industry, miscellaneous professional services, is expected to follow the same trends. More than 850,000 jobs will be added to the sector between 1982 and 1995, but the rate of growth of both output and employment is projected to be smaller than the historical rates. This industry provides legal, engineering, architectural, accounting, and other professional services to businesses. Employment is projected to top 3 million in 1995.

Medical care. A very significant sector in terms of both number of jobs and rate of expansion has been the health field. Jobs in doctors' and dentists' offices more than doubled during the 1960's and 1970's, rising 4.2 percent a year to 1.5 million in 1982. Hospital employment tripled, growing 5.1 percent a year between 1958 and 1982 to 3 million jobs. The other medical services industry had the most rapid growth—jobs in nursing homes and personal care facilities, outpatient clinics run by health maintenance organizations or group health associations, and drug or alcohol rehabilitation centers, increased more than five times, with employment reaching 1.7 million in 1982.

Growth in health care employment was the result of many factors, chief among them the more widespread coverage of private medical insurance and the introduction of government health benefits programs such as medicare and medicaid. The projections assume no change in current law—that government funding will be maintained at its present level, except for changes stemming from inflation.

Inflation in medical care costs poses the greatest uncertainty in the projections of medical services output and employment. While the overall consumer price index has tripled since 1965, the index for medical care services has quadrupled. Despite these sharply increased costs, demand is projected to be even stronger in the projection period, as the population ages and as new, expensive technologies are used in life-saving treatments.

Because of higher costs and the assumption of no new government programs, it is expected that output and employment in medical care services will slow from historical rates. Doctors' and dentists' office jobs are projected to grow 2.2 percent a year over the 13 years through 1995, or an increase of 500,000. By comparison, over the previous 13-year period (1969–82), 700,000 jobs were added in medical offices. Hospital employment is projected to grow 3.1 percent a year, from 3 million in 1982 to 4.5 million in 1995. Jobs in other medical services will expand by 3.8 percent a year to almost 2.7 million in 1995. Overall, the 3 million new health care jobs projected to be added between 1982 and 1995 represent almost 12 percent of the total number of new jobs.

Growth slows in trade, government

Employment in wholesale and retail trade is projected to grow along with the rest of the economy, increasing from 22.5 million in 1982 to 28.5 million in 1995. Because total employment growth is slowing down, the rate of job growth in trade is also slower than it has been historically. Retail trade employment is projected to grow 2.0 percent a year, compared with 2.4 percent between 1958 and 1982; jobs in wholesale trade are projected to expand 1.4 percent annually, compared with 2.5 percent in the past.

The largest number of new job openings, about 1.6 million, will be in eating and drinking establishments. Other retail firms posting large gains will be department stores, grocery stores, new car dealers, miscellaneous shopping goods stores (such as jewelry, books, cameras, and sporting goods), and drug and proprietary stores. Retail shops projected to actually lose jobs include mobile home dealers, variety stores, general merchandise stores, candy stores, dairy products stores, women's accessory stores (such as millinery shops), children's wear stores, and fur shops.

In wholesale trade, the largest employment increases will be found in establishments selling machinery and equipment, motor vehicles, miscellaneous nondurable goods, and electrical goods.

Government. Employment in government is projected to grow more slowly than private sector jobs, as has been true since 1975, but the opposite of the expansionary 1950's and 1960's. The state and local sector represents most of the slowdown, as only 1.2 million new jobs will be added over the next 13 years, compared with 3.6 million during the preceding 13-year period.

Although job growth is slower than in the 1960's, it still represents a reversal from the actual declines of the late 1970's. In addition to tight budgets during the recession, declining school enrollments caused many state and local governments to reduce hiring. Beginning in 1984, however, enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools is projected to turn up again as the children of the baby-boom generation advance through school, leading to a slight upturn in employment.

Banking and transportation and utilities

The output of financial and banking services is projected to show very large gains over the next decade and a half with the introduction of new consumer services such as automatic funds transfers and the more widespread use of investment counseling. The output of the banking industry and of credit agencies and financial brokers is projected to grow by 4.1 percent a year.

Employment growth, on the other hand, will be very modest. Automatic teller machines and computerized banking and stock transactions will limit job gains to 1.9 percent a year. By comparison, employment in banking grew 4.4

percent through the 1960's and 1970's, as the expanding use of checking accounts created the need for large numbers of new hires for check processing. That impetus will not be repeated, however, as checking account use is now commonplace, and as automatic transfers replace manual check processing.

The transportation, communications, and public utilities sector is not projected to contribute significantly to overall job growth, only adding slightly more than 1 million extra workers. However, output of this sector is projected to lead all other sectors in growth, reflecting the strong demand for new telecommunications services, as well as the divestiture of the telephone company. Output of the communications sector, which includes radio and television broadcasting in addition to telephone and telegraph communications, is projected to expand by 5.9 percent a year, compared with 2.9 percent for the economy as a whole.

Low and high alternative projections

Different industry employment levels in the low and high alternatives are primarily the result of two factors—(1) the unemployment rate and the size of the labor force are different in each case than in the moderate growth projection, leading to different levels of total employment, and (2) the distribution of final demand is markedly different, causing output and, therefore, employment at the industry level to vary significantly from the base case. (See table 6.)

In the low-growth alternative, a smaller labor force and more unemployment results in 2.3 million fewer jobs. Although total employment is only about 2 percent lower, at the industry level the difference between the base case and the low trend alternative ranges over a much broader band. For some industries, employment is almost 10 percent lower, while in others, it is actually higher than in the base case. This span results from the sharp differences in final demand and in projections of productivity.

A disproportionate share of the job difference occurs in durable manufacturing industries because interest rates are higher than in the base case. Only manufacturing industries dependent on defense demand do not show this drop; defense expenditures, as well as other federal government purchases, are actually higher in the low-growth scenario than in the base case because it is assumed that the federal government increases spending to try to stimulate the sluggish economy. Examples of defense demand boosting output and employment to higher levels than in the base projection are in ordnance, guided missiles, radio and communication equipment, electronic components, aircraft, and shipbuilding industries.

Table 6. Gross national product, moderate growth path and high and low alternatives

[In billions of 1972 dollars]

Component	1982		1995		Pero differ from m	ence
		Low	Moderate	High	Low	High
Gross national product	\$1,485.4	\$2,148.7	\$2,166.9	\$2,284.6	-0.8	5.4
Personal consumption Durables	139.8	223.8 449.4	240.4 468.0	1,504.6 279.8 485.4 739.4	-6.9 -4.0	3.7
Gross private investment Equipment Structures Residential Inventory change	53.4	159.6 44.6 69.6	177.2 70.1 78.1	204.6	-36.4 -10.9	15.5 10.7
Net exports	147.3	267.9	260.0	23.0 264.0 241.0	3.0	1.5
Government . Federal	291.8 116.6 78.8 37.8 175.2	157.0 113.2 43.8	139.2 98.9 40.3	348.4 145.9 103.9 41.9 202.5	12.8 14.5 8.7	5.1

SOURCE: 1982 data are from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

In addition, lower income growth results in much lower imports, leading to instances where domestic production of import-sensitive industries is higher in the low-growth alternative than in the base case. This occurs in forestry and fishery products, nonferrous metal ores mining, chemical and fertilizer mining, and watches and clocks.

In the high-growth alternative, many of these assumptions are reversed. Total employment in 1995 is 2.7 million higher than in the moderate case, based on a larger labor force and less unemployment. Like the low-growth alternative, although total employment varies from the base case by about 2 percent, jobs at the industry level have a much broader range, in some instances topping the base case by as much as 13 percent.

Monetary policy is assumed to be less restrictive in the high-growth alternative, resulting in a higher rate of inflation. Inflation, however, contributes to making imports more attractive, and the rise in imports more than offsets increased domestic demand in several industries. Because of imports, domestic production in the high alternative is lower than in the base case for iron mining, crude petroleum, sugar, confectionery products, apparel, leather tanning, leather products, and steel. Employment is also correspondingly lower; however, for sugar and confectionery products, lower productivity keeps employment levels higher than in the base case.

¹ See the following articles in this issue: Howard N Fullerton, Jr. and John H. Tschetter, "The 1995 labor force: a second look", pp. 1-8; Arthur J. Andreassen, Norman C. Saunders, and Betty U. Su, "The economic outlook for the 1990's: three scenarios for economic growth"; pp. 9-21; and George Silvestri, John M. Lukasiewicz, and Marcus E. Einstein, "Occupational employment projections through 1995", pp. 35-47.

- ²See Andreassen and others, "The economic outlook for the 1990's" for specific assumptions.
 - ³ See Fullerton and Tschetter, "The 1995 labor force".
- ⁴See Richard Riche. Daniel Hecker, and John Burgan, "High technology today and tomorrow; a small slice of the employment pie," *Monthly Labor Review*, November 1983, pp. 50—58.

Occupational employment projections through 1995

During 1982–95, health care will continue to be an expanding field of work, typists are apt to decline due to word processors, and high technology should spur the growth of occupations such as engineers and computer personnel but dim the outlook for others, especially drafters

GEORGE T. SILVESTRI, JOHN M. LUKASIEWICZ, AND MARCUS E. EINSTEIN

The most recent occupational projections by the Bureau of Labor Statistics suggest that a wide range of job skills will be needed in 1995. Employment in jobs requiring a college education or specialized post-secondary technical training are expected to increase significantly between 1982 and 1995. However, many jobs that do not require post-secondary training are also expected to expand significantly. For example, the projected rapid increase in demand for medical services will require large numbers of nursing aides and orderlies in addition to highly trained medical practitioners.

On the other hand, employment growth in many occupations will be affected by technological change through the mid-1990's. For example, word processing equipment will slow the employment growth of typists, and industrial robots will reduce the growth in employment of welders, production painters, and material moving occupations. However, despite widespread technological advances, employment will continue to advance in most traditional fields from 1982 to 1995. More workers will be needed to drive trucks to deliver goods, to clean a growing number of buildings, to perform health and personal services and provide police and fire

protection for our increasing population, and to maintain and repair a larger stock of automobiles, appliances, and factory equipment.

Rapid expansion of high technology will spur the growth of scientists, engineers, technicians, and computer specialists. They will be required to design, develop, and use high-technology products such as computers, scientific and medical instruments, communication equipment, and robots. Employment in these occupations has generally grown faster than the economy as a whole and most are expected to continue to do so. However, even in some of these fields, technological advances will have an impact on reducing employment needs. For example, advances in computer-aided design technology are expected to severely limit the employment growth of drafters.

The pattern of industrial employment growth also has an important impact on expected changes in occupational structure, because many occupations are concentrated by industry. Therefore, the information on occupational growth patterns presented in this article cannot be fully understood apart from the data and analyses dealing with economic and industry growth trends presented elsewhere in this issue of the *Review*. Indeed, the methodologies used to develop both the industry and occupational projections are very closely related. ¹

The authors are economists in the Division of Occupational Outlook, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 1. Civilian employment in occupations				thousands)		979, 13	ez, and		change	90	
Decumption		10101 01117	Cymon (m	1995			1979-95		onungo	1982-95	
Occupation	1979	1982	Lew trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Engineers Aero-astronautic engineers Chemical engineers Civil engineers Electrical engineers Industrial engineers Mechanical engineers Petroleum engineers	101,206 15,758 1,177 44 58 156 300 171 216	101,510 16,584 1,204 44 56 155 320 160 209 26	124,846 21,545 1,787 65 79 226 531 226 314 31	127,110 21,775 1,788 62 80 228 528 227 318 32	129,902 22,325 1,831 62 82 236 540 232 327 30	23 37 52 47 37 45 77 32 45 95	26 38 52 39 40 46 76 32 47 98	28 42 56 41 43 51 80 36 51 89	23 30 48 49 41 45 66 41 50	25 31 49 41 43 47 65 42 52	28 35 52 42 47 52 69 45 56
Life and physical scientists Biological scientists Chemists Geologists Mathematical specialists Engineering and science technicians Civil engineering technicians Drafters Electrical and electronic technicians Industrial engineering technicians Mechanical engineering technicians Surveyors	247 47 87 38 48 1,227 32 307 350 33 47 55	271 52 89 49 48 1,243 35 302 366 27 48 44	343 71 107 60 63 1,649 56 309 585 36 72 61	342 70 108 60 62 1,661 58 318 589 35 72 62	348 73 111 59 63 1,705 60 327 602 37 74 64	39 50 22 60 31 34 77 1 67 9 54	38 48 24 60 29 35 82 3 68 7 55	41 53 27 57 32 39 88 7 72 11 58	27 38 21 24 31 33 59 2 60 31 51	26 36 22 24 29 34 64 5 61 29 52	29 41 25 21 32 37 69 8 64 33 55 47
Medical workers, except technicians Chiropractors Dentists Dietitians Nurses, registered Optometrists Pharmacists Physicians Therapists Respiratory therapists Occupational therapists Physical therapists Speech pathologists and audiologists Veterinarians	2,231 22 161 41 1,165 32 143 436 186 42 22 37 40 34	2,463 25 173 44 1,312 28 151 479 202 46 25 43 42 36	3,471 33 213 61 1,943 35 188 640 291 67 40 68 53 48	3,491 32 213 62 1,954 192 642 294 67 40 69 54	3,600 32 218 64 2,022 35 196 663 302 70 41 70 55 48	56 46 32 48 67 9 31 47 56 61 85 84 31	56 45 33 50 68 8 34 47 58 62 86 85 33 41	61 45 36 55 74 9 37 52 62 68 92 89 36 43	41 28 23 38 48 26 24 34 44 44 55 57 27	42 27 24 40 49 25 27 34 45 45 60 58 29 30	46 27 27 44 54 26 30 38 50 64 62 32 32
Health technologists and technicians Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians Medical laboratory technicians Medical laboratory technologists Dental hygienists Physical therapy assistants Radiologic technologists Radiologic technologists Radiologic technologists and nuclear medicine	574 195 60 92 58 27 97	627 209 57 103 69 33 110	891 291 70 150 97 55 156	898 292 71 150 99 55 157	932 303 73 156 104 56 164	55 49 16 63 69 103 61	57 50 18 64 72 104 63	62 55 22 70 81 109 69	42 39 22 46 40 67 42	43 40 23 46 43 68 43	49 45 28 52 50 72 49
technicians X-ray technicians Surgical technicians	32 65 31	36 74 35	50 106 48	50 107 49	52 111 51	60 62 58	60 64 58	66 70 65	40 43 39	39 45 40	45 51 45
Technicians, excluding health, science, and engineering Airplane pilots Library technicians Computer specialists Programmers Systems analysts Social scientists Economists Psychologists	338 78 28 447 231 216 175 29 69	364 80 29 521 266 254 206 30 83	451 102 32 935 465 469 267 39 109	453 103 32 943 471 471 267 38 110	465 104 33 960 480 480 273 39 112	33 31 15 109 101 118 52 35 59	34 32 16 111 104 119 52 32 60	38 34 19 115 107 123 56 36 63	24 28 9 79 75 85 30 29 32	24 29 10 81 77 85 30 27	28 31 13 84 80 89 33 30 36
Teachers Adult education teachers College and university faculty Dance instructors Graduate assistants Preschool, kindergarten, elementary schoolteachers Preschool teachers Kindergarten and elementary schoolteachers Secondary schoolteachers Vocational education teachers	3,967 107 686 23 138 1,668 285 1,383 1,083 99	3,980 125 744 27 140 1,647 281 1,366 1,024 98	4,612 164 619 35 122 2,226 387 1,839 1,128 139	4,706 165 632 35 124 2,274 397 1,877 1,152 143	4,806 170 646 36 127 2,322 404 1,918 1,177 146	16 53 - 10 51 - 12 33 36 33 4	19 54 -8 52 -10 36 39 36 6	21 58 -6 57 -8 39 42 39 9	16 31 -17 31 -13 35 38 35 10 42	18 32 -15 32 -11 38 41 37 13 46	21 36 -13 36 -9 41 44 40 15 49
Selected writers, artists, and entertainers Actors Commercial and graphic artists and designers Designers Musicians Painters, artistic Photographers Public relations specialists Radio and TV announcers and newscasters Announcers Reporters and correspondents Sports instructors Writers and editors	251 (1) 119 166 134 21 86 85 48 40 49 (1)	301 34 133 180 124 25 86 90 55 46 51 53 120	398 48 166 247 153 29 101 14 70 58 64 63 160	406 49 167 253 155 29 102 115 70 58 66 64 162	417 52 169 258 160 29 104 118 70 58 67 66 165	58 (1) 40 49 15 43 18 35 46 44 30 (1) 40	62 (1) 41 52 16 42 18 36 47 45 34 (1)	66 (1) 42 55 19 42 21 39 48 46 36 (1) 45	32 40 25 38 23 17 18 27 27 25 26 20 34	35 43 26 41 25 16 18 29 28 26 29 21 35	38 51 27 44 28 16 21 32 29 27 31 25 38

	1	Total empl	oyment (ir	thousands)				Percent	change		
Occupation	1070	1000		1995			1979-95			1982-95	
	1979	1982	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend
Other professional and technical workers Accountants and auditors Architects Assessors Buyers, retail and wholesale trade Clergy Cost estimators	4,389 830 75 29 251 (1) 94	4,636 856 84 28 256 317 92	5,778 1,181 116 30 321 327 131	5,850 1,200 118 31 331 332 134	5,999 1,229 121 32 336 344 137	32 42 55 3 28 (1) 39	33 44 57 4 32 (1) 42	37 48 61 7 34 (1) 46	25 38 38 9 26 3 41	26 40 40 11 30 5 45	29 44 43 14 31 8 48
Counselors	140 36 59	148 43 57	159 44 85	163 45 86	167 46 87	13 22 44	16 24 45	19 28 47	7 3 51	10 5 52	12 9 55
Foresters and conservationists Law clerks Lawyers Legal assistants Librarians Personnel and labor relations specialists Purchasing agents and buyers Group recreation workers	29 35 393 34 147 187 178 122	31 40 465 45 151 203 177 122	35 55 618 85 167 249 225 148	34 56 624 88 170 250 225 150	36 59 638 91 174 257 232 154	20 60 57 150 13 33 26 20	15 63 59 158 15 34 26 22	21 70 62 168 18 38 30 26	14 37 33 88 11 23 27 21	9 39 34 94 13 23 27 23	15 45 37 102 15 27 31
Social workers Caseworkers Community organization workers Special agents, insurance Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents Tax preparers Underwriters	328 275 53 23 48 28 73	345 292 52 31 47 32 76	409 348 61 44 54 45 90	416 353 63 44 52 46 92	428 364 65 45 54 49 93	25 26 15 90 13 60 24	27 28 18 92 8 65 26	30 32 22 95 13 75 28	19 19 17 43 16 38 19	21 20 45 10 43 21	24 24 24 48 16 52 23
anagers, officials, and proprietors Auto parts department managers Auto service department managers Auto service department managers Construction inspectors, public administration Health and regulatory inspectors Postmasters and mail superintendents Railroad conductors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales managers, retail trade Assistant principals Principals Store managers Wholesalers	9,152 48 60 41 103 28 35 528 271 37 81 938 241	9,532 44 39 101 28 27 574 271 38 82 971 247	12,008 61 76 46 111 23 17 706 352 44 93 1,218 298	12,212 63 78 46 108 24 18 711 362 45 95 1,262	12,467 64 80 47 113 25 20 715 365 46 97 1,285 303	31 27 27 12 8 - 20 - 50 34 30 18 15 30 23	33 31 31 12 5 - 14 - 47 35 34 21 17 35 25	36 34 34 15 10 - 12 - 43 35 35 23 20 37 26	26 37 39 17 9 - 20 - 36 23 30 15 14 26 20	28 42 44 17 7 -14 -32 24 33 18 16 30 22	31 45 47 21 11 - 12 - 27 25 35 20 19 32 23
alesworkers Real estate agents and brokers Real estate brokers Sales agents, sales representatives, real estate Real estate appraisers Sales agents and brokers, insurance Sales representatives, nontechnical Sales representatives, technical Salesclerks Security salesworkers Travel agents	6,780 332 39 293 31 316 573 1,329 2,867 60 50	6,967 337 42 296 32 361 583 1,320 2,916 78 62	8,535 449 53 396 47 724 1,652 3,472 106 86	8,771 450 53 396 47 452 743 1,707 3,601 107 88	8,911 453 53 400 48 458 749 1,730 3,670 109 88	26 35 37 35 53 42 26 24 21 77	29 36 37 35 54 43 30 28 26 78 78	31 37 38 37 56 45 31 30 28 81 78	23 33 28 34 48 24 24 25 19 36 40	26 33 28 34 49 25 27 29 23 36 43	28 34 29 35 51 27 28 31 26 39
erical workers Adjustment clerks Bank tellers New accounts tellers Tellers Bookkeepers and accounting clerks Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers	18,497 38 466 51 415 1,717 722 996 1,518	19.049 36 539 67 471 1,713 756 957 1,570	23,533 48 686 79 607 1,943 861 1,081 2,235	23,998 49 693 80 613 1,985 876 1,109 2,314	24,538 50 703 81 622 2,027 895 1,132 2,362	27 26 47 55 46 13 19 9	30 30 49 57 48 16 21 11	33 33 51 59 50 18 24 14 56	24 34 27 18 29 13 14 13 42	26 38 29 19 30 16 16 16	29 40 30 21 32 18 18 18
Claims adjusters Claims clerks Claims clerks Claims examiners, insurance Clerical supervisors Collectors, bill and account Court clerks Credit clerks, banking and insurance Customer service representatives Desk clerks, except bowling floor Dispatchers, police, fire, and ambulance Dispatchers, vehicle service or work Eligibility workers, welfare File clerks General clerks, office Insurance clerks, medical Library assistants Loan closers Mail carriers and postal clerks	67 666 39 434 88 28 50 86 82 251 87 34 2,377 78 80 (1) 539	66 66 47 467 94 27 50 89 88 88 90 32 2.348 86 81 45 55	99 94 61 618 133 29 76 120 107 52 111 32 32 32 111 32 32 137 94 63 3439	98 93 62 628 135 29 76 124 107 53 31 32 321 3,044 139 96 64	101 95 63 641 137 78 125 109 35 116 33 349 3,113 145 98 655 485	47 42 56 42 51 2 52 40 31 4 27 - 7 86 77 17 (1) - 19	47 41 59 45 53 3 54 44 32 6 30 -5 10 28 79 19 (1) -12	51 45 62 47 55 6 57 45 34 8 33 -3 12 31 86 22 (1) -10	49 41 29 32 42 6 53 35 22 10 23 0 7 7 60 16 4	49 40 31 35 44 8 54 39 23 12 2 9 30 62 18 41 -12	53 44 34 37 46 11 57 40 25 12 29 5 12 33 69 21 44 44

1		Total empl	oyment (in	thousands)				Percent	change		
Occupation	1979	1982		1995			1979–95			1982-95	
	1979	1982	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend
Mail clerks Messengers, except bank Meter readers. utilities Mokkeeping, billing machine operators Bookkeeping, billing machine operators Proof machine operators Computer operating peronnel Computer operators Data entry operators Data entry operators Deripheral EDP equipment operators Duplicating machine operators	88 42 29 893 174 46 548 190 319 40 31	100 47 31 936 172 47 580 211 320 49 38	132 60 37 1,179 218 59 727 366 282 79 44	131 61 38 1,196 223 59 737 371 286 80 45	135 63 38 1,220 227 60 752 378 292 82 46	51 42 30 32 25 28 33 93 - 12 99 41	50 45 31 34 28 29 34 95 -10 102 43	54 48 33 37 31 31 37 99 - 8 106 46	33 28 22 26 26 24 25 74 - 12 61	31 31 24 28 29 25 27 76 -11 63 17	35 34 26 30 32 27 30 79 - 9 66
rder clerks ayroll and timekeeping clerks ersonnel clerks olicy change clerks rocurement clerks roduction clerks aters eceptionists	258 175 98 25 49 212 53 362	265 202 103 28 47 201 53 387	329 265 132 30 60 260 68 565	337 269 131 31 60 262 69 576	342 277 135 31 62 268 70 594	28 51 35 18 23 23 28 56	31 54 34 20 22 24 30 59	33 58 38 22 27 27 27 32 64	24 31 29 8 27 29 29 46	27 34 28 10 26 30 31 49	29 37 32 12 31 33 33 54
Reservation agents and transportation ticket clerks Reservation agents Ticket agents Secretaries and stenographers Secretaries Stenographers Ypists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Atatement clerks	112 55 52 2,624 2,342 283 980 380 356 32	108 53 49 2,711 2,441 270 990 365 340 34	108 54 48 3,355 3,108 247 1,136 420 394 44	110 55 49 3,410 3,161 250 1,145 431 403 44	112 56 50 3,498 3,243 256 1,175 439 410 45	-4 -2 -7 28 33 -13 16 11 11 39	-2 0 -5 30 35 -12 17 13 13 40	-1 1 -3 33 38 -10 20 16 15 42	0 2 -3 24 27 -8 15 15 16 30	2 4 -1 26 29 -7 16 18 19	29 33 - 5 19 20 21 34
tatistical clerks tock clerks, stockroom and warehouse urvey workers witchboard operators/receptionists eachers' aides elephone operators Switchboard operators Central office operators Directory assistance operators own clerks	83 831 42 217 442 319 175 107 37 28	98 831 53 107 463 318 172 109 38 26	112 961 78 279 579 337 211 84 42 29	114 987 78 285 593 343 213 87 43 29	116 1,005 79 292 606 349 218 87 43 30	36 16 86 29 31 5 20 -21 13	37 19 87 32 34 8 22 - 19 17 5	41 21 89 35 37 9 24 - 18 17	15 16 46 35 25 6 23 -23 11	16 19 46 38 28 8 24 -20 15	18 21 48 41 31 10 27 - 20
ft and related workers Construction craftworkers Insulation workers Bricklayers Carpenters Cement masons Dry wall applicators Electricians Floor covering installers Carpet cutters, carpet layers Floor layers	12,359 3,163 43 150 1,008 107 53 556 80 54 26	11,591 2,895 47 111 863 87 53 542 79 53 26	14,476 3,725 66 148 1,095 122 73 704 100 66 33	14,769 3,777 67 150 1,110 125 74 715 101 67 34	15,099 3,841 68 153 1,128 127 75 730 103 68 35	17 18 53 -1 9 14 36 27 25 23 30	20 19 56 0 10 17 39 29 27 25 32	22 21 59 2 12 19 41 31 29 26 35	25 29 41 34 27 41 36 30 26 25 28	27 30 44 36 29 44 39 32 29 28 30	30 33 46 38 31 46 41 33 30 22
Glaziers Ironworkers Reinforcing-iron workers Structural steel workers Painters, construction and maintenance Plumbers and pipefitters Roofers	37 105 34 71 369 398 111	41 93 33 61 362 388 102	53 126 44 83 443 512 128	55 130 45 85 444 518 129	56 133 46 87 449 528 131	44 20 29 16 20 29	48 23 32 19 21 30 16	51 26 35 22 22 23 33 18	31 35 33 36 22 32 25	35 39 36 40 23 34 27	37 42 39 44 24 36 28
Mechanics, repairers, and installers Air conditioning, refrigeration, and heating mechanics Aircraft mechanics Gas and electric appliance repairers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Coin machine servicers and repairers Central office repairers Computer service technicians Diesel mechanics Cable splicers Line installers, repairers	4,039 175 107 61 159 871 27 49 (1) 175 47	3,936 168 108 62 155 844 31 50 55 173 48 127	5,004 220 132 71 191 1,134 38 47 106 216 59 154	5,107 223 128 72 196 1,168 39 49 108 222 60 157	5,223 228 131 74 201 1,195 40 49 108 226 61 159	24 25 23 17 20 30 43 -4 (1) 24 26 37	26 27 19 20 23 34 47 -1 (1) 27 28 39	29 30 22 23 26 37 52 0 (1) 30 30 41	27 31 22 14 23 34 24 -6 93 25 24 21	30 33 19 17 26 38 28 - 2 97 28 25 23	33 36 21 20 30 42 32 - 2 98 31 27 25
Engineering equipment mechanics Farm equipment mechanics Instrument repairers Industrial machinery repairers Maintenance repairers, general utility Marine mechanics and repairers Millwrights Office machine repairers	77 25 40 366 733 26 108 53	83 26 41 330 694 26 91 56	93 27 50 416 870 36 118 94	94 27 51 425 887 36 121 95	96 28 53 438 908 36 124 96	21 8 25 14 19 36 10 78	22 10 27 16 21 36 12 82	24 10 31 20 24 36 15 83	12 4 22 26 25 35 30 68	13 5 24 29 28 35 33 72	1! 2: 3: 3: 3: 3: 7:

	1	Total empl	oyment (ir	thousands)				Percent	change		
Occupation	1979	1982		1995	- III-1		1979-95			1982-95	
	1979	1302	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	Hig tren
Radio and television service technicians	71 73 58	80 75 59	101 97 69	102 100 72	105 100 72	42 33 20	45 37 24	48 38 25	25 28 18	27 32 21	3 3 2
Metalworking craftworkers, except mechanics Boilermakers Machinists Machine tool setters, metalworking Molders, metal Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths Tool and die makers	941 45 239 65 34 213 176	818 40 220 55 25 188 152	995 42 271 67 29 248 179	1,019 43 278 68 29 252 184	1,051 44 287 70 30 260 190	6 -6 13 2 -14 16 2	8 -5 16 4 -12 18 5	12 -2 20 7 -9 22 8	22 6 23 22 13 32 18	25 8 26 25 16 34 21	
Printing trades craftworkers Bookbinders Typesetters and compositors Lithographers and photoengravers Letter press operators Offset lithographic press operators Press operators and plate printers	382 29 103 66 33 86 37	393 30 104 67 34 88 42	429 34 99 83 34 107 44	447 36 97 87 36 113 45	457 37 99 89 37 115 47	12 16 - 9 26 4 24 19	17 22 -6 33 9 30 23	20 24 - 4 35 11 33 27	9 14 -10 23 1 22 5	14 20 -7 29 6 28 8	
Other craft and related workers Bakers Supervisors of blue-collar workers Cabinetmakers Crane, derrick, and hoist operators Dental lab technicians Opticians, dispensing and optical mechanics Furniture upholsterers Heavy equipment operators Inspectors	3,833 64 1,295 79 127 48 35 30 443 468	3,549 65 1,200 78 105 51 31 37 384 410	4,324 73 1,482 95 128 63 38 40 480 520	4,419 76 1,519 96 132 64 39 40 490 529	4,527 78 1,553 99 134 65 40 42 500 543	13 15 15 20 1 31 9 33 8	15 19 17 22 4 32 12 34 11	18 22 20 25 6 35 15 39 13	22 12 24 22 22 25 22 7 25 27	24 17 27 24 25 26 25 8 28 29	
Jewelers Locomotive engineers Merchandise displayers and window trimmers Stationary engineers Alteration tailors Testers Sewage plant operators Water treatment plant operators	26 49 27 61 55 119 40 30	30 38 27 58 54 116 38 28	33 37 37 60 72 151 41 30	34 39 38 61 75 152 42 31	35 42 39 62 77 157 43 32	26 - 26 38 - 2 31 27 2	29 - 21 43 - 1 36 28 4	32 - 15 45 2 40 31 7	11 -4 39 3 32 30 9	13 3 43 4 37 31 10	
eratives Assembler occupations Aircraft structure assemblers Assemblers Electrical machinery equipment assemblers Electrical and electronic assemblers Instrument assemblers Machine assemblers Wirers, electronic	14,039 1,459 33 361 99 281 29 202 38	12,995 1,313 33 307 99 286 29 170 37	15,044 1,625 28 363 131 365 43 210 50	15,419 1,646 26 379 133 362 43 214 50	15,809 1,702 26 398 137 371 44 222 52	7 11 -14 1 32 30 48 4 33	10 13 - 19 5 34 29 49 6	13 17 - 20 10 38 32 52 10 35	16 24 - 15 18 33 28 45 23 36	19 25 - 21 23 34 27 46 25 34	_
Bindery workers, assembly Laundry operators, small establishment Pressers, hand Pressers, machine Pressers, machine laundry Washers, machine and starchers Meatcutters and butchers Metalworking operatives Electroplators	37 38 30 54 70 54 59 1,726 36	38 38 27 50 64 58 57 1,492 32	39 44 30 51 68 78 62 1,767 34	41 44 31 52 69 79 63 1,813 35	42 45 31 54 74 82 64 1,874	8 17 2 -6 -3 45 5 2 -4	13 17 4 -4 -1 47 6 5 -1	15 19 3 0 5 52 8 9	5 16 13 2 5 35 9 18 7	10 17 14 4 7 37 10 21	
Machine tool operators Drill press and boring machine operators Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal Lathe machine operators metal Milling and planing machine operators Machine tool operators, combination Machine tool operators, numerical control Machine tool operators, tool room Punch press operators, metal Power brake and bending machine operators, metal Shear and slitter operators, metal Welders and flamecutters	1,070 136 138 159 68 193 73 41 181 49 32 548	914 115 118 137 61 169 66 34 147 42 27 490	1,088 137 126 155 68 217 94 43 167 51 32 579	1,114 139 129 159 69 220 95 44 173 53 33 595	1,153 144 133 164 71 229 99 45 180 55 34 615	2 1 -9 -2 -1 13 28 6 -8 4 -2 6	4 3 -7 0 1 14 30 8 -5 8 2 8	8 6 -4 3 4 19 35 11 -1 12 6	19 7 14 12 29 42 25 14 22 18	22 21 10 16 13 31 44 27 18 27 23 21	
Roustabouts Baggers Production packagers Painters, automotive Painters, production Sawyers Sewers and stitchers Sewing machine operatives, regular equipment, garment Sewing machine operatives, special equipment, garment Sewing machine operatives, regular equipment, garment	67 224 560 41 118 89 902 594 88	94 242 548 36 101 75 804 533 78	78 219 616 51 115 91 869 561 84	80 229 637 53 118 93 882 567 85	80 234 654 55 122 96 873 556 83	17 -2 10 24 -3 2 -4 -5 -4	20 2 14 28 0 4 -2 -4 -3	19 4 17 32 3 8 -3 -6 -5	-16 -9 12 41 14 21 8 5	-14 -5 16 46 17 24 10 7	
nongarment	145	128	152	155	158	4	7	8	19	22	
nongarment	47	42	48	50	51	4	7	9	16	19	

	T	otal empl	oyment (in	thousands)				Percent	change		
Occupation		A		1995			1979-95	14		1982-95	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1979	1982	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low	Moderate trend	Hig tren
Textile operatives	368	312	345	352	359	-6	-5	-3	11	13	1
Spinners, frame	31	26	25	25	25	-21	-20	-18	-5	-4	-
Weavers	36	30	31	31	31	-14	-13	-12	3	4	
Transport equipment operatives	3,694	3,551	4,181	4,287	4,387	13	16	19	18	21	2
Ambulance drivers and ambulance attendants	26 443	28 473	34 537	35 551	36 572	29 21	32 24	38 29	23 13	26 17	3 2
Busdrivers, local and intercity	216	229	249	257	271	15	19	25	9	12	1
Busdrivers, school	226	244	288	295	301	27	30	33	18	21	2
Chauffaura	42	48	61	63	65	44	48	E2	07	20	3
Chauffeurs	421	376	433	445	458	3	6	53 9	27 15	30 18	2
Parking attendants	36	37	37	38	40	3	6	10	1	4	Ι.
Railroad brake operators	78	60	50	54	58	-35	-31	-26	-16	-10	-
Sailors and deckhands	33	32	33	34	35	0	3	5	3 .	7	
Taxi drivers	72 2.506	64 2,402	52 2,909	52 2.980	53 3,035	- 28 16	-28	- 26	-20	-19	- 1
Truckdriving occupations	813	797	924	951	967	14	19 17	21 19	21 16	24 19	2
Truckdrivers	1,693	1,604	1,985	2,029	2,068	17	20	22	24	26	
All other operatives	4,145 54	3,805 61	4,413 66	4,544 66	4,666 66	6 23	10 22	13 23	16	19	2
Filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers	130	107	134	137	142	3	6	9	8 26	8 29	3
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	406	388	430	451	462	6	11	14	11	16	`
Stationary boiler firers	46	44	45	45	47	-2	-1	2	1	2	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, meat and dairy	45	40	00	40							
products	45 73	42 71	39 75	40 78	41 80	-14 3	-11 7	-9 9	-9 6	-6 10	-
Miscellaneous machine operatives, all other lood products Miscellaneous machine operatives, lumber and furniture	47	39	49	50	52	4	6	10	25	28	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, paper and allied					02				20	20	1
products	99	92	97	100	105	-2	1	6	5	9	1
Miscellaneous machine operatives, chemicals and allied	450	440	470	470	400	40	40				١.
products	153 55	146 54	172 64	178 66	183 68	13 16	16 19	20 22	18	22	3
Chemical operators-B	27	26	31	31	32	14	17	22	19 18	23 22	
							,,,		10		Ι΄
Miscellaneous machine operatives, rubber and	240	400	254	207							
miscellaneous plastics	213	190	251	267	277	18	25	30	32	40	1 4
Extruder operators, rubber or plastics	28	26	35	37	39	25	34	39	36	46	
plastics	101	93	131	140	144	29	38	42	41	50	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, stone, clay, and glass	50	41	49	51	53	-3	2	6	20	25	3
Miscellaneous machine operatives, primary metals	86	69	82	85	88	-5	-1	2	18	22	2
Miscellaneous machine operatives, manufacturing, nec	90	83	99	102	104	11	13	16	20	23	1 2
Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Miscellaneous operatives, nec, durable goods	40 102	39 86	42 103	44 108	45 112	6	10	12	7	11	,
Miscellaneous operatives, nec, nondurable goods	229	218	231	238	242	1	4	10 6	19	25 9	3
Poultry dressers, eviscerators	50	48	50	50	51	ó	1	3	4	6	'
Press assistants and feeders	25	26	30	31	32	16	23	25	14	20	2
Mixing operatives	43	44	42	15	40	0	_	_	_		
Mixing operatives	43	41 36	43 44	45 45	46 46	2	6 5	8	5 21	9 24	1 2
Photographic process workers	70	67	77	78	80	9	11	14	15	17	
Rotary drill operators	22	28	27	28	28	24	26	27	-2	-1	
Rotary drill operator helpers	31	33	29	29	30	-6	-4	-3	-14	-12	- 1
Shoemaking machine operatorsSurveyor helpers	60 50	52 40	34 61	36 63	34 65	- 43 22	- 40 26	- 43 30	- 33 54	- 30 59	-
Tire changers	60	60	83	86	88	39	45	48	39	45	
Coil winders	28	27	32	32	33	13	13	18	19	19	
rvice workers	15.660	16,241	20.416	20,706	21,113	30	32	35	26	07	
Building custodians	2,796	2,828	3,554	3,606	3,682	27	29	35	26 26	27 28	
Food service workers	5,906	6,204	8,113	8,221	8,322	37	39	41	31	33	
Bakers, bread and pastry	35	36	46	46	47	31	32	33	27	28	
Bartenders	364	384	500	505	511	37	39	40	30	32	
Butchers and meatcutters	184 1,161	191 1,211	1,591	179 1,613	182 1,636	-6 37	-3 39	-1 41	-9 21	-6	-
Cooks, institutional	406	423	527	536	549	30	39	35	31 25	33 27	
Cooks, restaurant	330	351	494	500	505	50	51	53	41	42	:
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods	424	437	570	578	582	34	36	37	31	32	
Food preparation and copies workers feet feed											
Food preparation and service workers, fast food restaurants	757	-809	1.092	1.106	1,113	44	46	47	35	27	
Hosts/hostesses, restaurant, lounge, coffee shop	110	113	152	154	155	38	40	41	34	37 36	
Kitchen helpers	822	850	1,139	1,155	1,174	39	41	43	34	36	
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers	77	84	111	112	114	43	45	47	32	34	:
Waiters and waitresses	1,599	1,665	2,199	2,227	2,249	38	39	41	32	34	1 3
Waiters assistants	283 515	302 559	384 726	388 734	394 748	36 41	37 43	39 45	27 30	29 31	
	313	333	120	734	740	41	40	45	30	31	'
Selected health service workers Dental assistants	1,980	2,240	3,038	3,066	3,166	53	55	60	36	37	
	129	153		218	229	65	69	77	39	42	

	1	otal emplo	yment (in	thousands)				Percent	change		
Occupation		A 9)		1995			1979-95			1982-95	
Occupation	1979	1982	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend	Low trend	Moderate trend	Hig trer
Medical assistants Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Pharmacy helpers Psychiatric aides	1,087 29 115	100 1,218 33 132	809 146 1,628 45 184	148 1,642 46 185	154 1,690 47 192	65 50 56 60	67 51 57 60	74 55 62 66	45 34 38 40	47 35 38 41	3
Selected personal service workers Barbers Bellhops, bag porters, and doorkeepers Child-care attendants Child-care workers Cosmetologists/women's hairstylists	1,518 110 26 39 396 483	1,632 115 26 47 414 491	1,930 126 28 56 495 577	1,961 127 29 57 499 589	2,010 129 29 58 504 604	27 14 7 43 25 19	29 15 9 45 26 22	32 17 11 48 27 25	18 9 9 20 19 17	20 10 10 21 20 20	1
Flight attendants Game and ride operators and concession workers Housekeepers, hotel and motel Recreation facility attendants Reducing instructors Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers Welfare service aides	54 (1) (1) 64 24 41 92	54 53 101 72 35 40 93	68 62 130 87 44 38	69 63 130 88 46 39	70 66 133 92 51 41 122	26 (1) (1) 35 88 - 6 27	27 (1) (1) 37 96 - 4 29	29 (1) (1) 42 114 1 33	27 17 29 21 29 – 4 26	29 19 29 23 34 – 2 28	
Protective service workers Correction officials and jailers Crossing or bridge tenders Crossing guards, school Firefighters Fire officers Guards and doorkeepers Lifeguards	1,752 112 28 40 213 49 645 (1)	1,707 111 27 38 201 46 635 34	2,121 145 29 42 214 51 925	2,146 147 29 42 217 52 935 44	2,194 150 30 43 223 53 950 46	21 30 3 3 0 3 44 (1)	22 31 5 5 2 5 45 (1)	25 35 8 7 4 7 47 (1)	24 31 6 10 7 10 46 29	26 33 8 12 8 12 47 31	
Police and detectives, public service Police detectives Police officers Police patrolmen/women Private household workers Supervisors, nonworking, service	578 62 102 383 1,088 205	549 59 97 363 1,023 210	586 69 106 383 275	592 68 107 390 850 279	608 71 110 400 864 285	1 12 4 0 -25 35	2 9 5 2 -22 37	5 14 8 4 -21 39	7 17 10 6 -20 31	8 14 10 7 -17 33	_
borers, except farm Animal caretakers Cannery workers Cleaners, vehicle Conveyor operators and tenders Garbage collectors Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm Helpers, trades Highway maintenance workers Line service attendants Pipielayers Riggers Stock handlers Order fillers Stock clerks, sales floor Fallers and buckers	6,257 91 61 119 51 115 646 1,023 173 29 47 30 938 356 581 45	5,861 105 56 100 46 110 661 608 165 30 42 27 962 355 608 39	6,884 119 67 133 53 127 732 777 172 41 56 33 1,111 420 691	7,052 120 69 138 54 129 744 798 175 41 57 33 1,150 430 721 35	7,215 123 71 143 56 6133 759 819 179 42 58 34 1,171 435 736 36	10 31 10 11 3 11 13 -24 0 39 18 11 18 19 -23	13 33 12 16 6 12 15 - 22 1 41 21 12 23 21 24 - 22	15 35 16 20 8 16 17 - 20 4 42 23 15 25 22 27 - 20	17 14 20 32 14 15 11 28 4 36 32 23 15 18 14	20 15 23 38 18 17 13 31 6 38 35 24 20 21 19 -9	
rmers and farmworkers Farmers and farm managers Farm owners and tenants Farm managers Farm supervisors and laborers Farm supervisors Farm laborers	2,704 1,447 1,405 42 1,257 33 1,224	2,691 1,448 1,407 40 1,243 33 1,211	2,404 1,370 1,319 51 1,034 31 1,003	2,407 1,357 1,304 52 1,050 31 1,019	2,424 1,359 1,305 53 1,065 32 1,033	-11 -5 -6 21 -18 -7 -18	-11 -6 -7 24 -16 -5 -17	-10 -6 -7 26 -15 -3 -16	-11 -5 -6 27 -17 -6 -17	-11 -6 -7 30 -16 -4 -16	

The growth of occupations concentrated in the construction and manufacturing industries, which was severely affected by the 1980–82 recession, includes recovery from the trough of that period. As a result, the data on growth patterns of occupations must be interpreted very carefully. For this reason, the data on growth presented in table 1 include employment data for 1979 (prerecessionary) and 1979–95 growth rates.²

Alternative sets of projections

The Bureau has developed three alternative sets of occupational employment projections that are tied to the economic and industry alternatives presented elsewhere in this issue of the *Review*. Although the assumptions and analyses that differentiate these scenarios result in different rates of growth for most occupations, the basic changes in the occupational composition from 1982 to 1995 are similar in all versions. Thus, although this article focuses on the "moderate" scenario, the discussion would be very similar if any of the other scenarios were highlighted. However, the major differences in trends between the alternate scenarios are reported in the final section of this article. The alternative projections are also shown in table 1 for all detailed occupations.

Differences in the occupational projections among the three alternatives should not be considered as the potential range within which the projections are likely to fall because the range for most occupations is much wider than that shown. The majority of occupations are sensitive to a wide variety of assumptions and economic factors and all of these could not be considered in the three scenarios.

One should keep in mind that the development of projections is not a precise statistical process. Despite the use of sophisticated economic models and the use of data in those models that are carefully developed by statistical techniques, the future cannot be precisely predicted. Too many factors can alter economic activity over the 1982–95 period to assure that the projections provide an exact picture of the future. This is very evident if one reviews previous employment projections developed by the Bureau or any other organization.³

The projections developed by the Bureau reflect very detailed analyses of the factors that are expected to affect occupational trends in addition to those factors built into the model. Thus, the occupational projections presented in this article reflect the analyses and judgments of Bureau staff who are involved in this development. Some of these judgments are fairly subjective, and therefore, open to question. For example, in developing projected occupational staffing patterns for automobile manufacturing, judgments had to be made about the actual use of robots and other production processes in the industry during 1982–95. Clearly, at this stage of the development and use of robots in automobile manufacturing, such judgments are highly subjective.

Despite these analytical problems in developing precise projections of the future, our experience has indicated that basic trends in occupational structure can be approximated through the types of analyses described. Growth trends have proved to be correct for most occupations in previous sets of projections. We are hopeful that our experience and improved techniques and data bases will result in projections that present the general trends in employment by occupation during 1982–95.

Broad structural changes

The impact of technological change, differences in industrial growth patterns, and other factors that have a significant impact on occupations will result in changes in the broad occupational structure between 1982 and 1995. However, the direction of these changes will be very similar to changes that have occurred over the past several decades. Professional and technical workers will continue to increase faster than total employment and account for a greater share of total employment in 1995 than in 1982. Service workers, excluding private household workers, also will continue to grow faster than average. Managers, salesworkers, and craftworkers will continue to increase at about average rates and

maintain their relative share of total employment, a share which has not changed significantly over the past two decades. On the other hand, operatives and laborers should continue their long-term decline as a proportion of total employment, as their growth is impacted by the effects of technological change and the relatively faster growth of the service sector. Private household workers are expected to continue to decline numerically as well as in proportion to total employment.

Major changes in long-term trends in the broad occupational structure, however, are expected in clerical and in farming occupations. Although the number of clerical workers is expected to continue to increase, the effects of office automation should result in average growth rather than in the faster than average growth which has occurred over the past two decades. Farming occupations which have declined significantly throughout the century are expected to continue to decrease but somewhat more slowly than in the past. However, farming occupations should drop significantly as a proportion of total employment between 1982 and 1995.

Broad occupational trends tend to mask much of the dynamic changes in occupational structures that have occurred and are expected to occur over the projections period. Within each broad occupational group, detailed occupational trends will be affected by technological changes and by alterations in the basic structure of industrial growth. The latter changes are extremely important because occupational growth is very closely related to changes in employment of industries in which they are concentrated. The following sections of this article discuss the growth of individual occupations and highlight many of the basic changes in occupational employment that are anticipated over the period.

Detailed occupations

The economy is expected to generate an additional 25.6 million jobs between 1982 and 1995. About one-half of this job growth is projected to occur in only 40 of the 1,700 occupations (see table 2) for which projections were developed. Several points should be kept in mind in reviewing these occupations which will account for the greatest number of additional jobs. In general, the occupations are numerically large and all had more than 250,000 workers in 1982. Occupations that require extensive training are not found to any greater extent in table 2 than are those requiring little formal training. Only one-fourth of the occupations generally require a college degree.

Several of the occupations on the list reflect recovery from very low 1982 employment levels caused by the recession. For example, helpers, trade; supervisors of blue-collar workers; and carpenters are on the list only because of the sharp drop in employment experienced from 1979 to 1982. Most of the employment growth reflects recovery to pre-recessionary levels.

A list of the fastest growing occupations from 1982 to

Table 2. Forty occupations with largest job growth, 1982–95

Occupation	Change in total employment (in thousands)	Percent of total job growth	Percent
Building custodians	779 744 719	3.0 2.9 2.8	27.5 47.4 29.5
General clerks, office	696	2.7	29.6
Secretaries General clerks, office Salesclerks Nurses, registered	685	2.7	23.5
Waiters and waitresses	562	2.5 2.2	48.9 33.8
elementary		2.0	37.4
Truckdrivers	425 423	1.7	26.5 34.8
Sales representatives, technical		1.5	29.3
Accountants and auditors	344	1.3	40.2
Automotive mechanics	324 319	1.3	38.3 26.6
Kitchen helpers	305	1.2	35.9
Guards and doorkeepers Food preparation and service workers,	300	1.2	47.3
fast food restaurants		1.2	36.7
Managers, store	292	1.1	30.1
Carpenters	247 222	1.0	28.6 60.7
Electrical and electronic technicians Licensed practical nurses	220	.9	37.1
Computer systems analysts	217	.8	85.3
Electrical engineers	209 205	.8	65.3 76.9
Computer programmers Maintenance repairers, general utility Helpers, trades Receptionists Electricians	193	8.	27.8
Helpers, trades	190	.7	31.2
Receptionists	189	.7	48.8
Physicians	173 163	.7	31.8 34.0
Physicians	162	.6	34.6
Computer operators	160	.6	75.8
Sales representatives, nontechnical	160	.6	27.4
Lawyers	159	.6	34.3
warehouse	156	.6	18.8
Typists	155	.6	15.7
Delivery and route workers	153 152	.6	19.2 15.9
Cooks, restaurants	149	.6	42.3
Bank tellers	142	.6	30.0
Cooks, short order, specialty and fast food	141	.6	32.2

Note: Includes only detailed occupations with 1982 employment of 25,000 or more. Data for 1995 are based on moderate-trend projections.

1995 is shown in table 3. Although the list is dominated by occupations that are tied to continued growth of expanding industries and which have been among the strongest in the economy for the past decade, many reflect recovery from the recession. It is also important to note that these fast growing occupations generally are not found on the list of occupations that will add the most jobs over the period. Almost half of the 20 occupations in the list are either in the computer or health fields, which are among the fields with the strongest growth.

Some occupations are expected to decline over the period. (See table 4.) In general, occupations on the list are concentrated in industries that are contracting, or severely affected by technological change. For example, railroad conductors are concentrated in a declining industry, while data entry operators are affected by technological change.

Health-related occupations. Health care will continue to be an expanding field of work during 1982–95. Reflecting growth in expenditures for health services, occupations in this field have been among the fastest growing for many years. Even during 1979–82, when total employment was virtually unchanged, employment in health occupations grew significantly. Continued population growth and expansion of health care insurance coverage are primary reasons underlying the expected continued growth. In addition, the aged, requiring the most health care, are expected to increase their share of the U.S. population. While the population is expected to go up by only 14 percent between 1980 and 1995, those over 65 years of age will increase by 26 percent.

The number of registered nurses is expected to grow by 49 percent between 1982 and 1995, an additional 642,000 jobs. Physicians are projected to increase by 34 percent, faster than the average for all occupations, and add 163,000 jobs. Nursing aides and orderlies should add 423,000 new jobs and licensed practical nurses, 220,000 jobs, both representing faster than average growth. Overall, these four occupations are projected to account for almost 6 percent of the total employment growth over the period.

Among the smaller and faster growing occupations, physical therapy technicians are projected to increase by 68 percent, occupational therapists by 60 percent, physical therapists by 54 percent, and medical assistants by 47 percent.

Computer-related occupations. Computers are expected to continue to have more widespread use throughout the economy through the mid-1990's. As a result, occupations that are directly related to computer development and use will be among the leaders in employment growth rates over the period. The number of systems analysts and computer programmers should expand at a very rapid rate through 1995. As more uses are found for computers in business and everyday life, software development will experience tremendous growth.

Most industry forecasts indicate that there will be more than 10 times as many computers in use during the next decade than exist today. This will translate into an increased demand for additional computer service technicians to maintain the equipment.

Recently, the focus has been on the micro- and minicomputers. Mainframe (large) computers have mostly been overlooked. In 1982, mainframe sales stood at \$10 billion representing the largest segment of the computer machine market. Fifth-generation machines are expected to be introduced in the early 1990's, and sales are projected to grow significantly by 1995. Therefore, this means strong growth in the number of computer and peripheral equipment operators needed by 1995.

Education-related occupations. The growth of employment in many occupations in the education field is closely tied to the size of the school-age population. Although births declined steadily during 1961–75, the number of children born each year has grown steadily since 1976 and is expected to

Occupation	Percent growth in employment
Computer service technicians	96.8
Legal assistants	94.3
Computer systems analysts	85.3
Computer programmers	76.9
Computer operators	
Office machine repairers	71.7
Physical therapy assistants	67.8
Electrical engineers	65.3
Civil engineering technicians	63.9
Peripheral EDP equipment operators	63.5
nsurance clerks, medical	62.2
Electrical and electronic technicians	60.7
Occupational therapists	59.8
Surveyor helpers	58.6
Credit clerks, banking and insurance	54.1
Physical therapists	53.6
Employment interviewers	52.5
Mechanical engineers	52.1
Mechanical engineering technicians	51.6
Compression and injection mold machine operators,	
plastics	50.3

continue until 1987. Because of this increase in births and the expected continued growth in the labor force participation of mothers of young children, employment of preschool teachers is expected to surge during 1982–95, increasing by more than 40 percent. Kindergarten and elementary schoolteachers as well as teachers' aides are anticipated to grow substantially as growth in the youth population works its way through the educational system.

The increase in the school-age population will not affect secondary schools until early in the 1990's. Therefore, secondary schoolteachers are expected to decline in numbers until 1990 and then turn around. Overall, between 1982 and 1995, this occupation should experience only minimal growth.

At the post-secondary level, vocational education teachers can be expected to grow at a strong pace. Growth of job training and retraining programs will be reflected in increased demand for this occupation. However, college and university teachers are projected to decline during 1982–95 because of a drop in the college-age population and because of higher tuition.

Scientific and technical occupations. Many scientific and technical occupations are expected to grow rapidly over the period, benefiting from the growth of high-technology industries. However, some will be negatively affected by the products of high technology and others will grow more sluggishly than average because they are concentrated in slowly growing industries.

Engineering occupations are expected to provide nearly 600,000 new jobs by 1995, as the occupation is expected to grow much faster than average. As manufacturing industries, primarily durable goods, rebound from the recession and place new technologies into their production systems, there will be heavy demands for electrical, industrial, and

mechanical engineers. More civil engineers will be needed to meet the demands of a rejuvenated construction industry. Petroleum engineers on the other hand should experience average growth as oil supplies stabilize and new drilling moderates.

Chemists will be affected by a diminished growth of the chemical industry and geologists and geophysicists by a slowdown in oil and gas extraction. Therefore, both occupations are expected to grow only as fast as average. A fairly strong demand for biological scientists is expected due to the growth of the drug industry. Electrical and electronic technicians, mechanical engineering technicians, and civil engineering technicians should experience strong growth similar to their engineer counterparts. Drafters is one important occupation in this group to fall victim to new technology. As computer-assisted design equipment gains more widespread use, the growth of this occupation will be virtually nil.

Office clerical workers. Most office clerical occupations are expected to grow more slowly during 1982–95 than in the 1970's because of office automation. Nevertheless, significant growth is expected in some of these occupations. Receptionists should be among the fastest growing clerical occupations, with a projected increase of 49 percent. Because of the varied responsibilities and the need for human interaction, it is difficult to replace this occupation with a machine. Secretaries will increasingly use advanced office equipment in the future, thereby becoming more productive. This in turn will dampen demand for the occupation. Nevertheless, secretaries are projected to grow at a rate that is about average because of the growth of industries in which they are concentrated.

Table 4. 1982-95	Twenty	most	rapidly	declining	occupations,
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Occupation	Percent decline in employment
Railroad conductors	-32.0
Shoemaking machine operatives	-30.2
Aircraft structure assemblers	-21.0
Central telephone office operators	-20.0
Taxi drivers	-18.9
Postal clerks	-17.9
Private household workers	-16.9
Farm laborers	- 15.9
College and university faculty	-15.0
Roustabouts Postmasters and mail superintendents Rotary drill operator helpers Graduate assistants Data entry operators Railroad brake operators	- 14.4 - 13.8 - 11.6 - 11.2 - 10.6 - 9.8
Fallers and buckers	-8.7
Stenographers	-7.4
Farm owners and tenants	-7.3
Typesetters and compositors	-7.3
Butchers and meatcutters	-6.3

NOTE: Includes only detailed occupations with 1982 employment of 25,000 or more. Data for 1995 are based on moderate-trend projections.

Most other office clerical occupations including typists will be growing more slowly than the average rate for all occupations. The expected increase in typing work will be in significant part taken care of by the increased use of word processing equipment. Stenographers is the one office occupation which has been declining and should continue to do so during the period.

Mechanics and repairers. The increasing complexity of equipment used by industry and by consumers is expected to provide continued steady growth for mechanics and repairers. Automotive mechanics are projected to grow faster than average—about 38 percent from 1982 to 1995—and because of the occupation's large size it will add nearly 324,000 jobs. Refrigeration and air-conditioning mechanics are expected to add 55,000 jobs. Office machine servicers and cash register servicers should rise by 72 percent as offices and stores are automated. This occupation will be among the fastest growing during the period.

Construction trades. Employment fluctuations caused by cyclical and seasonal factors characterize the construction industry. As a result, construction-related employment projections are difficult to develop accurately. Although employment among construction trades is projected to increase by more than 900,000 workers, much of this growth represents a recovery from the severe downturn of the early 1980's. If allowance is made for this recession, the growth of the construction trade occupations may be seen as approximating that of the rest of the economy.

Employment among the construction trades will also be affected by technological changes within the industry. Dry wall installers will benefit from the increased use of dry wall. Modular construction will slow the employment growth of carpenters. On the other hand, the increasing use of new types of electrical equipment will continue to aid the employment growth of electricians.

Food and beverage service occupations. The trend toward eating outside the home will result in continued employment growth among food and beverage preparation and service occupations. Sales in eating and drinking places nearly quadrupled between 1967 and 1981.4 This trend is expected to add 1.8 million jobs in eating and drinking places, an increase of 38 percent during 1982-95. Much of this growth, however, should be in fast food restaurants and therefore food preparation and service workers in these establishments would increase faster than other food service occupations. They are expected to increase by 37 percent and add 297,000 jobs. Other food service occupations will also grow faster than average including waiters and waitresses, up 562,000; cooks, 402,000; and bartenders, 121,000. These four occupations will account for more than 5 percent of the total growth in jobs over the period.

Transportation occupations. As economic activity increases, so does the demand for transporting goods. Technological change has not radically affected the trucking industry, therefore, a rising demand for its services brings about roughly proportional increases in the employment of truckdrivers. Truckdrivers are projected to show average growth but, because of its large size, add almost 424,000 jobs. Double trailers and larger trucks will dampen employment growth among long-haul truckdrivers as will competition for long-haul business from railroad transportation.

Ambulance drivers are expected to have average employment growth. Busdrivers and industrial truck operators should experience below average growth rates. Technological change may have a greater impact on industrial truck operators, who move materials from one location to another within factories and warehouses. Industrial truck operators are projected to increase by 70,000, which largely reflects recovery from the decline in manufacturing employment during 1980–82.

Production occupations. The recovery of manufacturing from the recent recession and its projected employment increase by 1995 will provide many additional jobs for production workers performing precision tasks. Although growth rates will only approximate the economy as a whole, supervisors of blue-collar workers will gain 319,000 jobs; machinists, 58,000; press and plate printers, 35,000; tool and die makers, 32,000; and millwrights, 30,000. The majority of machinists, tool and die makers, and millwrights work in durable goods manufacturing which declined during 1980–82 and which is expected to recover and grow.

Some of the lesser skilled production occupations (such as operatives) are threatened by the introduction of robots and other automated equipment. Robots can perform welding, machine loading and unloading, spray painting, and certain types of assembly work, but their introduction is currently hampered by factors such as the lack of visual capabilities and by their purchase, installation, and maintenance costs. If the robots' capabilities can be improved and their associated costs can be reduced through mass production, we may see an occupational impact.

Among the fabricating, assembly, and handworking occupations, the group of assembly occupations is anticipated to grow by 332,000, primarily in electrical and electronic components, machinery, and electrical equipment assembly. Welders and flamecutters are expected to increase by 105,000; however, they are expected to decline in the automotive industry as more spot welding robots are used. The number of filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers should grow by about 30,000 jobs.

Some machine operators and tenders will experience the impact of robots which can load materials into machinery. However, increases are expected in some operator jobs, including 52,000 combination machine tool operators and

39,000 power press operators. Sewers and stitchers should gain 78,000 jobs, although the growth rate is expected to be below average and employment is not even expected to reach the 1977 level by 1995. Production inspectors, testers, samplers, and weighers would be most affected by robotic vision systems, but the use of these systems seems to be in the distant future. Therefore, an increase of 119,000 inspecting jobs and 36,000 testing jobs is projected through 1995.

Sales occupations. Salesworker employment growth trends are generally tied to the growth of industries in which they are employed. Thus, security and bond sales agents and real estate agents should grow faster than average as do their related industries. Salesclerks should increase about average following the trend in retail trade where most are employed. However, because of the very large size of this occupation, it should be among the leaders in the *number* of jobs added during 1982–95.

Low and high alternative projections

The percentage distribution of occupational employment or staffing patterns within specific industries that was used to develop the low- and high-projection alternatives was identical to that used in the moderate-trend projections. Therefore, occupations that are concentrated in industries whose employment varies significantly are those which show the greatest variability among the three alternatives.

Total employment in the moderate-trend alternatives varied by only about 2 percent from both the low and high trends. Therefore, the distribution of employment by major occupational group varies little among the alternatives. (See table 5.)

In looking at specific occupations, significant differences may exist between the moderate and either the low and high alternatives. In virtually all cases, employment levels are small and the percent differences are relatively minor.

In a few instances, projected employment is greater in the low alternative than in the moderate, or lower in the high alternative than in the moderate. For example, employment for aircraft structure assemblers is projected to be 28,000 in the low alternative and 26,000 in the moderate and high alternatives. This is due to significantly higher projected employment for aircraft manufacturing in the low alternative which encompasses higher levels of defense expenditures.

Table 5. Percent distribution of employment by major occupational group, 1982 and projected 1995

			1995	
Occupational group	1982	Low trend	Moderate trend	High trend
Total, all occupations	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers Managers, officials, and proprietors Salesworkers Clerical workers Craft and related workers Operatives Service workers Laborers, except farm Farmers and farmworkers	18.8 11.4 12.8 16.0 5.8	17.3 9.6 6.8 18.8 11.6 12.1 16.4 5.5	17.1 9.6 6.9 18.9 11.6 12.1 16.3 5.5	17.2 9.6 6.9 18.9 11.6 12.2 16.3 5.6

The following list identifies those occupations in which the difference between the alternative (high or low) projected employment is greater than 5 percent from the moderate trend:

Postmasters and mail superintendents
Railroad conductors
Postal mail carriers
Postal service clerks
Bookbinders
Locomotive engineers
Railroad brake operators
Extruder operators, rubber or plastics
Compression and injection mold machine operators, plastics
Press assistants and feeders
Shoemaking machine operators

Data uses

The current and projected occupational employment estimates presented in this article are developed by industry and are a part of a national industry-occupational employment matrix. Data from the matrix will underlie information in the 1984–85 edition of the *Occupational Outlook Handbook* which will be issued in the Spring of 1984. In addition to being used in the development of career guidance information, national occupational employment data and projections are used at all levels of government, and by others, to formulate education plans, including vocational education, and training requirements. State employment security agencies utilize the national matrix as part of their own programs of developing occupational projections. Other government agencies and private organizations also use the matrix for analytical purposes.

¹See *Handbook of Methods*, Bulletin 2134 (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1982), chapters 18–21.

²Table 1 includes only 370 detailed occupations with employment of 25,000 or more in 1982. Projections developed in greater detail with employment of 5,000 or more in 1982 will be published in the Spring of 1984 in *Occupational Projections and Training Data*, 1984 edition. Current and projected occupational employment estimates are developed by the Bureau in the National Industry-Occupational Employment Matrix program. The national matrix is developed by applying data on occupational staffing patterns of industries collected in the Occupational Employment

Statistics Survey program to estimates of annual average industry employment collected in the Current Employment Statistics program. These surveys count jobs rather than people; therefore, the employment estimates contained in this report are different from those derived from a count of individuals in the Current Population Survey.

³See Max L. Carey and Kevin Kasunic, "Evaluating the 1980 projections of occupational employment," *Monthly Labor Review*, July 1982, pp. 22–30.

⁴U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Current Business Report*, Series BR, Monthly Retail Trade.

Appendix Tables

A-1. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, middle growth path

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	-
Sex, age, and race			Number	1				Percent		
*	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total, 16 and over 16 to 24	118,693 23,605	120,421 23,326	122,002	123,563	124,951	65.9	66.1	66.4	66.7	66.9
20 and over	110,557	112,170	22,920 113,715	22,503 115,360	22,087	70.0	70.2	70.7	71.3	71.8
25 to 54	80,261	82,442	84,578	86,728	117,050 88,676	66.6 83.0	66.8 83.4	67.0 83.8	67.3	67.5
55 and over	14,827	14,653	14,504	14,332	14,188	29.8	29.3	28.8	84.1 28.3	84.5 27.8
Vien, 16 and over	65,480	66,112	66,678	67,238	67,701	76.7	76.6	76.5	76.5	76.5
16 to 24	12,294	12,086	11,818	11,545	11,274	74.2	74.0	74.2	74.5	74.7
16 to 19	4,274	4,330	4,344	4,293	4,123	60.2	60.5	61.3	62.1	62.3
16 and 17	1,850	1,894	1,820	1,713	1,664	49.7	50.1	50.4	50.7	51.0
18 and 19	2,424	2,436	2,524	2,580	2,459	72.0	72.2	72.7	73.0	73.2
20 and over	61,206	61,782	62,334	62,945	63,578	78.2	78.0	77.9	77.8	77.7
20 to 24	8,020	7,756	7,474	7,252	7,151	84.6	84.5	84.5	84.4	84.4
25 to 54	44,438	45,414	46,369	47,334	48,180	94.1	94.0	93.9	93.9	93.8
25 to 34	19,154	19,406	19,541	19,625	19,569	94.2	94.1	93.9	93.8	93.7
25 to 29	9,892	9,879	9,842	9,759	9,557	93.4	93.3	93.1	93.0	92.9
30 to 34	9,262	9,527	9,699	9,866	10,012	95.1	95.0	94.8	94.6	94.5
35 to 44	15,334	15,857	16,304	16,867	17,469	95.9	95.8	95.7	95.6	95.0
35 to 39	8,751	8,703	8,870	9,069	9,281	96.6	96.5	96.4	96.3	96.
40 to 44	6,583	7,154	7,434	7,798	8,188	94.9	94.9	94.9	94.8	94.8
45 to 54	9,950	10,151	10,524	10,842	11,142	91.4	91.3	91.3	91.3	91.3
45 to 49	5,375	5,554	5,875	6,104	6,299	93.5	93.4	93.4	93.4	93.4
50 to 54	4,575	4,597	4,649	4,738	4,843	89.0	88.9	88.8	88.7	88.
55 and over	8,748	8,612	8,491	8,359	8,247	40.6	39.7	38.9	38.1	37.4
55 to 64	6,899	6,762	6,647	6,523	6,419	67.5	66.9	66.4	65.9	65.5
55 to 59	4,148	4,058	3,979	3,905	3,842	79.4	79.1	78.7	78.4	78.1
60 to 64	2,751	2,704	2,668	2,618	2,577	55.1	54.4	53.8	53.3	52.8
60 and 61	1,392	1,362	1,342	1,316	1,308	67.6	67.0	66.5	66.0	65.6
62 to 64	1,359	1,342	1,326	1,302	1,269	46.3	45.7	45.1	44.6	44.0
65 and over	1,849	1,850	1,844	1,836	1,828	16.3	16.0	15.6	15.3	14.9
65 to 69	1,042	1,046	1,040	1,030	1,019	25.3	24.8	24.3	23.7	23.3
70 to 74	508	502	499	498	498	16.0	15.7	15.4	15.2	15.0
70 and 71	240	234	233	235	236	17.3	17.0	16.6	16.4	16.0
72 to 74	268	268	266	263	262	15.0	14.7	14.5	14.3	14.1
75 and over	299	302	305	308	311	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.0	6.9
Women, 16 and over	53,213	54,309	55,324	56,325	57,250	56.1	56.7	57.2	57.8	58.3
16 to 24	11,311	11,240	11,102	10,958	10,813	66.1	66.6	67.4	68.3	69.
16 to 19	3,862	3,921	3,943	3,910	3,778	54.3	54.7	55.6	56.5	56.8
16 and 17	1,611	1,650	1,587	1,500	1,461	44.6	45.0	45.4	45.8	46.2
18 and 19	2,251	2,271	2,356	2,410	2,317	64.3	64.8	65.5	66.0	66.5
20 and over	49,351	50,388	51,381	52,415	53,472	56.3	56.8	57.4	57.9	58.4
20 to 24 25 to 54	7,449 35,823	7,319	7,159	7,048	7,035	74.5	75.4	76.3	77.2	78.
25 to 34	15,764	37,028 16,149	38,209 16,444	39,394	40,496	72.3	73.2	74.0	74.8	75.6
25 to 29	8,189	8,267	8,329	16,680 8,355	16,804 8,290	74.8 75.0	75.6 75.9	76.5 76.8	77.3 77.7	78. 78.
30 to 34	7,575	7,882	8,115	8,325	8,514	74.5	75.4	76.8	77.0	77.8
35 to 44	12,526	13,126	13,660	14,296	14,974	74.5	75.6	76.6	77.6	78.6
35 to 39	7,037	7,091	7,314	7,565	7,829	74.1	75.1	76.1	77.1	78.
40 to 44	5,489	6,035	6,346	6,731	7,145	75.0	76.1	77.2	78.2	79.
45 to 54	7,533	7,753	8,105	8,418	8,718	64.6	65.3	65.9	66.5	67.
45 to 49	4,100	4,265	4,539	4,747	4,926	67.2	67.8	68.3	68.7	69.
50 to 54	3,433	3,488	3,566	3,671	3,792	61.8	62.5	63.2	63.8	64.
55 and over	6,079	6,041	6,013	5,973	5,941	21.6	21.3	21.0	20.8	20.
55 to 64	4,819	4,759	4,712	4,659	4,612	41.3	41.3	41.3	41.4	41.
55 to 59	2,937	2,893	2,856	2,821	2,791	50.4	50.6	50.8	50.9	51.
60 to 64	1,882	1,866	1,856	1,838	1,821	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.
60 and 61	937	922	914	904	899	39.5	39.5	39.6	39.6	39.0
62 to 64	945	944	942	934	922	27.2	27.2	27.2	27.2	27.
65 and over	1,260	1,282	1,301	1,314	1,329	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.
65 to 69	778	797	811	822	829	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.
70 to 74	320	321	323	323	328	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.
70 and 71	145	143	144	145	149	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.
72 to 74	175	178	179	178	179	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.
75 and over	162	164	167	169	173	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.
, o and over	102	104	107	100	11/6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.

A-1. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, middle growth path—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

White Total, 16 and over Men, 16 and over 16 to 24	1986 103,064 57,612 10,728 3,803 53,809 6,925 38,917	1987 104,388 58,084 10,554 3,856 54,228	1988 105,571 58,492 10,325	1989 106,726 58,887	1990	1986	1987	Percent 1988	1989	1990
Total, 16 and over	103,064 57,612 10,728 3,803 53,809 6,925	104,388 58,084 10,554 3,856	105,571 58,492	106,726		1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total, 16 and over	57,612 10,728 3,803 53,809 6,925	58,084 10,554 3,856	58,492		107,734					
Men, 16 and over	57,612 10,728 3,803 53,809 6,925	58,084 10,554 3,856	58,492		107,734					
16 to 24	10,728 3,803 53,809 6,925	10,554 3,856		58,887		66.3	66.5	66.8	67.0	67.3
16 to 19	3,803 53,809 6,925	3,856	10.225		59,201	77.6	77.5	77.4	77.4	77.4
16 to 19	3,803 53,809 6,925	3,856		10,088	9,854	77.2	77.2	77.6	78.1	78.5
20 and over	53,809 6,925		3,870	3,828	3,678	64.6	65.1	66.1	67.1	67.5
20 to 24	6,925								78.2	78.1
25 to 54			54,622	55,059	55,523	78.7	78.5	78.4		
25 to 34	38,917	6,698	6,455	6,260	6,176	86.4	86.5	86.6	86.7	86.9
35 to 44		39,692	40,445	41,204	41,864	95.1	95.0	94.9	94.9	94.8
	16,602	16,774	16,844	16,869	16,776	95.4	95.3	95.2	95.1	95.0
45 to 54	13,478	13,912	14,267	14,725	15,216	96.5	96.5	96.4	96.4	96.3
TO 10 04	8,837	9,006	9,334	9,610	9,872	92.4	92.3	92.3	92.3	92.3
55 and over	7,967	7,838	7,722	7,595	7,483	41.0	40.1	39.3	38.5	37.8
55 to 64	6,266	6,134	6,021	5,900	5,795	68.3	67.7	67.2	66.7	66.3
65 and over	1,701	1,704	1,701	1,695	1,688	16.6	16.2	15.9	15.6	15.3
Women, 16 and over	45,452	46,304	47,079	47,839	48,533	55.9	56.5	57.0	57.5	58.1
16 to 24	9,764	9,692	9,561	9,422	9,285	69.1	69.7	70.6	71.6	72.5
16 to 19	3,414	3,464	3,481	3,450	3,330	58.3	58.9	59.9	60.9	61.5
20 and over	42,038	42,840	43,598	44,389	45,203	55.7	56.3	56.8	57.3	57.8
20 to 24	6,350	6,228	6,080	5,972	5,955	76.7	77.7	78.7	79.7	80.7
25 to 54	30,354	31,322	32,264	33,209	34,081	72.2	73.1	74.0	74.8	75.6
					, ,					
25 to 34	13,224	13,517	13,732	13,899	13,967	74.9	75.8	76.6	77.5	78.3
35 to 44	10,652	11,142	11,567	12,078	12,627	74.3	75.4	76.4	77.4	78.4
45 to 54	6,478	6,663	6,965	7,232	7,487	64.6	65.3	65.9	66.6	67.1
55 and over	5,334	5,290	5,254	5,208	5,167	21.3	20.9	20.7	20.4	20.1
55 to 6465 and over	4,213 1,121	4,150 1,140	4,098 1,156	4,041 1,167	3,990 1,177	40.9 7.6	40.9 7.5	41.0 7.5	41.1 7.4	41.2 7.4
Black and other	.,	.,	1,100	.,	',		,	,		
					0.00					
Total, 16 and over	15,629	16,033	16,431	16,837	17,217	63.5	63.7	64.1	64.4	64.8
Men, 16 and over	7,868	8,028	8,186	8,351	8,500	71.0	70.9	70.8	70.9	71.0
16 to 24	1,566	1,532	1,493	1,457	1,420	58.6	57.5	56.8	56.4	55.9
16 to 19	471	474	474	465	445	39.1	38.5	38.5	38.5	37.9
20 and over	7,397	7,554	7,712	7,886	8,055	74.9	74.8	74.7	74.6	74.6
20 to 24	1,095	1,058	1,019	992	975	74.5	73.7	72.9	72.1	71.4
25 to 54	5,521	5,722				87.9	87.8	87.7	87.6	87.6
25 to 34			5,924	6,130	6,316				86.8	
	2,552	2,632	2,697	2,756	2,793	87.3	87.2	87.0		86.7
35 to 44	1,856	1,945	2,037	2,142	2,253	91.2	91.1	91.0	90.9	90.8
45 to 54	1,113	1,145	1,190	1,232	1,270	84.1	84.1	84.1	84,1	84.1
55 and over	781	774	769	764	764	36.8	36.1	35.4	34.8	34.3
55 to 64 65 and over	633 148	628 146	626 143	623 141	624 140	60.5 13.7	60.1 13.3	59.6 12.7	59.2 12.3	58.9 12.0
Women, 16 and over	7,761	8,005	8,245	8,486	8,717	57.3	57.9	58.5	59.1	59.
16 to 24	1,547	1,548	1,541	1,536			52.0	52.4	53.1	53.7
16 to 19	448				1,528	51.8 35.4	35.5	35.9	36.4	36.5
		457	462	460	448	35.4				
20 and over	7,313	7,548	7,783	8,026	8,269	59.6	60.2	60.8	61.3	61.9
20 to 24	1,099	1,091	1,079	1,076	1,080	63.8	64.6	65.3	66.0	66.
25 to 54	5,469	5,706	5,945	6,185	6,415	72.8	73.6	74.3	75.1	75.8
25 to 34	2,540	2,632	2,712	2,781	2,837	74.1	75.0	75.9	76.7	77.
35 to 44	1,874	1,984	2,093	2,218	2,347	76.1	77.0	77.8	78.7	79.
45 to 54	1,055	1,090	1,140	1,186	1,231	64.8	65.3	65.8	66.2	66.
55 and over	745	751	759	765	774	24.6	24.3	24.0	23.8	23.
55 to 64	606	609	614	618	622	44.0	43.9	43.7	43.6	43.
65 and over	139	142	145	147	152	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.1	8.

A-1. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, middle growth path—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Total, 16 and over	126,350	127,587	128,860	130,102	131,387	67.2	67.3	67.5	67.6	67.8
6 to 24	21,872	21,651	21,552	21,340	21,130	72.3	72.6	72.9	73.0	73.0
0 and over	118,743	120,087	121,315	122,445	123,583	67.7	67.9	68.0	68.2	68.3
5 to 54	90,406	91,960	93,358	94,788	96,210	84.9	85.1	85.4	85.7	85.9
5 and over	14,072	13,976	13,950	13,974	14,047	27.4	27.1	26.8	26.7	26.6
len, 16 and over	68,170	68,590	69,035	69,479	69,970	76.4	76.4	76.3	76.2	76.1
16 to 24	11,113	10,953	10,860	10,713	10,573	74.8	74.9	74.8	74.7	74.5
16 to 19	3,959	3,896	3,915	3,968	4,043	62.2	62.2	62.5	62.7	62.9
16 and 17	1,665	1,681	1,707	1,745	1,790	51.4	51.8	52.1	52.4	52.7
18 and 19	2,294	2,215	2,208	2,223	2,253	73.3	73.6	73.8	74.1	74.4
20 and over	64,211	64,694	65,120	65,511	65,927	77.5	77.4	77.3	77.2	77.1
20 to 24	7,154	7,057	6,945	6,745	6,530	84.3	84.3	84.3	84.2	84.
25 to 54	48,908	49,571	50,148	50,749	51,358	93.7	93.6	93.5	93.5	93.4
25 to 34	19,389	19,098	18,751	18,420	18,105	93.6	93.5	93.4	93.2	93.1
25 to 29										
	9,221	8,936	8,625	8,377	8,262	92.7	92.6	92.5	92.4	92.3
30 to 34	10,168	10,162	10,126	10,043	9,843	94.4	94.2	94.1	94.0	93.9
35 to 44	18,105	18,343	18,702	19,075	19,446	95.5	95.5	95.4	95.4	95.3
35 to 39	9,467	9,740	9,927	10,099	10,253	96.1	96.0	96.0	95.9	95.8
40 to 44	8,638	8,603	8,775	8,976	9,193	94.9	94.8	94.8	94.8	94.8
45 to 54	11,414	12,130	12,695	13,254	13,807	91.2	91.2	91.2	91.1	91.
45 to 49	6,442	6,994	7,264	7,612	7,987	93.3	93.3	93.3	93.2	93.2
50 to 54	4,972	5,136	5,431	5,642	5,820	88.6	88.6	88.5	88.4	88.4
55 and over	8,149	8,066	8,027	8,017	8,039	36.8	36.2	35.8	35.5	35.3
55 to 64	6,339	6,273	6,252	6,267	6,311	65.1	64.8	64.6	64.5	64.5
55 to 59	3,814	3,823	3,859	3,924	4,006	77.8	77.5	77.2	77.0	76.7
60 to 64	2,525	2,450	2,393	2,343	2,305	52.3	51.6	51.1	50.8	50.5
60 and 61	1,281	1,225	1,195	1,183	1,180	65.1	64.6	64.2	63.8	63.4
62 to 64	1,244	1,225	1,198	1,160	1,125	43.5	43.0	42.5	42.0	41.
65 and over	1,810	1,793	1,775	1,750	1,728	14.6	14.3	13.9	13.6	13.3
65 to 69	998	975	955	931	909	22.8	22.4	22.0	21.6	21.2
70 to 74	500	505	505	502	1.000					
70 and 71	238				499	14.7	14.5	14.3	14.0	13.8
72 to 74	262	240	236	230	229	15.7	15.5	15.2	14.9	14.7
75 and over	312	265 313	269 315	272 317	270 320	13.9 6.7	13.7 6.6	13.5 6.5	13.3 6.4	13.1
Vomen, 16 and over	58,180	58,997	59,825	60,623	61,417	58.8	59.2	59.6	60.0	60.3
16 to 24	10,759	10,698	10,692	10,627	10,557	69.9	70.4	71.0	71.3	71.6
16 to 19	3,648	3,604	3,630	3,689	3,761	57.0	57.2	57.6	57.9	58.2
16 and 17	1,464	1,481	1,506	1,540	1,581	46.6	47.0	47.3	47.7	48.0
18 and 19	2,184	2,123	2,124	2,149	2,180	67.0	67.5	68.0	68.4	68.9
20 and over	54,532	55,393	56,195	56,934	57,656	58.9	59.3	59.7	60.1	60.4
20 to 24	7,111	7,094	7,062	6,938	6,796	79.0	79.8	80.6	81.4	82.0
25 to 54	41,498	42,389	43,210	44,039	44,852	76.4	77.0	77.6	78.1	78.
25 to 34	16,812	16,717	16,569	16,431	16,300	78.9	79.7	80.4	81.1	81.
25 to 29	8,106	7,949	7,760	7,620	7,582	79.3	80.1	80.9	81.6	82.2
30 to 34	8,706	8,768	8,809	8,811	8,718	78.6	79.3	80.0	80.7	81.
35 to 44	15,691	16,055	16,519	16,981	17,427	79.5	80.4	81.2	82.0	82.
35 to 39	8,074	8,395	8,635	8,848	9,034	78.9	79.8	80.6	81.3	82.0
40 to 44	7,617	7,660	7,884	8,133	8,393	80.2	81.1	82.0	82.8	83.
45 to 54	8,995	9,617	10,122	10,627	11,125	67.6	68.1	68.6	69.1	69.
45 to 49	5,069	5,527	5,765	6,067	6,390	69.7	70.1	70.5	70.9	71.
50 to 54	3,926	4,090	4,357	4,560	4,735	65.1	65.7	66.2	66.8	67.
55 and over	5,923	5,910	5,923			20.3	20.1	20.0	19.9	
55 to 64				5,957	6,008					19.
	4,587	4,571	4,581	4,618	4,671	41.6	41.7	41.9	42.2	42.
55 to 59	2,786	2,810	2,850	2,912	2,985	51.3	51.5	51.6	51.8	51.9
60 to 64	1,801	1,761	1,731	1,706	1,686	32.2	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.
60 and 61	891	857	839	835	836	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7	39.
62 to 64	910	904	892	871	850	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.0	27.0
65 and over	1,336	1,339	1,342	1,339	1,337	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0
65 to 69	829	824	821	814	808	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.
70 to 74	333	340	344	346	348	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.
70 and 71	151	154	153	151	151	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.
72 to 74	182	186	191	195	197	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.
75 and over	174	175	177	179	181	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0
	1,7	1 173	1 177	1 173	101		2.1	2.1	2.1	

A-1. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, middle growth path—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
=	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	199
White										
Total, 16 and over	108,748	109,634	110,557	111,454	112,393	67.5	67.7	67.8	68.0	68.
Men, 16 and over	59,518	59,799	60,102	60,408	60,757	77.3	77.2	77.1	77.1	77.
16 to 24	9,713	9,577	9,502	9,386	9,271	78.8	79.0	79.1	79.1	79.
16 to 19	3,538	3,489	3,512	3,565	3,639	67.6	67.9	68.3	68.7	69.
20 and over	55,980	56,310	56,590	56,843	57,118	78.0	77.9	77.8	77.7	77.
20 to 24	6,175	6,088	5,990	5,821	5,632	87.0	87.1	87.2	87.3	87
25 to 54	42,418	42,921	43,345	43,783	44,232	94.7	94.7	94.6	94.5	94
25 to 34	16,576	16,283	15,943	15,621	15,324	94.9	94.8	94.7	94.6	94
35 to 44	15,737	15,897	16,170	16,445	16,717	96.3	96.3	96.2	96.2	96
45 to 54	10,105	10,741	11,232	11,717	12,191	92.2	92.2	92.2	92.1	92
55 and over	7,387	7,301	7,255	7,239		37.1	36.6	36.1	35.8	35
					7,254					
55 to 64	5,712	5,642	5,612	5,617	5,651	66.0	65.7	65.5	65.4	65
65 and over	1,675	1,659	1,643	1,622	1,603	14.9	14.6	14.3	14.0	13
Vomen, 16 and over	49,230	49,835	50,455	51,046	51,636	58.5	58.9	59.3	59.7	60
16 to 24	9,224	9,161	9,149	9,091	9,025	73.3	74.0	74.6	75.1	75.
16 to 19	3,215	3,177	3,201	3,253	3,318	61.7	62.0	62.5	62.9	63
	46,015									59.
20 and over		46,658	47,254	47,793	48,318	58.3	58.7	59.1	59.5	
20 to 24	6,009	5,984	5,948	5,838	5,707	81.6	82.5	83.3	84.1	84
25 to 54	34,865	35,555	36,185	36,813	37,433	76.3	77.0	77.6	78.1	78.
25 to 34	13,936	13,819	13,657	13,503	13,365	79.1	79.8	80.5	81.2	81
35 to 44	13,208	13,479	13,844	14,200	14,543	79.4	80.3	81.1	81.9	82
45 to 54	7,721	8,257	8,684	9,110	9,525	67.7	68.3	68.8	69.2	69.
55 and over	5,141	5,119	5,121	5,142	5,178	19.9	19.7	19.6	19.6	19.
55 to 64	3,959	3,937	3,938	3,964	4,004	41.3	41.4	41.7	42.0	42
65 and over	1,182	1,182	1,183	1,178	1,174	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0	6.
Black and other			5							
Total, 16 and over	17,602	17,953	18,303	18,648	18,994	65.1	65.3	65.5	65.6	65.
Men, 16 and over	8,652	8,791	8,933	9,071	9,213	71.0	70.9	70.8	70.7	70.
16 to 24	1,400	1,376	1,358	1,327	1,302	55.6	55.0	54.4	53.5	52.
16 to 19	421	407	403	403	404	37.0	36.3	35.8	35.4	35
20 and over	8,231	8,384	8,530	8,668	8,809	74.5	74.4	74.3	74.2	74
20 to 24	979	969	955	924	898	70.8	70.2	69.6	68.9	68
25 to 54	6,490	6,650	6,803	6,966	7,126	87.5	87.4	87.4	87.3	87
25 to 34	2,813	2,815	2,808	2,799	2,781	86.6	86.4	86.2	86.1	86
35 to 44	2,368			2,799		90.8	90.7	90.7	90.6	90
45 to 54		2,446	2,532		2,729		84.2	84.2	84.2	84
	1,309	1,389	1,463	1,537	1,616	84.1				
55 and over	762	765	772	778	785	33.7	33.4	33.2	32.9	32
55 to 64 65 and over	627 135	631 134	640 132	650 128	660 125	58.5 11.4	58.1 11.1	57.9 10.8	57.7 10.3	57 9
Vomen, 16 and over	8,950	9,162	9,370	9,577	9,781	60.3	60.7	61.1	61.4	61
16 to 24	1,535	1,537	1,543	1,536	1,532	54.4	54.7	55.1	55.2	55.
16 to 19	433	427	429	436	443	36.4	36.3	36.3	36.5	36
20 and over	8,517	8,735	8,941	9,141	9,338	62.4	62.8	63.1	63.5	63
20 to 24	1,102	1,110	1,114			67.4	68.1	68.7	69.3	69
25 to 54	6,633	6,834		1,100	1,089		77.1	77.7	78.2	78
			7,025	7,226	7,419	76.5				
25 to 34	2,876	2,898	2,912	2,928	2,935	78.3	79.1	79.8	80.5	81
35 to 44	2,483	2,576	2,675	2,781	2,884	80.3	81.1	81.8	82.5	83.
45 to 54	1,274	1,360	1,438	1,517	1,600	66.9	67.4	67.7	68.1	68
55 and over	782	791	802	815	830	23.3	23.1	22.9	22.8	22.
55 to 64	628	634	643	654	667	43.6	43.5	43.5	43.6	43.
65 and over	154	157	159	161	163	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.

A-2. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, high growth path

	ėŧ.	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race		5-	Number			111/11		Percent		
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total, 16 and over	122,292	124,726	127,008	129,268	131,319	67.9	68.5	69.1	69.8	70.3
16 to 24	24,324	24,126	23,790	23,444	23,091	72.2	72.7	73.4	74.3	75.1
20 and over	113,876	116,148	118,356	120,663	122,990	68.6	69.2	69.8	70.4	70.9
25 to 54	82,620 15,348	85,193 15,407	87,733 15,485	90,292 15,532	92,639 15,589	85.4 30.9	86.2 30.8	86.9 30.7	87.6 30.6	88.3 30.6
Men, 16 and over	66,529 12,594	67,397 12,444	68,205 12,229	68,996 12,007	69,674 11,782	77.9 76.0	78.1 76.2	78.3 76.7	78.5 77.5	78.7 78.0
16 to 19	4,420	4,509	4,552	4,529	4,380	62.3	63.0	64.2	65.5	66.2
16 and 17	1,921	1,982	1,919	1,822	1,783	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.7
18 and 19	2,499	2,527	2,633	2,707	2,597	74.2	74.9	75.8	76.6	77.
20 and over	62,109	62,888	63,653	64,467	65,294	79.4	79.4	79.5	79.6	79.7
20 to 24	8,174					86.2	86.5	86.8	87.0	87.3
25 to 54		7,935	7,677	7,478	7,402					95.2
	44,758	45,830	46,888	47,953	48,894	94.8	94.9	95.0	95.1	1
25 to 34	19,295	19,604	19,806	19,946	19,943	94.9	95.1	95.2	95.4	95.5
25 to 29	10,035	10,052	10,045	9,989	9,809	94.8	94.9	95.1	95.2	95.3
30 to 34	9,260	9,552	9,761	9,957	10,134	95.1	95.2	95.4	95.5	95.
35 to 44	15,457	16,004	16,475	17,066	17,696	96.6	96.6	96.7	96.8	96.8
35 to 39	8,846	8,816	9,005	9,225	9,461	97.7	97.8	97.9	98.0	98.
40 to 44	6,611	7,188	7,470	7,841	8,235	95.3	95.3	95.3	95.4	95.4
45 to 54	10,006	10,222	10,607	10,941	11,255	91.9	92.0	92.1	92.1	92.2
45 to 49	5,400	5,586	5,914	6,151	6,352	93.9	94.0	94.1	94.1	94.2
50 to 54	4,606	4,636	4,693	4,790	4,903	89.6	89.6	89.6	89.7	89.7
55 and over	9,177	9,123	9,088	9,036	8,998	42.6	42.1	41.7	41.2	40.8
55 to 64	7,142	7,049	6,978	6,894	6,827	69.9	69.8	69.7	69.7	69.7
55 to 59	4,246	4,172	4,111	4,053	4,004	81.3	81.3	81.3	81.4	81.4
60 to 64	2,896	2,877	2,867	2,841	2,823	58.0	57.9	57.8	57.8	57.9
60 and 61	1,453	1,433	1,423	1,405	1,406	70.5	70.5	70.6	70.5	70.5
62 to 64	1,443	1,444	1,444	1,436	1,417	49.1	49.2	49.1	49.2	49.
65 and over	2,035	2,074	2,110	2,142	2,171	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.8	17.7
65 to 69	1,154	1,180	1,198	1,213	1,223	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
70 to 74	553	556	564	571	581	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.5
70 and 71	263	261	266	272	279	19.0	18.9	19.0	19.0	19.0
72 to 74	290	295	298	299	302	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.3
75 and over	328	338	348	358	367	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
Women, 16 and over	55,763	57,329	58,803	60,272	61,645	58.8	59.8	60.8	61.8	62.8
16 to 24	11,730					68.5	69.2	70.2	71.3	72.3
16 to 19	3,996	11,682	11,561	11,437	11,309	56.1	56.8	57.8	58.9	59.4
16 and 17		4,069	4,100	4,076	3,949	47.2	47.8	48.3	48.9	49.4
18 and 19	1,706	1,751	1,690	1,601	1,563		66.1	67.0	67.8	68.5
	2,290	2,318	2,410	2,475	2,386	65.4				
20 and over	51,767	53,260	54,703	56,196	57,696	59.0	60.1	61.1	62.1	63.0
20 to 24	7,734	7,613	7,461	7,361	7,360	77.3	78.4	79.6	80.7	81.0
25 to 54	37,862	39,363	40,845	42,339	43,745	76.4	77.8	79.1	80.4	81.7 85.0
25 to 34	16,906	17,384	17,767	18,087	18,287	80.2	81.4	82.7	83.9	85.
25 to 29	8,777	8,888	8,983	9,037	8,994	80.4	81.6	82.8	84.0	
30 to 34	8,129	8,496	8,784	9,050	9,293	80.0	81.2	82.5	83.7	84.
35 to 44	13,158	13,848	14,474	15,211	15,995	78.3	79.8	81.2	82.6	83.
35 to 39	7,410	7,510	7,792	8,103	8,430	78.1	79.6	81.1	82.5	84.
40 to 44	5,748	6,338	6,682	7,108	7,565	78.6	80.0	81.3	82.6	83.
45 to 54	7,798	8,131	8,604	9,041	9,463	66.9	68.5	70.0	71.4	72.
45 to 49	4,345	4,540	4,853	5,099	5,314	71.2	72.1	73.0	73.8	74.
50 to 54	3,453	3,591	3,751	3,942	4,149	62.1	64.3	66.4	68.5	70.
55 and over	6,171	6,284	6,397	6,496	6,591	21.9	22.2	22.4	22.6	22.
55 to 64	4,860	4,940	5,024	5,097	5,168	41.6	42.9	44.1	45.3	46.
55 to 59	2,949	3,040	3,129	3,215	3,298	50.6	53.1	55.6	58.1	60.
60 to 64	1,911	1,900	1,895	1,882	1,870	32.7	32.7	32.8	32.9	33.0
60 and 61	953	941	936	928	926	40.2	40.4	40.5	40.7	40.8
62 to 64	958	959	959	954	944	27.6	27.6	27.7	27.7	27.8
65 and over	1,311	1,344	1,373	1,399	1,423	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.
65 to 69	800	824	843	859	871	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.
70 to 74	336	339	343	348	354	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.
70 and 71					160	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.
	152	151	152	156						
72 to 74	184	188	191	192	194	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.
75 and over	175	181	187	192	198	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

A-2. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, high growth path—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce	(2)		Labor fo	rce participa	ition rate	
Sex, age, and race		*	Number					Percent	5	
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	199
White			, 1	/41 St				2/3		
Total, 16 and over	105,660	107,529	109,256	110,948	112,471	67.9	68.5	69.1	69.7	70.
Men, 16 and over	58,215	58,827	59,378	59,906	60,344	78.4	78.4	78.6	78.7	78.
16 to 24	10,819	10,660	10,445	10,220	9,997	77.8	78.0	78.5	79.1	. 79.
16 to 19	3,843	3,904	3,925	3,889	3,743	65.3	65.9	67.0	68.2	68
20 and over	54,372	54,923	55,453	56,017	56,601	79.5	79.5	79.6	79.6	79
20 to 24	6,976	6,756	6,520	6,331	6,254	87.1	87.3	87.5	87.7	87
25 to 54	39,062	39,890	40,702	41,514	42,222	95.4	95.5	95.5	95.6	95
25 to 34	16,639	16,843	16,954	17,011	16,946	95.6	95.7	95.8	95.9	96
35 to 44							97.1	97.1	97.1	97
	13,557	14,004	14,372	14,844	15,349	97.1				
45 to 54	8,866	9,043	9,376	9,659	9,927	92.7	92.7	92.8	92.8	92
55 and over	8,334	8,277	8,231	8,172	8,125	42.9	42.4	41.9	41.4	41
55 to 64	6,472	6,378	6,301	6,213	6,139	70.5	70.4	70.3	70.3	70
65 and over	1,862	1,899	1,930	1,959	1,986	18.1	18.1	18.1	18.0	17
Vomen, 16 and over	47,445	48,702	49,878	51,042	52,127	58.4	59.4	60.4	61.4	62
16 to 24	10,048	9,977	9,845	9,707	9,569	71.1	71.8	72.7	73.8	74
16 to 19	3,512	3,568	3,589	3,561	3,441	60.0	60.7	61.8	62.9	63
20 and over	43,933	45,134	46,289	47,481	48,686	58.3	59.3	60.3	61.3	62
20 to 24	6,536	6,409	6,256	6,146	6,128	78.9	80.0	81.0	82.0	83
25 to 54	31,991	33,217	34,424	35,640	36,779	76.1	77.5	78.9	80.3	81
25 to 34	14,122	14,491	14,779	15,015	15,145	80.0	81.2	82.5	83.7	84
35 to 44	11,156	11,723	12,227	12,826	13,466	77.8	79.3	80.7	82.2	83
45 to 54	6,713	7,003	7,418	7,799	8,168	66.9	68.6	70.2	71.8	73
55 and over	5,406	5,508	5,609				21.8	22.1	22.3	22
				5,695	5,779	21.5				
55 to 6465 and over	4,240 1,166	4,313 1,195	4,389 1,220	4,453 1,242	4,517 1,262	41.2 7.9	42.5 7.9	43.9 7.9	45.2 7.9	46
Black and other										
Total, 16 and over	16,632	17,197	17,752	18,320	18,848	67.6	68.4	69.2	70.1	70
Men, 16 and over	8,314	8,570	8,827	9,090	9,330	75.0	75.7	76.4	77.2	77
16 to 24	1,775	1,784	1,784	1,787	1,785	66.4	66.9	67.9	69.2	70
16 to 19	577	605	627	640	637	47.9	49.1	51.0	52.9	54
20 and over	7,737	7,965	8,200	8,450	8,693	78.4	78.9	79.4	80.0	80
20 to 24	1,198	1,179	1,157	1,147	1,148	81.6	82.2	82.8	83.4	84
25 to 54	5,696	5,940	6,186	6,439	6,672	90.7	91.1	91.6	92.1	92
25 to 34	2,656	2,761	2,852	2,935		90.9	91.4	92.0	92.5	93
35 to 44					2,997					
	1,900	2,000	2,103	2,222	2,347	93.4	93.7	94.0	94.3	94
45 to 54	1,140	1,179	1,231	1,282	1,328	86.1	86.6	87.0	87.5	87
55 and over	843	846	857	864	873	39.7	39.4	39.4	39.3	39
55 to 6465 and over	670 173	671 175	677 180	681 183	688 185	64.1 16.0	64.2 15.9	16.0	64.7 16.0	15
Vomen, 16 and over	8,318	8,627	8,925	9,230	9,518	61.4	62.4	63.3	64.3	65
16 to 24	1,682	1,705	1,716	1,730	1,740	56.3	57.3	58.4	59.8	61
16 to 19	484	501	511	515	508	38.2	38.9	39.7	40.7	41
20 and over	7,834	8,126	8,414	8,715	9,010	63.8	64.8	65.7	66.6	67
20 to 24	1,198	1,204	1,205	1,215	1,232	69.6	71.3	72.9	74.5	76
25 to 54	5,871	6,146	6,421	6,699	6,966	78.1	79.3	80.3	81.3	82
25 to 34	2,784	2,893	2,988	3,072	3,142	81.3	82.5	83.6	84.7	85
35 to 44										1
	2,002	2,125	2,247	2,385	2,529	81.3	82.4	83.5	84.6	85
45 to 54	1,085	1,128	1,186	1,242	1,295	66.7	67.6	68.4	69.3	70
55 and over	765	776	788	801	812	25.2	25.1	24.9	24.9	24
55 to 64	620	627	635	644	651	45.0	45.2	45.2	45.5	45
65 and over	145	149	153	157	161	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.7	8

A-2. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, high growth path—Continued

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Total, 16 and over	133,388	135,288	137,205	139,085	140,973	70.9	71.4	71.9	72.3	72.7
6 to 24	22,948	22,796	22,769	22,623	22,476	75.9	76.5	77.0	77.4	77.7
20 and over	125,327	127,302	129,135	130,861	132,557	71.5	72.0	72.4	72.9	73.3
25 to 54	94,760	96,709	98,486	100,292	102,070	89.0	89.5	90.1	90.6	91.1
55 and over	15,680	15,783	15,950	16,170	16,427	30.5	30.6	30.7	30.8	31.1
Men, 16 and over	70,364	70,999	71,656	72,311	73,005	78.9	79.0	79.2	79.3	79.4
16 to 24	11,668	11,555	11,513	11,414	11,321	78.6	79.0	79.3	79.6	79.8
16 to 19	4,236	4,196	4,244	4,328	4,436	66.5	67.0	67.7	68.4	69.1
16 and 17	1,798	1,828	1,870	1,925	1,988	55.5	56.3	57.1	57.8	58.6
18 and 19	2,438	2,368	2,374	2,403	2,448	77.9	78.6	79.4	80.1	80.8
20 and over	66,128	66,803	67,412	67,983	68,569	79.9	79.9	80.0	80.1	80.2
20 to 24	7,432	7,359	7,269	7,086	6,885	87.6	87.9	88.2	88.4	88.7
25 to 54	49,716	50,476	51,146	51,842	52,545	95.3	95.3	95.4	95.5	95.5
25 to 34	19,813	19,569	19,265	18,977	18,701	95.6	95.8	95.9	96.1	96.2
25 to 29	9,492	9,225	8,928	8,695	8,598	95.5	95.6	95.7	95.9	96.0
30 to 34	10,321	10,344	10,337	10,282	10,103	95.8	95.9	96.1	96.2	96.3
35 to 44	18,361	18,628	19,016	19,419	19,821	96.9	97.0	97.0	97.1	97.2
35 to 39	9,670	9,969	10,179	10,375	10,553	98.2	98.3	98.4	98.5	98.6
40 to 44	8,691	8,659	8,837	9,044	9,268	95.4	95.5	95.5	95.5	95.6
45 to 54	11,542	12,279	12,865	13,446	14,023	92.2	92.4	92.4	92.5	92.5
	6,503	7,067	7,347	7,707	8,096	94.2	94.3	94.3	94.4	94.5
50 to 54	5,039	5,212	5,518	5,739	5,927	89.8	89.9	89.9	90.0	90.0
55 and over	8,980	8,968	8,997	9,055	9,139	40.5	40.3	40.1	40.1	40.1
55 to 6455 to 59	6,787	6,758	6,771	6,822	6,899	69.7	69.8	70.0	70.2	70.5
60 to 64	3,994 2,793	4,022 2,736	4,076 2,695	4,161	4,264 2,635	81.5 57.8	81.5	81.6	81.6	81.7
60 and 61	1,387	1,335		2,661		70.5	57.6 70.4	57.6 70.4	57.7 70.4	57.8 70.3
62 to 64	1,406	1,401	1,310 1,385	1,305 1,356	1,309 1,326	49.1	49.1	49.1	49.1	49.1
65 and over	2,193	2,210	2,226	2,233	2,240	17.7	17.6	17.5	17.4	17.3
65 to 69	1,223	1,217	1,215	1,207	1,199	27.9	27.9	28.0	28.0	28.0
70 to 74	594	609	618	624	630	17.4	17.5	17.4	17.4	17.4
70 and 71	287	294	294	293	295	18.9	19.0	19.0	19.0	18.9
72 to 74	307	315	324	331	335	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2
75 and over	376	384	393	402	411	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1
Vomen, 16 and over	63,024	64,289	65,549	66,774	67,968	63.7	64.5	65.3	66.0	66.7
16 to 24	11,280	11,241	11,256	11,209	11,155	73.2	74.0	74.7	75.2	75.7
16 to 19	3,825	3,790	3,826	3,896	3,980	59.8	60.2	60.7	61.2	61.6
16 and 17	1,570	1,592	1,621	1,661	1,709	50.0	50.5	51.0	51.4	51.9
18 and 19	2,255	2,198	2,205	2,235	2,271	69.2	69.9	70.6	71.2	71.8
20 and over	59,199	60,499	61,723	62,878	63,988	64.0	64.8	65.6	66.4	67.1
20 to 24	7,455	7,451	7,430	7,313	7,175	82.8	83.9	84.8	85.8	86.6
25 to 54	45,044	46,233	47,340	48,450	49,525	82.9	84.0	85.0	86.0	86.9
25 to 34	18,357	18,311	18,203	18,101	18,000	86.2	87.3	88.3	89.3	90.2
25 to 29	8,819	8,671	8,486	8,353	8,329	86.3	87.4	88.4	89.4	90.3
30 to 34	9,538	9,640	9,717	9,748	9,671	86.1	87.2	88.2	89.2	90.2
35 to 44	16,822	17,279	17,835	18,389	18,921	85.2	86.5	87.7	88.8	89.9
35 to 39	8,736	9,127	9,426	9,697	9,934	85.4	86.7	88.0	89.1	90.2
40 to 44	8,086	8,152	8,409	8,692	8,987	85.1	86.3	87.4	88.5	89.4
45 to 54	9,865	10,643	11,302	11,960	12,604	74.1	75.4	76.6	77.7	78.8
45 to 49	5,490	6,010	6,293	6,647	7,023	75.5	76.2	77.0	77.7	78.3
50 to 54	4,375	4,633	5,009	5,313	5,581	72.5	74.4	76.1	77.8	79.3
55 and over	6,700	6,815	6,953	7,115	7,288	22.9	23.2	23.5	23.8	24.2
55 to 64	5,259	5,358	5,483	5,638	5,806	47.7	48.9	50.2	51.5	52.8
55 to 59	3,405	3,540	3,691	3,867	4,052	62.7	64.8	66.9	68.7	70.4
60 to 64	1,854	1,818	1,792	1,771	1,754	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.3	33.4
60 and 61	921	888	873	871	875	41.0	41.1	41.3	41.4	41.5
62 to 64	933	930	919	900	879	27.8	27.9	27.9	28.0	28.0
65 and over	1,441	1,457	1,470	1,477	1,482	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.7
65 to 69	875	875	876	872	868	16.0	16.1	16.2	16.3	16.3
70 to 74	363	375	381	387	391	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9
70 and 71	165	170	170	169	170	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.3	8.3
72 to 74	198	205	211	218	221	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7
75 and over	203	207	213	218	223	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

A-2. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, high growth path-Continued

Sex, age, and race White			Number		1					
White			Number					Percent		
White	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Total, 16 and over	113,997	115,387	116,795	118,173	119,560	70.8	71.2	71.7	72.1	72.5
Men, 16 and over	60,784	61,180	61,592	62,006	62,451	79.0	79.0	79.0	79.1	79.2
16 to 24	9,868	9,741	9,677	9,570	9,463	80.0	80.3	80.6	80.7	80.8
16 to 19	3,607	3,561	3,590	3,648	3,728	69.0	69.3	69.8	70.3	70.8
20 and over	57,177	57,619	58,002	58,358	58,723	79.7	79.7	79.7	79.7	79.8
20 to 24	6,261	6,180	6,087	5,922	5,735	88.2	88.4	88.6	88.8	88.9
25 to 54	42,824	43,374	43,841	44,325	44,815	95.7	95.7	95.7	95.7	95.7
25 to 34	16,773	16,504	16,185	15,886	15,608	96.0	96.1	96.2	96.2	96.3
35 to 44	15,883	16,057	16,344	16,632	16,916	97.2	97.2	97.3	97.3	97.3
45 to 54	10,168	10,813	11,312	11,807	12,291	92.8	92.9	92.8	92.8	92.9
55 and over	8,092	8,065	8,074	8,111	8,173	40.7	40.4	40.2	40.1	40.2
		6,045	6,041	6,073		70.3	70.3	70.5	70.7	71.0
55 to 64	6,087				6,130					
65 and over	2,005	2,020	2,033	2,038	2,043	17.9	17.8	17.7	17.5	17.4
Women, 16 and over	53,213	54,207	55,203	56,167	57,109	63.3	64.1	64.9	65.7	66.4
16 to 24	9,514	9,454	9,446	9,392	9,330	75.7	76.4	77.0	77.5	77.9
16 to 19				3,379		63.9	64.3	64.8	65.3	65.8
	3,329	3,294	3,322		3,451					66.4
20 and over	49,884	50,913	51,881	52,788	53,658	63.2	64.1	64.9	65.7	
20 to 24	6,185	6,160	6,124	6,013	5,879	84.0	84.9	85.8	86.6	87.4
25 to 54	37,824	38,777	39,660	40,535	41,384	82.8	83.9	85.0	86.0	87.0
25 to 34	15,165	15,089	14,958	14,833	14,719	86.0	87.1	88.2	89.2	90.1
35 to 44	14,141	14,491	14,936	15,370	15,785	85.0	86.3	87.5	88.7	89.7
45 to 54	8,518	9,197	9,766	10,332	10,880	74.7	76.0	77.3	78.5	79.6
55 and over	5,875	5,976	6,097	6,240	6,395	22.7	23.0	23.3	23.7	24.1
55 to 64	4,599	4,689	4,800	4,940	5,093	48.0	49.4	50.8	52.3	53.7
65 and over	1,276	1,287	1,297	1,300	1,302	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.7
Black and other										
Total, 16 and over	19,391	19,901	20,410	20,912	21,413	71.7	72.4	73.0	73.6	74.1
Men, 16 and over	9,580	9,819	10,064	10,305	10,554	78.6	79.2	79.8	80.4	80.9
16 to 24	1,800	1,814	1,836	1,844	1,858	71.5	72.5	73.5	74.4	75.2
16 to 19	629	635	654	680	708	55.3	56.6	58.1	59.7	61.3
			1				81.5	81.9	82.4	82.8
20 and over	8,951	9,184	9,410	9,625	9,846	81.0				
20 to 24	1,171	1,179	1,182	1,164	1,150	84.7	85.4	86.2	86.8	87.5
25 to 54	6,892	7,102	7,305	7,517	7,730	93.0	93.4	93.8	94.2	94.6
25 to 34	3,040	3,065	3,080	3,091	3,093	93.5	94.1	94.6	95.1	95.6
35 to 44	2,478	2,571	2,672	2,787	2,905	95.0	95.3	95.7	96.0	96.4
45 to 54	1,374	1,466	1,553	1,639	1,732	88.3	88.8	89.4	89.8	90.3
55 and over	888	903	923	944	966	39.3	39.4	39.7	39.9	40.1
55 to 64	700 188	713 190	730 193	749 195	769 197	65.3 15.8	65.7 15.8	66.1 15.8	66.5 15.7	66.9 15.6
Women, 16 and over	9,811	10,082	10,346	10,607	10,859	66.1	66.8	67.4	68.0	68.5
			-							
16 to 24	1,766	1,787	1,810	1,817	1,825	62.5	63.6	64.6	65.3	65.8
16 to 19	496	496	504	517	529	41.7	42.1	42.7	43.2	43.6
20 and over	9,315	9,586	9,842	10,090	10,330	68.2	68.9	69.5	70.1	70.6
20 to 24	1,270	1,291	1,306	1,300	1,296	77.7	79.2	80.6	81.9	83.1
25 to 54	7,220	7,456	7,680	7,915	8,141	83.3	84.2	84.9	85.7	86.4
25 to 34	3,192	3,222	3,245	3,268	3,281	87.0	87.9	88.9	89.8	90.7
35 to 44	2,681	2,788	2,899	3,019	3,136	86.7	87.8	88.7	89.6	90.4
45 to 54	1,347	1,446	1,536	1,628	1,724	70.8	71.7	72.4	73.1	73.7
55 and over	825	839	856	875	893	24.6	24.5	24.5	24.5	24.
55 to 64	660	669	683	698	713	45.8	45.9	46.2	46.5	46.8
65 and over	165	170	173	177	180	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.5

A-3. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, low growth path

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
Total, 16 and over	115,649	116,973	118,161	119,334	120,349	64.2	64.2	64.3	64.4	64.5
6 to 24	23,014	22,622	22,118	21,615	21,129	68.3	68.1	68.2	68.5	68.7
20 and over	107,876	109,157	110,372	111,679	113,029	65.0	65.0	65.1	65.1	65.2
25 to 54	78,166 14,469	80,122 14,229	82,033 14,010	83,947 13,772	85,658 13,562	80.8 29.1	81.0 28.4	81.2 27.8	81.4 27.2	81.6 26.6
Men, 16 and over	64,464	64,915	65,311	65,701	66,006	75.5	75.2	75.0	74.8	74.6
16 to 24	12,042	11,784	11,475	11,167	10,871	72.6	72.1	72.0	72.0	72.0
16 to 19	4,081	4,097	4,078	4,000	3,813	57.5	57.2	57.6	57.9	57.6
16 and 17	1,751	1,774	1,688	1,574	1,516	47.0	46.9	46.7	46.6	46.
18 and 19	2,330	2,323	2,390	2,426	2,297	69.2	68.9	68.8	68.7	68.4
20 and over	60,383	60,818	61,233	61,701	62,193	77.2	76.8	76.5	76.2	76.0
20 to 24	7,961	7,687	7,397	7,167	7,058	84.0	83.8	83.6	83.4	83.3
25 to 54	43,939	44,833	45,709	46,587	47,348	93.1	92.8	92.6	92.4	92.2
25 to 34	18,860	19,074	19,182	19,229	19,141	92.8	92.5	92.2	91.9	91.
25 to 29	9,823	9,797	9,747	9,650	9,437	92.8	92.5	92.2	92.0	91.
30 to 34	9,037	9,277	9,435	9,579	9,704	92.8	92.5	92.2	91.9	91.0
35 to 44	15,252	15,756	16,181	16,722	17,302	95.4	95.2	95.0	94.8	94.
35 to 39	8,723	8,670	8,831	9,022	9,229	96.3	96.2	96.0	95.8	95.
40 to 44 45 to 54	6,529 9,827	7,086 10,003	7,350	7,700	8,073	94.1	94.0	93.8	93.7	93.
45 to 49	5,325	5,493	10,346 5,800	10,636 6,017	10,905 6,198	90.2 92.6	90.0 92.4	89.8	89.6 92.1	89.3 91.9
50 to 54	4,502	4,510	4,546	4,619	4,707	87.6	87.2	92.2 86.8	86.5	86.
55 and over	8,483	8,298	8,127	7,947	7,787	39.3	38.3	37.2	36.3	35.
55 to 64	6,705	6,534	6,384	6,228	6,094	65.6	64.7	63.8	62.9	62.
55 to 59	4,084	3,984	3,894	3,811	3,737	78.2	77.6	77.0	76.5	76.0
60 to 64	2,621	2,550	2,490	2,417	2,357	52.5	51.3	50.2	49.2	48.
60 and 61	1,357	1,321	1,295	1,263	1,249	65.9	65.0	64.2	63.4	62.
62 to 64	1,264	1,229	1,195	1,154	1,108	43.1	41.8	40.7	39.5	38.
65 and over	1,778	1,764	1,743	1,719	1,693	15.7	15.2	14.8	14.3	13.
65 to 69	1,036	1,036	1,029	1,018	1,005	25.1	24.5	24.0	23.5	23.
70 to 74	464	451	439	429	418	14.6	14.1	13.6	13.1	12.
70 and 71	222	214	209	207	204	16.0	15.5	14.9	14.4	13.9
72 to 74	242	237	230	222	214	13.5	13.0	12.5	12.0	11.
75 and over	278	277	275	272	270	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.2	6.0
Women, 16 and over	51,185	52,058	52,850	53,633	54,343	54.0	54.3	54.7	55.0	55.3
16 to 24	10,972	10,838	10,643	10,448	10,258	64.1	64.2	64.6	65.1	65.0
16 to 19	3,692	3,719	3,711	3,655	3,507	51.9	51.9	52.3	52.8	52.8
16 and 17	1,526	1,547	1,473	1,379	1,331	42.2	42.2	42.1	42.1	42.
18 and 19	2,166	2,172	2,238	2,276	2,176	61.8	62.0	62.2	62.4	62.
20 and over	47,493	48,339	49,139	49,978	50,836	54.2	54.5	54.8	55.2	55.
20 to 24	7,280	7,119	6,932	6,793	6,751	72.8	73.4	73.9	74.5	75.
25 to 54	34,227 14,959	35,289	36,324	37,360	38,310	69.1	69.8	70.4	71.0	71.
25 to 29	7,843	15,313 7,909	15,579	15,789	15,893	70.9	71.7	72.5 73.4	73.2	73.
30 to 34	7,043	7,909	7,959 7,620	7,973 7,816	7,903 7,990	71.8 70.0	72.6 70.8	71.6	74.1 72.3	74. 73.
35 to 44	11,959	12,494	12,966	13,532	14,132	71.2	70.8	72.7	73.5	74.
35 to 39	6,721	6,756	6,954	7,176	7,409	70.8	71.6	72.4	73.1	73.
40 to 44	5,238	5,738	6,012	6,356	6,723	71.6	72.4	73.1	73.8	74.
45 to 54	7,309	7,482	7,779	8,039	8,285	62.7	63.0	63.3	63.5	63.
45 to 49	3,989	4,129	4,372	4,551	4,701	65.4	65.6	65.7	65.9	66.
50 to 54	3,320	3,353	3,407	3,488	3,584	59.8	60.1	60.3	60.7	60.
55 and over	5,986	5,931	5,883	5,825	5,775	21.3	20.9	20.6	20.2	19.
55 to 64	4,754	4,683	4,623	4,558	4,501	40.7	40.6	40.5	40.5	40.
55 to 59	2,889	2,838	2,792	2,750	2,713	49.5	49.6	49.6	49.7	49.
60 to 64	1,865	1,845	1,831	1,808	1,788	31.9	31.8	31.7	31.6	31.
60 and 61	914	897	885	870	862	38.6	38.5	38.3	38.1	38.
62 to 64	951	948	946	938	926	27.4	27.3	27.3	27.3	27.
65 and over	1,232	1,248	1,260	1,267	1,274	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.
65 to 69		781	792	800	806	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.7	14.
70 to 74		321	322	323	325	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.
70 and 71	145	142	143	145	147	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.
			1	1						
72 to 74	177	179	179	178	178	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.

A-3. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, low growth path—Continued

-		Civ	ilian labor fo	orce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990
White				-						
Total, 16 and over	100,395	101,394	102,267	103,121	103,841	64.5	64.6	64.7	64.8	64.9
Men, 16 and over	56,775	57,106	57,382	57,648	57,843	76.4	76.2	75.9	75.8	75.6
16 to 24	10,496	10,276	10,009	9,740	9,482	75.5	75.2	75.2	75.4	75.5
16 to 19	3,619	3,634	3,617	3,549	3,382	61.5	61.3	61.8	62.3	62.1
20 and over	53,156	53,472	53,765	54,099	54,461	77.7	77.4	77.1	76.9	76.6
20 to 24	6,877	6,642	6,392	6,191	6,100	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8
25 to 54	38,546	39,268	39,973	40,676	41,281	94.2	94.0	93.8	93.6	93.5
25 to 34	16,377	16,526	16,585	16,589	16,479	94.1	93.9	93.7	93.5	93.3
35 to 44	13,419	13,840	14,179	14,622	15,097	96.1	96.0	95.8	95.7	95.6
45 to 54	8,750	8,902	9,209	9,465	9,705	91.5	91.3	91.1	90.9	90.7
55 and over	7,733	7,562	7,400	7,232	7,080	39.8	38.7	37.7	36.7	35.8
55 to 64	6,093	5,932	5,787	5,638	5,507	66.4	65.5	64.6	63.8	63.0
65 and over	1,640			1,594			15.5	15.1	14.7	14.2
os and over	1,040	1,630	1,613	1,594	1,573	16.0	15.5	15.1	14.7	14.2
Women, 16 and over	43,620	44,288	44,885	45,473	45,998	53.7	54.0	54.3	54.7	55.0
16 to 24	9,442	9,312	9,130	8,944	8,766	66.8	67.0	67.4	68.0	68.5
16 to 19	3,257	3,276	3,266		3,077	55.7	55.7	56.2	56.7	56.8
				3,212						
20 and over	40,363	41,012	41,619	42,261	42,921	53.5	53.9	54.2	54.6	54.9
20 to 24	6,185	6,036	5,864	5,732	5,689	74.7	75.3	75.9	76.5	77.1
25 to 54	28,951	29,811	30,646	31,483	32,244	68.9	69.6	70.2	70.9	71.5
25 to 34	12,498	12,773	12,973	13,128	13,189	70.8	71.6	72.4	73.2	73.9
35 to 44	10,161	10,601	10,979	11,438	11,928	70.8	71.7	72.5	73.3	74.1
45 to 54	6,292	6,437	6,694	6,917	7,127	62.7	63.1	63.4	63.7	63.9
55 and over	5,227	5,165	5,109	5,046	4,988	20.8	20.4	20.1	19.7	19.4
55 to 64	4,138	4,064	3,999	3,930	3,869	40.2	40.1	40.0	39.9	39.9
65 and over	1,089	1,101	1,110	1,116	1,119	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.0
Black and other		Ē								
Total, 16 and over	15,254	15,579	15,894	16,213	16,508	62.0	61.9	62.0	62.0	62.1
Men, 16 and over	7,689	7,809	7,929	8,053	8,163	69.4	68.9	68.6	68.4	68.2
16 to 24	1,546	1,508	1,466	1,427	1,389	57.8	56.6	55.8	55.2	54.7
16 to 19	462	463	461	451	431	38.3	37.6	37.5	37.3	36.7
20 and over	7,227	7,346	7,468	7,602	7,732	73.2	72.8	72.3	71.9	71.6
20 to 24	1,084	1,045	1,005	976	958	73.8	72.8	71.9	71.0	70.2
25 to 54	5,393	5,565	5,736	5,911	6,067	85.9	85.4	84.9	84.5	84.1
25 to 34	2,483	2,548	2,597	2,640	2,662	85.0	84.4	83.7	83.2	82.6
35 to 44	1,833			,			89.7	89.5	89.1	88.9
		1,916	2,002	2,100	2,205	90.1			79.9	79.5
45 to 54	1,077	1,101	1,137	1,171	1,200	81.3	80.8	80.4		31.8
55 and over	750	736	727	715	707	35.3	34.3	33.4	32.5	
55 to 64 65 and over	612 138	602 134	597 130	590 125	587 120	58.5 12.8	57.6 12.2	56.8 11.6	56.0 10.9	55.4 10.3
Women, 16 and over	7,565	7,770	7,965	8,160	8,345	55.9	56.2	56.5	56.9	57.2
16 to 24	1,530	1,526	1,513	1,504	1,492	51.2	51.2	51.5	52.0	52.4
16 to 19	435	443	445	443	430	34.4	34.4	34.6	35.0	35.0
20 and over	7,130						58.4	58.7	59.0	59.2
20 to 24	1,095	7,327 1,083	7,520	7,717	7,915	58.1	64.1	64.6	65.1	65.6
25 to 54			1,068	1,061	1,062	63.6	and the same		71.3	71.7
	5,276	5,478	5,678	5,877	6,066	70.2	70.6	71.0	The second second	
25 to 34	2,461	2,540	2,606	2,661	2,704	71.8	72.4	72.9	73.4	73.9
35 to 44	1,798	1,893	1,987	2,094	2,204	73.0	73.4	73.9	74.3	74.7
45 to 54	1,017	1,045	1,085	1,122	1,158	62.5	62.6	62.6	62.6	62.6
55 and over	759	766	774	779	787	25.0	24.8	24.5	24.2	23.9
55 to 64	616	619	624	628	632	44.7	44.6	44.4	44.4	44.3
65 and over	143	147	150	151	155	8.6	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.3

A-3. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, low growth path—Continued

		Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number					Percent		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Total, 16 and over	121,378	122,265	123,180	124,095	125,053	64.5	64.5	64.5	64.5	64.5
l6 to 24	20,839	20,547	20,366	20,083	19,805	68.9	68.9	68.9	68.7	68.5
20 and over	114,388	115,420	116,342	117,197	118,063	65.2	65.2	65.2	65.2	65.2
25 to 54 55 and over	87,150 13,389	88,486 13,232	89,661 13,153	90,881 13,131	92,094 13,154	81.8 26.1	81.9 25.6	82.0 25.3	82.1 25.0	82.2 24.9
Men, 16 and over	66,318	66,587	66,879	67,182	67,536	74.4	74.1	73.9	73.7	73.5
16 to 24	10.680	10,491	10,364	10,184	10,013	71.9	71.7	71.4	71.0	70.6
16 to 19	3,628	3,544	3,535	3,560	3,606	57.0	56.6	56.4	56.3	56.1
16 and 17	1,502	1,504	1,515	1,537	1,566	46.4	46.3	46.2	46.2	46.1
18 and 19	2,126	2,040	2,020	2,023	2,040	68.0	67.8	67.6	67.5	67.3
20 and over	62,690	63,043	63,344	63,622	63,930	75.7	75.4	75.2	75.0	74.8
20 to 24	7,052	6,947	6,829	6,624	6,407	83.1	83.0	82.8	82.7	82.5
25 to 54	47,989	48,572	49,068	49,594	50,130	92.0	91.8	91.5	91.3	91.2
25 to 34	18,931	18,616	18,249	17,901	17,573	91.4	91.1	90.9	90.6	90.4
25 to 29	9,093	8,800	8,483	8,229	8,108	91.5	91.2	91.0	90.7	90.5
30 to 34	9,838	9,816	9,766	9,672	9,465	91.3	91.0	90.8	90.5	90.3
35 to 44	17,911	18,130	18,469	18,821	19,170	94.5	94.4	94.2	94.1	94.0
35 to 39	9,407	9,673	9,854	10,019	10,166	95.5	95.4	95.3	95.1	95.0
40 to 44	8,504	8,457	8,615	8,802	9,004	93.4	93.2	93.1	93.0	92.9
45 to 54	11,147	11,826	12,350	12,872	13,387	89.1	89.0	88.7	88.5	88.3
45 to 49	6,329	6,862	7,114	7,445	7,802	91.7	91.6	91.4	91.2	91.0
50 to 54	4,818	4,964	5,236	5,427	5,585	85.9	85.6	85.3	85.1	84.8
55 and over	7,649	7,524	7,447	7,404	7,393	34.5	33.8	33.2	32.8	32.5
55 to 64	5,985	5,893	5,844	5,836	5,855	61.5	60.9	60.4	60.1	59.8
55 to 59	3,700	3,700	3,723	3,777	3,847	75.5	75.0	74.5	74.1	73.7
60 to 64	2,285						46.2		44.6	44.0
60 and 61	1,218	2,193	2,121 1,126	2,059	2,008	47.3 61.9	61.2	45.3 60.5	59.9	59.2
62 to 64	1,067	1,159 1,034	995	1,110 949	1,102 906	37.3	36.3	35.3	34.4	33.6
65 and over	1,664	1,631	1,603	1,568	1,538	13.4	13.0	12.6	12.2	11.8
65 to 69	984	962	944	922	903	22.5	22.1	21.7	21.4	21.1
70 to 74	413	406	397	386	376	12.1	11.6	11.2	10.8	10.4
70 and 71	203	199	192	184	180	13.4	12.9	12.4	11.9	11.6
72 to 74	210	207	205	202	196	11.1	10.7	10.3	9.9	9.5
75 and over	267	263	262	260	259	5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.1
Women, 16 and over	55,060	55,678	56,301	56,913	57,517	55.7	55.9	56.1	56.3	56.5
16 to 24	10,159	10,056	10,002	9,899	9,792	66.0	66.2	66.4	66.4	66.4
16 to 19	3,362	3,301	3,303	3,338	3,384	52.5	52.4	52.4	52.4	52.4
16 and 17	1,322	1,328	1,339	1,360	1,386	42.1	42.1	42.1	42.1	42.1
18 and 19	2,040	1,973	1,964	1,978	1,998	62.6	62.7	62.8	63.0	63.1
20 and over	51,698	52,377	52,998	53,575	54,133	55.9	56.1	56.3	56.5	56.7
20 to 24	6,797	6,755	6,699	6,561	6,408	75.5	76.0	76.5	76.9	77.3
25 to 54	39,161	39,914	40,593	41,287	41,964	72.1	72.5	72.9	73.3	73.6
25 to 34	15,883	15,778	15,625	15,483	15,347	74.6	75.2	75.8	76.4	76.9
25 to 29	7,717	7,558	7,370	7,230	7,186	75.5	76.2	76.8	77.4	77.9
30 to 34	8,166	8,220	8,255	8,253	8,161	73.7	74.3	75.0	75.5	76.1
35 to 44	14,769	15,076	15,474	15,874	16,260	74.8	75.5	76.1	76.7	77.2
35 to 39	7,624	7,912	8,122	8,308	8,470	74.5	75.2	75.8	76.4	76.9
40 to 44	7,145	7,164	7,352	7,566	7,790	75.2	75.8	76.4	77.0	77.5
45 to 54	8,509	9,060	9,494	9,930	10,357	63.9	64.2	64.4	64.5	64.7
45 to 49	4,817	5,231	5,434	5,699	5,981	66.2	66.3	66.5	66.6	66.7
50 to 54	3,692	3,829	4,060	4,231	4,376	61.2	61.5	61.7	62.0	62.2
55 and over	5,740	5,708	5,706	5,727	5,761	19.7	19.4	19.3	19.2	19.1
55 to 64	4,466	4,439	4,440	4,467	4,509	40.5	40.5	40.6	40.8	41.0
55 to 59	2,702	2,718	2,750	2,804	2,869	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.8	49.9
60 to 64	1,764	1,721	1,690	1,663	1,640	31.5	31.3	31.3	31.2	31.2
60 and 61	851	814	795	789	787	37.9	37.7	37.6	37.5	37.4
62 to 64	913	907	895	874	853	27.2	27.2	27.2	27.1	27.1
65 and over	1,274	1,269	1,266	1,260	1,252	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.5
65 to 69	804	798	794	786	778	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.6
70 to 74	329	332	335	338	340	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9
70 and 71	150	151	150	149	149	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.2
72 to 74	179	181	185	189	191	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.6
75 and over	141	139	137	136	134	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5
	171	100	107	100	104	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0

A-3. Civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and race, 1986-95, low growth path—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

	**	Civ	ilian labor fo	rce			Labor fo	rce participa	tion rate	
Sex, age, and race			Number		p.1.			Percent		
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	199
White										
Total, 16 and over	104,576	105,193	105,838	106,481	107,165	64.9	64.9	64.9	65.0	65.0
Men, 16 and over	58,046	58,211	58,397	58,593	58,834	75.4	75.2	74.9	74.8	74.6
16 to 24	9,316	9,153	9,047	8,900	8,755	75.6	75.5	75.3	75.0	74.
16 to 19	3,224	3,154	3,151	3,177	3,223	61.6	61.4	-61.3	61.2	61.2
20 and over	54,822	55,057	55,246	55,416	55,611	76.4	76.2	75.9	75.7	75.
20 to 24	6,092	5,999	5,896	5,723	5,532	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.8	85.
25 to 54	41,782	42,234	42,609	43,001	43,406	93.3	93.2	93.0	92.8	92.
25 to 34	16,264	15,959	15,611	15,283	14,982	93.1	92.9	92.8	92.6	92.
35 to 44	15,600	15,748	16,008	16,269	16,527	95.4	95.3	95.3	95.2	95.
45 to 54	9,918	10,527	10,000	11,449	11,897	90.5	90.4	90.2	90.0	89.
									33.1	32.
55 and over	6,948	6,824	6,741	6,692	6,673	34.9	34.2	33.6		
55 to 64	5,400	5,307	5,254	5,239	5,250	62.4	61.8	61.3	61.0	60.
65 and over	1,548	1,517	1,487	1,453	1,423	13.8	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.
Women, 16 and over	46,530	46,982	47,441	47,888	48,331	55.3	55.6	55.8	56.0	56.
16 to 24	8,664	8,563	8,508	8,415	8,316	68.9	69.2	69.4	69.5	69.
16 to 19	2,948	2,893	2,895	2,924	2,965	56.6	56.5	56.5	56.5	56.
20 and over	43,582	44,089	44,546	44,964	45,366	55.3	55.5	55.7	56.0	56.
									79.1	79.
20 to 24	5,716	5,670	5,613	5,491	5,351	77.6	78.2	78.6		1
25 to 54	32,920	33,512	34,041	34,574	35,097	72.1	72.5	73.0	73.4	73.
25 to 34	13,155	13,040	12,883	12,735	12,601	74.6	75.3	76.0	76.6	77.
35 to 44	12,448	12,679	12,996	13,308	13,608	74.8	75.5	76.2	76.8	77.
45 to 54	7,317	7,793	8,162	8,531	8,888	64.2	64.4	64.6	64.8	65.
55 and over	4,946	4,907	4,892	4,899	4,918	19.1	18.9	18.7	18.6	18.
55 to 64	3,828	3,795	3,786	3,802	3,831	39.9	40.0	40.1	40.2	40.
65 and over	1,118	1,112	1,106	1,097	1,087	6.9	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.4
Black and other										
Total, 16 and over	16,802	17,072	17,342	17,614	17,888	62.1	62.1	62.0	62.0	61.9
Men, 16 and over	8,272	8,376	8,482	8,589	8,702	67.8	67.6	67.3	67.0	66.
16 to 24	1,364	1,338	1,317	1,284	1,258	54.1	53.5	52.7	51.8	50.
16 to 19	404	390	384	383	383	35.5	34.8	34.1	33.6	33.
20 and over	7,868	7,986	8,098	8,206	8,319	71.2	70.8	70.5	70.2	70.
20 to 24	960	948	933	901	875	69.5	68.7	68.0	67.2	66.
25 to 54	6,207	6,338	6,459	6,593	6,724	83.7	83.3	82.9	82.6	82.
25 to 34	2,667	2,657				82.1	81.6	81.0	80.6	80.
			2,638	2,618	2,591			88.1	87.9	87.
35 to 44	2,311	2,382	2,461	2,552	2,643	88.6	88.3		78.0	77.
45 to 54	1,229	1,299	1,360	1,423	1,490	79.0	78.7	78.3		1
55 and over	701	700	706	712	720	31.0	30.6	30.4	30.1	29.
55 to 64 65 and over	585 116	586 114	590 116	597 115	605 115	54.6 9.8	54.0 9.5	53.4 9.5	53.0 9.3	52. 9.
Women, 16 and over	8,530	8,696	8,860	9,025	9,186	57.5	57.6	57.8	57.9	58.
16 to 24	1,495	1,493	1,494	1,484	1,476	52.9	53.2	53.3	53.3	53.
16 to 19	414	408	408	414	419	34.8	34.7	34.5	34.6	34.
20 and over	8,116	8,288	8,452	8,611	8,767	59.4	59.6	59.7	59.8	59.
20 to 24	1,081	1,085	1,086	1,070	1,057	66.1	66.5	67.0	67.4	67.
25 to 54	6,241					72.0	72.3	72.5	72.7	72.
		6,402	6,552	6,713	6,867				75.5	75.
25 to 34	2,728	2,738	2,742	2,748	2,746	74.3	74.7	75.1		
35 to 44	2,321	2,397	2,478	2,566	2,652	75.1	75.4	75.8	76.1	76.
45 to 54	1,192	1,267	1,332	1,399	1,469	62.6	62.8	62.7	62.8	62.
55 and over	794	801	814	828	843	23.7	23.4	23.3	23.2	23.
55 to 64	638	644	654	665	678	44.2	44.2	44.2	44.3	44.
65 and over	156	157	160	163	165	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.

A-4. Black civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and growth path, 1986-95

		Civil	ian labor fo	orce		Labor force participation rate					
Growth path, sex, and age			Number			Percent					
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	
Middle											
Total, 16 and over	12,476	12,767	13,040	13,324	13,600	62.6	62.9	63.2	63.7	64.1	
Men, 16 and over	6,245	6,358	6,464	6,577	6,687	70.1	70.0	70.1	70.2	70.4	
16 to 24	1,296	1,262	1,223	1,187	1,156	58.2	57.1	56.5	56.1	55.9	
16 to 19 20 and over	369	370	367	358	346	36.8	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.3	
	5,876	5,988	6,097	6,219	6,341	74.3	74.3	74.2	74.2	74.	
20 to 24	927	892	856	829	810	75.8	75.0	74.2	73.4	72.	
	4,323	4,480	4,635	4,791	4,939	87.6	87.5	87.5	87.4	87.	
25 to 34	2,071	2,143	2,200	2,250	2,286	88.4	88.3	88.1	87.9	87.	
35 to 44	1,404	1,473	1,542	1,624	1,712	89.8	89.8	89.8	89.8	89.	
45 to 54	848	864	893	917	941	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.	
55 and over	626	616	606	599	592	35.8	35.1	34.4	33.8	33.	
55 to 59	505	497	490	485	481	59.3	58.8	58.3	57.9	57.	
65 and over	121	119	116	114	111	13.5	13.1	12.6	12.2	11.	
Nomen, 16 and over	6,231	6,409	6,576	6,747	6,913	56.5	57.1	57.7	58.4	59.0	
16 to 24	1,262	1,256	1,239	1,223	1,210	50.4	50.5	50.8	51.2	51.8	
16 to 19	358	363	360	351	340	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.	
20 and over	5,873	6,046	6,216	6,396	6,573	58.9	59.5	60.2	60.8	61.	
20 to 24	904	893	879	872	870	62.6	63.3	64.0	64.7	65.	
25 to 54	4,353	4,536	4,716	4,899	5,073	72.6	73.4	74.2	74.9	75.	
25 to 34											
	2,056	2,132	2,197	2,254	2,296	74.1	75.0	75.9	76.7	77.	
35 to 44	1,461	1,542	1,623	1,719	1,821	76.0	76.9	77.7	78.6	79.	
45 to 54	836	862	896	926	956	64.2	64.8	65.2	65.6	66.	
55 and over	616	617	621	625	630	24.4	24.1	23.9	23.7	23.	
55 to 59 65 and over	505 111	505 112	506 115	507 118	509 121	44.6 8.0	44.5 7.8	44.5 7.9	44.6 7.9	7.9	
High											
Total, 16 and over	13,129	13,560	13,951	14,353	14,737	65.8	66.8	67.6	68.6	69.4	
Men, 16 and over	6,540	6,731	6,909	7,093	7,269	73.4	74.1	74.9	75.7	76.	
16 to 24	1,436	1,438	1,429	1,421	1,413	64.5	65.1	66.0	67.2	68.4	
16 to 19	440	461	475	481	478	43.9	45.2	47.0	48.7	50.	
20 and over	6,100	6,270	6,434	6,612	6,791	77.2	77.8	78.3	78.9	79.	
20 to 24	996	977	954	940	935	81.4	82.1	82.7	83.3	83.	
25 to 54	4,432	4,622	4,808	4,998	5,179	89.8	90.3	90.7	91.2	91.	
25 to 34	2,137	2,229	2,306	2,376	2,430	91.2	91.8	92.4	92.8	93.	
35 to 44	1,431	1,507	1,582	1,672	1,770	91.6	91.9	92.1	92.5	92.	
45 to 54	864	886	920	950	979	83.9	84.4	84.8	85.3	85.	
55 and over	672	671	672	674	677	38.5	38.3	38.1	38.0	37.	
55 to 59	532	529	528	528	529	62.4		62.8	63.0	63.	
65 and over	140	142	144	146	148	15.6	62.6 15.6	15.6	15.6	15.	
Women, 16 and over	6,589	6,829	7,042	7,260	7,468	59.7	60.8	61.8	62.8	63.	
16 to 24	1,354	1,369	1,371	1,373	1,375	54.0	55.0	56.2	57.5	58.	
16 to 19	384	397	403	402	396	36.2	36.9	37.7	38.6	39.	
20 and over	6,205	6,432	6,639	6,858	7,072	62.2	63.3	64.3	65.2	66.	
20 to 24		972	968	971	979	67.1	68.9	70.5	72.1	73.	
25 to 54	4,608	4,829	5,037	5,249	5,451	76.8	78.1	79.2	80.3	81.	
25 to 34	2,212	2,308	2,385	2,454	2,507	79.7	81.2	82.4	83.5	84.	
35 to 44	1,539	1,633	1,724	1,830	1,943	80.1	81.4	82.6	83.7	84.	
45 to 54	857	888	928	965	1,001	65.8	66.7	67.5	68.4	69.	
55 and over	627	631	634	638	642	24.8		24.4	24.2	24.	
55 to 59	512	514	515	516	517	45.2	24.6 45.3	45.3	45.3	45.	
		314	010	210	21/	4:1.6	40.0	4:3.3	4:1.3	45.	
65 and over	115	117	119	122	125	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.2	8.	

A-4. Black civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and growth path, 1986-95-Continued

		Civil	ian labor fo	orce	Labor force participation rate						
Growth path, sex, and age			Number		Percent						
	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	
Low	,										
Total, 16 and over	12,222	12,452	12,657	12,874	13,078	61.3	61.3	61.4	61.5	61.6	
Men, 16 and over	6,126	6,207	6,279	6,359	6,431	68.8	68.4	68.1	67.9	67.7	
16 to 24	1,280	1,244	1,200	1,161	1,122	57.5	56.3	55.4	54.9	54.3	
16 to 19	362	362	356	345	326	36.1	35.5	35.2	35.0	34.2	
20 and over	5,764	5,845	5,923	6,014	6,105	72.9	72.5	72.1	71.7	71.4	
20 to 24	918	882	844	816	796	75.1	74.1	73.1	72.3	71.	
25 to 54	4,241	4,373	4,502	4,634	4,756	85.9	85.4	85.0	84.5	84.	
25 to 34	2,028	2,087	2,130	2,169	2,191	86.6	86.0	85.3	84.8	84.	
35 to 44	1,387	1,450	1,513	1,588	1,670	88.7	88.4	88.1	87.8	87.	
45 to 54	826	836	859	877	895	80.2	79.6	79.2	78.7	78.	
55 and over	605	590	577	564	553	34.6	33.7	32.7	31.8	31.	
55 to 59	490	479	470	462	455	57.5	56.7	55.9	55.1	54.	
65 and over	115	111	107	102	98	12.8	12.2	11.6	10.9	10.	
Nomen, 16 and over	6,096	6,245	6,378	6,515	6,647	55.3	55.6	56.0	56.4	56.7	
16 to 24	1,252	1,243	1,223	1,205	1,188	50.0	50.0	50.1	50.4	50.	
16 to 19	352	357	354	346	334	33.2	33.2	33.1	33.2	33.	
20 and over	5,744	5,888	6,024	6,169	6,313	57.6	58.0	58.3	58.7	59.	
20 to 24	900	886	869	859	854	62.3	62.8	63.3	63.8	64.	
25 to 54	4,232	4,388	4,539	4,691	4,835	70.6	71.0	71.4	71.8	72.	
25 to 34	2,005	2,071	2,125	2,171	2,203	72.3	72.8	73.4	73.9	74.	
35 to 44	1,416	1,487	1,557	1,640	1,729	73.7	74.1	74.6	75.0	75.	
45 to 54	811	830	857	880	903	62.3	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.	
55 and over	612	614	616	619	624	24.2	24.0	23.7	23.5	23.	
55 to 59	503	502	501	502	504	44.4	44.3	44.1	44.1	44.	
65 and over	109	112	115	117	120	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.	

A-4. Black civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and growth path, 1986-95—Continued (Numbers in thousands)

		Civii	ian labor fo	orce	Labor force participation rate						
Growth path, sex, and age			Number			Percent					
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	199	
Middle											
Total, 16 and over	13,877	14,119	14,361	14,593	14,833	64.5	64.8	65.0	65.2	65.4	
Men, 16 and over	6,800	6,895	6,990	7,086	7,187	70.5	70.6	70.5	70.5	70.	
16 to 24	1,140	1,121	1,105	1,077	1,055	56.0	55.7	55.3	54.6	54.	
16 to 19		326	326	329	333	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.	
20 and over		6,569	6,664	6,757	6,854	74.1	74.0	74.0	73.9	73.	
20 to 24	808	795	779	748	722	72.1	71.4	70.9	70.2	69.	
25 to 54	5,073	5,190	5,304	5,428	5,549	87.3	87.2	87.1	87.1	87.	
25 to 34		2,301	2,293	2,281	2,261	87.7	87.5	87.3	87.2	87.	
35 to 44		1,870	1,941	2,024	2,109	89.8	89.8	89.8	89.8	89.	
45 to 54		1,019	1,070	1,123	1,179	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.	
55 and over		584	581	581	583	32.6	32.3	31.8	31.5	31.	
55 to 59		478	478	481	485	57.2	56.9	56.6	56.3	56.	
65 and over		106	103	100	98	11.2	10.9	10.5	10.1	9.	
oo and over		100	103	100	30	11.2	10.9	10.5	10.1	3.	
Nomen, 16 and over	7,077	7,224	7,371	7,507	7,646	59.6	60.1	60.5	60.9	61.	
16 to 24	1,210	1,206	1,205	1,189	1,180	52.5	52.9	53.2	53.2	53.	
16 to 19		321	322	324	328	33.7	33.6	33.7	33.7	33.	
20 and over		6,903	7,049	7,183	7,318	61.9	62.4	62.8	63.2	63.	
20 to 24		885	883	865		66.1			68.0	68.	
25 to 54					852		66.8	67.5			
		5,379	5,521	5,665	5,805	76.4	77.0	77.6	78.1	78.	
25 to 34		2,333	2,340	2,343	2,338	78.3	79.1	79.8	80.5	81.	
35 to 44		2,005	2,086	2,171	2,257	80.2	81.0	81.7	82.4	83.	
45 to 54		1,041	1,095	1,151	1,210	66.4	66.8	67.1	67.5	67.	
55 and over		639	645	653	661	23.3	23.2	23.1	23.0	22.	
55 to 5965 and over		513 126	517 128	522 131	527 134	44.6 7.8	44.6 7.9	44.6 7.8	44.6 7.9	44.	
High	120	120	120	101	104	7.0	7.5	7.0	7.5	"	
Total, 16 and over	15,126	15,476	15,832	16,174	16,517	70.3	71.0	71.7	72.3	72.	
Men, 16 and over		7,612	7,783	7,953	8,125	77.2	77.9	78.5	79.1	79.	
16 to 24		1,421	1,431	1,429	1,432	69.6	70.7	71.6	72.4	73.	
16 to 19		472	486	505	525	51.3	52.6	54.1	55.7	57.	
20 and over		7,140	7,297	7,448	7,600	80.0	80.5	81.0	81.4	81.	
20 to 24		949	945	924	907	84.6	85.3	86.0	86.7	87.	
25 to 54		5,502	5,655	5,815	5,974	92.1	92.5	92.9	93.3	93.	
25 to 34	,	2,484	2,494	2,497	2,492	93.9	94.4	95.0	95.5	96.	
35 to 44		1,946	2,028	2,123	2,220	93.1	93.5	93.8	94.2	94.	
_45 to 54		1,072	1,133	1,195	1,262	86.2	86.6	87.2	87.6	88.	
55 and over		689	697	709	719	38.0	38.1	38.2	38.4	38.	
55 to 59		538	544	554	563	63.7	64.0	64.4	64.9	65.	
65 and over	150	151	153	155	156	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.	
Women, 16 and over	7,678	7,864	8,049	8,221	8,392	64.7	65.5	66.1	66.7	67.	
16 to 24		1,399	1,411	1,407	1,407	60.3	61.4	62.3	63.0	63.	
16 to 19		383	388	396	405	39.7	40.1	40.6	41.2	41.	
20 and over		7,481	7,661	7,825	7,987	66.9	67.6	68.3	68.9	69.	
20 to 24		1,016	1,023	1,011	1,002	75.3	76.7	78.2	79.5	80.	
25 to 54		5,813	5,979	6,148	6,311	82.3	83.2	84.0	84.8	85	
25 to 34		2,559	2,571	2,580	2,579	85.7	86.7	87.7	88.6	89	
35 to 44		2,150	2,241	2,337	2,432	85.8	86.8	87.7	88.7	89	
45 to 54		1,104	1,167	1,231	1,300	69.9	70.8	71.6	72.2	72	
55 and over		652	659	666	674	23.8	23.7	23.6	23.5	23	
55 to 59		522	526	530	536	45.3	45.4	45.3	45.3	45.	
65 and over		130	133	136	138	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.2	8.	
WING OVOI		100	100	100	100	U.Z.	0.1	0.1	0.2	₁ 3.	

A-4. Black civilian labor force and participation rates by age, sex, and growth path, 1986-95—Continued

***		Civil	ian labor fo	orce			Labor for	ce particip	ation rate			
Growth path, sex, and age			Number			Percent						
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995		
Low												
Total, 16 and over	13,284	13,456	13,636	13,808	13,987	61.8	61.8	61.7	61.7	61.7		
Men, 16 and over	6,507	6,568	6,633	6,703	6,773	67.5	67.2	66.9	66.7	66.4		
16 to 24	1,098	1.071	1.048	1,015	986	53.9	53.3	52.5	51.4	50.4		
16 to 19	305	292	287	285	283	33.3	32.5	31.9	31.4	30.9		
20 and over	6,202	6,276	6.346	6,418	6,490	71.1	70.7	70.4	70.2	70.0		
20 to 24	793	779	761	730	703	70.7	70.0	69.2	68.5	67.7		
25 to 54	4.864	4,958	5,047	5,148	5,244	83.7	83.3	82.9	82.6	82.2		
25 to 34	2,196	2,187	2,169	2,149	2,121	83.7	83.2	82.6	82.1	81.7		
35 to 44	1,756	1,811	1,875	1,951	2,028	87.3	87.0	86.8	86.6	86.4		
45 to 54	912	960	1,003	1,048	1,095	77.9	77.5	77.2	76.8	76.5		
55 and over	545	539	538	540	543	30.3	29.8	29.5	29.3	29.1		
55 to 59	450	446	444	445	447	53.8	53.1	52.5	52.1	51.8		
65 and over	95	93	94	95	96	9.9	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6		
Nomen, 16 and over	6,777	6,888	7,003	7,105	7,214	57.1	57.3	57.5	57.7	57.8		
16 to 24	1,186	1,179	1,176	1,159	1,149	51.5	51.8	51.9	51.9	51.8		
16 to 19	322	316	317	319	323	33.2	33.1	33.2	33.2	33.2		
20 and over	6,455	6,572	6,686	6,786	6,891	59.2	59.4	59.6	59.7	59.9		
20 to 24	864	863	859	840	826	64.7	65.2	65.6	66.0	66.5		
25 to 54	4,963	5,076	5,187	5,300	5,410	72.4	72.7	72.9	73.1	73.2		
25 to 34	2,218	2,218	2,216	2,212	2,201	74.8	75.2	75.6	76.0	76.3		
35 to 44	1,822	1,885	1,953	2,024	2,096	75.8	76.1	76.5	76.8	77.1		
45 to 54	923	973	1,018	1,064	1,113	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.4	62.4		
55 and over	628	633	640	646	655	23.2	23.0	22.9	22.8	22.		
55 to 59	505	508	512	516	522	44.1	44.1	44.1	44.1	44.		
65 and over	123	125	128	130	133	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.		

A-5. Labor force and participation rates by sex and growth path, 1986-95

		Labor force		Pa	articipation rat	te		
Growth path and year		Number		Percent				
	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Womer		
Middle								
986	120,314	66,941	53,373	66.1	77.0	56.2		
987	122,049	67,575	54,474	66.4	76.9	56.7		
988	123,635	68,146	55,489	66.6	76.8	57.3		
989	125,191	68,701	56,490	66.9	76.8	57.9		
990	126,577	69,162	57,415	67.2	76.8	58.4		
991	127,974	69,629	58,345	67.4	58.9	58.9		
992	129,210	70,048	59,162	67.6	76.6	59.3		
993	130,484	70,494	59,990	67.7	76.5	59.7		
994	131,730	70,942	60,788	67.9	76.4	60.0		
995	133,018	71,436	61,582	68.0	76.4	60.3		
High								
986	124,057	68,134	55,923	68.2	78.4	58.9		
987	126,504	69,010	57,494	68.8	78.5	59.9		
988	128,786	69,818	58,968	69.4	78.7	60.9		
989	131,046	70,609	60,437	70.0	78.9	61.9		
990	133,097	71,287	61,810	70.6	79.1	62.8		
991	135,166	71,977	63,189	71.2	79.3	63.8		
992	137,066	72,612	64,454	71.7	79.4	64.6		
993	138,983	73,269	65,714	72.1	79.5	65.4		
994	140,863	73,924	66,939	72.6	79.6	66.1		
995	142,751	74,618	68,133	73.0	79.8	66.8		
Low					1			
986	117,414	66,069	51,345	64.5	76.0	54.1		
987	118,751	66,528	52,223	64.6	75.7	54.4		
988	119,939	66,924	53,015	64.6	75.4	54.7		
989	121,112	67,314	53,798	64.7	75.2	55.1		
990	122,127	67,619	54,508	64.8	75.0	55.4		
991	123,156	67,931	55,225	64.9	74.8	55.7		
992	124,043	68,200	55,843	64.9	74.6	56.0		
993	124,958	68,492	56,466	64.9	74.3	56.2		
994	125,873	68,795	57,078	64.8	74.1	56.4		
995	126,831	69,149	57,682	64.8	73.9	56.5		

NOTE: Includes the resident Armed Forces.

B-1. Values of selected aggregate economic assumptions, 1968, 1973, 1977, 1982, and projected 1990 and 1995

					199	0 alternati	ves	199	5 alternati	ves
Variable	1968	1973	1977	1982	Low	Moder- ate	High	Low	Moder- ate	High
Demographic										
Total population (millions)	200.75	211.94	220.29	232.05	249.56	249.56	249.56	257.68	257.68	257.68
Civilian labor force (millions)	78.71	89.41	98.98	110.25	123.62	124.95	126.36	129.94	131.39	133.84
Government expenditures										
Armed Forces (millions)	3.53	2.33	2.13	2.18	2.40	2.35	2.37	2.40	2.35	2.37
Implicit wage rate (dollars per hour)	2.62 1.11	4.66 0.96	5.61 0.92	8.87 0.94	13.28 1.15	13.28 0.99	13.71	16.16 1.15	16.16 1.00	17.08 1.15
Civilian defense employment (millions)	4.63	6.88	9.42	13.82	20.26	20.26	20.75	25.86	25.86	27.21
Civilian nondefense employment (millions)	1.15	1.18	1.29	1.26	1.33	1.30	1.30	1.38	1.34	1.36
Implicit wage rate (dollars per hour)	3.91	6.36	8.76	12.43	18.35	18.35	19.05	23.42	23.42	25.49
State and local government employment (millions)	8.57	10.43	11.64	12.23	13.11	13.01	15.09	13.60	13.50	22.39
Defense purchases less compensation (billions of										
current dollars)	46.9	36.6	50.0	111.4	261.8	241.8	269.6	331.6	307.6	422.5
Nondefense purchases less compensation (billions of current dollars)	11.8	13.5	27.1	46.6	56.5	55.7	62.5	79.0	75.9	103.3
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments (billions of current dollars)	18.6	40.6	67.6	83.5	142.9	137.9	138.5	192.7	191.2	203.5
Federal health insurance transfers (billions of current										
dollars) Federal retirement transfers (billions of current dollars)	5.6 4.5	9.7 9.7	21.7 18.4	50.7 35.3	122.2 69.4	109.4 65.1	112.5 66.4	193.5 107.9	154.8 96.7	189.6 103.2
Other assumed Federal transfers (billions of current										
dollars)	9.0	18.9	33.5	51.3	101.5	95.3	97.5	148.9	133.4	147.0
Government revenues										
Tax life (years):										
Equipment	9.7	8.5	8.4	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
Commercial structures	35.0	35.0	35.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
Other structures	25.0	21.6	19.5	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3
Tax rate (percent):	53.0	40.0	48.0	40.0	40.0	46.0	44.0	42.0	46.0	44.0
Basic corporate tax Average marginal personal tax	24.0	48.0 25.0	48.0 28.0	46.0 26.0	43.0 24.0	23.0	22.0	42.0 24.0	23.0	22.0
Social security	4.0	25.0 6.0	6.0	7.0	7.7	8.0	7.7	7.7	8.0	7.7
Tax base, social security (dollars)	7,800	10,800	16,500	32,400	55,800	55,800	55,800	82,500	82,500	82,500
Federal indirect business taxes (billions of current	7,000	10,000	10,500	02,400	55,550	00,000	,00,000	02,000	02,000	02,000
dollars)	18.0	21.2	25.1	50.0	87.1	87.2	104.2	125.9	104.2	146.1
Monetary										
Borrowed reserves (billions of current dollars)	0.6	1.7	0.5	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Money market funds (billions of current dollars)	(¹)	()'''	2.8	170.8	439.1	396.7	366.2	866.0	716.2	605.0
Monetary base less currency (billions of current dollars) .	22.6	29.4	37.3	48.2	80.8	83.2	85.6	101.5	109.7	118.3
Other assumptions										
Industrial production index, rest of world (index, 1975 =										
100)	(¹)	106.7	110.4	114.3	144.7	146.7	148.6	167.0	171.0	175.7
Average value of the U.S. dollar (index, 1975 = 100)	114.3	98.1	108.0	127.2	144.6	149.9	151.4	151.7	159.9	162.9
Cost of imported oil (current dollars per barrel)	2.29	3.37	13.27	32.23	42.86	41.01	41.01	57.25	51.80	51.75
Percent of new passenger cars imported	11.0	16.0	19.0	28.0	30.0	30.0	28.0	33.0	30.0	28.0
Producer Price Index for gas fuels (index, 1967 = 100) .	92.7	126.7	387.8	1,060.9	2,877.5	2,877.5	2,916.4	4,459.1		4,706.7
Domestic oil production (million barrels per day)	(¹)	11.2	10.2	9.9	9.5	9.5	9.7	9.5	9.5	9.8
Average miles per gallon, new domestic cars	15.7 (¹)	15.5 (¹)	18.5	26.7	37.7	37.7	37.7	41.7 0.95	41.7 0.95	41.7 0.95
		1 11	0.66	0.92	0.95	0.95	0.95	1105	1105	11 94

¹ Not available.

B-2. Rates of change in selected aggregate economic assumptions, 1968, 1973, 1977, 1982, and projected 1990 and 1995

(Average annual percent change)

	4000			Lo	w		Moderate)	High	
Variable	1968- 73	1973- 77	1977- 82	1982- 90	1990- 95	1982- 90	1990- 95	1982- 95	1982- 90	1990- 95
Demographic							-	,		
Total population	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.9	0.8
Civilian labor force	2.6	2.6	2.2	1.4	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.4	1.7	1.2
Government expenditures										
Armed Forces		-2.2	0.5	1.2	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.6	1.1	0.0
Implicit wage rate		4.7	9.6	5.9	4.0	5.2	4.0	4.7	5.6	4.5
Civilian defense employment		-1.1	0.4	2.6	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.5	2.0	0.9
Implicit wage rate	8.2	8.2	8.0	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.9	5.2	5.6
Civilian nondefense employment	0.9	2.3	-0.5	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.8
Implicit wage rate		8.3	7.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.5	6.0
State and local government employment		2.8	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	2.7	8.2
Defense purchases less compensation		8.1	17.4	11.3	4.8	10.2	4.9	8.1	11.7	9.4
Nondefense purchases less compensation		19.0	11.5	2.4	6.9	2.3	6.4	3.8	3.7	10.6
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments		13.6	4.3	6.9	6.2	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.5	8.0
Federal health insurance transfers	11.6 16.6	22.3 17.4	18.5 13.9	11.6 8.8	9.6 9.2	10.1 7.9	7.2 8.2	9.0 8.1	10.5 8.2	11.0 9.2
Other assumed Federal transfers	22.1	23.8	12.1	9.5	8.2	8.7	7.2	8.1	9.0	9.2
	22.1	23.0	12.1	9.5	0.2	0.7	1.2	0.1	9.0	9.0
Government revenues										
Tax life:										
Equipment	-2.6	-0.3	-4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Commercial structures	0.0	0.0	-15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other structures	-2.9	-2.5	-6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tax rate:										
Basic corporate tax		0.0	-0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.6	0.0
Average marginal personal tax		2.9	-1.5	-7.7	0.0	-1.5	0.0	-0.9	-2.1	0.0
Social security		0.0	3.1	1.2	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.0	1.2	0.0
Tax base, social security	3.3	3.4	14.8	7.0	8.1	7.2	3.6	5.8	7.0	8.1
Federal indirect business taxes	6.7	11.2	14.4	7.2	7.7	7.0	8.1	7.5	9.6	7.0
Monetary										
Borrowed reserves	24.6	-27.6	17.9	1.1	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.0	1.1	0.0
Money market funds	(1)	(1)	127.5	12.5	14.5	11.1	12.5	11.7	10.0	10.6
Monetary base less currency	5.4	6.1	5.3	6.7	4.7	7.1	5.7	6.5	7.4	6.7
Other assumptions										
Industrial production index, rest of world		0.9	0.7	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.3	3.4
Average value of the U.S. dollar		2.4	3.3	1.6	0.0	2.1	1.3	1.8	2.2	1.5
Cost of imported oil	8.0	40.9	19.4	3.6	6.0	3.1	4.8	3.7	3.1	4.8
Percent of new passenger cars imported		4.4	8.1	0.9	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0
Producer Price Index for gas fuels		32.3	22.3	13.3	9.2	13.3	9.2	11.7	13.5	10.0
Domestic oil production		-2.3	-0.6	-0.5	1.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.3	-2.0	0.2
Average miles per gallon, new domestic cars	(')	(¹)	7.6 6.9	4.4 0.4	2.0	4.4 0.4	2.0	3.5 0.2	4.4 0.4	2.0 0.0
. and or domestic to import on price	()	()	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0

¹ Not applicable.

C-1. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1972

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

	national product	consumption expenditures	durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
Total	1,185,934	737,055	78,389	44,840	61,575	10,225
1. Dairy and poultry products	1,337	1,269	0	0	0	-20
2. Meat animals and livestock	470	170	0	0	0	459
3. Cotton	700	0	0	0	0	289
4. Food and feed grains	3,119	163	0	4	15	1,318
5. Other agricultural products	6,316	4,417	0	20	90	447
6. Forestry and fishery products	-707	844	0	0	0	18
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	294	117	0	13	67	0
B. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	-533	0	0	0	0	8
9. Copper ore mining	-43	0	0	0	0	23
Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	-120	0	199	0	0	4
1. Coal mining	771	125	0	0	0	81
2. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	-2,633	0	53	0	0	75
3. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	921	5	0	244	152	23
4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	26	3	0	0	0	-8 0
5. Maintenance and repair construction	9,441	0	0	9	18	0
6. Ordnance	2,866	457	0	4	3	73
7. Guided missiles and space vehicles	3,711	0	80	0	0	-9
8. Meat products		20,976	0	2	4	289
9. Dairy products	11,038	10,318	0	0	0 0	69
0. Canned and frozen foods	9,707	9,382	0	0	0	134
1. Grain mill products	4,361	3,525	0	0	0	188
2. Bakery products	6,903	6,762	0	0	0	14
3. Sugar		1,021	0	0	0	12
4. Confectionery products		2,703	0	1.	2	28
5. Alcoholic beverages	7,471	8,105	0	5	8	241
6. Soft drinks and flavorings	4,676	4,510	0	0	0	39
7. Other food products	6,973	5,975	0	0	0	233
8. Tobacco manufacturing		6,087	0	2	3	217
9. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills		639	0	0 39	505	279 140
0. Floor covering mills	2,689	1,391	597	39	505	140
1. Other textile mill products		122	8	7	82	54
2. Hosiery and knit goods	1,487	1,551	0	0	0	89
3. Apparel	19,661	21,012	0	2	5	653
4. Other fabricated textile products	3,106 391	2,774 5	0	1 2	2 0	166
5. Logging	391	5	"	2	0	
6. Sawmills and planing mills	1,969	0	0	232	2,334	265
7. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	6,430	379	5	1,031	4,861	358
8. Wooden containers	15	0	0	0	0	3
9. Household furniture	6,753 3,456	5,706 257	680 2,388	4 109	83	356 78
o. I diffiture and fixtures, except flousefiold			2,000			
1. Paper products	2,741	2,389	0	67	255	180
2. Paperboard	254		0	1	2	61
3. Newspaper printing and publishing	1,958	1,949	0	0 2	0 3	14 92
4. Periodical, book printing and publishing5. Other printing and publishing	4,138 2,275	2,901 880	0	5	10	158
o. Other printing and papiering	2,210	333				
6. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	1,792	20	164	50	12	57
7. Agricultural chemicals	475	153	0	1	6 74	59 99
18. Other chemical products		371 0	0	121	74	87
60. Synthetic fibers	-13	0	0	0	0	-14
i1. Drugs		4,175	0	0	0	212
	7 500	7,068	0	0	0	169
2. Cleaning and toilet preparations				470	000	110
	919	123 13,503	0	178 577	266 344	116 42

See footnotes at end of table.

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross nation produc	al	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes .	1.3	237	1,079	33	10	59	48
57. Plastic products		070	688	12	239	557	310
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather		-40	0	0	0	0	45
59. Leather products including footwear		122	4,923	ō	1	2	206
60. Glass		906	563	ő	84	49	156
					1.005	0.000	404
61. Cement and concrete products	The state of the s	872	1	0	1,895	2,686	134
62. Structural clay products		860	. 0	0	186	545	29
63. Pottery and related products		555	414	0	144	154	31
64. Other stone and clay products		639	205	0	643	374	116
Blast furnaces and basic steel products		392	4	0	1,180	328	463
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings		839	0	2	78	99	26
67. Primary copper and copper products	2,	699	8	64	1,657	543	194
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	s	310	20	0	14	5	-29
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products		194	0	0	1	0	107
70. Metal containers		73	0	13	0	0	32
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures		371	80	0	282	736	121
72. Fabricated structural metal products		835	49	1,197	5,030	2,130	407
		123	40	1,137	22	14	55
73. Screw machine products		025	421	0	8	0	148
74. Metal stampings		840	849	30	216	388	207
					1710	474	000
76. Other fabricated metal products		594	298	683	1,743	171	232
77. Engines, turbines, and generators		789	138	1,606	0	0	173
78. Farm machinery		,533	66	4,202	0	0	194
Construction, mining, oilfield machinery		,427	0	3,774	167	62	342
80. Material handling equipment	2,	,293	0	1,641	336	41	51
81. Metalworking machinery	4.	627	168	3,878	4	8	126
82. Special industry machinery		772	45	4,261	0	0	121
83. General industrial machinery	the state of the s	298	0	2,170	150	195	138
84. Other nonelectrical machinery		432	17	39	3	6	59
85. Computers and peripheral equipment		,322	12	3,713	0	0	25
96 Typowriters and other office equipment		,141	199	610	0	0	5
86. Typewriters and other office equipment .			485	2,078	389	671	298
87. Service industry machines		,864			350	289	98
88. Electric transmission equipment		,723	29 24	2,318 992	16	1	115
89. Electrical industrial apparatus90. Household appliances	and the same of th	,654 ,952	4,572	1,005	50	160	380
						140	470
91. Electric lighting and wiring		,113	925	82	958	413	179
92. Radio and television receiving sets		,501	4,816	220	1	3	262
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus		,100	17	2,748	0	0	149
94. Radio and communication equipment 95. Electronic components		,309 ,410	78 319	1,444	33	51	6
oo. Liede or no components		,410	0.10	''			
96. Other electrical machinery and equipmer		,874	1,140	414	16	29	121
97. Motor vehicles	43	,118	28,507	16,286	13	13	851
98. Aircraft		,771	106	1,981	0	0	203
99. Ship and boat building and repair		,978	973	1,145	0	0	230
100. Railroad equipment	1	,747	0	1,491	0	0	1
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts		357	1,313	.46	0	0	85
102. Other transportation equipment		,882	1,630	184	0	2,922	190
103. Scientific and controlling instruments		,683	33	1,146	235	87	44
104. Medical and dental instruments		,690	275	973	0	0	68
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment		917	486	393	0	0	66
106 Photographic aguinment and augustics		567	1,072	1,682	4	7	2
106. Photographic equipment and supplies		,567			3	1	3
107. Watches and clocks		322	524	1	1	2	188
108. Jewelry and silverware		,104	2,255	0	1	2	169
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods		,623	3,396	323	1		159
110. Other manufactured products		,188	1,342	443	22	79	

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
111. Railroad transportation	5,593	2,485	403	249	495	248
112. Local transit and intercity buses	4,896	4,158	0	4	8	0
113. Truck transportation	12,301	6,673	686	730	771	238
114. Water transportation	3,504	1,026	25	50	74	31
115. Air transportation	7,173	5,759	81	20	40	9
116. Pipeline transportation	388	290	0	4	0	3
117. Transportation services	411	196	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	17,784	12,879	2,167	90	182	0
120. Electric utilities, public and private	14,550	12,220	0	14	27	0
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	7,009	6,555	0	2	3	0
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	2,997	2,801	0	26	54	0
123. Wholesale trade	60,932	38,172	6,588	1,813	2,433	999
124. Eating and drinking places	36,593 110,476	37,496 102,254	2,634	140 1,045	283 3,808	0 2
125. Hetali trade, except eating and uninking	110,470	102,234	2,004	1,045	0,000	
126. Banking	14,041	11,238	0	95	191	0
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	7,723	7,527	0	10	16	0
128. Insurance	20,393	19,545	0	103	160	0
129. Owner-occupied real estate	76,783	76,783	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	41,128	32,005	. 0	386	4,626	0
131. Hotels and lodging places	5,964	5,249	0	5	10	0
132. Personal and repair services	12,180	11,362	192	3	6	0
133. Barber and beauty shops	4,310	4,310	0	0	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	8,343	1,851	0	432	542	0
135. Advertising	688	123	0	14	29	0
136. Miscellaneous professional services	14,398	5,350	0	2,346	2,167	0
137. Automobile repair	14,697	13,779	0	141	178	0
138. Motion pictures	2,061	1,672	0	0	0	-164
139. Amusements and recreation services	6,941	7,360	0	3	6	0
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	23,305	21,676	0	0	0	0
141. Hospitals	22,296	19,653	0	0	0	0
142. Medical services, except hospitals	8,226	4,883	0	0	0	0
143. Educational services (private)	12,779	11,124	0	1	2	0
144. Nonprofit organizations	13,105 2,900	13,025 1,869	0	15 9	32 20	C
145. Fost Office	2,900	1,009	0	9	20	
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	421	300	0	0	0	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	0	0	0	0
149. Other State and local enterprises	2,051	1,987	0	2	4	0
150. Noncomparable imports	-5,062	6,550	5	11	23	4
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-1,670	2,163	-3,902	-207	-1,116	204
152. New construction industry	55,090	0	0	18,315	23,248	0
153. Government industry	132,652	0	0	0	0	0
					0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry	11,064	-3,524	0	0		1
154. Rest-of-world industry	11,064 4,631 -7,716	-3,524 4,631 0	0	0	0	0 -7,716

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
Total	743	77,470	-76,727	253,107	101,686	151,421
1. Dairy and poultry products	15	17	-2	72	2	70
2. Meat animals and livestock	-163	94	-257	4	2	2
3. Cotton		403	-14	. 22	22	0
4. Food and feed grains		2,465	-50	-794	-815	21
5. Other agricultural products	1,329	1,896	-567	14	-178	192
6. Forestry and fishery products		105	-1,152		-530	7
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services		19	-2		16	63
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining		102	-619 -83		-24 0	0
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper		17 15	-331	-7	-7	ő
11 Cool mining	495	496	-1	69	47	22
11. Coal mining		1	-2,763		0	0
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying		90	-179		60	525
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining		79	-96		-2	49
15. Maintenance and repair construction		6	0	9,409	2,067	7,342
16. Ordnance	. 233	314	-81	2,095	2,077	18
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles		11	0		3,629	0
18. Meat products		569	-1,496	853	28	825
19. Dairy products	0	187	-187		191	461
20. Canned and frozen foods	225	339	-564	415	11	404
21. Grain mill products	. 545	619	-75		39	65
22. Bakery products		11	-44		4	156
23. Sugar		9	-1,000		1 1	18
24. Confectionery products		39	-133		1 1	70 -9
25. Alcoholic beverages	881	33	-913	-/		-3
26. Soft drinks and flavorings		85	-15		2	55 190
27. Other food products		971 839	-428 -71		32	190
28. Tobacco manufacturing		432	-895		25	58
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills		33	-98		12	69
31. Other textile mill products	365	123	-488	14	8	5
32. Hosiery and knit goods		26	-178		0	0
33. Apparel		235	-2,460		130	84
34. Other fabricated textile products		103	-134	194	144	50
35. Logging	. 375	407	-32	. 1	0	0
36. Sawmills and planing mills	973	336	-1,310		16	95
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products		106	-730		81	339
38. Wooden containers		3	-4		13	42
Household furniture Furniture and fixtures, except household		33	-216 -128		130	491
						507
41. Paper products		957	-1,785 -6		141	537 40
42. Paperboard			-12		1	2
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing					38	996
45. Other printing and publishing			-56		347	839
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	556	1,569	-1,013	933	696	236
47. Agricultural chemicals					16	91
48. Other chemical products					330	97
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	454				20	1
50. Synthetic fibers	–14	188	-202	15	15	0
51. Drugs	270	539	-269	1,039	153	886
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	121	167			48	174
53. Paints and allied products	67				20	149
54. Petroleum refining and related products						1,694
55. Tires and inner tubes	–337	91	-428	3 129	70	60

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	-257	153	-410	266	143	123
57. Plastic products	21	341	-321	243	70	173
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	-86	71	-157	1	1	0
59. Leather products including footwear	-1,028	36	-1,064	18	8	9
60. Glass	-129	206	-336	184	36	148
61. Cement and concrete products	-82	12	-94	2,237	194	2,043
62. Structural clay products	-34	40	-74	133	12	121
63. Pottery and related products	-236	36	-271	47	11	36
64. Other stone and clay products	-31 -2,813	167 624	-197 -3,437	331 445	53 137	278 308
						400
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	115	175	-60	519	90	429
67. Primary copper and copper products	-166	306	-472	399	163	236
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	-346	241	-587	26	23	3
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	-1,264 10	268 26	-1,533 -16	-38 18	-38 8	0 10
			00	450	04	129
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	-1	68	-68	153	24	
72. Fabricated structural metal products	243	323	-80	2,779	586 71	2,193 12
73. Screw machine products	-92	81	-173	84	9	27
74. Metal stampings	413 -100	474 201	-61 -301	36 249	73	176
	166	444	-577	633	225	408
76. Other fabricated metal products	-166 461	411 710	-377 -248	411	325	86
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	14	470	-456	58	14	44
78. Farm machinery	1,791	1,968	-177	291	139	152
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	70	198	-128	154	84	71
81. Metalworking machinery	285	582	-297	159	118	41
82. Special industry machinery	264	1,139	-875	80	64	16
83. General industrial machinery	343	876	-534	302	220	82
84. Other nonelectrical machinery	72	79	-7	237	58	179
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	977	1,525	-548	595	506	89
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	-51	135	-186	378	189	188
87. Service industry machines	451	528	-77	492	80	412
88. Electric transmission equipment	94	410	-316		310	237
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	193	418	-224	312	236	76
90. Household appliances	-289	216	-505	73	14	59
91. Electric lighting and wiring	65	237	-172	490	97	393
92. Radio and television receiving sets	-1,924	208	-2,132		70	53
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	-16	81	-97		203	1
94. Radio and communication equipment	316	604	-288		5,227	153
95. Electronic components	436	1,008	-572		621	21
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	-19	301	-321	173	124	49
97. Motor vehicles	-4,336	4,123	-8,459		640	1,143
98. Aircraft	2,483	3,045	-562		7,994	4
99. Ship and boat building and repair	18	189	-171	1,611	1,594	17
100. Railroad equipment	148	174	-26	107	3	104
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	-1,105	7	-1,112		1	18
102. Other transportation equipment	-67	79	-146		3	18
103. Scientific and controlling instruments	454	573	-119		496	188
104. Medical and dental instruments	143	209	-66		105	126
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	-151	74	-225	123	100	23
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	192	575	-383		278	331
107. Watches and clocks	-275	14	-289		29	8
						1 40
108. Jewelry and silverware	-338	226	-564		-22	
108. Jewelry and silverware	-338 -448	226 257	-564 -705 -513	181	-22 5 102	19 176 349

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
111. Railroad transportation	1,085	1,142	-57	628	320	308
112. Local transit and intercity buses	1	1	0	725	39	687
113. Truck transportation	887	887	0	2,315	1,138	1,178
114. Water transportation	1,690	1,838	-148	607	510	97
115. Air transportation	128	1,075	-947	1,135	822	313
116. Pipeline transportation	56	56	0	36	16	20
117. Transportation services		215	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	389	389	0	2,076	852	1,224
120. Electric utilities, public and private	-29	38	-67	2,318	505	1,813
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	-237	110	-347	687	79	607
122. Water and sanitary services, except public		11	0	104	55	49
123. Wholesale trade		3,980	2,993		1,354	2,601
124. Eating and drinking places		0	0	-1,326	366	-1,692
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	118	118	0	615	8	606
126. Banking	8	8	0	2,509	752	1,758
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers		11	0	159	-20	179
128. Insurance		236	-165	513	-3	516
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	2,035	2,035	0	2,076	442	1,634
131. Hotels and lodging places	4	4	0	697	605	92
132. Personal and repair services		0	0	618	91	526
133. Barber and beauty shops	0	0	0	0	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	399	401	-2		2,995	2,124
135. Advertising	31	40	-10	492	17	474
136. Miscellaneous professional services	400	400	0		645	3,491
137. Automobile repair		0	0	1	127	472
138. Motion pictures	426	438	-12		96	31
139. Amusements and recreation services		0	0		47	-476
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	0	0	C	1,629	203	1,426
141. Hospitals		0			319	2,324
142. Medical services, except hospitals		0	1	_,	92	3,252
143. Educational services (private)		0	C		1,659	-7
144. Nonprofit organizations		53			1	9
145. Post Office	. 21	21	0	980	422	558
146. Commodity Credit Corporation		0		-	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises		118				0
148. Local government passenger transit		0	1	1		0
149. Other State and local enterprises		0			17	42 12
150. Noncomparable imports	-15,162	681	-15,843	3,508	3,496	12
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods						1,038
152. New construction industry				,		11,413
153. Government industry		-	1	,		
154. Rest-of-world industry			-4,050		_	0
155. Private households		0				0
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	. 0	0	(0	0	0

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

C-2. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1977

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry national consumption durable equipment construction construction	57,885 0 0 0 12 75	Change in business inventories 13,302 -32 332 93 2,138 634
1. Dairy and poultry products 1,276 1,218 0 0 2. Meat animals and livestock 468 188 0 0 3. Cotton 704 0 0 0 4. Food and feed grains 4,459 175 0 3	0 0 0 12 75 0 51	-32 332 93 2,138
2. Meat animals and livestock 468 188 0 0 3. Cotton 704 0 0 0 4. Food and feed grains 4,459 175 0 3	0 0 12 75 0 51	332 93 2,138
2. Meat animals and livestock 468 188 0 0 3. Cotton 704 0 0 0 4. Food and feed grains 4,459 175 0 3	0 12 75 0 51	93 2,138
4. Food and feed grains	12 75 0 51	2,138
3,	75 0 51	
5. Other agricultural products 7,144 5,005 0 15	0 51	634
	51	
6. Forestry and fishery products		18
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services		0
of their date for our of the training the training the training tr	0	-4
9. Copper ore mining	ŏ	4
11. Coal mining	0	7
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling6,130 0 129 0	ŏ	67
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	191	50
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 23 1 0 0	0	-6
15. Maintenance and repair construction	19	0
16. Ordnance	7	39
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles	0	-35
18. Meat products	4	170
19. Dairy products	0	49 284
20. Canned and frozen foods	U	204
21. Grain mill products	0	171
22. Bakery products	0	19
23. Sugar	0	21
24. Confectionery products	2	34
25. Alcoholic beverages	6	145
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	0	122
27. Other food products	0	223
28. Tobacco manufacturing	4	35
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	0	230 121
30. Floor covering mills	448	121
31. Other textile mill products	31	15
32. Hosiery and knit goods	0 6	50 216
33. Apparel	2	86
34. Other fabricated textile products	ō	15
36. Sawmills and planing mills	2,318	248
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	5,189	340
38. Wooden containers	0 84	-5 102
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	103	79
41. Paper products	211	289
41. Paper products	211	17
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	ō	19
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing	3	78
45. Other printing and publishing	11	54
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	10	27
47. Agricultural chemicals	4	96
48. Other chemical products	69	47
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	0	177
50. Synthetic fibers	0	22
51. Drugs	0	135
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	0	82
53. Paints and allied products	245	100
54. Petroleum refining and related products	371	285
55. Tires and inner tubes	55	174

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

oduct	expenditures	equipment	construction	construction	business inventories
1,265	1,238	33	9	63	46
		12	208	555	405
7					23
3 874	_		-		60
1,161	710	ő	69	59	53
			4 007	0.700	107
					107 24
	-				
					29
					151 47
 -010	-		1,400	200	
854	0	2	49	65	37
					122
					176
					44
 170	0	11	0	0	137
 1,349	188	0	220	704	40
 12,057	37	1,622	5,110	2,042	465
 54	41	0	23	9	64
1,025	453	0	6	0	102
1,960	1,040	42	153	377	171
3.587	304	725	1.670	131	464
			0	0	86
			0	0	123
-,			365	58	65
2,390	0	1,728	209	8	97
5 368	222	4 626	4	10	215
					55
			_		215
					57
11,515	26	8,072	ō	0	362
1 730	403	963	0	0	5
			-	1	87
					77
					108
6,871	5,227	1,220	45	169	273
0.000	700	100	997	205	82
					281
				1	79
			1	1	29
		45	0	0	183
					440
					119
					793
			-	1	58
					85
 1,818	0	1,532	0	0	15
 423	922	29	0	0	43
 3,626	1,303	127	_	2,088	33
 3,928	34	1,811	255		135
 2,291		1,245		-	65
 1,542	726	817	0	0	55
 4,865	1,189	2,773	3	9	13
287	684	1	2	1	22
		0	1	2	245
 3,996		280	1	2	129
					102
	7 3,874 1,161 6,505 778 540 1,904 -810 854 2,516 3 -107 -926 170 1,349 12,057 54 1,025 1,960 3,587 3,124 5,970 7,909 2,390 5,368 4,497 4,378 469 11,515 1,730 5,165 4,277 2,130 6,871 2,826 4,848 3,755 9,316 2,678 t 3,166 59,091 12,067 4,826 1,818 423 3,626 3,928 2,291 1,542	7 0 3,874 5,162 1,161 710 6,505 1 778 0 540 399 1,904 191 -810 4 2,516 20 170 0 170 0 170 0 170 0 170 0 170 0 170 0 170 17	7	3,874 5,162 0 0 0 1	3,874 5,162 0

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
111. Railroad transportation	5.435	2,274	424	227	455	319
112. Local transit and intercity buses	4,669	4,200	0	3	8	0
	12,920	6,884	871	486	717	357
113. Truck transportation						41
114. Water transportation	4,026	979	26	54	68	
115. Air transportation	8,954	7,394	107	18	43	13
116. Pipeline transportation	343	232	0	4	0	4
117. Transportation services	567	298	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	27.065	19.120	3,700	86	244	0
120. Electric utilities, public and private		15,962	0	10	27	0
101. Con utilities evaluding public	6.556	6,544	0	0	2	0
121. Gas utilities, excluding public					53	ő
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	3,000	3,041	0	18	1	_
123. Wholesale trade	66,356	43,042	7,973	1,233	1,348	1,445
124. Eating and drinking places	42,709	44,517	0	106	298	0
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	132,593	124,963	3,358	737	3,168	3
126. Banking	20,172	15,085	0	83	235	0
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	8,379	8,045	0	13	18	0
128. Insurance	23,710	22,835	0	122	181	0
129. Owner-occupied real estate	99,043	99,043	ŏ	0	0	Ŏ
130. Real estate	50,185	37,801	0	388	6,723	ŏ
150. Hear estate	50,165	37,601		300	0,723	
131. Hotels and lodging places	7,059	6,078	0	4	11	0
132. Personal and repair services	13,017	11,988	203	2	7	0
133. Barber and beauty shops	3,557	3,557	0	0	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	10,620	2,361	0	543	566	0
135. Advertising	860	142	0	11	31	0
136. Miscellaneous professional services	17,108	6,238	0	2,071	2,914	0
137. Automobile repair	17,618	16,580	0	175	184	0
138. Motion pictures		1,821	Ŏ	0	0	70
139. Amusements and recreation services	9,227	9,514	ŏ	3	10	0
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	29,294	,	0	0	0	Ĭ
140. Doctors and dentists services	29,294	27,112	"			"
141. Hospitals	30,127	26,233	0	0	0	0
142. Medical services, except hospitals	11,083	6,995	0	0	0	0
143. Educational services (private)	13,544	11,677	0	1	3	0
144. Nonprofit organizations	13,232	13,121	0	13	37	0
145. Post Office	3,138	1,952	0	6	20	0
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	355	188	0	ŏ	l ő	ŏ
148. Local government passenger transit	333	0	0	ŏ	0	0
		_	0	1	4	0
149. Other State and local enterprises	2,702	2,624	-		1	0
150. Noncomparable imports	-5,565	5,400	3	6	18	4
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-1,672	2,686	-4,629	-145	-359	277
152. New construction industry	46,022	0	0	16,108	18,470	0
153. Government industry	143,982	0	0	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry	15,711	-5,162	0	0	0	0
155. Private households	3,826	3,826	0	0	0	0
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	-4,067	0	Ö	0	0	-4,067
	.,					,,,

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
Total	22,006	112,877	-90,871	269,038	100,369	168,669
Dairy and poultry products	6	11	-4	84	3	81
2. Meat animals and livestock	-58	273	-331	7	4	3
3. Cotton	589	592	-3	22	1 606	0 26
Food and feed grains Other agricultural products	3,800 1,493	3,853 2,243	-53 -750	-1,670 -78	-1,696 -312	234
6. Forestry and fishery products	-600	249	-849	-439	-445	6
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	23	24	-2	87	15	71
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	-431	155	-586		-18 0	0
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	-6 -231	9 42	-15 -273		-4	6
11. Coal mining	443	458	-15	69	52	17
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	-6,361	10	-6,370		34	(
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	-52	180	-231		158	478
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	-10	76	-86		-1	39
15. Maintenance and repair construction	0	0	0	9,315	2,127	7,188
16. Ordnance	348 64	415 64	-67 0		1,331 3,118	11
18. Meat products	-125	1,019	-1,144		32	768
19. Dairy products	-45	128	-173	823	214	609
20. Canned and frozen foods	153	618	-465	500	14	486
21. Grain mill products	772	839	-66	1	36	70
22. Bakery products	-23 -993	12 38	–35 –1,031		4	19
23. Sugar24. Confectionery products	-993 -212	57	-1,031	1	1	8
25. Alcoholic beverages	-1,016	60	-1,075		2	-32
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	79	108	-29	1	2	74
27. Other food products	842	1,297	-455	1	38	178
28. Tobacco manufacturing	1,003	1,090	-87	1	0 22	7
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	-42 -37	642 80	-684 -117	1	13	50
31. Other textile mill products	-169	163	-332	22	17	
32. Hosiery and knit goods	3	47	-44		0	
33. Apparel		470	-3,095		158	6
34. Other fabricated textile products		211 486	-150 -36		117	
36. Sawmills and planing mills		411	-1,261	101	27	7
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products		209	-616		130	28
38. Wooden containers		2	-3		9	
39. Household furniture40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	-185 -87	89 59			77 98	6 40
	-771	1,196	-1,966	838	193	64
41. Paper products		.,	.,		18	4
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	-16	4	-20		1	
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing					55	1,28
45. Other printing and publishing	29	100	-71	1,372	348	1,02
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals			-1,129 -297		720 17	27
47. Agricultural chemicals					235	9
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber					18	
50. Synthetic fibers				1	18	
51. Drugs				1		1,23
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	186					22
53. Paints and allied products					33	12
54. Petroleum refining and related products						1,09
55. Tires and inner tubes	373	169	-542	- 98	30	1 4

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	-446	245	-691	321	143	178
57. Plastic products	1000	546	-441	251	78	173
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather		99	-115	0	0	0
59. Leather products including footwear		73	-1,446	21	8	13
60. Glass		359	-335	247	49	198
61. Cement and concrete products	-39	33	-72	1,860	330	1,530
62. Structural clay products		42	-83	135	17	118
63. Pottery and related products		46	-277	48	14	34
64. Other stone and clay products	43	236	-193	296	77	219
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-2,904	656	-3,560	353	128	225
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	157	242	-85	544	71	473
67. Primary copper and copper products		329	-622	378	159	218
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products		277	-633	28	24	5
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	-969	208	-1,178	-1	-2	0
70. Metal containers	. 5	33	-28	18	6	11
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	61	98	-37	135	24	111
72. Fabricated structural metal products		552	-96	2,324	705	1,619
73. Screw machine products		105	-268	79	67	12
74. Metal stampings	420	464	-44	44	9	35
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	-48	308	-356	225	71	154
76. Other fabricated metal products	-223	575	-798	516	177	339
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	1,293	1,564	-271	325	288	37
78. Farm machinery	. 46	719	-673	81	17	65
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	2,572	2,959	-387	257	124	133
80. Material handling equipment	187	299	-112	160	104	56
81. Metalworking machinery		610	-477	158	122	35
82. Special industry machinery	716	1,434	-718		41	24
83. General industrial machinery		1,356	-840	389	282	107
84. Other nonelectrical machinery		118	-9	245	45	200
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	2,022	3,211	-1,189	1,033	903	130
86. Typewriters and other office equipment		199	-325	1	180	305
87. Service industry machines		950	-95		103	468 199
88. Electric transmission equipment		540	-271	474	275 243	65
89. Electrical industrial apparatus		608 468	-251 -602		13	58
					140	007
91. Electric lighting and wiring		365	-131	416	119	297
92. Radio and television receiving sets		490			109	39
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus		147	-76	1	171 6,766	231
94. Radio and communication equipment95. Electronic components		1,118 2,564	-1,027 -2,251	1,006	958	49
				005	100	F0
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment		597 6,151	-416 -9,495		183 635	1,701
97. Motor vehicles	3,344 3,719				6,118	7,701
99. Ship and boat building and repair		.,			2,289	33
100. Railroad equipment					3	138
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	578	25	-603	8	1	7
102. Other transportation equipment				1	2	13
103. Scientific and controlling instruments					532	250
104. Medical and dental instruments				1	143	156
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment		1			171	22
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	. 221	905	-684	658	261	396
107. Watches and clocks	454	1		30	24	6
108. Jewelry and silverware		303			-7	21
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods	526				5	230
110. Other manufactured products	-111	331	-441	425	103	322
	1	1	1	I	1	1

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
111. Railroad transportation	1,301	1,353	-52	434	247	186
112. Local transit and intercity buses	12	12	0	446	43	403
113. Truck transportation	1,276	1,276	0	2,329	948	1,381
114. Water transportation	2,498	2,280	217	361	272	89
115. Air transportation	219	1,518	-1,299	1,160	847	313
116. Pipeline transportation	69	69	0	33	14	19
117. Transportation services	270	270	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	635	635	0	3,279	879	2,401
120. Electric utilities, public and private	-145	45	-190	3,434	531	2,902
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	-517	89	-605	526	55	471
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	13	13	0	-126	50	-176
123. Wholesale trade	7,613	5,581	2,032	3,702	1,083	2,619
124. Eating and drinking places	0	0	0	-2,212	267	-2,480
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	42	42	0	322	43	279
126. Banking	12	12	0	4,757	1,161	3,596
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	15	15	0	288	-33	321
128. Insurance	-8	345	-354	579	-21	601
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0		0	0
130. Real estate	3,026	3,026	0	2,248	609	1,638
131. Hotels and lodging places	6	6	0	960	626	334
132. Personal and repair services	1	1	0	817	122	695
133. Barber and beauty shops	0	0	0		0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	537	540	-3		3,380	3,233
135. Advertising	39	52	-14	638	16	622
136. Miscellaneous professional services	622	622	0	-,	797	4,466
137. Automobile repair	0	0	0		97	583
138. Motion pictures	589	615	-26		104	42
139. Amusements and recreation services	0	0	0		453	-753
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	0	0	0	2,183	221	1,961
141. Hospitals	0	0	0	-,	724	3,171
142. Medical services, except hospitals	0	0	0		173	3,916
143. Educational services (private)	0	0	0	.,	1,868	-5
144. Nonprofit organizations	54	77	-24		0	8
145. Post Office	27	27	0	1,132	439	693
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0		0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	163	163	0	1 -	3	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	0			0 54
149. Other State and local enterprises	0 -13,774	0 696	"	1	18 2,769	9
						200
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-112	1,213	-1,325		214	396 9,092
152. New construction industry	0	0				96,190
153. Government industry	01 429	27,992	"		,	96,190
154. Rest-of-world industry	21,438	27,992	-6,555	_		0
155. Private households	0	0				0
100. Inventory valuation adjustment						

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
Total	2,126,746	1,349,086	162,499	45,600	65,702	11,900
1. Dairy and poultry products	1,542	1,475	0	0	0	-28
2. Meat animals and livestock	1,062	289	0	0	0	297
3. Cotton	902	0	0	0	0	83
4. Food and feed grains	10,231	207	0	3	12	1,913
5. Other agricultural products	9,332	6,386	0	20	75	567
6. Forestry and fishery products	-632	763	0	0	0	16
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	416	222	0	13	52	0 2
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	-148 21	0	0 0	0	0	-4
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	-14	0	308	0	0	3
11. Coal mining	1,266	138	0	0	0	6
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	-6,723	0	207	0	0	60
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	1,817	11	0	352	211	45
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	128	2	0	0	0	-6
15. Maintenance and repair construction	9,074	0	0	8	17	0
16. Ordnance	4,557	865	0	20	8	35
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles	5,847	0	113	0	0	-32
18. Meat products	24,911	22,217	0	2	4	152
19. Dairy products	13,024	12,275	0	0	0	44
20. Canned and frozen foods	15,027	13,615	0	0	0	254
21. Grain mill products	7,052	4,951	0	0	0	153
22. Bakery products	5,908	5,740	0	0	0	17
23. Sugar	85	928	0	0	0	19
24. Confectionery products	3,960	4,249	0	1	2	30
25. Alcoholic beverages	14,161	15,004	0	4	6	129
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	9,372	8,879	0	0	0	110
27. Other food products	10,796	7,694	0	0	0	200
28. Tobacco manufacturing	8,136	6,817	0	2	4 0	31 206
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	829 5,552	677 2,926	1,600	46	542	108
21 Other toytile mill products	269	212	13	4	30	13
31. Other textile mill products	2,918	2,849	0	ō	0	45
33. Apparel	23,773	28,354	0	3	6	193
34. Other fabricated textile products	4,895	4,283	0	1	2	77
35. Logging	809	5	0	2	0	13
36. Sawmills and planing mills	2,427	0	0	191	2,258	222
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	9,014	744	11	1,039	6,105	304
38. Wooden containers	12	0	0	0	0	-4
Household furniture Furniture and fixtures, except household	8,520 5,157	7,353 506	930 3,698	114	104 127	92
41. Paper products	8,171	5,135	0	52 1	236	259 15
42. Paperboard	375 2,021	147 2,021	0	0	0	17
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing	7,513	5,733	0	2	3	70
45. Other printing and publishing	2,928	1,358	ő	5	10	48
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	2,108	27	265	103	10	24
47. Agricultural chemicals	1,353		0	1	4	86
48. Other chemical products	3,137	797	0	212	96	42
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	869		0	0	0	158
50. Synthetic fibers	612	0	0	0	0	19
51. Drugs	18,928	14,310	0	0	0	121
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	12,218		0	0	0	73
53. Paints and allied products			0	172	321	89
54. Petroleum refining and related products		15,328	0	656 71	377	255 156
55. Tires and inner tubes	1,669	2,602		71	1 55	156

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	1,082	1,346	53	12	66	41
57. Plastic products	5,393	2,227	20	226	654	363
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	87	- 0	0	0	0	20
59. Leather products including footwear	2,612	5,083	0	1	2	54
60. Glass	1,801	899	0	96	58	48
61. Cement and concrete products	7,111	2	0	1,975	2,867	96
62. Structural clay products	622	0	ő	62	435	21
63. Pottery and related products	371	406	o l	123	164	26
64. Other stone and clay products	2,635	332	ŏ	729	530	135
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-763	6	0	1,149	267	42
66 Iron and stool foundries and forgings	1,166	0	4	57	75	33
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	2,725	28	130	1,627	752	109
	338	15	0	21	6	158
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	-1,524	0	0	1	0	40
70. Metal containers	181	ő	17	Ö	ő	123
	4 000	040		010	070	06
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	1,609	213	0 720	210	872	36 416
72. Fabricated structural metal products	15,262	56	2,739	5,377	2,474	57
73. Screw machine products	54	61	0	28 9	11 0	91
74. Metal stampings	1,271 2.696	592 1,493	66	181	383	153
					170	445
76. Other fabricated metal products	5,190	374	1,398	1,555	179	415
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	6,267	426	1,250	0	0	77
78. Farm machinery	7,190	134	6,155	0	0	110
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	12,769	0	5,079	462	57	58
80. Material handling equipment	3,587	0	2,533	252	14	87
81. Metalworking machinery		334	6,709	5	9	193
82. Special industry machinery	5,600	129	3,757	0	0	49
83. General industrial machinery	7,112	0	3,410	231	208	192
84. Other nonelectrical machinery		34	52	2	6	51
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	52,550	6,182	32,431	0	0	324
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	4,245	1,344	2,286	0	0	5
87. Service industry machines	11,145	856	5,087	395	733	78
88. Electric transmission equipment	6,444	49	3,810	315	347	69
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	3,601	40	1,727	16	1	97
90. Household appliances	11,127	8,319	1,951	56	194	244
91. Electric lighting and wiring	3,811	988	174	903	484	74
92. Radio and television receiving sets			545	2	4	252
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus			6,893	0	. 0	71
94. Radio and communication equipment		338	5,178	39	74	26
95. Electronic components		2,956	71	0	0	164
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	5,986	2,761	1,429	16	30	107
97. Motor vehicles			19,259	19	13	710
98. Aircraft			1,768	0	0	52
99. Ship and boat building and repair			1,200	0	0	76
100. Railroad equipment			1,320	0	0	13
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	355	1,160	46	0	0	39
102. Other transportation equipment			202	0	2,275	30
103. Scientific and controlling instruments			2,140	251	103	121
104. Medical and dental instruments			2,363	0	0	58
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment			1,829	Ö	Ö	49
106 Photographic equipment and examine			4.000	4	8	12
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	10 050					16
			4,800			
107. Watches and clocks	34	869	2	3	1	20
107. Watches and clocks	2,686	869 3,614	0	3	1 2	20 219
107. Watches and clocks	2,686 5,585	869 3,614 4,982	2	3	1	20

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative—Continued

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
111. Railroad transportation	6,975	3,189	448	248	479	286
112. Local transit and intercity buses	4,540	4,080	0	4	8	0
113. Truck transportation	18,640	9,033	1,450	501	771	319
114. Water transportation	5.416	1,106	41	60	67	36
115. Air transportation	17,936	14,422	170	20	41	12
116. Pipeline transportation	438	222	0	4	0	3
117. Transportation services	1,054	443	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	71,270	48,795	11,473	107	224	0
120. Electric utilities, public and private	30,721	27,200	0	12	25	0
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	4,302	4,500	0	0	2	0
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	3,913	3,911	0	23	49	0
123. Wholesale trade	100,498	63,990	13,352	1,246	1,502	1,293
124. Eating and drinking places	50,839	52,467	0	132	274	0
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	201,459	191,748	5,090	798	3,385	3
126. Banking	38,150	33,308	0	104	216	0
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	20,386	20,026	0	15	17	0
128. Insurance	41,418	40,139	0	141	178	0
129. Owner-occupied real estate	179,783	179,783	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	76,602	58,390	0	270	9,344	0
131. Hotels and lodging places	13,102	11,525	0	5	10	0
132. Personal and repair services	14,235	12,956	324	3	6	0
133. Barber and beauty shops	4,040	4,040	0	0	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	19,857	5,944	0	877	560	0
135. Advertising	1,020	269	0	13	28	0
136. Miscellaneous professional services	23,279	10,813	0	2,350	3,061	0
137. Automobile repair	24,393	23,248	0	200	181	0
138. Motion pictures	3,594	2,308	0	0	0	63
139. Amusements and recreation services	20,016	19,952	0	4	9	0
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	51,661	48,672	0	0	0	0
141. Hospitals	53,287	48,053	0	0	0	0
142. Medical services, except hospitals	22,978	17,849	0	0	3	0
143. Educational services (private)	18,355	16,459	0	1	_	1
144. Nonprofit organizations	22,061	21,857	0	17	34	0
145. Post Office	3,598	2,178	0	8	19	0
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	656	280	0	0	0	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	0	0	0	0
149. Other State and local enterprises	3,421	3,329	0	2	4	0
150. Noncomparable imports	-2,771	7,819	5	8	17	3
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-1,063	4,984	-7,838	-39	-526	247
152. New construction industry	53,403	0	0	18,928	20,590	0
153. Government industry	171,499	0	0	0	0	0
		0 021		0		
154. Rest-of-world industry	51,386	-8,931	0		1	1
154. Rest-of-world industry	2,653 -3,639	2,653	0	0	0	0 -3,639

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative—Continued

1. Dairy and poultry products	overnment	local governmen
2. Meat animals and livestock 469 642 -172 7 3. Cotton 798 799 -2 22 4. Food and feed grains 11,449 11,483 -34 -3,354 -5 5. Other agricultural, forestry, fishery services 40 42 -2 90 -667 428 -1,095 -744 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 -744 -74 -744 -74 -744 -74 -744 -74 <td>156,961</td> <td>186,500</td>	156,961	186,500
3. Cotton	3	81
4. Food and feed grains	4	2
5. Other agricultural products 2,836 3,515 -679 -553 6. Forestry and fishery products -667 428 -1,095 -744 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 40 42 -1,095 -744 9. Copper ore mining -110 541 -651 -41 9. Copper ore mining -110 541 -651 -41 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper -316 106 -421 -10 11. Coal mining 1,011 1,037 -26 111 11 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling -7,023 24 -7,048 34 34 34 34 34 360 597 -237 839 34 4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 34 4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 3, 041 37 3, 041 36 597 -287 89 90 0 5,666 56 567 641 -53 3,041	22	0
6. Forestry and fishery products -667 428 -1,095 -744 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 40 42 -2 90 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining -110 541 -651 -41 9. Copper ore mining 25 30 -6 0 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper -316 106 -421 -10 11. Coal mining 1,011 1,037 -26 111 11 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling -7,023 24 -7,048 34 34 35. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 360 597 -237 839 14 Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 15. Maintenance and repair construction 0 0 0 9,049 2 60 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 17 9,049 9 9 0 5,666 18 18 18 64	-3,377 -769	24 217
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	-751	6
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	27	62
9. Copper ore mining	-41	0
1. Coal mining	0	0
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling -7,028 24 -7,048 34 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 360 597 -237 839 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 15. Maintenance and repair construction 0 0 0 9,049 2 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 0 5,666 6 18. Meat products 1,749 2,631 -881 787 787 19. Dairy products -89 90 -179 793 30 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 113 22 23 1,886 -965 17 1186 23 30gar 368 -965 17 1186 23 30gar 368 -965 17 1186 24 27 1186 24 27 1186 28 28 17 27 1186 28 <td< td=""><td>-10</td><td>0</td></td<>	-10	0
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 360 597 -237 839 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 15. Maintenance and repair construction 0 0 9,049 4 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 0 5,666 18 18. Meat products -99 99 0 5,666 18 19. Dairy products -99 90 -719 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -94 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -333 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,	96	15
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 98 207 -108 34 15. Maintenance and repair construction 0 0 0 0 9,049 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 90 5,666 68 18. Meat products -89 90 -179 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	34	507
15. Maintenance and repair construction 0 0 9,049 1 16. Ordnance 587 641 -53 3,041 3 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 0 5,666 9 18. Meat products 1,749 2,631 -881 787 19. Dairy products -89 90 -179 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -1,393 134	251 -3	5,87 36
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 0 5,666 18. Meat products 1,749 2,631 -881 787 787 783 20. Canned and frozen foods -89 90 -179 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 494	2,966	6,083
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 99 99 0 5,666 18. Meat products 1,749 2,631 -881 787 787 783 20. Canned and frozen foods -89 90 -179 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 494	3,025	16
18. Meat products 1,749 2,631 -881 787 19. Dairy products -89 90 -179 793 20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,281 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products 24 90 -66 0 32. Apparel 5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 79 1 <td>5,666</td> <td>0</td>	5,666	0
20. Canned and frozen foods 664 1,114 -450 494 21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -933 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills 1,881 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products 2,891 -2,900 -209 210 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 34 34. Other fabricated textile products 2,490 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 34 <	36	751
21. Grain mill products 1,836 1,887 -51 113 22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products 24 90 -66 0 32. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -451 24 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869	213	580
22. Bakery products -34 17 -51 186 23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115	14	480
23. Sugar -879 86 -965 17 24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products 28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 788 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869	43	71
24. Confectionery products -393 149 -542 71 25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7	0	182 17
25. Alcoholic beverages -955 227 -1,182 -27 26. Soft drinks and flavorings 308 368 -60 76 27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212	1	70
27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184	3	-30
27. Other food products 2,691 2,900 -209 210 28. Tobacco manufacturing 1,281 1,356 -75 0 29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184	2	74
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills -188 1,205 -1,393 134 30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2	35	176
30. Floor covering mills 273 383 -110 58 31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inor	0	0
31. Other textile mill products -28 423 -451 24 32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 18	85 40
32. Hosiery and knit goods 24 90 -66 0 33. Apparel -5,128 897 -6,024 344 34. Other fabricated textile products 218 423 -205 314 35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	19	5
33. Apparel	ő	Ö
35. Logging 789 798 -9 1 36. Sawmills and planing mills -360 720 -1,080 115 37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	255	89
36. Sawmills and planing mills	240	73
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 310 869 -559 501 38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	0	1
38. Wooden containers 2 7 -5 15 39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	39	76
39. Household furniture -115 212 -327 153 40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	207 15	294
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household 147 265 -118 495 41. Paper products 1,647 3,184 -1,537 842 42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	91	61
42. Paperboard 130 136 -7 80 43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	131	365
43. Newspaper printing and publishing -21 2 -23 5 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	229	613
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 565 709 -143 1,141 45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	28	52
45. Other printing and publishing 63 171 -109 1,444 46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 213 1,977 -1,764 1,465 47. Agricultural chemicals 963 1,401 -438 111	2 84	1,056
47. Agricultural chemicals	505	939
47. Agricultural chemicals	1,193	273
	24	87
48. Other chemical products	481	97
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	41	1 1
50. Synthetic fibers	42	
51. Drugs	272	1,786
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	87 50	123
53. Paints and allied products 141 147 -6 173 54. Petroleum refining and related products -710 830 -1,540 2,561	1,411	1,150
55. Tires and inner tubes	95	51

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative—Continued

	Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
56 F	Rubber products except tires and tubes	-959	439	-1,397	522	293	230
	Plastic products	1,594	2,101	-507	311	136	174
	eather tanning and industrial leather	66	126	-60	1	1	0
	eather products including footwear	-2,561	197	-2,758	33	14	20
	Glass	403	736	-332	299	81	218
61 (Compart and conserve products	20	105	-133	2,198	512	1,686
	Cement and concrete products	-28 -27	35	-62	131	23	108
	Structural clay products	-406	106	-512	60	21	38
	Pottery and related products	573	733	-160	336	118	218
	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-2,621	771	-3,392	394	232	162
66 1	ven and steel foundries and foreigns	437	537	-99	560	152	407
	ron and steel foundries and forgings	-382	257	-639	461	235	226
	Primary copper and copper products	81	759	-678	58	54	4
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products		236	-1,751	-50	-50	0
	Primary nonferrous metals and products	-1,515 17	45	-1,731	24	14	9
		400	405	40	100	07	101
	leating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	139	185	-46	138	37	101
	abricated structural metal products	1,367	1,486	-119	2,834	1,149	
	Screw machine products	-222	219	-442	120	109	11
	Vetal stampings Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	558 175	609 582	-51 -406	22 244	14 106	138
70. (Sulery, Hardcools, general Hardware		002				
76. (Other fabricated metal products	574	1,517	-943	697	289	407
77. E	Engines, turbines, and generators	3,961	4,725	-764	553	519	34
78. I	Farm machinery	699	1,501	-802	93	29	64
79. 0	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	6,722	7,227	-504	391	255	136
80. I	Material handling equipment	491	748	-257	211	154	57
81. I	Metalworking machinery	380	1,018	-639	230	198	32
82. \$	Special industry machinery	1,580	2,382	-802	85	66	20
83. (General industrial machinery	2,455	3,360	-906	616	508	108
84. (Other nonelectrical machinery	251	266	-15	254	83	171
85. (Computers and peripheral equipment	11,503	14,174	-2,671	2,110	1,998	112
86.	Typewriters and other office equipment	131	525	-394	479	209	270
87. \$	Service industry machines	3,397	3,537	-140	600	178	423
	Electric transmission equipment	1,147	1,553	-406	707	528	179
89. I	Electrical industrial apparatus	1,212	1,530	-318	509	450	60
90. I	Household appliances	284	984	-699	79	20	59
91. I	Electric lighting and wiring	708	801	-93	481	178	303
	Radio and television receiving sets	-4,611	799	-5,410	168	135	33
93.	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	892	975	-83	1,051	1,050	1
94. I	Radio and communication equipment	2,235	3,803	-1,568	17,381	17,147	234
95. I	Electronic components	-85	9,100	-9,185	1,579	1,525	54
96. (Other electrical machinery and equipment	1,279	1,844	-564	365	307	58
	Motor vehicles	-1,678	5,956	-7,634	2,560	852	1,707
	Aircraft	7,932	9,660	-1,728	11,156	11,145	11
99. 5	Ship and boat building and repair	322	699	-377	4,312	4,262	50
	Railroad equipment	118	196	-79	133	5	128
101.	Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	-902	49	-952	13	3	10
	Other transportation equipment	164	205	-41	14	3	11
	Scientific and controlling instruments	1,445	1,613	-168	1,231	963	268
	Medical and dental instruments	965	1,122	-157		193	190
	Optical and ophthalmic equipment	5	498	-493	297	275	22
106	Photographic equipment and supplies	2,493	3,451	-958	862	456	406
100.	Watches and clocks	-922	379	-1,301		54	6
107.		-1,190	583	-1,773	40	21	19
107. 108.	Jewelry and silverware Musical instruments and sporting goods		583 800	-1,773 -972		21 10	19 198

C-3. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 low alternative-Continued

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
111. Railroad transportation	1,682	1,802	-120	644	449	195
112. Local transit and intercity buses	28	28	0	421	79	342
113. Truck transportation	3,311	3,311	0	3,255	1,798	1,457
114. Water transportation	3,392	3,254	138	713	618	95
115. Air transportation	1,406	3,511	-2,105	1,864	1,569	295
116. Pipeline transportation	157	157	0	51	30	21
117. Transportation services	611	611	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	4,093	4,093	0	0,0.0	3,410	3,168
120. Electric utilities, public and private	-126	103	-229	3,611	978	2,633
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	-715	201	-916		95	419
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	31	31	0	-101	110	-211
123. Wholesale trade	14,706	10,312	4,395		1,787	2,622
124. Eating and drinking places	0	0	0	2,004	438	-2,472
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	96	96	0	340	-25	365
126. Banking	28	28	0	4,494	1,163	3,331
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	35	35	0		-31	324
128. Insurance	375	783	-408	585	-1	586
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0		0	0
130. Real estate	6,284	6,284	0	2,313	781	1,532
131. Hotels and lodging places	12	12	0	1,549	1,132	417
132. Personal and repair services	1	1	0		189	757
133. Barber and beauty shops	0	0	C		0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	1,178	1,181	-3		8,139	3,158
135. Advertising	107	119	-12	603	36	567
136. Miscellaneous professional services	1,408	1,408	C		1,297	4,349
137. Automobile repair	0	0	C		171	592
138. Motion pictures	971	1,002	-31		214	38
139. Amusements and recreation services	0	0			667	-615
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	0	0	C	2,989	508	2,481
141. Hospitals	0	0			1,219	4,015
142. Medical services, except hospitals	0	0			176	4,953
143. Educational services (private)	1	1		.,	1,876	16
144. Nonprofit organizations	145	175	1		2	7
145. Post Office	61	61	(1,332	603	729
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	(0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	370	370	1		6	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	1		0	0
149. Other State and local enterprises	0	0	45.000	, .	34	53
150. Noncomparable imports	-14,100	1,287	-15,386	3,477	3,469	
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	1,543	2,545			236	329
152. New construction industry		0	1	,	3,984	9,901
153. Government industry		70.070	11 700	,	60,059 -870	111,440
154. Rest-of-world industry		72,973	-11,786		-870	0
155. Private households	0	0 0		0 0	0	0
156. Inventory valuation adjustment		"	1	1		

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
Total	2,166,782	1,412,389	180,099	71,100	74,200	11,800
Dairy and poultry products	1,649	1,580	0	0	0	-28
2. Meat animals and livestock	872	297	0	0	0	294
3. Cotton	874	0	0	0	0	82
Food and feed grains Other agricultural products	10,133 9,460	222 6,802	0 0	5 29	14	1,897 563
6. Forestry and fishery products	-709	808	0	0	0	16
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	433	228	ő	18	60	0
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	-164	0	0	0	0	2
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	18 -29	0	0 342	0	0	-4 3
11. Coal mining	1,220	148	0 229	0	0	6 59
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	-7,014 1,883	0 11	229	526	241	45
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	103	2	ő	0	0	-5
15. Maintenance and repair construction	8,857	ō	ő	11	20	. 0
16. Ordnance	4,117	926	0	30	9	35
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles	5,003	0	126	0	0	-31
18. Meat products	25,309	23,802	0	2	5	151
19. Dairy products	13,806	13,151	0	0	0	44
20. Canned and frozen foods	15,481	14,586	0	0	0	252
21. Grain mill products	7,128	5,304	0	0	0	151
22. Bakery products	6,300	6,149	0	0	0	16
23. Sugar	72	994	0	0 2	0 2	19
24. Confectionery products25. Alcoholic beverages	4,014 14,538	4,552 16,074	0	5	7	128
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	9,968	9,512	0	0	0	109
27. Other food products	11,165	8,243	Ö	0	0	198
28. Tobacco manufacturing	8,348	7,102	0	3	5	31
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	753	725	0	0	0	205
30. Floor covering mills	5,878	3,120	1,694	64	626	107
31. Other textile mill products	242	225	14	6	34	13
32. Hosiery and knit goods	3,112	3,077	0	0	0	45
33. Apparel	23,948	30,616	0	4 2	7 2	192
34. Other fabricated textile products	4,956 783	4,484 5	0	3	0	13
36. Sawmills and planing mills	2,296	0	0	277	2,562	220
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	9,782	793	12	1,509	6,849	302
38. Wooden containers	9	0	0	0	0	-4
39. Household furniture	8,935	7,840	1,012	6 167	115 141	91
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	5,598	539	4,106			
41. Paper products	7,658	5,379	0	76	264	256
42. Paperboard	373	154 2,105	0	2	3 0	15
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	2,095 7,832	6,114	0	2	4	69
45. Other printing and publishing	2,892	1,415	0	7	12	48
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	1,893	28	295	160	12	24
47. Agricultural chemicals	1,266	195	0	2	5	85
48. Other chemical products	3,116		0	320	108	42
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	796 557	0	0	0	0	157
	19,235	14,908	0	0	0	120
51. Drugs		44 553	_ ^			
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	12,615		0	0	353	
51. Drugs		210	0 0	270 991	353 434	73 89 253

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

	Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
56	Rubber products except tires and tubes	1,094	1,445	58	17	76	41
	Plastic products	5,256	2,367	22	328	728	359
	Leather tanning and industrial leather	70	2,007	0	0	0	20
		2,623	5,488	0	1	2	53
	Leather products including footwear	1,728	956	0	134	66	47
						0.007	
	Cement and concrete products	8,378	2	0	2,920	3,267	95
	Structural clay products	686	0	0	94	496	21
	Pottery and related products	390	432	0	187	185	25
64.	Other stone and clay products	3,051	344	0	1,169	599	134
65.	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-1,706	6	0	1,771	304	41
66.	Iron and steel foundries and forgings	1,164	0	4	86	85	33
67.	Primary copper and copper products	3,210	30	144	2,491	827	108
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products	11	16	0	34	7	156
	Primary nonferrous metals and products	-1,594	0	0	1	0	39
	Metal containers	166	0	19	0	0	122
71	Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	1,786	229	0	312	961	36
	Fabricated structural metal products	18,366	60	2,375	8,743	2,777	412
		-6	63	2,075	42	13	57
	Screw machine products	1,270	632	0	12	0	90
	Metal stampings Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	2,715	1,585	74	260	438	152
				4.005		107	440
	Other fabricated metal products	5,755	393	1,285	2,895	197	412
	Engines, turbines, and generators	6,166	460	1,388	0	0	77
	Farm machinery	7,270	143	6,833	0	0	109
79.	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	13,115	0	5,639	715	65	58
80.	Material handling equipment	3,945	0	2,812	489	16	86
81.	Metalworking machinery	8,272	356	7,449	7	10	191
	Special industry machinery	5,577	138	4,171	0	0	48
	General industrial machinery	7,051	0	3,786	350	238	191
	Other nonelectrical machinery	644	37	58	3	6	51
	Computers and peripheral equipment	53,149	6,591	36,007	0	0	321
86	Typewriters and other office equipment	4,371	1,433	2,538	0	0	5
	Service industry machines	11,414		5,381	579	835	77
	Electric transmission equipment	6,740	51	4,230	462	380	69
	Electrical industrial apparatus	3,546		1,918	25	1	96
	Household appliances	11,243	8,685	2,003	81	219	242
01	Electric lighting and wiving	4,339	1,042	194	1,388	533	73
	Electric lighting and wiring	,		596	1,300	4	249
	Radio and television receiving sets	12,732	413	7,653	0	0	70
	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	9,855			57	81	26
	Radio and communication equipment Electronic components	23,129 4,584	362 3,165	5,749	0	0	163
			0.050	4.507		24	106
	Other electrical machinery and equipment	5,994	2,956	1,587	23	34	106 704
	Motor vehicles	69,149		24,714	29	14	
	Aircraft			1,963	0	0	51
	Ship and boat building and repair	6,929		1,332	0	0	75
100	. Railroad equipment	1,691	0	1,465	0	0	13
	. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	379		51	0	0	38
	Other transportation equipment	5,298		224	1	3,080	30
	. Scientific and controlling instruments	5,467		2,377	381	117	120
	. Medical and dental instruments			2,623	0	0	57
105	Optical and ophthalmic equipment	3,791	1,689	2,031	0	0	48
	. Photographic equipment and supplies			5,330	6	9	12
	. Watches and clocks			2	5	2	19
107		0.740	3,894	0	1	2	218
	. Jewelry and silverware	2,746	0,004				
108	. Jewelry and silverware . Musical instruments and sporting goods			496	1	100	115 90

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
111. Railroad transportation	7,064	3,394	493	388	543	283
112. Local transit and intercity buses	4,719	4,257	0	5	9	0
113. Truck transportation	18,897	9,611	1,340	795	877	316
114. Water transportation	5,398	1,166	45	92	77	36
115. Air transportation	17,986	15,731	189	29	48	12
116. Pipeline transportation	450	239	0	7	0	3
117. Transportation services	1,056	463	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	. 0	0	0	0	. 0
119. Communications except radio and television	73,235	50,901	12,072	150	259	0
120. Electric utilities, public and private	31,765	28,400	0	17	28	0
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	4,224	4,700	0	1	2	0
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	4,077	4,085	0	32	57	0
123. Wholesale trade	103,468	66,349	13,590	1,954	1,679	1,282
124. Eating and drinking places	54,527	56,209	0	184	316	0
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	212,899	201,659	5,651	1,197	3,937	3
126. Banking	39,093	34,216	0	145	249	. 0
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	20,956	20,571	0	23	19	0
128. Insurance	42,495	41,458	0	210	204	0
129. Owner-occupied real estate	181,690	181,690	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	77,299	59,023	0	386	9,727	0
131. Hotels and lodging places	13,135	11,711	0	7	12	0
132. Personal and repair services	14,661	13,345	359	3	7	0
133. Barber and beauty shops	4,150	4,150	0	0	0	. 0
134. Miscellaneous business services	19,481	6,147	0	1,347	640	0
135. Advertising	1,042	276	0	18	33	0
136. Miscellaneous professional services	25,074	11,107	0	3,427	3,564	0
137. Automobile repair	24,856	23,584	0	306	207	0
138. Motion pictures	3,582	2,371	0	0	0	62
139. Amusements and recreation services	20,445	20,495	0	5	10	0
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	52,994	49,999	0	0	0	0
141. Hospitals	54,553	49,362	0	, 0	0	0
142. Medical services, except hospitals	23,611	18,335	0	0	0	0
143. Educational services (private)	18,545	16,907	0	1	3	0
144. Nonprofit organizations	22,650	22,453	0	23	39	0
145. Post Office	3,635	2,273	0	11	22	0
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	656	291	0	0	0	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	0	0	0	0
149. Other State and local enterprises	3,551	3,460	0	3	4	0
150. Noncomparable imports	-7,662	8,071	5	11	20	3
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-2,905	5,385	-8,702	-61	-544	245
152. New construction industry	66,664	0	0	29,643	23,330	0
153. Government industry	171,095	0	0	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry	34,281	-9,178	0	0	0	0
	0.700	0.700	_	_		
155. Private households 156. Inventory valuation adjustment	2,769 -3,608	2,769	0	0	0	0 -3,608

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative—Continued

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
Total	86,099	260,098	-173,999	331,099	139,199	191,900
Dairy and poultry products Meat animals and livestock Cotton Food and feed grains	10 275 774 10,905	13 526 776 10,955	-3 -251 -2 -50	87 6 19 –2,910	3 4 19 -2,934	84 3 0 25
5. Other agricultural products	2,423	3,412	-990	-444	-669	224
Forestry and fishery products Agricultural, forestry, fishery services Iron and ferroalloy ores mining Copper ore mining	-888 38 -132 21	416 41 526 30	-1,304 -3 -658 -8	-646 88 -34 0	-652 23 -34 0	7 65 0
10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	-366	103	-468	-9	-9	0
Coal mining	969 -7,332 234 72 0	1,007 24 580 201	-38 -7,356 -346 -129 0	97 29 825 35 8,826	81 29 218 -2 2,534	16 0 607 38 6,292
16. Ordnance	544 96 541 -174 135	622 96 1,971 87 790	-78 0 -1,430 -261 -656	2,572 4,812 808 785 508	2,555 4,812 31 185 12	17 0 777 600 496
21. Grain mill products	1,563 -58 -958 -645 -1,648	1,638 16 84 145 221	-74 -74 -1,042 -790 -1,869	110 192 18 73 -28	37 3 0 1 2	73 189 17 72 -31
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	270 2,512 1,207 -306 212	358 2,816 1,317 1,170 372	-88 -304 -109 -1,476 -160	78 212 0 129 57	2 30 0 41 15	76 182 0 88 41
31. Other textile mill products 32. Hosiery and knit goods 33. Apparel 34. Other fabricated textile products 35. Logging	-72 -9 -7,180 112 762	410 87 871 411 775	-482 -97 -8,051 -299 -13	22 0 310 279 1	16 0 218 204 0	6 0 92 76 1
36. Sawmills and planing mills	-875 -165 1 -270 85	699 650 7 206 257	-1,574 -815 -6 -476 -172	482 13 142	33 177 13 79 112	79 305 0 63 377
41. Paper products	-31 479	3,092 132 2 688 166	-10 -33 -209	77 4 1,165	197 24 2 72 432	634 54 2 1,093 971
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	868 1,291 604	1,919 1,360 1,531 1,031 773	-1,842 -492 -240 -427 -271	111 508 35	1,016 21 408 35 36	282 90 100 1
51. Drugs	684 134 -1,729	806	-122 -9 -2,535	302 170 2,386	232 74 43 1,197 81	

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative—Continued

(initions of 1972 dollars)					T	1
Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	-1,027	426	-1,453	485	248	238
57. Plastic products	1,155	2,040	-885	297	116	180
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	50	123	-73	1	1	0
59. Leather products including footwear	-2,953	191	-3,144	32	11	21
60. Glass	230	714	-484	294	69	225
61. Cement and concrete products	-91	102	-193	2,185	441	1,744
62. Structural clay products	-56	34	-90	131	19	112
63. Pottery and related products	-498	103	-601	58	18	40
64. Other stone and clay products	478	712	-233	326	101	225
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-4,195	749	-4,943	366	198	168
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	405	521	-116	550	129	421
67. Primary copper and copper products	-827	250	-1,077	436	202	234
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	-251	737	-988	50	45	4
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	-1,593	229	-1,823		-42	0
70. Metal containers	3	43	-40	22	12	10
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	113	180	-67	136	32	105
72. Fabricated structural metal products	1,270	1,443	-173	2,730	987	1,743
73. Screw machine products	-285	213	-498	104	93	11
74. Metal stampings	516	591	-75		12	9
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	-28	565	-592	233	91	142
76. Other fabricated metal products	-96	1,278	-1,374	669	248	421
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	3,766	4,588	-822	476	441	36
78. Farm machinery	94	1,263	-1,169		25	66
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	6,281	7,016			216	141
80. Material handling equipment	352	726	-374	191	132	59
81. Metalworking machinery		989	-931		169	33
82. Special industry machinery		2,312	-1,168		56	20
83. General industrial machinery		3,262	-1,320		432	112
84. Other nonelectrical machinery		259 13,761	-18 -5,350		1,702	177
86. Typewriters and other office equipment		510			180	280
87. Service industry machines		3,240			151	437 185
88. Electric transmission equipment		1,508			447 382	62
89. Electrical industrial apparatus		1,485 955			17	61
					450	040
91. Electric lighting and wiring		777	-135		153 116	313
92. Radio and television receiving sets		1,747			891	1
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus94. Radio and communication equipment		947 3,692			14,549	242
95. Electronic components		8,835			1,300	56
		4 700	000	001	001	60
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment		1,790			261 727	1,766
97. Motor vehicles	-7,967 7,152	8,695 9,379			9,424	11
99. Ship and boat building and repair		678	_,		3,609	52
100. Railroad equipment					4	132
101 Meterovoles biovoles and parts	-974	48	-1,022	13	2	10
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts		199			2	
103. Scientific and controlling instruments		1,566			818	
104. Medical and dental instruments		1,089			166	
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment		484			235	23
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	1,954	3,350	-1,396	808	388	420
107. Watches and clocks		368			46	6
108. Jewelry and silverware		566			17	20
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods						205
110. Other manufactured products	. 284	915	-631	408	125	283
					1	

C-4. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 moderate alternative—Continued

	Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
111.	Railroad transportation	1,380	1,556	-175	584	381	202
112.	Local transit and intercity buses	27	27	0	421	67	354
113.	Truck transportation	2,923	2,923	0	3,034	1,527	1,507
	Water transportation	3,360	3,160	200	621	522	99
115.	Air transportation	341	3,409	-3,068	1,637	1,332	305
116.	Pipeline transportation	153	153	0	48	26	22
117.	Transportation services	593	593	0	0	0	0
118.	Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119.	Communications except radio and television	3,683	3,683	0	6,172	2,895	3,277
120.	Electric utilities, public and private	-234	100	-334	3,554	830	2,724
121.	Gas utilities, excluding public	-994	195	-1,189	515	81	434
	Water and sanitary services, except public	30	30	0	-126	93	-219
123.	Wholesale trade	14,376	9,429	4,947	4,238	1,525	2,712
124.	Eating and drinking places	0	0	0	-2,183	374	-2,557
125.	Retail trade, except eating and drinking	93	93	0	360	-17	377
126.	Banking	27	27	0	4,456	1,010	3,446
	Credit agencies and financial brokers	34	34	0	309	-27	336
128.	Insurance	19	760	-740	605	-2	606
129.	Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	0
130.	Real estate	5,907	5,907	0	2,256	672	1,585
131.	Hotels and lodging places	12	12	0	1,393	962	431
	Personal and repair services	1	1	0		161	783
	Barber and beauty shops	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Miscellaneous business services	1,143	1,147	-4	10,204	6,938	3,266
	Advertising	98	115	-18	617	30	586
136.	Miscellaneous professional services	1,367	1,367	0	5,608	1,110	4,499
	Automobile repair	0	0	0	759	146	613
	Motion pictures	928	973	-45	220	181	39
	Amusements and recreation services	0	0	0	-66	571	-636
140.	Doctors' and dentists' services	0	0	0	2,995	429	2,566
141.	Hospitals	0	0	0	5,191	1,038	4,153
	Medical services, except hospitals	0	0	C	5,276	153	5,123
	Educational services (private)	1	1	C	1,633	1,616	17
	Nonprofit organizations	125	170	-45	9	1	8
	Post Office	59	59	C	1,270	516	754
146	. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0		0	0	0
	Other Federal enterprises		_	l č	-	5	ő
	Local government passenger transit		0	Ì	1	0	0
	Other State and local enterprises	0	0	l c	84	29	55
	Noncomparable imports	-18,723	1,152	-19,875	2,951	2,942	9
151	. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	228	2,374	-2,146	545	204	340
	. New construction industry		2,0,4	2,140		3,449	10,241
	. Government industry		ő	Ì		56,833	114,262
	. Rest-of-world industry			-26,635		-756	0
	Private households		0			0	0
		0	0	6	0	0	0

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
Total	2,264,452	1,491,384	205,773	77,892	109,137	12,200
Dairy and poultry products	1,673	1,615	0	0	0	-29
Meat animals and livestock	806	312	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	304
3. Cotton	881	0	ŏ	ő	Ö	85
4. Food and feed grains	10,128	227	ŏ	6	22	1,961
5. Other agricultural products	9,548	6,970	ŏ	32	135	582
6. Forestry and fishery products	-850	831	0	0	0	17
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	471	239	0	20	93	0
B. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	-206	0	0	0	0	2
9. Copper ore mining 0. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	15 -53	0	0 392	0	0	-4
o. Nomerous metal dies mining except copper						
Coal mining Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	1,210 -7,724	148 0	0 262	0	0 0	6
3. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	1,866	12	0	574	369	46
4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	92	2	Ö	0	0	-6
5. Maintenance and repair construction	7,992	ō	ő	13	31	
6. Ordnance	4,188	1,002	0	33	14	36
7. Guided missiles and space vehicles	5,011	0	144	0	0	-3:
8. Meat products	25,236	24,323	0	2	8	150
9. Dairy products	13,931	13,439	0	0	0	45
0. Canned and frozen foods	15,517	14,905	0	0	0	26
1. Grain mill products	7,223	5,420	0	0	0	15
2. Bakery products	6,388	6,284	0	0	0	1
3. Sugar	4	1,016	0	0	0	1
4. Confectionery products	3,915	4,652	0	2	3	3
5. Alcoholic beverages	14,506	16,426	0	6	11	13:
6. Soft drinks and flavorings	10,142	9,720	0	0	0	11
7. Other food products	11,236	8,424	0	0	0	20
8. Tobacco manufacturing	8,567	7,350	0	3	7	3
9. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	629	747	0	0	0	21
0. Floor covering mills	6,737	3,542	1,850	69	959	11
11. Other textile mill products	206	247	15	7	52	1.
2. Hosiery and knit goods	3,188	3,166	0	0	0	4
3. Apparel	23,838	31,505	0	4	10	19
4. Other fabricated textile products	5,054 784	4,694 5	0	2 3	4 0	7
6. Sawmills and planing mills	3,073	0	0	293	3,906	22
7. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	13,225	901	14	1,611	10,406	31
8. Wooden containers	9,996	0	1 126	6	174	9
9. Household furniture	6,252	8,900 612	1,136 4,699	184	213	7
1. Paper products	7,107	5,562	0	82	402	26
2. Paperboard	372	159	0	2	4	1
3. Newspaper printing and publishing	2,157	2,179	Ö	ō	Ö	1
4. Periodical, book printing and publishing	8,094	6,558	0	2	6	7
5. Other printing and publishing	2,790	1,467	0	7	18	4
6. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	1,637	29	337	163	18	2
17. Agricultural chemicals	1,244	202	0	2	8	. 8
8. Other chemical products	3,197	943	0	337	165	4
9. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	648	0	0	0	0	16
60. Synthetic fibers	512	0	0			'
51. Drugs	19,317	15,430	0	0	0	12
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	12,969	11,973	0	0	0	7
53. Paints and allied products	1,434	218	0	304	534	9
54. Petroleum refining and related products	18,908	17,323	0	1,067	664	26
55. Tires and inner tubes	1,463	3,366	0	112	97	15

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative—Continued

	Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
56.	Rubber products except tires and tubes	960	1,523	66	18	115	42
57.	Plastic products	5,634	2,657	25	363	1,103	372
	Leather tanning and industrial leather	59	0	0	0	0	21
	Leather products including footwear	2,424	5,659	0	1	3	55
	Glass	1,705	1,078	0	153	101	49
61.	Cement and concrete products	10,097	2	0	3,175	4,988	98
	Structural clay products	913	0.	0	106	756	21
	Pottery and related products	425	491	0	195	281	26
	Other stone and clay products	3,431	365	0	1,317	913	139
	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	-3,329	6	0	1,845	464	43
66	Iron and steel foundries and forgings	1,137	0	5	95	130	34
	Primary copper and copper products	3,333	34	165	2,593	1,248	112
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products	-340	18	0	37	10	162
	Primary nonferrous metals and products	-1,713	0	0	.1	0	41
	Metal containers	157	o o	22	0	0	126
71	Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	2,311	257	0	351	1,451	37
	Fabricated structural metal products	20,987	68	2,718	9,809	4,220	426
	Screw machine products	-177	65	2,710	46	20	59
	Metal stampings	1,335	717	0	14	0	93
	Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	2,925	1,757	84	285	669	157
76	Other februated metal products	5,876	425	1,471	3,235	297	426
	Other fabricated metal products		504	1,588	0,233	0	79
	Engines, turbines, and generators	6,130	162	7,820	0	0	112
	Farm machinery	7,845 13,737	0	6,454	731	100	60
	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	4,306	0	3,218	574	24	89
	Metalworking machinery	9,063 5,776	404 156	8,525 4,774	8	15	198
	Special industry machinery	7,279	130	4,333	383	364	197
	Other nonelectrical machinery	642	45	4,333	4	10	52
	Computers and peripheral equipment	57,319	7,483	41,209	ō	0	332
00	Turning and other office equipment	4.000	1 606	2.005	0	0	5
	Typewriters and other office equipment	4,688	1,626	2,905		1,275	80
	Service industry machines	12,726	1,040	6,159	650	573	71
	Electric transmission equipment	7,371	53	4,841	515	1	99
	Electrical industrial apparatus	3,662 12,168	48 9,746	2,195 2,115	25 91	333	250
							70
	. Electric lighting and wiring	4,767	1,136	222	1,501	806	76
	. Radio and television receiving sets	13,134		674	3	7	258
	. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	10,979		8,758	0	0	73
	. Radio and communication equipment	23,432 3,677	3,565	6,579	64	123	27 168
							400
	Other electrical machinery and equipment	6,414	3,426	1,816	25	52	109
	. Motor vehicles			28,285	31	22	728
	. Aircraft	19,556		2,246	0	0	53
	. Ship and boat building and repair			1,524	0	0	78
100). Railroad equipment	1,847	0	1,677	0	0	14
	. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts			58	0	0	40
	2. Other transportation equipment			257	1	4,146	31
103	Scientific and controlling instruments	5,806		2,720	418	179	124
	Medical and dental instruments			3,002	0	0	59 50
105	Optical and ophthalmic equipment	3,979	1,851	2,324		0	30
	Photographic equipment and supplies			6,099	6	14	12
	7. Watches and clocks			2	5	2	20
	B. Jewelry and silverware			0	1	3	225
	Musical instruments and sporting goods	5,789	5,528	568	1	3	119
	Other manufactured products		1,892	653	35	153	93

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

()						
Industry	Gross national product	Personal consumption expenditures	Producers' durable equipment	Nonresidential construction	Residential construction	Change in business inventories
111. Railroad transportation	7.651	3,665	559	422	827	293
112. Local transit and intercity buses	.,	4,654	0	6	13	0
113. Truck transportation	,	10,180	1,530	849	1,338	327
	,-		52	98	118	37
114. Water transportation		1,226		32	73	12
115. Air transportation	18,105	16,951	216	32	/3	12
116. Pipeline transportation	459	250	0	7	0	3
117. Transportation services		509	0	0	1	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting		0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television		54,724	13,816	164	397	0
120. Electric utilities, public and private		30,000	0	19	44	0
, F F		,				
121. Gas utilities, excluding public		5,200	0	1	3	0
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	4,444	4,394	0	35	87	0
123. Wholesale trade	112,362	70,659	15,516	2,095	2,544	1,325
124. Eating and drinking places	56,206	57,440	0	202	485	0
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	230,757	216,718	6,467	1,311	5,848	3
126. Banking	40,533	35.898	0	159	382	0
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	21,945	21,583	0	24	29	ő
128. Insurance	44,938	44,113	0	223	312	ő
129. Owner-occupied real estate	182,864	182,864	0	0	0	o o
		59,438	0	416	11,387	ő
130. Real estate	79,204	59,436	0	410	11,307	
131. Hotels and lodging places	13,339	11,955	0	8	18	0
132. Personal and repair services	15,343	14,054	411	4	11	0
133. Barber and beauty shops	4,354	4,354	0	0	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	19,833	6,494	0	1,395	979	0
135. Advertising	1,008	290	0	20	50	0
400 Missellanson and anniand annian	07.405	11.050	_	0.706	E 470	0
136. Miscellaneous professional services		11,653	0	3,786	5,479	0
137. Automobile repair	27,267	25,937	0	318	317	64
138. Motion pictures		2,488	0	0	0	
139. Amusements and recreation services	21,518	21,503	0	6	15	0
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	55,190	52,458	0	0	0	0
141. Hospitals	56,546	51,790	0	0	0	0
142. Medical services, except hospitals	23,978	19,237	0	0	0	0
143. Educational services (private)		17,739	0	1	4	0
144. Nonprofit organizations	23,761	23,557	0	25	60	0
145. Post Office		2,445	0	13	33	0
146. Commodity Credit Corporation		0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises		302	0	0	0	0
148. Local government passenger transit		0	0	0	0	0
149. Other State and local enterprises		3,721	0	3	7	0
150. Noncomparable imports	-17,382	8,482	6	12	30	3
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-4.903	6,543	-9,959	-62	-623	254
152. New construction industry		0,545	0	32,639	35,559	0
153. Government industry		ő	ő	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry		-9,626	0	Ŏ	0	0
155. Private households		2,981	l ő	ő	0	0
156. Inventory valuation adjustment		0	0	0	0	-3,730
	5,. 50					

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative—Continued

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
Total	22,800	261,698	-238,898	345,267	144,567	200,700
Dairy and poultry products Meat animals and livestock	9 185	14 529	-4 -345	78 6	3 4	75 2
Cotton Food and feed grains Other agricultural products	778 10,953 2,274	781 11,022 3,433	-3 -69 -1,159	18 -3,041 -446	18 -3,063 -646	0 22 201
Forestry and fishery products	-1,072 38 -174	418 42 529	-1,490 -4 -703	-625 81 -34	-631 23 -34	6 58 0
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	19 -440	30 103	-11 -543	0 -9	0 -9	0
Coal mining	961 -8,076 109 65 0	1,013 24 583 202 0	-52 -8,100 -475 -137	756 31	81 28 212 -2 2,308	14 0 545 34 5,641
16. Ordnance	519 97 20 -270 -105	626 97 1,984 88 795	-107 0 -1,963 -358 -900	717	2,569 4,803 30 179 12	15 0 697 538 445
21. Grain mill products	1,546 -86 -1,047 -839 -2,044	1,648 16 84 146 222	-102 -102 -1,131 -984 -2,266	172 16 66	36 3 0 1 2	65 169 16 65 -28
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	239 2,416 1,175 -449 154	360 2,833 1,325 1,177 374	-120 -417 -150 -1,626 -220	192 0 120	2 29 0 41 15	68 163 0 79 37
31. Other textile mill products	-149 -25 -8,177 3 762	413 88 876 413 780	–562 –113 –9,054 –410 –18	0 299 272	16 0 216 204 0	5 0 82 68 0
36. Sawmills and planing mills	-1,458 -465 -2 -447 23	703 654 7 207 258	-2,161 -1,119 -8 -654 -236	448 13 134	33 175 13 77 110	71 273 0 57 338
41. Paper products 42. Paperboard 43. Newspaper printing and publishing 44. Periodical, book printing and publishing 45. Other printing and publishing	-43 406	692	-3,076 -14 -45 -286 -217	72 4 1,051	193 24 2 71 427	568 48 2 980 871
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	-198 843 1,210 451	1,931 1,369 1,540 1,037 778	-2,128 -526 -330 -586 -322	101 498 36	35	253 81 90 0
51. Drugs	1,877 643 132 –2,670	810 144 811	-167 -12 -3,481	278 156 2,263	74 42 1,196	1,656 204 114 1,066 47

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
-1,267	428	-1,695	461	248	213
			277	115	162
	,			1	0
				11	18
	719	-665	270	68	202
-163	103	-265	1.995	431	1,564
					100
1					36
					202
	753	-6,787	347	196	150
365	524	-159	507	129	378
					210
					4
	10.00				0
	44			12	9
90	101	02	105	22	94
					1,563
					1,503
					8
	568			90	128
	4 000	4 007	200	0.45	070
				1	378
1					32
				1	59
				1	126
. 217	731	-514	183	130	53
	995	,		168	29
		,		and the second second	18
					101
					159
6,500	13,846	-7,346	1,795	1,692	104
	513			176	251
					392
					166
					55 54
-438	961	-1,399		17	34
	782			150	281
1					30
					1 017
					217 50
-1,400	0,009	-10,370	1,541	1,200	30
				260	1,583
					1,563
., .,	-,				47
				4	119
			40		
1	1				9
			1		248
					176
				233	20
1 454	2 271	_1 016	762	386	377
					6
					18
					184
. 55				124	
	exports -1,267 838 38 -3,325 54 -163 -90 -622 396 -6,034 -616 -1,712 -12 -89 1,214 -469 -492 -245 -601 3,487 -334 6,050 217 -283 723 1,471 -283 723 1,471 -283 723 -1,478 -1,486 -1,055 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,486 -1,055 -1,179 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,478 -1,486 -1,055 -1,179 -1,478	exports Exports -1,267	exports	Exports Exports Imports government	Exports Exports Imports government Government

C-5. Gross national product and major components by industry, 1995 high alternative—Continued

(Millions of 1972 dollars)

Industry	Net exports	Exports	Imports	Total government	Federal Government	State and local government
111. Railroad transportation	1,324	1,565	-241	561	380	181
112. Local transit and intercity buses	28	28	0	384	67	318
113. Truck transportation	2,941	2,941	0	2,875	1,524	1,351
114. Water transportation	3,454	3,179	275	613	525	88
115. Air transportation	-782	3,430	-4,212	1,604	1,330	274
116. Pipeline transportation	154	154	0	45	26	20
117. Transportation services	597	597	0	0	0	0
118. Radio and television broadcasting	0	0	0	0	0	0
119. Communications except radio and television	3,705	3,705	0	5,828	2,890	2,938
120. Electric utilities, public and private	-358	101	-458	3,271	829	2,442
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	-1,436	196	-1,633	470	81	389
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	30	30	0	-103	93	-196
123. Wholesale trade	16,279	9,487	6,792		1,511	2,432
124. Eating and drinking places	0	0	0	-1,921	371	-2,292
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	93	93	0	316	-23	338
126. Banking	27	27	0	4,067	977	3,089
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	34	34	0	275	-26	301
128. Insurance	-252	764	-1,016	543	-1	544
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0		0	0
130. Real estate	5,944	5,944	0	2,080	659	1,421
131. Hotels and lodging places	12	12	0	1,346	960	387
132. Personal and repair services	1	1	0	862	160	702
133. Barber and beauty shops	0	0	0	1	0	0
134. Miscellaneous business services	1,148	1,154	-6	1	6,889	2,928
135. Advertising	92	116	-24	556	31	525
136. Miscellaneous professional services	1,376	1,376	0		1,097	4,033
137. Automobile repair	0	0	0		145	549
138. Motion pictures	918	979	-61		182	35
139. Amusements and recreation services	0	0	0	1	564	-570
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	0	0	0	2,732	431	2,301
141. Hospitals	0	0	0	1 .,	1,033	3,723
142. Medical services, except hospitals	0	0	0	.,	148	4,593
143. Educational services (private)	1	1	0	.,	1,582	15
144. Nonprofit organizations	110	171	-61 0		509	676
145. Post Office	60	60		1,185	509	070
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	1		0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	362	362			5	0
148. Local government passenger transit	0	0	1		0 29	49
149. Other State and local enterprises	-28,864	1,159			2,942	8
	4 550	0.000	2047	504	199	305
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	-1,559 0	2,388			3.352	
153. Government industry	0	0		194,557	63,463	
154. Rest-of-world industry	•		1 -		-731	101,001
	0.00	0			0	0
155. Private households	1 0			, 0		

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95

	Historical										
Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966		
1. Dairy and poultry products	10,847	10,750	10,789	11,174	11,224	11,237	11,459	11,347	11,324		
Meat animals and livestock	22,210	23,428	23,185	24,354	25,152	25,816	25,860	25,671	26,673		
3. Cotton ,	2,096	2,577	2,394	2,330	2,436	2,658	2,543	2,435	1,911		
4. Food and feed grains	12,463	11,714	12,980	12,076	12,568	13,764	13,769	15,056	14,465		
5. Other agricultural products	11,388	11,698	11,914	12,297	12,909	13,057	13,394	13,208	13,717		
6 Farasta, and fishers products	0.070	4.050	0.400	0.600	2,600	2,730	2,310	2,240	2,145		
6. Forestry and fishery products	2,273 2,192	1,953	2,108	2,629				2,993	2,960		
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	695	2,491 662	2,626 976	2,684 842	2,762 852	2,834 934	2,982 1,062	1,136	1,224		
	948	800	1,047						1,390		
Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	424	553	553	1,129 501	1,190 490	1,174 504	1,208 583	1,310 551	559		
					4.000		4.075	4 700	4.070		
11. Coal mining	3,978	3,987	3,995	3,862	4,028	4,375	4,075	4,792	4,972		
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	11,410	12,084	12,280	12,589	12,921	13,420	13,732	14,106	15,006		
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	1,881	2,042	2,064	2,138	2,199	2,320	2,447	2,589	2,677 699		
Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining Maintenance and repair construction	382 30,828	428 33,844	450 36,072	461 36,585	458 34,431	486 36,002	552 35,706	622 35,364	35,772		
16. Ordnance	1,229	1,432	1,653	1,416	1,804	2,262	2,130	2,358	3,963		
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles		3,605	3,632	3,149	3,591	4,378	4,378	4,445	6,353		
18. Meat products		21,584	22,311	23,062	23,280	25,013	26,726	25,428	25,336		
19. Dairy products	13,027 7,031	13,295 7,249	13,249 8,031	13,462 8,104	13,510 8,411	13,352 8,775	13,998 9,335	13,788 9,944	13,367 10,134		
21. Grain mill products		9,062	9,619	9,696	9,645	9,990	10,141	10,146	10,444		
22. Bakery products		7,503	7,565	7,518	7,665	7,738	7,985	8,112	8,184		
23. Sugar		2,422	2,467	2,521	2,644	2,591	2,647	2,746	2,789		
24. Confectionery products		2,471	2,513	2,592	2,668	2,694	2,709	2,780	2,947		
25. Alcoholic beverages	6,360	6,606	6,712	6,804	7,021	7,328	7,873	8,096	8,583		
26. Soft drinks and flavorings		3,032	3,130	3,217	3,421	3,572	3,805	3,892	4,308		
27. Other food products		8,825	9,064	9,120	10,191	10,114	10,173	10,343	10,842		
28. Tobacco manufacturing		8,320	9,032	9,132	9,166	9,163	9,406	9,264	9,107		
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	11,252 622	12,619 749	12,278 753	12,653 819	13,571 1,021	13,814 1,028	14,607 1,219	15,325 1,322	16,332 1,453		
31. Other textile mill products	1,562	1,762	1,714	1,699	1,786	1,899	1,988	2,282	2,396		
32. Hosiery and knit goods	2,434	2,706	2,611	2,844	2,988	3,200	3,429	3,841	4,152		
33. Apparel		15,734	15,790	15,959	16,938	17,855	18,448	19,232	19,845		
34. Other fabricated textile products		2,335 3,000	2,371 3,124	2,407 3,247	2,505 3,207	2,751 3,609	2,877 3,755	3,200 3,905	3,374 3,836		
36. Sawmills and planing mills		6,163	5,788	5,606	5,778	6,108	6,378	6,308	6,120		
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products		4,396	4,373	4,525	5,025	5,415	5,907	6,176	6,586		
38. Wooden containers		535	563	583	603	532	535	599	653		
39. Household furniture	3,971	4,391	4,136	4,027	4,359	4,689	4,936 2,384	5,250 2,611	5,402 2,871		
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	1,755	1,883	1,953	1,958	2,131	2,245	2,304	2,011	2,071		
41. Paper products		12,054	12,120	12,428	13,144	13,886	14,409	15,392	16,509		
42. Paperboard		4,594	4,553	4,939	5,183	5,415	5,791	6,255	6,714		
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	5,675	6,112	6,209	6,125	6,176	6,217	6,522	6,863	6,962		
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing			6,213	6,329	6,525	6,759	7,234	7,362	7,855		
45. Other printing and publishing	7,519	8,034	8,298	8,505	8,859	8,838	9,344	10,182	10,881		
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals		8,075	8,164	8,400	9,158	9,923	10,833	11,673	12,423		
47. Agricultural chemicals		1,862	1,912	1,934	2,071	2,343	2,644	2,835	3,079		
48. Other chemical products		2,700	2,590	2,602	2,801	2,788	3,026	3,234	3,543		
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber		2,463 1,493	2,456 1,484	2,467 1,546	2,778 1,811	2,967 1,974	3,285 2,265	3,636 2,686	4,179 2,864		
51. Drugs			3,019		3,524	3,742	3,933	4,437	4,836		
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	3,702	2,949	4,217	3,222 4,452	4,760	5,295	5,631	6,020	6,528		
		4,210						3,189	3,383		
53. Paints and allied products		2,535	2,467	2,363	2,512	2,851	2,949				
55. Tires and inner tubes		19,891	20,441	20,413 3,097	21,142	22,407	23,767 3,638	23,965 3,980	24,802 4 225		
OO. THES AND INNER LUDES	2,021	3,223	3,265	3,087	3,470	3,434	3,030	3,960	4,225		
		-									

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

	Indicate:				1	Historical				
	Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
56	Rubber products except tires and tubes	2,571	2,773	2,742	2,958	3,441	3,559	3,764	3,956	3,932
	Plastic products	2.842	3,429	3,502	3,742	4,176	4,632	5,129	5,787	6,326
	Leather tanning and industrial leather	1,223	1,218	1,179	1,121	1,087	1,152	1,167	1,223	1,194
	Leather products including footwear	4,550	4,726	4,552	4,532	4,621	4,499	4,760	4,852	4,936
	Glass	2,913	3,496	3,500	3,413	3,599	3,872	4,083	4,418	4,732
61	Cement and concrete products	5,545	6,133	5,943	5,918	6,105	6,803	7,075	7,506	7,583
	Structural clay products	898	1,054	1,054	1,049	1,100	1,003	1,102	1,138	1,148
63	Pottery and related products	564	645	620	577	628	675	704	726	773
64	Other stone and clay products	2,535	2,985	2,899	2,925	3,096	3,285	3,522	3,867	4,218
	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	21,037	24,037	24,443	23,420	24,132	25,568	29,041	31,868	32,640
66	Iron and steel foundries and forgings	4,231	5,275	4,979	4,681	5,380	5,746	6,502	7,249	7,768
	Primary copper and copper products	6,507	6,775	7,082	7,752	8,248	8,679	9,054	10,019	11,343
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products	3,207	4,025	3,657	3,787	4,244	4,745	4,988	5,600	6,537
69	Primary nonferrous metals and products	3,178	3,442	3,518	3,648	3,827	3,901	4,155	4,464	5,353
70.	Metal containers	2,908	3,093	3,111	3,262	3,257	3,235	3,461	3,647	3,835
71	Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	1,616	1,837	1,739	1,742	1,851	1,885	2,064	2,060	2,142
	Fabricated structural metal products	7,683	7,659	7,779	7,884	8,104	8,594	9,079	10,049	10,944
	Screw machine products	2,214	2,838	2,702	2,348	2,505	2,609	2,875	3,138	3,557
	Metal stampings	4,491	5,517	5,640	5,060	5,936	6,198	6,368	7,258	7,541
	Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	2,643	2,979	2,986	2,943	3,271	3,432	3,710	4,208	4,410
76	Other fabricated metal products	4,991	5,684	5,490	5,515	6,269	6,311	6.745	7,550	8,171
	Engines, turbines, and generators	2,499	2,680	2,376	2,259	2,622	2,723	3,078	3,327	3,735
	Farm machinery	3,428	3,642	2,936	3,141	3,377	3,724	4,188	4,486	5,397
	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	4,302	5,132	4,473	4,222	4,678	5,082	5,927	6,431	6,700
	Material handling equipment	1,309	1,483	1,559	1,423	1,599	1,821	2,065	2,303	2,783
81	Metalworking machinery	4,423	5.086	5,292	4,994	5.788	5,868	6,672	7,520	8,574
	Special industry machinery	3,281	3,738	4,209	4,211	4,300	4,287	4,886	5,401	6,145
	General industrial machinery	4,445	5,167	5,084	4,953	5,531	5,992	6,769	7,730	8,573
	Other nonelectrical machinery	2,199	2,645	2,602	2,683	3,047	2,976	3,223	3,256	4,002
	Computers and peripheral equipment	1,458	1,735	2,069	2,250	2,433	2,626	3,092	3,352	4,842
86	Typewriters and other office equipment	720	769	830	853	900	921	985	1,045	1,311
87	Service industry machines	2,032	2,394	2,441	2,407	2,726	3,157	3,413	3,873	4,480
88	Electric transmission equipment	2,551	2,932	2,961	3,005	3,189	3,019	3,204	3,602	4,108
	Electrical industrial apparatus	2,679	3,234	3,269	3,245	3,564	3,717	4,148	4,737	5,483
90	Household appliances	2,987	3,408	3,437	3,434	3,812	4,233	4,569	5,051	5,430
91	Electric lighting and wiring	2,761	3,238	3,158	3,204	3,445	3,485	3,762	4,172	4,471
92	Radio and television receiving sets	1,205	1,396	1,370	1,475	1,804	1,939	2,153	2,744	3,642
93	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	1,355	1,466	1,684	1,967	2,151	2,020	2,306	2,730	2,981
94	Radio and communication equipment	3,124	3,860	4,955	6,494	7,925	8,433	7,748	8,520	9,673
95	Electronic components	1,795	2,333	2,484	2,467	2,948	2,947	3,143	4,289	5,555
96	Other electrical machinery and equipment	1,825	2,192	2,193	2,178	2,488	2,553	2,632	2,993	3,549
	Motor vehicles	25,766	32,776	37,008	31,930	40,409	44,697	45,863	56,090	55,498
	Aircraft	17,774	18,335	16,689	17,969	18,437	18,419	18,179	19,048	22,843
99	Ship and boat building and repair	2,677	2,613	2,404	2,591	2,670	2,740	2,987	3,317	3,662
100	. Railroad equipment	1,196	1,386	1,534	1,150	1,572	1,864	2,479	2,919	3,313
101	. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	136	177	166	181	210	232	279	301	309
102	. Other transportation equipment	584	695	671	605	674	959	1,213	1,369	1,471
103	. Scientific and controlling instruments	2,521	3,180	3,235	3,159	2,944	2,877	2,952	3,431	3,445
104	. Medical and dental instruments	799	897	980	966	1,040	1,160	1,208	1,296	1,454
105	. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	994	917	840	620	607	629	616	714	752
	. Photographic equipment and supplies	1,388	1,483	1,664	1,664	1,769	2,018	2,238	2,707	3,498
	. Watches and clocks	431	554	533	506	545	660	730	831	917
	Jewelry and silverware	1,383	1,458	1,451	1,518	1,532	1,682	1,792	2,060	2,211
	Musical instruments and sporting goods Other manufactured products	1,818	2,071	2,187	2,297	2,341	2,416	2,521	2,839	2,938
		2,857	3,053	3,122	3,151	3,464	3,650	3,866	4,050	4,193

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

					Historical				
Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
111. Railroad transportation	11,701	12,034	12,279	12,050	12,556	13,035	13,630	14,414	15,142
112. Local transit and intercity buses	6,015	5,885	5,910	5,713	5,757	5,762	5,717	5,773	5,806
113. Truck transportation	16,507	17,993	18,393	19,086	19,944	21,692	22,954	23,179	24,567
114. Water transportation	7,229	7,193	7,544	6,418	6,928	6,893	7,393	7,099	7,128
115. Air transportation	3,365	4,014	4,054	4,159	4,585	5,206	5,965	7,021	8,254
116. Pipeline transportation	716	771	778	791	808	859	914	1,039	1,131
117. Transportation services	857	893	909	1,037	1,132	1,129	971	1,012	1,175
118. Radio and television broadcasting	2,997	3,003	3,321	3,392	3,472	3,302	3,198	3,286	3,480
119. Communications except radio and television	11,118	11,846	12,605	13,283	14,313	15,260	16,380	18,048	19,993 21,534
120. Electric utilities, public and private	12,344	13,380	14,063	14,899	16,556	17,636	18,754	19,962	21,534
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	9,711	10,505	11,176	11,609	12,411	12,985	13,918	14,400	15,338
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	1,581	1,753	1,804	1,794	1,915	1,960	2,120	2,111	2,266
123. Wholesale trade	50,187	54,651	56,646	58,316	61,963	64,458	67,347	72,302	77,031
124. Eating and drinking places	36,530	37,315	37,356	36,993	37,758	38,265	40,145	40,957	44,806
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	56,075	60,120	61,790	63,133	68,220	71,036	77,050	82,393	85,070
126. Banking	12,100	13.132	13.868	14,318	14,618	15,313	16,238	16,892	17,825
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	10,458	9,316	9,756	13,156	8,605	8,375	8,376	10,919	12,966
128. Insurance	25,032	25,075	26,296	26,610	27,090	27,441	28,186	29,538	30,550
129. Owner-occupied real estate	39,778	41,967	44,278	46,279	48,749	50,817	53,033	55,723	58,220
130. Real estate	43,878	44,747	48,311	52,969	56,577	60,058	61,833	65,939	68,346
131. Hotels and lodging places	2,329	2,594	3,015	3,160	3,789	4,547	4,740	5,399	5,690
132. Personal and repair services	13,456	13,642	13,417	14,158	14,068	14,991	15,947	15,322	16,300
133. Barber and beauty shops	3,665	3,899	3,931	4,194	4,470	4,445	4,616	4,701	5,045
134. Miscellaneous business services	8,617	10,698	10,711	11,764	12,723	13,366	15,299	16,768	18,335
135. Advertising	2,027	2,594	2,323	2,342	2,453	2,659	2,322	2,648	2,841
136. Miscellaneous professional services	17,510	17,518	17,154	18,977	19,914	19,974	20,125	21,436	23,282
137. Automobile repair	15,257	16,410	17,431	16,669	17,404	18,738	19,443	19,903	20,627
138. Motion pictures	4,177	4,227	3,443	3,871	3,950	3,625	4,009	3,584	4,201
139. Amusements and recreation services	5,076	5,668	5,813	6,276	6,546	6,898	6,979	7,501	7,644
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	12,315	13,061	13,244	13,490	14,202	14,746	16,749	17,080	17,402
141. Hospitals	7,620	8,110	8,589	9,271	9,888	10,582	11,253	11,957	12,912
142. Medical services, except hospitals	3,134	3,321	3,588	3,547	3,915	4,110	4,754	5,064	5,382
143. Educational services (private)	11,143	11,608	11,571	12,415	12,685	15,224	14,604	14,125	14,180 12,275
144. Nonprofit organizations	8,232	8,824	9,340	9,654	10,151	10,482	10,905	11,431	7,107
145. Post Office	5,644	5,758	5,984	6,098	6,248	6,379	6,541	6,751	7,107
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	867	1,096	1,045	911	1,029	1,285	1,292	1,496	1,670
148. Local government passenger transit	1,170	1,194	1,172	1,204	1,159	1,297	1,363	1,343	1,356
149. Other State and local enterprises	4,886	5,150	5,370	5,608	5,946	6,039	6,235	6,509	6,759
150. Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
152. New construction industry	82,357	90,256	89,445	92,197	97,451	103,622			
153. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry	0 6,882	0 6,716	6,756	0 6,551	0 6,519	0 6,428	6,347	6,144	5,905
									. ວ.ສບວ
155. Private households	0,882	0,710	0,750	0,551	0,515	0,420	0,047	0,144	0

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95-Continued

	Industry	Historical										
-	Haasiiy	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974			
1.	Dairy and poultry products	11,412	11,219	11,182	11,488	11,526	11,768	11,328	11,165			
	Meat animals and livestock	27,276	28,033	28,052	29,256	30,626	31,556	30,508	28,686			
	Cotton	1,341	1,741	1,929	1,730	1,717	2,093	2,217	2,222			
4.	Food and feed grains	16,571	15,186	16,164	15,287	18,128	17,814	19,218	19,715			
	Other agricultural products	14,226	14,535	15,352	15,247	15,313	15,179	16,024	15,096			
6.	Forestry and fishery products	2,312	1,882	1,423	2,499	2,194	1,970	1,733	1,647			
7.	Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	3,195	3,305	3,264	3,278	3,465	3,557	3,385	3,346			
8.	Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	1,193	1,287	1,348	1,395	1,279	1,233	1,517	1,463			
	Copper ore mining	923	1,167	1,497	1,666	1,474	1,613	1,664	1,546			
10.	Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	519	543	611	618	587	657	633	641			
11.	Coal mining	5,133	5,051	5,202	5,545	5,076	5,442	5,435	5,558			
12	Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	15,960	16,652	17,121	17,928	17,832	17,819	17,617	16,913			
13.	Stone and clay mining and quarrying	2,609	2,673	2,713	2,766	2,757	2,849	3,443	3,542			
14.	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	743	730	721	736	729	775	782	802			
15.	Maintenance and repair construction	36,535	35,290	35,621	35,015	35,470	36,404	34,242	33,683			
	Ordnance	6,476	8,490	7,786	4,886	3,503	3,094	2,991	2,931			
17.	Guided missiles and space vehicles	5,790	5,843	5,767	4,160	4,185	3,987	4,351	4,613			
18	Meat products	28,602	29,190	28,919	29,199	30,223	32,712	29,800	31,969			
19	Dairy products	13,784	13,471	13,465	13,241	13,805	14,811	15,038	15,667			
20.	Canned and frozen foods	10,519	10,762	11,064	11,211	11,751	12,498	13,281	12,903			
21.	Grain mill products	11,372	11,558	12,010	12,098	12,040	12,811	12,276	12,765			
22	Bakery products	8,102	8,155	8,364	8,030	7,991	8,335	8,253	8,070			
	Sugar	2,996	3,134	3,080	3,072	3,175	3,163	3,238	2,947			
24.	Confectionery products	3,200	3,275	3,194	3,268	3,315	3,449	3,658	3,746			
	Alcoholic beverages	9,022	9,587	10,423	11,140	11,793	11,695	11,917	12,610			
26.	Soft drinks and flavorings	4,697	4,967	5,262	5,789	5,947	6,300	6,579	6,639			
27.	Other food products	11,568	11,623	11,951	12,041	12,374	12,527	12,255	12,863			
28.	Tobacco manufacturing	9,119	8,972	8,658	8,802	8,890	9,244	9,664	9,961			
	Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	16,255	16,791	16,479	16,332	16,786	17,688	16,912	16,172			
30.	Floor covering mills	1,685	2,077	2,349	2,381	2,665	3,138	3,531	2,909			
31.	Other textile mill products	2,311	2,577	2,696	2,439	2,651	2,821	2,725	2,592			
	Hosiery and knit goods	4,402	4,920	5,431	5,588	6,199	7,544	7,856	6,785			
33.	Apparel	20,634	21,244	21,326	19,809	20,702	22,660	23,229	21,547			
	Other fabricated textile products	3,688	3,942	4,456	4,352	4,771	4,924	5,078	4,355			
35	. Logging	4,119	4,307	4,168	4,620	3,740	4,434	4,468	4,672			
	Sawmills and planing mills	6,219	6,157	6,064	6,113	6,082	7,074	6,781	6,370			
	Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	7,160	7,458	7,051	7,576	8,511	10,044	9,761	9,219			
	Wooden containers	670	642	602	481	434	466	389	426			
	Household furniture	5,359 3,014	5,714 3,069	5,850 3,411	5,632 3,085	6,073 3,044	7,281 3,726	7,644 3,907	6,717 3,666			
	Paper products	16,574	17,495	18,805	18,234	18,531	19,855	21,739	23,225			
	Paperboard	6,750	7,168	7,495	7,303	7,258	7,979	8,538	8,436			
	Newspaper printing and publishing	7,197	7,415	7,780	7,484	7,516	8,252	8,523	8,610			
	Periodical, book printing and publishing Other printing and publishing	8,605 11,020	8,571 11,446	8,854 11,987	7,890 11,822	7,986 11,758	8,268 13,248	8,809 13,852	8,522 13,451			
	Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	12,324	13,085	14,309	14,433	14,631	16,098	17,803	18,005			
	Agricultural chemicals Other chemical products	3,206	3,238	3,553	3,123	3,082	3,547	4,012	5,009 4,119			
	. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	3,811	4,267	4,358	4,053	4,231	4,386	4,470	6,130			
	Synthetic fibers	4,105 2,873	4,625 3,657	5,218 3,619	5,051 3,480	5,390 3,901	5,529 4,154	5,983 5,086	5,344			
E 4	Drugo					7 407	7.004	0.400	0.004			
	Drugs	5,345	5,715	6,362 7,567	6,805 8,130	7,197 8,013	7,921 9,304	8,492 9,865	9,221			
	Paints and allied products	6,849 3,228	7,349	3,263		8,013 3,502	3,611	3,878	3,876			
	Petroleum refining and related products	26,373	3,285 28,152	29,243	3,392 29,591	30,394	31,438	30,054	32,863			
	Tires and inner tubes	4,072	4,617	5,105	4,720	5,276	5,873	6,496	6,443			
55			~.U1/	0.100	7.720	0.210	0.073		0.440			

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

				Histo	rical			
!ndustry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	. 3,923	4,078	4,289	4,213	4,002	4,227	4,226	4,553
57. Plastic products		7,680	8,212	7,900	8,381	10,550	12,203	11,762
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather		1,211	1,095	1,015	1,057	1,063	948	996
59. Leather products including footwear		5,276	5,071	4,730	4,475	4,529	4,502	4,306
60. Glass		4,807	5,040	4,854	5,104	5,583	6,063	5,721
								0.440
61. Cement and concrete products		7,854	8,026	7,737	8,123	9,174	9,537	9,148
62. Structural clay products		1,117	1,142	1,055	1,073	1,129	1,156	1,217
63. Pottery and related products		739	859	721	738	811	891	956
64. Other stone and clay products		4,046 31,351	3,901 32,338	3,652 28,952	3,536 26,936	4,185 28,881	4,685 34,950	4,923 37,960
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings		7,642	8,127	6,979	6,921	7,821	8,879	9,210
67. Primary copper and copper products		9,557	10,637	10,133	9,820	11,175	12,570	11,717
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products		6,983	7,175	6,523	6,600	7,699	9,312	9,067
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products		5,357	5,516	4,674	4,541	5,124	5,295	5,156
70. Metal containers	. 4,163	4,564	4,668	4,929	4,717	4,873	5,105	5,215
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures		2,176	2,352	2,120	2,197	2,083	2,180	1,861
72. Fabricated structural metal products		12,080	12,354	12,287	12,246	13,300	14,812	14,337
73. Screw machine products		3,515	3,419	2,878	2,672	3,045	3,637	3,481
74. Metal stampings		8,155	8,088	6,922	7,366	8,222	9,065	8,179
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	. 4,327	4,418	4,614	4,284	4,458	4,960	5,333	5,055
76. Other fabricated metal products	. 8,287	8,717	9,036	8,619	8,421	9,240	10,298	10,420
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	. 3,795	4,131	4,877	4,835	5,010	5,411	6,081	6,496
78. Farm machinery	. 5,171	4,953	4,590	4,585	4,515	5,574	6,718	7,525
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	. 6,818	6,949	7,273	6,992	6,848	7,898	9,195	10,511
80. Material handling equipment	. 2,652	2,632	2,932	2,770	2,609	2,811	3,196	3,427
81. Metalworking machinery	8,531	8,124	8,467	7,511	6,397	7,155	8,731	9,130
82. Special industry machinery		5,913	5,962	5,446	4,901	5,866	6,758	6,925
83. General industrial machinery	. 8,165	7,743	8,368	7,908	7,268	8,149	9,491	9,867
84. Other nonelectrical machinery		4,655	4,641	4,437	4,015	4,450	5,062	5,397
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	. 4,318	4,905	6,081	6,139	5,797	6,652	8,140	9,920
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	. 1,384	1,360	1,488	1,410	1,374	1,400	1,757	1,885
87. Service industry machines	. 4,744	5,167	6,115	5,951	6,439	8,518	9,568	8,743
88. Electric transmission equipment	. 4,318	4,334	4,660	4,566	4,476	5,043	5,745	5,696
89. Electrical industrial apparatus		5,347	5,602	5,178	4,923	5,376	6,350	6,630
90. Household appliances	5,488	5,995	6,146	5,910	5,740	6,671	7,436	7,034
91. Electric lighting and wiring	. 4,404	4,705	5,113	4,888	4,761	5,533	5,973	5,578
92. Radio and television receiving sets		3,767	3,901	3,496	3,892	4,402	5,111	4,746
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3,050	3,240	3,752	4,286	4,283	4,502	4,942	5,199
94. Radio and communication equipment		11,542	11,184	9,776	8,686	9,032	9,534	9,483
95. Electronic components	6,129	5,968	6,505	6,169	5,987	8,416	9,364	9,220
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	3,329	3,575	3,717	3,779	3,879	4,277	4,774	4,721
97. Motor vehicles		58,052	58,574	47,586	60,821	64,972	75,506	63,565
98. Aircraft	26,230	27,780	26,149	21,880	18,556	16,986	19,851	19,557
99. Ship and boat building and repair	3,930	3,858	3,917	3,699	3,657	4,363	4,810	4,831
100. Railroad equipment	2,746	2,227	2,769	2,538	2,652	2,549	2,830	3,220
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts		410	388	475	483	661	671	837
102. Other transportation equipment		2,262	2,666	3,020	3,817	5,050	4,877	3,468
103. Scientific and controlling instruments		3,539	3,558	3,519	3,273	3,358	4,096	4,545
104. Medical and dental instruments		1,867 1,008	2,101 1,112	1,994 956	2,219 964	2,629 1,105	2,822 1,163	2,984 1,317
106. Photographic equipment and supplies		3,888	4,382	4,375	4,620	5,424	6,249	6,813
107. Watches and clocks		1,074	1,097	983	990	1,001	1,067	1,038
108. Jewelry and silverware		2,476	2,503	2,328	2,370	2,513	2,531	2,214
400 14 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods		3,019 4,468	3,260 4,799	3,126 4,746	3,150 4,799	4,073 5,405	4,142 5,494	4,146 5,137

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

111. Raliroad transportation	laduate				Histo	orical			
112. Local transit and intercity buses	Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
112. Local transit and intercity buses	111. Railroad transportation	14.659	14.842	15.107	14.993	14,419	15.112	16.506	16.457
11.3 Truck transportation									
11.4 Water transportation								.,	
115. Air transportation									
117. Transportation services 1,120 1,337 1,585 1,279 1,400 1,636 1,848 1,860 118. Radio and television broadcasting 3,412 3,412 2,565 28,024 29,455 31,560 34,569 34,684 419. Communications except radio and television 22,132 22,120 25,665 28,029 29,832 31,661 34,164 34,364 121. Gas utilities, excluding public 16,100 17,134 18,255 18,943 19,642 20,138 19,500 19,036 122. Water and sanitary services, except public 2,162 2,334 2,333 2,424 2,409 2,582 3,283 3,104 123. Wholesale trade 79,893 85,761 89,233 90,974 96,228 10,387 106,914	115. Air transportation								,
118. Radio and television broadcasting 3,412 3,424 3,915 3,872 2,1452 23,655 28,024 29,455 31,560 34,569 36,684 120. Electric utilities, public and private 22,734 24,478 26,360 28,209 29,832 31,661 34,164 34,336 121. Gas utilities, excluding public 22,734 24,478 26,360 28,209 29,832 31,661 34,164 34,336 122. Water and sanitary services, except public 2,162 2,334 2,333 2,434 2,409 2,582 3,263 3,104 123. Wholesale trade 79,883 85,761 89,233 90,974 86,228 103,877 106,914 105,169 124. Eating and drinking places 45,028 43,486 41,961 46,522 46,785 46,785 50,308 24,913 26,090 27,854 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 18,813 20,178 21,622 23,003 23,789 24,913 26,190 27,854 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,545 21,381 13,768 13,613 <td>116. Pipeline transportation</td> <td>1,227</td> <td>1,328</td> <td>1,395</td> <td>1,465</td> <td>1,508</td> <td>1,617</td> <td>1,721</td> <td>1,717</td>	116. Pipeline transportation	1,227	1,328	1,395	1,465	1,508	1,617	1,721	1,717
119. Communications except radio and television 21,132 23,120 25,665 28,024 29,652 31,560 34,599 36,849 120. Electric utilities, public and private 22,734 24,478 26,360 28,092 29,652 31,661 34,164 34,336 121. Gas utilities, excluding public 16,100 17,134 18,255 18,943 19,642 20,138 19,530 19,036 122. Water and sanitary services, except public 7,889 85,761 89,233 9,274 2,409 2,582 3,283 3,104 124. Eating and drinking places 45,028 43,486 41,961 46,522 46,785 48,548 50,375 50,375 50,305 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 87,620 96,155 101,134 99,191 104,441 112,531 117,298 125. Banking 18,813 20,178 21,625 12,138 13,681 15,6165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,766 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 58,499	117. Transportation services	1,123	1,337	1,585		1,400	1,636	1,848	1,860
120. Electric utilities, excluding public			3,424	3,915		4,184	4,513	4,466	4,464
121. Gas utilities, excluding public 16,100 17,134 18,255 18,943 19,642 20,138 19,530 19,036 122. Water and sanitary services, except public 2,162 2,334 2,333 2,434 2,409 2,582 3,263 3,104 123. Wholesale trade 79,893 85,761 89,233 0,974 2,622 46,785 48,548 50,375 50,308 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 87,620 96,155 101,134 99,191 104,441 112,531 120,029 117,298 126. Banking 18,813 20,178 21,622 23,003 23,789 24,913 26,190 27,854 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,545 12,138 13,768 13,613 15,165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 36,990 38,124 38,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 68,692 69,515 72,556 76,788 80,913 85,622 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,823 131. Holes and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,569 7,582 133. Barber and beauty shops 5,166 4,726 4,743 4,769 4,377 4,310 3,851 3,951 33,841 3,951 33,841 3,951 3,951 33,841 3,951 3,	119. Communications except radio and television			25,665	28,024	29,455	31,560	34,599	36,840
122. Water and sanitary services, except public 2,162 2,334 2,334 2,434 2,409 2,582 3,263 3,104 123. Wholesale trade 79,893 85,761 88,233 90,974 86,226 48,785 48,548 50,375 50,308 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 87,620 96,155 101,134 46,522 46,785 48,548 50,375 50,308 126. Banking 118,813 20,178 21,619 23,003 23,789 24,913 26,190 27,854 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,545 12,138 13,768 13,613 15,165 15,165 12,544 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 83,499 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,823 131. Hotels and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,082 8,188 7,969 9,122 9,638 18,686 132. Personal and reprair services 15,	120. Electric utilities, public and private	22,734	24,478	26,360	28,209	29,632	31,661	34,164	34,336
123. Wholesale trade		,							
124. Eating and drinking places 45,028 43,486 41,961 46,522 46,785 46,785 50,375 50,308 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 87,620 96,155 101,134 99,191 104,441 112,531 120,029 117,298 126. Banking 11,813 20,178 21,622 23,003 23,789 24,913 26,190 27,854 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,264 12,138 13,681 13,613 15,165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,762 122,504 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 66,892 69,351 72,556 76,783 38,181 36,522 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 81,183 7,969 9,122 9,638 105,625 107,823 131. Hotels and lodging places 65,17 6,683 7,082 8,138 7,969 9,122 9,638 19,638 132. Eversorial and repair services 15,678 15,678									
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 87,620 96,155 101,134 99,191 104,441 112,531 120,029 117,298 126. Banking 18,813 20,178 21,622 23,003 23,789 24,913 26,190 27,854 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,154 12,138 13,768 13,613 15,165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 36,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 69,499 66,892 69,351 72,536 76,783 80,813 85,622 131. Hotels and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,082 85,194 91,111 97,617 18,666 18,056 132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 18,666 18,056 133. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 36,265 44,579 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,1				,					,
126. Banking				,					,
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,545 12,138 13,768 13,613 15,165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 66,892 69,351 72,536 76,783 80,813 85,622 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,623 131. Hotels and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,082 8,138 7,969 9,122 9,638 9,638 132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 18,669 9,321 19,638 19,638 19,638 13,613 18,693 17,617 18,669 19,311 15,976 16,639 17,71 18,669 17,517 18,663 17,717 18,069 17,517 18,669 4,779 4,779 4,779 4,779 4,579 31,529 31,229 31,293 29,919 39,2115 <t< td=""><td>125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking</td><td>87,620</td><td>96,155</td><td>101,134</td><td>99,191</td><td>104,441</td><td>112,531</td><td>120,029</td><td>117,298</td></t<>	125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	87,620	96,155	101,134	99,191	104,441	112,531	120,029	117,298
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 13,377 15,145 12,545 12,138 13,768 13,613 15,165 12,554 128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 66,892 69,351 72,536 76,783 80,813 85,622 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,623 131. Hotels and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,082 8,138 7,969 9,122 9,638 9,638 132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,71 18,669 17,617 18,669 17,617 18,669 17,617 18,669 19,317 13,400 3,551 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,351 3,361 3,362 4,679 3,429 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,691	126. Banking	18 813	20 178	21 622	23 003	23 789	24 913	26 190	27 854
128. Insurance 30,143 31,621 32,265 35,990 38,124 38,631 38,756 37,322 129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 66,892 69,351 72,536 76,783 80,813 85,622 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,823 131. Hotels and lodging places 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 18,666 18,056 132. Barber and beauty shops 5,166 4,726 4,743 4,769 4,377 4,310 3,851 3,951 134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 33,229 3,952 33,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,532 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
129. Owner-occupied real estate 60,765 63,499 66,892 69,351 72,535 76,783 80,813 85,622 130. Real estate 71,212 75,439 81,059 85,194 91,111 97,918 105,645 107,823 131. Hotels and lodging places 6,517 6,683 7,082 8,138 7,969 9,122 9,638 9,638 132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 4,310 3,851 3,951 134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 38,265 40,825 44,679 135. Advertising 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,693 3,769 3,932 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
130. Real estate								,	,
132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 18,666 18,056 133. Barber and beauty shops 5,166 4,726 4,743 4,769 4,377 4,310 3,851 3,951 134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 38,265 40,825 44,579 135. Advertising 2,956 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 139. Armsements and recreation services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237		,	,	,					
132. Personal and repair services 15,678 15,933 15,519 15,976 16,639 17,617 18,666 18,056 133. Barber and beauty shops 5,166 4,726 4,743 4,769 4,377 4,310 3,851 3,951 134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 38,265 40,825 44,579 135. Advertising 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 139. Amusements and recreation services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 <td< td=""><td>131. Hotels and lodging places</td><td>6.517</td><td>6,683</td><td>7.082</td><td>8,138</td><td>7.969</td><td>9.122</td><td>9.638</td><td>9.638</td></td<>	131. Hotels and lodging places	6.517	6,683	7.082	8,138	7.969	9.122	9.638	9.638
133. Barber and beauty shops 5,166 4,726 4,743 4,769 4,377 4,310 3,851 3,951 134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 38,265 40,825 44,579 135. Advertising 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 139. Amusements and recreation services 7,181 7,826 8,098 7,940 8,621 8,602 10,146 11,196 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 17,940 8,124 21,941 23,056 25,252 25,285 141. Hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 </td <td></td> <td>15,678</td> <td>15,933</td> <td>15.519</td> <td>15,976</td> <td>16,639</td> <td></td> <td>18,666</td> <td>18.056</td>		15,678	15,933	15.519	15,976	16,639		18,666	18.056
134. Miscellaneous business services 18,699 26,216 28,729 31,529 35,291 38,265 40,825 44,579 135. Advertising 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,530 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 139. Amusements and recreation services 7,181 7,826 8,098 7,940 8,621 8,602 10,146 11,196 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,253 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
135. Advertising 2,956 2,821 3,130 3,249 2,969 3,032 3,060 3,208 136. Miscellaneous professional services 25,768 23,160 26,133 27,403 26,343 27,339 29,919 32,115 137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970					.,				.,
137. Automobile repair 20,749 21,936 22,412 22,418 23,402 24,339 27,582 26,630 138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 7,181 7,826 8,098 7,940 8,621 8,602 10,146 11,196 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,064 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701									,
138. Motion pictures 3,769 3,932 3,773 4,588 4,649 4,504 5,579 5,520 139. Amusements and recreation services 7,181 7,826 8,098 7,940 8,621 8,602 10,146 11,196 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 6,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0	136. Miscellaneous professional services	25,768	23,160	26,133	27,403	26,343	27,339	29,919	32,115
139. Amusements and recreation services 7,181 7,826 8,098 7,940 8,621 8,602 10,146 11,196 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 18,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	137. Automobile repair	20,749	21,936	22,412	22,418	23,402	24,339	27,582	26,630
140. Doctors' and dentists' services 19,530 18,889 20,218 21,381 21,941 23,056 25,253 25,285 141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0<	138. Motion pictures	3,769	3,932	3,773	4,588	4,649	4,504	5,579	5,520
141. Hospitals 14,363 15,661 17,237 18,713 20,736 22,298 23,510 24,726 142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,368 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0		7,181	7,826	8,098	7,940	8,621	8,602	10,146	11,196
142. Medical services, except hospitals 5,572 6,869 7,196 8,174 9,127 9,841 10,643 11,068 143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	140. Doctors' and dentists' services	18,530	18,889	20,218	21,381	21,941	23,056	25,253	25,285
143. Educational services (private) 15,309 15,156 13,672 13,566 13,175 13,463 13,579 13,376 144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 <td></td> <td>14,363</td> <td>15,661</td> <td>17,237</td> <td>18,713</td> <td></td> <td>22,298</td> <td>23,510</td> <td>24,726</td>		14,363	15,661	17,237	18,713		22,298	23,510	24,726
144. Nonprofit organizations 13,301 13,632 14,271 14,237 14,387 15,547 16,125 16,358 145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		5,572	6,869	7,196	8,174	9,127	9,841	10,643	11,068
145. Post Office 7,367 7,471 7,701 7,970 8,177 8,192 8,532 8,677 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									
146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		13,301	13,632	14,271	14,237	14,387	15,547	16,125	16,358
147. Other Federal enterprises 1,975 2,315 2,232 2,217 2,305 2,623 2,452 2,745 148. Local government passenger transit 1,419 1,444 1,507 1,530 1,450 1,426 1,435 1,465 149. Other State and local enterprises 6,879 7,020 7,277 7,522 7,647 8,101 8,352 8,491 150. Noncomparable imports 0 <td>145. Post Office</td> <td>7,367</td> <td>7,471</td> <td>7,701</td> <td>7,970</td> <td>8,177</td> <td>8,192</td> <td>8,532</td> <td>8,677</td>	145. Post Office	7,367	7,471	7,701	7,970	8,177	8,192	8,532	8,677
148. Local government passenger transit 1,419 1,444 1,507 1,530 1,450 1,426 1,435 1,465 149. Other State and local enterprises 6,879 7,020 7,277 7,522 7,647 8,101 8,352 8,491 150. Noncomparable imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 152. New construction industry 112,293 119,362 120,220 112,588 121,343 129,581 132,500 113,977 153. Government industry 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 154. Rest-of-world industry 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 155. Private households 5,932 5,640 5,335 4,993 4,766 4,631 4,486 3,878		_					-		_
149. Other State and local enterprises 6,879 7,020 7,277 7,522 7,647 8,101 8,352 8,491 150. Noncomparable imports 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									
150. Noncomparable imports 0 0			,	,					
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods 0 112,343 129,581 132,500 113,977 153. Government industry 0									
152. New construction industry 112,293 119,362 120,220 112,588 121,343 129,581 132,500 113,977 153. Government industry 0				,					
153. Government industry 0 </td <td>151. Scrap, used and secondnand goods</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	151. Scrap, used and secondnand goods								
154. Rest-of-world industry 0									
155. Private households			_	-					
150. Inventory variation adjustment			,						
	100. Inventory valuation adjustment	"	"	0		0	"	0	"

)-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

	Indiana.	Historical 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982									
	Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982		
1	Dairy and poultry products	11,929	12,230	12,536	12,530	12,178	12,324	13,828	14,430		
	Meat animals and livestock	27,311	28,591	29,309	28,390	30,726	31,092	34,888	36,399		
	Cotton	1,825	2,020	2,080	2,161	2,355	2,094	2,349	2,450		
	Food and feed grains	19,665	21,621	19,887	20,888	21,940	21,969	24,646	25,714		
	Other agricultural products	17,343	16,230	17,163	17,372	18,233	17,048	19,125	19,952		
6	Forestry and fishery products	1,970	2.055	2 200	2 246	1 001	1 040	2.012	2.014		
	Forestry and fishery products	3,495	2,055	2,208	2,246	1,891	1,949	2,013	2,014 4,000		
	Agricultural, forestry, fishery services		3,617	3,842	4,044	4,259 1,689	3,870	3,996			
	Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	1,344	1,433	1,141	1,615		1,394	1,507 1,463	749		
	Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	1,241 588	1,410 624	1,320 644	1,313 630	1,397 626	1,133 554	644	1,098 506		
	Cool mining	E 074	6.000	6.446	6.166	7 100	7.074	7.504	7.656		
	Coal mining	5,974	6,283	6,416	6,166	7,180	7,871	7,581	7,656		
	Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	16,166	15,925	16,169	16,723	16,334	17,892	19,704	17,597		
	Stone and clay mining and quarrying	3,260	3,656	4,081	4,431	4,501	4,306	4,231	3,665		
	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	816 38,973	822 41,053	868 42,953	917 44,898	939 46,047	899 47,716	884 50,345	766 48,296		
	Ordnance	3,026	2,995	2,529	2,618	2,745	2,832	2,949	3,160		
	·	4,482	4,188	3,433	3,676	4,030	4,134	3,965	3,612		
	Meat products	29,786	33,735	33,417	33,295	33,599	34,934	35,132	34,901		
	Dairy products	15,987 12,622	16,342 13,418	16,565 14,434	16,408 15,251	15,835 14,747	16,497 14,105	17,083 14,815	16,971 15,140		
	Grain mill products	12,985	13,514	14,286	14,293	14,201	14,023	13,820	13,599		
	Bakery products	8,061	8,289	7,956	7,887	7,913	8,030	8,355	8,062		
	Sugar	2,501	3,254	3,210	2,704	2,779	2,852	2,950	2,931		
	Confectionery products	3,262	3,385	3,877	4,115	4,133	4,225	4,370	4,587		
25.	Alcoholic beverages	11,503	11,640	12,440	13,641	13,808	13,240	13,564	13,398		
	Soft drinks and flavorings	6,511	6,830	7,331	7,949	7,999	8,084	8,135	7,889		
	Other food products	13,183	14,295	12,823	14,658	14,552	15,139	15,619	16,148		
	Tobacco manufacturing	10,205	10,480	9,957	9,957	9,596	10,404	10,613	10,248		
	Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	15,763 2,630	17,968 3,034	19,021 3,701	18,539 3,892	18,489 4,302	17,252 4,182	17,282 3,832	15,572 3,746		
	Other textile mill products	2,373	2,744	3,143	3,371	3,404	3,161	2,942	2,823		
	Hosiery and knit goods	6,788	6,991	7,494	7,643	7,490	6,960	7,349	6,794		
	Apparel	20,960	21,851	23,252	23,910	22,507	23,868	21,461	19,376		
	Other fabricated textile products	4,540 4,963	5,071 4,688	5,934 5,214	6,095 5,001	5,674 4,982	5,307 4,315	5,610 4,081	5,065 3,739		
			4,000	0,214		4,002					
	Sawmills and planing mills	5,995	6,807	6,975	6,935	7,035	5,943	5,763	5,280		
	Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	8,737	9,709	11,164	11,332	11,003	9,631	9,789	9,682		
	Wooden containers	375	372	317	329	297	260	269	260		
	Household furniture	5,911	6,609	7,404	7,835	7,664	6,835	7,181	6,764		
+0.	Furniture and fixtures, except household	3,119	3,418	4,070	4,384	4,459	4,472	4,661	4,695		
41.	Paper products	19,865	21,947	22,745	23,697	24,484	24,500	25,132	25,036		
	Paperboard	7,654	8,458	9,056	9,466	9,119	8,793	8,912	8,527		
	Newspaper printing and publishing	8,134	8,420	8,849	9,075	9,320	9,119	9,068	8,867		
	Periodical, book printing and publishing	8,128	8,565	9,867	10,603	10,857	11,155	11,637	11,619		
45.	Other printing and publishing	12,486	13,363	14,328	15,189	15,681	16,282	17,008	17,123		
	Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	14,869	17,106	19,213	19,700	19,670	19,371	19,248	16,188		
	Agricultural chemicals	4,453	4,429	4,718	4,649	4,941	5,140	5,383	4,654		
	Other chemical products	3,761	4,367	4,722	5,334	5,917	6,023	6,355	6,130		
	Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	4,544 5,007	5,490 5,519	6,128 6,199	6,528 6,608	6,806 7,159	6,204 6,615	6,915 6,728	6,459 5,400		
50.	Cyrinicae IIDera	5,007	5,518	0,199	0,008	7,108	0,013	0,720	5,400		
	Drugs	9,084	9,870	10,128	10,607	10,885	11,227	12,206	12,192		
	Cleaning and toilet preparations	9,551	10,223	10,543	11,292	11,021	10,970	11,368	11,015		
	Paints and allied products	3,372	3,776	3,999	4,080	4,250	4,398	4,290	3,883		
54	Petroleum refining and related products	32,391	35,531	37,116	37,271	40,202	37,766	36,310	34,098		
	Tires and inner tubes	5,559	5,396	6,302	5,806	5,452	4,218	4,869	4,725		

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

Industry				Histo	rical			
Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	4,344	4,484	4,427	3,828	4,083	3,698	3,842	3,387
57. Plastic products	10,042	11,714	14,404	15,571	15,327	15,309	16,275	15,172
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	1,020	1,008	1,050	977	718	706	698	613
59. Leather products including footwear	4,165	4,371	4,334	4,366	4,008	3,975	3,847	3,425
60. Glass	5,413	5,986	6,197	6,761	6,119	6,014	6,112	5,726
61. Cement and concrete products	8,161	8,187	8,940	9,588	9,718	8,638	8,228	7,391
62. Structural clay products	1,035	1,061	1,107	1,189	1,139	911	852	681
63. Pottery and related products	782	787	783	765	849	760	768	652
64. Other stone and clay products	4,237	4,712	4,998	5,411	5,561	4,975	5,031	4,269
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	27,908	29,325	28,835	30,824	31,774	26,068	28,395	17,259
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	8,099	8,126	8,662	9,330	9,378	7,224	7,774	5,200
67. Primary copper and copper products	8,683	9,896	10,904	11,512	11,600	8,919	10,246	7,437
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	7,156	8,602	9,198	9,792	9,965	9,484	9,392	7,874
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	4,372	4,925	4,939	5,024	5,090	4,474	4,595	3,735
70. Metal containers	4,738	4,879	5,217	5,088	5,117	4,712	4,727	4,193
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	1,710	1,773	1,993	2,133	2,149	1,981	1,989	1,698
72. Fabricated structural metal products	12,249	13,044	14,240	14,639	15,270	14,320	14,074	11,999
73. Screw machine products	2,484	2,852	3,252	3,608	3,823	3,339	3,344	2,726
74. Metal stampings	6,779	8,301	9,423	9,669	9,314	8,134	8,148	6,642
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	4,445	5,122	5,543	5,736	5,739	5,187	5,509	4,692
76. Other fabricated metal products	9,262	10,174	11,179	11,876	12,348	11,049	11,239	9,247
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	5,395	5,976	6,574	7,046	6,897	6.094	5,888	4,539
78. Farm machinery	7,061	7,107	7,434	7,046	8,404	7,426	7,175	5,531
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	9,788	9,276	10,079	11,660	11,191	10,953	11,321	8,667
80. Material handling equipment	2,664	2,601	3,096	3,474	3,741	3,661	3,785	2,898
81. Metalworking machinery	7,464	7,376	8,030	8,827	9,397	9,405	9,212	7,855
82. Special industry machinery	5,788	5,758	5,556	5,916	5,960	5,808	5,852	4,747
83. General industrial machinery	8,759	8,917	9,802	10,251	10,883	10,604	10,683	8,666
84. Other nonelectrical machinery	4,861	4,915	5,244	5,776	6,117	5,947	5,990	4,859
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	8,915	11,115	13,938	18,112	23,460	24,790	27,966	26,861
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	1,635	1,758	2,216	2,362	2,493	2,887	3,256	3,127
87. Service industry machines	6,301	7,948	8,791	9,714	9,919	10,482	11,825	11,358
88. Electric transmission equipment	4,720	4,822	5,569	6,159	6,572	6,273	6,449	5,164
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	5,171	5,715	6,061	6,662	6,886	6,572	6,757	5,411
90. Household appliances	6,182	6,927	7,758	7,865	8,163	7,396	7,473	6,484
91. Electric lighting and wiring	4,222	5,000	5,347	5,481	5,990	5,912	6,107	5,795
92. Radio and television receiving sets	4,185	4,952	6,087	6,922	6,751	6,436	6,625	5,873
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	3,736	3,608	4,852	5,284	6,490	6,779	7,063	7,321
94. Radio and communication equipment	9,758	10,168	11,229	12,835	14,882	15,543	16,195	16,787
95. Electronic components	7,849	10,262	13,030	15,232	19,344	19,913	20,378	20,411
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	4,024	4,740	5,856	6,104	6,010	5,435	5,951	5,607
97. Motor vehicles	57,191	74,443	85,632	89,095	81,577	60,571	62,355	55,982
98. Aircraft	17,951	16,276	16,774	18,646	22,798	24,286	24,034	22,478
99. Ship and boat building and repair	5,156	5,231	5,362	5,358	5,338	5,187	5,245	4,648
100. Railroad equipment	2,978	2,385	2,659	3,209	4,150	3,938	1,929	983
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	553	559	692	782	785	707	519	400
102. Other transportation equipment	3,084	3,673	3;693	3,948	3,381	2,733	3,016	3,027
103. Scientific and controlling instruments	3,969	4,270	5,190	5,655	5,553	5,567	5,630	5,408
104. Medical and dental instruments	3,069	3,182	3,277	3,510	3,786	3,796	3,839	3,688
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	1,318	1,484	1,804	2,292	2,434	2,379	2,369	2,252
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	6,099	6,874	7,345	8,233	9,089	8,634	8,418	7,903
107. Watches and clocks	938	1,142	1,111	1,217	939	893	870	817
108. Jewelry and silverware	2,241	2,564	2,890	2,803	2,577	2,489	2,655	2,346
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods	3,608	4,000	4,399	4,506	4,598	4,439	4,736	4,184
110. Other manufactured products	4,709	5,002	5,662	5,748	5,682	5,454	5,561	4,864
	.,. 00	-,00=	-,00=	5,5	-,00=	5,107	5,001	,,004

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

la di sata				Histo	orical			
Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
111. Railroad transportation	14,705	15,478	16,105	16,541	17,486	16,425	15,482	14,118
112. Local transit and intercity buses	6,068	6,145	6,188	6,316	6,559	6,452	6,254	5,986
113. Truck transportation	28,913	32,492	35,328	38,324	39,991	35,762	35,457	33,644
114. Water transportation	6,706	7,163	8,250	7,974	8,994	8,866	9,212	8,941
115. Air transportation	14,514	15,351	16,435	18,457	20,268	19,054	17,094	16,129
116. Pipeline transportation		1,749	1,854	1,990	2,065	1,997	1,967	1,863
117. Transportation services		1,973	2,058	2,020	2,097	2,193	2,259	2,139
118. Radio and television broadcasting		4,962	5,401	5,408	5,377	5,605	5,579	5,638
119. Communications except radio and television		42,765	46,858	51,640	55,863	61,007	64,560	64,797
120. Electric utilities, public and private	35,836	38,357	40,958	42,819	44,366	44,860	45,114	43,356
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	18,428	18,456	18,016	18,573	19,242	19,449	19,562	18,801
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	2,853	2,857	2,925	2,946	3,025	3,229	3,380	3,412
123. Wholesale trade		109,329	114,656	123,286	127,172	122,949	129,409	126,283
124. Eating and drinking places	52,420	55,776	57,450	57,906	58,850	58,266	58,908	59,414
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	118,161	126,017	134,508	140,638	143,396	142,208	143,986	142,314
126. Banking		31,063	33,343	35,362	37,255	38,110	37,165	37,539
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers		14,281	17,380	20,332	21,067	23,693	26,042	27,397
128. Insurance		46,558	46,907	48,899	49,359	55,613	55,501	55,451
129. Owner-occupied real estate		93,656	99,043	104,576	110,031	114,385	116,605	118,426
130. Real estate	114,341	118,250	124,780	131,196	138,791	144,271	147,469	147,317
131. Hotels and lodging places		10,970	10,992	11,469	11,719	11,709	12,179	12,276
132. Personal and repair services		18,331	19,699	19,797	19,914	19,344	19,787	19,612
133. Barber and beauty shops		3,391	3,557	3,566	3,559	3,517	3,524	3,567
134. Miscellaneous business services		45,878	48,544	54,285	59,326	63,563	67,366	70,120
135. Advertising	2,917	3,347	3,440	3,818	4,092	4,384	4,647	4,838
136. Miscellaneous professional services		33,667	36,472	39,266	41,691	43,533	46,283	44,775
137. Automobile repair		27,437	29,155	30,508	31,584	31,391	32,528	33,455
138. Motion pictures		5,520	6,098	6,880	6,936	7,069	7,449	7,809
139. Amusements and recreation services		11,792	13,120	13,838	14,698	15,606	16,488	17,355
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	26,976	27,479	28,972	30,220	31,501	34,996	38,388	42,119
141. Hospitals		28,492	30,130	31,178	31,942	32,745	33,314	32,920
142. Medical services, except hospitals		12,719	13,135	14,075	14,512	15,031	15,609	15,743
143. Educational services (private)		14,200	14,848	15,066	15,735	16,522	16,800	16,441
144. Nonprofit organizations		16,243	16,975	18,270	19,388	20,288	20,627	20,793
145. Post Office	8,702	8,859	9,205	9,672	9,964	10,185	11,117	11,842
146. Commodity Credit Corporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises		3,276	3,179	3,363	3,444	3,307	3,346	3,314
148. Local government passenger transit		1,496	1,624	1,885	1,821	1,827	1,951	2,074
149. Other State and local enterprises		8,531	8,561	8,830	9,434	9,675	10,341	10,998
150. Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
152. New construction industry		109,180	116,142	121,624	119,592	107,624	104,343	98,900
153. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry		0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0 400
155. Private households	3,616	3,732	3,826	3,772	3,588	3,367	3,318	3,100
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					1			

			Proje	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	es	19	995 alternative	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
Dairy and poultry products	14,306	14,734	14,874	14,209	14,908	15,10
2. Meat animals and livestock	37,017	37,487	37,659	37,497	38,108	38,32
3. Cotton	2,456	2,464	2,495	2,460	2,472	2,51
4. Food and feed grains	28,099	28,676	28,921	29,950	30,367	30,62
5. Other agricultural products	21,360	21,890	22,145	22,453	22,997	23,31
6. Forestry and fishery products	2,096	2,109	2,177	2,159	2,163	2,26
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	4,827	5,018	5,141	5,469	5,600	5,74
3. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	1,180	1,251	1,240	1,514	1,538	1,50
Copper ore mining	1,374	1,475	1,536	1,588	1,691	1,76
Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	621	638	642	711	713	7
1. Coal mining	9,538	9,940	10,237	10,999	11,244	11,60
2. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	17,554	17,663	17,545	17,521	17,700	17,5
3. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	4,757	5,084	5,311	5,605	5,894	6,18
4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	1,107	1,147	1,168	1,372	1,365	1,38
5. Maintenance and repair construction	56,568	58,253	59,193	62,991	63,941	64,9
6. Ordnance	4,147	3,996	4,072	4,913	4,473	4,5
7. Guided missiles and space vehicles	5,166	4,826	4,871	6,373	5,519	5,5
B. Meat products	38,967	40,183	40,538	42,124	43,200	43,5
9. Dairy products	17,998	18,814	19,042	18,796	19,868	20,1
). Canned and frozen foods	17,726	18,491	18,691	19,733	20,406	20,5
1. Grain mill products	15,676	16,218	16,441	17,288	17,714	17,9
2. Bakery products	7,954	8,251	8,357	7,870	8,359	8,5
3. Sugar	2,989	3,069	3,035	3,034	3,147	3,0
4. Confectionery products	4,836	4,926	4,882	5,029	5,120	5,0
5. Alcoholic beverages	17,063	17,963	18,188	19,908	20,571	20,7
6. Soft drinks and flavorings	10,248	11,023	11,263	12,079	12,814	13,0
7. Other food products	17,587	18,187	18,387	18,705	19,352	19,5
B. Tobacco manufacturing	10,524	10,737	10,944	10,739	11,016	11,3
9. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	19,786	20,673	21,254	23,058	23,587	24,2
0. Floor covering mills	5,201	5,638	6,290	6,331	6,718	7,6
1. Other textile mill products	3,388	3,510	3,598	3,827	3,903	4,0
2. Hosiery and knit goods	8,453	8,847	8,966	9,740	10,020	10,1
3. Apparel	23,557	24,254	24,371	26,804	27,040	27,0
4. Other fabricated textile products	6,742	7,134	7,331	8,044	8,316	8,5
5. Logging	5,372	5,663	6,291	6,640	6,762	7,6
6. Sawmills and planing mills	7,032	7,370	8,541	8,393	8,564	10,2
7. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	12,383	13,379	16,095	14,481	15,491	19,5
B. Wooden containers	222	218	223	192	194	2
Household furniture Furniture and fixtures, except household	8,340 5,238	8,836 5,600	9,625 6,060	9,563 5,659	10,019 6,117	11,1 6,7
1. Paper products	32,081	33,142	33,693	37,550	37,773 12,178	38,2 12,5
3. Newspaper printing and publishing	10,387 10,134	10,851 10,532	11,183 10,887	11,832 11,118	11,483	11,9
4. Periodical, book printing and publishing	13,932	14,595	15,089	15,727	16,294	16,9
5. Other printing and publishing	19,942	20,652	21,226	22,132	22,667	23,4
6. Industrial inorganic and organic abomicals	22,817	23,867	24,423	27,964	28,253	28,7
6. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals				8,032	8,059	28,7 8,1
7. Agricultural chemicals	6,555 7,463	6,821 7,728	6,931 7,977	8,498	8,641	8,9
9. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	8,821	9,188	9,442	10,655	10,747	11,0
0. Synthetic fibers	7,711	8,109	8,328	9,506	9,656	9,8
1 Druge	10.000	20 105	20 404	24 214	24 656	24.0
1. Drugs	18,960	20,125	20,494	24,214	24,656	24,9
2. Cleaning and toilet preparations	13,763	14,433	14,838	15,896	16,385	16,8
3. Paints and allied products	4,845	5,141	5,452	5,593	5,860	6,2
4. Petroleum refining and related products	37,450	38,440	39,142	40,053	40,920	41,8
5. Tires and inner tubes	5,182	5,306	5,359	5,537	5,637	5,6

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95—Continued

			Proje	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	es	19	95 alternativ	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
66. Rubber products except tires and tubes	4,312	4,519	4,595	5,031	5,166	5,23
7. Plastic products	22,029	23,223	24,291	27,353	27,821	29,13
8. Leather tanning and industrial leather	689	692	675	748	737	70
9. Leather products including footwear	3,296	3,294	3,178	3,196	3,219	3,04
0. Glass	7,260	7,564	7,753	8,451	8,613	8,83
1. Cement and concrete products	8,968	10,134	11,535	10,192	11,701	13,73
2. Structural clay products	906	984	1,150	1,081,	1,156	1,39
3. Pottery and related products	738	769	809	805	835	89
4. Other stone and clay products	5,850	6,419	6,901	7,078	7,647	8,29
5. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	24,264	25,619	25,818	29,703	30,394	30,36
6. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	7,246	7,714	7,986	8,835	9,149	9,46
7. Primary copper and copper products	10,419	11,384	11,947	12,734	13,639	14,34
8. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	11,002	11,575	11,903	13,431	13,689	14,04
9. Primary nonferrous metals and products	4,838	5,042	5,199	5,694	5,789	5,97
0. Metal containers	5,218	5,475	5,576	6,014	6,207	6,31
1. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	2,184	2,378	2,757	2,561	2,767	3,31
2. Fabricated structural metal products	15,848	18,295	20,247	18,836	21,891	24,62
3. Screw machine products	3,366	3,515	3,567	3,863	3,966	4,01
4. Metal stampings	9,045	9,768	10,183	10,910	11,553	12,06
5. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	6,223	6,600	7,001	7,412	7,690	8,22
6. Other fabricated metal products	13,389	14,480	15,119	16,605	17,470	18,23
7. Engines, turbines, and generators	8,214	8,731	8,970	11,068	11,126	11,32
8. Farm machinery	8,019	8,440	8,947	9,950	10,101	10,76
9. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	12,791	13,608	14,227	15,993	16,431	17,18
30. Material handling equipment	3,907	4,274	4,565	4,691	5,060	5,45
11. Metalworking machinery	10,066	10,664	11,350	11,783	12,269	13,20
32. Special industry machinery	6,122	6,315	6,533	7,189	7,211	7,48
3. General industrial machinery	12,080	12,622	13,108	14,730	14,882	15,46
34. Other nonelectrical machinery	6,514	6,833	7,089	7,798	7,961	8,27
5. Computers and peripheral equipment	47,301	50,390	54,140	63,171	63,830	68,62
36. Typewriters and other office equipment	4,334	4,575	4,847	5,271	5,403	5,76
37. Service industry machines	14,143	14,817	15,993	16,305	16,792	18,45
88. Electric transmission equipment	7,306	7,782	8,329	8,970	9,278	10,00
9. Electrical industrial apparatus	8,321	8,770	9,220	10,580	10,689	11,24
0. Household appliances	9,827	10,374	11,142	12,422	12,596	13,61
91. Electric lighting and wiring	6,952	7,495	7,934	7,850	8,466	9,07
2. Radio and television receiving sets	10,745	11,665	12,137	14,527	14,973	15,46
3. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	10,113	10,886	11,850	12,281	12,922	14,28
4. Radio and communication equipment	24,630	24,212	24,751	30,720	28,453	28,97
5. Electronic components	38,857	41,146	42,765	53,180	52,990	54,63
6. Other electrical machinery and equipment	7,776	8,195	8,621	9,460	9,673	10,22
7. Motor vehicles	76,099	85,001	87,563	91,719	101,577	104,3
98. Aircraft	27,393	26,184	26,311	31,209	28,300	28,34
9. Ship and boat building and repair	6,591	6,535	6,551	8,099	7,613	7,56
00. Railroad equipment	1,902	2,109	2,279	2,615	2,752	2,96
01. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	628	682	740	806	843	92
02. Other transportation equipment	3,852	4,534	5,456	4,493	5,395	6,74
03. Scientific and controlling instruments	7,228	7,543	7,923	8,641	8,762	9,25
04. Medical and dental instruments	5,129 3,497	5,454 3,688	5,753 3,866	6,248 4,463	6,463 4,508	6,85 4,72
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06. Photographic equipment and supplies	12,198	12,864	13,369	15,532	15,698	16,27
07. Watches and clocks	1,128	1,147	1,278	1,369	1,336	1,52
08. Jewelry and silverware	2,918	3,040	3,262	3,362	3,436	3,74
09. Musical instruments and sporting goods	5,322 6,492	5,489 6,742	5,664 6,923	6,206 7,757	6,234 7,815	6,45 8,01

D-1. Gross output by industry, 1958-95-Continued

			Proje	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternativ	es	19	95 alternativ	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
11. Railroad transportation	17,123	17.845	18,704	19.455	19.974	21,139
12. Local transit and intercity buses	6,651	6,885	7,214	7,167	7,398	7,866
13. Truck transportation	43,339	45,429	47,492	50,867	52,161	54,845
14. Water transportation	9,918	10,109	10,412	10,677	10,777	11,193
15. Air transportation	25,309	26,772	27,582	32,437	32,852	33,662
16. Pipeline transportation	2,043	2,098	2,142	2,183	2,233	2,289
17. Transportation services	2,888	3,015	3,132	3,469	3,515	3,659
18. Radio and television broadcasting	7,639	8,090	8,435	9,193	9,490	9,92
19. Communications except radio and television	104,235	111,737	118,657	134,855	138,551	147,25
20. Electric utilities, public and private	55,972	58,947	61,188	65,768	67,853	70,65
21. Gas utilities, excluding public	16,664	16,469	16,643	15,004	15,136	15,497
22. Water and sanitary services, except public	3,896	4,049	4,244	4,271	4,412	4,68
23. Wholesale trade	150,689	157,220	165,795	169,638	174,891	186,77
24. Eating and drinking places	66,122	69,579	71,580	71,330	75,385	78,04
25. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	177,273	189,086	201,955	204,416	215,802	233,62
26. Banking	51,024	53,787	55.865	61.494	63,068	65,59
27. Credit agencies and financial brokers	37,228	39,252	40,902	44,861	46,023	48.07
28. Insurance	69,552	72,705	75,976	80.500	82.560	86.87
29. Owner-occupied real estate	152,965	158,690	160,517	179,783	181,690	182,86
30. Real estate	191,278	199,923	206,836	225,411	229,972	238,43
31. Hotels and lodging places	16,693	17,392	17,883	20,123	20,314	20,86
32. Personal and repair services	22,318	23,114	23,944	24,419	25,115	26.24
33. Barber and beauty shops	3,833	3.938	4,081	4,040	4,150	4,35
34. Miscellaneous business services	106,806	113,156	117,910	135,291	137,739	143,28
35. Advertising	5,376	5,566	5,762	5,793	5,982	6,25
36. Miscellaneous professional services	51,427	53,961	56,733	56,592	59,208	63,08
37. Automobile repair	38,579	39,911	42,300	42,557	43,599	46,99
38. Motion pictures	8,127	8,221	8,429	8,375	8,457	8,75
39. Amusements and recreation services	22,595	23,683	24,756	26,664	27,297	28,68
40. Doctors' and dentists' services	47,166	48,664	50,257	51,085	52,403	54,57
41. Hospitals	44,402	46,708	48,373	53,318	54,584	56,57
42. Medical services, except hospitals	21,870	23,135	23,663	26,627	27,358	27,86
43. Educational services (private)	18,669	19,121	19,775	20,399	20,652	21,54
44. Nonprofit organizations	25,054	26,089	27,158	28,362	29,114	30,53
45. Post Office	12,303	12,545	12,920	12,661	12,947	13,49
46. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	
47. Other Federal enterprises	4,494	4,757	4,968	5,410	5,581	5,84
48. Local government passenger transit	2,057	2,097	2,185	2,043	2,109	2,24
49. Other State and local enterprises	11,540	11,865	12,393	11,961	12,360	13,13
50. Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	10,10
51. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	
52. New construction industry	117,033	140,215	165,954	131,112	163,815	201,55
53. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	
		1			1	1
	0	0	0	0	0	
54. Rest-of-world industry	0 2,848	2,890	0 3,023	2,653	2,769	2,98

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95

(Thousands of jobs)

					Historical				
Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
1. Dairy and poultry products	1,635	1,551	1,471	1,406	1,318	1,210	1,147	1,132	1,019
Meat animals and livestock	939	979	937	924	896	873	859	852	816
3. Cottori	469	565	523	485	426	401	361	322	200
4. Food and feed grains	1,022	960	942	830	794	775	742	727	676
5. Other agricultural products	1,445	1,436	1,424	1,430	1,411	1,356	1,335	1,232	1,163
6. Forestry and fishery products	59	60	60	61	60	62	62	62	64
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	273	285	292	295	296	300	306	313	313
Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	37	33	38	32	30	28	29	31	30
9. Copper ore mining	28	23	28	29	29	28	27	30	32
10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	31	31	31	29	26	27	26	26	27
11. Coal mining	218	201	189	164	155	152	150	144	140
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	206	200	192	185	182	178	174	170	167
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	101	105	107	105	102	102	102	105	104
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	18	19	20	19	19	19	18	19	21
15. Maintenance and repair construction	620	662	681	668	702	717	730	744	767
40. O-t	40	50		50	70	70	64	50	00
16. Ordnance	49	50	52	58	70	73	64	59	90
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles	58	94	110	131	142	148	142	133	137
18. Meat products	326	324	331	327	324	323	323	325	331
Dairy products Canned and frozen foods	327 241	326 249	325 249	319 253	312 259	302 255	298 257	295 263	285 279
21. Grain mill products	137	139	136	137	135	135	133	132	133
22. Bakery products	314	313	313	308	304	301	303	299	292
23. Sugar	31	38	36	36	36	.36	38	36	36
24. Confectionery products	80	79	79	78	76	78	78	78	83
25. Alcoholic beverages	107	107	105	101	98	97	95	98	97
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	108	111	115	115	117	119	124	127	136
27. Other food products	141	144	145	143	144	144	143	144	145
28. Tobacco manufacturing	94	95	94	91	90	89	90	87	84
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	612	619	605	581	583	572	575	587	611
30. Floor covering mills	36	39	39	37	38	39	40	42	45
31. Other textile mill products	69	74	70	66	67	67	68	73	78
32. Hosiery and knit goods	208	221	216	215	221	214	216	230	236
33. Apparel	1,057	1,100	1,104	1,085	1,129	1,144	1,159	1,204	1,243
34. Other fabricated textile products	132	143	147	148	152	156	160	167	175
35. Logging	135	143	141	136	133	132	137	133	129
36. Sawmills and planing mills	287	305	288	258	256	254	253	249	246
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	240	261	250	245	257	264	275	288	300
38. Wooden containers	43	43	42	38	37	36	35	34	36
39. Household furniture	242	259	255	244	257	260	273	288	307
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	118	124	128	124	127	128	130	139	150
41. Paper products	401	415	427	425	430	431	434	442	460
42. Paperboard	166	175	178	179	188	191	194	201	210
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	323	328	335	336	338	339	346	355	360
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing	153	156	160	163	162	164	169	175	184
45. Other printing and publishing	437	446	459	462	468	470	479	491	513
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	260	260	267	264	264	265	270	269	281
47. Agricultural chemicals	53	54	54	55	57	60	60	62	64
48. Other chemical products	80	82	82	82	84	83	80	83	96
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber		81	84	83	89	93	94	97	102
50. Synthetic fibers	76	79	81	82	88	94	100	110	118
51. Drugs	105	106	110	109	111	113	114	119	128
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations		89	91	95	96	98	101	106	109
53. Paints and allied products		62	63	62	63	63	64	66	67
54. Petroleum refining and related products		217	213	203	196	190	185	184	185
55. Tires and inner tubes	104	105	105	98	99	97	99	102	107
CO. THE CHICALITY TO CO. THE C	104	105	100	36	33	37		102	107

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

Industry					Historical				
industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	. 169	178	175	170	176	172	170	171	170
57. Plastic products		94	103	111	137	153	171	202	237
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather		36	34	32	32	31	31	32	32
59. Leather products including footwear		341	333	329	332	321	319	324	335
60. Glass		153	158	155	159	161	164	170	179
61. Cement and concrete products	. 191	209	210	206	209	213	218	222	223
62. Structural clay products		78	76	70	68	69	69	70	70
63. Pottery and related products		49	48	44	44	44	44	44	44
64. Other stone and clay products		125	123	118	122	124	129	132	139
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products		588	652	597	594	591	630	658	653
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	. 248	269	260	239	249	255	271	288	309
67. Primary copper and copper products		137	135	132	139	137	137	143	155
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products		111	109	105	112	116	120	128	141
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products		78	77	71	74	74	78	85	94
70. Metal containers		75	75	73	74	73	75	74	79
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	. 68	71	68	63	65	67	71	70	71
72. Fabricated structural metal products		344	351	344	343	351	365	386	408
73. Screw machine products		88	88	83	89	90	91	99	108
74. Metal stampings		189	196	178	191	195	200	222	237
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware		135	135	128	136	139	144	155	162
76. Other fabricated metal products	. 216	231	234	228	241	246	255	274	297
77. Engines, turbines, and generators		90	86	79	84	85	87	91	99
78. Farm machinery		128	118	115	118	126	132	142	154
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery		162	157	142	149	152	164	177	191
80. Material handling equipment	. 62	65	65	60	64	67	73	80	88
81. Metalworking machinery	. 237	251	268	254	265	273	289	310	343
82. Special industry machinery		164	168	162	171	172	181	193	205
83. General industrial machinery		221	227	217	229	234	243	261	285
84. Other nonelectrical machinery	. 151	166	176	175	183	185	192	205	232
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	. 107	111	116	120	124	127	135	148	168
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	. 27	28	31	33	36	37	39	45	51
87. Service industry machines	. 90	97	100	95	101	102	106	114	125
88. Electric transmission equipment	. 147	157	164	163	166	162	162	170	190
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	. 156	176	181	177	183	177	178	192	214
90. Household appliances	. 148	157	155	148	150	156	160	165	180
91. Electric lighting and wiring	. 121	134	137	136	143	149	158	173	196
92. Radio and television receiving sets		114	108	104	111	114	120	134	163
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus		105	114	113	118	104	103	116	128
94. Radio and communication equipment	. 209	252 213	289 233	313 243	352 266	357 263	328 265	324 307	365 389
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment		111	112	106	108	104	99	106	116
97. Motor vehicles		696	728	636	696	745	757	847	866
98. Aircraft		722	629		639	640	606	625	754
99. Ship and boat building and repair		151 41	146 43	148 35	146 41	147 44	150 50	165 56	183
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts		9 23	8 21	8 19	9 23	10 30	10 38	11 43	12 49
103. Scientific and controlling instruments		166	170	165	169	169	167	172	189
104. Medical and dental instruments		45	47	48	50	53	54	56	62
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment		85	84	1	73	65	60	60	64
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	68	69	70	70	73	74	78	85	98
			29	27	29	31	31	33	36
107. Watches and clocks		30 67		64	64	63	66	67	7
108. Jewelry and silverware	. 0/		66 120	117	123	123	127	141	144
			228		227	224		236	242
110. Other manufactured products									

D-2. Total employment¹ by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

					Historical				
Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
111. Railroad transportation 112. Local transit and intercity buses 113. Truck transportation 114. Water transportation 115. Air transportation	961	930	890	822	801	777	761	740	731
	314	311	314	308	301	299	297	299	300
	933	1,001	1,016	1,007	1,043	1,058	1,075	1,120	1,157
	229	239	236	228	224	223	232	231	241
	170	184	196	202	202	207	218	234	253
116. Pipeline transportation	26	24	23	22	22	21	20	19	19
	65	70	75	76	79	79	83	85	92
	88	90	93	95	96	100	104	108	115
	774	749	748	736	730	726	746	775	816
	433	430	428	426	421	421	423	431	435
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	213	215	216	218	216	215	214	214	213
	59	61	64	67	68	69	72	74	77
	3,242	3,349	3,414	3,408	3,465	3,511	3,604	3,732	3,856
	1,880	1,960	2,016	2,032	2,079	2,100	2,205	2,344	2,465
	7,711	7,936	8,114	8,080	8,150	8,261	8,473	8,760	8,991
126. Banking	621	644	677	697	719	745	770	796	829
	360	389	417	442	458	470	488	504	525
	1,128	1,137	1,160	1,180	1,194	1,217	1,242	1,253	1,270
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	737	753	750	749	759	768	784	795	794
131. Hotels and lodging places	843	868	891	908	917	923	957	980	995
	1,138	1,157	1,165	1,168	1,167	1,166	1,185	1,204	1,212
	523	538	550	563	566	572	591	608	618
	750	814	855	896	967	1,031	1,115	1,201	1,315
	117	121	124	122	123	124	125	128	129
136. Miscellaneous professional services 137. Automobile repair 138. Motion pictures 139. Amusements and recreation services 140. Doctors' and dentists' services	727	746	768	784	801	817	840	867	899
	402	422	439	445	456	470	487	500	505
	232	228	224	220	211	210	210	218	220
	354	372	390	399	425	428	447	454	470
	587	605	623	642	655	652	676	702	726
141. Hospitals	915	974	1,038	1,095	1,153	1,224	1,302	1,364	1,427
	284	303	323	345	363	385	414	442	469
	806	839	863	890	937	969	1,013	1,048	1,083
	1,133	1,331	1,375	1,441	1,473	1,497	1,514	1,530	1,573
	563	574	587	597	597	598	600	614	681
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	78	104	111	117	128	132	136	142	147
	71	71	71	71	69	72	78	77	78
	208	225	251	260	277	301	307	323	316
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0 3,002 0 0 2,549 0	0 3,163 0 0 2,574 0	0 3,067 0 0 2,554 0	0 3,122 0 0 2,656 0	0 3,055 0 0 2,694 0	3,082 0 0 2,656 0	0 3,172 0 0 2,683 0	0 3,293 0 0 2,604 0	0 3,338 0 0 2,561 0

D-2. Total employment' by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

	Industry				Histo	rical			
	ilidustry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
1.	Dairy and poultry products	950	892	813	765	717	724	668	639
2.	Meat animals and livestock	805	794	756	742	715	733	697	695
	Cotton	156	175	172	157	148	165	131	132
	Food and feed grains	698	669	635	589	602	590	608	634
	Other agricultural products	1,160	1,132	1,119	1,047	1,012	1,057	1,116	1,151
6.	Forestry and fishery products	63	53	55	63	72	58	56	54
	Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	313	323	329	323	347	386	404	438
	Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	30	28	30	30	29	26	28	30
	Copper ore mining	25	28	34	37	34	37	40	44
10.	Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	27	26	25	27	25	21	20	22
11.	Coal mining	142	135	138	147	148	163	164	182
12.	Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	163	161	157	156	156	152	149	154
	Stone and clay mining and quarrying	103	100	99	101	99	100	101	105
	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	21	19	18	16	16	19	19	21
	Maintenance and repair construction	746	740	792	832	810	863	852	935
16.	Ordnance	144	170	175	130	92	89	88	81
	Guided missiles and space vehicles	135	129	107	84	74	76	78	80
	Meat products	337	340	344	348	349	351	340	348
	Dairy products	277	268	260	251	235	224	212	206
	Canned and frozen foods	281	283	291	288	288	305	300	300
21.	Grain mill products	137	136	137	139	137	137	140	142
	Bakery products	291	290	286	281	271	263	255	247
	Sugar	35	37	36	36	36	37	37	35
	Confectionery products	85	85	87	84	82	80	82	78
	Alcoholic beverages	99	96	97	96	93	91	90	89
26.	Soft drinks and flavorings	138	138	142	142	139	137	139	137
	Other food products	145	147	151	153	149	143	146	148
	Tobacco manufacturing	86	85	83	83	77	75	78	77
	Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	608	617	616	600	572	584	603	578
	Floor covering mills	47	51	58	58	60	63	66	64
31.	Other textile mill products	77	81	82	74	71	73	75	76
	Hosiery and knit goods	232	249	251	250	256	268	269	252
33.	Apparel	1,235	1,237	1,244	1,213	1,190	1,217	1,257	1,197
	Other fabricated textile products	178	181	182	169	169	181	195	176
35.	Logging	127	131	138	124	120	124	132	137
36.	Sawmills and planing mills	237	232	230	215	216	225	229	231
37.	Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	288	293	310	301	324	347	358	337
38.	Wooden containers	38	37	36	33	29	28	27	25
	Household furniture	298	310	316	300	312	337	352	334
40.	Furniture and fixtures, except household	152	148	153	147	141	154	164	168
	Paper products	467	471	483	483	467	470	480	487
	Paperboard	215	223	231	225	217	220	225	219
43.	Newspaper printing and publishing	364	366	376	382	381	390	398	392
44.	Periodical, book printing and publishing	199	205	210	209	197	197	200	204
45.	Other printing and publishing	523	534	550	549	532	544	562	565
46.	Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	291	292	296	297	287	278	284	292
47.	Agricultural chemicals	67	67	65	64	58	56	60	64
	Other chemical products	113	120	124	112	98	96	98	98
	Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	103 116	106 125	108 132	106 127	103 122	105 124	109 133	111 137
51.	Drugs	135	138	143	150	156	160	163	168
52.	Cleaning and toilet preparations	112	117	123	127	123	122	127	126
53.	Paints and allied products	68	71	72	70	67	69	69	67
	Hotzalaum rafining and ralated meducate	184	188	182	191	195	196	194	198
54.	Petroleum refining and related products	101	113	119	116	119	122	131	137

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

In direct				Histo	rical			
Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	164	165	162	153	155	169	178	174
57. Plastic products	255	286	320	314	309	344	385	387
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	30	31	29	27	26	25	24	22
59. Leather products including footwear	324	328	316	299	277	273	264	250
60. Glass	176	177	188	186	181	194	205	200
61. Cement and concrete products	217	221	228	226	232	245	260	250
62. Structural clay products	65	65	64	59	57	57	59	57
63. Pottery and related products	43	44	45	45	43	45	48	5
64. Other stone and clay products	137	137	140	138	140	143	155	160
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	636	637	644	627	574	568	605	610
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	307	300	312	299	286	292	316	32
67. Primary copper and copper products	149	145	160	157	150	158	168	16
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	144	144	153	144	137	140	154	16
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	87 81	91 83	93 87	87 90	78 86	75 85	80 87	8
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	70	72	76	71	67	71	74	7
72. Fabricated structural metal products	414	421	440	435	429	449	489	50
73. Screw machine products	111	112	114	105	92	101	111	11
74. Metal stampings	234	247	255	235	230	235	247	22
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	162	164	165	151	151	163	178	17
76. Other fabricated metal products	301	303	315	300	286	317	337	34
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	104	110	112	111	115	116	123	12
78. Farm machinery	155	147	141	133	126	135	155	17
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	188	192	202	205	196	205	225	24
30. Material handling equipment	89	90	95	93	84	89	100	10
31. Metalworking machinery	358	348	347	324	278	292	326	34
32. Special industry machinery	205	199	206	197	176	177	194	20
33. General industrial machinery	290	282	291	285	261	267	292	30
34. Other nonelectrical machinery	242	234	246	234	201	214	235	25
35. Computers and peripheral equipment	184	202	224	236	219	212	235	25
36. Typewriters and other office equipment	56	49	52	53	45	49	50	5
37. Service industry machines	129	136	147	149	145	164	183	17
38. Electric transmission equipment	200	205	207	204	187	185	201	204
39. Electrical industrial apparatus	218 175	213 179	223 187	217 184	198 179	209 187	239 198	24: 19:
91. Electric lighting and wiring	200	201	205	197	189	204	223	21
92. Radio and television receiving sets	157	154	156	133	130	140	153	13
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	130	132	146	164	163	160	166	16
94. Radio and communication equipment95. Electronic components	409 385	419 381	409 394	362 367	307 329	299 355	302 411	31 42
	440	404	405	400	405	105	1.47	4.4
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	119 820	124	125	123 801	125 850	135 877	147 977	14 90
97. Motor vehicles	835	876 854	912 805	670	534	513	540	55
99. Ship and boat building and repair	181	189	193	177	181	196	204	20
00. Railroad equipment	56	47	51	51	51	49	52	5
01. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	12	14	14	15	15	19	20	1
02. Other transportation equipment	52	69	89	93	114	141	145	9
03. Scientific and controlling instruments	194	195	195	181	166	168	177	18
04. Medical and dental instruments	68	74	82	83	84	90	100	11
05. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	70	74	75	70	65	57	64	6
	405	107	111	113	112	118	125	13
06. Photographic equipment and supplies	105							
	105 36			33	28	30	33	3
06. Photographic equipment and supplies	36	36	35	33 74	28 70	30 80	33 83	
				33 74 140				3: 8: 16:

D-2. Total employment¹ by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

	Industry.				Histo	rical			
	Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
111.	Railroad transportation	702	670	651	636	607	583	580	592
112.	Local transit and intercity buses	307	309	315	321	312	304	311	311
	Truck transportation	1,167	1,191	1,214	1,225	1,230	1,275	1,338	1,345
114.	Water transportation	244	242	234	217	197	219	205	208
115.	Air transportation	303	334	357	356	351	354	368	373
116.	Pipeline transportation	19	19	18	18	17	17	17	17
	Transportation services	101	102	111	114	125	124	126	133
	Radio and television broadcasting	121	125	131	139	144	144	146	150
	Communications except radio and television	851	860	919	993	1,001	1,010	1,038	1,054
120.	Electric utilities, public and private	445	452	460	481	495	508	521	533
121.	Gas utilities, excluding public	217	219	220	221	215	216	219	219
	Water and sanitary services, except public	79	82	88	95	85	83	85	88
123.	Wholesale trade	3,941	4,007	4,163	4,250	4,264	4,356	4,538	4,701
124.	Eating and drinking places	2,528	2,646	2,812	2,938	3,055	3,194	3,383	3,597
125.	Retail trade, except eating and drinking	9,143	9,388	9,729	9,872	10,113	10,437	10,725	10,760
126.	Banking	874	920	987	1,049	1,074	1,116	1,178	1,249
	Credit agencies and financial brokers	549	600	652	636	637	684	710	708
128.	Insurance	1,314	1,345	1,370	1,411	1,429	1,461	1,492	1,509
129.	Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130.	Real estate	796	816	855	881	947	1,028	1,074	1,095
	Hotels and lodging places	999	1,002	1,065	1,079	1,111	1,206	1,248	1,306
132.	Personal and repair services	1,205	1,216	1,232	1,193	1,130	1,139	1,146	1,165
133.	Barber and beauty shops	622	630	634	621	604	590	581	572
	Miscellaneous business services	1,427	1,532	1,691	1,756	1,793	1,917	2,081	2,202
135.	Advertising	131	132	134	135	137	137	143	137
136.	Miscellaneous professional services	927	968	1,046	1,101	1,144	1,201	1,250	1,334
	Automobile repair	508	525	569	576	577	589	611	622
	Motion pictures	225	232	248	245	236	247	260	263
	Amusements and recreation services	468	483	497	515	544	566	599	619
140.	Doctors' and dentists' services	744	776	806	815	897	942	991	1,045
	Hospitals	1,561	1,658	1,776	1,871	1,939	1,983	2,053	2,162
	Medical services, except hospitals	535	604	672	733	813	871	973	1,048
143.	Educational services (private)	1,124	1,185	1,229	1,240	1,260	1,305	1,330	1,389
144.	Nonprofit organizations	1,646	1,717	1,764	1,784	1,825	1,772	1,787	1,829
145.	Post Office	714	724	732	736	726	698	693	705
	Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Federal enterprises	151	150	152	166	161	161	163	163
	Local government passenger transit	81	88	87	92	93	100	100	112
	Other State and local enterprises	314	332	351	366	394	388	418	451
150.	Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
151.	Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
152.	New construction industry	3,268	3,399	3,594	3,555	3,706	3,861	4,160	4,096
153.	Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
154.	Rest-of-world industry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Drivete households	2,484	2,437	2,322	2,280	0.000	2,200	2 202	1,916
155.	Private households	2,404	2,437	2,322	2,260	2,238	2,200	2,097 0	1,910

D-2. Total employment¹ by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

	la di at				Histo	rical			
	Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
1.	Dairy and poultry products	591	552	521	510	463	436	434	42
2.	Meat animals and livestock	634	605	584	584	544	533	530	52
	Cotton	76	81	77	62	60	62	62	6
	Food and feed grains	638	638	617	619	602	612	609	60
	Other agricultural products	1,191	1,135	1,151	1,219	1,192	1,217	1,210	1,198
			-			-			_
	Forestry and fishery products	51	69	82	90	83	88	83	84 58
	Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	393	423	411	449	489	499	500	
	Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	30	31	25	29	31	27	26 36	1
	Copper ore mining Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	39 26	37 27	34 33	30 36	33 38	30 43	43	3
	Coal mining	215	226	227	211	261	247	225	24
	Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	169	180	185	200	212	246	285	31
	Stone and clay mining and quarrying	96	96	96	99	104	103	95	9
	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	23	23	23	24	25	27	27	2
15.	Maintenance and repair construction	1,010	1,006	1,079	1,188	1,224	1,538	1,509	1,42
16.	Ordnance	75	69	69	70	73	74	81	79
	Guided missiles and space vehicles	79	70	66	75	81	88	96	10
18.	Meat products	340	352	359	361	363	363	361	35
19.	Dairy products	201	200	192	190	189	180	174	17
	Canned and frozen foods	289	303	301	309	316	312	297	29
21.	Grain mill products	139	139	146	147	147	148	142	13
	Bakery products	239	244	241	242	238	233	229	22
	Sugar	37	39	34	33	31	30	31	2
	Confectionery products	73	74	78	78	80	76	75	7:
	Alcoholic beverages	89	82	85	87	86	84	87	8
26	Soft dripks and flavorings	133	140	144	149	153	150	147	14
	Soft drinks and flavorings Other food products	148	148	158	157	160	160	160	15
		75	77	71	71	70	69	70	6
	Tobacco manufacturing	524	565	548	536	531	510	491	44
	Floor covering mills	55	58	61	64	61	55	53	49
		0.7			-,		07	-00	
	Other textile mill products	67	70	71	71	71	67	66	6
	Hosiery and knit goods	226	231	234	239	227	221	221	20
	Apparel	1,097	1,156	1,148	1,150	1,125	1,101	1,080	1,009
	Other fabricated textile products	162 117	183 139	185 140	197 134	198 150	186 151	183 138	17
00.	Logging		100	140	104	100	101	100	
	Sawmills and planing mills	202	221	228	233	237	215	203	179
	Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	294	327	355	392	394	363	351	31
	Wooden containers	22	21	21	20	19	17	17	15
	Household furniture	284	306	315	332	329	301 177	298 184	270 180
40.	Furniture and fixtures, except household	143	146	168	175	176	1//	104	100
	Paper products	448	470	484	486	494	488	487	47
	Paperboard	194	206	210	214	214	205	201	189
	Newspaper printing and publishing	389	395	411	420	432	441	443	44
	Periodical, book printing and publishing	205	208	217	224	230	238	246	24
45.	Other printing and publishing	544	549	571	607	640	656	664	66
46.	Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	292	304	321	326	328	330	336	329
	Agricultural chemicals	65	68	68	67	70	72	70	6
48.	Other chemical products	89	90	95	96	99	100	100	9
49.	Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	98	99	98	99	100	95	93	89
50.	Synthetic fibers	121	120	117	115	112	110	103	9
51.	Drugs	167	171	181	187	193	196	199	19
	Cleaning and toilet preparations	122	128	131	137	140	143	148	14
	Paints and allied products	62	65	66	69	69	65	63	6
	Petroleum refining and related products	194	198	202	208	210	198	214	20
	Petroleum relining and related products								

D-2. Total employment' by industry, 1958-95-Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

to double.				Histo	rical			
Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	149	154	161	165	167	152	151	140
57. Plastic products	339	386	427	467	494	467	484	460
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	22	23	23	22	20	19	20	19
59. Leather products including footwear	232	242	238	242	232	215	220	206
60. Glass	182	194	201	206	202	191	188	173
61. Cement and concrete products	225	225	234	245	255	239	227	209
62. Structural clay products	48	48	50	51	52	46	42	34
63. Pottery and related products	46	48	49	50	52	49	45	40
64. Other stone and clay products	139	141	148	160	165	151	150	132
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	548	549	554	560	571	512	507	394
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	302	295	302	313	324	280	272	221
67. Primary copper and copper products	141	145	147	151	161	150	149	138
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	132	143	150	162	170	162	159	140
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	74	80	84	90	93	91	89	80
70. Metal containers	79	78	78	79	80	75	71	64
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	61	63	69	74	76	70	68	61
72. Fabricated structural metal products	463	466	483	511	535	522	515	461
73. Screw machine products	93	95	101	110	117	110	105	92
74. Metal stampings	192	220	239	249	245	212	206	187
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	155	168	177	184	185	166	161	143
76. Other fabricated metal products	307	326	342	362	376	359	361	331
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	120	121	125	137	145	135	133	113
78. Farm machinery	162	163	168	166	184	170	156	139
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	251	248	257	275	276	283	302	254
80. Material handling equipment	91	88	94	98	106	108	102	87
81. Metalworking machinery	315	315	335	353	379	381	371	319
82. Special industry machinery	184	183	190	197	205	207	198	176
83. General industrial machinery	290	286	295	313	329	324	323	288
84. Other nonelectrical machinery	248	246	256	281	313	322	315	292
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	238	239	262	297	339	376	407	428
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	49	48	49	53	59	58	54	47
87. Service industry machines	144	160	171	184	188	174	175	159
88. Electric transmission equipment	174	180	190	206	221	224	227	215
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	212	222	233	245	251	240	239	208
90. Household appliances	161	170	180	185	178	163	161	142
91. Electric lighting and wiring	181	196	205	218	225	209	202	187
92. Radio and television receiving sets	113	121	125	123	116	109	107	93
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	148	137	147	155	165	164	157	148
94. Radio and communication equipment	310	308	315	337	357	378	399	424
95. Electronic components	338	366	405	457	525	554	557	561
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	131	144	154	172	176	159	157	153
97. Motor vehicles	793	882	949	1,006	991	791	791	707
98. Aircraft	528	503	500	546	632	676	672	629
99. Ship and boat building and repair	198	219	230	230	230	223	236	223
100. Railroad equipment	57	50	56	64	74	71	54	37
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	15	17	18	21	20	18	17	14
102. Other transportation equipment	86	102	108	119	103	74	73	74
103. Scientific and controlling instruments	171	175	190	200	215	221	235	226
104. Medical and dental instruments	109	119	128	136	144	156	160	158
105. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	60	66	72	75	81	79	80	77
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	121	125	130	132	134	135	137	140
107. Watches and clocks	30	31	30	30	28	23	21	18
108. Jewelry and silverware	82	91	93	98	92	82	80	76
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods	139	145	145	146	145	139	138	130
110. Other manufactured products	216	217	235	253	245	226	227	218
	210	217	200	200	2-10	220	221	210

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

ladiota.				Histo	orical			
Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
111. Railroad transportation 112. Local transit and intercity buses 113. Truck transportation 114. Water transportation 115. Air transportation	550	541	550	544	559	534	498	433
	302	301	291	291	303	312	312	314
	1,283	1,321	1,405	1,503	1,555	1,497	1,479	1,454
	196	200	200	212	222	216	223	206
	368	378	390	412	443	461	463	450
116. Pipeline transportation	17	18	19	20	20	21	22	22
	139	143	156	176	198	209	218	224
	157	162	170	181	191	203	211	221
	1,022	1,010	1,018	1,061	1,121	1,159	1,186	1,199
	526	531	550	581	608	640	665	684
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	217	213	212	217	220	221	227	230
	84	87	88	93	94	105	107	106
	4,661	4,849	4,995	5,240	5,507	5,597	5,674	5,585
	3,689	3,941	4,257	4,576	4,864	4,948	5,077	5,159
	10,779	10,994	11,362	11,821	11,981	11,948	11,933	11,792
126. Banking	1,275	1,310	1,357	1,423	1,498	1,572	1,629	1,655
	711	738	785	840	901	952	1,003	1,038
	1,544	1,555	1,612	1,699	1,750	1,794	1,845	1,870
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,054	1,073	1,145	1,267	1,374	1,384	1,345	1,336
131. Hotels and lodging places	1,319	1,363	1,455	1,476	1,549	1,571	1,648	1,693
	1,161	1,158	1,183	1,192	1,239	1,244	1,293	1,305
	550	578	597	621	632	628	622	624
	2,254	2,418	2,609	2,892	3,178	3,404	3,640	3,743
	137	138	145	155	165	172	183	186
Miscellaneous professional services	1,421	1,414	1,550	1,691	1,814	1,930	2,056	2,147
	643	690	733	787	839	845	876	910
	264	273	287	293	311	291	312	310
	653	693	721	764	769	832	854	870
	1,120	1,164	1,213	1,277	1,351	1,408	1,454	1,503
141. Hospitals	2,277	2,366	2,468	2,541	2,614	2,754	2,908	3,016
	1,102	1,182	1,270	1,359	1,431	1,517	1,589	1,664
	1,427	1,477	1,566	1,662	1,721	1,772	1,828	1,882
	1,864	1,922	1,944	1,999	2,073	2,142	2,103	2,095
	697	671	654	649	661	661	661	662
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0 151 112 502 0	0 149 122 494 0	0 147 123 496 0	0 149 127 514 0	0 155 130 541 0	0 153 172 515 0	0 150 175 507	0 150 173 496 0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3,494	3,635	3,935	4,382	4,679	4,327	4,280	4,067
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1,876	1,881	1,936	1,898	1,723	1,598	1,606	1,635

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

198-2			Projec	ted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	es	19	95 alternative	s
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
. Dairy and poultry products	378	384	387	344	360	36
. Meat animals and livestock	474	473	475	439	445	45
Cotton	55	54	55	50	50	5
Food and feed grains	585	589	593	571	577	58
Other agricultural products	1,138	1,151	1,162	1,096	1,118	1,14
Forestry and fishery products	73	79	89	96	92	
Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	640	623	613	704	711	7
Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	25	25	22	25	26	2
Copper ore mining	27	27	26	33	35	3
Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	34	34	33	35	34	3
. Coal mining	299	286	275	310	317	32
. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	275	291	282	332	338	30
Stone and clay mining and quarrying	85	87	92	72	77	
. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	31	31	31	35	35	:
Maintenance and repair construction	1,778	1,700	1,685	1,861	1,882	1,9
. Ordnance	90	87	88	88	85	
Guided missiles and space vehicles	130	130	127	149	140	1.
. Meat products	359	357	359	368	372	3
Dairy products	137	144	156	119	127	1:
. Canned and frozen foods	331	335	341	336	341	3
. Grain mill products	143	145	145	140	144	1-
Bakery products	203	210	209	164	174	1
Sugar	30	30	31	27	28	
. Confectionery products	77	78	80	69	71	
i. Alcoholic beverages	83	86	85	76	80	8
. Soft drinks and flavorings	164	168	169	159	167	17
. Other food products	171	171	168	177	182	18
. Tobacco manufacturing	61	62	64	50	52	
. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	448	461	457	471	474	48
. Floor covering mills	52	56	63	57	58	
. Other textile mill products	69	72	75	65	67	
. Hosiery and knit goods	207	218	218	224	236	2
Apparel	1,056	1,074	1,061	1,117	1,125	1,0
. Other fabricated textile products	220	223	228	234	238	2
. Logging	130	131	133	124	128	1
. Sawmills and planing mills	192	196	210	206	209	2
Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	400	406	416	414	419	4
. Wooden containers	12	12	13	10	11	3
. Household furniture	334 193	346 199	368 205	346 200	357 206	2
	540	F16	E04	526	533	5
. Paper products	513 190	516 201	524 209	179	192	2
2. Paperboard	492	494	491	517	535	5
Periodical, book printing and publishing	296	298	304	330	338	3
Other printing and publishing	733	758	751	745	789	8
i. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	362	358	353	371	379	3
7. Agricultural chemicals	81	84	84	82	88	J
3. Other chemical products	107	111	121	116	120	1
Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	110	114	119	113	116	i
Synthetic fibers	110	116	124	121	124	· i
Druge	253	254	252	276	281	2
l. Drugs	166	168	166	167	176	1
2. Cleaning and toilet preparations	68	71	72	65	70	
Paints and allied products Petroleum refining and related products	185	183	182	179	182	1
5. Tires and inner tubes	100	102	104	101	104	1
J.	100	102	10-4	101	107	

D-2. Total employment' by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

No.			Projec	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	s	19	95 alternative	s
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
66. Rubber products except tires and tubes	147	151	157	146	150	15
7. Plastic products	565	636	653	654	716	74
8. Leather tanning and industrial leather	15	16	16	11	12	1
9. Leather products including footwear 0. Glass	166 198	170 201	172 205	147 211	154 212	14 21
1. Cement and concrete products	222	240	250	215	240	25
2. Structural clay products	35	37	39	29	30	3
3. Pottery and related products	44	45	46	46	49	19
4. Other stone and clay products	156 420	164 435	173 430	175 433	182 447	4
6. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	247	255	258	264	270	2
7. Primary copper and copper products	157	160	164	166	170	1
8. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	167	174	175	168	178	18
9. Primary nonferrous metals and products D. Metal containers	83 67	84 69	86 70	83 61	85 62	
			80	77	78	
Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	72 537	73 572	598	563	619	6
Fabricated structural metal products Screw machine products	112	115	117	118	121	1
4. Metal stampings	234	249	253	236	252	2
5. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	177	184	188	198	200	2
6. Other fabricated metal products	388	414	413	399	430	4
7. Engines, turbines, and generators	151	152	152	165	167	1
8. Farm machinery	164	170	173	167	172	1
9. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	315 110	321 113	325 120	343 123	357 125	3 1
1. Metalworking machinery	371	388	393	373	400	4
2. Special industry machinery	206	207	211	210	213	2
3. General industrial machinery	336	342	343	350	356	3
4. Other nonelectrical machinery	323	331	341	339	345	3
5. Computers and peripheral equipment	586	586	593	665	694	7
6. Typewriters and other office equipment	55 190	60 199	64 211	67 208	69 214	2
7. Service industry machines	235	245	246	246	256	2
9. Electrical industrial apparatus	255	261	275	284	288	3
0. Household appliances	175	183	193	185	188	2
1. Electric lighting and wiring	229	239	246	251	253	2
2. Radio and television receiving sets	95	106	110	106	113	1
3. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	177	185	199 440	208 532	209 460	2
Radio and communication equipment Electronic components	452 725	433 745	793	862	850	8
6. Other electrical machinery and equipment	162	170	180	192	194	2
7. Motor vehicles	794	834	828	847	860	-
8. Aircraft	716	680	664	761 277	709 270	2
9. Ship and boat building and repair00. Railroad equipment	260 45	254 47	248 47	47	50	-
01. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	17	18	19	19	20	
02. Other transportation equipment	87	96	108	104	109	1
03. Scientific and controlling instruments	294	292	292	345	349	3
04. Medical and dental instruments05. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	205 83	203 86	210 89	270 88	272 92	2
06. Photographic equipment and supplies	167	169	173	175	177	1
07. Watches and clocks	22	22	23	23	21	
08. Jewelry and silverware	75	82	88	96	98	1
09. Musical instruments and sporting goods	134	140	144	143	146	1
10. Other manufactured products	210	214	224	216	218	2

D-2. Total employment by industry, 1958-95—Continued

(Thousands of jobs)

			Projec	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	es	19	95 alternative	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
111. Railroad transportation	353	373	429	327	351	377
112. Local transit and intercity buses	345	341	345	350	361	385
113. Truck transportation	1,720	1,701	1,702	1.750	1,774	1,793
114. Water transportation	197	210	214	204	214	216
115. Air transportation	522	532	528	561	568	573
116. Pipeline transportation	22	24	25	24	24	27
117. Transportation services	261	269	250	295	302	302
118. Radio and television broadcasting	301	308	292	355	357	359
119. Communications except radio and television	1.384	1,379	1,434	1,543	1,593	1,603
	686	712	714	730	740	746
120. Electric utilities, public and private	000	/12	714	730		
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	220 140	218 133	219 135	205 144	207 147	211 154
		6,298		6,622	6,734	6,745
123. Wholesale trade	6,162	, ,	6,387		,	
124. Eating and drinking places	5,908 13,815	5,951 14,106	5,959 14,303	6,669 14,473	6,742 15,070	6,772 15,342
						0.140
126. Banking	1,954	1,954	1,968	2,098	2,120	2,146
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	1,313	1,350	1,364	1,507	1,518	1,549
128. Insurance	2,187	2,169	2,168	2,237	2,272	2,307
29. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	1,567	1,640	1,168	1,764	1,774	1,787
131. Hotels and lodging places	1,914	1,915	1,891	2,004	2,010	2,034
132. Personal and repair services	1,466	1,519	1,621	1,547	1,592	1,734
33. Barber and beauty shops	652	660	685	707	733	760
134. Miscellaneous business services	4,951	5,172	5,331	6,148	6,183	6,229
135. Advertising	213	218	221	228	234	238
136. Miscellaneous professional services	2,573	2,640	2,620	2,916	3,004	3,099
137. Automobile repair	965	1,029	1,101	1,113	1,141	1,186
138. Motion pictures	325	315	316	323	326	337
139. Amusements and recreation services	1,035	1,059	1,082	1,173	1,193	1,248
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	1,876	1,897	2,036	1,971	2,005	2,095
141. Hospitals	3,895	3,963	3,889	4,471	4,477	4,665
142. Medical services, except hospitals	2,089	2,208	2,279	2,649	2,688	2,744
143. Educational services (private)	2,447	2,157	2,001	2,311	2,396	2,411
144. Nonprofit organizations	2,387	2,406	2,449	2,455	2,505	2,606
	629	597	595	537	581	594
145. Post Office	629	397	393	557	301	
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0 182	0 178	0 182	0 182	0 189	198
147. Other Federal enterprises					233	251
148. Local government passenger transit	207	209	215	228		
149. Other State and local enterprises	610 0	623 0	649 0	700 0	723 0	781 0
	0	0	0	0	0	0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods				_	6,043	6,091
152. New construction industry	5,242	5,263	5,366	5,936		
153. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	0
154. Rest-of-world industry	0	0	0	0	0	0
155. Private households	1,443	1,400	1,392	1,295	1,346	1,368
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	(

¹ Total employment includes wage and salary workers, the self-employed, and unpaid family workers.

D-3. Total hours paid by industry, 1958-95

				The state of the s	Historical	Alexander and a second			
Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
Dairy and poultry products	3,829	3,649	3,461	3,268	3,110	2,872	2,674	2,678	2,404
Meat animals and livestock	2,199	2,303	2,205	2,148	2,115	2,072	2,002	2,016	1,925
3. Cotton	1,099	1,329	1,231	1,127	1,005	952	841	762	472
4. Food and feed grains	2,394	2,259	2,216	1,929	1,874	1,840	1,730	1,720	1,595
5. Other agricultural products	3,385	3,379	3,350	3,324	3,330	3,219	3,112	2,915	2,745
6. Forestry and fishery products	113	117	116	120	118	117	118	118	122
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	527	550	566	572	580	569	588	597	599
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	69	63	80	65	63	58	60	66	66
9. Copper ore mining	57	52	65	66	63	62	60	68	72
10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	69	68	68	66	60	59	58	56	60
11. Coal mining	384	376	356	313	300	307	306	301	295
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	446	435	414	404	396	389	381	374	365
13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	226	241	242	238	235	234	237	245	244
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	40	43	45	42	43	43	41	44	49
15. Maintenance and repair construction	1,186	1,273	1,299	1,282	1,351	1,390	1,413	1,446	1,500
16 Ordnanaa	100	105	100	101	140	154	100	106	105
16. Ordnance	102	105	109	121	148	154	133	126	195 290
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles	123	199	231	276	298	310	295	281	
18. Meat products	684	692	698	694	682	689	692	694	705
19. Dairy products	703	699	695	684	665	645	633	626	608
20. Canned and frozen foods	487	498	497	503	521	513	519	538	572
21. Grain mill products	306	311	306	309	307	304	301	301	304
22. Bakery products	655	652	652	643	638	629	633	626	612
23. Sugar	69	84	80	81	78	80	82	79	78
24. Confectionery products	164	164	162	162	159	162	161	161	171
25. Alcoholic beverages	219	221	216	208	203	201	197	204	203
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	224	233	239	239	243	249	260	266	282
27. Other food products	303	313	313	309	312	310	307	311	311
28. Tobacco manufacturing	192	192	187	183	181	178	182	172	170
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	1,241	1,318	1,262	1,221	1,249	1,225	1,248	1,297	1,357
30. Floor covering mills	75	83	81	78	83	84	86	94	98
31. Other textile mill products	141	155	146	137	141	143	145	158	171
32. Hosiery and knit goods	408	445	427	429	443	427	433	466	477
33. Apparel	1,944	2,086	2,048	2,007	2,138	2,157	2,172	2,285	2,365
34. Other fabricated textile products	264	289	293	295	305	315	324	340	353
35. Logging	272	293	289	291	290	282	299	298	292
36. Sawmills and planing mills	575	631	587	525	524	527	528	525	518
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	509	561	532	527	555	574	598	628	652
38. Wooden containers	87	91	86	79	76	75	72	73	78
39. Household furniture	497	547	525	505	542	553	583	617	652
40. Furniture and fixtures, except household	248	269	278	266	275	275	283	307	334
41. Paper products	871	920	933	934	945	953	959	982	1,026
42. Paperboard	352	376	377	384	404	408	419	435	459
43. Newspaper printing and publishing	641	650	666	664	667	669	684		713
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing		313	324	330	327	335	346	360	380
45. Other printing and publishing	896	931	952	955	974	969	992	1,021	1,071
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	544	551	566	561	561	562	571	572	601
47. Agricultural chemicals	115	118	117	120	124	132	131	135	140
48. Other chemical products	167	174	175	174	179	176	172	177	205
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	163	174	179	178	190	199	203	212	224
50. Synthetic fibers	156	165	170	171	186	198	212	233	247
51. Drugs	219	221	228	228	234	237	237	249	267
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations		185	190	198	202	205	211	249	231
53. Paints and allied products	127	131	132	129	131	132	135	140	142
54. Petroleum refining and related products	473	457	449	429	417	403	394	394	398
55. Tires and inner tubes	210	223		201	209	203	212		239
O. THES AND MINE LUDES	210	223	214	201	209	203	212	221	238

	Indicate:					Historical				
	Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
56.	Rubber products except tires and tubes	346	378	363	356	372	361	358	364	36
	Plastic products	157	201	217	237	292	328	367	434	50
58.	Leather tanning and industrial leather	75	74	69	66	66	65	66	67	e
59.	Leather products including footwear	622	673	642	641	651	626	629	644	67
	Glass	291	320	328	321	330	334	346	361	38
61.	Cement and concrete products	414	461	452	446	457	473	483	495	49
	Structural clay products	153	164	160	148	144	147	148	150	14
	Pottery and related products	88	98	96	89	92	91	92	93	ģ
	Other stone and clay products	248	271	261	252	258	264	279	285	29
	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,188	1,217	1,300	1,210	1,212	1,232	1,341	1,400	1,38
66.	Iron and steel foundries and forgings	491	560	528	488	524	550	594	643	68
	Primary copper and copper products	273	295	284	281	299	297	300	318	34
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products	209	235	228	224	239	250	257	277	30
	Primary nonferrous metals and products	157	170	163	153	160	161	166	184	20
	Metal containers	160	163	160	157	160	159	164	164	17
71	Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	141	148	138	130	134	139	148	146	14
	Fabricated structural metal products	741	721	740	725	726	746	780	830	88
	Screw machine products	163	192	186	176	194	196	201	222	2
	Metal stampings	359	409	422	376	411	424	440	493	5
	Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	256	284	281	264	286	293	307	332	3
6	Other fabricated metal products	449	490	490	480	514	524	544	590	6
	Engines, turbines, and generators	186	188	178	164	175	179	183	195	2
	Farm machinery	250	268	248	241	251	264	283	304	3
	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	295	344	325	297	314	321	350	384	4
0.	Material handling equipment	128	137	137	126	137	145	159	175	1
1	Metalworking machinery	495	551	587	546	590	606	656	713	80
	Special industry machinery	333	351	360	345	369	370	394	424	4
	General industrial machinery	418	469	472	453	485	495	523	568	6
	Other nonelectrical machinery	328	372	385	374	407	411	422	452	5
	Computers and peripheral equipment	221	233	245	258	261	271	290	326	3
36.	Typewriters and other office equipment	58	61	67	72	77	79	84	99	1
	Service industry machines	186	205	207	198	212	214	224	242	2
	Electric transmission equipment	304	330	342	340	348	341	342	361	4
9.	Electrical industrial apparatus	322	369	375	369	384	372	379	412	4
	Household appliances	303	328	320	309	315	328	336	352	3
11.	Electric lighting and wiring	248	·282	282	279	298	311	329	365	4
	Radio and television receiving sets	215	235	220	213	231	234	246	278	3
	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	210	223	241	238	250	217	219	246	2
	Radio and communication equipment	437	528	598	652	738	743	683	679	7
	Electronic components	364	443	480	506	553	541	549	642	8
6.	Other electrical machinery and equipment	212	237	236	220	234	222	211	229	2
7.	Motor vehicles	1,263	1,476	1,542	1.323	1,521	1,632	1,663	1,903	1.8
	Aircraft	1,615	1,513	1,322	1,292	1,360	1,355	1,282	1,335	1,6
9.	Ship and boat building and repair	313	313	303	308	308	315	319	350	3
	. Railroad equipment	83	83	88	70	85	92	106	117	1
)1	. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	15	17	16	16	17	19	20	22	
)2	Other transportation equipment	37	50	45	42	48	66	81	91	1
03	. Scientific and controlling instruments	239	262	265	260	272	273	275	286	3
)4	. Medical and dental instruments	90	95	99	100	105	110	113	117	1
	. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	170	179	175	163	156	140	128	133	1
)6	Photographic equipment and supplies	142	146	149	151	155	157	166	185	2
7	. Watches and clocks	55	62	60	57	61	64	64	70	
	. Jewelry and silverware	139	140	131	128	128	125	132	134	1
	. Musical instruments and sporting goods	224	240	244	240	251	250	259	291	2
	Other manufactured products	457	482	485	472	486	480	487	505	5
. •		407	102	-100	7,2	700	700	407	555	

1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1965 1966 1965 1966 1965 1966			- C			Historical				
112. Local transit and intercity buses	Industry	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966
11.1 Truck transportation	111. Railroad transportation	2,070	2,002	1,925	1,791	1,741	1,613	1,709	1,666	1,660
11.14. Water transportation		707	706	711	707	685	672	661	657	648
115. Air transportation				2,271						2,629
116. Pipeline transportation										421
117. Transportation services	115. Air transportation	393	425	454	468	457	459	449	475	516
118. Radio and television broadcasting		55	51		46	45	44	43	42	40
119. Communications except radio and television 1,556 1,537 1,548 1,515 1,522 1,516 1,566 1,642 1,222 20. Electric utilities, public and private 926 918 919 910 903 914 930 939 12. Water and sanitary services, except public 133 138 147 153 157 155 162 170 174 12. Water and sanitary services, except public 6,096 7,187 7,319 7,304 7,525 7,739 8,048 8,299 124. Eating and dirinking places 4,102 4,225 4,350 4,337 4,344 4,363 4,210 4,429 4,510 125. Retail trade, except eating and dirinking 15,917 16,994 16,733 16,483 16,514 16,610 17,13 17,482 1,560 125. Retail trade, except eating and dirinking 15,917 16,994 16,733 16,483 16,514 16,610 17,113 17,492 17,652 126. Banking 1,204 1,250 1,307 1,344 1,394 1,446 1,499 1,542 1,607<										184
120. Electric utilities, public and private 926 918 919 910 903 903 914 930 938 939 931 121. Gas utilities, excluding public 447 456 457 455 155 155 152 170 174 174 175 175 155 152 170 174 174 175										
121. Gas utilities, excluding public		,	,		,	, , , , , , , , ,	,		,	.,
122. Water and sanilary services, except public 133 138 147 153 155 162 170 174 123. Wholesale trade 6,906 7,187 7,319 7,304 7,424 7,525 7,739 8,048 8,292 124. Eating and drinking places 4,102 4,225 4,350 4,337 4,344 4,363 4,210 4,429 4,510 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 15,917 16,394 16,733 16,483 16,514 16,610 17,113 17,492 17,665 126. Banking 1,204 1,250 1,307 1,346 1,394 1,446 1,499 1,542 1,607 129. Owner-occupied real estate 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td>120. Electric utilities, public and private</td> <td>926</td> <td>918</td> <td>919</td> <td>910</td> <td>903</td> <td>903</td> <td>914</td> <td>930</td> <td>939</td>	120. Electric utilities, public and private	926	918	919	910	903	903	914	930	939
123. Wholesale trade 6,906 7,187 7,319 7,304 7,449 7,525 7,739 8,048 8,299 212. Eating and drinking places 4,102 4,225 4,350 4,310 4,394 4,363 4,210 4,221 4,211 1,6733 16,483 16,514 16,610 17,113 17,492 17,665 126. Banking 1,204 1,250 1,307 1,346 1,394 1,446 1,499 1,542 1,607 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 716 771 825 873 905 927 963 1,01 1,036 128. Insurance 2,307 2,311 2,362 2,403 2,427 2,455 2,442 2,077 2,506 129. Owner-occupied real estate 1,508 1,534 1,534 1,553 1,557 1,587 1,608 1,614 131. Hotels and lodging places 1,899 1,945 1,980 1,975 1,974 1,980 2,028 2,044 2,028 132. Personal and repair services 2,499 2,523 2,313 2,312 2,982	121. Gas utilities, excluding public	447		457	461	458	458	456	459	457
124. Eating and drinking places 4,102 4,225 4,380 4,387 4,383 4,363 4,210 4,429 1,510 125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking 15,917 16,394 16,733 16,483 16,514 16,610 17,113 17,492 17,662 126. Banking 1,204 1,250 1,307 1,346 1,394 1,446 1,499 1,542 1,607 127. Credit agencies and financial brokers 716 771 825 873 905 927 963 1,001 1,038 128. Insurance 2,307 2,311 2,362 2,403 2,427 2,455 2,442 2,477 2,506 129. Owner-occupied real estate 0										174
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking			, ,				. ,			
1,204 1,250 1,307 1,346 1,394 1,446 1,499 1,542 1,607 1,708 1,541 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,201 1,001 1,038 1,202 1,203 1,205 1,543 1,553 1,557 1,587 1,608 1,614 1,001 1,038 1,001 1,00			,			,		,	,	
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	15,917	16,394	16,733	16,483	16,514	16,610	17,113	17,492	17,665
128. Insurance		1,204	1,250	1,307	1,346	1,394	1,446	1,499	1,542	1,607
129. Owner-occupied real estate	127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	716	771	825	873	905	927	963	1,001	1,036
1,508 1,504 1,504 1,503 1,503 1,507 1,587 1,688 1,614				2,362	2,403	2,427	2,455	2,442	2,477	2,506
131. Hotels and lodging places		-	-	٠,	0	0	0	0	0	0
132. Personal and repair services 2,499 2,523 2,313 2,312 2,288 2,518 2,558 2,573 2,560 133. Barber and beauty shops 1,202 1,224 1,123 1,140 1,131 1,282 1,319 1,340 2,244 256 248 135. Advertising 228 236 243 239 240 240 244 256 248 137. Automobile repair 850 884 925 931 990 959 1,080 1,102 1,102 138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 <td< td=""><td>130. Real estate</td><td>1,508</td><td>1,534</td><td>1,543</td><td>1,534</td><td>1,553</td><td>1,557</td><td>1,587</td><td>1,608</td><td>1,614</td></td<>	130. Real estate	1,508	1,534	1,543	1,534	1,553	1,557	1,587	1,608	1,614
132. Personal and repair services 2,499 2,523 2,313 2,312 2,288 2,518 2,558 2,573 2,560 133. Barber and beauty shops 1,202 1,224 1,123 1,140 1,131 1,282 1,319 1,340 2,244 256 248 135. Advertising 228 236 243 239 240 240 244 256 248 137. Automobile repair 850 884 925 931 990 959 1,080 1,102 1,102 138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 <td< td=""><td>131. Hotels and lodging places</td><td>1,899</td><td>1,945</td><td>1,980</td><td>1,975</td><td>1,974</td><td>1,980</td><td>2,028</td><td>2,044</td><td>2,028</td></td<>	131. Hotels and lodging places	1,899	1,945	1,980	1,975	1,974	1,980	2,028	2,044	2,028
134. Miscellaneous business services 1,297 1,413 1,497 1,583 1,708 1,775 1,837 2,004 2,216 135. Advertising 228 236 243 239 240 240 244 256 248 136. Miscellaneous professional services 1,672 1,697 1,762 1,784 1,805 1,811 1,865 1,922 1,973 137. Automobile repair 850 884 925 931 990 959 1,080 1,102 1,102 138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 317 319 340 139. Amusements and recreation services 654 681 715 728 775 775 809 816 839 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,430 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,903 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,550 2,510 2,578 2,646 142. Medical services (private) 1,486 1,539					2,312			2,558		2,560
135. Advertising 228 236 243 239 240 240 244 256 249 136. Miscellaneous professional services 1,672 1,697 1,762 1,784 1,805 1,811 1,865 1,922 1,973 137. Automobile repair 850 884 925 931 990 959 1,080 1,102 1,102 138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 317 319 340 344 139. Amusements and recreation services 654 681 715 728 775 775 809 816 839 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,430 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,646 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,224</td> <td>1,123</td> <td>1,140</td> <td></td> <td>1,282</td> <td>1,319</td> <td></td> <td>1,340</td>			1,224	1,123	1,140		1,282	1,319		1,340
136. Miscellaneous professional services										
137. Automobile repair 850 884 925 931 990 959 1,080 1,102 1,102 138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 317 319 340 344 139. Amusements and recreation services 664 681 715 728 775 775 809 816 839 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,400 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,648 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,2	135. Advertising	228	236	243	239	240	240	244	256	249
138. Motion pictures 351 345 339 334 322 317 319 340 344 139. Amusements and recreation services 654 681 715 728 775 775 809 816 839 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,430 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,646 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,697</td> <td>1,762</td> <td>1,784</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,865</td> <td>1,922</td> <td>1,973</td>			1,697	1,762	1,784			1,865	1,922	1,973
139. Amusements and recreation services 654 681 715 728 775 775 809 816 839 140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,430 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,648 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0										.,
140. Doctors' and dentists' services 1,291 1,314 1,368 1,399 1,409 1,380 1,430 1,458 1,476 141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,648 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0										
141. Hospitals 1,803 1,909 2,037 2,139 2,239 2,359 2,510 2,578 2,646 142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 </td <td></td>										
142. Medical services, except hospitals 597 629 676 711 745 774 831 870 907 143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0	140. Doctors' and dentists' services	1,291	1,314	1,368	1,399	1,409	1,380	1,430	1,458	1,476
143. Educational services (private) 1,486 1,539 1,587 1,630 1,706 1,757 1,838 1,890 1,970 144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0		.,		-,			-,		,	2,646
144. Nonprofit organizations 1,958 2,299 2,378 2,493 2,549 2,588 2,627 2,655 2,707 145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,224 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0										
145. Post Office 1,198 1,224 1,242 1,270 1,270 1,275 1,276 1,319 1,374 146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0										
146. Commodity Credit Corporation 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		,	,				,	_,		
147. Other Federal enterprises 166 222 235 248 272 281 289 305 297 148. Local government passenger transit 153 154 152 153 147 154 165 166 166 149. Other State and local enterprises 449 487 539 561 592 643 650 695 670 150. Noncomparable imports 0 0	145. Post Office	1,198	1,224	1,242	1,270	1,270	1,275	1,276	1,319	1,374
148. Local government passenger transit 153 154 152 153 147 154 165 166 166 149. Other State and local enterprises 449 487 539 561 592 643 650 695 670 150. Noncomparable imports 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 1</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>- </td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>0</td>			- 1	-	-		-	-	-	0
149. Other State and local enterprises 449 487 539 561 592 643 650 695 670 150. Noncomparable imports 0										
150. Noncomparable imports 0 0										
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods 0								650		
152. New construction industry 6,436 6,782 6,581 6,418 6,556 6,590 6,772 7,058 7,149 153. Government industry 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 154. Rest-of-world industry 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 155. Private households 3,579 3,534 3,533 3,411 3,390 3,342 3,293 3,196 3,103	150. Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
153. Government industry			•			0			-	0
154. Rest-of-world industry 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 155. Private households 3,579 3,534 3,533 3,411 3,390 3,342 3,293 3,196 3,103	152. New construction industry	,				,				7,149
155. Private households			-		٧	۰				0
		1		-	- 1	- 1	-	U	-	_
o o o o o o o		3,5/9	3,534	3,533	3,411	3,390	3,342	3,293		
	100. Inventory valuation adjustifient	٥	٥	U	0	٥	U	U	0	0

	Industry				Histo	orical			
	Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
1	Dairy and poultry products	2,222	2,100	1,910	1,793	1,685	1,679	1,544	1,461
	Meat animals and livestock	1,883	1,869	1,776	1,739	1,680	1,699	1,611	1,589
	Cotton	365	412	404	368	348	383	303	302
	Food and feed grains	1.632	1,575	1,492	1,380	1,414	1,368	1,405	1,450
	Other agricultural products	2,713	2,665	2,628	2,454	2,378	2,451	2,579	2,632
6	Forestry and fishery products	120	100	105	120	137	111	107	102
	Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	589	612	617	608	648	738	773	808
	Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	65	61	64	66	62	56	60	66
	Copper ore mining	56	67	81	86	78	81	88	93
	Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	60	55	55	61	56	47	45	49
11	. Coal mining	300	281	287	311	307	346	341	357
	Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	358	354	351	344	344	336	328	344
	Stone and clay mining and quarrying	238	231	230	232	228	233	241	247
	Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	48	43	42	36	36	43	45	49
	Maintenance and repair construction	1,463	1,436	1,560	1,613	1,567	1,633	1,626	1,779
16	Ordnence	207	060	000	070	105	100	105	470
	. Ordnance	307 285	362	363 226	270	195	188	185	170
	. Guided missiles and space vehicles		271		177	156	159	163	166
	. Meat products	721	726	735	740	737	739	710	730
	Dairy products	591 563	570 571	553 593	531 581	494 577	474 618	450 608	438 605
		040	000	044	0.40				040
	. Grain mill products	310	309	311	313	303	304	314	313
	. Bakery products	607	606	595	577	556	542	529	510
	. Sugar	75	76	75	.77	74	79	78	76
	Confectionery products	177	175	177	171	168	165	168	161
25	. Alcoholic beverages	208	200	200	199	194	188	187	186
26	. Soft drinks and flavorings	286	284	291	290	285	281	285	279
	. Other food products	309	314	323	327	319	294	303	307
28	. Tobacco manufacturing	174	167	162	164	153	148	156	154
29	. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	1,311	1,331	1,323	1,263	1,220	1,270	1,299	1,197
30	. Floor covering mills	102	112	129	127	134	141	144	137
31	. Other textile mill products	166	176	179	156	153	160	161	161
	. Hosiery and knit goods	466	508	503	494	513	545	542	500
	. Apparel	2,325	2,331	2,336	2,246	2,215	2,291	2,353	2,208
	. Other fabricated textile products	357	363	366	333	337	370	398	350
	. Logging	279	296	310	281	273	279	301	305
36	. Sawmills and planing mills	495	489	480	442	451	475	478	472
	. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	622	633	664	633	681	744	756	704
	. Wooden containers	80	76	76	66	58	57	55	50
	. Household furniture	619	651	660	610	644	701	729	674
	. Furniture and fixtures, except household	333	320	327	306	296	325	348	353
41	. Paper products	1,031	1,042	1,071	1,054	1,020	1,042	1,064	1,070
	Paperboard	463	479	496	471	458	469	481	457
	Newspaper printing and publishing	719	721	741	749	743	764	780	764
	Periodical, book printing and publishing	401	413	421	418	399	415	423	430
	Other printing and publishing	1,089	1,110	1,145	1,124	1,080	1,090	1,129	1,134
10	Industrial inorganic and organic chamicals	618	624	633	635	609	582	596	613
	i. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	145	144	141	138	123	121	129	137
	Other chemical products	238	253	261	236	206	203	208	206
	Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	223	230	234	227	222	229	237	240
	Synthetic fibers	243	265	278	267	259	259	277	282
						200		0.45	050
	. Drugs	281	288	298	312	323	335	345	352
	Cleaning and toilet preparations	235	244	258	266	258	256	266	264
	Paints and allied products	142	149	150	145	141	144	146	140
	. Petroleum refining and related products	397	405	392	412	422	424	417	424
	Tires and inner tubes	226	254	266	247	253	267	291	300

				Histo	orical			
Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
56. Rubber products except tires and tubes	346	346	339	317	321	355	374	361
57. Plastic products	537	603	670	651	642	723	807	801
58. Leather tanning and industrial leather	63	64	60	55	54	52	50	45
59. Leather products including footwear	643	653	614	584	545	544	522	482
60. Glass	372	377	400	392	382	413	435	419
61. Cement and concrete products	483	492	509	495	515	546	577	546
62. Structural clay products	137	137	134	124	121	121	125	120
63. Pottery and related products	90	92	93	91	89	94	101	104
64. Other stone and clay products	293	292	302	294	297	307	335	343
65. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,328	1,347	1,372	1,302	1,179	1,195	1,299	1,302
66. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	658	644	674	625	599	633	699	718
67. Primary copper and copper products	323	316	347	335	322	343	368	361
68. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	310	314	329	304	291	300	333	342
69. Primary nonferrous metals and products	191	201	210	189	167	164	180	180
70. Metal containers	180	186	194	200	190	188	195	195
71. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	146	151	160	147	140	148	155	145
72. Fabricated structural metal products	887	895	936	914	899	941	1,034	1,047
73. Screw machine products	247	247	251	223	194	223	249	254
74. Metal stampings	504	542	554	506	483	510	539	481
75. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	343	349	348	316	317	344	375	365
76. Other fabricated metal products	640	645	672	627	597	674	718	718
77. Engines, turbines, and generators	223	234	238	234	241	247	265	271
78. Farm machinery	326	305	295	275	264	291	341	370
79. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	399	411	438	436	413	440	493	524
80. Material handling equipment	191	193	205	194	174	189	214	229
81. Metalworking machinery	815	775	780	703	588	646	739	768
82. Special industry machinery	444	430	447	417	369	379	421	439
83. General industrial machinery	625	604	627	598 '	542	571	633	662
84. Other nonelectrical machinery	550	529	557	517	438	474	527	556
85. Computers and peripheral equipment	393	426	475	495	463	451	492	527
86. Typewriters and other office equipment	120	103	110	112	94	102	109	115
87. Service industry machines	272	283	311	308	299	348	386	364
88. Electric transmission equipment	425	434	439	429	390	389	425	431
89. Electrical industrial apparatus	460	448	475	453	412	444	509	515
90. Household appliances	365	377	393	379	367	388	409	396
91. Electric lighting and wiring	414	417	424	403	388	426	464	443
92. Radio and television receiving sets	319	315	316	270	265	286	308	278
93. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	273	275	313	348	338	331	347	340
94. Radio and communication equipment	858	879	855	754	642	624	631	650
95. Electronic components	787	784	809	747	675	737	850	860
96. Other electrical machinery and equipment	250	266	264	256	263	290	324	310
97. Motor vehicles	1,731	1,928	1,957	1,674	1,806	1,927	2,168	1,911
98. Aircraft	1,800	1,824	1,714	1,409	1,119	1,064	1,129	1,158
99. Ship and boat building and repair	383	401	410	367	374	412	432	437
100. Railroad equipment	116	96	108	105	106	102	105	121
101. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	23	27	26	27	29	42	43	42
102. Other transportation equipment	111	146	186	192	232	290	293	195
103. Scientific and controlling instruments	313	320	327	305	280	349	373	390
104. Medical and dental instruments	141 148	154 158	171 160	171 148	174 136	187 119	206 136	228 139
		156	100	140	130	119	130	138
106. Photographic equipment and supplies	225	228	237	239	236	252	266	275
107. Watches and clocks	76	73	71	69	58	61	69	68
108. Jewelry and silverware	150	153	162	148	135	162	166	167
109. Musical instruments and sporting goods	284	292	299	282	282	307	325	329
110. Other manufactured products	502	497	486	498	476	483	486	484

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Industry	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
111. Railroad transportation	1,570	1,523	1,494	1,459	1,364	1,327	1,339	1,353
112. Local transit and intercity buses	656	651	658	683	659	587	589	592
113. Truck transportation	2,592	2,671	2,705	2,704	2,743	2,852	2,984	2,923
114. Water transportation	433	423	403	383	345	380	359	368
115. Air transportation	604	667	706	702	700	706	734	763
116. Pipeline transportation	41	40	39	38	37	36	36	37
117. Transportation services	200	201	221	227	250	248	247	261
118. Radio and television broadcasting	238	245	260	275	284	286	289	299
119. Communications except radio and television	1,747	1,782	1,929	2,039	1,987	2,075	2,151	2,183
120. Electric utilities, public and private	957	971	996	1,036	1,065	1,099	1,137	1,152
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	464	467	467	472	455	461	466	466
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	180	186	203	220	189	184	188	194
123. Wholesale trade	8,388	8,479	8,834	8,941	8,872	9,040	9,384	9,617
124. Eating and drinking places	4,528	4,664	4,809	4,904	5,033	5,167	5,382	5,635
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	17,631	17,876	18,235	18,307	18,791	19,277	19,636	19,452
126. Banking	1,687	1,777	1,914	2,017	2,065	2,122	2,241	2,380
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	1,081	1,190	1,289	1,241	1,249	1,345	1,394	1,377
128. Insurance	2,582	2,615	2,672	2,750	2,781	2,857	2,910	2,941
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
130. Real estate	1,591	1,641	1,710	1,742	1,894	2,038	2,122	2,160
131. Hotels and lodging places	2,031	1,992	2,097	2,071	2,094	2,215	2,247	2,304
132. Personal and repair services	2,503	2,509	2,515	2,404	2,293	2,185	2,231	2,197
133. Barber and beauty shops	1,319	1,328	1,304	1,255	1,235	1,113	1,095	1,049
134. Miscellaneous business services	2,398	2,493	2,800	2,910	2,987	3,461	3,687	3,884
135. Advertising	251	248	247	246	252	262	279	261
136. Miscellaneous professional services	2,006	2,118	2,281	2,372	2,458	2,602	2,697	2,874
137. Automobile repair	1,087	1,131	1,189	1,193	1,201	1,233	1,279	1,291
138. Motion pictures	348	360	375	386	364	381	406	409
139. Amusements and recreation services	823	843	864	891	922	1,004	1,047	1,072
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	1,485	1,535	1,554	1,541	1,696	1,676	1,732	1,826
141. Hospitals	2,852	2,985	3,152	3,332	3,459	3,578	3,702	3,897
142. Medical services, except hospitals	1,011	1,128	1,227	1,319	1,465	1,507	1,660	1,764
143. Educational services (private)	2,036	2,137	2,217	2,239	2,288	2,352	2,396	2,461
144. Nonprofit organizations	2,801	2,894	3,121	3,080	3,096	2,921	2,965	3,035
145. Post Office	1,433	1,461	1,484	1,527	1,499	1,452	1,453	1,478
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	303	303	308	343	333	335	341	339
148. Local government passenger transit	172 666	184	181	190	194	210	208	234 940
150. Noncomparable imports	0	696 0	732 0	754 0	830	815 0	871 0	940
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
152. New construction industry	7.014	7,265	7,734	7,493	7,806	7,744	8,401	8,274
153. Government industry	0,014	0	0,754	0,430	7,000	7,744	0,401	0,2,4
154. Rest-of-world industry	ő	ő	ő	0	ő	Č	ő	0
155. Private households	3,294	3,168	3,019	2,881	2,793	2,734	2,682	2,321
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	0	0	0,010	0	0	0	0	0
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1. Dairy and poultry products 1,360 1,261 1,201 1,179 1,098 1,007 1,004 2. Meat animals and livestock 1,459 1,382 1,347 1,351 1,290 1,231 1,226 3. Cotton 175 185 178 143 142 143 143 4. Food and feed grains 1,468 1,457 1,423 1,431 1,427 1,413 1,409 5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11	975 1,191 139 1,370 2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
2. Meat animals and livestock 1,459 1,382 1,347 1,351 1,290 1,231 1,226 3. Cotton 175 185 178 143 142 143 143 4. Food and feed grains 1,468 1,457 1,423 1,431 1,427 1,413 1,409 5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, e	1,191 139 1,370 2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
2. Meat animals and livestock 1,459 1,382 1,347 1,351 1,290 1,231 1,226 3. Cotton 175 185 178 143 142 143 143 4. Food and feed grains 1,468 1,457 1,423 1,431 1,427 1,413 1,409 5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, e	1,191 139 1,370 2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
3. Cötton 175 185 178 143 142 143 143 4. Food and feed grains 1,468 1,457 1,423 1,431 1,427 1,413 1,409 5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and	139 1,370 2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
4. Food and feed grains 1,468 1,457 1,423 1,431 1,427 1,413 1,409 5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 <td< td=""><td>2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714</td></td<>	2,722 180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
5. Other agricultural products 2,740 2,592 2,654 2,819 2,826 2,810 2,800 6. Forestry and fishery products 94 129 153 169 166 192 189 7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 1	180 1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	1,289 32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
7. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services 723 770 750 822 893 1,112 1,133 8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining 64 66 55 64 67 55 54 9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 780 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 780 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 781 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 751 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 790 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 790 164 1790 1790 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890 1890 1990 19	32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
8. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	32 50 68 501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
9. Copper ore mining 80 76 67 63 73 63 78 10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products	501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
10. Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper 54 60 65 77 80 91 89 11. Coal mining 443 466 489 439 553 515 471 12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	501 684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	684 199 53 2,718 165 219 714
12. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling 370 403 425 455 480 548 634 13. Stone and clay mining and quarrying 217 221 227 232 245 234 221 14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	199 53 2,718 165 219 714
14. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining 51 53 55 56 58 61 60 15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	53 2,718 165 219 714
15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	2,718 165 219 714
15. Maintenance and repair construction 1,906 1,925 2,048 2,267 2,355 2,959 2,895 16. Ordnance 157 145 146 148 153 157 170 17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	165 219 714
17. Guided missiles and space vehicles 164 146 137 155 169 183 200 18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	219 714
18. Meat products 703 737 742 744 752 741 739 19. Dairy products 425 426 411 404 401 380 367	714
19. Dairy products	
	357
20 Conned and framen foods E07 C4F C00 C4A C	
20. Canned and frozen foods	579
21. Grain mill products	292
22. Bakery products	456
23. Sugar	61
24. Confectionery products	148
25. Alcoholic beverages	184
26. Soft drinks and flavorings	297
27. Other food products	317
28. Tobacco manufacturing	134
29. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	870 97
30. Floor covering filling	01
31. Other textile mill products	122
32. Hosiery and knit goods	393
33. Apparel	1,840
34. Other fabricated textile products	338
35. Logging	252
36. Sawmills and planing mills	358
37. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products 608 684 746 821 813 735 720	634
38. Wooden containers	30
39. Household furniture	518 365
41. Paper products 967 1,032 1,048 1,071 1,087 1,064 1,068 42. Paperboard 406 439 451 463 455 434 428	1,028 396
42. Paperboard	856
	497
44. Periodical, book printing and publishing	1,345
46. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals 607 635 672 693 703 700 712	688
47. Agricultural chemicals	139
48. Other chemical products	198
49. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	187
50. Synthetic fibers	201
51. Drugs	416
52. Cleaning and toilet preparations	307
53. Paints and allied products	126
54. Petroleum refining and related products	441
55. Tires and inner tubes	
	219

	Industra				Histo	rical			
	Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
56.	Rubber products except tires and tubes	303	325	333	342	349	314	314	286
	Plastic products	699	807	895	980	1,033	969	1,007	943
58.	Leather tanning and industrial leather	46	48	47	46	40	40	42	38
	Leather products including footwear	451	472	464	470	445	411	419	385
	Glass	380	410	423	445	435	409	404	368
61	Cement and concrete products	479	487	506	537	560	511	482	437
	Structural clay products	101	103	106	109	111	95	86	71
	Pottery and related products	94	98	101	103	107	100	94	80
	Other stone and clay products	288	300	315	342	345	309	303	264
	Blast furnaces and basic steel products	1,127	1,147	1,162	1,199	1,213	1,049	1,057	786
66	Iron and steel foundries and forgings	631	627	649	678	684	581	560	438
	Primary copper and copper products	296	311	320	326	348	318	319	278
	Primary aluminum and aluminum products	274	304	319	350	364	342	338	290
	Primary nonferrous metals and products	157	172	183	196	201	193	190	167
	Metal containers	173	173	174	177	181	168	158	141
		104	101	140	450	450	444	400	100
	Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	124 965	131	142	152	156	144	138	123
	Fabricated structural metal products		976	1,010	1,066	1,122	1,089	1,075	943
		192 397	204 473	220	241	256	231	221	186
	Metal stampings Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	319	354	510 375	537 388	517 384	443 340	433 334	385 289
76	Other februated metal products	000	004	705	700	704	750	740	000
	Other fabricated metal products	638	684	725	766	794	750	743	669
77	Engines, turbines, and generators	249	252	267	294	306	279	277	232
78	Farm machinery	345	345	353	352	397	354	325	284
	Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	538	519	546	593	588	596	649	528
80	Material handling equipment	192	184	199	207	226	224	207	177
81	Metalworking machinery	670	679	741	788	844	827	792	659
82	Special industry machinery	386	387	402	418	436	439	418	363
83	General industrial machinery	607	603	622	662	700	682	676	589
85	Other nonelectrical machinery	534 497	544 504	559 549	621 624	679 715	680 792	676 854	596 896
		407	304	545	024	713	752	004	030
	Typewriters and other office equipment	100	102	101	112	124	120	114	98
07	Service industry machines	294	335	354	390	393	360	365	326
00	Electric transmission equipment	358	372	396	432	465	467	470	440
90	Electrical industrial apparatus	441 328	462 352	487 375	514 384	528 369	500 331	501 326	416 285
	Electric lighting and wiring	369	407	425	454	469	446	434	382
	Radio and television receiving sets	229	249	259	250	233	221	217	188
93	Telephone and telegraph apparatus	303	288	313	321	351	343	331	305
	Radio and communication equipment	643 692	638 754	657 837	709 950	748 1,089	788 1,141	830 1,152	883 1,152
	Other electrical machinery and equipment	276	307	333	366	371	315	310	316
	Motor vehicles	1,655	1,933	2,121	2,220	2,103	1,639	1,668	1,479
	Aircraft	1,112	1,054	1,047	1,165	1,353	1,438	1,417	1,320
	Ship and boat building and repair	412 119	454 102	474 116	471 132	474 158	470 145	491 110	460 74
		1.2							
	. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	31 172	35 209	38 •220	43 238	42 217	36 145	36 143	29 147
103	B. Scientific and controlling instruments	354	365	396	422	454	466	494	466
	. Medical and dental instruments	220	244	265	282	295	319	330	325
105	. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	125	139	152	159	171	163	160	158
	Photographic equipment and supplies	253	265	076	201	200	000	200	004
100	Watches and clocks		265	276	281	286	282	289	294
	. Watches and clocks	61	62	61	61	56	47	43	37
100	3. Jewelry and silverware	164	183	188	196	182	162	161	152
	Musical instruments and sporting goods	278	294	294	295	293	280	281	263
	Other manufactured products	451	454	490	538	516	463	448	441

ladiotai		3997		Histo	orical			
Industry	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
111. Railroad transportation	1,239	1,227	1,242	1,236	1,276	1.194	1,114	948
112. Local transit and intercity buses	573	569	541	534	563	574	572	573
113. Truck transportation	2,753	2,849	3,037	3,234	3,295	3,072	3,012	2,915
114. Water transportation	345	346	343	386	461	445	455	418
115. Air transportation	756	780	795	823	921	951	950	912
116. Pipeline transportation	37	38	40	43	44	46	49	49
117. Transportation services	275	283	312	349	414	429	450	455
118. Radio and television broadcasting	310	322	335	358	381	401	416	433
119. Communications except radio and television	2,074	2,047	2,111	2,219	2,336	2,423	2,469	2,480
120. Electric utilities, public and private	1,119	1,136	1,180	1,268	1,323	1,395	1,434	1,477
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	462	451	449	461	466	467	483	488
122. Water and sanitary services, except public	181	188	189	205	203	224	228	222
123. Wholesale trade	9,472	9,870	10,190	10,685	11,230	11,249	11,436	11,167
124. Eating and drinking places	5,671 19,331	5,913 19.611	6,237 20.037	6,512 20,675	6,746 20,787	6,966 20,638	7,126 20,654	7,262 20,069
126. Banking	2,426	2,493	2,586	2,708	2,835	2,967	3.092	3,141
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	1,373	1,431	1,520	1,614	1,730	1,821	1,929	1,987
128. Insurance	3,022	3,045	, ,	3,337	3,440	3,520	3,550	3,636
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	3,045	3,148	0,337	3,440	3,520	0,550	0,030
130. Real estate	2,027	2,066	2,223	2,499	2,710	2,678	2,665	2,556
131. Hotels and lodging places	2,277	2,335	2,458	2,525	2,626	2,662	2,757	2,839
132. Personal and repair services	2,169	2,146	2,176	2,497	2,572	2,610	2,603	2,636
133. Barber and beauty shops	1.013	1,066	1.094	1.123	1.130	1,164	1,150	1,127
134. Miscellaneous business services	3,957	4,231	4,557	5,029	5,470	5,937	6,279	6,492
135. Advertising	263	265	279	298	318	324	328	353
136. Miscellaneous professional services	3,060	3,008	3,302	3,443	3,668	3,824	4,028	4,233
137. Automobile repair	1,336	1,443	1,514	1,626	1,737	1,698	1,710	1,811
138. Motion pictures	412	429	453	455	472	473	466	503
139. Amusements and recreation services	1,115	1,173	1,186	1,259	1,238	1,325	1,376	1,386
140. Doctors' and dentists' services	1,953	2,001	2,098	2,221	2,317	2,429	2,502	2,510
141. Hospitals	4,107	4,243	4,367	4,494	4,651	4,884	5,142	5,364
142. Medical services, except hospitals	1,852	1,979	2,130	2,301	2,436	2,576	2,725	2,869
143. Educational services (private)	2,789	2,582	2,686	2,658	2,793	2,987	3,052	3,181
144. Nonprofit organizations	3,137	3,146	3,151	3,571	3,645	3,752	3,674	3,665
145. Post Office	1,464	1,399	1,363	1,374	1,392	1,396	1,406	1,408
146. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
147. Other Federal enterprises	310	311	307	315	326	323	315	310
148. Local government passenger transit	232	252	256	264	270	354	356	354
149. Other State and local enterprises	1,039 0	1,022 0	1,034 0	1,069 0	1,125 0	1,060	1,031	1,014
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	7.026	7.409	9 100	9,034	9,662	8,532	8.493	7,929
152. New construction industry	7,026	7,408	8,109	,	,	8,532	8,493	7,929
153. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
155. Private households	2,175	2,250	2,285	2,240	2,097	1,961	1,921	1,947
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	2,175	2,250	2,205	2,240	2,097	1,901	1,921	1,947
100. Involtory valuation adjustificit	U	U	0	0	"	"	0	0

			Proje	cted				
Industry	19	90 alternative	es	19	95 alternative	es		
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High		
1. Dairy and poultry products	854	868	875	773	809	82		
2. Meat animals and livestock	1,073	1,072	1,074	992	1,005	1,01		
3. Cotton	124	123	124	113	113	11		
1. Food and feed grains	1,318	1,330	1,339	1,282	1,296	1,31		
5. Other agricultural products	2,577	2,605	2,630	2,474	2,524	2,57		
S. Forestry and fishery products	153	166	187	197	190	20		
'. Agricultural, forestry, fishery services	1,378	1,342	1,320	1,489	1,502	1.5		
Iron and ferroalloy ores mining	50	50	44	50	52	.,.		
Copper ore mining	55	54	52	66	71			
Nonferrous metal ores mining except copper	67	67	65	68	68			
1. Coal mining	622	596	573	643	655	6		
2. Crude petroleum and gas, except drilling	614	652	630	739	749	6		
3. Stone and clay mining and quarrying	189	196	206	160	171	1		
4. Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining	69	69	68	78	76			
5. Maintenance and repair construction	3,421	3,270	3,241	3,598	3,637	3,6		
6. Ordnance	189	182	184	185	179	1		
7. Guided missiles and space vehicles	271	269	264	309	289	2		
B. Meat products	716	716	720	729	740	7		
D. Dairy products	284	300	325	244	262	2		
D. Canned and frozen foods	650	659	670	657	668	6		
1. Grain mill products	200	211	210	201	309	3		
I. Grain mill products	309 400	311 415	312 414	301 320	342	3		
2. Bakery products						3		
3. Sugar	62	63	64	54	57			
J. Confectionery products	155 177	158 183	162 182	140 161	145 170	1		
	00.4	0.40	0.40	000	000			
6. Soft drinks and flavorings	334	342	343	322	338	3		
7. Other food products	351	353	348	360	372	3		
3. Tobacco manufacturing	119	120	125	97	101	1		
9. Fabric, yarn, and thread mills	888 105	914 112	906 130	928 116	930 120	9		
1. Other textile mill products	142	147	155	132	136	. 1		
2. Hosiery and knit goods	400	424	425	437	461	4		
3. Apparel	1,935	1,972	1,947	2,038	2,043	1,9		
4. Other fabricated textile products	436 261	443 264	452 264	461 252	468 259	4		
				202				
6. Sawmills and planing mills	387	395	424	413	416	4		
7. Other millwork, plywood, and wood products	796	817	859	825	843	8		
B. Wooden containers	24	25	26	19	22			
9. Household furniture	636 386	669 401	725 417	662 397	691 413	7		
1. Paper products	1,118	1,125	1,144	1,140	1,149	1,1		
2. Paperboard	400	425	440	375	402	4		
3. Newspaper printing and publishing	937	944	943	983	1,021	1,0		
4. Periodical, book printing and publishing	590	591	602	654	669	6		
5. Other printing and publishing	1,466	1,522	1,513	1,491	1,584	1,6		
3. Industrial inorganic and organic chemicals	761	754	745	777	790	7		
7. Agricultural chemicals	174	180	181	175	187	1		
B. Other chemical products	224	233	254	243	249	2		
9. Plastic materials and synthetic rubber	233 230	242 243	253 259	237 252	243 256	2		
5. Synthetic libers	230	243	258	252	200	-		
1. Drugs	532	534	532	578	586	5		
2. Cleaning and toilet preparations	348	353	349	349	367	3		
3. Paints and allied products	138	145	149	134	144	1		
4. Petroleum refining and related products	398	396	396	382	391	3		
5. Tires and inner tubes	210	213	218	212	216	2		

			Projec	cted		
Industry	19	90 alternative	s	19	95 alternative	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
6. Rubber products except tires and tubes	301	310	324	299	305	32
7. Plastic products	1,166	1,319	1,359	1,360	1,491	1,55
8. Leather tanning and industrial leather	30	32	33	22	25	2
9. Leather products including footwear	311	318	320	275	289	26
0. Glass	425	432	440	451	451	45
1. Cement and concrete products	467	505	527	450	501	53
2. Structural clay products	73	78	83	61	65	7
3. Pottery and related products	88	92	94	93	97	9
4. Other stone and clay products	314	330	349	350	363	38
5. Blast furnaces and basic steel products	843	875	865	866	890	88
6. Iron and steel foundries and forgings	493	510	516	525	533	54
7. Primary copper and copper products	324	331	341	343	349	36
8. Primary aluminum and aluminum products	348	364	365	349	367	37
9. Primary nonferrous metals and products	175	178	182	173	177	18
0. Metal containers	149	153	154	136	137	14
1. Heating apparatus and plumbing fixtures	146	150	166	158	161	18
2. Fabricated structural metal products	1,103	1,181	1,242	1,160	1,285	1,38
3. Screw machine products	234	244	248	252	260	20
4. Metal stampings	484	516	524	487	517	53
5. Cutlery, handtools, general hardware	361	374	383	401	403	4
6. Other fabricated metal products	789	843	841	809	867	8
7. Engines, turbines, and generators	311	314	315	340	343	34
8. Farm machinery	338	351	357	341	350	3
9. Construction, mining, oilfield machinery	658	674	681	714	740	70
Material handling equipment	224	232	247	250	254	27
1. Metalworking machinery	770	808	818	772	824	8
2. Special industry machinery	428	431	439	433	437	4
3. General industrial machinery	691	706	707	717	726	7
4. Other nonelectrical machinery	664	686	711	705	720	70
5. Computers and peripheral equipment	1,235	1,236	1,250	1,395	1,448	1,4
6. Typewriters and other office equipment	116	126	135	140	144	1
7. Service industry machines	387	408	440	424	439	48
8. Electric transmission equipment	483	506	507	505	522	5
9. Electrical industrial apparatus	518	532	560	575	579	6
0. Household appliances	360	379	406	390	398	4
1. Electric lighting and wiring	468	491	510	513	522	5
2. Radio and television receiving sets	193	218	226	217	232	2
3. Telephone and telegraph apparatus	368	383	414	429	430	4
4. Radio and communication equipment	945	904	921	1,117	962	9
5. Electronic components	1,521	1,565	1,671	1,836	1,810	1,8
6. Other electrical machinery and equipment	336	352	373	397	400	4
7. Motor vehicles	1,670	1,758	1,746	1,774	1,793	1,8
8. Aircraft	1,511	1,438	1,404	1,600	1,484	1,4
9. Ship and boat building and repair	538 90	528 93	515 95	572 94	554 100	5
01. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	36 171	38 190	39 215	39 203	215	2
33. Scientific and controlling instruments	609	606	608	713	718	7
04. Medical and dental instruments	425	420	436	556	558	5
75. Optical and ophthalmic equipment	169	175	179	176	184	1
06. Photographic equipment and supplies	352	357	366	368	370	3
07. Watches and clocks	45	46	48	46	43	Ŭ
	149	165	179	191	196	2
US. Jeweiry and silverware						
08. Jewelry and silverware	273	284	294	291	298	3

			Proje	cted		
Industry	19	990 alternative	es	19	95 alternative	es
	Low	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate	High
111. Railroad transportation	755	798	916	687	737	792
112. Local transit and intercity buses	602	595	602	598	619	659
113. Truck transportation	3.408	3,397	3,424	3,470	3,534	3,609
114. Water transportation	391	416	424	398	416	420
15. Air transportation	1,033	1,054	1,046	1,091	1,104	1,114
16. Pipeline transportation	49	51	55	52	52	57
117. Transportation services	514	528	489	569	581	579
18. Radio and television broadcasting	587	600	569	689	693	695
119. Communications except radio and television	2,796					
		2,786	2,898	3,061	3,161	3,180
120. Electric utilities, public and private	1,447	1,502	1,506	1,512	1,532	1,546
121. Gas utilities, excluding public	465	460	462	431	435	445
22. Water and sanitary services, except public	293	278	279	301	305	318
23. Wholesale trade	12,073	12,395	12,646	12,854	13,118	13,248
124. Eating and drinking places	7,862	7,919	7,929	8,715	8,810	8,850
125. Retail trade, except eating and drinking	22,306	22,776	23,093	22,950	23,896	24,327
126. Banking	3,656	3,648	3,668	3,886	3,921	3,960
127. Credit agencies and financial brokers	2,484	2,557	2,586	2,839	2,862	2,922
128. Insurance	4,198	4,169	4,172	4,277	4,348	4,422
129. Owner-occupied real estate	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
130. Real estate	2,866	2,999	2,135	3,169	3,186	3,209
131. Hotels and lodging places	3,134	3,137	3,098	3,223	3,234	3,271
132. Personal and repair services	2,872	2,976	3,175	2,977	3,062	3,337
133. Barber and beauty shops	1,150	1,164	1,209	1,224	1,270	1,316
134. Miscellaneous business services	8,378	8,710	8,945	10,326	10,367	10,401
135. Advertising	396	405	409	420	431	439
I 36. Miscellaneous professional services	4,879	5,005	4,967	5,430	5,593	5,771
137. Automobile repair	1,897	2,019	2,151	2,193	2,245	2,320
138. Motion pictures	515	499	500	502	507	524
139. Amusements and recreation services						
40. Doctors' and dentists' services	1,610 3,059	1,648 3,094	1,683 3,322	1,792 3,157	1,822 3,212	1,908 3,356
	6 765	6 004	6 755	7 607	7 607	7.053
41. Hospitals	6,765	6,884	6,755	7,627	7,637	7,957
42. Medical services, except hospitals	3,472	3,670	3,788	4,323	4,386	4,478
43. Educational services (private)	4,040	3,562	3,304	3,747	3,885	3,909
44. Nonprofit organizations	4,064	4,097	4,170	4,105	4,189	4,358
45. Post Office	1,307	1,240	1,236	1,096	1,185	1,212
46. Commodity Credit Corporation	0	0	0	0	0	
47. Other Federal enterprises	370	360	368	365	378	395
148. Local government passenger transit	421	422	434	461	469	502
149. Other State and local enterprises	1,219	1,244	1,296	1,372	1,418	1,531
150. Noncomparable imports	0	0	0	0	0	0
151. Scrap, used and secondhand goods	0	0	0	0	0	c
52. New construction industry	10,073	10,117	10,317	11,303	11,511	11,608
53. Government industry	0	0	0	0	0	(
54. Rest-of-world industry	0	0	0	0	0	(
55. Private households	1,678	1,628	1,619	1,479	1,538	1,563
156. Inventory valuation adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	1,000
	9	"	· ·			

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	12		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation				Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing						
Total, all occupations	1,529.0	100.00	1,417.9	1,445.1	1,475.3	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	48.8	3.19	52.5	53.4	54.9	
Agricultural scientists	3.3 10.5	.22 .69	3.9 12.4	4.0 12.7	4.1 12.9	.28
Airplane pilots	2.5	.17	3.0	3.1	3.1	.21
Athletes	7.6	.50	7.1	7.3	7.4	.50
Accountants and auditors	2.4	.16	2.3	2.3	2.3	
Architects	3.2	.21	3.8	3.9	4.0	
Foresters and conservationists	4.8	.32	4.8	4.7	5.1	.33
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	1.0	.07	1.1	1.1	1.1	.07
Managers, officials, and proprietors	24.5	1.60	28.0	28.5	29.3	1.97
Sales workers	12.8	.84	12.2	12.5	12.7	.86
Clarical workers	53.3	3.49	53.6	54.7	55.9	3.79
Clerical workers	16.4	1.07	16.7	17.0	17.4	1
Bookkeepers, hand	1.4	.09	1.2	1.2	1.3	
Receptionists	6.4	.42	7.6	7.8	7.9	
Secretaries	17.7	1.16	16.3	16.6	16.9	
Typists	1.6	.10	1.7	1.7	1.8	.12
Craft and related workers	67.1	4.39	64.1	65.3	66.7	4.52
Carpenters	7.8	.51	6.8	6.9	7.1	.48
Electricians	1.3	.08	1.1	1.1	1.1	.08
Painters, construction and maintenance	1.3	.08	1.2	1.2	1.2	
Plumbers and pipefitters	1.8	.12	1.7	1.8	1.8	
Automotive mechanics	1.9	.12	1.9	1.9	2.0	
Engineering equipment mechanics	7.9	.52	7.4	7.5	7.7	.52
Farm equipment mechanics	2.1	.14	1.8	1.9	1.9	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	16.4	1.07	16.9	17.2	17.6	
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators	1.2	.08	1.1	1.1	1.1	.08
Heavy equipment operators Merchandise displayers and window trimmers	2.5 3.4	.16 .22	2.7 2.8	2.8 2.9	2.8 2.9	.19 .20
Operatives	51.7	3.38	51.7	52.7	53.9	3.65
Welders and flamecutters	2.9	.19	2.5	2.5	2.6	
Sawyers	1.7	.11	1.7	1.8	1.8	.12
Industrial truck operators	1.3	.09	1.3	1.4	1.4	.09
Truckdriving occupations	26.4	1.73	25.3	25.8	26.4	1.79
Delivery and route workers	6.7	.44	5.7	5.8	6.0	
Truck drivers	19.7	1.29	19.6	20.0	20.4	
Service workers	10.7	.70	10.5	10.7	10.9	.74
Building custodians	3.5	.23	3.8	3.9	4.0	
Guards	1.1	.07	1.1	1.1	1.1	.07
Laborers, except farm	228.0	14.91	270.1	275.1	282.6	
Animal caretakers	61.9	4.05	66.1	67.5	69.0	4.67
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	132.8	8.68	168.6	172.4	175.8	11.93
Helpers, trades	2.2 3.1	.14	2.5 3.7	2.6 3.7	2.7 3.8	.18 .26
Farmers and farm workers	1,032.0	67.50	875.2	892.2	908.1	61.74
Farm managers	40.1	2.62	51.0	52.0	52.9	3.60
-						
Farm supervisors	32.6	2.13	30.8	31.4	31.9	2.17

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alteri	natives	
Occupation	Nhh	Damant		Number		Damasan
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Mining						
	1,121.2	100.00	1,164.6	1,195.4	1,185.6	100.00
Total, all occupations				}		
Professional, technical, and related workers Electrical engineers	154.1 3.7	13.74	178.6 3.6	182.7 3.7	172.7 3.6	15.29
Mining engineers	2.7	.24	3.4	3.5	3.5	
Petroleum engineers	20.2	1.80	24.1	24.6	22.9	2.06
Geologists	25.6	2.28	30.8	31.5	29.4	2.63
Drafters	7.2	.64	5.5	5.6	5.3	
Computer programmers	3.4	.30	6.2	6.3	6.1	.53
Computer systems analysts		.46	10.6	10.8	10.1	.91
Accountants and auditors	18.2	1.63	23.1	23.6	22.1	1.98
Lease buyers	9.9	.88	10.1	10.3	9.5	.86
Managers, officials, and proprietors	80.5	7.18	87.5	89.7	88.1	7.50
Sales workers	6.8	.61	6.1	6.3	6.4	.53
Clerical workers	126.9	11.32	121.4	124.5	120.8	10.42
Accounting clerks		1.18	11.1	11.4	10.9	1
Bookkeepers, hand	4.9	.44	4.6	4.7	4.7	.40
General clerks, office	19.5	1.74	15.9	16.4	16.1	
Computer operators		.45	6.6	6.8	6.4	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.46	5.2	5.3	5.3	
Receptionists		.36	4.0	4.1	3.9	
Secretaries		2.61	30.1	30.8	29.5	
Stenographers		.16	2.0	2.0	1.9	
Typists Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	5.6 4.5	.50 .40	5.6 5.3	5.8 5.4	5.6 5.4	
Craft and related workers	256.8	22.91	286.9	294.8	294.5	24.66
Electricians	12.1	1.08	14.5	14.9	14.9	1.25
Automotive mechanics	8.4	.75	8.6	8.9	9.0	.75
Diesel mechanics	7.3	.66	7.7	8.0	8.1	.67
Engineering equipment mechanics		.58	7.3	7.5	7.7	
Industrial machinery repairers		.92	12.4	12.7	12.5	
Maintenance repairers, general utility		1.41	15.9	16.3	16.4	
Mine machinery mechanics		1.14	16.8	17.2	17.3	
Blue-collar worker supervisors		4.62	55.4 5.7	56.9 5.9	56.6 6.0	1
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators		4.87	67.1	69.1	70.8	
Oil pumpers			17.8	18.2	16.7	
Pumpers, head			10.0	10.2	9.6	
Operatives			391.2	401.8	406.3	
Welders and flamecutters			22.0	22.7	22.9	
Mine operatives, nec.			194.2	199.1	200.3	
Continuous mining machine operators			10.2		10.6 15.2	
Derrick operators, petroleum and gas			14.6	1 7 6 7 6 1	8.8	1
Roof bolters			14.4		15.0	
Service unit operators, oil well			10.8		11.1	
Shuttle car operators			12.4		12.8	
Well pullers		.59	6.0	6.2	6.1	.52
Truck drivers			39.0		41.8	
Blasters			7.9		8.3	
Drillers, hand and machine			11.3	1	11.8	
Oilers			8.4		8.9	
Rotary drill operators			19.9		20.5	
	33.3	2.97	28.7	29.4	29.8	2.46

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alteri	natives	
Occupation	N	D		Number		D
A AND THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Mining—Continued						
Service workers	13.3	1.19	13.9	14.3	14.2	1.19
Building custodians		.47	5.4	5.5	5.5	
Laborers, except farm	81.3	7.25	78.9	81.3	82.5	6.80
Conveyor operators and tenders	4.7	.42	5.3	5.5	5.7	.46
Helpers, trades	12.2	1.09	12.7	13.1	13.4	1.10
Construction						
Total, all occupations	3,913.0	100.00	5,632.5	5,773.5	5,882.8	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	199.6	5.10	289.6	296.8	302.5	
Civil engineers	16.0	.41	28.2	28.9	29.4	
Drafters Electrical and electronic technicians	18.8 10.1	.48 .26	18.0 16.9	18.5 17.3	18.8 17.7	
Accountants and auditors	24.0	.61	34.9	35.8	36.5	
Cost estimators	68.6	1.75	99.3	101.8	103.7	1.76
Managers, officials, and proprietors	410.6	10.49	632.0	647.8	660.4	11.22
Sales workers	46.7	1.19	68.0	69.7	71.2	1.21
Clerical workers	323.8	8.27	449.8	461.0	470.0	7.99
Accounting clerks	16.2	.41	22.4	23.0	23.4	.40
Bookkeepers, hand	50.8	1.30	70.3	72.1	73.5	
General clerks, office	78.5	2.01	117.2	120.1	122.5	
Secretaries	90.1	2.30	117.7	120.6	122.9	1
Typists Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	16.7 16.2	.43 .41	23.1 19.8	23.7	24.2 20.7	.41
Craft and related workers	1,993.0	50.93	2,859.5	2,931.4	2,986.2	50.77
Construction craft workers	1,385.9	35.42	1,988.3	2,038.7	2,930.2	
Insulation workers	35.2	.90	52.1	53.6	54.6	
Bricklayers	63.3	1.62	87.7	90.1	91.9	
Carpenters	379.0	9.68	568.5	583.1	594.6	10.10
Cement masons and terrazzo workers	78.0	1.99	111.4	114.2	116.4	1
Drywall applicators	38.4	.98	55.5	57.1	58.2	
Tapers	19.2	.49	27.5	28.3	28.8	
Electricians	237.4	6.07	338.9	347.4	354.0	
Carpet cutters, carpet layers	12.7 14.2	.33 .36	18.1 20.4	18.7 21.0	19.1 21.4	.32
Glaziers	16.6	.43	21.6	22.1	22.6	
Reinforcing-iron workers	32.4	.83	43.0	44.1	44.9	.76
Structural steel workers	47.3	1.21	65.0	66.7	67.9	
Painters, construction and maintenance	103.3	2.64	148.1	151.2	153.1	2.62
Plasterers	13.1	.33	13.8	14.2	14.5	.25
Plumbers and pipefitters	196.6	5.02	286.1	293.2	298.8	
Roofers	63.5	1.62	84.8	86.8	88.3	
Mechanics, repairers, and installers	175.8	4.49	248.8	254.9 100.6	259.7 102.5	
Air conditioning, refrigeration, and heating mechanics	65.7 15.2	1.68 .39	98.2 21.3	21.8	22.2	
Line installers and cable splicers	28.4	.73	35.9	36.8	37.5	
Industrial machinery repairers	19.0	.49	26.3	27.0	27.5	
Millwrights	17.0	.43	24.2	24.8	25.2	
Boilermakers	14.9	.38	17.3	17.7	18.1	.31
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths	87.1	2.23	124.3	127.4	129.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	73.8	1.89	113.6	116.4	118.6	
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators	21.4	.55	29.8	30.5 253.3	31.1 257.8	.53
Heavy equipment operators	175.5	4.48	247.3			4.39

(Numbers in thousands)

Construction—Continued Construction—Continued Operatives Welders and flamecutters Truck drivers Service workers Building custodiaris Laborers, except farm Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers Real estate agents and brokers	218.6 41.2 104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	5.59 1.05 2.66 .84	307.9 57.8 146.6 47.2	Number Moderate 315.5 59.2 150.1	High 321.2	Percer
Construction—Continued Operatives	218.6 41.2 104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	5.59 1.05 2.66 .84 .66	307.9 57.8 146.6 47.2	315.5 59.2		Percei
Operatives	41.2 104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	1.05 2.66 .84 .66	57.8 146.6 47.2	59.2	221.0	
Deratives	41.2 104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	1.05 2.66 .84 .66	57.8 146.6 47.2	59.2	221.0	
Welders and flamecutters Truck drivers Service workers Building custodians	41.2 104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	1.05 2.66 .84 .66	57.8 146.6 47.2	59.2	221.0	(
Truck drivers Bervice workers Building custodians aborers, except farm Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers	104.0 33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	2.66 .84 .66	146.6 47.2			5.4
Bervice workers	33.1 25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	.84 .66	47.2	150 1	60.3	1.0
Building custodians aborers, except farm Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers	25.8 687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9	.66		150.1	152.8	2.6
Aborers, except farm Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers	687.7 10.1 14.9 13.9			48.4	49.4	
Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors sales workers	10.1 14.9 13.9		36.2	37.1	37.9	٠.
Air hammer operators Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers	14.9 13.9	17.58	978.4	1,002.9	1,022.0	17.
Asphalt rakers Fence erectors Pipelayers Helpers, trades Residential building construction Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers	14.9 13.9	.26	14.1	14.5	14.7	
Fence erectors	13.9	.38	20.9	21.4	21.7	
Pipelayers		.35	17.9	18.4	18.7	
Residential building construction Total, all occupations	28.8	.73	40.2	41.2	41.9	
Total, all occupations	321.2	8.21	432.0	443.0	451.6	7.
Professional, technical, and related workers Drafters Accountants and auditors Cost estimators Managers, officials, and proprietors Sales workers						
Drafters	465.9	100.00	714.8	733.1	747.4	100.0
Drafters	14.5	3.11	22.5	23.1	23.6	3.
Accountants and auditors	2.0	.42	1.9	2.0	2.0	٠.
Cost estimators	2.8	.61	4.4	4.5	4.6	:
sales workers	7.5	1.61	11.5	11.8	12.0	1.
	71.0	15.24	117.7	120.7	123.0	16.4
	8.6	1.85	13.2	13.5	13.8	1.0
	6.9	1.49	10.6	10.9	11.1	1.4
Clerical workers	48.4	10.38	72.8	74.7	76.1	10.
Accounting clerks	2.3	.49	3.5	3.6	3.7	
Bookkeepers, hand	10.3	2.21	15.8	16.2	16.5	2.
General clerks, office	11.6	2.50	20.5	21.0	21.4	2.
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	3.4	.73	5.2	5.4	5.5	
Secretaries	16.1	3.46	20.7	21.2	21.6	2.
Typists	2.2	.46	3.3	3.4	3.5	
Craft and related workers	222.3	47.72	342.3	351.1	357.9	47.
Construction craft workers	193.4	41.52	294.1	301.7	307.5	41.
Bricklayers	6.4	1.38	9.1	9.3	9.5	1.
Carpenters	156.2	33.52	231.7	237.7	242.3	32.
Cement masons and terrazzo workers	8.9	1.91	13.7	14.0	14.3	1.
Drywall applicators	2.4	.51	3.6	3.7	3.8	
Electricians	2.7	.57	4.3	4.5	4.5	
Ironworkers	2.2	.47	4.2	4.3	4.4	
Painters and paperhangers	8.0	1.72	17.2	17.6	18.0	
Plumbers and pipefitters	2.5	.54	3.8	3.9	4.0	
Roofers	2.1	.46	3.3	3.4	3.4	
Mechanics, repairers, and installers	2.2	.48	3.5	3.5	3.6	
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths	2.1	.46	3.3	3.4	3.4	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	7.2	1.55	12.7	13.0	13.2	1
		.81	5.8	5.9	6.0	
CabinetmakersHeavy equipment operators	3.8 9.3	2.00	14.3	14.6	14.9	
Operatives	9.0	1.93	13.8	14.1	14.4	1
Truck drivers	5.8	1.25	8.9	9.2	9.3	
Service workers						1
Building custodians	8.1	1.74	10.5	10.8	11.0	1.

(Numbers in thousands)

2.2 To 10.2 To	198	32		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation				Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer
Residential building construction—Continued						
Laborers, except farm Helpers, trades	84.1 52.2	18.04 11.21	122.0 70.3	125.1 72.2	127.6 73.6	1
Nonresidential building construction						
Total, all occupations	457.9	100.00	736.8	755.2	769.5	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers	30.9	6.74	49.2	50.4	51.3	6.6
Civil engineers	4.4	1	7.0	7.2	7.4	
Mechanical engineers	1.8	.39	2.9	2.9	3.0	
Drafters	2.9	.64	3.1	3.2	3.3	1
Accountants and auditors	3.7 10.8	.80 2.36	5.9	6.1 17.9	6.2	
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	1.0		17.4 1.6	1.7	18.2 1.7	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	55.2	12.05	92.7	95.0	96.8	12.58
Sales workers Sales representatives, real estate Sales agents, sales representatives, real estate	2.9 2.0	.64 .45	4.7 3.3	4.8 3.4	4.9 3.4	1
Clerical workers	35.5	7.75	55.4	56.8	57.9	7.5
Accounting clerks	2.2	.49	3.6	3.7	3.8	
Bookkeepers, hand	5.3	1.15	8.5	8.7	8.9	1.1
General clerks, office	6.2	1.35	9.9	10.2	10.4	1.3
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	3.6		5.8	6.0	6.1	
Secretaries Typists	10.4 1.8		15.5 3.0	15.9 3.0	16.2 3.1	
Craft and related workers	208.9	45.62	339.7	348.2	354.8	46.1
Construction craft workers	159.0	34.72	254.8	261.2	266.1	34.5
Insulation workers	1.1	.23	1.7	1.7	1.8	.2
Bricklayers	8.2		12.1	12.4	12.7	
Carpenters	99.3		162.3	166.3	169.5	
Cement masons and terrazzo workers	13.8	3.01	22.2	22.7	23.2	
Drywall applicators	1.6		2.5	2.6	2.7	
Electricians Fitters, pipelaying	3.6 2.0		5.8 3.1	5.9 3.2	6.1 3.3	
Reinforcing-iron workers	7.5		11.2	11.5	11.7	
Structural steel workers	8.9		12.7	13.0	13.2	1
Painters and paperhangers	4.1	.90	6.7	6.8	7.0	
Plumbers and pipefitters	7.1	1.55	11.4	11.7	11.9	1
Maintenance repairers, general utility	1.6	.35	2.6	2.6	2.7	.3
Millwrights	5.3	1.15	8.5	8.7	8.8	1.1
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths	3.3	.72	5.3	5.4	5.5	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	12.7		25.7	26.4	26.9	
Cabinetmakers	1.3		2.1	2.2	2.2	
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators	2.0 10.3		3.3 16.5	3.3 16.9	3.4 17.2	
Operatives	18.1	3.95	29.1	29.8	30.4	
Metalworking operatives Truck drivers	5.3 6.5		8.5 10.5	8.7 10.8	8.9 11.0	
Service workers	3.3	.73	5.4	5.5	5.6	
Building custodians	2.9		4.6	4.7	4.8	.6
Laborers, except farm	103.1	22.52	160.6	164.6	167.7	1
Construction laborers except trade helpers	1.8		2.8	2.9	3.0	1
Helpers, trades	40.8	8.92	55.5	56.9	58.0	7.53

E-1. Employment in selected industries and occupations, 1982 and projected 1995 alternatives—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alteri	natives	
Occupation	At	B		Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Manufacturing						
Total, all occupations	18,848.3	100.00	22,580.1	23,110.2	23,753.0	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		10.27	2,640.3	2,652.7	2,717.3	11.48
Electrical engineers		.86	268.2	263.9	270.1	1.14
Industrial engineers		.64	173.2	173.6	178.3	.7!
Mechanical engineers		.63 .60	174.6	176.6	181.9	.70
Drafters Electrical and electronic technicians		.73	99.1 220.8	101.4 219.6	105.0 224.8	.99
Computer programmers	73.1	.73	108.9	110.9	113.6	.48
Computer systems analysts	51.0	.27	87.2	88.0	90.2	
Accountants and auditors		.70	164.1	167.2	172.0	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1,260.1	6.69	1,673.2	1,714.2	1,763.9	7.42
Sales workers	413.7	2.19	460.9	477.7	491.4	2.07
Clerical workers	2,215.3	11.75	2,653.9	2,712.9	2,787.9	11.74
Accounting clerks		.70	151.4	155.2	159.7	
General clerks, office			333.8	342.8	352.6	
Production clerks		.75	176.3	177.9	182.7	
Secretaries	302.6	1.61	384.3	392.7	404.0	1
Typists		.55	124.1	126.7	130.1	.5
Shipping and receiving clerks		.69	150.2	154.6	159.1	.6
Shipping packers		.83	180.8	186.2	191.0	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	148.8	.79	167.5	169.8	174.4	.73
Craft and related workers	3,499.8	18.57	4,211.1	4,323.4	4,450.3	18.7
Electricians			152.0	155.1	159.1	
Industrial machinery repairers		1.14	270.0	278.1	286.5	
Maintenance repairers, general utility		.92	208.7	215.7	222.8	
Machinists		.81	188.1	192.7	198.7	
Toolmakers and diemakers		.78	173.1	178.4	184.3	
Typesetters and compositors		.45	71.1	74.1	75.7	
Blue-collar worker supervisors			736.9	756.0	777.8	
Inspectors	376.3 109.9		477.6 141.3	485.5 142.2	497.9 146.4	
Operatives	7,570.1	40.16	8,715.5	8,942.1	9,183.9	38.69
Assemblers		1.62	359.6	375.7	394.4	
Electrical machinery equipment assemblers			130.8	132.1	136.2	1
Electrical and electronic assemblers			363.4	360.3	369.5	
Machine assemblers			208.2	212.4	220.5	1
Drill press and boring machine operators		.61	136.3	139.2	143.7	1
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal		.61	122.1	125.5	129.8	.5
Lathe machine operators, metal		.72	154.5	158.3	163.1	.6
Machine tool operators, combination			196.3		208.5	
Punch press operators, metal			166.4		179.3	1
Welders and flamecutters			355.0		380.4	
Production packagers			473.5		504.6	-
Painters, production			111.5		118.3	
Sewing machine operators, regular equipment, garment			534.1	540.1	527.6	
Sewing machine operators, regular equipment, nongarment			141.0 290.6		146.2	
Industrial truck operators			290.6	226.9	310.7 236.7	
Truck drivers	1		123.5		130.3	1
Miscellaneous machine operatives, paper and allied products			97.1	100.1	105.0	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, paper and allied products			172.0		182.8	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, chemicals and allied products			250.3		276.1	1
Miscellaneous macrine operatives, rubber and plastic products			223.1		233.2	
miscenarious operatives, fiec, floridatable goods	210.4	1.13	220.1	223.0	200.2	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	12		1995 alter	natives	
Occupation				Number		_
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
ManufacturingContinued						
Service workers Building custodians		1.85 1.19	400.7 253.8	410.5 260.9	422.2 268.4	
Laborers, except farm		8.51 .68	1,824.6 146.8	1,876.7 152.2	1,936.0 157.8	
Durable goods manufacturing						
Total, all occupations	. 11,112.4	100.00	14,051.1	14,283.5	14,750.5	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	. 1,403.3	12.63	2,001.9	1,993.8	2,043.6	13.90
Electrical engineers	. 156.9	1.41	261.6	257.1	263.1	1.80
Industrial engineers		.92	153.1	152.9	157.0	
Mechanical engineers	. 95.2	.86	148.7	149.9	154.3	1.05
Drafters	. 98.3	.88	87.7	89.6	92.9	1
Electrical and electronic technicians	. 133.3	1.20	215.6	214.2	219.3	1.50
Computer programmers		.52	91.1	92.5	94.8	
Accountants and auditors	. 86.2	.78	112.7	113.9	117.3	.80
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	. 64.6	.58	82.7	83.4	85.9	.58
Managers, officials, and proprietors	. 742.6	6.68	1,038.3	1,054.3	1,089.1	7.38
Sales workers	. 159.9	1.44	189.7	195.4	203.3	1.37
Clerical workers		11.22	1,549.1	1,567.8	1,619.7	
Accounting clerks		.63	84.4	85.7	88.6	
General clerks, office		1.38	196.2	200.2	207.3	
Production clerks		.97	138.9	139.1	142.9	
Secretaries		1.61	226.0	228.6	236.1	
Shipping and receiving clerks		.58	80.5	82.1	85.0	
Shipping packers		.64	85.2	87.1	90.4	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	. 106.4	.96	122.3	123.1	126.8	.86
Craft and related workers		19.72	2,764.1	2,819.6	2,908.7	
Electricians		.76	109.7	111.5	114.2	
Industrial machinery repairers		1.08	164.3	168.4	173.2	
Maintenance repairers, general utility		.78	111.5	114.7	118.9	1
Millwrights		.46	66.7	68.3	69.8	
Machinists		1.02	145.1	147.8	152.5	
Machine tool setters, metalworking		.49	66.6	67.8	69.9	
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths		.62	83.2	85.7	89.2	
		1.22	161.9	166.5	171.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors		3.35	458.9	468.4	483.2	
Inspectors		2.40 .69	344.9 105.3	348.1 105.2	358.0 108.2	
Operatives		38.49	5,189.8	5,303.0	5,490.7	
Assembler occupations		11.23	1,547.5	1,563.6	1,618.2	
Assemblers		2.28	300.1	311.9	328.6	
Electrical machinery equipment assemblers		.89	130.8	132.1	136.2	
Electrical and electronic assemblers		2.56	363.4	360.3	369.5	
Machine assemblers		1.53	208.2	212.4	220.5	
Machine tool operators		8.02	1,059.2	1,087.3	1,124.7	
Drill press and boring machine operators		1.03	136.3	139.2	143.7	
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal		1.03	122.1	125.5	129.8	1
Lathe machine operators, metal		1.22	154.5	158.3	163.1	1.11
Milling/planing machine operators		.54	67.2	68.3	70.3	1
Machine tool operators, combination Machine tool operators, numerical control		1.37 .59	196.3 93.6	201.4 95.5	208.5 98.7	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation	Number	Percent	Number			
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer
Durable goods manufacturing—Continued						
Punch press operators, metal	146.0	1.31	165.8	171.9	178.7	1.20
Welders and flamecutters	300.4	2.70	341.2	353.1	365.8	2.4
Production packagers	111.4	1.00	133.8	137.3	142.5	.9
Painters, production	93.9	.85	106.1	108.4	112.2	.7
Sawyers	67.1	.60	80.9	82.7	86.0	.5
Industrial truck operators	153.7	1.38	181.7	187.2	193.8	
Truck drivers	119.9	1.08	136.5	145.2	152.7	1.0
Filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers	98.3	.88	122.8	125.6	129.6	.8
Miscellaneous machine operatives, primary metals	69.1	.62	81.6	84.5	87.3	.5
Miscellaneous operatives, nec, durable goods	71.7	.65	83.8	86.6	90.3	.6
Service workers	192.1	1.73	234.4	238.6	246.3	
Building custodians	121.2	1.09	145.4	148.6	153.5	1.0
aborers, except farm	898.9	8.09	1,083.8	1,111.0	1,149.1	7.7
Helpers, trades	91.0	.82	108.0	112.0	116.3	.7
Fabricated structural metal products						-
Total, all occupations	462.2	100.00	558.0	613.1	658.2	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers	37.3	8.07	44.6	49.0	52.6	8.0
Civil engineers	1.1	.24	1.3	1.5	1.6	.2
Industrial engineers	1.9	.42	2.6	2.9	3.1	.4
Mechanical engineers	3.4	.74	4.4	4.8	5.2	.7
Drafters	11.3	2.45	11.3	12.4	13.3	2.0
Accountants and auditors	3.1	.67	4.1	4.5	4.9	.7
Cost estimators	3.1	.67	3.7	4.1	4.4	.6
Purchasing agents and buyers	2.7	.58	3.2	3.6	3.8	.5
Managers, officials, and proprietors	34.4	7.43	49.3	54.2	58.1	8.8
Sales workers	10.8	2.34	12.0	13.2	14.2	2.1
Clerical workers	43.2	9.34	49.7	54.6	58.6	8.8
Accounting clerks	2.2	.48	2.2	2.4	2.6	
Bookkeepers, hand	3.7	.79	4.0	4.3	4.7	.7
General clerks, office	7.6	1.64	9.5	10.4	11.2	
Office machine operators	2.6	:56	2.8	3.1	3.4	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	1.3	.28	1.5	1.7	1.8	.2
Production clerks	2.6	.56	3.1	3.4	3.7	1.5
Secretaries	7.6	1.64	8.5	9.3	10.0	
Shipping and receiving clerks	2.2 1.8	.49 .39	2.7 2.2	2.4	3.2 2.6	1
Shipping packers	2.2	.48	2.2	2.4	2.6	
Craft and related workers	107.9	23.33	147.7	162.3	174.2	
Eiectricians	2.0	.43	3.2	3.6	3.8	
Structural steel workers	3.6	.78	5.8	6.4	6.9	
Industrial machinery repairers	4.5	.98	7.1	7.8	8.4	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	3.2	.70	5.2	5.7	6.1	1
Layout markers, metal		1.36	7.0	7.7	8.3	1
Machinists	3.1	.67	4.6	5.0	5.4	1
Punch press setters, metal	1.5	.32	1.8	2.0	2.1	
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths	17.9	3.87	20.5	22.5	24.1	
Toolmakers and diemakers	2.0 15.4	.42 3.33	2.1	2.3	2.5 22.0	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	4.1	.88	18.6 5.5	6.0	6.4	
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators			7.5	8.2	8.8	
Inspectors	4.8	1.04				

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation				Number		_	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Perce	
Fabricated structural metal products—Continued							
peratives		39.39	202.7	222.8	239.1		
Assemblers		7.16	36.6	40.2	43.1	1	
Machine tool operators		9.95	50.0	54.9	59.0		
Drill press and boring machine operators		.96	4.8	5.3	5.7	1	
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal		.68 1.30	2.8 6.7	3.0 7.4	3.3 7.9	1	
Punch press operators, metal		2.89	14.4	15.9	17.0		
Power brake, bending machine operators, metal		1.96	9.8	10.8	11.6		
Shear and slitter operators, metal		1.26	6.5	7.1	7.6		
Welders and flamecutters		11.50	59.7	65.6	70.4		
Packing and inspecting operatives		.86	4.2	4.7	5.0		
Painters, production		1.60	7.8	8.6	9.2		
Sawyers		.53	3.0	3.3	3.5		
Industrial truck operators		1.04	5.8	6.4	6.9		
Truck drivers		1.56	8.7	9.5	10.2		
Filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers		.88	4.3	4.8	5.1		
Miscellaneous machine operatives, primary metals		.54	3.0	3.3	3.6	1	
ervice workers		1.37	7.6	8.4	9.0		
Building custodians	4.5	.98	5.5	6.0	6.4		
borers, except farm	40.3	8.72	44.3	48.7	52.3	7	
Helpers, trades	. 17.4	3.77	19.3	21.3	22.8	3	
Office, computing, and accounting machines							
Total, all occupations	489.7	100.00	731.5	762.5	778.6	100.	
rofessional, technical, and related workers		35.74	284.0	296.0	302.2		
Electrical engineers		6.00	51.1	53.3	54.4	1	
Industrial engineers		2.55	20.9	21.8	22.3	2	
Mechanical engineers		1.08	11.0	11.4	11.7	1	
Drafters		.81	4.0	4.2	4.3	_	
Electrical and electronic technicians		5.99	54.0	56.2	57.4		
Mechanical engineering technicians		.58	4.8	5.0	5.1	_ ا	
Computer programmers		5.03	39.8	41.4	42.3	5	
Computer systems analysts		1.48	11.5	12.0	12.2	1	
Designers		.56	4.3	4.5	4.6		
Writers and editors		.56	4.1	4.2	4.3		
Accountants and auditors Personnel and labor relations specialists		1.42	10.6 5.1	11.1 5.3	11.3 5.4	1	
Purchasing agents and buyers		.84	5.8	6.0	6.2		
anagers, officials, and proprietors	54.0	11.03	86.1	89.7	91.6	11	
ales workers	5.6	1.14	7.2	7.5	7.6		
erical workers	89.8	18.35	119.0	124.0	126.6	16	
Accounting clerks		1.10	6.3	6.6	6.7	"	
Clerical supervisors		.30	1.9	2.0	2.0		
General clerks, office		2.31	15.4	16.1	16.4	2	
Computer operators		1.00	8.6	9.0	9.2	1	
Data entry operators	1.7	.34	.7	.7	.7		
Order clerks		.31	2.3	2.3	2.4	٠.	
Production clerks		2.00	12.2	12.7	13.0	1	
Secretaries		3.52	22.4	23.4	23.9	3	
		.60	4.0	4.1	4.2		
Typists	2.6	.54 .55	3.9 3.1	4.1	4.2 3.3		

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	12		1995 alter	natives	
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Percent
	Number	reiceili	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Office, computing, and accounting machines—Continued						
		4.50	7.0			
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	7.7	1.58	7.9	8.3	8.5	1.09
Craft and related workers		9.52 .44	75.0 8.8	78.1 9.2	79.8 9.4	
Industrial machinery repairers		.26	1.9	2.0	2.0	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	2.5	.51	3.8	3.9	4.0	
Millwrights		.24	3.0	3.1	3.2	
Machinists		.27	1.9	2.0	2.1	.27
Blue-collar worker supervisors	7.9	1.62	11.3	11.8	12.1	1.55
Inspectors	13.8	2.81	19.5	20.4	20.8	2.67
Testers	7.3	1.49	10.9	11.3	11.6	1.49
Operatives	102.5	20.93	138.4	144.3	147.3	
Electrical machinery equipment assemblers	24.6	5.03	35.0	36.5	37.2	4.78
Electrical and electronic assemblers		8.65	53.3	55.5	56.7	7.29
Machine assemblers		1.57	10.5	11.0	11.2	
Drill press and boring machine operators		.22 .27	1.6 1.9	1.7	1.7	.22
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal		.21	1.5	2.0 1.6	2.1 1.6	.27
Machine tool operators, numerical control		.26	1.9	2.0	2.1	
Welders and flamecutters		.23	1.7	1.7	1.8	7.7.5
Packing and inspecting operatives		.21	1.5	1.6	1.6	
Service workers	5.1	1.03	7.0	7.3	7.4	.96
Building custodians	2.3	.48	2.9	3.0	3.1	.40
Guards	1.3	.26	1.9	2.0	2.0	.26
Laborers, except farm	11.1	2.27	15.0	15.7	16.0	2.05
Helpers, trades		.31	2.3	2.4	2.4	.31
Stock handlers	1.3	.27	2.0	2.0	2.1	.27
Electronic components and accessories						
Total, all occupations	568.7	100.00	861.9	849.8	855.4	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		18.90	189.2	186.5	187.7	21.95
Electrical engineers		4.71	61.9	61.0	61.4	
Industrial engineers		1.07	10.5	10.4	10.5	
Mechanical engineers		.66 .83	7.6	7.5 4.7	7.6	
Drafters Electrical and electronic technicians		4.05	4.8 35.0	34.5	4.8 34.8	
Mechanical engineering technicians		.51	5.1	5.0	5.1	
Computer programmers		.70	7.3	7.2	7.3	
Computer systems analysts	1	.47	5.4	5.3	5.3	
Accountants and auditors		.83	7.8	7.7	7.7	.90
Personnel and labor relations specialists		.44	3.8	3.8	3.8	.45
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	3.7	.65	5.6	5.6	5.6	.65
Managers, officials, and proprietors	37.8	6.65	65.6	64.7	65.1	7.61
Sales workers	5.6	.98	7.8	7.7	7.8	.91
Clerical workers	63.3	11.14	86.3	85.1	85.7	10.02
Accounting clerks		.74	5.4	5.3	5.3	.62
Bookkeepers, hand		.21	1.3	1.3	1.3	.15
Clerical supervisors		.24	2.1	2.0	2.0	.24
General clerks, office	5.7	1.01	8.7	8.6	8.7	1.01
Computer operators	1.7	.29	2.5		2.5	
Computer operators						1 40
Data entry operators Order clerks			1.0 2.4	1.0	1.0 2.4	1

(Numbers in thousands)

<u> </u>		1982		1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Number	Percent	Number					
	Number	reicent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen		
Electronic components and accessories—Continued								
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	1.3	0.23	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.24		
Personnel clerks	1.3	.23	2.0	1.9	1.9	.23		
Production clerks	6.3	1.10	9.5	9.4	9.4			
Secretaries	12.6	2.22	16.1	15.9	16.0	1		
Typists	3.0	.53	3.6	3.5	3.5			
Shipping and receiving clerks	3.3	.58	5.0	4.9	5.0			
Shipping packers	2.6 4.5	.46 .80	3.3 5.4	3.3 5.3	3.3 5.3			
Craft and related workers	80.8	14.20	113.9	112.3	113.1	13.22		
Electricians	1.7	.30	2.6	2.5	2.5	.30		
Industrial machinery repairers	4.6	.81	7.0	6.9	7.0			
Maintenance repairers, general utility	3.6	.64	5.5	5.5	5.5			
Machinists	4.2	.74	6.4	6.3	6.3			
Toolmakers and diemakers	3.7	.66	4.9	4.8	4.9			
Etchers and engravers	2.3 14.7	.41 2.59	3.5 22.4	3.5 22.1	3.5 22.2			
Inspectors	19.4	3.42	21.6	21.3	21.5			
Testers	12.1	2.13	18.4	18.2	18.3			
Operatives	224.8	39.52	320.3	315.8	317.9	37.16		
Assembler occupations	133.6	23.48	190.8	188.1	189.3	22.13		
Coil finishers	6.9	1.21	10.4	10.3	10.3			
Electrical machinery equipment assemblers	8.6	1.51	12.0	11.8	11.9			
Electrical and electronic assemblers	76.3	13.41	108.2	106.6	107.3			
Machine assemblers	3.9	.69	6.0	5.9	5.9			
Wirers, electronic	6.8 4.2	1.19	10.3 3.1	10.1 3.1	10.2 3.1			
Machine tool operators, combination	3.2	,56	4.8	4.7	4.8			
Machine tool operators, numerical control	2.3	.40	3.4	3.4	3.4			
Welders and flamecutters	2.3	.41	3.6	3.5	3.5			
Packing and inspecting operatives	2.3	.40	3.4	3.4	3.4			
Miscellaneous machine operatives, manufacturing, nec.	6.7	1.17	8.8	8.7	8.8	1.02		
Coil winders	8.6	1.52	7.9	7.8	7.8	.91		
Service workers	7.4	1.30	9.2	9.1	9.1			
Building custodians	4.4	.78	4.7	4.7	4.7	.55		
Laborers, except farm	41.6	7.31	69.6	68.6	69.1	8.07		
Motor vehicles and equipment								
Total, all occupations	690.0	100.00	845.8	859.1	870.5	100.00		
Professional, technical, and related workers	60.4	8.75	102.6	104.3	105.6	12.14		
Industrial engineers	4.8	.69	5.9	6.0	6.1			
Mechanical engineers	3.6	.52	5.4	5.5	5.6			
Drafters	2.5	.37	2.1	2.1	2.1	.25		
Mechanical engineering technicians	4.0	.58	8.5	8.7	8.8	1.01		
Computer programmers	1.6 1.6	.23 .23	3.4 3.4	3.5 3.5	3.5 3.5	.40		
Designers	2.8	.41	4.5	4.6	4.6	.53		
Accountants and auditors	4.9	.71	6.0	6.1	6.2	.71		
Personnel and labor relations specialists	2.6	.38	3.2	3.3	3.3	.38		
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	2.5	.36	3.1	3.1	3.2	.36		
Managers, officials, and proprietors	27.6	3.99	41.4	42.1	42.6	4.90		
Sales workers	4.3	.62	4.9	4.9	5.0	.58		

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	North	D	Number				
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent	
Motor vehicles and equipment—Continued							
				-			
Clerical workers	47.0	6.81	57.4	58.3	59.1	6.7	
Accounting clerks	2.4	.35	3.0	3.0	3.1).	
Bookkeepers, hand	1.4	.20	1.7	1.7	1.7		
General clerks, office	7.2	1.05	8.9	9.1	9.2	1.	
Production clerks	4.3	.63	5.4	5.4	5.5		
Secretaries	6.2	.91	7.7	7.8	7.9		
Shipping and receiving clerks	4.4	.64	5.1	5.2	5.2		
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	5.0	.73	5.7	5.8	5.9		
raft and related workers	153.1	22.19	195.0	198.1	200.7		
Electricians	9.1	1.32	11.2	11.4	11.6	1.	
Plumbers and pipefitters	5.3 4.4	.77 .64	6.5 5.4	6.6 5.5	6.7 5.6		
Automotive mechanics	10.8	1.57	21.3	21.6	21.9	2	
	2.6	.37	3.2	3.2	3.3	-	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	7.0	1.01	9.5	9.7	9.8	1.	
Machinists	2.4	.35	2.9	3.0	3.0	':	
	10.5	1.53	10.5	10.7	10.8	1.	
Machine tool setters, metalworking	4.6	.67	5.7	5.8	5.9	':	
Toolmakers and diemakers	10.5	1.52	13.0	13.2	13.3	1.	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	28.9	4.19	35.7	36.2	36.7	4	
Inspectors	33.9	4.13	41.8	42.5	43.1	4.	
Testers	2.8	.40	3.4	3.5	3.5	7	
peratives	318.7	46.19	355.3	360.8	365.7	42.	
Assembler occupations	95.3	13.81	97.0	98.5	99.9	11.	
Machine assemblers	21.9	3.17	20.4	20.8	21.0	2	
All other assemblers	71.1	10.30	73.8	74.9	75.9	8.	
Machine tool operators	66.1	9.59	72.9	74.0	75.0	8.	
Drill press and boring machine operators	11.7	1.69	14.4	14.6	14.8	1	
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal	7.9		6.3	6.4	6.5		
Lathe machine operators, metal	7.5	1.09	9.2	9.4	9.5	1	
Milling/planing rnachine operators	2.2	.32	2.7	2.8	2.8		
Machine tool operators, combination	14.5		15.3	15.6	15.8		
Machine tool operators, containation	4.5	.65	5.6	5.7	5.7		
Punch press operators, metal	13.2		13.6	13.8	14.0		
Power brake, bending machine operators, metal	2.5	.36	3.1	3.2	3.2		
Production packagers	1.9	.28	2.4	2.4	2.4		
Painters, production	10.9		8.5	8.7	8.8	1	
Chauffeurs	2.3	.33	2.8	2.9	2.9		
Industrial truck operators	16.3	2.36	17.0	17.3	17.5	2	
Truck drivers	3.2	.46	3.9	4.0	4.1		
Filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers	6.7	.97	8.3	8.4	8.5		
Service workers	20.8	3.01	23.7	24.0	24.4	2	
Building custodians	14.7	2.14	16.2	16.5	16.7	1	
aborers, except farm	58.2		65.5	66.5	67.4	7	
Conveyor operators and tenders	3.7	.54	4.6		4.8	1	
Helpers, trades	2.3	.34	2.9	2.9	3.0		
Aircraft and parts							
Total, all occupations	611.8	100.00	741.6	692.1	687.9	100	
Professional, technical, and related workers	158.7	25.94	222.4	207.5	206.3	29	
Aero-astronautic engineers	21.6	3.53	32.3	30.1	29.9	4	
Electrical engineers	8.2		10.0	9.3	9.2	1	
Industrial engineers	10.6	1.73	14.8	13.8	13.8	2	

(Numbers in thousands)

Title:	1982		1995 alternatives				
Occupation				Number			
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Aircraft and parts—Continued							
Mechanical engineers	9.2	1.50	12.8	12.0	11.9	1.73	
Drafters	5.5	.89	4.4	4.1	4.1		
Electrical and electronic technicians		1.05	8.9	8.3	8.3		
Mechanical engineering technicians	3.2	.52	4.4	4.2	4.1	.60	
Computer programmers		.37	3.7	3.5	3.4		
Computer systems analysts		.53	6.3	5.9	5.9		
Accountants and auditors		1.02	8.2	7.6	7.6		
Personnel and labor relations specialists		.53 1.03	3.9	3.7 7.1	3.7 7.1	.53 1.03	
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	6.3	1.03	7.6	7.1	7.1	1.03	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	47.5	7.77	68.4	63.8	63.5	9.23	
Sales workers	2.3	.38	2.6	2.4	2.4	.35	
Clerical workers	81.9	13.38	96.3	89.9	89.3	12.99	
General clerks, office		1.47	10.9	10.2	10.1		
Production clerks		2.36	17.5	16.4	16.3		
Secretaries		1.47	11.5	10.8	10.7		
Typists Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	3.1 10.9	.51 1.78	3.8 12.7	3.6 11.8	3.5 11.7	1	
Craft and related workers	132.5	21.66	153.7	143.4	142.5	20.72	
Electricians	4.5	.74	5.5	5.1	5.1		
Aircraft mechanics		3.66	26.1	24.3	24.2		
Industrial machinery repairers		.71	5.2	4.9	4.9		
Machinists	7.9	1.28	7.4	6.9	6.9		
Machine tool setters, metalworking	2.8	.45	3.3	3.1	3.1	.45	
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths		1.06	7.9	7.3	7.3		
Toolmakers and diemakers		1.93 3.05	14.3 18.9	13.4 17.6	13.3 17.5	1	
Operatives		27.48	178.3	166.4	165.4		
Assembler occupations		9.45	54.2	50.6 22.8	50.3		
Aircraft structure assemblers Electrical machinery equipment assemblers		4.93 .57	24.5 4.2	3.9	22.7 3.9		
Electrical and electronic assemblers		1.44	10.7	10.0	9.9		
Machine assemblers		1.08	5.9	5.5	5.5		
All other assemblers		1.43	8.9	8.3	8.3		
Machine tool operators	58.9	9.63	60.1	56.1	55.7	8.10	
Drill press and boring machine operators		1.27	9.5	8.8	8.8		
Grinding and abrading machine operators, metal		1.17	5.7	5.3	5.3		
Lathe machine operators, metal		1.78	8.2	7.6	7.6		
Milling/planing machine operators		1.55	8.2	7.6	7.6		
Machine tool operators, combination		1.10	8.1 8.9	7.6	7.6		
Machine tool operators, numerical control		1.20 .72	5.4	8.3 5.0	8.2 5.0		
Machine tool operators, tool room Punch press operators, metal		.36	2.7	2.5	2.5	1	
Power brake, bending machine operators, metal		.38	2.8		2.6		
Welders and flamecutters		.83	6.1	5.7	5.7		
Painters, production		.88	6.5	6.1	6.0	1	
Filers, grinders, buffers, and chippers		.91	6.7	6.3	6.2		
Miscellaneous machine operatives, manufacturing, nec.		.50	3.7	3.5	3.4		
Miscellaneous operatives, nec, durable goods		.74 .47	5.5 3.5		5.1 3.2		
		1.58	11.7	10.9	10.8		
	. 3./	1.30	11./	10.9	10.0		
Service workers		.82	6.1	5.7	5.6	.82	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation	Number	Devent		Number		D
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Nondurable goods manufacturing						
Total, all occupations	7,735.9	100.00	8,529.0	8,826.7	9,002.5	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		6.89	638.4	658.9	673.7	7.46
Chemical engineers		.34	36.1 25.9	37.1 26.8	38.1 27.6	.42
Chemists		.59	52.9	54.6	55.9	.62
Computer programmers		.19	17.8	18.4	18.8	
Computer systems analysts		.19	25.4	26.1	26.7	.30
Reporters and correspondents		.50	48.8	50.5	51.4	.57
Writers and editors	1	.58	56.8	58.6	59.6	
Accountants and auditors	1	.59	51.4	53.3	54.7	.60
Personnel and labor relations specialists		.24	20.6	21.3	21.9	.24
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	1	.30	25.9	26.8	27.5	.30
Managers, officials, and proprietors	517.4	6.69	634.9	659.9	674.8	7.48
Sales workers	253.8	3.28	271.2	282.3	288.0	3.20
Sales clerks	29.2	.38	30.3	31.7	32.3	.36
Clerical workers	968.4	12.52	1,104.8	1,145.1	1,168.2	12.97
Accounting clerks	61.3	.79	67.0	69.5	71.1	.79
Bookkeepers, hand	43.3	.56	45.2	47.0	47.8	.53
Clerical supervisors	31.6	.41	36.8	38.0	38.6	.43
General clerks, office	115.6	1.49	137.6	142.6	145.4	1.62
Computer operators	16.9	.22	18.8	19.5	20.0	.22
Data entry operators	. 22.2	.29	19.4	20.0	20.4	.23
Order clerks	35.6	.46	40.3	41.9	42.8	.47
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.34	28.4	29.3	29.7	.33
Production clerks		.43	37.4	38.8	39.8	.44
Secretaries	123.6	1.60	158.3	164.1	167.9	1.86
Typists	53.7	.69	60.8	63.1	64.5	.72
Shipping and receiving clerks	65.2	.84	69.7	72.6	74.1	.82
Shipping packers	84.7	1.09	95.6	99.1	100.5	1.12
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	42.4	.55	45.2	46.7	47.6	.53
Craft and related workers	.,	16.91	1,446.9	1,503.9	1,541.7	17.04
Electricians		.50	42.3	43.6	45.0	.49
Plumbers and pipefitters		.33	27.4	28.1	28.8	.32
Automotive mechanics		.24	17.6	18.3	18.8	.21
Instrument repairers		.19	16.4	16.8	17.3	.19
Industrial machinery repairers		1.24	105.8	109.7	113.3	1.24
Millwrights			97.2 23.0	101.0 23.5	103.9 24.3	1.14
Machinists		.50	43.0		46.2	
Bookbinders, machine			26.4	44.8 27.9	28.5	.51 .32
Typesetters and compositors			65.0	67.9	69.3	
Camera operators, printing			27.3	28.8	29.3	
Strippers, printing			31.2	33.0	33.7	.37
Letter press operators			32.4	34.1	34.8	
Offset lithographic press operators			98.9	104.8	107.0	
Press operators and plate printers			15.4	16.0	16.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors			278.0	287.6	294.6	
Inspectors			132.7	137.3	140.0	
Testers			36.0	37.0	38.2	
Operatives	3,293.2	42.57	3,525.7	3,639.1	3,693.2	41.23
Assemblers	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		59.5	63.8	65.8	
Bindery workers, assembly			28.9	30.5	31.2	
Pressers, hand			26.0	26.2	25.6	
Pressers, machine			25.5	25.7	25.1	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation			Number			
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer
Nondurable goods manufacturing—Continued						
Meat cutters and butchers	54.6	0.71	59.5	60.3	61.5	0.68
Production packagers	321.0	4.15	339.8	353.1	362.1	4.00
Sewers and stitchers	717.4	9.27	763.1	773.6	759.3	8.76
Sewing machine operators, regular equipment, garment	510.1	6.59	532.6	538.5	525.9	6.10
Sewing machine operators, special equipment, garment	75.1	.97	80.7	81.7	80.1	.93
Sewing machine operators, regular equipment, nongarment	88.1	1.14	102.2	104.7	104.3	1
Sewing machine operators, special equipment, nongarment	28.5	.37	31.8	. 32.6	32.9	
All other sewers and stitchers	15.6	.20	15.8	16.1	16.2	
Textile operatives	308.7	3.99	340.4	346.4	354.0	
Creelers, yarn	13.5	.17	16.6	16.9	17.5	
Doffers	18.4	.24	19.8	20.1	20.7	.23
Folders, hand	23.4	.30	26.9	27.5	27.5	
Knitting machine operators	19.5	.25	21.2	22.2	22.6	
Spinners, frame	24.4	.32	22.7	23.0	23.4	
Twister tenders	13.6	.18	17.4	17.6	18.2	
Weavers	27.9	.36	28.0	28.3	28.9	
Yarn winders	15.8	.20	19.0	19.2	19.7	.22
Transport equipment operatives	322.9	4.17	324.9	338.7	348.1	3.84
Industrial truck operators	100.9	1.30	109.0	113.0	116.9	1.28
Delivery and route workers	141.8	1.83	134.3	140.8	144.1	1.60
Truck drivers	77.4	1.00	78.6	81.7	84.0	.93
All other operatives	1,341.1	17.34	1,447.3	1,505.5	1,543.9	17.06
Cutters, machine	22.9	.30	26.5	27.4	28.1	.31
Die cutters and clicking machine operators	18.8	.24	18.0	18.8	18.8	.21
Miscellaneous machine operatives, meat and dairy products	42.4	.55	38.7	39.9	41.0	.45
Miscellaneous machine operatives, all other food products	51.8	.67	48.7	50.4	51.8	.57
Miscellaneous machine operatives, paper and allied products	91.9	1.19	96.9	100.0	104.8	1.13
Miscellaneous machine operatives, chemicals and allied products	142.6	1.84	167.8	173.0	178.4	1.96
Miscellaneous machine operatives, rubber and plastic products	160.6	2.08	205.1	220.3	228.8	2.50
Miscellaneous machine operatives, manufacturing, nec	47.0	.61	55.5	58.7	60.1	.66
Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing	18.2	.24	15.5	15.9	16.1	.18
Miscellaneous operatives, nec, nondurable goods	209.2	2.70	218.5	225.0	228.2	2.55
Mixing operatives	30.3	.39	29.5	30.6	31.3	.35
Shoemaking machine operators	51.5	.67	34.3	36.0	34.1	.41
Service workers	156.5	2.02	166.3	171.9	175.9	1.95
Building custodians	103.6	1.34	108.4	112.3	114.8	
Guards	23.4	.30	25.4	26.2	26.9	
Laborers, except farm	705.3	9.12	740.8	765.6	786.9	8.67
Cannery workers	55.5	.72	67.1	68.4	70.6	.77
Helpers, trades	36.6	.47	38.9	40.2	41.5	.46
Order fillers	50.4	.65	56.7	58.9	60.1	.67
Newspapers						
Total, all occupations	424.8	100.00	485.9	503.8	512.6	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	76.5	18.01	91.4	94.8	96.5	18.82
Computer programmers	1.2	.28	1.3	1.4	1.4	
Commercial and graphic artists and designers	3.7	.86	4.1	4.3	4.4	
Photographers	4.7	1.11	4.8	4.9	5.0	
Writers and editors	23.9	5.63	27.9	29.0	29.5	5.75
Accountants and auditors	1.1	.26	1.2	1.3	1.3	.26
Managers, officials, and proprietors	39.5	9.31	56.6	58.7	59.7	11.65
Sales workers	50.1	11.80	60.3	62.6	63.7	12.42
Clerical workers	91.8	21.62	104.9	108.8	110.7	21.60

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation		_	Number				
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer	
Newspapers—Continued	98						
Accounting clerks	3.3	0.77	3.7	3.8	3.9	0.70	
Bookkeepers, hand		1.62	6.8	7.1	7.2	1.4	
Circulation clerks		1.82	8.7	9.0	9.2	1.7	
Clerical supervisors		.51	2.5	2.5	2.6	.5	
Customer service representatives, printing and publishing		.47	2.3	2.3	2.4	1	
Dispatchers, vehicle service or work		.24	1.2	1.2	1.2		
File clerks		.35	1.2	1.3	1.3		
General clerks, office		1.93	9.2	9.6	9.7		
Messengers		.62	3.0	3.1	3.2		
Computer operators		.30	1.4	1.5	1.5		
Data entry operators		.28	.5	.5	.5		
Order clerks		.39	1.9	2.0	2.0		
Production clerks		.43	2.0	2.1	2.2		
Proofreaders		1.07	5.1	5.3	5.4		
Secretaries		1.70	9.6	9.9	10.1		
Typists		2.55	12.2	12.7	12.9	1	
Shipping packers			1.2	1.3	1.3		
Switchboard operators/receptionists		.26 2.13	1.2 12.2	1.3	1.3		
Telephone ad takers, newspapers Telephone operators		.31	1.5	12.6 1.6	12.8 1.6	1	
Switchboard operators		.31	1.5	1.6	1.6		
raft and related workers	88.3	20.78	78.1	81.0	82.4	16.0	
Printing trades craft workers	74.3	17.48	61.7	64.0	65.1	12.69	
Typesetters and compositors		8.97	25.3	26.3	26.7	5.21	
Lithographers and photoengravers		2.55	13.9	14.4	14.7	1	
Camera operators, printing		1.10	7.2	7.5	7.6	1.48	
Photoengravers		.60	1.9	2.0	2.0	.39	
Platemakers		.54	3.3	3.5	3.5	.69	
Strippers, printing		.31	1.5	1.6	1.6	.31	
Printing press operators		5.64	20.9	21.6	22.0	4.29	
Letter press operators		2.25	10.8	11.2	11.4	2.22	
Offset lithographic press operators		2.89	7.7	8.0	8.1	1.58	
All other press and plate printers		.50 1.75	9.4	2.5 9.7	2.5 9.9	1.93	
peratives	56.6	13.32	68.7	71.2	72.4	14.13	
Bindery workers, assembly		.29	1.4	1.5	1.5	.29	
Delivery and route workers		5.02	27.0	28.0	28.4		
Truck drivers	3.8	.90	4.3	4.5	4.6		
Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing		.25	1.2	1.2	1.2	.24	
Miscellaneous operatives, nec, nondurable goods	16.5	3.89	20.6	21.3	21.7	4.23	
ervice workers		2.25	10.8	11.2	11.4		
Building custodians	6.7 1.2	1.57 .29	7.5 1.4	7.8 1.4	7.9 1.4	1.58	
aborers, except farm		2.92	14.9	15.5	15.8	3.07	
Drugs						-	
Total, all occupations	199.8	100.00	274.6	279.8	282.5	100.00	
rofessional, technical, and related workers	49.3	24.65	70.7	72.0	72.7	25.74	
Chemical engineers		.69	1.9	1.9	1.9	:6	
Industrial engineers	1.2	.61	1.7	1.7	1.7	.6	
Biological scientists	5.0	2.51	8.1	8.2	8.3	2.94	
Chemists	8.2	4.10	11.2	11.5	11.6	4.10	
Engineering and science technicians	12.8	6.41	17.5	17.8	18.0	6.37	
				3.9		1.40	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alteri	natives	
Occupation				Number		_
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Drugs—Continued						
Computer programmers	1.1	0.55	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.55
Computer systems analysts	1.8	.90	4.5	4.6	4.6	
Accountants and auditors	2.8	1.38	3.8	3.9	3.9	1
Personnel and labor relations specialists	1.3	.64	1.8	1.8	1.8	.64
Managers, officials, and proprietors	22.0	11.02	34.2	34.8	35.2	12.45
Sales workers	5.7	2.83	7.2	7.3	7.4	2.60
Clerical workers	36.7	18.37	52.5	53.4	53.9	
Accounting clerks	2.4	1.19	2.8	2.8	2.9	
Clerical supervisors	1.5 3.8	.75 1.90	2.9 4.5	3.0 4.6	3.0 4.6	1
Order clerks	1.3	.66	1.8	1.9	1.9	
Production clerks	1.0	.52	1.4	1.5	1.5	1
Secretaries	10.3	5.15	16.0	16.3	16.4	
Typists	1.4	.72	2.0	2.0	2.0	.72
Shipping and receiving clerks	1.6	.81	2.2	2.3	2.3	
Shipping packers	1.9	.95 .70	2.6 1.4	2.6 1.5	2.7 1.5	
Craft and related workers	24.0	11.99	32.8	33.4	33.7	11.94
Industrial machinery repairers	2.3	1.16	3.2	3.2	3.3	1
Maintenance repairers, general utility	1.7	.83	2.3	2.3	2.4	1
Blue-collar worker supervisors	5.7 3.6	2.85 1.81	7.8 5.0	8.0 5.1	8.0 5.1	
Operatives	43.5	21.76	55.8	56.9	57.4	20.32
Production packagers	16.8	8.43	23.2	23.6	23.8	1
Industrial truck operators	1.6	.81	2.2	2.3	2.3	.81
Miscellaneous machine operatives, chemicals and allied products	12.9 1.2	6.45 .58	17.7 1.6	18.1 1.6	18.2 1.6	1
Service workers	6.9	3.47	8.5	8.7	8.7	3.10
Building custodians	4.0	2.00	4.5	4.6	4.6	1
Guards	1.2	.61	1.7	1.7	1.7	
_aborers, except farm	11.8	5.91	13.1	13.3	13.4	4.76
Animal caretakers	1.1	.56	1.5	1.6	1.6	.56
Industrial organic chemicals						
Total, all occupations	174.3	100.00	218.2	222.9	224.1	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	41.6	23.84	55.8	57.0	57.3	
Chemical engineers	6.3	3.60	8.2	8.4	8.4	3.76
Industrial engineers	1.1	.62	1.3	1.4	1.4	
Mechanical engineers	2.4 5.8	1.40 3.30	3.0 7.2	3.1 7.4	3.1 7.4	1.38
Mechanical engineering technicians	1.2	.71	2.2	2.2	2.2	
Computer systems analysts	1.0	.60	2.2	2.2	2.2	
Accountants and auditors	2.2	1.25	2.7	2.8	2.8	1.24
Managers, officials, and proprietors	16.7	9.56	22.7	23.2	23.3	10.41
Sales workers	2.4	1.39	2.8	2.8	2.8	1.27
Clerical workers	21.4	12.31	29.2	29.8	30.0	13.37
Accounting clerks	2.0	1.17	2.5	2.6	2.6	1
General clerks, office	1.9	1.12	5.1	5.3	5.3	2.36

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Percei
	Number	rercent	Low	Moderate	High	reicei
Industrial agencie chamicale Cantinued						
Industrial organic chemicals—Continued						
Secretaries	5.3 1.1	3.04	6.6 1.4	6.7 1.4	6.8 1.4	
Typists	1.3	.75	1.6	1.7	1.7	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	1.2	.70	1.5	1.5	1.5	.6
Craft and related workers	39.4	22.60	47.8	48.8	49.1	21.9
Electricians	2.4	1.39	3.0	3.1	3.1	1.3
Plumbers and pipefitters	4.2	2.40	5.6	5.7	5.8	
Instrument repairers	2.6	1.50	3.2	3.3	3.3	
Industrial machinery repairers	3.4	1.94	4.2	4.3	4.3	1.9
Maintenance repairers, general utility	2.8	1.59	3.4	3.5	3.5	1.5
Millwrights	1.6 1.5	.94	2.0	2.1	2.1	9. 8.
Machinists	10.1	.84 5.81	1.8 11.4	1.8 11.7	1.9 11.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	10.1	5.61	11.4	11.7	11.0	5.
peratives	42.7	24.48	49.3	50.4	50.7	22.
Welders and flamecutters	1.1	.65	1.4	1.4	1.4	
Production packagers	1.2	.68	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Industrial truck operators	1.0	.59	1.3	1.3	1.3	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, chemicals and allied products	33.0	18.94	38.5	39.4	39.6	17.0
ervice workers	2.8	1.63	3.5	3.6	3.6	1.
Building custodians	1.4	.82	1.8	1.8	1.8	
aborers, except farm	7.3	4.19	7.2	7.3	7.3	3.
Loaders, tank cars and trucks	1.4	.83	1.8	1.8	1.8	
Transportation, communications, and utilities						
Total, all occupations	5,719.8	100.00	6,721.7	6,923.8	7,053.2	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers	449.3	7.86	618.9	630.9	637.6	9.
Electrical engineers	46.4	.81	82.0	83.8	84.4	1
Electrical and electronic technicians	38.5	.67	71.0	73.0	73.6	1.
Airplane pilots	49.2	.86	65.8	66.7	67.4	
Announcers	44.0 34.7	.77 .61	55.0 45.6	55.5 46.6	55.6 47.4	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	514.4	8.99	664.1	683.2	694.7	
Postmasters and mail superintendents	28.3 26.7	.49 .47	22.6 16.8	24.4 18.0	25.0 19.4	
sales workers	140.5	2.46	233.7	238.6	239.9	3.
Travel agents	58.2	1.02	82.5	84.5	84.7	1.
elerical workers	1,904.0	33.29	2,038.6	2,115.9	2,148.9	30.
Accounting clerks	51.0	.89	56.0	57.5	58.3	
Bookkeepers, hand	36.1	.63	40.3	41.2	41.7	
Clerical supervisors	60.2	1.05	77.7	79.9	80.8	1.
Customer service representatives	88.9	1.56	120.4	123.8	124.8	1
Dispatchers, vehicle service or work	52.0	.91	63.5	65.1	66.5	
General clerks, office	186.0	3.25	232.5	238,8	242.3	
Postal mail carriers	234.1	4.09	206.0	222.7	227.7	
Postal service clerks	306.5	5.36	233.0	251.8	257.5	
Meter readers, utilities	28.5	.50	35.2	35.6	36.2	1
Reservation agents	52.9	.92	54.0	54.9	55.6	1
Ticket agents	49.3	.86	47.9	48.9	49.9	
Secretaries	84.5	1.48	107.8	110.1	111.7	
Typists	41.0	.72	43.8	45.0	45.4	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	41.9	.73	44.7	45.8	46.6	1

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alter	natives	
Occupation	Number	Devent		Number		Damas
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Transportation, communications, and utilities—Continued						
Central office operators	. 108.7	1.90	84.2	86.9	87.5	1.26
Directory assistance operators	. 37.5	.66	41.8	43.1	43.4	.62
Craft and related workers	. 1,080.8	18.90	1,243.8	1,278.8	1,302.1	18.47
Aircraft mechanics		.92	65.3	66.1	66.8	
Automotive mechanics		1	50.8	52.2	53.7	
Communications equipment mechanics Central office repairers			91.8 47.4	94.8 48.9	95.4 49.2	
Diesel mechanics		.86	60.1	61.7	63.3	1 .
Cable splicers			52.1	53.6	54.0	1
Line installers, repairers			108.6	110.9	111.8	
Railroad car repairers		.42	18.4	19.7	21.2	
Installers, repairers, section maintainers	. 74.0	1.29	94.9	98.0	98.6	1.42
Station installers			69.3	71.5	72.0	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	. 147.6	2.58	180.9	186.2	189.8	2.69
Operatives	. 1,043.6	18.24	1,245.6	1,280.3	1,318.3	18.49
Busdrivers, local and intercity			158.8	165.5	177.2	
Industrial truck operators		.55	33.6	34.6	35.2	
Railroad brake operators			46.6	49.9	53.7	1
Sailors and deckhands		1	26.7	28.0	28.3	
Taxi drivers Delivery and route workers		1.30	19.2 96.9	20.0 98.9	21.5 100.6	
Truck drivers			750.7	766.7	781.3	
TIGOR GITTOIS	. 070.0	10.07	700.7	700.7	701.0	11.07
Service workers			175.7	179.8	182.8	1
Building custodiansFlight attendants			46.2 67.3	47.5 68.2	48.3 68.9	
Laborers, except farm	433.5	7.58	501.2	516.3	528.8	7.46
Helpers, trades		.59	34.6	35.8	37.1	1
Line service attendants		.53	40.9	41.4	41.8	1
Trucking, local, long distance, and terminals ¹						-
Total, all occupations	. 1,120.8	100.00	1,459.1	1,489.7	1,516.2	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	9.7	.87	12.7	12.9	13.2	.87
Accountants and auditors		.51	7.4	7.6	7.7	1
Personnel and labor relations specialists	. 1.4	.12	1.8	1.8	1.9	.12
Managers, officials, and proprietors	. 73.2	6.53	100.4	102.5	104.3	6.88
Sales workers	. 9.8	.88	12.8	13.0	13.3	.87
Crating and moving estimators		.51	7.4	7.5	7.7	
Clerical workers	. 175.1	15.62	218.9	223.5	227.5	15.00
Adjustment clerks			5.2	5.3	5.4	
Accounting clerks	. 3.5		4.0	4.1	4.2	
Bookkeepers, hand			12.2	12.5	12.7	
Cashiers			4.5	4.6	4.7	.31
Clerical supervisors		.30 2.41	4.4 35.2	4.5 35.9	4.6	
File clerks			1.5	1.5	36.6 1.6	1
General clerks, office			47.7	48.7	49.6	1
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators			10.5	10.7	10.9	
	. 1.4		3.0	3.0	3.1	.20
Computer operators						.03
Data entry operators		.17	.4	.4	.4	1
	. 2.4	.21	3.1 10.7	3.1 10.9	3.2 11.1	.21

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	atives	
Occupation	Number	Doront		Number		D
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Trucking, local, long distance, and terminals¹—Continued						
Secretaries	14.9	1.33	17.5	17.9	18.2	1.20
Typists	3.7	.33	3.8	3.9	4.0	.26
Shipping and receiving clerks	5.1	.45	5.6	5.7	5.8	.39
Shipping packers	9.4	.84	11.3	11.6	11.8	.78
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	8.8	.78	9.5	9.7	9.9	.6
Switchboard operators/receptionists	1.1	.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	.10
Traffic agents	8.8	.79	11.5	11.7	12.0	.7
raft and related workers	80.7	7.20	105.2	107.4	109.3	7.2
Automotive body repairers	1.2	.10	1.5	1.5	1.6	.1
Automotive mechanics	13.4	1.20	17.5	17.9	18.2	1.20
Diesel mechanics	38.4	3.42	50.0	51.1	52.0	3.4
Maintenance repairers, general utility	1.3	.12	1.7	1.8	1.8	.1
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators	2.3	.21	3.1	3.1	3.2	.2
Operatives	618.3	55.17	802.5	819.4	833.9	55.0
Welders and flamecutters	1.1	.09	1.4	1.4	1.5	.10
Industrial truck operators	9.2	.82	10.4	10.6	10.8	.7
Delivery and route workers	67.1	5.98	87.3	89.2	90.8	5.9
Truck drivers	534.8	47.72	695.3	709.9	722.5	
Tire changers and repairers	1.4	.12	1.8	1.8	1.8	.1
Service workers	10.0	.89	13.0	13.3	13.5	.8
Building custodians	6.9	.62	9.0	9.2	9.4	
Guards	1.9	.17	2.5	2.5	2.5	.17
aborers, except farm	144.0	12.85	193.6	197.7	201.2	13.2
Telephone communication						
Total, all occupations	1,063.8	100.00	1,306.1	1,348.7	1,357.1	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	68.6	6.45	104.7	108.2	108.8	8.0
Electrical engineers	15.9	1.50	32.8	33.8	34.1	2.5
Industrial engineers	2.4	.23	3.9	4.1	4.1	.3
Mechanical engineers	1.6	.15	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1
Drafters	4.5	.42	3.7	3.8	3.8	.2
Electrical and electronic technicians	7.3	.69	13.7	14.2	14.3	1.0
Computer programmers	3.3	.31	4.1	4.3	4.3	.3
Computer systems analysts	3.5	.33	6.6	6.8	6.8	.5
Accountants and auditors Personnel and labor relations specialists	5.5 4.9	.51 .46	7.7 6.0	8.0 6.2	8.0 6.3	.5
Managers, officials, and proprietors	100.1	9.41	133.1	137.4	138.3	10.1
Sales workers	18.6	1.75	34.6	35.7	35.9	
Clerical workers	496.4	46.66	590.0	609.2	613.1	45.1
Accounting clerks	15.9	1.50	17.7	18.2	18.4	1.3
Bookkeepers, hand	2.7	.25	3.3	3.4	3.4	.2
Cashiers	5.5	.51	9.6	9.9	10.0	.7
Cellectors bill and account	31.0	2.92	43.1	44.5	44.8	
Collectors, bill and account	2.5	.23	3.0	3.1	3.2	.2
Customer service representatives	64.6	6.07	89.3	92.2	92.8	6.8
Dispatchers, vehicle service or work	8.8	.82	10.8	11.1	11.2	
File clerks	3.5	.33	3.3	3.4	3.4	.2
		4.64	69.5	71.8	72.2	5.3
General clerks, office	49.3			0.1		
General clerks, office	2.4	.23	3.0	3.1	3.1	.2
General clerks, office			3.0 6.8 4.7	3.1 7.1 4.9	3.1 7.1 4.9	.5

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Darras
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Perce
Telephone communication—Continued						
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	2.0	0.19	2.5	2.6	2.6	1
Personnel clerks	2.7	.25	3.3	3.4	3.4	.2
Production clerks	19.4	1.82	26.8	27.7	27.9	2.
Secretaries	11.0	1.04	13.2	13.6	13.7	1.
Stenographers	6.9	.65	8.6	8.8	8.9	
Typists	14.8	1.39	15.3	15.8	15.9	1.
Statistical clerks	15.1	1.42	16.6	17.2	17.3	1.
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	7.3	.69	8.0	8.3	8.3	
Central office operators Directory assistance operators	107.7 37.5	10.12 3.52	82.8 41.7	85.5 43.1	86.0 43.4	
raft and related workers	361.3	33.97	423.5	437.4	440.1	32.
Automotive mechanics	3.4	.32	4.1	4.3	4.3	32.
Central office repairers	50.1	4.71	47.2	48.7	49.0	3.
Frame wirers	13.1	1.23	16.1	16.6	16.7	1
Trouble locators, test desk	18.9	1.78	15.7	16.2	16.3	1
Cable installers	4.1	.39	5.1	5.2	5.3	
Cable repairers	9.5	.90	11.8	12.1	12.2	
Cable splicers	36.0	3.38	44.3	45.8	46.1	3
Line installers, repairers	19.1	1.79	21.6	22.3	22.4	1
Radio and television service technicians	4.4	.42	5.5	5.6	5.7	
Installers, repairers, section maintainers	69.6	6.54	85.0	87.8	88.3	6
Station installers	58.2	5.47	67.7	69.9	70.3	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	49.0	4.61	68.2	70.4	70.9	5
Stationary engineers	2.1	.19	1.8	1.8	1.8	
peratives	4.0	.37	4.9	5.1	5.1	
ervice workers	12.6	1.18	12.6	13.0	13.1	
Building custodians	9.8	.92	9.1	9.4	9.5	
aborers, except farm	2.2	.21	2.7	2.8	2.8	
Radio and television broadcasting				100		
Total, all occupations	216.4	100.00	352.0	354.6	355.9	100.
rofessional, technical, and related workers	113.5	52.46	157.9	159.1	159.6	44.
Electrical engineers	9.3	4.29	16.5	16.6	16.7	4
Broadcast technicians	14.0	6.47	17.4	17.6	17.6	1
Electrical and electronic technicians	1.8	.85	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Commercial and graphic artists and designers	1.5	.70	2.5	2.5	2.5	
Photographers	3.1	1.43	4.7	4.7	4.7	1
Announcers	43.9	20.31	55.0	55.4	55.6	15
Broadcast news analysts	8.8	4.05	12.0	12.1	12.1	3
Reporters and correspondents	6.5	3.01	8.5	8.6	8.6	2
Writers and editors	5.4	2.49	9.6	9.7	9.7	2
Writers, artists, entertainers, nec.	6.1	2.83	6.7	6.8	6.8	1
Accountants and auditors	1.2	.55	3.5	3.6	3.6	1
anagers, officials, and proprietors	36.8	17.02	74.2	74.8	75.0	21
ales workers	25.2	11.63	62.6	63.0	63.3	17
erical workers	35.1	16.22	50.3	50.7	50.9	14
Bookkeepers, hand	3.6	1.66	3.9	3.9	3.9	1.
General clerks, office	1.4	.63	2.3	2.3	2.3	
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators	1.8	.83	2.9	3.0	3.0	
Proportionists				/ · · · · ·		1.
Receptionists	2.5 9.0	1.16 4.15	4.1 11.8	11.9	4.2 11.9	3.

E-1. Employment in selected industries and occupations, 1982 and projected 1995 alternatives—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation	Number	Dozoont		Number		Davage
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Radio and television broadcasting—Continued	42.172					
	4.5	0.60			4.4	0.40
Typists		0.69	1.4 1.7	1.4 1.7	1.4 1.7	.47
Traffic clerks		3.29	10.4	10.5	10.5	
Craft and related workers	1.7	.76	2.7	2.7	2.7	.77
Operatives	4	.17	.6	.6	.6	.18
Sandan washara	0.5	1.60	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Service workers			3.3 2.5	3.3 2.5	3.3 2.5	
		1.00	2.0	2.0	2.0	.,,
Laborers, except farm	3	.13	.5	.5	.5	.13
Wholesale and retail trade				, 8.2		
Total, all occupations	20,551.0	100.00	26,046.1	26,838.0	27,191.7	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	777.5	3.78	1,013.4	1,045.0	1,057.9	3.89
Electrical and electronic technicians			122.9	125.2	125.6	
Pharmacists	82.5	.40	104.3	109.0	111.3	.41
Designers			87.7	91.3	93.0	
Accountants and auditors			133.2 286.8	137.1 297.2	138.6 301.8	
Managara officials and proprietors	1 010 7	9.34	2 505 0	2.669.9	2,708.3	9.95
Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers			2,585.0 452.9	458.5	461.1	1.71
Sales managers, retail trade		1.27	334.6	344.4	348.0	1
Store managers			1,018.9	1,064.9	1,087.9	3.97
Wholesalers			256.1	260.9	261.8	.97
Sales workers	4,460.0	21.70	5,480.6	5,685.4	5,778.8	21.18
Sales representatives, nontechnical			724.3	743.1	749.4	
Sales representatives, technical			1,651.9 3,027.8	1,706.7 3,155.7	1,729.7 3,218.3	6.36
					5,640.3	20.71
Clerical workers		1	5,374.8 184.7	5,559.2 190.3	192.5	
Bookkeepers, hand		1.90	439.2	453.7	460.1	1
Cashiers			1,821.2	1,894.1	1,929.9	
General clerks, office			730.7	754.1	763.6	
Bookkeeping and billing operators			89.0	91.2	91.9	
Data entry operators			44.9	46.2	46.6	
Order clerks			194.8 286.5	199.7 294.3	201.3 297.1	
Typists			74.9	76.9	77.5	
Shipping and receiving clerks			210.2	216.3	218.5	
Shipping packers			167.6	171.4	172.5	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse			582.7 52.7	602.5 54.1	610.9 54.6	
Craft and related workers			1,836.4 563.6	1,901.6 588.0	1,929.9 599.6	
Computer service technicians		1	75.2	76.6	76.8	
Diesel mechanics		1	80.6	82.5	83.1	1
Maintenance repairers, general utility			109.2	111.7	112.4	1
Office machine repairers			83.6	85.3	85.7	1
Bakers		.24	59.8	62.3	63.6	.23
Blue-collar worker supervisors		1	161.6	165.9	167.4	1
Tailors	41.2	.20	57.2	59.7	61.0	.22

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation		_		Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percei
Wholesale and retail trade—Continued						
Operatives	1,832.1	8.91	2,101.7	2,177.2	2,209.9	8.1
Baggers	242.3	1.18	219.4	229.0	233.7	.8
Production packagers	89.9	.44	103.0	106.7	108.4	.4
Industrial truck operators	69.2	.34	82.8	84.9	85.5	.3
Delivery and route workers	439.8	2.14	522.5	537.9	543.8	2.0
Truck drivers	335.2	1.63	407.7	419.0	423.0	
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	354.5	1.73	391.6	412.1	422.1	1.
Tire changers and repairers	57.1	.28	80.1	83.6	85.3	
ervice workers	4,710.0 304.4	22.92	6,225.3	6,321.2 365.8	6,366.5 370.6	
Building custodians		1.48 1.18	355.5 331.6	335.7	370.6	
Bartenders	242.3 172.9	.84	155.3	161.4	164.3	1
Cooks, restaurant	267.1	1.30	384.7	389.7	392.0	
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods	386.6	1.88	506.7	513.6	516.8	
Food preparation and service workers, fast food restaurants		3.86	1,072.8	1,086.2	1,092.5	1
Hosts/hostesses, restaurants, lounges, and coffee shops	93.8	.46	126.9	128.5	129.2	
Kitchen helpers	411.9	2.00	586.5	594.6	598.5	2.
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers	57.0	.28	76.1	77.2	77.7	
Waiters and waitresses	1,364.4	6.64	1,791.6	1,815.4	1,826.7	
Waiters' assistants	194.3	.95	240.2	243.2	244.6	
aborers, except farm	1,248.9	6.08	1,429.0	1,478.6	1,500.2	
Order fillers	247.0	1.20	283.7	289.9	291.5	
Stock clerk, sales floor	596.9	2.90	681.0	710.8	725.6	2.0
Wholesale trade						
Total, all occupations	5,293.6	100.00	6,356.2	6,474.4	6,495.3	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers	359.9	6.80	466.9	475.5	477.1	
Electrical engineers	11.7	.22	16.0	16.3	16.3	1
Industrial engineers		.13	8.0	8.2	8.2	1
Mechanical engineers	9.4	.18	11.3	11.5	11.5	1
Electrical and electronic technicians	90.9	1.72	121.5 24.9	123.7 25.4	124.1 25.4	1
Computer programmers	25.1	.47	37.7	38.4	38.5	
Accountants and auditors	61.6	1.16	79.5	80.9	81.2	1
Buyers, retail and wholesale trade	72.3	1.37	88.8	90.4	90.7	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	483.4	9.13	606.7	617.9	619.9	9.
Sales managers, retail trade	153.8	2.90	198.0	201.7	202.3	
Store managers	3.4 202.5	.06 3.82	4.2 255.3	4.3 260.1	4.3 260.9	
ales workers	1,093.4 410.4	20.66 7.75	1,394.7 517.3	1,420.6 526.9	1,425.2 528.7	1
Sales representatives, nontechnical	561.5	10.61	722.0	735.4	737.8	
Sales clerks	116.3	2.20	148.8	151.5	152.0	1
elerical workers	1,530.7	28.92	1,750.2	1,782.7	1,788.5	27.
Accounting clerks	90.2	1.70	98.3	100.1	100.4	1
Bookkeepers, hand	114.6	2.17	123.8	126.1	126.5	
Cashiers	36.0	.68	52.5	53.4	53.6	
Clerical supervisors	9.2	.17	10.8	11.0	11.1	1
General clerks, office	289.1	5.46	353.3	359.9	361.1	1
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators	57.7 6.5	1.09	68.2 7.8	69.5 8.0	69.7 8.0	
Data entry operators	36.0	.12 .68	7.6 27.5		28.1	1
Duta Vita j Upolatolo	1 30.0	.00	21.5	20.0	20.1	

E-1. Employment in selected industries and occupations, 1982 and projected 1995 alternatives—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation				Number		_
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Perce
Wholesale trade—Continued			- iles, i	1-2		
Order clerks	120.5	2.28	143.5	146.2	146.7	2.2
Receptionists		.34	21.5	21.9	22.0	
Secretaries		2.90	184.8	188.2	188.8	
Typists		.95	54.3	55.3	55.5	
Shipping and receiving clerks		2.19	128.1	130.4	130.9	
Shipping packers		2.41	140.9	143.6	144.0	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse		4.15	232.7	237.0	237.8	
Switchboard operators/receptionists		.56	35.9	36.6	36.7	
			7.2			1
Switchboard operators		.13	14.8	7.3 15.1	7.3 15.1	
att and related wardens	547.0	40.00	000.4	744	7407	40
raft and related workers		10.33	698.4	711.4	713.7	
Automotive mechanics		1.48	90.9	92.6	92.9	
Computer service technicians		.78	74.7	76.1	76.4	1
Diesel mechanics		1.05	65.1	66.3	66.5	1
Engineering equipment mechanics		.72	39.9	40.7	40.8	
Farm equipment mechanics		.30	15.8	16.1	16.1	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	72.7	1.37	90.0	91.6	91.9	1.
Office machine repairers	43.7	.83	77.2	78.6	78.8	1.
Machinists		.16	10.7	10.9	11.0	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	90.7	1.71	110.5	112.5	112.9	1.
peratives	717.0	13.54	828.2	843.6	846.3	13
Welders and flamecutters	8.7	.16	9.9	10.1	10.2	
Production packagers		.50	29.2	29.8	29.9	
Industrial truck operators		1.03	63.2	64.4	64.6	
Delivery and route workers		4.54	279.5	284.7	285.6	
Truck drivers		4.37	271.6	276.7	277.6	
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators		.73	46.7	47.5	47.7	
ervice workers	88.4	1.67	95.0	96.8	97.1	1.
Building custodians		1.00	56.2	57.3	57.4	1
Butchers and meat cutters		.45	25.3	25.8	25.9	
aborers, except farm	473.7	8.95	516.2	525.8	527.5	8.
Conveyor operators and tenders		.26	16.3	16.6	16.7	
Helpers, trades		.09	5.8	6.0	6.0	
Order fillers		4.12	249.0	253.7	254.5	
Motor vehicles and auto parts and supplies						
Total, all occupations	413.0	100.00	584.6	595.5	597.4	100.
rofessional, technical, and related workers	17.0	4.12	27.1	27.6	27.7	4.
Computer programmers		.34	2.4	2.4	2.4	
Computer systems analysts	1.4		2.4	2.4	2.4	
Accountants and auditors		1.13	7.7	7.8	7.8	
Buyers, retail and wholesale trade		1.49	9.5	9.7	9.8	
lanagers, officials, and proprietors	41.7	10.09	61.8	63.0	63.2	10
			21.2	21.6	21.7	
Sales managers, retail trade			28.5	29.0	29.1	1
oloo workoro	00.5	20.64	100.0	100.1	400 5	000
ales workers		22.64	133.6	136.1	136.5	
Sales representatives, nontechnical		6.79	40.0	40.7	40.9	
Sales representatives, technical			64.8	66.0	66.2	
Sales clerks	19.7	4.76	28.0	28.6	28.7	4.
lerical workers			161.8	164.8	165.4	
Accounting clerks	7.0	1.70	8.1	8.2	8.2	1.

(Numbers in thousands)

Motor vehicles and auto parts and supplies—Continued Bookkeepers, hand	10.2 3.8 5.4 4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	2.48 .91 1.31 .99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66 .44	12.6 6.4 6.5 2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5 2.6	Number Moderate 12.9 6.5 6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1 27.0	High 12.9 6.6 6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9	1.10 1.11 .40
Motor vehicles and auto parts and supplies—Continued Bookkeepers, hand	10.2 3.8 5.4 4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	2.48 .91 1.31 .99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	12.6 6.4 6.5 2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	12.9 6.5 6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	12.9 6.6 6.6 2.4 11.4	2.16 1.10 1.11
Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers Bookkeeping and billing operators Data entry operators Secretaries Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	3.8 5.4 4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	.91 1.31 .99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	6.4 6.5 2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	6.5 6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	6.6 6.6 2.4 11.4	1.10 1.11 .40
Cashiers Bookkeeping and billing operators Data entry operators Secretaries Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	3.8 5.4 4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	.91 1.31 .99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	6.4 6.5 2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	6.5 6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	6.6 6.6 2.4 11.4	1.10 1.11 .40
Bookkeeping and billing operators Data entry operators Secretaries Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	5.4 4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	1.31 .99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	6.5 2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	6.6 2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	6.6 2.4 11.4	1.11
Data entry operators Secretaries Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	4.1 8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	.99 2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	2.4 11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	2.4 11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	2.4 11.4	.40
Secretaries Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	8.6 2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	2.09 .65 2.77 1.68 5.66	11.2 2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	11.4 2.9 18.2 8.1	11.4	
Typists Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Bervice workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	2.7 11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	.65 2.77 1.68 5.66	2.8 17.9 8.0 26.5	2.9 18.2 8.1		1.9
Shipping and receiving clerks Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	11.5 7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	2.77 1.68 5.66 .44	17.9 8.0 26.5	18.2 8.1		
Shipping packers Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	7.0 23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	1.68 5.66 .44	8.0 26.5	8.1	18.3	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	23.4 1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	5.66	26.5		8.1	
Switchboard operators/receptionists Craft and related workers Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Deparatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians _aborers, except farm Stock handlers	1.8 62.8 2.0 26.6 15.1	.44			27.0	
Automotive body repairers Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Deratives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	2.0 26.6 15.1			2.6	2.6	1
Automotive mechanics Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	26.6 15.1	15.21	89.9	91.6	91.9	
Diesel mechanics Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	15.1	.48	2.8	2.9	2.9	
Maintenance repairers, general utility Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Describes Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Bervice workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers		6.44	37.2	37.9	38.0	
Machinists Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers		3.66	21.6	22.0 5.0	22.0 5.1	
Blue-collar worker supervisors Operatives	3.5 2.9	.84 .70	5.0	4.2	4.2	.85
Transport equipment operatives Industrial truck operators Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	7.9	1.92	4.1 12.4	12.6	12.6	
Industrial truck operators	42.1	10.20	64.0	65.1	65.4	10.94
Delivery and route workers Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	30.3	7.35	47.2	48.0	48.2	8.06
Truck drivers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	2.6	.63	3.7	3.8	3.8	
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	17.5	4.24	27.9	28.4	28.5	
Miscellaneous machine operatives, nonmanufacturing Tire changers and repairers Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	9.3	2.26	14.3	14.6	14.6	
Service workers Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	3.3	.79	4.7	4.8	4.8	1
Building custodians Laborers, except farm Stock handlers	1.5 2.2	.37 .54	2.2 3.2	2.2 3.3	2.2 3.3	
Building custodians	4.2	1.02	6.0	6.1	6.1	1.02
Stock handlers	3.6	.88	5.2	5.3	5.3	
	27.9	6.75	40.5	41.2	41.3	
	18.7	4.54	28.6	29.1	29.2	4.89
Machinery, equipment, and supplies						
Total, all occupations	1,344.9	100.00	1,630.8	1,661.2	1,666.5	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	154.5	11.49	203.5	207.2	207.9	12.48
Electrical engineers	4.0	.30	6.5	6.6	6.7	.40
Industrial engineers	3.3	.24	3.9	4.0	4.0	
Mechanical engineers	5.4	.40	6.6	6.7	6.7	
Drafters	2.5	.19	2.4	2.4	2.4	
Electrical and electronic technicians	62.7	4.67	83.9	85.4	85.7	5.14
Computer programmers	5.5	.41 1.26	8.3 23.7	8.5 24.2	8.5 24.3	
Computer systems analysts	16.9 15.2	1.13	20.4	20.7	20.8	
Accountants and auditors Buyers, retail and wholesale trade	15.2	1.13	18.4	18.7	18.8	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	117.2	8.72	153.4	156.3	156.8	9.41
Sales managers, retail trade	39.2	2.92	52.4	53.4	53.6	3.22
Wholesalers	38.2	2.84	51.2	52.1	52.3	3.14
Sales workers	275.6	20.49	360.3	367.0	368.2	
	154.9 96.8	11.52 7.19	202.9 128.4	206.7 130.8	207.3 131.2	
Sales representatives, technical	23.9	1.78	28.9	29.5	29.6	
Clerical workers	347.6	25.85	373.3	380.3	381.5	22.89
Accounting clerks		1.62	21.5	21.9	22.0	1

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation	Al-mah an	B		Number		D
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Machinery, equipment, and supplies—Continued			- A	4		
Bookkeepers, hand	25.7	1.91	24.6	25.1	25.1	1.51
Cashiers		.34	6.3	6.4	6.4	.39
General clerks, office		5.67	87.9	89.5	89.8	5.39
Bookkeeping and billing operators		1.01	16.5 4.4	16.8 4.5	16.8 4.5	1.01
Data entry operators		.51 .41	6.7	6.8	4.5 6.8	.27
Secretaries		3.50	53.0	54.0	54.2	
Typists		1.08	14.7	14.9	15.0	1
Shipping and receiving clerks		1.64	21.8	22.2	22.3	
Shipping packers		1.39	19.4	19.8	19.8	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse		2.93	40.2	41.0	41.1	2.47
Switchboard operators/receptionists		.62	10.1	10.3	10.4	.62
Craft and related workers		21.97	383.7	390.8	392.1	23.53
Plumbers and pipefitters		.17	2.7	2.7	2.8	
Mechanics, repairers, and installers		18.32	325.8	331.9	333.0	
Automotive mechanics		2.87	38.6	39.3	39.5	
Computer service technicians		2.84	70.9	72.2	72.4	
Diesel mechanics		2.62	37.8	38.5	38.6	
Engineering equipment mechanics		2.66 1.14	36.8	37.5	37.6	
Industrial machinery repairers		.26	15.4 4.3	15.7 4.4	15.7 4.4	
Maintenance repairers, general utility			36.5	37.2	37.3	
Office machine repairers		2.95	72.1	73.4	73.7	
Machinists		.29	4.7	4.8	4.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors		1.80	28.1	28.6	28.7	1
Crane, derrick, and hoist operators		.20	3.3	3.4	3.4	1
Opticians, dispensing and optical mechanics		.15	2.0	2.0	2.0	.12
Operatives		5.71	79.4	80.9	81.2	
Welders and flamecutters		.30	4.8	4.9	4.9	
Chauffeurs		.09	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Industrial truck operators		.36	5.8	6.0	6.0	
Delivery and route workers		1.55	20.4	20.7	20.8	
Truck drivers	23.6	1.76	25.4	25.9	26.0	1.56
Service workers	24.4	1.82	23.2	23.6	23.7	1.42
Building custodians	23.2	1.73	21.7	22.1	22.1	1.33
Laborers, except farm		3.96	54.0	55.0	55.2	
Helpers, trades		.20	3.3	3.4	3.4	
Order fillers	31.0	2.30	32.3	32.9	33.0	1.98
Retail trade						
Total, all occupations	15,257.4	100.00	19,689.9	20,363.6	20,696.4	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	417.6	2.74	546.5	569.4	580.8	2.80
Pharmacists	82.1	.54	103.9	108.6	110.9	.53
Designers		.41	79.9	83.3	85.0	1
Accountants and auditors		.26	53.8	56.2	57.4	
Buyers, retail and wholesale trade	150.9	.99	198.0	206.8	211.1	1.02
Managers, officials, and proprietors		9.41	1,978.3	2,051.9	2,088.4	
Auto parts department managers		.22	50.1	52.4	53.5	1
Auto service department managers		.28	63.7	66.6	68.0	
Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers		2.05	452.9	458.5	461.1	
Sales managers, retail trade		.70	136.6	142.7	145.7	
Stare managers						
Store managers		5.04 1.11	1,014.7 259.5	1,060.7 270.3	1,083.6 275.7	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	atives	
Occupation				Number		_
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Retail trade—Continued						
Sales workers	3,366.6	22.07	4,085.9	4,264.8	4,353.6	20.94
Sales representatives, nontechnical	173.0	1.13	206.9	216.2	220.8	1
Sales representatives, technical	758.8	4.97	929.9	971.3	991.9	
Sales clerks	2,379.0	15.59	2,879.0	3,004.2	3,066.3	14.7
Clerical workers	2,719.6	17.82	3,624.7	3,776.5	3,851.9	18.5
Accounting clerks	71.8	.47	86.4	90.2	92.0	
Bookkeepers, hand	276.6	1.81	315.5	327.6	333.6	1
Cashiers	1,247.3	8.17	1,768.8	1,840.6	1,876.3	9.04
Clerical supervisors	26.6	.17	37.0	38.7	39.5	
General clerks, office	282.8	1.85	377.4	394.2	402.5	
Order clerks	40.5	.27	51.3	53.6	54.7	.20
Secretaries	77.6	.51	101.7	106.1	108.3	1
Service clerks	22.1	.15	31.8	33.2	33.8	
Shipping and receiving clerks	71.5 20.8	.47	82.2 26.7	85.8 27.9	87.6 28.4	
Shipping packers	292.6	1.92	350.0	365.5	373.1	
Craft and related workers	806.5	5.29	1,138.0	1,190.2	1,216.2	5.84
Automotive body repairers	44.8	.29	68.1	71.2	72.7	3.8
Automotive mechanics	300.0	1.97	472.8	495.4	506.7	2.4
Bakers	46.9	.31	57.6	60.2	61.4	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	36.6	.24	51.1	53.3	54.5	1
Merchandise displayers and window trimmers	16.5	.11	26.3	27.4	28.0	1
Tailors	41.0	.27	57.0	59.5	60.7	.29
Operatives	1,115.1	7.31	1,273.5	1,333.6	1,363.5	6.55
Baggers	242.0	1.59	219.1	228.6	233.4	1
Production packagers	63.2	.41	73.8	76.9	78.5	1
Delivery and route workers	199.2	1.31	243.0	253.1	258.2	
Truck drivers	103.9	.68	136.0	142.3	145.4	1
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Tire changers and repairers	316.1 54.4	2.07	345.0 76.4	364.6 79.8	374.4 81.5	
Service workers	4,621.6	30.29	6,130.3	6,224.4	6,269.4	30.57
Building custodians	251.7	1.65	299.3	308.6	313.2	1.52
Food service workers	4,237.8	27.78	5,637.9	5,716.9	5,754.4	
Bakers, bread and pastry	22.7	.15	30.7	31.1	31.3	.15
Bartenders	242.2	1.59	331.6	335.7	337.7	1.65
Butchers and meat cutters	149.2	.98	130.0	135.6	138.4	.67
Cooks, restaurant	266.9	1.75	384.5	389.5	391.9	1
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods	386.2	2.53	506.1	513.0	516.3	
Food preparation and service workers, fast food restaurants	792.2	5.19	1,072.2	1,085.6	1,092.0	
Hosts/hostesses, restaurants, lounges, and coffee shops	93.8 411.4	2.70	126.9 586.0	128.4 594.1	129.2 597.9	
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers	56.3	.37	75.3	76.4	76.9	.38
Waiters and waitresses	1,363.8	8.94	1,790.9	1,814.7	1,826.0	1
Waiters' assistants	194.2	1.27	240.1	243.1	244.5	1
All other food service workers	257.9	1.69	362.5	368.4	371.3	1.81
Supervisors, nonworking, service	42.5	.28	58.2	59.1	59.6	.29
Laborers, except farm	775.2	5.08	912.8	952.8	972.7	4.68
Cleaners, vehicle	43.5	.28	62.0	64.9	66.3	.32
Order fillers	28.6	.19	34.6	36.2	37.0	.18
Stock clerk, sales floor	595.0	3.90	678.7	708.5	723.3	3.48

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2		1995 alterr	lauves	
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Percent
	Number	reiceili	Low	Moderate	High	reiceili
Department stores						
Total, all occupations	. 1,884.8	100.00	2,829.8	2,954.6	3,016.1	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	. 69.7	3.70	111.0	115.9	118.3	3.92
Computer programmers		.08	2.2	2.3	2.3	
Commercial and graphic artists and designers		.20	5.7	6.0	6.1	
Designers		.14	4.8	5.0	5.1	
Accountants and auditors		.21	5.9	6.2	6.3	
Buyers, retail and wholesale trade		1.89	59.3 11.3	61.9 11.8	63.1 12.0	
reisonner and labor relations specialists	. 7.5	.40	11.3	11.0	12.0	.40
Managers, officials, and proprietors		6.44	215.4	224.9	229.5	
Sales managers, retail trade		1.20	33.9	35.4	36.1	
Store managers	. 30.7	1.63	53.0	55.3	56.5	1.87
Sales workers		45.60	1,254.7	1,310.0	1,337.2	1
Sales representatives, nontechnical		.77	18.6	19.4	19.8	
Sales representatives, technical		6.62 35.75	176.4 999.1	184.2 1,043.2	188.0 1,064.9	
Calco cicino			555.1	1,040.2	1,004.5	00.01
Clerical workers		26.02	758.3	791.8	808.2	
Adjustment clerks		.83	23.6	24.6	25.1	.83
Accounting clerks		1.00	25.3	26.4	26.9	
Bookkeepers, hand		.51	12.3	12.9	13.2	1
Cashiers		5.01 .88	179.4 24.8	187.3 25.9	191.2 26.4	
Clerical supervisors		.33	7.4	7.7	7.9	
Credit authorizers		.90	25.4	26.5	27.1	
File clerks		.26	5.3	5.5	5.7	
General clerks, office		2.45	77.3	80.7	82.3	
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators	. 3.6	.19	5.4	5.7	5.8	.19
Computer operators		.08	2.1	2.2	2.3	
Data entry operators		.32	8.8	9.2	9.4	
Peripheral EDP equipment operators		.10	2.8	2.9	2.9	
Order clerks			23.4	24.4	24.9	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.29 .26	8.2 7.4	8.6 7.7	8.7 7.9	
Personnel clerks		.65	18.7	19.5	20.0	
Typists		.24	4.9	5.1	5.2	
Service clerks		1.08	29.5	30.8	31.4	
Shipping and receiving clerks		.97	22.7	23.6	24.1	.80
Shipping packers		.67	17.0	17.8	18.2	1
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse		2.55	62.5	65.2	66.6	
Switchboard operators	. 11.1	.59	7.4	7.7	7.8	.26
Craft and related workers	. 92.0	4.88	137.9	144.0	147.0	4.87
Appliance installers and repairers	. 11.7		17.6		18.7	
Automotive mechanics			17.8		19.0	
Industrial machinery repairers		1	7.9		8.4	1
Blue-collar worker supervisors			13.6		14.5	1
Merchandise displayers and window trimmers Tailors		1	18.7 12.8	19.5 13.4	19.9 13.7	
		2.12	55.0	57.6	E0 0	1.95
Operatives Delivery and route workers		1	55.2 4.1	57.6 4.3	58.8 4.4	
Truck drivers			7.9		8.4	
Dressmakers, except factory			5.3		5.7	
Tire changers and repairers			13.2		14.1	1
Service workers	127.1	6.74	185.0	193.2	197.2	6.54
Building custodians			37.5		40.0	1
				1		1

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alter	natives	
Occupation	NI	D		Number		Damas
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Department stores—Continued						
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods	5.0	0.26	8.0	8.3	8.5	0.28
Kitchen helpers		.39	11.2	11.7	11.9	
Waiters and waitresses	12.1	.64	18.2	19.0	19.4	.64
Cosmetologists/women's hairstylists		.65	18.3	19.1	19.5	1
Guards		.39	20.1	21.0	21.4	.71
Store detectives		.92 .19	24.6 5.5	25.7 5.8	26.2 5.9	1
Laborers, except farm	84.9	4.51	112.3	117.3	119.7	3.97
Order fillers		.26	6.5	6.8	6.9	
Stock clerk, sales floor		3.46	83.7	87.4	89.2	2.96
Grocery stores						
Total, all occupations	2,163.4	100.00	2,458.0	2,564.8	2,617.9	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		1.81	44.5	46.4	47.3	1
Pharmacists		.06	1.5	1.6	1.6	
Buyers, retail and wholesale trade	33.7	1.56	38.2	39.9	40.7	1.56
Managers, officials, and proprietors		8.23	229.8	239.8	244.8	
Sales managers, retail trade		.09	2.3	2.4	2.4	.09
Store managers	150.0	6.94	191.2	199.5	203.6	7.78
Sales workers		11.03	238.7	249.0	254.2	
Sales representatives, technical		.06	1.4	1.4	1.5	1
Sales clerks	236.7	10.94	237.0	247.2	252.4	9.64
Clerical workers		37.36	1,023.2	1,067.7	1,089.8	
Accounting clerks	2.2 30.4	.10	2.5 32.5	2.7 34.0	2.7 34.7	
Bookkeepers, hand		1.40 29.67	838.7	875.2	893.3	
Clerical supervisors		.05	1.3	1.3	1.3	
General clerks, office		1.60	39.3	41.0	41.8	
Secretaries and stenographers		.42	11.1	11.6	11.8	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	83.0	3.84	91.0	94.9	96.9	3.70
Craft and related workers		1.40	34.3	35.8	36.6	1
Maintenance repairers, general utility		.05	1.2	1.3	1.3	
Bakers Blue-collar worker supervisors		1.10	27.0	28.2 2.6	28.8 2.7	1.10
Operatives		14.78	307.2	320.6	327.2	12.50
Baggers		11.06	215.7	225.1	229.7	8.77
Production packagers		2.31	56.9	59.4	60.6	
Industrial truck operators		.06	1.5	1.6	1.6	.06
Delivery and route workers		.33	8.2		8.7	
Truck drivers		.51 .40	12.5 9.8		13.3 10.4	
Service workers	174.0	8.04	159.2	166.1	169.6	6.48
Building custodians		1.05	25.7	26.8	27.4	
Butchers and meat cutters		6.09	111.2	116.0	118.4	1
Cooks, restaurant		.06	1.4	1.5	1.5	
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods		.12	2.9		3.1	.12
Kitchen helpers		.05	1.3	1.3	1.4	.05
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers		.09	2.3	2.4	2.4	.09
Waiters and waitresses		.13	3.3		3.5 2.1	1
Guarus	1.7	.08	2.0	2.0	2.1	.08

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation	Normalian	Downst		Number		D
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Grocery stores—Continued		77				
Laborers, except farm	375.3	17.35	421.0	439.3	448.4	17.13
Stock clerk, sales floor	363.2	16.79	407.2	424.9	433.7	16.57
Motor vehicle dealers (new and used)						
Total, all occupations	690.5	100.00	1,051.4	1,098.7	1,122.2	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	12.3	1.79	18.8	19.6	20.1	1.79
Accountants and auditors	12.1	1.76	18.5	19.3	19.7	1.76
Managers, officials, and proprietors	101.1	14.65	163.2	170.5	174.2	15.52
Auto parts department managers	22.3	3.23	34.5	36.0	36.8	3.28
Auto service department managers	29.0 44.7	4.20 6.48	45.7 75.1	47.8 78.5	48.8 80.1	4.35 7.14
Sales workers	154.6	22.39	222.8	232.8	237.8	21.19
Sales representatives, nontechnical	22.3	3.24	29.1	30.4	31.0	2.76
Sales representatives, technical	125.3 6.8	18.14	181.2 12.4	189.3 12.9	193.4 13.2	17.23 1.18
Clerical workers	109.4	15.84	151.3	158.1	161.5	14.39
Accounting clerks	13.0	1.88	15.0	15.6	16.0	1.42
Bookkeepers, hand	19.7	2.85	22.3	23.4	23.9	2.13
Cashiers	11.6	1.69	19.1	20.0	20.4	1.82
General clerks, office	25.4	3.67	38.6	40.4	41.2	3.67
Receptionists	1.2	.18	1.8	1.9	2.0	.18
Secretaries	5.4	.78	6.3	6.6	6.7	.60
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	21.6	3.13	31.6	33.0	33.7	3.01
Switchboard operators/receptionists	6.4 2.0	.92 .30	9.7 2.2	10.1	10.4 2.4	.92
Craft and related workers	220.4	31.93	358.5	374.6	382.7	34.10
Automotive body repairers	40.6	5.88	61.8	64.6	66.0	5.88
Automotive mechanics	153.8	22.28	257.1	268.6	274.4	24.45
Auto repair service estimators	8.0	1.16	12.1	12.7	13.0	1.16
Diesel mechanics	7.0	1.01	10.6	11.1	11.3	1.01
Blue-collar worker supervisors	10.3	1.48	15.6	16.3	16.7	1.48
Operatives	25.4	3.68	38.7	40.5	41.3	3.68
Painters, automotive	8.6	1.24	13.1	13.7	14.0	1.25
Delivery and route workers Truck drivers	6.3 3.1	.91 .44	9.6 4.7	10.0	10.2 5.0	.91
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	4.1	.60	6.3	6.6	6.7	.60
Service workers	19.2	2.77	29.0	30.3	31.0	2.76
Building custodians	18.6		28.4	29.6	30.3	2.70
Laborers, except farm	48.0		69.1	72.2	73.8	6.58
Cleaners, vehicle	36.6		51.7	54.1	55.2	4.92
Helpers, trades	9.3	1.35	14.1	14.8	15.1	1.35
Gasoline service stations	1					
Total, all occupations	550,4	100.00	695.3	735.5	755.6	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	3.2	1	4.0	4.2	4.3	
Accountants and auditors	2.9	.53	3.7	3.9	4.0	.53
Managers, officials, and proprietors	64.4	11.71	84.6	89.5	92.0	12.17

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 altern	atives	
Occupation	NI			Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Gasoline service stations—Continued						
		44.00	24.0	25.0		
Store managers	61.7	11.22	81.2	85.9	88.2	
Sales workers	2.0 1.0	.37 .19	2.3 1.1	2.4 1.2	2.5 1.2	
Clerical workers	68.1	12.37	122.0	129.1	132.6	17.5
Bookkeepers, hand	16.4	2.98	17.8	18.8	19.4	2.5
Cashiers	41.3	7.50	91.0	96.3	98.9	
General clerks, office	9.3	1.70	11.8	12.5	12.8	1.70
Craft and related workers	72.2	13.11	108.4	114.7	117.8	
Automotive mechanics	70.3	12.76	106.0	112.1	115.2	15.2
Operatives	315.9	57.39	342.9	362.8	372.7	49.3
Truck drivers	13.5	2.46	17.1	18.1	18.6	1
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	300.7	54.63	323.7	342.5	351.8	46.5
Service workers	22.0	3.99	27.8	29.4	30.2	3.9
Building custodians	1.3	.23	1.6	1.7	1.8	.23
Cooks, restaurant	1.1	.20	1.4	1.5	1.5	.2
Kitchen helpers	6.2	1.13	7.9	8.3	8.6	
Waiters and waitresses	10.9	1.99	13.8	14.6	15.0	1.9
aborers, except farm Cleaners, vehicle	2.7 1.5	.48	3.4 1.9	3.6 2.0	3.6 2.0	
all the second of the second o						
Eating and drinking places	4 791 4	100.00	6 472 6	6 551 5	6 500 6	100.0
Total, all occupations	4,781.4	100.00	6,472.6	6,551.5	6,588.6	
Total, all occupations	4,781.4 29.8 18.4	100.00 .62 .38	6,472.6 40.3 24.9	6,551.5 40.8 25.2	6,588.6 41.1 25.3	.6
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4	.62 .38	40.3 24.9	40.8 25.2	41.1 25.3	.6 .3
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers	29.8	.62	40.3	40.8	41.1	.6 .3 7.3
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2	.62 .38 6.88 6.51	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9	.6: .3: 7.3: 6.9:
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7	.62 .38 6.88	40.3 24.9 474.5	40.8 25.2 480.3	41.1 25.3 483.0	.6 .3 7.3 6.9
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0	.6 .3 7.3 6.9 1.0
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0	.62 .38 6.88 6.51	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1	.6 .3 7.3 6.9 1.0 1.0
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0	.6: .3: 7.3:
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6	.6.3 7.33 6.9 1.00 1.00 4.80 .00
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3	.6. .3 7.3 6.9 1.0 1.0 4.8 .0 1.0 3.4
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8	.6 .3 7.3 6.9 1.0 4.8 .0 1.0 3.4 .0
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3	.63 7.33 6.90 1.00 4.88 .04 1.00 3.44 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8	.6 .33 7.33 6.9 1.00 4.88 .00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3	.66 .33 7.33 6.99 1.00 4.88 .00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Deparatives Delivery and route workers	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6	.66 .37 7.33 6.99 1.00 4.88 .00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Deparatives Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 22.2 16.8 1.4	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9	.6 .3 7.3 6.9 1.0 1.0 4.8 .0 1.0 3.4 4 .0 .0 .0 .0
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Deparatives Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Service workers	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 22.2 16.8 1.4	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04 .46 .35 .03	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9 5.603.8	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9 5,635.6	.66 .37 7.33 6.99 1.00 4.88 .00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Deperatives Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Service workers Building custodians	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 22.2 16.8 1.4	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04 .46 .35 .03	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9 5,536.4 125.2	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9 5,603.8 126.7	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9 5,635.6 127.4	.66 .37 7.33 6.99 1.00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00
Total, all occupations	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 22.2 16.8 1.4	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04 46 .35 .03	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9 5,536.4 125.2 5,326.7	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9 5,603.8 126.7 5,391.6	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9 5,635.6 127.4 5,422.2	.66 .37 7.33 6.99 1.00 1.00 4.88 .00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Operatives Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Service workers Building custodians Food service workers Bakers, bread and pastry	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 4.1 22.2 16.8 1.4 4,112.9 107.1 3,944.9 22.0	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04 .46 .35 .03 86.02 2.24 82.51 .46	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9 5,536.4 125.2 5,326.7 29.8	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9 5,603.8 126.7 5,391.6 30.2	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9 5,635.6 127.4 5,422.2 30.4	.66 .37 7.33 6.90 1.00 4.88 .00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00
Total, all occupations Professional, technical, and related workers Musicians Managers, officials, and proprietors Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers Sales workers Sales clerks Clerical workers Accounting clerks Bookkeepers, hand Cashiers General clerks, office Secretaries Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse Craft and related workers Maintenance repairers, general utility Operatives Delivery and route workers Fuel pump attendants and lubricators Service workers Building custodians Food service workers	29.8 18.4 328.7 311.2 54.0 52.9 223.7 2.3 56.8 150.3 4.0 2.8 1.6 4.5 1.9 22.2 16.8 1.4	.62 .38 6.88 6.51 1.13 1.11 4.68 .05 1.19 3.14 .08 .06 .03 .09 .04 46 .35 .03	40.3 24.9 474.5 450.8 67.3 65.9 310.5 2.6 66.2 222.5 5.4 3.8 2.2 6.0 2.6 30.0 22.8 1.9 5,536.4 125.2 5,326.7	40.8 25.2 480.3 456.3 68.1 66.7 314.3 2.6 67.0 225.2 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.4 23.1 1.9 5,603.8 126.7 5,391.6	41.1 25.3 483.0 458.9 68.5 67.0 316.1 2.6 67.3 226.5 5.4 3.8 2.3 6.1 2.6 30.6 23.2 1.9 5,635.6 127.4 5,422.2	.66 .37 7.33 6.99 1.00 1.00 3.44 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00

(Numbers in thousands)

	1982		1995 alternatives				
Occupation	N			Number			
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percei	
Entine and deinking places. Continued							
Eating and drinking places—Continued							
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods		7.72	484.2	490.1	492.9	7.4	
Food preparation and service workers, fast food restaurants		16.37	1,061.6	1,074.5	1,080.6		
Hosts/hostesses, restaurants, lounges, and coffee shops		1.94 8.19	125.7 559.9	127.2 566.7	128.0 569.9		
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers		1.08	70.2	71.0	71.4		
Waiters and waitresses		27.60	1,735.8	1,757.0	1.766.9	:	
Waiters' assistants		4.03	238.0	240.9	242.2		
All other food service workers		4.61	315.2	319.0	320.8	1	
Supervisors, nonworking, service		.79	50.8	51.5	51.8		
aborers, except farm	5.5	.12	7.5	7.6	7.6		
Finance, insurance, and real estate							
Total, all occupations	5,350.3	100.00	7,081.6	7,173.9	7,290.3	100.	
rofessional, technical, and related workers	506.0	9.46	696.0	706.0	718.3	9.	
Actuaries		.10	7.3	7.4	7.5		
Computer programmers	1	.74	65.0	65.9	67.0		
Computer systems analysts		.58	54.9	55.7	56.6		
Financial analysts	14.9	.28	19.6	19.8	20.2		
Public relations specialists	9.9	.18	13.6	13.7	13.9		
Accountants and auditors	74.6	1.39	102.9	104.2	106.0	1.	
Brokers' floor reps and security traders		.20	13.0	13.1	13.4		
Claim examiners, property/casualty insurance		.38	26.1	26.6	27.0		
Credit analysts, chief		.16	11.9	12.0	12.2		
Credit analysts		.38	29.3	29.5	30.1		
Insurance investigators		.18	12.2	12.4	12.6	1	
Personnel and labor relations especialists		.18 .27	13.8 18.5	14.0 18.7	14.3 19.0		
Personnel and labor relations specialists		.14	10.5	10.7	10.8		
Special agents, insurance		.47	38.1	38.8	39.5	:	
Title examiners and abstractors		.19	15.2	15.7	16.1		
Underwriters		1.42	90.2	91.8	93.4		
lanagers, officials, and proprietors	912.8	17.06	1,268.5	1,284.4	1,305.4	17.	
ales workers		9.49	732.3	743.1	756.0	10.	
Real estate brokers		.32	23.5	23.9	24.2	1	
Sales agents, sales representatives, real estate		1.79	166.7	169.1	171.7		
Real estate appraisers	16.5	.31	29.2	29.5	30.0		
Sales agents and brokers, insurance		4.57	321.6 33.0	327.4 33.3	333.1		
Sales agents and representatives, financial services Security salesworkers		.42 1.17	87.3	88.1	33.9 90.0		
lerical workers			3,632.2	3,678.2	3,737.3	1	
Adjustment clerks			11.2	11.3	11.5	1	
New accounts tellers			79.1	79.9	81.1		
Tellers			607.0	613.1	621.7		
Accounting clerks		1.93	122.0	123.6	125.7		
Bookkeepers, hand		1.27	78.9 20.2	80.0 20.3	81.3 20.8	1	
Cashiers			40.8	41.3	42.0		
Checking clerks			22.4	22.7	23.0		
Claims adjusters			78.2	79.7	81.0	1	
Claims clerks		.87	69.7	70.9	72.2		
Claims examiner, insurance			61.1	62.2	63.3		
Clerical supervisors			214.3	217.0	220.5		
Collectors, bill and account			72.2	72.9	74.2		
	49.6		75.7	76.4	77.8		

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation				Number		_	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Finance, insurance, and real estate—Continued							
Credit reporters	6.3	0.12	8.1	8.1	8.3	0.11	
File clerks		1.43	74.3	75.4	76.7	1.0	
General clerks, office		6.65	429.9	435.5	442.5		
Insurance checkers		.28	22.1	22.5	22.8		
Insurance clerks, except medical		.20	14.4	14.6	14.8		
Loan closers		.85	63.4	64.1	65.2	.8	
Mail clerks		.57	39.3	39.9	40.5		
Messengers		.51	36.4	36.8	37.4	.5	
Mortgage closing clerks		.29	22.4	22.6	23.0	.3	
Bookkeeping and billing operators		1.37	90.3	91.2	92.4		
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators		.35 .89	22.7 58.7	23.0 59.4	23.3 60.1	.8:	
Proof machine operators		.71	59.1	59.9	60.8	.83	
Data entry operators		.85	42.1	42.8	43.5	.60	
Peripheral EDP equipment operators		.27	21.0	21.3	21.6	.30	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.19	14.4	14.6	14.9	.20	
Policy change clerks		.52	30.0	30.5	31.0	.43	
Raters		.98	67.8	69.0	70.2	.96	
Real estate clerks		.25	19.3	19.6	19.9	.27	
Receptionists		.58	42.7	43.3	44.0	.60	
Safe deposit clerks		.26	17.9	18.1	18.3	.25	
Secretaries	280.4	5.24	337.4	341.7	347.5	4.76	
Stenographers	26.2	.49	29.2	29.7	30.2	.41	
Typists	118.6	2.22	140.1	142.2	144.7	1.98	
Statement clerks	33.6	.63	43.8	44.2	44.8	.62	
Switchboard operators/receptionists	29.4	.55	40.1	40.6	41.3	.57	
Switchboard operators		.30	19.1	19.3	19.6	.27	
Title searchers		.09 .20	7.3 15.1	7.5 15.3	7.7 15.6	.10	
Craft and related workers	147.7	2.76	200.1	202.7	205.7	2.83	
Maintenance repairers, general utility		1.74	128.2	129.9	131.7	1.8	
Blue-collar worker supervisors		.22	16.6	16.8	17.0	.23	
Operatives	12.1	.23	16.5	16.7	16.9	.23	
Service workers	321.2	6.00	414.5	419.6	425.7	5.85	
Building custodians	201.6	3.77	250.6	253.7	257.4	3.54	
Guards	58.3	1.09	79.0	79.9	81.1	1.11	
_aborers, except farm	85.7	1.60	121.5	123.1	124.9	1.72	
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	62.6	1.17	89.7	90.9	92.3	1.27	
Helpers, trades	10.5	.20	14.1	14.3	14.5	.20	
Commercial and stock savings banks	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total, all occupations	1,504.4	100.00	1,879.1	1,898.4	1,921.7	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	89.0	5.92	118.7	119.9	121.4	6.32	
Computer programmers		.60	13.5	13.7	13.8	.72	
Computer systems analysts		.57	14.1	14.2	14.4	.75	
Financial analysts		.19	3.5	3.6	3.6	.19	
Public relations specialists		.22	4.0	4.1	4.1	.21	
Accountants and auditors		1.10	22.7	23.0	23.3	1.21	
Credit analysts, chief		.24	4.5	4.6	4.6	.24	
Credit analysts		.53	9.9	10.0	10.1	.53	
Personnel and labor relations specialists	4.9	.33	6.1	6.2	6.2	.32	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	279.6	18.58	335.9	339.3	343.5	17.87	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 altern	natives	
Occupation	Number	Percent	i	Number		Percen
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer
Commercial and stock savings banks—Continued	_					
Commercial and Stock Savings banks—Continued						
Sales workers	14.8	0.99	20.5	20.7	21.0	1.0
Real estate appraisers	2.5	.16	5.2	5.3	5.3	.20
Sales agents and representatives, financial services	9.8	.65	12.1	12.2	12.4	.6
Clerical workers	1,078.4	71.69	1,348.0	1,361.9	1,378.6	71.7
Adjustment clerks	6.3	.42	7.8	7.9	8.0	.4
Bank tellers	383.9	25.52	496.6	501.7	507.8	26.4
New accounts tellers	41.2	2.74	49.2	49.7	50.3	2.6
Tellers	342.7 26.4	22.78 1.76	447.4 29.8	452.0 30.1	457.5	23.8
Accounting clerks		.98	15.3	15.5	30.5 15.7	1.5
Cashiers		.14	3.6	3.7	3.7	.1
Checking clerks	1000000	.85	15.9	16.1	16.3	.8
Clerical supervisors		3.90	78.6	79.4	80.4	4.1
Coin machine operators and currency sorters		.29	5.3	5.4	5.5	.2
Collectors, bill and account		1.13	24.1	24.3	24.6	1.2
Credit clerks, banking and insurance		1.24	23.1	23.3	23.6	1.2
Credit reporters	4.1	.27	5.1	5.1	5.2	.2
File clerks		1.22	17.9	18.1	18.3	.9
General clerks, office		7.30	136.7	138.1	139.8	7.2
Insurance clerks, except medical		.14	2.7	2.7	2.7	.14
Loan closers		1.27	22.7	23.0	23.3	1.2
Mail clerks		.58	10.9	11.0	11.1	.5
Messengers		.90	16.9	17.0	17.2	.90
Mortgage closing clerks		.37	6.9	7.0	7.1	.3
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators		.62 3.05	11.5 56.7	11.6 57.3	11.7 58.0	.6° 3.0°
Proof machine operators Transit clerks	6.4	.42	7.9	7.9	8.0	.42
Computer operators		.94	24.5	24.8	25.1	1.30
Data entry operators		.93	8.8	8.9	9.0	.4
Peripheral EDP equipment operators		.43	10.7	10.8	11.0	.5
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.22	4.0	4.1	4.1	.2
Personnel clerks	2.9	.19	3.6	3.6	3.6	.19
Receptionists		.41	7.6	7.6	7.7	.40
Safe deposit clerks		.76	14.1	14.2	14.4	.75
Secretaries		4.89	81.6	82.4	83.4	4.34
Stenographers	5.5	.37	5.3	5.3	5.4	.20
Typists		1.30	21.4	21.6	21.9	1.14
Sorting clerks, banking	6.3 28.6	.42 1.90	7.7 35.4	7.8	7.9	1.4
Statement clerks	5.1	.34	6.3	35.7 6.3	36.2 6.4	1.8
Telephone operators		.42	6.0	6.1	6.1	.3
Craft and related workers	4.2	.28	5.2	5.2	5.3	.28
Maintenance repairers, general utility	1.5	.10	1.9	1.9	1.9	.10
Operatives	2.5	.17	3.1	3.2	3.2	.17
Service workers	35.2	224	46.0	47.0	47.0	0.4
Building custodians	22.3	2.34 1.48	46.8 27.6	47.3 27.9	47.9 28.3	2.49 1.4
Guards	8.7	.58	14.1	14.2	14.4	.79
Laborers, except farm	.6	.04	.8	.8	.8	.04
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance						
Total, all occupations	472.1	100.00	633.5	644.9	656.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and related workers	102.4	21.69	144.1	146.7	149.2	22.7
recoolera, comina, and related workers	102.4	21.00	177.1	140.7	143.2	22.14

(Numbers in thousands)

	1982		1995 alternatives				
Occupation			Number				
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent	
Fire, marine, and casualty insurance—Continued				7			
Industrial engineers	1.4	0.30	1.9	1.9	2.0	0.3	
Computer programmers	8.4	1.79	14.4	14.7	15.0	2.2	
Computer systems analysts	5.5	1.17	10.1	10.3	10.4	1.	
Accountants and auditors	6.3	1.34	8.5	8.7	8.8	1.	
Claim examiners, property/casualty insurance	13.0	2.75	17.4	17.7	18.0	2.	
Insurance investigators	5.1 2.7	1.08	6.8	6.9	7.1	1.	
Lawyers	1.7	.35	4.4 2.2	4.5 2.3	4.6 2.3		
Personnel and labor relations specialists	5.5	1.17	7.4	7.6	7.7	1.	
Special agents, insurance	8.4	1.79	11.3	11.5	11.7	1.	
Underwriters	32.2	6.82	43.2	44.0	44.7	6.	
lanagers, officials, and proprietors	54.8	11.61	73.7	75.1	76.3	11.	
anagoro, omolao, and propriotor minimum							
ales workers	23.4	4.95	31.4	31.9	32.5	4.	
Real estate agents and brokers	1.9	.40	2.5	2.6	2.6		
Sales agents and brokers, insurance	19.7	4.17	26.4	26.9	27.3	4.	
lerical workers	285.0	60.36	375.7	382.4	389.0	59	
Accounting clerks	10.7	2.26	13.3	13.6	13.8	2.	
Bookkeepers, hand	1.3	.28	1.8	1.8	1.8		
Cashiers	1.5	.32	2.0	2.0	2.1	_	
Claims adjusters	28.3	6.00	47.6	48.5	49.3	7	
Claims clerks	15.5	3.29	24.5	25.0	25.4	3	
Claims examiner, insurance	7.7	1.63	12.9	13.2	13.4	2	
Cellectors bill and account	16.0 1.5	3.38	21.4 2.0	21.8 2.0	22.2 2.0	3	
Collectors, bill and account	21.3	4.52	21.8	22.2	22.6	3	
General clerks, office	23.4	4.95	24.7	25.1	25.6	3	
Insurance checkers	5.4	1.15	7.3	7.4	7.5	1.	
Insurance clerks, except medical	2.6	.55	3.5	3.6	3.6		
Mail clerks	5.7	1.20	7.6	7.8	7.9	1	
Computer operators	3.9	.83	5.3	5.4	5.5		
Data entry operators	7.7	1.64	10.4	10.6	10.7	1.	
Peripheral EDP equipment operators	1.6	.33	2.1	2.2	2.2		
Personnel clerks	1.1	.23	1.5	1.5	1.5		
Policy change clerks	7.1	1.50	9.5	9.7	9.8	1	
Raters	27.5	5.82	36.8	37.5	38.1		
Secretaries	20.8	4.40	24.9	25.3	25.8	3	
Stenographers	3.9 29.7	.82 6.30	5.2 37.9	5.3 38.6	5.4 39.2	5.	
Statistical clerks	1.5	.31	1.9	2.0	2.0	5	
Switchboard operators/receptionists	2.2	.46	2.9	3.0	3.0		
Worksheet clerks	6.9	1.47	9.3	9.5	9.7	1.	
raft and related workers	1.9	.40	2.4	2.5	2.5		
peratives	.2	.04	.3	.3	.3	٠.	
ervice workers	4.1	.87	5.5	5.6	5.7		
Building custodians	2.2	.47	2.9	3.0	3.1		
aborers, except farm	.4	.08	.5	.5	.5		
Real estate agents and managers							
Total, all occupations	371.1	100.00	641.0	650.1	660.2	100.	
rofessional, technical, and related workers	9.6	2.58	16.1	16.4	16.6	2.	
	0.0			10.4	10.0		

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Percent
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Real estate agents and managers—Continued						
Managers, officials, and proprietors	64.1	17.28	123.4	125.2	127.1	19.25
Sales workers		29.74	196.8	199.6	202.7	
Real estate brokers		3.66 20.97	19.3 145.8	19.6 147.9	19.9 150.2	
Real estate appraisers		1.84	10.7	10.9	11.1	
Sales agents and brokers, insurance		.56	3.6	3.6	3.7	
Clerical workers	87.7	23.63	134.2	136.1	138.2	20.94
Accounting clerks		1.52	7.7	7.8	8.0	
Bookkeepers, hand		2.55	13.4	13.6	13.8	
Clerical supervisors		1.03	6.6	6.7	6.8	
General clerks, office		3.90	23.1 2.5	23.4	23.8 2.6	
Data entry operators		.34	2.2	2.2	2.3	
Real estate clerks		1.60	10.2	10.4	10.5	
Receptionists		1.30	8.3	8.4	8.6	
Secretaries		7.04	36.8	37.3	37.9	
Typists		.97	4.2	4.3	4.3	
Switchboard operators/receptionists		1.04 .28	6.7 1.8	6.8 1.8	6.9 1.8	1
Craft and related workers	32.6	8.79	62.4	63.3	64.3	9.73
Carpenters		.88	5.7	5.8	5.8	
Painters, construction and maintenance	2.7	.72	4.6	4.7	4.7	.72
Maintenance repairers, general utility		5.83	43.9 4.7	44.5 4.8	45.2 4.8	1
Operatives		.40	2.6	2.6	2.6	
Service workers		13.67	80.4	81.6	82.8	
Building custodians Guards		9.38 2.11	54.2 10.6	54.9 10.7	55.8 10.9	
Laborers, except farm	14.5	3.91	25.1	25.4	25.8	3.9
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm		2.52	16.1	16.4	16.6	1
Helpers, trades	2.1	.56	3.6	3.7	3.7	.56
Services						10
Total, all occupations	27,456.3	100.00	36,553.4	37,247.0	38,354.1	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers			12,444.3	12,681.5	13,051.4	
Drafters			148.7	153.7	159.0	
Nurses, registered		4.22 1.06	1,771.8 433.9	1,786.8 440.4	1,849.3 458.5	
Medical laboratory technologists		1	137.5	138.8	143.7	
Computer programmers		.34	198.2	200.7	203.8	1
Teachers	3,811.5		4,438.3	4,536.0	4,634.2	
Adult education teachers		1	126.0	128.9	132.0	
College and university faculty		2.71	618.3	631.5	645.1	1
Graduate assistants Preschool teachers		.51 .95	121.6 359.8	124.2 369.8	126.9 376.9	1
Secondary school teachers		3.73	1,126.9	1,151.0	1,175.8	
Vocational education teachers			134.3	137.5	140.5	
Accountants and auditors		.99	443.4	456.7	473.0	
Clergy	. 275.2	1.00	279.4	285.0	296.2	
Counselors Lawyers		.46 .57	136.8 267.1	140.1 277.0	143.3 287.7	1

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2		1995 alter	natives	
Occupation		_		Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Services—Continued				- 1		
Librarians	122.6 146.9	0.45 .53	134.5 215.0	137.3 218.6	140.6 225.5	1
Caseworkers						
Managers, officials, and proprietors	1,873.6	6.82	2,691.9	2,749.5	2,839.5	
Sales workers	295.0	1.07	437.6	446.2	460.8	
Clerical workers	5,247.9	19.11	7,029.2	7,161.3	7,372.0	
Accounting clerks	161.6	.59	192.5	196.3	202.5	.53
Bookkeepers, hand	214.8	.78	252.9	258.7	267.8	
Cashiers	155.9	.57	234.8	239.0	248.1	.64
Clerical supervisors	97.7	.36	142.3	144.3	148.3	
File clerks	130.1	.47	159.0	161.2	165.9	
General clerks, office	594.4	2.17	835.6	851.5	876.2	
Data entry operators	112.7	.41	111.7	113.3	115.8	
Receptionists	277.7	1.01	429.1	437.6	454.2	1.17
Secretaries	1,128.4	4.11	1,512.2	1,545.5	1,594.3	4.15
Stenographers	101.8	.37	95.5	97.1	99.7	.26
Typists	332.6	1.21	421.8	428.9	440.1	1.15
Teachers' aides	462.7	1.69	579.0	593.1	605.6	
Switchboard operators	99.6	.36	133.1	134.6	137.6	.36
Craft and related workers	996.8	3.63	1,369.7	1,403.1	1,461.9	
Automotive mechanics	136.2 208.9	.50 .76	213.5 274.2	220.7 278.8	231.2 286.8	1
Operatives Busdrivers, school	1,061.9 244.2	3.87 .89	1,337.8 288.1	1,369.1 294.4	1,421.3 300.8	
Service workers	8,136.2	29.63	10,422.8	10,598.6	10,886.8	
Food service workers	1,655.8	6.03	2,140.3	2,171.0	2,230.1	
Bartenders	96.9	.35	120.7	122.4	126.5	
Cooks, institutional	374.4	1.36	472.7	481.6	493.4	1.29
Kitchen helpers	423.2	1.54	536.6	544.5	558.9	
Waiters and waitresses	265.4	.97	371.9	376.3	386.3	
Waiters' assistants	103.2	.38	138.5	140.1	144.1	.38
Selected health service workers	2,042.7	7.44	2,822.6	2,854.8	2,947.3	
Dental assistants	149.1	.54	208.3	212.9	223.8	
Licensed practical nurses	540.5	1.97	745.6	752.8	776.9	2.02
Medical assistants	96.5	.35	142.0	144.4	149.9	
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	1,089.8	3.97	1,492.5	1,509.3	1,552.5	
Psychiatric aides	131.5	.48	184.0	185.0	191.9	.50
Child care workers	164.5	.60	223.9	230.5	235.0	
Cosmetologists/women's hairstylists	206.1	.75	253.2	267.7	282.4	.72
Guards	435.4	1.59	659.7 322.4	665.9 335.1	675.5	
Child care workers, private household	403.7	1.47	•		340.6	
Housekeepers, private household	89.0 492.7	.32 1.79	71.1 394.4	73.9 410.1	75.1 416.8	
Laborers, except farm	606.9	2.21	820.1	837.6	860.4	2.25
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	249.9	.91	252.4	258.8	265.9	1
Hotels and other lodging places						
Total, all occupations	1,099.2	100.00	1,460.4	1,471.8	1,494.8	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	25.6	2.33	34.3	34.5	35.1	2.35
		40	1.8	1.8	4.0	.12
Musicians	1.3	.12			1.8	
Musicians Public relations specialists Accountants and auditors	1.3 1.0 7.1	.09	1.4 10.5	1.4 10.5	1.4 10.7	.10

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation	Number			Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen
Hotels and other lodging places—Continued						
Personnel and labor relations specialists	. 1.1	0.10	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.10
Purchasing agents and/or buyers		.13	1.9	1.9	1.9	1
Recreation workers	6.6	.60	8.1	8.1	8.3	.55
Managers, officials, and proprietors	75.0	6.82	91.8	92.5	94.0	6.29
Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers	3.7	.34	5.0	5.0	5.1	.34
Sales workers	12.9	1.17	20.1	20.2	20.5	1.37
Sales clerks		.50	7.2	7.2	7.3	1
Clerical workers	180.5	16.42	235.8	237.6	241.4	16.15
Accounting clerks		.62	8.1	8.1	8.3	
Bookkeepers, hand		1.28	16.7	16.8	17.1	1
Cashiers		2.08	39.1 6.2	39.4 6.3	40.1 6.4	
Desk clerks, except bowling floor		7.76	103.5	104.3	105.9	1
General clerks, office		.53	6.6	6.6	6.7	1
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.32	4.7	4.7	4.8	
Personnel clerks	1.1	.10	1.5	1.5	1.5	.10
Receptionists		.17	2.4	2.4	2.5	
Secretaries		1.03	13.3	13.4	13.6	1
Typists		.18	2.7	2.7	2.7	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse		.27 .15	4.0 2.2	4.1 2.2	4.1 2.2	
Switchboard operators/receptionists		.79	11.6		11.9	1
Craft and related workers	39.4	3.58	56.0	56.4	57.3	3.83
Carpenters		.12	1.8	1.8	1.9	.12
Painters, construction and maintenance	3.4	.31	4.5	4.5	4.6	.31
Maintenance repairers, general utility		2.33	37.9 3.5	38.2 3.6	38.8 3.6	
		0.01	44.0	44.6	42.2	2.82
Operatives Laundry operators, small establishment		2.81 1.10	41.2 16.1	41.6 16.2	16.5	
Pressers, machine laundry			4.3	4.3	4.4	
Washers, machine and starchers			8.4	8.5	8.6	
Chauffeurs	1.7	.15	2.2	2.2	2.3	.15
Parking attendants	2.3	.21	3.1	3.1	3.2	.21
Service workers			957.5	965.0	980.1	
Building custodians			337.1	339.8	345.1	
Food service workers			497.9 1.8		509.7 1.9	1
Bartenders			43.6		44.6	1
Cooks and chefs			73.1	73.7	74.8	
Cooks, institutional	3.4	.31	4.3	4.4	4.4	
Cooks, restaurant			58.8		60.1	
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods			10.0		10.2	
Food preparation and service workers, fast food restaurants			3.0		3.1	
Hosts/hostesses, restaurants, lounges, and coffee shops			20.2 65.2		20.7 66.7	
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers			13.4		13.7	1
Waiters and waitresses			210.1	211.7	215.0	
Waiters' assistants			50.0		51.2	
All other food service workers			16.6		17.0	
Bellhops, bag porters, and doorkeepers		1.83	21.2	21.4	21.7	1.4
Housekeepers, hotel and motel	21.1		28.4		29.0	
Recreation facility attendants			3.5		3.6	
Guards			18.4		18.9	
Lifeguards	4.3	.39	5.7	5.7	5.8	.39

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alterr	natives	
Occupation				Number		
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Hotels and other lodging places—Continued						
Supervisors, nonworking, service	14.3	1.30	19.1	19.3	19.6	1.31
Laborers, except farm	18.1	1.65	23.8	24.0	24.3	1.63
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	. 10.4	.95 .16	13.5 2.3	13.6 2.3	13.9 2.4	.93
Services to dwellings and other buildings						
Total, all occupations	532.9	100.00	966.0	974.0	983.4	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		.52 .24	5.0 2.4	5.1 2.4	5.1 2.4	.52 .24
Managers, officials, and proprietors	24.6	4.61	72.0	72.6	73.3	7.46
Sales workers	7.1	1.33	17.8	18.0	18.2	1.85
Clerical workers	18.8	3.52	28.9	29.1	29.4	2.99
Accounting clerks		.22	1.6	1.6	1.7	.17
Bookkeepers, hand	2.4	.46	3.4	3.4	3.5	.35
General clerks, office		.93	9.0	9.0	9.1	.93
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.28	2.7	2.7	2.7	.28
Secretaries		1.05	6.5	6.5	6.6	.67
Typists	1.0	.20	1.9	1.9	1.9	.20
Craft and related workers	13.7	2.57	30.9	31.1	31.4	3.20
Painters, construction and maintenance	2.0	.38	4.7	4.7	4.8	.48
Maintenance repairers, general utility		.69	6.6	6.7	6.8	.69
Blue-collar worker supervisors	4.4	.82	12.8	13.0	13.1	1.33
Operatives	32.2	6.04	47.6	48.0	48.5	4.93
Delivery and route workers	1.2	.22	2.1	2.2	2.2	.22
Exterminators	20.6	3.87	29.9	30.2	30.5	3.10
Termite treaters and helpers	7.2	1.35	10.3	10.4	10.5	1.07
Service workers	424.8	79.71	747.5	753.6	760.9	77.38
Building custodians		76.80	714.6	720.5	727.5	73.98
Protective service workers	4.0	.76	7.3	7.4	7.4	.76
Supervisors, nonworking, service	8.7	1.62	20.6	20.8	21.0	2.14
Laborers, except farm	9.0	1.68	16.3	16.4	16.6	1.68
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	4.8	.91	8.8	8.9	8.9	.91
Personnel supply services						
Total, all occupations	557.8	100.00	1,227.0	1,237.0	1,248.8	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers	89.3	16.01	187.4	188.9	190.7	15.27
Electrical engineers	2.0	.37	4.5	4.5	4.6	.37
Drafters		.83	6.8	6.9	6.9	.56
Electrical and electronic technicians	3.3	.59	7.3	7.3	7.4	.59
Nurses, registered	29.4	5.26	64.6	65.1	65.7	5.26
Computer programmers		.23	2.8	2.8	2.9	.23
		.42 5.17	5.9 56.4	5.9	6.0	.48
Accountants and auditors	וא אכי	J. 17		56.8	57.4	4.59 .29
	28.8 1.3	.24	3.6	3.6	3.6	.20
Accountants and auditors Employment interviewers	1.3		3.6 57.2	57.7	58.2	4.66
Accountants and auditors	1.3	.24				

(Numbers in thousands)

	1982		1995 alternatives				
Occupation		_		Number		_	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Personnel supply services—Continued							
Clerical workers	232.5	41.67	495.9	499.9	504.7	40.41	
Accounting clerks	6.0	1.08	8.2	8.3	8.3	.67	
Bookkeepers, hand	5.0	.90	7.0	7.1	7.1	.57	
Cashiers	3.5	.63	8.2	8.3	8.3	.67	
Clerical supervisors	1.8	.33	4.0	4.1	4.1		
File clerks	17.0	3.04	27.2	27.4	27.7	2.22	
General clerks, office	44.2	7.93	112.1	113.0	114.1	9.14	
Mail clerks	2.2	.39	4.8	4.8	4.9		
Office machine operators	17.5	3.13	23.9	24.1	24.3		
Computer operators	2.3 8.5	.42 1.52	5.1 4.3	5.2 4.3	5.2 4.4		
Data entry operators Peripheral EDP equipment operators	2.3	.40	5.0	5.0	5.0	1	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	2.9	.52	6.4	6.4	6.5		
Personnel clerks	1.2	.21	2.6	2.6	2:6		
Receptionists	11.2	2.00	24.6	24.8	25.0		
Secretaries	37.7	6.76	95.0	95.7	96.7		
Stenographers	8.6	1.54	18.9	19.0	19.2	1	
Typists	42.7	7.65	83.8	84.5	85.3		
Shipping and receiving clerks	1.1	.20	1.5	1.5	1.5	.12	
Shipping packers	1.7	.31	3.8	3.9	3.9	.31	
Statistical clerks	1.4	.26	2.1	2.2	2.2	.17	
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse	4.1	.73	8.9	9.0	9.1	.73	
Switchboard operators/receptionists	6.0	1.07	13.2	13.3	13.4		
Switchboard operators	3.6	.64	7.8	7.9	8.0	.64	
Craft and related workers	11.5 1.3	2.07 .24	25.3 2.9	25.5 2.9	25.8 2.9		
Operatives	31.0	5.56	71.3	71.9	72.6	5.81	
Welders and flamecutters	1.4	.26	3.2	3.2	3.2		
Production packagers	3.4	.61	7.5	7.6	7.6		
Chauffeurs	1.4	.26	3.2	3.2	3.2		
Industrial truck operators	1.2	.21	1.6	1.6	1.6		
Truck drivers	14.4	2.58	35.7	36.0	36.3	2.91	
Service workers	91.0	16.31	187.4	188.9	190.8	15.27	
Building custodians	9.4	1.69	18.7	18.9	19.1	1.53	
Food service workers	8.1	1.45	17.7	17.9	18.1	1.45	
Licensed practical nurses	27.5	4.93	55.4	55.9	56.4	1	
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	3.6	.65	7.0	7.0	7.1	.57	
Laborers, except farm	72.7 1.7	13.03 .31	180.1 3.8	181.6 3.9	183.3 3.9		
Computer and data processing services							
Total, all occupations	357.5	100.00	698.2	704.0	710.8	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	124.0	34.68	304.3	306.8	309.8	43.58	
Electrical engineers	4.0	1.13	9.3	9.4	9.5		
Drafters	1.1	.31	1.4	1.4	1.5	.21	
Electrical and electronic technicians	10.6	2.98	31.4	31.6	32.0	4.50	
Computer programmers	47.5	13.27	109.3	110.2	111.2		
Computer systems analysts	42.4	11.86	112.0	112.9	114.0		
Adult education teachers	1.1	.30	2.5	2.5	2.6		
Writers and editors	2.8	.77	6.3	6.3	6.4		
						1.42	
Accountants and auditors	3.9	1.09	9.9	10.0	10.1	1.42	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	N1			Number		D	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Computer and data processing services—Continued							
Sales workers	16.4	4.58	35.6	35.9	36.3	5.10	
Clerical workers		44.60	248.2	250.2	252.6		
Accounting clerks	6.2	1.75	7.2	7.2	7.3		
Bookkeepers, hand		.57	2.2	2.3	2.3		
Cashiers		.65 1.30	5.0 7.8	5.1 7.9	5.1 8.0	1.13	
File clerks		.49	1.4	1.4	1.5	1	
General clerks, office		3.49	2.9	2.9	2.9		
Mail clerks		.60	4.2	4.2	4.3		
Computer operators		6.91	82.4	83.1	83.9	11.80	
Data entry operators	51.9	14.53	42.9	43.3	43.7	6.1	
Peripheral EDP equipment operators		1.69	12.4	12.5	12.7		
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.40	3.4	3.4	3.4		
Production clerks		1.18	8.2	8.3	8.4	1.18	
Receptionists		.39 3.47	3.3 15.3	3.3 15.4	3.3 15.6		
Secretaries		.97	4.8	4.8	4.9		
Shipping and receiving clerks		.39	2.3	2.3	2.3		
Stock clerks, stockroom and warehouse		.29	2.4	2.4	2.4	1	
Switchboard operators/receptionists	1.9	.54	4.4	4.4	4.5	.63	
Craft and related workers		1.66 .89	16.4 10.8	16.6 10.9	16.7 11.0		
Operatives	4.7	1.33	9.3	9.3	9.4	1.33	
Delivery and route workers		.78	5.5	5.5	5.6		
Service workers	1.4	.39	2.7	2.7	2.8	.39	
aborers, except farm	.9	.26	1.8	1.8	1.9	.26	
Automobile repair shops							
Total, all occupations	359.8	100.00	506.0	524.2	549.5	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers		.63 .45	3.2 2.3	3.3 2.3	3.5 2.5		
Vanagers, officials, and proprietors		15.75	85.3	88.3	92.6		
Sales workers		1.83	9.2	9.6	10.0		
Clerical workers	38.2 1.8	10.63 .51	48.9 2.1	50.7 2.2	53.1 2.3	9.67	
Bookkeepers, hand	8.4	2.33	9.8	10.1	10.6		
Cashiers	1.7	.47	2.4	2.5	2.6		
General clerks, office	10.0	2.78	12.8	13.2	13.8	1	
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	1.5	.43	2.2	2.3	2.4	.43	
Receptionists	1.8	.51	2.6	2.7	2.8		
Secretaries and stenographers	5.7 4.7	1.59 1.31	7.1 6.6	7.3 6.9	7.7 7.2	1.39 1.31	
Craft and related workers	187.1	51.99	266.9	276.5	289.9	52.76	
Automotive body repairers	53.7	14.91	60.4	62.5	65.6	11.93	
Auto seat cover and top installers	4.3	1.21	6.1	6.3	6.6	1.21	
Automotive mechanics	97.0	26.97	156.1	161.7	169.6	30.85	
Diesel mechanics	11.5	3.19	16.1	16.7	17.5	3.19	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	2.2	.62	3.2	3.3	3.4	.62	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Number	Dancant		Number		Davasa	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Automobile repair shops—Continued							
All other mechanics, repairers, and installers	3.0	0.83	4.2	4.3	4.5		
Machinists	3.6	.99	5.0	5.2	5.5		
Blue-collar worker supervisors	3.8	1.05	5.3	5.5	5.8	1	
Glass installers	5.4	1.51	7.7	7.9	8.3	1.5	
Operatives	52.2	14.51	68.9	71.3	74.8	13.6	
Welders and flamecutters	4.8	1.33	6.7	7.0	7.3	1	
Painters, automotive	20.5	5.70	28.9	29.9	31.3	5.7	
Painters, production	1.7	.47	2.4	2.5	2.6	.4	
Delivery and route workers	3.8	1.05	5.3	5.5	5.8	1.0	
Truck drivers	5.0	1.39	7.0	7.3	7.6	1.3	
Fuel pump attendants and lubricators	4.1	1.15	5.8	6.0	6.3	1.1	
Service workers	4.7	1.31	6.6	6.9	7.2	1.3	
Laborers, except farm	12.1	3.35	17.0	17.6	18.4	3.3	
Cleaners, vehicle		.81	4.1	4.3	4.5		
Helpers, trades		1.82	9.2	9.6	10.0		
Nursing and personal care facilities	-						
Total, all occupations	1,066.0	100.00	1,717.5	1,744.5	1,782.6	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	132.1	12.40	229.1	232.7	237.7	13.3	
Medical workers, except technicians		8.86	168.2	170.9	174.6		
Dietitians		.67	11.5	11.7	12.0		
Nurses, registered		6.67	129.4	131.4	134.3	1	
Pharmacists		.11	1.7	1.8	1.8		
Physicians		.28	4.9	5.0	5.1		
Manual arts, music, recreational therapists		.32	5.5	5.6	5.7		
Occupational therapists		.16	4.1	4.2	4.3		
Physical therapists		.37	6.4	6.5	6.7		
Health technologists and technicians		1.37	23.6	24.0	24.5		
Dietetic technicians		.59	10.1	10.3	10.5		
Health record technicians		.25	4.4	4.4	4.5		
Physical therapy assistants		.45	7.7	7.9	8.0	1	
Accountants and auditors		.21	3.6	3.6	3.7		
Recreation workers		1.15	19.8	20.1	20.5		
Caseworkers		.45	7.6	7.8	7.9		
Managers, officials, and proprietors	44.6	4.18	86.5	87.8	89.8	5.0	
Sales workers	.2	.02	.4	.4	.4	.0.	
Clerical workers	38.2	3.58	61.3	62.3	63.7	3.5	
Accounting clerks			2.5		2.6		
Bookkeepers, hand			8.1	8.2	8.4		
Cierical supervisors	1		2.8	2.8	2.9		
General clerks, office		1	8.9	9.1	9.3		
Payroll and timekeeping clerks			3.6	3.7	3.8		
Receptionists			6.8	6.9	7.1		
Secretaries			9.6		10.0	1	
Typists		1	3.2	3.3	3.3		
Switchboard operators/receptionists	1		5.0	5.1	5.2		
	14.4	1.35	23.2	23.6	24.1	1.3	
Craft and related workers	17.7						
Craft and related workers		.10	1.8	1.8	1.9	.1	
Craft and related workers	1.1		1.8 17.3		1.9 18.0	1	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	2	1995 alternatives				
Occupation				Number		_	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percei	
Nursing and personal care facilities—Continued							
peratives	30.2	2.83	48.6	49.3	50.4	2.8	
aundering, drycleaning, and pressing machine operators	27.1	2.54	43.5	44.2	45.2	1	
Pressers, machine laundry	2.7	.26	4.4	4.5	4.6		
Washers, machine and starchers	24.2	2.27	39.0	39.6	40.5	2.5	
ervice workers	800.6	75.10	1,259.3	1,279.1	1,307.0	73.	
Building custodians	70.4	6.60	121.5	123.4	126.1	1	
Cooks, institutional	37.2	3.49	69.4	70.5	72.0	1	
Cooks, short order and specialty fast foods	1.4	.13	2.4	2.5	2.5	1	
Kitchen helpers	74.9	7.02	132.5	134.5	137.5		
Waiters and waitresses	7.1	.66	12.0	12.2	12.4		
Waiters' assistants	7.4	.69	11.9	12.1	12.3		
Health aides, except nursing	1.5	.15	2.5	2.5	2.6	1	
Licensed practical nurses	93.6	8.78	140.5	142.7	145.8		
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	469.6	44.05	706.4	717.5	733.1	1	
Psychiatric aides	1.2	.11	2.0	2.0	2.0	1	
Housekeepers, hotel and motel	11.4	1.07	18.4	18.7	19.1		
Welfare service aides	4.6	.43	7.4	7.5	7.6		
Guards	2.1	.20	3.4	3.5	3.5		
Supervisors, nonworking, service	1.9	.18	3.1	3.2	3.3		
aborers, except farm	5.7	.54	9.2	9.3	9.5	1	
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	3.1	.29	5.0	5.1	5.2		
Hospitals							
Total, all occupations	4,166.4	100.00	5,748.6	5,777.6	5,997.5	100.0	
rofessional, technical, and related workers	1,605.6	38.54	2,314.5	2,326.2	2,414.7	40.	
Viedical workers, except technicians	1,093.7	26.25	1,616.6	1,624.8	1,686.6	28.	
Dentists	3.0	.07	4.2	4.2	4.3		
Dietitians	16.6	.40	23.0	23.1	24.0		
Nurses, registered	848.8	20.37	1,276.9	1,283.3	1,332.2	22	
Pharmacists	30.1	.72	40.7	40.9	42.4		
Physicians	100.5	2.41	139.5	140.2	145.6	2	
Therapists	93.5	2.24	130.8	131.4	136.4	2	
Respiratory therapists	41.4	.99	57.5	57.8	60.0	1.	
Manual arts, music, recreational therapists	8.5	.20	11.8	11.8	12.3		
Occupational therapists	10.3	.25	17.3	17.4	18.1		
Physical therapists	18.5	.44	23.7	23.9	24.8		
Speech pathologists and audiologists		.09	5.2	5.2	5.4		
All other therapists	11.0	.26	15.2	15.3	15.9	1	
lealth technologists and technicians	355.2	8.53	475.1	477.5	495.7		
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	144.4	3.47	176.9	177.8	184.6		
Biochemistry technologistst	10.8	.26	15.0	15.1	15.6	1	
Blood bank technology specialists	13.1	.31	18.1	18.2	18.9		
Cytotechnologists		.07	3.9	3.9	4.1		
Histologic technologists	5.5	.13	7.7	7.7	8.0		
Medical laboratory technicians	35.7	.86	34.7	34.9	36.2	1	
Medical laboratory technologists	68.9	1.65	86.9	87.3	90.7		
Microbiology technologists	7.6	.18	10.6	10.6	11.1	1	
Dietetic technicians	6.8	.16	9.5	9.5	9.9		
EEG technologists	4.8	.12	6.7	6.7	7.0		
EKG technicians	16.4	.39	22.7	22.8	23.7	1	
Health record technicians	13.6	.33	18.8	18.9	19.6	1	
Physical therapy assistants	18.5	.44	25.7	25.8	26.8		
Physician assistants	4.3	.10	5.7	5.8	6.0		
	77.5	1.86	107.5	108.0	112.1	1.	
Radiologic technologists	30.3	.73	42.1	42.3	43.9	1	

(Numbers in thousands)

		2	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Number	Percent		Number		Darson	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percer	
Hospitals—Continued							
X-ray technicians	47.1	1.13	65.4	65.7	68.2	1.1	
Surgical technicians	34.1	.82	47.3	47.6	49.4	.8.	
All other health technologists and technicians	33.9	.81	53.1	53.3	55.3	.9	
Accountants and auditors	12.3	.30	18.1	18.2	18.9	.3	
Ciergy	4.2	.10	5.9	5.9	6.1	.1	
Librarians	7.2	.17	10.0	10.0	10.4	.1	
Personnel and labor relations specialists	8.9	.21	12.3	12.4	12.9	.2	
Purchasing agents and/or buyers		.21	11.9	12.0	12.4	.2	
Caseworkers	36.8	.88	51.1	51.4	53.3	.8	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	141.0	3.38	191.8	192.8	200.1	3.3	
Sales workers	2.2	.05	3.1	3.1	3.2	.0:	
Clerical workers	665.9	15.98	871.6	876.0	909.4	15.1	
Accounting clerks	19.0	.46	24.4	24.5	25.5	.4	
Bookkeepers, hand	5.7	.14	6.9	6.9	7.2	.1	
Cashiers	19.1	.46	32.7	32.9	34.2	.5	
Clerical supervisors	22.2	.53	30.9	31.0	32.2	.5	
File clerks		.94	49.2	49.4	51.3	.8	
General clerks, office	64.6	1.55	69.4	69.7	72.4	1.2	
Insurance clerks, medical	44.8 54.5	1.08 1.31	68.1 56.8	68.5 57.1	71.1 59.3	1.1	
Craft and related workers	88.2	2.12	117.6	118.2	122.7	2.0	
Operatives	64.8	1.56	88.4	88.9	92.3	1.5	
Service workers	1,571.3	37.71	2,123.1	2,133.9	2,215.1	36.9	
Food service workers	249.4	5.99	354.0	355.8	369.4	6.1	
Bakers, bread and pastry	2.6 39.9	.06 .96	3.6	3.7	3.8	.0	
Cooks, institutional		.96	61.4 5.0	61.7 5.0	64.1 5.2	1.0	
Kitchen helpers		1.93	111.7	112.3	116.6	1.9	
Pantry, sandwich, and coffee makers		.15	8.8	8.8	9.2	.1	
Waiters and waitresses	7.6	.18	12.0	12.1	12.6		
Waiters' assistants	21.4	.51	29.7	29.9	31.0	.5	
All other food service workers		2.09	120.7	121.3	125.9	2.1	
Selected health service workers	991.1	23.79	1,285.9	1,292.4	1,341.6	22.3	
Dental assistants	2.1	.05	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	
Health aides, except nursing		.12	7.0	7.1	7.4	.1	
Licensed practical nurses	333.0	7.99	438.6	440.8	457.6		
Medical assistants		.13	7.0	7.0	7.3		
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants		11.80	616.9	620.0	643.6	10.7	
Pharmacy helpers		.64	36.9	37.0	38.5		
Psychiatric aides		3.05	176.5	177.4	184.2		
Child care workers		.16 .60	9.3 34.6	9.3 34.8	9.7 36.1	.1	
Welfare service aides		.13	7.4	7.4	7.7	.1	
Guards		.73	42.5	42.7	44.3	.7	
Supervisors, nonworking, service	19.0	.46	26.4	26.5	27.6		
_aborers, except farm	27.4	.66	38.4	38.6	40.1	.6	
Outpatient care facilities							
Total, all occupations	161.8	100.00	351.6	357.1	364.9	100.0	
	74.6	46.13	164.0	166.6	170.2	46.6	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives										
Occupation									_		Number		_
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent							
Outpatient care facilities—Continued													
Nurses, registered	12.6	7.78	26.9	27.4	28.0	7.66							
Physicians	11.1	6.85	24.1	24.4	25.0								
Manual arts, music, recreational therapists	1.1	.68	2.4	2.4	2.5	.68							
Occupational therapists	1.1	.69	2.9	2.9	3.0								
Physical therapists	1.4 2.3	.85 1.43	3.0	3.0	3.1	.85							
Speech pathologists and audiologists	1.9	1.43	5.0 4.2	5.1 4.2	5.2 4.3	1.43 1.19							
Medical laboratory technicians	1.4	.86	3.0	3.1	3.1	.86							
Medical laboratory technologists	1.1	.66	2.3	2.3	2.4	.66							
Physical therapy assistants	1.0	.63	2.2	2.2	2.3	.63							
Physician assistants	1.4	.88	3.3	3.3	3.4	.93							
X-ray technicians	1.3	.79	2.8	2.8	2.9	.79							
Psychologists	4.4	2.74	9.6	9.8	10.0								
Accountants and auditors	1.5	.93	3.3	3.3	3.4	.93							
Caseworkers	18.5	11.44	40.2	40.9	41.7	11.44							
Managers, officials, and proprietors	14.8	9.14	31.8	32.3	33.0	9.05							
Sales workers	.7	.46	1.6	1.7	1.7	.46							
Clerical workers	41.2	25.44	91.0	92.5	94.5	25.89							
Accounting clerks	2.1	1.28	3.5	3.6	3.7	1.00							
Bookkeepers, hand	1.7	1.05	2.7	2.7	2.8	.76							
Clerical supervisors	1.6	.98	3.4	3.5	3.6	.98							
File clerks	2.2 5.2	1.34 3.22	3.7	3.8	3.9	1.06							
Insurance clerks, medical	1.7	1.04	10.5 3.7	10.6 3.7	10.9 3.8	2.98 1.04							
Receptionists	7.0	4.34	18.2	18.5	18.9	5.18							
Secretaries	6.2	3.83	16.9	17.2	17.6	4.82							
Typists	4.1	2.51	6.9	7.0	7.1	1.95							
Switchboard operators/receptionists	1.7	1.02	3.6	3.7	3.7	1.02							
Craft and related workers	1.5	.92	3.2	3.3	3.3	.92							
Operatives	1.3	.79	2.8	2.8	2.9	.79							
Service workers	27.4	16.91	56.4	57.3	58.5	16.04							
Building custodians	2.5	1.54	4.9	4.9	5.0	1.38							
Food service workers	1.0	.63	2.2	2.2	2.3	.63							
Licensed practical nurses	4.9 3.7	3.06 2.32	10.8 7.2	11.0 7.3	11.2 7.4	3.07 2.04							
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	5.0	3.10	7.4	7.5	7.7	2.04							
Psychiatric aides	1.0	.63	2.2	2.2	2.3	.63							
Welfare service aides	4.9	3.00	13.0	13.2	13.4	3.68							
_aborers, except farm	.з	.22	.7	.7	.7	.20							
Educational services		-											
Total, all occupations	7,683.6	100.00	8,632.0	8,816.1	9,006.0	100.00							
	4,273.1	55.61	4,893.6	4,997.9	5,105.6	56.69							
Professional, technical, and related workers		.56	48.6	49.7	50.7	.56							
Nurses, registered	43.0	~-	222	33.0	33.7	.37							
Nurses, registered	28.6	.37	32.3	05.0	05.0								
Nurses, registered	28.6 23.1	.30	24.7	25.3	25.8 19.3	.29							
Nurses, registered	28.6 23.1 11.5	.30 .15	24.7 18.5	18.9	19.3	.21							
Nurses, registered	28.6 23.1	.30	24.7	18.9 17.4	19.3 17.8	.21 .20							
Nurses, registered	28.6 23.1 11.5 8.5	.30 .15 .11	24.7 18.5 17.0	18.9	19.3	.21							

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Number	Percent -		Doroon			
	Number		Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Educational services—Continued							
Athletic coaches	15.8	0.21	17.8	18.2	18.6	0.21	
College and university faculty		9.67	618.3	631.5	645.1		
Extension service specialists		.18	15.3	15.6	15.9	.18	
Graduate assistants	139.8	1.82	121.6	124.2	126.9	1.41	
Preschool teachers	169.6	2.21	234.6	239.6	244.8	2.72	
Kindergarten and elementary school teachers		17.58	1,818.8	1,857.6	1,897.6	21.07	
Secondary school teachers		13.31	1,126.9	1,151.0	1,175.8		
Vocational education teachers		1.01	110.7	113.0	115.5		
All other teachers		.42	36.8	37.5	38.4		
Counselors	The state of the s	1.18	86.8	88.7	90.6		
Curriculum specialists		.30	26.0	26.6	27.1		
Librarians		1.40	113.0	115.4	117.9		
Caseworkers	15.3	.20	17.3	17.7	18.1	.20	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	380.0	4.95	435.8	445.0	454.6	5.05	
Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers		.53	35.0	35.8	36.6	.41	
School administrators	132.8	1.73	149.7	152.8	156.1	1.73	
Assistant principals	38.0	.49	43.8	44.7	45.7	.51	
Principals	81.8	1.07	93.1	95.1	97.1	1.08	
Superintendents	13.0	.17	12.8	13.0	13.3	.15	
Sales workers	14.4	.19	16.3	16.6	17.0	.19	
Clerical workers	1,351.0	17.58	1,548.0	1,581.1	1,615.1	17.93	
Admissions evaluators	10.5	.14	11.8	12.1	12.3	.14	
Accounting clerks	27.5	.36	29.2	29.8	30.4	.34	
Bookkeepers, hand	25.6	.33	27.0	27.6	28.2	.31	
Cashiers	12.4	.16	16.6	16.9	17.3	.19	
General clerks, office	176.4	2.30	224.1	228.9	233.8	2.60	
Library assistants	66.5	.87	75.2	76.8	78.5	.87	
Computer operators	11.1	.14	22.0	22.5	23.0	.26	
Data entry operators		.15	12.9	13.2	13.5	.15	
Secretaries		3.91	347.5	354.9	362.6	4.03	
Stenographers		.46	8.7	8.9	9.1	.10	
Typists		1.02	79.1	80.8	82.5	.92	
Teachers' aides	376.3	4.90	469.7	479.7	490.0	5.44	
Craft and related workers		1.99	176.6	180.4	184.3	2.05	
Automotive mechanics		.20	22.6	23.1	23.6	.26	
Maintenance repairers, general utility	74.4	.97	84.1	85.9	87.7	.97	
Operatives		3.51	312.6	319.3	326.2	3.62	
Busdrivers, school	233.7	3.04	274.0	279.8	285.9	3.17	
Service workers	1,154.9	15.03	1,174.0	1,199.1	1,224.9	13.60	
Building custodians	527.4	6.86	534.6	546.0	557.8	6.19	
Cooks, institutional		3.10	264.0	269.6	275.4	3.06	
Kitchen helpers	154.7	2.01	147.6	150.8	154.0	1.71	
Guards		.52	34.5	35.2	36.0	.40	
Supervisors, nonworking, service	28.0	.36	31.6	32.3	33.0	.37	
Laborers, except farm	87.5	1.14	75.0	76.6	78.3	.87	
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	36.7	.48	26.1	26.6	27.2	.30	
Helpers, trades	12.6	.16	14.3	14.6	14.9	.17	
Child day care services							
Total, all occupations	302.5	100.00	406.7	424.6	428.6	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	88.8	29.36	121.3	126.6	127.8	29.83	
Troicestorial, teorifical, and related workers	00.0	20.00	121.0	120.0	127.0	23.0	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32		1995 alter	natives	,
Occupation	Ni wash an	Downst		Number		Danasa
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percent
Child day care services—Continued						
Dietitians	2.0	0.67	2.7	2.8	2.9	0.67
Nurses, registered			1.6	1.6	1.7	
Preschool teachers			103.1	107.7	108.7	
Accountants and auditors		.82 .71	3.3 2.9	3.5 3.0	3.5 3.0	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	28.7	9.49	35.4	37.0	37.3	8.71
Restaurant, cafe, and bar managers		.73	3.0	3.1	3.1	.73
Sales workers	2	.08	.3	.3	.3	.08
Clerical workers		21.20	82.1	85.8	86.6	
Bookkeepers, hand		.99	3.3	3.5	3.5	
General clerks, office		.64 .38	1.7 1.6	1.8 1.6	1.8 1.6	
Secretaries		1.11	4.5	4.7	4.8	1
Teachers' aides		16.83	65.9	68.8	69.4	
Craft and related workers	7	.23	.9	1.0	1.0	.23
Operatives	6.1	2.02	8.2	8.6	8.7	2.02
Busdrivers, school	5.5	1.81	7.4	7.7	7.8	1.81
Service workers		37.53	158.0	164.9	166.5	
Building custodians		2.23	9.1	9.5	9.6	
Cooks, institutional		4.52 1.20	18.3 4.1	19.1 4.3	19.3 4.4	
Child care attendants		2.80	11.4	11.9	12.0	
Child care workers		25.03	108.0	112.7	113.8	
Welfare service aides	1.5	.50	2.0	2.1	2.1	
Laborers, except farm	3	.09	.4	.4	.4	.09
Engineering, architectural, and surveying services						
Total, all occupations	568.7	100.00	961.7	998.4	1,037.7	100.00
Professional, technical, and related workers		64.52	606.1	629.2	654.0	
Engineers		21.41	226.7	235.3	244.6	
Aero-astronautic engineers		.26	2.5 8.2	2.5 8.5	2.6 8.8	
Chemical engineers		.85 8.46	89.0	92.4	96.0	
Electrical engineers		3.88	43.0	44.6	46.4	
Industrial engineers		.56	5.3	5.6	5.8	.56
Mechanical engineers	30.1	5.29	58.1	60.3	62.7	6.04
All other engineers		1.54	14.8	15.4	16.0	1
Geologists		.24	2.3	2.4	2.5	
Engineering and science technicians		27.42	227.2	235.8	245.1	23.62
Civil engineering technicians Drafters		3.47 17.04	37.2 121.8	38.6 126.5	40.1 131.5	3.87 12.67
Electrical and electronic technicians		1.00	9.6	10.0	10.4	
Mechanical engineering technicians		.64	6.2	6.4	6.7	.64
Surveyors	18.3	3.21	30.6	31.7	33.0	3.18
All other engineering and science technicians		2.04	21.5	22.3	23.2	
Computer programmers		.68	8.0	8.3	8.6	
Computer systems analysts		.67	7.9	8.2	8.5	.82
Commercial and graphic artists and designers		.35	3.4	3.5	3.7	.35
Designers	10.0	1.75	19.0	19.7	20.5	1.98
	9 1	20	2 6	201	2 0	70
Writers and editors Accountants and auditors		.38 .83	3.6 8.0	3.8 8.3	3.9 8.6	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Number	Percent -		Percent			
	Number		Low	Moderate	High	Percer	
Engineering, architectural, and surveying services—Continued				,			
Architects	. 38.1	6.70	58.7	60.9	63.3	6.1	
Cost estimators		.79	8.0	8.3	8.6	1	
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	. 2.0	.36	3.4	3.6	3.7	.36	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	. 62.3	10.95	123.3	128.0	133.1	12.8	
Sales workers	. 2.8	.49	4.7	4.9	5.1	.4	
Clerical workers	88.0	15.48	142.0	147.4	153.2	14.7	
Accounting clerks	. 4.4	.77	6.4	6.7	6.9	.6	
Bookkeepers, hand	. 5.9	1.03	9.0	9.3	9.7	.9	
Clerical supervisors	. 1.5	.26	2.5	2.6	2.7	.2	
File clerks		.28	1.7	1.8	1.9		
General clerks, office		2.18	23.9	24.8	25.8		
Messengers		.20	1.9	2.0	2.1	.2	
Computer operators		.37	3.8	3.9	4.0	1	
Data entry operators		.24	2.3	2.4	2.4		
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.32	3.1	3.2	3.3		
Receptionists		.45	4.3	4.5	4.6		
		5.19	47.1	48.9	50.8		
Stenographers		.26	2.5	2.6	2.7		
Typists		1.64	11.9 4.9	12.4 5.1	12.9 5.3		
Craft and related workers	12.2	2.15	20.4	21.2	22.0	2.1	
Operatives	28.5	5.00	51.6	53.5	55.6	5.3	
Photographic process workers	1.0	.18	1.3	1.4	1.4	.1	
Surveyor helpers	22.7	3.99	42.2	43.8	45.6	4.3	
Service workers	4.2	.74	7.1	7.4	7.7	.7	
Laborers, except farm	3.9	.68	6.6	6.8	7.1	.6	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services							
Total, all occupations	353.3	100.00	576.6	598.7	622.2	100.0	
Professional, technical, and related workers	. 178.1	50.42	303.6	315.2	327.6	52.6	
Computer programmers	3.0	.85	5.6	5.8	6.0	.9	
Computer systems analysts	4.1	1.15	8.0	8.3	8.6	1.3	
Accountants and auditors	148.5	42.02	258.0	267.8	278.4	44.7	
Tax preparers	17.0	4.80	22.9	23.8	24.7	3.9	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	40.3	11.41	69.6	72.3	75.1	12.0	
Sales workers	1.6	.47	2.7	2.8	2.9	4	
Clerical workers		36.56	194.1	201.6	209.5		
Accounting clerks	16.0	4.54	19.8	20.5	21.3	3.4	
Bookkeepers, hand	14.6	4.14	15.7	16.3	16.9	2.7	
Clerical supervisors	1.2	.33	1.9	2.0	2.1	.3	
File clerks	1.2	.34	1.0	1.1	1.1	.1	
General clerks, office	14.7	4.17	25.7	26.7	27.8	4.4	
Bookkeeping, billing machine operators		.88	5.1	5.3	5.5	3.	
Computer operators	1	2.90	16.7	17.4	18.0		
Data entry operators		1.62	9.3	9.7	10.1		
Payroll and timekeeping clerks		.41	2.4	2.5	2.6		
Receptionists		2.19	14.7	15.2	15.8	1	
Secretaries			41.5	43.1	44.8		
			41.0	40.11			

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation	NI	B		Number		Boroon	
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services—Continued							
Stenographers	2.0	0.58	3.3	3.5	3.6	0.58	
Typists	12.0	3.39	16.6	17.3	18.0		
Switchboard operators/receptionists	4.6	1.30	6.0	6.2	6.5	1.04	
Craft and related workers	.7	.20	1.2	1.2	1.3	.20	
Operatives	.3	.09	.5	.6	.6	.09	
Service workers	2.7	.77	4.4	4.6	4.8	.77	
Laborers, except farm	.2	.07	.4	.4	.4	.07	
Government							
Total, all occupations	7,461.4	100.00	8,185.0	8,038.0	8,345.0	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	1,760.7	23.60	1,995.1	1,927.5	2,013.2	23.98	
Civil engineers	60.9	.82	72.4	70.5	73.4		
Nurses, registered	96.7	1.30	109.7	106.1	110.8		
Physicians	36.5	.49	44.1	41.1	43.5		
Air traffic controllers	20.9	.28	24.1	21.8	23.3		
Computer programmers	22.1	.30	29.9	29.3	30.5		
Computer systems analysts	40.0 95.5	.54	60.9	57.4	60.5 115.2		
Lawyers	61.2	1.28	114.0 68.1	110.4 66.8	69.4		
Personnel and labor relations specialists	41.5	.56	48.2	45.8	48.2	1	
Purchasing agents and/or buyers	31.2	.42	38.1	35.4	37.5		
Recreation workers	49.7	.67	54.2	55.0	56.4		
Caseworkers	143.2	1.92	130.3	132.0	135.6	1	
Community organization workers	26.5	.36	28.5	29.0	29.7		
Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents	46.9	.63	54.3	51.8	54.3		
Managers, officials, and proprietors	700.8	9.39	808.1	792.0	822.9	9.85	
Construction inspectors, public administration	39.0	.52	45.8	45.8	47.2		
Health and regulatory inspectors	97.1	1.30	107.5	104.3	108.7	1.30	
Sales workers	23.1	.31	25.2	24.6	25.6	.31	
Clerical workers	1,738.2	23.30	1,852.8	1,805.6	1,879.9	22.46	
Accounting clerks	89.5	1.20	95.3	92.8	96.6	1.15	
Cashiers	40.6	.54	49.5	50.0	51.4		
Clerical supervisors		.59	45.7	46.1	47.4		
Dispatchers, police, fire, and ambulance		.62	50.5	51.4	52.7		
Eligibility workers, welfare		.41	30.7	31.3	32.1		
File clerks	30.6 267.3	.41 3.58	29.1 287.4	29.6 278.3	30.4 290.4		
Mail clerks	31.2	.42	38.1	35.2	37.4		
Data entry operators	39.5	.53	24.2	23.5	24.5		
Secretaries		2.74	246.3	239.2	249.3	1	
Stenographers	82.3	1.10	53.1	52.6	54.4	1	
Typists	286.1	3.83	284.0	278.1	289.0	3.46	
Craft and related workers	737.8	9.89	841.2	821.5	854.6		
Electricians	38.4	.52	44.5	43.0	44.9		
Automotive mechanics		.58	47.8	47.6	49.2		
Industrial machinery repairers	33.7 77.0	.45 1.03	39.5 84.9	37.5 85.0	39.4 87.6		
Maintenance repairers, general utility		.90	81.6	82.7	84.9		
Heavy equipment operators		1.14	91.4	92.2	94.8	1	
Water and sewage treatment plant operators	66.6	1	70.0	71.0	72.9		
and some addition plant operators information	55.0	.00	, 0.0	,	, 2.0		

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives				
Occupation		Percent		Davasari			
	Number		Low	Moderate	High	Percent	
Government—Continued							
Operatives	313.0	4.19	347.2	341.0	354.0		
Busdrivers, local and intercity	63.7	.85	69.5	70.6	72.4		
Truck drivers	79.3	1.06	88.4	87.8	90.8	1.0	
Service workers	1,591.8	21.33	1,716.0	1,723.6	1,774.9	21.4	
Building custodians	128.7	1.72	123.4	122.5	126.7		
Licensed practical nurses	38.2	.51	42.8	41.7	43.4		
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	120.1	1.61	124.9	122.2	127.1		
Recreation facility attendants	32.6	.44	35.1	35.7	36.6		
Welfare service aides	39.1	.52	35.7	36.2	37.1		
Correction officials and jailers	110.5 37.9	1.48	144.6 41.6	146.5 42.4	150.4		
Crossing guards, school	200.6	2.69	214.3	216.7	43.4 222.6	1	
Fire officers	46.3	.62	50.8	51.7	53.0		
Guards	30.0	.40	39.7	39.2	40.6		
Police detectives	59.5	.80	69.4	67.9	70.6		
Police officers	96.8	1.30	106.2	106.8	109.9		
Police patrolmen/women	363.3		383.4	390.2	399.9		
Laborers, except farm	595.9	7.99	599.3	602.2	620.0	7.4	
Highway maintenance workers	165.0		172.0	175.0	179.4		
Garbage collectors	79.2	1.06	77.3	78.7	80.7	1	
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	66.6	.89	72.5	73.4	75.4	.9	
Federal Government							
Total, all occupations	2,076.7	100.00	2,625.0	2,379.0	2,545.0	100.00	
Professional, technical, and related workers	717.4	34.55	924.9	838.3	896.7	35.2	
Civil engineers	18.7	.90	29.1	26.4	28.2	1.1	
Electrical engineers	24.2	1.16	30.8	27.9	29.9	1.1	
Mechanical engineers	10.1	.49	12.9	11.7	12.5		
Biological scientists	13.5		19.3	17.5	18.8		
Electrical and electronic technicians	21.8	1.05	27.9	25.2	27.0		
Nurses, registered	39.1	1.88	49.8	45.1	48.3		
Physicians	26.6		33.9	30.8	32.9		
Air traffic controllers	20.9 7.7	1.01	24.1 9.8	21.8 8.9	23.3 9.5		
Computer programmers Computer systems analysts	28.6		41.2	37.4	40.0		
Economists	8.1	.39	11.1	10.0	10.7		
Adult education teachers	15.3		19.6	17.7	19.0		
Accountants and auditors	36.6		50.3	45.6	48.8		
Foresters and conservationists	13.3		17.0	15.4	16.5		
Lawyers	17.6	.85	22.4	20.3	21.7	.8	
Personnel and labor relations specialists	23.1	1.11	29.4	26.7	28.5	1.1	
Purchasing agents and buyers	24.3	1.17	31.0	28.1	30.1	1.1	
Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents	24.4	1.18	31.1	28.2	30.2	1.1	
Managers, officials, and proprietors	207.3	9.98	273.2	247.6	264.9	10.4	
Health and regulatory inspectors	36.2	1.74	46.1	41.8	44.7	1.7	
Sales workers	7.5	.36	9.9	8.9	9.6	.3	
Clerical workers			719.8	652.3	697.8	27.4	
Accounting clerks			37.8	34.3	36.7		
Claims adjusters	15.3		19.5		18.9		
Claims clerks	16.4	.79	20.9	18.9	20.3		
General clerks, office Mail clerks			127.5 32.4		123.7 31.4	1	

(Numbers in thousands)

	198	32	1995 alternatives					
Occupation			Number					
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen		
Federal Government—Continued								
Computer operators	10.4	0.50	15.9	14.4	15.4	0.6		
Data entry operators	13.4	.65	10.6	9.6	10.3			
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	9.6	.46	12.2	11.1	11.9	.47		
Personnel clerks		1.03	27.3	24.8	26.5	1.04		
Secretaries	77.2	3.72	102.8	93.2	99.7	3.92		
Stenographers	16.4	.79	13.2	12.0	12.8	.50		
Typists	83.6	4.02	98.5	89.3	95.5	3.7		
Craft and related workers	245.9	11.84	310.6	281.5	301.1	11.8		
Carpenters	9.3	.45	11.9	10.8	11.5			
Electricians	16.4	.79	20.9	18.9	20.3			
Painters, construction and maintenance	9.7	.47	12.3	11.2	12.0			
Plumbers and pipefitters	18.2	.88	23.2	21.0	22.5	1		
Aircraft mechanics	25.6	1.23	32.0	29.0	31.1			
Industrial machinery repairers	18.9	.91	24.1	21.8	23.4			
Maintenance repairers, general utility	10.1	.49	12.9	11.7	12.5	.49		
Sheet-metal workers and tinsmiths	13.4	.65	17.1	15.5	16.6	.65		
Operatives	88.7	4.27	111.6	101.2	108.2			
Machine tool operators, combination	16.0 15.2	.77 .73	20.4 19.3	18.5 17.5	19.8 18.8			
Panilaa warkara	164.0	7.91	205.4	106.0	100.0	7.83		
Service workers	164.2			186.2	199.2	1		
Building custodians	22.1	1.06	28.1	25.5	27.3			
Licensed practical nurses	13.3	.64	16.9	15.3	16.4			
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	37.9 10.5	1.82	43.9 13.4	39.8 12.2	42.5 13.0			
Fire fighters	8.6	.41	10.9	9.9	10.6			
Police detectives	19.3	.93	24.7	22.4	23.9			
Police officers	9.0	.43	11.5	10.4	11.1			
Laborers, except farm	68.3	3.29	69.6	63.1	67.5	2.65		
Local government, except education and hospitals			- 0.4					
Total, all occupations	3,707.8	100.00	3,999.0	4,070.0	4,171.0	100.00		
Professional, technical, and related workers	500.6	13.50	547.5	557.3	571.1	13.69		
Civil engineers	19.4	.52	21.3	21.7	22.2	.53		
Nurses, registered	36.8	.99	40.4	41.1	42.1	1.01		
Urban and regional planners	15.4	.42	17.0	17.3	17.7			
Accountants and auditors	25.1	.68	27.5	28.0	28.7			
Assessors	26.5	.72	29.1	29.6	30.4			
Lawyers	30.3	.82	33.3	33.9	34.7			
Librarians	16.1	.43	17.7	18.0	18.4			
Recreation workers	45.7	1.23	50.2	51.1	52.4			
Social workers	84.1	2.27	81.8	83.3	85.3			
Caseworkers Community organization workers	61.5 22.6	1.66 .61	57.0 24.8	58.0 25.3	59.4 25.9	1		
Managers, officials, and proprietors	335.8	9.06	381.3	388.1	397.7	9.53		
Construction inspectors, public administration	28.9	.78	33.5	34.1	35.0			
Health and regulatory inspectors	26.4	.71	29.0	29.5	30.2			
Sales workers	2.4	.07	2.9	2.9	3.0	.07		
Clerical workers	713.6	19.25	737.8	750.9	769.5	18.45		
Accounting clerks	37.3	1.00	38.9	39.6	40.6	.97		
	28.1	.76	36.9	37.5	38.5	.92		
Cashiers	21.7	.59	23.8	24.3	24.9	.60		

(Numbers in thousands)

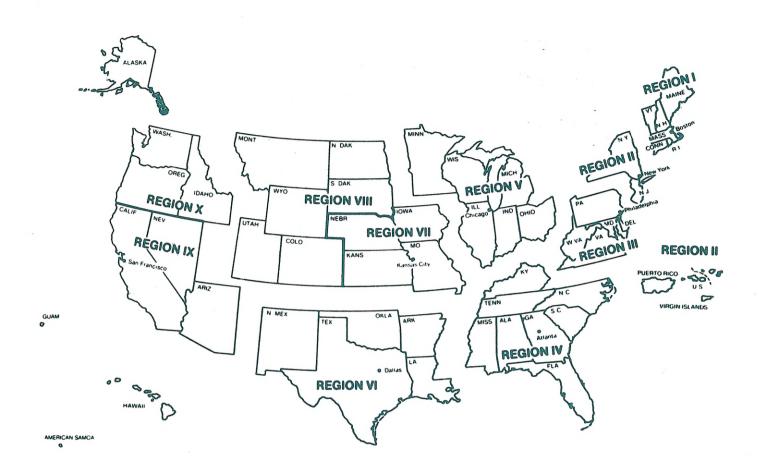
0			1995 alternatives				
Occupation	Al		Number				
	Number	Percent	Low	Moderate	High	Percen	
Local government, except education and hospitals—Continued							
Court clerks	20.9	0.56	22.9	23.3	23.9	0.57	
Dispatchers, police, fire, and ambulance	43.6	1.18	47.8	48.7	49.9	1.20	
File clerks	21.0	.57	21.1	21.5	22.0	.53	
General clerks, office	94.4	2.55	98.5	100.3	102.8	2.46	
Secretaries	67.5	1.82	80.6	82.0	84.0	2.01	
Stenographers	27.5	.74	16.3	16.6	17.0	.41	
Typists	109.2	2.95	110.1	112.0	114.8	2.75	
Town clerks	26.0	.70	28.6	29.1	29.8	.71	
Craft and related workers	401.2	10.82	443.5	451.3	462.6	11.09	
Electricians	18.3	.49	20.1	20.5	21.0	.50	
Automotive mechanics	29.7	.80	32.6	33.1	34.0	.81	
Maintenance repairers, general utility		1.57	64.0	65.1	66.7	1.60	
Blue-collar worker supervisors	48.8	1.32	61.5	62.6	64.1	1.54	
Heavy equipment operators	59.3	1.60	65.1	66.2	67.9		
Water and sewage treatment plant operators		1.75	67.7	68.9	70.6	1.69	
Prorativas	184.6	4.98	201.5	205.1	210.2	5.04	
Operatives		.30				.30	
Ambulance drivers and ambulance attendants	11.1		12.1	12.4	12.7		
Busdrivers, local and intercity	58.9 55.5	1.59 1.50	64.6 60.9	65.8 62.0	67.4 63.5	1.62	
Capita workers	1,129.4	30.46	1,229.4	1 251 2	1,282,3	30.74	
Service workers	,		,	1,251.3			
Building custodians	80.9	2.18	73.3	74.6	76.4	1.83	
Licensed practical nurses	16.0	.43	17.6	17.9	18.4	.44	
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	55.5	1.50	58.0	59.0	60.5	1.45	
Recreation facility attendants	28.3	.76	31.1	31.7	32.4	.78	
Welfare service aides	21.7	.59	20.2	20.5	21.1	.50	
Correction officials and jailers	43.3	1.17	73.3	74.6	76.4	1.83	
Crossing guards, school	37.9	1.02	41.6	42.4	43.4	1.04	
Fire fighters	188.6	5.09	199.6	203.1	208.2	4.99	
Fire officers	46.3	1.25	50.8	51.7	53.0	1.27	
Police detectives	35.8	.97	40.7	41.4	42.5	1.02	
Police officers	77.3	2.08	84.8	86.3	88.5	2.12	
Police patrolmen/women	321.5	8.67	344.3	350.4	359.1	8.61	
Sheriffs and U.S. Marshalls	20.4	.55	16.3	16.6	17.0	.41	
Supervisors, nonworking, service	18.6	.50	20.4	20.8	21.3	.51	
aborers, except farm	440.2	11.87	455.1	463.2	474.7	11.38	
Highway maintenance workers	130.7	3.52	143.5	146.0	149.6	3.59	
Garbage collectors	79.2	2.14	77.3	78.7	80.7	1.93	
Gardeners and groundskeepers, except farm	57.7	1.56	63.4	64.5	66.1	1.58	
Helpers, trades	25.4	.69	27.9	28.4	29.1	.70	

Percents are based on unrounded numbers. Wage and salary workers

¹ Industry includes SIC 421 and SIC 423. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals or subtotals because of rounding and because subtotals may include occupations not shown separately.



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