# EMPLOYEE EARNINGS IN RETAIL TRADE IN OCTOBER 1956

DISTRIBUTION OF NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES BY AVERAGE EARNINGS

# DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES

Bulletin No. 1220-7

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR James P. Mitchell, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
Ewan Clague, Commissioner

# Bulletins in the Retail Trade Series, October 1956

The Bureau of Labor Statistics' study of Employee Earnings in Retail Trade, October 1956, covered all major retail trade industry groups, except eating and drinking places. The final results of this study are published in a series of separate bulletins for each of these major groups. As indicated, some of these bulletins include separate tabulations for specific lines of business. The final bulletin in this series relates to retail trade as a group and provides summary information for the various lines of retail activity.

Bull. No.	Title
1220-1	BUILDING MATERIALS AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS
1220-2	GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES (Separate data for Department Stores and for Variety Stores
1220-3	FOOD STORES (Separate Data for Grocery Stores)
1220-4	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS (Separate data for Franchised Motor Vehicle Dealers, and for Gasoline Service Stations)
1220-5	APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES STORES (Separate data for Men's and Boys' Clothing Stores, Women's Ready-to-Wear Stores, and Shoe Stores)
1220-6	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND APPLIANCE STORES (Separate data for Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores and for Household Appliance and Radio Stores)
1220-7	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES
1220	RETAIL TRADE (A summary bulletin)

# Availability of Bulletins

For information relating to the availability and price of the above named bulletins, write to the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington 25, D. C., or any of the regional offices listed on the inside back cover.

NOTE: An initial report entitled EMPLOYEE EARNINGS IN RETAIL TRADE, OCTOBER 1956 (BLS Report 119), containing detailed tabulations for the retail trade industry as a whole was issued in May 1957 and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., or from the Bureau's regional offices at 30 cents a copy.

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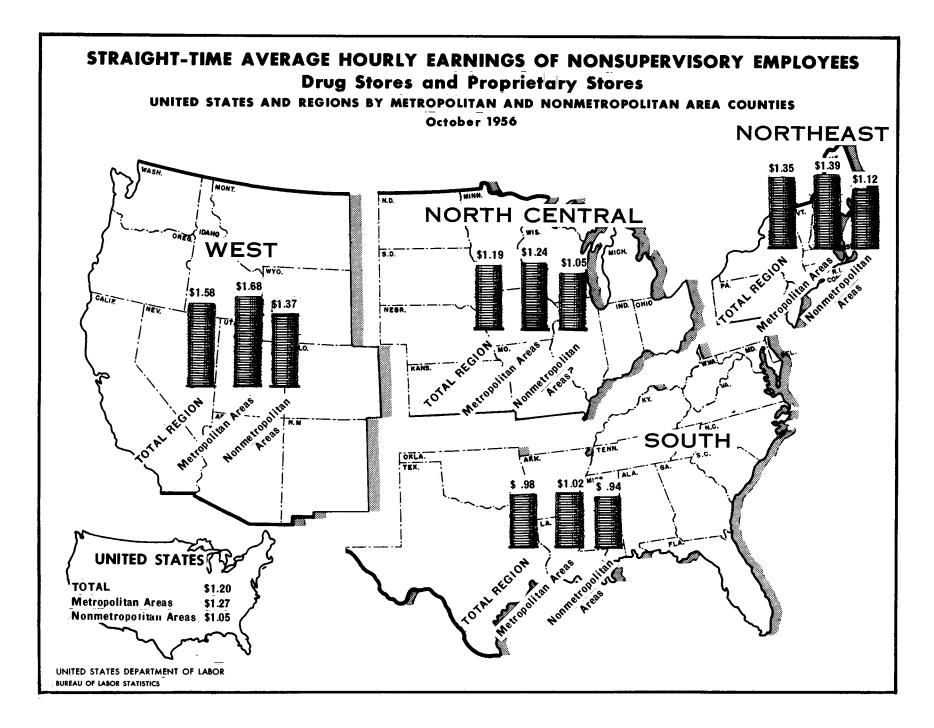
July 1957



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# Drug Stores and Proprietary Stores\*

#### Introduction

The U. S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics conducted a comprehensive study of the straight-time earnings of non-supervisory employees in retail trade (except eating and drinking places) for an October 1956 payroll period. This bulletin provides information on the hourly and weekly earnings of employees in drug stores and proprietary stores. Other publications relating to the broad study of retail trade are listed on the inside front cover.

The drug stores and proprietary stores group includes stores primarily engaged in selling any combination of such merchandise as prescription drugs, cosmetics, toiletries, tobacco, and novelty merchandise. These stores may operate a lunch and/or soda fountain in conjunction with their other retail activities. A complete definition of this retail trade industry group is provided in the appendix.

As shown in the accompanying tables, the survey provides information on the number of employees at various wage levels between 50 cents and \$3 an hour. In recognition of the wide variation that exists in weekly work schedules, distributions of employees by wage intervals are provided by hours worked in the payroll week. In addition to data for the United States and four broad regions, tabulations are provided by community size and by number of stores operated by company. Summary information on weekly earnings is also shown.

Located in all sections of the country, in small communities as well as in large metropolitan areas, the drug stores group is further characterized by a number of factors that affect the level and distribution of wages. For example, drug store enterprises differ materially in terms of employment; substantial proportions of both men and women are employed; and the work force is composed of employees ranging from highly trained pharmacists to sales and delivery personnel whose functions are largely routine and who require little training. These and other variable factors are reflected in the wide dispersion of individual earnings which range from less than 50 cents an hour to more than \$3.

Nationwide, drug stores and proprietary stores employed approximately 331,000 nonsupervisory employees in October 1956. As a group, these employees averaged \$1.20 an hour, excluding overtime pay but including commissions or bonuses (table 1). An estimated 78,000 employees, or 24 percent of the total, earned less than 75 cents

an hour; 161,000, or 49 percent, under \$1; and 227,000, or 69 percent, under \$1.25. About 22,000 employees, or 7 percent of the total, earned \$2.50 or more an hour. The largest concentrations in any 5-cent wage interval were as follows: \$1 and under \$1.05, 12 percent; and 75 cents and under 80 cents, 8 percent.

Substantial variation was noted in the hours worked by individual employees in the mid-October survey week. An estimated 113,000 employees (34 percent of the total) worked less than 35 hours a week. As a group, these employees averaged 99 cents an hour. About 80,000 employees worked from 35 to 40 hours a week and averaged \$1.31. An average of \$1.18 was recorded for the 52,000 employees who worked from 41 to 47 hours. Forty-eight or more hours were worked by 86,000 employees who averaged \$1.25.

#### Earnings of Men and Women

Women accounted for 56 percent (186,000) of the employees in the drug store and proprietary store group, and averaged 95 cents an hour. Approximately 29 percent earned less than 75 cents an hour; 61 percent under \$1; and 83 percent under \$1.25. Comparatively few women (less than 1 percent) earned \$2.50 or more an hour. Thirteen percent of the women had hourly earnings of \$1 and under \$1.05.

The earnings of the 145,000 men in nonsupervisory jobs were at a considerably higher level than the average for women. Men as a group averaged \$1.54 an hour. Hourly earnings of less than 75 cents were recorded for 16 percent of the men; 32 percent earned less than \$1; and 50 percent earned less than \$1.25. Fourteen percent of the men earned \$2.50 or more an hour.

A larger proportion of men than of women worked on a parttime basis. These differences and the fact that both men and women employees working from 35 to 40 hours had higher hourly earnings than employees on either shorter or longer work schedules are illustrated in the tabulation below:

	<u> 7</u>	<u>Men</u>	Wor	nen
Hours worked in week	Percent of total	Straight- time average hourly earnings	Percent of total	Straight- time average hourly earnings
1 to 34 35 to 40 41 to 47	39 19 12	\$ 1.10 1.76 1.66	30 28 19	\$ 0.89 1.09 .94
48 or more	30	1.61	22	. 8!

<sup>\*</sup> Prepared in the Division of Wages and Industrial Relations. NOTE: See appendix, page 19, for definition of terms used in this bulletin.

#### Earnings by Region

For purposes of this study, the 48 States and the District of Columbia were grouped into 4 broad regions. Total nonsupervisory employment in the drug store and proprietary store group was distributed among these regions as follows: Northeast - 9 States—75,000; South - 16 States and the District of Columbia—104,000; North Central - 12 States—107,000; and West - 11 States—46,000.

Average hourly earnings and the proportions of employees earning less than any given amount, particularly at the lower pay levels, varied widely among the regions as indicated below:

	Straight- time average	hourl	cent wi y earn ess tha	ings
Region	hourly earnings	\$0.75	\$1	\$1.25
United States	\$1.20	24	49	69
Northeast South North Central West	1.35 .98 1.19 1.58	16 41 20 4	39 67 49 21	61 82 72 43

Proportions of men earning less than \$1 an hour ranged from 10 percent in the West to 50 percent in the South. Similarly, the proportions of women earning less than \$1 ranged from 29 percent in the West to 79 percent in the South.

Although the South accounted for only 31 percent of the total nonsupervisory employment in drug stores and proprietary stores, it accounted for 43 percent of the employees earning less than \$1 and 55 percent earning less than 75 cents an hour. By contrast, the West accounted for 14 percent of the total employment in the drug store and proprietary store group, 6 percent of those earning less than \$1, and 2 percent of those earning less than 75 cents an hour.

#### Earnings by Community Size

Stores and auxiliary units were also classified according to location in metropolitan areas or in counties not included in such areas; in addition, separation was provided between central cities and other than central cities in metropolitan areas and between communities

with 5,000 or more and under 5,000 population in the case of nonmetropolitan area counties (tables 2 and 3). Nationwide, seven-tenths of the employment was concentrated in metropolitan areas—mostly in central cities. In the nonmetropolitan counties, employment in communities of 5,000 or more population was nearly 3 times that in smaller communities.

The relationship between community size and employee hourly earnings for the drug store and proprietary store group can be noted from the averages and the proportions of employees earning less than \$1 as shown in the following tabulation:

Size of community	Straight- time average hourly earnings	Percent earning less than \$ 1 an hour
Metropolitan areas	\$1.27 1.23	<b>4</b> 3 <b>4</b> 5
Communities other than central cities	1.38	36
Nonmetropolitan areasCommunities of 5,000	1.05	63
or more	1.06	62
than 5, 000	1.02	66

Although a generally similar relationship was noted within each region, the differences shown in nationwide comparisons reflect, in part, regional differences in general pay levels and in distributions of employment by community size. Thus, employment in metropolitan areas in the comparatively high-wage Northeast region exceeded that in nonmetropolitan areas in the ratio of 6 to 1; in the South, however, the ratio was 3 to 2.

#### Earnings by Number of Stores Operated

Nationwide, 60 percent of the nonsupervisory employment in October 1956 was accounted for by companies operating single stores (table 3). Employers operating 11 or more stores accounted for 23 percent; 2 or 3 stores, 11 percent; and 4- to 10-store firms accounted for 6 percent. This pattern also held, with only minor variations, within each of the four broad regions.

Nationwide, employees of single stores averaged \$1.20 compared with \$1.12 for employees of companies operating 4 to 10 stores and \$1.21 for employees of chains of 11 or more stores. Highest average earnings of \$1.23 an hour were recorded for employees of companies operating 2 or 3 stores. The proportions of employees earning less than \$1 were as follows: Single stores, 49 percent; 2 or 3 stores, 49 percent; 4 to 10 stores, 53 percent; and 11 or more stores, 46 percent.

Part-time employees accounted for a larger proportion of employment in single stores than in the companies operating multiple-unit stores; 37 percent of the employees in single stores worked less than

35 hours a week—compared with 30 percent in the 2- or 3-store group, 20 percent in the 4- to 10-store group, and 32 percent in the 11 or more store group.

#### Weekly Earnings

Nationwide, weekly earnings varied according to hours worked during the payroll period studied as follows: 1 to 34 hours, \$19.19; 35 to 40 hours, \$51.30; 41 to 47 hours, \$51.55; and 48 or more hours, \$62.85 (table 4). Tabulations for the North Central, South, and West indicate a progressive increase in weekly earnings for each succeeding hours group; however, this relationship does not hold for the Northeast, where employees working 35 to 40 hours averaged \$57.39 a week compared with \$55.23 for employees working 41 to 47 hours a week.

Table 1: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES: BY SEX

(Number of employees in hundreds)

	1	All	employ	ees				Men				Wo	men		
Average hourly earnings		Hou	rs work	ed in w	/eek		Hou	rs work	ed in w	eek		Hours	work	ed in v	week
(in cents)	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more
Under 50	. 95	29	16	11	38	38	16	8	2	13	56	15	8	10	25
50 and under 55 55 and under 60		70 22	11 11	15 18	37 21		35 9	1	3 5	10 4	82 52	35 12	9 11	10 14	26 16
60 and under 65	205	78	35	25	67		36	5	4	18	140	40	30	21	46
65 and under 70			18	25	30		20	2	3	7	100	39	16	22	23
70 and under 75	142	46	17	25	54	34	19	5	1	8	108	27	11	23	46
75 and under 80			45	31	53		61	9	5	14	163	59	36	28	38
80 and under 85			29	34	49		26	2	4	11	143	50	27	28	38
85 and under 90			44	31	33		19	8	6	8	126	39	35	25	26
90 and under 95		71	31	30	36		32	3	5	9	119	40	28	24	28
95 and under 100		12	15	14	12	14	3	3	3	4	40	9	11	11	8
100 and under 105	405	199	106	44	57	164	94	27	16	29		104	80	28	28
105 and under 110		13	28	13	13	15	4	5	3	2	52	9	22	10	10
110 and under 115		25	27	24	18	35	14	7	4	9	59	10	20	19	10
115 and under 120		15	15	15	9		9	3	3	5	35	7	11	13	4
120 and under 125	1	14	14	11	8	17	5	3	4	5	30	7	11	8	4
125 and under 130		41	42	15	20		27	12	7	12	63	13	31	9	8
130 and under 135		11	17	11	13	24	5	4	4	11	29	5	15	7	2
135 and under 140		11 10	19 13	10 7	11	25 16	8	7	3 2	7	25	3	12	9	4
140 and under 145		5	12	6	10	20	4 2	2 5	4	8 8	21 14	4 2	11 8	3 2	1 2
145 and wider 150	1	•		·			•	_	7	٠	1	-	Ū	-	_
150 and under 160		28	31	14	26	57	15	10	8	19	41	7	20	6	7
160 and under 170		14	21	6	22	38	8	9	4	17	25	6	12	3	3
170 and under 180		15	29	10	22		10	9	7	20	31	5	20	4	1
180 and under 190		5 2	29 6	11 5	19 14	42 22	2	11	8 4	19 13	23	1	18	3	
190 and under 200			•	,		22	1	3	4		5	1	2	2	1
200 and under 210			13	10	29	67	21	10	9	27	8	3	2		1
210 and under 220		3 9	14 12	5 7	11 16	25 40	2 8	. 9	4	9 16	7 3		5	1	
220 and under 230		3	11	3	11	25	3	11	3	10			2		
240 and under 250		í	<sup>1</sup> 6	í	10	18	í	5	í	9	2		2		1
250 and under 260	58	21	14	6	18	52	18	14	4	16	6	2		2	1
260 and under 270		ī	6	i	17	26	1	6	i	17	٠	-		-	•
270 and under 280	24	2	7	7	8	23	2	7	7	8					
280 and under 290			6	6	9	23		6	5	9	1			1	
290 and under 300	8	1	2	2	3	8	1	2	2	3					
300 and over	80	21	25	12	22	76	19	24	12	20	5	2	1		2
Number of employees (in hundreds)	3309	1134	797	521	855	1447	564	265	176	434	1859	556	525	346	410
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.20	• 99	1.31	1.18	1.25	1.54	1.10	1.76	1.66	1.61	•95	•89	1.09	•94	•85

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 1-A: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - NORTHEAST: BY SEX

(Number of employees in hundreds)

		All	employ	ees				Men				W	men		
Average hourly earnings (in cents)		Hour	rs work	ed in w	eek		Hour	s work	ed in w	eek		Hour	work	ed in w	veek
(in cents)	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to \$0	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more
Under 50	8	5	5	1		5	3	1			3	2	1	1	
50 and under 55	25	19	1	2	3	15	14				10	5	1	1	2
55 and under 60	10 36	6 17	1	3	1 4	11	1 8		2	1	25	4	1	3	2
65 and under 70	22	16	2	2	1	5	5		2	1	16	11	3	2	í
70 and under 75	16	9	2	3	2	5	3	1			11	6	,	2	2
75 and under 80	57	40	8	4	5	32	26	4	2	1	25	14	4	3	4
80 and under 85	31	14	7	5	5	13	8		2	3	18	6	7	3	2
85 and under 90	31	18	8	2	2	11	9	1	1	1	19	9	6	2	2
90 and under 95	40	25	7	5	3	19	15		2	2	20	10	7	3	1
95 and under 100	12	3	4	4	,	3		1		1	10	3	3	4	
100 and under 105	114	66	28	13	7	52	35	8	5	4	62	31	20	8	3
105 and under 110	9	1	6	1	1	2	1	1			7		5	1	
110 and under 115	26	9	7	7	2	14	6	3	2	2	12	3	4	5	1
115 and under 120	10	4	3	2	1	6	4	1	_	1	4		2	2	
120 and under 125	8	2	3	5	1	3	1		1	1	4		2	2	
125 and under 130	31	12	11	4	4	17	8	4	5	4	14	4	7	2	
130 and under 135	12	1	5	2	4	8	1	2	1	4	5	_	4	1	
135 and under 140	19 8	3	8 5	3	4	12	2	5	1	4	7	1	4	3	
145 and under 150	10	2	5	1 2	1 2	2 7		1 4	2	1 2	6 2	1	2		1
				_		١.,	_			_	<b>.</b>				-
150 and under 160	27	9 7	11	3	4	18	7	6	2	3	9	2	5	1	1
160 and under 170	21 14		10	2	4	14 11	3	7	2	4	7 3	4	3 2		
180 and under 190	18	1	6	5	6	16	2	4	5	6	1 2		2		
190 and under 200	10	•	2	2	6	10		2	ź	6	į		2		
200 and under 210	21	9	3	4	4	19	8	3	4	4	2	1	1		
210 and under 220	15	2	9	1	3	12	2	6	1	3	3		3		
220 and under 230	17	2	8	4	4	16	2	7	3	4	1				
230 and under 240	16		9	1	4	14	2	7	1	4	2		2		
240 and under 250	7	1	3	1	2	7	1	3	1	2					
250 and under 260	12	4	5	1	3	11	4	5		3	1			1	
260 and under 270	9		4		4	8		4		4	1				
270 and under 280	6		4	1	1	6		4	1	1					
280 and under 290	7	1	3		4	7		3		4	1				
290 and under 300	1 1	_				1	1				1				
300 and over	11	1	5	1	4	10	1	4	1	4	1		1		
Number of employees (in hundreds)	747	313	220	100	112	423	183	105	46	88	320	126	115	54	23
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.35	•99	1.48	1.26	1.61	1.60	1.05	1.82	1.60	1.81	1.02	• 90	1.14	•98	•89

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 1-B: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - SOUTH: BY SEX

(Number of employees in hundreds)

	ŀ	<b>A</b> 11	employ	ees				Men				Wo	men		
Average hourly earnings (in cents)		Hou	rs work				Hou	rs work					work		
(in cents)	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more
Under 50	75	19	14	10	32	30	10	7	2	12	45	10	7	9	20
50 and under 55 55 and under 60	81 45	33 10	7 8	11 11	30 15	24 11	12 5	1	2	9		21 5	6 8	9	2:
60 and under 65	100	24	19	12	45	34	12	4	í	16		11	15	11	28
65 and under 70	59	16	9	13	20	16	8	1	ī	6		9	8	12	1
70 and under 75	68	11	7	14	35	16	6	1	1	8	52	5	6	14	2
75 and under 80	87	31	17	15	23	30	18	3	1	9		13	15	15	14
80 and under 85	70 58	19 13	9 18	16 13	26 14	18 16	9	2	2	5		10	. 8	14	2
85 and under 90	36	8	6	13	13	16	-	6	2	5	_		12	10	
90 and under 95 95 and under 100	15	3	4	4	4	7	6 2	1 2	1 2	5 1	22 9	2 1	5 2	6 3	3
100 and under 105	97	32	28	12	26	47	19	9	4	16	51	13	19	8	10
105 and under 110	18	1	7	5	5	4		2	1	1		1	5	4	- 4
110 and under 115	19	1	6	5	7	6	1	1	1	4			5	4	
115 and under 120	13	4	4	3	2	6	2	1	2	1	7	2	2	2	
120 and under 125	9	1	2	2	3	5	1			2	4		2	2	
125 and under 130 130 and under 135	17 11	6 1	4	1 3	6	9 7	4	2	1	4	8	2	3 1	1	3
135 and under 140		•	2	í	3	1 4		1	i	2	l ī		•	1	
140 and under 145	5	1	2	ī	í	3	1	ī	-	ĩ			2	•	
145 and under 150	8		2	1	5	6		1	1	4	2		1		:
150 and under 160	14	3	2	3	7	10	2		2	6	4		1	1	
160 and under 170	12	2	1	1	8	10	2	_	1	7	2		1		
170 and under 180	14	3	3 2	1	6 7	11	2	2	1	6		1	1		
180 and under 190	6		2	1	4	9		1	1	4	1		1		
200 and under 210	21	4	2	4	12	19	4	2	3	11	1				
210 and under 220	5		2	í	3	4	•	ī	í	2			1		
220 and under 230	8	4			4	8	4	_	-	4	_		-		
230 and under 240	5		1	1	4	4			1	3	1				
240 and under 250	6		1		5	5		1		4	1				
250 and under 260	15	8			6	12	6			5	3	2			
260 and under 270	4 3				4	4				4	1				
270 and under 280	3 4			1	2	3				2	1				
280 and under 290	2		1	1	1	2		1	1	1					
300 and over	13	4	3	1	6	11	3	3	1	4	3	1			:
Number of employees (in hundreds)	1038	262	196	175	402	435	142	58	41	192	604	120	137	136	20
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	.98	.88	•97	•90	1.05	1.25	•96	1.23	1.25	1.33	-80	•78	•86	•80	•7

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 1-C: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - NORTH CENTRAL: BY SEX

(Number of employees in hundreds)

		All	employ					Men			ı	Wo	men		
Average hourly earnings (in cents)		Hou	rs work	ed in w	eek		Hour	rs work	ed in w	eek		Hours	work	ed in v	veek
(In cents)	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more
Under 50	11	5			6	3	3			1	8	3			5
50 and under 55	14 67	6 36 16	3 2 7 6 8	2 2 7 10 8	4 5 18 8 16	12 3 18 10 13	9 3 15 7 10	1 1 3	1 1 2	1 1	15 11 48 30 43	9 3 20 9 15	2 6 5	2 6 8 7	3 4 16 7 16
75 and under 80	67 64 67	37 21 31	16 10 16 13 5	10 11 13 14 6	23 10 15 10 5	19 11 10 12 3	13 8 6 8 1	2 1 1	2 1 1	3 2 2 2	71 56 54 56 18	29 28 15 23 5	14 10 15 12 5	8 10 11 13 4	19 8 13 8 4
100 and under 105	32 31	11 9 6	33 10 9 4 6	16 6 7 9 5	16 5 7 5 3	48 7 11 7 7	31 3 4 2 3	5 1 2 1 2	6 2 1 1 2	6 3 3 1	91 25 21 18 13	43 8 4 4 3	28 8 7 3 5	10 4 5 8 3	10 5 4 2 2
125 and under 130	16	6 4 3	13 7 6 3 2	7 5 4 4 2	4 2 2 6 2	20 7 7 8 6	11 3 4 2 2	3 1 1	3 2 1 1 1	3 2 1 5 2	19 14 9 7 4	3 3 1 1	10 7 5 2 2	5 4 3 3	1 1 1
150 and under 160	13 18 11	4 2 1	8 3 4 3 1	4 2 5 ? 2	14 5 7 4 2	20 10 12 9 4	6 3 2	2 1 1 2	2 2 3 2 2	9 4 7 4 2	15 4 5 3 2	1	6 2 3 1 1	2 1 2 1	5 1
200 and under 210	8	1 3	3 1 3	1 3 3 1	10 3 4 2 2	20 6 11 4 3	7	2 1 3	1 2 3 1	9 3 4 2 2	3 2 1	2	1	1	1
250 and under 260	8 9	1	3 1 1	4 1 5 4 1	8 6 2 2 1	18 8 8 7 2	5	3 1 1	3 1 5 3 1	7 6 2 2 1	1			1	1
300 and over	15	2	5	3	4	15	2	5	3	4					
Number of employees (in hundreds)	1067		216	190	248	399	176	47	64	108	670 •95	235	•	125	137
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.19	•95	1.18	1.27	1.28	1.60	1.05	1.72	1079	1.76	•95	•89	1.04	1.01	•87

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 1-D: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - WEST: BY SEX

(Number of employees in hundreds)

	<del></del>	Number				1000,		34			l	111			
			employ					Men			ļ		men		
Average hourly earnings (in cents)				ced in w				rs work			_		work		
	Total	1 to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more	Total	to 34	35 to 40	41 to 47	48 or more
Under 50	1										•				
50 and under 5555 and under 60				2		2			2						
60 and under 65		1		2		1	1		2		1				
65 and under 70		10			1	_	_				111	10			1
70 and under 75	2	1			1						2	1			1
75 and under 80		7	4	2	2	5	4			1	10	3	3	2	1
80 and under 85 85 and under 90		7 5	2	2	8 2	3 2	1			1	17	6	2	1	7
90 and under 95		7	5	3	10	5	3	1	1		11 21	<del>4</del> 5	2 4	2	10
95 and under 100			ž		2	í		•	•	1	3	,	ĭ	2	1
100 and under 105		26	17	3	8	17	9	5	1	3	38	17	13	2	9
105 and under 110		6	5	1	2	2		1		1	6	_	4	1	1
110 and under 115		1	4	5 1	2	1 1	3 1	1			13	3	4	5	2
120 and under 125	1	5	3	2	ī	Ź	•	1	1	1	) š	4	2	î	i
125 and under 130	31	8	14	3	6	10	4	3	2	1	22	4	11	1	5
130 and under 135		3	4	1	1 2	2	1	1			6	2	3	1	
135 and under 140	11	4	3	2	1	2 3	1		1	1	8	2	3 3	2	2
145 and under 150	6	2	3	î	ī	ĺí	•		•	•	6	ī	3	1	-
150 and under 160	22	7	10	4	1	9	4	2	2	1	13	3	8	2	
160 and under 170	) 15	1 8	7	3	5 4	1 4		1	1	2	12	1	. 6	2	2
170 and under 180	31 25	3	17 18	2	2	10 8	2	3 4	1	3 2	20	4	14 14	2	
180 and under 190		í	1	1	2	2	1	•		1	2		1	2 1	1
200 and under 210	11	2	5	1	3	9	2	3	1	3	2		1		
210 and under 220	4		2		2	3		1		1	1				
220 and under 230			1		4	5		1		4	1				
230 and under 240240 and under 250		1	1		1	3	1	1		1					
250 and under 260	111	4	6	1	1	11	3	6	1	1					
260 and under 270		1	2	•	3	6	í	ž	•	3	I				
270 and under 280		1	2	1	3	6	1	2	1	3	1				
280 and under 290			2	1	1	5 3		2 1	1	1					
300 and over	41	14	12	7	8	40	13	12	7	8	1	1			
Number of employees (in hundreds)	457	140	165	56	93	190	63	55	25	46	265	75	106	31	49
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.58	1.33	1.67	1.61	1.60	2.08	1.71	2.24	2 • 11	2 • 11	1.24	1.07	1.39	1.24	1.09

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 2: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

# DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES: BY SEX AND METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN AREA COUNTIES

(Number of employees in hundreds)

			ll emp	loyees			nunared		Me	n				÷	Won	en		
Average hourly earnings		tropolit a count	es		etropol counti	es		ropolita counti	es		etropol counti	ев		ropoli coun	ties	Nonme area	count	ies
(in cents)	Total -	Hou work in we l to 34	ed	Total	Hou work in we to 34	ted	Total	Hour works in we 1 to 34	ed	Total	Hou work in we 1 to 34	ed	Total	Hou work in w 1 to 34	ted	Total	Hour work in we l to 34	ed
Under 50	38	12	25	57	18	40	22	9	12	17	7	11	16	3	13	40	11	29
50 and under 55	65 39 110 78 82	33 13 42 37 31	30 26 69 42 49	67 31 93 54 61	35 10 35 22 13	32 22 58 30 46	30 6 37 24 25	21 4 20 18 15	8 2 18 7 8	20 12 27 7	14 6 17 3 3	7 6 10 4 6	54	12 9 22 19 16	22 24 51 35 41	47 19 66 47 52	21 4 18 19 10	25 16 48 26 40
75 and under 80	172 125 123 120 40	87 65 45 56 9	86 59 75 64 29	76 63 43 50 16	32 13 11 15 2	45 51 32 34 13	69 29 31 40 10	48 21 14 25 1	21 7 14 13 8	17 16 8 11 4	12 6 2 5	6 10 6 4 2	92 80	39 44 31 31 8	65 52 61 51 21	59 47 35 39 12	20 7 9 10	39 41 26 30 11
100 and under 105 105 and under 110 110 and under 115 115 and under 120 120 and under 125	299 49 70 42 41	150 13 21 12 12	147 36 48 31 27	105 16 24 12 6	48 3 1 1	57 16 20 8 6	127 13 26 14 16	74 4 12 6 5	52 9 14 8 10	35 9 5 1	19 2 1	17 7 2	36 44 28	76 9 9 6 7	95 27 34 23 17	70 16 15 7 5	29 1 1	40 16 13 6 5
125 and under 130	103 44 43 30 27	36 10 10 7 4	68 31 33 24 23	15 9 8 8 6	5 1	11 9 7 7 6	49 18 21 11 16	23 5 7 3 2	26 12 14 9 13	7 6 4 5 4	3	4 6 3 5 4	26 22 19	13 5 3 4 2	42 19 19 15	8 3 4 3 2	2	7 3 4 2 2
150 and under 160	78 49 58 52 20	24 11 12 3 2	54 38 45 50 19	19 12 17 11 7	3 2 2	15 10 16 10 7	30 31	18 5 8 2 1	26 21 22 30 14	13 10 14 10 7	3 2 1	10 8 13 9 7	23 28 21	4	28 17 23 20 5	6 2 3 1	1	5 2 3 1
200 and under 210	64 28 34 23 15	21 7 2 1	41 26 26 20 13		3 1	9 4 7 3 2	22	18 2 7 2 1	38 20 25 17 12	3	3	8 7 3 2	6 2 3		3 6 1 3 1	1		1
250 and under 260 260 and under 270 270 and under 280 280 and under 290 290 and under 300	46 21 19 18 6	16 2 1	29 20 18 18 5		6	7 5 5 4 2	42 21 19 17 6	16 2 1	26 20 18 17 5	6 5 4	1	7 5 5 4 2	1		1	2	2	
300 and over	63	19	44	18	1	16	59	17	42	17	1	15	4	2	2	1		1
Number of employees (in hundreds)Average hourly earnings (dollars)	2334 1•27	828 1•04	1488 1•33	963 1•05	284 •85	672 1•08	1087 1•58	437 1•14	638 1•71	350 1•44	119 •97		1247		850 1•03	613 •82	165 •77	443 •83

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 2-A: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - NORTHEAST: BY SEX AND METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN AREA COUNTIES

(Number of employees in hundreds)

				mber of		, , , , ,			м	en					Wor	nen		
Average hourly earnings	Me	tropoli	an ies		etropol counti			tropolit a count	ies		netropo a count	ies		ropoli a coun	ties	Nonm	etropo	
Average nourly earnings (in cents)	Total	Hou worl in w 1 to 34	rs ted	Total	Hou work in we l	ed	Total	Hou work in we l to 34	ed	Total	Hou work in w l to 34	ked	Total	How work in w 1 to 34	red	Total	Hou work in we l to	rs ted
Under 50	7	5	2	1		1	5	3	1				2	2	1	1		1
50 and under 55		14 5 12 16 8	3 14 3 4	7 2 10 2 3	5 1 5	3: 1: 5: 2: 2:	12 1 9 5	11 1 6 5 3	3	3 1 2	3 1 2	1	6 7 17 15 8	3 4 6 11 5	3 11 3 3	2	2 3 1	2 1 5 2 2
75 and under 80	18 27	34 10 16 20 3	14 8 10 12 6	9 13 3 8 3	6 5 1 4	9 2 3 3	29 5 10 17 2	23 4 7 12	6 1 2 4 2	3 6 1 3	3 4 1 2	1 4	19 13 17 15 7	11 6 9 8 3	8 7 8 8 4	2 5	3 1 2	3 5 2 3 3
100 and under 105	97 8 23 9 7	58 1 9 4 1	39 7 14 6 6	16 1 3	8	8 1 3	45 2 13 5 3	30 1 6 4 1	15 1 7 2 2		4	1	52 6 10 4 4	28	24 6 7 4	10 1 2	4	6 1 2
125 and under 130	30 13 17 8 9	12 1 3 1	18 10 14 6 9			3	17 8 10 2 7	8 1 2	9 6 8 2 7	2		2	13 5 7 6 2	1 1	9 4 6 4 2	1		1
150 and under 160	20	9 7 2	15 13 10 16 9	1 2		3 1 2 1 2	16 13 9 14 8	7 3 2	9 10 8 14 8	2		2 1 2 1 2	8 7 2 2 1		6 3 2 2 1	1		1
200 and under 210	20 15 16 15 6	9 2 2 2 1	11 13 14 12 5			1	18 12 15 13 6	8 2 2 2 1	10 10 13 10 5	1 1		1	2 3 1 2		1 3 1 2			
250 and under 260	8	1	8 6 7				11 8 6 7 1	1	7 8 6 7				1		1			
300 and over	8	1	7	3		3	8	1	7	2		2				,		1
Number of employees (in hundreds)	641	.273	362.	100	36	65	377	161	211	43	20	23	_	112		1	16	42
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.39	1.01	1.52	1.12	•83	1.20	1.62	1.08	1•79	1.43	• 84	1.63	1.05	•91	1+10	•90	•61	•92

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 2-B: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - SOUTH: BY SEX AND METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN AREA COUNTIES

(Number of employees in hundreds)

		1	All emp	loyees					М	en					Won	nen		
		tropolit a count			counti			tropolit a counti			etropo			ropoli		Nonm	etropo	
Average hourly earnings (in cents)	Total	Hou work in w	rs ted	Total	Hou work in we l to 34	rs ed	Total	Hour work in we 1 to 34	rs ed	Total	Hou work in work to 34	rs ted	Total	Hou work in w	rs ked	Total	Hou work in we l to	rs ked eek 35 or
Under 50	26	5	20	49	14	36	16	5	11	14	5	10	10		9	35	9	26
50 and under 55	35 23 49 36 34	11 4 12 10 8	23 19 38 26 25	46 21 51 23 34	21 6 12 6 3	25 15 39 16 31	9 3 17 10 9	3 1 5 6 4	6 2 13 4 4	15 8 17 6 7	9 4 8 2 2	6 4 9 4 6	26 20 32 26 25	8 3 7 4 4	17 17 25 22 21	31 13 34 17 27	12 2 4 4	
75 and under 80	58 43 43 25 10	24 16 11 6	34 26 31 19 8	28 27 16 11 6	7 2 2 2 2	21 25 14 9 4	24 12 11 9 4	14 8 2 4	10 4 8 4 3	6 6 5 5 3	4 1 2 2	2 5 3 1	34 31 32 16 6	10 8 9 2	24 22 23 15	22 21 11 6 3	3 1 2	
100 and under 105	63 12 12 11 7	20 1 1 2 1	42 11 11 9 5	34 6 7 2 2	11	23 6 6	32 4 4 4 4	15 1 1	16 4 3 4 2	15 2 2 1	3	12 2 1	31 8 8 7 3	5 1 2	26 7 8 5 3	19 6 5	8	11 6 4
125 and under 130	13 5 4 4	1	9 4 4 4	4 6 1 2 4	2	2 6 1 2 4	7 2 3 2 3	2	5 2 3 2 3	2 5 1 1 3	1	1 5 1 1 3	6 3 1 2	2	4 2 1 2 1	2 1 1	1	1 1 1
150 and under 160	8 6 8 6 2	1 2	7 5 6 6 2	6 6 4 4	1	5 5 6 4 4	6 5 6 5 2	1	5 4 5 5 2	4 5 5 4 4	1	3 4 5 4	2 1 2 1	1	2 1 1 1	2 1 1		2 1 1
200 and under 210	15 4 5 4 4	3	11 4 3 4	7 1 3 1 2	1	6 1 1 1 2	14 3 5 3 3	3	11 3 3 3 3	6 1 3 1 2	1	5 1 1 1 2	1 1 1		1 1 1	1		1
250 and under 260	11 2 2 1 1	5	5 2 2 1 1	5 2 1 2 1	4	1 2 1 2 1	10 2 2 1 1	5	5 2 2 1	3 2 1 2 1	2	1 2 1 2	1			2	2	
300 and over	8	3	5	6	1	5	5	2	3	6	1	5	3	1	2			
Number of employees (in hundreds)Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.02	154 •93	440 1.03	437 •94	100 •79	334 • 95	262	87 1•01	171	174	51 •87	123	342 •85	67 •83	269 •85	263 •73	49 •70	211

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 2-C: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

# DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - NORTH CENTRAL: BY SEX AND METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN AREA COUNTIES

(Number of employees in hundreds)

	All employees								M	en			Women						
		tropolit			etropol			tropolit			etropo			ropol		Nonm			
Average hourly earnings	are	a count		area	counti Hou		ате	a count		area	Hou		area	Hou		area	Count Hou		
(in cents)	Total	work in w	35 or	Total	work in we l to	35 or	Total	work in we l to	ek 35 or	Total	work in we l to	35 or	Total	worl in w l to	eek 35 or	Total	work in we l to	ked	
Under 50	5	<b>34</b> 2	more 3	7	<u>34</u>	more 3	1	34   1	more	3	34   2	more 1	4	34 1	more 3	4	34 2	more 2	
50 and under 55	12	8	4	14	۵	٨	٥	7	2	2	2		_	1	2	12	7		
55 and under 60	12	4	- 4	6	3	4	9	7	-	<u>ו</u>	į	_	3 6	1 2 9	4	12	7 2	4	
60 and under 65		17	17	32 19	18	14	10	8 7	2	8	7	1	24		15	24	11 5		
65 and under 70		11	12		6	12			٥	_	1		12	4	9	18	-	12	
70 and under 75	34	15	19	23	9	12	11	8	31	2	1		23	7	16	21	8	12	
75 and under 80		25	35	31	16	15	13	8	5	6	4	2		17	30	25	12		
80 and under 85		33	20	14	4	10	10	8	2	1	1		43	25	18	13	3		
85 and under 90		17	31	16	4 8	12	. 9	5	4	1	1		39	12	27	15	3		
90 and under 95 95 and under 100		24 6	23 12	21 4	٥	13 4	10 3	7 1	3 2	2	1		37 15	17 5	20 10	19 4	7	13 4	
	1	54	50	35	21	14	36	22	14	11	10	2	68	32	36	24	11	12	
100 and under 105		11	15	5	21	5	6	3	3		10	-	20	8	12	5		- 5	
110 and under 115		7	15	9	1	s s	6	3	3	5	1	4	17	4	12	4		4	
115 and under 120		6	12	8		6	4	2	2	3		2	13	4	10	5		4	
120 and under 125		6	11	2		2	7	3	4				11	3	7	2		2	
125 and under 130	34	13	21	5	1	4	17	10	7	3	1	2	17	3	14	2		2	
130 and under 135	1	-6	13	] 2	-	ź	- 6	3	3	1	-	1	13	3	10	1		ī	
135 and under 140		3	11	2	1	1	6	3	3	1	1		8		8	1		ī	
140 and under 145		2	9	4		4	5	1	4	3		3	6	1	5	1		1	
145 and under 150	8	3	6	1		1	5	2	3	1		1	3	1	3	l			
150 and under 160	30	8	22	4	1	3	16	6	10	4	1	3		2	12				
160 and under 170		3	8	3	1	2	6	2	5	3	1	2		1	3	İ			
170 and under 180		2	9	6		6	7	2	5	5		5	5		4	1		1	
180 and under 190		1	7 5	3		3	5		5	3		3	2 2	1	2				
170 and under 200	1		,	<u> </u>		-	,		ر	•		•	ĺ		-				
200 and under 210		8	13	2	1	1	18	6	12	2	1	1	3	2	1				
210 and under 220		_	6	2		2	5	_	5	1		1	1		1	1		1	
220 and under 230		2	7	2		2	9	2	7	2		2	1						
230 and under 240240 and under 250			2				2		2				1		1	l			
250 - 1 1 :: 2/0	18	5	13	2		,	16	5	11	2		,	2		9	i			
250 and under 260		,	6	2		5	6	יכ	6	2		2	٠ '		_				
270 and under 280		1	6	2		2	7	1	6	2		2	l			l			
280 and under 290		_	7	1		i	.6 2	_	6	1		ī	1		1	ĺ			
290 and under 300	2		2						2				l						
300 and over	11	2	9	4		4	11	2	9	4		4							
Number of employees (in hundreds)	771	305	468	294	108	181	307	140	169	87	37	48	464	165	299	207	71	1,33	
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.24	1.01	1.30	1.05	•81	1.12	1.61	1.08	1.77	1.57	491	1.75	1.00	495	1.02	.83	•76	.85	

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 2-D: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - WEST: BY SEX AND METROPOLITAN AND NONMETROPOLITAN AREA COUNTIES

(Number of employees in hundreds)

			All emp	loyees					М	en					Wor	nen		
		tropolit			etropol counti			ropolita counti			etropo			ropol			etropo	
Average hourly earnings (in cents)	Total	Hou work in work to 34	rs ced	Total	Hou work in we l to 34	rs	Total -	Hour works in we 1 to 34	ed ed	Total	Hou work in work look to 34	ced	Total	Hou work in w 1 to	rs ked	Total	Hour works in we 1 to	rs ed
Under 50							<del></del>					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
50 and under 55	1 1 1	1	1	2 10 1	10	2	1	1		2		2	1 1		1	10	10	1
75 and under 80	7 11 5 16 3	4 6 1 6	3 5 3 10 3	8 9 8 10 3	3 2 4 1	5 7 4 9 2	3 2 1 4 1	3 1 2	2	2 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1	4 9 4 12 2	1 5 1 4	3 5 3 8 2	6 8 7 9 2	2 2 4 1	6 3 8 1
100 and under 105	35 3 12 5 9	18 4 4	16 3 8 4 5	20 4 5 2 2	8 2 1	12 4 3 2 2	14 1 3 1 2	7	7 1 1 2	3	1	1	21 2 9 4 7	11 2 4	2	17 4 4 2 2	6 1 1	11 4 3 2 2
125 and under 130	26 7 8 7 6	7 3 4 3 1	20 4 4 5 4	5 1 2 2 1	2	4 1 2 1 1	8 2 2 2 1	3 1 2 1	5 1 1	1	1	1	18 5 6 5	4 2 2 2 1	4		1	3 1 2
150 and under 160	16 13 27 23 4	6 1 6 3 1	10 12 20 21 3	6 2 3 2	1 2	4 2 2 2	6 2 8 7 2	4 3. 2 1	2 2 4 6	3 1 2 1	1	2 1 1 1	11 19	2 1 3 1	10 16	1	1	2 1 1 1
200 and under 210	8 3 1 2	1	6 3 2 1 2	2 1 3 1	1	2 1 3 1	6 2 3 1 2	1	5 2 2 1 2	2 1 3 1	1	2 1 3 1	2		1			
250 and under 260	5 5 4 3 2	2	3 4 4 3 2	6 2 2 1 1	2 1	4 1 2 1 1	5 4 3 2	1	3 4 4 3 2	6 2 2 1 1	1	4 1 2 1 1						
300 and over	36	13	23	5		4	35	12	23	5		4	1	1				
Number of employees (in hundreds)  Average hourly earnings (dollars)	318 1•68	96 1•43	218 1•73	132 1•37	40 1•11	92 1•42	141 2•13	49 1•69	87 2•24	46 1•95	11 1•76	35 1•98	1 .		131 1•37	1	29 •88	57. 1•08

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 3: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

# DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES, AND REGIONS: BY SIZE OF COMMUNITY AND NUMBER OF STORES OPERATED

(Number of employees in hundreds)

									<u></u>	loyees		United	States						-				• • • •	
		Metro	politan	area co	unties		1	lonmet	ropolita	n area	countie		Sin	gle stor	•	Two or	three a	tores	Four	to ten s	tores	Eleven o	rmore	stores
Average hourly earnings	Cen	tral cit	ies	Comm	unities entral					Commu				Hou			Hou			Hou			Ho	
(in cents)		Hours	worked reek			worked		Hours			Hours v	vorked	Total	worl		Total	work in we		Total	work in w		Total	wor in w	
	Total	l to	35 or	Total	i	35 or	Total	1 to	35 or	Total	I to	35 or		l to	35 or		1 to	35 or	100	i to	35 or	1000	1 to	35 or
		34	more	1	34	more		34	more		34	more		34	more	<u>.</u>	34	more		34	more		34	more
Under 50	. 32	9	23	6	4	2	51	12	38	6	4	1	64	25	38	16	3	13	14	1	13			
50 and under 60 60 and under 70	83 146	33 54	48 93	21 43	12 25	9 18	75 91	31 28	45 62	24 55	15 29 7	10 25	139 205	66 83	73 123	23 38	7 13	15 25	12 18	3 5	9 13	31 72	15 35	16 38
70 and under 80 80 and under 90	200 176	85 74	114 101	56 71	34 36	22 35	103 84	40 16	64 67	35 24	7	27 18	243 194	112 77	131 117	44 38	14 17	29 20	28 23	11 4	17 18	77 99	31 36	47 64
90 and under 100	111	42	70	47	23	24	44	15	31	20	4	16	123	48	76	21	10	10	10	2	8	68	22	46
100 and under 110	241 77	107 22	134 56	109 37	58 13	50 23	91 27	35 4	57 22	31 8	13	17	311 67	145 17	164 52	44 16	22 5	23 12	24 9	7	17 8	92 55	39 17	53 36
120 and under 130	101	35 17	66 44	42 26	14	28 2 <b>2</b>	17 16	5	13 14	5 2	1	4 2	101 54	38 11	63 43	21	4	16 6	7 8	1	5 7	38 34	10	27 27
140 and under 150	37	10	29	20	3	16	10	1	9	3	1	2	32	6	27	7	1	5	6	•	5	27	7	21
150 and under 170 170 and under 190	87 74	25 13	62 64	42 36	12	29 31	23 20	4	19 18	8 9	1	6	92 68	32 9	60 59	19 14	2	18 11	9	1	8 8	37 49	5 7	32 43
190 and under 210	55 44	19	37 35	28 18	5 2	23 16	17 12	2	13	3 2		2	69 43	21 9	48 33	10 12	2	8 11	8		7	14 13	ż	13
230 and under 250	29	?	27	1,9	1	8	16		6	2		2	22	3	18	-6	•	6	3		3	17		13 16
250 and over	111	26	84	59	12	47	37	5	31	12	4	8	154	41	114	28	2	26	6		6	31	4	27
Number of employees (in hundreds)	1664	582	1087	670	261	403	724	505	518	249	86	157	1981	743	1239	366	107	254	197	37	156	754	239	519
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	.1.23	1.04	1.28	1.38	1.03	1.48	1.06	.88	1.09	1.02	• 80	1.08	1.20	.1.01	1.25	1.23	•97	1.28	1.12	•87	1+14	1.21	•98	1.26
i												Nort	heast											
Under 50	2	1	1	5	4	1		,					5	4	1	2	1	1						
50 and under 60	14	10 13	. 3	12 22	9	3 7		đ			ė		19	13	6	5	3	2				11	9	2
60 and under 70	24 32	13 23 10	11	29	15 20	9		itatio		1	tatio		22 40	15 31	7 8	7 13	4 7	3 5	7	1 5	2	27 14	13 6	14 8
80 and under 90 90 and under 100	18 17	10 9	7 9	27	16 14	11 10		7880 II			768.0E		38 35	21 20	17 15	10 6	5 3	4		1	2 1	11 9	5 4	6 5
100 and under 110	50	30	19	56	29	27		1			į.		93	53	39	14	9	5		2	2	12	3	9
110 and under 120 120 and under 130	17 20	8 8	9 12	16 17	5 5	11 12		X BILL			Walt		19 27	6 11	14 16	4	2 1	2 2	2	1	1	11 7	5 1	5 5
130 and under 140	18 8	3 1	15 8	11 9	1	10 7		5			.2		20 8	4	16 8	3		2 1	2		1	7 8	2	7 6
150 and under 170	28	10	18	16	6	9		nt da			je H		33	14	19	2	1	2	3	1	2	,	1	8
170 and under 190	15 15	1 5	14 10	13 13	.5	11 9		ficie			ficie		21 21	2	20 13	2	1	1	2		2	6 3	-	6
210 and under 230	20 15	3 2	17 13	11	1	10 5		linsuff			linsul		21 11	3	18	2 3	•	2	2		2	5		5
250 and over	21	4	16	21	2	19		_			_		35	6	29	3		3	2		2	6		6
							7.			ľ						1.								
Number of employees (in hundreds)	334	141	191	308	135	171	72	25	46				468	214	254	83	37	.44	37.		22	1	49	104
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.43	1.06	1.55	1.34	•95	1+48	1.07	•78	1.15				1.40	1.05	1.53	1.21	•90	1.33	1.44	1.01	1.53	1.25	•81	1+35

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 3: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES AND REGIONS: BY SIZE OF COMMUNITY AND NUMBER OF STORES OPERATED - Continued

(Number of employees in hundreds)

										loyees 1		Sou	th			<del></del>	<del></del>							
		Metrop	politan	area co	unties		N	onmetr	opolita	n area	countie		Sing	le ator	•	Two or	three	stores	Four	to ten si	ores	Eleven	ormore	stores
Average hourly earnings (in cents)		tral cit		than c	entral o	ities		e popu	lation	than 5,	000 pop	ulation		Hot			Hou			Hou work				urs ked
(a. 00200)		Hours v	eek	1	Hours v	eek	L	Hours v	worked eek 35	Į.	Hours v	eek	Total	in w	cek	Total	in w	eek	Total	in we	ek	Total	in v	veek
	Total	1 to 34	or more	Total	1 to 34	35 or more	Total	to 34	or more	Total	1 to 34	35 or more		to 34	35 or more		to 34	35 or more		1 to 34	35 or more		1 to 34	35 or more
Under 50	25	6	19				45	10	34	<del>-</del>			48	16	31	14	2	12						
50 and under 60	52 71 81 62 31	15 17 29 18 6	37 55 51 44 25		resentation.		55 54 47 36 12	18 11 8 3	38 43 39 33 10		esentation.		86 109 103 80 27	35 31 31 21 6	51 79 72 59 21	16 19 15 12 4	3 2 1 5	12 17 14 7 3		escatation.		17 19 24 27 16	3 5 7 6 2	13 15 18 21 14
100 and under 110	61 18 19 9 7	14 1 5 1	47 17 14 8		its to warrant p	:	30 5 5 5 5	7	23 4 4 5		ta to warrant pr		74 14 12 9	19 3 4	55 11 8 9 5	5 3 1 2	1	4 3 3 1 2		ts to warrant pr		28 12 8 5	11 2 2 1 1	17 10 6 4 4
150 and under 170	11 12 14 7 7	2 3 3 2	9 10 11 5 7		Insufficient de		9 8 9 4 2	1 2	8 8 2 2		Jasufficient da		13 16 20 7 5	3 2 3 4	10 13 17 3 5	4 2 2 2 1		4 2 1 2 1		Insufficient da		7 3 2 3 4	1 1 1	6 3 2 3 3
250 and over	19	7	13				13	1	12				30	11	19	5		5				4	1	3
Number of employees (in hundreds)	506	130	379				344	67	278	92	34	57	658	189	4 <b>6</b> 8	110	15	93	85	11	74	184	44	142
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.02	•91	1.03				•94	•76	• 95	•94	• 84	• 96	• 98	.88	•99	•94	•76	•96	•95	• 7.6	e.96	.1.05	•96	1.06
												North	Central			<u> </u>			-			<del></del>		
Under 50	. 5	2	3				5	2	3				11	5	6								-	
50 and under 60	17 49 81 82 51	8 23 30 40 23	8 26 51 42 28	3 7 13 19 14	3 5 10 9 6	2 3 10 8	11 28 41 27 19	7 13 23 8 8	15 18 19 12		esentati on,		32 63 89 57 48	18 27 44 29 20	14 36 45 28 28		escatation.		4 6 8 8 3	2 2 2 3	2 4 6 5 3	3 26 38 59 31	3 17 17 24 12	1 9 21 36 19
100 and under 110	106 31 40 23 15	53 11 16 9 5	53 21 24 15	25 8 11 9 5	12 2 3 1	12 6 8 8	33 14 5 5	18 2 1 1	15 12 4 3		ta to warrant pr		103 20 34 15 11	52 4 14 4 2	51 17 20 11 10		da to warrant pr		9 4 2 3 2	2 1 1	7 3 1 3 1	47 29 18 17 10	24 9 5 6 3	23 19 13 12 8
150 and under 170	30 14 19 14 4	8 2 9 3	22 13 11 11 4	11 4 7 2 2	3	7 4 6 2 2	5 5 3 3	2	3 4 1 3		Insufficient da		27 14 21 12 3	9 2 8 2	18 12 13 9		lasufficient da		2 2 1 1 1		2 2 1 1 1	12 7 5 3 2	2 1 1	10 6 4 3 2
250 and over	39	7	32	11	1	10	11	1	10				44	8	36				1		1	9	1	8
Number of employees (in hundreds)	620	249	374	151	55	93	219	88	130	78	24	53	604	248	357	87	33	55	57	13	43	316	125	194
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	1.21	1.01	1.26	1.36	•97	1 • 47	1.09	∙85	1.16	•97	• 64	1.03	1.19	•95	1.26	1.36	•92	1.47	1.11	.85	1.15	1.13	•97	1.18

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 3: Distribution of nonsupervisory employees by straight-time average hourly earnings and hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES AND REGIONS: BY SIZE OF COMMUNITY AND NUMBER OF STORES OPERATED - Continued

(Number of employees in hundreds)

	<del></del>						(1)	umber	of emp	oyees	in hund	reas)												
												We	st											
		Metro	politan	area co	unties		1	lonmet:	ropolita	n area	countie	:8	Sin	gle sto	ге	Two o	r three	stores	Four	to ten	stores	Eleven	or mor	estores
Average hourly earnings (in cents)		tral cit	ies worked	than c	unities entral Hours	cities	or mo	ге рори		than 5	,000 pop	of less ulation worked		WOI	urs ked		Hower	ked		wo	urs ked		WOI	urs ked
	l I	in w	veek		in v	veek		in v	veek	l	in v	veek	Total	ın v	veek	Total	in v	reek	Total	in	veek	Total	in v	veek
	Total	to 34	35 or more	Total	to 34	35 or more	Total	to 34	or more	Total	to 34	or more		to 34	35 or more		to 34	35 or more		to 34	35 or more		1 to 34	35 or more
Under 50																								
50 and under 60	2	1 3 6 4	1 3 8 8	2 2 6	1 1 2	1 1 3	5 8 7	4 2 2	2 5 5		tation.		2 11 11 19 13	10 6 6 2	2 1 6 13 12	1 4 9 4	1 2 5 1	2 4 2		Itation,		1 2 12	1 1 4	1 8
100 and under 110		10 2 6 4 3	15 9 16 6 4	14 7 13 5	9 3 5 2 2	5 3 8 3 4	20 6 6 4 2	5 2 2	16 4 4 4		waitani presen	;	41 14 28 10 8	21 4 9 3 4	19 10 19 7 4	13 6 10 3 3	3 2 2 1	10 5 7 2 2		warrant prese		5 3 5 5 4	1 1 2 2 1	4 2 3. 4 3
150 and under 170	7	5 7 2 1	13 27 5 2	12 17 5 3	2 2	10 15 5 3	6 5 3 4 2	1	5 4 2 3 2		ficient data to		19 17 7 3 3	. 6 3 2	13 14 5 3 2		3	7 3 2 4		fficient data to		9 33 4 2 2	1 5	8 28 4 2 2
250 and over	32	8	23	23	8	15	11	3	7		Insuf		45	16	30	13	2	11	İ	nen		12	2	10
Number of employees (in hundreds)	204	62	143	114	37	76	89	22	64				251	92	160	86	22	62				99	21	79
Average hourly earnings (dollars)	,1•62	1.41	1.66	1.79	1.47	1.86	1.48	1.34	1.50				1.54	1.30	1.00	1.56	1.33	1,60				1.73	1.48	1.477

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

Absence of a column entry indicates less than 50 employees.

Table 4: Number and straight-time average weekly earnings of nonsupervisory employees by hours worked in week, October 1956

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES - UNITED STATES AND REGIONS

(Number of employees in hundreds)

Y	United	States	No	heast	So	nth.	North (	Central	We	et
	Number				Number		Number	Average	Number	
Item	of employees	Average weekly earnings	Number of employees	Average weekly earnings	of employees	Average weekly earnings	of employees	weekly earnings	of employees	Average weekly earnings
All employees:	Ī						<b>1</b>		ĺ	
l to 34 hours	1134	\$19.19	313	\$19.10	262	\$17.32	419	\$17.76	140	\$27.19
35 to 40 hours	797	51.30	220	57.39	196	38.05	216	45.94	165	65.97
41 to 47 hours	521	51.55	100	55.23	175	39.59	190	55.40	56	69.96
48 or more hours	855	62.85	112	81.54	402	53.05	248	64.40	93	78.98
Men:									/	,
1 to 34 hours	564	20.28	183	19.58	142	18,77	176	18.15	63	31.76
35 to 40 hours	265	69.28	105	71.95	58	48.31	47	66.86	55	88.41
41 to 47 hours	176	73.06	46	70.31	41	55.03	64	79.23	25	91.77
48 or more hours	434	82.88	88	92.26	192	68.81	108	91.53	46	104.62
Women:				,				,	] "	
1 to 34 hours	556	18.09	126	18.40	120	15.63	235	17.46	75	23.42
35 to 40 hours	525	42.32	115	43.89	137	33.74	167	40.15	106	54.77
41 to 47 hours	346	41.11	54	42.81	136	35.21	125	43.59	31	53.86
48 or more hours	410	41.68	23	43.28	205	38.07	137	42.72	45	53.77
Community size:							ļ			
Metropolitan area counties: Total -	İ		ļ							
1 to 34 hours	828	20.17	273	19.46	154	19.02	305	10.72	٠,	20.50
35 or more hours	1488	58.74	362	64.96	440	47.51	468	18.73 57.59	96 218	28.59
Central cities -	1400	30.74	302	04. 70	440	41.51	400	51.59	218	73.45
1 to 34 hours	582	20.26	141	20.83	130	18.85	249	18.70	62	20.20
35 or more hours	1087	56.51	191	66.50						28.38
Communities other than central cities -	1007	50.51	191	00.50	379	47.31	374	55.52	143	69.90
1 to 34 hours	261	19.96	135	18.02			55	10.0/		20.00
35 or more hours	403	64.76	171	63.24	*	*	93	18.86 65.81	37 76	28.92 80.19
Nonmetropolitan area counties: Total -	}									
1 to 34 hours	284	16.40	36	16,42	100	14.63	108	15.15	40	23.96
35 or more hours	672	49.67	65	53.04	334	44.42	181	50.93	92	63.60
Communities of 5,000 or more population -	1						1		· ·	
1 to 34 hours	202	17.04	25	15.91	67	14.39	88	16.11	22	29.56
35 or more hours	518	49.67	46	51.34	278	44.24	130	52.15	64	66.47
Communities of less than 5,000 population -	1		]		1		1		İ	
1 to 34 hours	86 157	14.98 49.67	*	*	34 57	15.07 45.27	24 53	11.83	*	*
	1	47.01		•	3'	45.41	33	47. 92	, ·	*
Number of stores operated by company:			ĺ		1					
Single store:	7.43	10.10	1				1		1	
1 to 34 hours	743	19.13	214	19.69	189	16.87	248	17.75	92	26.23
35 or more hours	1239	56.39	254	66.66	468	45.67	357	56.99	160	70.11
Two or three stores:	107	20.52	3.5	10 (=	٠		1			
1 to 34 hours	1	20.53	37	18.65	15	18.27	33	18.37	22	28.00
35 or more hours	254	59.32	44	59.96	93	46.70	55	68.79	62	69.06
Four to ten stores:	1 22	17 42	1 ,,	10.20	1		1		i .	
1 to 34 hours	37	17.43	12	18.29	11	15.63	13	18.01	*	*
35 or more hours	156	52.01	22	67.39	74	45.53	43	50.30	*	*
Eleven or more stores:	1 220	10.04	1 40	1= 10	1		1		1	
1 to 34 hours	239	19.04	49	17.13	44	19.47	125	17.58	21	30.47
35 or more hours	519	54.24	104	54.94	142	47.80	194	50.86	79	73.62
			I		J		· I		L	

NOTE: For definitions of terms used in this table, see Appendix.

\* Insufficient data to warrant presentation.

### Appendix: Scope and Method of Survey

The October 1956 survey of employee earnings in all retail trade establishments (except eating and drinking places) conducted by the U. S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics was designed to provide separate information for major retail industry groups as well as for selected specific lines of business.

#### Industry Classification

This bulletin relates to Drug Stores and Proprietary Stores (group 591) as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1949 edition, prepared by the Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The drug store and proprietary store group includes retail establishments primarily engaged in selling any combination of such lines of merchandise as prescription drugs, cosmetics, toiletries, patent medicines, tobacco, novelty merchandise; such establishments may or may not operate a lunch and/or soda fountain in conjunction with these retail activities.

#### Sampling and Collection Procedure

The retail trade survey was conducted on a sample basis. Data were obtained from about 28,000 stores and auxiliary units, selected in accordance with line of business, location, and employment size. The sample design was such as to permit the publication of data for each of the major kind of business groups in retail trade (except eating and drinking places), but for only a few of the specific lines of business. The sample for the drug store and proprietary store group included 1,557 establishments.

The sample used in the retail trade study as a whole was selected from three different sources:

l. <u>Large multiunit companies</u>.—Current lists of stores and auxiliary units (such as warehouses and offices) were provided by 110 chains with the largest employment (chains operating a small number of large urban stores were not included in this group). Units in each of these lists were stratified by location and employment size. A systematic sample was then selected in accordance with a set of sampling ratios that varied by line of business.

In a few cases, company records for individual employees were available ingroupings broader than store units; in these instances, a systematic sample of employees in all units was selected.

The 110 chains in this class were visited by Bureau representatives who explained the nature of the sample and the information needed. Actual compilation of the data was done by the company in the bulk of the cases. About 8,000 units were selected from these large companies.

2. State Unemployment Compensation Insurance listings. —The most currently available listings of the State Unemployment Insurance (U.I.) agencies provided the basis for selecting the largest number of sample units.

After units belonging to the large chains referred to above and establishments with fewer than eight employees (see item 3) were excluded, a sample of reporting units was selected in a systematic fashion from lists arranged by State and line of business. The sampling ratios varied by line of business and region and increased with employment size—all units of 500 or more employees were included.

All units thus selected and having 1,000 or more employees were visited by trained representatives of the Bureau. About 1,800 units were included in this part of the sample. The bulk of the respondents in this group were large urban department stores which were not considered as chains in the sampling design, even where a number of store units were under common ownership.

The remainder of the units selected from unemployment compensation lists were included in a mail canvass. A sample of those not replying to two mail requests was visited by Bureau representatives. Altogether, about 13,000 stores were covered in this group.

3. Single-unit stores with fewer than eight employees.—Data for single-unit stores with fewer than eight employees were collected by the Bureau of the Census in its monthly survey of retail trade. Two monthly samples of such stores were used, totaling about 5,000 stores.

#### Estimating Procedure

Data for each sampling unit collected, whether store, group of stores, or individual employee, were weighted in accordance with the probability of selecting that unit. For instance, where I store out of 10 was selected from a chain, all data from that store were considered as representing itself and 9 other stores. Thus, each segment was given its appropriate weight in the total, despite the inclusion of all large stores and only a small proportion of small stores.

All estimated totals derived from this weighting process were further adjusted to the employment levels for October 1956, as given in the Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly employment series after excluding eating and drinking places (6.7 million). The totals published in this survey differ from those in the monthly series since the latter include total instead of nonsupervisory employment. In order to derive these employment levels for the detailed line of business-regional groups presented in this report, the totals in the Bureau<sup>2</sup>s employment series were broken down on the basis of the line of business-regional employment totals found in the 1954 Census of Business. For fluid milk pasteurizing and home delivery (included in this study but not in the Census of Business), data from the 1954 Census of Manufactures were used.

With very few exceptions, the adjustment of the survey totals to the predesignated totals was confined to that part of the survey which was collected by mail, or by personal visit to the nonrespondents thereto. Obviously, lists available from the U.I. omitted units opened after the effective date of the lists. Adjustment to predesignated totals was necessary to keep this sector from being underrepresented in the total. In the case of the census sample, the large store sample, and the chain store sample, the best unbiased estimates of totals were presumed to be the weighted-up sample totals, there being no problem of unrepresented business births in these groups.

#### Problems of Nonresponse

In that part of the survey conducted by mail canvass, estimates for the nonrespondent population were made from the field followup of a sample of the nonrespondents. In the estimating procedure this sample, therefore, carried larger weights than those received by mail. The response rate to the mail questionnaire portion of the survey was about 53 percent. About 30 percent of the remainder were followed up by personal visit, the ratio varying by kind of business. Analysis of the results showed that within each kind of business-regional class, the schedules obtained by personal visit averaged slightly less in earnings than those replying by mail.

In the part of the survey made by mail or personal visit to the nonrespondents thereto, the weight of unusable schedules and of refusals was imputed to the whole of this subuniverse. This was carried out in the process of adjusting to the predetermined totals for the regional kind of business groups.

In that part of the survey where collection was done by the Bureau of the Census representatives, less than 5 percent of the stores within scope of the survey failed to provide usable data. To compensate for the loss of these schedules, their weight was assigned to usable schedules in the same kind of business in the same or related areas.

The problems of response and unusable data were almost non-existent in the large store and large chain samples.

#### Criteria for Publication of Estimates

Since the survey was done on a sample basis, the results of this survey differ from those that would have been obtained by a complete canvass of all retail activities. These differences may be substantial in those instances where the sample was small; it has not been possible, therefore, to present distributions and averages for all cases.

- The following general criteria have been followed:
- 1. No distributions are shown for groupings of less than 50 stores; except department stores where the sample covered most of the large stores in the universe.
- 2. No data of any kind are shown for situations with less than 30 stores.
- 3. No published segment, regardless of number of stores involved, contains data from fewer than 10 distinct employers.

#### Definition of Terms

Establishment.—Data were reported for individual establishments rather than for companies. An establishment is generally defined as a single physical location where business is conducted. Where two or more activities were carried on at a single establishment, the entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity (in terms of sales); all data for such an establishment were included in that classification. Thus, earnings data for cafeteria employees of department stores and lunch-counter employees of drug stores were included, whereas employees of establishments classified as primarily eating places were excluded.

When two or more activities were carried on at a single location by separate business entities, each entity was treated as an establishment. Thus, a leased department in a department or clothing store was treated as a separate establishment and was included in these tabulations on the basis of its activities rather than as a part of the store within which it operated.

Data for auxiliary units of retail establishments (such as separate warehouses, administrative offices, etc.) were included in this report and classified on the basis of the major activity of the retail establishment serviced.

Nonsupervisory Employees.—The term "nonsupervisory employees," as used in this report, includes all full-time and part-time employees such as salespersons, shipping and receiving clerks, stock clerks, laborers, warehousemen, caretakers, office clerks, drivers, driver-salesmen, installation and repair men, demonstrators, alteration hands, elevator operators, porters, janitors, and watchmen, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of employees listed above, including working supervisors. Excluded are officers and principal executives, such as buyers, department heads, and managers whose work is above the working supervisory level.

Earnings Data.—For purposes of this study, earnings data relate to straight-time earnings, excluding overtime premium pay. Commission and/or bonus earnings and special sales bonuses (such as PM's and Stims) paid quarterly or oftener are included. Bonuses paid less frequently than quarterly are excluded.

Individual average hourly earnings for employees not paid by the hour were obtained by dividing total earnings reported by the number of hours worked during the corresponding period.

Individual weekly earnings were obtained by multiplying the average hourly earnings, computed as above, by the number of hours worked during the selected week ending nearest October 15, 1956.

Group average hourly earnings published in this report were obtained by dividing total individual weekly earnings by total individual weekly hours worked.

Group average weekly earnings were computed by dividing the sum of the individual weekly earnings by the number of employees represented in the group total.

Hours Worked in Week.—Individual earnings data are tabulated in this report according to the number of hours worked by the employee during the selected week ending nearest October 15, 1956. Weeks containing nonworking holidays or other irregular work schedules were avoided.

Regions.—The regions used in this study are: Northeast—Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South—Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky,

Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia; North Central—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin; West—Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Metropolitan Areas.—The term "metropolitan area" used in this report refers to the Standard Metropolitan Areas established under the sponsorship of the Bureau of the Budget. Central cities of metropolitan areas include the largest city (over 50,000 inhabitants by definition of the term metropolitan area) and all other cities in the area with a population of 25,000 or more, provided each such city has a population amounting to at least one-third the population of the largest city. All other communities in the metropolitan area are included as "communities other than central cities."

Nonmetropolitan Areas.—All communities not in a metropolitan area were classified as to their population according to the 1950 census—those with 5,000 or more and those with less than 5,000.

Number of Stores Operated. —Data were tabulated in accordance with the number of retail stores reported as operated by the parent company, as follows: (a) Single store; (b) 2 or 3 stores; (c) 4 to 10 stores; and (d) 11 or more stores. Respondents were requested to indicate the number of stores operated by the parent company rather than by a subsidiary company. Thus, if the parent company operated a total of 12 stores through 2 subsidiary companies of 6 each, data for all stores were grouped according to the total of 12 (appearing in the group, 11 or more) rather than the 6 (4 to 10) operated by the subsidiary.

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