L2.3:

Wage Survey

Area 2025-23 Houston, Texas, Metropolitan Area **April 1978**



Bulletin 2025-23 Dayton & Wortsomery Co. U.S. Department of Labor **Bureau of Labor Statistics** Montgomery Liberty Harris Houston Ft. Bend Brazoria

Preface

This bulletin provides results of an April 1978 survey of occupational earnings in the Houston, Texas, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. The survey was made as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' annual area wage survey program. It was conducted by the Bureau's regional office in Dallas, Tex., under the general direction of Boyd B. O'Neal, Assistant Regional Commissioner for Operations. The survey could not have been accomplished without the cooperation of the many firms whose wage and salary data provided the basis for the statistical information in this bulletin. The Bureau wishes to express sincere appreciation for the cooperation received.

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Note:

Reports on occupational earnings in the Houston area are available for the moving and storage, laundry and dry cleaning, and aircraft maintenance industries (April 1978). Also available are listings of union wage rates for building trades, printing trades, local-transit operating employees, local truckdrivers and helpers, and grocery store employees. Free copies of these are available from the Bureau's regional offices. (See back cover for addresses.)

Area Wage Survey

Houston, Texas, Metropolitan Area April 1978



U.S. Department of Labor Ray Marshall, Secretary Bureau of Labor Statistics Julius Shiskin, Commissioner August 1978

Bulletin 2025-23

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Introduction

This area is 1 of 75 in which the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics conducts surveys of occupational earnings and related benefits. (See list of areas on inside back cover.) In each area, occupational earnings data (A-series tables) are collected annually. Information on establishment practices and supplementary wage benefits (B-series tables) is obtained every third year. This report has no B-series tables.

Each year after all individual area wage surveys have been completed, two summary bulletins are issued. The first brings together data for each metropolitan area surveyed; the second presents national and regional estimates, projected from individual metropolitan area data, for all Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas in the United States, excluding Alaska and Hawaii.

A major consideration in the area wage survey program is the need to describe the level and movement of wages in a variety of labor markets, through the analysis of (1) the level and distribution of wages by occupation, and (2) the movement of wages by occupational category and skill level. The program develops information that may be used for many purposes, including wage and salary administration, collective bargaining, and assistance in determining plant location. Survey results also are used by the U.S. Department of Labor to make wage determinations under the Service Contract Act of 1965.

A-series tables

Tables A-1 through A-6 provide estimates of straight-time weekly or hourly earnings for workers in occupations common to a variety of manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. For the 31 largest survey areas, tables A-8 through A-13 provide similar data for establishments employing 500 workers or more.

Table A-7 provides percent changes in average hourly earnings of office clerical workers, electronic data processing workers, industrial nurses, skilled maintenance trades workers, and unskilled plant workers. Where possible, data are presented for all industries and for manufacturing and nonmanufacturing separately. Data are not presented for skilled maintenance workers in nonmanufacturing because the number of workers employed in this occupational group in nonmanufacturing is too small to warrant separate presentation. This table provides a measure of wage trends after elinimation of changes in average earnings caused by employment shifts among establishments as well as turnover of establishments included in survey samples. For further details, see appendix A.

Appendixes

Appendix A describes the methods and concepts used in the area wage survey program and provides information on the scope of the survey.

Appendix B provides job descriptions used by Bureau field economists to classify workers by occupation.

A. Earnings

Table A-1. Weekly earnings of office workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978

					y earnings andard)	Numl	per of	worke:	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-ti	me we	ekly e	arning	s of—										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours! (standard)	Me an ²	Median ²	Middle range ²	and		120	130	140	150 -	160	170	-	190	200	210	220	240	260	-	300	320	340	-	a
					-	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	510	220	240	260	280	300	3 20	340	360	380) 0
4.4. 110011505																										
ALL WORKERS			\$	\$	\$ \$																					
CRETARIES	7 . 326				190.00-252.00		-	1	35	102	180			709			684	1023	607	505	320	196	208	137	107	1
MANUFACTURING					195.50-261.00		-	-	6	14	9	44	84	126	106	158	1 36	213	99	91	73	36	59	33	30	j
NONMANUFACTURING					187.50-248.50		-	1	29	_	171	370		583	585	610	548	810	508		247	1 60	149	104	77	1
PUBLIC UTILITIES					207.00-274.00		-	-	_	2	2		35			130	127	239	170		107	70	31	23	18	
WHOLESALE TRADE					190.00-276.00		-	1	3	19		124		180			202	274	153	156	100	82	107	74	57	1
RETAIL TRADE					172.50-213.03			_	2	19	19	61	74	61 204	63 109	58 130	34 97	37 174	27 46	15	13 14	2	3	1	-	
SERVICES					173.50-218.50 190.00-236.50	_	_	- 6	17	36 12	59 10	71	159 38	70	68	155	88	86	112	25 42	13	3	3 5	1 5	2	
35441053	,,,,	3,,,,	212000	201.00	110100 230130	1			•	12	10	, -	50				-			72		,	,	9	2	-
SECRETARIES+ CLASS A	518				230.00-293.00	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	1	22	56	116	66	79	36	19	38	19	20	ı
MANUFACTURING	104				230.00-303.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	9	38	14	13	3	4	10	5	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	414				229.00-291.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	1	22	47	78	52	66	33	15	28	14	20	j
PUBLIC UTILITIES					269.50-326.00		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	1				1	13	7	4	7	1	3	
WHOLESALE TRADE					218.50-328.00		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	13	45	44	13	18	10	8	20	12	17	
FINANCE	66				172.50-252.00 236.00-276.00		_		_	_	_	_	20	_	_	9	2	10 23	14	14	5	3	-	-	_	
THANGE	02	30.03	202430	201430	230.00 210.00										_	_		23	0	16	10	,		1	_	
SECRETARIES + CLASS B	1+551	39.5	254.50	241.50	218.50-282.00	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	27	51	112	78	146	322	228	181	132	84	62	35	43	5
MANUFACTURING	278	40.0	247.50	231.50	220.00-277.00	-	-	-		-	1	-	_	9	14	20	25	83	29	30	38	6	20	2	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	1.273	39.5	256.50	244.00	218.50-282.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	27	42	98	58	121	239	199	151	94	78	42	33	43	i
PUBLIC UTILITIES	231	40.0	274.00	264.50	239.00-297.50	: -	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	6	57	38	41	32	24	6	7	5	į
WHOLESALE TRADE					222.00-309.50		-	-	-	-	_	3	21	20	55	9	46	96	64	91	51	54	34	25	38	ı
RETAIL TRADE					196.00-233.00		-	_	-	-	-	1	1	- 3	15	4	14	4	5	1	6	-	-	-	_	
FINANCE					206.50-237.00		-	_	-	-	-	1	5	19	15	12	36 19	66	27	9	4	-	2	_	-	
SERVICES	153	34.0	233.00	241.50	207.00-253.00		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	10	31	- 17	16	65	7	1	-	_	1	_	
SECRETARIES+ CLASS C	1+595	39.5	239.50	225.00	198.00-274.00	_	_	-	1	15	30	48	66	126	121	177	140	257	126	122	102	68	81	72	32	,
MANUFACTURING	377	40.0	249.00	228.50	202.00-281.50	-	-	-		-	-	10	10	21	23	58	41	50	31	37	21	14	12	20	19	,
NONMANUFACTURING	1 • 218	39.5	236.50	224.00	195.50-274.00	-	-	-	1	15	30	38	56	105	98	119	99	207	95	85	81	54	69	52	13	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					245.00-314.00	-		-	-	-	1	-	-	10	-	1	3	22	27	26	33	29	В	10	9	/
WHOLESALE TRADE					201.50-294.50		-	-	-	-	20	1	10	22	57	41	31	67	47	36	39	20	53	37	2	
RETAIL TRADE					174.00-216.00		_	-	_	2	5	22	11	8	19	28	9	9	6	7	2	2	3	1	-	
FINANCE					184.00-221.00		-	-	1	6	4	8	35	54 11	6 16	35 14	37	71	4		_	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	160	40.0	227.50	224.00	198.00-253.50	_			_	,	_	,		11	10	14	19	38	11	16	7	3	5	4	2	
SECRETARIES. CLASS D	1.914	40.0	205.00	195.50	179.50-218.50	_	-	-	16	21	45	188	214	295	205	280	194	197	115	56	24	14	20	9	1.1	
NANUFACTURING		40.0	228.50	298.00	184.00-249.00	-	-	-	-	-	2	21	37	39	26	44	43	34	12	10	10	11	17	6	11	
NONMANUFACTURING		40.0			178.50-218.50		-	-	16	21	4.3	167	177	256	179	236	151	163	103	46	14	3	3	3		
PUBLIC UTILITIES	348	40.0	231.00	224.00	207.00-248.00	-	-	-	_	-	-	1	2	5	36	53	64	76	53	35	14	3	3	3	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	475				172.50-211.00		-	-	-	4	11	76	92	87	34	48	49	4.0	23	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE					170.00-193.50		-	-	-	5	2	22	31	34	15	9	3	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE					177.00-201.50		-	-	9	10	20	36	41	90	65	63	16	12	7	_	-	-	_	-	-	
SERVICES	257	40.0	195.00	195.50	181.00-207.00	_	-	-	7	2	10	32	11	40	29	63	19	25	19	-	-	_	-	-	_	
SECRETARIES + CLASS E	1+673	80.0	197.00	192.00	172.50-213.00	_	_	1	18	64	98	167	209	232	235	196	142	127	71	66	26	11	7	2	1	
MANUFACTURING					177.50-202.00		_	_	6	14	6	13	37	57	4.3	36	18	8	13	1	1	1	-	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					172.50-214.00		_	1	12	50	92		172	175	192	160	124	119	58	65	25	10	7	2	1	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					195.50-246.00		-	-		2	1	6	33	53	88	74	54	84	51	61	21	10	7	2	1	
WHOLESALE TRADE					165.00-200.00		-	1	3	15	50	44	35	51	71	26	31	27	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE					151.00-180.00		+	-	2	10	9	16	8	14	3	2	- 1	-		-	-	-	-	-	_	
FINANCE	260	39.5	172.50	172.50	161.00-184.00	=	-	-	7	50	32	56	69	38	17	11	8	2	_	+	-	~	-	-	-	
SERVICES	187	39.5	196.00	199.00	172.50-209.50	-	-	-	-	3	-	32	27	19	13	47	31	6	1	4	4	-	-	-	-	

^{*} Workers were distributed as follows: 1 at \$380 to \$400; 1 at \$400 to \$420; and 3 at \$460 to \$480.

Table A-1. Weekly earnings of office workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					earnings ¹ undard)	Numb	er of	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-tir	ne we	ekly e	arning	s of—										
a the later that he	Number	Average				\$ 100				140					\$ 190							\$ 300		\$ 340	360	S
Occupation and industry division	workers	hours i	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	and	_	_	_	da.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	a
						under	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	286	300	320	340	360	380) 0
ALL WORKERS																										
CONTINUED			\$	s	I\$ \$																					
ENOGRAPHERS					177.00-242.00	-	-	-	33			187		254			156					114	22	4	- 3	
MANUFACTURING					187.50-268.00	_	-	-	4	6	14	4.0	56	45	40	29	18	71	76	66	57	44 70	18	4		
NONMANUFACTURING					173.50-224.50	_	- 5		29	29			232	100	74		138	149 50	122 58	51 7	91 35	10	7	-	_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					170.00-210.50	_	_		11	17 5	81	87 27	145 27		106	63 90	75	77	59	43	56	60		_	_	
SERVICES					195.50-253.00 172.50-214.00	_	-	-	18	-	1	17	43	10	10	15	10	22	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	
STENOGRAPHERS. GENERAL	869	40.0	193.00	184-00	167.00-209.50	_	_	_	29	25	94	115	143	116	78	54	15	60	66	50	12	12	_	-	-	
MANUFACTURING					184.50-255.00	_	-	-	4	5	5	15	37	17	24	12	8	40	64	44	4	2	-	-	-	
NONHANUFACTURING		39.5	180.50	175.00	161.00-191.00	-	-	-	25	20	89	100	106	99	54	42	7	20	2	6	8	10	_	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	320	40.0	182.00	172.50	157.00-190.00	-	-	-	7	13	70	65	55	30	24	14	2	18	-	4	В	10	_	-	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE		39.5	180.00	184.00	167.00-194.50	-	-	-	18	4	-	24	26	51	26	17	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	_	
STENOGRAPHERS. SENIOR	1.468				190.00-252.00	-	-	-	4	10	21			138	156	158	141		132	67	136	102	22	4	-	-
MANUFACTURING	311				188.00-292.00	-	-	-	-	1	9	29	19	28	16	17	10	31	12	22	53	42	18	4		4
NONMANUFACTURING					190.00-242.00	-	-	-	4	9	12			110		141	131		120	45	83	60	9	-	_	,
PUBLIC UTILITIES					178.50-225.50	_	_	_	4	4	11	22	90	70	50	49	44	32	58	3	27	-	_			
WHOLESALE TRADE					205.00-272.50	_	_		_	1	1	3 17	1 25	35	80 10	73 15	73 10	75 22	59 3	41	56	60	-	_	_	
SERVICES	İ	34.5	140.50	147.00	172.50-216.50	11				-		17	25	_	10	15			,	-						
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE TYPISTS	310	39.5	173.50	176.50	149.50-195.50	-	-	17	29	34	8	57	14	34	61	35	21	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					160.00-195.50	-	-	17	20	26	В	53	14	30	61	35	21	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		
WHOLESALE TRADE					172.50-214.50	-	-	-	-	-	7	10	3	8	17	3	21	-		_	_	_	_	_	- 2	30
FINANCE	99	38.5	164.00	162.50	148.00-190.50	_		9	12	10	1	29	6	4	28	-	-	_		_	_	_				
YPISTS	1:577	39.5	161.50	156.50	136.00-175.00	18	35	228	163	160	205	254	180	93	29	95	33	32	14	16	10	8	-	-	4	Į.
MANUFACTURING	198	40.0	171.50	168.00	155.50-201.50	-	9	13	18	2	34	26	22	20	1	32	10	2	8	-	1	-	-	-	_	,
NONMANUFACTURING	1 . 379				136.00-174.00	1 B	26	215	145		171			73	28	63	23	30	6	16	g	8	_	_	4	i
PUBLIC UTILITIES	360				157.50-177.00	-	-	-	31	29		127	70	24	4	28	-	3	-	а	_	_	-	=	4	j
WHOLESALE TRADE					150.00-175.00	-		16	23	42	93	34	61	15	8	1	20	8	_	8	8	8	_	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE					130.00-170.00	-	10	11	12	11	13	6	12	3	4	2	1	-	-		-	_	_	=		
SERVICES					127.00-146.00 126.00-184.00	18	13	75 113	74 5	58 18	23 5	15 51	12	1 30	2 10	32	2	19	6	-	1	_	- 2	-	_	
TYPISTS, CLASS A	527	39.5	179.50	172.50	161.00-200.00	_	1	16	24	41	31	104	74	62	19	93	17	21	14	8	2	_	_	_	_	_
MANUFACTURING					170.50-205.00	-	-			_	5	13	16	10	1	32	10	2	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					160.00-195.50	-	1	16	24	41	26	91	58	52	18	61	7	19	6	В	1	-	_	_	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES		40.0	183.50	176.00	164.50-200.00	-	-	_	-		5	9.0	24	17	2	27	-	-	-	8	1.7	-	_	_	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	70				142.50-190.00	-	1	6	10	6	3	1	23	11	4	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE		38.5	147.00	147.50	132.50-157.50	-	-	10	14	18	13	8	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SERVICES	156	39.0	188.00	184.00	161.00-207.00	-	-	-	-	13	3	4 2	8	22	10	32	2	19	6	_	1	_	-	_	-	
TYPISTS: CLASS B					129.50-162.00	18				119			106	31	10	2	16	11	-	8	8	8	-	-	4	ı
MANUFACTURING					130.00-161.00	-	9	13	18	2	29	13	6	10	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	•
NONMANUFACTURING					129.50-162.00	18	25			117		137		21	10	2	16			8	8	8	_	-	4	,
PUBLIC UTILITIES					149.50-170.50	-	-	-	31	29	32	8 2	46	7	2	1	- [3	-	_		_	_	_	4)
WHOLESALE TRADE					150.00-175.00	_		10	13	36	90	33	38	4	4	-	16	8	-	8	8	8	_	_	_	,
RETAIL TRADE					126.00-167.00	-	10	11	12	7	11	6	12	2	4	1	-		-	-	_	_	_	_	_	
FINANCE					126.50-142.50	-	13	65	60	40	10	7	4	8	-	=	-			-	-		- 5	-		
	164	40.3	14.5U.a.UU	1126.00	120.00-129.50	18	-	113	5	5	~	4	49		_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	*

Table A-1. Weekly earnings of office workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

			Ì		earnings ^j undard)	Numb	er of	worker	rs rec	eiving	straig	ht-tim	ne wee	kly ea	rning	e o. <u>←</u>										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly boun ¹ (standard)	Mean ²	Median ²	Middle range ²	and under	110	120	1 30	140	150 -	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	280	300	-	-	\$ 360 -	an
						110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	280	300	3 20	340	360	380	OV
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED			\$	\$	\$ \$																					
ILE CLERKS					115.00-144.00		409	260	1 34		100	33	26	12	12	3	6	2	5	8	14	2	1	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	91				126.00-153.00	1	18	16	12	21	2	- 8	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	_	1	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					115.00-144.00			244			98	29	23	10	11	2	٩,		- 4	6	-13	2			- 3	-
PUBLIC UTILITIES	51 364				138.00-161.00		E 4	108	15 21	14 42	8	6 23	18	6	6	-	-	-	1 3	1 5	8	1	0		- 3	
FINANCE	692				110.50-129.00			117	61	83	68 8	23	10	4	-	_	-1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	96				117.00-140.50		38	11	16	10	13	_	i	_	5	2	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
							30													_	_					
FILE CLERKS. CLASS A	51	39.5	210.50	184-00	159.50-254.50	-	-	-	-	5	8	3	5	7	2	3	3	-	3	3	5	1	1	-	_	•
FILE CLERKS. CLASS B	416	39.D	144.50	137.00	119.00-155.50	10	95	74	47	63	51	22	20	3	9	_	3	2	2	5	9	1	-	-	-	-
NONMANUFACTURING	397	39.0	143.50	134-00	119.00-155.50	10	95	72	46	56	49	21	18	3	9	-	1	-	2	5	9	1	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	125				144.00-172.50		3	12	3	22	32	19	17	3	4	-	1	_	1	4	4	_	_	_	-	
FINANCE	191	38.0	123.00	119.00	115.00-127.50	10	92	56	15	18	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	•
FILE CLERKS. CLASS C	860	39.0	124.50	120.00	113.50-132.50	115	314	186	87	105	41	8	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MANUFACTURING	57	40.0	130.00	129.00	119.50-138.00	-	18	14	11	19	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	803				113.00-132.50		296	172	76	91	41	8	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	220				120.00-141.00		4.8	96	18	15	35 3	q	1	2	1	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
FINANCE	488	38.0	121.00	115-00	110.50-129.00	109	204	61	46	65	د	_	-	_	_	_										
ESSENGERS	587				110.00-142.00		94	117	75	75	30	14	13	9	ц	6	-	8	1	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
MANUFACTURING	75				128.50-161.00		4	9	6	18	12	5	10	3	_	2		_	_	_	-	_	-	-		
NONMANUFACTURING	512				107.00-134.50			108	69	57	18	9	3	6	4	4	-	8	1	_	_	-				
PUBLIC UTILITIES	162 118				106.00-120.50		21	11	6	17	4	1	1 2	5	-	- 7		- 9	4	_	_		- 2	-		_
FINANCE	166				115.00-132.50		18	27 49	19 34	14 15	11	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
						ĺ																				
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS	701				126.50-167.00		90	103	47	117	83	97	35	27	20	14	10	1.3	14	14	-	4	4		_	
NONMANUFACTURING	91 610				155.50-207.00		90	100	7	10 107	8	19	9	7 20	16	7	6	6	10	10	_	-	_	- 2	_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	75				161.00-193.50		90	102	40	107	75 9	78 19	26	9	10	3	2	1	1	10	-		_	-	~	
WHOLESALE TRADE	69				159.00-238.00		- 5		2	9	22	1	3	4	2	3	4	2	9	-		4	4	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE					124.00-164.00		1	26	7	3	5	15	4	2	8	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
FINANCE	151				126.50-156.50		31	20	11	32	26	19	10	2	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	242	40.0	133.00	125.00	114.00-148.00	7	58	56	20	57	13	24	-	3	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	~	-	-	-	-
WITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	1:074	40.0	160.50	155.00	144.00-172.50	2	_	118	87	209	184	158	96	102	31	31	15	14	11	13	_	1	_	_	2	2
MANUFACTURING					149.50-182.00			28	12	60	57	4 1	30	45	20	5	4	10	11	11	_	ī	-	-		_
NONMANUFACTURING	737				140.00-170.00		-	90				117	66	57	11	26	11	4	-	2	-	_	_	_	. 2	2
PUBLIC UTILITIES	65				149.50-150.00		-	-	3	43	11	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	_	-	-	2	2
WHOLESALE TRADE	290	40.0	160.50	150.00	149.50-174.00	-	-	28	24	34	106	13	18	26	8	24	9	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
RETAIL TRADE	147				138.00-160.00		-		26	37	6	24	1	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE	108 127				138.50-161.00		- 0	21	10 12	10 25	- 4	42 37	21 24	12	_	2	2	4	_	- 0				10		-
3ER410E3	121	3763	237400	101.50	140120-115120	_		7	12	25	4	31	-7	12	_		-							-		
RDER CLERKS					150.00-203.00		54	110	28		171			106	25	36	34	72	59	33	35		4	10	2	_
MANUFACTURING	285				158.00-228.00				6	14	56	9	30	30	5	23	20	50	21	7	3		4	_	2	2
NONMANUFACTURING	917	39.5	1/1.50	167.00	127.00-185.00		54	110	22	14		140		76	20	13		5.5	38	26	32		_	10	-	•
	3	H - 2 -	400	. 70																						
HHOLESALE TRADE	745 172				154.00-196.00		6 48	83 27	10 12	9	109	139	119	76	20	13	20	22	38	26	32	13		10		

Table A-1. Weekly earnings of office workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

		-			y earnings andard)	Numb	er of	worke	rs re	ceiving	g strai	ght-ti	me we	ekly e	arning	gs of—										
-	Number	A verage weekly		T		5 100				\$ 140							\$ 210		-	-	\$ 280	-	_	\$ 380	\$ 360	\$ 38
Occupation and industry division	of workers	hours i	Mean 2	Median 2	Middle range ²	and	110	120	1 30	140	150	100	170	100	170	200	210	220	240	200	280	300	320	540		
		(standard)	Mean	Median	Witanie range	under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	and
						110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	ve
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED																										
ORDĘR CLERKS - CONTINUED																										
ORDER CLERKS+ CLASS 4	263	40.0	\$ 259.00	\$ 253.00	\$ 230-00-287-50	_	-	-		-			_	2		13	10	71	59	33	35	24	q	10	2	
MANUFACTURING	109				228.00-259.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	10	49	21	7	3	11	4	-	2	
ORDER CLERKS. CLASS B	939	39.5	155.50	161.50	129.00-177.00	72	54	110	28	28	171	149	150	104	25	23	24	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	176				155.50-181.00	-	-	-	6	14	56	9	30	28	5	23	4	1	-	-	-		-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	763				122.00-174.00	72		110	22				120	76	20	-	20	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	591				150.00-179.00	7.0	6	83	10	-	109		110	76	20	-	20	_	_	_	7		-	-	_	
RETAIL TRADE	172	39.0	115.50	110-00	106.00-120.00	72	48	27	12	5	6	1	1	-	-	-										
ACCOUNTING CLERKS,					152.00-207.00	20				585		705		727			310	489	205	163	88	59	28	18	27	2
MANUFACTURING					161.00-210.50	_	_	58	78			199		278	79	8.6	114	124	42	67	34	11	2	5	0.7	2
NONMANUFACTURING					150.00-202.50	20	82				489	506		449		334 84	196 76	365 218	163 73	96 34	54 5	48 11	26 8	13	27 15	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	912				184.00-235.00 158.50-213.00	_	9	10	12 19	103	28	4 g 197	58	70 129	116	120	71	66	61	61	47	36	22	7	12	
RETAIL TRADE					136-00-180-00	16	,		123		145			137	43	65	20	18	17	1	2	1	-	-	-	
FINANCE	744				144.00-184.00	4	12	51		119	85		75	71	37	27	26	34	4	-	_	_	-	-	-	
SERVICES	449				150.50-190.00	-	-	8	41	36	55		113	42	29	38	3	29	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ACCOUNTING CLERKS+ CLASS A	2.246	40.0	210.50	200.00	177-00-231.50	_	_	_	29	92	126	160	186	348	180	237	166	240	146	127	72	50	16	18	27	2
MANUFACTURING	673				183.50-236.00	-	-	-	-	4	21	53	51	123	47	47	69	103	29	55	32	10	2	5	-	2
NONMANUFACTURING	1.573				173.00-229.00	-	-	-	29	88	105	107	135	225	133	190	97		117	72	40	4 D	14	13	27	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	230				207.50-264.50	-	_	-	-	1	2	1	7	13	28	9	31 29	17 47	49	32 40	4 36	11 28	10	6 7	15 12	
RETAIL TRADE	615 258				177.00-253.00 178.00-207.00		_		_	4	43 30	47	71 13	75 88	50 12	69 57	9	12	13	40	30	1	10	-	12	
FINANCE	326				149.50-196.50	_	_	_	29	65	22	36	17	44	32	17	26	34	4	-	-	_	-	-	-	
SERVICES	144				172.50-213.00	-	-	-	-	18	4	п	27	5	11	3 B	2	27	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ACCOUNTING CLERKS+ CLASS B	4.042	40.0	169.50	165.00	144.30-186.00	20	82	327	314	493	473	545	512	379	207	165	144	249	59	36	16	9	12	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	877	40.0	171.00	169.50	150.50-184.00	-	-	58	78	76	89	146	128	155	32	21	45	21	13	12	2	1	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	3 + 165				142.00-188.50	20	82	269	236	417	384	399	384	224	175	144	99	228	46	24	1 4	8	12	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	682				179.50-235.00	-	_	10	12	43	26	47	51	57	88	75	45	201	24	2	1		1.2	-	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	835				150.00-190.50	-	9	6.8	19	99		150	88	5 4	33	51	42 11	19	18	21	11	8	12			
FINANCE	418				130.00-162.00 138.50-167.50	16	61	51	123	203 59	111	66 93	101 58	49 27	31 5	8 10		-		-	-	2		3	1.2	
SERVICES	305				150.00-174.00	-	12	8	41	10	51	43	86	37	18	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MACHINE BILLERS	62	40.0	170.50	170.50	156.00-193.00	-	-	1	3	2	16	4	15	-	21	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAYROLL CLERKS	671	40.0	196.00	188.00	161.00-213.00	_	_	8	23	33	54	104	76	63	67	67	31	40	40	10	29	3	5	7	11	
MANUFACTURING	264	40.0	210.00	195.50	172.00-230.50	-	-	_	4	11	10	27	50	23	15	24	14	25	19	5	17	3	5	7	5	
NONMANUFACTURING	407				161.00-206.50	-	-	8	19	22	44	77	26	40	52	43	17	15	21	5	12	-	-	_	6	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	56				190.00-295.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	3	2	5	3	8	6	2	9	_	-	-	6	
WHOLESALE TRADE	92				161.00-195.50	-	-	-	-	12	4	32	1	13	9	-	4	1	10	3	3	_	-	_	-	
FINANCE	107 80				151.00-194.00 158.00-207.00	_		4	11	6	10	11	3 11	14	27 13	10	2	4	5	-	_	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	72				157.00-184.00	_	_	-	8 -	2	21	28	-	8	1	26 2	- 8	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS	2+050	40 a n	175.50	169.00	150.00-188.50	20	4	74	181	142	279	344	278	247	131	88	43	70	32	51	40	21	3	2	_	
MANUFACTURING	377				161.00-198.00	-	_	-	22	21	32	67	53	69	29	16	15	12	8	22	6	-	3	2	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	1+673				150.00-186.50	20	4	74	159	121	247	277		178	102	72	28	58	24	29	34	21	_	_	_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	267				172.50-205.50	_	-	-	-	2	3	50	83	38	22	В	1	14	6	21	19		_	_	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	766	40.0	168.50	159.00	142.00-184.00	20	-	60	102	48	156	103	58	54	48	34	7	22	12	8	13	21	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	202				150.00-176.00	_	-	2	10	14	47	47	32	24	5	10	2	1	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE	273				143.50-180.00	-	4	12	47	36	29	51	17	27	14	11	14	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	165	40.0	177.00	175.50	161.00-190.00	-	-	-	-	21	12	26	35	35	13	9	4	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Table A-1. Weekly earnings of office workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					earnings ^I idard)	Numb	er of v	vorker	srec	eiving	straig	ht-tim	ne wee	ekly ea	rning	s of—										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours (standard)	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range ²	100 and under	\$ 110 -	120	1 30 -	140	150	160 -		180			\$ 210 -	\$ 220 _	\$ 240 -	260 -	-	\$ 300 -	-	\$ 340 -	\$ 360 -	\$ 3 ar
						110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	280	300	3 20	340	360	380	0 V
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED																										
CONTINUED																										
Y ENTRY OPERATORS - CONTINUED																										
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS, CLASS A	697	80.0	194.00	183.00	\$ \$ 170.00-201.50	_	_	_	10	3.3	5.2	вO	110	134	79	58	24	25	15	33	27	12	3	2	_	
MANUFACTURING	203				176.50-210.50		-	_	R	2	1	25	27	54	25	8	12	10	6	14	6	1.5	3	2	-	
NOMMANUFACTURING	494				167-00-200-00		_	_	2	31	51	55	83	80	54	50	12	15	9	19	21	12	_	_	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	82				183.00-273.50		_	_	_	-	1	5	5	19	14	4	-	_	_	15	19	_	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	189				167.00-200.00		_	-	_	-	24	3.2	25	32	27	22	2	4	5	4	_	12	1.5	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	65				154.00-192.50		-	_	2	А	10	10	16	2	2	7	2	_	4	-	2	-	-	_	-	
FINANCE	65				157.50-195.50		-	-	_	14	5	5	8	14	4	10	4	1	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	
SERVICES	93				170.50-190.00		-	-	-	9	11	3	29	13	7	7	4	10	-	-	+	-	-	-		
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS+ CLASS B	1 • 353	40.0	166.00	161.00	148.50-178.00	20	q	74	171	109	227	264	168	113	52	30	19	45	17	18	13	9	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	174	40.0	171.50	161.00	154.00-179.50	-	-	-	14	19	31	42	26	15	4	8	3	2	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	1 - 179	9 39.5	165.50	161.00	143.00-177.00	20	4	74	157	98	196	222	142	98	48	22	16	43	15	10	13	9	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	185	40.0	183.5	172.50	169.00-185.00	-	-	-	-	2	2	4.5	78	19	8	4	1	14	6	6		-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	57				138-50-169.00		-	60	102	48	132	7.1	33	22	21	12	5	18	7	4	13	9	-	-	_	
RETAIL TRADE	137				150.00-174.00		-	2	8	6	37	37	16	22	3	3	- 1	1	2	-	~	_	_	-	-	
FINANCE	208				138.00-172.50		4	12	47	22 12	24 1	4 6 2 3	9	13 22	10	1 2	19	10	_	_	_	_	_	_		

Table A-2. Weekly earnings of professional and technical workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978

	}				ly carnings (andard)	Numb	erof	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-tir	ne we	ekly ea	arning	s of										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours	Mr 2		Middle range 2		_	_									\$ 340						460	480	\$ 520	
	l l	(standard)	Mean 2	Median	Middle fange	under	140	180	200	220	240	240	280	300	320	340	360	380	4.00	4.20	440	460	480	520	560	ar
						140	100	100	200	220	240	200	200	300	320	340	700		400	420	770		- 100			
ALL WORKERS																										
OMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS			\$	\$	\$ \$																					
(BUSINESS)	977	39.5	371.00	364.50	316-50-420-00	-	-	-	-	9	10	48	54	54	95	90	112	111	81	70	48	43	50	62	28	
MANUFACTURING	175	40.0	376.00	362.50	328.00-419.00	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	8	14	15	16	34	20	16	9	17	4	8	8	2	
NONMANUFACTURING	802	39.5	369.50	365.00	315.50-420.00	-	-	-	-	9	10	48	46	4 G	80	74	78	91	65	61	31	39	42	54	26	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	250	40.0	349.00	345.50	287.50-395.50	-	+	-	-	-	-	18	39	20	29	15	14	42	14	21	4	14	4	11	5	
WHOLESALE TRADE	295	39.5	376.00	360.50	330.00-424.00	-	-	-	-	9	9	10	2	10	22	4.4	41	26	25	19	10	14	12	25	9	
FINANCE	170				307-00-432-50		-	-	-	-	1	19	5	9	25	10	18	8	21	10	10	4	20	10	-	
SERVICES	63	40.0	426.50	418.50	371.50-483.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	11	5	9	5	5	2	8	10	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS																										
(BUSINESS). CLASS A	288				403.00-495.50	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	1	10	10	20	29	29	33	30	43	51	20	
NONMANUFACTURING	240				398-00-495-50	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	9	10	18	25	24	18	27	36	45	20	
PURLIC UTILITIES	54				384.00-479.50	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	6	1	4	11	9	1	5	4	8	5	
FINANCE	92 73				431.00-509.50 395.50-469.00	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	6	8 5	3 11	2	5 10	13	11 20	25 10	9	
		3013	132802	131.030	373630 407200											•	,	,	**	,	10	-	20	10		
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS																										
(BUSINESS)+ CLASS B	501				326.50-384.00	-	_	-	_	_	-	2	29	24	58	73	94	86	48	36	12	13	7	11	8	
MANUFACTURING	94				345.00-381.00	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	1	9	12	30	18	12	4	2	1	L	2	2	
NONMANUFACTURING	407				318.50-384.00	_	-	-	_	_	-	2	29	23	49	61	64	68	36	32	10	12	6	9	6	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	130				288.00-367.50	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	28	12	12	6	11	36	2	8	3	9		3	_	
FINANCE	157 55				330.00-379.50	_	_	-	-	_	_	1	1	8 2	21 13	4 1 9	33 15	15	19 10	16	2	1	1		_	
																				_			1			
(BUSINESS) CLASS C	188	70 E	200 00	207 50	250 00 740 50					_	4.0					_	_	_								
NONMANUFACTURING	155				250.00-310.50 250.00-308.00	_		- 5	_	9	10	46	25 17	30 17	36	7	4	5	4	5	3	-	-	_	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	66				259.00-316.50	-	_	_	_	-	10	18	11	8	31 17	4 3	2	5	4	5	3	_	_	_	_	
OMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS)	0.00		707.00	747 60							_					-				•						
MANUFACTURING	840 152				276.00-361.50 293.50-347.50	10.00	_	_	9	10	25	86	98	93	120	113	70	83	23	38	36	12	15	1	8	
NONMANUFACTURING					268.50-362.50		_	_	_	4	-	1	18	24	22	40	. 7	11	5	5	9	3	2	-	1	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					293.50-402.50	15	_	_	9	6	25	8.5	80	69	98	73	63	72	18	33	27	9	13	1	7	
WHOLESALE TRADE					268.50-340.00	_			-	-	2	12	15	6	26	19	8	4	3	9	11	6	4	1	7	
FINANCE					253.00-312.00	- 3		7	_	4		23	18	16	26	14	7	21	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	
SERVICES					313.00-389.00	_	_	_	-	-	15	40	29 15	25 20	25 14	15 25	19 29	44	13	24	15	2	8	_	_	
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS),												•										_	Ĭ			
CLASS A	246	80 0	366 50	344 00	315.00-406.00							,				0.7	0.7	-								
NONMANUFACTURING					312.00-405.00	_		_	_	_	_	6	14	16	31	23	23	37	15	27	28	6	13	1	6	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	47				326.00-432.00	1			_	_		6	14	16	25 9	19 10	21	32	11	24	24	4	11	1	5	
SERVICES	71				382.50-431.50	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	14	9	3 21	10 13	1 2	8	1	5	
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS).																						_	٦			
CLASS B	494	30 E	314 00	310 FO	276.00-341.00																_					
MANUFACTURING	117	40.0	317.00	314 50	287.50-333.50	-		_	_	10	8	53	63	57	85	90	47	46	8	11	8	6	2	-	2	
NONMANUFACTURING	379				268.50-345.00				_	4		1	17	23	16	36	5	6	1	2	5	1	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	65				305.00-399.00	_		-	_	6	8	52	46	34	69	5 4 9	42	40	7	9	3	5	2	-	5	
WHOLESALE TRADE	71				247.50-322.50	_	_	_	_	_	_	20	9 12	5 4	17 17	10	2	4	3	6	1	5	2	-	2	
FINANCE	107				253.00-309.00		_		_	4	4	29	16	18	16	10	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	115				322.00-362.50	-	-	-			"	24	4	10	13	25	10 26	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			0	2 12 0 30									0	0	8.3	23	20	20	- 4		6	-	-	-	_	

Table A-2. Weekly earnings of professional and technical workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					y earnings i andard)	Numbe		vorker						kly ea:	_											
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly bours ¹ (standard)	Mean ²	Median ²	Middle range ²		140	160 - 180	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	400	-	4 40	460	_	520	and
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED																	300	200	100	760	110	400	700	520	300	
OMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS) - CONTINUED																										
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS) - CLASS C					\$ 240.00-278.50	-	_	10	9	-	17	27	21	20	4	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	96	40.0	257.00	259.00	240.00-278.50	-		-	9	-	17	27	20	19	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OMPUTER OPERATORS					190.00-248.50	40	88	157	215	273 60	199	188 28	95 8	47	94	42	21 1	11	1	15 10	3	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					190.00-253.00	39	16 72	123	175	213	150	160	87	43	40	35	20	9	-	5	1	_	-	-	. 0	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					218.50-257.50	-	2	16	15	16	26	75	17	11	7	3	4	1	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE		40.0	233.50	203.50	192.00-270.00	-	10	24	89	42	27	6	12	8	8	15	15	8	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE					161.50-218.50		36	62	41	87	30	35	-	10		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	320	39.5	238.00	233.00	206.00-264.50	-	22	15	22	51	60	4 1	54	14	24	17	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS A	243	39.5	282.00	275.50	240.00-308.50	_	_	1	_	21	40	40	34	27	29	23	4	5	1	15	3	_	-	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING					239.00-302.50	-	-	1	-	20	34	37	33	24	27	21	4	5	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE	56	39.5			222.50-253.00	-	-		-	13	8	25	_	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	97	39.5	281.50	278.50	256.50-302.50	-	-	-	-	7	8	11	24	10	20	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS B	848	30.5	221 - 50	212.00	195.00-245.00	_	10	8.2	177	223	122	108	60	20	14	18	8	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING					197.00-230.00	-	-	25	39	46	39	25	6	1	1	4	1	2	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING					195.00-247.50	_	10	57	138	177	83	83	54	19	13	14	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					230.00-258.59	-	_	10	4	13	15	4 tt	12	8	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	189				192.00-224.00		-	12	86	35	11	6	В	7	4	12	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	~	_	
FINANCE					184.00-213.00		10	32	30	74	22	10	-	4	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
SERVICES	1 36	34.5	235.00	232.50	209.50-260.50	_	_	_	10	38	29	21	30	4	4		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS C	348	40.0	187.50	174.00	150.00-220.50	40	78	74	38	29	37	40	1	-	1	1	9	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING		39.5	187.50	175.00	150.00-223.00	39	62	65	37	16	33	4.0	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
FINANCE	106				138.00-165.50		26	30	11	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	
SERVICES	87	39.5	193.50	194.50	162.00-223.00	-	22	15	12	6	23	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RAFTERS	3+360	40.0	281-00	266-00	220.00-334.00	-	70	151	252	340	352	38 2	270	315	228	237	169	200	71	111	70	83	34	15	10	
MANUFACTURING					220.00-316.00		20	83	77	142	148	157	138	147	82	8.6	68	55	23	18	19	8	ล	15	10	
NONMANUFACTURING		40.0	286.00	275.58	223.00-340.00	-	50	68	175	198	204	225	132	168	146	151	161	145	48	93	51	75	26	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					220.00-329.00		-	9	31	38	27	31	36	29	22	30	23	23	4	4	-	3	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE					198.00-289.50		50	7 52	73 70	35 124	60 113	16 177	12 83	10 125	25 98	5 116	19 58	5 115	5 39	8 5	4.9	72	24	~	_	
SERVICES	1 + 450	40.0	240.00	285.50	230.00-361.00		50	32	70	124	113	-11	0,5	127	, 0	110	,,,	117	37	65	~ ~ ~	12	24	_	_	
DRAFTERS+ CLASS A	1.312	40.0	349.00	340.00	301.50-392.00	-	7	-	-	10	25	59	89	142	110	203	123	172	58	110	69	83	34	15	10	
MANUFACTURING			334.00	322.00	286.00-370.00	-	-	-	-	10	16	17	62	75	48	71	45	49	15	17	18	8	8	15	10	
NONMANUFACTURING	828				319.50-404.00		-	-	-	-	9	42	27	67	62	132	78	123	43	93	51	75	26	, - T	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	76	40.0	335.50	333.50	305.50-359.00	_	-	-	_	-	1	1	5	12	7	18	13	А	4	4	_	3	_	100	-	
DRAFTERS+ CLASS B	1.192	an.n	263.00	254 - 50	234.50-288.50	_	_	12	16	155	189	267	161	166	113	32	40	26	13	1	1	_	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING					228-00-286-50		_	12	13	59	104	106	66	69	29	14	17	5	8	1	1	-	-	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					239.50-295.50		-		3	96	85	161	95	97	84	18	23	21	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES		40.0	276.50	266.00	240-00-303-50	_	-	-	3	21	18	30	31	17	15	12	10	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE					230-50-305-00		_	-	-	23	14	13	7	2	23	2	11	44	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	399	40.0	259.50	257.50	239.50-280.00	-	_	-	-	51	51	117	56	74	45	4	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	
DRAFTERS, CLASS C	752	An. n	205.00	200.00	182.00-228.50	_	65	100	190	162	138	56	19	7	5	2	6	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING					174.00-230.00		17	65	61	71	28	34	9	3	5	1	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING					190.00-228.50		4.8	35	129	91		22	10	4	_	1	-	1	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	46	40.0	200.50	195.50	190.00-214.00	-	_	5	22	11	8	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table A-2. Weekly earnings of professional and technical workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					r earnings l	Numb	er of v	vorke 1	s rec	eiving	straig	ht-tin	ne wee	ekly ea	rning	s of—										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours! (standard)	Mean ²	Median ²	Middle range ²	120 and under	-	-	_	-	220	2 4 0 -	260	280	300	320	340	360	-	-	-	-	~	-	\$ 520 - 560	an
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED							-																			
DRAFTERS - CONTINUED			\$	i s	s s																					
DHAFTEH-TRACERS	104	40.6	182.00	180.00	172.50-185.00	-	5	39	46	13	-	-	1	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	89				172.50-185.00		2	33	43	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	73	40.0	181.00	180.00	172.50-184.00	-	2	29	37	5	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LECTRONICS TECHNICIANS	1,717	40.0	268.00	260.00	232.00-303.00	_	_	15	111	180	260	251	201	239	187	158	38	33	17	23	3	_	-	1	_	
MANUFACTURING	935	40.0	250.50	246.00	216.50-270.50	-	-	15	83	161	172	164	131	111	34	22	2	4	15	17	3	-	-	1	-	
NONMANUFACTURING: PUBLIC UTILITIES	43	40.0	325.00	361.50	232.00-371.00	14	10	-	1	1	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	20	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS A-	430	40.0	309.00	302.00	284-80-329-50	_	_	_	-	-	-	8	54	145	79	77	20	22	16	7	1	-	-	1	_	
MANUFACTURING	223				284-00-306-00		-	-	-	100	-	8	35	102	34	22	2	3	14	1	1	-	-	1	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	207	40.0	319.50	306.00	296.00-329.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	43	45	55	18	19	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS B-	934	40.0	270.00	260.00	245.00-301.00	_	-	-	27	76	113	240	147	94	108	81	16	11	1	16	2	_	-	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	464	40.0	248.50	249.00	229.50-260.00	-	-	-	27	66	92	154	96	9	-	-	-	1	1	16	2	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS C-	353	40.0	212.00	216.00	197.00-227.00	_	_	15	84	104	147	3	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_ [_	_	
MANUFACTURING	248	40.0	210.00	208.00	196.00-224.00	121	121	15	56	95	80	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EGISTERED INDUSTRIAL NURSES	142	40.0	271.00	258.50	241.50-293.50	_	-	4	-	11	19	38	26	10	10	7	8	7	_	1	_	1	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	116				243-50-288-50		0.00	4	-	9	13	34	21	10 7	8	5	7	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	

Table A-3. Average weekly earnings of office, professional, and technical workers, by sex, in Houston, Tex., April 1978

		(m	erage			Av (me	enge			Ave (me	rage an ²)
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours standard)	Week earnin (stands
OFFICE DCCUPATIONS - MEN				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS -				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS -			
			\$	WOMENCONTINUED				WOMENCONTINUED	1		
MESSENGERS	183		142.00	1 L P 10 T 10							
MANUFACTURING	52		146.50	SECRETARIES - CONTINUED		70 5	\$ 50	TYPISTS - CONTINUED			
NONMANUFACTURING	131	39.5	140.00	SECRETARIES CLASS C			239.50				\$
ADDED 61 EDKE	570	AD 0	205.00	MANUFACTURING	377		249.00	TYPISTS. CLASS A	512		
MANUFACTURING	155		223.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,217		236.50	MANUFACTURING	98	40.0	
HANDPACIONING		40.0	223000	PUBLIC UTILITIES	484		250.50	NONMANUFACTURING	414	39.5	
ORDER CLERKS. CLASS A	210	40.0	260.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	133		204.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	111	40.0	
MANUFACTURING	96	í	248.00	FINANCE	261		202.50	HHOLESALE TRADEFINANCE	69	38.5	
				SERVICES	160		229.50	SERVICES	155		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS	491	40.0	220.50	Jenvices				321111323		3.00	
MANUFACTURING	79	40.0	263.00	SECRETARIES. CLASS D	1.858	40.0	204.50	TYPISTS+ CLASS B	912	39.5	151
NONHANUFACTURING	412	40.0	212.00	MANUFACTURING	328	40.0	228.00	MANUFACTURING	100	40.0	146
WHOLESALE TRADE	177	40.0	230.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1.530	40.0	199.50	NONMANUFACTURING	812	39.5	151
RETAIL TRADE	79	40.0	169.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	297	40.0	235.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	278	40.0	173
				WHOLESALE TRADE	475		193.50	RETAIL TRADE	76		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS+ CLASS A			255.00	RETAIL TRADE	132		183.50	FINANCE	174	38.0	13
MANUFACTURING			280.50	FINANCE	369		187.50	SERVICES	164	40.0	130
NONMANUFACTURING			248.00	SERVICES	257	40.0	195.00	A Company of the Comp			
PUBLIC UTILITIES			295.50 255.50		1+668	#0 A	196.50	FILE CLERKS	1,293		
WHOLESALE TRADE	101	40.0	255.50	SECRETARIES CLASS E			190.50		91		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS+ CLASS B:				MANUFACTURING	254		198.00	NONMANUFACTURING			
NONMANUFACTURING:		ì		NONMANUFACTURING			223.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	363		
WHOLESALE TRADE	76	40.0	196.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES			185.50	FINANCE	687		
RETAIL TRADE	52		153.00	RETAIL TRADE	64		164.50	SERVICES	95	39.0	13
				FINANCE	260		172.50	FILE CLERKS+ CLASS A	50	39.5	211
				SERVICES	187		196.00				
								FILE CLERKS. CLASS B	390	39.0	144
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - WOMEN				STENOGRAPHERS	2,299		212.50	NONMANUFACTURING	371	39.0	143
				MANUFACTURING	592	40.0	231.50	WHOLESALE TRADE		40.0	164
				NONMANUFACTURING	1 . 707		206.00	FINANCE		38.0	122
SECRETARIES			225.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	748		195.00				
MANUFACTURING	1 • 341		234.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	731		224.00	FILE CLERKS. CLASS C	853		
NONMANUFACTURING	5 - 8 90		223.50	SERVICES	132	39.5	192.50	MANUFACTURING	57		
PUBLIC UTILITIES			245.00 234.50	CTENAGRAPHERS OF HERAL	0.70	80.0	107 50	NONMANUFACTURING	796		
WHOLESALE TRADE	2+169		197.00	STENOGRAPHERS+ GENERAL	832		193.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	220		
RETAIL TRADE			197.50	MANUFACTURING	281		180.50	FINANCE	488	38.0	12
FINANCE	789		212.50	NONMANUFACTURING	551 285			MESSENGERS	390	39.5	12
JERY 1023		3.45		WHOLESALE TRADE	170	39.5	179.50	NONHANUFACTURING		39.5	
SECRETARIES. CLASS A	507	39.5	267.00	andees to the second		3.4.	2770	WHOLESALE TRADE	69		
MANUFACTURING	104	40.0	270.00	STENOGRAPHERS+ SENIOR	1 . 467	39.5	223.50	FINANCE		38.5	
NONMANUFACTURING			266.00	MANUFACTURING	311	40.0	242.50				
WHOLESALE TRADE	212	40.0	274.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1 . 156	39.5	218.50	SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS	685	39.5	15
RETAIL TRADE	66	40.0	220.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	463	40.0	203.00	MANUFACTURING	91		
FINANCE	62	38.5	262.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	561	39.0	237.50	NONMANUFACTURING	594	39.5	15
								WHOLESALE TRADE	69	39.0	19
SECRETARIES: CLASS B			255.00	TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE TYPISTS	289		173.50	RETAIL TRADE		40.0	14
MANUFACTURING	278		247.50	NONMANUFACTURING	264		175.50	FINANCE		39.0	14
NONMANUFACTURING			256.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	69		190.00	SERVICES	241	40.0	13
PUBLIC UTILITIES	209		277.00	FINANCE	99	38.5	164.00	the more than the first term of the form of the contract of th			
WHOLESALE TRADE			268.00	TABLETE	1.424	30 5	161.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-			
RETAIL TRADE	55		222.00	TYPISTS			1	MANUFACTURING	337		
FINANCE	196		224.50	MANUFACTURING	198		171.50	NONMANUFACTURING			
SERVICES	153	34.0	233.00	NONMANUFACTURING			159.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES			
				WHOLESALE TRADE	348		171.00	WHOLESALE TRADE			
				RETAIL TRADE	85			RETAIL TRADE	147		
				FINANCE	243 319		137.50	FINANCE	108		

Table A-3. Average weekly earnings of office, professional, and technical workers, by sex, in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

		(m)	emee en ²))	8.4	Av (m	enge :an²)			(me	rage an ²)
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (smadard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings! (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weeki earning (standa
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS -				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS -				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL			
WOMENCONTINUED			¢	WOMENCONTINUED			1 1	OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED			}
RDER CLERKS	632	39.5	154.00	KEY ENTRY OPERATORS - CONTINUED				COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS) -			
MANUFACTURING	130		173.00				\$	CONTINUED			
NONMANUFACTURING	502		149.50	KEY ENTRY OPERATORS, CLASS A	693 203		194.00				4
MHOLESALE INAUE	331 171		167.00 115.00	NONMANUFACTURING	490		192.00	COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS)	330	39.5	313
RETAIL TRADE		31.0	113.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	82		225.00	MANUFACTURING	89	40.0	
ORDER CLERKS. CLASS A	53	40.0	254.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	188		192.00	NONMANUFACTURING	241	39.5	
				RETAIL TRADE	64		178.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	62	40.0	296
ORDER CLERKS. CLASS B			145.00	FIRANCE	0.7		177.00	FINANCE	70	38 4 5	274
MANUFACTURING			165.00	SERVICES	91	40.0	182.00			70 5	224
NONMANUFACTURING			140.00	KEY ENTRY OPERATORS. CLASS B	1.319	40.0	166.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS	1.017	39.5 40.0	
WHOLESALE TRADE	291 171		154.50 115.00	MANUFACTURING	173		171.50	MANUFACTURING	874	39.5	
RETAIL TRADE		37.0	115.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1.146		165.50	NONMANUFACTURING	125		
CCOUNTING CLERKS	5.716	40.0	181.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	172	40.0	184.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	203		
MANUFACTURING			188.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	576		161.00	FINANCE	279	39.5	
NONMANUFACTURING	4 . 245		178.00	RETAIL TRADE	127		163.50	SERVICES	236	39.5	239
PUBLIC UTILITIES			208.00	FINANCE	199		160.50		0.07	30 E	200
WHOLESALE TRADE	1+273	40.0	189.00	SERVICES	72	40.0	170.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	223 195		
RETAIL TRADE	1 · 1 0 4 7 0 6		157.00 164.50					NONMANUFACTURING	54	39.5	
FINANCE	429		173.00					SERVICES	88		
321172023				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL				20.11			
ACCOUNTING CLERKS. CLASS A	1.977		204.50	OCCUPATIONS - MEN				COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS B	566		
MANUFACTURING	615		213.50					MANUFACTURING	91		
NONMANUFACTURING			200.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				NONMANUFACTURING	475		
PUBLIC UTILITIES	175 514		229.50 211.50	(BUSINESS)	7 35	39.5	385.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	86 126	40.0	
RETAIL TRADE	231		190.00	MANUFACTURING	140		384.50	WHOLESALE TRADE FINANCE	138		
FINANCE	308		178.00	NONMANUFACTURING	595	39.5	386.00	SERVICES	99		
SERVICES	134	39.5	193.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	178		358.50				
				WHOLESALE TRADE	207		404.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS CLASS C	228		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS. CLASS B	3+739		168.00	FINANCE	141		376.00	NONMANUFACTURING	204		
MANUFACTURING	856		170.00 167.50	SERVICES	52	40.0	435.00	FINANCE	87	39.5	150
PUBLIC UTILITIES			201.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				DRAFTERS	2.927	40.0	289
WHOLESALE TRADE			173.50	(RUSINESS) + CLASS A	255	39.5	453.50	MANUFACTURING			
RETAIL TRADE			148.50	NONMANUFACTURING	211	39.5	453.50	NONMANUFACTURING			
FINANCE	398	39.0	154.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	81		474.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	215		
SERVICES	295	39.5	163.50	FINANCE	71	38.5	434.00	WHOLESALE TRADE			
MANUALE DALLEDS			170 50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				SERVICES	1.277	40.0	307
ACHINE BILLERS	61	40.0	170.50	(BUSINESS) CLASS B	383	40.0	362.00	DRAFTERS+ CLASS A	1 - 263	40.0	351
AYROLL CLERKS	650	40.0	194.00	MANUFACTURING	76		364.00	MANUFACTURING	465		
MANUFACTURING	248		205.50	NONMANUFACTURING	307	40.0	361.50	NONMANUFACTURING	798		
NONMANUFACTURING	402		187.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	102		351.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	63	40.0	341
PUBLIC UTILITIES	54		241.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	112	39.5	358.50				
WHOLESALE TRADE	90		186.00	COMPUTED SYSTEMS ANALYSIS				DRAFTERS+ CLASS B			
RETAIL TRADEFINANCE	106 80		178.00 179.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS (BUSINESS)+ CLASS C	97	30.5	299.50	MANUFACTURING	435 581		
SERVICES	72		170.50	NONMANUFACTURING	77		298.00	NONMANUFACTURING	120		
or as a real of the of				PUBLIC UTILITIES	37		294.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	99		
EY ENTRY OPERATORS	2.012		176.00		'			SERVICES	353		
MANUFACTURING	376		186.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS):					i		
NONMANUFACTURING	1 + 6 36		173.50	MANUFACTURING	118	40.0	334.50	DRAFTERS+ CLASS C	590		
PUBLIC UTILITIES	254		197.50	NONMANUFACTURING:			710 5-	MANUFACTURING	274		
WHOLESALE TRADE	764		168.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	109		310.50	NONMANUFACTURING	316		
RETAIL TRADE	191		168.50	FINANCE	110	34.0	279.50	SERVICES	172	40.0	203
FINANCE	264 163		164.50 177.00								
SERVICES	103	70.0	_,,,,,,,	II .	l i						1

Table A-3. Average weekly earnings of office, professional, and technical workers, by sex, in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

	Number		erase em ²)		Number	Ave (me	mre m²)		Number		erage
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	of workers	We ekly houm standard)	Weekly sarnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard
PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - WOMEN				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - WOMENCONTINUED			
DRAFTERS - CONTINUED			s	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS (BUSINESS)	232		\$ 324.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS - CONTINUED			\$
DRAFTER-TRACERS	58		183.00	NONMANUFACTURING			320.00		271	40.0	220.50
NONMANUFACTURING	51	40.0	184.00	WHOLESALE TRADE			316.50	Hallet Hat GHIZHO	98		210.50
			218 50	MUNICIPALE INADE	88	39.5	311.00	HOMINION FORDINA	173		226.0
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS	1,693		268.50 251.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				WHOLESALE TRADE	63	40.0	216.50
NON MANUFACTURING:	720	40.0	231.30	(BUSINESS) + CLASS B	117	39.5	346.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS C	113	30.5	197.5
PUBLIC UTILITIES	43	40.0	325.00	NONMANUFACTURING	99		342.50	NONMANUFACTURING	90		206.00
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS A-	430	40.0	309.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				DRAFTERS	391	40-0	228.0
MANUFACTURING	223	40.0	299.50	(BUSINESS) + CLASS C	90		274.50	MANUFACTURING	123		238.5
NONMANUFACTURING	207	40.0	319.50	NONMANUFACTURING	77		272.00		268	40.0	223.0
				PUBLIC UTILITIES	28	40.0	299.50	SERVICES	173	40.0	210.5
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS B-	930		270.00	CAMBUTED DESCRIPTION (BUSINESS)							
MANUFACTURING	462	40.0	248.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS):				DRAFTERS+ CLASS B	157		253-0
		**	247 00	FINANCE	63	70.0	289.50	MANUFACTURING	69	40.0	247.5
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS C-	235		213.00	FINANCE	0.5	37.0	204.50				
Washistoking	233	40.0	211.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS	401	40.0	215.50	DRAFTERS+ CLASS C	119		197.5
		i		MANUFACTURING	124		202.50	NOWARNOPACIONING	117	70.0	177.53
				NONMANUFACTURING	277			REGISTERED INDUSTRIAL NURSES	133	40.0	272.0
	}			WHOLESALE TRADE	67	40.0	216.00	MANUFACTURING	115		271.0
				FINANCE	61	39.0	201.50				
				SERVICES	84	39.5	234.00				

Table A-4. Hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, and powerplant workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978

			Hourly ea	mings *	Num	ber of	worke	rs re	ceiving	strai	ght-tir	ne ho	irly ea	arning	s of—												
	Number								\$									S	5	\$	\$	5	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Occupation and industry division	of workers	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	and under	-	-	E.	9	-	4	-	-	4	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.601	-
					3.80	4.00	4 - 20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.6U	5,80	0.00	0,40	6.80	7.20	7.60	8.00	8.40	8-80	V = 20	9.60	10.001	0.40
ALL WORKERS																											
MAINTENANCE CARPENTERS	313 187 126	8.99	9.23	\$ 8.87- 9.23 9.20- 9.30 6.85- 9.10	-			6		-	8 + 8	3 - 3	4		9 1 3	-	8	11 - 11	8 2 6	q 1 3	7 6 1	10 5 5	3 3 -	91 15 76	117 113 4	16 16 -	13
MAINTENANCE ELECTRICIANS	1,392 1,139			8.18- 9.42 8.06- 9.42	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	45 45	18 10	4 9 4 0	59 59	129 117	348 174	9 8	102 66	558 558	74 62	- 5
MAINTENANCE PAINTERS	140	7.99 8.55 7.50	9.01	6.88- 9.20 8.22- 9.23 5.50- 9.10	3 - 3	-	7	3	=	13 - 13	4	6	-	16 8 8	1	1 - 1	9 4 5	1 - 1	22 4 18	1 1 -	1 1 -	50 45 5	- - -	83 7 76	64 64 -	1 4 6 6	
MAINTENANCE MACHINISTS		8.67 8.65		8.09- 9.42 8.09- 9.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	27 27	_	8 8	41 27	68 68	37 27	127 127	72 72	101	391 391	3 4 3 4	
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MACHINERY) - MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	1,859	7.99		7.35- 9.21 6.88- 9.23 8.28- 9.10	-	1-	1	-	-	-	-	4	4 D 4 O	19 18 1	103 103	12 10 2	189 180 9	92 90 2	82 76 6	80 75 5	313 281 32	254 132 122	162 160 2	205 1 204	676 655 21	34 34	
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MOTOR VEHICLES)		6.56 7.89	6.35 7.83	6.60- 8.71 5.62- 7.68 6.60- 9.58 6.60- 9.58	8 - 8	-	19 19 -	1.0.0	19 19 -	1.4.4.4	-	4	10 - 10 10	41 25 16 16	78 32 46 28	20 15 5	46 25 21 16	159 31 128 123	52 24 28 6	61 3 58 20	144 32 112 91	102 9 93 23	46 4 42 42	2 - 2 2	251 29 222 222	9 3 6 6	
MAINTENANCE PIPEFITTERS	1 • 287 904			9.10- 9.23 8.39- 9.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	i.e.	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	28 28	225 225	46 46	397 14	577 577	14 14	
MAINTENANCE SHEET-METAL WORKERS		8.66		8.18- 9.23 8.18- 9.23	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	4	5 5	25 25	13 13	-	25 25	4	-
NANUFACTURING		8.95 8.88		8.39- 9.30 8.39- 9.30	-	÷	-	_	_	-	-	ē	-	8	_	-		_	-	4	4	57 57	12 12	64	48 48	24 24	
ACHINE-TOOL OPERATORS (TOOLROOM) -		7.49 7.49	7.67 7.67	7.31- 7.67 7.31- 7.67	-	-	÷	Ē	-	_	-	-	_	_	1	-	2	10	17 17	105 105	154 154	20 20	-	-	-	_	
OOL AND DIE MAKERS		7.55 7.55	7.68 7.68	7.52- 7.88 7.52- 7.88	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	5 a 5 4	_	-	25 25	165 165	44	_	12 12	-	-	
TATIONARY ENGINEERS	665 230 435 29 338	6.19	9.23 6.15 6.39		-	13.10	20 - 20 - 20	16 16	17 2 15 -	24 - 24 -	24 10 14 -	36 2 34 	22 9 13	17 - 17 2 14	41 7 34 2 23	6 - 6 - 6	69 7 62 11 36	50 6 49 1 39	4 1 4 3 7 9 1 6	45 5 40 4 33	12	61 12 49 -	2 -	32 32 -	77 73 4 -	53 49 . 4 -	

Table A-5. Hourly earnings of material movement and custodial workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978

			Hously ea	mings 4	ì		worke																				
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	2.60 and under				3.40															\$ 8.40 -		9.20	9
				_	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.0G	4.20	4.40	4.80	5,20	5.60	6,00	6.40	6.80	7.20	7.60	8.00	8.40	8.80	9.20	9.60	
ALL WORKERS				į																							
		\$	\$	\$ \$									500	F	1670	7.00	1116	112	1 /	E 4	*0	770	1.5	0.47		740	
CKORIVERS					130	55 9	167	145		468		359 54	544		705	308 214	146 97	112	16	56 4	10	370	165	667 60	- 5	718	
MANUFACTURING				4.25-8.41		46	167	29	37 76	180 288	19 55	305	535	1	829	94	49	99	6	52	2	370	104	807	-	718	
PUBLIC UTILITIES				4.85- 9.40	130	40	101	2	70	200	15		177	213	444	18	7,	-	2	-	1	-	_	807	_	718	
WHOLESALE TRADE				3.75- 4.50	100	20	_	74	_	206			318	171	58	36	7	-	_	_	_	115	_	-	-	710	
RETAIL TRADE				4.00- 7.84	30	22	64	28	-	60	2	65	40	24	127	40	42	99	4	52	2	255	104	_	_	_	
SERVICES	164	3.30	3.00	3.00- 3.67	-	4	103	12	1	22	-	3	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CUCKDRIVERS. LIGHT TRUCK	1.229	4.01	4.00	3.25- 4.39	90	42	163	40	76	106	39	147	244	79	111	45	14	9	_	_	8	_	14	2	_	_	
ANUFACTURING	282	4.97	5.10	4.00- 5.26	_	_	_	-	18	19	19	22	-	43	90	37	8	2	-	-	8	_	14	2	-	-	
ONMANUFACTURING	947	3.73	3.75	3.00- 4.30	90	42	163	40	58	87	20	125	244	36	21	8	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	552	3.92	4.30	3.60- 4.30	60	20	-	-	54	45	18	78	242	32	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	559	3.62	3.25	3-00- 4-00	30	18	60	28	-	20	2	23	2	4	18	8	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	145	3.15	3.00	3.00- 3.25	-	4	163	12	1	22	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	
UCKORIVERS+ MEDIUM TRUCK	2.044	5.65	4.95	3.85- 8.41	40	13	4	103		305		178	107	86	168	172	4.3	91	9	39	-	1	46	579	-	-	
ANUFACTURING	489	4.96	4.91	3-65- 5-50	-	9	_	29	19	104	-	23	9	26	49	1 35	17	9	4	-	-	-	46	10	-	-	
ONMANUFACTURING	1 + 555		5.00	4.00- 8.41	40	4	4	74	18	201	23	155	98	60	119	37	26	82	5	39	-	1	-	569	-		
PUBLIC UTILITIES	592			8-41- 8-42	-	-	_	_	-	_	3	4	4	-	10	-	_	-	2	-	-	-	-	569	-	7	
WHOLESALE TRADE	543			3-60- 4-00	40	-	-	74	18	161	20	109	56		16	16	3	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	401	5.13	4.92	4.25- 6.17	_	4	4	_	_	40	_	q 2	38	11	93	21	23	82	3	39	-	1	-	-	-	-	
RUCKORIVERS. HEAVY TRUCK NANUFACTURING	1+534 521		4.85 5.05	4.85- 5.10 5.04- 5.10	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	64	163	1059 485	44 36	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	132	_	72	
RUCKORIVERS. TRACTOR-TRAILER	1.989	7.23	7.84	5.00- 9.40	-	-	_	2	_	57	12	34	129	169	196	47	8 4	12	3	17	2	369	194	146	-	646	
MANUFACTURING	229	4.89	4.90	4.00- 5.62	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	9	-	1	8 1	6	67	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	1.760	7.53	7.84	5.05- 9.40	-	-	-	2	-	-	12	25	129	168	115	4.1	17	10	1	13	2	369	104	106	-	646	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	1.018	8.05	9.40	5.05- 9.40	-	-	-	2	-	-	12	7	109	50	76	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	106	-	646	
WHOLESALE TRADE	325	5.81		4.69- 7.84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	20	109	39	20	4	-	_	-		115	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	417	7.61	7.84	7-84- 7-84	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	9	-	11	13	10	1	13	2	254	104	-	-	_	
PPERS	272			4.50- 6.16	_	-	-	-	22	4	11	11	2	37	66	24	22	22	8	10	5	25	1	1	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	123			5-11- 6-36	-	-	_	-	-	1	1	-	-	9	27	16	21	22	8	10	5	_	1	1	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	149			4.00- 5.05		_	_		22	3	10 8	11 10	2	28 28	39 37	8	1 -	_	_	_	_	25 25	_	_	_	_	
				4.06- 6.00		20	22	10		41	7	44	75	61	24	136	117	55		15			10		-		
IVERSIANUFACTURING	866 296			4.75- 7.25	20	20	22	10	66 31	41	-	5	20	20	20	36	37	19	16		16	55	12	11	5	37	
NONMANUFACTURING	570			3.75- 5.70	20	23	22	10	35	37	7	39	55	41	4	100	80	36	14	4 11	16	4 51	12	11	5	37	
WHOLESALE TRADE	209			3.15- 4.30		23	20	10	20	29	-	20	51	21	_	100	00	30	-	11	_	9 21				_	
RETAIL TRADE	334		5.65	5.40- 6.00	-	-	2	3	14	В	5	7	3	16	4	100	80	36	2	11	_	43	_	_	_	_	
PERS AND RECEIVERS	319	5.19	5.14	4.61- 5.50	_	_	_		5	2	9	7	54	17	96	50	10	41	8		11	8					
MANUFACTURING	183			4.85- 5.50		-		- 1	,	1	9	6	6	17	56	50	3	2	8	_		_	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	136			4.30- 6.00		-	_	-		1	-	1	48	1	40	-	7	39		_	11	8	_	_	_	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	123		5.19	4.30- 6.00	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	40	-	40	-	4	39	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
HOUSEMEN	1.108	4.99	4.61	4.23- 5.50	_	_	23	30	4.1	46	34	90	193	186	165	47	14	84	41	18	47		_	1.7	36	_	
MANUFACTURING	600			4.50- 6.21			18	20	7.4	70	9	29	45	109	144	32	2	80	5	11	47	1	_	13	35	_	
	000	2071	2021	4030 0021							,			1 .							47	4	-	13	35	-	
	508	8.42	8.25	3.98- 4.A1	-					9.6	25	6.1	148					44	3.6	7	_	-	_				
NONMANUFACTURING	508 330		4.25	3.98- 4.61 3.76- 4.25	_	2	5	10	41 38	46 45	25 25	61 60	148 145	77 14	21	15 3	12	4	36	7		-	5.	=	=		

Table A-5. Hourly earnings of material movement and custodial workers in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

		1	Hourly ex	nings *	Num	ber of	worke	rs red	ceiving	strai	ght-ti	ne hou	ırly e	arning	s of—	-											
	Number			T		5									S		\$	S	\$	\$	s	\$	\$	\$	S	S	\$
Occupation and industry division	of				2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	9,40	4.80	5.20	5,60	6.00	6.40	6.80	7.20	7.60	8.00	8.40	8.80	9.20	9.6
,	workers	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	and	-	_	_	-	_	-	~	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	and
					under		3 - 20	3 . AO	3.60	3 . 80	a . 00	a . 20	4 - 40	4 80	5.20	5.60	6.00	6.40	6.80	7.20	7.60	8.00	8.40	8.80	9.20	9.60	ove
					2.00	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.00	3.00	4.00	4,20	7810	7.50	3,20	5,00											
ALL WORKERS																											
CONTINUED																											
ORDER FILLERS	3,007	\$ 4.77	\$ 70	\$ 3.50- 5.79	220	n 1	0.7	100	701	* 0.0		1.00	200	140	75	305	171										
MANUFACTURING	227			5.27- 6.32		41	97	188	321	102	123	180	299	160	9	90	171 45	125	47	22	307	166	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	2.780			3-40- 5-65	1	0.1	97	188	701	-		180	299	140	66			35	22	6			-	_	_		
WHOLESALE TRADE		1		3.50- 4.70			20	44	321 241	71	123 88	155	288	136	63		120	90	25	16	307	166	_	_	_	_	
RETAIL TRADE	1,156			3.30- 6.00			77	144	80	31	35	25	11	130	3			-	25	16	256		_	_	_	_	
WEART INADE	17130	7.77	5.50	3.30- 0.00	/ 0	41	" "	144	6.0	31	33	23	- 11	7	,	203	117	90	-	_	51	166	_	_	_	-	
SHIPPING PACKERS	621	4.13	3.54	2.90- 5.50	12	146	25	70	63	31	16	16	8	2	3	94	117	18	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	476	4.34		2.80- 5.65	1		17	16	23	-	8	12	8	2	3	94	117	18	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	
MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS				3.40- 4.72		70	157	302	350	212	37	157	122	594	103	96	53	104	91	1 35	75	-	-	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	848			4.00- 6.57		_	14	69	29	47	4	59	98	86	79	70	12	45	91	135	_	-	-	-	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING				3.25- 4.72		70	143	233			33	98	24	508	24	26	41	59	-	_	75	-	-	-	_	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE				3.25- 4.72		59	61	186	217	108	20	58	-	460	-	4	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	462	3.89	3.50	3.30- 4.23	21	11	69	47	88	56	10	40	23	44	19	11	-	-	-	-	23	_	-	-	_	_	
FORKLIFT OPERATORS	1.810	5-69	5.72	4.30- 6.83		1	29	46	6.8	66	54	146	93	115	165	91	79	267	120	64	165	132	22	33	_	50	
MANUFACTURING	912		5.36	4.30- 6.78	4	1	29	46	50	50	7	25	66	81	69	57	33	76	120	52	36	44	22	-	-	44	
NONMANUFACTURING	898			4.32- 7.59		-		-	18	16	47	121	27	34	96	34	46	191	_	12	129	88		33	_	6	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	153			4.32- 8.52		-	_	100	-	_	20	8	24	20	10	10	_	-	-	12		10	_	33	_	6	
WHOLESALE TRADE	434		ľ	4.05- 6.05	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	105	-	-	80	10	18	100	-	-	74	27	_	-	_	_	
RETAIL TRADE	311	6.09	6.05	5.50- 7.59	-	-	-	-	8	16	17	8	3	14	6	14	28	91	-	-	55	51	~	-	-	_	
SUARDS	3+059	3.67	3.00	2.75- 4.35	935	496	408	185	105	43	32	46	70	338	106	22	Q	6.1	13	34	10		34	25	59	20	
MANUFACTURING	358		7.14	5,37- 8.57			100	-	105	12	8	-	8	27	39	14	. 8	54	11	33	10	0	34	25	59	20	
NONMANUFACTURING				2.70- 3.40	935	496	408	185	105	43	24	46	62	311	67	8	1	7	2	1	10		74	25	27	20	
FINANCE	179			3.46- 4.35		470	44	405	31	73	-	23	46	17	16	1	_	,	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
SERVICES	2+340			2.65- 3.18		491	361	163	67	19	4	2	8	268	22	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
					1																						
GUARDS, CLASS B				2.75- 4.35		496	408	185	105	43	32	46	70	337	106	22	9	61	13	33	10	8	34	25	59	20	
MANUFACTURING	358			5.37- 8.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	_	8	27	39	14	8	54	11	33	10	8	34	25	59	20	
NONMANUFACTURING	2+699			2.70- 3.38		496	408	185	105	43	24	46	62	310	67	8	1	7	2	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	
FINANCE	179			3.46- 4.35		-	44	-	31	-	-	23	46	17	16	1	-	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	2+340	3.10	2.86	2.65- 3.18	935	491	361	163	67	19	4	2	8	268	22	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ANITORS. PORTERS. AND CLEANERS	13-131	3.01	2.65	2.65~ 2.86	9282	822	697	451	331	262	113	148	136	108	205	251	20	23	102	46	82	52	_	-	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	1.284	4.65	4.42	3.62- 5.25	37	44	45	74		113	22	107	83	84	139	211	18	18	88	44	20	38	-	_	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING		2.83	2.65	2.65- 2.75		778	652	377	232	149	91	41	53	24	66	40	2	5	14	2	62	14	-	-		-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	151	4.12		3.40- 4.32		4	6	25	8	16	24	4.1	16	1	12		-	5	14	2	-	+	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	234		3.50	3.28- 3.85	1	9	29	30	52	30	32	16	10		-	_	_	_	-	_	35	-	-	0-	- 6-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	944	3.63	3.25	3.00- 3.70	, -	42	229	110	114	83	23	11	33	9	54	9.0	2	-	-	-	27	14	_	-	-	-	
SERVICES	7 - 208			2.65- 2.70			285	101	41	18	-	000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	
							-05		7.0					-													

Table A-6. Average hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, powerplant, material movement, and custodial workers, by sex, in Houston, Tex., April 1978

Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings ⁴	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings
HAINTENANCE . TOOLROOM . AND POWERPLANT OCCUPATIONS ~ MEN			MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED		
MAINTENANCE CARPENTERS	303 187	8.67	TRUCKORIVERS - CONTINUED	ı	\$
			TRUCKDRIVERS+ LIGHT TRUCK	1.169	4.05
MAINTENANCE ELECTRICIANS	1.214	8.65	MANUFACTURING	282 887	4.97
MANUFACTURING	1+135	8.67	NONMANUFACTURING	552	3.76
MAINTENANCE PAINTERS	283	8.05	RETAIL TRADE	193	3.74
MANUFACTURING	140	8.55	SERVICES	142	3.15
NONMANUFACTURING	143	7.57			i
			TRUCKDRIVERS+ MEDIUM TRUCK	2:004	5.61
MAINTENANCE MACHINISTS	900	8.66	MANUFACTURING	489	4.96
MANUFACTURING	776	8.65	NONMANUFACTURING	1.515	5.82
MATERIALISE MEQUANIZAS AMAQUIASEDNA	2 4 4 7	0.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	543 393	3.82
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MACHINERY) -	2 • 147	7.99	RETAIL TRADE	373	2.11
NANUFACTURING	14039	1.77	TRUCKORIVERS. HEAVY TRUCK	1.534	5.41
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS			MANUFACTURING	521	5.07
(MOTOR VEHICLES)	976	7.53			
MANUFACTURING	270	6.56	TRUCKORIVERS. TRACTOR-TRAILER	1,981	7.22
NONMANUFACTURING	706	7.90	MANUFACTURING	229	4.89
PUBLIC UTILITIES	519	8.07	NONMANUFACTURING	1,752	7.53
MATATEMANOE DIOSETTICOS	1 • 287	9.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	1.018	8.05
MAINTENANCE PIPEFITTERS	904	8.96	WHOLESALE TRADE	325 409	5.81 7.60
MANUFACTURING	704	0.70	RETAIL TRADE	707	7.00
MAINTENANCE SHEET-METAL WORKERS	76	8.66	SHIPPERS	215	5.59
MANUFACTURING	76	8.66	MANUFACTURING	97	5.81
			NONMANUFACTURING	118	5.42
MILLWRIGHTS	213	8.95	WHOLESALE TRADE	100	5.54
MANUFACTURING	149	8.88	DESETHEDS	770	
MAINTENANCE TRADES HELPERS:			RECEIVERS	779 269	5.38
MANUFACTURING	129	5.90	MANUFACTURING	510	5.03
HANDFACTORING	127	3.70	WHOLESALE TRADE	163	3.88
MACHINE-TOOL OPERATORS (TOOLROOM) -	307	7.49	RETAIL TRADE	323	5.70
MANUFACTURING	307	7.49			
			SHIPPERS AND RECEIVERS	262	5.29
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	300	7.55	MANUFACTURING	126	5.48
MANUFACTURING	300	7.55	NONMANUFACTURING	136	5.12
STATIONARY ENGINEERS	446	4 07	WHOLESALE TRADE	123	5.18
STATIONARY ENGINEERS	230	6.97 8.45	WAREHOUSEMEN	1.011	4.96
NONMANUFACTURING	435	6.19	MANUFACTURING	572	5.52
PUBLIC UTILITIES	29	6.56	NONMANUFACTURING	439	4.25
FINANCE	338	6.15	WHOLESALE TRADE	330	4.04
			11		
			ORDER FILLERS	2+256	5.12
MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL			MANUFACTURING	168	5.76
OCCUPATIONS - MEN			NONMANUFACTURING	2.088	4.92
Anna artaing . HER			RETAIL TRADE	940	5.25
					1
TRUCKDRIVERS	6 - 750	5.79	MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS	2+590	4.29
MANUFACTURING	1+583	5.10	MANUFACTURING	817	5.00
NONMANUFACTURING	5 • 167	6.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1.773	3.96
PUBLIC UTILITIES	2.575	7.14	PUBLIC DTILITIES	59	4.51
WHOLESALE TRADE	1.420		WHOLESALE TRADE	1.355	3.95
RETAIL TRADE	1.011	5.88	RETAIL TRADE	359	3.91
SERVICES	161	3.30			1

Table A-6. Average hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, powerplant, material movement, and custodial workers, by sex, in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

		1.	1		
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings ⁴		Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings ⁴
MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL			MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL		
OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED			OCCUPATIONS - WOMENCONTINUED		
		\$			\$
FORKLIFT OPERATORS		5.68	SHIPPERS	57	4-64
MANUFACTURING		5.53			
NONMANUFACTURING		5.84	RECEIVERS	84	5.09
PUBLIC UTILITIES		5.94	NONMANUFACTURING	57	4.17
WHOLESALE TRADE		5.62			
RETAIL TRADE	309	6.08	SHIPPERS AND RECEIVERS	57	4.73
			MANUFACTURING	57	4.73
GUARDS	2 + 503	3.76			
MANUFACTURING	339	7.01	ORDER FILLERS	751	3.72
NONMANUFACTURING	2 - 164	3.25	NONHANUFACTURING	692	3.58
FINANCE	176	3.93	WHOLESALE TRADE	476	3.50
SERVICES	1+830	3.10	RETAIL TRADE	216	3.77
GUARDS+ CLASS B	2+501	3.76	SHIPPING PACKERS	316	3.16
MANUFACTURING		7.01	NONMANUFACTURING	201	3.01
NONMANUFACTURING		3.25			
FINANCE		3.93	MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS	229	5.09
SERVICES		3.10	NONMANUFACTURING	198	4.81
JANITORS. PORTERS. AND CLEANERS	6 , 238	3.23	GUAROS	555	3.26
MANUFACTURING		4.78	NONMANUFACTURING	536	3.13
NONMANUFACTURING		2.96	SERVICES	510	3.08
WHOLESALE TRADE		4.16			
RETAIL TRADE		3.73	GUARDS+ CLASS B	555	3.26
SERVICES		2.72	NONMANUFACTURING	536	3.13
2000			SERVICES	510	3.08
			JANITORS. PORTERS. AND CLEANERS	6+880	2.81
MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL	1	i	MANUFACTURING	333	
OCCUPATIONS - WOMEN			NONMANUFACTURING	6+547	2.73
OCCUPATIONS - MONTH	1		PUBLIC UTILITIES	97	
	1		RETAIL TRADE	212	3.31
TRUCKDRIVERS	108	5.15	SERVICES	4 - 175	2.69
NONMANUFACTURING		5.15			,
TRUCKORIVERS. LIGHT TRUCK	60	3.33			
NONMANUFACTURING		3.33		1 1	

Table A-7. Percent increases in average hourly earnings, adjusted for employment shifts, for selected occupational groups in Houston, Tex., for selected periods

					April 1976 to	August 1977	August 1977	to April 1978
Industry and occupational group ⁵	to April 1973	to April 1974	to April 1975	April 1976	l6-month increase	Annual rate of increase	8-month increase	Annual rate of increase
All industries: Office clerical Electronic data processing Industrial nurses Skilled maintenance trades Unskilled plant workers	4.9	6.5	11.9	7.8	10.0	7.4	6.0	9.1
	(6)	(6)	10.6	6.3	7.8	5.8	7.9	12.1
	3.1	9.2	12.4	8.4	13.3	9.8	6.5	9.9
	5.1	7.0	13.1	11.5	12.3	9.1	6.8	10.4
	5.2	4.9	12.5	8.6	6.9	5.1	10.8	(⁷)
Manufacturing: Office clerical Electronic data processing Industrial nurses Skilled maintenance trades Unskilled plant workers	4.9	4.9	12.7	8.1	11.0	8,1	5.8	8.8
	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(6)
	3.5	9.9	12.2	8.1	12.9	9,5	6.7	10.2
	4.7	7.2	14.4	11.6	11.8	8,7	7.1	10.8
	5.3	6.7	12.6	8.8	13.6	10.0	8.0	(7)
Nonmanufacturing: Office clerical Electronic data processing Industrial nurses Unskilled plant workers	5.0	7.0	11.6	7.7	9.7	7.2	6.0	9. 1
	(6)	(⁶)	10.0	5.9	7.6	5.6	7.7	11. 8
	(6)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(6)	(6)	(⁶)	(6)	(⁶)
	4.9	4.7	12.5	8.5	4.2	3.1	11.7	(⁷)

Table A-8. Weekly earnings of office workers-large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

					y earnings* andard)	Numb	er of v	vorker	rs rec	eiving	straig	ght-tir	ne we	ekly ea	arning	s of—										
	Number	Average				\$ 100	\$ 110			140								\$ 220				300	_	380	360	5 4.0
Occupation and industry division	of workers	hours i (standard)	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	and	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	(4)	-	-	-	-	_	٠ -	-	-	1-	
							120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	240	260	280	300	3 20	340	360	400	44
ALL WORKERS																										
	_		\$	\$	\$ \$																					
SECRETARIES	3+979 776				190.00-257.50	_	_	1	15	61	89	178 23	281 47	372 79	368 64	420 80	341 73	94	346 67	324 59	182	132	127	71	93	
MANUFACTURING					190.00-253.00	_		1	13	59	-	155	234	293	304	340	268		279	265	147	107	87	31 40	40 53	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	850				207.50-272.50	_	_	-	-	2	1	7	32	45	56	90	73	153	113	130	60	39	25	8	14	
WHOLESALE TRADE	1+129				193.50-268.50	-	-	1	3	19	39	4.0	70	87	93	95	95	175	95	83	59	60	51	25	35	
RETAIL TRADE	352				179.00-220.50	-	-	-	2	10	19	23	36	52	54	40	25	29	27	15	13	2	3	1	1	
FINANCE	559				172-50-213-00	-	_	-	8	26	26	57	74	85	67	65	45	60	20	15	4	3	3	1	-	
SERVICES	313	40.0	220.00	208.00	191-50-238-00	-	-	-	-	2	-	28	22	24	34	50	30	49	24	22	11	3	5	5	3	
SECRETARIES+ CLASS A	185	40.0	300.00	299.00	265.00-332.00	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	q	2	13	20	34	20	19	35	16	16	
NONMANUFACTURING	149				264.50-336.00	-	-	-	-	14.1	-	-	-	-	-	q	2	9	19	23	17	15	25	13	16	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	28	40.0	315.50	308 - 50	287.50-329.50	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	7	4	7	1	4	
SECRETARIES+ CLASS B	820	30.5	260-50	254 - 00	230-00-290-09	_	_	_	_	_	1	2	6	13	29	35	61	169	135	119	91	74	41	15	27	
MANUFACTURING					212.00-263.50	_	-	-	-	_	1	_	-	1	10	11	16	31	20	17	9	4	1	2	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					230.00-294.50	_	-	_	_	-	-	2	6	12	19	24	45		115	102	82	70	40	13	27	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					247.50-297.00	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	3	2	6	29	38	41	32	24	6	4	5	
WHOLESALE TRADE					235.50-308.50	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	9	20	70	53	49	39	46	32	8	20	
FINANCE	97	39.5	229.50	229.00	207.00-248.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	7	5	8	12	27	17	9	44	-	2	-	-	
SECRETARIES. CLASS C	855	39.5	240.00	225.50	201.50-267.00	_	_	_	1	В	9	12	24	57	91	100	75	144	77	96	38	26	27	32	34	
MANUFACTURING					217.00-318.50	-	-	_	-	-	_	1	1	12	13	23	18	37	27	26	12	14	12	20	25	
NONMANUFACTURING					195.50-256.50	-	_	-	1	8	9	11	23	45	78	77	57	107	50	70	26	12	15	12	9	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	53				246.00-290.00	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	6	5	24	3	1	5	1	44	
WHOLESALE TRADE	278				199.50-252.00	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	10	22	37	30	25	61	33	26	16	6	2	6	3	
RETAIL TRADE	96				190.00-231.00	-	-	-	-	2	5	2	2	8	19	19	9	9	6	7	2	2	3	1	-	
SERVICES	89	40.0	244.00	230.00	202.50-273.50	_	-	-	-	4		-	-	5	16	12	7	11	6	13	5	3	5	4	2	
SECRETARIES. CLASS D	1+045	40.0	212.00	203.50	186.50-225.00	-	-	-	-	11	12	47	104	151	136	147	128	149	75	24	15	2	1.7	6	15	
MANUFACTURING	207	40.0	239.00	211.00	184.00-285.00	-		2.0	-	-	2	13	26	21	17	18	25	15	10	44	10	2	17	6	15	
NONMANUFACTURING	838				187.50-222.00	-	-	-	-	11	10	34			119		103	134	65	20	5	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	250				207.00-240.00	-	-	-	-	_	_	1	2	5	26	4 0	36	73	41	17	5	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	246 110				180.00-212.50 170.50-195.00	_	_	-	_	4 5	8	16	34 22	47 34	29 15	35 9	42	23	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	110	40.0	104.00	104.50	110.50-145.00	_				5	~	13	22	34	13	*	3	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SECRETARIES. CLASS E	1.035	40.0	197.00	190.00	171.50-213.00	_	-	1	14	40	64	117	144	149	101	128	69	81	38	50	18	11	7	2	1	
MANUFACTURING	164				180.50-206.50	-	-	-	2	2	1	9	20	45	24	28	14	7	9	1	1	1	_	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	871				169.00-214.50	-	-	1	12	38				104	77		55	74	29	49	17	10	7	2	1	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	328				191.00-257.50	_	_	-	_	2	1	6	30	40	27	43	28	45	28	45	13	10	7	2	1	
FINANCE	184				157.50-200.00 161.00-184.00	_	_	1 -	3 7	15 20	31 22	23 46	26 49	16 38	23 17	17 11	8 8	21	_	_	_	_	_	_ [_	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			101000 101000				•	2.0		, ,		,,,			٠	-				_		-	_	
STENOGRAPHERS					178.50-242.00	-	-	-	15	28			169					153		97	95	66	18	4	-	
MANUFACTURING	467				193-00-282-50	_	_	-	4	6	14	39	24	29	15	20	15	48	64	66	57	44	18	4	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	1.148				172-50-219-50	_		-	11	22			145 114	82	72	57	111	105	89	31	38	22	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	679	40.0	173.30	103.00	169.00-210.50	_			11	17	6.8	0 =	114	0 2	12	٠,	40	48	58	4	16	10	-	-	-	
STENOGRAPHERS: GENERAL	628	40.0	198.50	184.00	167.00-235.00	-	-	-	11	22	72	96	79	61	48	33	15	60	57	50	12	12	_	-	_	
MANUFACTURING	210	40.0	229.50	241.00	208.50-256.50	-	-	-	48	5	5	10	В	8	5	12	8	40	55	44	4	2	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	418				161.00-192.00	-	-	-	7	17	67	86	71	53	43	21	7	20	2	6	8	10	_	- 1	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	279	40.0	183.50	169.00	158.00-192.00	-	-	-	7	13	57	63	43	21	22	11	2	18	~	4	8	10	-	-	-	
STENOGRAPHERS+ SENIOR	987	39.5	221.50	210-50	189.50-242.00	_	_	_	4	4	21	51	90	91	110	108	111	93	96	47	83	54	18		_	
MANUFACTURING	257				186.50-299.00	_	_		-	1	9	29	16	21	10	8	77	8	9	22	53	42	18	- 31	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	730				190.00-230.00	_	-	_	4	5	12	22	74			100		85	87	25	30	12	10		_	
	400				178.50-218.50	-	-	-	4	4	11	19	71	61	50	46	38	30	58		В		-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	700	4080																			D D					

Table A-8. Weekly earnings of office workers-large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					y earnings ¹ andard)	Numb	er of	worker	rs rec	eiving	straie	ght-tir	ne we	ekly ea	arning	s of-										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours! (standard)	Mean ²	Median ²	Middle range ²	and under	-	120 - 130	1 30	140	150 -	160	170	180	-	-	210	220	240		280	300	320	-	360 - 400	-
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED																·										
TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE TYPISTS NONMANUFACTURING	71 71				\$ \$ 161.00-214.50 161.00-214.50	-	3	-	3	1	5 5	25 25	7	4	5 5	_	21 21	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TYPISTS	612 111 501 227 55 81 65	40.0 40.0 40.0 39.5 40.0	169.50 161.50 169.00 149.50 148.00	169.50 161.00 167.00 149.50 144.50	142.00-176.00 140.00-183.00 142.50-175.00 161.00-176.00 132.50-161.50 128.00-165.50 167.00-207.00	-	22 - 3 10	51 13 38 - 7 11	65 14 51 8 11 12	53 2 51 14 11 11	14 7	138 15 123 94 7 6 15	100 20 80 61 3 8	4 4 1 6 2 8 2 1 1 3 2	23 1 22 4 4 8	29 8 21 8 1 2	4 1 3 - 1 2	9 - 9 3 - - 6	14 8 6		2 1 1 - - 1			4111111	Chinese	
TYPISTS, CLASS A	237 193 52 62	40.0	171.50 179.50	169.00 177.00	155.00-195.50 148.50-191.00 168.00-187.00 167.00-207.00		1	16 16 -	20 20 -	16 16 - 2	19 16 2 3	30 28 12 14	40 26 15 8	25 19 14 2	17 16 2 8	27 19 7 10	4 3 - 2	6 - 6	14 6 - 6	1	2 1 - 1	-	-		-	
TYPISTS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	375 308 72	39.5	155.50	161.00	138.00-168.00 140.50-168.00 125.50-161.50	-	21 21 10	35 22 11	45 31 12	37 35 7	39 30 11	108 95 6	60 54 6	19 9 2	6 6 4	2 2 1	-	3	=	1	=	-	-	-		
FILE CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES WHOLESALE TRADE	317 52 265 51 86	40.0 39.5 40.0	171.50 147.50 168.00	140.00 137.00 144.00	122.50-156.50 129.00-188.59 122.00-151.50 138.00-161.00 119.00-179.50	9 -	50 8 42 - 22	59 12 47 - 9	63 3 60 15 3	43 5 38 14 16	18 2 16 8 5	15 q 11 6 5	12 3 9 - 8	5 2 3 - 3	9 1 8 - 3	3 1 2	5 2 3 -	2 2	5 1 4 1 3	4 2 2 1 1	10 1 9 5	2 - 2 1	1 1	i i i fi i i	11714	
FILE CLERKS. CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING	123 108				131.50-167.00 131.00-161.00	-	10 10	16 14	30 29	20 17	10 8	7	10	_	6 6	_	3	2	2	1	5 5	1	-	-	-	
FILE CLERKS. CLASS C	156 134				117.50-137.00 115.00-138.00	9	40 32	43 33	33 31	18 16	4	5 5	1	2	1	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	- -	-	
MESSENGERS	274 229 56 81 58	39.5 40.0 39.0	134.00 136.00 143.50	127.50 138.00 137.00	119.50-144.51 119.50-144.00 119.50-144.50 127.50-154.00 113.00-125.50	20 14 - 8	53 53 21 5 23	56 51 5 21 20	44 38 6 19 3	47 33 17 8 4	21 18 4 11	13 8 1 7	4 3 1 2	9 6 - 5	- - - -	6 4 - 3 -	11.1	1.7.5.1.1	1 1 - -		13.611	11111	1.5	COOL.	3	
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	310 91 219 66	40.0	181.50 162.50	170.00 157.50	144.00-186.50 155.50-207.00 138.00-176.00 161.00-203.00	2 - 2	7 7 -	29 1 28	25 7 18	49 10 39 6	30 8 22 9	54 19 35 16	25 9 16 9	21 7 14 3	12 4 8 6	14 7 7 3	10 4 6 2	13 7 6 1	5 4 1 1	14 4 10 10	1	-	11.1	. Total	177.6	
SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS- MANUFACTURING	116 54 62	40.0	208.50	201.00	149.50-214.00 173.50-241.50 138.00-190.00	-	-	11 - 11	12 2 10	6 1 5	5 3 2	14 4 10	15 12 3	9 2 7	6 3 3	7 4 3	10 4 6	5 5 -	2 2 -	13 11 2	-	1	-	-	-	
ORDER CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	304 57 247 172	40.0 39.5	232.00	222.00 116.50	110.00-224.50 207.00-259.00 107.00-150.00 106.00-120.00	72 - 72 72	54 - 54 48	30 - 30 27	28 6 22 12	5 - 5 5	6 6 6	2 - 2 1	2 - 2 1	3	1111	14 11 3	6	27 15 12	20 2 18 -	9 3 6 -	15 3 12	5 2 3 -	4	-	2	
ORDER CLERKS+ CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	216 193 172	39.5	117.00	112.50	106.30-131.00 106.00-126.00 106.30-120.00	72	54 54 48	30 30 27	28 22 12	5 5 5	6 6 6	2 2 1	2 2 1	1		11	4 - -	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	

Table A-8. Weekly earnings of office workers—large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

			-		y earnings '	Numb	er of	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-tir	ne wee	ekly ea	arning	s of—										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours ¹ (standard)	Me an Z	Median 2	Middle range 2	and under	110	120 - 130	130	140	150 -	160	170	180	190	200	-	220	240	260	\$ 280 - 300	3 OO -	-	-	360	\$ 40 -
ALL WORKERS CONTINUED																					-	-				
ACCOUNTING CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	798	40.0	200.00	186.00	\$ \$ 155.50-220.00 161.00-228.00 153.00-219/50	-	53 - 53	150 23 127	203 60 143	50	234 53 181	78	243 62 181	311 111 200	224 57 167	206 51 155	143 37 106	344 66 278	1 29 30 99	140 65 75	42 15 27	45 11 34	13 2 11	12 5 7	6	1
PUBLIC UTILITIES	759 622 678 115	40.0 40.0 40.0	210.50 202.00 154.00	209.50 186.50 150.00	185.00-235.00 161.00-225.50 128.00-175.00 145.00-171.00	_	53	8 116	12 15 95 18	35 35 59 25	18 79 68 16	33 61 72 21	56 53 52 11	59 80 53	92 33 30	80 54 18	53 37 11 2	216 37 18	60 25 13	34 40 1	2 23 2	8 25 1	10	7		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS. CLASS A MANUFACTURING	1.002 413	40.0	223.50 226.00	208.50	184.00-257.00 184.00-260.00	-	-	-	5	18	23 8	4 8 2 5	72 33	160	88	94	73 29	102	78 17	116 53	34 13	44	13	12	6	1
NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE	589 127 292 99 57	40.0 40.0 40.0	242.50 232.00 197.50	251.00 212.50 190.50	185.00-257.00 220.50-264.50 190.00-274.00 175.00-216.00 148.50-186.50		-		5	14 1 - 13	15 2 - 6 7	23 1 5 10 7	39 7 11 13 8	85 4 59 17	50 4 23 12 8	60 5 42 10 3	44 8 23 9	57 17 21 12	61 36 15 9	63 32 31	21 1 20	34 8 25 1	11 10 -	7 - 7 - -	-	
ACCOUNTING CLERKS» CLASS B MANUFACTURINGNONMANUFACTURING	385 1+613	40.0 40.0	171.50 175.50	161.00 170.00	144.00-200.00 142.50-189.00 144.50-205.50	16	53 53	150 23 127	60 138	46 140	211 45 166	53 165		36 115	19 117	112 17 95 75	70 8 62 45	242 21 221 199	51 13 38 24	24 12 12	8 2 6	1	-	-	į	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	632 330 579 58	40.0	175.00 146.50	163.50 140.00	184.00-235.00 154.00-185.00 126.00-161.00 140.00-165.50	16	53	8 116 3	12 15 95 13	34 35 59 12	16 79 62 9	32 56 62 14	49 42 39 3	55 21 36 3	88 10 18 1	12	14	16	10	9	3 2	-	-	-	-	
PAYROLL CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	269 133 136 36	40.0 39.5	223.00 191.00	205.00 185.00	167.00-243.00 172.50-269.00 155.00-223.50 218.50-273.50	, =	111	4 -	16 1 15	19 11 8	17 2 15	19 5 14 1	31 26 5	23 12 11	20 5 15 2	14 5 9 5	10 5 5 3	25 12 13 8	23 15 8 6	10 5 5 2	22 13 9	3	5	7 7 -	1 1 -	
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS	989 245 744 175 289	40.0 39.5 40.0 39.5	195.00 182.50 210.00 177.50	183.00 172.50 191.00 170.00	161.00-198.50 164.50-210.50 160.00-194.50 176.00-244.50 158.00-193.50		100	2 - 2 -	34 5 29 -	20 50 2 13	117 11 106 3 57	190 46 144 20 64 29	136 34 102 29 40	133 36 97 30 24 24	70 15 55 22 24	59 16 43 8 22	25 9 16 1 7	46 12 34 14	28 8 20 6 8	47 22 25 21 4	27 6 21 19	-	3	2 2	-	
FINANCE	144 121 383	39.0	166.00	163.50	152.00-182.00 149.50-179.50 170.50-225.00	-	-	-	11 2	14 20 16	17	29 29 53	17	17	34	1 31	16	1 1 1 9	15	33	2 - 27	-	- 3	- 2	-	
MANUFACTURING	121 262 76 77 56	39.5 40.0 39.5	197.50 228.00 190.00	184.00 202.00 176.00	178.50-242.00 168.00-213.00 186.50-276.50 169.50-206.50 152.00-200.00	10.00	11111	100	2 - 2	2 14 - 8	1 20 1 4 10	16 37 5 21 10	15 36 5 16 7	21 39 13 8 2	11 23 14 3	8 23 4 10 7	6 10 - 2 2	10 9 - 4	6 9 - 5 4	14 19 15 4	6 21 19 - 2		3 - - -	2 -	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	606 124 482 99	40.0 40.0 39.5	175.00 178.00 174.00	168.50 169.00 168.00	155.50-185.00 157.50-186.00 155.50-184.00 172.50-232.50	100		2 - 2	32 5 27	54 18 36 2	10	137 30 107 15	85 19 66 24	73 15 58 17	36 4 32 8	28 8 20	9 3 6 1	27 2 25 14	13 2 11 6	14 8 6		4.0.0	1111	-		
WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE	212 88 78	39.5 40.0	172.50 167.50	167.00 164.00	153.50-189.00 154.00-180.00 149.50-167.50	- 1	-	2	12 4 11	13 6 14	53 19 12	43 19 28	24 7 9	16 22 3	21 3	12 3 1	5	10	2	į	1	-	3	-	-	

Table A-9. Weekly earnings of professional and technical workers—large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

					y earnings 1 andard)	Num	per of	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght- tii	me we	ekly e	arning	s of—	-									
Occupation and industry division	Number of	Average weekly houm ¹					140	-						280						400	-		\$ 460	480	\$ 520	\$
	worken	(standard)	Mean 2	Median 2	Middle range 2	and under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
						140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	400	420	440	460	480	520	560	0
ALL WORKERS																										
OMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS	1		8	\$	\$ \$																					
(BUSINESS)	669	39.5	362.50		308.50-404.50	-	-	-	-	-	1	29	51	54	84	59	81	76	50	50	26	32	27	31	14	
MANUFACTURING	161				329.00-407.00		-	+	_	→		-	8	14	15	12	34	20	15	9	8	4	8	8	2	
NONMANUFACTURING					304-00-403-50		-	-	-	-	1	29	43	40	69	4.7	47	56	35	41	18	28	19	23	12	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					278-50-402-50		-	-	-	-	-	18	36 5	20	29	15	11	13	11	18	4	14	4	11	5	
FINANCE	100	39.0	329.50	324.50	303.00-355.00	-	_	-	_	_	1	9	7	9	25	10	18	В	5	6	-	4	-	-	-	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS																										
(BUSINESS) + CLASS A	171	39.5	432.50	430.00	384.00-479.50	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	10	10	20	17	21	13	19	20	26	10	
NONMANUFACTURING		39.5	426.00	419.00	376.50-478.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	10	18	14	16	7	16	13	20	10	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	48	40.0	428.50	414.50	384.00-484.53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	6	1	4	8	6	1	5	4	8	5	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				İ																						
(BUSINESS) CLASS B	351	39.5	353.50	346.50	313.00-381.50	_	_	-	_	_	_	2	29	24	48	4.2	63	51	29	24	10	13	7	5	4	
MANUFACTURING					345.00-382.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	9	8	30	18	12	4	2	1	1	2	2	
NONMANUFACTURING					307.00-381.00		-	-	-	-	-	2	29	23	39	34	33	33	17	20	8	12	6	3	2	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS																										
(BUSINESS) CLASS C	147	10 5	302.00	201 . 00	268.50-316.50	_	_	_	_	_	1	27	22	30	35	7	8	5	4	5	3	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING					263.00-316.50		-	-	-	-	i	27	14	17	30	ģ	4	5	4	5	3	_	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					259.00-316.50		-	-	-	-	_	18	8	8	17	3	2	2	1	4	_	-	- 1	-	-	
AMBILTED BROCKAMMERS (BUSTNESS)	372	70 5	722 00	707 50	280.00-342.50			_	_	2	17	37	37	56	79	45	14	26	11	11	11	10	7	1		
OMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS) MANUFACTURING					295.00-378.50			_	1.2	-	- 1	37	10	19	18	16	7	11	5	- 11	9	3	2	1	8	
NONMANUFACTURING					268.50-333.50			_	_	2	17	36	27	37	61	29	7	15	6	6	2	7	5	1	7	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					277.50-399.50		_	-	-	1.9	2	12	13	6	17	16	2	4	3	6	1	6	4	î		
AAMOUTED DROCKAMERS (BUSTNESS)	İ																									
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS)+	118	40.0	354.00	333.50	306.50-383.50	_	_	_	_	-	_	2	2	12	27	23	7	14	7	3	5	Δ.	5	1	6	
NONMANUFACTURING	89				306.50-362.50	-	-	_	-	-	_	2	2	12	25	19	5	g	3	-	1	2	3	î	5	
AAMBUTED BRACOAMMERS ABUSTNESS		į																								
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS).	210	30 5	318 00	304 50	284.00-336.00	_	_	_	_	2	4	15	26	42	52	22	7	12	4	8		6	2	_	2	
MANUFACTURING					293.50-340.00		-	-	_	_		1	- 0	18	16	12	5	-6	ĭ	2	5	1		_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					278.00-326.50		-	_	-	2	4	14	17	24	36	10	2	6	3	6	1	5	2	-	2	
						_					105	95	60	30	40	32		_			_					
OMPUTER OPERATORS					197.50-260.50		28	70	84 19	106 55	125 41	42	8	30	40	7	8	2	1	11	3 2	-	-	_	_	
MANUFACTURING					206.00-244.50		22	5 65	65	5 I	84	86	52	27	36	25	7	5	- 1	10	1	-	- 5	-	_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					218.50-253.50		2 2	6	15	16	24	57	7	9	7	3	4	1	-		- 2	- 2		_		
FINANCE					172.50-202.50		12	30	27	12	10	5	_	_	_	_	8	_	-	-	- 9	-	-	_	_	
										_																
COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS A					245.00-329.50		-	1	_	10	23 17	11	10	17 14	29 27	23	4	5	1	11	3	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	117	40.0	289.50	302.50	248.00-325.50		_	1	_	4	17	8	4	14	21	21	4	5		1		-	-	-	-	
COMPUTER OPERATORS+ CLASS B	351	40.0	232.00	226.50	201.50-256.50	-	-	14	67	72	67	45	49	13	10	8	4	2	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	
MANUFACTURING					206-00-230-00			1	18	42	31	6	6	-	1	4	1	2	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
NONHANUFACTURING					198.00-260.50		-	13	49	30	36	39	43	13	9	4	3	-			-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	72				229.00-255.50		-	-	4	13	13	26	2	6	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COMPUTER OPERATORS+ CLASS C	203	40.0	199_00	198.00	169.00-227.50	2	28	55	17	24	35	39	1	_	1	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING					170.00-227.50		22	51	16	12	31	39	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	- 1	_	_	
					1-11111300																					

Table A-9. Weekly earnings of professional and technical workers—large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

					y earnings ' andard)	Num	ber of	work	ers re	ceivin	g stra	ight-ti	ime w	eekly e	earnin	gs of										
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours I (standard)	Mesn ²	Median 2	Middle range ²	120 and under	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360	380	400	420	440	-	-	520 - 560	ar
ALL WORKERS Continued																										
RAFTERS	1.150	0.0	370 50	34 7 00	220.00-313.00			62	0.0	126	127	141	123	134	94	89	63	24	24	21	16	В		4	-	
					221.00-311.50	-	7	44	42	82	84	88	75	80	70	46	35	11	18	15	13	0			-	
MANUFACTURING	726				218.50-311.50		2	18	46	44	43	53	48	54	24	43	28	13	10	15	3			1		
PUBLIC UTILITIES					216.50-294.50	- 5	-	10	25	17	18	25	21	23	7	18	28	13	0		2		-			
WHOLESALE TRADE					218-50-332-00		-	0	13	12	12	12	12	10	,	5	11	5	1		_	_			- 6	
MUNICONTE INNOE	118	34.5	2/5.50	207.50	218-50-332-00			,	13	12	12	12	12	10		2	11	5	4	4	2	-	2			
RAFTERS, CLASS A	383	40.0	321.50	316.00	282-00-344-50	-	-	-	-	10	17	19	45	56	57	71	28	13	14	20	15	8	6	4	-	
MANUFACTURING	263				276.00-350.00	-	-	-	5-3	10	16	17	34	29	40	39	17	7	12	14	1.2	8	. 4	4	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					291.50-339.50	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	11	27	17	32	11		2	6	3	1 4	2	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					288-50-336-00	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	5	12	7	12	4	5	1	1		-	_	-	-	
														50												
DRAFTERS+ CLASS B	497	40.0	264.50	253.00	230.00-293.50	-	-	12	16	55	75	104	66	71	32	16	29	9	10	1	1	-	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	310	40.0	259.00	252.00	224.50-291.00	-	-	12	13	39	48	61	35	48	25	6	12	3	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	187				240.00-295.50	-	-	-	3	16	27	4.3	31	23	7	10	17	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
PUBLIC UTILITIES	91	40.0	256.50	249.50	230.00-278.50	-	-	-	3	12	15	24	16	11	-	6	4	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
DRAFTERS+ CLASS C	257	40 0	213 00	202 50	182.00-230.00	-		42	71	54	35	18	11	7	5.	2		-		- 40				_		
MANUFACTURING	1			1	180.00-236.00	_	4	30	28	31	20	10	5	3	5	1	6	1	-	- 5		- 0	-	_	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					190.00-227.50	-		12	43	23	15		6	4	_	1		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES					184.00-197.50	-	-	5	22	5	2	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	
	7.																							- 0		
ECTRONICS TECHNICIANS	955	40.0	259.50	252.00	223.00-284.00	-	-	6	57	126	167			120	41	77	2	4	15	17	3	-	-	1	-	
MANUFACTURING	823	40.0	255.50	252.00	220.00-281.00	-	-	6	56	125	135	162	130	111	34	22	2	4	15	17	3	-	-	1	~	4
- FORDANIOS TECHNICIANS CLASE A	200	**	705 FO	204 50	20# 20-720 E0					-		0	34	107	41	77	2	- 2	14				-			
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS A-					284.00-329.50	100	- 5	16	100	- 3	100		34	102	34	22	2	,	14							
MANUFACTURING	222	40.0	244.50	284.00	284.00-306.00							8	34	102	34	2.2	-	3	14							
LECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS B-	396	40.0	257.50	252.00	243.00-260.50	-		-	-	31	58	163	111	13	-	-		1	1	16	2	1	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING					241.50-260.00	-	-	-	-	30	56	152	96	9	-	-	100	1	1	16	2	-	-	-	-	
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS C-	270	40.0	212.50	216.00	201.00-223.00	-	-	6	57	95	109	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
GISTERED INDUSTRIAL NURSES	111	40.0	280 F0	272 60	281 50-307 50	1			-	0	18	16	24	10	10	7	9	7	_				1 2			
MANUFACTURING					241.50-307.50		_		_	7	12	12	19	7		5	7	7	-	1				-	3	
DAMUFACIUKING	85	40.0	202.30	274.30	241.50-310.50	-	_	-	-	- /	12	1.2	14		- 0	-			-						_	

Table A-10. Average weekly earnings of office, professional, and technical workers, by sex–large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

	0.070		mge m ²)			Av.	enge			Ave (me	an ")
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	We ekly houm (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekl earning (standar
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - MEN				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS -			
			\$	WOMENCONTINUED				WOMENCONTINUED			
IESSENGERS	107		138.00	122112011121			\$				
NONMANUFACTURING	85	39.5	137.00	STENOGRAPHERS				ORDER CLERKS - CONTINUED			
RDER CLERKS	56	40.0	260.50	MANUFACTURING	467 1.11D		240.00	ORDER CLERKS. CLASS B	205	39.5	120
	-			NONMANUFACTURING	643		194.00	NONMANUFACTURING	192		
CCOUNTING CLERKS:				. 55210 511211125	0.5	1010		RETAIL TRADE	171		
NONMANUFACTURING:	- 557			STENOGRAPHERS+ GENERAL	591	40.0	199.50				
WHOLESALE TRADE	112	40.0	227.00	MANUFACTURING	210	40.0	229.50	ACCOUNTING CLERKS	2 - 655	40.0	187
				NONMANUFACTURING	381		183.00	MANUFACTURING	755		
ACCOUNTING CLERKS, CLASS A	159		259.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	244	40.0	183.00	NONMANUFACTURING			
NONMANUFACTURING	1		244.00	_				PUBLIC UTILITIES	607		
WHOLESALE TRADE	80	40.0	245.50	STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	986		221.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	510		
				MANUFACTURING	257		248.50	RETAIL TRADE	646		
				NONMANUFACTURING	729 399		212.00	FINANCE	111	37.0	100
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - WOMEN				PUBLIC UTILITIES	377	40.0	200.50	ACCOUNTING CLERKS. CLASS A	843	40.0	217
				TYPISTS:				MANUFACTURING	373		
				MANUFACTURING	111	40.0	169.50	NONMANUFACTURING	470		
ECRETARIES			228.00	NONMANUFACTURING:				PUBLIC UTILITIES	99	40.0	237
MANUFACTURING	776		241.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	55	39.5	149.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	212	39.5	227
NORMANUFACTURING			224.50	RETAIL TRADE	81		148.00	RETAIL TRADEFINANCE	91		
PUBLIC UTILITIES	761		243.00	SERVICES	64	40.0	191.50	FINANCE	55	38.5	167
WHOLESALE TRADE			234.00						4 040	*0.0	177
RETAIL TRADE	351 559		195.50	TYPISTS CLASS A	224		175.00	ACCOUNTING CLERKS, CLASS B	382		
FINANCE SERVICES	313		220.00	NONMANUFACTURING			170.00	MANUFACTURING			
acite to ca	3.3			SERVICES	0.1	40.0	194.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	508		
SECRETARIES: CLASS A	174	40.0	301.00	TYPISTS+ CLASS B:				WHOLESALE TRADE	298		
NONMANUFACTURING	1 38	39.5	303.00	NONMANUFACTURING:				RETAIL TRADE	555		
		l		RETAIL TRADE	72	40.0	146.00	FINANCE	56	39.5	152
SECRETARIES, CLASS 8	798		261.00	1							
MANUFACTURING	124		241.00	FILE CLERKS				PAYROLL CLERKS	253		
NONMANUFACTURING			264.50	MANUFACTURING			171.50	MANUFACTURING	122	1	
PUBLIC UTILITIES	352		273.00	NONMANUFACTURING			147.00	NONMANUFACTURING	131		
FINANCE	97		229.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	B5	39.5	159.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	34	40.0	241
				FILE CLERKS. CLASS B	101	30.5	158.50	KEY ENTRY OPERATORS	957	40.0	186
SECRETARIES. CLASS C	854	39.5	240.00	THE CEERAST CEASS O	101	3763	130.30	MANUFACTURING	244		
MANUFACTURING			267.50	FILE CLERKS. CLASS C	149	40.0	128.50	NONMANUFACTURING	713	39.5	183
NONMANUFACTURING			229.00	NONMANUFACTURING	127		129.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	162	40.0	213
PUBLIC UTILITIES			275.50					WHOLESALE TRADE	287		
WHOLESALE TRADE			231.00	MESSENGERS	153	39.5	132.50	RETAIL TRADE	133		
RETAIL TRADE			215.00	NONMANUFACTURING	130	39.5	130.00	FINANCE	116	39.0	166
SERVICES	89	40.0	244.00	MOULE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE							0.07
SECRETARIES. CLASS D	994	40.0	212.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS	294		168.50	KEY ENTRY OPERATORS. CLASS A	381		
MANUFACTURING			239.00	MANUFACTURING	91		181.50	MANUFACTURING	121 260	1	
NONMANUFACTURING			205.00	NONMANUFACTURING	203	70.0	162.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	76		
WHOLESALE TRADE			196.50	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONIST9-	116	40.0	185.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	76		
RETAIL TRADE			184.00	MANUFACTURING	54		208.50	RETAIL TRADE	55		
				NONMANUFACTURING	62		165.50				
SECRETARIES. CLASS E			196.50					KEY ENTRY OPERATORS. CLASS B	576		
MANUFACTURING	164		195.00	ORDER CLERKS	248		141.50	MANUFACTURING	123		
NONMANUFACTURING	866		196.50	NONMANUFACTURING	222		133.50	NONMANUFACTURING			
PUBLIC UTILITIES	323		224.00	RETAIL TRADE	171	39.0	115.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	86		
WHOLESALE TRADE	184		181.00					WHOLESALE TRADE	211		
FINANCE	220	40.0	173.50		1		1	RETAIL TRADE	78	40.0	166
	ì	1			} I		1	FINANCE	73	39.0	4

Table A-10. Average weekly earnings of office, professional, and technical workers, by sex—large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978—Continued

			esage esa ²)				erage ean ²)				mge
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekhy hours (standard)	We ckly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly houn (standard)	Weekly earnings ¹ (standard)	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours (standard)	Weekly earnings (standard
PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - MEN				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - WOMEN			
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS			\$	COMPUTER OPERATORS - CONTINUED				COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS			\$
(BUSINESS)	484	39.5	372.50				\$	(BUSINESS)	175	39.5	333.0
MANUFACTURING	126	40.0	382.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS B	236	40.0	232.50	NONMANUFACTURING	140	39.0	330.5
NONMANUFACTURING	358	39.5	369.00	MANUFACTURING	74	40.0	229.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	53	40.0	311.5
PUBLIC UTILITIES	146	40.0	356-00	NONMANUFACTURING	162	40.0	233.50				1
FINANCE	71	39.5	339.50					COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS			
7 2 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10				COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS C	119	40.0	191.00	(BUSINESS) + CLASS 8			342.0
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				NONMANUFACTURING	95	40.0	187.00	NONMANUFACTURING	76	39.5	336.0
(BUSINESS)+ CLASS A	141	39.5	440.50								
NONMANUFACTURING	107	39.5	434.00	DRAFTERS	_		276.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS	İ	_	
				MANUFACTURING	633		276.00	(BUSINESS) + CLASS C	59	39.5	296.5
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS				NONMANUFACTURING	336	40.0	277.00	NONMANUFACTURING:			
(BUSINESS) + CLASS B		1	357.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	103	39.5	278.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES	25	40.0	303.0
MANUFACTURING	72		366.50				1	COMENTED DROCKSMANERS ABUSTNESS			
NONMANUFACTURING			354.50	DRAFTERS+ CLASS A	358		324.00	COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS),		70 5	710 5
PUBLIC UTILITIES	73	40.0	346.00	MANUFACTURING	253		323.00	CLASS B	65	39.5	310.5
				NONMANUFACTURING	105	40.0	327.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS	100	40.0	224.0
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS	0.7	70 5	705 50		_						227.5
(BUSINESS). CLASS C	87		305.50	DRAFTERS+ CLASS B	406		267.00	NONMANUFACTURING	146	40.0	221.5
NONMANUFACTURING	67		305.50	MANUFACTURING	258		259.50	COMPUTED ORFORTORS, CLASS B	104	80.0	236.5
PUBLIC UTILITIES	37	40.0	294.50	NONMANUFACTURING	148	40.0	279.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B			
	275	30 €	333.00					NONMANUFACTURING	66	40.0	236-0
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS)	235		1-	DRAFTERS+ CLASS C	194		213.50	COMPUTED OBCOATORS CLASS C	77		209.5
MANUFACTURING	86	40.0	340.50	MANUFACTURING	117	40.0	214.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C		40.0	
ANDUTED DEACOARMEDS (BUSINESS).				ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS	940	40.0	259.50	NUNHANUFACTURING	/ 0	40.0	213.5
COMPUTER PROGRAMMERS (BUSINESS)+	174	70 5	324.50	MANUFACTURING	817			DRAFTERS:			
CLASS 8	136		318.50	HAMOPACIORING	011	40.0	200.00	MANUFACTURING	93	an n	242.0
HANUFACTURING	79		328.50	ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS A-	289	An . n	305.50	HANGFACIDRING	73	40.0	242.0
NONMANUFACTURING	17	37.3	320.30	MANUFACTURING	222		299.50	REGISTERED INDUSTRIAL NURSES	102	an n	282.5
COMPUTER OPERATORS	487	80.0	241.00			1000	277830		84	_	283.0
MANUFACTURING	126		248.50	ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS. CLASS 8-	392	40.0	257.50	MANUFACTURING	0.4	40.0	203.0
	361		238.03	MANUFACTURING	361		257.00				
NONMANUFACTURING	77		190.00	li de la companya de	231	40 8 0	23.000		-		
PINANCE	"	37.3	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS C-	259	40 . n	212.00	1			
COMPUTER OPERATORS+ CLASS A	132	80.0	301.09		-3,	.540					
NONMANUFACTURING	104		292.00								
MUMINATUR	104	70.0		ll .	1						1

Table A-11. Hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, and powerplant workers—large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

			Hourly est	mings 4	Numb	er of	worke	rs re	ceiving	straig	ht-tin	ne hou	ırly ea	rning	s of—											
Occupation and industry division	Number				\$ 4.00				\$ 4.80											\$ 7.40	\$ 7.80	\$ 8.20	\$ 8.60	\$ 9.00	9.40	\$ \$ 9.8010
occupation and massey arrange	workers	Mean 2	Median ²	Middle range 2	and under	-	-	- 4 - 80	-	- 5.20	- 5.40	- 5.60	- 5.80	- 6.00	- 6.20	- 6.40	- 6.60	7.00	- 7-40	- 7.80	- 8 • 20	- 8.60	- 9.00	- 9-40	- 9.801	- 10.2010
					4820	4840	4000	100	3100	7022	20.1-		-													
ALL WORKERS MAINTENANCE CARPENTERS MANUFACTURING	282 182			\$ \$ 9.10- 9.25 9.20- 9.30		3 -	-	13	1 -	3	7	-	3		8		2	4	6 2	9	2 2	9	9	181 109	19 19	20 20
MAINTENANCE ELECTRICIANS		8.77	9.21	8.25- 9.42 8.25- 9.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-	-	-	-	6	33 32	81 69	103 103	278 103	41 40	308 273	310 310	-
MAINTENANCE PAINTERS	234 123			8.22- 9.20 8.22- 9.23	3 -	-	-	6 -	_	_	7.	8	_	1 -	1 -	4	1 -	18	-	2	-	41 36	7 7	125 49	17 17	-
MAINTENANCE MACHINISTS MANUFACTURING	689 579	8.93 8.92		8.39- 9.42 8.22- 9.42	_	-	-	_	_	_	1 7	-	_	_	_	-	-	1	22 22	25 15	69 69	64 64	13 13	288 188	207 207	-
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MACHINERY) - MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	1.184	8.60 8.59 8.64	9.21	7.88- 9.23 7.76- 9.23 8.28- 9.10	-	-	-	5	=	-	4	1 - 1	Ē	6 -	12 12 -	10	28 27 1	20 13 7	42 41 1	219 187 32	101 99 2	176 56 120	83 80 3	645 442 203	207 207 -	-
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MOTOR VEHICLES)	450 119 331 247	7.47 7.45	7.68 7.83	6.60- 8.27 6.20- 9.20 6.60- 8.27 6.60- 7.83	-	-	3			4 - 4 -	1 1 1 1	6	=	19 15 4	10 8 2	15 15 -	4 2 2	123 123 123	3	35 30 5 4	89 1 88 87	99 8 91 21	12 - 12 12	27 27 - -	4 4 -	
MAINTENANCE PIPEFITTERS	1 - 266			9.10- 9.23 8.39- 9.30	1	-	ā	-	Ī	_	1 7	1		-	Ī	-	-	_		- 0	38 38	197 197	46 46	852 469	133 133	-
MAINTENANCE SHEET-METAL WORKERS MANUFACTURING	54 54			8.72- 9.39 8.72- 9.39	-	-	-	-	-	_	4	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 5	7	13 13	15 15	14 14	-
MILLWRIGHTS	201 137			8.39- 9.30 8.39- 9.30		-	_	_	_	_	3	-	_	_	-	-	-		3	3	2	57 57	_	104 40	32 32	digo
MAINTENANCE TRADES HELPERS: MANUFACTURING	53	7.54	7.93	7.24- 8.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	_	-	2	-	2	-	¢	12	-	13	18	-	-	-	-
MACHINE-TOOL OPERATORS (TOOLROOM) - MANUFACTURING	282 282		7.67 7.67	7.31- 7.67 7.31- 7.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	3	14 14	92 92	170 170	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	202 202			7.68- 7.88 7.68- 7.88	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	5 5	115 115	77 77	5 5	_	_	_	-
STATIONARY ENGINEERS	364 189 175	8.77	7.11 9.23 5.79	9.16- 9.42	4 - 4	16	5 2 3	4 4	11 1 10	24 2 22	5 7 5	5	26 7 19	6 - 6	26 1 25	12 2 10	7 - 7	28 9 19	18 6 12	4	13 12 1	7 - 7	į	76 76	67 67	-

Table A-12. Hourly earnings of material movement and custodial workers-large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

			Hourly ea	mings 4	Numb	er of	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-ti	me hou	ırly e	arning	s of	•											_
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean ²	Median ²	Middle range 2	and under	-	3.00 -	3.20	3.40	-	3.80	4.00 ·	-	-	4.80	-	5,60	-	6.40 ·	- 80	-	-	-	-	-	9.60	and
ALL WORKERS																											
TRUCKORIVERS	1.732 355 1.377 631	6.30 7.62	5.04 8.03	7.84- 8.42	- 5	1.63.1	2 2 2	2 -	1	2 2	2 - 2 2	8 3 5 5	7 7 4	39 12 27 15	201 173 28 21	1 43 31	62 22 40 33	112 13 99	6 2 4 4	52 - 52 52	10 8 2 2	370 - 370 255	165 61 104 104	647 60 587	0.11	000	11111
TRUCKORIVERS, LIGHT TRUCK NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	107 75 54	5.58 4.88 5.06	4.92	4.61- 6.30 4.55- 5.55 4.67- 5.55	-	-	2 2 2	2 2 -	1	2 2 2	2 2 2	6 3 3	5 5 2	18 16 4	21 21 18	9 8 8	6 6	9 7 7	-	0	8	=	14 - -	2	=	1	-
TRUCKDRIVERS, MEDIUM TRUCK MANUFACTURINGNONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE		6.95 7.84	8.00 8.41	6.85- 8.42 5.60- 8.29 8.41- 8.42 5.87- 6.17	-	-	-	1	1.66.1	1111	1,1	2 - 2 2	2 2 2	21 10 11 11	12 9 3 3	21 - 21 21	34 17 17 19	91 9 82 82	3 - 3 3	39 - 39 39		1 1 1	46 46 -	579 10 569		-	1111
TRUCKDRIVERS+ TRACTOR-TRAILER NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	557 552 399	7.68 7.69 7.73	7.84	7.84- 7.84 7.84- 7.84 7.84- 8.03	-	-	-			Į.	7	-	- - -	-	5 4	14 14 2	17 17 13	12 10 10	3 1 1	13 13 13	2 2 2	369 369 254	104 104 104	18 18	-	C) a	7.1.1
SHIPPERS	80	6.43	6.36	5.34- 7.99	-	-	_	-	2	4	2	-	2	-	6	15	3	8	4	1	5	25	1	1	-	-	1
RECEIVERS	307 141 166 118	6.38 7.26 5.64 5.97	7.25 5.05	4.60- 7.88 5.88- 8.90 4.08- 7.81 4.11- 7.81	- 5		2 - 2 2	3 - 3 3	6 - 6 5	16 4 12 8	7 7 5	20 1 19 7	17 - 17 3	17 3 14 7	1 1 7 4	28 18 10 10	1 2 8 8	15 15 -	13 11 2 2	15 4 11 11	16	55 4 51 43	4 -	11 11 -	5 -	33	1
WAREHOUSEMEN	453 263 190		4.80	4.35~ 6.46 4.35~ 6.97 4.55~ 5.96	ı, İ		2 - 2	20 20 -	2	1 - 1	(2)	36 29 7	66 45 21	98 32 66	4 2 2 4 1 8	16 2 14	1 4 2 1 2	38 34 4	41 5 36	16 9 7	20 20	1 1 -	-	13 13	27 27	-	
ORDER FILLERS NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	806 743 395	5.94 5.89 5.77		3.90- 7.59 3.75- 7.59 3.15- 7.81	42 42 42	14 14 14	52 52 52	16 16 12	40 40 8	30 30 6	15 15 3	25 25 9	15 15 11	28 28 4	16 16 3	26 26 14	9 9 -	35 - -	47 25 -	22 16 -	208 208 51	166 166 166	-	-	-	-	77.7
MATERIAL HANDLING LARORERS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	990 436 554 377	5.41	5.55 4.31	3.60- 6.33 4.25- 6.57 3.45- 5.80 3.25- 4.43		11 11 11	71 2 69 69	46 15 31 31	60 10 50 50	85 47 38 37	13 13 10	64 24 40 40	28 4 24 23	99 51 48 44	57 33 24 19	48 26 22 11	53 12 41	100 41 59	89	72 72 -	75 - 75 23	-	-	-	-	1	1111
FORKLIFT OPERATORS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	812 579 233 129	6.12	6.22 7.59	5.30- 7.59 5.13- 6.83 7.59- 7.59 7.59- 7.81	-	-		5	10 10 -	10 10 -	7 6 1 1	16 16	49 46 3	48 42 6 6	49 43 6 6	44 39 5 5	34 15 19	77 76 1	116	64 52 12	165 36 129 55	71 20 51 51	22		1	30 30 -	1111
GUARDS MANUFACTURING NOWMANUFACTURING	625 328 297	5.80 7.20 4.25	7.14	4.35- 7.14 6.13- 8.73 3.89- 4.70	1 - 1	6 - 6	11	19 - 19	17	18 - 18	20 - 20	44	62 8 54	70 27 43	74 29 45	10 2 8	9 8 1	61 54 7	13 11 2	34 33 1	10 10 -	8 -	34 34 -	25 25	59 59 ~	20 20 -	
GUARDS CLASS B	623 328 295	5.80 7.20 4.24	7.14		1 - 1	6	11 - 11	19 - 19	17 - 17	18 - 18	20 - 20	4 4 - 4 4	62 8 54	69 27 42	74 29 45	10 2 8	9 8 1	61 54 7	13 11 2	33 33	10 10 -	8 8 -	34	25 25	59 59	20 20	11
JANITORS PORTERS AND CLEANERS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES RETAIL TRADE SERVICES	8 • 8 4 4 6 3 3 8 • 2 1 1 8 9 5 7 2 5 • 1 2 5	4.89 2.83 4.55 3.98	4.00 2.65 3.89	2.65- 2.75 3.77- 4.88 3.00- 4.43	6541 - 62	4 23	483 45 438 - 117 219	268 45 223 4 56 89	105 33 72 8 45	167 81 86 7 64	62 13 49 24 15	127 90 37 8 11	53 16 37 33	33 19 14 1	110 44 66 12 54	66 26 40 - 40	12 10 2 - 2	23 18 5 5	102 88 14 14	34 32 2 2	64 20 44 27	52 38 14 - 14			111111	o rec	110000

Table A-13. Average hourly earnings of maintenance, toolroom, powerplant, material movement, and custodial workers, by sex-large establishments in Houston, Tex., April 1978

			<u></u>					
Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings ⁴	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings ⁴	Sex, 3 occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average (mean ²) hourly earnings
MAINTENANCE» TOOLROOM» AND POWERPLANT OCCUPATIONS - MEN			MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL OCCUPATIONS - MEN			MATERIAL MOVEMENT AND CUSTODIAL OCCUPATIONS - MENCONTINUED		
MAINTENANCE CARPENTERS	280	\$ 94	TRUCKBRIUERC	1,692	\$	FORKLIFT OPERATORS	783	\$ 6.4
MANUFACTURING	182		MANUFACTURING	355		MANUFACTURING	570	
HANOPACIORING	102	7.07	NONMANUFACTURING			NONMANUFACTURING	213	
MAINTENANCE ELECTRICIANS	983	8.85	RETAIL TRADE	623		RETAIL TRADE	127	
MANUFACTURING	932	8.86					-	
		1	TRUCKDRIVERS. LIGHT TRUCK	107		GUARDS	578	
MAINTENANCE PAINTERS	219		NONMANUFACTURING	75		MANUFACTURING	309 269	
MANUFACTURING	123	8.59	RETAIL TRADE	54	5.06	NONFAMOR NC TOK I NO	207	4.2
MAINTENANCE MACHINISTS	683	8.93	TRUCKORIVERS, MEDIUM TRUCK	819	7.71	GUARDS+ CLASS B	576	5.8
MANUFACTURING		8.92	MANUFACTURING	101	6.95	MANUFACTURING	309	7.2
			NONMANUFACTURING	718	7.81	NONMANUFACTURING	267	4.2
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MACHINERY) -			RETAIL TRADE	178	6.04			
MANUFACTURING	1+184	8.59	TRUCKDRIVERS. TRACTOR-TRAILER	549	7.67	JANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS	4+004	
MAINTENANGE MECHANICS	İ		NONMANUFACTURING	544			3.524	
(MOTOR VEHICLES):			RETAIL TRADE		7.73		453	
MANUFACTURING	119	7.47		ŀ		SERVICES	1.971	-
			SHIPPERS	72	6.50		ŀ	Ì
MAINTENANCE PIPEFITTERS	1	1	RECEIVERS	267	6.45			
MANUFACTURING	003	0.7/	MANUFACTURING					
MAINTENANCE SHEET-METAL WORKERS	54	8.92	NONMANUFACTURING					
MANUFACTURING		8.92	RETAIL TRADE	107	6.03			
MILLWRIGHTS			WAREHOUSEMEN			ORDER FILLERS	160	
MANUFACTURING	1 37	8.90	HANDFACTORING	234	2.00	NONMANUFACTURING	157	4.2
MAINTENANCE TRADES HELPERS:			ORDER FILLERS	646	6.34	MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS	220	5.0
MANUFACTURING	53	7.54	NONMANUFACTURING	586	6.32	NONMANUFACTURING	198	4.8
			RETAIL TRADE	251	6.68			
MACHINE-TOOL OPERATORS (TOOLROOM) -				770	5.04	JANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS	4 - 8 27	1
MANUFACTURING	280	/.45	MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS				153 4+674	
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	202	7.79					119	
MANUFACTURING							3+154	
STATIONARY ENGINEERS		1						
MANUFACTURING								

Footnotes

- ¹ Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.
- ² The mean is computed for each job by totaling the earnings of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The median designates position—half of the workers receive the same or more and half receive the same or less than the rate shown. The middle range is defined by two rates of pay: a fourth of the workers earn the same or less than the lower of these rates and a fourth earn the same or more than the higher rate.
- ³ Earnings data relate only to workers whose sex identification was provided by the establishment.

- ⁴ Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.
- Estimates for periods ending prior to 1976 relate to men only for skilled maintenance and unskilled plant workers. All other estimates relate to men and women.
 - ⁶ Data do not meet publication criteria or data not available.
- ⁷ Annualized rates of increase are not published for this occupational group because of the impact of the non-recurring January 1978 increase in minimum wage requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Appendix A. Scope and Method of Survey

In each of the 75¹ areas currently surveyed, the Bureau obtains wages and related benefits data from representative establishments within six broad industry divisions; Manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. Government operations and the construction and extractive industries are excluded. Establishments having fewer than a prescribed number of workers are also excluded because of insufficient employment in the occupations studied. Appendix table 1 shows the number of establishments and workers estimated to be within the scope of this survey, as well as the number actually studied.

Bureau field representatives obtain data by personal visits at 3-year intervals. In each of the two intervening years, information on employment and occupational earnings only is collected by a combination of personal visit, mail questionnaire, and telephone interview from establishments participating in the previous survey.

A sample of the establishments in the scope of the survey is selected for study prior to each personal visit survey. This sample, less establishments which go out of business or are no longer within the industrial scope of the survey, is retained for the following two annual surveys. In most cases, establishments new to the area are not considered in the scope of the survey until the selection of a sample for a personal visit survey.

The sampling procedures involve detailed stratification of all establishments within the scope of an individual area survey by industry and number of employees. From this stratified universe a probability sample is selected, with each establishment having a predetermined chance of selection. To obtain optimum accuracy at minimum cost, a greater proportion of large than small establishments is selected. When data are combined, each establishment is weighted according to its probability of selection so that unbiased estimates are generated. For example, if one out of four establishments is selected, it is given a weight of 4 to represent itself plus three others. An alternate of the same original probability is chosen in the same industry-size classification if data are not available from the original sample member. If no suitable substitute is available, additional weight is assigned to a sample member that is similar to the missing unit.

Occupations and earnings

Occupations selected for study are common to a variety of manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries, and are of the following types: (1) Office clerical; (2) professional and technical; (3) maintenance, toolroom,

and powerplant; and (4) material movement and custodial. Occupational classification is based on a uniform set of job descriptions designed to take account of interestablishment variation in duties within the same job. Occupations selected for study are listed and described in appendix B.

Unless otherwise indicated, the earnings data following the job titles are for all industries combined. Earnings data for some of the occupations listed and described, or for some industry divisions within the scope of the survey, are not presented in the A-series tables because either (1) employment in the occupation is too small to provide enough data to merit presentation, or (2) there is possibility of disclosure of individual establishment data. Separate men's and women's earnings data are not presented when the number of workers not identified by sex is 20 percent or more of the men or women identified in an occupation. Earnings data not shown separately for industry divisions are included in data for all industries combined. Likewise, for occupations with more than one level, data are included in the overall classification when a subclassification is not shown or information to subclassify is not available.

Occupational employment and earnings data are shown for full-time workers, i.e., those hired to work a regular weekly schedule. Earnings data exclude premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Nonproduction bonuses are excluded, but cost-of-living allowances and incentive bonuses are included. Weekly hours for office clerical and professional and technical occupations refer to the standard workweek (rounded to the nearest half hour) for which employees receive regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates). Average weekly earnings for these occupations are rounded to the nearest half dollar. Vertical lines within the distribution of workers on some A-tables indicate a change in the size of the class intervals.

These surveys measure the level of occupational earnings in an area at a particular time. Comparisons of individual occupational averages over time may not reflect expected wage changes. The averages for individual jobs are affected by changes in wages and employment patterns. For example, proportions of workers employed by high- or low-wage firms may change, or high-wage workers may advance to better jobs and be replaced by new workers at lower rates. Such shifts in employment could decrease an occupational average even though most establishments in an area increase wages during the year. Changes in earnings of occupational groups, shown in table A-7, are better indicators of wage trends than are earnings changes for individual jobs within the groups.

Average earnings reflect composite, areawide estimates. Industries and establishments differ in pay level and job staffing, and thus contribute differently to the estimates for each job. Pay averages may fail to reflect accurately the wage differential among jobs in individual establishments.

Included in the 75 areas are 5 studies conducted by the Bureau under contract. These areas are Akron, Ohio; Birmingham, Ala.; Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth and Newport News-Hampton, Va.-N.C.; Poughkeepsie-Kingston-Newburgh, N.Y.; and Utica-Rome, N.Y. In addition, the Bureau conducts more limited area studies in approximately 100 areas at the request of the Employment Standards Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor.
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Average pay levels for men and women in selected occupations should not be assumed to reflect differences in pay of the sexes within individual establishments. Factors which may contribute to differences include progression within established rate ranges (only the rates paid incumbents are collected) and performance of specific duties within the general survey job descriptions. Job descriptions used to classify employees in these surveys usually are more generalized than those used in individual establishments and allow for minor differences among establishments in specific duties performed.

Occupational employment estimates represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of occupational employment obtained from the sample of establishments studied serve only to indicate the relative importance of the jobs studied. These differences in occupational structure do not affect materially the accuracy of the earnings data.

Wage trends for selected occupational groups

The percent increases presented in table A-7 are based on changes in average hourly earnings of men and women in establishments reporting the trend jobs in both the current and previous year (matched establishments). The data are adjusted to remove the effects on average earnings of employment shifts among establishments and turnover of establishments included in survey samples. The percent increases, however, are still affected by factors other than wage increases. Hirings, layoffs, and turnover may affect an establishment average for an occupation when workers are paid under plans providing a range of wage rates for individual jobs. In periods of increased hiring, for example, new employees may enter at the bottom of the range, depressing the average without a change in wage rates.

The percent changes relate to wage changes between the indicated dates. When the time span between surveys is other than 12 months, annual rates are shown. (It is assumed that wages increase at a constant rate between surveys.)

Occupations used to compute wage trends are:

Office clerical

Secretaries
Stenographers, general
Stenographers, senior
Typists, classes
A and B
File clerks, classes A,
B, and C
Messengers
Switchboard operators

Office clerical—Continued

Order clerks, classes A and B Accounting clerks, classes A and B Bookkeeping-machine operators, class B Payroll clerks Key entry operators, classes A and B

Electronic data processing

Computer systems analysts, classes A, B, and C Computer programmers, classes A, B, and C Computer operators, classes A, B, and C

Skilled maintenance

Carpenters
Electricians
Painters
Machinists
Mechanics (machinery)
Mechanics (motor vehicle)
Pipefitters
Tool and die makers

Industrial nurses

Registered industrial

Unskilled plant

Janitors, porters, and cleaners Material handling laborers

Percent changes for individual areas in the program are computed as follows:

- Average earnings are computed for each occupation for the 2 years being compared. The averages are derived from earnings in those establishments which are in the survey both years; it is assumed that employment remains unchanged.
- 2. Each occupation is assigned a weight based on its proportionate employment in the occupational group in the base year.
- 3. These weights are used to compute group averages. Each occupation's average earnings (computed in step 1) is multiplied by its weight. The products are totaled to obtain a group average.
- 4. The ratio of group averages for 2 consecutive years is computed by dividing the average for the current year by the average for the earlier year. The result—expressed as a percent—less 100 is the percent change.

For a more detailed description of the method used to compute these wage trends, see "Improving Area Wage Survey Indexes," Monthly Labor Review, January 1973, pp. 52-57.

Establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions

Tabulations on selected establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions (B-series tables) are not presented in this bulletin. Information for these tabulations is collected at 3-year intervals. These tabulations on minimum entrance salaries for inexperienced office workers; shift differentials; scheduled weekly hours and days; paid holidays; paid vacations; and health, insurance, and pension plans are presented (in the B-series tables) in previous bulletins for this area.

Appendix table 1. Establishments and workers within scope of survey and number studied in Houston, Tex., April 1978

	Minimum	Number of es	tablishments	Wor	kers in establishme	nts
Industry division ²	employment in establish-	Within scope		Within scop	e of study 4	
	ments in scope of study	of study	Studied	Number	Percent	Studied
ALL ESTABLISHMENTS						
ALL DIVISIONS	<u>-</u>	2+273	345	506+506	100	227+241
ANUFACTURING	50	595	102	161.589	32	76+635
DNMANUFACTURING	-	1,678	243	344.917	68	150+606
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES 5	50	199	39	59+304	12	38 • 199
WHOLESALE TRADE	50	341	42	57,722	11	18 - 111
RETAIL TRADE	50	491	68	112,190	22	56+384
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE 6 SERVICES 7	50	249	25	44,839	9	13+138
SERVICES	50	398	69	70+862	14	24+774
LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS						
ALL DIVISIONS		175	113	242+143	100	187+897
ANUFACTURING	500	73	40	91+342	38	64+857
ONMANUFACTURING	-	102	73	150+801	62	123+040
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES 5	500	1.7	13	38+749	16	34+045
WHOLESALE TRADE	500	18	11	19.599	8	13,347
RETAIL TRADE	500	4.1	29	62+254	26	50,306
FINANCE INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE 6	500	9	6	12,417	5	9.467
SERVICES 7	500	17	19	17,782	7	15+875

¹ The Houston Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the Office of Management and Budget through February 1974, consists of Brazoria, Fort Bend, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties. The "workers within scope of study" estimates shown in this table provide a reasonably accurate description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison with other employment indexes to measure employment trends or levels since (1) planning of wage surveys requires establishment data compiled considerably in advance of the payroll period studied, and (2) small establishments are excluded from the scope of the survey.

² The 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual was used in classifying establishments by industry division. However, all government operations are excluded from the scope of the survey.

tions are excluded from the scope of the survey.

Includes all establishments with total employment at or above the minimum limitation. All outlets (within the area) of companies in industries such as trade,

finance, auto repair service, and motion picture theaters are considered as one establishment.

- ⁴ Includes all workers in all establishments with total employment (within the area) at or above the minimum limitation,
- 5 Abbreviated to "public utilities" in the A-series tables. Taxicabs and services incidental to water transportation are excluded.
 - 6 Abbreviated to "finance" in the A-series tables.
- 7 Hotels and motels; laundries and other personal services; business services; automobile repair, rental, and parking; motion pictures; nonprofit membership organizations (excluding religious and charitable organizations); and engineering and architectural services.

Appendix B. Occupational Descriptions

The primary purpose of preparing job descriptions for the Bureau's wage surveys is to assist its field staff in classifying into approriate occupations workers who are employed under a variety of payroll titles and different work arrangements from establishment to establishment and from area to area. This permits the grouping of occupational wage rates representing comparable job content. Because of this emphasis on interestablishment and interarea comparability of occupational content, the Bureau's job descriptions may differ significantly from those in use in individual establishments or those prepared for other purposes. In applying these job descriptions, the Bureau's field economists are instructed to exclude working supervisors; apprentices; and parttime, temporary, and probationary workers. Handicapped workers whose earnings are reduced because of their handicap are also excluded. Learners, beginners, and trainees, unless specifically included in the job descriptions, are excluded.

Office

SECRETARY

Assigned as a personal secretary, normally to one individual. Maintains a close and highly responsive relationship to the day-to-day activities of the supervisor. Works fairly independently receiving a minimum of detailed supervision and guidance. Performs varied clerical and secretarial duties requiring a knowledge of office routine and understanding of the organization, programs, and procedures related to the work of the supervisor.

Exclusions

Not all positions that are titled "secretary" possess the above characteristics. Examples of positions which are excluded from the definition are as follows:

- a. Positions which do not meet the "personal" secretary concept described above:
- b. Stenographers not fully trained in secretarial-type duties;
- Stenographers serving as office assistants to a group of professional, technical, or managerial persons;
- d. Assistant-type positions which entail more difficult or more responsible technical, administrative, or supervisory duties which are not typical of secretarial work, e.g., Administrative Assistant, or Executive Assistant;

SECRETARY—Continued

Exclusions—Continued

- e. Positions which do not fit any of the situations listed in the sections below titled "Level of Supervisor," e.g., secretary to the president of a company that employs, in all, over 5,000 persons;
- f. Trainees.

Classification by Level

Secretary jobs which meet the above characteristics are matched at one of five levels according to (a) the level of the secretary's supervisor within the company's organizational structure and, (b) the level of the secretary's responsibility. The chart following the explanations of these two factors indicates the level of the secretary for each combination of the factors.

Level of Secretary's Supervisor (LS)

Secretaries should be matched at one of the four LS levels described below according to the level of the secretary's supervisor within the company organizational structure.

LS-1 a. Secretary to the supervisor or head of a small organizational unit (e.g., fewer than about 25 or 30 persons); or

Classification by Level-Continued

- b. Secretary to a nonsupervisory staff specialist, professional employee, administrative officer or assistant, skilled technician or expert. (NOTE: Many companies assign stenographers, rather than secretaries as described above, to this level of supervisory or nonsupervisory worker.)
- LS-2

 a. Secretary to an executive or managerial person whose responsibility is not equivalent to one of the specific level situations in the definition for LS-3, but whose organizational unit normally numbers at least several dozen employees and is usually divided into organizational segments which are often, in turn, further subdivided. In some companies, this level includes a wide range of organizational echelons; in others, only one or two; or
 - b. Secretary to the head of an individual plant, factory, etc., (or other equivalent level of official) that employs, in all, fewer than 5,000 persons.
- LS-3 a. Secretary to the chairman of the board or president of a company that employs, in all, fewer than 100 persons; or
 - b. Secretary to a corporate officer (other than chairman of the board or president) of a company that employs, in all, over 100 but fewer than 5,000 persons; or
 - c. Secretary to the head (immediately below the officer level) over either a major corporatewide functional activity (e.g., marketing, research, operations, industrial relations, etc.) or a major geographic or organizational segment (e.g., a regional headquarters; a major division) of a company that employs, in all, over 5,000 but fewer than 25,000 employees; or
 - d. Secretary to the head of an individual plant, factory, etc., (or other equivalent level of official) that employs, in all, over 5,000 persons; or
 - e. Secretary to the head of a large and important organizational segment (e.g., a middle management supervisor of an organizational segment often involving as many as several hundred persons) of a company that employs, in all, over 25,000 persons.
- LS-4 a. Secretary to the chairman of the board of president of a company that employs, in all, over 100 but fewer than 5,000 persons; or
 - b. Secretary to a corporate officer (other than the chairman of the board or president) of a company that employs, in all, over 5,000 but fewer than 25,000 persons; or
 - c. Secretary to the head, immediately below the corporate officer level, of a major segment or subsidiary of a company that employs, in all, over 25,000 persons.

NOTE: The term "corporate officer" used in the above LS definition refers to those officials who have a significant corporatewide policymaking role with regard to major company activities. The title "vice president," though normally indicative of this role, does not in all cases identify such

SECRETARY—Continued

Classification by Level-Continued

positions. Vice presidents whose primary responsibility is to act personally on individual cases or transactions (e.g., approve or deny individual loan or credit actions; administer individual trust accounts; directly supervise a clerical staff) are not considered to be "corporate officers" for purposes of applying the definition.

Level of Secretary's Responsibility (LR)

This factor evaluates the nature of the work relationship between the secretary and the supervisor, and the extent to which the secretary is expected to exercise initiative and judgment. Secretaries should be matched at LR-1 or LR-2 described below according to their level of responsibility.

Level of Responsibility 1 (LR-1)

Performs varied secretarial duties including or comparable to most of the following:

- a. Answers telephones, greets personal callers, and opens incoming mail.
- b. Answers telephone requests which have standard answers. May reply to requests by sending a form letter.
- c. Reviews correspondence, memoranda, and reports prepared by others for the supervisor's signature to ensure procedural and typographical accuracy.
- d. Maintains supervisor's calendar and makes appointments as instructed.
- e. Types, takes and transcribes dictation, and files.

Level of Responsibility 2 (LR-2)

Performs duties described under LR-1 and, in addition performs tasks requiring greater judgment, initiative, and knowledge of office functions including or comparable to most of the following:

- a. Screens telephone and personal callers, determining which can be handled by the supervisor's subordinates or other offices.
- b. Answers requests which require a detailed knowledge of office procedures or collection of information from files or other offices. May sign routine correspondence in own or supervisor's name.
- c. Compiles or assists in compiling periodic reports on the basis of general instructions.

Level of Responsibility 2 (LR-2)—Continued

- d. Schedules tentative appointments without prior clearance. Assembles necessary background material for scheduled meetings. Makes arrangements for meetings and conferences.
- e. Explains supervisor's requirements to other employees in supervisor's unit. (Also types, takes dictation, and files.)

The following tabulation shows the level of the secretary for each LS and LR combination.

Level of secretary's supervisor	Level of secretary's responsibility		
	LR-1	LR-2	
LS-1 LS-2 LS-3 LS-4	Class E Class D Class C Class B	Class D Class C Class B Class A	

STENOGRAPHER

Primary duty is to take dictation using shorthand, and to transcribe the dictation. May also type from written copy. May operate from a stenographic pool. May occasionally transcribe from voice recordings (if primary duty is transcribing from recordings, see Transcribing-Machine Typist).

NOTE: This job is distinguished from that of a secretary in that a secretary normally works in a confidential relationship with only one manager or executive and performs more responsible and discretionary tasks as described in the secretary job definition.

Stenographer, General

Dictation involves a normal routine vocabulary. May maintain files, keep simple records, or perform other relatively routine clerical tasks.

Stenographer, Senior

Dictation involves a varied technical or specialized vocabulary such as in legal briefs or reports on scientific research. May also set up and maintain files, keep records, etc.

OR

Performs stenographic duties requiring significantly greater independence and responsibility than stenographer, general, as evidenced by the following: Work requires a high degree of stenographic speed and accuracy; a thorough working knowledge of general business and office procedure; and

STENOGRAPHER—Continued

of the specific business operations, organization, policies, procedures, files, workflow, etc. Uses this knowledge in performing stenographic duties and responsible clerical tasks such as maintaining followup files; assembling material for reports, memoranda, and letters; composing simple letters from general instructions; reading and routing incoming mail; and answering routine questions, etc.

TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE TYPIST

Primary duty is to type copy of voice recorded dictation which does not involve varied technical or specialized vocabulary such as that used in legal briefs or reports on scientific research. May also type from written copy. May maintain files, keep simple records, or perform other relatively routine clerical tasks. (See Stenographer definition for workers involved with shorthand dictation.)

TYPIST

Uses a typewriter to make copies of various materials or to make out bills after calculations have been made by another person. May include typing of stencils, mats, or similar materials for use in duplicating processes. May do clerical work involving little special training, such as keeping simple records, filing records and reports, or sorting and distributing incoming mail.

Class A. Performs one or more of the following: Typing material in final form when it involves combining material from several sources; or responsibility for correct spelling, syllabication, punctuation, etc., of technical or unusual words or foreign language material; or planning layout and typing of complicated statistical tables to maintain uniformity and balance in spacing. May type routine form letters, varying details to suit circumstances.

Class B. Performs one or more of the following: Copy typing from rough or clear drafts; or routine typing of forms, insurance policies, etc.; or setting up simple standard tabulations; or copying more complex tables already set up and spaced properly.

FILE CLERK

Files, classifies, and retrieves material in an established filing system. May perform clerical and manual tasks required to maintain files. Positions are classified into levels on the basis of the following definitions.

Class A. Classifies and indexes file material such as correspondence, reports, technical documents, etc., in an established filing system containing a number of varied subject matter files. May also file this material. May keep records of various types in conjunction with the files. May lead a small group of lower level file clerks.

Class B. Sorts, codes, and files unclassified material by simple (subject matter) headings or partly classified material by finer subheadings. Prepares simple related index and cross-reference aids. As requested, locates clearly identified material in files and forwards material. May perform related clerical tasks required to maintain and service files.

FILE CLERK-Continued

Class C. Performs routine filing of material that has already been classified or which is easily classified in a simple serial classification system (e.g., alphabetical, chronological, or numerical). As requested, locates readily available material in files and forwards material; and may fill out withdrawal charge. May perform simple clerical and manual tasks required to maintain and service files.

MESSENGER

Performs various routine duties such as running errands, operating minor office machines such as sealers or mailers, opening and distributing mail, and other minor clerical work. Exclude positions that require operation of a motor vehicle as a significant duty.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR

Operates a telephone switchboard or console used with a private branch exchange (PBX) system to relay incoming, outgoing, and intrasystem calls. May provide information to callers, record and transmit messages, keep record of calls placed and toll charges. Besides operating a telephone switchboard or console, may also type or perform routine clerical work (typing or routine clerical work may occupy the major portion of the worker's time, and is usually performed while at the switchboard or console). Chief or lead operators in establishments employing more than one operator are excluded. For an operator who also acts as a receptionist, see Switchboard Operator-Receptionist.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONIST

At a single-position telephone switchboard or console, acts both as an operator—see Switchboard Operator—and as a receptionist. Receptionist's work involves such duties as greeting visitors; determining nature of visitor's business and providing appropriate information; referring visitor to appropriate person in the organization or contacting that person by telephone and arranging an appointment; keeping a log of visitors.

ORDER CLERK

Receives written or verbal customers' purchase orders for material or merchandise from customers or sales people. Work typically involves some combination of the following duties: Quoting prices; determining availability of ordered items and suggesting substitutes when necessary; advising expected delivery date and method of delivery; recording order and customer information on order sheets; checking order sheets for accuracy and adequacy of information recorded; ascertaining credit rating of customer; furnishing customer with acknowledgement of receipt of order; following up to see that order is delivered by the specified date or to let customer know of a delay in delivery; maintaining order file; checking shipping invoice against original order.

Exclude workers paid on a commission basis or whose duties include any of the following: Receiving orders for services rather than for material or merchandise; providing customers with consultative advice using knowledge gained from engineering or extensive technical training; emphasizing selling skills; handling material or merchandise as an integral part of the job.

ORDER CLERK—Continued

Positions are classified into levels according to the following definitions:

<u>Class A.</u> Handles orders that involve making judgments such as choosing which specific product or material from the establishment's product lines will satisfy the customer's needs, or determining the price to be quoted when pricing involves more than merely referring to a price list or making some simple mathematical calculations.

<u>Class B.</u> Handles orders involving items which have readily identified uses and applications. May refer to a catalog, manufacturer's manual, or similar document to insure that proper item is supplied or to verify price of ordered item.

ACCOUNTING CLERK

Performs one or more accounting clerical tasks such as posting to registers and ledgers; reconciling bank accounts; verifying the internal consistency, completeness, and mathematical accuracy of accounting documents; assigning prescribed accounting distribution codes; examining and verifying for clerical accuracy various types of reports, lists, calculations, posting, etc.; or preparing simple or assisting in preparing more complicated journal vouchers. May work in either a manual or automated accounting system.

The work requires a knowledge of clerical methods and office practices and procedures which relates to the clerical processing and recording of transactions and accounting information. With experience, the worker typically becomes familiar with the bookkeeping and accounting terms and procedures used in the assigned work, but is not required to have a knowledge of the formal principles of bookkeeping and accounting.

Positions are classified into levels on the basis of the following definitions:

Class A. Under general supervision, performs accounting clerical operations which require the application of experience and judgment, for example, clerically processing complicated or nonrepetitive accounting transactions, selecting among a substantial variety of prescribed accounting codes and classifications, or tracing transactions through previous accounting actions to determine source of discrepancies. May be assisted by one or more class B accounting clerks.

Class B. Under close supervision, following detailed instructions and standardized procedures, performs one or more routine accounting clerical operations, such as posting to ledgers, cards, or worksheets where identification of items and locations of postings are clearly indicated; checking accuracy and completeness of standardized and repetitive records or accounting documents; and coding documents using a few prescribed accounting codes.

BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATOR

Operates a bookkeeping machine (with or without a typewriter keyboard) to keep a record of business transactions.

Class A. Keeps a set of records requiring a knowledge of and experience in basic bookkeeping principles, and familiarity with the structure of the particular accounting system used. Determines proper records and distribution of debit and credit items to be used in each phase of the work. May prepare consolidated reports, balance sheets, and other records by hand.

BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATOR-Continued

Class B. Keeps a record of one or more phases or sections of a set of records usually requiring little knowledge of basic bookkeeping. Phases or sections include accounts payable, payroll, customers' accounts (not including a simple type of billing described under machine biller), cost distribution, expense distribution, inventory control, etc. May check or assist in preparation of trial balances and prepare control sheets for the accounting department.

MACHINE BILLER

Prepares statements, bills, and invoices on a machine other than an ordinary or electromatic typewriter. May also keep records as to billings or shipping charges or perform other clerical work incidental to billing operations. For wage study purposes, machine billers are classified by type of machine, as follows:

Billing-machine biller. Uses a special billing machine (combination typing and adding machine) to prepare bills and invoices from customers' purchase orders, internally prepared orders, shipping memoranda, etc. Usually involves application of predetermined discounts and shipping charges and entry of necessary extensions, which may or may not be computed on the billing machine, and totals which are automatically accumulated by machine. The operation usually involves a large number of carbon copies of the bill being prepared and is often done on a fanfold machine.

Bookkeeping-machine biller. Uses a bookkeeping machine (with or without a typewriter keyboard) to prepare customers' bills as part of the accounts receivable operation. Generally involves the simultaneous entry of figures on customers' ledger record. The machine automatically accumulates figures on a number of vertical columns and computes and usually prints automatically the debit or credit balances. Does not involve a knowledge of bookkeeping. Works from uniform and standard types of sales and credit slips.

PAYROLL CLERK

Performs the clerical tasks necessary to process payrolls and to maintain payroll records. Work involves most of the following: Processing workers' time or production records; adjusting workers' records for changes in wage rates, supplementary benefits, or tax deductions; editing payroll listings against source records; tracing and correcting errors in listings; and assisting in preparation of periodic summary payroll reports. In a non-automated payroll system, computes wages. Work may require a practical knowledge of governmental regulations, company payroll policy, or the computer system for processing payrolls.

KEY ENTRY OPERATOR

Operates a keypunch machine to record or verify alphabetic and/or numeric data on tabulating cards or on tape.

Positions are classified into levels on the basis of the following definitions:

Class A. Work requires the application of experience and judgment in selecting procedures to be followed and in searching for, interpreting, selecting, or coding items to be keypunched from a variety of source documents. On occasion may also perform some routine keypunch work. May train inexperienced keypunch operators.

KEY ENTRY OPERATOR Continued

<u>Class B.</u> Work is routine and repetitive. Under close supervision or following specific procedures or instructions, works from various standardized source documents which have been coded, and follows specified procedures which have been prescribed in detail and require little or no selecting, coding, or interpreting of data to be recorded. Refers to supervisor problems arising from erroneous items or codes or missing information.

Professional and Technical

COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYST, BUSINESS

Analyzes business problems to formulate procedures for solving them by use of electronic data processing equipment. Develops a complete description of all specifications needed to enable programmers to prepare required digital computer programs. Work involves most of the following: Analyzes subject-matter operations to be automated and identifies conditions and criteria required to achieve satisfactory results; specifies number and types of records, files, and documents to be used; outlines actions to be performed by personnel and computers in sufficient detail for presentation to management and for programming (typically this involves preparation of work and data flow charts); coordinates the development of test problems and participates in trial runs of new and revised systems; and recommends equipment changes to obtain more effective overall operations. (NOTE: Workers performing both systems analysis and programming should be classified as systems analysts if this is the skill used to determine their pay.)

Does not include employees primarily responsible for the management or supervision of other electronic data processing employees, or systems analysts primarily concerned with scientific or engineering problems.

For wage study purposes, systems analysts are classified as follows:

Class A. Works independently or under only general direction on complex problems involving all phases of systems analysis. Problems are complex because of diverse sources of input data and multiple-use requirements of output data. (For example, develops an integrated production scheduling, inventory control, cost analysis, and sales analysis record in which every item of each type is automatically processed through the full system of records and appropriate followup actions are initiated by the computer.) Confers with persons concerned to determine the data processing problems and advises subject-matter personnel on the implications of new or revised systems of data processing operations. Makes recommendations, if needed, for approval of major systems installations or changes and for obtaining equipment.

May provide functional direction to lower level systems analysts who are assigned to assist.

Class B. Works independently or under only general direction on problems that are relatively uncomplicated to analyze, plan, program, and operate. Problems are of limited complexity because sources of input data are homogeneous and the output data are closely related. (For example,

COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYST, BUSINESS-Continued

develops systems for maintaining depositor accounts in a bank, maintaining accounts receivable in a retail establishment, or maintaining inventory accounts in a manufacturing or wholesale establishment.) Confers with persons concerned to determine the data processing problems and advises subject-matter personnel on the implications of the data processing systems to be applied.

OR

Works on a segment of a complex data processing scheme or system, as described for class A. Works independently on routine assignments and receives instruction and guidance on complex assignments. Work is reviewed for accuracy of judgment, compliance with instructions, and to insure proper alignment with the overall system.

Class C. Works under immediate supervision, carrying out analyses as assigned, usually of a single activity. Assignments are designed to develop and expand practical experience in the application of procedures and skills required for systems analysis work. For example, may assist a higher level systems analyst by preparing the detailed specifications required by programmers from information developed by the higher level analyst.

COMPUTER PROGRAMMER, BUSINESS

Converts statements of business problems, typically prepared by a systems analyst, into a sequence of detailed instructions which are required to solve the problems by automatic data processing equipment. Working from charts or diagrams, the programmer develops the precise instructions which, when entered into the computer system in coded language, cause the manipulation of data to achieve desired results. Work involves most of the following: Applies knowledge of computer capabilities, mathematics, logic employed by computers, and particular subject matter involved to analyze charts and diagrams of the problem to be programmed; develops sequence of program steps; writes detailed flow charts to show order in which data will be processed; converts these charts to coded instructions for machine to follow; tests and corrects programs; prepares instructions for operating personnel during production run; analyzes, reviews, and alters programs to increase operating efficiency or adapt to new requirements; maintains records of program development and revisions. (NOTE: Workers performing both systems analysis and programming should be classified as systems analysts if this is the skill used to determine their pay.)

Does not include employees primarily responsible for the management or supervision of other electronic data processing employees, or programmers primarily concerned with scientific and/or engineering problems.

For wage study purposes, programmers are classified as follows:

Class A. Works independently or under only general direction on complex problems which require competence in all phases of programming concepts and practices. Working from diagrams and charts which identify the nature of desired results, major processing steps to be accomplished, and the relationships between various steps of the problem solving routine; plans the full range of programming actions needed to efficiently utilize the computer system in achieving desired end products.

COMPUTER PROGRAMMER, BUSINESS-Continued

At this level, programming is difficult because computer equipment must be organized to produce several interrelated but diverse products from numerous and diverse data elements. A wide variety and extensive number of internal processing actions must occur. This requires such actions as development of common operations which can be reused, establishment of linkage points between operations, adjustments to data when program requirements exceed computer storage capacity, and substantial manipulation and resequencing of data elements to form a highly integrated program.

May provide functional direction to lower level programmers who are assigned to assist.

Class B. Works independently or under only general direction on relatively simple programs, or on simple segments of complex programs. Programs (or segments) usually process information to produce data in two or three varied sequences or formats. Reports and listings are produced by refining, adapting, arraying, or making minor additions to or deletions from input data which are readily available. While numerous records may be processed, the data have been refined in prior actions so that the accuracy and sequencing of data can be tested by using a few routine checks. Typically, the program deals with routine recordkeeping operations.

OR

Works on complex programs (as described for class A) under close direction of a higher level programmer or supervisor. May assist higher level programmer by independently performing less difficult tasks assigned, and performing more difficult tasks under fairly close direction.

May guide or instruct lower level programmers.

<u>Class C.</u> Makes practical applications of programming practices and concepts usually learned in formal training courses. Assignments are designed to develop competence in the application of standard procedures to routine problems. Receives close supervision on new aspects of assignments; and work is reviewed to verify its accuracy and conformance with required procedures.

COMPUTER OPERATOR

Monitors and operates the control console of a digital computer to process data according to operating instructions, usually prepared by a programmer. Work includes <u>most of the following</u>: Studies instructions to determine equipment setup and operations; loads equipment with required items (tape reels, cards, etc.); switches necessary auxiliary equipment into circuit, and starts and operates computer; makes adjustments to computer to correct operating problems and meet special conditions; reviews errors made during operation and determines cause or refers problem to supervisor or programmer; and maintains operating records. May test and assist in correcting program.

For wage study purposes, computer operators are classified as follows:

<u>Class A.</u> Operates independently, or under only general direction, a computer running programs with most of the following characteristics: New programs are frequently tested and introduced; scheduling requirements

Class B. Operates independently, or under only general direction, a computer running programs with most of the following characteristics: Most of the programs are established production runs, typically run on a regularly recurring basis; there is little or no testing of new programs required; alternate programs are provided in case original program needs major change or cannot be corrected within a reasonably short time. In common error situations, diagnoses cause and takes corrective action. This usually involves applying previously programmed corrective steps, or using standard correction techniques.

OR

Operates under direct supervision a computer running programs or segments of programs with the characteristics described for class A. May assist a higher level operator by independently performing less difficult tasks assigned, and performing difficult tasks following detailed instructions and with frequent review of operations performed.

Class C. Works on routine programs under close supervision. Is expected to develop working knowledge of the computer equipment used and ability to detect problems involved in running routine programs. Usually has received some formal training in computer operation. May assist higher level operator on complex programs.

DRAFTER

Class A. Plans the graphic presentation of complex items having distinctive design features that differ significantly from established drafting precedents. Works in close support with the design originator, and may recommend minor design changes. Analyzes the effect of each change on the details of form, function, and positional relationships of components and parts. Works with a minimum of supervisory assistance. Completed work is reviewed by design originator for consistency with prior engineering determinations. May either prepare drawings or direct their preparation by lower level drafters.

Class B. Performs nonroutine and complex drafting assignments that require the application of most of the standardized drawing techniques regularly used. Duties typically involve such work as: Prepares working drawings of subassemblies with irregular shapes, multiple functions, and precise positional relationships between components; prepares architectural drawings for construction of a building including detail drawings of foundations, wall sections, floor plans, and roof. Uses accepted formulas and manuals in making necessary computations to determine quantities of materials to be used, load capacities, strengths, stresses, etc. Receives initial instructions, requirements, and advice from supervisor. Completed work is checked for technical adequacy.

DRAFTER—Continued

Class C. Prepares detail drawings of single units or parts for engineering, construction, manufacturing, or repair purposes. Types of drawings prepared include isometric projections (depicting three dimensions in accurate scale) and sectional views to clarify positioning of components and convey needed information. Consolidates details from a number of sources and adjusts or transposes scale as required. Suggested methods of approach, applicable precedents, and advice on source materials are given with initial assignments. Instructions are less complete when assignments recur. Work may be spot-checked during progress.

DRAFTER-TRACER

Copies plans and drawings prepared by others by placing tracing cloth or paper over drawings and tracing with pen or pencil. (Does not include tracing limited to plans primarily consisting of straight lines and a large scale not requiring close delineation.)

AND/OR

Prepares simple or repetitive drawings of easily visualized items. Work is closely supervised during progress.

ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN

Works on various types of electronic equipment and related devices by performing one or a combination of the following: Installing, maintaining, repairing, overhauling, troubleshooting, modifying, constructing, and testing. Work requires practical application of technical knowledge of electronics principles, ability to determine malfunctions, and skill to put equipment in required operating condition.

The equipment—consisting of either many different kinds of circuits or multiple repetition of the same kind of circuit—includes, but is not limited to, the following: (a) Electronic transmitting and receiving equipment (e.g., radar, radio, television, telephone, sonar, navigational aids), (b) digital and analog computers, and (c) industrial and medical measuring and controlling equipment.

This classification excludes repairers of such standard electronic equipment as common office machines and household radio and television sets; production assemblers and testers; workers whose primary duty is servicing electronic test instruments; technicians who have administrative or supervisory responsibility; and drafters, designers, and professional engineers.

Positions are classified into levels on the basis of the following definitions.

Class A. Applies advanced technical knowledge to solve unusually complex problems (i.e., those that typically cannot be solved solely by reference to manufacturers' manuals or similar documents) in working on electronic equipment. Examples of such problems include location and density of circuitry, electromagnetic radiation, isolating malfunctions, and frequent engineering changes. Work involves: A detailed understanding of the interrelationships of circuits; exercising independent judgment in performing such tasks as making circuit analyses, calculating wave forms, tracing relationships in signal flow; and regularly using complex test instruments (e.g., dual trace oscilloscopes, Q-meters, deviation meters, pulse generators).

ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN—Continued

Work may be reviewed by supervisor (frequently an engineer or designer) for general compliance with accepted practices. May provide technical guidance to lower level technicians.

Class B. Applies comprehensive technical knowledge to solve complex problems (i.e., those that typically can be solved solely by properly interpreting manufacturers' manuals or similar documents) in working on electronic equipment. Work involves: A familiarity with the interrelationships of circuits; and judgment in determining work sequence and in selecting tools and testing instruments, usually less complex than those used by the class A technician.

Receives technical guidance, as required, from supervisor or higher level technician, and work is reviewed for specific compliance with accepted practices and work assignments. May provide technical guidance to lower level technicians.

Class C. Applies working technical knowledge to perform simple or routine tasks in working on electronic equipment, following detailed instructions which cover virtually all procedures. Work typically involves such tasks as: Assisting higher level technicians by performing such activities as replacing components, wiring circuits, and taking test readings; repairing simple electronic equipment; and using tools and common test instruments (e.g., multimeters, audio signal generators, tube testers, oscilloscopes). Is not required to be familiar with the interrelationships of circuits. This knowledge, however, may be acquired through assignments designed to increase competence (including classroom training) so that worker can, advance to higher level technician.

Receives technical guidance, as required, from supervisor or higher level technician. Work is typically spot checked, but is given detailed review when new or advanced assignments are involved.

REGISTERED INDUSTRIAL NURSE

A registered nurse who gives nursing service under general medical direction to ill or injured employees or other persons who become ill or suffer an accident on the premises of a factory or other establishment. Duties involve a combination of the following: Giving first aid to the ill or injured; attending to subsequent dressing of employees' injuries; keeping records of patients treated; preparing accident reports for compensation or other purposes; assisting in physical examinations and health evaluations of applicants and employees; and planning and carrying out programs involving health education, accident prevention, evaluation of plant environment, or other activities affecting the health, welfare, and safety of all personnel. Nursing supervisors or head nurses in establishments employing more than one nurse are excluded.

Maintenance, Toolroom, and Powerplant

MAINTENANCE CARPENTER

Performs the carpentry duties necessary to construct and maintain in good repair building woodwork and equipment such as bins, cribs, counters, benches, partitions, doors, floors, stairs, casings, and trim made of wood in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Planning and

MAINTENANCE CARPENTER—Continued

laying out of work from blueprints, drawings, models, or verbal instructions; using a variety of carpenter's handtools, portable power tools, and standard measuring instruments; making standard shop computations relating to dimensions of work; and selecting materials necessary for the work. In general, the work of the maintenance carpenter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MAINTENANCE ELECTRICIAN

Performs a variety of electrical trade functions such as the installation, maintenance, or repair of equipment for the generation, distribution, or utilization of electric energy in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Installing or repairing any of a variety of electrical equipment such as generators, transformers, switchboards, controllers, circuit breakers, motors, heating units, conduit systems, or other transmission equipment; working from blueprints, drawings, layouts, or other specifications; locating and diagnosing trouble in the electrical system or equipment; working standard computations relating to load requirements of wiring or electrical equipment; and using a variety of electrician's handtools and measuring and testing instruments. In general, the work of the maintenance electrician requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MAINTENANCE PAINTER

Paints and redecorates walls, woodwork, and fixtures of an establishment. Work involves the following: Knowledge of surface peculiarities and types of paint required for different applications; preparing surface for painting by removing old finish or by placing putty or filler in nail holes and interstices; and applying paint with spray gun or brush. May mix colors, oils, white lead, and other paint ingredients to obtain proper color or consistency. In general, the work of the maintenance painter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MAINTENANCE MACHINIST

Produces replacement parts and new parts in making repairs of metal parts of mechanical equipment operated in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Interpreting written instructions and specifications; planning and laying out of work; using a variety of machinist's handtools and precision measuring instruments; setting up and operating standard machine tools; shaping of metal parts to close tolerances; making standard shop computations relating to dimensions of work, tooling, feeds, and speeds of machining; knowledge of the working properties of the common metals; selecting standard materials, parts, and equipment required for this work; and fitting and assembling parts into mechanical equipment. In general, the machinist's work normally requires a rounded training in machine-shop practice usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MAINTENANCE MECHANIC (Machinery)

Repairs machinery or mechanical equipment of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Examining machines and mechanical equipment to diagnose source of trouble; dismantling or partly dismantling machines and performing repairs that mainly involve the use of handtools in scraping and fitting parts; replacing broken or defective parts with items

MAINTENANCE MECHANIC (Machinery)—Continued

obtained from stock; ordering the production of a replacement part by a machine shop or sending the machine to a machine shop for major repairs; preparing written specifications for major repairs or for the production of parts ordered from machine shops; reassembling machines; and making all necessary adjustments for operation. In general, the work of a machinery maintenance mechanic requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience. Excluded from this classification are workers whose primary duties involve setting up or adjusting machines.

MAINTENANCE MECHANIC (Motor vehicle)

Repairs automobiles, buses, motortrucks, and tractors of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Examining automotive equipment to diagnose source of trouble; disassembling equipment and performing repairs that involve the use of such handtools as wrenches, gauges, drills, or specialized equipment in disassembling or fitting parts; replacing broken or defective parts from stock; grinding and adjusting valves; reassembling and installing the various assemblies in the vehicle and making necessary adjustments; and aligning wheels, adjusting brakes and lights, or tightening body bolts. In general, the work of the motor vehicle maintenance mechanic requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

This classification does not include mechanics who repair customers' vehicles in automobile repair shops.

MAINTENANCE PIPEFITTER

Installs or repairs water, steam, gas, or other types of pipe and pipefittings in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Laying out work and measuring to locate position of pipe from drawings or other written specifications; cutting various sizes of pipe to correct lengths with chisel and hammer or oxyacetylene torch or pipe-cutting machines; threading pipe with stocks and dies; bending pipe by hand-driven or power-driven machines; assembling pipe with couplings and fastening pipe to hangers; making standard shop computations relating to pressures, flow, and size of pipe required; and making standard tests to determine whether finished pipes meet specifications. In general, the work of the maintenance pipefitter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience. Workers primarily engaged in installing and repairing building sanitation or heating systems are excluded.

MAINTENANCE SHEET-METAL WORKER

Fabricates, installs, and maintains in good repair the sheet-metal equipment and fixtures (such as machine guards, grease pans, shelves, lockers, tanks, ventilators, chutes, ducts, metal roofing) of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Planning and laying out all types of sheet-metal maintenance work from blueprints, models, or other specifications; setting up and operating all available types of sheet-metal working machines; using a variety of handtools in cutting, bending, forming, shaping, fitting, and assembling; and installing sheet-metal articles as required. In general, the work of the maintenance sheet-metal worker requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MILLWRIGHT

Installs new machines or heavy equipment, and dismantles and installs machines or heavy equipment when changes in the plant layout are required. Work involves most of the following: Planning and laying out work; interpreting blueprints or other specifications; using a variety of handtools and rigging; making standard shop computations relating to stresses, strength of materials, and centers of gravity; aligning and balancing equipment; selecting standard tools, equipment, and parts to be used; and installing and maintaining in good order power transmission equipment such as drives and speed reducers. In general, the millwright's work normally requires a rounded training and experience in the trade acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

MAINTENANCE TRADES HELPER

Assists one or more workers in the skilled maintenance trades, by performing specific or general duties of lesser skill, such as keeping a worker supplied with materials and tools; cleaning working area, machine, and equipment; assisting journeyman by holding materials or tools; and performing other unskilled tasks as directed by journeyman. The kind of work the helper is permitted to perform varies from trade to trade: In some trades the helper is confined to supplying, lifting, and holding materials and tools, and cleaning working areas; and in others he is permitted to perform specialized machine operations, or parts of a trade that are also performed by workers on a full-time basis.

MACHINE-TOOL OPERATOR (Toolroom)

Specializes in operating one or more than one type of machine tool (e.g., jig borer, grinding machine, engine lathe, milling machine) to machine metal for use in making or maintaining jigs, fixtures, cutting tools, gauges, or metal dies or molds used in shaping or forming metal or nonmetallic material (e.g., plastic, plaster, rubber, glass). Work typically involves: Planning and performing difficult machining operations which require complicated setups or a high degree of accuracy; setting up machine tool or tools (e.g., install cutting tools and adjust guides, stops, working tables, and other controls to handle the size of stock to be machined; determine proper feeds, speeds, tooling, and operation sequence or select those prescribed in drawings, blueprints, or layouts); using a variety of precision measuring instruments; making necessary adjustments during machining operation to achieve requisite dimensions to very close tolerances. May be required to select proper coolants and cutting and lubricating oils, to recognize when tools need dressing, and to dress tools. In general, the work of a machine-tool operator (toolroom) at the skill level called for in this classification requires extensive knowledge of machine-shop and toolroom practice usually acquired through considerable on-the-job training and experience.

For cross-industry wage study purposes, this classification does <u>not</u> include machine-tool operators (toolroom) employed in tool and die jobbing shops.

TOOL AND DIE MAKER

Constructs and repairs jigs, fixtures, cutting tools, gauges, or metal dies or molds used in shaping or forming metal or nonmetallic material (e.g., plastic, plaster, rubber, glass). Work typically involves: Planning and laying out work according to models, blueprints, drawings, or other written or oral specifications; understanding the working properties of common metals and

TOOL AND DIE MAKER-Continued

alloys; selecting appropriate materials, tools, and processes required to complete tasks; making necessary shop computations; setting up and operating various machine tools and related equipment; using various tool and die maker's handtools and precision measuring instruments; working to very close tolerances; heat-treating metal parts and finished tools and dies to achieve required qualities; fitting and assembling parts to prescribed tolerances and allowances. In general, the tool and die maker's work requires rounded training in machine-shop and toolroom practice usually acquired through formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

For cross-industry wage study purposes, this classification does <u>not</u> include tool and die makers who (1) are employed in tool and die jobbing shops or (2) produce forging dies (die sinkers).

STATIONARY ENGINEER

Operates and maintains and may also supervise the operation of stationary engines and equipment (mechanical or electrical) to supply the establishment in which employed with power, heat, refrigeration, or airconditioning. Work involves: Operating and maintaining equipment such as steam engines, air compressors, generators, motors, turbines, ventilating and refrigerating equipment, steam boilers and boiler-fed water pumps; making equipment repairs; and keeping a record of operation of machinery, temperature, and fuel consumption. May also supervise these operations. Head or chief engineers in establishments employing more than one engineer are excluded.

BOILER TENDER

Fires stationary boilers to furnish the establishment in which employed with heat, power, or steam. Feeds fuels to fire by hand or operates a mechanical stoker, gas, or oil burner; and checks water and safety valves. May clean, oil, or assist in repairing boilerroom equipment.

Material Movement and Custodial

TRUCKDRIVER

Drives a truck within a city or industrial area to transport materials, merchandise, equipment, or workers between various types of establishments such as: Manufacturing plants, freight depots, warehouses, wholesale and retail establishments, or between retail establishments and customers' houses or places of business. May also load or unload truck with or without helpers, make minor mechanical repairs, and keep truck in good working order. Salesroute and over-the-road drivers are excluded.

For wage study purposes, truckdrivers are classified by type and rated capacity of truck, as follows:

Truckdriver, light truck (straight truck, under $1^1/2$ tons, usually 4 wheels) Truckdriver, medium truck (straight truck, $1^1/2$ to 4 tons inclusive, usually 6 wheels) Truckdriver, heavy truck (straight truck, over 4 tons, usually 10 wheels) Truckdriver, tractor-trailer

SHIPPER AND RECEIVER

Performs <u>clerical</u> and <u>physical</u> tasks in connection with shipping goods of the establishment in which employed and receiving incoming shipments. In performing day-to-day, routine tasks, follows established guidelines. In handling unusual nonroutine problems, receives specific guidance from supervisor or other officials. May direct and coordinate the activities of other workers engaged in handling goods to be shipped or being received.

Shippers typically are responsible for most of the following: Verifying that orders are accurately filled by comparing items and quantities of goods gathered for shipment against documents; insuring that shipments are properly packaged, identified with shipping information, and loaded into transporting vehicles; preparing and keeping records of goods shipped, e.g., manifests, bills of lading.

Receivers typically are responsible for most of the following: Verifying the correctness of incoming shipments by comparing items and quantities unloaded against bills of lading, invoices, manifests, storage receipts, or other records; checking for damaged goods; insuring that goods are appropriately identified for routing to departments within the establishment; preparing and keeping records of goods received.

For wage study purposes, workers are classified as follows:

Shipper Receiver Shipper and receiver

WAREHOUSEMAN

As directed, performs a variety of warehousing duties which require an understanding of the establishment's storage plan. Work involves most of the following: Verifying materials (or merchandise) against receiving documents, noting and reporting discrepancies and obvious damages; routing materials to prescribed storage locations; storing, stacking, or palletizing materials in accordance with prescribed storage methods; rearranging and taking inventory of stored materials; examining stored materials and reporting deterioration and damage; removing material from storage and preparing it for shipment. May operate hand or power trucks in performing warehousing duties.

Exclude workers whose <u>primary</u> duties involve shipping and receiving work (see Shipper and Receiver and Shipping Packer), order filling (see Order Filler), or operating power trucks (see Power-Truck Operator).

ORDER FILLER

Fills shipping or transfer orders for finished goods from stored merchandise in accordance with specifications on sales slips, customers' orders, or other instructions. May, in addition to filling orders and indicating items filled or omitted, keep records of outgoing orders, requisition additional stock or report short supplies to supervisor, and perform other related duties.

SHIPPING PACKER

Prepares finished products for shipment or storage by placing them in shipping containers, the specific operations performed being dependent upon the type, size, and number of units to be packed, the type of container

SHIPPING PACKER-Continued

employed, and method of shipment. Work requires the placing of items in shipping containers and <u>may involve one or more of the following</u>: Knowledge of various items of stock in order to verify content; selection of appropriate type and size of container; inserting enclosures in container; using excelsior or other material to prevent breakage or damage; closing and sealing container; and applying labels or entering identifying data on container. <u>Packers</u> who also make wooden boxes or crates are excluded.

MATERIAL HANDLING LABORER

A worker employed in a warehouse, manufacturing plant, store, or other establishment whose duties involve one or more of the following: Loading and unloading various materials and merchandise on or from freight cars, trucks, or other transporting devices; unpacking, shelving, or placing materials or merchandise in proper storage location; and transporting materials or merchandise by handtruck, car, or wheelbarrow. Longshore workers, who load and unload ships, are excluded.

POWER-TRUCK OPERATOR

Operates a manually controlled gasoline- or electric powered truck or tractor to transport goods and materials of all kinds about a warehouse, manufacturing plant, or other establishment.

For wage study purposes, workers are classified by type of power-truck, as follows:

Forklift operator Power-truck operator (other than forklift)

GUARD

Protects property from theft or damage, or persons from hazards or interference. Duties involve serving at a fixed post, making rounds on foot or by motor vehicle, or escorting persons or property. May be deputized to make arrests. May also help visitors and customers by answering questions and giving directions.

GUARD-Continued

Guards employed by establishments which provide protective services on a contract basis are included in this occupation.

For wage study purposes, guards are classified as follows:

Class A. Enforces regulations designed to prevent breaches of security. Exercises judgment and uses discretion in dealing with emergencies and security violations encountered. Determines whether first response should be to intervene directly (asking for assistance when deemed necessary and time allows), to keep situation under surveillance, or to report situation so that it can be handled by appropriate authority. Duties require specialized training in methods and techniques of protecting security areas. Commonly, the guard is required to demonstrate continuing physical fitness and proficiency with firearms or other special weapons.

Class B. Carries out instructions primarily oriented toward insuring that emergencies and security violations are readily discovered and reported to appropriate authority. Intervenes directly only in situations which require minimal action to safeguard property or persons. Duties require minimal training. Commonly, the guard is not required to demonstrate physical fitness. May be armed, but generally is not required to demonstrate proficiency in the use of firearms or special weapons.

JANITOR, PORTER, OR CLEANER

Cleans and keeps in an orderly condition factory working areas and washrooms, or premises of an office, apartment house, or commercial or other establishment. Duties involve a combination of the following: Sweeping, mopping or scrubbing, and polishing floors; removing chips, trash, and other refuse; dusting equipment, furniture, or fixtures; polishing metal fixtures or trimmings; providing supplies and minor maintenance services; and cleaning lavatories, showers, and restrooms. Workers who specialize in window washing are excluded.

Area Wage Surveys

A list of the latest bulletins available is presented below. Bulletins may be purchased from any of the BLS regional offices shown on the back cover, or from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents. A directory of occupational wage surveys, covering the years 1970 through 1976, is available on request.

<u>Area</u>	Bulletin and p	
Akron, Ohio, Dec. 1977	1950-70,	80 cents
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y., Sept. 1977	1950-52,	80 cents
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove,		
	1950-60,	
Atlanta, Ga., May 1977	1950-17,	
Baltimore, Md., Aug. 1977	1950-39,	
Billings, Mont., July 1977	1950-40,	
Birmingham, Ala., Mar. 1978	2025-15,	
Boston, Mass., Aug. 1977	1950-50,	
Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 1977	1950-58,	
Canton, Ohio, May 1978	2025-22, 1950-44,	
Chiara III New 1977	1950-44,	
Chicago, Ill., May 1977 Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky-Ind., July 1977	1950-41,	
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 1977	1950-53,	
Columbus Ohio Oct 1977	1950-64,	
Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 1977	1950-35	
Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 1977	1950-65.	
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill., Feb. 1978	2025-6,	
Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 19771	1950-71,	\$1.10
Daytona Beach, Fla., Aug. 1977	1950-43,	\$1.00
Denver-Boulder, Colo., Dec. 1977	1950-74.	\$1.40
Detroit, Mich., Mar. 1978	2025-11,	\$1.20
Fresno, Calif., June 1977	1950-30,	70 cents
Gainesville, Fla., Sept. 1977 1		
Green Bay, Wis., July 1977	1950-36,	70 cents
Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point,		
N.C., Aug. 1977 Greenville—Spartanburg, S.C., June 1977	1950-42,	
Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C., June 1977	1950-33,	
Hartford, Conn., Mar. 19781	2025-14, 2025-23,	T
Houston, Tex., Apr. 1978		
Huntsville, Ala., Feb. 1978		
Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 1977	_,,	T
Jackson, Miss., Jan. 1978	1950-67,	
Kansas City, Mo-Kans., Sept. 1977		
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif., Oct. 1977	1950-61,	\$1.20
Louisville, Ky.—Ind., Nov. 1977 1		
Memphis, Tenn.—Ark.—Miss., Nov. 1977		
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Area		number rice*
Miami, Fla., Oct. 1977 Milwaukee, Wis., Apr. 1978 Minneapolis—St. Paul, Minn—Wis., Jan. 1978	1950-57,	
Milwaukee, Wis., Apr. 1978	2025-18,	\$1.40
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn-Wis., Jan. 1978	2025-2,	\$1.40
Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., June 1977	1950-27,	\$1.00
Newark, N.J., Jan. 1978 1	2025-7,	\$1.40
New Orleans, La., Jan. 1978	2025-5,	\$1.00
New York, N.YN.J., May 1977	1950-31,	\$1.20
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth, Va N.C., May 1978	2025-20,	70 conts
Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth and	2023-20,	70 Cents
Newport News-Hampton, VaN.C., May 1978	2025-21,	90
Northeast Pennsylvania, Aug. 1977	1950-38,	e 1 10
Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 1977	1950-30,	\$1.10 \$1.10
Omaha, Nebr.—Iowa, Oct. 1977	1950-55,	
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J., June 1977	1950-33,	
Philadelphia, PaN.J., Nov. 1977	1950-62,	
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 1978	2025-3,	
Portland, Maine, Dec. 1977 Portland, Oreg.—Wash., May 1977 1	1950-69,	
Portland, Oreg. Wash., May 1977	1950-32,	
Poughkeepsie, N.Y., June 1977 Poughkeepsie-Kingston-Newburgh, N.Y., June 1976	1950-25,	
Providence-Warwick-Pawtucket, R.I	1900-55,	55 cents
Mass., June 1977 1Richmond, Va., June 1977 1	1950-22,	\$1.20
Richmond, Va., June 1977	1950-23,	\$1.10
St. Louis, MoIll., Mar. 1978	2025-13,	\$1.20
Sacramento, Calif., Dec. 1977	1950-72,	
Saginaw, Mich., Nov. 1977	1950-59.	
Salt Lake City-Ogden, Utah, Nov. 1977	1950-68,	80 cents
San Antonio, Tex., May 1978	2025-17,	
San Diego, Calif., Nov. 1977	1950-73,	
San Francisco-Oakland, Calif., Mar. 19781	2025-10,	
San Jose, Calif., Mar. 19781	2025-9,	
Seattle-Everett, Wash., Dec. 1977	1950-75,	
South Bend, Ind., Aug. 1977	1950-51,	
Toledo, Ohio-Mich., May 1977	1950-18.	
Trenton, N.J., Sept. 1977	1950-47,	
Utica-Rome, N.Y., July 1977 1	1950-37,	
Washington, D.CMdVa., Mar. 1978 1	2025-12,	
Wichita, Kans., Apr. 1978	2025-16.	
Wichita, Kans., Apr. 1978 Worcester, Mass., Apr. 1978	2025-19,	
York, Pa., Feb. 19781	2025-8,	
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Prices are determined by the Government Printing Office and are subject to change.

Data on establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions are also presented.

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Washington, D.C. 20212

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Bureau of Labor Statistics Regional Offices

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1603 JFK Federal Building Government Center Boston, Mass. 02203 Phone: 223-6761 (Area Code 617)

Connecticut
Maine
Massachusetts
New Hampshire
Rhode Island
Vermont

Region V

9th Floor, 230 S. Dearborn St. Chicago, III. 60604 Phone: 353-1880 (Area Code 312)

Illinois Indiana Michigan Minnesota Ohio Wisconsin

Region II

Suite 3400 1515 Broadway New York, N.Y. 10036 Phone: 399-5406 (Area Code 212)

New Jersey New York Puerto Rico Virgin Islands

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Second Floor 555 Griffin Square Building Dallas, Tex. 75202 Phone: 749-3516 (Area Code 214)

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Delaware District of Columbia Maryland Pennsylvania Virginia West Virginia

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Federal Office Building 911 Walnut St., 15th Floor Kansas City, Mo. 64106 Phone: 374-2481 (Area Code 816)

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lowa Colorado
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Missouri North Dakota
Nebraska South Dekota
Utah
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Region IV

Suite 540 1371 Peachtree St., N.E. Atlanta, Ga. 30309 Phone: 881-4418 (Area Code 404)

Alabama Florida Georgia Kentucky Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee

Regions IX and X

450 Golden Gate Ave. Box 36017 San Francisco, Calif. 94102 Phone: 556-4678 (Area Code 415)

IX X
Arizona Alaska
California Idaho
Hawaii Oregon
Nevada Washington

