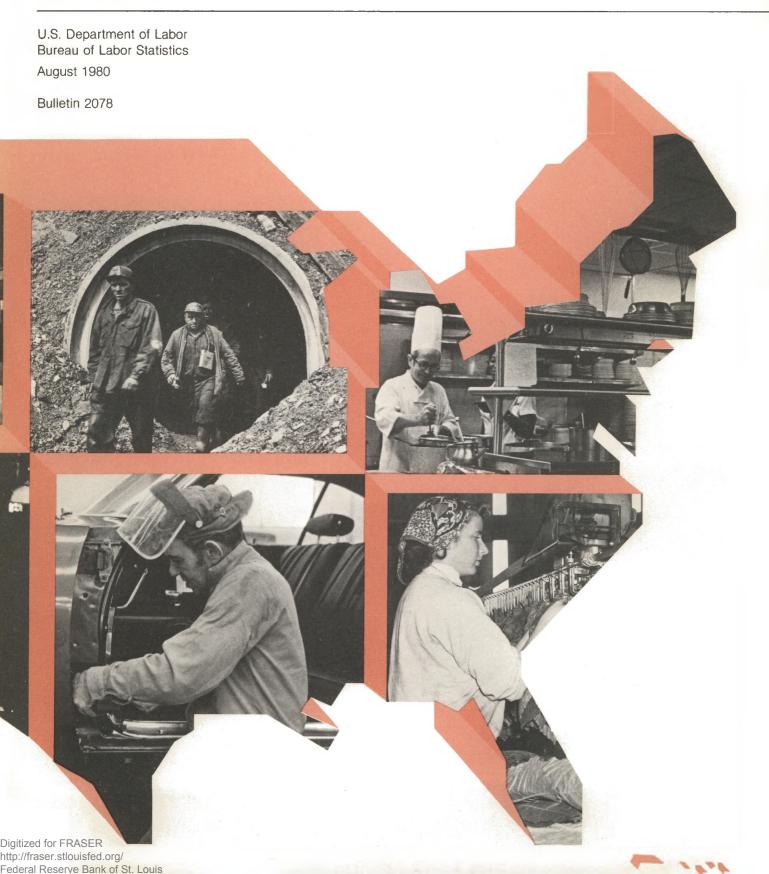
12.3:2078

Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States by Industry, 1978





Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States by Industry, 1978



U.S. Department of Labor Ray Marshall, Secretary Bureau of Labor Statistics Janet L. Norwood, Commissioner August 1980

Bulletin 2078

Preface

Data for this publication were collected in accordance with the provisions of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. The estimates guage the occurrence of injuries and illnesses resulting from working conditions over which the Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, the Mine Safety and Health Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor, and the Federal Railroad Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation exercise statutory authority.

The estimates represent the injury and illness experience of employers in private sector establishments for the years 1972-78. For each survey, report forms were mailed to employers in the year following the reference year of the survey.

In recent years, the survey sample has been reduced in response to the proposal of the Office of Management and Budget and the Commission on Federal Paperwork to reduce the amount of paperwork required of employers. The reduction resulted in less detailed statistics in the nonmanufacturing industries surveyed, except for the construction industry and some 3-digit industries which historically have had high incidence rates. The number of sample units selected for the construction and manufacturing industries was not reduced and, therefore, there was no loss in statistical detail for these industries.

To further decrease the paperwork burden on small employers, employers with fewer than 11 employees in low-risk industries were not required to participate in the 1978 survey. In order to maintain comparability with the data published in previous years, a statistical method based on the previous experience of these low-risk industries was used to represent them in the private sector.

This bulletin was prepared in the Office of Occupational Safety and Health Statistics by the staff of the Division of Periodic Surveys, under the direction of William Mead. Data were collected and tabulated in the Office of Statistical Operations with the cooperation of the regional offices of the Bureau of Labor Statistics and participating State agencies identified in appendix C. State data on occupational injuries and illnesses will be released in a separate publication.

Unless specifically identified as copyright, material in this publication is in the public domain and may, with appropriate credit, be reproduced without permission.

Contents

| | Page |
|---|------|
| Total injuries and illnesses | 1 |
| Incidence rates | |
| Number of injuries and illnesses | 2 |
| Injuries | 3 |
| Incidence rates | 3 |
| Incidence rates by establishment size | 4 |
| Number of injuries | 4 |
| Worktime lost | 4 |
| Injuries involving days away from work and days of restricted work activity | 5 |
| Incidence rates | 5 |
| Number of cases | 5 |
| Lost workdays due to injuries | 5 |
| Incidence rates | |
| Number of lost workdays | |
| Comparison with time lost from work stoppages | |
| Injury incidence rate trends since 1972 | 6 |
| Fatalities | 6 |
| Incidence rates | 6 |
| Number of fatalities | 6 |
| Objects or events associated with fatalities | 6 |
| Illnesses | 7 |
| Incidence rates | 8 |
| Number of illnesses | 8 |
| Text tables: | |
| 1. Industries with the highest injury and illness incidence rates in 1978 and percent change from 1977, | |
| United States | 2 |
| 2. Injuries and illnesses and employment by industry division, United States, 1977 and 1978 | 2 |
| 3. Percent distribution of major industry groups by percent change in total injury rate, lost workday | |
| injury rate, and incidence rate of lost workdays, private sector, United States, 1977 to 1978 | 3 |
| 4. Industries with the highest incidence rates of lost workday injuries in 1978 and percent change from | |
| 1977, United States | 4 |
| 5. Percent of worktime lost from injuries and illnesses, and percent of days of idleness from work stop- | |
| pages, private sector, United States, 1973-78 | 5 |
| 6. Injury incidence rates by extent of case and average lost workdays per lost workday injury, private sec- | |
| tor, United States, 1972-78 | |
| 7. Number and rate of fatalities for employers with 11 or more employees, private sector, United States, | |
| 1974–78 | 6 |
| 8. Fatalities and employment for employers with 11 or more employees by industry division, United | |
| States 1978 | 7 |

Contents—Continued

| | I | Page |
|----------|--|----------|
| Charts: | | |
| 1. | Injury and illness incidence rates by industry division, United States, 1978 | 9 |
| 2. | Percent distribution of private sector establishments by total injury and illness incidence rate interval and employment-size group, United States, 1978 | 10 |
| 3. | Percent distribution of private sector establishments by lost workday injury and illness incidence rate interval and employment-size group, United States, 1978 | 11 |
| 4. | Mean and median distribution of total injury and illness incidence rates for 3-digit SIC industries with the highest total case rates, United States, 1978 | 12 |
| 5. | Mean and median distribution of lost workday injury and illness incidence rates for 3-digit SIC industries with the highest lost workday case rates, United States, 1978 | 13 |
| 6. | Percent change in total injury incidence rates and lost workday injury incidence rates by industry division, United States, 1977 to 1978 | 14 |
| 7. | Injury incidence rates by employment-size group, United States, 1978 | 15 |
| 8. | Percent of lost workday injuries involving days of restricted work activity only by industry division, United States, 1977 and 1978 | 16 |
| 9. | Percent of lost workday injuries involving restricted work activity only for the industries with the | |
| | highest lost workday case rates, United States, 1978 | 17 |
| 10. | Injuries involving days away from work and days of restricted work activity only, as a percent of total lost workday injuries, by employment-size group, United States, 1978 | 18 |
| 11. | Ranking of 3-digit SIC industries with the highest injury incidence rate of lost workdays, United States, 1978 | 19 |
| 12. | Injury incidence rates for total injuries, lost workday injuries, and lost workdays, private sector, United States, 1972-78 | 20 |
| 13. | Percent of injury and illness fatalities for employers with 11 or more employees by cause, private sector, United States, 1978 | 21 |
| 14. | Percent distribution of total illnesses by category of illness, United States, 1978 | 22 |
| Referenc | e tables: | |
| 1. | Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978 | 23 |
| 2. 3. | Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978. Number of occupational injuries and illnesses, and lost workdays by industry division, United States, | 32 |
| Э. | 1977 and 1978 | 59 |
| 4. | Number of occupational injuries and illnesses by industry, United States, 1978 | 60 |
| 5. 6. | Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978 Occupational injury incidence rates by industry division and employment size, United States, 1977 | 62 |
| 7 | and 1978 | 71 |
| | and 1978 | 71 |
| 8. | Percent of occupational injury and illness fatalities for employers with 11 or more employees by industry division and cause, private sector, United States, 1978 | 72 |
| 9. | Occupational illness incidence rates by industry division and extent of case, United States, 1977 and 1978 | 73 |
| 10. | Number of occupational illnesses by category of illness and industry division, United States, 1978 | 73 |
| Appendi | | |
| A. | Scope of survey and technical notes | 74 |
| Tab | | |
| A | -1. Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational | |
| | injuries by industry, United States, 1978 | 77 |
| | Relative standard errors for injury and illness fatalities by industry division, United States, 1978. Relative standard errors for measures of occupational illnesses by industry, United States, 1978. | 85 86 |
| | | |

Contents—Continued

| | | Page |
|----------|---|------|
| Appendix | res-Continued | |
| В. | OSHA No. 200S report form and instructions | 87 |
| C. | State agencies participating in the 1978 survey | 91 |
| D. | Glossary of terms | 92 |

Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, 1978

Total Injuries and Illnesses

Incidence rates

During 1978, approximately 1 out of every 11 American workers in the private sector suffered an injury or illness caused by exposure to hazards in the work environment. This translates into an incidence rate of 9.4 injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers during the year (table 1). The estimates encompass job-related cases resulting in death, diagnosed illness, and most injuries requiring more than minor first-aid treatment. They represent the experience of 71.5 million workers in about 5 million establishments in the private sector of the American economy. Self-employed individuals and farms with fewer than 11 employees are not included in the estimates.

The incidence rate of 9.4 experienced in 1978 was virtually unchanged from the rate of 9.3 for 1977. In terms of hours of exposure on the job, 1 injury or illness was recorded for every 21,300 hours worked in 1978; the comparable ratio for 1977 was 1 case for every 21,500 hours.

Incidence rates for the major industry divisions ranged from 16.0 in construction to 2.1 in finance, insurance, and real estate in 1978 (chart 1). Goods-producing industries (agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and manufacturing) experienced higher injury and illness rates than service-producing industries (transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services). The composite 1978 rate for goods-producing industries was 13.5 and 6.7 for service-producing industries; in 1977 the comparable rates were 13.3 and 6.6, respectively. The percentage increase in employment between 1977 and 1978 was nearly similar for goodsproducing industries and service-producing industries— 5 and 6 percent, respectively. The rates for all goodsproducing industries and one service-producing industry (transportation and public utilities) have been higher than the private sector average for the past several years. Manufacturing, with nearly 30 percent of private sector employment and about 80 percent of the goodsproducing work force, had a rate of 13.2.

Between 1977 and 1978, total injury and illness incidence rates increased in 7 of the 8 industry divisions; the rate for the services industries remained at the 1977 level. Increases in rates ranged from 0.8 percent in man-

ufacturing to 6 percent in mining. Construction industries, which experienced about a 3-percent increase in the injury and illness rate, had the largest percentage increase in employment between 1977 and 1978—11 percent.

The injury and illness incidence rates for the special product sawmills, mobile homes, and meatpacking industries continued to be the highest in the private sector. Text table 1 provides 1978 data for the industries with the highest injury and illness incidence rates, and comparable rates and rank positions for these industries in 1977. The reclaimed rubber industry experienced the greatest overall increase in injuries and illnesses between the years—moving from a rate of 20.5 and a rank position of 64 in 1977 to a rate of 30.5 and a rank of 5 for 1978. Sanitary services was the only nonmanufacturing industry among this list of industries.

Chart 2 provides the distribution of private sector establishments by establishment size and incidence rate interval for 1978. It shows that, on average, the proportion of establishments in which virtually no injuries or illnesses occurred varied inversely with establishment size, while the proportion of establishments with rates between 0.1 and 9.9 varied directly with establishment size. About 90 percent of the establishments with fewer than 20 employees experienced virtually no injuries and illnesses. The greatest percentage of establishments experiencing high rates of injuries and illnesses—10.0 or greater—was in the 100 to 249 employee-size group, a pattern generally experienced by private sector industries. Chart 3 furnishes comparable employment size-class data by the incidence rate interval for lost workday cases—the more serious injuries and illnesses. Distribution patterns were similar to those of total injuries and illnesses.

The average (mean) rates are sometimes inflated by the presence of a few reporting units with a high incidence of cases. However, the upward bias inherent in the average rate is not reflected in the quartile rates. Quartile data show that, although on average establishments in the private sector experienced 9.4 injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers, three-fourths of these establishments experienced virtually no injuries or illnesses (table 2). In construction, the industry division with the highest overall rate, one-half of the establishments had a rate of 0.0 and three-fourths had a rate of less than 9.0.

Text table 1. Industries with the highest injury and illness incidence rates in 1978 and percent change from 1977, United States

| 010 - 1-1 | | | 1978 | | Percen | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--------|
| SIC code ¹ | Industry | Rank | Incidence rate ² | Rank | Incidence rate ² | change |
| 2429 | Special product sawmills, n.e.c. | 1 | 43.6 | 2 | 35.1 | 24.2 |
| 2451 | Mobile homes | 2 | 34.8 | l ī | 35.7 | - 2.5 |
| 2011 | Meatpacking plants | 3 | 32.8 | 3 | 33.6 | - 2.4 |
| 2439 | Structural wood members, n.e.c. | 4 | 31.2 | 11 | 27.1 | 15.1 |
| 303 | Reclaimed rubber | 5 | 30.5 | 64 | 20.5 | 48.8 |
| 3261 | Vitreous plumbing fixtures | 6 | 29.5 | 7 | 28.5 | 3.5 |
| 3713 | Truck and bus bodies | 7 | 29.5 | 17 | 25.8 | 14.3 |
| 3493 | Steel springs, except wire | 8 | 29.0 | 4 | 30.0 | - 3.3 |
| 3792 | Travel trailers and campers | 9 | 28.3 | 6 | 28.6 | - 1.0 |
| 334 | Secondary nonferrous metals | 10 | 27.6 | 5 | 29.3 | - 5.8 |
| 2083 | Malt | 11 | 27.3 | (3) | (3) | (') |
| 2999 | Petroleum and coal products, n.e.c | 12 | 27.2 | 22 | 25.0 | 8.8 |
| 3316 | Cold finishing of steel shapes | 13 | 27.1 | 10 | 27.8 | - 2.5 |
| 3317 | Steel pipe and tubes | 14 | 27.1 | 43 | 22.0 | 23.2 |
| 3715 | Truck trailers | 15 | 26.7 | 8 | 28.2 | - 5.3 |
| 3325 | Steel foundries, n.e.c. | 16 | 26.6 | 35 | 23.4 | 13.7 |
| 2077 | Animal and marine fats and oils | 17 | 26.5 | 21 | 25.0 | 6.0 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks | 18 | 26.4 | 13 | 26.6 | 8 |
| 241 | Logging camps and logging contractors | 19 | 25.9 | 15 | 26.3 | - 1.5 |
| 495 | Sanitary services | 20 | 25.9 | 23 | 24.8 | 4.4 |

^{&#}x27; Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Chart 4 indicates that among the 3-digit industries with the highest total case rates, the median rate was at least one-half the mean rate in 7 of the 10 industries. Furthermore, the first quartile rate was greater than zero in only two industries—wood buildings and mobile homes (8.7) and iron and steel foundries (9.7). Chart 5 illustrates the mean and median distribution of lost workday case rates.

Number of injuries and illnesses

There were about 5.8 million work-related injuries and illnesses in 1978—or an average of slightly more

than one case for every establishment in the private sector (table 3). This represented an increase of 6 percent, or about 340,000 cases, from the 5.46 million cases experienced during 1977. However, during this period there was a 5-percent increase in employment (text table 2). Among the eight industry divisions, only agriculture, forestry, and fishing experienced decreases in both the number of injuries and illnesses and employment. Injuries and illnesses rose about 12 percent in mining industries, more than double the percentage increase in mining employment.

Manufacturing, transportation and public utilities, and

Text table 2. Injuries and illnesses and employment by industry division, United States, 1977 and 1978

| | Injuries and illnesses | | | | | ment |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------------|----------|--------|
| Industry division | Number (in thousands) | | Percent | Nur (in tho | Percent | |
| | 1977 | 1978 | change | 1977 | 1978 | change |
| Private sector | 5,460.3 | 5,799.4 | 6.2 | 67,871.0 | 71,532.8 | 5.4 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | 74.9 | 67.1 | - 10.4 | 970.0 | 890.8 | - 8.2 |
| Mining | 88.2 | 98.4 | 11.6 | 809.0 | 851.0 | 5.2 |
| Construction | 507.9 | 576.6 | 13.5 | 3,833.0 | 4,271.0 | 11.4 |
| Manufacturing | 2,466.5 | 2,581.6 | 4.7 | 19,647.0 | 20,476.0 | 4.2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 428.6 | 462.9 | 8.0 | 4,696.0 | 4,927.0 | 4.9 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1,169.9 | 1,252.2 | 7.0 | 18,492.0 | 19,499.0 | 5.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 77.2 | 85.2 | 10.4 | 4,452.0 | 4,727.0 | 6.2 |
| Services | 647.2 | 675.5 | 4.4 | 14,972.0 | 15,891.0 | 6.1 |

² Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers. See appendix D for definition and method of calculation.

³ Comparable 1977 data did not meet publication guidelines.

wholesale and retail trade, with about 63 percent of total private sector employment, had nearly 75 percent of all private sector injuries and illnesses. Construction industries, with 6 percent of employment, had 10 percent of injuries and illnesses. On the other hand, finance, insurance, and real estate and services industries had nearly 30 percent of employment and only 13 percent of injuries and illnesses. The remaining industries had nearly even proportions of employment and injuries and illnesses.

As in years past, almost all cases were injuries—illnesses constituted only 2.5 percent of the total. This proportion ranged from 1 percent in wholesale and retail trade to 5 percent in agriculture, forestry, and fishing (table 4).

Injuries

Occupational injuries are caused by work accidents or from exposure involving a single incident in the work environment. These are recorded if they result in death, worktime lost, medical treatment other than minor first aid, loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or termination of employment.

Incidence rates

The incidence rate for job-related injuries in 1978 was 9.2 for every 100 full-time workers in the private sector (table 5). This is a 2-percent increase from the rate of 9.0 recorded in 1977 (chart 6). The increase occurred primarily in injuries which involved lost work-time—those serious enough to require the injured employee to be restricted in work activity or to take days off from work—which constituted 43 percent of total injuries. The rate for these cases rose from 3.7 in 1977 to 4.0 in 1978. The rate for injuries without lost work-time decreased slightly, from 5.3 to 5.2.

Injury incidence rates increased in 7 of the 8 industry divisions between 1977 and 1978, with the rate for the services division remaining at the 1977 level. Increases ranged from 2 percent in manufacturing industries to 5 percent in mining and finance, insurance, and real estate.

The change in the rate for the mining division was largely due to increases of over 30 percent in the rates for metal mining—from 7.4 to 9.9; and for nonmetallic minerals, except fuels—from 5.1 to 6.8. Oil and gas extraction, the largest mining industry in terms of employment, also experienced an increase in the total case rate—from 12.7 to 13.7, or 8 percent.

Construction employers experienced the largest absolute increase in the injury incidence rate between 1977 and 1978—their rate rose from 15.2 to 15.8. This 4-percent increase took place along with an 11-percent increase in employment. Every major industry group in construction experienced increases in both total injury

rates and lost workday injury rates. General building contractors experienced the largest percentage increase in total injury rates.

Manufacturing, the largest industry division with nearly 30 percent of the private sector work force, registered a slight increase in the total injury rate between 1977 and 1978—from 12.6 to 12.8 injuries per 100 full-time workers. Eleven major manufacturing industry groups experienced increases in rates; six, decreases; and three, no change. Primary metal and printing and publishing industries had the largest percentage increase in the rate, 5 percent; tobacco manufacturers had the largest decrease, 6 percent. Wholesale and retail trade experienced increases in every industry group, except food stores, where the rate dropped from 11.3 to 10.6.

Among the 68 major industry groups shown in table 5, 40 showed increases in total injury rates; 22, decreases; and 6, no change. Rates for injuries involving lost worktime increased in 54 of these industries while injury-related lost workday incidence rates increased in 43 industry groups. The percent change in total injury rates for most major industry groups was small—57 percent of all changes were between 1 and 5 percent (text table 3). However, changes in lost workday injury rates were of larger magnitude—almost half were between 6 and 11 percent.

Lost workday injury rates increased in 7 of the 8 industry divisions between 1977 and 1978; only in the finance, insurance, and real estate division did the rate remain at the 1977 level. Industry division rates ranged from 0.8 per 100 full-time workers in finance, insurance, and real estate to 6.4 in mining. Increases in rates ranged from 5 percent in services to 10 percent in the manufacturing and transportation and public utilities industries.

Text table 3. Percent distribution of major industry groups by percent change in total injury rate, lost workday injury rate, and incidence rate of lost workdays, private sector, United States, 1977 to 1978

| Percent change | Total injury rate (N = 68) | Lost workday injury rate (N = 68) | Rate of lost workdays (N = 68) |
|----------------|--|--|---|
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Increase | 58.8 4.4 .0 2.9 13.2 38.2 | 79.4 8.8 1.5 20.6 38.2 10.3 | 63.2 11.8 1.5 10.3 22.1 17.6 |
| No change | 8.8 | 8.8 | .0 |
| Decrease | 32.4 19.1 5.9 1.5 2.9 2.9 | 11.8 1.5 5.9 1.5 .0 2.9 | 36.8 19.1 11.8 2.9 1.5 |

Text table 4. Industries with the highest incidence rates of lost workday injuries in 1978 and percent change from 1977, United States

| SIC code¹ | Industry - | | 1978 | | Percent | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--------|
| | industry | Rank | Incidence rate ² | Rank | Incidence rate ² | change |
| 2429 | Special product sawmills, n.e.c. | 1 | 24.3 | 1 | 18.5 | 31.2 |
| 303 | Reclaimed rubber | 2 | 17.4 | 33 | 10.2 | 70.6 |
| 2083 | Malt | 3 | 16.6 | (3) | (³) | (3) |
| 241 | Logging camps and logging contractors | 4 | 15.5 | 2 | 15.4 | .6 |
| 2451 | Mobile homes | 5 | 15.1 | 3 | 14.6 | 3.4 |
| 2439 | Structural wood members, n.e.c. | 6 | 15.0 | 5 | 13.9 | 7.9 |
| 495 | Sanitary services | 7 | 15.0 | 7 | 13.4 | 11.9 |
| 2011 | Meatpacking plants | 8 | 14.8 | 4 | 14.4 | 2.8 |
| 3261 | Vitreous plumbing fixtures | 9 | 14.5 | 8 | 12.7 | 14.2 |
| 3493 | Steel springs, except wire | 10 | 13.5 | 6 | 13.4 | .7 |
| 3259 | Structural clay products, n.e.c | 11 | 12.9 | 10 | 12.5 | 3.2 |
| 2077 | Animal and marine fats and oils | 12 | 12.6 | 12 | 11.4 | 10.5 |
| 446 | Water transportation services | 13 | 12.1 | 18 | 11.0 | 10.0 |
| 2063 | Beet sugar | 14 | 12.0 | 25 | 10.5 | 14.3 |
| 3441 | Fabricated structural metal | 15 | 11.9 | 24 | 10.6 | 12.3 |
| 3462 | Iron and steel forgings | 16 | 11.9 | 9 | 12.7 | - 6.3 |
| 2084 | Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits | 17 | 11.9 | 42 | 9.3 | 28.0 |
| 2452 | Prefabricated wood buildings | 18 | 11.8 | 13 | 11.3 | 4.4 |
| 2086 | Bottled and canned soft drinks | 19 | 11.8 | 11 | 11.5 | 2.6 |
| 176 | Roofing and sheet-metal work | 20 | 11.7 | 36 | 9.7 | 20.6 |

¹ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Special product sawmills had the highest lost work-day injury rate in 1978, 24.3—up 31 percent from 1977 (text table 4). Eight of the 10 industries having the highest lost workday injury rates in 1978 were also among the 10 highest for 1977. Seven of these industries also ranked among the 10 industries with the highest total case injury rate. Eighteen of the 20 industries with the highest lost workday injury rate had increases in the rate between 1977 and 1978. These ranged from less than 1 percent in logging camps and logging contractors to about 71 percent in reclaimed rubber industries (which increased in rank position from 33 to 2 between 1977 and 1978).

Incidence rates by establishment size

The injury incidence rates for establishments employing fewer than 50 employees or more than 1,000 continued to be lower than the rates for establishments in the mid-size classes (table 6 and chart 7). Rates continued to be highest for establishments with 100 to 249 employees. Injury rates for agriculture, forestry, and fishing generally rose with the number of employees. However, rates for establishments in mining, construction, and transportation and public utilities peaked in the 50 to 99 employee-size group; establishments in manufacturing and wholesale and retail trade in the 100 to 249 group; and establishments in finance, insurance, and real estate and services in the 250 to 499 group. Private sector rates increased in three employment-size

classes, remained the same in three, and decreased in the 50 to 99 and the 250 to 499 groups.

Number of injuries

Approximately 5.66 million job-related injuries were experienced during 1978. This represents an increase of 7 percent from the 5.3 million injuries recorded for 1977. Employment increased proportionately during the same period.

Manufacturing accounted for 44 percent of all private sector injuries—nearly 1 1/2 times its share of private sector employment. Besides manufacturing, construction, transportation and public utilities, and wholesale and retail trade employers experienced greater percentages of injuries than of employment.

The number of lost workday injuries increased from approximately 2.1 million in 1977 to nearly 2.4 million in 1978. All industry divisions, with the exception of agriculture, forestry, and fishing, showed increases of 12 to 21 percent. The largest change took place in the construction industry, up 21 percent from 1977. About 44 percent of the increase in the number of cases occurred in manufacturing industries.

Worktime Lost

Worktime lost includes both days away from work and days of restricted work activity. The data for cases which involve days away from work include those

² Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers. See appendix D for definition and method of calculation.

³ Comparable 1977 data did not meet publication guidelines.

which result in days away from the job, or both days away from work and days of restricted work activity. On the other hand, the data for cases which involve restricted work activity include only those which result solely in restricted work activity (the employee was on the job but could not perform all the duties of the job).

Injuries involving days away from work and days of restricted work activity

Incidence rates. The rate for cases involving days away from work was 3.7, while the rate for cases involving restricted work activity only was 0.3 (table 7). Construction industries had the highest rate of cases involving days away from work—6.2; finance, insurance, and real estate had the lowest—0.8. Manufacturing had the highest rate of cases involving restricted work activity—0.5 cases per 100 full-time workers.

Number of cases. Nearly 94 percent of the 2.4 million lost workday injuries resulted in days away from work. The remaining 6 percent involved days of restricted work activity only. Manufacturing industries accounted for 42 percent of cases involving days away from work and 64 percent of those which resulted in days of restricted work activity. By industry division, the proportion of lost workday injuries involving restricted work activity ranged from slightly more than 2 percent in construction and agriculture, forestry, and fishing to nearly 10 percent in manufacturing (chart 8). Chart 9 shows the proportion of lost workday injuries involving restricted work activity only for the 10 industries with the highest lost workday injury rates.

Forty-three percent of the injuries were serious enough to require the injured employee either to take time off from work or be restricted in work or motion. This ratio ranged from 57 percent of total injuries in transportation and public utilities industries to 40 percent in construction and wholesale and retail trade industries. Private sector lost workday injuries have increased as a proportion of total injuries since 1972.

The proportion of lost workday injuries involving restricted work activity generally varied directly with establishment size—accounting for 3 percent in establishments with fewer than 100 employees and about 26 percent in the largest establishment group (chart 10).

Lost workdays due to injuries

Incidence rates. The incidence rate of lost workdays indicates the severity of injuries by relating the number of days lost to a common base of exposure on the job. The injury incidence rate of lost workdays rose, from 60.0 in 1977 to 62.1 in 1978.

Three industry divisions posted rates above 100.0—mining at 142.3, construction at 108.1, and transportation and public utilities at 101.3. While rates increased

in six of the industry divisions, they decreased in construction and agriculture, forestry, and fishing. Although the lost workday injury case rate rose in construction and agriculture, forestry, and fishing, the average number of days lost per case was down from 19 to 17 in construction and from 16 to 15 in agriculture, forestry, and fishing because of the decrease in the rate of lost workdays.

Forty-four of the 68 major industry groups had increases in the lost workday injury rate. The finance, insurance, and real estate division, with the largest increase in lost workday rates—19 percent—had increases ranging from 6 to 40 percent in each major industry. The water transportation services industries had the highest injury incidence rate of lost workdays among 3-digit industries—454.0 per 100 full-time workers (chart 11).

Number of lost workdays. About 38.2 million lost workdays resulted from work-related injuries during 1978—up from 35.2 million in 1977. This represents a loss equivalent to a full year's work for about 153,000 employees, compared to 141,000 in 1977. Forty percent of the increase was in manufacturing industries, where 1.16 million more days were lost than in 1977. Among industry divisions, the number of lost workdays decreased only in the agriculture, forestry, and fishing industries.

On average, there were 16 lost workdays per lost workday injury case in the private sector in 1978—the same as in 1977. This average measures the length of time (not counting the day of injury) the employee was away from work or could not perform all regularly assigned duties because of a job-related injury. The average number of days lost ranged from 14 in wholesale and retail trade to 22 in mining.

Comparison with time lost from work stoppages

Work stoppage data represent the number of work-days employees did not work because of a dispute between labor and management which resulted in a strike or lockout. As in 1977, the percent of total worktime lost in the private sector in 1978 was higher for job-related injuries and illnesses than the percent lost due to work stoppages (text table 5). The percent of worktime

Text table 5. Percent of worktime lost from injuries and illnesses, and percent of days of idleness from work stoppages, private sector, United States, 1973-78

| Year | Injuries and illnesses | Work stoppages |
|------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1973 | 0.18 .19 .19 .21 .21 | 0.16 .28 .18 .23 .19 |

lost from injuries and illnesses has risen gradually since 1973; however, the percent of worktime lost from work stoppages has increased in alternate years.

Injury incidence rate trends since 1972

Although increasing slightly since 1975, the total iniury incidence rate declined between 1972 and 1978 from 10.5 to 9.2, or 12 percent (text table 6 and chart 12). Injuries without lost workdays (the less serious type) have been primarily responsible for the decrease in the total injury rate. The rate for these cases dropped 29 percent-from 7.3 to 5.2. The average annual decline in the rate for injuries without lost time was about 5 percent and 2 percent for the total injury rate since 1972. However, during the same period the rate of lost workday injuries climbed from 3.2 to 4.0, or 25 percent, and the severity of these cases—as measured by the incidence rate of lost workdays—rose from 46.3 to 62.1, or 34 percent. Since 1972, the average annual increase in the rates for lost time injuries and lost workdays were 4 and 5 percent, respectively.

Fatalities

The data which follow cover only employers with 11 or more employees because the reduction in the survey sample in 1978 affected primarily employers with fewer than 11 employees. The reduction for employers in low-risk industries was in response to the Presidential directive on reduction of paperwork in survey operations. The sample reduction results in larger sampling errors in the fatality data (statistically rare occurrences), making year-to-year comparisons for this group of employers of questionable reliability.

Text table 6. Injury incidence rates by extent of case and average lost workdays per lost workday injury, private sector, United States, 1972-78

| | Incidence rates¹ | | | | | | | |
|------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Total injuries | Lost workday injuries | workday without | | Average lost workdays per lost workday injury | | | |
| 1972 | 10.5 10.6 10.0 8.8 8.9 9.0 9.2 | 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.2 3.4 3.7 4.0 | 7.3 7.3 6.6 5.6 5.5 5.3 5.2 | 46.3 51.2 53.1 54.6 57.8 60.0 62.1 | 14 15 16 17 17 16 | | | |

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and lost workdays per 100 full-time workers. See appendix D.

NOTE: Data for 1972 did not include estimates for agricultural production, railroads, and most of mining. Separate injury detail for all of mining, except oil and gas extraction, was also not available for 1973. Data for 1975-78 exclude farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Text table 7. Number and rate of fatalities for employers with 11 or more employees, private sector, United States, 1974-78

| Year | Number of fatalities | Incidence rate per 10,000 workers¹ | | |
|------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1974 | 4,970 | 0.98 | | |
| 1975 | 4,570 | .94 | | |
| 1976 | 3,940 | .79 | | |
| 1977 | 4,760 | .91 | | |
| 1978 | 4,590 | .82 | | |

 1 The incidence rates represent the number of fatalities per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) \times 20,000,000, where

N = number of fatalities

EH = hours worked by employees during calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: The average number of fatalities a year for employers with fewer than 11 employees for these 5 years was 900. A comparable figure for fatalities for all classes of employers can be derived by adding the average of 900 fatalities to the estimate for employers with 11 or more employees.

Incidence rates

Between 1977 and 1978 the fatality rate fell from 0.91 to 0.82 per 10,000 full-time workers, or 10 percent (text table 7). Between 1974 and 1978 the rate fell 16 percent.

Number of fatalities

In 1978, about 4,590 work-related deaths were estimated for employers with 11 or more employees. The comparable figure in 1977 was 4,760; therefore, the estimate for 1978 represents a decrease of 4 percent despite a rise in employment from 1977 of 5 percent. Approximately 500 of the fatalities which occurred in 1978 were related to illnesses—primarily associated with heart attacks. Since 1974 the number of fatalities has dropped 8 percent.

Among industry divisions, manufacturing industries had the most fatalities in 1978 and agriculture, forestry, and fishing had the least (text table 8). However, the proportion of fatalities in manufacturing—26 percent—was less than the proportion of employment in manufacturing industries for employers with 11 or more employees—33 percent. The same relationship also held for wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. These industries accounted for 52 percent of the fatalities and 85 percent of the employment. Conversely, in agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; construction; and transportation and public utilities combined, the proportion of fatalities was slightly more than 3 times their 15-percent share of employment.

Objects or events associated with fatalities

The 1978 annual survey was the first to obtain information from employers on the object or the event associated with job-related fatalities. In the total private sector, about 4 of every 10 fatalities were associated with the operation of motor vehicles and industrial vehicles and equipment (table 8 and chart 13). The fol-

lowing is a summary by industry division and for the oil and gas extraction industry of the objects or events associated with fatalities.

Manufacturing—1,170 fatalities. Motor vehicle operation accounted for 19 percent of the deaths; industrial vehicles added another 12 percent. The operation of plant machinery and falls each were responsible for 9 percent of the deaths, and 10 percent of the employees killed were struck by falling or flying objects. Fires and explosions accounted for 12 percent of the deaths in this industry division. Two out of every three fire-related deaths happened in manufacturing industries, as did four out of every ten deaths from explosions.

Construction—925 fatalities. Twenty-nine percent of the deaths resulted from falls from heights. This was equal to the number caused by cars, trucks, and industrial vehicles in the industry. An additional 10 percent of the deaths were due to contact with electric current. Fires and explosions accounted for 5 percent of the fatalities, and falling or flying objects for 6 percent.

Transportation and public utilities—835 fatalities. Twothirds of the fatalities in these industries involved automobiles, trucks, and aircraft. Contact with electricity accounted for another 10 percent, primarily in public utilities.

Wholesale and retail trade—655 fatalities. Employees in this industry experienced over one-half of all private sector fatalities due to gunshots, and over one-third of all fatal heart attacks.

Services—365 fatalities. Nearly one-half of all deaths in services industries involved aircraft, cars, and trucks, while heart attacks were responsible for 17 percent. Falls accounted for another 8 percent.

Finance, insurance, and real estate—200 fatalities. These industries experienced relatively few fatalities during the year. Car accidents accounted for three-fourths of these.

Oil and gas extraction—165 fatalities. Fatalities caused by vehicles and equipment accounted for 50 percent of the deaths in this sector of the mining industry—of which 31 percent were due to industrial vehicles or equipment. Falls from elevations and airplane or helicopter crashes accounted for another 27 percent of the fatalities.

Agriculture, forestry, and fishing—95 fatalities. Overthe-road motor vehicle accidents accounted for 32 percent of the deaths in this industry division. When industrial farm vehicles are included, about one-half of the deaths can be attributed to the operation of vehicles. Twenty-one percent of all other deaths were from contact with electricity or being caught in, under, or between objects other than vehicles or machinery.

Illnesses

Occupational illnesses include any abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to environmental factors associated with employment. The incidence of occupational illnesses measured by the annual survey refers to the number of new illness cases occurring during a year, and does not measure continuing conditions of illness reported in previous surveys. Illnesses are recorded only in the year in which they are diagnosed and recognized as work related.

The recording and reporting of illnesses continue to present some measurement problems since employers (and even doctors) are often unable to recognize some illnesses as being work related. The annual survey in-

Text table 8. Fatalities and employment for employers with 11 or more employees by industry division, United States, 1978 (Annual average employment in thousands)

| Industry | Fata | lities | 1978 annual average employment | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | |
| Private sector | 4,590 | 100 | 59,297 | 100 | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | 95 345 | 2 8 | 838 787 | 1 1 | |
| Construction | 925 1,170 | 20 26 | 3,028 19,759 | 5 33 | |
| Fransportation and public utilities | 835 | 18 | 4,464 | 8 | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 655 200 365 | 14 4 8 | 14,410 3,711 12,300 | 24 6 21 | |

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

cludes data only on current and visible illnesses of workers. To the extent that occupational illnesses are unrecognized and therefore, unreported, the survey estimates understate their occurrence.

Incidence rates

Occupational illnesses occurred at a rate of 0.2 per 100 full-time workers in the private sector, or 2.3 cases per 1,000 employees in 1978 (table 9). This was a decrease from the rate of 2.8 per 1,000 for 1977, and was the lowest recorded since the survey was initiated. Illness incidence rates ranged from 0.5 per 1,000 in finance, insurance, and real estate to 5.9 per 1,000 in agriculture, forestry, and fishing. Manufacturing experienced the second highest illness incidence rate, 4.4 illnesses per 1,000 employees, and the highest illness incidence rate of lost workdays (25.7 days)—a measure of severity. Illness incidence rates decreased in every industry division between 1977 and 1978, except mining, where the rate rose from 1.4 to 1.9 illnesses per 1,000 employees. Most of the increase was in the less serious cases which did not require the ill employee to be absent from his or her job or to be restricted from performing all regularly assigned duties.

Number of illnesses

During 1978, private sector workers experienced about 143,500 new cases of occupational illness—down 11 percent from the 161,900 contracted during 1977. This occurred during a period of rising employment and increases in the number of injuries experienced—hence illnesses accounted for a smaller proportion of

total injuries and illnesses than in previous years—only 2.5 percent.

Manufacturing accounted for a much larger proportion of illnesses than its 30-percent share of total employment—about 60 percent of all illnesses. Five of the twenty major manufacturing industries accounted for nearly 60 percent of the illnesses in manufacturing: Food and kindred products; fabricated metal products; machinery except electrical; electric and electronic equipment; and transportation equipment. The health services industry had over 46 percent of the illnesses occurring in services industries while accounting for only 30 percent of services employment. This industry accounted for 15 percent of the illnesses recorded in all nonmanufacturing industries.

Skin diseases or disorders continued to account for a disproportionately large percentage of illnesses—nearly 1 out of every 2 cases recorded in 1978 (chart 14). This is largely because they are more readily observable than other occupational illnesses. Skin diseases or disorders ranged from 32 percent of total illnesses in mining industries to 65 percent of total illnesses in agriculture, forestry, and fishing. Dust diseases of the lungs accounted for the lowest proportion of total illnesses— 1 percent. However, in mining industries nearly 1 out of every 5 illnesses fell within this category (table 10). Also, nearly 9 out of 10 disorders associated with repeated trauma (conditions of repeated motion, vibration, or pressure) occurred in the manufacturing and transportation and public utilities industries. Manufacturing industries accounted for 55 percent of the poisoning cases.

Chart 1 INJURY AND ILLNESS incidence rates by industry division, United States, 1978

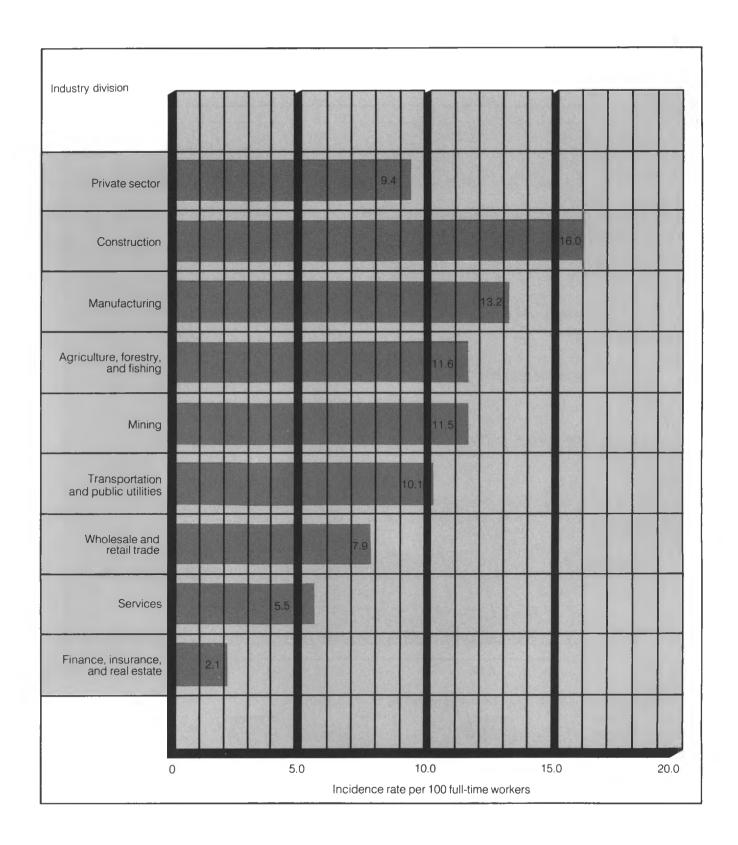


Chart 2
Percent distribution of private sector establishments by total INJURY AND ILLNESS incidence rate interval and employment-size group, United States, 1978

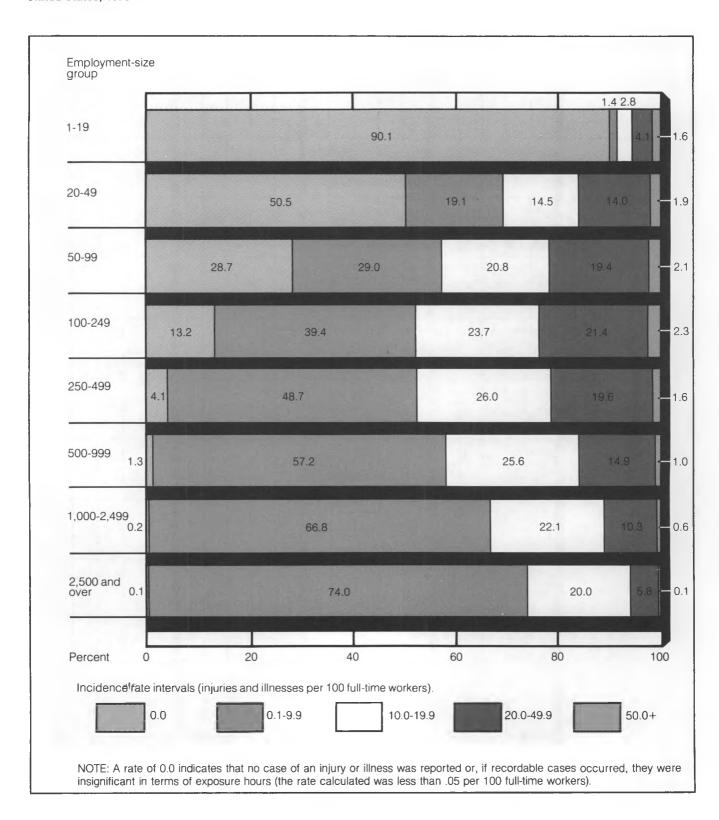


Chart 3
Percent distribution of private sector establishments by lost workday INJURY AND ILLNESS incidence rate interval and employment-size group, United States, 1978

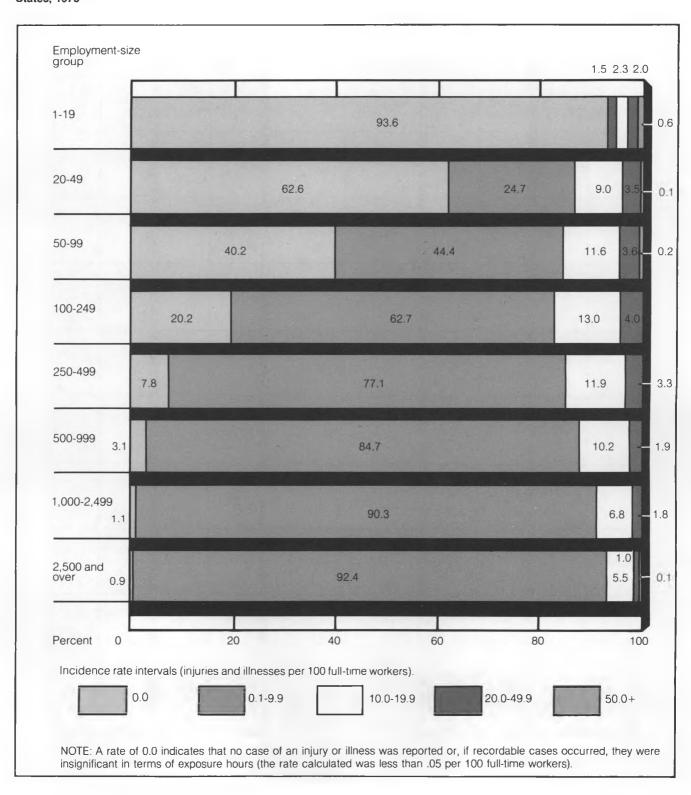


Chart 4
Mean and median distribution of total INJURY AND ILLNESS incidence rates for 3-digit SIC industries with the highest total case rates, United States, 1978

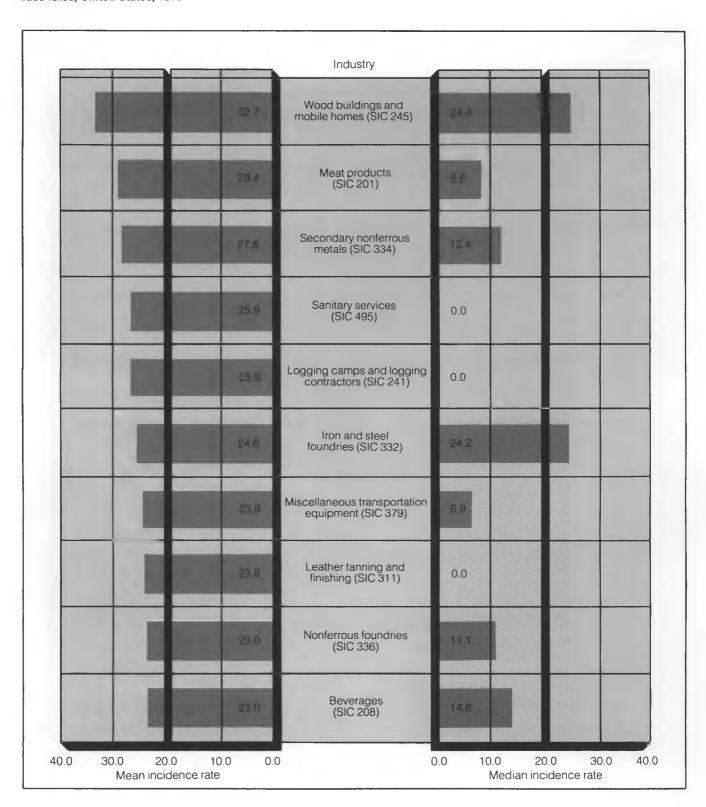


Chart 5
Mean and median distribution of lost workday INJURY AND ILLNESS incidence rates for 3-digit SIC industries with the highest lost workday case rates, United States, 1978

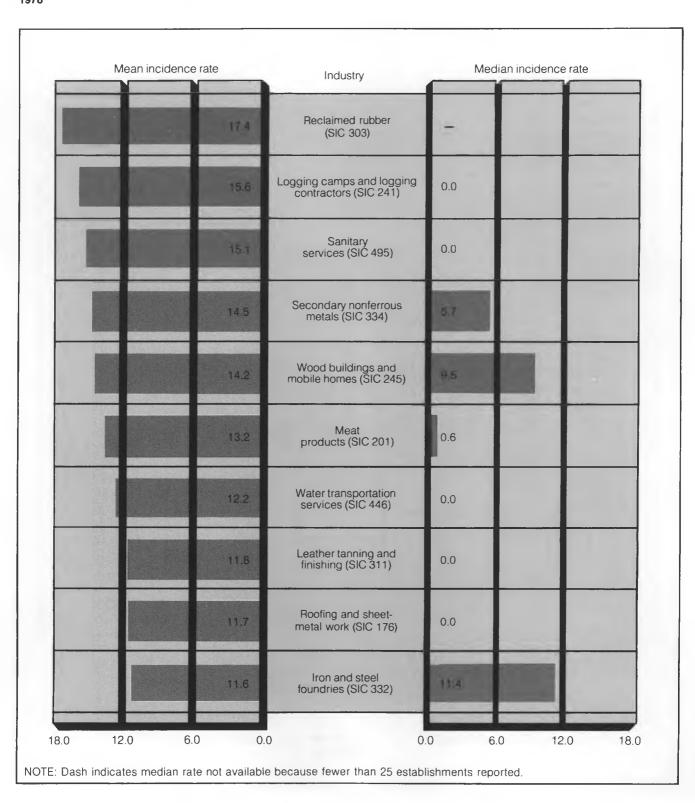


Chart 6
Percent change in total INJURY incidence rates and lost workday INJURY incidence rates by industry division, United States, 1977 to 1978

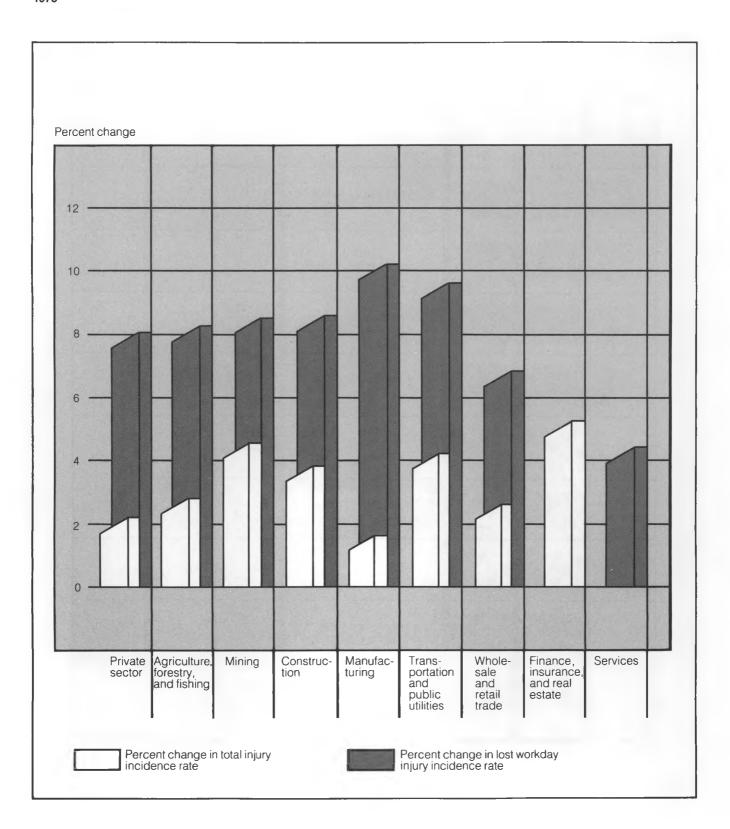


Chart 7 INJURY incidence rates by employment-size group, United States, 1978

Incidence rate per 100 full-time workers

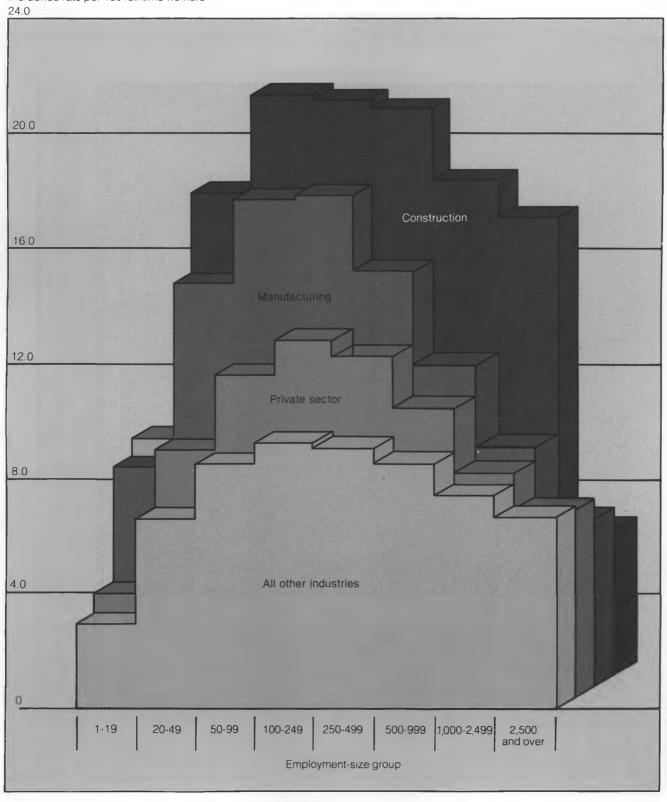


Chart 8
Percent of lost workday INJURIES involving days of restricted work activity only by industry division, United States, 1977 and 1978

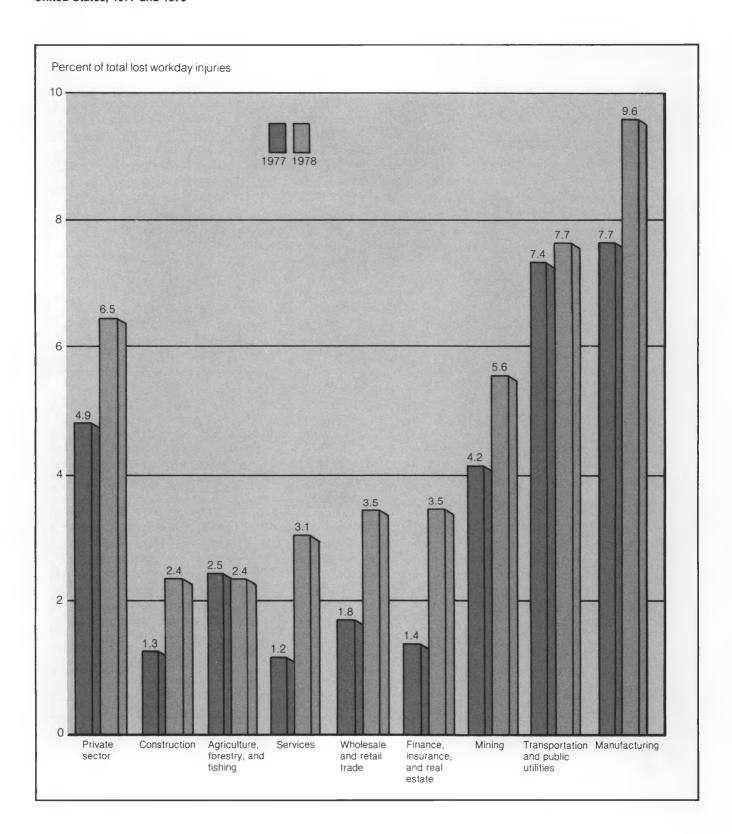


Chart 9
Percent of lost workday INJURIES involving restricted work activity only for the industries with the highest lost workday INJURY rates, United States, 1978

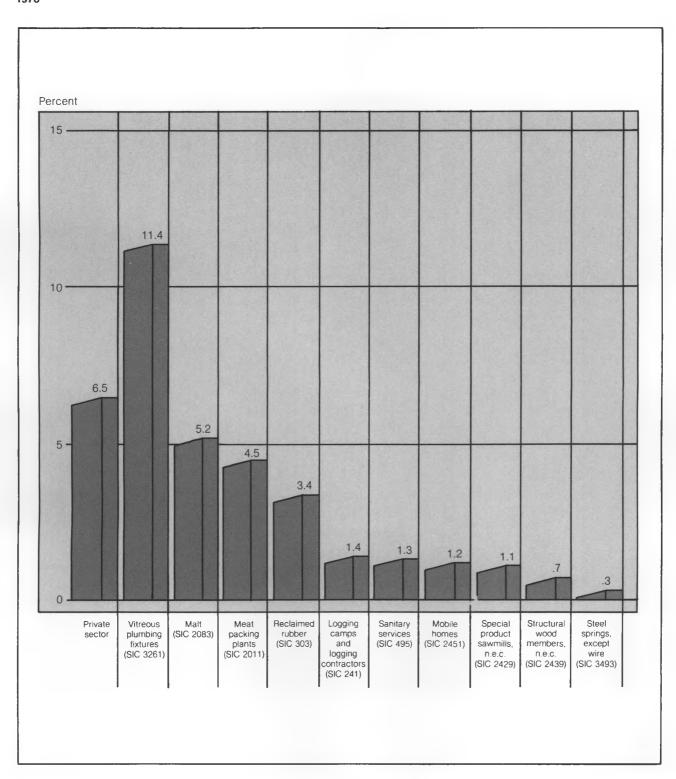


Chart 10
INJURIES involving days away from work and days of restricted work activity only, as a percent of total lost workday INJURIES by employment-size group, United States, 1978

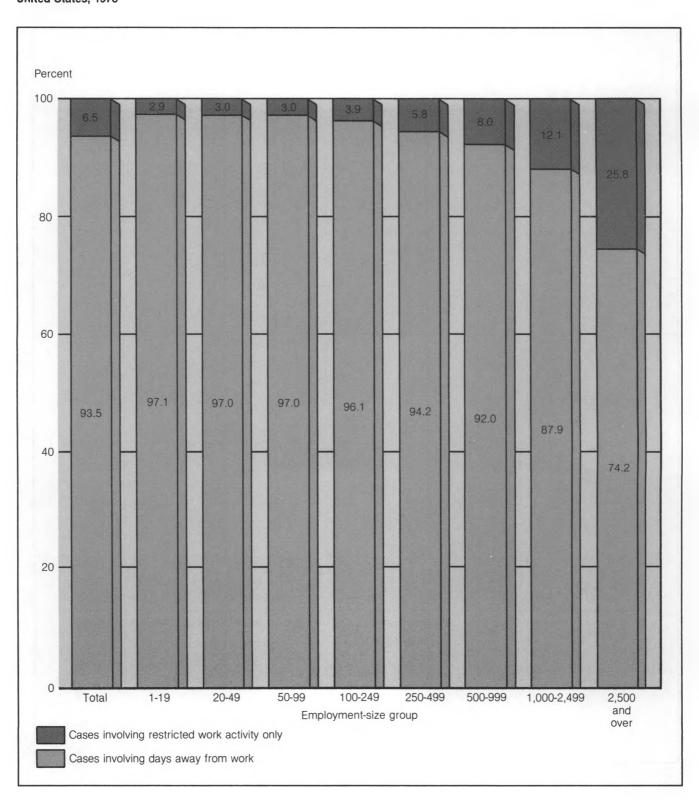


Chart 11
Ranking of the 3-digit SIC industries with the highest INJURY incidence rates of lost workdays, United States, 1978

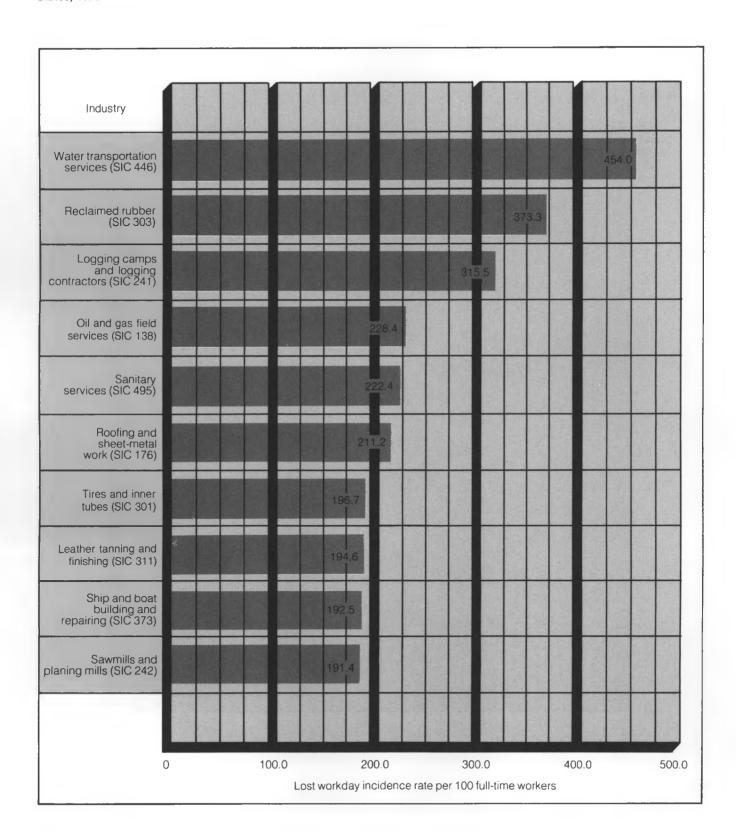


Chart 12 INJURY incidence rates for total injuries, lost workday injuries, and lost workdays, private sector, United States, 1972-78

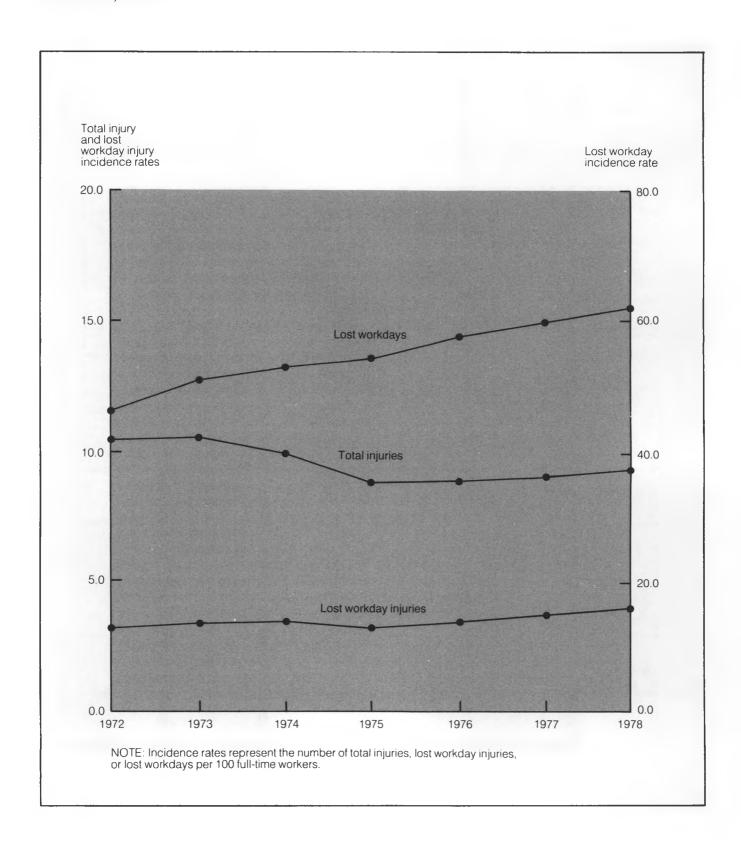


Chart 13
Percent of INJURY AND ILLNESS fatalities for employers with
11 or more employees by cause, private sector, United States,
1978

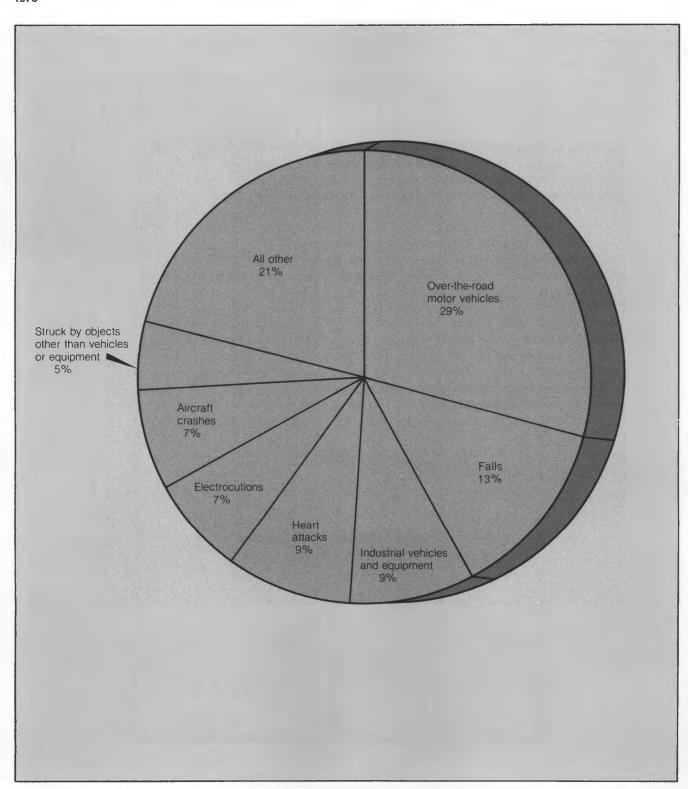


Chart 14 Percent distribution of total ILLNESSES by category of illness, United States, 1978

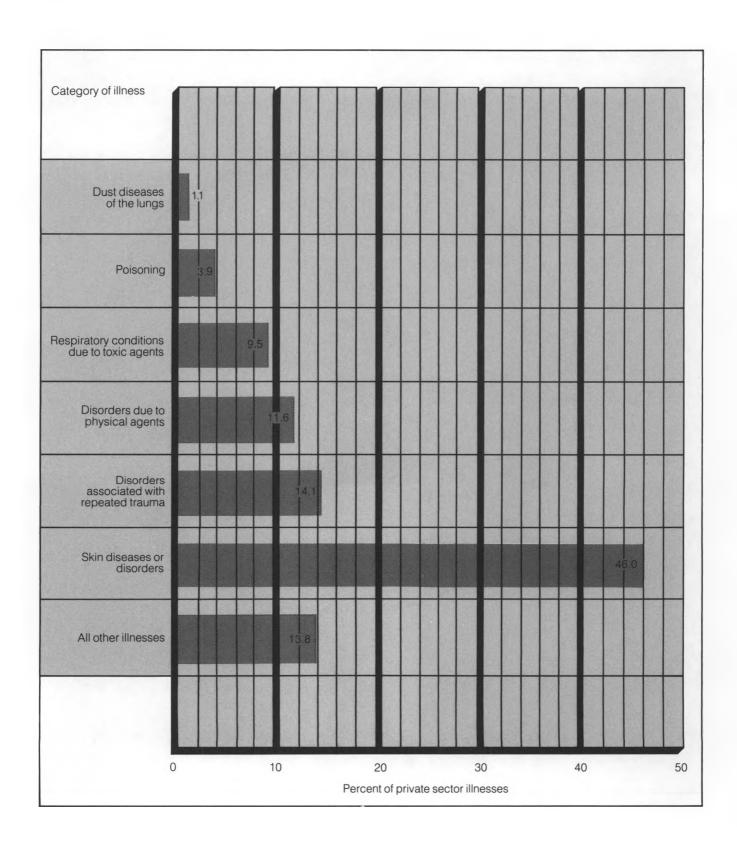


Table 1. Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers | 5/ | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|------------------|--|
| Industry $2/$ | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | annual average de employment (in thousands) | sic annual average code employment 3/ (in thousands) | | Total cases <u>6</u> / | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | Lost workdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | | | |
| Private sector 7/ | | 71,532.8 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 61.6 | 63.5 | | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing $\frac{7}{2}$ | } | 890.8 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 81.1 | 80.7 | | | |
| Agricultural production 7/ | 01-02 | n.a. | 11.9 | 12.8 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 79.4 | 81.3 | | | |
| Agricultural services | 07 08 | n.a. | 11.0 13.0 | 10.3 11.0 | 4.9 5.3 | 5.0 5.1 | 6.1 7.6 | 5.3 5.9 | 87.4 63.6 | 80.2 79.1 | | | |
| Fishing, hunting, and trapping | 09 | n.a. | 6.3 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 45.3 | 75.3 | | | |
| Mining <u>8</u> / | | 851.0 | 10.9 | 11.5 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 128.8 | 143.2 | | | |
| Metal mining 8/ | 10 11 12 | 92.8 n.a. 205.4 | 7.4 21.6 12.4 | 10.0 19.6 10.1 | 4.5 10.6 7.8 | 5.4 11.5 7.3 | 2.8 10.6 4.5 | 4.6 8.0 2.7 | 83.9 237.6 167.1 | 113.9 310.5 170.3 | | | |
| Oil and gas extraction | 13 131 138 | 430.0 n.a. 246.1 | 12.9 | 13.9 4.4 20.3 | 6.3 | 6.9 2.1 10.2 | 6.5 | 6.9 2.3 10.0 | 143.7 | 154.4 42.7 229.7 | | | |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels 8/ | 14 | 119.1 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 58.0 | 88.0 | | | |
| Construction | | 4,271.0 | 15.5 | 16.0 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 111.5 | 109.4 | | | |
| General building contractors | 15 | 1,240.7 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 100.2 | 105.3 | | | |
| Residential building construction Operative builders | 152 153 | 657.2 81.4 | 12.9 | 13.3 15.7 | 5.6 | 5.9 6.3 | 7.3 8.1 | 7.4 9.3 | 98.9 54.2 | 101.5 76.4 | | | |
| Nonresidential building construction | 154 | 502.0 | 17.9 | 19.2 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 11.9 | 12.5 | 109.7 | 114.9 | | | |
| Heavy construction contractors Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway | 16 161 162 | 850.5 265.6 584.9 | 16.0 15.1 16.4 | 16.6 15.2 17.2 | 5.7 5.5 5.8 | 6.2 5.8 6.4 | 10.2 9.6 10.5 | 10.3 9.4 10.7 | 116.7 112.1 118.8 | 110.9 105.9 113.2 | | | |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | 2,179.3 | 15.6 | 15.8 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 115.5 | 111.0 | | | |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning Painting, paperhanging, and decorating | 171 172 | 517.5 137.5 | 17.1 9.6 | 16.9 9.4 | 5.5 4.5 | 5.9 4.6 | 11.6 5.1 | 11.0 | 94.5 | 93.4 | | | |
| Electrical work | 173 | 370.5 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 8.8 | 9.3 | 92.9 | 71.4 | | | |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring | 174 175 | 350.5 139.1 | 15.6 14.7 | 15.6 13.6 | 7.2 7.2 | 7.4 | 8.3 7.4 | 8.2 6.3 | 133.4 | 121.1 128.6 | | | |
| Roofing and sheet-metal work | 176 177 | 158.3 n.a. | 21.1 14.6 | 22.5 14.6 | 9.8 | 11.7 | 11.3 | 10.7 7.9 | 197.7 | 212.7 | | | |
| Water well drilling | 178 | n.a. | 14.2 | 12.8 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 136.4 | 126.7 | | | |
| Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 179 | n.a. | 16.6 | 16.9 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 122.1 | 124.4 | | | |
| Manufacturing | ŀ | 20,476.0 | 13.1 | 13.2 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 82.3 | 84.9 | | | |
| Durable goods | ٠, | 12,246.0 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 86.4 | 89.1 | | | |
| Lumber and wood products | 24 | 752.4 85.4 | 22.3 | 22.6 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 178.0 329.9 | 178.8 | | | |
| Logging camps and logging contractors | | | | | 15.4 | 15.6 | 10.7 | 10.2 | | 316.2 | | | |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 242 2421 2426 2429 | 230.7 190.2 33.5 n.a. | 21.1 21.0 19.7 35.1 | 21.7 21.2 20.8 43.6 | 10.1 10.3 7.7 18.7 | 11.1 11.1 8.8 24.8 | 10.9 10.6 12.0 16.3 | 10.6 10.2 11.9 18.7 | 184.1 192.7 117.8 278.2 | 192.9 195.3 149.4 369.4 | | | |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members. | 243 | 222.8 | 19.7 | 20.4 | 8.7 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 156.3 | 139.6 | | | |
| Millwork Wood kitchen cabinets | 2431 2434 | 79.3 49.5 | 22.4 17.1 | 23.0 17.8 | 9.5 7.9 | 10.2 8.5 | 12.8 | 12.8 9.2 | 128.6 107.5 | 137.7 114.6 | | | |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood Softwood veneer and plywood | 2435 2436 | 27.3 49.5 | 19.2 16.0 | 20.0 16.2 | 7.7 | 8.9 8.5 | 11.5 8.6 | 11.1 7.7 | 141.6 154.5 | 128.7 161.6 | | | |
| Structural wood members, n.e.c | 2439 | n.a. | 27.1 | 31.2 | 13.9 | 15.1 | 13.2 | 16.1 | 190.4 | 172.0 | | | |
| Wood containers | 244 | 43.4 | 20.3 | 21.4 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 161.8 | 162.1 | | | |
| Nailed wood boxes and shook Wood pallets and skids | 2441 2448 | n.a. | 20.4 20.4 | 23.3 21.9 | 9.1 | 11.4 11.7 | 11.3 9.3 | 11.8 10.2 | 148.5 169.0 | 160.3 172.3 | | | |
| Wood containers, n.e.c | 2449 | n.a. | 19.9 | 18.5 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 11.2 | 9.5 | 160.6 | 143.0 | | | |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Prefabricated wood buildings | 245 2451 2452 | 87.0 59.4 n.a. | 32.9 35.7 26.4 | 32.7 34.8 28.2 | 13.7 14.7 11.4 | 14.2 15.2 11.9 | 19.2 21.0 15.0 | 18.5 19.5 16.3 | 175.3 192.8 134.2 | 177.2 196.3 135.6 | | | |
| Miscellaneous wood products | 249 2491 | 83.2 n.a. | 19.6 21.3 | 18.5 18.7 | 7.9 8.6 | 8.1 8.9 | 11.7 12.6 | 10.4 | 140.7 161.5 | 127.2 152.1 | | | |
| Wood preserving Particleboard | 2492 | n.a. | 16.6 | 13.4 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 10.5 | 7.2 | 101.0 | 122.8 | | | |
| Wood products, n.e.c | 2499 | n.a. | 19.5 | | 7.9 | 8.2 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 139.6 | 122,4 | | | |
| Furniture and fixtures | { | 491.1 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 92.0 | 95.9 | | | |
| Household furniture | 251 2511 | 329.9 146.5 | 16.2 15.8 | 16.5 16.4 | 5.5 5.1 | 6.5 6.2 | 10.6 10.7 | 10.0 10.2 | 86.1 87.1 | 91.7 89.4 | | | |
| Upholstered household furniture Metal household furniture | 2512 2514 | 101.6 32.4 | 15.4 18.3 | 15.4 17.8 | 5.0 | 6.1 7.2 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 73.3 101.3 | 88.0 96.5 | | | |
| Mattresses and bedsprings | 2515 | 32.6 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 103.7 | 111.9 | | | |
| Wood TV and radio cabinets Household furniture, n.e.c | 2517 2519 | n.a. n.a. | 15.7 17.1 | 16.8 20.4 | 6.0 5.8 | 6.2 6.8 | 9.7 | 10.6 | 82.9 97.8 | 86.0 85.0 | | | |
| Office furniture | 252 2521 | 46.7 n.a. | 20.5 18.9 | 18.4 18.3 | 7.2 6.8 | 7.7 7.9 | 13.3 12.1 | 10.7 | 113.4 106.2 | 104.3 98.2 | | | |
| Metal office furniture | 2522 | n.a. | 21.4 | 18.4 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 13.9 | 10.9 | 117.2 | 107.5 | | | |
| Public building and related furniture | 253 254 | 25.6 | 18.8 | 21.3 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 11.3 | 13.4 | 109.3 | 107.0 | | | |
| Partitions and fixtures | 2541 | 61.7 n.a. | 15.9 | 19.1 | 6.8 5.8 | 8.1 7.7 | 10.0 | 12.1 | 88.9 | 105.8 | | | |
| Metal partitions and fixtures | 2542 | n.a. | 21.4 | 21.5 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 108.7 | 107.0 | | | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | 1978 annual average employment (in thousands) | Total cases <u>6</u> / | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | | ost kdays | | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | | |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures Drapery hardware and blinds and shades Furniture and fixtures, n.e.c | 259 2591 2599 | 27.1 n.a. | 20.2 17.1 24.3 | 19.0 16.9 21.7 | 6.9 5.5 8.7 | 7.0 5.9 8.5 | 13.3 11.6 15.5 | 11.9 10.9 13.2 | 99.0 91.2 109.2 | 100.9 76.7 133.3 | | |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 32 | 698.0 | 16.9 | 16.8 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 120.4 | 126.3 | | |
| Flat glass | 321 | 20.0 | 19.4 | 18.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 14.7 | 12.8 | 98.1 | 95.8 | | |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown Glass containers Pressed and blown glass, n.e.c | 322 3221 3229 | 135.8 76.9 58.9 | 15.0 16.6 12.9 | 14.6 15.7 13.1 | 6.8 8.6 4.4 | 7.6 9.3 5.3 | 8.2 8.0 8.5 | 7.0 6.4 7.8 | 136.2 182.4 75.0 | 134.5 176.5 79.1 | | |
| Products of purchased glass | 323 | 47.2 | 19.9 | 20.5 | 6.7 | 7.7 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 104.0 | 99.3 | | |
| Structural clay products | 325 3251 3253 3255 3259 | 50.8 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 18.1 20.7 12.6 14.7 24.4 | 18.5 21.2 14.2 14.6 24.0 | 8.2 9.2 5.3 6.6 12.7 | 8.9 10.4 6.0 6.7 13.1 | 9.9 11.5 7.3 8.1 11.7 | 9.6 10.8 8.2 7.9 10.9 | 134.1 149.1 90.2 113.9 189.2 | 131.4 149.4 83.2 114.5 183.1 | | |
| Pottery and related products Vitreous plumbing fixtures Vitreous china food utensils Fine earthenware food utensils. Porcelain electrical supplies Pottery products, n.e.c. | 326 3261 3262 3263 3264 3269 | 46.2 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 16.4 28.5 8.3 13.6 12.2 | 16.7 29.5 11.0 13.9 14.4 12.2 | 7.4 13.5 5.7 7.7 5.1 5.1 | 8.2 15.2 6.9 7.1 5.8 5.8 | 8.9 15.0 2.6 5.9 7.1 8.7 | 8.5 14.3 4.1 6.8 8.6 6.4 | 114.8 185.6 128.6 108.7 99.9 70.2 | 116.2 216.8 134.9 111.3 77.1 71.5 | | |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Concrete block and brick Concrete products, n.e.c Ready-mixed concrete Lime Cypsum products | 327 3271 3272 3273 3274 3275 | 210.8 24.2 72.2 93.0 n.a. | 18.4 18.6 24.5 15.9 | 18.1 19.4 24.2 15.7 13.3 6.1 | 7.7 8.3 10.3 6.6 | 8.4 9.0 11.7 7.0 6.7 2.1 | 10.6 10.3 14.1 9.3 - 5.0 | 9.7 10.3 12.5 8.6 6.6 4.0 | 127.1 138.8 159.5 111.9 | 135.0 148.1 165.8 123.1 131.4 58.0 | | |
| Cut stone and stone products | 328 | n.a. | 16.6 | 14.2 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 93.8 | 115.5 | | |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products | 329 3291 3292 3293 3296 3297 | 142.7 28.1 22.3 n.a. 31.1 n.a. | 15.9 20.5 15.9 15.2 11.8 19.4 | 16.7 18.8 17.7 16.5 14.1 18.8 | 6.3 7.1 7.1 5.5 5.1 9.5 | 7.7 7.8 9.1 6.7 6.6 | 9.6 13.4 8.8 9.6 6.7 9.9 | 9.0 11.0 8.6 9.8 7.4 8.8 | 106.6 105.4 158.7 85.1 87.3 158.2 | 124.1 120.1 166.6 104.8 103.4 167.4 | | |
| Primary metal industries | 33 | 1,212.7 | 16.2 | 17.0 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 119.4 | 123.6 | | |
| Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mills Electrometallurgical products Steel wire and related products. Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel pipe and tubes | 331 3312 3313 3315 3316 3317 | 559.6 471.7 n.a. n.a. n.a. 30.0 | 12.2 10.4 14.7 22.4 27.8 22.0 | 13.0 11.1 14.9 20.2 27.1 27.1 | 4.6 3.8 5.5 10.5 10.3 9.1 | 5.0 4.1 6.4 9.2 11.8 11.2 | 7.6 6.6 9.2 11.9 17.4 12.9 | 8.0 7.0 8.5 11.0 15.3 15.9 | 94.3 84.4 106.6 165.1 178.1 142.1 | 95.9 85.8 116.1 149.6 179.5 151.8 | | |
| Iron and steel foundries | 332 3321 3322 3325 | 236.4 150.3 22.2 52.6 | 24.4 25.0 26.7 23.4 | 24.6 24.4 25.0 26.6 | 10.9 11.4 11.2 10.3 | 11.6 11.5 11.1 12.8 | 13.5 13.6 15.4 13.0 | 13.0 12.9 13.9 13.8 | 164.0 162.0 179.1 180.9 | 169.2 159.1 158.7 215.3 | | |
| Primary nonferrous metals Primary copper Primary lead Primary zinc Primary aluminum Primary nonferrous metals, n.e.c | 333 3331 3332 3333 3334 3339 | 70.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. 35.4 n.a. | 12.5 11.4 18.4 14.9 11.6 13.8 | 13.0 10.4 17.0 17.0 12.5 13.8 | 5.2 5.8 5.8 7.2 4.6 5.3 | 6.0 4.7 9.4 9.8 5.4 6.0 | 7.3 5.6 12.6 7.6 7.0 8.5 | 7.0 5.7 7.6 7.2 7.1 7.8 | 113.9 155.7 139.8 175.9 96.1 79.8 | 110.8 118.8 145.9 181.6 99.3 96.8 | | |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | 334 | n.a. | 29.3 | 27.6 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 15.4 | 13.0 | 218.6 | 265.6 | | |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing | 335 3351 3353 3354 3355 3356 3357 | 208.8 32.0 33.7 n.a. n.a. 84.2 | 14.2 17.7 11.4 14.7 10.9 13.2 14.2 | 15.5 19.4 11.5 17.6 11.9 15.1 | 5.8 6.7 4.4 6.4 3.7 4.5 6.2 | 7.0 8.6 4.4 8.8 5.5 5.4 7.2 | 8.4 11.0 6.9 8.3 7.2 8.7 8.0 | 8.5 10.8 7.1 8.8 6.4 9.7 8.1 | 102.6 123.7 71.6 118.1 63.4 79.1 108.5 | 116.6 145.0 69.4 154.4 88.6 93.5 118.1 | | |
| Nonferrous foundries | 336 3361 3362 3369 | 92.9 52.7 n.a. | 22.6 22.8 23.9 21.0 | 23.0 22.8 25.8 21.0 | 10.4 10.8 10.7 9.3 | 11.2 11.5 11.7 10.2 | 12.2 12.0 13.2 11.7 | 11.8 11.3 14.1 10.8 | 166.2 171.6 173.3 147.2 | 158.7 148.7 167.9 173.8 | | |
| Miscellaneous primary metal products 'Metal heat treating Primary metal products, n.e.c | 339 3398 3399 | n.a. n.a. | 20.5 21.8 19.0 | 21.4 23.5 18.9 | 9.2 9.8 8.5 | 10.5 11.5 9.3 | 11.3 11.9 10.5 | 10.9 12.0 9.6 | 155.5 140.0 174.4 | 139.2 146.4 130.3 | | |
| Fabricated metal products | 34 | 1,673.4 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 109.0 | 112.4 | | |
| Metal cans and shipping containers Metal cans | 341 3411 3412 | 78.8 65.2 n.a. | 18.7 18.0 22.1 | 18.4 17.6 22.5 | 6.5 6.3 7.9 | 7.2 6.9 8.5 | 12.2 11.7 14.2 | 11.2 10.6 14.0 | 116.1 109.2 151.2 | 112.3 108.5 130.9 | | |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware Cutlery | 342 3421 3423 3425 3429 | 183.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. 103.6 | 16.0 13.3 19.0 19.3 14.8 | 17.8 15.0 21.1 19.6 16.4 | 6.0 4.3 6.9 6.3 5.8 | 7.2 5.1 8.4 7.1 7.0 | 10.0 9.0 12.1 13.0 9.0 | 10.6 9.9 12.7 12.4 9.4 | 91.9 65.2 99.2 87.2 93.0 | 106.0 74.2 119.9 91.2 105.0 | | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illnesss incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978

| | SIC code | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | | 1978 annual average employment (in thousands) | Total cases <u>6</u> / | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | | ost kdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric Metal sanitary ware Plumbing fittings and brass goods Heating equipment, except electric | 343 3431 3432 3433 | 74.3 n.a. 27.9 35.5 | 20.2 22.4 14.9 23.6 | 19.3 22.3 14.1 22.5 | 7.4 8.5 6.2 8.1 | 7.7 7.3 6.4 8.8 | 12.7 13.8 8.7 15.5 | 11.6 15.0 7.7 13.7 | 109.1 108.3 92.9 122.6 | 108.5 97.9 92.5 124.8 | |
| Fabricated structural metal products. Fabricated structural metal. Metal doors, sash, and trim. Fabricated plate work. Sheet-metal work. Architectural metal work Frefabricated metal work Miscellaneous metal work | 3441 3442 3443 3444 3446 3448 3449 | 503.8 98.9 85.9 145.9 103.9 30.5 n.a. | 22.4 25.4 24.1 19.4 23.6 22.1 20.1 21.0 | 22.5 25.7 22.2 19.9 24.0 21.4 21.3 23.0 | 8.6 10.8 8.6 7.5 8.6 7.4 7.6 8.3 | 9.3 12.1 8.2 8.2 9.3 9.1 8.2 9.7 | 13.8 14.5 15.5 11.8 15.0 14.7 12.5 | 13.2 13.5 14.0 11.7 14.7 12.3 13.1 | 127.6 160.4 120.8 110.5 136.5 108.3 106.1 131.5 | 127.8 176.9 106.1 108.5 121.6 123.7 132.4 | |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc Screw machine products Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers | 345 3451 3452 | 110.0 52.4 57.6 | 16.5 15.9 17.1 | 17.0 16.8 17.1 | 5.4 5.0 5.7 | 6.2 5.6 6.7 | 11.1 10.9 11.3 | 10.8 11.2 10.4 | 83.9 73.8 92.6 | 81.1 70.5 90.9 | |
| Metal forgings and stampings. Iron and steel forgings. Nonferrous forgings. Automotive stampings Crowns and cloaures. Metal stampings, n.e.c. | 346 3462 3463 3465 3466 3469 | 304.0 50.8 n.a. 116.1 n.a. 126.1 | 18.4 28.1 11.3 13.3 14.6 19.9 | 18.4 24.8 14.0 13.1 14.5 21.0 | 7.1 12.9 4.4 5.0 6.9 7.0 | 7.8 12.1 7.0 5.6 7.1 8.0 | 11.2 15.1 6.9 8.2 7.7 12.9 | 10.6 12.7 7.0 7.4 7.4 13.0 | 113.9 212.6 72.5 72.7 167.5 113.5 | 114.8 194.5 143.5 73.2 123.2 118.0 | |
| Metal services, n.e.c | 347 3471 3479 | 103.3 70.9 32.5 | 17.8 16.6 20.5 | 18.1 17.7 19.0 | 7.2 6.9 8.0 | 7.8 7.8 7.8 | 10.5 9.7 12.5 | 10.3 9.9 11.2 | 99.1 92.6 113.9 | 106.1 95.4 132.6 | |
| Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c | 348 3482 | 60.4 n.a. | 8.6 5.0 | 9.3 5.0 | 3.3 1.9 | 3.8 | 5.2 3.1 | 5.5 2.9 | 57.2 37.6 | 59.4 33.7 | |
| arms, n.e.c | 3483 3484 3489 | 26.3 n.a. n.a. | 8.9 9.1 11.4 | 9.7 10.3 12.2 | 3.2 4.2 4.2 | 3.6 4.9 4.9 | 5.7 4.8 7.2 | 6.1 5.3 7.3 | 59.6 64.9 62.6 | 57.4 79.6 60.6 | |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Steel springs, except wire | 349 3493 3494 3495 3496 3497 3498 3499 | 255.8 n.a. 101.2 n.a. 53.0 n.a. n.a. | 19.8 30.0 18.6 18.4 21.5 19.7 21.1 18.6 | 19.4 29.0 18.1 16.6 21.0 20.1 20.9 18.9 | 7.3 13.5 6.8 5.8 8.3 7.6 7.5 6.4 | 8.1 13.5 7.3 6.2 8.9 8.1 8.8 8.0 | 12.5 16.5 11.8 12.6 13.2 12.1 13.6 12.1 | 11.3 15.4 10.8 10.3 12.0 12.0 12.0 | 104.4 179.3 91.6 95.7 135.5 126.5 103.0 86.7 | 113.4 188.2 100.2 107.1 122.2 107.6 132.5 108.5 | |
| Machinery, except electrical | 35 | 2,319.2 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 69.9 | 75.1 | |
| Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets Internal combustion engines, n.e.c | 351 3511 3519 | 134.8 43.2 91.6 | 12.2 10.2 13.3 | 12.4 9.3 14.0 | 4.2 3.5 4.6 | 5.2 3.1 6.2 | 8.0 6.7 8.7 | 7.2 6.2 7.8 | 70.9 51.3 82.4 | 89.2 47.9 110.2 | |
| Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment Lawn and garden equipment | 352 3523 3524 | 162.7 143.5 n.a. | 18.2 18.2 17.6 | 18.2 17.6 23.4 | 6.6 6.7 5.7 | 6.9 6.8 7.9 | 11.5 11.5 11.9 | 11.3 10.8 15.4 | 89.2 90.4 79.7 | 88.5 86.8 102.0 | |
| Construction and related machinery Construction machinery | 353 3531 3532 3533 3534 3535 3536 3537 | 376.0 165.5 35.0 77.2 n.a. 32.9 n.a. | 17.1 16.3 20.1 16.5 15.5 18.7 20.5 | 18.5 17.2 21.5 19.8 13.4 21.7 17.8 18.4 | 6.6 6.3 7.5 7.0 5.1 6.7 7.5 6.1 | 7.8 7.4 7.8 8.7 4.4 8.8 7.1 7.9 | 10.5 10.0 12.6 9.4 10.4 11.9 13.0 9.8 | 10.7 9.8 13.6 11.1 9.0 12.9 10.7 10.5 | 96.9 90.2 109.1 105.9 94.2 78.8 130.1 93.7 | 106.4 96.0 116.9 123.1 63.5 120.0 111.6 | |
| Metalworking machinery. Machine tools, metal cutting types. Machine tools, metal forming types. Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures. Machine tool accessories. Power driven hand tools. Rolling mill machinery Metalworking machinery, n.e.c. | 354 3541 3542 3544 3545 3546 3547 3549 | 346.7 71.6 24.9 129.9 62.4 34.5 n.a. | 14.1 13.6 14.9 14.0 13.6 13.9 | 14.0 13.0 16.7 14.4 13.1 13.3 16.4 15.3 | 4.0 4.1 4.5 3.9 4.1 3.5 4.1 | 4.5 4.5 5.9 4.3 4.4 4.0 5.5 | 10.1 9.5 10.3 10.1 9.5 10.4 9.4 | 9.5 8.5 10.8 10.1 8.7 9.3 10.9 | 62.7 69.4 61.2 61.5 59.4 50.4 92.8 | 66.2 70.4 79.1 64.0 55.1 66.3 101.1 68.5 | |
| Special industry machinery | 355 3551 3552 3553 3554 3555 3559 | 197.9 45.7 26.6 n.a. n.a. 37.7 | 15.4 16.2 12.0 17.1 18.0 13.5 16.3 | 15.9 19.4 12.2 18.1 18.0 11.3 17.1 | 4.8 5.4 3.9 5.4 5.2 4.1 5.1 | 5.5 6.6 4.1 7.0 6.0 3.9 6.0 | 10.5 10.7 8.1 11.7 12.8 9.4 11.2 | 10.4 12.8 8.0 11.1 12.0 7.4 11.1 | 74.5 82.1 68.7 87.0 87.7 59.2 73.0 | 79.9 102.3 66.8 86.5 81.2 61.2 79.3 | |
| General industrial machinery. Pumps and pumping equipment. Ball and roller bearings. Air and gas compressors. Blowers and fans. Industrial patterns. Speed changers, drives, and gears. Industrial funcaces and ovens. Power transmission equipment, n.e General industrial machinery, n.e | 356 3561 3562 3563 3564 3565 3566 3567 3568 3569 | 311.9 60.0 56.6 30.5 39.3 n.a. 25.4 n.a. 24.0 | 15.3 17.7 10.6 13.3 18.1 - 18.8 17.9 14.3 15.0 | 15.2 16.0 10.9 12.9 18.4 12.4 19.5 18.8 15.7 | 5.1 6.5 3.9 4.3 5.8 - 5.7 5.2 5.3 4.7 | 5.5 6.3 3.8 4.6 6.7 3.5 6.7 6.3 6.1 5.5 | 10.2 11.2 6.7 9.0 12.3 - 13.1 12.6 9.0 10.3 | 9.7 9.7 7.1 8.3 11.7 8.9 12.8 12.5 9.6 | 73.7 86.8 58.7 78.0 79.0 - 84.9 80.5 79.0 62.3 | 77.8 88.6 59.5 73.6 88.3 34.4 90.7 85.9 89.7 73.9 | |
| Office and computing machines | 357 3573 3574 3576 3579 | 345.6 272.9 n.a. n.a. | 4.7 3.9 - 13.5 8.8 | 4.9 4.4 4.3 11.2 8.9 | 1.8 1.6 - 3.3 2.8 | 2.0 1.9 1.6 3.0 3.3 | 2.8 2.3 - 10.2 6.0 | 2.9 2.5 2.7 8.2 5.6 | 27.1 23.7 - 50.7 34.3 | 27.1 24.4 23.8 49.1 49.3 | |

Table 1. Continued – Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|----------------------|------------|-------------------|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | | 1978 annual average employment (in thousands) | | tal es <u>6</u> / | | st kday ses | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | | ost kdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Refrigeration and service machinery | 358 | 184.2 | 16.4 | 17.3 | 5,3 | 6.5 | 11.1 | 10.8 | 77.0 | 86.7 | |
| Automatic merchandising machines Commercial laundry equipment | 3581 3582 | n.a. | 22.5 19.8 | 24.9 | 6.9 5.4 | 8.8 6.6 | 15.5 14.4 | 16.0 16.1 | 86.8 79.7 | 96.4 88.2 | |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment Measuring and dispensing pumps | 3585 3586 | 128.4 n.s. | 15.4 19.3 | 16.4 | 5.1 6.1 | 6.3 | 10.3 13.2 | 10.1 12.0 | 76.6 108.3 | 85.8 94.7 | |
| Service industry machinery, n.e.c | 3589 | n.a. | 17.2 | 17.8 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 69.6 | 86.0 | |
| Miscellaneous machinery, except | 250 | 250.4 | 15.5 | ,,, | ١., | | 1.0 | | | ٠., | |
| electricalCarburetors, pistons, rings, valves | 359 3592 | 259.4 40.4 | 15.5 13.6 | 15.9 10.7 | 5.1 5.3 | 5.9 4.8 | 10.4 8.3 | 10.0 5.9 | 69.8 78.8 | 75.6 68.1 | |
| Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c | 3599 | 219.0 | 15.8 | 16.8 | 5,1 | 6.1 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 68.2 | 76.9 | |
| Slectric and electronic equipment | 36 | 1,999.5 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 46.7 | 50.3 | |
| Electric distributing equipment | 361 3612 | 122.3 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 51.9 | 57.7 | |
| Transformers Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | 3613 | 55.2 67.2 | 13.2 10.2 | 12.5 | 3.0 | 4.6 3.5 | 8.9 7.2 | 7.9 6.8 | 61.9 43.5 | 66.1 50.2 | |
| Electrical industrial apparatus | 362 | 247.3 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 58.3 | 64.6 | |
| Motors and generators | 3621 3622 | 136.0 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 66.5 | 74.9 | |
| Welding apparatus, electric | 3623 | 65.3 n.a. | 14.3 | 8.5 15.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 5.3 | 5.9 9.9 | 5.6 9.7 | 42.0 62.7 | 45.0 67.5 | |
| Carbon and graphite products Electrical industrial apparatus, n.e.c | 3624 3629 | n.a. | 8.0 8.9 | 7.7 8.0 | 3.6 2.6 | 3.9 | 6.3 | 3.8 5.3 | 72.3 34.7 | 78.6 41.0 | |
| | | | | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 | | |
| Household appliances | 363 3631 | 184.1 n.a. | 13.6 19.7 | 12.6 17.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 9.2 12.8 | 8.0 10.5 | 62.1 111.7 | 70.0 118.2 | |
| Household refrigerators and freezers Household laundry equipment | 3632 3633 | 45.3 23.2 | 10.3 12.7 | 9.1 | 3.1 3.8 | 3.3 | 7.2 8.9 | 5.7 8.6 | 44.2 39.1 | 43.6 52.8 | |
| Electric housewares and fans | 3634 | 52.9 | 13.0 | 11.3 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 52.3 | 55.7 | |
| Household vacuum cleaners Sewing machines | 3635 3636 | n.a. | 7.6 11.5 | 8.9 | 3.4 1.9 | 1.7 | 4.2 9.6 | 4.8 7.1 | 43.3 | 86.4 29.1 | |
| Electic lighting and wiring equipment | 364 | 217.8 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 3.7 | 4,3 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 61.6 | 67.7 | |
| Electric lamps | 3641 | 37.6 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 31.1 | 36.4 | |
| Current-carrying wiring devices Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices | 3643 3644 | 90.0 22.1 | 10.0 20.1 | 9.8 | 3.1 8.6 | 3.4 8.6 | 6.9 11.5 | 6.4 12.6 | 53.8 124.0 | 59.8 126.8 | |
| Residential lighting fixtures | 3645 | 26.3 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 70.2 | 63.8 | |
| Commercial lighting fixtures Vehicular lighting equipment | 3646 3647 | n.a. | 19.2 5.9 | 20.8 6.5 | 5.9 1.9 | 7.6 2.6 | 13.3 | 13.2 3.9 | 103.0 33.2 | 127.9 47.9 | |
| Lighting equipment, n.e.c | 3648 | n.a. | - | 13.5 | - | 5.4 | - | 8.1 | - | 71.3 | |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment | 365 | 117.2 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 47.2 | 52.7 | |
| Radio and TV receiving sets Phonograph records | 3651 3652 | 91.9 n.a. | 9.1 7.6 | 8.8 9.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 4.1 | 6.0 4.2 | 5.6 4.9 | 45.2 54.9 | 51.4 57.4 | |
| Communication equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus | 366 3661 | 493.2 152.3 | 4.7 5.9 | 5.1 6.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.0 3.4 | 30.6 45.3 | 35.8 60.9 | |
| Radio and TV communication equipment | 3662 | 340.9 | 4.2 | 4,6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 24.1 | 24.8 | |
| Electronic components and accessories Electron tubes, receiving type | 367 3671 | 455.1 n.a. | 7.2 2.8 | 7.7 | 2.4 1.5 | 2.7 1.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 2.5 | 34.9 24.5 | 34.1 24.0 | |
| Cathode ray television picture tubes | 3672 | n.a. | 9.0 | 10.7 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 88.2 | 94.9 | |
| Electron tubes, transmitting Semiconductors and related devices | 3673 3674 | n.a. 167.1 | 7.9 5.3 | 7.4 6.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 5.8 3.3 | 5.2 4.1 | 30.4 | 38.1 28.8 | |
| Electronic capacitors | 3675 3676 | n.s. | 6.5 | 5.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 36.1 | 24.7 | |
| Electronic resistors Electronic coils and transformers | 3677 | n.a. | 9.5 11.2 | 9.0 | 3.2 2.9 | 3.1 2.9 | 6.3 8.2 | 5.9 7.1 | 53.3 | 41.7 32.0 | |
| Electronic components, n.e.c | 3679 | 180.7 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 33.2 | 35.5 | |
| Miscellaneous electrical equipment and | 369 | 162.6 | 10.0 | 9.4 | 4.1 | | 5.8 | | | (2.0 | |
| Storage batteries | 3691 | 30.5 | 21.4 | 18.2 | 10.6 | 4.1 10.2 | 10.8 | 5.3 8.0 | 66.7 187.5 | 62.9 178.5 | |
| Primary batteries, dry and wet X-ray apparatus and tubes | 3692 3693 | n.a. | 5.7 | 6.4 5.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 24.1 | 26.6 23.4 | |
| Engine electrical equipment Electrical equipment and | 3694 | 77.0 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 46.5 | 42.1 | |
| supplies, n.e.c | 3699 | n.a. | 8.6 | 14.1 | 3.4 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 8.1 | 50.5 | 69.7 | |
| Transportation equipment | 37 | 1,991.7 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 79.3 | 78.0 | |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | 997.2 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 70.3 | 73.9 | |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies | 3711 | 463.3 | 9.4 | 8.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 4.1 | 54.6 | 52.7 | |
| Truck and bus bodies | 3713 3714 | 46.1 455.8 | 25.8 11.3 | 29.5 11.4 | 9.7 | 11.9 5.1 | 16.1 6.6 | 17.5 6.3 | 73.6 | 132.6 81.7 | |
| Truck trailers | 3715 | 32.0 | 28.2 | 26.7 | 11.2 | 11.9 | 17.0 | 14.8 | 164.4 | 178.2 | |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 | 525.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 35.5 | 37.7 | |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts | 3721 3724 | 289.4 132.5 | 4.6 6.1 | 4.8 7.1 | 1.6 2.5 | 1.9 3.0 | 2.9 3.6 | 2.9 4.1 | 29.0 39.8 | 31.6 43.1 | |
| Aircraft equipment, n.e.c | 3728 | 103.5 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 49.7 | 49.6 | |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 373 | 223.1 | 22.6 | 21.3 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 203.3 | 195.5 | |
| Ship building and repairing Boat building and repairing | 3731 3732 | 169.3 53.7 | 21.7 | 20.8 | 9.9 | 11.0 9.9 | 10.6 16.3 | 9.8 12.8 | 219.0 144.3 | 211.5 136.0 | |
| Railroad equipment Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 374 375 | 63.0 n.a. | 19.7 15.6 | 19.7 16.3 | 7.8 4.9 | 9.1 5.8 | 11.9 | 10.5 | 162.1 76.9 | 143.6 70.8 | |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| parts | 376 | 92.3 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 20.4 | 23.0 | |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles Space propulsion units and parts | 3761 3764 | 73.5 n.a. | 2.7 4.9 | 3.6 7.2 | 1.1 1.5 | 1.4 2.5 | 1.6 3.4 | 2.2 4.7 | 19.6 27.3 | 20.3 38.0 | |
| Space vehicle equipment, n.e.c | 3769 | n.a. | 1 - | 4.8 | | 1.7 | | 3.1 | | 23.6 | |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment | 379 | 72.5 | 25.9 | 23.9 | 10.1 | 9.7 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 130.0 | 104.2 | |
| Travel trailers and campers Tanks and tank components | 3792 3795 | 51.1 n.a. | 28.6 13.9 | 28.3 9.2 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 18.1 7.8 | 17.3 4.8 | 141.9 69.5 | 114.2 46.5 | |
| Transportation equipment, n.e.c | 3799 | n.a. | 24.6 | 20.8 | 11.4 | 9.7 | 13.2 | 11.1 | 130.2 | 120.0 | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | 1978 annual average employment (in thousands) | | tal es <u>6</u> / | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | | .ost kdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 653.5 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 37.4 | 37.0 | |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | 65.7 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 31.2 | 28.5 | |
| Measuring and controlling devices | 382 | 215.6 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 41.6 | 40.5 | |
| Environmental controls | 3822 3823 | 48.2 48.7 | 9.0 7.4 | 9.7 6.5 | 3.1 | 3.8 2.6 | 5.8 5.0 | 5.9 3.9 | 58.8 39.9 | 64.9 33.3 | |
| Fluid meters and counting devices Instruments to measure electricity | 3824 3825 | n.a. 82.3 | 11.3 | 12.4 5.1 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 52.4 32.2 | 55.3 29.3 | |
| Measuring and controlling | | | 6.0 | | | | 3.9 | 2.9 | | | |
| devices, n.e.c | 3829 | n.a. | 8.3 | 8.6 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 31.6 | 31.7 | |
| Optical instruments and lenses | 383 | 27.8 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 46.0 | 36.6 | |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | 137.4 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 36.4 | 39.8 | |
| Surgical and medical instruments Surgical appliances and supplies | 3841 3842 | 57.8 62.3 | 7.3 7.5 | 7.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 5.1 4.8 | 4.8 4.2 | 29.0 41.9 | 40.7 37.3 | |
| Dental equipment and supplies | 3843 | n.a. | 9.1 | 10.2 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 38.7 | 46.6 | |
| Ophthalmic goods | 385 386 | 43.9 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 35.6 | 39.4 | |
| Photographic equipment and supplies Watches, clocks, and watchcases | 387 | 132.9 30.1 | 6.0 5.5 | 5.7 6.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 4.3 | 34.9 32.1 | 32.7 34.5 | |
| discellaneous manufacturing industries | 39 | 454.0 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 58.7 | 66.4 | |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 391 | 63.8 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 32.9 | 41.5 | |
| Jewelry, precious metal | 3911 | 42.1 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 17.2 | 25.3 | |
| Silverware and plated ware Jewelers' materials and lapidary work | 3914 3915 | n.a. n.a. | 9.9 | 10.3 | 5.0 | 5.2 2.4 | 4.9 | 5.1 3.9 | 86.6 | 88.5 47.7 | |
| Musical instruments | 393 | 25.2 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 72.6 | 54.3 | |
| Toys and sporting goods | 394 | 121.6 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 70.9 | 81.7 | |
| Dolls | 3942 | n.a. | 7.8 | 8.4 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 44.3 | 28.7 | |
| Games, toys, and children's vehicles Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c | 3944 3949 | n.a. 62.3 | 12.8 15.4 | 14.1 | 5.1 | 5.6 5.6 | 7.7 10.1 | 8.5 | 78.8 68.2 | 85.4 85.0 | |
| Pens, pencils, office and art supplies | 395 | 37.7 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 58.3 | 58.8 | |
| Pens and mechanical pencils | 3951 | n.a. | 8.1 | 9.8 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 47.7 | 52.6 | |
| Lead pencils and art goods | 3952 3953 | n.a. n.a. | 14.4 7.4 | 15.5 9.6 | 2.2 | 6.5 3.4 | 8.6 5.2 | 9.0 6.2 | 71.2 32.1 | 69.9 42.8 | |
| Carbon paper and inked ribbons | 3955 | n.a. | 13.7 | 15.2 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 103.2 | 81.0 | |
| Costume jewelry and notions | 396 3961 | 63.5 35.2 | 8.1 | 8.1 5.6 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 40.4 | 46.0 | |
| Costume jeweiry | 3962 | n.a. | 6.4 | 12.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.3 7.7 | 34.4 | 33.4 51.7 | |
| Buttons Needles, pins, and fasteners | 3963 3964 | n.a. | 7.6 10.4 | 7.8 11.0 | 2.3 3.0 | 3.0 4.3 | 5.3 7.4 | 4.8 6.7 | 30.3 50.4 | 44.2 63.8 | |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 399 | 142.3 | 13.3 | 13.7 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 65.5 | 77.3 | |
| Brooms and brushes | 3991 | n.a. | 14.5 | 13.7 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 89.3 | 94.3 | |
| Signs and advertising displays Burial caskets | 3993 3995 | 47.6 n.a. | 14.3 16.3 | 14.5 17.0 | 4.5 | 5.2 5.6 | 9.8 11.7 | 9.3 11.4 | 64.8 74.8 | 79.7 64.2 | |
| Hard surface floor coverings Manufacturing industries, n.e.c | 3996 3999 | n.a. | 12.0 11.5 | 11.2 12.4 | 5.3 3.9 | 5.5 4.7 | 6.7 7.6 | 5.7 7.6 | 67.2 55.3 | 117.9 64.9 | |
| | 3,,, | n.a. | | | i | | | | | | |
| ondurable goods | | 8,230.0 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 76+3 | 78.4 | |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 1,721.2 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 130.1 | 132.2 | |
| Meat products | 201 2011 | 353.9 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 171.1 | 168.9 | |
| Meatpacking plants Sausages and other prepared meats | 2013 | 168.8 71.0 | 33.6 25.2 | 32.8 24.9 | 15.6 11.2 | 16.0 11.2 | 18.0 14.0 | 16.8 13.7 | 202.3 147.5 | 201.3 158.1 | |
| Poultry dressing plants Poultry and egg processing | 2016 2017 | 101.1 n.a. | 23.6 | 23.6 | 9.4 8.1 | 9.9 | 14.2 | 13.6 13.5 | 137.0 115.4 | 125.8 115.0 | |
| Dairy products | 202 | 184,2 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 114.4 | 114.1 | |
| Creamery butter | 2021 | n.a. | - | 14.4 | - | 5.8 | - | 8.6 | - | 81.5 | |
| Cheese, natural and processed | 2022 | 32.1 n.a. | 13.7 12.3 | 15.9 | 5.9 5.4 | 8.0 6.1 | 7.7 | 7.9 7.1 | 87.5 93.7 | 111.6 81.5 | |
| Ice cream and frozen desserts | 2024 | n.e. | 16.7 | 15.4 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 120.5 | 107.0 | |
| Fluid milk | 2026 | 117.7 | 15.4 | 16.1 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 122.1 | 120.0 | |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables | 203 2032 | 252.1 26.7 | 17.3 12.9 | 17.1 | 7.4 5.4 | 8.0 5.5 | 9.9 7.5 | 9.1 | 122.7 103.7 | 124.9 90.6 | |
| Canned fruits and vegetables | 2033 | 95.6 | 18.0 18.1 | 19.2 17.6 | 7.2 8.7 | 8.5 9.7 | 10.8 9.4 | 10.7 7.9 | 113.7 140.4 | 122.9 140.6 | |
| Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, soups Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings | 2035 | n.a. | 17.3 | 15.6 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 112.8 | 143.0 | |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables | 2037 2038 | 51.5 n.a. | 20.5 13.9 | 19.4 13.2 | 9.2 6.2 | 9.8 6.5 | 11.2 7.6 | 9.6 6.7 | 164.6 103.3 | 152.9 99.8 | |
| Grain mill products | 204 | 144.7 | 14.9 | 15.0 | 6,5 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 115.2 | 126.0 | |
| Flour and other grain mill products | 2041 | 25.8 | 15.3 | 15.3 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 126.1 | 125.8 | |
| Cereal breakfast foods | 2043 | n.a. n.a. | 16.5 18.3 | 15.1 18.0 | 7.1 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 8.2 | 148.5 175.6 | 175.9 214.2 | |
| Blended and prepared flour | 2045 2046 | n.a. | 15.0 | 12.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 6.2 | 127.6 | 97.5 | |
| Wet corn milling | 2046 | n.a. | 10.4 17.7 | 10.4 17.2 | 5.5 7.3 | 4.1 8.2 | 10.4 | 6.3 9.0 | 85.8 126.7 | 73.0 166.2 | |
| Prepared feeds, n.e.c | 2048 | 59.1 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 96.5 | 109.1 | |
| Bakery products | 205 2051 | 234.8 192.0 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 7.4 7.3 | 114.9 113.7 | 119.3 | |
| Bread, cake, and related products | | | 14.4 | 13.7 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 7.9 | | | 115.9 | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | 1978 | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | annual average e employment | Total cases <u>6</u> / | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | Lost workdays | | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Sugar and confectionery products | 206 2061 2062 2063 2065 2066 2067 | 110.5 n.a. n.a. 57.8 n.a. | 15.0 20.0 12.8 21.3 13.5 11.1 15.8 | 14.8 25.5 11.9 22.3 13.1 10.9 11.0 | 6.6 8.7 5.5 11.1 5.9 4.1 6.2 | 7.1 11.7 6.7 12.7 5.8 4.1 5.9 | 8.3 11.1 7.3 10.2 7.6 7.0 9.6 | 7.7 13.7 5.1 9.6 7.3 6.8 5.1 | 105.2 129.6 107.7 133.1 95.3 76.9 127.8 | 104.2 134.9 166.2 125.0 87.6 62.1 117.7 | |
| Fats and oils | 207 2074 2075 2076 2077 2079 | 42.0 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 21.9 20.3 17.5 15.6 25.0 23.5 | 20.2 18.0 16.5 12.8 26.5 18.3 | 9.1 8.6 6.7 6.6 11.7 8.7 | 9.2 7.9 7.8 4.9 12.8 7.6 | 12.8 11.7 10.8 8.9 13.3 14.7 | 11.0 10.0 8.7 7.9 13.7 10.7 | 139.9 161.4 131.3 122.3 165.8 107.7 | 144.7 165.4 126.5 83.6 181.3 115.2 | |
| Beverages. Malt beverages. Malt. Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits. Distilled liquor, except brandy. Bottled and canned soft drinks. Flavoring extracts and syrups, n.e.c | 208 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 | 231.6 50.6 n.a. n.a. n.a. 135.6 | 22.7 19.2 - 19.1 16.0 26.6 7.8 | 23.0 19.3 27.3 23.4 16.1 26.4 8.2 | 9.3 6.1 9.5 6.2 11.5 3.4 | 10.0 6.7 16.8 12.2 7.6 11.8 3.7 | 13.3 13.1 - 9.5 9.8 15.0 4.4 | 13.0 12.6 10.5 11.2 8.5 14.5 | 129.0 116.8 - 110.9 117.8 143.4 47.1 | 132.7 123.3 249.9 153.3 123.2 141.4 52.7 | |
| Miscellaneous foods and kindred products Canned and cured seafoods Fresh or frozen packaged fish Macaroni and spaghetti Food preparations, n.e.c | 209 2091 2092 2098 2099 | 167.5 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 16.8 20.7 21.7 17.0 14.8 | 16.3 22.3 20.4 17.5 14.7 | 7.6 8.8 9.6 7.0 6.7 | 7.5 10.2 10.0 9.2 6.5 | 9.2 11.9 12.1 10.0 8.1 | 8.8 12.1 10.3 8.3 8.2 | 120.6 145.2 113.7 166.9 107.1 | 120.6 173.5 150.0 163.6 102.4 | |
| Tobacco manufactures | 21 | 69.6 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 66,7 | 58.6 | |
| Cigarettes | 211 212 213 214 | 44.3 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 7.4 9.0 12.1 15.0 | 7.7 6.9 11.8 13.6 | 3.9 2.7 3.2 5.0 | 4.1 2.7 3.3 5.1 | 3.5 6.3 8.9 10.0 | 3.5 4.2 8.5 8.5 | 73.9 44.8 54.4 61.0 | 60.0 41.4 49.3 69.0 | |
| Textile mill products | 22 221 | 900.2 | 10.2 | 7.7 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 57.4 | 61.5 | |
| Weaving mills, cotton | 222 223 224 | 125.0 20.9 26.0 | 8.1 12.9 10.6 | 7.7 14.9 10.9 | 1.9 5.4 3.3 | 1.9 2.2 6.6 4.1 | 6.2 7.5 7.3 | 5.8 5.4 8.3 6.8 | 45.4 97.2 58.0 | 48.5 44.9 118.6 62.4 | |
| Knitting mills. Women's hosiery, except socks. Hosiery, n.e.c. Knit outerwear mills. Circular knit fabric mills. Warp knit fabric mills. Knitting mills, n.e.c. | 225 2251 2252 2253 2254 2257 2258 2259 | 236.4 28.2 34.9 79.3 33.9 34.6 n.a. | 7.8 4.4 5.4 6.5 9.0 11.4 10.4 13.0 | 8.5 5.1 5.8 7.5 9.4 12.0 12.1 14.3 | 2.6 1.6 2.0 2.1 3.1 4.1 2.7 5.9 | 3.1 2.0 2.3 2.6 3.5 4.4 3.5 7.4 | 5.1 2.8 3.3 4.4 5.9 7.3 7.7 7.1 | 5.4 3.1 3.4 4.9 5.9 7.6 8.5 6.9 | 40.2 22.2 25.1 34.3 36.3 71.1 45.1 92.1 | 46.5 36.3 34.9 35.9 49.2 70.3 61.1 66.9 | |
| Textile finishing, except wool. Finishing plants, cotton. Finishing plants, synthetics. Finishing plants, neac. | 226 2261 2262 2269 | 79.3 33.5 29.3 n.a. | 13.0 11.8 14.3 13.2 | 13.0 11.1 13.7 15.6 | 4.5 4.1 5.0 4.1 | 4.9 4.4 5.2 5.2 | 8.5 7.7 9.3 9.1 | 8.1 6.7 8.5 10.4 | 79.3 82.4 78.6 74.4 | 91.4 84.8 95.4 98.2 | |
| Floor covering mills Woven carpets and rugs Tufted carpets and rugs Carpets and rugs, n.e.c | 227 2271 2272 2279 | 61.2 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 12.7 12.6 12.9 | 13.9 10.0 14.7 8.7 | 3.4 2.9 3.5 | 4.2 3.5 4.4 4.7 | 9.3 9.7 9.3 | 9.6 6.5 10.3 4.0 | 76.0 56.3 80.6 | 73.7 66.0 75.4 62.5 | |
| Yarn and thread mills | 228 2281 2282 2283 2284 | 131.5 87.8 22.2 n.a. | 12.0 12.2 11.2 13.2 | 11.7 11.8 11.3 15.3 7.7 | 2.8 2.6 2.8 5.0 | 3.2 3.0 3.4 5.5 2.4 | 9,2 9,6 8,4 8,2 | 8.4 8.7 7.9 9.8 5.3 | 56.9 59.0 42.5 83.5 | 61.7 61.5 49.3 101.3 45.9 | |
| Miscellaneous textile goods Felt goods, except woven felts and hats. Lace goods. Paddings and upholstery filling. Processed textile waste. Coated fabrics, not rubberized Tire cord and fabric. Wonwoven fabrics Cordage and twine Textile goods, n.e | 229 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 | 70.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 14.3 18.9 - 19.3 13.0 15.8 - 16.3 14.7 14.0 | 15.0 23.5 10.9 18.4 16.3 16.7 6.8 14.0 14.9 13.2 | 5.6 7.1 - 8.9 5.8 6.9 - 5.8 5.3 4.9 | 6.3 10.8 3.1 9.9 6.5 6.7 2.9 5.4 6.1 5.0 | 8.7 11.7 - 10.4 7.2 8.9 10.5 9.4 9.0 | 8.7 12.7 7.8 8.4 9.7 9.9 3.9 8.6 8.8 8.2 | 105.2 136.5 - 154.1 84.0 136.3 - 116.4 90.0 95.9 | 105.5 164.6 70.8 176.4 91.0 128.6 68.8 92.6 87.0 64.6 | |
| Apparel and other textile products | 23 | 1,332.5 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 31.7 | 32.4 | |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats | 231 | 91.1 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 36.8 | 37.4 | |
| Men's and boys' furnishings. Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear. Men's and boys' underwear. Men's and boys' neckwear. Hen's and boys' separate trousers. Men's and boys' work clothing. Men's and boys' clothing, n.e.c. | 232 2321 2322 2323 2327 2328 2329 | 369.3 106.8 n.a. n.a. 81.8 97.3 n.a. | 8.3 6.0 7.5 3.0 7.6 11.7 8.5 | 7.7 5.8 8.0 3.5 7.0 10.4 8.2 | 2.6 1.7 2.4 .7 2.4 3.9 2.2 | 2.7 2.0 2.8 .9 2.5 3.8 2.5 | 5.7 4.2 5.1 2.3 5.2 7.8 6.2 | 5.0 3.8 5.2 2.6 4.5 6.5 5.7 | 39.7 24.4 37.5 15.5 36.9 66.2 30.1 | 40.4 27.4 42.0 25.2 36.7 61.1 37.3 | |
| Women's and misses' outerwear | 233 2331 2335 2337 2339 | 438.7 60.2 167.6 65.1 145.9 | 4.7 4.2 3.2 - 6.2 | 4.8 4.6 3.4 4.5 6.6 | 1.2 1.0 .8 - 1.6 | 1.3 1.0 .9 1.3 1.9 | 3.5 3.2 2.4 - 4.6 | 3.5 3.6 2.4 3.2 4.7 | 21.3 19.4 11.4 - 28.8 | 17.6 13.9 11.6 18.5 25.1 | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | | 1978 | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code 3/ | annual average employment (in thousands) | Total cases <u>6</u> / | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | Lost workdays | | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Women's and children's undergarments Women's and children's underweat Brassieres and allied garments | 234 2341 2342 | 92.9 72.7 20.3 | 5.8 6.1 4.6 | 6.2 6.3 5.5 | 1.5 1.6 1.2 | 1.7 1.8 1.7 | 4.3 4.5 3.4 | 4.4 4.5 3.8 | 21.4 22.0 19.5 | 30.2 30.4 29.3 | |
| Hats, caps, and millinery Millinery | 235 2351 | n.a. | 6.8 | 7.5 4.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 3.5 | 32.6 | 33.1 10.3 | |
| Children's outerwear | 236 2361 2369 | 69.6 26.9 n.a. | 5.8 5.7 6.1 | 5.3 4.3 5.4 | 1.6 1.3 1.9 | 1.8 1.2 2.2 | 4.2 4.4 4.1 | 3.4 3.1 3.2 | 23.5 16.3 30.0 | 29.5 20.9 33.0 | |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, n.e.c | 238 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 | 60.3 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 6.1 6.4 5.8 6.2 - 7.6 4.5 | 6.4 5.3 6.0 7.0 5.7 8.3 6.5 | 2.0 2.5 1.9 1.8 - 2.1 1.4 | 2.2 2.3 1.6 1.9 2.5 2.6 2.4 | 4.1 3.9 3.8 4.4 5.5 3.1 | 4.2 3.0 4.3 5.1 3.1 5.7 4.1 | 32.1 42.8 32.4 29.5 - 32.3 23.3 | 31.9 38.6 24.7 34.7 35.3 31.3 22.8 | |
| Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. Curtains and draperies. House furnishings, n.e.c Textile bags Canvas and related products. Pleating and stitching. Automotive and apparel trimmings Schiffil machine embroideries. Fabricated textile products, n.e.c | 239 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2399 | 190.9 30.8 51.6 n.a. n.a. 36.5 n.a. | 8.7 7.1 9.9 14.0 10.9 4.7 7.4 9.0 9.8 | 8.9 8.6 9.7 11.9 10.9 6.1 7.2 6.2 9.8 | 2.8 2.2 2.8 4.7 3.9 1.9 2.6 2.7 3.0 | 3.3 3.2 3.6 4.5 3.8 2.5 2.8 2.8 | 5.9 4.9 7.1 9.3 6.9 2.8 4.8 6.3 6.8 | 5.6 5.3 6.1 7.4 7.1 3.6 4.4 3.4 6.3 | 44.9 38.8 44.1 68.8 45.2 29.5 5.8 32.5 38.0 | 49.1 50.3 47.3 90.1 59.6 35.4 43.0 49.2 47.8 | |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | 700.9 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 101.6 | 103.3 | |
| Pulp mills Paper mills, except building paper Paperboard mills | 261 262 263 | n.a. 168.0 69.1 | 13.1 10.6 13.6 | 11.1 10.3 12.3 | 3.3 4.1 5.0 | 3.5 4.6 4.9 | 9.7 6.5 8.6 | 7.6 5.7 7.4 | 87.4 107.0 111.5 | 82.7 106.5 106.7 | |
| Miscellaneous converted paper products Paper coating and glazing. Envelopes Begs, except textile bags Die-cut paper and board Pressed and molded pulp goods Santiary paper products Stationery products Converted paper products, n.e.c | 264 2641 2642 2643 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 | 219.9 56.4 24.2 49.7 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 13.9 12.6 16.8 15.9 12.7 16.2 9.7 16.7 14.0 | 14.0 10.8 16.8 16.2 13.4 17.9 10.3 15.8 16.4 | 5.2 4.5 6.7 5.6 5.3 7.9 3.1 6.4 5.3 | 5.8 4.4 6.6 6.8 6.1 7.5 3.9 6.4 7.2 | 8.7 8.1 10.1 10.3 7.4 8.3 6.6 10.3 8.7 | 8.2 6.4 10.1 9.4 7.3 10.4 6.4 9.4 | 88.5 73.8 107.0 100.8 68.2 137.2 59.6 105.3 104.7 | 89.9 67.6 100.3 99.3 90.7 136.6 83.2 83.9 | |
| Paperboard containers and boxes. Folding paperboard boxes. Set-up paperboard boxes. Corrugated and solid fiber boxes. Santtary food containers. Fiber cans, drums, and similar | 265 2651 2652 2653 2654 | 214.1 45.8 n.a. 106.9 28.4 | 15.9 14.4 13.4 18.1 11.2 | 16.4 15.7 12.9 18.5 12.4 | 5.9 5.1 5.2 6.7 4.4 | 6.8 6.3 5.2 7.7 5.5 | 10.0 9.3 8.1 11.4 6.8 | 9.6 9.4 7.7 10.7 6.9 | 105.1 90.7 82.1 122.0 81.6 | 114.0 99.3 92.5 127.7 104.3 | |
| Building paper and board mills | 2655 266 | n.a. | 16.2 | 15.5 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 9.6 7.6 | 97.3 | 98.7 | |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | 1,193.1 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 41.7 | 43.8 | |
| Newspapers | 271 272 | 407.4 79.5 | 5.3 2.6 | 5.8 2.9 | 2.3 1.0 | 2.6 1.2 | 3.0 1.6 | 3.2 1.7 | 42.1 13.2 | 44.2 16.9 | |
| Books Book publishing Book printing | 273 2731 2732 | 100.4 71.5 29.0 | 7.2 4.8 12.4 | 7.2 4.8 12.3 | 2.6 1.7 4.3 | 2.7 2.0 4.2 | 4.6 3.0 8.0 | 4.5 2.8 8.1 | 34.6 20.9 63.0 | 36.6 24.3 63.4 | |
| Miscellaneous publishing | 274 | 45.8 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 32.8 | 19.0 | |
| Commercial printing. Commercial printing, letterpress. Commercial printing, lithographic. Engraving and plate printing. Commercial printing, gravure. | 275 2751 2752 2753 2754 | 391.6 167.8 201.2 n.a. n.a. | 8.4 7.5 8.6 7.7 17.9 | 8.7 7.7 9.1 8.0 16.0 | 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.8 9.0 | 3.6 3.3 3.6 2.7 8.4 | 5.2 4.5 5.5 4.9 8.9 | 5.1 4.4 5.5 5.3 7.6 | 47.4 46.1 44.5 45.3 117.1 | 53.0 50.8 52.5 55.0 94.5 | |
| Manifold business forms | 276 277 | 44.8 n.a. | 11.3 7.1 | 11.7 6.4 | 4.7 | 4.9 2.7 | 6.6 | 6.7 3.7 | 69.8 37.4 | 57.4 32.4 | |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding Blankbooks and looseleaf binders Bookbinding and related work | 278 2782 2789 | 61.0 n.a. n.a. | 11.0 10.3 12.0 | 11.0 10.7 11.4 | 4.3 4.0 4.7 | 4.2 4.3 4.0 | 6.7 6.3 7.3 | 6.8 6.4 7.3 | 55.2 47.7 66.5 | 58.4 52.6 67.5 | |
| Printing trade services | 279 2791 2793 2794 2795 | 40.0 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 2.9 1.8 4.4 - | 2.5 1.6 3.2 5.8 4.3 | .9 .6 1.3 - | .9 .6 1.3 1.8 1.4 | 2.0 1.2 3.1 | 1.6 1.0 1.9 4.0 2.9 | 13.8 9.6 28.4 - | 14.1 10.8 15.2 17.6 24.9 | |
| Chemicals and allied products | 28 | 1,096.3 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 51.4 | 50.9 | |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals | 281 2812 2816 2819 | 166.3 n.a. n.a. 108.3 | 6.7 5.1 11.1 6.3 | 6.2 5.1 10.0 5.9 | 2.6 2.3 4.7 2.3 | 2.6 2.4 4.9 2.2 | 4.1 2.8 6.4 4.0 | 3.6 2.7 5.1 3.7 | 53.8 56.5 101.1 46.8 | 49.6 54.9 88.6 40.7 | |
| Plastics materials and synthetics Plastics materials and resins Synthetic rubber Organic fibers, noncellulosic | 282 2821 2822 2824 | 215.9 83.7 n.a. 96.8 | 5.9 9.3 10.0 2.8 | 5.7 8.7 10.7 2.5 | 2.1 3.5 4.5 | 2.3 3.8 4.8 .8 | 3.7 5.8 5.5 1.9 | 3.4 4.9 5.9 1.7 | 37.5 54.1 67.6 21.7 | 35.8 53.3 62.6 17.9 | |

Table 1. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 5/ | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | 1978 annual average employment (in thousands) | | tal es <u>6</u> / | Lost workday cases | | cs with lo | atal ses out st days | | Lost rkdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Drugs. Biological products. Medicinals and botanicals. Pharmaceutical preparations. | 283 2831 2833 2834 | 186.4 n.a. n.a. 149.2 | 6.3 5.5 7.5 6.3 | 6.7 6.4 7.1 6.7 | 2.7 2.3 3.0 2.7 | 3.0 3.1 4.0 2.9 | 3.6 3.2 4.5 3.5 | 3.7 3.3 3.1 3.8 | 39.3 40.7 44.6 38.5 | 42.7 49.0 58.2 40.0 | |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Soap and other detergents | 284 2841 2842 2843 2844 | 136.1 40.8 n.a. n.a. 55.6 | 10.0 10.0 11.9 14.6 8.3 | 9.8 8.7 12.8 14.2 8.5 | 3.9 4.3 3.8 6.0 3.4 | 4.5 4.5 5.2 5.9 3.9 | 6.1 5.7 8.1 8.6 4.9 | 5.3 4.1 7.6 8.3 4.6 | 58.1 67.4 57.0 64.2 50.6 | 68.0 69.1 81.8 78.9 58.2 | |
| Paints and allied products | 285 | 68.9 | 13.7 | 14.3 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 73.1 | 78.1 | |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 286 2861 2865 2869 | 165.9 n.a. 36.8 n.a. | 6.6 11.4 9.4 5.5 | 6.2 9.2 9.9 5.0 | 2.6 5.3 3.6 2.2 | 2.5 4.0 3.8 2.1 | 4.0 6.0 5.8 3.3 | 3.7 5.2 6.0 2.9 | 49.2 192.1 69.3 34.1 | 41.4 64.3 63.1 33.8 | |
| Agricultural chemicals Nitrogenous fertilizers Phosphate fertilizers only Fertilizers wiking only Agricultural chemicals, n.e.c. | 287 2873 2874 2875 2879 | 67.2 n.a. n.a. n.a. | 10.3 10.0 9.5 13.6 9.1 | 9.1 7.8 8.4 13.4 7.9 | 3.6 3.2 2.3 5.3 3.8 | 3.6 2.9 2.9 4.8 3.7 | 6.7 6.8 7.1 8.2 5.3 | 5.5 4.9 5.5 8.6 4.2 | 57.4 54.7 59.1 72.9 48.3 | 56.7 43.1 62.0 79.5 49.4 | |
| Miscellaneous chemical products | 289 2891 2892 2893 2895 2899 | 89.6 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. | 12.8 16.6 5.8 13.4 9.9 14.0 | 11.6 14.2 5.7 13.4 7.3 12.4 | 4.8 5.9 2.3 4.6 3.3 5.6 | 5.1 5.9 2.4 5.3 4.3 5.6 | 7.9 10.7 3.5 8.8 6.6 8.4 | 6.5 8.3 3.3 8.1 3.0 6.8 | 79.9 103.2 45.3 64.3 86.9 87.3 | 73.4 81.8 53.1 71.4 86.5 75.8 | |
| Petroleum and coal products | 29 | 208.7 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 59.2 | 58.3 | |
| Petroleum refining | 291 | 164.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 45.4 | 46.0 | |
| Paving and roofing materials | 295 2951 2952 | 32.6 n.a. n.a. | 15.6 11.8 17.8 | 14.4 11.1 16.3 | 5.3 4.2 6.0 | 5.7 4.1 6.6 | 10.3 7.5 11.8 | 8.7 7.0 9.7 | 101.8 79.2 114.5 | 105.7 71.4 125.8 | |
| Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products | 299 2992 2999 | n.a. n.a. n.a. | 17.8 15.7 25.0 | 16.6 13.8 27.2 | 7.2 6.3 9.9 | 7.1 5.9 11.4 | 10.6 9.3 15.1 | 9.5 7.9 15.7 | 132.6 102.0 237.2 | 92.1 79.0 140.9 | |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 30 | 751.9 | 16.8 | 17.1 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 118.1 | 125.5 | |
| Tires and inner tubes | 301 302 303 304 306 307 | 127.4 24.0 n.a. n.a. 114.6 461.6 | 15.5 10.8 20.5 13.0 17.4 17.6 | 15.4 12.9 30.5 13.9 17.0 18.1 | 10.8 4.3 10.3 7.1 8.0 6.7 | 11.4 6.6 17.4 6.9 8.2 7.2 | 4.7 6.5 10.1 5.9 9.4 10.9 | 3.9 6.3 13.1 7.0 8.8 10.9 | 181.1 81.1 240.3 122.0 128.7 95.7 | 207.1 84.7 373.3 118.1 125.3 104.2 | |
| Leather and leather products | 31 | 255.6 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 68.9 | 72.5 | |
| Leather tanning and finishing Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 311 313 | 22.5 n.a. | 24.1 14.4 | 23.8 16.0 | 11.3 5.0 | 11.8 6.0 | 12.8 9.4 | 11.9 10.0 | 166.8 74.8 | 203.1 96.2 | |
| Footwear, except rubber | 314 3142 3143 3144 3149 | 157.8 n.a. 64.3 62.0 n.a. | 10.3 10.1 10.2 10.0 11.5 | 10.4 9.0 10.9 9.5 11.4 | 3.8 3.4 4.0 3.7 3.3 | 4.1 4.0 4.5 3.6 4.4 | 6.5 6.6 6.2 6.3 8.2 | 6.2 5.0 6.4 5.9 7.0 | 63.3 53.1 61.9 70.0 52.5 | 62.6 65.0 61.9 62.5 64.3 | |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 315 316 | n.a. 17.3 | 6.4 12.1 | 5.4 11.2 | 2.2 4.7 | 2.4 4.5 | 4.2 7.4 | 3.0 6.7 | 31.1 68.2 | 23.2 52.6 | |
| Handbags and personal leather goods Women's handbags and purses Personal leather goods, n.e.c | 317 3171 3172 | 32.3 n.a. n.a. | 7.8 6.7 9.2 | 9.2 7.9 10.5 | 2.4 1.7 3.3 | 2.9 2.0 3.8 | 5.4 4.9 5.9 | 6.3 5.9 6.6 | 35.4 22.1 52.6 | 39.7 31.8 47.8 | |
| Transportation and public utilities | | 4,927.0 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 95.9 | 102.3 | |
| Railroad transportation $8/\ldots$ Local and interurban passenger transit | 40 41 | 536.2 257.6 | 10.8 8.4 | 12.0 8.7 | 6.6 4.6 | 7.6 4.7 | 4.2 3.7 | 4.3 4.0 | 89.4 92.1 | 99.6 84.9 | |
| Trucking and warehousing | 42 421 422 423 | 1,312.4 n.a. 90.4 n.a. | 15.0 14.9 16.5 | 16.2 16.3 15.5 17.9 | 8.3 8.4 6.9 | 9.4 9.5 7.4 9.5 | 6.6 6.4 9.6 | 6.8 6.7 8.0 8.4 | 158.9 162.8 103.3 | 177.1 182.1 105.7 176.4 | |
| Water transportation | 44 446 | 211.7 n.a. | 14.4 21.1 | 14.4 21.9 | 7.4 11.1 | 7.8 12.2 | 6.9 10.0 | 6.6 9.6 | 292.5 473.0 | 272.1 459.5 | |
| Transportation by air Pipelines, except natural gas | 45 46 | 404.5 19.5 | 14.0 5.0 | 13.4 | 8.0 2.0 | 8.4 1.9 | 5.9 3.0 | 4.9 2.8 | 97.2 32.4 | 95.8 29.3 | |
| Transportation services Miscellaneous transportation services | 47 478 | 169.0 n.a. | 5.5 19.5 | 5.5 17.9 | 2.5 8.4 | 2.7 7.6 | 3.0 11.0 | 2.8 10.3 | 39.5 126.5 | 41.7 119.8 | |
| Communication | 48 | 1,238.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 30.2 | 28.7 | |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services Sanitary services | 49 495 | 777.4 43.1 | 9.0 24.8 | 9.0 25.9 | 4.2 13.9 | 4.4 15.1 | 4.8 10.8 | 4.6 10.8 | 69.0 206.1 | 76.5 223.0 | |

Table 1. Continued - Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 19781

| | | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-tim | e workers | 5/ | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | 1978 | | | | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | Lost workdays | |
| | | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | | 19,499.0 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 44.0 | 44.9 |
| Wholesale trade | | 4,957.0 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 52.5 | 57.5 |
| Wholesale tradedurable goods Wholesale tradenondurable goods | 50 51 | 2,887.0 2,070.0 | 8.2 9.0 | 8.6 9.3 | 3.2 4.1 | 3.6 4.4 | 5.0 4.9 | 5.0 4.9 | 44.0 64.2 | 51.8 65.8 |
| Retail trade | İ | 14,542.0 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 40.5 | 39.7 |
| Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Antomotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and home furnishings stores | 52 53 54 55 56 57 | 607.1 2,304.0 2,194.6 1,860.7 905.4 594.7 | 9.4 8.7 11.4 7.8 2.0 5.0 | 9.8 9.1 10.7 8.0 2.3 5.1 | 3.7 3.3 4.4 2.6 .7 2.1 | 4.2 3.8 4.2 2.5 .9 2.4 | 5.7 5.4 6.9 5.2 1.3 2.9 | 5.6 5.3 6.5 5.4 1.4 2.6 | 62.1 45.2 71.2 41.8 13.6 42.3 | 60.6 48.6 67.2 39.0 14.8 38.6 |
| Eating and drinking places | 58 59 | 4,258.1 1,816.7 | 7.3 3.6 | 7.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 30.0 | 28.7 23.8 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 4,727.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | .8 | .8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 10.4 | 12.5 |
| Banking. Credit agencies other than banks. Security, commodity brokers, and services Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service keal estate | 60 61 62 63 64 65 | 1,421.9 515.4 189.8 1,176.9 403.7 890.0 | 1.5 1.1 1.7 .7 4.7 | 1.5 1.1 .8 1.9 .8 | .6 .3 .5 .7 .2 2.0 | .6 .4 .3 .7 .3 2.2 | .9 .8 .6 1.0 .4 2.6 | .9 .7 .5 1.2 .4 2.6 | 6.6 4.0 4.0 8.6 5.2 28.7 | 7.4 5.2 4.6 12.1 - 33.6 |
| Services | | 15,891.0 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 35.4 | 36.2 |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 70 72 73 75 | 970.6 904.3 2,613.9 547.2 | 8.9 3.6 4.8 7.6 | 9.2 3.5 4.9 8.2 | 3.2 1.6 2.0 3.1 | 3.6 1.5 2.2 3.4 | 5.7 2.0 2.8 4.5 | 5.6 1.9 2.7 4.8 | 47.3 29.8 31.9 43.5 | 51.5 28.1 34.9 42.2 |
| Miscellaneous repair services | 76 769 | 258.9 n.a. | 10.4 12.8 | 10.0 12.4 | 4.3 5.3 | 4.5 5.4 | 6.0 7.4 | 5.5 7.0 | 77.2 87.5 | 69.3 80.4 |
| Motion pictures. Amusement and recreation services. Health services. Educational services. Social services. Museums, botanical and zoological | 78 79 80 82 83 | 210.4 709.8 4,808.3 1,051.7 978.5 | 10.1 6.9 3.2 5.4 | 4.2 8.4 6.8 3.2 6.0 | 4.9 2.8 1.2 2.0 | 1.3 3.7 3.0 1.3 2.6 | 5.1 4.1 2.0 3.4 | 2.9 4.7 3.7 1.9 3.4 | 56.4 46.7 20.3 29.8 | 25.7 46.7 48.1 19.5 37.8 |
| gardens | 84 89 | n.a. 865.8 | 7.6 2.2 | 7.3 1.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 .7 | 4.9 1.3 | 4.6 1.2 | 41.3 15.2 | 35.1 10.3 |

¹ In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved averaging the data reported by small employers for the 1976, 1978, and 1977 annual surveys.
³ Totals for divisions and 2- and 3-digit SIC codes include data for industries not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Totals for divisions and 2- and 3-digit SIC codes include data for industries not shown separately.
Standard industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.
Annual average employment for nonagricultural industries is based on the employment and earnings survey conducted by the Bursau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with the State agencies. The employment estimate for the services division is adjusted to exclude the employment for lab nonfarm portion of agricultural services and (b) nonclassifiable establishments. Annual average employment for the agriculture, forestry, and fishing division is a composite of data from State unemployment insurance programs, and estimates of hired-farm workers engaged in agricultural production provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The agriculture is adjusted to exclude employment on farms with fewer than 11 employees.
The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 200,000, where

⁼ number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays

EH total hours worked by all employees during calendar year 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week,

Includes fatalities. Because of rounding, the difference between the total and the sum of the rates for lost workday cases and nonfatal cases without lost workdays does not reflect

of the rates for lost workusy cases and nonlead cases miscus has managed social state.

2 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

2 Data conforming to OSHA definitions for coal and lignite mining (SIC 11 and 12) and metal and nonmetal mining (SIC 10 and 14), and for railroad transportation (SIC 40) were provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified n.a. = Data not available.

Table 2. Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| | SIC code 2/ | Mean 4/ | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartile | | |
| Private sector 5/: | | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 4-1 9-1 | .0 | .0 | 13.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.8 | 7.2 | -0 | 17.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.1 12.6 | 9.2 9.2 | 2.7 | 19.3 18.1 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.8 | 8.2 | 3.6 | 15.2 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.0 7.2 | 6-8 | 3.1 2.8 | 12.7 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | /.2 | 5.9 | 2.0 | 10.4 | | |
| riculture, forestry, and fishing: | | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.6 | .0 | -0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 10.9 | 3.6 | •0 | 14-4 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.1 15.4 | 10.5 13.1 | 1.6 5.8 | 21.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.4 | 15.5 | 7.6 | 21.9 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.6 | 12.5 | 7.1 | 23.7 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 22.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Agricultural production | 01-02 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.8 8.7 | 1.8 | .0 | 14.3 11.6 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.8 | 3.4 | •0 | 13.1 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.6 15.5 | 9.9 13.0 | 1.3 | 20.2 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 18.2 | 16.4 | 9.5 | 24.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 27.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Agricultural services | 07 | | | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 10.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 13.8 | 2.9 | .0 | 18.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.0 15.7 | 12.5 13.7 | 3.0 5.5 | 26.3 24.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.9 | 13.7 | 4.4 | 28.3 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 15.5 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Forestry | 08 | | | (4) | " | | |
| All sizes | | 11.0 | .0 | .0 | 9.1 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.0 | .0 | •0- | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.9 21.5 | 6.5 | (6) | 17.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Fishing, hunting, and trapping | 09 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.1 2.9 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 4.5 | .0 | .0 | 6.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| ning: | | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.5 | .0 | .0 | 7.5 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.6 12.7 | .0 6.2 | .0 | 17.8 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.8 | 8.2 | 1.7 | 20.1 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.0 | 8.6 | 3.1 | 19.0 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 9.6 | 8.3 | 3.9 | 14-4 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.6 | 7.0 | 3.2 | 11.8 | | |
| Metal mining <u>5</u> / | 10 | | | (0) | (0) | | |
| | 10 | 10.0 | 1.7 | .0 | ,,, | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 10.2 | .0 | .0 | 12.1 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.7 | 8-4 | .0 | 17.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.8 10.3 | 8.8 7.5 | 2.6 3.6 | 16.2 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.2 | 7.6 | 4.5 | 12.1 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.4 12.0 | 7•1 (6) | 3.5 | 12.0 | | |
| Anthracite mining 5/ | 11 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 19.6 | .0 | .0 | 9.9 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 13.9 26.5 | .0 16.5 | 6.4 | 31.8 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining 5/ | 12 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10-1 | .0 | .0 | 9.2 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.0 8.5 | .0 3.1 | .0 | 13.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 9-2 | 6.3 | 1.4 | 13.0 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.3 | 8.6 | 3.9 | 15.2 | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| | SIC code | Wood | Wodden | Pirat | Three | | |
| | <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Oil and gas extraction | 13 | | ļ | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10.3 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 8.9 16.2 | .0 9.5 | -0 | 24.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 17.3 | 13.4 | 2.4 | 26.8 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.7 | 12.4 | 3.0 | 27.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.2 9.1 | 12.5 | 2.7 | 29.8 19.7 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 3+7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | -4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas | 131 | | | _ | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.4 5.1 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 6-2 | .0 | -0 | 8.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.4 3.9 | 2.7 | .0 | 9.6 4.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.8 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 7.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 2.7 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | .4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Oil and gas field services | 138 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 20.3 | -0 | .0 | 20.1 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 11.7 | .0 16.7 | .0 5.2 | 29.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.1 | 21.2 | 8.9 | 30.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 23.2 25.3 | 21.6 23.9 | 11.0 | 33.4 41.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels 5/ | 14 | | | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 6.9 5.8 | .0 | .0 | .6 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 7.8 | 3.4 | •0 | 11.4 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7•7 6•8 | 5.4 5.3 | 1.8 | 10.7 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 6.2 | 6.3 | 3-2 | 9.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 9.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| nstruction: | | 16.0 | .0 | .0 | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.6 | .0 | .0 | 9.0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.1 | 13.7 | .0 | 27.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.5 21.4 | 20.3 | 9.0 10-1 | 31.7 32.0 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.0 | 19.1 | 10.5 | 29.6 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 18.7 17.7 | 15.9 13.7 | 8.6 6.8 | 26.6 28.7 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 6.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| General building contractors | 15 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.9 | .0 | .0 | 6.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 9.2 18.5 | 14.5 | .0 | 27.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.1 | 21.5 | 10-1 | 32.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.9 | 21.2 | 8.7 | 34.0 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 20.5 | 19.4 | 10.4 9.3 | 30.3 27.9 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 18.5 9.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| Residential building construction | 152 | , | (0) | (8) | (6) | | |
| All sizes. | 174 | 13.3 | .0 | 0.0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.5 | .0 | 0.0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 18.1 21.7 | 12.2 19.7 | 0.0 7.2 | 28.1 33.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.6 | 18.0 | 2-4 | 31.7 | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 22.8 38.4 | 17.7 | 7.5 (6) | 29.2 | | |
| Operative builders | 153 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.7 | .0 | •0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 7.8 14.3 | 9.1 | .0 | 19.4 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.5 | 12.6 | 2.5 | 24.1 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.7 15.3 | 16.0 | 6.6 | 25.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Nonresidential building construction | 154 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 19.2 12.4 | .0 | .0 | 22.7 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 19.4 | 16.4 | 1.3 | 11.9 28.1 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.3 | 23.3 | 12.1 | 32.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 24.3 21.5 | 22.9 20.3 | 11.5 | 35.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 16.6 | 18.3 | 9.1 | 27.0 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|--------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange 4/ | | |
| induction and explosions state at | SIC code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| leavy construction contractors | 16 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.5 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 10.1 16.5 | 13.1 | 3.3 | 25.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.0 | 18.1 | 8.1 | 28.3 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.8 21.2 | 17.9 19.9 | 10.1 | 29.2 30.2 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.1 | 15.4 | 8.8 | 21.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.3 | 13.7 | 6.2 | 27.9 | | |
| Highway and street construction | 161 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.2 | .0 | .0 | 16.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 9.6 14.3 | 11.7 | 2.5 | 21.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 16.0 | 14.1 | 6.1 | 25.2 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.8 16.8 | 17.1 17.6 | 9.0 | 24.3 23.3 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Heavy construction, except highway | 162 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.2 | .0 | .0 | 19.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.4 18.0 | 14.9 | 3.8 | 26.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.1 | 20.8 | 10.1 | 30.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.7 23.8 | 19.0 22.5 | 10.6 12.7 | 32.9 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.9 | 13.7 | 8.1 | 20.8 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.0 6.3 | 14.1 (6) | 6.2 (6) | 28.7 | | |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.8 | .0 | -0 | 7.0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 9.7 18.3 | 13.6 | .0 | 28.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.6 | 20.9 | 9.2 | 33.1 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.5 20.8 | 20.8 18.0 | 10.9 | 33.1 28.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.7 | 13.9 | 7.5 | 28.3 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 23.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning | 171 | 16.9 | | | 9.1 | | |
| All sizes | | 9.7 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 19.2 23.6 | 15.6 22.3 | 1.1 12.0 | 30.3 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 24.8 | 23.3 | 12.1 | 36.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 23.2 26.2 | 20.8 | 11.2 | 31.6 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 38.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Painting, paper hanging, and decorating | 172 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.4 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 5.5 11.4 | 6.0 | .0 | 17.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 16.4 16.9 | 10.8 13.7 | 3.0 | 24.1 25.7 | | |
| | 170 | 10.9 | 15.7 | 3.0 | 25.7 | | |
| Electrical work | 173 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.0 8.8 | .0 | .0 | 9.6 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.5 20.4 | 12.8 19.7 | .0 | 24.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.5 | 18.0 | 9.5 8.0 | 28.4 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.0 12.4 | 13.3 | 7.6 (6) | 25.5 | | |
| Masonry, stonework, and plastering | 174 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.6 | .0 | .0 | 2.9 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 8.9 17.9 | .0 13.4 | .0 | 28.0 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.6 | 21.4 | 10.3 | 32.1 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 23.9 | 23.6 | 13.2 | 31.9 | | |
| Carpentering and flooring | 175 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.6 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 8.5 16.7 | .0 10.4 | .0 | 26.2 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 25.0 | 22.0 | 8.8 | 36.8 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 28.6 36.4 | 31.8 | 13.9 (6) | 42.5 | | |
| Roofing and sheet-metal work | 176 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 22.5 | .0 | .0 | 22.9 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 15.8 28.1 | 24.3 | .0 7.5 | 13.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 27.6 | 27.2 | 12.3 | 42.2 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 24.2 | 22.2 | 11.8 | 38.1 | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle r | ange 4/ | | |
| 3.3.3.5.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3 | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Med1an <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Concrete work | 177 | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. | | 14.6 9.4 15.4 23.1 20.1 30.5 | 0.0 .0 9.1 18.7 16.8 (6) | 0.0 .0 .0 8.2 11.0 (6) | 10.8 .0 22.1 28.9 32.5 (6) | | |
| Water well drilling | 178 | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. | | 12.8 9.6 20.4 18.3 | .0 .0 20.2 (6) | .0 .0 9.4 (6) | .0 .0 28.7 (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 179 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.9 11.6 19.2 22.0 23.0 19.8 | .0 .0 13.7 19.6 19.2 (6) | .0 .0 .0 7.0 11.7 (6) | 13.3 .0 29.1 36.2 31.8 (6) | | |
| Anufacturing: | | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over. | | 13.2 8.6 15.1 18.1 18.3 15.7 12.5 9.5 | .0 8.6 13.4 14.3 12.5 9.7 7.3 5.9 | .0 .0 .0 4.5 6.7 6.4 5.0 3.4 2.8 | 16.6 .0 22.9 26.0 26.1 22.0 17.5 13.3 9.6 | | |
| Durable goods: | | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over. | | 14-2 10-9 18-6 21-7 21-1 17-8 13-5 9-9 7-1 | 2.8 .0 13.4 17.6 17.8 14.6 11.1 7.8 6.1 | .0 .0 7.8 8.8 7.7 5.7 3.6 2.9 | 21.0 8.2 28.3 31.0 30.2 25.2 19.0 14.1 9.8 | | |
| Lumber and wood products | 24 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 22.6 15.6 24.3 26.6 25.5 21.1 15.9 | .0 20.3 23.0 22.7 16.9 13.7 (6) | .0 7.2 11.6 12.4 10.1 9.0 (6) | 26.7 17.1 35.4 37.3 36.6 31.3 19.6 (6) | | |
| Logging camps and logging contractors | 241 | 25.9 | .0 | .0 | 28.3 | | |
| 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. | | 21.0 30.5 48.9 21.9 17.5 20.9 | 27.3 48.7 18.9 (6) | 11.8 30.4 10.4 (6) | 23.2 46.5 76.8 32.2 (6) (6) | | |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 242 | | | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. | | 21-7 14-1 24-5 24-5 24-6 19-7 16-8 11-8 | 5.8 .0 19.7 20.7 22.0 14.6 (6) | .0 6.8 11.5 11.9 9.1 (6) | 26.2 16.8 34.7 34.2 34.8 27.9 (6) | | |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members | 243 | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. | | 20.4 11.5 22.1 23.3 24.6 19.0 14.3 | 4.9 .0 18.3 21.7 21.3 16.3 13.1 (6) | .0 5.9 9.5 12.4 9.0 8.7 (6) | 23.2 8.7 33.1 32.6 34.6 26.6 18.5 (6) | | |
| Wood containers | 244 | | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. | | 21.4 14.6 24.2 25.3 23.0 16.0 | 7.3 .0 21.3 22.2 22.2 (6) | .0 .0 7.5 11.9 9.9 (6) | 27.5 22.5 36.2 38.1 31.6 (6) | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers $\underline{3}/$ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes | 245 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 32.7 | 24.4 | 8.7 | 43.1 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 19.9 29.4 | .0 19.3 | .0 11.5 | 31.3 43.8 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 34.9 | 30.2 | 17.1 | 47.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 32.5 36.0 | 31.2 34.6 | 18.8 14.6 | 42.9 55.7 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 25.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous wood products | 249 | | | | | | |
| · · | | | | 1 | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.5 10.9 | 1.5 .0 | .0 | 21.9 11.8 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 20.2 | 17.7 | 4.7 | 29.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.9 21.4 | 17.5 15.9 | 8.2 9.2 | 33.1 32.2 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| urniture and fixtures | 25 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.5 | 6.2 | .0 | 20.5 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.8 | 13.0 | 1.6 9.0 | 24.7 28.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 20.6 | 18.5 | 9.6 | 28.8 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 19.8 14.8 | 17.1 13.1 | 9.9 7.5 | 28.3 21.8 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.4 | 11.6 | 7.2 | 21.6 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 12.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Household furniture | 251 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.5 | 6.8 | .0 | 19.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 14.5 20.1 | 12.5 18.0 | 1.3 | 22.8 28.0 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.8 | 17.5 | 8.6 | 27.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 18.0 | 16.6 | 9.2 | 26.0 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.3 13.5 | 11.6 | 6.7 | 18.1 (6) | | |
| 4 | | | 1-1 | , , | | | |
| Office furniture | 252 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.4 | 9.4 | .0 | 22,6 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 15.2 20.9 | 9.5 17.0 | 2.9 | 23.4 26.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.9 | 18.8 | 11.6 | 26.0 | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 21.4 18.7 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Public building and related furniture | 253 | | | | | | |
| | 233 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 21.3 8.8 | 12.9 | .0 | 27.0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 19.5 | 18.7 | 3.4 | 32.8 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.2 24.5 | 18.8 23.7 | 13.4 17.2 | 33.3 33.3 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 24.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 16.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Partitions and fixtures | 254 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 20.2 | 7.1 | .0 | 23.9 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.8 | .0 17.2 | 4.3 | 9.8 28.5 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 23.3 | 22.2 | 10.9 | 31.8 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.8 24.8 | 22.0 | 12.1 | 32.3 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.0 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures | 259 | | | | | | |
| | 227 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 19.0 4.4 | .0 | .0 | 9.0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.1 | 7.6 | •0 | 15.4 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 17.4 19.5 | 13.1 17.9 | 7.3 7.8 | 28.3 28.7 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 33.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 27.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| tone, clay, and glass products | 32 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.8 | 4.2 | .0 | 20.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.2 | .0 | .0 | 10.2 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 19.9 21.2 | 15.7 19.2 | 3.6 9.2 | 28.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.6 | 17.8 | 8.8 | 31.6 28.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.7 | 13.8 | 7.1 | 23.8 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 15.5 12.5 | 13.2 10.8 | 8.1 6.8 | 20.4 17.0 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 13.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Flat glass | 321 | | 1 | | | | |
| | • | ,,,, | 14.4 |] ,, | 30.0 | | |
| All sizes | | 18.1 20.0 | 16.6 | 1.1 | 39.8 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 35.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 14.7 27.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 19.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| | | 20.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 0 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Middle | range <u>4</u> / | |
| Industry and employment size <u>1</u> / | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quarti | |
| Glass and glassware, pressed and blown | 322 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.6 | 13.5 | 3.0 | 23.0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.1 16.1 | (6) 14.2 | (6) 2.8 | 23.7 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 14.6 | 13.5 | 7.7 | 19.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 16.7 12.7 | 14.4 11.6 | 10.5 7.2 | 20.8 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 9.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Products of purchased glass | 323 | 1 | |] | Ì | |
| | 323 | | | _ | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 20.5 6.4 | .0 | .0 | 24.6 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 33.0 | 21.5 | 3.6 | 43.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.6 | 23.7 26.9 | 7.9 17.0 | 37.1 41.0 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 25.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.0 16.9 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| | | 1 | (-, | (-, | , ,, | |
| Structural clay products | 325 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.5 | 12.7 | .0 | 26.0 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 4.6 19.5 | .0 17.6 | 4.5 | 29.6 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.8 | 18.4 | 10.2 | 28.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.9 17.4 | 21.8 | 13.2 | 29.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Pottery and related products | 326 | | | | | |
| | 320 | 1 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.7 12.8 | 7.2 | .0 | 10.1 18.7 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.7 | 10.6 | 2.2 | 23.7 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 23.6 21.9 | 22.5 18.3 | 12.0 8.7 | 35.8 34.0 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 11.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products | 327 | } | 1 | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.1 | 3.5 | .0 | 21.1 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.8 | .0 | .0 | 13.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 20.3 | 16.5 21.5 | 5.2 11.7 | 28.3 32.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 18.3 | 15.9 | 7.6 | 26.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.1 26.6 | 11.6 | 5.7 | 24.5 | |
| | 200 | | 1 ' | | | |
| Cut stone and stone products | 328 | | | - | | |
| All sizes | | 14.2 8.5 | .0 | .0 | 13.1 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 16.9 | 14.6 | 3.9 | 26.5 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.6 25.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 25.0 | (6) | (6) | (0) | |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral products | 329 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.7 10.3 | 6.3 | .0 | 20.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 17.5 | 12.7 | :0 | 26.4 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.7 21.0 | 15.3 19.1 | 6.6 9.7 | 30.6 29.1 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 16.1 | 12.9 | 6.9 | 22.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.5 | 13.8 | 7.6 (6) | 18.1 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 10.0 | (6) | (6) | (0) | |
| rimary metal industries | 33 | | | ļ | | |
| All sizes | | 17.0 | 15.2 | .0 | 32.3 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 14.4 25.8 | .0 19.7 | .0 7.3 | 16.1 39.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 31.2 | 26.3 | 14.0 | 42.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 27.5 23.8 | 23.5 20.4 | 12.5 11.2 | 38.9 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.3 | 15.3 | 9.4 | 27.2 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.6 | 8.9 | 5.8 4.7 | 18.7 | |
| Blast furnace and basic steel products | 331 | | | | | |
| | 331 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.0 26.5 | 18.4 | 7.8 | 38.7 44.6 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 34.5 | 31.3 | 12.5 | 47.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 29.2 26.5 | 21.6 22.6 | 12.8 9.6 | 45.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 23.4 | 21.6 | 8.5 | 32.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.8 10.2 | 17.1 9.5 | 8.9 5.9 | 27.7 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 9.4 | 8.3 | 4.3 | 13.0 | |
| Iron and steel foundries | 332 | | t | | | |
| All sizes | | 24.6 | 24.2 | 9.7 | 44.1 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 23.1 34.6 | 9.6 26.1 | .0 8.9 | 26.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 39.1 | 33.4 | 15.8 | 54.4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 34.8 32.9 | 30.4 27.7 | 17.6 17.6 | 47.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 21.5 | 18.6 | 17.6 | 31.4 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 20.4 | 18.9 | 8.7 | 29.5 | |
| / NIII and over | | 8.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| ļ | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers $\underline{3}/$ | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | sic code 2/ | Mean 4/ | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartile | | |
| Primary nonferrous metals | 333 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.0 | 11.8 | 5.7 | 22.1 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 17.9 24.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.1 13.7 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.3 | 12.8 | 7.9 | 15.6 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | 334 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 27.6 | 12.4 | (6) | 32.5 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 21.3 | (6) 14.1 | .0 | 37.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 32.6 | 28.1 | 16.2 | 35.6 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 31.2 30.5 | 20.3 | 13.9 | 51.6 | | |
| | | 30.3 | (0) | (0) | (0) | | |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing | 335 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.5 8.0 | 12.7 | 3.7 | 24.7 10.3 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 16.9 | 13.2 | 5.5 | 24.0 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.9 22.4 | 24.0 18.8 | 13.8 | 37.0 31.2 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.0 | 14.4 | 8.4 | 23.4 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.5 8.7 | 13.2 7.5 | 8.3 | 19.4 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Nonferrous foundries | 336 | | | | } | | |
| All sizes | | 23.0 | 11.1 | .0 | 27.5 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 11.2 | .0 | .0 | 11.7 | | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 22.6 28.2 | 18.5 25.2 | 2.2 14.3 | 38.0 37.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 26.5 | 22.8 | 13.4 | 37.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 24.3 | 20.8 | 13.1 | 36.6 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 22.3 6.3 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous primary metal products | 339 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 21.4 | 13.2 | .0 | 28.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 13.3 | 21.1 | 6.9 | 34.4 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 24.1 28.7 | 26.1 | 15.6 | 43.3 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 23.1 | 18.9 | 9.5 | 38.3 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| abricated metal products | 34 | | | | l | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 19.3 12.8 | 8.7 | .0 | 26.0 12.4 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 21.4 | 17.1 | 4.5 | 32.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 25.1 24.5 | 21.5 | 11.2 12.6 | 34.3 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.3 | 19.1 | 11.1 | 29.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.3 11.0 | 15.1 | 8.6 | 22.6 17.1 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.0 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 8.8 | | |
| Metal cans and shipping containers | 341 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.4 | 14.6 | 3.0 | 27.0 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 15.2 19.2 | 16.4 | 7.5 | 28.1 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 25.5 | 21.2 | 12.0 | 37.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 20.1 18.0 | 17.4 16.2 | 11.4 10.4 | 26.0 23.9 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 17.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware | 342 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.8 8.2 | 7.2 | .0 | 23.1 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.3 | 14.4 | .0 | 27.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.0 23.8 | 22.4 | 12.9 13.0 | 34.1 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.7 | 20.7 | 13.2 | 31.6 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.1 13.2 | 14.2 | 9.9 | 19.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 5.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric | 343 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 19.3 | 8.9 | .0 | 25.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 7.6 15.2 | 8.8 | .0 | 26.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 31.3 | 24.0 | 13.7 | 39.2 | | |
| JU 10 33 | | 20.2 | 18.0 | 10.9 | 29.4 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | | | | | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.4 17.5 | 18.7 | 10.7 | 28.1 | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|--------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle | range <u>4</u> / | | |
| | sic code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Fabricated structural metal products | 344 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 22.5 | 11.6 | 0.0 | 30.8 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 15.9 25.4 | 21.7 | .0 7.7 | 19.0 38.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 28.8 | 25.1 | 12.8 | 40.2 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 26.9 21.8 | 24.4 | 13.8 | 37.6 30.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.9 | 14.6 | 9.5 | 21.6 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 10.7 3.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 345 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.0 | 5.1 | .0 | 20.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 9.3 17.1 | .0 14.0 | 2.3 | 9.6 27.1 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.8 | 17.7 | 8.7 | 30.6 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.9 16.9 | 18.2 14.1 | 11.0 | 25.4 26.0 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Metal forgings and stampings | 346 | | 1 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.4 | 15.4 | .0 | 30.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 14.4 | .0 | .0 | 20.1 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 23.1 25.0 | 20.6 23.6 | 7.0 13.1 | 34.0 34.2 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 27.0 | 24.7 | 13.9 | 37.0 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 26.6 20.2 | 23.4 18.3 | 13.8 8.6 | 37.0 31.4 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 11.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 8.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Metal services, n.e.c | 347 | 18.1 | .0 | .0 | 17.6 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 9.8 | .0 12.4 | .0 | 9.7 25.3 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 17.1 21.9 | 17.9 | 8.7 | 30.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 24.9 | 23.1 | 13.4 | 37.8 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.9 22.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c | 348 | | | | | | |
| | 3.0 | 0.3 | 6.5 | .0 | 19.3 | | |
| All sizesl to 19 | | 9.3 | 6.5 (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.9 23.4 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 17.7 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 5.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products | 349 | | | | | | |
| All sizesl to 19 | | 19.4 | 7.3 | .0 | 22.2 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.0 19.1 | 14.8 | .0 2.9 | .0 27.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.6 23.4 | 17.0 21.1 | 8.2 11.7 | 28.6 33.0 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 19.5 | 16.1 | 8.8 | 26.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.0 17.7 | 16.6 (6) | 10.5 | 21.2 (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 25 | 17.57 | (0) | (0) | (0) | | |
| Machinery, except electrical | 35 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.4 | :0 | .0 | 19.6 8.6 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.1 | 14.0 | 1.6 | 27.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.2 | 16.9 18.2 | 7.5 9.5 | 29.3 29.7 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.6 | 15.4 | 8.0 | 25.3 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.5 10.6 | 11.9 8.9 | 6.6 | 19.5 14.8 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 7.8 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 9.5 | | |
| Engines and turbines | 351 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.4 | 11.3 | 2.5 | 22.9 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 21.0 15.7 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 18.9 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.2 13.2 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 11.4 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 11.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Farm and garden machinery | 352 | 18.2 | 16.0 | .0 | 32.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 19.1 | .0 | .0 | 24.5 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 24.6 28.7 | 22.6 25.8 | 6.8 12.6 | 37.0 43.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 23.6 | 21.5 | 13.1 | 34.2 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.4 | 19.1 | 13.3 | 28.4 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 21.0 10.2 | 18.5 | 13.3 | 31.6 (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 11.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| mosety and captorizate size gr | SIC code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Thir quarti | | |
| Construction and related machinery | 353 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 18.5 | 16.3 | 2.6 | 30.6 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 13-8 | .0 | .0 | 21.8 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 22.4 27.0 | 17.7 22.9 | 7.1 11.3 | 33.5 39.3 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 24.8 | 24.0 | 13.1 | 35.3 | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 21.9 16.9 | 20.2 15.8 | 12.3 9.1 | 31.1 23.9 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.4 11.1 | 14.4 | 8.7 | 23.3 | | |
| Metalworking machinery | 354 | 11.1 | (6) | (6) | (0) | | |
| All sizes | | 14.0 | •0 | .0 | 15.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 7.8 15.1 | 12.3 | .0 | 23.4 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.7 | 13.6 | 6.0 | 23.0 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 19.2 | 18.3 | 10.7 | 27. | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 16.2 12.9 | 14.5 11.5 | 7.5 | 21.8 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.5 | 11.4 | 7.2 | 17.9 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 6.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Special industry machinery | 355 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.9 10.3 | 8.4 | .0 | 22.9 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.2 | 13.7 | 5.5 | 28.8 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.2 | 16.8 | 7.9 | 26.6 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 18.4 17.1 | 16.8 | 8.5 10.2 | 26.1 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.5 | 11.8 | 7.5 | 17.8 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 General industrial machinery | 356 | 10.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| All sizes | 330 | 15.2 | 5.3 | .0 | 20.1 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 7.9 | .0 | .0 | -0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 19.9 20.5 | 16.3 17.8 | 5.6 8.4 | 28.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.2 | 19.5 | 9.7 | 32.1 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.1 | 15.7 | 8-3 | 24. | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 12.9 10.5 | 12.3 9.5 | 7 • 2 5 • 4 | 19.0 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 8.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Office and computing machines | 357 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.9 5.6 | 2.6 | .0 | 8.2 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 4.9 | .0 | •0 | 7.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 100 to 249 | | 7.6 7.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 9.9 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.4 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 9. | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5-8 4-6 | 5.4 4.1 | 2.6 | 8.6 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 3.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Refrigeration and service machinery | 358 | į | | | ļ | | |
| All sizes | | 17.3 7.4 | 9.0 | .0 | 22.8 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 20.3 | 14.4 | -0 | 26. | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.3 23.6 | 19.3 20.3 | 11.3 | 34. | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.7 | 22.3 | 11.8 | 32. | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.0 14.1 | 16.4 13.7 | 8.6 8.3 | 23. | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 8-5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous machinery, except electrical | 359 | | | | 1 | | |
| All sizes | | 15.9 11.5 | .0 | .0 | 18.0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.1 | 13.9 | •0 | 29. | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.6 | 20.3 | 10.4 | 21.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 19.6 | 19.1 | 10.7 | 29. | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 13.5 10.2 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| lectric and electronic equipment | 36 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.7 | 3.1 | .0 | 12. | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.4 9.0 | 2.7 | .0 | 13. | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.1 | 9.5 | 2.8 | 19. | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.7 12.8 | 10.6 | 5.3 | 19.1 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.8 | 6.6 | 3.0 | 12.0 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.4 5.0 | 5.1 4.5 | 2.5 | 9.: | | |
| Electric distributing equipment | 361 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.4 | 6.5 | .0 | 17. | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 4.3 14.2 | 9.6 | .0 | 27 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.2 | 11.8 | 6.1 | 16. | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 17.4 | 12.9 | 7.4 5.9 | 23. | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.1 11.0 | 12.8 | 5.9 4.5 | 16. | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 6.7 | (6) | (6) | (6 | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | 7 | \ | Middle 1 | ange <u>4</u> / | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | | | | |
| | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Electrical industrial apparatus | 362 | | | : | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.4 | 3.0 | 0.0 | 12.3 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 3.7 8.2 | .0 3.0 | .0 | 11.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 16.1 | 11.2 | 2.8 | 21.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 15.5 13.0 | 9.9 11.4 | 5.5 6.5 | 23.5 17.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7•7 9•5 | 6.3 7.7 | 3.1 4.0 | 8.7 12.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Household appliances | 363 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.6 | 9.1 | .0 | 21.3 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 6.8 | •0 | •0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 24.8 15.7 | (6) 13.8 | (6) 6.8 | (6) 24.1 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 17.7 | 14.8 | 6.7 | 27.0 | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 16.0 16.2 | 13.8 12.9 | 8.9 5.5 | 22.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 10.1 | 8.6 | 6.3 | 13.9 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 8.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 364 | | | | 1 | | |
| All sizes | | 11.7 | 4.4 | .0 | 15.2 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.9 | 6.0 | .0 | 14.6 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.6 16.4 | 12.5 13.3 | 5.4 7.3 | 22.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 14.8 | 12.0 | 6.7 | 21.4 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.4 8.3 | 6.3 | 3.0 | 12.0 (6) | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 7•1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment | 365 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.8 | .0 .6 | .0 | 6.4 10.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.7 | 1.4 | -0 | 11.6 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 11.1 15.5 | 9.2 13.3 | 2.5 8.1 | 14.7 18.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.1 | 8.3 | 3.3 | 17.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 2,500 and over | | 7.6 4.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | | |
| Communication equipment | 366 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.1 | 3.8 | .0 | 9.6 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.8 7.4 | .0 | .0 | 9.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.0 | 7.5 | 2.8 | 20 - 4 | | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 10.2 | 8.6 7.5 | 3.5 | 14.3 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 4.9 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 7.7 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 3.9 3.6 | 3.5 3.5 | 1.8 | 5.9 5.5 | | |
| Electronic components and accessories | 367 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 | 2.2 | .0 | 11.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.2 | •0 | •0 | .0 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.4 | 8.2 | 1.8 | 10.3 16.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.0 | 9.2 8.1 | 4.4 4.1 | 15.4 13.6 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.5 | 6.4 | 3.1 | 9.6 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4+6 5-6 | 4.6 (6) | 2.5 (6) | 7.7 | | |
| Miscellaneous electrical equipment and | 369 | | | | | | |
| All sizes. | 309 | 9.4 | 5.0 | .0 | 14.9 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.4 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.6 17.5 | 5.6 13.5 | .0 5.8 | 17.5 27.8 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.0 | 12.8 | 6.5 | 23.4 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.6 8.5 | 12.9 7.0 | 5.3 3.5 | 22.5 12.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| ansportation equipment | 37 | "" | (0) | , ,,, | (0) | | |
| All sizes | | 11.5 | 7.4 | .0 | 25.2 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 13.3 21.3 | .0 15.6 | -0 | 6.8 31.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 25.4 | 19.4 | 9.3 | 34.0 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 25.9 | 22.6 | 11.9 | 36.9 30.3 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.4 | 13.6 | 6.7 | 22.4 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.1 | 9.1 | 3.6 | 17.4 10.5 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 20.5 15.4 | 17.8 13.6 | 8.8 6.7 | | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--------------|-------------------|----------------|--|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange 4/ | |
| | SIC code 2/ | Mean 4/ | Median 4/ | First quartile | Thir quarti | |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.3 | 11.2 | 0.0 | 27.4 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 17.0 21.2 | 14.2 | .0 | 21.0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.9 | 20.7 | 8.3 | 33.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 26.4 21.1 | 23.3 | 12.5 | 36.8 28.4 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.1 | 12.9 | 6.6 | 21.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.6 | 6.8 | 3.0 | 14.8 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 7.6 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 10.4 | |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 | | | | | |
| All sizes I to 19 | | 6.5 | 6.2 | .0 | 20.2 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 14.6 | 7.0 | .0 | 23.0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.3 18.9 | 12.9 14.6 | 6.3 | 22.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 14.0 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 23.3 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 12.9 | 12.1 | 5.6 | 19.2 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.4 | 6.6 3.7 | 3.2 1.9 | 11.4 | |
| | 272 | | J., | , | | |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 373 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 21.3 11.5 | .0 | .0 | 25.5 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 26.7 | 25.6 | 11.1 | 42.0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 29.3 | 24.2 | 12.1 | 42.7 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 30.9 25.8 | 28.6 26.4 | 12.6 13.3 | 45.7 37.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 21.2 | 18.9 | 11.2 | 32.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 29.8 15.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Railroad equipment | 374 | | | | (6) | |
| All sizes | *** | 19.7 | 18.7 | 9.4 | 32.5 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 31.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 24.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 28.9 19.9 | 23.1 | 13.9 (6) | 35.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 21.5 14.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 375 | 1440 | (0) | | | |
| All sizes | 373 | 16.3 | .0 | .0 | 7.1 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 15.3 26.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and parts | 376 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.2 | 3.7 | .0 | 11.0 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 12.3 9.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 6.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.7 5.5 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 2,500 and over | | 2.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment | 379 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 23.9 13.2 | 6.9 | .0 | 31.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 25.7 | 19.0 | 6.5 | 41. | |
| 50 to 99 | | 33.5 | 26.4 | 14.6 | 37. | |
| 100 to 249 | | 29.4 29.0 | 26.2 27.9 | 17.7 11.6 | 39. | |
| 500 to 999 | | 20.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 17.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| nstruments and related products | 38 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.9 4.4 | .0 | .0 | 8.1 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 6.3 | .0 8.0 | 2.0 | 10. | |
| 50 to 99 | | 9.7 10.0 | 7.9 | 3.3 | 15.1 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.9 | 7.7 | 3.7 | 13. | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.8 4.2 | 6.5 3.8 | 3.0 | 6.1 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 4.9 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 7.5 | |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.2 | .9 | .0 | 9. | |
| 20 to 49 | | 5.2 | 11.9 | .0 | 8. | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.1 10.0 | 11.9 7.2 | 2.9 | 19.1 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.5 | 7.2 | 3.9 | 11.3 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 4.7 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6 | |
| 1.VVV 60 6.477 | | 4.1 | (0) | (6) | (6 | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | |
|---|---|--|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle r | ange 4/ | |
| | SIC code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Measuring and controlling devices | 382 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 9.4 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 4.9 5.2 | .0 | .0 | 7.5 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 8.8 | 6.6 | 1.6 | 13.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.5 9.1 | 8.3 7.7 | 4.2 3.8 | 13.7 13.3 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.6 | 8.5 | 3.7 | 14.1 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.5 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 7.7 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 5.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Optical instruments and lenses | 383 | |] | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.1 | .0 | .0 | 7.9 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 8.2 10.4 | (6) | .0 (6) | 12.0 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.8 5.9 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 3.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 | .0 | .0 | 6.4 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 3.9 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 8.0 | 3.0 | .0 2.8 | 12.9 14.0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.1 10.5 | 8.8 7.7 | 3.3 | 16.2 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.0 | 7.9 | 4.0 | 14.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.1 4.2 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 10,6 | |
| | 385 | 1 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| Ophthalmic goods | 303 | 7.7 | _ | | .4 | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 8.4 | .0 8.6 | .0 | 16.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 8.4 8.0 | 8.4 | 3,4 | 12.9 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Photographic equipment and supplies | 386 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.7 | 3.6 | .0 | 13.3 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 14.4 5.0 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 8.1 | 5.4 | (6) 2.8 | (6) 14.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.8 | 7.5 | 2.3 | 18.3 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.3 | 9.1 (6) | 3.5 | 14.4 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 3.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 2,500 and over | | 4.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases | 387 | | | | • | |
| All sizes | | 6.7 11.7 | .0 (6) | .0 (6) | 7.5 (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 8.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 6.4 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| scellanous manufacturing industries | 39 | | | , -, | | |
| All sizes | • | 11.8 | .0 | .0 | 7.5 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.3 | .ŏ | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.8 12.7 | .8 9.5 | 2.2 | 13.6 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.4 | 12.3 | 5.1 | 19.0 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.9 12.1 | 10.9 | 6.5 | 19.3 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 9.5 | 10.8 7.2 | 5.6 3.9 | 19.3 12.5 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 11.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 391 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.2 | •0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.1 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.5 | 3.2 | .0 | 11.3 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 8.2 9.0 | 6.8 | 2.0 | 12.1 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Musical instruments | 393 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.8 4.7 | .0 (6) | .0 (6) | 5.9 (6) | |
| | | | | | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 20 to 49 | | | | | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 0 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle range <u>4</u> / | | |
| 11000 17 and capte) = 11 0210 <u>2</u> / | SIC | | | | | |
| | code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Toys and sporting goods | 394 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 15.2 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 6.8 13.5 | .0 8.2 | .0 | 20.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.1 | 12.7 | 3.5 | 23.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 14.9 16.0 | 12.8 12.5 | 7.3 | 20.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 12.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Pens, pencils, office and art supplies | 395 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.0 | .0 | .0 | 7.4 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.8 | 9.2 | •0 | 24-1 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.6 | 9.3 | 3.9 | 17.5 21.2 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Costume jewelry and notions | 396 | | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 8.1 3.4 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 4.4 | •0 | .0 | .3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 8.5 10.7 | 6.0 6.6 | 2.1 | 12.2 13.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 12.6 | 11.2 | 7.2 | 17.0 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.7 9.4 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | 399 | 714 | (6) | (0) | (0) | |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 399 | 12.7 | | .0 | 12.6 | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 13.7 8.0 | .0 | 1 :0 | 12.6 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.8 | 6.4 | .0 | 18.4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 14.8 18.5 | 12.0 17.0 | 5.1 9.5 | 20.9 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.6 | 9.2 | 6.2 | 19.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.9 10.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Nondurable goods: | | | (*, | (4) | (0) | |
| All sizes | | 11.8 | .0 | .0 | 11.1 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.1 | -0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 10.4 | 2.3 | .0 1.5 | 14.8 20.1 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 15.4 | 11.6 | 5.1 | 21.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.4 11.1 | 10.3 8.5 | 5.4 | 18.4 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.8 | 6.6 | 3.1 | 11.9 | |
| 2,500 and over | 20 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 9.0 | |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 19.4 | 7.0 | .0 | 21.6 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 9.5 | 7.0 | .0 | 5.8 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 16.0 20.4 | 11.0 | 8.8 | 23.2 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 23.2 | 20.3 | 11.5 | 31.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 21.7 18.2 | 18.6 15.2 | 11.4 9.0 | 29.4 23.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.1 | 12.5 | 6.1 | 24.1 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 12.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Meat products | 201 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 28.4 | 8.6 | .0 | 28.2 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 10.0 | 16.4 | 1.6 | 32.6 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 31.0 | 26.1 | 13.4 | 41.4 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 34.5 29.4 | 29.7 24.5 | 16.8 15.1 | 44.6 38.4 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 28.5 | 23.8 | 15.5 | 37.0 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 27.1 17.0 | 26.6 | 17.9 | 32.9 | |
| Dairy products | 202 | 1,.0 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| All sizes | | 15.8 | 6.8 | .0 | 18.7 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.5 | .0 | •0 | 9.8 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 13.2 16.5 | 9.9 | 7.9 | 19.5 22.1 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 18.2 | 17.2 | 9.8 | 24.2 | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 18.7 12.9 | 16.1 (6) | 9.1 (6) | 27.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 1.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables | 203 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.1 13.4 | 8.8 | .0 | 22.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 13.9 | 9.3 | .0 | 18.1 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.7 | 19.5 | 9.2 | 31.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.5 20.3 | 18.6 | 10.7 12.1 | 28.8 29.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.3 | 12.6 | 7.5 | 20.8 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 12.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 00 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| Todaction and applicances of a 27 | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC | | | | | |
| | code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Grain will products | 204 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.0 | 6.4 | 0.0 | 20.0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.2 | -0 14-0 | 5.1 | 11.4 25.7 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.0 | 18.1 | 9.8 | 29.2 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.7 16.0 | 17.6 | 11.3 | 27.9 23.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 12.7 | 16.2 9.9 | 7.7 6.1 | 18.3 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 5.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Bakery products | 205 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.8 | 1.7 | .0 | 13.0 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 3.3 6.0 | .0 | .0 | .0 9.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.4 | 11.7 | 6.6 | 17.3 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 17.1 | 15.3 14.2 | 9.9 | 23.2 17.9 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.8 | 15.8 | 12.0 | 16.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Sugar and confectionery products | 206 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.8 | .0 | .0 | 12.7 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.9 15.7 | 3.5 12.4 | .0 4.6 | 15.4 21.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 22.2 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 28.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.1 | 14.2 | 9.0 | 23.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.9 | 9.4 | 5.9 | 17.0 (6) | |
| Fats and oils | 207 | | | (7) | | |
| All sizes | | 20.2 | 14.5 | .0 | 28.2 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 14.1 | 14.3 | .0 | 19.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 24.2 | 18.4 | 8.9 | 33.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.7 | 21.3 20.3 | 10.9 12.5 | 32.5 27.1 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Beverages | 208 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 23.0 12.6 | 14.6 | •0 | 28.6 12.8 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 20.5 | 18.1 | 6.7 | 30.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.4 | 21.0 | 12.0 | 30.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 28.5 28.1 | 26.3 27.0 | 15.9 16.4 | 36.6 37.8 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 19.2 | 17.5 | 10.6 | 26.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 17.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Miscellaneous foods and kindred products | 209 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.3 10.7 | 1.2 | .0 | 21.4 11.5 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.2 | 6.5 | .0 | 20.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.3 | 14.5 | 6.7 | 27.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 19.0 19.3 | 17.7 17.7 | 8.7 11.3 | 26.7 27.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| bacco manufactures | 21 | | _ | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.7 3.7 | .9 | .0 | 11.4 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.4 | (6) 8.9 | 3.2 | (6) 19.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.5 | 11.3 | 6.0 | 14.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 2,500 and over | | 4.8 8.3 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Cigarettes | 211 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.8 8.3 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Cigars | 212 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.9 | •0 | .0 | 3.8 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 3.6 6.2 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 4.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Chewing and smoking tobacco | 213 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.8 | 6.6 | (6) | 14.4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 14.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 00 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Tobacco stemming and redrying | 214 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.6 | 5.6 | 0.0 | 17.5 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 9.2 17.7 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 15.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Cextile mill products | 22 | | (*) | (0) | \ *' | |
| | 24 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.2 | 5-6 | .0 | 14.3 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 11.4 | 5-1 10-0 | 2.4 | 16.8 19.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.8 | 10.6 | 5.2 | 19.3 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10-7 8-9 | 9.1 7.4 | 4.7 3.8 | 14.6 11.9 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 2,500 and over | | 7.2 8.0 | 6.5 (6) | 3.3 (6) | 9.6 | |
| | 201 | 5.0 | (0) | 1 | (0) | |
| Weaving mills, cotton | 221 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 14.9 | 6.0 (6) | 1.1 (6) | 10.3 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.3 8.8 | 6.4 7.5 | 3.1 4.6 | 9.9 10.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.4 7.0 | 6.5 (6) | 3.2 | 8.9 (6) | |
| | 202 | 1 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| Weaving mills, synthetics | 222 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 8.0 | 5.5 | (6) | 11.7 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.8 10.2 | (6) 9.6 | (6) | (6) 14.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.6 | 8.6 | 4.4 | 13.0 | |
| 500 to 999 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.6 | 6.0 | 3.0 | 8.9 (6) | |
| 2,500 and over | | 8.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Weaving and finishing mills, wool | 223 | | | | | |
| All sizes 20 to 49 | | 14.9 9.9 | 10.6 | 2.3 | 15.5 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 17.8 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.5 18.0 | 13.3 | 9.3 | 22.0 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 12.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Narrow fabric mills | 224 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.9 | 6.0 | -0 | 15.5 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.9 5.3 | 2.2 | .0 | 23.7 7.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.4 11.1 | 9.5 6.9 | 3.1 5.9 | 17.5 15.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 14.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Knitting mills | 225 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.5 1.9 | .9 | .0 | 9.2 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 5.2 | -0 | .0 | 8.4 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 9.2 9.0 | 4.2 6.8 | 2.4 | 13.5 12.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.7 8.1 | 7.7 6.2 | 3.9 2.9 | 12.6 11.3 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Textile finishing, except wool | 226 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.0 | 7.0 | .0 | 18.0 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 15.6 16.0 | 7.2 12.7 | 7.0 | 22.9 22.0 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 20.3 12.0 | 18.7 11.4 | 11.1 6.3 | 29.1 17.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.9 | 8.8 | 5.5 | 20.8 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Floor covering mills | 227 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.9 8.9 | 10.7 | .0 (6) | 23.4 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 19.7 14.5 | (6) 11.5 | (6) 7.9 | (6) 21.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 20-1 | 19.4 | 8.5 | 29.2 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.7 | 9.9 (6) | 6.5 (6) | 17.9 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Yarn and thread mills | 228 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.7 4.9 | 9.6 | 2.4 | 18.4 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 16.0 | 13.8 | 2.3 5.6 | 23.2 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.7 15.1 | 11.9 12.1 | 6.2 | 21.6 21.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.2 10.0 | 10.4 | 5.5 4.2 | 15.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 100 | 00 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| Industry and employment size $\underline{1}/$ | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| | sic code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Miscellaneous textile goods | 229 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.0 | 8.1 | 0.0 | 20.8 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 8.3 17.2 | .0 12.8 | 3.7 | 28.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.1 | 15.5 | 6.2 | 27.7 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 18.7 14.4 | 14.4 | 8.4 6.3 | 25.6 21.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 5.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| parel and other textile goods | 23 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.5 | .0 | .0 | 4.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 2.6 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 5.4 | 1.2 | .0 | 7.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7.5 8.6 | 5.9 7.2 | 1.5 3.5 | 10.7 11.8 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.5 | 7.2 | 3.3 | 12.3 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.2 4.0 | 4.8 (6) | 2.6 (6) | 8.6 (6) | |
| | | 4.0 | (0, | (0) | (8) | |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats | 231 | } | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.3 | 1.1 3.9 | .0 | 6.6 10.7 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.1 | 6.0 | 2.7 | 10.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 5.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Men's and boys' furnishings | 232 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.7 3.0 | 3.0 | .0 | 8.9 2.7 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.8 | 4.1 | .0 | 9.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7-8 | 6.6 | 2.7 | 11.1 | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 8.6 | 7.6 6.5 | 3.8 | 12.3 11.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Women's and misses' outerwear | 233 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.8 | .0 | -0 | 1.4 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.3 1.3 | -0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 3.7 | .0 | .0 | 5.6 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 6.2 | 4.3 | .3 | 9.0 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.7 | 6.9 9.9 | 3.6 4.8 | 9.8 13.9 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 16.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Women's and children's undergarments | 234 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.2 | .0 | .0 | 6.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 2.3 | .0 | .0 | 3.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7.1 | 6.0 | 1.2 | 8.9 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.2 | 6.0 | 2.8 | 9.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Hats, caps, and millinery | 235 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.5 | •0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 2.1 5.1 | .0 2.7 | .0 | 1.9 10.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.9 9.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Children's outerwear | 236 | | Ì | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.3 | .0 | .0 | 5.1 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 2.7 5.1 | .0 2.3 | .0 | .0 8.4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 5.5 | 3.8 | .0 | 8.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.9 8.1 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 8.7 | |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories | 238 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.4 | .0 | .0 | 4.1 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 2.7 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.4 | 3.6 | •0 | 8.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7.1 | 5.2 | .9 | 10.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.5 8.5 | 7.0 (6) | 3.3 (6) | 13.3 (6) | |
| Miscellaneous fabricated textile products | 239 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.9 | .0 | .0 | 3.8 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 2.9 6.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 9.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.4 | 7.5 | •0 | 17.2 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 12.0 | 9.6 | 5.1 | 16.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.0 | 10.3 (6) | 6.1 | 17.0 (6) | |
| | | | | | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 100 | 0 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | 010 | | | | | |
| | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 13.5 | 11.0 | 0.0 | 21.3 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 11.2 16.5 | .0 13.6 | 4.0 | 9.8 24.4 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.1 | 16.2 | 7.8 | 24.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 17.8 14.3 | 16.0 12.9 | 9.3 7.3 | 24.1 20.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.8 | 9.4 | 5.8 | 14.1 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.6 | 7.5 (6) | 4.2 (6) | 11.1 | |
| Pulp mills | 261 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.1 | 7.8 | .0 | 21.6 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.9 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 16.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Paper mills, except building paper | 262 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.3 14.3 | 8.8 (6) | 1.1 (6) | 16.4 (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 17.1 | 10.9 12.0 | 9.4 7.1 | 24.6 15.9 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 14.2 10.5 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 14.1 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.8 5.3 | 7.8 (6) | 4.1 (6) | 11.6 (6) | |
| Paperboard mills. | 263 | J.,3 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| All sizes. | 203 | 12.3 | 13.3 | 7.1 | 22.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 11.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.2 18.6 | (6) 18.7 | (6) 12.5 | (6) 23.7 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 12.4 | 10.5 | 6.5 | 17.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.7 8.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Miscellaneous converted paper products | 264 | | (1) | (1) | (-) | |
| All sizes | | 14.0 | 8.7 | .0 | 19.5 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 6.3 | .0 | •0 | 1.0 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 16.1 18.6 | 13.3 16.0 | .9 7.3 | 23.1 24.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 18.4 | 16.8 | 10.1 | 25.2 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.9 12.3 | 15.8 11.5 | 9.2 7.5 | 22.8 14.9 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Paperboard containers and boxes | 265 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.4 | 12.6 | 4.0 | 23.2 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 17.9 16.8 | .0 14.2 | .0 5.6 | 13.7 25.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.3 | 15.9 | 7.7 | 24.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.8 14.5 | 15.6 12.2 | 9.0 7.3 | 24.1 19.4 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.4 9.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Building paper and board mills | 266 | ,,,, | | (0) | (0) | |
| All sizes | 200 | 13.3 | 11.4 | 2.5 | 21.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 22.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 26.2 12.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 1.8 | .0 | .0 | 6.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 7.7 | 4.9 | .0 | 11.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.4 9.1 | 7.1 6.7 | 2.3 | 13.3 12.7 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 9.0 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 11.6 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.2 7.4 | 7.6 (6) | 4.1 (6) | 11.6 (6) | |
| Newspapers | 271 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.8 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.7 | 2.6 | .0 | 7.7 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 5.4 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 8.2 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.8 8.5 | 5.2 7.4 | 2.4 5.4 | 8.4 9.5 | |
| 1.000 to 2.499 | | 9.0 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 11.4 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 9.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

 ${\bf Table~2.~Continued-Occupational~injury~and~illness~incidence~rates~by~industry~and~employment~size,~United~States,~1978}$

| | | Incider | ce rates per 100 | 00 full-time workers 3/ | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | sic | | | | | |
| | code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Periodicals | 272 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 2.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | .9 2.4 | .0 | .0 | .0 1.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 3.1 | 1.0 | .0 | 3.5 | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 4.4 4.6 | 2,8 | 1.1 (6) | 4.5 (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 1.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Books | 273 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.2 | .0 | .0 | .0 2.5 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 3.3 4.4 | .3 | .0 | 5.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 7.8 8.4 | 4.9 5.3 | 1.3 2.2 | 11.9 9.6 | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 10.7 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 17.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.8 5.5 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| | 074 | ,,,, | (6) | (0) | (0) | |
| Miscellaneous publishing | 274 | 2.7 | | | 0 | |
| All sizes | | 1.7 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 2.3 | 3.2 | .0 | 2.8 7.1 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 3.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Commercial printing | 275 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.7 2.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 6.0 | 1.5 | .0 | 9.4 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.2 13.6 | 8.6 11.9 | 3.2 | 14.5 18.3 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.3 | 15.4 | 7.8 | 20.4 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.4 | 11.6 | 8.3 | 14.5 (6) | |
| Manifold business forms | 276 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.7 | 6.0 | .0 | 16.3 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.7 16.0 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 18.5 23.0 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.9 | 10.6 | 5.8 | 17.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.2 9.6 | 9.5 | 6.9 (6) | 12.8 (6) | |
| Greeting card publishing | 277 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.4 | 2.7 | .0 | 8.9 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.1 12.4 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.6 4.5 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding | 278 | | (0) | (=/ | ν-, | |
| All sizes | 270 | 11.0 | .0 | .0 | 11.0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 3.8 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 8.9 12.7 | 4.7 10.9 | 5.2 | 13.8 20.3 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 13.2 | 11.2 | 5.8 | 17.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.5 8.0 | 10.7 | 4.3 (6) | 16.2 (6) | |
| Printing trade services | 279 | 1 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 2.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | .9 2.0 | .0 | .0 | .0 1.3 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 3.4 | 1.5 | .0 | 3.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 5.4 2.5 | 3.5 | 1.2 (6) | 7.5 (6) | |
| emicals and allied products | 28 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.8 | 1.4 | .0 | 14.0 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.9 14.4 | 9.8 | .0 | .0 22.1 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 16.4 12.7 | 12.5 8.9 | 4.7 3.7 | 22.7 18.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.7 | 7.1 | 3.2 | 13.2 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 6.6 | 4.5 3.8 | 2.3 | 9.0 6.0 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 2.9 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 4.6 | |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals | 281 | | | i | | |
| All sizes | | 6.2 8.9 | 3.3 | .0 | 14.1 7.8 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.0 | 9.3 | .0 | 20.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.6 9.8 | 7.5 6.3 | 2.6 | 16.7 13.2 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.1 | 4.6 | 2.3 | 10.6 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.2 3.9 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 7.0 (6) | |
| 2,500 and over | | 1.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Industry and amployment of a 1/ | | | | Middle range 4/ | | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC | | | | [| | |
| | SIC code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quartil | | |
| Plastics materials and synthetics | 282 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.7 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 19.8 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 5.8 23.3 | 20.4 | 10.4 | 33.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 22.0 | 11.8 | 2.9 | 28.8 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.7 8.2 | 11.8 | 4.4 | 27.5 12.5 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 4.8 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 6.9 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 3.4 1.7 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 5.8 | | |
| Drugs | 283 | | | | . , | | |
| All sizes | | 6.7 | .0 | .0 | 7.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.2 6.2 | .0 | .0 | 7.0 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.8 | 11.1 | 6.3 | 14.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.6 | 7.2 8.6 | 2.8 | 13.7 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.1 | 5.4 | 2.6 | 12.5 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.8 | 4.3 (6) | 2.2 (6) | 7.5 (6) | | |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods | 284 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.8 | .0 | .0 | 11.2 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 6.8 | .0 8.0 | .0 | 18.7 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.4 | 11.9 | 5.6 | 26.9 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 14.3 | 11.0 7.6 | 5.2 3.5 | 19.6 14.1 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 9.2 | 7.7 | 4.6 | 12.2 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 6.4 3.7 | (6) (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Paints and allied products | 285 | | | 1 | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.3 | 1.0 | .0 | 16.7 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 6.7 14.0 | .0 11.3 | 1.3 | 23.5 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.9 | 16.1 | 8.4 | 26.5 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.1 10.9 | 13.0 | 4.5 3.9 | 21.9 16.0 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 286 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.2 19.0 | 3.0 9.6 | 2.1 | 11.7 27.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 18.0 | 11.8 | 5.3 | 26.2 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.6 8.4 | 7.7 6.3 | 3.8 | 12.7 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.2 | 4.0 | 1.9 | 9.1 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 3.6 2.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | | |
| Agricultural chemicals | 287 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.1 | 4.7 | .0 | 16.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 10.5 | .0 | .0 | 14.4 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.4 14.3 | 12.1 11.8 | 6.0 | 24.5 18.7 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.6 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 13.4 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 8.0 3.8 | 5.5 (6) | 2.8 (6) | 8.7 | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Miscellaneous chemical products | 289 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.6 8.7 | .5 | .0 | 16.0 9.7 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 14.7 | 11.1 12.7 | 2.6 | 23.9 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.7 | 12.7 | 2.8 | 23.1 | | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 9.3 7.3 | 7.2 (6) | 3.3 (6) | 17.0 | | |
| etroleum and coal products | 29 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.9 | .7 | .0 | 13.4 | | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.0 13.3 | .0 8.0 | .0 | 18.4 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 14.6 15.5 | 11.9 13.2 | 3 - 2 6 - 4 | 22.0 | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 8.5 | 6.9 | 3.4 | 11.8 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.8 | 4.3 3.0 | 2.2 | 8.3 | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 5.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | |
| Petroleum refining | 291 | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.0 8.7 | 5.2 | .0 | 13.5 | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 8.2 | 6.5 | •0 | 13.3 | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.9 | 11.6 10.8 | 2.8 | 23.3 18.6 | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.2 | 5.8 | 2.9 | 9.4 | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 5.0 3.5 | 3.9 3.0 | 2.0 | 7.5 | | |
| | | | 1 3.U | 1.4 | 4 | | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | |
|---|------------|--|--------------|---|-----------------|--|
| | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC | | | | | |
| | code 2/ | ode Mean | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quarti | |
| Paving and roofing materials | 295 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 14.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.4 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 6.2 12.8 | 7.2 | .0 | 20.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 16.0 | 12.6 | 3.5 | 22.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 17.8 12.9 | 15.6 | 7.9 | 26.9 (6) | |
| Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products | 299 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.6 | •0 | .0 | 16.1 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 7.1 22.7 | .0 12.8 | 1.5 | 28.6 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.3 | 11.1 | 3.7 | 17.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| ubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 30 | | l | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.1 9.2 | 8.9 | .0 | 23.5 7.4 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.4 | 13.0 | .9 | 26.2 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.6 21.5 | 17.9 19.1 | 8.5 10.7 | 29.3 30.8 | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 17.3 | 16.0 | 8.1 | 24.1 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.5 13.1 | 12.0 11.5 | 6.6 | 23.4 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 11.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Tires and inner tubes | 301 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 15.4 | 12.0 | 4.6 | 28.7 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 11.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 20 to 49 | | 22.6 10.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 38.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.5 18.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.9 13.1 | 16.0 (6) | 4.9 (6) | 24.1 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 13.1 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| Rubber and plastics footwear | 302 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.9 | 11.2 (6) | 2.5 | 25.5 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.5 16.6 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 16.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 500 to 999 | | 18.5 5.7 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Reclaimed rubber | 303 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 30.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 1 to 19 | | 14.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 20 to 49 | | 41.0 35.2 | (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Rubber and plastics hose and belting | 304 | | (0) | (*/ | (, | |
| All sizes | * | 13.9 | 16.0 | 3.1 | 33.0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 24.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 23.7 21.9 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.6 23.9 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Fabricated Tubber products, nec | 306 | | | \ | (3) | |
| | 500 | 17.0 | 10.6 | | 25.8 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 7.8 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 19.7 18.7 | 17.3 17.1 | 4.1 6.8 | 34.2 28.1 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 21.2 | 18.6 | 10.3 | 29.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.7 15.1 | 14.2 13.7 | 9.0 8.3 | 21.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 14.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Miscellaneous plastics products | 307 | | | 1 | | |
| All sizes | | 18.1 9.0 | 8.4 | .0 | 23.0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 18.1 | 12.6 | .5 | 24.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 21.0 21.1 | 18.2 19.0 | 9.0 10.7 | 29.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 18.3 | 17.3 | 8.0 | 25.2 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 13.9 9.1 | 11.1 (6) | 6.1 (6) | (6) | |
| eather and leather products | 31 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.7 | 1.0 | .0 | 12.1 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 2.5 9.1 | 1.7 | .0 | 13.6 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 13.2 | 8.8 | 3.1 | 17.4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 12.9 12.2 | 10.5 10.7 | 4.8 6.3 | 17.3 16.1 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.8 | 11.1 | 6.8 | 15.5 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 10.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | e rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| | | | | Middle range 4/ | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC code | Mean | Median | First | Third | |
| | <u>2</u> / | 4/ | <u>4</u> / | quartile | quartile | |
| Leather tanning and finishing | 311 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 23.8 18.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.9 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 28-8 | 17.4 24.4 | 5.8 16.1 | 28.8 42.5 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 29.8 20.8 | 24.8 | 17.0 | 36.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 22.0 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) | |
| Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 313 | | | | | |
| Boot and snoe cut stock and illidings | 313 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.0 13.3 | 7.4 | (6) | 17.8 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 15.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 19.1 21.2 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| | | 21.7 | (0) | (0) | (0) | |
| Footwear, except rubber | 314 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.4 | 6.0 | .0 | 12.1 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 4.5 8.4 | .0 | .0 | 4.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.4 | 6.9 9.7 | 4.5 | 14.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.0 | 9.5 | 6.0 | 14.4 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.1 10.4 | 10.4 | 6.5 (6) | 14.1 | |
| 1 | | 1011 | (0) | (") | () | |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 315 | | 1 | | İ | |
| All sizes | | 5.4 | 1.2 | .0 | 8.1 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 9.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 5.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Luggage | 316 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 11.2 | 2.7 | -0 | 14.3 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 10.0 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 100 to 249 | | 12.9 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Handbags and personal leather goods | 317 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.2 | .0 | .0 | 4.8 | |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 5.8 7.2 | 4.5 | .0 | 8.9 10.8 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.9 | 9.1 | 3.8 | 13.6 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 12.2 10.8 | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| ransportation and public utilities: | | 10.0 | (0) | (0) | (6) | |
| All sizes | | 10.1 | .0 | .0 | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 6.4 | .0 | :0 | 6.6 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 10.6 | 4.3 | •0 | 16.1 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.7 | 8.5 6.0 | 1.9 | 19.5 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.1 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 14.0 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 10.5 | 6.9 8.0 | 2.7 3.3 | 15.3 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 10.2 | 9.7 | 5.7 | 14.6 | |
| Railroad transportation 5/ | 40 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 12.0 | 1.2 | -0 | 12.6 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 6.5 | •0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.5 15.0 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 14.1 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 12.9 | 5.9 11.2 | 5.6 | 18.4 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 13.5 13.3 | 11.6 | 7.0 | 18.7 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 13.3 | 12.5 | 9.6 | 16.8 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 11.5 | 11.0 | 7-7 | 11.9 | |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 41 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.7 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.4 | .0 | .0 | 3.2 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 8.0 | 2.5 | .0 | 10.9 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 10.5 | 8.0 | 1.9 | 15.1 | |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 14.5 14.6 | 8.9 14.1 | 6-4 8-7 | 18.9 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 18.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| Trucking and warehousing | 42 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 16.2 | .0 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 8.5 14.4 | 10.2 | .0 | 21.6 | |
| 50 to 99 | | 19.5 | 17.2 | 8.8 | 27-4 | |
| 100 to 249 | | 20.7 | 18.9 | 10.5 | 28.8 | |
| 250 to 499 | | 20.0 | 18.1 | 10.7 | 26.8 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 17.5 | 16.2 | 7.9 | 26.4 | |
| 2,500 and over | | 20.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | Middle 1 | ange 4/ | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC code 2/ | Mean 4/ | Median 4/ | First quartile | Third quartil | |
| Trucking, local and long distance | 421 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. | | 16.3 8.7 14.2 19.6 20.6 20.1 20.5 | 0.0 .0 9.8 17.2 18.7 18.1 | 0.0 .0 .0 9.0 10.6 10.9 | 11.9 .0 21.4 27.4 28.7 26.4 27.5 | |
| 500 to 999 | | 17.5 20.2 | 16.2 | 7.9 (6) | 26.4 | |
| Public warehousing | 422 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. | | 15.5 7.4 16.2 18.1 22.2 | .0 .0 12.6 17.0 20.5 | .0 .0 .5 7.0 7.7 | 11.9 .0 25.3 27.3 30.7 | |
| 250 to 499 Trucking terminal facilities | 423 | 17.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| All sizes | 425 | 17.9 | .0 | .0 | 17.7 | |
| 20 to 49 | | 14.1 21.3 26.1 | (6) (6) (6) | (6) (6) | (6) (6) | |
| Water transportation | 44 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 300 to 999. | | 14.4 7.0 9.6 12.3 15.7 17.9 22.4 | .0 .0 3.6 8.6 17.0 23.3 27.0 | .0 .0 .0 .2 2.6 7.5 | 7.4 .0 21.4 23.5 34.6 37.0 40.4 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 Water transportation services | 446 | 20.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 230 to 499. 500 to 999. | | 21.9 8.3 18.3 19.9 28.6 31.3 25.0 20.4 | .0 .0 12.1 17.5 31.4 29.4 28.9 (6) | .0 .0 .0 3.9 17.0 19.9 18.3 (6) | 9.5 .0 30.7 32.7 47.9 43.5 48.8 (6) | |
| Transportation by air | 45 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over | | 13.4 7.6 9.1 15.0 14.8 18.8 16.5 12.7 | .0 .0 4.7 10.2 12.1 13.7 13.7 11.1 | .0 .0 3.1 5.7 6.8 8.1 5.9 | 11.6 .0 13.6 23.5 21.6 28.1 22.0 17.5 | |
| Pipelines, except natural gas | 46 | 4.7 | .0 | .0 | 2.6 | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 20 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 249 250 to 499. | | 3.8 6.4 5.1 4.0 1.5 | 3.6 (6) (6) | .0 .0 .0 (6) (6) | .0 10.3 8.7 (6) (6) | |
| Transportation services | 47 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. | | 5.5 .8 5.1 8.6 12.3 14.7 | .0 .0 .0 .0 2.8 (6) | .0 | .0 .0 1.8 9.1 18.9 (6) | |
| Miscellaneous transportation services | 478 | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 17.9 11.7 27.1 26.3 | .0 .0 25.6 (6) | .0 .0 7.5 (6) | 1.7 15.8 30.4 (6) | |
| Communication | 48 | | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. | | 2.7 2.4 3.3 2.8 3.1 2.9 | .0 .0 .8 2.5 2.9 | .0 .0 .0 .0 .5 | 2.5 .0 2.6 4.3 4.6 4.7 3.7 | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 2,500 and over | | 2.1 3.1 | 2.8 (6) | 1.5 (6) | 4.2 (6) | |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidenc | e rates per 100 | full-time work | ers <u>3</u> / |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | \$10 code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.2 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 9.4 12.5 | .0 8.1 | .0 .5 | .0 17.2 |
| 50 to 99 | | 12.4 10.3 | 9.3 7.8 | 3.7 3.6 | 16.7 13.8 |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.2 | 7.4 | 3.7 | 12.4 |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.8 | 7.0 5.7 | 3.8 2.8 | 9.8 10.5 |
| 2,500 and over | 495 | 7.4 | 7-1 | 3.5 | 11.2 |
| All sizes | .,,, | 25.9 | .0 | .0 | 23.1 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 17 • 2 27 • 8 | .0 23.6 | .0 10.1 | 13.2 41.5 |
| 50 to 99 | | 29.1 | 22.9 | 12.5 | 41.0 |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 38.9 34.8 | 38.3 (6) | 23.8 (6) | 56.6 (6) |
| holesale and retail trade: | | |) | | |
| All sizes | | 7.9 | .0 | •0 | -0 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 8.0 | .0 | •0 | 12.0 |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.3 | 7.5 9.5 | .0 3.1 | 15.9 18.0 |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.4 | 9.4 | 3.8 | 17.2 |
| 500 to 999 1,000 to 2,499 | | 11.4 11.2 | 9.4 | 4.4 | 16.3 15.2 |
| 2,500 and over | | 10.2 | 9.0 | 5.6 | 16.0 |
| Wholesale trade: | | 8.9 | .0 | •0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 | | 4.6 | .0 | •0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 9.1 11.5 | 2.9 7.7 | .0 | 13.5 17.6 |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 12.8 12.0 | 9.3 8.3 | 2.7 2.9 | 19.2 19.5 |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.0 | 7.8 | 3.0 | 16.9 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 Wholesale tradedurable goods | 50 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 2.4 | 12.5 |
| All sizes | | 8.6 | .0 | •0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 4.9 9.5 | .0 3.4 | .0 | .0 14.1 |
| 50 to 99 | | 11.8 | 7.4 | •0 | 17.8 |
| 100 to 249 250 to 499 | | 11.6 9.6 | 8.3 6.1 | 2.4 | 17.0 |
| 500 to 999 | | 6.3 7.3 | 4.2 (6) | 2.1 (6) | 10.5 |
| Wholesale tradenondurable goods | 51 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 9.3 4.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 8.5 11.0 | 2.1 8.2 | .0 | 12.8 |
| 100 to 249 | | 14.2 | 10.7 | 3.3 | 17.4 20.9 |
| 250 to 499 500 to 999 | | 15.3 16.2 | 13.4 | 4.3 6.2 | 25.5 24.0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 7.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| Retail trade: | | 7.5 | .0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 2.7 | •0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 7.5 9.8 | -0 7-4 | .0 | 11.4 |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.5 11.2 | 9.6 9.7 | 3.3 4.1 | 17.7 16.7 |
| 500 to 999 | | 11.5 | 9.6 | 5.0 | 16.3 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 2,500 and over | | 11.8 10.3 | 9.6 9.1 | 5.1 5.8 | 15.7 16.0 |
| Building materials and garden supplies | 52 | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 9.8 5.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 12.6 14.9 | 8.4 13.5 | .0 3.9 | 18.9 |
| 100 to 249 | | 16.3 | 13.3 | 6.5 | 22.3 |
| 250 to 499 | | 12.5 14.2 | 10.6 | 2.7 (6) | 19.4 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | _ | 7.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| General merchandise stores | 53 | | | | _ |
| All sizes | | 9.1 2.2 | .0 | .0 .0 | 5.8 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 5.2 9.6 | .0 7.1 | .0 1.6 | 7.1 13.4 |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.2 | 9.5 | 4.1 | 17.2 |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.4 9.3 | 10.1 8.3 | 4.9 | 15.8 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.8 | 8.3 | 4.4 | 13.0 |
| 2,500 and over | | 7.3 | 7.5 | 1.9 | 6.9 |

 ${\bf Table~2.~Continued-Occupational~injury~and~illness~incidence~rates~by~industry~and~employment~size,~United~States,~1978}$

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 0 full-time work | ers <u>3</u> / |
|--|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | | Middle 1 | ange <u>4</u> / |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Med1an <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil |
| ood stores | 54 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 2.5 | 4.6 | .0 | 13.7 |
| 50 to 99 | | 13.4 | 12.2 | 3.4 | 20.6 |
| 100 to 249 | | 15.6 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 22.6 |
| 250 to 499 | | 15.1 16.2 | 14.6 15.8 | 7.1 8.7 | 21.0 19.9 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 22.7 | 16.2 | 11.1 | 26.2 |
| 2,500 and over | | 19.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| utomotive dealers and service stations | 55 | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 | | 8.0 4.2 | -0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 9.5 | 6.5 | •0 | 14.7 |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.9 13.0 | 10.2 12.5 | 2.9 7.1 | 16.5 18.0 |
| 250 to 499 | | 9.5 | 7.2 | 2.9 | 16.6 |
| 500 to 999 | | 10.7 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| pparel and accessory stores | 56 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 2.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.5 | .0 | •0 | -0 |
| 50 to 99 | | 2.3 | 1.0 | .0 | 3.5 |
| 100 to 249 | | 4.0 4.9 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 5.4 |
| 500 to 999 | | 4.8 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 6.6 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 9.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| urniture and home furnishings stores | 57 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 5.1 | -0 | •0 | -0 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 3.1 | .0 | .0 | 7.6 |
| 50 to 99 | | 7.5 | 5.7 | .0 | 12.2 |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.0 8.9 | 7.2 | 2.7 | 14.8 13.3 |
| 500 to 999 | | 15.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| ating and drinking places | 58 | | | | ļ |
| All sizes | | 7.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 | | 2-1 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 7.3 8.5 | .0 5.3 | .0 | .0 13.7 |
| 100 to 249 | | 11.2 | 9.1 | 2.1 | 17.5 |
| 250 to 499 | | 12.7 | 11.5 18.0 | 4.0 13.6 | 20.2 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 15.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| 2,500 and over | | 20.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| iscellaneous retail | 59 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 3.8 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 4.7 | .0 | •0 | 6.1 |
| 50 to 99 | | 6.0 7.6 | 1.5 | .0 1.1 | 7.8 |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.9 | 5.9 | 2.6 | 8.7 |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.1 9.6 | 6.6 | 3.4 | 10.8 |
| 2,500 and over | | 10.4 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| ance, insurance, and real estate: | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 2.1 | -0 | .0 | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.4 | •0 | •0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 50 to 99 | | 1.7 | -0 | .0 | 2.5 |
| 100 to 249 | | 2.7 | 1.6 | •0 | 3.9 |
| 250 to 499 | | 2-8 2-5 | 2.5 2.6 | .9 1.3 | 4.1 4.0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 4.0 |
| 2,500 and over | | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.8 |
| anking | 60 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 1.5 1.1 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.1 | .0 | .0 | 1.4 |
| 100 to 249 | | 1.9 | 1.6 | .0 | 3.6 |
| 250 to 499 | | 2.6 2.3 | 2.6 2.6 | 1.2 | 4.0 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 1.8 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.9 |
| 2,500 and over | 41 | 1.8 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| redit agencies other than banks | 61 | | | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.1 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | •5 | -0 | .0 | .0 |
| 100 to 249 | | 1.6 | .6 | .0 | 1.3 3.3 |
| 250 to 499 | | 2.0 | 2.3 | .7 | 3.8 |
| 500 to 999 | | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 4.1 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 2.9 | (6) | (6) | (6 |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Inciden | ce rates per 10 | 0 full-time work | ers <u>3</u> / |
|---|-------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | Middle r | ange <u>4</u> / |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | sic code 2/ | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartil |
| Security, commodity brokers and services | 62 | | | | |
| All sizes. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,300 and over. | | 0.8 .5 .3 .6 .6 1.6 2.4 1.8 | 0.0 .0 .0 .0 .0 (6) (6) | 0.0 .0 .0 .0 (6) (6) | 0.0 .0 .8 2.2 (6) (6) |
| Insurance carriers | 63 | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over. | | 1.9 .8 1.1 1.6 2.0 2.3 2.2 2.4 2.3 | .0 .0 .6 1.9 2.4 2.6 2.7 | .0 .0 .0 .0 .9 1.3 1.4 | .0 .0 .0 3.2 3.7 3.9 3.9 |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and service | 64 | | | | |
| All sizes | 65 | .8 .4 .7 1.2 1.7 2.2 1.8 2.0 | .0 .0 .0 .0 1.2 2.5 (6) (6) | .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 1.1 (6) | .0 .0 1.6 3.4 3.9 (6) |
| All sizes | •• | 4.9 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 | | 2.7 5.2 6.7 9.0 8.0 8.4 5.2 | .0 .0 3.0 7.3 6.8 (6) | .0 .0 .7 2.3 (6) | .0 9.2 11.2 13.5 13.4 (6) (6) |
| ervices: | | | | | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 20 to 49 50 to 99 100 to 249 250 to 499 500 to 999 1,000 to 2,499 2,500 and over | | 5.5 1.8 3.7 6.2 7.7 8.0 7.9 7.8 5.8 | .0 .0 1.5 4.7 6.3 6.2 6.2 | .0 .0 .0 .4 2.3 2.8 3.0 2.2 | .0 .0 2.5 9.3 12.6 12.5 11.2 10.1 8.4 |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 70 | | | , | |
| All sizes 1 to 19 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over. | | 9.2 1.5 4.4 7.5 10.9 12.7 14.3 14.4 | .0 .0 5.6 10.8 12.5 12.9 12.9 | .0 .0 .0 5.5 7.6 9.1 7.9 (6) | -0 -0 6.4 12.4 16.2 18.1 17.7 18.3 (6) |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. | 72 | 3.5 .8 3.1 7.8 10.8 8.6 6.3 | .0 .0 .0 3.2 8.5 4.0 (6) | .0 .0 .0 .8 .6 (6) | .0 .0 .7 10.6 16.2 12.9 (6) |
| Business services | 73 | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. 500 to 999. 1,000 to 2,499. 2,500 and over. | | 4.9 2.4 4.2 4.6 6.4 7.0 6.5 4.9 2.4 | .0 .0 .0 3.1 4.8 4.6 4.2 (6) | .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 1.7 2.2 2.2 (6) | .0 .0 3.1 6.6 8.9 10.5 9.5 8.1 (6) |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | 75 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.2 6.0 10.6 14.1 14.5 19.1 | .0 .0 3.4 11.8 11.6 (6) | .0 .0 .0 1.3 4.0 (6) | .0 .0 16.7 20.4 23.3 (6) |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incider | nce rates per 100 | full-time work | ers <u>3</u> / |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Industry and employment size 1/ | | | | Middle r | ange 4/ |
| | SIC | | | | |
| All sizes. 1 to 19. 20 to 49. 50 to 99. 100 to 249. 250 to 499. scellaneous repair shops. All sizes. 1 to 19. 2 to 19. 2 to 499. 3 to 249. 4 to 19. 4 to 19. 5 to 99. 5 to 99. 5 to 99. 5 to 499. 5 to 199. | code <u>2</u> / | Mean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartile |
| Miscellaneous repair services | 76 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 10.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | 13.0 | .0 7.9 | .0 | 18.9 |
| 50 to 99 | | 17.6 | 13.6 | 5.8 | 22.7 |
| 100 to 249 | | 19.3 16.6 | 16.1 | 5.3 | 27.1 0.0 |
| | 740 | 10.0 | •0 | •0 | 0.0 |
| | 769 | | • | | |
| | | 12.4 8.5 | •0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 15.5 | 11.3 | .0 | 23.8 |
| 50 to 99 | | 20.5 | 14.3 | 10.2 | 28.2 |
| 250 to 499 | | 20.9 16.7 | 15.8 (6) | 3.8 (6) | 21.9 (6) |
| otion pictures | 78 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 4.2 | •0 | .0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.6 | •0 | .0 | [.0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 50 to 99 | | 2.9 | .7 2.6 | .0 | 4.6 5.9 |
| | | 4.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| | | 7.2 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 13.0 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| musement and recreation services | 79 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 8.4 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| | | 2.3 | .0 | •0 | 7.0 |
| 50 to 99 | | 10.6 | .0 6.2 | .0 | 7.0 |
| 100 to 249 | | 9.3 | 6.8 | 1.9 | 13.9 |
| 250 to 499 | | 11.7 | 9.6 | 2.9 | 18.9 |
| | | 13.0 | 11.5 | .9 | 20.8 |
| 2,500 and over | | 12.1 15.8 | 11.5 (6) | 6.6 | 13.9 |
| ealth services | 80 | | | | ! |
| All sizes | | 6.8 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| | | .3 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| | | 2.6 7.9 | .0 4.3 | .0 | 12.0 |
| | | 9.4 | 7.4 | 2.2 | 15.4 |
| 250 to 499 | | 10.1 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 14.4 |
| 500 to 999 | | 8.5 | 6.8 | 3.3 | 11.4 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 8.0 6.7 | 6.4 5.8 | 3.1 2.9 | 9.8 |
| | 82 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 3.0 | | } |
| | 62 | | • | | |
| | | 3.2 1.3 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.5 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 50 to 99 | | 1.8 | .0 | •0 | .3 |
| 100 to 249 | | 3.3 4.3 | 2.3 3.4 | 1.2 | 4.9 6.5 |
| 250 to 499 | | 5.0 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 7.3 |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 4.7 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 8.6 |
| 2,500 and over | | 3.5 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 4.8 |
| ocial services | 83 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 6.0 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
| 1 to 19 20 to 49 | | 1.9 | .0 .0 | .0 | 2.2 |
| 50 to 99 | | 5.1 | 1.8 | :0 | 8.4 |
| 100 to 249 | | 8.5 | 6.0 | .6 | 13.4 |
| 250 to 499 | | 7.2 | 5.1 | 1.2 | 11.0 |
| 500 to 999 | | 7.6 | 6.2 (6) | 2.6 | 12.3 |
| 2,500 and over | | 4.1 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| useums, boranical and zoological gardens | 84 | | | | |
| All sizes | | 7.3 | .0 | .0 | 3.4 |
| 1 to 19 | | 4.4 | .0 | .0 | 10.5 |
| 20 to 49 | | 6.1 | 5.5 1.5 | .0 | 10.5 |
| 100 to 249 | | 6.3 | 5.5 | .7 | 9.4 |
| 400 | | 9.5 | (6) | (6) | (6) |
| 250 to 499 | | 17.0 | (0) | (0) | (0) |

Table 2. Continued—Occupational injury and illness incidence rates by industry and employment size, United States, 1978

| | | Incidence rates per 100 full-time workers 3/ | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Middle 1 | ange <u>4</u> / | | | | | |
| Industry and employment size 1/ | SIC code 2/ | Hean <u>4</u> / | Median <u>4</u> / | First quartile | Third quartile | | | | | |
| scellaneous services | 89 | | | | | | | | | |
| All sizes | | 1.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | | | |
| 1 to 19 | | 1.6 | .0 | .0 | .0 | | | | | |
| 20 to 49 | | 1.9 | .0 | -0 | .0 | | | | | |
| 50 to 99 | | 2.2 | •0 | -0 | 3.2 | | | | | |
| 100 to 249 | | 2.0 | .2 | .0 | 3.3 | | | | | |
| 250 to 499 | | 2.5 | 2.4 | -5 | 4.3 | | | | | |
| 500 to 999 | | 2.2 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 4.1 | | | | | |
| 1,000 to 2,499 | | 1.6 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | | | | |
| 2,500 and over | | 2.3 | (6) | (6) | (6) | | | | | |

¹ Totals for divisions and 2- and 3-digit SiC codes include data for Industries not shown separately.

¹ <u>Standard industrial Classification Manual</u>, 1972 Edition.

¹ The incidence rate represents the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers.

¹ The mean incidence rate is calculated as:
(N/EH) X 200,000, where

The middle range (interquartile) is defined by 2 measures; one-fourth of the

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays.

= 100,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week. 50 weeks per year).

establishments have a rate lower than or equal to the first quartile rate and one-fourth have a rate higher than or equal to the third quartile rate.

* Data conforming to the OSHA definitions for coal and lightle mining (SIC 11 and 12) and metal and nonmetal mining (SIC 10 and 14), and for railroad transportation (SIC 40) were provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

*Indicates that quartile rates were not derived because fewer than 25 establishment reports were included in the industry employment-size group.

Table 3. Number of occupational injuries and illnesses, and lost workdays by industry division, United States, 1977 and 19781

(In thousands)

| Industry division | Total | cases <u>2</u> / | | workday ases | with | al cases out lost kdays | Lost | Lost workdays | | |
|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | | |
| INJURIES AND ILLNESSES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Private sector 3/ | 5,460.3 | 5,799.4 | 2,203.6 | 2,492.0 | 3,250.6 | 3,302.0 | 36,140.3 | 39,015.4 | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 3/ | 74.9 | 67.1 | 33.4 | 31.4 | 41.4 | 35.6 | 530.7 | 467.0 | | |
| Mining | 88.2 | 98.4 | 48.4 | 55.0 | 39.3 | 42.9 | 1,042.9 | 1,229.2 | | |
| Construction | 507.9 | 576.6 | 192.9 | 230.9 | 313.7 | 344.5 | 3,648.9 | 3,945.1 | | |
| Manufacturing | 2,466.5 | 2,581.6 | 959.3 | 1,084.4 | 1,506.0 | 1,495.9 | 15,458.6 | 16,567.7 | | |
| Transportation and public utilities | 428.6 | 462.9 | 234.3 | 264.5 | 192.7 | 197.4 | 4,253.4 | 4,706.9 | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1,169.9 | 1,252.2 | 443.7 | 499.0 | 725.5 | 752.4 | 6,665.4 | 7,113.4 | | |
| Wholesale trade | 377.9 | 413.8 | 158.5 | 182.5 | 219.0 | 231.0 | 2,323.8 | 2,675.8 | | |
| Retail trade | 791.9 | 838.4 | 285.2 | 316.5 | 506.5 | 521.4 | 4,341.6 | 4,437.5 | | |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate Services | 77.2 647.2 | 85.2 675.5 | 30.9 260.7 | 35.2 291.6 | 46.1 385.8 | 49.8 383.5 | 409.7 4,130.9 | 519.5 4,466.6 | | |
| INJURIES | | | | | | | , | | | |
| Private sector 3/ | 5,298.5 | 5,656.0 | 2,146.8 | 2,438.5 | 3,145.9 | 3,212.5 | 35,234.4 | 38,173.9 | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 3/ | 70.1 | 63.7 | 31.7 | 30.2 | 38.3 | 33.4 | 515.5 | 453.5 | | |
| Mining | 87.2 | 96.8 | 48.0 | 54.5 | 38.6 | 41.9 | 1,038.8 | 1,221.7 | | |
| Construction | 497.9 | 568.8 | 189.6 | 228.5 | 307.0 | 339.2 | 3,589.4 | 3,899.8 | | |
| Manufacturing | 2,370.2 | 2,494.9 | 925.7 | 1,053.2 | 1,443.4 | 1,440.6 | 14,903.0 | 16,066. | | |
| Transportation and public utilities | 419.5 | 454.9 | 230.3 | 260.9 | 187.6 | 193.1 | 4,210.1 | 4,661. | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1,154.2 | 1,237.2 | 438.9 | 492.6 | 714.7 | 744.0 | 6,579.0 | 7,012.2 | | |
| Wholesale trade | 371.2 | 408.4 | 157.0 | 180.5 | 213.9 | 227.6 | 2,296.0 | 2,644.2 | | |
| Retail trade | 783.0 74.9 | 828.8 83.3 | 282.0 30.0 | 312.0 34.3 | 500.8 | 516.4 | 4,283.0 | 4,368.0 | | |
| Services | 624.5 | 656.4 | 252.5 | 284.4 | 44.9 371.5 | 48.8 371.6 | 401.0 3,997.5 | 502.1 4,356.7 | | |
| ILLNESSESS | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| Private sector 3/ | 161.9 | 143.5 | 56.8 | 53.5 | 104.7 | 89.5 | 906.0 | 841.4 | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 3/ | 4.8 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 15.2 | 13.5 | | |
| Mining | 1.1 | 1.6 | .4 | .5 | .7 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 7.5 | | |
| Construction | 10.0 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 59.5 | 45.2 | | |
| Manufacturing | 96.3 | 86.7 | 33.6 | 31.3 | 62.6 | 55.3 | 555.6 | 500.9 | | |
| Transportation and public utilities | 9.1 | 7.9 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 43.2 | 45.8 | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 15.7 | 15.0 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 10.8 | 8.4 | 86.4 | 101.1 | | |
| Wholesale trade | 6.7 | 5.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 27.7 | 31.0 | | |
| Retail trade | 8.9 | 9.6 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 58.6 | 69.5 | | |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate Services | 2.3 | 1.9 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 11.9 | 8.6 133.4 | 17.4 | | |
| SELATORS | 22.1 | 19.2 | 0.3 | / • 2 | 14.4 | 11.9 | 133.4 | 109. | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved averaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annual surveys.
² Includes fatalities.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals, and the difference between the total and the lost workday cases and nonfatal cases without lost workdays may not be equal to the fatality estimate.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Table 4. Number of occupational injuries and illnesses by industry, United States, 1978'

(Total cases and lost workday cases in thousands)

| | | Injuri | es and illr | esses | | Injuries | | | Illnesses | 3 |
|---|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case |
| Private sector 4/ | | 5,799.4 | 2,492.0 | 16 | 5,656.0 | 2,438.5 | 16 | 143.5 | 53.5 | 16 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 4/ | | 67.1 | 31.4 | 15 | 63.7 | 30.2 | 15 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 12 |
| Agricultural production 4/Agricultural services | 01-02 07 | 42.0 23.3 | 19.1 11.3 | 14 16 | 39.9 22.0 | 18.5 10.8 | 14 16 | 2.0 1.3 | .7 | 12 8 |
| Forestry Fishing, hunting, and trapping | 08 09 | 1.3 | .6 | 16 31 | 1.2 | .6 | 16 30 | .1 | (6) (6) | 38 |
| Mining | | 98.4 | 55.0 | 22 | 96.8 | 54.5 | 22 | 1.6 | .5 | - |
| Metal mining 5/ | 10 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 21 | 8.1 | 4.4 | 21 | .1 | .ı | 12 |
| Anthracite mining 5/ Bituminous coal and lignite mining 5/ | 11 12 | 20.0 | .2 14.5 | 27 23 | 19.5 | .2 14.4 | 27 23 | (6) | (6) | 20 18 |
| Oil and gas extraction Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels 5/ | 13 14 | 59.6 10.2 | 29.7 6.1 | 22 21 | 58.7 10.0 | 29.5 6.0 | 22 21 | .8 | .1 | 12 |
| Construction | | 576.6 | 230.9 | 17 | 568.8 | 228.5 | 17 | 7.8 | 2.4 | 19 |
| General building contractors Heavy construction contractors | 15 16 | 160.7 133.7 | 63.2 50.3 | 17 18 | 158.7 131.0 | 62.6 49.7 | 17 18 | 2.0 | .6 | 19 17 |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | 282.2 | 117.4 | 17 | 279.1 | 116.2 | 17 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 19 |
| Manufacturing | | 2,581.6 | 1,084.4 | 15 | 2,494.9 | 1,053.2 | 15 | 86.7 | 31.3 | 16 |
| Durable goods | | 1,674.0 | 698.7 | 15 | 1,617.3 | 678.9 | 15 | 56.7 | 19.8 | 17 |
| Lumber and wood productsFurniture and fixtures | 24 25 | 159.3 80.4 | 78.3 31.6 | 16 14 | 157.5 79.0 | 77.6 31.1 | 16 14 | 1.7 | .6 | 15 16 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries | 32 33 | 114.9 200.3 | 53.1 88.0 | 16 17 | 111.7 194.8 | 52.0 86.3 | 16 16 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 15 22 |
| Fabricated metal products | 34 35 | 309.8 329.0 | 127.4 123.5 | 14 14 | 301.2 318.7 | 124.6 119.9 | 14 14 | 8.6 | 2.8 3.6 | 13 16 |
| Electric and electronic equipment Transportation equipment | 36 37 | 166.1 222.4 | 62.4 99.7 | 15 15 | 155.1 212.3 | 58.5 96.1 | 15 15 | 10.9 | 3.9 | 19 17 |
| Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 38 39 | 43.0 | 16.0 18.7 | 14 15 | 40.1 | 14.8 | 14 15 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 16 18 |
| Nondurable goods | | 907.6 | 385.7 | 16 | 877.6 | 374.2 | 16 | 30.0 | 11.5 | 15 |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 318.5 | 146.4 | 15 | 307.1 | 141.4 | 15 | 11.4 | 5.0 | 13 |
| Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products | 21 22 | 5.6 90.2 | 2.6 29.9 | 14 18 | 5.5 88.4 | 2.6 29.4 | 14 18 | 1.7 | (6) | 19 18 |
| Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products | 23 26 | 75.3 94.9 | 25.1 39.7 | 15 18 | 73.3 93.2 | 24.4 39.0 | 15 18 | 1.9 | 1 :7 | 17 18 |
| Printing and publishing | 27 28 | 72.8 83.1 | 30.2 35.4 | 15 15 | 71.5 77.2 | 29.8 33.5 | 15 16 | 1.3 5.9 | 2.0 | 22 11 |
| Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics | 29 | 16.5 | 7.1 | 17 | 16.0 | 6.9 | 17 | .5 | .1 | 18 |
| productsLeather and leather products | 30 31 | 124.5 26.1 | 58.6 10.6 | 16 15 | 120.6 24.7 | 57.3 10.0 | 15 15 | 3.9 | 1.4 | 20 13 |
| Transportation and public utilities | | 462.7 | 264.5 | 18 | 454.9 | 260.9 | 18 | 7.9 | 3.5 | 13 |
| Railroad transportation 5/ | 40 | 61.2 | 38.9 | 13 | 59.5 | 38.2 | 13 | 1.7 | .7 | 8 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing | 41 42 | 17.2 200.5 | 9.3 115.9 | 18 19 | 17.1 199.0 | 9.2 115.3 | 18 19 | 1.5 | :1 | 21 22 |
| Water transportationTransportation by air | 44 | 27.1 47.5 | 14.7 29.9 | 35 11 | 26.7 46.1 | 14.5 28.9 | 35 12 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 28 7 |
| Pipelines, except natural gas Transportation services | 46 47 | .9 8.4 | 4.2 | 15 15 | .9 8.3 | 4-1 | 16 15 | (6) | = | 1 - |
| Communication | 48 49 | 32.2 67.9 | 18.2 33.0 | 19 17 | 31.3 66.2 | 17.9 32.5 | 19 18 | 1.6 | .3 | 19 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | | 1,252.2 | 499.0 | 14 | 1,237.2 | 492.6 | 14 | 15.0 | 6.4 | 16 |
| Wholesale trade | | 413.8 | 182.5 | 15 | 408.4 | 180.5 | 15 | 5.4 | 2.0 | 16 |
| Wholesale trade-~durable goods | 50 | 236.3 | 98.2 | 14 | 233.6 | 97.3 | 14 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 22 |
| Wholesale trademondurable goods | 51 | 177.4 838,4 | 84.3 | 15 | 174.8 | 83.2 | 15 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 11 |
| Retail trade | 52 | 52.9 | 316.5 | 14 | 828,8 | 312.0 | 14 | 9.6 | 4.4 | 16 |
| Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores | 53 54 | 156.9 179.2 | 64.6 70.5 | 13 16 | 52.4 154.9 178.1 | 22.4 63.6 69.7 | 15 13 16 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 9 |
| Automotive dealers and service stations | 55 56 | 141.0 | 45.0 6.0 | 15 17 | 139.6 | 44.4 | 15 17 | 1.5 | .8 | 33 |
| Apparel and accessory stores | 57 58 | 26.6 | 12.8 | 16 | 26.2 | 12.5 | 16 | .3 | .2 | - |
| Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail | 58 59 | 213.4 53.2 | 72.1 22.8 | 11 | 210.2 52.4 | 70.8 22.6 | | 3.1 | 1.3 | 15 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 85.2 | 35.2 | 15 | 83.3 | 34.3 | 15 | 1.9 | .9 | 20 |
| Benking Credit agencies other than banks | 60 61 | 19.5 5.0 | 7.7 1.8 | 12 13 | 19.2 5.0 | 7.6 1.8 | 12 13 | (6) | (6) | - |
| Security, commodity brokers, and services | 62 | 1.5 | ,6 | 14 | 1.5 | .6 | 14 | "- | "- | - |
| Insurance carriers | 63 64 | 21.1 | 7.7 | 17 15 | 20.9 | 7.6 | 17 | .2 | .1 | 31 |
| Insurance agents, brokers, and service | 1 04 | | | 1 42 | 2.0 | | | | | |

Table 4. Continued - Number of occupational injuries and illnesses by industry, United States, 1978'

(Total cases and lost workday cases in thousands)

| | | Injuri | es and illr | esses | | Injuries | | Illnesses | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------------|--|-----------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case | | Lost workday cases | Average lost workdays per lost workday case | |
| Services | | 675.5 | 291.6 | 15 | 656.4 | 284.4 | 15 | 19.2 | 7.2 | 15 | |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 70 | 68.8 | 26.8 | 14 | 67.6 | 26.3 | 14 | 1.2 | .5 | 11 | |
| Personal services | 72 | 24.6 | 10.8 | 18 | 23.7 | 10.4 | 18 | .8 | .4 | 40 | |
| Business services | 73 | 100.5 | 45.1 | 16 | 98.5 | 44.4 | 16 | 2.0 | .7 | ! - | |
| Auto repair, services, and garages | 75 | 37.9 | 15.8 | 12 | 37.4 | 15,6 | 12 | -5 | -1 | (- | |
| Miscellaneous repair services | 76 | 21.9 | 9.9 | 15 | 21.3 | 9.7 | 16 | .6 | .2 | 9 | |
| Motion pictures | 78 | 6.4 | 2.0 | 20 | 6.2 | 1.9 | 20 | .2 | (6) | 12 | |
| Amusement and recreation services | 79 | 39.7 | 17.5 | 13 | 38.1 | 16.8 | 13 | 1.6 | .6 | - | |
| Health services | 80 | 262.4 | 117.8 | 16 | 253.6 | 114.7 | 16 | 8.8 | 3.1 | 15 | |
| Educational services | 82 | 22.7 | 9.0 | 15 | 21.9 | 8.6 | 16 | .8 | .4 | 8 | |
| Social services | 83 | 42.9 | 18.7 | 14 | 41.8 | 18.1 | 15 | 1.1 | .6 | 10 | |
| gardens | 84 | 1.7 | .6 | 13 | 1.6 | .6 | 13 | .1 | (6) | 8 | |
| Miscellaneous services | 89 | 15.4 | 5.5 | 15 | 14.5 | 5.3 | 15 | .9 | .2 | 9 | |

<sup>In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous yeers, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved averaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annual surveys.

Industry division totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Standard Industrial Classification Menual, 1972 Edition.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for coal and lignite mining (SIC 11 and 12) and metal and normatal mining (SIC 10 and 14), and for railroad transportation (SIC 40) were provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.</sup>

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

The number of lost workdays for the 2-digit SIC levels shown in this table can be approximated by multiplying the number of lost workday cases by the average lost workdays per lost workday case.

Approximations of average lost workdays per lost workday case for 3- and 4-digit SIC levels can be derived by dividing the incidence rate for lost workdays by the incidence rate for lost workday cases (tables 1 and 5).

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Table 5. Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | ! | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | etal es <u>5</u> / | wor | st kday ises | cas with lo | | | ost kdays |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Private sector 6/ | | 9.0 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 60.0 | 62. |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 6/ | | 10.7 | 11.0 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 78.8 | 78. |
| Agricultural production 6/ | 01-02 07 08 09 | 11.2 10.1 12.5 6.0 | 12.2 9.7 10.4 3.7 | 5.1 4.6 5.3 2.2 | 5.6 4.8 5.0 2.1 | 6.1 5.5 7.2 3.8 | 6.5 4.9 5.3 1.6 | 77.0 85.4 63.4 39.7 | 78. 78. 78. 62. |
| dining | | 10.8 | 11.3 | 5.9 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 128.3 | 142. |
| Metal mining 7/ | 10 11 12 | 7.4 21.6 12.3 | 9.9 19.3 9.8 | 4.5 10.6 7.8 | 5.4 11.3 7.3 | 2.8 10.6 4.4 | 4.5 7.9 2.5 | 83.9 237.6 167.0 | 113. 306. 169. |
| Oil and gas extraction | 13 131 138 | 12.7 | 13.7 4.4 20.0 | 6.2 | 6.9 2.0 10.1 | 6.4 | 6.8 2.3 9.8 | 142.7 | 153. 42. 228. |
| Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels 7/ | 14 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 58.0 | 87. |
| Construction | | 15.2 | 15.8 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 109.7 | 108. |
| General building contractors | 15 152 153 154 | 14.8 12.8 12.6 17.6 | 15.7 13.2 15.5 18.9 | 5.6 5.5 4.7 5.8 | 6.2 5.9 6.2 6.6 | 9.2 7.2 7.9 11.7 | 9.5 7.3 9.3 12.3 | 97.7 97.3 53.8 105.9 | 104 100 76 114 |
| Heavy construction contractors Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway | 16 161 162 | 15.6 14.8 16.0 | 16.2 15.0 16.8 | 5.6 5.3 5.7 | 6.2 5.7 6.4 | 9.9 9.3 10.2 | 10.0 9.2 10.4 | 114.8 108.6 117.5 | 105. 104. 111. |
| Special trade contractors. Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning. Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentering and flooring Roofing and sheet-metal work. Concrete work Water well drilling. | 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 | 15.3 16.8 9.4 13.1 15.3 14.4 20.9 14.3 | 15.6 16.7 9.3 13.9 15.4 13.5 22.3 14.4 | 6.0 5.4 4.4 4.4 7.1 7.2 9.7 6.3 7.0 | 6.5 5.8 4.6 4.7 7.3 7.2 11.7 6.6 6.5 | 9.3 11.4 4.9 8.6 8.2 7.2 11.1 8.0 7.0 | 9.1 10.9 4.7 9.2 8.1 6.2 10.6 7.8 6.2 | 114.1 93.6 101.1 91.9 130.9 118.8 195.5 130.1 134.2 | 109. 92. 98. 70. 119. 127. 211. 121. |
| Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 179 | 16.1 | 16.7 | 4.9 | 7.1 5.4 | 7.7 | 9.5 7.4 | 79.3 | 122. 82. |
| Durable goods | | 13.5 | 13.7 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 83.3 | 86. |
| Lumber and wood products | 24 | 22.0 | 22.3 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 11.3 | 175.8 | 177 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors | 241 | 25.8 | 25.6 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 327.0 | 315 |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 242 2421 2426 2429 | 20.8 20.7 19.4 34.6 | 21.5 21.1 20.6 42.9 | 10.0 10.2 7.6 18.5 | 11.0 11.0 8.8 24.3 | 10.8 10.5 11.7 16.0 | 10.5 10.0 11.8 18.6 | 181.5 189.8 116.7 277.5 | 191 193 149 366 |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members. Millwork. Wood kitchen cabinets. Hardwood veneer and plywood. Softwood veneer and plywood. Stuctural wood members, n.e.c | 243 2431 2434 2435 2436 2439 | 19.3 22.0 16.8 18.8 15.6 27.0 | 20.2 22.6 17.6 19.7 15.9 30.9 | 8.6 9.4 7.8 7.6 7.2 13.9 | 9.5 10.1 8.5 8.8 8.4 15.0 | 10.7 12.6 8.9 11.2 8.4 13.1 | 10.6 12.5 9.1 10.9 7.5 15.9 | 134.4 125.9 106.7 140.4 152.0 190.2 | 138, 136, 113, 127, 159, |
| Wood containers | 244 2441 2448 2449 | 20.0 20.2 20.2 19.6 | 21.2 23.1 21.9 18.4 | 9.8 9.0 10.9 8.5 | 10.9 11.3 11.7 8.9 | 10.2 11.2 9.2 11.1 | 10.3 11.7 10.2 9.5 | 158.6 148.0 167.5 151.4 | 161 159 171 142 |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Prefabricated wood buildings | 245 2451 2452 | 32.6 35.3 26.2 | 32.4 34.5 27.9 | 13.6 14.6 11.3 | 14.1 15.1 11.8 | 19.0 20.7 14.9 | 18.3 19.3 16.1 | 174.0 191.3 133.3 | 176 195 135 |
| Miscellaneous wood products Wood preserving. Particleboard Wood products, n.e.C | 249 2491 2492 2499 | 19.3 21.1 16.4 19.1 | 18.2 18.4 13.2 18.8 | 7.8 8.6 6.0 7.8 | 8.0 8.7 6.1 8.0 | 11.5 12.5 10.4 11.3 | 10.2 9.7 7.1 10.7 | 138.5 160.3 98.9 137.2 | 125 150 121 120 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 25 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 89.9 | 94 |
| Household furniture | 251 2511 2512 2514 2515 2517 2519 | 15.8 15.4 15.1 17.9 17.8 14.7 16.8 | 16.2 16.1 15.2 17.5 17.9 15.9 19.9 | 5.4 5.0 5.0 6.6 7.2 5.5 | 6.4 6.1 6.0 7.1 8.2 5.8 6.7 | 10.4 10.4 10.1 11.3 10.5 9.2 11.2 | 9.8 10.0 9.2 10.4 9.6 10.1 13.2 | 84.1 85.6 72.0 98.9 102.1 71.6 97.6 | 90 88 86 95 109 81 83 |
| Office furniture | 252 2521 2522 | 20.0 18.6 20.8 | 18.0 18.0 18.0 | 7.1 6.7 7.3 | 7.5 7.8 7.3 | 12.9 11.9 13.5 | 10.5 10.2 10.7 | 111.2 105.5 114.3 | 102 97 104 |
| Public building and related furniture | 253 | 18.1 | 20.7 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 10.9 | 13.0 | 104.5 | 102 |
| Partitions and fixtures Wood partitions and fixtures Metal partitions and fixtures | 254 2541 2542 | 18.2 15.7 21.1 | 20.0 18.9 21.2 | 6.7 5.7 7.7 | 8.0 7.6 8.5 | 11.5 9.9 13.4 | 12.0 11.3 12.7 | 96.2 87.5 106.2 | 104 104 105 |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| |]. | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | <u>.</u> / | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code 3/ | | tal es <u>5</u> / | WOI | ost rkday ases | ca wit | fatal ses hout ost kdays | | ost kdays |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures | 259 | 19.8 | 18.8 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 96.8 | 100.3 |
| Drapery hardware and blinds and shades Furniture and fixtures, n.e.c | 2591 2599 | 16.7 23.9 | 16.8 21.5 | 5.4 8.6 | 5.9 8.4 | 11.3 15.3 | 10.8 13.1 | 88.0 108.5 | 76.4 132.5 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 32 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 8.7 | 116.0 | 123.8 |
| Flat glass | 321 | 19.3 | 17.9 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 14.6 | 12.6 | 96.8 | 94.0 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown | 322 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 125.3 | 130.8 |
| Glass containersPressed and blown glass, n.e.c | 3221 3229 | 15.5 12.6 | 15.3 12.7 | 7.9 4.3 | 9.0 5.1 | 7.6 8.3 | 6.3 7.6 | 164.8 73.0 | 170.8 78.0 |
| Products of purchased glass | 323 | 19.1 | 20.1 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 99.8 | 96.4 |
| Structural clay products | 325 | 17.8 | 18.3 | 8.1 9.0 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 9.4 10.7 | 131.4 146.0 | 130.2 148.8 |
| Brick and structural clay tile Ceramic wall and floor tile | 3251 3253 | 12.2 | 21.0 14.0 | 5.1 | 10.3 5.9 | 7.1 | 8.1 | 88.5 | 82,6 |
| Clay refractories | 3255 3259 | 14.3 24.1 | 14.4 23.6 | 6.5 12.5 | 6.6 12.9 | 7.8 11.6 | 7.7 10.7 | 111.6 186.4 | 113.9 176.5 |
| | 326 | 15.6 | 16.0 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 109.2 | 110.7 |
| Pottery and related products Vitreous plumbing fixtures | 3261 | 27.1 | 28.1 | 12.7 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 13.6 | 180.4 | 205.4 |
| Vitreous china food utensils Fine earthenware food utensils | 3262 3263 | 7.5 13.0 | 10.5 13.6 | 5.1 7.4 | 6.6 7.0 | 2.3 5.6 | 3.9 6.6 | 114.5 99.1 | 121.1 110.5 |
| Porcelain electrical supplies | 3264 3269 | 11.7 | 14.0 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 6.7 8.2 | 8.4 6.0 | 93.1 69.0 | 73.3 69.9 |
| Pottery products, n.e.c | | 13.2 | 11.7 | 5.0 | 5.6 | | | | |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Concrete block and brick | 327 3271 | 17.9 18.4 | 17.7 19.2 | 7.5 8.3 | 8.3 8.9 | 10.3 | 9.4 10.2 | 124.8 137.0 | 133.6 146.3 |
| Concrete products, n.e.c | 3272 | 23.6 | 23.5 | 10.1 | 11.5 | 13.5 | 12.0 | 155.8 | 163.7 |
| Ready-mixed concrete | 3273 3274 | 15.6 | 15.5 13.0 | 6.4 | 7.0 6.6 | 9.1 | 8.5 6.3 | 110.1 | 122.0 131.1 |
| Gypsum products | 3275 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 48.2 | 57.8 |
| Cut stone and stone products | 328 | 16.5 | 14.1 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 9.2 | 7.8 | 90.3 | 115.2 |
| Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral | | | | | | | | | |
| products Abrasive products | 329 3291 | 15.1 19.3 | 15.9 17.8 | 6.1 | 7.5 7.6 | 9.0 12.4 | 8.4 10.2 | 103.7 101.5 | 121.0 117.5 |
| Asbestos products | 3292 | 14.6 | 16.6 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 155.0 | 156.1 |
| Gaskets, packing, and sealing devices Mineral wool | 3293 3296 | 14.6 10.9 | 16.2 12.9 | 5.3 4.9 | 6.6 6.4 | 9.2 6.0 | 9.6 6.4 | 81.7 85.0 | 103.3 101.6 |
| Nonclay refractories | 3297 | 18.5 | 18.3 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 155.9 | 164.9 |
| rimary metal industries | 33 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 115.9 | 120.5 |
| Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mills | 331 3312 | 11.7 10.0 | 12.6 10.7 | 4.5 3.7 | 4.9 4.0 | 7.2 6.2 | 7.7 6.7 | 93.2 83.3 | 95.1 85.2 |
| Electrometallurgical products | 3313 | 14.1 | 14.6 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 104.4 | 115.7 |
| Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes | 3315 3316 | 21.9 27.4 | 19.8 26.6 | 10.3 10.2 | 9.1 11.6 | 11.6 17.1 | 10.7 14.9 | 161.8 177.6 | 147.4 177.9 |
| Steel pipe and tubes | 3317 | 21.4 | 26.6 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 12.4 | 15.5 | 141.3 | 150.5 |
| Iron and steel foundries | 332 | 24.0 | 24.3 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 160.6 | 166.7 |
| Gray iron foundries Malleable iron foundries | 3321 3322 | 24.5 26.2 | 24.0 24.8 | 11.2 11.0 | 11.3 10.9 | 13.3 15.2 | 12.7 13.9 | 158.3 176.5 | 156.5 157.2 |
| Steel foundries, n.e.c | 3325 | 23.0 | 26.3 | 10.2 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 13.6 | 177.7 | 212.1 |
| Primary nonferrous metals | 333 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 110.1 | 108.9 |
| Primary copper | 3331 3332 | 11.1 18.1 | 10.0 16.1 | 5.6 | 4.6 8.8 | 12.5 | 5.4 7.3 | 153.2 134.7 | 117.6 129.2 |
| Primary zinc | 3333 3334 | 14.1 | 16.7 12.3 | 6.9 4.5 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 6.9 6.9 | 172.5 91.9 | 181.4 98.0 |
| Primary nonferrous metals, n.e.c | 3339 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 5.0 | 5.4 5.7 | 6.8 8.2 | 7.6 | 75.6 | 95.6 |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | 334 | 26.2 | 24.8 | 11.6 | 12.6 | 14.5 | 12.2 | 178.1 | 185.5 |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing | 335 | 13.6 | 15.0 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 98.8 | 114.2 |
| Copper rolling and drawing | 3351 3353 | 16.9 | 18.7 11.3 | 6.7 4.3 | 8.5 4.3 | 10.2 | 10.2 6.9 | 120.9 70.6 | 144.4 69.0 |
| Aluminum extruded products | 3354 | 14.3 | 17.0 | 6.1 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 115.0 | 150.1 |
| Aluminum rolling and drawing, n.e.c Nonferrous rolling and drawing, n.e.c | 3355 3356 | 10.3 12.4 | 10.9 14.4 | 3.6 4.3 | 4.9 5.3 | 8.1 | 6.0 9.1 | 62.6 76.0 | 85.7 91.5 |
| Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating | 3357 | 13.6 | 14.8 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 102.7 | 115.0 |
| Nonferrous foundries | 336 | 22.0 | 22.4 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 157.5 | 155.0 |
| Aluminum foundries | 3361 3362 | 22.2 | 22.3 25.2 | 10.6 10.4 | 11.3 11.5 | 11.6 12.8 | 11.0 13.7 | 166.8 150.7 | 145.8 162.4 |
| Nonferrous foundries, n.e.c | 3369 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 9.1 | 9,9 | 11.3 | 10.3 | 141.8 | 169.3 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal products | 339 3398 | 20.0 21.2 | 21.1 23.2 | 9.0 9.6 | 10.4 11.4 | 11.0 11.6 | 10.7 11.8 | 152.9 136.5 | 137.8 144.7 |
| Metal heat treating Primary metal products, n.e.c | 3399 | 18.6 | 18.5 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 172.9 | 129.4 |
| abricated metal products | 34 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 106.3 | 110.0 |
| Metal cans and shipping containers Hetal cans | 341 3411 | 18.2 17.5 | 18.0 17.2 | 6.4 | 7.1 6.9 | 11.8 11.4 | 10.9 10.3 | 113.1 105.9 | 111.6 107.7 |
| Metal barrels, drums, and pails | 3412 | 21.7 | 22.2 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 149.5 | 130.1 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware | 342 | 15.1 12.3 | 17.0 14.0 | 5.7 3.9 | 7.0 4.8 | 9.4 8.4 | 10.0 9.2 | 87.7 60.8 | 102.4 68.5 |
| Cutlery | J421 | | | | | | | | |
| Cutlery Hand and edge tools, n.e.c Hand saws and saw blades | 3421 3423 3425 | 18.0 18.4 | 20.3 18.8 | 6.6 | 8.1 6.9 | 11.3 | 12.2 11.9 | 95.5 85.0 | 116.7 89.3 |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| · · | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | 1 | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | etal es <u>5</u> / | wor | st kday ses | cas with lo | | | ost kdays |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Plumbing and heating, except electric | 343 | 19.6 | 18.7 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 12.3 | 11.2 | 107.3 | 105. |
| Metal sanitary ware | 3431 3432 3433 | 21.9 14.4 23.1 | 21.9 13.4 22.0 | 8.4 6.0 7.9 | 7.2 6.2 8.6 | 13.4 8.4 15.1 | 14.7 7.2 13.4 | 107.6 90.1 121.1 | 96. 88. 122. |
| Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal | 344 3441 | 22.0 24.9 | 22.2 25.2 | 8.4 10.6 | 9.2 11.9 | 13.6 14.3 | 12.9 13.3 | 126.2 159.1 | 126. 175. |
| Metal doors, sash, and trim | 3442 | 23.7 | 21.9 | 8.5 | 8.1 | 15.2 | 13.8 | 119.1 | 105. |
| Fabricated plate workSheet-metal work | 3443 3444 | 18.8 23.2 | 19.5 23.7 | 7.3 8.5 | 8.1 9.2 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 108.6 | 107. 121. |
| Architectural metal workPrefabricated metal buildings | 3446 3448 | 21.9 | 21.0 | 7.3 7.5 | 9.0 8.1 | 14.6 12.4 | 12.0 12.9 | 106.9 105.8 | 122. |
| Miscellaneous metal work | 3449 | 20.7 | 22.8 | 8.3 | 9.6 | 12.4 | 13.2 | 129.5 | 132. 143. |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc Screw machine products Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers | 345 3451 3452 | 15.7 14.9 16.4 | 16.3 16.0 16.5 | 5.2 4.8 5.6 | 6.0 5.4 6.5 | 10.5 10.1 10.8 | 10.3 10.6 10.0 | 81.8 71.2 91.0 | 79. 67. 89. |
| Metal forgings and stampings | 346 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 111.5 | 111 |
| Iron and steel forgings | 3462 | 27.5 | 24.3 | 12.7 | 11.9 | 14.8 | 12.4 | 205.4 | 189. |
| Nonferrous forgings | 3463 3465 | 11.2 13.0 | 13.9 | 4.3 | 6.9 5.5 | 6.9 8.0 | 6.9 7.2 | 72.3 71.6 | 141. 71. |
| Crowns and closures | 3466 3469 | 14.2 19.4 | 14.4 20.4 | 6.9 6.8 | 7.1 7.8 | 7.3 12.5 | 7.3 12.6 | 163.1 111.6 | 123 114 |
| Metal services, n.e.c | 347 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 95.5 | 102. |
| Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services | 3471 3479 | 15.4 19.6 | 16.6 18.6 | 6.5 | 7.4 7.7 | 8.8 11.9 | 9.1 10.9 | 88.1 112.1 | 90. |
| Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c | 348 3482 | 7.7 4.8 | 8.4 4.7 | 3.0 1.8 | 3,5 1.8 | 4.7 3.0 | 4.9 2.9 | 48.6 36.2 | 52. 29. |
| arms, n.e.c | 3483 3484 | 7.8 7.7 | 8.8 8.9 | 2.7 3.6 | 3.4 4.2 | 5.1 4.1 | 5.4 4.7 | 49.4 50.3 | 54. 63. |
| Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c | 3489 349 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 59.6 | 59 |
| Miscelianeous fabricated metal products Steel springs, except wire | 3493 | 19.2 29.8 | 18.9 28.6 | 7.1 | 7.9 13.5 | 12.1 16.3 | 10.9 15.1 | 101.6 178.9 | 111 188 |
| Valves and pipe fittings | 3494 3495 | 17.8 17.7 | 17.6 16.1 | 6.6 5.5 | 7.2 6.1 | 11.2 12.2 | 10.4 10.0 | 89.3 90.6 | 96 103 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated wire products | 3496 | 20.7 | 20.3 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 129.7 | 120 |
| Metal foil and leaf | 3497 3498 | 19.1 20.4 | 19.8 20.4 | 7.3 | 8.0 8.7 | 11.8 13.0 | 11.8 | 121.6 101.8 | 106 131 |
| Fabricated metal products, n.e.c | 3499 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 6.4 | 7.8 | 11.7 | 10.5 | 85.8 | 107 |
| chinery, except electrical | 35 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 67.4 | 72 |
| Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets Internal combustion engines, n.e.c | 351 3511 3519 | 9.7 12.2 | 11.7 9.0 13.0 | 3.9 3.4 4.2 | 4.8 3.0 5.7 | 7.4 6.3 8.1 | 6.9 5.9 7.3 | 62.0 49.9 69.0 | 79. 47. 96. |
| Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment Lawn and garden equipment | 352 3523 3524 | 17.3 17.4 16.5 | 17.8 17.2 22.4 | 6.4 6.5 5.4 | 6.7 6.6 7.5 | 10.9 10.9 11.1 | 11.0 10.6 14.8 | 85.8 87.8 69.3 | 86 . 85 . 96 . |
| Construction and related machinery | 353 | 16.6 | 18.1 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 10.1 | 10.4 | 95.4 | 104. |
| Construction machinery | 3531 3532 | 15.9 19.8 | 16.7 21.3 | 6.2 7.4 | 7.3 7.8 | 9.7 12.4 | 9.4 13.5 | 89.1 107.9 | 94. 115 |
| Oil field machinery Elevators and moving stairways | 3533 3534 | 16.1 15.2 | 19.3 13.0 | 6.9 5.0 | 8.6 4.1 | 9.2 10.2 | 10.7 8.9 | 104.4 92.9 | 121 58 |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment | 3535 | 18.2 | 21.4 | 6.6 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 77.1 | 117 |
| Hoists, cranes, and monorails Industrial trucks and tractors | 3536 3537 | 20.2 15.4 | 17.5 17.7 | 7.4 5.9 | 7.0 7.7 | 12.7 9.5 | 10.5 | 127.8 90.7 | 109. 101. |
| Metalworking machinery | 354 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 60.6 | 64 |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types Machine tools, metal forming types | 3541 3542 | 13.2 14.6 | 12.7 16.5 | 3.9 4.5 | 4.4 5.8 | 9.3 10.1 | 8.3 10.6 | 66.8 59.7 | 67. 78. |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures. | 3544 | 13.6 | 14.2 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 59.5 | 62 |
| Machine tool accessories Power driven hand tools | 3545 3546 | 13.0 | 12.6 12.3 | 3.9 | 4.2 3.7 | 9.1 9.5 | 8.4 8.6 | 57.6 47.1 | 53 62 |
| Rolling mill machinery | 3547 3549 | 13.3 | 16.3 14.7 | 4.0 | 5.4 4.3 | 9.3 | 10.8 | 92.5 | 100 |
| Special industry machinery | 355 | 14.9 | 15.6 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 71.8 | 78. |
| Food products machinery Textile machinery | 3551 3552 | 15.5 11.6 | 19.0 11.9 | 5.3 3.6 | 6.4 4.0 | 10.2 8.0 | 12.6 7.9 | 80.5 60.3 | 99 65 |
| Woodworking machinery | 3553 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 84.2 | 83 |
| Paper industries machinery Printing trades machinery | 3554 3555 | 17.7 13.2 | 17.8 10.9 | 5.2 4.0 | 6.0 3.8 | 12.5 9.2 | 11.8 7.1 | 86.2 58.7 | 81. 59 |
| Special industry machinery, n.e.c | 3559 | 15.9 | 16.9 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 70.9 | 78 |
| General industrial machinery | 356 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 71.7 | 75. |
| Pumps and pumping equipment Ball and roller bearings | 3561 3562 | 17.0 9.9 | 15.3 10.0 | 6.3 3.7 | 6.2 3.5 | 10.7 6.2 | 9.1 6.5 | 84.5 55.8 | 86. 55 |
| Air and gas compressors | 3563 3564 | 12.8 17.4 | 12.6 17.8 | 4.1 5.6 | 4.5 6.6 | 8.7 11.8 | 8.1 11.2 | 75.0 77.5 | 71 87 |
| Industrial patterns | 3565 | 13.1 | 12.1 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 9.9 | 8.7 | 45.1 | 33 |
| Speed changers, drives, and gears Industrial furnaces and ovens | 3566 3567 | 18.4 | 18.9 18.3 | 5.6 5.1 | 6.6 6.1 | 12.8 12.3 | 12.3 | 83.3 79.1 | 88 84 |
| Power transmission equipment, n.e.c General industrial machinery, n.e.c | 3568 3569 | 13.8 14.6 | 15.3 14.7 | 5.1 | 5.9 5.4 | 8.7 10.0 | 9.3 | 74.9 61.9 | 87 73 |
| Office and computing machines Electronic computing equipment | 357 3573 | 4.5 | 4.6 4.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 25.5 22.2 | 25 22 |
| Calculating and accounting machines | 3574 3576 | 12.8 | 4.1 10.7 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 9,8 | 2.6 | 49.9 | 23 47 |
| Scales and balances, except laboratory | | | | | | | | | |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | Ì | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | <u>/</u> | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Industry 2/ | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | otal ses <u>5</u> / | wor | ost kday ises | cas with lo | | | ost kdays |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Refrigeration and service machinery | 358 | 15.6 | 16.5 | 5.0 | 6.2 8.6 | 10.6 | 10.3 15.8 | 73.4 81.2 | 82.9 |
| Automatic merchandising machines Commercial laundry equipment | 3581 3582 | 21.1 19.0 | 24.4 | 6.6 5.1 | 6.6 | 14.5 13.9 | 15.8 | 78.4 | 94.1 88.0 |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment Measuring and dispensing pumps | 3585 3586 | 14.7 18.7 | 15.4 17.8 | 4.9 5.9 | 6.0 | 9.8 12.8 | 9.4 11.4 | 72.4 105.6 | 81.3 93.3 |
| Service industry machinery, n.e.c | 3589 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 11.6 | 11.3 | 68.3 | 83.2 |
| Miscellaneous machinery, except | | | | | | | | | |
| electrical Carburetors, pistons, rings, valves | 359 3592 | 15.1 13.0 | 15.5 10.3 | 5.0 5.1 | 5.8 4.7 | 10.1 7.9 | 9.7 5.6 | 68.4 74.9 | 74.2 66.4 |
| Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c | 3599 | 15.4 | 16.4 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 67.3 | 75.6 |
| Slectric and electronic equipment | 36 | 8.0 | 8.1 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 42.9 | 46.5 |
| Electric distributing equipment | 361 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 50.1 | 55.7 |
| Transformers Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | 3612 3613 | 12.6 9.7 | 12.0 9.8 | 4.1 2.9 | 4.4 3.4 | 8.4 6.8 | 7.6 6.4 | 59.7 42.0 | 63.4 48.1 |
| Electrical industrial apparatus | 362 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 55.7 | 61. |
| Motors and generators | 3621 3622 | 10.3 | 10.4 7.9 | 3.6 | 4.2 2.7 | 6.7 5.5 | 6.2 5.2 | 63.0 39.9 | 71.: 41. |
| Industrial controls Welding apparatus, electric | 3623 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 62.1 | 67. |
| Carbon and graphite products Electrical industrial apparatus, n.e.c | 3624 3629 | 7.6 8.5 | 7.4 7.4 | 3.4 | 3.7 2.5 | 4.2 6.0 | 3.7 4.9 | 70.4 33.8 | 77. 38. |
| | | l | | 4.0 | 4.2 | 8.6 | | 55.5 | |
| Household appliances | 363 3631 | 12.7 18.8 | 11.8 16.8 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 12.4 | 7.5 10.1 | 99.7 | 64. 108. |
| Household refrigerators and freezers | 3632 3633 | 9,3 | 8.4 | 2.7 3.6 | 3.1 2.9 | 6.6 8.6 | 5.3 8.0 | 37.5 37.5 | 40. 47. |
| Household laundry equipment Electric housewares and fans | 3634 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 8.2 | 7.0 | 44.1 | 51. |
| Household vacuum cleaners Sewing machines | 3635 3636 | 10.9 | 7.9 7.9 | 3.0 1.9 | 3.6 1.6 | 3.8 9.0 | 4.2 6.2 | 59.7 42.9 | 80. 27. |
| Electic lighting and wiring equipment | 364 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 59.4 | 65. |
| Electric lamps | 3641 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 29.8 | 35. |
| Current-carrying wiring devices Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices | 3643 3644 | 9.5 19.1 | 9.3 20.6 | 3.0 8.2 | 3.2 8.4 | 6.5 10.9 | 6.1 12.2 | 51.3 118.9 | 56. 125. |
| Residential lighting fixtures | 3645 3646 | 13.3 18.9 | 13.4 20.5 | 4.1 5.9 | 5.2 7.6 | 9.2 13.0 | 8.2 12.9 | 67.2 102.9 | 63. 127. |
| Commercial lighting fixtures Vehicular lighting equipment | 3647 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 32.5 | 46. |
| Lighting equipment, n.e.c | 3648 | - | 13.0 | - | 5.2 | - | 7.8 | - | 70. |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment Radio and TV receiving sets Phonograph records | 365 3651 3652 | 8.3 8.5 7.3 | 8.5 8.4 8.8 | 2.9 2.8 3.3 | 3.3 3.0 4.1 | 5.3 5.7 4.0 | 5.2 5.3 4.7 | 43.2 41.3 50.4 | 49. 47. 56. |
| Communication equipment | 366 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 27.2 | 30. |
| Telephone and telegraph apparatus Radio and TV communication equipment | 3661 3662 | 5.2 3.9 | 5.4 4.3 | 2.2 1.4 | 2.4 1.6 | 3.0 2.5 | 3.0 2.7 | 36.5 23.1 | 47 . 22 . |
| Electronic components and accessories | 367 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 32.6 | 31. |
| Electron tubes, receiving type Cathode ray television picture tubes | 3671 3672 | 2.6 8.5 | 3.8 10.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 4.2 | 2.5 4.1 | 24.2 85.4 | 23. 91. |
| Electron tubes, transmitting | 3673 3674 | 7.4 4.5 | 6.9 5.5 | 2.0 1.7 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 4.8 3.5 | 28.2 27.8 | 35. 25. |
| Semiconductors and related devices Electronic capacitors | 3675 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.8 3.9 | 3.6 | 34.4 | 23. |
| Electronic resistors Electronic coils and transformers | 3676 3677 | 8.8 10.2 | 8.0 9.1 | 3.0 2.8 | 2.8 | 5.8 7.4 | 5.2 6.3 | 51.4 27.3 | 40. 29. |
| Electronic components, n.e.c | 3679 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 31.3 | 33. |
| Miscellaneous electrical equipment and | 260 | | | 2.7 | ١,, | | | 56.0 | |
| Storage batteries | 369 3691 | 9.0 18.2 | 8.8 16.5 | 3.7 8.8 | 3.8 9.1 | 5.3 9.4 | 5.0 7.3 | 56.0 140.0 | 56. 149. |
| Primary batteries, dry and wet X-ray apparatus and tubes | 3692 3693 | 5.3 | 5.9 5.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3,6 | 4.3 3.6 | 23.0 | 25 . 22 . |
| Engine electrical equipment Electrical equipment and | 3694 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 43.6 | 40. |
| supplies, n.e.c | 3699 | 8.2 | 13.7 | 3,3 | 5,9 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 48.0 | 67. |
| ransportation equipment | 37 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 76.1 | 74. |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 66.1 | 69. |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies Truck and bus bodies | 3711 3713 | 8.9 25.1 | 7.7 28.6 | 3.9 9.5 | 3.8 11.5 | 5.0 15.5 | 3.9 17.0 | 50.5 137.8 | 47. 128. |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories Truck trailers | 3714 3715 | 10.7 | 10.8 26.0 | 4.5 | 4.9 11.5 | 6.2 16.2 | 5.9 14.4 | 69.0 160.3 | 77. 171. |
| | | | ł | | | 1 | | | |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 3721 | 5.7 4.4 | 6.2 4.6 | 2.1 1.6 | 2.4 1.8 | 3.6 2.8 | 3.8 2.8 | 34.1 28.4 | 36. 30. |
| Aircraft engines and engine parts Aircraft equipment, n.e.c | 3724 3728 | 5.9 9.5 | 6.8 10.6 | 3.2 | 3.0 3.6 | 3.4 6.3 | 3.8 7.0 | 37.9 46.7 | 42. 47. |
| Ship and boat building and repairing | 373 | 21.2 | 19.8 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 9,3 | 199.0 | 192. |
| Ship building and repairing | 3731 | 20.2 | 19.2 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 214.4 | 208. |
| Boat building and repairing | 3732 | 25.0 | 21.9 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 15.5 | 12.1 | 141.3 | 133. |
| Railroad equipment Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 374 375 | 19.1 15.0 | 19.2 15.7 | 7.6 4.7 | 9.0 5.6 | 11.5 10.3 | 10.2 10.1 | 159.4 73.1 | 142. 68. |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and | 376 | , . | 4.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 19.7 | 22. |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles | 3761 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 19.1 | 19. |
| Space propulsion units and parts Space vehicle equipment, n.e.c | 3764 3769 | 4.6 | 6.9 | 1.4 | 2.4 1.7 | 3.2 | 4.5 2.8 | 24.4 | 35. 23. |
| | 379 | 25.2 | ļ | 9,9 | 1 | 15.3 | | 127.9 | |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment Travel trailers and campers | 3792 | 25.2 27.8 | 23.3 | 10.4 | 9.5 10.8 | 15.3 17.4 | 13.8 17.1 | 139.0 | 101. 110. |
| Tanks and tank components | 3795 | 13.6 | 8.9 19.7 | 6.1 11.2 | 4.3 9.4 | 7.5 | 4.6 10.3 | 69.5 129.6 | 46. 117. |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | / | |
|--|--------------|--------------|------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code | | etal ses <u>5</u> / | Lo. wor | | Nonf cas with lo work | atal es out st | Lo | st days |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 34.8 | 34.0 |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 30.7 | 26.5 |
| Measuring and controlling devices | 382 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 38.3 | 36.8 |
| Environmental controls Process control instruments | 3822 3823 | 8.0 7.0 | 9.1 6.1 | 2.9 2.3 | 3.6 | 5.1 4.7 | 5.5 3.7 | 53.3 38.4 | 60.5 32.0 |
| Fluid meters and counting devices | 3824 | 10.7 | 11.8 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 50.9 | 53.3 |
| Instruments to measure electricity Measuring and controlling | 3825 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 28.5 | 24.0 |
| devices, n.e.c | 3829 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 30.1 | 29.4 |
| Optical instruments and lenses | 383 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 44.3 | 35.0 |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 34.1 | 37.5 |
| Surgical and medical instruments | 3841 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 27.4 | 36.8 |
| Surgical appliances and supplies Dental equipment and supplies | 3842 3843 | 7.1 8.8 | 9.9 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 6.2 | 4.1 6.4 | 38.7 37.3 | 36.1 44.9 |
| Ophthalmic goods | 385 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 31.3 | 34.3 |
| Photographic equipment and supplies | 386 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 32.2 | 30.0 |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases | 387 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 30.6 | 31.8 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 39 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 56.0 | 63.0 |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware | 391 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 30.7 | 40.0 |
| Jewelry, precious metal Silverware and plated ware | 3911 3914 | 4.1 9.3 | 4.6 9.9 | 1.3 4.8 | 1.5 | 2.8 4.5 | 3.1 4.9 | 14.9 83.5 | 23.9 86.3 |
| Jewelers' materials and lapidary work | 3915 | - | 6.2 | - | 2.3 | - | 3.8 | | 46.3 |
| Musical instruments | 393 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 8.3 | 9.2 | 70.9 | 51.3 |
| Toys and sporting goods | 394 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 65.5 | 74.4 |
| Dolls | 3942 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 44.1 | 28.7 |
| Games, toys, and children's vehicles Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c | 3944 3949 | 12.4 13.9 | 13.7 13.2 | 4.9 | 5.4 5.1 | 7.5 9.2 | 8.3 8.1 | 74.7 61.0 | 80.7 74.8 |
| Pens, pencils, office and art supplies | 395 | 9.9 | 11.6 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 55.3 | 55.5 |
| Pens and mechanical pencils | 3951 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 41.4 | 43.3 |
| Lead pencils and art goods Marking devices | 3952 3953 | 13.8 | 15.3 | 5.5 2.2 | 3.3 | 8.3 4.7 | 8.9 5.9 | 69.0 31.7 | 69.5 42.0 |
| Carbon paper and inked ribbons | 3955 | 13.3 | 15.0 | 5.7 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 101.3 | 80.9 |
| Costume jewelry and notions | 396 | 7.7 | 7.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 38.1 | 43.6 |
| Costume jewelry Artificial flowers | 3961 3962 | 5.9 | 5.3 11.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 3.1 7.5 | 31.5 | 31.0 50.8 |
| Buttons Needles, pins, and fasteners | 3963 3964 | 7.4 10.1 | 7.6 10.5 | 2.3 3.0 | 2.9 4.1 | 5.1 7.1 | 4.7 6.4 | 29.8 49.2 | 43.7 60.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 399 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 8.6 | | 64.4 | 75.9 |
| Brooms and brushes | 3991 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 8.7 | 8.2 7.4 | 85.1 | 91.9 |
| Signs and advertising displays | 3993 3995 | 14.0 15.8 | 14.3 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 64.1 | 78.4 |
| Burial caskets Hard surface floor coverings | 3996 | 11.5 | 16.7 10.4 | 4.5 5.1 | 5.5 | 11.3 | 11.2 5.0 | 74.3 66.1 | 63.1 116.3 |
| Manufacturing industries, n.e.c | 3999 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 54.7 | 63.6 |
| Nondurable goods | | 11.3 | 11.4 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 73.5 | 76.3 |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 125.0 | 128.4 |
| Meat products | 201 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 14.9 | 14.2 | 156.4 | 156.9 |
| Meatpacking plants Sausages and other prepared meats | 2011 | 31.5 | 30.6 24.3 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 17.0 13.8 | 15.8 13.4 | 183.8 143.1 | 185.2 153.2 |
| Poultry dressing plants | 2016 | 20.4 | 21.2 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 120.0 | 115.2 |
| Poultry and egg processing | 2017 | 19.4 | 21.7 | 7.7 | 9.0 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 112.1 | 111.8 |
| Dairy products Creamery butter | 202 2021 | 14.8 | 15.6 14.2 | 6.4 | 7.2 5.6 | 8.4 | 8.4 8.6 | 113.0 | 113.4 79.4 |
| Cheese, natural and processed | 2022 | 13.3 | 15.7 | 5.7 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 85.2 | 110.3 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk Ice cream and frozen desserts | 2023 2024 | 12.0 16.6 | 12.9 15.4 | 5.3 7.1 | 6.0 7.3 | 6.7 9.5 | 6.9 8.0 | 92.7 119.7 | 80.7 106.6 |
| Fluid milk | 2026 | 15.2 | 15.9 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 120.9 | 119.5 |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables | 203 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 118.5 | 122.3 |
| Canned specialties | 2032 2033 | 12.3 17.1 | 11.3 | 5.2 6.9 | 5.3 8.3 | 7.1 10.2 | 10.2 | 98.0 110.8 | 89.3 121.4 |
| Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, soups Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings | 2034 2035 | 17.1 16.7 | 16.6 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 8.8 9.0 | 7.6 | 133.9 110.1 | 135.7 |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables | 2037 | 19.2 | 15.3 18.2 | 7.7 8.7 | 6.6 9.3 | 10.4 | 8.7 8.9 | 158.1 | 142.5 146.5 |
| Frozen specialties | 2038 | 13.5 | 12.9 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 99.6 | 98.1 |
| Grain mill products | 204 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 112.4 | 124.6 |
| Flour and other grain mill products Cereal breakfast foods | 2041 | 15.0 16.0 | 15.0 14.9 | 6.8 | 7.1 6.9 | 8.2 9.1 | 7.9 8.0 | 124.9 142.3 | 125.4 175.6 |
| Rice milling | 2044 2045 | 17.7 | 17.5 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 164.6 | 213.8 |
| Blended and prepared flour Wet corn milling | 2045 | 14.7 10.2 | 12.5 10.1 | 6.7 5.4 | 6.3 4.0 | 7.9 4.8 | 6.2 | 125.0 85.4 | 93.8 71.0 |
| Dog, cat, and other pet food Prepared feeds, n.e.c | 2047 2048 | 17.1 13.8 | 17.0 14.9 | 7.1 5.8 | 8.1 | 10.0 8.0 | 8.9 | 124.0 | 165.1 107.3 |
| | | | | | | | 8.1 | 94.2 | İ |
| Bakery products Bread, cake, and related products | 205 2051 | 14.0 14.2 | 13.7 13.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 7.7 7.8 | 7.3 7.3 | 112.7 111.8 | 118.2 114.9 |
| Cookies and crackers | 2052 | 13.0 | 13.8 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 117.3 | 134.0 |
| | L | <u> </u> | ıı | L., | 1 | L | L | | |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | <u>.</u> / | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | otal ses <u>5</u> / | WOI | ost rkday ises | cas with lo | | | ost kdays |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Sugar and confectionery products | 206 2061 | 14.5 19.6 | 14.5 25.0 | 6.5 8.6 | 7.0 11.5 | 8.0 10.9 | 7.5 13.5 | 102.9 127.9 | 102. 133. |
| Cane sugar refining | 2062 2063 | 12.7 | 11.7 21.3 | 5.5 10.5 | 6.7 12.0 | 7.2 9.4 | 5.0 9.2 | 107.5 129.4 | 163. 121. |
| Confectionery products | 2065 2066 2067 | 13.2 10.6 15.4 | 12.9 10.6 10.6 | 5.8 3.9 6.1 | 5.8 4.0 5.6 | 7.4 6.7 9.3 | 7.1 6.6 5.0 | 92.9 74.2 125.4 | 87. 60. 112. |
| Fats and oils | 207 2074 | 21.3 19.8 | 19.8 17.8 | 8.9 8.4 | 9.0 7.9 | 12.4 11.3 | 10.8 9.9 | 137.5 159.7 | 143. 164. |
| Soybean oil mills | 2075 | 17.1 | 16.2 | 6.6 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 8.5 | 129.3 | 125 |
| Vegetable oil mills, n.e.c | 2076 2077 2079 | 15.5 24.1 22.9 | 12.8 26.1 17.9 | 6.6 11.4 | 4.9 12.6 7.4 | 8.8 12.7 | 7.8 13.5 | 122.3 162.8 104.8 | 83. 177. |
| Shortening and cooking oils | 208 | 22.5 | 22.8 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 14.3 | 10.5 | 128.3 | 114. |
| Malt beverages | 2082 2083 | 18.9 | 19.0 26.8 | 6.0 | 6.6 16.6 | 12.9 | 12.3 10.2 | 116.5 | 122. 248. |
| Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits | 2084 | 18.3 | 22.4 | 9.3 | 11.9 | 9.0 | 10.5 | 106.2 | 151. |
| Distilled liquor, except brandy Bottled and canned soft drinks | 2085 2086 | 15.7 26.4 | 15.8 26.3 | 6.1 11.5 | 7.5 11.8 | 9.6 | 8.2 14.5 | 116.4 142.9 | 122. 140. |
| Flavoring extracts and syrups, n.e.c | 2087 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 47.0 | 52. |
| Miscellaneous foods and kindred products Canned and cured seafoods | 209 2091 | 16.0 18.9 | 15,6 20,6 | 7.3 | 7.3 9.5 | 8.7 11.0 | 8.3 11.1 | 115.8 120.4 | 116. 156. |
| Fresh or frozen packaged fish | 2092 2098 | 19.6 16.7 | 18.5 17.2 | 8.9 6.9 | 9.3 9.2 | 10.7 9.8 | 9.2 8.0 | 107.1 163.0 | 140. 162. |
| Macaroni and spaghetti | 2099 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 106.2 | 100 |
| Cobacco manufactures | 21 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 66.0 | 57 |
| Cigarettes | 211 212 | 7.3 8.6 | 7.6 6.7 | 3.8 2.6 | 4.1 2.6 | 3.5 6.0 | 3.5 4.1 | 73.5 42.1 | 58. 41. |
| Chewing and smoking tobacco | 213 214 | 11.9 14.8 | 11.6 13.5 | 3.1 4.9 | 3.2 5.0 | 8.8 9.9 | 8.4 | 54.3 | 48 68 |
| extile mill products | 22 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 56.4 | 60. |
| Weaving mills, cotton | 221 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 1 | 1.9 | - | 5.7 | | 48. |
| Weaving mills, synthetics | 222 223 224 | 12.6 10.5 | 7.5 14.4 10.7 | 1.9 5.4 3.3 | 2.2 6.4 4.1 | 6.0 7.2 7.2 | 5.3 8.0 6.6 | 44.6 95.4 57.4 | 44. 111. 61. |
| Knitting mills | 225 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 39.2 | 45. |
| Women's hosiery, except socks Hosiery, n.e.c | 2251 2252 | 4.3 5.2 | 4.9 5.6 | 1.6 2.0 | 1.9 2.3 | 2.7 3.2 | 3.0 3.3 | 21.0 24.5 | 31. 34. |
| Knit outerwear mills | 2253 2254 | 6.4 8.6 | 7.4 9.2 | 2.1 3.0 | 2.5 3.5 | 4.3 5.6 | 4.8 5.7 | 33.1 34.8 | 35. 48. |
| Circular knit fabric mills | 2257 2258 | 11.1 10.1 | 11.9 12.0 | 4.0 2.6 | 4.4 3.5 | 7.1 7.5 | 7.5 8.4 | 70.4 44.3 | 70. 60. |
| Knitting mills, n.e.c | 2259 | 12.6 | 13.8 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 90.5 | 63. |
| Textile finishing, except wool | 226 2261 | 12.6 | 12.7 10.8 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 77.9 | 90. |
| Finishing plants, cotton | 2262 2269 | 11.5 13.8 12.9 | 13.5 15.2 | 4.1 4.9 4.0 | 4.3 5.1 5.1 | 7.4 8.8 8.9 | 6.4 8.4 10.1 | 81.4 76.6 73.2 | 84. 94. 96. |
| Floor covering mills | 227 | 12.4 | 13.7 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 75.3 | 73. |
| Woven carpets and rugs Tufted carpets and rugs | 2271 2272 | 11.9 12.7 | 9.8 | 2.8 3.5 | 3.4 4.3 | 9.1 9.2 | 6.4 10.2 | 56.1 79.9 | 65. 75. |
| Carpets and rugs, n.e.c | 2279 | - | 8.3 | - | 4.7 | 7.2 | 3.6 | 77.5 | 62. |
| Yarn and thread millsYarn mills, except wool | 228 2281 | 11.8 12.0 | 11.5 11.7 | 2.8 2.6 | 3.2 3.0 | 9.0 9.4 | 8.3 8.7 | 55.7 57.5 | 61. 61. |
| Throwing and winding mills | 2282 2283 | 10.9 | 10.8 14.8 | 4.9 | 3.3 5.4 | 8.2 8.1 | 7.5 9.4 | 41.8 83.1 | 48. 101. |
| Thread mills | 2284 | 13.9 | 7.6 | 5,5 | 2.3 6.2 | - | 5.3 | - | 44. |
| Miscellaneous textile goods | 2291 | 18.2 | 22.4 | 7.0 | 10.5 | 8.3 11.2 | 8.4 11.9 | 104.0 135.9 | 102. 162. |
| Lace goods Paddings and upholstery filling | 2292 2293 | 18.6 | 10.8 18.3 | 8.7 | 3.0 9.8 | 9.9 | 7.8 8.4 | 152.1 | 54. 174. |
| Processed textile waste | 2294 2295 | 12.9 14.8 | 16.1 15.5 | 5.8 6.6 | 6.5 6.4 | 7.1 8.2 | 9.6 9.1 | 84.0 134.4 | 89. 123. |
| Tire cord and fabric | 2296 2297 | 15.8 | 6.7 13.8 | 5.6 | 2.8 5.3 | 10.2 | 3.8 8.5 | 114.9 | 67. 92. |
| Cordage and twine Textile goods, n.e.c | 2298 2299 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 89.5 | 86. 62. |
| pparel and other textile products | 23 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 30.7 | 31. |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats | 231 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 35.1 | 36. |
| Men's and boys' furnishings | 232 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 38.5 | 39. |
| Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear Men's and boys' underwear | 2321 2322 | 5.9 7.2 | 5.7 7.9 | 2.3 | 2.0 2.7 | 4.2 4.9 | 3.7 5.2 | 23.6 35.8 | 26. 41. |
| Men's and boys' neckwear Men's and boys' separate trousers | 2323 2327 | 2.9 7.4 | 3.3 6.8 | 2.4 | .9 2.5 | 2.2 5.0 | 2.4 4.3 | 14.7 35.9 | 13. 36. |
| Men's and boys' work clothing Men's and boys' clothing, n.e.c | 2328 2329 | 11.4 | 10.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 2.4 | 7.6 5.9 | 6.3 5.6 | 63.9 29.9 | 59. 36. |
| Women's and misses' outerwear | 233 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 20.6 | 16. |
| Women's and misses' blouses and waists Women's and misses' dresses | 2331 2335 | 4.1 3.2 | 4.6 3.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 .9 | 3.1 2.3 | 3.6 2.4 | 18.1 11.2 | 13. 10. |
| Women's and misses' suits and coats | 2337 | 1 - | 4.5 | 1 1 | 1.3 | _ | 3.2 | | 18. |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | , | - |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Industry <u>2</u> / | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | etal es <u>5</u> / | | st kday ses | cas with lo | | | ost days |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Women's and children's undergarments Women's and children's underweat Brassieres and allied garments | 234 2341 2342 | 5.7 6.0 4.6 | 6.0 6.1 5.4 | 1.5 1.6 1.2 | 1.7 1.7 1.7 | 4.2 4.4 3.4 | 4.3 4.4 3.7 | 21.2 21.7 19.4 | 30.0 30.1 29.3 |
| Hats, caps, and millinery | 235 2351 | 6.5 | 7.3 4.4 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 3.5 | 30.5 | 31.4 10.3 |
| Children's outerwear | 236 2361 2369 | 5.7 5.6 5.9 | 5.1 4.3 5.2 | 1.6 1.3 1.8 | 1.8 1.2 2.0 | 4.1 4.3 4.0 | 3.3 3.1 3.2 | 22.9 16.1 29.1 | 28.6 20.0 31.9 |
| Hiscellaneous apparel and accessories Fabric dress and work gloves Robes and dressing gowns Waterproof outergarments Leather and sheep lined Clothing Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, n.e.c | 238 2381 2384 2385 2386 2387 2389 | 5.9 6.1 5.5 6.0 - 7.3 4.5 | 6.3 5.2 5.7 6.9 5.6 8.1 6.5 | 2.0 2.3 1.9 1.8 - 2.0 1.4 | 2.1 2.2 1.5 1.9 2.5 2.5 2.4 | 3.9 3.7 3.6 4.2 - 5.3 3.1 | 4.2 3.0 4.2 5.0 3.1 5.6 4.1 | 31.4 42.5 32.3 28.9 - 29.0 23.3 | 31.1 37.2 24.3 33.4 35.3 30.7 22.8 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. Curtains and draperies. House furnishings, n.e.c. Textile bags. Canvas and related products. Pleating and stitching. Automotive and apparel trimmings Schiffil machine embroideries. Fabricated textile products, n.e.c. | 239 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2399 | 8.4 6.9 7.7 13.6 10.6 4.6 6.8 9.0 9.3 | 8.6 8.4 9.6 11.6 10.6 6.1 6.3 6.2 9.5 | 2.7 2.2 2.8 4.5 3.9 1.9 2.4 2.7 2.9 | 3.2 3.2 3.5 4.4 3.8 2.5 2.3 2.8 3.3 | 5.7 4.7 6.9 9.1 6.7 2.7 4.4 6.3 6.4 | 5.4 5.2 6.1 7.2 6.8 3.6 4.0 3.4 6.2 | 43.3 38.7 43.6 62.6 42.8 27.3 54.3 32.5 37.0 | 46.7 49.8 45.8 88.8 58.1 35.4 48.8 46.5 |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 99.6 | 101.5 |
| Pulp mills | 261 262 263 | 12.3 10.2 13.2 | 10.5 10.0 12.0 | 3.0 3.9 4.9 | 3.4 4.5 4.8 | 9.2 6.3 8.3 | 7.1 5.5 7.2 | 83.0 103.2 109.5 | 81.5 103.3 105.8 |
| Miscellaneous converted paper products. Paper coating and glazing. Envelopes Bags, except textile bags Die-cut paper and board Pressed and molded pulp goods Sanitary paper products. Stationery products. Converted paper products, n.e.c. | 264 2641 2642 2643 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 | 13.6 12.2 16.5 15.7 12.5 15.9 9.5 16.6 13.8 | 13.8 10.5 16.6 16.0 13.2 17.8 10.0 15.7 16.2 | 5.1 4.4 6.6 5.6 5.2 7.8 3.0 6.3 5.3 | 5.7 4.3 6.6 6.6 6.0 7.4 3.8 6.4 7.1 | 8.5 7.8 9.9 10.1 7.3 8.1 6.4 10.2 8.5 | 8.0 6.2 10.0 9.3 7.2 10.4 6.2 9.3 9.0 | 87.1 72.0 105.2 99.0 68.0 137.0 58.2 105.2 103.6 | 88.7 66.8 100.0 96.9 89.5 136.5 81.3 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes. Folding paperboard boxes. Set-up paperboard boxes. Corrugated and solid fiber boxes. Sanitary food containers. Fiber cans, drums, and similar | 265 2651 2652 2653 2654 | 15.7 14.2 13.3 17.9 11.0 | 16.2 15.4 12.8 18.3 12.2 | 5.8 5.0 5.2 6.6 4.3 | 6.7 6.2 5.1 7.7 5.4 | 9.9 9.1 8.1 11.3 6.7 | 9.5 9.2 7.6 10.6 6.8 | 104.2 88.8 82.1 121.4 80.2 | 96.8 89.2 126.9 |
| products Building paper and board mills | 2655 266 | 16.0 | 15.3 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 10.2 7.6 | 9.4 7.5 | 96.8 | 98.4 |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 40.2 | 104.0 |
| Newspapers | 271 272 | 5.2 2.6 | 5.8 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 1.1 | 2.9 | 3.2 1.7 | 41.4 13.1 | 43. 16. |
| Book publishing | 273 2731 2732 | 7.1 4.6 12.2 | 7.0 4.7 12.1 | 2.5 1.7 4.2 | 2.6 1.9 4.1 | 4.6 2.9 7.9 | 4.4 2.8 8.0 | 33.2 19.8 60.9 | 35.1 23.1 60.0 |
| Miscellaneous publishing | 274 275 2751 2752 2753 2754 | 3.1 8.2 7.3 8.4 7.2 17.0 | 2.6 8.5 7.6 9.0 7.8 15.5 | 3.1 2.9 3.1 2.7 8.5 | 3.5 3.2 3.6 2.7 8.1 | 1.7 5.0 4.4 5.3 4.5 8.5 | 1.4 5.0 4.3 5.4 5.1 7.4 | 21.6 45.8 45.1 42.7 43.5 110.5 | 51.5 49.5 51.5 55.6 92.5 |
| Manifold business forms | 276 277 | 11.2 6.8 | 11.5 6.3 | 4.6 2.5 | 4.9 2.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 3.7 | 68.7 34.6 | 57.3 31.9 |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding Blankbooks and looseleaf binders Bookbinding and related work | 278 2782 2789 | 10.8 10.0 11.9 | 10.7 10.4 11.3 | 4.2 3.9 4.6 | 4.2 4.2 4.0 | 6.6 6.1 7.3 | 6.5 6.1 7.3 | 54.7 47.1 66.0 | 57 • 52 • 57 • 67 • 6 |
| Printing trade services | 279 2791 2793 2794 2795 | 2.7 1.7 4.3 | 2.4 1.6 3.2 5.4 4.2 | .8 .6 1.3 | .9 .6 1.2 1.5 | 1.9 1.1 3.0 | 1.5 1.0 1.9 3.9 2.8 | 13.3 9.0 28.4 - | 13. 10. 14. 17. |
| Chemicals and allied products | 28 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 48.0 | 48. |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals | 281 2812 2816 2819 | 6.2 4.9 10.2 5.8 | 5.8 4.9 9.5 5.5 | 2.4 2.2 4.2 2.2 | 2.4 2.3 4.5 2.1 | 3.8 2.7 6.0 3.6 | 3.3 2.6 5.0 3.4 | 49.9 50.8 89.9 43.7 | 48. 54. 81. 40. |
| Plastics materials and synthetics Plastics materials and resins Synthetic rubber Organic fibers, noncellulosic | 282 2821 2822 2824 | 5.5 8.5 9.3 2.7 | 5.3 7.9 9.9 2.4 | 2.0 3.3 4.3 .8 | 2.2 3.5 4.5 | 3.4 5.2 5.0 1.9 | 3.1 4.4 5.4 1.7 | 35.7 52.0 66.5 20.0 | 34. 51. 60. 17. |

Table 5. Continued—Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 1978¹

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | / | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Industry $2/$ | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | tal es <u>5</u> / | wor | st kday ses | | es | Lost workdays | |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Drugs | 283 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 36.5 | 39. |
| Biological products | 2831 2833 2834 | 5.1 6.9 5.6 | 6.0 6.5 6.1 | 2.2 2.8 2.5 | 2.9 3.7 2.7 | 2.9 4.1 3.1 | 3.0 2.8 3.4 | 37.2 43.5 35.6 | 46.2 57.2 36.4 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Soap and other detergents | 284 2841 | 9.3 | 9.3 8.2 | 3.7 4.1 | 4.3 4.4 | 5.6 5.2 | 4.9 3.8 | 56.1 64.1 | 64. 67. |
| Polishes and sanitation goods | 2842 2843 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 7.3 8.1 | 7.1 | 55.8 | 72.1 78. |
| Surface active agents Toilet preparations | 2844 | 13.6 7.9 | 13.4 7.9 | 5.5 3.2 | 5.8 3.7 | 4.6 | 7.6 4.1 | 61.0 49.4 | 56.1 |
| Paints and allied products | 285 | 12.6 | 13.6 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 69.6 | 77. |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 286 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 41.8 | 39. |
| Gum and wood chemicals | 2861 2865 | 9.9 8.4 | 8.7 | 4.6 3.3 | 3.8 3.4 | 5.2 5.1 | 4.9 5.4 | 107.4 64.5 | 62. 60. |
| Industrial organic chemicals, n.e.c | 2869 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2,9 | 2,5 | 31.0 | 31. |
| Agricultural chemicals | 287 2873 | 9.5 9.5 | 8.6 7.4 | 3.3 3.0 | 3.3 2.8 | 6.2 | 5.2 4.5 | 54.8 53.2 | 54.1 42.3 |
| Phosphate fertilizers | 2874 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 5.3 | 57.5 | 60. |
| Fertilizers, mixing only | 2875 2879 | 13.0 7.5 | 13.0 7.0 | 5.0 3.2 | 4.6 3.2 | 7.9 4.3 | 8.4 3.8 | 71.6 43.2 | 78. 46. |
| Miscellaneous chemical products | 289 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 77.6 | 71. |
| Adhesives and sealants Explosives | 2891 2892 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 5.7 2.2 | 5.6 2.3 | 9.6 3.3 | 7.6 3.1 | 100.4 43.1 | 80.0 51.9 |
| Printing inkCarbon black | 2893 2895 | 12.3 | 12.8 7.2 | 4.3 3.3 | 5.2 4.3 | 8.0 6.4 | 7.5 2.9 | 63.6 86.9 | 70. 86. |
| Chemical preparations, n.e.c | 2899 | 13.3 | 11.8 | 5,3 | 5.4 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 84.6 | 73. |
| Petroleum and coal products | 29 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 57.9 | 57.2 |
| Petroleum refining | 291 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 44.3 | 45. |
| Paving and roofing materials Paving mixtures and blocks Asphalt felts and costings | 295 2951 2952 | 15.3 11.5 17.5 | 14.0 10.8 15.9 | 5.2 4.0 5.9 | 5.6 3.9 6.5 | 10.1 7.4 11.6 | 8.4 6.8 9.4 | 100.2 78.4 112.4 | 104. 69. 124. |
| Miscellaneous petroleum and coal productsLubricating oils and greases | 299 2992 2999 | 17.3 15.2 24.6 | 16.2 13.2 27.2 | 7.0 6.1 9.8 | 7.0 5.8 11.4 | 10.3 9.1 14.8 | 9.2 7.4 15.7 | 137.8 99.4 224.6 | 90. 77. 140. |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 30 | 16.1 | 16.6 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 112.9 | 121. |
| Tires and inner tubes | 301 302 303 304 306 307 | 15.1 10.0 20.4 12.6 16.7 16.8 | 15.0 12.1 30.5 13.5 16.4 17.5 | 10.5 4.0 10.2 6.8 7.8 6.4 | 11.2 6.2 17.4 6.8 8.0 7.0 | 4.5 6.0 10.1 5.8 8.9 10.4 | 3.7 5.8 13.1 6.7 8.4 10.5 | 169.4 73.7 237.0 117.4 124.6 92.5 | 196. 78. 373. 115. 122. 102. |
| Miscellaneous plastics products | 31 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 65.1 | 68. |
| Leather tanning and finishing Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 311 313 | 21.8 | 21.8 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 10.6 | 157.1 72.3 | 194. |
| Footwear, except rubber | 314 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 60.1 | 59. |
| House slippers | 3142 3143 | 9.8 9.7 | 8.7 10.5 | 3.4 | 3.9 4.3 | 6.4 | 4.8 6.2 | 50.4 58.4 | 63. 58. |
| Men's footwear, except athletic Women's footwear, except athletic | 3144 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 67.0 | 59. |
| Footwear, except rubber, n.e.c | 3149 | 11.0 | 10.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 7.9 | 6.5 | 49.3 | 59. |
| Leather gloves and mittens Luggage | 315 316 | 11.6 | 5.4 10.8 | 4.5 | 2.4 4.3 | 7.1 | 3.0 6.5 | 27.9 63.1 | 23. 48. |
| Handbags and personal leather goods Women's handbags and purses Personal leather goods, n.e.c | 317 3171 3172 | 7.4 6.3 8.9 | 8.8 7.7 9.8 | 2.3 1.7 3.1 | 2.8 2.0 3.6 | 5.1 4.6 5.8 | 6.0 5.7 6.2 | 32.7 21.7 46.9 | 37. 31. 42. |
| ansportation and public utilities | | 9.5 | 9.9 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 95.0 | 101. |
| Railroad transportation 7/ | 40 41 | 10.5 8.3 | 11.7 8.7 | 6.5 4.6 | 7.5 4.7 | 4.0 3.7 | 4.2 4.0 | 88.3 91.5 | 98. 84. |
| Trucking and warehousing. Trucking, local and long distance. Public warehousing. Trucking terminal facilities. | 42 421 422 423 | 14.9 14.8 16.3 | 16.1 16.1 15.2 17.9 | 8.3 8.4 6.9 | 9.3 9.5 7.4 9.5 | 6.5 6.3 9.4 | 6.7 6.6 7.8 8.3 | 157.9 161.6 103.1 | 176. 180. 104. 176. |
| Water transportation Water transportation services | 44 446 | 14.2 20.9 | 14.1 21.5 | 7.3 11.0 | 7.7 12.1 | 6.8 9.8 | 6.4 9.4 | 289.7 470.7 | 268. 454. |
| Transportation by airPipelines, except natural gas | 45 46 | 13.5 4.7 | 12.9 4.6 | 7.7 1.9 | 8.1 1.9 | 5.8 2.8 | 4.8 2.7 | 95.2 31.1 | 93. 29. |
| Transportation services Miscellaneous transportation services | 47 478 | 5.4 19.2 | 5.5 17.8 | 2.5 8.4 | 2.7 7.6 | 2.9 10.7 | 2.7 10.1 | 39.3 126.1 | 41. 119. |
| Communication | 48 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 30.0 | 28. |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Table 5. Continued - Occupational injury incidence rates by industry, United States, 1977 and 19781

| | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time | workers 4 | / | |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Industry $\underline{2}/$ | SIC code <u>3</u> / | | tal es <u>5</u> / | Lost workday cases | | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | | Lost workdays | |
| | | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | | 7.6 | 7.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 43.5 | 44.3 |
| Wholesale trade | | 8.4 | 8.8 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 51.9 | 56.8 |
| Wholesale tradedurable goods | 50 51 | 8.1 8.7 | 8.5 9.2 | 3.2 4.0 | 3.5 4.4 | 4.9 4.7 | 5.0 4.8 | 43.4 63.6 | 51.0 65.2 |
| Retail trade | | 7.3 | 7.4 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 40.0 | 39.1 |
| Building materials and garden supplies. General merchandise stores. Food stores. Automotive dealers and service stations. Apparel and accessory stores. Furniture and home furnishings stores. Eating and drinking places. Miscellaneous retail. Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 | 9.3 8.7 11.3 7.7 1.9 4.9 7.2 3.5 | 9.7 9.0 10.6 7.9 2.2 5.0 7.4 3.7 | 3.7 3.2 4.4 2.5 .7 2.1 2.4 1.2 | 4.1 3.7 4.2 2.5 .9 2.4 2.5 1.6 | 5.6 5.4 6.9 5.2 1.2 2.8 4.8 2.2 | 5.5 5.3 6.4 5.4 1.3 2.6 4.9 2.1 | 60.9 44.8 70.8 40.0 13.5 41.7 29.7 22.2 | 60.2 48.0 66.5 38.0 14.7 37.9 28.1 23.5 |
| Banking Credit agencies other than banks Security, commodity brokers, and services Insurance carriers. Insurance agents, brokers and service Real estate | 60 61 62 63 64 65 | 1.5 1.1 1.1 1.7 .6 4.5 | 1.5 1.1 .8 1.9 .8 4.7 | .6 .3 .5 .7 .2 | .6 .4 .3 .7 .3 2.1 | .9 .7 .6 1.0 .4 2.5 | .9 .7 .5 1.2 .4 2.5 | 6.5 4.0 4.0 8.4 5.1 28.2 | 6.9 5.1 4.5 11.8 - 32.6 |
| Services | | 5.3 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 34.2 | 35.4 |
| Hotels and other lodging places | 70 72 73 75 | 8.6 3.5 4.7 7.4 | 9.0 3.4 4.8 8.1 | 3.1 1.5 1.9 3.0 | 3.5 1.5 2.2 3.4 | 5.5 2.0 2.7 4.4 | 5.5 1.9 2.6 4.7 | 46.4 29.5 31.3 42.4 | 50.8 26.0 34.5 41.7 |
| Miscellaneous repair services Miscellaneous repair shops | 76 769 | 10.0 12.5 | 9.7 12.0 | 4.1 5.2 | 4.4 5.3 | 5.9 7.2 | 5.3 6.7 | 71.4 86.8 | 68.5 79.2 |
| Motion pictures. Amusement and recreation services. Health services. Educational services. Social services. Museums, botanical and zoological | 78 79 80 82 83 | 9.7 6.6 3.0 5.3 | 4.1 8.0 6.6 3.1 5.8 | 4.9 2.7 1.1 2.0 | 1.3 3.6 3.0 1.2 2.5 | 4.8 3.9 1.9 3.3 | 2.8 4.4 3.6 1.9 3.3 | 55.7 44.8 19.3 29.4 | 25.4 44.8 46.9 19.0 36.8 |
| gardens Miscellaneous services | 84 89 | 7.3 2.0 | 7.1 1.8 | 2.6 .8 | 2.6 | 4.7 1.1 | 4.4 1.1 | 40.5 14.8 | 34.6 10.0 |

In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved averaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annuel surveys.

3 Totals for divisions and 2- and 3-digit SIC codes include data for industries not shown separately.

5 Standard industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.

The incidence rates represent the number of injuries or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 200,000, where

1 Includes fatalities. Because of rounding, the difference between the total and the uncontained the statisty rate.

5 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to the OSHA definitions for coal and lighter mining (SIC 11 and nonmetal mining (SIC 10 and 14), and for railroad transportation (SIC 40) were provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

N EH 200,000 =number of injuries or lost workdays
=total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
=base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per
week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data do not meet publication guidelines. n.e.c.= not elsewhere classified.

Table 6. Occupational injury incidence rates by industry division and employment size, United States, 1977 and 1978

| | | | | | Ir | cidence | rates pe | er 100 fu | ıll-time | workers | <u>1</u> / | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|-------------------|
| Industry division | | o 19 oyees | | o 49 oyees | 50 t emplo | o 99 yees | | to 249 loyees | | to 499 loyees | | o 999 loyees | | o 2,499 loyees | | employees more |
| | 1977 | 1978 <u>2</u> / | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Private sector 3/ | 3,9 | 4.0 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 6.9 | 6.9 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 3/ fining fonstruction fanufacturing fransportation and public utilities fholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate | 6.7 6.6 9.2 8.6 4.8 3.2 4.3 2.7 1.1 | 6.5 7.5 9.4 8.5 6.4 3.2 4.5 2.6 1.3 | 10.3 12.8 17.9 14.6 10.5 7.6 8.7 7.0 1.7 3.8 | 10.4 12.5 17.9 14.8 10.5 8.0 9.0 7.5 1.7 3.6 | 13.4 14.2 20.9 17.3 12.7 10.8 12.1 10.2 2.1 6.5 | 13.5 13.4 21.3 17.7 12.5 10.2 11.4 9.7 2.1 6.0 | 14.3 12.2 20.8 17.5 9.7 12.0 11.7 12.1 2.4 7.8 | 14.6 12.8 21.1 17.8 10.2 11.8 12.6 11.3 2.6 7.5 | 15.1 10.7 19.4 14.8 10.4 12.7 12.2 12.9 2.7 7.8 | 16.5 12.8 20.7 15.2 10.0 11.3 11.8 11.1 2.8 7.8 | 11.9 11.0 17.6 11.6 9.7 11.2 11.8 11.0 2.7 7.8 | 14.0 9.5 18.3 11.9 10.4 11.3 10.8 11.5 2.5 7.6 | 22.8 5.6 16.7 8.9 9.0 11.8 6.9 12.8 2.5 7.5 | 21.7 8.4 17.4 9.0 9.2 10.9 7.1 11.6 2.3 7.5 | 6.2 6.9 9.4 8.6 .8 8.9 1.8 5.7 | |

The incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 200,000, where

EH 200,000

=number of injuries =total hours worked by all employees during calendar year =bese for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data were not reported or that data do not meet publication guidelines. SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Table 7. Occupational injury incidence rates for lost workday cases by industry division, United States, 1977 and 1978'

| | | | | Inc | idence rat | es per 100 | full-time v | orkers 2/ | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | | Lost | vorkday in | juries | | | | Lost wo | orkdays | | | |
| Industry division | Total | Total cases | | Total cases Cases involving days away from work 3/ | | Cases involving days of restricted work activity only | | Total lost workdays | | Number of days away from work | | Number of da of restrict work activity | |
| | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | |
| Private sector <u>5</u> / | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 60.0 | 62.1 | 56.0 | 57.4 | 4.0 | 4.7 | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 5/ Mining | | 5.2 6.4 6.3 | 4.7 5.7 5.7 | 5.1 6.0 6.2 | .1 .2 .1 | .1 .4 .1 | 78.8 128.3 109.7 | 78.3 142.3 108.1 | 75.2 125.7 106.0 | 74.2 134.5 103.3 | 3.7 2.6 3.7 | 4.1 7.8 4.8 | |
| Manufacturing Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail trade | 5.2 | 5.4 5.7 3.1 | 4.5 4.8 2.8 | 4.9 5.2 3.0 | .4 .4 .1 | .5 .4 .1 | 79.3 95.0 43.5 | 82.3 101.3 44.3 | 72.3 86.9 41.3 | 74.2 93.1 41.6 | 7.0 8.1 2.1 | 8.1 8.3 2.7 | |
| Wholesale trade | 3.5 2.6 | 3.9 2.8 .8 | 3.4 2.6 .8 | 3.7 2.7 .8 | (6) (6) | .2 .1 (6) | 51.9 40.0 10.2 | 56.8 39.1 12.1 | 49.0 38.2 9.6 | 52.8 37.0 11.3 | 2.9 1.8 .6 | 4.0 2.1 .8 | |
| Services | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 | (6) | .1 | 34.2 | 35.4 | 32.7 | 33.5 | 1.5 | 1.9 | |

In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small non-farm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved everaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annual surveys.

The incidence rates represent the number of injuries or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (M/EH) × 200,000 where,

EH 200,000

=number of injuries or lost workdays
=total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
=base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 60 weeks

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved averaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annual surveys.

2 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Also includes cases which involved both days away from work and days of restricted work activity.
⁵ The number of days of restricted work activity include those resulting from cases involving re-

The number of very of restricted work activity include those resolving from the stricted work activity only and days resulting from cases involving days away from work and days of restricted work activity.
 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
 Incidence rates less than .05.

Table 8. Percent of occupational injury and illness fatalities for employers with 11 or more employees by industry division and cause, private sector, United States,1978

| Cause <u>1</u> / | Total <u>2</u> / | Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | Mining oil and gas extraction only | Construc- tion | Manufacu- turing | Transpor- tation and public utilities 3/ | Whole- sale and retail trade | Finance, insurance, and real estate | Services |
|--|------------------|--|---|-------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Total - all causes | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| ver-the-road motor vehicles | 29 | 32 | 19 | 16 | 19 | 49 | 33 | 74 | 26 |
| alls | 13 | 5 | 15 | 29 | 9 | 4 | 13 | 1 | 8 |
| ndustrial vehicles and equipment | 9 | 21 | 31 | 13 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 3 |
| leart attacks | 9 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 23 | 8 | 17 |
| lectrocutions | 7 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| dircraft crashes | 7 | 8 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 22 |
| truck by objects other than vehicles or equipment | 5 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 2 | (4) | 0 | 6 |
| aught in, under, or between objects other than vehicles or equipment | 4 | 8 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 1 | (4) | 0 | 1 |
| xplosions | 4 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 7 |
| lant machinery operations | 3 | 0 | 2 | (4) | 9 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| ires | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| as inhalations | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| unshots | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 3 | 2 |
| 11 other | 2 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 |

NOTE: Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor.

Cause is defined as the object or event associated with the fatality.
 Excludes coal, metal and nonmetal mining, and railroads, for which data are not available.
 Excludes railroads.
 Less than 1 percent.

Table 9. Occupational illness incidence rates by industry division and extent of case, United States, 1977 and 1978

| | Incidence rates per 1,000 full-time workers 1/ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------|------|---------------|---------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Industry division | Tot cas | | | orkday ses | Nonfata withou work | t lost | Lost workdays | | | | | |
| | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | | | | |
| Private sector | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 15.4 | 13.7 | | | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | 7.4 1.3 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 23.2 | 23.4 8.9 | | | | |
| Construction | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.0 | .7 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 18.2 | 12.5 | | | | |
| Manufacturing | 5.1 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 29.6 | 25 • 7 | | | | |
| Transportation and public utilities | 2.0 | 1.7 | .9 | -8 | 1.1 | .9 | 9.8 | 10.0 | | | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 1.0 | .9 | .3 | -4 | .7 | •5 | 5.7 | 6.4 | | | | |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | •6 | -5 | •2 | •2 | .3 | •2 | 2.2 | 4.2 | | | | |
| Services | 1.9 | 1.6 | .7 | •6 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 11.4 | 8.9 | | | | |

^{&#}x27;The incidence rates represent the number of illnesses or lost workdays per 1,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) X 2,000,000, where

Table 10. Number of occupational illnesses by category of illness and industry division, United States, 1978

| | | Number of illnesses by category | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Industry division | Total illnesses | Skin diseases or disorders | Dust diseases of the lungs | Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents | Poisoning | Disorders due to physical agents | Disorders associated with repeated trauma | All other occupa- tional illnesses | | | | | |
| Private sector | 143.5 | 65.9 | 1.6 | 13.6 | 5.6 | 16.7 | 20.2 | 19.9 | | | | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing 2/ | 3.4 | 2.2 | (3) | -1 | .4 | .2 | .1 | .4 | | | | | |
| Mining | 1.6 | .5 | .3 | .1 | .1 | .2 | •1 | .3 | | | | | |
| Construction | 7.8 | 3.3 | .2 | 1.1 | .5 3.0 | 1.1 | 16.9 | 1.2 5.6 | | | | | |
| Manufacturing | 86.7 | 42.1 | .8 | 7.9 1.1 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| Transportation and public utilities | 7.9 | 5.1 | .1 | 1.6 | - | 1.6 | 1 17 | 5.3 | | | | | |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 15.0 5.4 | 2.1 | .2 | 1.6 | • ' | 1.5 | .3 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| Wholesale trade | 9.6 | 2.9 | (3) | 1.2 | .4 | 1.1 | | 3.6 | | | | | |
| Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate | 1.9 | .7 | (3) | .2 | i | 1 | i | .6 | | | | | |
| Services | 19.2 | 8.7 | `.í | 1.6 | .5 | 2.0 | .9 | 5.4 | | | | | |

In order to maintain the comparability of the 1978 survey data with the data published in previous years, a statistical method was developed for generating the 1978 estimates to represent the small nonfarm employers in low-risk industries which were not surveyed. The estimating procedure involved everaging the data reported by small employers for the 1975, 1976, and 1977 annual surveys.
 Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: Because of rounding, the components may not add to totals. SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

⁻number of illnesses or lost workdays
-total hours worked by all employees during calendar

year 2,000,090 base for 1,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

³ Fewer than 50 cases.

Appendix A. Scope of Survey and Technical Notes

Scope of survey

The occupational injury and illness data reported through the annual survey were based on the records which employers in the following private industries maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act: Agriculture, forestry, and fishing, SIC 01-09; oil and gas extraction, SIC 13; construction, SIC 15-17; manufacturing, SIC 20-39; transportation and public utilities, SIC 41-42 and 44-49; wholesale and retail trade, SIC 50-59; finance, insurance, and real estate, SIC 60-67; and services, SIC 70-87 and 89. Excluded from the survey were self-employed individuals; farmers with fewer than 11 employees; employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws; and Federal, State, and local government agencies. Although the 1978 annual survey covered employers in virtually all private sector industries, employers with fewer than 11 employees in low-risk industries were not required to participate. This was in response to a Presidential directive to reduce the paperwork burden in survey operations. To maintain comparability with data published in previous years, a statistical method based on the previous experience of these low-risk industries was used to represent them in the private sector.

Data conforming to definitions of recordable occupational injuries and illnesses for coal, metal, and non-metal mining, and railroad transportation were provided by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. In a separate reporting system, agencies of the Federal Government are filing reports on occupational injuries and illnesses with the Secretary of Labor comparable with those of private industry. At this time, State and local government agencies are not represented in the national statistics.

About 280,000 sample units were selected nationwide to participate in the 1978 survey. Replies were received from approximately 91 percent of the eligible sample units—or about 256,000. The 1978 estimates were based on reports from about 95,000 establishments in manufacturing industries and 161,000 in nonmanufacturing industries.

Sample design

The sample was selected to represent virtually all private industries. Because the survey is a Federal-State

cooperative program and the data had to meet the needs of those State agencies which generated statewide data. the universe frame was stratified by State/industry/ employment-size prior to sample selection. An optimum allocation was achieved by distributing the sample to each size group proportional to the total employment and the variation among size groups. The sampling ratios for the various employment-size groups ranged from all units above a certain size class selected with certainty through declining proportions in each smaller employment-size group. The certainty strata were usually greater than 100 employees, although these may have ranged downward in employment size depending upon the total employment in the industry. The ratios determined for each industry/employment-size group were used to select a sample within a State/industry/employment-size estimating cell.

Estimating procedures

Weighting. Weights were determined by the inverse of the sampling ratios for the size class from which the unit was selected. Using a weighting procedure, sample units were made to represent all units in their size class for a particular industry. Each sample member was assigned a State weight and a national weight which were often different since the sample unit may have represented a different proportion of the universe in each case. In producing estimates for the Nation as a whole, the State weight of the sample units from States for which statewide estimates would be generated was used; the national weight was used for the remaining States. Weights of responding units were adjusted in each sampling cell to account for the nonresponse in that cell. Units were then shifted into the estimating cell determined by industry classification and reported employment. Each unit carried into the estimating cell the weight of its sampling cell, which was adjusted for nonreponse. Data for each unit were multiplied by the appropriate nonresponse-adjusted weight. The products were then aggregated to obtain totals for the estimating cell.

Benchmarking. Data were further adjusted to reflect the actual employment in an industry during the survey year. Since the universe file which provides the sample frame was not current to the reference year of the sur-

vey, it was necessary to benchmark the data to reflect current employment levels.

The benchmarking procedure related the employment estimate used in sampling to the actual employment for the reference year of the survey. The ratio of the actual employment to the weighted employment estimate is called the benchmark factor. The aggregated weighted nonresponse-adjusted characteristics of the estimating cell were multiplied by the benchmark factor so that the cell became more representative of the universe during the survey reference year.

Estimates for small nonfarm employers. Data were collected for nonfarm employers with fewer than 11 employees in high-risk industry groups. Data were not collected for small nonfarm employers in the following (low-risk) groups:

| SIC 41 | SIC 53 |
|---------------------|------------------|
| SIC 44 (except 446) | SIC 55-59 |
| SIC 45-46 | SIC 60-67 |
| SIC 47 (except 478) | SIC 70-73 |
| SIC 48 | SIC 78-79 |
| SIC 50-51 | SIC 80-87 and 89 |

The injury and illness experience of these low-risk industries was represented in the estimates, however, through a statistical method incorporating the previous experience of these industries for the years 1975, 1976, and 1977.

Federal-State cooperation

Under grant arrangements with State agencies, respondents completed a single reporting form which was used to generate both national and State estimates. This eliminated duplicate reporting and, together with the use of identical techniques at the national and State levels, ensured maximum comparability of estimates.

Rounding of published estimates

The original tabulations on which the numbers of recorded fatalities and nonfatal injuries and illnesses were based showed all estimates to the nearest whole unit. Estimates of the numbers of injuries and illnesses were rounded. Derived percents were computed after rounding.

Industrial classification

Reporting units were classified into industries by their principal product or activity. The data were tabulated according to the 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual.

Reliability of estimates

Estimates based on a sample may differ from figures that would have been obtained had a complete census of establishments been possible using the same schedules or procedures. As in any survey, the results are subject to errors of response and reporting, as well as sampling variability. Errors of response and reporting are minimized through comprehensive edit procedures and followup contacts with employers.

The relative error is a measure of sampling variability—variations which occur by chance because only a sample of the establishments is in the survey. In conjunction with the estimates, the relative standard error serves to define the confidence intervals or ranges that would include the comparable complete coverage value. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the estimate would have been produced in the range of 1 standard error above to 1 standard error below the estimated value, and about 19 out of 20 that the estimate would have been in the range of 2 standard errors above and below the estimated value.

Because of the complex two-stage ratio estimation procedure, most relative errors were computed using a simplified form of the variance-estimation formulas. The more complex variance formulas were used for a few of the items, resulting in some higher estimates and some lower estimates of relative errors. The relative errors approximate the sampling errors of the incidence rates.

As an example of the use of the relative errors, general building contractors (SIC 15) has an estimated incidence rate for total cases of 15.9 per 100 full-time workers and a relative error of 2 percent. The chances are 2 out of 3 that a complete census would produce a rate between 16.2 and 15.6, and the chances are 19 out of 20 that the rate produced from a complete count would be between 16.5 and 15.3. For the number of jobrelated injuries and illnesses resulting in lost workdays, the published rate is 6.3 per 100 full-time workers with a 2-percent relative error. The chances are 2 out of 3 that a census would show a rate between 6.4 and 6.2 and 19 out of 20 that the rate could be between 6.6 and 6.0. Similarly, the number of occupational injuries and illnesses estimated for SIC 15 was 160,700 with a relative error of 2 percent. Thus, the chances are 2 out of 3 that a census would show a number between 163,900 and 157,500 and 19 out of 20 that the number would be within a range of 167,100 and 154,300.

Publication guidelines

The BLS tabulating system generates occupational injury and illness estimates for approximately 625 SIC industry levels. This bulletin, however, excludes estimates for several 2-, 3-, and 4-digit SIC levels if one of the following situations occurred:

1. Estimates for the industry level were based on reports from fewer than three companies. Moreover, if three or more companies reported data for the industry, the employment of one firm could not constitute 50 percent or more of the employment for the industry, or two companies combined could not equal or exceed 75 percent of the industry employment.

- 2. 1978 annual average employment for the industry was less than 10,000. However, industries with annual average employment of fewer than 10,000 were published if the majority of the employment for an industry was reported in the survey.
- 3. Relative standard error for lost workday cases at 1 standard deviation was more than 15 percent for the industry level in manufacturing and 20 percent in non-manufacturing.
- 4. Benchmark factor for the industry level was less than 0.90 or greater than 1.49.

Data for an unpublished industry were included in the total shown for the broader industry level of which it is a part. In addition to deleting industries, selected items of data were suppressed for publishable industries when the relative standard error for the estimate was equal to or exceeded 60 percent.

Table A-1. Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays |
| Private sector | | (3) | (3) | (3) | 1 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 1 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Agricultural production | 01-02 07 08 09 | 2 4 6 14 | 3 4 10 16 | 3 5 7 20 | 4 7 14 20 | 2 4 7 15 | 3 4 9 17 | 3 5 7 20 | 4 7 14 22 |
| Mining | | | | | | | | | |
| Oil and gas extraction | 13 131 138 | 3 5 3 | 3 6 3 | 3 6 4 | 4 14 4 | 3 5 3 | 3 6 3 | 3 6 4 | 4 9 4 |
| Construction | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| General building contractors | 15 152 153 154 | 2 3 3 2 | 2 3 4 3 | 2 4 4 2 | 3 6 9 4 | 2 3 3 2 | 2 3 4 3 | 2 4 4 2 | 3 6 9 4 |
| Heavy construction contractors | 16 161 162 | 2 3 3 | 3 4 3 | 3 4 3 | 4 7 5 | 2 3 3 | 3 4 3 | 3 4 3 | 4 7 5 |
| Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, and air conditioning Painting, paperhanging, and decorating Electrical work. Masonry, stonework, and plastering | 17 171 172 173 174 | 1 2 6 2 2 | 1 2 9 3 3 | 1 2 7 2 3 | 2 4 11 5 5 | 1 2 6 2 2 | 1 2 6 3 | 1 2 8 2 3 | 2 4 11 5 5 |
| Carpentering and flooring | 175 176 177 | 5 2 6 | 6 3 7 | 6 3 7 | 10 5 12 | 5 2 6 | 6 3 3 | 6 3 7 | 10 5 12 |
| Water well drilling Miscellaneous special trade contractors | 178 179 | 5 3 | 6 3 | 6 4 | 9 5 | 5 3 | 6 3 | 6 | 9 5 |
| Manufacturing | | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Durable goods | | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Lumber and wood products | 24 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Logging camps and logging contractors | 241 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| Sawmills and planing mills | 242 2421 2426 2429 | 1 2 2 5 | 2 2 2 5 | 2 2 3 6 | 2 2 4 8 | 1 2 2 5 | 2 2 2 5 | 2 2 3 6 | 2 2 4 8 |
| Millwork, plywood, and structural members. Millwork | 243 2431 2434 | 1 1 3 | 1 2 3 2 | 1 2 4 2 | 2 3 5 2 | 1 1 3 2 | 1 2 3 2 | 1 2 4 2 | 2 3 5 2 |
| Hardwood veneer and plywood | 2435 2436 2439 | 2 2 3 | 2 4 | 3 5 | 2 6 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 4 | 2 6 |
| Wood containers | 244 2441 2448 2449 | 2 4 3 3 | 3 5 4 4 | 3 5 4 4 | 4 6 6 7 | 2 4 3 3 | 3 5 4 4 | 3 5 4 4 | 6 6 7 |
| Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Prefabricated wood buildings | 245 2451 2452 | 2 2 5 | 2 2 2 5 | 2 3 6 | 3 3 8 | 2 2 5 | 2 2 5 | 2 3 6 | 3 3 8 |
| Miscellaneous wood products | 249 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Wood preserving Particleboard Wood products, n.e.c | 2491 2492 2499 | 2 2 | 3 2 | 2 2 | 3 | 2 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 4 3 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Household furniture Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture | 251 2511 2512 | 1 1 2 | 1 2 2 | 1 1 2 | 2 2 4 | 1 1 2 | 1 2 2 | 1 1 2 | 2 2 4 |
| Metal household furniture Mattresses and bedsprings Wood TV and radio cabinets Household furniture, n.e.c. | 2514 2515 2517 2519 | 3 2 3 7 | 3 3 8 | 3 3 4 9 | 6 4 6 10 | 3 2 3 7 | 3 3 3 9 | 3 3 3 8 | 6 4 6 10 |
| Office furniture | 252 2521 2522 | 2 3 2 | 2 4 2 | 2 4 3 | 2 5 3 | 2 3 2 | 2 4 2 | 2 5 3 | 2 5 3 |
| Public building and related furniture | 253 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Partitions and fixtures | 254 2541 2542 | 2 3 3 | 3 5 4 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 5 | 2 3 3 | 3 5 4 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 5 |
| Miscellaneous furniture and fixtures Drapery hardware and blinds and shades Furniture and fixtures, n.e.c | 259 2591 2599 | 2 3 3 | 5 5 | 3 4 4 | 4 4 7 | 2 3 3 | 4 5 5 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 7 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relative | e standard e | rror (per | ent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | SIC code | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 32 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Flat glass | 321 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Glass and glassware, pressed or blown Glass containers Pressed and blown glass, n.e.c | 322 3221 3229 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 5 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 3 | 2 2 5 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 4 |
| Products of purchased glass | 323 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Structural clay products | 325 3251 3253 3255 3259 | 2 3 4 3 2 | 2 3 4 4 2 | 2 3 5 4 3 | 3 5 4 6 3 | 2 3 4 3 2 | 2 3 4 4 2 | 2 3 4 4 3 | 3 5 3 6 2 |
| Pottery and related products | 326 3261 3262 3263 3264 3269 | 1 1 2 (3) 2 5 | 2 1 (3) (3) (3) 3 7 | 2 1 4 (3) 3 6 | 2 1 4 (3) 4 11 | 1 1 (3) 2 5 | 2 1 1 (3) 3 7 | 2 1 5 (3) 3 6 | 2 1 (3) 4 11 |
| Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Concrete block and brick Concrete products, ne.c Ready-mixed concrete Lime Cypsum products | 327 3271 3272 3273 3274 3275 | 2 3 3 2 5 5 | 2 4 3 2 5 6 | 2 4 4 3 9 | 3 7 5 4 7 8 | 2 3 3 2 5 5 | 2 4 3 2 5 6 | 2 4 4 3 9 | 3 7 5 4 7 8 |
| Cut stone and stone products | 328 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 16 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 16 |
| Miscellaneous nommetallic mineral products Abrasive products Absestos products Gaskets, packing, and sealing devices Mineral wool Nonclay refractories | 329 3291 3292 3293 3296 3297 | 2 3 5 3 4 4 | 2 3 5 3 4 6 | 2 4 9 4 4 3 | 2 3 6 4 6 6 | 2 3 5 3 4 4 | 2 3 5 3 4 6 | 2 4 9 4 5 3 | 2 3 6 4 6 |
| Primary metal industries | 33 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mils Electrometallurgical products Steel wire and related products Cold finishing of steel shapes Steel pipe and tubes | 331 3312 3313 3315 3316 3317 | 2 3 2 3 2 2 | 2 3 2 3 3 2 | 2 3 3 3 3 3 | 2 2 1 3 4 2 | 2 3 2 3 2 2 | 2 3 2 3 3 2 | 2 3 3 3 3 3 | 2 2 1 3 4 2 |
| Iron and steel foundries | 332 3321 3322 3325 | 1 2 2 2 2 | 1 2 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 2 | 1 2 2 2 | 1 2 2 2 | 1 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 | 1 2 2 2 |
| Primary nonferrous metals. Primary copper. Primary lead. Primary zinc. Primary aluminum. Primary nonferrous metals, n.e.c. | 333 3331 3332 3333 3334 3339 | (3) 1 (3) 1 5 | (3) 2 (3) 3 4 | (3) (3) (3) (3) (8) | (3) 3 (3) 3 6 | 1 (3) 1 (3) 1 5 | (3) 2 (3) 3 4 | (3) 2 (3) (3) (3) 3 | (3) 1 (3) 3 6 |
| Secondary nonferrous metals | 334 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 9 |
| Nonferrous rolling and drawing. Copper rolling and drawing. Aluminum sheet, plate, and foil. Aluminum extruded products. Aluminum rolling and drawing, n.e.c Nonferrous rolling and drawing, n.e.c Nonferrous wire drawing and insulating. | 335 3351 3353 3354 3355 3356 3356 3357 | 1 2 1 2 10 9 | 2 3 2 3 14 12 3 | 2 3 1 3 11 9 | 2 2 2 4 10 10 3 | 1 2 1 2 11 8 2 | 2 3 2 3 16 11 3 | 2 3 2 3 12 9 | 2 2 2 4 10 8 3 |
| Nonferrous foundries. Aluminum foundries. Brass, bronze, and copper foundries Nonferrous foundries, n.e.c. | 336 3361 3362 3369 | 1 2 2 3 | 2 3 3 3 | 2 3 3 4 | 3 4 5 4 | 1 2 2 3 | 2 3 3 3 | 2 3 3 4 | 3 4 6 4 |
| Miscellaneous primary metal products Metal heat treating Primary metal products, n.e.c | 339 3398 3399 | 3 3 5 | 3 3 5 | 3 4 6 | 6 7 | 3 3 5 | 3 3 5 | 3 4 6 | 6 7 |
| Fabricated metal products | 34 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Metal cans and shipping containers Metal cans Metal barrels, drums, and pails | 341 3411 3412 | 1 1 3 | 1 2 4 | 1 2 3 | 2 2 4 | 1 1 3 | 1 2 4 | 1 2 3 | 2 2 4 |
| Cutlery, hand tools, and hardware Cutlery. Hand and edge tools, n.e.c Hand saws and saw blades. Hardware, n.e.c. | 342 3421 3423 3425 3429 | 2 5 2 4 4 | 2 4 2 5 4 | 3 7 2 5 5 | 3 2 3 5 4 | 2 5 2 4 4 | 2 4 2 5 4 | 3 7 2 5 5 | 3 2 3 5 4 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| Industry Plumbing and heating, except electric Metal sanitary ware Plumbing fittings and brass goods Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim Fabricated plate work. Sheet-metal work Architectural metal work Architectural metal work Prefabricated metal buildings Miscellaneous metal work Screw machine products, bolts, etc Screw machine products. | SIC code 1/ 343 3431 3432 3433 3444 | Total cases | Injuries Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without | Lost | | Inj | uries Nonfatal | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Plumbing and heating, except electric Metal sanitary ware Plumbing fitrings and brass goods Beating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim Fabricated plate work Sheet-metal work Architectural metal work Architectural metal work Miscellaneous metal work Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 343 3431 3432 3433 3433 | cases 2 3 | workday cases | cases without lost | Lost | | | Nonfata? | Γ |
| Metal sanitary ware. Plumbing fittings and brass goods. Heating equipment, except electric Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated structural metal Metal doors, sash, and trim Fabricated plate work. Sheet-metal work. Architectural metal work. Prefabricated metal work. Prefabricated metal work. Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 3431 3432 3433 344 | 3 | , | workdays | workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | cases without lost workdays | Lost workday: |
| Plumbing fittings and brass goods. Heating equipment, except electric. Fabricated structural metal products. Fabricated structural metal. Metal doors, sash, and trim. Fabricated plate work. Sheet-metal work. Architectural metal work. Prefabricated metal buildings. Miscellaneous metal work. Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 3432 3433 344 | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Fabricated structural metal. Metal doors, sash, and trim. Fabricated plate work. Sheet-metal work. Architectural metal work. Prefabricated metal buildings. Miscellaneous metal work. Screw machine products, bolts, etc | | 3 | 3 4 4 | 5 3 4 | 5 5 3 | 3 3 3 | 3 4 4 | 5 4 4 | 5 5 3 |
| Metal doors, sash, and trim | 3441 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fabricated plate work. Sheet-meetal work. Architectural metal work. Prefabricated metal buildings. Hiscellaneous metal work. Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 3442 | 1 2 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 3 | 1 2 | 2 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Architectural metal work | 3443 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Prefabricated metal buildings Miscellaneous metal work Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 3444 3446 | 2 4 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 8 | 2 | 3 5 | 3 5 | 8 |
| Screw machine products, bolts, etc | 3448 3449 | 3 | 4 5 | 6 | 8 7 | 3 | 4 5 | 4 | 8 7 |
| | | | 1 | ! | | - | | | |
| Bolts, nuts, rivets, and washers | 345 3451 3452 | 1 2 2 | 2 3 2 | 2 3 2 | 3 5 5 | 1 2 2 | 2 3 2 | 2 3 2 | 3 5 5 |
| Metal forgings and stampings | 346 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Iron and steel forgings | 3462 3463 | 2 4 | 2 2 | 6 | 2 2 | 2 4 | 2 2 | 3 6 | 3 2 |
| Automotive stampings | 3465 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Crowns and closures Metal stampings, n.e.c | 3466 3469 | 2 | 6 3 | 6 3 | 6 | 2 | 6 3 | 5 3 | 6 |
| Metal services, n.e.c | 347 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Plating and polishing Metal coating and allied services | 3471 3479 | 3 4 | 6 | 3 4 | 5 10 | 3 4 | 6 | 3 4 | 5 10 |
| Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c Small arms ammunition | 348 3482 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 2 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
| Small armsOrdnance and accessories, n.e.c | 3483 3484 3489 | 1 3 7 | (3) 3 8 | 2 3 7 | 1 3 9 | 1 3 7 | (3) 3 8 | 3 7 | 1 3 9 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated metal products | 349 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Steel springs, except wire | 3493 | 2 | 3 | 2 2 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 8 |
| Valves and pipe fittings | 3494 3495 | 2 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 5 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 2 3 | 3 6 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated wire products | 3496 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Metal foil and leaf | 3497 3498 3499 | 3 4 | 4 3 5 | 5 3 5 | 6 4 5 | 3 4 | 3 5 | 5 4 5 | 6 4 5 |
| chinery, except electrical | 35 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Engines and turbines Turbines and turbine generator sets Internal combustion engines, n.e.c | 351 3511 3519 | 2 3 2 | 2 3 2 | 3 4 3 | 2 4 2 | 2 3 2 | 2 3 2 | 3 4 3 | 2 4 2 |
| Farm and garden machinery Farm machinery and equipment Lawn and garden equipment | 352 3523 3524 | 2 2 3 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 3 | 3 3 5 | 2 2 3 | 2 2 4 | 2 2 3 | 3 3 5 |
| Construction and related machinery | 353 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Construction machinery | 3531 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mining machinery | 3532 3533 | 2 2 | 3 | 2 3 | 3 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Elevators and moving stairways | 3534 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 10 |
| Conveyors and conveying equipment | 3535 | 3 2 | 2 | 3 3 | 7 | 3 2 | 4 2 | 3 3 | 5 7 |
| Hoists, cranes, and monorails Industrial trucks and tractors | 3536 3537 | 4 | 4 | 5 | á | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Metalworking machinery | 354 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Machine tools, metal cutting types Machine tools, metal forming types | 3541 3542 | 2 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 3 3 | 2 3 | 3 | 3 3 | 3 |
| Special dies, tools, jigs, and fixtures. | 3544 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Machine tool accessories Power driven hand tools | 3545 3546 | 2 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 5 | 2 2 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 5 |
| Rolling mill machinery | 3547 3549 | 4 3 | 4 5 | 5 3 | 5 | 4 3 | 4 5 | 5 4 | 4 5 |
| Special industry machinery | 355 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Food products machinery Textile machinery | 3551 3552 | 3 4 | 5 | 3 4 | 7 6 | 3 | 5 | 3 4 | 6 |
| Woodworking machinery | 3553 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Paper industries machinery | 3554 3555 | 2 6 | 3 9 | 6 | 3 14 | 2 6 | 3 9 | 2 7 | 14 |
| Printing trades machinery Special industry machinery, n.e.c | 3559 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| General industrial machinery | 356 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Pumps and pumping equipment | 3561 3562 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 | 3 3 | 3 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Ball and roller bearings | 3563 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Blowers and fans | 3564 | 3 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Industrial patterns | 3565 3566 | 3 | 8 3 | 6 3 | 10 3 | 6 3 | 8 3 | 6 3 | 11 3 |
| Industrial furnaces and ovens | 3567 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| Power transmission equipment, n.e.c General industrial machinery, n.e.c | 3568 3569 | 2 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Office and computing machines Electronic computing equipment | 357 3573 | 3 | 3 3 | 3 | 3 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 4 | 3 5 |
| Railroad equipment | 3574 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
| Scales and balances, except laboratory Office machines, n.e.c | 3576 3579 | 6 4 | 10 | 7 4 | 15 | 7 4 | 10 5 | 7 4 | 16 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | ļ | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | ent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | ıries | |
| Industry | SIC code | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workday |
| Refrigeration and service machinery | 358 3581 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Automatic merchandising machines Commercial laundry equipment | 3582 | 5 | 5 7 | 7 | 5 11 | . 6 | 5 7 | 7 | 5 11 |
| Refrigeration and heating equipment Measuring and dispensing pumps Service industry machinery, n.e.c | 3585 3586 3589 | (3) | (3) 3 | (3) | (3) 4 | (3) 3 | (3) | (3) | (3) 4 |
| Miscellaneous machinery, except | | | | | | | | | |
| electricalCarburetors, pistons, rings, valves Machinery, except electrical, n.e.c | 359 3592 3599 | 3 2 | 3 3 3 | 2 4 2 | 5 3 5 | 2 3 2 | 3 3 | 2 4 2 | 5 3 5 |
| lectric and electronic equipment | 36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Electric distributing equipment | 361 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Transformers Switchgear and switchboard apparatus | 3612 3613 | 2 4 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 7 | 2 5 | 3 6 | 3 5 | 3 8 |
| Electrical industrial apparatus | 362 3621 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 | 2 3 |
| Motors and generatorsIndustrial controls | 3622 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Welding apparatus, electric | 3623 3624 | 3 3 | 4 3 | 3 5 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Electrical industrial apparatus, n.e.c | 3629 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 8 |
| Household appliances | 363 3631 | 3 | 4 | 2 2 | 5 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 2 | 5 2 |
| Household refrigerators and freezers Household laundry equipment | 3632 3633 | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Electric housewares and fans | 3634 3635 3636 | 3 1 3 | 3 (3) 9 | 1 2 | (3) | 3 1 4 | 3 (3) 10 | 1 2 | (3) 4 |
| Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 364 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | ı | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Electric lamps Current-carrying wiring devices | 3641 3643 | 5 2 | 6 | 5 | 14 | 5 2 | 7 | 6 3 | 15 |
| Noncurrent-carrying wiring devices | 3644 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Residential lighting fixtures Commercial lighting fixtures | 3645 3646 | 3 4 | 5 | 3 5 | 5 10 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 10 |
| Vehicular lighting equipment Lighting equipment, n.e.c | 3647 3648 | 3 8 | 9 | 3 11 | 2 16 | 3 8 | 10 | 3 10 | 17 |
| Radio and TV receiving equipment Radio and TV receiving sets Phonograph records | 365 3651 3652 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 4 | 4 4 | 5 3 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 4 | 4 4 | 5 3 |
| Communication equipment Telephone and telegraph apparatus Radio and TV communication equipment | 366 3661 3662 | 2 3 3 | 3 4 4 | 3 4 4 | 3 3 4 | 2 3 3 | 3 4 4 | 3 4 4 | 3 4 4 |
| Electronic components and accessories Electron tubes, receiving type | 367 3671 | 1 3 | 1 3 | 2 5 | 2 2 | 1 3 | 1 3 | 2 5 | 2 2 |
| Cathode ray television picture tubes | 3672 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Electron tubes, transmitting | 3673 3674 | 4 2 | 5 2 | 5 | 7 2 | 4 2 | 5 2 | 5 | 8 |
| Electronic capacitors | 3675 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Electronic resistors Electronic coils and transformers Electronic components, n.e.c | 3676 3677 3679 | 3 4 2 | 3 5 3 | 3 5 3 | 3 9 4 | 3 4 2 | 5 3 | 5 3 | 3 9 3 |
| Miscellaneous electrical equipment and | 2/0 | | | | | | | | |
| Storage batteries | 369 3691 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 3 4 | 3 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 3 4 | 3 |
| Primary batteries, dry and wet | 3692 3693 | 3 3 | 8 | 2 4 | 5 | 3 | 5 8 | 3 4 | 6 |
| Engine electrical equipment Electrical equipment and | 3694 3699 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Supplies, n.e.c | 37 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 371 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Motor vehicles and car bodies Truck and bus bodies | 3711 3713 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 |
| Motor vehicle parts and accessories Truck trailers | 3714 3715 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 3 3 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 2 2 | 3 | 2 2 |
| Aircraft and parts | 372 3721 | 2 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 3 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 3 |
| Aircraft Aircraft engines and engine parts Aircraft equipment, n.e.c | 3724 3728 | 3 2 | 4 3 | 4 3 | 9 3 | 3 2 | 3 | 4 4 | 9 |
| Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Boat building and repairing | 373 3731 3732 | 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 | 3 3 2 | 3 3 3 | 2 2 2 | 2 2 3 | 3 4 3 | 3 3 |
| Railroad equipment Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts | 374 375 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 2 3 | 2 5 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 2 3 | 6 |
| Guided missiles, space vehicles, and | 27. | _ | | | | | | | |
| Guided missiles and space vehicles | 376 3761 | 5 8 | 2 3 | 8 | 3 4 | 6 9 | 2 3 | 13 | 3 4 |
| Space propulsion units and parts Space vehicle equipment, n.e.c | 3764 3769 | 1 8 | 1 8 | 10 | (3) 14 | (3) | (3) 8 | 1 11 | (3) 14 |
| Miscellaneous transportation equipment | 379 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Travel trailers and campers Tanks and tank components | 3792 3795 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 3 | (3) | (3) | (3) | 3 |
| Transportation equipment, n.e.c | 3799 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 1 35 | 5 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| † | | | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workday |
| nstruments and related products | 38 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Engineering and scientific instruments | 381 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Measuring and controlling devices | 382 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Environmental controls | 3822 3823 | 2 5 | 2 6 | 6 | 6 | 2 5 | 6 | 3 6 | 6 |
| Fluid meters and counting devices | 3824 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Instruments to measure electricity Measuring and controlling | 3825 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| devices, n.e.c | 3829 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| Optical instruments and lenses | 383 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 13 |
| Medical instruments and supplies | 384 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Surgical and medical instruments | 3841 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Surgical appliances and supplies | 3842 3843 | 3 | 3 10 | 4 8 | 3 10 | 3 8 | 3 10 | 8 | 3 |
| Dental equipment and supplies | | - | 1 | | 10 | _ | 10 | | ļ |
| Ophthalmic goods Photographic equipment and supplies | 385 386 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 11 3 | 9 | 7 |
| Watches, clocks, and watchcases | 387 | 6 | 9 | ī | 8 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| iscellaneous manufacturing industries | 39 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| | | | l | | | ! | | | |
| Jewelry, silverware, and plated ware Jewelry, precious metal | 391 3911 | 2 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 10 | 2 4 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 10 |
| Silverware and plated ware | 3914 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 |
| Jewlers' materials and lapidary work | 3915 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 49 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 50 |
| Musical instruments | 393 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 |
| Toys and sporting goods | 394 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| DollsGames, toys, and children's vehicles | 3942 3944 | 7 2 | 7 | 9 | 16 3 | 7 2 | 7 | 9 2 | 16 |
| Sporting and athletic goods, n.e.c | 3949 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Pens, pencils, office and art supplies | 395 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Pens and mechanical pencils | 3951 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Lead pencils and art goods Marking devices | 3952 3953 | 2 8 | 3 | 9 | 13 | 6 | 3 8 | 3 8 | 13 |
| Carbon paper and inked ribbons | 3955 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
| Costume jewelry and notions | 396 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Costume jewelry | 3961 3962 | 4 | 5 8 | 5 5 | 7 10 | 4 | 5 8 | 5 | 7 10 |
| Artificial flowers | 3963 | 13 | 15 | 15 | 9 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 9 |
| Needles, pins, and fasteners | 3964 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 12 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 399 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Brooms and brushes Signs and advertising displays | 3991 3993 | 3 | 3 4 | 3 3 | 5 9 | 3 3 | 3 4 | 3 | 5 9 |
| Burial caskets | 3995 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 8 |
| Hard surface floor coverings Manufacturing industries, n.e.c | 3996 3999 | 3 4 | 1 5 | 5 | 3 8 | 3 4 | 1 5 | 5 | 8 |
| ondurable goods | | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| ood and kindred products | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Meat products Meatpacking plants | 201 2011 | 1 1 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 1 1 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 1 2 |
| Sausages and other prepared meats | 2013 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Poultry dressing plants Poultry and egg processing | 2016 2017 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 2 3 | 3 6 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 2 3 | 2 7 |
| | 202 | | 2 | 1 | 3 | | 2 | - | 3 |
| Dairy products | 202 | 1 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 1 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Cheese, natural and processed | 2022 2023 | 3 | 4 5 | 3 4 | 7 | 3 4 | 4 5 | 3 4 | 7 6 |
| Ice cream and frozen desserts | 2024 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Fluid milk | 2026 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Preserved fruits and vegetables | 203 2032 | 1 4 | 2 | 2 5 | 2 5 | 1 4 | 2 4 | 2 5 | 2 |
| Canned specialties | 2032 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Dehydrated fruits, vegetables, soups Pickles, sauces, and salad dressings | 2034 2035 | 6 5 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 10 |
| Frozen fruits and vegetables | 2037 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Frozen specialties | 2038 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Grain mill products | 204 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Flour and other grain mill products Cereal breakfast foods | 2041 2043 | 3 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 1 | 3 1 | 3 | 3 2 | 1 |
| Rice milling | 2044 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Blended and prepared flour | 2045 2046 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 2 2 | 3 3 | 2 | 3 4 | 3 2 | 3 |
| Dog, cat, and other pet food | 2047 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Prepared feeds, n.e.c | 2048 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Trepared Tecas, Markettinini | | | | | | | | | |
| Bakery products Bread, cake, and related products | 205 2051 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 2 2 | 2 | 2 3 | 3 4 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| ! | | | Injuries | and illness | ea | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays |
| Sugar and confectionery products | 206 2061 | 1 2 | 2 4 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 1 2 | 1 4 | 2 3 | 2 4 |
| Cane sugar refining | 2062 | 1 | i | 1 | 2 | 1 | i | 1 | 2 |
| Beet sugar | 2063 2065 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 5 | 3 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 5 | 3 |
| Confectionery products Chocolate and cocoa products | 2066 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 5 |
| Chewing gum | 2067 | 7 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 12 | 6 |
| Fats and oils | 207 2074 | 2 3 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 3 | 1 2 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 3 3 |
| Soybean oil mills | 2075 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| Vegetable oil mills, n.e.c | 2076 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 8 |
| Animal and marine fats and oils Shortening and cooking oils | 2077 2079 | 3 2 | 4 | 3 | 6 3 | 3 2 | 3 | 3 2 | 6 3 |
| Beverages | 208 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Malt beverages | 2082 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Malt Wines, brandy, and brandy spirits | 2083 2084 | 8 | 3 8 | 5 12 | 6 8 | 3 8 | 8 | 5 12 | 6 8 |
| Distilled liquor, except brandy | 2085 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Bottled and canned soft drinks | 2086 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Flavoring extracts and syrups, n.e.c | 2087 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 |
| Miscellaneous foods and kindred products | 209 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Canned and cured seafoods | 2091 2092 | 3 4 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| Fresh or frozen packaged fish Macaroni and spaghetti | 2092 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
| Food preparations, n.e.c | 2099 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 21 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Cigarettes | 211 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Cigars | 212 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| Chewing and smoking tobacco | 213 214 | 4 3 | 3 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 7 |
| Textile mill products | 22 | 1 | | İ | | | | | |
| • | | ļ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Weaving mills, cotton | 221 222 | 2 2 | 3 | 2 2 | 2 5 | 2 2 | 3 4 | 2 2 | 2 5 |
| Weaving and finishing mills, wool Narrow fabric mills | 223 224 | 3 4 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 5 11 | 3 | 4 5 | 4 5 | 5 11 |
| Knitting mills | 225 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Women's hosiery, except socks | 2251 2252 | 6 3 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 11 |
| Hosiery, n.e.c | 2252 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 11 11 | 3 4 | 4 | 5 | 11 |
| Knit underwear mills | 2254 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
| Circular knit fabric mills Warp knit fabric mills | 2257 2258 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| Knitting mills, n.e.c | 2259 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | , |
| Textile finishing, except wool | 226 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Finishing plants, cotton | 2261 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Finishing plants, synthetics Finishing plants, n.e.c | 2262 2269 | 4 | 6 5 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 5 | 5 | 7 6 |
| Floor covering mills | 227 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| Woven carpets and rugs | 2271 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | ž | 3 |
| Tufted carpets and rugs Carpets and rugs, n.e.c | 2272 | 5 16 | 5 14 | 5 25 | 5 21 | 5 15 | 5 14 | 23 | 5 21 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Yarn and thread mills | 228 2281 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 2 2 | 3 | 2 2 | 2 3 | 2 2 | 3 4 |
| Throwing and winding mills | 2282 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| Wool yarn mills | 2283 2284 | 3 2 | 3 | 4 2 | 5 4 | 3 2 | 3 3 | 4 2 | 5 4 |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Miscellaneous textile goods | 229 2291 | 2 5 | 7 | 2 5 | 3 7 | 2 5 | 7 | 2 5 | 3 7 |
| Lace goods | 2292 | 5 | 12 | Š | 14 | 5 | 12 | Š | 18 |
| Paddings and upholstery filling | 2293 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Processed textile waste Coated fabrics, not rubberized | 2294 2295 | 5 2 | 6 3 | 6 3 | 9 5 | 5 2 | 6 | 6 3 | 9 5 |
| Tire cord and fabric | 2296 | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) | (3) |
| Nonwoven fabrics | 2297 2298 | 4 3 | 7 4 | 5 | 25 5 | 4 | 8 | 5 4 | 25 5 |
| Cordage and twine Textile goods, n.e.c | 2299 | 9 | 15 | 7 | 16 | 9 | 15 | 7 | 17 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Men's and boys' suits and coats | 231 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 |
| Men's and boys' furnishings | 232 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Men's and boys' shirts and nightwear | 2321 2322 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 4 2 | 4 | 3 2 | 3 2 | 4 2 | 4 |
| Men's and boys' underwear Men's and boys' neckwear | 2322 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 28 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 4 26 |
| Men's and boys' separate trousers | 2327 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 7 |
| Men's and boys' work clothing Men's and boys' clothing, n.e.c | 2328 2329 | 2 4 | 3 4 | 3 5 | 3 6 | 2 4 | 3 4 | 3 5 | 3 6 |
| Women's and misses' outerwear | 233 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| nomen o and mroaco Onterweat | 2331 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 12 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 12 |
| Women's and misses blouses and waists | | | | | | | | | |
| Women's and misses' blouses and waists Women's and misses' dresses Women's and misses' suits and coats | 2335 2337 | 6 | 8 13 | 8 7 | 13 11 | 7 7 | 8 12 | 8 7 | 14 10 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | sic code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workday: |
| Women's and children's undergarments Women's and children's underwear Brassieres and allied garments | 234 2341 2342 | 3 4 4 | 4 5 6 | 4 4 4 | 7 9 7 | 3 3 4 | 4 5 6 | 3 4 4 | 7 9 7 |
| Hats, caps, and millinery | 235 2351 | 8 6 | 15 8 | 5 6 | 17 10 | 8 6 | 15 8 | 5 6 | 18 10 |
| Children's outerwear | 236 2361 2369 | 4 6 5 | 7 6 6 | 5 7 7 | 7 14 10 | 4 6 6 | 7 6 7 | 5 7 7 | 7 14 11 |
| Miscellaneous apparel and accessories | 238 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Fabric dress and work gloves | 2381 2384 | 5 | 5 | 7 7 | 6 17 | 6 | 4 7 | 7 7 | 6 17 |
| Robes and dressing gowns | 2385 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 13 | 4 | 7 | s 's | 13 |
| Leather and sheep lined clothing | 2386 | 10 | 10 | 16 | 21 7 | 10 | 10 8 | 16 | 21 7 |
| Apparel belts Apparel and accessories, n.e.c | 2387 2389 | 6 5 | 8 | 6 7 | 11 | 6 5 | 6 | 6 7 | 11 |
| Miscellaneous fabricated textile | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| products | 239 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Curtains and draperies | 2391 2392 | 5 | 5 7 | 5 | 7 8 | 5 | 5 7 | 5 | 7 8 |
| Textile bags | 2393 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 13 |
| Canvas and related products Pleating and stitching | 2394 2395 | 5 7 | 7 9 | 6 8 | 10 14 | 5 7 | 7 9 | 6 8 | 10 14 |
| Automotive and apparel trimmings | 2396 | 7 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 8 |
| Schiffli machine embroideries Fabricated textile products, n.e.c | 2397 2399 | 9 | 9 | 15 5 | 23 | 9 | 9 | 15 5 | 23 7 |
| | | | | | ١, | ١, | ١, | i | |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Pulp mills Paper mills, except building paper | 261 262 | 1 2 | 3 2 | 1 2 | 2 2 | 1 2 | 3 2 | 1 2 | 2 2 |
| Paperboard mills | 263 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Miscellaneous converted paper products | 264 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Paper coating and glazing | 2641 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| Envelopes Bags, except textile bags | 2642 2643 | 2 | 3 | 2 3 | 4 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 2 3 | 4 |
| Die-cut paper and board | 2645 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| Pressed and molded pulp goods | 2646 2647 | 5 2 | 6 3 | 6 3 | 6 | 5 3 | 6 3 | 6 | 6 |
| Stationery products | 2648 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Converted paper products, n.e.c | 2649 | . 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Paperboard containers and boxes | 265 | 1 2 | 1 3 | 1 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Folding paperboard boxes | 2651 2652 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 4 |
| Corrugated and solid fiber boxes | 2653 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Sanitary food containers Fiber cans, drums, and similar | 2654 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 12 |
| products | 2655 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Building paper and board mills | 266 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Newspapers | 271 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Periodicals | 272 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 14 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 14 |
| Books Book publishing | 273 2731 | 3 5 | 3 | 3 | 5 9 | 3 5 | 6 | 3 5 | 5 10 |
| Book printing | 2732 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Miscellaneous publishing | 274 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 12 |
| Commercial artestan | 275 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Commercial printing | 2751 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Commercial printing, lithographic Engraving and plate printing | 2752 2753 | 2 4 | 3 6 | 3 6 | 22 | 2 4 | 3 6 | 3 | 4 22 |
| Commercial printing, gravure | 2754 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| Manifold business forms | 276 277 | 4 | 4 | 5 6 | 7 4 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 5 6 | 7 4 |
| Blankbooks and bookbinding | 278 | . 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Blankbooks and looseleaf binders Bookbinding and related work | 2782 2789 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 7 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 5 | 7 8 |
| Printing trade services | 279 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 10 |
| TypesettingPhotoengraving | 2791 2793 | 6 7 | 10 12 | 7 | 12 13 | 6 7 | 10 12 | 7 | 12 14 |
| Electrotyping and stereotyping Lithographic platemaking services | 2794 2795 | 9 | (3) | 12 | (3) | 9 | (3) | 12 | (3) |
| Themicals and allied products | 28 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Industrial inorganic chemicals | 281 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Alkalies and chlorine | 2812 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
| Inorganic pigments Industrial inorganic chemicals, n.e.c | 2816 2819 | 5 4 | 5 | 6 5 | 5 | 4 4 | 5 | 6 4 | 4 5 |
| _ | | | Ì | | | | | | |
| Plastics materials and synthetics Plastics materials and resins | 282 2821 | 2 4 | 3 5 | 3 4 | 3 | 2 3 | 3 4 | 3 4 | 3 |
| Synthetic rubber | 2822 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Organic fibers, noncellulosic | 2824 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relativ | e standard e | error (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | |
| Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays |
| Drugs Biological products Medicinals and botanicals Pharmaceutical preparations | 283 2831 2833 2834 | 2 5 5 2 | 2 5 6 2 | 3 7 6 3 | 3 7 7 4 | 2 6 5 2 | 2 5 6 2 | 3 8 6 3 | 3 7 8 4 |
| Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Soap and other detergents Polishes and sanitation goods Surface active agents Toilet preparations | 284 2841 2842 2843 2844 | 2 4 4 6 3 | 2 5 4 5 | 2 5 4 7 4 | 3 4 8 12 5 | 2 4 4 6 3 | 2 5 4 6 4 | 2 5 5 8 4 | 3 4 7 12 5 |
| Paints and allied products | 285 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Industrial organic chemicals | 286 2861 2865 2869 | 3 5 6 4 | 4 5 8 6 | 3 7 6 5 | 4 5 7 4 | 3 5 5 4 | 4 5 7 4 | 3 7 5 4 | 4 5 8 4 |
| Agricultural chemicals | 287 2873 2874 2875 2879 | 3 9 3 7 5 | 4 10 6 9 6 | 4 12 3 8 6 | 6 10 4 17 6 | 3 8 3 7 5 | 4 10 6 9 6 | 4 11 4 8 6 | 6 10 4 17 6 |
| Miscellaneous chemical products | 289 2891 2892 2893 2895 2899 | 2 3 5 5 8 4 | 3 5 4 7 12 6 | 3 4 6 6 7 5 | 4 5 3 10 11 6 | 2 3 5 5 8 4 | 3 5 4 7 12 6 | 3 4 6 6 7 5 | 5 3 10 11 6 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 29 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Petroleum refining | 291 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Paving and roofing materials Paving mixtures and blocks Asphalt felts and coatings | 295 2951 2952 | 3 9 2 | 11 3 | 3 9 2 | 4 14 3 | 3 9 2 | 11 3 | 3 10 2 | 14 3 |
| Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products | 299 2992 2999 | 4 4 9 | 4 5 7 | 5 5 10 | 8 11 6 | 4 4 9 | 4 5 7 | 5 5 10 | 8 11 6 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 30 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tires and inner tubes | 301 302 303 304 306 307 | 2 4 1 3 2 2 | 2 5 2 2 2 2 | 3 6 2 5 2 2 | 2 6 3 2 3 2 | 2 5 1 3 2 2 | 2 5 2 2 2 2 | 3 7 2 5 2 2 | 2 6 3 2 3 2 |
| Leather and leather products | 31 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Leather tanning and finishing Boot and shoe cut stock and findings | 311 313 | 3 4 | 3 | 4 4 | 4 6 | 3 | 3 | 4 4 | 5 6 |
| Footwear, except rubber | 314 3142 3143 3144 3149 | 2 4 2 4 3 | 2 5 2 3 4 | 2 5 2 5 4 | 3 7 2 7 4 | 2 4 2 4 3 | 2 5 2 3 3 | 2 6 2 5 4 | 3 7 2 5 4 |
| Leather gloves and mittens | 315 316 | 8 5 | 8 5 | 12 7 | 9 | 8 5 | 8 5 | 12 7 | 9 |
| Handbags and personal leather goods Women's handbags and purses Personal leather goods, n.e.c | 317 3171 3172 | 4 4 6 | 5 6 6 | 4 5 7 | 6 8 8 | 4 4 6 | 5 6 6 | 4 5 7 | 6 8 9 |
| Transportation and public utilities | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 41 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Trucking and warehousing. Trucking, local and long distance Public warehousing Trucking terminal facilities | 42 421 422 423 | 1 1 3 6 | 1 1 4 9 | 2 2 4 6 | 2 3 6 15 | 1 1 3 6 | 1 1 4 9 | 2 2 4 6 | 2 3 6 15 |
| Water transportation | 44 446 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 4 | 3 4 |
| Transportation by air Pipelines, except natural gas | 45 46 | 6 | 1 7 | 2 7 | 2 12 | 1 6 | 1 7 | 2 7 | 2 12 |
| Transportation services Miscellaneous transportation services | 47 478 | 5 8 | 5 12 | 6 8 | 10 18 | 5 8 | 5 12 | 6 8 | 10 18 |
| Communication | 48 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services Sanitary services | 49 495 | 1 4 | 1 5 | 6 | 6 | 1 4 | 5 | 1 6 | 6 |

Table A-1. Continued—Relative standard errors for measures of occupational injuries and illnesses, and occupational injuries by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | | Relativ | e standard e | rror (per | cent) <u>2</u> / | | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| | | | Injuries | and illness | es | | Inj | uries | - |
| Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Nonfatal cases without lost workdays | Lost workdays |
| Wholesale and retail trade | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Wholesale trade | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Wholesale tradedurable goods | 50 51 | 3 | 3 | 3 3 | 6 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 5 |
| Retail trade | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
| Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores | 52 53 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 7 5 | 3 3 | 4 | 4 | 7 5 |
| Food stores | 54 55 | 3 2 | 3 | 3 2 | 15 6 | 3 2 | 3 | 3 2 | 15 6 |
| Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and home furnishings stores Eating and drinking places | 56 57 58 | 6 5 5 | 9 6 6 | 7 6 5 | 16 8 12 | 6 5 5 | 8 6 6 | 7 6 5 | 16 8 12 |
| Miscellaneous retail | 59 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 14 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 13 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Banking Credit agencies other than banks Security, commodity brokers, and services | 60 61 62 | 5 6 8 | 7 12 8 | 6 7 10 | 15 16 15 | 5 6 8 | 7 11 8 | 6 7 10 | 13 16 15 |
| Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers and service Real estate | 63 64 65 | 10 5 | 5 16 6 | 11 6 | 8 - 8 | 10 5 | 5 16 6 | 12 6 | 8 - 8 |
| Services | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services | 70 72 73 | 2 5 5 | 3 5 6 | 3 6 5 | 6 10 10 | 2 5 5 | 3 5 6 | 3 6 5 | 6 11 10 |
| Auto repair, services, and garages Miscellaneous repair services Miscellaneous repair shops | 75 76 769 | 5 6 | 6 7 | 6 7 | 9 9 10 | 5 5 6 | 6 7 | 6 7 | 9 9 11 |
| | 78 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 24 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 25 |
| Motion pictures. Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services | 78 79 80 82 | 7 2 4 | 6 2 6 | 10 3 5 | 8 4 11 | 7 2 5 | 6 2 | 10 3 5 | 8 4 12 |
| Social services Museums, botanical and zoological gardens | 83 84 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 7 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Miscellaneous services | 89 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 20 | 6 | , š | 7 | 21 |

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.
 See discussion of reliability of estimates.
 Relative standard error of zero or less than 0.5.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.

Relative standard errors were not calculated for mining division, coal and lignite mining (SIC 11-12), metal and nonmetal mining and quarying (SIC 10 and 14), and railroad transportation (SIC 40).

Table A-2. Relative standard errors for injury and illness fatalities by industry division, United States, 1978

| Industry | Relative standard error (percent) 1/ |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Private sector | 8 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | 26 |
| Mining | 8 |
| Construction | 23 |
| Manufacturing | 3 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 23 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 34 |
| Services | 54 |

¹ See discussion of reliability of estimates.

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

Table A-3. Relative standard errors for measures of occupational illnesses by industry, United States, 1978

| | | | e standard percent) <u>2</u> / | | | | e standard percent) <u>2</u> / |
|--|----------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Industry | SIC code | Total cases | Lost workday cases | Industry | SIC code <u>1</u> / | Total cases | Lost workday cases |
| Private sector | | 1 | 2 | Transportation and public utilities continued. | | | |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing | | 7 | 12 | Water transportation | 44 | 12 | 13 |
| | | | | Transportation by air | 45 | 2 | 2 |
| Agricultural production | 01-02 | 8 | 11 | Pipelines, except natural gas | 46 | 36 | _ |
| Agricultural services | 07 | 14 | 25 | Transportation services | 47 | 47 | 1 |
| Forestry | 08 | 16 | 55 | Communication | 48 | 10 | 12 |
| Fishing, hunting, and trapping | 09 | 27 | 30 | Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 49 | 4 | 6 |
| Mining | | | | Wholesale and retail trade | | 9 | 13 |
| 0il and gas extraction | 13 | 14 | 23 | Wholesale trade | | 13 | 18 |
| Construction | | 7 | 16 | Wholesale trade—durable goods Wholesale trade—nondurable goods | 50 51 | 20 17 | 22 27 |
| General building contractors | 15 | 111 | 16 | Milanesane crawe monderance Bassastitution | | | |
| Heavy construction contractors | 16 | 10 | 24 | Retail trade | | 12 | 17 |
| Special trade contractors | 17 | 13 | 28 | ACCULT CLAMCOTTO | | | |
| Special trade contractors | | 1 23 | 1 20 | Building materials and garden supplies | 52 | 30 | 43 |
| V | | 1 1 | 1 | General merchandise stores | 53 | 27 | 43 |
| Manufacturing | | 1 1 | | Food stores | 54 | 19 | 24 |
| n - 11 · · · · | | 1 | 1 | Automotive dealers and service stations | 55 | 18 | 29 |
| Durable goods | | 1 | 1 | Apparel and accessory stores | 56 | 34 | 1 23 |
| Y | 24 | 4 | 5 | Furniture and home furnishings stores | 57 | 33 | 48 |
| Lumber and wood products | 25 | 3 | 5 | Eating and drinking places | 58 | 30 | 40 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 32 | 3 | 4 | Miscellaneous retail | 59 | 37 | 1 40 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 32 | 3 | 3 | miscellaneous retail | 39 | ٦, | - |
| Primary metal industries | 34 | 2 | 2 | 74 4 | | 14 | 20 |
| Fabricated metal products | 35 | 2 | 2 | Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 14 | 20 |
| Machinery, except electrical | | 2 | | - 11 | | 47 | 59 |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 36 | | 2 | Banking | 60 | 33 | 56 |
| Transportation equipment | 37 | 2 | 2 | Credit agencies other than banks | 61 | 33 | 26 |
| Instruments and related products | 38 | 2 | 3 | Security, commodity brokers, and services | 62 | 10 | 1 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 39 | 3 | 5 | Insurance carriers | 63 64 | 18 | 22 |
| | | | | Insurance agents, brokers and service | | | |
| Nondurable goods | | 1 | 2 | Real estate | 65 | 17 | 26 |
| Food and kindred products | 20 | 2 | 2 | Services | | 6 | 7 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 21 | 3 | 5 | 1 | | | 1 |
| Textile mill products | 22 | 3 | 5 | Hotels and other lodging places | 70 | 17 | 27 |
| Apparel and other textile products | 23 | 5 | 6 | Personal services | 72 | 19 | 23 |
| Paper and allied products | 26 | 3 | 4 | Business services | 73 | 34 | 37 |
| Printing and publishing | 27 | 5 | 10 | Auto repair, services, and garages | 75 | 33 | 59 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 28 | 3 | 5 | Miscellaneous repair services | 76 | 19 | 42 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 29 | 6 | 8 | Motion pictures | 78 | 17 | 28 |
| Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products. | 30 | 4 | 5 | Amusement and recreation services | 79 | 19 | 31 |
| Leather and leather products | 31 | 3 | 5 | Health services | 80 | 6 | 8 |
| seemen and produces the seemen seeme seemen seemen seemen seemen seemen seemen seemen seemen seemen s | | 1 | 1 | Educational services | 82 | 11 | 18 |
| Transportation and public utilities | | 2 | 4 | Social services | 83 | 16 | 20 |
| | | - | | Museums, botanical, and zoological | | | 1 |
| Local and interurban passenger transit | 41 | 18 | 26 | gardens | 84 | 20 | 42 |
| Trucking and warehousing | 42 | 9 | 16 | Miscellaneous services | 89 | 23 | 27 |
| ******** and marchonarides************* | | 1 1 | 1 ** | 1 | | 1 | 1 |

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition.
See discussion of reliability of estimates.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines. Relative standard errors were not calculated for the mining division, coal and tignite mining (SIC 11-12), metal and nonmetal mining and quarrying (SIC 10 and 14), and railroad transportation (SIC 40).

1978 OSHA No. 200-S

Annual Occupational Injuries and illnesses Survey Covering Calendar Year 1978

| ooses only by the BLS, OSHA, and the cooperating State Agencies. CAN RESULT | IS MANDATORY UNDER PUBLIC LAW 91-596. FAIL IN THE ISSUANCE OF CITATIONS AND ASSESSMEN | T OF PENALTIES. AP | M.B. No. 44-R1652 proval Expires: December 1980 |
|---|---|---|--|
| St. Sch. No. Ck. Suf. SIC EDIT | Complete this report whether or not there recordable occupational injuries or illne. PLEASE READ THE ENCLOSED INSTRUCT | sses. Compl | ete and return ONLY FORM within 3 weeks |
| ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT IN 1978 Enter the average number of employees who worked during calendar year 1978 in the establishment(s) covered by this report. Include all classes of employees: full-time, part-time, seasonal, temporary, etc. See the instructions for an example of an annual average employment calculation. (Round to the nearest whole number.) III. NATURE OF BUSINE A. Check the box which best describes the general during 1978 by all employees covered by this report. DO NOT include any non-worktime even though paid such as vacations, sick leave, etc. If employees worked low hours in 1978 due to layoffs, strikes, fires, etc., explain under Comments (Section VII). (Round to the nearest whole number.) | B. Enter in order of importance the principal products, lines of trade, which perform services | IV. MONTH OF OSHA INSPECTION If the establishment(s) covered by this report had either a Federal or State OSHA compliance inspection during calen- dar year 1978, please enter the name of the month in which the first inspection occurred. | V. RECORDABLE INJURIES AND ILLNESSES Indicate below whether the employees covered by this report experienced during calendar year 1978 any: A. Recordable INJURIES 1. No 2. Yes B. Recordable ILLNESSES 1. No 2. Yes If you answered "Yes" to either of the above. ENTER the DATA in Section VI and complete Section VII. If you answered "No" to both, complete only Section VII. SEE REVERSE |
| REPORT LOCATION AND IDENTIFICATION Complete this report for the establishment(s) covered by the description below: | To: | | RETURN REPORT TO: |

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics for the Occupational

and Instructions

Safety and Health Administration

Digitized for FRASER http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

OSHA No. 200-S

| VI. | OCCUPATIONAL | INJURY AND | ILLNESS SUMMARY | (Covering Cale | endar Vear 1978) |
|-----|--------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| | | | | | |

- Complete this section by copying the totals from the annual summary of your 1978 05HA No. 200.
 Leave Section VI blank if there were no OSHA recordable injuries or illnesses during 1978.
 Please check your figures to be certain that the sum of entries in columns (7a) + (7b) + (7c) + (7d) + (7f) + (7g) ≈ the sum of entries in columns (8) + (9) + (13).
 Note: First aid even when administered by a doctor or nurse is not recordable.

| OCCUPATIONAL INJURY CASES | | | | | | | OCCUPATIONAL ILLNESS CASES | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|---|----------------------------|--|-----|----------------------------------|---|--------|---------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|--|---|
| Injury- Related Fatalities | Injuries with Lost Workdays | | | | Injuries Without Lost Workdays | Type of Illness: Enter the from the columns i | | | | approin the | priate | checks | Illness- Related Fatalities | Illnesses with Lost Workdays | | | | Illnesses Without Lost Workdays |
| of entries | workday injuries Number of checks in col. 2 of the | days away from work Number of checks in | Days away from work Sum of days in col. 4 of the log | Days of restricted work activity Sum of days in col. 5 of the log | Number of checks in col. 6 of the log | | Dust diseases of the lungs | Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents | (2) | Disorders due to physical agents | Disorders associated with repeated trauma | | of entries in col. 8 of the log | Number of checks in col. 9 of the | Total illnesses involving days away from work Number of checks in col. 10 of the log | Sum of days in col. 11 of | | Number of checks in col. 13 of the log |
| VII. CC | MMENTS | | | | | | | | | . — . TI | TLE GNA1 | URE | | | | | | |

SURVEY REPORTING REGULATIONS

Title 29, Part 1904.20-22 of the Code of Federal Regulations requires that: each employer shall return the completed survey form, OSHA No. 200-S, within 3 weeks of receipt in accordance with the instructions shown below.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE OSHA NO. 200-S FORM 1978 OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES AND ILLNESSES SURVEY (Covering Calendar Year 1978)

Change of Ownership—When there has been a change of ownership during the report period, only the records of the current owner are to be entered in the report. Explain fully under Comments (Section VIII).

Partial-Year Reporting—For any establishment(s) which was not in existence for the entire report year, the report should cover the portion of the period during which the establishment(s) was in existence. Explain fully under Comments (Section VIII).

ESTABLISHMENTS INCLUDED IN THE REPORT

This report should include only those establishments located in, or identified by, the Report Location and Identification designation which appears next to your mailing address. This designation may be a geographical area, usually a county or city, or it could be a brief description of your operation within a geographical area. If you have any questions concerning the coverage of this report, please contact the agency identified on the OSHA No. 200-S report form.

DEFINITION OF ESTABLISHMENT

An ESTABLISHMENT is defined as a single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed. (For example: a factory, mill, store, hotel, restaurant, movie theatre, farm, ranch, bank, sales office, warehouse, or central administrative office.)

For firms engaged in activities such as construction, transportation, communication, or electric, gas and sanitary services, which may be physically dispersed, reports should cover the place to which employees normally report each day.

Reports for personnel who do not primarily report or work at a single establishment, such as traveling salesmen, technicians, engineers, etc., should cover the location from which they are paid or the base from which personnel operate to cerry out their activities.

SECTION I. ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT IN 1978

-1-

Enter in Section I the average number of full and part-time employees who worked during calendar year 1978 in the establishment(s) included in this report. If more than one establishment is included in this report, add together the annual average employment for each establishment and enter the sum. Include all classes of employees—seasonal, temporary, administrative, supervisory, clerical, professional, technical, sales, delivery, installation, construction and service personnel, as well as operators and related workers.

Annual Average employment should be computed by summing the employment from all pay periods during 1978 and then dividing that sum by the total number of such pay periods throughout the entire year, including periods with no employment. For example, if you had the following monthly employment—Jan.-10, Feb.-10: Mar.-10; Apr.-5; May-5, June-5; July-5, Aug.-0; Sept.-0; Oct.-0; Nov.-5; Dec.-5— you would sum the number of employees for each monthly pay period (in this case, 60) and then divide that total by 12 (the number of pay periods during the year) to derive an annual average employment of 5.

SECTION II. TOTAL HOURS WORKED IN 1978

Enter in Section II the total number of hours actually worked by all classes of employees during 1978. Be sure to include ONLY time on duty. DO NOT include any non-work time even though paid, such as vacations, sick leave, holidays, etc. The hours worked figure should be obtained from payroll or other time records wherever possible, if hours worked are not maintained separately from hours paid, please enter your best estimate. If actual hours worked are not available for employees paid on commission, salary, by the mile, etc., hours worked may be estimated on the basis of scheduled hours or 8 hours per workday.

For example, if a group of 10 salaried employees worked an average of 8 hours per day, 5 days a week, for 50 weeks of the report period, the total hours worked for this group would be $10 \times 8 \times 5 \times 50 = 20,000$ hours for the report period.

SECTION III. NATURE OF BUSINESS IN 1978

In order to verify the nature of business code, we must have information about the specific economic activity carried on by the establishment(s) included in your report during calendar year 1978.

Complete Parts A, B and C as indicated in Section III on the OSHA No. 200-S form. Complete Part C only if supporting services are provided to other establishments of your company. Leave Part C blank if a) supporting services are not the primary function of any establishment(s) included in this report or b) supporting services are provided but only on a contract or fee basis for the general public or for other business firms. (Instructions continued on page 2.)

NOTE: If more than one establishment is included, information in Section III should reflect the combined activities of all such establishments. One code will be assigned which best indicates the nature of business of the group of establishments as a whole.

SECTION IV. MONTH OF OSHA INSPECTION

Enter the name of the first month in 1978 during which your establishment(s) had an OSHA compliance inspection. Include inspections under the Federal or State equivalents of the Occupational Safety and Health Act by Federal or State inspectors and other inspections which may result in penalties for violations of safety and health standards. Do not include inspections limited to elevators, boilers, fire safety or those which are consultative in nature.

SECTION V. RECORDABLE INJURIES OR ILLNESSES

Check the appropriate boxes in both Parts A and B. If you checked "Yes" in either A or B, complete Sections VI and VII on the back of the form. If you checked "No" in both A and B, complete only Section VII.

SECTION VI. OCCUPATIONAL INJURY AND ILLNESS SUMMARY

This section can be completed easily by copying the totals from the annual summary of your **1978** OSHA No. 200 form (Log and Summary of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses). Please note that if this report covers **more** than one establishment, the final totals on the "Log" for each must be added and the sums entered in Section VI.

Leave Section VI **blank** if the employees covered in this report experienced no recordable injuries or illnesses during 1978.

If there were recordable injuries or illnesses during the year, please review your OSHA No. 200 form for each establishment to be included in this report to make sure that all entries are correct and complete before completing Section VI. Each recordable case should be included on the "Log" in only one of the six main categories of injuries or illnesses:

- 1. INJURY-related deaths (Log column 1)
- 2. INJURIES with lost workdays (Log column 2)
- 3. INJURIES without lost workdays (Log column 6)
- 4. ILLNESS-related deaths (Log column 8)
- 5. ILLNESSES with lost workdays (Log column 9)
- 6. ILLNESSES without lost workdays (Log column 13)

Also review each case to ensure that the appropriate entries have been made for the other columns if applicable. For example, if the case is an Injury with Lost Workdays, be sure that the check for an injury involving days away from work (Log column 3) is entered if necessary. Also verify that the correct number of days away from work (Log column 4) and/or days of restricted work activity (Log column 5) are recorded. A similar review should be made for a case which is an Illness with Lost Workdays (including Log columns 10, 11 and 12). Please remember that if your employees' loss of workdays is still continuing at the time the annual summary for the year is completed, you should estimate the number of future workdays they will lose and add this estimate to the actual workdays already lost.

Also, for each case which is an Illness, make sure that the appropriate column indicating Type of Illness (Log columns 7a-7g) is checked.

After completing your review of the individual case entries on the "Log," please make sure that the "Totals" line has been completed by summarizing Columns 1 through 13 according to the instructions on the back of the "Log" form. Then, copy these "Totals" onto Section VI of the OSHA No. 200-S form.

FIRST AID

Finally, please remember that all injuries which, in your judgement, required **only First Aid Treatment**, even when administered by a doctor or nurse, should not be included in this report. First Aid Treatment is defined as one-time treatment and subsequent observation of minor scratches cuts, burns, splinters, etc., which do not ordinarily require medical care.

SECTION VII. COMMENTS AND IDENTIFICATION

Please complete all parts including your area code and telephone number. Then return the OSHA No. 200-S form in the pre-addressed envelope. **KEEP** your file copy.

GPO 937-450

Appendix C. State Agencies Participating in the 1978 Survey

The 1978 survey was conducted in cooperation with agencies which received operating grants in 39 States, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. These agencies shared half the cost with the Federal Government for collecting, processing, analyzing, and publishing the survey data. Also, national data for 5 of the 11 States which did not have operating grants were collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and for the other 6—Colorado, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, and Texas—under contract. Following are the State agencies which received operating grants:

Alabama Department of Labor Alaska Department of Labor American Samoa Department of Manpower Resources Arizona Industrial Commission Arkansas Department of Labor

California Department of Industrial Relations
Connecticut Labor Department
Delaware Department of Labor
District of Columbia Department of Labor
Florida Department of Labor and Employment
Security
Guam Department of Labor

Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations Idaho Industrial Commission Indiana Division of Labor Iowa Bureau of Labor Kansas Department of Health and Environment

Kentucky Department of Labor Louisiana Department of Labor Maine Department of Manpower Affairs Maryland Department of Licensing and Regulation Massachusetts Department of Labor and Industries Michigan Department of Labor
Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry
Missouri Department of Labor and Industrial
Relations
Montage Workston Companyation

Montana Workers' Compensation Nebraska Workmen's Compensation Court

Nevada Department of Occupational Safety and Health New Mexico Health and Environment Department North Carolina Department of Labor Oregon Workers' Compensation Department Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry

Puerto Rico Department of Labor and Human Resources Rhode Island Department of Labor South Carolina Department of Labor South Dakota Department of Health Tennessee Department of Labor

Utah Industrial Commission
Vermont Department of Labor and Industry
Virgin Islands Department of Labor
Virginia Department of Labor and Industry
Washington Department of Labor and Industries

West Virginia Department of Labor
Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and
Human Relations
Wyoming Department of Labor and Statistics

Requests for data by industry for the States listed above can be obtained directly from these agencies or by contacting the Bureau of Labor Statistics regional office which services your area. Addresses and telephone numbers of the regional offices are found on the inside back cover.

Appendix D. Glossary of Terms

Average lost workdays per lost workday case

Cooperative program

Employment-size group

Incidence rate

Lost workday cases

Lost workdays

The number of workdays lost divided by the number of lost workday cases.

A program jointly conducted by the States and the Federal Government to collect injury and illness statistics.

A grouping of establishments with a specified range of employment.

Mean. Number of injuries and/or illnesses, or lost workdays experienced by 100 full-time workers. The rate is calculated as:

$$\frac{N}{EH}$$
 × 200,000 where

N = number of occupational injuries and/or illnesses, or lost workdays

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

The fatality rate, however, represents the number of fatalities per 10,000 workers.

Median. The middle measure in the distribution—onehalf of the establishments have an incidence rate more than and half less than the median rate.

Middle range. Defined by two measures—one-fourth of the establishments have a rate less than the first quartile and one-fourth a rate more than the third quartile rate.

Cases which involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both

- (1) Lost workday cases involving days away from work: Those cases which result in days away from work, or a combination of days away from work and days of restricted work activity.
- (2) Lost workday cases involving restricted work activity: Those cases which result in restricted work activity only.

The number of workdays (consecutive or not) the employee was away from work or limited to restricted work activity because of an occupational injury or illness.

92

Digitized for FRASER

- (1) Lost workdays away from work: The number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee would have worked but could not because of occupational injury or illness.
- (2) Lost workdays stricted work activity: The number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which, because of injury or illness: (1) The employee was assigned to another job on a temporary basis, or (2) the employee worked at a permanent job less that full time, or (3) the employee worked at a permanently assigned job but could not perform all duties normally connected with it.

The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked even though able to work.

Includes treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does *not* include first-aid treatment (one-time treatment and subsequent observation of minor scratches, cuts, burns, splinters, and so forth, which do not ordinarily require medical care) even though provided by a physician or registered professional personnel.

Any abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to environmental factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or diseases which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact, and which can be included in the categories listed below. The following categories were used by employers to classify recordable occupational illnesses:

- (21) Occupational skin diseases or disorders. Examples: Contact dermatitis, eczema, or rash caused by primary irritants and sensitizers or poisonous plants; oil acne; chrome ulcers; chemical burns or inflammations; etc.
- (22) Dust diseases of the lungs (pneumoconioses). Examples: Silicosis, asbestosis, coal worker's pneumoconioses, byssinosis, and other pneumoconioses
- (23) Respiratory conditions due to toxic agents. Examples: Pneumonitis, pharyngitis, rhinitis or acute congestion due to chemicals, dusts, gases, or fumes; farmer's lung; etc.
- (24) Poisoning (systemic effects of toxic materials). Examples: Poisoning by lead, mercury, cadmium, arsenic, or other metals; poisoning by carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, or other gases; poisoning by benzol, carbon tetrachloride, or other organic solvents; poisoning by insecticide

Medical treatment

Occupational illness

Occupational injury

Occupational injuries and illnesses

Report form

Standard Industrial Classficiation (SIC)

sprays such as parathion, lead arsenate; poisoning by other chemicals such as formaldehyde, plastics, and resins; etc.

- (25) Disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials). Examples: Heatstroke, sunstroke, heat exhaustion, and other effects of environmental heat; freezing, frostbite, and effects of exposure to low temperatures; caisson disease; effect of ionizing radiation (isotopes, X-rays, radium); effects of non-ionizing radiation (welding flash, ultraviolet rays, microwaves, sunburn); etc.
- (26) Disorders associated with repeated trauma. Examples: Noise-induced hearing loss; synovitis, tenosynovitis, and bursitis; Raynaud's phenomena; and other conditions due to repeated motion, vibration, or pressure.
- (29) All other occupational illnesses. Examples: Anthrax, brucellosis, infectious hepatitis, malignant and benign tumors, food poisoning, histoplasmosis, coccidioidomycosis, etc.

Any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, amputation, etc., which results from a work accident or from exposure involving a single incident in the work environment.

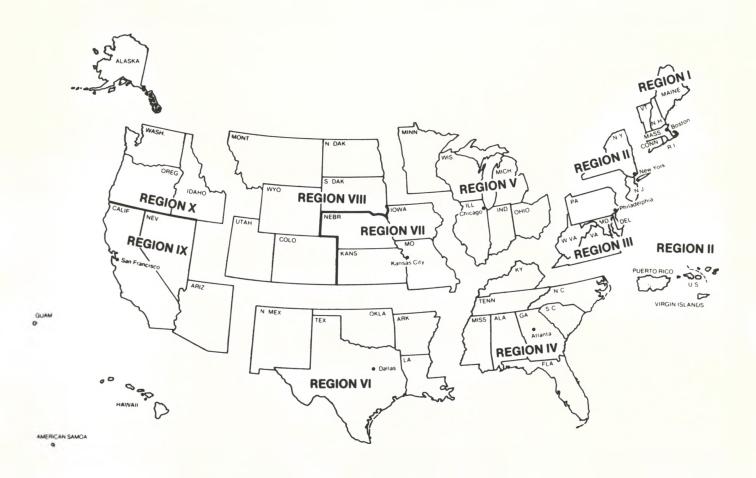
Any occupational injury or illness resulting in:

- (1) Fatalities, regardless of the time between the injury and death, or the length of the illness; or
- (2) Lost workday cases, other than fatalities, that result in lost workdays; or
- (3) Nonfatal cases without lost workdays, which result in transfer to another job or termination of employment, or require medical treatment, or involve loss of consciousness, or restriction of work or motion. This category also includes any diagnosed occupational illnesses which are reported to the employer but are not classified as fatalities or lost workday cases.

Refers to survey form OSHA No. 200S which is completed and returned by the selected sample unit.

A classification system developed by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, for use in the classification of establishments by type of activity in which engaged. Each establishment is assigned an industry code for its major activity which is determined by the product or group of products, or services rendered. Establishments may be classified in 2-digit, 3-digit, or 4-digit industries, according to the degree of information available.

Bureau of Labor Statistics Regional Offices



Region I

1603 JFK Federal Building Government Center Boston, Mass. 02203 Phone: (617) 223-6761

Region II

Suite 3400 1515 Broadway New York, N.Y. 10036 Phone: (212) 944-3121

Region III

3535 Market Street P.O. Box 13309 Philadelphia, Pa. 19101 Phone: (215) 596-1154

Region IV

1371 Peachtree Street, N.E. Atlanta, Ga. 30367 Phone: (404) 881-4418

Region V

9th Floor Federal Office Building 230 S. Dearborn Street Chicago, III. 60604 Phone: (312) 353-1880

Region VI

Second Floor 555 Griffin Square Building Dallas, Tex. 75202 Phone: (214) 767-6971

Regions VII and VIII

911 Walnut Street Kansas City, Mo. 64106 Phone: (816) 374-2481

Regions IX and X

450 Golden Gate Avenue Box 36017 San Francisco, Calif. 94102 Phone: (415) 556-4678 U. S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Washington, D.C. 20212

Official Business Penalty for private use, \$300 Postage and Fees Paid U.S. Department of Labor

Third Class Mail

Lab-441



