

# AREA WAGE SURVEY

The New York, New York, Metropolitan Area, April 1970

Bulletin 1660-89

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

**BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS** 

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
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BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Geoffrey H. Moore, Commissioner

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# Preface

The Bureau of Labor Statistics program of annual occupational wage surveys in metropolitan areas is designed to provide data on occupational earnings, and establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions. It yields detailed data by selected industry division for each of the areas studied, for geographic regions, and for the United States. A major consideration in the program is the need for greater insight into (1) the movement of wages by occupational category and skill level, and (2) the structure and level of wages among areas and industry divisions.

At the end of each survey, an individual area bulletin presents survey results for each area studied. After completion of all of the individual area bulletins for a round of surveys, two summary bulletins are issued. The first brings data for each of the

metropolitan areas studied into one bulletin. The second presents information which has been projected from individual metropolitan area data to relate to geographic regions and the United States.

Ninety areas currently are included in the program. In each area, information on occupational earnings is collected annually and on establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions biennially.

This bulletin presents results of the survey in New York, N.Y., in April 1970. The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the Bureau of the Budget through January 1968, consists of New York City; and Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester Counties. This study was conducted by the Bureau's regional office in New York, N.Y., under the general direction of Thomas N. Wakin, Assistant Regional Director for Operations.

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NOTE: Similar tabulations are available for other areas. (See inside back cover.)

Current reports on occupational earnings and supplementary wage provisions in the New York area are also available for auto dealer repair shops (November 1969), banking (November 1969), fabricated structural steel (October 1969), hospitals (March 1969), miscellaneous plastics (August 1969), and on earnings only for selected laundry and dry cleaning occupations (April 1970). Union scales, indicative of prevailing pay levels, are available for building construction; printing; local-transit operating employees; and motortruck drivers, helpers, and allied occupations.

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# Introduction

This area is 1 of 90 in which the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics conducts surveys of occupational earnings and related benefits on an areawide basis. In this area, data were obtained by personal visits of Bureau field economists to representative establishments within six broad industry divisions: Manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services. Major industry groups excluded from these studies are government operations and the construction and extractive industries. Establishments having fewer than a prescribed number of workers are omitted because they tend to furnish insufficient employment in the occupations studied to warrant inclusion. Separate tabulations are provided for each of the broad industry divisions which meet publication criteria.

These surveys are conducted on a sample basis because of the unnecessary cost involved in surveying all establishments. To obtain optimum accuracy at minimum cost, a greater proportion of large than of small establishments is studied. In combining the data, however, all establishments are given their appropriate weight. Estimates based on the establishments studied are presented, therefore, as relating to all establishments in the industry grouping and area, except for those below the minimum size studied.

#### Occupations and Earnings

The occupations selected for study are common to a variety of manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries, and are of the following types: (1) Office clerical; (2) professional and technical; (3) maintenance and powerplant; and (4) custodial and material movement. Occupational classification is based on a uniform set of job descriptions designed to take account of interestablishment variation in duties within the same job. The occupations selected for study are listed and described in the appendix. The earnings data following the job titles are for all industries combined. Earnings data for some of the occupations listed and described, or for some industry divisions within occupations, are not presented in the A-series tables, because either (1) employment in the occupation is too small to provide enough data to merit presentation, or (2) there is possibility of disclosure of individual establishment data.

Included in the 90 areas are four studies conducted under contract with the New York State Department of Labor. These areas are Binghamton (New York portion only); Rochester (office occupations only); Syracuse; and Utica—Rome. In addition, the Bureau conducts more limited area studies in 78 areas at the request of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the U.S. Department of Labor.

Occupational employment and earnings data are shown for full-time workers, i.e., those hired to work a regular weekly schedule in the given occupational classification. Earnings data exclude premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Nonproduction bonuses are excluded, but cost-of-living allowances and incentive earnings are included. Where weekly hours are reported, as for office clerical occupations, reference is to the standard workweek (rounded to the nearest half hour) for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates). Average weekly earnings for these occupations have been rounded to the nearest half dollar.

The averages presented reflect composite, areawide estimates. Industries and establishments differ in pay level and job staffing and, thus, contribute differently to the estimates for each job. The pay relationship obtainable from the averages may fail to reflect accurately the wage spread or differential maintained among jobs in individual establishments. Similarly, differences in average pay levels for men and women in any of the selected occupations should not be assumed to reflect differences in pay treatment of the sexes within individual establishments. Other possible factors which may contribute to differences in pay for men and women include: Differences in progression within established rate ranges, since only the actual rates paid incumbents are collected; and differences in specific duties performed, although the workers are classified appropriately within the same survey job description. Job descriptions used in classifying employees in these surveys are usually more generalized than those used in individual establishments and allow for minor differences among establishments in the specific duties performed.

Occupational employment estimates represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study and not the number actually surveyed. Because of differences in occupational structure among establishments, the estimates of occupational employment obtained from the sample of establishments studied serve only to indicate the relative importance of the jobs studied. These differences in occupational structure do not affect materially the accuracy of the earnings data.

#### Establishment Practices and Supplementary Wage Provisions

Information is presented (in the B-series tables) on selected establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions as they relate to plant and office workers. Administrative, executive, and professional employees, and construction workers who are utilized as a separate work force are excluded. "Plant workers" include

working foremen and all nonsupervisory workers (including leadmen and trainees) engaged in nonoffice functions. "Office workers" include working supervisors and nonsupervisory workers performing clerical or related functions. Cafeteria workers and routemen are excluded in manufacturing industries, but included in nonmanufacturing industries.

Minimum entrance salaries for women office workers (table B-1) relate only to the establishments visited. Because of the optimum sampling techniques used, and the probability that large establishments are more likely to have formal entrance rates for workers above the subclerical level than small establishments, the table is more-representative of policies in medium and large establishments.

Shift differential data (table B-2) are limited to plant workers in manufacturing industries. This information is presented both in terms of (1) establishment policy, presented in terms of total plant worker employment, and (2) effective practice, presented in terms of workers actually employed on the specified shift at the time of the survey. In establishments having varied differentials, the amount applying to a majority was used or, if no amount applied to a majority, the classification "other" was used. In establishments in which some late-shift hours are paid at normal rates, a differential was recorded only if it applied to a majority of the shift hours.

The scheduled weekly hours (table B-3) of a majority of the first-shift workers in an establishment are tabulated as applying to all of the plant or office workers of that establishment. Scheduled weekly hours are those which full-time employees were expected to work, whether they were paid for at straight-time or overtime rates.

Paid holidays; paid vacations; health, insurance, and pension plans; and frequency of wage payment (tables B-4 through B-7) are treated statistically on the basis that these are applicable to all plant or office workers if a majority of such workers are eligible or may eventually qualify for the practices listed. Sums of individual items in tables B-2 through B-7 may not equal totals because of rounding.

Data on paid holidays (table B-4) are limited to data on holidays granted annually on a formal basis; i.e., (1) are provided for in written form, or (2) have been established by custom. Holidays ordinarily granted are included even though they may fall on a non-workday and the worker is not granted another day off. The first

part of the paid holidays table presents the number of whole and half holidays actually granted. The second part combines whole and half holidays to show total holiday time.

The summary of vacation plans (table B-5) is limited to a statistical measure of vacation provisions. It is not intended as a measure of the proportion of workers actually receiving specific benefits. Provisions of an establishment for all lengths of service were tabulated as applying to all plant or office workers of the establishment, regardless of length of service. Provisions for payment on other than a time basis were converted to a time basis; for example, a payment of 2 percent of annual earnings was considered as the equivalent of 1 week's pay. Estimates exclude vacation-savings plans and those which offer "extended" or "sabbatical" benefits beyond basic plans to workers with qualifying lengths of service. Typical of such exclusions are plans in the steel, aluminum, and can industries.

Data on health, insurance, and pension plans (table B-6) include those plans for which the employer pays at least a part of the cost. Such plans include those underwritten by a commercial insurance company and those provided through a union fund or paid directly by the employer out of current operating funds or from a fund set aside for this purpose. An establishment was considered to have a plan if the majority of employees was eligible to be covered under the plan, even if less than a majority elected to participate because employees were required to contribute toward the cost of the plan. Legally required plans, such as workmen's compensation, social security, and railroad retirement were excluded.

Sickness and accident insurance is limited to that type of insurance under which predetermined cash payments are made directly to the insured during illness or accident disability. Information is presented for all such plans to which the employer contributes. However, in New York and New Jersey, which have enacted temporary disability insurance laws which require employer contributions, 3 plans are included only if the employer (1) contributes more than is legally required, or (2) provides the employee with benefits which exceed the requirements of the law. Tabulations of paid sick leave plans are limited to formal plans 4 which provide full pay or a proportion of the worker's pay during absence from work because of illness. Separate tabulations are presented according to (1) plans which provide full pay and no waiting period, and (2) plans which provide either partial pay or a waiting period. In addition to the presentation of the proportions of workers who are provided sickness and accident insurance or paid sick leave, an unduplicated total is shown of workers who receive either or both types of benefits.

An establishment was considered as having a policy if it met either of the following conditions: (1) Operated late shifts at the time of the survey, or (2) had formal provisions covering late shifts. An establishment was considered as having formal provisions if it (1) had operated late shifts during the 12 months prior to the survey, or (2) had provisions in written form for operating late shifts.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The temporary disability laws in California and Rhode Island do not require employer contributions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> An establishment was considered as having a formal plan if it established at least the minimum number of days of sick leave available to each employee. Such a plan need not be written, but informal sick leave allowances, determined on an individual basis, were excluded.

Major medical insurance includes those plans which are designed to protect employees in case of sickness and injury involving expenses beyond the coverage of basic hospitalization, medical, and surgical plans. Medical insurance refers to plans providing for complete or partial payment of doctors' fees. Such plans may be underwritten by commercial insurance companies or nonprofit organizations or they may be paid for by the employer out of a fund set aside for this purpose. Tabulations of retirement pension plans are limited to those plans that provide regular payments for the remainder of the worker's life.

Method of wage determination (table B-7) relates to basic types of rate structure for workers paid under various time and incentive systems. Under a single rate structure the same rate is paid to all experienced workers in the same job classification. An individual worker occasionally may be paid above or below the single rate

for special reasons, but such payments are exceptions. A range-ofrates plan specifies the minimum and/or maximum rate paid experienced workers for the same job. Information also is provided on the method of progression through the range. In the absence of a formal rate structure, the qualifications of the individual worker determine the pay rate. Information on types of incentive plans is provided only for plant workers because of the low incidence of such plans for office workers. Under a piecework system, a predetermined rate is paid for each unit of output. Production bonuses are based on production over a quota or completion of a job in less than standard time. Compensation on a commission basis represents payments based on a percentage of value of sales, or on a combination of a stated salary plus a percentage.

Data on frequency of wage payment also are provided in table B-7.

Table 1. Establishments and workers within scope of survey and number studied in New York, N.Y., by major industry division. April 1970

	Minimum	Number of es	tablishments		Work	ers in establishm	ents	
	employment				Within sco	pe of study		
Industry division	in establish- ments in scope	Within scope of study <sup>3</sup>	Studied	Tot	al <sup>4</sup>	Plant	Office	Studied
	of study			Number	Percent	Plant	Office	Total 4
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area 1—All establishments								
All divisions	-	5,984	724	1,888,035	100	819,437	589,059	845,375
Manufacturing	100	1,783	229	561,460	30	304,503	122,367	198,750
Nassau-Suffolk Counties	100	265	32	108,302	6	57,585	21.261	55.821
Westchester-Rockland Counties	100	174	37	69,922	4	40,911	13,632	37,301
Nonmanufacturing	_	4,201	495	1,326,575	70	514,934	466,692	646,625
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities 5	100	279	76	268,395	14	124,702	63,575	218,448
Wholesale trade	50	1,156	97	152,170	8	59,733	50,435	30,764
Retail trade		410	98	244,660	13	177,665	31,464	147,110
Finance, insurance, and real estate	50	946	89	401,910	21	620,221	269,729	180,975
Finance, insurance, and real estateServices <sup>7</sup>	50	1,410	135	259,440	14	132,613	51,489	69,328
Large establishments								
All divisions	-	667	300	1,084,956	100	418,593	363,280	762,884
Manufacturing	500	194	91	255, 456	24	105,467	70,824	167.960
onmanufacturing		473	209	829,500	76	313,126	292,456	594,924
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities 5	500	76	47	230,370	21	108,818	49,560	211.69
Wholesale trade		30	15	29,425	3	9,273	9,189	17,834
Retail trade	500	115	61	193,801	18	141,141	23,848	139,506
Finance, insurance, and real estate	500	149	47	271,916	25	66,140	190,085	172,636
Services 7	500	103	39	103,988	9	47,754	19,774	53,251
New York City 1								
All divisions	-	4,911	568	1,524,160	100	610,106	515,280	665,772
Manufacturing	100	1,344	160	383,236	25	206,007	87,474	105,628
onmanufacturing		3,567	408	1,140,924	75	404,099	427,806	560, 144
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities 5	100	236	64	232,980	15	101,382	57,445	187, 292
Wholesale trade	50	981	82	130,452	9	53,301	44,116	26, 48
Retail trade	100	294	73	174,711	11	118,887	26,978	111,05
Finance, insurance, and real estate		827	78	374,397	25	620,221	251,749	173,961
Services 7		1,229	111	228, 384	15	110,308	47,518	61,356

1 The New York Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, as defined by the Bureau of the Budget through January 1968, consists of New York City (Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens, and Richmond Counties), and Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk, and Westchester Counties. The "workers within scope of study" estimates shown in this table provide a reasonably accurate description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. The estimates are not intended, however, to serve as a basis of comparison with other employment indexes for the area to measure employment trends or levels since (1) planning of wage surveys requires the use of establishment data compiled considerably in advance of the payroll period studied, and (2) small establishments are excluded from the scope of the survey.

The 1967 edition of the <u>Standard Industrial Classification Manual</u> was used in classifying establishments by industry division.

Includes all establishments with total employment at or above the minimum limitation. All outlets (within the area) of companies in such industries as trade, finance, auto repair service, and motion picture theaters are considered as 1 establishment.

Includes all workers in all establishments with total employment (within the area) at or above the minimum limitation.

Taxicabs and services incidental to water transportation were excluded. The governmentally operated portion of New York's transit system is excluded by definition from the scope of the study. Estimate relates to real estate establishments only. Workers from the entire industry division are represented in the Series A tables, but from the real estate portion only in "all industry" estimates in the Series B tables.

Hotels and motels; laundries and other personal services; business services; automobile repair, rental, and parking; motion pictures; nonprofit membership organizations (excluding religious and charitable organizations); and engineering and architectural services.

> Almost one-third of the workers within scope of the survey in the New York area were employed in manufacturing firms. The following presents the major industry groups and specific industries as a percent of all manufacturing: Industry groups: Specific industries: Printing and publishing\_\_\_\_\_15 Aircraft and parts -----Electrical equipment and supplies \_\_\_\_\_\_13 Communication equipment\_\_\_\_\_ 4 Apparel and other textile products\_\_\_\_\_\_10 Newspapers\_\_\_\_\_4 Food and kindred products \_\_\_\_\_\_10 Periodicals \_\_\_\_\_ 4 Transportation equipment \_\_\_\_\_9 Bakery products\_\_\_\_\_\_3 Chemicals and allied products \_\_\_\_\_ 8 Men's and boys' suits and coats \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3 Instruments and related products \_\_\_\_\_ 5 Office and computing machines \_\_\_\_\_ 3 Machinery, except electrical\_\_\_\_\_5 Women's and misses' outerwear \_\_\_\_\_\_ 3 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries \_\_\_\_\_ 5 This information is based on estimates of total employment derived from universe materials compiled prior to actual survey. Proportions in various industry divisions may differ from proportions based on the results of the survey as shown in table 1 above.

# Wage Trends for Selected Occupational Groups

Presented in table 2 are indexes and percentages of change in average salaries of office clerical workers and industrial nurses, and in average earnings of selected plant worker groups. The indexes are a measure of wages at a given time, expressed as a percent of wages during the base period. Subtracting 100 from the index yields the percentage change in wages from the base period to the date of the index. The percentages of change or increase relate to wage changes between the indicated dates. These estimates are measures of change in averages for the area; they are not intended to measure average pay changes in the establishments in the area.

#### Method of Computing

Each of the selected key occupations within an occupational group was assigned a constant weight based on its proportionate employment in the occupational group. The average (mean) earnings for each occupation were multiplied by the occupational weight, and the products for all occupations in the group were totaled. The aggregates for 2 consecutive years were related by dividing the aggregate for the later year by the aggregate for the earlier year. The resultant relative, less 100 percent, shows the percentage change. The index is the product of multiplying the base year relative (100) by the relative for the next succeeding year and continuing to multiply (compound) each year's relative by the previous year's index. Average earnings for the following occupations were used in computing the wage trends:

Office clerical (men and women): Office clerical (men and women)- Skilled maintenance (men): Bookkeeping-machine Continued Carpenters operators, class B Secretaries Electricians Clerks, accounting, classes Stenographers, general Machinists A and B Stenographers, senior Mechanics Clerks, file, classes Switchboard operators, classes Mechanics (automotive) A, B, and C Painters Clerks, order Tabulating-machine operators, **Pipefitters** Clerks, payroll class B Tool and die makers Comptometer operators Typists, classes A and B Keypunch operators, classes Unskilled plant (men): A and B Industrial nurses (men and women): Janitors, porters, and cleaners Office boys and girls Nurses, industrial (registered) Laborers, material handling

For office clerical workers and industrial nurses, the wage trends relate to regular weekly salaries for the normal workweek, exclusive of earnings for overtime. For plant worker groups, they measure changes in average straight-time hourly earnings, excluding premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. The percentages are based on data for selected key occupations and include most of the numerically important jobs within each group.

#### Limitations of Data

The indexes and percentages of change, as measures of change in area averages, are influenced by: (1) general salary and wage changes, (2) merit or other increases in pay received by individual workers while in the same job, and (3) changes in average wages due to changes in the labor force resulting from labor turnover, force expansions, force reductions, and changes in the proportions of workers employed by establishments with different pay levels. Changes in the labor force can cause increases or decreases in the occupational averages without actual wage changes. It is conceivable that even though all establishments in an area gave wage increases, average wages may have declined because lower-paying establishments entered the area or expanded their work forces. Similarly, wages may have remained relatively constant, yet the averages for an area may have risen considerably because higher-paying establishments entered the area.

The use of constant employment weights eliminates the effect of changes in the proportion of workers represented in each job included in the data. The percentages of change reflect only changes in average pay for straight-time hours. They are not influenced by changes in standard work schedules, as such, or by premium pay for overtime. Where necessary, data were adjusted to remove from the indexes and percentages of change any significant effect caused by changes in the scope of the survey.

Table 2. Indexes of standard weekly salaries and straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupational groups in New York, N.Y., April 1970 and April 1969, and percents of increase for selected periods

		All in	dustries			Manuf	acturing	
Period	Office clerical (men and women)	Industrial nurses (men and women)	Skilled maintenance trades (men)	Unskilled plant workers (men)	Office clerical (men and women)	Industrial nurses (men and women)	Skilled maintenance trades (men)	Unskilled plant workers (men)
				Indexes (Ap	ril 1967=100)			
April 1970 April 1969	122.7 112.8	124.0 115.8	120.2 111.9	121.5 112.6	118.8 110.7	122.2 115.6	117.8 111.3	121.5 113.8
				Indexes (Ap	ril 1961=100)			
April 1970 April 1967	149.7 122.0	157.4 126.9	150.1 124.8	153.2 126.1	142.3 119.8	152.1 124.5	143.7 122.1	145.8 120.0
				Percents	of increase			
April 1969 to April 1970	8.8 7.1 5.3 4.0 3.2 2.9 3.5 2.9 3.6 3.6	7.1 8.9 6.3 6.3 4.8 2.7 2.8 3.3 4.5	7.4 6.4 5.2 3.3 4.0 3.5 3.1 4.3 4.3	7.9 7.4 4.8 4.0 3.0 5.1 3.5 4.3 3.8 3.4	7.3 5.9 4.5 3.2 3.3 2.3 3.7 3.1 2.8 3.6	5.7 8.0 7.0 4.0 5.6 1.7 2.7 4.5 3.8 5.0	5.8 5.9 5.1 2.8 3.6 3.4 2.8 2.7 4.8 4.5	6.8 7.1 6.3 3.1 1.6 4.2 2.7 2.7 4.2 5.3

NOTE: Previously published indexes for the New York area used April 1961 as the base period. They can be converted to the new base period by dividing them by the corresponding index numbers for April 1967 on the April 1961 base period as shown in the table. (The result should be multiplied by 100.)

# A. Occupational earnings

# Table A-1. Office occupations-SMSA-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> ndard)					1	Numbe	r of w		s rece	-					-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	60 and under	65	-	75	80	\$ 85 - 90	90	95	\$ 100 - 110	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180		200 -	210	and
MEN																										
BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A	105	37.0	\$ 126.00	\$ 124.00	\$ 119.50-129.50	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	8	20	53	4	-	18	1	_	1	_	_	_	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 WHOLESALE TRADE FINANCE4 SERVICES	2,460 726 1,734 464 242 738 216	36.5 36.0 36.0 35.5 37.0	145.50 147.50 161.00 157.50 143.50	140.00 143.50 165.50 147.50 142.00	129.00-163.50 129.50-163.50 129.00-163.50 138.50-185.50 138.00-170.50 130.50-154.50 117.50-133.50	-						1 1	14 4 10 2 - 5	38 13 25 8 - 2 7	210 55 155 32 8 53 53	383 114 269 35 38 122 59	479 177 302 46 22 160 63	342 56 286 37 74 146 23	298 100 198 39 31 122 2	239 103 136 71 8 49	212 52 160 75 12 61	55 8 47 35 3 8 1	84 21 63 47 1	61 20 41 17 24	23 1 22 15 6 -	1
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	1,675	36.0 36.5 35.5 36.5 36.0 37.0	113.00 120.50 122.50 128.00 108.00 118.50	111.00 121.50 127.50 132.50 104.50 120.00	104.50-135.00 101.50-119.00 105.00-136.50 109.00-144.00 112.00-144.50 99.50-121.00 105.00-134.50 106.00-118.50	-	1 1		7 - 7	60 54 51 - 3	68 1 67 35 2 6 24	62 14 48 - 6 11 26 5	112 28 84 3 37 19 15	304 52 252 29 17 42 132 32	353 73 280 50 61 20 88 61	272 6 266 93 26 29 97 21	270 12 258 89 73 9 84 3	197 15 182 36 79 1 65	158 12 146 79 29 - 38	32 2 30 4 26 -	1 1					
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS A	159 146				95.00-139.00 93.50-139.50		-	=	12 12	12 12	6	10 10	4 3	21 20	21 21	2 2	38 27	2 2	28 28	3	=	=	Ξ	Ξ		
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS B	299 274		102.00			-	-	-	2 2	28 27	23 18	37 34	50 48	101 97	10 10	31 28	17 10	-	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	-	Ξ	:	
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS C	139 110			86.50 84.50		-	Ξ		11	54 54	17 16	10	13 13	16 2	15 10	1 -	Ξ	1_	-	1_	-	2	-	Ξ	Ξ	
CLERKS, ORDER NONMANUFACTURING WHOLESALE TRADE	556 458 439	37.5	144.00	141.50	120.00-159.50 125.00-162.00 125.50-162.50	=	-	=	=	1	=	=	12 11 11	29 11 11	98 76 75	96 75 60	49 48 46	71 48 48	65 65 65	45 43 43	5 5 5	38 28 28	25 25 25	22 22 22	=	
CLERKS, PAYROLL	338 118 220	37.5	149.00	141.00	110.50-150.50 122.00-186.50 107.50-144.50	=	-	=	-	-	17 - 17	3	14 6 8	49 2 47	48 11 37	50 21 29	27 16 11	45 10 35	12 2 10	20 2 18	5 4 1	39 34 5	1 1 -	5 3 2	1 -	
KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING	195 169		103.00 100.50			=	-	-	2 2	-	73 73	21 20	-	18 13	23 17	52 40	5	1_	-	Ξ	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	
OFFICE BOYS	1,581 3,628 517 574 126	36.5 36.5 35.5 36.0 37.0	91.00 91.50 98.00 95.00 89.00	89.00 89.50 93.00 98.00 89.50 88.50	83.50- 98.50 82.50- 99.00 85.50-107.50 87.50-105.00 82.50- 99.00 83.00- 94.50	33 - 18 -	1	175 23 152 - 51 4 78 19	144		1102 379 723 68 72 17 366 200	804 247 557 115 73 26 255 88	436 109 327 34 66 4 157 66	697 217 480 57 197 26 67 133	284 102 182 33 38 - 71 40	153 17 136 50 23 - 34 29	59 26 33 26 - 4 3	12 2 10 10								
SECRETARIES	180 142				146.50-192.00 146.50-184.00	-	-	-	-	-	4 3	2 2	-	-	3 2	16 11	11 10	30 29	8	36 34	1	12 10	45 30	3 2	2	
TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE4	351 323 227	36.0	148.00	147.00	130.50-168.00 129.50-164.50 129.50-158.00	-	:	-	=	-	:	=	-	11 11 3	15 15 9		38 34 29	58 54 49	54 54 41	32 22 14	47 46 34	12 9 1	11 10	11 9 -	1 -	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> ndard)					I	Number	of w														
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	60 and under		70 -	75 -	80	85 - 90		95 -	-	-	120	130	140		160	170	180	190	-	-	an
MEN - CONTINUED						0,5	-10		- 00	- 03		- 75	100	110	120	130	140	130	100	110	100	170	200	210	220	OV
ABDUATING-MACHINE OPERATORS. CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE4	755 673 534	36.0	122.50	121.00	\$ 112.00-135.50 110.50-134.00 109.00-129.00	Ξ	:	:	:	:	6 6	41 41 33	25 25 25	88	167 157 140	150	103 81 69	100 84 47	27 25 3	7 4 -	6 2 -	11 10	:	:	Ξ	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	410 394 275	36.0	106.50	107.00 106.50 104.50	98.00-116.00	=	Ξ	:	=	10 10 2	36 36 25	21 20 13	59 59 51	112 110 90	104 96 64	51 46 25	11 11 5	5	=	1 1 -	:	:	:	:	=	
YPISTS, CLASS A	139 127				103.50-146.00 103.00-146.00	:	-	=	:	-	1	4	1	45 45	5 2	42 38	5	9	9	Ξ	-	18 18	-	Ξ	-	
YPISTS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING	275 234			108.50		-	Ξ	-	Ξ	-	-	55 55	18 18	78 54	87 72	35 35	1 -	1 -	:	-	-	-	Ξ	7.	-	
WOMEN																										
ILLERS, MACHINE (BILLING MACHINE) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HOLESALE TRADE	989 263 726 553	37.5 36.0	117.50	117.50 126.00	113.00-133.00 112.50-127.50 114.00-135.00 117.00-138.00	=	:	:	16	9 - 9 7	5 1 4 1	13 3 10 6	34 21 13 4			227 53 174 138	198 33 165 145	89 6 83 83	42 5 37 33	= = =	=	:	:	=	=	
ILLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING MACHINE) NONMANUFACTURING SERVICES	345 261 111	36.0	105.00	112.50 111.00 117.00	92.00-119.50	=	=	:	7 -	25 25 6	26 26 8	31 18 6	34 19 13	31 28 10	78 78 25	83 60 43	26	:	2 -	1 -	1 -	:	:	=	-	
SOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE* SERVICES	298 1,001	36.5 36.5 36.0 38.0 36.0	126.50 126.50 132.50 120.50	131.00 128.00 136.00 122.00 119.00	117.50-138.00 117.50-134.00 117.50-138.50 122.00-144.50 112.50-135.50 111.00-131.00 126.50-139.00	-		:			9 - 9 - 1 8	18 - 18 - 2 10 6	2 2 - 2	106 11 95 32 21 42	25C 70 180 63 27 86 4	326 48 278 89 29 51 92	328 113 215 104 25 62 13	131 42 89 47 1 10 30	111	10 6 4 - - 4						
SOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B	1,185 310 875 300 370 111	36.0 36.5 37.5 35.5	117.00 118.00 123.00 117.00	118.00 119.00 124.50 117.50	106.50-129.50 103.00-128.00 107.50-129.50 118.00-131.50 104.00-129.50 105.50-124.00			2 2	2 2	11 5 6 - 4 2	28 6 22 - 11 1	78 27 51 18 18	67 15 52 - 24 12	48	72 208	264 61 203 102 78 4	132 37 95 29 45	116 17 99 53 31	21 8 13 -	9 7 2	3 3					
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING	1,594 2,750 489	36.5 36.5 36.0 36.5 36.5	131.50 133.00 133.50 135.50 122.50 135.50	131.50 133.50 129.00 135.00 125.50 137.00	120.50-146.50 120.00-145.00 121.00-147.50 120.00-144.00 122.00-153.50 114.00-155.50 124.00-152.00					28 11 17 - 13 4	30 14 16 - 4 - 12	24 5 19 1 8 4 6	79 42 37 1 14 3 15	235 107 128 9 16 55 33 15	70 75	124	89 121 104	605 268 337 67 56 28 88 98	22 80 2	217 76 141 25 69 9 14 24	110 55 55 9 31 - 15	29 8 21 20 - - 1	11 6 5 2 3	2 2	1	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> idard)						Numbe															
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	and under	65	70 -	75 -	80	\$ 85 -	90	95	100	110	120	130	140	150 -	160	170	180	190	200	210	ā
WOMEN - CONTINUED						65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	1 0
			\$	\$	\$ \$					1220		227		93.2												
ERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B					97.00-120.00		_	8 5	64	250 12	362 65	124	222	299	431		291 80	282 80	69	20	5	_	_	_		
NONMANUFACTURING					96.00-120.00		_	3	53		297	427	590	888	989		211	202	63	17	5	-	-	_	_	_
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	991				90.00-122.50		-	-	44	141	64	84	104	72	210		28	49	30	14	5	-	-	-	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,280	36.0	113.00	113.50	101.00-126.50	-	-	-	2		78	60	124	208		202	108	118	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	734				92.50-108.50		-	3	7	32	86	105	140	203	86	54	15	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE4					97.50-118.50		-	-	-	17	43	117	168	253		171	31	16	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	602	7.00			99.50-120.00		-	-	-	17	26	61	54	152	140	100	29	16	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
MANUFACTURING	1,233	36.0	113.00	112.00	102.00-123.00	-	-	-	3	19	55	76	78 12	336 86	271 40	239	60	63	32	1	-	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					101.00-122.00		_	_	3	19	55	76	66		231		26 34	54	32	1	_	_	_	_		_
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	133				96.00-138.00		_	-	_	6	9	16	11	16	25	7	14	17	12	-	_	_	_	-	_	
FINANCE4	702				101.00-121.50		-	-	3	13	46	57	27	173	182		15	34	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	
ERKS, FILE, CLASS B				96.00			4		121			759	600	756	393	164	85	9	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	692		96.00				-	9	2	70	78	205	91	139	80	14	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	•
PUBLIC UTILITIES				96.50			4	20	119		354	554	509	617	313	150	83	9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
WHOLESALE TRADE	268 389			107.00			-	-	-	5	17	42 36	38 61	65	34 66	39 50	25 41	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
FINANCE4	1,972			94.50			4				223						17	_	,		_	_		_		
SERVICES	224		97.50				-	-	18	-	35	54	22	64	7	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ERKS, FILE, CLASS C	5,078	36.0	87.00	86.50	80.00- 93.00	13	50	341	832	1010	1109	729	357	410	159	49	19	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	546		85.00		79.00- 93.00		24	38			31		26	49	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NONMANUFACTURING	4,532						26	303			1078			361	140	47	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	525						-	36		106		70	59	39	22	1	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
WHOLESALE TRADE	590 227		95.00				10	21	40	91	73 61	96 18	15	176	71	29	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	_		•
FINANCE	2,873		85.00				-				716				10	16	1		- 2							
SERVICES	317		89.50		81.00- 97.00		-	46	27	41	72	46	18	33	33	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ERKS. ORDER	2,779				97.50-117.50		_	40	22	50	156		350	742	590	288	156	59	67	2	-	-	-	1		-
MANUFACTURING	1,038				96.00-112.00		-	-	7	5	98	100	261	238	215	99	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	1		-
NONMANUFACTURING	1,741				101.00-121.00		-	40	15	45	58 27	156 93	89 63	504 405	375 311	189	143	58 53	67	2	_	_	-	-	-	-
RETAIL TRADE	338				104.50-125.00 84.50-109.00		-	38	13	37	31	43	26	79	36	35	133	- 23	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ERKS, PAYROLL	1,994	36.5	125.50	125.00	111.50-141.50	-	_	_	7	16	44	57	80	234	363	378	274	256	126	123	17	19	_	_		_
MANUFACTURING	666	37.0	124.00	126.00	111.50-140.00	-	-	-	-	9	27	24	13	80	92	143	109	77	66	22	2	2	-	-	-	-
NONMANUFACTURING	1,328				111.50-142.50		-	-	7	7	17	33	67	154		235		179		101	15	17		-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3					122.00-155.00		-	-	-	-	4	-	7	8	8	16	19	23	12	5	4	17	-	-	-	-
WHOLESALE TRADE	210	35.5	125.50	119.00	115.50-141.50	-	-	-			-	-	-	41	76	15	19	39	13	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE 4	241 441				99.50-126.50		_	_	4	4	7	21	26 32	47 34	61		77	11 51	17	81	7	-	-	-		•
SERVICES	313				112.50-139.50		-	-	-	-	2	12	2	24	84	70	43	55	17	-	4	-	-		-	-
MPTOMETER OPERATORS	2,168	36.0	114.50	115.00	104.00-128.50	-	2	3	19	41	38	94	234	375	511	350	377	77	20	26	1	_	-	_		
MANUFACTURING	305	36.5	119.50	120.50	111.00-131.00	-	2	2	-	1	5	8	5	39	88	73	64	8	2	7	1	-	-	-		-
NONMANUFACTURING			114.00	114.00	102.00-127.50	-	-	1	19	40	33	86		336	423		313		18	19	-	-	-	-		
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	274				99.50-120.50		-	-	5	10	9	13	35	69	63			2			-	-	-	-	-	•
WHOLESALE TRADE	388				107.50-132.00		-	-		2	4	5	60	40	72	43	155	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	827				98.00-118.00		-	1	14	28	20	68			196		41	22	6	-	-	-	-	-		•
2EKAICE2	219	35.0	172.00	150.00	115.50-137.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	19	64	45	65	15	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> ndard)					1	Numbe	r of w					ht-tim									
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours l (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	60 and under	65	<b>5</b> 70 -	\$ 75 -	\$ 80 -	\$ 85 -						130								210	\$ 22
						65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	ov
WOMEN - CONTINUED			4		¢ ¢																					
KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES HOLESALE TRADE FINANCE SERVICES SERVICES	1,518 4,090 548 555 235	36.0 36.5 37.5 37.0 35.5 36.0	111.00 119.50 128.00 125.00 112.50 117.50	112.00 119.50 128.50 127.50 113.00 117.00	107.00-129.00 101.50-120.00 109.00-131.50 117.00-141.50 118.50-136.00 106.00-121.00 107.50-128.00 106.50-132.50			4 4	8 8	41 20 21 - - - 21		243 142 101 8 7 8 46 32	74	761	487 1037 134 81 77	225 818 86 183 39 458	771 88 683 103 148 19 356	47	109 12 97 53 10 2 25 7	23 8 15 4 6 - 3 2	7 5 2 2	4 1 3				
REYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	7,180 1,251 5,929 1,000 777 551	36.5 36.5 36.0 36.5 36.0 36.5	102.50 105.50 102.00 101.00 109.50 101.00 100.50	102.00 107.50 100.50 100.00 108.50 101.00 99.00 100.50	91.50-114.00 96.00-115.00 90.50-113.50 83.00-114.50 98.00-121.00 93.00-110.00	=		10	211 31 180 104 2 20 36 18		62	874 114 760 44 101 71 442	122 718 65 51 87	1434 285 1149 109 194 157	1349 350 999 246 160 89 369	701 119 582 59 119 39 289	251 43 208 56 40 8 60 44	96 20 76 23 16 3	61 20 41 8 32 1							
OFFICE GIRLS	2,054 336 1,718 1,080 110		86.50 89.50 85.50 84.00 91.50	88.00 84.50 82.50	79.50- 91.00 78.00- 89.50	:	3 - -	129 16 113 108 3	434 79 355 293 16	489 36 453 272 21	383 57 326 159 15	319 38 281 162 22	108 22 86 53 5	126 55 71 32 16	32	6 1 1		:	:	:			-	-	:	
SECRETARIES 5	18,304 36,802 5,733 6,317 1,917 16,503	36.0 36.0 36.0 35.5 36.0 36.0	139.50 141.50 147.00 144.50 132.50 141.00	138.00 139.00 144.00 141.50 133.00 139.00	125.50-154.50 124.00-154.00 126.00-155.00 130.00-161.50 129.00-156.50 117.50-147.50 126.50-155.00 122.50-148.50	:				18 16 2 - - 2		359 154 205 5 20 40 65 75	188	940 1769 94 174 198 967	1960 3425 445 582 299 1341	3150 6302 865 880 308 2732	1277	2912 5828 1030 875 257 2729	2195 4369 817 1089 169 1838	1385 2993 549 489 114 1410	942 1984 512 308 78	540 1101 261 273 29 411	227 524 126 108 13	154 432 58 75 2	367 77 290 22 64 - 185	2
SECRETARIES, CLASS A MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES HHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 4	1,629 2,135	36.0 36.0 36.0 36.0 36.0	169.00 174.00 187.00 168.50 164.00 174.00	169.00 173.50 186.50 162.50 165.00 175.00	153.00-188.50 153.00-184.50 153.00-194.50 172.50-199.50 145.00-187.50 153.50-178.00 154.00-199.00 142.00-196.50	=										79 113 2 32 2	273 117 156 6 56 9 3 82		432 251 181 20 78 30 39 14	540 256 284 41 78 25 100 40	615 254 361 63 19 40 157 82	504 250 254 118 37 14 54	211 87 124 39 4 11 44 26	269 90 179 47 15 1 69	172 47 125 18 19 - 69	
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	3,369 9,174 1,083 1,278 529 4,864	36.0 36.0 36.0 35.5 36.0 36.5	154.00 156.00 164.00 160.50 143.50 156.00	155.00 154.50 164.50 158.50 142.50 154.50	140.00-169.50 139.50-168.50 140.50-170.00 152.50-175.50 143.50-181.00 132.00-157.50 140.50-167.50 135.00-165.00	:						3 - 3 - 3 - 3		42 16 26 - 2 5 14	56 162 8	321 753 29 78 68 344	1300 61 142 127 799	445 1498 148	700 1579 138 256 66 946	594	433 976 285	799 187 612 100 137 13 285 77	386 93 293 60 92 - 133 8	278 38 240 11 57 1 126 45	163 6 157 4 45 -	
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	5,685 11,240 2,002 2,093 320 5,008	36.0 36.5 35.5 37.0 36.0	140.00 137.50 145.00 143.50 125.50 136.00	140.00 137.00 144.00 142.00 126.00 135.50	127.00-150.00 128.50-150.50 126.00-149.50 133.00-157.00 129.50-156.00 115.00-137.50 126.00-146.00 120.50-139.50	=					15 - 15 - - - 15	31 6 25 1 - 16 4	65 8 57 2 5 - 31	76 557 31 52 35 320	422 1014 121 131 76 426	2186 213 364 59	1291 2552 441 419 67 1250	1367 2119 392 326 33	689 1277 396 377 26 426	417 755 229 206 3 233	692 212 480 126 128 1 170 55	217 75 142 23 73 2 35	79 31 48 27 9 2 10	19 6 13 - 3 - 10	9	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

				(star	earnings <sup>1</sup> adard)									rkers		-	-				-					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	60 and under	65 - 70	70 - 75		80 - 85	\$ 85 - 90	90	-	100	110	120	130	140	\$ 150 - 160	160	170	180	190	-	-	а
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
ECRETARIES - CONTINUED																										
SECRETARIES, CLASS D MANUFACTURING	7,031 13,506 2,243 2,486 897 5,213	36.0 36.0 36.0 35.5 36.0 36.0	124.50 129.00 133.50 133.50 123.00 126.50	125.00 129.00 133.00 135.00 123.50 127.00	\$ 116.50-139.50 114.50-136.50 118.00-141.00 122.00-144.00 122.00-145.50 111.50-137.00 115.50-138.00 118.00-141.00	-				18 16 2 - - 2 -	31	325 148 177 4 20 24 58 71	180	112 158 633	1462 2194 315 415 188	1604 3191 621 396 178 1305	1376 2925 401 650 190 1172	854 1910 473 381 86	441 1172 263	371 60 311 41 46 13 122 89	118 8 110 38 40 3 6 23	69 20 26 - 13 10	15 4 11 - 3 - 3 5			
FENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	2,254 4,831 397 1,142 172	36.0 35.5 37.0 36.0 36.5 35.0	115.00 113.00 115.00 123.00 108.50 107.00	113.50 112.00 112.00 122.00 104.50 107.00	102.50-123.00 104.50-122.50 101.50-123.50 100.00-128.00 114.50-131.00 98.50-114.50 99.00-115.50 110.00-138.00				5 - 5 - 5 -	22 3 19 - - 19	79 25 54 2 6 - 46	372 71 301 24 40 11 184 42	817 122 695 74 28 48 525 20	1092 91 131 52 750	685 1217 52	337 775 65 307 6	513 190 323 54 141 7 33 88	288 64 224 14 82 2 18	143 67 76 21 47 2 1	55 16 39 - 31 8	14 3 11 - 11					
TENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	709 845 2,342	36.0 36.0 36.0 36.0	124.50 125.50 123.00 135.50 121.50	126.00 125.00 122.50 138.50 122.00	115.50-136.00 117.00-131.50 115.50-136.50 115.50-130.00 129.00-143.50 113.00-129.50 114.50-136.50				1 - 1 - 1 -	2 2	11 2 9 1 - 6 2	69 9 60 1 5 31 22	165 23 142 37 1 28 76	88 712 47 10 379		388 1782 251 179 777	174 1046 85 224	850 77 773 54 277 202 224	342 21 321 24 102 18 161	85 6 79 4 8 14 37	26 4 22 - - 9	7 - 7 7 - -			-	
MITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	587	36.5 36.0 37.0 35.5 36.0	121.00 123.00 127.00 129.00 121.00	120.50 122.50 127.50 131.00 119.00	112.00-132.00 110.00-130.50 112.50-132.50 117.50-136.00 121.00-141.00 111.50-129.50 110.50-129.00	-				4 - 2	6 4 2 2	34 11 23 3 4 15	82 42 40 - 7 26 6	338 89 249 48 19 98 70	142 437 56 12	430 100 49 186	351 79 272 64 57 86 58	116 32 84 42 30 11	19 103 25 18	12 8 4 - 3 1	28 5 23 2 4 17	2 1 1 1 -			-	
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	486 2,688 261	36.0 36.5 37.0 36.0 38.0 36.5	112.00 107.50 111.00 118.50 103.50 114.00	113.00 107.50 112.00 118.50 103.00 116.50	96.50-119.00 104.00-121.50 95.50-118.50 105.00-118.50 115.00-127.50 94.00-113.00 107.00-121.50 92.00-103.00		3 - 3 3		2 - 2 - 2	112 7 105 6 - 32 3 64	112 6 106 20 - 24 5	448 32 416 25 13 26 79 273	338 19 319 5 2 36 43 233	630 112 518 45 35 98 155 185	670 106 109 56	61 333 37 75 26	2 2 11	9	6 - 10						-	
MITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS- MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE	2,695 932 1,763 142 818 117 205 481	37.0 36.5 36.5 36.5 38.0 37.0	106.00 113.50 125.50 115.00 96.00 108.00	107.00 116.00 122.00 117.00 97.50 107.50	101.50-123.00 100.00-117.00 104.00-125.50 115.50-147.00 103.00-126.50 85.50-104.50 97.50-116.50 108.50-125.50			10 - 10 - 10 -	37 21 16 - - 6 10	83 38 45 - 23 19 3	63 32 31 4 21 6	162 56 106 - 45 18 42 1	215 88 127 12 67 12 -	312 330 3 112 30 86	44 207 9 40	105 452 36 203 12	139 54 85 - 55 - 30	22 33	1 83 16 52	5			1 - 1 - 1	-		
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS.	221	36.5	142.50	139.50	129.00-154.50	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	9	53	50	26	36	25	20		_	2	_	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1						N	ımber	of wo	rkers	receiv	ring st	raight	-time	weekl	y earn	ings o	f—				
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 60 and under 65	65 4 - 70	70 - 75	\$ 75 - 80	80 - 85	85	90	-	100	\$ 110 - 120	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	ar
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	340	35.5	103.50	\$ 104.00 105.00 88.50		-	Ξ	=	14 14 14	52 52 52	41 41 40	39 27 25	13 10 9	62 53 22	98 92 23	35 35	11 8 1	6 6 1	2 2 -	:	:	=	:	=	:	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING	124 123			104.50 104.00		:	-	:	Ξ	=	11 11	14 14	14 14	43 43	19 18	7	6	2 2	3	5	Ξ	-	:	Ξ	:	
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS, GENERAL MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HOLESALE TRADE FINANCE <sup>1</sup>	1,651 430 1,221 118 720	36.0 35.5 36.5	111.50 115.00 109.00	115.00 112.00 110.00	104.00-126.00 103.00-123.00 104.00-127.50 102.00-119.00 101.00-118.50	-	2 2	4 4	17 17 - -	14 2 12 4 8	55 6 49 4 37	103 22 81 10 68	90 19 71 4 51		405 133 272 36 207	203 89 114 21 54	221 46 175 2 61	62 1 61 -	14 - 14 - 4	5 - 5		2 1 1 -	19 - 19 - 1	2 - 2 - 2	:	
YPISTS, CLASS A	676 230 214	37.0 35.5 36.5 35.5 35.5 35.5	111.00 111.00 112.00 119.00 105.00 107.50	120.00 104.50 105.50	98.50-123.00	-			11 3 8 8 - -	158 16 142 35 7 100	291 84 207 48 - 5 151 3	220	150 877 76 11 42	372 1475 74 18 60 1154		311 812 80 54 44	486 134 352 32 48 2 176 94	365 42 323 57 3 1 106 156	234 32 202 76 9 - 52 65	27 3 24 - 1 - 9 14	9 9	6 2 4 4	1		2 2	
YPISTS, CLASS B	13,863 2,541 11,322 1,222 1,190 612 6,808 1,490	36.5 36.5 36.0 37.0 36.5	98.00 99.50 105.00 104.50 97.50 96.00	98.50 99.00 98.00 102.50 106.00 97.00 95.00 107.00	90.00-106.00 90.50-108.00 94.00-116.50 95.00-115.00 91.00-107.00	=	16 10 6 - 6 -	28	255 94 161 4 - 15 140 2	233 734 25 26 15	273 1662 142 153 71	320 1941 168 110	405 1786 192 147 82	757 2627 225 289 144 1349	1515	644 97 547 129 86 43 122 167	224 33 191 91 4 14 67 15	71 1 70 4 19 - 4	39 3 36 4 - - 29 3	29 - 29 - - - 29						

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond

The mean is computed for each job by totaling the earnings of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The median designates position—half of the employees surveyed receive more than the rate shown; half receive less than the rate shown. The middle range is defined by 2 rates of pay; a fourth of the workers earn less than the lower of these rates and a fourth earn more than

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
Finance, insurance, and real estate.
May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-1a. Office occupations-large establishments-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 ndard)					N	umber	of wo	orkers	rece	iving s	traigh	t-time	week	ly ear	nings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde \$ 70	70 and under	\$ 75 - 80	\$ 80 - 85	85	90	95	100	105	\$ 110 - 120	120	130	140	150	160	-	180	190	-	-	ar
MEN																										
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE	1,433 460 973 229 619	37.0 36.5 36.5	141.50 141.00 142.50	136.50 139.50 139.00	\$ 126.00-154.50 125.00-157.50 126.50-154.00 124.00-158.00 128.00-153.50	-	:	-	:	-	1 1	6 4 2 2 -	7 6 1 -	21 7 14 8 1	146 55 91 32 53	283 93 190 35 122	293 96 197 42 131	56	192 36 156 23 122	122 46 76 17 49	80 29 51 14 31	25 8 17 5 8	34 21 13 12	2 2 2		
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 FINANCE4	863 171 692 107 408	36.0 36.5 36.5	114.50 116.50 123.00	111.00 117.00 121.00	103.50-129.00 99.00-130.00 104.50-129.00 115.50-134.50 103.50-127.00	1	=	-	9 6 3 - 3	29 1 28 1 24	56 14 42 - 26	55 28 27 3 15	94 10 84 10 47	77 23 54 3 40	193 41 152 34 81	145 6 139 24 90	109 12 97 20 54	65 15 50 5 27	22 12 10 3	7 2 5 4	1	-	:	:	=	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS A	100	35.5	104.00	102.00	86.00-116.50	-	-	12	12	6	10	4	15	4	21	2	9	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS B	183 158			103.00			-	-	28 27	23 18	15 12	21 19	9	49 45	10 10	11	17		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, ORDER	119				127.50-153.00		-	_	1	-	-	1	4	2	14	10	19	31	19	5	5	5	3	-	_	
LERKS, PAYROLL	186 122				104.00-150.00		-	-	-	17 17	3	14	15 15	10	38 27	24 17	11	8	12	5	5	15	1	5 2	1	Ĺ
MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 FINANCE4 SERVICES	886	36.0 35.5 36.5 36.5 37.0	91.00 91.00 91.00 99.50 87.50 90.50	89.00 89.50 88.50 94.00 87.00	83.00- 96.50 83.50- 97.50 82.50- 96.00 88.50-108.00 82.50- 92.50	1 3	52	333 90 243 10 76 137	516 155 361 42 226 61	626 209 417 53 208 116	467 142 325 97 147 59	282 100 182 33 63 66	179 100 79 25 28 21	103 24 79 21 17 35	96 34 62 17 12 26	80 7 73 39 4 20	25 6 19 16 3	12 2 10 10								
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A	282 258 186	36.5	150.50	149.50	136.00-165.00 135.00-163.50 133.00-155.50	-	:	-	:	:	Ē	=	1 1 1	2 2 2	15 15 9	29 28 25	38 34 29	56 52 49	54 54 41	25 17 14	28 27 15	12 9 1		9		
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B	564 507 448	36.0	121.00	120.00	113.00-132.00 111.50-130.50 110.50-128.00	-	Ξ	=	=	6 6	14 14 14	25 25 25	26 25 24	40 40 39	148 147 140	144 121 110	87 81 69	50 34 18	10 8 3	7 4	6 2 -	1 -	-	:	=	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE*	378 369 275	36.0	107.00	107.00 106.50 104.50	98.50-116.00	-	=	=	2 2 2	28 28 25	21 20 13	59 59 51	59 58 51	53 52 39	97 96 64	49 44 25	9 9 5	:	:	1 1 -	=	:	:	=		
WOMEN																										
ILLERS, MACHINE (BILLING MACHINE)	101	36.5	110.50	109.50	97.00-122.50	-	- 1-	_	3	5	11	16	5	12	20	14	10	1	4	_	_	_	_	_		
ILLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING MACHINE) NONMANUFACTURING	156 147		99.50				=	7	25 25	26 26	18	11	19 16	2 2	30 30	14	-	=	2	1	1 -	:	-	-	-	

# Table A-1a. Office occupations—large establishments—men and women—Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 ndard)					N					iving s	-				-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under \$ 70	70 and under 75	\$ 75 - 80	-	\$ 85 - 90	90	95	-	105	-	120	130	140	150	160	170	\$ 180 - 190	19C -	-	-	а
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
OOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A	293 239 135	36.0	121.00	122.50	\$ 111.00-132.50 111.50-133.50 106.50-129.50	-	:	=	:	9 9 8	12 12 10	4 2 2	17 14 10	24 16 13	68 50 28	73 63 32	48 36 16	26 26 10	7 7 6	5 4 -	:	:	-	-	:	
OKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, LASS B NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	397 316 180	35.5	109.00	109.50 109.00 105.50	99.50-118.00	-	2 -	2 -	10 6 4	20 15 11	29 24 18	40 37 24	43 36 30	60 54 28	98 81 46	50 41 18	21 19	8 1 1	8 -	3 2 -	3 -	:	:	:	-	
ERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING	1,904 542 1,362 447 182 518 166	36.5 36.5 36.5 37.5 37.0	129.00 130.00 131.50 120.50 131.00	127.00 129.50 128.00 121.50 132.00	116.50-142.50 115.50-143.00 118.00-142.50 119.00-142.50 111.50-130.50 120.00-145.50 124.50-145.00	=			15 11 4 - - 4	30 14 16 - 12	24 5 19 1 4 6	31 12 19 1 3 15	64 22 42 5 13 10 6	71 20 51 4 21 23 1	330 106 224 108 41 58 14	440 120 320 115 54 116 34	354 75 279 87 30 106 51	254 59 195 67 12 77 34	155 44 111 22 2 70 10	72 23 49 22 2 6 14	42 17 25 9 -	13 8 5 4 - 1	6 6	2 2 2	1 1	
ERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	2,884 697 2,187 693 463 688 270	37.0 36.0 36.0 36.5 36.5	106.00 105.50 107.50 101.00 104.50	103.50 104.00 103.50 106.00 100.50 103.00 103.50	96.00-114.50 94.00-115.50 89.00-121.00 93.50-109.00 95.50-113.50	:	8 5 3 - 3	62 11 51 44 7	144 12 132 90 20 17 5	184 33 151 47 43 43	344 89 255 48 63 100 44	451 137 314 66 86 121 37	359 80 279 48 73 111 44	273 73 200 24 63 88 24	532 129 403 143 71 117 50	282 54 228 94 20 62 34	122 49 73 28 11 13	55 16 39 17 3 10 2	48 6 42 30 - 3 1	20 3 17 14 - 3					:	
ERKS, FILE, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	797 135 662 127 495	35.5 35.5 36.0	116.50 109.00 114.50	110.50 116.00 109.00 112.00 107.50	106.00-127.00 96.50-118.00 95.50-136.00	=	:	3 - 3	19 - 19 6 13	55 55 9 46	76 16 57	54 12 42 11 27	110 19 91 9	74 14 60 7 45	226 40 186 25 147	87 25 62 6 48	47 16 31 14 15	26 9 17 12 5	19 19 12 7	1 - 1	:		:	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:	
ERKS, FILE, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	1,998 400 1,598 215 1,164	36.5	96.00 95.00 96.50 107.50 94.50	94.00 95.00 106.50	88.00-102.00 88.00-103.50	4	29 9 20 - 20	72	218 50 168 -	71 229 13	90	38	44	155 22 133 28 86	152 35 117 31 83	79 14 65 39 13	30 2 28 12 9	6 5 -	3 -	:	:	:	:	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS C	180	36.5 35.5 37.0 35.5	86.50 86.00 86.50 83.00 86.00 85.00	85.50 86.00 84.00 85.50	81.00- 90.50 78.50- 88.50 80.50- 90.00	13 7 7	12	37 427 40	31 655 39	57	355 25 330 7 242 17	10	101 16 85 3 57	17 3 14 1 1	47 7 40 4 10	23 2 21 - 16 1	4 - 1 -								:	
ERKS, ORDER MANUFACTURINGNOMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	556 226 330 280	36.0 37.5	100.00 105.00 96.50 94.00	106.50 93.50	93.50-116.00 83.00-108.00	-	40 40 38	19 4 15 13	50 5 45 37	61 25 36 31	77 32 45 43	39 25 14 12	37 14 23 17	78 28 50 48	100 66 34 32	27 17 10 9	13 8 5	9 1 8	3 - 3 -	2 - 2 -	=	::	:	1 -	:	
LERKS, PAYROLL  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCE <sup>4</sup> SERVICES	875 247 628 165 184 145	37.0 36.5 37.5 36.5	123.50 121.00 107.50 121.00	125.00 118.50 108.50 119.00	106.50-137.50 111.50-139.00 105.00-136.50 98.50-119.00 108.50-135.00 104.50-137.50	-		7 - 7 4 3	7 - 7 4 3	30 17 13 7 4	43 23 20 8 -	52 4 48 26 17 2	65 2 63 25 9	52 7 45 13 14 2	173 43 130 42 46 26	150 47 103 30 26 31	111 49 62 3 21	95 23 72 2 32 15	33 8 25 1 2	25 20 5 - -	17 2 15 - 7 4	15 2 13 -				

# Table A-1a. Office occupations-large establishments-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> idard)												nt-time			-						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde: 5	and under	\$ 75 -	80	85	-	95	100	105	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	-	a
							75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	01
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
OMPTOMETER OPERATORS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> RETAIL TRADE SERVICES	169	36.5 36.0 35.5 36.5	120.50 112.50 110.50 107.00	122.50 113.00 111.50 107.50	\$ 101.00-125.00 111.50-132.00 100.00-123.50 96.50-123.50 97.50-118.50 111.50-132.00	- - -	1 -	19 - 19 5 14	41 1 40 10 28	38 5 33 9 20	11	153 5 148 19 122 3	119 2 117 10 89 10	123 11 112 15 77 9	43 313 33	253 38 215 28 101 18	143 34 109 19 41	69 8 61 2 14 15	15 2 13 - 6 7	26 7 19 4 - 1	1	:	:	:	:	
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> RETAIL TRADE FINANCE <sup>4</sup> SERVICES	476 185	36.0 36.5 38.0 35.5 36.0	114.00 120.00 130.00 113.00 118.00	114.00 118.50 131.50 113.50 117.00	108.50-129.00 103.50-124.00 110.00-130.50 117.50-143.00 107.50-120.00 108.50-127.50 113.00-130.50	-	-	8 8	10 10 - - - -	33 19 14 - 14	134 83 51 2 - 46 3	135 39 96 4 14 76	308 87 221 18 10 182 8	77	287 876 134 69	624 135 489 52 35 367 22	467 88 379 99 11 232 27	289 32 257 98 - 147 7	92 12 80 53 - 25	15 8 7 4 - 3	7 5 2 - 2	1 1				
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	768 434 1,852	36.5 36.5 36.5 37.0 36.5	105.50 100.50 99.50 100.50	101.00 106.50 99.50 97.50 100.50 99.00 104.50	96.00-116.50 91.00-109.50 83.00-113.50 93.50-109.00 92.00-107.50	-	10	174 31 143 82 20 36 3	68 307 192 14	324 22 302 34 34 218 12	466 44 422 44 55 293 20	61 87	40 85	472 92 380 63 40 236 22	171 467 151 77	348 98 250 59 14 137 32	86 13 73 26 4 30 9	35 20 15 8 3 -	19 10 9 8 1				-			
FFICE GIRLS	1,800 268 1,532 994	37.0 35.5	90.50	88.00 84.50	79.50-101.00 80.00- 91.00	3		351 63 288 246	29 429	360 54 306 159	268 18 250 150	100 22 78 53	64 27 37 11	36 14 22 15	56 24 32	7 6 1 1	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	=	:	
ECRETARIESS  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  PUBLIC UTILITIESS  HHOLESALE TRADE  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCES  SERVICES  SERVICES	11,544 20,603 4,569 2,058 1,339 9,992	36.0 36.5 35.5 36.0 36.0	139.50 142.00 147.00 144.50 129.00 142.50	137.50 139.00 143.50 139.50 127.50 139.50	124.00-156.00 123.50-154.00 124.50-157.00 129.00-162.50 124.50-159.50 113.50-144.00 125.50-157.50 121.00-149.00	-			18 16 2 - - 2	36 - - 2	273 148 125 5 2 27 65 26			383 706 53	1217 2071 384 224 253 884	1877 3447 704 407 252 1571	5746 2115 3631 739 291 201 1863 537	1811 3074 743 263 171 1540	1277 2333 615 239 117 1158	871 1587	524 1161	391 795 224 131 23	597 179 418 108 80 9 190 31	395 101 294 58 43 2 177	-	
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	364	36.0 36.0 36.5 36.0	175.50 185.00 189.00 190.00	173.00 184.50 187.00 186.00	163.50-195.50 159.00-187.50 169.00-201.00 174.50-200.50 172.50-207.00 163.00-195.00	-	: : : :	:							5 1 4 1 1 2	17 8 9 2 1	66 46 20 4 - 3	97 27 70 17 10 9	194 129 65 14 11	276 157 119 31 46 28		360 148 212 115 54 24	162 49 113 36 44 25	159 38 121 47 56 10	88 33 55 15 27 6	
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	764 325 392	36.0 36.5 36.0 36.0 36.0	157.50 161.00 164.50 179.00 140.00 163.00	158.00 160.00 164.50 184.50 140.50	144.50-174.50 141.50-173.00 146.00-175.50 153.50-175.00 164.00-194.50 130.50-151.50 148.00-177.50 141.00-163.50						3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3		2 - 2	35 16 19 - - 5 14	25 66 2 8 35	99 169 17 9 55 61	16 96	282 697 95 9	1087 261 826 113 32 59 528 94	317 766 167 20 36	232 552	146 412 67 56 7	348 91 257 45 73 -	200 37 163 11 36 1	22	

## Table A-1a. Office occupations—large establishments—men and women—Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 ndard)										_				kły ea							
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under \$ 70	and under 75	75 - 80	\$ 80 - 85	\$ 85 - 90	90	95	100 - 105	105	110	120	130	140	-	160	\$ 170 - 180	180	190	-	-	an
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
SECRETARIES - CONTINUED																										
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	4,181 7,144 1,748 998 240	36.0 36.5 35.5 36.5 36.5	140.50 140.50 145.00 142.50 125.00 140.00	140.00 139.50 143.50 141.50 123.00 139.50	\$ 128.50-151.50 128.50-151.00 128.50-152.00 128.50-152.00 133.00-157.50 127.50-154.50 114.50-134.00 129.50-150.00 122.00-142.00	-					14 6 8 1 - 3 4	44 8 36 2 - 31 3	98 38 60 25 - 15 19	189 38 151 6 41 20 60 24	316 504 98 46 67	760 1269 186 239 55	933 1658 406 140 36	995 1440 338 184 19	531 952 316 166 17	859 322 537 200 66 3 233 35	130	193 69 124 23 60 2 35 4	72 27 45 27 6 2 10	16 6 10 - - 10	1 1	
SECRETARIES, CLASS D MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE SERVICES	4,180 7,740 1,693 3,556	36.0 35.5 36.0 36.0	122.50 126.50 132.50 125.00	123.00 125.00 130.00 124.50	114.00-136.00 111.50-134.00 115.50-137.50 121.00-143.00 114.50-135.50 114.00-137.50	=	:		18 16 2 - 2	31	142	149 141 2	655 283 372 16 188 60	328	867 1497 283 691	933	773 1481 281 750	1255 397 858 293 328 149	242 450	159 17 142 39 72 22	74 2 72 38 6 23	47 47 19 13 5	3 - 3 -	:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	4,073 1,549 2,524 358 1,854	36.0 36.0 37.0	115.00 107.00 115.50	112.00 104.00 112.50	100.00-118.00 103.50-124.00 98.00-115.00 101.00-126.50 97.50-113.00	=	:	-	17 3 14 - 14	54 5 49 2 41	269 58 211 18 159	97	793 315 478 48 355	488 200 288 41 213	385 503 52	64	228 144 84 37 30	81 58 23 14 3	86 57 29 21 1	10 10 - -	3	:	=	:	:	
STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE SERVICES	4,593 767 3,826 587 1,800 1,209	36.5 36.0 36.0 36.5	123.00 121.00 124.00 121.00	125.00 120.00 122.00 121.00	111.50-129.50 116.00-130.00 111.00-129.50 115.50-132.50 111.00-129.50 108.50-125.00	-	:	1 - 1	2 - 2 - 2	11 2 9 1 6 2	9	23 125 20	32 256 30	52	1078 181 440	306	130 507 83	39 284 51	96 18 78 22 18 32	35 6 29 3 14 12	7 2 5 - 4	7 - 7 7 -			-	
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE 4 SERVICES	1,271 339 932 336 308 170	36.5 36.5 37.5 36.5	123.50 120.00 127.00 113.50	122.50 118.50 127.50 113.50	110.50-130.00 111.00-132.00 110.00-129.00 117.00-136.50 108.50-119.50 109.00-125.00	=	:		2	6 4 2 2	30 11 19 3 15	37 15 22 - 9 5	110 18 92 34 28 16	122 32 90 14 37 26	73 283 56	297 88 209 94 40 45	158 46 112 63 17 13	84 23 61 42 11	44 9 35 25 -	9 8 1 - 1	8 5 3 2 -	2 1 1 1 -	6			
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	189	36.0 36.5 37.5 37.5 36.5	111.50 108.50 109.00 100.00	107.50 109.50 100.50 116.50	103.00-123.50 97.00-118.50 93.00-115.00	3	-	2 - 2	25 7 18 6 9 3	6 52 20 24 5	9	138 5 133 5 36 25 65	164 34 130 9 29 46 41	188 32 156 18 31 54 48	289 44 245 49 27 149 8	193 27 166 14 14 104 29	76 15 61 2 1 51	26 10 16 9 1	11 - 11 6 - - 5							
SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	124	37.0	107.50	110.50	100.50-119.00	-	-	8	9	-	9	3	26	4	37	10	16	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	
TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	366 333 187	35.5	103.00	103.50 104.00 88.50	87.00-114.00	-	=	14 14 14	52 52 52	41 41 40	39 27 25	13 10 9	33 27 18	29 26 4	96 90 23	30 30 -	11 8 1	6 6 1	2 2 -	:	-	=	:	:	-	
TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING	122 121			104.00 104.00			Ξ	:	-	11 11	14 14	14 14	27 27	14 14	19 18	7 7	6	2 2	3	5	:	:	:	:	:	

# Table A-1a. Office occupations-large establishments-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings l					N	umber	of wo	rkers	recei	ving s	raigh	t-time	week	ly ear	nings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median 2	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde \$ 70	r 70 and under	5 75 - 80	80 - 85	85	90 -		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	160 - 170	-	-	-	-	-	ar
WOMEN - CONTINUED							.,		- 0,7	,,			103	110		.,,,	.,,	.,,								
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS, GENERAL MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE	124	36.0 35.5	106.50	110.00	\$ \$ 100.50-123.00 95.50-120.00 102.00-123.50 101.50-123.50	2 2 -	4 4 -	4 4 -	10 2 8 8	30 6 24 22	55 12 43 32	71 19 52 32	80 - 80 65	89 13 76 53	186 32 154 119	107 22 85 54	71 6 65 50	20 1 19 15	9 - 9 4	5 - 5 5	:	2 1 1	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	:	
YPISTS, CLASS A	1,191	37.5 35.5 36.5 36.0 35.5		106.00 104.50 99.50 101.00 104.00	95.00-118.00 97.00-116.00 92.00-127.50	-	:	11 3 8 8 - -	158 16 142 35 7 100	288 84 204 48 5 151	708 192 516 112 18 367 8	968 115 853 76 42 713 13	859 155 704 34 30 595 31	689 128 561 20 30 486 23	1044 239 805 38 13 683 63	580 115 465 37 8 351 64	283 72 211 26 2 145 36	154 42 112 25 1 48 38	116 13 103 76 - 8 18	27 3 24 - 9 14	9 9	6 2 4 4	1 1		2 2	
YPISTS, CLASS B	1,522 6,393 463 364	37.5 36.0 37.5 36.0 36.0	96.00 96.00 104.50 91.00	92.00	88.00-103.00 89.00-102.50 92.50-114.00 88.50-96.00 88.50-101.00	6	28 17 - 12	164 68 96 - 15 79 2	154 484 4 15	1224 94 66	286	276	951 165 786 83 22 598 75	595 101 494 28 8 366 85	605 136 469 104 17 295 42	184 67 117 26 3 63 23	86 13 73 26 - 38 9	13 1 12 4 - 4	10 3 7 4 -							

Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
Finance, insurance, and real estate.

May include workers other than those presented separately.

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

				Weekly (star	earnings 1 ndard)					N	lumbe	r of w	orker	s rece	iving s	straigh	ht-tim	e weel	kly ea	rnings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde: \$ 70	70 and under	-	80	85	90	95	100	105	\$ 110 - 120	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	aı
MEN																										
BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A	100	37.0	\$ 127.00	\$ 124.50	\$ 120.50-130.00	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	3	20	53	4	-	18	1	_	1	-	-	_	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING	544	35.5 36.0 36.0 35.5 36.5	144.50 148.00 160.50 159.50 144.00	138.50 144.00 165.00 148.50 142.50	129.00-163.00 128.50-161.00 129.50-164.00 138.00-185.50 140.50-172.00 130.50-154.50 118.50-133.50	-					1 1	13 3 10 2 - - 5	17 6 11 - - 1 4	21 7 14 8 - 1 3	183 47 136 32 4 43 48	351 88 263 35 34 120 59	439 145 294 46 18 156 63	313 29 284 37 74 144 23	273 75 198 39 31 122 2	180 49 131 68 8 47	203 43 160 75 12 61 2	55 8 47 35 3 8 1	82 21 61 45 1	61 20 41 17 24	23 1 22 15 6 -	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	1,803 193 1,610 469 337 137 534 133	35.5 36.5 35.5 36.5 36.0 37.0	113.50 120.50 122.50 128.00 108.00 119.50	111.00 122.00 127.50 133.00 104.50 121.00	104.50-136.00 101.00-119.00 105.00-137.00 109.00-144.00 112.00-145.00 99.50-121.00 105.50-136.00 106.00-118.50	1 -		7 - 7	60 6 54 51 - 3	59 1 58 35 2 6 15	56 14 42 - 6 11 20 5	107 23 84 3 37 19 15	177 20 157 26 4 35 77 15	113 26 87 3 9 7 51	326 60 266 50 60 20 75 61	249 3 246 93 13 29 90 21	263 11 252 89 67 9 84	196 15 181 36 78 1 65	156 11 145 79 28 - 38	32 2 30 4 26 -	1 1					
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING	159 146			117.50 115.50		=	-	12 12	12	6	10 10	4 3	17 16	4	21 21	2 2	38 27	2 2	28 28	3	- :	Ξ	-	-	- :	
NONMANUFACTURING	293 274			101.50 101.00	93.50-108.50 93.00-108.00	-	-	2 2	28 27	19 18	35 34	50 48	45 45	56 52	10 10	31 28	17 10	-	=	- 1	-		- :	-	Ξ	
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS C	138 109	36.0 36.0	91.00 87.50		82.00- 99.50 82.00- 93.50	-	:	11 6	54 54	17 16	10	13 13	12	3	15 10	1 -	-	1_	Ξ	1 -	Ξ	-	-	-	Ξ	
CLERKS, ORDER	521 438 422	37.5	143.50	140.50	119.50-159.00 125.00-160.50 125.00-161.00	-	:	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	12 11 11	14 - -	13 11 11	96 75 75	83 74 60	46 45 43	70 47 47	64 64	43 41 41	2 2 2	34 24 24	22 22 22	22 22 22	=	
CLERKS, PAYROLL	324 107 217	37.0	152.00	147.00	110.00-151.50 123.00-187.00 107.50-144.50	-	:	=	=	17 - 17	3	14 6 8	15 - 15	32 - 32	42 5 37	49 20 29	24 15 9	45 10 35	12 2 10	19 2 17	4 3 1	39 34 5	1	5 3 2	1	
KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING	191 169		102.50 100.50		88.00-121.50 88.00-120.50	-	:	2 2	-	73 73	21 20	Ξ	14 10	3	21 17	52 40	4	1 -	Ξ	-	Ξ	-	-	- 1	:	
OFFICE BOYS	1,461	35.5 36.5 36.5 35.5 36.0	91.50 91.00 91.50 98.00 95.00 89.00 89.00	89.00 89.50 93.00 98.50 88.50 88.00	83.00- 99.00 83.50- 99.00 82.50- 99.00 85.50-107.50 87.50-105.00 82.50-100.50 83.00- 94.50 79.50- 97.00	1 62 - 18 1 2	21 152 51 4 78		599 94 26 32 294	355 709 68 66 17	731 208 523 115 52 20 249 87	312 34 66 4	162	245 42 203 21 79 4 34 65	277 100 177 33 36 - 68 40	148 14 134 50 21 - 34 29	59 26 33 26 - 4 3	12 2 10 10 -								
SECRETARIES	174 137				147.00-192.00 147.00-185.00	-	-	2	-	1 -	-	-	-	-	3 2	16 11	11 10	30 29	8 7	36 34	1	11 10	45 30	3 2	2	
TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE	319 305 227	36.0	150.00	149.00	133.00-169.00 132.50-168.50 129.50-158.00	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1 1 1	2 2 2	15 15 9	50 50 47	38 34 29	58 54 49	54 54 41	24 21 14	46 46 34	9 9	11	11 9 -	=	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> idard)					1	Vumbe	r of w	orker	s rece	eiving	straig	ht-tin	ne wee	kly ea	rnings	s of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under \$ 70	70 and under	75 - 80	80	85	90	95	100	-	\$ 110 - 120	120	130	140	150	160	170	-	190	200	-	a
MEN - CONTINUED																										
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	709 631 511	36.0	122.00	121.00	\$ \$ 112.50-135.00 111.00-134.00 109.00-129.00	-	=	=	=	6 6	33 33 33	25 25 25	26 25 24	55 55 50	162 152 135	142	100 78 66	100 84 47	27 25 3	6 4 -	4 2 -	=	=	-	=	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS C	384 369 275	36.0	107.00	107.00 106.50 104.50	98.50-116.00	-	-	-	2 2 2	28 28 25	21 20 13	59 59 51	59 58 51	52 52 39	104 96 64	49 44 25	9 9 5	:	=	1	:	:	-	=	-	
PISTS, CLASS A	139 127				103.50-146.00 103.00-146.00			=	-	1	4	1	43 43	2 2	5 2	42 38	5	9	9	-	-	18 18	=	Ξ	-	
PISTS, CLASS B NDNMANUFACTURING	275 234			108.50 107.50				-	-	Ξ	55 55	18 18	36 36	42 18	87 72	35 35	1 -	1_	Ξ	-	-		-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
LLERS, MACHINE (BILLING ACHINE) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HOLESALE TRADE	875 239 636 463	37.0 36.0	119.00 124.00	118.00	115.00-133.50 113.50-128.00 116.00-136.50 121.00-140.00	_	:	16 - 16	3 - 3 1	5 1 4 1	11 3 8 4	14 3 11 2	26 10 16 14	34 4 30 23	254 126 128 58	48	159 33 126 106	89 6 83 83	42 5 37 33	=	:	:	-		=	
LLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING ACHINE) NONMANUFACTURING SERVICES	344 260 111	36.0	105.00	112.50 111.00 117.00	92.50-119.50	-	=	6	25 25 6	26 26 8	31 18 6	34 19 13	29 26 10	2 2 -	78 78 25	83 60 43	26	:	2 -	1 -	1 -	:	-	-	=	
OOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING WINDMANUFACTURING WHOLESALE TRADE KETAIL TRADE FINANCE	1,132 245 887 437 108 240	36.0 36.0 36.0 38.0	129.00 128.00 132.50 120.50	132.00 129.00 136.00 122.00	119.00-139.00 125.00-135.00 118.00-139.50 122.00-144.50 112.50-135.50 114.00-132.00	=	:			1 - 1 - 1 -	6 - 2 4	2 - 2 - 2	15 3 12 - 4 8	65 5 60 32 17	211 31 180 63 27 86	41	323 111 212 104 25 62	131 42 89 47 1	117 6 111 102 2 6	10 6 4 -						
OOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B	1,096 247 849 294 361 101	36.0 36.5 37.5 35.0	119.00 118.50 123.50 118.00	119.00 119.50 125.00 118.50	108.50-129.50 108.50-126.50 109.00-130.00 118.00-131.50 105.00-130.00 106.50-131.00	=			4 - 4 - 2 2	23 3 20 - 9 1	52 16 36 14 13	66 15 51 - 24 12	67 20 47 - 44	84 12 72 5 28 27	275 68 207 91 74 27	263 60 203 102 78 4	114 19 95 29 45	116 17 99 53 31 15	21 8 13 -	8 6 2 - -	3 3	:	-			
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING	1,206 2,467 487 545 290	36.0 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	134.50 134.50 133.00 138.00 125.50 137.00	135.00 135.00 129.00 137.50 128.00 138.00	122.50-148.00 122.50-148.00 122.50-148.50 120.00-144.00 124.00-156.00 117.00-136.00 126.00-153.00	-			7 3 4 4 -	16 - 4 - 12	17 3 14 1 8 1 4	40 9 31 1 14 3 9	112 66 46 5 8 15 8	70 18 52 4 2 24 18	144 310 108 28 48	244 519 134	843 242 601 89 115 104 173 120	540 229 311 66 54 21 72 98	474 118 356 22 78 2 180 74	195 71 124 25 67 2 12 18	103 48 55 9 31 -	25 5 20 19 - - 1	11 6 5 2 3 -	2 2 2	1	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

				Weekly (stan	dard)										eiving											
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde: \$ 70	70 and under	75 -	-	85 -	90	95	100	105	\$ 110 - 120	-	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	-	а
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	1,117 3,848 815 992	36.5 36.0 36.0 36.0 36.0 35.5	110.50 110.00 109.50 115.00 101.50 109.50	111.50 109.50 111.50 115.50 101.00 109.50	\$ 98.00-122.00 100.50-120.00 97.50-122.50 91.00-126.00 102.00-129.50 93.50-109.50 98.00-120.50 100.50-120.50	=	5 5	31	191 8 183 118 23 29 7 6	215 34 181 51 15 61 33 21	412 73 339 64 37 90 88 60	147 489 73	575 97 478 37 136 101 91	377 115 262 10 59 81 81	1135 354 781 176 189 80 199 137	153 626 136 175 53	260 55 205 28 102 15 31 29	269 71 198 48 115 3 16	54 1 53 30 19 - 3	18 1 17 14 - - 3	5 5					
ERKS, FILE, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE	1,161 204 957 126 667	35.5 35.5 36.0	116.00 112.50 117.00	114.00 111.50 114.00	102.00-123.00 105.00-127.50 101.00-122.00 97.50-139.00 101.00-121.00	-	:	3 - 3	19 19 6 13	52 52 6 46	69 69 15 51	74 12 62 9 25	189 39 150 9 118	125 36 89 6 45	268 39 229 25 180	209 46 163 7 129	58 24 34 14 15	62 8 54 17 34	32 32 12 7	1 - 1	-	:	-	:		
LERKS, FILE, CLASS B	545 2,847 267 378	36.0	108.50	95.00 97.50 107.00 105.50 96.00	91.00-103.50 90.00-107.50 96.00-121.00 93.50-119.50	4	29 9 20 - - 20	81 2 79 - 61 18	350 43 307 - 5 246	50 315 17 64	646 175 471 42 36 298 54	81	71 283 17 20	369 41 328 48 40 200 19	368 56 312 33 66 171 7	148 13 135 39 47 37 12	82 2 80 25 38 17	8 8 8 - -	3 - 3	2 2						
ERKS, FILE, CLASS C	465 4,091 519 403 209	36.0 36.5 36.0 35.5 36.0 37.0 35.5 36.0	87.00 85.50 87.50 89.50 95.00 82.50 85.50 91.00	84.00 87.00 88.00 97.00 84.00 86.00		18 29 - 10 19	36	739 86 653 21 10 37 558 27	140 805 106 73 38	1070 25 1045 156 50 61 706 72	653 83 570 70 55 18 381 46	343 23 320 59 11 10 222 18	287 20 267 22 101 3 108 33	55 28 27 13 12 1	156 18 138 21 70 4 10 33	27 2 25 3  16	19 19 15 3									
ERKS, ORDER	2,248 938 1,310 998 236	36.5 36.5 36.5	103.00 110.00 113.00	109.50		-	31 31 2 29	13 13 -	23 2 21 2 19	129 84 45 27 18	213 77 136 91 25	84	360 192 168 146 22	272 41 231 180 31		234 96 138 107 28	117	36 36 31	67 67 67	1 1 1	=	:	:	1	-	
LERKS, PAYROLL  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  PUBLIC UTILITIES  WHOLESALE TRADE  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCE  SERVICES  SERVICES	1,694 531 1,163 107 177 175 432 272	36.5 36.0 37.0 35.5 37.0 35.5	127.00 128.00 139.00 128.00 114.50 131.00	129.00 126.50 138.00 120.00 115.00 131.00	114.00-143.00 114.50-141.50 113.50-144.50 120.50-159.00 116.50-143.50 101.00-127.00 114.50-149.50 113.50-145.00			4 - 4	4 - 4	28 15 13 4 - 3 4 2	21 6 15 - 3 - 12	79 12 67 7 - 26 32 2	98 32 66 5 2 20 17 22	80 38 42 3 14 9 14 2	297 66 231 7 76 38 61 49	316 112 204 15 13 41 71 64	265 104 161 19 15 7 77 43	223 57 166 12 37 11 51	123 65 58 10 13 1 17	121 21 100 4 7 8 81	17 2 15 4 - 7 4	18 1 17 17 -				
MPTOMETER OPERATORS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES HHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE SERVICES	1,956 252 1,704 274 360 696 219	36.0 36.0 36.0 35.5 36.5	120.50 115.00 109.50 118.50 108.50	123.00 115.00 109.50 123.50 109.50	105.50-130.00 112.50-131.00 104.00-129.50 99.50-120.50 108.50-132.50 99.00-119.00 115.50-137.50	:		19 - 19 5 - 14	41 40 10 2 28	34 2 32 9 4	62 13 4 45	184 4 180 35 56 86 3	119 2 117 24 7 76 10	217 29 188 45 25 94	467 73 394 63 65 174 64	326 69 257 40 37 93 45	373 63 310 24 153 40 65	75 7 68 2 2 21 15	19 1 18 - 5 6 7	19 - 19 4 - - 1	1 1					

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> idard)					Ī	Numbe							ne wee								
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of	Average				Under	70	75	80	85	90			105									190	200	210	1
sex, occupation, and industry division	workers	weekly hours l	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$	and	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
		(standard)				70	under 75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	)
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
YPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	4,927	36.0	\$ 118.00	\$ 118.00	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	_	-	-	31	119	150	191	450	492	1375	962	700	329	97	23	4	4	_	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	1,101	35.5	112.00	113.50	104.00-120.00		-	-	10	67	64	40	123	123	402	171	63	28	-	8	2	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	3,826				109.50-131.00		-	-	21	52	86	151	327	369	973		637	301	97	15	2	4	-	-	-	•
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	510				116.50-140.50		-	-	-	-	8	20	28	11	132	82	98	73	53	4	-	1	-	-	-	•
WHOLESALE TRADE	424				123.00-136.00		-	-	-	-	5	-	26	21	27	178	111	37	10	6	-	3	-	-	-	•
RETAIL TRADE	225				106.00-120.00		-	-	-	-	8	30	9	46	76	34	16	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
FINANCE4	2,383				107.50-128.50		-	-		52	44	101		280	661		356	147	25	3	2	-	-	-	_	•
SERVICES	284	35.5	119.50	120.50	111.50-134.00	-	-	-	21	-	21	-	8	11	77	41	56	40	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	
YPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B				103.00			16	147	400	663	731		691	605	1226		248	87	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	845				103.00-118.00			1	2	19	71	56	109	112	298	110	40	11	16	-	-	-	-	-	_	,
NONMANUFACTURING	5,406			101.00			16	146	398	644	660	696	582	493	928	518	208	76	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	,
PUBLIC UTILITIES3				104.00			16	78	171	53	43	63	44	63	244	59	56	23		-	-	-	_	_	_	ľ
WHOLESALE TRADE	633			106.00			-	17	30 14	11	97 58	87	118	64 57	113	65 29	40	16	32	_	_	_	_	_		ì
RETAIL TRADEFINANCE	2,722			99.00			- 2	36	144	62 414	427	435	280	278	359	289	60	-	1			_	_	-	_	
SERVICES	623			106.50			-	15	39	104	35	64	46	31	135	76	44	34	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	
														1				٠,								
FICE GIRLS		35.5	86.50				127	386	468	344	306	98	76	37	55	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	٠
MANUFACTURING	232	36.0	90.00				14	60	17	29	28	12	33	9	23	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
FINANCE 4		35.5	86.00				113	326 267	451 272	315 159	278	86	43	28	32	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
SERVICES	110	36.0	91.50				108	16	21	15	162	53	11	21	12	1	-		-	-		-			_	_
							,	10		1,	22	,	12	1	12		7.7									
CRETARIES 5					126.50-155.50		-	-	15	49	244							8066					704			
MANUFACTURING					126.00-155.00		-	-	15	8	73	96						2401					187	125		
NONMANUFACTURING					126.50-156.00		-	-	-	41	171	236	534					5665					517			
PUBLIC UTILITIES3					130.00-161.50		-	-	-	-	5	6	41	52				996			480	245	122			
WHOLESALE TRADE	5,928				129.50-157.00		-	-	-	-	20	40	22	136		802		832			297	266	106	74		ŀ
RETAIL TRADE	1,800				117.50-147.00		-	_	-	2	34	9	109	80				247			78	29	13	2		•
FINANCE4SERVICES					127.00-156.00		-	-	-	24 15	38 74	129	282 80	484 231	1247	2633	3155	2666	1819	1402			238	205 92		
25K41752	3,411	33.5	138.00	134.50	122.50-149.50			_	_	15	14	52	80	231	111	1 348	1028	924	441	419	287	124	38	92	19	,
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	3,332				154.50-189.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	170		252			578	464	199			
MANUFACTURING	1,352				154.00-183.50		-	-	-	-		-	-	-		77	86	111	205		233	226	80	75		
NONMANUFACTURING	1,980				156.00-197.50		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	93	101	141	167		345	238	119			
WHOLESALE TRADE					172.50-200.00		-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	1	2	6	17	19	39	62	108	35			
RETAIL TRADE					154.00-178.50		_	-		_	_	_	_	- 1	-	32	35	15	72 23	76	16	34	4	14	19	
FINANCE 4					159.00-200.50			_		_		_	_	- 1	39	57	9	21 43	39	25 98	154	14 54	11	69		
SERVICES					146.00-201.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	48	45	14	29	73	28	25	47	19	
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	11.415	36.0	156-00	155.50	141.50-170.00	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2	27	174	878	1401	1811	2151	2031	1300	731	352	264	161	
MANUFACTURING	2,628				141.50-168.00		_	-	-	_	_	-	_	8	36			340				131	61	24	4	-
NONMANUFACTURING	8,787				141.50-170.50		-	-	-	_	_	-	2	19	138			1471				600	291			
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	1,050				152.50-175.50		-	-	-	-	_	_	_		4	29		147			271	94	60	11	4	
WHOLESALE TRADE					146.50-182.00		_	-	-	-	-	_	2	-	31		103				113	133	90		45	š
RETAIL TRADE					132.00-157.00		-	-	-	_	-	_	_	5	31	63	114	109	66	62	34	13	-	i	'-	Ĺ
FINANCE 4	4,805				140.50-167.50		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	22			793				283	133		108	3
SERVICES	1,256				140.00-167.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		50			294				77	8	45	-	
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	14.690	35.5	139.00	138.00	127.50-150.00	-	_	_	_	15	27	56	117	347	1188	2785	3382	3089	1731	1003	633	203	78	19	9	,
MANUFACTURING					130.00-150.50		-	_	-	-	5	-	14	20	275	760	1029	1070	529	293	170	61	30	6	9	
NONMANUFACTURING	10,412				126.50-150.00		-	-	-	15	22	56	103	327				2019		710	463	142	48	13	_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3					132.50-157.00		-	-	-	-	1	2	25	5				359		214	109	23	27	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,889	35.5	144.00	143.00	130.50-157.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	52	92			305		182		73	9	3	-	
RETAIL TRADE	267	36.5	126.00	127.00	115.50-137.00	-	-	-	-	-	13	_	12	14	65	47			17	3	1	2	2	-	_	
FINANCE4		36.0	137.00	136.00	126.50-146.50	-	-	-	-	-	4	31	46	157	386			1104		227	170	35	10	10	-	
SERVICES					120.50-139.50					15		18	20	99				222	46	84	55	9				

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> idard)					I	Numbe	r of w	orker	s rec	eiving	straig	ght-tin	ne wee	ekly ea	rnings	s of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division $ \\$	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median 2	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under	70 and under 75	75 - 80	80 - 85	-	90 - 95	-	100	-	-	120	130	140	150	-	170	\$ 180 - 190	-	-	-	ar
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
SECRETARIES 5 - CONTINUED																										
SECRETARIES, CLASS D MANUFACTURING NDNMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3 WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE SERVICES	5,301	35.0 35.5 36.0 35.5 36.0 36.0	126.50 130.00 133.50 134.00 123.00 127.50	127.00 129.50 133.00 135.00 123.00 127.50	\$ 118.50-140.50 117.00-138.50 119.00-141.00 122.00-144.00 123.00-146.00 111.50-136.50 117.00-138.00 119.00-141.50	-			15 15 - - - -	34 8 26 - 2 24	217 68 149 4 20 21 34 70	258 96 162 4 17 9 98 34	213	247	992 2091 313 397 188 792	1336 3118 621 392 178 1274	1130 2885 390 650 184 1160	770 1882 473 380 84	1519 356 1163 263 378 37 269 216	369 58 311 41 46 13 122 89	118 8 110 38 40 3 6 23	69 20 26 - 13 10	15 4 11 - 3 - 3 5	111111111		
STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	6,047 1,416 4,631 330 1,116 169 2,493 523	35.5 35.5 37.0 36.0 36.5 35.0	116.50 113.50 116.50 123.50 108.00 108.00	114.00 112.50 114.00 122.50 104.50 107.50	103.00-124.00 105.00-124.50 101.50-124.00 99.50-130.50 115.00-131.50 98.50-114.00 99.00-115.50 110.00-138.00				12 2 10 - - 10	33 2 6 - 25	299 33 266 21 40 10 153 42	726 51 675 66 28 48 513 20	263 504 32 51 30	178	1173 39 296 36	205 761 52 307 5	143 320 52 141 6 33	51 223 13 82 2 18	47	55 16 39 - 31 8 -	14 3 11  11					
TENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	6,766 588 6,178 649 815 2,249 2,384	35.5 36.0 36.0 36.0	126.50 125.50 123.00 135.50 122.00	127.00 125.00 122.50 138.50 122.50	116.00-136.50 120.50-132.00 115.50-136.50 115.50-129.50 129.00-143.50 113.50-130.00 114.50-136.50	=		1 - 1	2 2	5 1 - 2 2	61 1 60 1 5 31 22	140 3 137 34 1 26 76	281 22 259 29 2 129 96	11	1344 180 37 514	274 1737 236 169	93 1038 83 218 331	55 747 36 271	14 318 23	81 6 75 4 4 14 37	26 4 22 - - 9	7 7 7			-	
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	2,028 414 1,614 342 196 708 308	36.0 36.0 37.0 35.5 36.0	123.00 123.50 126.50 130.00 121.50	121.50 123.00 127.50 131.50 120.00	113.50-132.50 115.50-131.00 113.00-132.50 117.50-136.00 121.50-141.00 112.00-129.50 110.50-128.50	:			2	5 3 2 2	25 6 19 3 2 13	39 4 35 - 7 22 5	174 46 128 34 10 45 31	120 20 100 14 9 33 38	540 109 431 56 11 243 91	116 420 100 46	56 269 64 56	105 21 84 42 30 11		12 8 4 - 3 1	28 5 23 2 4 17	1 1	6			
MITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE SERVICES	2,923 429 2,494 215 257 264 842 916	35.5 36.0 36.5 36.0 38.0	113.50 108.00 110.50 119.00 104.00 114.50	113.50 107.50 112.00 119.00 103.50 116.50	97.00-119.00 105.00-123.00 95.50-118.50 102.50-118.50 115.50-128.00 94.50-113.50 107.50-122.50 92.00-103.50	3 - 3 -			95 3 92 6 - 32 - 54	91 2 89 19 - 8 5	432 28 404 21 13 26 79 265	302 7 295 4 2 24 32 233	316 69 247 8 22 60 40 117	259 26 233 23 7 29 107 67	772 172 600 91 105 36 324 44	57 317 28 75 19	56 143 2 2 11	59 50 7 31 6 1 5	21 - 21 6 - 10 - 5							
WITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS- MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 WHOLESALE TRADE SERVICES	2,081 693 1,388 138 647 430	36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	107.00 117.50 125.50 119.00	108.00 119.00 122.00 120.00	105.00-125.00 101.00-118.50 109.00-127.00 115.50-147.00 112.00-128.50 108.00-126.00	:	:	31 21 10 - 10	40 17 23 - 23	24 20 4 4 -	96 51 45 - 22	106 39 67 12 7 36	233 152 81 - 39 17	229 78 151 3 32 74	520 161 359 44 202 83	104 419 32 182	44 85	61 6 55 22 33	83 16 52	5 5			1		-	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,	198	36.0	140.00	136.50	128.50-152.50	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	52	50	25	36	7	20	_	_		_	
ABULATING-MACHINE DPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING	251 249	35.5	108.00	111.00	94.50-118.00 94.50-117.50	:	:	5	30 30	14 14	15 15	5	19 19	22	88 88	35	10	6	2 2	-	-	:	-	:	-	

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup>						Numb	er of v	worker	rs rec	eiving	straig	ht-tim	ne wee	kly ea	rnings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde \$ 70	70 and under		\$ 80 - 85	\$ 85 - 90	\$ 90 - 95	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 160 - 170	170	180	-	-	-	and
HOMEN - CONTINUED  TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,  CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING	123 123				\$ \$ 97.00-114.50 97.00-114.50		:	-	1	11 11	14 14	14 14	27 27	16 16	18 18	7 7	6	2 2	3 3	5	=	=	Ξ	:	:	
TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS, GENERAL	355	35.5 35.5	114.50	117.00	106.00-127.00 109.50-125.00 105.50-129.00 102.50-118.50	-		15 15 -	8 - 8 8	34 4 30 22	70 10 60 53	87 17 70 51	123 14 109 84	32 232	130 269	199 86 113 54	221 46 175 61	61 61 15	14 - 14 4	5 - 5 5	-	2 1 1 1	19 - 19 1	2 2 2	-	
TYPISTS, CLASS A	6,951 853 6,098 619 224 214 3,994	35.5 35.5 36.5 35.5 35.5 35.5	117.50 111.00 113.00 119.00 105.00 108.00	109.00 106.00 120.00 104.50 105.50	107.00-127.00 98.50-122.00 93.00-131.00 112.00-130.50 97.00-118.00	-		5 3 2 2	143 4 139 32 - 7 100	242 36 206 47 - 5 151	607 30 577 115 11 27 400	902 35 867 74 9 42 707	821 70 751 32 14 30 601 74	85 676 36 2	1196 50 75	1050 265 785 71 53 44 418 199	438 88 350 31 47 2 176 94	349 26 323 57 3 1 106 156	223 25 198 72 9 - 52 65	26 2 24 - 1 - 9	99-	6 2 4 4	1 1		2 2	
TYPISTS, CLASS B	11,961 1,381 10,580 1,197 1,186 570 6,159 1,468	36.0 36.0 36.0 36.5 36.0 37.0 36.0	100.50 101.00 100.50 105.00 104.50 99.00 97.00	99.50 102.00 99.00 102.50 106.00 98.00 95.50	91.50-109.00 95.00-109.00 91.50-109.00 94.00-116.50 95.50-115.00 92.00-107.50	6 6	16 10 6 - 2 3 1	170 62 108 4 - 10 92 2	66 539 25 22 6	96 1454 138 153 66	111 1831 160 110 154 1340	1940 207 1733 190 147 79 1168	1745 326 1419 170 134 78 764	1309 196 1113 54 155 65 492	1705 196 1509 232 354 53	616 71 545 128 86 42 122 167	219 31 188 88 4 14 67 15	70 -70 4 19 -4 43	39 3 36 4 - - 29 3	29 - 29 - - - 29 -						

Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-1c. Office occupations-manufacturing-Nassau-Suffolk Counties-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Nassau-Suffolk Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings <sup>1</sup> dard)					Nu	umber	of wo	orkers	recei	ving s	traigh	t-time	e week	ly ear	nings	of—					
Sex and occupation	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 60 and under 65	65 - 70	70 - 75	75	80 - 85	85 - 90	90	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 160 - 170	170	-	-	-	
MEN			\$	\$	\$ \$																					
OFFICE BOYS	57	39.0	89.50	91.50	84.50- 94.00	-	-	-	-	16	6	27	1	3	4	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	280	39.0	117.00	120.50	104.00-129.50	-	-	-	-	8	14	2	32	18	1	61	78	41	22	1	2	-	_	-	-	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	265	39.0	103.50	102.50	94.00-114.50	-	-	-	8	4	20	42	44	29	25	53	24	11	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS B	77	39.0	94.50	92.50	85.00-107.50	-	-	-	-	19	11	18	3	-	14	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS C	63	37.5	81.50	87.50	72.00- 92.50	4	6	16	4	-	4	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CLERKS, PAYROLL	89	38.5	113.00	118.00	94.00-124.50	-	-	-	-	-	12	13	1	10	-	14	23	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	220	38.0	103.00	101.50	93.50-112.50	-	-	4	8	10	4	42	27	50	10	39	13	2	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	
CEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	184	37.0	90.50	91.50	81.50- 98.00	-	-	10	30	19	26	26	45	15	1	6	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SECRETARIES3	2,344	39.5	127.00	126.00	112.50-140.50	-	-	-	-	1	21	73	57	174	164	441	427	382	241	175	103	43	15	2	15	
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	148	39.5	163.00	163.50	152.00-175.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	15	39	38	14	11	-	9	
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	367	39.5	140.00	138.00	131.00-149.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	63	127	79	44	25	5	4	2	6	
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	686	39.5	131.00	128.00	120.50-141.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	22	13	115	223	114	105	24	40	24	-	-	-	
SECRETARIES, CLASS D	1,143	40.0	115.50	114.50	104.50-128.50	-	-	-	-	1	21	72	52	152	151	302	141	141	42	68	-	-	-	-	-	
STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	173	39.0	101.50	101.00	94.50-108.00	-	-	-	-	1	21	23	34	40	18	25	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	131	39.0	114.00	116.50	99.50-126.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	31	11	8	28	24	18	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	
WITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	173	39.0	102.00	105.50	96.00-115.50	-	-	-	-	21	12	5	26	19	36	50	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TYPISTS, CLASS B	769	39.5	91.00	91.50	85.00- 98.00	2	4	18	30	140	140	154	147	61	33	32	7	_	1	_	_	-	_	_	_	

<sup>1</sup> Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

2 For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

3 May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-1d. Office occupations-manufacturing-Westchester-Rockland Counties-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Westchester-Rockland Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

				Weekly (stan	earnings 1 dard)					N	umber	of wo	orkers	recei	ving s	traigh	t-time	weekl	y ear	nings	of—					
Sex and occupation	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median 2	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Unde \$ 80	0.0	85	90	95	100 - 105	105	-	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	-	210 - 220	220	-	ar
MEN																										
OFFICE BOYS	63	36.0	\$ 89.50	\$ 88.50	\$ 84.00- 94.00	4	16	18	12	2	6	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	108	37.0	134.00	129.00	121.00-144.50	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	17	34	16	17	6	3	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	149	36.5	110.50	107.00	98.00-122.50	-	-	11	9	31	18	15	24	16	14	9	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS B	70	37.5	97.00	94.50	88.00-105.50	-	8	17	12	7	9	4	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	197	36.0	113.50	114.00	101.50-125.00	-	-	3	36	7	13	20	46	41	23	4	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	222	37.5	101.00	100.50	84.50-111.50	-	62	9	17	21	22	26	46	8	1	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ECRETARIES 3	1,811	37.0	143.50	140.50	124.50-159.00	-	-	2	8	35	30	69	208	233	307	270	222	151	97	79	38	14	16	14	5	
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	129	37.0	182.00	185.00	140.00-217.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	31	10	7	5	7	13	7	6	14	9	5	
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	374	36.5	164.00	167.50	152.00-180.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	18	23	26	62	60	72	52	30	8	2	5	-	
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	721	36.5	144.00	144.00	134.00-155.50	-	-	-	-	3	2	5	32	86	148	192	136	84	18	14	1	-	-	-	-	
SECRETARIES, CLASS D	587	37.0	121.00	120.00	111.50-132.00	-	-	2	8	32	28	56	168	127	105	42	17	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	665	36.0	114.50	115.00	106.00-121.50	-	-	4	15	37	91	81	249	129	43	9	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	in I
ENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	376	37.0	122.00	124.50	112.00-131.50	-	-	2	8	18	12	41	74	114	78	22	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,
ITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	66	39.5	105.00	103.00	98.50-110.50	-	-	-	-	23	17	10	8	1	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,
YPISTS, CLASS A	200	37.0	115.00	114.00	105.00-126.00	-	4	2	21	9	13	28	56	29	21	9	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
YPISTS, CLASS B	391	37.0	100.50	101.50	93.00-108.50	2	27	37	55	51	85	56	57	19	2	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

<sup>2</sup> For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

<sup>3</sup> May include workers other than those presented separately.

## Table A-1e. Office occupations-central offices-5 Boroughs-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in central offices, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 idard)					1	Numbe	er of w	vorker	s rece	iving	straig	ht-tin	ne wee	kly ea	rnings	of—					
	Number	Average		,,,,,,		<b>5</b> 70	<b>\$</b> 75	\$ 80	<b>\$</b>	90	\$ 95	\$ 100						130	\$ 140					190	200	\$ 21
Sex and occupation	of workers	weekly hours 1	Mean 2	Median 2	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	and	-	_	-	-	-	100	-	-	113	120	123	130	140	150	100	-	100	170	200	
		(standard)				under 75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115	120	125	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	ane
MEN																										
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	299	35.5	\$ 134.50	\$ 130.00	\$ 120.50-145.00	-	-	_	-	-	6	12	7	25	20	45	36	58	18	26	26	5	-	15	-	
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	157	35.5	106.50	106.00	99.50-115.50	-	-	-	-	12	30	33	21	18	31	5	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FFICE BOYS	989	35.5	91.00	88.50	82.50- 98.00	17	104	252	165	167	67	98	14	49	10	15	7	20	4	_	-	-	-	-	-	
WOMEN												25	27	22		70								-		
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	739	1.3			120.00-147.00	-	-			11	6	35	27	32	64	79	54	177	99	55	35	48	5	5	-	
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	843				98.00-118.50	-	-	6	45	82	125	104	95	131	67	73	36	33	45	1	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS A	190	35.5		100	105.50-130.00	-	-	-	-	-	11	36	13	27	28	16	12	34	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS B	527	35.5	97.50	95.50	88.00-105.00	-	-	96	61	97	92	50	29	44	20	13	14	4	5	-	2	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, FILE, CLASS C	188	35.5	87.50	88.00	83.00- 94.00	4	19	41	55	30	31	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
LERKS, PAYROLL	196	36.0	140.50	138.50	129.50-150.50	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	3	-	2	42	56	38	21	18	6	5	-	-	
OMPTOMETER OPERATORS	313	35.0	116.00	117.50	107.00-127.00	-	-	2	2	11	27	25	28	37	49	39	35	49	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	839	35.5	115.00	113.50	106.50-121.50	-	-	-	31	15	48	82	123	168	148	58	30	64	48	24	-	-	-	-	-	
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	607	36.0	109.50	112.00	102.00-120.50	4	24	21	19	19	37	65	70	101	90	83	40	33	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FFICE GIRLS	276	35.5	90.00	87.00	82.00- 99.00	-	36	74	64	24	13	30	9	18	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ECRETARIES3	12,166	35.5	142.50	140.00	127.00-155.00	-	-	-	2	22	29	183	224	370	688	1025	1115	2446	2120	1458	1015	637	433	202	108	8
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	1,297	35.5	173.50	175.50	160.00-187.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	10	18	86	78	129	216	252	253	94	90	7
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	2,633	35.5	154.00	154.50	140.50-166.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	23	34	89	152	334	404	584	465	310	130	84	18	
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	3,542	35.5	140.50	140.00	130.00-149.50	-	-	4	-	-	_	17	37	58	171	217	371	893	920	469	249	60	46	20	-	1
SECRETARIES, CLASS D	4,500	35.0	128.50	128.50	119.50-138.50	-	-	-	2	22	29	166	185	284	479	699	548	1082	680	247	59	13	1	4	-	
TENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	1,014	35.5	110.50	109.00	102.50-117.00	-	-	_	-	34	99	267	133	161	160	64	31	50	5	10	-	-	_	-	-	
TENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	650	35.0	126.00	125.00	117.00-132.50	-	-	_	-	-	3	35	24	65	85	114	128	102	31	29	20	14	-	_	_	
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	338	35.5	121.50	122.00	115.00-129.00	-	-	-	-	_	4	44	19	16	61	72	49	40	16	17	_	_	_	_	-	
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS, GENERAL	230	25.5	112 00	112 00	105.00-119.50	_			4		26	21	39	52	30	13	33									
	699	777							-	20	89	100	41	92	53	95	55	103	20	22	,	_	•			
TYPISTS, CLASS A				-	103.00-127.50			-		20								103	20	22	1	-	-	-	-	
TYPISTS, CLASS B	849	35.0	97.50	97.00	91.00-105.00	-	13	20	144	193	130	144	72	55	56	11	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-		

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footenote 2, table A-1.
 May include workers other than those presented separately.

Central (or district administrative) offices are establishments primarily engaged in general administrative, supervisory, purchasing, accounting, and other management functions performed centrally for the other establishments of the same company. They are classified on the basis of the most appropriate major industry group representing the primary activity of the establishments served. The majority of central offices are classified in manufacturing; all are appropriately represented in the other tables presented in this bulletin.

# Table A-2. Professional and technical occupations-SMSA-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 ndard)	Number of workers receiving straight-time weekly earnings of—  * \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$																			
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number	Average				80								160	170	180	190	\$ 200							
sex, occupation, and industry division	workers	weekly hours 1	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range 2	and																			
		(standard)				under	100	110	120	120	140	150	140	170	100	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						,,,	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	160	190	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340	360
MEN PUTER OPERATORS' CLASS A	1.205	36-5	\$ 167-00	\$	\$ \$ 150.50-186.50	_	_	_	7	64	105	119	169	225	151	126	144	66	26	3			_	- 12	_
MANUFACTURING	305				141.00-178.00		-	-	-	18	56	37	47	38	42	40	15	11	1	-	_	_	_	_	- 2
NONMANUFACTURING	900				153.50-189.00		-	-	7		49			187	109	86	129	55	25	3	-	-	-	-	-
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	83 78	37.0	169.00	167.50	164.00-175.00 157.00-214.50	-	-	-	-	1	5	1	. 8	43	12	2	6	3	2		-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE4	585				157.00-214.50		_	_	7	7	22	63	10 77	120	81	14	111	8 40	14	3	:	-	_	=	
SERVICES	127	36.0	154.50	152.00	129.50-180.00	-	-	-	-	36	16	6	20	6	12	18	9	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
PUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	2,167				130.00-158.50		-		146						186	65	71	5	1	-	-	-	_	-	-
MANUFACTURING	1,662				126.00-153.00		-	5	69	98		102 353	79 189	41	34	7		3	1	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	172	36.0	150-00	151-00	131-50-160-50	_	_	14	1	275	328 25	353	34	139	152	62	71	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	289		148.50	144.00	133.00-165.50	-	-	-	23	27	61	71	23	19	13	28	24	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	
RETAIL TRADE	74				132.00-158.00		-	-		14	11	17	12	14	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	935				134.50-163.50		_	14	41	151	192	210	107	77	112	31	45	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
													7.7			- 7	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	
MANUFACTURING	781 79				111.50-140.00		28	145	147	140	124	99	57 1	34 15	6	1	- 1		_	_	_	_	_	_	
NONMANUFACTURING	702				111.00-138.50			136		127	108	82	56	19	6	1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
WHOLESALE TRADE	107	34.5	131.50	133.00	125.00-139.00	-	-	5	20	7	52	9	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FINANCE4	503	36.5	124.00	123.00	109.00-140.50	-	19	121	86	94	51	69	38	18	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MPUTER PROGRAMERS.						64													30.5						
MANUFACTURING	1,153 237				219.50-259.50		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	7	35	54 16	181	281	296	136	96 27	30	10	1
NONMANUFACTURING	916				220.50-259.50		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	17	7	35	38	125	221			69	18	10	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	57	36.5	241.00	235.00	228.00-259.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	8	21		6	7	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	117	36.5	243.50	234.00	225.50-264.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	21	40		11	18	-	1	1
FINANCE4	469				189.50-228.50 228.50-261.50		_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	22 12	1	30		176	60	30	15	9	
SERVICES	191				198.50-260.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	5	-	37				33	12	3	-	
MPUTER PROGRAMERS.																									
USINESS, CLASS B					179.50-228.50		-	-	-	-	1	28		108			187		224		79	2	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	342 943				182.00-239.50 179.00-222.50		_	-	_	-	1	6	5	41	27 114	23	46	48	62		36	2	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	151		206.50	206.00	193.50-222.50	_	_	_	_	_		22		9	5	4	141	59	162		43	-	_		
WHOLESALE TRADE	116	36.0	204.00	200.50	176.00-232.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	3	38	7	2	22				-	-	_	
RETAIL TRADE					154.50-205.50		-	-	-	-	-	9	4		11		4	17	3		-	-	-	-	
FINANCE4					191.50-225.00 167.00-193.00		-	_	-	-	-	- 11	18	52	38	39	102	133	108		19	-	-	Ξ	
MPUTER PROGRAMERS																									
USINESS, CLASS C	585	36.0	164.00	164.50	146.00-182.00	-	_	-	1	71	39	68	58	115	72	66	47	43	5	_	_	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	62	36.5	163.00	161.00	147.50-180.50	-	-	-	1	2	1	16	8	17	1	9	-	7	_	-	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING					145.50-182.50		-	-	-	69	38	52		98	71	57	47	36	5	-	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE4	57 319				157.50-194.50 158.00-185.00		_	-	-	-	30	7 24	34	79	5 52	8 41	11 31	23	5		-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	87				125.50-143.50		_	_	-	62	2	12	2	1	2	-	4	23	-	-	-	-	-	_	
PUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,																									
USINESS. CLASS A					266.50-273.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	15	57	133	217	219	171	125	99
MANUFACTURING	405				270.50-273.50		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	41	62	104	79	47	48
NONMANUFACTURING	705 99				262.00-273.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1							92	78	
WHOLESALE TRADE	68	36.5	306-00	272.00	268.50-273.50 270.50-273.50	_		-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	5 -	4	13		21	10 26	18	7
RETAIL TRADE	58	36.0	283.00	271.00	257.00-273.00	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	-		_	1			13	10	9	8	1
FINANCE4-+	387	36.0	279.00	270.50	255.00-272.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4	5			110	73	37	22	

# Table A-2. Professional and technical occupations-SMSA-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 ndard)	Number of workers receiving straight-time weekly earnings of—  S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S																				
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	80 and under	90	100	110		130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	-	240	260 -	280	300	320	340	36 and
MEN - CONTINUED																										
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	335 1,113 229	35.0 36.0 35.5	255.50 248.00 258.50	252.50 252.50 262.50	\$ \$ 224.00-271.00 244.00-270.50 221.00-271.00 238.50-272.00 207.50-265.00		-	:	-	:	:	:	1 - 1	2 - 2 2 -	56 - 56 2 54	10 - 10 3 7	80 2 78 7 67	19 111 9	236 42 194 36 127	166 226 45	47	163 47 116 41 61	80 11 69 31 14	33 - 33 - 8		
OMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE4	543 452 319	36.0	189.50	182.50	169.00-226.00 164.00-207.00 166.50-207.00	Ξ	:	=	Ξ	:	8 8 7	23 22 11	50 50 40	59 59 30	74 72 50	47 47 33	69 57 54		64 42 32	55 13 11	19 17 9	8 8 3	2 2 1	:	:	
ORAFTSMEN, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> SERVICES	667 640 51	39.0 37.0 37.0	194.00 213.50 191.00	197.00 211.00 189.00	187.00-220.00 181.50-208.00 193.00-241.50 177.50-198.00 198.50-243.50		:		:	1 1 -	1 1 1	13 7 6 - 6	45 38 7 - 1	88 72 16 5 3	80 42 38 10 16	140 74 66 10 42		208 156 2	71	108	67 65 2 62	2 1 1 1	= = =	:	-	
ORAFTSMEN, CLASS B	791 740 52 61	39.0 37.5 35.5 35.5	170.00 184.50 144.00 165.50	173.50 183.50 144.50 158.00	161.00-193.50 158.50-184.00 163.00-215.50 132.00-153.50 149.00-183.00 169.50-216.50		1 1		10 6 4 4 -	22 15 7 6	46 29 17 8 3	103 61 42 12 13 13	176 96 80 14 17 48	248 139 109 3 10 94		268 174 94 2 4 87	108 73 35 - 4 30	48 231 1 4	47 47 - 5 42							
ORAFTSMEN, CLASS C MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> SERVICES	354 389 131	39.0 37.0 35.5	130.00 139.00 125.00	131.00 140.50 121.50	119.50-148.50 119.00-144.00 120.00-153.50 110.00-137.50 143.00-164.00	7 4 3 3	33 22 11 11	50 22 28 19 8	104 49 55 30 9	119 74 45 20 11	115 65 50 31 7	154 73 81 1 80	60 22 38 3 35	39 4 35 7 26	42 19 23 6 16	20 20 - 20			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
DRAFTSMEN-TRACERS NONMANUFACTURING					106.50-140.00 107.00-139.00	7 6	33 21	33 33	5	33 33	47 43	25 9	28 28	:	-	:	-	-	Ξ	- :	-	:	-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup>	94 298	36.5 35.5	137.00	133.00	103.00-130.50 129.50-146.50 99.00-123.50 97.50-122.50	= = =	83 83 83	44 44 44	22 2 20 6		49 37 12	23 17 6	5 3 2	11 4 7 1	8 6 2	1 1	2 - 2 -	1 1 -	:	=	:	:	=	:	:	
OMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C				108.00		25 25	4	40 39	14 12	9	15 9	2 2	2 2	-	Ξ	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	-	
OMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	252 68	36.0 35.5	229.00	228.00	212.50-242.00 212.50-246.50 212.00-250.00 211.50-248.00	=	=	= = =	:	:	:	:	:	:	2 2 -	1	24 17 1 15	87 35	88 67 7 30	56 54 14 24	19 19 8 7	1 1 - 1	4 4 3 -	=	:	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS BUSINESS, CLASS B	69 381 62	36.0 36.0 35.5	201.00 190.50 199.00	211.00 185.00 198.50	168.00-218.50 182.00-222.00 167.00-215.50 169.50-221.00 164.00-218.00	-	:	:	:	:	8 1 7 -	12 12 - 5	53 2 51 1 48	56 2 54 17 12	49 10 39 2 35	51 8 43 5 33	32 3 29 8 16	18 64 14	82 25 57 11 40	20 - 20 4 13	5 - 5 - 4	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				

# Table A-2. Professional and technical occupations-SMSA-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

BUSINESS, CLASS C					earnings <sup>1</sup> ndard)					I	Numbe	r of w	orker	s recei	iving	straig	ht-tim	ne wee	kly ea	rnings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	and under	90	100	110	120	-	140	150	160	170	-	190	200	-	-	260	280	-	-	340 - 360	and
WOMEN - CONTINUED																										
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS;  BUSINESS; CLASS C  NOMMANUFACTURING  FINANCE4	263 233 204	36.0	170.00	172.00	\$ 148.50-184.50 155.50-187.00 156.00-184.50	-	=	=	=	8 -	14 7 2	48 43 42	27 23 19	36 34 33	50 47 43	28 28 27	38 38 30	13 12 7	1 1 1	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	=	:	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE*	113 83 61	37.5	268.00	252.50	247.50-272.00 246.50-272.00 247.50-272.00	-	:	:	:	:	=	:	:	:	:	=	:	11 11 2	=	43 33 32	15 9 4	17 11 10	17 11 8	7 5 2	3 3 3	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE*	255 174 116	35.5	235.50	236.00	209.50-256.00 204.00-262.00 198.00-255.50	-	-	:	:	:	=	:	:	5 5 5	5 5 4	10 10 9	16 15 13	46 18 15	68 44 23	48 32 25	35 24 14	13 13 5	8 8 3	1 -	:	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING	219 142				165.00-211.50 160.00-191.00		Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	1	3	17 17	14 14	39 29	19 19	22	24 14	38 11	16	13	12	1	Ξ	-	=	
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	114	39.0	160.00	160.00	156.50-168.00	-	-	-	-	-	10	3	46	38	6	11	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	
NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED) MANUFACTURING	583 282 301 70 74	38.0 36.5 37.0 38.0	155.00 158.50 164.00 148.50	153.50 159.50 164.50 153.00	146.50-167.50 143.00-165.50 150.00-168.50 159.00-170.00 141.00-165.00 153.00-172.50	-		4 - 4 -	7 4 3 - 3	9 5 4 - 4 -	52 39 13 - 6 5	127 74 53 4 14	120 42 78 16 21 31	154 67 87 33 19	65 30 35 14 3	25 12 13 3 -	16 5 11 -	2 2	1 1	:	1 1		:		:	

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

## Table A-2a. Professional and technical occupations-large establishments-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

				Number of workers receiving straight-time weekly earnings of—  \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$																						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 80 and under 90	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160 - 170	170	180	190	200	220	240		280	300	320	3	ar
MEN																										
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING	241 542	36.5 37.0 37.0	159.00 167.00 169.00	156.50 165.00 167.50	\$ \$ 149.00-177.00 139.50-175.50 153.00-178.00 164.00-175.00 153.50-179.00			-		25 18 7 1	74 47 27 5	108 33 75 1 63	121 31 90 8 62	186 38 148 43 93	98 25 73 12 53	66 22 44 2 38	52 15 37 6 19	41 11 30 3 26	12 1 11 2 5	:	:				:	
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING	333 979 113 70	37.0 36.5 36.5 36.5 36.5	138.50 148.00 149.00 143.50 150.50	137.00 144.00 144.50 144.50 146.50	131.00-159.00 122.50-152.50 133.50-161.50 138.00-158.50 131.00-160.00 135.50-165.50 122.00-149.00			17 5 12 - - 12	64	54 156	260 56 204 21 11 133 7	35 17	179 50 129 19 8 86 11	139 31 108 13 14 77	79 8 71 6 2 61 2	41 7 34 2 1 31	47 	5 3 2 1 - 1	1 1							
OMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	503 465 384	36.5	128.00	127.50	116.00-141.50 115.00-142.00 117.00-143.50	:	23 23 19	63 60 45	66 63 49	132 119 94	80 64 51	69 67 63	44 43 38	19 19 18	6 6	1 1 1	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	
OMPUTER PROGRAMERS BUSINESS, CLASS A	775 150 625 53 400 84	36.5 37.0 36.5 37.0	230.50 249.50 241.50 254.00	227.00 247.00 240.00 251.50	224.00-261.00 213.50-245.00 229.50-263.00 227.00-261.00 235.00-266.50 232.50-262.50	:	:					:	:	1 1 1	2	5 - 5 1 -	17 16 1 -	107 40 67 8 32 6	45 167 17	231 28 203 13 154 27	101 14 87 6 60 10	59 5 54 7 30 12	20 2 18 - 15 3	10 - 10 - 9	10 - 10 - 9	
OMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 FINANCE4	839 184 655 122 418	36.5 36.0 35.5	199.50 208.00 211.50	198.00 208.50 213.50	187.50-228.00 179.50-223.00 191.00-229.50 194.50-225.00 190.50-229.00		:	:			1 1 1	19 6 13 1	28 5 23 1 12	22 15 7 1 2	77 21 56 1 38	75 23 52 4 39	132 25 107 27 68	200 38 162 42 99	193 39 154 31 108	64 10 54 12 22	26 - 26 1 19	2 2	-		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
OMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 FINANCE4	431 385 57 288	36.0 36.0	172.00	171.00	155.50-187.50 158.00-188.50 157.50-194.50 160.50-187.00	:	=	:	1 - - -	6 4 -	21 20 3 12	55 39 7 24	54 46 7 34	88 78 7 66	61 60 5 52	50 50 8 41	47 47 11 31	43 36 9 23	5 - 5	-	:	:	=	=	=	
OMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> FINANCE <sup>1</sup>	812 274 538 93 326	35.5 36.0 36.0	299.00 288.50 292.00	272.00 271.00 271.50	266.50-273.00 270.50-273.50 260.00-273.00 266.00-273.50 256.00-273.00			:	:	:	:	:		:	1 - 1	1 - 1	4 - 4	15 4 11 5 5	35 3 32 4 26		181 60 121 16 83	163 64 99 19 63	136 59 77 10 37	94 38 56 14 22	44 15 29 7 18	
OMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,029 156 873 180 583	35.5 36.0 35.5	257.50 245.50 259.00	252.50 247.00 261.00	221.50-270.50 241.00-271.50 217.00-270.50 240.50-272.00 211.00-267.50		:	:	:	: : :		:	1 - 1	2 - 2 2 -	27 - 27 2 25	10 - 10 3 7	80 2 78 7	10	21	54 190	174 28 146 38 95	124 27 97 22 61	60 11 49 31 14	17 - 17 - 8	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	

# Table A-2a. Professional and technical occupations-large establishments-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

	-				earnings l ndard)									s rece	_					_						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	80 and under	90	100	-	120	-	140	150	\$ 160 - 170	170	180	-	200	220	-	260	-	300	320	-	ar
MEN - CONTINUED						70	100	110	120	130	140	130	100	110	100	190	200	220	240	200	280	300	320	340	300	00
DMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NOMMANUFACTURING	378 371 287	36.0	191.50	185.00	\$ \$ 168.00-211.00 168.00-210.00 169.00-209.00	=	=	Ξ	Ē	=	8 8 7	14 13 11	36 36 26	43 43 30	56 56 50	47 47 33	47 45 42	49 49 32	42 42 32		15 13 9	4 4 3	2 2 1	1	=	
RAFTSMEN, CLASS A MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	665 390 275 51	39.5 37.0	189.50	193.50	178.00-210.00 171.00-203.00 184.00-219.00 177.50-198.00	-	-	:	-	1 1 1	1 1 1	=	35 28 7	75 62 13 5	65 42 23 10	72 30 42 10	137 88 49 17	184 108 76 2	57 20 37 2	22	5 2 3 2	2 1 1 1		=	:	
AFTSMEN, CLASS B	643 445 198 51	39.5 36.5	163.00	164.50	150.00-182.00 150.00-180.00 149.00-202.00 132.00-153.50	=	1 1 1	:	10 6 4 4	22 15 7 6	41 29 12 8	88 61 27 12	105 73 32 14	95 73 22 3	94 77 17 1	115 100 15 1	17 6 11	28 5 23 1	27 27	:	:	:	=	=	:	
AFTSMEN, CLASS C	364 112 252 131	39.0 36.5	118.00	119.50	115.50-141.50 110.00-131.00 117.00-159.00 110.00-137.50	7 4 3 3	21 10 11 11	37 14 23 19	72 31 41 30	59 22 37 20	75 29 46 31	20 1 19 1	12 12 3	29 - 29 7	24 1 23 6	8 - 8 -	=	-	:	=	:	:	-	-	:	
RAFTSMEN-TRACERS	68	37.5	114.50	111.00	93.00-137.50	7	20	7	5	3	15	9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
MPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	284	35.0	114.50	121.00 120.50 110.00	98.50-123.50		83 83 83	44 44 44	8 6 6	125 119 116	16 12	16 6 -	5 2 -	11 7 1	8 2 -	1 1 1	2 2 -	1 - -	:	=	Ξ	=	=	-	=	
MPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	75 66			108.50			4	10	14 12	3	15	2 2	2 2	-	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	
IMPUTER PROGRAMERS.  IUSINESS, CLASS A  NOMMANUFACTURING  FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	241 191 85	36.5	235.00	235.00	216.00-245.00 218.50-249.00 219.00-250.50	-	=	=	=	-	:	:	=	=	2 2 -	1 1 -	9 2 -	68 48 23	88 67 30	47	19 19 7	1 1 1	4 4 -	=	:	
DMPUTER PROGRAMERS, DUSINESS, CLASS B NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE	288	35.5 35.5	198.00	197.50	175.50-220.00 175.00-222.50 169.50-221.00 175.50-223.50	-	:	: : :		:	1 -	5 - 5	32 30 1 27	27 25 17 6	36 26 2 22	46 38 5 33	32 29 8 16	73 57 14 35	59 53 11 40	20	5 5 - 4	:			:	
MPUTER PROGRAMERS, IUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE	247 229 204	36.0	169.50	171.50	152.00-184.50 155.00-185.50 156.00-184.50	-	1	Ξ	=	2 -	8 7 2	48 43 42	27 23 19	36 34 33	50 47 43	28 28 27	38 38 30	9 8 7	1 1 1	=	=	-		-	=	
DMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	73	35.5	287.00	271.50	261.50-273.00	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	2	-	14	13	17	17	7	3	
DMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B NOMMANUFACTURING FINANCE 4	255 174 116	35.5	235.50	236.00	209.50-256.00 204.00-262.00 198.00-255.50	-	=	:	:	:	:	:	:	5 5 5	5 5 4	10 10 9	16 15 13	46 18 15	68 44 23	32	35 24 14	13 13 5	8 8 3	1 -	-	

# Table A-2a. Professional and technical occupations-large establishments-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings l ndard)					1	Numbe	r of w	vorker	s rece	eiving	straig	ht-tim	e weel	kly ea	rnings	of—				
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	80 and under	90 - 100	100 - 110	\$ 110 - 120	120 - 130	130 - 140	140 - 150	\$ 150 - 160	160 - 170	170 - 180	-	190 - 200	-	\$ 220 - 240	240 - 260	\$ 260 - 280	-	-	320 - 340	340 - 360 d
WOMEN - CONTINUED  COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING MANUFACTURING MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 4	144 137 488 198 290 67 69	35.5 37.0 38.0 36.5 37.5 38.0	179.50 158.50 158.50 158.50 163.00 148.00	175.00 159.00 158.00 159.50 164.00 154.00	\$ 161.50-194.50 161.00-192.00 148.00-168.50 145.50-170.00 149.50-168.00 158.50-169.50 140.50-165.50	:		4	7 4 3 - 3 -	1 1 9 5 4 - 4	3 3 26 13 13	12 12 96 44 52 4 14	14 14 113 40 73 16 16 31	29 29 128 43 85 33 19	19 19 63 28 35 14 3	22 22 22 12 10	14 14 16 5 11	18 11 2 2 -	6 6	3 3	2 2 1 1 -	1 1			

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

# Table A-2b. Professional and technical occupations-5 Boroughs-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 idard)					N	lumbe	r of w	orker	rece	iving	straigh	nt-tim	e weel	kly ea	rnings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 80 and under 90	90 - 100	-	110 - 120	-	-	-	-	160 - 170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	300 - 320	-	-	ar
MEN																										
COMPUTER OPERATORS. CLASS A	1.048	36.5	169.50	168-00	153.00-188.00	_	_	_	_	57	60	103	140	199	141	118	136	65	26	3	_	_	_	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	196				149.00-182.00		-	-	-	18	13	21	29	22	37	35	9	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	852				154.50-189.50		-	-	-	39	47	82	111	177	104	83	127	54	25	3	_	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	71				162.50-175.00		-	-	-	1	5	1	8	34	12	1	4	3	2	-	-	_	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	73				155.50-214.50		-	-	-	-	5	7.	10	11	2	12	2	7	14	3	-	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE 4	561				158.50-192.00		-	-	-	-	20	63	73	120	77	52	111	40	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	122	36.0	155.00	152.00	129.00-185.50	-	-	-	-	36	16	6	15	6	12	18	9	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	1.799	36.0	146.00	144.00	132.00-160.00	-	-	19	62	300	333	383	248	170	186	46	50	2	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	
MANUFACTURING	315				135.50-158.00	-	-	5	6	57	29	78	66	35	34	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	1,484	36.0	146.00	143.50	132.00-160.50	-	-	14	56	243	304	305	182	135	152	41	50	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	166	36.0	150.00	150.50	139.00-164.00	-	-	-	1	20	25	35	29	28	23	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WHOLESALE TRADE	179	37.0	145.00	143.00	132.00-154.00	-	-	-	2	27	58	31	21	17	13	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	74	36.0	144.00	146.00	132.00-158.00	-	-	-	3	14	11	17	12	14	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FINANCE4	883				136.00-165.00		-	-	9	130	171	202	107	75	112	31	45	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	182	36.0	127.00	126.50	118.50-134.50	-	-	14	41	52	39	20	13	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

# Table A-2b. Professional and technical occupations-5 Boroughs-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1 dard)									s rece						_						
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 80 and under 90	90	100	\$ 110 - 120	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	-	an
MEN - CONTINUED			\$	\$	s s																					
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURINGFINANCE <sup>4</sup>		36.0	126.00	126.00	112.50-139.00 113.00-140.00 111.00-141.50	-		106	145 143 86			84 82 69	57 56 38	19 19 18	6 6	1 1 1	=	:	=	=	=	:	-	=	:	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	1,015 132 883 55 82 449 186	35.5 36.0 36.5 35.5 36.5	252.50 241.00 243.00 216.50 249.50	250.00 241.50 237.50 215.00 248.00	221.00-262.00 223.50-281.00 221.00-260.00 230.00-260.00 189.50-228.50 230.50-263.00 198.00-260.50	-								16 - 16 - - 16	5 - 5 - 5	34 - 34 - 22 12	39 1 38 - 1 - 37	143 26 117 8 30 47 11	21 15	30	16 116 6 6	93 26 67 7 2 30 12	30 12 18 - - 15 3	10 - 10 - 9 -	10 - 10 - 9 -	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING NDNMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3 WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 4 SERVICES	255 899 151 106 50 468	35.5 35.5 35.5 36.0 36.0	222.00 202.00 206.50 202.00 183.50 207.00	228.50 202.00 206.00 184.00 185.00 207.00	182.50-230.50 193.50-255.00 180.00-223.00 193.50-222.50 175.50-233.00 154.50-205.50 192.00-226.00 167.00-199.00						1 1	17 1 16 1 1 9 5	42 42 1 6 4 16 15	83 26 57 9 3 1 2	124 14 110 5 38 11 34 22	63 6 57 4 7 - 37 9	164 29 135 27 2 4 96 6	59 20 17	211 59 152 31 4 3 106 8	100 46 54 12 2 1 22 17	-	2 2				
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE SERVICES	501	36.0 36.0 36.0	164.00 176.50 170.50	165.00 181.00 169.00	145.00-183.00 144.50-183.00 158.00-195.00 158.50-185.00 125.50-143.50	=			1	71 69 - - 62	38 38 3 30 2	55 49 6 22 12	48 46 7 34 2	98 91 7 79	64 63 4 52 2	57 57 8 41	47 47 11 31 4	43 36 9 23 2	5 5 - 5 -		:	-	:	:		
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,  BUSINESS, CLASS A	308 669 94	35.5 36.0 36.0 36.0	302.00 295.00 297.00 283.00	296.00 287.00 295.00 279.50	266.50-297.50 283.00-298.00 262.00-297.00 273.50-297.50 257.00-297.00 254.00-295.50	-				-					1 - 1	1 - 1	4 - 4 - 4	10 1 9 3 1 5	54 5 49 2 2 45	22 89 12 14	42 149 16 13	92 106 21	147 67 80 10 9	108 32 76 18 8 20	90 39 51 7 1	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES FINANCE	311 1,067 229	35.0 36.0 35.5	257.50 248.00 258.50	253.00 253.00 262.50	224.00-277.00 245.50-273.00 220.50-277.50 238.50-283.50 204.50-265.00	=		=	-	-		-	1 -	2 2 2	56 - 56 2 54	10 - 10 3 7	76 76 7 65	14 111 9	35 182 36	159	53	156 47 109 41 55	80 11 69 31 14	33 - 33 - 8	-	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE*	524 438 309	35.5	189.50	183.00	168.50-228.50 164.00-207.00 166.50-208.00	-	:	:	:	-	8 8 7	22 22 11	48 48 38	59 59 30	68 68 46	43 43 29	67 57 54	63 53 38	62 40 32	55 13 11	19 17 9	8 8 3	2 2 1	:	:	
PRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	791 205 586	38.0	186.50	191.00	186.00-230.00 169.50-201.50 192.50-240.50	-	-	=	=	1 - 1	1 - 1	13 7 6	26 20 6	41 25 16	53 16 37	94 33 61	147 50 97		79 11 68	84 - 84	66 1 65	1 1	=	=	=	
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	922 251 671	38.0	169.50	172.00	161.50-205.00 158.50-181.50 162.50-215.00	-	1 - 1	=	4-4	8 1 7	24 8 16	68 27 41	104 30 74	151 44 107	142 70 72	38	40 12 28		29 - 29	:	Ξ	-	=	:	:	

#### Table A-2b. Professional and technical occupations-5 Boroughs-men and women-Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

				Weekly (stan	earnings 1 dard)					N	lumbe	r of w	orker	s rece	iving s	straigh	t-tim	e week	dy ear	nings	of—					
Sex, occupation, and industry division	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 80 and under 90	-	-	110	120	130	140	150	-	170	180	-	\$ 200 - 220	220	240	260	280	-	320	-	and
MEN - CONTINUED																										
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	458 146 312 75	37.5 37.5	128.50	130.00	\$ 122.50-149.50 122.50-140.50 123.00-154.00 109.50-133.50		11 6 5 5	33 10 23 15	52 8 44 20	87 48 39 15	59 37 22 3	110 29 81 1	46 8 38 3	29 - 29 7	23 23 6	8 - 8 -	=	=	:	:	-	1	:	-	:	
DRAFTSMEN-TRACERS	189	38.0	124.00	129.50	107.00-141.50	4	30	30	2	33	37	25	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	274	35.5	123.00	123.50	110.50-132.50	-	44	23	15	102	45	19	5	11	7	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	95 89				101.50-119.50 100.50-117.00	18 18	4	39 39	12	3	15	2 2	2 2	-	2	-	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	-	1	-	-
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3 FINANCE4	258 248 68 98	36.0 35.5	229.00	228.00	212.50-245.50 212.50-246.50 212.00-250.00 211.50-248.50	-	-	:	=	:	:	=	=	:	2 2 -	1 1 -	17 17 1 15	91 87 35 23	69 65 7 28	54 52 14 24	19 19 8 7	1 - 1	4 4 3 -	: : :	:	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B NOMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup> FINANCE <sup>4</sup>	413 367 62 233	36.0 35.5	190.00	184.00	168.00-219.50 166.50-213.50 169.50-221.00 164.00-218.00	=	:	:	=	:	7 7 -	12 12 - 5	49 49 1 46	54 54 17 12	44 39 2 35	41 41 5 31	32 29 8 16	73 60 14 33	76 51 11 38	20 20 4 13	5 5 - 4	=	= = =	=	:	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSIVESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING FINANCE 4	254 231 202	36.0	170.50	172.00	148.50-185.00 155.50-187.50 156.00-185.00	=	=	:	=	6 -	14 7 2	47 43 42	23 21 17	34 34 33	50 47 43	28 28 27	38 38 30	13 12 7	1 1 1	:	Ξ	Ξ	=	Ē	=	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A NOMMANUFACTURING FINANCE 4	109 81 61	37.5	267.50	251.00	247.50-294.50 246.50-294.50 247.50-293.00	:	-	:	Ξ	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	11 11 2	:	43 33 32	12 7 4	17 11 10	17 11 8	6 5 2	3 3 3	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B NONMANUFAÇTURING FINANCE 4	250 172 114	35.5	235.00	235.50	209.00-256.00 204.00-261.00 198.00-253.00	:	-	=	=	Ξ	:	=	=	5 5 5	5 5 4	10 10 9	15 15 13	46 18 15	67 44 23	47 32 25	33 22 12	13 13 5	8 8 3	1 -	=	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS C NONMANUFACTURING	218 142				164.50-211.50 160.00-191.00	:	-	:	Ξ	1	3	17 17	14 14	39 29	19 19	22 22	24 14	37 11	16 6	13	12	1	Ξ	-	Ξ	:
NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES RETAIL TRADE FINANCE	404 150 254 60 50 112	36.5 36.5 37.5 37.5	158.00 160.00 164.00 149.00	156.50 160.00 164.00 152.00	148.50-169.00 145.50-169.00 150.50-169.00 158.00-170.00 143.00-161.50 154.00-173.50		-	:	3 - 3 -	5 4 1 - 1	32 21 11 - 6 5	78 34 44 4 12 13	89 22 67 15 15 29	107 35 72 27 10 33	50 18 32 11 3 17	22 9 13 3 - 6	14 3 11 - 9	2 2	1 1 - -		1 1	:	-	:	:	

<sup>1</sup> Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

# Table A-2c. Professional and technical occupations-manufacturing-Nassau-Suffolk Counties-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Nassau-Suffolk Counties), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1					1	Numbe	r of w	vorker	s rece	iving	straigh	nt-tim	e weel	kly ea	rnings	of—					
Sex and occupation	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under \$ 95	and under	\$ 100 - 105	105 - 110	\$ 110 - 115	\$ 115 - 120	120 - 125	-	130 - 135	-	\$ 140 - 150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	and
MEN		П																								
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	432	40.0	\$ 197.00	\$ 200.00	\$ \$ 186.50-210.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	18	46	25	38	86	107	43	31	29	
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	489	40.0	171.00	176.50	159.50-185.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	11	10	30	62	75	75	130	57	27	-	-	-	
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	187	40.0	131.50	135.50	117.00-148.50	4	16	9	1	5	30	12	10	5	15	43	14	4	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WOMEN																										
NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	92	39.5	149.00	149.00	140.50-162.50	-	-	-	_	-	4	1	-	14	2	28	12	23	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

#### Table A-2d. Professional and technical occupations-manufacturing-Westchester-Rockland Counties-men

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Westchester-Rockland Counties), N. Y., April 1970)

					earnings 1					1	Numbe	r of v	vorker	s rece	eiving	straig	ht-tim	e wee	kly ea	rning	s of—					
Occupation	Number of workers	Average weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 110 and under 120	120 - 130•	\$ 130 - 140	\$ 140 - 150	\$ 150 - 160	\$ 160 - 170	\$ 170 - 180	\$ 180 - 190	\$ 190 - 200	-	\$ 210 - 220	-	230 - 240	-	-	\$ 260 - 280	-	-	-	360	and
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	96 163				\$ 137.00-159.00 117.50-138.00		- 36	43	14	17	15	5 -	2	-	-	- 2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	89	37.0	223.50	227.50	210.50-235.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	13	14	11	26	8	7	-	1	-	-	-	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	65	36.5	312.00	296.00	279.00-298.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	15	7	11	14	9	6
DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	51	39.0	160.50	163.00	155.00-175.00	6	2	-	4	4	20	5	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.  $^{2}$  For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

#### Table A-2e. Professional and technical occupations-central offices-5 Boroughs-men and women

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in central offices, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

				Weekly (stan	earnings 1					Nu	mber	of wor	rkers	receiv	ing st	raight	-time	weekl	y earn	ings	of—					
Sex and occupation	Number of workers	Average weekly hours 1	Mean 2	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range 2	\$ 110 and	120	130	140	\$ 150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	240	250	260	280	300	320	340	360
		(standard)	Wear	Median	Middle range	under	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	200	210	220	230	240	250	260	280	300	320	340	360	and
MEN			\$	\$	\$ \$																					
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	163	35.0	163.00	163.50	148.50-181.00	-	18	13	14	25	30	18	28	6	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	221	35.0	147.00	149.00	135.00-154.50	3	37	23	54	66	31	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	98	35.5	246.00	238.00	224.00-265.00	-	_	_	-	-	-	-		-	3	12	23	13	11	7	17	8	2	1	1	
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	179	35.5	217.50	221.00	197.50-238.00	-	-	_	_	-	19	8	4	17	27	13	20	30	19	7	14	1	_	-	-	
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	337	35.5	302.00	296.00	280.00-298.00	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	1	-	1	-	21	12	49	91	79	43	32	ε
COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	329	35.0	258.50	254.00	242.50-280.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (-	3	23	3	12	26	50	79	51	57	22	3	-	-
WOMEN			1																							
COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	70	35.0	212.00	218.50	208.00-223.00	-	-	-	-	-	2	5	1	5	8	17	27	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	83	35.0	162.00	160.00	147.50-176.50	_	- 2	7	26	9	18	11	9	2	-	_	-	-	_	_	1	-	-	_	- 2	_

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Central (or district administrative) offices are establishments primarily engaged in general administrative, supervisory, purchasing, accounting, and other management functions performed centrally for the other establishments of the same company. They are classified on the basis of the most appropriate major industry group representing the primary activity of the establishments served. The majority of central offices are classified in manufacturing; all are appropriately represented in the other tables presented in

#### Table A-3. Office, professional, and technical occupations-SMSA-men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Ave	rage			Av	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers		Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings (standard
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
ILLERS, MACHINE (BILLING			\$	BILLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING			\$	BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS,		1.00	\$
MACHINE)	1,140		122.50		385		107.50		1,404	36.5	126.5
MANUFACTURING	310		117.00		301		104.50		340	36.5	127.0
NONMANUFACTURING	830		124.50		144	37.0	107.00		1,064	36.5	126.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	582	36.5	125.00					WHOLESALE TRADE	448	36.0	132.5
		100	1000					RETAIL TRADE	108	38.0	120.5
								FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	327	36.5	118.5
								SERVICES	150	38.0	129.5

# Table A-3. Office, professional, and technical occupations—SMSA—men and women combined—Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Av	erage		L. T.	Av	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Week earnin (stand
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			i¢:	OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS,			\$	CLERKS, PAYROLL	2,332	36.5	126.50	SECRETARIES - CONTINUED			\$
CLASS B	1,226		117.50	MANUFACTURING	784		128.00	SECRETARIES. CLASS B			
MANUFACTURING	314		116.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,548		126.00	MANUFACTURING	3,373		
NONMANUFACTURING	912		118.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	178 230		139.50	NONMANUFACTURING	9,216		
WHOLESALE TRADEFINANCE2	302 399		123.00	RETAIL TRADE	254		112.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	1,290		
SERVICES	112		114.00	WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 2	522		129.00	RETAIL TRADE	529		
		30.0	114.00	SERVICES	364		123.00	FINANCE 2	4,872		
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	6,804	36.5	137.50					SERVICES	1,442	36.0	150
MANUFACTURING	2,320		136.00	COMPTOMETER OPERATORS	2,186		114.50				
NONMANUFACTURING	4,484		138.50	MANUFACTURING	315		119.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	16,966	36.0	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	953		146.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,871		114.00	MANUFACTURING	5,691	36.0	
WHOLESALE TRADE	878 456		141.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	277 388		109.50	PURITO UTILITIES 3	2.005		
FINANCE2	1,476		139.50	RETAIL TRADE	831		107.50				
RETAIL TRADE FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	721		132.00	RETAIL TRADE	219		125.00	RETAIL TRADE	320		
	1000				339	100		FINANCE 2	5,037		
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	8,084	36.5	111.00	KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	5,707		117.50	SERVICES	1,819	35.5	131
MANUFACTURING	1,753		109.50	MANUFACTURING	1,530		111.00				
NONMANUFACTURING	6,331		111.50	NONMANUFACTURING	4+177		119.50	SECRETARIFS, CLASS D	20,575	36.0	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	1,460		112.50	PUBLIC DILLILES	565 558		128.00	MANUFACTURING	13.532	36.0	
RETAIL TRADE	871		101.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	248		112.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES'	2.245	36.0	
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	1,622		111.50	FINANCE 2	2,445		117.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	2,486		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	735		110.00	SERVICES	361		119.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	913		123
								FINANCE 2	5,215		
LERKS, FILE, CLASS A	1,392		113.50	KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	7,375		102.50	SERVICES	2,673	35.5	129
MANUFACTURING	245		116.50	MANUFACTURING	1,277		105.50	CTCHOOD AND CONTO		35.5	
NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES' FINANCE'	1,147		113.00	NUMMANUFACTURING	6,098 1,012	36.0	102.00	STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	7,121		
FINANCE2	157 765		110.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	817		110.50	NONMANUFACTURING	4,847		
SERVICES	132		125.50	RETAIL TRADE	562		101.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	407		
	1.00			MANUFACTURING	2,869		100.50	MANUFACTURING	1,143		
LERKS, FILE, CLASS B	4,091	36.0		SERVICES	838	36.0	101.50	RETAIL TRADE	175		
MANUFACTURING	717	36.0				36.0	90.00	FINANCE	2,599		
NONMANUFACTURING	3,374	36.0	98.00	MANUFACTURING	7,263		91.00	SEKAICES	323	33.5	12
WHOLESALE TRADE	411		106.50	NONMANUFACTURING	5,346		89.50	STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	7,363	36.0	125
WHOLESALE TRADE	2,057	36.0		NONMANUFACTURING	020		93.50	MANUFACTURING	989		
SERVICES	316	35.5		WHOLESALE TRADE	611		94.00		6,374		
LERKS, FILE, CLASS C	5,217	36.0	87.00	WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	195		89.00	NUMMANUFACTURING	716		
MANUFACTURING	575	36.5		FINANCE"	2,502		87.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	850 2,343		
NONMANUFACTURING	4,642	36.0		SEKVICES	1,099		89.50	SERVICES	2,384		
NONMANUFACTURING	553	35.5	89.50	SECRETARIES 4	55,286	36.0	141.00	SERVICES	2,30	1	1
WHOLESALE TRADE	615	36.0		MANUFACTURING	18,342	36.0	140.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	2,259		
RETAIL TRADE	235	37.0		NONMANUFACTURING	36,944	36.0	141.50	MANUFACTURING	587		
FINANCE 2	2,898	36.0		PUBLIC UTILITIES	5,739	36.0	147.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,672		
SERVICES	341	36.0	88.50	DETAIL TRADE	1.033	35.5	144.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	343		
LERKS, ORDER	3,335	37.0	113.00	FINANCE 2	16.561	36.0	141.50	FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	738		
MANUFACTURING	1,136		104.50	SECRETARIES 4	6,368	35.5	137.50	SERVICES	318		
NONMANUFACTURING	2,199		117.50								1
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,736	36.5	121.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS A	3,818		172.00				
RETAIL TRADE	357	38.0	98.00	MANUFACTURING	1,644		169.00	MANUFACTURING	486		
				NONMANUFACTURING	2,174		174.50	NONMANUFACTURING	2,693		
				PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	406		187.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES'	261		
				WHOLESALE TRADE	421 158		169.00	WHULESALE TRADE	332		
				FINANCE 2	755		174.00	MHOLESALE TRADE  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	895		
										1 2000	

#### Table A-3. Office, professional, and technical occupations—SMSA—men and women combined —Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Av	erage			Av	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Week earnin (stand
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL			
HITCHBOARD ORERATOR RECERTIONISTS	2 700	27.0	\$ 111.00	OCCUPATIONS				OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
WITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	2,700 937		105.50	COMPUTED ODERATIONS SLASS A	. 250	24 5	\$ 00	COMPUTED CACTURE THE TANK ACTO			-
NONMANUFACTURING	1,763		113.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	1,250		167.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	1,223	36.0	300
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	142		125.50	NONMANUFACTURING	941		169.00	MANUFACTURING	435		
WHOLESALE TRADE	818		115.00	NONMANUFACTURING	92		168.50	NONMANUFACTURING	788		
RETAIL TRADE	117		96.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	78		184.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	102		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	205		108.00	FINANCE 2	614		171.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	74	36.5	30
SERVICES	481	36.5	115.00	SERVICES	127	36.0	154.50	RETAIL TRADE	71		
BULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,			2000	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	2.559	34 5	141.00	FINANCE 2	448	36.0	27
LASS A	572	36.5	147.00	MANUFACTURING	599		140.50				
NONMANUFACTURING	491		144.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,960			COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,			1
FINANCE2	359	35.5	141.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	423		126.50	BUSINESS. CLASS B	1,703	36.0	24
				WHOLESALE TRADE	303		146.50	MANUFACTURING	416		
BULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,		0.00		RETAIL TRADE	81		143.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,287		
MANUFACTURING	1,128		117.00	FINANCE 2	961		148.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	257		
NONMANUFACTURING	115		124.50	SERVICES	192	36.0	127.00	FINANCE 2	757	36.5	23
PURI IC LITTI ITIES	218		100.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	892	36.0	122 50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS.			
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	666		118.00	MANUFACTURING	88		132.00	BUSINESS, CLASS C	762	35.5	119
		3000		NONMANUFACTURING	804		122.50	NONMANUFACTURING	594		
BULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				WHOLESALE TRADE	107		131.50	FINANCE 2	420		
LASS C	534		107.00	RETAIL TRADE	52	37.0	118.50		M- (200		
NONMANUFACTURING	517		107.00	FINANCE 2	537	36.0	124.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	1,316		
FINANCE 2	343	35.5	103.50			1.11		MANUFACTURING	668		
ANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	1,455	24 5	237.50	NONMANUFACTURING	648 51		
NERAL	1,723	35.5	114.00	MANUFACTURING	287		236.00	SERVICES	528		
MANUFACTURING	434		111.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,168		238.00	SERVICES	,,,,	3,,	
NONMANUFACTURING	1,289	35.5	115.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	125			DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	1,645	38.5	17
WHOLESALE TRADE	118		109.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	170		239.50	MANUFACTURING	815		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	745		111.00	RETAIL TRADE	101		215.50	NONMANUFACTURING	830		
SERVICES	348	36.0	127.00	FINANCE 2	569		245.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	57		
PISTS, CLASS A	8.087	36 0	111.50	SERVICES	203	36.0	229.50	SERVICES	692		
MANUFACTURING	1.709		111.00	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS.				SEKVICES	092	30.0	10
NONMANUFACTURING	6,378		111.50	BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,735	35.5	201.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	801	38.0	13
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	729		112.50	MANUFACTURING	411	36.0	210.00	MANUFACTURING	379		
WHOLESALE TRADE	230		119.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,324		198.50	NONMANUFACTURING	422		
RETAIL TRADE	232		104.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	213		204.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	135		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	4,080		108.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	165		195.00	SERVICES	238	38.0	114
3EKV1CF3	1,107	30.0	124.50	FINANCE 2	733		184.50	DRAFTSMEN-TRACERS	227	38.0	112
PISTS, CLASS B	14.138	36.5	99.50	SERVICES	153		186.00	NONMANUFACTURING	180		
MANUFACTURING	2,582	37.0	98.00	55.171653	.,,,	37.5	-50.00		-30	50.0	1.2
NONMANUFACTURING	11,556	36.5	99.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS.		200	(4.2)	NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	597	37.5	15
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	1,331		104.00	BUSINESS, CLASS C	848		165.00	MANUFACTURING	296	38.0	15
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,192		104.50	MANUFACTURING	92		157.00	NONMANUFACTURING	301		
RETAIL TRADE	628	37.0		NONMANUFACTURING	756		166.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	70		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>		36.0		PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	75		177.00	RETAIL TRADE	74	38.0	
SERVICES	1,519	36.5	107.50	FINANCE 2	523		170.00	FINANCE 2	116	35.5	16
				SERVICES	93	36.0	135.00				

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-3a. Office, professional, and technical occupations—large establishments—men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Ave	rage			Av	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Week earning (standa
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			¢	OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
SILLERS, MACHINE (BILLING			\$	CLERKS, PAYROLL	1,061	37.0	123.00	SECRETARIES4 - CONTINUED			
MACHINE)	119	37.0	115.50	MANUFACTURING	311		128.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS B	6,335	36.0	160
BILLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING				PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	750 128		120.50	MANUFACTURING	1,788	36.0	
MACHINE)	163	36.5	100.00	RETAIL TRADE	168		107.00	NONMANUFACTURING	4,547	36.0	
NONMANUFACTURING	154		98.50	RETAIL TRADE	250		118.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	764		
	1 1 1 1 1		100000	SERVICES	162	36.0	121.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	326 392	36.0	
BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS,	215	34.0	121 00	COMPTOMETER OPERATORS	1,460	36 0	113.50	FINANCE2	2,557	36.5	
NONMANUFACTURING	315 250		121.00	MANUEACTURING	179		120.00	SERVICES	508	35.5	153
FINANCE 2	144		117.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,281		112.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	11.334	36.0	140
				PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	165		110.50	MANUFACTURING	4,187	36.0	140
BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				RETAIL TRADE	749		107.00	NONMANUFACTURING	7,147	36.0	
NONMANUEACTURING	436 351		110.50	SEKAICES	124	35.0	121.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	1,748	36.5 35.5	
NONMANUFACTURING	209		106.50	KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	3,759	36.5	118.50	RETAIL TRADE	240		
				MANUE ACTURING	906	36.0	114.00	RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 2	3,449		
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A			134.50	NONMANUFACTURING	2,853		120.00	SERVICES	711	36.0	133
MANUFACTURING	1,002		135.00	NONMANUFACTURING	493		130.00	SECONTACTOR CLASS D		24.0	
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	2,335		134.50	FINANCE	198		112.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS D	4,190	36.0	
RETAIL TRADE	207		121.00	SERVICES	137		120.00	MANUFACTURING	7,747		
FINANCE 2	1,137		136.50					PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	1,695		
SERVICES	227	35.5	136.00	KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	4,197		101.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	3,558		
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	3,747	36.5	108.00	MANUFACTURING	774 3,423		105.50	2EKAICE2	1,288	35.0	126
MANUFACTURING	868		107.50	NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	780			STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	4,090	36.0	110
NONMANUFACTURING	2,879	36.5	108.50	RETAIL TRADEFINANCE2	445	37.0	100.50	MANUFACTURING	1,552	36.0	115
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	800		109.50	FINANCE 2	1,872		100.00	NONMANUFACTURING	2,538		
WHOLESALE TRADE	146 507		127.00	SERVICES	198	35.5	105.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	366 108		
FINANCE 2	1,096		108.50	OFFICE BOYS AND GIRLS	4,591	36.0	89.00	RETAIL TRADE	135		
SERVICES	330	35.0	107.00	MANUFACTURING	1,154	36.0		FINANCE 2	1,856	36.0	105.
CLEDKS FILE CLASS A	007	25.5	100 50	NONMANUFACTURING	3,437					24.0	
MANUFACTURING	897 138		109.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	779 118			STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	769	36.0	
NONMANUFACTURING	759		108.50	RETAIL TRADE	116	36.0		MANUFACTURING	3,839	36.0	
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	148		116.50	FINANCE'	1,799	36.0		POBLIC OLITITIES	594	36.0	
FINANCE 2	558	35.5	106.00	SERVICES	625	36.0	91.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	225		
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS B	2.181	36.5	96.50	SECRETARIES 4	32.211	36-0	141.00	FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	1,801		121
MANUFACTURING	425	36.5	96.00	MANUFACTURING	11,568	36.0	139.50	SERVICES	1,207	33.0	110.
NONMANUFACTURING	1,756		97.00	MANUFACTURING	20,643	36.0		SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	1,271	36.5	
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	246		108.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	4,572		147.00		339		123
SERVICES	1,249	36.0	95.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	2,060		144.50	NONMANUFACTURING	932 336		
3EK VICE3	102	33.3	90.50	FINANCE2			142.50	FINANCE 2	308		
LERKS, FILE, CLASS C	2+893	35.5	87.00	SERVICES	2,668		136.50		170		
MANUFACTURING	226	36.5	88.50						350		
NONMANUFACTURING		35.5	86.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS A	1,897		181.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS B	1,353	36.5	
FINANCE Z	188	37.0	83.00	MANUFACTURING	1,085		185.00	MANUFACTURING	189	36.0	
SERVICES	145	35.5	85.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	365		189.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	163		
				PUBLIC UTILITIES3FINANCE2	380	36.0	190.00	RETAIL TRADE	205	37.5	100
CLERKS, ORDER	675		107.00	SERVICES	161	36.0	179.50	FINANCE	451		
MANUFACTURING	260		107.00			1		SERVICES	313	35.0	104.
NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	415 285		94.00					SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	129	27 5	106.
METALL INAUE	265	31.03	94.00					SHITCHBURKD OFERATUR-KECEPTIONISTS-	129	31.5	1,00

#### Table A-3a. Office, professional, and technical occupations-large establishmentsmen and women combined -Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

		Ave	erage			Ave	rage			A	rerage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Week earning (standa
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,	1		\$				\$				
CLASS A	446		147.00		824		164.50				<b>Þ</b>
NONMANUFACTURING	407		146.00	MANUFACTURING	245		159.00	MANUFACTURING	885		291
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	318	35.5	140.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	579		166.50	NONMANUFACTURING	304		297
				FINANCE 2	88 397		167.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	581		289
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				FINANCE	391	37.0	167.50	RETAIL TRADE	96		292
NONMANUFACTURING	930		115.00	COMPUTED OPERATORS CLASS B	1 422	24 0	140 00	FINANCE 2	60		282
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	840		113.50	MANUFACTURING	1,632 369		140.00	FINANCE	358	36.0	283
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	218		100.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,263		140.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS.			
FINANCE	580	30.0	118.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	364		122.00	BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,284	2/ /	245
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,		+		RETAIL TRADE	77		142.50	MANUFACTURING	237		245
CLASS C	500	36.0	107.50	FINANCE 2	700		150.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1.047		244
NONMANUFACTURING	490		107.00	SERVICES	62		133.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	208		258
FINANCE 2	343		103.50	SERVICES	0.2	33.0	133.00	FINANCE 2	699		238
THANCE	3.5	3,.,	103030	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	578	36.5	125.50		0,,	30.0	1230
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				NONMANUFACTURING	531		125.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,			
GENERAL	757	35.5	112.00	FINANCE 2	418		128.50	BUSINESS, CLASS C	522	36.0	189.
MANUFACTURING	128		107.00			100000		NONMANUFACTURING	508		188.
NONMANUFACTURING	629		113.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS.				FINANCE2	388		188
FINANCE2	467		113.00	BUSINESS. CLASS A	1.016	36.5	242.50				1.00
		1000	77577	MANUFACTURING	200	36.5	227.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	668	38.5	195
YPISTS, CLASS A	5,963	36.0	108.00	NONMANUFACTURING	816		246.00	MANUFACTURING	391		189
MANUFACTURING	1,203		109.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	91		244.50	NONMANUFACTURING	277	37.0	203
NONMANUFACTURING	4,760		107.50	FINANCE 2	485		251.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	51	37.0	191
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	551		110.00	SERVICES	89	36.5	248.50				
RETAIL TRADE	174		101.00					DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	675		165
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	3,666		106.00	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS,		24.0	202 50	MANUFACTURING	469		162
SERVICES	316	35.0	126.50	BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,175		203.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	206		172.
YPISTS, CLASS B	7.931	36.5	96.00		943		205.00	RETAIL TRADE	56 62		
MANUFACTURING	1,526				184		207.50	KETATE TRADE	02	30.0	102
NONMANUFACTURING	6,405				619		204.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	374	37.0	130
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	466		104.50		61		213.00	MANUFACTURING	115		
RETAIL TRADE	366				1			NONMANUFACTURING	259		136
FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	5,093							PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	135		
SERVICES	405		103.50	BUSINESS, CLASS C	678		170.00				1
	1	13.50		MANUFACTURING	64	36.0	158.50	DRAFTSMEN-TRACERS	72	37.5	114.
	1			NONMANUFACTURING	614		171.00		100		1
				PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	75	36.0	177.00	NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	502	37.0	159
				FINANCE 2	492	36.0	171.50	MANUFACTURING	212	38.0	161
							7 7 7 7	NONMANUFACTURING	290	36.5	158
								PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	67	37.5	163.
								RETAIL TRADE	69	38.0	148.
	1	1	1	II .			1	FINANCE 2	116	35.5	1142

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

<sup>2</sup> Finance, insurance, and real estate.
<sup>3</sup> Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
<sup>4</sup> May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-3b. Office, professional, and technical occupations-5 Boroughs-men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N. Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Ave	rage			Ave	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Week earning (standa
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
ILLERS, MACHINE (BILLING			\$	CLERKS, FILE, CLASS C	4,694	36.0	87.50	SECRETARIES 4	49,275	35.5	142
MACHINE)	1,026	37.0	124.00	MANUFACTURING	494		86.50	MANUFACTURING			
MANUFACTURING	286		118.50	NONMANUFACTURING	4,200		87.50	NONMANUFACTURING			
NONMANUFACTURING	740		126.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	546		89.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3			
WHOLESALE TRADE	492	36.0	127.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	428 217		95.50 82.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	5,954 1,816		
ILLERS, MACHINE (BOOKKEEPING				RETAIL TRADE	2,692		86.00	FINANCE2	15,820		
MACHINE)	384	36.5	107.50	SERVICES	317			SERVICES	5,948		
NONMANUFACTURING	300	36.5	104.50						1000		
SERVICES	144	37.0	107.00		2,769		113.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS A	3,386		
				MANUFACTURING	1,021		105.00	MANUFACTURING	1,367		
ODKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS A	1,232	36.0	128.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,748		118.50	NONMANUFACTURING	2,019		
MANUFACTURING	282		130.00	RETAIL TRADE	252			WHOLESALE TRADE	383		
NONMANUFACTURING	950		127.50	NETHE TRADE	232	31.03	77.00	RETAIL TRADE	148		
WHOLESALE TRADE	448		132.50		2,018	36.0	128.50	FINANCE2	731		
RETAIL TRADE	108		120.50	MANUFACTURING	638	36.5	131.00	SERVICES	370	35.5	176
FINANCE 2	290	36.0	121.00	NONMANUFACTURING	1,380		127.50				
2044550146 4154145 025017005				PUBLIC UTILITIES3	161		139.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS B	11,460		
OOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B	1,137	34 0	118.50	RETAIL TRADE	195 188		129.50	MANUFACTURING	2,631 8,829		
MANUFACTURING	251		119.00	FINANCE 2	513		129.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	1.050		
NONMANUFACTURING	886		118.50	SERVICES	323		124.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	1,190		
WHOLESALE TRADEFINANCE 2	296		123.50					RETAIL TRADE	498		
FINANCE 2	390	35.0	117.50	COMPTOMETER OPERATORS	1,974		115.50	FINANCE2	4,813		
SERVICES	102	36.0	116.00	MANUFACTURING	262		120.50	SERVICES	1,278	35.5	153
L COMO ACCOUNTING CLASS A	F 000	24.0	120 50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,712		115.00	SECOSTABLES SLASS S	14 721	25.5	120
MANUFACTURING	5,909 1,750		139.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	360		109.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	4,284		
NONMANUFACTURING	4,159		140.00	RETAIL TRADE	700		108.50	NONMANUFACTURING	10,447		
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	946		146.50	SERVICES	219		125.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3			
WHOLESALE TRADE	775	35.5	144.50					WHOLESALE TRADE	1,890		
RETAIL TRADE	364		127.00	KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	5,026		118.00	RETAIL TRADE	267		
FINANCE 2	1,380		140.50	MANUFACTURING	1,113		112.00	FINANCE <sup>2</sup>			
SERVICES	694	35.5	132.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	3,913		127.50	SERVICES	1,142	37.5	131
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	6,768	36.0	112.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	427		126.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS D	18.369	35.5	129
MANUFACTURING	1,310		111.00	RETAIL TRADE	238		112.00	MANUFACTURING	5,313	35.0	
NONMANUFACTURING	5,458		113.00	FINANCE	2,413	36.0	117.50	NONMANUFACTURING	13,056	35.5	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	1,284		114.50	SERVICES	308	35.5	121.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES '	2,232	36.0	
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,329 768		118.50	MENDING! ORFOATORS CLASS B	4 442	26 0	103.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	2,445		
FINANCE 2	1,387		113.50	MANUFACTURING	867		110.00	RETAIL TRADEFINANCE <sup>2</sup>	4,928		
SERVICES	690		110.50	NONMANUE ACTURING	5,575		102.50	SERVICES	2,558		
				PUBLIC UTILITIES3	933	36.5	102.50				
LERKS, FILE, CLASS A	1,320		113.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	673			STENDGRAPHERS, GENERAL	6,064		
MANUFACTURING	217		116.50	RETAIL TRADE	518		101.00	MANUFACTURING	1,417		
NONMANUFACTURING	1,103		113.00	FINANCE 2	2,753		101.00	NONMANUFACTURING	4,647		
FINANCE 2	150 730		118.50	SERVICES	698	36.0	103.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	1,117		
SERVICES	132		125.50	OFFICE BOYS AND GIRLS	6,903	36.0	90.00		172		
32.441.023		30.0		MANUFACTURING	1,693			FINANCE2	2,495		
ERKS, FILE, CLASS B	3,685	36.0		NONMANUFACTURING	5,210				523		
MANUFACTURING	564	35.5		PUBLIC UTILITIES3	920	36.0	94.00				1
NONMANUFACTURING	3,121		98.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	578				6,781		
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	316		108.00	RETAIL TRADE	187			MANUFACTURING	590		
WHOLESALE TRADE	400		106.00	FINANCE 2	2,438			NONMANUFACTURING	6,191		
FINANCE 2	1,828	35.5		SERVICES	1,037	36.0	89.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	820		
SERVICES	304	33.3	30.50					WHOLESALE TRADEFINANCE2	2,250		

# Table A-3b. Office, professional, and technical occupations-5 Boroughs-men and women combined --Continued

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N. Y., April 1970)

		Ave	erage			Ave	erage			Ave	erage
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekl earning (standar
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL			
			\$				\$	OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	2,028		123.50	TYPISTS, CLASS B			100.50				
MANUFACTURING	1,614		123.50	MANUFACTURING	1,422	36.0	100.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS C	781	36.0	\$
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	342		126.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	1,306	36.5	104.00	NONMANUFACTURING	732		
WHOLESALE TRADE	196		130.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	1,188		104.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES	73		
FINANCE	708		121.50	RETAIL TRADE	586			EINANCE2	519		
SERVICES	308		121.00	FINANCE 2	6,237			FINANCE 2	93		
35.47.053	300	33.0		SERVICES	1,497		108.00	SERVICES	,,,	30.0	133.
WITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS B	2,926	36.0	108.50		-,		1	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,			
MANUFACTURING	429	35.5	113.50					BUSINESS, CLASS A	1,086	35.5	294.
NONMANUFICTURING	2,497	36.0	108.00	PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL				MANUFACTURING	336		
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	215	36.5	110.50	OCCUPATIONS				NONMANUFACTURING	750	36.0	292.
WHOLESALE TRADE	258	36.0	119.00					PUBLIC UTILITIES3	97		
RETAIL TRADE	266	38.0	104.00					WHOLESALE TRADE	61	36.0	310.
FINANCE 2	842	36.5	114.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	1,088	36.5	169.00	RETAIL TRADE	71	36.0	273.
FINANCE 2 SERVICES	916	35.5	99.50	MANUFACTURING	196		165.00	FINANCE2	428	36.0	277.
				NONMANUFACTURING	892		170.00				
WITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	2,086		114.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	79	36.5	167.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,			
MANUFACTURING	698		106.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	73		184.00	BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,628		
NONMANUFACTURING	1,388		117.50	FINANCE2	590		172.50	MANUFACTURING	389		
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	138		125.50	SERVICES	122	36.0	155.00	NONMANUFACTURING			
WHOLESALE TRADE	647		119.00					PUBLIC UTILITIES3	257		
SERVICES	430	36.5	115.50		2,073		143.00	FINANCE2	711	36.5	234.
				MANUFACTURING	391		145.00			1 1 1	
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,				NONMANUFACTURING	1,682		142.50				
CLASS A	517		146.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	317	35.5	132.00	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS,			
NONMANUFACTURING	471		145.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	193		142.00	BUSINESS, CLASS C	742		
FINANCE	359	35.5	141.00	FINANCE 2	909		143.00	NONMANUFACTURING	580		
ARIH ATING-MACHINE ODERATORS				SERVICES	182		127.00	FINANCE	410	36.0	187.
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS, CLASS B	960	36.0	119.50	3EKV10E3	102	30.0	127.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	799	37.5	205
	880		118.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	796	36-0	124.00	MANUFACTURING	205	38.0	
NONMANUFACTURING	643		118.00	NONMANUFACTURING	743		124.00	NONMANUFACTURING	594		
				FINANCE 2	502		125.50	SERVICES	486		
ABULATING-MACHINE OPERATORS,	1000	1.000	1000								
CLASS C	507	36.0	107.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS,	DOM:			DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	1,007	38.0	177.
NONMANUFACTURING	492		107.00	BUSINESS, CLASS A	1,273		240.00	MANUFACTURING	252	38.0	169.
FINANCE 2	343	35.5	103.50	MANUFACTURING	142		251.00	NONMANUFACTURING	755	37.5	180.
				NONMANUFACTURING	1,131		238.50	RETAIL TRADE	63	35.5	165.
RANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS,		100	100	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	123		237.00	SERVICES	633	38.0	185.
GENERAL	1,594		115.50	WHOLESALE TRADE	162		239.50		100		
MANUFACTURING	358		114.50	RETAIL TRADE	101	35.5	215.50	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	507	37.5	
NONMANUFACTURING	1,236		116.00	FINANCE 2	547			MANUFACTURING	166		
FINANCE	715		112.00	SERVICES	198	36.0	229.00	NONMANUFACTURING	341		
SERVICES	348	36.0	127.00					PUBLIC UTILITIES3	75	35.5	125.
WOLLET STATE OF				COMPUTER PROGRAMERS,	1	25 -	202 00				
YPISTS, CLASS A	7,090		112.50	BUSINESS, CLASS B	1,567	35.5	203.00	DRAFTSMEN-TRACERS	189	38.0	124.
MANUFACTURING	865		117.50	MANUFACTURING	301		220.50				
NONMANUFACTURING	6,225	35.5	111.50	NONMANUFACTURING	1,266	35.5	198.50	NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	416		
PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	672		113.00	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	213		204.50	MANUFACTURING	162		
WHOLESALE TRADE	224		119.00	WHOLESALE TRADE	149		192.00	NONMANUFACTURING	254		
RETAIL TRADE	232		104.50	RETAIL TRADE	701		184.50	PUBLIC UTILITIES3	60		
FINANCE <sup>2</sup> SERVICES	1,075		108.00	FINANCE <sup>2</sup>	143		187.50	RETAIL TRADE	50	37.5	
3FVA10:2	1,015	30.0	124.50	35VA10E2	143	35.0	1.01.30	FINANCE 2	112	35.5	103.

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.
<sup>2</sup> Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
 May include workers other than those presented separately.

### Table A-3c. Office, professional, and technical occupations-manufacturing-Nassau-Suffolk Counties-men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Nassau-Suffolk Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Av	erage			Ave	erage
Occupation	Number of workers		Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings (standard
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS				OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			4	OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	437	39.0	128.50	OFFICE BOYS AND GIRLS	119	39.5	89.50	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	173	39.0	102.0
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	282	39.0	104.00	SECRETARIES	2,344	39.5	127.00	TYPISTS, CLASS B	769	39.5	91.0
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS B	77	39.0	94.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS A	148	39.5	163.00				
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS C	63	37.5	81.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS B	367	39.5	140.00	PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS			
CLERKS, PAYROLL	93	38.5	113.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	686	39.5	131.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	433	40.0	197.0
KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	220	38.0	103.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS D	1,143	40.0	115.50	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	502	40.0	171.0
KEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	184	37.0	90.50	STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	173	39.0	101.50	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS C	190	40.0	131.5
				SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	131	39.0	114.00	NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	92	39.5	149.0

Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

May include workers other than those presented separately.

#### Table A-3d. Office, professional, and technical occupations-manufacturing-Westchester-Rockland Counties-men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Westchester-Rockland Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

		Ave	erage			Av	rerage			Av	rerage
Occupation	Number of workers		Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	earnings
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS			\$	OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED				PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS			
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	133	37.0	136.00	SECRETARIES 2 - CONTINUED			¢	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	99	38-0	148.0
CLERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	161	36.5	111.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS B	375	36.5	164.50				
CLERKS, FILE, CLASS B	76	37.5	96.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	721	36.5	144.00	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	175	37.5	129.5
CLERKS, PAYROLL	53	38.5	116.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS D	587	37.0	121.00	BUSINESS, CLASS B	53	36.5	176.5
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	197	36.0	113.50	STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	684	36.0	114.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS A	67	36.5	312.0
CEYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	226	37.5	101.00	STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	376	37.0	122.00				
DEFICE BOYS AND GIRLS	105	36.5	88.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONISTS-	66	39.5	105.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS B	61	39.0	158.5
SECRETARIES2	1,812	37.0	143.50	TYPISTS, CLASS A	200	37.0	115.00				
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	129	37.0	182.00	TYPISTS, CLASS B	391	37.0	100.50				

Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

May include workers other than those presented separately.

# Table A-3e. Office, professional, and technical occupations -central offices-5 Boroughs-men and women combined

(Average straight-time weekly hours and earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in central offices, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

		Av	erage			Av	erage			Ave	rage
Occupation	Number of workers		Weekly earnings <sup>1</sup> (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings 1 (standard)	Occupation	Number of workers	Weekly hours 1 (standard)	Weekly earnings (standard
OFFICE OCCUPATIONS			\$	OFFICE OCCUPATIONS - CONTINUED			\$	PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL OCCUPATIONS			
LERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS A	1,038	35.5	134.00	SECRETARIES2	12,190	35.5	142.50	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS A	169	35.0	\$ 162.0
ERKS, ACCOUNTING, CLASS B	1,000	35.5	108.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS A	1,311	35.5	174.00	CUMPUTER UPERATURS, CLASS A	109	33.0	102.0
ERKS, FILE, CLASS A	200	25.5			2	25.5	154 00	COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	262	35.0	146.5
ERRS, FILE, CLASS A	200	33.5	118.50	SECRETARIES. CLASS B	2,033	35.5	154.00	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS.			
ERKS, FILE, CLASS B	568	35.5	97.00	SECRETARIES, CLASS C	3,544	35.5	140.50	BUSINESS, CLASS A	142	35.5	246.0
ERKS, FILE, CLASS C	194	35.5	87.50	SECRETARIES, CLASS D	4,508	35.0	128.50	COMPUTER PROGRAMERS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	249	35.5	216.0
ERKS, PAYROLL	203	36.0	140.50	STENOGRAPHERS, GENERAL	1,017	35.5	110.50				
DMPTOMETER OPERATORS	321	35.0	116.00	STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	650	35.0	126.00	BUSINESS, CLASS A	370	35.0	300.0
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS A	865	35.5	115.00	SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, CLASS A	338	35.5	121.50	COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYSTS, BUSINESS, CLASS B	434	35.0	253.0
EYPUNCH OPERATORS, CLASS B	624	36.0	110.00	TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATORS,						1 2 3 5 5	
FFICE BOYS AND GIRLS	1.265	35.5	91.00	GENERAL	230	35.5	112.00	BUSINESS, CLASS C	229	35.0	211.5
THE DOTS AND DIRES	1,203	33.3	71.00	TYPISTS, CLASS A	700	35.5	115.50				
					250	25.0	98.00	DRAFTSMEN, CLASS A	149	35.0	189.0
				TYPISTS, CLASS B	859	35.0	98.00	NURSES, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)	83	35.0	162.

1 Standard hours reflect the workweek for which employees receive their regular straight-time salaries (exclusive of pay for overtime at regular and/or premium rates), and the earnings correspond to these weekly hours.

2 May include workers other than those presented separately.

Central (or district administrative) offices are establishments primarily engaged in general administrative, supervisory, purchasing, accounting, and other management functions performed centrally for the other establishments of the same company. They are classified on the basis of the most appropriate major industry group representing the primary activity of the establishments served. The majority of central offices are classified in manufacturing; all are appropriately represented in the other tables presented in this bulletin.

# Table A-4. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-SMSA

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ear	nings 1											iving s	-				-							
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 2.30	and under	2.40	2.50	-	-	2.80	3•00 -	3.20	3.40 -	3.60	3.80	4.00 -	-	4.40	<b>4.</b> 60 -	4.80 -	5.00	5.20	5.40	-	-	ar
CARPENTERS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING	342 541 123 156	4.07 4.32 4.23 4.84 4.41	4.04 4.33 4.33	\$ 3.74- 4.62 3.70- 4.33 3.81- 4.76 3.88- 4.63 4.46- 5.18 4.32- 4.46 3.50- 4.02	:			: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		12 10 2 - 2		18 13 5 - 3 - 2	53 19 34 3 1	54 26 28 19 -	127 62 65 4 3 -	41 22 19 9 2 2 6	125 71 54 11 4 6	164 44 120 44 14 56	59 9 50 - 18 32	68 29 39 25 8 6	14 11 3 - 2 1	78  78  68 2	36 8 26 -	12 7 5 - 2 3	12	5 5	
MAINTENANCE	905 497 149	4.15 4.31 4.25 4.74 4.46	4.04 4.33 4.33	3.76- 4.57 3.74- 4.51 3.88- 4.70 4.09- 4.38 4.41- 5.21 4.08- 4.64 3.40- 3.85	=			24 24	:	10 10 - - - -	24 22 2 - 2	13 12 1 - 1	67 30 37 7 -	95 63 32 5 -	167 132 35 6 1	184 146 38 4 25 3 6	220 156 64 27  33 4	158 59 99 75 1 14	111 72 39 1 11 27	48 6 42 10 13 19	61 37 24 - 16 3 5	55 22 33 6 23 3	52 25 27 8 16 2	33 13 20 - 16 4	74 70 4 - - 2 2		
ENGINEERS, STATIONARY  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  PUBLIC UTILITIES  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCE  SERVICES	338 698 195 69	4.70 4.47 4.50 5.23 4.57	4.52 4.68 5.31 4.50	4.09- 4.81 4.10- 5.17 4.09- 4.76 4.35- 4.75 4.82- 5.73 4.09- 4.69 3.70- 4.51	=		:		:			28 - 28 - - - 28	6 6	13 13 12	52 13 39 6 2 -	41 25 16 1 -	200 59 141 10 - 58 73	119 76 43 34 - 2 7	100 4 96 19 4 42 31	216 15 201 109 10 52 30	38 9 29 3 7 10 9	86 60 26 1 9	30 2 28 - 11 3	18 11 7 - 6 1	17  17  14 3	56 55 1 - 1	
FIREMEN, STATIONARY BOILER MANUFACTURINGNONMANUFACTURING	213	3.93	3.70	3.27- 4.08 3.53- 4.15 3.06- 3.75	6	2 - 2	:	:	Ξ	9 8 1	26 14 12	34 - 34	19 3 16	34 24 10	117 85 32	8 4 4	30 24 6	4 - 4	1 - 1	12 6 6	Ξ	5	10 10	30 29 1	Ξ	=	
HELPERS, MAINTENANCE TRADES MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES'	282 353	3.60 3.27	3.47	3.02- 3.78 3.06- 3.89 2.95- 3.64 3.12- 3.96	18	21 1 20 8	7 1 6	23 6 17 8	17 3 14 8	10 10 -	53 34 19 11	102 34 68 39	84 7 77 25	106 81 25 1	37 27 10 4	45 12 33 31	40 33 7 7	21 2 19 11	18 - 18 18	:	:	2 -	:	30 30 -	:	=	
MACHINE-TOOL OPERATORS, TOOLROOM MANUFACTURING		3.81 3.81		3.40- 4.04 3.40- 4.04	:	:	:	:	Ξ	3	17 17	47	48 48	64 64	48 48	103 103	50 50	25 25	17 17	4	:	8	2	Ξ	8	8	
MACHINISTS, MAINTENANCE	971 952	4.47		3.94- 5.16 3.94- 5.16		:	:	:	Ξ	-	:	5	14 14	77 77		115 113	166 166	107 105	58 57	14 12	8	105 98	2	154 154	53 53	8	
MECHANICS, AUTOMOTIVE (MAINTENANCE)	2,617	4.45	4.51	4.17- 4.75 4.04- 4.79 4.19- 4.75 4.17- 4.75	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	12 12	48 8 40 1	25 17 8 4	59 39 20 7			525 6 519 384	76 392	55	191 7 184 184	-	23 23 23	29 29 -	74 74 -	=	
MECHANICS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3	1,288		4.02	3.82- 4.68 3.78- 4.52 4.05- 5.15 4.10- 5.17	-	:	:	:	:	-	:	3 -	98 88 10 2	129 120 9 5	154 131 23 9	295 258 37 28	330 280 50 39	93 66 27 19	70 33 37 34	129 111 18 14	47 6 41 32	153 74 79 72	29 1 28 18	154 114 40 37	3 - -	:	
MILLWRIGHTS	135 135	4.15 4.15		3.74- 4.82 3.74- 4.82	=	:	Ξ	-	2	-	Ξ	-	8	14 14	26 26	8	37 37	1	2	:	39 39	=	:	:	:	-	
DILERS	170 131			3.20- 3.78 3.23- 3.84		-	:	1	2 2	3	12	24 21	28 20	34 19	27 27	9	:	2	1 -	5	1	:	=	21 21	:	:	

#### Table A-4. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-SMSA-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ear	mings 1							Numbe:	r of we	orkers	rece	iving s	traigh	it-time	e hourl	y ear	nings	of—						
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$	2.30 and under	_	\$ 2.50	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.70	\$ 2.80 -	3.00	\$ 3.20 -	3.40	\$ 3.60	\$ 3.80	\$ 4.00 -	\$ 4.20 -	\$ 4.40 -	\$ 4.60	\$ 4.80 -	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.20	\$ 5.40 -	\$ 5.60	5.80	\$ 6.00
						2.40	2.50	2.60	2.70	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.60	5.80	6.00	ove:
		\$	\$	\$ \$																							
PAINTERS, MAINTENANCE				3.42- 4.42		-	-	1	-	33	6	1	185	193	81	93	35	87	29	15	24	146	23	5	2	-	
MANUFACTURING			3.86	3.50- 4.27		-	-	-	-	-	2	-	33	32	14	61	8	45	-	8	12	-	5	3	2	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	734		3.65	3.40- 4.65		-	-	1	-	33	4	1	152	161	67	32	27	42	29	7	12	146	18	2	-	-	
PUBLIC UTILITIES'	78			3.57- 4.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	2	18	6	3	-	32	-	3	2	-	7	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	52	4.62		4.03- 5.21	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	2	10	-	-	1	-	18	11	2	-	-	
FINANCE"	296			3.73- 5.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64	-	33	8	11	10	29	3	10	128	-	-	-	-	
SERVICES	308	3.43	3.47	3.35- 3.57	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	-	86	142	22	19	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PIPEFITTERS. MAINTENANCE	261	3.94	3.82	3.56- 4.15	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	57	10	58	26	56	-	13	2	32	-	3	4	-	_	
MANUFACTURING	238			3.45- 4.15		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	6	52	26	50	-	11	-	32	-	-	4	-	-	
PLUMBERS, MAINTENANCE	302	3.90	3.05	3.65- 4.13	_	_	_		_	1	_		51	15	52	56	73	35	3	7	2	4	_	3	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	119			3.68- 4.15		-	-			-	_	_	11	ii	52 23	23	36	6	í	5	_	_	_	3	_		
NONMANUFACTURING	183			3.61- 4.09		-	-	-	-	1	-	-	40	4	29	56 23 33	73 36 37	6 29	2	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	
SHEET-METAL WORKERS MAINTENANCE	112	4.05	4.05	3.85- 4.13	_		_	_	_			_	7	8	13	_	65	1	2	1	15	_		_	_		
MANUFACTURING	86			4.02- 4.12		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	5	-	64	i	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	1.843	4.35	4.31	4.06- 4.61	_	_		_	_	_	_	3	9	81	75	168	374	363	303	159	190	68	7	1	19	12	2 1
MANUFACTURING				4.06- 4.61	-	-	_	- 1	-	-	-	3	ģ	81	75	168	374	363	303	159	190	68	7	ī	19	12	1

Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.
 For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.
 Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
 Finance, insurance, and real estate.

#### Table A-4a. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-large establishments

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings 1							Numb	er of	worke	rs re	ceivin	g stra	ight-	-time	e hour	ly ear	nings	of—						
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range 2	\$	2.50 and under 2.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	and
						2.00		2.00	2.70	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.40	3.00	3.6	0 4.0	0 4.	. 20	4.40	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.00	3.00	0.00	Over
CARPENTERS, MAINTENANCE	645	4.30	\$ 4.27	3.77- 4.76	_	-	_	2	_	_	4		*32	4	4 8	2 2	9	79	103	59	40	14	70	36	12	12		
MANUFACTURING	216			3.68- 4.29		_	_	-	-	_	4	3	1 3	2	4 3					9		11		30	7	12	5	8
NONMANUFACTURING				3.92- 5.03		-	-	2	-	-	_	5	23	2	4 3	6 2	7	54 25	19	50	39		70	36	5	-		
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	123	4.23		3.88- 4.63		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	3	1		4		11	44	-	25			8	_	-	_	
RETAIL TRADE	156	4.84	5.08	4.46- 5.18	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	1		-	3	2	4	14	18	8	2	68	26	2	-	_	
FINANCE 4	76	4.43	4.42	4.29- 4.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	2	6	24	32	6	1	2	-	3	-	-	
ELECTRICIANS, MAINTENANCE	1.079	4.32	4.20	3.79- 4.83	-	24	_	_	2	_	_	3	53	7	3 12	5 12	3 1	136	136	88	42	61	48	52	33	74	_	. ,
MANUFACTURING				3.78- 4.92			-	-	-	-	-	2	16					108	41	49					13	70	-	
NONMANUFACTURING	426	4.35	4.36	3.85- 4.77	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	37	3	2 3	1 1		28	95	39	42				20		_	
PUBLIC UTILITIES3	143	4.22	4.33	4.08- 4.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1 7		5	6	4	27	75	1	10	-		8	-	-	-	
RETAIL TRADE	110	4.86	5.01	4.69- 5.24	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-		-	1 1	0	-	1	11	13	16	23	16	16	-	-	

#### Table A-4a. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-large establishments-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	arnings 1									orkers														
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>		\$ 2.50 u	and nder	-	2.70 -	-	-	-	-	3.20	-	3.60	3.80	4.00 -	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	-	-	and
ENGINEERS, STATIONARY	561 162 399 171 69 79	4.76 4.67 4.61 5.23	4.71 4.70 4.71 5.31 4.84	4.07- 5.50 4.35- 4.79 4.48- 4.76 4.82- 5.73			:			:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			4	1 1	30 13 17 - 2 -	33 17 16 1	68 27 41 4 - 2 35	49 10 39 34 - 2 3		159 10	30 9 21 3 7 10	52 26 26 1 9	16 2 14 - 11 3	7 - 7 - 6 1	17  17  14 3	38 37 1 - - 1	10
FIREMEN, STATIONARY BOILER MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	222 127 95	4.18	3.77 4.08 3.66	3.46- 4.71 3.49- 5.33 3.28- 3.99	6	:	Ξ	9 8 1	5 4 1	10	1 1	5	10 3 7	23 14 9	51 19 32	8 4	30 24 6	4 - 4	1 - 1	12 6 6	:	5	10 10	30 29 1	=	Ξ	
HELPERS, MAINTENANCE TRADES MANUFACTURINGNOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>3</sup>	364 184 180 87	3.63	3.19	3.10- 3.56	18	9 3 6	6 3 3	1 -	26 17 9 5	15 5 10 6	31 15 16 2	42 11 31 21	13 7 6 1	95 81 14 1	14 6 8 4	33 33 31	5 5	21 2 19 11	=	=	:	2 - 2 -	=	30 30 -	:	:	
MACHINISTS, MAINTENANCE	718 701			4.05- 5.51 4.05- 5.52		:	:	Ξ	Ξ	-	-	5	12 12	27 27	63 59	29 29	160 160	66 64	28 27	14 12	8	105 98	2 2	154 154	45 45	Ξ	:
MECHANICS, AUTOMOTIVE  (MAINTENANCE) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES3	1,793 317 1,476 1,104	4.60	4.12	4.16- 4.76 4.04- 5.54 4.19- 4.75 4.17- 4.64	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	12	17 1 16 1	4 4	38 26 12 7	22 3 19 19	491 144 347 347	370 370 348	80 2 78 71	434	47 7 40 40	121 121 120	23 - 23 23	29 29 -	62	:	
MECHANICS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	322	4.24	4.94	3.88- 5.07 3.80- 4.51 4.10- 5.18 4.36- 5.18	-	:	:	:	:	:	3	-	33 23 10 2	53 47 6 2	126 116 10 9	124 108 16 15	283 238 45 39	50 38 12 4	49 15 34 34	15 15 14	33 33 32	138 62 76 72	26 1 25 18	154 114 40 37	-	:	
MILLWRIGHTS	117 117	4.25	4.15			:	-	Ξ	:	Ξ	-	-	2 2	2	26 26	8	37 37	1	2 2	Ξ	39 39	:	-	Ξ	:	:	
MANUFACTURING	132 101	3.76 3.85	3.53 3.58			1	2 2	3	1 -	3	11	13 10	20 12	27 12	12	9	:	2	1	5	1	:	:	21 21	:	:	
PAINTERS, MAINTENANCE	302 78	3.98 4.03 4.04 4.62	4.02 4.25 5.03	3.46- 4.41 3.52- 4.22 3.44- 4.45 3.57- 4.37 4.03- 5.21 4.17- 4.50	:	1 - 1 -	:	:	1	5 1 4 4	:	1 1 -	69 19 50 2 -	85 25 60 18 1	24 7 17 6 6	67 53 14 3 2 8	34 7 27 10 17	51 9 42 32 -	29 - 29 - - 29	15 8 7 3 1	24 12 12 2 -	18	23 5 18 7 11	5 3 2 - 2 -	2	-	
PIPEFITTERS, MAINTENANCE	207 184	4.10	4.02		-	:	-	Ξ	=	:	:	-	7	10 6	54 48	26 26	5 <i>6</i> 50	-	13 11	2	32 32	=	3 -	4	-	-	:
PLUMBERS, MAINTENANCE	119	3.92 3.94 3.89		3.61- 4.20 3.68- 4.15 3.39- 4.33	-	:	:	1	:	:	:	-	39 11 28	15 11 4	48 23 25	24 23 1	41 36 5	35 6 29	3 1 2	7 5 2	2 - 2	4	:	3	:	=	
SHEET-METAL WORKERS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING		4.05	4.05	3.85- 4.13 4.02- 4.12		:	Ξ	-	=	:	=	=	7 5	8 -	13 5	:	65 64	1	2	1 -	15 11	:	:	:	-	-	
MANUFACTURING		4.33	4.27	4.04- 4.54 4.04- 4.54	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	3	9	10 10	38 38			151 151		23 23	53 53	32 32	7	1	9	12 12	6

Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.
 For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.
 Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
 Finance, insurance, and real estate.

# Table A-4b. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-5 Boroughs

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	mings 1									orkers														
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	Under \$ 2.50	and under	\$ 2.60 - 2.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.80	4.00 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.60	-	â
CARPENTERS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3 RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 4	702 189 513 108 147 108 142	4.19 4.86 4.41	4.33 4.32 5.09 4.38	\$ 3.73- 4.70 3.66- 4.64 3.79- 4.77 3.82- 4.39 4.47- 5.18 4.32- 4.46 3.48- 4.02	-	1111111		12 10 2 - 2			1	14 9 5 - 3 - 2	40 6 34 3 1 - 30	47 19 28 19 -	104 42 62 4 - 58	21 3 18 9 2 2 5	82 31 51 11 2 6 32	123 11 112 38 14 56		58 28 30 16 8 6	3 2 1 1	78 - 78 - 68 2	36 - 36 8 26 - 2	10 7 3 - - 3	12	5 5	
LECTRICIANS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3 RETAIL TRADE FINANCE 4 SERVICES	984 527 457 135 107 110	4.46	4.79	3.75- 4.69 3.71- 5.12 3.84- 4.65 4.08- 4.38 3.98- 5.14 4.08- 4.64 3.39- 3.76	-	24 24		10	22 20 2 - 2	2 2	4	7 6 1 - 1	55 18 37 7 - 30	57 25 32 5 - - 27	100 65 35 6 1 -	109 74 35 3 25 3	164 100 64 27 - 33 4	116 28 88 69 1 14	45 6 39 1 11 27	41 6 35 3 13 19	23 3 20 - 12 3 5	54 22 32 6 23 3	52 25 27 8 16 2	19 13 6 - 2 4	74 70 4 - 2 2		
MGINEERS, STATIONARY  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  PUBLIC UTILITIES  FINANCE  SERVICES	907 257 650 183 195 216	4.56 4.87 4.44 4.49 4.57 4.06	4.88 4.49 4.66 4.50	4.13- 4.84 4.33- 5.55 4.08- 4.75 4.35- 4.75 4.09- 4.69 3.78- 4.52	:						28 - 28 - - 28		2 2	13 13 12 -	40 8 32 6 - 26	31 15 16 1	160 20 140 10 58 72	109 68 41 34 2 5	96 19 42	186 5 181 97 52 29	36 9 27 3 10 9	1	28 2 26 - 3	18 11 7 - 1	3 - 3 -	56 55 1 - 1	
IREMEN, STATIONARY BOILER MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	281 156 125		3.71	3.23- 4.09 3.63- 4.19 3.06- 3.72	6	-	:	1	14 13 1	10	29 - 29	5	15 - 15	13 4 9	101 69 32	8 4 4	26 24 2	4 - 4	1 - 1	4	=	5	7 7 -	30 29 1	=	=	
ELPERS, MAINTENANCE TRADES MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES	490 178 312 171	3.82	3.66	3.10- 3.92 3.23- 4.06 3.08- 3.80 3.12- 3.96	3 26	14 3 11 8	14 3 11 8	1 1 -	9 3 6 5	14 5 9 6	42 23 19 2	44 3 41 37	80 3 77 25	54 29 25 1	37 27 10 4	45 12 33 31	40 33 7 7	19 - 19 11	18 - 18 18	:	:	:	:	30 30 -	-	=	
MANUFACTURING	703 694	4.59 4.59	4.28 4.27	3.95- 5.53 3.95- 5.53	=	-	:	:	-	-	Ξ	5	14 14	76 76	28 25	92 92	95 95	57 56	21 20	1	1	98 96	Ξ	154 154	53 53	8	
ECHANICS, AUTOMOTIVE (MAINTENANCE)	405 2,278	4.48 4.57 4.46 4.47	4.49 4.51 4.48 4.43	4.17- 4.77 4.04- 5.51 4.19- 4.76 4.18- 4.77	-	-	=	:	:	:	:	12	47 8 39	20 14 6 2	44 25 19 6	44 44 38	611 143 468 464	437 6 431 296			181 181 181	-	23 23 23	29 29 -	74 74 -	-	
ECHANICS, MAINTENANCE MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 3	1,127 832 295 226	4.31	4.07	3.91- 4.99 3.88- 4.72 4.03- 5.09 4.08- 5.09	-	-	=	:	:	:	3 -	-	41 31 10 2	82 73 9 5	45 27 18 9	178 154 24 15	261 216 45 39	39 18 21 19	30	111	42 6 36 32	74 16	1 28	114	3 -	:	
MANUFACTURING	108 72			3.29- 4.65 3.53- 5.42		1	-	-	9	3	4	3	11 3	19 7	27 27	1 -	-	2	1 -	5	1	- :	Ξ	21 21	-	-	
AINTERS, MAINTENANCE	799 77 722 72 296 306	4.10 3.96 4.01 4.40	4.49	3.41- 4.58 3.65- 4.82 3.39- 4.56 3.56- 4.35 3.73- 5.14 3.35- 3.57	=	1	:	33 - 33 - - 33	1	4 4	-	1 1 -	152	15	75 8 67 6 33 22	61 30 31 3 8 18	26 - 26 - 11 5	42 3 39 29 10	29	4 - 3 -	22 10 12 2 10	144	18 7		2 2	:	
PIPEFITTERS, MAINTENANCE	99	3.94	3.79	3.72- 4.06	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	8	4	42	-	34	-	2	2	_	-	3	4	_	-	

### Table A-4b. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-5 Boroughs-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N. Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings 1						N	umbe	r of w	orkers	rece	iving s	straig	nt-tim	e hou	rly ear	nings	of—						
Occupation and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$ 2.50	and under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 4.40 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	an
				-		2.60	2.70	2.80	2.90	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.60	5.80	6.00	) ove
LUMBERS, MAINTENANCE	206 174			\$ 3.63- 4.08 3.57- 4.07	:	- :	Ξ	1 1	:	:	:	-	42 40	5 4	36 28	43 33	37 35	25 25	3 2	5 -	2 2	4	=	3	: :	:	
DOL AND DIE MAKERS MANUFACTURING	461 461			3.89- 4.47 3.89- 4.47		1	-	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	-	6	12 12	57 57	91 91	108	49	44	27 27	21	3	6	-	19	12 12	!

 $^1$  Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.  $^2$  For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

<sup>4</sup> Finance, insurance, and real estate.

#### Table A-4c. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-manufacturing-Nassau-Suffolk Counties

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Nassau-Suffolk Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ear	nings 1				Numbe	er of w	vorker	s rec	eiving	straig	ht-tim	e hou	rly ea	rnings	of—			
Occupation	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>	Middle range <sup>2</sup>	\$	3.40 and	_	3.60	\$ 3.70	\$ 3.80	\$ 3.90	\$ 4.00	\$ 4.10	\$ 4.20	\$ 4.30	\$ 4.40	\$ 4.50	\$ 4.60	\$ 4.70	\$ 4.80	\$ 4.9
					3.40			3.70	3.80	3.90	4.00	4.10	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.50	4.60	4.70	4.80	4.90	ove
ELECTRICIANS, MAINTENANCE	194	\$ 3.97	\$ 3.87	\$ \$ 3.73- 4.26	6	10	15	10	28	39	12	15	5	10	_		44		-	_	
MACHINISTS, MAINTENANCE	91	4.36	4.39	4.19- 4.47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	24	-	23	30	-	10	-	-	
MECHANICS, MAINTENANCE	248	3.88	3.81	3.72- 4.11	2	25	14	6	74	30	16	18	19	14	16	-	14	-	-	-	
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	1,007	4.31	4.34	4.06- 4.58	6	1	68	5	9	41	25	151	97	59	114	36	172	69	16	137	1

 $^1$  Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.  $^2$  For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

#### Table A-4d. Maintenance and powerplant occupations-manufacturing-Westchester-Rockland Counties

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for men in selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Westchester-Rockland Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings 1						N	lumber	of wo	rkers	recei	ving st	raigh	t-time	hour	ly ear	nings	of—						
Occupation	Number of workers	Mean <sup>2</sup>	Median <sup>2</sup>		Under \$ 2.70	and under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 4.40 - 4.60	-	-	-	and
CARPENTERS, MAINTENANCE	77	\$ 4.02	\$ 4.14	\$ 3.67- 4.26	-	_	_	_		_	7	_	4	_	13	2	6	-	1	15	19	1	-	_	9	_	
ELECTRICIANS, MAINTENANCE	184	4.16	4.15	3.79- 4.45	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	6	3	10	-	29	18	3	4	32	18	3	22	-	34	-	
HELPERS, MAINTENANCE TRADES	88	3.26	3.42	2.86- 3.47	3	9	16	-	-	2	2	2	48	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	
MACHINISTS, MAINTENANCE	167	4.01	4.09	3.68- 4.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	54	2	12	9	7	38	19	7	7	2	7	2	
MECHANICS, MAINTENANCE	208	3.82	3.85	3.39- 4.14	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	20	8	-	-	24	34	24	2	25	-	18	18	-	-	-	
OILERS	58	3.29	3.29	3.13- 3.55	2	3	-	-	7	10	8	8	-	12	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PAINTERS, MAINTENANCE	93	3.98	4.09	3.53- 4.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	3	4	2	-	2	14	3	3	-	18	18	-	8	2	-	- 13
PIPEFITTERS, MAINTENANCE	139	3.90	3.83	3.28- 4.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	7	6	-	2	8	20	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	32	-	
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	375	4.56	4.53	4.26- 4.83	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	11	-	18	95	46	51	47	31	65	1

 $^1\,$  Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.  $^2\,$  For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

# Table A-5. Custodial and material movement occupations-SMSA

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings Z								r of we															
Occupation 1 and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	1.60 and under	1.70			2.00																	5.40	\$ 5.
					1		1.90	2.00	2 20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.60	ov
UARDS AND WATCHMEN	1,220	3.01	3.02	\$ \$ 2.08- 3.1 2.56- 3.5 2.06- 3.1	9 49	48	8	1	2220 19 2201	54	171	167	87	104	122	94	147	97		26 15 11	16 15 1	2 2 -	1 1	:	Ξ	1 1 -	
GUARDS: MANUFACTURING	830	3.21	3.27	2.73- 3.7	1 -	1	-	-	8	28	95	105	58	81	117	92	143	88	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
MATCHMEN: MANUFACTURING	390	2.58	2.57	1.82- 2.8	6 49	47	8	1	11	26	76	62	29	23	5	2	4	9	6	13	15	2	1	-	-	1	
ANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS MANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES' HHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE FINANCE' SERVICES	4,706 24,966 1,749 664 2,268 4,729	2.74 2.78 3.12 2.60 2.32 3.02	2.81 2.80 3.14 2.55 2.20 3.05	2.89- 3.4 2.23- 3.0 2.02- 2.5 2.93- 3.1	5 43 6 11 3 4 4 - 6 - 2 -	133 105	122 323 - 6 133 48	146 548 - 29 293 24	100 596	518 1894 38 140 257 16	401 1006 88 101 407 147	431 6561 42 83 151 274	497 1926 534 5 91 729	1148 9082 384 112 188 2824	550 165 74 12	333 3 32	1	122 95 27 2 2 2 21	-		15			18			
ANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS (NOMEN)  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  RETAIL TRADE  FINANCES  SERVICES	210 13,812 201 2,925	2.61 2.55 2.31 2.55	2.27	2.48- 2.6	4 - 7 3 9 - 7 -	18	13 42 22	130	22 419 63	422 26 274	19 3078 33 258	9415 40 9375 26 2080 7118	20	81 9 72 2 5	27 24 3 -	37 3 34 - 2 16	46			:	:	:	:	:		:	
ABORERS, MATERIAL HANDLING MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES4 WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE	4,459 7,036 3,499 1,909	3.26 3.37 3.60 3.35	3.20 3.54 3.64 3.45	3.52- 3.6	6 - 7 - 9 - 5 -	5	59 62 -	117 28 -	315	273	32	328 234 - 105	483 192 23 89	470 187 24 48	393 1307 763 331	64	75 2792 2112 536			10	48 48 - -		:	261 261 - -	:	:	
RDER FILLERS	1,592 3,923 3,060	2.87 3.18 3.21	3.11 3.30 3.32	2.61- 3.5 2.34- 3.4 2.69- 3.5 2.77- 3.5 2.31- 3.8	1 - 9 - 7 -	=		88 62 26 -	187 91 19	128 296	105 435	391 155 236 164 72	59 213	365 570	82 583	403 535	523	191 4 187 29 158	8	:	:	:	58 - 58 58	:	:	:	
ACKERS, SHIPPING MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE	3,381 2,782 2,260	2.72 2.79 2.84	2.90 2.74 2.79	2.16- 3.1	9 3 8 - 5 -	61		90 73	473 269	202	206 365 227	595 247 348 280 68	372	628 241	716 563 153 140 13	34 252	153 112	46	12 12 11 1	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	
ACKERS, SHIPPING (WOMEN)  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  RETAIL TRADE	373 158	2.49	2.44	2.17- 2.8 2.12- 2.8 2.29- 2.8 2.30- 2.8	7 -	:	25 21 4	12		76 45 31 31	53 33 20 20	72 45 27 23	88 46 42 42	77 70 7 7	2 2 2	2 2 2	5 5 5	1 1 1	1 1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
ECIVING CLERKS	765 1,212 636	3.22 3.22 3.55	3.26 3.19 3.52	2.73- 3.7 2.68- 3.8 2.75- 3.7 3.08- 3.8 2.21- 3.3	1 - 8 -	=	28 21 7 - 7	1 - 1	148 42 106 -	-	5			31	199 80 119 50 51	73		185 124 61 32 20	67 30 37 11 26	64 17 47 44 3	44 2 42 40 2	11 11 10 1	:	57 28 29 29	= :	:	

# Table A-5. Custodial and material movement occupations-SMSA-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings 2								r of w															
Occupation $^{1}$ and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	1.60 and under 1.70	-	-	-	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	-	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00 -	4.20	4.40 -	4.60	4.80	-	-	-	an
SHIPPING CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING HOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE	1,289 658 631 456 134	3.15 3.53 3.57	3.14 3.59 3.69	\$ 2.95- 3.78 2.76- 3.51 3.07- 3.89 3.06- 3.91 3.08- 3.90	:	= = =	-	-	-	41 36 5	70 60 10 -	136 124 12 2 10	100 69 31 22 8	235 78 157	140 93 47 38 9	154 96 58 - 26	101 32	155 4 151	60 33 27 26 1	32 4 28 28	53 24 29	11 4 7	1 1		-	-	
SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE	984 439 545 112	3.29 3.45 3.15 3.03	3.07	2.81- 3.75 3.07- 4.12 2.70- 3.57 2.48- 3.71	-	:	:	-	10 - 10 10	16 6 10 10	91 27 64 20	123 8 115 12	71 40 31 6	74	162 108 54 9	74 32 42 3	48 - 48 18	45 9 36 4	90 82 8	51 39 12	19 9 10 7		:	:	-	-	
TRUCKDRIVERS <sup>6</sup>	4,631 11,983 6,857 3,360	3.96 4.11 3.80	4.11 4.24 3.87	3.73- 4.35 3.59- 4.45 3.78- 4.34 3.96- 4.34 3.62- 4.14 3.15- 3.49	=			1	63 - 63 - 48	103 52 51 - 16 32	299 195 104 - 66 34	327 143 184 - 157 16	299 122 177 75 68 18	98 339 83 80	590 133 207	368 497 138	232 1062 128 782	3508 884 2624 1534 954 56	943 1132 982	141 3790 3596	254 1370 188	42	59 59 - - -	58 58 - - -	74 74 - -	582 582 - -	
TRUCKDRIVERS, LIGHT (UNDER 1-1/2 TONS) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	404	3.35	3.21 3.41 3.21	2.88- 3.63 2.77- 4.11 2.94- 3.44		:	=	=	:	:	111 45 66	73	153 49 104	26	229 7 222	98 28 70	220 62 158	10 6 4	105 103 2	5 1 4	29 3 26	1 1 -	=	:	=	=	
TRUCKDRIVERS, MEDIUM (1-1/2 TO AND INCLUDING 4 TONS)  MANUFACTURING  NONMANUFACTURING  PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>4</sup> HHOLESALE TRADE	1,247 4,997 2,702	3.91 3.84 4.00	3.92	3.66- 4.12 3.43- 4.43 3.70- 4.11 3.90- 4.17 3.65- 3.95	=			:	48 - 48 -	59 27 32	97 62 35	20 3 17	44 14 30 10	38 80	106	78	40 495	2594 214 2380 1464 845	833 155 678 649 29	609 472		12	12	23 23 - -	44 44 - -	50 50 - -	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, TRAILER TYPE)  MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES4	569 2,796	3.83 4.31	3.88 4.36	4.22- 4.39 3.81- 3.95 4.31- 4.40 4.32- 4.38	-	:	:	-	:	3 3 -	=	9 9 -	3 -	=	21 21 -	27 27 -	53	522 417 105 4	107	1891 23 1868 1836	7	:	=======================================	:	:	4	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, OTHER THAN TRAILER TYPE)	2,161	4.42	4.33 4.07 4.36 4.44	4.03- 4.57 3.97- 5.53 4.26- 4.51 4.02- 4.52	-	=	= = =	=	:	21 21 -	88 88 -	104 58 46 46	54 54 -		56 55 1	46 31 15 3				839 18 821 16	706 24 682 266	28	47 47 -	35 35 -	30 30 -	528 528 -	
RUCKERS, POWER (FORKLIFT) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES <sup>4</sup>	1,358	3.49	3.53 3.41 3.65 3.40	3.32- 3.74 3.11- 3.71 3.56- 3.76 3.35- 3.69	-	:	:	:	17 17 -	60 60 -	31 21 10	60 46 14	91 91 -	194	222		42 581	245 103 142 18	89 80 60				:	164 164 -	-	-	

Data limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.

Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Includes all drivers, as defined, regardless of size and type of truck operated.

#### Table A-5a. Custodial and material movement occupations-large establishments

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	mings 2									er of v			_			ne hou:								
Occupation $^{1}$ and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>?</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	1.60 and under	_	1.80	\$ 1.90	2.00		\$ 2.40 -	\$ 2.60 -	\$ 2.80 -						\$ 4.00 -							\$ 5.40 -	\$ 5.60 and
GUARDS AND WATCHMEN MANUFACTURINGNONMANUFACTURING	906	\$ 2.83 3.17 2.81	3.20	\$ \$ 2.29- 3.19 2.65- 3.73 2.24- 3.18	36 24	1.80 1837 7 1830	1.90 6 4 2	2.00 85 1 84	814 19	469 38	269 85	567 116	354 61	5451 100	1231	540 74	452 135	229 97	55 18	26 15	16 15 1	2 2	1 1	5.20		5.60 1 1	
GUARDS: MANUFACTURING	648	3.29	3.37	2.89- 3.75	-	1		-	8	28	49	54	38	77	88	72	131	88	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WATCHMEN: MANUFACTURING	258	2.86	2.67	2.50- 3.17	24	6	4	1	11	10	36	62	23	23	5	2	4	9	6	13	15	2	1	-	-	1	
JANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS MANUFACTURING	1,888 10,833 1,718 1,204 1,548	3.22	3.02 3.05 3.14 2.35 3.16	2.89- 3.14 2.58- 3.25 2.95- 3.13 2.89- 3.43 2.05- 2.79 3.10- 3.35 3.01- 3.08	1 -	34 86 86	150 39 111  94  11	104 25 79 - 77	171	515 99 416 30 219 3 142	143 304 88 160 15	1077 153 924 34 102 3 767	280 801 534 84 108	7127 463 6664 381 164 883 5195	544 141 403 161 12 218	824 183 641 333 32 273	216 34 182 154 1 21	122 95 27 2 2 21	2 1 1 - - 1	20 18 2 - - 2	15 15 - - -			18 18 - - -			
JANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS (WOMEN) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING RETAIL TRADE FINANCES	8,120 162 7,958 197 1,083	2.70 2.58 2.32	2.77	2.61- 2.68 2.43- 2.99 2.61- 2.67 2.09- 2.60 2.40- 2.66	=	:	27 5 22 22	25 4 21 9	22	8 294 26	19 567 33	30 6625 26	153 38 115 20 92	66 9 57 2 5	27 24 3 -	37 3 34 -	13 13 - 2	:			-	:	:			:	
LABORERS, MATERIAL HANDLING MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES' RETAIL TRADE	1,717 3,522 1,963	3.44	3.61 3.66	2.98- 3.71 2.86- 4.16 3.18- 3.69 3.61- 3.71 2.30- 3.46	=	7 2 5 - 5	102 54 48 - 48	93 65 28 -	80 155	58 137	147 31 116 -	191 65 126 -	374 217 157 23 80	344 222 122 24 62	664 230 434 247 176	28 309 82	1753 69 1684 1424 143	163 20 143 121 21	315 257 58 42 16	10	48 48 - -	:	:	261 261 -	:	:	
ORDER FILLERS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING		3.25 2.89 3.33	2.80	2.85- 3.63 2.70- 3.24 3.08- 3.66	-	:	6	31 5 26	30 7 23	114 30 84	27 1 26	65 59 6	79 10 69	54 15 39	116 69 47	327 327	129 129	162 4 158	36 8 28	=	:	=	Ξ	:	=	:	:
PACKERS, SHIPPING	344	2.94 3.13 2.79 2.59	3.32	2.41- 3.39 2.73- 3.58 2.37- 3.33 2.33- 2.70	3 -	7 7 -	12 10 2	4	62 24 38 34	105 14 91 81	123 18 105 105	36 7 29 24	36 22 14 10	74 27 47 35	140 118 22 13	49 4 45 9	88 50 38 7	51 36 15	1 1 1	:	:	:	:	:	:	=	
PACKERS, SHIPPING (WOMEN) NONMANUFACTURING	121 98	2.52		2.21- 2.79 2.24- 2.81		:	Ξ	-	29 16	31 31	23 20	9	14 14	4	2 2	2 2	5	1	1	-	-	:	:	Ξ	-	:	-
RECEIVING CLERKS	597 189 408 343	3.10 3.57 2.87 2.79	3.41	2.41- 3.57 3.06- 3.92 2.25- 3.42 2.19- 3.33	=	:	7 7 7	1 1	80 80 80	58 14 44 43	44 6 38 35	41 6 35 29	41 14 27 22	50 18 32 21	74 35 39 31	57 21 36 29	31 15 16 3	37 16 21 10	36 10 26 26	6 3 3 3	4 2 2 2	1 1	:	28 28 -	:	:	1 -
SHIPPING CLERKS			3.27	3.25- 3.89 3.16- 3.51 3.46- 3.92	-	:	:	=	:	:	3	10 7 3	7 5 2	22 16 6	49 39 10	36 7 29	32 3 29	59 2 57	5 4 1	10 4 6	1	4	1	=	:	Ξ	:
SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERKS				2.74- 3.38 3.13- 3.37		:	Ξ	-	10	12	20	13	10	48 45	53 53	5 2	3 -	22	1 -	2 2	4	:	:	Ξ	:	Ξ	-
TRUCKDRIVERS 6	2,243	3.88	3.93	3.84- 4.35 4.03- 5.51 3.74- 4.14 3.84- 4.16	=	:	=	1	15 15	1 3 -	7 1 6 -	13 4 9	102 17 85 75	118 32 86 83	328 50 278 133	412 71 341 138	207	1447 124 1323 1201	759 847	317 53 264 236	507 254 253 188	30 30 -	19 19 -	58 58 -	74 74 -	508 508 -	141

#### Table A-5a. Custodial and material movement occupations-large establishments-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied in establishments employing 500 workers or more by industry division, New York, N. Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	rnings 2							Nu	ımber	of wo	rkers	recei	ving s	traigh	t-time	hourl	y earn	ings o	f—						
Occupation $^{1}$ and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle	range <sup>3</sup>	and under	-	-	-	\$ 2.00 - 2.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	-	-	-	-	-	an
RUCKDRIVERS 6 - CONTINUED																												
TRUCKDRIVERS. LIGHT (UNDER 1-1/2 TONS)	375	\$ 3.35	\$ 3.27	\$ 3.21-	\$ 3.67	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	11	35	22	178	18	81	10	6	5	7	1	-	-	-	-	
TRUCKDRIVERS, MEDIUM (1-1/2 TO AND INCLUDING 4 TONS)	2,717 549 2,168 1,924	4.43	4.45	3.84- 4.03- 3.84- 3.87-	4.91	-	=	=	=	:	:	3	2 1 1	22 8 14 10	30 15 15 15	44 38 6 6	277 12 265 78	20	1177	719 70 649 649	7 2 5	212 208 4	12 12 -	12	23	44 44 -	50 50 -	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, TRAILER TYPE)	522	4.19	4.17	3.94	- 4.45	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	7	53	157	61	16	222	-	-		-	4	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, OTHER THAN TRAILER TYPE) MANUFACTURING	1,503 1,403		4.13 4.33				-	:	=	:	=	=	:	-	1 -	6 5	24	10	35 5	684 671	22 18	54 24	16 16	7	35 35	30 30	454 454	12
RUCKERS, POWER (FORKLIFT) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	1,080 880 200	3.72		3.35-	- 3.88	-	=	=	=	14 14	10 10	10	31 27 4	35 35	76 72 4	100 92 8	303 297 6	122 42 80	138 98 40	21 1 20	56 28 28	=	:	:	164 164	=	=	

Data limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.

Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Includes all drivers, as defined, regardless of size and type of truck operated.

#### Table A-5b. Custodial and material movement occupations-5 Boroughs

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	mings <sup>2</sup>											_	-			ly ear								
Occupation 1 and industry division	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	1.60 and under	_	1.80	1.90				\$ 2.60 -					\$ 3.60			\$ 4.20 -			\$ 4.80			\$ 5.40 -	\$ 5.
					1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.60	ov
JARDS AND WATCHMEN	613	2.87	2.77	\$ \$ 2.29- 3.18 2.46- 3.55 2.29- 3.18	49	1878 48 1830	8	118 1 117	881 10 871	32	59	699 108 591	37		33	61	406 77 329	154 9 145	43 6 37	24 13 11	16 15 1	2 2 -	1 1 -	:	=	1 1 -	
UARDS: MANUFACTURING	271	3.23	3.30	2.77- 3.64	-	1	_	_	3	10	4	59	8	23	29	61	73	-	-		_	-	_	_	_	_	
ATCHMEN: MANUFACTURING	342	2.58	2.56	1.78- 2.88	49	47	8	1	7	22	55	49	29	20	4	_	4	9	6	13	15	2	1	-	-	1	
ANITURS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS MA MUFACTURING	3,253 21,570 1,577 633 1,950 4,703	2.61 2.28 3.02	2.81 2.94 3.15 2.56 2.19	2.71- 3.08 2.19- 3.16 2.73- 3.07 2.90- 3.45 2.25- 3.04 1.99- 2.53 2.93- 3.12 2.74- 3.05	43	111	94 248 - 6	138 371 - 29	835 5 79 510 48	423 639 33 138 219 16	163 832 79 101 364 147	201 6415 31	221 1829 455 5 83 729	915 8943 353 112 123 2805	824 314 510 132 74 5 294		205 20 185 154 9 1 21	121 94 27 2 2 2 2 21	2 1 1 - - 1	20 18 2 - - 2	15 15 - - -			18 18 - - - -			
NITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS WOMEN)	94 13,507 156 2,925	2.58 2.56 2.35 2.55	2.59 2.63 2.31 2.63	2.49- 2.67 2.21- 3.01 2.49- 2.67 2.11- 2.61 2.54- 2.67 2.49- 2.67	=	:	13 9 4 4 -	21 - 21 - 9 - 12	13 352 56	17 392 20 274	9 3060 27	9357 22 2080	167 1 166 16 92 55	75 3 72 2 5 40	23 20 3 - 1	34 - 34 - 2 16	46 - 46 - 2 5										
BORERS, MATERIAL HANDLING MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES* WHOLESALE TRADE RETAIL TRADE	3,491 6,297 3,290 1,803	3.36 3.37 3.59 3.33	3.64	3.13- 3.71 2.65- 3.89 3.32- 3.66 3.51- 3.68 3.31- 3.63 2.25- 3.38	=	2 2	121 59 62 - 62	125 117 8 - 7	291 200 -	134	223 182 - 32	127 168		127 24 38	340	48 944 212	2631 2631 2112 440 78	887 223	511 469 42 42		48 48 - -		:	261 261 - -	:	:	
DER FILLERS	1,352 3,114	3.13	3.19	2.57- 3.48 2.27- 3.42 2.60- 3.59 2.68- 3.70	=	:	34 34 -	83 57 26	173 83		79 393	278 78 200 128	180 30 150 91	797 354 443 359	603 21 582 511	620 403 217 210	518 518 394	33 4 29 29	150 8 142 142	= = =	:	:	58 - 58 58	-	=	:	
CKERS, SHIPPING	2,729 2,334 1,826	2.66	2.81 2.75 2.86	2.22- 3.19 2.10- 3.17 2.37- 3.23 2.42- 3.40 2.33- 2.77	3 -		351 303 48 48	159 90 69 69	419 230 182	180	202 365 227	243	531 292 239 198 41	508 229	598 445 153 140 13	10	83 112	170 36 134 133 1	12 12 11 1	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		-	:	:	:	:	
CKERS, SHIPPING (WOMEN)	350	2.52	2.38	2.10- 2.97	-	-	21	12	97	47	11	30	50	73	-	2	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CEIVING CLERKS	508 1,057 559	3.23	3.22 3.35 3.18 3.52 2.51	2.67- 3.69 2.58- 3.84 2.72- 3.59 3.01- 3.98 2.16- 3.19	=	:	28 21 7 - 7	1 - 1	148 42 106 -	79 23 56 - 55	91 50 41 3	192 47 145 112 29	134 47 87 23 25	104 4 100 42 35	146 39 107 50 39	206 55 151 108 38	99 34 65 55 3	135 79 56 32 15	33 22 11 11	58 14 44 44	42 2 40 40	11 11 10 1		57 28 29 29	:		
IIPPING CLERKS MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING WHOLESALE TRADE	419 587	3.23		3.03- 3.82 2.80- 3.54 3.07- 3.87 3.06- 3.91	-	:	:		:	20 15 5	49 39 10	60 50 10	56 30	198 45 153 142	109 62 47 38	136 81 55	15 68	120 2 118 106	57 30 27 26	29 1 28 28	47 18 29 29	11 4 7 7	1 -	:	= = =	:	

# Table A-5b. Custodial and material movement occupations-5 Boroughs-Continued

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis by industry division, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	mings 2								Numb	er of	worke	rs rec	eiving	strai	ght-ti	me ho	irly ea	arning	s of					
	Number					\$ 70	\$	\$	\$ 1		\$ 2 40									\$ 4.20				5-00	5 - 20	5.40	5-6
Occupation 1 and industry division	of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	and under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	and
					1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.20 2	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.00	4.20	4.40	4.60	4.80	5.00	5.20	5.40	5.60	ove
HIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERKS MANUFACTURING	790 342 448	3.58	3.40	\$ \$ 2.86- 3.83 3.16- 4.15 2.66- 3.59	-	=	=	-	10	10	70 6 64	84 7 77	68 38 30	103 46 57	127 74 53	71 30 41	41 - 41	43 7 36	90 82 8	45 38 7	12 9 3	16 5 11	:	-	-	-	
MANUFACTURING	13,388	3.99 4.17	4.01	3.69- 4.33 3.59- 4.63		-	-	-	48	94 46	191 111	277 93	251 118	313 64	734 172	310	1041 85	2822 583	1756 803	87	757 241	40 40	19 19	58 58	74 74	582 582	
NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES 4 WHOLESALE TRADE	9,761 6,179 2,471	4.11 3.74	4.24 3.75	3.70- 4.32 3.95- 4.35 3.61- 3.99	-	=	-	=	48	48 - 16	80 - 45	184	133 67 32	72 45	562 126 186	484 125 94	107 731		823 127	3309 3152 152	516 188 302	-	=	=	=	-	
SERVICES	255 830			3.21- 3.89 3.16- 3.48		-	-	-	48	32	34	16	16 18	36 96	45 204	21 242	52 62	74 56	-	-	22		-	-	-	-	
TRUCKDRIVERS, LIGHT (UNDER 1-1/2 TONS) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING	941 150 791	3.12	2.96	2.88- 3.44 2.79- 3.47 2.94- 3.43		:	:	:	=	-	54 9 45	135 30 105	115 47 68	143 4 139	225 7 218	92 24 68	132 20 112	10 6 4	2 - 2	5 1 4	28 2 26		:	:	=	Ξ	
TRUCKDRIVERS, MEDIUM (1-1/2 TO AND INCLUDING 4 TONS) MANUFACTURING NONMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTILITIES4	5,796 1,189 4,607 2,674	3.92	3.88	3.66- 4.14 3.44- 4.44 3.69- 4.12 3.90- 4.17	-	:	:	:	48 - 48 -	54 22 32	97 62 35	18 1 17	36 14 22 2	76 35 41 10	90		35 459	2307 209 2098 1455	133 678	611 2 609 472	212 208 4	12	12	23	44	50 50 -	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, TRAILER TYPE)	2,172 226 1,946 1,741	3.80 4.30	3.93 4.35	4.31- 4.38 3.58- 3.97 4.32- 4.39 4.32- 4.38	-	=	:	-	:	3 3 -	=	9 9 -	3 3 -	=	21 21 -	27 27 -	58 - 58 1	166 150 16 4	104	1496 1496 1492	279 7 272 184	-	=	-	=	4 4 -	
TRUCKDRIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, OTHER THAN TRAILER TYPE) MANUFACTURING	3,202 1,982		4.32	4.01- 4.57 3.99- 5.53		:	-	:	:	21 21	40 40	99 53	54 54	25 25	54 54	37 22	53 30	323 218		774 18	238		7	35 35	30 30		
RUCKERS, POWER (FORKLIFT) MANUFACTURING NOMMANUFACTURING PUBLIC UTLITIES 4		3.57	3.43	3.33- 3.68 3.14- 3.54 3.39- 3.69 3.34- 3.66	=	:	-	-	14	49 49 -	26 16 10	60 46 14	32 32 -		329 87 242 234	375 341 34	497	102		50 28 22 20	:	:	:	164	-	:	

Data limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.

 $^2$  Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

4 Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

6 Includes all drivers, as defined, regardless of size and type of truck operated.

#### Table A-5c. Custodial and material movement occupations-manufacturing-Nassau-Suffolk Counties

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Nassau-Suffolk Counties), N.Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ear	mings 2						N	umber	of wo	rkers	recei	ving s	traigh	t-time	hour	ly ear	nings	of—						
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	Under \$ 2.10	and under	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 4.10 - 0 4.20	an
GUARDS AND WATCHMEN	410	\$ 3.02	\$ 3.06	\$ \$ 2.61- 3.36	2	5	6	8	46	34	26	12	24	26	27	29	30	58	19	2	8	15	32		_	-	
JANITURS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS				2.47- 3.06			24 13	11		62 19	40 23	96 146	74 164	84 107	65 38	118	17 14	3 12	2	30	8	6	-	-	-	-	
URDER FILLERS	198			2.59- 3.22			6	1	-	26	11	50	23	1	-	-	61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ECEIVING CLERKS	194 188			2.86- 3.81		-	-	1	-	1 12	17	11 73	32		5	5 17	21	10	15	1	14	2	42	3	1	1	
HIPPING CLERKS	71	8130		2.75- 3.28		-	4	2	21	-	-	-	-	12	23	-	25 21	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	
TRUCKDRIVERS4	531	3.68	3.81	3.63- 3.88	1	9	6	-	-	-	-	41	2	-	8	3	3	4	18	17	97	40	211	17	5	13	
TRUCKDRIVERS, LIGHT (UNDER 1-1/2 TONS)	95	1 7 7 9	1000	2.76- 3.65		-	-	-	-	=	-	41	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	42	-	-	-	) ( <del>)</del>	4	
RUCKERS, POWER (FORKLIFT)	202	3.23	3.33	3.14- 3.38	-	-	10	1	-	5	-	-	20	5	-	26	2	103	13	-	2		5	10	-	-	

Data limited to men workers.
 Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.
 For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.
 Includes all drivers, as defined, regardless of size and type of truck operated.

# Table A-5d. Custodial and material movement occupations-manufacturing-Westchester-Rockland Counties

(Average straight-time hourly earnings for selected occupations studied on an area basis in manufacturing, New York (Westchester-Rockland Counties), N. Y., April 1970)

			Hourly ea	mings 2						N	umbe	r of wo	rkers	recei	ving s	traigh	t-time	hourl	ly ear	nings	of—						
Occupation <sup>1</sup>	Number of workers	Mean <sup>3</sup>	Median <sup>3</sup>	Middle range <sup>3</sup>	Under \$ 2.00	and under	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 2.60 - 2.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	an
UARDS AND WATCHMEN	197	\$ 3.41	\$ 3.73	\$ \$ 2.64- 3.93	-	-	2		8	-	32	18	3	-	-	-	5	-	1	5	7	4	43	2	53	12	2
ANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS	612	2.86	2.83	2.54- 3.22	8	16	22	30	30	19	70	5	89	52	66	1	49	12	8	16	118	-	-	1	-	-	
ANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS	73	2.62	2.75	2.27- 2.94	-	6	2	16	1	3	3	2	8	6	23	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ABORERS, MATERIAL HANDLING	300	3.01	2.95	2.73- 3.31	-	-	-	18	12	23	2	16	16	25	84	8	4	17	10	-	1	53	6	-	-	-	
CKERS, SHIPPING	212	3.06	3.16	3.03- 3.39	-	25	15	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	20	66	15	13	1	-	14	36	-	-	-	
CEIVING CLERKS	63	3.18	3.09	2.75- 3.71	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14	2	-	1	16	1	10	-	1	1	-	10	-	-	6	,
IPPING CLERKS	51	2.90	2.46	2.36- 3.18	-	_	-	-	21	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-		-	-	3	-	1	-	
RUCKDRIVERS 4	473	3.92	4.00	3.25- 4.20	-	-	: -	-	-	-	84	4	5	2	-	3	20	-	15	8	15	-	10	6	67	122	2 1
TRUCKORIVERS, HEAVY (OVER 4 TONS, OTHER THAN TRAILER TYPE)	156	4.26	4.93	2.58- 5.82	-	-	-	-	_	-	48	_	5	-	_	-	-	-	1	8	1		4	-	-	1	1
UCKERS, POWER (FORKLIFT)	255	3.43	3.59	3.06- 3.83	_	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8	26	49	5	19	11	_	7	1	39	87		-	-

Data limited to men workers except where otherwise indicated.

Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts.

For definition of terms, see footnote 2, table A-1.

Includes all drivers, as defined, regardless of size and type of truck operated.

Workers were distributed as follows: 40 at \$4.80 to \$5, and 48 at \$5.80 to \$6.

# B. Establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions

## Table B-1. Minimum entrance salaries for women office workers-SMSA

(Distribution of establishments studied in all industries and in industry divisions by minimum entrance salary for selected categories of inexperienced women office workers, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Inexp	perience	ed typists					Other	inexper	ienced	clerical wor	kers <sup>2</sup>		
		Manu	facturin	ng	Non	manufa	cturing			Manuf	acturin	g	Nor	nmanufa	acturing	
Minimum weekly straight-time salary 1	All		Based o	n stand	lard weekly l	nours <sup>3</sup>	of—		All		Based	on stand	dard weekly	hours 3	of—	
	maustres	All schedules	35	40	All schedules	35	371/2	40	Industries	All schedules	35	40	All schedules	35	371/2	40
Establishments studied	724	229	xxx	xxx	495	xxx	xxx	xxx	724	229	xxx	xxx	495	xxx	xxx	xxx
stablishments having a specified minimum	247	68	34	17	179	75	46	30	295	84	35	25	211	91	57	37
Under \$65.00	4 5 21 8 35 20 53 9 41 6	- - - 3 8 1 14 5 10 2 9 2 4 4	- - 2 2 2 3 2 7 2 5 1 3	- - - 1 5 - - 5 1 1 1 - - 1	- 4 2 13 7 21 15 43 7 32 4 9 5 6	- - 2 - 1 5 8 5 21 2 16 2 2 5 3 4	- - - 1 7 - 5 5 5 11 3 7 - 2 1	2 2 1 4 4 7 7 2 2 - 1	3 2 6 13 8 38 18 62 15 58 9 26 6 8 2	1 1 3 2 14 3 17 6 12 3 9 2 2 1	1 1 1 1 5 1 3 2 8 8 3 3 1 1	- - 2 1 5 1 8 1 1 - 2 1	3 1 5 10 6 24 15 45 9 46 6 17 4 6	1 -1 7 3 7 8 22 4 18 1 8 2 2	1 1 3 - 1 11 2 11 4 4 14 3 3 3 - 1	11 10 11 12 1
\$105,00 and under \$107.50 \$107.50 and under \$110.00 \$110.00 and under \$112.50 \$112.50 and under \$115.00 \$115.00 and over	3 3 2 6	2 1 1 3	2 - 1 2	1 1	1 1 2 1 3	1	1 -	1 - 1 - 3	1 1 2 1 5	1 1 1 1 2	1 1 1	1 - 1 - 1	1 3	1	:	
stablishments having no specified minimumstablishments which did not employ workers in this category		100	xxx	xxx	203	xxx	xxx	xxx	203	61	xxx	xxx	142	xxx	xxx	xx

These salaries relate to formally established minimum starting (hiring) regular straight-time salaries that are paid for standard workweeks.
 Excludes workers in subclerical jobs such as messenger or office girl.
 Data are presented for all standard workweeks combined, and for the most common standard workweeks reported.

# B. Establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions

# Table B-1a. Minimum entrance salaries for women office workers-5 Boroughs

(Distribution of establishments studied in all industries and in industry divisions by minimum entrance salary for selected categories of inexperienced women office workers, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Inexpe	rienced typis	ts				Other in	nexperie	nced clerical	workers	s <sup>2</sup>	
		Manufac	turing	N	Ionmanui	acturing			Manufac	turing	Ne	onmanufa	acturing	
Minimum weekly straight-time salary 1	All industries	В	ased on	standard wee	kly hour	s³ of—		All	В	ased on	standard wee	kly hour	s³ of—	
	industries	All schedules	35	All schedules	35	371/2	40	Industries	All schedules	35	All schedules	35	371/2	4
Establishments studied	568	160	xxx	408	xxx	xxx	xxx	568	160	xxx	408	xxx	xxx	xx
Sstablishments having a specified minimum	193	39	28	154	73	35	22	222	48	29	174	83	44	20
\$65.00 and under \$67.50		-	_	-		-	-	2	1	-	1	-	1	
\$67.50 and under \$70.00		-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	4	1	3	1
\$70.00 and under \$72.50		-	-	3	2	-	1	9	1	1	8	7	-	
\$72,50 and under \$75,00		-	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	6	3	1	
\$75.00 and under \$77.50		3	1	9	1	6	-	22	7	4	15	6	8	
\$ 77.50 and under \$ 80.00		1	-	5	3	-	1	13	2	-	11	6	1	
\$80.00 and under \$82.50		5	2	15	8	1	3	43	6	2	37	20	7	1
\$82.50 and under \$85.00		1	1	12	5	4	2	11	3	1	8	4	3	
\$85.00 and under \$87.50		7	6	38	21	9	5	48	9	8	39	16	12	
\$87.50 and under \$90.00		2	2	7	2	3	-	9	3	3	6	1	3	1 4
\$90.00 and under \$92.50		7	5	31	16	6	2	22	6	3	16	8	2	
\$ 92.50 and under \$ 95.00		1	1	4	2	-	-	5	1	1	4	2	-	
\$95.00 and under \$97.50		4	3	9	5	2	2	7	2	1	5	2	1	
\$ 97.50 and under \$ 100.00		-	-	5	3	1	-	2	1	1	1	-	-	
\$100.00 and under \$102.50		2	1	6	4	1	1	9	1	-	8	5	2	
\$102.50 and under \$105.00		1	1	2	-	1	-	2	1	1	1	1	-	
\$105.00 and under \$107.50		-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$107.50 and under \$110.00		2	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	
\$110.00 and under \$112.50		-	-	2	-	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	-	
\$112.50 and under \$115.00		1	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	
\$115.00 and over	5	2	2	3	-	-	3	4	1	1	3	-	-	
Stablishments having no specified minimum	143	46	xxx	97	xxx	xxx	xxx	181	63	xxx	118	xxx	xxx	xx
Establishments which did not employ workers	202										1,,,			
in this category	232	75	XXX	157	XXX	XXX	XXX	165	49	XXX	116	XXX	XXX	XX

These salaries relate to formally established minimum starting (hiring) regular straight-time salaries that are paid for standard workweeks.
 Excludes workers in subclerical jobs such as messenger or office girl.
 Data are presented for all standard workweeks combined, and for the most common standard workweeks reported.

#### Table B-2. Shift differentials-SMSA

(Late-shift pay provisions for manufacturing plant workers by type and amount of pay differential, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

(All plant workers in manufacturing = 100 percent)

	Percent of manufacturing plant workers—									
Late-shift pay provision		having provisions <sup>1</sup> te shifts	Actually working on late shifts							
	Second shift	Third or other shift	Second shift	Third or other						
Total			10 (							
1 otal	64.6	46.4	10.6	3. 2						
No pay differential for work on late shift	1.1	0.6	0.1	-						
Pay differential for work on late shift	63.5	45.7	10.5	3.2						
Type and amount of differential:										
Uniform cents (per hour)	23.4	19.7	5.7	2.5						
2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> or 5 cents	2.8	. 2	. 6	-						
7 cents	1.6	1.2	. 1	-						
10 cents	6.4	4.4	1.2	. 2						
11 or 12 cents	1.2	. 4	. 2	. 1						
$12\frac{1}{2}$ , 13, or $13\frac{1}{2}$ cents	. 6	1.7	(²)	. 2						
14 cents	. 9	1.5	. 4	. 5						
14 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>10</sub> cents	1.1	-	. 5	-						
15 cents	3.5	1.2	. 6	. 6						
16, 17, or 17½ cents	. 3	1.8	.1	. 2						
19 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> cents	-	1.1		. 1						
20 or 22½ cents	2, 2	1.3	1.0	: 1						
25 cents Over 25 cents	.7 2.1	1.5	1.0	(²) .5						
Over 25 cents	2.1	3.4	1.0	.5						
Uniform percentage	37.6	22.0	4.3	. 5						
5 percent	2.3		.6							
7 or 8 percent	2.6	. 8	. 7	-						
9 percent	-	1.6	-	-						
10 percent	27.8	6.6	2.6	. 1						
12, 12½, or 13 percent	. 9	. 9	. 1	3.0						
15 percent	4.0	12.1	. 4	. 4						
Other formal pay differential	2.5	4.0	.5	. 2						

<sup>1</sup> Includes all plant workers in establishments currently operating, or having formal provisions covering late shifts, even though the establishments were not currently operating late shifts.
<sup>2</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

# Table B-2a. Shift differentials-5 Boroughs

(Late-shift pay provisions for manufacturing plant workers by type and amount of pay differential, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

(All plant workers in manufacturing = 100 percent)

	Percent of manufacturing plant workers—									
Late-shift pay provision		having provisions 1 te shifts	Actually worki	Actually working on late shifts						
	Second shift	Third or other shift	Second shift	Third or other shift						
Total	54.2	41.1	10.1	3.9						
No pay differential for work on late shift	0.9	0.3	(²)	-						
Pay differential for work on late shift	53.3	40.8	10.0	3.9						
Type and amount of differential:										
Uniform cents (per hour)	24.7	23.3	6.3	3.3						
2½ cents	_	.2	2							
5 cents	3.1	1	.5	-						
7 cents	2.3	1.7	.1	-						
10 cents	5.5	6.1	.8	.3						
11 cents	.6	-	.1	1						
121/2 cents		1.7	( <sup>2</sup> )	.2						
13 or 13½ cents		.8	-	.1						
14 or 149/10 cents		2.3	1,2	.6						
15 cents	3.3	1.0	.6	.8						
17½ cents		2.0	_	.3						
19 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> cents	-	1.6	-	.2						
20 cents	2.3	.5	1.3	( <sup>2</sup> )						
22½ or 25 cents	1.9	1.8	.4	.1						
$25^{3}/_{4}$ or $29^{2}/_{3}$ cents	1.7	-	1.2	-						
Over 30 cents	.3	3.6	(²)	.6						
Uniform percentage	24.9	11.5	3.0	.3						
5 percent	.5	-	-	-						
7 percent		.8	1.0	-						
9 percent	-	2.3	-	-						
10 percent	16.2	2.1	1.6	.1						
12 percent		-	.1	-						
13 percent		.4	(²)	-						
15 percent	3.8	6.0	.3	.3						
Full day's pay for reduced hours	.4	1.5	.1	.2						
Other formal pay differential	3.3	4.5	.6	.1						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all plant workers in establishments currently operating, or having formal provisions covering late shifts, even though the establishments were not currently operating late shifts.
<sup>2</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

# Table B-3. Scheduled weekly hours -SMSA

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by scheduled weekly hours 1 of first-shift workers, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

	Plant workers							Office workers							
Weekly hours	All industries <sup>2</sup>	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Services		
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		
Under 35 hours	( <sup>5</sup> )	3 19 2 1 - 4 1 70	- 1 - 3 2 3 - 91 ( <sup>5</sup> )	9 (5) (5) - 27 1 58 4	(5) (5) - 26 2 65 2	3 23 - ( <sup>5</sup> ) 7 2 62 3	2 56 3 7 3 11 1 17 ( <sup>5</sup> )	60 1 6 2 10 2 18	49 12 6 8 - 24	3 53 2 11 1 22 3 6	(5) 29 (5) 10 (5) 45 1 14 (5)	2 59 6 6 4 4 - 18	8 55 5 3 20 (5) 8		

Scheduled hours are the weekly hours which a majority of the full-time workers were expected to work, whether they were paid for at straight-time or overtime rates. Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.
Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
Finance, insurance, and real estate.
Less than 0.5 percent.

# Table B-3a. Scheduled weekly hours-5 Boroughs

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by scheduled weekly hours <sup>1</sup> of first-shift workers, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

		workers		Office workers									
Weekly hours	All industries <sup>2</sup>	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>4</sup>	Services
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
nder 35 hours	16 1 1 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 12 2	4 27 3 1 - 4 1 61	1 -3 2 3 -90	11 (5) (5) (5) - 30 2 53 5	3 1 ( <sup>5</sup> ) -29 4 63	2 26 - ( <sup>5</sup> ) 8 2 57 3	2 60 3 7 3 10 (5)	74 1 7 2 10 2 4	47 13 7 7 26	3 57 2 11 1 23 (5) 3	( <sup>5</sup> ) 31 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 11 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 47 2 8	2 63 6 6 4 2 -	9 57 - 5 4 20 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 4

Scheduled hours are the weekly hours which a majority of the full-time workers were expected to work, whether they were paid for at straight-time or overtime rates.

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Less than 0.5 percent.

# Table B-4. Paid holidays-SMSA

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by number of paid holidays provided annually, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers			Office workers							
Item	All industries 1	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 2	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>2</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>3</sup>	Services	
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Workers in establishments providing														
paid holidays	98	100	99	100	99	87	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	
Workers in establishments providing no paid holidays	2	-	1	-	1	13	(4)	-	-	-	(4)			
Number of days													1	
Less than 7 holidays	4	2	1	3	11	2	(4)	1			4		1	
7 holidays		12	(4)	2	32	36	5	3	1	9	36	1	16	
7 holidays plus 1, 2, 3, or 4 half days		3	-	ī	1	i	1	1	1 1	5	3	i	2	
8 holidays		11	8	12	23	7	10	6	8	7	18	11	14	
8 holidays plus 1 half day		3	1	3	3	2	1	1	_	i	(4)	1	4	
8 holidays plus 2 half days		3		(4)	7	2	i	i		3	2		3	
8 holidays plus 3 or 4 half days		1	22	\'_'	2		(4)	(4)	1 2		-	1 .	2	
9 holidays		21	20	14	3	3	14	15	17	13	4	15	8	
9 holidays plus 1 half day		2		2	5	i	2	3	2	4	10	1.5	2	
9 holidays plus 2 half days		6	(4)	2	(4)	(4)	4	12	3	5	6	(4)	5	
9 holidays plus 3 half days		(4)	'_'	(4)	-	(4)	i	2	,	3	0	1 1	1	
10 holidays		ìı	4	14	3	23	8	15	13	16	2	2	16	
10 holidays plus 1 half day	i	2	1		(4)	2	2	4	13	5	1	1 -	6	
10 holidays plus 2, 3, or 4 half days		5	_	3	( )		2	3	6	2	(4)	(4)	0	
11 holidays		12	54	15	10	9	29	15	38	8	4	45	2	
11 holidays plus 1 half day	(4)	1	-	(4)	-	( <del>4</del> )	2	4	(4)	ı	4	2	3	
11 holidays plus 2 half days	l 'ı'	(4)	2	5	_	1	3	4	3	8		2	1 2	
11 holidays plus 3 half days		-	_	_	_	1 1	(4)		1	2	-	-	3	
12 holidays	4	4	3	11	3	(4)	8	4	6	3	2	14	1 7	
12 holidays plus 1 or 2 half days	(4)	(4)	_	2		\ '-'	3	3	1	3	5	3	9	
13 holidays or more	2	(4)	6	11	(4) (4)	(4)	3	2	i	5	2	4	1	
Total holiday time 5														
15 days	(4) (4)	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	- 2	2.1	2		-	
14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more	(4)	-	-	2	-	-	(4)	_	_	- 1	2	(4)	_	
14 days or more		(4)	1	7	_		1	2	(4) (4)	4	_	(4)	_	
131/2 days or more	1	(4)	1	7	(4)	-	1	2	(4)	4	2	(4)	_	
13 days or more	2	1	6	11	(4)	(4)	4	2	2	6	4	4	6	
121/2 days or more		1	6	14	(4)	(4)	7	5	2	9	7	7	9	
12 days or more	7	5	12	29	3	1	18	12	12	20	8	23	14	
111/2 days or more	7	6	12	29	3	2	20	16	17	20	8	25	16	
11 days or more	27	23	66	47	13	10	50	35	55	30	12	70	19	
10½ days or more	28	26	66	47	13	12	53	41	55	38	13	71	27	
10 days or more	42	43	70	63	16	35	65	68	71	58	22	73	48	
91/2 days or more		45	70	65	21	36	68	71	73	62	32	73	52	
9 days or more	61	69	90	79	30	41	83	88	90	78	38	88	64	
81/2 days or more	63	71	90	82	33	41	83	88	90	80	39	88	68	
8 days or more	75	84	98	95	56	49	93	95	99	89	60	99	82	
71/2 days or more	76	85	98	95	57	50	94	96	99	91	60	99	84	
7 days or more	94	98	98	97	90	85	98	99	100	100	96	100	99	
61/2 days or more	94	98	98	97	90	85	98	99	100	100	96	100	99	
6 days or more	97	99	98	100	98	86	98	100	100	100	98	100	100	
5 days or more	97	100	98	100	98	86	98	100	100	100	98	100	100	
4 days or more	97	100	98	100	98	86	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	
3 days or more	97	100	99	100	98	87	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	
l day or more	98	100	99	100	99	87	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	
		7000		500		-	· "		1	1 .00	"	1	100	

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Less than 0.5 percent.

All combinations of full and half days that add to the same amount are combined; for example, the proportion of workers receiving a total of 9 days includes those with 9 full days and no half days, 8 full days and 2 half days, 7 full days and 4 half days, and so on. Proportions then were cumulated.

# Table B-4a. Paid holidays-5 Boroughs

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by number of paid holidays provided annually, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	vorkers					C	office worker	S		
Item	All industries 1	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 2	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>2</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>3</sup>	Services
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Workers in establishments providing	00	100	00	100	00	0.0	00	100	100	100	00	100	100
Workers in establishments providing	98	100	99	100	99	90	99	100	100	100	99	100	100
no paid holidays	_ 2	-	1	-	1	10	(4)	-	-	-	(4)	-	-
Number of days													
Less than 6 holidays	1	2	1		1.	.7.	.7.	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 holidays		2	-	3	9	(4)	(4)	1	-	-	2	-	1
6 holidays plus 1 or 2 half days			(4)		1		(4)		-	-	(4)	-	1.5
7 holidays		13	(4)	2	36	34	5	2	1	9 3	35	1	15
7 holidays plus 1 half day	- l (4)	3	-	(4)	- ;	1	(4)	(4)	-	2	4	1	(4)
7 holidays plus 2 or 3 half days		14	8	13	20	8	10	7	9	8	17	11	13
8 holidays plus 1 half day		3	0	3	2	0	10	í	7	1 1	(4)	- 11	4
8 holidays plus 2, 3, or 4 half days		5	-	(4)	5	3	î	2	- 2	4	2		5
9 holidays		15	23	14	4	3	13	7	19	12	5	16	9
9 holidays plus 1 half day		2	-	2	4	_	2	4	2	4	12	_	(4)
9 holidays plus 2 or 3 half days	2	5	(4)	2	(4)	(4)	5	16	3	8	7	1	7
10 holidays		13	5	13	4	26	9	18	15	15	1	2	17
10 holidays plus 1 half day		2	-	-	(4)	3	1	2	-	6	1	4.5	7
10 holidays plus 2, 3, or 4 half days		4		4		(4)	1	3	6	2	(4)	(4)	2
11 holidays	17 (4)	11	50	15	8	10	29	18	34	6	4	43	4 (4)
11 holidays plus 1 half day		1	-	(4)	-	ī	2 3	5	(4)	1 10	· -	2 2	3
11 holidays plus 2 or 3 half days	- 4	5	4	3 9	4	(4)	9	3	6	4	2	15	3
12 holidays plus 1 or 2 half days		(4)	4	2	1	( )	3	4	1	3	4	2	9
13 holidays or more		1	7	13	(4)	(4)	3	(4)	i	3	3	4	í
Total holiday time 5													
15 days				3		-	(4)	-	-	-	-	(4)	-
14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more		-	1	3 7	-	-	(4)	(4)	(4)	2	-	(4)	-
13 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more		1 2	1	7	(4)	- 2	(4)	(4)	(4)	2	2	(4)	1 -
13 days or more		1	7	13	(4)	(4)	4	(4)	2	4	4	4	7
12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more		i	7	15	1	(4)	6	4	3	8	7	7	10
12 days or more	8	6	11	28	5	ı ı	18	12	11	20	9	23	15
111/2 days or more		7	11	28	5	1	21	18	16	20	9	25	17
11 days or more		22	61	46	13	12	51	39	50	28	13	68	21
10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more	28	25	61	47	13	15	53	43	50	37	14	69	29
10 days or more	44	43	66	61	18	41	66	75	68	57	22	71	51 53
91/2 days or more		45 63	66	63	22	41	68 82	79 88	71 90	61	34 41	71 87	66
9 days or more		66	89 89	78 81	32 33	47	82	89	90	78	41	87	70
8 days or more		81	97	94	54	54	94	96	99	88	62	98	83
7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days or more		84	97	94	54	56	95	97	99	91	62	99	85
7 days or more	95	97	98	97	91	89	98	99	100	100	97	100	99
6½ days or more		97	98	97	91	89	98	99	100	100	98	100	99
6 days or more	97	98	98	100	99	90	99	100	100	100	99	100	100
5 days or more	- 97	100	98	100	99	90	99	100	100	100	99	100	100
3 days or more	98	100	99	100	99	90	99	100	100	100	99	100	100

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Less than 0.5 percent.

All combinations of full and half days that add to the same amount are combined; for example, the proportion of workers receiving a total of 9 days includes those with 9 full days and no half days, 8 full days and 2 half days, 7 full days and 4 half days, and so on. Proportions then were cumulated.

# Table B-5. Paid vacations -SMSA

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant	workers					C	Office worker	S		
Vacation policy	All industries <sup>2</sup>	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Service
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Method of payment													-
Workers in establishments providing paid vacations		100	100	100	100	89	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Length-of-time paymentPercentage payment	3	87 7 5	100	99	99 ( <sup>5</sup> )	89	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Other		-	-	-	-	11		-	-	-		-	-
Amount of vacation pay 6													
After 6 months of service  Under 1 week	27	43	5	12	19	18	5	11	,		21		
week Over 1 and under 2 weeks	33	19 6	52 9	44 3	52 3	24 2	55 12	57 20	6 58 17	8 68 6	21 56 4	1 50 8	58 16
weeks Over 2 and under 3 weeks weeks	(5)	7 (5) (5)	13 2 1	3 -		1	20 (5) (5)	5 ( <sup>5</sup> )	13	4	2	36 ( <sup>5</sup> )	9 -
weeks		`ı'	-			-	-	-	=		3	-	-
After 1 year of service  Under 1 week	(5)	1	_	_		_			_				
l week Over 1 and under 2 weeks	41	47 5	13 2	31	34 10	61	5 1	: <sub>5</sub> ( <sup>5</sup> )	3 -	9	24 14	(5)	14
2 weeks Over 2 and under 3 weeks 3 weeks	1	29 1 9	77 2 2	65	56 -	24 - 4	90 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 4	87 2 3	97 -	91	62	93	82
Over 3 and under 4 weeks	1 3	7	4	:	:	2	(5)	2	-	-	:	-	1
After 2 years of service										- 1			
Under 1 week	8	1 15	(5)	4	2	13	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	1	(5)	1-1	1
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	71	17 48 1	90 2	90	86 10	(5) 71 (5)	( <sup>5</sup> ) 92 2	1 89 2	100	99	87 9	91	91
weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks	6 1	11	2 4	5 -	2	5	5 -	6	-	-	4	8 -	5 -
weeks	3 ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	-		-	1 -	2 -		-	-	(5)	1 -
After 3 years of service													
Under 1 week week	2	1 3	-	3	ī	2	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	2	ī	-	-	( <sup>5</sup> )
ver 1 and under 2 weeks weeks ver 2 and under 3 weeks	78	8 67 1	91 4	92	81 7	( <sup>5</sup> ) 81 ( <sup>5</sup> )	89 2	( <sup>5</sup> ) 87 2	97 1	98	81 2	89 1	86
weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks	9	13	2 4	5 -	11	4	8 -	9	2	1	17	9	9
weeks	3 ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	-	-	1 -	1 -	2	-	-		(5)	1

# Table B-5. Paid vacations'-SMSA-Continued

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers						Office worker	s		
Vacation policy	All industries 2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>4</sup>	Service
Amount of vacation pay 6—Continued													
After 4 years of service													
nder 1 week	_ (5)	1				1 -2 -1		- 22 1					
week		2	-	3	1	1	(5)	-		ī			1
ver l and under 2 weeks	_ 3	7	-	-	-	(5)	(5)	(5)		-	-	-	-
weeks	73	68	87	90	81	64	88	85	90	98	81	88	84
ver 2 and under 3 weeks weeks		3 13	4 5	( <sup>5</sup> )	7	19	2 9	3 11	1 9	1	2	1 10	11
ver 3 and under 4 weeks	2	-	4	1	6	-	( <sup>5</sup> )			1 1	8	-	
weeks	_ 3	7	-	10.20	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	(5)	1
weeks	- ( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	-	-	-	-	-	: =	-		-	-
After 5 years of service													
week	- <sup>2</sup> ( <sup>5</sup> )	3		3	1	(5)	(5)	-	-	1	-	-	-
rer 1 and under 2 weeksweeks		61	67	51	58	49	43	52	57	66	45	32	41
ver 2 and under 3 weeks		7	2	4	4	31	7	6	i	1	3	10	10
weeks	_ 22	20	23	42	30	8	48	39	42	31	45	57	48
ver 3 and under 4 weeks		-	6	-	6	-	(5)	-	-		8	(5)	-
weeks weeks		8 ( <sup>5</sup> )	2	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	(5)	1
weeks		(-)	1 5	1 .	1	1	(5)	(5)	1	1 1		1 -	
After 10 years of service							( )	,					
week	1	2	-		1	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ver l and under 2 weeks		1 16	2	20	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	8	- 8	7	19	9	4	15
weeks ver 2 and under 3 weeks		6		20	9	- 21	(5)	1		(5)	-	1 7	-
weeks	- 71	65	83	70	78	57	83	73	77	71	76	93	72
ver 3 and under 4 weeks		1	6		6	-	1	(5)		10	8	-	13
weeksver 4 and under 5 weeks		8	9	10	6	5	8 (5)	15	13	10	7	3	13
weeks	1	2	1	2	-	1 2	(5)	ī	-	1 1	-	_	_
weeks		-	-	-	-	-	(5)	(5)	-	-	-	-	-
After 12 years of service													
weekver 1 and under 2 weeks	1 (5)	2	1	-	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	- :		-	:		1 2	1
weeks		12	2	15	7	22	6	6	5	17	6	3	14
ver 2 and under 3 weeks	3	8	-		(5)	-	1	3	2	-	3	1	-
weeks	- 71	66	80	74	79	58	81	74	76	73 ( <sup>5</sup> )	76 8	89 2	71
ver 3 and under 4 weeks weeks		1 9	12	10	6	9	10	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	10	7	5	15
ver 4 and under 5 weeks	(ś)		1	-	-	(5)	(5)	-	2		_	_	-
weeks	_ 1	2	-	-	-	'-'	(5)	1	-	-	-	-	-
weeks		-	-	-	1-1	-	(5)	(5)	-	-	-	-	-
After 15 years of service		100											
week	- 1	2	-	-	1,5	(5)	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
ver 1 and under 2 weeksweeks		1 9	1	12	( <sup>5</sup> )	18	4	5	(5)	14	2	ī	11
weeksver 2 and under 3 weeks	- 8	2	1	12	-	18	(5)	(5)		1 -	-	1 :	
weeks	63	61	58	60	73	56	62	56	58	65	73	63	64
ver 3 and under 4 weeks	3	5	1	-	6	-	4	3	4	2	8	5	-
weeks		20	32	23	15	15	29	32	32	19	16	31	25
ver 4 and under 5 weeks		(5)	6 2	5		(5)	(5)	1 2	3	ī	ī	1 :	
weeks		1		5		(-)	(5)	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	-	1 1	_	1 :	
ver 6 weeks			-		-	-	(5)	(5)	-		-	_	-

## Table B-5. Paid vacations -SMSA-Continued

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers					C	ffice worker	s		
Vacation policy	All industries 2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>4</sup>	Services
Amount of vacation pay 6—Continued													
After 20 years of service													
l week	_ 1	2	_	-	1	(5)	- 2	_	_	_	-2-	_	-
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		1	-	1 .5	(5)	(5)		-	(5)		-	-	-
2 weeksOver 2 and under 3 weeks	7	8 1	1	12	4	17	4	5	( <sup>5</sup> )	13	2	1	10
3 weeks	32	39	1	42	41	34	27	25	3	45	40	26	47
Over 3 and under 4 weeks		4 42	74	39	54	38	61	1 54	6	2	55	-	-
4 weeksOver 4 and under 5 weeks		2	7	39	-	36	(5)	54	3	28	55	73	43
5 weeks		2	17	7	1	(5)	6	15	18	11	2	(5)	-
6 weeks		- 1	-	-	-	-	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	-	-	1	-	-
Over 6 weeks	- 1	1	-	-	-	-	(3)	(5)	-	-	-	-	-
After 25 years of service						3.00							
1 week	_ 1	2	-	-	1	(5)		-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		1	7	1,5	- 4	(5)	5	-	(5)		-		
2 weeks Over 2 and under 3 weeks		8 1	1	11	4	17	4	5	(5)	13	2	1	10
3 weeks		37	1	30	27	33	14	19	2	31	26	7	36
Over 3 and under 4 weeks	- 1	2	-	-	-	-	(5)	1	-	2		-	-
4 weeks		42	16	45	56	39	60	48	34	33	59	77	52
5 weeks		5	74	12	11	(5)	3 18	27	3 59	20	11	7 9	1 11
6 weeks		-	1		(5)	-	(5)	_	í		2		
Over 6 weeks	_ 1	1	-	1		-	(5)	(5)	-	(5)	-	-	-
After 30 years of service													
1 week	_ 1	2		2 1	1	(5)	_	_	_	_	_	_	2
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		1	-	2	-	(5)	-	-	-	7-1	-	-	-
2 weeks		8	1	11	4	17	4	5	(5)	13	2	1	10
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		1 36	1	30	27	33	14	18	2	31	26	7	36
Over 3 and under 4 weeks		2	1	-	-	-	(5)	1	-	2	-	1 -	-
4 weeks		42	16	45	56	39	59	49	34	32	59	75	53
Over 4 and under 5 weeks		2 5	7 74	1.5	12	(5)	3 19	24	3 59	-	, -	6	-
5 weeks6 weeks	(5)	( <sup>5</sup> )	1	12	( <sup>5</sup> )	(-)	19	24	( <sup>5</sup> )	18	11 2	11	1
Over 6 weeks	_ '1'	1	-	1	'-'	-	(5)	( <sup>5</sup> )	1	(5)	-	1	
Maximum vacation available													
1 week		2			1	(5)							
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	(5)	2 1		1 1	1	5	120	1	0.5	2.1	- 2	-	-
2 weeks	7	8	1	11	4	17	4	5	(5)	13	2	1	10
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	_ 1	1	-			-		-	-1	-		-	-
3 weeks		36	1	30	27	33	14 (5)	18	2	31	26	7	36
Over 3 and under 4 weeks4 weeks		2 42	16	45	56	39	51	1 48	34	32	59	59	54
Over 4 and under 5 weeks	2	2	7	1	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	6	-
5 weeks	_ 17	5	74	12	12	(5)	26	25	59	18	11	27	1
6 weeks	- (5)	(5)	1	7	(5)	-	1	3	( <sup>5</sup> )	4	2	-	1-1
Over 6 weeks	- 1	1	-	1	-	-	(5)	(5)	1	(5)	-	(5)	-

1 Includes basic plans only. Excludes plans such as vacation bonus, vacation-savings, and those plans which offer "extended" or "sabbatical" benefits beyond basic plans to workers with qualifying lengths of service. Typical of such exclusions are plans in the steel, aluminum, and can industries.

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately. Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Less than 0.5 percent.

6 Includes payments other than "length of time," such as percentage of annual earnings or flat-sum payments, converted to an equivalent time basis; for example, a payment of 2 percent of annual earnings was considered as 1 week's pay. Periods of service were chosen arbitrarily and do not necessarily reflect the individual provisions for progression. For example, the changes in proportions indicated at 10 years' service include changes in provisions occurring between 5 and 10 years. Estimates are cumulative. Thus, the proportion eligible for 3 weeks' pay or more after 10 years includes those eligible for 3 weeks' pay or more after fewer years of service.

# Table B-5a. Paid vacations -5 Boroughs

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers						Office worker	s		
Vacation policy	All industries2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>4</sup>	Service
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Method of payment													
W													
Workers in establishments providing paid vacations	98	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Length-of-time payment		87	100	99	99	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Percentage payment		6	100	//	1	-	100	100	100	100	100	-	100
Other		6		(5)	- 1	1 1	1 :			1 2 1			_
Workers in establishments providing	7		17.	( )		_				(3)		1 1	
no paid vacations	. 2		_	_	-	8	_	_	_	_	2	_	
no para vacanono				- 1	(3)	"	_		-	-			
Amount of vacation pay 6													
After 6 months of service													
Under 1 week	. 25	42	3	11	18	14	4	5	5	8	21	1	1
l week		21	50	41	55	27	57	66	56	69	61	51	60
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		3	9	4	2	1	10	18	18	5	4	7	14
2 weeks	. 7	10	14	4	-	2	21	3	14	5	1	37	9
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	. 1	( <sup>5</sup> )	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
3 weeks	- ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	1	-	-	-	(5)	2	-	-	-	(5)	-
4 weeks	(5)	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
After 1 year of service													
Under 1 week		(5)	S-3	-	-	-	-	-		-			-
l week		47	14	34	30	61	4	6	3	10	22	(5)	13
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		8	3	-	15		1	1	-	-	16	-	83
2 weeks		20	75	61	55	26	90 ( <sup>5</sup> )	87 3	97	90	62	93	83
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		13	2 2	4		5	4	4		1 7		7	3
3 weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks		13	4	-		5	4	-		1 7		1 1	3
4 weeks		10	-		<u> </u>	1 2	(5)		:	1 : 1	-	1 2	1
After 2 years of service													
Under 1 week	(5)	(5)											_
l week		16	(5)	5	1	13	(5)	1	1 - 1	1	1	1 - 1	1
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		22	3	_	2.		(5)	1		1 2 1		201	
2 weeks		35	89	89	86	72	91	88	100	99	86	90	90
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		1	2	-	10	(5)	2	3	-	-	9	1	3
3 weeks	- 7	15	2	6	3	6	6	8	-	-	5	8	5
Over 3 and under 4 weeks	- 1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 weeks		10	-	-	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	-	(5)	1
5 weeks	- (5)	(5)	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
After 3 years of service													
l week	_ 2	3		3	1	2	(5)		-	1	-	-	(5)
Over 1 and under 2 weeks		8	-	-	-	-	(5)	(5)	-	-	-	-	-
2 weeks		59	89	91	81	84	89	86	96	97	79	88	86
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		1	4	-	2	(5)	2	3	1	-	1	1	3
3 weeks		18	2	6	16	5	9	12	3	2	20	10	10
Over 3 and under 4 weeks		-	4	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	15.	-
4 weeks	- 4	10	-	-	-	1	(5)	-	-	-	-	(5)	1
5 weeks	- ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	-	-	_	1	-	1 -	1			-	-

Table B-5a. Paid vacations -5 Boroughs—Continued

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (5 Boroughs) N. Y., April 1970)

			Plant	workers					(	Office worker	s		
Vacation policy	All industries2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Services
Amount of vacation pay 6—Continued													
After 4 years of service													
week		3	-	3	1	(5)	(5)	-	-	1	-	-	-
ver 1 and under 2 weeks weeks	70	7 60	85	91	81	62	87	82	89	97	79	87	84
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	9	2 18	5	( <sup>5</sup> )	2 7	23	2 11	3 15	1 10	2	1	1 11	12
weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks	3		5	-	10	-	(5)	-	-	-	9	_	-
weeks	(5)	10 ( <sup>5</sup> )	-	:	-	1 -	(5 )	-	:		-	(5)	1 -
After 5 years of service													
week		3	-	3	1	(5)	(5)	-	34	1	-	-	-
weeksver 2 and under 3 weeks	53 13	57 5	62 2	53 4	55 4	45 37	40 8	46	53 1	67	42	30 10	37 10
weeks	23	22	27	40	31	9	52 (5)	47	46	31	46	59	52
ver 3 and under 4 weeks weeks	3 5	12	7 2	1 :	10	1	(5)	1		1 : 1	9	(5)	1
weeks		(5)	•	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
After 10 years of service													
weekver 1 and under 2 weeks	(5)	3	-	-	1	(5)	:	-	1.5	1 :		-	-
weeks	ì4	18	(5)	22	10	22	7 ( <sup>5</sup> )	8	7	18	5	4	13
ver 2 and under 3 weeks weeks		6 60	82	67	72	65	83	73	75	74	79	93	73
ver 3 and under 4 weeks weeks		11	6 10	11	10 8	5	( <sup>5</sup> )	17	15	8	9	3	14
ver 4 and under 5 weeks		-	1	1.	-		(5)	<u>-</u>	3	-		-	-
weeks	1	2	-	-	•	-	(5 )	1	-	-	-	-	-
After 12 years of service						(5)							
week	(5)	3		-	1	(5)	-:		-	1 :		-	-
weeks	10	14 7	(5)	16	8	15	6	7 2	6 2	16	5	3	12
ver 2 and under 3 weeks	70	63	79	73	74	67	81	73	73	76	79	89	72
ver 3 and under 4 weeks		1 11	6 14	2 11	10 8	- 9	10	17	( <sup>5</sup> )	8	9	6	16
weeksver 4 and under 5 weeks		-	1	1 1	-	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	-	3	-	-	-	-
weeks	1	2	-	-	-	-	(*)	1	-	-	-	-	-
After 15 years of service	١.	2				(5)							
weekver 1 and under 2 weeks	(5)	3	:		1	-			:			-	-
weeksver 2 and under 3 weeks	7	10 2	-	13	3	10	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	(5)	12	1	1	9
weeks	62	56	52	60	71	65	61	52	54	68	71	62	64
ver 3 and under 4 weeksweeks	4	5 21	1 37	21	10 17	16	4 30	4 34	5 35	2 16	9 17	5 32	28
ver 4 and under 5 weeks	1	(5)	7	-	-	_	1	1	4	-	-	-	-
weeksweeks		(5)	2	5	-	(5)	1 ( <sup>5</sup> )	3 ( <sup>5</sup> )	3	1 -	1	1	-
, weeks	,	-	7	1			. ,	\ '					

## Table B-5a. Paid vacations -5 Boroughs-Continued

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by vacation pay provisions, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers					(	office worker	s		
Vacation policy	All industries <sup>2</sup>	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance4	Services
Amount of vacation pay 6—Continued													
After 20 years of service													
1 week	1	3				(5)							
Over 1 and under 2 weeks	(5)	-	_		1	-			1			1 0	1 :
2 weeks	6	8	-	13	3	9	3	6	(5)	12	1	1	8
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	) <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
3 weeks	33	38	1	42	46	39	28	26	3	47	39	25	48
Over 3 and under 4 weeks4 weeks	2 49	5 39	70	- 20	-	42	61	1	7	2	-	-	
Over 4 and under 5 weeks		39	70	38	50	43	(5)	48	66	30	58	73	44
5 weeks	5	1	21	7	1	(5)	6	19	20	9	ī	(5)	-
6 weeks	_	1	-	2	2	-				1 1	î		
Over 6 weeks	1	2	-	-	-	-	( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	-	-	-	-	
After 25 years of service													
l week	1	3		_	-	(5)	_			- 1	1.2	_	-
2 weeks	6	8	-	12	3	9	3	6	(5)	11	1	1	8
Over 2 and under 3 weeks	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 weeks	28	37	1	28	30	37	13	18	3	31	23	6	36
Over 3 and under 4 weeks		3 40	18	-	56		(5)	1	-	2	-		
4 weeks Over 4 and under 5 weeks		1	8	48	56	44	61	44	38 4	36	63	77	54
5 weeks		3	72	11	10	(5)	18	31	55	19	10	9	1
6 weeks		_	1		(5)	-	( <sup>5</sup> )	-	1	1	2		1
Over 6 weeks	1	2	-	1	-	-	(5)	(5)	-	(5)	-	-	-
After 30 years of service													
1 week	1	3	_	- 1	0.50	(5)	_	_	-	- 1	-	_	2.0
2 weeks		8	-	12	3	9	3	6	(5)	11	1	1	8
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		2	-	-		-			-	-		-	
3 weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks		36 3	1	28	30	37	13	18	3	31	23	6	36
4 weeks		41	18	48	56	44	60	1 44	37	35	63	75	55
Over 4 and under 5 weeks		1	8	-	-	-	3		4	-	-	6	-
5 weeks	. 16	3	72	11	10	(5)	18	27	55	16	10	12	1
6 weeks		(5)	1	-	(5)	-	1	4	(5)	4	2	-	-
Over 6 weeks	1	2	-	1	-	-	(5)	(5)	1	(5)	-	-	-
Maximum vacation available													
l week		3	-	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 weeks		8	-	12	3	9	3	6	(5)	11	1	1	8
Over 2 and under 3 weeks		2	-	-	-	27		-	•	-	-	- 7	2,
3 weeks Over 3 and under 4 weeks		36 3	1	28	30	37	13 ( <sup>5</sup> )	18	3	31 2	23	6	36
4 weeks4		41	18	48	56	45	51	44	37	35	63	58	55
Over 4 and under 5 weeks		1	8	-	-	-	3		4	33	-	6	-
5 weeks	. 16	3	72	11	10	(5)	27	28	55	16	10	28	1
6 weeks		(5)	1	-	(5)	-	1	4	(5)	4	2		-
Over 6 weeks	. 1	2	-	1	-	-	(5)	(5)	1	(5)	-	(5)	-

1 Includes basic plans only. Excludes plans such as vacation bonus, vacation-savings, and those plans which offer "extended" or "sabbatical" benefits beyond basic plans to workers with qualifying lengths of service. Typical of such exclusions are plans in the steel, aluminum, and can industries.

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Less than 0.5 percent.

6 Includes payments other than "length of time," such as percentage of annual earnings or flat-sum payments, converted to an equivalent time basis; for example, a payment of 2 percent of annual earnings was considered as 1 week's pay. Periods of service were chosen arbitrarily and do not necessarily reflect the individual provisions for progression. For example, the changes in proportions indicated at 10 years' service include changes in provisions occurring between 5 and 10 years. Estimates are cumulative. Thus, the proportion eligible for 3 weeks' pay or more after 10 years includes those eligible for 3 weeks' pay or more after fewer years of service.

# Table B-6. Health, insurance, and pension plans-SMSA

(Percent of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions employed in establishments providing health, insurance, or pension benefits, New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

2000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-00			Plant v	vorkers					C	office worker	s		
Type of benefit and financing <sup>1</sup>	All industries 2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Service
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
MI WORKERS	100	100		100			100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Vorkers in establishments providing at										1 2 11			
least 1 of the benefits shown below	98	100	100	97	100	88	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Life insurance	94	95	99	91	95	85	97	92	99	98	94	99	90
Noncontributory plans		84	78	83	83	79	68	65	69	73	62	70	67
Accidental death and dismemberment													
insurance	60	60	83	69	50	56	61	63	76	71	51	59	47
Noncontributory plans	50	57	33	63	47	53	41	43	30	50	37	43	33
Sickness and accident insurance or												1	
sick leave or both <sup>5</sup>	84	82	94	93	84	75	86	94	90	92	89	80	83
Sickness and accident insurance	61	57	77	66	61	52	45	54	59	48	64	34	48
Noncontributory plans		55	63	63	49	50	33	38	45	41	42	25	40
Sick leave (full pay and no	1												
waiting period)	50	49	41	73	59	38	70	77	73	83	65	66	65
Sick leave (partial pay or													
waiting period)	6	4	5	(6)	4	17	4	3	8	-	6	5	2
Hospitalization insurance	96	99	99	95	99	80	95	95	99	98	97	94	85
Noncontributory plans	81	91	45	84	90	76	59	62	44	74	64	61	46
Surgical insurance	95	99	99	95	96	80	92	94	99	97	96	90	85
Noncontributory plans		91	45	84	87	76	57	60	44	73	63	56	46
Medical insurance		85	97	89	85	65	80	82	92	91	78	76	77
Noncontributory plans		77	43	80	78	60	46	47	41	69	52	43	41
Major medical insurance		45	94	69	34	24	83	84	97	79	60	82	83
Noncontributory plans		38	78	63	26	22	49	52	69	55	27	44	48
Retirement pension		91	93	80	86	76	88	86	97	77	86	92	69
Noncontributory plans	80	85	81	77	79	69	74	63	74	64	57	85	61

Estimates listed after type of benefit are for all plans for which at least a part of the cost is borne by the employer. "Noncontributory plans" include only those plans financed entirely by the employer. Excluded are legally required plans, such as workmen's compensation, social security, and railroad retirement.

Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

Finance, insurance, and real estate.

Unduplicated total of workers receiving sick leave or sickness and accident insurance shown separately below. Sick leave plans are limited to those which definitely establish at least

the minimum number of days' pay that can be expected by each employee. Informal sick leave allowances determined on an individual basis are excluded.

6 Less than 0.5 percent.

# Table B-6a. Health, insurance, and pension plans-5 Boroughs

(Percent of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions employed in establishments providing health, insurance, or pension benefits, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	workers					C	Office worker	s		
Type of benefit and financing <sup>1</sup>	All industries 2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Service
All workers	. 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
orkers in establishments providing at													
least 1 of the benefits shown below	98	100	100	97	100	92	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Life insurance	94	94	100	92	96	87	97	89	99	97	93	99	90
Noncontributory plansAccidental death and dismemberment		84	80	83	85	82	66	58	69	70	62	68	66
insurance		55	85	72	44	54	60	59	76	73	49	57	46
Noncontributory plans	48	53	37	65	42	52	39	36	33	51	35	41	33
Sickness and accident insurance or sick leave or both <sup>5</sup>	. 84	79	94	92	84	79	85	92	90	91	91	80	82
Sickness and accident insurance	65	63	76	70	66	57	45	59	55	49	71	34	48
Noncontributory plansSick leave (full pay and no		63	63	66	56	54	33	39	40	42	46	25	41
waiting period)	46	42	42	72	54	35	69	70	73	81	64	67	63
waiting period)	. 7	5	5	(6)	1	21	5	4	6	-	6	6	2
Hospitalization insurance	96	98	100	94	99	83	94	94	99	98	96	93	84
Noncontributory plans	82	92	51	85	92	79	60	59	49	75	66	63	45
Surgical insurance	95	99	100	94	94	83	92	93	99	97	95	89	85
Noncontributory plans		93	51	85	87	79	57	57	49	74	65	58	45
Medical insurance		84	99	92	82	68	80	81	92	94	78	74	80
Noncontributory plans		78	49	82	76	63	47	43	45	71	53	44	42
Major medical insurance		32	94	70	30	20	81	80	97	83	57	80	84
Noncontributory plans		29	77	65	23	18	49	50	66	60	23	46	48
Retirement pension		90	94	80	86	82	88	89	97	79	89	92	69
Noncontributory plans	83	86	82	76	82	80	75	63	72	64	60	87	62

<sup>1</sup> Estimates listed after type of benefit are for all plans for which at least a part of the cost is borne by the employer. "Noncontributory plans" include only those plans financed entirely by the employer. Excluded are legally required plans, such as workmen's compensation, social security, and railroad retirement.

<sup>2</sup> Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.

<sup>3</sup> Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.

<sup>4</sup> Finance, insurance, and real estate.

5 Unduplicated total of workers receiving sick leave or sickness and accident insurance shown separately below. Sick leave plans are limited to those which definitely establish at least the minimum number of days' pay that can be expected by each employee. Informal sick leave allowances determined on an individual basis are excluded.

6 Less than 0.5 percent.

# Table B-7. Method of wage determination and frequency of payment-SMSA

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by method of wage determination <sup>1</sup> and frequency of wage payment New York (Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	vorkers			1		C	Office worker	s		
Item	All industries <sup>2</sup>	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance <sup>4</sup>	Service
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Method of wage determination 1													
Paid time rates	93	85	100	88	99	98	99	100	100	100	100	100	99
Formal rate policy	85	78	99	70	90	86	68	66	84	48	66	74	39
Single rate	31	34	26	24	16	45	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	1	1 1 1	2
Range of rates	54	44	74	45	74	41	67	66	84	47	64	74	37
Progression based on automatic advancement according to	34	44	, ,		(4	41	01	00	04	47	04	/4	37
length of service	27	14	67	23	35	10	8	3	52	2	12	1	1
Progression based on merit		11		100									
review	14	15	2	8	22	16	41	46	19	30	38	48	27
Progression based on a combination of length of													
service and merit review	13	14	5	13	17	15	19	16	13	16	14	24	10
No formal rate policy	8	8	(5)	18	9	12	32	34	16	52	34	26	61
Paid by incentive methods	7	15	'-'	12	1	2	(5)	_	2		_	1727	(5)
Piece rate	4	11		- 1	_	1	, ,					1	1 ( )
Individual	4	11			_	1							
Group	(5)	(5)		_ 1		(5)							
Production bonus	1	4		1	_	(5)	Math	od of determ	oining incor	tive pay of o	ffice work	and not nucce	ntad
Individual	î	3	2.00	1 1	1 2	(5)	Ivietii	od of determ	illing incer	tive pay or o.	lice worke	ers not prese	nted
Group	(5)	i	-			-							
Commission	1		2	11	1	(5)							
Frequency of wage payment													
requency of wage payment													
Veekly	97	100	97	92	99	88	42	57	60	56	92	23	42
Biweekly	2	(5)	2	2	í	10	41	21	35	22	4	62	29
emimonthly	(5)	(5)	1	(5)	(5)	1	17	22	4	20	4	15	30
Monthly	(5)	\ _'	1 1	3	(_)	1 2	(5)		120	2	-	1.5	30
Other frequency	(5 ) (5 )			2	100		-		1 2		350		
Zener in equality	( )			-		1	-	100		- 1	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> For a description of the methods of wage determination, see Introduction.
<sup>2</sup> Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.
<sup>3</sup> Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
<sup>4</sup> Finance, insurance, and real estate.
<sup>5</sup> Less than 0.5 percent.

# Table B-7a. Method of wage determination and frequency of payment-5 Boroughs

(Percent distribution of plant and office workers in all industries and in industry divisions by method of wage determination 1 and frequency of wage payment, New York (5 Boroughs), N.Y., April 1970)

			Plant v	vorkers					C	office worker	s		
Item	All industries 2	Manu- facturing	Public utilities <sup>3</sup>	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Services	All industries	Manu- facturing	Public utilities 3	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance 4	Service
All workers	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Method of wage determination 1													
Paid time rates	92	81	100	88	99	98	99	100	100	100	100	100	99
Formal rate policy		71	99	67	87	84	67	65	83	47	68	73	39
Single rate		40	28	24	17	48	(5)	1	(5)	1 1	1	-	2
Range of rates		31	72	43	70	36	67	64	83	47	67	7.3	37
Progression based on automatic advancement according to						30		04	03	41	01	1,3	
length of service	_ 25	13	63	21	32	12	7	3	48	1	14	1	1
Progression based on merit													
review	- 12	9	3	7	27	16	40	43	21	30	43	47	28
Progression based on a combination of length of													
service and merit review		9	6	15	10	9	20	19	14	15	9	25	8
No formal rate policy		10	(5)	20	12	14	33	35	17	53	32	27	61
aid by incentive methods		19	-	12	1	2	(5)	-	-	- 1	-	-	(2)
Piece rate		15	-	-	-	1							
Individual	- 5	14	-	-	-	1							
Group	- ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)		-	-	(5)	0.00						
Production bonus		4	-	1	-	(5)	Met	nod of deter	mining ince	ntive pay of	office work	kers not pres	sented
Individual	_ 2	4	-	1	-	(5)							
Group	- ( <sup>5</sup> )	(5)	-	-	-	-							
Commission	- 1	-	-	12	1	(5)			1	1		1	-
Frequency of wage payment													
eekly	97	99	96	92	99	93	38	51	56	50	92	21	40
iweekly		99 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	3	2	í	6	45	27	39	25	5	63	28
emimonthly		(5)	1	(5)	(5)	2	17	22	5	23	3	16	32
Ionthly	(5)		1 2	3	-	_	(5)	12	_	2		-	_
ther frequency		_	-	2	-	-	\ _'	_	-		-	-	-
	- 1 1 /						1		1			1	1

For a description of the methods of wage determination, see Introduction.
 Includes data for real estate in addition to those industry divisions shown separately.
 Transportation, communication, and other public utilities.
 Finance, insurance, and real estate.
 Less than 0.5 percent.

## Appendix. Occupational Descriptions

The primary purpose of preparing job descriptions for the Bureau's wage surveys is to assist its field staff in classifying into appropriate occupations workers who are employed under a variety of payroll titles and different work arrangements from establishment to establishment and from area to area. This permits the grouping of occupational wage rates representing comparable job content. Because of this emphasis on interestablishment and interarea comparability of occupational content, the Bureau's job descriptions may differ significantly from those in use in individual establishments or those prepared for other purposes. In applying these job descriptions, the Bureau's field economists are instructed to exclude working supervisors; apprentices; learners; beginners; trainees; and handicapped, part-time, temporary, and probationary workers.

## OFFICE

## BILLER, MACHINE

Prepares statements, bills, and invoices on a machine other than an ordinary or electromatic typewriter. May also keep records as to billings or shipping charges or perform other clerical work incidental to billing operations. For wage study purposes, billers, machine, are classified by type of machine, as follows:

Biller, machine (billing machine). Uses a special billing machine (Moon Hopkins, Elliott Fisher, Burroughs, etc., which are combination typing and adding machines) to prepare bills and invoices from customers' purchase orders, internally prepared orders, shipping memorandums, etc. Usually involves application of predetermined discounts and shipping charges, and entry of necessary extensions, which may or may not be computed on the billing machine, and totals which are automatically accumulated by machine. The operation usually involves a large number of carbon copies of the bill being prepared and is often done on a fanfold machine.

Biller, machine (bookkeeping machine). Uses a bookkeeping machine (Sundstrand, Elliott Fisher, Remington Rand, etc., which may or may not have typewriter keyboard) to prepare customers' bills as part of the accounts receivable operation. Generally involves the simultaneous entry of figures on customers' ledger record. The machine automatically accumulates figures on a number of vertical columns and computes, and usually prints automatically the debit or credit balances. Does not involve a knowledge of bookkeeping. Works from uniform and standard types of sales and credit slips.

## BOOKKEEPING-MACHINE OPERATOR

Operates a bookkeeping machine (Remington Rand, Elliott Fisher, Sundstrand, Burroughs, National Cash Register, with or without a typewriter keyboard) to keep a record of business transactions.

Class A. Keeps a set of records requiring a knowledge of and experience in basic bookkeeping principles, and familiarity with the structure of the particular accounting system used. Determines proper records and distribution of debit and credit items to be used in each phase of the work. May prepare consolidated reports, balance sheets, and other records by hand,

Class B. Keeps a record of one or more phases or sections of a set of records usually requiring little knowledge of basic bookkeeping. Phases or sections include accounts payable, payroll, customers' accounts (not including a simple type of billing described under biller, machine), cost distribution, expense distribution, inventory control, etc. May check or assist in preparation of trial balances and prepare control sheets for the accounting department.

## CLERK, ACCOUNTING

Class A. Under general direction of a bookkeeper or accountant, has responsibility for keeping one or more sections of a complete set of books or records relating to one phase of an establishment's business transactions. Work involves posting and balancing subsidiary ledger or ledgers such as accounts receivable or accounts payable: examining and coding invoices or vouchers with proper accounting distribution; and requires judgment and experience in making proper assignations and allocations. May assist in preparing, adjusting, and closing journal entries; and may direct class B accounting clerks.

Class B. Under supervision, performs one or more routine accounting operations such as posting simple journal vouchers or accounts payable vouchers, entering vouchers in voucher registers; reconciling bank accounts; and posting subsidiary ledgers controlled by general ledgers, or posting simple cost accounting data. This job does not require a knowledge of accounting and bookkeeping principles but is found in offices in which the more routine accounting work is subdivided on a functional basis among several workers.

### CLERK, FILE

<u>Class A.</u> In an established filing system containing a number of varied subject matter files, classifies and indexes file material such as correspondence, reports, technical documents, etc. May also file this material. May keep records of various types in conjunction with the files. May lead a small group of lower level file clerks.

Class B. Sorts, codes, and files unclassified material by simple (subject matter) headings or partly classified material by finer subheadings. Prepares simple related index and cross-reference aids. As requested, locates clearly identified material in files and forwards material. May perform related clerical tasks required to maintain and service files.

Class C. Performs routine filing of material that has already been classified or which is easily classified in a simple serial classification system (e.g., alphabetical, chronological, or numerical). As requested, locates readily available material in files and forwards material; and may fill out withdrawal charge. Performs simple clerical and manual tasks required to maintain and service files.

#### CLERK, ORDER

Receives customers' orders for material or merchandise by mail, phone, or personally. Duties involve any combination of the following: Quoting prices to customers; making out an order sheet listing the items to make up the order; checking prices and quantities of items on order sheet; and distributing order sheets to respective departments to be filled. May check with credit department to determine credit rating of customer, acknowledge receipt of orders from customers, follow up orders to see that they have been filled, keep file of orders received, and check shipping invoices with original orders.

#### CLERK, PAYROLL

Computes wages of company employees and enters the necessary data on the payroll sheets. Duties involve: Calculating workers' earnings based on time or production records; and posting calculated data on payroll sheet, showing information such as worker's name, working days, time, rate, deductions for insurance, and total wages due. May make out paychecks and assist paymaster in making up and distributing pay envelopes. May use a calculating machine.

### COMPTOMETER OPERATOR

Primary duty is to operate a Comptometer to perform mathematical computations. This job is not to be confused with that of statistical or other type of clerk, which may involve frequent use of a Comptometer but, in which, use of this machine is incidental to performance of other duties.

#### KEYPUNCH OPERATOR

Class A. Operates a numerical and/or alphabetical or combination keypunch machine to transcribe data from various source documents to keypunch tabulating cards. Performs same tasks as lower level keypunch operator but, in addition, work requires application of coding skills and the making of some determinations, for example, locates on the source document the items to be punched; extracts information from several documents; and searches for and interprets information on the document to determine information to be punched. May train inexperienced operators.

#### KEYPUNCH OPERATOR-Continued

Class B. Under close supervision or following specific procedures or instructions, transcribes data from source documents to punched cards. Operates a numerical and/or alphabetical or combination keypunch machine to keypunch tabulating cards. May verify cards. Working from various standardized source documents, follows specified sequences which have been coded or prescribed in detail and require little or no selecting, coding, or interpreting of data to be punched. Problems arising from erroneous items or codes, missing information, etc., are referred to supervisor.

### OFFICE BOY OR GIRL

Performs various routine duties such as running errands, operating minor office machines such as sealers or mailers, opening and distributing mail, and other minor clerical work.

## SECRETARY

Assigned as personal secretary, normally to one individual. Maintains a close and highly responsive relationship to the day-to-day work activities of the supervisor. Works fairly independently receiving a minimum of detailed supervision and guidance. Performs varied clerical and secretarial duties, usually including most of the following: (a) Receives telephone calls, personal callers, and incoming mail, answers routine inquiries, and routes the technical inquiries to the proper persons: (b) establishes, maintains, and revises the supervisor's files; (c) maintains the supervisor's calendar and makes appointments as instructed; (d) relays messages from supervisor to subordinates; (e) reviews correspondence, memoranda, and reports prepared by others for the supervisor's signature to assure procedural and typographic accuracy; and (f) performs stenographic and typing work.

May also perform other clerical and secretarial tasks of comparable nature and difficulty. The work typically requires knowledge of office routine and understanding of the organization, programs, and procedures related to the work of the supervisor.

#### Exclusions

Not all positions that are titled "secretary" possess the above characteristics. Examples of positions which are excluded from the definition are as follows: (a) Positions which do not meet the "personal" secretary concept described above; (b) stenographers not fully trained in secretarial type duties: (c) stenographers serving as office assistants to a group of professional, technical, or managerial persons; (d) secretary positions in which the duties are either substantially more routine or substantially more complex and responsible than those characterized in the definition; and (e) assistant type positions which involve more difficult or more responsible technical, administrative, supervisory, or specialized clerical duties which are not typical of secretarial work.

NOTE: The term "corporate officer," used in the level definitions following, refers to those officials who have a significant corporate-wide policymaking role with regard to major company activities. The title "vice president," though normally indicative of this role, does not in all cases identify such positions. Vice presidents whose primary responsibility is to act personally on individual cases or transactions (e.g., approve or deny individual loan or credit actions; administer individual trust accounts; directly supervise a clerical staff) are not considered to be "corporate officers" for purposes of applying the following level definitions.

#### Class A

a. Secretary to the chairman of the board or president of a company that employs, in all, over 100 but fewer than 5,000 persons; or

b. Secretary to a corporate officer (other than the chairman of the board or president) of a company that employs, in all, over 5,000 but fewer than 25,000 persons; or

c. Secretary to the head (immediately below the corporate officer level) of a major segment or subsidiary of a company that employs, in all, over 25,000 persons.

#### Class B

a. Secretary to the chairman of the board or president of a company that employs, in all,  $\underline{\text{fewer than }100 \text{ } \text{persons; } \underline{\text{or}}}$ 

b. Secretary to a corporate officer (other than the chairman of the board or president) of a company that employs, in all, over 100 but fewer than 5,000 persons; or

c. Secretary to the head (immediately below the officer level) over either a major corporate-wide functional activity (e.g., marketing, research, operations, industrial relations, etc.) or a major geographic or organizational segment (e.g., a regional headquarters; a major division) of a company that employs, in all, over 5,000 but fewer than 25,000 employees; or

#### SECRETARY-Continued

d. Secretary to the head of an individual plant, factory, etc. (or other equivalent level of official) that employs, in all, over 5,000 persons; or

e. Secretary to the head of a large and important organizational segment (e.g., a middle management supervisor of an organizational segment often involving as many as several hundred persons) of a company that employs, in all, over 25,000 persons.

#### Class C

a. Secretary to an executive or managerial person whose responsibility is not equivalent to one of the specific level situations in the definition for class B, but whose subordinate staff normally numbers at least several dozen employees and is usually divided into organizational segments which are often, in turn, further subdivided. In some companies, this level includes a wide range of organizational echelons; in others, only one or two; or

b. Secretary to the head of an individual plant, factory, etc. (or other equivalent level of official) that employs, in all, fewer than 5,000 persons.

#### Class D

a. Secretary to the supervisor or head of a small organizational unit (e.g., fewer than about 25 or 30 persons); or

b. Secretary to a nonsupervisory staff specialist, professional employee, administrative officer, or assistant, skilled technician or expert. (NOTE: Many companies assign stenographers, rather than secretaries as described above, to this level of supervisory or nonsupervisory worker.)

#### STENOGRAPHER, GENERAL

Primary duty is to take dictation involving a normal routine vocabulary from one or more persons either in shorthand or by Stenotype or similar machine; and transcribe dictation. May also type from written copy. May maintain files, keep simple records, or perform other relatively routine clerical tasks. May operate from a stenographic pool. Does not include transcribing-machine work. (See transcribing-machine operator.)

### STENOGRAPHER, SENIOR

Primary duty is to take dictation involving a varied technical or specialized vocabulary such as in legal briefs or reports on scientific research from one or more persons either in shorthand or by Stenotype or similar machine; and transcribe dictation. May also type from written copy. May also set up and maintain files, keep records, etc.

#### OF

Performs stenographic duties requiring significantly greater independence and responsibility than stenographers, general as evidenced by the following: Work requires high degree of stenographic speed and accuracy; and a thorough working knowledge of general business and office procedures and of the specific business operations, organization, policies, procedures, files, workflow, etc. Uses this knowledge in performing stenographic duties and responsible clerical tasks such as, maintaining followup files; assembling material for reports, memorandums, letters, etc.; composing simple letters from general instructions; reading and routing incoming mail; and answering routine questions, etc. Does not include transcribing-machine work.

## SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR

Class A. Operates a single- or multiple-position telephone switchboard handling incoming, outgoing, intraplant or office calls. Performs full telephone information service or handles complex calls, such as conference, collect, overseas, or similar calls, either in addition to doing routine work as described for switchboard operator, class B, or as a full-time assignment. ("Full" telephone information service occurs when the establishment has varied functions that are not readily understandable for telephone information purposes, e.g., because of overlapping or interrelated functions, and consequently present frequent problems as to which extensions are appropriate for calls.)

Class B. Operates a single- or multiple-position telephone switchboard handling incoming, outgoing, intraplant or office calls. May handle routine long distance calls and record tolls. May perform limited telephone information service. ("Limited" telephone information service occurs if the functions of the establishment serviced are readily understandable for telephone information purposes, or if the requests are routine, e.g., giving extension numbers when specific names are furnished, or if complex calls are referred to another operator.)

#### SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR-RECEPTIONIST

In addition to performing duties of operator on a single-position or monitor-type switch-board, acts as receptionist and may also type or perform routine clerical work as part of regular duties. This typing or clerical work may take the major part of this worker's time while at switchboard.

#### TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATOR

Class A. Operates a variety of tabulating or electrical accounting machines, typically including such machines as the tabulator, calculator, interpreter, collator, and others. Performs complete reporting assignments without close supervision, and performs difficult wiring as required. The complete reporting and tabulating assignments typically involve a variety of long and complex reports which often are of irregular or nonrecurring type requiring some planning and sequencing of steps to be taken. As a more experienced operator, is typically involved in training new operators in machine operations, or partially trained operators in wiring from diagrams and operating sequences of long and complex reports. Does not include working supervisors performing tabulating-machine operations and day-to-day supervision of the work and production of a group of tabulating-machine operators.

Class B. Operates more difficult tabulating or electrical accounting machines such as the tabulator and calculator, in addition to the sorter, reproducer, and collator. This work is performed under specific instructions and may include the performance of some wiring from diagrams. The work typically involves, for example, tabulations involving a repetitive accounting exercise, a complete but small tabulating study, or parts of a longer and more complex report. Such reports and studies are usually of a recurring nature where the procedures are well established. May also include the training of new employees in the basic operation of the machine.

#### TABULATING-MACHINE OPERATOR-Continued

<u>Class C.</u> Operates simple tabulating or electrical accounting machines such as the sorter, reproducing punch, collator, etc., with specific instructions. May include simple wiring from diagrams and some filing work. The work typically involves portions of a work unit, for example, individual sorting or collating runs or repetitive operations.

## TRANSCRIBING-MACHINE OPERATOR, GENERAL

Primary duty is to transcribe dictation involving a normal routine vocabulary from transcribing-machine records. May also type from written copy and do simple clerical work. Workers transcribing dictation involving a varied technical or specialized vocabulary such as legal briefs or reports on scientific research are not included. A worker who takes dictation in shorthand or by Stenotype or similar machine is classified as a stenographer, general.

#### TYPIST

Uses a typewriter to make copies of various material or to make out bills after calculations have been made by another person. May include typing of stencils, mats, or similar materials for use in duplicating processes. May do clerical work involving little special training, such as keeping simple records, filing records and reports, or sorting and distributing incoming mail.

Class A. Performs one or more of the following: Typing material in final form when it involves combining material from several sources or responsibility for correct spelling, syllabication, punctuation, etc., of technical or unusual words or foreign language material; and planning layout and typing of complicated statistical tables to maintain uniformity and balance in spacing. May type routine form letters varying details to suit circumstances.

Class B. Performs one or more of the following: Copy typing from rough or clear drafts; routine typing of forms, insurance policies, etc.; and setting up simple standard tabulations, or copying more complex tables already setup and spaced properly.

## PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL

### COMPUTER OPERATOR

Monitors and operates the control console of a digital computer to process data according to operating instructions, usually prepared by a programer. Work includes most of the following: Studies instructions to determine equipment setup and operations; loads equipment with required items (tape reels, cards, etc.); switches necessary auxiliary equipment into circuit, and starts and operates computer; makes adjustments to computer to correct operating problems and meet special conditions; reviews errors made during operation and determines cause or refers problem to supervisor or programer; and maintains operating records. May test and assist in correcting program.

For wage study purposes, computer operators are classified as follows:

Class A. Operates independently, or under only general direction, a computer running programs with most of the following characteristics: New programs are frequently tested and introduced; scheduling requirements are of critical importance to minimize downtime; the programs are of complex design so that identification of error source often requires a working knowledge of the total program, and alternate programs may not be available. May give direction and guidance to lower level operators.

Class B. Operates independently, or under only general direction, a computer running programs with most of the following characteristics: Most of the programs are established production runs, typically run on a regularly recurring basis; there is little or no testing of new programs required; alternate programs are provided in case original program needs major change or cannot be corrected within a reasonable time. In common error situations, diagnoses cause and takes corrective action. This usually involves applying previously programed corrective steps, or using standard correction techniques.

OR

Operates under direct supervision a computer running programs or segments of programs with the characteristics described for class A. May assist a higher level operator by independently performing less difficult tasks assigned, and performing difficult tasks following detailed instructions and with frequent review of operations performed.

<u>Class C.</u> Works on routine programs under close supervision. Is expected to develop working knowledge of the computer equipment used and ability to detect problems involved in running routine programs. Usually has received some formal training in computer operation. May assist higher level operator on complex programs.

#### COMPUTER PROGRAMER, BUSINESS

Converts statements of business problems, typically prepared by a systems analyst, into a sequence of detailed instructions which are required to solve the problems by automatic data processing equipment. Working from charts or diagrams, the programer develops the precise instructions which, when entered into the computer system in coded language, cause the manipulation of data to achieve desired results. Work involves most of the following: Applies knowledge of computer capabilities, mathematics, logic employed by computers, and particular subject matter involved to analyze charts and diagrams of the problem to be programed. Develops sequence of program steps, writes detailed flow charts to show order in which data will be processed; converts these charts to coded instructions for machine to follow; tests and corrects programs; prepares instructions for operating personnel during production run; analyzes, reviews, and alters programs to increase operating efficiency or adapt to new requirements; maintains records of program development and revisions. (NOTE: Workers performing both systems analysis and programing should be classified as systems analysts if this is the skill used to determine their pay.)

Does not include employees primarily responsible for the management or supervision of other electronic data processing (EDP) employees, or programers primarily concerned with scientific and/or engineering problems.

For wage study purposes, programers are classified as follows:

<u>Class A.</u> Works independently or under only general direction on complex problems which require competence in all phases of programing concepts and practices. Working from diagrams and charts which identify the nature of desired results, major processing steps to be accomplished, and the relationships between various steps of the problem solving routine; plans the full range of programing actions needed to efficiently utilize the computer system in achieving desired end products.

At this level, programing is difficult because computer equipment must be organized to produce several interrelated but diverse products from numerous and diverse data elements. A wide variety and extensive number of internal processing actions must occur. This requires such actions as development of common operations which can be reused, establishment of linkage points between operations, adjustments to data when program requirements exceed computer storage capacity, and substantial manipulation and resequencing of data elements to form a highly integrated program.

May provide functional direction to lower level programers who are assigned to assist.

### COMPUTER PROGRAMER, BUSINESS-Continued

Class B. Works independently or under only general direction on relatively simple programs, or on simple segments of complex programs. Programs (or segments) usually process information to produce data in two or three varied sequences or formats. Reports and listings are produced by refining, adapting, arraying, or making minor additions to or deletions from input data which are readily available. While numerous records may be processed, the data have been refined in prior actions so that the accuracy and sequencing of data can be tested by using a few routine checks. Typically, the program deals with routine record-keeping type operations.

OR

Works on complex programs (as described for class A) under close direction of a higher level programer or supervisor. May assist higher level programer by independently performing less difficult tasks assigned, and performing more difficult tasks under fairly close direction.

May guide or instruct lower level programers.

<u>Class C.</u> Makes practical applications of programing practices and concepts usually learned in formal training courses. Assignments are designed to develop competence in the application of standard procedures to routine problems. Receives close supervision on new aspects of assignments; and work is reviewed to verify its accuracy and conformance with required procedures.

#### COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYST, BUSINESS

Analyzes business problems to formulate procedures for solving them by use of electronic data processing equipment. Develops a complete description of all specifications needed to enable programers to prepare required digital computer programs. Work involves most of the following: Analyzes subject-matter operations to be automated and identifies conditions and criteria required to achieve satisfactory results; specifies number and types of records, files, and documents to be used; outlines actions to be performed by personnel and computers in sufficient detail for presentation to management and for programing (typically this involves preparation of work and data flow charts); coordinates the development of test problems and participates in trial runs of new and revised systems; and recommends equipment changes to obtain more effective overall operations. (NOTE: Workers performing both systems analysis and programing should be classified as systems analysts if this is the skill used to determine their pay.)

Does not include employees primarily responsible for the management or supervision of other electronic data processing (EDP) employees, or systems analysts primarily concerned with scientific or engineering problems.

For wage study purposes, systems analysts are classified as follows:

Class A. Works independently or under only general direction on complex problems involving all phases of systems analysis. Problems are complex because of diverse sources of input data and multiple-use requirements of output data. (For example, develops an integrated production scheduling, inventory control, cost analysis, and sales analysis record in which every item of each type is automatically processed through the full system of records and appropriate followup actions are initiated by the computer.) Confers with persons concerned to determine the data processing problems and advises subject-matter personnel on the implications of new or revised systems of data processing operations. Makes recommendations, if needed, for approval of major systems installations or changes and for obtaining equipment.

May provide functional direction to lower level systems analysts who are assigned to assist.

<u>Class B.</u> Works independently or under only general direction on problems that are relatively uncomplicated to analyze, plan, program, and operate. Problems are of limited complexity because sources of input data are homogeneous and the output data are closely related. (For example, develops systems for maintaining depositor accounts in a bank,

## COMPUTER SYSTEMS ANALYST, BUSINESS-Continued

maintaining accounts receivable in a retail establishment, or maintaining inventory accounts in a manufacturing or wholesale establishment.) Confers with persons concerned to determine the data processing problems and advises subject-matter personnel on the implications of the data processing systems to be applied.

OR

Works on a segment of a complex data processing scheme or system, as described for class A. Works independently on routine assignments and receives instruction and guidance on complex assignments. Work is reviewed for accuracy of judgment, compliance with instructions, and to insure proper alinement with the overall system.

Class C. Works under immediate supervision, carrying out analyses as assigned, usually of a single activity. Assignments are designed to develop and expand practical experience in the application of procedures and skills required for systems analysis work. For example, may assist a higher level systems analyst by preparing the detailed specifications required by programers from information developed by the higher level analyst.

#### DRAFTSMAN

Class A. Plans the graphic presentation of complex items having distinctive design features that differ significantly from established drafting precedents. Works in close support with the design originator, and may recommend minor design changes. Analyzes the effect of each change on the details of form, function, and positional relationships of components and parts. Works with a minimum of supervisory assistance. Completed work is reviewed by design originator for consistency with prior engineering determinations. May either prepare drawings, or direct their preparation by lower level draftsmen.

Class B. Performs nonroutine and complex drafting assignments that require the application of most of the standardized drawing techniques regularly used. Duties typically involve such work as: Prepares working drawings of subassemblies with irregular shapes, multiple functions, and precise positional relationships between components; prepares architectural drawings for construction of a building including detail drawings of foundations, wall sections, floor plans, and roof. Uses accepted formulas and manuals in making necessary computations to determine quantities of materials to be used, load capacities, strengths, strengths, etc. Receives initial instructions, requirements, and advice from supervisor. Completed work is checked for technical adequacy.

Class C. Prepares detail drawings of single units or parts for engineering, construction, manufacturing, or repair purposes. Types of drawings prepared include isometric projections (depicting three diminsions in accurate scale) and sectional views to clarify positioning of components and convey needed information. Consolidates details from a number of sources and adjusts or transposes scale as required. Suggested methods of approach, applicable precedents, and advice on source materials are given with initial assignments. Instructions are less complete when assignments recur. Work may be spot-checked during progress.

## DRAFTSMAN-TRACER

Copies plans and drawings prepared by others by placing tracing cloth or paper over drawings and tracing with pen or pencil. (Does not include tracing limited to plans primarily consisting of straight lines and a large scale not requiring close delineation.)

and/or

Prepares simple or repetitive drawings of easily visualized items. Work is closely supervised during progress.

NURSE, INDUSTRIAL (REGISTERED)

A registered nurse who gives nursing service under general medical direction to ill or injured employees or other persons who become ill or suffer an accident on the premises of a factory or other establishment. Duties involve a combination of the following: Giving first aid to the ill or injured; attending to subsequent dressing of employees' injuries; keeping records of patients treated; preparing accident reports for compensation or other purposes; assisting in physical examinations and health evaluations of applicants and employees; and planning and carrying out programs involving health education, accident prevention, evaluation of plant environment, or other activities affecting the health, welfare, and safety of all personnel.

## MAINTENANCE AND POWERPLANT

## CARPENTER, MAINTENANCE

Performs the carpentry duties necessary to construct and maintain in good repair building woodwork and equipment such as bins, cribs, counters, benches, partitions, doors, floors, stairs, casings, and trim made of wood in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Planning and laying out of work from blueprints, drawings, models, or verbal instructions using a variety

## CARPENTER, MAINTENANCE-Continued

of carpenter's handtools, portable power tools, and standard measuring instruments; making standard shop computations relating to dimensions of work; and selecting materials necessary for the work. In general, the work of the maintenance carpenter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

### ELECTRICIAN, MAINTENANCE

Performs a variety of electrical trade functions such as the installation, maintenance, or repair of equipment for the generation, distribution, or utilization of electric energy in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Installing or repairing any of a variety of electrical equipment such as generators, transformers, switchboards, controllers, circuit breakers, motors, heating units, conduit systems, or other transmission equipment; working from blueprints, drawings, layouts, or other specifications; locating and diagnosing trouble in the electrical system or equipment; working standard computations relating to load requirements of wiring or electrical equipment; and using a variety of electrician's handtools and measuring and testing instruments. In general, the work of the maintenance electrician requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

### ENGINEER, STATIONARY

Operates and maintains and may also supervise the operation of stationary engines and equipment (mechanical or electrical) to supply the establishment in which employed with power, heat, refrigeration, or air-conditioning. Work involves: Operating and maintaining equipment such as steam engines, air compressors, generators, motors, turbines, ventilating and refrigerating equipment, steam boilers and boiler-fed water pumps; making equipment repairs; and keeping a record of operation of machinery, temperature, and fuel consumption. May also supervise these operations. Head or chief engineers in establishments employing more than one engineer are excluded.

### FIREMAN, STATIONARY BOILER

Fires stationary boilers to furnish the establishment in which employed with heat, power, or steam. Feeds fuels to fire by hand or operates a mechanical stoker, or gas or oil burner; and checks water and safety valves. May clean, oil, or assist in repairing boilerroom equipment.

### HELPER, MAINTENANCE TRADES

Assists one or more workers in the skilled maintenance trades, by performing specific or general duties of lesser skill, such as keeping a worker supplied with materials and tools; cleaning working area, machine, and equipment; assisting journeyman by holding materials or tools; and performing other unskilled tasks as directed by journeyman. The kind of work the helper is permitted to perform varies from trade to trade: In some trades the helper is confined to supplying, lifting, and holding materials and tools and cleaning working areas; and in others he is permitted to perform specialized machine operations, or parts of a trade that are also performed by workers on a full-time basis.

#### MACHINE-TOOL OPERATOR, TOOLROOM

Specializes in the operation of one or more types of machine tools, such as jig borers, cylindrical or surface grinders, engine lathes, or milling machines, in the construction of machine-shop tools, gages, jigs, fixtures, or dies. Work involves most of the following: Planning and performing difficult machining operations; processing items requiring complicated setups or a high degree of accuracy; using a variety of precision measuring instruments; selecting feeds, speeds, tooling, and operation sequence; and making necessary adjustments during operation to achieve requisite tolerances or dimensions. May be required to recognize when tools need dressing, to dress tools, and to select proper coolants and cutting and lubricating oils. For crossindustry wage study purposes, machine-tool operators, toolroom, in tool and die jobbing shops are excluded from this classification.

## MACHINIST, MAINTENANCE

Produces replacement parts and new parts in making repairs of metal parts of mechanical equipment operated in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Interpreting written instructions and specifications; planning and laying out of work; using a variety of machinist's handtools and precision measuring instruments; setting up and operating standard machine tools; shaping of metal parts to close tolerances; making standard shop computations relating to dimensions of work, tooling, feeds, and speeds of machining; knowledge of the working properties of the common metals; selecting standard materials, parts, and equipment required for his work; and fitting and assembling parts into mechanical equipment. In general, the machinist's work normally requires a rounded training in machine-shop practice usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

## MECHANIC, AUTOMOTIVE (MAINTENANCE)

Repairs automobiles, buses, motortrucks, and tractors of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Examining automotive equipment to diagnose source of trouble; disassembling equipment and performing repairs that involve the use of such handtools as wrenches, gages, drills, or specialized equipment in disassembling or fitting parts; replacing broken or defective parts from stock; grinding and adjusting valves; reassembling and installing

### MECHANIC, AUTOMOTIVE (MAINTENANCE)-Continued

the various assemblies in the vehicle and making necessary adjustments; and alining wheels, adjusting brakes and lights, or tightening body bolts. In general, the work of the automotive mechanic requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

## MECHANIC, MAINTENANCE

Repairs machinery or mechanical equipment of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Examining machines and mechanical equipment to diagnose source of trouble; dismantling or partly dismantling machines and performing repairs that mainly involve the use of handtools in scraping and fitting parts; replacing broken or defective parts with items obtained from stock; ordering the production of a replacement part by a machine shop or sending of the machine to a machine shop for major repairs; preparing written specifications for major repairs or for the production of parts ordered from machine shop; reassembling machines; and making all necessary adjustments for operation. In general, the work of a maintenance mechanic requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience. Excluded from this classification are workers whose primary duties involve setting up or adjusting machines.

#### MILLWRIGHT

Installs new machines or heavy equipment, and dismantles and installs machines or heavy equipment when changes in the plant layout are required. Work involves most of the following: Planning and laying out of the work; interpreting blueprints or other specifications; using a variety of handtools and rigging; making standard shop computations relating to stresses, strength of materials, and centers of gravity; alining and balancing of equipment; selecting standard tools, equipment, and parts to be used; and installing and maintaining in good order power transmission equipment such as drives and speed reducers. In general, the millwright's work normally requires a rounded training and experience in the trade acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

#### OILER

Lubricates, with oil or grease, the moving parts or wearing surfaces of mechanical equipment of an establishment.

#### PAINTER, MAINTENANCE

Paints and redecorates walls, woodwork, and fixtures of an establishment. Work involves the following: Knowledge of surface peculiarities and types of paint required for different applications; preparing surface for painting by removing old finish or by placing putty or filler in nail holes and interstices; and applying paint with spray gun or brush. May mix colors, oils, white lead, and other paint ingredients to obtain proper color or consistency. In general, the work of the maintenance painter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

### PIPEFITTER, MAINTENANCE

Installs or repairs water, steam, gas, or other types of pipe and pipefittings in an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Laying out of work and measuring to locate position of pipe from drawings or other written specifications; cutting various sizes of pipe to correct lengths with chisel and hammer or oxyacetylene torch or pipe-cutting machine; threading pipe with stocks and diese; bending pipe by hand-driven or power-driven machines; assembling pipe with couplings and fastening pipe to hangers; making standard shop computations relating to pressures, flow, and size of pipe required; and making standard tests to determine whether finished pipes meet specifications. In general, the work of the maintenance pipefitter requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience. Workers primarily engaged in installing and repairing building sanitation or heating systems are excluded.

## PLUMBER, MAINTENANCE

Keeps the plumbing system of an establishment in good order. Work involves: Knowledge of sanitary codes regarding installation of vents and traps in plumbing system; installing or repairing pipes and fixtures; and opening clogged drains with a plunger or plumber's snake. In general, the work of the maintenance plumber requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

## SHEET-METAL WORKER, MAINTENANCE

Fabricates, installs, and maintains in good repair the sheet-metal equipment and fixtures (such as machine guards, grease pans, shelves, lockers, tanks, ventilators, chutes, ducts, metal roofing) of an establishment. Work involves most of the following: Planning and laying out all types of sheet-metal maintenance work from blueprints, models, or other specifications; setting up and operating all available types of sheet-metal working machines; using a variety of

#### SHEET-METAL WORKER, MAINTENANCE-Continued

handtools in cutting, bending, forming, shaping, fitting, and assembling; and installing sheetmetal articles as required. In general, the work of the maintenance sheet-metal worker requires rounded training and experience usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

#### TOOL AND DIE MAKER

(Die maker; jig maker; tool maker; fixture maker; gage maker)

Constructs and repairs machine-shop tools, gages, jigs, fixtures or dies for forgings, punching, and other metal-forming work. Work involves most of the following: Planning and For cross-industry wage study pur laying out of work from models, blueprints, drawings, or other oral and written specifications; shops are excluded from this classification.

## TOOL AND DIE MAKER-Continued

using a variety of tool and die maker's handtools and precision measuring instruments; understanding of the working properties of common metals and alloys; setting up and operating of machine tools and related equipment; making necessary shop computations relating to dimensions of work, speeds, feeds, and tooling of machines; heat-treating of metal parts during fabrication as well as of finished tools and dies to achieve required qualities; working to close tolerances; fitting and assembling of parts to prescribed tolerances and allowances; and selecting appropriate materials, tools, and processes. In general, the tool and die maker's work requires a rounded training in machine-shop and toolroom practice usually acquired through a formal apprenticeship or equivalent training and experience.

For cross-industry wage study purposes, tool and die makers in tool and die jobbing shops are excluded from this classification.

## CUSTODIAL AND MATERIAL MOVEMENT

### GUARD AND WATCHMAN

<u>Guard</u>. Performs routine police duties, either at fixed post or on tour, maintaining order, using arms or force where necessary. <u>Includes gatemen who are stationed at gate</u> and check on identity of employees and other persons entering.

Watchman. Makes rounds of premises periodically in protecting property against fire, theft, and illegal entry.

#### JANITOR, PORTER, OR CLEANER

(Sweeper; charwoman; janitress)

Cleans and keeps in an orderly condition factory working areas and washrooms, or premises of an office, apartment house, or commercial or other establishment. Duties involve a combination of the following: Sweeping, mopping or scrubbing, and polishing floors; removing chips, trash, and other refuse; dusting equipment, furniture, or fixtures; polishing metal fixtures or trimmings; providing supplies and minor maintenance services; and cleaning lavatories, showers, and restrooms. Workers who specialize in window washing are excluded.

## LABORER, MATERIAL HANDLING

(Loader and unloader; handler and stacker; shelver; trucker; stockman or stock helper; warehouseman or warehouse helper)

A worker employed in a warehouse, manufacturing plant, store, or other establishment whose duties involve one or more of the following: Loading and unloading various materials and merchandise on or from freight cars, trucks, or other transporting devices; unpacking, shelving, or placing materials or merchandise in proper storage location; and transporting materials or merchandise by handtruck, car, or wheelbarrow. Longshoremen, who load and unload ships are excluded.

### ORDER FILLER

(Order picker; stock selector; warehouse stockman)

Fills shipping or transfer orders for finished goods from stored merchandise in accordance with specifications on sales slips, customers! orders, or other instructions. May, in addition to filling orders and indicating items filled or omitted, keep records of outgoing orders, requisition additional stock or report short supplies to supervisor, and perform other related duties.

## PACKER, SHIPPING

Prepares finished products for shipment or storage by placing them in shipping containers, the specific operations performed being dependent upon the type, size, and number of units to be packed, the type of container employed, and method of shipment. Work requires the placing of items in shipping containers and may involve one or more of the following: Knowledge of various items of stock in order to verify content; selection of appropriate type and size of container; inserting enclosures in container; using excelsior or other material to prevent breakage or damage: closing and sealing container; and applying labels or entering identifying data on container. Packers who also make wooden boxes or crates are excluded.

### SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK

Prepares merchandise for shipment, or receives and is responsible for incoming shipments of merchandise or other materials. Shipping work involves: A knowledge of shipping procedures, practices, routes, available means of transportation, and rate; and preparing records of the goods shipped, making up bills of lading, posting weight and shipping charges, and keeping a file of shipping records. May direct or assist in preparing the merchandise for shipment. Receiving work involves: Verifying or directing others in verifying the correctness of shipments against bills of lading, invoices, or other records; checking for shortages and rejecting damaged goods; routing merchandise or materials to proper departments; and maintaining necessary records and files.

For wage study purposes, workers are classified as follows:

Receiving clerk Shipping clerk Shipping and receiving clerk

#### TRUCKDRIVER

Drives a truck within a city or industrial area to transport materials, merchandise, equipment, or men between various types of establishments such as: Manufacturing plants, freight depots, warehouses, wholesale and retail establishments, or between retail establishments and customers' houses or places of business. May also load or unload truck with or without helpers, make minor mechanical repairs, and keep truck in good working order. Driver-salesmen and over-the-road drivers are excluded.

For wage study purposes, truckdrivers are classified by size and type of equipment, as follows: (Tractor-trailer should be rated on the basis of trailer capacity.)

Truckdriver (combination of sizes listed separately) Truckdriver, light (under  $1^1/_2$  tons) Truckdriver, medium ( $1^1/_2$  to and including 4 tons) Truckdriver, heavy (over 4 tons, trailer type) Truckdriver, heavy (over 4 tons, other than trailer type)

### TRUCKER, POWER

Operates a manually controlled gasoline- or electric-powered truck or tractor to transport goods and materials of all kinds about a warehouse, manufacturing plant, or other establishment.

For wage study purposes, workers are classified by type of truck, as follows:

Trucker, power (forklift)
Trucker, power (other than forklift)

# Available On Request-

The tenth annual report on salaries for accountants, auditors, attorneys, chemists, engineers, engineering technicians, draftsmen, tracers, job analysts, directors of personnel, buyers, and clerical employees.

Order as BLS Bulletin 1654, National Survey of Professional, Administrative, Technical, and Clerical Pay, June 1969. Seventy-five cents a copy.

# Area Wage Surveys

A list of the latest available bulletins is presented below. A directory of area wage studies including more limited studies conducted at the request of the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor is available on request. Bulletins may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20402, or from any of the BLS regional sales offices shown on the inside front cover.

<u>Area</u>		number	<u>Area</u>		number
Akron, Ohio, July 1970	1660 99	30 cents	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich., June 1970 1	1440 05	25 conto
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y., Feb. 1970			Newark and Jersey City, N.J., Jan. 1970 1		
Albuquerque, N. Mex., Mar. 1970			New Haven, Conn., Jan. 1970		
Allentown—Bethlehem—Easton, Pa.—N.J., May 1970 1.	1660-55,	35 cents			
Atlanta, Ga., May 1970	1660-65,	50 cents	New Orleans, La., Jan. 1970		
Atlanta, Ga., May 1970	1660-76,	o cents	New York, N.Y., Apr. 1970 1	1660-89,	75 cents
Baltimore, Md., Aug. 1969			Norfolk-Portsmouth and Newport News-	1//0 50	25
Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex., May 1970			Hampton, Va., Jan. 1970	1660-59,	35 cents
Binghamton, N.Y., July 1970	1685-6,	30 cents	Oklahoma City, Okla., July 1970		
Birmingham, Ala., Mar. 1970	1660-57,	30 cents	Omaha, NebrIowa, Sept. 1969		
Boise City, Idaho, Nov. 1969	1660-34,	25 cents	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J., June 1970 1		
Boston, Mass., Aug. 1969	1660-16,	45 cents	Philadelphia, PaN.J., Nov. 1969 1	1660-48,	60 cents
Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 1969	1660-29,	45 cents	Phoenix, Ariz., Mar. 1970 1	1660-70,	35 cents
Burlington, Vt., Mar. 1970	1660-53,	25 cents	Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 1970 1	1660-60,	50 cents
Canton, Ohio, May 1970 1	1660-81,	35 cents	Portland, Maine, Nov. 1969 1	1660-26,	35 cents
Charleston, W. Va., Apr. 1970 1	1660-68,	35 cents	Portland, OregWash., May 1970 1	1660-77,	40 cents
Charlotte, N.C., Mar. 1970 1	1660-61,	40 cents	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.IMass.,		
Chattanooga, TennGa., Sept. 1969	1660-9,	30 cents	May 1970		
Chicago, Ill., Apr. 1969 1	1625-82,	65 cents	Raleigh, N.C., Aug. 1969		
Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd., Feb. 1970	1660-49,	35 cents	Richmond, Va., Mar. 1970 1	1660-65,	40 cents
Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 1969	1660-22,	40 cents	Rochester, N.Y. (office occupations only),		
Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 1969	1660-27,	30 cents	Aug. 1970	1685-7,	30 cents
Dallas, Tex., Oct. 1969	1660-23,	35 cents	Rockford, Ill., May 1970 1	1660-75,	35 cents
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.,			St. Louis, MoIll., Mar. 1970	1660-66,	40 cents
Oct. 1969 1	1660-20,	35 cents	Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 1969 1	1660-30,	35 cents
Dayton, Ohio, Dec. 1969	1660-37,	30 cents	San Antonio, Tex., May 1970		
Denver, Colo., Dec. 1969 1	1660-41,	40 cents	San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.,		
Des Moines, Iowa, May 1970 1	1660-73,	35 cents	Dec. 1969	1660-43,	30 cents
Detroit, Mich., Feb. 1970	1660-58,	35 cents	San Diego, Calif., Nov. 1969 1	1660-36,	35 cents
Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 1969			San Francisco-Oakland, Calif., Oct. 19691	1660-33,	50 cents
Green Bay, Wis., July 1970 1			San Jose, Calif., Sept. 1969 1	1660-24,	35 cents
Greenville, S.C., May 1970	1660-79,	30 cents	Savannah, Ga., May 1970 1	1660-80.	35 cents
Houston, Tex., Apr. 1970	1660-67,	35 cents	Savannah, Ga., May 1970 1 Scranton, Pa., July 1970 1	1685-3.	35 cents
Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 1969	1660-25,	30 cents	Seattle-Everett, Wash., Jan. 1970	1660-52.	30 cents
Jackson, Miss., Jan. 1970	1660-39,	30 cents	Sioux Falls, S. Dak., Sept. 1969		
Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 1969	1660-35,	30 cents	South Bend, Ind., Mar. 1970 1	1660-62.	35 cents
Kansas City, MoKans., Sept. 1969	1660-10.	35 cents	Spokane, Wash., June 1970 1	1660-86.	35 cents
Lawrence—Haverhill, Mass.—N.H., June 1970 1	1660-82.	35 cents	Syracuse, N.Y., July 1969	1660-13.	30 cents
Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark., July 1970 1	1085-1	35 cents	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla., Aug. 1969 1	1660-7	35 cents
Los Angeles—Long Beach and Anaheim—Santa Ana—	1005 1,	33 001103	Toledo, Ohio-Mich., Feb. 1970		
Garden Grove, Calif., Mar. 1970	1660-64	45 cents	Trenton, N.J., Sept. 1969		
Louisville, Ky.—Ind., Nov. 1969 1			Utica—Rome, N.Y., July 1969		
Lubbock, Tex., Mar. 1970			Washington, D.CMdVa., Sept. 1969	1660 10	50 cents
Manchester, N.H., July 1970	1685_2	35 cents	Waterbury, Conn., Mar. 1970 1	1660 54	25 cents
Manchester, N.A., July 1970	1660 21	40 cents	Waterbury, Conn., Mar. 1970	1660-54,	35 cents
Memphis, TennArk., Nov. 1969 1	1660-31,	20 cents	Waterloo, Iowa, Jan. 1970	1660-45,	30 cents
Miami, Fla., Nov. 1969	1000-32,	30 cents	Wichita, Kans., Apr. 1970 1	1000-09,	35 cents
Midland and Odessa, Tex., Jan. 1970 1	1000-44,	55 cents	Worcester, Mass., May 1970 1	1660-78,	35 cents
Milwaukee, Wis., May 1970 1	1660-74,	50 cents	York, Pa., Feb. 1970 1	1660-63,	35 cents
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 1970	1660-46,	50 cents	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio, Nov. 19691	1660-38,	35 cents

<sup>1</sup> Data on establishment practices and supplementary wage provisions are also presented.

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