UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR<br>L. B. Schwellenbach, Secretary<br>BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS<br>Ewan Clague, Commissioner

# Employment and Earnings in the Philadelphia Knitted Outerwear Industry, 1944 and 1945 



Bulletin No. 887

## Letter of Transmittal

United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D. C., November 4, 1946.

## The Secrititary of Labor:

I have the honor to transmit herewith a report on employment and earnings in the Philadelphia Knitted Outerwear industry, 1944 and 1945. This report was prepared in the Philadelphia regional office by George E. Votava.

Ewan Clague, Commissioner.
Hon. L. B. Schwellenbach,
Secretary of Labor.

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## Bulletin No. 887 of the

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## Employment and Earnings in the Philadelphia Knitted-Outerwear Industry, 1944 and 1945

THE knitted-outerwear industry in Philadelphia has had a long history of successful collective bargaining. In 1945, practically all of the manufacturers in this city had agreements with the Knit Goods Workers' Union, Local 190 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union (AFL). These firms are members of the Knitted Outerwear Manufacturers Association and operate under a master agreement which provides, among other matters, that employers are to furnish the union with weekly transcripts of pay-roll records for each employee. ${ }^{1}$ After consultation with the Knitted Outerwear Manufacturers Association, the union made these unusual record cards of members' hours and earnings available to the Bureau for use in this study.

It is recognized that there were slight imperfections in the data. It was impossible, for example, to exclude learners and handicapped workers, as is normally done in the Bureau's wage studies. Furthermore, the occupational classifications were not always up to date, and working foremen were probably included in some cases under other occupational titles. Nevertheless, the results are deemed fairly accurate, and slight inaccuracies which may exist do not seriously limit the validity of the material.

## Employment and Hours of Work

The number of workers employed in the Philadelphia knittedouterwear industry averaged about 2,770 in 1943 and approximately 3,200 in 1945. Twenty-four, or nearly half of the establishments included in this study, had fewer than 50 workers, and 15 employed between 50 and 100 workers.

The greater average employment in 1945 does not represent a corresponding increase in the labor force, because turn-over rose considerably during this period. Between 1944 and 1945 the proportion of all employees who worked less than 11 weeks increased from 26 to 32 percent, while those with an employment record of 46 weeks or

[^0]more declined from 42 to only 36 percent in the same period. (See table 1.) Many workers from other textile industries, who were temporarily unemployed because of war conditions in 1945, took short-term employment in the knitted-outerwear industry.

Among the selected occupations listed in table 1, cutters showed the greatest continuity of employment, averaging 43 weeks in 1944 and 38 weeks in 1945. The greatest turn-over was indicated for brushers, folders and packers, and examiners and trimmers. About 27 percent of their total number were employed in the industry for less than 6 weeks in 1944; over 30 percent worked this short time in 1945.

Although the scheduled workweek remained unchanged at 40 hours between 1943 and 1945, average actual hours worked declined from 39.0 in 1943 and 38.3 in 1944 to 37.7 in 1945. In large part this reduction was due to less overtime being worked in the latter period and to the increase in labor turn-over.

Table 1.-Distribution of Workers in Philadelphia Knitted-Outerwear Industry, by Number of Weeks Worked During 1944 and 1945

| Number of weeks worked | $\stackrel{\text { All }}{\text { workers }}$ |  | Number of workers in selected occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Brushers |  | Cutters |  | Examiners and trimmers |  | Finishers |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Folders } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { packers } \end{aligned}$ |  | Knitters |  |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1044 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 |
| 1 to 5 weeks. | 620 | 951 | 60 | 45 | 5 | 15 | 120 | 201 | 28 | 44 | 56 | 66 | 12 | 35 |
| 6 to 10 weeks, | 356 | 488 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 11 | 80 | 82 | ${ }_{7}^{27}$ | 14 | 37 | 48 | 8 | 17 |
| 16 to 20 weeks. | 195 | 214 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 33 | 41 | 4 | 11 | 15 | 18 | ${ }_{6}$ | 8 |
| 21 to 25 weeks. | 160 | 161 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 18 | 35 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 8 |
| 26 to 30 weeks | 140 | 169 | 1 |  | 3 |  | 15 | 20 | 3 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| 31 to 35 weeks. | 130 | 171 |  | 2 | 8 | 6 | 17 | 28 | 8 | 6 | 11 | 18 | 5 | 9 |
| 36 to 40 weeks. | 134 | 138 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 22 | 21 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 12 | 8 | 3 |
| 41 to 45 weeks. |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ | 2 | 5 | 1 | 24 | 25 | 13 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 6 | 8 |
| 52 weeks...... | ${ }^{1} 408$ | , 371 |  | 3 | 45 | 36 | 37 | 32 | 12 | 12 | 26 | 22 |  | ${ }^{95}$ |
| Total | 3,770 | 4,404 | 96 | 92 | 137 | 155 | 631 | 656 | 174 | 193 | 260 | 287 | 215 | 259 |
| Yearly average (weeks).... | 30.9 | 27.8 | 10.0 | 17.0 | 43.1 | 38.0 | 25.1 | 22.1 | 29.2 | 28.6 | 24.5 | 24.3 | 42.6 | 35.7 |
| Number of weeks workt d | Number of workers in selected occupations-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Menders |  | Merrow operators |  | Pressers |  | Singer operators |  | Special machine operators |  | Winders |  | Miscellaneous |  |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1044 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 |
| 1 to 8 weeks. | 10 |  |  |  | 18 |  | 27 | 54 | 24 | 47 | 8 |  | 214 | 333 |
| 11 to 15 weeks. |  | 6 | 33 | $\stackrel{39}{29}$ | 8 | 13 | 19 | 2 | 19 | 34 | 7 | 11 | 4 | 141 87 |
| 16 to 20 weeks. | 1 | 4 | 30 | 17 | 10 | 9 | 16 | 18 | 15 | 21 | 8 | 5 | 51 | 54 |
| 21 to 25 weeks. | 2 | 5 | 18 | 17 | 3 | 5 | 22 | 18 | 21 | 15 | 7 | 4 | 39 | 33 |
| 26 to 30 weeks. |  |  | 21 | 20 | 4 | 7 | 21 | 16 | 19 | 24 | 6 | 4 | 29 | 37 |
| 31 to 35 weeks. | 2 | 2 | 20 | 24 | 5 | 3 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 2 | 8 | 31 | 39 |
| 36 to 40 weeks. | 2 | 4 | 24 | 25 | 5 | 2 | 15 | 21 | ${ }^{13}$ | 16 | 8 | 6 | 24 | 20 |
| 41.4045 weeks | ${ }^{7} 7$ | ${ }^{4}{ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{81}$ | 288 | 7 | $\stackrel{13}{4}$ | +33 | + 138 | 136 | 159 | 5 | 10 35 | 34 | ${ }^{33}$ |
| 52 weeks...... | 12 | 16 | 50 | 48 | 16 | 15 | 45 | 128 | 128 | 34 | 10 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 59 | 68 |
| Total. | 86 | 89 | 532 | 547 | 130 | 167 | 358 | 391 | 341 | 437 | 110 | 121 | 800 | 1,010 |
| Yearly average (weeks)...- | 38.6 | 36.6 | 37.1 | 38.3 | 33.3 | 28.4 | 36.6 | 32.0 | 35.4 | 32.4 | 34.9 | 30.1 | 23.9 | 20.8 |

## Hourly Earnings

Straight-time hourly earnings ${ }^{2}$ of workers with 6 or more weeks of employment in the Philadelphia knitted-outerwear industry increased from 88.2 cents in 1944 to 94.5 cents in 1945. (See table 2.) Although individual earnings ranged from 40 cents to over $\$ 2.00$ per hour, over 65 percent of the employees in both years received between 45 cents and $\$ 1.00$. However, the proportion with average earnings of $\$ 1.00$ or more per hour increased from 25 to 33 percent between 1944 and 1945.

Cutters and pressers, predominantly men, were the highest paid employees, earning $\$ 1.35$ and $\$ 1.26$ per hour, respectively, in 1944, and $\$ 1.41$ and $\$ 1.40$ in 1945. Among the occupations where women were employed in large numbers, Singer operators had the highest earnings- $\$ 1.03$ per hour in 1944 and $\$ 1.11$ in 1945.

Table 2.-Distribution of Philadelphia Knitted-Outerwear Workers Employed 6 Weeks or More in 1944 and 1945, by Straight-Time Hourly Earnings

| Classifled hourly earnings | All workers |  | Number of workers in selected occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Brushers |  | Cutters |  | Examiners and trimmers |  | Finishers |  | Folders and packers |  | Knitters |  |
|  | 1844 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 |
| 40.0 to 44.9 cenus - --------- | 130 | 36 | 2 |  |  |  | 41 | 14 | 18 | 7 | 18 | 7 |  |  |
| 45.0 to 49.9 cents. | 300 | 165 | 2 | 4 |  |  | 85 | 65 | 26 | 17 | 65 | 22 |  |  |
| 50.0 to 54.0 cents. | 318 | 441 | 8 | 10 |  |  | 88 | 119 | 27 | 36 | 42 | 49 |  |  |
| 55.0 to 59.9 cents. | 212 | 280 | 5 | 7 |  |  | 61 | 57 | 21 | 26 | 20 | 38 |  |  |
| 60.0 to 64.9 cents. | 200 | 224 | 7 | 4 |  |  | 28 | 43 | 16 | 16 | 6 | 24 |  |  |
| 65.0 to 69.9 cents | 176 | 174 | 2 | 5 |  |  | 31 | 32 | 11 | 5 | 14 | 16 | 1 |  |
| 70.0 to 74.9 cents. | 185 | 202 |  | 4 |  |  | 20 | 22 | 13 | 8 | 10 | 18 |  | 8 |
| 75.0 to 79.9 cents | 160 | 174 | 4 | 4 |  | 1 | 15 | 17 |  | 7 | 11 | 12 |  |  |
| 80.0 to 84.9 cents. | 148 | 171 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 11 | 18 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 4 |
| 85.0 to 89.9 cents. | 150 | 144 |  | 1 |  |  | 11 | 17. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 19 | 12 |
| 90.0 to 94.9 cents. | 174 | 155 | 3 |  |  |  | 11 | 15. | 5 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 39 | 85 |
| 95.0 to 99.9 cents. | 149 | 176 | 1 |  | 2 |  | 4 | 11 |  | 2 | 3 | 9 | 30 | 35 |
| 100.0 to 104.9 cents. | 118 | 153 |  | 1 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 8 |  | 3 | 1 | 5 | 20 | 28 |
| 105.0 to 109.9 cents.-........ | 104 | 126 |  |  | 7 | 5 | 2 | 6 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 17 | 20 |
| 110.0 to 114.9 cents.........- | 105 | 113 |  |  | 16 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 1 | 7 | 10 |
| 115.0 to 119.9 cents..---.-. | 100 | 147 |  | 2 | 25 | 27 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 15 |
| 120.0 to 124.9 cents .-....... | 80 | 102 |  |  | 9 | 10 |  | 3 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 |  |
| 125.0 to 129.9 cents | 59 | 80 |  | 1 | ${ }_{6}^{9}$ | 8 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 5 |
| 130.0 to 134.9 cents. | 45 | 72 |  |  | 6 | 8 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 5 | 8 |
| 135.0 to 139.9 cents. | 45 | 60 | 1 |  | 8 | 9 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| 140.0 to 144.9 cents. | 34 | 36 |  |  | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 3 |
| 145.0 to 149.9 cents. | 16 | 35 |  | 1 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
| 150.0 to 158.9 cents. | 46 | 63 |  | 1 | 9 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 5 | 7 |
| 160.0 to 169.9 cents. | 25 | 52 |  |  | 4 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 11 |
| 170.0 to 179.9 cents. | 17 | 26 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |
| 180.0 to 189.9 cents. | 12 | 15 |  |  | 2 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 8 |
| 100.0 to 199.9 cents | 13 | 16 |  |  | 6 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| 200.0 cents and over. | 20 | 40 |  |  | 10 | 11 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 3 | 6 |
| Total. | 3, 150 | 3,457 | 36 | 47 | 132 | 140 | 411 | 455 | 146 | 150 | 204 | 221 | 203 | 224 |
| A verage hourly earnings (in cents) | 88.2 | 94.5 | 67.3 | 72.6 | 135.4 | 140.9 | 61.4 | 66.6 | 60.8 | 66.4 | 61.2 | 67.8 | 109. 6 | 112.9 |

[^1]Table 2.-Distribution of Philadelphia Knitted-Outerwear Workers Employed 6 Weeks or More in 1944 and 1945, by Straight-Time Hourly Earnings-Continued

| Olasslfied hourly earnings | Number of workers in selected occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Menders |  | Merrow operators |  | Pressers |  | Singer operators |  | Special machine operators |  | Winders |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Miscella- } \\ & \text { neous } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 1944 | 1946 | 1044 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 | 1044 | 1945 | 1944 | 1945 |
| 40.0 to 44.9 cents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |  |
| 45.0 to 49.9 cents.-. |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 6 | , |  |  |  |  | 106 | 43 |
| 50.0 to 54.9 cents. | 5 | 3 | 12 | 9 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 22 | 22 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 170 |
| 80.0 to 64.9 cents | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ | 10 | 25 | ${ }^{23}$ | 5 |  | 14 | 17 | ${ }_{25}^{18}$ | 19 | 2 | 1 | 67 | ${ }_{60}^{83}$ |
| 65.0 to 69.9 cents. | 19 | 14 | 28 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 11 | 15 | 24 | 9 | 5 | 36 | 4 |
| 70.0 to 74.9 cents. | 13 | 14. | 25 | 26 | 3 | 1 | 25 | 15 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 16 | 36 | 51 |
| 75.0 to 79.9 cents. | 8 | 8 | 34 | 29 | 3 | 8 | 14 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 19 | 13 | 37 | 48 |
| 80.0 to 84.9 cents.. | 4 | 8 | 32 | 30 | 13 | ${ }^{8}$ | 17 | 15 | 20 | 23 | 8 | 18 | 25 | 37 |
| 85.0 to 89.9 cents. | , | - 2 | 40 | 32 | , | $\stackrel{3}{8}$ | 19 | 22 | 20 | ${ }^{18}$ | 10 | 8 | 27 | 24 |
| 90.0 to 94.9 cents.. | $\stackrel{5}{1}$ | 4 | 44 | ${ }^{26}$ | 2 |  | 15 | 11 | 22 | $\stackrel{26}{ }$ | 12 | 8 | 14 | 18 |
| 05.0 to 89.9 cents. |  | 1 | 37 | 35 | 7 | 2 | 18 | 30 | 27 | $\stackrel{27}{ }$ | 4 | 10 | 14 | 14 |
| 100.0 to 104.9 cents | 1 |  | ${ }_{26}^{45}$ | 33 | 2 | ${ }_{6} 6$ | ${ }_{23}^{19}$ | 120 | 114 | ${ }_{16}^{20}$ | 1 | 4 | 7 | 19 6 |
| 110.0 to 114.9 cents. |  | 2 | 34 | 26 | 9 | 9 | 17 | 13 | 18 | 21 | 2 | 2 | , | 12 |
| 115.0 to 119.9 cents. |  | 1 | 20 | 36 |  | 10 | 23 | 27 | 17 | 17 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
| 120.0 to 124.0 cents | 2 | 8 | 17 | 25 | 5 |  | 21 | 18 | 8 | 15 |  | 1 | 8 | 12 |
| 180.0 to 134.0 cents. |  | 1 | 10 | 17 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 7 | 12 |  |  | 1 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ |
| 135.0 to 139.9 cents |  |  | 7 | 16 | 5 | 6 | 12 | , | 6 | 7 |  |  | 2 | 5 |
| 140.0 to 144.9 cents |  |  | 11 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 145.0 to 149.9 cents. |  |  | , | 8 |  | , | 3 | 10 | 3 | 5 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 150.0 to 159.9 cents |  | 1 | 8 | 12 | 11 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 8 | 10 |  |  |  | 6 |
| 160.0 to 169.9 cents. 170.0 to 179.9 cents. |  |  | 3 | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 8 | $5$ | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 8 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 180.0 to 189.9 cents. |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 190.0 to 199.9 cents |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 200.0 cents and over. |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 2 | B |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 76 | 83 | 494 | 493 | 112 | 132 | 331 | 337 | 317 | 390 | 102 | 105 | 586 | 680 |
| A verage hourly earnings (in cents) | 71.8 | 75.4 | 97.6 | 105.8 | 126.2 |  | 103.0 | 110.9 | 95.2 | 100.2 | 81.6 | 87.6 | 65.3 | 76.6 |

Table 3 shows straight-time hourly and gross weekly earnings of workers with different periods of employment. Since individual productivity in this largely piece-rate industry determines earnings to a large extent, it is interesting to note that workers with the largest employment experience had higher hourly rates and higher weekly earnings than those with shorter employments.
Table 3.-Straight-Time Hourly and Gross Weekly Earnings of Philadelphia Knitted Outervear Workers with Specified Lengths of Employment, 1944 and 1945

| Length of employment | Number of workers | Average hourly <br> earnings | A verage gross <br> weekly earnings |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## Annual Earnings

Annual earnings of workers employed for at least 46 weeks averaged $\$ 1,937$ in 1944 and $\$ 2,031$ in 1945 (see table 4). Although individuals' earnings varied between $\$ 600$ and $\$ 4,200$ in 1944, 85 percent of the workers were in the $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 3,200$ class and 50 percent earned
between $\$ 1,000$ and $\$ 2,000$. In 1945 the distribution of workers changed only slightly: 83 percent fell between $\$ 1,000$ and $\$ 3,200$ and nearly 10 percent earned over $\$ 3,200$. Pay-roll deductions for various purposes meant that net take-home pay was substantially less than gross earnings.

Tarle 4.-Distribution of Philadelphia Knitted-Outervear Workers Employed 46 Weeks or More in 1944 and 1945, by Annual Earnings


Cutters, the highest paid group in the industry, averaged $\$ 3,263$ in 1944 and $\$ 3,421$ in 1945 . Nearly 17 percent of the cutters earned over $\$ 3,800$ in 1944 in contrast to 24 percent carning over that amount in 1945. Knitters and pressers ranked next, with average earnings of $\$ 2,921$ and $\$ 2,753$, respectively, in 1944 and $\$ 2,986$ and $\$ 3,062$ in 1945.

Finishers showed the lowest annual earnings ( $\$ 1,239$ ) in 1944, but they were replaced in that position by examiners and trimmers, who in 1945 earned $\$ 1,319$ and $\$ 1,320$, respectively. In both years, over 84 percent of the finishers earned between $\$ 800$ and $\$ 1,600$.


[^0]:    1 Under the arrangement with the union, the employer contributes amounts equal to 4 percent of the total weekly wages of the union members for the purpose of financing various benefits. From this fand the union, during 1944, provided vacation pay to its members based on total income for a designated period, with a maximum of $\$ 38.00$ and a minimum of $\$ 22.00$. Persons in military service received $\$ 25.00$. Sick benefts of $\$ 10.00$ per week were paid for a maximum of 10 weeks during the year after an initial 4 days of illness. In addition, hospitalization of $\$ 3.00$ a day up to 21 days and unlimited medical service at the union liealth center were provided. In 1945 , the maximum vacation pay was increased to $\$ 50.00$ and sick benefits to $\$ 12.00$ per week. A post-pregnancy allowance of $\$ 50.00$ and a surgical allowance up to $\$ 50.00$ was provided.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Exclusive of premium overtime pay, but ineluding piece-rate or other incentive earnings.

