## Union Wages and Hours: Local Transit Operating Employees

July 1, 1953

Bulletin No. 1153

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

James P. Mitchell, Secretary

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Ewan Clague, Commissioner



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#### **Letter of Transmittal**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR,

Bureau of Labor Statistics,

Washington, D. C., January 26, 1954.

The Secretary of Labor:

I have the honor to transmit herewith the annual report on union wages and hours of union operating employees in the local transit industry in 52 cities as of July 1, 1953.

The information presented in this report was based on data obtained primarily from local union officials by mail questionnaire. Scales for local transit operating employees by type of vehicle in individual cities in effect on July 1, 1953, and October 1, 1952, were issued by Regional Offices of the Bureau shortly after scale data became available for all the classifications within a particular city. Local scales were released during July and August 1953 for many of the cities studied. A national release summarizing the data by type of vehicle was issued in October 1953.

In addition to presenting regional and national data, this bulletin also brings together the scale data for the various cities as part of the annual report which becomes the permanent record of the study.

This report was prepared in the Bureau's Division of Wages and Industrial Relations by Alexander Moros.

Ewan Clague, Commissioner.

Hon. James P. Mitchell, Secretary of Labor.

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# Union Wages and Hours of Local Transit Operating Employees, July 1, 1953

#### Summary

Union scales for local transit operating employees in cities of 100,000 or more population increased 2.3 percent, or 4 cents an hour, during the 9-month period from October 1, 1952, to July 1, 1953, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics thirty-third annual study of union scales in the local transit industry. On July 1, 1953, the average scale was \$1.77 an hour. Approximately three-fifths of the workers included in the study received upward rate adjustments between October 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953.

About nine-tenths of the workers studied had standard workweeks which varied from 40 to more than 48 hours and averaged 42.4 hours on July 1, 1953. Five of every eight workers having a standard workweek were covered by agreements providing for a 40-hour straight-time schedule.

#### Scope and Method of Survey

Union scales are defined as the minimum wage scales or maximum schedules of hours agreed upon through collective bargaining between trade unions and employers. Rates in excess of the negotiated minimum, which may be paid for special qualifications or other reasons, are not included.

The information presented in this report was based on union scales in effect on July 1, 1953, and covered approximately 92,000 local transit operating employees in 52 cities with populations of 100,000 or more. Trackmen and maintenance workers were not included. Operating employees of municipally owned transit systems were included, if unions acted as the bargaining agents. Data were obtained primarily from local union officials by mail questionnaire; in some instances, Bureau representatives visited local union officials to obtain the desired information.

The current survey differs in several important respects from previous annual surveys of wage scales in the local transit industry. First, the limited funds available for wage surveys necessitated a reduction from 76 to 52 in the number of cities to be covered. The current survey was designed to represent union wage scales in all cities of 100,000 or more population. All cities with a half million or more population were included, but some cities in the population groups of 250,000 to 500,000 and 100,000 to 250,000 were omitted. Second, weights were assigned to some of the localities surveyed in order to compensate for those which

were not surveyed. An upward bias existed in past surveys 1 cause a greater proportion of larger cities than of smaller cities was included with equal weight. Hence, the data were disproportionately influenced by the larger cities, which typically have the higher wage scales. This upward bias is removed in the current survey by giving greater weight to the smaller cities studied. In order to provide appropriate representation in the combination of data, each geographic region and population group was considered separately when city weights were assigned. A third modification involves the reestablishment of July 1 as the date of measurement of changes in union scales. This return to a practice followed prior to 1947 was also necessitated by program readjustments in the current fiscal year.

Average hourly scales, designed to show current levels, are based on all scales reported in effect on July 1, 1953, weighted by the number of union members receiving that rate. These averages are not designed for close year-to-year comparisons because of fluctuations in membership and in classifications studied.

Average cents-per-hour and percent changes from October 1, 1952, to July 1, 1953, are based on comparable quotations for the various occupational classifications in both periods weighted by the membership reported for the current survey.

The reduction in the number of cities covered and the change in the method of computation had only a minor effect on the amount of change shown between two consecutive periods, and virtually no effect on the index series.

#### Trends in Union Wage Scales

The index of union hourly wage scales for local transit operating employees on July 1, 1953, was 29.9 percent above the average for the 3 years, 1947-49 (table 1). It was 2.3 percent higher than on October 1, 1952, the date of the previous study. 1

In order to ascertain the extent of change over a 12-month period (October 1, 1952 to October 1, 1953) the Bureau subsequently obtained data on changes in basic rates of pay for transit employees for the 3 months, July through September 1953. This information disclosed that basic rates had not been changed in 40 cities in the intervening 3 months. New contracts had been negotiated in 6 cities and interim or deferred wage increases had been placed into effect in 2 cities; in 4 other cities new contracts were in negotiation. Inclusion of the scale revisions which had become effective between July 1 and October 1 would bring the increase, over the 12-month period, to 2.6 percent or 4.5 cents per hour. The increase over the base period (1947-49) was 30.3 percent. The average rate for all local transit operating employees was \$1.78 an hour on October 1, 1953.

In general, rate increases were the result of renegotiation of agreements that had either expired or were reopened during the survey period. Relatively few agreements contained escalator clauses providing for increases in rates in accordance with the rise in commodity prices. Most of the agreements were of 1-year duration.

Compared with an average increase of 4 cents an hour for all local transit operating employees during the 9 months ending July 1, 1953, motormen and conductors of 2-man cars and operators of 1-man cars and busses had average hourly advances of 4.3 and 4.4 cents, respectively. Upward adjustments for elevated and subway operators averaged substantially less--1.3 cents an hour. Percentagewise, the increases represented gains of 2.6 for operators of 1-man equipment, 2.5 for those on 2-man cars, and 0.7 percent for elevated and subway operators (table 2).

The hourly rates of nearly three-fifths of the local transit operating employees were affected by changes in scales between October 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953. About 7 of every 10 workers whose rates were adjusted during the period had advances of 4 to 11 cents an hour.

The amounts of increase and the proportions of workers affected varied by type of conveyance. Over 95 percent of the motormen and conductors on 2-man cars received upward scale adjustments between October 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953. The advance was l cent for half these workers, and as much as 8 cents for three-tenths. Nearly threefifths of the 1-man car and bus operators benefited from increased scales; the advances ranged from 5 to 7 cents an hour for onefourth of these workers and from 9 to 11 cents for a similar proportion. About threetenths of the operating employees on elevated and subway systems were affected by scale increases; for the majority of these workers, the advances ranged from 4 to 5 cents an hour (table 4).

#### Wage Scale Variations

Local transit operating employees hourly rates are generally graduated on the basis of length of service. Most union agreements provide for a starting or entrance rate, one or more intermediate rates, and a maximum or top rate. Although the time interval between rate steps varies from city to city, the entrance rate generally prevails

for the first 3 or 6 months of employment. The top rate is usually reached after a year of service. In some cities, length of service was not a determining factor since the agreements provided for a single rate, regardless of length of employment.

Entrance rates for 1-man car and bus operators ranged from \$1.10 an hour in Charlotte, N. C., to \$1.87 in Chicago. For 2-man cars, the lowest starting rate (\$1.50) was reported in Philadelphia, Pa. and the highest (\$1.77) in Chicago.

Maximum or top wage scales for 1-man car and bus operators varied from \$1.35 in Charlotte, N. C., to \$1.96 in Pittsburgh, Pa., and for 2-man equipment operators, from \$1.65 in Philadelphia, Pa., to \$2.015 in Boston.

On July 1, 1953, the average hourly scale for all local transit employees studied, and also for employees on 1-man and 2-man equipment was \$1.77. Elevator and subway operators--a relatively small group--averaged \$1.83.

Slightly more than half of the local transit operating employees in cities of 100,000 or more population had union hourly wage scales between \$1.75 and \$1.90. Less than 5 percent had scales below \$1.50 and 15 percent had rates of at least \$1.90. Approximately one-third of the 1-man car and bus operators had rates from \$1.85 to \$1.90. Practically all of the motormen and conductors of 2-man surface cars were employed at rates varying from \$1.65 to \$1.90 an hour (table 5).

#### City and Regional Rate Differentials

Among the 52 cities studied, average union scales of local transit operating employees varied widely. They ranged from \$1.34 in Charlotte, N. C., to \$1.93 in Pittsburgh, Pa. In 22 cities, the level of union rates averaged between \$1.55 and \$1.75 an hour, and in 18 others between \$1.75 and \$1.90 (table 6).

The amounts of increase most frequently reported were 5, 9, and 10 cents an hour. Hourly increases of 15 cents or more were reported for 5 cities. The greatest advance in hourly rates (17 cents) was recorded in New Orleans which reflected in part adjustment to a reduced workweek.

When the cities are grouped according to population, union hourly scales for local transit operating employees in cities with populations of 500,000 to a million averaged

This so-called maximum or top rate is actually the basic scale after a specified period of employment with the company. It is not a maximum rate in the sense that the company may not pay more.

\$1.822. This was 1.3 cents above the average for the largest cities (1,000,000 and over). Comparatively little variation occurred in the levels for the three largest-size groups. A 19.5 cent differential, however, existed in the averages for the 250,000 to 500,000 population group and the next smaller group.

Rate levels showed considerable variation among the cities in each of the population groups. The levels for individual cities, however, did not necessarily vary according to population. The rate level for Chicago (\$1.86)--highest for the million or more population group--was exceeded by the averages for Pittsburgh, Milwaukee, and Boston in the second largest population grouping and by Seattle in the next size grouping. Buffalo and Cincinnati, each with a level of \$1.85 ranked seventh, but the large metropolitan centers of New York, Los Angeles, and Philadelphia were fourteenth, sixteenth, and twenty-fourth, respectively.

On a regional basis, average scales of unionized local transit operating employees were highest (\$1.82) in the Great Lakes region and lowest (\$1.51) in the Southeast. The national average of \$1.77 was also exceeded by the regional levels for New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and the Pacific Coast (table 7). The regional pattern for operators of 1-man cars and busses was almost identical with that for all types of

conveyances. Among the 5 regions reporting 2-man car operations, scales averaged highest in New England (\$2.02) and lowest in the Middle Atlantic (\$1.65).

#### Standard Workweek

Except for 6 of the cities accounting for less than 10 percent of the transit operations, the workweek was established in terms of a fixed number of hours for which the workers were paid at straight-time rates. A 40-hour straight-time workweek was most This schedule prevailed for over half of the operators of 1- and 2-man surface equipment and for nine-tenths of the elevated and subway operators. Workweeks of 44 or 48 hours were applicable to about two-fifths of the 2-man car operators and to a fourth of the 1-man car and bus operators. The straight-time workweek for transit operating employees in cities reporting standard work schedules averaged 42.4 hours (table 8).

#### Union Scales of Wages and Hours by City

A listing of union wage scales in effect October 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953, is presented in table 9 for each of the 52 cities included in the current survey. Weekly hours in effect on these dates are also shown for those cities that reported a regular workweek after which premium overtime was paid.

TABLE 1.--Indexes of union hourly wage rates of local transit operating employees, 1929-1953 (Oct. 1, 1947-48-49 = 100)

	Date		Index Date				
1929: 1930: 1931: 1932: 1933:	May 15	52.4 52.9 52.9 51.9 (1/) 50.4	1942: July 1 1943: July 1 1944: July 1 1945: July 1 1946: July 1 1947: Oct. 1	64.4 68.6 69.1 69.9 81.9 92.4			
1935: 1936: 1937: 1938: 1939: 1940:	May 15 May 15 May 15 June 1 June 1 June 1 June 1	52.3 52.7 55.2 56.8 57.2 57.9 60.0	1948: Oct. 1 1949: Oct. 1 1950: Oct. 1 1951: Oct. 1 1952: Oct. 1 1953: July 1	101.7 105.9 110.9 118.2 127.0 129.9			

<sup>1/</sup> Information not available.

TABLE 2.—Average union hourly wage rates of local transit operating employees, July 1, 1953, and increases in rates, Oct. 1, 1952 - July 1, 1953

	July 1, 1953	Increase over Oct. 1, 1952			
Occupation	hourly rate	Percent	Cents-per- hour		
All local transit operating employees	\$1.77	2,3	4.0		
Operators of 1-man cars and busses Motormen and conductors of 2-man cars Elevated and subway operators	1.77 1.77 1.83	2.6 2.5 .7	4.4 4.3 1.3		

TABLE 3.—Percent increases in union wage rates and percent of local transit operating employees affected, Oct. 1, 1952 - July 1, 1953

	Percent of -							
Change in hourly rates	All workers	Operators of 1-man cars and bugses	Motormen and conductors of 2-man cars	Elevated and subway operators				
No change	41.8	40.3	2.4	70.3				
Decrease	1.6	1.8	1.8					
Increase	56.6	57.9	95.8	29.7				
Under 2 percent	8.4	6.8	48.3	1.5				
2 and under 3 percent	4.7	2.6		21.3				
3 and under 4 percent	13.9	15.1	ا عد.ه ا	4.0				
4 and under 5 percent	3.0	3.6	.7	-				
5 and under 6 percent	8.2	7.7	28.5	2.6				
6 and under 7 percent	9.3	11.2	3					
7 and under 8 percent	1.4	1.8	-	_				
8 and under 9 percent	2.3	2.8		_				
9 and under 10 percent	2.5	3.1	-	_				
10 and under 11 percent	1.2	1.4	_	.3				
11 percent and over	1.7	1.8	4.0					

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

TABLE 4.—Cents-per-hour increases in union wage rates and percent of local transit operating employees affected, Oct. 1, 1952 - July 1, 1953

i	Percent of -							
Change in hourly rates	All workers	Operators of 1-man cars and busses	Motormen and conductors of 2-men care	Elevated and subway operators				
To change	41.8 1.6 56.6	40.3 1.8 57.9	2.4 1.8 95.8	70.3 29.7				
Under 1 cent	.2 7.0 1.2 5.1 9.8 4.3 2.5 5.4 4.9 8.3 .7 .9 1.5 2.8 1.7	- 5.3 1.5 .4 3.1 10.2 5.2 3.0 4.3 5.9 10.0 .9 - 1.1 1.9 3.3	-48.3  -14.0 -7 -7 -28.5 -3    -4.0	1.5 - - 21.3 4.0 - 2.6 - - -				

TABLE 5.—Distribution of union operating employees in the local transit industry by hourly wage rates, July 1, 1953

İ	Percent of -						
Hourly wage rate	All workers	Operators of 1-man cars and busses	Motormen and conductors of 2-man surface cars	Elevated and subway operators			
nder \$1.35 1.35 and under \$1.40 1.40 and under \$1.40 1.45 and under \$1.50 1.45 and under \$1.50 1.55 and under \$1.65 1.60 and under \$1.65 1.65 and under \$1.70 1.70 and under \$1.70 1.70 and under \$1.80 1.85 and under \$1.80 1.80 and under \$1.80 1.80 and under \$1.90 1.90 and under \$1.90 1.90 and under \$1.95 1.95 and under \$1.90	0.1 .7 1.2 2.1 2.9 4.3 5.1 9.2 7.8 15.3 9.6 27.6 4.1 3.0	0.1 .9 1.5 2.5 3.5 5.1 4.4 7.9 6.9 15.4 8.7 31.1 7.7 4.3	(1/) 37.1 .6 2.4 31.0 27.4	0.2 - 1.0 11.8 5.0 17.2 20.8 6.1 3.9 5.5 4.3 24.2			

<sup>1/</sup> Less than 0.05 percent.

TABLE 6.--Average union hourly wage rates of local transit operating employees by city and population group, July 1, 1953

City and population group	Average hourly rate	City and population group	Average hourly rate
Group I (1,000,000 or more): Chicago, Ill. Detroit, Mich. New York, N. Y.  Average for Group I  Los Angeles, Calif. Philadelphia, Pa. Group II (500,000 to 1,000,000): Pittsburgh, Pa. Milwaukee, Wis. Boston, Mass. Buffalo, N. Y. Cincinnati, Ohio. Washington, D. C. Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.  Average for Group II  San Francisco-Oakland, Calif. Cleveland, Ohio. Baltimore, Md. St. Louis, Mo. New Orleans, La. Houston, Tex.  Group III (250,000 to 500,000): Seattle, Wash. Newark, N. J. Portland, Oreg.  Average for Group III  Kansas City, Mo. Indianapolis, Ind.	\$1.859 1.833 1.831 1.809 1.783 1.714 1.933 1.897 1.868 1.850 1.850 1.844 1.839 1.822 1.765 1.761 1.740 1.546 1.865 1.860 1.832 1.776 1.776 1.748 1.717	Group III (250,000 to 500,000): - Continued Toledo, Ohio Rochester, N. Y. Memphis, Tenm. Louisville, Ky. Denver, Colo. Birmingham, Ala. Columbus, Ohio Atlanta, Ga. San Antonio, Tex. Dallas, Tex.  Group IV (100,000 to 250,000): Providence, R. I. Springfield, Mass. New Haven, Comm. Peoria, Ill. Spokane, Wash. Dayton, Ohio Cmaha, Nebr. Grand Rapids, Mich. Krie, Fa.  Average for Group IV  Des Moines, Iowa Syracuse, N. Y. Scranton, Pa. Richmond, Va. Salt Lake City, Utah Jacksonville, Tenm. Little Rock, Ark. Oklahoma City, Okla. Charlotte, N. C.	\$1.689 1.653 1.630 1.624 1.618 1.609 1.602 1.563 1.550 1.542  1.750 1.697 1.683 1.678 1.649 1.594 1.591 1.582  1.581  1.554 1.521 1.500 1.489 1.479 1.469 1.469 1.469 1.469 1.469 1.394 1.336

TABLE 7 .-- Average union hourly wage rates of local transit operating employees by region, 1/July 1, 1953

	Average rate per hour -						
Region 1/	All workers	Operators of 1-man cars and busses	Motormen and conductors of 2-man cars	Elevated and subway operators			
United States	\$1.77	\$1.77	\$1.77	\$1.83			
New England iddle Atlantic Sorder States Southeast Freat Lakes iddle West Southwest Southeast	1.79 1.80 1.74 1.51 1.82 1.72 1.55 1.56 1.80	1.78 1.80 1.74 1.51 1.82 1.72 1.55 1.56 1.80	2.02 1.65 - 1.83 1.69	1.78 1.85 - 1.79 - -			

<sup>1/</sup> The regions used in this study include:

New England ..... Commecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont;
Middle Atlantic ... New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania;
Border States .... Delsware, District of Columbia, Kentucky, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia;
Southeast ..... Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee;
Great Lakes .... Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin;
Middle West .... Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota;
Southwest ..... Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas;
Mountain ..... Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming;
Pactific ..... California, Newada, Oregon, and Washington.

TABLE 8.--Distribution of union local transit operating employees by standard weekly hours, July 1, 1953

Weekly hours	All workers	Operators of 1-man cars and busses	Motormen and conductors of 2-man surface cars	Elevated and subway operators
Average weekly hours	42.4	42.7	42.4	40.2
Total reporting standard hours  40 hours  Over 40 and under 44 hours  44 hours  Over 44 and under 48 hours  48 hours  Over 48 hours  Over 48 hours  Percent reporting no standard hours	91.2 56.8 5.7 10.0 1.7 13.2 3.8 8.8	89.4 51.8 6.0 9.8 2.1 15.1 4.6 10.6	100.0 51.7 5.5 28.5 - 14.3	100.0 93.1 4.0 2.9 - -

TABLE 9.--Union scales of wages and hours for local transit operating employees, Oct. 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953

[Hours are the same for both years unless otherwise indicated]

	0et. 1, 1952 July 1, 1953		1, 1953		Oct. 1, 1952	July 1, 1953	
City and classification	Rate	Rate Hours		City and classification	Rate		
	per	per	per		per	per	per
	hour	hour	week 1/		hour	hour	week 1
atlanta, ga.				BUFFALO, N. Y.			
tusses and trackless trolleys:		1		Busses:			
First 6 months	\$1.360	\$1.470	١ .	First 3 months	\$1.660	\$1.800	
7 - 12 months	1.420	1.530	I _	4 - 12 months	1.680	1.820	_
After 1 year	1.460	1.570	1 -	After 1 year	1.710	1.850	-
MA COL I JOHN	1.400	1.5		Albert Joan	1.710	1.000	-
BALTIMORE, NO.				CHARLOTTE, N. C.			
-man cars and busses:		ĺ		Busses:			
First 3 months	1.520	1.580	424	First 3 months	1.100	1.100	_
4 - 6 months	1.620	1.680	42 <del>1</del>	4 - 6 months	1.150	1.150	_
7 - 12 months	1.670	1.730	42 <del>1</del>	7 - 12 months	1.200	1.200	_
After 1 year	1.720	1.780	42	After 1 year	1.350	1.350	_
-man cars:	,		2		55		_
First 3 months	1.470	1.530	42¥				i
4 - 6 menths	1.570	1.630	424	CHICAGO, ILL.			
7 - 12 months	1.620	1.680	424	curano, im.			
		1	42	la			
After 1 year	1.670	1.730	422	2-man cars:			
		1		First 3 months	1.760	1.770	40
BIRKINGHAM, ALA.		ĺ	1	4 - 12 months	1.790	1.800	40
i			1	After 1 year:			
man cars, busses and trolley cars:		_		Day	1.810	1.820	40
First 6 months	1.520	1.560	48	Night - before 2 a.m	1.840	1.850	40
7 - 12 months	1.540	1.580	48	Night - after 2 a.m	1.860	1.870	40
After 1 year	1.570	1.610	48	1-man cars and busses:	]	·	!
			ł	First 3 months	1.860	1.870	40
BOSTON, MASS.			l	4 - 12 months	1.890	1.900	40
200200, 12000,				After 1 year:	1.00	1.,,00	
-man cars and busses:			ŀ	Day	1.910	1.920	40
First 3 months	1.560	1.610	412	Night - before 2 a.m.	1.940	1.950	40
4 - 6 months	1.675	1.725	41	Night - after 2 a.m.	1.960	1.970	40
7 - 9 months	1.710	1.760	1 11	Elevated and subway railways:	1.900	1.970	+0
		1.805	41	Motormen:			
10 - 12 months	1.755		41	First 3 months	3 777	3 000	40
After 1 year	1.850	1.900	7-5		1.737	1.777	
.C.C. surface lines_operators:		l		4 - 12 months	1.746	1.786	40
First 3 mentns	1.675	1.725	412	After 1 year	1.791	1.831	40
4 - 6 months	1.795	1.845	41	Conductors (regular)	1.746	1.788	40
7 - 9 months	1.825	1.875	41 <del>{</del>	Conductors (extra):			
10 - 12 months	1.870	1.920	41 <del>፤</del>	First year	1.728	1.768	40
After 1 year	1.965	2.015	41 <del>2</del>	After 1 year	1.746	1.788	40
apid transit lines:				Guards (regular)	1.728	1.768	40
Guards:		}	1	Guards (extra);			
First 3 months	1,440	1,490	412	First 3 months	1.700	1.740	40
4 - 6 months	1.560	1.610	411	4 - 12 months	1.710	1.750	40
	1.595	1.645	411	After 1 year	1.750	1.759	40
7 - 9 months			11	Wrong T Aget	1.170	40177	70
10 - 12 months	1.640	1.690				1	
After 1 year	1.735	1.785	41 <del>1</del>	CINCINNATI, CHIO		1	
Notormen:		l	l			l	
Road	1.795	1.845	41 <u>2</u> 41 <u>2</u>	1-man cars and busses:		_	
Yard .,	1.850	1.900		After 1 year	1.760	1.850	40

<sup>1/</sup> Hours per week are shown only for those cities that reported a regular workweek after which premium overtime was paid.

TABLE 9.--Union scales of wages and hours for local transit operating employees, Oct. 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953 - Continued

	0ct. 1, 1952 July 1, 1953		1, 1953		Oct. 1, 1952	July :	l <b>, 1</b> 953
City and classification	Rate per hour	Rate per hour	Hours per week 1	City and classification	Rate per hour	Rate per hour	Hours per week 1
CLEVELAND, OHIO				INDIANAPOLIS, IND.			
1-man cars and busses:	}			l-man trackless trolleys			
First 3 months	\$1.700	\$1.740	44	and busses:			
4 - 12 months	1.730	1.770	44	First year	\$1.590	\$1.680	40
After 1 year	1.750	1.790	44	l - 2 years	1.610	1.700 1.750	40
COLUMBUS, OHIO	ļ	i		•	1.000	14,70	
1-men cars, busses and coaches:				JACKSONVIILE, FLA.			}
First 3 months	1.560	1.560	48	Busses:			
4 - 12 months	1.590	1.590 1.610	48 48	First 3 months	1.300	1.370	48 48
ALOUI I Jour	1.010	1.010	, **	After 6 months	1.400	1.470	48
DALLAS, TEX.	1			KANSAS CITY, MO.			
1-man cars and busses:			<b>.</b>	·			
First year	1.450	1.490 1.550	54 54	l-man cars and busses: First 4 months	1,605	1.695	154
At out 1 year sections	1.,000	1.550	~	5 - 8 months	1.625	1.715	452
DAYTON, OHIO		l		9 - 12 months	1.645	1.735	45½ 45½ 45½ 45½
Busses:				After 1 year	1,660	1.750	472
First 6 months	1.490	1.570	51	KNOXVILLE, TENN.			į
7 - 12 months	1.540	1.620	51 51	Busses:			
-			-	First year	1.320	1.370	48
DENVER, COLO.	1			Second year	1.370	1.420	48 48 48
1-man cars, busses, and trolley		1		-			_
coaches: First 3 months	1.430	1.590	48	LITTLE ROCK, ARK.			ļ
4 - 12 months	1.440	1.600	48	1-man cars and busses:			j
13 - 18 months	1.450	1.610	48 48	First 6 months	1.260	1.260	51 51
After 2 years	1.470	1.630	48	13 - 18 months	1.360	1.360	51
DES MOINES, IOWA				After 18 months	1.410	1.410	51
•	1	ł		LOS ANGELES, CALIF.			
1-man cars and busses: First 3 months	1.470	1.480	_	1-man cars and busses:			
4 - 12 months	1.500	1.510	-	Los Angeles Transit Lines:	1	i	1
After 12 months	1.550	1.560	-	First 6 months	1.750	1.720	40
DETROIT, MICH.	İ	1	ľ	Pacific Electric Railway Company:			
1-man cars and busses:	1	İ		First 6 months	1.770	1.720 1.770	48 48
First 6 months	1.750	1.750	48 48	2-man cars:	1.010	1.110	-
7 - 12 months	1.790 1.850	1.790	48 48	Los Angeles Transit Lines: First 6 months	1 510	1,600	٠,
After 1 year	1.950	1.950	48	After 6 months	1.540	1.680	40
	i	l		Pacific Electric Railway Company:	1 400	]	
ERIE, PA.	]	İ	<b>{</b>	First 6 months	1.670	1.620	48 48
Busses:	1 250	1.500	1,0	Single track: First 6 months	1.720	1.670	10
First 6 months	1.350	1.570	40	After 6 months	1.760	1.720	48 48
After 1 year	1.450	1,600	40		1		1
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.		İ	{	LOUISVILLE, KY.			l
				1-man cars and busses:	3 050		l.,,,
Busses: Agreement A:	Ì	İ	(	First 3 months	1.350	1.480 1.560	3/ 44 3/ 44 3/ 44
First 3 months	1.450	1.500	48	7 - 12 months	1,480	1.610	3/, 44
4 - 12 months	1.500	1.550	48 48	After 1 year	1.500	1.630	3/ 44
Agreement B:	l	<b>[</b>		MEMPHIS, TENN.			
First 6 months	1.325	1.480 · . 1.530	55 55	lamen care and buseess			}
7 - 12 months	1.475	1.580	55	1-man cars and busses: First year	1.500	1.550	40
·	1	1	1	Second year	1.550	1.600	40
HOUSTON, TEX.	}			After 2 years	1.600	1.650	40
Busses: First 3 months	1.370	1.470	(2/)	MILWAUKEE, WIS.			
4 - 9 months	1.400	1.500	(2/)	1-man cars and busses:			i
10 - 15 months	1.430	1.530	(2/) (2/)	First year	1.710	1.860	40
After 15 months	1.460	1.560	[ ( <u>2</u> /)	After 1 year	1.750	1,900	40

Hours per week are shown only for those cities that reported a regular workweek after which premium overtime was paid.

51-hour workweek on Oct. 1, 1952; hours per week not available on July 1, 1953.

A8-hour workweek on Oct. 1, 1952.

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Table 9.—Union scales of wages and hours for local transit operating employees, Oct. 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953 - Continued

	Oct. 1, July 1, 1953		1, 1953	<u> </u>	Oct. 1, 1952	July	1, 1953
City and classification	Rate	Rate	Hours	City and classification	Rate	Rate	Hours
	per hour	per hour	per week 1	4	per	per hour	per week 1/
MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL, MINN.				NEW YCRK, N. Y Continued			
2-man cars:		}	Ī	Busses: - Continued			
First 9 months	\$1.580	\$1.680	40	Fifth Avenue Coach: - Continued			1
Second 9 months	1.610	1.710	40	Double decker drivers:		١.	1
After 18 months	1.640	1.740	40	First year	\$1.775	\$1.775	44
L-man cars and busses:	3.600	1 222	٠,	Second year	1.785	1.785	44
First 9 months	1.670	1.800	40	After 2 years	1.835	1.835	44
After 18 months	1.740	1.840	40	First 6 months	1.630	1.630	40
At our to morrors	1 1	2.040	1 ~~	7 - 12 months	1.680	1.680	40
NEWARK, N. J.	ļ			13 - 18 months	1.750	1.750	40
•	i	l	İ	After 18 months	1.910	1.910	40
-man cars and busses:			İ	Jamaica Busses, Inc.:			
First 3 months	1.770	1.770	40	First 6 months	1.430	1.430	48
4 - 12 months	1.820	1.820	40	7 - 12 months	1.490	1.490	48
After 1 year	1.870	1.870	40	13 - 18 months	1.550	1.550	48
NEW HAVEN, CONN.	İ		ł	After 18 months	1.660	1.660	48
REW DAVEN, CORN.	1	1	1	First 6 months	1.485	1.485	44
onnecticut Co.:		1		7 - 12 months	1.585	1.585	44
1-man cars and busses:		1		13 - 24 months	1.635	1.635	44
First 3 months	1.635	1.635	40	After 2 years	1.735	1.735	44
4 - 12 months	1.665	1.665	40	Queens-Nassau Transit Lines:			
After 1 year	1.705	1.705	40	First year	1.490	1.490	48
range St. Bus Co.:				Second year	1,660	1.660	48
Busses	1.250	1.350	51	Schenck Transport Co.:	3 350	7 105	1 = / 10
NPU ADIPANC TA	1		ļ	First 6 months	1.350 1.420	1.485	5/ 40 5/ 40
NEW ORLEANS, LA.			t	13 - 24 months	1.480	1.628	5/40
-man cars:	l		1	After 2 years	1.670	1.837	5/40
First 6 months	1.460	1.630	4/ 42	Steinway Omnibus and Queensboro:			2 -
7 - 12 months	1.490	1.660	L 4/ 42	Bridge Railway:			1
After 1 year	1.520	1.690	4/ 42	First year	1.490	1.490	48
man cars and busses:		ļ	1 .	After 1 year	1.660	1.660	48
First 6 months	1.530	1.700	4, 42	Third Avenue Railway Transit System:			
7 - 12 months	1.560	1.730	1/ 42	First 6 months	1.410	1.410	48
After 1 year	1.590	1.760	42 42	7 - 12 months	1.460	1.460	48
NEW YORK, N. Y.	l		1	13 - 18 months	1.510	1.510	48 48
Mbs Idda, N. I.	l	l	ł	After 2 years	1.660	1.660	48
abway:	1		ľ	Tri-Boro Coach Corp.:	1		~
Road motormen:			1	First 12 months	1.415	1.415	48
First year	1.980	1.980	40	After 1 year	1.510	1.515	48
After 1 year	2.040	2.040	40	After 18 months	1.660	1.660	48
Yard motormen:					l	l	ŀ
First year	1.860	1.860	40	OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.		ĺ	1
After 1 year	1.920	1.920	40	1-man cars and busses:		l	l .
Conductors: First position:	Į.		ł	First 6 months	1.240	1,270	54
First year	1.680	1,680	40	7 - 12 months	1.290	1.320	54
After 1 year	1.740	1.740	40	After 1 year	1.370	1.400	54
Second position	1.620	1.620	40	OMAHA, NEBR.		l .	1
Platform men:		, -/-		1	•	1	1
First year	1.560	1.560	40	1-man cars and busses:	, ,,,	3.540	
After 1 year	1,600	1.600	40	First 6 months	1.410	1.540	54 54
man cars: Brooklyn-Queens Transit Lines:		1		After 1 year	1.480	1.610	54
First 6 months	1,620	1.620	40	12001 1 7002		1.010	1 7
7 - 12 months	1.740	1.740	40	PECRIA, ILL.	1	}	l
After 1 year	1.860	1.860	40	1-man busses:	ļ i	ĺ	ł
neses:		1	1	First 9 months	1.560	1.650	48
Avenue B and East Broadway				10 - 18 months	1.580	1.670	48
Transit Co.:	,	,		After 18 months	1.600	1.690	48
First 6 months	1.420	1.420	48 48	DUTT ADET PUTA DA	[		1
7 - 12 months	1.500	1.500	48	PHILADELPHIA, PA.	1	1	1
After 2 years	1.660	1.660	48	Subway, elevated and			1
Brooklyn Bus Division, Comprehensive	1,500		**	high-speed lines:		1	1
and East Side Omnibus Corp.,	l		1	Operators:			1
Queens Bus Division:	ĺ	ł	]	1 - 6 months	1.570	1.600	44
First 6 months	1.620	1.620	40	7 - 12 months	1.620	1.650	44
7 - 12 months	1.740	1.740	40	13 - 18 months	1.670	1.700	44
After 1 year	1.860	1.860	40	After 18 months	1.670	1.750	44
Fifth Avenue Coach:		1		Conductors			1
Drivers:	1	1,/	<b>.</b>	1 - 6 months	1.470	1.500	44
First year	1.675	1.675	44	7 - 12 months	1.520	1.550	44
Second year	1.685	1.685	44	13 - 18 months	1.570	1.600	44
After 2 years							

Hours per week are shown only for those cities that reported a regular workweek after which premium overtime was paid.

50 1/3-hour workweek on Oct. 1, 1952.

Digitize 2/10/44-hour workweek on Oct. 1, 1952.

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TABLE 9 .- Union scales of wages and hours for local transit operating employees, Oct. 1, 1952, and July 1, 1953 - Continued

City and classification	Oct. 1, July 1, 1953				Oct. 1, July 1, 1953		
	Rate	Rate Hours		City and classification	Rate	Rate Hours	
	per hour	per hour	per week 1/		per	per	per week 1/
PHILADELPHIA, PA Continued				SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH			
2-man cars:				1-man busses:		l	
1 - 6 months	\$1.470	\$1,500	44	First 6 months	\$1.410	\$1.410	541
7 - 12 months	1.520 1.570	1.550	44	After 6 months	1.490	1,490	54 <del>2</del>
After 18 months	1.570	1.650	44	SAN ANTONIO, TEX.	ł	1	
1-man cars and busses:		1.0,0		SAN ANIONIO, IMA.	}		
1 - 6 months	1.570	1.600	44	Busses:			
7 - 12 months	1.620	1.650	44	First 6 months	1,280	1.330	6/ 40
13 - 18 months After 18 months	1.670 1.670	1.700	**	7 - 12 months	1.360	1.410	6/ 40
AT COL. TO MODICIES	1.670	1.750	44	13 - 18 months	1.420	1.470	6/ 40 6/ 40
					1.,00	1.,,,	9 40
PITTSBURGH, PA.				SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND, CALIF.	İ		
l-man cars:				San Francisco:	ļ	1	
First 3 months	1.745	1.815	40	1-man busses and trackless trolleys	1.835	1.894	48
4 - 12 months	1.835	1.905	40	2-man cars	1.835	1.894	48
After 1 year	1.890	1.960	40	Cable gripmen and conductors	1.835	1.894	48
Busses:	1 (~~	1 000	,_	l	1		'
First 3 months	1.670 1.780	1.750	40 40	Oakland: 1-man busses:			
After 1 year	1.820	1.960	40	First 6 menths	1.630	1.630	ا ،
Bamford busses:		,,,,,	7~	After 6 months	1.680	1.680	40
First 3 months	1.270	1.340	46	2-man cars:			**
4 - 8 months	1.400	1.470	46	Motormens			į
8 - 12 months After 1 year	1.530 1.650	1.600	46 46	First 6 months	1.630	1.630	40
Brentwood Motor Coach:	1.0,0	1.720	40	After 6 months	1,680	1.680	40
First 6 months	1.420	1.470	46	SCRANTON, PA.			
7 - 12 months	1.520	1.570	46	·	l		1
After 1 year	1.650	1.700	46	Busses:		۱ ۲	
West Side Motor Coach: First 3 months	1.520	1.520	40	First 3 months	1.400	1.420	49
4 - 12 months	1.570	1.570	40	After 1 year	1.480	1.500	40
After 1 year	1.620	1.620	40	1-man cars	1.480	1.500	40
PORTLAND, OREG.				SEATTLE, WASH.			
l-man cars and busses:				l-man busses:		Ì	
First 3 months	1.705	1.760	40	First 6 months	1.775	1.823	-
4 - 6 months	1.730	1.785	40	After 6 months	1.830	1.890	-
7 - 12 months	1.755	1.810	40	CONTAINS THAT	İ	1	1
After 1 year	1.785	1.840	40	SPOKANE, WASH.		İ	
PROVIDENCE, R. I.		1		1-man busses:		İ	
		1		First 6 months	1.485	1.580	-
1-man cars and busses: First 3 months	1.600	1.700	10	7 - 12 months	1.535 1.585	1.630	_
4 - 12 months	1.630	1.730	40 40	H oet I joar	1.,00	1.000	ļ
After 1 year	1.650	1.750	40	SPRINGFIELD, MASS.		l	]
RICHMOND, VA.				Busses:			
•				First 3 months	1.630	1.630	40
1-man cars and busses:	3 300	3 400	l	4 - 12 months	1.685	1.685	40
First 3 months	1.300	1.400	_	After 1 year	1.730	1.730	40
After 1 year	1.400	1.500		SYRACUSE, N. Y.			
· ·							
ROCHESTER, N. Y.				1-man cars and busses:	3 100		٠
Subway cars	1.505	1.655	44	First 3 months	1.485	1.485	43
Busses: First 3 months	1.475	1.611	44	After 1 year	1.525	1.525	45 45 45
4 - 12 months	1.495	1.633	77				1
After 1 year	1.505	1.655	77,	TOLEDO, OHIO			ł
ST. LOUIS, MO.				1-man cars and busses:		1	
				First 6 months	1.560	1.650	48
L-man cars and busses:				7 - 12 months	1.580	1.670	48 48
First 4 months	1.550	1.600	-	After 1 year	1.610	1.700	48
5 - 8 months	1.600 1.650	1.650	-	WASHINGTON, D. C.		(	1
Q 12 months				maditation, D. C.	1	{	l
9 - 12 months	1,700	I T WEEL	_				
After 12 months	1.700	1.800	-	1-man cars and busses:			}
After 12 months				1 - 3 months	1.670	1.770	40
After 12 months	1.700 1.350 1.450	1.360 1.460	60 60		1.670 1.710 1.750	1.770 1.810 1.850	40 40 40

Hours per week are shown only for those cities that reported a regular workweek after which premium overtime was paid.

No regular hours per week after which premium overtime was paid were reported on Oct. 1, 1952.

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