## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Frances Perkins, Secretary <br> BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS Isador Lubin, Commissioner

# Money Disbursements of Employed Wage 

Earners and Clerical Workers in Twelve Cities of the South 1934-36

By
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Bulletin No. 640

UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1941

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II

## CONTENTS

Page
Preface ..... XI
Summary ..... 1
Part I. White Families Other Than Mexican:
Chapter 1. Income Level and Money Disbursements. ..... 7
Current expenditures of each city group as a whole ..... 7
Food ..... 8
Housing ..... 9
Clothing ..... 9
Transportation ..... 10
Recreation ..... 10
Other items ..... 10
Family income ..... 10
Distribution of expenditures at successive income levels ..... 17
Variations in money disbursements ..... 22
Income levels and planes of living ..... 24
Size and composition of family ..... 24
Planes of living determined by family size as well as income ..... 25
Equivalence between total expenditures and economic levels. ..... 30
Order of expenditures at different economic levels ..... 30
Expenditures at two economic levels ..... 35
Changes in assets and liabilities ..... 37
Chapter 2. Expenditures for Specified Goods ..... 45
Food ..... 45
Annual food expenditures ..... 45
Food expenditures in 1 week in spring, summer, fall, and winter quarters ..... 46
Housing ..... 50
Home ownership ..... 50
Types of dwellings ..... 51
Size of homes ..... 51
Garages ..... 53
Facilities ..... 53
Housing expenditures ..... 55
Home owners ..... 55
Renters ..... 56
Vacation housing ..... 57
Fuel, light, and refrigeration ..... 58
Other items of household operation ..... 59
Furnishings and equipment ..... 59
Clothing ..... 61
Variability of clothing expenditures: ..... 61
Total expenditure per family for clothing ..... 61
Gifts of clothing ..... 62
Clothing expenditures for men and boys ..... 62
Part I. White Families Other Than Mexican-Continued.
Chapter 2. Expenditures for Specified Goods-Continued.
Clothing-Continued. Page
Clothing expenditures for women and girls ..... 64
Occupational differences in the clothing expenditures of adults ..... 65
Transportation ..... 68
Recreation ..... 71
Personal care ..... 72
Medical care ..... 73
Formal education ..... 75
Vocation ..... 76
Gifts and contributions to individuals and to the community welfare ..... 76
Miscellaneous items ..... 78
Chapter 3. A Generation of Changing Living Standards ..... 79
Distribution of current expenditures in 1934-36 as compared with those in 1917-19 ..... 79
Part II. Negro Families ..... 83
Chapter 1. Income Level and Money Disbursements ..... 85
Family income ..... 85
Size and composition of family ..... 88
Current expenditures of each city group as a whole ..... 88
Distribution of expenditures at successive income levels ..... 89
Order of expenditure at different economic levels ..... 92
Order of expenditures at two economic levels ..... 94
Changes in assets and liabilities ..... 96
Chapter 2. Expenditures for Specified Goods ..... 101
Food ..... 101
Annual food expenditure ..... 101
Food expenditures in 1 week of the spring and winter quar- ters ..... 101
Housing ..... 105
Home ownership ..... 105
Types of dwellings ..... 105
Size of homes ..... 105
Garden space and garage ..... 106
Facilities ..... 107
Housing expenditures ..... 108
Home owners ..... 108
Renters ..... 108
Secondary housing ..... 108
Fuel, light, and refrigeration ..... 108
Other items of household operation ..... 109
Furnishings and equipment ..... 110
Clothing ..... 111
Total expenditures per family for clothing ..... 111
Gifts of clothing ..... 111
Clothing expenditures for men and boys. ..... 111
Clothing expenditures for women and girls ..... 113
Recreation ..... 114
Transportation ..... 114
Personal care ..... 117
Medical care ..... 117
Page
Part III. Mexican Families in Houston ..... 119
Chapter 1. Income Level and Money Disbursements ..... 121
Family income ..... 121
Size and composition of family ..... 122
Current expenditures of the city group as a whole ..... 123
Distribution of expenditures at successive income levels ..... 124
Order of expenditures at different economic levels ..... 125
Chapter 2. Expenditures for Specified Goods ..... 131
Food ..... 131
Annual food expenditure ..... 131
Food expenditures in 1 week in spring, summer, and fall quarters ..... 132
Housing ..... 134
Housing facilities ..... 134
Housing expenditures ..... 134
Fuel, light, and refrigeration ..... 135
Other items of household operation ..... 135
Furnishings and equipment ..... 135
Clothing ..... 135
Total expenditure per family for clothing ..... 135
Clothing expenditures for men and boys ..... 137
Clothing expenditures for women and girls ..... 138
Other groups of current expenditures ..... 139
Part IV. Tabular Summary ..... 141
Part V. Appendixes ..... 629
Appendix A. Notes on Tabular Summary ..... 631
General ..... 631
Economic family ..... 631
Household ..... 631
Net family income or net money income ..... 631
Current expenditures ..... 632
Surplus or deficit ..... 633
Surplus ..... 633
Deficit ..... 633
Inheritance ..... 634
Total money receipts ..... 634
Total money disbursements ..... 634
Balancing difference ..... 634
Schedule year ..... 634
Averages based on all families ..... 634
Sales tax ..... 635
Notes on individual tables ..... 635
Local conditions affecting the data ..... 648
Cost of living ..... 648
Employment ..... 649
Sales tax ..... 649
Relief ..... 649
Table A. Number of families of 2 or more persons on relief in the period covered by the survey when relief was at a maximum ..... 650
Appendix B. Scope of the Investigation ..... 651
Geographic area covered in the Southern region ..... 651
Scope of the Nation-wide study ..... 651
Part V. Appendixes-Continued. ..... Page
Appendix C. Period Covered by the Study. ..... 654
Table B. Period to which data in schedules for cities in the Southern region apply ..... 654
Appendix D. Selection of Families to be Interviewed ..... 658
Method of choosing the sample ..... 658
Rules for determining eligibility of families ..... 660
Appendix E. Nativity of Homemakers in Families Studied ..... 664
Table C. Homemakers born in the United States ..... 664
Appendix F. Field Procedure ..... 666
Interview method of securing data ..... 666
Figure B. Schedule facsimile ..... 667
Check interviewing ..... 686
Food check lists for 1 week ..... 686
Weekly records of food consumption ..... 686
Appendix G. Analytical Procedure ..... 688
Income classification ..... 688
Classification by economic level ..... 688
Expenditure unit-food relatives ..... 688
Table D. Relative food expenditures for persons of differ- ent age, sex, and occupation ..... 689
Expenditure unit-clothing relatives ..... 690
Table E. Relative clothing expenditures for persons of dif- ferent age, sex, and occupation ..... 690
Expenditure unit-other items ..... 693
Total expenditure unit ..... 693
Figure C. Sample code sheet ..... 694
Adjustment for contact with families through other member than chief earner ..... 695
Table F. Derivation of adjustment factors for earner groups_ ..... 697
Table G. Illustration of application of adjustment factors to schedule data ..... 699
List of Text Tables in Part I
Table 1. Expenditures for groups of items ..... 7
2. Occupational classification of chief earners ..... 12
3. Family incomes ..... 13
4. Sources of family income at successive income levels ..... 15
5. Items comprising family income ..... 17
6. Average unit expenditure at successive income levels ..... 27
7. Total family expenditure equivalents for families of three dif- ferent types, at given economic levels ..... 30
8. Average unit expenditure at successive economic levels ..... 33
9. Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels_ ..... 36
10. Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels ..... 40
11. Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels ..... 42
12. Unit food expenditure at two different economic levels ..... 46
13. Expenditures for food per capita per week ..... 48
14. Proportion of families spending enough to purchase an ade- quate diet at minimum cost ..... 50Page
Table 15. Average number of persons per room at successive economic levels ..... 53
16. Housing facilities at the end of the schedule year ..... 55
17. Housing expenditures ..... 57
18. Expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration ..... 58
19. Expenditures for furnishings and equipment at successive eco- nomic levels ..... 61
20. Distribution of annual clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, men and boys ..... 63
21. Distribution of annual clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, women and girls ..... 65
22. Expenditures for automobile operation and maintenance for automobile owners, at successive economic levels ..... 69
23. Radio ownership and purchase at successive economic levels_ ..... 71
24. Expenditures for medical care at successive economic levels - ..... 74
25. Percentage of total expenditures for community welfare and gifts and contributions going to various items ..... 77
26. Percentage change in the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and clerical workers from the time of the 1917-18 survey to the time of the 1934-36 survey ..... 80
27. Distribution of current family expenditures in 1917-19 and 1934-36 ..... 81
28. Differences in incomes and current expenditures between the groups studied in 1917-19 and 1934-36, in nine cities ..... 82
List of Figures in Part I
Figure 1. Patterns of family expenditures, at successive income levels, Baltimore ..... 19
2. Relative family expenditures, at successive income levels, Baltimore ..... 20
3. Distribution of family expenditures at two different economic levels, Louisville ..... 32
4. Changes in assets and liabilities at successive income levels, Richmond ..... 39
5. Proportion of families having selected housing facilities, at successive economic levels, Norfolk ..... 52
A. Estimated annual clothing expenditures by persons of dif- ferent age, sex, and occupation ..... 67
List of Text Tables in Part II
Table 29. Family income ..... 85
30. Sources of family income at successive income levels ..... 87
31. Expenditures for groups of items ..... 89
32. Average unit expenditure at successive income levels ..... 91
33. Average amount spent per expenditure unit at successive economic levels ..... 93
34. Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels ..... 95
35. Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels ..... 97
36. Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year, at successive economic levels ..... 98
Page
Table 37. Expenditures for food per capita per week ..... 102
38. Proportion of families spending enough to purchase an ade- quate diet at minimum cost, at three economic levels ..... 104
39. Average number of persons per room at successive economic levels ..... 106
40. Housing facilities at the end of the schedule year ..... 107
41. Housing expenditures ..... 109
42. Expenditures for furnishings and equipment at different eco- nomic levels ..... 110
43. Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in fami- lies at successive economic levels, men and boys ..... 112
44. Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in fami- lies at successive economic levels, women and girls ..... 113
45. Radio ownership and purchase, at successive economic levels_
46. Expenditures for recreation and transportation at two differ- ..... 114
ent economic levels ..... 116
List of Figures in Part II
Figure 6. Distribution of family expenditures at two different economic levels, Louisville ..... 90
7. Changes in assets and liabilities at successive income levels, Richmond ..... 100
List of Tables in Part III
Table 47. Sources of family income at successive income levels ..... 122
48. Expenditures for groups of items ..... 123
49. Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels ..... 127
50. Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels ..... 129
51. Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels ..... 130
52. Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in fami- lies, at successive economic levels, men and boys ..... 137
53. Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in fami- lies at successive economic levels, women and girls ..... 139
List of Figures in Part III
Figure 8. Distribution of family expenditures at two different economic levels, Houston ..... 126
List of Tables in Tabular Summary
Table 1. Distribution of families by economic level and income level ..... 143
2. Description of families studied, by economic level ..... 149Occupation of chief earner.
Family type.Nativity of homemaker.Composition of household.Earnings and income.
3. Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level ..... 193
Page
Table 4. Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level ..... 215
5. Description of families studied, by income level ..... 239
Occupation of chief earner.Family type.
Nativity of homemaker.Composition of household.Earnings and income.
6. Expenditures for groups of items, by income level ..... 283
7. Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week, by economic level ..... 305
8. Annual food expenditures, by economic level ..... 393
9. Housing facilities, by economic level ..... 405
10. Housing expenditures, by economic level ..... 417
11. Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level_ ..... 441
12. Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level ..... 465
13. Transportation expenditures, by economic level ..... 477
14. Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level ..... 489
15. Recreation expenditures, by ecomonic level ..... 501
16. Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level ..... 513
17. Clothing expenditures, by economic level ..... 525
18. Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level ..... 559
19. Description of families studied at three economic levels. ..... 565
Composition of household.Earnings and income.
20. Expenditures for groups of items, at three economic levels_-- ..... 576
21. Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economic level and income level ..... 587
22. Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level ..... 593
Composition of household.
Earnings and income.
23. Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level ..... 609
24-A. Coefficients of variation of money disbursements-White families ..... 625
24-B. Coefficients of variation of expenditure items at successive income levels, Houston-White families other than Mexi- can ..... 625
24-C. Coefficients of variation of expenditure items at successive income levels, Norfolk-White families ..... 626
24-D. Coefficients of variation of expenditure items at successive income levels, Norfolk-Negro families ..... 626
25. Expenditures for groups of items estimated from regression equation, Baltimore-White families ..... 627
Note.-For each table except 24A and 25, comparable data for Negro families appear immediately following those for white families.

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## PREFACE

This bulletin is one of a series which present data on the incomes and expenditures of 14,668 families of wage earners and clerical workers in 42 cities with populations over 50,000 . In the present volume are set forth data covering the incomes, current expenditures, savings, and deficits of 2,710 white workers' families in 12 cities of the South, 858 Negro workers' fomilies in 9 of those cities, and 100 Mexican families in Houston. Figures are also shown on housing facilities, the amount and kind of food, clothing, and housefurnishings purchased in the year of the study, and the types of medical care received.

The investigation was undertaken in 1934-36 for the primary purpose of providing the basis for a revision of the weights used for the cost-of-living indexes published currently by the Bureau. The last comprehensive investigation had been made in 1917-19 when wartime price changes and wage adjustments had made imperative a study of the expenditures of workers' families. In the years intervening since that date, rapid changes in workers' purchasing habits had taken place. Changes in technology and in organization of production had served to bring within the workers' reach many items which had been nonexistent or prohibitive in price in the war days. These included silk stockings, rayon fabrics, the widespread use of electricity, modern plumbing, the automobile, and the radio, as well as many other products of modern industry. Such fragmentary studies by private agencies and by the Bureau as had been made since 1919 pointed to impressive changes in workers' consumption habits. A comprehensive inquiry into these new levels of living was accordingly urgently required to obtain an adequate list of the items properly entering into an index of the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and clerical workers.

The increasing importance of the South in the industrial life of the Nation makes the data presented in this volume of particular interest. When compared with comparable data for other regions, they make possible a comparison of the difference in levels at which families in varying regions of the country are actually living.

The study in Houston was made in cooperation with the Works Progress Administration and the Bureau of Social Research of the University of Texas. In Memphis, the Tennessee Relief Administration and the Shelby County Consumers' Council cooperated in the
investigation, while in New Orleans the School for Social Work of Tulane University and the Louisiana Emergency Relief Administration lent their aid. The study in Richmond was carried on in cooperation with the Richmond and Henrico County Consumers' Council, the Virginia State Tax Commission, and the Virginia Emergency Relief Administration. In Baltimore, Dallas, Louisville, and Norfolk, the investigation was carried on with the cooperation of the Works Progress Administration. The investigation was furthered by the assistance of many officials in these organizations and from interested individuals and civic bodies too numerous to be mentioned here by name. In addition, two groups must be recognized as having made the study possible: the individual worker who performed the field collection and office tabulation of the data, often under unfavorable conditions, on a high plane of professional responsibility; and the housewives who laid aside their household tasks long enough to furnish answers to the detailed questions in the schedules.

In the final analysis and preparation of this report, special contributions to problems of method were made by Jerome Cornfield, William S. Shelton, and Samuel E. Cohen. Mary C. Ruark was responsible for the final tabulations. Adrienne C. Mayer assisted in checking the table forms and preparation of text.

Isador Lubin, Commissioner of Labor Statistics.
May 1939.

# Money Disbursements of Wage Earners and Clerical Workers in 12 Cities of the South, 1934-36 

## Summary

This is a study of the levels at which 3,668 families of employed wage earners and clerical workers are living in 12 cities in the Southern Region-Baltimore, Birmingham, Dallas, Houston, Jackson, Jacksonville, Louisville, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, Norfolk, and Richmond. Money incomes of these families averaged $\$ 1,369$. (See pages 15,87 , and 122. $)^{1}$ The incomes of the white families, other than Mexican, studied in the 12 cities averaged $\$ 1,464$; the income of the Negro families $\$ 875$, while average incomes of 100 Mexican families covered in Houston amounted to $\$ 924$.

These differences in income are not, however, an adequate measure of variations in the economic level of the three groups. Size of family ranged from an average of 3.6 persons among the white families other than Mexican to 4.9 among the Mexicans. Number of persons per family among the Negroes averaged 3.8 persons. (See Tabular Summary, table 2.)

The earnings of the chief earners in all these families averaged $\$ 1,321$. Their earnings were supplemented in average families by earnings of grown children, wife, or other family members, but only to the amount of $\$ 147$. (See Tabular Summary, table 2.)

Families of wage earners predominated in the sample, which was chosen to represent a cross section of the wage-earner and clerical group in Southern cities. (See pp. 12, 86, and 122.)

The average family in this region spent practically all its income for current family living with a total of $\$ 1,353$. Food, clothing, and housing together claimed more than seven-tenths of total family expenditure. Less than three-tenths remained to provide for household operation, furnishings and equipment, medical care, automobile and other transportation, recreation, personal care, education, gifts and taxes and miscellaneous expenditures. (See pp. 7, 89, and 123.)

[^0]Food alone cost the average family $\$ 433$. In other words, food took 37 cents out of the average dollar spent to meet the families' current needs. When actual expenditure for food is compared with the cost of the Bureau of Home Economics "adequate diet at minimum cost" it is found that 63 percent of the white families, 22 percent of the Negro families, and 20 percent of the Mexican spent enough to secure this diet. (See pp. 50, 104, and 133.)

Housing expenditures were second in importance, taking a total of $\$ 201$, of which $\$ 93$ represented amounts spent directly for fuel, light, and refrigeration. This total expenditure for shelter represents almost 15 cents out of the average dollar. (See pp. 7, 89, and 123.

Clothing claimed $\$ 148$ or 11 cents of the dollar. This sum covered cleaning and shoe repair as well as ready-made clothing for all members of the family. A negligible amount was spent for materials for home sewing. As would be expected from the difference in their average incomes, there were wide differences in the clothing expenditures of these three groups. Those of the white families averaged $\$ 159$; of the Mexican families, $\$ 127$; of the Negro families, $\$ 92$. Among the white families other than Mexican, the women and girls 18 years of age and over spent more for clothes, on the average, than men in the same age group. In the Mexican and Negro groups, the men spent more; the Negro men slightly more than the Negro women; the Mexican men two-thirds more than the Mexican women. (See Tabular Summary, table 17.)

Of the 28 cents left from the average dollar after food, housing, and clothing had been paid for, the families studied in these southern cities spent 7 cents for automobile purchase, operation, and maintenance. Among all the families covered, 46 percent owned automobiles. The city with the largest proportion of automobile owners was Houston, where 74 percent of the families interviewed reported that they owned cars. (See pp. 69 and 116.)
A comparison of the percentage distribution of expenditures by families in the wage-earner and clerical group in 1917-19 and in $1934-36$ shows striking changes over the 17 -year interval. Some of the differences are due to changes in price relationships. Costs of food, housefurnishing goods, and clothing were lower at the time of this investigation than at the end of the war period; costs of fuel and light and miscellaneous items, higher. Study of the data on actual money expenditures and on prices shows, however, that part of the change in spending is due to changes in consumption habits since the World War. Marked changes in transportation expenditures have come with the automobile. There are, in addition, trends toward larger purchases of food, smaller purchases of clothing, and larger current expenditures for housing. (See p. 81.)

Differences between the figures on average family expenditures in the cities covered by this report reflect differences in the income level of the wage earner and clerical groups in these communities, in consumption habits, and in family size and composition, as well as whatever differences there may be in the price level. They do not measure differences in living costs as between communities.

The results of this investigation must be distinguished from those obtained by pricing a hypothetical budget to secure the cost of a previously defined standard of living. ${ }^{2}$ The investigators who participated in the present study were sent, not to stores to price a predetermined list of goods and services, but to families which were willing to give the detailed facts concerning their incomes and expenditures.

Some of the data obtained on the goods and services purchased by workers' families afford a basis for evaluating the adequacy of the living of the families cooperating in the investigation. A detailed comparison has not been made, however, between the goods actually purchased by the families studied, and the goods included in budget estimates of the amounts needed for maintaining healthful family life.

The terms "level of living" and "plane of living" have been used to describe the actual economic status of the families studied. This actual way of living is distinguished from their "standard of living," the type of living which they regard as normal and proper, or from a "norm of living" established by a group or an agency as adequate or suitable for certain purposes. The term "standard of living" is sometimes used to mean not only the manner of living regarded as proper and suitable by the families themselves, but that recommended by a group or an agency; it is further used to mean the way the families actually are living. This triple usage has been found to be confusing, and on that account the use of the term "standard of living'' in this publication is restricted to its primary meaning as a standard. "Planes of living," the subject of this report, have been distinguished both from standards of the families themselves and from norms or budgets set by agencies or groups.

The families to be interviewed in the investigation were chosen by a random sampling method from the lists of employees furnished by employers also chosen at random. (See appendix D, pp. 658-663.) Since the investigation was initiated primarily for the purpose of obtaining new weights for a cost-of-living index, and the funds for field work and analysis were limited, the survey was restricted to

[^1]the income levels most representative of employed wage earners and clerical workers, ${ }^{3}$ the groups for which the Bureau's cost-ofliving index is computed. The following criteria were used in the selection of families:

1. At least one wage earner or lower-salaried clerical worker who worked a minimum of 1,008 hours in 36 weeks; or 28 hours in each of 30 weeks if employed in a distinctly seasonal industry, such as the clothing and construction industries. ( 1,008 hours was used as being equivalent to $31 / 2$ eight-hour days in each of 36 weeks.)
2. No income from direct relief or work relief at any time in the year covered by the schedule. (See appendix A, p. 650, for proportion of families on relief at the period of the investigation.)
3. A minimum annual income during the schedule year of $\$ 500$, of which at least $\$ 300$ was earned by one person.
4. No clerical worker in the family who earned over $\$ 2,000$ in the year covered by the schedule or $\$ 200$ in any 1 month of that year.
5. Not over 25 percent of total income from sources other than earnings (such as rents, interest, or dividends). Net receipts from boarders and lodgers were treated as earnings.

Family types covered.-The group supplying the material on which this report is based includes families of all types except single person families. ${ }^{4}$ Because of the limitation of funds, the Nation-wide survey of wage earners and clerical workers was not enlarged to include a study of the money disbursements of persons living alone, either as lodgers or as householders.

In any random sample of the population or any occupational group, size of family varies from income level to income level. Since the averages presented in this report are based upon the actual expenditures of a random sample of families of the wage earner and clerical groups, wherever comparisons are made between the spending of families at different income levels, these differences in size of family must be taken into account.

[^2]
## Part I.-White Families Other Than Mexican



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## Chapter 1

## Income Level and Money Disbursements

## Current Expenditures of Each City Group as a Whole ${ }^{1}$

The average current expenditures of the families of white wage earners and lower salaried clerical workers studied in each of the 12 cities in the South approximated very closely average incomes in each city．Current expenditures ranged from an average of $\$ 1,289$ in Louisville to $\$ 1,572$ in Houston．

Table 1．－Expenditures for groups of items， 1 year during the period 1934－36
［Families of wage earners and clerical workers－White other than Mexican］

| Item |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 唐 } \\ & \text { 脗 } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 哭 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average annual current expenditures for all items． $\qquad$ | \＄1，402 | \＄1，462 | \＄1， 458 | \＄1，572 | \＄1，537 | \＄1， 554 | \＄1， 289 | \＄1， 434 | \＄1， 403 | \＄1，294 | \＄1， 569 | \＄1，556 |
| Percentage of total annual current expenditure for－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All items＿．－．．．．．－． | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Food． | 35.6 | 30.5 | 30.4 | 28． 2 | 27.6 | 30.2 | 36.1 | 28.5 | 30.7 | 35.7 | 32.6 | 29.4 |
| Clothing | 10.5 | 11． 4 | 11.8 | 10．6 | 13．7 | 10．7 | 10.0 | 10． 7 | 12．0 | 10．6 | 9.3 | 11． 2 |
| Housing－－－－－－－－－－－－ | 16.4 | 12.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 13.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 14.9 | 16.4 |
| Fuel，light，and re－ frigeration． | 7.3 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 7.6 |
| eration | 3.9 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.1 |
| Furnishings and equipment | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5． 2 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 4.0 |
| Automobile and mo－ torcycle purchase， operation，and main－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tenance－－．－－－－－－－ | 4.3 | 7.2 | 10．2 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 5.0 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 4.6 | 6.0 | 6.5 |
| Other transportation．． | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1． 4 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1． 5 | 1．9 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Personal care．．．．．．．－－ | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2． 2 | 2． 4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2． 2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 |
| Medical care． | 3.4 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 5． 0 | 5． 0 | 4． 1 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 4． 4 | 4． 3 | 4． 1 | 5.3 |
| Recreation． | 5． 3 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 5． 7 | 5． 7 | 6． 4 | 4.8 | 4． 7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5． 7 | 5.0 |
| Education．－．．．．－．－．－．－ | ． 4 | 6 | 7 | ． 4 | ． 5 | ． 5 | ． 4 | ． 4 | ． 6 | ． 3 | ． 6 | ． 6 |
| Vocation．．．．－－－－－－－－－ | 2 | 5 | 2 | ． 4 | ． 3 | ． 2 | ． 3 | ． 6 | ． 3 | ． 2 | ． 3 | 1 |
| Community welfare．－ | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1． 5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1． 3 | 1.4 | 1． 5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.7 |
| Giits and contribu－ tions to persons outside the econo－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mic family．．．．．．．．．－ | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1． 6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1． 9 | 2.2 | 1．5 | 1． 3 | 1． 5 | 1．5 | 1.9 |
| Other items． | ． 1 | ． 8 | .3 | ． 7 | ． 8 | ． 8 | .4 | ． 3 | ． 6 | ． 5 | ． 6 | ． 9 |

[^3]Food.
The central importance of food in the living of these workers' families is indicated by the fact that, in all the cities, expenditures for food represented a larger proportion of total current expenditures than any other item. This was true despite the decline in food prices from 1926 to 1933. Among the white families from whom figures were obtained in Baltimore, Louisville, and New Orleans, the proportion spent for food was on the average about that found among families with comparable incomes in New York City. In the remaining Southern cities the average percentage was from 4 to 9 points lower than that reported in New York. Of the 12 cities under consideration, the percentage of total expenditures allotted to food was highest in Louisville, averaging 36.1, and lowest in Jackson, where it was 27.6.

Average annual food expenditures ranged from $\$ 409$ in Memphis to $\$ 511$ in Norfolk. When family size and composition are taken into account, Norfolk also ranked highest, with $\$ 164$ per adult male equivalent, while Baltimore, Dallas, Louisville, and Houston came next in that order.

An analysis of the data shows that the average family food expenditure is a function not only of income and family size, but also of the level of food prices at the time of the investigation. A significant correlation was found between the rank of food costs in 11 cities, ${ }^{2}$ and the rank of the average expenditure for food by families included in the survey. There is a definite tendency for the amount spent for food per family and per adult male equivalent to be greater in those cities where the food costs were higher.

In New Orleans the average food expenditures ranked considerably higher than would be expected from the level of food costs, the average income, and the size of family. The reason lies in part in the large amounts spent for meals at work. Whereas in the other 11 cities, annual expense for noon lunches and other meals by the white families averaged $\$ 26$, the corresponding expenditures in New Orleans were $\$ 43$. The relatively high food expenditure in New

[^4]1\mathrm{ cent tax.
36 cents to 70 cents.---------------------------------}2\mathrm{ cents tax
71 cents to \$1.09-----------------------------------}3\mathrm{ cents tax.

```

The amount of tax is included in the expenditure for the indicated article. An exception occurs in Tabular Summary, table 7, where sales tax is computed on all the articles of food purchased during the week combined and entered as a separate item. The tax is not showni n Tabular Summary, table 7, for Louisville since the data on detailed food expenditures apply to the period when the tax was not in effect.

Relief.-Since families having received relief at any time during the year were excluded from the investigation, it is important to have some estimate of the proportion of families which were made ineligible for the study on this account.

Table A shows the number of families of two or more persons on relief during the month of the survey when the relief load reached a maximum. These figures and the average size of such relief families were furnished by the Division of Social Research of the Works Progress Administration. The last column of the table shows the percentage which such families formed of the total number of two-or-more-person families reported in the 1930 Census of Population.

Table A.-Families of 2 or more persons on relief in the month during the period of the survey when relief was at a maximum WHITE FAMILIES OTHER THAN MEXICAN
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Reporting area & Months of maximum relief load during period of survey & Number of families of 2 or more persons on relief in that month & Average size of families on relief & Percentage which relief families were of total number of families of 2 or more persons in 1930 \\
\hline Baltimore. & March 1935 & 14,700 & 4.2 & 9.8 \\
\hline Birmingham \({ }^{1}\) & March 1935-........- & 13, 100 & 4.8 & 22.4 \\
\hline Dallas \({ }^{2}\). & March 1935 & 6,300 & 3.4 & 9.7 \\
\hline Houston \({ }^{3}\) & February 1935 & 6,000 & 3.9 & 9.3 \\
\hline Jackson \({ }^{4}\) & September 1934 & 1,900 & 3.9 & 23.4 \\
\hline Jacksonville \({ }^{5}\) & November 1934....------ & 4,200 & 4.0 & 17.7 \\
\hline Louisville. & March 1935..........----- & 3, 100 & 4.2 & 5.0 \\
\hline Memphis \({ }^{6}\) & March 1934 & 3,900 & 4.8 & 4.4 \\
\hline Mobile \({ }^{\text {7 }}\) - & September 1934.........- & 5,900 & 4.0 & 36.0 \\
\hline New Orleans \({ }^{8}\) & November 1934........- & 7,900 & 4.1 & 10.9 \\
\hline Norfolk. & April 1935 ....-.--------- & 800 & 3.6 & 4.2 \\
\hline Richmond. & November 1934.-.------ & 1,800 & 4.2 & 6. 1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{NEGRO FAMILIES} \\
\hline Baltimore. & March 1935 & 10,500 & 4.2 & 37.2 \\
\hline Birmingham \({ }^{1}\) & April 1934.---------.---- & 18, 200 & 4.0 & 47.2 \\
\hline Jackson \({ }^{\text {4 }}\) - & September 1934--------- & 2,600 & 4.1 & 26.2 \\
\hline Louisville. & March 1935-- ------------- & 1,100 & 4.1 & 10.0 \\
\hline Memphis \({ }^{6}\) & March 1934 .----.....-.-- & 5,900 & 4.4 & 19.6 \\
\hline Mobile \({ }^{7}\) - & September 1934.---..--- & 4,600 & 4.1 & 50.7 \\
\hline New Orleans \({ }^{8}\) & November 1934.-------- & 14, 400 & 3.8 & 49.0 \\
\hline Norfolk. & April 1935. & 3, 400 & 3.4 & 36. 6 \\
\hline Richmond. & November 1934 & 2, 200 & 4.1 & 19.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{MEXICAN FAMILIES} \\
\hline Houston \({ }^{3}\). & March 1935... & 1,500 & 5.3 & 39.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) Data are for Jefferson County.
Data are for Dallas County.
\({ }^{3}\) Data are for Harris County.
\({ }^{4}\) Data are for Hinds County.
\({ }^{5}\) Data are for Duval County.
Data are for Shelby County.
\({ }^{7}\) Data are for Mobile County.
Data are for Orleans Parish.
}

\section*{Appendix B}

\section*{Scope of the Investigation}

Geographic area covered in the Southern region.
The investigation was confined to the city limits in the following 10 Southern cities:

Baltimore, Md.
Dallas, Tex.
Houston, Tex.
Jackson, Miss.
Jacksonville, Fla.

Louisville, Ky.
Memphis, Tenn.
Mobile, Ala.
New Orleans, La.
Richmond, Va.

In Birmingham and Norfolk it was found that such a large proportion of the industrial population lived in the area immediately outside of the city limits that the sample would not be representative without the inclusion of families living in certain suburbs. The suburbs included in the Birmingham area were Fairfield, Tarrant City, Irondale, and Bessemer. Those included in the Norfolk area were Portsmouth, South Norfolk, Craddock, Berkely, Ocean View, and Money Point.
Scope of the \(\mathcal{N a t i o n - w i d e ~ s t u d y . ~}\)
In addition to the 12 Southern cities, 30 other cities with population over 50,000 were covered in the investigation of the money disbursements of wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers. Data from both native and foreign-born white families were secured in all cities and from Negro families in the cities indicated in the following list. The results of investigations in the other large cities are summarized in 6 bulletins, as follows:
North Atlantic Region, New York City (B. L. S. Bull. 637, vol. I): White and Negro families.

North Atlantic Region, Eleven Cities (B. L. S. Bull. 637, vol. II):

Boston, Mass.
Buffalo, N. Y.
Johnstown, Pa.
Lancaster, Pa.
Manchester, N. H.
Philadelphia, Pa. (white and Negro families).

Pittsburgh, Pa. (white and Negro families).
Portland, Maine. Rochester, N. Y. Scranton, Pa. Springfield, Mass.

East North Central Region (B. L. S. Bull. 636):

Cincinnati, Ohio (white and Negro families). Cleveland, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio. Detroit, Mich.

Grand Rapids, Mich.
Indianapolis, Ind. (white and Negro families).
Lansing, Mich.
Milwaukee, Wis

West North Central and Mountain Region (B. L. S. Bull. 641):

Denver, Colo.
Kansas City, Mo. and Kansas City, Kans. (white and Negro families).
Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.
Pacific Region (B. L. S. Bull. 639):
Los Angeles, Calif. (white other than Mexican, and Mexican families).
Sacramento, Calif.

St. Louis, Mo. (white and Negro families). Salt Lake City, Utah.

San Diego, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. Seattle, Wash.

42 Cities in the United States (B. L. S. Bull. 638).
With the cooperation of various State authorities correlated studies of the money disbursements of wage earners and clerical workers have been made in the following cities under 50,000 population: (1) In New Hampshire-Berlin, Claremont, Concord, Conway, Dover, Keene, Laconia, Littleton, Nashua, Portsmouth; (2) in MichiganMarquette; (3) in California-Modesto; (4) in Nevada-Reno.

Summaries of the data secured in these smaller cities have been published in the Monthly Labor Review for March 1936; June 1936; and September 1937.

Early in 1936 the Bureau of Labor Statistics undertook a study of consumer purchases which covers all income groups in 32 different cities. Funds were alloted to the project by the Works Progress Administration. At the same time a coordinated study was undertaken by the Bureau of Home Economics in 66 farm counties, in 140 villages, and in 19 small cities. Both of these investigations were made in cooperation with the National Resources Committee and the Central Statistical Board.

The cities covered in the coordinated studies of consumer purchases are as follows:

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
\begin{tabular}{lll}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Aberdeen-Hoquiam, \\
Wash.
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Denver, Colo. \\
Dubuque, Iowa
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
New York, N. Y. \\
Omaha, Nebr.-Council
\end{tabular} \\
Albany, Ga. & Everett, Wash. & Bluffs, Iowa \\
Atlanta, Ga. & Gastonia, N. C. & Peru, Ind. \\
Beaver Falls, Pa. & Haverhill, Mass. & Portland, Oreg. \\
Bellingham, Wash. & Logansport, Ind. & Providence, R. I. \\
Billings, Mont. & Mattoon, Ill. & Pueblo, Colo. \\
Butte, Mont. & Mobile, Ala. & Springfield, Ill. \\
Chicago, Ill. & Muncie, Ind. & Springfield, Mo. \\
Columbia, S. C. & New Britain, Conn. & Wallingford, Conn. \\
Columbus, Ohio. & New Castle, Pa. & Willimantic, Conn. \\
Connellsville, Pa. & &
\end{tabular}

BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS

Astoria, Oreg. Beaver Dam, Wis. Boone, Iowa. Columbia, Mo. Dodge City, Kans. Eugene, Oreg. Greeley, Colo.

Greenfield, Mass. Moberly, Mo.
Griffin, Ga.
Klamath Falls, Oreg
Lincoln, Ill.
Logan, Utah
Mount Vernon, Ohio

New Philadelphia, Ohio
Olympia, Wash.
Provo, Utah
Sumter, S. C.
Westbrook, Maine

\section*{Appendix \(\mathbf{C}\)}

\section*{Period Covered by the Study}

Table B shows the time period to which the schedules collected in the Southern region apply.

The periods to which the largest proportion of the data secured in each city apply are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|}
\hline \hline \\
Schedule year ending \\
& & City & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table B.-Period to which data in schedules for cities in the Southern region apply
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{City, color of sample, and period to which data on schedule apply} & \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{Number of schedules covering the schedule year of-} \\
\hline & W &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline BALTIMORE (WHITE FAMILIES) & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule year & 419 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule quarter: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Mar. 1, 1935, to May 31, 1935 \\
June 1, 1935 , to Aug 31, 1935
\end{tabular} & 419
419 & & & & & & & 419 & & \\
\hline June 1, 1935, to Aug. 31, \(1935 \ldots\) & 419
419 & & & & & & & 419 & & \\
\hline Dec. 1, 1935, to Feb. 29, 1936........ & 419 & & & & & & & 419 & & \\
\hline BALTIMORE (NEGRO FAMILIES) & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule year.-- & 107 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule quarter: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mar. 1, 1935, to May 31, 1935....... & 107 & & & & & & & 107 & & \\
\hline June 1, 1935 to Aug. 31, 1935.......- & 107 & & & & & & & 107 & & \\
\hline Sept. 1, 1935 to Nov. 30, 1935........- & 107 & & & & & & & 107 & & \\
\hline Dec. 1, 1935, to Feb. 29, 1936.......- & 107 & & & & & & & 107 & & \\
\hline BIRMINGHAM (WHITE FAMILIES) & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule year. & 202 & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Schedule quarter: & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Dec. 1, 1933, to Feb. 28, 1934 & 202 & & 202 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Mar. 1, 1933, to May 31, 1934......- & 202 & & 202 & & & & & & & \\
\hline June 1, 1933, to Aug. 31, 1934. & 202 & & 202 & & & & & & & \\
\hline Sept. 1, 1934, to Nov. 30, 1934 & 202 & & 202 & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table B.-Period to which data in schedules for cities in the Southern region apply-Continued


Table B.-Period to which data in schedules for cities in the Southern region apply-Continued


Table B.-Period to which data in schedules for cities in the Southern region apply-Continued


\section*{Appendix D}

\section*{Selection of Families to be Interviewed}

\section*{The method of choosing the sample.}

The method to be used in choosing the sample to be included in a study of the families of employed wage earners and clerical workers presents a serious problem in the absence of a recent census giving for every family, at each address, the occupation of all the earners in the family, and the relief status of the family in the last year. Since no census data were available for use in this investigation, it was decided to use employers' current lists of employees as the basis for sampling in all the cities where the study was carried on. The methods used differed from city to city only insofar as the available data on the names and addresses of employers, and the number of their employees differed from city to city.

In order to provide for an adequate representation of establishments of all types the number of employees in an organization was taken into account in drawing the sample. Wherever possible a complete list of the employers within the city area with the number of their employees was secured, including industrial establishments, banks, insurance companies, wholesale and retail distributors, hotels and restaurants, transportation companies, public utilities, Federal, State, county, and city Governments. The names of the employers with the numbers of their employees were arranged by industry, and the numbers of employees were added in such a way as to secure cumulative totals.

In cities where it was possible to obtain complete lists of employers, the grand total of employees was divided by the number of families planned for the survey in the given city, to obtain a sampling ratio. This ratio was applied to the cumulative totals of employees on the employer list (beginning with a number chosen at random) to secure a new list of employer names, selected at random, and the number of sample employee names to be drawn from the personnel lists of each selected employer. In cities where complete lists of employers were not available, separate sampling ratios were derived for each industrial or trade group, following the same procedure for each group as outlined above for the city as a whole. This procedure was adopted to prevent underrepresentation of a given industry or trade group due to the fact that its list of employers was incomplete, and permitted a reasonable distribution of the sample among the various lines of business on the basis of 1930 census data adjusted to take account of known changes in business conditions since 1930.

Since the employer lists did not give the information necessary to determine whether employees were members of families, whether their families had been on relief during the past year, and what was the amount of the family income, at least five names listed directly after the name of the "sample employee" were drawn, to provide for substitutes in case the first employee whose name was drawn had no family or his family was not eligible for the sample. (See p. 660 for rules for determining eligibility.) If the name of the "sample" employee to be chosen from a given employer's list was drawn too near to the end of the list to secure the five or more substitute names in the usual way, the quota of substitutes was completed by taking the names at the beginning of the list of employees in the same establishment.

The necessity for having a file of substitute names made it seem advisable to limit the sampling to employers of five or more workers in the smaller cities and 10 or more in the larger cities, since the time and funds available for drawing the sample were limited, and visiting employers for the purpose of drawing sample names was a very time-consuming process.

The method of drawing the sample employees may be illustrated by the procedure followed in Richmond. In that city, a composite list of all employers hiring 5 or more employees, together with the number of their employees, was compiled from varied sources. Partial lists were obtained from each of the chamber of commerce, the industrial commission, the N. R. A. code authorities, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Visits were made directly to State and city offices to obtain the numbers of public employees. In counting the numbers of public employees, those earning over \(\$ 2,000\) per year were excluded from the total. Direct visits were also made to the public utility companies and to headquarters of certain chain stores to ascertain the numbers of their employees. Trade association officials furnished lists of the principal employers and approximate numbers of their employees in several lines of service and retail trades. Names of employers were arranged alphabetically and any duplications eliminated. The number of employees in each of these establishments was then cumulated, the grand total being 46,202 . Dividing this total by 300 , the number of schedules desired for Richmond, the sampling ration 1: 154 was obtained. The first employer's name was chosen by adding down the cumulative total of employees to 71 (a number chosen at random from among the numbers 1 to 154). Thereafter, the other firms from whose personnel lists the sample employees were to be drawn were selected because they were the employers of workers number \(225,379,533\), and so on through the cumulative list of employers. The field agents then visited those firms and from their personnel lists drew the sample employees whose names occurred at
the position on the list of the individual firm corresponding to those numbers. Thus if it chanced that employees 687 and 841 were employed by the same firm X and a total of 649 employees had been employed by firms ahead of this firm X on the employer list, employee 687 would be the 36 th employee on the pay roll or personnel list of firm X and employee 841 would be the one hundred and ninetieth employee of firm X.

In all the cities except Baltimore, Dallas, Houston, Louisville, and Norfolk, a single sampling ratio was used. In these cities, the composite list obtained did not provide 100 percent representation for each of the industrial groups. To offset differences in the completeness of the employer lists in given types of employment, separate sampling ratios were used for different industry and trade groups. It is believed that this procedure provided a sample as nearly as possible like that which would have been secured if complete employed lists had been available and a single sampling ratio had been used.
Rules for determining eligibility of families.
After the sample names had been drawn in the manner outlined above, field agents were sent to visit the families of all the employees whose names were the first drawn for each number ascertained by application of the sampling ratios. A schedule was obtained from that family if it was willing and able to furnish the information and met the requirements specified below. If the family failed to meet any of the following specifications, or was for some reason unwilling to give the information, the family of the employee whose name had occurred immediately next on the list of the same employer was visited. If the family of the second employee proved ineligible, the third was visited, and so on.
1. Contact through chief earner.-When families are selected by names of individuals from lists of employees, multiple earner families would be overrepresented unless some measure were taken to prevent it. A family with three earners on the lists of employees would have approximately three chances \({ }^{3}\) to be drawn in the sample as against one chance for the family with one earner. Since families with several earners are more likely to have higher incomes and less likely to have young children than are families with only one earner, such overexposure would have impaired the representativeness of the sample.

In order to prevent such over-representation in the cities studied in the South, two methods were employed, either of which reduced to equality the chance of each family to be included in the final sample. In Baltimore, Dallas, Houston, Jackson, Jacksonville, Louisville, and Norfolk, schedules were secured only from families in which the name of the employee drawn from the lists of employees

\footnotetext{
See appendix G, p. 696, footnote 9.
}
was the name of the chief earner in the family, i. e., member earning the largest amount of money during the year. If a visit to the family disclosed that a name of a member other than that of the chief earner had been drawn, the family was not scheduled. Since a family can have only one chief earner, this procedure effectively equalized the chances of inclusion in the sample for all families. By this method the number of families with more than one earner in the sample was kept to a number proportionate to the number of multiple-earner families in the entire wage earner and lower-salaried clerical group. In Birmingham, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, and Richmond, the alternative procedure was used: a family was scheduled regardless of whether the name drawn from the employee list was that of the chief earner and an adjustment was made in the course of tabulation of the data to correct for this possible over-representation. \({ }^{4}\)
2. Occupation of chief earner.-In each family, included in the survey, the chief earner is either a wage earner or a lower-salaried clerical worker. The classification of occupations according to economic groups presented by A. M. Edwards \({ }^{5}\) in an article based on census data was used in determining whether a person of given occupation should be considered a wage earner or a clerical worker. An exception was made in that the chief earner might not be a foreman, overseer, or domestic servant in private families, although these occupations are treated as wage earners in the Edwards classification. As the study progressed, the need for a more detailed classification of jobs became urgent. When the Works Progress Administration issued a manual, giving more detailed specifications adapted from definitions of the census of 1930 , the new classifications \({ }^{6}\) were employed to assist in the problem of determining whether a specific type of work should properly be treated as part of the occupational group being covered by this investigation. The investigation included families of chief earners in the groups classified as office workers, salesmen, and kindred workers; skilled and semiskilled workers in building and construction; skilled and semiskilled workers in manufacturing and other industries; and unskilled laborers and domestic and personal service workers (except in private families). In a few instances where the chief earner was found to have pursued two occupations during the year prior to the visit of the field investigator, one an occupation classified as wage earner or clerical, and the other as a profession or as the proprietor of owned business, it was ruled that the family was to be included in the study unless the earnings from the profession

\footnotetext{
4 See appendix G, pp. 695-698.
* Socio-Economic Grouping of the Gainful Workers in the United States. Journal of the American Statistical Association 1933 , vol. 28, pp. 377-387.
- Works Progress Admınistration Circ. No. 2; Occupational classification and code, July 1935; and Works Progress Administration Circ. No. 2A: Index of occupations (alphabetical arrangement), occupational classification and code, September 1935.
}
\(74390^{\circ}-41-42\)
exceeded the earnings from the wage-earner or clerical occupation, or unless the income from the owned business was more than one-half the earnings from the wage-earner or clerical occupation, or the expenses of the business could not be separated from the family expenses.
3. Earnings of chief earner.-No family in which the chief earner had not earned at least \(\$ 300\) during the schedule year was included. The family of a chief earner classified as a clerical worker, who earned \(\$ 2,000\) or over during the schedule year, or \(\$ 200\) or over during any one month, was excluded. No upper limit was placed on the earnings of wage earners, nor on total earnings of all members of the family combined, i. e., on family income as such.
4. Occupation and income of subsidiary earners.-No restriction was placed upon the occupation of subsidiary earners with one exception noted below. A family in which there was a subsidiary earner who was, for example, a professional worker or domestic servant in a private home was included provided the annual earnings of this worker were less than those of the chief earner. Families were excluded if a subsidiary earner was in business for himself and his business income and expenditure were so intermingled with the family's that it was impossible to separate them (as for example, a family where the wife carried on a small hair-dressing business in or adjacent to the family's living quarters and used for the business, gas and electricity recorded on the same meters as those recording the gas and electricity used for the operation of the household). Families in which a subsidiary earner was in business for himself were included if the business income and expenditure could be separated from that of the family and the net income from the owned business was less than half of the chief earner's earnings.

If a subsidiary earner was a clerical worker and earned over \(\$ 2,000\) during the schedule year or over \(\$ 200\) during any one month, the family was ineligible for inclusion in the sample.
5. Employment minimum.-In order to avoid the distortion of spending which results from prolonged unemployment and unanticipated curtailment of employment the Study was limited to employed wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers. Figures as to the number of days of employment characteristic of wage earners and clerical workers not being available, it was necessary to set limits below which a worker could not be regarded as having been employed for the schedule year. Only those families were included in which one wage earner or lower-salaried clerical worker within the economic family had worked a minimum of 1,008 hours spread over a minimum of 36 weeks during the year. (This minimum was chosen to represent an average employment of \(31 / 2\) days of 8 hours in each of 36 weeks.) Families in which the chief earner was employed in distinctly seasonal industries
as clothing manufacturing and building were scheduled if the chief earner had employment for as much as 28 hours in each of 30 weeks. These minima, however, are not to be regarded as criteria representing adequate employment.
6. Definition of family.-The Study was limited to private economic families of two or more persons sharing their incomes and living together, sharing the same table, eating not less than two meals a day prepared at home for at least 11 months. In addition families whose situation during the year just previous to the visit of the Bureau's investigator was difficult or impossible to analyze on a statistical basis were excluded from the survey. Specific reasons for such exclusion were as follows:
(a) The homemaker worked away from home both day and night for more than 78 days in the year.
(b) Families boarding for more than 1 month.
(c) Presence of more than the equivalent of two boarders and/or lodgers, i. e., more than 104 boarder and/or lodger weeks (not including related persons giving complete records of their incomes and expenditures).
(d) Families having guests for more than the equivalent of 26 guest weeks. \({ }^{7}\)
(e) Families having another family or two unrelated dependent persons over 21 years of age living with it and completely dependent on it (unless the dependents were parents of the homemaker, husband, or chief earner).
7. Families not on relief.--No families who received direct relief or work relief during the schedule year were included.
8. Family income.-(a) No family was included which had an annual family income less than \(\$ 500\) during the schedule year.
(b) No upper limit was placed upon family income as such but no families were included who received more than one-fourth of their incomes from interest, dividends, royalties, speculative gains or rents (not including net receipts from boarders and lodgers).
(c) No family which received income from an owned business equal to more than half of the chief earner's earnings was scheduled.
(d) No family which received gifts or income in kind of a value equal to a fourth of its total money income was scheduled.
(e) No family which received rent in payment for services was scheduled.
(f) No family which received 3 months or more free rent was scheduled.
9. Residence.-Families must have resided in the area of the investigation for 9 months or more.

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{7}\) Guests were defined as persons not entirely dependent on the family funds who received board and lodging from the family without money payment but from whom it was impossible to secure data on income and expenditures.
}

\section*{Appendix E}

\section*{Nativity of Homemakers in Families Studied}

\section*{White families.}

In all cities except Baltimore, 95 percent or more of the homemakers in the white families in the 12 Southern cities who furnished information were native-born. These percentages compare closely with, and in general are slightly higher than, those for all married white women in the respective cities according to the 1930 census. The corresponding figures are shown in table \(\mathbf{C}\).

Table C.-Homemakers born in the United States
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{City} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Percentage born in the United States} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{City} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Percentage born in the United States} \\
\hline & White homemakers in samples studied in 1934-36 & Married white women (1930 census) & & White homemakers in samples studied in 1934-36 & Married white women (1930 rensus) \\
\hline Baltimore & 89.9 & 86.2 & Louisville. & 99.4 & 96.2 \\
\hline Birmingharm & 98.6 & 96.9 & Memphis & 99.5 & 97.4 \\
\hline Dallas.. & 98.2 & 97.1 & Mobile & 98.6 & 97.3 \\
\hline Houston & 97.1 & 95.4 & New Orleans. & 97.8 & 95.2 \\
\hline Jackson & 100.0 & 99.3 & Norfolk & 95.6 & 95.3 \\
\hline Jacksonville. & 98.3 & 95.1 & Richmond. & 99.0 & 97.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Among the small numbers of foreign-born homemakers in the Southern samples, women from Italy, Germany, and Russia predominate. This corresponds with the census data.

In part, the smaller proportion of the foreign-born among the families covered by the present survey is due to the fact that the various causes restricting immigration in the period since 1914 have resulted in progressively reducing the proportion of foreign-born in our entire population year by year. In addition, other studies have shown that the incomes of the foreign-born are on the average lower than those of the native-born, and that a larger proportion of the foreign-born have been on relief during the depression. Both of these situations are due to the relative difficulties of economic adjustment of immigrants, as compared with native-born families. These factors may have operated in placing a larger proportion of foreign-born than of native-born families below the lower limits of the group covered by the present study. (See appendix D for the limits set by the investigation.) In the Southern cities, inability of foreign-born homemakers to speak English was a negligible factor in reducing the number of schedules
successfully completed by families of the foreign-born. In no city was this problem of sufficient magnitude to require the addition of foreign-speaking field agents to the staff.

\section*{\(\boldsymbol{N e g r o ~ f a m i l i e s . ~}\)}

As would have been expected on the basis of census data, in all of the 9 southern cities in which a Negro sample was taken, 100 percent of the homemakers furnishing information were born in the United States.

Mexican families.
Approximately one-third of the homemakers of Mexican descent who furnished information were born in the United States, and twothirds in Mexico. Only one reported birth outside these two countries. (See Tabular Summary, table 2.) Mexican field agents were employed in Houston.

\section*{Appendix F}

\section*{Field Procedure}

\section*{Interview method of securing data.}

The original data for this report came from families who estimated and calculated their various expenditures, with the help of special forms interpreted by trained field workers. The investigators were provided with a schedule which called for the entry of data on income and outgo in considerable detail, partly because the details themselves are of value and partly because it is easier for informants to remember the individual items of their family transactions than it is to provide the investigator with summary figures. This method was used rather than asking the families to keep records of disbursements at the time disbursements were made, because the procedure followed makes possible the inclusion of many families who would have been unwilling or unable to keep regular household accounts. (For facsimile of schedule used, see fig. B.)

No schedule was accepted for summarization in the present study unless the figures on total money receipts and total money disbursements agreed at least within 5 percent of the larger figure. It is not to be hoped that all the figures in each schedule were accurate to that extent, but there is no reason to suppose any persistent bias in the estimates has appeared in the course of the survey.

Figure B.-Schedule facsimile

Agent....

Information requested is confdenftal and giotng it is moluntary. It witl be ceen only by sworn employess of the Federal Government FAMILY DISBURSEMENTS OF WAGE EARNERS AND SALARIED WORKERS



\section*{II. household operation}

\[
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { FIELD PROCEDURE } & 669
\end{array}
\]

\section*{III A. FOOD pURCHASED AND CONSUMED Last 7 dAys}


II (A). FOOD PUBCHASED AND CONSUMED LAST \% DAYS-Continued


III (A) FOOD PURCHASED AND CONSUMED LAST 7 DAYS-Continued
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{remme} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Untt} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Purchesed} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{ITEME} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Ont} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Purchand} \\
\hline & & & Quan. & Onit prisom & Expenso & & & & Quen & Onationeo & Expano \\
\hline 117. Okra & & & & & & 145. Apples: Freoh. & & & & & \\
\hline 118. Carrota & & & & & & 146. Canned. & & & & & \\
\hline 119. Yellow turaips, rutabaga. & & & & & & 147. Apricots: Fresh & & & & & \\
\hline 120. Squash, winter, pumpkin. & & & & & & 148. Can & & & & & \\
\hline 121. Caulifower & & & & & & 149.'Bananas, & & & & & \\
\hline 122. Celery & & & & & & 150. Berries: Fresh. & & & & & \\
\hline 123. Corn: On ear. & & & & & & 151. Canne & & & & & \\
\hline 124. Canned. & & & & & & 152. Cherries: Freel & & & & & \\
\hline 125. Dried.. & & & & & & 153. Canned. & & & & & \\
\hline 126. Cucumber & & & & & & 154. Grapes: Fresh & & & & & \\
\hline 127. Eggplant... & & & & & & 155. Canne & & & & & \\
\hline 128. Onions: Mature. & & & & & & 156. Peaches: Freak. & & & & & \\
\hline 120.8 Spaing & & & & & & 157. Canped & & & & & \\
\hline 180. Parsaips.... & & & & & & 168. Pears: Fres & & & & & \\
\hline 131. Squash, sumamer... & & & & & & 159. Canned. & & & & & \\
\hline 132. White turnips...-. & & & & & & 160. Pinespple: Presh. & & & & & \\
\hline 133. Other vegetablea & & & & & & 161. Canned & & & & & \\
\hline vegetables, DRIED, and nuts & & & & & & 162. Melon & & & & & \\
\hline 134. Beans: Dry...- & & & & & & 163. Plums: Fresh & & & & & \\
\hline 185. Canned, dried & & & & & & 164. Canned. & & & & & \\
\hline 188. Peas: Black eyet. & & & & & & 165. Other frut & & & & & \\
\hline 137. Other. & & & & & & 166. Cider. & & & & & \\
\hline 138. Nuts: Shelled...- & & & & & & 167. Grape juice. & & & & & \\
\hline 139. In shell. & & & & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{168. Other fruit juices_-} & & & & & \\
\hline 140. Peanut butter- & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline frult, frutt juices & & & & & & 169. Apricots. & & & & & \\
\hline 141. Lemons. & & & & & & 170. Peach & & & & & \\
\hline 142. Oranges. & & & & & & 171. Prune & & & & & \\
\hline 143. Grapefruit: Fresh. & & & & & & 172. R & & & & & \\
\hline 144. Canned. & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{173. Dates.} & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

III (A). FOOD PURCEASED AND CONSUMED BAST Y DAYS-Contimued


III (B). FOOD-ANNUAL EXPENDITURE


IV (A). Clothing-men and bots



IV (B). CLOTHiNG-WOMEN AND. GIRLS-Continued
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{ITEM} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Member ......... Age ......... } \\
& \text { Weoks ........ }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Member ......... Aso ......... \\
Weers ........
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\multirow{2}{*}{ITEM}} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Member \(\qquad\) A \(\qquad\) \\
Weals \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Member \(\qquad\) Age \(\qquad\) Weaks \(\qquad\)} \\
\hline & \[
\underset{\substack{\text { Nom. } \\ \text { bear }}}{ }
\] & Prico & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { Rpend } \\
& \text { iture }
\end{aligned}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Quar. } \\
& \text { Qupr } \\
& \text { tor pred. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Nomb & Prico & Expena & \[
\left.\begin{array}{|}
\text { Quar- } \\
\text { ter pror- } \\
\text { chased }
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] & & & \(\underset{\substack{\text { Numer }}}{ }\) & Prico & Expond &  & \(\underset{\substack{\text { Numb }}}{ }\) & Priso & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{E}_{\text {Prpead }} \text { iture }
\end{aligned}\right.
\] & \[
\sqrt{\text { Quar: }}
\] \\
\hline 31. Dreases: Cotion, etreet.... & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\left(\begin{array}{l}
56 . \\
57 . \\
58 .
\end{array}\right\} \text { Pajamas, loung } \begin{aligned}
& \text { ing and beach. }
\end{aligned}\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\text { Cotton........ } \\
\text { Silk, rayon. } \\
\text { Other. } . . . . . . . . ~
\end{array}\right.
\]}} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 32. Sill, rayon. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 33. Silk, rayon... & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 34. Wool... & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{59. Bathrobes--....--................} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(35 . \quad\) Wool... & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{60. Kimonos, negligees_.............}} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 36. Other-.. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 87. Other... & & & & & & & & & & 62. Silk. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 38. Aprons. & & & & & & & & & & 63. Silk & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 39. Coveralle. & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{64. Ray} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 40. Knickers, breechea, shorts.... & & & & & & & & & &  & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 41. Slips: Cotton... & & & & & & & & & 66. & Wool. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 42. Silk & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{67. Shoes: Street} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 43. Rayon....... & & & & & & & & & 68. & Street & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 44. Corsets, girdles..... & & & & & & & & & & Dress. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 45. Brassierea. & & & & & & & & & & Dress. & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
46. \\
Cotton.
\end{tabular} & & & & & & & & & & Sport & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 7. Union sulte and Wool & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{72. Sport.}} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 47. Combinations. Wool & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 48.) Silk, rayon & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{73. House slippers.} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 49. Underwaits, ahirta. & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{75. Sho} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 80.1 Cotton. & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{76. Rubbers......-.-..............-} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{77. Aretics, gaitera........-.........} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 52. ties. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { sif......... }\end{aligned}\) & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{78. Gloves: Cotton.} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline 53.)Nightrowng (Cotton, light. & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline  & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline E5. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { ing } \\ & \text { mas. }\end{aligned}\) paja- \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Solks, rayon....... } \\ & \text { Silk, }\end{aligned}\) & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
81. Bathing suits, sun suits \(\qquad\) \\
82. Handkerchiefg.
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

purchasing procedures in schedule year


V: furnishings and equipment

V. FURNISHings and equipment-Continued

furnishings and equipment received feek
ITEM
1. 1.



\section*{CHANGES in the form and amount of family assets and hibilities in the year} TO \(\qquad\)


\section*{office recoid}

\section*{Edited by}

\section*{Arithmetic checked by}


Schedule No. \(\qquad\)

City

State

Income group .................................................................
Color

Family Composition

\section*{Check interviewing.}

At the beginning of the ficld work one out of every five schedules submitted by each agent was checked by one of the supervisors in an interview with the family having originally provided the schedule data. The Washington office provided the field office with specific instructions concerning the methods of handling the check-interviews. The schedules to be checked were chosen at random. The name of the agent making the first call was not known to the check-interviewer, thus eliminating any possible personal bias. In returning to the family for a check-interview, the investigator provided the informant, usually the homemaker, with a brief summary of the family expenditures and the balance of receipts and disbursements, checked it with her, and checked also the details of some section of the schedule, selected at random.

Later in the course of the field work, if the check interviews disclosed that certain agents were having difficulty in obtaining accurate information, a larger proportion of the schedules collected by these particular agents was checked. When the check showed that the work of certain agents was very accurate, only 1 out of 10 schedules was verified by a return interview. As the work progressed in the cities where relief workers were used in the field work, some of the relief workers whose schedules had proven wholly reliable were advanced to the position of check-interviewers.

\section*{Food check lists for 1 week.}

Previous experience in collecting statistics on the details of annual food expenditures has shown the difficulty of securing reliable estimates of the year's purchases. The schedule for this investigation was, therefore, prepared with two sections dealing with food expenditures. The first was in effect a check list providing in detail for the entry of the quantities of foods purchased and used, and expenditures for foods in the week immediately preceding the interview. The second section was prepared to contain a summary of food expenditures during the year. The section for entry of foods during 1 week (which listed over 194 foods) served two purposes. It secured from each family detailed estimates of food purchases with as high a degree of accuracy as is possible unless supervised records of purchases are obtained, and it served to remind the homemaker of her customary expenditures, thus making it easier to estimate the family's total outlay for food in the four quarters of the year covered by the schedule.

\section*{Weekly records of food consumption.}

In order to obtain as much information as possible on seasonal differences in food purchases and food consumption, each family interviewed was asked in addition to keep a record of food purchases
and food consumption for 1 week in at least two, and preferably four, different quarters. The following numbers of weekly food records were obtained in the respective cities:

Number of food records obtained












These food records are being used by this Bureau for a report on seasonal variations in food expenditures which will appear at a later date. They were turned over to the Bureau of Home Economics, United States Department of Agriculture, where they have been analyzed for dietary adequacy. Preliminary results of that analysis are included in "Nutritive value of diets of families of wage earners and clerical workers in North Atlantic cities, 1934-35" which appeared in the Monthly Labor Review for July 1936. A more complete report is that by Hazel K. Stiebeling and Esther F. Phipard entitled "Diets of families of employed wage earners and clerical workers in cities," United States Department of Agriculture Circular No. 507, January 1939.

\section*{Appendix G}

\section*{Analytical Procedure}

\section*{Income classification.}

Data on family composition, earnings and income, and group expenditures are summarized by income levels at \(\$ 300\) intervals to provide a basis for comparison of the results from this investigation with earlier studies. The same data are also presented by income level for families of types comparable with those studied in the 1917-18 investigation.

\section*{Classification by economic level.}

The analysis of data on family expenditure is complicated by the fact that, although, in general, the family spends as a unit, families are not comparable units, because of variation in size and age composition. A family of two adults with an income of \(\$ 1,200\) is obviously on an economic plane considerably higher than a family of six adults with the same income. Statistical analyses of the expenditures of a sample of families chosen at random is further complicated by the fact that in most cities the size of the family among wage earners and clerical workers increase as income increases, as larger family incomes are more apt to come from increases in the number of earners, than from the higher wages of the husband.

To meet these difficulties as well as to take into account the fact that consumer demand varies with age, sex, and occupation, the families were sorted according to economic level as measured by amount spent per total-expenditure unit. To ascertain the economic level of each family the first difficulty arose in the necessity of taking into account the variations in consumer demand within each family due to differences in family composition.
Expenditure unit-food relatives.
The problem was met in the present investigation by computing separately for food, clothing, and for other items, the customary expenditure of persons of different age, sex, and occupation. The scale used in computing the relative expenditure for individuals for food was based on data secured from the Bureau of Home Economics, showing quantities of food estimated as actually consumed by persons of different age, sex, and physical activity. These estimates were based partly on the energy requirements of persons of different age, sex, and occupation, and partly on data on actual food consumption of families of urban wage earners and clerical workers. (To have secured an adequate number of records of the actual food consumption
of individuals for this purpose would have required an expenditure far beyond the resources of either of the Bureaus concerned.)

It was necessary to convert estimated quantities of food consumed by persons of different age and sex into estimated food costs. This was done by multiplying these quantities of food by retail food prices to find the ratio which expenditures for women and boys of various age groups bore to expenditures for full-time employed men aged 20 and over. The problem arose as to whether the prices used as multipliers should be individual city prices or averages for the United States. A test was conducted on a sample of 12 cities where the study was in process in the winter of 1935 . For each of these cities, the same quantities of food were multiplied by the respective retail food prices for the given city. It was found that, despite the use of varying prices from city to city, the relative expenditures for women and children bore approximately the same ratio to those for employed men in each city. It was therefore decided to use, for all 12 of these cities, a scale of consumer expenditure for food based on United States average prices in 1934. The same procedure was followed for all other cities, with adjustment for changes in food prices as the investigation advanced. The food expenditure scales were recalculated on the basis of average prices in the year ending May 31, 1935, and on average prices in the calendar year 1935 and these food relatives were used for schedules in cities where the field work was completed later. Within a given city, where field work extended over a considerable period, each schedule was coded with the food relatives for the period most nearly corresponding to the schedule year.
Table D.-Relative food expenditures for persons of different age, sex, and occupation \({ }^{1}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Age-sex-occupation group} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Calculated on the basis of-} \\
\hline & Average prices calendar year 1934 & Average prices year ending May 31, 1935 & Average prices calendar year 1935 \\
\hline Male & & & \\
\hline Boys under 2 & 0.51 & 0.48 & 0. 48 \\
\hline Boys 2 and under 4. & . 54 & . 52 & . 51 \\
\hline Boys 4 and under 7 . & . 61 & . 59 & . 58 \\
\hline Boys 7 and under 9 & . 79 & . 77 & . 76 \\
\hline Boys 9 and under 11. & . 86 & . 84 & . 84 \\
\hline Boys 11 and under 13. & . 92 & . 91 & . 90 \\
\hline Boys 13 and under 16. & 1.01 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\
\hline Boys 16 and under 20.... & 1.02 & 1.02 & 1.02 \\
\hline Men, 20 and over, unemployed and part-time e & . 90 & . 90 & . 89 \\
\hline Men, 20 and over, full-time employed...- & 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.00 \\
\hline Female & & & \\
\hline Girls under 2. & . 51 & . 48 & . 48 \\
\hline Girls 2 and under 4 & . 54 & . 52 & 51 \\
\hline Girls 4 and under 8 & . 61 & . 59 & . 58 \\
\hline Girls 8 and under 11 & . 79 & . 77 & . 76 \\
\hline Girls 11 and under 14. & . 86 & . 84 & . 84 \\
\hline Girls 14 and under 20. & . 92 & . 91 & . 90 \\
\hline Women, 20 and over, moderately active. & . 83 & . 83 & . 82 \\
\hline Women, 20 and over, active............... & . 92 & . 92 & . 92 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
1 Based on estimated actual diets of urban wage earners and lower-salaried clerical workers prepared by the Bureau of Home Economios, U. S. Department of Agriculture.
}

\section*{Expenditure unit-clothing relatives.}

The data secured in the present investigation were used as the basis for computing the scales of expenditure for clothing of persons of different age, sex, and occupation. The average annual clothing expenditures of white men wage earners and clerical workers, 21 through 35 years old, in all the cities covered in the present study were \(\$ 56.68\). This amount is regarded as unity (1.00) in arriving at standard scales of expenditure for persons of other ages, sex, or occupation. In the following table average clothing expenditures of each class of persons are expressed as percentages of the average clothing expenditures of this group of employed men.

Table E.-Relative clothing expenditures for persons of different age, sex, and
\([1.00=(\$ 56.68)\), expenditure of male wage earners and clerical workers aged 21 and under 36 ]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Age} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Male} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Female} \\
\hline & Under 5, and at school & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { At } \\
\text { home }
\end{gathered}
\] & Clerical & Wage earner & Under 5, and at school & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { At } \\
\text { home }
\end{gathered}
\] & Clerical & Wage earner \\
\hline Under 2. & 0.19 & & & & 0.19 & & & \\
\hline 2 2and under 6 & . 34 & & & & & - & & \\
\hline 9 and under 12 & . 53 & & & & . 56 & & & \\
\hline 12 and under 15 & . 63 & & & & . 77 & & & \\
\hline 15 and under 18 & 88 & 0.74 & 1.02 & 1.02 & 1.01 & 0.94 & 1.08 & 1.08 \\
\hline 18 and under 21 & 1.01 & . 80 & 1. 14 & 1.13 & 1.28 & 1.05 & 1. 60 & 1. 63 \\
\hline 21 and under 24 & & . 57 & 1. 14 & 1.07 & & 1.04 & 1.66 & 1. 60 \\
\hline 24 and under 27. & & 48 & 1. 13 & 1.00 & & 1.02 & 1.64 & 1. 46 \\
\hline 27 and under 30 & & . 46 & 1. 10 & . 96 & & 1.00 & 1.62 & 1. 36 \\
\hline 30 and under 36 & & . 44 & 1.04 & . 92 & & . 96 & 1.58 & 1. 23 \\
\hline 36 and under 42 & & . 43 & . 94 & . 81 & & . 88 & 1.48 & 1.07 \\
\hline 42 and under 48 & & . 41 & . 87 & . 81 & & . 78 & \begin{tabular}{l}
1.35 \\
1.18 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} & \\
\hline 48 and under 54 & & \begin{tabular}{l}
39 \\
37 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & .80
.75 & . 76 & & . 68 & 1. 18 & . 86 \\
\hline 54 and under 60 & & .37
.35 & . 75 & .69
.60 & & . 58 & 1.03
.78 & . 76 \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Data based on white families in 42 cities combined.
As there were not a sufficient number of cases of Negroes or Mexicans, it was not possible to develop separate Negro or Mexican clothing relative scales. It was therefore necessary to use the same scale in computing number of clothing-expenditure units in the family for the Negro, Mexican, and other white families.

Since it was necessary to begin the coding and the tabulation of the schedules before the field work was completed, the computations of unit clothing expenditure \({ }^{1}\) were at first made on the basis of preliminary scales computed from the clothing expenditure data in the schedules available at the time for the given city or group of cities within a region. After the field work had been terminated and much of the tabulation completed for all 42 cities, the scales given in the foregoing table were constructed on the basis of data for all these cities, all of which had populations over 50,000 .

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{1}\) By unit clothing expenditure is meant the annual amount spent for clothing per clothing expenditure unit.
}

It was desired that the scales should represent only those differences in clothing expenditure which are due to the three factors (age, sex, and occupation) which were being measured in the computation of the scales. To compute the scales, after elimination of the influence of the other variables of family income and family size in the computations, the following steps were taken.
(1) Cards representing each person in all the families studied in cities with populations over 50,000 were sorted into cells such that all persons classified in a given cell were from families with the same income and of the same size, and the group of persons whose clothing expenditure was being studied were of the same age, sex, and occupation.
(2) The average clothing expenditure for all the persons in each cell was then computed.
(3) These averages were then combined for each age-sex-occupation group. In making this combination, each age-sex-occupation group within each family-income family-size class was given the same weight. These weights were determined by the number of persons in each family-income family-size cell for all age-sex-occupation groups combined. The resulting averages for each age-sex-occupation group are the averages that would have been obtained if the distribution of persons by family income and family size had been the same in each age-sex-occupation group. The procedure followed in combining averages by the use of constant weights is similar to the procedure of a standard population frequently used by biologists in attempting to compare rates while eliminating differences caused by differing distributions by sex, age, marital status, etc. (cf. Raymond Pearl, Medical Biometry and Statistics, Philadelphia and London, 1930, ch. IX, "Standardized and corrected death rates," pp. 265-277).
(4) For each sex-occupation group there were now a series of average clothing expenditures for each age. These results were smoothed to eliminate minor irregularities.
(5) Absolute clothing expenditures at each age were converted to relatives by dividing the smoothed averages for each sex-occupation group for each age by the smoothed average expenditure for employed men aged 21 through 35.

The revised scales developed on this basis are still subject to the limitations of the nature of the population sampled, but they represent what seem to be the most definitive scales yet available showing effective demand for clothing among families of wage earners and clerical workers.

The revised scales were used to recode and reclassify the schedules for unit expenditure \({ }^{2}\) in order to test the magnitude of the differences in final results which would have been obtained had the revised scales been used at the outset. The new distribution of families was not substantially different from the distribution for which the preliminary clothing scales were used. Since clothing expenditures represent a fairly small proportion, ranging from one-eighth to one-tenth of family expenditures, it will be seen that even a fairly large revision in the clothing expenditure scales would yield only a slight change in total unit expenditure. The nature of the process will be clear from the sample code sheet, p. 694. Consequently, the distribution of families by economic level did not shift much with the introduction of revised relative clothing expenditure scales. Since, upon analysis, the changes were not found to be important, in all tables in the Tabular Summary and in the text, the distribution of families by economic level remains as it was established by the coding based, among other elements (see sample code sheet, p. 694) on the preliminary relative clothing expenditure scales.

The revised clothing scales did, however, produce a more pronounced change in the item "average number of clothing-expenditure units per family," and correspondingly in the figure "unit clothing expenditure." \({ }^{3}\) The figure for "average number of clothing expenditure units per family," based on the revised scales is therefore used throughout in the Tabular Summary and in text tables. Correspondingly the figure "average number of expenditure units" " per family, whenever it appears in the Tabular Summary or in a text table, is based, among other elements including food and "other" expenditure, upon unit clothing expenditure computed from the revised relative clothing expenditure scales.

The item "average number of clothing expenditure units" or "average number of expenditure units" or both, occurs in tables 2, 3, \(5,6,19,20,22\), and 23 of the Tabular Summary.

The change in "average number of expenditure units" resulting from use of the revised scales was much smaller than the change in "average number of clothing expenditure units" for the reason discussed in a preceding paragraph on the small change in the distribu-

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{2}\) By unit expenditure is meant total amount of family expenditure per expenditure unit. The unit expenditure, which is used as synonymous with "economic level" and with "amount spent per expenditure unit," is the sum of the following three items:
1. Unit food expenditure, or total family food expenditure per food-expenditure unit;
2. Unit clothing expenditure, or total family clothing expenditure per clothing-expenditure unit;
3. Per capita "other" expenditure, or total family expenditure for all items, save food and clothing, per person in the economic family for 52 weeks.
\({ }^{3}\) This figure is not published in the Tabular Summary but the reader may compute it by dividing the average total family clothing expenditure for any group by the average number of clothing expenditure units per family in that group. It is shown in text tables 6 and 8.
\({ }^{1}\) This figure is derived by dividing total family expenditure by total unit expenditure. The computation of this latter figure was explained in footnote 2 above; also see sample code sheet, p. 694.
}
tion of cases according to unit expenditure. Nevertheless the figure on the revised basis appears in the text and the Tabular Summary since it is consistent with the revised figure for clothing expenditure units. The latter figure is published rather than the preliminary figure since it is believed, after extensive analysis and experimentation, that it represents a better approximation, based on more complete data and a more satisfactory summary technique, to a definitive answer to the question: how does the clothing demand or customary clothing need of one family of given composition compare with that of another family of different composition? Lacking any absolute scale of clothing need, any such scale of clothing expenditure can, at best, only be an approximation. Nevertheless, the figures set forth on the basis of the revised scales are presented as the result of considerable study and experimentation as the most definitive yet available (granted the assumptions that age, sex, and occupation do create real differences in the social situation of individuals, which in turn affect their need to make clothing expenditures as much or more to meet social custom as for reasons of health). A further reason for presenting the revised clothing expenditure unit figures is that the figures stand as such independently of any other figures in the tables. That is, since the preliminary figures were used simply as a means to classification of cases and nowhere in the tabulations as an end product, the presentation of revised figures for this one item in no way disturbs the usefulness of the other items not affected by the revision.

\section*{Expenditure unit-other items.}

Any attempt to compute customary expenditures on items other than food and clothing for persons of different age, sex, and occupation in the wage earner and clerical groups would have required securing data on the expenditures for individuals in greater detail than seemed practical. It was, therefore, decided to compute expenditure per adult male equivalent for "other times" on the assumption that in actual practice with a given income a family divides the use of its goods, and its expenditures for all items other than food and clothing, about equally among the members of the family.

\section*{Total expenditure unit.}

In finally computing the amount spent per total-expenditure unit for a given family, three measures of family size were calculated, one in terms of food-expenditure units (i. e., food relatives), another in terms of clothing-expenditure units (i. e., clothing relatives), and a third giving equivalent full time members of the economic family (i. e., a relative of 1.00 for each member in the economic family for 52 weeks). In computing each of these measures for an individual, the length of time the individual was dependent on the family funds was taken into account. This was done by multiplying the appropriate

\footnotetext{
\(74390^{\circ}-41-44\)
}
relative by the decimal equivalent of a year during which the person was dependent on family funds.

Expenditures by the given family for food were then divided by the number of food-expenditure units in the economic family, expenditures for clothing by the number of clothing-expenditure units in the economic family, and expenditures for other items by the number of equivalent full-time persons in the economic family. The number of dollars spent per total-expenditure unit was secured by adding together the three quotients and this sum was used as a measure of the economic level of the family. The following sample code sheet shows the method of coding for a specific family:

Figure C. Sample code sheet


It should be noted that the computation of family size in terms of expenditure units is based on estimates of customary relative expenditures without regard to the adequacy of the goods consumed to meet physical or psychological needs. These units are not adapted for use in setting up or in revising ideal or normal budgets. That is, it is impossible to use these units in calculating the family budget needed if a child is to be added to the family without disturbing the level which the family budget was originally prepared to meet, nor may they be used to determine the subtraction possible if a budget computed for a family of given size is to be applied to a family with one less child, but without disturbing the standard which the budget was calculated to purchase. Such additions or subtractions can properly be made for the purpose indicated with these expenditure units only if the standard by which the budget was originally computed was in
terms of these same units. Thus, if a budget for a family of given size has been calculated on the basis of a given number of expenditure units, using the relatives described in this study, along with some predetermined sum taken as meeting the needs of an adult man, the budget may be increased to care for the addition of a person to the family by use of this series of units. But if the original budget for, let us say, a family of two adults and two children was calculated on some other basis, the increase of the total budget by the decimal equivalent represented by an expenditure unit from this study corresponding to a child of specified age will not assure the continuance at the same standard of living of the family when a third child is added.

The measures used in calculating size of family in expenditure units in the present study are intended to represent customary behavior in families where the addition of a child is not as a rule accompanied by any addition to income, and the family must adapt its expenditures to meet the new situation. In arriving at the scales used to measure family size, no adjustments were included for possible differences in the economy of purchasing for larger as compared with smaller families.
Adjustment for contact with families through other member than chief earner. \({ }^{5}\)
In Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans, and Richmond, a substantial number of families included in the sample were those of persons whose names had been drawn from employee lists in the usual manner, but who proved to be subsidiary rather than chief earners. This method of scheduling required that the resulting overrepresentation of multiple-earner families be eliminated by a process of adjustment during the course of tabulation. Throughout this report all data for these 4 cities have been adjusted in accordance with the procedure set forth hereafter. In Baltimore, Dallas, Houston, Jackson, Jacksonville, Louisville, and Norfolk, since the ruling of contact only through the chief earner was followed in scheduling, \({ }^{6}\) the data could be tabulated without adjustment. In Memphis, schedules obtained through contact with other members than chief earner were so few that they could be discarded and the data accordingly tabulated without adjustment.

The purpose of the adjustments described in the following paragraphs was to keep the importance of families with more than one earner in the sample in Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans, and Richmond proportionate to the number of two-earner, three-earner,

\footnotetext{
© The mathematical solution to the problem of weighting to adjust for overrepresentation of multipleearner families in the sample, discussed in this section, was developed by S. W. Wilcox.
\({ }^{6}\) See appendix D, p. 658.
}
etc., families in the entire wage-earner and clerical groups in these cities. The only available information on the distribution of families by the number of gainful workers was that contained in the 1930 Census of Population. These data were not used for the derivation of adjustment factors, however, first because the employment situation had changed drastically since 1930, and secondly because the data were available only for the population as a whole, whereas there were strong reasons for believing that the importance of different earner groups varied with economic level. \({ }^{7}\) It was, therefore, necessary to construct adjustment factors from the data at hand.

The problem was to increase the importance of single-earner families and decrease the importance of multiple-earner families in the sample to the same proportions that would have been obtained had only families contacted through the chief earner been scheduled. The principle observed, was that if it had been possible to draw a truly random sample from the desired population of families of employed workers, one-earner families would have had the same chance to be included as they had in the sample as actually drawn, while twoearner families would have had one-half and three-earner families one-third the chance to be included which actually obtained when the sample was chosen from lists of workers. \({ }^{8}\)

To accomplish this objective, the data were adjusted by a factor which took into account three elements: (1) The number of earners in the family, (2) the total number of families in the sample, and (3) the distribution of families according to their number of earners at successive income levels or economic levels, whichever was under consideration.

The first element is inherent in the basic.problem of the adjustment of the relative proportions of one-earner and multiple-earner families. By multiplying the total number of families in the first earner \({ }^{9}\) group by a number in the neighborhood of 1 , the total number in the second earner group by approximately one-half, the total number in the third earner group by approximately one-third and so on, a number of families for all the earner groups combined could be obtained which was corrected for the overrepresentation of multiple-earner families.

\footnotetext{
'For example, the census itself showed that 66.0 percent of the families renting their houses, but only 57.6 percent of the families owning their homes had one gainful worker.
\({ }^{8}\) Actually the corrective factor or weight needed with a two-earner family would be slightly different from one-half and with a three-earner family would be slightly different from one-third. For an elaboration of this point see appendix \(G\), Bulletin No. 641 .
- In the actual process of tabulation, the schedules were sorted into groups according to the number of equivalent full-time earners at the quarter nearest the date when the sample was selected. This figure was the nearest approximation to the exact number of persons in the family on payrolls at the date of sampling. Thus families were classified in the first earner group if their number of full-time earners were 1.0 or less; as in the second earner group if their total number of full-time earners was between 1.1 and 2.0 ; as in the third earner group if between 2.1 and 3.0 , etc. Thus the first element of the adjustment factor would be the reciprocal of the average number of earners in a group rather than the simplified \(1,2,1 / 3\), eto. Actually the two figures were very close. For purposes of discussion, the simplified figures of 伯, etc., are used.
}

The application of the factors symbolized by \(1,1 / 2,1 / 3\), etc., to the number of families, however, would have reduced the number of families in the sample below the number actually scheduled and necessitated the second element of the adjustment factor. This element was a constant computed by dividing the actual number of families scheduled by the reduced number of families obtained as outlined in the preceding paragraph. This ratio \({ }^{10}(R\) on table \(D\) ) was then multiplied by the factor \(1,1 / 2,1 / 3\), etc. (or in practice the reciprocal of the average number of earners in each earner group (see column 4 on table F) to obtain the adjustment factor for each earner group. The final adjustment factor is shown in column 6 of table D.

Table F.-Derivation of adjustment factors for earner groups
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Earner groups \({ }^{\text {t }}\) & Number of families scheduled \(F\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
Number of equivalent full-time earners \\
E \\
(3)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Average number of equivalent full-time earners
\[
\mathfrak{a}=\frac{E}{F}
\]
\[
(3) \div(2)
\] \\
(4)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Reduced number of families \(\frac{F}{a}\)
\[
(2) \div(4)
\] \\
(5)
\end{tabular} & Final adjustment factor \({ }^{2}\)
\[
\frac{R}{a}
\]
\[
R \div(4)
\] \\
\hline 1.0 or less. & 103 & 98. 66 & 0.9578 & 107. 54 & 1.37 \\
\hline 1.1 to 2.0 & 125 & 209.75 & 1. 6780 & 74.49 & . 7828 \\
\hline 2.1 to 3.0 & 18 & 44.63 & 2. 4794 & 7.26 & . 5298 \\
\hline 3.1 to 4.0. & 4 & 15. 65 & 3.9125 & 1.02 & . 3358 \\
\hline City total. & 250 & & & 190. 31 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 I. e., number of equivalent full-time earners in family on pay rolls in nearest quarter to date sample was drawn, by earner groups. A worker employed 13 weeks in the quarter was counted 1.0 , and workers employed for shorter periods were counted as appropriate decimals.
\({ }^{2} R=\frac{\text { footing of column (2) }}{\text { footing of column (5) }}=\frac{250}{190.31}=1.3136\).
Correction for the third element, namely the differing proportions of multiple-earner families found at differing income levels or differing economic levels, does not appear in table F, but is in fact operative when the adjustment factors shown in table \(F\) are applied to the actual data. This can be demonstrated from the illustration of this procedure in table G. Though the adjustment factor shown in column (3) of table G is numerically the same for each given earner group in each income level, and in each economic level, as the case may be, the procedure followed results in effect in averages or percents which are weighted by the constant adjustment factor (column 3) multiplied by the ratio of the varying number of unadjusted families in each earner group (column 2, line f, k, etc.) to the total number of adjusted families in the expenditure or income group (column 4, line s).

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{10}\) The introduction of the denomintors \(1,2,3\), etc., takes care of correct adjustment in securing the averages; the use of \(R\) adjusts the count of families to the number actually scheduled. The factor \(R\), which could be canceled out of the formula for the average, is nevertheless preserved for the sake of symmetry, so that the weights would be the same in the formula for average and the formula for count. (See footnote 12.)
}

It can be seen from table E that the weighted average for the first economic level is
\(\frac{1}{35}\left[\frac{78.50}{19} \times(1.3715) \times 19+\frac{57.00}{10} \times(0.7828) \times 10+\frac{15.40}{2} \times(0.5298) \times 2\right]\).
It is apparent that \(\frac{78.50}{19}, \frac{57.00}{10}\), and \(\frac{15.40}{2}\) are averages for the succes-
sive earner groups, and \(\frac{1.7715 \times 19}{35}, \frac{0.7828 \times 10}{35}\), and \(\frac{0.5298 \times 2}{35}\) are
the weights. Following the same line of reasoning, the corresponding weights for the second economic level are
\[
\frac{1.3715 \times 44}{70}, \frac{0.7828 \times 9}{70}, \text { etc. }{ }^{11}
\]

From the fact that \(\frac{1.3715 \times 19}{35}\) does not equal \(\frac{1.3715 \times 44}{70}\) it is
apparent that the weight for the first earner group varies from level to level in accordance with the varying proportions of families with different numbers of earners, at each level. In this respect, the process of adjustment used is superior to the use of even up-to-date census data, since the adjustment takes account of the variation in the importance of families with a given number of earners from economic level to level, while census data would not have given this information by level.
A very close relationship exists between number of earners and economic level. The need of adjustment as between proportions of families having differing numbers of earners consequently implies the need of adjustment as between proportions of families at different economic levels. It will be seen from table \(G\) that the process of adjustment, while it maintained the same total number of families in the entire city sample as were actually scheduled, provided the necessary adjustment as between economic levels.

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{11}\) For same information in algebraic terms, see Bulletin No. 641, appendix \(G\).
}

Table G.-Illustration of application of adjustment factors to schedule data


Table E shows how, in practice the data from individual schedules were classified by earner groups within economic levels, the data for each earner group approximately adjusted, and the adjusted totals combined into grand totals and averages for the respective economic levels.

The unadjusted number of families in the sample is shown in column (2). The final objective was always to obtain the appropriate total or average for a given economic level (or income level) as a whole and not for each separate constituent earner group, even though to obtain this result it was necessary to use different adjustment factors for the different earner groups comprised within the economic level. Accordingly the adjusted number of families shown in column (4) is obtained by multiplying the total unadjusted number of families (column 2, lines \(f, k\), etc.) for each earner group by the appropriate adjustment factor (column 3) derived in table \(D\). The adjusted aggregate expenditure (columns 6,8 , etc.) for each earner group is obtained in a corresponding manner. The adjustment factor required for a given earner group is the same regardless of whether the expenditure item under consideration is the total of all categories of expenditure, or a given category, such as food or medical care, or a specific item such as groceries or dental care.

In order to obtain the average for the entire economic level (lines t , tt , etc., on table E ) the adjusted aggregate (column 6, lines s , ss , etc.) was divided by the rounded adjusted number of families (column 4, lines s, ss, etc. \({ }^{12}\)

\footnotetext{
\({ }^{12}\) For the reader who prefers an algebraic statement of the adjustment procedures followed, see Bull. No. 641, appendix \(G\).
}```


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This reference and those given in subsequent paragraphs in this summary indicate the pages where figures for individual cities are given.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Such a study has recently been completed by the Works Progress Administration, Division of Social Research, in cooperation with the Retail Price Division of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. In this survey, prices were obtained in 59 cities covering the cost of items of goods and services necessary for a maintenance level and an emergency level of living for a 4-person family of a manual worker. Results of this study are published in a report of the Works Progress Administration by Margaret Loomis Stecker, entitled "Intercity Differences in Costs of Living in March 1935, for 59 Cities," Washington, D. C., July 1937.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ The importance of obtaining data on the consumer purchases of higher-salaried clerical workers, professional workers, managers and officials, and those in business for themselves was generally recognized Early in 1936 the Bureau of Labor Statistics undertook a Study of Consumer Purchases which covers all economic groups, in 32 different cities. Fuods were allotted to the project by the Works Progress Administration. At the same time a coordinated study was undertaken by the Bureau of Home Economics in 66 farm counties, in 140 villages, and in 19 small cities. Both of these investigations were made in cooperation with the National Resources Committee and the Central Statistical Board. For cities covered see appendix B, p. 651.

    4 The study of the living of single individuals presents a separate and distinct problem which will be covered by the Bureau at a later date. At the request of the emergency relief board in Philadelphia, the Bureau of Labor Statistics undertook a study of the incomes and money disbursements of employed wage earners and clerical workers living as single individuals in that city in the year 1934-35. The results of that investigation will be published in a subsequent bulletin.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Throughout the report，the term＂current expenditures＂is used to mean expenditures for ultimate consumer goods，including relatively durable consumption goods．Interest on money borrowed for family use has been included in such expenditures，but savings and investments have not．The time and funds available for the investigation have not made possible the presentation of separate totals giving expendi－ tures for the more slowly consumed，as distinguished from quickly consumed，goods．Indeed，the data on depreciation rates for relatively durable consumer goods are so fragmentary that it would be extremely difficult to do so．Expenditures for such durable goods as automobiles，mechanical refrigerators，and other furnishings and equipment have been classified with expenditures for food and carfare and other quickly consumed goods as＂current expenditures，＂while money spent for permanent improvements on owned homes and other real estate or as payment on the principal of mortgages has been classified as savings． The total cost of consumers goods purchased on credit was included in current expenditures，and the amount of the obligations outstanding on them at the end of the year was taken into account when computing changes in liabilities over the 12 －month period．（See appendix A，p．632．）

[^4]:    ${ }^{2}$ For the 11 cities for which the Bureau of Labor Statistics collects retail food prices, the retail cost of the Bureau of Home Economics' adequate diet at minimum cost for a man at moderate work was computed for a period approximating that covered by the investigation. (See Stiebeling, H. K., and Ward, M. S., Diets at four levels of nutritive content and cost, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Circular No. 296, Washington, 1933.) The cities rank as follows in the cost of this diet for the specified periods:

    | City | Year ending | Cost of adequate diet | City | Year ending | Cost of adequate diet |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Baltimore | Feb. 29, 1936 | \$129 | Houston. | Feb. 29, 1936 | \$120 |
    | Dallas. | ----do..----- | 128 | Richmond. | Nov. 30, 1934 | 119 |
    | Jacksonville | Aug. 31, 1935 | 128 | Birmingham | -...do....-. | 118 |
    | Louisville. | Feb. 29, 1936 | 128 | Mobile | Feb. 28, 1935 | 113 |
    | Norfolk | --..- do........- | 128 | New Orlea | Nov. 30, 1934 | 107 |

    Orleans is not, however, entirely explained by expenditures at restaurants and lunch counters. The average expenditure for food to be consumed at home was also higher than would be expected, and seems to imply that there was a greater emphasis in New Orleans than in the other cities on the variety and the quality of the food which went into the year's menus.

    The amount of family income also affects the average. In Norfolk, where the white families studied enjoyed the highest income, the average amount spent for food was greatest even though that city did not have the highest food costs. Average income for the families covered in each city appears nevertheless to be a less important factor in the southern area than in other regions.

    ## Housing.

    Consistently for the white families in all of the 12 cities, expenditures for housing came next in importance to food. Due to the varying proportion of families having heat and light included in rental payments, accurate comparison of housing expenditures can be made only after the outlays for housing and for fuel, light, and refrigeration have been combined. The proportion of total expenditure allotted to this aspect of family living ranged from 19 percent in Jacksonville to 24 percent in Richmond. In general, these percentages tend to be lower than those found in the North Atlantic, East North Central, and West North Central regions. The differences are probably due in part to differences in mean winter temperatures ${ }^{3}$ and hence lower fuel expenditures in the Southern region.

    A rough notion of housing adequacy may be formed by a check on the type of housing facilities. The proportion of renters without one or more of the four following housing facilities, running hot water, inside flush toilet, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking, ranged from 70.7 percent in Mobile to 17.8 percent in Jackson. For home owners, the corresponding figure ranged from 65.6 percent in Mobile to 13.9 perceat in Baltimore. These figures were in general higher than those among white families in other regions studied.

    ## Clothing.

    Clothing expenditures came third in importance for the Southern groups studied everywhere except in Dallas and Houston. In all 12 cities the range in the proportions of total expenditures they claimed was somewhat narrower than that in the percentages allotted to food and housing. In 6 of the 12 cities the percentage of the total allotted to clothes ranged from 10.0 to 10.7 percent. The lowest percentage was 9.3 in Norfolk, and the highest 13.7 in Jackson.


    ## Transportation.

    In Dallas and Houston the competition of automobile expenditures with those for clothing is very close. In these two cities sums paid out for transportation, both for the purchase, operation, and maintenance of automobiles and motorcycles and for other forms of transportation, constituted the third largest item of family expenditures, exceeding those for clothing. In the remaining cities this type of outlay formed the fourth largest item. A large part of these expenditures were undoubtedly for recreational purposes, but it was impossible to secure from the families surveyed any estimate of the distribution of transportation expenditures between the various purposes they served.

    Automobile expenditures were notably lower in Baltimore, New Orleans, and Louisville, while in each of these cities a higher proportion of the expenditures were for other forms of transportation.

    ## Recreation.

    The types of expenditure classified under the heading of "recreation" claimed on the average about 5 cents of each family dollar. They ranked fourth in importance of total expenditures in Baltimore and New Orleans, fifth in Norfolk, and sixth in Birmingham, Houston, Jackson, Jacksonville, Louisville, and Mobile. In the recreation group there have been included expenditures for amusement by families of all tastes, but expenditure for tobacco and movies constituted the biggest items classed under this heading in each of the 12 cities.

    ## Other items.

    Between 3 and 6 percent of total expenditures were devoted to medical care, and from 4 to 6 percent to furnishings and equipment. In most cities slightly more than 2 percent of all expenditures were allocated to personal care; i. e., services in barber shops and beauty parlors, cosmetics, and toilet articles and preparations. Household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, education, vocation, community welfare, and gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic families made up the balance of the annual expenditures.

    ## Family Income

    The families studied included persons working in manufacturing industries, wholesale and retail trade, transportation and communication, building construction, public employment, hotels and restaurants, banking and real-estate houses, garages, laundries, and places of amusement. In addition, in Norfolk persons engaged in fishing were also included, as were individuals employed in coal mines in Birmingham, and in oil wells in Houston. No families in which the chief earner was in domestic service were included in the investiga-
    tion, although a family was eligible for scheduling if subsidiary earners were domestic servants.
    In all the cities except Jacksonville, where trade was the most important source of employment, the largest proportion of families had a chief earner engaged in manufacturing. Iron and steel and tobacco manufacturing, together with sawmills and woodworking industries, were the most important in the number of employees drawn from manufacturing industries. Workers in food processing and its allied trades likewise constituted an important part of the sample drawn from manufacturing in all the cities covered in the area. Food manufacturing (primarily the canning of sea food) was especially prominent in the New Orleans manufacturing sample, and food manufacturing of other types was of notable importance in Birmingham, Jackson, Jacksonville, Louisville, and Mobile. Many of the workers whose names were drawn from manufacturing establishments were employed in printing, publishing, and engraving establishments, in chemical and allied trades, and in textile and clothing manufacture.

    After manufacturing, in most of the 12 cities, the next largest group of names were drawn from workers in wholesale and retail trade of various types, and from those in the diverse occupations classed under the heading of transportation and communication. These latter included dock and wharf workers in the seaport cities, workers on steam railroads and electric trolley systems, auto bus and truck operators, operators and maintenance employees of telephone and telegraph companies, etc. Public employees in municipal, State or Federal offices or agencies also constituted a substantial portion of the sample.

    Families of wage earners predominated in all the samples, comprising between 53 and 76 percent in each of the 12 cities (see table 2). In Birmingham, Dallas, Jackson, Jacksonville, and Norfolk, families of skilled workers predominated in the wage-earner group, with those of semiskilled workers next in order, and those of unskilled workers least numerous. In the 7 other cities, families in which the chief earner was a semiskilled worker were the most numerous, those of skilled workers being of next importance, and those of unskilled workers least (see table 2).

    In a time of full employment, the proportion of wage earners would have been somewhat larger in all the cities studied. Even though the dates covered by the survey in these southern cities were substantially later than the low points in both employment and payrolls in the manufacturing industries. ${ }^{4}$ Other reports ${ }^{5}$ have shown that


    such workers have suffered more from irregularity of employment and low earnings in the period since 1929 than clerical workers, and that consequently a larger proportion of them have been on relief. Since the present study excluded families below certain levels of employment and income, and families having been on relief ${ }^{6}$ during the year prior to the interview by the field workers, the proportion of clerical workers is larger than it would have been had the study been made in 1929.

    Table 2.-Occupational classification of chief earners, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City | Number of families in survey | Percentage of families in which chief earner was- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Clerical worker | Skilled wage earner | $\begin{gathered} \text { Semiskilled } \\ \text { wage } \\ \text { earner } \end{gathered}$ | Unskilled wage earner |
    | Baltimore. | 419 | 29.3 | 28.4 | 32.0 | 10.3 |
    | Birmingham | 202 | 37.1 | 33.7 | 25.2 | 4. 0 |
    | Dallas...- | 294 | 46.9 | 24.1 | 23.5 | 5.5 |
    | Houston. | 258 | 41. 1 | 22.5 | 27.1 | 9.3 |
    | Jackson. | 150 | 46.7 | 26.7 | 21.3 | 5.3 |
    | Jacksonville | 178 | 44.9 | 28.1 | 24.7 | 2.3 |
    | Louisville. | 197 | 24.4 | 29.4 | 30.5 | 15.7 |
    | Memphis | 194 | 40.7 | 27.3 | 28.9 | 3.1 |
    | Mobile. | 146 | 34.9 | 28.8 | 32.2 | 4.1 |
    | New Orleans | 318 | 39.6 | 23.0 | 26.4 | 11.0 |
    | Norfolk-Portsmouth | 162 | 28.4 | 41.4 | 22.2 | 8.0 |
    | Richmond..... | 192 | 34.9 | 29.2 | 32.8 | 3.1 |

    Net money income per white family studied averaged $\$ 1,300$ in Louisville and New Orleans, slightly over $\$ 1,400$ in Mobile, about $\$ 1,450$ in Baltimore, Birmingham, Dallas, and Memphis, about $\$ 1,550$ in Houston, Jackson, and Jacksonville, and about $\$ 1,600$ in Norfolk and Richmond. ${ }^{7}$ The average income is influenced in all cities by a scattering of the higher incomes. In every city, the mean average was slightly higher than the median, the income level that divides the families into two equal groups (see table 3).

    Table 3．－Family incomes， 1 year during the period 1934－86
    ［Families of wage earners and clerical workers－White other than Mexican］

    | Item |  |  | 哭 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 劳 } \\ & \text { 最 } \\ & \text { 总 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 宮 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families in survey． | 419 | 202 | 294 | 258 | 150 | 178 | 197 | 194 | 146 | 318 | 162 | 192 |
    | Net money income： <br> Arithmetic average | $\|\$ 1,437\|$ | ， 441 | 475 | \＄1，567 | ， 541 | \＄1， 566 | \＄1，308 | \＄1，459 | \＄1，417 |  | \＄1， 614 | 585 |
    | First quartile．－．－．．．－－ | 1， 089 | 1，078 | 1， 134 | 1，249 | 1， 080 | 1， 125 | ＋978 | 1，104 | 1， 036 | 911 | 1，277 | 1， 169 |
    | Median | 1，381 | 1， 390 | 1， 440 | 1，505 | 1，441 | 1，517 | 1，236 | 1，440 | 1， 383 | 1，260 | 1，560 | 1，495 |
    | Third quartile．．．－－－－．－ | 1，700 | 1，785 | 1，800 | 1， 842 | 1，926 | 1，922 | 1，535 | 1，816 | 1，828 | 1，655 | 1，955 | 1，908 |

    The range of money incomes was from $\$ 500,{ }^{8}$ the lower limit set by the plan of the investigation，to the $\$ 4,670$ reported by a family drawn in the random sample in Richmond．The highest income covered in the survey in each of the other cities was as follows：

    | Mobile | \＄4， 426 |
    | :---: | :---: |
    | Houston | 3， 941 |
    | New Orleans | 3，835 |
    | Baltimore | 3， 744 |
    | Birmingham | 3， 680 |
    | Jacksonville | 3， 677 |
    | Jackson | 3， 657 |
    | Louisville | 3， 654 |
    | Norfolk | 3， 573 |
    | Dallas | 3， 402 |
    | Memphis | 2， 880 |

    The occupation of the chief earner was found not to be the most important factor in determining the family＇s annual income．${ }^{9}$ The number of earners in the family and their length of employment were quite as significant，if not more so．
    In each city the maximum incomes were reported by families in which several persons contributed to the family purse．For example， the Richmond family having an annual income of $\$ 4,670$ was made up of eight persons，five of whom were earning and contributing their earnings to a common fund．The average number of earners in the family having the maximum annual incomes in the other cities was 3．4．

    The relationship between family income and number of contributors to the family fund suggested by the foregoing example is confirmed by other data from the investigation (see table 4). Average earnings of the chief earner at the lowest income level (i. e. families receiving from $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ ) averaged between $\$ 631$ and $\$ 763$ in the 12 cities. The proportion of total family income represented by the earnings of the chief earners decreased with rise in income level. This decline was accounted for largely by the sharp increase in earnings of subsidiary earners among families with larger incomes, as there was no regular change in the proportion of total income coming from sources other than earnings at different income levels. In some cases, two earners produced less than $\$ 900$ of family income; in fact, in half the southern cities, at least 1 out of every 5 families with incomes of less than $\$ 900$ had more than 1 person employed at some time during the year. The proportion of families with more than 1 gainful worker increased, though not markedly, within the family income range from $\$ 900$ to $\$ 2,100$. In general, 1 out of each 2 to 4 such families had more than 1 earner. Within this range the family income of wage earning families depends to a great extent upon the size of the individual incomes. However, the opportunities for individual earnings of more than $\$ 2,100$ are so limited among wage earners ${ }^{10}$ that family incomes of more than this amount depend primarily upon the presence of several earners. Thus in all but 1 southern city studied, at least 1 out of 2 of the families that had incomes of more than $\$ 2,000$ achieved this level because of the presence of 2 or more earners in the family; in 3 cities all families above this level averaged more than 2 earners per family. The number of gainful workers per family was relatively lowest at all income levels in Norfolk, where a large number of highly skilled workers are regularly employed in the navy yards.

    In view of the criteria used in selecting families for inclusion in the study (see pp. 658-663), it is not surprising to find that earnings of individuals (excluding receipts from boarders and lodgers) constituted the chief element in family incomes. Indeed, in every city, earnings of individuals represented 95 percent or more of total family income (see tables 4 and 5). Of the remaining 5 percent of family income, the greatest proportion came from net receipts from boarders and lodgers. The next largest item in most cities was pensions and insurance annuities, followed by rent, interest, and dividends. The latter items accounted for an average of $\$ 17$ per family in NorfolkPortsmouth and, at the low end of the range, for only $\$ 5$ per family in Birmingham, Dallas, and Louisville. Gifts from persons outside the economic family (chiefly relatives) and income from miscellaneous


    sources were generally small. Business losses and expenses not deductible from individual earnings but deductible from total family income, averaged $\$ 6$ or less in all cities but Houston.

    Table 4.-Sources of family income at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Income group | Number of families | A verage net money income ${ }^{1}$ | Average number of gainful workers per family ${ }^{2}$ | Percentage of income from- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  | Earnings of chief earner | Earnings of subsidiary earners ${ }^{3}$ | Other sources |
    | Baltimore, all families.-------------------- | 419 | \$1,437 | 1. 40 | 84.8 | 13.9 | 1.3 |
    | Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 49 | 765 | 1.16 | 94.5 | 4.7 | 8 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 95 | 1,057 | 1.24 | 90.1 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500. | 120 | 1,349 | 1.31 | 88.1 | 10.9 | 1.0 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800. | 67 | 1,625 | 1.39 | 90.6 | 9.2 | . 2 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 51 | 1, 933 | 1.63 | 81.7 | 16.5 | 1.8 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 17 | 2,252 | 2.24 | 61.6 | 36.4 | 2.0 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700. | 9 | 2, 483 | 2.33 | 68.7 | 29.7 | 1. 6 |
    | \$2,700 and over | 11 | 3,070 | 1.91 | 69.5 | 26.5 | 4.0 |
    | Birmingham, all families | 202 | 1,441 | 1.39 | 86.1 | 10.8 | 3.1 |
    | Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 24 | 748 | 1.32 |  | 12.0 | 3.6 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 39 | 1,044 | 1.31 | 89.0 | 8.0 | 3.0 3.0 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 50 | 1,320 | 1.31 | 90.4 | 7.1 | 2.5 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800. | 41 | 1,639 | 1.43 | 88.2 | 9.1 | 2.7 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 36 | 1,892 | 1.29 | 88.3 | 8.9 | 2.8 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 7 | 2, 211 | 1. 69 | 76.8 | 21.3 | 1.9 |
    | \$2,400 and over | 5 | 3,131 | 2.98 | 52.2 | 38.2 | 9.6 |
    | Dallas, all families_ | 294 | 1,475 | 1.36 | 85.8 | 12.9 | 1.3 |
    | Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 30 |  |  |  | 7.9 | 4.4 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 57 | 1,040 | 1. 33 | 89.2 | 10.0 | . 8 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500. | 71 | 1,331 | 1.34 | 89.9 | 9.4 | . 7 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 57 | 1,618 | 1. 19 | 91.5 | 7.6 | . 9 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 57 | 1,915 | 1.37 | 87.0 | 12.3 | . 7 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400. | 8 | 2,223 | 1.62 | 73.6 | 25.3 | 1.1 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700. | 8 | 2,507 | 2.50 | 62.3 | 35.4 | 2.3 |
    | \$2,700 and over. | 6 | 2,926 | 2.17 | 52.9 | 41.3 | 5.8 |
    | Houston, all families. | 258 | I, 567 | 1. 52 | 86.7 | 11.9 | 1.4 |
    | Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 12 | 738 | 1.75 | 85.6 | 13.7 | 7 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 46 | 1, 068 | 1.35 | 92.1 | 7.6 | .3 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 67 | 1,357 | 1.34 | 91.5 | 6.9 | 1.6 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 58 | 1,642 | 1.47 | 92.6 | 6.6 | . 8 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 53 | 1,929 | 1.53 | 89.0 | 9.2 | 1.8 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400. | 10 | 2,243 | J. 80 | 72.3 | 21.5 | 6.2 |
    | \$2,400 and over | 12 | 2,979 | 2.83 | 53.1 | 45.5 | 1.4 |
    | Jackson, all families. | 150 | 1,541 | 1.59 | 79.7 | 18.2 | 2.1 |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$. <br> $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | 17 | 761 1,043 | 1.29 1.30 | 93.8 91.9 | 6.3 6.7 | -1.4 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500. | 32 | 1, 327 | 1.34 | 86.0 | 11.1 | 2.9 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 24 | 1,636 | 1.46 | 86.6 | 10.9 | 2.5 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 20 | 1,929 | 1.95 | 72.8 | 26.1 | 1,1 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 15 | 2, 208 | 1.87 | 77.1 | 19.3 | 3.6 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700 | 5 | 2,492 | 2.80 | 57.8 | 41.5 | . 7 |
    | \$2,700 and over- | 7 | 2, 983 | 2.71 | 57.0 | 41.1 | 1.9 |

    Table 4.-Sources of family income at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-96-Continued

    | Income group | Number of families | Average net money income | Average number of gainful workers per family | Percentage of income from- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  | Earnings of chief earner | Earnings of subsidiary earners | Other sources |
    | Jacksonville, all families. <br> Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$. <br> $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ <br> $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$ $\qquad$ <br> $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,800$ <br> $\$ 1,800$ to $\$ 2,100$ <br> $\$ 2,100$ to $\$ 2,400$ <br> $\$ 2,400$ to $\$ 2,700$ <br> $\$ 2,700$ and over | 178 | \$1,566 | 1. 50 | 84.3 | 13.9 | 1.8 |
    |  | 20 | 751 | 1.45 | 90.0 | 7.6 | 2.4 |
    |  | 33 | 1,056 | 1. 42 | 89.4 | 9.1 | 1.5 |
    |  | 33 | 1, 345 | 1. 30 | 92.9 | 4.2 | 2.9 |
    |  | 32 | 1, 626 | 1. 41 | 86.1 | 11.6 | 2.3 |
    |  | 34 | 1,924 | 1.47 | 90.5 | 8.7 | . 8 |
    |  | 13 | 2. 233 | 1. 69 | 82.0 | 17.3 | . 7 |
    |  | 5 | 2,528 | 2. 20 | 62.9 | 36.5 | . 6 |
    |  | 8 | 3, 189 | 2.50 | 52.0 | 44.6 | 3.4 |
    | Louisville, all families....------..-----...-- | 197 | 1,308 | 1.31 | 88.6 | 10.1 | 1.3 |
    | Families with annual net income of$\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 33 | 781 | 1.18 | 95.1 | 4.2 | 7 |
    | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | 59 | 1,057 | 1.20 | 91.7 | 7.0 | 1.3 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 51 | 1,340 | 1.35 | 86.6 | 12.5 | . 9 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 29 | 1,650 | 1.34 | 92.0 | 7.6 | . 4 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 17 | 1,944 | 1.65 | 82.9 | 16.7 | . 4 |
    | \$2,100 and over | 8 | 2,545 | 1.50 | 78.8 | 13.4 | 7.8 |
    | Memphis, all families.-.-------------------- | 194 | 1,459 | 1.18 | 90.4 | 7.8 | 1.8 |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  | 97.6 |  |  |
    |  | 35 | 1,072 | 1.04 | 97.6 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
    | \$1,200 to $\$ 1,500$ | 44 | 1,345 | 1.14 1.20 | 92.4 | 5.7 | 1.9 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 37 | 1,628 | 1.11 | 89.6 | 9.6 | 8 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 40 | 1,915 | 1.12 | 91.9 | 6.3 | 18 |
    | \$2,100 and over | 13 | 2,381 | 1. 77 | 72.4 | 24.8 | 2.8 |
    | Mobile, all families.------------------------ | 146 | 1,417 | 1.41 | 87.6 | 10.8 | 1.6 |
    | Framilies with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$00 to \$9 | 29 | . 025 | 1.20 | 97.0 | 3.1 | $-1$ |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 21 | 1,056 | 1.39 | 86.6 | 10.2 | 3.2 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 35 | 1, 320 | 1.45 | 87.9 | 9.9 | 2.2 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 24 | 1,652 | 1.23 | 92.6 | 6.9 | . 5 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100. | 26 | 1,938 | 1.34 | 92.7 | 5.3 | 2.0 |
    | \$2,100 and over | 11 | 2,575 | 2.39 | 65.2 | 33.8 | 1.0 |
    | New Orleans, all families. .-.------------- | 318 | 1. 302 | 1.33 | 84.9 | 12.5 | 2.6 |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to $\$ 000$-------------- | 74 | 731 | 1.17 | 94.0 | 5.1 | . 9 |
    | \$000 to \$1,200 | 71 | 1.038 | 1.13 | 92.3 | 5.7 | 2.0 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 60 | 1, 332 | 1.37 | 84.7 | 11.6 | 3.7 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 72 | 1,671 | 1.29 | 89.0 | 8.7 | 2.3 |
    | \$1,800 to $\$ 2.100$ | 25 | 1,885 | 1.73 | 79.8 | 19.2 | 1.0 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 7 | 2,094 | 2.36 | 49.0 | 39.7 | 11.3 |
    | \$2,400 and over | 9 | 2,656 | 2.43 | 55.3 | 44.3 | . 4 |
    | Norfolk-Portsmouth, all families..-.......- | 162 | 1,614 | 1.12 | 93.4 | 3.7 | 2.9 |
    | Families with annual net income of$\$ 600$ to $\$ 800{ }^{5}$ | 10 | 785 | 1.00 | 97.2 | 2.4 |  |
    | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$. | 23 | 1,057 | 1.35 | 90.0 | 8.1 | 1.9 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 40 | 1,344 | 1.05 | 95.2 | 3.6 | 1.2 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 32 | 1,620 | 1.06 | 96.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 28 | 1,917 | 1.14 | 95.6 | 3. 1 | 1.3 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 20 | 2,199 | 1.15 | 95.0 | 3.5 | 1.5 |
    | \$2,400 and over | 9 | 2,876 | 1.11 | 79.3 | 4.6 | 16. 1 |
    |  | 192 | 1,585 | 1. 59 | 79.8 | 18.4 | 1.8 |
    | Families with annual net income of$\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | 27 | 750 | 1.16 | 94.7 | 3.1 | 2.2 |
    | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | 29 | 1,111 | 1. 52 | 85.0 | 14.3 | 2. 7 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 42 | 1,347 | 1. 55 | 86.9 | 11.0 | 2.1 |
    |  | 37 | 1,658 | 1. 40 | 87.2 | 11.3 | 1. 5 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 24 | 1,977 | 1. 67 | 82.5 | 16.3 | 1.2 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 12 | 2,214 | 1. 69 | 75.4 | 20.7 | 3.9 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700 | 12 | 2,540 | 2. 28 | 64.3 | 34.8 | . 9 |
    | \$2,700 and over | 9 | 3,270 | 2.99 | 50.7 | 46.6 | 2.7 |

    Table 5.-Items comprising family income, 1 year during the period 1934-96
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Item |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families in survey $\qquad$ | 419 | 202 | 294 | 258 | 150 | 178 | 197 | 194 | 146 | 318 | 162 | 192 |
    | Average ret money income, total. | \$1,437 | \$1,441 | \$1,475 | \$1,567 | \$1,541 | \$1,566 | \$1,308 | \$1,459 | \$1,417 | \$1,302 | \$1,614 | \$1,585 |
    | Average earnings from all individuals. | 1,391 | 1, 370 | 1,435 | 1,525 | 1,490 | 1,518 | 1,258 | 1,394 | 1,384 | 1,248 | 1,541 | 1,521 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 27 |  | 20 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 33 | 39 | 11 | 21 | 25 | 35 |
    | Total income from all other sources: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Rent, interest, and dividends. | 11 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 15 | 6 | 11 | 17 | 12 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 6 | 15 | 9 | 13 | 17 | 11 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 20 |  |
    | Gifts --.---------- | 3 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 3 |  | 8 | 1 | 7 |
    | Miscellaneous sourres. | 3 | 19 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 12 | 7 |
    | Business losses and expenses (deduct) | -4 | (1) | $-6$ | -15 | -5 | $-1$ | -5 | (1) | -6 | (t) | -2 | (1) |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$

    ## Distribution of Expenditures at Successive Income Levels

    Family expenditures for each one of the major groups of items in the budget increased with increases in income. The relative increase differed, however, from one item to another. (See Tabular Summary table 6.) The percentages spent for food, and for housing, and fuel, light, and refrigeration combined, were generally smaller at the higher income levels than at the lower. On the other hand the percentage spent for clothing, transportation, items of household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, and gifts to persons outside the economic family tended to increase with increases in income.

    The tendency noted in other regions for the percentage of total expenditures allotted to personal care to remain constant regardless of income holds true in general for the cities in the southern region, but the average proportion in the southern cities is as a rule 2.5 percent, as compared with 2.0 in most of the cities in other regions. Recreation expenditures accounted for about the same percentage of total expenditures at high as at low income levels, except in New Orleans, where there was a very definite rise in the proportions allotted to recreation from low to high income levels. Contributions to community welfare in the form of income and poll taxes, gifts to community institutions, and other miscellaneous expenses received about the same percent of total expenditures at high as at low income levels.

    The particular circumstances of a given family, its tastes and habits, its experience, with unexpected illness or other emergencies, all may contribute to explain differences in its expenditures in a particular
    year from those of other families in the same city, even if they were of the same size and have the same incomes. In small samples, the experience of individual families tends at times to produce erratic movements. Thus, for example, expenditure for medical care showed no clear relation to income level. Also, the percentage expenditures for furnishings and equipment failed to show a consistent tendency from low to high income levels in all 12 cities. Irregularities in the movement of the percentage of total expenditures going to such items as clothing, recreation, gifts, and contributions were noted in many cities. At the highest incomes, where the sample is smallest, there were irregularities even in the movement of the percentage of total expenditures going for food and housing.

    The general pattern of expenditure emerges more clearly if the data are portrayed without regard to these fluctuations that may be due entirely to the fact that only a small proportion of the workers in the city could be surveyed. The pattern is best revealed by curves that cut through these accidental variations and that approximate the results which would probably have been obtained had it been possible to obtain a schedule from every family in the employed wage earner and clerical group. Such an estimate for Baltimore is presented in figures 1 and 2.

    The scale used in figure 1 in graphing patterns of family expenditures was chosen to show the absolute importance of the different items included in the family budget. It shows the concentration of family funds in expenditures for food and housing. It also brings out the current competition between expenditures for clothing and for transportation. At all income levels within the range studied, average family expenditures for transportation (including expenditure for automobile purchase and operation) were nearly as great as those for clothing. At no income level in Baltimore, however, did they exceed clothing expenditures as in Dallas, Houston, and certain cities in the Pacific, West North Central, and East North Central regions. In this respect Baltimore was more like Philadelphia, selected as typical of the North Atlantic region than like the cities farther west. The cluster of lines at the bottom of the chart makes clear the relatively small sums available for other expenditures after the essentials of food, housing, clothing, and transportation are paid for. They emphasize the difficulties which families in this group encounter when they meet unexpected emergencies, and the limited margin with which they buy those commodities and services which are so important in adding variety to urban life.

    The difference in the relative change from one income level to another in expenditures for competing categories of consumption is best illustrated by the logarithmic scale of figure 2. The thin lines on the chart indicate the slope which would be graphed for an expendi-
    

    ## Fig. 2

    RELATIVE FAMILY EXPENDITURES AT SUCCESSIVE income levels among wage earners and LOWER SALARIED CLERICAL WORKERS

    BALTIMORE, 1935-1936
    ANNUAL EXPENDITURE (In Dol/ars) WHITE FAMILIES ANNUAL EXPENDITURE (/ndollors)
    

    The slopes of the lines show the percent increase in expenditure corresponding to the percent increase in income. A slope greater thon thot of a 45 degree line represents a goin of the specified kind of expendifure relafively greater thon the gain in income; a slope lass thon that of 045 degree line rapresents a gain relotively smaller.
    ture that increased in exact proportion to income: thus, for example, a tenfold increase of expenditure accompanying a tenfold increase of income as one reads from left to right. The relative steepness of the curves therefore suggests the relative elasticities of the various types of expenditure. Thus, housing expenditures are here seen to be much less elastic than those for most other categories of goods or services and to increase much less rapidly than income. The pressure on low-income families of housing costs, which are relatively higher in Baltimore than in comparable cities, partly explains the inelasticity of the housing figure.

    Especially among the larger families at the higher income levels there is a tendency to let increases in purchases of other types take precedence over increases in housing expenditures. Thus, food expenditures, also less elastic than other expenditures at low incomes, rise almost in proportion to income at the higher levels. While this is true of total family expenditures for food, figures presented in table 6 show the irregularity of the increases in food expenditures per adult male equivalent with rise in family income. These figures and the curves in figures 1 and 2 serve to emphasize the fact that due to the urgency of other wants which go unsatisfied at the lower-income levels, expenditures for food and housing in the wage earner and clerical group seldom rise above the level regarded by the group as a satisfactory minimum (taking size and composition of family into account) while in many cases they fail to reach that minimum.

    The much greater urgency of increases in clothing expenditures as compared with those for food and housing is easily understood when the small size of the average clothing expenditures at low-income levels is considered.

    Transportation and furnishings and equipment expenditures show even greater elasticity than those for clothing up to the $\$ 1,200$ income level. The rapid rise suggests that few families at the lowest income levels studied can afford automobiles or other than bare essentials of household equipment, but that these items are among the first to be added when incomes permit. At higher levels within the income range studied, however, transportation expenditures continue as elastic as those for clothing, in contrast to a rapid tapering off in relative purchase of furnishings and equipment. Evidently, after a few of the most essential items of convenience and comfort have been added to the house furnishings and equipment, additional funds are more likely to go for clothes or automobiles, recreation, gifts, or miscellaneous items. Household operation expenditures, other than those for fuel, light, and refrigeration, on the other hand, increase relatively rapidly after the $\$ 1,200$ income level, reflecting the demand for laundry services and some domestic help when income permits,
    while the flatness of the curve at the lower income levels suggests the indispensable character of certain expenditures for household supplies

    ## Variations in money disbursements.

    For many reasons of taste, habit or circumstances peculiar to a given year or a given family situation, the expenditures of a particular family for a certain item or group of items may deviate considerably from the average for a large group of families. Thus a family which experienced a serious illness of the principal earner might be obliged to incur medical and perhaps hospital expenses and possibly to defer purchases of clothing and recreational items and payments on back debts; a family with a gifted child might make considerable sacrifices of clothing, transportation, and even food in order to provide special lessons in the hope of an artistic career for the child; the young couple recently married will probably spend much more for furniture and equipment than an older couple with the same income; a family with dependent relatives must make larger contributions to persons outside the economic family than one whose relatives are more fortunately situated.

    In interpreting the average figures presented in this volume, it is important to keep in mind some idea of the extent of these variations from the average, and their magnitude for the different main categories of expenditures.

    Because of differences of family income and size as well as for the reasons cited, the average expenditure of all families covered has only a limited significance. This is more true for certain categories of expenditure than for others. Data presented in table 24-A of the Tabular Summary show the extent to which the expenditures of individual families vary from the average in each city. In general the cities with the highest average expenditures had the lowest measures of variation ${ }^{11}$ while the reverse was true of cities with smallest average expenditures.

    Though the measures of variation are not identical from city to city for given categories of expenditure, they are sufficiently similar to reveal distinct patterns of variation for different types of expenditures. There is relatively less variation in food and housing expenditures than in any other item of the family budget. The next group of items, personal care, clothing, recreation, and household operation, other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, are definitely more variable. When we come however to medical care, transportation, and furnishings and equipment, we find relatively the greatest vari-


    ability, three or four times as much as for food expenditures. The variability in savings and in deficits, for families ending the year with savings, or "in the red," along with that for transportation and "other items" places them in the most variable group of expenditure items.

    The very listing of the above groups of items suggests the probable reasons for the striking differences in variability for certain categories. Food and housing, major items in the family budget, must be purchased regularly by all families and, within the income and occupational range of this study, wide variations from the average are not to be expected. At the opposite extreme, many items of furnishings and equipment are purchased by relatively few families in any 1 year and such outlays when made involve comparatively heavy expenditures. The great irregularity in transportation expenditures represents the difference between expenditures at one extreme of those families which spent only for trolley or bus fares essential to get to work and to stores, and at the other extreme of those which purchased automobiles during the schedule year. Contrary to the tendency noted in other regions, the relative variation in transportation expenditures were, in general, greater in the larger cities than in the smaller ones. Irregularity in medical care expenditures reflect differences in emergency situations encountered during the year by individual families. The relatively high variability in savings and deficits indicates the wide differences in the circumstances affecting expenditure and in the management of family finances. Tests reveal that there is no apparent relation between the excess of expenditures over incomes, the average income or expenditure, or city size and the size of the coefficient of variation of deficits or surpluses.

    Even at the same income level, it is hardly to be expected that any two families will spend their funds in exactly the same way. The significance of the various averages presented-the extent to which families tend to conform to the average pattern-is shown by income levels for the cities of Houston and Norfolk in tables 24-B and 24-C of the Tabular Summary. ${ }^{12}$ For almost every category of expenditure there is less variation in the expenditures of families in any given income class than there is in the expenditures of the city group as a whole.

    The data presented in the Tabular Summary, tables 24-B and 24-C for Houston and Norfolk on the variability of expenditure by income level can also be studied in connection with similar data from other regions. When the findings for seven cities in six different regions are compared, it is found that there was relatively less variation from the average in the expenditures of individual families at higher than


    at lower incomes for a number of categories. This was true of expenditures for clothing, furnishings and equipment, and medical care.

    The higher relative variations in expenditures for several categories at the lower income levels suggest the close pressure of these narrow margins of family income. For a low income family, an emergency or unusual expenditure for medical care, furnishings, or automobile was apt to mean a sharp corresponding trimming in the others, so that individual families studied spent anywhere from zero to rather large amounts for some of these items. Their incomes were not large enough to permit them to allocate their resources regularly from year to year in about the same proportions for these various family requirements, but rather they stretched their dollars as best they might.

    For the higher income families, on the contrary, the smaller relative variability in several categories of expenditures indicates that it was possible for these families to work out a more consistent pattern of expenditures. Such drastic rearrangements in their budgets were not required even should an emergency expenditure arise. They were more nearly able to plan regular replacements of items of clothing and furnishings, to make regular as well as emergency expenditures for medical care, and to plan definite expenditure for personal care.

    ## Income Levels and Planes of Living

    ## Size and composition of family.

    The amount of the family income and the number of persons in the family are both of importance in determining the way the family income is spent. It is, therefore, crucial to understand the family types which predominate at each income level among the families studied. The average size of the white families drawn in the sample in each of the 12 cities varied from 3.31 persons in Dallas to 4.03 persons in Mobile. ${ }^{13}$

    If the investigation had been extended to families on relief, the average size of family would have been somewhat larger in all the cities. ${ }^{14}$

    In all 12 cities except Jacksonville and Norfolk about 40 percent of families reported no children under 16 years of age. ${ }^{15}$ The proportion was about one-third in those two cities.

    In 11 of the 12 samples the average size of family in the group with incomes less than $\$ 900$ was less than that for the samples as a whole. This smaller family size at the lowest income level among the independent families covered in the present investigation compared with the larger size of the families on the relief rolls emphasizes the difficulty of supporting a family with several children in a period when opportunities for employment are limited.

    It has already been indicated that among families of wage earners and clerical workers, increases in family income are largely dependent on the number of employable persons making up the family group. When the families are classified by family income, the number of persons over 16 years of age tends to increase with increases in the total income. This situation is characteristic of all 12 cities. The change in the number of children under 16 years of age with increase in the income of the family is less regular. ${ }^{16}$

    ## Planes of living determined by family size as well as income.

    Preliminary study of the variations in the amounts and kinds of goods purchased by families in different income classes emphasizes the obvious fact that the plane at which a family lives is determined quite as much by the number, age, sex, and occupation of the persons dependent on family income as by the size of the income. Since average size of family is larger at higher income levels, it is impossible to assume that the plane of living is proportional to income. Furthermore, it is evident that in any one income class there are included families with very different planes of living, the differences depending on the composition of the families to be supported with the given income.

    For example, among the 419 families surveyed in Baltimore, there were 67 with incomes ranging from $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,800$. Of these, 31 were families including 2 or 3 persons. They lived in relative comfort


    at this income level. In the same income class there were 36 families of 4 or more persons in which expenditures were definitely more restricted, depending on the number and the age of the persons in the family. (See Tabular Summary, table 5.) In this group of families the plane of living was necessarily considerably lower than in the families with only 3 or less members.

    Since one of the primary purposes of the investigation was to determine the kind of purchases made by families at different economic levels, the detailed analysis of expenditures has been based upon a classification which takes into account not only the total amount of money available for family living, but, also, the composition of the family for which it is spent. The process of classifying families according to their consumption level (see appendix G,pp.688-695) may be indicated from the case of two families, each spending $\$ 1,450$ during the schedule year. The first family consisted of a man of 40 working as a machine operator; his wife, 38 ; two sons aged 15 and 6 ; and two daughters, aged 12 and 8 . In addition, the family was responsible during 6 months for the total support of the wife's mother, who lived with them during half the year. This family is regarded as consisting of six and one-half equivalent full-time persons. The second family consists of a man of 27 , also a machine operator; his wife, 26; a daughter of 4 years and an infant son $11 / 2$ years old. This is a four-person family. The first family spent $\$ 725$ and the smaller family $\$ 780$ for all items other than food and clothing. There is not enough information at present available on the influence of age or sex on these general types of expenditure to improve upon the assumption that equal expenditures are incurred for each family member. The per capita expenditure per equivalent full-time person in the first family was $\$ 112$ as against $\$ 195$ in the second family for all items other than food and clothing.

    In the case of food, studies of customary expenditures and of dietary needs have been made in sufficient detail to allow for the creation of scales of expenditure for each age, sex, and activity group in terms of the customary expenditures of an adult male employed full time. The food-expenditure scales adopted in this study indicate that the first family consists of the equivalent of 5.5 adult males in the family for the full year. This unit will be subsequently referred to in the present study as a "food-expenditure unit." The second family consists of 2.9 food-expenditure units. The first family spent $\$ 580$ per year for food, or the equivalent of $\$ 105$ per expenditure unit. The second family spent $\$ 500$, which, although a substantially smaller proportion of its total income, amounted to $\$ 172$ per food-expenditure unit.

    Finally, in connection with clothing, it has been possible as a result of this study to derive scales of customary expenditures related to sex, age, and occupation. If the average expenditures of adult male wage
    earners and lower-salaried clerical workers between the ages of 21 and 35 inclusive are regarded as equivalent to one clothing expenditure unit, the larger of the two families contains 4.0 clothing expenditure units while the smaller family contains 2.6 . The first family spent $\$ 145$ for clothing and the smaller family, $\$ 170$. This was an average per clothing expenditure unit of $\$ 36$ for the first family and $\$ 65$ for the second.

    The economic level of the first family has been measured by the sum of these three types of unit expenditure; $\$ 105$ for food; $\$ 36$ for clothing; and, $\$ 112$ for all other items; total for the family, $\$ 253$ per expenditure unit. The smaller family is classified with those that have expenditure per unit of more than $\$ 400$ but less than $\$ 500$. In both cases, this means that these particular families are grouped as regards economic level with families whose incomes may be quite different. For example, a widow with one young child, earning $\$ 100$ a month, would be grouped with the smaller of the two families, as would also a very large family with an income of more than $\$ 3,000$.
    Since family income is so closely related to family composition it is important that expenditures be analyzed in relation to number of expenditure units. This will be more clearly seen from table 6. For example in Baltimore, the average family expenditure at the highest income level shown was slightly more than $31 / 2$ times that at the lowest, but the unit expenditure at the highest income level was only slightly more than that at the lowest level.

    In subsequent discussions in this bulletin, expenditures will be analyzed by economic or consumption level. The number of levels distinguished for any given city depends on the number of families which furnished information, and the way in which they were distributed among the several expenditure-per-unit groups.
    Table 6.-Average unit expenditure at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Income group | Number of families | A verage size of family in expenditure units | Average total expenditure per family | A.verage unit food expenditure | Average unit clothing expenditure | Average amount spent for other items per person | Average unit ex-penditure for all items |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | BALTMMORE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to \$900. | 49 | 2. 59 | \$799 | \$127 | \$24 | \$156 | \$308 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 95 | 2.94 | 1,053 | 147 | 39 | 171 | 358 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 .....-......-- | 120 | 3. 10 | 1,352 | 164 | 48 | 223 | 436 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 ............... | 67 | 3.61 | 1,568 | 167 | 60 | 206 | 434 |
    | \$1,800 to $\$ 2,100 \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . .$. | 51 | 3.83 | 1,841 | 172 | 61 | 245 | 481 |
    | \$2,100 to $\$ 2,400$...............- | 17 | 4. 26 | 2,092 | 177 | 69 | 242 | 491 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700 ....-.-.-.-.------ | 9 | 4. 28 | 2, 399 | 204 | 64 | 291 | 561 |
    | \$2,700 and over | 11 | 4.30 | 2,743 | 222 | 94 | 317 | 638 |

    Table 6.-Average unit expenditure at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1994-96-Continued

    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Table 6.-Average unit expenditure at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-96-Continued

    | Income group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | A verage size of family in expenditure units | A verage total expenditure per family | Average unit food expenditure | A verage unit clothing expenditure | A verage amount spent for other items per person | A verage unitex-penditure for all items |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 25 | 2. 69 | \$756 | \$106 | \$30 | \$143 | \$281 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 35 | 3. 27 | 1,139 | 111 | 44 | 189 | 348 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500. | 44 | 3.42 | 1,403 | 124 | 50 | 230 | 412 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 37 | 3. 18 | 1. 573 | 151 | 64 | 276 | 495 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100. | 40 | 3. 35 | 1,809 | 152 | 73 | 312 | 540 |
    | \$2,100 and over | 13 | 3.62 | 2, 062 | 153 | 70 | 344 | 570 |
    | mobile |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5 | 3. 52 | 564 | 77 | 18 | 65 | 160 |
    | \$600 to \$900. | 24 | 3. 55 | 806 | 95 | 26 | 105 | 227 |
    | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | 21 | 3. 40 | 1,058 | 108 | 39 | 163 | 311 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 35 | 3. 70 | 1,341 | 117 | 51 | 189 | 362 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 24 | 3. 58 | 1,566 | 138 | 68 | 230 | 437 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100. | 26 | 3.84 | 1,850 | 144 | 65 | 272 | 482 |
    | \$2,100 and over | 11 | 4. 90 | 2,532 | 146 | 79 | 294 | 517 |
    | NEW ORLEANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to \$600.. | 14 | 3.23 | 579 | 85 | 10 | 82 | 179 |
    | \$600 to \$900. | 60 | 3.24 | 792 | 107 | 27 | 109 | 244 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 71 | 3.40 | 1,007 | 123 | 33 | 140 | 296 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 60 | 3. 50 | 1,337 | 145 | 47 | 189 | 382 |
    | \$1,500 to $\$ 1,800$ | 72 | 3. 46 | 1,661 | 162 | 60 | 254 | 480 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100 | 25 | 4. 12 | 1,888 | 166 | 62 | 229 | 458 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400. | 7 | 4.23 | 2, 135 | 182 | 65 | 256 | 505 |
    | \$2,400 and over | 9 | 4. 65 | 2,516 | 181 | 82 | 275 | 541 |
    | NORFOLK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$600 to $\$ 900$----------------- | 10 | 3.02 | 797 | 112 | 25 | 126 | 264 |
    |  | 23 | 3. 27 | 1,073 | 128 | 32 | 167 | 328 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 ..............- | 40 | 3.38 | 1,363 | 159 | 48 | 194 | 403 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 ..............-- | 32 | 2.89 | 1,570 | 183 | 58 | 300 | 543 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100-.............-- | 28 | 3. 69 | 1. 866 | 169 | 61 | 273 | 506 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 . . . . . | 20 | 3. 62 | 2,114 | 181 | 68 | 333 | 584 |
    | \$2,400 and over----....---...- | 9 | 3.38 | 2, 490 | 208 | 68 | 455 | 737 |
    | RICHMOND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to \$900 | 27 | 3. 33 | 817 | 98 | 22 | 125 | 245 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 29 | 3.34 | 1,200 | 119 | 41 | 196 | 359 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 42 | 3. 18 | 1,331 | 137 | 45 | 235 | 419 |
    | \$1,500 to \$1,800 | 37 | 3.72 | 1,669 | 131 | 57 | 259 | 449 |
    | \$1,800 to \$2,100. | 24 | 3. 66 | 1,880 | 152 | 68 | 292 | 514 |
    | \$2,100 to \$2,400 | 12 | 3.63 | 2,048 | 173 | 73 | 313 | 564 |
    | \$2,400 to \$2,700 | 12 | 4. 21 | 2,274 | 154 | 82 | 299 | 540 |
    | \$2,700 and over.-.-.---- | 9 | 4.65 | 2,990 | 179 | 98 | 361 | 643 |

    Equivalence between total expenditures and economic levels.
    Since most American studies of expenditure have been based upon differences in expenditure at various income levels, it may be convenient to translate the economic levels under discussion into equivalent total annual expenditures for the two families described above. On the basis of the scales used in this study, the first family is regarded as consisting of 5.7 expenditure units, while the second family consists of 3.4. An economic level of $\$ 250$ expenditure per unit for the first family implies total annual expenditures then of $\$ 1,425$, while a level of $\$ 650$ unit expenditure for the same family would mean total expenditures of $\$ 3,705$. The equivalence is shown in table 7.

    Table 7.-Total family expenditure equivalents for families of three different types at given economic levels

    | Economic level-Families with annual unit expenditure of | Total family expenditure |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Family of 5.7, expenditure units ${ }^{1}$ | Family of 3.4, expenditure units? | Family of 1.9, expenditure units ${ }^{3}$ |
    | \$150. | \$855 | \$510 | \$285 |
    | \$250. | 1,425 | 850 | 475 |
    | \$350. | 1, 995 | 1,190 | 665 |
    | \$450. | 2, 565 | 1,530 | 855 |
    | \$550. | 3,135 | 1,870 | 1,045 |
    | \$650. | 3, 705 | 2,210 | 1,235 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Family consisted of a man 40, working as a machine operator; his wife 38; two sons aged 1.5 and 6 , and two daughters aged 12 and 8.
    ${ }^{2}$ Family consisted of a man, 27, working as a machine operator, his wife, 26; a daughter, 4 years old; an infant son, $11 / 2$ years old.
    ${ }_{3}$ Family consisted of a man, 35, working as a machine operator; and his wife, 31.

    ## Order of Expenditures at Different Economic Levels

    At lower unit expenditure levels there were a few small families with very low incomes, but more large families with incomes approaching the median. Families of these two different types were nearer together as far as spending patterns are concerned than two families with the same money income, one of husband and wife and no other persons and the other including in addition several other children. Similarly at the higher expenditure levels, there were some medium or large-sized families with high incomes, but more small families with incomes approaching or exceeding the median; these two types of families were closer in their spending habits than families of divergent size but similar incomes.

    Differences between the average expenditure patterns of families at the lowest and highest economic levels may be illustrated by data from the group studied in Louisville (see figure 3).

    There were 40 families at the lowest expenditure level analyzed and they averaged about 5 persons per family. Their incomes averaged $\$ 1,185$. They devoted 43 percent of their total outlay to food, and almost 21 percent to housing, fuel, light, and refrigeration, having thus only one-third of the total left for clothing, other items of household operation, transportation, recreation, medical care, personal care, and other items which must be purchased in an American city.

    The 17 families spending at the higher level of $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$ per unit per year had an average of about 2.8 persons per family. Their incomes averaged $\$ 1,621$ per year. They spent over one and a half times as much for food per food expenditure unit as the larger families at the lower level, but the outlay represented only 28 percent of their total expenditure. Their expenditures for housing, fuel, light, and refrigeration averaged $\$ 116$ per person as compared with $\$ 47$ at the lowest level, but the percentage of the total devoted to housing at the highest level was only 19.2 percent. The families at the highest level analyzed had thus 53 percent of their expenditures yet to make after they had paid for food, housing, heat, light, and refrigeration.

    Table 8 presents unit expenditures at successive economic levels. The relatively slow increase in unit food expenditures in comparison to the much more rapid increases in unit clothing expenditures and in other expenditures per capita, emphasizes the differences in the demand for commodities of these different types. The strikingly greater increase in the average food unit expenditures from low to high economic levels (table 8) than from low to high income level (table 6) shows clearly that the classification of families by economic level succeeds much better in throwing together families of similar spending patterns than does classification by family income level.
    

    Table 8.-Average unit expenditure at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Economic level | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ | Average size of family in expenditure units | A verage total ex-expenditure per family | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { unit } \\ & \text { food } \\ & \text { expendi- } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ | Average unit clothing expenditure | Average expenditure for other items per person | Average amount spent for all items per ex-penditure unit |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | BALTIMORE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 14 | 5. 62 | \$970 | \$80 | \$19 | \$73 | \$173 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | 60 | 4. 56 | 1,160 | 114 | 29 | 112 | 254 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 92 | 3. 58 | 1,246 | 148 | 43 | 157 | 348 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 100 | 3.05 | 1,360 | 173 | 53 | 216 | 446 |
    | \$500 to \$500. | 66 | 2. 64 | 1,434 | 200 | 62 | 286 | 543 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 40 | 2. 59 | 1,668 | 223 | 79 | 345 | 644 |
    | \$700 to \$800 | 23 | 2.39 | 1,759 | 223 | 91 | 421 | 736 |
    | \$800 to \$900 | 11 | 2.46 | 2,102 | 233 | 94 | 493 | 854 |
    | \$900 to \$1,000 | 7 | 1.98 | 1,870 | 236 | 84 | 733 | 944 |
    | \$1.000 and over | 6 | 2.24 | 2,563 | 346 | 155 | 643 | 1,144 |
    | BIRMINGHAM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200. | 10 | 5. 12 | 865 | 73 | 24 | 73 | 169 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 29 | 4.39 | 1,047 | 91 | 32 | 114 | 238 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 49 | 3.87 | 1,281 | 123 | 48 | 160 | 331 |
    | \$400 to \$500 | 32 | 3.35 | 1,441 | 142 | 53 | 236 | 430 |
    | \$500 to \$ $\$ 600$ | 28 | 3.04 | 1,621 | 162 | 73 | 294 | 533 |
    | \$600 to \$700. | 21 | 2.61 | 1,715 | 177 | 83 | 373 | 657 |
    | \$700 to \$800. | 10 | 2. 22 | 1,622 | 211 | 92 | 424 | 731 |
    | \$800 to \$900. | 5 | 2.01 | 1,728 | 201 | 96 | 563 | 860 |
    | \$900 to \$1,000 | 6 | 2.41 | 2,277 | 291 | 92 | 563 | 945 |
    | \$1,000 and over | 12 | 2.13 | 2,277 | 243 | 125 | 691 | 1,069 |
    | dallas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200 | 11 | 5. 25 | 873 | 81 | 20 | 65 | 166 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | 29 | 4.14 | 1,032 | 99 | 33 | 125 | 249 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 54 | 3.51 | 1,214 | 131 | 45 | 171 | 346 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 51 | 3. 16 | 1,371 | 150 | 57 | 227 | 434 |
    | \$500 to \$600. | 54 | 2.72 | 1,442 | 180 | 71 | 281 | 530 |
    | \$600 to \$700. | 39 | 2.60 | 1,633 | 195 | 82 | 349 | 628 |
    | \$700 to \$800 | 19 | 2.44 | 1,797 | 204 | 98 | 429 | 736 |
    | \$800 to \$900. | 14 | 2. 23 | 1,842 | 247 | 108 | 472 | 826 |
    | \$900 to \$1,000 ................- | 9 | 2.18 | 2,021 | 233 | 94 | 594 | 927 |
    | \$1,000 to \$1,100................ | 6 | 2.11 | 2,182 | 251 | 126 | 655 | 1,034 |
    | \$1,100 and over-.............-- | 8 | 2.05 | 2,736 | 284 | 157 | 896 | 1,335 |
    | HOUSTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 6 | 5.41 | 839 | 69 | 12 | 73 | 155 |
    | \$200 to \$300.. | 18 | 4.03 | 1,023 | 108 | 34 | 112 | 254 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 44 | 3.84 | 1,327 | 124 | 41 | 181 | 346 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 49 | 3.34 | 1,434 | 143 | 48 | 238 | 429 |
    | \$500 to $\$ 600$ | 47 | 2.95 | 1,578 | 162 | 65 | 309 | 535 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 36 | 2.81 | 1,795 | 186 | 77 | 373 | 639 |
    | \$700 to \$800 | 25 | 2. 53 | 1,856 | 200 | 90 | 444 | 734 |
    | \$800 to \$900 | 11 | 2.26 | 1,895 | 220 | 96 | 517 | 838 |
    | \$900 to \$1,000 | 12 | 2.24 | 2,071 | 232 | 83 | 604 | 925 |
    | \$1,000 and over-............-- | 10 | 2.06 | 2,301 | 228 | 117 | 763 | 1,117 |
    | Jackson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 14 | 4. 85 | 1,027 | 72 | 30 | 109 | 212 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 25 | 4. 13 | 1,366 | 113 | 55 | 161 | 331 |
    | \$400 to \$500 .-.-................. | 44 | 3. 09 | 1,290 | 126 | 64 | 226 | 417 |
    | \$500 to \$600. | 32 | 3. 29 | 1,750 | 152 | 81 | 300 | 532 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 16 | 2.95 | 1,835 | 154 | 86 | 380 | 622 |
    | \$700 to \$800 | 8 | 2.30 | 1,722 | 195 | 114 | 436 | 749 |
    | \$800 to \$900. | 5 | 2.81 | 2,328 | 163 | 95 | 568 | 828 |
    | \$900 and over....-.-.-.-......- | 6 | 2.11 | 2,370 | 212 | 150 | 751 | 1,123 |

    Table 8.-Average unit expenditure at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued

    | Economic level | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ | Average size of family in expenditure units | Average total ex-expenditure per family | A verage <br> unit food expenditure | A verage unit clothing expenditure | Average expenditure for other items per person | Average amount spent for all items per ex-penditure unit |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | JACKSONVILLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 22 | 4.34 | 9977 | $\$ 94$ | \$25 | \$106 | \$225 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 37 | 4.06 | 1,365 | 126 | 41 | 170 | 336 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 39 | 3. 14 | 1,378 | 157 | 48 | 232 | 439 |
    | \$500 to \$600. | 30 | 2.96 | 1,590 | 171 | 66 | 297 | 537 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 17 | 2.81 | 1,802 | 183 | 93 | 359 | 641 |
    | \$700 to \$800. | 13 | 2.79 | 2.060 | 200 | 90 | 451 | 738 |
    | \$800 to \$900 | 9 | 2.26 | 1,915 | 222 | 100 | 526 | 847 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 6 | 2.17 | 2,309 | 242 | 101 | 718 | 1,064 |
    | \$1,200 and over..............- | 5 | 2.07 | 3,006 | 263 | 150 | 1,023 | 1,452 |
    | LOUISVILLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200 ......-......-. .-. | 8 | 5.01 | 906 | 93 | 20 | 69 | 181 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 40 | 4. 54 | 1,135 | 115 | 29 | 106 | 250 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 44 | 3.45 | 1,211 | 149 | 43 | 159 | 351 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 42 | 2. 66 | 1,172 | 172 | 51 | 216 | 441 |
    | \$500 to \$600. | 27 | 2.47 | 1,317 | 188 | 64 | 281 | 533 |
    | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$ | 17 | 2.67 | 1,701 | 192 | 71 | 374 | 637 |
    | \$700 to \$800. | 7 | 2. 49 | 1,802 | 243 | 88 | 391 | 724 |
    | $\$ 800$ and over. | 12 | 2. 02 | 1,799 | 268 | 84 | 539 | 891 |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200. | 8 | 5. 65 | 915 | 71 | 21 | 69 | 162 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | 25 | 4. 14 | 974 | 89 | 35 | 111 | 235 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 40 | 3.75 | 1,267 | 119 | 44 | 172 | 338 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 34 | 3.25 | 1,391 | 139 | 57 | 230 | 428 |
    | \$500 to \$6n0. | 29 | 2.86 | 1,528 | 156 | 67 | 312 | 534 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 25 | 2.72 | 1,710 | 159 | 77 | 386 | 629 |
    | \$700 to \$800. | 15 | 2.15 | 1,601 | 206 | 87 | 453 | 845 |
    | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$. | 8 | 2.22 | 1. 844 | 218 | 85 | 529 | 831 |
    | \$900 and over | 10 | 2.08 | 2, 242 | 190 | 106 | 787 | 778 |
    | mobile |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200. | 14 | 5. 48 | 831 | 67 | 21 | 64 | 152 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 30 | 4.51 | 1,076 | 97 | 32 | 108 | 239 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 30 | 4.31 | 1,455 | 112 | 52 | 173 | 338 |
    | \$400 to \$500 | 20 | 3.16 | 1,361 | 143 | 62 | 226 | 431 |
    | \$500 to \$600. | 21 | 2.92 | 1,575 | 167 | 73 | 301 | 539 |
    | \$600 to \$700 | 12 | 2.79 | 1,755 | 162 | 85 | 386 | 629 |
    | \$700 to \$800. | 8 | 2.84 | 2,072 | 194 | 105 | 432 | 730 |
    | \$800 and over. | 11 | 1.96 | 1,749 | 224 | 86 | 583 | 892 |
    | NEW ORLEANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$200-.------------- | 31 | 5.58 | 861 | 77 | 17 | 60 | 154 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 66 | 4.09 | 980 | 109 | 27 | 103 | 240 |
    | \$300 to \$400.. | 60 | 3. 63 | 1,225 | 133 | 43 | 161 | 337 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 70 | 3. 10 | 1,350 | 155 | 51 | 227 | 435 |
    | \$500 to \$600 .........-.-.-. -- - | 38 | 2.88 | 1,524 | 184 | 67 | 276 | 529 |
    | \$600 to \$700 ................... | 19 | 2.69 | 1,702 | 208 | 82 | 342 | 633 |
    | \$700 to \$800 ............-- | 16 | 2. 42 | 1,758 | 228 | 92 | 405 | 726 |
    | \$800 to \$900 | 12 | 2.16 | 1,801 | 256 | 82 | 498 | 834 |
    | \$900 and over. | 6 | 1.83 | 2,077 | 360 | 127 | 654 | 1,135 |

    Table 8.-Average unit expenditure at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued


    Expenditures at two economic levels.
    A comparison of the distribution of total family expenditures at two economic levels i. e. annual unit expenditures of $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ and of $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$ (see table 9 ) shows the shift in consumer demand from one of the lowest planes at which independent families were found to the highest plane of living enjoyed by any considerable number of families of wage earner and clerical workers in each of the 12 cities covered in the Southern region.

    The overwhelming absolute importance of food and housing in the budgets of these workers' families is shown by the fact that they retained first and second place at high as well as low economic levels in every city. Clothing was the item of third importance at high as well as low levels in every city but Houston. Here the competition between clothing and the automobile is illustrated at the high level, where expenditures for the latter exceeded those for the former.

    The greatest shift in the purchases of the white families in each of the 12 cities occurred in the proportion of total funds spent for the purchase, operation, and upkeep of automobiles and motorcycles. Except in Jackson and Mobile, rise in rank of such expenditures from the lowest to the highest expenditure levels were balanced by decreases in the rank of expenditures for transportation other than by automobile or motorcycle.

    Table 9.-Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-white other than Mexican]

    | Group expenditure item | Economic level-Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{array}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 790$ |
    |  | Baltimore |  | Birmingham |  | Dallas |  | Houston |  | Jackson |  | Jacksonville |  |
    | Food- | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | , |  |
    |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
    | Housing, inchuding fuel, light, and refrigeration | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
    | Other household operation | 8 | 8 | 5.5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 7 |  | 4 |  |
    | Furniture and equipment --.----- | 8 | 8 | 5.5 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 8.5 | 6 | 8 | 8 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle purchase, operation, and maintenance | 10.5 | 4 | 9.5 |  | 8 | 4 | 5 | 3 |  |  | 7 |  |
    | Other transportation. | 5 | 9 | 9.5 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 11.5 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 10 |
    | Personal care |  | 10 | 8 | 10.5 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 |
    | Medical care | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 5 | 7 4 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 8 | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ | 8 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 7 |
    | Recreation. | 4 13 | ${ }_{13}^{5}$ | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 6 15 | ${ }_{1}^{5}$ | 7 13 | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | ${ }_{13}^{5}$ | $\stackrel{6}{12.5}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 | 14 |
    | Vocation. | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
    | Community welfare | 10.5 | 12 | 12 | 10.5 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 11.5 | 12.5 | 11 | 12 | 12 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 12 | 11 | 13 | 9 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 10 |  |  | 14 | 11 |
    | Other items.. | 15 | 15 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 8.5 | 13 | 13 | 13 |


    | Group expenditure item | Economic level-Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> to <br> $\$ 700$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | Lonisville |  | Memphis |  | Mobile |  | New Orleans |  | Norfolk |  | Richmond |  |
    | Food. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |
    | Clothing------------------- | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
    | Housing, including fuel, light and refrigeration. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Other household operation......-. | 8 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 5.5 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
    | Furniture and equipment...-.--- | 4 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 9 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8.5 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle purchase, operation, and maintenance | 9.5 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
    | Other transportation | 7 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 13 |
    | Personal care.........-.........-. -- | 9.5 | 12 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 11 |
    | Medical care | 6 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 6 |
    | Recreation | 5 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 5. 5 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 5 |
    | Education | 13 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13.5 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 12 | 14 |
    | Vocation- | 14 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 13.5 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 14.5 | 15 |
    | Community welfare.------------ | 11 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 12 | 6 | 12.5 | 12 | 13.5 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 8.5 |
    | Other items. | 15 | 11 | 12.5 | 15 | 13.5 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 10 | 14.5 | 12 |

    $1100-300$ instead of $200-300$.
    Expenditures for gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family underwent the second greatest change in relative rank from low to high economic levels for the region as a whole, becoming more important at the higher level in every city except Norfolk. For personal care expenditures there was a shift downward of 1 to 3 ranks in 8 cities. In 10 of the 12 cities expenditures for medical
    care were of less importance comparatively at the highest than at the lowest economic level. Expenditures having the lowest ranks, as education, vocation, and "other items," retained about the same relative importance among families with annual unit expenditure of $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ as among families with annual unit expenditure of $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$. The relatively small expenditures for formal education at the latter level is explained by the type of families found at this level at each of the cities. ${ }^{17}$

    ## Changes in Assets and Liabilities ${ }^{18}$

    On the average the current expenditures of white families studied in these 12 cities of the Southern area, were less than their current incomes except in Birmingham where there was an average net deficit of $\$ 1$. In the other 11 cities the lowest average savings were found in the Jackson group, where the figure was $\$ 9$, while the highest average of $\$ 50$ occurred in Baltimore. ${ }^{19}$

    In Birmingham 54.4 percent of the families covered in the survey reported an average surplus of $\$ 145$ for the year or an aggregate of $\$ 15,950$. This was exceeded however by an aggregate deficit of $\$ 16,192$ reported by 43.6 percent of the families, representing an average deficit of $\$ 184$. In Baltimore, typical of most of the southern cities, on the other hand, a larger proportion of the families (70.6 percent) reported a surplus, but the average surplus per family was slightly smaller (\$141). The average deficit of the families having net deficits, which comprised 28.2 of the Baltimore sample, was $\$ 175$. As a result the aggregate savings of the Baltimore group amounted to $\$ 41,736$ as against aggregate deficits of $\$ 20,650$.

    In considering these figures it is important to keep in mind the financing of the occasional large expenditure which must be made by every family, and the general level of incomes among the families of wage earners and clerical workers. Median incomes in these eleven white groups ranged from $\$ 1,236$ to $\$ 1,560$. The purchase by a family at this income level of an electric refrigerator for $\$ 150$ for example, must inevitably be financed by some means outside of current income. It may be from past savings which have been set aside for this purpose or from current borrowing. Using either method, the family will


    show a deficit of current income as regards current expenditures in the particular year in which an extraordinary occasional purchase is made.

    The important thing to observe, therefore, is not that a number of families spent more than their incomes in the given year, but the balance at a given income level between aggregate income and aggregate expenditures. Under normal circumstances we might expect that exceptional outlays made in any one year by some families would balance accumulations made by other families in anticipation of later purchases from savings, or in reducing liabilities incurred for purchases of previous years.

    In this connection it is important to note the setting of the period in which these surveys were made. There had been a period of 3 or 4 years of intense anxiety during which there was no certainty as to what the future held in store. It would appear that a number of families in the wage earner and clerical groups had managed even during the worst days of the depression to conserve small amounts of their past savings or of their current income. By 1934, and more particularly by 1935, anxiety with reference to the future was somewhat relieved, especially in the case of the group of families covered by this investigation, since families without relatively steady employment and families having been on relief at any time during the year prior to the interview by the field agent were excluded from the survey.

    Among ten of the twelve white groups under consideration in the present chapter net deficits appear at income levels under $\$ 900$. (See Tabular Summary table 5.) In Louisville and in Richmond a net surplus for the families studied does not appear until income has reached $\$ 1,200$ (see figure 4); in Jackson and Norfolk not until the $\$ 1,500$ level; and in Birmingham not until $\$ 1,800$. In Houston and Memphis there was a net surplus at the income level $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$, but net deficits at succeeding income levels until families achieved an income of $\$ 1,500$.

    When families are classified on the basis of current expenditures, it follows that families may attain a relatively high level of current expenditure by incurring a current deficit. Thus deficit families move to a higher level of living than current income alone would allow, and families with the same income but with surpluses for the year move down. As is to be expected under these conditions, less regularity is shown in deficit and surplus financing in table 10 with families classified by consumption level, than is shown in table 5 of the Tabular Summary with families classified by income. In general a net surplus is found at low consumption levels and net deficits at high ones. This is not to be taken to mean that low income families characteristically have surpluses. It serves to emphasize the fact, however, that the consumption level at which a given family lives in a specified year is determined not only by its current income, but also by past savings and ability to borrow.
    

    Table 10.-Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City and economic level | Number of families | Percentage of familles having- |  | Average amounts of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { surples } \end{aligned}$ | Net deficit | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Surplus } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { family } \\ & \text { having } \\ & \text { surplus } \end{aligned}$ | Defirit per family having deficit |
    |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { family } \end{aligned}$ | Per ex-penditure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { gainful } \\ & \text { worker } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
    | Baltimore, all families Families with annual unit expenditure of- | 419 | 70.6 | 28.2 | + \$50 | +\$15 | +\$36 | \$141 | \$175 |
    | Under $\$ 400$ | 166 | 75.3 | 22.9 | $+59$ | $+15$ | $+39$ | 115 | 119 |
    | \$400 to \$600..........- | $\begin{array}{r}166 \\ 87 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 71.1 | 28.3 <br> 37.9 | +61 +13 | +21 +5 | +47 +9 | ${ }_{212}^{136}$ | 126 |
    | Birmingham, all familiess----- | 202 | 54.4 | 37.9 | ${ }_{+2}^{+13}$ | ${ }_{-1}^{+5}$ | $\pm{ }_{-1}$ | 145 | 186 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400 .........- | 88 | ${ }^{63.6}$ | 35.2 | $+43$ | +10 | +29 | 119 | 94 |
    | \$400 to \$600.--- | 60 54 | 45.0 50.0 | 51.7 | $-12$ | -4 -27 | -9 -50 | 171 | 172 |
    | Dallas, ${ }^{\$ 600}$ and families..--- | 294 | 50.750 | 38.1 | -64+17 | -27+6 | -13+13 | 155 | 174 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under $\$ 400$...- | 94 | 57.4 | 27.7 | +27 | +7 | +20 | 107 | 125 |
    | \$400 to $\$ 600$ | 105 | 62.9 | ${ }_{53}^{33.3}$ | ${ }_{-62}$ | ${ }_{-18}^{21}$ | $\pm{ }_{-31}^{46}$ | 178 | 151 |
    | \% ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | -95 | 40.0 | 53.7 | $-42$ | -18 | -31 | 183 | 214 |
    | Houston, all families Families with annual | 258 | 57.7 | 41.9 | +12 | +4 | +8 | 182 | 222 |
    | unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400 - -------- | 689694 | 66.2 | 32.4 | +76+66 | +19+21+21 | +46+46+60 | 165 | 104182295 |
    | \$400 to \$600.......... |  | 65.6 43.6 | 34.4 56.4 |  |  |  | 197 |  |
    | Jackson, all families... | 150 | 52.0 | 46.0 | -90+9 | -36+3 | $+6$ | 162 | 162 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400...-....--- | 39 | 64.1 | 30.8 | +33 | +8+13 | $\begin{array}{r} +18 \\ +29 \\ +56 \end{array}$ | 10317822820 | 108120253 |
    | \$400 to \$600...... | 76 35 | 53.9 | ${ }_{65}^{44} 7$ | $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Jacksonville, all families....-- | 35178 | 61.8 | ${ }_{36.0}^{65}$ | +33 | +10 | $+22$ | 149 | 164 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400...-...- | 59696050 | 62.7 | 35.63.631.942.0 | +28+50+16 | +7+16+6 | +16+38+11 | 93150218218 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 145 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ |
    | \$400 to \$600-...- |  | 63.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$600 and over. |  | 65.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Louisville, all families.. | 197 |  | 34.0 | +33 | $+10$ | +25 | 130 | 150 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400..........- | 9269 | 68.571.0 | 30.429.0 | +50+55 | +12+21 | +33+50 | 126 | 94 |
    | \$400 to \$600 ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{264}^{121}$ |
    | - \$600 and over-.------- | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 194 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 44.457.7 | 36.6 | ${ }_{+}^{+51}$ | -13 | +35 | 200 |  |
    | Memphis, all families. Families with annual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 203 |
    | Families with annual Under $\$ 400$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400-........ | 7363 | 60.3 6.19 | 27.4 34.9 | +69 +80 | +17+26 | +61+67 | 145227 | 68174317 |
    | \$400 to \$600 |  | 61.9 50.0 | 34.9 50.0 | ${ }_{-35}^{+80}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Mobile, all families. | 146 | 57.5 | 41.8 | +27 | -15+7 | +19 | 151 | 143 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400......... | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 41 \\ 31 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 41.931.754.8 | +28+106+77 | +6+35+31 | +18+83+88 | 119 | 95 |
    | \$400 to \$600... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 60.8 \\ & 68.3 \\ & 45.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 195 | 86276 |
    | \$600 and over-...... |  |  |  | $-77$ | -31+4 | $-62$ | 164 |  |
    | New Orleans, all families Families with annual | 318 | 56.6 | 31.4 | +15 |  | +11 | 110 | 149 |
    | Families with annual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400---------- | $\begin{array}{r} 157 \\ 108 \\ 53 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.4 \\ & 62.0 \\ & 49.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.4 \\ & 30.6 \\ & 45.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +30 \\ & \mathbf{-}_{-62} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +7 \\ +11 \\ +26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +22 \\ & +25 \\ & +-50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ 119 \\ 130 \end{gathered}$ | 89134$\mathbf{1 3 7}$ |
    | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ <br> $\$ 600$ and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Table 10.-Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1994-36-Continued

    | City and economic level | Number of families | Percentage of families haring- |  | Average amounts of - |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { surplus } \end{aligned}$ | Net deficit | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Surplus } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { family } \\ \text { having } \\ \text { surplus } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deficit } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { family } \\ & \text { having } \\ & \text { deficit } \end{aligned}$ |
    |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { family } \end{gathered}$ | Per ex penditure unit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { gainful } \\ \text { worker } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
    | Norfolk, all families | 162 | 63.0 | 35.8 | +\$35 | +\$11 | +\$31 | \$173 | \$205 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400.......--- | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ 63 \\ 51 \\ 51 \\ \hline 192\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.7 \\ & 66.7 \\ & 54.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33.3 \\ & 31.7 \\ & 43.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +57 \\ & +\quad 70 \\ & -27 \end{aligned}$ | +13+13+12 | +46+64+66 | 143 | 116159 |
    | \$400 to \$600-------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 181 |  |
    | \$600 and over-....-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 183 |
    | Richmond, all families....-- | 192 | 59.4 | 39.1 | $+37$ | +10 | $+23$ | 183 |  |
    | Families with annual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | unit expenditure oi- |  | $\begin{aligned} & 58.0 \\ & 63.6 \\ & 56.1 \end{aligned}$ | 43.533.3 | +17+73+17 | +4+22+7 | +10+46+11 | 115 | 110132323 |
    | \$400 to \$600-...-...-- | 696657 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$600 and over........-- |  |  | 40.4 |  |  |  | 262 |  |

    In studying the deficit financing of the family groups (see left-hand side of page 18 of facsimile of schedule, p. 684, and appendix A, p. 633), it is of considerable interest to note that except in Richmond, the largest part of their aggregate deficits was met by increasing liabilities, rather than decreasing assets. Typical of these 11 city groups, the families studied in Memphis obtained $\$ 102$ by borrowing (i. e., increasing liabilities) but only $\$ 35$ by decreasing assets accumulated prior to the schedule year. (See table 11.) As the consumption level of the families rose, in each of the 12 cities, an excess of current expenditures over income was increasingly met by withdrawal from past savings.

    The most frequently specified sources of funds other than family income were net increases in installment account obligations for goods other than automobiles in Baltimore, Dallas, Jacksonville, Memphis, and Mobile, and increases in "other debts" (which include grocers', doctors' and hospital bills) in the remaining cities. Withdrawals from savings constituted the next most frequently used source of funds for families in Baltimore. Increases in "other debts" were the next most important sources in Jacksonville, Memphis, and Mobile. Increases in amount due on installment plan for goods other than automobiles accounted for the second most frequently used source of funds in all other cities except Dallas.

    Increase in installment purchases were responsible only for a fourth to a half of the total increase in liabilities in the 12 cities. Even so, however, they were considerably larger than the amounts spent in paying off liabilities incurred in this way in times previous to the
    schedule year. Evidently by 1935 sufficient optimism regarding future prospects prevailed among the families studied to account for their willingness and ability to undertake major purchases deferred for some time.

    Table 11.-Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    
    ${ }^{1}$ A verages computed by dividing the total number of families at each expenditure level into the aggregate increases or decreases of the families reporting such increases or decreases.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Table 11.-Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86-Continued
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City and economic level | Number of families | Average increase in assets | Average decrease in liabilities | Average decreases in amounts due on goods purchased on instaliment plan |  | Average decrease in assets | Average increase in liabilities | Average increases in amounts due on goods purchased on installment plan |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  | Auto- mo- biles | Other goods |  |  | Auto- mo- biles | Other goods |
    | New Orjeans, all families Families with annual unit expenditure of- | 318 | \$74 | \$21 | \$2 | \$4 | \$29 | \$51 | \$6 | \$12 |
    | Under \$400 .........-- | 157 | 56 | 17 | 2 | 3 | 15 | 28 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 6 |
    | \$400 to \$600..........- | 108 | 94 | 27 | 2 | 4 | 25 | 63 | 6 | 15 |
    | \$600 and over......-- | 53 | 87 | 22 | 0 | 4 | 80 | 91 | 26 | 21 |
    | Norfolk, all families.......-- | 162 | 142 | 55 | 3 | 6 | 38 | 123 | 18 | 41 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400 ..........- | 48 | 88 | 46 | 10 | 5 | 14 | 63 | 1 | 27 |
    | \$400 to \$600 .......... | 63 | 157 | 79 | 0 | 9 | 36 | 129 | 14 | 43 |
    | \$600 and over.......- | 51 | 174 | 34 | 0 | 4 | 64 | 171 | 38 | 51 |
    | Richmond, all families .-.-- | 192 | 130 | 67 | 7 | 18 | 53 | 106 | 15 | 22 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$400..........-- | 69 | 100 | 38 | 1 | 17 | 27 | 90 | 7 | 15 |
    | \$400 to \$600......... | 66 | 110 | 92 | 13 | 21 | 28 | 100 | 15 | 31 |
    | \$600 and over........ | 57 | 188 | 74 | 8 | 15 | 112 | 133 | 26 | 22 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    On the other side of the balance sheet, the most frequent form of savings among the families in the South(see Tabular Summary table 4) was the payment of life insurance premiums, ${ }^{20}$ reported by 87 percent or more of the white families in each of the 12 cities except in Dallas, Memphis and New Orleans, where the percentages were 74,81 , and 69 respectively. The average amount of such premiums per family making payments ranged from $\$ 64$ in Houston to $\$ 104$ in Memphis. The average amount of premiums paid increased with rise in economic level except in Louisville and Mobile, where there was a slight tendency to decrease. Payments on principal of mortgages and down payments on owned homes constituted the type of savings next in order of frequency in Baltimore, Dallas, Memphis, and New Orleans; increase in savings account was second in Norfolk, decreases in debts due individuals and due doctors, grocers, etc., were the second most frequently reported form of savings in Mobile and Louisville, and in the other 5 cities decreases in installment payments due on goods other than automobiles was second.

    A comparison in each of the 12 cities of the number of families reporting the purchase of an automobile and the number of families reporting an increase in installment obligations for the purchase of automobiles, both during the schedule year, shows that in Houston and Norfolk four-fifths of the families purchasing automobiles financed them by installment contracts of which a balance remained unpaid at the end of the year covered by the schedule. About two-thirds of the families purchasing automobiles in Dallas and Jacksonville, about a third in New Orleans and one-half or slightly less than a half of the families in the other 7 cities did so. Since about two-thirds of the cars were bought second-hand and cost less than $\$ 200$, it is probable that a considerable number of families buying cars paid for their automobiles within the period of the schedule year. In some cases the families resorted to small loan companies for the purpose of financing automobile purchase, but the figures as reported in this study do not make possible any conclusion as to the proportion doing so.

    ## Chapter 2

    ## Expenditures for Specified Goods

    Food

    ## Annual food expenditures.

    The total amount of unit food expenditure increased markedly with rise in consumption level. ${ }^{1}$ In 7 of the 12 cities, families spending $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$ per expenditure unit for all items paid out over 90 percent more for food for each adult male equivalent in the household than families with a total unit expenditure of $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$. In the other 5 cities, the increase ranged from 59 to 79 percent. (See table 12 and Tabular Summary, table 8.)

    In contrast to the increase in unit food expenditures in each of the cities in the South, the average proportion of total current expenditures spent for food per family declined. This was partly because of the decrease in size of the family associated with rise in economic level, and partly because of the fact that the additional funds available at the higher levels were used for needs which the urgency of food purchases at the lower planes had made it impossible to satisfy.

    Average dollar expenditures per family for food prepared at home (including money spent for lunches carried to work and to school) increased from low to high expenditure levels in eight cities. Expenditures for food prepared at home in Louisville, Memphis, and Richmond were lower at the higher level, and those in Mobile were approximately the same at both levels.

    Conversely, actual dollar expenditure for food purchased and eaten away from home increased with rise in the economic level, the percentage varying from 61 in Birmingham to 235 in Richmond. Out of each dollar spent for food at the low economic level in Baltimore, Norfolk-Portsmouth, Richmond, Mobile, and Memphis between 3 and 6 cents was used to purchase food away from home. Between 7 and 10 cents was so spent in all the other cities except Birmingham, where the figure was 11 cents. At the high economic level, 8 cents of each food dollar spent in Norfolk-Portsmouth was allotted to this


    item. The proportion rose through the other cities to reach a maximum of 19 cents in New Orleans. Meals at work accounted for at least 50 percent of the total amount spent for food away from home at both low and high levels in every city except Norfolk and Richmond. At the low economic level, this proportion was smaller in these two cities, 31 percent and 38 percent, respectively; at the high economic level it rose to 56 percent and 71 percent.

    Expenditures for board at school (which were classified with expenditures for meals away from home) were extremely rare throughout all the groups studied. Such expenditure was reported by only 17 out of the 2,710 white other than Mexican families covered in this region.

    Table 12.-Unit food expenditure at two different economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City | Economic level-Families with annual unit of expenditure of- |  |  |  | Percentage increase in unit food expenditure |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | \$200 to \$300 |  | \$600 to \$700 |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | Unit food expenditure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | Unit food expenditure |  |
    | Baltimore. | 60 | \$114 | 40 | \$223 | 95.6 |
    | Birmingham. | 29 | 91 | 21 | 177 | 94.5 |
    | Dallas...- | 29 | 99 | 39 | 195 | 97.0 |
    | Houston.- | 18 | 108 | 36 | 186 | 72.2 |
    | Jackson | 14 | 72 | 16 | 154 | 113.9 |
    | Jacksonville 1. | 22 | 94 | 17 | 183 | 94.7 |
    | Louisville.... | 40 | 115 | 17 | 192 | 67.0 |
    | Memphis.. | 25 | 89 | 25 | 159 | 78.7 |
    | Mobile --- | 30 | 97 | 12 | 162 | 67.0 |
    | New Orleans. | 66 | 109 | 19 | 208 | 90.8 |
    | Norfolk ${ }^{1}$-- | 26 | 102 | 16 | 221 | 116.7 |
    | Richmond....... | 24 | 103 | 18 | 164 | 59.2 |

    $1 \$ 100$ to $\$ 300$ instead of $\$ 200$ to $\$ 30 n$.

    ## Food expenditures in 1 week in spring, summer, fall, and winter quarters.

    Data on the purchase of 194 separate foods are available for 1 typical week in 1 quarter for each city. ${ }^{2}$ They show a marked increase


    in the expenditures for food per person with rise in economic level. They also show that the types and quantities of foods purchased are distinctly different at the various levels.

    For these cities, the per capita ${ }^{3}$ expenditures and quantities purchased of meats, poultry, and sea food showed marked increases from the low to the high economic levels. Green vegetables and fruits, important sources of minerals and vitamins, likewise increased in respect to average expenditures and to quantity purchased, except in Mobile where per capita expenditures at the intermediate level were larger than at the high.

    For starchy foods such as flour, macaroni, rice, cereals, etc., on the other hand, the tendency was not so consistent. In Baltimore, Dallas, Jacksonville, Louisville, Memphis, New Orleans, and NorfolkPortsmouth, quantities and per capita expenditures showed an increase at the high level; in the data for Jackson, which apply to the summer, the movement was strikingly downward. In Birmingham and Richmond, expenditures were higher at this level, but the types of cereal food purchased differed considerably, and the quantities purchased were less than at the low level. This suggests that as economic resources permitted, the families varied their diets and obtained more of their calories from dairy products and other protective foods.

    Expenditures for total grain products, however, increased at higher levels. They varied at the low level from 29.6 cents in Jackson to 39.7 cents in New Orleans, and at the high level from 37.1 cents in Houston to 57.0 cents in Norfolk-Portsmouth (see table 13). This increase can probably be ascribed more to a change in the form and quality of such products purchased than to an increase in their quantity.

    Expenditures for milk constituted the largest average expenditure for any single item of food in all the cities except Mobile, where white bread equaled it, and New Orleans, where the latter outranked it. The difference between the average expenditure for milk at the low and high economic levels varied from 48 percent in Dallas to 136 percent in Birmingham and Norfolk.

    Table 13．－Expenditures for food per capita per week during the period 1934－36 ${ }^{1}$
    ［Families of wage earners and clerical workers－White other than Mexican］

    | Item | Average per capita expenditure in 1 week in the following quarters： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Spring |  |  |  |  |  | Sum－ mer | Fall | Winter |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 뵹 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 鬲 | 资 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䒹 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Number of tamilies furnishing data on food purchased in specified quarter． | 314 | 204 | 114 | 117 | 129 | 128 | 108 | 155 | 202 | 114 | 300 | 156 |
    | Total expenditure for－ All foods． | \＄2． 60 | \＄2． 38 | \＄2． 31 | \＄2．41 | \＄1．92 | \＄2．67 | \＄1．92 | \＄2． 32 | \＄2． 26 | \＄2． 31 | \＄2．30 | \＄2．41 |
    | Grain products | ． 41 | ． 37 | ． 36 | ． 40 | ． 37 | ． 40 | ． 32 | ． 38 | ． 33 | ． 39 | ． 43 | ． 37 |
    | Eggs | ． 14 | ． 12 | ． 09 | ． 13 | ． 09 | ． 14 | ． 10 | ． 15 | ． 17 | ． 16 | ． 10 | ． 17 |
    | Milk，cheese，ice cream | ． 29 | ． 31 | ． 30 | ． 30 | ． 20 | ． 27 | ． 23 | ． 30 | ． 29 | ． 27 | ． 24 | ． 22 |
    | Butter and cream． | ． 14 | ． 09 | ． 11 | ． 09 | ． 04 | ． 11 | ． 07 | ． 09 | ． 08 | ． 12 | ． 10 | ． 11 |
    | Other fats． | ． 12 | ． 22 | ． 19 | ． 21 | ． 22 | ． 25 | ． 25 | ． 21 | ． 23 | ． 20 | ． 14 | ． 17 |
    | Meat，poultry，fish，and other sea food | ． 69 |  |  | ． 50 | ． 42 | ． 63 | ． 28 | ． 49 | ． 42 | ． 40 | ． 54 | ． 60 |
    | Vegetables and fruits | ． 54 | ． 56 | ． 52 | ． 51 | ． 33 | ． 52 | ． 42 | ． 44 | ． 46 | ． 46 | ． 45 | ． 47 |
    | Sugars and sweets． | ． 08 | ． 11 | ． 11 | ． 09 | ． 08 | ． 13 | ． 10 | ． 10 | ． 10 | ． 10 | ． 09 | ． 10 |
    | Miscellaneous foods | ． 19 | ． 15 | ． 19 | ． 18 | ． 17 |  | ． 15 | ． 16 | ． 18 | ． 21 | ． 21 | ． 20 |
    | Sales tax． | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | ． 04 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Total expenditure for－ | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Prt． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． | Pct． |
    | All foods．． | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Grain products． | 15.8 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 16．6 | 19.3 | 15.0 | 16.7 | 16．4 | 14.6 | 16.9 | 18.7 | 15.4 |
    | Eggs． | 5． 4 | 5．1 | 3.9 | 5． 4 | 4． 7 | 5． 2 | 5． 2 | 6． 5 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 7.1 |
    | Milk，cheese，ice cream | 11.1 | 13． 0 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 12．9 | 12.8 | 11.7 | 10.4 | 9.1 |
    | Butter and cream | 5.4 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3．7 | 2.1 | 4.1 | 3． 6 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.6 |
    | Other fats． | 4． 6 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 11.4 | 9.4 | 13.0 | 9.0 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 6.1 | 7.1 |
    | Meat，poultry，fish，and other sea food | 26． 5 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 20.7 | 21.9 | 23.6 | 14.6 | 21． 1 | 18.6 | 17.3 | 23.5 | 24.9 |
    | Vegetables and fruits | 20.8 | 23.5 | 22.5 | 21.2 | 17.2 | 19.5 | 21.9 | 19.0 | 20.4 | 19.9 | 19．6 | 19.5 |
    | Sugars and sweets． | 3． 1 | 4． 6 | 4． 8 | 3．7 | 4． 2 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
    | Miscellaneous foods | 7.3 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 8． 2 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.2 |
    | Sales tax．－． | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2． 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ See appendix A，p．639，for statement of reason for use of per capita figures．
    White bread accounted for the second largest per capita expenditure in Baltimore，Dallas，Houston，Jackson，Louisville，and Norfolk． The relation between average per capita expense for bread and the general expenditure plane is irregular．This average was largest at the high economic level in seven cities，at the intermediate three， and at the low in Houston and New Orleans．The average quantity purchased was largest at the high level in all the cities except Jackson－ ville，Louisville，Mobile，and New Orleans，where it was largest at the intermediate，and Houston and Baltimore，where it was largest at the low．Eggs，second in Birmingham，Jacksonville，Memphis，and Richmond，and third in the other cities，showed in general a striking increase at the higher level．Average quantities purchased were also much larger at this level．Butter，fourth in importance of expenditure was consistently higher in both amount purchased and expenditure at the high level．The rapid expansion in consumption of such protec－
    tive foods by workers' families at higher planes of living suggests that means rather than tastes limit their use at the lower levels.

    No consistent seasonal variation appears between the data secured in cities studied in different seasons. However, in general, the per capita expenditures for green and leafy vegetables were higher for the cities in which the figures on food purchased apply to the spring.

    Even a preliminary review of the figures shows that the diets of the families at the highest economic level had, on the average, a considerably higher nutritive content than those at the lowest economic level shown. The quantities purchased per capita of foods rich in minerals and vitamins essential to growth and the maintenance of health were appreciably greater among the families at the higher levels of spending, and show that as family resources increased, these workers were buying diets more nearly meeting their own nutritional needs and those of their families.

    It is of considerable interest to estimate the adequacy of food expenditures at the different consumption levels. Such an estimate ${ }^{4}$ furnishes a rough approximation to the probability of adequacy of the diets purchased to meet the nutritional needs of the families studied. (See table 14.) The prices used in this calculation were the prices collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for its food cost indexes. It is, of course, possible to shop with care and buy at lower prices than these; a judicious selection of in-season fruits and vegetables and fish will lower the cost. On the other hand, to secure an adequate diet at the calculated cost requires extremely careful planning and food-consumption habits which follow nutritional needs very closely, and the probabilities are that not all families spending such amounts did in fact achieve adequate diets. The figures furnish, therefore, the basis for an estimate of the proportion of families spending enough for nutritionally adequate food, though they do not show the proportion of families actually getting it. ${ }^{5}$ The proportions for all families and for families at different consumption levels show that the percentage spending enough to purchase an adequate diet rose very rapidly with rise in consumption level.

    Table 14.-Proportion of families spending enough to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost ${ }^{1}$ at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City and item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | BAETIMORE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 419 | 166 | 166 | 87 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 68.0 | 33.7 | 86.1 | 98.9 |
    | BIRMINGHAM |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. $\qquad$ | 56.9 | 21.6 | 73.3 | 96.3 |
    | dallas |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 63.3 | 20.2 | 75.2 | 92.6 |
    | HOUSTON |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost . | 67.4 | 25.0 | 69.8 | 95.7 |
    | JACESONVILLE |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 65.7 | 18.6 | 82.6 | 98.0 |
    | LOUISVILLE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 197 | 92 | 69 | 36 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 59.4 | 28.3 | 80.9 | 97.3 |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 62.4 | 23.3 | 77.8 | 94.8 |
    | MOBILE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 50.7 | 12. 2 | 87.8 | 98.5 |
    | NEW ORLEANS |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 318 | 157 | 108 | 53 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost $\qquad$ | 67.6 | 41.1 | 90.7 | 100.0 |
    | NORFOLE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost $\qquad$ | 63.6 | 18.8 | 69.8 | 98.0 |
    | RICHMOND |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 55.4 | 21.7 | 58.2 | 98.0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Based on the adequate diet at minimum cost of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Home Economies. The cost of this diet per adequate food cost unit during the period of the investigation was $\$ 128.65$ in Baltimore, $\$ 118.01$ in Birmingham, $\$ 128.37$ in Dallas, $\$ 120.22$ in Houston, $\$ 127.66$ in Jacksonville, $\$ 127.71$ in Louisville, $\$ 112.53$ in Memphis, $\$ 113.31$ in Mobile, $\$ 107.03$ in New Orleans, $\$ 128.02$ in Norfolk, and $\$ 118.51$ in Richmond. Data are not presented for Jackson because retail prices are not available for that city.

    ## Home ownership.

    ## Housing

    The proportion of white families owning their homes ranged from 16.7 in New Orleans to 43.0 in Baltimore. The absolute difference between the percentage of home owners at low and high economic levels was not large. The proportion increased with rise in economic
    level ${ }^{6}$ in eight cities, while in Dallas, Houston, Memphis, and New Orleans it declined. The somewhat higher percentage of home owners at the lower economic levels in four cities is in part connected with the larger families at the lower level and the consequent importance of housing in their economic planning. Since it is frequently difficult to locate large houses and apartments for rent, the large family has more incentive to buy than the small one.

    ## Types of dwellings.

    In the South, the proportion of families of wage earners and clerical workers living in one-family detached houses is very much larger than in other regions, for there are comparatively few apartments of any kind in these cities. Except in Baltimore, where the proportion is 9 percent, and in New Orleans, where it is 27.4 percent, more than half the families studied in the South lived in such dwellings, with a maximum of 87 percent in Mobile. In general, for this region the proportion of families in one-family detached dwellings increased as the size of city decreased. Baltimore, the largest city, showed the smallest percentage, while Mobile, next to the smallest city, showed the largest. The predominance of semidetached and row houses in the architecture of Baltimore and New Orleans is shown by the large proportion of families living in that type of dwelling, 68.0 and 47.0 percent, respectively. Two-family houses were the next most frequently reported type of residence, chosen by about a fifth of the families in most cities. Buildings housing three or more families were in the minority everywhere. Eighteen percent of the families in Norfolk reported homes of this type, while in the other cities the proportion ranged from 4 percent in Baltimore to 13 in Richmond. Size of homes.

    In all cities studied in this region, home owners and renters of houses had larger homes than did those renting apartments, and renters of unheated apartments had more space than those whose fuel was included in their rent. The home owners averaged about five and one-half rooms per family and renters of houses about five rooms. Families living in apartments where heat was not included in the monthly rental averaged about four rooms, while those with heat furnished by the landlord and included in the rent averaged close to three and one-half rooms. In general, the largest homes were reported in Norfolk, the city with the highest average income, and the smallest in New Orleans.

    Although white families who were home owners or house renters were, on the average, larger than those living in multiple-family


    dwellings, their homes were enough larger to make up for their greater numbers of children. In table 15 it is seen that in general, the number of persons per room ${ }^{7}$ is greatest among renters of unheated apartments, that is, apartments in which heat was furnished by the tenants -usually by means of stoves. When we compare families living at the higher economic levels with those at the lower, there is observed a pronounced downward movement in the number of persons per room.
    

    This is due in large part to the smaller size of families at the higher living planes. In all the cities, except Dallas, studied in this region, families in one or more tenure groups at the low economic level averaged more than one person per room, which is below the rough standard usually accepted in the United States as indicating the minimum of necessary space. In table 10 of the Tabular Summary, the data from which these figures are computed are available in a more detailed break-down by economic level.


    ## Garages.

    The increasing importance of the automobile in enabling the American worker to locate land and a house he can afford to buy is indicated by the fact that more than half of the home owners in all the groups studied except in Baltimore, where less than a fifth possessed this facility, had garages. Among renters, the proportion of families having a garage was considerably less except in Dallas and Houston, where the two groups were nearly equal. Much the best off of all these cities was Houston, where the proportions were 94 and 96 percent respectively.

    ## Facilities.

    Among the families renting their homes, from three-fourths in Mobile to a fifth or less in Baltimore, Dallas, and Jackson lived in dwellings without one or more of the following facilities: Inside flush toilets, running hot water, electric lights, and gas or electricity for cooking. In all 12 cities, the percentage of home owners lacking these facilities is considerably less than that of renters. (See table 16.) It will be observed from the table and from figure 5 that while a larger proportion of the home owners had comfortable plumbing arrangements, electric refrigerators, and telephones, renters relatively more frequently enjoyed central heating and gas or electricity for cooking. A considerable proportion of renting families, and even some among home owners, shared the use of the toilet with other families.

    Table 15.-Average number of persons per room at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Item | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { Allies }}$ | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Baltimore |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey. | 419 | 166 | 166 | 87 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.63 | 0.81 | 0.59 | 0.44 |
    | Renters of houses | 0. 77 | 0.89 | 0.65 | 0.58 |
    | Renters of heated apartments | 0.83 | 1.02 | 0.81 | 0.72 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.98 | 1.06 | 0.90 | 1.00 |
    | BIRMINGILAM |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey. | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.69 | 0.86 | 0.66 | 0.52 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.76 | 0.91 | 0.69 | 0. 44 |
    | Renters of heated apartments. | 0.75 | 2.76 | 0.87 | 0.66 |
    | Renters of unheated apartment | 0.83 | 0.99 | 0.58 |  |
    | DALLAS |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey. | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 |
    | Average number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    | Home oypners. | 0.69 | 0.94 | 0.63 | 0.52 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.73 | 0.94 | 0.65 | 0.56 |
    | Renters of heated apartments. | 0.82 | 0.97 | 1.08 | 0.63 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments. | 0.68 | 0.99 | 0.65 | 0.52 |

    Table 15.-Average number of persons per room, at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued

    | Item | All families | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Houston |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey. | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0.71 | 0.90 | 0.70 | 0.53 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.81 | 0.99 | 0.79 | 0.64 |
    | Renters of heated apartments | 0.86 |  | 1. 05 | 0.73 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments. | 0.73 | 1. 09 | 0.74 | 0.64 |
    | Jackson |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey. | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.87 | 1.13 | 0.77 | 0.78 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.93 | 1.05 | 0.91 | 0.73 |
    | Renters of heated apartments ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 1.04 | 1. 46 | 0.97 | 0.95 |
    | JACESONVILLE |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of houses. | 0. 72 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 0.53 |
    | Renters of heated apartments ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.87 | 1.07 | 0.87 | 0.61 |
    | LOUISVILLE |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.78 | 0.97 | 0.66 | 0.51 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.95 | 1.17 | 0.71 | 0.61 |
    | Renters of heated apartments ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.96 | 1. 31 | 0.78 | 0.67 |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners.. | 0.73 | 1.00 | 0.65 | 0.47 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.78 | 1.05 | 0. 66 | 0.56 |
    | Renters of heated apartments. | 0.79 | 1.38 | 0.94 | 0.53 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.84 | 1.21 | 0.64 | 0.72 |
    | MOBILE |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.80 | 1.06 | 0.58 | 0.59 |
    | Renters of houses | 0.94 | 1.21 | 0.69 | 0.57 |
    | Renters of heated apartments ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | NEW ORLEANB |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of persons per room among: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0.89 | 1.05 | 0.84 | 0.55 |
    | Renters of houses. | 0.93 | 1.14 | 0.77 | 0.64 |
    | Renters of heated apartments ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.05 | 1. 14 | 0.79 | 0.61 |
    | NORFOLK |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.59 | 0.81 | 0.60 | 0.41 |
    | Renters of houses | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.75 | 0.57 |
    | Renters of heated apartments | 0.77 | 1.50 | 0.88 | 0. 68 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments. | 0.76 | 0.97 | 0.76 | 0. 55 |
    | RICHMOND |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. | 0.66 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.54 |
    | Renters of houses | 0.86 | 1.05 | 0.77 | 0.57 |
    | Renters of heated apartments | 0.67 | 1.65 | 1. 29 | 0.55 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 0.91 | 1.07 | 0.80 | 0.68 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Figures not presented because of small number of families.

    Table 16．－Housing facilities at the end of the schedule year， 1 year during the period 1994－36
    ［Families of wage earners and clerical workers－White other than Mexican］

    | Item |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 㹂 } \\ & \stackrel{1}{6} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \frac{2}{\overrightarrow{2}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \# } \\ & \frac{8}{8} \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  | 능 ¢ 亿 乙 |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families who owned prin－ cipal home at end of schedule year．－． Percentage of owners having－ | 180 | 66 |  |  | 43 | 43 | 68 |  | 64 | 53 | 54 | 46 |
    | Central heat．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－ | 88.3 | 25.8 | 0 | 0 | 0. | 2.3 | 41.2 | 40.0 | 4.7 | 1.9 | 61.1 | 60.9 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 98.9 | 80.3 | 96.9 | 97.9 | 95.3 | 60.5 | 95.6 | 86.2 | 64.1 | 86.8 | 87.0 | 84.8 |
    | Electric refrigerator－．．．－．．．． | 46．1 | 27.3 | 35.4 | 36． 2 | 14．0 | 46． 5 | 38.2 | 30.8 | 32.8 | 9． 4 | 55．6 | 58.7 |
    | Running hot water | 89.4 | 69.7 | 75.0 | 64.9 | 83.7 | 67.4 | 77.9 | 67.7 | 48.4 | 54.7 | 72． 2 | 78． 3 |
    | Inside flush toilet | 93.3 | 89.4 | 92.7 | 92.6 | 97.7 | 83.7 | 85.3 | 93.8 | 82.8 | 94.3 | 94.4 | 95.7 |
    | Sole use of toilet． | 95.0 | 97.0 | 100.0 | 97．9 | 97．7 | 97.7 | 98.5 | 96.9 | 96.9 | 94.3 | 94． 4 | 100.0 |
    | Telephone． | 27.2 | 59.1 | 58．3 | 57.4 | 65.1 | 46.5 | 41．2 | 66.2 | 42． 2 | 18.9 | 53.7 | 65.2 |
    | Garage | 18.9 | 69.7 | 85.4 | 95.7 | 83． 7 | 88.4 | 67.6 | 90.8 | 70.3 | 50.9 | 75.9 | 65.2 |
    | Garden spa | 62.8 | 62.1 | 60． 4 | 91.5 | 79． 1 | 67.4 | 82.4 | 56.9 | 40.6 | 49．1 | 46.3 | 45.7 |
    | Play space | 67.2 | 84.8 | 85.4 | 97.9 | 95.3 | 97． 7 | 98.5 | 83．I | 89.1 | 67.9 | 72.2 | 65． 2 |
    | Each of the following items： Inside flush toilet，running hot water，electric lights， and gas or electricity for cooking． | 86.1 | 60.6 | 74.0 | 64.9 | 81.4 | 51.2 | 77.9 | 63．1 | 34.4 | 50.9 | 72.2 | 60.9 |
    | Number of families who rented prin－ cipal home at end of schedule year．－－ Percentage of renters having－ | 239 | 136 | 198 | 164 | 107 | 135 | 129 | 129 | 82 | 265 | 108 | 146 |
    | Central heat－－．－－－－－－－－－．－－ | 75.3 | 39.7 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 1．9 | 1.5 | 24.8 | 39.5 | 2.4 | 1． 5 | 47.2 | 37.7 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 97.1 | 79.4 | 98.0 | 98.2 | 97.2 | 40.0 | 96． 1 | 81． 4 | 51.2 | 86.8 | 79．6 | 75.3 |
    | Electric refrigerator | 25.1 | 27.2 | 32.8 | 32.3 | 9．3 | 11.1 | 28.7 | 20.2 | 26.8 | 9.4 | 46.3 | 34.9 |
    | Running hot wate | 83.3 | 69.9 | 79．3 | 77.4 | 83． 2 | 57.8 | 62.8 | 71.3 | 30.5 | 50.6 | 50.9 | 66.4 |
    | Inside flush toilet | 91． 2 | 94.1 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 98.1 | 98．5 | 78.3 | 96.1 | 85． 4 | 92.5 | 93.5 | 93.8 |
    | Sole use of toilet | 82.0 | 91.9 | 97.0 | 93.9 | 70.1 | 87.4 | 82.9 | 81． 4 | 91.5 | 93． 6 | 84.3 | 85.6 |
    | Telephone． | 10.5 | 37.5 | 41．4 | 37.2 | 57.9 | 23.7 | 14.0 | 38.8 | 18.3 | 17.0 | 34． 3 | 32． 2 |
    | Garage． | 12.6 | 63.2 | 79.3 | 93.9 | 64.5 | 72.6 | 45.7 | 74.4 | 57.3 | 31.3 | 45.4 | 32． 2 |
    | Garden space | 40．6 | 33.8 | 31.8 | 71.3 | 54.2 | 38.5 | 58.9 | 32.6 | 22.0 | 30.9 | 23.1 | 26.0 |
    |  | 48.1 | 80.9 | 67.7 | 85.4 | 84.1 | 81.5 | 78.3 | 58.9 | 90.2 | 53.2 | 48．1 | 58.2 |
    | Each of the following items． Inside flush toilet，running hot water，electric lights， and gas or electricity for cooking $\qquad$ | 79.1 | 64.0 | 77．8 | 76.2 | 81.3 | 31.9 | 61.2 | 65.9 | 29.3 | 47.2 | 49.1 | 59.6 |

    In table 9 of the Tabular Summary，the data on housing facilities are presented in greater detail，including a break－down according to economic level．The increase from the low to the high economic level in the use of electric refrigerators，telephones，central heating， and hot running water was greater than that of any other items．

    ## Housing expenditures．

    When families are classified according to economic level，the pro－ portion of total expenditures devoted to housing and fuel，light，and refrigeration combined shows a slightly declining movement from lower to higher expenditures level in all cities but Mobile（see table 3 of the Tabular Summary）．In part this tendency is a reflection of the smaller families found at the higher economic levels，but it is also found in studying changes in housing expenditures with increases in income among families of one size and type．

    Home owners．－Among home owners，average current housing expenditures ranged from $\$ 119$ in Dallas to $\$ 226$ in Richmond． Included in this total are taxes，assessments，repairs and replacements， fire and liability insurance on home，interest on mortgages，and
    refinancing charges. In all the cities studied, there was a notable increase in amount used for this purpose by home-owning families at higher as compared with those at lower economic levels, though it was not proportionate to the increase in total unit expenditure. ${ }^{8}$

    From table 17 it is apparent that the amount invested in homes by owners making such investments is not large, ranging from $\$ 69$ in New Orleans to $\$ 158$ in Jacksonville for the 12 -month period covered by the schedule. Investment in housing has been treated to include both payments on principal of mortgage and for permanent improvements to a home, such as the addition of an enclosed porch. Investments of this type showed a regular tendency to increase with improvement in the families' plane of living.

    The home owners cooperating in the Study supplied the field investigators with their estimates of the annual rental value of their homes, varying from an average of $\$ 395$ in Richmond to $\$ 223$ in Birmingham. ${ }^{9}$ When the amount which home-owning families estimated would have been necessary to rent their homes at market price is compared with their current housing expenditure, there is a net difference of income in kind, which may be called the imputed income from equity in owned home. The average amount of this imputed income is shown on table 17 to range from $\$ 181$ in Dallas to $\$ 55$ in Birmingham.

    Renters.-Rental rates paid in these Southern cities (see table 17) ranged from $\$ 11$ to $\$ 34$ per month, depending on the city and the type of accommodation. There was a distinct tendency, as indicated in table 10 of the Tabular Summary, for these rates to increase as economic level rose.

    Table 17.-Housing expenditures, 1 year during the period 1994-96
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | Item | Baltimore | $\begin{gathered} \text { Birming } \\ \text { ham } \end{gathered}$ | Dallas | Houston | Jackson | Jacksonville |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Home owners for 12 months: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families.-- | 180 | 61 | 91 | 85 | 43 | 40 |
    | A verage current money expenditure | \$200. 10 | \$168.14 | \$119.17 | \$170.38 | \$204. 25 | \$139.72 |
    | Average amount invested during year in owned home. | \$82. 47 | \$84.66 | \$117.35 | \$104. 22 | \$86.07 | \$158. 48 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average imputed income from equity in owned home | \$152.00 | \$55.00 | \$181.00 | \$125.00 | \$150.00 | \$155.00 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of apartments for 12 months with heat included in rent: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 65 | 22 | 35 | 10 | (1) | (1) |
    | A verage monthly rental rate paid. | \$22.82 | \$22.47 | \$25.81 | \$22.08 | (1) | (1) |
    | Renters of apartments for 12 months with heat not included in rent: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families. | 31 | 10 | 37 | 41 | 30 | 58 |
    | A verage monthly rental rate paid | \$12.31 | \$11. 44 | \$19.70 | \$24. 52 | \$20. 48 | \$17.23 |
    | Secondary housing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey-.---.-.-.-.--- | 419 | 202 | 294 | 258 | 150 | 178 |
    | Average expenditure for owned vacation home. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for rent on vacation home or trip | 11 | 19 | 11 | 35 | 14 | 25 |
    | A verage expenditure for rent on vacation or trip per family making such expenditure..- | \$22. 85 | \$19.35 | \$19.51 | \$9.51 | \$21. 21 | \$14.17 |
    | Number of families spending for rent at school | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Item | Louisville | Memphis | Mobile | New Orleans | Norfolk | Richmond |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families. | 66 | 64 | 62 | 53 | 53 | 46 |
    | Average current money expenditure..-..---- | \$139.76 | \$172.56 | \$168. 37 | \$164.05 | \$173.55 | \$225. 70 |
    | Average amount invested during year in owned home. | \$88. 27 | \$125.92 | \$69. 77 | \$68. 53 | \$147.95 | \$119.08 |
    | A verage annual rental value....----------.-- | \$287. 00 | \$323.00 | \$264.00 | \$305.00 | \$347.00 | \$395.00 |
    | Average imputed income from equity in owned home. | \$147.00 | \$150.00 | \$96.00 | \$141.00 | \$173.00 | \$169.00 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families. | 76 | 79 | 67 | 188 | 49 | 60 |
    | A verage monthly rental rate paid. | \$17.11 | \$17.55 | \$15.03 | \$17.22 | \$20.36 | \$21. 86 |
    | Renters of apartments for 12 months with heat |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | (1) | 20 | (1) | (1) | 24 | 21 |
    | A verage monthly rentar rate paid.-.-.....-.- | (1) | \$26. 15 | (1) | (1) | \$29.55 | \$34.33 |
    | Renters of apartments for 12 months with heat |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families. | 43 | 29 | (1) | 70 | 33 | 59 |
    | A verage monthly rental rate paid.-.-...--.-- | \$14.19 | \$14.75 | (1) | \$18. 14 | \$17.89 | \$17.61 |
    | Secondary housing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditure for owned vacation bome. | 197 0 | 194 0 | 146 0 | 318 0 | 162 0 | 182 0 |
    | Number of families spending for rent on on vacation home or trip. | 6 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 21 |
    | A verage expenditure for rent on vacation or trip per family making such expenditure | \$58.44 | \$21.99 | \$19.51 | \$57. 77 | \$19. 12 | \$10. 42 |
    | Number of families spending for rent at school | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Vacation housing.-Among the families covered in the investigation, vacations played but a minor part. The proportion making expenditures for rent on vacation or trips was smallest in Memphis, where but 3 families out of 194 reported them, and largest in Jacksonville, where the figures were 25 out of 178 . The average expenditure per family paying rent on vacation or trip ranged from $\$ 10$ in Houston
    to $\$ 58$ in Louisville and New Orleans. In all the cities studied, as the plane of living rose there was a sharp increase in the average amount spent for rent on trips.
    Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-As is seen in table 18, expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration were heaviest in winter and fall, indicating that but few of the families of workers have sufficient reserve funds or storage facilities to lay in a coal supply in the summer time when they might take advantage of the prevalent lower prices. Expenditures in this category in spring and summer are made chiefly for electricity, gas, and refrigeration (ice, or fuel for a mechanical refrigerator).

    In table 11 of the Tabular Summary, detailed information is presented for expenditures on all types of fuel, light, and refrigeration, including electricity, anthracite, bituminous coal, coke, briquets, wood, fuel oil, gas, kerosene, gasoline not used for automobiles, and ice. Since the actual amount paid for fuel, light, and refrigeration depends to a large extent on whether a house or an apartment is involved, and whether the rent paid the landlord includes heat, data are presented separately for families in four categories as well as in the form of averages for all families (see table 11 of the Tabular Summary). As would be expected, the largest total payments for fuel, light, and refrigeration were made by families heating houses, with coal, electricity, and gas constituting the largest item of expenditure.

    Table 18.-Expenditure for fuel, light, and refrigeration, 1 year during the period 1934-36

    | Item | Baltimore | Birming- ham | Dallas | Houston | Jackson | Jacksonville |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families in survey Total expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration for- <br> Year. | 419 | 202 | 294 | 258 | 150 | 178 |
    |  | \$103.37 | \$97. 26 | \$84.89 | \$78.39 | \$70.68 | \$92. 23 |
    | Winter | 28.65 | 27.35 | 25. 75 | 23.06 | 19.39 | 29.16 |
    | Spring | 18. 47 | 19.35 | 19.50 | 18.35 | 16.37 | 19.60 |
    | Fammer | 20.53 | 23.35 | 18. 49 | 18. 27 | 18. 11 | 20.03 |
    |  | 35.72 | 27.21 | 21.15 | 18.71 | 16.81 | 23. 44 |
    | Item | Louisville | Memphis | Mobile | New Orleans | Norfolk | Richmond |
    | Number of families in survey Total expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration for- <br> Year. | 197 | 194 | 146 | 318 | 162 | 192 |
    |  | \$93.78 | \$111.00 | \$100.83 | \$82.73 | \$124. 24 | \$118.08 |
    | Winter $\qquad$ Spring | 26.01 | 32.85 | 30.04 | 22.91 | 36. 94 | 33.32 |
    |  | 16.89 | 25.56 | 22.54 | 19. 11 | 23.53 | 24.48 |
    | Summer | 19.84 | 22.49 | 23.25 | 18.99 | 25. 49 | 27.82 |
    |  | 31.04 | 30.10 | 25.00 | 21. 72 | 38. 28 | 32.46 |

    When families paying for heat separately from rent are classified by total unit expenditure, the dollar outlays for fuel, light, and re-
    frigeration show a slight increase from low to high levels. The fact that they do not increase more sharply indicates two things. One, that there is an essential minimum which cannot be cut if the household is to function, and the other, that even at the highest spending levels which these people reach, the demands of other items in the budget are still so urgent that there is little money to spare for increased consumption in this field. As funds available for spending increase, however, a greater upward swing from low to high consumption levels appeared for electricity than for any other item included in this group.

    Other items of household operation.-Items of household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, which include water rent, telephone, domestic service, laundry sent out, laundry soap and cleaning supplies, and other miscellaneous items (see table 12 of Tabular Summary), showed marked increase from low to high economic levels, approximately doubling in all these 12 cities. The items showing the greatest response to change in economic level were telephones, domestic service, laundry sent out, and insurance on furniture.

    ## Furnishings and Equipment

    The very high variability ${ }^{10}$ of expenditures for house furnishings and equipment from family to family in a given year is shown by figures presented in Tabular Summary table 24-A, p. 625. Thus, in relation to the average expenditure of all families in this region, the total furnishings and equipment expenditures of individual families varied more than four times as much as did their total food expenditures. These divergences are readily understandable from the nature of the purchases involved. Major items of furnishings and equipment are usually bought only at rare intervals in a family's lifetime, and many of even the smaller items in this category are such that purchasing them can be dispensed with entirely in a year of financial stringency.

    Variability of the total expenditures of individual families for furnishings and equipment is, of course, greatly exceeded by the variability of expenditures for specific items in this group. The family which bought a living room suite last year will perhaps make no important addition to its stock of furniture this year, but will save toward purchases of other such items in subsequent years. On account of this high variability, average expenditures for specific items of furniture and furnishings for relatively small groups of families do not show significant movements, and the figures on the details of furniture and equipment purchases have been presented as regional averages rather than in terms of averages by cities (see Tabular Summary, table 18).

    Expenditures for furnishings and equipment, which were greatest for furniture, electrical appliances, bedding, and miscellaneous equipment, varied significantly with economic level. ${ }^{11}$ At the lowest level $\$ 42.19$ was spent for this group of items, whereas families at the highest economic level spent $\$ 109.62$ for this purpose.

    At all economic levels, the items purchased by the largest proportion of families were fundamentals of household equipment: brooms, brushes, mops; light bulbs; sheets and pillow cases; cotton Turkish towels; curtains and draperies; pots, pans, and cutlery; and window shades, screens, and awnings, with little variation in rank order of items between the different economic levels.

    Of the various groups of items coming under the general head of furnishings and equipment, silver, china, and glassware shows the largest percentage increase in average expenditure from lowest to highest economic level, and furniture the second largest.

    When the average expenditure for living room suites is computed for those families buying such furniture, 51 among the 1,027 families at tue lowest economic level averaged $\$ 82 ; 61$ of the 982 families at the intermediate level averaged $\$ 91$, and 55 of the 701 families at the highest averaged $\$ 100$.

    Electric light bulbs were always the most frequently purchased item for electrical equipment. At the low economic level, electric irons ranked second in frequency with 87 families purchasing, lamps third with 61 families purchasing, and washing machines fourth with 53 families purchasing. Electric refrigerators required the largest average expenditure at all levels.

    Expenditures for carpets and rugs by families at the highest economic level averaged $\$ 4.84$, as compared with $\$ 1.68$ at the lowest level. When these averages are converted to averages per family buying, 91 families at the lowest plane averaged $\$ 19$, whereas 123 families at the highest averaged $\$ 28$. On the other hand, average expenditures for equipment of a more strictly utilitarian type, felt base floor covering, were the same at both levels, $\$ 0.65$. Average expenditures per family purchasing this type of floor covering were slightly larger at the high level.
    ${ }^{11}$ See footnote 11, p. 22.

    Table 19.-Expenditures for furnishings and equipment at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1994-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican, in 12 cities combined]
    

    ## Clothing

    ## Variability ${ }^{12}$ of clothing expenditures.

    Clothing expenditures for any one individual vary greatly from year to year. An even greater variability exists between the clothing expenditures of different indivudals in any one year. This high degree of variability results from such factors as the stock of clothing left over from the previous year, the money income of the family, and the number of persons within the home whose needs must be supplied from family funds, and such unusual situations as may require special purchases. Because of this high variability, it is difficult to secure representative averages on the clothing expenditures of individuals unless data are available from a large number of persons. For this reason, average expenditures for individuals for specified articles of clothing have been computed for the region as a whole, and not for separate cities.

    ## Total expenditure per family for clothing.

    Among the major items of consumer expenditures, those for clothing are the most elastic. With increases in economic resources among families of wage earners and low-salaried clerical workers, more and more of the family funds go to solve the problem of what to wear. The larger average expenditure per family at the high consumption level ${ }^{13}$ is the result not only of the purchase of larger quantities of the


    same items purchased by families at the low level, but also of greater variety and better quality of goods (see Tabular Summary table 17).
    The universality of the custom of buying clothing ready to wear is indicated by the overwhelming proportion of these funds going to purchase of ready-made clothing, dry cleaning, and accessories. Expenditures for yard goods and findings used for sewing garments at home averaged around $\$ 5$ per family at each of the low and intermediate economic levels and $\$ 6$ at the high level. Paid help for sewing was used so infrequently that the average expenditure per family was only 12 cents at the lowest economic level, 36 cents at the intermediate level, and 83 cents at the highest.

    ## Gifts of clothing.

    Among families of wage earners and clerical workers, the custom of exchanging gifts of clothing at Christmas, birthdays, or other special occasions is quite extensive. If such presents were paid for from family funds and exchanged within the economic family, they were not recorded on the schedule as gifts, but simply as clothing expenses. If, however, gifts were received from persons outside the family circle, an attempt was made to ascertain their value. Fifty percent of the families at the low economic level, 52 percent at the intermediate level, and 48 percent at the high reported receiving them. Their value averaged around $\$ 10$. Since a large proportion of the families receiving gifts could not estimate the value, and these have not been included, the above figures do not give a complete account of this item.
    Clothing expenditures for men and boys.
    Total clothing expenditures per person decreased from $\$ 53$ for men and boys 18 years and over through each age group ${ }^{14}$ to $\$ 14$ for boys aged 2 to 5 years. Such a relationship between average expenditures and age is observed at each of the three economic levels studied. Within each age group, however, the average expenditure per person more than doubled from the low to the high consumption level. ${ }^{15}$

    Clothing expenditures are summarized according to those for headwear, outerwear, (defined to include shirts as well as suits, trousers, overcoats, jackets, sweaters, and similar items), underwear, footwear (defined to include hose of all types, shoes, slippers, rubbers, and overshoes), and miscellaneous items. An analysis of these outlays when made by men and boys at a low plane of living and by those at one of the highest reached by any considerable number of wage earners and clerical workers reveals a strong similarity in the clothing consumption habits of these two different groups. Those at the high level naturally buy more, and get a better quality; their annual


    expenditure per person is more than twice that at the low level. The items purchased, however, are the same, and the rank order of the five categories does not change. Apparently higher spending levels than these must be reached before individual tastes can be indulged. (See table 20.)

    Table 20.-Distribution of annual clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-\$6
    [Men and boys in families of wage earners and clerical workers-W hite other than Mexican, in 12 cities combined]

    | Sex, age group, and type of clothing | Average clothing expenditure per person in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  | $\underset{\text { familles }}{\text { All }}$ | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Men 18 years of age and over: |  |  |  |  | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    |  | \$2.63 | \$1.70 | \$2. 82 | \$4.01 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
    | Outerwear. | 26. 20 | 16.98 | 27.52 | 40.41 | 49.7 | 50.4 | 49.5 | 49.0 |
    | Underwear. | 3. 55 | 2.34 | 3. 65 | 5.48 | 6.7 | 7.0 | ${ }^{6.6}$ | 6.7 |
    | Footwear....- ${ }^{\text {Miscellaneous }}$ items | 11.21 9.21 | 8.07 4.54 | 11.74 9.86 | 15.95 16.45 | 21.2 17.4 | 24.0 13.5 | 21.1 17.7 | 19.4 20.0 |
    | Total | 52.80 | 33.63 | 55. 59 | 82.30 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Boys 12 through 17 years of age: Headwear | 57 | 46 | 80 | 97 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
    | Outerwear | 17.96 | 13.70 | 25.44 | 42.08 | 53.7 | 52.4 | 54.3 | 57.7. |
    | Underwear | 2.22 | 1.74 | 3.06 | 5.02 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.9 |
    | Footwear. | 9.49 | 8.08 | 12.30 | 15.54 | 28.4 | 30.9 | 26.3 | 21.3 |
    | Miscellaneous items | 3.23 | 2.13 | 5. 24 | 9.36 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 11.2 | 12.8 |
    | Total | 33.47 | 26.11 | 46.84 | 72.97 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Boys 6 through 11 years of age: Headwear | 39 | 26 |  |  |  | 1.5 | 1.9 |  |
    | Outerwear | 10.82 | 8.34 | 14.18 | 20.88 | 47.4 | 46.8 | 47.3 | 49.9 |
    | Underwear | 1. 83 | 1. 39 | 2.38 | 3.73 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.9 |
    | Footwear. | 8.40 | 6.88 | 10.61 | 13.44 | 36.7 | 38.7 | 35.4 | 32.1 |
    | Miscellaneous items | 1. 42 | . 93 | 2.25 | 2. 98 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 7.5 | 7.1 |
    | Total | 22. 86 | 17.80 | 29.99 | 41.87 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Boys 2 through 5 years of age: | . 33 |  |  | 89 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.3 |
    | Outerwear. | 6. 44 | 4.38 | 8.62 | 13. 50 | 45.0 | 44.5 | 43.6 | 50.6 |
    | Underwear | 1.41 | . 92 | 2.05 | 2.63 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 10.4 | 9.8 |
    | Footwear. | 5. 62 | 4.06 | 7.80 | 8. 34 | 39.3 | 41.3 | 39.6 | 31.2 |
    | Miscellaneous items | . 50 | . 28 | . 82 | 1.35 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 5.1 |
    | Total | 14.30 | 9.85 | 19.72 | 26.71 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

    Shoes, although purchased more frequently than any other single item, received a declining proportion of total clothing expenditure. They had to be bought even at the low level, where they averaged 1.2 pairs per person purchasing and cost $\$ 3.48$. At the high level, the pressure of other items was so urgent that these figures had increased only to 1.6 and $\$ 4.79$. It was the purchase of a new suit which really increased as more money became available to use for clothes. This item took the greatest proportionate expenditure ( 50 percent) at all levels. The absolute amount paid, however, rose from about $\$ 22$ at the low plane to $\$ 27$ at the high, and the number of men buying
    suits was doubled. To put it differently, men at the low level bought a new suit once in 6 years; at the high they were able to do so once every 3 years.
    Miscellaneous expenses, though perforce a small item in the clothing budget, rose faster than anything else as plane of living improved. Handkerchiefs, ties, and other relatively short-lived garments were frequently purchased by both groups. Cleaning and repairing services were used by 56 percent of the men at the low level, who paid $\$ 4.58$ per year for them, and by as many as 85 percent at the high plane at an average price of $\$ 11.78$.
    Clothing expenditures for women and girls.
    Total average clothing expenditures for women and girls were in general similar to those for men and boys. The average, however, was slightly lower than the men's in the adult group- $\$ 50$ as contrasted with $\$ 53$. It is significant that women make greater adjustments in their clothing expenditures than men. Thus, women in families at the lowest economic level spent 42 percent less than the average for all women, while men in the same group spent 36 percent less. Apparently the economies inevitable at the low level made it necessary for women who stayed at home to depart farther from the clothing standards of their group than men who went out to work. On the other hand, women in the highest economic group spent 72 percent more than the average, while men spent only 54 percent more.

    The distribution of these expenditures between the five main types of clothing was different among the women. Larger percentages were devoted to headwear, underwear, and footwear, and less to outerwear (see table 21). The percentage spent for outerwear, however, increased with economic level, while that for footwear declined.

    At both low and high economic levels, shoes ranked first, both in frequency of purchase and proportion of total expenditure. The following percentages of women had expenditures for the indicated types of shoes, and the average prices paid were as shown.

    | Ltem | Low economic level |  | High economic level |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Percent | Average price | Percent | Average price |
    | Street shoes. | 65 | \$3 | 77 | \$4 |
    | Dress shoes. | 18 | 3 | 31 | 4 |
    | Sport shoes. | 10 | 2 | 19 | 3 |

    Silk hose ranks second in frequency of purchase at both levels, ranging from 5.8 pairs at 66 cents to 12.2 pairs at 79 cents. Felt hats followed them in order of frequency of purchase.

    Silk and rayon dresses, usually thought of as the most important item in a woman's wardrobe, ranked fourth in frequency of purchase.

    As a proportion of total clothing expenditure, they were third at the low level, when 42 percent of the women bought them at an average price of $\$ 4.86$, and first at the high, where 72 percent purchased and paid $\$ 7.58$ per dress. Thus, even at the high level, one out of four women was unable to buy a new silk (or rayon) dress at any time during the schedule year.

    Table 21.-Distribution of annual clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Women and girls in families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican, in 12 cities combined]

    | Sex, age group, and types of clothing | A verage clothing expenditure per person in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { files }}}{\text { All }}$ | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Women 18 years of age and over: |  |  |  | \$5 09 | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    | Outerwear... | ${ }_{20.10}$ | 11. 18 | 20.99 | ${ }_{34.91}$ | 39.9 | 38.4 | $\begin{array}{r}6.6 \\ 40.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 7.8 |
    | Underwear | 6. 48 | 3.65 | 6.70 | 11. 16 | 12.9 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 13.0 |
    | Footwear. | 15.44 | 10.21 | 16.21 | 23.73 | 30.6 | 35.1 | 30.9 | 27.6 |
    | Miscellaneous items. | 5.00 | 2.17 | 5. 00 | 10.04 | 9.9 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 11.6 |
    | Total | 50.40 | 29.06 | 52.33 | 85.83 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Girls 12 through 17 years of age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Headwear. | 1.73 | 1.22 | 2.30 | 3.74 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 |
    | Outerwear | 14.88 | 10.47 | 21.34 | 28.95 | 40.0 | 39.0 | 41.8 | 39.8 |
    | Underwear. | 4.21 | 2.98 | 5.80 | 8.85 | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 12.2 |
    | Footwear | 13. 32 | 10. 62 | 16.88 | 21.93 | 35.8 | 39.5 | 33.1 | 30.1 |
    | Miscellaneous items | 3.04 | 1.59 | 4.69 | 9.35 | 8.2 | 5.9 | 9.2 | 12.8 |
    | Total. | 37.18 | 26.88 | 51.01 | 72.82 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Girls 6 through 11 years of age: Headwear |  |  |  |  |  | 2.8 | 3.4 |  |
    | Outerwear- | 7.15 | 5. 28 | 9.77 | 15.70 | 37.5 | 36.0 | 37.9 | 42.6 |
    | Underwear | 1.88 | 1. 41 | 2.70 | 3.63 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 9.8 |
    | Footwear | 8.61 | 7.05 | 11.18 | 13.95 | 45.2 | 48.1 | 43.3 | 37.8 |
    | Miscellaneous items | . 82 | . 52 | 1.27 | 2.27 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 6.2 |
    | Total | -19.05 | 14.67 | 25.80 | 36.87 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Girls 2 through 5 years of age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Headwear. | . 37 | . 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Outerwear | 5. 62 | 3.74 1.09 | 7.17 2.30 | 12.01 3.34 | 38.8 11.9 | 37.2 10.9 | 40.2 12.9 | 39.5 11.0 |
    | Footwear | 6. 23 | 4.76 | 7.34 | 11. 44 | 43.0 | 47.4 | 41.2 | 37.6 |
    | Miscellaneous items | . 53 | . 21 | . 57 | 2.60 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 8.6 |
    | Total. | 14. 48 | 10.04 | 17.83 | 30.38 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

    Occupational differences in the clothing expenditures of adults.
    Expenditures for clothing by the adults included in the Study were found to have been affected, to an important degree, by the occupation of the persons included in the Study, as well as by the economic level of the family. An analysis of the relative affect of occupation and social environment on clothing expenditures has been made for all white persons studied in 2,710 families in the 12 Southern cities and 30 other cities combined. The total clothing expenditures of men and women engaged in clerical work were contrasted with the
    expenditures of those in manual work and those at home without gainful employment, and of boys and girls at school, after elimination of any effect upon these differences which might be due to differing incomes or family composition (see appendix G, pp. 690 to 693).

    Among the employed workers, under 21, for both men and women, difference between average expenditures for clothing by wage earners and by clerical workers were negligible. At older ages, however, for both men and women, the expenditures of clerical workers were consistently greater than those of wage earners. The differences varied for men from 7 percent in the group aged 21 to 24 years to 15 percent in the group aged 27 to 30 . The greater expenditure by clerical workers than wage earners for clothing was less pronounced for women than for men up to the 27 th year, but thereafter was much more pronounced for women, reaching a maximum difference of 44 percent in the age group 42 to 48 .

    Average clothing expenditures of men and women at home without gainful employment were substantially lower than those of employed individuals. Among the men, expenditures of clerical workers exceeded those of men at home by 38 percent or more for the groups aged 15 to 21 , and by 100 percent or more for the groups aged 21 to 60 . For women the comparable figures are somewhat less striking, 15 percent for the group aged 15 to 18 and from 52 to 78 percent for the groups from 18 to 60 years of age. The fact that it is more customary for adult women to be at home without gainful employment than for adult men, whereas most of the men found in this situation were involuntarily at home because of unemployment or illness, probably explains this very low level of clothing expenditure for unemployed men at home.

    Clothing expenditures for boys aged 15 to 21 at school were onefifth to one-fourth greater than those of unemployed boys at home of the same age, but were in turn exceeded by 13 percent or more by clothing expenditures of clerical workers in the same sex-age group. Girls at school aged 15 to 18 spent 7 percent more than girls at home, but girl clerical workers of that age spent 7 percent more than the school girls. At the next age level, 18 to 21 , girl clerical workers spent 25 percent more than school girls, who in turn spent 22 percent more than girls at home.

    At every age level, in comparable occupational categories, the women spent more for clothing than did men, the average expenditure for women clerical workers aged 24 to 27 being 45 percent greater than that for men clerical workers of the same age, and the differences in the age group 36 to 42 for the same occupations being 57 percent. Women wage earners aged 24 to 27 spent 46 percent more for clothing than men wage earners of the same age and in the age group 36 to 42 the difference was 23 percent.

    The relationships discussed in the foregoing paragraphs may be seen graphically in figure A. ${ }^{16}$
    
    ${ }^{10}$ The data on which this chart is based are shown in appendix G, table D, p. 690.

    ## Transportation

    In all cities studied in this region, expenditures for transportation showed a sharp increase at the higher economic levels as compared with the lower, more than doubling in each city. (See Tabular Summary, table 13.) The chief factor in this increased expenditure was the automobile, since the average outlays for all other forms of transportation increased but slightly from low to high economic levels.
    The upward swing at higher economic levels in expenditures for automobile maintenance and operation is indicated in table 22. Not only did the percent of families owning automobiles rise markedly, but the amount spent for operation and maintenance by such families showed a substantial increase.

    Thirty-six percent of the group studied in New Orleans operated automobiles, whereas 74 percent in Houston had their own cars. In Baltimore, Louisville, and New Orleans, where the high cost of garage and parking space and the traffic conditions typical of metropolitan areas generally make automobile operation relatively expensive, the smallest proportion of families operated their own cars. Expenditures of all sorts for automobile transportation formed 53,65 , and 61 percent, respectively, of total transportation expense in these three cities. In the other cities covered in this region, the proportions varied from 74 to 87 percent.

    The proportion of families purchasing automobiles within the schedule year (table 13 of the Tabular Summary) was naturally much smaller than the proportion owning cars. Never more than 7 percent of the families in any city in this region purchased a new car during the schedule year, while those purchasing second-hand cars varied from 5 percent in Baltimore to 17 percent in Jacksonville.

    Net expenditures for automobiles, new and second-hand, averaged $\$ 194$ per family purchasing in Mobile and $\$ 365$ in Dallas. The average for the remaining 10 cities ranged between $\$ 200$ and $\$ 350 .^{17}$
    Data presented in table 22 show average expenditures for automobile operation and maintenance in these 12 cities. Expenditures for gasoline and oil made up from 60 to 70 percent of the total in each city except Baltimore. In Baltimore where the proportion for gasoline and oil was only 55 percent, 13 percent on the average was spent for garage rent and parking, as compared to less than 4 percent in any other of


    these 12 cities. Baltimore has an ordinance against over-night parking on the street, which is strictly enforced. In general, the proportion of the operation and maintenance expenditure spent for gasoline and oil declined with rise in economic level. In part this decline is due to the increasing percentage going to parking and garage expense and in part to larger expenses for repairs and insurance. One factor in the situation is the tendency for wage earners needing to economize on their cars to make their own repairs.

    Table 22.-Expenditures for automobile operation and maintenance for automobile owners, at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City and item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | baltimore |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles | 27.0 | 14.5 | 27.1 | 50.6 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: A verage amount per family owning automobile | \$136. 23 | \$100. 34 | \$132. 47 | \$159.76 |
    | Percentage for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline and oil. | 55.5 | 53.1 | 58.6 | 53.6 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 13.4 | 9.5 | 12.5 | 15.4 |
    | Other. | 31.1 | 37.4 | 28.9 | 31.0 |
    | birmingham |  |  |  |  |
    | Fercentage of families owning automobiles | 57.9 | 45.5 | 61.6 | 74.1 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: A verage amount per family owning automobile. | \$115. 29 | \$94. 07 | \$100. 35 | \$150. 40 |
    | Percentage for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasolme and oil- | 62.4 | 64.3 | 63.1 | 60.8 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.6 |
    | Other. | 36.7 | 35.4 | 36.5 | 37.6 |
    | dallas |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles | 68.7 | 54.3 | 69.5 | 82.1 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | Average amount per family owning autom Percentage for- | \$99.22 | \$72.03 | \$99.34 | \$116.85 |
    | Gasoline and oil | 73.7 | 74.9 | 73.3 | 73.5 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 1. 6 |
    | Other. | 25.3 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 24.9 |
    | houston |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles. | 73.6 | 54.4 | 76.0 | 85.1 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: | \$133.05 | \$106. 25 | \$139.30 | \$139.62 |
    | Average amount |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline and oil | 63.1 | 64.7 | 61.8 | 63.7 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
    | Other | 35.1 | 33.8 | 36.8 | 33.9 |
    | Jackson |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles. | 65.3 | 51.3 | 54.5 | 82.9 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | Average amount per family owning automobile | \$125.02 | \$100. 68 | \$112.82 | \$166.78 |
    | Percentage for- ${ }_{\text {Gasoline and }}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline and oil---..- | ${ }_{0}^{66.8}$ | 64.5 | 68.4 | 0.7 |
    | Other-......- | 32.9 | 35.5 | 31.6 | 33.5 |
    | jacesonville |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles. | 67.4 | 50.8 | 75.4 | 76.0 |
    | Expenditue for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | Average amount der family owning automobile.-- | \$125.06 | \$82. 68 | \$117.91 | \$168. 34 |
    | Percentage for- Gasoline and oil. | 70.3 | 64.2 | 70.0 | 72.8 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 0.5 |  | 0.6 | 0.6 |
    | Other...... | 29.2 | 35.8 | 29.4 | 26.6 |
    | $74390^{\circ}-41-6$ |  |  |  |  |

    Table 22.-Expenditures for automobile operation and maintenance for automobile owners, at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86-Con.

    | City and item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Louisvilile |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles | 37.1 | 30.4 | 37.7 | 52.8 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage amount per family owning automobile. .... Percentage for | \$96. 56 | \$71.33 | \$87.90 | \$145. 52 |
    | Gasoline and oil.- | 66.5 | 72.9 | 68.4 | 60.2 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.5. | 1.3 |
    | Other | 32.3 | 25.3 | 31.1 | 38.5 |
    | мемрніs |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles. | 59.3 | 46.6 | 58.7 | 75.9 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | Average amount | \$128.77 | \$95.95 | \$124.30 | \$157.84 |
    | Gasoline and oil | 65.8 | 70.2 | 67.1 | 62.8 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
    | Other.-- | 33.6 | 29.7 | 32.4 | 36.4 |
    | mobile |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: A verage amount per family owning automobile. .... | \$136. 12 | \$111.38 | \$136. 19 | \$174.66 |
    | Percentage for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline and oil | 63.8 | 65.2 | 62.9 | 63.3 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 0.2 | 0.3 |  | 0.4 |
    | Other. | 36.0 | 34.5 | 37.1 | 36.3 |
    | NEw orleans |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of families owning automobiles_ | 35.5 | 24.8 | 41.7 | 54.7 |
    | Expenditure for automobile maintenance and operation: |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage amount per family owning automobile. Percentage for- | \$123. 51 | \$88.75 | \$132. 33 | \$142. 24 |
    | Gasoline and oil | 63.9 | 65.2 | 61.6 | 66.2 |
    | Garase rent and parking | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.7 |
    | Other... | 33.5 | 32.0 | 35.4 | 32.1 |
    | norfole |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage amount per family owning automobile $-\ldots-\ldots--.--$ $\$ 124.10$ $\$ 127.55$ $\$ 111.68$ $\$ 133.21$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline and oil | 60.3 | 54.3 | 63.9 | 59.9 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 1.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
    | Other. | 38.7 | 45.5 | 34.8 | 39.0 |
    | RTCHMOND |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage ampunt per family owning automobile $-\ldots----. .--$ $\$ 132.10$ $\$ 74.21$ $\$ 131.44$ $\$ 166.38$ |  |  |  |  |
    | 60.2 <br> 64.3 <br> 59.5 <br> 59.8 |  |  |  |  |
    | Garage rent and parking | 3.6 |  | 3.7 | 4.5 |
    | Other | 36.2 | 35.7 | 36.8 | 35.7 |

    Of the amount spent for all other means of transportation, the largest portion went to trolley fares, largely used for carrying earners to work and children to school. In 11 cities, the proportion of families using the trolleys was greatest in Louisville, where 87 percent reported expenditures for this item, and least in Norfolk, where 70 percent of the families had none. Only 1.1 percent of the families in Jacksonville reported expenditures for trolleys, but 49 percent for
    buses. Average expenditures for all forms of transportation other than by automobile and trolley, including local bus, taxi, bicycle, railroad, interurban bus, boat, or airplane were relatively small.

    ## Recreation

    The largest proportion of total expenditures for items classified under the general heading of recreation in each of these 12 cities went to tobacco, principally in the form of cigarettes, the amounts per family averaging from $\$ 24$ in Louisville to $\$ 36$ in Jackson. (See Tabular Summary, table 15.) The second largest item of expenditure in all cities except Louisville was for movies, and the third was newspapers either delivered at home or purchased on the street. In Louisville, expenditures for newspapers exceeded those for movies. Expenditures for all types of reading matter combined exceeded total expenditures for movies only in Birmingham, Louisville, Memphis, and Mobile. In all 12 cities, it was confined almost exclusively to newspaper and magazines. The largest proportion of families spending for the purchase or rental of books occurred in Birmingham where 8.9 percent of the families reported such expense. The proportion of families purchasing magazines was larger, varying from 23 percent in Louisville to 64 percent in Houston.

    Expenditures for recreational equipment of various sorts, such as cameras and films, athletic supplies, and radios and other musical instruments, varied from $\$ 9$ in Louisville and Richmond to $\$ 23$ in Norfolk. Sixty-eight percent of all families in the region owned radios; those who bought one during the year averaged $\$ 50$ in payment for it.

    When families are classified by unit expenditure, total outlays for recreation almost doubled from low to high economic level. The items which showed relatively greatest increases were radio purchase (table 23), tobacco, and movies, which were not quite twice as large at the higher planes as at the lower. Expenditures for reading matter as a whole rose moderately, but those for magazines increased threefold.

    Table 23.-Radio ownership and purchase at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican, in 12 cities combined]

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Number of families in survey. | 2,710 | 1,027 | 982 | 701 |
    | Percentage of families: |  |  |  |  |
    | Owning radio | 67.9 12.6 | 57.7 10.9 | 71.5 12.5 | 77.6 |
    | A verage amount paid for radio per family purchasing | + $\$ 50$ | +46 | \$46 | \$60 |

    To get a more complete picture of the money spent for recreation and leisure time activities, it is necessary to examine expenditures classified under other categories. Thus, food includes purchases of candy, ice cream, and drinks consumed both within and without the home, the cost of food served to guests, of meals on vacations and trips, and of meals purchased in restaurants. Under transportation are included expenses for bus, boat, or train trips, as well as total family automobile expenditure, a portion of which is in most cases properly chargeable to recreation. Expenses of vacation homes or rent on vacation or trips (rarely reported by families in this survey) appear under the heading of housing expenditure. Bathing suits, sun suits, slacks, and other items of clothing used for sport and vacation wear are classified as clothing expenditures. While it is not possible to calculate exactly what portion of these expenditures may be considered made for recreation purposes, it is apparent that they do contribute something to this field.

    ## Personal Care

    Money spent for personal care (see Tabular Summary, table 14), which accounts for close to 2 percent of total expenditures at each economic level in all 12 cities, includes expenditures for services (haircuts, shaves, shampoos, manicures, etc.) as well as for toilet articles and preparations, such as brushes and cosmetics. Such expenditures generally doubled from the lowest to the highest economic level, and were about equally divided between personal care services and toilet articles and preparations in Baltimore, Birmingham, Dallas, Memphis, and Norfolk. In the remaining cities average expenditures for toilet articles and preparations were larger.

    Haircuts were the most frequently purchased type of personal care service, followed by permanent waves. Of each dollar spent for services, haircuts accounted for 60 to 78 cents, and between 8 and 23 cents were spent for permanent waves. While expenditures for haircuts remained relatively constant from one economic level to another, the amount spent for shaves by barbers, shampoos, and permanent waves tended to increase with improvement in plane of living.

    An irreducible minimum of toilet soap, tooth powder, tooth paste, brushes, and other such articles, is achieved even by families at the lowest level, but their use does not increase with progression to a higher plane. Those families with a little more money to spend on their grooming apparently start buying cosmetics and toilet preparations, as expenditures for these items more than doubled from the lowest to highest economic level.

    At the higher economic levels, where the families were small, expenditures per person for these goods and services were three times as high as they had been at the lower levels.

    ## Medical Care

    A fairly consistent increase in the amount spent for medical care per family from the lowest to the highest economic levels occurred in each city (see table 24 and Tabular Summary, table 14). This tendency, combined with the smaller family characteristic of the higher economic level, suggests considerably more adequate care for the health of each person among the families at the upper planes. Since it has been found from the United States Public Health Survey and other studies that the incidence of illness is certainly not less in the families in the lower economic strata, the greater expenditures at the higher levels probably indicated treatment for ills which go unattended among less fortunate families, as well as better treatment. They may also indicate, to some extent, the practice of members of the medical profession of charging for services in proportion to what is known of the family's ability to pay.

    The actual average expenditures per person for medical care more than trebled in each city from the lowest to the highest economic level. The average at the highest level shown varies from $\$ 30$ to $\$ 38$ per person except in Richmond and Memphis, where the figures are $\$ 46$ and $\$ 52$. Obviously the expenditures per person for most wage earners in the South compare unfavorably with the figure of $\$ 76$ per person estimated by Samuel Bradbury and accepted by the Technical Committee on Medical Care as needed to provide the fundamentals of good medical care on a fee-for-service basis. ${ }^{18}$

    Medicine and drugs were purchased by a larger proportion of families than any other form of medical care at all economic levels. Frequently this meant attempts at home diagnosis and treatment to save the expense of physicians' fees.

    In general, at the lowest economic level, the largest proportion of expenditures for medical services per family was devoted to payment of general practitioners and to dental care. On the average in most cities the former was the most frequently used type of medical service at this plane. At the highest economic level in nine cities, expenditures for the services of dentists were reported by more families than expenditure for any other type of service. In Baltimore and Mobile, the most frequent item was general-practitioner office visits, while in Houston they tied with dentists. The average expenditures per family for the services of general practitioners tended to increase with economic level. In general, the families studied visited the offices of general practitioners for medical assistance about as frequently as they called those doctors to their homes; in most cities


    the average expenditure per family was slightly larger for the latter type of service. Both the proportion of families using and the average expenditure per family for specialists tended to increase sharply with rise in economic level.

    Table 24.-Expenditures for medical care at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]
    

    Table 24.-Expenditures for medical care at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued

    | City and economic level | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | A verage number of persons per family | Average expenditure for medical care per person | Average expenditure for medical care per family |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | New Orleans, all families. | 318 | 3. 80 | \$14 | \$55 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 97 | 5. 08 | 7 | 33 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 60 | 3. 90 | 11 | 45 |
    | \$400 to \$600. | 108 | 3.24 | 19 | 60 |
    | \$600 and over | 53 | 2.52 | 38 | 95 |
    | Norfolk, all families | 162 | 3.63 | 18 | 64 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of $\$ 100$ to $\$ 400$ | 48 | 4.89 | 8 | 40 |
    | \$400 to \$600 | 63 | 3.67 | 20 | 74 |
    | \$600 and over | 51 | 2. 39 | 31 | 75 |
    | Richmond, all families. | 192 | 3.79 | 22 | 83 |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$400. | 69 66 | 5. 04 3.57 | $\stackrel{12}{24}$ | 88 |
    | \$600 and over | 57 | 2.54 | 43 | 109 |

    Except in Memphis, at every economic level in each city the proportion of families reporting payment for the use of the services of a clinic was small, particularly in view of the fact that it is usual for clinics to make some nominal charge for all service, even to very poor families. In Memphis, about 10 percent of the families reported the use of this service, while in the other cities except Jackson and Mobile the proportion ranged from 1 in 50 to 1 in 100 . In the two exceptedcities, no families reported any such expenditures. The amount spent per family for the use of clinics seems not to be a function of plane of living, since there was no discernible movement of either increase or decrease in amount with rise in economic level.

    No figures were secured of the amount of free medical care received by these families.

    With the exception of Baltimore, Memphis, New Orleans, and Norfolk there was a distinct increase in the expenditure per family for accident and health insurance with rise in economic level. For all families, it ranged from less than $\$ 3$ in Norfolk to $\$ 11$ in New Orleans.

    ## Formal Education

    If the investigation had been extended to cover all the goods and services received without direct expense by the groups studied, a large section of the schedule would have been devoted to the amount and kinds of education provided by the city and by other agencies for children and adults. Elementary school, high school, and trade school classes, and classes in museums and libraries and parks, free of immediate cost to those who take advantage of them, are to a greater or less degree a regular part of the life of all the 12 cities covered by
    this report. They are, of course, paid for by the citizens, but no figures have been secured in the present study on the use of these educational facilities by the group covered, or the indirect cost of this group of the city's educational system.

    Direct expenditures for formal education (see Tabular Summary, table 16), for textbooks, school supplies, and tuition, occupy but an insignificant place in the expenditure pattern of the families studied. They accounted for one-half of 1 percent of total expenditures among the families studied in each of the 12 cities covered in this area.

    A function of number of persons of school age in the various families, direct outlays for formal education showed no positive correlation with economic level. In every city the bulk of all formal education expenditures, which averaged between $\$ 4$ and $\$ 9$, were for members living at home. They covered all such items as books, pencils, paper, and supplies.

    In five cities no families reported expenditures for education of members living away from home. In the remaining cities the percentage of families reporting these expenditures reached a maximum of four in Birmingham, Dallas, and Richmond.

    ## Vocation

    Expenditures for union dues or fees, professional association dues or fees, technical literature, and similar items have been classified as "vocational expense" (see Tabular Summary, table 16). In general, such expenditures increased sharply from the lowest to the highest economic level, but the small number of cases upon which the averages are based result in irregularities in tendency. The largest part of these outlays went for union dues and fees, which ranged from $\$ 2$ per family in Richmond to $\$ 7$ in Memphis, and tended to increase from the lowest to the highest economic level.

    The number of families making expenditures for professional dues or fees ranged from 1 in 5 cities to a peak of 18 in Dallas.

    ## Gifts and Contributions to Individuals and to the Community Welfare

    For each of the 12 cities except Memphis, Mobile, and Norfolk, the total amount contributed to the support of relatives and other persons outside the economic family was uniformly greater than contributions to religious organizations and community chests, and paid in taxes. The former type of expenditure also increased much more rapidly from the lowest to highest economic level.
    The average amount spent per family in gifts and contributions to individuals varied from an average of $\$ 18$ in Baltimore and Mobile to $\$ 30$ in Houston, Jacksonville, and Richmond. Contributions to
    welfare agencies plus personal taxes ranged from $\$ 17$ in Baltimore to $\$ 30$ in Norfolk．

    In each of the cities，gifts to religious organizations constitute the bulk of the contributions to community welfare．The proportion of families making such contributions tended to increase slightly with rise in living plane．The actual average contribution tended to in－ crease，but not in as great a proportion as the total community welfare contribution．

    Amounts paid in poll，income，and personal－property taxes increased markedly from the lowest economic level to the highest．The average expenditure per family for such items ${ }^{9}$ ranged from 6 cents in Balti－ more to $\$ 6$ in Norfolk．These variations are due in part to differences in the laws of the various States at the time covered by the investiga－ tions．

    Christmas and birthday gifts constituted the major proportion of all expenditures for persons outside the economic family at both the lowest and highest economic level in Baltimore，Dallas，and Norfolk．Con－ tributions for support of relatives exceeded expenditures for gifts at the highest economic level in all other cities，and also at the lowest plane in Birmingham，Jackson，Jacksonville，Louisville，and Richmond．

    Table 25．－Percentage of total expenditures for community welfare and gifts and contributions going to various items， 1 year during the period 1934－96
    ［Families of wage earners and clerical workers－White other than Mexican］

    | Item |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咢 } \\ & \text { 今̈ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 名 } \\ & \text { 菏 } \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \boldsymbol{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 券 |  | 늘 ¢ ¢ \％ | 苛 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families in survey | 419 | 202 | 294 | 258 | 150 | 178 | 197 | 194 | 146 | 318 | 162 | 192 |
    | Total expenditures for community welfare and gifts and contributions． | \＄35 | \＄50 | \＄45 | \＄49 | \＄48 | \＄50 | \＄46 | \＄44 | \＄39 | \＄33 | \＄54 | \＄57 |
    | Percentage of expendi－ tures for community welfare and gifts and contributions： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Religious organiza－ tions | 45.3 | 37.2 | 40.3 | 29.0 | 30.7 | 35.4 | 33.1 | 39.3 | 45.2 | 30.9 | 39.7 | 31.6 |
    | Community chest． | 3.1 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 4． 4 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 4． 3 | 6.9 |
    | Taxes ${ }^{1}$－－．－．－． | 0.2 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 7.5 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 11.2 | 8.9 |
    | Christmas，birthday， etc．，gifts． | 30.6 | 19.0 | 31.6 | 28.3 | 16.7 | 22.5 | 16.6 | 30.1 | 16.3 | 24.0 | 24． 4 | 24.7 |
    | Support of relations．－． | 19.9 | 33.6 | 18.6 | 30.4 | 41.8 | 35.3 | 38.1 | 19.5 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 18．6 | 24.6 |
    | Support of other per－ sons | 0.9 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 1． 2 | 1.9 | 5.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 3.3 |


    ${ }^{\theta}$ Taxes on real estate are not included in these averages．They were entered with expenditures for housing． Sales taxes were included with expenditures for the items to which they apply．See appendix A，p． 649.

    ## Miscellaneous Items

    In general, expenditures for all miscellaneous items increased rapidly from the lowest to the highest economic levels, but due to the small numbers of families reporting them, great irregularities in tendency appear for the individual items.

    Expenditures for funerals were reported by one family in Dallas, Jacksonville, and Memphis, and by a maximum of seven in New Orleans, at an average cost ranging from $\$ 26$ in Mobile to $\$ 415$ in Louisville. Legal costs and gardens were other outstanding items in this group of expenditures, although usually averaging less than a dollar and a half in all cities except Birmingham, where $\$ 4$ was spent on these items.

    ## Chapter 3

    ## Distribution of Current Expenditures in 1934-36 as Compared With Those in 1917-19

    In addition to covering families including a husband and a wife, the present investigation also includes incomplete families of various types, such as brothers and sisters living in the same household and pooling their incomes, or a widow and her children. In this respect it differs from that made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in 1917-19 in 11 of these 12 cities. The earlier study was restricted to families having as a minimum " $a$ husband and wife and at least one child, who is not a boarder or lodger." ${ }^{1}$ Since 2-person families, according to the 1930 census, constituted 22 percent or more of the families of two or more persons in each of the 12 cities covered in the 1934-36 investigation, the limitation of the earlier study was abandoned. Because of the more extensive coverage of the present study, special tabulations are presented to make possible comparisons with the earlier investigation. ${ }^{2}$

    A comparison of the percentage distribution of expenditures by families studied in 1917-19 ${ }^{3}$ with that by comparable families studied in 1934-36 in cities in the southern region sheds much light on changes in the consumption situation which have taken place between these two periods. The cities in the South which were studied both in 1917-19 and in 1934-36 are Baltimore, Birmingham, Dallas, Houston, Jacksonville, Louisville, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, Norfolk, and Richmond. However, to make comparisons of the expenditures of the two groups of families, it is desirable to convert the dollar figures of the 1917-19 study to values which are comparable to the price levels which prevailed in 1934-36. Cost of living indexes needed for this conversion are available for all of these cities except Dallas and Louisville. In the Tabular Summary, tables 21, 22, and 23 present income and expenditure data for all 11 cities for families studied in 1934-36 which are of the same composition as those included in the earlier study. The following discussion is, however, limited to the 9 cities for which indexes are available.

    The percentage changes which have taken place in the costs of goods from 1917-18 to 1934-36 for Baltimore, Birmingham, Houston, Jacksonville, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, Norfolk, and Richmond are given in table 26. Costs of food and clothing decreased for all the cities, while those for miscellaneous items increased. The cost of the other component parts of the family budget had also changed considerably.

    Table 26.-Percentage change in the cost of goods purchased by wage earners and clerical workers from the time of the 191'خ-18 survey to the time of the 1934-36 survey ${ }^{1}$
    [Families of wage earners and clerical workers-White other than Mexican]

    | City | Food | Clothing | Rent | Fuel and light | Housefurnishing goods | Miscella- neous |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Raltimore | -17.0 | -12.4 | +15.0 | $+25.3$ | +0.1 | $+39.5$ |
    | Birmingham | -38.2 | -26.2 | -33.0 | +4.1 | -22.5 | +10.0 |
    | Houston | -27.2 | -22.0 | $-8.3$ | -21.5 | +2.2 | $+15.0$ |
    | Jacksonville | -32.0 | -26.6 | $-25.7$ | +8.5 | $-12.7$ | $+16.9$ |
    | Memphis. | -36.2 | -23.6 | $-12.0$ | $+21.4$ | -14.9 | +19.8 |
    | Mobile | $-36.4$ | -21.2 | -14.9 | -7.1 | $-8.8$ | $+20.7$ |
    | New Orleans | -32.6 | -27.3 | +14.5 | $-8.0$ | -10.6 | $+27.1$ |
    | Norfolk. | $-31.7$ | -6.9 | $-11.9$ | $+8.9$ | -4. 4 | +31.2 |
    | Richmond. | -36.2 | -21.5 | -2.6 | $+16.8$ | -. 2 | +27.2 |

    To secure goods which cost $\$ 1,500$ at the time covered by the 1917-19 survey, it would have been necessary to spend at the time covered by the second survey $\$ 1,168$ in Birmingham, where the greatest decrease in price level appears, but $\$ 1,358$ in Norfolk, where the least decrease is shown. Baltimore is the only city in the group where the price level was higher and it would have been necessary to spend $\$ 1,532$ at the second period for goods which cost $\$ 1,500$ at the time covered by the 1917-19 survey.

    Comparing the families in the $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$ income band in the 1917-19 study with the similar families studied in 1934-36, one of the most striking facts is the general increase in the level of expenditure. From table 27, this change is apparent. When the figures on average expenditures by the wage earners and clerical workers studied in the nine cities have been converted to the purchasing power prevailing during the period of the present investigation, there are increases in total expenditures, ranging from $\$ 16$ in Baltimore to $\$ 393$ in Birmingham. The percentage increases in the real level of expenditure in these cities are shown in table 28. They are not a result entirely of increases in real incomes. In contrast with the situation found in 1934-36, where this group of families in all cities except Baltimore reported expenditures in excess of incomes, the group studied in 1917-19 reported savings averaging from $\$ 17$ in Richmond to $\$ 99$ in Birmingham in terms of 1934-36 dollars.

    Table 27.-Distribution of current family expenditures in 1917-19 ${ }^{1}$ and 1934-36
    [White families of wage earners and clerical workers with annual net incomes of $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$ ]

    |  | Baltimore |  | Birmingham |  | Houston |  | Jacksonville |  | Memphis |  | Mobile |  | New Orleans |  | Norfolk |  | Richmond |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Ex-penditure | Percent | Ex penditure | Percent | Ex-penditure | Percent | Ex-penditure | Percent | Ex-penditure | Percent | Ex-penditure | Percent | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex- } \\ \text { pend- } \\ \text { iture } \end{gathered}$ | Percent | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ex- } \\ & \text { pend- } \\ & \text { iture } \end{aligned}$ | Percent | Ex-penditure | Percent |
    | Families studied in 1917-19: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Expenditu | 60 |  | 37 |  | 35 |  | 18 |  | 35 |  | 41 |  | 42 |  | 17 |  | 50 |  |
    | Total | \$1,310 | 100.0 | \$1,222 | 100.0 | \$1,313 | 100.0 | \$1,307 | 100.0 | \$1, 301 | 100.0 | \$1,315 | 100.0 | \$1, 275 | 100.0 | \$1,349 | 100.0 | \$1,310 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 547 | 41.8 | 476 | 39.0 | 539 | 41.0 | 474 | 36.3 | 487 | 37.4 | 513 | 39.0 | 539 | 42.3 | 514 | 38.1 | 515 | 39.3 |
    | Clothing | 187 | 14.3 | 182 | 14.9 | 182 | 13.9 | 231 | 17.7 | 210 | 16.2 | 238 | 18.1 | 190 | 14.9 | 262 | 19.4 | 202 | 15.4 |
    | Housing, fuel, and light | 269 | 20.5 | 226 | 18.4 | 225 | 17.1 | 238 | 18. 2 | 247 | 19.0 | 211 | 16. 1 | 219 | 17.2 | 242 | 17.9 | 216 | 16. 5 |
    | Furniture and furnishings | 62 | 4.7 | 74 | 6.1 | 64 | 4.9 | 74 | 5.6 | 64 | 4.9 | 58 | 4.4 | 46 | 3.6 | 106 | 7.9 | 67 | 5. 1 |
    | Miscellaneous | 245 | 18.7 | 264 | 21.6 | 303 | 23.1 | 290 | 22.2 | 293 | 22.5 | 295 | 22.4 | 281 | 22.0 | 225 | 16.7 | 310 | 23.7 |
    | Expenditures in terms of 1934-36: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total. | \$1,338 | 100.0 | \$952 | 100.0 | \$1, 147 | 100.0 | \$1, 097 | 100.0 | \$1, 119 | 100.0 | \$1, 108 | 100.0 | \$1,136 | 100.0 | \$1, 221 | 100.0 | \$1, 173 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 454 | 33.9 | 294 | 30.9 | , 392 | 34.2 | , 322 | 29.4 | 310 | 27.7 | ${ }^{1} 182$ | 29.4 | ${ }^{1} 1{ }^{136}$ | 32.0 | 351 | 28.7 | - 329 | 28.0 |
    | Clothing | 163 | 12.2 | 134 | 14.1 | 142 | 12.4 | 169 | 15.4 | 160 | 14.3 | 188 | 17.0 | 138 | 12.1 | 244 | 20.0 | 158 | 13.5 |
    | Housing, fuel, and light | 317 | 23.7 | 177 | 18.5 | 199 | 17.3 | 202 | 18.4 | 242 | 21.6 | 185 | 16.7 | 237 | 20.9 | 230 | 18.8 | 225 | 19.2 |
    | Furniture and furnishings | 62 | 4.6 | 57 | 6.0 | 65 | 5.7 | 65 | 5.9 | 55 | 4.9 | 53 | 4.8 | 41 | 3.6 | 101 | 8.3 | 67 | 5.7 |
    | Miscellaneous..-...------- | 342 | 25.6 | 290 | 30.5 | 349 | 30.4 | 339 | 30.9 | 352 | 31.5 | 356 | 32.1 | 357 | 31.4 | 295 | 24.2 | 394 | 33.6 |
    | Families studied in 1934-36, types comparable with those studied in 1917-19:3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number-------------..-- | 65 |  | 35 |  | 41 |  | 23 |  | 29 |  | 24 |  | 34 |  | 28 |  | 23 |  |
    | Total | \$1,354 | 100.0 | \$1,345 | 100.0 | \$1, 410 | 100.0 | \$1, 353 | 100.0 | \$1, 413 | 100.0 | \$1, 397 | 100.0 | \$1, 329 | 100.0 | \$1,392 | 100.0 | \$1, 364 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 490 | 36.2 | 436 | 32.4 | 432 | 30.7 | 450 | 33.2 | 416 | 29.5 | 436 | 31.2 | 480 | 36.1 | 515 | 37.0 | 444 | 32.6 |
    | Clothing | 131 | 9.7 | 141 | 10.5 | 142 | 10. 1 | 128 | 9.5 | 156 | 11.1 | 176 | 12.6 | 139 | 10.5 | 145 | 10.4 | 138 | 10.1 |
    | Housing, fuel, and light ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 333 | 24.6 | 291 | 21.6 | 245 | 17.4 | 267 | 19.7 | 306 | 21.7 | 268 | 19.2 | 317 | 23.8 | 337 | 24.1 | 349 | 25. 6 |
    | Furniture and furnishings | 57 | 4. 2 | 62 | 4.6 | 103 | 7.3 | 36 | 2. 7 | 95 | 6.7 | 97 | 6. 9 | 35 | 2.6 | 86 | 6.2 | 60 | 4.4 |
    | Miscellaneous..- | 343 | 25.3 | 415 | 30.9 | 488 | 34.5 | 472 | 34.9 | 440 | 31.0 | 420 | 30.1 | 358 | 27.0 | 309 | 22.3 | 373 | 27.3 |
    | 1 Data for 1917-19 based on figures published in Bureau of Labor Statistics' Bulletin 357, pp. 9, 10, 34, 36, 42, 44, 46, 48, and 54 . The period covered by the schedules secured in the various cities is as follows: Baltimore, year ending July 31, 1918; Birmingham, Dec. 31, 1918; Houston, Dec. 31, 1918; Jacksonville, Feb. 28, 1919; Memphis, Jan. 31, 1919; Mobile, Jan 31, 1919; New Orleans, Jan. 31, 1919; Norfolk, Nov. 30, 1918; Richmond, Dec. 31, 1918. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Data in terms of 1934-36 dollars were computed from original expenditure figures <br> by means of percentage changes in the cost of food, clothing, rent, fuel, and light, furniture and furnishings, and miscellaneous items, from the year of the earlier studies in each of the 9 cities. <br> ${ }^{3}$ Expenditures in 1934-36 dollars. For detailed distribution of expenditures, see Tabular Summary, table 23. <br> 4 Includes refrigeration. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    An analysis of the figures secured from the groups studied in Birmingham in the two periods will illustrate the type of changes in family living which have occurred in the interval between the investigations. The group in the income band $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$ in 1917-19 spent on the average $\$ 1,222$ for current living. Of this, $\$ 476$ ( 39 percent) was spent for food. Because of the decline in food prices, the same kinds and quantities of food could have been purchased for $\$ 294$ at the time of the second investigation, but food habits had changed to such an extent that the group studied in 1934-36 actually spent on the average $\$ 142$ more than this for food, $\$ 436$ or 32.4 percent of their total current expenditures. Clothing prices also declined. Although the average clothing expenditures of the group in the income band $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500$ in 1934-36 were $\$ 41$ less than those in the same income band in 1917-19, they were $\$ 7$ more than the calculated 193436 cost of clothing bought in 1917-19. The average expenditures for furniture and furnishings of the group of families studied in 1934-36 were $\$ 12$ less than those of the group studied at the earlier period, but $\$ 5$ more than the calculated 1934-36 cost of furniture and furnishings bought in 1917-19. The cost of housing, fuel, and light decreased, while that of miscellaneous items increased in Birmingham in the interval between the two surveys. The group studied in the second period is found to have spent more for these two groups of items both in dollars and percentage wise than the group studied in the earlier investigation.
    A comparison of the cost of the 1917-19 purchases in 1934-36 dollars with the actual purchases in 1934-36 shows in all nine cities a tendency toward larger purchases of food and larger current expenditures for housing, fuel, and light. Expenditures for clothing decreased in six cities, increased in two and in one city the same average expenditure is shown for the two periods. Expenditures for furniture and furnishings increased in four cities and decreased in five.

    The group covering miscellaneous items in each city claimed a larger percentage of the 1934-36 total than appeared in the 1917-19 purchases expressed in the dollars of those years. The percentage allotted to miscellaneous items in 1934-36 is larger in only three of the nine cities, however, when the 1917-19 purchases are converted to the 1934-36 price level.
    Table 28.-Differences in incomes and current expenditires ${ }^{1}$ between the groups studied in 1917-19 and 1934-36 in 9 cities
    [Wage earners and clerical workers with annual net incomes of $\$ 1,200$ to $\$ 1,500-$ White families]

    | City | Incomes | Expenditures | City | Incomes | Expenditures |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Baltimore | Percent $-1.4$ | Percent $+1.2$ | Mobile. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & +16.7 \end{aligned}$ | Percent $+26.1$ |
    | Birmingham | +26.0 | +41.3 | New Orleans | +12.9 | $+17.0$ |
    | Houston.--- | +14.3 | +22.9 | Norfolk. | +8.3 | +14.0 |
    | Jacksonville. | +19.2 | +23.3 | Richmond. | $+13.7$ | +16.3 |
    | Memphis | +17.2 | $+26.3$ |  |  |  |


    ## Part II.-Negro Families

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    ## Chapter 1

    ## Income Level and Money Disbursements

    Schedules were obtained from Negro families in Baltimore, Birmingham, Jackson, Louisville, Memphis, Mobile, New Orleans, Norfolk, and Richmond. These samples were chosen at the same time and in the same way as those for the white families in these nine cities, and represent a cross section of the families of employed Negroes in 1935-36. The families studied cannot be regarded as representative of the total Negro population of wage earners and clerical workers in each of these cities, since there was a minimum income and employment requirement, and the study did not extend to families on relief. (For the proportions of families excluded from the study because of this ruling, see section below on "family size and composition.")

    ## Family Income ${ }^{1}$

    Family incomes of the selected group surveyed averaged about $\$ 800$ in Birmingham, Jackson, Memphis, Mobile, and New Orleans; about $\$ 900$ in Norfolk and Richmond; and between $\$ 950$ and $\$ 1,000$ in Baltimore and Louisville. ${ }^{2}$

    The average income was influenced in all cities by a scattering of the higher incomes. Median incomes were somewhat lower than the mean; that is, more than half of the families received incomes less than the average for all families. Table 29 shows the average net money income, and the incomes below which one-fourth, one-half, and three-fourths of the families surveyed fell.

    Table 29.-Family income, 1 year during the period 1934-36

    | Item | Baltimore | Bir-mingham | Jackson | Louisville | Memphis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mo- } \\ & \text { bile } \end{aligned}$ | New Orleans | Nor-folk-Portsmouth | Richmond |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Number of families in survey. Net money income: | 107 | 101 | 100 | 74 | 94 | 94 | 83 | 109 | 96 |
    | Arithmetic average.-.--- | \$990 | \$828 | \$784 | \$969 | \$821 | \$759 | \$841 | \$939 | \$929 |
    | First quartile..-...-.-.-.- | 770 | 635 | 624 | 780 | 628 | 583 | 641 | 718 | 725 |
    | Median | 936 | 767 | 706 | 887 | 780 | 721 | 780 | 884 | 847 |
    | Third quartile.-..---- | 1,164 | 916 | 905 | 1.088 | 936 | 851 | 1,005 | 1,088 | 1,027 |

    It will be remembered that the plan of the Study provided that no family with an income of less than $\$ 500$ be included. In each of the groups surveyed, the maximum family incomes received were: Baltimore, $\$ 2,696$; Birmingham, $\$ 1,976$; Jackson, $\$ 2,004$; Louisville, $\$ 1,973$; Memphis, $\$ 1,842$; Mobile, $\$ 1,670$; New Orleans, $\$ 1,692$; Norfolk, $\$ 1,982$; and Richmond, $\$ 3,449$. In Jackson, Memphis, Louisville New Orleans, and Norfolk these maximum incomes were attained by families having but a single earner, who was a mail carrier in the first two cities, an engineer in the fire department in Louisville, a boilermaker on a railroad in New Orleans, and a packer in the Navy Yard in Norfolk. From two to four earners were contributing to the funds of the families having the maximum incomes in the other four cities. For example, in Baltimore, the family receiving $\$ 2,696$ had four earners, the homemaker being engaged in private domestic service, with one son a cook in a hospital, another son a baker's helper, and a third son an unskilled laborer in the lumber industry.

    In accordance with the fundamental purpose of the investigation, the chief source, of family income was earnings. The highest earnings reported for any one individual among the Negro groups studied ranged from $\$ 2,004$ for a mail carrier in Jackson to $\$ 1,300$ for an embalmer in Mobile. Income from all other sources, of which net earnings from boarders and lodgers were the largest part, ranged from $\$ 12$ in New Orleans to $\$ 52$ in Richmond. Gifts from persons outside the economic family (chiefly relatives) accounted for less than 50 cents in two cities and a maximum of $\$ 4$ in Memphis.

    Families of unskilled wage earners predominate in the samples studied in each of the nine cities except Richmond, where semiskilled workers are the most numerous. Families of the latter typa are the second most numerous in the other eight cities. Except in Louisville, 10 percent or less of the families had skilled workers as chief earners and 5 percent or less had chief earners engaged in clerical work. In Louisville, the corresponding proportions were 15 percent and zero.
    The importance of earnings of subsidiary earners in family income is about the same for the Negro as for the white families studied. In general it is apparent that the percentage of total income provided by the chief earner decreases with a rise in total family income, while the percentage provided by subsidiary earners increases markedly. The average number of persons reporting employment at any time during the year ${ }^{3}$ was substantially higher at the upper levels in most cities. In Baltimore, for instance, there were 1.36 gainful workers at the $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ level, but 2.33 for the $\$ 1,500$ and over group.

    Table 30.-Sources of family income at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    |  |
    | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

    Size and composition of family.
    The average number of persons per family among the Negroes was about the same as or a little larger than among the white group in each of the cities studied. Among the Negro families, it ranged from 3.51 in Memphis to 4.05 in Norfolk, which is larger than the median size of all Negro families of two persons or more in these cities as shown in the census of 1930 of 2.79 and 3.18 persons, respectively.

    The average size of family would have been somewhat larger in all the cities except Norfolk, if the investigation had been extended to families on relief, among whom it varied from a maximum of 3.4 in Norfolk to 4.4 in Shelby County (Memphis).

    When the families are sorted by income, the number of persons over 16 years of age tended to increase with rises in income, as shown in table 5 of the Tabular Summary. Family size averaged about 3 per family by the time the $\$ 1,200$ income level was reached except in Mobile, where there were 3.16 persons in the $\$ 900$ and over income group. The change in the number of children under 16 years of age with increase in family income is very irregular. About half the families were composed entirely of adults, and of these a large proportion were husband and wife only.

    ## Current Expenditures of Each City Group as a Whole ${ }^{4}$

    Negro families in these nine Southern cities allotted relatively higher proportions of their total expenditures to food and to housing, fuel, light, and refrigeration, than did white families of comparable income. Minor exceptions occur in the case of food in Baltimore and housing in Birmingham, Richmond, and Mobile. To the most important item, food, from 32 cents of each dollar in Richmond to 39 cents in Norfolk was allotted, and to housing from 19 cents in Birmingham to 34 cents in Baltimore. Except in Birmingham, Memphis, and Norfolk, expenditures for clothing required a relatively smaller proportion of the total family budget than among white families, ranging from 8.6 in Baltimore to 13.5 in Birmingham. These three items together required between two-thirds and three-fourths of the total family expenditures, which varied between $\$ 760$ in Jackson and $\$ 970$ in Baltimore.

    As a result of the relatively higher proportions allotted by Negro than by white families to the three major items of family expenditures, there occurs a somewhat different distribution of funds among the minor items. The percentages allotted transportation and recreation, which rank fourth and fifth in importance, are generally less than for white families, although in Birmingham and Richmond recreation was slightly higher for the Negroes. Transportation expenditures accounted for about 6 cents out of every dollar spent and recreation


    about 5 cents. Expenditures for furnishings and equipment and for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration were slightly smaller than for white families. The amounts paid out for medical care ranged from 2 percent in Baltimore to 5.8 percent in Jackson; except in Jackson, Mobile, and Richmond these percentages were lower than average proportion spent for medical care by the white families. On the contrary, the proportion of the Negroes' total expenditures allotted to personal care was, with exception of Baltimore and New Orleans, slightly higher, varying from 1.8 in Baltimore to 2.6 in Jackson.

    Table 31.-Expenditures for groups of items, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Item | Baltimore | Bir-mingham | Jackson | Louisville | Memphis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mo- } \\ & \text { bile } \end{aligned}$ | New Orleans | Norfolk | Richmond |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Average annual current expenditures for all items. | \$973 | \$806 | \$761 | \$820 | \$807 | \$772 | \$815 | \$918 | \$919 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditures for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items....-.-.------------- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 34.9 | 33.6 | 32.0 | 37.7 | 35.9 | 35.7 | 38.2 | 38.5 | 31.7 |
    | Clothing | 8.6 | 13.5 | 12.3 | 9.3 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 11.0 |
    | Housing | 24.9 | 11.9 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 12.3 | 19.2 | 14.5 | 12.8 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 9.4 | 7.2 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 11.3 |
    | Other household operation | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.2 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 4.4 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle, purchase, operation, and mainte- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | nance---------...- | 0.8 | 3.6 | 6.2 | 3.7 | 1.6 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Other transportation | 4.9 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
    | Personal care. | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2. 3 | 2. 2 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
    | Medical care. | 2.0 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 5. 6 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 6.4 |
    | Recreation | 4.4 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 5. 7 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.7 |
    | Education | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
    | Vocation | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | (1) |
    | Community welfare | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1. 7 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside economic family | 0.7 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.6 |
    | Other items....... | (1) | 0.6 | 0.8 | (1) | 0.7 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.

    ## Distribution of Expenditures at Successive Income Levels ${ }^{5}$

    For the Negro families in these nine Southern cities, as incomes increased the percentage spent for food and housing (including fuel, light, and refrigeration) declined. Expenditures for clothing, household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, transportation, and furnishings and equipment, on the contrary, tended to increase with a rise in income level. The rise in the expenditures for clothing was due not only to the fact that it is one of the most elastic items in the family budget, but also to the larger number of persons to be clothed at the higher income levels. The dollar expenditures for transportation showed the most striking changes from low to high income levels, increasing threefold or more in all cities except Mem-


    
    phis, where there was about a 50 percent rise. Except in Jackson and Louisville, where the movement was irregular, outlays for recreation also increased.
    For the other groups of items covered by current family expenditures, no consistent movement from one income level to another appeared, largely because such expenditures are not solely functions of income, but are very much affected by the size and composition of the families. In general, the percentages spent for personal care at each income level fluctuated around the average for all families, as did those for community welfare. Among the Negro families studied, the percentages for medical care tended to increase with income. Expenditures for vocation and education were negligible at every level.

    From table 32 it is apparent that the plane of living of the Negro families studied as determined from income and the size and composition of family combined is similar to that found for the white families. The increases in the unit expenditures by the Negro groups at each income level were very irregular, as the number of persons per family changed so widely.

    Table 32.-Average unit expenditure at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Income group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | Average expendi- ture per family | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { unit } \\ \text { food } \\ \text { expendi- } \\ \text { ture } \end{gathered}$ | Average unit clothing expendi- ture | Aversge expenditure for items per person | Average amount all items per ex-pendi- ture unit |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | baltimore |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ |  | \$523 | \$102 | \$13 | \$97 | \$152 |
    | \$600 to \$900.... | 36 | 765 | 92 | 20 | 125 | 237 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200. | 42 | 1,011 | 107 | 28 | 146 | 281 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500... | 15 | 1,243 | 115 | 36 | 158 | 310 |
    | \$1,500 and over. | 6 | 1,863 | 174 | 61 | 254 | 505 |
    | bremingham |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to \$600.... | 22 | 547 | 77 | 20 | 73 | 171 |
    | \$600 to \$900. | 52 | 749 | 75 | 33 | 87 | 195 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 16 | 1,000 | 98 | 52 | 193 | 354 |
    | \$1,200 and over | 11 | 1,312 | 140 | 63 | 244 | 449 |
    | jackson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500 to \$600......................... | 20 | 510 | 62 | 17 | 72 | 153 |
    |  | 54 | 711 | 85 | 36 | 131 | 254 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200 | 20 | 962 | 78 | 32 | 109 | 221 |
    | \$1,200 and over-- | 6 | 1,381 | 89 | 41 | 166 | 297 |
    | Loustille |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | 37 | 723 | 102 | 22 | 107 | 234 |
    | \$900 to \$1,200- | 24 | 962 | 123 | 32 | 153 | 310 |
    | \$1,200 to \$1,500 | 8 | 1,316 | 94 | 57 | 107 | 241 |
    | \$1,500 and over | 5 | 1,535 | 129 | 54 | 191 | 377 |

    Table 32.-Average unit expenditure at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued


    ## Order of Expenditures at Different Economic Levels ${ }^{6}$

    Since the incomes and the number, age, sex, and occupation of the persons dependent on the funds of the Negro families varied quite as much as among the white families, the data secured from the former were also analyzed by economic level. ${ }^{7}$ The tendencies noted for white families, i. e., increase in income and decrease in family size with rise in economic level, obtain for the Negro families in all cities.

    With a rise in economic level, there appeared a striking decline in the percentage of expenditure allotted to food and a less extreme decrease in that for housing (including fuel, light, and refrigeration). The proportion of each dollar which was spent for clothing tended to increase, although in some cities the movement was extremely irregular. The general tendency for the other groups of items covered by current family expenditures was also to increase in relative importance with improvement in the economic status of the family.

    Interesting contrasts to the figures given in table 32 are presented in table 33, which shows the changes in unit expenditures when families are classified by economic level. Whereas the average unit expenditure for all items increased threefold from the lowest to the highest economic level, it increased only twofold from the lowest to the highest income level.

    Table 33.-Average amount spent per expenditure unit at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Economic level | Number of families | Average total ex-penditure per family | Average unit food expenditure | Average unit clothing expenditure | A verage expenditure for other items per person | A verage amount spent for all items per ex-penditure unit |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | BALTIMORE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200. | 24 | \$850 | \$64 | \$15 | \$74 | \$155 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 28 | 901 | 101 | 23 | 121 | 245 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 21 | 894 | 129 | 33 | 172 | 334 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 18 | 1,014 | 156 | 35 | 235 | 428 |
    | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$. | 9 | 1,225 | 171 | 63 | 317 | 552 |
    | \$600 and over | 7 | 1,470 | 218 | 67 | 400 | 687 |
    | BIRMINGHAM |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of | 38 | 671 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 27 | 678 | 58 94 | 36 | 58 111 | 141 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 17 | 769 | 107 | 44 | 173 | 329 |
    | \$400 and over | 19 | 1,212 | 151 | 62 | 292 | 516 |
    | Jackson |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$200 to $\$ 300$ | 38 | 678 748 | 86 | $\stackrel{21}{32}$ | 61 125 | 138 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 22 | 737 | 111 | 46 | 175 | 333 |
    | \$400 and over | 11 | 1,076 | 129 | 60 | 286 | 476 |
    | LOUISVILLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$200. | 14 | 872 | 68 | 16 | 65 | 151 |
    | \$200 to \$300 | 22 | 903 | 104 | 33 | 100 | 240 |
    | \$300 to \$400 | 18 | 895 | 138 | 34 | 176 | 348 |
    | \$400 to \$500 | 15 | 923 | 160 | 40 | 234 | 435 |
    | \$500 and over | 5 | 1,197 | 178 | 46 | 317 | 544 |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200. | 24 | 730 | 64 | 19 | 67 | 151 |
    | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | 30 | 778 | 95 | 33 | 115 | 236 |
    | $\$ 300$ to \$400 | 22 | 797 | 132 | 35 | 169 | 338 |
    | \$400 and over | 18 | 977 | 134 | 58 | 260 | 452 |
    | mobile |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$200.. | 31 | 666 | 63 | 22 | 63 | 149 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | 32 | 780 | 96 | 31 | 116 | 242 |
    | \$300 to \$400. | 19 | 791 | 119 | 31 | 183 | 334 |
    | \$400 and over... | 12 | 982 | 124 | 45 | 209 | 382 |

    Table 33.-Average amount spent per expenditure unit at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36-Continued

    | Economic level | Number of families | Average total ex-penditure per family family | Average unit food ture | Average unit clothing expenditure | A verage expenditure for other items per person | A verage amount all items per ex-penditure unit |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | new orleans |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | \$740 | \$63 | \$19 | \$61 | \$143 |
    | \$300 to \$400... | 18 | 869 | 130 | 35 | 164 | ${ }_{323}^{234}$ |
    | \$400 to \$500.. | 9 | 898 | 165 | 40 | 248 | 454 |
    | \$500 and over. | 7 | 1,060 | 201 | 72 | 281 | 552 |
    | norfolk |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under \$200.. | 29 | 801 | 68 | 16 | 54 | 139 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | 30 | 807 | 104 | 27 | 107 | 238 |
    | \$300 to \$400.. | 22 | 978 | 135 | 43 | 157 | 337 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 17 | 1,039 | 146 | 49 | 238 | 435 |
    | \$500 and over | 11 | 1,210 | 203 | 69 | 302 | 579 |
    | ricemond |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families with annual unit expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$100 to \$200 ..............................- | 25 | 842 | 65 | 21 | 66 | 152 |
    | \$200 to \$300. | ${ }^{23}$ | 861 | 93 | 31 | 118 | 242 |
    | \$300 to \$400- | 24 | 877 | 113 | 41 | 185 | 340 |
    | \$400 to \$500. | 12 | 1,006 | 124 | 58 | 255 | 437 |
    |  | 12 | 1,195 | 159 | 55 | 381 | 595 |

    ## Order of Expenditures at Two Economic Levels

    A comparison of the rank order of the different group items of expenditure at the lowest and at the highest economic levels among the Negro families, as shown in table $34,{ }^{8}$ reveals an expenditure pattern similar to that discovered among the white families. The largest item, food, was first at both levels in all cities except Baltimore, where average expenditures for housing by Negro families at given income levels were considerably higher than in any other city in the region. Housing expenditures (including fuel, light, and refrigeration) ranked first at the lowest economic level in Baltimore, but held second place at both levels in all other cities. Clothing was always the third most important item except at the highest economic level in Jackson, Mobile, and New Orleans, where it ranked fourth.

    The greatest shift in rank order occurred in increased expenditures for automobile transportation in every city except Norfolk, where they dropped from eleventh to twelfth. The maximum gain occurred in Mobile, where they moved from fourteenth place at the lowest economic level to third at the highest. Gifts and contributions to


    persons outside the economic family rose from relative obscurity, i. e., around twelfth to fourteenth place, at the lowest level, to average about ninth at the highest. Except in Baltimore, Birmingham, and Jackson, expenditures for furnishings and equipment were one to four ranks more important at the higher economic level. On the other hand, outlays for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration dropped to eighth place in all cities except Baltimore, where they rose to sixth. In general, recreation tended to maintain a rank close to fifth at both levels. Personal care expenditures likewise were relatively constant at about ninth to eleventh place.

    Since the expenditures for medical care throughout the group were so small as not to provide for adequate health services, but were made primarily for emergencies, their movement was irregular between ranks and among the various cities.

    Table 34.-Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-96
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]
    
    $1 \$ 400$ and over instead of $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$.
    Although food expenditures ranked either first or second at both levels in each city, the food consumption at the two levels was not similar, due to the difference in actual dollars spent and in the size of the families at the contrasted planes of living. As in the case of the white families studied, the number of expenditure units ${ }^{9}$ per Negro


    family decreased markedly from the lowest to the highest economic level. When total food expenditures are divided by the number of food expenditure units, the result gives striking evidence of the change in food consumption from one level to another. (See table 32.)

    ## Changes in Assets and Liabilities

    As many as 74.3 percent of the Negro families studied in Louisville, but only 50.6 percent of those in New Orleans, reported net surpluses for the year covered by the schedule. The largest percentage having a deficit, 39.6, occurred in Richmond, and the smallest, 24.3, in Louisville. These families who were able to meet all the demands for family living only by drawing on previously accumulated assets or by using credit, averaged deficits ranging from $\$ 47$ in New Orleans up to $\$ 126$ in Memphis. ${ }^{10}$ (For a definition of surplus and deficit, see p.633.) A small proportion of the families reported incomes just balancing current expenditures. When all families in each sample are considered together, there results a net surplus amounting to between $\$ 53$ and $\$ 11$ in all cities but Mobile, where there was a net deficit of $\$ 4$.

    When white families were classified by consumption level (shown in detail in the Tabular Summary, table 4) there was found a general tendency for the figures on the net change in assets and liabilities to show an average surplus for all families at the lowest levels and an average deficit for all families at the higher. While this is not so regularly true of the Negroes in the South, in some cities there is a sharp decline in the amount of the surplus with progression to a higher consumption level, and in Mobile and Richmond the pattern characteristic of the white families is clearly followed. Accumulated reserves or the ability to command credit are important factors in placing a family in a higher spending category in any given year.

    An analysis of the change in assets and liabilities, as shown in table 35, indicates that reductions in assets and increases in liabilities tended to grow from low to high economic levels. The rising tide of installment buying stimulated by the depression and easing of credit in the latter part of 1933 was a factor in the increase in liabilities of these Negro families. In most cities, as the expenditure level of families rose, increases in amounts due on goods purchased on the installment plan assumed a larger proportion of the total increase in liabilities. For example, in Memphis, increases in sums owed for goods purchased on the installment plan amounted to 18 percent of the increase in all liabilities at the low level and 54 percent at the high. A comparison


    of the average increase in such liabilities with the decreases reported by families who had smaller amounts outstanding on goods purchased by this plan at the end of the year than at the beginning showed that in all cities total installment obligations incurred during the year were considerably larger than those paid off.

    Table 35.-Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, $l$ year during the period 1994-96
    

    Table 36.-Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-96
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]
    

    The most frequent form of savings among the Negro families in the Southern region (see Tabular Summary, table 4) was the payment of life-insurance premiums, which were reported by at least 90 percent of the families in six cities and substantial proportions in the other three. The average amount of such premiums per family paying them ranged from $\$ 34$ in Birmingham to $\$ 62$ in Norfolk. The second most frequently reported disposition of funds for other than current expenses was payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on owned homes in Baltimore, Jackson, and Louisville; and decrease in installment payments due on goods other than automobiles in all other cities except Norfolk, where it was payments on annuities.

    On the other side of the balance sheet, the most frequently specified sources of funds other than family income were net increases in installment obligations for goods other than automobiles in Baltimore, Birmingham, Memphis, and New Orleans; and except in Memphis (where they were replaced by settlement of life insurance policies) "other debts," which include doctors', grocers', and hospital bills, were second. In the other five cities, these two items were also most important, but in reversed order.

    No Negro families in Baltimore purchased automobiles. In the other cities, of those families which purchased automobiles, a larger proportion of Negroes than of whites financed them by installment contracts of which a balance remained unpaid at the end of the year covered by the schedule. Since a large number of the cars were purchased second-hand and cost about $\$ 300$, it is probable that many families paid for them within the period of the schedule year. In some cases, the families resorted to small loan companies for the purpose of financing automobile purchase, but the figures as reported in this study do not make possible any conclusions as to the proportion doing so.

    ## Fig. 7

    > CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OVER THE SCHEDULE YEAR AMONG WAGE EARNERS AND LOWER-SALARIED CLERICAL WORKERS AT SUCCESSIVE INCOME LEVELS RICHMOND, $1934-1935$
    > NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    ANNUAL INCOME IN DOLLARS
    U. S. bureau of labor statistics

    ## Chapter 2

    ## Expenditures for Specified Goods

    ## Food

    Annual Food Expenditure

    The increase with economic level ${ }^{1}$ in the total amount of unit food expenditure by the Negro families studied was noticeably greater than that for the white families. Negroes spending between $\$ 400$ and $\$ 500$ per expenditure unit for all items paid out from 91 to 162 percent more for food for each adult male equivalent than those with a total unit expenditure of $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$. In five cities, the increase was over 130 percent.

    Average amounts spent for food per family increased with rise in consumption level, but declined consistently in proportion to total current expenditures. The actual dollar expenditures per family for food prepared at home (including money spent for lunches carried to work and to school) were much less regular. Outlays for food away from home showed similar inconsistency. In five cities they increased with rise in consumption level; in others, they reached their maximum at the intermediate level, and in Jackson, at the low.

    In general, expenditures for meals at work also increased with rise in plane of living. In Jackson, however, they decreased; in Baltimore and New Orleans they were highest at the intermediate level; in Mobile no families reported purchases at the high level.

    Only eight families reported payments for board at school.

    ## Food expenditures in 1 week of the spring and winter quarters.

    Data on the purchase of 194 separate foods by the Negro families studied are available for one typical week in one quarter for each city ${ }^{2}$ by families divided into three different economic levels. (See


    $$
    74390^{\circ}-41-8
    $$

    Tabular Summary, table 7.) When major food groups are compared, there appear to be no marked differences due to seasonal variation in consumption, except that in general, expenditures for green and leafy vegetables were slightly larger in the cities studied during the spring. The data show a notable increase in the expenditures for food per person with rise in economic level. They also show that the types and quantities of foods purchased are distinctly different at the various levels.

    For all cities, the per capita expenditures and quantities purchased of meats, poultry, and sea food showed marked increases from the low to the high economic level. Vegetables and fruits, important sources of minerals and vitamins, likewise increased in both respects.

    Table 37.-Expenditures for food per capita ${ }^{1}$ per week

    |  | A verage per capita expenditures in 1 week in specified quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Spring |  |  |  |  | Winter |  |  | Winter and spring |
    |  | Baltimore | Jackson | Louisville | Mobile | Norfolk | Bir-mingham | New Orleans | Rich. mond | Memphis |
    | Number of families furnishing data on per capita food expendituresin 1 week | 95 | 46 | 62 | 94 | 75 | 101 | 77 | 86 | 86 |
    | Total expenditure for- <br> All foods | \$1. 68 | \$1. 43 | \$1. 73 | \$1. 52 | \$1. 69 | \$1.40 | \$1. 53 | \$1. 53 | \$1. 66 |
    | Grain products | . 29 | . 29 | . 28 | . 33 | . 28 | . 26 | . 36 | . 20 | . 26 |
    | Eggs <br> Milk, cheese, ice | . 08 | . 05 | .09 .17 | . 05 | . 08 | . 07 | . 05 | . 08 | . 09 |
    | cream | . 14 | . 11 | .17 | . 11 | . 09 | . 09 | . 11 | . 10 | . 12 |
    | Butter and cream. | . 07 | . 04 | . 08 | . 05 | . C6 | . 04 | . 06 | . 06 | . 08 |
    | Other fats | . 15 | . 24 | . 21 | . 26 | . 23 | . 25 | . 15 | . 17 | . 28 |
    | and other sea food Vegetables and | . 48 | . 24 | . 41 | . 30 | . 45 | . 28 | . 33 | . 45 | . 32 |
    | egetables and fruits | . 31 | . 24 | . 30 | . 23 | . 30 | . 21 | . 26 | . 24 | -. 28 |
    | Sugar and sweets...- | . 06 | . 10 | . 08 | . 09 | . 08 | . 09 | . 08 | . 08 | . .11 |
    | Miscellaneous foods. | .10 | . 10 | .11 | .10 | .12 | .11 | . 13 | .15 | . 12 |
    | Sales tax-..........-- | 0 | . 02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | $0^{+}$ |
    | Total expenditure for- | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |  | Percent |
    | All foods | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | $100.0$ | $100.0$ | $100.0$ | $100.0$ | 100.0 |
    | Grain products....- | 17.2 | 20.2 | 16.2 | 21. 7 | 16.6 | 18.5 | 23.5 | 13.1 | 15. 7 |
    | Eggs | 4.8 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 5. 2 | 5.4 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream. | 8.3 | 7.7 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 5. 3 | 6. 4 | 7.2 | 6. 6 | 7.2 |
    | Butter and cream.-- | 4. 2 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 3. 6 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.8 |
    | Other fats | 8.9 | 16.8 | 12.1 | 17.1 | 13.6 | 17.9 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 16.9 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish, and other sea food. | 28.6 | 16.8 | 23.7 | 19.7 | 26.6 | 20.0 | 21.6 | 29.4 | 19.3 |
    | Vegetables and truits. | 18.4 | 16.8 | 17.4 | 15.1 | 17.8 | 15.0 | 17.0 | 15.7 | 16.9 |
    | Sugar and sweets.-- | 3.6 | 7.0 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 6.4 | 5. 2 | 5. 2 | 16.8 6.6 |
    | Miscellaneous foods. | 6.0 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 9.8 | 7.2 |
    | Sales tax-...- | 0 | 1.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Reasons for use of per capita rather than per food-expenditure unit figures for individual food items are given in footnote 3, p. 47.

    Changes in the quantities purchased of starchy foods, such as flour, macaroni, rice, and other cereals, and average expenditures for such foods, were irregular. Generally, they increased with rise in economic
    level. Among other groups, most of whom were living on a higher plane, it has been found that the reverse is true; when economic resources increase, families vary their diets, and obtain more of their calories from dairy products and other protective foods. All of these Negro families were apparently still restricted, in general, to the consumption of the cheapest foods available.

    When average expenditures for single items of food are compared, the differences between the food habits of the Negro families in the South and those of other groups studied are very evident. Differences are also apparent among the Southern cities. Milk, the item of largest expenditure in the food purchases of almost every other group, is first in Louisville only, dropping to second or third in the other cities. In Louisville and Norfolk-Portsmouth the Negroes spent 15 and 6.8 cents per capita per week for milk, compared with 25.2 and 22.7 cents among the white families. When pounds of evaporated and condensed milk are converted into equivalent pounds of fresh milk and the quantities purchased at the low and high levels in the various cities compared, it is seen that purchases at the high level were more than 3 times as large as those at the low level in Louisville, Jackson, Memphis, and New Orleans, and more than twice as large in Baltimore, Birmingham, Mobile, and Norfolk.

    This rapid expansion in consumption by workers' families emphasizes the fact that means rather than tastes limit their purchases at lower planes.

    White bread was the item first in the amount of expenditure in only two cities, Baltimore and New Orleans. Its place was taken by white flour in all others except Louisville. Other items of food which rank high in amount of expenditure and which point to the differences in diets of this group are lard, salt side of pork, and fresh fish. In general, quantity purchased and per capita expenditures increased markedly between low and high economic levels.

    An estimate of the adequacy of the food expenditures of these Negro families reveals striking difference between those at the low level and those at the high. ${ }^{3}$ The prices used in this calculation were


    the average prices collected by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for its food cost indexes.

    An estimate of the proportion of the families at each economic level spending enough to purchase an adequate diet showed striking increases with general improvement in plane of living. (See table 38.) At the lowest level, no family in any city was able to do this; at the high level, the proportions ranged from 42 percent in Mobile to 94 percent in New Orleans.

    Table 38.-Proportion of families spending enough to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost, ${ }^{1} 1$ year during the period 1994-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | City and item | All families | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | BALTIMORE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 24.3 | 0 | 6. 1 | 67.6 |
    | BIRMINGRAM |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey- | 101 | 38 | 44 | 19 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 15.8 | 0 | 6.8 | 68.4 |
    | LOUISVILLE |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 23.0 | 0 | 15.0 | 55.0 |
    | MEMPHIS |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost | 27.7 | 0 | 28.8 | 61.1 |
    | mobile |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 12.8 | 0 | 13.7 | 41.7 |
    | NEW ORLEANS |  |  |  |  |
    | Fercentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 |
    |  | 30.1 | 0 | 25.0 | 93.8 |
    | NORFOIE-PORTSMOUTH |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 109 | 29 | 52 | 28 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 21.1 | 0 | 9.6 | 64.3 |
    | RICHMOND |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Percentage spending enough per food expenditure unit to purchase an adequate diet at minimum cost. | 20.8 | 0 | 10.6 | 62.5 |

    ## Housing

    ## Home ownership.

    From 10 percent of the Negro families studied in New Orleans to 32 percent in Richmond owned their own homes. Due to the small numbers in each sample, the relation of home ownership to economic level appears irregular, though in five cities the proportion increases with rise in expenditure level of the family. Probably because of the relatively large family size, from 63 percent of the Negro families in Richmond to 98 percent in Jackson either owned or rented a house.

    ## Types of dwellings.

    The proportions of Negro families living in detached one-family dwellings, semidetached or row dwellings, two-family houses, or multiple dwelling units, bears a striking resemblance to the distribution of white families in the same cities among these four kinds of housing.

    The predominant type of dwelling reported by the Negroes was a detached house for one family. While in Baltimore the figure was only 5 percent, in most cities more than one-half the families lived in this way. As with the white families, the maximum percentage was reported in Mobile, where the figure was 96 . Row or semidetached houses are the most frequent types of dwelling in Baltimore and in New Orleans. Sixteen percent or less in each city resided in two-family dwellings. Small proportions of families reported multiple-dwelling homes in each city except Jackson, where not a single family lived in one.

    ## Size of homes.

    Families owning homes enjoyed slightly more space than did renters of houses. The comparative numbers of rooms are an average of five against four. For the three cities with a sufficient number of families living in apartments with heat not included in rent to warrant the computation of separate figures, the average number of rooms per apartment was about three.
    A striking fact shown in table 39 is the consistent downward movement in the number of persons per room with rise in economic level. The relatively high standard of most of these families in regard to the minimum necessary space is not to be taken as indicating the condition of all Negro families in these cities, since it must be remembered that the sample is a cross section only of employed wage earners and clerical workers who at no time during the schedule year had received relief.

    Table 39.-Average number of persons per room at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-86
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All cami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | $\$ 400 \text { and }$ <br> over |
    | baltimore ${ }^{123}$ | 107.74 | 24 | 49 | 34 |
    | Number of families in survey |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage number of persons per room among- Renters of houses. |  | 1. 17 | . 64 | . 50 |
    | birmingham ${ }^{13}$ | 101 | 38 |  | .6019 |
    | Number of families in survey . |  |  | 44 |  |
    | Average number of persons per room among- | 8.1.27 | $\begin{array}{r} .98 \\ 1.60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .83 \\ .95 \end{array}$ |  |
    | Renters of houses. |  |  |  | . 89 |
    | JaCKSON ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey.. | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among- | .86 |  |  |  |
    | Home cwners.-... |  | 1.241.44 | . 73 | . 62 |
    | Renters of houses...- |  |  |  |  |
    | LOUISVILLE ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 |
    | Average number of persons per room amongHome owners | $\begin{aligned} & .82 \\ & .95 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
    | Renters of houses.---- |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.12 \\ & 1.52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .87 \\ & .93 \end{aligned}$ | . 40 |
    | мемPHIS 1 |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey ---..... | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among- |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments. | 1.08 | 1.46 | 1.03 | . 54 |
    | mobile ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey ...... | 94 | 31 | 51 | 1287 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among Home owners |  |  |  |  |
    | Renters of houses.- | 1. 109 | 1.27 | 1.02 .91 | . 92 |
    | NEW ORLEANS 193 |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey---.......... | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among Renters of houses. |  | 1.45 | . 87 | . 72 |
    | NORFOLE-PORTSMOUTH ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 1.04 |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey --..- | 109 | 29 | 52 | 28 |
    | A verage number of persons per room among- |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners..- | .86.84.97 | 1.281.421.50 | .63.75.94 |  |
    | Renters of unheated apartments. |  |  |  | . 58 |
    | RICHmond ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in survey | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Average number of persons per room among- |  |  |  |  |
    | Home owners. |  | 1.21 | .65.85.98 |  |
    | Renters of houses | 1.13 1.13 | 1.47 <br> 1.47 |  | . 96 |
    | Renters of unheated apartments | 1. 06 |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Figures not presented for families living in heated apartments because of small number of families in this classification.
    2 Figures not presented for families living in unheated apartments because of the small number of families in this classification.
    ${ }^{3}$ Figures not presented for families living in owned homes because of small number of families in this classiffcation.

    ## Garden space and garage.

    As with the white families, home owners surpassed renters in the proportion of families having garden space by 2 to 1 . Considerably larger proportions of home owners than renters reported the use of a garage. For example, in Richmond 19 percent of the home owners and only 5 percent of the renters were so equipped.

    Facilities.
    None of the families in Birmingham and Mobile, and none of the home owners in New Orleans, lived in dwellings with all of the following facilities: Inside flush toilets, running hot water, electric lights, and gas or electricity for cooking. In the other cities, the home owners fared better than did the renters in respect to having the use of all four of these facilities. Table 40 shows the percentage of the families having various facilities such as central heating, telephone, etc., and confirms the impression that the home owners lived in relatively more comfortable dwellings than did renters.

    In table 9 of the Tabular Summary, the data on housing facilities are presented in greater detail, including a break-down according to economic level.

    Table 40.--Housing facilities at the end of the schedule year, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]
    

    Housing expenditures.
    When the Negro families are classified according to economic level, the tendency noted for white families, i. e. a declining proportion of total expenditures devoted to housing and fuel, light, and refrigeration combined with increase in economic level, appears distinctly in all cities except Birmingham, Louisville, and New Orleans. This is partly due to the relatively large percentage of expenditures necessarily going to this group of items at the lowest economic level and the urgency of other needs not met there at all, and partly to the smaller size of the families at the higher economic levels (for details of housing expenditures see table 10 in the Tabular Summary).

    Home owners.-Among home owners, average outlays were very much less than for white families, ranging from $\$ 68$ in Jackson to $\$ 121$ in Birmingham. (See table 41.) Of the items included in total current housing expenditures, taxes, interest on mortgages, and repairs and replacements account for about 80 percent in each of the cities. Due to the small number of cases, the change with increase in economic level was extremely irregular.

    On the average, these Negro families were able to invest from $\$ 18$ in Mobile to $\$ 93$ in Memphis in their own homes. Again there is no consistent direction with improvement in plane of living. The annual rental values reported by the home owners ranged from $\$ 113$ in Mobile to $\$ 216$ in Louisville.

    Renters.-As noted above, most of the families not owning their homes rented houses, with apartment renters in the minority. Monthly rental rate for houses ranged from $\$ 7$ in Birmingham to $\$ 21$ in Baltimore. In general, there is a tendency for the average monthly rent paid to increase with rise in economic level, as can be seen in table 10 of the Tabular Summary.

    Secondary housing.-None of the Negro families studied owned a vacation home. One family in Baltimore and Birmingham and two in Mobile paid rent on a vacation or a trip. One family in Baltimore, two in Mobile and Richmond, and three in Birmingham paid room rent for children away at school.

    Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-Expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration were heaviest in winter and fall, with practically no expenditures for coal in spring and summer. In table 11 of the Tabular Summary, detailed information is presented for expenditures on electricity, anthracite, bituminous coal, coke, briquets, wood, fuel oil, gas, kerosene, gasoline not used for automobiles, and ice. Since the actual amount paid for fuel, light, and refrigeration depends to a large extent on whether a house or an apartment is involved, and on whether the rent paid the landlord includes heat, data are presented in that table for families in four separate categories as well as in the form of averages for all families.

    Table 41.-Housing expenditures, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Iterm |
    | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

    ${ }^{1}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Other items of household operation.-Items of household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration include water rent, telephone, domestic service, laundry sent out, laundry soap and cleaning supplies, and other miscellaneous items. Expenditures for these items as shown in table 12 of the Tabular Summary increased markedly from low to high economic levels. Laundry out and telephone showed a particular gain, as did such expenditures by white families. One family each in Baltimore, Louisville, Mobile, and Richmond, and two families in Birmingham employed full-time domestic service. Part-time domestic help was employed by from one family in Mobile and Louisville to five families in Norfolk, but none in Memphis or New Orleans.

    ## Furnishings and Equipment ${ }^{4}$

    Expenditures for furnishings and equipment, which were largely for suites of furniture, stoves and ranges (not electric), electric refrigerators, and carpets and rugs, were considerably greater at higher levels. At the low level, $\$ 23.54$ was spent for this group of items, whereas families at the high spent $\$ 58.35$. (See Tabular Summary, table 18.)

    The goods purchased at different levels varied not only in kind but in quantity. At the low plane the articles purchased by the largest proportion of families were such fundamentals of household equipment as brooms, brushes, and mops; electric light bulbs; tubs, washboards, and wringers; sheets and other bedding; pots, pans, and cutlery; and window shades, wire screens, and awnings. Such articles as suites of furniture, carpets, felt base floor coverings, curtains and draperies, and cotton turkish towels, on the contrary, were purchased relatively more frequently at the high level.

    Of the various groups of items coming under the general head of furnishings and equipment, the expenditure for electrical equipment increased most markedly from low to high planes of living. (See table 42.)

    Table 42.-Expenditures for furnishings and equipment at different economic levels, 1 year dur $r g$ the period 1934-86
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers in 9 cities combined]

    | Item | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Under \$200 | \$200 to \$400 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Number of families in survey. | 240 | 436 | 182 |
    | Total expenditure for furnishings and equipment | \$23.54 | \$31.63 | \$58.35 |
    | Furniture | 10. 47 | 13. 12 | 24.65 |
    | Textile furnishings. | 5.36 | 7.22 | 11. 05 |
    | Silver, china, and glassware | . 22 | . 39 | . 61 |
    | Electrical equipment. | 1. 06 | 1. 65 | 9.78 |
    | Miscellaneous equipment. | 6.43 | 9.25 | 12. 26 |
    |  | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    | Total expenditure for furnishings and equipment. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Furniture.. | 44.5 | 41.5 | 42.3 |
    | Textile furnishings | 22.8 | 22.8 | 18.9 |
    | Silver, china, and glassware. | . 9 | 1. 2 | 1.1 |
    | Electrical equipment. | 4.5 | 5. 2 | 16.7 |
    | Miscellaneous equipment | 27.3 | 29.3 | 21.0 |


    ## Clothing ${ }^{5}$

    ## Total expenditure per family for clothing.

    Total expenditures for clothing by Negro families in the South (see Tabular Summary, table 17) averaged $\$ 91$ per family. Expenditures at the low level averaged $\$ 82$, rising to $\$ 88$ for the intermediate group and $\$ 110$ for the high. The smaller size of family at the high level made the increase in clothing expenditures even more striking when they were analyzed on a per person or per clothing-expendi-ture-unit basis. Thus the average unit clothing expenditures at the three levels were $\$ 20, \$ 33$, and $\$ 53$, respectively.

    That the custom of buying clothes ready to wear extends to the Negroes is indicated by the overwhelming proportion of the total going to purchase ready-made clothing, dry cleaning, and accessories. Expenditures for yard goods and findings used for sewing garments at home averaged $\$ 3.45$ per family at the low level, $\$ 2.82$ at the intermediate, and $\$ 2.02$ at the high. Paid help for sewing was used so infrequently that the average expenditure per family was only 33 cents.

    ## Gifts of clothing.

    Gifts of clothing, if paid for from family funds and exchanged within the economic family, were not recorded as gifts but simply as clothing expenses. When, however, such presents were received from persons outside the family circle, an attempt was made to ascertain their value. Approximately one-third of the families reported receiving them. Their value as estimated by the families averaged $\$ 4.26$, but as a large proportion could not judge the value of the items received, they have not been included, and the above figure does not give a complete account of this item.
    Clothing expenditures for men and boys.
    Average clothing expenditures per person increased regularly from $\$ 20$ for Negro men and boys 18 years and over at the lowest consumption level to $\$ 46$ at the high. The limited number of cases at the high level bars comparison of expenditures at different economic planes for any but the highest age group.

    When the clothing expenditures of the men and boys 18 years of age and over are summarized according to general type (see table 43), those for outerwear are found to have received about half of the total expenditure. There was little change in relative expenditures for clothes of different types with rise in economic level for any group


    except footwear, which decreased in proportionate expenditure as the plane of living rose.

    Table 43.-Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-96

    | Sex and age group, and type of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \substack{\text { falm } \\ \text { filies }} \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per ex-penditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \substack{\text { falm- } \\ \text { filies }} \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Fam. lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & { }_{\$ 2000} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\$ 400}{\$ 200 \text { to }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | (tan $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$40 } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over }\end{aligned}$ |
    | Men and boys 18 years of age and over: |  |  |  |  |  | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    |  | ${ }_{15.37}^{81.65}$ | ${ }_{9}^{81.08}$ | ${ }_{151}^{81.74}$ | ${ }_{23}^{\$ 2.38}$ | 59.4 | 58.1 | 5.6 | 5.1 |
    | Underwear- | ${ }_{2}^{2} .36$ | 1.51 | ${ }_{2.41}$ | ${ }_{3.63}$ | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.8 |
    | Footwear---......- | 7. 78 | ${ }_{5}^{5.41}$ | ${ }^{7.68}$ | 11.02 |  | 26.8 | 24.6 | 23.7 |
    | Miscellaneous items.. | 3.78 | 2.54 | 3.68 | 5.90 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 12.7 |
    | Total | 30.80 | 20.17 | 31.18 | 46.46 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | . 0 |

    An analysis of the data by low and high economic levels yields an extraordinary similarity in the clothing-expenditure patterns of these two different groups. At neither level is any but an essential item of apparel important in number of purchases or in the proportionate expenditure it claims. The only difference is a small improvement in quantity and quality when a higher plane of living has been reached. For example, shoes were always purchased by more men than was any other article, though at the low level those buying them averaged 1.3 pairs at $\$ 2.96$, while at the high the figures were 1.5 and $\$ 4.18$. In each group, cotton "dress" shirts were second in frequency of purchase, followed in varying order by such things as work shirts and felt hats.

    When clothing budgets are made out by these Negro families, primary consideration is always given to heavy wool suits. Since, however, at the low level only 9 percent of the men bought one during the year scheduled, and at the high 28 percent, they were purchased only at 11 - and 4 -year intervals. The average prices were $\$ 21$ and $\$ 23$. Lightweight wool suits were purchased by 11.8 percent at the low plane and 21 percent at the high. After suits, the next largest proportion of each clothing dollar went for shoes, which in both groups were followed by shirts. The average cost of the latter was $\$ 0.97$ at the low plane and $\$ 1.30$ at the high.

    Despite the pressure of these urgent items, a little money was made available to care for the clothes. Forty-five percent of the men at the low level averaged $\$ 2.53$ for cleaning and repairing, while among 74 percent at the high, $\$ 3.62$ was so spent.

    Clothing expenditures for women and girls.
    Clothing expense for Negro women and girls was slightly smaller than that for men and boys except in the age group 12 through 17. Again analysis by economic level is presented only for women and girls 18 years and over. Their annual clothing expenditures ranged from $\$ 15$ at the lowest of the three levels distinguished to $\$ 45$ at the high. Of this money, the proportions spent for outerwear and miscellaneous items also increased with rise in economic plane, while those devoted to headwear and footwear declined.

    Among women and girls living in families with a unit expenditure of less than $\$ 200$ for all goods and services, and those with a unit expenditure of $\$ 400$ and over, shoes, hose, and felt hats were the articles most frequently bought, and shoes and hose were the most important items of proportionate expenditure. Street shoes were purchased by 69 percent of the women at the low level, and 70 percent at the high, at average prices of $\$ 2.38$ and $\$ 3.19$; dress shoes were bought by 19 percent and 36 percent, costing $\$ 2.73$ and $\$ 3.60$. Fifty-five percent of the women at the low level bought 5 pairs of hose apiece and paid 57 cents for each of them. At the high level they bought 10 pairs each at 66 cents a pair. For the third most important expenditure item, the first divergence appears. For the woman with the smallest unit expenditure, dresses came next, with 24 percent purchasing at an average cost of $\$ 4.26$. Those at the highest plane devoted more to coats, spending $\$ 26$ for a new one every 8 years.

    Table 44.-Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36

    | Sex and age group, and type of clothing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | W omen and girls 18 years of age and over: |  |  |  |  | Percent | Percent |  |  |
    | Headwear_-......-..........-.-.-.-. | \$1.66 | \$1.01 | \$1.75 | \$2.48 | 6.1 | 6.5 | P6.4 | 5.5 |
    | Outerwear | 10.84 | 5.37 | 10.81 | 19.89 | 40.1 | 34.7 | 39.4 | 44.0 |
    | Underwear | 3.40 | 2.03 | 3. 29 | 6.10 | 12.6 | 13.1 | 12.0 | 13.5 |
    | Footwear | 9.52 | 6.31 | 10.00 | 13.69 | 35.2 | 40.8 | 36.4 | 30.3 |
    | Miscellaneous items. | 1. 61 | . 76 | 1.60 | 3.04 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 6.7 |
    | Total | 27.03 | 15.48 | 27.45 | 45. 20 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

    These two groups represent the lowest level at which independent Negro families lived and the highest at which any significant number were found. The general nature of their clothing expenditures would seem to indicate that at both these planes of living, the urgency of food and housing is so great that even clothing is sacrificed to meet their demands. Apparently it is only when income and expenditure
    levels higher than those appearing for these samples are reached that variety or abundance can be introduced into the wardrobe.

    ## Recreation

    In all cities, expenditures for tobacco, principally in the form of cigarettes, were larger than for any other item classified under the general heading of recreation, although as a percentage, they decline with rise in economic level. The amounts spent per family ranged from $\$ 16$ in Louisville to $\$ 23$ in Jackson (the low and high cities respectively for tobacco expenditures among the white families). Second place was taken by paid admissions to movies in Baltimore, Jackson, Norfolk, and Richmond, and third by newspapers. In the other cities this order was reversed.

    The purchase or rental of books was reported by a maximum of 3 percent of the families in Birmingham and New Orleans. The proportion of families purchasing magazines was somewhat larger, ranging from 5 percent in Louisville and Mobile to 18 percent in Birmingham. Expenditures for recreational equipment, which rose with improvement in plane of living, ranged from $\$ 4$ in Baltimore, Louisriif, Memphis, and New Orleans to $\$ 13$ in Birmingham. Here too it seems to be lack of money rather than lack of interest which limited the use of leisure time.

    The percentage of families owning radios doubled from low to high economic levels. (See table 45.) Only in Birmingham, Jackson, Norfolk, and Richmond did any Negro families at the low economic levels purchase radios during the schedule year. The proportion making such purchases at the high economic levels ranged from 4 percent in Norfolk to 22 percent in Memphis.

    Table 45.-Radio ownership and purchase, at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Negro families of wage earners and clerical workers in 9 cities combined]

    | Item | All families | Economic level-families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Number of families in survey | 858 | 240 | 436 | 182 |
    | Percentage of families- |  |  |  |  |
    | Owning radio -- | 32.8 | 20.4 | 31.9 | 51.1 |
    | Purchasing radio | 7.3 | 2.9 | 8.0 | 11.5 |
    | Average amount paid for radio per family purchasing | \$53.46 | \$80. 38 | \$48.74 | \$52.34 |

    ## Transportation

    Annual expenditures by Negro families for transportation by trolley, bus, automobile, train, or other means of conveyance ranged from $\$ 38$ in New Orleans to $\$ 56$ in Baltimore. Such expenditures increased both in dollar value and in proportion of the total with rise in economic level. In Baltimore, New Orleans, and Norfolk, only 6 or 8 percent of the families owned an automobile. In the other cities, a large proportion of expenditures for transportation went for the purchase, maintenance, and operation of cars, reaching a maximum of 87 percent in Jackson, where over a third of the Negro families owned their own automobiles. Expenditures for automobile operation increased rapidly with improvement in economic level, with a marked rise in the proportion of such outlays going to the purchase of gasoline.

    Of the amounts spent for all other means of transportation, the largest portion went to trolley fares, largely used for carrying earners to work and children to school. The percentage of families using trolleys was greatest in Birmingham, with 90 percent, and least in Norfolk, with 28 percent.

    One Negro family purchased a new car during the schedule year in Louisville and in Mobile, but none did so in the other 7 cities. Purchases of second-hand cars ranged from zero in Baltimore to 14 in Jackson. The average price paid per car purchased ranged from $\$ 102$ in New Orleans to $\$ 300$ in Memphis.

    Table 46.-Expenditures for recreation and transportation at two different economic levels, 1 year during the period 1994-96
    [Nogro families of wage earners and clerical workers]
    

    ## Personal Care

    Family expenditures for personal care, which include services such as hair cuts, shaves, shampoos, and manicures, as well as purchases of toilet articles and preparations, ranged from $\$ 18$ in Baltimore, Mobile, New Orleans, and Norfolk to $\$ 23$ in Richmond. Actual dollar expenditures for these items increased one and a half times from low to high economic levels; expenditure per person increased almost fourfold. As with white families, haircuts are most frequently purchased, accounting for between 64 and 84 cents out of each dollar spent for personal care services. These figures are slightly higher than for white families. Shampoos and shaves were the next most frequently reported types.

    ## Medical Care

    As their family funds grew, the percentage expenditures for medical care of the Negroes in these nine Southern cities increased more regularly than those of other groups, both white and Negro. The striking feature of this, however, is that except in Norfolk, never less than 30 percent, and in two cities more than 50 percent, of these expenditures were invested in accident and health insurance.

    It is of course true that there are no data available showing what medical care was received in return for this insurance. In view of the extremely recent spread of institutions making possible prepayment for medical service, it seems unlikely that many of these expenditures were made for such a purpose. The more usual form of insured medical aid provides payments at the time of the illness. The schedules used in this investigation do not show this figure separately. There is, however, an item giving the average amounts received by all families in pensions and insurance payments of all kinds combined. In Memphis, where the all-family average payment for accident and health insurance was $\$ 20$, the average receipt was $\$ 1$. In New Orleans, $\$ 18$ was paid out and nothing was received. Baltimore was the only city in which receipts from all pensions and annuities equaled the amount paid for accident and health insurance. It seems likely that this situation partly explains the sums actually spent on medical service.

    Medicines and drugs were purchased by a larger proportion of families than any other form of medical care. The services of general practitioners were also widely used, and claimed the largest proportionate expenditures of any type of medical service.

    Even among the Negro families, the percent reporting clinic fees is extremely small, ranging from 1 percent in Birmingham, Jackson, and Louisville to 9 percent in Baltimore. Although it is usual for clinics to make some nominal charge for all service, there are undoubtedly some which do not. Since no information on free medical care was obtained, it is impossible to say definitely that these figures accurately represent the amount of clinic care the families received.

    ## Part III.-Mexican Families in Houston

    119

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    ## Chapter 1

    ## Income Level and Money Disbursements

    Schedules were obtained from 100 Mexican families in Houston. This sample was chosen at the same time and in the same way as that for other families studied. It represents a cross section of the families of employed Mexicans in 1935-36 in this city, as defined for the purposes of this study. The sample was not intended to be representative of the total Mexican population of wage earners and clerical workers, since the Study excluded families on relief ${ }^{1}$ and those lacking specified employment. The same criteria were used for all the samples covered in the investigation in order that the resulting data would be on a comparable basis.

    ## Family Income ${ }^{2}$

    As with the other families studied, no Mexican family was included which had an income of less than $\$ 500$. The actual incomes of families drawn in the Mexican sample ranged from $\$ 504$ to $\$ 1,797$. This maximum income was received by a family having two earners; the husband was a skilled stationary engineer in a creamery and the son an unskilled field laborer at a country club. The average family income was $\$ 924$. The median was somewhat lower, $\$ 892$. Onefourth of the Mexican families studied had incomes of less than $\$ 700$ and three-fourths had incomes of less than $\$ 1,064$. These figures were substantially lower than those for a comparable Mexican sample studied in Los Angeles (see B. L. S. Bull., No. 639, pt. II).

    As would be expected from the eligibility requirements of the Study (see appendix D, p. 660), the chief source of family income was earnings. The highest earning reported for any one individual among the Mexican families was $\$ 1,574$, received by a semiskilled blacksmith working for a railroad. The relative contributions of supplementary earners to family income were of about the same importance for the Mexican as for the other white families. However, while the percentage of income from sources other than earnings tended to increase with rise in income level for white families, the reverse was distinctly true for the Mexican families. (See table 47.)

    Table 47.-Sources of family income at successive income levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    
    ${ }^{1}$ A gainful worker is defined as a person having had some gainful employment in business or industry, or domestic service, at any time during the year. (Some families included had persons in domestic service as subsidiary earners.)
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Including net earnings from boarders and lodgers.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less business losses and expenses not deductible from earnings of the year covered by the schedule.
    The proportions of clerical workers, unskilled, semiskilled, and skilled wage earners found in the Mexican sample are more similar to those found for Negro families in the Southern cities than for the white families other than Mexicans. In the Houston Mexican sample, 56 percent of the families had an unskilled wage earner as the chief earner, 30 percent had a semiskilled wage earner, 6 percent a skilled wage earner, and 8 percent a clerical worker. These proportions correspond very closely to those found in the Mexican group studied in Los Angeles. They reflect the agricultural background from which they have come as immigrants, the general limitations of their schooling, and their very slight opportunity to acquire skill in trades.

    ## Size and composition of family.

    The average number of persons per family, 4.91, was considerably higher than for white families other than Mexican in Houston, and exceeded the average size of Negro families in all of the cities studied in the South. ${ }^{3}$ It was slightly larger than the average for Mexican families in Los Angeles. If the investigation had been extended to families on relief, the average size would have been even larger, since the average size of the families of "other races" of two or more persons on relief in the month when relief load reached a peak during the period of the investigation in Harriss County was 5.3.

    The tendency noted among both white and Negro groups for the average size of family to increase with rise in income level holds true among these 100 Mexican families. The number of persons 16 years of age and over increased sharply with rise in income level, but the number of persons under 16 years of age increased to about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ persons


    in the $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ income group and then declined with the subsequent income groups. The group with incomes over $\$ 1,800$ was made up largely of mature families, with few young children, where the wife and the older sons and daughters were free to work.

    ## Current Expenditures of Each City Group as a Whole ${ }^{4}$

    The distribution of current expenditures which averaged $\$ 954$ by the Mexican families ${ }^{5}$ tended to resemble that of the Negroes studied in the Southern cities, who were living at approximately the same economic level. A larger portion of each dollar spent was allotted to food than by white families in any city in the Nation-wide study, including New York. Thirty-eight cents was spent for this most important item in the family budget. Expenditures for housing including fuel, light, and refrigeration received but 18 cents, which is slightly under that spent by the white families other than Mexican in Houston. On the other hand, the proportion spent for clothing, 13 percent, was very much higher than for other white families in Houston and approached the maximum found for Negro families of 13.5 percent in Birmingham.

    Expenditures for all forms of transportation constituted the next most important item, with automobile purchase, operation, and maintenance accounting for 8.0 of the total of 9.4 percent. In this item, these families depart from the pattern shown by Negro families, since the latter allotted only around 5 cents to automobile transportation. Furnishings and equipment took fifth place with about 6 cents out of every dollar so spent. Recreation accounted for 5 cents, followed by expenditures for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, for which about 3 cents was spent. Medical care expenditures received a relatively smaller porportion of total expenditures than for either the white or Negro families studied in this region. On the other hand, personal care expenditures averaged about 2.5 percent, which is higher than for white families other than Mexican.

    Table 48.-Expenditures for groups of items, 1 year during the period 1934-s6
    [Mexican families of wage earners and clerical workersi

    | Item | Houston | Item | Houston |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for all items | \$954 | All items-Continued. <br> Other transportation | 1.4 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  | Personal care.- .-.-.----------------- | 2.5 |
    | All items. | 100.0 | Recreation | 4.8 |
    | Food | 37.9 | Education | . 6 |
    | Olothing | 13.3 | Vocation. | . 2 |
    | Housing | 12.9 | Community welfare | 7 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 4.8 | Gifts and contributions to persons |  |
    | Other household operation .-.------- | 3.0 | outside the economic family.-...- | 1.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. Automobile and motorcycle, purchase, operation, and maintenance- | 5.7 8.0 | Other items. | . 3 |

    - See Tabular Summary, tables 3 and 6.

    Despite the lower incomes of the Mexican families in Houston, the general distribution of their expenditures was remarkably similar to that of the Mexican families studied in Los Angeles. The percentages of the total allocated to food, housing, fuel, light, and refrigeration, other household operation, clothing, personal care and medical care were almost the same as for the Los Angeles families. The relatively large food expenditures in both cities are undoubtedly associated with the large-size families. The much greater proportion spent for clothing in both cities than by comparable other white families probably reflects the pleasure in some measure of adornment frequently found among Latin peoples. It is confirmed by the findings of an earlier study of Mexican families in San Diego. ${ }^{6}$ In analyzing this difference in the apportionment of expenditures for clothing and other items, it is well to recall that an average expenditure of but $\$ 127$ was used to clothe 5 people. The housing expenditures of both city groups were lower than those of the other white families in their respective cities though the expenditures of the Houston Mexican families were proportionately greater than those of the Los Angeles Mexicans.

    Although the other white families in both Houston and Los Angeles spent more for transportation than for clothing, ${ }^{7}$ the Mexican families in both cities reversed the relative importance of these two items. The Houston Mexicans spent proportionately more than did the Los Angeles Mexicans for automobile transportation, 8.0 as compared with 7.3 percent, and relatively less for other transportation, 1.4 as against 2.5 percent. On the other hand the Houston Mexican families devoted a smaller proportion than did the Los Angeles families, 4.8 as compared with 5.9 percent of their total expenditures, to items classed under the heading of recreation, including tobacco, reading matter, movies and other paid admissions and recreational equipment of various sorts.

    ## Distribution of Expenditures at Successive Income Levels

    The tendency noted for both the other white families and the Negro families for the percentage spent for food and housing (including fuel, light, and refrigeration) to decline with rise in income level holds true also for the Mexican families. Expenditures for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration also tended to decline when expressed as percentages of total expenditure but the movement was slightly irregular. On the other hand relative expenditures for clothing, furnishings and equipment, transportation, recreation and gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic


    families increased with rise in income level. Of these the greatest increase occurred in the case of transportation, for which the dollar expenditures were 10 times as great at the highest income level as at the lowest.
    The percentages allotted to personal care, medical care, and community welfare tended to remain about the same at all income levels. (See Tabular Summary, table 6.)

    In general these findings coincide with those for Mexican families studied in Los Angeles. Exceptions occur in the movement in the two cities of relative expenditures for personal care and for furnishings and equipment. These differences, however, are probably due only to the variations ${ }^{8}$ inherent in small samples and do not represent any fundamental differences in consumption patterns in the two cities.

    ## Order of Family Expenditures at Different Economic Levels

    For reasons explained in connection with the analysis of the data obtained from the other families studied in the South, the data secured from the Mexican families cooperating in the investigation were also analyzed by economic level. ${ }^{9}$ The relationships noted for white families other than Mexican, i. e., increase in income and decrease in family size with rise in economic level, also held true for the Mexican families.

    With a rise in economic level there appeared(see Tabular Summary, table 3) a decline in the percentage of expenditure allotted to food and to housing (including fuel, light, and refrigeration). Contrary to the movement noted for other white families the proportion of each dollar spent for clothing tended to remain about the same for each economic level. This same relative movement was found among Mexicans in Los Angeles. The percentage of each dollar allotted to household operation other than fuel, light and refrigeration, to furnishings and equipment, to transportation other than for automobile, to personal care and to medical care similarly showed little change at successive economic levels.

    The general tendency for the other groups of items covered by current family expenditures was to increase in relative importance improvement in the economic status of the family.

    A comparison of the rank order of the different main groups of expenditure items at the lowest and at the highest economic levels analyzed Mexican families were found as shown in table 49, reveals the overwhelming absolute importance of food, housing (including fuel, light, and refrigeration), and clothing, at both levels. They ranked


    
    first, second, and third, respectively, in magnitude of expenditure among families with the greatest as among families with the least annual expenditure per equivalent adult. The most striking aspect of the comparison between expenditures of the Houston Mexican families at low and high levels is the absence of any tendency to marked shifts in consumption as economic status increased. Thus the rank orders at both low and high levels were identical not only for the three essentials named above, but for seven other categories of consumption. The only important shifts noted at the high as compared with the low level were a dropping in relative importance of personal and of medical care and an increase in relative importance of transportation other than by automobile and of gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family.

    Table 49.-Expenditures in rank order at two different economic levels, 1 year during the perid 1934-86

    | Group expenditure item | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  | Group expenditure item | Families with annual unit ex penditure of |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100- \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400- \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100- \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400-$ |
    | Food. | 1 | 1 | Personal care. | 8 | 11.5 |
    |  | 3 | 3 | Medical care....-.-.....-----......- | 9 | 13 |
    | Housing, including, fuel, light, and refrigeration | 2 | 2 |  | ${ }_{11.5}^{6}$ | 6 10 |
    | Other household operation.......-- | 7 | 7 | Vocation-.-.-............................... | 15. | 15 |
    | Furnishings and equipment-...- | 4 | 4 | Community welfare---.-.........- | 11.5 | 11.5 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle purchase, operation, and maintenance |  |  | Gifts and contributions to persons outside economic family. Other items | 13 14 | -9 |
    | Other transportation. | 10 | 8 |  |  |  |

    Substantially less general consistency in expenditure patterns at high as well as low economic levels was found among the Mexican families studied in Los Angeles, where the spread of families by economic level was greater than in Houston. Likewise many of the Negro samples and all of the white samples studied showed greater shifts in consumption from low to high economic levels. The principal explanation for the consistency among the Houston Mexicans is the small spread between the lowest and the highest economic levels at which any group of these Mexican workers' families lived. Even the highest economic level at which any substantial proportion of Mexican families in Houston was found was not one calculated to permit extensive expression of individual tastes, but rather was one at which little margin was left after the essentials of food, clothing, and housing were met.

    There were of course, differences in the content of consumption at the two economic levels, due both to the difference in actual dollars spent and to the size of the family. Thus food consumption was actually different at the high level, even though food expenditures
    ranked first at both levels. The amount of unit food expenditure was notably greater at the high level.

    The Mexican families studied in Houston, like these in Los Angeles, were unable to balance incomes and expenditures and finished the year with an average net deficit of $\$ 17$. (See table 50 and Tabular Summary, tables 2 and 5.) Their aggregate increases in assets and decreases in liabilities incurred before the schedule year were more than offset by decreases in assets and increases in liabilities, chiefly the latter. (See table 51.)

    The same considerations outlined in the discussion of assets and liabilities for other white and for Negro families pertain to the Mexican families. (See pp. 37 and 96.) In comparing the changes in financial status of the other white and the Mexican families in Houston, the smaller net incomes and larger size of the latter families should be remembered. In general, however, the pattern of savings and deficits was similar to that of the other white families in Houston and curiously enough quite different from the pattern of the Mexican families studied in Los Angeles.

    A little more than half of the families ended the year with an average surplus amounting to $\$ 63$. Forty-one percent of the families, on the other hand finished the year with an average deficit almost twice as great, $\$ 123$.

    When the families are classified by income (see Tabular Summary, table 5) a net deficit was found at all but two income levels: Among the 12 families in the $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ income group there was a net surplus of $\$ 5$, while the 32 families with incomes from $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ showed a net surplus of $\$ 8$. This compares with a net deficit found at every income level among the Los Angeles Mexican families.

    When the amount of current expenditure is used as the basis of classification (see Tabular Summary, table 2), however, the effect, as has been found among other groups of families studied, is to move the deficit families into the higher spending categories. It is not surprising, therefore, that table 50 shows only the families at the lowest economic level having an average surplus, whereas the size of the average deficit is largest at the highest economic level.

    In studying the deficit financing of these Mexican families (see table 51 and Tabular Summary, table 4) it is evident that increases in new obligations were relatively more important than withdrawals from past savings or other assets. This was particularly true at the highest economic level. Increases in installment obligations were the outstanding means of expenditures from sources other than current income. "Other debts" which include increases in the amounts due doctors, grocers, hospitals, etc., were the second most frequently resorted to source.

    Table 50.-Percentage of families having surplus and deficit, and net change in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    

    Eleven of the nineteen Mexican families purchasing automobiles during the schedule year financed them by installment obligations which had not been completely met at the end of the schedule year. Whether the remaining eight families financed their purchases through small loan companies cannot be determined from the data available.

    Among the Mexican families studied, as with the other white and Negro families, the most frequent form of savings was the payment of life insurance premiums. Fighty-five percent of the Mexican families reported paying such premiums at an average expenditure of $\$ 34$ for each of these 85 families. The tendency was for both the proportion of families making such payments and the amounts paid to decrease with rise in economic level. This is in contrast to the general tendency noted for white families, and among Mexican families in Los Angeles, and the somewhat less consistent tendency among the Negro families for the proportion of families buying life insurance and the average amount paid per family to increase with rise in economic level. Payments on annuities formed the second most frequently used form of savings among Mexican families in Houston, in contrast with payments on principal of mortgage on owned home among the Los Angeles Mexican families.

    Table 51.-Changes in assets and liabilities during the schedule year at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Mexican families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400 \text { and }$ over |
    | Number of families. | 100 | 30 | 56 | 14 |
    | Average amount of 1 - |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in assets. | \$45 | \$36 | \$50 | \$40 |
    | Decrease in liabilities. | 10 | 8 | 11 | 12 |
    | Decrease in amounts due on goods purchased on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 2 | 4 |  | 0 |
    | Other goods. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
    | Decrease in assets. | 16 | 1 | 26 | 7 |
    |  | 56 | 28 | 52 | 129 |
    | Increase in amounts due on goods purchased on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 18 | 6 | 11 | 73 |
    | Other goods. | 27 | 14 | 32 | 35 |

    1 Average computed by dividing the aggregate increases or decreases of the families reporting such increases or decreases by the total number of families at each ex, enditure level.

    ## Chapter 2

    ## Expenditures for Specified Goods

    ## Food

    ## Annual Food Expenditure.

    Average food expenditures per family among the Mexican families in Houston, as a proportion of total current expenditures, declined consistently with rise in economic level. ${ }^{1}$ The actual number of dollars spent for food prepared at home (including food for lunches prepared at home and carried to work and to school) on the contrary increased slightly from $\$ 341$ at the low to $\$ 357$ at the high level. (See Tabular Summary, table 8.)

    The increases in dollar expenditures for food bought and eaten away from home were much greater than those in expenditures for food eaten at home. Money spent at restaurants, lunch counters, soda fountains and bars increased almost sixfold from the lowest to the highest level. Such expenditure accounted for not quite $1 \frac{1}{2}$ cents of each food dollar at the low economic level, but nearly 9 cents at the higher level. Expenditures for meals at work increased from the low to the high level even more rapidly than did total expenditures for food away from home. These general tendencies were similar in direction to those noted among Mexican families in Los Angeles.

    Although total food expenditures were not very different at low and high economic levels, the food consumption was quite different owing to the smaller size of families at the high level. Families with annual unit expenditure of $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ for all items in the family budget, had an average annual expenditure for food of $\$ 60$ per food-expenditure unit, ${ }^{2}$ in contrast with $\$ 159$ for families spending $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ per expenditure unit for all items.


    ## Food Expenditures in 1 Week in Spring, Summer, and Fall Quarters.

    Data on 194 separate foods purchased and consumed during one typical week in one of the three quarters, spring, summer, and fall, show that not only is there a marked increase in the average expenditure for food per capita with rise in economic level among these families, but also that the types and quantities of foods are different at the various levels. The figures on the details of food purchases have been summarized to show average purchase by families at three different economic levels. ${ }^{3}$ (See Tabular Summary, table 7.)

    A comparison of the amounts spent for all food per capita per week ${ }^{4}$ by families at the three expenditure levels shows an increase of 152 percent from the low to the high level.

    The per capita expenditures for meats, poultry, and sea food, and the quantities purchased of these items increased rapidly with economic level. The per capita expenditure for this group of foods was approximately three times as large at the high as at the low level. On the average, however, the expenditures of the Mexican families were less than half those of the other white group studied in Houston. Expenditures for any quantities purchased of vegetables and fruits approximately doubled from low to high level.

    The Mexican families used more than three times the quantity of the starchy foods represented by flour and other cereals than that used by the other Houston families. Per capita expenditures for total grain products rose from 22.8 cents at the low level to 48.0 cents at the high level. Quantity purchases also showed a marked increase with economic level. The Mexicans used less potatoes per capita, on the other hand, than did the other group of Houston families.

    Expenditures for milk were larger than those for any other single item, but amounted to only two-thirds of the amount spent by the other white families studied in Houston. Quantities purchased and expenditures increased with economic level except in the case of expenditures for evaporated and condensed milk, which were largest at the intermediate level.

    White flour accounted for the second largest per capita expenditure for an individual food item. The average quantity purchased was five times that for the other white families, and the average expenditure approximately four times as large. Quantity purchased and expenditure were largest at the intermediate level where families were larger than at the high level.

    Butter and lard were replaced by many of the Mexican families at the two lower levels by vegetable shortening, which was the item of


    third largest expenditure. At the high level, expenditures for lard were larger than those for vegetable shortening. Even at the high level expenditures for butter, though substantially larger than at the low level, did not assume the relative importance found among other white families. Quantities purchased of vegetable shortening and average expenditures were highest at the intermediate level, due to the increased use of lard at the high level.

    White bread ranked fourth in expenditure. Both expenditures and quantities purchased increased with economic level, in direct contrast to the usage evidenced by the other group of families.

    The importance of the "frijole" as an article of Mexican diet is indicated by the fact that dry beans was the item requiring the fifth largest expenditure. Expenditure and quantity were largest at the intermediate level.

    It is possible to compare the average food expenditures of the Mexican families in Houston with annual unit expenditure from $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ for all items of the family budget with Mexican families in Los Angeles at the same level. The per capita food expenditure of the Los Angeles families was one-fourth more than that of the comparable Houston families. The Houston families spent less for total grain products, but purchased a larger quantity since they bought more of it in the form of flour and cereals and less in the form of bread and baked products than did the Los Angeles families. They purchased twice as much white flour and about eight times as much corn meal as did the Los Angeles group. Less eggs, milk, and butter were purchased by the Houston families. The Houston families spent 57 cents of every dollar going for fats for vegetable shortening, while the Los Angeles families spent 38 cents of every "fat" dollar for lard. The Houston Mexicans spent a slightly smaller proportion of the food dollar for meat, poultry, fish, and other seafood than did the Los Angeles group ( 14 cents as compared with 16 cents). Total per capita expenditure for this group of foods was, however, 33 percent smaller in Houston than in Los Angeles. In the case of vegetables and fruits, per capita expenditure and quantity purchased were smaller in Houston. Green and leafy vegetables and citrus fruits were used in larger quantities in Los Angeles with correspondingly larger expenditures for these items. The dried beans, used extensively by both groups, were purchased in larger quantities by the Houston families.

    An estimate of the proportion of the 100 Houston Mexican families at each of the three economic levels spending enough for food per food expenditure unit to buy an adequate diet at minimum cost ${ }^{5}$ shows a striking progression from the families in the lowest economic level to those in the highest. Only 20 of the 100 families could be so


    classified. The proportion rises from no families at the lowest level to 18 percent at the intermediate and 71 percent at the highest level who spent enough for adequate nutrition if they had selected foods closely in accordance with nutritional need.

    ## Housing

    ## Housing facilities.

    Renters of houses, ${ }^{6}$ who constituted 74 percent of the Mexican sample in Houston, averaged about four rooms per dwelling. For these renters of houses the average number of persons per room was 1.35. The downward movement in the number of persons per room with rise in plane of living was also true of the Mexicans. For families with annual unit expenditure of $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ there were 1.80 persons per room, while for families spending $\$ 400$ and over the figure dropped to 0.69 . For all of the Houston Mexican families combined the number of persons per room averaged 1.32. This figure is considerably higher than the average for families in any other group studied. The figure is particularly striking, since it must be remembered that the sample is a cross section only of employed wage earners and clerical workers who at no time during the schedule year had received relief.

    As with the white families, home owners surpassed renters in the proportion of families having garden space. Eight out of nine home owners possessed such space while 73 out of 91 renters did so.

    Likewise 8 of the 9 home owners had the use of a garage while only 46 of the 91 renters had the use of garages.

    A comparision of the housing facilities of the Mexican group and the white group other than Mexican studied in Houston shows the kind of difterence which would be expected in view of the generally lower incomes of the Mexican families. Only one renting and one home owning Mexican family lived in a dwelling with all of the following facilities: Running hot water, inside flush toilet, electric lights and gas or electricity for cooking. From table 9 of the tabular summary more detailed data are available on the individual facilities possessed by home owners and renters.

    ## Housing expenditures. ${ }^{7}$

    For families renting houses, the average monthly rental rate was \$11. These monthly rental rates increased with rise in economic level from $\$ 10$ at the lowest to $\$ 14$ at the highest. Two families rented apartments with heat included in rent and 13 apartments with heat not included in rent. Data on the monthly rentals of such families have not been computed due to the small numbers of cases.

    None of the Mexican families studied owned a vacation home. Five families paid rent on a vacation or trip at an average expenditure of $\$ 12$ per family making such trips.
    Fuel, light, and refrigeration.
    Expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration were practically the same in all four seasons of the year averaging $\$ 14, \$ 10, \$ 11$, and $\$ 11$ for winter, spring, summer, and fall, respectively. The major pari of these expenditures was for electricity and gas, while wood accounted for $\$ 10$ out of the total annual expenditure of $\$ 46$.
    Other items of household operation.
    Of the items included under the heading of household operation, the Mexican families spent the major portion for laundry soap and cleaning supplies. An average of $\$ 4$ was paid for laundry sent out. One family had the services of full-time domestic help and but three families of part-time domestic help.

    ## Furnishings and Equipment

    Expenditures for furnishings and equipment, by these families of Mexican wage earners and clerical workers, showed a marked variation with economic level. (See Tabular Summary, table 18.) At the low level expenditures averaged $\$ 44$ per family, whereas the average at the high level was $\$ 82$.
    The items purchased by the largest proportion of families at the low economic level were fundamentals of household equipment, brooms, brushes, mops, light bulbs, tubs, boards and wringers, bedding, and felt base floor covering. At the high economic level brooms, brushes, mops, light bulbs, and tubs, boards and wringers were also of first importance in number of families purchasing, with turkish towels, stoves, and pots, pans, and cutlery following. Families at the high level bought such articles as rugs and carpets, furniture, towels, and tableware more frequently than did families at the low level.

    Of the various groups of items coming under the general head of furnishings and equipment, expenditures for silverware, china, and glassware increased most markedly with rise in economic level.

    ## Clothing ${ }^{8}$

    ## Total expenditure per family for clothing.

    The Mexican families studied spent on the average $\$ 124$ for clothing. As in the case of the other white and Negro families, all but a very small


    proportion was spent for ready-made clothing, dry cleaning, and accessories. Expenditures for yard goods and findings used for sewing garments at home averaged $\$ 4.96$ per family at the low level, $\$ 3.55$ at the intermediate, and $\$ 3.45$ at the high level. Paid help for sewing was used so infrequently that the average expenditure per family was only 1 cent.

    Gifts of clothing paid for from family funds and exchanged within the economic family were not recorded on the schedule as gifts but simply as clothing expenditures of the family. An attempt was made to ascertain the value of gifts received from persons outside the family circle. Twenty-eight percent of the families reported such gifts. The value of such gifts averaged $\$ 1.52$, but as a large proportion of the families reporting gifts could not estimate the value of the items received and such values have not been included, the above figure does not give a complete account of this item.

    The most striking difference in the clothing expenditures of these Mexican families from those of most other family groups studied is in the relative amounts spent by men and women. Whereas among the family groups surveyed in most cities, including the Mexican families studied in Los Angeles, women aged 18 and over almost universally spent more than men of similar age at each economic level, the reverse was true in Houston. At all three economic levels the men spent substantially more than the women. At the low economic level the figures were $\$ 28$ and $\$ 17$, respectively, and at the high level $\$ 81$ and $\$ 45$. In percentage terms the women spent 39 percent less at the low level and 44 percent less at the high. Evidently the women more frequently went without hats and made their own or bought very inexpensive dresses. A smaller proportion of the women's clothing dollar was devoted to headwear, outerwear, and miscellaneous items and a larger proportion to footwear and underwear. (See tables 52 and 53.)

    The relationship between men's and women's clothing expenditures in Houston is just the contrary of that found among Mexican families in Los Angeles, ${ }^{9}$ and that found among other white families in practically all the cities in the Nation-wide survey. In these other groups the women spent more than the men at each economic level. The difference may be due chiefly to the low incomes of the Houston Mexicans and the greater opportunity for women to economize on clothing than for men who must go out to work. The same variation from what appears to be the usual relationship in the families of urban wage earners and clerical workers occurs in the data secured from Negro families in the South. In the case of the Negroes,


    however, the difference between the amounts spent by men and women was smaller, and the level of the men's clothing expenditure distinctly lower.

    ## Clothing expenditures for men and boys.

    Average clothing expenditures per person decreased from $\$ 44$ for men and boys 18 years and over through each age group to $\$ 9$ for boys aged 2 through 5 years.

    When the clothing expenditures of the men and boys 18 years of age and over are summarized (see table 51), it appears that expenditures for outerwear required half of the total expenditure, increasing with economic level from 46 percent at the low level to 53 percent at the high level. The proportion for miscellaneous items also increased with economic level, while that for headwear and footwear decreased as the level of expenditure rose.

    At the low economic level the annual clothing expenditure for men and boys 18 years of age and over was $\$ 28$, and at the high level $\$ 81$.
    Shoes were purchased by the largest number of men at both the low and the high economic level. At the low level they averaged about 1.3 pairs of street shoes per person purchasing at an average price of about $\$ 2.96$ per pair. At the high level the corresponding figures increased to 1.8 and about $\$ 3.67$. Cotton trousers were the item second most frequently purchased at the low level and cotton shirts third. At the high level, cotton dress shirts, cotton undershirts and handkerchiefs all tied for second place in frequency purchase.

    Table 52.-Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Men and boys in Mexican families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Sex, age group, and type of clothing | A verage clothing expenditure per person in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { ilies }}{\text { All fam- }}$ | Families with annual unit expenditure of- |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Families with annual unit expenditures of- |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Men and boys 18 years of age and over: | \$3.00 | \$2.58 | \$3.04 | \$3.73 | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    | Outerwear. | 22.56 | 13.17 | 22.67 | 43.14 | 50.9 | 46.4 | 51.4 | 53.3 |
    |  | 2.50 | 1.87 | 2. 24 | 4.85 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 6.0 |
    | Footwear. | 9. 54 | 7.68 | 9.32 | 14.46 | 21.5 | 27.1 | 21.2 | 17.8 |
    | Miscellaneous items...---------- | 6.73 | 3.06 | 6.77 | 14.86 | 15.2 | 10.8 | 15.4 | 18.3 |
    | Total. | 44.33 | 28.36 | 44.04 | 81.04 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

    Shoes were also the item taking the largest share of the men's clothing dollar at the low level, but at the high level wool suits represented the greatest expenditure. Five of the seventeen men at the high level bought heavy wool suits at an average price of $\$ 33$ and six purchased
    lightweight wool suits, paying an average of $\$ 18$ per suit. At the low level, cotton shirts were second and cotton trousers of third importance in magnitude of expenditures, while at the high level shoes were second and cotton shirts third.

    Almost half of the men at the low level used cleaning and repairing services at an average expenditure per man using such services of $\$ 3.32$ per year. About three-fourths of the men at the high level averaged $\$ 10.20$ for such services.

    Expenditures for felt hats averaged over $\$ 2$ at each economic level and were larger than corresponding expenditures of white or Negro men. Accessories, including belts, while small in amount represented higher expenditures by Mexicans than by white or Negro men.

    The limited numbers of boys aged less than 18 bars analysis of their detailed clothing expenditures.

    ## Clothing expenditures for women and girls.

    'The low clothing expenditures of women as compared with men has already been noted. For the lower age groups, total clothing expenditures for girls were very similar to those of boys.

    As was true for men, shoes were purchased by a larger proportion of women aged 18 and over than any other item. This was true at the high as well as the low economic level. The items purchased by the next largest numbers of women at the low level were house slippers, then cotton house dresses, and next rayon bloomers and panties. Rayon, cotton, and silk hose followed in the order named. At the high level, there was little difference in the number of women purchasing items ranking second to shoes in terms of number purchasing, such as rayon panties, felt hats, and house slippers.

    In terms of size of expenditure, shoes were the most important item at the low level. Approximately 25 cents of the clothing dollar at this level went for shoes. Forty-two women purchased street shoes, 3 purchased dress shoes, and 1 sport shoes, and paid $\$ 1.91, \$ 2.67$, and $\$ 1$ per pair, respectively. Silk and rayon dresses were second in amount of expenditure. Sixteen women bought such dresses at an average price of $\$ 3.44$ per dress. Cotton housedresses were third in importance of expenditure at the low level, 26 women paying an average of 93 cents per dress.

    At the high level, silk and rayon dresses replaced shoes as the item of largest expenditure. Ten of the fifteen women bought such dresses at an average price of $\$ 5.24$ per dress. Shoes ranked second. Thirteen women purchased street shoes at an average price of $\$ 2.92$ per pair, and 2 purchased dress shoes at $\$ 3.35$. Silk hose were third in importance of expenditure for this group. Those purchasing bought on the average 8 pairs and paid 81 cents a pair.

    Table 53.-Distribution of clothing expenditures for individuals in families at successive economic levels, 1 year during the period 1934-36
    [Women and girls in Mexican families of wage earners and clerical workers]

    | Sex, age group, and type of clothing | Average clothing expenditure per person in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All | Families with annual unit expenditure of - |  |  | All | Families with annual unit expenditure of |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \mathrm{and} \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Women and girls 18 years of age and over: |  |  |  |  | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
    | Headwear. | \$1. 18 | \$0.77 | \$1. 20 | \$2. 43 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.1 |  |
    | Outerwear- | 11. 75 | 7.00 | 13. 42 | 18.30 | ${ }^{43.5}$ | 40.6 | 45.4 | 40.8 |
    | Underwear | 3.44 9.06 | 2.09 6.83 | 3.74 9.69 | 6. 25 12.86 | $\begin{array}{r}12.7 \\ 33.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12.1 39.6 | 12.7 32.8 | ${ }_{28.6}^{13.9}$ |
    | Miscellaneous items. | 1. 56 | . 56 | 1.47 | 5. 10 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 11.3 |
    | Total | 26.99 | 17.25 | 29.52 | 44.94 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

    ## Other Groups of Current Expenditures

    In all probability a large portion of the expenditures for transportation (see Tabular Summary, table 13) were for recreational purposes, but it was impossible for the families accurately to prorate their transportation expenditure between recreational and strictly transportational purposes. For these 100 Mexican families average annual expenditures were $\$ 89$ and increased fourfold from the annual expenditure level of families spending $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ per expenditure unit to those families spending $\$ 400$ and over. Eighty-five percent of average transportation expenditures were for automobile purchase, operation, and maintenance. This percentage increased with rise in economic level as did the proportion of families owning automobiles. On the average 48 percent of these Mexican families owned automobiles. No families reported the purchase of a new car during the schedule year, but 19 families purchased second-hand cars, for which an average price of $\$ 207$ was paid.

    The largest proportion of expenditures for all other forms of transportation was for local bus, which averaged about $\$ 7$ per year per family. Forty-three percent of the families reported use of local busses. The next largest expenditure, averaging $\$ 3$ per year, was for taxis used by 28 percent of the families.

    Average expenditure per person for medical care (see Tabular Summary, table 14) averaged $\$ 5$, rising from $\$ 3$ at the lowest level to $\$ 9$ for families spending $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ per expenditure unit per year and $\$ 6$ for families spending over $\$ 400$. These figures are grossly inadequate to supply the minimum necessary care for health. ${ }^{10}$ Medicine and drugs were purchased by 93 percent of the families, accounting for over a quarter of total expenditures for medical care. About a


    third of the families purchased health and accident insurance at an average expenditure per family buying such insurance of $\$ 15$. Both the proportion of families purchasing this type of insurance and the average amount paid per family decreased with economic level.

    Dollar expenditures for personal care (see Tabular Summary, table 14) remained practically the same at every economic level, averaging about $\$ 24$. The personal care services most frequently used were haircuts, permanent waves, and "other waves."

    Of the items included under the general heading of recreation (see Tabular Summary, table 15), the largest proportion of the expenditures of Mexican families were for movies. Tobacco, which was of the first importance for the white and Negro families, takes second place followed by expenditures for newspaper, both delivered at home and bought on the street.

    Forty-one of the one hundred Mexican families studied owned radios while 21 purchased radios during the schedule year at an average price of $\$ 62$ per radio.

    Details of other items of expenditure by these Mexican families, which included education, vocational expense, gifts and contributions to individuals and to the community welfare, are presented in table 16 of the Tabular Summary.

    ## Part IV.-Tabular Summary

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    Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louie

    Table 1.-Distribution of families by economic level and income level BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { An } \\ & \text { S } \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 8 8 -1 8 8 8 8 8 |  |  | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8. <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 |  | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 5 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 | 8 8 5 0 8 8 0 5 0 0 | \% |
    | Families in survey...- | 419 | 0 | 14 | 60 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 23 | 11 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 .-....... | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$ 800 - \$900-.......-. | 45 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 18 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 ......- | 95 | 0 | 5 | 19 | 26 | 22 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500....- | 120 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 23 | 29 | 20 | 19 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 67 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 12 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots$ | 51 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 13 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 $\ldots$..- | 17 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 $\ldots .$. | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 $\ldots$...- | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300...--- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600..... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900...--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey | 107 | 0 | 24 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 36 | 0 | 118 | 10 | 10 | 8 | ${ }_{5}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 $\ldots 1 . \ldots$ | 15 | 0 | 8 | 111 | 7 | 8 4 4 | 5 2 2 | 3 1 1 | 0 1 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 $\ldots$....- | 15 4 | 0 0 | 2 0 0 | 4 0 | 1 | 4 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 $\ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Families in survey. | 202 | 0 | 10 | 29 | 49 | 32 | 28 | 21 | 10 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600......... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 21 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 39 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 17 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500... | 50 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 13 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800... | 41 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 ...... | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400...... | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700- $\$ 3,000$ | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900 ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey | 101 | 3 | 35 | 27 | 17 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 22 | 2 | 9 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900. | 52 | 1 | 26 | 9 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800.....- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 ...... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 1.-Distribution of families by economic level and income level-Continued dallas, tex.-White families

    | Income class | 总 | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 8 0 0 8 8 8 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |
    | Families in survey. <br> Annual net income <br> of - | 294 | 0 | 11 | 29 | 54 | 51 | 54 | 39 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 6 |  | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | \$500- 8600 -----...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ${ }^{\$ 6000-9900}$ | ${ }_{57}^{27}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 4 | ${ }_{13}^{9}$ | ${ }^{8} 8$ | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | ${ }_{13}^{2}$ | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-81,500. | 71 | 0 | 3 | ${ }_{4}$ | 15 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$ $\$ 1,51,500-81,8800$ | ${ }_{57}^{57}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{13}$ | ${ }_{9}^{14}$ | 11 | 3 | 3 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2, 400 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | - | 8 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  | 0 |  |
    | \$8, 8 \%00-383,300 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 300-\$3,600. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Families in survey | 258 | 0 | 6 | 18 | 44 | 49 | 47 | 36 | 25 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200. | 46 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 67 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 19 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 58 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 18 | 10 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,900-\$4,200 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    | Families in survey. | 100 | 0 | 30 | 34 | 22 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 12 | 0 | 5 | ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | 3 10 | 0 3 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 38 | 0 | 15 8 | 10 | 10 5 | 3 1 1 | 0 3 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1200-\$1500 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1500-\$1800 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 1．－Distribution of families by economic level and income level－Continued JaCKSON，MISS．－NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Income class |  | Economic level－Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䴢 } \\ & \text { 莒 } \\ & \text { 吕 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \text { 8 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 80 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
    | Families in survey ．－ Annual net income of - | 100 | 3 | 25 | 39 | 22 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 20 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \＄600－\＄900－．．－ | 54 | 0 | 10 | 23 | 17 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | $\$ 900-\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 5 1 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200-\$ 1,500 \ldots \\ & \$ 1,500-\$ 1,800 \ldots \end{aligned}$ | 3 1 1 | 0 0 | 1 | 0 1 | 1 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 1 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，800－\＄2，100．． | 2 | － |  | 0 | 0 | ， | 0 | 0 | ， | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    JACKSONVILLE，FLA．－WHITE FAMILIES

    | Families in survey ．－ | 178 | 0 | 4 | 18 | 37 | 39 | 30 | 17 | 13 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of $\$ 500-\$ 600$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \＄500－\＄600－－－－－－－－－ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄600－\＄900 | 19 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄900－\＄1， 200 | 33 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，200－\＄1，500 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，500－\＄1， 800 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，800－\＄2， 100 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，100－\＄2， 400 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，400－\＄2， 700 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，700－\＄3， 000 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄3，000－ 83,300 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄3，300－\＄3， 600 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | \＄3，600－\＄3， 900 ． | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    LOUISVILLE，KY．－WHITE FAMILIES

    | Families in survey ．－－ | 197 | 0 | 8 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 27 | 17 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \＄500－\＄600． | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄600－\＄900． | 33 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄900－\＄1，200． | 59 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，200－\＄1，500．．．．．－ | 51 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 18 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，500－\＄1，800 $\ldots . .$. | 29 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，800－\＄2，100 $\ldots \ldots$ | 17 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，100－\＄2，400 $\ldots .$. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，400－\＄2，700 $\ldots .$. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄2，700－\＄3，000 $\ldots . .$. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄3，000－\＄3，300． | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄3，300－\＄3，600． | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄3，600－\＄3，900 $\ldots$ ．．．－ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ， | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    LOUISVILLE，KY．－NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey． | 74 | 1 | 13 | 22 | 18 | 15 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \＄500－\＄600． | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄600－\＄900． | 35 | 1 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄900－\＄1，200． | 24 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，200－\＄1，500 ．．．．． | 8 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，500－\＄1，800 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \＄1，800－\＄2，100．．．．．－ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A，p． 635.

    Table 1.-Distribution of families by economic level and income level-Continued
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 麔 } \\ & \stackrel{y}{8} \\ & \stackrel{8}{6} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\alpha}{6} \\ & \stackrel{+}{+} \\ & \stackrel{1}{8} \\ & \stackrel{8}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 8 |
    | Families in survey. Annual net income of | 194 | 0 | 8 | 25 | 40 | 34 | 29 | 25 | 15 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | \$500-8600 --..---- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $0$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 |  | $0$ | 0 |  | 0 |  |
    | \$900-41,200 | 35 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 |
    | ${ }_{51} \$ 1,200-511,500 \ldots$ |  | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{6}$ | 14 | 8 | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | ${ }_{4}^{5}$ | ${ }_{4}^{3}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 |
    |  | 40 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 7 | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | - | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | ${ }_{1}^{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey _ | 94 | 0 | 24 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of ${ }^{\text {\$ }}$ - $00-\$ 600$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600-....---- | 15 | 0 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 53 | 0 | 11 | 17 | 15 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$000-\$1,200......- | 19 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots . .$. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Families in survey.-- | 146 | 0 | 14 | 30 | 30 | 20 | 21 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of- $500-\$ 600$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600-.......-- | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 24 | 0 | 7 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200. | 21 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 35 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 24 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 .....- | 26 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 $\ldots . .$. | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 $\ldots . .$. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,900-\$4,200 ....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$4,200-\$4,500 ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | MOBILE, ALA - NEGRO FAMILIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey . -- | 94 | 3 | 28 | 32 | 19 | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | - $500-8600$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600-........ | 28 | 1 | 13 | 10 | ${ }_{14}^{2}$ | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 48 | 2 | 12 | 15 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 14 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 2 | 0 | 0 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 $\ldots$-..- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 1.-Distribution of families by economic level and income level-Continued
    new orleans, la.-WHite families

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | 怘 | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 88 8 8 8 8 8 |  | 8 8 8 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 0 0 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 |  |  |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Families in survey .-- | 318 | 1 | 30 | 66 | 60 | 70 | 38 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Annual net income of: \$500-\$600 | 14 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 60 | 0 | 12 | 25 | 10 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 71 | 0 | 10 | 20 | 19 | 13 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 60 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 19 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 72 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 20 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400. | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300.....- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey | 83 | 1 | 26 | 22 | 18 | 9 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income of: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 15 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 36 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 25 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 .....- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Families in survey | 162 | 0 | 3 | 23 | 22 | 37 | 26 | 16 | 8 | 12 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | ${ }_{10}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 23 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 40 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 13 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 32 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots .$. | 28 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400. | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 |  | 0 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 $\ldots . .$. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey | 109 | 2 | 27 | 30 | 22 | 17 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 11 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900. | 47 | 2 | 13 | 16 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 31 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 15 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 .....- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 1.-Distribution of families by economic level and income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | 8 8 B 苞 品 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 80 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 / 2 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 8 7 7 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 |  |  |  |  |  | -8080 |
    | Families in survey... Annual net income of- | 192 | 0 | 10 | 24 | 35 | 38 | 28 | 18 | 23 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |  |
    | \$500-\$600..... | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$600-\$900 | 24 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$800- $\$ 1,2000$. | ${ }_{42}^{29}$ | 0 | 1 0 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 37 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100. | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |  |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$2,400- \$2,700- | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 2 | ${ }_{1}$ | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$2,700- $\$ 3,0000$. | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 |  |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | \$3,900-\$4,200 $\ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Families in survey... | 96 | 0 | 25 | 23 | 24 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600.........- | 11 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 41 | 0 | 14 | 6 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900- \$1,200. | 33 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,000 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\$ 1,000$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker .-...-.------------------- | 123 | 1 | 9 | 23 | 37 | 23 | 12 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 119 | 3 | 14 | 18 | 29 | 21 | 14 | 7 | 7. | 2 | 4 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 134 | 6 | 27 | 35 | 29 | 17 | 11 | 6 | 1. | 2 | 0 |
    | Unskilled wage earner | 43 | 4 | 10 | 16 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife- | 87 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 80 | 1 | 0 | 15 | 20 | 24 | 16 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ - | 70 | 3 | 21 | 26 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 <br> to 6 persons) 2 children and adults ( <br> Man, wife, and children 52 0 15 16 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including         <br> man and wife) 31 0 4 5 12 4 2 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 per- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife). | 10 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other-- | 9 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 419 | 14 | 60 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 23 | 11 | 7 | 6 |
    | Average number of persons in household | 3.79 | 6.21 | 5.33 | 4. 09 | 3.58 | 2. 99 | 3.10 | 2.63 | 2.95 | 1. 95 | 2.45 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 68 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 18 | 8 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 11 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3. 57 | 6.21 | 5.07 | 3.91 | 3.35 | 2.80 | 2.74 | 2.48 | 2.72 | 1.71 | 2.33 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.01 | 2.64 | 2. 14 | 1. 25 | 0.75 | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.35 | 0.36 |  | 0 |
    | 16 years of age and ove | 2.56 | 3.57 | 2.93 | 2.66 | 2.60 | 2.27 | 2.24 | 2.13 | 2.36 | 1.71 | 2, 33 |
    | Expenditure units... | 3. 28 | 5. 62 | 4.56 | 3. 58 | 3.05 | 2.64 | 2.59 | 2.39 | 2.46 | 1.98 | 2. 24 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.23 | 0 | 0.28 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.19 | 0.38 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 0.25 | 0.17 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. B. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Tabla 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expwnditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 63 | 18 | 14 | 13 | 10 | 4 | 4 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults.-..------------- | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults (4 or more persons not including |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households.---------.-.---------- | 107 | 24 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 9 |  |
    |  | 4.07 | 6. 48 | 4.37 | 3.02 | 2.90 | 2.83 | 2.57 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 16 years of age and over-..--.............----- | 2.52 | 2. 83 | 2. 72 | 2. 29 | 2.28 | 2.22 | 2.28 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.33 | 0. 29 | 0.47 | 0.16 | 0.34 | 0.53 | 0.29 |

    t"Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{1}$ Famulies of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    3 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635

    Table 2. -Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p. 635.

    Table 2. -Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    8 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Families of these types are included in the 1917~19 study. "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued birmingham, ala.-NEGRO Families-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { and }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 101 | 38 | 27 | 17 | 19 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having-. | 50 | 16 |  | 52 | 12 |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 9 | 2 | 17 1 |  |  |
    | Other net rents. | 2 |  | 1 | 2 0 | 4 2 |
    | Interest and dividends. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 10 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 9 |  | 0 | 3 | 3 |
    | Other sources of income. | 65 | 3 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 12 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) - | 6 6 | 24. | 177 | 9 |  |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities). | 35 | 14 |  | 8 | 12 |
    | Inheritance...--. |  | 0 | 1.81 | 1.29 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family.-................... | 1.60 | 1.55 |  |  | 1.68 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$828 | \$678 | \$759 | \$808 | \$1,235 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 804 | 667 | 755 | 787 | 1,161 |
    |  | 722 | 628 | 646 |  | 1981 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 82 | 39 | 109 | 25 | 180 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 745 | 648 | 705 | 762 | 981 |
    | Under 16 years.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 590 | 19 | 50 | 25 | 0 180 |
    | Under 16 years... |  | 8 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 162 |  | 3 | 14 | 50 |
    | Other net rents.....---........-.-.---- |  | 0 |  | , | 10 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 2 | (3) 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |  | 1 | 125 | 8 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family................... |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Other sources of income | - ${ }_{-}^{1}$ | 00 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 6-4 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) --- |  |  |  | -10 |  |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 90 | 49 | 95 | 108 | 150 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 88 | 46 | 114 | 52 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in |  |  |  |  | 201 |
    |  | +25 | +14 | +30 | +32 | +31 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Oost of Living in the United States," B. L. 8. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.—Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Econornic level-Families spending per expenditure unit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$100 to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 1,000 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,100 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey -----------..-- | 294 | 11 | 29 | 54 | 51 | 54 | 39 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 6 | 8 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners..- | 93 | 6 | 9 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 11. | 3 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 8 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 38 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other net rents | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. $\qquad$ | 9 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 21 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income.--.----- | 7 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 13 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 158 | 3 | 17 | 34 | 36 | 30 | 18 | 11 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 112 | 5 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 6 | - 7 |
    | Inheritance.- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.36 | 1.64 | 1.34 | 1.33 | 1.35 | 1.37 | 1.31 | 1.16 | 1. 50 | 1.22 | 1.17 | 2.00 |
    | A verage amount of - | Dot. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |
    | Net family income. | 1,475 | 853 | 1, 032 | 1,259 | 1,452 | $1,482$ | 1,647 | 1, 803 | 1,872 | 1,836 | 1,769 | 2, 529 |
    | Earnings of individua | 1, 435 | 827 | 1, 011 | 1, 229 | 1,420 | 1,446 | 1, 615 | 1, 741 | 1, 786 | 1,836 | 1,691 | 2,376 |
    | Chief earner | 1,265 | 723 | 937 | 1, 113 | 1, 296 | 1,256 | 1, 440 | 1, 648 | 1, 434 | 1,629 | 1,543 | 1,418 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 170 | 104 | 74 | 116 | 124 | 190 | 175 | 93 | 352 | 207 | 148 | 958 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,208 | 592 | 911 | 1,045 | 1,286 | 1, 181 | 1,362 | 1, 542 | 1,345 | 1,600 | 1,543 | 1,418 |
    | Under 16 years. | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 14 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over-- | 227 | 221 | 100 | 180 | 134 | 265 | 253 | 199 | 441 | 236 | 148 | 958 |
    | Under 16 years---- | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 20 | 11. | 8 | 24 | 13 | 29 | 20 | 39 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other net rents.-------........- | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends........-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 9 | $\left.{ }^{8}\right)$ | 7 | 5 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\theta$ | 153 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 | 14 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 37 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income | 5 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 42 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ness losses and expenses) Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets | -6 | 0 | -1 | -18 | -1 | -11 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 | -34 | 0 |
    | and/or decrease in liab ilities) -- | 155 | 99 | 93 | 115 | 169 | 189 | 237 | 122 | 182 | 50 | 0 | 169 |
    | Deficit per family having defleit (net decrease in assets and /or increase in liabliities) | 174 | 71 | 170 | 117 | 132 | 163 | 135 | 185 | 137 | 358 | 204 | 441 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +17 | -5 | +8 | +44 | $+83$ | +42 | +44 | +2 | +10 | -188 | -204 | -365 |
    | Inheritance--------..-. | , | 0. | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic |  | vel-Families |  |  | spending per year |  | per | expenditure |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,000 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 258 | 6 | 18 | 44 | 49 | 47 | 36 | 25 | 11 | 12 | 10 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 106 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 17 | 21 | 19 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 5 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 58 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 70 | 1 | 10 | 17 | 14 | 14 | 6 | 3. | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner ---------------1- | 24 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 64 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 8 | 9 | 9 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$--....----.-- | 61 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$---.-- | 54 | 3 | 10 | 11 | 19 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}-$-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 27 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 19 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults....-....- | 12 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults.....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife). | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | United States.. | 250 | 6 | 17 | 41 | 48 | 45 | 35 | 25 | 11 | 12 | 10 |
    | Italy | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canada (not French) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ireland. <br> Other | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 258 | 6 | 18 | 44 | 49 | 47 | 36 | 25 | 11 | 12 | 10 |
    | A verage number of persons in household- | 3.49 | 5. 98 | 4. 65 | 4. 37 | 3.67 | 3. 18 | 3.11 | 2. 74 | 2. 42 | 2.42 | 2.14 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 43 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Boarders only. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 11 | 0 | , | 1 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 78 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 11 | 15 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total. | 3.40 | 6. 16 | 4.53 | 4.23 | 3.62 | 3.14 | 2. 97 | 2.60 | 2.36 | 2.36 | 2.11 |
    | Under 16 years of age.......-.........- | 0.99 | 3. 55 | 2. 11 | 1. 50 | 1. 34 | 0.65 | 0.58 | 0.26 | 0. 20 | 0.31 | 0.11 |
    | 16 years of age and over................ | 2.41 | 2.61 | 2.42 | 2.73 | 2.28 | 2. 49 | 2. 39 | 2.34 | 2. 16 | 2.05 | 2.00 |
    | Expenditure units.... | 3.15 | 5. 41 | 4.03 | 3.84 | 3.34 | 2.95 | 2.81 | 2.53 | 2. 26 | 2.24 | 2.06 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.15 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    2 Families of these types are included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull, No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued
    
    $\$$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.--MEXICAN FAMILIES


    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{8}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2 -Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{8}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

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    $$

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100 | 28 | 39 | 22 | 11 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 50 | 20 | 20 | 8 | 2 |
    | Net carnings from boarders and lodgers...-.-....-- | 11 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 13 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 3 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income..--..-.-.-.-.-.------ | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 69 | 20 | 25 | 17 | 7 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 30 | 8 | 14 | 4 | 4 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family .....- | 1.66 | 2.07 | 1.67 | 1.36 | 1.18 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$784 | \$719 | \$750 | \$760 | \$1,119 |
    | Earnings of individuals. | 766 | 715 | 722 | 744 | 1,092 |
    | Chief earner. | 680 | 582 | 620 | 711 | 1,077 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 86 | 133 | 102 | 33 | 15 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 693 | 620 | 627 | 711 | 1,077 |
    | Under 16 years. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 72 | 93 | 95 | 33 | 15 |
    | Under 16 years... | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers........-- | 8 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 16 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends.. | (3) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  | 13 | 1 | 16 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family .-.-- |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.-----.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-- | 2 |  | 2 | 6 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | (3) | 0 | -6 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 72 | 69 | 60 | 55 | 165 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in |  |  |  |  |  |
    | assets and/or increase in liabilities) ...-----.-..- | 78 | 31 | 76 | 74 | 179 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +26 | +40 | +11 | +29 | +40 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    3 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this takle are in appendix A, p 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. 2 Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditureunit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ $\mathbf{t 0}$ $\$ 700$ | $\$ 700$ to $\$ 800$ | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income <br> Families in survey. $\qquad$ <br> Number of families having- <br> Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 178 | 22 | 37 |  |  | 17 | 13 | 9 | 6 | 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 67 | 10 | 15 | 15 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and Jodgers. | 26 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 60 | 3 | 5 | 2 |  |  |
    | Other net rents | 7 | 01 |  | 3 |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Interest and dividends | 9 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 7168 | 2 | 042 | 2 |  | 1. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. |  | 2 |  | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.. |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses). | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets andior decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 15 | 22 | 23 | 21 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 1 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities). |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 150 |  | 6 |  |  | 40 |  |
    |  |  |  | 14 0 |  | 7 0 | 6 | 5 | 2 0 |  | 4 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1. 50 | 1.77 | 1.68 | 1.41 | 1. 20 | 1.41 | 1. 62 | 1.44 | 1.33 | 1.80 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1, 566 1,5181,320 198 1,302 (3) 216 ${ }^{(3)}$ | \$997 | \$1, 370 | \$1,391 | \$1,626 | \$1,903 | \$2,050 | \$1,912 | \$2, 181 | \$2, 804 |
    | Earnings of individuals |  | $\begin{aligned} & 954 \\ & 869 \end{aligned}$ | 1,343 | 1,356 | 1, 580 | 1,852 | 1,876 | 1,890 | 2, 154 | 2,725 |
    | Chief earner..- |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,203 \\ 140 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,189 \\ 167 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,457 \\ 123 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,616 \\ 236 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,472 \\ 404 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,668 \\ 222 \end{array}$ | 1,851 | 1,712 |
    | Subsidiary earners |  | 8574378(3)2110 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $303$ | 1. 1.013 |
    | Males: 16 years and over |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,289 \\ 4 \\ 50 \\ (2) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,184 \\ 0 \\ 172 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,426 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 1,706 | 1,541 | 1, 495 | $1,584$ |  |
    | Under 16 years. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over |  |  |  |  | 154 | 146 | 335 | 3950 | 5700 | 1,3730 |
    | Under 16 years. |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 20 | $\text { (j) } \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 10 |  | 330 | 43 | 65 | 11 | 0 | 34 |
    | Other net rents. |  |  | 5 | 12 |  | 0 | 0 | 10 | 29 | 43 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 11 |  | 1 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 00 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- |  |  |  | 6 | 0 | 4 | 109 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons ontside economic family | 7 | 254 | 74 | (3) 9 | ${ }_{12}^{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other sources of income | 4 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | (3) | -3 | -1 | -4 | 0 |  | - | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 149 | 78 | 103 | 146 | 155 | 236 | 207 | 165 | 410 | 96 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 164 | 93 | 80 | 141 | 153 | 163 | 294 | 375 | 326 | 259 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | for all families in surv ${ }^{\text {y }}$. | +33 0 | +24 | +31 0 | +32 0 | +73 0 | +95 | +14 | +45 | -81 | 188 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ## 3 Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | Allfami-lies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 800$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in surve | 197 | 8 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 27 | 17 | 7 | 12 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 48 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
    | Skilled wage earner. | 58 | 1 | 8 | 16 | 9 | 12 | 8 | 1 | 3 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 60 | 3 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner.- | 31 | 3 | 12 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Number of families composed of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife. | 43 | 0 | 1 | 3 10 | 12 | 10 | 5 5 | 3 <br> 3 | 9 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 34 | 2 | 12 | 13 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{3}$ - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults <br> (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 25 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 10 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 11 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults.....-- | 9 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults..-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons, notincluding man and wife) | 15 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) $\qquad$ | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 196 | 8 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 26 | 17 | 7 | 12 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households .-.-..-----...-- | 197 | 8 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 27 | 17 | 7 | 12 |
    | A verage number of persons in household. | 3. 75 | 5.63 | 5. 26 | 4.06 | 3.10 | 2.97 | 3.02 | 2.67 | 2.13 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers..-.............- | 38 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only...........................- | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.57 | 5. 68 | 5.05 | 3.84 | 2.93 | 2.64 | 2.82 | 2. 71 | 2.09 |
    | Under 16 years of age................ | 1.08 | 2. 56 | 1.95 | 1.28 | 0.81 | 0.42 | 0.38 | 0.71 | 0.01 |
    | 16 years of age and over......-...- | 2.49 | 3. 12 | 3. 10 | 2.56 | 2.12 | 2.22 | 2.44 | 2.00 | 2.08 |
    | Expenditure units....--............- | 3.24 | 5.01 | 4. 54 | 3. 45 | 2.66 | 2.47 | 2. 67 | 2.49 | 2.02 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.20 | 0 | 0.20 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 0.34 | 0.23 | 0 | 0.04 |


    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S.
    Bull No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.--Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 8800 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 197 | 8 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 27 | 17 | 7 | 12 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 51 | 3 | 24 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 39 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other net rents..... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 12 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities -- | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 13 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. ........-.--- | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deduction from income (business losses and expenses). | 10 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 128 | 7 | 26 | 30 | 33 | 16 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 67 | 1 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 4 | 6 |
    | Inheritance | 3 | 0 | , | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family $\qquad$ | 1.31 | 1. 50 | 1. 72 | 1. 30 | 1.07 | 1.15 | 1. 29 | 1. 00 | 1.25 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,308 | \$968 | \$1,185 | \$1, 242 | \$1, 222 | \$1,337 | \$1, 621 | \$1,774 | \$1, 720 |
    | Earnings of individuals . .-......... | 1,258 | 957 | 1,136 | 1, 193 | 1,190 | 1,241 | 1,543 | 1,714 | 1,705 |
    |  | 1, 159 | 846 | 916 | 1, 095 | 1,174 | 1,201 | 1, 368 | 1,714 | 1, 650 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 99 | 111 | 220 | 98 | 16 | 1, 40 | 175 | 0 | 55 |
    | Males: 16 years and over..--.-- | 1, 117 | 842 | 944 | 1,052 | 1,091 | 1,085 | 1,369 | 1, 714 | 1,564 |
    | Under 16 years. | ${ }^{3}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.--.- | 141 | 111 | 191 | 141 | 89 | 156 | 174 | 0 | 141 |
    | Under 16 years....--- | (3) | 4 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 33 | 0 | 35 | 46 | 26 | 60 | 25 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other net rents | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends......-...--- | 3 | 0 | (3) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 60 | 3 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 11 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 37 | 0 | 69 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 15 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income...-....-- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | (3) | 18 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -5 | 0 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | -8 | 0 | $-57$ |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities. | 130 | 87 | 124 | 114 | 130 | 118 | 104 | 255 | 308 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 150 | 22 | 71 | 124 | 118 | 123 | 212 | 245 | 355 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 385 |
    | for all families in survey-...........- | +33 2 | +74 0 | +56 0 | +41 2 | +77 9 | +20 0 | -63 0 | -31 | -49 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are deflned as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of ChieJ Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 79 | 1 | 8 | 15 | 16 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 1 | 4 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 53 | 2 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 8. | 5 | 5 | 3 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 56 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 11 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
    | Unskilled wage earner.--...-.-.-.------ | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) ? | 14 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 21 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons, not including man |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 194 | 8 | 25 | 40 | 34 | 29 | 25 | 15 | 8 | 10 |
    | Average number of persons in household. | 3.74 | 6. 46 | 4.78 | 4. 33 | 3.66 | 3.30 | 2.93 | 2.74 | 2.30 | 2.49 |
    | Number of households with-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | 4 | 0 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 13 | 0 | - | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other persons .......-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.. | 3.53 | 6.46 | 4.58 | 4.16 | 3.50 | 3.04 | 2.86 | 2.24 | 2.31 | 2. 09 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.11 | 3.71 | 1.84 | 1. 80 | 0.88 | 0.69 | 0.48 | 0.21 | 0.31 | 0.09 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2, 42 | 2. 75 | 2.74 | 2.36 | 2.62 | 2.35 | 2.38 | 2.03 | 2. 00 | 2.00 |
    | Expenditure units......-.-...-........- | 3.25 | 5.65 | 4.14 | 3.75 | 3. 25 | 2.86 | 2. 72 | 2.15 | 2.22 | 2.08 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.21 | 0 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.26 | 0.08 | 0.50 | 0 | 0.40 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level- Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | \$300 to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ | $\$ 500$ to $\mathbf{\$ 6 0 0}$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 700$ | $\$ 700$ to $\$ 800$ | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 194 | 8 | 25 | 40 | 34 | 29 | 25 | 15 | 8 | 10 |
    | Families in survey <br> Number of families having Earnings of subsidiary earners. Net earnings from boarders and lodgers $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 31 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 0 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
    |  | 31 34 | 0 | a | 5 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 0 |  |
    | Other net rents. | 14115 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 3 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 410 |
    | Interest and dividends. |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family |  | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 0 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 2 | 23 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income ------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 112 | 5 | 14 | 25 | 22 | 17 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 3 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 12 | 11 | 11 | 12 |  | 30 | 7 |
    |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 7 0 |  | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.18 | 1.25 | 1.12 | 1.12 | 1.26 | 1.10 | 1.28 | 1.27 | 1. 10 | 1.10 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of individuals |  | 965900 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,026 \\ 985 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 1,323 \\ 1,275 \end{array}$ | $\$ 1,474$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 1,582 \\ 1.506 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,686 \\ 1,630 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,773$ $1,648$ | $1,669$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,795 \\ 1,668 \end{array}$ |
    | Ohief earner.- |  |  | 937 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,330 \\ 80 \end{array}$ | 1,449571,499 | 1,5241061,579 | 1,5011471,502 | $\begin{gathered} 1,669 \\ 1,669 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,604 \\ 1,64 \\ 1,604 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Subsidiary earners. |  | 65 | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over |  | 945 | 953 | 1,240 | 1, 367 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under 16 years. |  | 0200 | 3 |  |  | 1,499 | - 0 | 1,502 |  | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over |  |  | 29 | 350 | 43 |  | 510 | 146 | 00 | 640 |
    | Under 16 years ....-.-- |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers |  | 02500 | 29 | 29 | 41 |  | 27 | 74 | 0 | 86 |
    | Other net rents. |  |  | 2 | 5 | 6 | 58 14 | 17 | 36 | 18 | 16 |
    | Interest and dividends .......-. --. |  |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  | 6 | 4 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- |  |  | 0 | 4 | 9 | , | 0 | 2 | 33 | 0 |
    | Giftsfrom persons outside economic family. |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 25 |
    | Other sources of income---...-. |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | 7 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net | 200 | 166 | 127 | 151 | 223 | 233 | 167 | 451 | 207 | 111 |
    | decrease in assets and/or increase in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | liabilities) ------10.- | 203 | 62 | 67 | 70 | 144 | 204 | 190 | 123 | 529 | 640 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +41 | +88 | $+55$ | +73 | +97 | +59 | -4 | +183 | -69 | -415 |
    | Inheritance-.. | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    " "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. " Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    8 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 335.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { Allies }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Framilies in survey. | 94 | 31 | 32 | 19 | 12 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is------- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 36 | 11. | 14 | 7 | 4 |
    |  | 56 | 20 | 17 | 12 | 7 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}-\ldots . .-{ }_{-}$ | 13 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults (4 or more persons, not including man and |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons, not |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons, |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution of Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 94 | 31 | 32 | 19 | 12 |
    | Average number of persons in household | 3. 79 | 6. 01 | 3. 62 | 2. 56 | 3.01 |
    | Number of households with - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. .---- | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Boarders only ........ | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 7 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3. 70 | 5.01 | 3.51 | 2. 50 | 2.75 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.09 | 2.12 | 0.84 | 0.15 | 0.59 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.61 | 2.89 | 2.67 | 2.35 | 2.16 |
    | Expenditure units..... | 3.38 | 4. 48 | 3.22 | 2.37 | 2.57 |
    | Average number of persons in housebold not members of economic family $\qquad$ | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.29 |

    ${ }^{1}$ "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 300 \text { to }$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 94 | 31 | 32 | 19 | 12 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- | 53 | 16 | 20 | 9 | 8 |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 8 | 1 | 3 | 2 |  |
    | Other net rents. | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 3 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 |  | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income.......-.-.-........... | 7 | 6 |  |  |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 58 | 20 | 20 | 13 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 34 | 10 | 12 | 6 |  |
    |  | 0 | 01.83 | 1.86 | 1.48 | 6 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family .-..-.-- | 1.76 |  |  |  | 1. 73 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$759 | \$673 | \$760 | \$799 | $\$ 915$ |
    | Earnings of individuals | 746 | 652 | 756 | 787 | 897 |
    | Chief earner . . . . . . . | 643 | 560 | 643 | 710 | 755 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 103 | 92 | 113 | 77692 | 142 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | (353 | (38) 58 | 659 |  | 755 |
    | Under 16 vears. | (3) | (3) 69 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over |  |  | 970 | 95 | 142 |
    | Under 16 years... | (3) | (3) |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers...-.----- |  | 5 | 5 | 50 | 17 |
    | Other net rents.....-.................. |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends. | (3) |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.....-. --......- |  |  |  | 9 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family --..-- | 1 |  | (3)(3) | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.-.-.-..................- | 5 | 14 |  |  | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses). | -1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surnlus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 52 | 46 | 48 | 55 | 92 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 100 | 49 | 109 | 89 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families |  | +14 | -11 |  | 176 |
    |  | -4 |  |  | +9 | -50 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |

    ## - Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Un der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ | 318 | 31 | 66 | 60 | 70 | 38 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | Families in survey. Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker------------------------ | 126 | 47137 | 20 | 19 | 34 | 17 | 9 | 8 | 11 | 4 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 73 |  | 10 | 19 | 13 | 13 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 84 |  | 23 | 14 | 19 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 0 | , |
    | Unskilled wage earner---------------- | 35 |  | 13 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 0 | , | 0 | 1 |
    | Number of families composed ofMan and wife | 48 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 69 | 8 |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 53 | 0 <br> 8 | 9 | $\underset{16}{2}$ | 12 |  | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | 8 2 | 8 | 6 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$--...-- | 49 |  | 14 | 7 | 14 | 40 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}-$ | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 43 | 5 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 0 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 18 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult.----------------- | 26 | 02 | 5 | 37 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults..........- | 22 |  | 2 |  | 5 | 3 |  | 1 |  | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults...-- | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 30 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 12 | 1. |  | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 5 |  | 4 |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) $\qquad$ | 7 | 0 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  | 4 | 2 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having no homemaker $\qquad$ | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | United States. | 3084111 | 28 | 8 64 <br> 1 1 <br> 1 0 <br> 0 1 <br> 0 0 | 591000 | 68 | 370 | 190000 | 151000 | 12 | 6 |
    | Italy.- |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | England |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 318 | 31 | 66 | 60 | 70 | 38 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | A verage number of persons in household | 3.98 | 6. 26 | 4. 63 | 4.05 | 3.49 | 3.36 | 3.06 | 2.89 |  | 2. 26 |
    | Number of households with------.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2. 70 |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers..................- | 20 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 4 |  |  |  | 0$u$10 |
    |  | 13 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | , |  | 0 |  |
    | Other persons.---.-...........----.-. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.80 | 6.26 | 4.54 | 3. 90 | 3.35 | 3.07 | 2.89 | 2.54 | 2.23 | 1.85 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.03 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.89 \\ & 3.37 \end{aligned}$ | 1. 46 | 0.92 | 0.74 | 0.53 | 0.58 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.77 |  | 3.08 | 2.98 | 2.61 | 2.54 | 2.31 | 2.29 | 2.13 | 1.85 |
    |  | 3.51 | 5.58 | 4.09 | 3.63 | 3.10 | 2.88 | 2.69 | 2. 42 | 2.16 | 1.83 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family- | 0.18 | 0 | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.36 | 0.47 | 0.41 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 318 <br> 83 | 31 | 66 |  |  | 38 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | Families in survey--.-.-.-.------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Farnings of subsidiary earners...... |  | 8 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 39 | 0 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 2 | 4 |  |  |
    | Other net rents. | 19 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 73 | 32 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 12 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | - | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities..-- | 6 |  |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 35 | 1 | 62 |  | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
    | Other sources of income.-.-.----.-.-- | 13 | 1 |  | 8 | 1 | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | - | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 3 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business lasses and expenses) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 180 | 12 | 35 | 40 | 41 | 26 | 7 |  |  | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 100 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 22 |  | 7 | 7 | 8 |  |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 11 | 1 | 9 | 4 0 | 2 1 |
    | A versge number of gainful workers per family | 1.33 | 1.28 | 1. 32 | 1. 48 | 1. 33 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1. 17 | 1.26 | 1.26 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,302 | $\$ 862$ | \$992 | \$1,277 | \$1,377 | \$1, 548 | \$1,570 | \$1,727 | \$1, 799 | \$1, 791 |
    | Earnings of individuals.-.---.---.-- | 1,248 | 854 | 964 | 1,235 | 1, 335 | 1, 435 | 1,474 | 1,625 | 1, 692 | 1,753 |
    | Chief earner.. | 1, 106 | 805 | 866 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,028 \\ 207 \end{array}$ | 1, 184 | 1, 288 | 1, 332 | 1, 476 | 1, 525 | 1,468 |
    | Subsidiary earners.-.-.---------- | 142 | $\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ 771 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 757 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over-........ | 1,067 |  |  | 1,047 | 1, 155 | 1,271 | 1,286 | 1,375 | 1,544 | 1,408 |
    | Under 16 years.-.-.....-. | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | 1,0 | , 0 | 1, 0 |  | 1,5 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over.....- | 181 | 83 | 207 |  | 180 | 164 | 188 | 250 | 148 | 3450 |
    | Under 16 years...-.-.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 21 | 0 | 13 | 15 | 19 |  |  |  | 74 | 88 |
    | Other net rents | 10 | 0 | 61 | 15 9 | 15 | 28 | 25 0 | 65 24 | 0 | 88 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 |  |  | (3) 0 | 1 | 4 | 67 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 8 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 18 |  | () 0 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 9 | 3 | 3 | 17 |  | 15 | 3 | 9 | 33 | 10 |
    | Other sources of income---------- | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 27 | 1 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | 0 | 0 | (3) | (8) | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 78 | 72 | (2) 126 | 116 | 123 | 85 | 244 | 100 | 0 71 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 149 | 63 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 497 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities |  | 63+6 | 70 | 124 | 108 | 186+30 | 287 | 251 | 204 | 497-118 |
    | for all families in survey-.-...-- | +15 |  | +230 | +490 | +34 |  | -10416 | -35 | -1 |  |
    |  | 4 | +0 |  |  |  | +30 |  |  |  | 143 |

    ${ }^{8}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2. -Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued new orleans, la.-NEGro families


    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. 8 Families of these types are included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B, L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 83 | 27 | 22 | 18 | 9 | 7 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 28 |  | 430 |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 10 | 12 |  | 41 | 300 |  |
    | Other net rents.---.-.-.-.----------- | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 0 2 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 2 | 2 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 42 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 4 |  |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 21 | 6 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.41 | 1.61 | 1.23 | 1.54 | 1.34 | . 94 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$841 | \$770 | \$762 | \$882 | \$944 | \$1,100 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 830 | 763 | 751 | 876 | 945 | 1,045 |
    | Chief earner_ | 741 | 628 | 690 | 760 | 910 | 1,0450 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 89 | 135 | 61 | 116 | 35 |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 723 | 590 | 697 | 732 | 910 | 1, 045 |
    | Under 16 years. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 103 | 173 | 54 | 133 | 35 |  |
    | Under 16 years. | (3) | (3) | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 10 | 2 | 110 | (3) ${ }^{8}$ | 0 | 55 |
    | Other net rents...- | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(3)} 0$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 1 | 3 <br> 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | 0 | -2 | -1 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 77 | 88 | 73 | 47 | 128 | 88 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 47 | 17 | 47 | 65 | 86 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +27 | +320 | +200 | +180 | +280 | 0 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 |  |  |  |  | +50 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTE, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,000$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 162 | 26 | 22 | 37 | 26 | 16 | 8 | 12 | 5 | 10 |
    | Number of families having- Earnings of subsidiary earners......- | 20 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 26 | 2 | 7 | A | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
    | Other net rents. | 15 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Interest and dividends.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities...-- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income .-...-.-.-. -- | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 8 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 102 | 17 | 15 | 26 | 16 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 58 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 2 |  |
    | Inheritance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainfulworkers per family | 1. 12 | 1. 27 | 1.18 | 1. 14 | 1.04 | 1. 00 | 1. 25 | 1.08 | 1. 00 | 1.00 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,614 | \$1, 151 | \$1, 483 | \$1,567 | \$1,779 | \$1,503 | \$1,646 | \$1,918 | \$1,786 | \$2,525 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,541 | 1,132 | 1, 430 | 1, 492 | 1,750 | 1,471 | 1,592 | 1,905 | 1,724 | 2,023 |
    | Chief earner | 1, 507 | 1, 056 | 1, 401 | 1, 464 | 1,745 | 1, 471 | 1,446 | 1,863 | 1, 724 | 2,023 |
    | Subsidiary earners...... | , 34 | 1,76 | 1 29 | 1, 28 |  |  | 146 | 1, 42 |  | , 0 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,464 | 1,075 | 1.426 | 1, 344 | 1,618 | 1,471 | 1,372 | 1,893 | 1,724 | 2,023 |
    | Under 16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over. | 77 | 57 |  | 148 | 132 | 0 | 220 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
    | Under 16 years | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 25 | 19 | 46 | 23 | 10 | 20 | 48 | 9 | 0 | 65 |
    | Other net rents...-.-.-............ | 16 | 0 | 7 | 38 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 15 | 62 | 26 |
    | Interest and dividends ......-.-. --. -- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 20 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 287 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 1 | (8) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of incor | 12 | (a) | 0 | 4 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 124 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | 0 | -1 | -1 | -6 | 0 | 0 | -11 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (netuincrease in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 173 | 144 | 142 | 159 | 21.5 | 187 | 124 | 285 | 62 | 215 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 205 | 67 | 179 | 193 | 125 | 350 | 282 | 187 | 186 | 537 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +35 | +71 | +40 | +60 | +84 | -14 | -79 | +49 | -50 | -86 |
    | Inheritance... |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix $A$, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 9 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 42 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 6 |  |
    |  | 56 | 15 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children-...-............ | 17 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) -- | 12 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (7 or morepersons) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) -Adults (4 or more persons not including man and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adite)-..................................................... 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons     <br> not including man and wife) 2 1 1 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Composition of Houschold |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 109 | 29 | 30 | 22 | 17 | 11 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Lodgers only |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 2.56 | 3. 21 | 2.47 | 2.33 | 2. 18 | 2.11 |
    | Expenditure units. <br> A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 3.64 | 5. 76 | 3.39 | 2. 90 | 2.39 | 2.09 |
    |  | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 1. 63 | 0.06 | 0.38 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 109 | 29 | 30 | 22 | 17 | 11 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  | 13 |  | 10 |  | 5 |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 46 |  |  |  | 7 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..-.-.....-- | 12 | 13 4 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
    | Other net rents. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 72 | 22 | 19 | 14 | 12 | 1 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 34 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 5 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family.-.--- | 1. 50 | 1. 52 | 1. 50 | 1.54 | 1.41 | 1.45 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$939 | \$854 | \$824 | \$988 | \$1, 082 | \$1,156 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 921 | 832 | 821 | 977 | $1,062 \mid$ | 1, 097 |
    | Chief earner | 823 | 752 | 704 | 885 |  | ${ }^{1} 975$ |
    | Subsidiary earners | 98 | 80 | 117 | 92 | $\begin{array}{r} 977 \\ 85 \end{array}$ | 122 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 842 | 797 | 723 | 885 | 992 | 970 |
    | Under 16 years. | (3) | (3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 79 | 35 | 98 | 92 | 70 | 127 |
    | Under 16 years.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 012 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 10 | 14 | 1 | 10 |  | 20 |
    | Other net rents.-..-----.----------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 41 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | -1 | 0 | 0 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | -1 86 |  | 76 | 70 | 115 |  |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 102 | 54 | 104 | 90 | 144 | 70 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families |  |  |  |  |  | 137 |
    | in survey-- | $+25$ | +57 | +20 | +12 | +39 | -430 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    
    ${ }^{1}$ "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types are included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    4 Less than 0.005 person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditureunit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ to $\mathbf{\$ 7 0 0}$ | $\$ 700$ to $\$ 800$ | $\$ 800$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900$ and <br> over |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey- | 192 | 10 | 24 | 35 | 38 | 28 | 18 | 23 | 7 | 9 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 84 | 3 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 5 | \% |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 49 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 14 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other net rents. | 14 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends | 10 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 21 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income...---.-.-. -- | 15 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1. | 2 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities). $\qquad$ | 114 | 6 | 13 | 20 | 25 | 17 | 12 | 13 | 3 | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 75 | 4 | 11 | 15 | 12 | 11 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 5 |
    | Inheritance..-.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1. 59 | 1. 79 | 1.51 | 1.64 | 1. 58 | 1.56 | 1. 79 | 1.41 | 1.76 | 1.52 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,585 | \$921 | \$1, 150 | \$1, 409 | \$1,489 | \$1, 853 | \$1,893 | \$1, 749 | \$2, 079 | \$2,310 |
    | Earnings of individual | 1,521 | 898 | 1,123 | 1,358 | 1,449 | 1,749 | 1,761 | 1,675 | 2, 060 | 2,200 |
    | Chief earner.....-. | 1,265 | 816 | 1,013 | 1, 179 | 1, 171 | 1, 478 | 1,365 | 1, 440 | 1,482 | 1,683 |
    | Subsidiary earners...-.-.-.-.-. | 256 | 82 | 110 | 179 | 278 | 271 | 396 | 235 | 578 | 517 |
    | Males: 16 years and over.......... | 1,262 | 746 | 1,034 | 1, 162 | 1, 176 | 1,502 | 1,438 | 1,394 | 1,334 | 1,683 |
    | Under 16 years.............. |  | 5 | 0 | - 7 | - 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.....-. | 258 | 147 | 80 | 189 | 273 | 247 | 323 | 281 | 726 | 517 |
    | Under 16 years.--.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers $\qquad$ | 35 | 19 | 9 | 32 | 25 | 64 | 72 | 47 | 18 | 0 |
    | Other net rents.........................- | 10 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 29 | 35 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends.....---....- | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 2 | 0 | 39 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 9 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 14 | 13 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income...........-- | 7 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 24 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | (3) | -1 | -3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per lamily having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 183 | 57 | 111 | 133 | 163 | 214 | 261 | 262 | 192 | 318 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 183 | 49 | 108 | 128 | 198 | 60 | 261 | 412 | 242 | 315 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | +37 | +15 | +11 | +22 | +45 | +112 | +87 | $+5$ | -56 | -34 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued


    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 635.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,000 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 419 | 14 | 60 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 23 | 11 | 7 | 6 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-.-.-..----------------- | 3.57 | 6.21 | 5.07 | 3.91 | 3.35 | 2.80 | 2.74 | 2.48 | 2.72 | 1.71 | 2.33 |
    | Expenditure units...-.........- | 3.28 | 5.62 | 4.56 | 3.58 | 3.05 | 2.64 | 2.59 | 2.39 | 2.46 | 1.98 | 2.24 |
    | Food expenditure units.......- | 3.07 | 5.25 | 4.25 | 3.34 | 2.86 | 2.46 | 2.43 | 2.28 | 2.36 | 1.85 | 2.20 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.-- | 2.86 | 4.85 | 3.77 | 3.16 | 2.66 | 2.27 | 2.30 | 2. 28 | 2.25 | 2.16 | 1. 95 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Food | 500 | 422 | 483 | 494 | 496 | 491 | 541 | 509 | 550 | 436 | 762 |
    | Clothing | 147 | 93 | 110 | 137 | 141 | 141 | 181 | 207 | 212 | 181 | 303 |
    | Housing | 231 | 177 | 201 | 206 | 228 | 252 | 269 | 266 | 301 | 265 | 303 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration- | 103 | 83 | 105 | 97 | 108 | 96 | 112 | 109 | 143 | 78 | 110 |
    | Other household operation.- | 55 | 23 | 32 | 39 | 55 | 57 | 75 | 81 | 139 | 75 | 181 |
    | Furnishings and equipment- | 60 | 8 | 28 | 45 | 46 | 83 | 68 | 98 | 110 | 284 | 154 |
    | Automobile and motorcy-cle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 60 | 4 | 17 | 24 | 35 | 68 | 105 | 152 | 267 | 245 | 221 |
    | Other transportation | 54 | 50 | 38 | 49 | 63 | 49 | 61 | 65 | 73 | 63 | 54 |
    | Personal care | 26 | 20 | 22 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 28 | 35 | 37 | 34 |
    | Medical care | 47 | 18 | 37 | 35 | 48 | 40 | 69 | 53 | 84 | 43 | 247 |
    | Recreation. | 75 | 49 | 54 | 66 | 73 | 80 | 97 | 96 | 109 | 113 | 107 |
    | Education. | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 3 | 8 |
    | Community welfare | 17 | 13 | 17 | 13 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 32 | 25 | 16 | 39 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family Other items | 18 1 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 25 3 | 20 4 | $(1)^{44}$ | 42 1 | 31 | 37 3 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.6 | 43.5 | 41.6 | 39.7 | 36.5 | 34.3 | 32.5 | 28.9 | 26.2 | 23.3 | 29.8 |
    | Clothing | 10.5 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 11.0 | 10.4 | 9,8 | 10.9 | 11.8 | 10.1 | 9.7 | 11.8 |
    | Housing | 16.4 | 18.2 | 17.3 | 16.6 | 16.8 | 17.6 | 16.1 | 15.1 | 14.3 | 14. 1 | 11.8 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration- | 7.3 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
    | Other household operation.- | 3.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 4.0 | 7.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.3 | . 8 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 15.1 | 6.0 |
    | Automobile and motorcy-cle-purchase, operation, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | and maintenance..-.-.-.-- | 4.3 | .4 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 4. 7 | 6. 3 | 8.6 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 8. 6 |
    | Other transportation | 3. 9 | 5. 2 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 2.1 |
    | Personal care. | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1. 9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1. 7 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
    | Medical care | 3.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 9.7 |
    | Recreation.. | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.2 |
    | Education. | 4 | 4 | . 4 | 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 9 | . 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | .1 | 1 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 2 | . 3 |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.5 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.3 | .1 | .7 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1. 2 | 2.5 | ${ }^{2} .0$ | 1.7 | 1.4 |
    | Other items-------.-.-------- | . 1 | . 1 | .1 | 0 | .1 | 2 | 2 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | . 1 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    2 Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    ## 1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued birmingham, ala.-Negro families
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued
    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$100 | \$200 | \$300 | \$400 | \$500 | \$600 | \$700 | \$800 | \$900 | \$1,000 | \$1,100 |
    |  |  | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | to | and |
    |  |  | \$200 | \$300 | \$400 | \$500 | \$600 | \$700 | \$800 | \$900 | \$1,000 | \$1,100 | over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons | 3.31 | 5.91 | 4.50 | 3.84 | 3. 41 | 2. 92 | 2.76 | 2.62 | 2.31 | 2. 23 | 2. 17 | 2. 00 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.07 | 5.25 | 4. 14 | 3.51 | 3.16 | 2.72 | 2.60 | 2.44 | 2. 23 | 2.18 | 2.11 | 2.05 |
    | Food expenditure units | 2.83 | 4.98 | 3. 68 | 3.27 | 2. 92 | 2.46 | 2.43 | 2. 25 | 2.07 | 2. 10 | 1.99 | 1. 90 |
    | Olothing expenditure un | 2.72 | 4. 28 | 3.30 | 2.96 | 2.77 | 2.53 | 2.38 | 2.18 | 2. 23 | 2.18 | 2.07 | 2.58 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- <br> All items. $\qquad$ | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |
    |  | 1,458 | 873 | 1,032 | 1,214 | 1,371 | 1,442 | 1, 633 | 1,797 | 1,842 | 2, 021 | 2, 182 | 2, 736 |
    | Food | - 443 | 403 | 363 | 427 | 438 | 442 | 474 | 460 | 511 | 490 | 499 | 540 |
    | Clothing | 172 | 86 | 108 | 132 | 159 | 179 | 195 | 214 | 240 | 206 | 261 | 404 |
    |  | 212 | 137 | 164 | 185 | 192 | 214 | 237 | 302 | 267 | 295 | 205 | 281 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration-- | 85 | 67 | 80 | 86 | 88 | 86 | 85 | 93 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 63 |
    | Other household operation...- | 73 | 31 | 40 | 58 | 67 | 79 | 89 | 100 | 113 | 99 | 90 | 105 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.--- | 76 | 41 | 74 | 62 | 57 | 75 | 86 | 114 | 100 | 80 | 159 | 94 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 148 | 10 | 32 | 65 | 120 | 122 | 184 | 216 | 192 | 418 | 471 | 707 |
    | Other transportation | 25 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 24 | 30 | 27 | 17 | 22 | 29 | 26 | 28 |
    | Personal care | 32 | 16 | 21 | 24 | 28 | 34 | 41 | 40 | 52 | 43 | 44 | 54 |
    | Medical care | 58 | 20 | 39 | 49 | 60 | 51 | 69 | 95 | 64 | 85 | 64 | 102 |
    | Recreation | 71 | 23 | 43 | 48 | 64 | 70 | 80 | 87 | 123 | 110 | 156 | 178 |
    | Education | 10 | 8 | 16 | 7 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 4 |  | 1 | 1 | 17 |
    | Vocation. | , | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 4 |
    | Community welfare.. | 22 | 8 | 9 | 18 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 24 | 23 | 35 | 58 | 66 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | family-..---------- | 23 | 2 | 10 | 14 | 26 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 44 | 37 | 38 | 92 |
    | Other items. | 5 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 1 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100. 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food.- | 30.4 | 46.2 | 35.1 | 35.1 | 31.9 | 30.6 | 29.0 | 25.7 | 27.7 | 24.3 | 22.9 | 19.8 |
    | Clothing | 11.8 | 9.9 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 11.6 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 13.0 | 10.2 | 12.0 | 14.8 |
    |  | 14.5 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 15. 2 | 14.0 | 14.8 | 14. 5 | 16.8 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 9.4 | 10.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.Other household operation | 5.8 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6. 4 | 6. 0 | 5. 2 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4. 5 | 4.4 | 2.3 |
    |  | 5. 0 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4. 8 | 4. 9. | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment--- | 5. 2 | 4. 7 | 7.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 5. 2 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 4. 0 | 7.3 | 3.4 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 10.2 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 5. 4 | 8. 7 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 10.4 | 20.7 | 21.6 | 25.9 |
    | Other transportation--------------- | 1.7 | 2. 2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1. 7 | 12.9 | 1. 2 | 1. 4 | 1.2 | 1. 0 |
    | Personal care.. | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2. 0 | 2.0 | 2. 0 | 2.4 | 2. 5 | 2. 2 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
    | Medical care | 4.0 | 2.3 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4. 4 | 3. 5 | 4. 2 | 5. 3 | 3.5 | 4. 2 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
    | Recreation <br> Education | 4.9 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4. 7 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 6. 7 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 6.5 |
    |  | 7 | . 9 | 1.6 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 1.0 | 2 | 1 | . 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 |
    | Education | 2 | 1 | . 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |  | . 3 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family Other items$\qquad$ | 1.5 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.5 | 1. 7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1. 2 | 1.7 | 2. 7 | 2.4 |
    |  | 1.6 | . 2 | 1.0 | 1. 2 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1. 3 | 2.4 | 1. 8 | 1.7 | 3.4 |
    |  |  | .1 | 1.8 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | (2) |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN
    

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 300 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 100 | 30 | 34 | 22 | 6 | 8 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons..... | 4.91 | 7.06 | 4.99 | 3.21 | 2.83 | 2. 66 |
    | Expenditure units. | 4. 34 | 6. 14 | 4.38 | 3.94 | 2.65 | 2.53 |
    | Food expenditure units | 4. 04. | 5. 74 | 4.07 | 2.74 | 2. 40 | 2.37 |
    | Clothing expenditure units. | 3.71 | 5. 18 | 3.63 | 2.61 | 2. 48 | 2.45 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$954 | \$833 | \$943 | \$928 | \$1,161 | \$1,374 |
    | Food | 361 | 346 | +378 | ${ }^{3} 34$ | - 1,381 | \$1,398 |
    | Clothing | 127 | 115 | 123 | 122 | 150 | 188 |
    | Housing | 123 | 115 | 114 | 121 | 187 | 144 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 46 | 42 | 49 | 43 | 41 | 64 |
    | Other household operation | 29 | 26 | 24 | 32 | 44 | 41 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 54 | 44 | 53 | 50 | 95 | 73 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 76 | 39 | 65 | 81 | 63 | 258 |
    | Other transportation | 13 | 12 | 10 | 13 | 36 | 15 |
    | Personal care. | 24. | 24 | 23 | 25 | 21 | 33 |
    | Medical care | 24 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 7 | 26 |
    | Recreation | 46 | 30 | 45 | 51 | 59 | 88 |
    | Education | 6 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 25 | 1 |
    | Vocstion. | 2 | 1. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
    | Community welfare | 7 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 21 | 7 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 13 | 5 | 13 | 16 | 28 | 27 |
    | Other items. | 3 |  | 4 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 37.9 | 41.6 | 40.1 | 36.0 | 32.8 | 28.9 |
    | Clothing | 13.3 | 13.8 | 13. 1 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 13.5 |
    | Housing | 12.9 | 13.8 | 12. 1 | 13.1 | 16. 1 | 10.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 4.8 | 5. 1 | 5. 2 | 4. 6 | 3.5 | 4.7 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.0 | 3. 1 | 2. 5 | 3. 4 | 3.8 | 3.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....-.-.-...............- | 5.7 | 5.3 | 5. 6 | 5.4 | 8.2 | 5.3 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance $\qquad$ | 8.0 | 4.7 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 5. 4 | 18.8 |
    | Other transportation. | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1. 1 | 1. 4 | 3.1 | 1. 1 |
    | Personal care....--- | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 2.4 |
    | Medical care. | 2.5 | - 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.2 | . 6 | 1.9 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 3. 6 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 5. 1 | 6.4 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | . 2 | 2.2 | . 1 |
    | Vocation | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 0 | 4 |
    | Community welfare | . 7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 5 | 1.8 | . 5 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.4 | . 6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
    |  | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 2 | .3 | . 5 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 800 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 150 | 14 | 25 | 44 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 5 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-...----- | 3.55 | 5.31 | 4.44 | 3.28 | 3.41 | 2. 98 | 2.40 | 2.82 | 2.09 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.37 | 4.85 | 4.13 | 3.09 | 3. 29 | 2.95 | 2.30 | 2.81 | 2.11 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.25 | 4.48 | 3.98 | 2.96 | 3.20 | 2.98 | 2.20 | 2.86 | 2. 14 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 3.04 | 4.21 | 3.64 | 2. 74 | 3.00 | 2.81 | 2.15 | 2.77 | 2.31 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.----------------------------- | \$1,537 | \$1,027 | \$1,366 | \$1,290 | \$1,750 | \$1,835 | \$1,722 | \$2,328 | \$2, 370 |
    | Food | 424 | 322 | 451 | 374 | 486 | 460 | 430 | 465 | 453 |
    | Clothing | 210 | 126 | 202 | 174 | 242 | 243 | 246 | 262 | 347 |
    | Housing | 227 | 141 | 191 | 210 | 236 | 292 | 267 | 319 | 345 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 71 | 57 | 67 | 67 | 84 | 72 | 62 | 75 | 81 |
    | Other household operation. | 106 | 47 | 90 | 81 | 141 | 152 | 87 | 157 | 164 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....-- | 60 | 35 | 42 | 45 | 64 | 104 | 56 | 130 | 106 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 145 | 73 | 77 | 97 | 149 | 153 | 305 | 450 | 414 |
    | Other transportation.-.......-.---- | 21 | 16 | 27 | 19 | 28 | 25 | 8 | 11 | 8 |
    | Personal care | 37 | 29 | 36 | 32 | 42 | 41 | 36 | 43 | 44 |
    | Medical care | 77 | 64 | 61 | 55 | 99 | 103 | 60 | 91 | 161 |
    | Recreation | 87 | 55 | 74 | 73 | 98 | 98 | 138 | 107 | 161 |
    | Education | 8 | 11 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 4 |
    | Community welfare | 19 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 28 | 26 | 8 | 38 | 24 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 28 | 5 | 13 | 26 | 25 | 47 | 10 | 145 | 56 |
    |  | 13 | 35 | 15 | 9 | 11 | 9 | (1) | 27 | 2 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 27.6 | 31.3 | 33.0 | 28.9 | 27.7 | 25.1 | 24.9 | 20.0 | 19.1 |
    |  | 13.7 | 12.2 | 14.7 | 13.5 | 13.8 | 13.3 | 14. 2 | 11.3 | 14. 6 |
    |  | 14.8 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 16.3 | 13.5 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 13.7 | 14.6 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-..-- | 4.6 | 5. 6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 3. 9 | 3. 6 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
    | Other household operation...--- | 6. 9 | 4.6 | 6. 6 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 5. 0 | 6. 7 | 6.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.--- | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 4.5 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and mainte- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 9.4 | 7.1 | 5. 6 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 17.7 | 19.4 | 17.4 |
    | Other transportation.............-- | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.5. | 1.6 | 1.4 | . 5 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | Personal care....--...-. --. | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2. 6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2. 2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
    | Medical care-..-.-.-.-.-.-. | 5. 0 | 6. 2 | 4. 5 | 4.3 | 5. 7 | 5. 6 | 3. 5 | 3.9 | 6.8 |
    |  | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5. 6 | 5.3 | 8. 0 | 4.6 | 6.8 |
    |  | . 5 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 6 | . 7 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | .3 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 | . 3 | 2 | . 5 | . 2 | 2 |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1. 0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | . 5 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.8 | . 5 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.6 |  | 6.2 | 2.4 |
    | Other items. | . 8 | 3.4 | 1.1 | . 7 | . 6 | . 5 | (2) | 1.2 | . 1 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { and } 0 \mathrm{ver} \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Oroups of Items | 1003.633.33.082.98 | 28 | 39 | 22 | 11 |
    | Families in survey... |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage family size: |  | 5. 51 | 3. 35 | 2.36 |  |
    | Persons--....---- |  |  |  |  | 2. 40 2. 26 |
    | Food expenditure units. |  | 4.91 <br> 4.55 | 2. 87 | 2.21 <br> 2.06 | 2.092.00 |
    | Clothing expenditure units. |  | 4.18 |  | 2. 10 |  |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items--- | $\$ 761$244 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 678 \\ 255 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\$ 748$238 | \$737 | \$1, 776 |
    | Food.- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clothing. | $\begin{array}{r}244 \\ 94 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 255 87 | 238 92 | 96117 | ${ }_{132}$ |
    | Housing. | 11163 | ${ }_{56}^{98}$ | 112 |  |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration |  |  |  | 67 | 72 |
    | Other household operation | 24 | 23 | 2238 | $\stackrel{23}{25}$ | ${ }_{47}^{36}$ |
    | Furnishings and equipment-- | 32 | 24 |  |  |  |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 47 | 20 | 42 | 52 | 124 |
    | Other transportation | 7 | - 6 | - ${ }_{19}^{6}$ | 721 | 1723 |
    | Personal care...- | 20 |  |  |  |  |
    | Mecreation | 44 | 28 | 19 <br> 44 | 30 | 11055 |
    | Education----- | 4 | (1) $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 43 | 34 |  |
    | Vocation. | 1 |  | 1 | 1. |  |
    | Community welfare | 13 |  | 12 | 15 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other items.........-- | ${ }_{6}$ |  | 4 <br> 9 |  | 34 1 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.037.7 | 100.0 | 100.031. | 100.0 |
    | Food.-. | 32.0 |  | 31.9 |  | $\underline{25.1}$ |
    | Clothing- | 12.3 | 12.814.5 | 12.4 | 13.115.9 |  |
    | Housing | 14.6 |  | 15.0 |  | 12.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 8. 3 | 8. 3 | 8.4 | 9.1 ${ }^{9} 1$ | 6.7 |
    | Other household operation | 3.2 |  |  |  | 3.34.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment -- | 4.2 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 3.4 |  |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 6.2 | 2.9 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 11.5 |
    | Other transportation..--- | , | . 9 |  |  |  |
    | Personal care-- | 2.6 | 2. 9.1 | 2.815.95.9 | 2.84.1 | 2.10.2 |
    | Medical care | 5.8 | 5. 5 |  |  |  |
    | Recreation... | 5.4 |  | 5.7 | 4.6 | 5.1.7 |
    | Education.. | . 7 | (2) 1.2 | $\cdot 4$ | 2.1 |  |
    | Community welfare |  | ${ }^{(2)} 1.3$ | . 16 |  | 2.5 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.2 | $\begin{array}{r}. \\ . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1. ${ }^{5}$ | 2.3.3 | 3.2.1 |
    | Other items.------- | 1.2 .8 |  |  |  |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 300$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 700 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 178 | 22 | 37 | 39 | 30 | 17 | 13 | 9 | 6 | 5 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.54 | 4.76 | 4.47 | 3. 41 | 3.14 | 3.02 | 2. 86 | 2. 29 | 2.17 | 2.03 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.29 | 4.34 | 4. 06 | 3. 14 | 2. 96 | 2.81 | 2. 79 | 2. 26 | 2.17 | 2.07 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.08 | 4. 06 | 3. 74 | 2. 90 | 2.84 | 2. 59 | 2. 67 | 2.21 | 2. 19 | 2.17 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.89 | 3. 70 | 3.34 | 2.77 | 2. 59 | 2.60 | 2.62 | 2.20 | 2.18 | 2.38 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | \$1, 554 | \$977 | \$1, 365 | \$1,378 | \$1, 590 | \$1,802 | \$2, 060 | \$1,915 | \$2, 309 | \$3, 006 |
    | Food | 469 | 381 | 471 | 454 | 487 | 474 | 533 | 491 | 530 | 571 |
    | Clothing | 166 | 91 | 136 | 133 | 171 | 243 | 237 | 219 | 220 | 358 |
    | Housing | 202 | 169 | 176 | 169 | 238 | 245 | 236 | 227 | 236 | 250 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 92 | 60 | 85 | 82 | 99 | 110 | 119 | 114 | 115 | 132 |
    | Other household operation. | 107 | 59 | 83 | 82 | 135 | 118 | 123 | 144 | 176 | 298 |
    | Furnishings and equipment------- | 68 | 29 | 57 | 60 | 56 | 54 | 105 | 85 | 175 | 243 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and mainte- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 147 | 33 | 101 | 115 | 118 | 162 | 205 | 196 | 554 | 618 |
    | Other transportation | 30 | 17 | 34 | 24 | 26 | 38 | 61 | 41 | 27 | 16 |
    | Personal care. | 36 | 23 | 36 | 33 | 38 | 40 | 45 | 44 | 39 | 72 |
    | Medical car | 64 | 36 | 47 | 67 | 71 | 108 | 77 | 77 | 37 | 57 |
    | Recreation. | 100 | 52 | 85 | 97 | 87 | 121 | 151 | 171 | 57 | 250 |
    | Education | 8 | 11 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 10 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 12 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 14 | (1) |
    | Community welfare | 20 | 7 | 16 | 20 | 18 | 29 | 29 | 20 | 65 | 13 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 30 | 3 | 11 | 29 | 24 | 31 | 85 | 49 | 59 | 111 |
    | Other items. | 12 | 4 | 16 | 6 | 10 | 13 | 34 | 28 | 5 | 5 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 30.2 | 39.1 | 34.5 | 32.9 | 30.7 | 26.4 | 25.8 | 25.7 | 22.9 | 19.0 |
    | Clothing | 10.7 | 9.3 | 100 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 13.5 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 9.5 | 11.9 |
    | Housing | 13.0 | 17.3 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 15. 0 | 13.6 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 10.2 | 8.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration ------ | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6. 0 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 6. 0 | 5.0 | 4.4 |
    | Other household operation.-------- | 6. 9 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6. 0 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 9.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment------- | 4.4 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 7.6 | 8.1 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 9.5 | 3.4 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 7. 4 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 24.0 | 20.6 |
    | Other transportation | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1. 6 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 1.2 | . 5 |
    | Personal care | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
    | Medical care | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 1. 6 | 1.9 |
    | Recreation | 6.4 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 8.9 | 2.5 | 8.3 |
    | Education. | . 5 | 1.1 | 5 | 2 | . 6 | . 6 | . 9 | 3 | 0 | 4 |
    | Vocation. | 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | .1 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | . 6 | (2) |
    | Community welfare | 1.3 | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1. 1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.8 | . 4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1.9 | . 3 | . 8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1. 7 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 2. 6 | 3.7 |
    | Other items. | 8 | . 4 | 1.2 | . 4 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.7 | 1.5 | . 2 | . 2 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 74 | 14 | 22 | 18 | 15 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.83 | 6. 68 | 4.27 | 2.78 | 2.27 | 2.37 |
    | Expenditure units | 3. 42 | 5. 78 | 3.77 | 2.57 | 2.12 | 2.20 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3. 19 | 5.41 | 3. 52 | 2.40 | 1.98 | 1.98 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.86 | 4.50 | 3.20 | 2.20 | 1.92 | 2.03 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\$ 920$ | \$872 | $\$ 903$ | \$895 | \$923 | \$1, 197 |
    |  | 347 | 368 | 367 | 331 | 316 | 352 |
    | Clothing | 86 | 73 | 107 | 74 | 76 | 93 |
    | Housing | 135 | 120 | 123 | 146 | 127 | 207 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 92 | 88 | 87 | 96 | 95 | 89 |
    | Other household operation. | 33 | 32 | 31 | 32 | 37 | 60 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 33 | 22 | 37 | 33 | 39 | 28 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 34 | 8 | 8 | 61 | 38 | 104 |
    | Other transportation. | 29 | 33 | 27 | 29 | 31 | 15 |
    | Personal care. | 19 | 16 | 22 | 18 | 22 | 17 |
    | Medical care | 36 | 36 | 21 | 21 | 56 | 100 |
    | Recreation. | 39 | 32 | 36 | 32 | 56 | 55 |
    | Education | 2 | 6 | 2 | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 16 | 15 | 19 | 13 | 13 | 21 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 18 | 25 | 16 | 6 | 15 | 56 |
    | Other items | (1) | 0 | (1) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 37.7 | 41.9 | 40.7 | 37.0 | 34.2 | 29.4 |
    | Clothing | 9.3 | 8.4 | 11.9 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.8 |
    | Housing | 14.7 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 13.8 | 17.2 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 7.4 |
    | Other household operation. | 3. 6 | 3.7 | 3. 4 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 5.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.----..-.-.-.----- | 3.6 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 2.3 |
    | Automobileand motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 3.7 | . 9 | . 9 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 8.7 |
    | Other transportation. | 3. 2 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3. 4 | 1.3 |
    | Personal care.------ | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.4 |
    | Medical care | 3.9 | 4.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 6.1 | 8.4 |
    | Recreation. | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 4. 6 |
    | Education. | . 2 | . 7 | . 2 | (2) | 0 | 0 |
    | Vocation | .1 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 2.0 | 2.9 | 1.8 | . 7 | 1.6 | 4.7 |
    | Other Items. | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | .1 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    2 Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100 \text { to }$ $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 300 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 94 | 24 | 30 | 22 | 18 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.------ | 3. 51 | 5. 42 | 3. 42 | 2. 54 | 2.26 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.25 | 4.83 | 3. 29 | 2.36 | 2.16 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3. 06 | 4. 55 | 3.09 | 2.23 | 2.04 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.76 | 3.88 | 2.85 | 2.03 | 2.02 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items... | \$807 | \$730 | \$778 | \$797 | \$977 |
    | Food. | 289 | 291 | 293 | 295 | 273 |
    | Clothing | 88 | 75 | 93 | 72 | 117 |
    | Housing | 122 | 118 | 115 | 128 | 129 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 78 | 70 | 76 | 80 | 87 |
    | Other household operation.. | 26 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 38 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.- | 34 | 26 | 25 | 33 | 62 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation. and maintenance | 13 | 2 | 15 | 6 | 34 |
    | Other transportation. | 30 | 28 | 25 | 35 | 34 |
    | Personal care....---- | 20 | 20 | 17. | 19 | 26 |
    | Medical care. | 35 | 26 | 32 | 38 | 50 |
    | Recreation | 37 | 33 | 36 | 34 | 50 |
    | Education. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Community welfare | 12 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 16 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 13 | 1 | 9 | 8 | 40 |
    | Other items.- | 6 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 18 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 35.9 | 39.9 | 37.7 | 37.0 | 28.0 |
    | Clothing | 10.9 | 10.3 | 12.0 | 9.0 | 12.0 |
    | Housing. | 15. 1 | 16.3. | 14.8 | 16.1 | 13.2 |
    |  | 9.7 | 9. 6 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 8.9 |
    |  | 3. 2 | 3.3 | 3. 0 | 3.0 | 3. 9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment----...-.-.----.-.---- | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 6.3 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 1.6 | . 3 | 1.9 | . 8 | 3.5 |
    |  | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 4. 4 | 3.5 |
    | Personal care | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2. 2 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
    | Medica! care. | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4. 8 | 5.1 |
    | Recreation. | 4.6 | 4. 5 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.1 |
    | Education. | .4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Vocation | . 1 | . 1 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.6 | . 1 | 1. 2 | 1.0 | 4.1 |
    |  | . 7 | 0 | . 1 | 1.1 | 1.8 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level—Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 94 | 31. | 32 | 19 | 12 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons......... | 3. 70 | 5.01 | 3.51 | 2.50 | 2.75 |
    | Expenditure units | 3. 38 | 4.48 | 3.22 | 2.37 | 2. 57 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.16 | 4.20 | 2.96 | 2.23 | 2. 44 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2. 97 | 3.76 | 2.89 | 2.24 | 2.32 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | \$772 | \$666 | \$780 | \$791 | \$982 |
    | Food. | 276 | 265 | 283 | 265 | 302 |
    | Clothing | 86 | 84 | 91 | 69 | 105 |
    | Housing | 95 | 87 | 94 | 114 | 87 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 57 | 54 | 58 | 55 | 64 |
    | Other household operation. | 26 | 22 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 29 | 25 | 32 | 36 | 19 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 33 | 3 | 27 | 24 | 135 |
    | Other transportation... | 16 | 13 | 21 | 16 | 12 |
    | Personal care. | 18 | 16. | 20 | 19 | 17 |
    | Medical care | 43 | 28 | 40 | 56 | 66 |
    | Recreation. | 44 | 36 | 42 | 59 | 47 |
    | Education | 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
    | Vocation | 1 | 1 | (1) | 0 | 2 |
    | Community welfare | 13 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 18 | 6 | 27 | 30 | 10 |
    | Other items........ | 13 | 10 | 3 | 8 | 57 |
    | Percentage of total annual cirrrent expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.7 | 39.7 | 36. 2 | 33.5 | 30.8 |
    | Clothing | 11.1 | 12.6 | 11.7 | 8. 7 | 10.7 |
    | Housing | 12.3 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 14.4 | 8.9 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.4 | 8. 1 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.4 | 3. 3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.0 |
    |  | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 1.9 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 4.3 | . 5 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 13.8 |
    |  | 2. 1 | 2. 0 | 2. 7 | 2.0 | 1.2 |
    | Personal care..--.- | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
    | Medical care. | 5. 6 | 4. 2 | 5. 1 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
    | Recreation | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 4.8 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 9 | (9). 4 | . 1 | . 8 |
    | Vocation. | .1 | . 2 | (3) | 0 | . 2 |
    | Community welfare | 1. 7 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 2.3 | . 9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 1.0 |
    | Other items.-.-.-- | 1.7 | 1. 5 | . 4 | 1.0 | 5.8 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by econamic level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 900$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Frmilies in survey | 318 | 31 | 66 | 60 | 70 | 38 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.... | 3.80 | 6. 26 | 4.54 | 3.90 | 3.35 | 3.07 | 2.89 | 2. 54 | 2.23 | 1.85 |
    | Expenditure units | 3. 51 | 5.58 | 4.09 | 3.63 | 3.10 | 2. 88 | 2. 69 | 2. 42 | 2. 16 | 1.83 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.32 | 5.36 | 3.88 | 3. 44 | 2.92 | 2. 72 | 2.48 | 2.31 | 2.02 | 1. 74 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 3.01 | 4.34 | 3.40 | 3.22 | 2.69 | 2.63 | 2.41 | 2.20 | 2.12 | 1.90 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 294 | \$861 | \$980 | \$1, 225 | \$1,350 | \$1,524 | \$1, 702 | \$1, 758 | \$1, 801 | \$2, 077 |
    | Food | 462 | 413 | 421 | 458 | 452 | 501 | 516 | 527 | 518 | 626 |
    | Clothing | 137 | 72 | 92 | 139 | 138 | 177 | 197 | 203 | 173 | 241 |
    | Housing | 207 | 165 | 169 | 185 | 231. | 226 | 222 | 267 | 298 | 299 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 83 | 57 | 70 | 86 | 86 | 90 | 91 | 107 | 112 | 98 |
    | Other household operation.........- | 58 | 34 | 31 | 47 | 64 | 74 | 78 | 115 | 89 | 142 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 42 | 8 | 16 | 30 | 47 | 47 | 127 | 59 | 110 | 67 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 60 | 6 | 17 | 49 | 60 | 104 | 96 | 142 | 126 | 189 |
    | Other transportation | 39 | 21 | 33 | 35 | 42 | 46 | 55 | 35 | 45 | 102 |
    | Personal care. | 31 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 48 | 42 | 42 | 54 |
    | Medical care | 55 | 20 | 40 | 45 | 65 | 52 | 131 | 68 | 83 | 79 |
    | Recreation | 73 | 32 | 43 | 79 | 83 | 90 | 81 | 110 | 125 | 117 |
    | Education | 4 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 2 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 7 | (1) |
    | Community welfare--....-.-. --. -- | 15 | 6 | 12 | 16 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 18 | 20 | 28 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 19 | 1 |  | 12 | 21 | 35 | 23 | 51 | 48 | 34 |
    | Other items.---..--------------------- | 6 | 0 | (1) | 3 | 6 | 27 | 10 | (1) | 3 | 1 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.7 | 48.0 | 43.0 | 37.4 | 33.5 | 32.9 | 30.3 | 29.9 | 28.8 | 30.2 |
    | Clothing | 10.6 | 8.4 | 9.4 | 11.4 | 10.2 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 11.5 | 9.6 | 11.7 |
    | Housing | 16.0 | 19.2 | 17.2 | 15.2 | 17.2 | 14.8 | 13.0 | 15.2 | 16.6 | 14.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 6.4 | 6. 7 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6. 4 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 6. 1 | 6.2 | 4. 7 |
    | Other household operation. | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 6. 5 | 4. 9 | 6. 9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.......- | 3.2 | .9 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 3.2 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 4.6 | . 7 | 1. 7 | 4.0 | 4. 4 | 6.8 | 5,6 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 9.1 |
    | Other transportati | 3.0 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3. 0 | 3. 2 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 4.9 |
    | Personal care.- | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
    | Medical care | 4. 3 | 2.3 | 4. 1 | 3. 7 | 4.8 | 3. 4 | 7.7 | 3. 9 | 4.6 | 3. 8 |
    | Recreation | 5.6 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 6. 4 | 6. 1 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 5.6 |
    | Education | . 3 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | . 3 | 2 | . 3 | . 7 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | .2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 4 | . 1 | . 4 |  |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | . 7 | 1. 2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1. 0 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. Other items. | 1.5 .5 | $0^{.1}$ | $(2)^{.6}$ | 1.0 .2 | 1.6 .4 | 2.3 1.8 | 1.4 | ${ }_{(2)}{ }^{2} 9$ | 2.7 .2 | (3) 1.6 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items | $\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 3.84 \\ 3.50 \\ 3.31 \\ 2.93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 27 | 22 | 18 | 9 | 7 |
    | Families in survey. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons...-.--- |  | 5.81 | 3.56 | 2.76 | 2.10 | 2.06 |
    | Expenditure units. |  | 5.17 | 3.23 | 2.65 | 1.98 | 1. 92 |
    | Food expenditure units |  | 4.89 | 3.01 | 2.57 | 1.89 | 1.85 |
    |  |  | 4.23 | 2.72 | 2.37 | 1.68 | 1. 54 |
    | A verage annual expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$815 | \$740 | \$757 | \$869 | \$898 | \$1,060 |
    | Food.-- | 311 | 308 | 278 | 333 | 311 | 371 |
    | Clothing | 80 | 80 | 75 | 83 | 66 | 111 |
    | Housing | 156 | 160 | 135 | 155 | 156 | 207 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 62 | 53 | 61 | 59 | 72 | 101 |
    | Other household operation --------------..---------- | 23 | 20 | ${ }_{23}^{23}$ | 21 | 25 | 40 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 26 | 15 | 36 | 21 | 52 | 10 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 12 | 2 | 9 | 19 | 30 | 16 |
    | Other transportation....... | 26 | 27 | 19 | 25 | 21 | 56 |
    | Personal care. | 18 | 17 | 15 | 20 | 18 | 24 |
    | Medical care. | 34 | 20 | 38 | 44 | 45 | 37 |
    | Recreation. | 40 | 24 | 38 | 50 | 68 | 49 |
    | Education | 2 | 3 | (1) | 2 | 0 | 8 |
    | Vocation.-.-.-- | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 0 |
    |  | 9 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 9 | 12 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 12 | 2 | 19 | 19 | 12 | 18 |
    | Other items.-....- | 2 | (1) | 1 | 4 | 6 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 38.2 | 41.7 | 36.7 | 38.3 | 34.7 | 35.0 |
    | Clothing | 9.8 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 9.5 | 7.3 | 10.5 |
    | Housing. | 19.2 | 21.6 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.4 | 19.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 7.6 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 8.0 | 9.5 |
    | Other household operation.- | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.2 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 5.8 | . 9 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 1.5 | . 3 | 1. 2 | 2. 2 | 3.3 | 1.5 |
    | Other transportation. | 3.2 | 3. 6 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 5.3 |
    | Personal care | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
    | Medical care. | 4. 2 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
    | Recreation. | 4.9 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 4.6 |
    | Education | . 2 | .4 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | .2 | 0 | . 8 |
    | Vocation | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 | . 8 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1. 5 | . 3 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
    | Other items...-.-. | . 2 | (2) | . 1 | . 5 | . 7 | 0 |

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than \$0.50.
    2 Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 109 | 29 | 30 | 22 | 17 | 11 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 4.05 | 6.54 | 3.77 | 3.22 | 2.53 | 2. 20 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.64 | 5. 76 | 3. 39 | 2.90 | 2.39 | 2. 09 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.41 | 5.47 | 3.12 | 2. 66 | 2. 26 | 2. 03 |
    |  | 3.10 | 4.63 | 2. 92 | 2.63 | 2.15 | 1. 94 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | \$018 | \$801 | \$807 | \$978 | \$1, 039 | \$1, 210 |
    | Food | 353 | 371 | 323 | 359 | 331 | 412 |
    | Clothing | 94 | 74 | 79 | 113 | 105 | 133 |
    | Housing | 133 | 118 | 125 | 156 | 136 | 139 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 88 | 77 | 78 | 96 | 107 | 96 |
    | Other household operation | 30 | 26 | 24 | 28 | 38 | 48 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 49 | 20 | 38 | 35 | 78 | 138 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 13 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 25 |
    |  | 28 | 18 | 19 | 36 | 47 | 34 |
    | Personal care. | 18 | 16 | 15 | 21 | 23 | 22 |
    | Medical care | 29 | 17 | 26 | 31 | 51 | 33 |
    | Recreation. | 44 | 25 | 44 | 59 | 53 | 51 |
    | Education. | 4 |  | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Vocation | 2 | (1) | (1) | 3 | 6 | 0 |
    |  | 16 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 22 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 14 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 30 | 29 |
    |  | 3 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 | 28 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100. 0 |
    | Food | 38.5 | 46.4 | 40.0 | 36.7 | 31.8 | 34.1 |
    | Clothing | 10.2 | 9. 2 | 9.8 | 11.6 | 10.1 | 11.0 |
    | Housing | 14.5 | 14.8 | 15. 4 | 16.0 | 13. 1 | 11.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 9.6 | 9. 6 | 9. 6 | 9.8 | 10.3 | 7.9 |
    | Other household operation | 3. 3 | 3. 2 | 3. 0 | 2. 9 | 3. 7 | 4. 0 |
    |  | 5. 3 | 2. 5 | 4. 7 | 3.6 | 7.5 | 11.4 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 1.4 | 1. 4 | 1. 5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
    | Other transportation..- | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3. 7 | 4.5 | 2.8 |
    | Personal care | 2.0 | 2. 0 | 1.9 | 2. 1 | 2. 2 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care. | 3.2 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3. 2 | 4.9 | 2.7 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 3.1 | 5. 5 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 4.2 |
    | Education | . 4 | 1. 0 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Vocation | . 2 | $\left.{ }^{(2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 3 | . 6 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 1. 7 | 1. 5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1. 1 | 2.9 | 2. 4 |
    |  | . 3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 0 | 0 | 2.3 |

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 192 | 10 | 24 | 35 | 38 | 28 | 18 | 23. | 7 | 9 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.....- | 3. 79 | 6.73 | 4.99 | 4.59 | 3.61 | 3.53 | 2.89 | 2.38 | 2.54 | 2.23 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.55 | 6. 05 | 4.59 | 4.21 | 3.39 | 3.31 | 2.80 | 2.34 | 2.52 | 2. 22 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.33 | 5. 58 | 4.38 | 3.97 | 3. 10 | 3.09 | 2. 69 | 2.25 | 2.35 | 2.13 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 3. 16 | 5. 12 | 3.82 | 3.55 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2. 56 | 2.38 | 2. 72 | 2.42 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items | \$1,50 | \$336 | \$1, 151 | \$1, 397 | \$1, 4.52 | \$1, 757 | \$1, 797 | \$1, 739 | \$2, 122 | \$2, 355 |
    | Food | 456 | 390 | 451 | 496 | 421 | 507 | 441 | 437 | 443 | 467 |
    | Clothing | 175 | 83 | 119 | 159 | 158 | 228 | 189 | 175 | 279 | 282 |
    | Housing | 255 | 166 | 207 | 214 | 225 | 260 | 306 | 296 | 406 | 419 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 118 | 107 | 96 | 119 | 110 | 144 | 139 | 116 | 132 | 91 |
    | Other household operation. | 79 | 22 | 40 | 51 | 62 | 100 | 102 | 118 | 135 | 165 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 62 | 8 | 28 | 51 | 80 | 56 | 47 | 68 | 98 | 177 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle--purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 101 | 16 | 43 | 44 | 132 | 86 | 141 | 112 | 210 | 302 |
    | Other transportation | 34 | 9 | 24 | 45 | 29 | 39 | 32 | 35 | 57 | 42 |
    | Personal care | 32 | 14 | 26 | 31 | 32 | 38 | 35 | 33 | 47 | 43 |
    | Medical care | 83 | 44 | 54 | 70 | 62 | 114 | 115 | 108 | 114 | 94 |
    | Recreation | 78 | 36 | 39 | 59 | 75 | 81 | 117 | 98 | 115 | 132 |
    | Education | 10 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 31 | 8 | 3 |
    | Vocation. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 8 |
    | Community welfare...--.-.-...-- | 27 | 4 | 13 | 25 | 16 | 46 | 36 | 39 | 45 | 31 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 30 | 26 | 4 | 20 | 23 | 36 | 47 | 42 | 30 | 95 |
    | Other items....... | 14 | (1) | 1 | 7 | 19 | 13 | 33 | 30 | 0 | 4 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 29.4 | 41. 6 | 39.2 | 35.5 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 24.6 | 25.2 | 20.9 | 19.9 |
    | Clothing | 11.2 | 8.9 | 10.4 | 11.4 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 13.1 | 12.0 |
    | Housing | 16.4 | 17.7 | 18.0 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 17.1 | 17.0 | 19.2 | 17.8 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.6 | 11.4 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 3.9 |
    | Other household operation. | 5.1 | 2. 4 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4. 3 | 5.7 | 5. 7 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 7.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 4.0 | 9 | 2.4 | 3. 7 | 5. 5 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 7.5 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance |  |  | 3.7 |  |  |  | 7.9 | 6.4 |  | 12.8 |
    | Other | 6.5 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 9.1 | 4.9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 12.8 |
    | Personal care | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2. 2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care | 5.3 | 4. 7 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6. 2 | 5.4 | 4. 0 |
    | Recreation | 5.0 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 5. 6 | 5. 4 | 5.6 |
    | Education | . 6 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 4 | 5 | . 4 | . 6 | 1.8 | 4 | 1 |
    | Vocation | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 3 |
    | Community welfare | 1. 7 | .4 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1. 3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.9 | 2. 8 | . 3 | 1. 4 | 1. 6 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2. 4 | 1. 4 | 4. 0 |
    | Other items...------------------------- | 9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 1 | . 5 | 1. 3 | . 7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0 | . 2 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100 \text { to }$ $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 300$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 25 | 23 | 24 | 12 | 12 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-. | 3.85 | 6.29 | 3.97 | 2.75 | 2.44 | 2. 14 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 48 | 5.55 | 3.56 | 2.58 | 2.30 | 2.01 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.18 | 5. 14 | 3.22 | 2.39 | 2.06 | 1.69 |
    | Clothing expenditure units. | 3.08 | 4.48 | 3.03 | 2.41 | 2. 23 | 2.06 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.. | \$019 | \$842 | \$861 | \$877 | \$1,006 | \$1,195 |
    | Food | 291 | 334 | 298 | 269 | 256 | 268 |
    | Clothing | 101 | 92 | 93 | 100 | 129 | 112 |
    | Housing | 118 | 127 | 121 | 122 | 104 | 102 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 104 | 103 | 101 | 95 | 108 | 123 |
    | Other household operation. | 36 | 28 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 48 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-------------------- | 40 | 24 | 39 | 43 | 53 | 58 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 17 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 30 | 73 |
    | Other transportation. | 28 | 13 | 25 | 39 | 26 | 48 |
    | Personal care... | 23 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 26 | 30 |
    | Medical care. | 59 | 41 | 38 | 67 | 77 | 106 |
    | Recreation. | 52 | 35 | 46 | 43 | 68 | 97 |
    | Education | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
    | Vocation. | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Community welfare | 13 | 9 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 24 | 4 | 15 | 24 | 50 | 53 |
    | Other items. | 9 | (1) | ( ${ }^{1}$ | 1 | 21 | 51 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 31.7 | 39.6 | 34.7 | 30.7 | 25.4 | 22, 4 |
    | Clothing | 11.0 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 11.4 | 12.8 | 9.4 |
    | Housing | 12.9 | 15.1 | 14.1 | 14.0 | 10.3 | 8.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 11.3 | 12.2 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.3 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.9 | 3.3 | 4. 1 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.4 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 1.8 | . 8 | . 9 | . 2 | 3.0 | 6.1 |
    | Other transportation.. | 3. 0 | 1. 5 | 2. 9 | 4. 4 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
    | Personal care... | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
    | Medical care | 6.4 | 4.9 | 4. 4 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 8.9 |
    | Recreation | 5. 7 | 4.2 | 5. 3 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 8.1 |
    | Education |  | . 5 | . 8 | .2 | .2 | . 3 |
    | Vocation | (2) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | .1 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 2.6 | . 5 | 1. 7 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 |
    | Other items | 1.0 | (2) | (2) | .1 | 2.1 | 4.3 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$
    ${ }^{9}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level

    ## BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 636.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 700$ and over |
    | Funds Made Available for Family Use From Sources Other Than Family Income in Schedule Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Fanilies in survey | 419 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 47 |
    | Number of families receiving funds fromDecrease in assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Reduction in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 20 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
    | In checking account | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In savings account. | 50 | 9 | 8 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 10 |
    | Sale of property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate mortgages) -- | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Goods and chattels | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender. | 15 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Settlement | 11 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    | Receipts from outstanding loans to others | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Increase in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home.-.-....-....-- | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Increase in other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payable to banks. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Payable to insurance companies | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Payable to small-loan companies | 18 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Payable to firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles | 14 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
    | Other goods | 142 | 17 | 27 | 31 | 28 | 16 | 13 |
    | Payable to individuals | 21 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 |
    | Other debts.......-. | 35 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
    | Inheritance. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | A verage amount of funds received from- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities. | \$112.56 | \$57. 25 | \$85. 71 | \$75. 42 | \$120.08 | \$138. 33 | \$298. 69 |
    |  | 48.60 | 25.22 | 21.08 | 30. 73 | 43.95 | 66.72 | 16.36 |
    | Reduction in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.-... | 6.58 | 3.44 | 4.34 | 5.75 | 2.58 | 8.75 | 21.45 |
    | In checking account | 1.18 | 0 | 0 | 4.85 | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  | 23. 22 | 10.24 | 9.73 | 16.99 | 18.77 | 26. 25 | 87.01 |
    | Sale of property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate mortgages). | 1.45 | 6.82 | 0 | 0 | 1.56 | 0 |  |
    | Building and loan shares | . 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.06 | 0 | 4. 26 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 5.16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.96 |
    | Goods and chattels | . 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 14 | 1. 62 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender. | 2.85 | 4.72 | 4.02 | 1.37 | 2.04 | 0 | 4.36 |
    | Settlement | 7.08 | 0 | 2.99 | 1.67 | 16.80 | 29.10 | 5.32 |
    | Receipts from outstanding loans to others .....- | . 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 0 |
    |  | 63. 96 | 32.03 | 64. 63 | 44. 69 | 76.13 | 71.61 | 130.33 |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home........-.....- | 5.37 | 0 | 9.77 | 6.29 | 0 | 0 | 15. 37 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payable to banks.. | 1.08 | 0 | . 35 | 0 | 4.83 | 0 | 2. 13 |
    | Payable to insurance companies...-.-. -- --..- | . 67 | 0 | . 82 | 1. 00 | . 09 | 2. 50 |  |
    | Payable to small-loan companies | 3.40 | 3. 50 | . 69 | 6.78 | 3.86 | 2.25 | 1.68 |
    | Payable to firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles.------....-.-. | 6.02 | . 77. | 2. 16 | 3.30 | 7.87 | 14.39 | 17.93 |
    | Other goods | 33.35 | 15.00 | 35.23 | 22.60 | 50.65 | 44.17 | 47.90 |
    | Payable to individuals | 6.92 | 3.44 | 1.88 | 3.84 | 2.42 | 2.50 | 38.94 |
    | Other debts. | 7.15 | 9.32 | 13.73 | . 88 | 6.41 | 5.80 | 6. 38 |
    | Inheritance.. | 5. 25 | 0 | 0 | 3.95 | 0 | 33. 12 | 10.21 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than. family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule Year Not Uused for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. <br> Number of families disposing of funds in- <br> Increase in assets: <br> Increase in cash: <br> On hand <br> In checking account <br> In savings account. <br> Investment in-- <br> Improvements in own home <br> Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) <br> Building and loan shares. $\qquad$ <br> Stocks and bonds. <br> Other property | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 15 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 5 | , |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
    |  | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 134 | 33 | 69 | 32 | 91 | 24 | 57 | 10 |
    | Annuities.. | 9 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others.- | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Decrease in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 21 | 4 | 11 | 6 | 15 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks.-------- | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies .-... | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 88 |  |  | 1 | ${ }_{14}^{4}$ | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Other goods Individuals. | 30 1 | 9 0 | 13 0 | 8 <br> 1 | 14 0 | 6 0 | 6 | 0 |
    | Other-... | 23 | 5 | 10 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
    | Average amount of funds disposed inIncrease in assets and/or decrease in liabilities. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$167. 41 | \$125.87 | \$172.44 | \$202. 82 | \$77. 62 | \$69.81 | \$55. 41 | \$220. 59 |
    | Increase in assets | 90.21 | 77.27 | 87.57 | 110.35 | 49.88 | 45.87 | 35. 26 | 141. 14 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | . 50 | 0 | . 66 | . 71 | . 29 | 0 | 21 | 1.45 |
    | On hand --.----- | . 33 | 0 | 0 | 1. 43 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 13.13 | 5.26 | 20.29 | 6.35 | 1. 65 | 2.24 | 1.18 | 2.73 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Investment in- <br> Improvements in own home | 1. 38 | . 87 | 2.24 | 0 | 2.37 | 1.78 | 1.49 | 8.76 |
    | Improvements in own home............ Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | . 40 | 0 | . 79 | 0 | 9.40 | 0 . | 2.30 | 72.73 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | . 03 | 0 | 0 | .14 | .$^{30}$ | 0 | 0 | 2.73 |
    | Other property $\qquad$ <br> Payment of premiums for insurance policies: <br> Life insurance | 7.10 | 25.64 | . 86 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 60.49 | 44. 56 | 55.55 | 88.95 | 34.40 | 41.85 | 30.08 | 39.38 |
    | Annuities.--- | 3.70 | . 94 | . 93 | 12. 77 | 1. 47 | 0 | 0 | 13.36 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others..- | 3. 17 | 0 | 6. 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Decrease in liabilities | 77.20 | 48. 60 | 84.87 | 92.47 | 27.74 | 23.94 | 20.15 | 79.45 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home | 23.31 | 15. 94 | 17.24 | 44.72 | 13. 79 | 15.76 | 4. 53 | 60.13 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 6.02 | 0 | 11.89 | 0 | . 10 | 0 | . 16 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks........--..-- | 1.91 | 1. 33 | 3.08 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2.55 | . 10 | 3.87 | 2.42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 3.36 | 8.18 | 2.44 | 0 | . 60 | .71 | . 66 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles.-.........-...-.-. - | 17.09 | 2.81 | 28.02 | 9. 26 | 4. 99 | 3.07 | 6. 77 | 0 |
    | Other goodsIndividuals.Other | 12.62 | 13.19 | 9.51 | 18. 74 | 5. 43 | 4.04 | 4.39 | 14. 73 |
    |  | . 33 | 0 |  | 1. 43 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  | 10.01 | 705 | 8.82 | 15.90 | 2.83 | . 36 | 3.64 | 4. 59 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Tarle 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jacksonville, Fla.-White } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Louisville, Ky.-White fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { and }}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spendingper expenditureunit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 000$ and over |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule Year Not tised for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | In savings account | 23 | 3 | 11 | 9 | 22 | 8 | 10 | 4 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home...--.-..- | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages). | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Building and loan shares. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | , | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other property | 10 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Life insurance.-.- | 161 | 54 | 61 | 46 | 187 | 90 | 65 | 32 |
    | Annuities.- | 15 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Decrease in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 19 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 31 | 16 | 10 | 5 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks...-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
    | Small-loan companies | 10 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles. | 12 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other goods | 33 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 32 | 16 | 10 | 6 |
    | Individuals. | 3 | 0 | 2 | , | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
    | Other | 24 | 9. | 10 | 5 | 38 | 18 | 11 | 9 |
    | A verage amount of funds disposed in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in assets. | 146.15 | 143.63 | 131.99 | 168.64 | 106. 70 | 97.30 | 100.74 | 142. 11 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand... | . 28 | 0 | . 72 | 0 | . 15 | . 16 | 0 | . 42 |
    | In checking accoun | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 51 | . 49 | . 36 | . 83 |
    | In savings account | 28.83 | 25.61 | 19.44 | 45.58 | 14. 24 | 11. 37 | 15.87 | 18.46 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home.---.---..- | 18.05 | 2.03 | 39.36 | 7.54 | 8. 70 | 2.06 | . 68 | 41.04 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) $\qquad$ | 9.78 | 0 | 0 | 34.80 | 2.03 |  | 5.80 | 0 |
    | Building and loan shares | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2. 10 | 1.13 | 4. 49 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds.. | 1. 26 | 2. 71 | 0 | 1. 30 | . 13 |  | . 14 | 42 |
    | Other property | 10.00 | 25.11 | . 12 | 5.80 | 5.08 | 2. 72 | 10.87 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Life insurance.---------------------------- | 64. 51 | 57.87 | 69.46 | 65.52 | 70.67 | 79. 12 | 59.77 | 69.94 |
    | Annuities. | 5. 77 | 8.72 | 2. 57 | 6.70 | 2. 39 |  | 2.18 | 8.92 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others. | 7.67 | 21. 58 | . 32 | 1. 40 | . 70 | . 25 | . 58 | 2.08 |
    | Decrease in liabilities .-.........-......----- | 60.04 | 35.05 | 70.34 | 75.32 | 50.34 | 36.88 | 47.42 | 90.40 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 19.60 | 17.03 | 22.84 | 18.16 | 21. 32 | 12.58 | 19.08 | 47.94 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 3.31 | 0 | . 14 | 11. 60 | . 04 | 0 | . 13 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to-------------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.55 | 3.32 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.84 | 0 | 2. 20 | 5.86 |
    | Small-loan companies _------------------ | 4. 10 | 3.63 | 6. 20 | 1.76 | 2.09 | . 09 | 1.86 | 7.67 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles | 12.90 | 0 | 20.42 | 17.76 | 2.92 | 2.06 | 5.26 | . 64 |
    | Other goods. | 12. 30 | 6.80 | 14. 19 | 16. 16 | 9.88 | 10.84 | 8.06 | 10.89 |
    | Individuals... | 1. 20 | 0 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1. 96 |  | 5.61 |  |
    | Other ....-.-------- | 6. 63 | 7. 59 | 4. 75 | 8.08 | 8.74 | 7.90 | 5. 22 | 17.40 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami-- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 200}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule Year Not Used for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1. | 2 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | In savings account. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 6 | 8 |
    | Investiment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home...-.---. | 1 | 1. | 0 | 0 | 20 | 9 | 9 | 2 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
    | Building and loan shares-.----------------- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Other property. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Life insurance-------------------------- | 70 | 12 | 39 | 19 | 157 | 52 | 54 | 51 |
    | Annuities.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 5 | 4 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Decrease in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 16 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 29 | 11 | 9 | 9 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | , | 2 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies ----.------ | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
    | Other goods | 9 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 18 | 8 | 6 | 4 |
    | Individuals. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 4 |  |
    | Other | 10 | , | 6 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
    | A verage amount of funds disposed in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in assets and/or decrease in lia- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | bilities. | $\$ 9641$ | \$115.37 | \$95. 80 | \$84. 33 | \$178. 10 | \$119.63 | \$209. 14 | \$218. 20 |
    | Increase in assets. | 57.97 | 69.84 | 61.26 | 43.09 | 126. 73 | 78.64 | 146.29 | 165.99 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.-.... | .62 | 0 | .$^{.65}$ | 1. 00 | 1.56 | 2. 74 | 1.62 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 3. 50 |  | 1.59 | 9.97 |
    | In savings account. | 70 | 0 | 0 | 2.60 | 17.84 | 1. 37 | 23.81 | 32.07 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home | . 24 | 1. 29 | 0 | 0 | 9.98 | 8. 12 | 18.94 | 2.59 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.30 | 3.15 | 0 | 7.07 |
    | Building and loan shares.------------------ | . 14 | 0 | . 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Stocks and bonds.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 84 |  | . 74 | 2.02 |
    | Other property.-....-------.-.-.-.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 72 | 1. 10 | .95 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 56.00 | 68. 55 | 59.86 | 39.49 | 83.93 | 62. 16 | 94.42 | 99.95 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.06 | 0 | 4.22 | 12.32 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others. | . 27 | 0 | . 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Decrease in liabilities .-.------.-.-.-...- | 38.44 | 45. 53 | 34.54 | 41. 24 | 51.37 | 40.99 | 62.85 | 52. 21 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home... | 22. 18 | 32. 14 | 20.23 | 19.10 | 31.75 | 26.36 | 37. 29 | 32. 52 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 98 | 0 | . 79 | 2.41 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks....-.-.------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 49 | 82 | 0 | . 59 |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 35 | . 26 | . 78 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | 1.32 | 0 | 2.43 | 0 | 2.06 | 4.10 | 1.35 | . 52 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.46 | 3. 70 | 6. 16 | 10. 26 |
    | Other goods. | 11.05 | 12.37 | 9.01 | 14.20 | 5. 66 | 4. 27 | 7.61 | 5.31 |
    | Individuals. | 1.30 | 0 | 0 | 4.80 | 3. 11 | . 34 | 8.87 | . 34 |
    | Other---- | 2. 59 | 1.02 | 2.87 | 3.14 | . 51 | 1.14 | 0 | . 26 |

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families-Continued |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families-Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \$ 4 \mathrm{C0} \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Funds Made Available for Family Use From Sources Other Than Family Income in Schedule Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    | Number of families receiving funds fromDecrease in assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    | In savings account. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 16 | 2 | 7 | 7 |
    | Sale of property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Goods and chattels. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
    | Other property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender <br> Settlement | 4 | 1 0 | 3 0 | 0 | 9 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 0 |
    | Reductions in outstanding loans to others. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Increase in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Increase in other mortgages...-.-.......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payable to banks. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
    | Payable to insurance companies. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
    | Payable to small-loan companies.-..- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 6. | 5 | 2 |
    | Payable to firms selling on installment plan. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles.-------------------...- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 17 | 2 | 6 | 9 |
    | Other goods. | 19 | 2 | 10 | 7 | 63 | 22 | 22 | 19 |
    | Payable to individuals | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other debts. | 20 | 3 | 8 | 9 | 38 | 11 | 12 | 15 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities | \$43.17 | \$34. 30 | \$43.91 | \$47.95 | \$137.00 | \$50.96 | \$129.43 | \$253. 50 |
    | Decrease in assets | 10.00 | 12.43 | 12.03 | 4.25 | 35.48 | 16. 14 | 29.89 | 65. 86 |
    | Reduction in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.02 | 1.51 | 0 | 8.19 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6. 19 | . 34 | 9.52 | 9.91 |
    | In savings account. | 1. 86 | 0 | 3.45 | 0 | 15. 25 | 1. 58 | 12.75 | 35. 20 |
    | Sale of property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 52 | 0 | 1. 59 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .46 | 0 | 1.43 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 21 | 0 | . 63 | 0 |
    | Goods and chattels | 1. 49 | 4. 29 | . 62 | 1.25 | 3. 44 | 2.05 | 1.41 | 7.39 |
    | Other property. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 |  | . 40 | 0 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender | 5. 55 | 8.14 | 7.42 | 0 | 5. 19 | 7.81 | 2.16 | 5.17 |
    | Settlement-... | . 81 | 0 | 0 | 3.00 | . 92 | 2.44 | 0 | 0 |
    | Receipts from outstanding loans to others |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 41 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 33. 17 | 21.87 | 31.88 | 43. 70 | 101. 52 | 34.82 | 99.54 | 187.64 |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.05 | 0 | 1. 56 | 1.83 |
    | Increase in other mortgages. .-....------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4. 69 | 1.96 | 2.02 | 11.03 |
    | Payable to insurance companies.--.-- | . 68 | 0 | 1. 25 | 0 | 8.92 | 1.85 | 13.02 | 13.36 |
    | Payable to small-loan companies.--- | 3.61 | 4.29 | 5.19 | 0 | 7.81 | 5. 48 | 9.38 | 9.05 |
    | Payable to firms selling on instaliment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles.----------------------- | 2. 50 | 0 | 3. 22 | 2.81 | 22.79 | 1. 85 | 31.02 | 40.21 |
    | Other goods. | 13.49 | 5. 59 | 12. 47 | 21. 07 | 31.93 | 13. 30 | 30.38 | 57.06 |
    | Payable to individuals | 3.30 | 3. 57 | 1.79 | 6.15 | 1. 37 | 3. 63 |  | 0 |
    | Other debts.-.------- | 9.59 | 8.42 | 7.96 | 13.67 | 22.96 | 6.75 | 12. 16 | 55. 10 |
    | Inheritance.-.---------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-16$

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Memphis, Tenn.-Negro } \\ & \text { families-Continued } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Mohile, Als.-White families-Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Funds Made Aiailablefor Family Use From Sources Other Than Family Income in Schedule Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey $\qquad$ <br> Number of families receiving funds from- | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    |  | Deerease in assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate mortgages) | Real estate (including real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Building and loan shares.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Goods and chattels | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 1 |
    | Other property.. | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender-..- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Settlement. | 9 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Reductions in outstanding loans to others. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Increase in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 5 | 5 |  |
    | Increase in other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payable to banks. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    | Payable to insurance companies.--..- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Payable to small-loan companies...-- | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
    | Payable to firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles.-..---- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
    | Other goods | 24 | 6 | 12 | 6 | 61 | 32 | 10 | 19 |
    | Payable to individual | , | 2 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 9 | 4 | 4 |
    | Other debts. | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 59 | 28 | 18 | 13 |
    | Inheritance | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average amount of funds received from- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities. | \$60.61 | \$86. 45 | \$25. 31 | \$128. 17 | \$157. 72 | \$95. 30 | \$202.90 | \$246.85 |
    |  | 21.76 | 7.33 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 828.83 } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 78.33 | 52.34 | 21.91 | 101.00 | 60.55 |
    | Reduction in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.-..---- | 2.13 | 0 | 0 | 11. 11 | 1. 01 | 1.99 | 0 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 2. 13 | 0 | 1.50 | 8.05 |
    | In savings account | . 53 | 0 | 0 | 2. 78 | 26.85 | 11.28 | 58.02 | 22. 78 |
    | Sale of property: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Real estate (including real estate <br> mortgages) 0 0 0 0 .70 1.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Building and loan shares. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.87 | 0 | 23. 54 | 10.63 |
    | Goods and chattels | .$^{.78}$ | 3.04 | 0 | 0 | 4.82 | 4.27 | 2. 74 | 8.88 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. 42 | . 02 | . 28 | 6. 25 |
    | Insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surrender-...--- | . 95 | 0 | 1.71 | 0 | 1.77 | 1.74 | 3.17 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 38.85 | 79.12 | 16. 48 | 49.84 | 105.38 | 73.39 | 101.90 | 186. 30 |
    | Increase in mortgages on own home...- | 16.34 | 53.38 | 2.52 | 6.91 | 23.98 | 12. 20 | 32.88 | 40.07 |
    | Increase in other mortgages . .-.........- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.67 | 0 | 0 | 12. 58 |
    | Increase in debts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payable to banks .------------------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.85 | . 63 | 1. 50 | 5. 19 |
    | Payable to insurance companies...--- | . 69 | 2.08 | . 29 | 0 | 2. 33 | 1. 62 | 5.37 |  |
    | Payable to small-loan companies.---- | 4.12 | 1.75 | 1.35 | 15. 28 | 2. 80 | 4. 48 | 0 | 2.50 |
    | Payable to firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.33 | 0 | 2.40 | 0 | 10.02 | 7.82 | 12. 71 | 11. 72 |
    |  | 12. 68 | 14. 03 | 7.16 | 26.82 | 30.36 | 23.08 | 14. 28 | 69.00 |
    | Payable to individuals.......-...-.---- | 1.95 | 7.46 | . 08 |  | 6.04 | 4.09 | 10. 22 | 5. 16 |
    |  | 1. 74 | . 42 | 2.68 | . 83 | 25.39 | 19.47 | 24.94 | 40.08 |
    |  | 2.13 | 0 | 3.85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule YearNot Used for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.- | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1. | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
    | In savings account. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 33 | 3 | 16 | 14 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home..........- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Building and loan shares..--......-.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Stocks and bonds .-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other property... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 49 | 14 | 25 | 10 | 145 | 43 | 58 | 44 |
    | Annuities.- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 29 | 6 | 13 | 10 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Decrease in liabilitics: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 26 | 8 | 10 | 8 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | 4. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other goods | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 16 | 4 | 8 | 4 |
    | Individuals. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other.- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
    | A verage amount of funds disposed inIncrease in assets and/or decrease in liabilities. <br> Increase in assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$47. 67 | \$40. 29 | \$45. 81 | \$64.78 | \$196.49 | \$133.95 | \$235. 40 | \$207. 34 |
    |  | 32.85 | 24.68 | 34.81 | 41.72 | 141.65 | 87.93 | 156.61 | 173.75 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand.-.... | 4.72 | . 15 | 8.23 | 3. 64 | 5.70 | 17.04 | 1. 67 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7.85 |  | 13.34 | 8.47 |
    | In savings account | . 83 | . 12 | 1.65 | 0 | 24.27 | 3.54 | 34.03 | 31.74 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home.........- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.34 | 0 | 1. 59 | 24. 53 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | tate mortgages) <br> Building and loan shares | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 4.14 .46 | 0 0 | $0^{.71}$ | 12.25 1.47 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .65 | 0 | 0 | 2.06 |
    | Other property. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 25. 57 | 24.41 | 24.93 | 29. 13 | 79.97 | 61. 23 | 92.23 | 82. 47 |
    | Annuities. | 1.73 | 0 | 0 | 8.95 | 10.12 | 5. 60 | 13.04 | 10.76 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 15 | . 52 | 0 |  |
    | Decrease in liabilities...................-.- | 14.82 | 15. 61 | 11.00 | 23.06 | 54.84 | 46.02 | 78.79 | 33.59 |
    | Payment on principal of mertgages and down payment on own home. | 3.32 | 6. 52 | 5. 67 | 4.53 | 41.01 | 25.83 | 63.21 | 27.88 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 1.80 | 2.86 | 0 | 4.53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks.....-.......... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 35 | 0 | . 90 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies. | . 64 | 0 | 1.33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | 1. 27 | . 33 | 1.82 | 1.51 | 1. 15 | 1.58 | 1. 75 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles. | . 07 | 0 | . 14 | 0 | 3.08 | 10. 41 |  | 0 |
    | Other goods...-.-.......................- | 6.80 | 3.62 | 6. 67 | 12.49 | 6.34 | 5.02 | 9.08 | 4. 21 |
    | Individuals. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 61 |  | 1. 57 | 0 |
    | Other ...- | . 92 | 2. 28 | . 37 | 0 | 2. 30 | 3.17 | 2. 28 | 1.50 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    | [tem | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.Negro families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule Year Not Used for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
    | In checking account | , | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | In savings account. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 1 | 6 | 8 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Other property. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Life ínsurance | 99 | 26 | 47 | 26 | 185 | 67 | 62 | 56 |
    | Annuities. | 17 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1. | 1 | 2 |
    | Decrease in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 13 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 19 | 5 | 9 | 5 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles..----------------- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
    | Other goods. | 16 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 33 | 14 | 14 | 5 |
    | Individuals. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
    | Other. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 21 | 7 | 9 | 5 |
    | Average amount of funds disposed inIncrease in assets and/or decrease in liabilities <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$91.88 | \$95. 73 | \$78. 17 | \$113.28 | \$196. 61 | \$137.25 | \$201.98 | \$262. 28 |
    |  | 72.92 | 70.74 | 61.25 | 96.83 | 129.61 | 99.70 | 110.11 | 188.42 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand...... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. 59 | 0 | 2.19 | 2.83 |
    | In checking account | 1.83 | 0 | 0 | 7.14 | 1. 29 | . 16 | 1.23 | 2. 74 |
    | In savings account. | 8.91 | 11.24 | . 21 | 22.64 | 15.30 | 1. 98 | 14.73 | 32.09 |
    | Investment in- <br> Improvements in own home |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other real estate (including realestate mortgages) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.79 | 3.10 | 5.28 | 19.73 |
    |  | . 73 | 0 | 1.52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Building and loan shares...............-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5. 59 | 0 | 0 | 18.83 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.31 | 1. 63 | 0 | 5.80 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Life insurance.------------------------- | 56. 18 | 55. 10 | 55. 18 | 59. 14 | 92.69 | 90.26 | 85.33 | 104. 17 |
    | Annuities. | 5. 27 | 4.40 | 4.34 | 7.91 | 1.12 | 1.61 | . 92 | . 77 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others.- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 93 | . 96 | . 43 | 1. 46 |
    | Decrease in liabilities. <br> Payment on principal of mortgages and | 18.96 | 24.90 | 16.92 | 16.45 | 67.00 | 37.55 | 91.87 | 73.86 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home | 10.60 | 20.04 | 7. 16 | 7.21 | 20.41 | 8.01 | 32.43 | 21.51 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.40 | . 96 | 2.99 | 3.48 |
    | Payment of debts to---------------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks ...-.-.-.-....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.35 | 0 | 6.35 | 14.04 |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 34 | . 50 | .47 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies .-......---------- | . 74 | 1. 78 | 56 | 0 | 1. 57 | . 50 | 4.06 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles...---------------- | . 83 | 0 | 0 | 3.21 | 7.43 | 1. 44 | 13.43 | 7. 74 |
    | Other goods | 5.81 | 2.00 | 8. 15 | 5.39 | 18.07 | 17.17 | 21. 28 | 15. 43 |
    | Individuals. | . 44 | 0 | . 58 | . 64 | 2.82 | 3.92 | . 87 | 3. 72 |
    |  | . 54 | 1.17 | 47 | 0 | 7.61 | 5.05 | 9.99 | 7.94 |

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Disposition of Money Received During the Schedule Year Not Used for Current Family Expenditure |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Number of families disposing of funds inIncrease in assets: <br> Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | In checking account | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | In savings accounts. | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
    | Investment in- |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvemens in own home. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Building and loan shares. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other property. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |
    | Life insurance... | 92 | 24 | 46 | 22 |
    | Annuities. | 9 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others. | I | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Decrease in liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |
    | Automobiles. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other goods | 25 | 5 | 14 | 6 |
    | Individuals... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Average amount of funds disposed in- |  |  |  |  |
    | Increase in assets and/or decrease in liahilities................- | \$06. 17 | \$85. 58 | \$82. 83 | \$133.35 |
    | Increase in assets. | 62.19 | 39.66 | 58.21 | 93.47 |
    | Increase in cash: |  |  |  |  |
    | On hand. | 1.01 | 0 | 2.06 | 0 |
    | In checking account | . 68 | 0 | 0 | 2.64 |
    | In savings account | 10.77 | . 20 | 3.86 | 35.31 |
    | Investment in - |  |  |  |  |
    | Improvements in own home | . 28 | 0 |  | 1. 13 |
    | Other real estate (including real estate mortgages)...-...- | . 44 | 0 | . 90 | 0 |
    | Building and loan shares. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Stocks and bonds. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of premiums for insurance policies: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 46. 52 | 38.94 | 50. 74 | 46. 14 |
    | Annuities. | 2. 48 | . 39 | . 65 | 8.25 |
    | Increase in outstanding loans to others. | . 03 | . 13 | 0 |  |
    |  | 33.98 | 45.92 | 24.62 | 39.88 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgages and down payment on own home. | 17.68 | 40. 18 | 7.46 | 14. 27 |
    | Payment on principal of other mortgages. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Payment of debts to- |  |  |  |  |
    | Banks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance companies. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Small-loan companies | . 44 | 0 | . 90 | 0 |
    | Firms selling on installment plan: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.15 | 0 | 1. 54 | 1.58 |
    | Other goods. | 11. 14 | 5.35 | 14. 33 | 10.93 |
    | Individuals. | . 13 | 0 | 0 | . 50 |
    | Other. | 3.44 | . 30 | . 39 | 12.60 |

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during schedule year not used for current expenditure, and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income in schedule year, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES—Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 637.

    ## Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 2,400$ to \$2, 700 | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Frmilies in survey | 419 | 49 | 95 | 120 | 67 | 51 | 17 | 9 | 11 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- | 123 | 10 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Skilled wage earner | 119 | 10 | 18 | 34 29 | 18 | 24 | 7 4 | 3 4 | 4 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 134 | 23 | 39 | 46 | 18 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 43 | 10 | 15 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 87 | 12 | 27 | 26 | 11 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 80 | 6 | 20 | 30 | 15 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 70 | 4 | 20 | 22 | 13 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$-...-.-- | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 52 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 6 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 13 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 26 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults | 27 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 31 | 14 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 6 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 10 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker --- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 374 | 45 | 83 | 109 | 63 | 41 | 14 | 9 | 10 |
    | Italy .-... | 5 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Germany | 8 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Poland. | 10 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Russia | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | England | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ireland. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other | 9 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 419 | 49 | 95 | 120 | 67 | 51 | 17 | 9 | 11 |
    | Average number of persons in household....-- | 3. 79 | 3.00 | 3.43 | 3.63 | 4. 22 | 4. 33 | 4. 57 | 4. 54 | 4. 80 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 68 | 8 | 14 | 25 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | Boarders only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 11 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | A.verage size of economicfamily in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.57 | 2.81 | 3. 24 | 3.36 | 4.01 | 4. 14 | 4.53 | 4.45 | 4.46 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.01 | 0.55 | 0.90 | 0. 99 | 1. 48 | 1. 14 | 1.06 | 0. 78 | 0.82 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 56 | 2. 26 | 2.34 | 2.37 | 2. 53 | 3. 00 | 3.47 | 3.67 | 3. 64 |
    | Expenditure units...---- | 3.28 | 2. 59 | 2. 94 | 3.10 | 3.61 | 3.83 | 4.26 | 4.28 | 4.30 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.23 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.36 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. 2 Families of these types were included in the $191^{\prime}-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued

    > BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { families }}$ | Income level-Families with annual netincome of - |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 107 | 8 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 6 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 34 | 5 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner | 63 | 3 | 22 | 27 | 8 | 3 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife------ | - 30 | 2 | 11 | 13 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 12 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ - | 13 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$-------------- | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 7 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 8 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 107 | 8 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 6 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 12 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
    | Boarders only | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 14 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total. | 3.77 | 2.76 | 3.51 | 3.90 | 4.37 | 4.33 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 25 | 0.75 | 1. 20 | 1. 36 | 1.33 | 1.33 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.52 | 2.01 | 2.31 | 2.54 | 3.04 | 3.00 |
    | Expenditure units..-...-- | 3.45 | 2.44 | 3.23 | 3.60 | 4.01 | 3. 69 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.33 | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.52 | 0.41 | 0.03 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annusl net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500 \text { to }$ $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900 \text { to }$ $\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 107 | 8 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 6 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners ---1-----1 | 53 | 4 0 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 5 |
    | Other net rents...--------------------- | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income...-----.---.-- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 78 | 7 | 23 | 33 | 12 | 3 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 27 |  | 12 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1.60 | 1. 50 | 1.36 | 1.62 | 1.87 | 2.33 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$990 | \$539 | \$758 | \$1,028 | \$1,338 | \$1,890 |
    | Earnings of individuals. | 944 | 539 | 743 | 968 | 1,204 | 1,884 |
    | Chief earner. | 792 | 487 | 679 | 838 | 943 | 1,187 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 152 | 52 | 64 | 130 | 261 | 697 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 763 | 215 | 617 | 829 | 971 | 1,394 |
    | Under 16 years. | (3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 181 | 324 | 126 | 139 | 233 | 490 |
    | Under 16 years . .-.......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 30 | 0 | 13 | 47 | 51 | 6 |
    | Other net rents. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | (3) | 0 | 0 | (3) | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 15 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business more losses and expenses) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 67 | 21 | 37 | 65 | 134 | 162 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | liabilities).-----------------------1-1 | 70 | 18 | 42 | 94 | 63 | 161 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. $\qquad$ | +31 | +16 | +10 | +31 | +95 | +27 |
    |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    3 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 202 | 24 | 39 | 50 | 41 | 36 | 7 | 5 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- <br> Clerical worker | 75 | 2 | 6 | 17 | 20 | 21 | 5 | 4 |
    | Skilled wage carner | 68 | 6 | 17 | 21 | 12 | 9 | 2 | 1 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 51 | 9 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 8 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife.... | 41 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 33 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 41 | 3 | 6 | 16 | 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 36 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) 2 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 17 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 11 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including men and wife) | 9 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife).- | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker .- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | United States. | 199 | 23 | 39 | 49 | 40 | 36 | 7 | 5 |
    | Russia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 202 | 24 | 39 | 50 | 41 | 36 | 7 | 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 18 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 13 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 36 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 1 | 1 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.67 | 3.58 | 3.68 | 3.78 | 3.73 | 3.39 | 2.98 | 5.41 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.08 | 1.06 | 1.08 | 1. 27 | 0.97 | 1. 06 | 0.32 | 1. 45 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.59 | 2.52 | 2. 60 | 2.51 | 2.76 | 2.33 | 2.66 | 3.96 |
    | Expenditure units.. | 3. 40 | 3.33 | 3.39 | 3. 47 | 3.49 | 3. 20 | 2.84 | 4.73 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.26 | 0.42 | 0.26 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.42 | 0.28 |

    ${ }^{1}$ "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued birmingham, ala.-WHite families--Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { Aamilies }}{\text { All }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and lncome |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 202 | 24 | 39 | 50 | 41 | 36 | 7 | 5 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 59 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 36 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends-.--.------- | 9 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 14 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 21 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income...-.......- | 26 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 12 | 18 | 26 | 25 | 21 | 4 | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 88 | 10 | 20 | 23 | 16 | 15 | 3 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful Workers per family. | 1. 39 | 1.32 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.43 | 1.29 | 1. 69 | 2.98 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income--------------- | \$1,441 | \$748 | \$1,044 | \$1,320 | \$1, 639 | \$1,892 | \$2, 211 | \$3, 131 |
    | Earnings of individuals.-...-. | 1,370 | 683 | 989 | 1,255 | 1,579 | 1, 822 | 2,099 | 2,804 |
    | Chief earner ------------------- | 1,241 | 631 | 929 | 1,193 | 1,446 | 1,670 | 1,697 | 1, 634 |
    | Subsidiary earners | -129 | 52 | 60 | , 62 | 133 | 152 | 1,402 | 1, 170 |
    | Males: 16 years and over------ | 1,243 | 541 | 942 | 1, 194 | 1,474 | 1,675 | 1,957 | 1,446 |
    | Under 16 years-.------- | ${ }^{2}$ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | , 22 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-.- | 125 | 142 | 45 | 59 | 104 | 145 | 142 | 1,336 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 26 | 38 | 24 | 32 | 16 | 16 | 69 | 26 |
    | Other net rents----------------------- | 3 | 0 | (3) | 2 | 3 | 3 | 40 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 15 | 0 | 16 | 10 | 17 | 32 | 0 | 9 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 6 | 1 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income........-. | 19 | 25 | 10 | 9 | 16 | 5 | 6 | 292 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -6 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 145 | 44 | 64 | 106 | 180 | 216 | 294 | 313 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 186 | 80 | 111 | 139 | 328 | 265 | 286 | 35 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | -2 | -11 | -27 | -9 | -18 | +16 | +45 | +243 |
    | Inheritance------------------------------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level--Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600 \text { to }$ $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 101 | 22 | 52 | 16 | 11 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker...... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 41 | 4 | 24 | 8 | 5 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 50 | 15 | 26 | 5 | 4 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 25 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 9 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 13 | 3 | 9 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 15 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 17 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker -----.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in United States. | 101 | 22 | 52 | 16 | 11 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households....---.-...-- | 101 | 322 | 52 | ${ }_{3}^{16}$ | ${ }_{3} 11$ |
    | Average number of persons in household | 3.92 | 3.60 | 4.43 | 3.33 | 3.01 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers...- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Boarders only. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 11 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total..--.... | 3.82 | 3. 60 | 4.28 | 3. 12 | 3.09 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.23 | 1. 16 | 1. 72 | 0. 52 | 0. 10 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 59 | 2.44 | 2. 56 | 2. 60 | 2. 99 |
    | Expenditure units.. | 3.44 | 3.19 | 3.85 | 2.83 | 2.92 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0. 19 | 0.25 | 0.09 |

    1 "Ohildren" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 101 | 22 | 52 | 16 | 11 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. .-.-.-.-- | 50 | 11 | 23 | 11 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | $\theta$ | 0 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 10 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 9 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
    |  | 6 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 62 | 14 | 31 | 8 | 9 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 35 | 6 | 21 | 7 | 1 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family $\qquad$ | 1. 60 | 1. 59 | 1.54 | 1.88 | 1.55 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income.--.------------------ | \$828 | \$548 | \$752 | \$995 | \$1,492 |
    | Earnings of individuals......---......... | 804 | 547 | 734 | 915 | 1,482 |
    |  | 722 | 501 | 698 | 723 | 1,273 |
    |  | 82 | 46 | 36 | 192 | 209 |
    | Males: 16 years and over.........---- | 745 | 509 | 713 | 755 | 1,352 |
    | Under 16 years.................- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-...-.-- | 59 | 38 | 21 | 160 | 130 |
    | Under 16 years.....-.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 16 | 0 | 12 | 56 | 4 |
    | Other net rents. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 5 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities .---- | 4 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 3 | (3) | 3 | 6 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income...--.-.------- | 1 | (3) |  | 7 | (3) |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | 0 | -3 | -4 | (3) |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 90 | 35 | 59 | 118 | 254 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 88 | 70 | 61 | 149 | 325 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | 88 +25 | 7 +3 | 61 +11 | 140 -6 | 320 +178 |

    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 628.

    ## Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued

    ## DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 294 | 30 | 57 | 71 | 57 | 57 | 8 | 8 | 6 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker $\qquad$ <br> Skilled wage earner | 138 71 | 4 <br> 3 | 22 | 32 | 28 | 37 | 5 3 | 5 <br> 3 | 5 |
    | Skilled wage earner....-- | 71 69 | 3 18 | 11 | 18 | 21 | 11 | 3 | 3 0 | 1 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 69 16 | 18 5 | 19 5 | 18 3 | 6 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 78 | 6 | 18 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{1}$ | 68 | 7 | 12 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 58 | 7 | 10 | 17 | 15 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, apd children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 27 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 26 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults | 8 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 10 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons not including man and wife) $\qquad$ | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker... Number of families having homemaker born in- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | United States. | 288 | 30 | 56 | 69 | 56 | 56 | 8 | 8 | 5 |
    | Germany | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Poland. | I | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | England | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 294 | 30 | 57 | 71 | 57 | 57 | 8 | 8 | ${ }^{6}$ |
    | A verage number of persons in household....- | 3.44 | 3.34 | 3.42 | 3.39 | 3.46 | 3.44 | 2.97 | 3.97 | 4.15 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 23 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 14 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.31 | 3. 15 | 3.27 | 3.34 | 3.34 | 3.35 | 2.75 | 3.87 | 3.84 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 0.96 | 1. 13 | 0.92 | 1. 04 | 1.10 | 0.94 | 0.50 | 0.25 | 0.17 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.35 | 2.02 | 2.35 | 2.30 | 2.24 | 2.41 | 2.25 | 3.62 | 3.67 |
    | Expenditure units.... | 3.07 | 2.86 | 3.05 | 3.10 | 3. 07 | 3.07 | 2.60 | 3.76 | 3.80 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.15 | 0.22 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0. 25 | 0.30 | 0.33 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over; ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All fami. lies | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 000$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 294 | 30 | 57 | 71 | 57 | 57 | 8 | 8 | 6 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- | 93 | 7 | 17 | 23 | 11 | 18 | 5 | 7 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 38759 | 8002 | 8 | 5 |  | 6 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. |  |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Interest and dividends. |  |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- |  |  | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 21 | 41 | 622 | 342 | 1 | 41 | 10 | 10 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 13 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | - |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and $/$ or decrease in liabilities) | 158 | 15 | 29 | 38 | 34 | 28 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/ or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 112 | 90 | 201 | 280 | 202 | 270 | 20 | 40 | 20 |
    | Inheritance. | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family $\qquad$ | 1.36 | 1.23 | 1. 33 | 1.34 | 1.19 | 1.37 | 1.62 | 2. 50 | 2.17 |
    | verage amount of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net farnily income | \$1,475 | $\$ 759$ | \$1,040 | \$1,331 | \$1,618 | \$1,915 | \$2, 223 |  | \$2,926 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1, 435 | 697 | 1,014 | 1,310 | 1, 589 | 1,880 | 2,156 | 2, 397 | 2,704 |
    | Chief earner | 1, 265 | 666 | ${ }^{1} 928$ | 1, 196 | 1, 481 | 1,666 | 1,636 | 1, 561 | 1, 547 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 170 | 31 | 86 | 114 | 108 | 214 | 520 | 836 | 1,157 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,208 | ${ }^{499}$ | 8392 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,142 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,465 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 1,686 | 1,440 | 1,722 | 1,046 |
    | Under 16 years. | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  | 4 | 0 |  | ${ }^{1}$ |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-.-- | 227 | 198 | 173 | 168 | 124 | 19 | 7160 | 6750 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,658 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
    | Under 16 years <br> Net earnings from boarders and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 2041 | 2900 | $\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 1580 | $\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ 6 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | 4309 | $\begin{array}{r} 51 \\ 23 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 5200 |
    | Other net rents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends......-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 9 | 22 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 204 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 | ${ }_{(3)} 11$ | 35 | 56 | 14 | 145 | 150 | 360 | 00 |
    | Other sources of income.-.-. | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -6 | (3) | -1 | -10 | -1 | -16 | 0 | 0 | -34 |
    | Surplus per farnily having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 155 | 49 | 94 | 118 | 165 | 259 | 270 | 212 | 298 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 155 |  | 120 | 156 | 162 | 210 | 330 | 263 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities |  | -350 | +62 | +20 | +4210 |  |  | -260 | 146 |
    |  | +17 +2 |  |  |  |  | +28 +0 | +120 0 |  | +150 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 688.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 258 | 12 | 46 | 67 | 58 | 53 | 10 | 12 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 106 | 1 | 15 | 21 | 24 | 33 | 4 | 8 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 58 | 1 | 7 | 14 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 2 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 70 | 7 | 17 | 23 | 16 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner.-- | 24 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 64 | 4 | 10 | 19 | 17 | 12 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 61 | 1 | 16 | 13 | 16 | 14 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 54 | 2 | 9 | 16 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) | 27 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 19 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults .-....... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker bornin- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | United States. | 250 | 11 | 46 | 63 | 57 | 51 | 10 | 12 |
    | Italy. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canada (not French) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ireland. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of housebolds.-----.-.-------------- | 258 | 12 | 46 | 67 | 58 | 53 | 10 | 12 |
    | Average number of persons in household...- | 3.49 | 3. 29 | 3.48 | 3.57 | 3.23 | 3. 40 | 4. 18 | 4.65 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.-.-.......--...........--- | 43 | 4 | 8 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 1 |
    | Boarders only.- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 11 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 78 | 3 | 14 | 13 | 23 | 20 | 4 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.-------- | 3.40 | 3.04 | 3.63 | 3.36 | 3.14 | 3.31 | 4.08 | 4.81 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 0.99 | 0.77 | 1.25 | 1.05 | 0.74 | 1.00 | 1.30 | 0.86 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.41 | 2.27 | 2.38 | 2.31 | 2.40 | 2.31 | 2.78 | 3.95 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.15 | 2.80 | 3.05 | 3.08 | 3.03 | 3.09 | 3.76 | 4.61 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.17 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.04 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L S. Bull. No 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, page 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued houston, tex.-White families, other than mexican-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,400$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 258 | 12 | 46 | 67 | 58 | 53 | 10 | 12 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners | 101 | 6 | 13 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 6 | 10 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and |  | 4 |  | 11 | 10 | 12 |  |  |
    |  | 51 |  | 91 |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
    | Other net rents | 17 |  |  | 3 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends...--------- | 17 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 60 | 32 | 4 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 40 | 32 | 5 | 179 | 49 | 8 | 2 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.......-...... | 35 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  | 9 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 68 | 2 | 7 | 20 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 5 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/ or decrease in liabilities) | 149 | 6 | 24 | 35 | 37 | 29 | 8 | 10 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and; or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 108 |  | 22 | 321 | 21 | 240 |  |  |
    | Inheritance | 4 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  | 0 | 2 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. $\qquad$ | 1.52 | 1.75 | 1.35 | 1. 34 | 1.47 | 1.53 | 1.80 | 2.83 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net lamily income. | \$1,567 | \$738 | \$1,068 | \$1,357 | \$1, 642 | \$1,929 | \$2,243 | \$2,979 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1, 525 | 721 | 1,046 | 1,315 | 1,613 | 1,876 | 2, 058 | 2,930 |
    | Chief earner-.-.-.-.- | 1,358 |  | , 984 | 1,241 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,520 \\ & 1,53 \end{aligned}$ | 1,717 | 1,622 | 1,583 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 167 | 89 | 62 | 74 |  | 159 | , 436 |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,344 | ${ }_{(3)}{ }^{485}$ | 868 | 1, ${ }^{3}$ ) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,523 | 1,687 | 1,768 | 1,842 |
    | Under 16 years.- | - 2 |  | 6 |  | - 0 | 1, 5 | 1, 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over----- | 179 | 2360 | 172 | 710 | 900 | ${ }_{\left({ }^{3}\right)}^{184}$ | 290 | 1,088 0 |
    | Under 16 years.-....-- | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 19 | 12 | 19 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 47 |  |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 0 | 820168 |
    | Interest and dividends.-.-------- | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 56 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 13 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 17 | 103 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family $\qquad$ | 8 | 1 | 2 | 155 | 96 | 67 | 15152 |  |
    | Other sources of income..-.-.-.-- | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 4 |
    | Deductions 'rom income (business losses and expenses) | -15 | (3) | -2 | -11 | -11 | -15 | -38 | -98 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities). | 182 | 71 | 98 | 146 | 192 | 216 | 232 | 396 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit | 182 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 222 | 48 | 191 | 218 | 220 | 284 | 369 | 161 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. $\qquad$ | +12 | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ +16 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | -405 | -28 | +43 | -100 | $\begin{array}{r} +112 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  |
    | Inheritance......-.-.-..... | 7 |  |  | 18 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} +303 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
    \hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Item} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
    \underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { flies }}}{ }
    $$} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Income level-Families with annual net} <br>
    \hline \& \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 500 \\
    & \text { to } \\
    & \$ 600
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 600 \\
    & \mathbf{t o} \\
    & \$ 900
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{gathered}
    \$ 900 \\
    \mathbf{t o} \\
    \$ 1,200
    \end{gathered}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 1,200 \\
    & \text { to } \\
    & \$ 1,500
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{gathered}
    \$ 1,500 \\
    \text { and } \\
    \text { over }
    \end{gathered}
    $$ <br>
    \hline Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{100
    8
    6
    30
    56} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{12} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{38} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{32} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{12} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} <br>
    \hline Families in survey \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of families in which chief earner is--
    Clerical worker \& \& 0 \& \& \& \multirow{3}{*}{0
    2} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{0
    2
    4
    0} <br>
    \hline Skilled wage earner... \& \& 0 \& 0 \& 2 \& \& <br>
    \hline Semiskilled wage earner. \& \& \& 8 \& 9 \& \& <br>
    \hline Unskilled wage earner-... \& \& 8 \& \multirow{6}{*}{18
    6
    6
    6
    6
    2} \& 18 \& 5 \& <br>
    \hline Number of families composed of- \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{$$
    \begin{gathered}
    13 \\
    10 \\
    17 \\
    6 \\
    13
    \end{gathered}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{8
    2
    3
    3
    1
    0} \& \& \multirow{5}{*}{4
    2
    2
    5
    2
    6} \& \multirow{5}{*}{${ }_{0}^{1}$} \& <br>
    \hline Man and wile- wife, and 1 child \& \& \& \& \& \& 0 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children \& \& \& \& \& \& 0 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 5 or more children. \& \& \& \& \& \& 0 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) -- \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and children and adults (7 or more per--
    sons). \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{15} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0
    0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$\stackrel{4}{2}$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{${ }_{0}^{2}$} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{} <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 1 adult \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{4
    7
    0
    5
    3} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{0
    0
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2
    2
    2
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1
    0
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0
    1
    0} \& <br>
    \hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife)- \& \& \& 2 \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and \& \& 0 \& 2 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) \& 2 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} <br>
    \hline Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of families having no homemaker .-...-.....- \& 4 \& 0 \& 3 \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Number of families having homemaker born in- \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{34
    61
    1} \& \multirow{4}{*}{3
    9} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{13
    21
    21} \& \multirow{4}{*}{12
    20
    0} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{5
    6
    0} \& \multirow{4}{*}{1
    5
    0} <br>
    \hline Mexico-...---........... \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Other. \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Composition of Household \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of households..-..............................- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    100 \\
    4.98
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    12 \\
    3.46
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    38 \\
    4.51
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    32 \\
    50
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    12 \\
    5.38
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6. ${ }^{6}$} <br>
    \hline A verage number of persons in household...............- \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of households with- \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{r

    5
    0
    7

    8} \& 3.46 \& \& $$
    5.70
    $$ \& \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{6. $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}$} <br>

    \hline Boarders and lodgers \& \& 0 \& 3 \& 0 \& 2 \& <br>
    \hline Boarders only.. \& \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0
    0
    0 \& <br>
    \hline Other persons. \& \& 0 \& 4 \& 3 \& , \& <br>
    \hline A verage size of economic family in- \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

    \hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 4.91 |
    | :--- |
    | 2.04 |} \& 3.51 \& 4.34 \& 5.62 \& 5.33 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6. 67

    1. 67} <br>
    \hline Under 16 years of age. \& \& 1.51 \& 1.66 \& 2.62 \& 2.41 \& <br>
    \hline 16 years of age and over \& 2.87 \& 2.00 \& 2.68 \& 3.00 \& 2.92 \& 5. 00 <br>
    \hline  \& 4.34 \& 3.02 \& 3.85 \& 4.93 \& 4.72 \& 6. 18 <br>
    \hline Average number of persons in household not members of economic family \& 0.13 \& 0 \& 0.21 \& 0.14 \& 0.10 \& 0 <br>
    \hline
    \end{tabular}

    ${ }^{1}$ "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ t o \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,500$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 100 | 12 | 38 | 32 | 12 | 6 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- | 39 |  | 12 | 13 | 7 |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners |  | 1 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 123 |  | 4 | 13 3 | 1 |  |
    |  |  | 0 | 1 | 10 |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. $\qquad$ | 4 | 000 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income....-.-.-. --.--- | 6 |  | 4 | 0 2 | 0 3 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 53 | 7 | 19 | 16 | 7 | 4 |
    | Defficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 41 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 140 | 50 | 2 |
    | Inheritance --..------10-1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | family | 1.54 | 1.08 | 1.39 | 1. 69 | 1.67 | 2. 33 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income....- | $\$ 924$905 | \$547 | \$735 | \$1,010 | \$1,304 | \$1,618 |
    | Earnings of individuals |  | 514 | $712$ | 11999 | 1,296 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,608 \\ & 1,159 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Chief earner ---.-...- | 780 | 49618 | 646 | 866 | 1,064 |  |
    | Subsidiary earners | 125 |  | 66 | 133 | 232 | $\begin{array}{r} 159 \\ 449 \end{array}$ |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 800 | 3800 | 642 | 862 | 1, 190 | 1,510 |
    | Under 16 years_ | 1 |  | (3) | (3) |  |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 104 | 134 | 70 | 136 | ${ }^{(3)} 106$ | 931 |
    | Under 16 years.-.-.-...-- | (3) |  | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 9 |  |  |  | (3) | 018 |
    | Other net rents. | 4 | 33 0 | 6 4 | 9 4 |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends.-..------.------ | (3) $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0 | (3) $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0 | 00 | 60 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities....- |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 6 | 0 | 150 | 0 | 0 <br> 8 | 04 |
    | Other sources of income.--...-.-.-.--- | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | 0 | -2 | -3 | 0 | -12 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in | 63 |  | 36 | 94 | 106 | -12 |
    |  |  | 21 |  |  |  | 69 |
    | Deffcit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 123 | 23 | 134 | 90 | 151 | 394 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | -17 | 23+50 | -380 | +80 | -2 | -850 |
    | Inheritance....-- | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    ## Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 150 | 17 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 7 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 70 40 | 4 | 17 | 18 | 7 | 13 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 32 | 6 | 8 | 5 | + | 3 | 5 | 2 0 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner .- | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 31 | 6 | 8 | 11 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child | 38 | 4 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children | 18 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children- | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) | 13 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (7 or more persons) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 12 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults | 14 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 10 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker --- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in United States | 149 | 17 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 5 | 7 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 150 | 17 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 7 |
    | Average number of persons in household....-- | 3.99 | 3.32 | 3. 53 | 3.41 | 4.03 | 4.68 | 5.32 | 5.16 | 4. 70 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 10 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only- | 10 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 70 | 3 | 14 | 18 | 5 | 14 | 8 | 1 | 7 |
    | A verage size of economic family- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total. --- | 3. 55 | 3.15 | 3.27 | 2.86 | 3. 73 | 3. 71 | 4.97 | 4.98 | 3. 73 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 0.93 | 0.94 | 1. 01 | 0.70 | 1.03 | 0.78 | 1.66 | 0.60 | 0.43 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.62 | 2.21 | 2.26 | 2.16 | 2.70 | 2. 93 | 3.31 | 4.38 | 3.30 |
    | Expenditure units.- | 3.37 | 2.87 | 3.03 | 2.76 | 3. 48 | 3. 60 | 4.67 | 4.86 | 3.83 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family $\qquad$ | 0.48 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.57 | 0.32 | 1.02 | 0.41 | 0.20 | 1.02 |

    'Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued JaCKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ t o \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,1,10 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 24400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | \$2,700 and over |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 150 | 17 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 7 |
    | Number of families having- | 67 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 6 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 24 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other net rents | 10 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 10 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 12 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.---.---.--- | 14 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 16 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 78 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 7 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 69 | 6 | 17 | 16 | 9 | 11 | 8 | 2 | 0 |
    | Inheritance | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1.59 | 1. 29 | 1.30 | 1. 34 | 1.46 | 1. 95 | 1.87 | 2.80 | 2.71 |
    | A verage amount of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,541 | \$761 | \$1,043 | \$1,327 | \$1, 636 | \$1,929 | \$2, 208 | \$2,492 | \$2,983 |
    | Earnings of individuals .-...-.-- | 1,490 | 754 | 1, 018 | 1,269 | 1,566 | 1, 865 | 2,119 | 2, 474 | 2,925 |
    | Chief earner .-...-...............- | 1, 228 | 714 | 958 | 1,141 | 1,417 | 1,405 | 1,703 | 1,440 | 1,701 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 262 | 40 | 60 | 128 | 149 | 460 | 416 | 1, 034 | 1, 224 |
    | Males: 16 years and over.-...-- | 1,216 | 608 | 923 | 1, 051 | 1,373 | 1,500 | 1,809 | 1,778 | 1,684 |
    | Under 16 years...------- | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 4 | 0 | 1, 0 | 1, 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over-...- | 274 | 146 | 95 | 218 | 189 | 365 | 310 | 696 | 1,241 |
    | Under 16 years.------ | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 19 | 8 | 10 | 19 | 30 | 44 | 11 | 0 | 2 |
    |  | 5 | 1 | (3) | 13 | 1 | 13 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends .....----- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | (3) | 3 | 0 | (3) | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities- | 17 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 42 | 0 | 46 | 15 | 37 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 5 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 21 |
    | Other sources of income | 9 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 54 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -5 | -12 | -2 | (3) | -3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | -25 | -1 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 162 | 38 | 47 | 116 | 175 | 241 | 278 | 235 | 373 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 162 | 117 | 114 | 153 | 282 | 198 | 81 | 376 | 0 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +9 | -20 | -46 | -19 | +4 | -13 | +87 | -9 | +373 |
    | Inheritance.-. | 2 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
    \hline \multirow{2}{*}{Item} \& \multirow{2}{*}{families} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Income level-Families with annual net income of -} <br>
    \hline \& \& $$
    \$ 500 \text { to }
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 600 \text { to } \\
    & \$ 900
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 900 \text { to } \\
    & \$ 1,200
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 1,200 \\
    & \text { and over }
    \end{aligned}
    $$ <br>
    \hline Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}100 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 21 \\ 63 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{20} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{54} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{20} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{6} <br>
    \hline  \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of families in which chief earner is- \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{2
    0
    15} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{0
    2
    8
    8} \& \multirow{4}{*}{2
    0
    4} <br>
    \hline Skilled wage earner. \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Semiskilled wage earner \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Unskilled wage earner. \& \& 16 \& 37 \& 10 \& <br>
    \hline Number of families composed of- \& \multirow[b]{6}{*}{33
    17
    19
    1
    8} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{7
    2} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{${ }_{12}^{21}$} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{3} \& <br>
    \hline Man and wife. \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0} <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 1 child --...... \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6
    0
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8
    0
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1
    0
    0} <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 5 or more children. \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons)- \& \& 1 \& 3 \& 4 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more
    persons) \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{4
    6} \& 1 \& 0 \& 1 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0} <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 1 adult \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5
    2
    2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0
    1} \& <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{4
    0
    1} \& \& \& \& 0 <br>
    \hline Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0} \& <br>
    \hline Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife)- \& \& \& \& \& 0 <br>
    \hline Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1 <br>
    \hline Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& <br>
    \hline Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} <br>
    \hline Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of families having no homemaker.. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{0}$} \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} <br>
    \hline Number of families having homemaker born inUnited States. \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{54} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20} \& <br>
    \hline Composition of Household \& 100 \& \& \& \& 6 <br>
    \hline Number of households. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{100
    3.76} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20
    3.78} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{54
    3.18} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{array}{r}
    20 \\
    4.85
    \end{array}
    $$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5. ${ }^{65}$} <br>
    \hline Avcrage number of persons in household............- \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of households with- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3} \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{5.

    1
    0
    0
    2} <br>
    \hline Boarders and lodgers...--. \& \& 0 \& 2 \& 0 \& <br>
    \hline Boarders only - \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& <br>
    \hline Lodgers only .- \& 8 \& 2 \& 5 \& 1 \& <br>
    \hline Other persons. \& 16 \& 2 \& 10 \& 2 \& <br>

    \hline A verage size of economic family in- \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| 3.63 |
    | :--- |
    | 1.09 |
    | 1 |} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}3.73 \\ 1.34 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{3.02

    0.72} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{4. 79
    1.79} \& <br>
    \hline Persons, total.--- \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4.
    1.38
    1.31} <br>
    \hline Under 16 years of age.- \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline 16 years of age and over \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2. 34} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2.

    3. 39} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2. 280} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 3. |
    | :--- |
    | 4.35 |
    | 10 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4. 65} <br>

    \hline Expenditure units. \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Average number of persons in household not members of economic family \& 0.14 \& 0.11 \& ง. 16 \& 0.07 \& 0.31 <br>
    \hline
    \end{tabular}

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are pers, $n s 16$ years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level- Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100 | 20 | 54 | 20 | 6 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners ---.--- | 50 | 15 | 19 | 13 | 3 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 11 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other net rents | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities....-.-- | 13 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 2 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income......-..........-- | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 69 | 14 | 36 | 14 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 30 | 5 | 18 | 6 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.66 | 1.90 | 1.41 | 2.00 | 1.83 |
    | A verage amount of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$784 | \$541 | \$710 | \$983 | \$1,593 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 766 | 534 | 698 | 956 | 1,511 |
    | Ohief earner ....-... | 680 | 444 | 664 | 749 | 1,372 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 86 | 90 | 34 | 207 | 139 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 693 | 431 | 657 | 823 | 1,454 |
    | Under 16 years-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.......... | 72 | 103 | 40 | 133 | 57 |
    | Under 16 years.-..---------- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 8 | 6 | 6 | $\boldsymbol{9}$ | 26 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends......-.--...-- -- |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.---- | 7 |  | 2 | 11 | 64 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. |  |  | 1 | (3) | 0 |
    |  | 2 | ( 1 | 1 | ( 7 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business |  |  |  |  |  |
    | losses and expenses) ...-...........-- | -1 | (3) | -1 | 0 | -8 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 72 | 55 | 53 | 74 | 245 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 78 | 30 | 86 | 93 | 61 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | +26 | +31 | +7 | +24 | +-194 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Bull. No. 357, 1924.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { fies }}{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fai- }}}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1.200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,700 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 178 | 20 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 34 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
    | Number of families having- | 67 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 11 | 11 | 5 | 5 | 8 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 26 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 2 |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends .-..--------- | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.-- | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 16 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income.-............- | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 8 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/ or decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 6 | 23 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 10 | 3 | 3 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/ or increase in liabilities) | 64 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.50 | 1. 45 | 1. 42 | 1.30 | 1.41 | 1.47 | 1. 69 | 2.20 | 2. 50 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income | \$1,566 | \$751 | \$1,056 | \$1,345 | \$1,626 | \$1,924 | \$2, 283 | \$2,528 | \$3,189 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,518 | 733 | 1,030 | 1,287 | 1, 577 | 1,896 | 2, 120 | 2,457 | 3,049 |
    | Chief earner-........- | 1,320 | 676 | 944 | 1,24n | 1, 400 | 1, 742 | 1,830 | 1,591 | 1,657 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 198 | 57 | 86 | 1,38 | 177 | 154 | 290 | 1,866 | 1,392 |
    | Males: 16 years and over........- | 1,302 | 515 | 869 | 1,218 | 1,401 | 1,762 | , 949 | 1,873 | 1,639 |
    | Under 10 years....-...---- | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | 4 | (3) | - 0 | (1) | , 0 | 1,87 | 1,630 |
    | Females: 16 years and over----- | 216 | 218 | 157 | 69 | 176 | 134 | 171 | 584 | 1,410 |
    | Under 16 years. <br> Net earnings from boarders and | (3) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1, 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 20 | 0 | 10 | 18 | 12 | 13 | 96 | 57 | 30 |
    | Other net rents | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 18 | 4 | 17 | 35 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | (3) | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance anmuities | 11 | 0 | 9 | 16 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 110 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 | 13 | 8 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income....-.------ | 4 | 5 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 7 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | 0 | (3) | -2 | -21 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 149 | 68 | 67 | 119 | 167 | 175 | 314 | 259 | 187 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 164 | 76 | 142 | 175 | 151 | 184 | 340 | 302 | 213 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey $\qquad$ | +33 | -25 | +8 | +30 | +58 | +43 | +163 | +35 | -63 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 138.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { farmi- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \$ 1,00 \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \mathbf{t o n} \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \$ \mathbf{t o n}, \mathbf{1 0 0} \\ & \$ 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 197 | 33 | 59 | 51 | 29 | 17 | 8 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker- | 48 | 5 | 16 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 1 |
    | Skilled wage earner | ${ }_{60}^{58}$ | 15 | 16 | 18 | 12 | 4 | 5 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | ${ }_{31}^{60}$ | 15 | 16 | 19 | 7 | 2 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner-....-.-. | 31 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife --.-.-.-........-.........- | 43 | 10 | 18 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{\text {Man, wife, and }} 2$ to 4 children ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 44 | 5 | ${ }_{8}^{16}$ | 13 | 7 | $\stackrel{2}{4}$ | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{4}$ | ${ }_{0}^{4}$ | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }^{5} 5$ | 5 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 aduit | 11 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 9 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults        <br> Adults 2 or 3 persons not including man 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults 14 or more persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker...- <br> Number of families having homemaker born <br> in- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | 33 | 59 | 50 | 29 | 17 | 8 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households | 197 | 33 | 59 | 51 | 29 | 17 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number o households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers..---. | 38 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
    | Boarders only | $\stackrel{3}{1}$ | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.57 | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3.87 | 3.54 | 5.06 | 4.12 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.08 | 0.82 | 0.76 | 1.33 | 1.01 | 2.04 | 1.00 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.49 | 2.27 | 2.31 | 2.54 | 2.53 | 3.02 | 3.12 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.24 | 2.81 | 2.78 | 3.51 | 3.22 | 4.60 | 3.88 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.20 | 0.12 | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.13 | 0.30 | 0.30 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Ltem | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { tami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 197 | 33 | 59 | 51 | 29 | 17 | $\delta$ |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners----------- | 51 | 6 | 12 | 16 | 8 | 6 | 3 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers...- | 39 | 5 | 15 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 12 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.--------- | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 13 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Other sources of income | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 10 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 128 | 20 | 38 | 34 | 18 | 12 | 6 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 67 | 13 | 21 | 17 | 10 | 4 | 2 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1.31 | 1.18 | 1. 20 | 1. 35 | 1.34 | 1.65 | 1.50 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,308 | \$781 | \$1,057 | \$1,340 | \$1,650 | \$1,944 | \$2,545 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,258 | 763 | 1,012 | 1,292 | 1,624 | 1,865 | 2, 263 |
    | Chief earner | 1,159 | 743 | 969 | 1, 160 | 1,518 | 1,611 | 2,005 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 99 | 20 | 43 | 132 | 106 | 254 | 258 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,117 | 631 | 838 | 1, 143 | 1,547 | 1,682 | 2,245 |
    | Under 16 years. | (3) | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 141 | 132 | 173 | 149 | 77 | 183 | 18 |
    | Under 16 years...--.------- | (3) | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers-- | 33 | 13 | 31 | 36 | 19 | 71 | 84 |
    | Other net rents | 2 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends.- | 3 | 0 | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 5 | 0 | 54 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.-.-.-.- | 11 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 25 | 0 | 104 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 4 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
    | Other sources of income-....-............- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 36 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -5 | 0 | -4 | (3) | -24 | (3) | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 130 | 58 | 84 | 130 | 189 | 196 | 343 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 150 | 97 | 166 | 145 | 131 | 222 | 327 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all |  |  |  |  |  |  | 327 |
    |  | +33 | -3 | -5 | +38 | +72 | +86 | +176 |
    | Inheritance. | 2 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 74 | 37 | 24 | 8 | 5 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Skilled wage earner. | 11 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 17 | 8 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 46 | 27 | 15 | 4 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife..............-.- | 22 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child | 10 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children | 12 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children --...-.-.------ | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) - | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) | 6 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults.-.-...............- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in United <br> States. | 74 | 37 | 24 | 8 | 5 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 74 | 37 | 24 | 8 | 5 |
    | A verage number of persons in household.-----.------ | 3.93 | 3.60 | 3.45 | 6.37 | 4. 77 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Boarders only. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | A versge size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.83 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 6. 13 | 4. 57 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.29 | 1.15 | 1.04 | 2.37 | 1. 77 |
    |  | 2. 54 | 2.32 | 2.42 | 3.76 | 2. 80 |
    |  | 3.42 | 3.09 | 3. 10 | 5.46 | 4.07 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0. 10 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.25 | 0.20 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    3 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1.800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 194 | 25 | 35 | 44 | 37 | 40 | 13 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 79 53 | 6 3 | 9 12 | 23 6 | 15 | 20 | 6 |
    |  | 56 | 12 | 12 | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 | 14 6 | 6 1 |
    |  | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man anf wife | 52 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 7 | 4 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 44 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 4 | 11 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$.-........... | 39 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 1 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 21 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 1 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 193 | 25 | 35 | 43 | 37 | 40 | 13 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 194 | 25 | 35 | 44 | 37 | 40 | 13 |
    | A verage number of persons in household.-.-- | 3.74 | 3.05 | 3.66 | 3.95 | 3.61 | 3.87 | 4. 24 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only. | 13 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
    | Other persons | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ] | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total......----------.-- | 3. 53 | 2.97 | 3. 58 | 3.71 | 3.45 | 3.60 | 3.76 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.11 | 0.92 | 1.03 | 1. 32 | 1.24 | 1.08 | 0.76 |
    | 16 years of age and over. | 2.42 | 2.05 | 2.55 | 2.39 | 2.21 | 2.52 | 3.00 |
    | Expenditure units....... | 3.25 | 2.69 | 3.27 | 3.42 | 3.18 | 2.35 | 3.62 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. $\qquad$ | 0.21 | 0. 08 | 0.08 | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.27 | 0.49 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 194 | 25 | 35 | 44 | 37 | 40 | 13 |
    | Families in survey. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners.-.-.-.------ | 31 | 111 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.--- | 34 |  | 4 | 10 9 | 275 | 782 | 5 |
    | Other net rents. | 14 |  | 2 | 22 |  |  |  |
    |  | 11 | 1 | 0 |  | 5 | 2 3 | 12 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities...----.-- | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |  |
    | Gins from persons outside economic lam- | 12 | 21 | 2 | 33 | 40 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 9 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 112 | 10 | 16 | 22 | 25 | 29 | 10 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 71 0 | 100 | 16 0 | 200 | 120 | 10 | 30 |
    |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.18 | 1.04 | 1. 14 | 1.20 | 1.11 | 1. 12 | 1. 77 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,459 | \$749 | \$1,072 | \$1,345 | \$1,628 | \$1,915 | \$2,381 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1, 394 | 734 | 1, 027 | 1,269 | 1,570 | 1, 844 |  |
    | Chief earner. | 1,39 | 7313 | 991 | 1,205 | 1,549 | 1,759 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,207 \\ & 1,723 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Subsidiary earners | + 75 |  | 36 | , 64 | . 21 | 1,85 | 1, 484 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,352 | 730 | 1, 010 | 1,230 | 1,549 | 1,791 | 1,976 |
    | Under 16 years. | (3) | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 42 | 40 | 17 | 37 | 21 | 53 | 2310 |
    | Under 16 years.. | 0 |  | 0 | - 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | 0 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 39 | 51 | 25 |  |  | 36 | 107 |
    | Other net rents.-------- | 12 |  | 11 | 2 | 24 | 10 | 40 |
    | Interest and dividends.- | 3 | 0 | 04 | 10 | 60 |  | 322 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities .-. - | 4 |  |  |  |  | 8 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- $\qquad$ | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4 | 6 | 4 | 3 5 | 4 0 | 6 5 | 0 2 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (3) | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 203 | 62 | 83 | 143 | 211 | 246 | 488 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 203 | 55 | 195 | 231 | 232 | 258 | 246 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | +41 | +30 | 1-510 | -340 | +670 | +1140 | +3190 |
    |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. 2 Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B.L.S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-WHFTE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 146 | 5 | 2. | 21 | 35 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- | 51 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 16 |  |
    | Skilled wage earner | 42 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 13 | 10 | 16 | 4 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 47 | 2 | 11 | 8 | 13 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 21 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 5 2 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children? | 31 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 26 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and aduits ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults.....-.-.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 9 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 9 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons, not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker.Number of families having homemaker born in- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | United States | 144 | 5 | 24 | 21 | 33 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | Germany | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sweden. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households.-..---............-.-.-- | 146 | 5 | 24 | 21 | 35 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | Average number of persons in household.-.- | 4.16 | 4.17 | 3.94 | 3.80 | 4. 21 | 3.97 | 4.24 | 5. 35 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.-.-.....-.-.-.-.-. | 16 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 29 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total...-. | 4.03 | 4.17 | 3.89 | 3.64 | 4.07 | 3.84 | 4.12 | 5. 13 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 28 | 2.21 | 1. 44 | 0.90 | 1.42 | 1.35 | 1.24 | 0.73 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.75 | 1. 96 | 2.45 | 2.74 | 2.65 | 2.49 | 2.88 | 4. 40 |
    | Expenditure units........ | 3.72 | 3. 52 | 3.55 | 3. 40 | 3. 70 | 3. 58 | 3.84 | 4.90 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.18 | 0 | 0.06 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.31 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over, ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2.100$ and over |
    | Earnings and Income | 146 | 5 | 24 | 21 | 35 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 44 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 13 | 5 | 5 | 9 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 15 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
    | Other net rents... |  | 00 | 2 | 0 | 31 | 1 | 12 | 3102 |
    | Interest and dividends.- | 5 |  | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 531 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 195 | 000 | 50 | 6 |  | 2 | 32 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 17 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 2 |  | 4 | 3 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 84 | 1 | 8 | 11 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 7 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 610 | 40 | 160 | 9 | 140 | 50 | 90 | 40 |
    | Inheritance --.------------------- |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1.41 | . 98 | 1. 24 | 1.39 | 1.45 | 1.23 | 1.34 | 2. 39 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,417 | \$531 | \$738 | \$1,056 | \$1,320 | \$1,652 | \$1,938 | \$2,575 |
    | Earnings of individuals.........-. | 1,384 534 736 997 1,279 1,629 1,894  <br> $1,2,535$        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Chief earner.- | 1,242 | 5340 | 712 | 914 | 1,160 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,629 \\ & 1,530 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,894 \\ & 1,796 \end{aligned}$ | 1,680 |
    | Subsidiary earners--.-.-.-...---- | 142 |  | 24 | 83 | 119 | 99 | 98 | . 855 |
    | Males: 16 years and over-..---- | 1,231 | 5340 | ${ }_{\text {(3) }} 577$ | 852 | I, 193 | 1,472 | 1,817 | 1,918 |
    | Under 16 years..........- | (3) |  |  | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | (3) | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over-..-- | 153 | 00 | 159 | 1450 | 860 | 157 | 770 | 6170 |
    | Under 16 years.------ | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 11427 | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{16}$ | 25 | 12 | 15 | 4043 | 163033 |
    | Other net rents. |  | 0 |  | 0 | 5 | 2 |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends-.-.------- |  | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities- |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0 |  |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 8 | 00 | 60 | 266 | 54 | (3) | 1026 | 10 |
    | Other sources of income.......-.-. |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses). | -6 | -3 | -22 | 0 | -2 | -3 | $-3$ | -13 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 151 | 43 | 50 | 78 | 110 | 156 | 282 | 191 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 143 | 32 | 100 | 67 | 168 | 185 | 234 | 24 C |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities |  | -170 | -500 | +120 | -1 | +850 |  |  |
    | for all families in survey ........-- | $+27$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} +103 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | +310 |
    | Inheritance...----- | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type 1 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 28 | 48 | 18 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 36 | 12 | 19 | 5 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 56 | 16 | 28 | 12 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife..---.-. | 22 | 7 | 12 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 13 | 6 | 7 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{3}$ | 15 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ - $-\ldots-\ldots$ | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ - $-\ldots$ | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 12 | 2 | 7 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons, not including man and wife) --.-.-... | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemakerNumber of families having homemaker born in United States | 0 94 | 0 28 | 0 48 | 0 18 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 28 | 48 | 18 |
    | Average number of persons in household. | 3.79 | 3.33 | 3.64 | 4. 90 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Boarders only | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
    | Lodgers only | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
    |  | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total........-. | 3. 70 | 3.37 | 3.50 | 4. 76 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1. 09 | 1.06 | 0.91 | 1. 60 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.61 | 2.31 | 2.59 | 3.16 |
    |  | 3.38 | 3.09 | 3.24 | 4.39 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.17 | 0.22 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. 2 Families of these types were included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    ## ${ }^{8}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { fies }}}{ }$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | \$1, 500 to <br> \$1, 800 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \mathbf{t o n} \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 2,400$ and over |
    | Distribution By Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 318 | 14 | 60 | 71 | 60 | 72 | 25 | 7 | 9 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- | 126 | 1 | 13 | 26 | 27 | 34 |  | 6 |  |
    | gkilled wage earmer | 73 | 2 | 12 | 14 | 13 | ${ }_{23}^{34}$ | 14 | 6 0 | 5 |
    | Semistilled wgae earner | 84 | 7 | 26 | 16 | 17 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Unskilled wage earner | 35 | 4 | 9 | 15 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife <br> Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{-}$ $\qquad$ | 48 | 0 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 5 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 49 | 2 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ - | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 43 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{3}$ | 18 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult--....-. | 26 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Man, wife, snd 2 to 4 adults. | 22 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | and wife) $\square$$12$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | not including man and wife) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Distribution by Natioity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | United States. | 308 | 12 | 57 | 71 | 57 | 71 | 25 | 7 | 8 |
    | Italy. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. |
    | England | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Mexico. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other.- | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 318 | 14 | 60 | 71 | 60 | 72 | 25 | 7 | 9 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 20 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 5 |  | 1 | 1 |
    | Boarders only | 13 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.80 | 3.42 | 3.59 | 3.73 | 3.78 | 3.77 | 4.39 | 4.41 | 4.86 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.03 | 0.70 | 1. 11 | 1. 19 | 1.02 | 1.01 | 0.96 | 0.49 | 0.72 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.77 | 2.72 | 2. 48 | 2.54 | 2.76 | 2.76 | 3.43 | 3.82 | 4.14 |
    | Expenditure units...--.- | 3.81 | 3.23 | 2.24 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.46 | 4.12 | 4.23 | 4.65 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. $\qquad$ | 0.18 | 0 | 0.04 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.47 | 0.04 |

    1 "Children" are defned as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults"' are persons 16 years of age and over.
    ${ }^{9}$ Families of these types were included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. 8 . Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { fami- }}{\text { All }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 318 | 14 | 60 | 71 | 60 | 72 | 25 | 7 | 9 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 83 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 19 | 14 | 11 | 7 | 9 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and | 39 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 19 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 12 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.-- | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 35 | 0 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income | 13 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/ or decrease in liabilities) | 180 | 5 | 29 | 44 | 33 | 45 | 16 | 3 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/ or increase in liabilities) | 100 | 6 | 19 | 16 | 23 | 23 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family $\qquad$ | 1.33 | 1.32 | 1. 14 | 1.13 | 1.37 | 1. 29 | 1.73 | 2. 36 | 2. 43 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,302 | \$532 | \$778 | \$1, 038 | \$1,332 | \$1,671 | \$1,885 | \$2,094 | \$2, 656 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,248 | 532 | 764 | 997 | 1, 259 | 1,601 | 1,822 | 1,823 | 2, 638 |
    | Chief earner | 1,106 | 474 | 737 | 958 | 1,128 | 1, 487 | 1, 505 | 1,026 | 1,470 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 142 | 58 | 27 | 39 | 131 | 114 | 317 | 797 | 1,168 |
    | Males: 16 years and over---.--- | 1,067 | 350 | 588 | 867 | 1,115 | 1, 511 | 1,543 | 1,153 | 1,679 |
    | Under 16 years.---.---- | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over..... | 181 | 182 | 176 | 130 | 144 | 90 | 279 | 670 | 959 |
    | Under 16 years....---- | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 21 | 0 | 5 | 20 | 23 | 31 | 44 | 34 | 8 |
    | Other net rents | 10 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 18 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends..--------- | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | (3) | 3 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.- | 8 | 0 | 3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 16 | 0 | 0 | 183 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 9 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 15 | 2 | 44 | 9 |
    | Other sources of income | 5 | 0 | , | 3 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (3) | -1 | (3) | -2 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 12 | 43 | 88 | 110 | 139 | 172 | 150 | 309 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 149 | 94 | 85 | 73 | 160 | 209 | 277 | 156 | 222 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | +15 4 | -36 0 | -6 0 | +39 0 | -1 | +20 4 | +33 +41 | -3 | +98 0 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900 \text { to }$ | $\$ 1,200$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 83 | 15 | 36 | 25 | 7 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | I |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 35 | 7 | 18 | 5 | 5 |
    | Unskilled wage earner | 39 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 1 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 19 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 2 |
    | Man wife, and 1 child ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 18 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children ${ }^{2}$ | 9 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ - | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 4 to 6 persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 11 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker .-.-.....-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born inUnited States. | 83 | 15 | 36 | 25 | 7 |
    | Composition of household |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 83 | 15 | 36 | 25 | 7 |
    | Average number of persons in household. | 3.94 | 3.42 | 3.85 | 4. 23 | 4. 43 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.84 | 3.22 | 3.79 | 4.24 | 3. 96 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.30 | 0.97 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 0.75 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.54 | 2.25 | 2.35 | 2.80 | 3.21 |
    |  | 3.50 | 2. 98 | 3.46 | 3.82 | 3. 66 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.12 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0. 47 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the 1917-19 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-COHtinued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMLLIES
    
    : Children are defined as persons under 16 years of age. Adults are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Families of these types were included in the 1917-i9 study, "Cost of Living in the United States," B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1824.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | \$1,500 and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 109 | 11 | 47 | 31 | 15 | 5 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clerical worker-------------------------- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Skilled wage earner | 9 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 42 | 4 | 16 | 13 | 6 | 3 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 56 | 7 | 28 | 14 | 6 | 1 |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife--.-.-- | 30 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child | 17 | 1 | 8 | 6 6 | 3 2 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) _- | 12 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) | 13 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife)-- | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker .-.-.-. --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born inUnited States. | 109 | 11 | 47 | 31 | 15 | 5 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 109 | 11 | 47 | 31 | 15 | 5 |
    | A verage number of persons in household..............-. | 4. 19 | 3. 64 | 4.01 | 3.89 | 5. 19 | 5.89 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.....- | 10 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Boarders only... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.-.-- | 4. 05 | 3.13 | 3.95 | 3.80 | 5.06 | 5.45 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 49 | 0.90 | 1. 50 | 1.25 | 2.06 | 2.40 |
    | 16 years of age and over. | 2.56 | 2.23 | 2.45 | 2.55 | 3.00 | 3.05 |
    | Expenditure units.-.--- | 3.64 | 2.73 | 3.53 | 3.51 | 4.51 | 4.80 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic families. | 0.45 | 0.54 | 0.75 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.44 |

    1 "Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\mathbf{\$ 9 0 0}$ to $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 2 0 0}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Familles in survey | 109 | 11 | 47 | 31 | 15 | 5 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 46 | 4 | 18 | 15 | 8 | 1 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 12 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. $\qquad$ | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 72 | 7 | 31 | 22 | 10 | 2 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 34 | 4 | 13 | 9 | 5 | 3 |
    | Inheritance.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family. | 1. 50 | 1.45 | 1. 42 | 1.55 | 1.73 | 1. 20 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\$ 939$ | \$540 | \$760 | \$1,019 | \$1,327 | \$1,836 |
    | Earnings of individuals...............- | 921 | 526 | 744 | 1,003 | 1,311 | 1, 764 |
    | Chief earner---...- | 823 | 495 | 667 | 893 | 1,098 | 1,754 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 98 | 31 | 77 | 110 | 213 | 10 |
    | Males: 16 years and over-.....-.-... | 842 | 495 | 668 | 903 | 1,205 | 1,764 |
    | Under 16 years.--..---------- | (8) | 0 | 0 | (3) | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over ....-....- | 79 | 31 | 76 | 100 | 106 | 0 |
    | Under 16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 10 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 12 | 21 |
    | Other net rents. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities...-- | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 51 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | -4 | 0 | 0 | -1 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilitios) | 86 | 67 | 51 | 69 | 116 | 726 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 102 | 67 | 117 | 64 | 153 | 117 |
    | Net change in assots and liabilities for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | all families in survey | +25 | +18 | +1 | +30 | +27 | +220 |
    | Inheritance.-.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    8 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 192 | 27 | 29 | 42 | 37 | 24 | 12 | 12 | 9 |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- | 67 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 6 | 4 | 6 |
    |  | 56 | 3 | 9 | 11 | 15 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 63 | 21 | 13 | 17 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Unskilled wage earner. | 6 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Number of families composed of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man, wife, and 1 child ${ }^{2}$ | 30 | 8 | 8 | 14 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    |  | 41 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children ${ }^{2}$ <br> Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 23 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) ${ }^{2}$ | 11 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    |  | 17 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults.-.-.-.....---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 10 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Adulls (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Adult or adults and children ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker.... Number of families having homemaker born in- <br> United States. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 19011 | 2700 | 280 | 420 | 361 | 24 | 12 | 120 | 9 |
    | Italy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other <br> Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 192 | 27 | 29 | 42 | 37 | 24 | 12 | 12 | 9 |
    | Average number of persons in household.....- | 4.06 | 3. 74 | 3.77 | 3.62 | 4. 24 | 4.32 | 4. 27 | 4. 66 | 5. 34 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers | 29 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 3 |  | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 15 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Lodgers only | 8 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 20 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3. 79 | 3. 68 | 3.61 | 3.40 | 3.93 | 3.87 | 3.87 | 4. 40 | 4.84 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.14 | 1. 39 | 1.08 | 1. 10 | 1. 22 | 1.04 | 1. 08 | 1. 34 | . 62 |
    |  | 2. 65 | 2.29 | 2. 53 | 2. 30 | 2. 71 | 2.83 | 2.79 | 3. 06 | 4.22 |
    | Expenditure units.------------------------- | 3. 55 | 3. 33 | 3.34 | 3.18 | 3.72 | 3.66 | 3.63 | 4. 21 | 4.65 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.33 | 0.15 | 0. 20 | 0. 29 | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.51 | 0.53 |

    t"Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over. ${ }^{2}$ Families of these types were included in the $1917-19$ study, "Cost of Living in the United States,"
    B. L. S. Bull. No. 357, 1924.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ t 0^{*} \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and ovel |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 192 | 27 | 29 | 42 | 37 | 24 | 12 | 12 | 9 |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners | 84 | 4 | 11 | 16 | 14 | 13 | 8 | 9 | 9 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 49 | 6 | 4 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
    | Other net rents. | 14 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends.-.-.-.--.-.-- | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities -- | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 21 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.-......-...- | 15 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 114 | 14 | 12 | 20 | 27 | 16 | 9 | 10 | 6 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 75 | 13 | 17 | 19 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family $\qquad$ | 1.59 | 1.16 | 1. 52 | 1. 55 | 1.40 | 1.67 | 1.69 | 2.28 | 2.99 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income | \$1, 585 | \$750 | \$1, 111 | \$1,347 | \$1,658 | \$1,977 | \$2, 214 | \$2, 540 | \$3,270 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1, 521 | 722 | 1,078 | 1,284 | 1,581 | 1,922 | 2,078 | 2,475 | 3,117 |
    | Chief earner | 1,265 | 710 | 944 | 1, 170 | 1,445 | 1, 631 | 1, 670 | 1,632 | 1,657 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 256 | 12 | 134 | 114 | 136 | 291 | 408 | 843 | 1,460 |
    | Males: 16 years and over.-.-.-- | 1, 262 | 659 | 918 | 1,154 | 1,395 | 1,646 | 1,621 | 1, 786 | 1,908 |
    | Under 16 years..----.-- | - 1 | 0 | 2 | 1, 6 | 1, 0 | 0 | 1, 0 | - 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over..... | 258 | 63 | 158 | 124 | 186 | 276 | 457 | 689 | 1,209 |
    | Under 16 years...---- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | lodgers.-.-.-- | 35 | 11 | 25 | 34 | 52 | 31 | 50 | 40 | 66 |
    | Other net rents | 10 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 13 | 10 | 52 | 5 | 12 |
    | Interest and dividends.. | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1 | 2 | 5 | 17 | 1 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 54 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 7 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 11 |
    | Other sources of income .-.-.----- | 7 | 9 | (3) | 11 | 1 | 4 | 17 | 8 | 12 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | (3) | 0 | 0 | -2 | 0 | 0 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 183 | 45 | 69 | 118 | 165 | 262 | 240 | 346 | 446 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 183 | 162 | 188 | 86 | 413 | 191 | 100 | 88 | 176 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilitios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | for all families in survey..---..-- | +37 | -55 | -81 | +17 | +9 | +99 | +156 | +275 | $+239$ |
    | Inheritance.............-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. . 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \text { to } \\ \$ 1200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Distribution by Occupation of Chief Earner and by Family Type ${ }^{1}$ | 96 | 11 | 41 | 33 | 11 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families in which chief earner is- |  | 11 | 110 | 301 | 10 |
    |  | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Skilled wage earner | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Semiskilled wage earner | 58 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 5 |
    | Unskilled wage earner.- | 35 | 1 |  |  |  |
    | Number of families composed of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Man and wife | 27 9 | 6 0 | 11 | 9 4 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 children | 12 | 1 | 6 | 4 2 | 3 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more children - .-...--.......- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 0 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults (4 to 6 persons) - | 11 | 0 | 5 |  | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and children and adults ( 7 or more persons) | 7 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 1 adult | 10 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
    | Man, wife, and 2 to 4 adults. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Man, wife, and 5 or more adults. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults ( 2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) - | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adults (4 or more persons not including man and | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (2 or 3 persons not including man and wife) | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Adult or adults and children (4 or more persons not including man and wife) | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Distribution by Nativity of Homemaker |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having no homemaker---.----- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having homemaker born in United States. | 96 | 11 | 41 | 33 | 11 |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. | 964.03 | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 2.87 \end{array}$ | 41 | 33 | 114.90 |
    | A verage number of persons in household.......-....-- |  |  | 4.06 | 4.09 |  |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Boarders only.... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only.. | 10 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.85 | 2.75 | 3.93 | 3.80 | 4.79 |
    |  | 1.28 | 0.88 | 1.32 | 1. 19 |  |
    | 16 years of age and over- | 2.57 | 1.87 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 1.78 3.01 |
    |  | 3.48 | 2.54 | 3.54 | 3.44 | 4.34 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0. 20 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.32 | 0.11 |

    2"Children" are defined as persons under 16 years of age. "Adults" are persons 16 years of age and over.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$600 | \$600 to \$900 | \$900 to \$1200 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 11 | 41 | 33 | 11 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners ---.-.-- | 61 | 6 | 25 | 23 | 7 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 15 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 1 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 0 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.....--- Gifts from persons outside economic | 19 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 3 |
    | family .-.------------------------------ | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 7 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 57 | 9 | 18 | 23 | 7 |
    | Defficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 38 | 2 | 22 | 10 | 4 |
    |  | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1.77 | 1. 54 | 1. 74 | 1.80 | 2.04 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$929 | \$553 | \$766 | \$1,034 | \$1,596 |
    | Earnings of individuals ...........-.-. -- | 877 | 522 | 743 | 975 | 1,421 |
    | Chief earner--........ | 700 | 484 | 614 | 799 | 936 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 177 | 38 | 129 | 176 | 485 |
    | Males: 16 years and over............. | 701 | 319 | 582 | 824 | 1,149 |
    | Under 16 years....----------- | 17 | 0 |  | 2 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over...-....-- | 175 | 203 | 161 | 149 | 272 |
    | Under 16 years..---.-.-.-.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 15 | 19 | 9 | 26 | 4 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends.-.------.......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities....- | 6 | 0 | 6 | 7 | 12 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 6 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 0 |
    |  | 24 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 159 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) $\qquad$ | (3) | 0 | 0 | (3) | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surpius (net increase in assets and/or decrease in |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 88 | 46 | 47 | 66 | 318 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 105 | 41 | 117 | 05 | 02 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for | 105 |  | 117 | 95 | 82 |
    | all families in survey--.....-............. | $+11$ | +30 | -42 | +17 | +168 |
    | Inheritance.-.--- | (3) | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 900 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \$ 2,700 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 419 | 49 | 95 | 120 | 67 | 51 | 17 | 9 | 11 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.57 | 2.81 | 3.24 | 3.36 | 4.01 | 4.14 | 4.53 | 4.45 | 4.46 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 28 | 2.59 | 2.94 | 3.10 | 3.61 | 3.83 | 4.26 | 4.28 | 4.30 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.07 | 2. 41 | 2.72 | 2. 89 | 3.35 | 3.59 | 4.09 | 4. 09 | 4.36 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.86 | 2.20 | 2.54 | 2.67 | 3.09 | 3.41 | 3.90 | 4.21 | 3.85 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for一 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items | \$1,402 | \$799 | \$1,053 | \$1,352 | \$1, 568 | \$1,841 | \$2,092 | \$2,399 | \$2, 743 |
    | Food. | 500 | 307 | 400 | 475 | 558 | 618 | 725 | 833 | 967 |
    | Clothing | 147 | 53 | 98 | 129 | 184 | 209 | 271 | 269 | 362 |
    | Housing | 231 | 195 | 203 | 236 | 237 | 280 | 228 | 273 | 291 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 103 | 71 | 83 | 98 | 115 | 136 | 134 | 150 | 173 |
    | Other household operation......-- | 55 | 33 | 32 | 46 | 58 | 75 | 114 | 139 | 186 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....- | 60 | 15 | 40 | 72 | 83 | 69 | 61 | 117 | 78 |
    | Transportation.-.-.-- | 114 | 35 | 65 | 109 | 122 | 189 | 191 | 322 | 249 |
    | Personal care. | 20 | 15 | 20 | 24 | 31 | 35 | 40 | 40 | 55 |
    | Medical care | 47 | 20 | 33 | 47 | 53 | 66 | 72 | 69 | 118 |
    | Recreation. | 75 | 37 | 56 | 76 | 78 | 96 | 135 | 102 | 163 |
    | Education | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 10 | 30 | 18 | 2 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 21 |
    |  | 17 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 19 | 27 | 34 | 23 | 44 |
    | Giftsand contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 18 | 6 0 | 8 | 19 | 16 | 28 | 49 4 | 43 | 33 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.6 | 38.5 | 38.0 | 35, 2 | 35.6 | 33.5 | 34.7 | 34.7 | 35.3 |
    | Clothing | 10. 5 | 6. 6 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 13.2 |
    | Housing | 16.4 | 24.4 | 19.3 | 17.5 | 15.1 | 15. 2 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 10.6 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...-.- | 7.3 | 8.9 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
    | Other household operation .-...-. | 3. 9 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 5. 5 | 5.8 | 6.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....-- | 4.3 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 2.8 |
    | Transportation....-.-.-.-.-.-.---- | 8.2 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 13.4 | 9.1 |
    |  | 1. 9 | 1. 9 | 1. 9 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2. 0 |
    | Medical care. | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3. 5 | 3.4 | 3. 6 | 3. 4 | 2. 9 | 4.3 |
    | Recreation | 5. 3 | 4. 6 | 5. 3 | 5. 6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 6. 5 | 4.3 | 5.9 |
    | Education. | 4 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 5 | . 5 | 1.4 | . 7 | 1 |
    | Vocstion. | 2 | 1 | . 1 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | . 8 |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family Other items $\qquad$ | 1.3 .1 | $0^{.8}$ | . 8 | 1.4 .1 | 1.0 .3 | ${ }_{0}^{1.5}$ | 2.3 .2 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }} 1.8$ | (1) 1.2 |

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 107 | 8 | 36 | 42 | 15 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3. 77 | 2. 76 | 3.51 | 3.90 | 4.37 | 4.33 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 45 | 2. 44 | 3.23 | 3.60 | 4. 01 | 3. 59 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.17 | 2. 20 | 2.97 | 3.32 | 3. 72 | 3. 14 |
    | Clothing expenditure units ..........---- | 3.00 | 2.38 | 2. 70 | 3.12 | 3.49 | 3.57 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$973 | \$523 | \$765 | \$1,011 | \$1,243 | \$1.863 |
    |  | +339 | 224 | 274 | +1,355 | +1,427 | +1,846 |
    | Clothing | 84 | 30 | 53 | 88 | 124 | 217 |
    | Housing | 242 | 148 | 212 | 263 | 261 | 352 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 91 | 58 | 72 | 95 | 124 | 146 |
    | Other household operation.. | 31 | 11 | 22 | 30 | 46 | 80 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.--------- | 31 | 5 | 19 | 31 | 41 | 113 |
    | Transportation | 56 | 14 | 41 | 50 | 85 | 163 |
    | Personal care... | 18 | 9 | 14 | 19 | 26 | 32 |
    | Medical care. | 19 | 12 | 14 | 22 | 19 | 33 |
    | Recreation. | 43 | 6 | 32 | 39 | 61 | 133 |
    | Education | 1 | (3) | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Vocation | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    | Community welfare | 10 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 15 | 17 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 7 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 10 | 28 |
    |  | (3) | 0 | (2) | (2) | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 34.9 | 42.8 | 35.9 | 35.1 | 34.3 | 29.3 |
    | Clothing | 8.6 | 5.7 | 6.9 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 11.6 |
    | Housing | 24.9 | 28.3 | 27.7 | 26.0 | 21.0 | 18.9 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 9.4 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 7.8 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3. 0 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.2 | 1. 0 | 2.5 | 3. 1 | 3.3 | 6.1 |
    | Transportation | 5.7 | 2.7 | 5.4 | 4. 9 | 6.8 | 8.8 |
    | Personal care | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
    | Medical care | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
    | Recreation. | 4.4 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 7.1 |
    | Education | . 1 | (1) | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | - 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 9 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family Other items | (1) ${ }^{7}$ | $0^{.2}$ | (1) ${ }^{4}$ | (1) .8 | $0^{.8}$ | 1.5 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Erpenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 202 | 24 | 39 | 50 | 41 | 36 | 7 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons--..---- | 3.67 | 3. 58 | 3. 68 | 3.78 | 3. 73 | 3.39 | 2.98 | 5.41 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.40 | 3.33 | 3.39 | 3.47 | 3. 49 | 3. 20 | 2.84 | 4.73 |
    | Food expenditure units...........- | 3.25 | 3. 34 | 3.23 | 3.28 | 3.61 | 2.76 | 2.30 | 4.77 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.......- | 2. 90 | 2.88 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 3.00 | 2.70 | 2. 64 | 4.98 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.----......-------------- | \$1,462 | \$769 | \$1,080 | \$1,350 | \$1,676 | \$1,910 | \$2, 179 | \$2, 856 |
    | Food | 447 | 276 | 364 | 430 | 512 | 541 | 559 | 732 |
    | Clothing | 166 | 78 | 130 | 141 | 191 | 196 | 302 | 499 |
    | Housing | 183 | 120 | 120 | 193 | 211 | 213 | 243 | 353 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration..-- | 97 | 69 | 81 | 96 | 110 | 110 | 123 | 139 |
    | Other household operation.-..- | 97 | 35 | 56 | 87 | 114 | 149 | 167 | 186 |
    | Furnishings and equipment--- | 65 | 12 | 65 | 66 | 68 | 93 | 76 | 40 |
    | Transportation.-...------------- | 134 | 51 | 70 | 103 | 166 | 198 | 364 | 302 |
    | Personal care.. | 35 | 23 | 29 | 30 | 41 | 41 | 43 | 90 |
    | Medical care. | 77 | 38 | 63 | 72 | 74 | 130 | 52 | 110 |
    | Recreation. | 83 | 38 | 56 | 82 | 96 | 110 | 126 | 152 |
    | Education | 8 | 6 | 11 | 5 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 27 |
    | Vocation | 7 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 12 | 14 | 16 |
    | Community welfare | 23 | 5 | 10 | 21 | 27 | 38 | 27 | 74 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 28 | 9 | 11 | 14 | 43 | 52 | 70 | 26 |
    | Other items..------------------------- | 12 | 6 | 10 | 5 | 11 | 17 | 6 | 110 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 30.5 | 35.8 | 33.8 | 31.9 | 30.5 | 28.3 | 25.6 | 25.6 |
    | Clothing | 11.4 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 10.4 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 13.9 | 17.4 |
    | Housing | 12.5 | 15.6 | 11.1 | 14.3 | 12.5 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 12.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration -.-- | 6.6 | 9.0 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 4.9 |
    | Other household operation...-.-- | 6.6 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 6.5 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-- | 4.4 | 1. 6 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 1. 4 |
    | Transportation ..-------------.-- | 9.2 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 9.9 | 10.4 | 16.7 | 10.6 |
    | Personal care.- | 2.4 | 3. 0 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2. 4 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 3.2 |
    | Medical care | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5. 8 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 2.4 | 3.9 |
    | Recreation | 5.7 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 5. 7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.3 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 8 | 1. 0 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 | 9 |
    | Vocation. | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 | 6 | . 6 |
    | Community welfare | 1.6 | . 7 | 9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2. 0 | 1. 2 | 2.6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1. 0 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.2 | . 9 |
    | Other items.-.------------------- | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | . 4 | . 7 | . 9 | . 3 | 3.9 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500 \text { to }$ $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600 \text { to }$ $\$ 900$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey- | 101 | 22 | 52 | 16 | 11 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons...-....---- | 3.82 | 3.60 | 4.28 | 3.12 | 3. 09 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.44 | 3.19 | 3.85 | 2.83 | 2.92 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.21 | 2.96 | 3.61 | 2.53 | 2.77 |
    | Clothing expenditure units............... | 3.03 | 2.84 | 3.22 | 2. 91 | 2. 73 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items | \$806 | \$547 | \$749 | \$1,000 | \$1,312 |
    | Food.-..- | 270 | 228 | 270 | 247 | 387 |
    | Clothing | 109 | 56 | 106 | 151 | 171 |
    | Housing | 96 | 81 | 85 | 115 | 151 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 58 | 44 | 55 | 70 | 84 |
    | Other household operation.. | 31 | 18 | 28 | 43 | 50 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 38 | 21 | 35 | 56 | 59 |
    | Transportation...-.------------------- | 52 | 14 | 34 | 117 | 121 |
    | Personal care. | 19 | 11 | 18 | 23 | 30 |
    | Medical care. | 36 | 31 | 34 | 47 | 41 |
    | Recreation. | 51 | 28 | 45 | 70 | 94 |
    | Education. | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 35 |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 15 |
    | Community welfare | 13 | 6 | 12 | 15 | 27 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family <br> Other items | 18 5 | 5 1 | 12 | 38 5 | 42 5 |
    | Percent of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 33.6 | 41.7 | 36.1 | 24.7 | 29.5 |
    | Clothing | 13.5 | 10.2 | 14.2 | 15.1 | 13.0 |
    |  | 11.9 | 14.8 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11. 5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration..-.-.-.-. | 7.2 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6. 4 |
    | Household operation......-.-.-.-.-.-. -- | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 3.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....----. | 4.7 | 3.8 | 4. 7 | 5. 6 | 4.5 |
    |  | 6.5 | 2.6 | 4. 5 | 11. 7 | 9.2 |
    |  | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 |
    | Medical care. | 4. 5 | 8. 7 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 3.1 |
    | Recreation.- | 6.3 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.2 |
    | Education. | . 7 | . 2 | . 4 | . 2 | 2.7 |
    | Vocation. | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | . 1 | 1.1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 2. 2 | . 9 | 1. 6 | 3.8 | 3.2 |
    |  | . 6 | . 2 | 1.1 | . 5 | . 4 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,700 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 294 | 30 | 57 | 71 | 57 | 57 | 8 | 8 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.31 | 3. 15 | 3.27 | 3.34 | 3.34 | 3.35 | 2.75 | 3.87 | 3.84 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.07 | 2. 86 | 3. 05 | 3.10 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 2.60 | 3.76 | 3.80 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 2.83 | 2. 66 | 2. 76 | 2.89 | 2.80 | 2.84 | 2.51 | 3. 56 | 3.48 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.72 | 2.40 | 2.61 | 2.73 | 2.68 | 2.75 | 2.52 | 3.74 | 4.22 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 458 | \$797 | \$1, 044 | \$1,338 | \$1,590 | \$1, 871 | \$2,081 | \$2, 571 | \$2, 780 |
    | Food | 443 | 299 | 355 | 423 | 471 | 532 | 597 | 611 | 712 |
    | Clothing | 172 | 65 | 108 | 140 | 189 | 232 | 294 | 389 | 514 |
    | Housing | 212 | 171 | 176 | 216 | 207 | 259 | 224 | 234 | 274 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 85 | 56 | 74 | 84 | 99 | 92 | 87 | 101 | 128 |
    | Other househo d operation.. | 73 | 30 | 43 | 67 | 81 | 96 | 117 | 155 | 181 |
    | Furnishings and t quipm nt.--. | 76 | 25 | 53 | 84 | 91 | 92 | 90 | 128 | 75 |
    | Transportation | 173 | 70 | 82 | 136 | 203 | 259 | 292 | 452 | 370 |
    | Personal care. | 32 | 15 | 23 | 27 | 35 | 44 | 47 | 58 | 91 |
    | Medical care | 58 | 22 | 35 | 59 | 64 | 74 | 129 | 97 | 110 |
    | Recreation | 71 | 29 | 50 | 59 | 68 | 108 | 108 | 128 | 195 |
    | Education | 10 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 14 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 1 |
    | Vocation | 3 | 2 | (2) | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 31 |
    | Community welfare | 22 | 6 | 12 | 14 | 28 | 26 | 43 | 110 | 38 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ily.-.-...-.............-...-- -- | 23 | 5 | 24 | 15 | 26 | 27 | 31 | 86 | 54 |
    | Other items.------------------ | 5 | 1 | 5 | , | 10 | 6 | 1 | (t) | 6 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items-.-.---------------------- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 107. 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 30.4 | 37.5 | 34.0 | 31.7 | 29.6 | 28.5 | 28.7 | 23.8 | 25.6 |
    | Clothing | 11.8 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 11.9 | 12, 4 | 14.1 | 15.1 | 18.5 |
    | Housing | 14.5 | 21.4 | 16.8 | 16.1 | 13.0 | 13. | 10.8 | 9.1 | 9.9 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 5.8 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.6 |
    | Other household operation. | 8.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 50 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5. 6 | 6.0 | 6.5 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 5.2 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 5. 7 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 2.7 |
    | Transportation.------------------ | 11.9 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 10.2 | 12.8 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 17.6 | 13.3 |
    | Personal care | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 3.3 |
    | Medical care | 4.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4. | 4.0 | 6.2 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
    | Recreation | 4.9 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
    | Education. | .7 | . 1 | 4 | . 6 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | (1) 8 | (1) |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | . 3 | (1) | 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | (1) | 1.1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.5 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1. 0 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 4.3 | 1.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1. 6 | . 6 | 2.3 | 1. 1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 1.9 |
    |  | . 3 | . 1 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | . 3 | (1) | (1) | . 2 |

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued hoUston, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 9000$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 3,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 3,000$ and and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 258 | 12 | 46 | 67 | 58 | 53 | 10 | 7 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3. 40 | 3.04 | 3.63 | 3.36 | 3.14 | 3.31 | 4.08 | 4.18 | 5. 68 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.15 | 2.80 | 3. 05 | 3.08 | 3.03 | 3.09 | 3. 76 | 4.07 | 5. 37 |
    | Food expenditure units | 2.88 | 2.60 | 2.78 | 2.81 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 3.53 | 3.58 | 5. 30 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.81 | 2. 35 | 2.73 | 2.65 | 2.74 | 2.78 | 3.23 | 4. 26 | 5. 08 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 572 | \$743 | \$1, 122 | \$1,405 | \$1,620 | \$1,954 | \$2, 135 | \$2,333 | \$3, 168 |
    | Food. | 443 | 261 | 364 | 400 | 438 | 517 | 652 | 595 | 844 |
    | Clothing | 167 | 63 | 108 | 138 | 171 | 198 | 230 | 358 | 579 |
    | Housing | 227 | 144 | 184 | 202 | 246 | 269 | 316 | 277 | 263 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 78 | 57 | 63 | 72 | 82 | 88 | 96 | 101 | 130 |
    | Other household operation. | 80 | 32 | 42 | 64 | 88 | 99 | 131 | 180 | 243 |
    | Furnishings and equipment....- | 95 | 8 | 65 | 95 | 93 | 144 | 90 | 75 | 97 |
    | Transportation.-- | 202 | 52 | 124 | 182 | 229 | 280 | 235 | 215 | 328 |
    | Personal care.. | 38 | 25 | 28 | 35 | 38 | 44 | 41 | 87 | 86 |
    | Medical care | 79 | 32 | 36 | 77 | 77 | 103 | 82 | 187 | 215 |
    | Recreation | 90 | 44 | 66 | 79 | 83 | 109 | 144 | 192 | 187 |
    | Education | 7 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 6 | 20 | (2) | 37 |
    | Vocation | 6 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 13 | 3 | 30 |
    | Community welfare | 19 | 5 | 11 | 15 | 19 | 26 | 27 | 37 | 45 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 30 | 9 | 13 | 30 | 25 | 51 | 51 | 24 | 23 |
    | Other items. | 11 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 13 | 7 | 2 | 61 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food.- | 28.2 | 35.1 | 32.4 | 28.4 | 27.1 | 26.4 | 30.6 | 25.6 | 26.6 |
    | Clothing | 10.6 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 10.6 | 10. 1 | 10.8 | 15.4 | 18.3 |
    | Housing | 14.5 | 19.4 | 16.4 | 14.4 | 15. 2 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 11.9 | 8.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 5.0 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4. 5 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
    | Other household operation.-.-.- | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 7.7 | 7.7 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...... | 6.0 | 1.1 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
    | Transportation...-...-..... | 12.9 | 7.0 | 11.1 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 14. 3 | 11.0 | 9.2 | 10.4 |
    | Personal care.. | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 2.7 |
    | Medical care. | 5.0 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 5. 5 | 4. 8 | 5. 3 | 3.8 | 8.0 | 6.8 |
    | Recreation. | 5. 7 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5. 6 | 5. 1 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 5.9 |
    | Education. | . 4 | . 1 | . 3 | . 3 | . 7 | . 3 | . 9 | (1) | 1.2 |
    | Vocation. | . 4 | . 9 | . 4 | .3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 | ${ }^{.} 1$ | . 9 |
    | Community welfare. | 1.2 | . 7 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1. 3 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 7 |
    | Other items.-------- | . 7 | . 4 | . 9 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | . 3 | . 1 | 1.9 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual netincome of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ to \$1,200 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 100 | 12 | 38 | 32 | 12 | 6 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.---- | 4.90 | 3.51 | 4.34 | 5.62 | 5. 33 | 6. 67 |
    | Expenditure units | 4.34 | 3.02 | 3.85 | 4.93 | 4. 72 | 6. 18 |
    | Food expenditure units | 4.04 | 2.76 | 3. 60 | 4. 58 | 4.40 | 5. 86 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 3.71 | 2. 58 | 3. 24 | 4. 20 | 3.90 | 5. 89 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$954 | \$548 | \$790 | \$1,019 | \$1, 337 | \$1. 711 |
    | Food | 361 | 225 | 304 | 389 | 456 | 653 |
    | Clothing | 127 | 62 | 99 | 140 | 193 | 236 |
    | Housing. | 123 | 96 | 112 | 136 | 129 | 155 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 46 | 38 | 36 | 52 | 60 | 69 |
    | Other household operation. | 29 | 23 | 23 | 26 | 42 | 66 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 54 | 24 | 49 | 44 | 92 | 117 |
    | Transportation | 89 | 19 | 57 | 95 | 164 | 254 |
    | Personal care | 24 | 15 | 22 | 24 | 40 | 30 |
    | Medical care. | 24 | 15 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 22 |
    | Recreation. | 46 | 25 | 37 | 52 | 78 | 51 |
    | Education | 6 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 27 |
    | Vocation. | 2 | (2) | 1 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 7 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 13 | 2 | 14 | 9 | 36 | 13 |
    |  | 3 | (2) | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food..- | 37.9 | 41.1 | 38.4 | 38.1 | 34.2 | 38.1 |
    |  | 13.3 | 11.3 | 12.5 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 13.7 |
    | Housing | 12.9 | 17.5 | 14.2 | 13.3 | 9.6 | 9.1 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...-....-. | 4.8 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.0 |
    | Other household operation.-.-.-.-.-. | 3.0 | 4.2 | 2. 9 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....-.-.-- | 5.7 | 4. 4 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 |
    |  | 9.4 | 3.5 | 7.2 | 9.3 | 12.3 | 14.8 |
    | Personal care. | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care.-.------------------------- | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 3.0 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 2 | . 4 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.6 |
    | Vocation | . 2 | (1) | 1 | . 4 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Community welfare. | . 7 | . 5 | 9 | . 9 | 7 | . 6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. $\qquad$ | 1.4 | (1). 4 | 1.8 | . 9 | 2.7 | . 8 |
    |  | . 3 | (1) | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$ average per family.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    JaCKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,760 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 150 | 17 | 30 | 32 | 24 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 7 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.55 | 3.15 | 3.27 | 2.86 | 3.73 | 3.71 | 4.97 | 4.98 | 3.73 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.37 | 2.87 | 3.03 | 2.76 | 3.48 | 3.60 | 4.67 | 4.86 | 3.83 |
    | Food expenditure units.-......---- | 3. 25 | 2.67 | 2.84 | 2.70 | 3.31 | 3. 58 | 4.56 | 4.64 | 3. 94 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.------ | 3. 04 | 2.51 | 2. 69 | 2. 50 | 3. 06 | 3. 34 | 4.01 | 4,92 | 4. 05 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.--------------- | \$1,537 | \$790 | \$1, 110 | \$1, 354 | \$1,631 | \$1,930 | \$2, 130 | \$2,443 | \$2,610 |
    | Food. | 424 | 249 | 336 | 374 | 440 | 482 | 621 | 628 | 672 |
    | Clothing | 210 | 98 | 137 | 165 | 230 | 265 | 280 | 434 | 460 |
    | Housing | 227 | 161 | 199 | 220 | 205 | 294 | 257 | 245 | 339 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-.- | 71 | 46 | 52 | 63 | 84 | 91 | 92 | 86 | 82 |
    | Other household operation......- | 106 | 33 | 59 | 100 | 105 | 169 | 153 | 124 | ${ }_{2} 213$ |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-..- | 60 | 23 | 49 | 45 | 49 | 83 | 104 | 35 | 156 |
    | Transportation | 166 | 40 | 98 | 152 | 249 | 188 | 189 | 480 | 200 |
    | Personal care | 37 | 18 | 26 | 31 | 38 | 42 | 59 | 63 | 66 |
    | Medical care | 77 | 31 | 55 | 76 | 65 | 113 | 120 | 135 | 90 |
    | Recreation | 87 | 54 | 61 | 78 | 84 | 118 | 122 | 123 | 151 |
    | Education | 8 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 13 | 6 | 19 | 12 | 9 |
    | Vocation. | 4 |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 17 | 6 | 3 |
    | Community welfare | 19 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 26 | 29 | 23 | 28 | 28 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 28 | 3 | 12 | 20 | 31 | 26 | 67 | 36 | 112 |
    | Other items | 13 | 22 | 12 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 29 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- <br> All items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Allitems. | 100.0 27.6 | 100.0 31.5 | 100.0 30.3 | 100.0 27.6 | 100.0 26.9 | 100.0 25.0 | 100.0 29.2 | 100.6 25.8 | 100.0 25.8 |
    | Clothing | 13.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.2 | 14.1 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 17.8 | 17.6 |
    | Housing | 14.8 | 20.4 | 17.9 | 16.2 | 12.6 | 15.3 | 12. 1 | 10.0 | 13.0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 4.6 | 5.8 | 4. 7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.1 |
    | Other household operation | 6.9 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 5.1 | 8.2 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.9 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 1.4 | 6.0 |
    | Transportation. | 10.8 | 5.1 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 15.3 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 19.7 | 7.7 |
    | Personal care | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
    | Medical care | 5.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 5. 9 | 5. 6 | 5.5 | 3.4 |
    | Recreation. | 5.7 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 5.8 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 8 | . 3 | 9 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | Vocation | . 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 8 | . 2 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.8 | 4 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 4.3 |
    | Other items. | . 8 | 2.8 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 6 | 1.0 | 3 | . 3 | 1.1 |

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net incomeof- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$600 | \$600 to \$900 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 1,200$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 100 | 20 | 54 | 20 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 3.63 | 3. 73 | 3.02 | 4.79 | 4.98 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.33 | 3.33 | 2.80 | 4.35 | 4. 65 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.08 | 3.02 | 2.62 | 4. 05 | 4. 39 |
    | Clothing expenditure units ............... | 2.98 | 3.09 | 2.51 | 3.84 | 3. 90 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$761 | \$510 | \$711 | \$962 | \$1,381 |
    | Food. | 244 | 187 | 223 | 314 | 391 |
    | Clothing | 94 | 53 | 91 | 124 | 161 |
    | Housing | 111 | 99 | 110 | 133 | 97 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 63 | 43 | 64 | 70 | 91 |
    | Other household operation..---------- | 24 | 18 | 22 | 29 | 45 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.---...-- | 32 | 21 | 26 | 49 | 67 |
    |  | 54 | 18 | 49 | 70 | 163 |
    | Personal care. | 20 | 13 | 20 | 24 | 38 |
    | Medical care. | 44 | 15 | 40 | 43 | 176 |
    | Recreation. | 41 | 27 | 37 | 58 | 62 |
    | Education | 5 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 17 |
    | Vocation | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Community welfare. | 13 | 8 | 12 | 18 | 20 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 9 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 47 |
    |  | 6 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 4 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 32.0 | 36.7 | 31.4 | 32.7 | 28.3 |
    | Clothing | 12.3 | 10.4 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 11.7 |
    | Housing | 14.6 | 19.4 | 15.5 | 13.8 | 7.0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 8.3 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 7.3 | 6.6 |
    | Other household operation | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.--------- | 4.2 | 4. 1 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
    | Transportation. | 7.1 | 3.5 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 11.8 |
    | Personal care. | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
    | Medical care. | 5.8 | 2.9 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 12.7 |
    | Recreation. | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
    | Education. | . 7 | . 6 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.2 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.2 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 9 | 3. 4 |
    |  | . 8 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 3 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued jaOksonville, fla.-White families

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,700$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 178 | 20 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 34 | 13 | 5 | 8 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-- | 3. 54 | 3.17 | 3.15 | 3.61 | 3.48 | 4. 04 | 3. 55 | 3. 87 | 3. 57 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.29 | 2.91 | 2.89 | 3.31 | 3. 22 | 3.76 | 3.41 | 3.76 | 3.52 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.08 | 2.67 | 2. 66 | 3.07 | 2. 94 | 3.57 | 3. 39 | 3.68 | 3.52 |
    | Clothing expenditure unit | 2.89 | 2.67 | 2. 55 | 2.76 | 2.86 | 3.22 | 2.83 | 3.62 | 3. 65 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.-.----------1.------ | \$1,554 | \$793 | \$1,062 | \$1,334 | \$1,592 | \$1,905 | \$2, 116 | \$2, 524 | \$3, 266 |
    | Food | 469 | 301 | 364 | 35 | 470 | 584 | 604 | 594 | 679 |
    | Clothing | 166 | 72 | 97 | 126 | 172 | 216 | 210 | 294 | 469 |
    | Housing | 202 | 156 | 162 | 190 | 210 | 220 | 238 | 275 | 310 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 92 | 48 | 68 | 89 | 93 | 111 | 136 | 107 | 153 |
    | Other household operation. | 107 | 47 | 64 | 89 | 115 | 118 | 17 | 174 | 276 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 68 | 30 | 53 | 43 | 63 | 90 | 101 | 255 | 83 |
    | Transportation | 177 | 44 | 91 | 128 | 200 | 203 | 249 | 454 | 575 |
    | Personal care | 36 | 20 | 25 | 31 | 36 | 45 | 47 | 63 | 84 |
    | Medical care | 64 | 18 | 45 | 62 | 55 | 95 | 91 | 41 | 134 |
    | Recreation. | 100 | 44 | 66 | 85 | 104 | 104 | 151 | 208 | 262 |
    | Education. | 8 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 9 | 13 | 7 | 7 | 21 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 8 |
    | Community welfare-.------.-.-- | 20 | 3 | 8 | 19 | 27 | 22 | 30 | 25 | 67 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 30 | 4 | 9 | 11 | 32 | 58 | 39 | 26 | 114 |
    | Other items | 12 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 22 | 26 | 0 | 31 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 30.2 | 37.9 | 34.2 | 32.7 | 29.5 | 30.6 | 28.6 | 23.6 | 20.8 |
    | Clothing | 10.7 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 9.9 | 11.7 | 14.4 |
    | Housing | 13.0 | 19.7 | 15. 3 | 14. 2 | 13.2 | 11.5 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 9.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6. 4 | 6. 7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 4.2 | 4.7 |
    | Other household operation | 6.9 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6. 7 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 8.5 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.....- | 4.4 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 10.1 | 2.5 |
    | Transportation......--....-....-- | 11. 4 | 5. 5 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 12.5 | 10.7 | 11.8 | 18.0 | 17.6 |
    | Personal care. | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2. 3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
    | Medical care | 4.1 | 2.3 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 3. 5 | 5. 0 | 4.3 | 1.6 | 4.1 |
    | Recreation. | 6.4 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 | . 7 | . 6 | . 7 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 | .1 | .2 | . 4 | (1) | . 2 |
    | Community welfare | 1.3 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.9 | . 5 | . 8 | . 8 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
    | Other items | . 8 | . 4 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 0 | . 9 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900$ to <br> $\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 197 | 33 | 59 | 51 | 29 | 17 | 8 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons...- | 3.57 | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3.87 | 3.54 | 5.06 | 4. 12 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.24 | 2.81 | 2.78 | 3.51 | 3.22 | 4.60 | 3. 88 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.02 | 2. 61 | 2. 56 | 3.30 | 3.01 | 4.27 | 3. 73 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.79 | 2. 42 | 2.43 | 3.01 | 2.64 | 4.01 | 3.44 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 289 | \$793 | \$1,071 | \$1,324 | \$1,582 | \$1,863 | \$2,426 |
    | Food | 465 | 318 | 384 | 505 | 513 | 670 | 805 |
    | Clothing | 129 | 63 | 93 | 149 | 147 | 206 | 302 |
    | Housing. | 181 | 114 | 162 | 174 | 233 | 251 | 311 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 94 | 73 | 88 | 98 | 100 | 120 | 120 |
    | Other household operation. | 50 | 27 | 46 | 48 | 68 | 60 | 94 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 66 | 52 | 47 | 60 | 95 | 97 | 137 |
    | Transportation | 100 | 56 | 73 | 93 | 147 | 167 | 219 |
    | Personal care. | 26 | 16 | 23 | 28 | 30 | 37 | 47 |
    | Medical care | 56 | 21 | 52 | 52 | 78 | 86 | 104 |
    | Recreation | 62 | 34 | 48 | 64 | 66 | 109 | 141 |
    | Education. | 5 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 25 |
    | Vocation. | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 18 |
    |  | 18 | 8 | 18 | 20 | 28 | 23 | 18 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 28 | 6 | 17 | 22 | 71 | 24 | 85 |
    | Other items. | 5 | 0 | 15 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 36.1 | 40.1 | 35. 8 | 38.2 | 32.4 | 35.9 | 33.2 |
    | Clothing | 10.0 | 7.9 | 8.7 | 11.3 | 9. 3 | 11. 1 | 12.5 |
    | Housing. | 14. 1 | 14.3 | 15.1 | 13.2 | 14.7 | 13.5 | 12.9 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.3 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5. 0 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.9 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 5.1 | 6. 6 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 6. 0 | 5.2 | 5.6 |
    | Transportation...-.... | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 7. 0 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
    | Personal care | 2. 0 | 2. 0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1. 9 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
    | Medical care | 4. 3 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4,6 | 4.3 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
    | Education | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.0 |
    | Vocation. | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | 7 |
    | Community welfare | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1. 2 | 7 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 2. 2 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
    |  | . 4 | 0 | 1.4 | (1) | 1 | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by incame level-Continued LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All fami-lies | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$900 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \text { and } \\ & \quad \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 74 | 37 | 24 | 8 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-.-. | 3.83 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 6.13 | 4.57 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 42 | 3.09 | 3.10 | 5.46 | 4.07 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.19 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 5.22 | 3. 74 |
    | Clothing expenditure units...-.--------- | 2.86 | 2.64 | 2.53 | 4. 57 | 3.38 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$920 | \$723 | \$962 | \$1,316 | \$1,535 |
    | Food. | 347 | 293 | 353 | 492 | 481 |
    | Clothing | 86 | 58 | 80 | 168 | 183 |
    | Housing. | 135 | 121 | 125 | 169 | 222 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.---.-.--- | 92 | 77 | 99 | 125 | 126 |
    | Other household operation......-.-...- | 33 | 22 | 37 | 48 | 72 |
    | Furnishings and equipment..........-- | 33 | 20 | 43 | 53 | 49 |
    |  | 63 | 39 | 74 | 44 | 207 |
    | Personal care. | 19 | 15 | 21 | 30 | 24 |
    | Medical care | 36 | 29 | 42 | 42 | 58 |
    | Recreation. | 39 | 28 | 50 | 51 | 56 |
    | Education | 2 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 4 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 16 | 10 | 15 | 34 | 32 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 18 | 9 | 20 | 50 | 21 |
    | Other items. | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 37.9 | 40.6 | 36.6 | 37.4 | 31.3 |
    | Clothing | 9.3 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 12.8 | 11.9 |
    | Housing. | 14.7 | 16.7 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 14.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 10.0 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 9.5 | 8.2 |
    | Other household operation-: | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.7 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 3.6 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.2 |
    | Transportation. | 6.9 | 5.4 | 7.7 | 3.3 | 13.5 |
    | Personal care. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 |
    | Medical care. | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.8 |
    | Recreation. | 4.2 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
    | Education. | . 2 | .1 | . 1 | . 8 | . 3 |
    | Vocation. | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. $\qquad$ | (1) 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 1.4 |
    |  | (1) | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level—Continued
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items | 194 | 25 | 35 | 44 | 37 | 40 | 13 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-.- | 3. 53 | 2.97 | 3.58 | 3.71 | 3.45 | 3.60 | 3.76 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 25 | 2.69 | 3.27 | 3.42 | 3. 18 | 3. 35 | 3.62 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.07 | 2. 48 | 3. 06 | 3. 25 | 2. 98 | 3.17 | 3. 57 |
    | Clothing expenditure units. | 2.74 | 2.31 | 2.76 | 2. 90 | 2.63 | 2.78 | 3.19 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure forAll items | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,434 \\ 409 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 756 \\ 262 \end{array}$ | \$1, 139 | \$1, 403 | \$1,573 | \$1,809 | \$2,062 |
    | Food. |  |  | 340122174 | 404145 | 451169 | $\begin{aligned} & 482 \\ & 204 \end{aligned}$ | 547223 |
    | Clothing | 153 | 69 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Housing | 205 | 136 | 177 | 193 | 221 | 254 | 259 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 111 | 64 | 97 | 119 | 120 | 122 | 153 |
    | Other household operation | 85 | 28 | 49 | 88 | 99 | 110 | 159 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 85 | 35 | 62 | 87 | 103 | 108 | 110 |
    | Transportation..---------- | 141 | 45 | 116 | 106 | 158 | 234 | 177 |
    | Personal care.-- | 32 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 15336 | 38 |  |
    | Medical care | 83 |  | 6941 | 106 |  | 85 | 145 |
    | Recreation. | 68 | 41 |  | 67 | 73 | 92 |  |
    | Education | 6 | 1 | 41 | 7 | 4 | 7 | 112 20 |
    | Vocation. | 8 | 18 | 18 | 8 | 12 | 8 | 23 |
    | Community wellare | 22 |  |  | 20 | 20 | 28 | 48 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 22 | 46 | $\begin{array}{r}16 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 20 | 322 | 307 | 290 |
    |  | 4 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 28.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 34.7 \\ 9.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.8 \\ & 10.7 \end{aligned}$ | 28.7 | 28.7 | 26.7 | 26.6 |
    | Clothing | 10.7 |  |  | 10.3 | 10.8 | 11.3 | 12.6 |
    | Housing | 14.3 | 18.0 | 15.5 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 14.0 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.8 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 7. 7.7 |
    | Other household operation.-- | 5.9 | 3.74.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.3 \\ & 5.4 \end{aligned}$ | 6.36.2 | 6.3 | 6.1 |  |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 5.9 |  |  |  | 6.5 | 12.9 | 7.7 |
    | Transportation | 9.8 | 6.0 | 10.2 | 7.6 | 10.0 |  | 8.6 |
    | Personal care.- | 2.2 | 4.8 | 2. 26.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 7.6 \end{aligned}$ | 2.14.8 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
    | Medical care | 5.8 |  |  |  |  | 5.1 | 7.0 |
    | Recreation. | 4.7 | 5.4 | 3. 6 | 4.8 | 4.6 |  |  |
    | Education. | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 | . 5 | . 3 | 5.1 .4 | 5. 4 |
    | Vocation. | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 6 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.1 |
    |  | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1. 5 | . 5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
    | Other items... | . 3 | . 8 | . .4 | 1.4 .1 | . 1 | 1.7 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$600 | \$600 to \$900 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 94 | 15 | 53 | 19 | 7 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons..--.-. | 3.51 | 3.60 | 3.26 | 4.26 | 3.04 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.25 | 3.29 | 2.96 | 3.91 | 3. 57 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3. 06 | 3.10 | 2.78 | 3.69 | 3.36 |
    | Clothing expenditure units...-.---.-. -- | 2. 76 | 2. 81 | 2. 49 | 3.37 | 2. 99 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items. | \$807 | \$565 | \$748 | \$1, 022 | \$1, 231 |
    | Food | 289 | 238 | 269 | 350 | 391 |
    | Clothing. | 88 | 58 | 78 | 118 | 152 |
    | Housing | 122 | 97 | 113 | 154 | 156 |
    | Fuel, light, and reirigeration | 78 | 50 | 76 | 91 | 115 |
    | Other household operation.---------- | 26 | 11 | 20 | 39 | 73 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. .-...--- | 34 | 14 | 30 | 55 | 50 |
    | Transportation.-......-........-.-....- | 43 | 25 | 40 | 55 | 75 |
    | Personal care.- | 20 | 14 | 18 | 27 | 26 |
    | Medical care. | 35 | 22 | 31 | 48 | 58 |
    | Recreation. | 37 | 23 | 33 | 56 | 55 |
    | Education | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 13 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    |  | 12 | 8 | 11 | 14 | 30 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 13 | 1 | 16 | 7 | 34 |
    |  | 6 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.9 | 42.1 | 36.0 | 34.2 | 31.7 |
    | Clothing | 10.9 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 11.5 | 12.4 |
    |  | 15. 1 | 17.1 | 15. 2 | 15.1 | 12.7 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...-----.-- | 9.7 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 9.3 |
    | Other household operation... | 3.2 | 2.0 | 2. 7 | 3.8 | 5.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.2 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 4.1 |
    | Transportation...-------- | 5.3 | 4. 4 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
    | Personal care. | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 |
    | Medical care | 4.3 | 3. 9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
    | Recreation | 4.6 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 4.5 |
    | Education | $\bullet .4$ | . 4 | . 3 | . 5 | 1.1 |
    | Vocation- | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Community welfare.---------------- | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.6 | . 2 | 2.1 | . 7 | 2.8 |
    |  | . 7 | . 2 | 1.3 | .1 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Allfam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1.500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 146 | 5 | 24 | 21 | 35 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons--..- | 4.03 | 4.17 | 3.89 | 3. 64 | 4.07 | 3.84 | 4.12 | 5.13 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.72 | 3.52 | 3.55 | 3.40 | 3.70 | 3.58 | 3.84 | 4.90 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.51 | 3.21 | 3.35 | 3. 19 | 3. 50 | 3.43 | 3.62 | 4.58 |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 3.19 | 2,59 | 2. 97 | 3.11 | 3.11 | 3. 04 | 3.23 | 4. 48 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.-.... | \$1, 403 | \$564 | \$806 | \$1,058 | \$1,341 | \$1, 566 | \$1,850 | \$2,532 |
    | Food | 430 | 248 | 318 | 343 | 411 | 475 | 520 | 669 |
    | Clothing | 198 | 46 | 78 | 121 | 160 | 206 | 209 | 355 |
    | Housing | 183 | 96 | 94 | 145 | 164 | 204 | 264 | 314 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 101 | 40 | 75 | 88 | 103 | 98 | 129 | 144 |
    | Other household operation.....- | 86 | 21 | 39 | 64 | 81 | 96 | 120 | 180 |
    | Furnishings and equipment-.-.- | 66 | 16 | 24 | 34 | 90 | 70 | 71 | 145 |
    | Transportation.-.....-.--------- | 134 | 36 | 52 | 88 | 111 | 138 | 222 | 300 |
    | Personal care. | 32 | 9 | 20 | 28 | 29 | 37 | 40 | 59 |
    | Medical care | 62 | 9 | 39 | 47 | 63 | 71 | 75 | 106 |
    | Recreation. | 80 | 32 | 42 | 61 | 74 | 101 | 95 | 156 |
    | Education. | 9 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 19 | 9 |
    | Vocation. | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 9 | 9 |
    | Community welfare. | 21 | 3 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 23 | 26 | 53 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 18 | (2) | 2 | 9 | 13 | 27 | 39 | 20 |
    | Other items-.--- | 8 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 16 | 7 | 12 | 13 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 30.7 | 43.9 | 39.5 | 32.5 | 30.7 | 30.4 | 28.1 | 26.4 |
    | Clothing. | 12.0 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 11.3 | 14.0 |
    | Housing -....-------------------- | 13.0 | 17.0 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 14.3 | 12.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.--- | 7.2 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 8.3 | 7.7 | 6. 3 | 7.0 | 5.7 |
    | Other household operation....-- | 6.1 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 6. 0 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment....- | 4.7 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 6. 7 | 4. 5 | 3.8 | 5.7 |
    | Transportation .---------------- | 9.6 | 6. 4 | 6.5 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 12.0 | 11.8 |
    | Personal care...-.---------------- | 2.3 | 1. 6 | 2.5 | 2. 6 | 2. 2 | 2.4 | 2. 2 | 2.3 |
    | Medical care | 4.4 | 1. 6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4. 1 | 4.2 |
    | Recreation. | 5. 7 | 5. 7 | 5. 2 | 5. 8 | 5.5 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 6.2 |
    | Education. | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 | . 7 | . 4 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 4 |
    | Vocation.- | . 3 | .7 | . 2 | .2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 5 | . 4 |
    | Community welfare------------- | 1.5 | . 5 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1. 5 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.3 | (1) | . 2 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | . 8 |
    | Other items. | . 6 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 | 1.2 | 4 | . 6 | 5 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    1 Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$600 | \$600 to \$900 | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 94 | 28 | 48 | 18 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons--- | 3. 70 | 3.37 | 3. 50 | 4.76 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.38 | 3,09 | 3.24 | 4.39 |
    | Food expenditure units | 3.16 | 2.86 | 2.96 | 4.14 |
    |  | 2.97 | 2.62 | 2.94 | 3.77 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$772 | \$570 | \$722 | \$1,209 |
    | Food | 276 | 227 | 254 | 411 |
    | Clothing | 86 | 47 | 88 | 142 |
    | Housing | 95 | 87 | 92 | 115 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 57 | 52 | 51 | 81 |
    | Other household operation. | 26 | 17 | 22 | 48 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 29 | 12 | 34 | 41 |
    | Transportation. | 49 | 10 | 43 | 122 |
    | Personal care. | 18 | 14 | 18 | 27 |
    | Medical care. | 43 | 35 | 40 | 61 |
    | Recreation. | 44 | 28 | 42 | 73 |
    | Edueation. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 10 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 1 | (1) | (1) |
    | Community welfare | 13 | 8 | 11 | 24 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 18 | 15 | 17 | 26 |
    | Other items. | 13 | 15 | 7 | 26 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 35.7 | 39.8 | 35.2 | 34.0 |
    | Clothing | 11.1 | 8.2 | 12.2 | 11.8 |
    | Housing | 12.3 | 15.3 | 12.7 | 9.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 7.4 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.8 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 3.4 |
    | Transportation...-. | 6. 4 | 1.8 | 6.0 | 10.1 |
    | Personal care.......... | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.2 |
    | Medical care. | 5. 6 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
    | Recreation. | 5.7 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 8 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | . 2 | (1) |  |
    | Community welfare. | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the eco- |  |  |  |  |
    | nomic family | 2.3 1.7 | 2.6 2.6 | 2.4 1.0 | 2.2 |

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 2,400$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 318 | 14 | 60 | 71 | 60 | 72 | 25 | 7 | 9 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.--.-.--------.------.-.--- | 3.80 | 3.42 | 3.59 | 3.73 | 3.78 | 3.77 | 4.39 | 4.41 | 4.86 |
    |  | 3.51 | 3.23 | 3.24 | 3. 40 | 3. 50 | 3.46 | 4.12 | 4.23 | 4.65 |
    | Food expenditure units .-...-....-- | 3.32 | 3.09 | 3.07 | 3. 20 | 3.31 | 3.26 | 3.96 | 4.02 | 4. 45 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.------- | 3.01 | 3.82 | 2.71 | 2.81 | 3.04 | 2.95 | 3.65 | 4.26 | 4. 56 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1,294 | 579 | 792 | 1,007 | 1,337 | 1,601 | 1,888 | 2, 135 | 2,516 |
    | Food... | 462 | 262 | 328 | 393 | 480 | 528 | 657 | 731 | 805 |
    | Clothing | 137 | 38 | 72 | 92 | 143 | 176 | 226 | 276 | 375 |
    | Housing | 207 | 131 | 169 | 182 | 216 | 247 | 224 | 277 | 302 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-.- | 83 | 29 | 53 | 74 | 92 | 101 | 106 | 125 | 128 |
    | Other household operation.-.--- | 58 | 20 | 23 | 39 | 61 | 85 | 101 | 113 | 106 |
    | Furnishings and equipment....-. | 42 | 10 | 10 | 24 | 47 | 64 | 94 | 61 | 70 |
    | Transportation. | 99 | 30 | 38 | 60 | 85 | 168 | 162 | 133 | 263 |
    | Personal care | 31 | 14 | 18 | 24 | 34 | 37 | 41 | 59 | 84 |
    | Medical care | 55 | 18 | 33 | 29 | 50 | 84 | 91 | 149 | 86 |
    | Recreation | 73 | 22 | 34 | 58 | 82 | 104 | 94 | 125 | 142 |
    | Education. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 18 | 4 | 9 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | (2) | 1 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
    | Community welfare | 15 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 12 | 21 | 21 | 34 | 32 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ily ..-...-...-----.........- | 19 | (2) | 5 | 15 | 18 | 27 | 33 | 47 | 54 |
    | Other items.- | 6 | 0 | 0 | (3) | 5 | 10 | 15 | 0 | 59 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 35.7 | 45.3 | 41.4 | 39.0 | 36.0 | 31.7 | 34.8 | 34.2 | 32.1 |
    | Clothing | 10.6 | 6. 6 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 11.9 | 12.9 | 14.9 |
    | Housing | 16.0 | 32.6 | 21.3 | 18.0 | 16.2 | 14.8 | 11.8 | 12.9 | 12.0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-.- | 6.4 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 5. 6 | 5.9 | 5.1 |
    | Other household operation | 4. 5 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 4.2 |
    | Furn ishings and equipment.-.-- | 3.2 | 1. 7 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 5. 0 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
    | Transportation. | 7.6 | 5. 2 | 4.8 | 6. 0 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 8. 6 | 6.2 | 10.5 |
    | Personal care | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
    | Medical care | 4.3 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 3. 7 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 3.4 |
    | Recreation. | 5.6 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
    | Education | .3 | . 3 | . 1 | .3 | . 4 | 2 | 1.0 | (2) 2 | ${ }^{\text {(2) }} 4$ |
    | Vocation. | 2 | (1) | . 1 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |
    | Community welfare...-----..-. -- | 1.2 | . 5 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.5 | (1) | . 6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
    | Other items | 5 | 0 | 0 | (1) | 4 | 6 | . 8 | 0 | 2.3 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Familes with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items | 83 | 15 | 36 | 25 | 7 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage family size: | $\begin{aligned} & 3.84 \\ & 3.50 \\ & 3.31 \end{aligned}$ | 3. 22 <br> 2. 98 <br> 2. 80 <br> 20 | 3.793.463.303. | 4. 24 |  |
    | Persons.-..-.-.-........... |  |  |  |  | 3.96 <br> 3.66 |
    | Expenditure units.-...... |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Clothing expenditure units | 2.93 | 2.57 | 3.30 2.82 | 3. 25 | 3.09 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for-- <br> All items. $\qquad$ | \$815 | \$561 | \$713 | \$991 | \$1, 272 |
    | Food.............-.-.-.-.-.-............-- | 181311801 | 20645 | 28966 | 372108 | 431 <br> 133 <br> 18 |
    | Clothing. |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 15662 | 129 | 141 | 179 | 20780 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-.-.-.-..-- |  | 49 <br> 15 | 5620 | 75 78 |  |
    | Other household operation............- | 2326 |  |  | ${ }_{23}^{28}$ | 4255 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...........- |  | 1520 | 26 |  |  |
    | Transportation. | 38 |  | 151515 | 55 | 135 |
    | Personal care. | 18 <br> 34 | ${ }_{13}^{20}$ |  | 22 | 135 29 |
    | Medical care. |  | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ 21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2933 | 42 | 45 |
    |  | 3440402 |  |  | 562 | 608 |
    |  |  |  | 22 |  |  |
    |  | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ | 5 |  | $\stackrel{2}{10}$ |  |
    | Gitts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 12 | (2) 14 | 101 | ${ }_{5}^{12}$ |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 23 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure forAll items | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 13.9 |
    | Food---- | 38.29.8 | 36.78.0 | 40.59.3 | 37.6 |  |
    | Clothing |  |  |  |  | 10.516.36.3 |
    |  | 19.278 | 23.0 | 19.8 | 18.1 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration-.------.-. |  | 8.7 | 7.9 <br> 2.8 <br> 8 | 7.6 | 6.33.3 |
    | Other household operation.-..-.-.-.--- | 7.6 2.8 | 2.72.7 |  |  |  |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.2 |  | 3.6 | 2.8 2.3 | 4.3 |
    | Transportation. | ${ }^{4.7}$ | 3.6 | 2.1 | 5.5 | 10.6 |
    | Personal care. |  | 2.35.0 |  | 2.24.2 | 3. 5 |
    | Medical care | 4. 2 |  | 4.1 |  |  |
    | Recreation | 4.$\cdot$.22 | (1) 3.7 | 4.6.3 | 5.7 | 4.7 .6 |
    | Education.--- |  |  |  | $\stackrel{.2}{2}$ |  |
    | Vocation------ | 1.1 | $\begin{aligned} & .2 \\ & .9 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{3}{ }$. |  | 1.2 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family ther items | 1.11.5.2 | (1) 2.5 | 1.4.1 | 1.2.5 | 1.8 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level--Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 162 | 10 | 23 | 40 | 32 | 28 | 20 | 9 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons... | 3, 63 | 3.38 | 3.56 | 3.77 | 3.10 | 4.02 | 3.87 | 3. 56 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.33 | 3.02 | 3.27 | 3.38 | 2. 89 | 3.69 | 3.62 | 3.38 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.11 | 2. 76 | 3.02 | 3.15 | 2.71 | 3.42 | 3. 43 | 3. 34 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.------- | 2.78 | 2. 53 | 2.85 | 2. 72 | 2.51 | 3. 10 | 3.02 | 2. 58 |
    | A verage annual expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | \$1, 569 | \$797 | \$1, 073 | \$1, 363 | \$1, 570 | \$1,866 | \$2, 114 | \$2,490 |
    | Food | 511 | 308 | 388 | 501 | 495 | 579 | 621 | 695 |
    | Clothing- | 146 | 62 | 91 | 131 | 146 | 190 | 206 | 176 |
    | Housing. | 234 | 146 | 165 | 214 | 267 | 256 | 300 | 259 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...-- | 124 | 82 | 97 | 124 | 120 | 130 | 152 | 178 |
    | Other household operation..-.-- | 81 | 26 | 46 | 50 | 82 | 105 | 126 | 190 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-- | 88 | 18 | 40 | 85 | 90 | 106 | 150 | 110 |
    | Transportation. | 126 | 32 | 62 | 73 | 139 | 161 | 209 | 291 |
    | Personal care. | 29 | 15 | 24 | 22 | 26 | 35 | 42 | 47 |
    | Medical care | 64 | 21 | 37 | 46 | 46 | 109 | 71 | 178 |
    | Recreation | 90 | 52 | 74 | 71 | 82 | 93 | 137 | 168 |
    | Education | 9 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 49 |
    | Vocation | 4 | (2) | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 3 |
    | Community welfare | 30 | 12 | 15 | 21 | 31 | 41 | 37 | 75 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 24 | 5 | 19 | 13 | 22 | 32 | 38 | 61 |
    | Other items. | 9 | 16 | 13 | 3 | 10 | 17 | (2) | 1 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 32.6 | 38.6 | 36.2 | 36.8 | 31.6 | 31.1 | 29.3 | 28.0 |
    | Clothing | 9.3 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 7.1 |
    | Housing | 14.9 | 18.3 | 15.4 | 15.7 | 17.0 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 10.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-.-. | 7.9 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
    | Other household operation.....- | 5.2 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 3. 7 | 5. 2 | 5. 6 | 6.0 | 8.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment....- | 5.6 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5. 7 | 7.1 | 4.4 |
    | Transportation.---------.------ | 8.0 | 4.0 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 9.9 | 11.7 |
    | Personal care. | 1.8 | 1. 9 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
    | Medical car | 4. 1 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 7.1 |
    | Recreation. | 5.7 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 6.8 |
    | Education. | . 6 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 6 | . 4 | . 5 | 2.0 |
    | Vocation. | . 3 | (1) | 0 | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | . 7 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 3.0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.5 | . 6 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.4 |
    | Other items. | . 6 | 2.0 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 6 | . 9 | (1) | (1) |

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { lies }}{\text { All fami- }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 6000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ to $\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 109 | 11 | 47 | 31 | 15 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.. | 4.05 | 3.13 | 3.95 | 3.80 | 5.06 | 5. 45 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 64 | 2.73 | 3. 53 | 3.51 | 4.51 | 4.80 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3.41 | 2. 52 | 3.30. | 3.32 | 4.17 | 4. 65 |
    | Olothing expenditure units.-.-....-...--- | 3. 10 | 2.21 | 2.98 | 3. 14 | 3.83 | 3.72 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$918 | \$523 | \$762 | \$995 | \$1,299 | \$1,607 |
    | Food. | 353 | 228 | 312 | 372 | 459 | 582 |
    | Clothing. | 94 | 37 | 64 | 108 | 152 | 240 |
    | Housing | 133 | 87 | 136 | 142 | 135 | 135 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 88 | 70 | 71 | 99 | 116 | 132 |
    | Other household operation. | 30 | 15 | 22 | 28 | 51 | 86 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 49 | 14 | 34 | 54 | 93 | 100 |
    | Transportation. | 41 | 16 | 26 | 49 | 83 | 55 |
    | Personal care. | 18 | 10 | 15 | 19 | 30 | 29 |
    | Medical care. | 29 | 12 | 26 | 28 | 42 | 63 |
    | Recreation | 44 | 24 | 32 | 53 | 69 | 71 |
    | Education. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 2 |
    | Vocation | 2 | 0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4 | 0 | 9 |
    | Community welfare | 16 | 7 | 12 | 17 | 25 | 37 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family Other items | 14 3 | (2) | (2) 10 | 14 | (2) 39 | 14 52 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    |  | 38.5 | 43.5 | 40.9 | 37.4 | 35.4 | 36.3 |
    |  | 10.2 | 7.1 | 8.4 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 14.9 |
    |  | 14. 5 | 16.6 | 17.8 | 14.3 | 10.4 | 8.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.---.-.-. | 9.6 | 13.4 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 8.2 |
    | Other household operation....-........ | 3.3 | 2. 9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment--------- | 5.3 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 5.4 | 7.2 | 62 |
    |  | 4.5 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 4.9 | 6. 4 | 3.4 |
    | Personal care. | 2.0 | 1. 9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care | 3.2 | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 4.4 |
    | Education. | . 4 | . 2 | . 3 | . 6 | . 4 | . 1 |
    | Vocation- | .2 | 0 | (1) | .4 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Community welfare | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.5 | . 4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 3.0 | . 9 |
    |  | . 3 | (1) | (1) | . 2 | (1) | 3.2 |

    1 Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2.100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,700 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey- | 192 | 27 | 29 | 42 | 37 | 24 | 12 | 12 | 9 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3. 79 | 3.68 | 3.61 | 3.40 | 3.93 | 3.87 | 3.87 | 4.40 | 4.84 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 55 | 3. 33 | 3.34 | 3.18 | 3.72 | 3. 68 | 3.63 | 4. 21 | 4.65 |
    | Food expenditure units. | 3. 33 | 3.01 | 3.12 | 2.97 | 3.56 | 3.51 | 3.43 | 4.04 | 4.45 |
    | Clothing expenditure units.......-- | 3. 16 | 2.83 | 2. 91 | 2.79 | 3.26 | 3.24 | 3. 33 | 4.12 | 4. 54 |
    | A verage annual current expenditur for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.---- | \$1, 556 | \$817 | \$1, 200 | \$1,331 | \$1,669 | \$1,880 | \$2,048 | \$2,274 | \$2,990 |
    | Food. | 456 | 294 | 372 | 406 | 467 | 532 | 592 | 621 | 798 |
    | Clothing | 175 | 62 | 120 | 125 | 186 | 219 | 243 | 336 | 446 |
    | Housing | 255 | 159 | 222 | 230 | 292 | 264 | 343 | 298 | 408 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration----- | 118 | 78 | 99 | 114 | 125 | 136 | 123 | 152 | 183 |
    | Other household operation.....-- | 79 | 31 | 52 | 62 | 75 | 107 | 129 | 102 | 235 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-- | 62 | 21 | 70 | 54 | 65 | 58 | 115 | 59 | 121 |
    | Transportation | 135 | 68 | 69 | 97 | 159 | 229 | 178 | 241 | 188 |
    | Personal care | 32 | 14 | 21 | 27 | 36 | 40 | 45 | 55 | 67 |
    | Medical care | 83 | 33 | 77 | 101 | 72 | 79 | 76 | 108 | 195 |
    | Recreation | 78 | 39 | 49 | 60 | 82 | 94 | 107 | 161 | 148 |
    | Education | 10 | 5 | 13 | 6 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 18 | 3 |
    | Vocation- | $?$ | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
    | Community welfare....--.-.-.--- | 27 | 5 | 17 | 22 | 32 | 35 | 46 | 45 | 64 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 30 | 5 | 12 | 25 | 33 | 27 | 39 | 70 | 120 |
    |  | 14 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 26 | 52 | 1 | - | 6 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items-------------------------- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 29.4 | 36.0 | 31.0 | 30.5 | 27.9 | 28.4 | 290 | 27.3 | 26.7 |
    | Clothing | 11.2 | 7.6 | 10.0 | 9.3 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 14.7 | 15.0 |
    | Housing | 16. 4 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 14.0 | 16.8 | 13.1 | 13.7 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.6 | 9.6 | 8. 2 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 6.1 |
    | Other household operation.----- | 5.1 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 4.5 | 7.9 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-- | 4.0 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
    | Transportation. | 8.7 | 8.3 | 5.8 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 12.2 | 8.7 | 10.6 | 6.3 |
    | Personal care | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
    | Medical care. | 5.3 | 4.0 | 6. 4 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 6.5 |
    |  | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 7.1 | 4.9 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 2 | $\mathrm{ci}^{5}$ | . 8 | . 1 |
    | Vocation- | . 1 | . 1 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | (1) | . 1 | . 3 |
    | Community welfare--------.-.-- | 1.7 | . 6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1. 9 | . 6 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 4.0 |
    |  | . 9 | . 2 | . 6 | . 1 | 1.6 | 2.8 | (1) | . 3 | . 2 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 6.-Expenditures for groups of items, by income level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$600 | \$600 to \$900 | $\$ 900$ to \$1,200 | $\$ 1,200$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 11 | 41 | 33 | 11 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.... | 3.85 | 2. 75 | 3.93 | 3.80 | 4.79 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.48 | 2.54 | 3.54 | 3.44 | 4.34 |
    | Food expenditure units. --.-. | 3. 18 | 2.44 | 3.20 | 3.13 | 3.96 |
    | Clothing expenditure units...-.-.-----.-- | 3.03 | 2.08 | 3.09 | 3.08 | 3.62 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\$ 919$ | \$517 | $\$ 818$ | \$1,014 | \$1, 414 |
    | Food | 291 | 189 | 268 | 325 | 373 |
    | Clothing | 101 | 55 | 82 | 116 | 173 |
    | Housing | 118 | 83 | 121 | 124 | 126 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 104 | 74 | 100 | 111 | 121 |
    | Other household operation.----------- | 36 | 20 | 30 | 42 | 58 |
    | Furnishings and equipment - .-......- | 40 | 13 | 32 | 43 | 91 |
    | Transportation-...-..... | 45 | 9 | 32 | 58 | 94 |
    | Personal care. | 23 | 14 | 21 | 25 | 35 |
    | Medical care. | 59 | 24 | 57 | 69 | 76 |
    | Recreation. | 52 | 19 | 39 | 55 | 121 |
    | Education. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 8 |
    | Vocation. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Community welfare | 13 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 23 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 24 | 9 | 21 | 16 | 69 |
    |  | 9 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2 | 9 | 44 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 31.7 | 36.6 | 32.8 | 32.1 | 26.4 |
    | Clothing | 11.0 | 10.6 | 10.0 | 11.4 | 12.2 |
    | Housing | 12.8 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 12.2 | 8.9 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 11.3 | 14.3 | 12.2 | 11.0 | 8.6 |
    | Other household operation | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-........- | 4. 4 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 6.4 |
    | Transportation.------ | 4.9 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 6.6 |
    | Personal care. | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
    | Medical care. | 6.4 | 4.6 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 5.4 |
    |  | 5.7 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 8.6 |
    | Education | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 6 | . 6 |
    |  | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | .1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 2.6 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 4.9 |
    | Other items.-.-.---------------------------- | 1.0 | (1) | . 2 | . 9 | 3.1 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.--Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Allfam-ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{U n}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 6000 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. |  | No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & 9.850 \end{aligned}$ | 8. 240 | L0.622 | 13.319 | 54.4 | $\begin{aligned} & C t \\ & 40.7 \end{aligned}$ | 61. 5 | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 83.6 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Potatoes | 292 | 119 | 118 | 55 | 2. 975 | 2.836 | 3. 110 | 3. 108 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams.----.-. | 40 | 8 | 19 | 13. | . 123 | . 047 | . 148 | . 316 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | 1.0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total.- |  |  |  |  | $0^{.142}$ | .$^{.157}$ | $0_{0} 141$ | $0^{.090}$ | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
    | Dried corn. <br> Beans: Dry | 65 | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 26 | 5 | ${ }^{0} .076$ | ${ }^{0} .092$ | ${ }^{0} .075$ | ${ }^{0} .023$ | ${ }^{0} .6$ | ${ }^{0} .7$ | ${ }^{0} .6$ | ${ }^{0}$. |
    | Canned, dried | 26 | 12 | 12 | 2 | . 031 | . 029 | . 039 | . 017 | 2 | 2 | 3 |  |
    | Baked, not can | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | 005 |  |  | (1) ${ }^{2}$ | (1) ${ }^{2}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-ayed... | 5 | , | 1 | 0 | . 004 | . 007 | . 001 | 0 | (1) | ${ }^{\text {( }} .1$ | (1) | 0 |
    | Other | 5 | , | , | , | . 005 | . 007 | . 002 | . 006 | (1) | .1 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | (1) |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 1 | 0 | , | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 0 | . 003 | (1) | 0 |  | . 1 |
    | In shell. | 2 | 0 | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 1 | . 002 | $0$ | . 003 | . 006 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | (1) | .2 |
    | Peanut butter--.-.---------------- | 20 | 12 | 7 | 1 | . 021 | . 017 | . 019 | . 035 | (1) 3 | . 3 | (i) 3 | . 6 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts- |  |  |  |  | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | ${ }_{2}^{1}{ }_{2}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh. <br> Canned | 122 | 36 | 58 | 35 <br> 25 | . 222 | . 148 | . 2581 |  <br> .390 <br> 375 | 2.3 | 1. 2 | 2.8 | 4.8 |
    | Canned Juice | 153 23 | 70 5 | 58 | 25 9 | . 327 | . 346 | . 281 | .375 <br> .174 | 2.3 .5 | 2.4 .2 | 2.1 | 2.4 1.5 |
    | Sauce, paste | 22 | 13 | 4 | 5 | . 019 | . 025 | . 012 | . 015 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | 1.677 | 1.455 | 1.810 | 2.101 | 12. 8 | 89.9 | 14.8 | 17.6 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 13 | 3 | 7. | 1 | . 032 | . 021 | . 045 | . 041 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 4 |
    | Oabbage-- | 129 | 58 | 50 | 21 | . 482 | . 492 | . 477 | . 463 | 1.6 | 1. 6 | 1. 5 | 1.6 |
    | Sauerkraut | 53 | 29 | 17 | 7 | . 109 | .$^{.115}$ | . 089 | . 138 | .$^{6}$ | . 7 | . 5 | . 6 |
    | Collards. | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Kale... | 20 | 8 | 10 | 2 | . 025 | . 030 | . 025 | . 009 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 1 |
    | Lettuce Spinach: Fresh | 194 | 66 | 80 | 48 | . 182 | . 142 | . 196 | . 281 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 3. 4 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 122 | 43 | 54 | 25 | . 150 | . 104 | . 184 | . 223 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1. 9 | 3.2 |
    | Canned. | 12 | 4 | 7 | 1 | . 015 | . 012 | . 025 | . 003 | 1 | 1 | . 2 | (1) |
    | Other leafy vegetab | 1 | 1 | 0 | 13 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 001 |  |  | (1) | (1) |  | 0 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh. | 65 | 20 | 32 | 13 | . 075 | . 052 | . 086 | . 128 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
    | Canned | 18 | 5 | 9 | 4 | . 018 | . 007 | . 028 | . 028 | 3 | 1 | 5 | . 5 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh. | 18 | 10 | 3 | , | . 022 | . 026 | . 004 | . 056 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 5 |
    | Canned | 15 | 6 | 7 | 2 | . 017 | . 018 | . 017 | . 014 | 2 | .2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fresh | 90 | 30 | 40 | 20 | . 171 | . 142 | . 183 | . 240 | 1. 2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Canned. | 26 | 6 | 12 | 8 | . 050 | . 032 | . 045 | . 123 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1.0 |
    | Broccoli. | 4 | 0 | 2 | , | . 006 |  | . 009 | . 016 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 55 | 13 | 29 | 13 | . 122 | . 076 | . 166 | . 161 |  | .4 | 1. 2 | 1. 2 |
    | Can | 119 | 51 | 49 | 19 | . 190 | . 179 | . 219 | . 152 | 1. 9 | 1.7 | 2. 2 | 1. 6 |
    | Peppers | 14 | 4 | 3 | 7 | . 009 | . 006 | . 007 | . 025 | 1. | . 1 | . 1 | 3 |
    | Okra | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 |  | . 005 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 185 | . 122 | . 233 | . 276 | 1.1 | 6 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Carrots.-..---.-.------ | 142 | 46 | 68 | 33 | . 185 | . 122 | . 233 | . 276 | 1.1 | 6 | 1. 4 | 1.8 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | ${ }^{0} 1.029$ |  | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 1.582 | ${ }_{7}{ }^{1}$ | 0 | ${ }_{8} 8$. | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, tota | 33 | 15 | 10 | 8 | 1.029 | . 041 | 1.094 .030 | 1.582 | 7.3 .3 | 4.9 .2 | 8. 2 | 12.2 .5 |
    | Canned | 15 | 6 | 7 | 2 | . 019 | . 020 | . 020 | . 014 |  | 2 | 2 | . 1 |
    | Cauliflower | 16 | 4 | 6 | 析 | . 015 | . 007 | . 016 | . 041 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 8 |
    | Celery | 142 | 36 | 66 | 40 | . 145 | . 075 | . 176 | . 297 | 1.4 | 6 | 1.7 | 2.8 |
    | Corn: On ear | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 005 |  | . 014 |  |  | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Canne | 119 | 46 | 45 | 28 | . 176 | . 146 | . 192 | . 236 | 1. 7 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
    | Cucumber | 30 | 9 | 12 | - | . 046 | . 032 | . 042 | . 098 | 1. | . 2 | . 4 | . 7 |
    | Eggplant | 8 | 2 | 3 |  | . 016 | . 008 | . 011 | 055 | . | 1 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Onions: Matur | 217 | 87 | 83 | 47 | . 475 | . 401 | . 494 | 675 | 1. 8 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.8 |
    | Spring | 18 | 5 | 10 | 3 | . 027 | . 012 | . 047 | . 026 | (1) | (i) 1 | 3 | 1 |
    | Parsnips ----- |  | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 007 | . 008 | 0 | . 017 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 1 |
    | Summer squash |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips.-..----. | 9 | 5 | 4 | 0 | . 021 | . 025 | . 025 | 0 | .1 | 1 | (1) 1 | 0 |
    |  | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | $.019$ | . 027 | . 003 | . 029 | . 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1 |
    | Other vegetables. | 19 | 6 | 10 | 3 | . 015 | . 009 | . 024 | . 012 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 5 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | . 3 | . 7 | 1. 5 |
    | Citrus fruits, tot |  |  |  |  | 1.110 | . 713 | 1.275 | 2.032 | 7.7 | 4. 6 | 9.0 | 14. 6 |
    | Lemons_ | 65 | 20 | 26 | 19 | $.085$ | . 062 | . 092 | . 144 | . 7 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.5 |
    | Oranges | 235 | 84 | 97 | 54 | . 787 | . 550 | . 865 | 1.390 | 5.7 | 3. 7 | 6.5 | 10. 4 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. Canned | 78 6 | 16 | 38 3 | 24 3 | .231 .007 | $0^{.101}$ | .308 .010 | .477 <br> .021 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.6 .1 | 2.4 .3 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.0005 pound.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. -

    Table 7.--Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 490 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. | No. |  | No. | 1. 986 | 1.561 | 2. 208 | 2. 860 | 10.9 | 7.7 | 12.5 | 18.1 |
    | Apples: Fresh. <br> Canned $\qquad$ <br> Apricots: Fresh. <br> Canned. | 216 | 84 | 88 | 44 | . 804 | . 679 | . 863 | 1.077 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 4.9 |
    |  | 5 |  | 3 | 1 | . 005 | . 002 | . 005 | . 014 | (1) | (1) | . 1 | . 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | . 005 | 0 |  | . 035 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 004 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    |  | 185 | 73 | 82 | 30 | . 709 | . 602 | . 842 | . 738 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
    |  | 47 | 16 | 19 | 12 | . 092 | . 067 | . 110 | . 135 | 1.0 | . 7 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 5 | 2 | , | 2 | . 003 | . 003 | . 002 | . 009 | . 1 | . 1 | (1) | . 2 |
    |  | 4 | , | 2 | 2 | . 008 |  | . 008 | . 032 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | 3 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | . 003 |  | . 008 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 1 |
    |  | , |  | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 6 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 012 | . 004 | . 004 | . 055 | . 1 | (1) | (I) | . 5 |
    |  | 71 | 22 | 31 | 18 | . 144 | . 079 | . 173 | 290 | 1.3 | . 7 | 1.6 | 2.7 |
    | Pears: Fresh | 4 | , | 1 | 3 | . 006 |  | . 003 | . 035 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 |
    |  | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | . 014 | . 008 | . 008 | . 046 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | .4 |
    | Pineapples: Fre | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | . 010 | 0 | . 004 | . 057 | . 1 | 0 | (1) | . 4 |
    |  | 37 | 13 | 17 | 7 | . 071 | . 060 | . 076 | . 096 | (1) 8 | . 6 | . 9 | 1. 0 |
    | Melons $\qquad$ <br> Plums: Fresh | 1 | , | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 010 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 012 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    |  | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 013 | . 004 | . 004 | . 058 | . 1 | (1) | (1) | . 4 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 006 | . 003 | . 009 | . 009 | .1 | 1 | .1 | 2 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice. |  | , | 1 | 2 | . 003 | . 001 | . 002 | . 012 | . 1 | (1) | (1) | . 2 |
    | Other fruit juices <br> Dried: Apricots | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 007 | . 003 | . 013 | . 603 | . 1 | (1) | . 2 | 1 |
    |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 005 | . 003 | . 005 | . 012 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 3 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 003 | . 0 | . 009 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Peaches | 34 | 9 | 16 | 9 | . 044 | . 028 | . 052 | . 076 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 8 |
    | Raisins | 15 | 4 | 4 | 7 | . 014 | . 010 | . 012 | . 037 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 4 |
    | Dates.------------------------------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 006 | ( 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Sugars and swe |  |  |  |  | 1. 301 | 1. 111 | 1.479 | 1. 483 | 8.1 | 6. 7 | 8.9 | 9.8 |
    |  | 267 | 109 | 111 | 47 | 1. 163 | 1.003 | 1. 309 | 1.333 | 5.9 | 5. 0 | 6.6 | 6.9 |
    | Sugars: White | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 012 | . 009 | . 021 | 0 | . 1 | .1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Cand | 43 | 18 | 17 | 8 | . 045 | . 037 | . 048 | . 061 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
    |  | 33 | 10 | 16 | 7 | . 032 | . 026 | . 039 | . 035 | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Molasses, sirups.. Other sweets | 40 | 18 | 15 | 7 | . 048 | $0^{.036}$ | . 060 | $0^{.054}$ |  | $0^{.4}$ | (1) $^{6}$ | . 5 |
    | Other sweets.-... |  |  |  |  | . 101 | 0 | . 002 |  | (1) ${ }^{18.4}$ | ${ }_{13}^{0}$ | (1) 20.0 | 0 82.2 |
    | Gelatine........ | 23 | 10 | 10 | 3 | . 013 | . 007 | . 022 | . 013 | 18.4 .4 | 13.3 .2 | 20.0 .5 | 2. 2 .5 |
    | Packaged de | 57 | 19 | 27 | 11 | . 021 | . 014 | . 024 | . 031 | . 6 | . 4 | . 8 | 1. 0 |
    | Tea..... | 129 | 51 | 57 | 21 | . 035 | . 029 | . 042 | . 030 | 2. 0 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
    | Coftee | 282 | 113 | 113 | 56 | . 332 | . 283 | . 361 | . 421 | 7.6 | 6. 2 | 8.3 | 10.6 |
    | Cocoa | 19 | 8 | 8 | 3 | . 013 | . 012 | . 015 | . 016 | . 2 | . 2 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 2 |
    | Chocolate | 12 | 6 | 4 | 2 | . 005 | . 004 | . 005 | . 0109 | 2 | .1 | . 1 | . 4 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 8 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 6 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda.-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 5 | .4 | . 4 | 9 |
    | Spices and extracts.......--------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | . 3 | . 2 | . 3 |
    | Catsups, sauces.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 6 | . 7 | 1.0 |
    | Tomato soup... | 35 | 13 | 15 | 7 | . 041 | . 034 | . 042 | . 064 | 6 | 5 | 6 | . 9 |
    | Other somps | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | . 011 | . 010 | . 009 | . 021 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 4 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 16 | 6 | 4 | 6 | . 011 | . 009 | . 008 | . 036 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 7 | 2.3 |
    | Proprietary foods | 5 | 1. | 4 | 0 | . 005 | . 002 | . 010 | 0 | . 2 | 1 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Other foods.-...- | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 003 | 0 | . 006 | . 006 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.. | 51 | 12 | 23 | 18 | . 230 | . 072 | . 270 | . 656 | 1.4 | . 5 | 1.8 | 3.9 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home.Sales tax on food..............----- | 25 | 4 | 9 | 12 | . 098 | . 018 | . 094 | . 373 | 1.6 | 4 | 1.4 | 6.0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    ## BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-21$

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 weok |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic <br> level-Fami- <br> lies spending <br> per expendi- <br> ture unit per <br> year |  |  | All fam. ilies | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | $N 0$. | Lb, | $L b$. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Frats, total...................... |  |  |  |  | 1.025 | 0.710 | 1.092 | 1. 428 | 21.3 | 12. 4 | 22.6 | 33.6 |
    | Butter. | 75 | 14 | 35 | 26 | . 192 | . 076 | . 197 | . 378 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 6.9 | 13.2 |
    | Cream. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 |  |  | . 005 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Other table fats | 17 | 9 | 6 | 2 | . 070 | . 112 | . 056 | . 026 | 1.0 | 1. 5 | . 8 | 5 |
    | Lard | 87 | 20 | 40 | 27 | . 407 | . 313 | . 434 | . 513 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 6. 1 | 7.4 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 024 |  | . 012 | . 090 | . 4 | 0 | . 2 | 1.7 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing | 24 | 2 | 12 | 10 | . 041 | 0 | . 056 | . 079 | 9 | 0 | 1. 2 | 1.9 |
    | Bacon, smoked -...............-.-. | 47 | 10 | 22 | 15 | . 156 | . 093 | . 181 | . 215 | 4. 4 | 2.2 | 5. 0 | 6. 7 |
    | Salt side of pork. | 28 | 7 | 15 | 6 | 134 | 116 | . 156 | 122 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 635 | 1.611 | 2.672 | 3.851 | 48.3 | 25.9 | 51.2 | 82. 6 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sirloin | 18 | 2 | 8 | 8 | . 084 | . 030 | . 069 | 208 | 2.2 | 8 | 1.8 | 5.6 |
    | top round | 19 | 3 | 8 | 8 | . 080 | . 037 | . 070 | 173 | 1. 2.8 | 7 | 1.7 | 5. 4.0 |
    | other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Roast, rib | 116 | 2 | 6 | 3 | . 094 | . 071 | . 084 | . 154 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 3. 4 |
    | chuck | 16 | 3 | 6 | 7 | . 145 | . 060 | . 169 | 244 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 4.6 |
    | other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boiling, chuc | 16 | , | 6 | 7 | . 091 | . 075 | . 062 | . 179 | 1.5 | 1.3 | . 9 | 3.2 |
    | plate | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | .030 | . 037 | . 025 | . 026 | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 |
    | other | 6 |  | 3 | 2 | . 040 | . 015 | . 050 | . 064 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 8 |
    | Canned | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 015 |  | . 024 | . 026 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 6 |
    | Corned | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 018 | . 045 | . 005 |  | 3 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
    | Dried | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 005 | . 002 | . 002 | . 016 | . 2 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 |
    | Other-------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, | 12 | 0 | 8 | 4 | . 054 | 0 | . 084 | . 083 | 1.1 | 0 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
    | roast.-.-....-....--- | 3 | 0 | 3 |  | . 032 |  | . 075 | 0 | . 6 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 |
    | stew | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ | 1 | 1 | 4 | . 032 | . 022 | . 012 | . 090 | . 5 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.4 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | . 027 |  | . 034 | . 058 | 8 | 0 | 1.0 | 1. 9 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | . 039 | $0$ | . 025 | . 135 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 2.6 |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 8 | 1 | . 030 | . 037 | . 025 | . 026 | . 5 | . 5 | 5 | 5 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 41 | 9 | 18 | 14 | . 156 | . 104 | . 156 | . 244 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 3. 9 | 7. 2 |
    | Pork. Presh, loin roast | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 | . 074 | . 019 | . 106 | . 102 | 1.8 | . 5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
    | Smother-.-.-.-.-...- | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 0566 | $0^{.075}$ | . 050 | . 038 | 1.0 | 1. 2 | . 8 | . 8 |
    | Smoked ham, slices | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | . 036 | 0 | . 050 | . 070 | . 9 | 0 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
    | whole..-- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 024 | 0 | 0 | . 115 | . 5 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 |
    | picnic. | 11 | 4 | 5 | 2 | . 142 | . 157 | . 131 | . 141 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
    | Pork sausage | 16 | 4 | 6 | 7 | . 050 | . 052 | . 034 | . 109 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 6 | 2.2 |
    | Other pork.-.----- | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | . 016 | . 030 |  | . 026 | . 3 | . 5 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total |  |  |  |  | . 358 | . 283 | . 398 | . 404 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 8.6 | 9.9 |
    | Other fresh meat. | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | . 047 | . 030 | . 078 | . 013 | . 6 | . 4 | 1.0 | . 2 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 50 | 12 | 23 | 15 | . 163 | . 140 | . 155 | . 221 | 3.7 | 2. 7 | 3. 7 | 5.6 |
    | Cooked: Ham. | 17 | 3 | 9 | 5 | . 038 | .$^{.050}$ | . 031 | . 029 | 1.2 | ${ }^{.} 7$ | 1.4 | 1.4 |
    | Tongue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Liver--------- | 31 | 5 | 17 | 9 | . 105 | . 056 | . 128 | . 141 | 1.9 | . 8 | 2.4 | 2.7 |
    | Other meat products | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 005 | . 007 | . 006 | 0 | $2^{-1}$ | .1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling | 8 | 0 | 1 | 4 | . 081 | 0 | . 097 | . 192 | 2.2 | 0 | 2.4 | 5.8 |
    | roast.. | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 063 | 0 | . 088 | . 122 | 1.6 | 0 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
    | Turkey stew | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | $0^{.038}$ | 0 | $0^{.056}$ | $0^{.064}$ | 1.1 | 0 | 1.7 | 1.9 |
    | Turkey... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0. | 0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | . 619 | . 460 | . 691 | . 742 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 7.8 | 9.2 |
    | Fish, Fresh. | 71 | 16 | 33 | 22 | . 547 | . 380 | . 644 | . 635 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 7.0 | 7.8 |
    | Canned | 12 | 5 | 0 | 3 | $.064$ | $0^{.080}$ | .$^{.028}$ | $0^{.107}$ | 0.8 | $0_{0}^{9}$ | $0^{.5}$ | 1.4 |
    | Cured. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters....-- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | .$^{.008}$ | 0 | $0_{0} 019$ | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Other sea food | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity pur-chased per person in 1week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total.-.-. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 7.494 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} L . \\ \mathbf{5 . 0 0 3} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lb. } \\ 7.501 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & { }_{3} 11.795 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 31.0 | 18.0 | 32.2 | 54. 6 |
    | Potatoes | 92 | 20 | 43 | 29 | 2. 404 | 1.767 | 2. 411 | 3. 487 | 6. 2 | 4.3 | 6.4 | 9.1 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 25 | , | 11 | 8 | . 306 | . 190 | . 325 | . 465 | . 9 | . 4 | 1. 0 | 1.7 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total..- |  |  |  |  | . 272 | .$^{.264}$ | . 273 | . 285 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
    | Dried corn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 33 | 7 | 15 | 11 | . 182 | . 179 | . 175 | . 205 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
    | Canned, dried | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 3 | 1 | $0^{.040}$ | .$^{.014}$ | $0^{.073}$ | .$^{.016}$ | ${ }_{0} .3$ | $\underline{.1}$ | $0^{.4}$ | . 1 |
    | Baked, not canned | 8 | 0 | 0 | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed......... | 8 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 3 | , | . 027 | . 022 | . 019 | . 051 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .4 |
    | Nuts: Other | 3 | 2 | 0 |  | $0^{.022}$ | .$^{.045}$ | $0^{.006}$ | $0^{.013}$ | $0_{0}{ }^{2}$ | $0^{.4}$ | $0^{.1}$ | $0^{.1}$ |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peanut butter --...-..........- | , | , | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 001$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peanut butter. Other dried legumes and nuts. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.001}$ | $0^{.004}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $(1)$ 0 | .$^{.1}$ | 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh. | 17 | 3 |  |  | . 078 | ${ }^{0} .037$ | . 047 | . 215 | . 7 | . 4 | . 4 | 2.0 |
    | Canned | 40 | , | 16 | 16 | . 185 | . 112 | . 167 | . 345 | 1. 2 | .7 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
    | Juice. | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 |  | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Sauce, paste. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 005 | . 003 | . 010 | 0 | . 1 | (1) | 1 | 0 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 2. 022 | 1. 689 | 1.834 | 2. 985 | 9.1 | 5. 7 | 8.6 | 16.8 |
    | Brussels sprouts.............-- | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 086 | . 040 | . 050 | . 205 | 2 | 1 | . 2 | 8 |
    | Cabbage. | 60 | 17 | 25 | 17 | 1.011 | 1. 045 | . 944 | 1.090 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.8 |
    | Sauerkrau | 8 |  | 6 | 1 | . 038 | . 016 | . 062 | . 026 | 2 | (1) | 4 | 2 |
    | Collards | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | 0 | 016 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | , |
    | Kale.. | 27 | 7 | 10 | 10 | . 178 | . 090 | . 136 | . 417 | 1.1 | 6 | 1.1 | 1. 9 |
    | Lettuce | 28 | 5 | 13. | 10 | . 074 | . 039 | . 075 | . 135 | . 7 | 3 | .7 | 1.4 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 35 | 9 | 11. | 15 | . 148 | . 118 | . 097 | . 308 | 1.2 | 8 | 8 | 2.6 |
    | Canned | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 014 |  | . 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetables | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 018 | . 0009 | . 020 | . 032 | 2 | . 1 | 2 | . 2 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh-- | 8 | 0 | 2 | 6 | . 006 |  | . 003 | . 022 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1.6 |
    | Canned | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh. | 3 | 2 | 1. | 0 | . 022 | . 045 | . 012 | 0 | $\mathrm{ci}^{1}$ | .$^{2}$ | 1 | 0 |
    | Canned | 30 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 1 | . 003 | 0 |  | . 016 | (1) | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{1} .8$ |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh.-- | 30 9 | 6 3 |  | 9 | . 203 | . 118 | . 250 | . 278 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
    | Broccoli. .-....-. Canned. | 9 |  | 5 | 1 | $0^{.036}$ | $0^{.052}$ | $0^{.033}$ | $0^{.016}$ | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{.3}$ | .$^{2}$ | $0^{.2}$ |
    | Peas: Fresh | 13 | 2 | 2 | 9 | ${ }^{.} 105$ | ${ }^{-} .060$ | . 038 | . 320 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 6$ | $\stackrel{0}{.} 3$ | - 3 | 1.9 |
    | Peanne | 17 | 2 | 8 | 7 | . 073 | . 037 | . 084 | . 112 | 6 | . 3 | 7 | 1.0 |
    | Peppers | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 002 |  |  | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Okra | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, tot |  |  |  |  | . 054 | . 030 | . 050 | . 102 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
    | Carrots-...-. | 19 | 3 | 9 | 7 | . 054 | . 030 | . 050 | . 102 | 3 | 2 | 3 | . 6 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total........--- |  |  |  |  | . 734 | . 334 | . 890 | 1.114 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 4.3 | 6. 5 |
    | Beets: Fresh. | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | . 018 | . 007 | . 012 | . 051 | . 1. | (1) | 1 | . 4 |
    | Oanned | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | . 008 | . 016 | 1 | 0 | . 1 | 1 |
    | Cauliflower | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 005 | . 015 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Celery | 14 | 2 | 6 | 6 | . 043 | . 022 | . 044 | . 077 | .4 | .$^{2}$ | . 4 | 7 |
    | Corn: On es | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 7$ | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Cann | 21 | 0 | 13 | 8 | . 084 | 0 | . 134 | . 128 | . 7 | 0 | 1.1 | 1. 1 |
    | Cucumber. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | . 012 | 0 | . 022 | . 015 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | . 1 |
    | Eggplant | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 010 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Onions: Mature | 66 | 11 | 36 | 19 | . 465 | . 186 | . 622 | . 622 | 1.6 | . 8 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
    | Spring | 6 | 1 | 1 | 4 | . 017 | . 011 | . 008 | . 051 | 1 | . 1 | (1) | . 3 |
    | Parsnips | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 020 | . 056 | $0^{\circ}$ | $0$ | . 1 | $0^{.2}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips.-........... | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | . 047 | $0^{.037}$ | . 016 | $.128$ | ${ }_{(1)} 1$ | $0^{.1}$ | 1 | . 4 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabag | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | 0 | . 016 | $0$ | (1) | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Other vegetables... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 026 | (t) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Pickles and olives. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | . 457 | . 155 | . 425 | 1. 054 | 2.9 | 9 | 2.9 | 6.8 |
    | Lemons.- | 14 | 1 | 9 | 4 | . 058 | . 007 | . 095 | . 067 | 4 | 1 | . 8 | . 6 |
    | Oranges | 37 | 7 | 13 | 17 | . 281 | . 148 | . 230 | . 628 | 1.9 | 8 | 1.5 | 4.5 |
    | Qrapefruit: Fres | 15 0 | 0 | , | 9 | $0^{.118}$ | 0 0 | $0^{.100}$ | $0_{0}^{.359}$ | $0^{.6}$ | 0 0 | 0 | 1.7 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.0005 pound.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Fami. lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased jor Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & 1.497 \end{aligned}$ | Lb. <br> I. 417 | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 1.465 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 1.793 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 31.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ct. } \\ & 26.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 33.9 \end{aligned}$ | $C t .$ |
    | Fats, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Butter | 129 | 40 | 44 | 45 | . 230 | . 135 | . 292 | . 425 | 7.6 | 4. 1 | 10.2 | 14.4 |
    | Cream. | 19 | 2 | 8 | 9 | . 030 | . 018 | . 030 | . 063 | . 8 | 3 | 1.0 | 2. 2 |
    | Other table | 82 | 47 | 24 | 11 | . 161 | . 172 | . 159 | . 132 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
    | Lard. | 154 | 74 | 44 | 36 | . 467 | . 551 | . 402 | . 308 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 6. 2 | 5. 0 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 46 | 13 | 16 | 17 | . 096 | . 074 | . 088 | 177 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 30 |  | 6 | 15 | . 032 | . 018 | . 017 | . 096 | . 8 | . 5 | .4 | 2.2 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing | 118 | 50 | 38 | 30 | . 096 | . 085 | . 111 | . 109 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
    | Bacon, smoked | 132 | 49 | 45 | 38 | . 226 | . 172 | . 245 | . 364 | 6.5 | 47 | 7.5 | 10.2 |
    | Salt side of pork | 80 | 44 | 20 | 16 | . 159 | . 192 | . 121 | . 119 | 3.0 | 3. 6 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 098 | 1. 467 | 2. 410 | 3. 317 | 41.5 | 28.7 | 45.9 | 74.7 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | sirloin | 93 | 33 | 30 | 30 | . 207 | 148 | . 231 | . 353 | 5.3 | 3. 6 | 5.8 | 10.0 |
    | top round. | 38 | 13 | 13 | 12 | . 090 | . 051 | 108 | . 179 | 2. 2 | 1. 3 | 2.6 | 4.5 |
    | other. | 9 | 3 | 4 | 2 | . 015 | . 010 | . 024 | . 016 | . 3 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 |
    | Roast, rib. | 49 | 22 | 12 | 15 | . 186 | . 145 | . 152 | . 366 | 3.4 | 2. 6 | 3.1 | 6. 6 |
    | chuck | 22 | 7 | 8 | 7 | . 125 | . 059 | . 098 | . 108 | 1.5 | 1. 2 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
    | other | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | . 029 | . 021 | . 031 | . 050 | . 6 | . 4 | .6 | 1. 3 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | . 018 | . 017 | . 026 | . 009 | (i) | 2 | .4 | . 2 |
    | plate | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | other | 19 | 8 | 7 | 4 | . 057 | . 050 | . 066 | . 065 | . 7 | 6 | . 7 | 1.0 |
    | Canned.-.......... | 13 | 8 | 1 | 4 | . 028 | . 029 | . 006 | . 060 | 4 | 5 | .1 | . 7 |
    | Corned | , | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 011 | . 007 | . 013 | . 045 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
    | Dried | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 005 | . 006 | . 003 | . 009 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    | Other | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, ch | 22 | 5 | 9 | 8 | . 032 | . 020 | . 043 | . 052 | . 8 | . 3 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
    | (east...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | stew -.. | , | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | . 006 | . 005 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | .004 | 0 | . 007 | . 009 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | . 3 |
    | Lame roast | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 009 | 009 |  | . 025 | .1 | . 1 | 0 | 5 |
    | Pork: Firs, stew. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 68 | 27 | 22 | 19 | . 139 | . 107 | . 157 | . 213 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 5.3 |
    | loin roa | 27 | 9 | 4 | 14 | . 109 | . 056 | . 064 | . 344 | 2. 2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 6.8 |
    | other.. | 13 | 1 | 9 | 3 | . 200 | . 006 | . 672 | . 045 | 2.4 | . 1 | 7.9 | . 5 |
    | Smoked ham, slices | 31 | 8 | 9 | 14 | . 037 | . 020 | . 027 | . 106 | 1.3 | .7 | 1.2 | 3. 7 |
    | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ha } 1 \mathrm{f} \text { or } \mathrm{r} \\ & \text { whole. } \end{aligned}$ | 10 | 6 | 2 |  | . 082 | . 080 | . 045 | . 149 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 9 | 3.6 |
    | picnic.-...- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 |  |  |
    | Pork sausage | 94 | 40 | 29 | 25 | . 164 | . 149 | . 126 | . 272 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 6.3 |
    | Other pork | 17 | 5 | 4 | 8 | . 027 | . 024 | . 025 | . 040 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 7 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total.....- |  |  |  |  | . 176 | . 190 | . 137 | . 189 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3. 1 | 4.7 |
    | Other fresh meat | 2 | 1 |  | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 006 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurt | 35 | 21 | 9 | 5 | . 066 | . 078 | . 062 | . 035 | 1. 2 | 1. 4 | 1. 1 | . 7 |
    | Cooked: Ham. | 23 | 10 | 5 | 8 | . 027 | .$^{.030}$ | .$^{.014}$ | . 039 | .9 | . 9 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
    | Liver Tongue | 32 | 12 | 0 | 11 | . 005 | ${ }^{0} 035$ | ${ }^{0} 039$ | .027 | -1 | ${ }^{0} 6$ | $\mathrm{O}_{8}$ | -3 |
    | Other--------- | 32 | 12 | 9 | 11 | . 046 | . 035 | . 039 | $0^{.088}$ | $\stackrel{9}{5}$ | 6 | 8 | 2. 0 |
    | Poultry: Chicken. broiling...-.-- | 19 | 8 | 4 | 7 | . 104 | . 111 | . 096 | . 097 | 2.0 | 1. 8 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
    | roast. | 13 | 7 |  | 3 | . 061 | . 038 | . 059 | . 135 | 1.3 | 1. 0 | 1.0 | 2.7 |
    | stew | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | . 003 | 0 | 0 | . 018 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Turkey...-. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 006 | . 012 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other-..-..........------ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 006 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total.-- |  |  |  |  | . 167 | . 095 | . 188 | . 352 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 4.1 | 7.7 |
    | Fish: Fresh. | 25 | 5 | 10 | 10 | . 045 | . 022 | . 056 | . 098 | 1.0 | . 5 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
    | Canned | 37 | 11 | 10 | 16 | . 063 | . 047 | . 053 | . 129 | 9 | . 6 | . 7 | 2.2 |
    | Cured. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 003 | 0 | . 007 | . 002 | . 1 | 0 | . | (1) |
    | Oysters.- | 30 | 9 | 11 | 10 | . 049 | . 026 | . 066 | . 092 | 1.3 | . 7 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
    | Other sea food. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | . 007 | 0 | . 006 | . 031 | . 2 | 0 | . 1 | 1.2 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity pur-chased per person in 1week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economiclevel-Fami-lies spendingper expendi-ture unit peryear |  |  | All famtlies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | \$600 and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\boldsymbol{L b}$. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct. |  |  |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits, |  |  |  |  | 8.242 | 6.464 | 9.176 | 13.510 | 45.5 | 32.2 | 47.5 | 85.0 |
    | Potatoes. | 192 | 85 | 56 | 51 | 1. 609 | 1. 576 | 1. 442 | 1.979 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.6 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams. | 98 | 46 | 26 | 26 | . 672 | . 677 | . 532 | . 882 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total.- |  |  |  |  | $0^{.568}$ | .$^{.659}$ | $0^{.435}$ | .$^{.493}$ | 6. 6 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 7.6 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 95 | 57 | 24 | 14 | . 214 | . 276 | . 148 | . 130 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 9 |
    | Canned, dried | 14 | 7 | 6 | 1 | . 017 | . 019 | . 018 | . 007 | (1) | ${ }^{2} 2$ | . 11 | 1 |
    | Baked, not cann | , | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 003 | . 003 |  | . 009 | (1) | (1) | 0 |  |
    | Peas: Black-eyed. | 73 | 38 | 21 | 14 | . 137 | . 168 | . 091 | . 112 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 9 | 8 |
    | Other- | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | . 009 | . 013 | . 008 |  | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 14 | 1 | 5 | 8 | . 020 |  | . 016 | . 089 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2.9 |
    | In shell | 18 | 9 | 3 | 6 | . 094 | . 105 | . 082 | . 076 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
    | Peanut butter | 65 | 33 | 21 | 11 | . 069 | . 066 | . 074 | . 070 | 1. 2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | . 005 | . 009 |  |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh | 22 | 4 | 2 | 14 | . 045 | . 013 | . 032 | . 164 | . 5 | . 1 | . 4 | 1.6 |
    | Canned | 100 | 44 | 27 | 29 | . 290 | . 190 | . 279 | . 620 | 2.3) | 1.6 | 2.5 | 4.2 |
    | Juice. | 24 | 3 | 8 | 13 | . 060 | . 009 | . 110 | . 136 | . 5 | . 1 | . 8 | 1.3 |
    | Sauce, paste | 13 | 3 | 6 | 4 | . 009 | . 004 | . 012 | . 016 | , | . 1 | 2 |  |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 295 | . 863 | 1.482 | 2. 330 | 8. 6 | 4.7 | 10.1 | 18.7 |
    | Brussels sprouts. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 009 | (1) |  | 0 | 2 |
    | Cabbage | 99 | 44 | 32 | 23 | . 474 | . 390 | . 582 | . 559 | 1. 0 | 9 | 1. 1 | 1.2 |
    | Sauerkrau | 30 | 16 | 5 | 9 | . 043 | . 039 | . 032 | . 075 | .4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 7 |
    | Collards | 21 | 8 | 7 | 6 | . 033 | . 023 | . 039 | . 052 | 2 | . 1 | . 2 |  |
    | Kale. | . | 0 | 0 | - |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce. | 109 | 32 | 38 | 39 | . 187 | . 107 | . 217 | . 391 | 1.8 | . 9 | 2.4 | 3.7 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 36 | 5 | 12 | 19 | . 106 | . 028 | . 119 | . 327 | . 7 | . 2 | . 8 | 2.2 |
    | Canned | 21 | 6 | 10 | 5 | . 012 | . 020 | . 072 | . 063 | . 5 | 2 | . 9 |  |
    | Other leafy vegetakles...----- | 56 | 26 | 12 | 18 | . 136 | . 132 | . 102 | . 202 |  | . 7 | . 7 | 1.3 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 009 | (1) | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Canned | 10 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 6 | . 018 | . 006 | . 014 | . 062 | . 3 | 1 | .2 | 1.2 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh Canned | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 | 2 | 1 | . 020 | . 025 | .017 <br> .029 | . 0069 | . 2 | 2 | . 2 |  |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fresh..-- | 14 | 2 | 2 | 7 | . 023 | . 007 | . 0298 | . .105 | . 3 | 1 | 4 |  |
    | Beans, snap (string): $\underset{\text { Cresnued.- }}{ }$ | 134 | 14 | 10 | 10 | . 038 | . 1027 | . 083 | . 105 | . 48 | 1 | 8 | 1.2 |
    | Broccoli. | , | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 0 | $0{ }^{-2}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fres | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 004 | . 004 | . 006 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 1. | 0 |
    | Can | 50 | 11 | 21 | 18 | . 099 | . 038 | . 126 | . 247 | 1.3 | . 5 | 1. 6 | 3.4 |
    | Peppers | 13 | 6 | 1 | 6 | . 013 | . 005 | . 006 | . 046 | (1) 1 | 1 | (1) |  |
    | Okra.-- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1. | . 002 | 0 | . 003 | -009 | (1) | . 0 | . 1 |  |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 153 | . 067 | . 175 | . 381 | . 9 | . 3 | 1.0 | 2.5 |
    | Carrots.... | 71 | 17 | 22 | 32 | . 132 | . 058 | . 130 | . 363 | . 8 | (i) ${ }^{3}$ | . 8 |  |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | , | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 021 | . 009 | . 045 | . 018 | . 1 | (1) | 2 |  |
    | Other vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | . 582 | . 444 | . 559 | 1.049 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 10.3 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 2 | 8 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Canned | 9 | 8 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | . 002 | . 007 |  | (1) | (1) |  | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 6 | 1 | 1 | 4 | . 020 | . 002 | . 002 | . 105 | .2 | (t) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.1 |
    | Celery | 51 | 14 | 21 | 16 | . 085 | . 046 | . 099 | . 182 | . 9 |  | . 9 | 1.9 |
    | Corn: On e | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann | 56 | 18 | 14 | 24 | . 107 | . 072 | . 104 | .223 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.9 |
    | Cucumber | 1 | , | 0 | , | . 003 | 0 |  | . 018 | (1) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
    | Eggplant | 6 | 1 | 0 | 5 | . 010 | . 002 | 0 | . 053 | . 1 | (1) | 0 | . 5 |
    | Onions: Matur | 140 | 65 | 42 | 33 | . 229 | 224 | . 199 | . 290 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
    | Spring | 1 | 0 | , | 1 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 009 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Parsnips.-. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | . 005 | 0 |  | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | , | 0 | 0 | d | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips. | 31 | 10 | 13 | 8 | . 071 | . 050 | . 101 | . 088 | .4 | .2 | 7 | . 7 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 13 | 6. | 4 | 3 | . 045 | . 037 | . 047 | . 070 | 2 | .1 | 2 | . 2 |
    | Other vegetables. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 004 | . 004 | 0 | . 011 | (1) | (1) | 0 |  |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 9 | . 7 | 1. 0 | 1. 5 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 1.707 | 1.032 | 2.814 | 3. 288 | 6.8 | 3.9 | 8.3 | 13.3 |
    | Lemons.... | 63 | 23 | 18 | 22 | . 096 | . 077 | . 085 | . 171 | . 7 | . 5 | . 7 | 1.4 |
    | Oranges | 146 | 54 | 50 | 42 | 1. 221 | . 791 | 1. 473 | 2. 154 | 5.0 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 9.0 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. | 52 | 10 | 20 0 | ${ }_{-2}$ | .385 <br> .005 | $0^{.164}$ | 1.256 0 | $\begin{array}{r}.932 \\ .031 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10 10 .1 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r}1.3 \\ .0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2.5 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter by economic level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 weok |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Ec level lies per ture | conom l-Fr spend expen unit year | mic ami- ding ndi- | All families | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Pur-chased for Cansumption at Homein 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. |  |  |  | Lib. 252 | Lb. | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 1.304 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{L b_{1}}{2.172}$ | ${ }_{\text {Clt. }}$ | ${ }_{67} 6.6$ | Ct. 3 | $C t$ $18.7$ |
    | Apples: Fresh. |  |  | 35 |  | . 548 | . 419 | . 523 | . 989 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 5. 1 |
    | Apples Canned |  |  |  |  | . 002 | $0^{\circ}$ | . 008 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Aprion Canned | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 007 | 0 | . 010 | . 022 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 3 |
    | Bananas. | 93 | 30 | 31 | 32 | . 377 | . 278 | . 443 | . 582 | 1.8 | 1. 2 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 004 | . 003 | . 006 | . 004 | . 1 | . 1 | (1) | (1) |
    | Canne | 7 |  | 3 | 1 | . 010 | . 012 | . 011 | . 006 | . 2 | 2 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 3 | 1 | 1. | 1 | . 003 | . 001 | . 004 | . 007 | ${ }^{-1}$ | . 1 | . 1 | 4 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 17 | 7 | 6 | 4 | . 016 | . 007 | . 028 | . 206 | . 2 | .1 | 4 | . 4 |
    | Pears: Fresh. | , | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 8 | 5 | 0 | 3 | . 009 | . 003 | 0 | . 041 | .1 | . 1 | 0 | 6 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 003 | . 004 | 0 | . 004 | . 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
    | Canned | 37 | 9 | 12 | 16 | . 060 | . 025 | . 076 | . 143 | 8 | 4 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
    | Melons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit | 8 | 4 | 3 | 1 | . 025 | 034 | . 020 | . 006 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Cider | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | . 011 | . 010 | . 006 | . 023 | . 2 | . 1 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | . 7 |
    | Other fruit juices | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 005 | 0 | 004 | . 020 | .1 | 0 | (1) | . 4 |
    | Dried: A pricots | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 006 | 0 | . 018 | . 004 | 1 | 0 | . 3 | 1 |
    | Peaches | 16 | 5 | 4 | 7 | . 029 | . 025 | . 023 | . 051 | 4 | 3 | . 3 | . 7 |
    | Prunes | 34 | 12 | 9 | 13 | . 053 | . 031 | 072 | . 092 | . 6 | . 3 | 6 | 1.3 |
    | Raisins | 30 | 18 | 5 | 7 | . 036 | . 039 | . 019 | . 053 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
    | Dates | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 021 | . 012 | . 007 | . 072 | 5 | , | 1 | 2.0 |
    | Figs.- | 4 | 1. | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 1 | . 002 | 0 | . 003 | . 009 | (1) | 0 | 1 | . 1 |
    | Other-..--- | 14 | 8 | 5 | 1 | . 023 | . 024 | . 023 | . 018 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | 4 |
    | Sugars and sweets, tot |  |  |  |  | 1.503 | 1.428 | :. 312 | 2.044 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 14.3 |
    | Sugars: White. | 195 | 86 | 57 | 52 | 1. 189 | 1.093 | 1. 039 | 1.726 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 0. 2 |
    | Brown. | 13 | 7 | 4 | 5 | . 033 | . 028 | . 020 | . 071 | . 4 | . 4 | 1 | 7 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 38 | 17 | 12 | 9 | . 063 | . 061 | . 042 | . 106 | 1. 1 | 1.0 | 8 | 1.9 |
    | Jellies. | 55 | 17 | 20 | 18 | . 025 | . 004 | . 041 | . 066 | . 5 | . 1 | 7 | 1.3 |
    | Molasses, sirups. | 69 | 38 | 25 | 6 | . 191 | . 239 | 170 | . 075 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.2 |
    | Miscollaneous total |  |  |  |  | . 002 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | (t) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18.6 | 11.7 | 22.6 | 32.7 |
    | Gelatine-- | 25 | 3 | 11 | 11 | . 016 | . 003 | . 035 | . 028 | . 4 | . 1 | .6 | 1.0 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures | 24 | 5 | 10 | 9 | . 014 | . 003 | . 021 | . 039 | . 5 | , | . 7 | 1.1 |
    | Tea-... | 34 | 13 | 6 | 15 | . 011 | . 004 | . 003 | . 045 | . 5 | . | (1) | 2.1 |
    | Coffee | 190 | 85 | 57 | 48 | . 270 | . 230 | . 272 | . 394 | 6.9 | 5. 7 | 6.8 | 11.1 |
    | Cocor | 79 | 32 | 22 | 25 | . 025 | . 023 | . 025 | . 029 | . 4 | . 3 | 5 | . 7 |
    | Ohocolate | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | . 004 | 0 | . 004 | . 014 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 5 |
    | Salt--.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 9 | . 8 | 1. 0 | 1.0 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
    | Spices and extracts....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 7 | .4 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
    | Catsups, sauces... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 8 | . 7 | . 7 | 1.2 |
    | Tomato soup. | 29 | 10 | 12 | 7 | . 048 | . 046 | . 046 | . 057 | . 7 | . 4 | 1.1 | . 8 |
    | Other soups. | 32 | 7. | 11 | 14 | . 070 | . 044 | . 063 | . 166 | . 8 | 2 | . 7 | 2.5 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 18 | 4 | 11 | 3 | . 042 | . 007 | . 107 | . 047 | 1.3 | 3 | 3. 4 | 9 |
    | Propriatary foods | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1.47 | . 238 | . 061 | 0 | . 4 | 3 | . 9 | 0 |
    | Other foods | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | . 018 | 0 | . 051 | . 022 | 1 | 0 | 2 | . 5 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home-- | 22 | 6 | 8 | 8 | . 885 | . 369 | 1. 235 | 1.929 | . 7 | .3 | . 9 | 1.4 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. | 12 | 2 | 2 | 8 | . 030 | . 005 | . 052 | . 076 | 1.2 | . 1 | 1.3 | 4.6 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { lies }}{\text { All fami- }}$ |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$200 | \$200 to \$400 |  | $\$ 400$ ove | and <br> er |
    | Number of families surveyed in winter quarter............. <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 101 |  | 38 |  | 43 |  | 20 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\text { 3. } 59$ |  | 5.04 |  | 2.92 |  | 2. 28 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.22 |  | 2. 61 |  | 2. 10 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in I week |  |  |  |
    |  | All families |  | conom <br> l-F <br> spen <br> expe <br> unit <br> year | mic ${ }_{\text {ami- }}$ | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \$400 and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total | No. |  |  | No. |  |  |  | 2. | 139.7 | 92.1 | 176.1 | 244.9 |
    | Grain products, total |  |  |  |  | 5. 331 | 4. 531 | 6. 162 | 6. 416 | 626.4 | 20.3 | 32.1 | 37.8 |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | . 374 | . 199 | . 453 | . 890 | 03.8 | 1.9 | 4.9 | 9.4 |
    | Bread: White....-.-.-.-.---- | 48 | 20 | 17 | 11 | . 289 | . 182 | . 298 | . 713 | 3.9 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 7.2 |
    | Graham, whole wheat | 3 |  |  |  | . 013 |  | . 028 | . 024 | 4 | 0 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Rye.-...... | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | 4 (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Crackers.. | 14 | 4 | - | 1 | . 029 | . 011 | . 066 | 0 | . 3 | .1 | . 7 | 0 |
    | Plain rolls | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | . 038 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 4 |  |
    | Sweet rolls | 2 | 1 |  | , | . 004 | . 003 |  | . 020 | 0 (1) | (1) | 0 | . 2 |
    | Cookies | 2 | 1 | , | 1 | . 003 | . 003 | 0 | . 014 | 4 (1) | (1) | 0 | 1 |
    | Cakes | 6 | , | 2 |  | . 020 |  | . 023 | . 095 | 5 -4 | 0 | . 5 | 1.5 |
    | Pies. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other- |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 9 |  | 3 | 5 | . 013 | 0 | . 024 | . 040 | 0.2 | 0 | . 3 | . 8 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total |  |  |  |  | 4. 944 | 4. 332 | 5. 685 | 5. 486 | 622.4 | 18.4 | 26.9 | 27.6 |
    | Flour: White -------------- | 94 | 37 | 39 | 18 | 2.708 | 2. 414 | 3. 271 | 2.389 | 13.9 | 11.7 | 17.1 | 14.0 |
    | Graham | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 053 | 0 | . 153 |  | .2 | 0 | . 7 | 0 |
    | Corn meal | 87 | 34 | 36 | 17 | 1.567 | 1. 326 | 1.614 | 2. 454 | 4.4 .5 | 3.7 | 4. 5 | 7.8 |
    | Hominy- | 38 | 17 | 14 | 7 | . 205 | . 250 | . 133 | . 221 | 1.9 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.6 |
    | Cornstarch | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 013 | . 006 | . 017 | . 036 | $6 \quad .1$ | (1) | 1 | . 2 |
    | Rice. | 61 | 22 | 30 | 9 | . 299 | . 258 | . 398 | . 199 | $9 \quad 1.8$ | 1. 4 | 2.7 | 1.4 |
    | Rolled oats. | 16 | 6 | 8 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | . 033 | . 028 | . 036 | . 046 | 6 . 3 | . 3 | 4 | . 4 |
    | Wheat cereal | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 009 | 0 | . 008 | . 047 | $7 \quad .1$ | 0 | .1 | .$^{.8}$ |
    | Tapicoa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sago....... | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles | 34 |  | 14 | 9 | . 057 | . 050 | . 055 | . 094 | 4.6 | . 5 | . 6 | 1.4 |
    | Other grain products...-....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggs--------.-.----------------- | 71 | 17 | 36 | 18 | . 287 | . 147 | . 328 | . 759 | 96.7 | 2. 0 | 9.3 | 15.6 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 740 | 1. 095 | 2. 286 | 2. 949 | 98.2 | 5. 7 | 11.0 | 19.2 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 25 | 8 | 10 | 7 | . 261 | . 125 | . 363 | . 553 | 3.5 | . 5 | 2. 3 | 3.6 |
    | crimmed lose...- | 7 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ |  | 3 |  | $.126$ |  |  | $90^{.5}$ | $0^{.5}$ | $0^{.3}$ | 1.4 |
    | skimmed......- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other | 67 | 23 | 29 | 15 | . 982 | . 592 | 1. 450 | 1.333 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 4.5 | 6.0 |
    | Skimmed, dried.-...-.-- | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 022 | . 021 | . 024 | . 024 | 4 . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Evaporated and condensed. | 64 | 23 | 30 | 11 | . 241 | . 196 | . 282 | . 315 | $5 \quad 2.2$ | 1.7 | 2.5 | 3.2 |
    | Cheese: American | 30 | 10 | 6 | 14 | . 055 | . 032 | . 042 | 1.87 | 1.2 | . 7 | 1. 0 | 3.8 |
    | Cottage. | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 000 | 0 | 1.1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 1 | , | 0 | . 001 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | (1) |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice cream. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 028 | 8.1 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { onom } \\ & \text { - Fa } \\ & \text { spend } \\ & \text { exper } \\ & \text { unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mic } \\ & \text { ami } \\ & \text { ading } \\ & \text { endi- } \\ & \text { in per } \end{aligned}$ | All fam: ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economie level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\mathrm{Un}-$ der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, |  |  |  |  | 5.163 | 3.361 | 6.397 | 9.313 | 21.1 | 13.7 | 25.8 | 42.3 |
    | Potatoes | 62 | 25 | 22 | 15 | . 813 | . 606 | . 834 | 1.631 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1. 9 | 4.2 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 72 | 31 | 28 | 13 | 1. 229 | . 909 | 1. 635 | 1.454 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 3.0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total |  |  |  |  | . 484 | . 467 | . 471 | . 584 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 4.4 |
    | Dried corn.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |
    | Beans: Dry....-....- | 32 |  | 10 | 2 | . 160 | . 212 | 1.14 | . 071 | 1.2 | 1. 6 | . 8 | . 4 |
    | Canned, dried...... | 5 |  |  | 2 | .$_{0}^{.023}$ | $0^{.011}$ | $0^{.026}$ | $0^{.064}$ | $0^{2}$ | 0.1 | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{.6}$ |
    | Baked, not canned. | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 345$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 57 | 24 |  |  | $0^{.261}$ | $0^{.222}$ | $0^{.290}$ | $0^{.345}$ | 1.6 | ${ }_{0} 1.4$ | 1.7 | 1.9 |
    |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled In shell | 0 5 |  |  | 0 | ${ }^{0} .109$ | ${ }^{0} .016$ | ${ }^{0} .009$ | ${ }^{0} .057$ | ${ }^{0}$. | ${ }^{0}$. | ${ }^{0}$. | ${ }^{0} .7$ |
    | Peanut butter | 10 | 1 | 5 | 4 | . 021 | . 006 | . 032 | . 047 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 8 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh. .------------ | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | . 006 | 0 | . 017 |  | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Canne | 17 | 6 | , | 5 | . 081 | . 055 | . 046 | . 289 | ${ }^{7}$ | . 4 | 5 | 2.5 |
    | Juice | 1 |  | - | 1 | . 007 |  |  | . 059 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Sauce, paste | 3. | 1 |  | 1 | . 002 | . 003 | . 001 |  | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1.057 | . 759 | 1.238 | 1.798 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 7.9 |
    | Brussels sprouts. | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage | 45 | 18 |  | 10 | 5.05 | . 418 | . 509 | . 856 | 1. 2 | . 9 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
    | Sauerkrau | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 006 |  | . 018 |  | 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Collards | 52 | 20 |  | 8 | . 269 | . 207 | . 358 | . 284 | 1. 6 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
    | Kale | 0 | 0. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce. | 10 | 2 | ) | 4 | . 025 | . 008 | . 026 | . 089 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.1 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 7 |  | 3 | 3 | . 033 | . 006 | . 064 | . 061 | (1) ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 6 | . 4 |
    | Canned | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | . 007 |  | 0 | (t) | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetabl | 28 | 9 |  | 7 | . 164 | .$^{.091}$ | .$^{.228}$ | $0^{.298}$ | $0^{.9}$ | $0^{.6}$ | 1.2 | 1.6 |
    | Asparagus: Frash. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-}$ | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh. | , | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 000 | . 011 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fres | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 006 | 0 | . 017 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Can | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 020 | 0 |  | . 15 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 7 |
    | Broccoli. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fres | , | - | 0 | 1 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Can | , | 0 |  | 1 | . 010 | 0 | . 018 | . 030 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | . 4 |
    | Pepper | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 006 | . 011 | 0 | 0 | $\mathrm{i}^{1}$ | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables total.........- |  |  |  |  | . 007 | . 011 | . 004 | 0 | (1) |  | (1) | 0 |
    | Carrots.. |  |  |  | 0 | . 007 | . 011 | . 004 | 0 | (1) |  | (1) | 0 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin - | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total.........-- |  |  |  |  | . 420 | . 203 | . 591 | . 855 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 5.5 |
    | Beets: Fresh.-................... | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 0 | , |  | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | .013 | 0 | . 026 | . 036 | $\cdot 1$ | 0 | .2 | . 4 |
    | Celery | 8 | 0 | 5 | 3 | . 021 | 0 | . 039 | .$^{.59}$ | .$^{2}$ | 0 | . 4 | 8 |
    | Corn: On | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann |  |  | 4 | 3 | . 031 | . 008 | 044 | .$^{.092}$ | . 3 |  | 5 | 9 |
    | Cucumber | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 003 | 0 | . 009 |  | I | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | ${ }_{15}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 193$ | ${ }^{0}$ |  | 0 | 08 | 0 | 1. | 17 |
    | Onions: Mature | 55 |  |  | 14 | . 193 | .096 .002 | $0^{.262}$ | $0^{.408}$ |  |  | 1.1 | 1.7 |
    | Parsnins Spring | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.001}$ | $0^{.002}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | (1) | (1) 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Parsnips_-...-. | 0 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | ${ }_{15}^{0}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 0 | 0 3 | ${ }^{0} 110$ | ${ }^{0} 075$ | ${ }^{0} 108$ | ${ }^{0} 260$ | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }^{0}{ }_{4}$ | ${ }^{0} .5$ | 1.3 |
    | White turnips---.-.-.-- | $\begin{array}{r}15 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 | 6 | 3 0 | .110 .048 | .075 .022 | . 108 | $0^{.260}$ | . 6 | .4 | . 5 | 1.3 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 | $0^{.048}$ | $0^{.022}$ | $0^{.103}$ | 0 0 | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{1}$ | $0^{.4}$ | 0 |
    | Other vegetables <br> Pickles and olives. | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | ${ }^{0}$. |
    | Oitrus fruits, total. |  |  |  |  | . 648 | . 186 | 1.025 | 1. 551 | 2.4 | 7 | 3. 9 | 5. 6 |
    | Lemons..- | 14 |  | 9 | 4 | . 048 | . 008 | . 609 | . 142 | . 4 |  | . 6 | . 9 |
    | Oranges | 45 |  | 20 | 12 | . 486 | . 170 | . 750 | 1. 089 | 1.8 |  | 3. 0 | 4. 0 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | 3 0 | - 2 | .$^{.116}$ | $0^{.008}$ | $0^{.208}$ | $0^{.320}$ | $0^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (1) } \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ |  | $0^{.7}$ |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Contin ued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un-1 | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. 0.409 | Lb. | $\stackrel{L b .}{0.535}$ | Lb. 1.092 | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Apples: Fresh. <br> Canned. <br> Apricots: Fresh <br> Canned <br> Bananas. | 32 |  |  | 10. | . 217 | . 103 | . 257 | . 586 | 1.2 | 1.5. | 1.5 | 3.1 |
    |  | 1 | 1. | 0 | - | $0^{.}$ | $0^{-1}$ | $0^{+}$ | $0^{-58}$ | 0 | $\cdot{ }^{-}$ | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 . |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 12 | 2 | 6 | 4 | . 091 | . 022 | . 180 | . 134 | (i) 4 | . 1 | . 7 | . 7 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Canned | 2 | 0 | 1. | 1 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh.......................................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 004 | . 028 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 | . 3 |
    | Grapes: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | . 013 | 0 | . 021 | . 042 | .1 | 0 | . 3 | ${ }^{.} 4$ |
    | Pears: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | . 006 | 0 | $0^{.017}$ | 0 | ( 1 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Pineapple. Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | $0^{.005}$ | 0 |  | $0^{.042}$ | (1) | 0 | 0 | $0^{.4}$ |
    | Melons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. Cider | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 009 | 0 | 0 | . 071 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 9 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 | $0^{-4}$ |
    | Other fruit juic | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried, Peaches...-.......-------- | 5 | 2 | 1. | 2 | . 021 | . 017 | . 009 | . 071 | . 2 | . 3 | (1) | . 6 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 006 | 0 | 0 | . 047 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. 2 |
    |  |  | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 013 | . 003 | . 032 |  | . 1 | (t) | . 2 | 0 |
    | Dates. |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | . 006 | 0 | 0 | (1) ${ }_{3}$ | .1 | 0 |  |
    |  | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}.015 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 011 | + 009 | . 047 | .3 | . 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
    | Sugars and sweets, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 432 | . 932 | 1.783 | 2. 594 | 9.0 | 6.0 | 10.8 | 15.9 |
    | Sugars: White |  | 38 |  | 20 | 1. 108 | $0^{.736}$ | 1. 342 | 2. 033 | 6. 3 | 4.3 | 7. 6 | 10.6 |
    | Other sweets: Cand |  |  |  |  | . 0204 | ${ }^{0} .029$ | . .009 | .024 .059 | .1 | ${ }^{0} .3$ | . 1 | . 8 |
    |  |  | 1 | - 5 | 2 | . 007 | . 003 | . 016 | $0{ }^{.059}$ | .1 | 1 | $\cdot 3$ | 0 |
    | Molasses, sirups- | 46 | 17 | 17 | 12 | .$^{.287}$ | .$^{.164}$ | .$^{.407}$ | $0^{.478}$ | 2.2 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 4.3 |
    | Other sweets.---- |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total....--------.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.5 | 6.2 | 13.5 | 21.1 |
    | Gelatine...-.... | 2 |  |  |  | . 001 | 0 | . 002 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Packaged desser |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 003 | 0 | . 010 | 0 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Tea | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Coffee. | 83 | 28 | 39 | 16 | . 168 | . 108 | . 217 | . 283 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 5. 1 | 7.9 |
    | Cocoa | 12 | 2 | 8 | 2 | . 019 | . 006 | . 039 | . 020 | . 3 | . 1 | 5 | 5 |
    | Chocolate. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vinegar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | 2 | . 5 | 4 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 7 | . 5 | 1.0 | . 9 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda.---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.9 |
    | Spices and extracts....-.-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | 1.5 |
    | Catsups, sauces.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 1 | 1 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Tomato soup... |  | 3 |  | 2 | . 015 | . 007 | . 018 | . 042 | .$^{2}$ | 1 | 2 | . 4 |
    | Other soups |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 006 |  | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | . 006 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods..................- | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | . 013 | . 024 | .1 | 0 | 1 | . 4 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home-- | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 | . 051 | . 004 | . 030 | . 302 | . 6 | . 1 | . 3 | 3. 6 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home- | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | . 034 | . 014 | . 067 | . 024 | 1.6 | .7 | 2.7 | 2.4 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fami- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring quarter_-......... A verage number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 204 |  | 72 |  | 70 |  | 62 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\text { 3. } 29$ |  | 4.19 |  | 3. 10 |  | 2.46 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $3.51$ |  |  |  | 2.15 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Ec leve lies per ture | $\begin{aligned} & \text { conon } \\ & \text { spen } \\ & \text { spen } \\ & \text { expe } \\ & \text { a unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | aic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { iliies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week |  |  |  |  | Ib | Ib. | Ib |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total. | No. | No. |  | No. | Lb. | 2. | Lb. | Lb. | 237.9 | Ct. 72 | 255.0 | $\begin{gathered} C t .2 \\ 344.2 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Grain products, total --.-....-- |  |  |  |  | 5. 128 | 4.614 | 5.355 | 5.819 | 36.5 | 31.2 | 38.4 | 44.6 |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 805 | 2. 572 | 2.730 | 3. 366 | 21.4 | 18.7 | 21.0 | 27.8 |
    | Bread: White | 195 | 68 |  | 61 | 2. 179 | 2. 102 | 2.030 | 2.546 | 14.2 | 13.6 | 13.2 | 16.8 |
    | Graham, wheat | -24 | 7 |  |  | 2.178 | . 175 | 2. 1981 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } 210 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.2 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
    | Rye | 8 | 1 |  | 2 | . 040 | . 007 | .101 | . 020 | . 3 | . 1 | . 8 | . 1 |
    | Crackers... | 72 | 24 | 28 | 20 | . 120 | . 117 | . 123 | . 121 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1. 6 | 1.9 |
    | Plain rolls. | 13 | 2 | 9 | 2 | . 033 | . 007 | . 083 | . 013 | . 2 | (1) | . 6 | . 2 |
    | Sweet rolls | 27 | 11 | 7 | 9 | . 060 | . 056 | . 052 | . 078 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.0 |
    | Cookies. | 41 | 10 | 18 | 13 | . 062 | . 048 | . 079 | . 064 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1. 8 | 1.7 |
    | Cakes | 23 | 5 | 7 | 11 | . 060 | . 020 | . 054 | . 140 | 1.2 | . 4 | 1.1 | 2.9 |
    | Pies. | 13 | 4 | 4 | 5 | . 060 | . 040 | . 012 | . 168 | ${ }^{1} 6$ | . 4 | (1) 1 | 1.7 |
    | Other- |  |  |  |  | . 003 |  | . 005 | . 006 | (1) | 0 | (1) | . 1 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 98 | 38 | 32 | 28 | . 157 | . 144 | . 176 | . 155 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 166 | 1. 898 | 2. 449 | 2. 298 | 12.6 | 10.2 | 14.6 | 14.4 |
    | Flour: White | 141 | 54 | 46 | 41 | 1.337 | 1. 232 | 1. 396 | 1. 461 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 7.4 |
    | Graham | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 010 | . 016 | 0 | . 013 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | ${ }^{1} 1$ |
    | Corn meal | 85 | 30 | 34 | 21 | . 415 | . 302 | . 569 | . 419 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
    | Hominy | 13 | 2 | 7 | 4 | . 028 | . 012 | . 050 | . 027 | . 2 | . 1 | (1) ${ }^{4}$ | 2 |
    | Cornstarch | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | . 004 |  | . 005 | . 013 | . 1 | 0 | (1) | . 2 |
    | Rice. | 43 | 14 | 17 | 12 | . 098 | . 083 | . 091 | . 118 | . 8 | . 6 | . 8 | 1. 1 |
    | Rolled oats. | 46 | 15 | 20 | 11 | . 102 | . 097 | . 120 | . 090 | 1. 0 | . 8 | 1. 2 | 1. 0 |
    | Wheat cerea | 45 | 14 | 17 | 14 | . 073 | . 048 | . 090 | . 098 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1. 7 |
    | Tapicoa. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Sago...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noo- | 75 | 24 | 35 | 16 | . 098 | . 098 | . 126 | . 059 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.9 | . 9 |
    | Other grain products....----- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggs | 188 | 64 | 64 | 60 | . 792 | . 614 | . 891 | 1. 014 | 11.5 | 8.4 | 12.8 | 15.9 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total .-- |  |  |  |  | 5. 623 | 4. 560 | 6. 100 | 7. 044 | 31.4 | 25.0 | 34.2 | 40.2 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 176 |  |  | 62 | 4.750 | 3. 787 | 5.233 | 5. 964 | 23.2 | 17.9 | 26.3 | 29.3 |
    | loose | 3 | 4 | 0 |  | . 038 | . 028 | 0 | . 113 | . 2 | . 3 | . 0 | . 3 |
    | buttermilk and other $\qquad$ | 18 | 4 | 9 | 5 | . 235 | . 100 | . 379 | . 296 | . 7 | .3 | 1.0 | . 9 |
    | skimmed.---------- | 8 | 4 | 1 | 3 | . 130 | . 189 | . 069 | . 090 | . 4 | . 5 | . 2 | . 3 |
    | Skimmed, dried | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 64 | 33 | 19 | 12 | . 221 | . 284 | . 179 | .157 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 1. 6 |
    | Cheese: American. | 102 | 34 | 32 | 36 | . 118 | . 096 | . 106 | . 178 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
    | Cottage. | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | . 023 | . 003 | . 018 | . 067 | 2 | ( 1 ) | 3 | 6 |
    | Other--- | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . 006 | . 009 | -.006 | . 003 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 1 |
    | Ice cream. | 40 | 12 | 14 | 14 | . 100 | . 060 | I . 110 | . 167 | 1.7 | 9 | 2.1 | 2.7 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 weck in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left.\begin{aligned} & \overline{U n}-1 \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 500$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Fats, total |  |  |  |  | 1.487 | 1.247 | 1.423 | 2.048 | 31.9 | 23.4 | 32.3 | 47.8 |
    | Butter. | 141 | 30 |  | 53 | . 235 | . 129 | . 279 | . 383 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 9.0 | 12.4 |
    | Cream. | 28 | 2 |  | 19 | . 052 | . 015 | . 032 | . 150 | 1.0 | 2 | . 8 | 2.9 |
    | Other table | 67 | 37 | 17 | 13 | . 134 | . 176 | . 097 | . 105 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
    | Lard. | 114 | 43 | 35 | 30 | . 356 | . 312 | . 320 | . 494 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 7.2 |
    | Vegetable shortenin | 61 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 164 | . 159 | . 170 | . 162 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 020 | . 007 | . 044 | . 013 | . 4 | . 1 | . 9 | 3 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing. | 104 | 37 | 36 | 31 | . 158 | . 130 | . 163 | . 205 | 3.2 | 2. 4 | 3.5 | 4.1 |
    |  | 137 | 47 | 40 | 50 | . 273 | . 202 | . 249 | . 449 | 8.5 | 5.8 | 8.0 | 14.5 |
    | Salt side of pork | 58 | 27 | 17 | 14 | . 095 | . 117 | . 069 | . 087 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 1.901 | 1.362 | 2. 127 | 2.641 | 45.0 | 27.9 | 51.7 | 70.0 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sir- <br> loin. | 97 | 27 | 33 | 37 | 363 | 174 | 430 | . 642 | 9.9 | 4.5 | 11.7 | 18.1 |
    | top round.-.--- | 47 | 20 | 18 | 9 | . 134 | . 124 | . 170 | . 099 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.2 |
    | other-..........- | 17 | 6 | 8 | 3 | $.066$ | . 081 | . 083 | . 013 | 1.1 | 1. 1 | 1.6 | 4 |
    | Roast, rib....-.-......... | 47 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 231 | . 207 | . 210 | . 308 | 4.8 | 3. 7 | 5.2 | 6.2 |
    | chuck.---........-- | 22 | 9 | 8 | 5 | . 121 | . 123 | . 124 | . 115 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2. 6 | 1.9 |
    | other |  | 1. | 4 | 2 | . 036 | . 010 | . 060 | . 052 | .9 | . 3 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
    | Bolling, chuck.----...-- | 13 | 6 | 4 | 3 | . 048 | . 041 | . 076 | .$^{.023}$ | .$^{.7}$ | . 6 | 1.0 | . 7 |
    | plate-..........- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 020$ | 0 | ${ }^{0} 079$ | ${ }^{0} 7$ | 0 | ${ }^{0} 8$ | 0 |
    | Canned...........-................- | 9 <br> 3 | 2 | 3 2 | 4 | . 043 | $0^{.020}$ | .051 .009 | . 079 | 7 | $0^{2}$ | . 8 | 1.5 |
    | Corned. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 009 | . 007 | . 018 | $0^{.005}$ | 1 | ${ }^{0} .1$ | 2 | $0^{-1}$ |
    | Dried. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 006 | . 012 | . 002 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, cho | 36 | 9 | 13 | 14 | . 098 | . 045 | . 127 | . 162 | 2.6 | 9 | 3.5 | 4.8 |
    | roast. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | . 010 | . 007 |  | . 029 | .3 | 2 | 0 | 8 |
    | stew. | , | 4 | 2 | 0 | . 013 | . 018 | . 014 | 0 | . 2 | 3 |  | 0 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chop | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | . 015 | . 020 | . 001 | . 026 | ${ }^{4}$ | 5 | (1) | 6 |
    | roast | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 |  | . 009 | - | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | stew |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 007 | . 014 | 0 | .1 | 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 50 | 13 | 19 | 18 | . 108 | . 062 | . 156 | . 132 | 2.9 | 1. 6 | 4.2 | 3.5 |
    | loin roas | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 022 | . 008 | . 028 | . 039 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | 1.1 |
    | other-- | , | 5 | 1 | 1 | . 021 | . 036 | . 005 | . 013 | . 4 | . 8 | . 1 | 3 |
    | Smoked ham, slices | 36 | 5 | 13 | 18 | . 055 | . 019 | . 058 | . 121 | 1.9 | . 5 | 2.1 | 4.4 |
    | $\begin{gathered} \text { balf or } \\ \text { whole.-. } \end{gathered}$ |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 010 | 0 | . 009 | . 033 | . 4 | 0 | . 3 | 1.2 |
    | picnic.- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 014 | . 003 | .1 | 0 | .3 | 1.2 |
    | Pork sausage | 30 | 12 | 5 | 13 | . 058 | . 053 | . 030 | . 105 | 1.2 | . 9 | . 7 | 2.5 |
    | Other pork. |  | 2 | 0 | 2 | . 004 | . 005 |  | . 006 | .1 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, tota |  |  |  |  | . 199 | . 215 | . 141 | 249 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 6.5 |
    | Other fresh meat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 48 | 29. | 11 | 8 | . 112 | . 159 | . 086 | . 057 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 1. 2 | 1.1 |
    | Cooked: Ham. | 27 | 9 | 8 | 10 | . 033 | . 027 | . 025 | 054 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
    | Tongue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Liver.-.-.-. | 21 | 7 | 5 | 9 | . 036 | . 019 | . 029 | . 079 | . 8 | 4 | . 7 | 1.8 |
    | Other meat products | 11 | 3 | 1 | 7 | . 018 | . 010 | . 001 | . 059 | . 4 | 4 | (1) | 1.1 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling | 11 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 7 | . 043 | . 013 | . 028 | . 124 | 1. 2 | 4 | 2.7 | 3.3 |
    | roast.... | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | . 040 | $0^{.016}$ | . 092 | . 013 | . 9 | . 5 | 2.0 | . 4 |
    | Turkes stew | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | . 032 | 0 | $0^{.028}$ | .$^{.102}$ | . 8 | 0 | ${ }^{.} 7$ | 2.7 |
    | Turkey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 1. | 0 | 1. | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 8$ |
    | Fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | . 097 | . 039 | . 140 | . 148 | 2. 2 | .6 | 3.4 | 3.8 |
    | Fish: Fresh....-..........---.-- | 25 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | 11 | 12 | . 062 | . 010 | . 110 | . 095 | 1. 6 | . 2 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
    | Canned | 20 | 6 | 6 | 8 | . 033 | . 029 | . 027 | . 050 | . 5 | .4 | . 5 | 1.0 |
    | Cured | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters.. | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | $0_{0}^{.003}$ | $0_{0} .003$ | . 11 | 0 | 0.1 | $0^{.1}$ |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { znd } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t o \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \end{aligned}$ $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. |  | No. | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 9.623 \end{aligned}$ | Lb. <br> 7.034 | $\stackrel{L b .}{9.656}$ | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 12.909 \end{gathered}$ | $C t$$56.2$ | Ct. 38. | Ct. 60.1 | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86.6 |
    | Potatoes. | 190 |  |  | 60 | 2. 100 | 1.768 | 2. 138 | 2. 699 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 8.9 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yam | 25 | 11 |  | 7 | . 115 | . 123 | . 078 | . 151 | 5 | . 5 | . 3 | . 6 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, |  |  | 0 | 0 | .$^{.472}$ | .$^{.454}$ | 0 | ${ }_{0} .520$ | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4. 4 | 5.5 |
    | Dried corn-......-.--- | 114 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry |  | 491 | 35 | 30 |  | . 302 | . 306 | . 321 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
    | Canned, dried. | 4 |  |  | 1 | . 011 | . 010 | . 008 | . 016 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 2 |
    | Baked, not canned |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 27 | 10 |  | 9 | . 069 | . 064 | . 067 | . 082 | (1) 5 | 4 | . 5 | 6 |
    | Other | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | . 004 |  | . 005 | . 013 | (1) | 0 | (1) | I |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 17 |  |  | 2 | . 008 | 0 | . 021 | . 006 | $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ | 0 | . 4 | 3 |
    | In shell |  | $1 \begin{array}{r}0 \\ 21\end{array}$ |  | 1 | . 001 | 0 |  | . 006 | (1) | 1.3 | 0 | , |
    | Peanut butter | 47 |  |  | 14 | $0^{.071}$ | . 078 | . 057 | $0^{.076}$ | 1.2 |  | . 9.9 | ${ }_{0}^{1.6}$ |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh. .-.....-.-.-. | 76 | 21 | 24 | 31 | . 185 | . 134 | . 157 | . 363 | 2.5 | 1. 6 | 2.0 | 5.1 |
    | Canned | 96 | 38 | 35 | 23 | . 380 | . 354 | . 429 | . 362 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
    | Juice | 238 | 3 |  | 94 | . 108 | . 011 | . 156 | . 230 | 1.0 | 2 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
    | Sauce, paste.-- |  | 1 | 3 |  | . 007 | . 001 | . 007 | . 017 |  | (1) |  | 3 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total | 0 | 0 |  |  | 1. 572 | 1.155 | 1.749 | 2.136 | 10.6 | 6.7 | 11.9 | 16. 4 |
    | Brussels sprouts |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} .318$ | 0 | 0 | . 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage | 74 | 10 |  | 18 | . 357 |  | . 415 | . 350 |  | . 6 | 1. 1 | 1.1 |
    | Sauerkrau | 17 |  |  | 5 | . 044 | . 055 | . 015 | . 064 | 3 | 4 | , | 4 |
    | Collards | 0 | , |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Kale. | , |  |  | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lettuco. | 156 | 50 | 54 | 52 | . 373 | . 234 | . 408 | . 597 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 4.0 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 32 | 12 |  | 10 | . 114 | . 041 | . 189 | .151 | . 6 | .2 | 1.0 | 9 |
    | Canned | 34 |  |  | 11 | . 088 | . 059 | . 120 | . 101 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
    | Other leafy vegetabl | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | . 014 | . 022 | . 007 | . 008 | 1 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh.- |  | 0 |  | 2 | . 015 | 0 | . 022 | . 034 | 2 | 0 | 2 | . 6 |
    | Canned | 613 |  |  | 3 |  |  | . 008 | 0 | . 011 | . 016 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 026 | . 038 | . 018 | . 013 | 2 | 4 | 2 | . 1 |
    | Canned | 9 | 3. | 2 | 2 | . 018 | . 012 | . 017 | . 033 |  | 1 | 1 | 3 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh | 93 | 32 |  | 28 | . 301 | . 237 | . 329 | . 388 | 2. 2 | 1. 4 | 2.6 | 3.0 |
    | Broceol Canned |  | ${ }_{6}$ |  | $\stackrel{5}{0}$ | $0^{.043}$ | $0{ }^{-02}$ | $0^{.0}$ | $0^{.049}$ | $0^{4}$ | . 2 | . 5 | $0^{.4}$ |
    | Broccoli. . Peas: Fresh | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 1 |  |
    |  | 12 | 14 | 21 | 20 | . 026 | . 025 | . 009 | $\begin{gathered} .052 \\ .229 \end{gathered}$ | 1.5 | . 2 | 1. 1 | . 8.8 |
    | Peppers. | 12 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 51 | 5 <br> 3 | . 013 | . 004 | . 012 | . 032 | ..1.1 | $0^{+1}$ | $\mathrm{c}^{2}$ | 2.8 .4 |
    | Okra.... |  |  |  |  | . 005 | $0$ | . 002 | . 018 |  |  | (1) | $\stackrel{.}{3}$ |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  | 32 |  | 33 | . 711 | . 202 | . 368 | . 446 | 1.4 | . 9 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
    | Carrots | 103 |  |  |  | . 273 | . 179 | . 304 | . 413 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
    | Winter squasb and pumpkin.- | 14 | 4 | 7 | 3 | . 438 | . 023 | . 062 | . 033 | .$^{2}$ | 1 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Other vegetables, total... |  |  |  |  | . 793 | . 639 | . 784 | 1.118 | 6.3 | 5. 0 | 6. 5 | 9.8 |
    | Beets: Fresh. | $\cdots$ | 1 | 4 | 12 | . 050 | $0^{.023}$ | . 028 | . 138 | (i) ${ }^{2}$ | 1 | 1 | 6 |
    | Canne | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 002 |  |  | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Cauliflower | 7 | 1. | 3 | 3 | . 015 | . 003 | . 028 | . 020 | . 2 | ( 1 ) | 3 | 2 |
    | Celery | 30 | 3 | 12 | 15 | . 046 | . 007 | . 060 | . 105 | 6 | ${ }^{+1}$ | 8 | 1.4 |
    | Corn: On ear | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | . 034 | 0 | . 032 | . 105 | . 2 | 0 | . 2 | . 7 |
    | Cann | 78 | 36 | 24 | 18 | . 206 | . 195 | . 236 | . 187 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
    | Cucumber | 11 | 2 | 5 | 4 | . 016 | . 010 | . 025 | . 016 | . 1 | (1) | 3 | 1 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Onions: Matur | 98 | 36 | 35 | 27 | . 291 | . 249 | . 300 | . 364 | 1. 3 | 1. 1 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
    | Parsnips Spring | 43 | 18 | 12 | 13 | . 047 | . 049 | .$^{.033}$ | .$^{.060}$ | 0.5 | . 5 | .4 | 6 |
    | Parsnips.-.... | 0 | - | , | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 13 | $\stackrel{4}{8}$ | 1 | 8 | . 038 | . 033 | . 009 | . 088 | - 2 | 2 | ( 1 ) | 1 |
    | White turnips ----.-.- | 12 | 8 | 3 | 1 | . 031 | . 043 | . 028 | . 013 | 2 | 3 | . 1 | (1) |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 5 |  | 3 | 1 | . 012 | . 023 | 0 | . 006 | 1 | 2 | 0 | (1) |
    | Other vegetables-- | 8 | 2 | 3 | 3 | . 005 | 004 | . 005 | . 008 | 1 | 1 |  | $\cdot 1$ |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , | . 5 | 5 | 1.0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 298 | . 717 | 1. 426 | 2. 262 | 7.2 | 3. 7 | 7.7 | 13. |
    | Lemons | 72 | 18 | 26 | 28 | . 218 | .127 | . 218 | . 397 | 1.6 | . 8 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
    | Oranges | 110 | 30 | 40 | 40 | . 753 | . 476 | . 903 | 1.087 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 6.8 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | 8 | 4 | 8 | 16 | . 313 | . 114 | . 283 | . 747 | 1.1 | . 3 | 1. 0 | 2.6 |
    | Canned. | 4 | 0 | 2. | 2 | . 014 | - | . 022 | . 031 | . 2 | 0 | 2 |  |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economio level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { filies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | \$600 and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | 1.872 | 1. 476 | 1.912 | 2.605 | 13.1 | 7.8 | 14.4 | 21.1 |
    |  | 112 | 43 | 32 | 37 | . 788 | . 783 | . 645 | . 999 | 8.6 | 3. 1 | 3. 1 | 5. 4 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | . 003 | 0 | . 011 | . 1 | . 1 | 1 | . 2 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | , | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 010 | . 008 | .1 | 0 | 1 | . 1 |
    |  | 103 | 36 | 38 | 29 | . 551 | . 471 | . 627 | . 609 | 2. 6 | 2. 2 | 3.0 | 3.1 |
    | Berries: Fresh ................................ | 37 | 8 | 13 | 16 | .110 | . 032 | . 088 | . 294 | 1.4 | 4 | 1.4 | 3.4 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Canned | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 011 | 0 | . 007 | . 024 | 0.1 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pears Canne | 39 | 10 | 15 | 14 | . 090 | . 050 | . 098 | . 157 | 1.1 | . 5 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
    | Pears: Fresh. | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | . 003 |  | . 008 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    |  | 13 | 1 | 3 | 9 | . 023 | 0 | . 025 | . 066 | . 4 | 0 | . 3 | 1.1 |
    | Pineapple: Fre | 7 | 0 | 4. | 3 | . 019 | 0 | . 031 | . 041 | . 2 | 0 | . 3 | . 3 |
    |  | 43 | 11. | 20 | 12 | . 082 | . 054 | . 124 | . 077 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.9 | 1.2 |
    | Melons | 0 | 0 | , | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fr | 3 | 0 | , | 2 | . 013 | 0 | . 037 | . 000 | . 1 | 0 | .2 | . 1 |
    | Other fruit... | 5. | , | 1 | 1. | . 004 | . 003 | . 008 |  | 1.1 | . 1 | .1 | $0^{.1}$ |
    | Cider | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape julice | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | . 019 | 0 | . 005 | . 079 | . 2 | 0 | . 1 | . 8 |
    |  | 10 | 1 | , | 3 | . 037 | . 007 | . 054 | . 072 | .4 | (1) | . 6 | . 6 |
    | Other fruit juice | 16 | 3 | 7 | 8 | . 026 | . 010 | . 030 | . 052 | . 6 | . 2 | 6 | 1.0 |
    | Driod. Peaches | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 012 | . 013 | . 018 |  | .2 | .2 | .3 | 0 |
    | Prunes. | 23. | 5 | 10 | 8 | . 041 | . 020 | . 058 | . 059 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Raisins | 16 | 8 | 5. | 3 | . 030 | . 030 | . 019 | . 045 | . 3 | . 3 | 2 | 5 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{.045}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Sugars and sweets, total | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 005 |  | (t) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 745 | 1. 532 | 1. 843 | 2.025 | 10.9 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 14. 1 |
    | Sugars: White............................................. | 191 | 69 | 66 | 56 | 1. 492 | 1. 219 | 1.700 | 1.739 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 9.6 |
    |  | 6 | , | 3 | 3 | . 009 | 0 | 014 | . 020 | .1 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 26 | 5 | 12 | 9 | . 029 | . 010 | . 040 | . 048 | .7 | . 2 | 9 | 1.3 |
    | Jellies. | 30 | 7 | 8 | 15 | . 031 | . 022 | . 013 | . 072 | . 7 | . 3 | . 3 | 1.9 |
    | Molasses, sirups.-Other sweets | 31 | 16 | 7 | 8 | .$^{.184}$ | .$^{281}$ | $0^{.076}$ | $0^{.146}$ | 1. 3 | 1.7 | . 5 | 1.1 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.5 | 9.4 | 14.5 | 25.0 |
    |  | 24 | 6 | 11 | 7 | .011 | . 006 | . 015 | . 015 | ${ }^{.} 4$ | . 2 | . 5 | . 6 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures..------ | 22 | 7 | 5 | 10 | . 012 | . 008 | . 007 | . 027 | 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 7 |
    |  | 53 | 12 | 19 | 22 | . 024 | . 010 | . 030 | . 042 | 1.2 | . 4 | 1.5 | 2.4 |
    | Coffee | 184 | 64 | 64 | 56 | . 333 | . 325 | . 297 | . 400 | 6.8 | 5. 2 | 6.9 | 9.9 |
    | Cocoa | 21 | 7 | 8 | 6 | . 022 | . 014 | . 022 | . 036 |  | ${ }^{2} 2$ | . 5 | . 6 |
    | Chocolate | , | , | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 6 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | . 3 | . 3 | 4 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 5 | ${ }^{7}$ | 5 |
    | Spices and extracts .-...--......-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | (1) | 5 |
    | Catsups, sauces... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | .4 | . 4 | . 6 |
    | Tomato soup... | 14 | 4 | 3 | 7 | . 037 | . 017 | . 025 | . 094 | 4 | . 2 | .3 | 1.1 |
    | Other soups.- | 13 | 3 | 5 | 5 | . 034 | . 036 | . 016 | . 506 | 4 | . 3 | .3 | . 7 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 6 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods.---..............- | 4 | , | 0 | 2 | . 008 | . 007 | 0 | . 022 | 2 | ${ }_{0} \cdot 3$ | 0 | . $0^{5}$ |
    | Other foods.........--..............-- | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 015 |  | .1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 33 | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 | 17 | . 116 | . 039 | . 104 | . 286 | 1.4 | . 5 | 1.0 | 3.9 |
    |  | 8 | 2 | 3 | 3 | . 035 | . 032 | . 032 | . 046 | . 9 | 4 | 8 | 2.0 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. <br> Sales tax on food. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { All fami- }}{\text { illes }}$ |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\$ 600$ and over |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring quarter <br> A verage number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 114 \\ 3.50 \\ 2.99 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 27 \\ 4.56 \\ 3.81 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 3.37 \\ 2.87 \end{array}$ |  | 42 2.96 2.59 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Ecc } \\ \text { level } \\ \text { liess } \\ \text { pert } \\ \text { ture } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { onom } \\ & \text { spend } \\ & \text { pexpen } \\ & \text { expen } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mic } \\ & \text { mair } \\ & \text { hining } \\ & \text { endi- } \\ & \text { t per } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { flies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic IevelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \mathrm{der} \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ c 00 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \$ 600 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week <br> Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 230.7 \end{gathered}$ | $C t .$ | Ct. <br> 227.0 | $c t .7$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total |  |  |  |  | 4.384 | 4.423 | 4. $33 \overline{7}$ | 4.404 |  | 33.6 | 35.6 |  |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | 2. 793 | 2. 698 | 2. 853 | 2.817 | 23.9 | 21.6 | 24.3 | 35.3 2.3 |
    | Bread: White.....--- | 107 |  |  |  | 2. 164 | 2. 370 | 2. 102 | 2.037 | 15.9 | 16.7 | 15.6 | 15.5 |
    | Graham, whole wheat. | 33 |  |  |  | . 293 | . 073 | . 316 |  | 2.4 | 6 | 2.7 | 3.8 |
    | Rye. | 7 |  | 16 | 17 | . 061 | . 008 | . 145 | 012 | . 6 | .1 | 1.3 | . 1 |
    | Crackers--- | 42 |  | 16 | 17 | . 096 | . 105 | . 085 | 100 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
    | Plain rolls | 8 | , |  | 4 | . 033 |  | . 053 | 043 | 4 |  | 6 | 4 |
    | Sweet rolls. | 12 | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 5 | 3 | 025 | . 041 | . 021 | 015 | . 5 | . 8 | .$^{4}$ | .3 |
    | Cookies | 36 14 | 9 |  | 15 | ${ }_{036}^{058}$ | . 050 | . 054 | . 072 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
    | Pies | 5 | ${ }_{0}$ |  | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | . 022 | $0^{.043}$ | . 028 | . 010 | . 3 | 0. | 5 | ${ }_{3}$ |
    | Other |  |  |  |  | . 005 | . 008 |  | . 008 | . 1 |  | $0^{-5}$ | 2 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 71 | 20 | 27 | 24 | . 147 | . 132 | . 162 | . 145 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 444 |  | 1.322 | 1. 442 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 8.4 | 9.3 |
    | Flour: White | 104 | 27 |  | 38 | . 729 | . 902 | . 632 | . 676 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 |
    | Graham <br> Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{0}{ }^{.020}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{0}$ |
    |  | 49 | 15 | 17 | 17 | . 180 | . 232 | . 095 | . 231 | . 9 | .9 | .5 | 1.2 |
    | Hominy. | 18 | 2 |  |  | . 085 | 042 | . 062 | . 155 | . 5 | . 2 | 3 | 1.0 |
    | Cornstarch | 8 | ${ }_{8}$ | ${ }_{2}^{6}$ | 15 | . 008 |  | . 013 | . 1208 | $\cdot 1$ | 0 | 1.1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
    | Rice- ${ }^{\text {Rolled }}$ oats | 44 <br> 38 | ${ }_{16}^{6}$ | 11 | 15 11 | . 1178 | . 081 | . 2701 | . 122 | 1.0 .9 | 1.4 | $\begin{array}{r}1.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 8 |
    | Wheat cereai | 14 14 | 16 | ${ }_{4}^{11}$ | 11 | . 1123 | . 1648 | . 1012 | . 012 | . 3 |  | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Tapioca.-... | . | 0 | 2 | 3 | . 004 |  | . 003 | . 010 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Sago....... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles | 63 | 21 | 25 | 17 | . 120 |  | . 128 | 114 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
    | Other grain products.-.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0} 0$ | ${ }_{1}^{0}$ |
    | Eggs | 109 | 25 | 44 | 40 | . 644 4.846 | - ${ }^{3} 791$ | [ ${ }_{5}{ }_{512} 712$ | ${ }_{6}^{.893}$ | 30.2 | 18.4 | 9.8 32.3 | 13.1 40.0 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 92 | 16 |  | 39 | 3.634 | 2.002 | 24.023 | 6. 183 <br> 4.773 | 19.3 | 10.5 | 20.7 | 26.4 |
    | skimmed <br> loose.... | ${ }_{0}^{8}$ | 0 |  | 1 | 0.145 |  | $0^{.326}$ | $0^{.069}$ | 0.5 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{1.1}$ | $0^{2}$ |
    | skimmed |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | other-----..-- | 22 |  | 8 | 10 | . 353 |  | . 298 | . 622 | 1. 6 | . 7 | 1.3 | 2.8 |
    | Skimmed, dried.... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 002 |  |  | . 008 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | . 7 |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 68 | 19 | 30 |  | . 498 |  | 561 |  | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 3.1 |
    | Cheese: American.. | 50 | 10 | 17 | 23 | 097 | 061 | 084 | . 149 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 3.5 |
    | Cottage.. | 7 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 011 |  | . 016 | . 015 | 12 | 0 | .$^{2}$ | 3 |
    |  | 17 18 | 3 |  |  | . 025 | . 020 | .037 <br> .066 | . 015 | 1.0 1.4 | 7 | 1.4 | . 8 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.
    $74390^{\circ}-41 —$ - 22

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantíty purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | \$400 to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at IHome in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits, |  |  |  |  | 8.616 | 6. 509 | 7.970 | 11.497 | 52.4 | 36.3 | 48.2 | 72.2 |
    | Potatoes | 111 | 27 |  | 40 | 1.711 | 1. 658 | 1. 680 | 1.802 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 6.7 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 29 | 5 | 12 | 12 | . 338 | . 203 | . 343 | . 466 | . 9 | . 5 | . 8 | 1.3 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, |  |  |  |  | . 348 | $0^{.353}$ | . 326 | . 374 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
    | Dried corn ..-.-.-.....- | d |  |  | 1 | . 006 | 0 | . 006 | . 010 | $\pm 1$ | 0 | .1 | 1 |
    | Beans: Dry | 56 | 18 | 24 | 14 | . 196 | . 305 | . 143 | . 153 | 1.4 | 2. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1. 0 | 1.1 |
    | Canned, dried .... | 12 | 2 |  | 3 | . 048 | .$^{.032}$ | . 080 | $0^{.026}$ | . 4 | . 2 | 1.8 | 2 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 21 | 3 | 6 | 12 | . 063 | 0 | . 053 | . 137 | (1) 3 | 0 | . 3 |  |
    | Peas: Other-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | . 004 | 0 | . 005 | . 010 | . 2 | 0 | 2 | . 3 |
    | In shell | 4 |  | 3 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | . 003 | 0 | 1 | . 1. | 1 | 0 |
    | Peanut butter. | 27 | 4 | 13 | 10 | . 027 | . 012 | . 036 | . 030 | . 4 | . 2 | 7 |  |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. Tomatoes: Fresh............. | 39 | 3 |  | 22 | ${ }^{0} .210$ | ${ }^{0} .073$ | ${ }^{+} 192$ | ${ }^{0} .366$ | 0 2.3 | ${ }^{0} .8$ | 0 2.5 | 3.6 |
    | Tomatoes. Canned | 55 | 14 |  | 20 | . 278 | . 229 | . 219 | . 396 | 1.9 | 1. 6 | 1. 4 | 2.9 |
    | Juice | 16 | 6 | 5 | 5 | . 067 | . 078 | . 044 | . 085 | . 6 | . 8 | 4 | 7 |
    | Sauce, paste | 19 | 5 | 9 | 5 | . 030 | . 018 | . 044 | . 025 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
    | Green and leary vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1.172 | . 711 | 1.128 | 1. 687 | 8.8 | 4.9 | 7.9 | 13.1 |
    | Brussels sprouts. | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage. | 47 | 10 |  | 16 | . 280 | . 191 | . 288 | . 358 | . 6 | . 4 | .7 |  |
    | Sauerkraut | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 016 |  | . 023 | . 024 | . 1 | 0 | $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ |  |
    | Collards. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 010 | . 016 | . 006 | . 008 | 1 |  | (1) | (1) |
    | Kale.. | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce | 77 | 15 | 29 | 33 | . 195 | . 093 | . 168 | . 330 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 3.2 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | . 065 | . 016 | . 066 | . 113 | . 4 | .1 | .3 | 8 |
    | Canned | 19 | 5 | 7 | 7 | . 063 | . 070 | . 068 | . 050 | . 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
    | Other leafy vegetables | 16 | 4 | 5 | 7 | . 063 | . 049 | . 033 | . 114 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . 6 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 8 |  | 4 | 4 | . 015 | 0 | . 021 | . 024 | . 3 | 0 | . 4 | . 5 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 010 | 0 |  | . 032 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Canned | 5 | , | 0 | 4 | . 014 | - | . 008 | . 036 | .2 | 0 | 1 | . 5 |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fres | 52 | 9. | 19 | 24 | . 228 | . 118 | . 201 | . 370 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 3.1 |
    | Canned- | 7 | 4 | 1 | 2 | . 020 | . 025 | . 016 | . 020 | . 2 | 3 | . 1 | . 2 |
    | Broccoii | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 005 | 0 |  | . 016 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Peas: Fres | 7 | 1 |  | 4 | . 040 | . 016 | . 033 | . 072 | .3 | 1 | . 2 | . 5 |
    | Can | 37 | 8 | 19 | 10 | . 115 | . 116 | . 144 | . 080 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
    | Peppers | 12 | 1 | 3 | 8 | . 028 | . 001 | . 040 | . 040 | . 3 | (1) | . 3 |  |
    | Okra.-- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, to |  |  |  |  | . 218 | . 121 | . 181 | . 356 | . 9 | 4 | . 8 | 1.6 |
    | Carrots.-.-....... | 60 | 10 | 22 | 28 | . 210 | . 121 | . 161 | . 356 | . 9 | .4 | . 7 | 1. 6 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 1 | , | 1 | 0 | . 008 |  | . 020 | ${ }^{0}$ | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, tota |  |  |  |  | 1.121 | . 587 | . 931 | 1.887 | 7.1 | 4.5 | 6.8 | 10.1 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 15 | 1 |  | 8 | . 112 | . 16 | . 059 | . 269 | .3 | . 1 | . 3 |  |
    | Canne |  |  |  | 3 | . 009 | 0 | . 008 | . 020 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Cauliflower | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 011 | 0 | . 020 | . 012 | 1 | 0 | 2 |  |
    | Celery. | 23 | , | 5 | 15 | . 056 | . 024 | . 033 | . 117 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1. 6 |
    | Corn: On ear | 8 | 0 | 硡 | 5 | . 081 |  | . 079 | . 164 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 8 |
    | Cann | 41 | 12 | 15 | 14 | . 123 | . 131 | . 111 | . 130 | 1. 4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1. 6 |
    | Cucumber | 20 | 3 | 8 | 9 | . 235 | 043 | . 132 | . 551 | . 6 | 2 | . 5 | 1.0 |
    | Eggplant. | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | . 012 |  | 0 | . 038 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Onions: Matur | 87 | 24 | 33 | 30 | . 318 | . 317 | . 349 | . 282 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
    | Spring.............----- | 7 | 2 | 4 | , | . 007 | . 008 | . 008 | . 003 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 1 | 1 | (1) |
    | Parsnips.- | 1. | 0 | 0 |  | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Summer squash | 14 | 0 | 4 | 10 | . 073 | 0 | . 066 | . 155 | .3 | 0 | . 3 | 7 |
    | White turnips | 12 | 2 | 5 | 5 | . 060 | . 032 | . 040 | . 113 | ${ }^{3}$ | 1 | 2 | . 6 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 006 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables... | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 | . 020 | . 016 | . 020 | . 025 | . 4 | . 5 | $\begin{array}{r}.3 \\ +1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 3 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 1 |  | 1.3 | 11.2 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 286 | 1.004 .134 | 1. 008 | 1.904 | 7.2 1.3 | 5.3 .7 | 5.5 | 11.0 |
    | Lemons | 58 | 11 | 21 | 26 | $.229$ | $.134$ | $.204$ | . 352 | 1.3 | .7 4 | 1. 2 | 2. |
    | Oranges.----- | 73 | 18 | 24 | 31 | . 740 | .756 .114 | . 583 | .917 .635 | 4. 7 | 4.4 .2 | 3.4 .9 | 6.5 <br> 2.4 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. | 21 |  |  | 10 | $0^{.317}$ | $0^{.114}$ | $0^{.221}$ | $0^{.635}$ | 1. 2 | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{.9}$ | 2.4 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXIOAN—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam. } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Un. der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased For Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  | No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total...--.....-.-.-.-- | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. 1.837 | L. 1.474 | Lb. 1.874 | Lb. | 13.9 | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 10.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ct. } \\ & \text { 13. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t .0 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Apples: Fresh. | 67 | 16 |  | 25 | . 702 | . 667 | . 664 | . 783 | 3.8 | 3. 6 | 3.6 | 4.4 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bananas | 56 | 11. | 25 | 20 | 555 | .390 | . 690 | . 555 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2. 7 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 28 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 109 | . 122 | . 066 | . 149 | 1.6 | 1.7 | . 8 | 2.5 |
    | Canned | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 005 | . 017 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 019 | 0 | . 046 | . 004 | .3 | 0 | . 6 | . 1 |
    | Canne | 7 | , | 2 | 4 | . 020 | . 010 | . 006 | . 045 | 2 | 1 | . 1 | 5 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 1. | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 |  | 0 | . 013 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Canne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh_ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 20 | 6 | 9 | 5 | . 075 | . 053 | . 082 | . 090 | 9 | . 7 | 1.1 | 1. 0 |
    | Pears: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 8 | 3 | 0 | 5 | . 032 | . 034 | . 006 | . 060 | 3 | . 2 | . 1 | 6 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 005 | 0 |  | . 016 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Canned | 28 | 5 | 7 | 16 | . 082 | . 048 | . 073 | . 126 | 1.1 | . 6 | . 9 | 1.8 |
    | Melons | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 015 |  | 0 | . 048 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Plums: Fresh | 6 | 0 | 3 | 3 | . 025 | 0 | . 066 | 0 | . 3 | 0 | . 8 | 0 |
    | Canne | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 006 | 0 |  | . 020 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other fruit. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | . 007 | 0 | 0 | . 022 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Cider-.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | , | 2 | 0 | 2 | . 013 | . 010 | . 013 | . 016 | . 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
    | Other fruit juices | 11 | 2 | 4 | 5 | . 031 | . 018 | . 022 | . 054 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 9 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 7 | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 5 | . 012 | 0 | . 013 | . 024 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 |
    | Peaches | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 014 | 0 | . 016 | . 024 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
    | Prunes | 19 | 7 | 5 | 7 | . 050 | . 065 | . 046 | . 040 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
    | Raisins | - | 1 | 4 | 2 | . 012 | . 008 | . 019 | 008 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Dates | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs-- | 14 | , | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 14 | 3 | 6 | 5 | + 044 | . 032 | . 046 | . 052 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | 1.7 |
    | Sugars and sweets, to |  |  |  |  | 1. 680 | 1. 207 | 1.758 | 2. 055 | 11.2 | 8. 4 | 11.8 | 13.4 |
    | Sugars: White. | 112 | 27 | 43 | 42 | 1.310 | . 934 | 1.341 | 1. 645 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 8.2 |
    | Brown. | 3 |  | 1 | 0 | . 020 | . 032 | . 006 | . 024 | . 1 | . 2 | (1) | . 2 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 28 | 6 | 12 | 10 | . 044 | . 046 | . 045 | . 043 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1. 0 |
    | Jellies...---.----- | 48 | 9 | 16 | 23 | . 128 | . 101 | . 082 | . 212 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.4 |
    | Molasses, sirups.- | 46 | 13 | 19 | 14 | . 188 | . 085 | . 272 | . 123 | 1.5 | . 8 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
    | Other sweets_ |  |  |  |  | . 010 | . 009 | . 012 | . 008 | 18.1 | .1 | . 1 | 1.1 |
    | Miscellaneous, total |  |  |  |  | . 738 | .$^{.619}$ | . 882 | . 773 | 18.5 | 16.7 | 19.2 | 19.8 |
    | Gelatine | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures | 47 | 11 | 19 | 17 | . 044 | . 041 | . 046 | . 044 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
    | Tea. | 36 | 5 | 14 | 17 | . 012 | . 008 | . 009 | . 020 | . 9 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.3 |
    | Coffee | 110 | 27 | 42 | 41 | . 278 | . 240 | . 298 | . 290 | 6. 6 | 5.5 | 7.0 | 7.1 |
    | Cocor-- | 21 | 9 | 7 | 5 | . 018 | . 034 | . 012 | ${ }^{.008}$ | . 4 | . 7 | . 3 | 1 |
    | Chocolate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vinegar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .5 .5 | . 2 | . 6 | .7 .7 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 9 | . 9 | . 5 | 1.6 |
    | Spices and extracts..-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 5 | .6 | 6 | . 2 |
    | Catsups, sauces. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | . 8 | . 4 | 6 |
    | Tomato soup. | 6 | 2 | 0 | 4 | . 024 | . 026 | 0 | . 052 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | 6 |
    | Other soups. | 21 | 4 | 7 | 10 | . 065 | . 048 | . 078 | . 065 | 9 | . 6 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 9 | 5 | 2 | 2 | . 010 | . 025 |  | . 008 | 1. 1 | 2.8 | 0 | . 7 |
    | Proprietary foods | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | . 010 | . 018 | . 009 | . 004 | . 6 | 1.4 | 4 | 2 |
    | Other foods | ${ }^{6}$ | , | 2 | 3 | . 015 | . 006 | . 012 | . 028 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 | . 7 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 24 | 3 | 12 | , | . 143 | . 040 | . 243 | . 123 | 1.7 | . 5 | 3.1 | 1.2 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. | 10 | 1 | 5 | , | . 095 | . 018 | . 155 | . 098 | 1.6 | . 2 | 2. 6 | 1.8 |
    | Sales tax on food.........-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for comsumption at home during 1 week, in spring, summer, and fall quarters combined, by economic level

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All families |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | \$100 to | 200 \$2 | 200 to \$ | 400 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 a \\ \text { ove } \end{gathered}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring, summer, and fall quarters combined. <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week. <br> Average number of food consumption units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 4.68 \\ 4.18 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 7.22 \\ 5.96 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ 3.76 \\ 3.60 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 2.93 \\ 2.68 \end{array}$ |  |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | All <br> fam. <br> ilies |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l- } \mathrm{Fa} \\ & \text { spend } \\ & \text { exper } \\ & \text { unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | mo | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | \$100 ${ }_{\text {to }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | \$100 to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week <br> Total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | $L b$. | $L b$. | $L b$. | Ct. | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 99.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} C t \\ 168.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 250.8 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Grain produets, total Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | 6.130 1.376 | 4.479 1.014 | 7.362 1.470 | 7.589 2.723 | 32.2 11.4 | 22.8 7.8 | 37.3 12.2 | 48.0 24.5 |
    | Bread: White.......---.....-- | 82 | 23 | 48 | 11 | 1.006 | . 787 | 1.078 | 1.726 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 13.5 |
    | Graham, whole wheat Rye. |  | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | ( $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 7 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 034$ | 0 | 0.037 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Crackers | 11 | 3 | 7 | 1 | . 034 | . 032 | . 037 | $0^{.029}$ | .5 | .3 | . 6 | $0^{.7}$ |
    | Plain rolls | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | $.020$ | . 033 | . 012 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Sweet rolls | 23 | 2 | 16 | 5 | . 135 | . 011 | . 179 | . 524 | 1.6 | . 2 | 2.0 | 6. 1 |
    | Cookies. | 11 | 3 | , | 1 | . 024 | . 015 | . 033 | . 021 | . 6 | . 3 | . 8 | . 7 |
    | Cakes | 8 | 1 | 5 | 0 | . 014 | . 006 | . 024 | 0 | 2 | .1 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Pies. | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | . 020 | . 020 | . 016 | . 048 | 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 |
    | Other. |  |  |  |  | . 123 | . 110 | . 091 | . 375 | 1.0 | . 8 | 7 | 3.3 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 15 | 6 | 8 | 1 | . 020 | . 018 | . 023 | . 012 | - 4.4 | . 3 | . 4 | 2 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total |  |  |  |  | 4.734 | 3.447 | 5. 869 | 4.854 | - 20.4 | 14.7 | 24.7 | 23.3 |
    | Flour: White...-......-- | 91 | 27 | 50 | 14 | 3.716 | 2.810 | 4.567 | 3.500 | 14.2 | 10.4 | 17.6 | 13.9 |
    | Graham.....-...-.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other-.---......------ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 020 | 0 | . 041 |  | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    |  | 18 | 7 | 9 |  | . 193 | . 106 | . 264 | .$^{238}$ | . 6 | . 4 | . 8 | . 9 |
    | Hominy | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 027 | . 015 | . 043 | 0 | $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ | (i) | $\mathrm{i}^{2}$ | 0 |
    | Cornstarch..........---........ | 3 | 1. | 2 | 0 | . 004 | . 004 | . 004 | $0$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
    | Rice | 77 | 25 | 42 | 10 | . 343 | . 243 | $\text { . } 393$ | . 571 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
    |  | 37 | 13 | 19 | 5 | . 174 | . 135 | . 167 | . 417 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 3.8 |
    | Wheat cereal...-.-.-..........- | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | . 009 | . 012 | $.004$ | . 019 | - 11 | .$^{2}$ | . 1 | $0^{.} 2$ |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. $\qquad$ | 69 | 19 | 42 | 8 | . 133 | . 122 | . 148 | . 109 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
    | Other grain products | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 111 | 0 | . 230 | 0 | . 3 | 0 | . 6 | 0 |
    | Eggs | 92 | 26 | 53 | 13 | . 524 | . 396 | . .593 | . 786 | 8.0 | 6. 0 | 8.9 | 12.2 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total... |  |  |  |  | 3. 262 | 2. 190 | 3. 365 | 5.333 | 20.6 | 14.0 | 24.0 | 32.3 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 84 |  | 47 | 12 | 2.670 | $1.742$ | $\text { 3. } 157$ | 4.663 | 13.6 | 8.7 | 15.8 | 23.9 |
    | loose...- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | skimmed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 034 | 0 | . 071 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Skimmed, dried | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{*}$ | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 68 | 22 | 39 | 7 | . 377 | . 335 | 5.405 | . 424 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
    | Oheese: American. | 54 | 13 | 33 | 8 | . 096 | . 053 | 3.126 | . 151 | 12.0 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
    | Cottage. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other... | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 013 | . 026 | $60$ | . 024 | 4.2 |  | 0 | . 2 |
    | Ice cream.- | 17 | 3 | 11 | 3 | . 072 | . 034 | 4.106 | . 071 | 1) 1.2 | 6 | 1.6 | 1. 1.7 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week, in spring, summer, and fall quarters combined, by economic level-Con.

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring, summer, and fall quarters combined, by economic level—Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economiclevel-Fami-lies spendingper expendi-ture unit peryear |  |  | All familles | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \$400 <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total.. |  |  |  |  | 7.022 | 4.115 | 9.252 | 9.165 | 30.0 | 18.7 | 36.7 | 54.1 |
    | Potatoes | 98 | 30 | 56 | 12 | 1. 239 | . 909 | 1. 519 | 1.333 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 4.8 | 5.8 |
    | Sweetpotatoes. yams | 10 | 3 | 6 | 1 | . 190 | . 069 | . 325 | . 042 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 4 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, tot |  |  |  |  | 1.196 | . 822 | 1.530 | 1.202 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 8.0 | 6.1 |
    | Dried corn. | 1 | 0 | 1. |  | . 044 | 0 | . 090 |  | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 95 | 30 | 51 | 14 | 1. 094 | . 785 | 1.355 | 1. 190 | 5. 6 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 5. 9 |
    | Canned, dried.-.-.-.---- |  | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 017 | . 000 | . 027 | 0 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 3 | 1 | 2 |  | . 015 | . 014 | . 019 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1.1 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In shell | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Peanut butter | 14 | 3 | 10 | 1 | . 022 | . 014 | . 031 | . 012 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | , |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh...-.-.---------- | 55 | 14 | 33 | 8 | . 258 | . 133 | . 325 | . 520 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 3.8 |
    | Canned | 61 | 21 | 32 |  | . 299 | . 270 | . 303 | . 427 | 2.3 | 2. 2 | 2.3 | 3.4 |
    | Juice. | , | 1. | 1. | 0 | . 021 | . 040 | . 008 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 | (1) | . |
    | Sauce, paste ---- | 19 | 4 | 12 | 3 | . 053 | . 022 | . 072 | . 097 | . 7 | 3 | 9 | 1.4 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | $0_{0}^{.681}$ | . 338 | . 887 | 1.270 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 7.5 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage.-..- | 29 | 12 | 13 | 4 | .$^{.322}$ | . 147 | . 469 | .$^{.381}$ | . 5 | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{6} 6$ | . 8 |
    | Sauerkrau | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Collards | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Kale | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce | 41 | 11 | 23 | 7 | . 128 | . 076 | .142 | . 321 | . 9 | . 6 | 1. 0 | 2.1 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | . 010 |  | . 008 | . 071 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 4 |
    | Canned | 12 | 4 | 5 | 3 | . 053 | . 048 | . 042 | . 152 | . 5 | 4 | . 4 | 1.5 |
    | Other leafy vegetab | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | . |
    | Asparagus: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | 0 | . 014 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh | 12 | 3 | 7 | 2 | . 037 | . 014 | . 047 | . 095 | . 2 | $0^{.1}$ | .2 | . 4 |
    | Broccoli ${ }_{\text {Canned. }}$ | 6 0 | 0 | 4 0 | 2 | $0^{.022}$ |  | $0^{.033}$ | $0^{.079}$ | $0^{.2}$ | 0 | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{.6}$ |
    | Peas: Fresh | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | ${ }^{.} 006$ | . 004 | . 008 |  | . 1 | (1) | . 1 | 0 |
    | Can | 19 | 7 | 10 | 2 | . 048 | . 040 | . 048 | . 092 | . 5 | . 3 | 5 | . 7 |
    | Peppers | 23 | 5 | 15 | 3 | . 047 | . 011 | . 073 | . 079 | . 4 | . 1 | .6 | 1.0 |
    | Okra. | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 003 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 026 | . 014 | . 041 | 0 | .1 | . 1 | .3 | 0 |
    | Carrots.--- | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 | . 018 | . 014 | . 025 | 0 | 1 | .1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 016 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | . 801 | . 363 | 1.161 | . 972 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 3.7 | 5.3 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | . 016 | . 004 | . 020 | . 048 | . 1 | (I) | 1 | 2 |
    | Canne | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | $0{ }^{-1}$ | 0 | $0{ }^{-1}$ | 0 |
    | Cauniflower | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Celery | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Corn: On ear |  | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 131 | . 128 | . 142 | . 083 | .3 | . 3 | 4 | . 5 |
    | Cann | 21 | 6 | 11 | 4 | . 062 | . 043 | . 075 | . 079 | .6 | . 5 | 7 | 1.0 |
    | Cucumber | 7 | 1 | 5 |  | . 136 |  | . 270 | . 071 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Onions: Mature | 75 | 25 | 40 | 10 | . 408 | . 188 | . 581 | . 548 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
    | Spring | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 014 |  | . 024 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | . 1 |  |
    | Parsnips. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squas | , | 1 | 6 | 2 | . 030 | 0 | . 045 | . 095 | 11 | 0 | ${ }^{2} 2$ | . 6 |
    | White turnips. |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | .$^{.002}$ | 0 | .$_{0} .04$ |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 2 | . 2 | .4 | 0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | . 528 | . 244 | . 567 | 1.768 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 10.3 |
    | Lemons. | 33 | 8 | 19 | 6 | . 135 | . 079 | . 155 | . 304 | . 8 | . 4 | 9 | 1.9 |
    | Oranges | 48 | 12 | 28 | 8 | . 366 | . 165 | . 412 | 1.143 | 2.1 | 8 | 2.5 | 6.7 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 027 | 0 |  | . 321 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 |
    | Crnned......... | , | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring, summer, and fall quarters combined, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXIOAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \$400 and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchasedfor Consumption at Home in 1Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | L. 1.730 | 0.891 | 2. 514 | 1.534 | 4.9 | 2.0 | 6.5. | 10. 1 |
    |  | 30 | 8 | 19 | 3 | . 207 | . 104 | . 286 | . 288 | 1.0 | . 6 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 003 | . 002 | . 004 | $0^{-28}$ | 1.1 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | . 1.1 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 5 |
    | Bananas <br> Berries: Fresh | 36 | 8 | 22 | 6 | . 313 | . 133 | . 405 | . 714 | 1.2 | ${ }^{(1)} 6$ | 1.4 | 2.7 |
    |  | 3 | 1. | 2 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
    | Berries: Fresh <br> Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 006 | 0 | . 012 |  | . 1 | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 | . 028 | . 000 | . 037 | . 071 | . 3 | . 1 | . 4 | . 7 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | . 032 | 0 | . 045 | . 116 | . 2 | 0 | . 3 | 1.1 |
    |  | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | . 036 | . 006 | . 041 | . 162 | . 4 | 1 | . 5 | 2.0 |
    | Pears: Fresh. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 013 | . 024 | . 005 | 0 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Pears. Canned | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 001 |  |  | . 012 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Pineapple: Fre | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 012 | 0 | . 023 | . 013 | . 2 | 0 | .3 | . 2 |
    | Melons. | 11 | 2 | 8 | , | . 989 | . 574 | 1. 544 | . 048 | . 5 | .2 | . 8 | 2 |
    | Plums: Fresh Canne | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider ....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 009 | . 015 | ${ }_{(1)} 1$ | 0 | .1 | . 3 |
    | Other fruit $j$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 |  | . 015 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Dried: Apricot | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 004 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Drear Peaches | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 006 | . 009 | . 004 | 0 | . 1 | 1. | 1 | 0 |
    | Prunes. | 12 | 2 | 9 | 1 | . 042 | . 023 | . 062 | . 024 | . 3 |  | ${ }^{4} 4$ | 2 |
    |  | 4 | 1. | 1 | 2 | . 007 | . 004 | . 004 | . 034 | . 1 | (1) | (1) | 3 |
    | Raisins | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Other | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 012 | 0 | . 025 | 0 | .$^{2}$ | 0 | 4 | 0 |
    | Sugars and sweets, totalSugars: White |  |  |  |  | 1. 182 | . 931 | 1. 325 | 1.671 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 10.5 |
    |  | 97 | 29 | 55 | 13 | 1.028 | . 840 | 1. 141 | 1.357 | 5. 5 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 7.5 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 12 | 3 | 9 | 0 | . 012 | . 006 | . 019 | 0 | . 2 | . 1 | 4 | 0 |
    | Jellies_ | 21 | 7 | 11 | 3 | . 040 | . 028 | . 041 | . 107 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | 1.4 |
    | Molasses, sirups.- <br> Other sweets | 29 | 6. | 19 |  | . .102 | .$^{.057}$ | $0^{.124}$ | $\xrightarrow{.} 207$ | . 8 | . 4 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total....-.-.-...--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.7 | 7.8 | 12.2 | 29.9 |
    | Gelatine........ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Packaged dessert | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 |  | ( 1 ) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Tea-...-. | 15 | 5 | 9 | 1 | . 006 | . 001 | . 007 | . 029 | . 4 | . 1 | ${ }^{\text {c }} .5$ | . 9 |
    | Coffee | 104 | 30 | 61 | 13 | . 249 | . 195 | . 276 | . 369 | 4.9 | 3. 7 | 5. 5 | 8.5 |
    | Cocoa | 18 | 6 | 8 | 4 | . 026 | . 030 | . 010 | . 095 | (1) $^{4}$ | . 4 | (1) $^{2}$ | 1.8 |
    | Chocolat |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 001 | . 001 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Vinegar. Salt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | 2 | . 4 | . 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 6 | 8 | 9 |
    | Baking powder, yea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.8 |
    | Spices and extracts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 4 | . 8 |
    | Catsups, sauces...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 2 | 4 | . 5 |
    | Tomato soup -- | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | . 011 | 0 | ${ }_{(1)} 1$ | $0^{-1}$ | 1 | $0^{*}$ |
    | Other soups | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1. | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 009 | .1 | 0 | 0 | . 7 |
    | Proprietary foods. Other foods..... | 3 |  | 1 | 0 | . 009 | . 014 | . 006 | 0 | 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 17 | 4 | 9 | 4 | . 078 | . 030 | . 086 | . 280 | . 9 | . 3 | 1.2 | 2.7 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. Sales tax on food | 9 | , |  | 4 | . 105 | . 009 | . 046 | . 946 | 1.2 | . 1 | .6 | 9.8 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table $\boldsymbol{y}^{\prime-}$-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in summer quarter, by economic level

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    ## 1 Less than 0.05 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p.638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in summer quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in summer quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity pur-chased per person in 1week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic <br> level-Fami- <br> lies spending <br> per expendi- <br> ture unit per <br> year |  |  |  | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{array}\right\|$ | \$600 ${ }^{\text {and }}$ a |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | Nu. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, |  |  |  |  | 8.812 | 5.734 | 8.844 | 12.546 | 42.2 | 27.3 | 41.1 | 63.4 |
    | Potatoes.....-. | 95 | 25 | 45 | 25 | 1. 240 | 1.301 | 1.331 | . 970 | 2. 7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 135 | . 438 | . 010 | . 027 | . 2 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total Dried corn | , | 0 |  | 0 | $0^{.112}$ | $0^{.237}$ | $0^{.066}$ | $0^{.054}$ | 1.4 | ${ }_{0}^{2 .} 2$ | 1.0 | $\dot{0}$ |
    | Beans: Dry | 9 | 6 | 2 | 1 | . 030 | . 088 | . 010 | 0 | . 3 | . 7 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Canned, dried | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 025 | . 058 | . 004 | . 030 | 1 | .2 | (1) | 2 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-yed.......... | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | . 024 | . 039 | . 026 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | , | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | . 001 | . 005 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | In shell | 10 | 8 | 8 | 3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | . 001 | 0 | (1) ${ }_{7}$ | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Peanut butter Other dried legumes and nuts . | 19 | 8 | 8 | 3 | $0^{.031}$ | $0^{.052}$ | $0^{.024}$ | $.019$ | $0^{7}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.0}$ | $0^{.6}$ | $0^{.4}$ |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh.-.----------- | 84 | 15 | 43 | 26 | ${ }^{.} 552$ | . 101 | . 731 | ${ }^{.} 731$ | 3.1 | . 7 | 3.5 | 5.0 |
    | Canne | 16 | , | 5 | 5 | . 084 | .113 | . 055 | . 110 | .7 | 9 | . 4 | 1. 0 |
    | Juice.- | , | . 3 | 0 | - 2 | . 011 | . 032 |  | . 009 | . 1 | .3 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Sauce, paste | 6 |  | 2 | 3 | . 006 | 009 | . 002 | . 014 |  | (1) | (1) | 2 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 352 | 1. 007 | 1.366 | 1. 753 | 10.1 | 6. 6 | 10.1 | 14.9 |
    | Brussels sprouts .-..-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | . |
    | Cabbage | 31 | 9 | 14 |  | 218 | . 307 | . 148 | . 259 | . 4 | . 6 | . 3 | 5 |
    | Sauerkraut | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 003 |  | . 006 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Collards | 1 | 0 |  | 1 | . 007 | 0 |  | . 032 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Kale. | 0 | 0 | , | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Lettuce. | 57 | 14 | 23 | 20 | . 087 | . 061 | . 066 | . 162 | . 9 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.8 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 19 | 4 | 8 | 7 | . 080 | . 018 | . 077 | . 162 | 4 | 2 | . 4 | 8 |
    | Canned | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 011 | . 022 | . 007 | . 005 | , | 4 |  | 1 |
    | Other leafy vegetabl | 15 | 7 | 8 | , | . 017 | . 028 | . 020 |  | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh.--...........- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 022 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Canned.-.-.-.-.--- | 3 | , |  |  | . 003 | 0 | . 004 | . 007 | .1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 60 | 10 | 33 | 17 | . 299 | . 138 | . 351 | . 386 | 3.0 | 1. 2 | 3.2 | 4.7 |
    | Canned.......... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 006 |  |  | . 024 |  | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fresh | 75 | 20 | 36 | 19 | . 296 | . 290 | $0^{.307}$ | $0^{.282}$ | 1. 7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
    | Broccoli . .........-.-. Canned. | 2 |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 47 | ${ }_{6}$ | 27 | 14 |  |  | ${ }^{0} .303$ |  | ${ }_{2}^{0} 1.1$ | 0 | ${ }^{0} 8$ | 0 |
    | Canne | 7 | 3 | , | 3 | . 030 | . 040 | . 007 | . 068 | . 4 | . 5 | . 2 | 1.0 |
    | Peppers | 26 | 4 | 11 | 11 | . 024 | . 026 | 015 | . 040 | .3 | . 2 | 2 | . |
    | Okra. | 29 | 6 | 13 | 10 | . 039 |  | . 055 | . 053 | . 3 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 057 | . 035 | . 046 | . 108 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 |
    | Carrots. | 21 | 4 | 9 | 8 | . 050 | . 035 | . 041 | . 086 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | . 007 |  | . 005 | . 022 | (1) | 0 | (1) | . 1 |
    | Other vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 079 | . 661 | 1. 116 | 1. 515 | 6. 4 | 3.6 | 6.1 | 10.5 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 35 | 8 | 17 | 10 | . 075 | . 061 | . 072 | . 097 | 4 |  | 4 | 5 |
    | Coulifl Canne | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | . 010 | . 011 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | . 2 |
    | Celery | 15 | 2 | 3 | 10 | . 037 | . 018 | . 015 | . 108 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.1 |
    | Corn: On ea | 58 | 9 | 28 | 21 | . 603 | . 261 | . 650 | . 924 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2. 4 | 3. 6 |
    | Cann | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | . 031 | . 006 | 038 | . 048 | 4 | (1) | 4 | 6 |
    | Cucumber | 14 | 1 | 10 | 3 | . 045 | . 004 | 070 | . 043 | 2 | (1) | 3 | 1 |
    | Eggplant | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . 027 | . 044 | . 020 | . 022 | 2 | . 4 | 2 | . 2 |
    | Onions: Mature | 40 | 10 | 17 | 13 | 151 | . 140 | . 136 | . 194 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 1.1 |
    | Spring | 18 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 015 | . 022 | . 005 | . 027 | .1 | . 1 | 1 | 3 |
    | Parsnips - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 22 | 5 | 14 | 3 | . 087 | . 105 | . 100 | . 038 | . 4 | . 4 | 4 | . 2 |
    | White turnips.-..-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutab | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | (t) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 1 | . 3 | . 8 | 2.5 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 869 | . 447 | . 900 | 1.320 | 4.9 | 2.8 | 5. 0 | 7.3 |
    | Lemons. | 73 | 10 | 37 | 26 | 391 | . 217 | 415 | 552 | 2.6 | 1. 4 | 2.8 | 3.4 |
    | Oranges | 39 | 8 | 819 | 12 | 366 | . 197 | . 357 | . 593 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.2 |
    | Grape $\dot{\text { ruit: }}$ Fres Cann | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array}$ | 6\| 4 | $0^{.112}$ | $0^{.033}$ | $0^{.128}$ | $0^{.175}$ | $0^{.4}$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | $0^{7}$ |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in summer quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during I week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un-1 <br> der <br> $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ <br> to <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb $b$. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 5. 160 | 3. 264 | 6.465 | 8. 666 | 24.4 | 14.8 | 29.4 | 49.8 |
    | Potatoes. | 35 | 10 | 22 | 3 | 1.247 | . 906 | 1.572 | 1.111 | 3.3 | 2. 5 | 4.0 | 3.1 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams. | 16 | 4 | 11 | , | 1.021 | . 541 | 1.578 |  | 2.1 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total |  |  |  |  | . 418 | .$^{324}$ | .$^{.502}$ | . 444 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
    |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 15 | 4 | 11 | 0 | . 137 | . 095 | . 192 | 0 | 1. 0 | . 6 | 1.5 | 0 |
    | Canned, dried | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | . 010 | 0 | 0 | .1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 |  | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 25 | 9 |  | 2 | $0^{275}$ | .$^{219}$ | $0^{305}$ | .$^{.444}$ | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In shell. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 1. | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh.-.-...-.-....-- | 4 | 1 |  | - | . 041 | . 005 | . 026 | . 444 | . 3 | 0 | . 3 | 2.9 |
    | Canned | 10 | 1 |  | 1 | . 054 | . 018 | . 094 | 0 | . 5 | . 1 | 8 | 0 |
    | Juice-.- |  | 2 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sauce, paste | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | . 028 | . 019 | . 040 |  | . 4 | . 3 | . 6 | 0 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 005 | . 706 | 1.162 | 1. 945 | 5.9 | 3.8 | 6.9 | 11.7 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage.... | 18 | 8 | 10 | 0 | . 245 | . 248 |  | 0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0 |
    | Sauerkraut. | 2 |  |  | 0 | . 015 | . 015 | . 016 | 0 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Collards | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 039 | . 029 | . 053 | 0 | . 2 | . 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Kale. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce |  | 2 | 3 |  | . 036 | . 022 | . 033 | . 167 | . 4 | . 2 | 3 | 1.7 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 8 | 3 | 2 |  | . 118 | . 073 | . 066 | . 889 | . 6 | . 5 | 3 | 4.4 |
    | Canned. | 0 | - | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetables. | 26 | 7 | 15 | 4 | . 327 | . 204 | . 384 | . 778 | 1.7 | . 9 | 2.0 | 3.9 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh.- |  | 0 | - | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned...--.------- |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned.-------- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh | 13 | 4 | 1 | 0 | . 165 | $0^{115}$ | . 230 | 0 | . 9 | . 6 | 1.4 | 0 |
    | Canned- |  |  |  | 1 | . 008 |  | .016 |  | 1 |  | . 1 | 0 |
    | Broccoli. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | . 026 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Canned | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 033 | 0 | . 066 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
    | Peppers. |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 006 | 0 |  | . 111 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 1.7 |
    | Okra.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, total........- |  |  |  |  | . 006 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Carrots.. | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | . 006 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | .1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total..-....- |  |  |  |  | . 361 | . 212 | . 513 | . 222 | 2.4 | 1. 4 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 1 |  |  | 0 | . 006 | . 015 | 0 | 0 | 0. | .1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne |  | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 016 | 0 | . 033 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Celery. |  | 0 | 1 |  | . 013 | 0 | . 013 | . 111 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | 1.1 |
    | Corn: On ear | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 022 | 0 | . 044 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Canne |  | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 030 | 0 | . 060 | 0 | . 4 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
    | Cucumber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Onions: Mature | 22 | 6 | 15 | $1)$ | . 219 | . 117 | . 324 | . 111 | 1.0 | 5 | 1.6 | . 6 |
    | Spring | 5 | 2 |  | 0 | . 016 | . 022 | . 013 | 0 | . 2 | 2 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Parsnips..-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips. | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 3 | 2 | 1 | , | $.039$ | $0^{.058}$ | .$^{.026}$ | 0 | $0^{.} 2$ | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{.1}$ | 0 |
    | Other vegetables.- | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + 2 | . 3 | , | 2.1 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 505 | . 237 | . 377 | 3.612 | 2.8 | 1. 3 | 4.2 | 19.9 |
    | Lemons_ | 20 | 7 |  | 2 | . 217 | . 135 | . 258 | - 500 | 1.3 | 7 | 1.6 | 3.3 |
    | Oranges. | 9 | 3 | , | 3 | . 236 | $0^{.102}$ | . 084 | 2. 528 | 1.3 | . 6 | . 5 | 13.8 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | 3 | 0 0 |  | 2 | $0^{.052}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $0^{.035}$ | $0^{.584}$ | $0^{2}$ | 0 0 | 0.1 | 2.8 0 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JACKSON, MISS.-NEGRO FAMILIES--Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expendlture unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchasedfor Consumption at Home in 1Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 0.474 | 0. 296 | 0. 588 | 0.888 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 5. 5 |
    | Apples: Fresh <br> Canned | 13 |  | 8 | 1 | . 248 | . 146 | . 318 | . 444 | 1.5 | . 9.9 | 1.7 | 3.3 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricol | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bananas | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 131 | . 058 | . 159 | . 444 | . 6 | . 2 | . 7 | 2.2 |
    | Berries: Fres | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 034 | . 033 | . 040 |  | . 4 | . 2 | . 6 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fre | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1. | . 006 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Pears: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fre | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Melons. $\qquad$ Plums: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider--.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 021 | . 029 | . 015 | 0 | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Prunes | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 013 | . 015 | . 013 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Raisins | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other------- | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 021 | . 015 | . 030 | 0 | . 3 | . 1 | . 4 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 997 | 1. 509 | 2.102 | 4. 834 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 11.3 | 23.4 |
    | Sugars: White....... | 43 | 13 | 25 | 5 | 1.314 | . 994 | 1. 338 | 3. 556 | 6.7 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 17.8 |
    | Brown |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sweets. Jellies---------------- | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 015 | 0 | . 030 | 0 | . 2 | 0 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Molasses, sirups-- | 20 | 6 | 13 | 1 | .$^{.668}$ | . 515 | . 734 | 1. 278 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 5.6 |
    | Other sweets |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, totalGelatine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.5 | 6. 7 | 11.8 | 31.2 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 003 |  | 0 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures.------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 001 |  | 0 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coffee | 34 | 10 | 19 | 5 | . 170 | . 104 | . 192 | . 481 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 4.1 | 17.1 |
    |  | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | . 013 | . 011 | . 017 | 0 | .3 | .$^{3}$ | . 3 | 0 |
    | Chocolate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vinegar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Vinegar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 6 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 4 | I. 5 | .9 | 5.3 |
    | Spices and extracts - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdot 3$ | .4 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Catsups, sauces...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | .$^{.2}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomato soup.-- |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 009 | 0 | 0 | . 153 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1.2 |
    |  |  | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | . 018 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Other soups. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 3 | 0 | .$^{7}$ | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | . 026 |  | . 2 | 0 | $\cdot 3$ | 0 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. Sales tax on food | 2 | 0 |  | 0 | . 063 | 0 | . 128 | 0 | . 6 | 0 | 1.3 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.6 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 6.0 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in fall quarter, by economic level

    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES|

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All families |  | Economic level-Families with annual expenditure per consumption unit of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 6000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\$ 600$ and over |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in fall quarter <br> A verage number of equivalent full-time persons per fam- <br> ily in 1 week. <br> Average number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 155 |  | 52 |  | 59 |  | 44 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.5 |  | 4. 53 |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3. 54 |  |  |  |  |  | 2. 76 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.00 |  | 3. 77 |  | 2.73 |  | 2.45 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All fam ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- | \$400 | \$600 |  | Un- | \$400 | \$600 |  | Un- | \$400 | \$600 |
    |  |  | der | to | and |  | der | to | and |  | der | to | and |
    |  |  | \$400 | \$600 | over |  | \$400 | \$600 | over |  | \$400 | \$600 | over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | 232. ${ }^{\text {ct. }}$ | Ct. ${ }_{\text {175. }}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 249.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 319.0 \end{gathered}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total | 139 |  | 53 |  | 4.424 | 4.247 | 4. 201 | -5.125 | 38.0 | 31.9 | 40.0 | 45.8 |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | 2.131 | 1. 741 | 2. 452 | 2. 382 | 24.3 | 18.4 | 28.3 | 28.7 |
    | Bread: White |  | 47 |  | 39 | 1.496 | 1. 293 | 1. 687 | 1.587 | 14.7 | 12.3 | 16.8 | 15.8 |
    | Graham, whole wheat | $\begin{array}{r}138 \\ 37 \\ \hline 11\end{array}$ | 12 | 14 | 11 | 1.458 .256 | 1.203 <br> .233 | 1.687 .289 .057 | . 250 | 2.6 | 12.3 | 2.9 | 1.8 2.6 |
    | Rye. | 11 | 3 | 4 | 4 | . 049 | . 021 | . 057 | . 091 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | . 9 |
    | Crackers.- | 62 | 19 | 25 | 18 | . 109 | . 100 | . 101 | . 138 | 2.0 | 1. 6 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
    | Plain rolls | 13 | 3 | 5 | 5 | . 041 | . 020 | . 047 | . 074 | . 5 | . 2 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Sweet rolls | 13 | 2 | 6 | 5 | . 022 | . 006 | . 025 | . 049 | . 6 | . 2 | . 5 | 1.4 |
    | Cookies. | 36 | 11 | 15 | 10 | . 047. | . 029 | . 062 | . 057 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
    | Cakes | 31 | 10 | 17 | 4 | . 066 | . 028 | . 135 | . 033 | 1.4 | 9 | 2.3 | . 9 |
    | Pies | 10 | 1 | 2 | 7 | . 022 | . 004 | . 005 | . 082 | . 4 | (1) | . 1 | 1.8 |
    | Other- |  |  |  |  | . 023 | . 007 | . 044 | . 021 | . 4 | . 1 | 7 | 4 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 76 | 20 | 32 | 24 | . 110 | . 089 | . 122 | . 133 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2. 2 | 2.6 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total.- |  |  |  |  | 2. 183 | 2. 417 | 1. 627 | 2.610 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 14.5 |
    | Flour: White -------------- | 134 | 46 | 53 | 35 | $0^{.732} 0^{.912}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} .396 \\ 0 \quad \end{array}$ | $0^{.915}$ | 3.70 | -4.2 | ${ }_{0}^{2.2}$ | 5.20.5 |
    | Graham. | 019 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other.-- |  |  |  | 0 4 | . 086 | . 048 |  | . 117 | . 109 | . 5 | . 3 | . 6 | . 5 |
    | Corn meal | 83 | 28 | 35 | 4 20 | . 404 | . 397 | . 258 | . 647 | 1.1 | 1. 1 | 9 | 1.5 |
    | Hominy- | 83 | 32 | 29 | 20 | - 267 | . 344 | . 200 | . 227 | 1. 1 | 1. 3 | 9 | 1. 1 |
    | Cornstarch | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | . 012 | . 019 | . 005 | . 008 | . 1 | $\cdot 1$ | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Rice----- | 104 | 3729 | 41 | 26 | . 454 | . 454 | . 463 | . 441 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
    | Rolled oats. |  |  |  | 14 | . 116 | . 128 | . 100 | . 120 | 1. 0 | 1. 1 | . 8 | 1.0 |
    | Wheat cereal.--------------- | 67160 | 2 | 9 | 5 | .011 .002 | $0^{.003}$ | $0^{.004}$ | . 037 | .2 .1 | $0^{1}$ | .$^{1}$ | .54 |
    | Tapioca--------------------- |  |  | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 0. |  |  | 0.008 | .1 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. | $\begin{array}{r} 66 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 23044 | 29 | 14 | . 099 | . 112 | . 084 | . 098 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.70 |
    | Other grain products.........- |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | $\stackrel{0}{10.3}$ | ${ }_{17.2}^{0}$ |  |
    |  | 142 |  | 54 | 44 | . 562 | . 391 | . 650 | . 754 | 15. 1 |  |  | 21.1 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total -- |  |  |  | --.-- | 3.815 | 3. 036 | 4. 292 | 4. 568 | 30. 1 | 23.7 | 34.0 | 36. 6 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | $\begin{array}{r} 115 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  | 43 |  | 2.630 | 1.857 | 3.113 | 3. 364 | 18.6 | 13.2 | 22.0 | 23.70 |
    | loose...- |  | 2 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  | 0 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | skimmed |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other $\qquad$ | 132 | 5 <br> 0 |  |  |  | . 216 | . 110 | . 228 | 1. 0 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1.3 |
    | Skimmed, dried..------ |  |  | 4 1 | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | $.013$ | 0 | . 014 | . 037 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | . 1 |
    | Evaporated and condensed. | 119 | 41 | 47 | 31 | . 783 | . 800 | . 810 | 708 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.3 |
    | Cheese: American............... | 79 | 27 | 32 | 20 | . 131 | . 112 | . 153 | . 132 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | . 010 | 0 | . 020 | . 012 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
    | Other-......-........-. -- | 11 | 2 | 4 | 5 | . 006 | . 002 | . 008 | . 012 | . 3 | .1 | .4 | . 6 |
    |  | 27 | 11 | 9 | 7 | . 060 | . 049 | . 064 | . 075 | 1.4 | 1. 0 | 1.3 | 2.1 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-23$

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in fall quarter, by economic level-Continued

    JAOKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{array}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unlt per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 400$ <br> to <br> $\$ 6000$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ $t 0$ $\$ 600$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week--Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 1.23! \end{gathered}$ | $\boldsymbol{L} b .$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 1.367 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 1.415 \end{aligned}$ | Ct. |  | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 32.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
    | Fals, total | No. |  |  | No. |  |  |  |  | 29.6 | 21.8 |  | 39.9 |
    | Butter | 121 | 35 | 49 | 37 | . 266 | . 183 | . 293 | . 385 | 8.4 | 5.4 | 9.0 | 13.2 |
    | Cream | 8 | 0 |  | 7 | . 008 | 0 | . 006 | . 026 | .3 | 0 | . 2 | . 9 |
    | Other table fa | 41 | 17 | 15 | 9 | . 096 | . 110 | . 083 | . 091 | 1.9 | 2. 0 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
    | Lard....... | 102 | 39 | 38 | 25 | . 316 | . 342 | . 338 | . 231 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 3.3 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 42 | 13 | 15 | 14 | . 082 | . 076 | . 078 | . 099 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
    | Table or cooking oils........-.-.- | 12 | 38 |  | [ ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .020 \\ .131 \end{array}$ | $\text { . } 108$ | .052.134 | $\begin{array}{r} .008 \\ .171 \end{array}$ | .33.1 | 0 | ${ }^{.8} 8$ | .24.2 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2. 4 |  |  |
    | Bacon, smoked | 95 |  | 31 | 33 | . 201 | . 127 | . 202 | . 342 | 7. 0 | 4. 1 | 6.8 | 12.6 |
    | Salt side of pork | 44 | 13 | 17 | 14 | . 119 | . 098 | . 181 | . 002 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 1.6 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 266 | 1.884 | 2. 207 | 3.100 | 49.3 | 36.3 | 48.9 | 78.7 |
    | Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sirloin <br> top round........ other. $\qquad$ | 46 | 12 |  | 18 | . 153 | . 097 | . 120 | . 313 | 4. 5 |  | 3.5 | 10. 1 |
    |  | $\begin{array}{r}51 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 20 | 17 | 14 | . 207 | . 230 | . 199 | . 176 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
    |  |  | 4 |  | 3 | . 033 | . 038 | . 010 | . 058 | . 7 | . 7 | . 2 | 1.7 |
    | Roast, rib |  | 11 | 10 | 12 | . 192 | . 144 | . 163 | . 334 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 3. 6 | 8.1 |
    | chuck |  | 6 |  | 4 | . 083 | . 098 | . 044 | . 115 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 2.3 |
    | other | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 41 | 2 | . 038 | . 062 | . 011 | . 037 | . 6 | . 9 | . 3 | . 6 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 13 | 8 | 333 | 2 | . 046 | . 055 | . 038 | . 041 | . 8 | . 9 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | pollate. |  |  |  | 0 | . 018 | . 023 | . 023 |  | . 3 | . 3 | 4 | 0 |
    | other | 28 | 11 |  | 4 | . 088 | . 081 | . 127 | . 041 | 1.4 | 1. 2 | 2.0 | . 9 |
    | Canned | 28 | 7 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | . 047 | . 032 | . 070 | . 039 | . 9 | . 6 | 1.3 | 8 |
    | Corned | 1. | 4 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | . 010 | 0 | $0^{.008}$ | ${ }^{(1)} .2$ | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Dried |  |  | 5 | 0 | . 008 |  | . 010 |  |  | 2 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Other | 37 | 5 | 14 | 8 | 100 | . 104 | . 090 | . 109 | 1. 7 | 1.7 | 1. 6 | 2.1 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, | 32 |  |  | 13 | . 080 | . 029 | . 114 | . 127 | 2. 2 | . 8 | 2. 9 | 3.91.8 |
    | roast. | 5 | 1 | 1. | 3 | . 027 | . 008 |  | . 080 | . 6 | . 2 | .4 |  |
    | stew |  | 1 | 2 <br> 3 | 1 | . 016 | .124.004 | . 005 | . 016 | . 2 | 2. |  | . 2 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 4 <br> 7 | 1 |  | 3 | . 020 |  | . 017 | . 057 | . 5 | $0^{-1}$ | . 61.3 |  |
    | Lame roast | 1 |  |  | 0 | . 005 | 00 | . 016 | $0^{.0}$ | . 2 |  | 50 |  |
    | stew |  |  |  |  | . 006 |  | . 016 | . 004 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 33 | 8 | 15 | 10 | . 088 | . 062 | . 118 | . 092 | 2. 6. | 1.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 |
    | Pork loin roa |  |  | 3 |  | . 057 | . 017 | . 068 | . 117 | 1. 5 | . 4 | 1.6 | 3.6 |
    | other-- |  | , | 3 | - 2 | . 044 | . 053 | . 047 | . 021 | . 6 | . 4 | 1. 0 | . 5 |
    | Smoked ham, slices | 16 | 3 | , | 7 | . 033 | . 018 | . 039 | . 052 | 1.0 | . 4 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
    | $h$ a 1 for whole...- | 6 | 2 |  | 2 | . 036 | . 051 | . 016 | . 041 | . 8 | 1.1 | 5 | 1.0 |
    | picnic...--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 013 | 0 | $0^{.0}$ | . 058 | .3 | 0 | 0 | 1.4 |
    | Pork sausage...----------- | 32 | 12 | 10 | 10 | . 068 | . 072 | . 052 | . 084 | 1. 7 | 1.7 | 1. 2 | 2.6 |
    | Other pork.... | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 015 | . 013 | . 013 | . 023 | .$^{4}$ | 4 | . 3 | . 5 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, t tal |  |  |  |  | $0^{.179}$ | $0^{.181}$ | . 188 | .$^{.153}$ | 4. 4 | 4.0 | 5. 2 | 4.1 |
    | Other fresh meat...... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurter | 48 | 21 | 21 | 6 | . 086 | . 083 | . 104 | . 063 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.5 |
    | Cooked: Ham. | 15 | 5 | , | 5 | . 020 | $0^{.015}$ | .$^{.027}$ | . 016 |  | $0^{.6}$ | 1.2 | 7 |
    | Liver Tongue | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 <br> 6 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | (1) | ${ }^{0} 16$ | 0 | . 2 |
    | Liver | 30 | 17 | 7 | 6 <br> 3 | . 060 | . 082 | . 039 | . 049 | 1.2 | 1. 6 | . 8 | 1.0 |
    | Other meat products | 88 | 1 4 | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | 12 | . 012 | . 0041 | . 018 | . 021 | 3.4 | (1) | . 7 | -7 |
    | Poultry: Ohicken, broiling | 28 | 4 <br> 2 | 12 | 12 | . 137 | . 044 | . 152 | . 2938 | 3. 6 | 1. 2 | 3.8 | 7.9 |
    | roast. | 7 | 2 0 | 2 | 3 | . 041 | $0^{.030}$ | $0^{.038}$ | . 0686 | 1.0 | $0^{.8}$ | $0^{.9}$ | 1.6 |
    | Turkey stew | 2 | 0 0 | 1 | 1 | .006 .014 | 0 0 | 0 0 | .029 .068 | .1 | 0 0 | 0 0 | .6 1.0 |
    | Turkey Other | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $0^{.014}$ | 0 | 0 0 | $0^{.068}$ | $0^{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 1.0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total.-- |  |  |  |  | . 366 | . 304 | . 387 | . 450 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 8.7 |
    | Fish: Fresh...... | 63 | 17 | 23 | 23 | . 231 | . 197 | . 255 | . 258 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 4.5 |
    | Canned | 28 | 10 | 14 | 4 | . 044 | . 040 | . 065 | . 019 | . 8 | . 7 | 1. 2 | 6 |
    | Cured | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters. | 17 | 5 | 5 | 7 | . 049 | . 042 | . 036 | . 082 | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 9 | 2.3 |
    | Other sea food. | 15 | 4 | 4 | 7 | . 042 | . 025 | . 031 | . 091 | . 5 | . 3 | 4 | 1.3 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in fall quarter, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of familis using in 1 weeke |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelfamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> ilies | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | On- | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, to |  |  |  |  | 8.900 | 7.250 | 9.834 | 10.601 | 44.3 | 30.8 | 49.6 | 62.7 |
    | Potatoes | 145 | 49 | 57 | 39 | 2. 069 | 1.875 | 2. 144 | 2. $3<5$ | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 67 | 19 | 30 | 18 | . 700 | . 208 | . 942 | . 495 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1. 6 | 1.0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, tota |  |  |  |  | .$^{.211}$ | . 232 | . 198 | . 190 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2. 2 |
    | Dried corn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 37 | 19 | 10 | - | . 075 | . 089 | . 047 | . 091 | . 5 | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 |
    | Canned, dried | 13 | 3 | 7 | 3 | . 035 | . 033 | . 039 | . 031 | . 3 |  | . 3 | . 3 |
    | Baked, not canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | (1) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed... | 15 | 6 | 6 | 3 | . 040 | $0^{.044}$ | . 042 | $0^{.031}$ | (1) ${ }^{2}$ | $0^{2}$ | .3 | $0^{2}$ |
    | Other | 2 | , | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 003 | $0$ | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled. | , | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 002 | 0 | . 001 | . 010 | . 2 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{0}$ | 1 | . 6 |
    | In shell | 37 | 11 | 19 | 3 | . 006 | . 002 | . 005 | . 016 | .1 | (1) | - 1 | . 2 |
    | Peanut butter ......-.-........-- | 37 | 16 | 19 | 2 | $0^{.050}$ | $0^{.060}$ | $0^{.061}$ | $0^{.011}$ | $0^{9} 9$ | ${ }_{0} 1.0$ | 1.2 | $0^{3}$ |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0} 8$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 4$. |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh ${ }_{\text {Canned }}$ | 99 | 28 | 40 27 | 33 19 | . 404 | . 267 | - 465 | ${ }^{.571}$ | 2.8 | 1.7 | 3. 2 | 4. 6 |
    | Canned | 74 | 28 | 27 | 19 | . 255 | . 238 | . 251 | . 294 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2. 3 |
    | Juice-- Sauce | 18 | 2 | 11 | 5 | . 062 | . 013 | - 112 | $0^{.076}$ | (1) ${ }^{5}$ | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | 8 | $0^{.7}$ |
    | Sauce, paste --....-- | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 003 | . 002 | . 007 |  | 10. | (1) 6 | 1 | ${ }_{17}^{0} 6$ |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total Brussels sprouts............ | 0 | 0 | 0 | O | ${ }_{0}^{1.576}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.036}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.927}$ | ${ }_{0}^{2 .} 068$ | 10.9 | ${ }_{0}^{6.6}$ | ${ }_{12.2}$ | 17.6 0 |
    | Cabbage. | 69 | 24 | 26 | 19 | . 567 | . 460 | . 682 | . 594 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
    | Sauerkrau | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | . 020 |  | . 032 | . 038 | . 2 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 |
    | Collards | 11 | 0 | 6 | 5 | . 069 | 0 | . 125 | . 115 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
    | Kale. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce | 81 | 20 | 32 | 29 | . 178 | . 099 | . 203 | . 291 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 020 | . 004 | . 016 | . 058 | . 1 | (1) | 1 | 3 |
    | Canned | 25 | 5 | 11 | 9 | . 053 | . 027 | . 062 | . 089 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 1. 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetables | 22 | 8 | 10 | 4 | . 029 | . 024 | . 036 | . 028 | .$^{4}$ | . 3 | .6 | 3 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 11 | 2 | 3 | 6 | . 016 | . 008 | . 017 | . 029 | . 3 | . 2 | .3 | . 5 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 20 | 7 | 7 | 6 | . 053 | . 045 | . 042 | . 087 | 5 | ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | 1.1 |
    | Canned. | 15 | 4 | 6 | 5 | . 044 | . 024 | . 059 | . 058 | .4 | . 2 | .3 | . 7 |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fresh...- | 63 | 19 | 24 | 20 | . 231 | . 176 | . 260 | $0^{.293}$ | 2. 1 | 1. 5 | 2.3 | 3. 1 |
    | Brocoli Canned.- | 15 | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | 7 | 2 | $0^{.021}$ | $0^{.025}$ | .$^{.029}$ | 0 | .$^{2}$ | . 3 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Broccoli | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 18 | 4 | 7 17 | 7 | . 085 | . 051 | . 114 | . 103 | . 7 | . 6 | .6 | 1.2 |
    | Can | 44 | 7 | 17 | 20 | . 111 | . 046 | . 134 | . 201 | 1. 5 | . 6 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
    | Peppers | 34 | 12 | 16 | 6 | . 023 | . 011 | . 040 | . 020 | . 4 | . 2 | . 6 | . 5 |
    | Okra...- | 23 | 6 | 10 | 7 | . 056 | . 036 | . 076 | . 064 | . 4 | 3 | . 6 | . 5 |
    | Yellow vegetables, total.---.-... |  |  |  |  | . 166 | . 095 | . 146 | . 338 | 1.1 | 5 | 1.0 | 2.2 |
    | Carrots | 62 | 17 | 20 | 25 | . 159 | . 095 | . 146 | . 305 | 1.0 | . 5 | 1.0 | 1.8 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 6 | 0 | 2 |  | . 007 | 0 | 0 | . 033 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Other vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | . 683 | . 534 | . 783 | . 812 | 5.8 | 3. 9 | 6.6 | 8.0 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 13 |  | 6 | 5 | . 031 | . 025 | . 021 | . 058 | . 2 | 2 | 2 | $0^{-5}$ |
    | Canne | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 021 | . 015 | . 042 |  | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 6 | 0 | 3 | 3 | . 013 | 0 | . 021 | . 025 | . 2 | 0 | 3 | . 4 |
    | Celery | 43 | 10 | 16 | 17 | . 087 | . 042 | . 088 | . 173 | $\mathrm{c}^{8}$ | . 4 | . 8 | 1.7 |
    | Corn: On ear | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 003 | 0 |  | . 012 | (1) | 0 | 0 | $\cdot$ |
    | Canne | 42 | 14 | 20 | 8 | . 104 | . 072 | . 157 | . 083 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
    | Cucumber | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 024 | . 013 | . 047 | . 008 | 1 | . 1 | 2 | (1) |
    | Eggplant | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | . 016 | 0 | . 026 | . 033 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Onions: Mature | 111 | 42 | 41 | 28 | . 284 | .$^{278}$ | 278 | . 305 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
    | Spring. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 002 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Parsnips.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 4 | 2 |  | 1 | . 011 | . 004 | . 017 | . 016 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | -1 |
    | White turnips | 15 | 6 | 7 | 2 | . 044 | . 042 | . 057 | . 025 | .4 | .3 | . 5 | . 2 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 11 | 4 | 3 | 4 | . 036 | . 038 | . 021 | . 058 | . 2 | (1) $^{1}$ | 1 | 4 |
    | Other vegetables... | 3 | 0 | 1. | 2 | . 007 | . 005 | . 008 | . 008 | 1 | (1) 7 | 2 | 1. |
    | Pickles and olives Oitrus fruits, total. |  |  |  |  | . 815 | . 511 | . 959 | 1. 173 | - 3.9 | .7 1.8 | 4 4.1 4 | 1.7 |
    | Lemons.... | 62 | 19 | 25 | 18 | . 208 | . 138 | . 274 | . 239 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1. 6 | 1.3 |
    | Oranges | 39 | 14 | 15 | 10 | . 304 | . 293 | . 308 | . 316 | 1. 2 | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. | 28 |  | 14 | 10 | . 278 | 080 | . 364 | . 526 | . 8 | 2 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
    | Canned... | 7 | 0 | 12 | 5 | . 025 | 0 | . 013 | . 092 | . 2 | 0 | 1 | . 7 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in fall quarter, by economic level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Ecoдоmic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ |  | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | \$600 and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Fats, total |  |  |  |  | 1.343 | 1.164 | 1.368 | 2. 083 | 29.8 | 24.0 | 33.1 | 48.6 |
    | Batter | 79 | 30 | 32 | 17 | . 223 | . 142 | . 316 | . 384 | 7.8 | 5.0 | 10.9 | 13.7 |
    | Cream | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | . 035 | 0 | . 009 | . 247 | . 8 | 0 | . 1 | 5.7 |
    | Other table fats | 36 | 24 | , | 3 | . 143 | . 166 | . 109 | . 110 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2. 4 | 1.7 |
    | Lard.- | 95 | 46 | 30 | 19 | . 457 | . 405 | . 451 | . 705 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 10.6 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 4 | 3 | , | 1 | . 014 | . 020 |  | . 018 | . 3 | . 4 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Table or cooking oils .........-.-.- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 017 |  | . 2 | 0 | . 6 | 0 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing. | 41 | 20 | 13 | 8 | . 124 | . 098 | . 131 | . 229 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 4.2 |
    | Bacon, smoked..--- ------.--- | 88 | 42 | 29 | 17 | . 320 | . 306 | . 327 | . 363 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 9.9 | 11.6 |
    | Salt side of pork -.....- | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 | . 022 | . 027 | . 008 | . 027 | . 4 | . 4 | . 1 | . 7 |
    | Meat, poultry, flsh and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | 2.214 | 1.843 | 2. 499 | 3.250 | 50.0 | 38.8 | 58. 1 | 81.8 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sir- <br> loin. | 48 | 16 | 23 | 9 | . 209 | . 136 | . 324 | . 284 | 6.1 | 4. 0 | 9.3 | 8.8 |
    | top round | 26 | 12 | 7 | 7 | . 090 | . 081 | . 076 | . 160 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 4.8 |
    | other------...--- | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | . 039 | . 034 | . 050 | . 037 | . 7 | . 5 | 1. 1 | . 9 |
    | Roest, rib | 22 | 8 | 8 | 6 | . 160 | . 095 | . 223 | . 311 | 3.6 | 1. 9 | 5.0 | 8.0 |
    | chuck | 28 | 11 | 10 | 7 | . 217 | . 166 | . 230 | . 421 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 8.6 |
    | other-----..------ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 014 | . 024 |  |  | . 3 | . 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boiling, chuck..-.----- | 20 | 8 | 6 | 6 | . 081 | . 068 | . 080 | . 145 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1. 4 | 2.6 |
    | plate..-.-- -- | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | . 028 | . 040 | . 008 |  | . 4 | . 7 | . 1 | 0 |
    | - other..--------- | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | . 018 | . 018 | . 025 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Canned |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Corned | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 010 | . 008 | . 008 |  | . 2 | .2 | .3 | ${ }^{3}$ |
    | Dried. | 3 | 2 | , | 0 | . 010 | . 014 | . 008 | 0 | ${ }^{.} 2$ | . 3 | . 1 |  |
    | Other | 15 | 7 |  | 4 | . 065 | . 068 | . 046 | . 092 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1. 0 | 1. 7 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, chop | 21 | 8 | 9 | 4 | . 090 | . 048 | . 177 | .$^{.092}$ | 1.9 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 2.3 |
    | roast- | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 021 | . 024 | . 025 | 0 | . 4 | . 4 | $0^{.5}$ | 0 |
    | Lew | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | $0^{.1}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 005 |  | . 008 | . 018 | .2 | 0 | . 3 | . 7 |
    | roast. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | stew. | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pork: Fr.sh, chop | 58 | 22 | 24 | 12 | . 201 | . 148 | . 282 | . 265 | 5.5 | 4.0 | 7.8 | 7.3 |
    | loin roast | 17 | 11 | 4 | 2 | . 089 | . 109 | . 063 | . 055 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
    | other | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | . 020 | . 028 | . 013 |  | . 4 | . 6 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Smoked ham, slices. | 19 | 9 | 6 | 4 | . 068 | . 076 | . 045 | . 082 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 |
    | half or whole | , | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 050 | 0 | . 093 | .183 | 1.3 | 0 | 2.3 | 4.6 |
    | picnic | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 017 | . 028 | 0 | 0 | . 3 | . 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pork sausage.---.......-- | 30 | 14 | 10 | 6 | . 113 | . 095 | . 131 | . 156 | 2. 6 | 2. 1 | 2.7 | 4.0 |
    | Other pork | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 024 | . 020 | 0 | . 092 | . 4 | 5. 1 | 0 | 2.3 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total..-.-- |  |  |  |  | . 294 | . 269 | .301 | . 385 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 7.3 | 10.9 |
    | Other fresh meat..--.......-.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters..........- | 63 | 37 | 20 | 6 | . 176 | . 199 | . 154 | . 119 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.3 |
    |  | 19 | 6 | 7 | 6 | . 050 | . 020 | . 084 | .110 | 2.0 | . 8 | 2.9 | 5.8 |
    | Tongue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Liver. | 18 | 9 | 6 | 3 | . 049 | . 042 | . 059 | . 055 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1. 1 | 1.5 |
    | Other meat products | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 019 | . 008 | . 004 | . 101 | - | .2 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 1.3 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling...--- | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 031 | . 012 | . 042 | . 092 | . 8 | . 3 | 1. 3 | 2.5 |
    | - roast.-- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 0221 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.165}$ | . 5 | 0 | 0 | 3.6 |
    | stew | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Turkey... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | 0 | . 055 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | 1.1 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | . 222 | . 230 | . 241 | . 142 | 3. 5 | 3.3 | 4. 2 | 2.9 |
    | Fish: Fresh | 31 | 13 | 14 | 4 | . 133 | . 124 | . 172 | . 092 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.2 | 1.9 |
    | Canned | 21 | 13. | 5 | 3 | . 076 | . 098 | . 040 | . 050 | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1.0 |
    | Cured. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters.... |  |  |  | 0 | . 006 | . 008 | . 004 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other sea food |  |  | 1 | 0 | . 007 | 0 | 025 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    ## Less than 0.05 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eed } \\ \text { level } \\ \text { lies } 8 \\ \text { per } \\ \text { ture } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l-F } \\ & \text { spend } \\ & \text { exper } \\ & \text { unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | mic amiding ndiper | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un-1 der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week.-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. |  |  | No. | Lb. 1.658 | $\xrightarrow{L b}$ L. | Lb. | Lb. | ${ }^{C t} 10$. | ${ }_{8} \mathrm{Ct}$. | Ct. 11.9 | $C t$ $19.4$ |
    |  | 68 |  |  | 13 | . 837 | 1.750 | . 856 | 1.190 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 1.0 |
    |  |  |  |  | , | . 008 |  | . 028 | 0 | . 1 | ${ }_{0}$ | . 2 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 |  |  | . 002 |  | 0 | . 018 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Bananas. $\qquad$ <br> Berries: Fresh | 45 | 17 | 16 | 12 | . 369 | . 253 | . 518 | . 568 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 3.8 |
    |  | 10 | 3 |  | 4 | . 044 | . 023 | . 059 | . 105 | . 6 | . 4 | . 8 | 1. 4 |
    |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 010 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Canned | 8 | 5 |  | 0 | . 028 | . 035 | . 027 | 0 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 012 | 0 | . 042 | 0 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | . 005 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 29 | 12 | 9 | 8 | . 150 | . 121 | . 106 | . 375 | 1.6 | 1. 2 | 1.4 | 3.6 |
    | Pears: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 | . 022 | . 015 | . 015 | . 069 | (1) 3 | . 2 | . 2 | 1.2 |
    | Pineapple: Fre | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 010 | 0 | . 017 | . 037 | (1) | 0 | 1 | .2 |
    |  | 16 | 7 | 3 | 6 | . 059 | . 050 | . 036 | . 148 | ${ }^{.} 7$ | 6 | 4 | 1. 7 |
    | Melons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fres | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 005 | . 008 |  | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 006 |  | . 021 | 0 | ${ }^{-1}$ | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | . 019 | . 012 | .1 | 0 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 1 | , | 0 | 0 | -. 005 | . 008 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried. Apricots | 5 | 1 |  | 1 | . 014 | . 004 | . 034 | . 018 | . 2 | . 1 | 5 | . 2 |
    | Dried: $\begin{array}{r}\text { Peaches } \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { Prunes } \\ \text { Reisins }\end{array}$ | 17 | 8 | 4 | 5 | . 051 | . 038 | . 051 | . 051 | . 4 | 3 | 5 | . 8 |
    |  | 9 | 4 |  | 3 | . 021 | . 012 | . 026 | . 054 | . 2 | 2 | . 3 | 6 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 018 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Uates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 1.566 | 1.146 | 2. 131 | 2.234 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 12.3 | 13.6 |
    | Sugars: White | 91 | 46 | 26 | 19 | 1.358 | . 953 | 1.956 | 1.886 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 10.2 | 10.1 |
    | BrownOther sweets: Cand | 7 | 2 | , | 2 | . 026 | . 012 | . 042 | . 055 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 5 |
    |  | 7 |  | 1 | 1. | . 016 | . 020 | . 013 | . 009 | . 3 | .3 | . 3 | 1 |
    | Jellies. | 16 | 7 | 6 | 3 | . 052 | . 036 | . 083 | . 055 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 8 |
    | Molasses, sirups. | 21 | 12 | 4 | 5 | . 109 | . 125 | . 037 | . 192 | . 9 | 1. 0 | 4 | 1.6 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 037 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
    | Miscellaneous, total.--.-....------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18.0 | 10.8 | 28.0 | 30.8 |
    |  | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 | . 009 | . 005 | . 018 | . 007 | . 3 | . 2 | . 6 | . 3 |
    | Packaged desert mixtures.-.-.--- | 27 | 8 | 12 | 7 | . 024 | . 014 | . 036 | . 047 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
    |  | 16 | 5 | 5 | 6 | . 015 | . 007 | . 019 | . 040 | 6 | . 3 | 7 | 2.0 |
    | Tea Coffee | 106 | 50 | 37 | 19 | . 327 | . 296 | . 383 | . 476 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 8.6 | 10.6 |
    | Cocoa | 9 | 5 | 3 | 1 | . 023 | . 026 | . 012 | . 009 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 1 |
    | Chocolate Vinegar | 3 | , | 2 | 0 | . 008 | . 008 | . 013 | 0 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 |
    | Balt...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 7 | . 6 | . 9 | . 8 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, sodaSpices and extracts..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 5 | . 1 | . 5 | 9 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Catsups, sauces... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdot .5$ | . 5 | , | 1.0 |
    | Tomato soup.-- | 15 | 9 | 4 | 2 | . 047 | . 064 | . 024 | . 023 | . 5 | .6 | . 5 | . 4 |
    | Other soups- | 5 | 5 | , | 0 | . 022 | . 038 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | . 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cod-liver ofl |  | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 008 | . 008 | 0 | ${ }^{4} 4$ | 4 |  | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 018 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Other foods.-.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 18 | 3 | 7 | 8 | . 125 | . 050 | . 222 | . 252 | 1.5 | . 4 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home Sales tax on food | 10 | , | 6 | 4 | . 201 | (3) | . 455 | . 554 | 4.1 | .2 | 10.1 | 8.8 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Quantity not available.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All fami- |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$200 | \$200 to \$400 |  | $\$ 400$ and over |  |
    | Number of tamilies surveyed in spring quarter Avorage number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week Average number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |  |  |  | 32 |  | 18 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3. 69 |  | 6.35 |  | 3.53 |  | 2. 19 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5. 35 |  | 3.03 |  | 1.97 |
    | Itom | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { illies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilios } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | \$400 |  | Un- | \$200 | \$400 |  |  | \$200 | \$400 |
    |  |  | der | to | and |  | der | to | and |  | der | to | and |
    |  |  | \$200 | \$400 | over |  | \$200 | \$400 | over |  | \$200 | \$400 | over |
    | Food Csed at Home and Purchased for Consumptron at Home in 1 Week | No. |  | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 173.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 102.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 187.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 269.3 \end{gathered}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total. |  |  |  |  | 5. 236 | 3. 634 | 5.627 | 7.218 | 8 28.0 | 18.3 | 30.6 | 39.5 |
    | Bread and other baled goods. total |  |  |  |  | 1. 287 | 3. 88 | 1.340 | 1.888 | 828.0 <br> 10.7 | 7.1 | 11.6 | 15. 4 |
    |  | 52 | 8 | 29 | 15 | 1.064 | . 715 | 1.089 | 1.667 | 78.0 | 5.1 | 8.1 | 13.1 |
    | Graham, whole wheat | 1 1 |  |  |  | . 016 | 0 | . 033 |  | [ $\begin{gathered}8.0 \\ .1\end{gathered}$ | 0 | 8.1 .3 | 13.1 |
    | Ryo... | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 010 | 0 | . 011 | . 025 | 5.1 | 0 | .1 | . 3 |
    | Crackers. | 20 | 5 | 10 | 5 | . 102 | . 092 | . 106 | . 108 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1. 2 | 1.2 |
    | Plain rolls. | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | . 008 | 0 | . 009 | . 019 | 9 - 1 | 0 | .1 | . 1 |
    | Sweet rolls | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 057 | . 072 | . 053 | . 038 | 8 . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | 3 |
    | Cookies. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 013 | . 004 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Cakes | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 022 | 0 | . 031 | . 025 | $5 . .5$ | 0 | 1.0 | . 3 |
    | Ples. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 006 | 6 (1) | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Other- |  |  |  |  | . 002 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Ready-to-eat coreals | 10 | 0 | 8 | 2 | . 028 | 0 | . 052 | . 025 | 5.5 | 0 | . 9 | . 5 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total.- |  |  |  |  | 3.921 | 2. 742 | 4.235 | 5. 305 | 516.8 | 11.2 | 18.1 | 23.6 |
    | Flour: White............-.--- | 58 | 11 | 30 | 17 | 2. 213 | 1. 653 | 2.248 | 3.196 | 6 9.3 | 6.0 | 9.7 | 14.4 |
    | Graham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{2}$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 53 | 10 | 30 | 13 | 1. 192 | . 682 | 1. 421 | 1. 522 | 23.2 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 4.4 |
    | Hominy | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 011 | 0 | 0 | . 063 | $3 \quad \begin{array}{r}\text {. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 | 0 | . 5 |
    | Cornstarch | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 017 | 0 | . 035 | 0 | . 3 | 0 | . 5 | 0 |
    | Rice-...-- | 27 | 8 | 13 | 8 | . 181 | . 157 | . 153 | . 304 | 4.1 .0 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.8 |
    | Rolled oats | 29 | 7 | 14 | 8 | . 160 | . 170 | .$^{.166}$ | . 152 | 21.5 | 1. 6 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
    |  | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 011 | . 010 | 0 | . 022 | 2.1 | . 1 | 0 | -4 |
    | Tapioca | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. | 20 | 7 |  | 5 | . 130 | . 070 | . 212 | . 046 | 61.3 | . 8 | 2.0 | . 5 |
    | Other grain products.........- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\text {. }}$ | $0{ }^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 59 | 9 | 32 | 18 | . 656 | . 305 | . 671 | 1.293 | $3 \quad 9.3$ | 4. 2 | 9.4 | 19.1 |
    | Milk, cheese ice eream, total -- |  |  |  |  | 3. 039 | 1.173 | 3.845 | 4.350 | 16.9 | 6. 4 | 21. 7 | 23.3 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 47 |  |  |  | 2.187 | 1.620 | 2. 866 | 3. 272 | $2{ }^{2} 11.6$ | 3.2 | 15.3 | 17.5 |
    | loose | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | skimmed | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | . 132 | ${ }^{-} .085$ | . 171 | . 109 | 9 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | buttermilk and other | 17 | 5 | 8 | 4 | . 433 | . 282 | . 438 | . 709 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.2 | 2.1 |
    | Skimmed, dried...-..... | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | $0{ }^{-23}$ | $0^{+23}$ | $0^{-13}$ | $0^{-7}$ | 0 | $0^{-8}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and con- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Oheese densed...----....... | 28 | 4 | 18 | 6 | 202 | .153 | . 241 | . 201 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
    | Cheese: American... | 10 | 3 | 11 | 5 | . 055 | . 020 | . 077 | . 059 | 1.2 | . 4 | 1. 7 | 1.4 |
    | Cottage................. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 020 | 0 | . 040 | 0 | . 4 | 0 | . 7 | 0 |
    | Other-.-.-------.-.-- | 3 | , | 2 | 0 | . 010 | . 013 | . 012 | 0 | .$^{3}$ |  | . 2 | 0 |
    | Ice cream | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in sppendir A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average quantity pur- } \\ & \text { chased per person in } 1 \\ & \text { week } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person ln 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | leve lies per ture | conom spena expe unit year | mic ami- ding t per | All famflies | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un}-1 \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \% <br> and <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un-} \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total. |  |  |  |  | 6.744 | 4.149 | 7.090 | 10.733 | 30.0 | 18.1 | 31.4 | 49.9 |
    | Potatoes |  |  |  | 17 | 2.117 | 1.095 | 2. 328 | 3.487 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 4.6 | 7.1 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams. | 13 | 5 | 6 | 2 | . 297 | . 288 | . 257 | . 431 | . 8 | . 8 | 7 | 1.3 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total |  |  |  |  | . 534 | . 527 | . 669 | . 444 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
    | Dried corn | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 41 | 8 | 22 | 11 | . 420 | . 341 | . 478 | . 406 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.1 |
    | Canned, dried. |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 027 | . 039 | . 029 |  | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 |
    | Baked, not canned | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed...----- | 8 | 3 |  |  | . 066 | . 131 | . 035 | . 025 | . 3 | . 7 | . 2 | . 2 |
    | Other-... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled In shell | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | $0^{.002}$ | 0 0 | 0 | $0^{.013}$ | $0{ }^{.1}$ | 0 0 | 0 | 0.4 |
    | Peanut butter | 6 | 2 |  | 0 | ${ }^{0} .019$ | ${ }^{0} .016$ | ${ }^{0} .027$ | 0 0 | ${ }^{0} .4$ | ${ }_{0} .3$ | ${ }^{0} .7$ | 0 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts.- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh.-.............-. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 036 | . 013 | . 027 | . 108 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.3 |
    | Canned | 25 | 3 | 15 | 7 | . 200 | . 049 | . 261 | . 317 | 1.4 | 4 | 1.8 | 2.5 |
    | Juice. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 021 | . 031 | . 012 | . 025 | (1) 2 | . 1 | 1.1 | . 5 |
    | Sauce paste........-- | 2 | 1 | , | 1 | . 004 | . 007 | 0 | . 010 | (1) | 1 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 699 | 1. 104 | 1.737 | 2.735 | 9.2 | 5.3 | 9.8 | 15.5 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage | 37 | 7 | 19 | 11 | . 652 | . 498 | . 584 | 1.141 | 1. 9 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 3.4 |
    | Sauerkraut | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | . 060 | . 049 | . 073 | . 044 | . 4 | 4 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | Collards | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Kale... | 24 | 4 | 10 | 10 | . 374 | . 302 | . 292 | . 748 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 4.6 |
    | Lettuce. | 16 | 3 | 8 | 5 | . 103 | . 039 | . 128 | . 152 | . 9 | . 3 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 070 | . 039 | . 044 | . 203 | .4 | 3 | . 3 | 1.0 |
    | Canned | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 036 | 0 | . 073 |  | . 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetable | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 017 | 0 |  | . 101 | .1 | 0 | $0{ }^{-}$ | . 8 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 037 | . 039 | . 049 | 0 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 009 | . 026 |  | 0 | 1 | . 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string) : Fresh.-- | 10 | 1 | 5 | 4 | . 101 | . 039 | . 124 | . 152 | 1.1 | . 4 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
    | Broceli Canned. | 8 | 1 | 7 | 0 | . 088 | . 031 | .$^{160}$ |  | . 6 | .$^{3}$ | 1.1 | 0 |
    | Broccoli | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 016 | . 026 | 0 | . 042 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Canned | 20 | 1 | 13 | 6 | . 133 | . 016 | . 2008 | . 152 | 1.0 | . 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
    | Peppers. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 004 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Okra-....-.-.....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, tot |  |  |  |  | . 083 | . 026 | . 080 | . 203 | . 4 | . 1 | . 5 | . 9 |
    | Carrots .-.......-.-............- | 9 |  |  | 4 | . 083 | . 026 | . 080 | . 203 | . 4 | .11 | 5 | . 0 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total.....--.-- |  |  |  |  | . 735 | $0^{.351}$ | . 909 | . 978 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 5.5 |
    | Beets: Fresh. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 022 |  | 0 | . 127 | .$^{1}$ | 0 | 0 | . 5 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Celery | 9 | 2 | 3 | 4. | . 039 | . 026 | . 018 | . 127 | . 4 | . 2 | . 3 | 1. 1 |
    | Corn: On ear | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | . 023 | 0 |  | . 1 | . 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 20 | 3 | 11 | 6 | . 174 | . 092 | . 217 | . 209 | 1.4 | . 8 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
    | Cucumber. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Onions: Mature | 42 | 8 | 24 | 10 | . 448 | . 210 | . 592 | . 495 | 1.7 | . 9 | 2.3 | 1.5 |
    | Spring | 3 | 0 | 2 |  | . 014 | 0 | . 020 | . 020 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 1 |
    | Parsnips-.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips.-.----- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 013 | 0 | . 027 | 0 | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | $.017$ | $0$ | .$^{.035}$ | 0 | .1 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plokles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | $\stackrel{+}{ }$ |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | . 383 | . 209 | . 306 | . 995 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1. 9 | 6.1 |
    | Lemons | 10 | 1 | 4 |  | . 069 | . 039 | . 071 | . 120 | . 6 | . 3 | . 7 | 1.1 |
    | Oranges .......... | 16 | 1 | 6 | 9 | . 206 | . 052 | . 195 | . 533 | 1.3 | $\cdot 4$ | 1.1 | 3.4 |
    | Grapefrult: Fresh Canned | 6 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | $0^{.118}$ | $0^{.118}$ | $0^{.040}$ | .$_{0}^{.342}$ | $0^{.5}$ | 0.4 | 0.1 | 1.6 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.--Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { farm- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased <br> for Consumption at Home in 1 <br> Week-Continued No. No. No. No.No.Nb.Nb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 0.625 | 0.448 | 0.604 | 1. 000 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 6.4 |
    | Apples: Fresh.- | 23 | 4 | 12 | 7 | . 354 | . 238 | . 398 | . 457 | 1. 4 | 7 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
    | Canned | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | . 009 | . 026 |  |  | . 1 | 3 | 0 | , |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bananas. | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 | . 101 | . 039 | . 053 | . 335 | . 5 | . 2 | . 3 | 1.8 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 011 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oanned. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 013 | 0 | . 015 | . 032 | . 2 | 0 | . 2 | . 4 |
    | Grapes: Fresh.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 | . 049 | . 018 | . 087 | 0 | . 6 | . 3 | 1.1 | 0 |
    | Pears: Fresh.... |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Melons Canned. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 005 | 0 | .005 | . 013 | .1 | 0 | . 1 | . 4 |
    | Melons - Fr-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oanned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Drear Peaches. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 025 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 4 |
    | Prunes. | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | . 070 | . 131 | . 027 | . 076 | .5 | . 8 | . 2 | - 4 |
    | Raisins | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 006 |  | . 008 | . 011 | 11 | 0 | . 1 | 1 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 009 | 0 |  | . 051 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Sugars and sweets, tota |  |  |  |  | 1. 412 | . 963 | 1. 586 | 1. 789 | 7.9 | 5. 9 | 8.5 | 10.1 |
    | Sugars: White..... |  |  |  | 18 | 1. 132 | . 708 | 1.213 | 1.725 | 6.3 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 9.3 |
    | Brown. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 009 | . 013 | . 009 | 0 | (1) | .1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | . 013 |  | $0$ | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other Jellies...---.-....-. | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 1 | 3 | 2 | . 015 | . 039 | $0$ | . 013 | $\stackrel{.}{ } \cdot$ | .4 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Molasses, sirups. | 16 | 4 | 10 | 2 | . 252 | . 190 |  | . 051 |  | . 9 |  | . 5 |
    | Miscellaneous, Other sweets |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total....-......----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.7 | 4.0 | 11.6 | 20.9 |
    | Gelatine .-...---.-.-.-....- | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | . 009 | 0 | . 018 | . 004 | . 4 | 0 | (i) 5 | . 7 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures | 3 | 0 | 1. | 2 | . 003 | 0 | . 002 | . 012 | . 1 | 0 | (1) | 4 |
    | Tea-.-----........ | 12 | 4 | 6 | 2 | . 014 | . 020 | . 013 | . 006 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {. } 6}$ | 2 |
    | Coffee | 54 | 9 | 29 | 16 | . 260 | . 118 | . 238 | . 457 | 4.9 | 2.0 | 5.3 | 0.4 |
    | Cocoa. | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 012 | 0 | . 024 | 0 |  | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Chocolate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 6 | . 6 | . 8 | . 5 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{(1)} 8$ | . 4 | . .8 | 1.5 |
    | Spices and extracts...............- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomato soup.... | 3 | 0 |  | 0 | . 009 | 0 | . 017 |  | . 2 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 |
    | Other soups. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cod-liver oil..... | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 009 | 0 | .$^{2}$ | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other foods ....... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | . 049 | 0 | . 030 | . 199 | . 6 | 0 | .4 | 2.3 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home- | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | . 074 | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | . 124 | . 076 | 1. 9 | ( 1$)$ | 1.9 | b. 5 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    ${ }^{3}$ Quantity not available.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All fami- } \\ \text { ilies }}}{ }$ |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in winter quarter Average number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 3.71 \\ 3.14 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ 4.93 \\ 4.09 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 3.20 \\ 2.72 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 2.79 \\ 2.43 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
    | Item | Number of families using $\ln 1$ week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person ln 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Ec leve lies per ture | $\begin{aligned} & \text { conom } \\ & \text { 1-Fa } \\ & \text { spend } \\ & \text { expen } \\ & \text { e unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nic } \\ & \text { ami. } \\ & \text { ding } \\ & \text { ndi- } \\ & \text { per } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam. } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { tame } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 6000 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week <br> Total $\qquad$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | $\begin{array}{r} c t .2 \\ 231.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 171.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 249.6 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{3} \mathbf{C t} 2$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total..... |  |  |  |  | 5. 204 | 4. 732 | 5.277 | 6. 103 | 30.1 | 33.6 | 42.1 | 47.5 |
    | Bread and other baked goods total |  |  |  |  | 1.891 | 1. 596 | 2.028 | 2. 345 | 19.7 | 16.0 | 21.6 | 25.5 |
    | Bread: White-...-........... | 100 | 36 | 34 | 30 | 1. 366 | 1. 218 | 1.378 | 1. 664 | 12.9 | 11.4 | 13.1 | 16.0 |
    | wheat | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 8 | 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 123 \\ & .034 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .028 \\ .050 \end{array}$ | $.244$ | . 178 | 1.2 .3 | $\stackrel{.}{ } \times$ | 2.4 | 1.7 .3 |
    |  | 60 | 27 | 17 | 16 | . 182 | . 191 | . 167 | . 179 | $\stackrel{\cdot}{2}$ | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2. 2 |
    | Plain rolls- | 7 |  | , | 1 | . 035 | . 043 | . 042 | . 010 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 1 |
    | Sweet rolls- | 8 | 1 | 3 | 4 | . 020 | . 005 | . 025 | . 045 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1.0 |
    | Cookies | 18 | 3 | , | 8 | . 044 | . 015 | . 081 | . 060 | 1.0 | 5 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
    | Cakes | 15 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 8 | 046 | . 010 | . 054 | . 111 | .9 | 2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
    | Pies-... | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 020 |  | . 014 |  | ${ }_{2}$ | 3 | 1 | . 5 |
    | Other---1.-..-....-. | 47 | 14 | 22 | 11 | . 021 | . 019 | . 015 | . 031 | 1.2 | 1.1 | $\stackrel{.}{2}$ | 1.75 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | 3.217 | 3.078 | 3.074 | 3. 677 | 17.8 | 16.5 | 17.9 | 20.3 |
    | Flour: White.... | 106 | 42 | 35 | 29 | 1.761 | 1. 703 | 1.776 | 1.866 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 9.7 |
    | Graham <br> Other |  |  |  | 0 | $0^{.032}$ | $0^{.048}$ | $0^{.030}$ |  | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{.4}$ | $0^{2}$ | , |
    | Corn meal... | 91 | 38 | 25 | 28 | . 794 | . 730 | . 727 | 1.012 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3. 5 |
    | Hominy | 25 | 12 | 8 | 5 | . 083 | . 066 | . 125 | . 070 |  |  | . | . 4 |
    | Cornstarch | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | . 004 | . 002 | . 004 | . 005 |  |  | 1 | .1 |
    | Rice | 50 | ${ }_{2}^{23}$ | 11 | 16 | . 178 | . 176 | . 088 | . 240 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . ${ }^{6}$ | 1.5 |
    | Rolled oats | 58 | 27 | 17 | 14 | . 148 | . 151 | . 138 | . 152 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
    | Wheat cereal Tapioca | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . ${ }^{4}$ | . 8 | 1.5 .1 |
    | Tapioca Sago | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | $0^{.001}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $1 \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{.002}$ | ${ }_{0}^{(1)}$ | $0{ }^{0}$ | $0^{0}$ | $0^{.1}$ |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, nood- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 61 | 28 |  | 17 |  |  |  | . 225 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
    | Other grain products.-..... | 析 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | 104 | 37 | 35 | 32 | 5. 694 | 3. 6471 | - ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 728$ | 7.037 | 15.8 27.3 | 11.7 | 162 | ${ }^{21.6}$ |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled | 101 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 3. 644 | 2. 457 | 4.337 | 5. 320 | 18.4 | 12.1 | 22.1 | ${ }_{27.3}^{38.5}$ |
    | , loose.... |  |  |  |  | . 119 | . 140 | . 036 | . 176 | . 4 | - 5 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 1$ | ${ }^{\text {. }} 5$ |
    | skimmed------ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 025 | . 021 | . 018 | . 044 | .1 | 1 | 1 | . 1 |
    | buttermik and other. | 36 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.5 |
    | Skimmed, dried......... | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0. | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 51 | 22 | 18 |  | . 333 |  | . 461 | 362 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.3 |
    | Cheese: American......-.... | 61 | 23 | 16 | 22 | . 141 | . 109 | . 166 | . 192 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 4.1 |
    | Oottage. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 009 |  | . 004 | . 033 | 2 |  |  | 5 |
    | Ice cream............- | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | . 012 | . 005 | $0^{.025}$ | .010 .031 | 3 | .2 .1 | $0^{8}$ | $\stackrel{.1}{1.0}$ |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A verage quantity pur- } \\ & \text { chased per person in } 1 \\ & \text {.week } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All familles | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilises } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- | \$400 | \$600 and over |  | Un- der \$400 | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | L.b. | Ct. | Ct. | $C t$. | Ct. |
    | Fats, total. |  |  |  |  | 1.419 | 1. 143 | 1. 434 | 1.978 | 32. 1 | 24.9 | 33.3 | 46.1 |
    | Butter | 100 |  | 35 | 30 | . 321 | . 263 | . 357 | . 399 | 11.1 | 8.8 | 12.5 | 14.3 |
    | Cream |  | 1 | 2 | 6 | . 015 | . 007 | . 006 | . 042 | . 4 |  | . 3 | 1,4 |
    | Other table fats | 15 | 8 | 4 | 3 | . 051 | . 051 | . 068 | . 031 | 1.0 | 1. 0 | 1.2 | . 8 |
    | Lard.-...--- | 81 | 35 | 22 | 24 | . 480 | . 452 | . 452 | . 572 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 8.5 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 28 | 6 | 12 | 10 | . 100 | . 046 | .$^{151}$ | . 153 | 1.4 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | 2.2 | 2.3 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 4 | , | 0 | 2 | . 006 | . 002 | 0 | . 020 | . 2 | (1) | 0 | ${ }^{2 .} 6$ |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing | 52 | 17 | 15 | 20 | . 061 | . 037 | . 065 | . 107 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.9 |
    | Bacon, smoked. | 72 | 22 | 27 | 23 | . 232 | . 150 | . 271 | . 358 | 6.2 | 3.8 | 7.3 | 9.8 |
    | Salt side of pork | 38 | 17 | 6 | 15 | . 153 | . 135 | . 064 | . 296 | 2.9 | 2. 7 | 1.2 | 5.5 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 089 | 1. 469 | 2. 557 | 2. 827 | 39.5 | 26.5 | 45.5 | 60.4 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, or sirloin. | 36 | 14 | 10 | 12 | .174 | . 168 | . 161 | . 210 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 5.9 |
    | top round.....-- | 13 | 4 | 3 | 6 | . 066 | . 053 | . 063 | . 097 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 2. 2 |
    | other.- | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | $.035$ | . 024 | . 084 | $0$ | . 6 | . 5 | 1.2 |  |
    | Roast, rib... | 34 | 14 | 10 | 10 | . 220 | . 167 | . 228 | . 322 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 6. 4 |
    | chuek | 13 | 4 | 5 | 4 | . 096 | . 051 | .$^{135}$ | . 143 | 1.6 | . 8 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
    | other- | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | $.035$ | . 034 | 0 | . 082 | . 7 | . 6 | 0 | 1.6 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 8 | 2 | 3 | 3 | . 037 | . 017 | . 059 | . 051 | . 4 | . 2 | . 6 | . 6 |
    | plate <br> other | 11 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | ${ }^{0} 019$ | . 025 | ${ }^{0} 024$ | . 2 | ${ }^{+}$ | $\begin{array}{r}.7 \\ +4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 |
    | Canned.....-....... | $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 1 1 | 6 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | .047 .007 | . 019 | . 114 | . 024 | . 6 | (i) ${ }^{3}$ | 1.4 | . 4 |
    | Corned | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 014 | . 006 | . 023 | . 018 | 1 |  | 4 | 2 |
    | Dried. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | . 005 | 0 | . 005 | .1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, | 14 | 2 | 6 | 6 | . 057 | . 019 | . 063 | . 128 | 1.2 | . 3 | 1.1 | 3.4 |
    | roast. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 016 | . 019 | . 025 |  | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 | 0 |
    | stew. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | I،amb: Fresh, chops | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | roast | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | stew | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 42 | 10 | 17 | 15 | . 182 | . 099 | . 190 | . 346 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 8.0 |
    | loin roas |  |  | 3 | 4 | . 052 | . 014 | . 059 | . 123 | 1.1 | . 4 | 1. 2 | 2.5 |
    | other... | 15 | 5 | 2 | 5 | . 046 | . 070 | . 025 | . 020 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 5 | . 4 |
    | Smoked ham, slices.. | 15 | 5 | 5 | 5 | . 043 | . 040 | . 042 | . 051 | 1.4 | 1. 4 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
    | $\begin{gathered} \text { half or } \\ \text { whole } \end{gathered}$ | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | . 083 | 0 | . 127 | . 204 | 1. 6 | 0 | 2.5 | 4.1 |
    | picnic.- |  | 0 | 3 | 1 | . 058 | 0 | . 165 | . 051 | 1.0 | 0 | 2.7 | . 8 |
    | Pork sausage | 46 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 180 | . 118 | . 224 | . 258 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
    | Other pork... | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | . 015 | . 014 | 0 | . 036 | . 3 | . 2 | 0 | 1.0 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, tota |  |  |  |  | . 236 | . 297 | .$^{.143}$ | . 220 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 2.6 | 3.9 |
    | Other fresh meat. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 34 | 19 | 9 | 6 | . 130 | . 176 | . 089 | . 082 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
    | Cooked: Ham | 10 | 3 | 4 | 3 | .$^{.024}$ | .$^{.016}$ | $0^{.030}$ | . 036 | . 9 | ${ }_{-} \cdot 6$ | 1.0 | 1. 1 |
    | Tongue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Liver....-- | 19 | 12 | 2 | 5 | . 072 | . 097 | . 017 | . 087 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 2 | 1.3 |
    | Other meat products- | 5 | 4 |  | 1 | . 010 | . 008 | . 007 | . 015 | . 2 | . 1 | $\cdot 1$ | . 3 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling....--- | 9 | 1 | 4 | 4 | . 067 | . 014 | . 108 | . 128 | 1.8 | . 9 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
    |  | 5 | , | , | 1 | . 052 | . 072 | . 025 | . 041 | . 9 | 1. 0 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Turkey stew | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | $0^{.038}$ | . 024 | .$^{.034}$ | .$^{.072}$ | .$^{7}$ | . 5 | . 7 | 1.3 |
    | Turkey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 016 | $0$ | . 059 | 0 | .$^{3}$ | 0 | 1.1 | 0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total... |  |  |  |  | . 205 | . 125 | . 364 | . 182 | 2. 6 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 2.9 |
    | Fish: Fresh_-......................... | 18 | 6 |  | 5 | . 073 | . 060 | . 106 | . 061 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
    | Canned | 18 | 5 | 9 | 4 | $.120$ | . 055 |  | . 090 | . 8 | .$_{0} .5$ | 1.3 | . 8 |
    | Cured | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters $\qquad$而 $\qquad$ | 5 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 0 | 3 | $0^{.012}$ | $0^{.010}$ | 0 | $0^{.031}$ | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{2}$ | 0 | . 9 |
    | Other sea food | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using $\ln 1$ week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 600 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 8.039 | 6.399 | 8.538 | 10.909 | 46.0 | 34.6 | 48.0 | 66.2 |
    | Potatoes.-.-.-.-... | 106 | 39 | 34 | 33 | 1. 611 | 1. 406 | 1. 480 | 2. 202 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 6. 0 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 67 | 24 | 21 | 22 | . 766 | . 703 | . 850 | . 797 | 2.0 | 1. 6 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total |  |  |  |  | . 493 | . 524 | . 486 | . 430 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
    | Dried corn...--... | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans; Dry | 57 | 26 | 18 | 13 | . 257 | . 261 | . 260 | . 245 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1. 7 | 1.9 |
    | Canned, dried | 0 |  |  | , | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Baked, not canne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed.- | 40 | 18 | 12 | 10 | . 120 | . 123 | . 127 | . 107 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 |
    | Other | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | . 022 | . 034 | . 008 | . 013 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 005 | . 010 | 0 | . 002 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | In shell |  | 1 | 0 | 2 | . 007 | . 005 | 0 | . 020 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
    | Peanut butter | 33 | 18 | 8 | 7 | . 077 | . 091 | . 074 | . 052 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 8 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 005 |  | . 017 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh...-.--.......... | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | . 022 | . 005 | . 020 | . 061 | . 3 | (1) | . 2 | 9 |
    | Canned | 64 | 25 | 21 | 18 | . 424 | . 321 | . 512 | . 523 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 |
    | Juice. | 9 | 3 | 2 | 4 | . 032 | . 026 | . 009 | . 071 | 3 | 2 |  | 7 |
    | Sauce, paste. | 17 | 7 | 7 | 3 | . 041 | . 021 | . 082 | . 033 | 4 | . 3 | 6 | . 3 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | 1. 174 | . 889 | 1.223 | 1. 728 | 8. 7 | 6.2 | 8. 5 | 13.3 |
    | Brussels sprouts...............- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | . 005 |  | 0 | . 020 | . 1 | , | 0 | . 3 |
    | Cabbage. | 52 | 21 | 15 | 16 | . 334 | . 288 | . 347 | . 419 | 1. 0 | 9 | . 9 | 1. |
    | Sanerkraut | 22 | 11 | 4 | 7 | . 078 | . 081 | $0^{.061}$ | . 092 | 6 | 6 | $0^{.4}$ | . 6 |
    | Collards | 2 |  | 0 | 1 | . 007 | . 010 | 0 | 010 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Kale | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | . 007 | . 002 |  | 1 | 1 | .1 | 0 |
    | Lettuce | 56 | 15 | 19 | 22 | . 161 | . 110 | . 152 | .281 | 1.4 | 9 | 1.4 | 2. |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 14 | 3 | 5 | 6 | . 088 | . 048 | . 051 | . 133 | . 4 | 4 | 2 |  |
    | Canned | 22 | 9 | 5 | 8 | . 096 | . 082 | . 091 | . 132 | . 8 | 7 | 8 |  |
    | Other leafy vegetables..-.---- | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 | . 013 | . 006 | . 016 | . 024 | . 2 | .$^{-1}$ | . 2 |  |
    | Asparagus: Fresh..------------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Canned.-........-- | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | . 042 | . 006 | . 051 | . 107 | . 5 | . 1 | (i) ${ }^{5}$ | 1. |
    | Lima beans: Fresh..--------- | 12 | 4 | 1 | 7 | . 033 | . 029 | . 008 | . 072 | .3 | . 3 | (1) |  |
    |  | 10 | 1 | 5 | 4 | . 044 | . 007 | . 082 | . 077 | . 3 | . 1 | . 5 |  |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh..- | 9 | 5 | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | 2 | . 040 | . 058 | . 025 | . 020 | . 3 | . 4 | 2 |  |
    | Canned. | 22 | 8 | 8 | 6 | . 122 | . 086 | . 150 | . 166 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1. |
    | Broccoli. | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 020 | . 3 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Peas: Fresh | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | . 015 | . 012 | . 008 | . 031 | . 1 | . 1 | $\cdot 1$ |  |
    | Cann | 29 | 9 | 12 | 8 | . 104 | . 058 | . 175 | . 117 | 1.1 | . 6 | 1.7 | 1. |
    | Peppers. |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | . 001 | . 004 | . 002 | (1) | (1) | 1 | (1) |
    | Okra-.-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 |  | . 005 | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Yellow vegetables, tota |  |  |  |  | . 147 | . 124 | . 144 | . 199 | . 8 | 6 | 8 | 1. |
    | Carrots.--- | 45 | 15 | 15 | 15 | . 138 | . 116 | . 144 | . 179 | . 8 | ${ }^{6}$ | . 8 | 1 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 4 |  |  | 3 | . 009 | . 008 |  | + 020 | (1) | (1) | ${ }_{6} 8$ |  |
    | Other vegetables, total. <br> Beets: Fresh |  |  |  |  | . 795 | . 576 | . 859 | 1.174 | 6. 0 | 3.9 | 6.4 | 10. |
    | Beets: Fresh- | 5 | 1 |  | 2 | . 012 | $0^{.005}$ | $0^{.017}$ | . 020 | 1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |
    | Cauliflower | 5 | I | 1 | 4 | . 0006 | ${ }^{0} .019$ | ${ }^{0} .008$ | . 026 | 1 | ${ }^{0} .1$ | 0 |  |
    | Celery | 33 | 8 | 13 | 12 | . 083 | . 048 | . 101 | .133 | 9 | 5 | 1.2 | 1. |
    | Corn: On ear | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 40 | 13 | 15 | 12 | . 160 | . 115 | . 213 | . 192 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2. |
    | Cucumber | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 010 | (1) | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Eggplant | 2 | 0 | - | , | . 005 | 0 | . 008 | . 010 | (1) | 0 | (1) |  |
    | Onions: Mature | 83 | 33 | 25 | 25 | . 344 | . 270 | $0^{.345}$ | . 496 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2. |
    | Spring | 3 |  | 0 | 2 | . 005 | . 002 | 0 | . 015 | (1) | (1) | 0 |  |
    | Parsnips.-. | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips. | 10 | 3 | 2 | 5 | . 049 | . 034 | . 051 | . 082 | .3 | .3 | . 2 |  |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 19 | 7 |  | 6 | 107 | .$^{.083}$ | 101 | .$^{164}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | . 3 | 4 |  |
    | Other vegetables. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | 015 | 0 | (1) | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.0 | + 5 | 5.8 | 2. |
    | Citrus fruits, total | 20 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 1.049 .087 . | . 730 | 1.038 .070 | 1.737 .238 1. | 5.5 .6 | 3.5 .2 | 5. 8 | 9. |
    | Oranges. | 73 | 26 | 24 | 23 | . 763 | . 661 | . 687 | 1. 070 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 5. |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh.a...........- | 19 | 0 | 1 | 10 | . 196 | $0^{.043}$ | . 271 | $0_{0}{ }^{429}$ | $(1)^{9}$ | $0^{.2}$ | 1.2 .1 | 2. |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter and spring quarter combined, by economic level

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-24$

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter and spring quarter combined, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table arg in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter and spring quarters combined, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter and spring quarters combined, by economic level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No | No. | $\begin{aligned} & I b . \\ & 0.747 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 0.560 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 0.843 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 0.942 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 4.6 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }^{C t} 4.9$ | Ct. | Ct. |
    | Other fruits, total | 26 | 6 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.80 |
    | Apples: Fresh |  |  |  | 2 | . 270 | . 145 | . 366 | . 258 | 1.4 | . 7 | 2.0 |  |
    | Apples. Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} .002$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{-7}$ | 0 |  |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | . 014 | (t) | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}{ }^{-7}$ |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 0 |
    | Bananas.- | 25 | 6 | 15 | 4 | . 214 | . 188 | . 211 | . 316 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
    | Berries: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 1$ | 0 | 0 0 |  |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | . 011 | 0 | . 022 | 0 |  | 0 | . 2 |  |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | $0{ }^{-02}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-2}$ |  |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 00 | 0 | 00 | 00 | 0 | 00 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & .030 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{0}$. |
    | Canned | 5 | 1. | 3 |  |  | . 015 |  | ${ }^{0} .080$ | ${ }_{0}^{0} .2$ | $0^{.1}$ | 0 |  |
    | Pears: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ .004 \end{gathered}$ | 0 | 0 | $0^{.080}$ | $0^{-2}$ |  | $0^{-3}$ | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | . 011 | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{\text {a }} .4$ |
    | Canned | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 028 | 0 | ${ }^{0} .038$ | . 080 | . 3 | 0 | $0_{0}{ }^{5}$ |  |
    | Melons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{-080}$ | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 |  | $0^{.4}$ |
    | Plums: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $0^{.006}$ | 0 | 0 | . 050 | (1) | 0 | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & .4\end{array}$ |  |
    | Other fruit. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 0 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 |  |
    | Grape juice. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (1) | ${ }^{0} .1$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | . 008 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Priaches. | 19 | 8 | 8 | 3 | . 082 |  | . 069 | . 115 | . 8 | 1. 0 | . 7 | 1. 1 |
    | Prunes | 12 | 4 | 7 | 1 | . 045 | . 051 | . 044 | . 028 | .5 | . 5 | 5 | 3 |
    | Raisins | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 010 | . 010 | . 013 |  | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 7 | 3 | 4 | 0 | . 042 | . 043 | . 050 |  | . 3 | . 5 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Sugars and sweets, |  |  |  |  | 1. 790 | 1. 296 | 1. 929 | 2.814 | 10.6 | 6. 6 | 12. 1 | 17.5 |
    | Sugars: White. | 82 | 22 | 44 | 16 | 1. 338 | . 820 | 1. 504 | 2.324 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 8.5 | 12.6 |
    | Brown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy. | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 022 | . 004 | . 008 | . 144 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.7 |
    |  | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | . 029 | . 005 | . 053 | 0 | . 4 | .1 | .7 | 0 |
    | Molasses, sirups. | 35 | 10 | 18 | 7 | . 401 | . 467 | . 364 | . 346 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
    | Other sweets. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.9 | 6.3 | 13.1 | 24.1 |
    | Gelatine | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | . 001 | 0 | . 008 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 4 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tea- | 11 | 3 | 4 | 4 | . 012 | . 006 | . 009 | . 039 | .4 | . 4 | .$^{2}$ | 1.1 |
    | Coffee. | 70 | 15 | 43 | 12 | . 216 | . 120 | . 252 | . 373 | 6.0 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 10.2 |
    | Cocoa | 16 | 5 | 8 | 3 | . 036 | . 032 | . 036 | . 056 | 6 | . 5 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Chocolate | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 009 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | . 2 | 1. |
    | Salt-...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 9 | 5 | . 9 | 2.0 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.5 | 9 | 1.5 | 3. |
    | Spices and extracts.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) ${ }^{4}$ | 3 | 4 | . 7 |
    | Catsup, sauces. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Tometo soup. | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | . 021 | . 037 | . 013 | 0 | .3 | .4 | .2 | 0 |
    | Other soups. | 2 | 0 | 1. | 1 | . 006 | 0 | . 008 | . 020 | .1 | 0 | . 1 | ${ }^{.3}$ |
    | Cod-liver oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other foods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | . 036 | .$^{.013}$ | . 027 | . 153 | . 6 | $\pm .2$ | .5 | 2.3 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home- | 3 | 0 | 2 |  | . 011 | 0 | . 016 | . 024 | . 6 | 0 | . 9 | 1.4 |
    | Bales tax on food.------------1- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All famiilies |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring quarter- <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 129 |  |  |  | 36 |  | 27 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  | 30 |  | 13 |  | 8. 16 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |  | 52 |  | 73 |  | 2.76 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 100$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week <br> Total $\qquad$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 192.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 151.2 \end{gathered}$ | Ct. | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 270.6 \end{gathered}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total |  |  |  |  | 4.720 | 4.507 | 5. 250 | 4.484 | 36.9 | 34.5 | 41.2 | 41.7 |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | 2,154 | 1, 985 | 2, 180 | 2, 425 | 22. 2 | 20.3 | 22.9 | 29.4 |
    |  | 123 | 61 | 35 | 27 | 1.761 | 1.714 | 1. 864 | 1.820 | 17.5 | 16.8 | 19.0 | 18.9 |
    | Graham, whole wheat | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | . 026 | . 025 | 0 | . 064 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Rye........... | 8 | 4 | 3 | 1 | . 053 | . 043 | . 070 | . 071 | . 6 | . 5 | $.7$ | . 8 |
    | Crackers | 46 | 24 | 8 | 14 | $.081$ | $.063$ | $.093$ | . 139 | 1.2 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.7 |
    | Plain rolls... | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | . 039 | . 050 | . 022 | . 018 | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Sweet rolls | 11 | 5 | 4 | 2 | . 018 | . 014 | . 030 | .016 | . 2 | . 2 | . 5 | . 2 |
    | Cookies...- | 13 | 7 | 2 | 4 | . 033 | . 034 | . 022 | . 041 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 |
    | Oakes.-- | 31 | 12 | 9 | 10 | . 064 | . 034 | . 079 | . 168 | 1.5 | 1. 0 | 1. 2 | 4.0 |
    | Pies. | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | . 014 | . 008 | 0 | . 056 | . 2 | . 1 | 0 | . 9 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 032 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals .-.------ | 41 | 17 | 14 | 10 | . 054 | . 042 | . 077 | . 054 | . 9 | . 8 | 1. 2 | . 9 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. |  |  |  |  | 2, 512 | 2,480 | 2.993 | 2. 005 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 17. 1 | 11.4 |
    | Flour: White.............-.-- | 121 | 63 | 34 | 24 | 1.213 | 1,226 | 1. 559 | .$^{.701}$ | 6.1 | 6. 2 | 7.8 | 3.6 |
    | Graham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other- | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 016 | . 008 | . 022 | . 041 | .1 | . 1 | .1 | . 3 |
    | Cornmeal. | 87 | 46 | 25 | 16 | . 504 | . 511 | . 517 | . 461 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
    | Hominy. | 76 | 44 | 19 | 13 | . 235 | . 238 | . 240 | . 215 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 |
    | Cornstarch | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | 0 |
    | Rice. | 99 | 53 | 24 | 22 | . 285 | . 255 | . 338 | 335 | 1.7 | 1. 5 | 1. 9 | 2.0 |
    | Rolled oats | 50 | 28 | 14 | 8 | . 123 | . 129 | . 143 | . 069 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 | . 6 |
    | Wheat cereal | 18 | 6 | 8 | 4 | . 029 | . 010 | . 074 | . 049 | . 4 | . 1 | 1.0 | . 7 |
    | Tapioca | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sago .... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. | 64 |  | 17 | 13 | . 105 | . 099 | . 100 | . 134 | 1.2 | 1. 2 | 1. 3 | 1.4 |
    | Other grain products.-...---- | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggs...-.-....-............ | 107 | 58 | 25 | 24 | . 552 | . 458 | . 657 | . 803 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 11. 1 | 12.2 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total |  |  |  |  | 4. 275 | 2. 410 | 8. 679 | 6. 095 | 19.9 | 14.9 | 29.2 | 27. 2 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 93 | 40 | 31 | 22 | 2.450 | 1.470 | 4. 414 | 3.863 | 11.4 | 7.0 | 21.8 | 15.7 |
    | loose | 1 |  | 0 | 0 | . 033 | .$^{.051}$ | 0 | 0 | .$^{2}$ | . 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | skimmed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other $\qquad$ | 38 | 18 | 14 | 6 | . 356 | . 281 | . 550 | . 407 | 1. 2 | .9 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
    | Skimmed, dried.-....-- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 008 | . 012 | 0 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed. | 92 | 53 | 19. | 20 | 1. 234 | . 521 | 3.615 | 1.010 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 8. 7 |
    |  | 57 | 31 | 12 | 14 | 1.234 .176 | . 068 | . 075 | 1. 749 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1. 9 | 2.5 |
    |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 9 |  | 1 | 4 | . 008 | . 007 | . 005 | . 018 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 6 |
    | Ice cream....... | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | . 011 | . 004 | ${ }^{1} .008$ | 048 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | 1. 4 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of familios using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}-1 \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> to <br> $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. |  |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits, total....... |  |  |  |  | 6. 405 | 5.362 | 8. 489 | 2.877 | 33.3 | 26.0 | 41.6 | 52.1 |
    | Potatoes | 123 | 64 | 34 | 25 | 1. 761 | 1.671 | 2.310 | 1. 405 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 2.5 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams. | 37 | 17 | 10 | 10 | . 357 | . 259 | . 596 | . 442 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.1 | 1. 0 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total.-- |  |  |  |  | 409 | . 428 | . 376 | . 367 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
    | Dried corn.-..........-...-- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 3. | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 84 | 51 | 21 | 12 | . 240 | . 272 | . 219 | . 132 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 9 |
    | Canned, dried --- | 8 | 2 |  | 4 | $0^{.028}$ | . 010 | . 034 | . 097 | . 2 | .1 | 1.4 | 6 |
    | Baked, not cann | , |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed......- | 30 | 19 | 7 | 4 | . 065 | . 069 | . 076 | . 034 | 4 | . 4 | . 4 | 2 |
    | Other | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 006 | . 002 | . 013 | . 009 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | 1 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | . 004 | . 002 | . 011 | . 002 | .1 | 0 | . 4 | $0^{\circ}$ |
    | In shell | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 002 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ |
    | Peanut butter | 41 | 27 | 5 | 9 | . 065 | . 071 | . 023 | . 093 | 1. 0 | 1.1 | - 5 | 1.3 |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh.-------------- | 25 | 12 | 5 | 8 | . 083 | . 044 | . 110 | . 206 | 1.0 | . 5 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
    | Canned | 70 | 36 | 20 | 14 | . 213 | . 184 | . 278 | . 243 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
    | Juice | 13 | 3 | , | 7 | . 039 | . 006 | . 017 | . 201 | . 3 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.6 |
    | Sauce, paste.....---- | 19 | 14 |  | 4 | . 044 | . 052 | . 016 | . 047 | . 4 | 4 | 1 |  |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total. |  |  |  |  | . 872 | . 612 | 1.255 | 1.414 | 7.1 | 5.0 | 9.1 | 13. 1 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage. | 39 | 18 | 15 | 6 | . 174 | . 115 | . 403 | . 110 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.7 | . 5 |
    | Sauerkraut | 13 | 8 | 3 | 2 | . 047 | . 048 | . 055 | . 032 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 2 |
    | Collards | 6 | 5 | 0 | 1 | . 013 | . 017 | 0 | . 013 | . 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Kale. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce. | 58 | 21 | 17 | 20 | . 117 | . 063 | . 160 | .279 | 1.1 | 7 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 8 | 5 | 1 | 3 | . 044 | . 038 | . 022 | . 102 | .3 | 2 | I | . 8 |
    | Canned | 15 | 4 |  | 7 | . 034 | . 014 | . 038 | . 108 | . 3 | 1 | 4 | 9 |
    | Other leafy vegetable | 37 | 19 | 11 | 7 | . 148 | . 1111 | . 2225 | . 196 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh | 0 | 0 | , | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . |
    | Canned.-------------- | 6 |  | 2 | 3 | . 010 | . 002 | . 009 | . 044 | . 2 | 0 | . 2 |  |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 2 |  | 0 | 0 | . 006 | . 010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned.-.-.-.-.- | 8 |  |  |  | . 019 | . 013 | . 013 | . 049 | .2 | .1 | 1 |  |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh.-- | 27 | 10 | 11 | 3 | . 091 | . 047 | . 196 | . 132 | . 8 | 4 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
    | Brocoli Canned. | 18 |  |  |  | . 038 | . 029 | . 048 | . 058 | .$^{.4}$ | . 2 |  |  |
    | Broccoli. | , | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Peas: Fresh | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Can | 35 | 17 | 6 | 12 | . 104 | . 082 | . 059 | . 252 | 1.1 | 8 | 6 | 2.8 |
    | Peppers. | 16 | 8 | 2 | 6 | . 015 | . 014 | . 005 | . 030 | . 2 | 2 | 1 | . 5 |
    | Okra | 6 | 2 | 3 | , | . 010 | . 006 | . 022 | . 009 | . 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 068 | . 050 | . 118 | . 076 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 5 |
    | Carrots. | 30 | 11 | 11 | 8 | . 068 | . 050 | 118 | . 076 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 5 |
    | Winter squash and pumpk | , | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total... |  |  |  |  | . 581 | . 508 | . 655 | . 780 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 7.8 |
    | Beets: Fresh. | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | . 014 | $0^{-6}$ | . 056 | . 013 | . 1 | 0 | $\stackrel{.}{ } .4$ | . 1 |
    | Cann | 6 | , |  | 3 | . 066 | . 084 | . 013 | . 066 | .2 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
    | Cauliflowe | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 012 | . 004 | 032 | . 019 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
    | Celery | 36 | 15 | , | 13 | . 061 | . 044 | . 060 | . 132 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 1.4 |
    | Corn: On e |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Can | 37 | 18 | 7 | 12 | . 097 | . 086 | . 048 | . 205 | . 9 | . 8 | 5 | 1.7 |
    | Cucumber | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 005 | . 001 | . 022 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Onions: Matur | 101 | 52 | 30 | 19 | . 267 | . 243 | . 381 | . 211 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1. 1 |
    | Spring | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 014 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Parsnips.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips | 兂 | 2 | 0 | 3 | . 012 | . 008 | 0 | . 045 | .1 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 12 | 4 | 3 | 5 | . 032 | . 022 | . 032 | . 072 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
    | Other vegetables. | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | . 011 | . 013 | . 011 | . 003 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 8 | . 6 | 8 | 1.7 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | . 707 | . 443 | 1. 162 | 1. 195 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 5.7 | 6.3 |
    | Lemons. | 32 | 17 | 11 | 4 | . 070 | . 061 | . 115 | . 048 | . 5 | . | . 9 | . 3 |
    | Oranges | 62 | 25 | 19 | 18 | . 486 | . 297 | . 804 | . 841 | 2. 4 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 4. 4 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh.- | ${ }_{23}^{1}$ | 10 | 0 | 7 | .150 .001 | $0^{.085}$ | .$^{.243}$ | .297 .009 | ${ }_{0} 6$ | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{.9}$ | 1.5 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA,-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of familses using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per jerson in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Famllies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | N0. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | $\begin{aligned} & I, b . \\ & 2.221 \end{aligned}$ | $C t$$31.3$ | $C t$$25.7$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 33.1 \end{aligned}$ | Ct.$47.4$ |
    | Fats, total |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.607 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Butter. | 66 | 18 | 38 | 10 | . 130 | . 081 | . 158 | . 207 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 6.4 | 8.3 |
    | Cream | 1 |  |  | 0 | . 004 |  | . 009 |  | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Other table fats | 24 | 11 | 12 | 1 | . 074 | . 073 | . 076 | . 065 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
    | Lard. | 88 | 30 | 48 | 10 | . 742 | . 642 | . 754 | 1. 099 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 11.1 | 17.0 |
    | Vegetable shortenin |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 037 | . 016 | . 051 | . 065 | . 7 | .2 | . 8 | 1.9 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | . 003 |  | . 007 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing- | 27 | 6 |  | 4 | . 073 | . 051 | . 087 | . 104 | 1.3 | 7 | 1.6 | 2. 4 |
    | Bacon, smoked | 46 | 16 | 26 | 4 | . 199 | . 190 | . 219 | . 149 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 3.9 |
    | Salt side of pork | 56 | 22 | 27 | 7 | . 306 | . 315 | . 247 | . 532 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 5.3 | 12.6 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total. |  |  |  |  | 1.874 | 1. 265 | 2. 175 | 2.611 | 30.3 | 18.7 | 37.0 | 48.5 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sirloin | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | . 036 | . 031 | . 037 | . 052 | 9 | 7 | . 9 | 1.4 |
    | top round.-------- | 13 | 3 | 10 | 0 | . 058 | . 033 | . 090 | $0^{.052}$ | 1.4 | 7 | 2.3 | 0 |
    | other. | 14 | 5 | 7 | 2 | . 057 | . 050 | . 051 | . 116 | 1.2 | 7 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
    | Roast, rib. | 13 | 5 | 6 | 2 | . 126 | . 114 | . 107 | . 259 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 5.8 |
    | chuck | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | . 053 | . 020 | . 094 |  | . 7 | . 2 | 1.4 | 0 |
    | other. | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | . 010 | 0 | . 022 | 0 | . 2 | 0 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 7 | 2 | 5 | 0 | . 034 | . 020 | . 054 | 0 | . 5 | . 3 | . 8 | 0 |
    | plate....-.-.-.- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 030 | . 037 | . 029 | 0 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 | 0 |
    | other...-...-.-- | 25 | 11 | 11 | 3 | . 117 | . 110 | . 107 | . 194 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
    | Canned | , | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | . 005 |  | . 016 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Corned | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | . 018 | . 002 | . 032 | . 2 | . 3 | (1) | . 5 |
    | Dried. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{-5}$ |
    | Other. |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, chops........- | , |  | 5 | 0 | . 032 | . 040 | . 032 | 0 | . 6 | . 8 | ${ }^{.} .6$ | 0 |
    | - roast..-.- |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | stew.. |  |  |  | 1 | . 013 | . 008 | . 018 | . 009 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 2 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 014 | . 008 | . 022 |  | - | . 2 | . 6 | 0 |
    | roast | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | stew | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | 0 | . 014 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops. | 35 | 7 | 22 | 6 | . 106 | . 050 | . 146 | . 159 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 4.0 |
    | loin roa | , | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 018 | 0 | . 021 | . 081 | . 3 | 0 | . 4 | 1.6 |
    | other... |  | 4 | 5 | 0 | . 061 | . 094 | . 043 |  | . 9 | 1.4 | 7 | 0 |
    | Smoked ham, slices.. | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | . 015 | . 016 | . 015 | . 012 | , | . 4 | 2 | . 5 |
    | $\begin{aligned} & \text { alf or or } \\ & \text { whole. } \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 0 | 2 |  | . 039 | 0 | . 054 | . 126 | . 8 | 0 | 1. 2 | 2.3 |
    | picnic..... | 4 | 0 | 3 |  | . 044 | 0 | . 094 | 0 | . 8 | 0 | 1.7 | 0 |
    | Pork sausage | 25 | 6 | 16 | 3 | . 100 | . 057 | . 136 | . 116 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
    | Other pork | 8 | 2 |  | 2 | . 058 | . 024 | . 069 | . 146 | . 6 | . 2 | . 8 | 1.4 |
    | Miscellanoous meats, total...-. |  |  |  |  | . 202 | . 155 | . 183 | .466 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 9.2 |
    | Other fresh meat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 15 | 5 | 7 | 3 | . 066 | . 030 | . 065 | . 216 | 1. 2 | . 6 | 1.2 | 4.2 |
    | Cookod: Ham | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 020 | . 013 | . 001 | . 129 | . 4 | .3 | . 1.1 | 2.6 |
    | Tongue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Liver--------- | 27 | 9 | 15 | 3 | . 114 | . 112 | . 112 | . 121 | 1.9 | 1. 6 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
    | Other meat products. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Poultry: Ohicken, broiling...... | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 043 | 0 | . 050 | . 187 | . 9 | 0 | 1. 0 | 4.3 |
    | roast. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 038 | 0 | . 081 |  | . 8 | 0 | 1. 7 | 0 |
    | stew | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 010 | . 024 |  | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Turkey.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total..- |  |  |  |  | . 549 | 351 | . 604 | . 640 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 6.9 | 8.8 |
    | Fish: Fresh. | 37 | 12 | 20 | 5 | . 353 | . 294 | . 413 | . 323 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
    | Canned | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 | . 092 | . 029 | 0.49 | . 071 | . 5 | .3 | . 5 | 1.7 |
    | Cured | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Oysters | 14 | 4 | 7 | 3 | . 070 | . 028 | . 084 | . 181 | 1. 2 | . 6 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
    | Other sea food . .-..-----.... | 6 | 0 | 5 | 1 | . 034 | 0 | . 058 | . 065 | 4 | 0 | . 6 | 1.0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES--Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{array}$ | Economiclevel-Fami-lies spendingper expend-ture unit peryear |  |  | All fam. illes | Economit levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{array}\right\|$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un-1 <br> der <br> $\$ 200$ | \$200 to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | $L b$. | Lb. | $L b$. | Cl. | Ct. | Cl. | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and truits, |  |  |  |  | 5.487 | 4.526 | 5. 781 | 8.110 | 23.4 | 16.3 | 26.5 | 41.0 |
    | Potatoes. | 70 | 21 | 39 | 10 | 1. 248 | 1. 081 | 1. 342 | 1. 493 | 23 | 1.8 | 2.6 | . 1 |
    | Sweet potatoes, yams | 61 | 23 | 29 | $\theta$ | 1.344 | 1. 494 | 1. 123 | 1. 715 | 2. 2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 3.3 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total Dried corn $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.668}$ | $0^{.604}$ | $0^{.703}$ | $0^{.747}$ | 4.4 0 | 4.1 0 | 4.8 0 | 4.1 0 |
    | Beans: Dry. | 51 | 20. | 29 | 2 | . 281 | . 331 | . 284 | . 065 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3 |
    | Canned, dried ....j-.- | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 020 | 0 | . 042 |  | . 1 | 0 | $0^{.3}$ | 0 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed........... | 56 | 21 | 29 | 8 | . 328 | . 248 | . 331 | . 642 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.2 |
    | Other-- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 010 | . 016 | . 007 |  | 1 | .1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 |  | . 008 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | In shell | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 009 | . 001 | . 018 | 0 | . 1 | (1) | $\cdot 1$ | 0 |
    | Peanut butter Other dried legumes and nuts- | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | $0^{.017}$ | $0^{.008}$ | $0^{.021}$ | $0^{.032}$ | $0^{2}$ | .$^{1} 1$ | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{-3}$ |
    | Tomer died legumes and nuts. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | ${ }^{0} .008$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $.081$ | 0 | 0 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1}^{1.0}$ |
    | Canned | 30 | 8 | 16 | 6 | . 123 | . 042 | . 184 | . 178 | 1. 0 | . 3 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
    | Juice. | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 |  | . 015 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Sauce, paste. | 13 | 3 | 8 | 2 | . 032 | . 021 | . 043 | . 032 | . 3 | . 2 | 4 |  |
    | Green andleafyvegetables, total |  |  |  |  | . 679 | . 409 | . 885 | . 856 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
    | Brussels sprouts. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage | 21 | 6 | 12 | 3 | . 194 | . 130 | . 243 | . 233 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
    | Sauerkraut | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | . 007 |  | . 005 | . 040 | 1. | 0 | (1) |  |
    | Collards | 28 | 10 | 16 | 2 | . 140 | . 127 | . 168 | . 065 | 1.4 | 1. 2 | 1.7 | 1.0 |
    | Kale. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lettuce | 12 | 1 | -9 | 2 | . 027 | . 007 | . 038 | . 057 | ${ }^{4}$ | 1 | .7 | . 6 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 005 |  | . 007 | . 019 | (1) | 0 | .1 |  |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 008 | 0 |  | . 079 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | . 8 |
    | Other leafy vegetab | 30 | 9 | 18 | 3 | . 142 | . 104 | . 186 | . 105 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
    | Asparagus:Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 7 | 0 | 5 | 2 | . 030 | 0 | . 043 | . 097 | . 3 | 0 | 4 | . 8 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh. | 14 | 2 | 10 | 2 | . 084 | .$^{032}$ | . 127 | . 099 | (1) ${ }^{7}$ | 2 | 1. 1 | . |
    | Canned. | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 006 |  | $0^{.009}$ | $0^{.019}$ | (1) | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Broccoli. | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fres | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Can | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 021 | 0 | . 044 | 0 | .2 | 0 | . 5 | 0 |
    | Peppers. |  | 0 | 3 | 1 | . 007 | 0 | . 013 | . 011 | . 1 | 0 | (1) | . |
    | Okra | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 008 | . 009 | . 002 | . 032 | . 1 | (1) | (1) |  |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 018 | . 013 | . 019 | . 038 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 |  |
    | Carrots | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 018 | . 013 | . 019 | . 038 | .1 | .1 | 1 |  |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin -- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | . 364 | .$^{202}$ | .$^{404}$ | . 861 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 7. |
    | Beets: Fresh |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 003 |  |  | .$^{.032}$ | (1) | 0 | 0 | . |
    | Canne | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |
    | Celery | 11 | 1 | 7 | 3 | . 039 | . 005 |  | . 116 | .$^{.4}$ | (1) | 5 | 1.3 |
    | Corn: On | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann | , | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 018 | .$^{005}$ | . 030 | $0^{.019}$ | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{.1}$ | .$^{3}$ |  |
    | Cucumber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Egg plant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Onions: Mature | 53 | 19 | 27 | 7 | . 212 | $\bigcirc 143$ | . 222 | . 427 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
    | Spring | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Parsnips | 3 | 0 |  | 1 | . 010 | 0 | . 014 | . 032 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 0 | 1 | - |
    | Summer squash | 1 | , | 0 | 0 | . 005 | $0^{.012}$ | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips. | 3 | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | . 020 | 0 | . 029 | . 065 | . 1 | 0 | . 2 | . |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 6 | , | 0 | 2 | . 054 | . 029 | .$^{.051}$ | .$^{170}$ | . 2 | 1 | .1 | 1. |
    | Other vegetables...... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 003 | . 008 | 0 |  | . .3 | 1 | ${ }^{0} .3$ | 0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total...... |  |  |  |  | . 379 | . 237 | . 430 | . 731 | 1.818 | 1.10 | 2.0 | 1. 3. |
    | Lemons. | 14 | 1 | 10 | 3 | . 088 | . 006 | . 095 | . 105 | . 4 | ( 1 ) | . 6 |  |
    | Oranges. | 26 | 8 | 12 | 6 | . 265 | . 189 | . 284 | . 485 | 1. 2 | . 9 | 1.2 | 2. |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. | 5 | 0 | 2 <br> 0 | 2 | $0^{.056}$ | $0^{.042}$ | $0^{.051}$ | $0^{.141}$ | $0^{.2}$ | $0^{-1}$ | $0^{2}$ | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent
    Less than 0.0005 pound.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p 683.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average quantity pur pury } \\ & \text { chased per person in } 1 \\ & \text { week } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \text { d } 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. |  |  | No. | $\begin{gathered} \boldsymbol{L} b . \\ \boldsymbol{9} .137 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} L b, \\ \mathbf{7 . 3 6 5} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{10}{L b .} 6$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} L b .100 \\ 14.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $C t .$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Ct} \\ 3.3 \end{gathered}$ | $c t .$ | $c t$$81.8$ |
    |  |  | No. | No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Potatoes.- | 290 | 145 | 101 | 44 | 1.800 | 1. 625 | 1.960 | 2.291 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 5.5 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 119 | 47 | 46 | 26 | . 393 | . 292 | . 484 | . 674 | 1. 2 | 8 | 1.5 | 2.8 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, to Dried corn........... |  |  |  |  |  | $0^{.394}$ | $0^{.344}$ | $0^{.575}$ | 3.4 | ${ }_{0}^{2.9}$ | ${ }_{0}^{3.1}$ | ${ }_{0}^{6.8}$ |
    | Beans: Dry | 161 | 87 | 55 | 19 | . 283 | . 291 | . 258 | . 302 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2 |
    | Canned, dried | 22 | 11 |  | 7 | . 028 | . 028 | . 014 | . 068 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 1 |  |
    | Baked (not cann | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Peas: Black-eyed...... | ${ }^{38}$ | 21 3 | 11 |  | . 045 | . 048 | . 030 | $0^{.072}$ | $\xrightarrow{.} 1$ | $\xrightarrow{.} 1$ |  | $0^{4}$ |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 7 | 3 4 4 | 1 | 0 1 | $.007$ | . 0001 | . 011 | ${ }^{0} .026$ | . 1 | ()$^{1}$ | . 1 | 0 |
    | In shell | 12 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 016 | . 002 | . 016 | . 091 | 5 | (1) | 5 | 2.7 |
    | Peanut butter- | 20 | 11 | 5 | 4 | 014 | 016 | 011 | 015 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts. Tomatoes: Fresh | 76 | 21 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Comatoes. Canned | 168 | 78 | 69 | 21 | ${ }^{3} 380$ | . 301 | . 557 | . 295 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 2.7 |
    | Juice- | 10 | 72 |  | 6 | . 016 | . 001 | 024 | ${ }^{072}$ | 1.7 | (1) | . 2 | 25 |
    | Sauce, p | 138 | 72 | 41 | 25 | 159 | 145 | . 051 | 256 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1. 5 | 2.5 |
    | Green and leafy vege |  |  |  |  | 1. 647 | 1.382 | 2. 054 | ${ }^{1.917}$ | 10.4 | 7.4 | 13.5 | 18.1 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cabbage. | 166 | 88 | 59 | 19 | ${ }^{.640}$ | . 641 | . 721 | - 406 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
    | Sauerkraut | 30 | 15 |  |  | . 036 | . 031 | . 031 | .$^{061}$ | (1) $^{3}$ | 3 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6 |
    | Collards | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 0 | . 009 |  | $0^{.011}$ |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ |  |
    | Lettuce | 184 | 68 | 82 |  | 231 | 122 | . 389 | . 362 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 84 | 42 | 33 |  | 209 | 188 | . 266 | . 57 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.2 |  |
    | Canned | 36 | 14 | 13 |  | 039 | 027 | . 047 | 079 |  |  |  | . 0 |
    | Other leafy vegetab | 16 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 034 | 032 | . 035 | . 042 |  | 1 | . 2 | 3 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh | 1 <br> 3 | 4 | 14 |  | ${ }^{0} 001$ | ${ }^{002}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 |  |
    | Lima beans: Fanesh | 46 | 28 | 12 |  | . 074 | ${ }_{091}^{006}$ | . 044 | . 108 | . 5 |  | . 8 |  |
    | Canned | 34 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 034 | 023 | . 038 | . 08 | 4 | 2 | . 5 | 1.0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh | 31 | 16 | 10 | 5 | . 052 | . 044 | 054 | . 091 | 4 | 3 | d | 6 |
    |  | ${ }^{28}$ | 10 | 14 |  | . 027 | . 013 | . 051 | . 030 | 3 |  | (i) ${ }^{6}$ |  |
    | Broccoli <br> Peas: Fresh |  | 4 | 1 | 3 <br> 2 | . 011 | . 010 | . 004 | . 038 | 1 | 1 |  | 3 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 128 | 48 | 52 | 28 | . 154 | . 097 | . 222 | . 253 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 3. 5 |
    | Peppers. | 32 | 14 | 7 | 11 | . 029 | . 016 | . 047 | . 050 | . 2 | 2 |  |  |
    | Okra. | 18 | 8 | 4 | 6 | . 030 | . 017 | . 015 | . 053 | 2 | 1 | . 1 | 4 |
    | Yellow veget |  |  |  |  | . 221 | . 156 | . 324 | 281 | 9 | 6 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
    | Carrots.- | 8 | 52 | 55 | 15 | . 205 | . 148 | . 290 | . 271 | . 8 | 6 | 1. 2 | 1.1 |
    | Winter squash and |  |  |  | 1 | + ${ }^{0} 136$ | . 048 | . 1234 | 1. 010 | 6. 6 |  |  |  |
    | Other vegetables, | 39 | 20 | 11 | 8 | 1.139 .072 | . 942 | $\begin{array}{r}1.227 \\ .056 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 13.4 |
    | Cann | 29 | 7 | 17 | 5 | . 036 | . 017 | . 065 | . 056 |  | 2 |  |  |
    | Caulifower | 45 | 16 | 17 | 12 | . 069 | . 042 | . 084 | . 174 | . 8 | 4 | . 9 | 2.0 |
    | Celery | 62 | 16 | 25 |  | 067 | . 029 |  |  | . 7 |  |  | 2.2 |
    | Corn: On ear |  | 2 | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cucumber--- | 65 | 22 | 25 |  | $0^{.078}$ |  |  |  | . 8 | .$^{6}$ | $0^{.9}$ | 2.1 |
    | Eggplant | 19 | 5 |  | 5 | . 030 | ${ }^{.} 012$ | . 042 | . 090 |  |  |  |  |
    | Onions: Mature | 244 | 129 | 83 | 32 | . 546 | 544 | . 521 | . 633 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 |  |
    | Spring |  | 1 | 3 |  | . 007 | 002 | . 008 | . 037 |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 3 |
    | Parsnips.-.-. |  | 0 | 1 1 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 001 |  | (1) | 0 |  |  |
    | Summer squash |  |  |  | 1 | . 006 | 0 | . 017 | . 010 |  |  | 1 |  |
    | White turnips. | 5 | 20 | 22 | 8 | . 101 | . 074 | . 112 | . 2079 | .$_{3}^{4}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | 5 |  |
    | Other vegetables. | 23 | 10 | 2 |  | . 025 | . 011 | . 041 | . 050 | 2 | 2 | . 3 |  |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 |  |  | 12 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | 1.485 | 1.069 | 1. 652 | 3. 240 | 5. 5 | 3.7 | 6.8 | 12.1 |
    | Lemons | 81 | 30 | 33 | 18 | . 140 | . 094 |  |  |  |  | 9 | 1.5 |
    | Oranges--1--. | 206 | 89 10 |  |  | 1.163 .180 | . 854 | 1.332 .134 | 2.341 .635 | 4.4 | 3.0 .2 | 5.4 | 9.2 1.4 |
    | Canned. | 2 | 0 |  |  | . 002 |  | .005 |  | (1) |  | 1 | . |

    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Fami. lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { illies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Ct. | Ct. | ct. |  |
    | Other fruits, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | 1.366 | 1.001 | 1.778 | 2. 162 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 9.0 | 13.0 |
    | Apples: Fresh. | 145 | 56 | 60 | 29 | . 450 | . 281 | . 617 | . 883 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 5.4 |
    | Opples. Oanned | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 007 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 003 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Bananas | 141 | 64 | 54 | 23 | . 643 | . 525 | . 798 | . 838 | 1.8 | 1. 8 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 |  | . 004 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | . 001 | (2) | 0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grapes: Fresh. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | . 007 | . 002 | . 007 | . 031 | (1) | (1) | (1) | . 3 |
    | Canned. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | . 006 | 0 | . 008 | (1) | (1) | 0 | . 2 |
    | Canned | 26 | 6 | 14 | 6 | . 028 | . 014 | . 048 | . 045 | ${ }^{4} 4$ | (1) ${ }^{3}$ | . 6 | . 7 |
    | Pears: Fresh | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 005 | .$^{.008}$ | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned. | 10 | 0 | 5 | 5 | . 009 | 0 | . 015 | . 041 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 0 | . 2 | . 5 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh.-.-.-............--- | 2 | 0 | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 014 | (1) ${ }_{5}$ | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    |  | 30 | 10 | 12 | 8 | . 033 | .$^{.015}$ | . 045 | . 094 | $0^{5}$ | . 3 | . 6 | 1.0 |
    | Melons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 009 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other fruit | 10 | 7 | 2 | 1 | . 054 | . 040 | . 088 | . 037 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | 2 |
    | Cider. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 025 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | . 002 | . 002 | 0 | . 010 | . 1 | .1 | 0 | .2 |
    | Peaches | 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 | . 009 | . 008 | . 006 | . 026 | . 1 | .1 | .1 | . 4 |
    | Prunes | 59 | 30 | 19 | 10 | . 070 | . 068 | . 065 | . 095 | . 7 | .7 | . 8 | . 9 |
    | Raisins | 14 | 4 | 9 | 1 | . 014 | . 007 | . 029 | . 010 | .1 | . 1 | 2 | . 1 |
    | Dates | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 013 | . 015 | . 008 | . 021 | . 1 | .1 | 1 | . 3 |
    | Figs | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 005 | . 002 | . 011 | . 002 | 1 | (1) | 1 | . 1 |
    | Other. | 4 | 3 | 0 | , | . 002 | . 003 |  |  | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Sugars and sweets, |  |  |  |  | 1. 561 | 1.385 | 1. 770 | 1.912 | 0.3 | 7.9 | 10.4 | 14.9 |
    | Sugars: White. | 291 | 143 | 103 | 45 | 1.321 | 1.179 | 1. 490 | 1. 602 | 6. 6 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 8.2 |
    | Brown-...- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 15 | . 001 |  | . 004 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 48 | 18 | 15 | 15 | . 045 | . 026 | . 060 | . 102 | 1.0 | .5 | . 9 | 4.1 |
    | Jellies.----.-.-.-- | 34 | 12 | 13 | 9 | . 029 | . 020 | . 033 | . 065 | . 5 | 3 | .6 | 1.3 |
    | Molasses, sirups.- | 82 | 38 | 27 | 17 | . 165 | . 160 | . 183 | . 143 | 1. 2 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
    | Other sweets. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.5 | 16.0 | 24. 7 | 40.6 |
    | Gelatine.-n..- | 18 | 5 | 17 | 6 | . 010 | 007 | . 009 | . 031 | 3 | . 1 | . 3 | . 9 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures.----- | 17 | 4 | 11 | 2 | . 016 | . 004 | . 042 | 009 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Tea..... | 84 | 39 | 33 | 12 | . 032 | . 026 | . 040 | . 038 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1. 7 | 2.3 |
    | Coffer | 286 | 141 | 97 | 48 | . 400 | . 365 | . 408 | . 567 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 14.3 |
    | Cocos. | 46 | 22 | 14 | 10 | . 028 | . 023 | . 032 | . 039 | 5 | $\mathrm{ci}^{5}$ | .4 | 7 |
    | Chocolate | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 003 | . 002 | . 006 | . 005 | 1 | (1) | .1 | . 2 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | ${ }^{6} 6$ | 1.0 | 1.2 |
    | Salt- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 2 |
    | Spices and extracts............-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 2 | . 2 | .2 | . 3 |
    | Catsups, sauces.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 7 | . 4 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
    | Tomato soup. | 25 | 11 | 7 | 7 | . 030 | . 021 | . 039 | . 053 | 4 | .3 | . 4 | . 9 |
    | Other soups. | 21 | 8 | 9 | 6 | . 035 | . 024 | . 044 | . 064 | .4 | .2 | . 5 | 9 |
    | Cod-lj ver oll | 1.6 | 8 | 7 | 1 | . 013 | . 012 | . 016 | . 005 | 1.0 | .8 | 1.6 | 7 |
    | Proprietary foods. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | . 003 | . 002 | 0 | 1 | 1 | .1 | 0 |
    | Other foods......-.-------.-.---- | 8 | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | . 017 | . 004 | . 036 | . 001 |  | ${ }^{(1)}$ | . 5 | . 1 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home-- | 65 | 20 | 24 | 21 | . 171 | . 072 | . 246 | . 491 | 1.9 | . 8 | 2.4 | 6.8 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home- | 21 | 6 | 7 | 8 | . 088 | . 039 | . 147 | . 189 | 1.9 | . 6 | 2. 1 | 8.0 |
    | Sales tax on food. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 1 Less than 0.05 cent. <br> 1 Less than 0.0005 pound. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Nurnber of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Ct | Ct. | Ct. | Ct |
    | Fats, total |  |  | No. |  | 1. 297 | 0.919 | 1.325 | 3.200 | 21.7 | 14.2 | 22.8 | 58.7 |
    |  | 65 | 21 | 30 | 14 | . 197 | . 105 | . 237 | . 535 | 6.3 | 3. 2 | 7.6 | 18.3 |
    | Cream | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 002 | 0 |  | . 023 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 18 .8 |
    | Other table fats | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | . 018 | . 003 | . 044 |  | .3 | . 1 | . 8 | 0 |
    | Lard | 71 | 24 | 34 | 13 | . 515 | . 376 | . 530 | 1. 188 | 6.4 | 4.7 | 6. 6 | 14.5 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 014 | 0 | . 017 | . 074 | . 2 | 0 | 2 | 1.4 |
    | Table or cooking oils. | 13 | 3 | 7 | 3 | . 064 | . 032 | . 102 | . 087 | 8 | . 4 | 1.2 | 1.6 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing. | 11 | 3 | 6 | 2 | . 016 | . 011 | . 020 | . 032 | . 4 | 3 | . 6 | 1.0 |
    | Bacon, smoked | 22 | 8 | 11 | , | . 115 | . 114 | . 101 | . 178 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 5. 3 |
    | Salt side of pork | 40 | 14 | 15 | 11 | . 356 | . 278 | . 274 | 1.083 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 15.8 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | 2. 449 | 1. 480 | 2.981 | 5. 478 | 32.7 | 18.7 | 39.0 | 80.2 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 18 | 6 | 8 | 4 | . 148 | . 050 | . 192 | . 495 | 2.4 | 1. 0 | 3.0 | 7.7 |
    | top round. | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 | . 097 | . 104 | . 072 | .$^{159}$ | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 3.2 |
    | other. | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 032 | . 008 | . 073 |  | 4 | . 1 | 1.0 | 0 |
    | Roast, rib. | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 072 | . 039 | . 106 | . 119 | 1.2 | . 6 | 1. 7 | 3.0 |
    | chuck | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 021 | . 012 | . 038 | 0 | . 4 | . 3 | . 5 | 0 |
    | other | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 017 | 0 |  | . 198 | . 5 | 0 | 0 | 4.9 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | . 060 | . 023 | . 095 | . 119 | 7 | 2 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
    | plate. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | other | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 028 | . 023 | . 041 | 0 | .4 | 2 | . 7 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Corned | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | . 005 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, chop | 20 | 7 | 8 | 5 | . 114 | . 081 | . 132 | . 218 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1. 7 | 4.7 |
    | roast... | 5 |  | 3 | 0 | . 055 | . 063 | . 058 |  | . 8 | . 7 | 1.1 | 0 |
    | stew | 11 | 6 | 5 | 0 | . 120 | . 074 | . 215 |  | 1.4 | . 8 | 2.5 | 0 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 020 | .$^{.030}$ |  | . 040 | . 4 | . 6 | 0 | . 6 |
    | roast | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 024 |  | . 062 | 0 | . 4 | 0 | 1.0 | 0 |
    | stew | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 008 | 0 | . 010 | . 040 | . 1 | 0 | .2 | + |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops | 35 | 8 | 18 | 9 | . 220 | . 108 | . 277 | . 594 | 4.1 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 13.3 |
    | loin roas |  | 1 | 2 |  | . 043 | . 015 | .$^{053}$ | . 149 | . 8 | .$^{2}$ | 1.1 | 3. 0 |
    | other.-- | 2 | 0 | 0 |  | . 022 | 0 | 0 | . 218 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | 2.1 |
    | Smoked ham, slices | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 017 | . 015 | . 012 | . 040 | . 5 | 4 | . 3 | 1.6 |
    | whole | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | . 020 | . 038 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
    | picnic.------ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 045 | . 018 | . 022 | . 277 | . 7 | . 3 | . 3 | 4.3 |
    | Pork sausage...---------- | 13 | 3 | 9 | 1 | . 059 | . 022 | . 114 | . 040 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.9 | . 8 |
    |  | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . 022 | . 027 | . 017 | . 020 | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | 6 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total |  |  |  |  | . 163 | . 101 | . 231 | . 218 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
    | Other fresh meat. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 20 | 6 | 12 | 2 | . 100 | . 046 | . 168 | . 119 | 1.6 | 7 | 2.7 | 1.8 |
    | Cooked: Ham | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 011 | .$^{.006}$ | $0^{.016}$ | $0^{.019}$ | $0^{4}$ | .$^{2}$ | 0.4 | 1.0 |
    | Liver.-.. Tongue | 0 11 | 0 5 | 0 <br> 5 | 1 1 | ${ }^{0} .032$ | ${ }^{0} .034$ | ${ }^{0} .026$ | ${ }^{0} .040$ | ${ }^{0} .4$ | ${ }^{0} .4$ | ${ }^{0} .5$ | ${ }^{0} .4$ |
    | Other meat products. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 020 | . 015 | . 021 | . 040 | . 2 | .1 | . 3 | 2 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling....-- | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | . 135 | . 032 | . 165 | . 554 | 2.4 | . 6 | 2.7 | 10.6 |
    | Poust.--.----- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 043 | 0 | . 040 | 277 | . 7 | 0 | . 6 | 4.9 |
    | stew | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 079 | . 083 | . 093 | 0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0 |
    | Turkey-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 031 | 0 | . 082 | - | 9 | 0 | 2.5 | 0 |
    | Other---.... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | . 015 | 0 | 0 | . 2 | . ${ }^{4}$ | 0 |  |
    | Fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | . 724 | . 494 | . 781 | 1.703 | 3.7 | 2. 8 | 3.6 | 8.7 |
    | Fish: Fresh | 12 | 5 | 3 | 4 | .$^{154}$ | . 167 | .$^{.052}$ | $0^{.475}$ | 1.7 | 1. 6 | 1.0 | 4.9 |
    | Canned | 1 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cured | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 040 | +1 | 0 | 0 | . 6 |
    | Oysters-- | 17 |  | 8 | 3 | . 453 | . 266 | .516 | 1.188 | 1. 2 | . 7 | 1.3 | 3. 2 |
    | Other sea food..----------------- | 13 | 4 | 9 | 0 | . 113 | . 061 | . 213 | 0 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.3 | 0 |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.0005 pound.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All famiilies |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$400 | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ $\$ 600$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring quarter A verage number of equivalent full-time persons per family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in <br> 1 week |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ 3.64 \\ 3.12 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 4.86 \\ 4.14 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 51 \\ 3.62 \\ 3.01 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 2.47 \\ 2.27 \end{array}$ |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | \$400 | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  |  |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home 1 Week | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | $L b$. | Lb. | $L b$. | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 266.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 191.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Ct} . \\ 259.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} C t \\ 429.5 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total |  |  |  |  | 4. 909 | 4. 232 | 4. 726 | 6.818 | 40.2 | 30.9 | 40.8 | 57.0 |  |  |
    | Bread and other baked goods. |  |  |  |  | 2.293 | 1.826 | 2.371 | 3.035 | 23.7 | 17.0 | 25.1 | 33.9 |  |  |
    | Bread: White_ Graham, whole | 120 | 34 |  | 37 | 1.739 | 1.516 | 1. 813 | 2.026 | 15.4 | 12.8 | 16.5 | 18.3 |  |  |
    | wheat | 11 |  | 5 | 5 | .073 .004 | . 054 | $0^{.066}$ | . 124 |  |  | $0^{.6}$ | 1.2 |  |  |
    | Ryye.......-.-.-.----- | 2 51 | 8 | 0 | 18 | . 004 | . 005 | 0 | . 010 | (1) | (1) | 0 | . 1 |  |  |
    | Crackers | 51 | 8 | 25 | 18 | . 112 | . 049 | . 134 | . 188 | 1.8 | . 8 | 2.1 | 3.0 |  |  |
    | Plain rolls. | 23 | 3 | 12 | 8 | . 134 | . 038 | . 147 | . 296 | 1.4 | . 3 | 1. 6 | 3.2 |  |  |
    |  | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | . 016 | . 025 | . 006 | . 016 | .2 | . 4 | . 1 | . 2 |  |  |
    | Cookies.-.-.-.-.-...............- | 18 | 3 | 8 | 7 | . 051 | . 029 | . 069 | . 058 | . 9 | . 3 | 1. 4 | 1.1 |  |  |
    |  | 44 | 10 | 18 | 16 | . 116 | . 070 | . 112 | . 210 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 5.0 |  |  |
    |  | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 | . 044 | . 032 | . 024 | . 104 | . 6 | . 4 | . 3 | 1.7 |  |  |
    | Other...-.-.-.-.-.-...........- |  |  |  |  | . 004 | . 008 | 0 | . 003 | . 1 | . 1 | . 0 | . 1 |  |  |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals | 50 | 12 | 26 | 12 | . 100 | . 083 | . 130 | . 076 | 1. 8 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 1.7 |  |  |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. |  |  |  |  | 2.516 | 2.323 | 2. 219 | 3. 707 | 14.7 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 21.4 |  |  |
    | Flour: White_--------.---- | 84 | 28 | 31 | 25 | 1. 636 | 1.534 | 1. 334 | 2.411 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 11.7 |  |  |
    | Graham.-.-.-.......-. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 013 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | . 062 | $\cdot 1$ | 0 | ${ }^{0} 7$ | . 4 |  |  |
    | Corn meal..- | 62 | 20 | 25 | 17 | . 306 | . 363 | . 322 | . 603 | 1.6 | 1.1 4 | 1. 2 | 2. 4 |  |  |
    | Hominy. | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 | . 033 | . 009 | . 026 | . 092 | . 2 | .1 | . 2 | . 5 |  |  |
    | Cornstarch | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 012 | . 009 | . 010 | . 021 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 4 |  |  |
    | Rice. | 49 | 15 | 21 | 13 | . 160 | . 145 | . 150 | . 208 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.4 |  |  |
    | Rolled oats. | 29 | 14 | 18 | 7 | . 115 | . 120 | . 119 | . 096 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 8 |  |  |
    | Wheat cereal | 21 | 6 | 7 | 8 | . 044 | . 034 | . 043 | . 066 | . 8 | . 5 | . 8 | 1.5 |  |  |
    | Tapioca---------------------- | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 055 | . 003 | . 007 | . 008 | 1 | . 1 | . 2 | 1 |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles | 59 | 16 | 27 | 16 | . 110 | . 072 | . 136 | . 131 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2. 1 |  |  |
    | Other grain products.-.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Eggs | 111 | 35 | 43 | 33 | . 869 | . 861 | . 708 | 1. 192 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 11.6 | 19.2 |  |  |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total --- |  |  |  |  | 3. 246 | 2. 934 | 3. 282 | 5. 119 | 26.9 | 18.1 | 27.4 | 42.7 |  |  |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole bottled.- | 79 | 17 | 31 | 31 | 1.974 | 1.222 | 2. 188 | 3. 007 | 14.3 | 8.6 | 15.8 | 22.4 |  |  |
    | , loose...- |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 025 | 0 | . 063 | 0 | (i) $^{2}$ | 0 | . 5 | 0 |  |  |
    | skimmed | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 009 | . 023 | 0 | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | buttermilk and other $\qquad$ | 12 | 2 | 2 | 8 | . 224 | . 150 | . 063 | . 674 | 1.2 | . 7 | . 4 | 3.9 |  |  |
    | Skimmed, dried.-..-...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Evaporated and con- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | - densed.-.---..-------- | 106 | 34 | 44 | 28 | . 847 | . 718 | . 808 | 1. 170 | 7.0 | 5. 8 | 6. 6 | 9.6 |  |  |
    | Cheese: American | 74 | 22 | 29 | 23 | . 131 | $0^{.112}$ | $0^{.119}$ | . 190 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4.7 |  |  |
    | Cottage | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 021 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |  |  |
    | Other-..-...----------- | 12 | 3 | 5 | 4 | . 012 | . 006 | . 104 | . 018 | . 6 | . 3 | . 7 | . 8 |  |  |
    | Ice cream.-----...------------- | 11 | 2 | 5 | 4 | . 020 | . 003 | . 027 | . 039 | ) 5 | $1)$ | . 6 | 1.1 |  |  |

    $i$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table \%.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in J Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\stackrel{L b .}{ } \underset{1.517}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 1.279 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{L b .}{1.466}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 2.060 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 35.5 \end{aligned}$ | Ct. | ${ }_{34.6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ct} . \\ & 52.0 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fats, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Butter | 99 | 22 | 41 | 36 | . 285 | . 187 | . 292 | . 460 | 10.2 | 6.6 | 10.5 | 16.4 |
    | Cream | 11 | 1 | 1 | 9 | . 018 | . 006 | . 003 | . 070 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | 3.1 |
    | Other table fat | 33 | 14 | 14 | 5 | . 105 | . 135 | . 103 | . 052 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
    | Lard | 54 | 19 | 20 | 15 | . 270 | . 281 | . 268 | . 239 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 3.7 |
    | Vegetable shortening | 61 | 14 | 27 | 20 | . 213 | . 135 | . 236 | . 317 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 5.0 |
    | Table or cooking oils | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | . 026 | . 021 | 0 | . 088 | . 5 | . 4 | 0 | 1. 5 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing. | 88 | 27 | 36 | 25 | . 208 | . 172 | . 196 | . 296 | 4. 2 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 5.8 |
    | Bacon, smoked....-..............-- | 69 | 14 | 32 | 23 | . 170 | . 128 | . 170 | . 252 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 9.1 |
    | Salt side of pork... | 59 | 19 | 23 | 17 | . 222 | . 214 | . 198 | . 286 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 6.4 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | 2.752 | 2.028 | 2.503 | 4.131 | 63.4 | 44.3 | 58.5 | 110.7 |
    | Beef: <br> Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sirloin. | 36 | 7 | 14 | 15 | . 152 | . 073 | . 142 | . 325 | 4.8 | 2.0 | 4.3 | 10.9 |
    | top round | 25 | 4 | 16 | 5 | . 091 | . 054 | . 130 | . 088 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 2.5 |
    | other. | 9 | 5 | , | 2 | . 034 | . 051 | . 022 | . 026 | . 6 | . 9 | . 3 | . 5 |
    | Roast, rib. | 25 | 8 | 8 | a | . 221 | . 184 | . 173 | . 383 | 5.4 | 4. 1 | 4.1 | 10.2 |
    | chuck | 16 | 6 | 8 | 2 | . 135 | . 124 | . 167 | . 094 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 2.0 |
    | other | 3 | 1 |  | 0 | . 021 | . 027 | . 027 | 0 | . 5 | . 8 | . 5 | 0 |
    |  | 11 | 4 | 4 | 3 | . 045 | . 04 | $0^{.027}$ | . 083 | . 9 | . 8 | . 5 | 1.6 |
    | plate other | 0 $\mathbf{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 1 | ${ }^{0} .016$ | ${ }^{0} .030$ | 0 0 | ${ }^{0} 021$ | ${ }^{0}$. | ${ }^{0} .4$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }^{1 .}$ |
    | Canned...--.-....... | 12 | 3 | ${ }_{8}$ | 1 | . 027 | . 024 | ${ }^{.} 027$ | . 034 | .6 | . .5 | . 5 | . |
    | Corned | 9 | 2 | 3 |  | . 026 | . 018 | . 030 | . 033 | . 4 | . 3 | .5 | .7 |
    | Dried | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | . 006 | . 004 | . 003 | . 016 | 3 | . 2 | (1) | . 9 |
    | Other | 2 | 1 | 1. | 0 | . 008 | . 016 | . 005 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, | 30 | 5 | 15 | 10 | . 089 | . 049 | . 108 | . 130 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 4.5 |
    | roast. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 034 | . 011 | . 016 | . 114 | 1.0 | .3 | . 4 | 3.8 |
    | stew |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 015 | . 011 | . 011 | . 031 | .3 | . 2 | . 2 | . |
    | Lamb: Fresh, | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | . 021 |  | . 011 | . 083 | . 7 | . 9 | . 4 | 2.7 |
    | roast | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 018 | 0 | . 046 |  | . 4 | 0 | 1.0 | 0 |
    | stew | 1 |  |  | 1 | . 004 | 0 |  | . 021 | 1.0 | 0 | 0 | - |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops...........- | 47 | 17 | 19 | 11 | . 170 | . 181 | . 135 | . 213 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 |
    | loin roast......-- | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 047 | . 016 | . 012 | . 156 | 1. 0 | .$^{3}$ | . 3 | 3.4 |
    | other.------- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 024 | 0 | . 060 | 0 | . 5 | 0 | 1.2 | 0 |
    | Smoked ham, slices...- | 16 | 4 | 5 | 7 | . 082 | . 095 | . 041 | . 138 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 4.4 |
    | $\begin{gathered} \text { half or } \\ \text { whole } \end{gathered}$ | 10 | 3 | 2 | 5 | . 142 | . 124 | . 073 | . 309 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 8.5 |
    | pionic.-- | 3 | 2 | , | 0 | . 019 | . 027 | . 022 | 0 | . 4 | . 6 | . 5 | 0 |
    | Pork sausage | 40 | 10 | 15 | 15 | . 097 | . 078 | . 081 | . 161 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 4.3 |
    | Other pork-..----.-.-- | 6 | 2 | , | 1 | . 038 | . 022 | . 024 | . 094 | . 8 | 4 | . 5 | 2.3 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total..---- |  |  |  |  | . 333 | . 223 | . 262 | . 194 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 8.3 | 7.6 |
    | Other fresh meat . .-........... | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters | 55 | 22 | 25 | 8 | . 133 | .131 | . 168 | . 070 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 2.1 |
    | Cooked: Ham...--- | 25 | 6 | 12 | 7 | . 040 | . 019 | . 054 | . 052 | 2.2 | . 9 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
    | Tongue. | 2 | 0 | 8 | 7 | . 002 |  | . 001 | . 005 | . 1 | 0 | 1 | . |
    | Liver--..-- | 24 | 9 | 8 | 7 | . 053 | . 062 | 039 | . 062 | 1. 5 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
    | Other meat products .-.-.....-- | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 005 | . 011 | 0 | . 005 | . 2 | . 2 | 0 | . |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling | 23 | 3 | 9 | 11 | . 169 | . 058 | . 187 | . 346 | 5.2 | 1. 6 | 5.6 | 11.2 |
    | roast | 11 | 4 | 4 | 3 | . 104 | . 100 | . 092 | $0^{-135}$ | 2. 9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.8 |
    | stew | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 015 | . 022 | . 016 | 0 | . 4 | . 7 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Turkey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 006 | 0 | 0 | . 031 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, |  |  |  |  | . 543 | . 363 | . 553 | . 872 | 7.0 | 3.2 | 6.3 | 15.6 |
    | Fish: Fresh. | 70 | 12 | 31 | 27 | . 468 | . 332 | . 506 | . 657 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 5.5 | 11.5 |
    | Canned | 16 | 5 | 4 | 7 | . 040 | . 028 | . 031 | . 080 | .7 | . 5 | 4 | 1.7 |
    | Cured | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 015 | 0 | . 011 | . 052 | .2 | 0 | . 2 | . 5 |
    | Oysters.- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 008 | 0 | . 005 | . 031 | . 2 | 0 | . 2 | . 8 |
    | Other sea food | 3 | 1 | 0 | $2)$ | . 012 | . 003 | 0 | . 052 | . 3 | .1) | 0 | 1.1 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Economic } \\ \text { level-Fami- } \\ \text { lies spending } \\ \text { per expendi- } \\ \text { ture unit per } \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { AII } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | $L b$. | Lb. | Ct | Ct. | Ct. |  |
    | Vegetables and fruits |  |  |  |  | 8. 525 | 6.231 | 8.999 | 12.227 | 52. 2 | 35.0 | 53.6 | 84.6 |
    | Potatoes | 115 | 33 | 47 | 35 | 1.974 | 1.619 | 2.292 | 2.047 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 6.8 | 7.5 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 26 | 7 | 10 | a | . 495 | . 241 | . 786 | . 426 | 1.4 | 8 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, tot |  |  |  |  | . 295 | . 296 | . 350 | . 189 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.0 |
    | Dried corn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry... | 32 | 12 | 15 | 5 | . 118 | . 141 | . 122 | . 068 | 7 | . 8 | 7 | . 6 |
    | Canned, dried.-.----- | 11 | 2 | 6 | 3 | . 058 | . 041 | . 083 | . 044 | . 5 | $0^{.4}$ | . 7 | . 4 |
    | Baked, not canned.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed.- | 11 | 6 |  | 3 | . 042 | . 065 | . 014 | . 052 | .$^{.3}$ | .$^{4}$ | .1 | . 4 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | $.009$ | 0 | $.022$ | 0 | . 1 | 0 | $0^{3}$ | 0 |
    | In shell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ |  | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | $0$ |
    | Peanut butter---:-..-------- | 31 | 10 | 17 | 4 | . 068 | . 049 | . 109 | . 025 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 | ${ }_{0} 6$ |
    | Other dried legumes and nuts |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh | 52 | 13 | 19 | 20 | . 160 | . 089 | . 140 | . 335 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 4. 2 |
    | Canne | 58 | 16 | 25 | 17 | . 361 | . 272 | . 255 | . 735 | 2.3 | 1. 6 | 2.0 | 4.5 |
    | Juice.- | 11 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 3 | 6 | . 049 | . 029 | . 030 | . 124 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 1. 4 |
    | Sauce, paste. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 007 | . 007 | 009 | . 005 | , | 1 | 2 |  |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1.728 | 1.328 | 1. 724 | 2.510 | 12.6 | 8.3 | 12.7 | 21.2 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | . 013 | 0 |  | . 062 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Cabbage | 72 | 26 | 26 | 20 | . 566 | . 563 | . 524 | . 655 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.1 |
    | Sauerkraut | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 018 | . 016 | . 009 | . 036 | 1 | . 1 | (1) | . 2 |
    | Collards. | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 045 | . 049 | . 049 | . 031 | 2 | 2 | . 3 |  |
    | Kale. | 16 | 7 | 5 | 4 | . 122 | . 130 | . 108 | . 135 | 6 | .7 | 5 | 6 |
    | Lettuce. | 65 | 17 | 25 | 23 | . 129 | . 097 | . 119 | . 210 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 2.8 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 21 | 3 | 11 | 7 | . 114 | . 038 | . 162 | .166 | . 7 | ${ }^{3} 3$ | 1.0 | 1.1 |
    | Canned | 11 | 1 | 5 | 5 <br> 7 | . 025 | . 007 | . 027 | . 055 | . 3 | (1) | 4 | 8 |
    | Other leafy vegetables.-....-. -- | 25 | 7 | 11 | 7 | . 195 | . 127 | . 236 | . 249 | 1. 0 | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 017 | 0 | . 022 | . 042 | . 2 | 0 | 2 | . 5 |
    | Canned | 15 | 1 | 5 | 9 | $.032$ | . 004 | . 021 | . 109 | 7 | .1 | 5 | 2.3 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | $.013$ | . 022 | . 008 | . 006 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
    | Canned. | 17 | 3 | 7 | , | . 062 | . 032 | . 069 | . 104 | . 6 | 3 | . 7 | 1. 0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh--- | 30 | 6 | 12 | 12 | . 150 | . 076 | $.168$ | . 260 | 1. 6 | 8 | 1.8 | 2.6 |
    | Canned | 11 | 3 | 7 <br> 0 | 1 | . 040 | $027$ | $. .067$ | . 013 | (1) ${ }^{4}$ | .$^{2}$ | . 7 | 2 |
    | Broccoli. | 12 | 0 | 0 3 | 7 | $002$ | $0$ | $0$ | . 010 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 12 | 8 | 3 | 7 | . 084 | . 070 | . 043 | . 192 | - 6 | 4 | .4 | 1. 3 |
    | Can | 33 | 8 | 13 | 12 | . 098 | 070 | . 089 | . 167 | 1. 2 | . 8 | 1.0 | 2.6 |
    | Peppers | 6 | , | , | 2 | 003 | 0 | . 003 | . 008 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
    | Okra | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 137 | . 032 | . 164 | . 283 | 1. 0 | . 3 | 1.1 | 2.3 |
    | Carrots..----.--- | 34 | 3 | 16 | 15 | . 133 | . 032 | .164 | . 263 | 1.0 | . 3 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | 0 |  | . 020 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 1 |
    | Other vegetables, total --------- |  |  |  |  | . 644 | . 451 | . 608 | 1. 085 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 9.3 |
    | Beets: Fresh | 11 | 0 | 6 | 5 | . 041 | 0 | . 049 | . 104 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 7 |
    | Canne | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | . 010 | 0 | . 015 | . 021 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Cauliflower. | 8 | 3 | 2 | 3 | . 023 | . 026 | . 016 | . 031 | 4 | . 3 | 2 | . 7 |
    | Celery | 49 | 13 | 19 | 17 | . 114 | . 081 | . 114 | . 177 | 1.2 | 9 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
    | Corn: On ear | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 006 | 0 | . 009 | . 010 | (1) | 0 | 1 | . 1 |
    | Cann | 27 | 10 | 9 | 8 | . 090 | . 099 | . 061 | . 129 | . 9 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.2 |
    | Cucumber | 5 | 0 | 2 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 012 | 0 | . 014 | . 031 | 1 | . 0 | 2 | . 3 |
    | Eggplant. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | . 022 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Onions: Matur | 74 | 23 | 28 | 23 | . 261 | . 200 | . 230 | . 436 | 1.2 | .9 | 1.1 | 2.2 |
    | Parsnips Spring | 13 | 2 | 4 | 7 | . 040 | . 024 | . 022 | $0^{.104}$ | $0^{.3}$ | .$^{.1}$ | .$^{2}$ | $0^{.9}$ |
    | Parsnips-.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 <br> 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | ( $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 2 \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | . 004 |  | . 011 | ${ }^{0} 021$ | ${ }^{(1)} .1$ | (1) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | 0 |
    | White turnips - - | 5 3 | 1 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | . 015 | .005 .016 | $\begin{array}{r} .022 \\ .016 \end{array}$ | . 021 | . 1 | ${ }^{(1)} 1$ | 1 | 1 |
    | Other vegetables.------- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 003 | $0^{.016}$ | . 007 | $0^{.021}$ | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | $0 \cdot 1$ | 1 | 0 |
    | Pickles and olives. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1. 1 | . |
    | Citrus fruits, total... |  |  |  |  | . 876 | . 514 | . 857 | 1. 605 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 5.8 | 9.7 |
    | Lemons...------ | 40 | 8 | 17 | 15 | . 104 | . 047 | . 127 | . 166 | 1.0 | . 4 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
    | Oranges | 57 | 11 | 25 | 21 | . 501 | . 244 | . 516 | . 966 | 3.2 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 5.8 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | 28 4 | 8 0 | 1 | 12 | .243 .028 | $0^{.223}$ | . 210 | .343 <br> .130 | 1.0 .3 | $0^{.9}$ | 1 | 1.5 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    2 Less than 0.0005 pound.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All families |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under \$200 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\$ 400$ and over |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in spring quarter- <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per <br> family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in $1-$ week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75 02 46 |  | 22 .46 .50 |  | 35 .36 .88 |  | 18 2.29 2.10 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ece } \\ & \text { level } \\ & \text { lies } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ |  | nic ami- per | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b .$ | $L b$. | $L b$ | Lb. | Ct. | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 111.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} C t . \\ 191.1 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 308,8 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grain products, total Bread and other baked goods, total. |  |  |  |  | 4.846 .833 | $\begin{array}{r}3.972 \\ .524 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.933 | 7.617 1.196 | 27.8 7.8 | 21.0 5.0 | 29.9 9.5 | 45.6 12.1 |
    | Bread: White | 50 | 12 | 26 | 12 | . 724 | . 445 | . 920 | 1.123 | 6.1 | 3.8 | 7.4 | 10.4 |
    | Graham, whole wheat | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 007 |  | . 017 | 0 | .1 |  |  | 0 |
    | Rye. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Crackers.. | 10 | 4 | 6 | 0 | . 024 | . 013 | . 046 | 0 | .3 | ${ }^{2}$ |  | 0 |
    | Plain rolls | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 020 | . 007 | . 042 | 0 | . 2 |  |  | 0 |
    | Sweet rolls | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 013 | . 028 | 0 | 0 | .3 | ${ }^{\text {c }} 6$ | $0{ }^{*}$ | 0 |
    | Cookies | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | . 020 | . 021 | . 025 | 0 | .2 | . 2 |  | 0 |
    | Cakes. | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | . 025 | . 010 | . 025 | . 073 | . 6 | .2 |  | 1.7 |
    | Pies | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals.-------- | 8 | 0 | 5 | 3 | . 020 | 0 | . 033 | . 050 | . 4 | 0 | ${ }^{.} 6$ | 1.0 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total |  |  |  |  | 3. 993 | 3.448 | 3.825 | 6.371 | 19.6 | 16.0 | 19.8 | 32.5 |
    | Flour: White ....-----.----- | 68 | 21 | $3 \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0}$ | 17 | 2.437 | 1. 959 | 2.388 |  | 12.1 | 9.1 | 12.8 | 21.0 |
    | Graham | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.408 \\ .080 \end{array}$ | . 169 | 0 | $0^{\text {a }}$ | 12.4 .4 | . 8 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ |
    | Other- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $.044$ | . 084 | $.011$ | 0 | .2 | .4 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Corn meal | 57 | 18 | 26 | 13 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{0 1 7} \\ +983 \end{array}$ | . 837 | 1.010 | 1. 406 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 4.8 |
    | Hominy - | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 | $.057$ | . 084 | . .032 | . 036 | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | .8 .2 |
    | Cornstarch | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 018 | (1) | 0 | $0{ }^{-2}$ | .2 |
    | Rice...--- | 27 | 10 | 11 | $\stackrel{6}{7}$ | . 142 | . 125 | . 136 | . 218 | . 8 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.2 |
    | Rolled oats | 30 | 10 | 13 | 7 | . 145 | . 104 | . 146 | .$^{282}$ | 1.2 | . 9 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
    | Wheat cereal | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 004 | $0^{0}$ | (1) | $0^{\circ}$ | 1.1 | ${ }^{-1}$ |
    | Tapioca.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-1}$ | 0 |
    | Sago...-.-....-.------------- | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. | 32 | 11 |  | 9 | . 102 | . 086 | . 098 | . 174 | 1.4 | . 9 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
    | Other grain products.-------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggs. | 64 | 17 | 31 | 16 | . 463 | 2.32 | . 548 | 1.018 | 7.7 | 3.8 | 9.3 | 16.4 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total |  | $\cdots$ |  | - | . 994 | . 568 | 1. 398 | 1.310 | 9.6 | 5. 3 | 13.6 | 13. 1 |
    | Mik: Fresh, whole-bottled | 14 | 2 | 9 | 3 | . 293 | .$^{.105}$ | . 496 | . 361 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 2.5 |
    | loose | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | skimmed | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 021 | . 045 | 0 | 0 | . 1 | . 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other | 4 | $0$ | 2 | 2 | . 056 | $0$ | $.113$ | $.088$ | 0.4 | 0 | 1.0 | . 4 |
    | Skimmed, dried | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.050}$ | $0$ |  | $\dot{0}$ | $0^{-4}$ | 0 | 0 | $0^{-4}$ |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 64 | 20 | 32 | 12 | $.499$ | . 365 | . 596 | . 686 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 5. 1 | 5.8 |
    | Cheese: American | 39 | 9 | 22 | 8 | .109 | . 053 | . 163 | . 145 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
    | Cottage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice cream | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | . 016 | 0 | . 030 | . 0301 | . 4 | 0 | . 7 | 1.0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendir, A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economiclevel-Fami-lies spendingper expendi-ture unit peryear |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Economic } \\ & \text { level-Fami- } \\ & \text { lies spending } \\ & \text { per expendi- } \\ & \text { ture unit per } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \mathrm{der} \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | $L b$. | $L b$. | $L b$. | Ct. | Ct | Ct . | Ct. |
    | Vegetables and fruits |  |  |  |  | 5.988 | 4.584 | 6.261 | 10.026 | 30.2 | 23.9 | 30.6 | 51. 5 |
    | Potatoes.. | 65 |  |  |  | 1. 119 | . 907 | 1. 112 | 1.867 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 6.4 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 38 | 10 | 19 | 9 | . 564 | . 450 | . 586 | . 897 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 3.2 |
    | Dried legumes ana nuts, tot |  |  |  |  | . 577 | . 594 | . 521 | . 679 | 3. 8 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 4.7 |
    | Dried corn.. | , | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 40 | 17 | 16 | 7 | . 314 | . 345 | . 276 | . 315 | 1. 9 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
    | Canned, dried-...- | 6 |  | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 2 | . 062 | . 049 | $0^{.066}$ | . 097 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 6 |
    | Baked, not canned.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 25 | 9 | 10 | 6 | . 159 | .$^{144}$ | $0^{140}$ | . 267 | 1.0 | 1.0 | $0^{.8}$ | 1. 9 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 0 | 0 | 0 | $1)$ | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In shell | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Peanut butter | 9 | 6 | 3 | 0 | . 034 | . 056 | . 020 | 0 | ${ }^{\text {(1) }} 6$ | . 9 | . 3 |  |
    | Other dried legames and nuts. |  |  |  |  | . 007 |  | . 017 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh. | 2 | 0 |  | , | . 010 | 0 | . 008 | . 048 | . 1 | 0 |  | . 7 |
    | Canned | 33 | 12 |  | , | . 257 | . 206 | . 322 | . 250 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
    | Juice. | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sauce, paste | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 011 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total |  |  |  |  | 1.819 | 1. 228 | 2. 153 | 2. 904 | 8.5 | 5.8 | 9.6 | 14.4 |
    | Brussels sprouts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cabbage. | 51 | 19 | 21 | 11 | . 737 | . 612 | . 756 | 1. 115 | 2. 9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.4 |
    | Sauerkrau | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 040 |  | . 102 |  | 0 | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Collards | 12 | 5 | 5 | 2 | . 209 | . 211 | . 229 | . 145 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 5 |
    | Kale. | 12 | 4 |  | 4 | . 186 | . 169 | . 110 | . 461 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 1.6 |
    | Lettuce. | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | . 017 |  | . 025 | . 054 | . 2 | 0 | .3 | 7 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 12 | 3 | 7 | 2 | . 149 | . 077 | . 238 | . 145 | . 7 | 4 | 1.1 | 7 |
    | Canned | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 011 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Other leafty vegetab | 15 |  |  | 6 | . 214 | . 028 | . 323 | . 546 | . 9 | 1 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | , |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lima beans: Fresh. | , | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 013 | 0 | . 025 | . 024 | . 1 | 0 | .1 | . 2 |
    | Canned̃ | , | 2 | 1 | 3 | . 039 | . 044 | . 021 | . 076 | .3 | .4 | 1 | . 6 |
    | Beans, snep (string) : Fresh.-- |  |  | 5 | 3 | . 056 | . 010 | . 089 | . 121 | . 6 | 1 | 8 | 1.3 |
    | Canned. | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | . 058 | . 035 | . 057 | . 138 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 9 |
    | Broccoli | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fres | 8 | , | 5 | 2 | . 059 | . 007 | . 125 | . 048 | . 5 | . 2 | . 8 | 1.0 |
    | Can | 5 |  | , | 1 | . 036 | . 035 | . 038 | . 030 | 1 | 4 | 3 |  |
    | Peppers | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 004 |  | , | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Okra_ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 043 | . 056 | . 025 | . 048 | . 2 | .3 | 1 | . 4 |
    |  | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 | . 043 | . 056 | . 025 | . 048 | 2 | . 3 | 1 |  |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, total.-......... |  |  |  |  | . 360 | . 223 | .$^{427}$ | . 644 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 4.7 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 003 |  |  | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Canned |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cauliflower | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Celery | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | . 010 | 0 | . 008 | . 048 | . 1 | 0 | .1 | . 5 |
    | Corn: On | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann | 8 |  | 4 | 3 | . 052 | . 026 | . 071 | . 088 | .$^{.4}$ | .$^{2}$ | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Cucumber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Onions: Mature | 48 | 14 | 22 | 12 | . 239 | . 134 | . 297 | . 436 | 1. 2 | .7 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
    | Spring | 5 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 3 | 0 | . 023 | $0^{.021}$ | .$^{.034}$ | 0 | . 2 | $0^{2}$ | $0^{.3}$ | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips............ | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 013 | . 028 | 0 | 0 | .1 | .2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabaga | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $0^{.020}$ | $0_{0}^{.014}$ | $0^{.017}$ | $0^{.048}$ | $0^{-1}$ | $0^{-1}$ | $0^{2}$ | $0^{-2}$ |
    | Other vegetables Pickles and olives | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | ${ }^{0} .2$ | ${ }^{0} .1$ | 0 | 1.0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total. |  |  |  |  | . 416 | . 190 | . 357 | 1. 334 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 5.8 |
    | Lemons.-- | 20 | 4 | 13 | 3 | . 087 | . 040 | . 119 | . 127 | . 8 | 5 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
    | Oranges | 20 | 5 | 8 | 7 | . 234 | . 150 | . 153 | . 752 | 1. 2 | . 8 | 1.1 | 3.0 |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh. Canned | 6 0 | 0 | 2 <br> 0 | 4 | $0_{0}^{.095}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{.085}$ | $0^{.455}$ | .$^{4}$ | 0 | 0 | 1.8 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in spring quarter, by economic level-Continued

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of familles using in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Famjlies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All fam: ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level--Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Ursed at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | $L b$. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | $C t$. |
    | Other fruits, total.-................ |  |  |  |  | 0.822 | 0.730 | 0.750 | 1.344 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 9.5 |
    | Apples: Fresh_ | 33 | 13 | 14 | 6 | . 354 | . 359 | . 335 | . 388 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
    | Apples Canne |  | 1 | 0 | , |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bananas | 16 | 5 | 5 | 6 | . 149 | . 084 | . 136 | . 412 | . 9 | . 5 | . 8 | 2.4 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | $.050$ | . 032 | . 076 | .036 | . 4 | . 2 | . 6 | . 3 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grapes: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches: Fresh | 0 | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 | . 061 | . 032 | . 081 | . 103 | . 7 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.4 |
    | Pears: Fresh.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 013 | . 028 | 0 | 0 |  | .3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 018 | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Canned | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | . 012 | . 004 | 0 | . 073 | ${ }^{-1}$ | . 1 | 0 | . 8 |
    | Melons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Plums: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cider --... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juices | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches | 8 | , | 1 | 1 | . 056 | . 098 | . 008 | . 048 | . 7 | 1.2 | . 1 | .$^{6}$ |
    | Prunes | 16 | 4 | 7 | 5 | . 104 | . 077 | . 098 | . 218 | . 8 | . 5 | 8 | 1.5 |
    | Raisins | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | . 014 | . 009 | . 008 | . 048 | . 2 | .$^{2}$ | .1 | . 5 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 007 | . 008 | 0 | .1 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Sugars and sweets, tot |  |  |  |  | 1. 268 | . 883 | 1. 402 | 2. 220 | 8. 2 | 5.6 | 9.0 | 15.1 |
    | Sugars: White --.... | 73 | 21 | 35 | 17 | 1. 069 | . 752 | 1. 155 | 1.916 | 5. 9 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 10.7 |
    | Brown. | 1 | , | 0 | 1 | . 003 | 0 | 0 | . 024 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 16 | 5 | 7 | 4 | . 065 | . 041 | . 064 | . 153 | - 9 | . 5 | . 8 | 2.8 |
    | Jellies. | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 018 | . 004 | . 038 | . 012 | . 3 | . 1 | 5 | 2 |
    | Molasses, sirups -- | 25 | 9 | 12 | 4 | 113 | . 086 | . 145 | . 115 | 1.1 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
    | Other sweets. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total-.---...-.---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.9 | 7.6 | 13.8 | 21.1 |
    | Gelatine. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 | 0 | 0 | . 007 | (1) | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{2} .4$ |
    | Packaged dessert mixtures | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | . 009 | 0 | . 008 | . 042 | . 4 | 0 | . 5 | 1.5 |
    | Tea. | 45. | 17 | 20 | 8 | . 047 | . 030 | . 050 | . 094 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2. 2 | 2.7 |
    | Cofiee | 39 | 12 | 18 | 9 | . 131 | . 084 | . 161 | . 206 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5.0 |
    | Cocoa | 11 | 6 | 3 | 2 | . 034 | . 030 | . 034 | . 048 | . 7 | . 7 | 6 | 1.0 |
    | Chocolate | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 008 | . 007 | . 004 | . 024 | 2 | . 2 | 1 | 2 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | . 2 | 5 | . 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | . 6 | 5 | 1.0 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 2 | 1.0 | 1. 2 | 1.7 |
    | Spices and extracts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) 3 | . 1 | 3 | . 8 |
    | Catsups, sauces |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Tomato soup | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | . 023 | . 009 | . 038 | . 031 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 5 |
    | Other soups. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 011 | 0 | . 028 | $0$ | . 1 | 0 | .3 | 0 |
    | Cod-liver oil | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 007 | . 014 | 0 | 0 | . 5 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $003$ | 0 | . 008 | $0$ | . 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home--- Other drinks consumed at home- | 16 | 0 | 11 | 5 | . 065 | 0 | . 118 | . 137 | -9 | 0 | 1.6 | 1.8 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. <br> Sales tax on food | 7 | 0 | 5 |  | . 032 | 0 | . 055 | . 079 | 1. 2 | 0 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fam. } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ |  | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | Under | $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \mathrm{t} \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { ove } \end{gathered}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in winter quarter. <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per fam- <br> ily in 1 week <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in <br> 1 week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 156 |  | 56 |  | 55 |  | 45 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.92 |  | 5.09 |  | 83 |  | 2.58 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4. 42 |  |  |  | 2. 34 |
    | Item | Nomber of famities using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Ec leve lies per ture | onom <br> el-fa <br> spen <br> expe <br> unit <br> year | aic miding ndiper | All | Econo famili per ex unit | omic le ies spen expendi <br> per ye | vel- <br> ding <br> ture <br> ear | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { fam- }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { level } \\ \text { spel } \\ \text { exp } \\ \text { unit } \end{gathered}$ | onom <br> -fam <br> ding endit per | ic <br> ilies <br> per <br> re year |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | \$600 and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week <br> Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 241. | 184. | 262.8 | 347.1 |
    | Grain products, total................... Bread and other baked goods, total | ----- |  |  |  | 4.841 | 4.722 | 4.693 | -5.399 | 37.2 | 34.6 | 38.4 | 42.0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 2.241 | $\text { 1. } 994$ | 2. 229 | 2. 873 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 23.7 | 25.3 |
    | Bread: White $\qquad$ |  | $5 \overline{3}$ | 50 | 42 | 1. 823 | 1.670 | 1.728 | 2.374 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 15.3 | 16. 4 |
    | Graham, whole wheat $\qquad$ | 145 | 0 |  |  | . 020 | 0 | . 043 | . 027 | . 2 | 0 | 4 | . 3 |
    | Rye... |  |  | 2 | 4 | . 012 | . 002 | . $010^{\circ}$ | . 044 | . 1 | (1) | 1 | . 5 |
    | Crackers | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 17 | 26 | 13 | . 071 | . 067 | . 072 | 080 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
    | Plain rolls. |  | 4 | 7 | 8 | 065 | . 044 | . 088 | . 077 | . 6 | . 4 | . 7 | . 8 |
    | Sweet rolls. | $\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | 2 | 2 | 3 | . 020 | . 013 | . 017 | . 042 | . 4 | .2 | . 3 | 1.3 |
    | Cookies.. | 1560 | 4 | 5 | 6 | . 022 | . 010 | . 027 | . 041 | 4 | 3 | . 4 | - |
    | Cakes... |  | 22 | 23 | 15 | . 156 | . 168 | . 149 | . 139 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
    | Pjes..- | 6014 | 2 | 8 | 4 | . 038 | . 010 | . 071 | . 043 | . 5 | . 1 | 1.0 | . 6 |
    | Other.-.-.---..- |  |  |  |  | . 014 | . 010 | . 024 | . 006 | . 4 | . 1 | . 8 |  |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals ------- |  | 14 | 21 | 20 | . 0.076 | ${ }^{061}$ | . 081 | . 102 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. | 55 |  |  |  | 2. 524 | 2. 667 | 2. 383 | 2. 424 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 13. 1 | 14.6 |
    | Flour: White | 129 | 47 0 | 47 | 35 | 1.894 | 2.030 | 1.826 | I. 684 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 8.5 |
    | Graham Other | $14$ | 0 3 |  | 0 5 | ${ }^{0} .055$ | ${ }^{0} .070$ | ${ }^{0} .047$ | $0$ | ${ }^{0} .4$ | 0 | ${ }_{0}{ }^{8}$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | Corn meal. |  | 28 | 21 | 18 | . 255 | . 266 | . 220 | . 289 | $\xrightarrow{1.0}$ | 1.1 | 9 | $\underline{1.2}$ |
    | Hominy. | 12 | 2 | 5 | 5 | . 025 | . 011 | . 029 | . 050 | . 2 | . 1 | 2 | . 3 |
    | Cornstarch |  | 4 | 2 | 4 | . 006 | . 010 | 0 | . 008 | . 1 | . 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Rice. | 10 | 16 | 11 | 9 | . 048 | . 049 | . 040 | . 058 | . 4 | 4 | . 4 | 4 |
    | Rolled oats | 73 | 30 | 25 | 18 | . 141 | . 131 | . 136 | . 176 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 |
    | Wheat cerea | 21 | 7 | 5 | 9 | . 021 | . 021 | . 009 | . 044 | ${ }^{1} 4$ | 4 | . 2 | 7 |
    | Tapioca. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 001 |  | 0 | . 003 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles. | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 33 | 24 | 13 | . 078 | . 079 | . 076 | . 079 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
    | Other grain products |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 146 | 55 | 53 | 38 | . 736 | . 656 | . 790 | . 833 | 17.4 | 15.2 | 18.8 | 20.2 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total -- |  |  |  |  | 3. 068 | 2. 115 | 3.865 | 4. 064 | 22.4 | 16.0 | 25.9 | 31.6 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole-bottled.- | 124 | 40 | 47 | 37 | 2. 294 | 1. 572 | 2. 842 | 3. 075 | 14.6 | 10.0 | 17.7 | 20.2 |
    | loose...- | 10 |  |  | 0 | . 011 | 0 | . 034 | 0 | .$^{1}$ | 0 | . 2 | 0 |
    | skimmed |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other. $\qquad$ | 30 | 13 | 7 | 10 | . 343 | . 301 | . 366 | . 406 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 |
    | Skimmed, dried.-------- |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{.3}$ | $0{ }^{.}$ | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{-100}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed |  | 33 | 28 | 16 | 267 | 212 | . 305 | . 330 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
    | Cheese: American | 77 | 32 | 30 | 19 | . 071 | . 020 | . 114 | . 116 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
    | Cottage. | 29 29 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 002 | . 001 | . 005 | 0 | . 1 | (1) | . 2 | 0 |
    | Other. |  | 10 | 10 | 9 | . 023 | . 003 | . 021 | . 077 | 1.0 | . 7 | 9 | 2.2 |
    | Ice cream | 15 | 3 | 6 | 6 | . 057 | . 006 | . 035 | . 060 | . 8 | . 2 | . 9 | 1.9 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelfamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un. der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 1.103 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 0.889 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{1.195}{L b .}$ | $\begin{gathered} L b . \\ 1.461 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & 28.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Ct} . \\ 24.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Ct} . \\ & 28.4 \end{aligned}$ | $C t$. |
    | Fats, tota |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38.0 |
    | Butter. | 136 | 45 | 48 | 43 | . 227 | . 051 | . 336 | . 464 | 10.9 | 8.1 | 11.7 | 16.6 |
    | Cream | 14 | 3 | 4 | 7 | . 016 | . 002 | . 006 | . 066 | - 10 | . 1 | . 4 | 2.3 |
    | Other table fat | 34 | 17 | 12 | 5 | . 082 | . 101 | . 082 | . 037 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.3 | . 9 |
    | Lard. | 119 | 47 | 39 | 33 | . 349 | . 362 | . 317 | . 376 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 5.3 |
    | Vegetable shortening. | 29 | 7 | 14 | 8 | . 090 | . 041 | . 138 | . 125 | 1. 4 | $\mathrm{Ci}^{6}$ | 2.2 | 1.8 |
    | Table or cooking oils.-.------------- | 7 | 3 | 0 |  | . 007 | . 001 |  | . 032 | . 2 | (1) | 0 | . 8 |
    | Mayonnaise and other salad dressing. $\qquad$ | 84 |  |  | 20 | . 080 | . 056 | . 105 | . 094 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2. 6 | 2.5 |
    | Bacon, smoked. --.-.-. | 82 | 24 | 31 | 27 | . 127 | . 090 | . 134 | . 204 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 6.6 |
    | Salt side of pork --....-........ | 59 | 32 | 18 | 9 | . 125 | . 185 | . 077 | . 063 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
    | Meat, poultry, fish and other sea food, total |  |  |  |  | 2. 534 | 1.847 | 2.878 | 3.573 | 59.7 | 39.4 | 69.6 | 92.7 |
    | Fresh: Steak, porterhouse, sirloin | 36 | 8 | 14 | 14 | . 100 | . 032 | . 132 | . 211 | 3.2 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 7.0 |
    | top round. | 45 | 13 | 19 | 13 | .126 | . 064 | . 183 | . 174 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
    | other | 22 | 11 | 8 | 3 | . 050 | . 067 | . 040 | . 028 | . 9 | 1. 2 | . 7 | . 7 |
    | Roast, rib. | 20 | 5 | 9 | 6 | . 119 | . 057 | . 130 | . 255 | 2.5 | 1. 2 | 2.8 | 5.3 |
    | chuck | 18 | 7 | 7 | 4 | . 089 | . 063 | . 122 | . 090 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
    | other. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 012 | 0 | . 034 | 0 | .3 | 0 | . 9 | 0 |
    | Boiling, chuck | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 | . 026 | . 047 | . 011 | 0 | ${ }^{3}$ | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | . 2 | 0 |
    | plate. | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 17 | 7 | 8 | 2 | . 040 | . 039 | . 054 | . 017 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 2 |
    | Canned | 16 | 7 | 2 | 7 | . 035 | . 039 | . 008 | . 072 | . 7 | . 7 | 2 | 1. 6 |
    | Corned | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 015 | . 014 | . 017 | . 013 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | Dried. | 11 | 3 | 3 | 5 | . 010 | . 002 | . 004 | . 038 | . 3 | 1 | . 3 | 8 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Veal: Fresh, steak, ch | 39 | 14 | 15 | 10 | . 090 | . 079 | . 099 | . 098 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.2 |
    | roast | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 031 | . 012 | . 061 | . 025 | . 6 | .2 | 1. 1 | . 8 |
    | stew -. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 006 | . 005 | . 010 |  | . 1 | . 1 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Lamb: Fresh, chops |  | 0 | 3 | 4 | . 013 | 0 | . 016 | . 038 | .4 | 0 | . 5 | 1.2 |
    | Lamb: roast...--.-.-.-.-.--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | . 011 | .1 | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 021 | . 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Pork: Fresh, chops. | 68 | 20 | 28 | 20 | . 162 | . 120 | . 190 | . 211 | 4. 0 | 3.0 | 4.8 | 5. 1 |
    | loin roas | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | . 047 | . 024 | . 165 | . 072 | 1.1 | . 6 | 1.5 | 1. 6 |
    | other | 13 |  | 5 | 4 | . 046 | . 017 | . 058 | . 092 | 1.8 | . 4 | 3.8 | 1.5 |
    | Smoked ham, slices......-- | 25 | 8 | 10 | 7 | . 049 | . 032 | . 051 | . 088 | 1.5 | . 8 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
    | half or whole... | 16 | 4 | 7 | 5 | . 171 | . 090 | . 147 | . 413 | 4.4 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 13.2 |
    | picnic....- | 20 | 7 | 11 | 2 | . 171 | . 135 | . 253 | . 111 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 6. 6 | 1.9 |
    | Pork sausage_-- | 56 | 23 | 17 | 16 | . 104 | . 097 | . 090 | . 147 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
    | Other pork | 3 | , |  | 0 | . 005 | . 004 | . 009 | 0 | 2. 1. | (1) | $\begin{array}{r}.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous meats, total |  |  |  |  | . 330 | . 376 | . 265 | . 329 | 7.8 | 8.6 | 6. 2 | 9.3 |
    | Other fresh meat | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 008 | 0 | 0 | . 040 | . 2 | 0 | 0 | 1.1 |
    | Bologna, frankfurters.........- | 65 | 32 | 23 | 10 | . 168 | . 236 | . 117 | . 095 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
    |  | 44 | 19 | 15 | 10 | . 070 | . 062 | . 066 | . 095 | 2. 7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 4.0 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 003 | 0 | . 003 | . 011 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | . 4 |
    | Liver.-.---.-... | 31 | 15 | 9 | 7 | . 067 | . 076 | . 052 | . 071 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 8 | 1.3 |
    | Other meat products..........- | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 014 | . 002 | . 027 | . 017 | . 3 | . 1 | . 5 | . 7 |
    | Poultry: Chicken, broiling.-...-- | 18 | 4 |  | 5 | . 088 | . 045 | . 113 | . 147 | 2.2 | 1. 2 | 2.8 | 3.8 |
    | roast.----.-. | 11 | 1 | 6 | 4 | . 067 | . 019 | . 083 | . 155 | 1. 7 | . 4 | 2.0 | 4.3 |
    | Stew...------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Turkey | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | . 152 | . 062 | . 164 | . 348 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 4.1 | 9.6 |
    | Other | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | . 004 |  | . 011 | 0 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 | 0 |
    | Fish and other sea food, total... |  |  |  |  | . 369 | . 304 | . 458 | . 368 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 8.1 | 7.7 |
    | Fish: Fresh | 42 | 11 | 20 | 11 | . 120 | . 067 | . 186 | . 130 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
    | Canned | 32 | 13 | 14 | 5 | . 063 | . 051 | . 074 | . 072 | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 |
    | Cured. | 11 | 4 | 4 | 3 | . 064 | . 099 | . 041 | . 022 | . 5.5 | $\stackrel{7}{7}$ | . 4 | . 3 |
    | Oysters.-- | 50 | 13 | 25 | 12 | . 120 | . 083 | . 157 | . 144 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
    | Other sea food | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | $\begin{gathered} \text { Economic } \\ \text { level-Fami- } \\ \text { lies spending } \\ \text { per expendi- } \\ \text { ture unit per } \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Allfam-ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\overline{U n}-1$ der $\$ 400$ | \$400 | \$ $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over }\end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued <br> Vegetables and fruits, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | $L b$. | Lb. | Lb. | Lb. | Ct. | Ct. | Ct. | ct. |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 7.756 | 6.466 | 7.981 | 10.331 | 46.8 | 33.2 | 49.2 | 77.2 |
    | Potatoes. | 139 | 53 | 50 | 36 | 2.086 | 2. 162 | 2. 137 | 1. 808 | 3. 6 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams | 70 | 30 | 20 | 20 | . 439 | . 503 | . 295 | . 546 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1. 1 | 2.1 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, total -- |  |  |  |  | . 469 | . 479 | . 521 | ${ }^{-349}$ | 4. 7 | 3.6 | 5. 5 | 6. 2 |
    | Dried corn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Beans: Dry | 76 | 32 | 33 | 11 | . 231 | . 241 | . 299 | . 080 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | . 5 |
    | Canned, dried | 9 | 4 | 2 | 3 | . 031 | . 044 | . 012 | . 033 | (1) ${ }^{2}$ | . 3 | $\mathrm{ij}^{1}$ | 2 |
    | Baked, not canned | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 007 | . 014 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 1 | (1) | 2 |
    | Peas: Black-eyed | 34 | 17 | 12 |  | . 093 | . 131 | . 070 | . 040 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{8} 8$ |  | 3 |
    | Other. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 002 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled | 8 | 1 | 2 | 0 | $.022$ | . 002 | . 013 | . 089 | . 8 | (1) | 7 | 2.7 |
    | In shell. | 17 | 3 | 7 | 7 | . 045 | . 013 | 065 | . 088 | 1. 0 | . 3 | 1.3 | 2.1 |
    | Peanut butter $\qquad$ <br> Other dried legumes and nuts. | 30 | 11 | 14 | 5 | $0^{.039}$ | $0^{.032}$ | $0^{.060}$ | $0^{.019}$ | $0^{.7}$ | $0^{.6}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.2}$ |  |
    |  | 20 | 2 | 8 | 10 | . 040 | . 006 | . 047 | . 110 | . 5 | 0 | . 5 | 1. 4 |
    | Canned | 84 | 34 | 32 | 18 | . 321 | . 286 | . 374 | . 313 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.4 |
    | Juice. | 23 | 4 | 6 | 13 | . 067 | . 025 | . 047 | . 207 | (1) 6 | . 3 | (1) | 1.8 |
    | Sauce, paste | , | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 001 | . 002 | . 001 |  | (1) | 1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Green and leafy vegetables, total- |  |  |  |  | 1. 462 | 1. 200 | 1. 279 | 2.018 | 10.8 | 7.9 | 10.3 | 18.7 |
    | Brussels sprouts..---.---......- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 002 |  |  | . 011 | (1) | 0 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Cabbage | 81 | 36 | 23 | 22 | . 387 | . 409 | . 300 | . 492 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.0 |
    | Sauerkrau | 21 | 13 | 3 | 5 | . 063 | . 087 | . 023 | . 078 | . 5 | 7 | 2 | . 6 |
    | Collards | 3 | 1. |  | 1 | . 006 | . 006 | . 006 | . 006 | 1 | 1. | (1) |  |
    | Kale. | 51 | 20 | 23 | 8 | . 244 | . 252 | . 280 | . 160 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |  |
    | Lettuce. | 75 | 20 | 29 | 26 | . 141 | . 069 | . 161 | . 283 | 1.4 | ${ }^{7}$ | 1.6 | 2.8 |
    | Spinach: Fresh | 13 | 1 | 3 | , | . 130 | . 006 | . 027 | . 194 | . 4 | (1) | . 2 | 1. 4 |
    | Canned. | , | 1 | 1 | 3 | . 015 | . 001 | . 010 | . 056 | . 2 | (1) | 1 |  |
    | Other leafy vegetables | 10 | 4 | , | , | . 048 | . 041 | . 071 | 022 | 3 | . 3 | . 5 |  |
    | Asparagus: Fresh_-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ |
    | Lima beans: Fresh | $\begin{array}{r}26 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 11 2 | 13 0 | . 043 | . 010 | . 010 | $0^{.104}$ | 9 | 1 | 1.0 <br> .1 | ${ }_{0}^{2.3}$ |
    | Canned | 32 | 12 | 10 | 10 | . 055 | . 050 | . 047 | . 083 | 7 | , | 6 | 1.0 |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh - $^{-}$ | 10 | 0 | 7 | 3 | . 023 | 0 | . 056 | . 021 | .3 | 0 | . 6 |  |
    | Canned- | 27 | 9 | 10 | 8 | . 096 | . 096 | . 060 | .$^{160}$ | . 9 | . 8 | .$^{.6}$ | 1.7 |
    | Broccoli | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peas: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann | 75 | 21 | 25 | 29 | . 197 | . 163 | . 167 | . 335 | 2.1 | 1. 4 | 2.1 | 4.0 |
    | Peppers | 13 | 0 | 6 | 7 | . 004 |  | . 005 | . 013 | 1 | 0 | . 2 | 3 |
    | Okra | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Yellow vegetables, |  |  |  |  | . 052 | . 016 | . 060 | . 124 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1.0 |
    | Carrots | 23 | 5 | 8 | 11 | . 052 | 016 | 060 | 124 | . 4 | . 1 | 4 | 1.0 |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other vegetables, tota |  |  |  |  | . 654 | .$^{.482}$ | . 733 | . 946 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 9.5 |
    | Beets: Fresh | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 002 |  | . 003 | . 006 | (1) | 0 | (1) | (1) |
    | Canne | 9 | 0 | 1 | 5 | . 014 | 0 | . 021 | . 035 | . 1 | 0 | .2 | . 4 |
    | Cauliflower | 6 | 0 | 1 | 5 | . 013 | 0 | . 003 | . 066 | . 1 | 0 | . 1 | - |
    | Celery | 68 | 12 | 33 | 23 | . 139 | . 047 | 195 | 265 | 1.4 | 5 | 1.9 | 2.9 |
    | Corn: On ea | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cann | 46 | 19 | 13 | 14 | . 104 | .$^{112}$ | . 085 | $0^{.120}$ | 1.1 | 1.1 | 9 | 1.4 |
    | Cucumber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 009 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 |  |
    | Onions: Mature | 98 | 43 | 36 | 19 | . 253 | 238 | . 285 | . 235 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
    | Spring | 6 |  |  | 2 | . 010 | 0 | $0^{.027}$ | . 005 |  | 0 | $0^{.1}$ |  |
    | Parsnips-...-- |  | 0 0 | 0 <br> 0 | 0 | $.003$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |  | 0.016 | ${ }_{(1)}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Summer squash Whito turnips | 15 | 0 <br> 3 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 068$ | ${ }^{0} 047$ | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }^{0} 138$ | ${ }^{0} 3$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | White turnips Yollow turnips, rutabaga | 15 5 | 3 <br> 2 <br>  | 5 <br> 1 | 7 | . 068 | . 047 | . 060 | . 138 | .3 | .2 | (1) ${ }^{3}$ | . 6 |
    | Yellow turnips, rutabag | 5 14 | 4 | 7 | 2 <br> 3 | .016 .029 | . 020 | .006 .039 | .021 .039 | .1 .4 | . 1 | ${ }^{(1)} .6$ |  |
    | Pickles and olives |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .8 | .5 | 8 | 1. 8 |
    | Citrus fruits, total |  |  |  |  | . 841 | . 373 | . 877 | 1.924 | 5.2 | 2.3 | 5.6 | 11.3 |
    | Lemons.....- | 43 | 12 | 15 | 16 | . 081 | . 038 | . 088 | . 175 | . 8 | - ${ }^{5}$ | . 9 | 1.7 |
    | Oranges | 81 | 21 | 31 | 29 | . 545 | . 274 | . 591 | 1. 125 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 6. |
    | Grapefruit: Fresh | 36 | 6 | 10 | 20 | 215 | . 061 | . 198 | . 623 | 1.3 | 0 | 1.1 | 3.5 |
    | Canned.-.-..... | 0 | , | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RIOHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | All families |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | \$100 to | 200 \$2 | \$200 to | 400 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400 \\ \mathrm{OV} \end{array}$ |  |
    | Number of families surveyed in winter quarter <br> Average number of equivalent full-time persons per <br> family in 1 week. <br> A verage number of food expenditure units per family in <br> 1 week. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86 |  | 22 |  | 42 |  | 22 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |  | 16 |  | 16 |  | 1.78 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 07 |  | . 08 |  | 78 |  | 1.61 |
    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ee } \\ & \text { level } \\ & \text { lies } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { ture } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { conon } \\ & \text { el-F } \\ & \text { spen } \\ & \text { expe } \\ & \text { e unit } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | mic | All families | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | \$400 and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchasedfor Consumption at Home in 1Week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 153.2 | 104.0 | 165. 4 | 283.3 |
    | Grain products, total |  |  |  |  | 3.377 | 2. 931 | 3. 515 | 4. 440 | 19.5 | 15.0 | 20.9 | 30.1 |
    | Bread and other baked goods, total |  |  |  |  | 3.37 .688 | . 318 | 3. 618 .737 | 1.801 | $1{ }^{1}$ 6.0 | 2.81 | 6.5 | 15.0 |
    | Bread: White | 51 | 14 | 24 | 13 | . 540 | . 237 | . 583 | 1.437 | 4.4 | 1.9 | 4.8 | 11.6 |
    | Graham, whole wheat. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1. | . 014 | 0 | . 003 | . 099 | 9 (1) 1 | 0 | (1) | 9 |
    | Rye. | 1 | , | 1 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Crackers... | 7 |  |  | 3 | . 014 | . 008 | . 014 | . 035 | 5. | . 1 | . 1 | . 5 |
    | Plain rolls | 12 | 4 | 4 | 4 | . 081 | . 059 | . 069 | . 199 | .$^{7}$ | . 5 | ${ }^{(1)}{ }^{6}$ | 1.5 |
    | Sweet rolls | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 003 |  | . 007 |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Cookies. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 003 | 0 | . 008 |  | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Cakes. | 16 | 4 | 10 | 2 | . 027 | . 009 | . 044 | . 031 | 1 . 5 | .2 | $(1)^{9}$ | . 5 |
    | Pies. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | . 005 | . 004 |  | $0_{0} .1$ | 0.1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 |
    | Other-...-.-.-----1 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ready-to-eat cereals.------- | 7 | 1 | 6 | 2 | . 017 | . 008 | . 018 | . 043 | 3.13 | . 1 | . 3 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ |
    | Flour and other cereals, total. |  |  |  |  | 2. 672 | 2. 605 | 2. 760 | 2. 596 | 13.2 | 12. 1 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
    | Flour: White........-.-.-...- | 81 | 22 | 41 | 18 | 1. 646 | 1.715 | 1.696 | 1.238 | 88.2 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 6.3 |
    | Graham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Corn meal | 66 | 20 | 32 | 14 | . 664 | . 614 | . 681 | . 780 | 02.3 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
    | Hominy. | 10 | 1 |  | 2 | . 080 | . 072 | . 080 | . 108 | $8 \quad{ }^{5} 5$ | . 5 | . 3 | . 9 |
    | Cornstarch | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | . 003 | . 006 | 0 | 0 | 0 (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rice. | 35 | 10 | 19 |  | . 149 | . 126 | . 161 | . 186 | 6.8 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.3 |
    | Rolled oats. | 22 | 9 | 11 | 2 | . 066 | . 053 | . 066 | . 060 | $99$ | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 |
    | Wheat cereal | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Tapioca | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sago---------------------- | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Macaroni, spaghetti, noodles | 29 | 5 | 14 | 10 | . 069 | . 019 | . 076 | . 215 | 5.8 | . 3 | . 9 | 2.3 |
    | Other grain products.-....-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggs, total.-.-.---.---- | 74 | 16 | 37 | 21 | . 363 | . 202 | . 435 | . 677 | 78.1 | 4.3 | 9.7 | 15.5 |
    | Milk, cheese, ice cream, total |  |  |  |  | 1. 232 | . 799 | 1. 671 | 1. 752 | 210.0 | 5.9 | 12.6 | 16.2 |
    | Milk: Fresh, whole--bottled.- | 33 | 9 | 18 |  | . 745 | . 435 | 1.014 | . 911 | 1.5 .0 | 2.9 | 6.8 | 6.3 |
    | loose..... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $.012$ | $.027$ | $0$ | 0 | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | skimmed ......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | buttermilk and other | 11 | 1 | 8 | 2 | . 144 | . 019 | . 246 | . 232 | $2 . .5$ | . 1 | . 9 | . 9 |
    | Skimmed, dried | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Evaporated and condensed | 60 | 18 | 25 | 17 | . 254 | . 297 | . 313 | . 418 | $8 \quad 2.6$ | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.9 |
    | Cheese: American | 22 | 4 | 12 | 6 | .051 | . 021 | . 058 | . 125 | 51.1 | . 5 | 1.3 | 2.8 |
    | Cottage. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other.- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 031 | 1.2 | 0 | 0 | 1.5 |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 8 | 2 | . 022 | 0 | . 046 | . 035 | 5.6 | 0 | 1.2 | . 8 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES—Continued

    | Item | Number of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { inlies } \end{array}$ | EconomicIevel-Fami-lies spendingper expendi-ture unit peryear |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { filies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 000 \end{array}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased jor Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued <br> Vegetable and fruits, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | Lb. | $L b$. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} L b . \\ 6.095 \end{array}\right\|$ | Lb. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} C t . \\ 24.2 \end{gathered}\right.$ | ${ }_{17}{ }^{\text {ct }}$ | ${ }_{25}{ }^{\text {ct. }}$ | ${ }_{44}{ }^{\text {ct. }}$ |
    | Potatoes............ | 78 | 22 | 38 | 18 | 1. 486 | 1.283 | 1.627 | 1. 706 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 2.9 | $\begin{array}{r}4.6 \\ 3.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
    | Sweetpotatoes, yams. | 55 | 18 | 26 | 11 | 743 | 422 | 1.052 |  | 2.3 | 1. 6 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
    | Dried legumes and nuts, |  |  |  |  |  |  | .$^{.480}$ | . 828 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 6. ${ }^{6}$ |
    |  | 51 | 20 | 23 |  | ${ }^{0} .313$ | ${ }^{\text {- }} 334$ | ${ }^{\text {. }} 279$ | ${ }^{\circ} .355$ | ${ }_{2.0}$ | 2.2 | 1.7 | ${ }_{2}^{0.6}$ |
    | Canned, dried | 5 |  | 2 | 1 | . 031 | . 027 | . 027 | . 056 | , | . 3 | 1.1 | 3 |
    | Baked, not canned | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | . | ${ }^{-3}$ |
    | Peas: Black-eyed. | 35 | 10 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 2 |
    | Nuts: Other-- | 0 |  | 0 | 0 1 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 002$ |  | ${ }^{0} 005$ | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Nuts: Shelled In shell | 4 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | . 002 | $0^{.002}$ | 0 | . 005 | (1) | ${ }_{0}^{(1)}$ | 0 | 2 |
    | Peanut butter. |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | . 015 |  | . 007 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other dried legum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 1 |  |
    | Tomatoes: Fresh---..--...--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Canned.----..--...- | 31 |  | 20 | 5 | 170 | . 078 | . 260 | . 184 | 1.4 | . 6 | 2.2 | 1.3 |
    | Juice Sance, paste | 2 |  | 1 | 1 0 | . 008 |  |  |  | $0^{-1}$ |  | ${ }^{-1}$ |  |
    | Green and leafy veget |  |  |  |  | 1. 038 |  | 1.234 | 1. 922 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 6.6 | 11.9 |
    | Brussels sprouts.. |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | . |
    | Cabbage- | 45 | 13 | 23 |  | 497 |  | . 648 |  | 1.9 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
    | Sauerkraut |  |  | 2 | 0 | 013 |  | . 030 |  | (1) | 0 | . 2 |  |
    | Collards | 1 |  | 12 | 0 | 008 | 153 | . 018 |  | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Kale.- | 26 | 8 | 12. | ${ }^{6}$ | 266 | . 153 | . 285 | . 590 | 1.3 | . 8 | 1.4 | 3.0 |
    | Lettuce---.-.-................- | 13 |  | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 038 | . 013 | 026 | . 150 |  |  | .3 | 1.5 |
    | Spinach: Fresh |  | 0 |  | 2 <br> 0 |  |  | $0^{.069}$ |  |  | 0 | 0 | 1.1 |
    | Other leafy vegetabl | 8 | 4 | 1 | 3 | . 095 | . 098 | . 027 |  |  |  |  | 2.2 |
    | Asparagus: Fresh | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - | . | . |  |
    | dima beans: Fanned. |  | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | - 1 | $0^{.009}$ | 0 | ${ }_{0} .017$ | $0^{.016}$ | $0^{-1}$ | 0 | $0^{.3}$ | $0^{.3}$ |
    | ma beans: Fresh | 4 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 4 4 | ${ }_{0}$ | ${ }^{0} .011$ |  | ${ }^{\text {. }} 025$ |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Beans, snap (string): Fresh |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 004 | 0 | . 010 |  | (1) | 0 | .1 | 0 |
    | Broceoli Canned_ |  | - |  |  | $0^{.011}$ | 0 | 011 | $0^{.0}$ |  | 0 | $0 \cdot$ | $0^{.6}$ |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Peas. Cann |  | 0 |  |  | . 037 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Peppers. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 003 |  |  | . 020 | (1) | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Okra-- | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Yellow veget |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Carrots --...-.........-.-. | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Winter squash and pumpkin. | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.6 | 1.8 |  |  |
    | Other vegetables, total | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 0 |  |  |  |  | 2.6 |  |  |  |
    | - Cann |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Cauliflower |  |  |  | 0 | 012 |  | . 027 |  | 1 | 0 | 3 |  |
    | Celery | 11 |  |  |  | . 038 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 1.3 |
    | Corn: On ear |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 10 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.6 |
    | Cucumber | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Eggplant--.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Onions: Mature |  | 16 |  | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & .286 \\ & .004 \end{aligned}$ |  | $0^{.269}$ | $0^{.607}$ | ${ }_{\text {(1) }} 1$ | 1.0 .1 | ${ }_{0}^{1.3}$ | 2.8 |
    | Parsnips |  | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ |  | 0 | 0 |  | O | 0 | 0 | $0^{-1}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer squash |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | White turnips. |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | . 042 | . 078 | . 018 | 0 | 1 | 1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Yellow turnips, ruta | 2 | , | , | 0 | . 010 | . 009 | . 014 |  | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
    | Other vegetables.... Pickles and olives... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Citrus fruits, total..- |  |  |  |  | 588 | 464 | 514 | 1. 263 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 7.7 |
    | Lemons.- | 16 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 052 | . 032 | 018 | . 235 | , | . 3 |  | 2.1 |
    | Oranges. | 39 | 14 |  | 10 | 486 | 378 | 459 | . 950 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 4.9 |
    | Grapefruit: $\begin{gathered}\text { Fresh } \\ \text { Canned..... }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 2 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  |  | .$^{.078}$ | $0^{.3}$ | ${ }_{0}{ }^{2}$ | $0^{2}$ | ${ }^{.} 7$ |

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week in winter quarter, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | N umber of families using in 1 week |  |  |  | Average quantity purchased per person in 1 week |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person in 1 week |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { An } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Food Used at Home and Purchased for Consumption at Home in 1 Week-Continued | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & 0.468 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 0.333 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{L b .}{0.519}$ | $\begin{aligned} & L b . \\ & 0.743 \end{aligned}$ | $C t$$2.9$ | $\begin{gathered} C t . \\ 2.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C t . \\ & \mathbf{3 . 0} \end{aligned}$ | Ct. |
    | Other fruits, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.8 |
    | Apples: Fresh. | 31 | 10 | 15 | 6 | . 272 | . 179 | . 308 | . 468 | 1.4 | . 9 | 1.6 | 2. 0 |
    | Apples. Canned | , |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots: Fresh. | , | , |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Apricots. Canned |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bananas.- | 6 | 2 |  | 0 | . 053 | . 012 | . 110 | 0 | . 2 | (1) | . 5 | 0 |
    | Berries: Fresh | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cherries: Fresh | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canne | 1 | 1 |  | 0 | . 001 | . 002 | 0 | . 004 | .1 | .1 | 0 | . 2 |
    | Grapes: Fresh. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 012 | . 018 | 0 | . 031 | ${ }_{1} 1$ | .2 | 0 | . 3 |
    | Canned | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | . 009 | 0 | 0 | (1) | .1 | 0 | . |
    | Peaches: Fresh. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 024 | 0 | . 034 | . 073 | $\mathrm{if}^{2}$ | 0 | . 3 | . 7 |
    | Pears: Fresh.-. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 0009 |  | (1) | 0 | .3 .1 | 0 |
    | Canned. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{\circ}$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pineapple: Fresh- | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 004 | 0 | 0 | . 029 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | 0 | . 3 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-3}$ |
    | Plums: Fresh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Canned | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit. | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 004 | 0 | . 008 | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Cider-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Grape juice | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 004 | . 009 | 0 | 0 | .1 | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other fruit juice | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dried: Apricots | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Peaches | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 008 | . 018 |  |  | . 1 | . 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Prunes | 11 | 5 | 4 | 2 | . 042 | . 040 | . 038 | . 062 | .3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 |
    | Raisins | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 030 | . 042 | . 012 | . 045 | 3 | 4 | . 1 | 4 |
    | Dates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Figs. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 002 | . 004 | 0 |  | (1) | . 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 0. | 0 | 1 | . 004 |  | 0 | . 031 | ${ }^{\text {( }} 1$ | 0 | 0 | . 5 |
    | Sugars and sweets, tota |  |  |  |  | 1. 219 | 1. 051 | 1.153 | 2. 025 | 8. 1 | 6.9 | 7.7 | 14.0 |
    | Sugars: White--..- | 86 | 22 | 42 | 22 | 1. 020 | 1. 769 | 1.040 | 1.819 | 6.8 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 10.3 |
    | Brown | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sweets: Candy | 19 |  | 7 | 3 | . 082 | . 100 | . 041 | . 160 | 1.3 | 1.2 | . 8 | 3.3 |
    | One Jellies. | 10 | 5 | 5 | 0 | .010 | 0 | . 023 |  | . 2 | 0 | . 4 | 0 |
    | Molasses, sirups.- | 20 | 11. | 8 | 1 | . 107 | . 182 | . 049 | . 046 | . 8 | 1.3 | 5 | 4 |
    | Other sweets... |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Miscellaneous, total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.8 | 9.2 | 13.5 | 37.9 |
    | Gelatine. | 10 | 4 | 5 | 1 | . 012 | . 018 | . 004 | . 013 | . 5 | . 5 | . 3 | . 9 |
    | Packaged dessert mixtu | 15 | 5 | 7 | 3 | . 018 | . 011 | . 024 | . 025 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 6 |
    | Tea.. | 52 | 13 | 26 | 13 | . 016 | . 010 | . 019 | . 030 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
    | Coffee | 57 | 10 | 32 | 15 | . 129 | . 066 | . 150 | . 275 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 7.2 |
    | Cocoa. | 11 | 2 | 7 | 2 | . 009 | . 002 | . 012 | . 023 | ${ }^{2}$ | . 1 | ${ }^{2}$ | 5 |
    | Chocolate | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 001 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | .1 |
    | Salt- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 7 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.0 |
    | Baking powder, yeast, soda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.6 | 1. 6 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
    | Spices and extracts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 6 | . 3 | 7 | 1.1 |
    | Catsups, sauces. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Tomato soup. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | (2) | 0 | (2) | 0 | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Other soups | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 014 | 0 | . 028 | . 011 | . 1 | 0 | . 3 |  |
    | Cod-liver oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Proprietary foods | 1. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other foods......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Soft drinks consumed at home.- | 7 | 5 | 2 | 3 | . 035 | . 002 | . 022 | . 194 | . 3 | (1) | .1 | 1.6 |
    | Other drinks consumed at home. | 18 | 5 | 6 | 7 | . 118 | . 051 | . 127 | . 326 | 5.4 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 20.1 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.05 cent.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.0005 pound.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 638.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level
    baltimore, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All fami-lies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 700$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey.-.-------.-- | 419 | 47 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 47 |
    | A verage number of food expenditure units in 1 year. $\qquad$ | 3.07 | 4.44 | 3.34 | 2.86 | 2. 46 | 2.43 | 2.22 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Meals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | At work | 104 | 9 | 21 | 27 | 15 | 13 | 19 |
    | At school | 18 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
    | On vacation | 12 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 |
    | Board at school.-.-.-.------- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc. | 61 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 7 | 8 | 10 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay. | 57 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 5 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | \$499.90 | \$471. 43 | \$494. 15 | \$496. 06 | \$490.81 | \$540. 85 | \$542. 20 |
    | Food prepared at home------- | 475.09 | 461.93 | 475.43 | 473.57 | 469.36 | 503.42 | 482.37 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total $\qquad$ | 24.81 | 9.50 | 18.72 | 22.49 | 21. 45 | 37.43 | 59.83 |
    | Meals at work | 18.25 | 6.65 | 15.75 | 17.64 | 17.20 | 29.29 | 34.76 |
    | Meals at school......-.....-- | 1. 26 | 1. 21 | 1. 17 | . 76 | . 93 | 1.51 | 2.85 |
    | Other meals, not vacation. | 1. 29 | 0 | 0 | . 20 | . 12 | . 10 | 10.86 |
    | Meals on vacation-------- | . 70 | . 16 | . 11 | .35 | 0 | . 92 | 4.22 |
    | Board at school.............- | . 06 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 65 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc. | 3.25 | 1. 48 | 1. 69 | 3. 54 | 3. 20 | 4.96 | 7.14 |
    | Average estimated value per family of gifts of food and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | home-produced food and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | meals received as pay (incomplete) ${ }^{1}$ | 4.77 | 9.05 | 3.98 | 2.67 | 8.04 | 2. 40 | 1.49 |

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 2 families but for which they could not estimate the value.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per ex$\underset{\text { year }}{\substack{\text { penditure } \\ \text { unit per }}}$ year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ \$ 100 \text { to }$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year | 3.17 | 5.05 | 3.00 | 2.08 | 3.25 | 3.99 | 3.04 | 2. 29 |
    | Number of families spending for- Meals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | At work. | 11 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 110 | 37 | 39 |  |
    | At school. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 40 | 22 | 8 |
    | On vacation | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 26 |  | 11 | 11 |
    | Board at school....-.-.-. | $\frac{1}{15}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drınks, etc--- | 15 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 91 | 37 | 28 |  |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay.-- | 21 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 94 | 54 | 24 | 16 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | \$338. 55 | \$324. 05 | \$332. 64 | \$357. 43 | \$447.48 | \$418. 65 | \$458. 47 | \$482. 33 |
    | Food prepared at home. | 329.33 | 315. 52 | 322.35 | 349. 13 | 390. 02 | 373. 05 | 387.73 | 409.09 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 9.22 | 8.53 | 10. 29 | 8.30 | 57.46 | 45. 60 | 60.74 | 73. 24 |
    | Meals at work | 4.82 | 3.04 | 6.67 | 3.44 | 34. 43 | 26. 47 | 38.31 | 43. 09 |
    | Meals at school .-.------ | . 54 | 2.43 |  |  | 8.57 | 11.71 | 8.57 | 3.48 |
    | Other meals, not vacation. | . 80 | 0 | 1.76 | 0 | 4.75 | . 46 | 3.29 | 13. 35 |
    | Meals on vacation....-. | . 09 |  |  | . 29 | 1.67 | . 18 | 2.02 | 3.71 |
    | Board at school..- | 29 |  | . 65 |  | . 20 | 48 |  |  |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc.-- | 2.68 | 3.06 | 1. 21 | 4. 57 | 7.84 | 6. 30 | 8.55 | 9.61 |
    | Average estimated value per family of gifts of food and home-produced food and meals received as pay | 13.92 | 12.06 | 8.54 | 22.98 | 16.79 | 27.31 | 7.03 | 10. 50 |
    | (incomplete) -........--...--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10. 50 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Birmingham, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit peryear |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey ---.-------- | 101 | 38 | 44 | 19 | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year | 3.21 | 4.44 | 2.61 | 2.14 | 2.83 | 3.60 | 2.69 | 2. 24 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 20 | 7 | 9 | 4 | 152 | 38 | 53 | 61 |
    | At school | 9 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 33 | 12 | 13 | 8 |
    | On vacation | . 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 0 | 4 | 11 |
    | Board at school | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc- | 30 | 8 | 14 | 8 | 92 | 30 | 26 | 36 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay-- | 52 | 17 | 27 | 8 | 96 | 28 | 43 | 25 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food. | \$269.91 | \$258. 90 | \$256. 03 | \$323.98 | \$443.30 | \$404. 67 | \$440.06 | \$485. 16 |
    | Food prepared at home.-.-...--- | 249.70 | 246.68 | 241.59 | 274.51 | 389.34 | 367.20 | 385.92 | 415.03 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 20.21 | 12. 22 | 14.44 | 49.47 | 53.96 | 37.47 | 54.14 | 70.13 |
    | Meals at work | 8.14 | 6.90 | 8.49 | 9.77 | 39.13 | 24. 53 | 38.81 | 53.94 |
    | Meals at school | 1.27 | 1.07 | 2.01 | 0 | 3.10 | 3.55 | 3.51 | 2.19 |
    | Other meals, not vacation.----- | 3.49 | . 46 | . 60 | 16.17 | 3.49 | 2.18 | 4.94 | 3.23 |
    | Meals on vacation | . 54 | 0 | .05 | 2.75 | . 61 | 0 | . 61 | 1.21 |
    | Board at school | 2.89 | 0 |  | 15. 38 | 88 | 188 | . 96 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc-- | 3.88 | 3. 79 | 3. 29 | 5. 40 | 6. 75 | 5.53 | 5.31 | 9.56 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home produced food and meals received as pay (incomplete) ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 11.85 | 11.73 | 11.03 | 13.98 | 9.66 | 9.98 | 11.84 | 6.95 |

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 3 Negro families in Birmingham and 3 white families in Dallas but for which they could not estimate the value.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Houston, Tex.-White families, other than Mexican |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-Mexican families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level -- Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 6000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | \$100 to | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures <br> Families in survey <br> Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year - <br> Number of families spending for- <br> Meals away from home: <br> At work <br> At school. $\qquad$ <br> On vacation. $\qquad$ <br> Board at school $\qquad$ <br> Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc. <br> Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay. | $\begin{array}{r} 258 \\ 2.89 \end{array}$ | 683.68 | $\begin{array}{r} 96 \\ 2,87 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94 \\ 2.33 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 4.04 \end{array}$ | 305.74 | $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 4.07 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22 \\ 2.74 \end{array}$ | 14 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.38 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 127 | 23 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
    |  | 39 | 12 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 3 | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | 7 1 | 3 |
    |  | 61 | 9 | 101 | 322 |  | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    |  | 3 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 173 | 44 | 62 | 67 | 28 | 4 | 11 | 6 | 76 |
    |  | 177 | 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 443.24 \\ 388.27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 417.00 \\ 383.83 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 433.94 \\ 387.54 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 471.78 \\ 392.24 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 360.53 \\ 344.59 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 345.60 \\ 340.68 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 378.41 \\ 363.20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 333.97 \\ 313.36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 390.76 \\ 356.82 \end{array}$ |
    | Food prepared at home..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total | 54.97 | 33.17 | 46. 40 | 79.54 | 15.94 | 4.92 | 15.21 | 20.61 | 33.94 |
    | Meals at work | 28.80 | 17.58 | 46.40 21.16 | 44.72 | 6. 43 | 1.28 | 4.61 | 14.11 | 9.75 |
    | Meals at school | 3.31 | 3.51 | 4.13 | 2.36 | 1.22 | 1.45 | . 80 | . 53 | 2.85 |
    | Other meals, not vacation. | E. 51 | 2.35 | 3.01 | 10.36 | . 95 | 0 | . 98 | . 07 | 4.28 |
    | Meals on vacation....-- | 2.20 | 1.02 | 1.43 | 3.86 | 1.02 | 1.08 | . 83 | . 90 | 1. 50 |
    | Board at school...-...--- | 1.57 | 0 | 2.21 | 2.04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc $\qquad$ | 13.58 | 8.71 | 14.45 | 16. 20 | 6.32 | 1.11 | 7.99 | 5.00 | 15. 56 |
    | Average estimated value per family of gifts of food and home-produced food |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | and meals received as pay (complete) | 30.54 | 57.04 | 26.97 | 22.25 | . 15 | . 17 | .09 | . 12 | . 30 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit peryear year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { faili- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Annual Food Expenditures | 1503.25 | 394.16 | $\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ 3.06 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 2.64 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 3.08 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ \text { 4. } 55 \end{array}$ |  | 11 |
    | Families in survey...-.-............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 22 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ 44 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 34 \end{array}$ | 550012 | 621019 | 1000 |
    |  | $\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ 36 \\ 18 \\ 0 \\ 82 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 9 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 17 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 5 \\ 9 \\ 0 \\ 21 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | At school. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | On vacation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Board at school..-.-.-.-----. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay .- | 112 | 32 | 52 | 28 | 70 | 23 | 37 | 10 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food. | $\$ 424.39$ <br> 367. 29 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 404.70 \\ 369.10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 421.56 \\ 364.28 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 452.47 \\ 371.79 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 244.33 \\ 234.43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 255.18 \\ 242.43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 234.700 \\ 226.32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 270.21 \\ 258.97 \end{array}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. |  | 35.60 | 57. 28 <br> 29.09 | 80.68 | -9.90 |  |  | 11. 24 |
    | Meals at work | $\begin{array}{r} 29.14 \\ 6.75 \end{array}$ |  |  | $40.01$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.63 \\ 3.63 \\ .68 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.91 \\ 1.82 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .020 \\ 3.26 \\ .27 \end{array}$ |  |
    | Meals at school. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 19.48 \\ 6.72 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29.09 \\ 8.33 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 2.48.166. 07 |
    | Other meals, not vacation...... | 3.203. 202.70 | .28.45 | 2.892.21 | 7.126.29 | $\xrightarrow{.67}$ | ${ }_{0}{ }^{1.8}$ | 0 |  |
    | Meals on vacation........-...-. |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | . 08 | ${ }_{0}^{6.07}$ |
    | Board at school-----.-......-.-- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, ete--- | 15.31 | 8.67 | 14.76 | 23.91 | 4.87 | 6.02 | 4.77 | 2.53 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home-produced food and meals received as pay (complete) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 35. 30 | 54.73 | 31.02 | 23.92 | 31.36 | 37.76 | 28.44 | 31.27 |

    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jacksonville Fla.-White families |  |  |  | Louisville, Ky.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 | 197 | 92 | 69 | 36 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year. $\qquad$ | 3.08 | 3.86 | 2.87 | 2. 45 | 3.02 | 3.79 | 2.39 | 2. 26 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | At work | 106 | 31 | 39 | 36 | 83 | 34 | 26 | 23 |
    | At school | 32 | 15 | 12 | 5 | 36 | 23 | 8 | 5 |
    | On vacation | 37 | 3 | 12 | 22 | 11 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
    | Board at school. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice, cream, drinks, etc.-.- | 108 | 34 | 38 | 36 | 71 | 35 | 26 | 10 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay | 108 | 32 | 38 | 38 | 39 | 24 | 12 | 3 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | \$469. 37 | \$437.31 | \$468. 30 | \$508. 70 | \$464.81 | \$478.04 | \$425. 92 | \$505. 47 |
    | Food prepared at home---------- | 406.26 | 392.89 | 406. 28 | 420.83 | 421.54 | 444.15 | 385. 14 | 433. 45 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total | 63. 11 | 43.42 | 62.02 | 87.87 | 43. 27 | 33.89 | 40.78 | 72.02 |
    | Meals at work | 33. 54 | 23. 04 | 31.64 | 48.58 | 28. 14 | 23.64 | 24.12 | 47.34 |
    |  | 5. 14 | 7.99 | 4.46 | 2. 78 | 3. 77 | 4.86 | 2.54 | 3.29 |
    | Other meals, not vacation.-.-.-- | 11. 06 | 3.14 | 14. 28 | 15.92 | 1.85 | . 05 | 1.88 | 6.35 |
    | Meals on vacation................- | 2.88 | . 40 | 2.26 | 6.66 | 1.12 | . 54 | 1.35 | 2.23 |
    | Board at school..------.------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 05 | . 10 |  | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, ete- | 10. 49 | 8.85 | 9.38 | 13.93 | 8.34 | 4. 70 | 10.89 | 12.81 |
    | Average estimated value per family of gifts of food and home-produced food and meals received as pay (incomplete) | 20.20 | 23.80 | 14.99 | 23.13 | 3.82 | 5.82 | 3.07 | . 14 |

    ${ }_{1}$ The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 1 white family in Jacksonville and 7 white families inLouisville but for which they could not estimate the value.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 400 \mathrm{and} \\ \text { over } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey.... | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    | A verage number of food expenditure units in 1 year | 3. 19 | 5. 41 | 3.02 | 1.98 | 3.07 | 3.83 | 2. 90 | 2.30 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | At work | 18 | 2 | 11 | 5 | 76 | 16 | 27 | 33 |
    | At school | 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 30 | 13 | 12 | 5 |
    | On vacation | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
    | Board at school. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc...- | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 45 | 18 | 12 | 15 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay... | 14 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 78 | 35 | 25 | 18 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | \$346. 67 | \$366. 17 | \$350. 52 | \$325. 28 | \$408. 82 | \$388. 14 | \$423. 44 | \$419. 01 |
    | Food prepared at home...-------- | 331.41 | 358. 27 | 330.68 | 314.05 | 371.79 | 365. 53 | 387. 16 | 362.97 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 15. 26 | 7.90 | 19.84 | 11. 23 | 37. 03 | 22,61 | 36. 28 | 56. 04 |
    | Meals at work | 11. 83 | 6.20 | 15. 40 | 8.62 | 25.08 | 11.55 | 24. 19 | 43. 05 |
    | Meals at school | 1. 60 | 1.40 | 2.46 |  | 5.23 | 6.59 | 6.11 | 2. 61 |
    | Other meals, not vacation | . 16 | 0 | 0 | . 56 | . 96 | . 90 | 1.30 | . 68 |
    | Meals on vacation | 11 | 0 | 0 | . 40 | . 48 | 0 | . 72 | 80 |
    | Board at school. |  | 0 | 0 |  | . 38 | 0 |  | 1.30 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc-- | 1. 56 | . 30 | 1.98 | 1. 65 | 4.90 | 3.57 | 3.96 | 7.60 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home produced food and meals received as pay (incomplete) ${ }^{1}$ | 11. 51 | 42.61 | . 49 | 11.81 | 10.47 | 16.90 | 6.57 | 6.62 |

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 4 Negro families in Louisville and 2 white families in Mem. phis but for which they could not estimate the value.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro families |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All famjlies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year | 3.06 | 4.55 | 2.73 | 2.04 | 3.51 | 4.36 | 2.83 | 2.38 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 17 | 3 | 10 | 4 | 43 | 19 | 12 | 12 |
    | At school... | 8 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 13 | 8 | 0 |
    | On vacation. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 4 | 6 |
    | Board at school.------.-.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | (1) |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc---- | 11 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 64 | 27 | 19 | 18 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay.-- | 27 | 5 | 18 | 4 | 73 | 36 | 25 | 12 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food. | \$289.37 | \$291. 30 | \$294. 10 | \$273. 03 | \$429.67 | \$417.87 | \$437. 59 | \$447. 26 |
    | Food prepared at home.........-- | 275.37 | 286.18 | 278.91 | 250.74 | 399.17 | 398.15 | 402.11 | 397. 67 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 14.00 | 5.12 | 15. 19 | 22. 29 | 30.50 | 19.72 | 35.48 | 49.59 |
    | Meals at work. | 8.76 | 2.95 | 10. 28 | 12.12 | 16.81 | 10.82 | 20.95 | 25.65 |
    | Meals at school | 2.21 | 1.86 | . 75 | 6.87 | 3.67 | 4.73 | 4.54 | 0 |
    | Other meals, not vacation | . 84 | 0 | . 88 | 1.72 | . 96 | . 28 | 1. 29 | 2.10 |
    | Meals on vacation... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.31 | 0 | 2.22 | 3.22 |
    | Board at school. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | . 39 | 0 | . 09 | 1.68 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc- | 2. 19 | . 31 | 3.28 | 1.58 | 7. 36 | 3.89 | 6.39 | 16.94 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home produced food and meals received as |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | pay ${ }^{1}$ | 8.36 | 11.17 | 7.48 | 7. 17 | 24.98 | 23.02 | 31.10 | 21.58 |

    ${ }^{1}$ This estimate is complete for Memphis Negro (amilies. The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home and meals received as pay, reported by 2 white families in Mobile but for which they could not estimate the value.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-White families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey- | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 | 318 | 97 | 60 | 108 | 53 |
    | A verage number of food expenditure units in 1 year- | 3.16 | 4. 20 | 2. 69 | 2. 44 | 3.32 | 4.35 | 3.44 | 2.85 | 2.24 |
    | Number of families spending for- <br> Meals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Meals away from home: <br> At work | 25 | 11 | 14 | 0 | 187 | 46 | 32 | 69 | 40 |
    | At school | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 48 | 16 | 15 | 12 | 5 |
    | On vacation...-.........- | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 5 |
    | Board at school......-...- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc. | 30 | 8 | 18 | 4 | 112 | 16 | 22 | 47 | 27 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay....- | 55 | 20 | 27 | 8 | 50 | 14 | 9 | 16 | 11 |
    | A verage annual expenditure per family for all food... | \$275.96 | \$264. 99 | \$276. 41 | \$302. 27 | \$462.02 | \$418. 27 | \$457. 75 | \$469. 33 | \$532. 21 |
    | Food prepared at home..- | 256.32 | 245.77 | 255.29 | 288.00 | 404. 19 | 384.66 | 406. 45 | 407.31 | 430.78 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 19.64 | 19.22 | 21.12 | 14.27 | 57.83 | 33.61 | 51.30 | 62.02 | 101. 23 |
    | Meals at work..........- | 11. 78 | 13.64 | 13. 42 | 0 | 42.57 | 27.75 | 37. 18 | 46.29 | 68. 19 |
    | Meals at school........-- | 1.38 | 3.60 | . 34 | 0 | 4.08 | 4.05 | 6.47 | 3.03 | 3.59 |
    | Other meals, not vacation. | 1. 28 | . 57 | 1.99 | 0 | 3.28 | 0 | 1.08 | 3.09 | 12. 25 |
    | Meals on vacation----- | . 59 | 0 | . 87 | . 94 | . 73 | 0 | 0 | . 72 | 2. 97 |
    | Board at school | 36 | 0 | 0 | 2.83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Can dy, ice cream, ${ }^{1}{ }^{r_{\text {inks }}}$ ete | 4. 25 | 1. 41 | 4. 50 | 10.50 | 7.17 | 1.81 | 6.57 | 8.89 | 14. 23 |
    | Average estimated value per family of gifts of food |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | and home-produced food and meals received as pay ${ }^{1}$ - | 22.94 | 20.07 | 26. 23 | 16.38 | 2. 33 | 3.41 | 1. 24 | 1.84 | 2. 58 |

    ${ }^{1}$ This estimate is complete for Mobile Negro families. The aggergates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 1 white family in New Orleans but for which they could not estimate the value.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey ----------------1-1 | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in 1 year. | 3.31 | 4.89 | 2.81 | 1.87 | 3.11 | 4.13 | 3.09 | 2.18 |
    | Number of families spending for: Meals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | At work.------..................- | 35 | 8 | 20 | 7 | 38 | 5 | 17 | 16 |
    | At school. | 17 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 22 | 5 | 14 | 3 |
    | On vacation. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, ete---- | 26 | 7 | 14 | 5 | 41 | 8 | 21 | 12 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay.-- | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 43 | 14 | 16 | 13 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food. | \$311.04 | \$308. 14 | \$302. 48 | \$337. 25 | \$510.97 | \$491. 52 | \$510. 45 | \$529.90 |
    |  | 282.04 | 290.34 | 268.22 | 302. 58 | 479.81 | 476.86 | 475.95 | 487. 33 |
    | Food bought and eaten sway from home, total. | 29.00 | 17.80 | 34.26 | 34.67 | 31. 16 | 14. 66 | 34. 50 | 42.57 |
    | Meals at work .-. | 18.15 | 11.04 | 23.00 | 18.00 | 15. 72 | 4. 49 | 17.78 | 23.74 |
    | Meals at school ----------------- | 5.31 | 3.44 | 5.74 | 7.37 | 4.44 | 3.81 | 7.15 | 1. 68 |
    | Other meals, not vacation.....-- | 1.77 | . 60 | 1. 96 | 3.20 | 2.16 |  | 3.52 | 2.47 |
    | Meals on vacation...-------.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 51 | . 10 | . 18 | 1.31 |
    | Board at school.-- | 06 | 0 | . 15 | 0 | 1. 97 | 3.52 |  | 3.00 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc.-- | 3. 71 | 2.72 | 3.41 | 6.10 | 6.38 | 2. 74 | 5.87 | 10.37 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home-produced food and meals received as pay (incomplete) | 3.14 | 1. 09 | 3. 28 | 6.24 | 8.41 | 8. 59 | 7.22 | 9.71 |

    1 This estimate is complete for New Orleans Negro families. The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home, and meals received as pay, reported by 2 White families in Norfolk-Portsmouth but for which they could not estimate the value.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditure, by economic level-Continued

    | tem | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.-Negro families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { Ifies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 109 | 29 | 52 | 28 | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    | Average number of food expenditure units in one year. | 3.41 | 5.47 | 2.93 | 2.17 | 3.33 | 4.35 | 3.10 | 2.38 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 13 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 49 | 9 | 11 | 29 |
    | At school. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
    | On vacation | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 3 | 7 | 10 |
    | Board at school | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc. | 24 | 4 | 15 | 5 | 61 | 16 | 22 | 23 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay | 28 | 9 | 16 | 3 | 52 | 14 | 17 | 21 |
    | Average annual expenditure per family for all food | \$353.34 | \$371. 24 | \$338.18 | \$362.82 | \$456. 05 | \$465. 44 | \$456. 89 | \$443. 71 |
    | Food prepared at home.........-- | 338.82 | 363.04 | 323.05 | 343.03, | 419.26 | 447.20 | 421.66 | 382.67 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total. | 14.52 | 8.20 | 15. 13 | 19.79 | 36.79 | 18.24 | 35. 23 | 61.04 |
    | Meals at work....- | 5. 53 | 2. 46 | 5. 49 | 8.80 | 20. 74 | 6.84 | 15. 71 | 43.39 |
    | Meals at school | . 27 | . 20 | . 43 |  | 2.12 | 2.23 | 3.56 | . 30 |
    | Other meals, not vacation | 4.12 | 2.62 | 2. 59 | 8.44 | 1.46 | . 25 | 1. 44 | 2.95 |
    | Meals on vacation... | . 30 | 1. 12 | 0 | 0 | 1.80 | . 41 | 1.27 | 4. 11 |
    | Board at school.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 90 |  | 2.61 |  |
    | Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc- | 4.30 | 1.80 | 6. 62 | 2. 55 | 9.77 | 8.51 | 10.64 | 10. 29 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and bome produced food and meals received as pay (incomplete) ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 10. 43 | 4.41 | 17.33 | 3.86 | 5. 74 | 2.33 | 5. 52 | 10. 43 |

    ${ }^{2}$ The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include gifts of food received, food produced at home and meals received as pay, reported by 1 Negro family in Norfolk-Portsmouth, but for which they could not estimate the value. This estimate is complete for Richmond white families.

    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 639.

    Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Annual Food Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | A verage number of food expenditure units in one year. | 3.18 | 5. 14 | 2.79 | 1.88 |
    | Number of families spending forMeals away from home: |  |  |  |  |
    | At work......... | 27 | 7 | 11 | 9 |
    | At school | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
    | On vacation. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Board at school | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 22 | 5 | 10 | 7 |
    | Number of families reporting food received as gifts, or produced at home, or meals received as pay. | 36 | 10 | 17 | 9 |
    | A verage annual expenditure per family for all food......- | \$290.87 | \$333. 68 | \$287. 68 | \$252. 59 |
    | Food prepared at home...--............-.-. | 272.54 | 319.25 | 269.47 | 229.93 |
    | Food bought and eaten away from home, total.....-- | 18.33 | 14.43 | 18.21 | 22.66 |
    |  | 12.34 | 11.15 | 9.56 | 19.04 |
    |  | 1.33 | . 45 | 2.33 | . 36 |
    |  | 1.00 | 0 | 2.00 | 0 |
    | Meals on vacation.... | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Board at school. | . 49 | 0 | 1. 02 | 0 |
    |  | 3.17 | 2.83 | 3. 30 | 3. 26 |
    | A verage estimated value per family of gifts of food and home produced food and meals received as pay (complete) | 32.35 | 13.89 | 30.14 | 55. 90 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 639.

    ## Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level

    ## BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES


    I 1 schedule, "No Report" as to toilet facilities.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-27$

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Economic level-Families spend-ing per expend-iture unit peryear |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { tami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spend. ing per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ <br> to <br> $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ <br> to <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Housing Facilities in Dwelling Occupied at End of Schedule Year I. Families in survey, who rented principal home at end of schedule year...................................... | 95 | 23 | $44$ | 28 | 136 | 63 | 40 | 33 |
    | A veragemonthly rental rate at end of schedule year.- | \$19.83 | \$21. 20 | \$18. 29 | \$21.14 | \$15. 35 | \$12. 13 | \$16.50 | \$20. 10 |
    | Number of families living in- <br> 1-family detached house. <br> 1 -family semidetached or row house. $\qquad$ <br> 2 -family house. <br> Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) $\qquad$ <br> Dwelling with elevator. $\qquad$ <br> Dwelling with janitor service. $\qquad$ |  | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | $\square$ |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $8{ }_{2}^{2}$ | 122 | 0 39 |  | $102$ | 53 |  | , |
    |  |  |  | 39 | 22 | 68 | 35 | 32 2 |  |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 20 | 2 | 5 | 13 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 01 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit..............-.........- | 67 | 13 | 33 | 21 | 128 |  | 5758 | 3737 | 34 |
    | Toilet: Inside flush | 6332 | 14 | 28 | 21 |  | 33 |  |  |
    | Outside flush |  | 9 | 16 | 7 | $\begin{array}{r}128 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 58 | 2 |
    | Other type. | 0 |  | 0 | 24 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
    | Sole use of toilet by househol | 77 | 19 | 34 |  | 125 | 57 | 38 | 30 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 9595 | 23 | 44 | 28 | 133 | 60 | 40 | 3333 |
    | Running.- |  | 23 | 44 | 28 | 133 | 60 | 40 |  |
    | Hot running | 45 |  | 16 | 17 | 950 | 320 | 32 | 33 |
    | Not running. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Outside dwelling only | 093 | 0 |  |  | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sink |  | 23 | 42 | 28 | 131 |  | 40 | 32 |
    | Electric lights. | 781 | 15 | 37 | 26 | 134 | 61 | 40 | 33 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking |  | 7 | 10 | 18 | 108 | 43 33 |  |  |
    | Refrigerator: Electric.------ | 41 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 37 | 6 | 12 | 19 |
    | Other mechanical | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 19 |
    | Lce only. | 89 | 22 | 41 | 26 | 92 | 54 | 25 | 13 |
    | None.- | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam heat | 27 | 9 | 5 | 13 | 54 | 10 | 20 | 24 |
    | Telephone.. | 1 | 0 | 0 | , | 51 | 10 | 17 | 24 |
    | Garage.-.- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 86 | 33 | 28 | 25 |
    | Garden space | 35 | 12 | 13 | 10 | 46 | 28 | 12 | 6 |
    | Play space--- | 51 | 15 | 25 | 11 | 110 | 55 | 33 | 22 |
    | Each of the following items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or alectricity for cooking. | 23 | 5 | 6 | 12 | 87 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
    | II. Families in survey, who owned principal home at end of schedule year | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 66 | 25 | 20 | 21 |
    | Number of families living in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 1-family detached house... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 65 | 25 | 19 | 21 |
    | 1-family semidetached or row hot | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 2-family house.-.-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Dwelling with elevator----.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Dwelling with janitor service. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit | 11 | 1 | , | 6 | 58 | 19 | 19 | 20 |
    | Toilet: Inside flush ---- | 11 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 59 | 19 | 19 | 21 |
    | Outside flush | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | Other type | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Sole use of toilet by household | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 64 | 25 | 19 | 20 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 65 | 24 | 20 | 21 |
    | Running..... | 12 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 63 | 23 | 19 | 21 |
    | Hot running. | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 46 | 10 | 16 | 20 |
    | Not running. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | , |
    | Outside dwelling only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sink ---.-.-............ | 11 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 64 | 23 | 20 | 21 |
    | Electric lights. | 10 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 65 | 24 | 20 | 21 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 10 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 53 | 14 | 18 | 21 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 18 | 2 | 5 | 11 |
    | Other mechanical | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Ice only. | 10 | , | 5 | 4 | 47 | 23 | 15 |  |
    | None... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam hea | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 17 | 3 | 6 | 8 |
    | Telephone.............-...------ | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 39 | 8 | 12 | 19 |
    | Garage | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | 46 | 11 | 17 | 18 |
    | Garden space. | 9 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 41 | 20 | 9 | 12 |
    |  | 10 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 56 | 20 | 18 | 18 |
    | Each of the following items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking. |  | 0 |  |  |  | 7 | 13 | 20 |

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued
    

    11 schedule, "No Report" as to toilet facilities.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Houston, Tex.-Wbitefarnilies, other thanMexican |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-Mexican families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Fami lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 490 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Housing Facilities in Dwelling Occupied at Find of Schedule Year <br> 1. Families in survey, who rented principal home at end of schedule year. | 164 | 39 | 67 | 58 | 91 | 28 | 30 | 22 | 11 |
    | Av. mo. rental rate at end of sched. year.- | $\underline{\$ 21.09}$ | $\$ 17.03$ | $\$ 21.28$ | \$23.62 | \$10.52 | \$9.73 | \$10.40 | \$10.32 | $\stackrel{\text { \$13.21 }}{=}$ |
    | Number of families living in- | 8826242617 |  | $=-$ | 22 |  |  | $\square$ | 19 | 9 |
    | 1-family semidetached or row house.....-- |  | 28 6 |  | $\stackrel{9}{10}$ | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22 | 2 <br> 2 | 19 | + 1 |
    | 2 -family house .-..................... |  | 6  <br> 2 11 |  | 10 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
    | Multiple dwelling (3-family or more)..- |  | 3 | 12 6 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dwelling with elevator. --.-..........-- |  | 3 | 6 0 | 17 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | , |
    | Dwelling with janitor service..........-- |  | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  | 58 |  | 13 |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit | 161 | 37 | 66 |  | 55 |  | 18 | 15 | 9 |
    | Toilet: Inside flush | 162 | 38 | 66 | 58 | 63 | 15 | 24 |  | 5 |
    | Outside flush |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 20 | 9 | 5 | 4 |  |
    | Other type. | 154 | 1 | 0 |  | 8 | 4 |  | 1 3 | , |
    | Sole use of toilet by househo |  | 37 | 61 | 56 | 75 | 24 | 25 | - 19 | 7 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 163 | 39 | 66 | 58 | 68 | 15 | 27 | 15 | 1111 |
    | Running. | 162 | 21 | 66 58 |  | 67 | 15 | 26 | 15 |  |
    | Hot running | 127 |  | 52 | 54 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 1 | [11 |
    | Not running. | , | $1 \quad 0$ |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Outside dwelling on | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 63 | 13 | 3 | 7 |  |
    | Sink | 162 |  | 66 | 58 |  | 14 |  | 16 |  |
    | Electric lights. | 162 | 38 37 3 | 67 | 58 | 72 | 18 | 25 | 187 |  |
    | Gas or electricity for cookin | 161 | 37 | 66 | 58 | 29 | 6 | 12 |  | 11 |
    | Refrigerator: Flectric.-- | 53 2 | 6 | 19 | 28 | 2 | 0 | 1. | 1 | 0 |
    | Other mecha |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice only. | 106 | 29 | 48 | 29 | 76 | 21 | 27 | 18 | 10 |
    | None. | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam heat | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Telephone............. | 61 | 10 | 20 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Garage. | 154 | 37 | 64 | 53 | 46 | 14 | 15. | 12 |  |
    | Garden space | 117 | 28 | 56 | 33 | 73 | 21 | 24 | 19 | 9 |
    | Play space.. | 140 | 33 | 61 | 46 | 79 | 24 | 27 | 19 | 9 |
    | Each of the following items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking | 125 | 20 | 51 | 54 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | II. Families in survey, who owned principal home at end of schedule year | 94 | 29 | 29 | 36 | 9 | 2 | 4. | 0 | 3 |
    | Number of families living in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 1-family detached house.... | 90 | 28 | 29 | 33 | 9 | 2 | 4. | 0 | 3 |
    | 1 -family semidetached or row house | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 2-family house --.-------........-. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dwelling with elevator............. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dwelling with janitor service. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit | 89 | 26 | 27 | 36 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
    | Toilet: Inside flush | 87 | 25 | 26 | 36 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
    | Outside flush | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other type-.-.- | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Sole use of toilet by househ | 92 | 29 | 27 | 36 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 93 | 28 | 29 | 36 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
    | Running.- | 92 | 28 | 28 | 36 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
    | Hot running | 61. | 11 | 15 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Not running.. | 1. | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Outside dwelling onl | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sink -------- | 90 | 26 | 28 | 36 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
    | Electric lights | 90 | 26 | 29 | 35 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 92 | 28 | 29 | 35 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric. | 34 | 7 | 11 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Other mechanic | 9 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Ice only. | 51 | 20 | 16 | 15 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | None... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam heat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Telephone.... | 54 | 8 | 15 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Garage. | 90 | 28 | 27 | 35 | 8 | 1 | , | 0 | 3 |
    | Garden space. | 86 | 26 | 27 | 33 | 8 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
    | Play space.-... | 92 | 28 | 28 | 36 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 3 |
    | Each of the following items: <br> Inside flush toilet, running hot water, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside fush toilet, running hot water, electric ligbt, and gas or electricity for cooking | 61 | 11 | 15 | 35 | 1 | 0 | 01 | 0 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix $\overline{\mathrm{A}}, \mathrm{p} .640$.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued

    \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
    \hline \multirow{3}{*}{Item} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\[
    \begin{gathered}
    \hline \text { Louisville, Ky,-二Negro } \\
    \text { familles }
    \end{gathered}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\[
    \begin{gathered}
    \text { Memphis. Tenn.-White } \\
    \text { families }
    \end{gathered}
    \]} \\
    \hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { All } \\
    \& \text { fam- } \\
    \& \text { ilies }
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
    Economic level-
    Families srend- \\
    ing per expenditure unit per year
    \end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { All } \\
    \& \text { famp } \\
    \& \text { ilies }
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Fanomic leveling per expenditure unit per year} \\
    \hline \& \& \[
    \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { Un- } \\
    \& \text { der } \\
    \& \$ 200
    \end{aligned}\right.
    \] \& \[
    \begin{gathered}
    \$ 200 \\
    \text { to } \\
    \$ 400
    \end{gathered}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 400 \\
    \& \text { and } \\
    \& \text { over }
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { Un- } \\
    \& \text { der } \\
    \& \$ 400
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{gathered}
    \$ 400 \\
    t o \\
    \$ 600
    \end{gathered}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 600 \\
    \& \text { and } \\
    \& \text { over }
    \end{aligned}
    \] \\
    \hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Housing Facilities in Dwelling Occupied at End of Schedule Year} \\
    \hline I. Familles in survey, who rented principal home at end of schedule year. \& 53 \& 9 \& 29 \& 15 \& 129 \& 48 \& 41 \& 40 \\
    \hline Av. monthly rental rate at end of schedule year-... \& \$12.28 \& \$13.78 \& \$11.50 \& \$12.88 \& \$18.17 \& \$14.79 \& \$18.78 \& \$21. 61 \\
    \hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l}
    \(\begin{array}{l}\text { Number of families living in- } \\
    \text { 1-family detached house }\end{array}\) \\
    \hline
    \end{tabular}} \\
    \hline 1-family semidetached or row house \& 8 \& 1 \& \& 3 \& 6 \& \& \& 1 \\
    \hline 2-family house--.-------.-..-...- \& 12 \& 2 \& 7 \& 3 \& 24 \& \& \& 10 \\
    \hline Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) \& 8 \& 2 \& 2 \& 4 \& 22 \& 8 \& \& 10 \\
    \hline Dwelling with elevator-..-. \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 \& - \& 1 \\
    \hline Dwelling with janitor service. \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& - \& 2 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \\
    \hline Number of families having- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline Bathroom in dwelling unit. \& 18 \& 3 \& 8 \& 7 \& 119 \& 39 \& 41 \& 39 \\
    \hline Toilet: Inside flush.-.. \& 28 \& \(\xrightarrow{4}\) \& 14 \& 10 \& 124 \& 44 \& \({ }_{0}^{41}\) \& 19 \\
    \hline  \& 14 \& 3 \& 11 \& 0 \& 2 \& 2 \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Sole use of toilet by household....-...................... \& 42 \& 6 \& 22 \& 14 \& 105 \& 38 \& 34 \& 33 \\
    \hline Water: Inside dwelling \& 41 \& 7 \& 22 \& 12 \& 128 \& 47 \& 41 \& 40 \\
    \hline Running.- \& 50 \& \({ }^{8}\) \& 26 \& 15 \& 128 \& 47 \& 41 \& 40 \\
    \hline Hot running \& 16 \& 3 \& \& 7 \& 92 \& 20 \& 34 \& 38 \\
    \hline Not running.- \& 3 \& 0 \& 3 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Outside dwelling only \& 12 \& 8 \& 7 \& \& 1 \& \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Sinic. \& 40 \& 8 \& 21 \& 11 \& 122 \& 43 \& 41 \& 38 \\
    \hline Electric lights --..-....- \& 48 \& 9 \& 24
    14 \& 15 \& 125 \& 45 \& \({ }_{39}^{41}\) \& 39 \\
    \hline Gas or electricity for cooking \& 29 \& \& 14. \& \& 105 \& 31 \& 39 \& 35 \\
    \hline Refrigerator: Electric.--- \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1 \& 26 \& 3 \& 9 \& 14 \\
    \hline Other mechanic \& 0 \& \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Ice only . \& 51 \& 9 \& 28 \& \& 99 \& 41 \& 32 \& 26 \\
    \hline None. \& \& 0 \& \& 0 \& 4 \& \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Hot air, hot water, or steam \& 2 \& , \& , \& \(\frac{1}{2}\) \& 51 \& 11 \& 17 \& 23 \\
    \hline Telephone.------ \& 4 \& 0 \& 2 \& 2 \& 50 \& \& 19 \& 23 \\
    \hline Garage \& 11 \& 3 \& 4 \& 4 \& \({ }^{96}\) \& 30 \& 32 \& 34 \\
    \hline Garden space. \& \({ }_{45}^{35}\) \& 5 \& 21 \& \({ }^{9}\) \& 42 \& 22 \& 10 \& 10 \\
    \hline Play space-- \& 40 \& 7 \& 25 \& 8 \& 76 \& 32 \& 23 \& 21 \\
    \hline Each of the following items: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline Inside fush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking \& 15 \& 3 \& 6 \& 6 \& 85 \& 8 \& 33 \& 34 \\
    \hline II. Families in survey, who owned principal home \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline II. Families in survey, who owned principal home
    at end of schedule year \& 21 \& \& 11 \& 5 \& 65 \& 25 \& 22 \& 18 \\
    \hline 1 -family detached house--- \& 18 \& 3 \& 10 \& 5 \& 63 \& 25 \& 21 \& 17 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1-family semidetached or row house.} \& 3 \& 2 \& 1 \& 0 \& \& 0 \& \& \\
    \hline \& 0 \& \& \& 0 \& \& , \& 0 \& \\
    \hline 2-family house \({ }^{\text {Multiple dweling (3-family }}\) or more) \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& - \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Dwelling with elevator \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Number of families having-} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline \& 11 \& \& \({ }^{6}\) \& 4 \& 61 \& 23 \& 21 \& 17 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Toilet: Inside fushng \(\begin{aligned} \& \text { Outside flush....- }\end{aligned}\)} \& 12 \& \& 7 \& \({ }_{4}^{4}\) \& \({ }_{31}\) \& 22 \& 21 \& \\
    \hline \& 2 \& 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3 \& \& \& 0 \\
    \hline  \& \& \& \({ }^{4}\) \& 1 \& 1 \& \& \& 0 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Sole use of toilet by household} \& 21 \& 5 \& 11 \& 5 \& 63 \& 25 \& 21 \& 17 \\
    \hline \& 17 \& \(\stackrel{4}{5}\) \& 8 \& 5 \& 64 \& 24 \& 22 \& 18 \\
    \hline Water: Inside dwelling \& 21 \& \& 11 \& 5 \& 62 \& 23 \& 21 \& 18 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Hot running Not running} \& 9 \& 0 \& 6 \& 3 \& 44 \& 13 \& 15 \& 16 \\
    \hline \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 0 \& 2 \& \& \& 0 \\
    \hline Hot running \& 4 \& 1 \& \& 0 \& 1 \& \& 0 \& 0 \\
    \hline Sink - Outsice d \& 16 \& 4 \& 8 \& 4 \& 65 \& 25 \& 22 \& 18 \\
    \hline \& 16 \& 4 \& \& 4 \& 63 \& 24 \& 21 \& 18 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Electric lights
    Qas or electriely for cooking-...-
    Refrigerator: Electric.-...-} \& 12 \& 1 \& 7 \& 4 \& 56 \& 18 \& 20 \& 18 \\
    \hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 10 \& 9 \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Refrigerator: \(\begin{aligned} \& \text { Electric } \\ \& \text { Other mechanical. }\end{aligned}\)

    Ice only} \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1 \& \& 11 \& 0 <br>
    \hline \& 19 \& \& 9 \& 5 \& 44 \& 24 \& 11 \& , <br>
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 1 \& 0 \& \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline \& 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2 \& 26 \& 5 \& 11 \& 10 <br>
    \hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 7 \& 2 \& - 3 \& 2 \& 43 \& 10 \& 18 \& 15 <br>
    \hline \& 9 \& 1 \& 5 \& 3 \& 59 \& 20 \& 21 \& 18 <br>
    \hline Garage-...- \& 17 \& 4 \& 10 \& 3 \& 37 \& 17 \& 12 \& 8 <br>
    \hline Play space. \& 20 \& 5 \& 11 \& 4 \& 54 \& 22 \& 18 \& 14 <br>
    \hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking. \& 9 \& 0 \& 6 \& 3 \& 41 \& 12 \& 14 \& 15 <br>
    \hline
    \end{tabular}

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Memphis, Tenn.-Negro } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.- White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 400 \\ 10 \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Housing Facilities in Dwelling Occupied at End of Schedule Year <br> I. Families in survey, who rented principal home at end of schedule year $\qquad$ | 76 | 18 | 46 | 12 |  | 44 | 21 | 17 |
    | Av. monthly rental rate at end of schedule year. | \$10.26 | \$8.89 | \$10.64 | \$10.83 | \$15.61 | \$11.85 | \$17.69 | \$22.78 |
    | Number of families living in-1-family detached house..- | 32 | 3 | 27 | $\square$ | 65 | 37 | 17 | 11 |
    | 1-family semidetached or tow house | 14 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1. |  |  |
    | 2 -family house- | 13 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 6 | 3 |  |
    | Multiple dwelling ( 3 -family or more) | 17 | 4 | 10 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
    | Dwelling with elevator..... | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Dwelling with janitor service... | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit. | 22 | 2 | 17 | 3 | 69 | 32 | 19 | 18 |
    | Toilet: Inside fush | 31 | 4 | 22 | 5 | 70 | 3 | 20 | 17 |
    | Outside flush | 40 | 13 | 21 | 6 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
    | Other type- | ${ }^{2} 3$ | 10 | ${ }^{1} 2$ | 1 | 11 | 10 | 1 |  |
    | Sole use of toilet by househ | 45 | 5 | 33 | 7 | 75 | 38 | 20 | 17 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 52 | 11 | 35 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 71 | 34 | 20 | 17 |
    | Running --..- | 52 | 11 | 35 | ${ }^{6}$ | 71 | 34 | $\stackrel{20}{8}$ | 17 |
    | Hot running |  |  |  | 1 | 25 |  |  | 12 |
    | Not running.-..-- | -0 | 7 | 0 | - | 0 |  | 1 |  |
    | Sink Outside dwelling only | ${ }_{5}^{24}$ | 7 | 11. | 6 | 11 | 10 | 1 |  |
    | Sink-1-- ${ }_{\text {Electric }}$ | 51 |  | ${ }_{26} 6$ | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | 76 | 34 | 21 | 17 |
    | Gas or electricity for cookin | 2 | 0 |  | 0 | 42 | 15 | 14 | 13 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 |  | 4 | 12 |
    | Other mechan | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Ice ouly | 66 | 15 | 40 | 11 | 57 | 36 | 17 |  |
    | None-....... | 10 | ${ }^{3}$ | 6 <br> 13 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam | ${ }_{8}^{23}$ | 6 | 13 | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  | 1 |  |
    | Garage..- | 9 | , | 6 | 2 | 47 | $\stackrel{3}{17}$ | 18 |  |
    | Garden space | 19 | 2 | 14 | 3 | 18 | 8 | 5 |  |
    | Play space- | 12 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 74 | 40 | 21 | 13 |
    | Each of the following items: <br> Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric <br> lioht, and gas or electricity for cooking | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 23 | 3 | 8 | 12 |
    | II. Families in survey, who owned principal home at end of schedule year | 18 | B | 6 | 6 | 64 | 30 | 20 | 4 |
    | Number of families living in--------1.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 1 -family detached house -- | 17 |  |  | 6 | 62 | 29 | 19 | 14 |
    | 1 -family semidetached or row house. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | , | - |  | 0 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Dwelling with janitor serv | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit. | 12 | 4 | , | 5 | 56 | 27 | 17 | 12 |
    | Toilet: Inside fush | 14 | 4 | 5 | 5. | 53 | 25 | 15 | 13 |
    | Outside fush | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Other type- | 0 | , | 0 | $: 0$ | 10 | 4 |  |  |
    | Sole use of toilet by house | 15 | 5 |  | 5 | 62 | 30 | 18 | 14 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling. | 15 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 58 | 28 | 16 | 14 |
    | Running - | 14 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 58 | 28 | 16 | 14 |
    | Hot running | 3 | 1. | 0 | 2 | 31 | 9 | 11 | 11 |
    | Not running--.-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Outside dwelling only | 13 |  |  | 1 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 2 | 4 | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | Sink ------ | 16 | 5 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 5 | 57 | ${ }^{26}$ | 18 |  |
    | Electric lights---1.-...-... | 13 | 4 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 60 | 28 | 19 | 13 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 41 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric....---- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 3 | 11 |  |
    | Other mechanical | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Ice only .-...--. | 17 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 43 | 27 | 9 |  |
    | None-....... | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam heat | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Telephone-....... | 9 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 27 | 9 | 9 |  |
    | Garage | 8 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 45 | 17 | 16 | 12 |
    | Garden space | 9 | 4 |  | 2 | 26 | 12 | 12 |  |
    | Play space- | 11 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 57 | 26 | 18 | 13 |
    | Each of the following items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking | 1 |  |  | 1 | 22 |  | 10 |  |

    11 schedule, "No Report" as to toilet facilities.
    22 schedules, "No Report" as to toilet facilities.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.--Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 9.--Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { Norfolk, Va.-Negro } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Richmond, Va--White } \\ \text { families }}}{ }$ |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fail } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level- <br> Families spend- <br> ing per expendi- <br> ture unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \$ 400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un-} \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Housing Facilities in Dwelling Occupied at End of Schedule Year <br> I. Families in survey, who rented principal home at end of schedule year | 83 | 19 | 43 | 21 | 146 | 57 | 48 | 41 |
    | Av. monthly rental rate at end of schedule year | \$12.30 | \$10.46 | \$12. 54 | \$13.48 | \$21.88 | \$17.54 | \$21.30 | \$28.62 |
    | Number of families living in1 -family detached house |  |  | 20 |  |  | 27 | 17 | 13 |
    |  | 18 | 6 | 8 | 4 | ${ }_{29} 9$ | 14 | 12 | ${ }_{3}$ |
    | 2 -family house- | 17 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 34 |  | 13 | 12 |
    | Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) | 12 | 3 |  | 1 | 26 | 7 | 6 | 13 |
    | Dwelling with elevator... |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dwelling with janitor service. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 2 | 10 |
    | Number of families having-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit | 33 | 4 | 19 | 10 | 137 | 51 | 45 | 41 |
    | Toilet: Inside flush.- | 32 | 4 | 19 |  | 137 | 50 | 46 | 41 |
    | Outside flush | 32 | 7 | 15 |  | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other type- | ${ }^{1} 18$ | 17 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sole use of toilet by household | 69 | 16 | 37 |  | 125 | 43 | 44 | 38 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling-. | 78 | 18 | 40 | 20 | 143 | 55 | 47 | 41 |
    | Running ---- | 77 | 18 | 39 | 20. | 143 | 55 | 47 | 41 |
    | Hot running. |  |  |  |  | 97 | 27 | 36 | 34 |
    | Not running- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Outside dwelling only |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 0 |
    | Sink- | 75 | 18 | 38 | 19 | 136 | 49 | 46 | 41 |
    | Electric lights. | 53 | 8 | 31 | 14. | 136 | 52 | 44 | 40 |
    | Gas or electricity for cooking | 10 | 1 |  | 4 | 110 | 33 | 38 | 39 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric.-...-. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 51 | 13 | 16 | 22 |
    | Other mechanical | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | $\xrightarrow{\text { Ine only }}$ None. | 77 | 18 | 39 | 20 | 91 | 40 | 32 | 19 |
    | Hot air, hot water, or | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | 4 |  | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ | $\stackrel{4}{12}$ | 15 | ${ }^{28}$ |
    | Telephone..- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 47 | 14 | 12 | 21 |
    | Garage | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 47 |  | 20 | 19 |
    | Garden space | 17 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 38 | 17 | 13 | 8 |
    | Play space | 37 | 11 | 18 | 8 | 85 | 39 | 29 | 17 |
    | Each of the following items: <br> Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking | 3 | 1 |  | ${ }_{1}$ | 87 | 22 | 32 | 33 |
    | II. Families in survey, who owned principal home |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 26 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 46 | 12 | 8 | 16 |
    | 1-family detached house. | 24 | 10 |  | 7 | 39 | 11 | 16 | 12 |
    | I-family semidetached or row house. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  | 4 |
    | 2 -family house --.----.-.-.-..... | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Multiple dwelling (3-family or more) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | , |  | 0 |
    | Dwelling with elevator-..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Dwelling with janitor service | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathroom in dwelling unit. Toilet: Inside flush...... | 12 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 44 | 9 | 19 | 16 |
    | Toilet: Inside fush Outside flush.... |  | +3 | 4 | ${ }^{5}$ | $\stackrel{44}{2}$ | 11 | 17 | 16 0 |
    | Other type.- | 11 | 5 | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{7}$ | 0 | , |  |  |
    | Sole use of toilet by household | 26 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 46 | 12 | 18 | 16 |
    | Water: Inside dwelling..... | 20 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 45 | 11 | 18 | ${ }^{16}$ |
    | Running.-- | 20 |  |  |  | 45 | 11 | 18 | 16 |
    | Hot running | 7 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 36 |  | 16 | 16 |
    | Not running--.-.- | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Outside dwelling only | 6 | 3 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Sink | 19 | 6 |  | 5 | 45 | 11 | 18 | 16 |
    | Electric lights | 23 | 7 | 9 | 7 | 44 | 11 | 18 | 15 |
    | Gas or electricity frr cooking | 8 | 1 | 2 | 5 | $\stackrel{39}{79}$ | 8 4 | 15 | 16 |
    | Refrigerator: Electric.-.-.---- |  |  |  |  | 27 |  |  |  |
    | Other mechanical | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice only | 20 | 8 | ${ }^{8}$ | 4 | 19 |  | 9 | ${ }^{2}$ |
    | None... |  | 2 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Hot air, hot water, or steam hea | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 28 | 2 | 12 | 14 |
    | Telephone.-... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 30 | ${ }^{3}$ | 12 | 15 |
    | Garage..-- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 30 | 10 | 11 | 9 |
    | Garden space. | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 21 |  | - ${ }^{9}$ | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |
    | Play space-- | 16 | 8 |  | 4 | 30 | 9 | 13 | 8 |
    | Each of the following items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inside flush toilet, running hot water, electric light, and gas or electricity for cooking....... | 4 | 0 | 1 | - 3 | 28 | 2 | 11 | 15 |

    11 schedule, "No report" as to toilet facilities.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    ## Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level--Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Housing Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ Average number of persons in economic family. | $\begin{aligned} & 419 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 3.59 \\ & 3.79 \end{aligned}$ | 745.29 | 923.91 | 1003.35 | 662.8020 | 402.74 | 472. 40 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of persons in household....-.....- |  | 5. 50 | 4.09 | 3.58 | 2.99 | 3.10 | 2. 58 |
    |  | 79 | ${ }^{16}$ | 11 0 | 16 | ${ }_{0}^{13}$ | 11 | 12 |
    | No. of families having current expenditureforOwned principal home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Taxes | 180 | 32 | 35 | 47 | 26 | 15 | 13 |
    | Assessments | 75 | +2 | 13 | 219 | 12 |  |  |
    | Repairs and replacement |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 1313 |
    | Fire insuance on home | 662 | $\stackrel{1}{10}$ | 140 | $\stackrel{13}{0}$ | 11 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ |  |
    | Liability insurance on hom |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Ground rent. | 1478181 | 18 <br> 28 | 31 | 38 | 24 | 10 | ${ }^{6}$ |
    | Interest on mortgages. |  | 16 | 17 | 18 | (1300 | 8 |  |
    | Refinancing charges. | 81 2 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Rented principal home: | 239 | 42 | 57 | 53 | 40 | 25 |  |
    | Rent (gross rent less concess |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
    | Repairs by tenant.- | 14 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | $4$ |  |
    | secondary housing: Owned vacation home |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 2050 |
    | Rent on vacation or trip | 11 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |
    | Rent at school. | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | A verage amount invested during schedule year in owned principal home, total | \$35.42 | \$32.02 | \$16.50 | \$30.83 | \$41. 52 | \$44. 26 | \$71.54 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and down payt |  | 25.67 | 15.03 | 23.09 | 31.23 | 32.46 | 56.33 |
    | Improvements on home. | 7.74 | ${ }_{6}^{6.35}$ | 1.47 |  |  |  | 15. 21 |
    | Vacation home. |  |  | 0 | ${ }_{0} 7$. | ${ }_{0}^{10.29}$ | 11.80 |  |
    | A verage current expenditure fo |  | 66. 11 | 62.82 | 89.86 | 97.39 |  | 138.67 |
    | Owned principal home, total | 85.97 |  |  |  |  | 88.40 |  |
    | Taxes. | $\begin{array}{r}34.40 \\ 1.37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26.93 <br> .33 | $\begin{array}{r} 25.67 \\ .61 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37.59 \\ 1.12 \end{array}$ | $32.64$ |  | 55.495.74 |
    | Assessments. |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{14.08}^{0}$ |  |
    | Repairs and replacemen | 13.77 | $\begin{aligned} & 5.37 \\ & 1.22 \end{aligned}$ | 5.50 | 12. 87 | 20.52 |  | 5.74 35.41 |
    | Fire insurance on home | 1.64.10 |  | 2.02 | 1.12 | 1.33.61 | 1.76 | 3.01 |
    | Liability insurance on |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.22 \\ .04 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Ground rent. | 17.91 | 16.2415.98 | $\begin{gathered} 13.10 \\ 15.92 \end{gathered}$ | 18.89 | 21.86 | 15. 02 | 24.74 |
    | Interest on mortgages | 16. 22 |  |  | 1. 30 | $\underset{0}{18.76}$ | ${ }_{0}^{16.20}$ | 12. 06 |
    | Refinancing charces |  | 0 <br> 130.43 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 143.32 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Rented principal home, total |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} 138.11 \\ 138.06 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 154.28 | 182.14 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.22 \\ 136.44 \end{array}$ |
    | Rent (gross rent less concess |  | 130.23 | $\begin{aligned} & 143.32 \\ & 143.19 \end{aligned}$ |  | 153.90.38 | 181.09 | 133. 138 |
    | Repairs by tenant | $\begin{array}{r}143.86 \\ .60 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 130 .20 | 143. 19 | $\begin{array}{r} 138.06 \\ .05 \end{array}$ |  | 1.051.140 | 3. 21 |
    | Secondary housing, total | ${ }^{0.63}$ | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{.17}$ | $0_{0}{ }^{30}$ |  |  | 3.48 |
    | Owned vacation home |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Rent on vacation or trips |  |  | $0^{.17}$ |  | 0 | . 82 | ${ }_{0}^{3.48}$ |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit | 5. 29 | 5.69 | 5.25 | 5. 33 | 4.86 | 5. 12 | 5.40 |
    | Number of families living in dwellings wit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Less than 4 rooms. | 75 | 5 | 15 | 18 | 19 | 10 |  |
    | 4 rooms. | 54 | ${ }^{6}$ | 12 | 14 | 8 | 6 | 8 |
    | 5 rooms | 80 | 18 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 5 |  |
    | 6 rooms | 126 | ${ }_{17}^{28}$ | 30 | 31 20 | ${ }_{10}^{13}$ | 12 | 12 |
    | II. 7 Frooms or more who | 84 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 10 |  | 13 |
    | months | 180 | 32 | 35 | 47 | 26 | 15 | 25 |
    | Average number of persons in economic family | 3.65 | 5. 20 | 4. 23 | 3.47 | 3.07 | 2.67 | 2.44 |
    | A verage number of persons in household | 3.94 | 5. 49 | 4. 40 | 3.82 | 3.33 | 3.11 | 2.65 |
    | Number of families who invested during the schedule year in owned principal home. | 79 | 16 | 11 | 16 | 13 | 11 | 12 |
    | Ar. amount invested during schedule year, total. | \$82.47 | \$74.05 | \$43.39 | \$65. 59 | \$105. 39 | \$118.03 | \$134. 50 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and down payt.. | 64.44 | 59. 36 | 39.52 | 49.13 | 79. 27 | 86.56 | 105.90 |
    | Improvements on home. | 18.03 | 14.69 | 3.87 | 16. 46 | 26. 12 | 31.47 | 28.60 |
    | Av.cur. hous. expend. on owned prin. home, total.. | 200. 10 | 152.88 | 165.09 | 191.21 | 247.20 | 227.88 | 260.71 |
    | Taxes- | 80. 06 | 62.28 | 67.47 | 79.98 | 82.85 | 102.39 | 104.33 |
    | Assessments. | 3. 18 | 76 | 1.61 | 2.39 | 4.23 |  | 10.80 |
    | Repairs and replacement | 32.06 | 12.41 | 14.45 | 27.38 | 52.08 | 37.53 | 66.57 |
    | Fire insurance on home. | 3.82 | 2.83 | 5.30 | 2.39 | 3.38 | 4.70 | 5.66 |
    | Liability insurance on hom | 24 | 08 | 0 | 0 | 1. 54 |  | 0 |
    | Ground rent | 41. 68 | 37.57 | 34.42 | 40. 19 | 55.49 | 40.07 | 46. 52 |
    | Interest on mortgages | 37.76 1.30 | 36.95 0 | $\stackrel{41.84}{ }$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 36 . \\ 2.77 \\ 2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | ${ }_{4}^{47.63}$ | 43.19 0 | 22.66 4.17 |
    | Refinancing charges... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.17 |

    ${ }^{1}$ The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    ## Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { BaltImore, Md.-Negro } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { Birmingham, Ala.-White }}{\text { families }}$ |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\xrightarrow[\text { Families spending }]{\text { Economic level }}$ per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & t o \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \$ 600 \\ & \$ 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
    | I. All families Housing Expenditures A verage number of persons in economic family.Average number of persons in household. Number of families investing in: Principal homevacation bomeNo. of families having current expenditure forOwned principal home: Taxes. | 1073.77 | 6. ${ }^{24} 9$ | 493.50 | 2. 44 | 2023.67 | 4.56 | 603.43 | 642.49 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4.07100 |  | 3.78 | 2.81 | 3.91 | 4. 80 | 3.70 | 2.72 |
    |  |  |  | ${ }^{4}$ |  | 32 0 | 14 0 | 110 | 7 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 12 |  | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{60}$ | 7 | 17 |  |
    | Assessments |  |  |  |  | 18 26 | 7 <br> 8 <br> 8 | 7 |  |
    | Fire insurance on home |  | 0 | 0 | ? | 41 | 15 | 10 | 6 |
    | Liability insurance on | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
    | Ground rent. |  | 1 |  | 4 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgage | 10 |  | 0 |  | 4012 | 2 | 5 | 13 |
    | Refinancing charges. | 12 |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Rented principal home: | 85 | 23 | 44 | 28 | 141 | 65 | 41 | 5 |
    | Rent (gross rent less co |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Repairs by tenant | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |
    | Secondary housing: |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | 040 |  |  |
    | Owned vacation home |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Rent on vacation or tri Rent at school..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
    | Rent at school-.-.-大- ${ }_{\text {derage amount invested durin }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{1}$ |  |
    | in owned: Principal home, total | \$19. 14 | 4 | \$11.64 $\$ 43.48$ |  | \$26.00 | \$30.51 | \$18.17 | \$27.34 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and |  |  | 0 | 20.84 | $\stackrel{1}{9.06}$ | 17.92 |  |  |
    | Improvements on home. |  | 00 |  |  |  |  | . 48 | 4. 14 |
    | Vacation home.- |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | A verage current expenditure fo | 29.97 | 4.54 | 26.50 | 52.88 | 57. 34 | 26. 10 | 75. 75 | 87.82 |
    | Owned principal home, tota |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Taxes. | 9.06 | 1.96 | 7.73 | 15. 98 | 14.58 | 9. 13 | 15. 16 | 22.80 |
    | Assessment |  |  | 2.51 | 13.38 |  | 2.253.04 |  |  |
    | Repairs and replaceme | 5.40 | 0 |  |  | 12. 50 |  | 16. 39 | 23. 61 |
    | Fire insurance on hom |  | 0011 |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{4.90}$ |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{7.65}$ |
    | Liability insurance on | ${ }^{0} 8.00$ |  |  |  |  | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |  |
    | Ground rent |  | 1. 58 | 7.13 | ${ }^{0} 7.47$ | 0 0 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 26.24 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Interest on mortgage | 9.20 | 1.00 | 9.09 | 15. 15 | 19.71 | 8.64.36 | ${ }_{3}^{30} 17$ |  |
    | Refinancing charge |  |  | 198.53 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ 200.09 \end{gathered}\right.$ | 1. ${ }^{16}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 26.24 \\ 2.11 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Rented principal home | 211. 71242.33 |  |  |  |  | 103. 76 | 126. 95 | 152.69 |
    | Rent (gross rent less conc | 211.65 | 242.33 | 198. 53 | 208.91 | 122. 59 |  | 126. 18 |  |
    | Repairs by tenant |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.41 \\ & 0^{.41} \\ & 0 \\ & .41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .18 \\ .18 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{r}_{1}^{18} \\ 0^{18} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.13 \\ 2.07 \\ 0 \\ 1.82 \\ .25 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1 | - 77 | 151.14 1.55 |
    | Secondary housing, tot |  | 0000 |  |  |  | 1.40 | ${ }_{0}^{1.68}$ | 3.61 |
    | Owned vacation hom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Rent on vacation |  |  |  |  |  | 1.40 | .95 |  |
    | Rent at school |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73 |  |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit | 6.18 <br> 16 <br> 14 <br> 28 <br> 25 <br> 24 | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 6.12 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 6.14 <br> 10 <br> 4 <br> 11 <br> 14 <br> 10 | $\begin{array}{r}6.26 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \hline 5.28 \\ 25 \\ 22 \\ 55 \\ 70 \\ 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | b. 3 | 5.43 | 5.08 |
    | Number of families living in dwellings wit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 4 rooms. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 5 rooms. |  |  |  |  |  | 27 | 14 |  |
    | 6 rooms. |  |  |  |  |  | 31 | 25 | 14 |
    | 7 rooms or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Framilies who owned their prin. home for 12 mos | ${ }^{2} 12$ | $1$ | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 61 \\ 3.67 \\ 3.93 \\ 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
    | A verage number of persons in economic family A verage number of persons in household |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4. } 69 \\ & 4 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 3.42 4.68 | 2.70 |
    | Number of families who invested during the schedule year in owned principal home |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4.87 \\ 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 11 |  |
    | Av. amount invested during schedule year, total. |  |  |  |  | \$84.66 | \$114.74 | \$55.23 | \$77.69 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and down pay.. |  |  |  |  | 54.67 | 46.17 | 53.70 | 65.94 |
    | Improvements on home. |  |  |  |  | 29.99 | 68.57 | 1. 53 | 11.75 |
    | Av. cur. hous. expend. on owned prin. home, total |  |  |  |  | 168.14 | 97.44 | 237. 53 | 184.30 |
    | Taxes. |  |  |  |  | 45.53 | 34.44 | 47.87 | 56.60 |
    | Assessments. |  |  |  |  | 9.94 | 8.60 | 16.63 | 4.86 |
    | Repairs and replacements |  |  |  |  | 30.13 | 10.51 | 50.10 | 33.89 |
    | Fire insurance on home. |  |  |  |  | 14. 28 | 10.04 | 17.90 | 15.81 |
    | Liability insurance on home |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ground rent----.-.-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgages |  |  |  |  | 63.60 4.66 | 32.48 1.37 |  | 69.87 3.27 |

    ${ }^{1}$ The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. $\theta$., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by ecoromic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { Birmingham, Ala.- } \\ \text { Negro families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | E conomic level- <br> Families spend- <br> ing per expendi- <br> ture unit per <br> year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average no. of persons in economic family.... | 3.82 | 5. 41 | 3.00 | 2. 54 | 3.31 | 4.29 | 3. 17 | 2.51 |
    | A verage number of persons in household....- | 3. 92 | 5.49 | 3.09 | 2. 69 | 3. 44 | 4.39 | 3.29 |  |
    | No. of families investing in: Principal home.- <br> Vacation home. | 11 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{58}{0}$ | 16 0 | 25 0 | 17 |
    | No. of families having current expend. forOwned principal home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 18 | 2 |  |  |  | 27 | 42 |  |
    | Assersments | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 |  |
    | Repairs and replacemen | 10 | 0 |  |  | 31 | 9 | 9 | 13 |
    | Fire insurance on home | 12 | 1 | 3 | , | 82 | 20 | 8 | 24 |
    | Liability insurance on ho |  | 0 | 0 |  | 8 | 4 |  |  |
    | Ground rent.. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgage | 11 | 0 |  |  | 5 | 15 | ${ }_{3}$ |  |
    | Refinancing charges |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Rented principal home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Rent (gross rent less con Repairs by tonant | 81 3 | 36 0 | 36 3 | ${ }_{0}^{9}$ | 202 9 | 67 5 | $\stackrel{65}{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{70}$ |
    | Secondary housing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Owned vacation hom |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | , |  |
    | Rent on vacation or trip | 1 | 0 |  | , | 11 | 2 |  |  |
    | Rent at school... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average amount invested during schedule year in owned principal home, total. | \$16. 10 | \$3.45 | \$14.35 | \$45. 46 | \$41.66 | \$28.91 | \$50.91 | \$44. 03 |
    | Payment on prin. of mort. and down pay.- | 14.78 | 3.45 | 12.51 | 42.69 | 28.72 | 27.10 | 39.10 | 18.84 |
    | Improvements on | 1.32 | 0 | 1.84 | 2.77 | 12.94 | 1.81 | 11.81 | 25. 19 |
    | Average current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Owned principal home, totalTaxes | 23. 05 | 39 | 14. 16 | 93. 66 | 38. 48 | 29.84 | 46. 75 | 37.91 |
    |  | 6. 28 | 31 | 7.31 |  | 12. 58 | 10. 43 | 14. 01 | 13. 11 |
    | Taxes-..-- | . 29 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1. 51 | . 50 |  | 1.41 |  |
    | Repairs and replacemen | 6.81 | 0 | 1.31 | 33. 14 | 4. 45 | 5. 60 | 2. 51 | 5. 45 |
    |  | ${ }_{0}^{1.73}$ | 08 | $0^{.46}$ | 7.98 | 5. 19 | 3.18 | 6. 52 | 5. 72 |
    | Fire insurance on home-...- |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Ground rent | 835 | 0 | 5 | ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgages. | 8.35 | 0 | 5.08 | 32. 60 | 14.85 | 10. 39 | 21. 00 | 12. 47 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | , | 2. 60 |  |  | 1.27 |  |
    | Refinancing charges.-.-.-...-. Rented principal home, total | 69.41 | 79.38 | 71.33 | 45.00 | 172.65 | 140.85 | 155.99 | 222. 55 |
    |  | 69.31 | 79.38 | 71.11 | 45.00 | 172. 14 | 140.46 | 155.94 | 221.41 |
    | Repairs by tenant...-.-.-.-...............- | - 10 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.13 |
    |  | ${ }^{2 .}{ }^{2.73}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{14.53}$ |  |  |  |  |
    |  | . 53 | 0 | 0 | 2.84 | . 73 | . 96 | 18 | 1.11 |
    |  | 2.20 | 0 | 0 | 11.6 | 42 | 8 | 45 | 0 |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit... Number of families living in dwellings with- | 3.55 | 3.46 | 3.32 | 4. 22 | 0 | 65 | 4.90 | 4.82 |
    |  | 62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 4 4 rooms.-.-...... | 21 | 11 | 98 | 1 | 59 | 27 | 17 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 92 |  | 34 |  |
    | 5 5 rooms | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 22 | 3 | 59 | 16 | 25 | 18 |
    | 6 rooms |  |  |  |  | 29 | 10 | 11 |  |
    | II. Fam. who owned their prin. home for 12 moAverage no. of persons in economic family | 321 |  |  | ${ }^{10} 8$ | 3.65 | ${ }_{5}^{27}$ | ${ }_{3}^{40}$ | ${ }_{63}{ }^{4}$ |
    |  | 3.21 | 3. 93 | 3.43 | 2.89 | 3.65 | 5.16 | 3.25 | 2. 63 |
    | Average number of persons in household...-- | 3. 23 | 3. 93 | 3. 49 | 2.89 | 3.84 | 5. 21 | 3.38 | 3.06 |
    | Number of families who invested during the scheduled year in owned principal home... | 11 |  |  |  |  | 16 | 23 | 14 |
    | Av. amt. invested during schedule year, total | \$81.30 | $\overline{\text { \$65.58 }}$ | $\overline{\$ 78.90}$ | $\overline{\$ 86.38}$ | $\overline{\$ 117.35}$ | $\overline{\$ 100.6 .5}$ | \$122.62 | $\overline{\text { \$127.38 }}$ |
    | Payment on prin. of mort. and down pay.. | 74.63 | 65. 58 | 68.79 | 81.12 | 82.21 | 94.35 | 92.62 | 51.21 |
    |  | 6. 67 | 0 | 10.11 | 5. 26 | 35. | 6. 30 | 30.00 | 76. |
    | Average current housing expenditures on owned principal home, total | 120.90 | 7.47 |  | 177.94 | 119.17 | 103.84 | 117. 14 | 139.82 |
    |  | 31.72 | 5. 93 | 40.22 | 30.08 | 40.05 | 36.32 | 35.97 | 51.07 |
    | Assessments-..-- | 1.45 | 0 | 02 | 2.87 | 1. 10 |  | 2.50 |  |
    | Repairs and replacements | 34. 37 | - | 7.23 | 62. 96 | 13.41 | 19.48 | 6. 59 | 17.93 |
    |  | 8.70 | 1. 54 | 2.52 | 15.17 | 16. 30 | 11. 07 | 16. 39 | 22. 04 |
    | Fire insurance on home.Liability insurance on hoGround rent. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.01 | 72 | 08 | 2. 89 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Ground rent.-......-.----Interest on mortgaes.---Refinancine charges | 42.14 | 0 | 27.94 | 61.93 | 45. 36 | 36.16 | 52. 27 | 44.20 |
    |  | 2.47 | 0 | 0 | 4.93 | 1.9 | 09 | 3.34 | 1. 69 |

    1 The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i.e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown. ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.05 cent. Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640

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    $$

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classificetion.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jackson, Mriss.-White } \\ \text { families. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jackson, Miss.--Negro } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expendi-ture unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { aver } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | I. All families in survey 1 Average number of persons in economic family. Average number of persons in household | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    |  | 3. 55 | 4.75 | 3.34 | 2.68 | 3.63 | 5.51 | 2. 99 | 2.40 |
    |  | 3. 99 | 4.96 | 3.83 | 3.31 | 3. 76 | 5.52 | 3. 15 | 2.65 |
    | Average number of persons in household...--- Number of families investing in: Principal homeVacation home | 24 0 |  | 12 0 | 6 0 | 19 | ${ }_{0}^{7}$ |  | 4 0 |
    | No. of families having current expenditure forOwned principal home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 42 | 11 | 20 | 11 | 30 | 9 | 16 | 5 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |
    |  | 18 | 1 | 10 | 7 | 8 |  | 4 | 2 |
    | Assessments | 35 | 10 | 17 |  | 21 | 4 | 12 | 5 |
    |  |  | , | , | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |  | 0 |  | 8 | 0 |
    |  | 32 | 7 | 17 |  | 18 |  |  | 3 |
    | Interest on mortgages |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Rented principal home:-Rent (gross rent less con |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 107 | 28 | 55 | 24 3 | 70 | 19 | [ 6 | 1 |
    | Secondary housing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Owned vacation hom | 14 | 0 | ${ }_{6}$ | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 14 | 1 |  | 7 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent on vacation o Rent at school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | A verage amount invested during schedule year in owned principal home, total | \$24. 67 | \$16.81 | \$19.48 | \$44. 72 | \$16.16 | \$17. 54 | \$6. 02 | \$68.89 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and down pay | 23. 31 | 15.94 | 17. 24 | 44.72 |  |  | 4.53 |  |
    | Improvements on home | 1.36 | . 87 | 2.24 | 0 | 2.37 | 1.78 | 1.49 | 8.76 |
    | A verage current expenditure for- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 58.55 | 40.86 | 47. 79 | 101.62 | 20.53 | 13. 71 | 16.93 | 57.79 |
    |  | 18.62 | 14.65 | 16.97 | 26. 60 | 7.94 | 5.59 | 6.89 | 19.70 |
    | Assessment | 3.76 | 2. 68 | 2.43 | 7.86 | . 31 | . 39 |  | 1.85 |
    | Repairs and replacemen | 12. 60 | 5. 13 | 9.76 | 27.10 | 3.19 |  | 1.64 | 19.28 |
    |  | 5.39 | 5. 52 | 4.89 | 6. 32 | 2.58 | 1. 10 | 2.03 | 9.36 |
    | Fire insurance on home- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Liability insurance on ho | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgage | 16. 48 | 11. 30 | 11. 64 | 32.75 | 6.00 | 6. 38 | 5. 53 | 7.60 |
    |  | 1.70 | 1. 58 | 2. 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Refinancing charges ---.-- | 166. 25 | 131.96 | 171.65 | 192. 74 | 90.95 | 85.05 | 96. 64 | 74. 41 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concess | 166. 05 | 131.88 | 171. 56 | 192.19 | 89.02 | 85. 05 | 93. 52 | 74.18 |
    |  |  |  | . 09. | . 5 | 1.93 |  | 3.12 |  |
    | Secondary housing, totalOwned vacation home | 1.98 |  | 1.70 | 4.75 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 1.70 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent on vacation or tr | 1.98 |  | 1.70 | 4.75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1. |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of rooms in dwelling unit------ | 4.28 | 33 | 4.33 | 4.11 | 3.92 | 4.07 | 3.88 | 4.18 |
    | Number of families living in dwellings with- Less than 4 rooms. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Less than 4 rooms.:-...................................... 4 rooms. $\qquad$ |  |  | 17 |  |  | 2 | 28 <br> 14 | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ |
    |  | 35 | 12 | 17 |  | 28 |  | 17 | 4 |
    | 5 rooms. 6 rooms. |  |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 6 rooms. |  |  | - 4 |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |
    | -7. Families who owned their prin. home for 12 mo . <br> Average number of persons in economic family- | ${ }^{43}$ | 11 | ${ }_{1}^{21}$ | 11 | 3 |  | 16 |  |
    |  | 4.08 | 6.02 | 3. 71 | 2.86 | 3.82 | 5. 56 | 3.14 | 2.88 |
    | Average number of persons in household....-. Number of families who principal home....... | 4. 60 | 6.35 | 4. 20 | 3.64 | 3.95 | 5.50 | 3.30 | 3.24 |
    |  | 24 |  | 12 |  | 18 |  |  | 4 |
    | Av.amt. invested during schedule year, totaj... | \$86.07 | \$59.59 | \$70.51 | \$142.29 | \$51. 53 | \$54.58 | \$18. 57 | \$151.54 |
    | Payment on prin. of mortgage and down pay- | 81.33 | 56. 50 | 62.41 | 142. 29 | 43.62 | 49.02 | 12.88 | 132.28 |
    | Improvements on home <br> A verage current housing expenditures on owned | 4.74 | 3. 09 | 8.10 | 0 | 7.91 | 5. 56 | 5.69 | 19.26 |
    |  |  | 144.85 |  | 323.38 | 68.08 | 42.68 | 63.92 | 127.13 |
    | principal home, total Taxes $\qquad$ | 64.94 | 51.92 | 61. 43 | 84.65 | 26.45 | 17.39 | 26. 28 | 43. 33 |
    | Assessments. | 13.12 | 9.52 | 8.79 | 25.00 | 1.04 | 1.22 |  | 4.07 |
    | Repairs and replacement | 43.96 | 18. 18 | 35. 32 | 86. 24 | 10.64 | 78 | 6. 28 | 42. 42 |
    |  | 18.80 | 19.57 | 17.70 | 20.12 | 8.59 | 3. 43 | 7.73 | 20. 59 |
    | Liability insurance on h | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ground rent, | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    |  | 57. 48 | 40.04 | 42. 12 | 104. 21 | 19. 66 | 19.86 0 | 20.46 3.19 | ${ }_{1}^{16.72}$ |

    1 The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families-Continued |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families-Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | \$400 |
    | Housing Expenditures-Continued <br> II. Families who owned their principal home for 12 months-Continued. Average estimated annual rental value Average imputed income from equity in owned principal home $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 355.00 \\ 150.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 328.00 \\ 183.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 29.00 \\ 156.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 432.00 \\ 109.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 151.00 \\ 83.00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$132.00 |  | \$221.00 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.00 | 76.00 | 94.00 |
    | A verage number of rooms in dwelling unit. Number of families living in dwellings with- |  | 5. 64 | 5.43 | 4.64 | 4.61 | 4.44 | 4.53 | 5. 20 |
    | Less than 4 rooms........................ |  | 0 | 1 | 1 |  | 3 |  | 0 |
    | 4 rooms. | 2 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | 5 rooms. |  | 5 | 7 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 8 |  |
    |  | 14 | , | 6 | 5 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
    | 7 rooms or more |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |
    | III. Families who rented house for 12 mo | 58 | 164 | 33 | 9 | 68 | 18 | 44 | 6 |
    | Average number of persons in economic family | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3. } 66 \\ & 4.10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of persons in household. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4.82 \\ & 5.04 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.42 \\ 3.90 \end{array}$ | 2.55 <br> 3.02 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.56 \\ & 3.68 \end{aligned}$ | 5.58 5.61 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.94 \\ & 3.10 \end{aligned}$ | 2.00 2.16 |
    | Average expenditure for rented principal home, total | \$232.88 | \$192.75 | \$239.98 | \$278. 20 | \$132.46 | \$127.41 | \$133. 97 | \$136. 42 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessions) .......- | 232. 42 | 192.75 | 239.76 | 276.06 ${ }_{2} 14$ | 129.63 | 127.410 | 129.65 | 136. 00 |
    | Repairs by tenant--- |  |  | - 22 |  | 2.83 |  |  |  |
    | A verage monthly rental rate.-...---.-..-- | 19.65 | 16. 50 | 20.21 | 23.17 | 10.67 | 10.52 | 10.60 | 11. 33 |
    | A verage number of rooms in dwelling unitNumber of families living in dwellings | 4.41 | 4.81 | 4.30 | 4.11 | 3.73 | 3.89 | 3.73 | 3.33 |
    | ${ }^{\text {with- }}$ - ${ }^{\text {d }}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ${ }_{4}^{\text {Less than }} 4$ rooms-.-...................-- | 1219 | 1 |  | $3^{3}$ | 34 | 8 | 22 | 4 |
    | 4 \% rooms..............-. |  | 7 | ${ }_{9}^{8}$ | 2 | 17 | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | ${ }_{9}^{11}$ | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ |
    | 6 rooms.. | 8 | , | - | 1 |  | , | 2 | 0 |
    | 7 rooms or more | 1. | , | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | IV. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat included in rent. | ${ }^{2} 18$ | 6 | 8 | ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | V. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat not included in rentAverage number of persons in economic family <br> A verage number of persons in household- | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 3.12 \\ 3.57 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 3.11 \\ 3.53 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 2.70 \\ 3.41 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{2} 1$ |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditure for rented principal home, total | \$238.60 | \$161. 12 |  | 2304.90 |  |  |  |  |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessions) --.......- | 238.600 | 161. 12 | 224.45 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 304.90 \\ 0 \\ 25.45 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Repairs by tenant--...-.......- |  | 13.25 | 20.04 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average monthly rental rate | 20.48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage number of rooms in dwelling unitNumber of tamilies living in dwellings with- | 3.43 | 2.6751000 | 3.64 | 3.60 | ------- | ---- | ------ |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 4 rooms. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 5 5 rooms |  |  |  |  | ----- |  |  |  |
    | 6 rooms l roms or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ The total namber of famulies surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures; by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not prusented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued


    1 The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { Louisville, Ky.-Negro } \\ \text { families }}}{ }$ |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-Whitefamilies |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spendingper expenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { famj- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spendingper expenditureunit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Housing Expenditures-Continued <br> II. Families who owned their principal home for 12 months-Continued A verage estimated annual rental value... Average imputed income from equity in owned principal home. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 216.00 \\ 122.00 \end{array}\right\|$ | \$168.00 | $\$ 210.00$ <br> 103.00 | $\$ 276.00$ <br> 153.00 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 323.00 \\ 150.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\$ 254.00$ <br> 134.00 | $\$ 357.00$ <br> 177.00 | $\$ 380.00$ 140.00 |
    | Average no. of rooms in dwelling unit.... Number of families living in dwellings with- | 5.45 | 6. 60 | 4.60 | 6.00 | 5.81 | 5.28 | 6.32 | 5.94 |
    | Less than 4 rooms.----------------.----- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | 4 rooms. | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 3 |  |  |
    | 5 rooms |  | 0 | 3 | 1 | 23 | 10 | 7 |  |
    | 6 rooms. | 4 |  | 1 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 4 |  |
    | 7 rooms or | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 5 | 10 | 5 |
    | III. Families who rented house for 12 months | 33 | 5 | 20 | 8 | 79 | 31 | 28 | 20 |
    | Average number of persons in economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.70 | 6. 20 | 3.65 | 2.25 | 3.70 | 4.66 | 3. 41 | 2.59 |
    | Average number of persons in household. | 3.79 | 6.40 | 3.76 | 2.25 | 3.81 | 4.78 | 3.45 | 2.81 |
    | A verage expenditure for rented principal home, total | \$144.29 | \$134.40 | \$145.82 | \$146.63 | \$213.11 | \$172. 21 | \$236.67 | \$243. 52 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessions) | 143.53 | 134.40 | 144.92 | 145.75 | 212.05 | 171.82 | 234. 11 | 243.52 |
    | Repairs by tenant. | . 76 | 0 | . 90 | . 88 | 1.06 | . 39 | 2.56 |  |
    | Average monthly rental | 11.99 | 11.20 | 12.12 | 12.15 | 17.55 | 14.31 | 19.16 | 20.32 |
    | Average no. of rooms in dwelling unit...Number of families living in dwellings with- | 3.97 | 4.20 | 4.05 | 3.63 | 4.91 | 4.55 | 5. 25 | 5.00 |
    | Less than 4 rooms | 11 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 8 | 3 |  |
    | 4 rooms. | 16 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 17 | 8 | 5 |  |
    | 5 rooms. |  | 1. | 2 | 0 | 26 | 7 | 10 |  |
    | 6 rooms. |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 16 | Б | 5 |  |
    | 7 rooms or mor | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
    | IV. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat included in rent <br> Average number of persons in economic family $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  | 20 | 6 | 4 | 10 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 2.85 3.08 | 3.81 4.14 | 2.82 2.82 | 2.30 2.56 |
    | Average number of persons in household. |  |  |  |  | 3.08 | 4.14 | 2.82 | 2.50 |
    | Average expenditure for rented principal home, total <br> Rent (gross rent less concessions) |  |  |  |  | \$308. 50 | \$263.00 | \$256.50 | \$356. 60 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 308.50 | 263.00 | 256.50 | 356.60 |
    | Repairs by tenant. A verage monthly rental rate |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 26.15 | 23.75 | 21.75 | 29.35 |
    | Average no. of rooms in dwelling unit...... Number of families living in dwellings with- |  |  |  |  | 3.90 | 3. 00 | 3.00 | 4.80 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Less than 4 rooms |  |  |  |  | 12 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
    | 4 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 2 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | 5 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | 6 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | 7 rooms or mor |  |  |  |  |  | , | 0 | 1 |
    | V. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat not included in rent- |  |  |  |  | 29 | 10 | 9 | 10 |
    | Average number of persons in economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 2.83 | 3.64 | 2.41 | 2.39 |
    | Average number of persons in household. |  |  |  |  | 2.89 | 3.64 | 2.41 | 2.68 |
    | Average expenditure for rented principal home, total |  |  |  |  | \$179. 10 | \$141.00 | \$195. 33 | \$201. 70 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessions) |  |  |  |  | 178.86 | 141.90 | 195.33 | 201.00 |
    | Repairs by tenant...---- |  |  |  |  | .24 | 0 | 0 | . 70 |
    | Average monthly rental rate |  |  |  |  | 14.75 | 11.38 | 16.28 | 16.75 |
    | Average no. of rooms in dwelling unit...- |  |  |  |  | 3.45 | 3.00 | 3.78 | 3.60 |
    | Number of families living in dwellings with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 16 | 7 | 5 | 4 |
    | 4 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 7 | 2 | 1 |  |
    | 5 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    | 6 rooms. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 7 rooms or more |  |  |  |  |  | 1.0 | 1 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    1 The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i.e., home owner, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    2 Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
    \hline \multirow{3}{*}{Item} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { Mobile, Ala.-Negro } \\
    \& \text { families }
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{5}{|r|}{\(\underset{\substack{\text { New Orieans, La.-W hite } \\ \text { families }}}{\text { Nent }}\)} \\
    \hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { All } \\
    \& \text { fam- } \\
    \& \text { ilies }
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{|l}
    \text { All } \\
    \text { fam- } \\
    \text { ilies }
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year} \\
    \hline \& \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \text { Un- } \\
    \& \text { der } \\
    \& \$ 2000
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 200 \\
    \& \text { to } \\
    \& \$ 400
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 400 \\
    \& \text { and } \\
    \& \text { over }
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \& Un-
    der
    \(\$ 300\) \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 300 \\
    \& \text { to } \\
    \& \$ 400
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \$ 400 \\
    \& \text { to } \\
    \& \$ 600
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& \hline \$ 600 \\
    \& \text { and } \\
    \& \text { over }
    \end{aligned}
    \] \\
    \hline \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
    I. All families in survey 1 ditures Av. no. of persons in economic family A verage number of persons in household.-..Number of families investing in: Principal home- \\
    Vacation home \\
    No. of families having current expend. for Owned principal home: Taxes.
    \end{tabular}} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{r}
    94 \\
    3.70 \\
    3.79
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{r}
    21 \\
    5.01
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{r}
    51 \\
    3.13
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2.75} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{r}
    318 \\
    3.80
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{array}{r}
    97 \\
    5.08
    \end{array}
    \]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{60
    3.90} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}108 \\ 3.24 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{53
    2.52} \\
    \hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline \& \& 5.01 \& 3. 22 \& 3.01 \& 3.98 \& 5.15 \& 4.05 \& 3.45 \& 2.84 \\
    \hline \& 7
    0 \& \[
    0
    \] \& \[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& 3 \\
    \& 0
    \end{aligned}
    \] \& \& \[
    \begin{array}{r}
    28 \\
    0
    \end{array}
    \] \& \& \& 13
    0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4
    0} \\
    \hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{21} \& \\
    \hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25
    0} \& 9 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{12} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{4}^{4}\)} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{12} \& \& \\
    \hline Assessments. \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c}
    52 \\
    7 \\
    10
    \end{tabular}} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2
    3} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8
    1
    4} \\
    \hline Repairs and replacemen \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11} \& \& 6 \& \(\stackrel{3}{3}\) \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2} \& \& \& \\
    \hline Fire insurance on home \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3
    0} \& 10
    28 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8} \& 10 \& \(\frac{4}{5}\) \\
    \hline Liability insurance on home. \& \& \& \& \& 28
    0 \& 5 \& \& 0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5
    0
    0} \\
    \hline Ground rent- \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{30} \& 0 \& 0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \\
    \hline Interest on mortgages \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{14} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6
    0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& \& \& 8 \& \& - \(\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 5\end{array}\) \\
    \hline Refinancing charges \& \& \& \& \& 2 \& 1 \& 0 \& \& 1 \\
    \hline Rented principal home: \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{21} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{40} \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{267} \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{48} \& \& \\
    \hline Rent (gross rent less co \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c}
    69 \\
    6
    \end{tabular}} \& \& \& , \& \& 86
    1 \& \& \({ }_{5}^{88}\) \& 45 \\
    \hline Repairs by tenant \& \& \& \& 1 \& 12 \& 1 \& \& \& 4 \\
    \hline Owned vacation home \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& 0 \\
    \& 0 \\
    \& \hline
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{0
    1
    1} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
    \begin{aligned}
    \& 0 \\
    \& 6 \\
    \& 1
    \end{aligned}
    \]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{- \(\begin{aligned} \& 0 \\ \& 0 \\ \& 0\end{aligned}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0
    4} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-} \\
    \hline Rent on vacation or tri \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline Rent at school. \& 2 \& 0 \& 1 \& \& \& 1 \& 0 \& \& \\
    \hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{Average amount invested during schedule year in owned: Principal home, total} \\
    \hline Payt.on princ. of mortgage and down payt. \& 6. 10 \& \$6. 23 \& \[
    \begin{array}{r}
    \$ 6.38 \\
    6.27
    \end{array}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{array}{r}
    \$ 6.18 \\
    5.06
    \end{array}
    \] \& 8.25 \& \[
    \begin{array}{r}
    \$ 3.07 \\
    2.72
    \end{array}
    \] \& \[
    \begin{array}{r}
    \$ 10.61 \\
    14.11
    \end{array}
    \] \& 9.73 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8.73
    4.13} \\
    \hline Improvements on home.-- \& .\(^{.20}\) \& 0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0.11} \& 1. 12 \& 3.98 \& . 35 \& 1.50 \& 8.55 \& \\
    \hline \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{A verage current expenditure for-}} \\
    \hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline Owned principal home, total \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23.08
    5.19} \& 26. 45 \& 21. 99 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    18.92
    \]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{27.66} \& 13. 16 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
    27.84
    \]
    \[
    \text { 11. } 54
    \]} \& 37. 19 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{-34.34 11.14} \\
    \hline Taxes. \& \& 3.97 \& 4.97 \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
    \hline Assessment \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\stackrel{0}{9.14}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\stackrel{0}{5.81}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{\text {11. } 85}^{0}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{6}^{0} 20\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1.55
    3.18
    1} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5. 35} \& 1.02 \& \\
    \hline Repairs and replacemen \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\stackrel{71}{ }\)} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{2. 30

    4,} <br>
    \hline Fire insurance on home. \& 1.82 \& 1. 1.95 \& 1.76 \& 6. 20
    1.72 \& 1.66 \& \& 2.27 \& 1.87 \& <br>
    \hline Liability insurance \& 0 \& \& \& \& 0 \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Ground rent. \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 0 \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Interest on mortgages \& 5. 69 \& 10. 97 \& 3.41 \& 1.75 \& 10. 11 \& 2. 10 \& 8. 12 \& 15.87 \& 15. 28 <br>
    \hline Refinancing charges \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3.75
    60.40} \& 0 \& \& \& , \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Rented principal home, total \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{78.62} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{61}^{62.45}$} \& 178.62 \& 154.45 \& 157.11 \& 190.03 \& 223.92 <br>
    \hline Rent (gross rent less conces \& 70. 04 \& 60. 40 \& \& \& 178.04 \& 153. 94 \& 157.04 \& 189.71 \& <br>
    \hline Repairs by tenant \& - 50 \& 0 \& . 70 \& . ${ }^{\text {94 }}$ \& . 58 \& . 51 \& .$^{.07}$ \& . 32 \& 1.79 <br>
    \hline Secondary housing, total \& 1.29 \& 0 \& 1.03 \& 5.75 \& 1.14 \& 15 \& \& 1.74 \& 3.02 <br>
    \hline Owned vacation home \& \& 0 \& 0 \& \& \& \& 0 \& \& <br>
    \hline Rent on vacation or trip \& 51 \& 0 \& . 39 \& 2. 36 \& 1.09 \& 0 \& 0 \& 1.74 \& 3.02 <br>
    \hline Rent at sch \& 78 \& 0 \& 64 \& 3.3 \& . 5 \& 15 \& 0 \& \& <br>
    \hline Average number of rooms in dwelling $u$
    No. of families living in dwellings with- \& 3.51 \& 3.70 \& 3.42 \& 3. 40 \& 4.33 \& . 25 \& 4.15 \& 4.3 \& 4.55 <br>
    \hline No. of families living in dwellings with Less than 4 rooms. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline 4 rooms. \& 30 \& 10 \& 16 \& 4 \& 98 \& 32 \& 15 \& 34 \& 17 <br>
    \hline 5 rooms \& 0 \& , \& \& 1 \& 94 \& 25 \& 17 \& 9 \& <br>
    \hline 6 rooms \& 0 \& 0 \& , \& \& 25 \& 8 \& \& \& 2 <br>
    \hline 7 rooms or more \& \& \& \& \& 16 \& 3 \& \& \& <br>
    \hline II. Families who owned their principal home for 12 months \& \& 10 \& 12 \& \& 53 \& 12 \& \& 20 \& <br>
    \hline Av. no. of persons in economic family \& 4.37 \& 5. 44 \& 3.85 \& 3.30 \& 3.83 \& 4. 99 \& 4.03 \& 3.64 \& 2.26 <br>
    \hline A verage number of persons in household \& 4.48 \& 5.60 \& 3.79 \& 3. 79 \& 4.21 \& 5.10 \& 4.47 \& 4.05 \& 2.88 <br>
    \hline No. of families who invested during the schedule year in owned principal home... \& \& \& \& \& 27 \& \& \& 12 \& 4 <br>
    \hline Av.amt.invested dnring schedule year, total. \& \$18.45 \& \$19.31 \& \$17.71 \& \$18.52 \& \$68. 53 \& $\overline{\$ 24.77}$ \& \$72.06 \& $\overline{885.81}$ \& $\overline{\text { 885.22 }}$ <br>
    \hline Payt. on prin. of mortgage and down payt. \& 17.72 \& 19.31 \& 17.24 \& 15.17 \& 48.12 \& 21.97 \& 65. 13 \& 48.86 \& 57.84 <br>
    \hline Improvements on home.. \& . 73 \& 0 \& 47 \& 3.35 \& 20.41 \& 2.80 \& 6. 93 \& 36.9 \& 27.38 <br>
    \hline Average current housing expenditures on owned principal home, total \& 78.29 \& 82.01 \& 82. 37 \& 56. 77 \& \& 106. 36 \& 128. 52 \& 195.90 \& <br>
    \hline Taxes \& 18.75 \& 12.30 \& 21.12 \& 27.75 \& 65. 40 \& 75. 04 \& 53. 28 \& 63.50 \& 75.44 <br>
    \hline A ssessments \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 8.72 \& \& 24. 76 \& 4. 00 \& 7. 52 <br>
    \hline Repairs and replacemen \& 30. 10 \& 18. 02 \& 44.00 \& 18. 59 \& 19.09 \& 6. ${ }^{\text {c }} 73$ \& 2. 55 \& 34.02 \& 28.14 <br>
    \hline Fire insurance on home \& 6. 57 \& 6. 05 \& 7.47 \& 5.17 \& 9. 97 \& 5.73 \& 10.47 \& 10.09 \& 15. 23 <br>

    \hline Liability insurance on ho Ground rent \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & 0 \\
    & 0
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& 0 \& \[

    0
    \] \& 0 \& 0 <br>

    \hline Interest on mortgages
    Refinancing charges \& 18.40
    4.471 \& 34. 01 \& ${ }_{0}^{9.78}$ \& 5.26 \& 60.11

    .76 \& ${ }^{16.94}{ }_{2}{ }^{1}$ \& ${ }^{37.46}$ \& ${ }_{0}^{84.29}$ \& | 101.20 |
    | :--- | :--- |
    | 1.21 | <br>

    \hline
    \end{tabular}

    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, p. 431.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, p. 431.
    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p. 640.

    $$
    74390^{\circ}-41-29
    $$

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Detailed information not presented because of small number of familios in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { families } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100 \text { to }$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Housing Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey ${ }^{1}$... | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Average number of persons in economic family- | 3.85 | 6. 29 | 3. 34 | 2.29 |
    | Average number of persons in household- | 4. 03 | 6. 53 | 3. 49 | 2.44 |
    | Number of families investing in: Principal home. | 7 |  | , | 2 |
    | Number of families having current expenditure forOwned principal home: |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Assessments |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Repairs and replacements. | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 |
    | Fire insurance on home- | 21 | 4 | 9 |  |
    | Liability insurance on home | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ground rent- |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest on mortgages | ${ }_{2}^{14}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | 1 | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ |
    | Rented principal home: <br> Rent (gross rent less concessions) <br> Repairs by tennant. |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 65 | 18 | 35 | 12 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Secondary housing: |  |  |  |  |
    | Owned vacation home |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Rent on vacation or trips | , | 0 | 8 | 0 |
    | Rent at school <br> Average amount invested during schedule year in owned. principal home, total |  |  | 2 |  |
    |  | \$17.96 | \$40. 18 | \$7. 46 | \$15.40 |
    | Payment on principal of mortgage and down payment..... | 17.68 | 40.18 | 7.46 | 14.27 |
    | Improvements on home.---- | . 28 | 0 |  | 1. 13 |
    | Vacation home. |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | A verage current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Owned principal home, tota | 23.92 | 25.84 | 18. 49 | 32.54 |
    | Taxes........ | 8.16 |  | 6. ${ }^{181}$ |  |
    | Repairs and replacements | 2.46 | 1.61 | 3.54 | 1. 23 |
    | Fire insurance on home | 2.41 | . 88 | 2.53 | 3.75 |
    | Liability insurance on ho | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Ground rent |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Interest on mortgages | 10.08 | 16.35 | 4.95 | 13.61 |
    | Refinancing charges | 80 |  | 1.35 | . 57 |
    | Rented principal home, total | 94.15 | 100.87 | 102.75 | 70.28 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessio | 93.89 | 100.70 | 102.72 | 69.49 |
    | Repairs by tenant--..--- | . 26 | .$^{17}$ | . 03 | . 79 |
    | Secondary housing, total: | . 25 |  |  |  |
    | Owned vacation home- | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Rent on vacation or trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent at school. | 25 | 0 | 51 | 0 |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit. | 4.20 | 4. 57 | 4.21 | 3.81 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Less than 4 rooms | 40 |  | 19 | 13 |
    |  | 19 | 3 | 14 | 2 |
    |  | 19 | 8 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 5 |
    |  | 10 | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | 5 | 3 |
    |  |  |  | 5 |  |
    | II. Families who owned their principal home for 12 months... Average number of persons in economic family. | 31 | 7 | 12 | 12 |
    |  | 3.81 | 6. 88 | 3. 53 | 2.31 |
    | Average number of persons in household <br> Number of families who invested during the schedule year in owned principal home. | 3.92 | 7.05 | 3.60 | 2.42 |
    |  | 7 |  |  | 2 |
    | Average amount invested during schedule year, total. <br> Payment on principal of mortgage and down payment. <br> Improvements on home | \$55.64 | \$143.50 | \$29.21 | \$30.81 |
    |  | 54.76 | 143.50 | 29.21 | 28.54 |
    |  | . 88 | 0 | 0 | 2.27 |
    | Average housing expenditures on owned principal home, total | 74.08 | 92.30 | 72. 46 | 65.07 |
    |  | 25.26 | 24.96 | 23.95 | 26.76 |
    | Taxes $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Assessments $\qquad$ | 02 |  | 05 |  |
    |  | 7. 63 | 5.77 | 13.88 | 2. 46 |
    | Fire insurance on home-.... | 7. 46 | 3. 19 | 9.90 | 7.50 |
    |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Ground rent .-...........-- | 31.22 | 58.38 | 19.39 | 27.21 |
    |  | 2.40 | 0 | 5. 29 | 1. 14 |

    ${ }^{1}$ The total number of families surveyed includes those in each of the 4 subgroups shown in this table (i. e., home owners, house renters, apartment renters with heat included in rent, and apartment renters with heat not included in rent) and also families who changed their housing status during the year for whom no separate subgroup is shown.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Housing Expenditures-Continued <br> II. Families who owned their principal homef or 12 monthsContinued. <br> Average estimated annual rental value | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 179.00 \\ 105.00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 167.00 \\ 75.00 \end{array}$ | $\$ 184.00$ 112.00 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 180.00 \\ 115.00 \end{array}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average imputed income from equity in owned principal home. |  |  |  |  |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit Number of families living in dwellings withLess than 4 rooms. $\qquad$ <br> 4 rooms <br> 5 rooms $\qquad$ <br> 6 rooms. <br> 7 rooms or more | 5.27 | 5.84 | 5.57 | 4.63 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 6 | 1 | 2 |  |
    |  | 4. | 0 | 3 |  |
    |  | 8 | 2 | 1 |  |
    |  | 6 | 2 | 2 |  |
    |  | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
    | III. Families who rented house for 12 months A verage number of persons in economic family....-.................. Average number of persons in household. | 30 | 14 | 15 | 1 |
    |  | 4.66 | 6.09 | 3.22 | 6.01 |
    |  | 4.96 | 6.44 | 3. 53 | 5.75 |
    |  | \$150.27 | \$144.63 | \$138.99 | \$398. 48 |
    |  | 149.50 | 144.33 | 138.99 | 379.50 |
    | Rent (gross rent less concessions) <br> Repairs by tenant. | . 77 | . 30 | 0 | 18.98 |
    |  | 12.46 | 12.03 | 11.58 | 31.62 |
    | Average number of rooms in dwelling unit.......................... <br> Number of families living in dwellings with- <br> Less than 4 rooms. <br> 4 rooms. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> 5 rooms $\qquad$ <br> 6 rooms $\qquad$ <br> IV. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat included in rent. | 4.38 | 4.37 | 4.17 | 6.00 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 9 | 4 | 5 | 0 |
    |  | 5 | 2 | 3 |  |
    |  | 11 | 6 | 5 | 0 |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | V. Families who rented apartment for 12 months with heat not included in rent <br> A verage number of persons in economic family <br> Average number of persons in household. | 35 | 4 | 20 | 11 |
    |  | 3. 19 | 5.93 | 3.32 | 1. 95 |
    |  | 3.31 | 5. 93 | 3.40 | 2. 17 |
    | A verage expenditure for rented principal home, total $\qquad$ <br> Rent (gross rent less concessions) $\qquad$ <br> Repairs by tenant. <br> Average monthly rental rate $\qquad$ | \$129.41 | \$124. 20 | \$137. 23 | \$117.12 |
    |  | 129.37 | 124. 20 | 137.15 | 117.12 |
    |  | . 04 | 0 | . 08 | 0 |
    |  | 10.35 | 10.35 | 10.67 | 9.76 |
    | A verage number of rooms in dwelling unit | 3.11 | 3.05 | 3.42 | 2.57 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families living in dwellings with- <br> Less than 4 rooms. | 25 | 3 | 12 | 10 |
    | 4 Less than 4 rooms | 10 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
    | 5 rooms | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 6 rooms 7 rooms or more | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 640.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expend-iture unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 500 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 700$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 419 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 47 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | 375 | 71 | 84 | 90 | 51 | 37 | 42 |
    | Anthracite. | 300 | 64 | 74 | 70 | 37 | 25 | 30 |
    | Bituminous coa | 34 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
    | Coke. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Briquets. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 70 | 14 | 21 | 20 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
    | Fuel oil | 10 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
    | Gas | 382 | 70 | 81 | 93 | 57 | 37 | 44 |
    | Kerosene | 38 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice. | 276 | 67 | 76 | 57 | 37 | 20 | 19 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$103.37 | \$100.98 | \$97.03 | \$107.87 | \$96. 19 | \$112.26 | \$112. 52 |
    |  | 28.65 | 27.33 | 26.68 | 29.34 | 26.84 | 32.91 | 32.05 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 18. 47 | 17.70 | 17.32 | 19.62 | 16. 43 | 21.50 | 19.62 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 20.53 | 19.52 | 17.82 | 20.84 | 18.92 | 21.87 | 28.00 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 35. 72 | 36.43 | 35.21 | 38.07 | 34.00 | 35.98 | 32.85 |
    | Electricity | 23.56 | 22.04 | 20.89 | 24.39 | 22.22 | 27.25 | 28.13 |
    | Winter. | 6.13 | 5.82 | 5.46 | 6.47 | 5.81 | 6.83 | 7.06 |
    | Spring | 5. 79 | 5.39 | 5.14 | 5. 93 | 5.33 | 7.02 | 6.97 |
    | Summer | 5.63 | 5.17 | 4.95 | 5.71 | 5.32 | 6. 75 | 6.99 |
    | Fall. | 6.01 | 5.66 | 5.34 | 6.28 | 5.76 | 6. 65 | 7.11 |
    | Anthracite coal | 34.13 | 33.07 | 33.67 | 35.48 | 31.31 | 37.55 | 40.14 |
    | Winter.....- | 11. 69 | 11.16 | 11.86 | 11.44 | 10.12 | 13.66 | 13.18 |
    | Spring-.- | 2.51 | 1.82 | 2. 22 | 2.60 | 1.67 | 4.48 | 3.43 |
    | Summer | 4. 01 | 2. 78 | 1.99 | 3.55 | 3.83 | 4.04 | 11. 12 |
    | Fall | 16.52 | 17.31 | 17.60 | 17.89 | 15.69 | 15.37 | 12.41 |
    |  | 3.30 | 3.02 | 2.13 | 5.86 | 4.28 | 2.42 | 0 |
    |  | 1. 01 | . 40 | . 15 | 2.07 | 1.97 | 1.11 | 0 |
    |  | . 21 | . 16 | . 18 | . 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer. | . 09 | 0 | 0 | . 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall.-. | 1. 99 | 2.46 | 1.80 | 2.82 | 2.31 | 1.31 | 0 |
    | Coke.... | . 27 | . 34 | . 15 | 0 | . 61 | 0 | . 76 |
    | Briquets | . 02 | 0 | . 08 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
    | Wood | . 93 | 1.37 | 1.08 | . 99 | . 42 | . 71 | . 64 |
    | Fuel oil- | 1.42 | 0 | . 76 | . 45 | 2. 03 | 2.76 | 5. 12 |
    | Winter | . 68 | 0 | . 49 | . 15 | . 76 | 1.38 | 2. 56 |
    | Spring-- | . 08 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 51 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | . 03 | 0 | 0 | .15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | . 63 | 0 | . 27 | . 15 | . 76 | 1.38 | 2. 56 |
    | Gas. | 25.45 | 26. 68 | 24.58 | 27.08 | 22. 25 | 26.09 | 25.72 |
    | Winter | 6.56 | 6.96 | 6.27 | 6.98 | 5. 66 | 6.85 | 6. 64 |
    | Spring | 6.31 | 6.46 | 6. 13 | 6.83 | 5. 58 | 6.37 | 6.27 |
    | Summer | 6.13 | 6.33 | 6.00 | 6.49 | 5.40 | 6.30 | 6.20 |
    | Fall. | 6.45 | 6.93 | 6.18 | 6.78 | 5.61 | 6.57 | 6. 61 |
    | Kerosene | 1.67 | 1. 55 | 1.02 | 1.69 | 1.47 | 3.04 | 2.21 |
    | Gasoline (not for anto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice--........... | 12. 02 | 12.91 | 12. 67 | 11.93 | 11. 60 | 12. 44 | 9.82 |
    | Winter | 1.53 | 1. 64 | 1. 61 | 1.51 | 1. 47 | 1. 58 | 1. 25 |
    | Spring.- | 3.28 | 3.52 | 3.46 | 3.26 | 3.17 | 3.40 | 2.68 |
    | Summer | 4. 53 | 4.87 | 4.78 | 4. 50 | 4.37 | 4. 69 | 3.70 |
    | Fall | 2.68 | 2.88 | 2.82 | 2.66 | 2.59 | 2.77 | 2.19 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Expenditures for coke, charcoal (or briquets), wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 500 \text { to }$ | $\$ 800 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. | 302 | 688 | 69 | 69 | 41 | 23 | 32 |
    | Number of families spending for- | 297 | 65 | 68 | 69 | 40 | 23 | 2 |
    | Anthracite- | 262 | 50 | 62 | 58 | 33 | 20 | 29 |
    | Bituminous coal | 34 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
    | Coke | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wrood. | 62 | 12 | 17 | 19 | 6 |  | 4 |
    | Fuel oil | ${ }^{9}$ | 6 | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 69 | 3 | 12 | 3 |
    | Kerosene. | 27 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice... | 198 | 61 | 57 | 36 | 23 | 10 | 11 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$121.80 | \$104. 45 | \$111. 18 | \$130. 22 | \$128.76 | \$139.98 | \$141. 56 |
    |  | 27.49 | 22.51 | 23.93 | 28.65 | 29.99 | 35.28 | +34.43 |
    | Anthracite | 43.97 | 34. 72 | 39. 80 | 46. 14 | 45.58 | 55.31 | 57.71 |
    | Bituminous coal | 4.59 | 3.28 | 2.85 | 8.49 | 6.90 | 4.19 |  |
    | Coke.-- | .$^{.33}$ | .$^{.37}$ | 0 | 0 | . 99 |  | 1. 12 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Wood. | 1. 14 | 1. 43 | 1.16 | 1.42 | . 56 | . 72 | 94 |
    | Fuel oil | 1.98 |  | 1.01 | 63 | 3.28 | 4.78 | 7.52 |
    | Gas.-- | 29.03 | 27.46 | 28.17 | 30.94 | 28.31 | 30.36 | 30.07 |
    | Kerosene - | 1.39 | 1.69 | 1.13 | 2.27 | 1.46 | . 59 |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Ice.............. | 11.88 | 12.99 | 13.13 | 11. 68 | 11.69 | 8.75 | 9.77 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | payments for heat separately from rent- <br> Number of families spending for- | 45 | 3 | 13 | 12 | 6 | 8 | 3 |
    | Electricity-..-- | 41 | 3 | 12 | 10 |  | 8 | 2 |
    | Aituminous coal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 5 | 1 |
    | Coke. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 8 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Fuel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 42 |  | 11 | 11 | 6 | 8 |  |
    | Kerosene | 10 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice. | 31 | 3 | 9 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$88.45 | \$75.51 | \$77.47 | \$84. 28 | \$93.86 | \$108. 19 | \$101.99 |
    |  | 18.65 | 19.68 | 16.86 | 18.86 | 22.50 | 17.80 | 19.00 |
    | Anthracite. | 26.39 | 20.92 | 27.03 | 25.47 | 32.87 | 28.74 | 13.42 |
    | Bituminous coa | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Coke. | . 30 | 0 | 1.04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | . 16 | 0 | . 54 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Wood | . 94 | 1.58 | 1.54 | . 04 | . 83 | 1.50 | 0 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Gas.- | 23.67 | 20.00 | 20.39 | 26.82 | 26.00 | 23.47 | 24.98 |
    | Kerosene | 6. 00 | 0 | 1.20 | . 99 | 5.13 | 13.50 | 34.44 |
    | Gasoline (not for anto) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Iee.-.---.---....-- | 12.34 | 13.33 | 8.87 | 12.10 | 6.53 | 23.18 | 10.15 |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent |  | 3 | 10 | 17 | 16 | 8 | 11 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for:- | 6532 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | 3 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 7 |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 39 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | 3 <br> 3 | 10 | 10 | 7 9 | 6 4 | 8 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | $\$ 32.66$ | \$48.15 |  |  |  |  | \$37.01 |
    | Electricity -.........--...-..................- | 9.5710.9310, |  | 5.09 | 12.20 | 4.87 | 13.80 | 12.09 |
    | Gas. |  | 15.67 | 5. 27 | 12.45 | 7.38 | 15. 56 | 14.21 |
    | Ice- | 11.80 <br> 66 | 10.65 | 14.42 | 12.66 | 9.18 | 13.87 | 10.71 |
    | All other fuel. |  | 7.75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ? Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A}^{1} \mathrm{l} \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per yea. |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey.-. - --...- | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity | 85 | 15 | 40 | 30 | 195 | 83 | 59 | 53 |
    |  | 80 | 23 | 35 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal. | 16 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 158 | 80 | 48 | 30 |
    | Coke.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 10 | 13 | 9 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 39 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 69 | 30 | 28 | 11 |
    | Fuel oil | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gas.. | 53 | 7 | 22 | 24 | 160 | 56 | 50 | 54 |
    | Kerosene. | 53 | 13 | 29 | 11 | 22 | 13 | 5 | 4 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | Ice--------.--------- | 99 | 23 | 45 | 31 | 146 | 76 | 41 | 29 |
    | A verage expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total..- | \$91. 19 | \$79.44 | \$87. 75 | \$104.44 | \$97. 26 | \$92.31 | \$104. 59 | \$97. 09 |
    |  | 27.16 | 22.75 | 27.73 | 29.44 | 27.35 | 26. 65 | 30.25 | 25. 22 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 16.02 | 14.40 | 14.94 | 18.70 | 19.35 | 17.65 | 21.94 | 19. 23 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 18. 16 | 14.55 | 16.54 | 23. 06 | 23.35 | 22.06 | 23.05 | 25. 78 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 29.85 | 27.74 | 28.54 | 33. 24 | 27.21 | 25.95 | 29.35 | 26.86 |
    | Electricity | 15. 03 | 10.62 | 15.83 | 16.94 | 28.65 | 24.48 | 31.74 | 31. 96 |
    | Winter.- | 4.00 | 2.78 | 4. 25 | 4.50 | 7.29 | 6.43 | 7.99 | 7.90 |
    | Spring. | 3.56 | 2.55 | 3.71 | 4.03 | 7.06 | 6.04 | 7.98 | 7.68 |
    | Summer | 3.44 | 2.52 | 3.65 | 3.78 | 6.96 | 5.78 | 7.91 | 7.81 |
    | Fall. | 4.03 | 2.77 | 4. 22 | 4. 63 | 7.34 | 6.23 | 7.86 | 8.57 |
    | Anthracite | 30.59 | 35.95 | 29.77 | 28.02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter.- | 11. 50 | 12.05 | 12.63 | 9.49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 2.62 | 4.02 | 1.92 | 2.64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 2.85 | 3. 16 | 2. 52 | 3.12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 13.62 | 16.72 | 12.70 | 12.77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 4. 63 | . 26 | 4.36 | 8.11 | 22. 48 | 26. 18 | 21.41 | 17.62 |
    | Winter | 1.81 | 0 | 1.42 | 3.64 | 10.43 | 12. 62 | 10.89 | 6.35 |
    | Spring | . 61 | . 17 | . 88 | . 54 | 1. 69 | 2.23 | 1.95 | . 52 |
    | Summer | . 38 | . 09 | . 42 | . 54 | 2. 44 | 1. 97 | 1.46 | 4.29 |
    | Fall | 1.83 | 0 | 1.64 | 3.39 | 7.92 | 9.36 | 7.11 | 6.46 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3. 58 | 1.87 | 4. 60 | 5. 22 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 3.70 | 5.60 | 2.28 | 4. 40 | 1.07 | 1. 13 | 1. 53 | . 49 |
    | Fuel oil. | 1. 46 | 0 | 0 | 4.61 | . 12 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 40 | 0 |
    | Winter | . 62 | 0 | 0 | 1. 96 | . 03 | 0 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Spring. | . 10 | 0 | 0 | . 32 | . 03 | 0 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Summer | . 56 | 0 | 0 | 1.76 | . 03 | 0 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Fall | . 18 | 0 | 0 | . 57 | 4.03 | (3) | . 10 | 0 |
    | Gas | 12.85 | 7.04 | 10.36 | 20.51 | 2. 28 | 20.40 | 27.29 | 27.24 |
    | Winter | 3.21 | 1.78 | 2.48 | 5.27 | 6.39 | 5. 31 | 7.13 | 7.31 |
    | Spring | 3.19 | 1.80 | 2. 67 | 4.90 | 6. 00 | 4.96 | 6.81 | 6.79 |
    | Summer | 3.24 | 1.74 | 2.73 | 5.03 | 5. 70 | 4. 88 | 6.45 | 6.22 |
    | Fall... | 3.21 | 1. 72 | 2.48 | 5.31 | 6. 19 | 5.25 | 6.90 | 6.92 |
    | Kerosene. | 11.08 | 11.44 | 13.46 | 7.40 | . 72 | 1.46 | . 09 | (3) 20 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 13 | . 28 | . 04 | (3) |
    | Ice.-.-.-- | 11.85 | 8. 53 | 11. 69 | 14.45 | 16. 23 | 16. 51 | 17.49 | 14.36 |
    | Winter | 1.07 | . 77 | 1. 05 | 1.30 | 1.40 | . 58 | 2. 00 | 2. 07 |
    | Spring | 3. 20 | 2. 30 | 3.16 | 3. 90 | 3.97 | 3. 78 | 4. 28 | 3. 92 |
    | Summer | 5. 14 | 3. 70 | 5. 07 | 6. 27 | 7.22 | 8.50 | 7. 01 | 5. 35 |
    | Fall | 2.44 | 1.76 | 2.41 | 2.98 | 3.64 | 3. 65 | 4. 20 | 3.02 |

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families -Continued |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families-Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure anit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per ex penditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | \$400 and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent | 81 | 20 | 36 | 25 | 170 | 81 | 51 | 38 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity. | 68 | 13 | 30 | 25 | 162 | 75 | 51 | 36 |
    |  | 272 | 20 | 30 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bitumiuous coal | 12 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 151 | 75 | 46 | 30 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 10 | 12 | 9 |
    | Briquets. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 33 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 69 | 30 | 28 | 11 |
    | Fuel oil. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gas..... | 39 | 5 | 16 | 18 | 128 | 50 | 43 | 35 |
    |  | 37 | 9 | 21 | 7 | 21 | 13 | 5 | 3 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 76 | 20 | 33 | 23 |  | 66 | 40 | 20 |
    | A verage expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$100. 02 | \$82. 28 | \$95.91 | \$120.16 | \$103.41 | \$91.91 | \$114. 51 | \$112.80 |
    |  | 16. 77 | 11.62 | 16.97 | 20.60 | 29.94 | 24.86 | 32.82 | 36.88 |
    | Anthracite.---.-.-.-.----------- | 35.41 | 37.65 | 35. 60 | 33.35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal ---------------- | 4.62 | $0^{.31}$ | 4.23 | 8.68 | 25.36 | 26.23 | 24.38 | 24.80 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.25 | 2.03 | 5.41 | 7.43 |
    | Briquets. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 4.09 | 6.28 | 2.03 | 5.28 | 1. 26 | 1.21 | 1.79 | . 64 |
    | Fuel oil | 1.94 | 0 | 0 | 6. 27 | . 16 | (3) | . 48 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 13.55 | 6.52 | 10.87 | 23.05 | 24.90 | 19.56 | 30.08 | 29.29 |
    | Kerosene | 11.17 | 10.94 | 13.73 | 7.68 | . 86 | 1. 60 | . 11 | . 25 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 03 | . 05 | . 04 |  |
    |  | 12.47 | 8.96 | 12. 48 | 15. 25 | 16.65 | 16.37 | 19.40 | 13. 51 |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat seprately from rent $\qquad$ | 21 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 219 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
    | V. Number of families in apart- | $\underline{\square}$ |  |  | $\underline{\square}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | ments not making payments for heat separately from rent | 26 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 1 | 5 | 15 |
    | Number of families spending for: Electricity. |  |  |  |  | 20 | 1 | 5 | 14 |
    | Gas..........---- |  |  |  |  | 19 | 1 | 3 | 15 |
    | ICO. |  |  |  |  | 9 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total |  |  |  |  | \$56. 23 | \$78. 09 | \$47. 05 | \$57. 86 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | $24.79$ | 24.44 | 37.13 | 20.70 |
    | Gas |  |  |  |  | 19.23 | 27.92 | 9.92 | 21.75 |
    | Ice.-------- |  |  |  |  | 12. 20 | 25. 73 | 0 | 15.36 |
    | All other fuel. |  |  |  |  | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 05 |

    2. Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Birmingham, Ala,-Negro families |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Econon } \\ & \text { ilies } \\ & \text { exper } \\ & \text { year } \end{aligned}$ | ic level spendin diture | -Fam. <br> g per <br> ait per | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Famiilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 200}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey -.--------- | 101 | 38 | 44 | 19 | 294 | 94 | 105 | 85 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 59 | 14 0 | 28 | 17 | 249 3 | 81 | 93 | 75 |
    | Bituminous coal | 99 | 37 | 43 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 67 | 21 | 29 | 17 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
    | Fuel | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gas.- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 248 | 81 | 91 | 76 |
    | Kerosene. | 55 | 26 | 22 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Ice.--- | 98 | 37 | 43 | 18 | 191 | 75 | 64 | 52 |
    | Charcoal | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$58.21 | \$45. 31 | \$60.67 | \$78.69 | \$84.89 | \$81.67 | \$86. 60 | \$86. 26 |
    | Winter ${ }^{1}$ | 17.27 | 14.53 | 17.59 | 22.00 | 25.75 | 25.52 | 25.91 | 25.83 |
    | Spring 1 | 10.54 | 8.02 | 11. 69 | 13.22 | 19.50 | 18. 60 | 20.27 | 19.53 |
    | Summer | 14. 18 | 10.27 | 14. 72 | 20.80 | 18.49 | 17. 20 | 19.04 | 19.17 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ - | 16. 22 | 12. 49 | 16.67 | 22.67 | 21.15 | 20.35 | 21.38 | 21. 73 |
    | Electricity | 11.18 | 5. 19 | 12. 14 | 20.98 | 25. 19 | 22.47 | 26.39 | 26.55 |
    | Winter | 2.98 | 1.33 | 3.31 | 5.55 | 6.43 | 5.87 | 6.75 | 6.63 |
    | Spring | 2.71 | 1.23 | 3.03 | 4.94 | 6.02 | 5.41 | 6.34 | 6.27 |
    | Summer | 2.67 | 1.27 | 2.83 | 5.09 | 6.44 | 5.56 | 6.77 | 6.94 |
    | Fall. | 2.82 | 1.36 | 2.97 | 5. 40 | 6. 30 | 5.63 | 6.53 | 6.71 |
    | Anthracite | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 10 | . 32 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .10 | . 32 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 28.72 | 24.83 | 29.62 | 34.64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter. | 12.11 | 10.96 | 12. 05 | 14. 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 3.87 | 3.50 | 4.37 | 3.64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 3.64 | 2.44 | 4.00 | 5.23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 9.10 | 7.93 | 9. 20 | 11. 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke | . 21 | . 08 | . 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 2. 90 | 2.42 | 3.01 | 3.64 | . 61 | . 84 | . 78 | . 18 |
    | Fuel oil. | . 10 | . 23 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 03 |
    | Winter | . 05 | . 09 | . 03 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 03 |
    | Spring | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | ( ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | . 04 | . 09 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas.--- | . 53 | 0 | 1.24 | 0 | 42.92 | 41.24 | 43.83 | 43. 58 |
    | Winter. | . 11 | 0 | . 26 | 0 | 16.74 | 16.42 | 16.77 | 17.03 |
    | Spring. | . 12 | 0 | . 29 | 0 | 9.05 | 8.62 | 9.56 | 8.91 |
    | Summer | . 12 | 0 | . 29 | 0 | 6.10 | 5.64 | 6.45 | 6.17 |
    | Fall.-. | . 18 | 0 | . 40 | 0 | 11.03 | 10.56 | 11.05 | 11.47 |
    | Kerosene | 2.57 | 4.20 | 1. 60 | 1.54 | . 68 | 1.63 | . 44 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 13 | . 20 | . 08 | . 03 | . 08 | 0 | . 28 | 0 |
    | Ice ${ }_{\text {Winer }}$ | 11.85 | 8.08 | 12.53 | 17.86 | 15. 30 | 15.17 | 14.88 | 15.92 |
    | Winter | . 34 | . 18 | . 41 | . 51 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.89 | 2.02 |
    |  | 2.61 | 1.67 | 2.84 | 3.97 | 4. 18 | 4. 14 | 4.06 | 4.35 |
    |  | 6.49 | 4.93 | 6.58 | 9.39 | 5.77 | 5.72 | 5.61 | 6.00 |
    | Fall | 2.41 | 1.30 | 2. 70 | 3.99 | 3.41 | 3.38 | 3.32 | 3.55 |
    | Charcoal | . 02 | . 08 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Birmingham, Ala.-Negro families-Continued |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families -Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Fami lies spending per expenditure unit peryear |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Exxpenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Families in houses paying for heat separately from rent | 91 | 36 | 37 | 18 | 209 | 75 | 74 | 60 |
    | Number of families spending for- <br> Electricity | 56 | 14 | 25 | 17 | 204 | 73 | 73 | 58 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Biturninous coal | 88 | 35 | 36 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 59 | 19 | 23 | 17 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
    | Fuel oil. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gas. | , | 0 | , | 0 | 203 | 72 | 71 | 60 |
    |  | 46 | 24 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) -.......... | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
    |  | 89 | 35 | 36 | 18 | 133 | 60 | 41 | 32 |
    | Charcoal Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. Electricity | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | \$59.89 | \$46.35 | \$62. 47 | \$81. 63 | \$06. 67 | \$92. 23 | \$94.98 | \$104. 44 |
    |  | 11.93 | 5.48 | 13.43 | 21.78 | 29.68 | 26.15 | 36. 28 | 33.37 |
    | Anthracite. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 14 | . 41 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 29.87 | 25.30 | 31. 46 | 35. 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke. | . 05 | 0 | . 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets.---------------------------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 2. 94 | 2.44 | 2.98 | 3.85 | . 85 | 1.05 | 1.11 | . 28 |
    |  | . 10 | . 22 | . 03 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 05 |
    |  | . 32 | 0 | . 76 | 0 | 50.37 | 47.30 | 49.32 | 55. 51 |
    |  | 2.49 | 4. 28 | 1. 15 | 1.64 | . 94 | 1.97 | . 64 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto)..-......- | . 13 | -20 | . 09 | . 04 | . 12 | 0 | . 40 | 0 |
    |  | 11.92 | 8.27 | 12. 23 | 18. 59 | 14. 56 | 15.35 | 13.23 | 15. 23 |
    | Charcoal. | . 14 | . 16 | . 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | III. Families in houses not paying for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{2} 6$ | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | IV. Families in apts, paying for heat separately from rent. | ${ }^{2} 10$ | 2 | 7 | 1 | 39 | 8 | 18 | 13 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity - -------------------- |  |  |  |  | 38 | 7 | 18 | 13 |
    | Bituminous coal |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke... |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fuel oil |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. |  |  |  |  | 39 | 8 | 18 | 13 |
    | Kerosene. |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice...-.................. |  |  |  |  | 28 | 7 | 14 | 7 |
    | Charcoal. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. |  |  |  |  | \$92. 59 | \$74.88 | \$92. 54 | \$103.62 |
    | Electricity |  |  |  |  | 25.99 | 18.61 | 24.38 | 32.75 |
    | Antbracite. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fuel oil |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 |
    | Gas .-.......... |  |  |  |  | 47.48 | 40.03 | 47.05 | 52.69 |
    | Kerosene |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 6.64 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) .-......... |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice.........-.-.-. |  |  |  |  | 19.00 | 15.60 | 21.11 | 18. 18 |
    | V. Fharcoal |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | V. Families in apts. not paying for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 9 | 10 | 16 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice. |  |  |  |  | 25 | 8 | 8 | 9 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total. |  |  |  |  | \$17.82 | \$17.84 | \$18. 54 | \$17.32 |
    | Electricity......-...............-- |  |  |  |  | . 51 | $.28$ | 0 |  |
    | Gas. |  |  |  |  | .26 | 1.00 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice--....--..- |  |  |  |  | 17.05 | 16.56 | 18.54 | 16. 40 |
    | All other fuel... | --.--- | ----- | -- |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |

    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    in this total.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Houston, Tex.-White families, other than MexicanContinued |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-Mexican familiesContinued |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fuel, Light: and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> II. Number of families in bouses making payments for heat separately from rent. | 187 | 57 | 74 | 56 | 82 | 27 | 26 | 12 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  | 65 |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity-- <br> Anthracite. | 180 | 53 | 72 0 | 55 0 | 68 | 18 0 | 21 0 | 15 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coa | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke.-..... | 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 24 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 49 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 5 |
    | Fuel 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 182 | 54 | 73 | 55 | 29 | 6 | 12 | 6 | 5 |
    | Kerosene | 8 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 52 | 19 | 16 | 11 | 6 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice. | 136 | 47 | 54 | 35 | 75 | 23 | 26 | 18 | 8 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$82.30 | \$78.70 | \$78.75 | \$90.64 | \$48.89 | \$42.40 | \$51.83 | \$45. 31 | \$63.70 |
    |  | 25.47 | 23.18 | 24.44 | 29.18 | 13.46 | 11.68 | 14.60 | 11.35 | 18.61 |
    | Anthracite. | .06 | . 21 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous co | . 20 |  | . 43 | . 12 | . 10 | 0 | . 31 | 0 | 0 |
    | Coke. | . 40 | . 28 | . 79 | 0 | . 09 | . 03 | 0 | . 36 | 0 |
    | Briquets |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 25 | . 54 | 0 | . 36 | 0 |
    | Wood | 1.76 | 2.49 | 1.17 | 1.77 | 10.56 | 10.57 | 12.35 | 9.80 | 7.47 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Gas.-- | 35.95 | 34.41 | 34.99 | 38.78 | 8.10 | 4. 46 | 9.75 | 7.96 | 13. 36 |
    | Kerosene --.------- | . 32 | . 90 | . 05 | . 08 | 7.65 | 7.83 | 6.46 | 6.03 | 12.66 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 16 | . 34 | . 07 | . 07 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Ice...-.---......- | 17.98 | 16.89 | 16.81 | 20.64 | 8.68 | 7.29 | 8.36 | 9.45 | 11.60 |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\xrightarrow{-}$ |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent | 44 | 7 | 15 | 22 | 14 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for: Electricity | 38 | 6 | 13 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Anthracite. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous c | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | 44 | 7 | 15 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -.-.- |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 36 | 7 | 13 | 16 | ----- |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration, total. | \$73.04 | \$62.60 | \$77. 78 | $\$ 73.11$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 20.67 | $15.12$ | $22.09$ | 21. 46 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Anthracite... | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | -- |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  |  |  |
    | Coke.-.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquet | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ------ |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | 32.94 | 29.40 | 34.47 | 33.02 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | ${ }_{0} .04$ | . 25 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Grasoline (not for auto) | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }^{0} 1$ | ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | v. Numberof familiesin apartments | 19.39 | 17.83 | 21.22 | 18.63 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent | 10 | $=$ | 5 | $\xrightarrow{18}$ | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Number of families spending for:-- |  |  |  | 5 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 8 | 0 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$45. 55 | 0 | \$39.69 | \$51. 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | $\\|_{16.08}$ | 0 | $6.00$ | $26.15$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | $9.41$ | 0 | $3.90$ | 14.93 |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 20.06 | 0 | 29.79 | $10.32$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All other fuel |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |

    T'able 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { Allies }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Frmilies spending per oxpenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey -.---------1 | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending for Electricity | 129 | 30 | 70 | 29 | 54 | 10 | 34 | 10 |
    | Anthracite.....-----... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 74 | 18 | 49 | 7 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 85 | 25 | 53 | 7 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 128 | 30 | 68 | 30 | 18 | 3 | 10 | 5 |
    | Kerosene. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 63 | 20 | 40 | 3 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto). | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
    | Ice.-.....- | 132 | 36 | 70 | 26 | 95 | 27 | 58 | 10 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Winter ${ }^{\text {l }}$ - | $\$ 70.68$ 19.39 | $\$ 63.34$ 17.60 | $\$ 73.90$ 20.06 | $\$ 71.69$ 19.94 | $\$ 63.15$ 20.52 | $\$ 55.96$ 18.09 | $\$ 64.32$ 21.27 | $\$ 74.88$ 22.43 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 16.37 | 14.30 | 17.35 | 16.57 | 12.95 | 11.20 | 13.13 | 16.37 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 18.11 | 16. 30 | 19.12 | 17.89 | 15. 24 | 13.66 | 15.39 | 18.55 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 16. 81 | 15. 14 | 17. 37 | 17.39 | 14. 44 | 13.01 | 14.53 | 17. 53 |
    | Electricity. | 22.01 | 17.73 | 23.16 | 24.31 | 9.87 | 5.96 | 9.96 | 19.46 |
    | Winter-- | 6.38 | 5.19 | 6.85 | 6. 50 | 2. 66 | 1. 51 | 2.75 | 5. 10 |
    | Spring | 5.41 | 4.39 | 5.66 | 6.02 | 2.55 | 1. 58 | 2.59 | 4.86 |
    | Summer | 4.84 | 3. 78 | 4.95 | 5. 76 | 2. 23 | 1. 36 | 2.21 | 4.59 |
    | Fall | 5.38 | 4.37 | 5.60 | 6.03 | 2. 43 | 1. 51 | 2.41 | 4.91 |
    | Anthracite | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | . 54 | 1.31 | . 31 | . 15 | 11.50 | 9.56 | 12. 73 | 9.50 |
    | Winter-...---- | . 49 | 1.31 | . 22 | . 15 | 8.13 | 6.07 | 9.29 | 6.86 |
    | Spring-- | 0 | $0^{0}$ | $0_{0}$ | $0_{0}$ | . 49 | . 74 | .36 .36 | .55 0.55 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -. 51 | . 30 | . 70 | 0 |
    | Fall <br> Coke | $0^{.05}$ | 0 | 0.09 | 0 | 2. 37 | 2. 45 | 2. 38 | 2.09 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 42 | $0^{.74}$ | . 34 | 0 |
    | Wriquets | ${ }^{0} 53$ | ${ }_{2}^{0} 0$ | 0 0 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r}.03 \\ \hline 0.16\end{array}$ | ${ }^{0} 1$ | . 05 | 0 |
    | Wood Fuel | $0^{.53}$ | 2.00 | 0 | 0 | 20.16 | 21.83 | 20.46 | 14. 11 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas- | 23. 57 | 20.39 | 25. 14 | 23.69 | 2.85 | 1.64 | 1.92 | 11. 17 |
    | Winter | 9. 73 | 8.56 | 10. 27 | 9.86 | 1. 30 | . 85 | . 87 | 4.83 |
    | Spring | 5. 15 | 4.24 | 5.57 | 5. 27 | . 67 | . 40 | . 51 | 2.25 |
    | Summer | 3. 33 | 2.97 | 3. 63 | 3.07 | . 24 | 11 | . 11 | 1.36 |
    | Fall. | 5.36 | 4.62 | 5. 67 | 5.49 | . 64 | 28 | . 43 | 2.73 |
    | Kerosene- | . 42 | . 28 | . 21 | 1.00 | 4.57 | 4. 44 | 5.09 | 2.00 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    |  | 23.61 | 21.63 | 25.08 | 22. 64 | 13.74 | 11. 79 | 13.76 | 18.64 |
    | Winter | 2. 46 | 1.78 | 2.57 | 2.97 | . 41 | . 14 | . 40 | 1. 16 |
    | Spring | 5. 61 | 5.23 | 6.07 | 5.05 | 3.55 | 2.83 | 3.68 | 4. 68 |
    | Summer | 9.78 | 9. 14 | 10.48 | 8.98 | 6. 68 | 6.28 | 6.54 | 8. 48 |
    | Fall-------------------------1-1 | 5.76 | 5.48 | 5.96 | 5. 64 | 3.10 | 2.54 | 3.14 | 4. 32 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Expenditures for coke, charcoal (or briquets) wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fucl, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White familiescontinued |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro familiescontinued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Familios spending per exponditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 6009 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and ovor |  | Under | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> II. Number of familios in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. <br> Number of families spending for-- <br> Electricity. <br> Anthracite. $\qquad$ <br> Bituminous coal <br> Coke. $\qquad$ <br> Briquets. $\qquad$ <br> Wood $\qquad$ <br> Fuel oil. $\qquad$ <br> Gas. $\qquad$ <br> Kerosene $\qquad$ <br> Gasoline (not for auto) $\qquad$ <br> Ice. $\qquad$ | 98 | 27 | 61 | 20 | 498 | 26 | 61 | 11 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 25 | 50 | 19 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 93 | 24 | 50 | 19 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 48 | 16 |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration, total | \$81. 24 | \$75.92 | \$82. 48 | \$85. 29 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 25.55 | 22.68 | 26.15 | 27.90 |  |  |  |  |
    | Anthracite |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous co | . 76 | 1.89 | 4.47 | 0 | - |  |  |  |
    | Coke.... |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -..----- |  |  |  |
    | Wood... | . 79 | 2.87 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas.. | 27.51 | 24.60 | 28.65 | 28.46 |  |  |  |  |
    | Korosene. | . 62 | . 40 | . 32 | 1.75 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Icc.-..-.......- | 26.01 | 23. 48 | 26.89 | 27.18 |  |  |  |  |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. | 32 | 6 | 16 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity. | 30 | 5 | 16 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
    | Anthracite..-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | ------- |  |  |  |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Euel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | 32 | 6 | 16 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Ice.-......---.-....... | 26 | 6 | 14 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$67. 29 | \$51. 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | $\$ 67.29$ 22.63 | \$13.18 | \$11.02 | $\$ 70.73$ 28.10 |  |  |  |  |
    | Anthracite | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | --- |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal | . 16 | 0 | 0 | . 52 | ---7--- |  |  |  |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{.52}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas. | 25.49 | 21.82 | 26.83 | 25.55 |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | . 04 | 0 | . 06 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 18.97 | 16.61 | 21.35 | 16. 56 |  |  |  |  |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent | ${ }^{2} 18$ | 6 | 8 | 4 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jacksonville, Fla.-White tamilies |  |  |  | Louisville, Ky.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> I. All families in survey.............. Number of families spending for- | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 | 197 | 92 | 69 | 36 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 159128 | 48 | 63 | 48 | 186 1 | 89 |  | 36031 |
    | Aituraminous coal. |  | 6 20 0 | 34 | 3 3 | 1760 | 1 | 5 |  |
    | Ooke.-- | 88 | 0 | 1 | 00 |  | 0 | 0 | 31 0 |
    | Briquets. | 118 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Wood. |  | 1 | 43 | 30 | 9 | 4 | 400 | ${ }_{35}^{0}$ |
    | Fuel oil | ${ }^{6}$ |  |  | 31 | 1 | 84 |  |  |
    | Gas- | 72 | 11513 | 3053 |  | 180 |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | 134 |  |  | 30 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 35 $\mathbf{0}$ 0 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) <br> Ice. | 6 145 |  | 57 |  |  | 72 | 47 | 12 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total..- | \$92. 23 | \$75. 62 | \$89.32 | \$115.91 | \$93.78 | \$93.89 | \$87.97 | \$104. 81 |
    | Winter 1-..--.............--- | 29.16 | 23.11 | 28.40 | 37.32 | 26.01 | 26.56 | 23.18 | 30, 05 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 19.60 | 16.27 | 18.91 | 24.57 | 16.89 | 15.92 | 16. 98 | 19.27 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 20.03 | 17.01 | 19.89 | 23.80 | 19.84 | 19.85 | 20.01 | 19.61 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ - | 23.44 | 19. 23 | 22.12 | 30.22 | 31.04 | 31.56 | 27.80 | 35. 88 |
    | Electricity | 31.52 | 20.02 | 29.20 | 48.29 | 22.99 | 21.21 | 20.98 | 31.45 |
    | Winter | 8.29 | 5.46 | 7.72 | 12.41 | 6.28 | 6.00 | 5.81 | 7.90 |
    | Spring- | 7.75 | 4.88 | 7.13 | 12.01 | 5. 40 | 4.88 | 5. 00 | 7.50 |
    | Summer | 7.74 | 4.82 | 7. 13 | 12.01 | 5. 27 | 4. 66 | 4. 68 | 7.99 |
    | Fall- | 7.74 | 4. 86 | 7.22 | 11. 86 | 6. 04 | 5.67 | ${ }_{0}^{5.49}$ | 8.06 |
    | Anthracite. | 1. 12 | 1.60 | . 42 | 1.53 | . 20 | . 42 |  |  |
    | Winter- |  | . 66 | . 18 | . 68 | . 10 | $0^{.21}$ | a | 0 |
    | Spring-- | . 04 | . 08 | . 04 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | ${ }^{0} .60$ | ${ }^{0} .86$ | ${ }^{0} .20$ | ${ }^{0} .85$ | ${ }^{0} \cdot 10$ | ${ }^{0} .21$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 7.42 | 4.08 | 6. 50 | 12.61 | 33.02 | 33.87 | 29. 92 | 36.82 |
    | Winter- | 5. 26 | 3. 29 | 4.71 | 8.32 | 10. 32 | 11. 16 | 8. 62 | 11. 41 |
    | Spring | . 12 | . 05 | . 07 | $0^{.27}$ | 2.14 | 1.51 | ${ }^{2} 5.55$ | 2. 99 |
    | Summer | 10 .194 | ${ }^{0} 74$ | . 26 |  | 4. 81 | 4. 97 | 5. 34 | 3. 40 |
    | Coke... |  | $0^{.74}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 19.02 |
    | Briquets. | . 08 | 0 | . 20 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
    | Wood. | 5.84 | 8.55 | 5.38 | 3.33 | . 30 | . 51 | .$^{12}$ | ${ }^{.06}$ |
    | Fuel oil. | . 93 | . 67 | . 80 | 1.35 | . 04 | . 08 |  | 0 |
    | Winter <br> Spring | .63 .10 | - 43 | . 58 | . 94 | .01 | . 02 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 01 | . 02 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall.. |  | . 07 | 14 | 34 | 01 | 02 |  |  |
    | Gas. | 12.99 | 5. 26 | 14.02 | 20.67 | 23. 60 | 22.95 | 22.33 | 27.71 |
    | Winter | 3. 56 | 1. 39 | 3. 97 | 5.55 | 7.48 | 7.16 | 6. 80 | 9. 60 |
    | Spring- | 3. 11 | 1. 22 | 3. 29 | 5. 09 | 5.56 | 5.34 | 5.43 | 6. 39 |
    | Summer | 2. 86 | 1.21 | 2.89 | 4.75 | 4.54 | 4. 46 | 4. 47 | ${ }_{8.91}{ }^{4.91}$ |
    | Fall | 3.46 11.96 | 15. 63 | $\begin{array}{r}3.87 \\ 12.18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.28 7.36 | 6.02 .13 | 5.99 .87 | ${ }_{0}^{5.63}$ | ${ }_{0}^{6.81}$ |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 1. 39 | 1.55 | 12. 01 | . 72 | $0^{.8}$ |  | 0 |  |
    | Ice ---...- | 20.01 | 19. 26 | 20.61 | 20.05 | 13. 50 | 14. 58 | 14. 62 | 8.77 |
    | Winter | 3.07 | 2.38 | 3.09 | 3.86 | 1.71 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.11 |
    | Spring--- | 5.10 | 5.01 | 5. 8 | 5.09 | 3. 69 | 3. 98 | 3. 99 | 2.39 |
    | Summer-..----- | 6. 66 | 6. 74 | 7.18 5 | 5.85 | 5. 09 | 5.50 3 3 | 5. 51 | 3.31 1.96 |
    | Fall...... | 5.18 | 5.13 | 5.16 | 5.25 | 3.01 | 3.25 | 3.26 | 1.96 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Expenditures for coke, charcoal (or briquets), wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
    \hline \multirow{3}{*}{Item} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Jacksonville, Fla.-White-fami-lies-Continued} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Louisville, Ky.-White-fami-lies-Continued} <br>
    \hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
    \begin{gathered}
    \text { All } \\
    \text { fami- } \\
    \text { lies }
    \end{gathered}
    $$} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{All families} \& \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Economic level-Families spending per ex penditure unit per year} <br>
    \hline \& \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \text { Under } \\
    & \$ 400
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \$ 400 \\
    & \text { to } \\
    & \$ 600
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $\$ 600$ and over \& \& $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \text { Under } \\
    & \$ 400
    \end{aligned}
    $$ \& $$
    \begin{gathered}
    \$ 400 \\
    \text { to } \\
    \$ 600
    \end{gathered}
    $$ \& $\$ 600$ and over <br>
    \hline Fucl, Light, and Refngeration Expenditures \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{103} \& \multirow{3}{*}{32} \& \multirow{3}{*}{41} \& \multirow{3}{*}{30} \& \multirow{3}{*}{139} \& \multirow{3}{*}{74} \& \multirow{3}{*}{39} \& \multirow{3}{*}{26} <br>
    \hline II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Number of families spending for- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline Electricity.---.------------------ \& 95 \& 27 \& 39 \& 29 \& 137 \& 73 \& 38 \& 26 <br>
    \hline Anthracite.- \& 7 \& 3 \& 2 \& 2 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Bituminous coal \& 57 \& 11 \& 23 \& 23 \& 137 \& 74 \& 38 \& 25 <br>
    \hline Coke.- \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Briquets \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Wood \& 64 \& 25 \& 22 \& 17 \& 7 \& 4 \& 3 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Fuel oil \& 4 \& 0 \& 1 \& 3 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gas. \& 31 \& 3 \& 14 \& 14 \& 132 \& 68 \& 38 \& 26 <br>
    \hline Kerosene \& 78 \& 28 \& 32 \& 18 \& 4 \& 4 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gasoline ( not for auto) --.....--- \& 3 \& 1 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline  \& 79 \& 29 \& 32 \& 18 \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{87 55} \& 25 \& 7 <br>
    \hline Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigration, total. - \& \$99.10 \& \$78.76 \& \$97.09 \& \$123. 57 \& \$101.59 \& \$96.73 \& \$106. 37 \& \$108. 20 <br>
    \hline  \& 37.88 \& 22.78 \& 36.35 \& 56.07 \& 24.93 \& 22.48 \& 24.34 \& 32. 73 <br>
    \hline Anthracite. \& 1.02 \& 1.09 \& . 43 \& 1.75 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Bituminous coal \& 9.68 \& 5.12 \& 8.76 \& 15.80 \& 39.11 \& 36. 29 \& 41.58 \& 43.47 <br>
    \hline Coke_--- \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Briquets \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Wood \& 6.00 \& 10.32 \& 5.13 \& 2.58 \& . 37 \& . 60 \& . 14 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Fuel oil \& 1.06 \& 0 \& 1.34 \& 1.80 \& . 04 \& . 08 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gas. \& 10.84 \& 2.02 \& 11. 59 \& 19.22 \& 24.35 \& 23.46 \& 24.69 \& 26.44 <br>
    \hline Rerosene \& 12. 28 \& 17. 30 \& 13.13 \& 5.77 \& - 18 \& . 33 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gasoline (not for auto) -...-....- \& . 34 \& 19.35 \& . 0.02 \& . 80 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& <br>
    \hline  \& 20.00 \& 19.78 \& 20.34 \& 19.78 \& 12.61 \& 13.49 \& 15. 62 \& 5.56 <br>
    \hline III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat. separately from rent \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 22 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 <br>
    \hline IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent \& \multirow[b]{13}{*}{62

    53
    4
    28
    0
    1
    50
    2
    36
    45
    2
    53} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{22} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{17} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{44} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{16} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{20} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8} <br>
    \hline Number of families spending for- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
    \hline  \& \& 17 \& 20 \& 16 \& 42 \& 15 \& 19 \& 8 <br>
    \hline Anthracite.. \& \& 2 \& 1 \& 1 \& 1 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Bituminous co \& \& 8 \& 10 \& 10 \& 39 \& 15 \& 18 \& 6 <br>
    \hline Coke \& \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Briquets \& \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Wood \& \& 19 \& 18 \& 13 \& 4 \& 2 \& 1 \& 1 <br>
    \hline Fuel oil \& \& 1 \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gas.-- \& \& 7 \& 15 \& 14 \& 42 \& 15 \& 19 \& 8 <br>
    \hline Kerosene \& \& 18 \& 17 \& 10 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gasoline (not for auto)...-.-. --- \& \& 1 \& 0 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline  \& \& 21 \& 20 \& 12 \& 36 \& 16 \& 16 \& 4 <br>
    \hline Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. \& \$86. 78 \& \$75.88 \& \$82.53 \& \$106.62 \& \$85.67 \& \$88. 20 \& \$75. 10 \& \$107. 12 <br>
    \hline  \& 24.31 \& 16.80 \& 20.77 \& 38.80 \& 19.24 \& 17.09 \& 17.17 \& 28.72 <br>
    \hline Anthracite \& 1.22 \& 1.80 \& +52 \& 1.41 \& . 88 \& 2.42 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Bituminous coal \& 4.90 \& 3. 26 \& 3.78 \& 8.54 \& 22.95 \& 25.68 \& 20.18 \& 24.44 <br>
    \hline  \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline  \& . 23 \& 0 \& ${ }^{5} .61$ \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& <br>
    \hline  \& 6.03 \& 7.09 \& 5. 59 \& 5.24 \& . 13 \& . 12 \& .10 \& . 26 <br>
    \hline Fuel oil \& . 85 \& 1.78 \& 0 \& . 79 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline  \& 17.26 \& 10. 52 \& 19.47 \& 22.99 \& 25.82 \& 22, 44 \& 23.94 \& 37.28 <br>
    \hline Kerosene \& 11.46 \& 13. 73 \& 11.19 \& 8.90 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
    \hline Gasoline (not for auto) .----------- \& ${ }^{2} .43$ \& . 68 \& 0 \& . 67 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& <br>
    \hline  \& 20.09 \& 20.20 \& 20.60 \& 19.28 \& 16.65 \& 20.45 \& 13.71 \& 16.42 <br>
    \hline V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent ${ }^{2}$ - \& 3 \& 1 \& 1 \& 1 \& 10 \& 0 \& 8 \& 2 <br>
    \hline
    \end{tabular}

    ${ }^{2}$ Detalled information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix 1, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year. |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey -------- | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    | Number of families spending for- | 64 | 12 | 32 | 20 | 173 | 61 | 60 | 52 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 64 | 12 | 35 | 17 | 165 | 62 | 50 | 43 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 9 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 39 | 25 | 7 | 7 |
    | Fuel oil. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas...-. | 44 | 7 | 23 | 14 | 156 | 47 | 56 | 53 |
    |  | 16 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 22 | 15 | 4 | 3 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
    | Ice. | 69 | 14 | 37 | 18 | 175 | 62 | 60 | 53 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light and refrigeration, total | \$92. 43 | \$87. 90 | \$91. 02 | \$98. 30 | \$111.00 | \$102. 51 | \$114. 12 | \$118.38 |
    |  | 27.77 | 26.78 | 27.54 | 28.91 | 32.85 | 30. 14 | 34. 42 | 34.59 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 14.73 | 13.17 | 14.17 | 16.90 | 25. 56 | 23.47 | 26. 40 | 27.33 |
    | Summer | 20.29 | 20.37 | 20.91 | 18.96 | 22.49 | 22.77 | 21.56 | 23.14 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 29.64 | 27.58 | 28.40 | 33.53 | 30. 10 | 26.13 | 31.74 | 33.32 |
    | Electricity | 16.67 | 17.71 | 15.01 | 19.26 | 24.94 | 20.31 | 26.88 | 28.67 |
    | Winter | 4.95 | 5. 48 | 4. 44 | 5. 60 | 6. 60 | 5.40 | 7.11 | 7.56 |
    | Spring | 3.76 | 4.04 | 3.32 | 4.44 | 6. 10 | 5. 07 | 6.53 | 6.93 |
    | Summer. | 3.44 | 3.38 | 3.18 | 4.01 | 5. 85 | 4. 68 | 6.34 | 6. 79 |
    | Fall.- | 4.52 | 4.81 | 4. 07 | 5.21 | 6.30 | 5.16 | 6. 90 | 7.39 |
    | Anthracite | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Winter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 39.40 | 37.65 | 42.09 | 35. 24 | 31.94 | 31. 39 | 32.65 | 31.87 |
    | Winter | 15.57 | 14.40 | 16. 45 | 14.61 | 14.63 | 15. 55 | 14. 58 | 13. 53 |
    | Spring | 1.96 | 1. 58 | 2. 32 | 1.52 | 5.37 | 4.98 | 5.92 | 5. 28 |
    | Summer | 5.39 | 6.73 | 6.96 | 1.31 | 1.03 | 2.08 | . 30 | . 49 |
    | Fall. | 16. 48 | 14.94 | 16.36 | 17.80 | 10.91 | 8.78 | 11.85 | 12. 57 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Wood | 1.36 | 1. 45 | 1. 49 | 1.00 | 1.33 | 2.60 | . 35 | . 76 |
    | Fuel oil. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | W inter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 15.88 | 13. 68 | 13.61 | 21.93 | 29.70 | 22.99 | 32.21 | 35. 42 |
    | Winter | 4.82 | 4.35 | 4. 22 | 6. 34 | 9.12 | 6. 65 | 10.18 | 11.08 |
    | Spring | 3.73 | 2.95 | 3. 27 | 5.18 | 7.18 | 5. 56 | 7.59 | 8.77 |
    | Summer | 3.16 | 2.49 | 2.71 | 4. 54 | 5.92 | 4.95 | 6.15 | 6.88 |
    | Fall. | 4.17 | 3.89 | 3.41 | 5.87 | 4. 78 | 5.83 | 8.29 | 8.69 |
    | Kerosene | 1.86 | 1.99 | 2.19 | 1.10 | 1.66 | 2.75 | 1.03 | 1.00 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 08 | . 08 | . 12 | 0 | . 01 | . 06 | 0 | . 03 |
    | Ice | 17.18 | 15.34 | 16.51 | 19.77 | 21. 42 | 22.41 | 21.00 | 20.63 |
    | Winter | 1.55 | 1.38 | 1. 49 | 1.78 | 1.83 | 1.38 | 2.29 | 1. 90 |
    | Spring | 4. 64 | 4. 14 | 4. 46 | 5.34 | 6.19 | 6.46 | 6.07 | 5.98 |
    | Summer | 7.45 | 6.66 | 7.16 | 8.58 | 8.99 | 9.75 | 8.46 | 8.61 |
    | Fall | 3. 54 | 3.16 | 3. 40 | 4.07 | 4.41 | 4.82 | 4. 18 | 4. 14 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Expenditure for coke, charcoal (or briquets), wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of amall number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appondix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro families |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | \$100 to | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey --.-.-.-.-- | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity | 48 | 10 | 27 | 11 | 129 | 61 | 40 | 26 |
    | Anthracite......-.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 92 | 23 | 52 | 17 | 98 | 52 | 25 | 21 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 89 | 21 | 52 | 16 | 81 | 51 | 17 | 13 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 89 | 34 | 28 | 27 |
    | Kerosene | 60 | 17 | 34 | 9 | 64 | 42 | 16 | 6 |
    | Gasoline (not for aute) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
    | Ice.---.-.-....--- | 83 | 22 | 45 | 16 | 109 | 68 | 25 | 16 |
    | Charcoal | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Average expenditures for tuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total...- | \$78.06 | \$70. 46 | \$78.02 | \$88.36 | \$100.83 | \$92. 53 | \$105. 54 | \$114. 43 |
    | Wpring ${ }^{1}$ | 20.69 | 22.08 | 27.45 | 30.53 | 30.04 | 27.05 | 31. 41 | 35.40 |
    | Spring ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 15.51 | 15. 53 | 15. 14 | 16.65 | 22.54 | 20.44 | 23. 61 | 26.11 |
    | Fall ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 16. 58 | 15. 11 | 16. 58 | 18. 58 | 23.25 | 22.80 | 23. 39 | 24. 13 |
    | Electricity | 19.28 | 17. 74 | 18.85 | 22.60 | 25.00 | 22. 24 | 27. 13 | 28. 79 |
    | Electricity | 9.30 | 8.19 | 9.66 | 9.73 | 30.38 | 24.23 | 35. 41 | 38.36 |
    | Winter. | 2.45 | 2.17 | 2.53 | 2.56 | 7.81 | 6.26 | 9.06 | 9.87 |
    | Spring | 2.28 | 2. 03 | 2.40 | 2.28 | 7.50 | 6.03 | 8.84 | 9.20 |
    | Summer | 2.21 | 1.97 | 2. 29 | 2.30 | 7.52 | 5.96 | 8.74 | 9.62 |
    | Fall | 2.36 | 2.02 | 2.44 | 2.59 | 7.55 | 5.98 | 8.77 | 9.67 |
    | Anthracite | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 32. 17 | 28.63 | 33.41 | 33.34 | 11.70 | 11.31 | 10.04 | 14.87 |
    | Winter. | 17.35 | 13. 52 | 18.58 | 18.92 | 7.23 | 7.45 | 6.51 | 7.67 |
    | Spring. | 4.19 | 4.74 | 4.01 | 3.99 | . 74 | . 84 | . 30 | 1.09 |
    | Summer | 1.84 | 2.01 | 1. 96 | 1. 28 | . 40 | . 32 | 0 | 1. 14 |
    | Fall. | 8.79 | 8.36 | 8.86 | 9.15 | 3.33 | 2. 70 | 3.23 | 4.97 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 16. 20 | 14. 27 | 16.52 | 17.91 | 7.92 | 11.57 | 3.94 | 4. 53 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Winter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas.. | . 89 | 0 | 0 | 4.64. | 26.77 | 17. 76 | 34.05 | 38.68 |
    | Winter | . 27 | 0 | 0 | 1.39 | 8. 55 | 5. 12 | 11. 02 | 13.47 |
    | Spring | . 20 | 0 | 0 | 1.06 | 6. 48 | 4.30 | 8.31 | 9.27 |
    | Summer | . 18 | 0 | 0 | . 94 | 5. 18 | 3.96 | 6.15 | 6.82 |
    | Fall | 24 | 0 | 0 | 1. 25 | 6.56 | 4.38 | 8.57 | 9.12 |
    | Kerosene | 3.26 | 4. 10 | 2.88 | 3.19 | 6.81 | 8.76 | 626 | 2.84 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 12 | . 17 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Ice | 16.08 | 15.07 | 15.35 | 19.55 | 16. 68 | 18.07 | 15.43 | 15.04 |
    | Winter | 1.45 | 1.36 | 1.38 | 1.76 | 1.27 | . 83 | 1.47 | 2.06 |
    |  | 4.34 | 4.07 | 4.15 | 5. 28 | 4. 52 | 4.72 | 3.79 | 5.01 |
    | Summer | 6.98 | 6.54 | 6. 66 | 8.48 | 7. 16 | 8.54 | 6.47 | 4. 80 |
    | Fall. | 3.31 | 3. 10 | 3. 16 | 4.03 | 3. 73 | 3.98 | 3. 70 | 3.17 |
    | Charcoal | . 16 | . 20 | . 20 | 0 | . 44 | . 66 | . 31 | . 11 |

    1 Expenditures for coke, charcoal (or briquets), wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro fami-lies-Continued |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White familiesContinued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\$ 100 \text { to }$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent $\qquad$ | 62 | 17 | 36 | 9 | 120 | 67 | 37 | 25 |
    | Electricity ...... | 34 | 7 | 19 | 8 | 115 | 55 | 36 | 24 |
    | Anthracite. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 60 | 16 | 36 | 8 | 92 | 48 | 24 | 20 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 58 | 15 | 36 | 7 | 74 | 46 | 16 | 12 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 76 | 31 | 24 | 21 |
    | Kerosene. | 39 | 12 | 25 | 2 | 57 | 36 | 16 | 5 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto)........-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 57 | 15 | 34 | 8 | 97 | 62 | 22 | 0 |
    | Charcoal | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 13 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. . | \$78. 71 | \$69.21 | \$80.01 | \$91.56 | \$102. 35 | \$93.89 | \$102.83 | \$124.36 |
    |  | 10.28 | 8.93 | 9.83 | 14.66 | 31.10 | 24.20 | 36.35 | 41.85 |
    | Anthracite. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. |
    | Bituminous coal | 33.31 | 29.57 | 34.96 | 33.78 | 12.55 | 12.01 | 10.01 | 17.76 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Wood | 14.01 | 12.11 | 15.80 | 10.38 | 8.68 | 12.32 | 4.33 | 5.37 |
    | Fuel oil. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Gas. | 1.34 | 0 | 0 | 9.28 | 26.40 | 17.26 | 32.12 | 42.42 |
    | Kerosene. | 3.07 | 4.26 | 2.88 | 1.60 | 6.80 | 8.88 | 6.24 | 2. 05 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 10 | . 19 | . 01 | 0 |
    | ICe.. | 16.54 | 14.34 | 16. 26 | 21.86 | 16.22 | 18.31 | 13.43 | 14.77 |
    | Charcoal | . 16 | 0 | . 28 | 0 | . 50 | . 72 | . 34 | . 14 |
    | II. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent | ${ }^{2} 1$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. | 31 | 7 | 15 | 9 | ${ }^{2} 16$ | 7 | 4 | 5 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity | 14 | 3 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal | 31 | 7 | 15 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood. | 30 | 6 | 15 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | 21 | 5 | 9 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Ice....-.-...----......- | 27 | 7 | 12 | 8 |  |  |  |  |
    | Charcoal | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -------- | ------- | - | ------- |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$78.76 | \$73.56 | \$77.38 | \$85. 20 |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity.......................--- | 7.63 | 6.39 | 9.90 | 4.84 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal | 30.94 | 26.30 | 31.93 | 32.90 |  |  |  |  |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |  |  |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood | 20.95 | 19.53 | 18.94 | 25.42 |  |  |  |  |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gas.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene- | 3.72 | 3.74 | 3.07 | 4.80 |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) .-........- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 15.36 | 16.84 | 13.54 | 17. 24 |  |  |  |  |
    | Oharcoal. | . 16 | . 76 | 0 | 0 | --------- |  |  |  |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

    3 Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Als.-Negro families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-White families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { fami- }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey .-..---- | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 | 318 | 97 | 60 | 108 | 53 |
    | Number of families spending forElectricity. | 29 | 9 | 16 | 4 | 281 | 75 | 57 | 97 | 52 |
    | Anthracite.- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 74 | 30 | 15 | 25 | 4 |
    | Bituminous coal | 70 | 15 | 46 | 9 | 53 | 19 | 10 | 14 | 10 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 89 | 31 | 48 | 10 | 72 | 28 | 17 | 22 | 5 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 265 | 72 | 48 | 93 | 52 |
    | Kerosene | 74 | 23 | 41 | 10 | 111 | 49 | 29 | 30 | 3 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Ice. | 86 | 29 | 45 | 12 | 278 | 87 | 58 | 95 | 38 |
    | Charcoal | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$56.93 | \$53.8 3 | \$57. 14 | \$64.06 | \$82. 73 | 165.59 | \$85. 82 | \$87. 24 | \$101.5 |
    | Winter 1-.------------------------ | 17.52 | 16.75 | 18.37 | 15.90 | 22.91 | 17.91 | 23.30 | 24.30 | 28.89 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 11. 74 | 11. 17 | 11. 59 | 13.85 | 19.11 | 14.57 | 20.01 | 20.32 | 23.81 |
    | Summer | 13.96 | 13. 14 | 13.47 | 18. 22 | 18.99 | 15.41 | 20.27 | 19.72 | 22.60 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 13.71 | 12. 77 | 13.71 | 16.09 | 21. 72 | 17.70 | 22.24 | 22.90 | 26.22 |
    | Electricity | 6.61 | 5.89 | 5.67 | 12.48 | 25.25 | 18.06 | 24.42 | 27.55 | 34.65 |
    | W inter | 1.86 | 1.56 | 1. 70 | 3.30 | 6.70 | 4.70 | 6.52 | 7.31 | 9.32 |
    | Spring | 1. 61 | 1.45 | 1.37 | 3.06 | 6.16 | 4.44 | 5. 90 | 6.76 | 8.38 |
    | Summer | 1. 52 | 1.40 | 1.25 | 2.98 | 5.89 | 4.33 | 5.72 | 6. 35 | 7.99 |
    | Fall. | 1. 62 | 1. 48 | 1.35 | 3.14 | 6. 50 | 4.59 | 6. 28 | 7.13 | 8. 96 |
    | Anthracite | . 08 | . 11 | . 07 | 0 | 2.79 | 2.95 | 3.30 | 3.23 | 1.06 |
    | Winter | . 08 | . 11 | . 07 | 0 | 1. 21 | 1.21 | 1.68 | 1. 18 | . 76 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 11 | 0 | . 13 | . 25 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 11 | . 12 | . 14 | . 13 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. 36 | 1. 62 | 1.35 | 1.67 | . 30 |
    | Bituminous coal | 7.73 | 5. 38 | 9.23 | 7.42 | 1. 78 | 2.02 | 1.39 | 1. 24 | 2. 89 |
    | Winter | 5. 53 | 3.86 | 6.75 | 4.68 | . 85 | 1.03 | . 31 | . 56 | 1.73 |
    | Spring | . 36 | . 04 | . 57 | . 26 | . 03 | . 04 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 |
    | Summer | . 07 | 0 | . 13 |  | . 10 | . 01 | . 51 | 0 |  |
    | Fall | 1.77 | 1.48 | 1.78 | 2.48 | . 80 | . 94 | . 57 | . 64 | 1.14 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 39 | 1.15 |  | . 14 | 0 |
    | Briquets | . 04 | . 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Wood -- | 22.41 | 26. 70 | 22.14 | 12. 50 | 2.26 | 2.21 | 3.36 | 2.43 | . 80 |
    | Fuel oil | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 12 | 0 | . 12 | . 26 | 0 |
    | Winter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Spring. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 |  | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 03 | 23 | 0 |
    | Gas. | . 48 | 0 | . 65 | 1.06 | 25. 72 | 18. 77 | 21.73 | 27.68 | 38.97 |
    | Winter | . 24 | 0 | . 37 | 29 | 7.93 | 5.60 | 6.57 | 8.92 | 11. 72 |
    | Spring | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 5. 72 | 4. 14 | 4. 58 | 6.18 | 8.93 |
    | Summer | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 5.15 | 4.02 | 4.37 | 5. 35 | 7. 72 |
    | Fall | . 18 | 0 | . 28 | . 27 | 6. 92 | 5.01 | 6.21 | 7.23 | 10.60 |
    | Kerosene. | 5.23 | 4.43 | 4.99 | 8.31 | 3. 95 | 5.91 | 6.16 | 2.84 | . 18 |
    | Gasoline (not for anto) | . 01 | . 03 | (3) | 0 | . 10 | . 08 | . 01 | . 19 | . 01 |
    | Ice.---.........-........ | 13. 64 | 10.49 | 13.80 | 21.05 | 20.28 | 14. 44 | 24.95 | 21.63 | 22.96 |
    |  | . 63 | . 43 | . 68 | . 94 | 3.51 | 2. 20 | 4. 11 | 3. 74 | 4.75 |
    |  | 3.19 | 2. 42 | 3.18 | 5.20 | 5.94 | 4. 28 | 7.56 | 6.31 | 6.38 |
    | Summer | 6.73 | 5. 49 | 6.73 | 9.94 | 6.74 | 5.34 | 8.28 | 7.09 | 6.88 |
    | Fall. | 3.09 | 2.15 | 3.21 | 4.97 | 4.09 | 2.62 | 5.00 | 4.49 | 4. 95 |
    |  | . 70 | . 68 | . 59 | 1.24 | . 09 | 0 | . 38 | . 05 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Expenditures for coke, charcoal (or briquets, wood, kerosene, and gasoline (not for auto) are included in this total.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economiclevel-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-Negro fami-lies-Continued |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-White familiesContinued |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and <br> over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. | 90 | 30 | 49 | 11 | 234 | 73 | 41 | 78 | 42 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- | $\begin{gathered} 31 \\ 21 \end{gathered}$ | 911 | 18 | 4 | 214 | 59 | 41 | 73 | 41 |
    | Anthracite. |  |  |  | 0 | 53 | 20 | 11 | 18 | 4 |
    | Bituminous coal. | ${ }_{6}^{68}$ | 15 | 44 | 0 | 43 | 13 | 7 | 13 | 10 |
    | Coke... |  | 1 | 0 |  | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Briquets | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |  | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 84 | 30 | 45 | 9 | 56 | 19 | 14 |  | 5 |
    | Fuel oil | ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 0 | 2 | 9 <br> 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Gas... |  |  |  | 19 | 200 | 55 | 33 | 71 | 41 |
    | Kerosene. | 73 | $\begin{gathered} 23 \\ 1 \\ 28 \end{gathered}$ | 4011 |  | 84 | 35 | 22 | 24 | 3 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Ice-- |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 211 | 68 | 41 | 71 | 31 |
    | Charcoal. | $\begin{array}{r}81 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 2 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. Electricity | \$56. 53 | \$52.50 |  | \$65. 29 | \$84. 59 | \$65. 69 | \$91.99 | \$91. 13 | \$98.04 |
    |  | 6.90 | 6.08 | \$56. 98 5.89 | 13.61 |  | $\stackrel{1}{1.83}$ | $\stackrel{1}{20.84}$ | 28.853.00 | 33.731.33 |
    | Anthracite. | 7.087 | .1155 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } \\ 98 \\ \hline 08\end{array}$ |  | 2.81 |  |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous c |  |  |  |  | 2.07 | 1.96 | 1.51 | 1.62 | 3. 65 |
    | Coke- | 7. | ${ }^{5} .12$ | ${ }^{0}$ |  | $0^{.03}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.52}$ | 0 | ${ }_{0}{ }^{-13}$ | 0 |
    | Briquets. | 22.11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood. |  | 25.62 |  | $\stackrel{0}{0} 11.50$ | ${ }_{2.31}^{0}$ | 2.24 | 3.11 |  | 1.01 |
    | Fuel oil | ${ }^{0} \mathrm{H}$. | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{1.15}^{0}$ | 26. 18 | 19.21 | ${ }_{23}^{0} 00$ | 29.29647 | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | Gas.- |  | ${ }_{3.61}^{0}$ | - ${ }_{\text {4. }}^{68}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Kerosene | 4.94 |  |  | 8.43 | 3.88 | 4. 69 | 7.02 | 3. 46 | . 22 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 13. 56 | $\begin{array}{r} .03 \\ 10.76 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (3) \\ 13.56 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 21.12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .09 \\ 20.28 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{(3)} \\ & 14.58 \end{aligned}$ | $25.96$ | $21.27$ | .0122.81 |
    | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ice.-. } \\ & \text { Charcoal. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | III. Number of families in housesn ot making payments for heat separately from rent | ${ }^{1} 1$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. | 23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 77 | 24 | 17 | 25 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 15 |  |  |
    | Anthracite. |  |  |  |  |  | 17 10 6 |  |  |  |
    | Bituminous coal |  |  |  |  | 10 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 | $1$ |  |
    | Coke- |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Wood |  |  |  |  | 17 |  | 4 | 4 |  |
    | Fuel oll |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |
    | Gas-- |  |  |  |  | 63 | 17 | 14 |  |  |
    | Kerosene------.--- |  |  |  |  | 26 5 | 14 | ${ }_{6}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 65 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 0 |  |  |
    | Charcoal.- |  |  |  |  | 6 | 19 | 16 |  |  |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. Electricity |  |  |  |  | \$81.38 |  | \$77.07 | \$85.00 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} \$ 114.91 \\ 38.18 \end{array}\right.$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 23.362.99 | 16.173.29 | 20.842.10 | 25.42 |  |
    | Anthracite | --....- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.62 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal |  |  |  |  | 1.06 | 2. 20 | 1.25 | . 28 | 0 |
    | Coke.- |  |  |  |  | . 04 | 0 | 0 | . 08 | 0 |
    | Wriquets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Fuod oil |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}2.33 \\ .08 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 4.34 .40 |  |  |
    | Gas. |  |  |  |  | 25. 86 | 17. 46 | 20.50 | 25. 56 | 53.13 |
    | Kerosene ------- |  |  |  |  | 4.54 | 9.61 | 4.80 | 1.51 |  |
    | Grasoline (not for auto) .-...-.-.- |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 37 |  |  | ${ }_{23}{ }^{\text {. }} 506$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{21.00}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.03 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22.84 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{0}{25.33}$ | ${ }_{0}^{23.54}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | not making payments for heat separately from rent. | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 2 | 4 |  |

    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information nor presented because of small number of famtlies in this classification.

    - Less than 0.5 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    | Number of families spending |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity.........................- | 47 | 13 | 25 | 9 | 154 | 47 | 58 | 49 |
    | Anthracite---------.----------- | 40 | 13 | 19 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
    | Bituminous coa | 15 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 121 | 36 | 50 | 35 |
    | Coke. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 50 | 18 | 22 | 10 | 23 | 13 | 6 | 4 |
    | Fuel oil | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 19 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 129 | 30 | 56 | 43 |
    | Kerosene | 69 | 23 | 31 | 15 | 28 | 18 | 5 | 5 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Ice. | 77 | 23 | 40 | 14 | 71 | 34 | 24 | 13 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total.-- | \$62.38 | \$52.99 | \$59.91 | \$84.47 | \$124. 24 | \$121.03 | \$120.76 | \$131. 63 |
    | Winter ${ }^{1}$ | 18.54 | 15. 82 | 16.96 | 27.09 | 36.94 | 38. 26 | 36.93 | 35. 74 |
    | Spring ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 13.55 | 11.44 | 13.56 | 17.12 | 23. 53 | 22.89 | 22. 38 | 25. 60 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 13.42 | 11.93 | 12.91 | 17. 18 | 25. 49 | 21. 52 | 25. 09 | 29.70 |
    | Fall : | 16.87 | 13.80 | 16. 48 | 23. 08 | 38. 28 | 38. 36 | 36.36 | 40.59 |
    | Electricity | 11.35 | 7.21 | 12.86 | 14.58 | 35. 76 | 26. 70 | 35. 18 | 45.00 |
    | Winter. | 3.04 | 2.03 | 3. 33 | 4.00 | 9.05 | 6.85 | 8.83 | 11. 40 |
    | Spring. | 2. 74 | 1.67 | 3. 12 | 3.61 | 8.87. | 6.63 | 8.74 | 11. 13 |
    | Summer | 2.68 | 1.78 | 3. 06 | 3. 26 | 8.97 | 6.45 | 8.97 | 11. 33 |
    | Fall. | 2.89 | 1.73 | 3.35 | 3.71 | 8.87 | 6.77 | 8.64 | 11. 14 |
    | Anthracite | 6. 20 | 7.68 | 5. 23 | 6. 12 | 1. 59 | 2.52 | . 44 | 2.14 |
    | Winter | 3.25 | 3.93 | 2.61 | 3.72 | . 58 | 1.17 | . 22 | . 47 |
    | Spring. | . 48 | . 94 | . 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Summer | . 20 | . 54 | . 04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall. | 2. 27 | 2.27 | 2. 23 | 2.40 | 1.01 | 1.35 | . 22 | 1.67 |
    | Bituminous coa | 2.38 | . 92 | 2.68 | 4. 09 | 38.04 | 32. 24 | 39.84 | 41. 29 |
    | Winter | 1. 23 | . 46 | 1. 34 | 2. 25 | 15. 23 | 14. 26 | 17.20 | 13. 72 |
    | Spring | . 13 | 0 | . 27 | 0 | 2.98 | 2. 53 | 2.71 | 3.74 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4. 10 | 1.17 | 4.00 | 6.98 |
    | Fall | 1.02 | . 46 | 1.07 | 1.84 | 15.73 | 14. 28 | 15.93 | 16. 85 |
    | Coke. | . 12 | . 30 | . 04 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Briquets | $\cdot 18$ | 0 | . 32 | 0 | 1. 25 | 3.78 | . 34 |  |
    | Wood | 10.33 | 11. 70 | 8.39 | 12. 90 | 1. 13 | 2.48 | . 35 | . 82 |
    | Fuel oil. | . 94 | 1.06 | 1.02 | 0 | 1.38 | 3.27 | 1.07 | 0 |
    | Winter | . 34 | . 42 | . 42 | 0 | . 81 | 1.81 | .$^{71}$ | 0 |
    | Spring. | . 19 | . 30 | . 18 | 0 | . 12 | . 41 |  | 0 |
    | Summer | . 16 | . 30 | . 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | . 25 | . 34 | . 29 | 0 | . 45 | 1.05 | . 36 | 0 |
    | Gas | 6. 26 | 2.57 | 6.60 | 12. 35 | 28.57 | 24. 29 | 31.11 | 29.44 |
    | Winter | 1. 77 | . 83 | 1. 75 | 3.39 | 7.45 | 6. 36 | 8.06 | 7.71 |
    | Spring | 1. 42 | . 47 | 1. 42 | 3.01 | 7.02 | 6. 20 | 7.58 | 7.11 |
    | Summer | 1. 36 | . 52 | 1.39 | 2.71 | 6.85 | 5.57 | 7.61 | 7.11 |
    | Fall. | 1. 71 | . 75 | 1. 74 | 3.24 | 7.25 | 6. 16 | 7.86 | 7.51 |
    | Kerosene | 10. 51 | 9.82 | 9.35 | 14. 63 | 4.29 | 10.29 | 1.19 | 2.49 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto)........- | . 36 | 0 | . 02 | 1.84 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Ice...-...------------ | 13. 77 | 11. 43 | 13. 70 | 17.96 | 12. 23 | 15.46 | 11.20 | 10.45 |
    | Winter | 1.91 | 1.43 | 1.93 | 2. 70 | 1. 55 | 1. 96 | 1.42 | 1.33 |
    | Spring | 4. 29 | 3.39 | 4.34 | 5.69 | 3.34 | 4. 22 | 3.06 | 2.85 |
    |  | 5.04 | 4. 58 | 4.83 | 6.35 | 4. 61 | 5.83 | 4. 22 | 3. 94 |
    | Fall | 2.53 | 2. 03 | 2.60 | 3.22 | 2.73 | 3.45 | 2.50 | 2.33 |

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families-Continued |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families-Continued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Fam-ilies spending per ex-penditure unit peryear |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> II. No. of families in houses payfor heat separately from rent No. of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 67 | 21 | 35 | 11 | 96 | 37 | 34 | 25 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | 34 | 8 | 22 | 4 | 94 | 37 | 32 | 25 |
    | Anthracite. | 33 | 10 | 16 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Bituminous coa | 13 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 83 | 27 | 32 | 24 |
    | Coke. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 40 | 13 | 20 | 7 | 17 | 10 | 5 | 2 |
    | Fuel oil | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 1 |  |
    | Gas. | 19 | 4 | 10 | 5 | 75 | 25 | 30 | 19 |
    | Kerosene. | 56 | 19 | 26 | 11 | 17 | 12 | 2 | 3 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice--.....-.........-.--- | 63 | 1) | 34 | 10 | 43 | 24 | 12 | 7 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$63.92 | \$54. 01 | \$60.86 | \$92.53 | \$141.70 | \$129.41 | \$137.90 | \$165.00 |
    |  | 11.02 | 5.91 | 13.20 | 13.85 | 39.57 | 29.48 | 39.30 | 54.80 |
    | Anthracite | 5.97 | 7.85 | 4. 38 | 7.42 | 2.01 | 2.27 | 0 | 4.36 |
    | Bituminous coa | 2.38 | . 94 | 2. 80 | 3. 77 | 47.11 | 34.91 | 52.32 | 58.06 |
    | Coke | . 24 | . 68 | . 05 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | . 12 | 0 | . 22 | 0 | 1.89 | 4.90 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 9.72 | 10.87 | 9.01 | 9.88 | 1. 59 | 2.78 | . 56 | 1.24 |
    | Fuel oil | . 71 | . 32 | 1. 17 | 0 | 2.03 | 4.24 | 1.10 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 7.49 | 3.29 | 6.72 | 17.95 | 30.42 | 28.37 | 33.64 | 29.08 |
    | Kerosene | 11.24 | 11.14 | 9.57 | 16.75 | 4.50 | 7.82 | . 89 | 4.48 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 46 | 0 | . 02 | 2. 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice.- | 14.57 | 13.01 | 13.72 | 20.27 | 12.58 | 14.64 | 10.09 | 12.92 |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent $\qquad$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{2} 1$ | 0 | 1 |  |
    | IV. Number of families in apart- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ments making payments for heat separately from rent | 16 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 38 | 9 | 18 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 10 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 37 | 9 | 17 | 11 |
    | Anthracite. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Bituminous coal | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 34 | 7 | 16 | 11 |
    | Coke. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 11 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
    | Fuel oil | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 30 | 4 | 16 | 10 |
    | Kerosene | 12 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 2 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Ice..- | 13 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 23 | 9 | 9 | 5 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$56. 40 | \$49.65 | \$53.35 | \$67.54 | \$128.01 | \$104. 45 | \$118.03 | \$163.63 |
    | Electricity.......-.-.-.........-- | 12.74 | 11.77 | 10.48 | 16.16 | 31.60 | 19.40 | 30.40 | 43.58 |
    | Anthracite. | 6.30 | 4.76 | 11. 18 | 3.30 | 1.69 | 4.08 | 1. 52 | 0 |
    | Bituminous c | 2.37 | . 88 | 1.76 | 4.77 | 40.36 | 24.94 | 36.41 | 59.43 |
    | Coke | . 51 | 1.38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | . 32 | 0 | 1.03 | 0 | . 56 | 0 | 1.18 | 0 |
    | Wood | 12.89 | 14. 61 | 4.14 | 19.54 | . 79 | 1.78 | . 17 | 1.00 |
    | Fuel oil | 1.92 | 5.13 | 0 | 0 | . 79 | 0 | 1.67 | 0 |
    | Gas..- | 1.08 | 0 | 3.44 | 0 | 29.67 | 10.61 | 30.47 | 43.96 |
    | Kerosene. | 7.50 | 5.18 | 7.84 | 9.94 | 6.93 | 22.74 | 2.46 | 1.31 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }^{0} 8$ | ${ }^{0} 8$ | . 0.04 | 0 | . 08 | 0 |
    |  | 10.77 | 5.94 | 13.48 | 13.83 | 15.58 | 20.90 | 13.67 | 14.35 |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ments not making payments for hoat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 1 | 8 | 15 |
    | No. of families spending for----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity. |  |  |  |  | 20 | 0 | 7 | 13 |
    | Gas. |  |  |  |  | 22 | 0 | 8 | 14 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light and refrigeration, total. |  |  |  |  | \$58. 58 | \$12.75 | \$74. 22 | \$63. 03 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 31.02 | 0 | 37.52 | 29.62 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 21.66 | 0 | 28.58 | 19.41 |
    | Ice. |  |  |  |  | 5.90 | 12.75 | 8.12 | 4.00 |
    | All other fuel. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.-Negro families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White tamilies |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { Amilies }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200 \text { to }$ $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey ---.-.-.-- | 109 | 29 | 52 | 28 | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  | 174 |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | 74 2 | 15 1 | 39 1 | 20 0 | 174 13 | 60 2 | 61 | 5 2 |
    | Bituminous coal | 98 | 27 | 45 | 26 | 152 | 63 | 54 | 35 |
    | Coke.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 68 | 19 | 32 | 17 | 47 | 19 | 18 | 10 |
    | Fuel oil | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gais.-- | 19 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 142 | 38 | 50 | 54 |
    | Kerosene.- | 55 | 18 | 24 | 13 | 56 | 28 | 24 | 4 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 97 | 24 | 48 | 25 | 118 | 48 | 46 | 24 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | light, and refrigeration, total..- | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 87.70 \\ 27 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\$ 76.49$ 27 | \$85.61 | \$103.12 | \$118.08 | \$109.02 | \$124.69 | \$121. 25 |
    | Spring ${ }^{1}$ | 15.77 | 27.40 12.65 | 25.42 15.40 | 32.79 <br> 19.61 <br> 1 | 33.32 24.48 | 33.08 22.70 | 34.61 25.36 | 32.04 25.59 |
    | Summer | 16.17 | 12.49 | 15. 35 | 21. 54 | 27.82 | 25.09 | 28.64 | 30.15 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 27.93 | 23.95 | 29.44 | 29.18 | 32.46 | 28.15 | 36.08 | 33.47 |
    | Electricity | 15.55 | 11. 23 | 15. 71 | 19.72 | 32.70 | 24.86 | 32.34 | 42.59 |
    | Winter.. | 4.09 | 2.92 | 4.10 | 5.30 | 8.20 | 6. 38 | 7.94 | 10.70 |
    | Spring | 3.79 | 2.72 | 3.84 | 4.80 | 8.02 | 6.02 | 7.91 | 10. 56 |
    | Sumner | 3. 71 | 2.69 | 3.75 | 4.68 | 8.19 | 6.14 | 8.12 | 10.74 |
    | Fall | 3.96 | 2.90 | 4.02 | 4.94 | 8.29 | 6.32 | 8.37 | 10.59 |
    | Anthracite | 1.02 | 1.70 | 1.17 | 0 | 3.61 | 1. 40 | 5.41 | 4.17 |
    | Winter | . 71 | 1. 14 | . 85 | 0 | 1.17 | . 24 | 1.68 | 1.68 |
    | Spring. | . 18 | . 28 | . 21 | 0 | . 37 | . 23 | . 58 | . 29 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 18 | . 50 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fall | . 13 | . 28 | . 11 | 0 | 1. 89 | . 43 | 3.15 | 2.20 |
    | Bituminous coal | 37.24 | 38. 44 | 34.87 | 40.40 | 33.51 | 33.42 | 35. 60 | 31.20 |
    | Winter-.... | 15.90 | 17.55 | 13.20 | 19.22 | 13.57 | 15. 42 | 14.84 | 9.85 |
    | Spring | 3.67 | 3.66 | 3.39 | 4.19 | 4.23 | 4.74 | 3.84 | 4.07 |
    | Summer | 2. 49 | 2.80 | 1.91 | 3.26 | 5.22 | 3.61 | 4.92 | 7.51 |
    | Fall | 15.18 | 14.43 | 16.37 | 13.73 | 10.49 | 9.65 | 12.00 | 9.77 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Wood | 9.88 | 7.94 | 11.87 | 8.16 | 2.64 | 5.19 | 1.39 | . 98 |
    | Fuel oil | . 27 | 0 | . 56 | 0 | . 16 | . 24 | . 20 |  |
    | Winter | . 20 | 0 | . 42 | 0 | . 04 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Spring | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 04 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Summer | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 04 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Fall. | . 07 | 0 | .14 | 0 | . 04 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Gas. | 5.57 | 3.24 | 4.71 | 9.61 | 25.25 | 21.96 | 26.43 | 27.82 |
    | Winter- | 1.38 | . 81 | 1.12 | 2.46 | 6.57 | 5.87 | 6.83 | 7.10 |
    | Spring | 1. 40 | . 81 | 1.21 | 2.36 | 6.23 | 5.41 | 6.50 | 6.91 |
    | Summer | 1. 44 | . 81 | 1.32 | 2.34 | 6.05 | 5.18 | 6. 34 | 6.75 |
    | Fall. | 1.35 | . 81 | 1.06 | 2.45 | 6.40 | 5. 50 | 6.76 | 7.06 |
    | Kerosene. | 4. 60 | 4.93 | 4.33 | 4.79 | 4.87 | 7.67 | 5.11 | 1. 20 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 16 | . 56 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
    | Ice | 13.41 | 8.45 | 12. 39 | 20.44 | 15.32 | 14.28 | 18.16 | 13.29 |
    | Winter | 1.21 | . 76 | 1.12 | 1.84 | 1.44 | . 94 | 1.39 | 2.10 |
    | Spring | 3. 62 | 2.28 | 3.34 | 5.52 | 3.89 | 3.33 | 4.96 | 3.33 |
    | Summer | 5.82 | 3.67 | 5.38 | \$. 87 | 6.86 | 7.41 | 8.01 | 4.86 |
    | Fall... | 2.76 | 1.74 | 2.55 | 4.21 | 3.13 | 2.60 | 3.80 | 3.00 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Nortolk-Portsmouth, Va.-Negrofamilies-Continued |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White IamiliesContinued |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | families | Eonomic level-Fami-lies spending per ex-penditure unit peryear |  |  | All | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Onder } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\$ 400}{\$ 20 u}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 406 \text { to } \\ \$ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { Bnd } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures <br> II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. | 78 | 23 | 36 | 19 | 106 | 37 | 41 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 271 |  | 102 |  |  | 28 |
    | Electricity.-....... |  |  |  | 18 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 98 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 23 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 27 |
    | Bituminous coal | 69 | 21 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Coke |  | 2 | 30 | 18 | 1 | 35 0 | 36 1 | 25 0 |
    | Briquets. | 0 | 17 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 51 |  | 241 | 100 | 291 | 11 | 10 | 8 |
    | Fuel oil. |  | 17 |  |  |  | 1 | 32 |  |
    | Gas..-. | 15 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 76 <br> 33 | 19 |  | 25 |
    | Kerosene....-----.--7 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | 170 | 0 |  | 0 | 15 | 2 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{0}$ |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 69 | 20 | 33 | 16 | 61 | 24 | 26 | 11 |
    | Average expenditure for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$91. 34 | \$77.95 |  |  | \$138.32 | \$121. 12 | \$142.47 | \$155.01 |
    |  |  | 12.11 | \$90. 24 16.36 | $22.69$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.31 \\ 4.61 \end{array}$ | 30.10 |  | 50.955.50 |
    | Anthracite. | 1.4238.33 | 2.1535.52 | 1.6736.87 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2.62 \\ 35.36 \end{array}$ | 5.7841.37 |  |
    | Bituminous co |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4.61 \\ 41.49 \end{array}$ |  |  | 49.73 |
    | Coke---- |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 00 | 44.49 | $0^{.03}$ | $\underset{0}{35 .} 36$ | 41.37 | 0 |
    | Briquets. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Wuod. | 10.76 | $\stackrel{9.13}{0}$ | 14.30 | 6.03 | 3.46 | 7.28 | 0 | 0 |
    | Fuel oil | ¢ <br> 67 <br> 6.57 |  | . 81 | $\stackrel{0}{14.16}$ | 16 | 24.00 |  | ${ }_{0}$ |
    | Gas.. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4. } 08 \\ & 5.25 \end{aligned}$ | 4.17 |  | 28.53 |  | 30.62 | 31.48 |
    | Kerosene---7.-...-........- |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3.21 \\ 0 \\ 12.85 \end{array}$ | $0.75$ | ${ }_{0}^{5.82}$ | ${ }_{0}^{8.35}$ | ${ }_{0}^{6.01}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.21}$ |
    | Gasoline (not for auto).........- |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.20 \\ .72 \\ 8.99 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $12.97$ | ${ }_{17.72}$ |  |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent | 13.35 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.40 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. | 28 |  | 14 | 8 | 62 | 28 | 22 | 12 |
    |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity .-.............. | 18 | 3 | 11 | $\stackrel{4}{0}$ | 5544 | 230 |  |  |
    | Anthracite.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |
    | Bituminous coa | 28 | ${ }^{6}$ | 14 |  | 53 |  |  |  |
    | Coke Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wriquets | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wrood | 17 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 17 | 7 | 8 | 2 |
    | Gas... | ${ }_{3}$ | 0 | 0 <br> 3 | 0 | 45 | 16 | 17 | 0 |
    | Kerosene | 16 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 23 | 12 | 9 | 2 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice--.-...-.---....- | 26 | 4 | 14 | 8 | 47 | 21 | 18 | 8 |
    | verage expenditures for tuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$83. 54 | \$71.01 | \$82.98 | \$93.92 | \$107. 61 | \$100. 94 | \$105.47 | \$127.27 |
    | Electricity....... | 13.69 | 7.85 | 15. 37 | 15. 10 | 23.52 | 18.87 | 23.05 |  |
    | Anthracite- | 0 |  | 0 |  | 3.29 |  | 5.48 | 6. 64 |
    | Bituminous | 38.21 | 49.65 | 34.71 | 35.73 | 32. 22 | 34.24 | 29.70 | 32. 12 |
    | Coke |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
    | Wood | 8.47 | 3.41 | 7.29 | 14.27 | 2.23 | 3.14 | 1. 94 | . 65 |
    | Fuel |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 20 |  | . 60 |  |
    | Gas..... | 2.88 | 0 | 5.80 | 0 | 22.96 | 20.96 | 20.64 | 31.96 |
    | Kerosene (--.-.--- | 7.61 | 3.72 | 7.78 | 10.25 | 5. 12 | 7.86 | 4.15 | 55 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | V. Ice.....-. ${ }^{\text {Number }}$ of | 12.69 | 6.38 | 12.03 | 18. 57 | 18.07 | 15.87 | 19.91 | 19.84 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ments not making payments for heat separately from rent. | 13 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 24 | 4 | 3 | 17 |
    | Number of families spending for-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity-...... |  |  |  |  | 17 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | Gas. |  |  |  |  | 21 | 3 | 1 | 17 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel |  |  |  |  | 10 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
    | light, and refrigeration, total. |  |  |  |  | \$55.35 | \$53. 77 | \$23.45 | \$61.36 |
    | Electricity-.....................- |  |  |  |  | 27. 13 | 18.25 |  | 34.02 |
    | Gas... |  |  |  |  | 16.57 | 10.33 | 11.90 | 18.85 |
    | Ife other fuel |  |  |  |  | 9. ${ }^{1.73}$ | 15. 03 10.16 | 11. 43 | 8.48 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Detailed information not presented because of small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continue ${ }_{d}$ RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$100 to \$200 | \$200 to \$400 | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | I. All families in survey | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity | 69 | 12 | 36 | 21 |
    | Anthracite. | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
    | Bituminous coal | 86 | 23 | 44 | 19 |
    | Coke.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood | 87 | 24 | 41 | 22 |
    | Fuel oil | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Gas | 21 | 1 | 11 | 9 |
    | Kerosene | 70 | 22 | 31 | 17 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 20 | 12 | 8 | 0 |
    | Ice.----.----.---...- | 94 | 24 | 47 | 23 |
    | Average expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$103. 64 | \$102.95 | \$98.13 | \$115. 21 |
    |  | 35.34 | 36.46 | 33.30 | 38.27 |
    | Spring.- | 23.22 | 23.28 | 21.28 | 26.95 |
    | Summer ${ }^{1}$ | 18. 52 | 18.55 | 17. 98 | 19. 55 |
    | Fall ${ }^{1}$ | 26.56 | 24. 66 | 25. 57 | 30.44 |
    | Electricity | 14.84 | 11.00 | 15.79 | 17.01 |
    | Winter | 4. 39 | 3. 24 | 4. 65 | 5. 10 |
    | Spring | 3. 60 | 2. 76 | 3.88 | 3.93 |
    | Summer | 3. 08 | 2. 29 | 3.28 | 3. 53 |
    | Fall | 3.77 | 2.71 | 3.98 | 4.45 |
    | Anthracite | 3. 87 | 2.57 | 3.31 | 6.32 |
    | Winter. | 1. 79 | 1.42 | 1.27 | 3.22 |
    | Spring-- | . 55 | . 44 | . 43 | . 89 |
    | Summer | . 09 | 0 | . 18 | 0 |
    | Fall | 1. 44 | ${ }_{51} 71$ | 1. 43 | 2.21 |
    | Bituminous coal | 40.73 | 51.19 | 36.52 | 38. 06 |
    | Winter. | 18.47 | 23.57 | 16.60 | 16. 83 |
    | Spring... | 8.82 | 11.21 | 7.49 | 8.94 |
    | Summer | 2.25 | 3.62 | 1.90 | 1. 50 |
    | Fall | 11.19 | 12.79 | 10.53 | 10. 79 |
    | Coke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets. | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Wood | 14.14 | 13.59 | 13.12 | 16. 74 |
    | Fuel oil | . 11 | 0 | . 04 | . 37 |
    |  | . 05 | 0 | .01 | .17 |
    |  | (3) .03 | 0 | . 01 | .$^{.10}$ |
    | Fall | ${ }^{\text {( }) .03}$ | 0 | . 01 | ${ }^{0} .10$ |
    | Gas. | 4.48 | . 48 | 5.01 | 7.62 |
    |  | I. 20 | . 07 | 1. 52 | 1. 76 |
    |  | . 98 | . 12 | 1.04 | 1. 76 |
    |  | 1.15 | . 19 | 1.04 | 2. 37 |
    |  | 1.15 | . 10 | 1. 41 | 1. 73 |
    |  | 9.56 | 8.04 | 8.07 | 14.09 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 1.23 14.67 | 2. 66 | 1. 09 | 0 |
    | Ice Winter--------...- | 14.67 | 13.42 | 15. 16 | 15. 00 |
    | Winter- | . 48 | . 23 | . 46 | . 78 |
    | Summer | 3.50 8.04 | 7. 70 | 3. 86 | 3. 7.72 |
    | Fall.-.- | 2.65 | 2. 29 | 2. 91 | 2.52 |

    Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$100 to \$200 | \$200 to \$400 | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | II. Number of families in houses making payments for heat separately from rent. | 59 | 21 | 27 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 44 7 | 10 2 | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11 |
    | Bituminous coal | 52 | 19 | 24 | 0 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood | 54 | 20 | 23 | 11 |
    | Fuel oil | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gas | 15 | 1 | 7 | 7 |
    | Kerosene | 42 | 18 | 18 | 6 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | 12 | 10 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 57 | 20 | 27 | 10 |
    | A verage expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$106.98 | \$100. 27 | \$105.93 | \$122.56 |
    | Electricity | 16.39 | 11.36 | 18.25 | 21.49 |
    | Anthracite | 4.48 | 3. 05 | 3. 99 | 8.47 |
    | Bituminous coal | 41.12 | 48. 52 | 38.97 | 32.21 |
    | Coke. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Wood.- | 16.73 | 13.19 | 15. 28 | 27.04 |
    | Fuel oil | .15 | 0 | 0 | . 81 |
    | Gas.-.-- | 4.20 | . 57 | 4.90 | 9.47 |
    | Kerosene...- | 7.60 | 8.25 | 7.02 | 7.78 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto) | . 94 | 1.90 | . 59 | 0 |
    | Ice.... | 15.37 | 13.43 | 16.93 | 15. 29 |
    | III. Number of families in houses not making payments for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | IV. Number of families in apartments making payments for heat separately from rent. | 37 | 4 | 20 | 13 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Electricity-.------ | 25 | 2 | 13 | 10 |
    | Anthracite - | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1. |
    | Bituminous coal | 34 | 4 | 20 | 10 |
    | Coke.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Briquets. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Wood | 33 | 4 | 18 | 11 |
    | Fuel oil | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gas.--. | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
    | Kerosene | 28 | 4 | 13 | 11 |
    | Gasoline (not for auto). | 8 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
    | Ice.----.-------------- | 37 | 4 | 20 | 13 |
    | A verage expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$97. 04 | 116.94 | \$87. 72 | \$104.97 |
    |  | 12.38 | 9.08 | 12.48 | 13.21 |
    | Anthracite. | 2.49 | 0 | 2.40 | 3. 37 |
    | Bituminous coal. | 39.18 | 65.11 | 33.20 | 40. 11 |
    | Coke.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | . 02 | 0 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Wood. | 10.03 | 15. 68 | 10.10 | 8.08 |
    |  | . 04 | 0 | . 08 | 0 |
    |  | 4.91 | 0 | 5.17 | 6.05 |
    |  | 12.70 | 6.93 | 9.49 | 19.44 |
    |  | 1.75 | 6. 69 | 1.89 | 0 |
    |  | 13.54 | 13.45 | 12.77 | 14.76 |
    | V. Number of families in apartments not making payments for heat separately from rent | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 641.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 700$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 419 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 47 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Water rent.....- | 180 | 32 | 36 | 46 | 26 | 15 | 25 |
    | Telephone. | 130 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 15 | 25 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time. | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4 5 | 1 6 | 3 <br> 5 <br> 5 | 2 10 |
    | Laundry out. | 168 | 10 | 29 | 47 | 27 | 26 | 29 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 277 | 47 | 46 | 69 | 53 | 27 | 35 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | 23 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
    | Safe-deposit box ...... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 87 | 23 | 8 | 26 | 14 | 7 | 9 |
    | Interest on debts | 27 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$55. 36 | \$30. 41 | \$39.28 | \$55. 27 | \$57.47 | \$75.42 |  |
    |  | 4.58 | 3.91 | +3.46 | 5.32 | 4.37 | 4.39 | 6.69 |
    | Telephone... | 6. 50 | 1. 18 | 2.52 | 5.53 | 9. 60 | 10.40 | 17.11 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time. | 3.71 | 0 | 0 | 5.31 | 3.15 | 4.75 | 13. 28 |
    | Part-time. | 3. 34 | . 14 | . 12 | 1. 50 | 2.27 | 6.89 | 17.03 |
    | Household paper | 3. 60 | 3.40 | 3.88 | 3.44 | 3. 19 | 4.31 | 3.69 |
    | Bar soap --.-. | 3. 52 | 3.82 | 3. 59 | 3.02 | 3.28 | 3.58 | 4.27 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1.33 | 1. 64 | 1. 39 | 1. 22 | 1.39 | 1. 17 | . 97 |
    | Soap flakes, powder | 4.88 | 4. 55 | 5. 60 | 4. 78 | 4. 66 | 5. 65 | 3.88 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc...- | 2.09 | 1.53 | 2.19 | 1.97 | 2.25 | 2. 77 | 2. 21 |
    | Matches....- | 1. 49 | 1. 51 | 1.62 | 1.41 | 1. 47 | 1. 56 | 1.34 |
    | Laundry out. | 15.84 | 4.53 | 11.48 | 17.62 | 17.20 | 24.47 | 29.11 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | . 86 | . 75 | . 55 | . 72 | . 99 | 1.04 | 1.65 |
    | Postage, telegrams.---- | 1. 10 | . 60 | . 73 | 1.01 | 1.31 | 1.51 | 2. 20 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | . 39 | . 36 | . 35 | . 28 | . 60 | . 63 | . 28 |
    | Safe-deposit box.----- | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | . 23 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 1.17 | 1.41 | . 59 | 1.41 | 1.09 | 1.24 | 1. 48 |
    | Interest on debts. | . 84 | 1.04 | 1.03 | . 67 | . 64 | . 93 | . 71 |
    | Other items. | . 09 | . 04 | . 18 | . 06 | . 01 | . 13 | . 17 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix $\Lambda$, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | ${ }_{\text {Under }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey.-...--.---------- | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | W ater rent <br> Telephone $\qquad$ | 26 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 10 | ${ }_{14}^{6}$ | 168 92 | 81 21 | 48 28 | 39 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time-.-------- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 29 | 3 | 17 | 9 |
    | Part-time....... | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 66 | 27 | 21 | 18 |
    | Laundry out. | 25 | 1 | 14 | 10 | 91 | 22 | 28 | 41 |
    | Postage, telegrams...-.-....-....-- | 67 | 13 | 27 | 27 | 183 | 81 | 54 | 48 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 37 | 20 | 8 | 9 |
    | Safe-deposit box | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 9 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 17 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 29 | 5 | 6 | 18 |
    | Interest on debts. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 43 | 11 | 15 | 17 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | fuel, light, and reirigeration, total | \$31.04 | \$15.37 | \$32.65 | \$39.86 | \$96. 68 | \$57. 18 | \$112.24 | \$143.76 |
    |  | 1.24 | . 215 | 1.38 | 1.75 | 10.50 | 11.13 | 10.70 | 9.25 |
    |  | 2.02 | . 05 | 1.44 | 4.25 | 13. 79 | 6.06 | 15. 07 | 24.98 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time....-- | 1.21 | 0 | 2.65 | 0 | 12.81 | 1. 44 | 24. 50 | 18. 33 |
    | Domert-time------ | . 54 | 0 | 1.17 | 0 | 12.44 | 8.11 | 17. 20 | 14. 20 |
    |  | 2.69 | 2.38 | 2.73 | 2.87 | 4.03 | 3.84 | 4.20 | 4.15 |
    |  | 4.07 | 4.40 | 4.18 | 3.69 | 3.78 | 3.93 | 4.03 | 3.26 |
    |  | 1. 30 | 1.31 | 1.38 | 1.19 | 1.13 | 1.03 | 1. 46 | . 94 |
    | Soap flakes, powder | 3.06 | 2. 74 | 3.22 | 3.07 | 3.86 | 3. 30 | 4.37 | 4. 22 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc. | 1.17 | 94 | 1. 22 | 1.26 | 2.77 | 1.95 | 2.75 | 4.11 |
    | Matches | 1.40 | 1. 40 | 1. 44 | 1.36 | 2.33 | 2.41 | 2.36 | 2. 15 |
    |  | 9.72 | . 50 | 9.28 | 16.86 | 17.20 | 7.85 | 14. 60 | 35.34 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink.---- | . 53 | . 67 | . 33 | . 72 | 1. 40 | . 87 | 1.74 | 1. 88 |
    | Postage, telegrams....-----.-..- | . 68 | . 37 | . 67 | . 92 | 2. 48 | 1.82 | 2. 49 | 3. 55 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | . 40 | . 17 | . 59 | . 29 | 1. 17 | 1.09 | 1.29 | 1.18 |
    | Safe-deposit box. | 0 | 0 |  |  | . 18 | 0 | . 11 | 57 |
    | Insurance on furniture | . 77 | . 15 | . 68 | 1.32 | 1. 09 | . 50 | . 80 | 2. 36 |
    | Interest on debts. | . 10 | 0 | . 01 | . 31 | 4.99 | 1.16 | 3.81 | 12.55 |
    | Other items. | . 14 | . 04 | . 28 | 0 | . 73 | . 70 | . 76 | . 74 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { Birmingham, Ala.- Negro }}{\text { families }}$ |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and over |
    | Houschold Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey -..----------- | 101 | 38 | 44 | 19 | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 |
    | umber of milies spending or- <br> Water rent | 55 | 16 | 25 | 14 | 235 | 78 | 89 | 68 |
    | Telephone... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 133 | 24 | 47 | 62 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.-..-- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
    | Part-time.....- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 23 | 2 | 8 | 13 |
    | Laundry out.---..---.-.-.--------- | 12 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 139 | 27 | 51 | 61 |
    | Postage, telegrams .-..-.-.-.-.-. | 81 | 30 | 33 | 18 | 256 | 81 | 93 | 82 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | 18 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 40 | 8 | 14 | 18 |
    | Safe-deposit box | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 1 | 5 | 13 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 90 | 17 | 35 | 38 |
    | Interest on debts. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 41 | 7 | 19 | 15 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$30.81 | \$21. 52 | \$29.02 | \$53. 56 | \$73.13 | \$49. 21 | \$72.87 | \$97. 10 |
    | Water rent | 6.57 | 5. 18 | 6.55 | 9.43 | 11.88 | 11. 39 | 12.37 | 11.82 |
    | Telephone. | 1.68 | 0 | . 96 | 6.71 | 15.82 | 8.20 | 15.06 | 24. 21 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time...-.-- | 1.94 | 2.21 | 2.55 | 0 | 1. 42 | 0 | 1.49 | 2.76 |
    | Part-time------ | . 44 | 0 | . 24 | 1.76 | 3.37 | . 05 | 4.38 | 5. 55 |
    | Household paper. | 2.32 | 1. 64 | 2.80 | 3. 55 | 2. 65 | 2.42 | 2.77 | 2.75 |
    | Bar soap.-...... | 4.03 | 4. 60 | 3.81 | 3.42 | 3.50 | 3.81 | 3.56 | 3. 14 |
    | Starch, bluing. | . 91 | . 83 | 1.01 | . 86 | 1.16 | 1.36 | 1. 23 | . 87 |
    |  | 2.18 | 1. 75 | 2.16 | 3.08 | 2. 99 | 3.02 | 2. 50 | 3. 50 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc | 1.09 | 71 | 1.37 | 1.21 | 1.31 | 1. 23 | 1.23 | 1.47 |
    | Matches..- | 1.80 | 1. 75 | 1.95 | 1. 55 | 2.00 | 2.10 | 1.94 | 1.96 |
    | Laundry out...--.-.--.-.........- | 3.45 | . 03 | . 74 | 16.56 | 16.96 | 9.33 | 15.57 | 26.10 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink..-.- | . 92 | . 56 | . 93 | 1. 62 | 1.25 | 1. 05 | 1. 12 | 1. 59 |
    | Postage, telegrams..-------...- | 1.64 | 1.07 | 1.51 | 3. 06 | 2.33 | 1. 79 | 2.22 | 2.97 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | .48 | . 58 | . 40 | . 43 | . 87 | . 55 | .71 | 1.38 |
    | Safe-deposit box.-----.................- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 30 | . 03 | . 17 | . 71 |
    | Insurance on furniture.............. | . 52 | . 15 | . 70 | . 86 | 2.82 | 1.71 | 3.07 | 3.65 |
    | Interest on debts. | . 38 | 0 | . 78 | . 22 | 2.38 | 1.00 | 3.41 | 2.59 |
    | Other items.. | . 46 | . 46 | . 56 | . 24 | . 12 | .17 | . 13 | . 08 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Houston,Tex.-White families, other than Mexican |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-Mexican families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami-- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spendingper expenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 300 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey--...-.-.-.----- | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 | 100 | 30 | 34 | 22 | 14 |
    | Water rent............-. - | 115 | 34 | 39 | 42 | 14 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 5 |
    | Telephone. | 115 | 20 | 34 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.---- | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Part-time.-.-- | 57 | 8 | 18 | 31 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Laundry out. | 127 | 20 | 43 | 64 | 16 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 243 | 64 | 88 | 91 | 91 | 27 | 33 | 17 | 14 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | 62 | 9 | 23 | 30 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 |
    |  | 17 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 51 | 6 | 16 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest on debts. | 54 | 10 | 19 | 25 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$80. 47 | \$53. 22 | \$71. 49 | \$109.42 | \$28.91 | \$26. 23 | \$23. 48 | \$32. 53 | \$42.18 |
    | Water rent | 4. 52 | 5.35 | 3. 93 | 4.53 | 1. 53 | . 93 | 2.21 | 0 | 3.56 |
    | Telephone. | 14. 32 | 9.86 | 11. 77 | 20.16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time-...-- | 3.04 | . 22 | . 71 | 7.47 | 1.17 | 0 | 0 | 5.32 | 0 |
    | Part-time.-...- | 9.04 | 3.20 | 9.12 | 13. 19 | . 15 | . 10 | . 15 | . 32 | 0 |
    | Household paper.---------------- | 4. 57 | 4.19 | 4. 58 | 4.83 | 2.56 | 2.12 | 2. 52 | 3.24 | 2. 54 |
    | Bar soap. | 2.90 | 3.61 | 2.95 | 2.35 | 5. 90 | 7. 12 | 5. 54 | 5.11 | 5.44 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1. 46 | 1. 89 | 1. 54 | 1.07 | 2.58 | 3.15 | 2.11 | 2.47 | 2.67 |
    | Soap flakes, powder .-.-.-.-...-- | 5.81 | 6.54 | 5.93 | 5.17 | 3.68 | 4.36 | 3.23 | 3.70 | 3.26 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc. $\qquad$ | 2.27 | 2.03 | 2.19 | 2.53 | . 98 | . 95 | . 95 | . 98 | 1.13 |
    | Matches.-- | 2.26 | 2.42 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.41 | 2. 68 | 2.32 | -2.34 | 2.16 |
    |  | 17.38 | 6.70 | 14.08 | 28.48 | 3.88 | . 16 | 1.97 | 3.82 | 16. 59 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | 1.42 | . 82 | 1.45 | 1.83 | . 92 | 1.23 | . 63 | 1.07 | . 73 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 3.04 | 2.30 | 2.80 | 3.82 | 1.42 | 1.57 | 1. 13 | 1.85 | 1.14 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. $\qquad$ | 2.10 | . 62 | 2.61 | 2.66 | . 37 | 0 | . 33 | . 80 | . 61 |
    | Safe-deposit box | . 20 | . 09 | . 18 | . 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 2.03 | . 42 | 1.70 | 3.52 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Interest on debts. | 1.96 | . 80 | 1. 42 | 3.36 | . 45 | . 39 | 0 | . 34 | 1.82 |
    | Other items... | 2.15 | 2. 16 | 2.34 | 1.94 | . 91 | 1.47 | . 39 | 1.17 | . 53 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey - --.---1-- | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending forWater rent. | 112 | 30 | 57 | 25 | 45 | 12 | 28 | 5 |
    | Telephone.. | 76 | 13 | 39 | 24 | 15 | 4 | 6 | 5 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.....- | 37 | 6 | 17 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Part-time_----- | 49 | 10 | 23 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
    | Laundry out....--..................-. | 76 | 14 | 41 | 21 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 146 | 38 | 74 | 34 | 73 | 18 | 44 | 11 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage_ | 20 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
    | Safo-deposit box | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 16 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest on debts. | 33 | 5 | 16 | 12 | 16 | 7 | 8 | 1 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$105. 75 | \$74.31 | \$106. 13 | \$139.90 | \$23. 59 | \$23. 11 | \$22. 20 | \$32.71 |
    | Water rent | 9.72 | 10.57 | 9.76 | 8.68 | 4.58 | 4.52 | 4.44 | 5. 45 |
    | Telephone. | 14. 62 | 9.35 | 15.17 | 19.30 | 3.71 | 2.70 | 2. 71 | 11.84 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time. | 24. 40 | 14.08 | 25.06 | 34. 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Part-time------- | 12. 33 | 6.01 | 9.53 | 25. 45 | . 31 | 0 | . 51 | 0 |
    | Household paper. | 3.06 | 3.17 | 2.92 | 3.23 | 1.35 | 1.21 | 1.37 | 1. 63 |
    | Bar soap--- | 4.04 | 4.35 | 4.17 | 3.39 | 3.62 | 4. 18 | 3.44 | 3.21 |
    | Starch, bluing. | 1. 25 | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.21 | 1.43 | 1.79 | 1.35 | 1.02 |
    |  | 2.90 | 2.88 | 2.85 | 3.06 | 2.06 | 1.63 | 2.27 | 2.03 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc | 1.77 | 1.43 | 1.95 | 1.77 | . 48 | . 27 | . 56 | . 54 |
    | Matches.. | 1.94 | 1. 89 | 1.94 | 2.00 | 1.66 | 1. 49 | 1.76 | 1.58 |
    | Laundry out. | 19.56 | 12. 70 | 21.91 | 22.08 | . 76 | . 32 | . 89 | 1.16 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | . 95 | . 64 | . 85 | 1. 50 | . 29 | . 19 | . 30 | . 51 |
    | Postage, telegrams. | 2. 40 | 2.06 | 2.31 | 2.98 | 1. 10 | . 83 | 1.09 | 1.83 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage_ | . 52 | . 59 | .$^{.51}$ | . 46 | . 27 | 23 | .$^{.34}$ | 0 |
    |  | . 02 | 0 | 0 | . 09 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture.. | . 59 | . 09 | . 72 | . 86 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Interest on debts. | 3.40 | 1.91 | 3.20 | 5. 50 | 1.02 | 2.10 | . 58 | . 73 |
    | Other items. | 2. 28 | 1.36 | 2.01 | 3.88 | . 95 | 1.65 | . 59 | 1.18 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A , p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jacksonville, Fla.-White families |  |  |  | Louisville, Ky.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { famies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\operatorname{famp}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey---.-- Number of families spending for--- | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 | 197 | 92 | 69 | 36 |
    |  | 92 | 24 | 36 | 32 | 105 | 51 | 32 | 22 |
    | Telephone.. | 52 | 10 | 15 | 27 | 40 | 11 | 9 | 20 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time------ | 14 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 54 119 | 13 33 | 20 | 21 37 | 11 | 15 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 |
    | Postage, telegrams..--.-.-.-.-. -- | 164 | 54 | 65 | 45 | 163 | 80 | 55 | 28 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage- | 36 | 12 | 14 | 10 | 20 | 8 | 11 | 1 |
    | Safe-deposit box..............-. --- | 8 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    |  | 14 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 26 | 7 | 11 | 8 |
    | Interest on debts.. | 31 | 14 | 8 | 9 | 19 | 6 | 5 | 8 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$107. 17 | \$74. 27 | \$104.90 | \$149.05 | \$49.73 | \$39.26 | \$46.02 | \$83. 53 |
    |  | 6.02 | 4.89 | 5.85 | 7.58 | 8.06 | 8.03 | 6.86 | 10.43 |
    |  | 9.65 | 5.30 | 6. 80 | 18.70 | 7.42 | 4. 28 | 4.03 | 21.94 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.......- | 6. 24 | . 47 | 6.66 | 12.46 | . 07 | . 05 | $\stackrel{ }{2 .} 13$ | 21. 0 |
    | Part-time.-...-- | 20.56 | 10.52 | 18.34 | 35.47 | 1.13 | . 01 | . 28 | 5. 60 |
    |  | 3.95 | 3.83 | 3.91 | 4.14 | 3.04 | 2.83 | 3. 34 | 2. 99 |
    |  | 3. 49 | 4.17 | 3.43 | 2. 77 | 3.49 | 3.41 | 3.56 | 3. 57 |
    |  | 1.17 | 1. 62 | 1.09 | . 76 | 1.25 | 1.36 | 1.15 | 1.16 |
    |  | 5. 32 | 5.17 | 5. 23 | 5. 62 | 6.01 | 6.09 | 5. 74 | 6.34 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc. | 2.57 | 1.89 | 2.60 | 3.35 | 1.89 | 1.71 | 1.86 | 2.41 |
    | Matches..- | 2.21 | 2. 39 | 2.21 | 1.99 | 2.14 | 2.17 | 2.06 | 2. 20 |
    | Laundry out | 33.83 | 25.39 | 35.77 | 41.10 | 9.93 | 5.57 | 10.85 | 19.34 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink..... | 1.24 | . 80 | 1.24 | 1.75 | 1.34 | 1.36 | 1.21 | 1. 50 |
    | Postage, telegrams.---.-..---.-- | 2.69 | 1.87 | 2. 68 | 3.66 | 1.07 | . 91 | 1.17 | 1. 30 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage- | . 94 | . 90 | . 83 | 1.13 | . 53 | . 41 | . 94 | . 05 |
    | Safe-deposit box------------------ | . 19 | 0 | . 05 | . 60 | . 10 | . 04 | . 09 | . 26 |
    |  | . 65 | . 49 | . 67 | . 82 | . 64 | . 29 | .81 | 1. 21 |
    |  | 2.61 | 2. 60 | 2.34 | 2.99 | 1.31 | . 47 | 1. 54 | 2.99 |
    |  | 3.84 | 1.97 | 5. 20 | 4.16 | . 31 | .27 | . 40 | . 24 |

    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville. Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Ecomomic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Oderation Experditures Other Than for Fuel, Light and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey --------------- | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    |  | 28 | 7 | 14 | 7 | 159 | 59 | 53 | 47 |
    | Telephone.-.------ | 11 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 90 | 17 | 36 | 37 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time...... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
    | Part-time....---- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 34 | 7 | 11 | 16 |
    | Laundry out. | 7 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 104 | 15 | 46 | 43 |
    | Postage, telegrams. | 49 | 8 | 31 | 10 | 150 | 58 | 49 | 43 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 27 | 9 | 8 | 10 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 19 | 5 | 8 | 6 | 31 | 7 | 9 | 15 |
    | Interest on debts. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 26 | 7 | 7 | 12 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$33.09 | \$32.05 | \$31.05 | \$37.89 | \$84. 59 | \$55.97 | \$90.08 | \$114.54 |
    |  | 5. 45 | 7.08 | 4.79 | 5.62 | 12.88 | 12.52 | 13.02 | 13.16 |
    |  | 5.37 | 4.85 | 4.55 | 7.39 | 14.55 | 6.86 | 17.24 | 21. 30 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time......- | . 27 | 0 | 0 | 1. 00 | 3.21 | . 36 | 3.40 | 6.59 |
    | Dart-time-.------ | . 70 | 0 | 0 | 2. 60 | 6.81 | 5. 14 | 6.37 | 9.40 |
    |  | 2. 48 | 2.38 | 2. 18 | 3.15 | 3.47 | 3.30 | 3.26 | 3.92 |
    | Bar soap --..... | 4. 67 | 5.71 | 4. 44 | 4. 40 | 3.49 | 3.83 | 3.31 | 3.24 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1. 55 | 2.26 | 1. 27 | 1. 62 | 1.11 | 1.27 | 1.06 | . 94 |
    | Soap flakes, powder....-.-.-.----- | 3. 60 | 3.48 | 3.43 | 4.01 | 1.97 | 2.18 | 1.34 | 2.38 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc $\qquad$ | 1. 36 | 1.15 | 1. 53 | 1.17 | 1.47 | 1. 25 | 1.61 | 1.59 |
    | Matches.--- | 1. 76 | 1.38 | 1.83 | 1.84 | 2.44 | 2. 26 | 2.20 | 2.91 |
    | Laundry out. | 2.08 | 0 | 3. 05 | 1. 60 | 23.80 | 9.84 | 28.82 | 35. 92 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink....- | . 72 | . 81 | . 83 | . 45 | 1.80 | 1. 44 | 2.01 | 2.08 |
    | Postage, telegrams .--......-.-.-- | . 56 | . 47 | . 67 | . 41 | 1.93 | 1.36 | 2.05 | 2.51 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | 44 | 0 | . 70 | . 22 | . 78 | . 57 | . 75 | 1.07 |
    | Safe-deposit box-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 12 | . 11 | . 19 | . 06 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 2.01 | 2.45 | 1.67 | 2.39 | 1.68 | 1. 51 | . 86 | 2.77 |
    | Interest on debts. | . 04 |  | . 08 | 0 | 3.07 | 2.16 | 2.59 | 4.73 |
    | Other items. | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro families |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { Aamilies }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey .-.--------------- | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 32 | 7 | 17 | 8 | 117 | 58 | 33 | 26 |
    | Domestic service: Fullitime | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 12 | 1 | 17 |
    | Part-time | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 | 19 | 16 | 12 |
    | Laundry out | 9 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 57 | 21 | 20 | 16 |
    | Postage, telegrams. | 60 | 17 | 29 | 14 | 121 | 55 | 39 | 27 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 28 | 12 | 7 | 9 |
    | Safe-deposit box....- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
    | Interest on debts. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 26 | 11 | 6 | 9 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. Water rent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$26. 46 | \$24. 47 | \$23. 43 | \$38.08 | \$86. 47 | \$59.08 | \$94. 63 | \$141. 02 |
    |  | 4.88 | 4.62 | 4.86 | 5. 30 | 12.07 | 11.65 | 12.36 | 12.68 |
    | Telephone... | 4.91 | 3.75 | 3.98 | 9.17 | 8.45 | 4.51 | 9.26 | 16. 76 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.--..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12.07 | 4.91 | 9.01 | 33. 20 |
    | Part-time.------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.02 | 7.88 | 18.30 | 18.32 |
    | Household paper | 2.84 | 2.34 | 3.05 | 2.94 | 3.77 | 3.83 | 3.60 | 3.87 |
    | Bar soap---- | 2.90 | 3.14 | 2.88 | 2.68 | 3. 62 | 3.82 | 3.03 | 3.93 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1.21 | 1. 29 | 1.11 | 1.41 | 1. 44 | 1. 49 | 1. 26 | 1. 53 |
    | Soap flakes, powder--..-.-.-- | 1. 76 | 2.03 | 1. 59 | 1.89 | 3.15 | 2.77 | 3.42 | 3. 72 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, ete. | 58 | 45 | . 53 | . 87 | 2.30 | 2.10 | 2.33 | 2. 73 |
    | Matches.-- | 1.82 | 1.74 | 1.86 | 1.80 | 2.44 | 2.65 | 2.11 | 2.36 |
    | Laundry out | 2. 19 | 1.08 | . 62 | 8.23 | 14. 49 | 7.50 | 19.54 | 24.50 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink.---- | 1.26 | 1.29 | 1. 35 | 1.00 | 1.12 | . 92 | 1. 53 | 1.07 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 1.01 | 1.19 | . 86 | 1.21 | 2.36 | 1.87 | 3.03 | 2.64 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage_ | . 06 | 0 | . 07 | . 14 | 1. 23 | . 88 | 1.07 | 2.26 |
    | Safe-deposit box-..........-.....-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 14 | . 09 | . 19 | . 20 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | . 78 | 1.33 | . 44 | 1.03 | . 40 | . 12 | 1. 20 |  |
    | Interest on debts. | 25 | . 22 | . 21 | 41 | 3. 58 | 1.41 | 2.76 | 9.85 |
    | Other items.- | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 82 | . 68 | . 63 | 1.40 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-White families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 300 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey -.-.--------------1-1 | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 | 318 | 97 | 60 | 108 | 53 |
    | Number of families spending forWater rent. $\qquad$ | 37 | 10 | 21 | 6 | 153 | 30 | 29 | 57 | 37 |
    | Telephone. | 10 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 49 | 4 | 7 | 22 | 16 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time...-.-.- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 2 | 1 | 3 13 | 7 |
    | Laundry out.....- | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 85 | 9 | 8 | 39 | 29 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 74 | 23 | 42 | 9 | 180 | 38 | 35 | 67 | 40 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage.. | 14 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 38 | 5 | 13 | 11 | 9 |
    | Safe-deposit box--....----------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 83 | 14 | 20 | 29 | 20 |
    | Interest on debts. | 14 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 35 | 4 | 6 | 14 | 11 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | fuel, light, and refrigeration, total. | \$25. 73 | \$21.87 | \$27. 39 | \$28.64 | \$58. 23 | \$32. 26 | \$47. 44 | \$67.40 | \$99. 10 |
    | Water rent | 5. 14 | 3.98 | 5.32 | 7.34 | 4. 50 | 3.10 | 4.90 | 4.98 | 5. 54 |
    | Telephone | 1.86 | . 33 | 1. 90 | 5. 65 | 5.96 | 1.81 | 3.93 | 8.28 | 11.14 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time | . 10 | . 29 | 0 | 0 | 3.91 | 2.96 | 1.06 | 3.53 | 9.63 |
    | Part-time.--.-. | . 13 | . 40 | 0 | 0 | 5. 63 | 1.50 | 2.01 | 7.22 | 14.06 |
    | Household paper..--.................- | 1.70 | 1.00 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 3.72 | 3.05 | 3.89 | 3.74 | 4.75 |
    | Bar soap...-.-. | 3. 63 | 3.91 | 3.53 | 3.33 | 5. 26 | 5.43 | 5.16 | 5.08 | 5.41 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1. 62 | 1. 56 | 1. 69 | 1.47 | 1.80 | 1.94 | 1.73 | 1.86 | 1.49 |
    | Soap flakes, powder | 2.37 | 2.35 | 2.49 | 1.92 | 4.41 | 3.77 | 4.71 | 4.99 | 4.05 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc. | . 85 | . 61 | . 98 | . 92 | 2.32 | 1. 40 | 2.28 | 2.67 | 3.34 |
    | Matches... | 2.08 | 1.71 | 2.35 | 1.86 | 3.06 | 2.76 | 3.57 | 3.20 | 2.75 |
    | Laundry out | 1.82 | . 30 | 3.02 | . 68 | 10.16 | 1.15 | 5. 55 | 12.50 | 27.09 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | . 47 | . 44 | . 48 | . 53 | 1. 49 | 1.54 | 1.92 | 1.31 | 1. 26 |
    | Postage, telegrams...---- | 1. 50 | 1.47 | 1. 40 | 1.97 | 1. 32 | . 48 | 1.30 | 1. 58 | 2.34 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | . 42 | . 46 | . 31 | . 84 | . 70 | . 14 | 1.27 | . 68 | 1.31 |
    | Safe-deposit box.............--.-...- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 07 | . 03 | 0 | .11 | . 12 |
    | Insurance on furnitur | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.17 | . 50 | 1.67 | 1.11 | 1.95 |
    | Interest on debts. | 1. 84 | 2. 82 | 1.68 | 0 | 2. 68 | . 62 | 2.40 | 4.60 | 2.82 |
    | Other items. | . 20 | . 24 | . 20 | . 09 | . 07 | . 08 | . 09 | . 06 | . 05 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey - .----1-.-.-.-. | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    | Number of families spending forWater rent | 17 | 4 | 10 | 3 | 113 | 38 | 42 | 33 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 61 | 9 | 26 | 26 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
    | Part-time.....-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 3 | 12 | 17 |
    | Laundry out. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 56 | 5 | 22 | 29 |
    | Postage, telegrams.--------------- | 36 | 7 | 21 | 8 | 149 | 40 | 59 | 50 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | 9 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 25 | 4 | 10 | 11 |
    | Safe-deposit box---........-.-.-.-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Insurance on furniture. | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 37 | 4 | 15 | 18 |
    | Interest on debts. | 6 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 29 | 9 | 12 | 8 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$23.36 | \$19.95 | \$22.27 | \$31.60 | \$81. 43 | \$46.83 | \$76.11 | \$120.61 |
    | Water rent | 1.45 | 1. 44 | 1.30 | 1.82 | 9.24 | 11, 20 | 8. 25 | 8. 62 |
    | Telephone... | I. 19 | 0 | 1.58 | 2.28 | 13.43 | 5.72 | 14.92 | 18. 84 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.....-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.37 |  | 3.02 | 13.33 |
    | Dometime.....--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11.04 | 1.85 | 7.31 | 24.28 |
    | Household paper.---......---------- | 2.36 | 2.28 | 2.07 | 3.20 | 3.87 | 3.85 | 3.86 | 3.91 |
    |  | 5.65 | 5.72 | 4.98 | 7.18 | 2.82 | 3.57 | 2. 60 | 2.37 |
    |  | 1. 75 | 1. 56 | 1.64 | 2. 29 | 1. 19 | 1.60 | 1.10 | . 93 |
    | Soap flakes, powder-.-.-.-.-.------- | 3.16 | 3.18 | 3.12 | 3.12 | 4.73 | 4.54 | 4.61 | 5. 07 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc. | . 99 | . 65 | 1.10 | 1.28 | 1.81 | 1.66 | 1.76 | 2.01 |
    | Matches.- | 2.16 | 2.04 | 2. 18 | 2.32 | 2.10 | 2.14 | 1. 93 | 2.27 |
    |  | . 98 | 0 | . 54 | 3.72 | 15.45 | 3.54 | 15. 70 | 26. 36 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | 1. 41 | 2.15 | 1.10 | . 93 | 1.40 | . 93 | 1.41 | 1. 84 |
    | Postage, telegrams--...-...-.-.--- | . 92 | . 36 | 1.02 | 1.62 | 2.00 | 1.20 | 1.87 | 2.93 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage- | . 40 | . 08 | . 42 | . 89 | 1.13 | . 32 | 1.28 | 1. 73 |
    | Safe-deposit box....--.-.-.-.-.-.-- | . 04 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 05 | . 13 |
    | Insurance on furniture.-.-.------ | . 40 | 0 | . 44 | . 95 | 1.77 | . 95 | 1.53 | 2.84 |
    | Interest on debts.. | . 50 | . 49 | . 70 |  | 3. 73 | 3.35 | 4.88 | 2. 66 |
    | Other items.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 29 | . 41 | . 03 | . 49 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.Negro families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Household Operation Erpenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 109 | 29 | 52 | 28 | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    | Number of families spending forWater rent. | 54 | 15 | 26 | 13 | 154 | 55 | 59 | 40 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 76 | 15 | 25 | 36 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 3 |
    | Domestime....--- | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 3 | 7 | 17 |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 90 | 15 | 32 | 43 |
    | Postage, telegrams.-...---.-.-.-.-- | 93 | 23 | 46 | 24 | 154 | 50 | 54 | 50 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage_ | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 35 | 9 | 16 | 10 |
    | Safe-deposit box | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 19 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 55 | 15 | 18 | 22 |
    | Interest on debts. | 13 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 32 | 8 | 14 | 10 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$29.82 | \$25.66 | \$25. 73 | \$41. 78 | \$78. 71 | \$42.89 | \$78.45 | \$122.41 |
    |  | 5.97 | 6.18 | 5.58 | 6. 49 | 6.36 | 6.08 | 6.93 | 6. 05 |
    |  | 1.84 | 0 | . 92 | 5.46 | 13. 49 | 6.52 | 12.84 | 22. 69 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time.----- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5. 40 | 1. 69 | 4.01 | 11. 49 |
    | Part-time. | 1. 74 | 0 | . 92 | 5.07 | 5. 58 | 2.40 | 3.31 | 12. 04 |
    | Household paper | 2.50 | 1.99 | 2.68 | 2.69 | 3.44 | 2.77 | 4.00 | 3. 62 |
    | Bar soap | 3.98 | 4.73 | 3.67 | 3.77 | 3.00 | 3.31 | 2.89 | 2. 74 |
    | Starch, bluing | 1. 39 | 1.63 | 1. 28 | 1.36 | 1. 19 | 1.37 | 1.37 | . 78 |
    | Soap flakes, powder. | 3.01 | 2.48 | 3.17 | 3.26 | 4.12 | 3.65 | 4.80 | 3.90 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc | . 72 | . 41 | .69 | 1.10 | 2.11 | 1.50 | 2.45 | 2.46 |
    |  | 1.80 | 1.88 | 1.71 | 1.92 | 2.02 | 2.08 | 2.11 | 1.85 |
    |  | 1. 83 |  | 1.51 | 4.32 | 19.88 | 4.97 | 21. 79 | 35.73 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink....- | . 77 | . 51 | . 76 | 1.06 | 1.33 | . 87 | 1. 54 | 1. 63 |
    | Postage, telegrams | 1. 08 | 1.01 | 1.07 | 1.17 | 2.11 | 1.12 | 2.10 | 3.31 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | .12 | 0 | .17 | .16 | 2. 19 | . 59 | 1.78 | 4. 60 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 13 | 0 | . 03 | . 41 |
    | Insurance on furniture ...-----.-- | 1.20 | 1.44 | . 61 | 2.04 | 2.44 | 1.71 | 1.88 | 3. 96 |
    |  | 1.85 .02 | 3.33 .09 | $0^{.99}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.91}$ | 3.64 .88 | 2.22 | 4. 28 | 4. 63 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic spending per unit | level-Families per expenditure |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Houschold Operation Expenditures Other Than for Fuel, Light, and Refrigeration |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Water rent.-.. | 87 | 23 | 43 | 21 |
    | Telephone. | 13 | 2 | 6 | 5 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Laundry out .....-...- | 4 24 | 1 | 14 | 9 |
    | Postage, telegrams. | 73 | 19 | 34 | 20 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage | 12 | 2 | 6 | 4 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 22 | 1 | 17 | 4 |
    | Interest on debts. | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
    | Average expenditure per family for household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, total | \$36.04 | \$28. 25 | \$36.46 | \$43.45 |
    |  | 6.53 | 6.98 | 6.40 | 6.34 |
    | Telephone | 4.56 | 2.33 | 4.75 | 6.50 |
    | Domestic service: Full-time | . 68 | 0 | 0 | 2.72 |
    | Part-time | 1.30 | 1.59 | . 07 | 3.43 |
    | Housebold paper | 1.35 | 1.25 | 1. 28 | 1.58 |
    | Bar soap-- | 3.38 | 4.25 | 3.16 | 2.92 |
    | Starch, bluing. | 1. 47 | 2.06 | 1.23 | 1.34 |
    | Soap fiakes, powder | 2.86 | 3.27 | 2.97 | 2.22 |
    | Cleaning powder, polish, steel wool, etc | . 88 | . 51 | . 94 | 1.16 |
    | Matches.-.-. | 1.63 | 1.79 | 1. 54 | 1.65 |
    | Postage, telegrams. | 1.38 | 1.20 | 1. 29 | 1. 75 |
    | Laundry out.- | 6.01 | . 60 | 8.24 | 7.27 |
    | Stationery, pens, pencils, ink | . 61 | . 39 | . 65 | . 78 |
    | Moving, express, freight, drayage. | . 69 | . 45 | . 81 | . 71 |
    | Safe-deposit box--.-.--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Insurance on furniture | 1.55 | . 33 | 2.40 | 1.17 |
    | Interest on debts. | 1.10 | 1.22 | . 68 | 1.81 |
    | Otber items. | . 06 | . 03 | . 05 | . 10 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { All }}{\underset{\text { Amilies }}{ }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 700 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 700$ and over |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 419 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 66 | 40 | 47 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation $\qquad$ | 391 | 65 | 81 | 95 | 64 | 39 | 47 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles...-- | 113 | 8 | 16 | 22 | 23 | 19 | 25 |
    | Number of automobiles owned.-.-.-.-..----- | 114 | 8 | 16 | 22 | 23 | 19 | 26 |
    | Made: 1936......... | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | 1933-35 | 31 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 17 |
    | 1930-32 | 44 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 4 |
    | 1927-29 | 34 | 5 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 2 |
    | Before 1927. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Originally purchased: New | 43 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 20 |
    | Second-hand | 71 | 7 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 |
    | Second-hand | 22 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Trolley--------------------------------------- | 358 | 62 | 76 | 90 | 56 | 36 | 38 |
    | Local bus | 15 | ${ }^{3}$ | 4 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Bicycle | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 12 |
    | Railroad | 20 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
    | Interurban bus | 12 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
    | Boat | 19 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total. | \$113.68 | \$54.44 | \$73. 58 | \$98.97 | \$117. 53 | \$166.08 | \$266. 72 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycles-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 59.79 | 14. 58 | 24.39 | 35.49 | 68.29 | 104.83 | 201. 74 |
    |  | 23.05 | 2.70 | 7.77 | 9.15 | 17.88 | 40.10 | 107. 27 |
    | Motorcycles... | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline........--.-.-.-.-. | 18.65 | 5. 49 | 8.20 | 14. 29 | 26.87 | 34.11 | 44.37 |
    | Fall. | 4.63 | 1.26 | 2.09 | 3.58 | 6.54 | 8.36 | 11.26 |
    | Winter | 4.54 | 1.35 | 1.78 | 3. 62 | 6.73 | 7.89 | 11.02 |
    | Spring | 4. 58 | 1.44 | 1.90 | 3.49 | 6.57 | 8.75 | 10.73 |
    | Summer | 4. 90 | 1. 44 | 2. 43 | 3.60 | 7.03 | 9.11 | 11.36 |
    | Oil | 1.74 | . 49 | . 89 | 1. 59 | 2.02 | 3.39 | 3.88 |
    | Tires. | 1.50 | . 45 | . 84 | 1. 54 | 2.58 | 1.93 | 2. 50 |
    | Tubes. | . 21 | . 03 | . 19 | . 25 | . 29 | . 21 | . 34 |
    | Repairs and maintenance | 2.32 | . 14 | . 74 | 2. 29 | 4.03 | 5.31 | 3. 97 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 4.91 | . 49 | 2.09 | 2.86 | 6.97 | 10.02 | 14.49 |
    | Licenses and taxes | 3.11 | 1.07 | 1.57 | 2.54 | 3.68 | 5.25 | 7.94 |
    | Insurance- | 2.32 | . 73 | . 67 | .$^{.58}$ | 3.42 | 3.25 | 9.47 |
    | Fines and damages. | . 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 08 |  | 4.71 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle... | 1. 43 | 2.92 | 1.43 | . 40 | . 47 | 1.26 | 2. 80 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense | . 01 | . 07 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | 53.89 | 39.86 | 49. 19 | 63.48 | 49.24 | 61.25 | 64.98 |
    | Trolley | 49.96 | 37.52 | 46.02 | 60.11 | 47.34 | 57.09 | 53.24 |
    | Local bus. | . 63 | . 74 | . 82 | 1.19 | . 02 | . 27 | . 04 |
    | Taxi. | 1. 54 | 1.32 | 1.04 | 1.03 | 1.18 | 1.14 | 4.75 |
    | Bicycle. | . 15 | 0 | . 33 | 0 | 0 | . 85 | 0 |
    | Railroad | . 80 | .19 | . 42 | .91 | . 35 | 76 | 2. 95 |
    | Interurban bus | . 27 |  | . 50 | . 06 | .17 | . 32 | . 80 |
    | Boat. | (i) 54 | . 09 | . 06 | $0^{.18}$ | .$^{.18}$ | . 81 | 3.20 |
    | Airplane. | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { fies }}}{ }$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { famt- } \\ \text { fies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Undar } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and <br> over |
    | Transportation Expenditures | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for trans- | 90 | 18 | 39 | 33 | $199$ | 86 | 6037 |  |
    | Number of families owning automobiles. | 6 | 0 |  |  |  | 4040 |  | 53 |
    | Number of automobiles owned.-.......- |  |  | 1 | 550 | 119 |  | 38 | 41 |
    | Made: 1936.-................. |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | 1933-35. | 1 |  | 0 | 1 | 18 | 1 | 0 6 | ${ }_{11}$ |
    | 1930-32. | 122 | 0000 | 1 | 1 | 47 | 14 | 1613 | 13 |
    | 1927-29 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 22 |  |  |
    | Before 1927--:- Originally purchased: |  | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
    | New --------- | 5 |  | 0 | 14 | 4079 | 1030 | 1622 | ${ }_{27}^{14}$ |
    | Second-hand - |  | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ | 00 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 08 | $\stackrel{2}{7}$ | 9 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Trolley-... | $\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ 2 \\ 20 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|} 17 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 351602110 | $\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ 1 \\ 11 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 169 | 74 | 50 | 45 |
    | Local |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |
    | Picrio |  |  |  |  | 14 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
    | Railroad. |  |  |  |  | 36 | 11 | 15 | 0 |
    | Interurban bus |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |  | 2 |
    | Boat. |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane. |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$55.63 | \$32.40 | \$39.00 | \$96.07 | \$134. 14 | \$79.84 | \$119.89 | \$238. 51 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycies-pur- |  | 3.25 | 4.24 | 17.12 | 104.70 | 52.12 | 88.96 |  |
    | chase, operation, and maintenance- | 8.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 207.92 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles---------- |  | 0 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |  | $\underset{0}{37.92}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{27.08}$ | ${ }_{0}^{96.51}$ |
    | Motorcycles. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gasoline | 3.84.96 | 0 |  |  | ${ }^{36} 92$ | ${ }_{24}{ }^{-1} 29$ | 8.19 |  |
    |  |  | 0 | 1.40 .35 | ${ }_{2}^{10.12}$ | 9.28 8.60 | 5.84 6.23 |  | 16.11 13.19 |
    | Wpring | .96 | 0 | . 35 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2. } 53 \\ & 2.53 \end{aligned}$ | 8. 60 | 6. 23 | 7.95 | 13. 19 13.77 |
    | Summer | .96 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.53 \\ & 2.53 \end{aligned}$ | 10.27 | 6. 60 |  | 17.32 |
    | Oil.... | . 96 | 0 | . 35 | 1.09 | 4.75 | $\text { 3. } 21$ | 9. <br> 4 <br> 4.67 <br> 8 | ${ }_{7.31}$ |
    | Tires. | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{-21}$ |  | 4.85 |  | 5. 54 | 5.91 |
    | Tubes... |  | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | -63 | . 56 |  |  |
    | Repairs and maintenance | . 17 |  |  |  | 6. 64 | 3. 52 | 6. 29 | . 8.85 |
    | Garage rent and parking |  | 0 | ${ }^{0} .30$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.41 \\ & 1.67 \end{aligned}$ | -62 | . 11 | $\begin{array}{r}6.27 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 1. 85 |
    | Licenses and taxes. | . 67 |  |  |  |  | 6.03 | 8.30 | 14. 55 |
    | Insurance |  | 0 |  |  | 2.54 | . 08 | 1. 53 | 7.67 |
    | Fines and damages | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 06 | . 04 | 0 | . 17 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motor- cycle-a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle | 2.53 | 3.25 | 2.33 | 2.29 | . 77 | .80 | . 86 | . 62 |
    | transportation expense............. |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 05 |  | 0 |
    | Other transportation..... | 47.53 | 29.15 | 34.76 | 78.95 | 29.44 | 27.72 | 30.93 | 30.59 |
    | Trolley. | 44. 41 | 28. 93 | 32.00 | 73. 23 | 24.33 | 23.82 | 23.80 | 25.74 |
    | Local bus. | 1.02 |  | . 86 | 1.98 | . 21 | . 17 | . 08 | . 41 |
    | Taxi | 1.09 |  | . 80 | 2.11 | . 38 | . 19 | . 24 | . 85 |
    | Bicycle. | ${ }^{0} 73$ | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |  | ${ }^{.69}$ | -44 | 1.66 | 0 |
    | Railroad---- | . 73 |  | . 98 | . 90 | 3.00 | 1.73 | 4.43 | 3.48 |
    | Interurban bus | . 11 | 0 | . 02 |  |  | ${ }_{0}^{1.36}$ |  | $0^{11}$ |
    | Boat <br> Airplane |  | 0 |  | $0^{.40}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0} .01$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{0} .04$ | 0 0 |
    | Other transportation expense-...-.-.-.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0{ }^{01}$ | $0^{.01}$ | $0^{.04}$ | 0 |

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Birmingham, Ala.-Negro familios |  |  |  | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 101 | 38 | 44 | 19 | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 97 | 35 | 43 | 19 | 290 | 91 | 104 | 95 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles.- | 18 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 202 | 51 | 73 | 78 |
    | Number of automobiles owned...........-- | 19 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 203 | 51 | 74 | 78 |
    | Made: 1936 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 5 |
    | 1933-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 6 | 16 | 32 |
    | 1930-32. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 58 | 9 | 21 | 28 |
    | 1927-29 | 13 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 72 | 32 | 27 | 13 |
    | Before 1927 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 0 |
    | Originally purchased: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New_ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 10 | 27 | 33 |
    | Second-hand | 19 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 133 | 41 | 47 | 45 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 5 | 17 |
    | Second-hand. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 42 | 7 | 13 | 22 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation nther than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 91 | 34 | 39 | 18 | 219 | 76 | 80 | 63 |
    | Local bus | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Taxi. | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 29 | 6 | 6 | 17 |
    | Bicycle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Railroad. | 21 | 4 | 10 | 7 | 14 | 2 | 6 | 6 |
    | Interurban bus | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 24 | 6 | 10 | 8 |
    | Boat... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$52. 41 | \$27. 36 | \$43.06 | \$124. 18 | \$173.30 | \$72.39 | \$148.28 | \$300. 77 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycles-purchase, operation, and maintenance | 29.04 | 9.76 | 21.19 | 85.82 | 148. 11 | 48.71 | 121.16 | 276. 25 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles...-.......-- | 9.29 | 2.84 | 6.15 | 29.48 | 79.43 | 8.03 | 52.09 | 180.31 |
    | Motorcycles. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 51 | 1. 60 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline.-..--.-.-.-...-. | 11. 28 | 3.64 | 8.61 | 32. 70 | 43. 65 | 24.47 | 44.42 | 61.75 |
    | Fall | 2. 88 | 1.06 | 2.05 | 8. 42 | 10.62 | 5.84 | 10.97 | 14.95 |
    | Winter | 2.67 | . 65 | 2.13 | 7.94 | 10. 55 | 5. 69 | 10.96 | 14.89 |
    | Spring | 2. 73 | . 65 | 2.13 | 8.27 | 10. 78 | 6. 30 | 11. 06 | 14. 90 |
    | Summer | 3.00 | 1.28 | 2.36 | 8.07 | 11. 70 | 6. 64 | 11. 43 | 17. 01 |
    | Oil | 1. 17 | . 61 | . 73 | 3.30 | 6. 58 | 4.80 | 6.20 | 8.76 |
    | Tires.. | 1.73 | . 19 | 2.17 | 3.80 | 3.82 | 2.95 | 5.05 | 3.32 |
    | Tubes | . 12 | . 01 | 0 | . 62 | . 63 | . 51 | . 76 | . 62 |
    | Repairs and maintenance | 2.43 | 1.28 | 1. 05 | 7.96 | 3.83 | 1.70 | 3.20 | 6.63 |
    | Garage rent and parking | 0 | 0 |  |  | . 68 | . 03 | +51 | 1.52 |
    | Licenses and taxes.---.- | 2.72 | 1.02 | 2.17 | 7.40 | 6.83 | 4.58 | 7.11 | 8.76 |
    | Insurance. | . 16 | 0 | . 24 | . 32 | 1.99 | 0 | 1. 72 | 4. 23 |
    | Fines and damages | . 04 | 0 | 0 | . 23 | . 05 | 0 | . 10 | . 03 |
    | Rent of automobile andior motorcycle. | . 10 | . 17 | . 07 | . 01 | . 11 | . 04 | 0 | . 32 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation.- | 23.37 | 17.60 | 21.87 | 38. 36 | 35. 19 | 23.68 | 27.12 | 24. 52 |
    | Trolley.............. | 18.91 | 13.16 | 18.07 | 32.35 | 22.86 | 22.88 | 24.38 | 21.16 |
    | Local bus. | . 01 | 0 | . 02 |  | . 16 | 0 | . 44 | 0 |
    | Taxi | 1. 62 | . 29 | 2.21 | 2.89 | . 26 | . 11 | . 09 | . 61 |
    | Bicycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 13 | 0 | . 19 | . 18 |
    |  | 2.15 | 2.38 | 1. 54 | 3.12 | 1. 06 | . 37 | 1.55 | 1. 20 |
    | Interurban bus. | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 54 | . 30 | . 47 | . 84 |
    | Boat. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Other transportation expense..-.-...-- | . 67 | 1.77 | 0 | 0 | . 17 | 0 | 0 | . 53 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item. | Houston, Tex.-White families, other than Mexican |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-Mexican families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 | 100 | 30 | 34 | 22 | 14 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 | 94 | 28 | 31 | 21 | 14 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles. | 190 | 37 | 73 | 80 | 48 | 12 | 17 | 10 | 9 |
    | Number of automobiles owned. | 190 | 37 | 73 | 80 | 49 | 13 | 17 | 10 |  |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | 1933-35- | 50 | 4 | 20 | 26 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 2 |  |
    | 1930-32. | 63 | 14 | 25 | 24 | 11 | 3 | 0 | 3 |  |
    | 1927-29 | 68 | 17 | 28 | 23 | 27 | 9 | 12 | 5 | J |
    | Before 1927 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Originally purchased: <br> New $\qquad$ | 70 | 4 | 27 | 39 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Second-hand ---- | 120 | 33 | 46 | 41 | 48 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 9 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New.- | 16 | 0 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Second-hand. | 41 | 9 | 19 | 13 | 19 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 109 | 28 | 43 | 38 | 14 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 1 |
    | Local bus....-.-.-.-.-.-.-. | 110 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 43 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 7 |
    | Taxi. | 66 | 11 | 26 | 29 | 28 | 9 | 11 | 6 | 2 |
    | Bicycle | 15 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 25 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
    | Interurban bus | 21 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Boat | 3 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$202. 11 | \$113.68 | \$186. 47 | \$281. 90 | \$89. 29 | \$51. 26 | \$74.88 | \$98. 68 | \$198.84 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycles purchase, operation, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | maintenance | 174. 22 | 82.79 | 161. 85 | 252.87 | 76. 29 | 39. 21 | 65. 25 | 81. 28 | 174.76 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles_- | 76. 24 | 24.98 | 55.92 | 134.04 | 39.37 | 16. 46 | 29.96 | 44.37 | 103.42 |
    | Motorcycles.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Gasoline....-...-.-...-------- | 54.73 | 32.85 | 58. 84 | 66. 33 | 17. 53 | 11. 34 | 17.59 | 13. 85 | 36.44 |
    | Fall | 13. 68 | 8.14 | 14.62 | 16. 72 | 4.04 | 2.43 | 3.97 | 3.31 | 8.79 |
    | Winter | 13. 14 | 8.04 | 13.97 | 15.96 | 4. 23 | 2.49 | 4.23 | 3.31 | 9.37 |
    | Spring | 13. 34 | 7.57 | 14.17 | 16.68 | 4.67 | 3.07 | 4.95 | 3.74 | 8.91 |
    | Summer | 14. 57 | 9.10 | 16.08 | 16. 97 | 4.59 | 3.35 | 4.44 | 3.49 | 9.37 |
    | Oil. | 7.10 | 4.58 | 6.64 | 9.38 | 2.80 | 1.85 | 3.07 | 2.63 | 4. 46 |
    | Tires. | 6.06 | 3.44 | 7.82 | 6.14 | 3.48 | 2.93 | 2. 45 | 6.69 | 2.11 |
    | Tubes. | 1.16 | . 68 | 1. 47 | 1. 20 | . 56 | . 28 | . 42 | 1.14 | . 59 |
    | Repairs and maintenance.-- | 11. 40 | 6.89 | 14.06 | 11. 93 | 4.37 | 1.39 | 3.97 | 3.68 | 12.86 |
    | Garage rent and parking.-. | 1.81 | . 87 | 1.47 | 2.82 | . 33 | 0 | . 87 | 0 | . 28 |
    | Licenses and taxes............ | 8. 55 | 5. 59 | 8. 64 | 10.59 | 4.77 | 3.34 | 4.88 | 5.00 | 7.17 |
    | Insurance. | 4. 40 | . 56 | 3.38 | 8. 23 | . 80 | . 60 | 0 | 1.66 | 1. 86 |
    | Fines and damages......-.-- | . 26 | . 01 | . 09 | . 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | 2.46 | 2. 31 | 3.46 | 1. 56 | 2.21 | 1.02 | 2.04 | 1.95 | 5.57 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense | . 05 | . 03 | 06 | 04 | . 07 | 0 | 0 | . 31 | 0 |
    | Other transportation.----.---- | 27.89 | 30.89 | 24. 62 | 29.03 | 13.00 | 12.05 | 9.63 | 12. 40 | 24. 08 |
    | Trolley | 11.35 | 14. 74 | 9.74 | 10. 54 | 1. 84 | 1.95 | 2.01 | . 55 | 3.21 |
    | Local bus..... | 11.97 | 14. 11 | 10. 09 | 12. 34 | 6.61 | 3.31 | 3. 59 | 8.92 | 17.40 |
    | Taxi... | 1.51 | . 67 | 1.07 | $2.55^{\circ}$ | 2. 77 | 5.82 | 1.81 | 1.39 | . 70 |
    | Bicycle. | 1.37 | . 78 | 2.79 | . 36 | . 41 | . 37 | . 87 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | . 83 | . 27 | . 43 | 1. 64 | 1.13 | . 60 | 1.35 | . 45 | 2.77 |
    | Interurban bus. | . 69 | . 26 | . 41 | 1.29 | . 24 | 0 | 0 | 1.09 | 0 |
    | Boat....... | . 03 |  | . 01 | . 06 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane...-.------------..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense | . 14 | . 06 | . 08 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Transportation Exp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 | 100 | 28 | 61 | 11 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 146 | 37 | 75 | 34 | 81 | 20 | 51 | 10 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles. | 98 | 20 | 49 | 29 | 35 | 5 | 23 | 7 |
    | Number of automobiles owned.-.--- | 100 | 20 | 51 | 29 | 35 | 5 | 23 | 7 |
    | Made: 1936 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1933-35 | 23 | 1 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1930-32 | 33 | 5 | 18 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
    | 1927-29 | 40 | 13 | 18 | 9 | 26 | 3 | 18 | 5 |
    | Before 1927 <br> Originally purchased: | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    |  | 34 | 5 | 17 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Second-hand | 66 | 15 | 34 | 17 | 34 | 5 | 23 | 6 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Second-hand. | 22 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 14 | 3 | 7 | 4 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcyele: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 85 | 26 | 40 | 13 | 48 | 13 | 29 | 6 |
    | Local bus | 59 | 16 | 31 | 12 | 20 | 6 | 11 | 3 |
    | Taxi | 45 | 10 | 26 | 9 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
    | Bicycle | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 32 | 3 | 17 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 3 |
    | Interurban bus | 19 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1. |
    | Boat-.-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$165. 53 | \$98. 72 | \$141.79 | \$291.65 | \$54. 13 | \$25. 51 | \$51. 51 | \$141. 50 |
    | Automobiles and motorcyclespurchase, operation, and maintenance | 144.08 | 75.61 | 118.91 | 275.13 | 46.84 | 19.61 | 45.39 | 124.28 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles.------- | 64.90 | 23.98 | 46.17 | 151. 24 | 16.30 | 6.69 | 14.53 | 50.54 |
    | Motorcycles.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    |  | 47. 44 | 29.24 | 45. 23 | 72.54 | 18.47 | 5.67 | 19. 57 | 44.97 |
    | Fall | 11.79 | 7.39 | 11.34 | 17.68 | 4.45 | 1. 27 | 4.84 | 10. 40 |
    | Winter | 11.81 | 7.04 | 11.26 | 18.31 | 4. 68 | 1. 41 | 5.09 | 10.68 |
    |  | 11. 44 | 7.41 | 10.73 | 17.48 | 4.98 | 1. 62 | 4.85 | 14.31 |
    |  | 12. 40 | 7.40 | 11.90 | 19.07 | 4. 36 | 1.37 | 4.79 | 9. 58 |
    | Oil | 5. 45 | 4.07 | 4.55 | 8.96 | 2.87 | . 71 | 2.99 | 7.73 |
    | Tires | 6.06 | 6.28 | 5. 01 | 8.07 | 1.90 | 1.97 | 1. 69 | 2.91 |
    | Tubes. | . 80 | . 88 | . 71 | . 89 | . 33 | . 23 | . 34 | . 56 |
    | Repairs and maintenance. | 7. 73 | 3.39 | 6.96 | 14.22 | 2.50 | . 96 | 2.08 | 8.76 |
    | Garage rent and parking.-.-...- | . 20 | 0 | 0 | 1.86 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Licenses and taxes.-...- | 7.75 | 4.88 | 7.75 | 10.98 | 2.97 | 1. 76 | 3.13 | 5.16 |
    | Insurance--...--- | 2.04 | 0 | . 90 | 6. 78 | $0^{.74}$ | . 11 | . 50 | 3.65 |
    |  | 15 | 0 | . 28 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | 1.55 | 2.87 | 1.35 | . 53 | . 76 | 1. 51 | . 56 | 0 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense. | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation............-- | 21. 45 | 23. 11 | 22.88 | 16. 52 | 7.29 | 5.90 | 6.12 | 17.22 |
    | Trolley | 13. 49 | 15. 38 | 14.96 | 8. 20 | 5.06 | 3. 79 | 4.92 | 9.08 |
    | Local bus. | 2.41 | 3.67 | 2.08 | 1. 71 | . 39 | . 22 | . 47 | . 37 |
    | Taxi. | 2. 53 | 1. 56 | 3.06 | 2.47 | .17 | . 46 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Bicycle. | . 52 | 1. 12 | . 25 | . 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 1. 80 | . 76 | 1.80 | 2. 97 | 1.57 | 1.18 | . 64 | 7.68 |
    | Interurban bus. | . 67 | . 62 | . 67 | . 74 | . 10 | . 25 | . 03 | . 09 |
    |  | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane-...----.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.--- | $0^{.02}$ | 0 | 0.03 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jacksonville,Fla.-White families |  |  |  | Louisville, Ky.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Fami- <br> lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { fies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit peryear year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey...- | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 | 197 | 92 | 69 | 36 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 174 | 56 | 69 | 49 | 193 | 88 | 69 | 36 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles | 120 | 30 | 52 | 38 | 73 | 28 | 26 |  |
    | Number of automobiles owned.-.--- | 127 | 31 | 53 | 43 | 74 | 39 | 26 | 19 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | 1933-35-..- | 25 | 1 | 7 | 17 | 15 | 3 | 6 | 6 |
    | 1930-32- | 39 | 10 | 16 | 13 | 24 | 10 | 6 | 8 |
    |  | ${ }^{53}$ | 16 | 26 | 11 | 28 | 12 | 12 | 4 |
    |  | 10 | 4 | 4 | , | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    | Number of familles purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  | 48 | 25 | 15 |  |
    |  | 7 | 12 | 0 | 7 | ${ }^{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    | Second-hand | 30 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 14 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Trolley | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 171 | 79 | 61 |  |
    |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bicyele | ${ }_{6}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | 5 | ${ }_{0}^{23}$ | 8 | 9 2 | 4 | 7 2 |
    | Railroad. | 28 | 3 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 3 | 7 | 1 |
    | Interurban bus | $\stackrel{25}{6}$ | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | ${ }_{6}$ | 13 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
    | Boat....- | ${ }^{6}$ | 0 | 1 | 5 | ${ }^{3}$ | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Airplane. |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$176.97 | \$103. 32 | \$141. 22 | \$313. 27 | \$100. 27 | \$66. 84 | \$85.99 | \$212.99 |
    | Automobiles and motorcyclespurchase, operation, and maintenance | 146.51 | 75.44 | 116. 39 | 272.00 | 65. 28 | 32. 70 |  |  |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles.-.------- | 62.20 | 33. 40 | 27.53 | 144.06 | 29.50 | 10. 99 | 17.61 | 178.39 99.59 |
    | Motorcycles.-.---- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0.6 |
    | Gasoline. | 53.00 | 24. 50 | 55.67 | 82.87 | 21. 09 | 14. 23 | 19.70 | 41.29 |
    | Fall | 13. 00 | 5. 98 | 13. 54 | 20.54 | 5. 26 | 3. 65 | 5.13 | 9. 62 |
    | Winter | 12.57 | 5.75 | 13. 11 | 19.86 | 5.24 | 3. 50 | 4.63 | 10.84 |
    | Spring. | 12.98 | 6. 18 | 13. 90 | 19.72 | 5.36 | 3.42 | 4.99 | 11.02 |
    | Summer | 14.45 | 6.61 | 15.12 | 22.75 | 5.23 | 3.66 | 4.95 | 9.81 |
    | Ofl. | 6. 23 | 2.49 | 6.49 | 10.30 | 2.69 | 1.60 | 2.96 | 4.96 |
    | Tires.. | 4.43 | 3.45 | 5.36 | 4.30 | 1.65 | . 77 | 1.53 | 4.13 |
    | Tubes. | 69 | 67 | . 80 | 57 | . 14 | . 07 | . 13 | . 33 |
    | Repairs and maintenance-....-- | 6. 52 | 3.07 | 8.22 | 8. 26 | 3.73 | 1.32 | 3. 96 | 9.46 |
    | Garage rent and parking.......- | - 42 | 0 | ${ }^{8} .55$ | . 74 | $\stackrel{.43}{ }$ | + 38 | . 17 | 1. 01 |
    | Licenses and taxes.- | 7.27 | 5.02 | 8.12 | 8.76 | 3.07 | 2.37 | 3.00 | 5.03 |
    | Insurance - - -ines and | 2.80 | . 65 | . 89 | 8.03 | 1. 64 | . 50 |  | 6. 22 |
    | Fines and damages. Rent of automobile and/or | . 07 | . 17 | . 01 | . 04 | . 06 | . 12 | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |
    | motorcycle..-............-- | 2.88 | 2.02 | 2.75 | 4.07 | 1.23 | . 34 | . 90 | 4.09 |
    | Other automobile and motor-- iycle transportation expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other transportation............ | ${ }_{30} 0$ | 27.88 | ${ }_{24} 24$ | ${ }_{41}^{0} 127$ | 34. 99 | ${ }_{34.14}$ | ${ }_{35}^{0} 26$ | 36.60 |
    | Trolley -.. | . 26 | . 79 |  |  | 32. 23 | 32.47 | 32.04 | 32.01 |
    | Local bus. | 16.86 | 18. 29 | 13.27 | 20.14 | . 10 | . 22 |  |  |
    | Taxi | 6. 10 | 5. 44 | 5.00 | 8.40 | . 72 | . 74 | . 34 | 1.40 |
    | Bicycle- | . ${ }^{\text {. } 93}$ | . 59 | 1.88 | 0 | 1. 19 | . 20 | 1. 58 | 2.92 |
    | Railrosd.-.-.-.-- | 2.66 | . 66 | 1. 66 | 6.41 | . 34 | . 29 | . 53 | . 08 |
    | Interurban bus...-. | 1.77 | 1.30 | ${ }^{64}$ | 3.88 | . 30 | .$^{.22}$ | - 46 | $0^{.19}$ |
    |  | . 50 |  | .22 1.45 | 1.47 | $0^{.11}$ | 0 | $0^{.31}$ | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense.-- | -82 | . 81 | . 71 | . 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-white families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Transportation Expenditures | 7465 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    | Families in survey ---------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for transportation. |  | 11 | 34 | 20 | 190 | 71 | 62 | 57 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles. | 15 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 115 | 34 | 37 |  |
    | Number of automobiles owned..--- | 15 | 20 | 50 | 8 | 1170 | 340 | 37 | 44 46 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
    | 1933-35 | 2 | 0 0 | 0 1 | 0 | 0 19 | 0 5 | 6 | 8 |
    | 1930-32 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 51 | 7 | 17 | 27 |
    | 1927-29 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 41 | 18 | 13 | 10 |
    | Before 1927. | 2 |  | 1 1 0 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1 |
    | Originally purchased: New |  |  |  |  |  | 6 4 | 4 1 <br> 8 18 |  |  |
    | Second-hand. | 11 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 70 | 26 | 21 | ${ }_{23}^{23}$ |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
    | New---------- | 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 915 | 0 | 36 | 65 |
    | Second-hand | 40 | 0 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of tamilies purchasing motorcycles in year. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 560 | 10 | 32 | 14 | 145 | 58 | 48 | 41 |
    |  |  |  | 0 2 | 04 |  | 14 | 1 | 0 |
    | Taxi- | 7 | 0 1 | 2 |  | ${ }_{11}^{2}$ |  |  |  |
    | Bicycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 2 |  |  |
    | Interurban bus | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 30 | 3 <br> 0 |
    | Boat.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Airplane.---------------------------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$62. 16 | \$41. 16 | \$59. 71 | \$81. 71 | \$140.58 | \$73.07 | \$145. 92 | \$219. 70 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycles- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | purchase, operation, and maintenance | 33. 83 | 7.81 | 32.09 | 54. 40 | 118. 53 | 52. 30 | 121.57 | 198.53 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles------- | $17.85$ | 0 | 21. 48 | 23.08 | 42. 20 | 7.61 | 48.57 | 78. 79 |
    | Purchase Motorcycles..----- |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Gasoline...--.-.-.-....-. | 10.40 | 0 4.78 | 7.48 | 20.16 | 43.76 | 27.52 | 42. 53 | 65. 52 |
    | Fall | 2. 66 | 1.07 | 1.85 | 5. 39 | 10. 25 | 6.41 | 10.01 | 15. 34 |
    | Winter | 2.50 | 1.07 | 1.87 | 4.77 | 10.59 | 6.69 | 10.24 |  |
    | Spring | 2. 48 | 1.21 | 1.85 | 4.61 | 11.01 | 6. 88 | 10.46 | 16.81 |
    | Summer | 2.76 | 1.43 | 1.91 | 5. 39 | 11.91 | 7.54 | 11.82 | 17.51 |
    | Oil.-.-- | 1. 29 | . 89 | . 53 | 3.08 | 6. 44 | 3.85 | 6.48 | 9.67 |
    | Tires..... | . 62 | 0 | . 91 | . 50 | 4. 70 | 1.38 | 5. 17 | 8.36 |
    | Tubes.-.--------------------- | . 11 | 0 | . 10 | . 20 | . 65 | . 28 | . 70 | 1. 07 |
    | Repairs and maintenance..-.-- | 1.38 | 0 | . 70 | 3. 70 | 6. 75 | 3. 14 | 4.53 | 13.71 |
    | Garage rent and parking.......- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 43 | . 03 | . 38 | . ${ }^{\text {. }} 99$ |
    | Licenses and taxes..--.--------- | 1. 70 | 1.21 | . 89 | 3. 68 | 9.12 | 6. 55 | 8.84 | 12.64 |
    | Insurance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3. 06 | . 15 | 3.18 | 6. 58 |
    | Fines and damages-...-.-.-.----- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 18 | 0 | 0 | . 59 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | . 18 | . 93 | 0 | 0 | 1.22 | 1. 77 | 1.17 | . 58 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 03 |
    | Other transportation...-.-.-....-- | 28.63 | 33.35 | 27.62 | 27.31 | 22.05 | 20.77 | 24.35 | 21.17 |
    |  | 27.05 | 31.17 | 26.53 | 25.19 | 19.28 | 17. 62 | 21.30 | 19. 19 |
    |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | +68 | 1.42 | -. 43 | 0 |
    |  | . 65 | . 04 | . 69 | 1.00 | . 36 | . 24 | . 69 | . 16 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 36 | . 47 | . 56 | 0 |
    |  | . 82 | 2.14 | . 40 | . 72 | 1. 01 | . 75 | . 97 | 1. 39 |
    | Interurban bus. | .11 | 0 | 0 | . 40 | +.36 | . 27 | . 40 | . 43 |
    | Boat. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mempbis, Tenn.-Negro tamilies |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { faini- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | \$ \$100 to | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 94 | 24 | 52 | 18 | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 87 | 22 | 48 | 17 | 140 | 69 | 40 | 31 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles | 11 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 82 | 33 | 28 | 21 |
    | Number of automobiles owned.---- | 11 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 85 | 35 | 29 | 21 |
    | Made: 1936.-.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1933-35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
    | 1930-32 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 29 | 10 | 12 | 7 |
    | 1927-29 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 43 | 18 | 16 | 9 |
    | Before 1927 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Originally purchased: <br> New. | 1 | 0 | $\frac{1}{5}$ | 0 | 37 | 12 | 14 | 11 |
    | Second-hand.-.-.--- | 10 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 48 | 23 | 15 | 10 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
    | Second-hand.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.------ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 19 | 13 | 4 | 2 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 80 | 21 | 44 | 15 | 101 | 58 | 24 | 19 |
    | Local bus. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Taxi. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 35 | 18 | 6 | 11 |
    | Bicycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    | Railroad...... | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 23 | 12 | 7 | 4 |
    | Interurban bus. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 4 | 6 | 2 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 2 |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$43.12 | \$29.26 | \$40.76 | \$68. 44 | \$133.99 | \$101.96 | \$142.12 | \$199.69 |
    | Automobiles and motorcyclespurchase, operation, and maintenance. $\qquad$ | 13.25 | 1.75 | 11. 36 | 34.07 | 108.49 | 75.05 | 122. 25 | 170.01 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles..-.-- | 13.19 | 0 | 0 | 16.67 | 31.82 | 24.94 | 29.24 | 51.69 |
    | Purchase Motorcycles...-.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 22 | . 44 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 6.13 | . 70 | 6.80 | 11.47 | 44.02 | 29.36 | 52. 77 | 67.40 |
    | Fall. | 1.63 | . 11 | 1. 70 | 3.44 | 10.90 | 7.59 | 12.58 | 16.55 |
    | Winter | 1. 46 | .17 | 1. 70 | 2.49 | 10.37 | 7.15 | 12.67 | 15.01 |
    | Spring | 1. 52 | .21 | 1.70 | 2.77 | 10.80 | 7.03 | 12. 89 | 17.04 |
    | Summer | 1. 52 | . 21 | 1. 70 | 2.77 | 11.95 | 7.59 | 14.63 | 18.80 |
    | Oil....... | . 66 | . 13 | . 63 | 1.42 | 4. 72 | 3.01 | 5.70 | 7.50 |
    | Tires | 1.02 | . 26 | 1.54 | . 56 | 6.51 | 3.81 | 7.61 | 11. 49 |
    | Tubes. | . 22 | . 06 | . 22 | . 44 | . 67 | . 63 | . 50 | . 97 |
    | Repairs and maintenance.....-- | . 49 | $0{ }^{+0}$ | . 67 | . 61 | 7.11 | 3.33 | 11.39 | 10.47 |
    | Garage rent and parking --.-.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 18 | . 13 | 0 | . 52 |
    | Licenses and taxes_ | 1.46 | . 60 | 1. 50 | 2.48 | 10.03 | 7.95 | 12.46 | 11.78 |
    | Insurance. | . 68 | 0 | 0 | . 42 | . 86 | . 17 | 1.30 | 1.92 |
    | Fines and damages......-.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 05 | 0 | 0 | . 22 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.25 | 1.28 | 1.11 | 6.05 |
    | Other automobilo and motor- |  |  | 0 | 0 | 2.25 | 1.28 | 1.11 | 6.05 |
    | cycle transportation expense-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 05 | 0 | . 17 | 0 |
    | Other transportation..--.-------- | 29.87 | 27.51 | 29.40 | 34.37 | 25.50 | 26.91 | 19.87 | 29.68 |
    | Trolley-.-- | 28.33 | 26.89 | 29.05 | 28.16 | 17.42 | 20.17 | 11.67 | 18. 46 |
    | Local bus. | 1.19 | 0 | 0 | 6.21 | 1. 19 | 1.49 |  | 2.06 |
    | Taxi. | .21 | . 62 | . 09 | 0 | 3.13 | 1.80 | 3.35 | 6.05 |
    | Bicycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.41 | 1.48 | 1.53 | 1.09 |
    | Railroad. | . 14 | 0 | . 26 | 0 | 1. 53 | 1. 51 | 1.40 | 1.76 |
    | Interurban bus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 74 | . 42 | 1.77 | . 16 |
    | Boat. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 06 | . 04 | . 13 | . 04 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 06 |
    | Other transportation expense..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-White families |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 300$ | $\$ 300 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and 0 ver |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey--------------- | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 | 318 | 97 | 60 | 108 | 53 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation. | 84 | 25 | 48 | 11 | 297 | 80 | 57 | 107 | 53 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles. | 18 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 112 | 17 | 21 | 45 | 29 |
    | Number of automobiles owned..- | 18 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 112 | 17 | 21 | 45 | 29 |
    | Made: 1936...- |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1933-35 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
    | 1930-32. | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 49 | 4 | 8 | 18 | 19 |
    | 1927-29 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 45 | 9 | 7 | 22 | 6 |
    | Before 1927. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
    | Originally purchased: <br> New. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 9 |
    | Second-hand | 16 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 87 | 13 | 18 | 36 | 20 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New-..--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Second-hand. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 23 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 7 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 70 | 22 | 43 | 5 | 238 | 67 | 43 | 86 | 42 |
    | Local bus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 1 |
    | Taxi. | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 33 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 12 |
    | Bicycle. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 19 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 28 | 2 | 9 | 10 | 7 |
    | Interurban bus. | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 3 |
    | Boat.-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
    | Airplane | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | A verage expenditure for all transportation, total | \$48.69 | \$15.91 | \$45. 42 | \$147. 16 | \$99.02 | \$42. 57 | \$84. 51 | \$118.60 | \$178.78 |
    | Automobiles and motorcyclespurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 32. 51 | 3.27 | 26. 15 | 135.06 | 60. 21 | 13.24 | 49.35 | 75. 68 | 126.91 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles----- | 11.36 | ${ }_{0}^{3 .}$ | 6. 76 | 60.29 | 16. 71 | 1.01 | 6.63 | 20.54 | 49.08 |
    | Motorcycles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline.---------------------- | 10.14 | 1.77 | 9.09 | 36. 25 | 23. 43 | 6. 70 | 22. 40 | 29.13 | 43.64 |
    | Fall. | 2. 66 | . .54 | 2.32 | 9.63 | 5.85 | 1. 72 | 5. 55 | 7.34 | 10.75 |
    | Winter | 2. 60 | . 43 | 2.15 | 10.12 | 5.41 | 1. 60 | 5. 46 | 6.37 | 10.36 |
    | Spring | 2.53 | . 25 | 2.30 | 9.38 | 5.93 | 1. 70 | 5. 64 | 7.44 | 10.96 |
    | Summer | 2. 35 | . 55 | 2.32 | 7.12 | 6.24 | 1. 68 | 5.75 | 7.98 | 11.57 |
    | Oil. | 1. 28 | . 20 | . 96 | 5. 41 | 4.37 | 1. 26 | 5. 46 | 4.83 | 7.88 |
    |  | 2, 60 | 0 | 2. 10 | 11.47 | 3.08 | . 55 | 3.42 | 4.22 | 4.99 |
    | Tubes... | . 22 | 0 | . 40 | 0 | . 51 | . 14 | . 47 | . 66 | . 91 |
    | Repairs and maintenance....-- | 2.18 | . 01 | 2.48 | 6.47 | 3.97 | . 35 | 3. 52 | 6.01 | 6. 98 |
    | Garage rent and parking.- | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 04 | 1. 14 | . 19 | 1. 48 | 1.68 | 1. 35 |
    | Licenses and taxes.. | 3.84 | . 85 | 3.00 | 15.13 | 5.69 | 2.68 | 5.57 | 6. 58 | 9.49 |
    | Insurance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 87 | . 36 | . 32 | 1.28 | 1. 58 |
    | Fines and damages | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 02 | . 11 | . 08 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | . 88 | . 44 | 1. 36 | 0 | . 38 | 0 | . 06 | . 64 | . 93 |
    | Other automobile and motor- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | cycle transportation ex- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | pense------------------------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation.--------.- | 16.18 | 12. 64 | 19. 27 | 12.10 | 38. 81 | 29.33 | 35.16 | 42.92 | 51.87 |
    |  | 13.83 | 10.23 | 17. 10 | 9.23 | 33.34 | 27. 16 | 31.68 | 37.54 | 37.96 |
    | Local bus. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.01 | 1.56 | . 74 | . 92 | . 47 |
    | Taxi. | . 08 | . 12 | . 03 | . 19 | . 94 | (1) | 1. 35 | 1.38 | 1. 30 |
    | Bicycle | . 78 | 1.51 | . 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Railroad. | 1. 24 | . 73 | 1. 21 | 2.68 | . 95 | . 09 | . 54 | . 95 | 2.99 |
    | Interurban bus | 25 | . 05 | 42 | 0 | . 51 | 0 | . 24 | . 67 | 1. 41 |
    | Boat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.05 | . 52 | . 61 | 1.46 | 7. 70 |
    | Airplane | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 04 |
    | Other transportation expense. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.
    $74390^{\circ}-41 — 32$

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.-Negro |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { fili-s }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit peryear year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Transportation Expenditures <br> Families in survey <br> Number of families spending for transportation <br> Number of families owning automobiles. | 10900 |  | 52 | 28 | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 |
    |  |  | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 42 | 27 | 189 | 66 | 66 | 67 |
    |  | 7 | 1 | 3 | 27 3 | 100 | 22 | 40 |  |
    |  | 700 | 10 | 300 | 30 | 103 | 220 | 400 | 1 |
    | Made: 1936... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | 1933-35. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 5 | 818 |
    | 1930-32 | 2500 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 48 | 9 | 21 |  |
    | 1927-29. |  | 1 | 20 | 20 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10 <br> 3 | $\stackrel{11}{3}$ | 132 |
    | Before 1927 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Originally purchased: New | 07 | 01 | 03 |  | 4347 |  |  |  |
    | Second-hand. |  |  |  | 0 3 |  | $\stackrel{4}{18}$ | 17 10 | ${ }_{19}^{22}$ |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | New-..............-......--...-.-- | 02 | 0 | 01 | 0 | ${ }_{21}^{4}$ | 7 | 6 |  |
    | Second-hand.--1.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year ................ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Trolley..... | 3147 | 4 | 16 | 11 | 108 | 4118 | 3725 | 3020 |
    | Local bus. |  | 11 | 2 | 14 0 | ${ }_{22}^{63}$ |  |  |  |
    | Bicyele | 1 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 1 | 13 | 8 |
    | Railroad. | 446 | 3 |  | 0 | 28 | 5 | 17 | 0 |
    | Interurban bus. |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | 20 | 7 | 8 |  |
    | Boat-....... | 17 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 3 |  |
    | Airplane. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Average expenditure for all transportation, total | \$40.83 | \$29. 27 | \$38. 27 | \$57. 61 | \$135. 59 | \$71.91 | \$146.02 | \$200. 64 |
    | Automobiles and motorcyclespurchase, operation, and maintenance. |  |  | 11.91 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles-.-.--- | ${ }^{2.29}$ | . ${ }^{.86}$ | ${ }_{0}^{4.33}$ | ${ }_{0}^{15.65}$ | 101.26 31.88 | 15.87 | ${ }_{31.24}$ | ${ }^{162.93}$ |
    | Motorcycles. |  |  |  | $\stackrel{0}{6.87}$ | ${ }_{35.97}{ }^{58}$ | 013.42 | 1.69 |  |
    | Gasoline....-...-.-.... | 3. 11 | 1.39.30 | 2.03 |  |  |  | 40.7710.13 |  |
    | Fall. |  |  | . 62 | 1.72 | 9.05 | 3. 61 |  | 57. 74 14.39 |
    | Winter | . 72 | . 30 | . 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.63 \\ & 1.72 \end{aligned}$ | 8.93 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.53 \\ & 3.28 \end{aligned}$ | 10.0710.11 | 14. 16 |
    | Spring | . 68 | . 30 |  |  | 8.89 |  |  |  |
    | Summer |  | . 49 | . 62 | 1.801.591.8 | 9.10 | 3.00 3. | 10.46 |  |
    | 011 | . 87 |  |  |  | 5.46 | 1.80 | 6.63 | 14. 92 |
    | Tires--- | . 65 | . 64 | $0^{.19}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.50}$ | 5. 42 |  | 6.05 | 8.54 <br> 8.74 <br> 8. |
    | Tubes | .69 |  |  |  | . 48 | . 06 | . 58 | . 89 |
    | Repairs and maintenance. | . 86 | . 81 | . 71 | 1.18 | 5. 77 | 1.07 | 8.86 | 7.88 |
    | Garage rent and parking. | 22 |  | . 48 |  | 2.48 |  | 2.93 | 4.98 |
    | Licenses and taxes..... | 1. 50 | 1.06 | 1.41 | 2.14 | 8.16 | 4.12 | 9.38 | 11.65 |
    | Insurance- | . 13 |  |  | . $0^{51}$ | 2.97 |  | 2.40 | 7.22 |
    | Fines and damages. | 18 | 0 | . 38 |  | . 14 | - | . 37 | . 02 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | 3.00 | 8.88 | 2.00 | 1.86 | 1.91 | 1.12 | 1.69 | 3.11 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense - |  |  |  |  | . 04 |  |  | . 15 |
    | Other transportation............-- | 28. 13 | 18. 03 | 26. 36 | 41.96 | 34.33 | 32.38 | 33. 43 | 37.71 |
    | Trolley- | 9.06 | 2.88 | 10.85 | 12. 16 | 17. 99 | 18.95 | 16.86 | 18.12 |
    | Local bus. | 14.00 | 11.45 | 11.60 | 21.10 | 12.73 |  |  | 15.92 |
    | Taxi. | (1) | . 02 | 0 | 0 | . 64 | . 02 | . 83 | 1.16 |
    | Bicycle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 27 | 0 | . 79 |  |
    | Railroad.- | . 24 | 1.63 |  | . 26 | 1.30 | ${ }^{31}$ | 2.11 | 1.55 |
    | Interurban bus. | 2.03 | 1. 1.00 | 1.12 | 4. 64 2.58 | 1.34 .06 | ${ }_{0}^{1.51}$ | 1.49 | $0^{.96}$ |
    | Boat-............................- |  |  | $\stackrel{2.69}{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{2.58}$ | $0^{.08}$ |  | $0^{.17}$ | 0 |
    |  | ${ }^{0} .59$ | ${ }^{0} .89$ | ${ }^{0} .10$ | ${ }_{1.22}^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Transportation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation | 80 | 17 | 40 | 23 |
    | Number of families owning automobiles..- | 13 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
    | Number of automobiles owned........... | 13 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
    | Made: 1936.-..-................... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1933-35. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | 1930-32. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | 1927-29. | 11 | 2 | 2 | 7 |
    | Befors 1927 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Originally purchased: |  |  |  |  |
    | New---.---.------- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Second hand. | 11 | 2 | 2 | 7 |
    | Number of families purchasing automobiles in year: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Second hand.------.-...... | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Number of families purchasing motorcycles in year - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Number of families spending for transportation other than automobile and motorcycle: |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 67 | 14 | 35 | 18 |
    | Local bus | 7 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
    | Taxi. | 6 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Bicycle. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
    | Interurban bus. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Boat..-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage expenditure for all transportation, total | \$45. 29 | \$19.53 | \$37.03 | \$88.35 |
    | Automobiles and motorcycles-purchase, operation, and maintenance. | 16.90 | 6.75 | 4.73 | 51.35 |
    | Purchase of: Automobiles.-- | 2.78 | 0 | . 54 | 10.08 |
    | Motorcycles.------.......... |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Gasoline. | 7.18 | 3.25 | 2. 37 | 20.75 |
    | Fall. | 1. 61 | . 73 | . 52 | 4. 64 |
    | Winter | 1.78 | . 76 | . 55 | 5. 26 |
    | Spring | 1.99 | . 99 | . 68 | 5. 59 |
    | Summer | 1.81 | . 75 | . 62 | 5. 26 |
    | Oil... | 1.37 | . 41 | . 20 | 4.66 |
    | Tires. | . 94 |  | . 71 | 2.38 |
    | Tubes.--.-- | . 08 | 0 | . 12 | . 07 |
    | Repairs and maintenance. | . 37 | 0 | . 07 | 1.35 |
    | Garage rent and parking. | 1. 23 | 1.16 | 0 | 3. 71 |
    | Licenses and taxes...-. | 2.44 | 1.91 | . 72 | 6.35 |
    | Insurance.....-.... | . 22 | 0 |  | . 89 |
    | Fines and damages. | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle. | . 28 | . 02 | 0 | 1.11 |
    | Other automobile and motorcycle transportation expense.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 28.39 | 12.78 | 32. 30 | 37.00 |
    | Trolley.-.---.-...... | 23. 67 | 10.93 | 25.94 | 32. 49 |
    | Local bus.. | 2.79 | 1.21 | 3.56 | 2.94 |
    | Taxi | . 86 | . 09 | 1.31 | . 76 |
    | Bicycle | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Railroad | . 65 | . 55 | . 94 | . 22 |
    | Interurban bus. | . 42 | 0 | . 55 | . 59 |
    | Boat.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Airplane..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other transportation expense.------ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Framilies in Pursonal Care Expenditures | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Number of families spending for personal care: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Personal care services: Haircuts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Shaves by |  |  | 43 0 | 34 | , | 84 | 58 | 54 5 |
    | Shampoos. | 900 |  | 1 | 7 | $11$ | - 3 |  |  |
    | Manicures |  | $2$ | 0 | 0 | 5 | 32 | 12 | 327 |
    | Permanent waves. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 92 |  | 33 |  |
    | Other waves. |  | 1. | 2 | 3 | $\stackrel{65}{1}$ | 25 | 19 | 210 |
    | Other personal care services | $11$ | 0 | 7 | , |  |  |  |  |
    | Toilet articles and preparations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Toilet soap | 104 | 23 | 48 | 33 | 199 | 86 <br> 82 | 60 | 53 |
    | Tooth powder, tooth paste, mouth washes | 90 | 19 | 39 | 32 | 194 |  | 59 | 53 |
    | Cosmetic and toilet preparations | 74 | 16 | 29 | 29 | 193 | 82 81 |  | 53 |
    | Brushes, razor blades, and other toilet articles-- | 89 | 20 | 40 | 29 | 166 | 71 | 49 | 46 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \$ 18.21 \\ 8.76 \end{array}\right\|$ | \$14.47 | \$16.47 7 7.31 | 12.29 | 17.48 | 14.34 | $19.64$ | 20.1912.63 |
    | Haircuts.- | 6. 26 | 5.83 | 5.65 | 7.43 | 12.18.53 | 10.97 |  |  |
    | Shaves by barb | .63.59 | . 33 | 0 | 1.751.50 |  | . 09 | 9 . 79 | 12.63 .96 |
    | Shampoos- |  | . 38 | . 06 |  | . 57 | . 05 | 1.26.02 | .64 <br> .65 |
    | Manicures | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 |  |  |
    | Permanent wa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.13 | 1. 55 | 2. 1.25 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2. } 60 \\ & 3.31 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Other waves | . 38 | . 18 | . 37 | . 55 | 1.97 | 1.66 |  |  |
    | Other personal care services | .909.45 | 0 <br> 7.75 | 1. 23 | 1.06 | 1.07 | 0 | . 25 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.31 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Toilet articles and preparations, to |  |  | 9.16 | 11.08 | 17.80 | 15.78 | 18.08 | 20.77 |
    | Toilet soap | 4.18 | 3.72 | 4.68 | 3.79 | 5.15 | 4.93 | 5.30 | 5.34 |
    | Tooth powaer, tooth paste, mouth wash | 2.62 | 2.36.90 | 2.18 | 3.42 | 4.73 | 4.13 | 4.8455 | 5. 59 |
    | Cosmetic and toilet preparations. | $\begin{aligned} & 1.40 \\ & 1.25 \end{aligned}$ |  | .961.34 | 2.42 | 5. 60 |  |  | 6.83 |
    | Brushes, razor blades, and other toilet articles.. |  | . 77 |  | 1.45 | 2.32 | 2.12 | 2.00 | 3.01 |
    | A verage expenditure per person for personal care, total | 4.83 | 2.34 | 4.70 | 9.57 | 0.61 | 6.60 | 11.00 | 16.46 |
    | Medical Care Expenditures <br> Number of families spending for medical care: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Services of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | General practitioner: Home | 30 | 4 | 17 | 9 | 87 | 36 | 31 | 20 |
    | Offle. | 28 | 5 | 10 | 13 | 83 | 29 | 27 | 27 |
    | Specialist and other practitione | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 56 | 20 | 21 | 15 |
    | Dentist | 14 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 105 | 37 | 38 | 30 |
    | Clinic.- | 10 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
    | Nurse: In home: Private | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
    | Visiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | In hospital....-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
    | Hospital: Private room | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 21 | 2 | 11 | 8 |
    | Bed in ward. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1. | 0 |
    | Medicine and drugs_ | 88 | 21 | 37 | 30 | 191 | 81 | 59 | 51 |
    | Eyeglasses ---- | 10 | , |  | 5 | 39 | 14 | 10 | 15 |
    | Medical appliances. | 3 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 25 | 11 | 6 | 8 |
    | Accident and health insurance | 27 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 71 | 33 | 18 | 20 |
    | Average expenditure per family for medical care, total. | \$18. 73 | \$14.96 | \$16. 22 | \$25.00 | \$77.32 | \$57.82 | \$100. 25 | \$83. 71 |
    | Services of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | General practitioner: Home | 3.29 | 3.00 | 3.06 | 3.82 | 10.39 | 9.38 | 15.02 | 6.91 |
    | Office. | 1.24 | . 50 | . 51 | 2.82 | 8. 26 | 4.58 | 14.05 | 7.82 |
    | Specialist and other practitioner | . 23 | 0 | . 51 |  | 11.61 | 6. 68 | 14.05 | 16.93 |
    | Dentist.....-.-.-.-.-...-. | . 99 | . 21 | . 39 | 2.41 | 9.23 | 6.06 | 12.64 | 10.61 |
    | Clinic | . 77 | . 61 | 1. 14 | . 35 | . 51 | . 19 | 1.46 | 0 |
    | Nurse: In home: Private | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 63 | ${ }^{-1}$ | 2.14 | 0 |
    | Visiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In hospital... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.28 | . 71 | 2.99 | . 30 |
    | Hospital: Private room | . 37 | .21 | . 71 | 0 | 5. 28 | . 72 | 12.91 | 4. 23 |
    | Bed in ward. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 71 | 1.35 | . 41 |  |
    | Medicine and drugs. | 5.13 | 4.24 | 3.88 | 7.56 | 14. 44 | 14.90 | 15. 12 | 12.95 |
    | Eyeglasses.-.-.- | 1.07 | . 04 | 1.08 | 1. 76 | 3.15 | 3.05 | 2. 57 | 3.98 |
    | Medical appliances. | . 02 | . 04 | . 03 | 0 | . 13 | . 11 | . 11 | . 18 |
    | Accident and health insurance | 5.62 | 6.11 | 4.91 | 6.28 | 9.32 | 6.49 | 5.67 | 17.88 |
    | Other medical care.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.38 | 3.60 | 1.11 | 1.82 |
    | Average expenditure per person for medical care, total. | 4.97 | 2.42 | 4.63 | 10.25 | 21.06 | 12.66 | 29.23 | 33.65 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p 642

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued


    1 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued


    Notes on this table in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { New Orleans, La.-White fam } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unít per year |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{array}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 490$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Personal Care Expenditures <br> Families in survey | 94 | 31 | 51 | 12 | 318 | 97 | 60 | 108 | 53 |
    | No. of families spending for personal care.... Personal care services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Haircuts | 90 | 28 | 50 | 12 | 298 | 88 | 58 | 10017 | 52 |
    | Shaves by bar | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4613 | 8 | 101 |  | 11 |
    | Shampoos. | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  | - 3 |  |
    | Manicures |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 7 |
    | Permanent waves | 005 |  | 0 | 0 | 78 | 13 | 14 | 34 | 17 |
    | Other waves |  | 2 <br> 7 | 3 | 0 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
    | Other personal care services | 22 |  | 14 | 1. | 6 | 1 |  |  | 2 |
    | Toilet articles and preparations: |  | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Toilet soap | 89 |  | 50 | 10 | 290 | 8782 | 56 | 96 | 51 |
    | Tooth powder, tooth paste, mouth washes | 73 | 20 | 44 | 9 | 292 |  |  |  |  |
    | Cosmetic and toilet preparations.-...--.-- | 82 | 25 | 45 | 12 | 248 | 59 | 53 | 89 | 47 |
    | Brushes, razor blades, and other toilet articles. | 77 | 25 | 42 | 10 | 222 | 52 | 47 | 81 | 42 |
    | A v. expend. per family for personal care, total | \$18.23 | \$16,33 | \$19.59 | \$17,32 | \$31,20 | \$23.62 | \$29.86 | \$31.75 | \$45. 48 |
    | Personal care services, total | 8.83 | 7.66 | 9.81 | 7.65 | 14.07 | 10.69 | 12.34 | 13.48 | 23.40 |
    | Haircuts | 6.55 | 6.17 | 6. 78 | 6.51 | 10.29 | 9.05 | 10.12 | 9.96 | 13.41 |
    | Shaves by barber | . 58 | . 33 | . 86 |  | 1.48 | . 66 | . 56 | 1. 67 | 3.63 |
    | Shampoos. | . 38 | 0 | . 57 | . 57 | .37.38 | . 14 | . 08 | . 19 | 1. 47 |
    | Manicures. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | . 15 |  | . 24 |  |
    | Permanent wa | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1. 08 | . 43 | 1.11 | 1. 20 | 1. 99 |
    | Other waves | . 07 | . 03 | . 11 |  | . 33 | . 02 | . 45 | . 18 | 1. 09 |
    | Other personal care services_ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.25 \\ & 9.40 \end{aligned}$ | 1.13 | 1.49 | . 57 | 17.14 | . 24 | 17.02 | . 04 |  |
    | Toilet articles and preparations, |  | 8.67 | 9.78 | .57 9.67 | 17.13 | 12.93 | 17. 52 | 18. 27 | 22. 08 |
    | Toilet soap. |  | 3.06 | 2.94 | 3.55 | 4.83 | 4.56 | 4.94 | 4.89 | 5.09 |
    | Tooth powder, tooth paste, mouth washes | 2.22 | 1.93 | 2.63 | 1.25 | 5. 78 | 5.07 | 5.72 | 6.16 | 6.35 |
    | Cosmetic and toilet preparations. | 2. 59 | 1.98 | 2.84 | 3. 09 | 4.37 | 1.98 | 4.66 | 4.86 | 7.44 |
    | Brushes, razor blades, and other toilet articles. |  |  |  |  | 2.15 | 1.32 | 2. 20 | 2.36 |  |
    | A verage expenditure per person for personal care, total | $\begin{aligned} & 1.53 \\ & 4.92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 1.70 \\ 3.25 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.37 \\ & 6.26 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline 7 & 1.78 \\ 8 & 6.29 \end{array}$ | 8.19 | 4.64 | 7.66 | 9.78 | 18.07 |
    | Medical Care Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | No. of families spending for medical care: Services of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | General practitioner: Home | 46 | 14 | 26 | 6 | 92 | 18 | 21 | 32 | 21 |
    | Office-- | 35 | 8 | 22 | 5 | 77 | 8 | 17 | 35 | 17 |
    | Specialist and other practitioner | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 47 | 11 | 6 | 19 | 11 |
    | Dentist | 20 | 6 | 12 | 2 | 120 | 16 | 25 | 50 | 29 |
    | Clinic. | 3. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
    | Nurse: In home: Private | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | Visiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | In hospital. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Hospital: Private room | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
    | Bed in ward | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 |
    | Medicine and drugs. | 91 | 30 | 49 | 12 | 263 | 67 | 55 | 94 | 47 |
    | Eyeglasses | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 59 | 11 | 11 | 19 | 18 |
    | Medical appliances | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 6 |
    | Accident and health insurance | 50 | 12 | 32 | 6 | 112 | 31 | 16 | 43 | 22 |
    | Average expenditure per family for medical care, total | \$42.51 | \$27.95 | \$45. 73 | \$66. 31 | \$54.81 | \$33. 21 | \$44.64 | \$60.13 | \$94. 91 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | General practitioner: Home. | 6. 65 | 3.60 | 4.53 | 23.51 | 5.78 | 3.15 | 6.17 | 5.07 | 11.61 |
    | Office. | 3.96 | 1.84 | 4.60 | 6.73 | 4.53 | 1. 53 | 3.56 | 5.12 | 9.93 |
    | Specialist and other practitioner | 2.69 | 2.73 | 3.30 | 0 | 4. 69 | 3.15 | 1.87 | 6. 40 | 7.18 |
    | Dentist. | 2.51 | 2.01 | 1.50 | 8.11 | 6. 73. | 1.71 | 4.56 | 8.52 | 14. 68 |
    | Clinic | . 04 | . 09 | . 01 | 0 | . 25 | . 14 | . 23 | . 19 | . 58 |
    | Nurse: In home: Private | .$^{.13}$ | .$^{.38}$ | 0 | 0 | . 88 | .$^{20}$ | . 30 | 2.02 | . 46 |
    | Visiting | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | In hospital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 96 | 0 | 0 | . 14 | 5. 50 |
    | Hospital: Private room | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.25 | . 82 | . 85 | .82 | 3.35 |
    | Bed in ward. | . 37 | 0 | . 68 | 0 | . 96 | . 64 |  | 1.46 | 1. 60 |
    | Medicine and drugs_ | 9.81 | 7.97 | 9.64 | 15. 27 | 14. 45 | 9,58 | 17.90 | 14.10 | 20.18 |
    | Eyeglasses. | . 33 | . 19 | (i) 40 | . 40 | 2.56 | \| $\quad .78$ | 2. 40 | 2.85 | 5. 42 |
    | Medical appliancos | . 03 | . 08 | (1) | 0 | . 04 | . 03 | . 04 | . 01 | . 12 |
    | Accident and health insurance | 15. 75 | 8.91 | 20.74 | 12. 20 | 11.02 | 11.04 | 6.68 | 13.28 | 11. 28 |
    | Other medical care --....-...........-------- | ${ }_{11} .24$ | 5.15 | . 33 | . 09 | . 71 | . 44 | . 08 | . 15 | 3. 02 |
    | 4v. expend. per person for medical care, total.- | 11.47 | 5.68 | 14.62 | 24.08 | 14. 39 | 6. 53 | 11.44 | 18.53 | 37.70 |
    | 1 Less than 0.5 cent. <br> Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued


    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures and medical care expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 642.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level
    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { inies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expendlture unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 300 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \$ 00 \\ & \$ 700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 700 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Recreation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 419 | 74 | 92 | 100 | 8 | 0 | 7 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending forReading: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Newspapers, street. | 72 | 14 | 10 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 12 |
    | Newspapers, home deliver | 383 | 64 | 84 | 94 | 61 | 36 | 44 |
    | Magazines | 114 | 13 | 18 | 25 | 22 | 13 | 23 |
    | Books purchased (other than school texts) | 7. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    | Tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cigars. | 42 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 11 |
    | Cigarettes. | 269 | 48 | 62 | 58 | 4 | 8 | 30 |
    | Pipe tobacco. | 75 | 19 | 13 | 18 |  | 6 | 10 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Movies (adult admission) | 322 | 47 | 72 | 74 | 55 | 34 | 40 |
    | Movies (child admission) | 146 | 44 |  |  | 14 3 4 | 1 | 7 |
    | Plays and concerts. Spectator sports. | 36 | 0 4 | 9 | 3 6 |  | 0 | $\stackrel{1}{9}$ |
    | Recreational equipment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Entertaining: <br> In home, except food and drinks Out of home, except food and drinks $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Reading, total. |  | 9.90 | 10.36 | 12.68 | 13.6 | 14.61 |  |
    | Newspapers, street | 1.25 | 1.16 | . 69 |  | 1. 18 | 2.24 | 2.32 |
    | Newspapers, home delivery | 9.42 | 7.88 | 8.97 | 10.17 | 9. 58 | 9. 93 | 10.44 |
    | Magazines | 1. 26 | . 86 | . 63 | 1.12 | 1. 54 | 2. 44 | 2.02 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cigarettes. | 27.10 | 21. 58 | 25. 30 | 28.00 | 30.22 | 34.83 | 26.45 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Summer. | . 83 | 1.68 | . 92 | . 60 | . 32 | 1.04 | 34 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5.15 | . 73 | 6. 63 | 4.01 | 3.88 | 9. 13 | 10.01 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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    $74390^{\circ}-41-33$

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Birmingham Ala.-White } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spend ing per expenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spend-ing per eppendi-tureunit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 00 \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Recreation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in sur | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 |  |
    | Number of families owning radios. <br> Number of families spending forReading: <br> Newspapers, street <br> Newspapers, home delivery. <br> Magazines <br> Books purchased (other than school texts) <br> Books borrowed from loan libraries. | 62 | 8 | 29 | 25 | 166 | 63 | 53 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 23 | 7 | 10 |  | 21 |  | 11 |  |
    |  | 74 | 17 | 30 | 27 | 185 | 78 | 54 |  |
    |  | 11 |  | , | 5 | 121 | 40 | 37 |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |  | 6 |  |
    |  | Tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cigars | 17 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 38 | 13 | 15 | 10 |
    | Cigarettes. |  |  | 26 |  | 123 |  | 36 | 39 |
    | Pipe tobacco | 19 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 60 | 27 | 23 | 10 |
    | Commercial entertainment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Movies (adult admission) | 50 29 | 10 | ${ }_{13}^{25}$ | 21 6 | $\begin{array}{r}155 \\ 66 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 55 <br> 44 | 53 14 | 47 |
    | Plays and concerts... |  | 0 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 7 |  |  |
    | Spectator sports. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | 19 | 21 | 10 |
    | Recreational equipment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 56 33 |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 36 |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Entertaining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | In home, except food and drinks. $\ldots$     <br> Out of home, except food and drinks.................... 0 0 0 0 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Newspapers, home delivery.......-.............. | 5. 28 | 4.29 | 5.06 | 6. 24 | 9.62 | 8.70 | 9.48 | 11. 29 |
    |  | . 23 | . 05 | . 33 | . 22 | 2.90 | 1. 46 | 3. 16 | 4. 97 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Winter | 1.62 | . 34 | 1. 21 | 3. 14 | 3. 15 | 1.91 | 3. 17 | 5.17 |
    | Spring- | 1.61 | . 34 | 1.17 | 3. 14 | 3.14 | 1.98 | 3. 15 | 5. 16 |
    | Mummer | 1.61 | . 34 | 1. 18 | 3. 14 | 3.09 | 1.88 | 3.02 | 5. 14 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Fall.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Spring | . 47 | . 66 | . 52 | . 28 | . 47 | . 68 | . 41 | . 28 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Spectator sports...-.-- | 10 | . 21 | . 09 | 03 | 89 | . 81 | 1.24 | 64 |
    |  |  | 1. 74 | 4. 77 | 4.32 | 15.47 | 14.80 | 11.48 |  |
    | Musical instruments.--1-....... | 05 | 21 |  |  | . 38 |  | 55 | 4. 56 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Athletic equipment and supplies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 | . 70 | 19 | . 40 |
    | Children's play equipment-..--..------------------ | 43 | . 91 | . 39 | . 15 | 3.11 | 3.96 | 3.81 |  |
    |  | 34 | 50 | . 02 | . 70 | 1.10 | 22 | 85 | 2.83 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | In home, except food and drinks Out of home, except food and drinks | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | .45 <br> 1.57 | ${ }^{0} .88$ | 1.00 .83 | 3.52 |
    | Other recreation...................................------ | 1.33 | 0 | 1. 22 | 2.41 | 1.57 | 1.11 | 2. 29 | 1.55 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued


    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    |  |
    | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

    1 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\underset{\text { Memphis, Tenn--Negro }}{\text { families }}$ |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { !ies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|} \hline \text { Un- } & \$ 400 \\ \text { der } & \text { to } \\ \$ 400 & \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Recreation Expenditures | 9416 | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 52 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r\|} 18 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 146 \\ & 110 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | 31 |
    | Families in survey. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families owning radios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
    | Number of families spending forReading: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Newspapers, street......... | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 5 | 3 | 4 |
    | Newspapers, home delivery | 72 | 18 | 41 | 13 | 137 | 68 | 41 | 28 |
    | Magazines.- | 13 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 63 | 20 | 22. | 21 |
    | Books purchased (other than school texts) | 1 | 0 | 0 | $\frac{1}{0}$ | 12 | 4. | 7 | 1 |
    | Books borrowed from loan libraries...-... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cigars | 8 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 6. | 6 | 3 |
    | Cigarettes. | 32 | 5 | 18 | 8 | 72 | 30 | 18 | 18 |
    | Pipe tobacco | 29 | 8 | 15 | 6 | 30 | 17 | 9 | 4 |
    | Other tobacco | 26 | 9 | 14 | 3 | 24 | 18 | 3 | 3 |
    | Commercial entertainment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Movies (adult admission) | 42 | 11 | 19 | 12 | 106 | 51 | 30 | 25 |
    | Mories (child admission) | 18 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 35 | 24 | 11 | 0 |
    | Plays and concerts. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 6 | 1 |  |
    | Spectator sports.- | 5 | I | 1 | 3 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 6 |
    | Recreational equipment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Musical instruments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | , | 1 | 0 |
    | Sheet music, records, rolls | 2 | 0 | 1. | 1 | 7 | 2 | , |  |
    | Radio purchase. | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 26 | 15 | 7 |  |
    | Radio upkeep.. | 2 | 0 | , | 1 | 40 | 12 | 16 | 12 |
    | Cameras, films, and photographic equipn | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 10 | 6 | 5 |
    | A thletic equipment and supplies. | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | 12 | 4 | 5 |  |
    | Children's play equipment. | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 47 | 27 | 15 | 5 |
    | Pets (purchase and care). | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 25 | 8 | 10 | 7 |
    | Recreational associations. | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 26 | 9 | 8 | 9 |
    | Entertaining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | In home, except food and drinks. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Out of home, except food and drinks | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6. | 3 | 1 | 2 |
    | A rerage expenditure for recreation, total | \$37.49 | \$33. 05 | \$35. 17 | \$50.26 | \$79.63 | \$64. 27 | \$78. 70 | \$117.59 |
    |  | 9.28 | 8.36 | 9.04 | 11.23 | 14.25 | 10.96 | 15.75 | 20.19 |
    | Newspapers, street | . 87 | . 42 | . 88 | 1. 44 | . 56 | . 21 | . 35 | 1. 69 |
    | Newspapers, home delivery | 7.90 | 7.71 | 7.80 | 8.44 | 10.66 | 9.80 | 12. 04 | 10.90 |
    |  | . 48 | . 23 | . 36 | 1. 18 | 2. 54 | . 87 | 2. 50 | 6.58 |
    | Books purchased (other than school texts) .....-- | . 03 | 0 | 0 | .$^{17}$ | . 28 | . 06 | . 80 | . 05 |
    | Books borrowed from loan libraries.......-....-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 21 | . 02 | 0 | 97 |
    | Tobacco, total....- | 17.05 | 16. 32 | 17.03 | 18.11 | 29.58 | 25. 46 | 27.28 | 42. 40 |
    | Cigars | 1. 29 | 0 | 1. 33 | 2.89 | 1. 27 | 1.33 | . 88 | 1. 61 |
    | Cigarettes | 8.83 | 6.58 | 9.45 | 10. 06 | 22. 00 | 16. 69 | 19.36 | 38. 14 |
    | Pipe tobacco | 3.71 | 4.62 | 3.29 | 3.73 | 4.07 | 4.19 | 6.34 | . 77 |
    | Other tobacco | 3.22 | 5. 12 | 2. 96 | 1.43 | 2. 24 | 3.25 | . 70 | 1.88 |
    | Commercial entertainment, tota | 6.30 | 7.61 | 5. 41 | 7.10 | 12. 50 | 10.56 | 10. 59 | 19.70 |
    | Movies (adult admission). | 4.15 | 3.66 | 3.81 | 5. 79 | 11. 08 | 9.17 | 8. 79 | 18. 68 |
    | Fall ---------------- | 1. 03 | . 91 | . 93 | 1. 45 | 2. 74 | 2. 25 | 2.21 | 4.62 |
    | Wiriter | 1.03 | . 92 | . 95 | 1. 42 | 2.74 | 2.36 | 2.17 | 4.38 |
    | Spring | 1.04 | . 92 | . 95 | 1. 46 | 2.81 | 2.30 | 2.20 | 4.84 |
    | Summer-- | 1. 05 | . 91 | . 98 | 1. 46 | 2. 79 | 2. 26 | 2.21 | 4.84 |
    | Movies (child admission) | 1.38 | 1.92 | 1.47 | . 37 | 1.05 | 1.19 | 1. 63 | 0 |
    | Fall. | . 34 | . 48 | . 36 | . 10 | . 26 | . 29 | . 41 | 0 |
    | Winter | . 35 | . 48 | . 37 | .10 | . 26 | . 30 | . 40 | 0 |
    | Spring | . 34 | . 48 | . 36 | . 10 | . 26 | . 29 | .41 | 0 |
    | Summer | . 35 | . 48 | . 38 | . 07 | . 27 | . 31 | . 41 | 0 |
    | Plays and concert | . 08 | . 03 | . 12 | . 02 | .10 | . 06 | . 02 | . 28 |
    | Spectator sports... | . 69 | 2.00 | . 01 | . 92 | . 27 | .14 | . 15 | . 74 |
    | Recreational equipment, total | 3.88 | . 42 | 2.71 | 11.93 | 17.15 | 14. 56 | 19.17 | 20.68 |
    | Musical instruments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 14 | . 02 | . 45 | 0 |
    | Sheet music, records, rolls | . 16 | 0 | . 28 | . 06 | . 07 | . 01 | . 21 | . 02 |
    | Radio purchase...... | 3.04 | 0 | 2.01 | 10.06 | 9.21 | 9.30 | 9.47 | 8. 67 |
    |  | . 05 | 0 | .$^{.04}$ | . 17 | 1. 62 | . 75 | 2.17 | 2.98 |
    | Cameras, films, and photographic equipment.- | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 06 | . 68 | . 24 | . 88 | 1. 43 |
    | Athletic equipment and supplies. | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 31 | . 13 | . 33 | . 71 |
    | Children's play equipment...- | . 35 | . 42 | . 35 | . 28 | 3.59 | 3. 89 | 2. 92 | 3. 78 |
    | Pets (purchase and care) | . 25 | 0 |  | 1. 30 | 1.54 | . 22 | 2.74 | 3. 09 |
    | Recreational associations.. | . 33 | . 33 | . 20 | . 73 | 2.30 | 1. 12 | 2.67 | 4. 63 |
    | Entertaining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | In home, except food and drinks.- | . 04 | 0 | . 08 |  | . 60 | . 04 | . 03 | 2.70 |
    | Out of home, except food and drinks. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1.05 | . 69 | . 78 | 2. 25 |
    |  | . 61 | . 01 | . 70 | 1. 16 | 2. 20 | . 88 | 2. 43 | 5. 04 |

    Table 15.--Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { New Orleans, La.-Negro } \\ \text { families } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth,Va.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { All } \\ \text { Cami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{array}\right.$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{array}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Recreation Expenditures <br> Families in survey $\qquad$ <br> Number of families owning radios. <br> Number of families spending for- <br> Reading: <br> Newspapers, street <br> Newspapers, home delivery. $\qquad$ <br> Magazines. $\qquad$ <br> Books purchased (other than school texts) <br> Books borrowed from loan libraries. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    |  | 13 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 101 | 26 | 38 | 37 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 13 | 5 | 5 | 3 |
    |  | 45 | 15 | 21 | 9 | 148 | 38 | 60 | 50 |
    |  | , | , | 3 | 2 | 50 | 10 | 18 | 22 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cigars | 12 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 13 | 3 | 8 | 2 |
    | Cigarettes | 29 | 5 | 16 | 8 | 100 | 30 | 38 | 34 |
    | Pipe tobacco | 18 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 28 | 8 | 8 | 12 |
    | Otber tobacco. | 22 | 9 | 12 | 1 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 2 |
    | Commercial entertainment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Movies (adult admission) | 40 | 11. | 20 | 9 | 113 | 31 | 43 | 39 |
    | Movies (child admission) | 23 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 51 | 20 | 26 | 5 |
    | Plays and concerts. | 5 | , | 1 | 3 | 8 | 3. | 3 | 2 |
    | Spectator sports. | 12 | 2 | 6 | , | 19 | 8 | 5 | 6 |
    | Recreational equipment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Musical instruments. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | , | 0 | 1 |
    | Sheet music, records, rol | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | , | 0 |
    | Radio purchase. | 5 | 0 | 4. | 1 | 33 | 11 | 10 | 12 |
    | Radio upkeep | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 35 | 9 | 16 | 10 |
    | Cameras, films, and photographic equipment. |  | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    | Athletic equipment and supplies.-.....-.-.-.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1. | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Children's play equipment | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 57 | 19 | 31 | 7 |
    | Pets (purchase and care) | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 33 | 7 | 18 | 8 |
    | Recreational associations. | 12 | 0 | 10 | 2 | 34 | 3 | 16 | 15 |
    | Entertaining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | In home, except food and drinks | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
    | Out of home, except food and drinks. | 1 | 0 | , | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Average expenditure for recreation, total | \$40. 18 | \$23.73 | \$43.38 | \$59.79 | \$89.74 | \$70.81 | \$84. 45 | \$114. 12 |
    |  | 6.15 | 5.38 | 6.31 | 7.01 | 14.07 | 10.84 | 13.82 | 17.41 |
    | Newspapers, street. | - 77 | +67 | . 77 | . 96 | . 74 | 1.07 | . 62 | . 57 |
    | Newspapers, home delivery | 5.23 | 4.61 | 5.48 | 5.65 | 11. 52 | 8.88 | 11.31 | 14. 25 |
    | Magazines .------------- | (i) 14 | . 10 | (i) 05 | . 40 | 1.35 | . 64 | 1. 06 | 2.38 |
    | Books purchased (other than school texts)...-- | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | (1) | 0 | . 37 | . 09 | . 83 | . 08 |
    | Books borrowed from loan libraries...---...---- | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 09 | . 16 | 0 | . 13 |
    | Tobacco, total | 18.88 | 10.52 | 18.32 | 34.40 | 30.46 | 26.84 | 28.36 | 36.49 |
    | Cigars | 2.94 | . 42 | 3. 17 | 6. 60 | 1.68 | 1.30 | 2.85 | . 61 |
    | Cigarettes. | 9.58 | 4. 29 | 9.58 | 18. 53 | 24.90 | 20.44 | 22.97 | 31. 49 |
    | Pipe tobaceo. | 2. 69 | 1. 41 | 1.52 | 7.77 | 2.21 | 2. 39 | 1. 13 | 3.37 |
    | Other tobacco | 3.67 | 4. 40 | 4.05 | 1.50 | 1.67 | 2.71 | 1. 41 | 1.02 |
    | Commercial entertainment, total | 6.47 | 5. 91 | 6.87 | 6.36 | 16. 10 | 12. 60 | 16. 44 | 19.01 |
    | Movies (adult admission) | 4.37 | 4.13 | 4.65 | 4.04 | 11.79 | 7.27 | 11.90 | 15.95 |
    | Fall | 1.10 | 1.03 | 1. 18 | 1.01 | 2.98 | 1.90 | 3. 00 | 3.99 |
    | Winter | 1. 09 | 1.03 | 1.16 | 1.01 | 3.12 | 1. 94 | 3. 16 | 4.18 |
    | Spring | 1.08 | 1.03 | 1. 14 | 1.01 | 2.86 | 1. 72 | 2.81 | 4.00 |
    | Summer | 1.10 | 1. 04 | 1.17 | 1.01 | 2.83 | 1. 71 | 2.93 | 3.78 |
    | Movies (child admission) | 1.14 | 1. 52 | 1.33 | 0 | 2.72 | 3.38 | 3.72 | . 87 |
    | Fall... | . 30 | . 40 | . 35 | 0 | . 68 | . 84 | . 94 | . 22 |
    | Winter | . 28 | . 37 | . 33 | 0 | . 68 | . 83 | . 94 | . 22 |
    | Spring | . 28. | . 37 | . 32 | 0 | . 68 | . 85 | . 92 | . 22 |
    | Summer | . 28 | . 38 | . 33 | 0 | . 68 | . 86 | . 92 | . 21 |
    | Plays and concerts | . 17 | . 02 | . 07 | . 67 | . 16 | . 09 | . 09 | . 31 |
    | Spectator sports... | . 79 | . 24 | . 82 | 1.65 | 1. 43 | 1. 86 | . 73 | 1.88 |
    | Recreational equipment, total | 3.79 | ${ }^{.30}$ | 5.07 | 6. 42 | 22. 50 | 18.62 | 21. 28 | 27.67 |
    | Musical instruments...-... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 19 | . 12 | 0 | . 49 |
    | Sheet music, records, rolls | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 04 | . 09 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Radio purchase. | 2.89 | 0 | 4.13 | 4.67 | 13.30 | 11. 14 | 9.74 | 19.72 |
    |  | . 12 | . 03 | . 08 | . 34 | 1.15 | . 93 | 1.45 | 1.00 |
    | Cameras, films, and photographic equipment.- | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 09 | . 04 | . 02 | . 22 |
    | Athletic equipment and supplies.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | . 10 |
    | Children's play equipment..-- | . 14 | . 17 | . 12 | . 16 | 4.88 | 4.98 | 8.11 | . 80 |
    | Pets (purchase and care) | . 62 | . 10 | . 71 | 1.25 | 2.82 | 1. 32 | 1.93 | 5.34 |
    | Recreational associations... | 1.87 | 0 | 3.40 | 1.19 | 3.79 | . 60 | 3.05 | 7.69 |
    | Entertaining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | . 04 | 0 | 0 1.53 | $0^{.22}$ | . 66 | 0 0 | .$^{.80}$ | 1.10 .16 |
    | Other recreation. | 2.24 | 1.62 | 1. 88 | 4. $19{ }^{\text {\| }}$ | 2.11 | 1.31 | . 70 | 4.59 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level-Continued RICHMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    |  |
    | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

    ## ${ }^{1}$ Less than 0.5 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level

    BALTIMORF, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Formal Education Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 107 | 24 | 49 | 34 | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 |
    | Number of families spending forMembers away from home....... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
    | Members at home.- | 37 | 17 | 15 | 5 | 103 | 63 | 29 | 11 |
    | Average expenditure per family for formal education, total: | \$1. 02 | \$2. 18 | \$0.87 | \$0. 44 | \$7.92 | \$10. 73 | \$6.67 | \$4. 74 |
    | For members away from home. --...-........ | . 06 | 0 | . 14 |  | . 32 | . 49 | . 37 | 0 |
    | For members at home......... | . 96 | 2.18 | . 73 | . 44 | 7.60 | 10. 24 | 6.30 | 4.74 |
    | Vocation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending forUnion dues or fees | 7 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 54 | 25 | 14 | 15 |
    | Professional association dues or fees | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Technical literature. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure per family for vocational items, total | \$0.89 | \$1.38 | \$0 | \$1.82 | \$6. 64 | \$5. 36 | \$7.39 | \$7.93 |
    |  | . 81 | 1.38 | 0 | 1.57 | 6.33 | 5.21 | 6.87 | 7.58 |
    | Professional association dues or fees | . 08 | 0 | 0 | . 25 | . 05 | . 04 |  | . 11 |
    | Technical literature. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 |  |
    | Other items of vocational expense | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | . 11 | . 49 | . 24 |
    | Community Welfare Expenditu <br> Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Religious organizations.--.-.-----.---.-.-. | 93 | 22 | 41 | 30 | 165 | 69 | 53 | 43 |
    | Community chest and other organizations- | 24 | 3 | 10 | 11 | 132 | 51 | 40 | 41 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 23 | 23 | 22 |
    | Average expenditure per family for community welfare, total | \$9.65 | \$8.08 | \$7. 76 | \$13.49 | \$22.74 | \$12.82 | \$22.79 | \$38.84 |
    | Religious organizations. | 9.11 | 7.85 | 7. 20 | 12.75 | 18.77 | 10.57 | 19.11 | 31. 76 |
    | Community chest and other organizations. | 54 | . 23 | . 56 | . 74 | 3.04 | 1.77 | 2.89 | 5. 27 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 93 | . 48 | . 79 | 1.81 |
    | Gifts and Contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Christmas, birthday, ete. gifts.. | 35 | 1 | 13 | 21 | 131 | 44 | 45 | 42 |
    | Support of relatives.-.-..... | 14 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 57 | 19 | 12 | 26 |
    |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 7 | 6 |
    | Average expenditure per family for contributions and gifts to persons outside economic family, total. | \$7. 29 | \$0.29 | \$3.88 | \$17.13 | \$27.67 | \$10. 26 | \$22.68 | \$61.57 |
    |  | 2.34 | . 21 | 1. 69 | 4.78 | 9. 59 | 4.15 | 8.74 | 19.40 |
    | Support of relatives.. | 4. 93 | 0 | 2. 19 | 12.35 | 16.95 | 6. 10 | 13. 16 | 38.83 |
    | Support of other persons. | . 02 | . 08 | 0 | 0 | 1. 13 | . 01 | . 78 | 3.34 |
    | Miscellaneous Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Legal costs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gardens... | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 52 | 30 | 14 | 8 |
    | Family losses | 1 | , | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
    | Average expenditure per family for miscellaneous items, total | \$0.03 | \$0.04 | \$0. 01 | \$0.06 | \$12.07 | \$13.43 | \$5.98 | \$16. 62 |
    | Funerals .---. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.10 | . 28 | 3. 30 | 0 |
    | Legal costs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.92 | 1. 07 | . 13 | 9.02 |
    | Gardens. | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | . 06 | 1. 40 | 2. 27 | . 79 | . 67 |
    | Family losses | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | 0 | 1.37 | 2.70 | . 55 | . 11 |
    | Other..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6. 28 | 7.11 | 1. 21 | 6.82 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643,

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    


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    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Jacksonville, Fla.-White families |  |  |  | Louisville, Ky.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { fami- }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Formal Education Expenditures | 178881 | $\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{0 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 69 \\ 0 \\ 31 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 0 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 197 \\ 1 \\ 69 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 92 | 69 | 3605 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending forMembers away from home..... |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Members at home-...-- |  |  |  |  |  | 49 | 15 |  |
    | Average expenditure per family for formal education, total. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c\|c} \$ 8.00 \\ 0.00 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \$ 8.32 \\ 0 \\ 8.32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 6.10 \\ 0.10 \\ 6.10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10.27 \\ 0 . \\ 10.27 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4.71 \\ 16 \\ \mathbf{1 . 5 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$5. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\$ 4.80$04.80 | $\$ 1.52$01.52 |
    | For members away from home.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | For members at home... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | $\checkmark$ cation Expenditures | $\begin{array}{r}23 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 9 <br> 3 | 8 <br> 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 43 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 1800 | 1600 |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  | 610 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Union dues or fees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Professional association dues or fees. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Technical literature |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Average expenditure per family for vocational items, total <br> Union dues or fees. <br> Professional association dues or fees <br> Technical literature <br> Other items of vocational expense. | \$3.47 | \$2.90 | \$2. 94 | $\$ 4.92$4.81 | \$3.68 | \$2. 50 | \$3.90 | \$6. 28 |
    |  | 3.10 | 2.39 | $\begin{array}{r}2.88 \\ .04 \\ .04 \\ \hline 14\end{array}$ |  | 3.810.07 | 2.50 | 3.90 | 5.88.40 |
    |  | . 14 | $0^{.10}$ |  | ${ }^{0} .06$ |  | a00 |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
    |  | 20 | . 41 | . 14 | . 05 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Community Welfare Expenditures | 1.287047 | 421515 | 50292020 | 36 <br> 26 <br> 12 | 16212150 | 765517 | 62 <br> 40 <br> 19 | 242614 |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Religious organizations--..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Community chest and other organizations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage expenditure per family for community welfare, total. <br> Religious organizations |  | $\underset{\mid}{\$ 12.81} \begin{gathered} 11.36 \end{gathered}$ | \$19.23 | \$30.02 | \$18.45 | \$17.07 | \$19.54 | \$19.88 |
    |  | $\$ 20.13$ 17.70 |  | 16. 47 | 26.88 | 15.34 | 14.99 | 16. 43 | 14. 13 |
    | Community chest and other organizations | $\begin{array}{r} 1.84 \\ -.59 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.00 \\ .89 \\ .56 \end{array}$ | 2.182.58. | $\begin{array}{r} 2.50 \\ .64 \end{array}$ | 2.061.05 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.68 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2.34.77 | 2. 49 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3. 26 |
    | Gifts and Contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- | $\begin{array}{r}125 \\ 51 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ \cdot \\ \hline 13 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Christmas, birthday, ete., gifts |  | 271111 | 54188 |  | 111378 | 46122 | 421414 | 2311 |
    | Support of relatives...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Support of other persons. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage expenditure per family for contributions and gifts to persons outside economic family, total <br> Christmas, birthday, etc., gifts-........................... | $\$ 29.81$ <br> 11.23 <br> 17.65 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 7.85 \\ 3.28 \end{gathered}$ | \$26.71 | \$59.97 | \$27.90 | \$11.63 | \$18.58 | \$87. 37 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 10.0216.36.33 | 22.29 | 7.68 | 3.787.74711.11 | 9. 58 | 14.02 |
    | Support of relatives |  | 3.884.30.27 |  | 35. 16 | $\begin{array}{r}17.66 \\ \text { 2. } 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 8.86 | 1.89813.87 |
    | Support of other persons | 17.65 .93 |  |  | 2.52 |  |  |  |  |
    | Miscellaneous Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 1 \\ 22 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | 1 <br> 0 <br> 6 <br> 4 | 0010 | 0167 | 212 | 10200 | 00000 | 1 <br> 1 <br> 0 <br> 0 |
    | Funerals.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Legal costs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Gardens |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Family losses.....-.-.-.-.-.........-.......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage expenditure per farioily for miscellaneons items, total. | \$12.43 | \$11. 60 | \$8.02 | \$19.47 | \$4.59 |  | \$0.67 |  |
    | Funerals............ | 1. 11 |  | 0 |  | 4.21.09 | 3.26 | 0 | 14.72.50 |
    | Legal costs | . 07 |  |  | ${ }^{0} .20$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Gardens |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} .23 \\ 7.70 \\ 7.09 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.78 \\ 10.56 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ${ }^{0} .24$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0  <br> 0  <br> .67 0 <br> 0  |  |
    | Family losses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | Louisville, Ky.-Negro families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- }}}{\text { lies }}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 200$ | \$200 to | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Formal Education Expenditures <br> Families in survey. $\qquad$ <br> Number of families spending for- <br> Members away from home. $\qquad$ <br> Members at home. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 74 | 14 | 40 | 20 | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 18 | 7 | 11 | 0 | 76 | 38 | 24 | 14 |
    | Average expenditure per family for formal education, total <br> For members away from home. <br> For members at home. $\qquad$ <br> Vocation Expenditures <br> Number of families spending for- <br> Union dues or fees. <br> Professional association dues or fees. <br> Technical literature. | \$1.90 | \$6.11 | \$1. 38 | 0 | \$5. 63 | \$7. 12 | \$6. 57 | \$2.73 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 1.90 | 6.11 | 1. 38 | 0 | 5.63 | 7.12 | 6.57 | 2.73 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 57 | 21 | 18 | 18 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
    | Average expenditure per family for vocational items, total <br> Union dues or fees | \$0.82 | 0 | \$0.74 | \$1.55 | \$7.69 | \$5.86 | \$8.09 | \$9.60 |
    |  | . 82 | 0 | . 74 | 1.55 | 7.07 | 5.36 | 7.28 | 9.01 |
    | Professional associatio | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | . 25 | . 30 | . 35 | . 09 |
    | Technical literature. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 13 | . 04 | 0 | . 40 |
    | Other items of vocational expens | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 24 | . 16 | . 46 | . 10 |
    | Community Welfare Expenditures <br> Number of families spending forReligious organizations.. Community chest and other organizationsTaxes: Poll, income, and personal property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 66 | 12 | 39 | 15 | 140 | 51 | 43 | 46 |
    |  | 53 | 9 | 30 | 14 | 112 | 36 | 35 | 41 |
    |  | 9 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 105 | 30 | 34 | 35 |
    | Average expenditure per family for community welfare, total <br> Religious organizations. | \$15. 58 | \$14.52 | \$16. 38 | \$14. 69 | \$21. 55 | \$13. 42 | \$19.78 | \$33. 71 |
    |  | 12.95 | 10.06 | 14. 28 | 12.31 | 17.17 | 10. 48 | 16.06 | 26.81 |
    | Community chest and other organizations. Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property. | 2.14 | 3.56 | 1.88 | 1. 65 | 3.02 | 1.58 | 2.47 | 5. 42 |
    |  | . 49 | . 90 | . 22 | . 73 | 1. 36 | 1.36 | 1.25 | 1. 48 |
    | Gifts and Contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Christmas, birthday, etc., gifts. | 24 | 1 | 13 | 10 | 138 | 46 | 46 | 46 |
    | Support of relatives.--- | 19 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 33 | 5 | 11 | 17 |
    | Support of other persons | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 6 | , |
    | Average expenditure per family for contributions and gifts to persons outside economic family, total. | \$17.96 | \$24. 79 | \$11.86 | \$25. 40 | \$22. 19 | \$13. 19 | \$19.98 | \$35.88 |
    |  | 2.95 | . 22 | 2.42 | 5. 94 | 13.18 | 11.48 | 13.99 | 14.42 |
    |  | 14.90 | 24.57 | 9.44 | 19.05 | 8.52 | 1.71 | 4.86 | 21. 05 |
    |  | . 11 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 49 | 0 | 1.13 | . 41 |
    | Miscellaneous Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Funerals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Legal costs. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Gardens.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 13 | 4 | 3 |
    | Family losses | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure per family for miscellaneous items, total | \$0.30 | 0 | \$0. 55 | 0 | \$3.57 | \$6.04 | \$3.05 | \$1.09 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 54 | 1.44 | 0 | 0 |
    | Legal costs | . 07 | 0 | . 13 | 0 | .47 |  | . 98 | . 52 |
    | Gardens. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 27 | . 44 | . 11 | . 25 |
    | Family losses | . 23 | 0 | . 42 | 0 | . 41 | 0 | 1. 27 | 0 |
    | Other-... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.88 | 4.16 | . 69 | . 32 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    1 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts, and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFarnilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Formal Education Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 83 | 27 | 40 | 16 | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 |
    | Number of families spending forMembers away from home. Members at home | 1 20 | ${ }_{13} 1$ | 1 6 | 0 1 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 26 | 2 36 | 10 |
    | Average expenditure per family for formal education, total | \$2. 20 | \$3.47 | \$0.86 | \$3. 42 | \$9. 24 | \$7. 94 | \$12.77 | \$6. 10 |
    | For members away from home..-....-. | . 21 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | 1.72 | 0 | 1.98 | 3. 04 |
    | For members at home....... | 2.19 | 3.47 | . 83 | 3.42 | 7. 52 | 7.94 | 10.79 | 3.06 |
    | Vocation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending forUnion dues or fees | 9 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 32 | 5 | 12 | 15 |
    | Professional association dues or | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Technical literature. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Average expenditure per family for vocational items, total | \$1.83 | \$0.73 | \$1.70 | \$4.02 | \$4. 17 | \$1.29 | \$4.08 | \$6.98 |
    |  | 1. 33 | . 49 | . 82 | 4.02 | 4.09 | 1.29 | 4.06 | 6. 74 |
    | Professional association dues or | . 40 | . 24 | . 67 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | 0 | . 08 |
    | Technical literature. | . 10 |  | . 21 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 04 |
    | Other items of vocational expense | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 02 | .12 |
    | Community Welfare Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Religious organizations ------. | 70 | 22 | 34 | 14 | 126 | 39 | 51 | 36 |
    | Community chest and other organizations. | 43 | 10 | 22 | 11 | 74 | 19 | 28 | 27 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property- | 13 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 136 | 39 | 54 | 43 |
    | Average expenditure per family for community welfare, total | \$9.26 | \$8.02 | \$9.84 | \$9.86 | \$29.95 | \$30. 32 | \$28.79 | \$31.05 |
    |  | 7.81 | 6. 66 | 8.35 | 8.37 | 21. 54 | 24.40 | 21. 08 | 19.44 |
    | Community chest and other organizations- | 1.15 | 1.16 | 1.07 | 1. 35 | 2.34 | 1.03 | 2. 30 | 13.61 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property. | . 30 | . 20 | . 42 | . 14 | 6.07 | 4.89 | 5.41 | 8.00 |
    | Gifts and Contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Christmas, birthday, etc., gifts. | 29 | 8 | 16 | 5 | 114 | 24 | 47 |  |
    | Support of relatives..-. | 17 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 35 | 5 | 14 | 16 |
    | Support of other persons | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 13 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
    | Average expenditure per family for contri- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | butions and gifts to persons outside economic family, total. |  | \$1.75 | \$18.94 | \$14. 48 | \$24. 28 | \$7. 19 | \$24. 22 |  |
    | Christmas, birthday, etc., gifts | +12.17 | 1.26 | 2.39 | +3.16 | 13.25 | 4.32 | 13.02 | +11.94 |
    | Support of relatives. | 8.42 | . 49 | 12.62 | 11. 32 | 10.07 | 2.64 | 10.15 | 16.97 |
    | Support of other persons | 1.89 | 0 | 3.93 | 0 | + 96 | . 23 | 1.05 | 1.52 |
    | Miscellaneous Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Legal costs. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Gardens. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
    | Family losses | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average expenditure per family for miscellaneous items, total. | \$1.97 | \$0.06 | \$2.67 | \$3. 43 | \$8.62 | \$10.92 | \$1.92 | \$14.74 |
    |  | 1.33 1.58 | 0 | + 6.69 | 0 | 3. 39 | 6.25 | 0 | 14.90 4.9 |
    | Legal costs. | 1.59 | 0 | 1.92 | 3.43 | . 83 | 0 | ${ }^{.} 56$ | 1.96 |
    | Gardens. | . 02 | . 06 | 0 | 0 | . 20 | . 30 | . 13 | . 20 |
    | Family losses. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | . 03 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | 4.20 | 4.37 | 1.23 | 7.68 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    RICEMOND, VA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 100$ to $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Formal Education Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey .- | 96 | 25 | 47 | 24 |
    | Number of families spending for- <br> Members away from home. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Members at home. | 38 | 22 | 12 | 4 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for formal educational, total.-- | \$3.90 | \$3.90 | \$4.74 | \$2. 23 |
    | For members at home....---- | 3.60 | 3.90 | 4. 4.14 | 2.23 |
    | Vocation Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Union dues or fees...- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Professional association dues or fees | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Technical literature. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for vocational items, total.--- | \$0. 18 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0.69 |
    | Union dues or fees. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Professional association dues or fees | . 03 | 0 | 0 | . 11 |
    | Technical literature. | . 10 | 0 | 0 | . 38 |
    | Other items of vocational expense | . 05 | 0 | 0 | . 20 |
    | Community Welfare Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Religious organizations | 91 | 25 | 42 | 24 |
    | Community chest and other organizations. | 70 | 13 | 38 | 19 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property | 37 | 5 | 19 | 13 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for community welfare, total.- | \$12.98 | \$8. 52 | \$12.30 | \$18.96 |
    | Religious organizations. | 9.94 | 7.06 | 9.31 | 14. 18 |
    | Community chest and other organizations. | 1. 45 | . 72 | 1.61 | 1.90 |
    | Taxes: Poll, income, and personal property. | 1.59 | . 74 | 1.38 | 2.88 |
    | Gifts and Contributions |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 23 | 6 | 10 | 7 |
    |  | 35 | 1 | 17 | 17 |
    |  | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for contributions and gifts to persons outside economic family, total | \$23.51 | \$3.67 | \$19.76 | \$51. 52 |
    |  | 2. 58 | 1.67 | 2.14 | 4. 40 |
    | Support of relatives.- | 20.53 | . 74 | 17. 48 | 47.10 |
    | Support of other persons | . 40 | 1.26 | . 14 | . 02 |
    | Misceilaneous Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families spending for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Funerals | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Family losses. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | A verage expenditure per family for miscellaneous items, total.- | \$9. 21 | \$0. 11 | \$0. 42 | \$35.90 |
    | Funerals- | 8.11 | 0 | 0 | 32.43 |
    | Legal costs. | . 79 | 0 | . 03 | 3.12 |
    | Gardens...- | . 03 | .11 | 0 | 0 |
    | Family losses. | . 19 | 0 | . 39 | 0 |
    | Other-.....-- | . 09 | 0 | 0 | . 35 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 643.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level
    SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN


    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { filies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \$ 400 \\ t o \\ \$ 600 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 600 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 400 \\ t o \\ \$ 600 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \$ 600 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
    | III. Clothing, men and boys 18 years of age and over: ${ }^{2}$ Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 52.80 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Dol. | Dot. $55.59$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dol. } \\ 82.30 \end{array}$ |
    | Hats: Felt-.......................... | 1, 1795 | 537 | 607 | 451 | 0.57 | 0.44 | -6. 6 | 0.71 | 1.69 | 1.10 | 1.83 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |
    | Straw | 1,150 | 336 | 451 | 363 | . 42 | . 28 | . 46 | . 58 | . 76 | $\stackrel{43}{ }$ | . 80 | 1. 29 |
    | Caps: Wool | ${ }_{218} 21$ | 90 | 82 | 47 | . 01 | . 09 | . 09 | . 09 | . 10 | 09 | . 12 | . 10 |
    | Oth | 218 | 99 | 72 | 47 | . 17 | 16 | . 14 | 22 | 08 | 08 | 07 | 10 |
    | Overcoats | 292 | 84 | 107 | 101 | . 09 | . 07 | . 10 | . 14 | 1.83 | 1.03 | 1.85 | 3.18 |
    | Topcoats, | 92 | ${ }^{24}$ | 31 | 37 | . 03 | . 02 | . 03 | . 05 | . 49 | 26 | . 46 | . 93 |
    | Raincoats--.-.- | 227 | 64 | 90 | 73 | . 08 | . 05 | . 08 | . 10 | . ${ }^{21}$ | 21 | . 45 | 69 |
    | Jackets: Heary | 1218 | 82 57 | 78 69 | 53 44 | . 06 | . 04 | . 08 | . 06 | . 29 | 22 | ${ }^{28}$ | . 34 |
    | Other. | 64 | 26 | 20 | 18 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 06 | . 08 | 07 | .06 | . 12 |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 326 | 145 | 105 | 76 | . 12 | . 12 | . 11 | . 12 |  | 30 | . 31 | 44 |
    | Light. | 255 | 102 | 84 | 69 | . 10 | . 09 | - 10 | . 12 | . 18 | 14 | 16 | 29 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 750 | 225 | 276 | 249 | . 25 | . 18 | . 26 | . 36 | 6. 17 | 3.96 | 6.43 | 9. 66 |
    | Light-weight | 832 | 230 | 332 | 270 | . 28 | . 19 | . 32 | . 40 | 5.91 | 3.41 |  | 9. 45 |
    | Cotton, linen | 280 71 | 17 17 | 122 20 | 99 <br> 34 | . 10 | . 01 | . 14 | . 15 | ${ }_{30}^{96}$ | 138 | 1.15 | 1.71 |
    | Other. | 35 | 18 |  | 10 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 20 | 26 | 13 | 22 |
    | Trousers: Wool | 623 | 263 | 217 | 143 | . 32 | . 28 | . 29 | . 45 | 99 | 85 | 99 | 1. 24 |
    | Cotton | 1,080 | 442 | 388 | 250 | . 86 | . 77 | . ${ }^{13}$ | 93 | 1.36 | 1. 11 | 1.45 | 1. 66 |
    | Other | 137 | 35 | 64 | 38 | . 09 | . 05 | . 11 | 12 | 18 | 10 | 23 | . 27 |
    | Overalls, coveralls Shirts and blouses: | 743 | 318 | 273 | 152 | . 62 | . 61 | . 60 | . 68 | 1.04 | 91 | 1.06 | 1. 24 |
    | Cotton, work | 1, 116 | 496 | 377 | 243 | 1.32 | 1.19 | 1.34 | 1.51 | 1. 28 | 98 | 1.29 | 1.79 |
    | Cotton and other | 2, 202 | 821 | 798 | 582 | 3.03 | 2.21 | 3.28 | 4.11 | 3.86 | 2.41 | 4.11 | 6.03 |
    | Wool..-- | 58 | 17 | 27 | 14 | 04 | . 02 | 05 | . 04 | . 06 |  | . 07 | . 08 |
    | Underwear: <br> Suits, cotton, knit | 451 | 224 | 138 | 89 | 42 | . 45 | . 35 | 48 | . 41 | 40 | 36 | . 50 |
    | woven | 345 | 137 | 131 | 77 | . 42 | . 33 | . 44 | 53 | 34 |  | . 35 | . 48 |
    | cotton and woo | 227 | 92 | ${ }^{79}$ | 56 | 2.51 | 24 | 25 | 27 | . 22 | 18 | 22 |  |
    | rayon and silk |  |  | 561 |  |  |  | -. 59 | 3. 22 | ${ }^{.} \mathbf{7 7}$ | 01 50 | . 83 | (4) |
    | Undershirts, cotton-......... | 1, 228 | 548 81 17 | ${ }_{95}^{561}$ | 419 72 | 2.42 .36 | $\begin{array}{r}1.82 \\ .24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2.59 .41 | 3. 22 | . 77 | 50 | . 83 | 1.16 .23 |
    | rayon and silk |  | 17 | 8 | 1 | 04 | 04 | 03 | 04 | . 02 | 01 | . 01 | 03 |
    | Shorts, cotton...- | 1,649 | 593 | 607 | 449 | 2.62 | 1. 99 | 2.81 | 3. 45 | 87 |  | . 93 | 1.29 |
    | Drawers, cotton and | 27 | ${ }^{13}$ | 7 | 7 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | 03 | . 01 | 01 | . 01 | 02 |
    | Drawers, cotton and <br> Pajamas and nightsh | 161 | 60 | 58 | 43 | . 21 | 17 | . 24 | 25 | 11 | ${ }_{24}^{08}$ | 11 | 5 |
    | Shoes: Street | 2, 107 | ${ }_{811}^{156}$ | 749 | 547 | 1.33 | 1.15 | 1. 39 | 1.55 | 5. 34 | 4.00 | 5.54 | 7.42 |
    | Work | 744 | 323 | 260 | 161 | . 43 | . 41 | . 45 | . 44 | 1.21 | 1.02 | 1.26 | 1. 47 |
    | Canvas | 68 | 21 | 25 | 22 | . 02 | . 02 | 03 | . 03 | . 04 | 02 | 04 | . 07 |
    | Boots: Other | 134 | 37 | 44 | 533 | . 05 | . 03 | . 04 | 0 | . 12 | . 06 | 12 | 21 |
    | Boots: Rubb |  | 29 | 34 | 25 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | 04 | . 10 | 06 | 12 | 16 |
    | Leat | 56 | 13 | 19 | 24 | . 02 | . 01 | 02 | 03 | 12 | . 05 | . 10 | . 25 |
    | Arctics | 41 | 7 | 14 | 20 | . 01 | . 01 | 01 | 03 | 03 | 01 | . 04 | . 06 |
    | Rubbers <br> Shoes: Repair | 1, 237 | 85 | 91 | 64 | . 10 | . 12 | 09 | . 09 | 1.09 | . 07 | . 17 | . 11 |
    | Shoes: Repair | 1,694 | ${ }_{114}^{650}$ | ${ }_{244}^{625}$ | 419 |  |  |  |  | 1.05 .63 | . 80 | 1.17 | 1.33 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 771 | 364 | 273 | 134 | 2.75 | 2.99 | 2.84 | 2. 19 | . 45 | 45 | 49 | ${ }^{1} 39$ |
    | dress | 1,337 | 599 | 489 | 249 | 4.70 | 4. 46 | 5. 28 | 4. 24 | .99 | 82 | 1. 08 | 1. 08 |
    |  | ${ }_{4}^{926}$ | 300 | ${ }^{350}$ | 276 | 2. 98 | 1. 93 | 3. 00 | 4. 54 | . 73 | 43 | . 73 | 1. 26 |
    | Silk. | 407 62 | 62 19 | 163 20 | ${ }_{23}^{182}$ | . 78 | . 33 | ${ }^{64}$ | 1.78 | 30 | 09 | ${ }^{26}$ | ${ }^{73}$ |
    | Gloves: Work, cotton | 527 | 235 | 182 | 110 | 1.01 | . 92 | 1.13 | 199 | . 31 | 28 | ${ }_{31}$ | 06 39 |
    |  | 137 | 45 | 55 | 37 | . 32 | . 20 | 46 | 30 | . 15 | . 10 | 20 | 18 |
    | Street, leathe | 355 | 96 | 125 | 134 | 13 | . 08 | 13 | 22 | . 23 | . 13 | 22 | 43 |
    | Ties other- |  | 13 | 16 | 17 | . 02 | . 02 | 02 | . 03 | . 02 | . 01 | 02 | 05 |
    | Ties | 1,965 | 651 | 731 | 583 | 2.84 | 1.86 | 3.06 | 4.25 | 1. 55 | . 77 | 1.58 | 2. 86 |
    | Collars-...- | 72 | 19 | 21 | 32 | 16 | . 08 | 13 | . 36 | . 05 | 02 | 03 | 11 |
    | Bathing suits, | 174 | 41 | 66 | 67 | . 06 | , | . 06 |  | 15 | 07 | . 16 | 28 |
    | Accessories---- | 1,753 402 | 114 | 158 | 135 | 7.04 | 5.30 | 7.66 | 9. | . 13 | ${ }_{07}^{35}$ | . 15 | -85 |
    | Bathrobes. |  | 12 | 29 | 39 | 03 | . 01 | 03 | . 06 | . 04 | 04 | 10 | . 26 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 2,165 | 712 | 835 | 618 |  |  |  |  | 5. 59 | 2. 56 | 6. 18 | 10.01 |

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued southern region-white families, other than mexican-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illiss } \end{gathered}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\mathrm{Un}-$ <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | IV. Olothing, boys 12 through 17 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 33.41 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dol. } \\ 26.11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dol. } \\ 46.84 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} D_{0}!. \\ 72.97 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Hats: Felt | 71 | 40 | 23 | 8 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.20 | 0.28 | . 31 | . 23 | . 47 | . 68 |
    | Straw | 27 | 19 | 7 | 1 | . 06 | . 06 | . 06 | . 03 | . 05 | . 05 | . 05 | . 06 |
    | Caps: Wool | 93 | 63 | 25 | 5 | . 22 | . 20 | . 28 | . 17 | . 16 | . 13 | . 22 | . 20 |
    | Othe | 50 | 37 | 11. | 2 | . 11 | . 11 | .11 | . 07 | . 05 | . 05 | . 05 | . 03 |
    | Overcoats | 34 | 14 | 15 | 5 | . 07 | . 04 | .13 | . 17 | . 91 | . 47 | 1. 55 | 4.00 |
    | Topcoats | 10 | 5 | 4 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | . 03 | . 12 | . 05 | . 22 | . 62 |
    | Raincoats | 62 | 40 | 17 | 5 | . 12 | . 11 | . 15 | 17 | . 41 | . 36 | 50 | . 56 |
    | Jackets: Heavy | 88 | 57 | 25 | 6 | . 18 | . 16 | . 22 | . 24 | . 58 | . 46 | . 89 | . 85 |
    | Leathe | 48 | 30 | 14. | 4 | . 09 | . 08 | . 12 | 14 | . 43 | . 35 | .65 | . 66 |
    | Other | 24 | 18 | 4 | 2 | . 05 | . 05 | . 04 | . 07 | . 16 | . 16 | . 09 | $\begin{array}{r} .06 \\ .34 \end{array}$ |
    | Sweaters: Hea | 153 | 106 | 39 | 8 | . 35 | . 33 | . 40 | . 38 | . 71 | . 59 | . 96 | 1.09 |
    | Light | 160 | 97 | 43 | 20 | . 43 | . 34 | . 54 | 1.10 | . 59 | . 42 | . 84 | 1. 72 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | $0^{\circ}$ | 0 | . 04 | . 06 |  | 0 |
    | Cotton suede | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 101 | 53 | 31 | 17 | . 20 | . 15 | . 28 | . 59 | 3. 05 | 2.11 | 4.14 | 10.74 |
    | Light-weight | 110 | 63 | 38 | 9 | . 22 | .17 | . 34 | . 31 | 2.91 | 2. 07 | 4.86 | 5. 88 |
    | Cotton, linen | 29 | 24 | 4 | 1 | . 10 | . 11 | . 04 | .17 | . 27 | . 32 | . 14 | . 17 |
    | Palm-beach. | 6 | 5 | 0 | I | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | . 12 | .13 |  | . 52 |
    | Other | 14 | 10 | 3 | 1 | . 03 | . 03 | . 14 | . 03 | . 20 | . 11 | . 30 | . 85 |
    | Trousers: Wool | 255 | 169 | 64 | 22 | . 88 | . 78 | 1.03 | 1.55 | 2.06 | 1.64 | 2.72 | 4. 69 |
    | Cotton | 254 | 177 | 64 | 13 | 1.18 | 1. 05 | 1.61 | 1.24 | 1.62 | 1.32 | 2. 32 | 2. 54 |
    | Other | 39 | 29 | 8 | 2 | . 13 | . 12 | . 16 | . 10 | . 19 | . 19 | . 23 | . 10 |
    | Overalls, coveralls | 98 | 72 | 23 | 3 | . 88 | . 38 | . 41 | . 17 | . 35 | . 35 | . 41 | . 18 |
    | Shirts and blouses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, work | 92 | 71 | 18 | 3 | . 71 | ${ }^{.72}$ | . 71 | . 59 | . 55 | . 50 | . 74 | . 31 |
    | Cotton and other | 371 | 248 | 98 | 25 | 3. 39 | 2. 77 | 4.77 | 5.83 | 2.68 | 2.03 | 3.88 | 6. 26 |
    | Wool. | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Underwear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Suits, cotton, knit.- | 79 | 65 | 11 | 3 | . 41 | . 46 | . 27 | . 31 | . 27 | . 30 | . 18 | . 24 |
    | Woven- | 33 | 27 | 5 | 1 | . 22 | . 25 | . 17 | .14 | . 15 | . 17 | . 12 | $.10$ |
    | cotton and wool | 32 | 27 | 4 | 1 | . 19 | . 20 | . 17 | . 14 | .11 | (11 | . 13 | . 07 |
    | rayon and silk | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 17 | . 01 | (4) | . 02 | . 04 |
    | Undershirts, cotton...-.-.-- | 272 | 171 | 80 | 21 | 2.15 | 1. 70 | 3.16 | 3.90 | . 54 | . 40 | . 82 | 1. 24 |
    | cotton and wool. rayon and silk. | 35 | 24 | 10 1 | 1 | . 27 | . 22 | . 42 | . 21 | . 08 | (4) 08 | . 13 | $0^{.} 10$ |
    | Shorts, cotton.-........... | 287 | 180 | 85 | ( 22 | 2.03 2.3 | .01 1.87 | - 3.35 | 4.10 | . 01 | (4) 47 | 06 |  |
    | rayon and silk | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 09 | 4. 0 | . 01 | (4) | 02 | 1. |
    | Drawers, cotton and wo | 17 | 12 | 5 | 0 | . 12 | . 11 | . 18 |  | . 03 | . 63 | 05 | 0 |
    | Pajamas and nightshi | 99 | 46 | 37 | 16 | . 34 | . 18 | . 60 | 1.31 | 38 | 20 | 61 | 1. 79 |
    | Shoes: Street. | 409 | 287 | 98 | 24 | 1.92 | 1. 78 | 2.19 | 2.62 | 5. 57 | 4.83 | 7.09 | 9.03 |
    | Work | 26 | 17 | 7 | 2 | . 08 | . 08 | . 09 | . 03 | . 19 | . 16 | . 32 | . 06 |
    | Canvas | 183 | 131 | 43 | 9 | . 58 | . 58 | . 68 | . 48 | 49 | . 44 | . 63 | . 51 |
    | Other | 15 | 6 | 8 | 1 | . 03 | . 02 | . 07 | . 03 | 08 | . 04 | 20 | . 06 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | .03 | 0 |
    | Leather | 22 | 14 | 5 | 3 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | . 10 | . 17 | . 14 | . 19 | . 39 |
    | Arctics | 7 | 5 | 2 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Rubbers | 38 | 26 | 9 | 3 | . 08 | . 08 | . 08 | . 10 | . 08 | . 08 | . 08 |  |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 282 | 191 | 69 | 22 |  |  |  |  | 1.04 | . 85 | 1. 45 | 1. 84 |
    | Shínes | 8 | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 123 | 99 | 19 | 5 | 2.09 | 2.27 | 1.66 | 1. 48 | . 40 | . 40 | . 39 | . 36 |
    | dress. | 281 | 191 | 76 | 14 | 5.17 | 4.43 | 7.39 | 5. 90 | . 96 | . 78 | 1.38 | 1.52 |
    | Rayon. | 94 | 60 | 23 | 11 | 1. 53 | 1. 26 | 1.95 | 3.41 | . 34 | . 24 | . 47 |  |
    | Silk | 17 | 10 | 3 | 4 | . 24 | . 18 | . 07 | 1.55 | . 08 | . 04 | . 02 |  |
    | Wool. | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 | . 08 | . 10 | . 03 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Gloves: Work, cotton | 53 | 38 | 10 | 5 | . 14 | . 14 | . 10 | . 28 | . 05 | . 05 | . 05 | . 00 |
    |  | ${ }_{65}^{2}$ | 21 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | (4) |  | 0 |
    | Street, leather | 65 | 31 | 23 | 11 | . 13 | . 09 | . 20 | . 41 | . 16 | . 09 | 24 |  |
    | Ties.................-.-. | 281 | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 174 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 <br> 69 | 5 | . 08 | . 07 | . 11 | +.17 | .03 | 02 | 02 | . 1 |
    | Ties.-.- | 265 | 174 | 69 | 22 | 2.00 | 1.65 | 2.69 | 3.72 | . 64 | 46 | . 88 | 2.00 |
    | Collars..---7.-....-.-. | 81 | 0 | 1 30 | 0 | (6) ${ }^{6}$ | 0 | . 01 | 0 | (1) | 0 | (4) | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 81 | 42 | 30 | 9 | . 16 | . 11 | . 26 | . 31 | . 31 | . 20 | . 54 | 96 |
    | Handkerchiefs | 228 | 157 | 52 | 19 | 3.77 | 3.28 | 4.61 | 6. 66 | . 28 | . 21 | . 36 | . 95 |
    | Accessories | 71 | 48 | 19 | 4 |  |  |  |  | . 07 | 06 | . 12 | 10 |
    | Bathrobes. | 10 | 3 | 3 | 4 | . 02 | 01 | 03 | . 14 | . 06 | 01 | . 06 | 71 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 210 | 116 | 77 | 17 |  |  |  |  | 1. 56 | . 98 | 2. 86 | 3.80 |
    | Other. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 06 | . 05 | . 11 |  |

    I Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    6 Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | V. Clothing, boys 6 through 11 years of age: ${ }^{3}$ <br> Total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 17.80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 29.99 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 41.81 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Hats: Felt | 30 | 12 | 12 | 6 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.15 | . 07 | . 03 | . 12 | . 25 |
    | Straw | 20 | 10 | 8 | 2 | . 04 | . 03 | . 05 | . 05 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 02 |
    | Caps: Wool | 178 | 107 | 54 | 17 | . 38 | . 35 | .41 | . 55 | . 22 | . 17 | . 29 | . 39 |
    | Other | 101 | 52 | 39 | 10 | . 23 | . 15 | . 36 | . 42 | . 08 | . 05 | . 13 | 18 |
    | Overcoats | 53 | 27 | 21 | 5 | . 09 | . 07 | . 13 | . 12 | . 56 | . 43 | . 69 | 1. 50 |
    | Topeoats | 9 | 5 | , | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 08 | . 05 | .16 | 0 |
    | Raincoats | 48 | 20 | 19 | 9 | . 08 | . 05 | . 12 | . 22 | . 23 | . 14 | . 31 | . 68 |
    | Jackets: Heavy fa | 106 | 55 | 39 | 12 | . 18 | . 15 | . 24 | . 30 | . 50 | . 37 | . 70 | 93 |
    | Leather. | 46 | 26 | 18 | 2 | . 08 | . 07 | . 11 | . 05 | . 27 | . 22 | . 39 | . 20 |
    | Other- | 14 | 11 | 3 | 0 | . 02 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | . 07 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Sweaters: Heav | 160 | 95 | 51 | 14 | . 35 | . 32 | . 41 | . 45 | . 52 | . 43 | . 63 | . 89 |
    | Light | 197 | 109 | 73 | 15 | . 48 | . 40 | . 64 | . 58 | . 55 | . 40 | . 86 | . 74 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit | 18 | 7 | 8 | 3 | . 05 | . 02 | . 09 | . 12 | . 14 | . 08 | . 21 | . 52 |
    | Cotton suede | 19 | 13 | 3 | 3 | . 12 | . 09 | . 15 | . 30 | . 09 | . 08 | . 07 | . 28 |
    | Other | 23 | 16 | 6 | 1 | . 11 | . 10 | . 13 | . 01 | . 12 | . 11 | . 13 | 15 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 65 | 32 | 25 | 8 | . 12 | . 10 | . 15 | . 20 | . 82 | . 55 | 1.14 | 2.14 |
    | Light-weight wo | 82 | 48 | 27 | 7 | . 15 | . 14 | . 18 | . 18 | . 94 | . 71 | 1.33 | 1. 54 |
    | Cotton, linen | 80 | 48 | 23 | 9 | . 37 | 3.00 | . 38 | . 95 | . 51 | . 39 | . 56 | 1. 39 |
    | Palm-beach. | 3 | 1 | 8 | 1 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 05 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 18 |
    | Other | 17 | 8 | 8 | 1 | . 06 | . 03 | . 16 | . 02 | . 10 | . 05 | . 22 | 10 |
    | Trousers: Wool | 227 | 133 | 72 | 22 | . 82 | . 69 | 1.00 | 1. 38 | 1. 27 | 1.00 | 1.55 | 2. 68 |
    | Cotton | 238 | 147 | 70 | 21 | 1.10 | . 3 | 1.37 | 1. 55 | 1. 12 | . 89 | 1.49 | 1. 76 |
    | Other | 42 | 25 | 12 | 5 | . 12 | . 09 | . 16 | . 20 | . 17 | . 12 | . 22 | . 32 |
    | Overalls, coveralls. | 241 | 158 | 64 | 19 | 1.14 | 1. 11 | 1.13 | 1. 35 | . 87 | . 83 | . 89 | 1. 26 |
    | Shirts and blouses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton and other, except wool | 388 | 234 | 122 | 32 | 2.99 | 2. 44 | 3. 73 | 5.10 | 1. 85 | 1.41 | 2. 46 | 3. 62 |
    | Wool----- | 6 | 2 | 4 | 0 | . 04 | 01 | 13 | , | 03 | (4) | 10 | 0 |
    | Underwear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Suits, cotton, knit. | 190 | 126 | 51 | 13 | . 87 | . 84 | . 93 | . 98 | . 48 | . 45 | 52 | . 57 |
    | woven | 109 | 74 | 28 | 7 | . 52 | . 50 | . 55 | . 55 | . 25 | . 23 | 28 | . 38 |
    | cotton and woo | 58 | 39 | 17 | 2 | . 29 | . 28 | . 34 | . 22 | . 16 | . 16 | . 18 | . 08 |
    | rayon and silk | \% | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | 05 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 |  |
    | Undershirts, cotton. | 151 | 77 | 54 | 20 | . 95 | . 69. | 1.22 | 2.28 | . 22 | . 15 | . 29 | . 57 |
    | cotton and wool | 22 | 12 | 9 | 1. | . 13 | . 09 | . 22 | . 10 | . 04 | , 03 | . 08 | . 02 |
    | rayon and silk..- | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 03 | . 02 | 05 | 10 | . 01 | (4) | . 01 | . 05 |
    | Shorts, cotton---------------- | 154 | 78 | 55 | 21 | 1. 01 | . 76 | 1.25 | 2.38 | . 24 | 17 | . 32 | . 61 |
    | rayon and silk.....-.-- | 3 | 1. | 8 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 07 | 0 | . 01 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | . 02 |  |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool....- | 15 | 5 | 8 | 2 | . 09 | . 03 | 21 | . 20 | . 04 | . 01 | . 09 | . 06 |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts. | 134 | 54 | 60 | 20 | . 46 | . 24 | 72 | 1. 42 | . 37 | . 18 | . 57 | 1. 39 |
    | Shoes: Street.-..---...--.--- | 464 | 289 | 141 | 34 | 2. 53 | 2.31 | 2.82 | 3.28 | 5.04 | 4. 21 | 6. 16 | 8. 28 |
    | Canvas | 192 | 115 | 62 | 15 | . 49 | . 44 | . 58 | . 58 | . 40 | . 33 | . 52 | . 53 |
    | Other. | 25. | 10 | 11 | 4 | . 08 | . 04 | . 18 | . 10 | . 11 | . 04 | . 26 | . 13 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 25 | 13 | 9 | 3 | . 04 | . 03 | . 05 | . 08 | . 08 | . 06 | . 11 | . 16 |
    | Leather | 61 | 28 | 22 | 11 | . 11 | . 07 | . 15 | . 30 | . 31 | . 18 | 43 | 1.06 |
    | Arcties.. | 13 | 8 | 4 | 1 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 03 | . 02 |
    | Rubbers. | 35 | 15 | 15 | 5 | . 06 | . 04 | . 10 | . 12 | . 06 | . 04 | 10 | . 10 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 256 | 156 | 82 | 18 |  |  |  |  | . 65 | . 54 | . 89 | . 61 |
    | Shines. | 8 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | . 02 | (4) | 01 | . 17 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 190 | 128 | 52 | 10 | 2.45 | 2.46 | 2.56 | 1.90 | . 49 | . 47 | . 56 | . 39 |
    | dress. | 366 | 221 | 114 | 31 | 5.51 | 4.76 | 6. 62 | 8.00 | 1.05 | . 85 | 1. 36 | 1. 66 |
    | Rayon. | 47 | 29 | 13 | 5 | . 55 | . 52 | . 50 | 1.10 | . 12 | . 10 | . 11 | . 29 |
    | Silk. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Wool | 17 | 8 | 8 | 1 | . 20 | . 16 | . 30 | . 08 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 | . 04 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 50 | 33 | 12 | 5 | . 11 | . 11 | . 10 | . 15 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 |
    | Leather | 37 | 18 | 12 | 7 | . 07 | . 05 | . 07 | . 20 | . 05 | . 03 | . 06 | . 18 |
    | Othe | 70 | 49 | 17 | 4 | 14 | . 15 | 12 | . 12 | . 06 | . 06 | . 06 | . 04 |
    | Ties | 225 | 134 | 73 | 18 | 1. 26 | 1.09 | 1.61 | 1.45 | 25 | 19 | . 36 | . 34 |
    | Collars. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | 0 | 0 | (4) | (4) | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun sur | 111 | 51 | 46 | 14 | 25 | . 18 | . 37 | . 42 | . 20 | . 13 | . 32 | . 46 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 181 | 108 | 58 | 15 | 2. 50 | 2.02 | 3.33 | 3.72 | . 14 | . 11 | . 22 | . 21 |
    | Accessories. | 66 | 38. | 22 | 6 |  |  |  |  | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 | . 09 |
    | Bathrobes. | 20 | 5 | 10 | 5 | . 03 | . 01 | 06 | . 12 | . 05 | . 01 | 10 | . 20 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 131 | 59 | 54 | 18 |  |  |  |  | . 55 | .32 | 90 | 1. 32 |
    | Other...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 05 | . 02 | 14 | . 11 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.

    - Less than $0 . \bar{s}$ cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    SOUT HERN REGION—WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-F'amilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un}-1 \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | VI. Clothing, boys 2 through 5 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. <br> 14.30 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 9.85 \end{gathered}$ | Dol. 19. 72 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 26.71 \end{gathered}$ |
    | Hats: Felt | 16 | 6 |  | 3 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.22 | . 05 | . 02 | . 07 | . 20 |
    | Straw | 10 | 7 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 |  | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Caps: Wool | 96 | 50 | 35 | 11 | . 30 | . 24 | . 38 | . 44 | . 20 | . 11 | . 28 | . 52 |
    | Other | 50 | 29 | 13 | 8 | . 17 | . 02 | . 10 | . 48 | . 07 | . 07 | . 06 | 17 |
    | Overcoats | 54 | 24 | 23 | 7 | . 14 | . 11 | . 18 | . 26 | . 70 | . 44 | . 90 | 2.02 |
    | Topcoats. | 14 | 5 | 5 | 4 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 15 | . 12 | . 06 | . 07 | . 82 |
    | Raincoats | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 02 | (5) | . 03 | . 04 | . 03 | (4) | . 07 | 15 |
    | Jackets: Heavy fa | 15 | 7 | 6 | 2 | . 04 | . 03 | . 05 | . 07 | . 09 | . 06 | . 10 | 18 |
    | Leather. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Other. | 3 | 2 |  | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 85 | 41 | 35 | 9 | . 28 | . 21 | . 38 | . 41 | . 35 | . 24 | . 49 | . 59 |
    | Light | 114 | 54 | 50 | 10 | . 42 | . 31 | . 61 | . 56 | . 40 | . 26 | . 54 | . 90 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit | 75 | 35 | 32 | 8 | 20 | . 33 | . 78 | . 56 | . 58 | . 34 | . 94 | . 88 |
    | Cotton sued | 45 | 22 | 19 | 4 | . 51 | . 36 | . 79 | . 48 | . 35 | . 25 | . 55 | . 22 |
    | Other | 71 | 36 | 30 | 5 | 72 | . 57 | 1.01 | . 63 | . 50 | . 35 | 75 | 55 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 27 | 15 | 7 | 5 | 08 | . 08 | . 06 | . 26 | . 33 | . 26 | . 30 | 1. 05 |
    | Light-weight | 29 | 7 | 18 | 4 | 14 | 06 | 19 | . 69 | . 27 | . 09 | . 48 | . 84 |
    | Cotton, linen | 123 | 61 | 45 | 17 | 1.36 | . 98 | 1.78 | 2.59 | 1.14 | 61 | 1.65 | 3. 16 |
    | Palm-beach | 3 | 1. | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Other. | 17 | 9 | 7 | 1 | . 17 | . 14 | . 26 | . 04 | . 14 | 10 | . 24 | . 03 |
    | Trousers: Wool. | 17 | 10 | 5 | 2 | . 07 | . 06 | . 10 | . 07 | . 10 | 09 | . 11 | . 11 |
    | Cotton | 10 | 7 | 1 | 2 | . 06 | . 04 | . 01 | . 41 | . 05 | . 04 | . 01 | . 38 |
    | Other | - | 2 | 5 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 06 |  | . 04 | . 01 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Overalls, coveralls | 173 | 108 | 52 | 13 | 1. 58 | 1. 56 | 1.63 | 1. 59 | 1.01 | . 87 | 1.02 | 1.32 |
    | Shirts and blouses: <br> Cotton and other except wool_ | 47 | 28 | 15 | 4 | . 42 | . 39 | .48 | . 48 | .18 | . 15 | . 23 | . 30 |
    |  | - |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Underwear: <br> Suits, cotton, knit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Suits, cotton, knit <br> woven | $\begin{array}{r}118 \\ 58 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 68 27 | 41 24 | 9 7 | .98 .50 | .90 .39 | 1.05 .63 | 1.33 .89 | .46 .22 | .38 <br> .16 | . 55 .31 .38 | .76 .37 |
    | cotton and wool.------------ | 38 38 | 17 | 18 | 3 | . 35 | . 26 | . 54 | . 30 | . 16 | . 09 | . 28 | . .16 |
    | rayon and silk....-.-.---- | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 04 | . 04 | . 06 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    |  | 22 | 7 | 11 | 4 | . 22 | . 12 | . 32 | . 63 | . 06 | . 03 | . 09 | . 15 |
    | cotton and wool. | 7 | 3 1 | 4 | 0 | . 14 | . 08 | . 30 | 0 | (04 | . 02 | . 08 | $0^{-1}$ |
    | rayon and silk... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | (4) |  | $0$ |
    | Shorts, cotton. | 20 | 10 | 7 | 3 | . 24 | . 21 | .$^{23}$ | $0^{.44}$ | (04 | (1)4 | . 05 | .$^{10}$ |
    | rayon and silk | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 12 | . 09 | . 22 | ${ }^{0} 8$ | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 |  |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts. | 103 | 42 | 47 | 14 | . 66 | . 32 | 1.01 | 1.81 | . 39 | 17 | . 65 | 1. 09 |
    | Shoes: Street.- | 305 | 184 | 99 | 22 | 2. 55 | 2.23 | 3.08 | 2. 78 | 3.82 | 2. 92 | 5.02 | 5. 78 |
    | Canvas | 32 | 19 | 11 | 2 | . 11 | . 09 | . 14 | . 11 | . 10 | . 07 | . 13 | . 15 |
    | Other | 27 | 8 | 17 | 2 | . 14 | . 05 | . 31 | .15 | .20 | . 06 | .49 | . 13 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 11 | 3 | 6 | 2 | . 04 | . 01 | . 07 | . 07 | . 05 | . 02 | . 09 | . 10 |
    | Leather | 15 | 4 | 9 | 2 | . 05 | . 02 | . 09 | . 07 | . 11 | . 04 | . 22 | . 18 |
    | Arctics.. | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 | . 02 | (5) | . 05 | . 07 | . 03 | . 01 | . 06 | . 08 |
    | Rubbers. | 14 | 2 | 10 | 2 | . 04 | . 01 | . 08 | . 07 | . 04 | . 01 | . 08 | . 08 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 38 | 22 | 15 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 09 | . 18 | . 02 |
    | Shines | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | () | . 03 | . 03 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 95 | 61 | 27 | 7 | 1.63 | 1.62 | 1. 63 | 1.70 | . 28 | . 25 | . 30 | . 46 |
    | dres | 237 | 135 | 84 | 18 | 4.89 | 3.80 | 6.57 | 6.30 | . 75 | . 53 | 1.04 | 1.19 |
    | Rayon. | 27 | 14 | 11 | 2 | . 43 | . 27 | . 67 | . 59 | . 08 | . 04 | 13 | . 10 |
    | Silk. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | . 05 | . 02 | . 08 | . 22 | . 01 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | . 02 | . 04 |
    | Wool. | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | . 07 | . 09 | . 05 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 13 | 7 | 6 | 0 | . 04 |  | . 06 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Leather | 10 | 0 | 8 | 2 | . 03 | 0 | . 06 |  | . 02 | 0 | 05 | . 11 |
    | Other | 31 | 13 | 16 | 2 | . 09 | . 06 | . 14 | . 11 | . 03 | . 02 | 06 | . 04 |
    | Ties. | 29 | 12 | 14 | 3 |  | . 11 | . 28 |  | . 03 | . 02 | 05 | 10 |
    | Collars.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits-.-.---..-- | 76 | 30 | 32 | 14 | . 52 |  | . 78 | 1.48 | . 20 | . 09 | . 31 | . 66 |
    | Handkerchiefs......-....-- | 15 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 4. |  | . 26 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Accessories. | 14 | 8 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 06 |
    | Bathrobes..- | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 02 | . 01 | 01 | . 07 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | .11 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 40 | 16 | 21 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 11 | . 06 | . 18 | . 24 |
    | Other-..---------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 07 | . 05 | . 11 | . 03 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    ${ }^{5}$ Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A. p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per y ar |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilios } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | VII. Olothing, women and girls 18 years of age and over: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 50.40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 29.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 52.33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 85.83 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Hats: Felt.-.-.-.-.-.-. | 2,299 | 775 | 861 | 663 | 0.95 | 0.68 | 1. 00 | 1. 39 | 1. 94 | 1. 06 | 1.98 | 3.45 |
    |  | 1,483 | 465 | 569 | 449 | . 43 | . 36 | . 54 | . 74 | 1. 04 | . 56 | 1. 05 | 1. 86 |
    | Fabr | 632 | 192 | 245 | 195 | . 23 | . 16 | . 24 | . 33 | . 37 | . 20 | . 37 | . 65 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool. | 78 | 39 | 29 | 11 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 |
    |  | 47 | 17 | 18 | 12 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 01 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain | 319 | 122 | 123 | 74 | . 10 | . 09 | . 10 | . 09 | 1. 64 | 1. 23 | 1.84 | 2. 06 |
    |  | 239 | 86 | 84 | 69 | . 07 | . 06 | . 07 | . 09 | 2. 15 | 1. 41 | 2.26 | 3. 33 |
    | Fur fur trimmed....-- | 63 | 9 | 18 | 36 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 04 | 1. 17 | . 36 | . 91 | 3. 05 |
    | Light, wool | 333 | 96 | 122 | 115 | . 10 | . 07 | . 10 | . 14 | 1. 30 | . 73 | 1.36 | 2. 26 |
    | cotton-. | 56 | 16 | 20 | 20 | (0) 02 | (8) 01 | (3) 02 | (8) 02 | . 10 | . 06 | . 10 | . 16 |
    | Tilk, rayon | 121 | 3 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 2 | (6) | (8) | (3) ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 01 | .01 | . 01 | . 01 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 109 | 42 | 36 | 31 | . 04 | . 03 | . 04 | . 04 | . 07 | . 05 | . 07 | . 09 |
    |  | 27 | 9 | 10 | 8 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 05 |
    | Other- Suits Wool | 53 | 21 | 21 | 11 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 05 | . 03 | 08 | 06 |
    |  | 417 | 90 | 156 | 171 | . 12 | . 06 | . 13 | . 22 | 1.60 | 13 | 1.66 | 3. 23 |
    | Suits: Wool | 110 | 23 | 46 | 41 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 05 | . 27 | . 10 | . 30 | . 54 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton. | 152 | 47 | 56 | 49 | . 07 | . 06 | . 07 | . 11 | . 08 | . 05 | 08 | . 15 |
    | Other | 31 | 8 | 14 | 9 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 02 |
    |  | 239 | 81 | 93 | 65 | . 08 | . 06 | . 09 | . 09 | . 18 | . 12 | . 22 | . 25 |
    | Dresses: Cotton, hous | 40 | 16 | 10 | 14 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 02 | 04 |
    |  | 1,175 | 442 | 415 | 318 | 1.36 | 1. 16 | 1. 46 | 1. 56 | 1.47 | 1.12 | 1. 60 | 1.90 |
    |  | 882 | 331 | 322 | 249 | . 69 | . 58 | . 70 | . 85 | 1.61 | 1. 06 | 1. 74 | 2. 42 |
    | Silk, rayon. | 1,586 | 486 | 611 | 489 | 1.02 | . 65 | 1.16 | 1. 48 | 6.17 | 3.16 | 6.40 | 11. 22 |
    | Wool. | 325 | 94 | 125 | 106 | . 13 | . 08 | . 14 | - 19 | . 83 | . 36 | . 87 | 1.60 |
    |  | 154 | 37 | 59 | 58 | . 08 | . 05 | . 08 | . 12 | . 43 | . 17 | . 46 | . 86 |
    | Aprons | 254 | 80 | 101 | 73 | . 21 | . 16 | . 23 | . 28 | . 09 | . 06 | . 10 | . 12 |
    | Coveralis. | 23 | 4 | 9 | 10 | . 01 | ${ }^{5}$ | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 05 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts | 97 | 23 | 30 | 44 | . 07 | . 03 | . 06 | . 15 | . 06 | . 02 | . 05 | . 15 |
    |  | 592 | 285 | 212 | 95 | . 42 | . 48 | . 45 | . 29 | . 28 | . 27 | . 30 | 28 |
    | ( | 1,301 | 347 | 526 | 428 | . 87 | . 51 | . 97 | 1.39 | 1. 26 | . 60 | 1.35 | 2. 30 |
    | rayon | 770 | 312 | 284 | 174 | . 52 | . 50 | . 58 | 48 | . 45 | . 38 | . 51 | . 48 |
    | Corsets, girdles | 784 | 192 | 310 | 282 | . 30 | . 16 | . 32 | . 50 | . 77 | . 35 | . 79 | 1. 47 |
    | Brassieres-1.--2- <br> Union suits and <br> combinations: 1,058 300 404 330 1.04 .81 1.06 1.44 .45 .27 .44 .81 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton.-.---.-.-- | 209 | 81 | 77 | 51 | . 18 | . 15 | . 20 | . 22 | . 12 | . 08 | 13 | . 18 |
    | Wool. | 55 | 19 | 20 | 16 | . 04 | . 03 | . 04 | . 06 | . 04 | . 02 | 03 | . 06 |
    | Silk, rayon .....- | 233 | 59 | 95 | 79 | . 26 | . 13 | . 31 | . 42 | 22 | . 09 | 26 | 40 |
    | Underwaists, shirts Bloomers and panties: | 140 | 53 | 45 | 42 | . 13 | . 12 | . 11 | . 17 | . 05 | . 05 | . 04 | . 08 |
    | Cotton.--- | 160 | 83 | 45 | 32 | . 16 | 18 | 13 | 15 | . 06 | . 06 | 05 | 06 |
    | Rayon | 1, 538 | 578 | 587 | 373 | 1. 98 | 1. 57 | 2. 26 | 2.28 | . 83 | . 61 | . 89 | 1. 13 |
    | Silk ------.------- | 407 | 96 | 143 | 168 | 49 | . 24 | . 47 | . 98 | . 35 | . 14 | . 30 | . 79 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, light-..-- | 880 362 | 291 | 348 | 241 93 | .57 .19 | 43 .16 .18 | . 66 | .70 .21 | .48 <br> .18 | . 30 | 55 .19 | . 68 |
    |  | 463 | 91 | 181 | 191 | . 28 | . 11 | . 29 | . 59 | . 45 | . 14 | . 40 | 1.07 |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 104 | 23 | 47 | 34 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 06 | . 06 | . 02 | . 07 | . 10 |
    | Silk, rayon | 87 | 12 | 25 | 50 | . 03 | . 01 | . 03 | . 09 | . 08 | . 01 | . 05 | 26 |
    | Other-..- | 16 | 1 | 8 | 7 | . 01 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | (4) | . 02 | . 02 |
    |  | 183 | 40 | 65 | 78 | . 05 | . 03 | . 05 | . 10 | . 21 | . 08 | . 19 | . 46 |
    |  | 161 | 29 | 67 | 65 | . 05 | . 02 | . 07 | . 09 | . 13 | . 04 | . 14 | . 28 |
    |  | 2, 468 | 924 | 888 | 656 | 8.54 | 5.80 | 9.36 | 12.20 | 6. 20 | 3.84 | 6.70 | 9. 66 |
    |  | 307 | 177 | 78 | 52 | . 57 | . 68 | . 49 | . 49 | . 29 | . 33 | . 24 | . 30 |
    | Cotton. | 276 | 143 | 85 | 48 | . 36 | (40 | . 33 | . 32 | . 08 | . 09 | 08 | 07 |
    | Wool. | 12 | 1 | 9 | 2 | . 01 | (5) | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | (4) | 01 | 01 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    ${ }^{5}$ Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economie level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | VII. Clothing, women and girls 18 years of age and over ${ }^{2}$-Con. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. |  |  |
    | Shoes: Street | 2,361 | ${ }^{933}$ | 817 | 611 | 1.65 | 1.41 | 1.69 | 2.04 | ${ }^{\text {D }}$. 55. | 3.85 | 5. 79 | 8.25 |
    | Dress | 794 | 259 | 290 | 245 | . 43 | . 32 | . 46 | . 59 | 1. 57 | . 98 | 1.61 | 2.58 |
    | Sport. | 477 | 146 | 179 | 152 | . 22 | . 16 | . 22 | . 31 | . 59 | . 36 | . 61 | 1.01 |
    | House slippers | 1,291 | 428 | 482 | 381 | . 59 | . 44 | . 61 | . 81 | . 50 | . 33 | . 50 | . 80 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 1,344 | 453 | 488 | 403 |  |  |  |  | . 52 | . 37 | . 56 | . 75 |
    | Shines. | 91 | 3 | 22 | 66 |  |  |  |  | . 05 | . 01 | . 02 | . 17 |
    | Rubbers | 73 | 25 | 25 | 23 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 |
    | Arctics, gaiters | 153 | 38 | 64 | 51 | . 04 | . 03 | . 05 | . 07 | . 06 | . 03 | . 07 | . 10 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 966 | 281 | 362 | 323 | . 42 | . 25 | . 43 | . 70 | . 33 | . 17 | . 34 | . 60 |
    | Leather | 622 | 114 | 230 | 278 | . 21 | . 09 | . 21 | . 45 | . 40 | . 13 | . 37 | . 93 |
    | Other | 217 | 52 | 78 | 87 | . 08 | . 04 | . 08 | . 13 | . 08 | . 04 | . 08 | . 16 |
    | Bathing suits, sun | 228 | 56 | 66 | 106 | . 07 | . 04 | . 06 | . 14 | . 22 | . 09 | . 16 | . 50 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 1,310 | 473 | 468 | 369 | 3.95 | 2.94 | 4. 18 | 5. 43 | . 33 | 20 | . 33 | . 54 |
    | Furs.- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | ${ }^{5}$ ) |  | (5) | (5) | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | . 06 |
    | Muffers, scarfs | 129 | 26 | 44 | 59 | . 05 | . 02 | . 05 | . 11 | . 05 | . 01 | . 04 | . 12 |
    | Handhags, purses | 1,687 | 493 | 701 | 493 | .78 | . 48 | . 88 | 1.18 | . 94 | . 45 | . 98 | 1.75 |
    | Umbrellas. | 419 | 66 | 284 | 69 | . 13 | . 05 | . 24 | . 09 | . 14 | . 08 | . 16 | . 22 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpin | 1,307 | 465 | 506 | 336 |  |  |  |  | . 18 | . 12 | . 22 | . 26 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 1, 686 | 454 | 661 | 571 |  |  |  |  | 1.97 | . 71 | 1. 98 | 4.22 |
    | VIII. Clothing, girls 12 through 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 34 | . 17 | . 33 | . 68 |
    | years of age: ''Total................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37.18 | 26.88 | 51. 01 | 72.82 |
    |  | 252 | 147 | 74 | 31 | . 61 | . 47 | . 82 | . 98 | . 91 | . 64 | 1. 22 | 1.99 |
    | Straw | 127 | 63 | 43 | 21 | . 27 | . 20 | . 35 | . 57 | .43 | . 29 | . 57 | 1. 03 |
    | Fabric | 70 | 40 | 22 | 8 | . 15 | . 13 | . 20 | . 20 | . 16 | . 11 | . 24 | . 26 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 109 | 68 | 33 | 8 | . 29 | . 27 | . 36 | . 27 | . 19 | . 16 | . 23 | . 29 |
    | Other | 35 | 22 | 7 | 6 | . 09 | . 07 | . 08 | . 18 | . 04 | . 02 | . 04 | . 17 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain. | 96 | 60 | 29 | 7 | . 19 | . 17 | . 25 | . 16 | 1. 94 | 1. 62 | 2. 69 | 1. 92 |
    | fur trimmed | . 39 | 21 | 14 | 4 | . 07 | . 06 | . 11 | . 09 | J. 17 | .$^{.93}$ | 1.54 | 1.82 |
    | Fur------- | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 07 | 0 | . 25 | . 14 |
    | Light, wool--.---.-.-.---- | 52 | 29 | 14 | 9 | . 10 | . 08 | . 11 | . 20 | . 92 | . 57 | 1. 19 | 2.82 |
    | cotton...------------ | , | 4 | 4 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 02 | (1) 13 | . 07 | . 21 | . $0^{34}$ |
    | silk, rayon-..------ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (5) | 0 | . 01 | 0 | (4) | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit.-.......---- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cotton suede.-.-.------- | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 01 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | $0^{.07}$ | . 01 | (4) | 0 | $0^{.08}$ |
    | Raincorts Other....- | 74 | + ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 5 | 7 | . 14 | . 01 | . 05 | ${ }^{0} .16$ | . 04 | . 03 | . 10 | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wool knit.......... | 169 | 96 | 55 | 18 | . 40 | . 31 | . 56 | . 50 | . 70 | . 48 | 1. 15 | 1. 12 |
    | Wool fabric | 60 | 40 | 14 | 6 | . 16 | . 17 | . 14 | . 14 | . 23 | . 20 | . 25 | . 31 |
    | Leather, leatherette | 23 | 11 | 8 | 4 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 | . 09 | . 13 | . 09 | 16 | 37 |
    | Other- | 23 | 16 | 4 | 3 | . 05 | . 05 | . 03 | . 07 | . 11 | . 13 | 06 | . 06 |
    | Suits: Wool | 76 | 39 | 27 | 10 | . 15 | 11 | . 22 | . 23 | 1. 15 | . 77 | 1. 81 | 2. 08 |
    | Silk, rayo | 13 | 7 | 4 | 2 | . 03 | . 02 | . 03 | . 04 | . 14 | . 10 | 13 | . 49 |
    | Other | 26 | 19 | 7 | 0 | . 05 | . 05 | . 05 | 0 | . 20 | . 23 | 16 | 0 |
    | Waists and middies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silk, rayon. | 57 | 29 | 21 | 7 | . 15 | . 10 | 23 | . 30 | 20 | . 13 | 31 | . 42 |
    | Cotton | 74 | 43 | 20 | 11 | . 25 | . 20 | 30 | . 45 | . 21 | (14 | 31 | . 41 |
    | Other. | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | . 02 | . 01 | . 05 | . 07 | . 02 | (4) | 05 | . 08 |
    | Skirts: Wool | 125 | 71 | 41 | 13 | . 31 | . 24 | . 44 | . 41 | . 61 | . 43 | 96 | . 91 |
    | Other | 21 | 15 | 3 | 3 | . 05 | . 06 | . 02 | . 07 | . 06 | . 07 | 04 | . 06 |
    | Dresses: Cotton, house | 78 | 54 | 14 | 10 | . 63 | . 61 | . 60 | . 68 | . 60 | . 55 | . 58 | . 94 |
    | street | 160 | 93 | 49 | 18 | 1.26 | I. 05 | 1.73 | 1. 68 | 1. 88 | 1. 29 | 2.83 | 3. 54 |
    | Silk, rayon | 188 | 104 | 64 | 20 | . 78 | . 50 | 1.30 | 1. 34 | 3. 22 | 1. 94 | 4.91 | 8.02 |
    | Wool. | 48 | 27 | 16 | 5 | . 16 | . 09 | . 26 | . 34 | . 61 | . 37 | . 76 | 2.03 |
    | Other. | 11 | 6 | 4 | 1 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 16 | . 11 | . 05 | . 20 | . 32 |
    | Aprons | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Coveralls. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 01 | (3) | . 01 | . 07 | . 01 | (4) | . 01 | . 09 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts. | 32 | 15 | 11 | 6 | . 14 | . 07 | . 26 | .41, | . 12 | . 05 | . 23 | . 30 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on tamily funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    ${ }^{8}$ Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-CODtinued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | VIII. Clothing, girls 12 through 17 <br> years of age ${ }^{2-C o n t i n u e d . ~}$ <br> Underwear: Slips, cotton. <br> silk. | No. $J 16$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} \text { No. } \\ 73 \\ 56 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | No. 34 | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0.70 | 0.66 | 0.83 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.32 | 0.48 | 0.35 |
    |  | 116 |  | 39 | 21 | . 53 | . 31 | . 70 | 1.68 | . 53 | . 28 | . 75 | 1.83 |
    | rayon. | 15610127 |  | 39 | 15 | 84 | . 78 | . 91 | 1. 11 | 60 | 51 | . 71 | . 84 |
    | Corsets, girdles |  | 579 | 234 | $\begin{array}{r\|} 3 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 11 | 03 | . 02 | 01 | . 17 |
    | Brassieres-.-.-.-.--- |  |  |  |  | . 86 | . 70 | 1.10 | 1. 27 | . 25 | . 20 | .29 | . 47 |
    | Union suits and combinations: | 127 | 79 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton | 13 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 07 | . 04 | . 12 | . 11 | . 04 | . 02 | . 07 | . 14 |
    | Wool | 11 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 07 | . 08 | . 02 | . 11 | . 04 | . 04 | . 02 | . 10 |
    | Silk, rayon | 23 | 15 | 6 | 2 | . 15 | . 16 | . 16 | . 11 | . 08 | . 07 | . 10 | . 12 |
    |  | 22 | 15 | 5 | 2 | . 15 | . 14 | . 17 | . 16 | . 04 | . 03 | . 07 | . 03 |
    | Bloomers and panties: <br> Cotton | 43 | 35 | 5 | 3 | 31 | 37 | . 14 | 25 | 08 | . 09 | . 06 | 07 |
    | Rayon. | 308 | 193 | 88 | 27 | 3.17 | 2.45 | 4.73 | 3. 77 | 1.03 | . 80 | 1. 43 | 1. 41 |
    | Silk ----------.--- | 37 | 12 | 13 | 12 | . 32 | . 12 | . 41 | 1.57 | . 14 | . 05 | . 19 | . 75 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: Cotton, light $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | flannel.-- | 49 | 28 | 19 | 2 | . 18 | . 13 | . 31 | . 18 | . 15 | 11 | 24 | . 15 |
    | Silk, rayon | 50 | 20 | 15 | 15 | . 16 | . 07 | . 24 | . 66 | .20 | . 08 | . 28 | . 99 |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: Cotton | 20 | 10 | 8 | 2 | . 06 | . 03 |  | . 07 | . 06 | . 03 | . 12 |  |
    | Silk, rayon---- | 18 |  | 8 | 2 | . 05 | . 03 | $.10 \quad .04$ |  | . 08 | . 05 | . 14 | .08 .08 |
    | Other. | +185 | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 |  | . 02 | . 01 | . 08 | $0^{.08}$ |
    | Bathrobes. | 22 | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | 62 | $.04$ | $\begin{array}{r} .02 \\ .01 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .05 \\ & .05 \end{aligned}$ | . 14 | . 11 | . 05 | . 13 | . 45 |
    | Kimonos, negligee | 12 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | . $05 \quad .04$ | . 04 | . 02 | . 09 | . 10 |
    | Hose: Silk. | 103 | 137 | 54 | 19 | 4.55 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.60 \\ & 1.50 \end{aligned}$ | 6.391.83 | 7.02 | 2. 72 | 203 | 3. 65 | $\begin{array}{r} 5.05 \\ .60 \end{array}$ |
    | Rayon |  | 73157 | 23 | 7 | 1.59 |  |  | 1.23 | . 52 | . 46 | . 63 |  |
    | Cotton | 236 |  | 54 | 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 4.78 \\ .13 \end{array}$ | 4.35 | 5. 19 |  | $.88$ | $\begin{aligned} & .73 \\ & .03 \end{aligned}$ | 1.01 | $\begin{array}{r} .60 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$ |
    | Wool | 12 | 8 | 2 |  |  | . 14 | . 08 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 0.08 \\ \cdot \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |
    | Shoes: Street. | 377 | 252 | 92 | 33 | $\begin{array}{r} .13 \\ 2.30 \end{array}$ | 2.08 | 2.56 | 2.84.89 | 5. 55 | 4.68 | $6.64$ | 48.29 |
    | Dress | 124 | 71 | 37 <br> 45 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ .56 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{.} 37$ | . 64 |  | 1. 36 | . 99 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.04 \\ & 1.76 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.93 \\ & 1.94 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Sport | 154 | 92 |  |  |  | . 45 | . 73 | . 89 | 1.14 | . 84 | 1. 62 |  |
    | House slippers | 79 | 35 | 27 | 17 | . 19 | . 13 | . 23 | . 52 | . 14 | . 07 | . 19 | . 47 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 248 | 154 | 73 | 21 |  |  |  |  | . 80 | . 64 | 1.13 | . 96 |
    | Shines | 6 |  | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 |  |
    | Rubbers. | 24 | 14 | 5 | 5 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | . 11 | . 04 | . 04 | . 03 | . 08 |
    | Arctics, gaiters | 46 | 26 | 19 | 1 | . 09 | . 07 | . 15 | . 02 | . 11 | . 09 | . 16 | . 03 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 125 | 78 | 34 | 13 | . 33 | . 27 | . 46 | . 45 | . 22 | . 16 | . 29 | . 40 |
    | Leather | 34 | 18 | 14 | 2 | . 08 | . 05 | . 16 | . 04 | . 10 | . 06 | . 19 | . 10 |
    | Other- | 43 | 18 | 19 | 6 | . 10 | . 06 | . 20 | . 16 | . 09 | . 05 | . 15 | . 16 |
    | Bathing suits, | 93 | 37 138 | 37 | 19 | . 21 | . 12 | . 37 | . 57 | . 38 | . 20 | . 59 | 1. 20 |
    | Handerchiefs | 223 | 138 | 60 | 25 | 3.94 | 3.36 | 4.84 | 5.16 | . 26 | . 21 | . 34 | . 41 |
    | Furs- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Mufflers, scaris | 36 | 17 | 13 | 6 | . 08 | . 05 | . 12 | . 16 | . 05 | . 03 | . 07 | . 09 |
    | Handibags, purses | 246 | 145 | 72 | 29 | . 70 | . 53 | . 97 | 1. 23 | . 49 | . 30 | . 75 | 1. 15 |
    | Umbrellas. | 25 | 16 | 8 | 1 | . 05 | . 04 | . 06 | . 02 | . 08 | . 07 | . 10 | . 06 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, | 118 | 74 | 29 | 15 |  |  |  |  | . 10 | . 08 | . 13 | . 15 |
    | Cleaning, repairing. | 155 | 80 | 53 | 22 |  |  |  |  | . 75 | . 40 | 1. 20 | 2.16 |
    | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 52 | . 03 | . 88 | 3.47 |
    | IX. Clothing, girls 6 through 11 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19. 05 | 14.67 | 25. 80 | 36.87 |
    |  | 92 | 48 | 36 | 8 | . 19 | 14 | . 31 | . 26 | . 18 | . 11 | . 34 | . 28 |
    | Straw | 39 | 22 | 12 | 5 | . 08 | . 06 | . 09 | . 14 | . 08 | . 06 | . 11 | . 18 |
    | Fabric. | 31 | 12 | 14 | 5 | . 06 | . 03 | . 12 | . 14 | . 05 | . 02 | . 08 | . 20 |
    |  | 184 | 115 | 53 | 16 | . 43 | . 39 | . 44 | .80 | . 23 | .18 | .26 | .61 |
    | Other---------- | 59 | 32 | 33 | 4 | . 13 | 11 | . 18 | - 14 | . 05 | . 04 | . 09 | . 05 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain- | 105 | 62 | 30 | 13 | . 19 | . 17 | . 20 | . 37 | 1. 34 | 1.05 | 1. 64 | 3.14 |
    | fur trimmed | 27 | 13 | 10 | 4 | (5) | (5) 04 | .$^{.07}$ | .$^{.11}$ | . 41 | 27 | . 56 | 1. 28 |
    | Fur------- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{(5)}$ | ${ }^{(5)}$ | 0 |  | . 01 | . 02 |  | 0 |
    | Light, wool | 69 | 38 | 26 | 5 | . 13 | 10 | . 18 | . 14 | . 74 | . 50 | 1. 16 | 1. 40 |
    | cotton silk. | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | ${ }_{(5)} 01$ | (5) | $0_{0}^{.03}$ | ${ }_{0}^{.08}$ | (4) 04 | (4) 01 | $0^{.04}$ | $0^{.31}$ |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un}-1 \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & 10 \\ & \$ 600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 400 \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | IX. Olothing, girls 6 through 11 years of age ${ }^{2}$-Continued. <br> Play suits: Wool knit. | $\begin{array}{ll} N 0 . \\ 7 \end{array}$ | No. | No. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. } \\ 2 \end{array}$ | No. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { No, } \\ 0.03 \end{array}\right\|$ | No. <br> 0.06 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Dol. } \\ 0.07 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Dol. } \\ \mathbf{0 . 0 2} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Dol. } \\ 0.12 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0.38 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Cotton suede.-.-.--- | 12 | 7 |  |  | . 04 | . 03 | . 08 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 07 | . 03 |
    | Other. | 12 | 5 | 25 |  | . 04 | . 04 | . 01 | . 14 | . 05 | . 03 | . 02 | . 34 |
    | Raincoats.-- | 78 | 45 | 25 | 8 | . 14 | . 12 | . 17 | . 23 | . 25 | . 22 | . 30 | . 38 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: Wool knit......- | 164 | 93 | 58 |  | . 37 | . 30 | . 51 | . 41 | . 47 | . 35 | . 70 | . 76 |
    | Wool fabric. | 51 | 38 | 10 | 3 | . 11 | . 12 | . 08 | . 11 | . 15 | . 16 | .11 | . 16 |
    | Leather, leatherette | 14 | 8 | 5 | $\frac{1}{1}$ | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | . 03 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 | . 07 |
    | Other. | 17 | 8 | 6 |  | . 03 | . 03 | . 04 | . 08 | . 05 | . 03 | . 07 | . 18 |
    | Suits: Wool. | 15 | 5 | 1 | 4 | . 03 | . 01 | . 04 | . 11 | 13 | . 06 | . 23 | . 48 |
    | Silk, rayon | 4 | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | 1 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 |  | . 03 | . 03 | . 04 |  |
    | Other .- | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Waists and middies: Silk, rayon |  | 2 | 3 |  | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | . 03 | 02 | . 01 |  | . 03 |
    | Cotton. | 19 | 11 | 4 | 4 | 08 | 06 | . 06 | . 34 | . 05 | . 04 | 03 | . 32 |
    | Other. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | (5) |  |  | . 06 | 01 |  |  | . 08 |
    | Skirts: Wool. | 28 | 17 | 10 | 1 | . 07 |  | 08 | . 06 | . 09 |  | . 14 | . 21 |
    | Other-- | 3 | 151 | 0 |  | . 01 | ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | . 08 | . 01 | (4) | ${ }^{0}$ | . 17 |
    | Dresses: Cotton | 237 | 151 | 68 | 18 | 2.42 | 2.08 | 3.01 | 3.44 | 2.04 | 1.52 | 2.86 | 3.95 |
    | Silk, ra | 104 35 | ${ }_{26}^{66}$ | 130 | 8 | . 34 | . 28 | . 42 | . 63 | . 69 | . 53 | . 89 | 1. 55 |
    | Wool | 35 | 22 | 11 |  | . 09 |  | . 09 | . 08 | 23 | . 19 | . 28 | . 38 |
    | Other | 17 | 11 | 5 | 1 | . 08 | . 09 | . 06 | . 03 | 09 | . 06 | 16 | 08 |
    | Aprons | 2 |  |  | 1 | . 01 |  | . 01 | . 03 | (4) |  | . 01 | . 01 |
    | Coveralls. | 10 | 5 |  | 1 | . 02 | . 02 | 05 | . 03 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 01 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts. Underwear: | 24 | 14 | . 10 | 0 | . 20 | . 09 | . 52 |  | . 07 | . 04 | . 18 |  |
    | Slips: |  | 60 | 29 |  |  |  | 72 |  | 2 |  |  |  |
    | Silk | 13 | ${ }^{2}$ | 2 | 2 | .04 | . 01 | .10 | . 14 | . 04 | (4) | . 10 | . 15 |
    | Rayon. | 37 | 17 | 16 | 4 | . 16 | . 10 | . 29 | . 17 | . 07 | . 05 | . 11 | . 13 |
    | Union suits and combinations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton. | 70 | 44 | 21 |  | . 42 | . 35 | . 62 | . 37 | 21 | 16 | . 33 | . 24 |
    | Wool | 18 | 13 | ${ }_{6}$ | 2 | . 10 | . 10 | . 08 | . 23 | . 06 | 05 | . 05 | . 26 |
    | Silk, rayon | 18 | 10 | 6 |  | . 12 | . 08 | . 21 | . 14 | . 06 | 04 | . 09 | . 12 |
    | Underwaists, shirts | 44 | 29 | 14 | 1 | 27 | . 25 | . 34 | . 14 | . 09 | 08 | . 14 | . 03 |
    | Bloomers and panties: | 86 | 57 | 21 |  | 85 | 72 | 1.03 | 1.43 | 18 | 15 | 21 | 32 |
    | Rayon. | 228 | 150 | 65 | 13 | 2.11 | 1.81 | 2.78 | 2.54 | . 47 | 39 | . 66 | . 62 |
    | Siik......... | 23 | 8 | 13 | , | . 19 | . 08 | . 38 | . 46 | . 06 | . 02 | . 13 | . 17 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, light....-. | 74 | 39 | 27 | 8 | . 26 | . 20 | . 33 | . 57 | . 16 | . 11 | . 23 | . 39 |
    | Flannel. | 60 | 37 | 17 | 6 | . 24 | . 22 | . 23 | . 43 | . 14 | . 12 | . 17 | . 31 |
    |  | 17 | 5 | 7 | 5 | . 06 | . 02 | . 12 | . 31 | . 05 | . 02 | . 08 | . 28 |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: Cotton |  | ${ }_{3}$ | 3 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | 04 |  | . 02 | . 01 | 02 |  |
    | Silk, rayon- | 4 | ${ }_{3}$ | 3 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | .01 | $0^{-8}$ | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 |  |
    | Other-..- |  | , | 1 | 0 | (5) |  | 01 | 0 | (4) |  | . 01 |  |
    | Bathrobes. | 16 | 9 | 3 | 4 | (03 | 02 | 02 | . 11 |  |  | 04 |  |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 85 | 51 | 0 30 | 0 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | ${ }^{0}{ }_{66}$ | (4) | ${ }^{(4)}$ | ${ }^{-} 8$ | ${ }^{0}$ |
    | Rayon. | 390 | 255 | 28 110 | 25 | 1.53 | 5.77 | 1.48 <br> 8.01 | 8.31 | +1.22 | 1.02 | 1. 55 | 1.86 |
    | Wool. | 21 | 11 | 9 | 1 | . 21 | . 20 | 29 | . 03 | . 05 | . 04 | . 09 | (1) |
    | Shoes: Street and dress | 423 | 275 | 122 | 26 | 2.81 | 2. 60 | 3.17 | 3.34 | 5. 42 | 4. 49 | 6.91 | 9. 02 |
    | Sport. | 114 | ${ }^{63}$ | 42 |  | . 41 | . 33 | . 60 | . 44 | . 67 | 52 | . 92 | 1. 16 |
    | House slippers | 72 | 36 | ${ }^{23}$ | 13 | . 14 | . 10 | . 16 | . 37 | . 08 | . 05 | 12 | . 30 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 185 2 | 118 | 50 | 17 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{5} 4$ | ${ }^{43}$ | ${ }_{0}{ }^{65}$ | 85 |
    | Rubbers. | 27 | 14 | 10 | 3 | . 05 | . 04 | . 08 | 08 | . 05 | . 03 | . 07 | 08 |
    | Arctics, gaiters. | 41 | 21 | 17 | 3 | . 08 | . 06 | . 12 | 08 | 09 | . 06 | 15 | . 09 |
    | Gloves: Cotton. | 83 | 53 | 26 | 4 | . 17 | . 16 | . 19 | . 11 | . 07 | . 06 | 10 | . 07 |
    | Other | ${ }_{3.5}^{15}$ | 10 | 13 | ${ }_{6}^{2}$ | . 03 | . 03 | .03 .09 | $\xrightarrow{.06}$ | . 02 | . 02 | ${ }_{0}^{02}$ | 05 |

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    southern region-white families, other than mexican-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- <br> der <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ <br> to <br> $\$ 600$ | \$600 <br> and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \$ 6600 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | IX. Clothing, girls 6 through 11 <br> years of age 2-Continued. <br> Bathing suits, sun suits.......... <br> Handkerchiefs $\qquad$ <br> Furs. <br> Mufflers, scarfs $\qquad$ <br> Handbags, purses $\qquad$ <br> Umbrellas. <br> Garters, belts, hairpins, etc. $\qquad$ <br> Cleaning, repairing. $\qquad$ <br> Other <br> X. Clothing, girls 2 through 5 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | No <br> 82 | ${ }_{\text {No. }}$ | No. | No. ${ }_{17}$ | No. 0.16 | No. | No. 0.23 | No. 0.57 | Dol. $0.18$ | Dol. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0.25 \end{aligned}$ | Dol. |
    |  | 129 | 82 | 39 | 8 | 2. 04 | 1. 69 | 2.84 | 2.31 | . 10 | . 08 | . 14 | . 14 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | $0^{.14}$ |
    |  | 25 | 11 | 11 | 3 | . 06 | . 04 | . 10 | . 08 | . 04 | . 02 | . 07 | . 07 |
    |  | 126 | 71 | 43 | 12 | . 33 | . 27 | . 43 | . 48 | . 11 | . 08 | . 17 | . 21 |
    |  | 18 | 12 | 4 | 2 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | . 06 | . 04 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 |
    |  | 54 | 38 | 14 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 |
    |  | 81 | 38 | 33 | . 10 |  |  |  |  | . 14 | . 07 | . 28 | . 31 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 06 | . 01 | . 13 | . 37 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 | 10.04 | 17.83 | 30.38 |
    |  | 24 | 10 | 10 | 4 | 08 | . 06 | 10 | 15 | . 05 | 10.04 | 17.83 | 30.38 .08 |
    | Straw | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Fabric | 11 | 5 | 4 | 2 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | . 12 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 10 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 98 | 49 | 38 | 11 | . 38 | . 29 | . 46 | . 69 | . 21 | . 12 | . 27 | . 54 |
    | Other | 37 | 12 | 21 | 4 | . 15 | . 09 | . 21 | . 35 | . 07 | . 04 | . 09 | . 27 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain....... | 47 | 23 | 19 | 5 | . 14 | . 12 | . 16 | . 19 | . 68 | . 58 | . 79 | . 90 |
    | fur trimmed | 19 | 7 | 10 | 2 | . 05 | . 04 | . 08 | . 08 | . 31 | . 19 | . 41 | . 73 |
    | Fur--.-...- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 04 | . 08 | 0 | . 13 | . 38 |
    | Light, wool. | 37 | 14 | 20 | 3 | . 11 | . 07 | . 16 | . 12 | . 51 | . 28 | . 83 | . 61 |
    | cotton | 14 | 6 | 4 | 4 | . 04 | . 04 | . 03 | .15 | . 11 | . 07 | . 08 | . 57 |
    | Silk, rayo | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | .10 |  |
    | Play suits: Wool knit. | 27 | 12 | 11 | 4 | . 12 | . 12 | . 10 | . 31 | .30 | . 20 | .44 | . 39 |
    | Cotton sued | 12 | 2 | 8 | 2 | . 09 | . 02 | . 17 | . 15 | . 09 | . 01 | . 14 | . 38 |
    | Other. | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 | . 06 | . 08 | . 07 | . 27 | . 07 | . 04 | . 03 | . 54 |
    | Raincoats | 6 | 4 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 |  | . 02 | . 03 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |
    | Wool knit. <br> Wool fabric | 91 31 | 39 19 | 40 11 | 12 1 | . 37 | . 24 | . 45 | .88 .08 | . 43 | . 25 | . 53 | 1.34 |
    | Leather, leatheret | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | $0^{-13}$ | $0^{.12}$ | $0^{-16}$ | $0^{.08}$ | $0^{-14}$ |  | $0^{.18}$ | . 05 |
    | Other-- | 6 | 5 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Suits: Wool | 14 | 7 | 6 | 1 | . 04 | . 04 | . 05 | . 04 | . 16 | . 15 | . 20 | . 08 |
    | Silk, rayon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Other. | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 05 | . 04 | . 09 | . 03 | . 16 | . 19 |
    | Waists and middies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silk, rayon. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cotton | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Skirts: Wool | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 |  |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Dresses: Cotton | 137 | 74 | 53 | 10 | 2.60 | 2.18 | 2.99 | 3.77 | 1.83 | 1.32 | 2.20 | 3.75 |
    | Silk, r | 44 | 20 | 14 | 10 | . 30 | . 20 | . 33 | . 88 | . 44 | . 25 | . 48 | 1.63 |
    | Wool | , | 6 | 1 | 2 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | . 08 | . 08 | . 06 | . 08 | . 16 |
    | Other | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 05 | . 04 | . 06 | . 08 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 08 |
    | Aprons - | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 | . 23 | . 01 | . 01 |  | . 02 |
    | Coveralls. | 34 | 17 | 14 | 3 | . 24 | . 20 | . 29 | . 23 | . 14 | . 11 | . 18 | . 16 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shor | 7 | 0 | 6 | 1 | . 10 | 0 | . 25 | . 08 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | . 05 |
    | Underwear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Slips, cotton | 38 | 17 | 17 | 4 | . 43 | . 33 | . 56 | . 50 | . 12 | . 09 | . 16 | . 14 |
    | silk. | , | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 04 |
    | rayon--------.-.-.-. | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | . 04 | . 01 | . 10 | 0 | . 02 | (4) | . 04 |  |
    | Union suits and combinations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( |  |  |
    | Cotton---- | 58 | 30 | 24 | 4 | . 51 | . 46 | . 59 | . 46 | . 23 | 20 | . 27 | 23 |
    | Wool. | 13 | 6 | 4 | 3 | . 11 | . 08 | . 09 | . 38 | . 08 | . 05 | . 07 | . 36 |
    | Silk, rayon | 12 | 3 | 7 | 2 | . 14 | . 06 | . 50 | . 23 | . 05 | . 02 | . 07 | . 18 |
    | Underwaists, shirts | 44 | 22 | 18 | 4 | . 50 | . 41 | . 61 | . 62 | . 16 | . 13 | . 18 | . 21 |
    | Blo omers and panties: | 52 | 21 | 25 | 6 | . 88 | . 52 | 1. 29 | 1.58 |  |  |  |  |
    | Rayon. | 99 | 46 | 43 | 10 | 2.00 | 1. 46 | 2. 18 | 1. 5.08 | .16 | . 28 | ${ }^{-24}$ | . 29 |
    | Silk. | 11 | 2 | 5 | 4 | . 30 | . 04 | . 65 | 5.42 .42 | . 08 | . 01 | . 19 | 13 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton..- | 42 | 18 | 19 | 5 | . 31 | . 18 | . 43 | . 58 | . 16 | . 08 | 24 | . 31 |
    | Flannel | 56 | 28 | 23 | 5 | . 37 | . 30 | . 48 | . 35 | . 21 | .16 | . 27 | . 27 |
    | Silk, rayon.-. | 9 | 3 | 3 | 3 | . 07 | . 03 | . 08 | . 35 | . 04 | . 01 | . 05 | . 26 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | AlI <br> fam- <br> ilies | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ec } \\ \text { level } \\ \text { sper } \\ \text { exp } \\ \text { unit } \end{array}$ | onom <br> - Fam <br> ding <br> endit <br> per | ic illies per ure year |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | X. Clothing, girls 2 through 5 years of age ${ }^{2-C o n t i n u e d . ~}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: | No. 7 | No. | ${ }^{\text {No. }}$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. 0.08 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Dol. }}{\substack{\text { Dit }}}$ | Dol. | Dol. 0.04 |
    | Silk, rayon | 2 | 1. | 1 | 0 | . 01 | .01 | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | (4) | 0.01 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Bathrobes. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 08 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 07 |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Hose: Silk.-. | 30 | 8 | 15 | 7 | 1.07 | . 52 | 1.71 | 1.88 | . 20 | . 09 | . 29 | . 54 |
    | Rayon | 50 | 22 | 24 | 4 | 1. 10 | . 78 | 1. 50 | 1. 46 | . 21 | . 14 | . 28 | 38 |
    | Cotton | 225 | 126 | 80 | 19 | 5. 66 | 5. 05 | 6. 29 | 7.08 | . 95 | . 79 | 1.11 | 1. 35 |
    | Wool. | 7 | 3 | 4 | 0 | . 09 | 05 | . 16 | 0 | . 02 | 01 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Shoes: Street and dress | 260 | 142 | 99 | 19 | 2.71 | 2. 57 | 2.80 | 3. 34 | 4.27 | 3. 49 | 4.73 | 7. 77 |
    | Sport | 51 | 18 | 26 | 7 | . 25 | . 13 | . 36 | . 54 | . 39 | . 13 | . 66 | . 94 |
    | House slippers | 34 | 12 | 16 | 6 | . 11 | . 07 | . 16 | . 23 | . 06 | . 03 | . 08 | . 13 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 39 | 18 | 15 | 6 |  |  |  |  | . 09 | . 08 | . 08 | . 17 |
    | Shines | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Rubbers. | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Arctics, gaiters | 9 | 1 | 5 | 3 | . 03 | . 01 | . 04 | . 12 | . 03 | (4) | . 04 | . 16 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 14 | 4 | 7 | , | . 04 | 02 | . 06 | . 12 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 07 |
    | Leather | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 04 |
    | Other. | 13 | 6 | 4 | 3 | . 04 | . 03 | . 03 | . 15 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 09 |
    | Bathing suits, sun sui | 55 | 15 | 27 | 13 | . 32 | . 12 | . 42 | 1.31 | . 16 | . 05 | . 18 | . 79 |
    | Handkerchiefs | 36 | 13 | 16 | 7 | . 78 | . 38 | . 89 | 3. 19 | . 04 | . 01 | (04 | . 23 |
    | Furs.-.--- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (8) | 0 | . 01 | 0 | (4) |  | (4) | 0 |
    | Mufflers, scaris. | 4 | 0 | 3 | , | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | . 04 | (4) | 0 | . 01 | (4) |
    | Handbags, purses | 39 | 13 | 18 | 8 | . 19 | . 09 | . 25 | . 62 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 11 |
    | Umbrellas. | 6 | 1 | 4 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 04 | . 01 | (4) | . 02 | . 06 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, | 8 | 4 | 4. | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Cleaning, repairing. | 32 | 4 | 17 | 11 |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 02 | . 15 | . 69 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9.34 | 6. 27 | 10.37 | 14.62 |
    | Caps, hoods, bonnet | 129 | 51 | 44 | 34 | . 63 | . 49 | . 63 | . 94 | . 34 | . 20 | . 36 | . 64 |
    | Coats...-.-.- | 62 | 18 | 24 | 20 | 20 | . 11 | 22 | . 34 | . 54 | . 24 | . 64 | 1.04 |
    | Sweaters, sacques | 118 | 54 | 40 | 24 | . 65 | 52 | 77 | 70 | . 44 | . 35 | . 51 | . 55 |
    | Sweater suits... | 89 | 32 | 34 | 23 | 35 | 24 | . 38 | 57 | . 63 | . 35 | . 84 | . 90 |
    | Dresses, rompers | 194 | 74 | 73 | 47 | 2. 63 | 2.01 | 2.84 | 3. 70 | 1. 63 | . 99 | 1. 79 | 2.84 |
    | Skirts, gertrudes | 64 | 19 | 27 | 18 | . 68 | . 48 | . 85 | . 84 | . 27 | . 16 | 35 | . 37 |
    | Shirts, bands. | 125 | 42 | 47 | 36 | 1. 58 | 1.12 | 1. 66 | 2. 48 | . 46 | . 27 | 55 | . 74 |
    | Diapers. | 159 | 66 | 50 | 43 | 10.46 | 8. 02 | 9.54 | 17. 79 | 1.18 | . 90 | 1. 05 | 2.03 |
    | Sleeping garments--------------- | 122 | 37 | 50 | 35 | 1.10 | . 71 | 1.20 | 1.82 | . 58 | . 29 | . 70 | 1.03 |
    | Stockings | 197 | 87 | 71 | 39 | 3.74 | 2. 94 | 3.42 | 6. 19 | . 57 | . 46 | . 58 | . 82 |
    | Bootees, shoes | 245 | 108 | 88 | 49 | 1.93 | 1.73 | 1.90 | 2. 44 | 1.82 | 1.34 | 2.09 | 2. 44 |
    | Layettes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 31 | . 29 | . 52 | 0 |
    | Other.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 57 | . 43 | . 39 | 1. 22 |

    2 Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    ${ }^{3}$ Infants 1 to 2 years of age are included only if dependent on family funds for 52 weeks; those under 1 year of age are included regardless of number of weeks dependent on family funds.
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    5 Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    ## Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES


    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | III. Clothing, men and boys 18 years of age and over: ${ }^{3}$ <br> Total. | No. | No. | No. | No. |  | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 30.80 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 20.17 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Dol. <br> 31. 18 | Dol. 46. 46 |
    | Hats: Felt | 388 | 86 | 211 | 91 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 0.45 | 0.50 | . 98 | . 58 | 1.05 | 1. 45 |
    | Straw | 209 | 46 | 110 | 53 | . 22 | . 15 | . 23 | . 28 | . 36 | . 22 | . 37 | . 54 |
    | Caps: Wool | 190 | 46 | 103 | 41. | . 22 | . 19 | . 23 | . 26 | . 23 | . 18 | . 22 | . 30 |
    | Othe | 86 | 22 | 55 | 9 | . 13 | . 11 | . 15 | . 12 | . 08 | . 05 | 10 | . 09 |
    | Overcoats | 78 | 12 | 45 | 21 | . 08 | . 04 | . 09 | . 11 | 1. 40 | . 58 | 1. 62 | 2. 11 |
    | Topeoats | 15 | 2 | 3 | 10 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 05 | . 18 | . 06 | . 04 | . 70 |
    | Raincoats | 58 | 11 | 34 | 13 | . 06 | . 04 | . 07 | . 07 | . 27 | . 16 | . 32 | . 31 |
    | Jackets: Heavy 'a | 79 | 20 | 41 | 18 | . 08 | . 07 | . 09 | . 10 | . 27 | . 18 | . 31 | . 33 |
    | Leather. | 25 | 3 | 17 | 5 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 03 | . 11 | . 05 | . 16 | . 09 |
    | Other | 13 | 4 | 6 | 3 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | . 05 | . 02 | . 05 | . 10 |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 128 | 24 | 66 | 38 | . 14 | . 08 | . 14 | . 23 | . 32 | . 17 | . 32 | . 58 |
    | Light | 67 | 16 | 37 | 14 | . 07 | . 06 | 07 | . 09 | 10 | . 07 | 11 | . 12 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 171 | 28 | 88 | 55 | . 18 | . 09 | . 18 | . 30 | 3.80 | 1.86 | 3. 75 | 6. 97 |
    | Light-weight | 162 | 36 | 86 | 40 | 17 | . 12 | . 18 | . 23 | 2. 94 | 2. 01 | 2. 80 | 4.76 |
    | Cotton, linen | 36 | 10 | 18 | 8 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | . 24 | . 22 | . 23 | . 29 |
    | Palm-beach | 4 | 2 |  | 0 | (5) | . 01 | (5) | 0 | . 02 | . 04 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Other | 13 | 3 | 10 | 5 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 04 | . 19 | . 29 | . 08 | . 31 |
    | Trousers: Wool | 201 | 46 | 110 | 45 | . 24 | . 19 | . 27 | . 31 | . 74 | . 50 | . 76 | 1.05 |
    | Cotto | 245 | 72 | 128 | 45 | . 42 | . 36 | . 46 | . 41 | . 70 | . 55 | . 76 | . 76 |
    | Other | 33 | 10 | 14. | 9 | . 05 | . 05 | . 05 | . 06 | . 11 | . 08 | . 10 | . 15 |
    | Overalls, coveralls, | 368 | 115 | 183 | 70 | . 78 | . 72 | . 83 | . 77 | 1. 25 | . 97 | 1.43 | 1.23 |
    | Sbirts and blouses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, work Cotton and other | 470 545 | 145 | 242 286 | 83 | 1.12 | 1.07 1.07 | 1. 1.59 | 1.31 | .97 1.69 | .82 1.04 | 1.02 1.76 | 1.08 2.57 |
    | Wool----.-- | 545 11 | 140 | 286 | 113 | 1. 48 | 1.07 | 1.50 .02 | 1.97 .02 | 1. 09 | 1.04 .01 | 1.6 .03 | . 2.02 |
    | Underwear: <br> Suits. cotton, knit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 283 | 31 | 179 | 16 | . 65 | . 52 | . 71 | $\begin{array}{r}.69 \\ .20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 26 | . 43 | . 58 | .73 .19 |
    | cotton and wool | 94 | 25 | 42 | 27 | . 22 | . 19 | . 20 | . 34 | . 23 | .18 | . 17 | . 45 |
    | rayon and silk........- | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 06 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 08 |
    | Undershirts, cotton.........-- | 372 | 85 | 209 | 78 | 1. 27 | . 83 | 1. 43 | 1. 54 | . 36 | . 22 | . 38 | . 51 |
    | cotton and wool. | 88 | 18 | 50 | 20 | . 25 | . 16 | . 29 | . 29 | . 13 | . 06 | . 15 | . 19 |
    | rayon and silk.-- | 15 | 0 | 9 | 6 | . 04 | 0 | . 04 | . 11 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 05 |
    | Shorts, cotton-.------------- | 415 | 96 | 235 | 84 | 1. 42 | . 94 | 1. 61 | 1. 66 | . 40 | . 27 | . 42 | . 57 |
    | rayon and silk. | 12 | 0 | 6 | 6 | . 04 | 0 | . 03 | . 14 | . 02 |  | . 02 | . 05 |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool | 68 | 18 | 39 | 11 | . 20 | . 02 | . 23 | . 17 | . 12 | . 08 | . 15 | . 11 |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts.- | 132 | 16 | 64 | 52 | . 23 | . 10 | . 22 | . 49 | . 28 | . 10 | . 23 | . 70 |
    | Shoes: Street. | 667 | 180 | 341 | 146 | . 96 | . 75 | 1.03 | 1. 11 | 3. 26 | 2. 22 | 3.36 | 4.64 |
    | Work | 431 | 130 | 214 | 87 | . 60 | . 53 | . 63 | . 64 | 1. 45 | 1.26 | 1. 42 | 1.84 |
    | Canvas | 12 | 2 | 4 | 6 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 04 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 08 |
    | Other | 12 | 1 | 4 | 7 | . 01 | (5) | . 01 | . 04 | . 02 | . 01 | 01 | . 07 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 58 | 15 | 25 | 18 | . 07 | . 05 | . 06 | . 11 | . 22 | . 17 | 21 | . 32 |
    | Leather | 7 | , | 4 | 2 | . 01 | (5) | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 05 |
    | Arctics. | 10 | 1 | 4 | 5 | . 01 | (5) | . 01 | . 03 | . 02 | (4) | . 01 | . 04 |
    | Rubbers. | 93 | 19 | 44 | 30 | . 10 | . 06 | . 09 | . 17 | . 12 | . 07 | . 10 | . 20 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 532 | 140 | 268 | 124 |  |  |  |  | . 84 | . 66 | . 82 | 1. 18 |
    | Shines. | 81 | 14 | 44 | 23 |  |  |  |  | . 17 | . 06 | . 19 | . 28 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heav | 341 | 118 | 152 | 71 | . 84 | 2.29 | 2.70 | 4. 07 | . 44 | . 34 | . 37 | . 77 |
    | dres | 442 | 129 | 224 | 89 | 3.27 | 2.20 | 3.73 | 3. 77 | . 61 | . 42 | . 69 | . 74 |
    | Rayon | 227 | 41 | 122 | 64 | 1. 64 | . 81 | 1.82 | 2. 52 | . 35 | . 16 | . 36 | . 61 |
    | Silk | 43 | 6 | 22 | 15 | . 26 | . 09 | . 30 | . 39 | . 09 | 02 | . 08 | . 19 |
    | Wool | 12 | 0 | 10 | 2 | . 04 | 0 | . 06 | . 03 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 |
    | Gloves: Work, cotton | 312 | 87 | 156 | 69 | 1. 48 | 1.06 | 1. 60 | 1.82 | . 51 | 39 | . 50 | . 71 |
    | other | 69 | 17 | 32 | 20 | . 20 | . 16 | . 17 | . 32 | . 11 | . 06 | . 10 | . 19 |
    | Street, leather | 52 | 6 | 27 | 19 | . 06 | . 02 | . 07 | . 10 | . 08 | . 02 | . 08 | . 16 |
    | other. | 7 | 1 | 4 | 2 | . 01 | (5) | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | (4) | . 01 | . 02 |
    | Ties. | 358 | 75 | 193 | 90 | 1. 11 | . 69 | 1. 20 | 1. 62 | . 45 | . 23 | . 46 | . 79 |
    | Collars | 14 | 6 | 3 | 5 | . 07 | . 08 | . 02 | . 17 | . 02 | . 02 | (4) | 04 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | (5) | (5) | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Handkerchieis. | 451 | 134 | 226 | 91 | 4.01 | 3.26 | 3. 99 | 2. 39 | . 26 | . 20 | 26 | . 38 |
    | Accessories. | 92 | 20 | 53 | 19 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | 02 | . 07 | 08 |
    | Bathrobes. | 11 | 0 | 4 | 7 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 04 | . 05 | 0 | . 02 | . 18 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 576 | 138 | 296 | 142 |  |  |  |  | 1. 88 | 1.15 | 2.02 | 2.66 |
    | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 34 | . 44 | . 15 | . 69 |

    2 Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    ${ }^{5}$ Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    ## Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued| Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ <br> to <br> $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | IV. Clothing, boys 12 through 17 years of age: <br> Total $\qquad$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Dol. } \\ 19.35 \end{array}\right\|$ | Dol. <br> 14. 40 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dot. } \\ 28.65 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 35.90 \end{gathered}$ |
    |  | 27 | 11 | 14 | 2 | 0,17 | 0.10 | 0.29 | 0.40 | . 28 | . 14 | . 56 | . 73 |
    | Straw | 12 | 4 | 8 | 0 | . 08 | . 04 | . 18 | 0 | . 09 | . 05 | . 19 | 0 |
    | Caps: Wool | 63 | 37 | 22 | 4 | . 48 | . 41 | . 55 | 1. 20 | . 30 | . 22 | . 39 | 1.02 |
    | Othe | 27 | 20 | 7 | 0 | . 21 | . 20 | . 25 | 0 | . 10 | . 08 | . 15 | 1. |
    | Overcoats | 10 | 3 | 5 | 2 | . 06 | . 03 | . 10 | . 40 | . 40 | . 24 | . 73 | 3.60 |
    | Topcoats. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 20 | . 13 | . 03 | 0 | 3.60 |
    | Raincoats. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | . 20 | . 08 | . 03 | . 11 | . 80 |
    | Jackets: Heavy | 21 | 14 | 5 | 2 | . 12 | . 13 | . 10 | . 40 | . 36 | . 31 | . 40 | 1.00 |
    | Lackers | 8 | 3 | 4 | , | . 05 | . 03 | . 08 | . 20 | . 14 | . 09 | . 24 | . 38 |
    | Other. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | 0 | . 08 | . 06 | . 12 | 0 |
    | Sweaters: Hear | 43 | 26 | 14 | 3 | . 29 | . 25 | . 31 | . 80 | . 43 | . 36 | . 57 | . 74 |
    | Light | 41 | 25 | 13 | 3 | . 32 | . 28 | . 37 | ${ }^{.60}$ | 0.35 | .$^{27}$ | . .48 | . 75 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | $0^{+4}$ | $0^{.75}$ |
    | Cotton suede | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | (4) | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 38 | 20 | 16 | 2 | . 23 | . 18 | . 33 | . 40 | 2.88 | 2.11 | 4.35 | 5.02 |
    | Light-weight | 31 | 16 | 13 | 2 | . 18 | . 14 | . 25 | . 40 | 2.06 | 1.28 | 3. 63 | 3.18 |
    | Cotton, linen. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | . 04 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | . 17 | . 13 | . 28 | 0 |
    | Palm-beach. | $\stackrel{0}{8}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Other- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | . 11 | . 02 | ${ }^{3} 31$ | 0 |
    | Trousers: Wool | 52 | 31 | 18 | 3 | . 50 | . 41 | . 65 | . 80 | . 84 | . 64 | 1.27 | . 90 |
    | Cotton | 52 | 36 | 16 | 0 | . 60 | . 59 | . 69 | 0 | . 64 | . 63 | . 74 |  |
    | Other | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | . 08 | . 06 | 18 | 0 | . 17 | . 10 | . 34 | 0 |
    | Overalls, coveralls | 38 | 23 | 15 | 0 | . 40 | . 37 | . 49 | 0 | .33 | . 28 | . 49 | 0 |
    | Shirts and blouses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, work .-. | ${ }_{108}^{22}$ | 15 | 6 | 1 | ${ }^{.30}$ | ${ }_{+} 17$ | . 29 | . 20 | - 19 | . 19 | . 15 | . 55 |
    | Cotton and other, | 108 | 68 | 36 | 4 | 2.03 | 1.73 | 2.65 | 2. 10 | 1.34 | 1.03 | 1.96 | 1. 98 |
    | Wool. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Underwear: <br> Suits, cotton, knit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | 27 | 7 | 3 | . 54 | . 58 | . 37 | 1. 20 | . 30 | . 30 | . 22 | 1,15 |
    | cotton and wool | 19 | 11 | 8 | 0 | .32 | . 24 | .31 | $0^{.80}$ | . 20 | . 14 | .30 | $0^{.40}$ |
    | rayon and silk.........-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Undershirts, cotton.-.-.-.----- | 51 | 34 | 15 | 2 | . 84 | . 80 | . 98 | . 40 | . 19 | . 17 | . 23 | . 16 |
    | cotton and wool | 9 | 5 | 4 | 0 | . 18 | . 17 | . 24 |  | . 07 | . 06 | . 11 |  |
    | rayon and silk... | 1 | 9 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Shorts, cotton-..------------ | 60 | 36 | 22 | 2 | 1.07 | . 87 | 1.57 | . 40 | . 26 | , 20 | . 40 | . 16 |
    | rayon and silk | , | , | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | , |  | (4) | ( ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | . 09 | . 12 | . 04 | 0 | . 03 | . 04 | . 02 |  |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts....-- | 13. | 6 | 6 |  | . 12 | . 06 | . 20 | . 80 | . 12 | . 05 | . 20 | . 80 |
    | Shoes: Street | 145 | 95 | 45 | 5 | 1.44 | 1.34 | 1.67 | 1. 40 | 3.41 | 2.98 | 4.31 | 3.91 |
    | Work | 9 | 5 | 4 | 0 | . 05 | . 04 | . 08 |  | . 11 | . 06 | . 22 |  |
    | Canva | 30 | 20 | 8 | 2 | . 24 | . 27 | . 16 | . 40 | . 19 | . 21 | . 15 | . 50 |
    | Other | 3 |  | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | . 04 | . 01 | . 12 |  |
    | Boots: Rubber | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 08 |  | . 26 | 0 |
    | Leathe |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | . 03 | . 07 | 0 |
    | Aretics | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Rubbers. | 13 | 8 | 2 | 3 | . 08 | . 08 | . 04 | . 60 | . 07 | . 06 | . 05 | . 49 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 75 | 45 | 26 | 4 |  |  |  |  | . 66 | . 45 | 1.08 | 1.16 |
    | Shines | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 08 | . 02 | . 22 |  |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 64 | 49 | 13 | 2 | 2.06 | 2. 10 | 1.94 | 2.40 | . 30 | . 29 | . 32 | . 42 |
    | dress | 69 | 42 | 24 | 3 | 2. 40 | 1.86 | 3.41 | 4.20 | . 40 | . 30 | . 57 | 74 |
    | Rayon | 12 | 3 | 9 | 0 | . 74 | .21 | 1.98 | 0 | . 16 | 04 | . 45 | 0 |
    | Silk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Wool | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 05 | . 05 | 0 | . 60 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 | . 23 |
    | Gloves: Work. cotton | 13 | 8 | 4 | 1 | . 10 | . 07 | . 16 | . 20 | . 03 | . 02 | . 06 | . 05 |
    | other | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | . 01 | 0 |  |
    | Street, leather | 3 | 1 | 1 | , | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | . 20 | . 01 | (4) | . 02 | . 20 |
    | other. | 8 | 3 | 4 | 1 | . 05 | . 03 | . 08 | . 20 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 16 |
    | Ties | 45. | 27 | 16 | 2 | . 68 | . 49 | 1.12 | . 60 | ${ }^{15}$ | 11 | . 23 | 13 |
    | Collars | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | (4) | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun | 9 | 4 | 4 | 1 | . 05 | . 04 | . 08 | . 20 | . 09 | . 04 | . 16 | . 40 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 40 | 21 | 18 | 1 | 1.48 | . 94 | 2.55 | 2.40 | . 10 | . 05 | 21 | 12 |
    | Accessories. | 15 | 10 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 03 | . 02 | . 03 | 30 |
    | Bathrobes. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 42 | 20 | 19 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 43 | . 30 | . 72 | . 39 |
    | Other-..........- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 04 | . 01 | . 12 | 0 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | A verage number ofarticles purchasedper person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{array}$ | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Un- } \\ \text { Uer } \\ \$ 200 \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{Un} \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \$ 400 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |
    | V. Clothing, boys 6 through 11 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. $11.58$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { Dol. } \\ 9.06 \end{array}\right]$ | Dol. $16.00$ | Dol. |
    | Hats: Felt. |  |  |  |  | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.12 | (4) | . 03 | . 02 | . 28 |
    | Caps: Straw | 86 | $\stackrel{0}{44}$ | 3 <br> 3 |  | . 02 |  | ${ }^{.05}$ | ${ }_{+} .12$ | ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | .01 | . 06 |
    | Caps: Wool | 89 | 288 | 11 | 10 | . 22 | $\cdot .23$ | . 24 | ${ }_{0}^{1.00}$ | . 26 | . 16 | . 41 |  |
    | Overcoats | 19 | 10 | 8 | 1 | . 10 | 08 | . 14 | . 12 | . 30 | . 19 | . 52 |  |
    | Topcoats. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 25 | . 12 | . 02 | . 04 | 2.40 |
    | Raincoats | 11. | 4 | 5 |  | . 06 |  | . 09 | . 25 | . 12 | . 05 | . 2 |  |
    | Jackets: Heavy fabric | 6 | 2 | 4 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 07 |  | . 06 | . 02 | . 17 |  |
    | Leather | 20 | 9 | 9 |  | 01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other... | 5 | 32 | ${ }^{\mathbf{0}}$ | 5 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ |  | 0 |  | ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 53 | 42 | 17 | 5 | . 34 | . 31 | . 35 | . 72 |  | . 27 | . 37 | 1.05 .18 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit | 5 | 4 | 17 | 0 | . 39 | .02 | . 16 | 12 | . 06 | . 02 | . 16 |  |
    | Cotton sue | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 10 | 06 | . 19 | 25 | . 08 | . 03 | . 12 | . 48 |
    | Suits Other |  | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 05 | 02 | . 12 |  | . 06 | . 05 | . 09 |  |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 20 | 13 | 5 |  | . 10 | 10 | . 09 | 25 | . 58 | . 54 | 44 | 2.18 |
    | Light-weight | 19 | 10 | , | 0 | . 10 | . 08 | . 16 |  | . 63 | . 40 | 1.25 |  |
    | Cotton, linen | $\stackrel{33}{0}$ | 18 | 12 | $\stackrel{3}{0}$ | $0^{.31}$ |  | $0^{.32}$ | $0^{.75}$ | ${ }_{0} .31$ |  |  | 0 |
    | Other-...---- | ${ }_{7}$ | ${ }_{2}$ | 4 | 1 | ${ }^{0} .06$ | . 02 | ${ }^{.} 10$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Trousers: Wool | 41 | 26 | 15 |  | .32 | .30 | . 44 | 0 | .34 |  | . 52 | $0^{\circ}$ |
    | Cotton | 48 | 31 | 15 | 2 | . 58 | . 54 | . 72 | . 25 | . 45 | . 38 | . 65 | 33 |
    | Other | 8 |  | ${ }^{2}$ | 0 | . 06 | 08 | . 04 |  | . 06 | 05 | . 07 |  |
    | Overalls, coveralls. | 79 | 45 | ${ }^{33}$ | 1 | . 89 | 75 | . 28 | . 50 | . 68 | . 58 | . 95 | . 38 |
    | Cotton and other, | 106 | 70 | 32 |  | 1.60 | 1.49 | 1.82 | 1.75 | . 79 |  | . 86 |  |
    |  | 3 | 0 | , | 0 | . 04 | - | . 16 |  | . 02 |  | . 08 |  |
    | Underwear- <br> Suits, cotton, knit | 75 | 38 | 32 | 5 | . 82 | . 65 | 1.12 | 1. 38 | 41 | 28 | 60 | 1.29 |
    | woven | 42 | 25 | 16 |  | . 49 | . 44 | . 61 |  | . 21 | 19 |  |  |
    | cotton and wool | 23 | 24 | 7 | 2 | 34 | 37 | . 26 | 38 | 14 |  | . 14 | . 19 |
    | rayon and silk. |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Undershirts, cotton. cotton and wool | 11 | 6 3 | 4 5 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r} .13 \\ .12 \end{array}$ | . 10 |  | $0^{.12}$ |  |  | . 09 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 02$ |
    | rayon and silk | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . | 0 | . 04 |  | (4) |  | 0 |  |
    | Shorts, cotton...--j- | 13 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0.15 | . 11 | ${ }_{0} .23$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | rayon and silk... <br> Drawers, cotton and wool | 3 |  | $\stackrel{0}{2}$ | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  | ${ }^{0} .01$ | ${ }^{0} .01$ |  |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts | 13 | 5 | 5 | 3 | . 09 | . 04 | . 10 | . 75 | .06 |  | . 0 |  |
    | Shoes: Street. | 182 | 125 | 51 | 6 | 1.90 | 1. 63 | 2.58 | 1.50 | 2.93 | 2. 38 | 4.22 | 2.84 |
    | Canvas | 38 | 28 | , | 1 |  | . 27 | . 21 | $0^{.12}$ | . 18 | . 18 | . 20 |  |
    | Other- <br> Boots: <br> Rubber |  | $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 0 |  | ${ }_{0}^{03}$ | . 04 | 0 | . 04 | . 05 | . 04 |  |
    | Boots. Leather | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  | . 02 | . 02 | 0 |  |  | . | 0 |
    | Arctics | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Rubbers... | 62 | ${ }^{6}$ | 2 |  | . 04 | . 05 | . 02 | 0 |  |  | . 46 |  |
    | Shoe: Repairs | ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | ${ }^{38}$ | 22 0 | 2 <br> 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 46 | 1.77 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heav | 90 | 64 | 24 | 2 | 2.25 | 2.14 | 2.72 | . 62 | . 34 | . 32 | . 41 | . 12 |
    | dr | 80 | 49 | 26 |  | 2.21 | 1.64 | 2.93 | 6.38 | . 36 | 26 | . 46 | 1.33 |
    | Rayon | 11 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 7 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 05 |  | - 11 |  |
    | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Silk } \\ & \text { Wool... } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0 0 |  | 0 | $0.08$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $0^{.28}$ | 0 |  |  | $0^{.04}$ |  |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 14 | 7 | 7 | 0 | . 07 | . 05 | . 12 | 0 | . 02 |  | . 04 | 0 |
    | Leather | , | 1 | 3 | 0 | 02 | . 01 | . 05 | 0 | . 01 | (4) | 03 | 0 |
    | Other | 12 | 3 | 9 | 0 | 07 | 03 | . 16 |  | 02 | 01 | 05 |  |
    | Ties | 38 | 20 | 15 | 3 |  | 26 | . 51 |  | 06 | 04 | 07 |  |
    | Collars....----- | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 26 | 14 | 1 | 1 | . 75 | $.01$ |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | ${ }^{0} .06$ |  |
    | Aandkerchiefs | $\stackrel{26}{7}$ | 14 | 11 | 1 0 | 75 | 49 | 1.19 | 1.75 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 |  |
    | Bathrobes. | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Cleaning, rep | 19 | 9 | 7 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .$^{.72}$ |

    2 Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un} \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | ( $\begin{gathered}\$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400\end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | VI. Clothing, boys, 2 through 5 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 10.89 \end{gathered}$ | Dol. $12.00$ |
    | Hats: Felt | 5 | 3 | 2 |  | 0.05 | 0.04 |  | 0 | . 03 | . 03 |  | 0 |
    | Straw | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | . 04 | 0 |  |  | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Caps: Wool | 37 | 14 | 19 |  | . 34 | . 20 | . 49 | . 80 | . 16 | . 08 | . 25 | . 46 |
    | Other | 29 | 18 | 10 | 1 | . 28 | . 32 |  | . 20 | . 08 | . 09 | . 07 |  |
    | Overcoats. | 15 | 7 | 8 | 0 |  | . 10 |  | 0 | . 39 | . 34 | . 50 | 0 |
    | Topcoats. | 6 | 1 | 5 | 0 | . | . 01 |  | 0 | . 13 | . 02 | . 30 | 0 |
    | Raincoats | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Jackets: Heavy fabric...........-- | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  | . 03 |  | 0 |  | . 05 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Leather-.---.-.-.......- | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 21 | 7. | 11 | 3 | . 22 | . 10 | . 31 | 1.00 | . 21 | . 09 | . 29 | 1. 18 |
    | Light | 42 | 20 | 21 | 1 | . 57 | . 42 | . 82 | . 20 | . 34 | . 27 | . 46 | . 29 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit | 9 | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 16 | . 03 | . 33 | . 20 | . 17 | . 05 | . 29 | . 61 |
    | Cotton suede | 18 | 8 | 8 | 2 | . 48 | . 45 | . 45 | 1. 20 | . 31 | . 17 | . 48 | . 61 |
    | Other | 17 | 10 | 7 | 0 | . 34 | . 30 | . 43 | 0 | . 20 | . 21 | . 20 | 0 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 11 | 0 | . 27 | 0 |
    | Light-weight wool | 10 | 5 | 4 | 1 | . 10 | . 10 | . 10 | . 20 | . 15 | . 12 | . 20 | . 17 |
    | Cotton, linen | 31 | 16 | 14. | 1 | . 63 | . 55 | . 78 | . 20 | . 43 | . 41 | . 48 | 13 |
    | Palm-beach. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | . 38 | . 30 | . 49 | . 50 | . 21 | . 14 | . 28 |  |
    | Trousers: Wool | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | . 12 | . 04 | . 22 | . 40 | . 12 | . 05 | . 20 | 31 |
    | Cotton | 14 | 7 | 7 | 0 | . 24 | . 22 |  | 0 | . 14 | . 12 | . 18 |  |
    | Other | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 03 | . 06 | 0 | - | 02 | . 03 |  | 1. |
    | Overalls, coveralls | 52 | 29 | 20 | 3 | 1.10 | 1.11 | 1.00 | 1.80 | . 75 | . 78 | 65 | 1.34 |
    | Shirts and blouses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 40 |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton and other, except wool- | 16 | 7 | 7 | 2 | $0^{.35}$ | $.28$ | $.43$ | $.40$ | $0^{.11}$ | . 10 | . 11 | $0^{10}$ |
    | Wool-------------------------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Underwear: <br> Suits, cotton, knit | 39 | 15 | 22 | 2 | . 82 | . 52 | 1. 25 |  | . 36 | . 23 | . 52 | 60 |
    | Suits, cotion, woven. | 14 | 9 | 5 | 0 | . 24 | . 31 | . 18 |  | . 09 | . 11 | . 06 | 0 |
    | cotton and wool | 23 | 12 | 9 | 2 | . 47 | . 48 | . 43 | . 80 | . 21 | 22 | . 19 | . 41 |
    | rayon and silk.-........-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 |  | . 02 | 0 |
    | Undershirts, cotton | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 09 | . 01 | . 20 | 0 | . 02 | (4) | . 04 | 0 |
    | cottonand wool- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | (4) | (1) | (4) | 0 |
    | rayon and silk--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Shorts, cotton....------------ | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 10 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | rayon and silk.....-.-- | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | (4) | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool..--- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | (4) | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts. | 14 | 4 |  | 1 | . 19 | . 08 | . 33 | .$^{20}$ | . 09 | . 05 | . 13 | .13 |
    | Shoes: Street....----.-..... | 114 | 66 | 45 | 3 | 1.86 | 1. 64 | 2.16 | 2.00 | 2.45 | 1.99 | 3.03 | 3.06 |
    | Canvas | 9 | 4. | 5 | 0 | . 09 | . 07 | . 12 | 0 | . 07 | . 05 | . 11 | 0 |
    | Other | 4 | 0 | 3 |  | . 03 | 0 | . 06 |  | . 03 | 0 | . 06 | . 13 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 |  | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Leather | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |  | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Arctics. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |  | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Rubbers. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | (4) | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 15 | 6 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  | ... | . 12 | . 05 | 22 |  |
    | Shines. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy | 39 | 19 | 17 | 3 | 1. 42 | 1.13 | 1.82 | 1.40 | . 18 | . 13 | . 24 | . 17 |
    | dress.. | 69 | 40 | 27 | 2 | 2. 55 | 2.25 | 3.00 | 2. 20 | . 34 | . 30 | . 40 | . 22 |
    | Rayon. | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 14 | 0 | . 35 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Silk. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 05 | 0 |  | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Wool | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 | 0 | (4) | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 6 | 2 | 4 | 0 | . 05 | . 03 | . 08 | 0 | . 01 | (4) | . 02 | 0 |
    | Leather | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |  | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Other | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 06 | . 04 |  | . 20 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 |
    | Ties....-...- | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | 03 | 0 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | (4) |  | 0 |
    | Collars | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun s | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 05 | . 03 | . 08 | 0 | . 02 | (4) | . 05 | 0 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 19 | 0 | . 47 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Accessories. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  | (4) | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Bathrobes. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 02 | . 03 | 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 2 | 0 | , | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 07 | 0 | .$^{.03}$ | 1.60 |

    2 Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A., p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { illies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Framilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | VIT. Clothing, women and girls 18 years of age and over: ${ }^{2}$ Total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{array}{\|c} D o l . \\ 27.03 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 15.48 \end{aligned}$ | Dol. <br> 27.45 | Dol. |
    | Hats: Felt.......-.........-.-.-.--- | 564 | 144 | 297 | 123 | 0.61 | 0.48 | 0.63 | 0.79 | . 91 | . 62 | . 92 | 1.36 |
    | Hatraw | 369 | 75 | 217 | 77 | . 37 | . 23 | . 44 | . 42 | . 53 | . 28 | . 61 | . 72 |
    | Fabric | 115 | 30 | 60 | 25 | . 11 | . 09 | . 12 | . 12 | . 13 | . 07 | . 15 | . 17 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 68 | 18 | 33 | 17 | . 09 | . 06 | . 09 | . 10 | . 05 | . 03 | . 05 | . 07 |
    | Other | 25 | 8 | 12 | 5 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | . 02 | . 16 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain | 97 | 21 | 52 | 24 | . 09 | . 06 | . 10 | . 12 | 1. 27 | . 65 | 1.39 | 1.96 |
    | fur trimmed | 65 | 8 | 33 | 24 | . 06 | . 02 | . 06 | . 12 | 1. 36 | 45 | 1.25 | 3.18 |
    | Fur | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | (5) | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 20 |  | 0 | 1.08 |
    | Light, wool | 66 | 10 | 40 | 16 | . 06 | . 03 | . 07 | . 08 | . 77 | . 31 | . 82 | 1. 43 |
    | cotton | 10 | 0 | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ | 4 | ( 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | . 06 | , | . 05 | . 15 |
    | silk, rayon. | , | 0 | 2 | 1 | (8) | 0 | (6) | (5) | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 |
    | Raincoats--.--.-------- | 37 | 7 | 22 | 8 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 04 | . 09 | . 06 | . 09 | . 14 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wool knit. | 86 | 22 | 37 | 27 | . 09 | . 07 | . 08 | . 15 | . 20 | . 10 | . 18 | . 40 |
    | Wool fabric | 68 | 17 | 36 | 15 | . 08 | . 07 | . 08 | 08 | . 11 | . 08 | . 12 | 14 |
    | Leather, leatherette | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | (5) | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | (4) |
    | Other... | 19 | 1 | 13 | 5 | . 02 |  | . 02 | . 02 | . 05 | (4) | . 03 | . 19 |
    | Suits: Wool | 63 | 16 | 31 | 17 | . 06 | . 04 | . 06 | . 09 | . 72 | . 48 | . 72 | 1.11 |
    | Silk, ray | 27 | 5 | 15 | 7 | . 03 | . 01 | . 03 | . 03 | . 24 | . 14 | . 23 | . 41 |
    | Other | 17. | 6 | 9 | 2 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 06 | . 07 | . 06 | . 04 |
    | Waists and middies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silk, rayon. | 38 | 8 | 16 | 14 | . 05 | . 03 | . 05 | . 09 | . 07 | . 04 | . 05 | . 16 |
    | Cotton....- | 29 | 3 | 17 | 9 | . 04 | . 01 | . 04 | . 07 | (1)3 | . 01 | . 04 | . 05 |
    | Other- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | (5) | 0 | (b) | 0 | (4) | 0 | (1) |  |
    | Skirts: Wool | 70 | 11 | 42 | 17 | . 07 | . 03 | . 09 | . 09 | . 13 | . 06 | . 15 | . 18 |
    | Other | 12 | 2 | 8 | 2 | . 01 | . 01 | 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 02 |
    | Dresses: Cotton, hous | 406 | 105 | 213 | 88 | 1.08 | . 75 | 1.14 | 1. 49 | 1.01 | . 61 | 1.04 | 1.57 |
    | stree | 286 | 79 | 148 | 59 | . 52 | . 38 | . 58 | . 60 | 1. 01 | . 63 | 1. 11 | 1.34 |
    | Silk, rayon | 416 | 84 | 224 | 108 | . 55 | . 31 | . 57 | . 88 | 2.89 | 1.32 | 2,90 | 5.48 |
    | Wool.-- | 57 | 13 | 34 | 10 | . 05 | . 04 | . 06 | . 06 | . 26 | .17 | . 31 | . 30 |
    | Other | 27 | 9 | 9 | 9 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 06 | 14 | . 12 | . 07 | . 35 |
    | Aprons ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 91 | 13 | 56 | 22 | . 24 | . 12 | . 30 | . 30 | . 08 | . 03 | . 11 | . 08 |
    | Coveralls | 10 | 2 | 3 | 5 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 09 | . 02 | 01 | . 01 | . 08 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts | 13 | 2 | 7 | 4 | . 08 | . 01 | . 04 | . 04 | . 01 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | . 01 | . 03 |
    | Underwear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Slips, cotton | 291 | 81 | 149 | 61 | . 63 | . 51 | . 68 | . 68 | . 34 | . 26 | . 35 | . 48 |
    | silk. | 197 | 30 | 102 | 65 | . 38 | . 17 | . 37 | . 75 | . 44 | . 17 | . 40 | 1.01 |
    | rayon | 254 | 65 | 136 | 53 | . 53 | . 43 | . 60 | . 52 | . 36 | 26 | . 40 | . 42 |
    | Corsets, girdles | 89 | 14 | 41 | 34 | . 10 | . 06 | . 08 | . 21 | . 22 | . 07 | . 12 | . 71 |
    | Brassieres... | 164 | 36 | 89 | 39 | . 36 | . 23 | . 38 | . 52 | . 12 | . 06 | . 13 | . 20 |
    | Union suits and combinations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton | 109 | 20 | 65 | 24 | . 25 | . 14 | . 30 | . 28 | . 16 | . 09 | . 19 | . 18 |
    | Wool | 26 | 5 | 11 | 10 | . 06 | . 03 | . 05 | . 14 | . 06 | . 02 | . 04 | . 18 |
    | Silk, rayon | 43 | 6 | 22 | 15 | . 12 | . 06 | . 12 | . 23 | . 08 | . 03 | . 08 | . 17 |
    | Underwaists, shirts. | 111 | 30 | 56 | 25 | . 33 | . 26 | . 33 | . 43 | . 09 | . 08 | . 08 | . 14 |
    | Bloomers and panties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton. | 119 | 41 | 55 281 | 23 | ${ }^{.} 38$ | ${ }^{.34}$ | . 30 |  | . 11 | . 10 | . 10 | . 17 |
    | Rayon | 515 63 | 142 | 281 34 | 92 23 | 1.68 .17 | 1.53 .06 | 1.75 .18 | 1.74 .34 | . 69 | . 55 | . 71 | .85 .26 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajames: |  |  |  |  | . 17 | . 0 | . 18 | . 3 | . 11 | . 0 | 1 |  |
    | Cotton, light......--------- | 233 | 58 | 109 | 66 | . 43 | . 33 | . 39 | . 69 | . 26 | . 17 | 22 | . 52 |
    | flannel | 108 | 19 | 63 | 26 | . 19 | . 10 | . 22 | . 24 | . 15 | . 06 | . 16 | . 27 |
    | Silk, rayon--.-----.......- | 52 | 7 | 28 | 17 | . 08 | . 03 | . 08 | . 14 | . 08 | . 03 | . 08 | . 19 |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton-..----- | 10 | 3 | 3 | 4 | (5) 01 | 0.01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 04 |
    | Silk, rayon | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | (5) | $0$ | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 |
    | Other-... | , | 0 | 0 | 1 | (5) | 0 | 0 | (5) | (4) | 0 | 0 | . 01 |
    | Bathrobes. | 22 | 2 | 11 | 9 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 05 | . 07 | . 01 | . 08 | . 17 |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 20 | 6 | 7 | 7 | . 02 | . 02 | 02 | . 03 | . 04 | . 03 | . 02 | . 11 |
    | Hose: ${ }_{\text {Silk }}$ | 750 | 191 | 397 | 162 | 5.62 | 3.03 | 6.32 | 8.05 | 3.47 | 1.74 | 3.87 | 5.32 |
    |  |  | 81 | 109 | 41 | 1. 39 | 3. 03 | 6.39 | 1. 17 | 3. 4 | 1.74 | 3. 8 | 5.32 |
    | Cotton | 232 | 82 | 109 | 41 | 1.39 | 1.37 | 1. 49 | 1.17 | . 56 | . 59 | . 54 | . 54 |
    | Wool. | $\underline{9}$ | 1 | 104 | 3 | . 03 | . 80 | .79 <br> .04 | . 52 | .16 .01 | (4) ${ }^{16}$ | . 18 | . 14 |


    ## Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \mathrm{sen} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | VII. Clothing, women and girls 18 years of age and over ${ }^{2}$-Continued. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |
    |  | 788 | 238 | 405 | 145 | 1.19 | 1. 04 | 1.25 | 1. 29 | 3.18 | 2. 48 | 3. 28 | 4. 12 |
    | Dress | 291 | 64 | 153 | 74 | . 36 | . 26 | . 38 | . 50 | 1.13 | . 71 | 1.15 | 1. 80 |
    | Sport | 113 | 26 | 59 | 28 | . 12 | . 09 | . 12 | . 19 | . 27 | . 18 | 23 | . 50 |
    | House slippers | 277 | 69 | 139 | 69 | . 36 | . 28 | . 36 | . 52 | 23 | . 16 | 20 | 42 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 373 | 87 | 194 | 92 |  |  |  |  | 39 | . 23 | . 42 | 59 |
    | Shines. | 10 | 1 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 03 | . 01 | . 02 |
    | Rubbers.. | 29 | 8 | 14 | 7 | . 03 | . 02 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 |
    | Arctics, gaiters. | 73 | 4 | 40 | 29 | . 07 | . 01 | . 07 | . 15 | . 08 | . 01 | . 09 | 17 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 213 | 41 | 117 | 55 | . 24 | . 13 | . 28 | . 32 | . 13 | . 07 | . 16 | . 18 |
    | Leather | 52 | 5 | 25 | 22 | . 05 | . 01 | . 05 | . 11 | . 06 | . 01 | . 05 | . 17 |
    | Other | 25 | 2 | 7 | 16 | . 03 | . 01 | . 01 | . 09 | . 02 | (4) | . 01 | . 09 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 6 | 0 | 2 | 4 | . 01 | 0 | (3) | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 06 |
    | Handkerchiefs | 327 | 78 | 170 | 79 | 2.60 | 1. 81 | 2. 52 | 4. 11 | . 16 | . 10 | . 14 | . 29 |
    | Furs.------- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | (5) | (5) | 0 | 0 | . 03 | . 09 | 0 | 0 |
    | Mufflers, scarfs | 21 | 4 | 14 | 3 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 02 |
    | Handbags, purses | 330 | 62 | 184 | 84 | . 38 | . 21 | . 42 | . 56 | . 31 | . 12 | . 32 | . 59 |
    | Umbrellas | 98 | 15 | 52 | 31 | . 09 | . 04 | . 10 | . 15 | . 16 | 07 | . 16 | . 30 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, e | 262 | 75 | 124 | 63 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | . 05 | . 05 | . 11 |
    | Cleaning, repairing Other | 339 | 65 | 184 | 90 |  |  |  |  | . 60 | $\mathrm{c}^{24}$ | . 66 | 1.03 |
    | Other <br> VIII. Clothing, girls 12 through 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 05 | (4) | . 02 | . 20 |
    | years of age: a Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21. 67 | 15. 71 | 27. 20 | 55. 94 |
    | Hats: Felt | 98 | 48 | 44 | 6 | . 53 | . 43 | . 69 | . 64 | . 63 | . 44 | . 90 | 1. 14 |
    | Straw | 46 | 22 | 20 | 4 | . 24 | . 17 | . 33 | . 45 | . 28 | . 15 | . 41 | . 79 |
    | Fabric. | 14 | 7 | 5. | 2 | . 08 | . 08 | . 08 | . 18 | . 08 | . 06 | . 09 | . 35 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 79 | 45 | 29 | 5 | . 45 | . 42 | . 49 | . 55 | . 24 | . 21 | . 28 | . 41 |
    | Coats Hers | 24 | 14 | 9 | 1 | . 16 | . 15 | .17 | . 09 | . 06 | . 05 | . 09 | . 05 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain | 43 | 21 | 19 | 3 | . 20 | .16 | . 25 | . 27 | 1.87 | 1. 25 | 2. 66 | 3. 90 |
    |  | 11 | 6 | 3 | 2 | . 05 | . 04 | . 04 | . 18 | . 58 | .$^{34}$ | . 36 | 5.00 |
    | Fur------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Light, wool...- cotton | 18 | 13 | 5 | 0 | . 08 | .10 | . 07 | 0 | . 46 | . 47 | . 50 | 0 |
    | cotton-.-... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (0) | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 09 | 0 | . 27 | 0 |
    | silk, rayon........-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit--.-------- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Cotton suede..------- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Other----.........---- | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Raincoats....------ | 17 | 6 | 11 | 0 | . 08 | . 04 | . 15 | 0 | . 15 | . 10 | . 26 | 0 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wool knit- | 60 | 38 | 17 | 5 | . 35 | . 34 | . 33 | . 64 | . 43 | . 37 | 43 | 1.07 |
    | Wool fabric. | 30 | 16 | 14 | 0 | . 17 | . 15 | . 23 |  | . 20 | . 17 | 29 | 0 |
    | Leather, leatherette | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | . 04 | . 02 | . 07 | . 09 | . 09 | . 07 | . 13 | . 13 |
    | Other- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 |  |
    | Suits: Wool | 14 | 6 | 8 | 0 | . 06 | . 04 | . 11 | 0 | . 65 | .37 | 1.24 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (5) | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Other. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 03 | 0 | . 06 | . 04 | . 11 | 0 |
    | Waists and middies: Silk, rayon | 7 | 3 | 4 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 05 | 0 | . 04 | . 03 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Cotton..-- | 16 | 6 | 10 | 0 | .12 | . 07 | . 24 | 0 | . 04 | . 04 | . 18 | 0 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Skirts: Wool | 48 | 26 | 21 | 1 | . 26 | . 22 | . 35 | . 09 | . 39 | . 30 | . 55 | . 36 |
    | Other | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 | . 04 | . 01 | . 05 | . 27 | . 06 | . 01 | . 08 | . 54 |
    | Dresses: Cotton, house | 43 | 27 | 16 | 0 | . 50 | . 50 | . 56 | 0 | . 38 | . 37 | . 44 | 0 |
    | street | 82 | 51 | 26 | 5 | 1.01 | . 96 | . 92 | 2. 27 | 1.05 | . 83 | 1. 37 | 1. 53 |
    | Silk, rayon. | 73 | 35 | 30 | 8 | . 56 | . 42 | . 60 | 1. 91 | 1. 69 | 1.14 | 1. 75 | 8.02 |
    | Wool. | 13 | 8 | 3 | 2 | . 10 | . 09 | . 08 | . 27 | . 30 | . 26 | . 21 | 1.43 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Aprons.. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | 0 | (4) | (4) | . 01 | 0 |
    | Coveralls. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts....- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | (5) | 0 | . 01 | 0 | (4) | 0 | . 01 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Econome level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Un}- \\ \mathrm{der} \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | VIII. Clothing, girls 12 through 17 years of age ${ }^{2}$-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Under <br> Slips, cotton. | N\%. | $\mathrm{No}_{48}$ | No. | $\mathrm{No}_{6}$ | No. | No. ${ }^{\text {No. }}$ | No. | No. 2.91 | Dol. | Dol. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0.35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0.89 \end{aligned}$ |
    | silk | 20 | 9 | 10 | 1 | . 19 | . 09 | . 31 | . 54 | . 18 | . 08 | . 28 | . 76 |
    | rayon | 39 | 19 | 17 | 3 | . 42 | . 25 | . 71 | . 55 | . 26 | . 15 | . 35 | . 88 |
    | Corsets, girdles | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 03 | . 04 | 0 | . 18 | . 02 | . 01 |  | . 22 |
    | Brassieres... | 30 | 13 | 14 | 3 | . 39 | . 21 | . 63 | 1.00 | . 12 | . 06 | . 18 | . 38 |
    | Union suits and combinations: Cotton |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Woolton | 13 | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | 7 | 0 | . 20 | . 20 | . 24 | 0 | . 08 | . 07 | . 11 | 0 |
    | Silk. rayon | 6 | 1 | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 0 | . 09 | . 03 | . 20 | $0^{-36}$ | . 04 | . 04 | . 11 | $0^{.20}$ |
    | Underwaists, shirts | 23 | 13 | 4 | , | . 40 | . 30 | . 20 | 3.00 | . 12 | . 06 | . 04 | 1.44 |
    | Bloomers and panties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton | 34 | 21 | 13 | 0 | . 50 | . 52 | . 52 | 0 | . 14 | . 14 | . 16 | 0 |
    | Rayon | 121 | 68 | 43 | 10 | 1. 99 | 1. 70 | 2.13 | 4.45 | . 57 | . 43 | . 69 | 1. 43 |
    | Silk. | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 | . 55 | . 03 | . 03 | 0 | . 27 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, light....------.... | 37 | 17 | 15 | 5 | . 28 | . 20 | . 29 | 1. 18 | . 15 | . 10 | . 16 | . 62 |
    | flannel | 17 | 4 | 10 | 3 | . 13 | . 05 | . 21 | . 55 | . 08 | . 02 | . 16 | . 26 |
    | Silk, rayon.---. | 4 | 1 | , | 1 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 18 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 20 |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 05 | 0 | . 03 | . 01 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 05 | 0 | 03 | . 02 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | (b) | . 01 | 0 | 0 | (4) | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathrobes. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 1 | 0 | 1 | , | (5) | 0 | 01 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Hose: Silk | 92 | 48 | 37 | 7 | 3. 04 | 1. 68 | 4.07 | 12. 27 | 1. 55 | . 86 | 2. 15 | 5.67 |
    | Rayon | 43 | 26 | 13 | 4 | 1. 14 | 1. 12 | . 96 | 2. 55 | . 35 | . 38 | . 28 | . 50 |
    | Cotton | 106 | 71 | 32 | 3 | 3.01 | 3.16 | 3.01 | 1,27 | . 52 | . 48 | . 61 | . 34 |
    | Wool | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 06 | . 07 | . 07 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Shoes: Street | 187 | 118 | 59 | 10 | 1.88 | 1. 96 | 1. 63 | 2. 64 | 3.90 | 3. 53 | 3.86 | 8.61 |
    | Dress | 60 | 29 | 28 | 3 | . 38 | . 27 | . 57 | . 36 | . 96 | . 62 | 1. 52 | 1. 29 |
    | Sport | 56 | 28 | 24 | 4 | . 33 | . 21 | . 48 | . 82 | . 66 | . 30 | 1. 04 | 2. 43 |
    | House slippers | 12 | 2 | 7 | 3 | . 07 | . 02 | . 12 | . 27 | . 05 | . 02 | . 08 | . 20 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 89 | 45 | 37 | 7 |  |  |  |  | . 59 | . 36 | . 81 | 1. 97 |
    | Shines. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rubbers.- | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | . 09 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | . 11 |
    | Arctics, gaiters | 15 | 1 | 10 | 4 | . 07 | . 01 | . 13 | . 36 | . 08 | . 01 | . 17 | . 39 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 29 | 11 | 14 | 4 | . 15 | . 10 | . 21 | . 36 | . 07 | . 04 | . 10 | 26 |
    | Leather | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Other | 5 | 2 |  | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suit | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Handzerchiefs......... | 69 | 32 | 33 | 4 | 2. 52 | 1. 48 | 4.03 | 4. 82 | 13 | . 06 | . 23 | . 22 |
    | Furs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Muffiers, scarfs. | 7 | 4 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 04 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Handbags, purses | 57 | 25 | 27 | 5 | . 32 | . 23 | . 43 | . 64 | . 17 | . 10 | . 25 | . 52 |
    | Umbrellas..-- | 6 | 1 | 3 |  | . 03 | . 01 | . 04 | . 18 | . 05 | . 01 | . 06 | . 45 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, etc | 35 | 21 | 13 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 05 | . 05 | . 06 | . 02 |
    | Cleaning, repairing. | 28 | 14 | 12 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | (11 |  | . 69 |
    | Other-------....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (4) | (4) | 0 | 0 |
    | IX. Clothing, girls 6 through 11 years of age: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.44 | 8. 48 | 13. 86 | 24. 19 |
    | Hats: Felt. | 25 | 13 | 10 | 2 | . 13 | . 09 | . 23 | . 29 | . 09 | . 06 | + 17 | . 13 |
    | Straw | 12 | 4 | 8 | 0 | . 06 | . 03 | . 16 | 0 | . 08 | . 02 | .16 | 0 |
    | Fabric.-.--- | 3 | 1 | 1 | , | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | . 14 | . 01 | (4) | . 01 | . 14 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 92 | 62 | 27 | 3 | . 60 | . 63 | . 55 | .43 | . 22 | . 22 | . 24 | . 20 |
    | Other...-------- | 25 | 17 | 4 | 4 | . 16 | . 14 | . 16 | . 71 | . 05 | . 04 | . 03 | . 32 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain.-.-.------ | 37 | 23 | 12 | 2 | . 17 | . 15 | . 21 | . 29 | . 88 | . 68 | 1. 28 | 1.91 |
    | (tur trimmed....-- | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | . 02 | . 01 | . 04 | . 14 | . 12 | . 06 | .$^{15}$ | 1. 29 |
    | Fur | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Light, wool | 12 | 7 | 4 | 1 | . 06 | . 05 | . 07 | . 14 | . 21 | . 13 | . 40 | . 42 |
    | cotton_-..........-- | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ | 1 | ${ }^{4}$ | 0 | $0^{.03}$ | .$^{.01}$ | .$_{0}^{.07}$ | $0^{.14}$ | .$^{.08}$ | $0^{.01}$ | ${ }_{0} .20$ | $0^{.61}$ |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks,
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    ${ }^{5}$ Less than 0.005 average number of articles per person.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-COntinued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic <br> level-Families <br> spending per <br> expenditure <br> unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \$400 and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | IX. Clothing, girls 6 through 11 years of age ${ }^{2}$-Continued. <br> Bathing suits, sun suits. <br> Handkerchiefs $\qquad$ <br> Furs. $\qquad$ <br> Mufflers, scaris $\qquad$ <br> Handbags, purses $\qquad$ <br> Umbrellas. <br> Garters, belts, hairpins, etc $\qquad$ <br> Cleaning, repairing $\qquad$ <br> Other <br> X. Clothing, girls 2 through 5 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Total <br> Hats: Felt $\qquad$ <br> Straw <br> Fabric $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. } \\ 5 \\ 44 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 31 \\ 5 \\ \hline 11 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. } \\ 3 \\ 25 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 9 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { No. } \\ 2 \\ 16 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 9 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | No.03002001 |  | No. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  | No. 0.03 | No. | No. | No. 0 | Dol. 0.01 | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 1.32 | . 89 | 2.39 | 2.14 | . 06 | . 04 | . 08 | 08 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 16 | . 13 | . 23 | .$^{29}$ | . 04 | . 04 | 05 | . 05 |
    |  |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | (4) |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 03 | . 02 | $0^{.04}$ | $0^{.13}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.83 | 5.41 | 9.11 | 0 |
    |  | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | 01 | . 06 | 0 | . 02 | (4) | . 04 | 0 |
    |  | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 08 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | 05 | 0 |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | 04 | 0 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool. | 35 | 17. | 18 | 0 | . 34 | . 28 | . 43 | 0 | . 14 | 11 | 20 | 0 |
    | Other. | 15 | 10 | 5 | 0 | . 11 | . 12 | . 10 | 0 | . 04 | . 04 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Coats: Heavy, plain | 21 | 8 | 13 | 0 | . 17 | . 11 | . 26 | 0 | . 59 | . 33 | 1.02 | 0 |
    | 俍 fur trimmed...-- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | .$^{.02}$ | .$^{.01}$ | .$^{.04}$ | 0 | .10 | . 02 | .$^{25}$ | 0 |
    | Fur | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Light, wool | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 05 | 0 |
    | cotton. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 04 | . 04 | . 04 | 0 | . 13 | . 14 | . 12 | 0 |
    | silk, rayon. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | 0 | . 05 | . 04 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit...- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Cotton sued | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 16 | 0 | . 05 | 0 | . 13 | 0 |
    | Other-.-- | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 07 | . 10 | . 02 | - | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Raincoats.-.-.- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wool knit | 25 | 16 | 9 | 0 | . 24 | . 26 | . 20 | 0 | . 18 | . 17 | 18 | 0 |
    | Wool fabric | 11 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 13 | 10 | .$^{.18}$ | 0 | . 08 | . 08 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Leather, leatherett | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | 17 | 13 | 4 | 0 | . 20 | . 27 | 08 | 0 | . 10 | . 14 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Suits: Wool | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | . 05 | . 02 | . 10 | 0 | .06 | . 04 | . 08 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | - | . 03 | . 04 | 0 | 0 |
    | Waists and middies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silk, rayon. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0} 04$ | 0 | ${ }^{0} 04$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 |
    | Cotton- | 2 0 | 1 0 | 1 | 0 | $0^{.04}$ | $0^{.05}$ | $0^{.04}$ | 0 | $0^{.01}$ | $0^{.01}$ |  | 0 |
    | Skirts: Wool | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 |  | 0 | (4) | ( ${ }^{4}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Other | , | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Dresses: Cotton | 67 | 38 | 29 | 0 | 2.37 | 2.03 | 2. 96 | 0 | 1. 01 | . 88 | 1.22 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayo | 13 | 5 | 8 | 0 | . 14 | . 06 | . 16 | 0 | . 14 | . 08 | . 224 | 0 |
    | Wool..- | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Other | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 16 | 0 | . 02 |  | . 06 | 0 |
    | Aprons..-- | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | (4) | 0 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | 0 |
    | Coveralls | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | .16 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 09 | 0 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts...--- | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 16 | - | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Underwear: <br> Slips, cotton |  |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Slips, cotton | 0 | 13 | 14 0 | 0 | $0^{.74}$ | $0^{.54}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1.08}$ | 0 0 | $0^{.18}$ | $0^{.10}$ |  | 0 |
    | rayon | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | . 06 | . 10 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | 0 | 0 |
    | Union suits and combinations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton | 24 | 11 | 13 | 0 | . 55 | . 44 | . 73 | 0 | . 17 | . 14 | . 22 | 0 |
    | Wodl. | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 | . 11 | . 06 | . 18 | 0 | . 05 | . 03 | .10 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | . 07 | 0 | . 18 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 07 | 0 |
    | Underwaists, shirts.-- | 9 | 3 | 6 | 0 | . 14 | . 05 | . 31 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 | . 08 | 0 |
    | Bloomers and panties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton <br> Rayon | 25 | 17 | 118 | 0 | .83 <br> .73 | .88 .67 | .76 .84 | 0 | 10 .14 | .10 .13 | .10 .15 | 0 |
    | Rayon. | 25 | 14 | 11. | 0 0 | $0^{.73}$ | $0^{.67}$ | $0^{.84}$ | 0 0 | $0^{.14}$ | $0^{.13}$ | $0^{-15}$ | 0 0 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, light | 17 | 6 | 11 | 0 | . 25 | . 13 |  | 0 | . 10 | . 04 | . 19 | 0 |
    | flannel--- | 14 | 2 | 12 | 0 | . 20 | . 07 | . 41 | 0 | . 06 | . 02 | . 14 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon.. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 | 0 | .01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    4 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | \$200 | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |  | Un- der \$200 | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | X. Clothing, girls 2 through 5 years of age ${ }^{2}$-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Pajamas, lounging and beach: <br> Cotton. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. 0 | No. 0 | No. 0 | No. 0 | Dol. 0 | Dol. | Dol. 0 | ${ }_{0}^{\text {Dol. }}$ |
    | Silk, rayon. |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathrobes. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |  | 0 | . 01 | 0 |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Hose: Silk | 10 | 6 | 4 | 0 | . 56 | . 45 | . 73 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 | . 08 | 0 |
    | Rayon | 11 | 5 | 6 | 0 | . 30 | . 20 | . 49 | 0 | . 04 | . 03 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Cotton | 99 | 64 | 35 | 0 | 3. 70 | 3. 55 | 3.96 | 0 | . 47 | . 44 | . 52 | 0 |
    | Wool | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 14 | . 08 | . 22 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Shoes: Street, dress | 124 | 78 | 43 | 3 | 1.94 | 1.96 | 1.90 | 0 | 2.03 | 1.93 | 2. 19 | 0 |
    | Sport...--- | 12 | 6 | 6 | 0 | . 14 | . 10 | . 22 | 0 | . 16 | . 10 | . 26 | 0 |
    | House slippers | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 04 | . 01 | . 08 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 |  |
    | Shoe: Repairs. | 11 | 5 | 6 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | ${ }^{.03}$ | . 10 | 0 |
    | Shine. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rubbers. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 04 |  |
    | Arcties, gaiters. | 1 | 0 | 1. | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | $0$ | . 02 |  |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 02 |  | . 04 | 0 | . 01 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | . 01 | 0 |
    | Leather | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Other. | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 04 | . 01 |  | 0 | . 02 | (4) | . 04 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 05 | . 02 | . 10 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 8 | 5 | 3 | 0 | . 34 | . 34 | . 33 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Furs.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Mufflers, scarfs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Handbags, purses | 10 | 4 | 6 | 0 | . 09 | . 05 | . 16 | 0 | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Umbrellas...-. | 3 | 3 | 0 |  | . 02 | . 04 | 0 | 0 | (1) 01 | . 01 |  | 0 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, etc | 2 | 0 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | (4) |  | . 01 | 0 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 7 | 1 | 6 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 03 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | 0.07 | 0 |
    | XI. Olothing, infants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.23 | 3.65 | 6. 58 | 12. 59 |
    | Caps, hoods, bonnets.---. | 41 | 14 | 23 |  | . 86 | . 45 | 1.28 | 2.00 | . 30 | . 16 | . 40 | 1.04 |
    | Coats-.---... | 21 | 8 | 11 | 2 | . 33 | . 21 | . 49 | . 67 | . 41 | . 28 | . 44 | 2.09 |
    | Sweaters, sacques | 36 | 18 | 17 | 1 | . 62 | . 60 | . 64 | . 33 | . 36 | . 36 | . 39 | . 18 |
    | Sweater suits. | 19 | 4 | 12 | 3 | . 24 | . 11 | . 31 | 1. 67 | . 43 | . 13 | . 57 | 3.28 |
    | Dresses, rompers | 51 | 26 | 24 | 1 | 2. 24 | 1. 53 | 3.13 | 2.00 | . 82 | . 55 | 1. 14 | 1.02 |
    | Skirts, gertrudes. | 18 | 7 | 10 | 1 | . 56 | . 38 | . 74 | 1.00 | . 14 | . 12 | . 16 | . 26 |
    | Shirts, bands.- | 33 | 9 | 21 | 3 | 1.31 | - 68 | 1. 95 | 3.00 | . 27 | . 15 | . 38 | . 82 |
    | Diapers... | 45 | 21 | 21 | 3 | 8. 36 | 7.55 | 8. 72 | 16. 33 | . 76 | . 66 | . 82 | 1.44 |
    | Sleeping garments | 22 | 6 | 15 | 1 | . 52 | . 28 | . 82 | . 33 | . 19 | . 10 | . 31 | . 09 |
    | Stockings | 55 | 27 | 25 | 3 | 2. 69 | 2.17 | 3.18 | 4.33 | . 36 | . 29 | . 41 | . 70 |
    | Bootees, shoes | 62 | 26 | 33 |  | 1.28 |  | 1.67 | 2.00 | 1. 02 | . 76 | 1.31 | 1. 33 |
    | Layettes. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 34 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    ${ }^{3}$ Infants 1 to 2 years of age are included only if dependent on family funds for 52 weeks; those under 1 year of age are included regardless of number of weeks dependent on family funds.

    - Less than 0.5 cent.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    ## Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued

    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economiclevel-Familiesspending perexpenditureunit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Framilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{Un}- \\ \mathrm{der} \\ \$ 200 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | III. Clothing, men and boys 18 years of age and over: ${ }^{3}$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 44.33 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 28.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 44.04 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 81.04 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Hats: Felt. | 69 | 21 | 37 | 11 | 0.70 | 0.68 | 0.73 | 0.65 | 2. 41 | 2.16 | 2.48 | 2. 70 |
    | Straw | 36 | 7 | 19 | 10 | . 31 | . 21 | . 30 | . 59 | . 43 | . 34 | . 35 | . 91 |
    | Caps: Wool | 5. | 1 | 3 | 1 | . 05 | . 03 | . 05 | . 12 | . 06 | . 02 | . 06 | . 12 |
    | Other | 15 | 4 | 11 |  | . 21 | . 21 | . 27 |  | . 10 | . 06 | . 15 | 0 |
    | Overcoats | 8 | 0 | 4 | 4 | . 07 | 0 | . 06 | . 24 | . 95 |  | . 75 | 3.82 |
    | Topcoats | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . 02 | . 03 | 19 | . 06 | . 29 | . 33 | 0 | 1. 29 |
    | Raincoats | 22 | 4 | 12 | 6 | . 19 | . 10 | . 19 | . 35 | . 84 | . 43 | . 82 | 1. 82 |
    | Jackets: Heavy fa | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 | . 09 | . 10 | . 10 | . 06 | . 22 | . 23 | . 22. | . 18 |
    | Leather | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | . 07 | . 05 | . 03 | . 24 | . 38 | . 24 | . 20 | 1. 38 |
    | Other | 7 | 3 | 3 | 1 | . 14 | . 08 | . 14 | . 24 | . 24 | . 11 | . 26 | . 47 |
    | Sweaters: Heav | 15 | 6 | 4 | 5 | . 13 | . 16 | . 06 | . 29 | . 42 | . 41 | . 21 | 1. 23 |
    | Ligh | 16 | 5 | 9 | 2 | . 18 | . 16 | . 19 | . 18 | . 22 | . 20 | . 21 | . 29 |
    | Suits: Heavy wool | 15 | 1 | 9 | 5 | . 13 | . 03 | . 14 | . 29 | 3. 53 | . 92 | 3. 46 | 9.61 |
    | Light-weight | 27 | 5 | 16 | 6 | . 24 | . 13 | . 28 | . 35 | 5.01 | 2.08 | 6. 42 | 6. 34 |
    | Cotton, linen | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 03 | . 02 | 0 | . 10 | . 14 | . 10 | - |
    | Palm-beach | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 02 | . 03 | . 02 | . 06 | . 21 | . 26 | . 08 | . 59 |
    | Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Trousers: Wool | 29 | 9 | 12 | 8 | . 42 | . 26 | . 36 | 1.00 | 1. 93 | 1. 03 | 1.72 | 4.70 |
    | Cotton | 79 | 28 | 42 | 9 | 1.99 | 1. 82 | 1. 98 | 2. 41 | 2. 59 | 2. 33 | 2. 63 | 2.99 |
    | Other | 3. | 8 | 1 | 0 | . 03 | . 08 | . 02 | 0 | . 06 | . 12 | . 05 | 0 |
    | Overalls, coveralls | 27 | 8 | 17 | 2 | . 46 | . 32 | . 62 | . 18 | . 68 | . 53 | . 86 | . 37 |
    | Shirts and blouses: Cotton, work | 63 | 22 | 33 | 8 | 1.87 | 1.60 | 2. 00 | 2.00 | 1.54 | 1. 34 | 1.60 | 1.73 |
    | Cotton and other | 87 | 27 | 46 | 14 | 2.52 | 1.95 | 2. 32 | 4. 53 | 3.25 | 2.47 | 2.89 | 6.33 |
    | Wool... | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | . 05 | 0 | . 10 | 0 | . 10 | 0 | . 19 | 0 |
    | Underwear: Suits, cotton, knit-- | 11 | 2 | 6 | 3 | . 33 | . 18 | . 35 |  | . 34 | . 14 | . 21 | 1. 24 |
    | woven - - | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | . 19 | . 24 | . 21 | 0 | . 11 | . 11 | . 14 | 0 |
    | cotton and wool. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 02 | . 05 | 0 | 0 | . 01 | . 02 | 0 | 0 |
    | rayon and silk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Undershirts, cotton. | 92 | 26 | 52 | 14 | 3. 67 | 3.03 | 3. 59 | 5.41 | . 95 | . 79 | . 89 | 1.55 |
    | cotton and woo | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 17 | . 21 | . 03 | . 59 | . 08 | . 08 | . 03 | . 29 |
    | rayon and silk. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Shorts, cotton.-.- | 85 | 22 | 51 | 12 | 3.27 | 2.45 | 3. 51 | 4.24 | . 89 | . 62 | . 92 | 1.36 |
    | rayon and silk | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool..... | 6 | 2 | 1 | 3 | . 17 | . 21 | . 03 | . 59 | . 08 | . 08 | . 03 | . 29 |
    | Pajamas and nightshirts | 9 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . 03 | . 03 | . 02 | . 12 | . 04 | . 03 | . 02 | 12 |
    | Shoes: Street. | 99 | 32 | 51 | 16 | 1. 46 | 1.29 | 1. 46 | 1.82 | 4.53 | 3.82 | 4.37 | 6. 68 |
    | Work | 61 | 24 | 29 | 8 | . 85 | . 87 | . 86 | . 76 | 1. 96 | 2.03 | 1. 92 | 1.90 |
    | Canva | 6 | 2 | 4 | 0 | . 05 | . 05 | . 06 | 0 | . 03 | . 03 | . 04 | 0 |
    | Other | 8 | 1 | 2 | 5 | . 11 | . 03 | . 05 | . 53 | . 07 | . 21 | . 02 | . 38 |
    | Boots: Rubber | 7 | 0 | 4 | 3 | . 07 | 0 | . 08 | . 18 | .$^{20}$ | 0 | 24 | 50 |
    | Leath | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Arctics.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Rubbers. | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 51 | 15 | 28 | 8 |  |  | . 67 |  | . 56 | . 49 | . 60 | . 57 |
    | Shines. | 24 | 3 | 12 | 9 |  |  | 7.48 |  | . 52 | . 14 | . 44 | 1.68 |
    | Hose: Cotton, hea | 25 | 10 | 12 | 3 | 2.30 | 2. 26 | 2. 51 | 1. 59 | . 29 | . 26 | . 34 | . 16 |
    | 兂, | 72 | 24 | 41 | 7 | 4.74 | 4.71 | 4.51 | 5. 65 | . 74 | . 67 | . 75 | . 87 |
    | Rayon | 35 | 8 | 18 | 9 | 2.68 | . 82 | 2. 57 | 7.24 | . 56 | . 18 | . 51 | 1.60 |
    | Silk | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 | . 26 | . 24 | . 22 | . 47 | . 07 | . 06 | . 07 | . 12 |
    | Wool | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gloves: Work, cotton | 38 | 10 | 23 | 5 | 2. 79 | 2.05 | 2.97 | 3.76 | . 58 |  |  | . 69 |
    | other | 9 | 3 | 6 | 0 | . 50 | . 16 | . 84 | 0 | . 27 | . 10 | . 45 | 0 |
    | Street, leather-.......-.-- | 8 | 0 | 5 | 3 | . 08 | 0 | $0^{.10}$ | .$^{.24}$ | . .14 | $0^{-1}$ | . 10 | . 63 |
    | other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ties | 69 | 21 | 35 | 13 | 2.12 | 1. 63 | 2.16 | 3.06 | 1.04 |  | .90 | 2. 53 |
    | Collars | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun sui | 7 | 0 |  | 5 | . 06 | 0 | $\stackrel{.03}{ }$ | 1. 29 | . 07 | 0 | . 04 | . 35 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 90 | 23 | 53 | 14 | 8.69 | 5. 18 | 9.00 | 15. 41 | . 60 | . 32 | . 59 | 1. 23 |
    | Accessories | 19 | 7 |  | 3 |  |  |  | --- | . 12 | + 10 | .$^{12}$ | . 18 |
    | Bathrobes. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 01 | 0 |  | . 06 | . 04 |  | 0 | . 29 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 68 | 16 | 40 | 12 |  |  | 9.43 |  | 3. 56 | 1. 40 | 3.88 | 7. 20 |
    | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $31$ | . 15 | . 02 | 1.76 |

    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Number of persons purchasing | A verage number of articles purchased per person | Average expenditure per person por |
    | IV. Clothing, boys 12 through 17 years of age: 2 | No. | No. | Dol. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |
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    |  |  |  |  |
    | Playsuits: Wool knit. |  |  | $0^{.48}$ |
    |  |  |  |  |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |
    | Palm-beach |  | . 02 | . 16 |
    |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  | 1. 09 |
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    |  | 1 | . 02 | . 01 |
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    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued


    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks. Expenditures by economic level not presented because of the small number of cases.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXIOAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | All families |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | Number of persons purchasing | A verage number of articles purchased per. perscn | Average expendi- ture per person |
    | VI. Clothing, boys 2 through 5 years of age: ${ }^{2}$ | No. | No. | Dol. 8.78 |
    | Hats: Felt-..................... | 0 | 0 | 8 |
    | Straw | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Caps: Wool. | 3 | .13 | . 03 |
    | Other. | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ | . 17 | . 05 |
    | Topcoats.- | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | $0^{-17}$ |  |
    | Raincoasts.-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Jackets: Heavy fabric... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Leather- | 2 | . 09 | . 20 |
    | Sweaters: Heavy | 3 | . 22 | . 18 |
    | Light | 12 | . 70 | . 51 |
    | Play suits: Wool knit... | 1 | . 04 | . 08 |
    | Cotton suede. | 3 | 26 | . 17 |
    | Other-...... | 7 | 1. 22 | . 56 |
    | Suits: Heary wool.---- | 2 | . 17 | . 26 |
    | Light-weight wool | 4 | . 17 | . 27 |
    | Cotton, linen..- Paim-beach | 8 |  | . 82 |
    | Paim-beach | 0 |  |  |
    | Trousers: Wool- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Trousers Cotton-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Overalls, coveralls. | 10 | 1. 48 | . 80 |
    | Shirts and blouses: Cotton and other, ex | 2 | . 43 | . 13 |
    | Wool | 0 |  |  |
    | Underwear: Suits, cotton, knit-- | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 1. 00 | . 34 |
    | cotton woven wool | 2 |  |  |
    | rayon and silk. | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Undershirts, cotton... | 1 | . 09 | . 02 |
    | cotton and wool | 0 |  |  |
    | rayon and silk. | $\stackrel{0}{8}$ |  |  |
    | Shorts, cotton-..--- | 2 | $0^{.26}$ |  |
    | rayon and silk.-.-. | 0 |  |  |
    | Drawers, cotton and wool Pajamas and nightshirts.. | 1 |  |  |
    | Shoes: Street..-.......................... | 23 | 2.17 | 2.63 |
    | Canvas... | 3 | . 13 | 07 |
    | Other--... | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Boots: Rubber | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Leather--- | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Arctics | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Shoe: Repairs....... |  |  | 0 |
    | Hose: Cotton, heavy. | 2 | 35 | . 04 |
    | dress | 17 | 6. 61 | . 75 |
    | Rayon.--- | 2 | . 52 | . 09 |
    | Wroo- | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Gloves: Cotton. | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Leather | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other-- |  |  |  |
    | Ties...- | 2 | 13 | . 02 |
    | Collars | 0 |  |  |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | ¢ |  |  |
    | Handzerchiefs. |  | . 74 |  |
    | Accessories |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Cleaning, repairing | 0 |  |  |
    | Other-............- |  |  | . 04 |

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \$ 200 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Un- der \$200 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | VII. Clothing, women and girls 18 years of age and over: ? <br> Total.--...-............................... | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 29.52 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Dol. <br> 44. 94 |
    |  | 69 | 19 | 38 | 12 | -0.60 | 0.41 |  | 1.13 | 75 | . 42 | . 78 | 1. 61 |
    | Straw | 31 | 10 | 15 | 6 | 25 | . 22 | . 21 | . 53 | . 32 | 24 | . 29 | . 75 |
    | Fabric--------- | 9 | 3 | , | 1 | . 08 | . 06 | . 09 | 07 | . 10 | . 08 | . 12 | . 07 |
    | Caps and berets: Wool | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | . 04 | . 09 |  | 0 | . 01 | . 03 | .01 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 |  | 0 | (4) | 0 | (4) | 0 |
    | Coats: Heary, plain | 13 | 4 | 8 | 1 | . 10 | 09 | . 11 |  | 103 | . 78 | 1.28 | . 53 |
    | Coats. fur trimmed | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 01 | 0 | 01 | . 07 |  | 0 | . 40 | . 40 |
    | Fur- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{-4}$ |
    | Light, wool. | 9 | 1 | 6 |  | . 07 | . 02 |  | . 13 | . 41 | . 10 | . 54 | . 73 |
    | cotton | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 |  | 0 | . 12 | . 08 | . 18 |  |
    | silk, rayon.-....--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 5 | 1 | . 04 | 0 | . 07 |  | . 09 | 0 | . 13 | . 18 |
    | Sweaters and jackets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Wool knit | 13 | 5 | 8 | 1 | . 12 | .15 | . 11 |  | .11 | . 10 | . 13 | 06 |
    | Leather, leatherette | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 03 | . 02 | . 04 | 0 | . 08 | . 09 | . 08 | $0^{.26}$ |
    | Other--.--...-....- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 01 | 0 |  |  | . 05 | $0^{.08}$ | 0 | ${ }^{-16}$ |
    | Suits: Wool. | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 | . 07 | . 02 | . 08 |  | . 36 | ${ }^{\circ} .12$ | ${ }^{-} 39$ | . 97 |
    | Silk, rayon | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | . 06 | 0 | . 11 | 0 | . 26 | 0 | . 48 | $0{ }^{.97}$ |
    | Other. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | 0 | . 04 | . 09 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Waists and middies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silk, rayon. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Cotton. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | . 07 | . 04 |  | . 27 | . 04 | . 01 | . 03 | . 20 |
    | Other- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Skirts: Wool | 9 | 1 | 6 | 2 | . 10 | . 06 | . 09 | . 20 | . 16 | . 06 | .17 | . 40 |
    | Other- | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | . 06 | . 04 | . 05 | . 13 | . 05 | . 02 | . 05 | . 13 |
    | Dresses: Cotton, house | 85 | 26 | 49 | 10 | 2.51 | 1.83 | 3.00 | 2.20 | 2.34 | 1.71 | 2.63 | 2. 86 |
    | Dresses. | 48 | 17 | 25 | 6 | . 92 | . 72 | . 97 | 1.27 | 1.69 | 1.34 | 1.84 | 2.06 |
    | Silk, rayon. | 62 | 16 | 36 | 10 | . 86 | . 50 | . 95 | 1.53 | 3.64 | 1.72 | 395 | 8.03 |
    | Wool..... | 16 | 5 | 9 | 2 | . 14 | . 15 | 12 | . 20 | . 62 | . 44 | . 66 | 1. 03 |
    | Other | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 05 | . 06 | . 05 | 0 | .11 | . 06 | .16 | 0 |
    | Aprons -- | 11 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 17 | $0^{.11}$ | $0^{.24}$ | 0 | . 07 | . 05 | . 10 | 0 |
    | Coveralls. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Knickers, breeches, shorts......- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Underwear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Slips, cotton. | 31 | 10 | 18 | , | . 61 | . 54 | . 67 | 63 | . 33 | . 30 | . 37 | . 26 |
    | silk.- | 22 | 5 | 11 | 6 | . 26 | 15 | . 25 | . 67 | . 33 | . 17 | 26 | 1. 17 |
    | rayon. | 63 | 15 | 38 | 10 | 1.24 | . 61 | 1. 48 | 2.00 | . 81 | . 44 | 95 | 1. 20 |
    | Corsets, girdles | 13 | 3 | 8 | 2 | . 11 | . 06 | 13 | . 13 | . 12 | . 04 | 18 | 12 |
    | Brassieres...-. | 33 | 14 | 14 | 5 | 77 | 85 | . 67 | 1.07 | . 21 | . 21 | . 20 | . 27 |
    | Union suits and combinations: Cotton | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Wool. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | . 01 | 0 | . 03 |  | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 04 | 0 |  | . 40 | . 04 | 0 | 0 | . 40 |
    | Underwaists, shirts...-......-. -- | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | . 05 | . 02 | . 08 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 | . 03 | 0 |
    | Bloomers and panties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton....- | 13 | 7 | 6 | 0 | . 26 | . 46 | 19 | 0 | . 07 | 10 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Rayon. | 89 | 25 | 51 | 13 | 2.96 | 2.00 | 3.32 | 4.13 | . 94 | 61 | 1.03 | 1.51 |
    | Silk....-...------------ | , | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 11 | . 06 | . 16 | 0 | .06 | . 03 | 10 | 0 |
    | Nightgowns and sleeping pajamas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Cotton, light | 22 | 5 | 13 | 4 | . 27 | . 13 | . 32 | . 47 | . 15 | . 06 | 18 | . 26 |
    | flannel...............- | 10 | 1 | 7 | 2 | . 13 | . 02 | 17 | . 27 | . 09 | . 02 | 11 | . 20 |
    | Silk, rayon. | 11 | 1 | 5 | 5 | . 11 | . 02 | . 08 | . 53 | . 12 | . 02 | . 08 | . 59 |

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.--MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Persons purchasing |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per person |  |  |  | Average expenditure per person |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | \$200 to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \mathrm{der} \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Un}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400$ <br> and <br> over |
    | VII. Clothing, women and girls 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | years of age and over ${ }^{2}$-Continued. Pajamas, lounging and beach: | No. | No. |  |  |  | No. |  | No. |  | Dol. |  |  |
    | Cotton. | No |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Silk, rayon | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 02 | 0 | 04 | 0 | 03 | 0 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Other-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathrobes. | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | . 04 | . 06 | . 03 | . 07 | . 09 | . 08 | . 08 | . 20 |
    | Kimonos, negligees | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 07 | . 01 | 0 | . 01 | . 07 |
    | Hose: Silk .-. | 61 | 16 | 37 | 8 | 2.42 | 1.15 | 2.79 | 4.47 | 1.67 | 77 | 1.83 | 3. 64 |
    | Rayon | 71 | 24 | 41 | 6 | 2.37 | 1.85 | 2.73 | 2.13 | 1.14 | . 90 | 1.30 | 1.13 |
    | Cotton | 32 | 18 | 12 | 2 | . 68 | 1.13 | . 45 | 40 | . 16 | . 27 | . 11 | . 09 |
    | Wool | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | . 06 | . 09 | . 05 | 0 | . 06 | . 01 | . 11 | 0 |
    | Shoes: Street | 120 | 42 | 65 | 13 | 2. 19 | 2.13 | 2.21 | 2.27 | 4. 66 | 4.07 | 4.80 | 5.72 |
    | Dress. | 15 | 3 | 10 | 2 | . 19 | . 06 | . 23 | . 40 | . 47 | . 16 | . 48 | 1. 34 |
    | Sport. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 |  | . 03 | . 02 | . 05 | 0 |
    | House sippers | 83 | 30 | 41 | 12 | 1.45 | 1. 26 | 1. 55 | 1.53 | . 78 | . 60 | . 90 | . 74 |
    | Shoe: Repairs | 17 | 3 | 10 | 4 |  |  | . 25 |  | . 08 | . 03 | . 10 | . 11 |
    | Shines. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |  |  | .$^{.13}$ |  | .01 |  | . 01 | . 09 |
    | Rubbers. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Arctics, gaiters | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gloves: Cotton | 8 | 0 |  | 2 | . 07 | 0 | . 08 | . 20 | . 04 | 0 | . 04 | . 10 |
    | Leather | 11 | 3 |  | 3 | . | . 06 | . 11 | . 20 | $\stackrel{.11}{ }$ | . 05 | . 11 | . 31 |
    | Other. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Bathing suits, sun suits | 8 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 06 | 0 | . 08 |  | . 17 | 0 | . 26 | . 26 |
    | Handkerchiefs. | 68 | 19 | 40 | 9 | 4.44 | 2.72 | 4. 79 | 8.00 | . 23 | . 12 | . 22 | . 58 |
    | Furs....-. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Mufflers, scarfs. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Handbags, purses | 69 | 22 | 39 | 8 | . 65 |  | . 69 |  | . 56 |  | . 57 | 1. 30 |
    | Umbrellas.-------- | 5 | 0 |  | 0 | . 04 | 0 | . 07 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 06 | 0 |
    | Garters, belts, hairpins, etc.-.-- | 35 | 15 | 13 | 7 |  |  |  |  | . 08 |  | . 07 | . 20 |
    |  |  | - | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 26 | 0 | . 09 | 1. 92 |
    | Other..........----- | 4 | O | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 08 | . 02 | . 05 | . 43 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 1\%.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks. Expenditures by economic level not presented because of the small number of cases.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks. Expenditures by economic level not presented because of the small number of cases.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    

    2 Includes only persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks. Expenditures by economic level not presented because of the small number of cases.
    ${ }^{4}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 644.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level-Continued houston, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued
    

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN
    

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include the gifts of furnishings and equipment reported received by 8 families but for which they could not estimate the value.
    ${ }^{2}$ Expressed in square yards.
    Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 646.

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level-Con.
    SOUTHERN REGION-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN-Continued

    | Item | Number of families spending |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per family |  |  |  | Average expenditure per family |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelfamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{array}\right\|$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Furnishings and Equipment Ex-penditures-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silverware, china, and glassware, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 1.15 \end{gathered}$ | Dol. $0.51$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 1.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 2.18 \end{gathered}$ |
    | China or porcelain, table | 382 | 148 | 125 | 109 |  |  |  |  | . 54 | . 34 | . 46 | . 96 |
    | Glassware.--....... | 394 | 110 | 157 | 127 |  |  |  |  | . 19 | . 10 | . 17 | . 34 |
    | Tableware: Silver | 95 | 14 | 45 | 36 |  |  |  |  | . 34 | . 06 | . 34 | . 74 |
    | Other | 43 | 10 | 20 | 13 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | . 01 | . 08 | .10 |
    | Other- | 31 | 8 | 11 | 12 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 01 | . 04 |
    | Electrical equipment, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22. 36 | 12. 65 | 20.83 | 38. 72 |
    | Vacuum cleaners | 73 | 8 | 25 | 40 | 0.027 | 0.008 | 0.025 | 0.058 | 1.13 | . 27 | . 94 | 2.65 |
    | Refrigerators (electric) | 208 | 40 | 76 | 92 | . 080 | . 040 | . 078 | . 143 | 14. 23 | 6. 60 | 13.21 | 26.84 |
    | Electric stoves, hotplat | 18 | 4 | 7 | 7 | . 007 | . 004 | . 007 | . 011 | . 45 | . 30 | . 44 | . 67 |
    | Washing machines. | 120 | 53 | 44 | 23 | . 045 | . 052 | . 045 | . 035 | 3.16 | 3.36 | 3. 28 | 2.70 |
    | Irons--- | 237 | 87 | 99 | 51 | . 090 | . 086 | 101 | . 079 | . 32 | 29 | . 37 | . 30 |
    | Ironers, mangle | 1 |  |  |  | . 001 |  |  | . 004 | . 06 | 0 |  | . 25 |
    | Heaters, fans | 171 | 19 | 106 | 46 | . 067 | . 021 | . 112 | . 073 | . 37 | . 21 | . 34 | . 66 |
    | Light bulbs. | 1, 589 | 593 | 594 | 402 | 4.486 | 3.922 | 4.637 | 5. 099 | . 70 | . 59 | . 73 | . 84 |
    | Lamps...- | 265 | 61 | 91 | 113 | . 126 | . 068 | . 108 | . 234 | . 57 | . 28 | . 43 | 1. 17 |
    | Toasters..-.-.-.--------- | 73 | 9 | 31 | 33 | . 028 | . 008 | . 032 | . 051 | . 06 | . 02 | . 06 | . 12 |
    | Sewing machines (electric) | 34 | 9 | 10 | 15 | . 012 | . 008 | . 010 | . 021 | 1. 09 | . 68 | . 88 | 1.97 |
    |  | 85 | 17 | 30 | 38 |  |  |  |  | 12.60 | .05 9.82 | 12. 215 | 17.23 |
    | Mirrors, pictures, clocks, ornements |  |  |  | 108 |  |  |  |  | . 28 | . 16 | 27 | . 48 |
    | Carpet sweepers | 19 | 2 | 7 | 10 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 05 |
    | Brooms, brushes, mops | 2, 072 | 805 | 748 | 519 |  |  |  |  | 1. 09 | 1.07 | 1. 07 | 1.16 |
    | Dustpans, pails, etc--- | 221 | 70 | 76 | 75 |  |  |  |  | . 1.04 | . 03 | . 04 | . 04 |
    | Gas refrigerators. | 18 | 4 | 7 | 7 |  |  |  |  | 1.36 | . 74 | 1. 62 | 1.90 |
    | Iec boxes | 132 | 56 | 49 | 27 |  |  |  |  | 1. 23 | 1.27 | 1.15 | 1. 29 |
    | Stoves and ranges (not electric)- | 376 | 135 | 138 | 103 |  |  |  |  | 5. 16 | 4.38 | 4.67 | 7.00 |
    | Canning equipment, cookers.-- | 107 | 39 | 44 | 24 |  |  |  |  | 15 | . 11 | . 17 | . 18 |
    | Pots, pans, cutlery | 594 | 173 | 236 | 185 |  |  |  |  | 63 | . 39 | . 63 | . 98 |
    | Tubs, boards, wringers .-.-..-- | 322 | 153 | 111 | 58 |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 15 | . 11 | . 08 |
    | Ironing boards, racks, baskets- | 102 | 33 | 32 | 37 |  |  |  |  | . 05 | . 05 | . 04 | . 07 |
    | Sewing machines (not electric)- | 31 | 10 | 10 | 11 |  |  |  |  | . 23 | . 09 | . 28 | .37 |
    | Baby carriages, gocarts .-.-.--- | 136 | 85 | 24 | 27 |  |  |  |  | . 22 | 13 | . 24 | . 32 |
    | Trunks, hand baggage .-...-.--- | 68 | 12 | 29 | 27 |  |  |  |  | 14 | . 04 | . 14 | . 28 |
    | Household tools, ladders, cans. <br> Window shades, wire screens, awnings | 90 519 | 21 193 | 35 182 | 34 |  |  |  |  | .05 .85 | .03 .54 | .05 .76 | .09 1.41 |
    | Lawn mowers, garden equipment | 179 |  |  | 56 |  |  |  |  | . 28 | . 23 | . 24 | . 40 |
    | Repairs, cleaning | 169 | 38 | 59 | 72 |  |  |  |  | . 46 | . 24 | 42 | 85 |
    | Other- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 24 | . 16 | . 29 | . 28 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendir A, p, 646.

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level-Con. SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ |  | $\$ 400$ and over |  |
    | Families in survey $\qquad$ <br> Number of families reporting gifts of furnishings and equipment $\qquad$ A verage value per family of furnishings and equipment received as gifts (incomplete) ${ }^{1}$ _-................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 858 <br> 73 <br> $\$ 1.17$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 240 \\ 24 \\ \$ 0.68 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 436 \\ 32 \\ \$ 0.98 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}182 \\ 17 \\ \$ 2.25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Item | Number or families spending |  |  |  | Average number of articles purchased per family |  |  |  | Average expenditure per family |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | All <br> fam- <br> ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level- <br> Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies pending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  | Un | \$200 | \$400 |  | Un- | \$200 | \$400 |  | Un- | \$200 | \$400 |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  | and |  | der | to | and |  | der | to | and |  |  |
    |  |  |  | \$400 | over |  |  |  | over |  | \$200 | \$400 | over |  |  |
    | Furnishings and Equipment Expenditures | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | Dol. | Dol. |  |  |  |
    | Total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35.04 | 23.54 | 31.63 | 58. 35 |  |  |
    | Furniture, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.82 | 10.47 | 13.12 | 24.65 |  |  |
    | Suites: Living room | 50 | 13 | 23 | 14 | 0.058 | 0.054 | 0.053 | 0.077 | 4.86 | 4. 12 | 3.74 | 8.51 |  |  |
    | Bedroom.... | 46 | 7 | 27 | 12 | . 055 | . 029 | . 064 | . 066 | 4.77 | 2. 53 | 4.91 | 7.39 |  |  |
    | Dining room | 17 | 3 | 6 | 8 | . 020 | . 012 | . 014 | . 044 | 1. 58 | . 83 | 1.14 | 3. 62 |  |  |
    | Beds: Wood-......- | 21 | 6 | 11 |  | . 026 | . 029 | . 025 | . 022 | . 45 | . 68 | . 40 | . 29 |  |  |
    | Metal | 16 | 5 | 6 | 5 | . 020 | . 021 | . 016 | . 022 | . 31 | . 29 | . 25 | . 51 |  |  |
    | Cots, cribs: Wood | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | . 008 | . 008 | . 007 | . 011 | . 10 | . 13 | . 03 | . 21 |  |  |
    | Metal | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | . 008 | . 017 | . 007 |  | . 05 | . 08 | . 04 | 0 |  |  |
    | Bedsprings | 29 | 6 | 14 | 9 | . 035 | . 025 | . 034 | . 049 | . 32 | . 14 | . 30 | . 60 |  |  |
    | Davenports. | 4 | 2 | 1 | , | . 005 | . 008 | . 002 | . 005 | . 07 | . 05 | . 03 | . 22 |  |  |
    | Couches, daybeds | 20 | 7 | 8 | 5 | . 023 | . 029 | . 018 | . 027 | . 54 | . 46 | . 60 | . 46 |  |  |
    | Dressers------ | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | . 009 | . 004 | . 009 | . 016 | . 11 | . 08 | . 12 | . 13 |  |  |
    | Chiffoniers, chests | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | . 007 | . 008 | . 007 | . 005 | . 21 | . 28 | . 15 | . 28 |  |  |
    | Sideboards, buffets | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | . 002 | 0 | . 005 | 0 | . 03 | 0 | . 06 |  |  |  |
    | Desks.-.----- | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 003 | . 004 | . 002 | . 005 | . 06 | . 02 | . 02 | 21 |  |  |
    | Bookcases, bookshelves | 1. | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 001 | . 004 | 0 |  | . 01 | . 03 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Tables, except kitchen | 15 | 0 | 11 | 4 | . 019 |  | . 028 | . 022 | . 08 | 0 | . 10 | . 15 |  |  |
    | Chairs: Wood_---- | 33 | 8 | 20 | 5 | . 134 | . 112 | . 177 | . 060 | . 22 | . 16 | . 28 | . 14 |  |  |
    | Upholstered. | 14 | 2 | 8 |  | . 021 | . 012 | . 025 | . 022 | -15 | . 12 | . 16 | . 17 |  |  |
    | Benches, stools, footstoo | 1 | 0 | 1 | , | . 001 |  | . 002 | 0 | (3) | 0 | . 01 | 0 |  |  |
    | Tea carts, wheel trays. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
    | Stands, racks, costumers------- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1. | . 001 | 0 | - | . 005 | (3) | 0 | 0 | . 01 |  |  |
    |  | 31 | 2 | 19 | 10 |  |  |  |  | . 90 | ${ }^{4} 47$ | . 78 | 1. 75 |  |  |
    | Textile furnishings, total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7. 52 | 5. 36 | 7.22 | 11.05 |  |  |
    | Carpets, rugs .-- | 80 | 14 | 43 | 23 | 1. 017 | 2. 521 | ${ }^{2} .940$ | ${ }^{2} 1.857$ | 1.33 | . 44 | 1.35 | 2.48 |  |  |
    | Linoleum, inlaid. | 54 | 14 | 27 | 13 | ${ }^{2} .720$ | ${ }^{3} .633$ | 2. 784 | ${ }^{2} .681$ | . 67 | . 46 | . 65 | . 98 |  |  |
    | Felt-base foor coverings | 52 | 7 | 29 | 6 | 2. 779 | 2. 442 | 2.814 | ${ }^{2} 1.137$ | . 56 | . 40 | . 57 | . 74 |  |  |
    | Mattresses.-....-.--- | 78 | 17 | 44 | 17 | . 107 | . 088 | . 117 | . 110 | 1. 16 | . 98 | 1.06 | 1. 63 |  |  |
    | Pillows | 14 | 2 | 7 | 5 | . 034 | . 017 | . 030 | . 066 | . 03 | . 01 | . 02 | . 06 |  |  |
    | Blankets | 111 | 32 | 56 | 23 | . 219 | . 262 | . 200 | . 209 | . 75 | 95 | . 67 | . 68 |  |  |
    | Comforts, quilts | 15 | 1 | 11 | 3 | . 031 | . 008 | . 050 | . 016 | . 07 | 01 | . 08 | . 10 |  |  |
    | Sheets.--.-- | 249 | 60 | 135 | 54 | . 997 | . 883 | . 982 | 1. 181 | 1.04 | . 74 | 1.00 | 1. 52 |  |  |
    | Pillowcases. | 177 | 37 | 79 | 61 | . 776 | . 692 | . 736 | . 984 | . 24 | . 20 | . 22 | . 34 |  |  |
    | Bedspreads, couch covers | 134 | 35 | 70 | 29 | . 230 | . 221 | . 232 | . 236 | . 61 | . 57 | . 58 | . 76 |  |  |
    | Tablecloths, napkins, doilies: Cotton | 49 | 11 | 27 | 11 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | . 03 | . 06 | . 10 |  |  |
    |  | 11 | 1 | 7 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | (8) | . 02 | . 05 |  |  |
    | Towels: Linen | 36 | 3 | 22 | 11 | . 227 | . 117 | 227 | . 374 | . 05 | . 02 | . 04 | 10 |  |  |
    | Cotton, Turkish | 136 | 28 | 73 | 35 | . 772 | . 592 | . 768 | 1.016 | . 15 | 10 | 13 | . 26 |  |  |
    | Other cotton --- | 87 | 23 | 45 | 19 | . 544 | . 588 | 466 | . 676 | . 07 | . 07 | . 06 | . 10 |  |  |
    | Table runners, dresser scarfs..- | 23 | 5 | 11 | 7 | . 070 | . 062 | . 064 | . 093 | . 04 | . 02 | . 05 | . 03 |  |  |
    | Curtains, draperies.--........-- | 127 | 30 | 62 | 35 | . 530 | . 446 | . 450 | . 835 | . 50 | . 19 | . 50 | . 92 |  |  |
    | Dishcloths, cleaning cloths, etc_ | 39. | 7 | 17 | 15 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 04 | . 01 | . 03 |  |  |
    |  | 68 | 20 | 36 | 12 |  |  |  |  | . 15 | .13 | .15 | . 17 |  |  |

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include the gifts of furnishings and equipment received by 5 families but for which they could not estimate the value.
    ${ }_{3}$ Expressed in square yards.
    3 Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 646.

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level-Con. SOUTHERN REGION-NEGRO FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families spending |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased per family |  |  |  | A verage expenditure per family |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ecc } \\ \text { le } \\ \text { spen } \\ \text { expe } \\ \text { unit } \end{array}$ | onom evel- amili ading endit per | mic <br> ies per ture year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fam- } \\ & \text { ilies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending par expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 2000$ | \$200 | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Furnishings and Equipment Ex-penditures-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silverware, china, and glassware, total. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol } \\ 0.40 \end{gathered}$ | Dol. $0.22$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dol. } \\ & 0.39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 0.61 \end{gathered}$ |
    | China or porcelain, table.....-- | 70 | 21 | 35 | 14 |  |  |  |  | . 16 | . 12 | . 18 | . 15 |
    | Glassware. | 101 | 26 | 56 | 19 |  |  |  |  | . 09 | . 07 | . 08 | . 13 |
    | Tableware: Silver | 17 | 3 | 8 | 6 |  |  |  |  | . 11 | . 01 | . 11 | . 22 |
    | Other | 9 | 3 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 | . 01 |
    | Other <br> Electrical equipment, total | 11 | 4 | 5 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 03 | . 01 | . 01 | .10 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3. 20 | 1. 06 | 1.65 | 9. 78 |
    | Vacuum cleaners. $\qquad$ <br> Refrigerators (electric) $\qquad$ <br> Electric stoves, hotplates $\qquad$ <br> Washing machines | 1. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.001 | 0 | 0.002 |  | . 04 | 0 | . 07 | 0 |
    |  | 9 | 0 | 1 | 8 | . 010 | 0 | . 002 | . 044 | 1. 65 | 0 | . 40 | 6.85 |
    |  | 7 | 1 | 3 | 3 | . 008 | . 004 | . 007 | . 016 | . 21 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | . 01 | . 94 |
    |  | 4 | 2 | 1. | 18 | . 005 | . 008 | . 002 | . 005 | . 39 | . 64 | . 29 | . 32 |
    |  | 60 | 11 | 31 | 18 | .$^{.072}$ | . 046 | .$^{.071}$ | . 110 | . 25 | . 17 | .$^{.22}$ | . 4.5 |
    | Ironers, mangles <br> Heaters, fans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | . 007 | 0 | . 005 | . 022 | . 06 | 0 | . 09 | . 08 |
    |  | 317 | 72 | 166 | 79 | 2. 251 | 1. 683 | 2.222 | 3.066 | . 30 | . 21 | . 29 | . 45 |
    |  | 45 | 5. | 23 | 17 | . 076 | . 071 | .$^{062}$ | . 115 | . 25 | . 03 | .$^{.27}$ | . 51 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | $0^{.001}$ | 0 | 0 | .$^{.005}$ | . 02 |  | 0 | . 07 |
    | Sewing machines (electric) Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | 11 | 3 | 4 | 4 | --..- | --... | ---.- | --.-.- | .03 9 | 6. 01 | . 91 | $12^{11}$ |
    | Miscellaneous equipment, total. Mirrors, pictures, elocks, ornaments | 68 | 12 | 37 | 19 |  |  |  |  | 9.10 .12 | 6.43 .04 | 9.25 .09 | 12.26 .29 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Brooms, brushes, mops....-.-.--- | 694 | 199 | 346 | 149 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1. 05 | . 94 | 1.07 |
    | Dustpans, pails, etc Gas refrigerators. | 71 | 19 | 35 | 17 |  |  |  |  | . 04 | . 03 | . 03 | . 06 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Ice boxes Stoves and ranges (not electric) | 40 | 10 | 23 | 7 |  |  |  |  | . 90 | . 65 | 1.07 | . 81 |
    |  | 122 | 20 | 69 | 33 |  |  |  |  | 5.43 | 2.97 | 5.75 | 0.89 |
    | Canning equipment, cookers.-- | 9 | 3 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | . 01 | . 02 | (3) |
    | Pots, pans, cutlery | 159 | 44 | 84 | 31 |  |  |  |  | . 14 | . 12 | . 13 | . 20 |
    | Tubs, boards, wringers | 194 | 67 | 95 | 32 |  |  |  |  | . 22 | . 28 | . 21 | . 17 |
    | Ironing boards, racks, baskets.- | 18 | 7 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 01 |
    |  | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 31 | . 46 | . 10 | .63 |
    | Baby carriages, gocarts ---.---- | 8 | 3 | 5 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 10 | . 17 | . 11 |  |
    | Trunks, hand baggage Household tools, ladders, cans. | 6 | 0 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 04 | 0 | . 07 | . 01 |
    |  | 10 | 0 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | . 01 |
    | Window shades, wire screens, awnings. | 174 | 39 | 92 | 43 |  |  |  |  | . 48 | . 26 | . 48 | . 74 |
    | Lawn mowers, garden equipment $\qquad$ | 18 | 5 | 10 | 3 |  |  |  |  | . 05 | . 02 | . 04 | . 11 |
    | Repairs, cleaning | 13 | 5 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 03 | . 01 | . 05 | . 03 |

    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 646.

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level-Con. HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES
    

    1 The aggregates on which these averages are based do not include the gifts of furnishings and oquipment reported received by 3 families but for which they could not estimate the value.

    2 Expressed in square yards.
    ${ }^{3}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 646.

    Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level-Con. HOUSTON, TEX.-MEXICAN FAMILIES-Continued

    | Item | Number of families spending |  |  |  | A verage number of articles purchased perfamily |  |  |  | Average expenditure per family |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamiliex spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | Allfam-ilies | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | \$400 |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |  | Un- der $\$ 200$ | $\$ 200$ to $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400$ and over |
    | Furnishings and Equipment Expenditures-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Silverware, china, and glassware, total | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | Dol. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 0.26 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dol. } \\ 0.55 \end{gathered}$ | Dol. 3.42 |
    | China or porcelain, table | 12 | 3 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 27 | 18 | . 27 | . 48 |
    | Glassware.- | 12 | 3 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 06 | 05 | . 06 | . 08 |
    | Tableware: Silver | , | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 40 | 0 | 0 | 2.86 |
    | Other | 5 | , |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 13 | . 03 | . 22 | 0 |
    | Other | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  | (3) | 0 | (3) | 0 |
    | Electrical equipment, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9.01 | 3.59 | 11.49 | 10.72 |
    | Vacuum cleaners. | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |
    | Refrigerators (electric) | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | . 040 | 0 | . 054 | .$^{071}$ | 6.93 | 0 | 10.25 | 8. 50 |
    | Electric stoves, hotplates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Washing machines. | , | 1 | 0 | 0 | . 010 | . 033 |  |  | . 79 | 2.63 | 0 | 0 |
    | Irons.- | 16 | 6. | 7 | , | . 160 | . 200 | . 125 | .$^{.214}$ | . 38 | . 43 | . 24 | 81 |
    | Ironers, mangles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Heaters, fans | 6 | 0 | 6 | 0 | . 060 | 0 | . 107 | 0 | . 20 | 0 | . 36 | 0 |
    | Light bulbs. | 62 | 15 | 36 | 11 | 3. 730 | 2. 867 | 3. 946 | 4. 714 | . 44 | . 31 | . 45 | . 70 |
    | Lamps | - | 2 | 6 | 1 | . 130 | . 067 | . 161 | . 143 | . 18 | . 20 | . 19 | . 14 |
    | Toasters. | , | 0 | 0 | 1 | . 010 | 0 | 0 | . 071 | . 05 | 0 | 0 | . 36 |
    | Sewing machines (electric) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Other .-.-..........--------- | 4 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | . 04 | . 02 | ${ }^{0}$ | . 21 |
    | Miscellaneous equipment, total-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.57 | 10.66 | 13.85 | 18. 79 |
    | Mirrors, pictures, clocks, ornaments. | 24 |  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  | . 49 | . 29 | . 66 | 21 |
    | Carpet sweepers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Brooms, brushes, mops | 91 | 27 | 52 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 1.54 | 1.51 | 1. 61 | 1.36 |
    | Dustpans, pails, etc | 7 | 1. | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 04 | . 01 | . 05 | . 04 |
    | Gas refrigerators. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Ice boxes-- | 11 | 2 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1.80 | 1. 75 | 2. 20 | . 28 |
    | Stoves and ranges (not electric). | 27 | 3 | 19 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 6.33 | 3. 42 | 6.51 | 11.86 |
    | Canning equipment, cookers..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Pots, pans, cutlery .-............- | 17 | 5 | 7 | 5 |  |  |  |  | . 50 | . 22 | . 07 | 2.76 |
    | Tubs, boards, wringers.-.-....- | 49 | 14 | 27 | 8 |  |  |  |  | . 62 | . 71 | . 56 | . 70 |
    | Ironing boards, racks, baskets.- |  | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 01 | . 02 | . 07 |
    | Sewing machines (not electric). | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 68 | . 83 | . 76 | 0 |
    | Baby carriages, gocarts.. | 1 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | . 02 | . 08 | 0 | 0 |
    | Trunks, hand baggage.. | 6 | 4 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | . 57 | 94 | . 43 | . 36 |
    | Household tools, ladders, cans... | 5 | 0 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | . 02 | 0 | . 03 | . 07 |
    | Window shades, wire screens, awnings. | 32 | 6 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  | . 73 | . 44 | . 80 | 1.08 |
    | Lawn mowers, garden equipment $\qquad$ | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | . 01 | 0 | . 02 | 0 |
    | Repairs, cleaning | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | . 12 | . 40 |  | 0 |
    | Other--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 08 | . 05 | . 13 | 0 |

    ${ }^{8}$ Less than 0.5 cent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 646.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 9 economic levels

    | Item | Baltimore, Md.-White families |  |  |  | Baltimore, Md.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey... | 419 | 166 | 166 | 87 | 107 | 73 | 27 | 7 |
    | Average number of persons in household....- | 3.79 | 4.73 | 3.34 | 2.82 | 4.07 | 4.67 | 2.87 | 2.57 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 68 0 | 24 0 | 26 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 4 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only.. | 11 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 14 | 11 | 2 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 6 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3.57 | 4.53 | 3.13 | 2.56 | 3.77 | 4.39 | 2.48 | 2. 28 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.01 | 1. 69 | 0.66 | 0.37 | 1. 25 | 1. 76 | 0.22 | 0 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.56 | 2.84 | 2.47 | 2. 19 | 2.52 | 263 | 2.26 | 2. 28 |
    | Expenditure units....-- | 3.28 | 4.11 | 2.88 | 2.44 | 3.45 | 3.99 | 2.36 | 2. 14 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family $\qquad$ | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.28 | 0.33 | 0.32 | 0.40 | 0.29 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners .............- | 128 | 59 | 37 | 32 | 53 | 35 | 15 | 3 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers....- | 64 | 23 | 22 | 19 | 26 | 18 | 7 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 31 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 28 | 10 | 12 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.........-- | 10 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- | 20 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 |
    | Other sources of income.....................- | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | , | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 25 | 7 | 13 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 296 | 125 | 118 | 53 | 78 | 53 | 20 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 118 | 38 | 47 | 33 | 27 | 19 | 6 | 2 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 3 | , | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1. 40 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.39 | 1. 60 | 1.58 | 1.62 | 1.71 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,437 | \$1,243 | \$1,437 | \$1,804 | \$990 | \$889 | \$1, 143 | \$1,488 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,391 | 1,205 | 1,393 | 1,741 | 944 | 853 | 1,093 | 1,332 |
    | Chief earner. | 1, 218 | 1,043 | 1,244 | 1,501 | 792 | 748 | 859 | 1,006 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 173 | 162 | 149 | , 240 | 152 | 105 | 234 | 326 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,195 | 1,025 | 1,189 | 1,529 | 763 | 690 | 853 | 1,183 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | (1) | -1 0 | 1, 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 196 | 179 | 204 | 212 | 181 | 163 | 240 | 149 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers - | 27 | 23 | 26 | 34 | 30 | 25 | 43 | 37 |
    |  | 10 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 25 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | (1) | 1 | 3 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities...---- | 6 | 3 | 3 | 18 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 94 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. $\qquad$ | 3 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -4 | -1 | -4 | -9 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 141 | 115 | 136 | 212 | 67 | 50 | 93 | 140 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 175 | 119 | 126 | 308 | 70 | 47 | 96 | 200 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all famillies in survey <br> Inheritance | +50 5 | +59 0 | +61 2 | +13 21 | +31 (1) | $\underset{\text { (1) }}{+}$ | +48 0 | +43 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.
    $74390^{\circ}-41-37$

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued
    

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-White families, other than Mexican |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 |
    | Average number of persons in household...- | 3. 44 | 4.39 | 3.29 | 2.65 | 3.49 | 4.58 | 3.43 | 2. 76 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.. | 23 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 43 | 13 | 14 | 16 |
    | Boarders only.-...- | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only-- | 14 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
    | Other persons. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 19 | 26 | 33 |
    | Average size of economic family in- Persons total | 3.31 | 4.29 | 3.17 | 2.51 | 3. 40 | 4.47 | 3.38 | 2. 63 |
    | Under 16 years of age | . 96 | 1.75 | 0.82 | 0.34 | 0.99 | 1.83 | 1.00 | 0.36 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.35 | 2.54 | 2.35 | 2.17 | 2.41 | 2.64 | 2.38 | 2. 27 |
    | Expenditure units...--.-...-.-...--- | 3.07 | 3.91 | 2.93 | 2.40 | 3.15 | 4.03 | 3.15 | 2.52 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family $\qquad$ | 0. 15 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.22 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 93 | 29 | 32 | 32 | 101 | 27 | 34 | 40 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 38 | 13 | 15 | 10 | 51 | 13 | 15 | 23 |
    | Other net rents. | 7 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 17 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 17 | 2 | 6 | 9 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.-...--..- | 9 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 21 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 40 | 13 | 14 | 13 |
    | Other sources of income | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 35 | 8 | 9 | 18 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 13 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 68 | 18 | 23 | 27 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 158 | 54 | 66 | 38 | 149 | 45 | 63 | 41 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 112 | 26 | 35 | 51 | 108 | 22 | 33 | 53 |
    | Inheritance...........-.-.....-......-. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1. 36 | 1.37 | 1.36 | 1.35 | 1.52 | 1. 66 | 1. 44 | 1.49 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,475 | \$1,140 | \$1,467 | \$1,810 | \$1, 567 | \$1,261 | \$1. 566 | \$1,788 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,435 | 1, 115 | 1,433 | 1,755 | 1,525 | 1, 234 | 1, 508 | 1,750 |
    | Chief earner......... | 1,265 | 1, 013 | 1,275 | 1, 503 | 1, 358 | 1, 081 | 1,375 | 1, 538 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 170 | 102 | 158 | 252 | 167 | 153 | 133 | 212 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,208 | 950 | 1,232 | 1,434 | 1,344 | 1, 023 | 1,376 | 1,542 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | (1) |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 227 | 161 | 201 | 321 | 179 | 207 | 131 | 208 |
    | Under 16 years. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers . - | 20 | 17 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 20 |
    | Other net rents. ------- | 4 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
    | Interest and dividends | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 10 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 9 | 5 | 8 | 13 | 13 | 0 | 18 | 17 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family $\qquad$ | 7 | 8 | 4 | 10 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 3 |
    | Other sources of income. | 5 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 10 | 6 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -6 | -11 | -6 | -2 | -15 | -10 | -10 | -23 |
    | Surplus par family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 155 | 107 | 178 | 183 | 182 | 165 | 197 | 176 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabijities) | 174 | 125 | 151 | 214 | 222 | 104 | 182 | 295 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey $\qquad$ | +17 | +27 | +62 | +42 | +12 | +76 | +66 | +90 |
    |  |  |  | 0 | 6 | 7 | , | 3 | 13 |

    ## 1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Houston, $\underset{\substack{\text { Tex.-Milies } \\ \text { famican }}}{ }$ |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.-White families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 4000 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \end{aligned}$ over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\mid \$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household | 100100 | 8686 | 12 | 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | 3939 | 76 | 3535 |
    | Families in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households with- | 0 | 5 |  |  | 10 | 2 | 6 |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers..--- |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders only |  | 0 | 0 |  | 5 | 0 | 2 |  |
    | Lodgers only -- |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 1 |  | 10 | 1 | 5 |  |
    | Other persons-.-........--- |  | 8 | 0 |  | 70 | 11 | 41 | 18 |
    | Persons, total. | 4.91 | 5.26 | 2.84 |  | 3.55 | 4.75 | 3.34 | 2.68 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 2.04 | 2.34 | 0.18 |  | 0. 93 | 1.63 | 0.81 | 0.42 |
    | 16 years of age and ove | 2.874.34 | 2.92 | 2.66 |  | 2.62 | 3.12 | 2.53 | 2.26 |
    | Expenditure units. |  | 4.63 | 2.58 |  | 3.37 | 4.390.23 | 3.170.52 | 2.640.70 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.07 |  | 0.48 |  |  |  |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- | 39 | 35 | 4 |  | 67 |  | 29 |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.---- | 12 | 11 | 1 |  | 10 | 21 | 29126 |  |
    | Other net rents------- |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends....------- | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | ${ }_{10}^{6}$ | 3 | 6 <br> 4 <br> 4 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities ---.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- |  | 45 | 1 |  | 1214 | 7 | 5 <br> 8 |  |
    | Other sources of income.--...-.-.-........- | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 5 | 0 |  | 16 | 4 | 9 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 53 | 47 | 5 |  | 78 | 25 | 41 | 12 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 41 | 350 | ${ }_{0}^{5}$ |  |  | 121 |  |  |
    | Inheritance |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 34 2 | 23 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.54 | 1.60 | 1.42 |  | 1.59 | 1.87 | 1.46 | 1.57 |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of individuals | $\$ 905$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 881 \\ & 863 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 1,192$ |  | \$1,541 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,269 \\ 1,229 \end{array}$ | \$1,519 | \$1,184 |
    | Chief earner- | 780 | 736 | 1, 043 |  | 1,228 | $\begin{array}{r} 943 \\ 986 \end{array}$ | 1,257 | 1,480153 |
    | Subsidiary earners | $\begin{array}{r}125 \\ 800 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 747 | 1, 121 |  | ${ }_{262} 2$ |  |  |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over |  |  |  |  | 1,216 | 1,012 | 1,233 | 1,409 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}^{104}$ | ${ }_{(1)} 115$ | 52 |  | 274 | 2170 | 232 | 424 |
    | Under 16 years--.-.-......----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 4 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8 |  | 19 | ${ }^{7}$ | 16 | 37 |
    | Other net rents---.----------1. |  |  |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 8 |  |
    | Interest and dividends.......---- | ${ }^{(1)} 0$ | ${ }^{(1)} 0$ | 0 |  |  | 23 | 18 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 2 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & \mathbf{2} \end{aligned} \text { - }$ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other sources of income. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5} \\ & \mathbf{9} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | 7 9 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | -3 | 0 | .-. | -5 | -5 | -5 | -6 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 63 |  |  |  | 162 |  |  |  |
    | Deficit per family having defcit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabil- |  | 60 | 92 |  |  | 103 | 178 | 228 |
    | ities)---------------17-1 | 123 | 96 | 249 |  | 162 | 108 | 120 | 253 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey. | -170 | -60 |  |  | +9+9 |  |  |  |
    | Inheritance.... |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -68 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  |  | +33 1 | +42 4 | -88 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    2 Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Jackson, Miss.-Negro families |  |  |  | Jacksonville, Fla.-Whitefamilies |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending expenditure unit unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\underset{\$ 400}{\text { Under }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 100 | 89 | 9 | 32 | 178 | 59 | 69 | 50 |
    | Average number of persons in household...-- | 3.76 | 3.89 | 2.82 |  | 3.65 | 4. 58 | 3.86 | 2.89 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.- | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | 22 | 3 | 9 | 10 |
    | Boarders only | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | 2 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Lodgers only. | 8 | 7 | 1 |  | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Other persons. | 16 | 14 | 2 |  | 41 | 11 | 16 | 14 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.-----...- | 3.63 | 3. 79 | 2.49 |  | 3.54 | 4.58 | 3. 29 | 2,64 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 09 | 1.18 | 0. 49 |  | 1.13 | 1.86 | 1.07 | 0.34 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 54 | 2. 61 | 2. 00 |  | 2.41 | 2.72 | 2.22 | 2.30 |
    | Expenditure units .-...- | 3.33 | 3.46 | 2.34 |  | 3.29 | 4.16 | 3.07 | 2.55 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.63 |  | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.32 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 50 | 48 | 2 |  | 67 | 25 | 21 | 21 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..- | 11 | 10 | 1 |  | 26 | 4 | 10 | 12 |
    | Other net rents. | 2 | 2 | 0 |  | 7 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
    | Interest and dividends.- | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | 9 | 2 | 5 | , |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 13 | 10 | 2 |  | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 5 | 4 | 1 |  | 16 | 8 | 7 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income...-...---.------- | 3 | 3 | 0 |  | 8 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 3 | 1 |  | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 69 | 62 | 5 |  | 100 | 37 | 44 | 29 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 30 | 26 | 4 |  | 64 | 21 | 22 | 21 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1. 66 | 1.72 | 1. 22 |  | 1.50 | 1.71 | 1. 32 | 1.50 |
    | A verage amount of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income.... | \$784 | \$743 | \$1,002 | ---.--- | \$1,566 | \$1,232 | \$1,494 | \$2,066 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 766 | 725 | 977 | ---*--- | 1,518 | 1,199 | 1,455 | 1,988 |
    | Chief earner..... | 680 | 630 | 958 |  | 1, 320 | 1,079 | 1, 306 | 1,625 |
    | Subsidiary earners .-- | 86 | 95 | 19 |  | . 198 | 1, 120 | 149 | , 363 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 693 | 645 | 958 |  | 1, 302 | 1,085 | 1,291 | 1, 574 |
    | Under 16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (1) | 1, 4 | 1, 0 | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 72 | 79 | 19 |  | 216 | 110 | 164 | 414 |
    | Under 16 years | 1 | 1 | 0 |  | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 0 | 7 | 20 |  | 20 | 6 | 19 | 37 |
    | Other net rents. | 2 | 2 | 0 |  | 6 | - 3 | 7 | 10 |
    | Interest and dividends .-...------------ | (1) | (1) | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 7 | 6 | 6 |  | 11 | 5 | 3 | 30 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. $\qquad$ | (1) | (1) | 1 |  | 7 | 14 | 6 | (1) |
    | Other sources of income | 2 | 3 | 0 |  | 4 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | (1) | -2 |  | -1 | (1) | -2 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 72 | 62 | 82 |  | 149 | 93 | 150 | 218 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 78 | 62 | 179 |  | 164 | 84 | 145 | 264 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +26 | +25 | -34 |  | +33 | +28 | +50 | +15 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued
    

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    1 Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A., p. 647

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic IevelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 | 94 | 76 | 17 | 1 |
    | Average number of persons in household. | 3.74 | 4.72 | 3. 50 | 2.73 | 3.64 | 3.95 | 2.33 | ------ |
    | Number of households with- <br> Boarders ane lodgers | 12 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 0 |  |
    | Boarders only | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Lodgers only-- | 13 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 0 | - |
    | Other persons | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.- | 3. 53 | 4. 56 | 3. 28 | 2. 49 | 3.51 | 3.80 | 2. 27 |  |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 11 | 2.03 | 0.79 | 0.32 | 1. 02 | 1. 23 | 0.12 |  |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.42 | 2.53 | 2. 49 | 2.17 | 2.49 | 2.57 | 2.15 |  |
    | Expenditure units...- | 3.25 | 4.09 | 3.07 | 2.39 | 3.25 | 3. 50 | 2.18 | ------- |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.21 | 0.16 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.06 |  |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 31 | 9 | 12 | 10 | 19 | 17 | 2 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 34 | 8 | 12 | 14 | 7 | 6 | 1 | - ---* |
    | Other net rents-: | 14 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 2 | ------ |
    | Interest and dividends. | 11 | 1 | 4 | 6 | , | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 12 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income. | 9 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 112 | 44 | 39 | 29 | 69 | 55 | 13 |  |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 71 | 20 | 22 | 29 | 23 | 19 | 4 |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family- | 1.18 | 1.14 | 1. 19 | 1. 21 | 1. 22 | 1.25 | 1. 12 |  |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,459 | \$1, 185 | \$1,524 | \$1,734 | \$821 | \$793 | \$892 |  |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,394 | 1,142 | 1,453 | 1,647 | 804 | 777 | 868 |  |
    | Chief earner. | 1, 319 | 1, 077 | 1,384 | 1,552 | 763 | 733 | 838 |  |
    | Subsidiary earners | -75 | 65 | -69 | 1, 95 | 41 | 44 | 30 |  |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,352 | 1, 110 | 1,427 | 1,576 | 785 | 759 | 838 |  |
    | Under 16 years | (1) | (t) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Femaies: 16 years and over...........-- | 42 | 32 | 26 | 71 | 18 | 16 | 30 |  |
    | Under 16 years.------......-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers-- | 39 | 26 | 49 | 45 | 9 | 11 | 2 | -------- |
    | Other net rents | 12 | 6 | 10 | 22 | 3 | 0 | 15 |  |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 3 | 5 | (1) | (1) | 0 | --..-- |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities Gifts from persons outside economic | 4 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | ------ |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family $\qquad$ | 3 | ${ }^{-}$ | 4 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income. | 4 | 7 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 4 | 1 | 0 | 7 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 | -1 | -1 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 200 | 145 | 227 | 247 | 64 | 55 | 64 |  |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 203 | 68 | 174 | 317 | 126 | 73 | 380 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | +41 0 | +69 0 | +80 0 | -35 0 | +16 2 | $\begin{array}{r}+21 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -40 0 | -- |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    2 Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 | 94 | 82 | 11 | ${ }^{2} 1$ |
    | Average number of persons in household...- | 4. 16 | 5.15 | 3.34 | 2.85 | 3. 79 | 3.90 | 3. 15 |  |
    | Number of households with- <br> Boarders and lodgers. | 16 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
    | Boarders only | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 1 | ------ |
    | Lodgers only-- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 |  |
    | Other persons...-.---------------1. | 29 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 2 |  |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 4.03 | 5.07 | 3. 26 | 2. 59 | 3.70 | 3.88 | 2.88 |  |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 28 | 1.97 | 0. 83 | 0. 23 | 1.09 | 1.20 | 0. 64 |  |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 75 | 3. 10 | 2.43 | 2. 36 | 2. 61 | 2. 68 | 2. 24 |  |
    |  | 3.72 | 4.61 | 3.03 | 2.51 | 3. 38 | 3. 65 | 2. 69 |  |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0. 18 | 0. 13 | 0.16 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.31 |  |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners----.-.--- | 44 | 31 | 7 5 | 6 3 | 53 | 45 | 7 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers <br> Other net rents | 15 | 7 5 | 5 0 | 3 2 | 8 | 6 0 | 2 |  |
    | Interest and dividends | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuties | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | - |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- | 19 | 12 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 1 |  |
    | Other sources of income..........-.-......-- | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 0 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 17 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 84 | 42 | 28 | 14 | 58 | 53 | 5 |  |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabılities) | 61 | 31 | 13 | 17 | 34 | 28 | 5 |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1.41 | 1. 56 | 1. 27 | 1. 24 | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1. 77 |  |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 417 | \$1,201 | \$1,567 | \$1,737 | \$759 | \$737 | $\$ 932$ |  |
    | Earnings of individual | 1,384 | 1,178 | 1,515 | 1, 708 | 746 | 725 | 913 | ------- |
    | Chief earner-...- | 1,242 | 1, 027 | 1, 392 | 1, 559 | 643 | 628 | 787 | - |
    | Subsidiary earners | 142 | 151 | 1, 123 | 1 149 | 103 | 97 | 126 | -- |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,231 | 1,014 | 1,369 | 1,571 | 653 | 638 | 787 | - |
    | Under 16 years...-.......-.-.-. -- | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | - |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 153 | 164 | 146 | 137 | 93 | 87 | 126 | ------- |
    | Under 16 years... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | - |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 11 | 8 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 18 | --....- |
    |  | 4 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Interest and dividends. | 2 | (1) | 5 | 3 | (1) | (1) | 0 | ------ |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 7 | (1) | 21 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family $\qquad$ | 8 | 10 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
    |  |  | 3 | 4 | 22 | 5 | 5 | 0 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -6 | -3 | -2 | -20 | -1 | -1 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net incresse in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 151 | 119 | 195 | 164 | 52 | 48 | 92 |  |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 143 | 95 | 86 | 276 | 100 | 83 | 134 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | 18 +27 | 18 +28 | +106 | -77 | -4 | 83 +3 | -19 |  |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at $S$ economic levels-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.--White families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fiesi- }}}{ }$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { flies }}}{\text { All }}$ | Economic levelper expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & t 0 \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 318 | 157 | 108 | 53 | 83 | 67 | 16 | 0 |
    | A verage number of persons in household.... | 3.98 | 4. 73 | 3.45 | 2.84 | 3.94 | 4.32 | 2. 30 | 0 |
    | Number of households withBoarders and lodgers. | 20 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only...- | 13 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only- | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 5 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average size of economic family in- Persons, total............... | 3.80 | 4.63 | 3.24 | 2.52 | 3.84 | 4.25 |  |  |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.03 | 1.53 | 3. 0.66 | 0.31 | 1.30 | 1.59 | 2.09 | 0 |
    | 16 years of age and ove | 2. 77 | 3.10 | 2.58 | 2.21 | 2.54 | 2.66 | 2.00 | 0 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.51 | 4.21 | 3.02 | 2.39 | 3. 50 | 3.93 | 2.03 | 0 |
    | Avarage number of persons in household not members of economic family- | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.22 | 0. 32 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners.-.--........ | 83 | 42 | 29 | 12 | 28 | 25 | 3 |  |
    |  | 39 19 | 13 8 | 16 10 | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10 2 | 8 <br> 2 | 2 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends... | 12 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | , | 2 | 3 | 1 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic | 35 | 15 | 11 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income..----- | 13 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 180 | 87 | 67 | 26 | 42 | 34 | 8 | 0 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 100 | 43 | 33 | 24 | 21 |  | 3 |  |
    | Inheritance --..--- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family. | 1.33 | 1.37 | 1.33 | 1. 25 | 1.41 | 1.47 | 1.19 | 0 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income--- | \$1,302 | \$1,074 | \$1,438 | \$1,695 | \$841 | \$801 | \$1,010 | 0 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,248 | 1,045 | 1,371 | 1,602 | 830 | 793 | 987 |  |
    | Chief earner-. | 1, 106 | 915 | 1,222 | 1, 435 | 741 | 687 | 968 | 0 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 142 | 130 | 149 | 1, 168 | 89 | 106 | 19 | 0 |
    | Males: 16 years and ove | 1, 067 | 870 | 1, 196 | 1,386 | 723 | 664 | 969 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over- | $\stackrel{(181}{181}$ | (175 | 175 | 216 | 103 | 125 | 18 | 0 |
    | - Under 16 years.-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers- | 21 | 11 | 22 | 49 | 10 |  | 24 | 0 |
    | Other net rents. <br> Interest and dividends | 10 | (1) ${ }^{6}$ | 18 | (1) ${ }^{7}$ | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | (1) ${ }^{1}$ | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities- | 8 | ${ }_{2}$ | 8 | ${ }^{24}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family $\qquad$ | 9 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income- | 5 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (1) | (I) | -1 | 0 | -1 | (1) | -1. | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 110 | 98 | 119 | 130 | 77 | 69 | 108 | 0 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 149 | 89 | 134 | 277 | 47 | 40 | 86 | 0 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all familios in survey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inheritance..-------- | 4 | 0 |  | 22 |  |  | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.White families |  |  |  | Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Onder } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 162 | 48 | 63 | 51 | 109 | 81 | 25 |  |
    | Average number of persons in household.-.-- Number of households with- | 3.82 | 5.07 | 3.85 | 2.63 | 4. 19 | 4.74 | 2.62 | 2. 33 |
    | Number or households with- | 27 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 0 |  |
    | Boarders only...- | , | . 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Lodgers only ...........................-........ | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 |  |
    | Other persons. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total... | 3. 63 | 4.89 | 3.67 | 2.39 | 4.05 | 4.62 | 2.45 | 2.00 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 24 | 2.16 | 1.33 | 0.25 | 1. 49 | 1.92 | 0.28 |  |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.39 | 2.73 | 2.34 | 2.14 | 2.56 | 2.70 | 2.17 | 2.00 |
    | Expenditure units....-.-- | 3.33 | 4.41 | 3. 36 | 2.27 | 3.64 | 4.11 | 2.32 | 1. 90 |
    | A verage number of persons in bousehold not members of economic family. | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.31 | 0.45 | 0.54 | 0.17 | 0.33 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families havingEarnings of subsidiary earners. | 20 | 10 |  | 4 | 46 |  | 12 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 26 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 3 |  |
    | Other net rents .-.............................- | 15 | 1 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    |  | 3 | 0 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 0 | 0 | ${ }_{0}$ | 0 |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.......--- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 |  |
    | family | 4 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 8 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 102 | 32 | 42 | 28 | 72 | 55 | 15 |  |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 58 | 16 | 20 | 22 | 34 | 23 | 10 |  |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1.12 | 1. 23 | 1. 10 | 1.02 | 1.50 | 1.52 | 1.48 | 1.00 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,614 | \$1,303 | \$1, 655 | \$1, 849 | \$039 | \$878 | \$1,088 | \$1,312 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,541 | 1,268 | 1,598 | 1,724 | 921 | 867 | 1,048 | 1,318 |
    | Chief earner- | 1,507 | 1,213 | 1,580 | 1,692 | 823 | ${ }_{97}^{770}$ | 937 | 1,318 |
    | Subsidiary earners |  |  | 18 |  | 98 | 97 | 111 |  |
    |  | 1,464 | 1,237 | 1,45\% | 1,688 | 842 | 793 | 944 | 1,318 |
    | Under 16 years <br> Females: 16 years and over |  |  |  | ${ }_{36}^{0}$ |  | ${ }^{(1)} 7$ | 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-.............. | 77 | 31 0 | 141 0 | 36 | 79 0 |  | 104 | 0 |
    | Under 16 years....-......-- | $\stackrel{0}{25}$ | 0 31 | ${ }_{18}^{0}$ | $\stackrel{0}{29}$ | $\stackrel{0}{10}$ | 8 | 17 |  |
    | Other net rents.........................- | 16 | 3 | 24 | 18 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.....--- | 20 | 0 | 6 | 56 | 2 | 2 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
    | Other sources of income. | 12 | (1) | 10 | 24 | 6 | (1) | 23 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | (1) | -3 | -3 | -1 | -1 | 0 | -6 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 173 | 143 | 181 | 196 | 86 | 81 | 101 | 110 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 205 | 116 | 159 | 312 | 102 | 84 | 120 | 347 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Inheritance | $\begin{array}{r} +35 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | +57 0 | +70 0 | -27 0 | +25 0 | + 0 | + ${ }^{+13}$ | -420 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 19.-Description of families studied at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamilies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic levelFamulies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> and <br> over |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 | 96 | 72 | 20 | 4 |
    | Average number of persons in household..-- | 4.06 | 5. 16 | 3.91 | 2.91 | 4.03 | 4.54 | 2. 52 | 2.08 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 29 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only.- | 15 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 8 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 21 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.- | 3. 79 | 5. 04 | 3. 57 | 2.54 | 3.85 | 4.37 | 2.33 | 2.10 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.14 | 2. 12 | 1. 00 | 0.13 | 1. 28 | 1.65 | 0.19 | 0 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.65 | 2.92 | 2. 57 | 2.41 | 2. 57 | 2. 72 | 2.14 | 2. 10 |
    | Expenditure units | 3. 55 | 4.61 | 3. 35 | 2. 49 | 3. 45 | 3.99 | 2.36 | 2.14 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.40 | 0.42 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 84 | 26 | 27 | 31 | 61 | 46 | 14 | 1 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..- | 49 | 15 | 20 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other net rents.----- | 14 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 10 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.......-.-- | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 19 | 13 | 5 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 21 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income.-...............-...-. | 15 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 114 | 40 | 42 | 32 | 57 | 42 | 13 | 2 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 75 | 30 | 22 | 23 | 38 | 30 | 6 | 2 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1. 59 | 1.62 | 1. 57 | 1. 59 | 1.77 | 1. 79 | 1.75 | 1.40 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,585 | \$1,248 | \$1,643 | \$1,924 | $\$ 929$ | \$873 | \$1,028 | \$1,449 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,521 | 1,209 | 1, 576 | 1, 832 | 877 | 809 | 1, 012 | 1,399 |
    | Chiel earner. | 1, 265 | 1, 068 | 1, 301 | 1, 460 | 700 | 653 | 782 | 1,128 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 256 | 141 | 275 | 372 | 177 | 156 | 230 | 271 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1, 262 | 1, 057 | 1,314 | I, 446 | 701 | 646 | 817 | 1,100 |
    | Under 16 years | - 1 |  | 0 | 1, 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 258 | 148 | 262 | 386 | 175 | 162 | 195 | 299 |
    | Under 16 years.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 35 | 22 | 42 | 44 | 15 | 19 | 6 | 0 |
    | Other net rents | 10 | 4 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 14 |
    | Interests and dividends. | 2 | 1 | (1) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities....-.-. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economlc family. | 7 | 7 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 18 |
    | Other sources of income. | 7 | 5 | 6 | 9 | 24 | 30 | 1 | 18 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | (1) | -1 | (1) | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | -1 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities). | 183 | 115 | 185 | 262 | 88 | 87 | 62 | 273 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 183 | 110 | 132 | 323 | 105 | 82 | 179 | 229 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey |  |  |  |  |  | +17 | -13 | +22 |
    | Inheritance.-------------------------- | + | 0 | + | +17 | (1) | (1) | - 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Thable 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels
    

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Birmingham, Ala.-White families |  |  |  | Birmingham, Ala. - Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { Aamilies }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | All families | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 202 | 88 | 60 | 54 | 101 | 82 | 15 | 4 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons | 3.67 | 4.57 | 3.43 | 2. 49 | 3.82 | 4.12 | 2. 63 | 2. 20 |
    | Expenditure units..................- | 3.40 | 4.19 | 3.20 | 2.35 | 3.44 | 3. 77 | 2. 44 | 2. 10 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- <br> All items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,462 | \$1, 156 | \$1,525 | $\$ 1,889$ 482 | \$806 | \$714 | \$1, 177 | \$1,337 |
    | Clothing | 166 | 137 | 170 | 208 | 109 | 101 | 140 | 169 |
    | Housing. | 183 | 131 | 204 | 244 | 96 | 83 | 135 | 221 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration..-- | 97 | 92 | 105 | 97 | 58 | 54 | 80 | 73 |
    | Other household operation ..... | 97 | 57 | 112 | 144 | 31 | 26 | 48 | 75 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...- | 65 | 36 | 71 | 104 | 38 | 30 | 66 | 103 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 105 | 52 | 89 | 208 | 29 | 16 | 102 | 24 |
    | Other transportation | 29 | 28 | 31 | 31 | 23 | 20 | 29 | 75 |
    | Personal care. | 35 | 30 | 38 | 41 | 19 | 17 | 26 | 24 |
    | Medical care. | 77 | 58 | 100 | 84 | 36 | 34 | 49 | 40 |
    | Recreation. | 83 | 64 | 81 | 115 | 51 | 43 | 80 | 94 |
    | Education. | 8 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 12 | 47 |
    | Vocation.. | 7 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
    | Community welfare..--...-.-.-- | 23 | 13 | 23 | 39 | 13 | 11 | 24 | 13 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. <br> Other items | 28 12 | 10 13 | 23 6 | 62 17 | 18 5 | 8 | 60 3 | (1) ${ }^{49}$ |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 30.5 | 36.3 | 30.0 | 25.6 | 33.6 | 36.0 | 27.3 | 24.7 |
    | Clothing | 11.4 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 13.5 | 14.2 | 11.9 | 12.6 |
    | Housing | 12.5 | 11.3 | 13.4 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 16.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...- | 6.6 | 8.0 | 6.9 | 5. 1 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 5.5 |
    | Other household operation..--- | 6. 6 | 4.9 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 5. 6 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.-- | 4.4 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 5.6 | 7.7 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 7.2 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 11.0 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 8.7 | 1.8 |
    | Other transportation. | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 5.6 |
    | Personal care. | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2. 2 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care | 5.3 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 4. 5 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 3.0 |
    | Recreation. | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
    | Education | . 6 | 1.0 | .5 | . 3 | . 7 | . 4 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
    | Vocation | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | .4 | . 5 | . 7 | . 1 | 0 |
    | Community welfare------------ | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family <br> Other items | 1.9 .8 | .9 1.1 | 1.5 .4 | 3.3 .9 | 2.2 .6 | 1.1 .8 | 5.1 .3 | (2) 3.7 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{9}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Dallas, Tex.-White families |  |  |  | Houston, Tex.-White families, other than Mexican |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Econom lies sp pendi year | ic level ending ure un | Famiper ex$t$ per | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ t 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items <br> Families in survey <br> A verage family size: <br> Persons. <br> Expenditure units. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 294 | 94 | 105 | 95 | 258 | 68 | 96 | 94 |
    |  | 3.31 | 4.29 | 3.17 | 2.51 | 3.40 | 4.47 | 3.38 | 2.63 |
    |  | 3.07 | 3.91 | 2.93 | 2.40 | 3.15 | 4.03 | 3.15 | 2. 52 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- <br> All items |  | \$1,117 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,458 | \$1, 117 | \$1,405 | $\$ 1,861$ 485 | $\$ 1,572$ 443 | \$1, 203 417 | \$1,504 | $\$ 1,910$ 472 |
    | Clothing. | 172 | 119 | 169 | 228 | 167 | 119 | 156 | 212 |
    |  | 212 | 172 | 203 | 262 | 227 | 169 | 232 | 264 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...- | 85 | 82 | 87 | 86 | 78 | 76 | 77 | 82 |
    | Other household operation.....- | 73 | 49 | 73 | 97 | 80 | 53 | 71 | 109 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.- | 76 | 63 | 66 | 99 | 95 | 61 | 76 | 138 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 148 | 48 | 121 | 276 | 174 | 83 | 161 | 253 |
    | Other transportation | 25 | 24 | 27 | 25 | 28 | 31 | 25 | 29 |
    | Personal care. | 32 | 22 | 31 | 44 | 38 | 31 | 37 | 46 |
    | Medicalcare. | 58 | 43 | 55 | 77 | 79 | 51 | 81 | 97 |
    | Recreation. | 71 | 43 | 67 | 104 | 90 | 53 | 88 | 118 |
    | Education. | 10 | 10 | 12 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 6 |
    | Vocation | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 9 |
    | Community welfare | 22 | 14 | 22 | 29 | 19 | 16 | 19 | 21 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 23 | 12 | 23 | 35 | 30 | 14 | 26 | 45 |
    | Other items..... | 5 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 11 | 17 | 8 | 9 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- <br> All items. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 30.4 | 36.3 | 31.3 | 26.0 | 28.2 | 34.7 | 28.8 | 24.7 |
    | Clothing | 11.8 | 10.7 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 9.9 | 10.4 | 11.1 |
    | Housing | 14. 5 | 15. 4 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 14.5 | 14.0 | 15.4 | 13.8 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration--- | 5. 8 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 4.3 |
    | Other household operation --.-- | 5. 0 | 4. 4 | 5. 2 | 5. 2 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4. 7 | 5.7 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...- | 5. 2 | 5. 6 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 7.2 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 10.2 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 14.8 | 11.1 | 6.9 | 10.7 | 13.2 |
    | Other transportation. | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 14.8 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1. 5 |
    | Personal care.- | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2. 4 |
    | Medical care. | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 5. 1 |
    | Recreation. | 4.9 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 |
    | Education | . 7 | . 9 | . 9 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | . 5 | . 3 |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 |
    | Community welfare...-.-.-.-.-. | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
    | Other items. | . 3 | . 7 | . 4 | . 1 | . 7 | 1.4 | . 5 | . 5 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Houston, Tex.-Mexican families |  |  |  | Jackson, Miss.--White tamilies |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \$ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 100 | 86 | 12 | 32 | 150 | 39 | 76 | 35 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons--------- | 4.91 | 5. 26 | 2.84 |  | 3.55 | 4. 75 | 3.34 | 2.68 |
    | Expenditure units | 4.34 | 4.63 | 2.69 |  | 3.37 | 4.39 | 3.17 | 2.64 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.- | \$954 | \$901 | \$1,267 |  | \$1, 537 | \$1, 244 | \$1,483 | \$1,972 |
    | Food | 361 | 356 | 388 |  | 424 | 405 | 422 | 452 |
    | Clothing | 127 | 120 | 163 |  | 210 | 174 | 203 | 265 |
    | Housing | 123 | 116 | 167 |  | 227 | 173 | 221. | 299 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration --- | 46 | 45 | 53 |  | 71 | 63 | 74 | 72 |
    | Other household operation..--- | 29 | 27 | 46 |  | 106 | 74 | 106 | 140 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...- | 54 | 49 | 93 |  | 60 | 39 | 53 | 97 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 76 | 60 | 157 |  | 145 | 76 | 119 | 275 |
    | Other transportation | 13 | 11 | 28 |  | 21 | 23 | 23 | 17 |
    | Personal care... | 24 | 24 | 28 |  | 37 | 34 | 36 | 41 |
    | Medical care. | 24 | 25 | 17 |  | 77 | 62 | 73 | 101 |
    | Recreation. | 46 | 41 | 66 |  | 87 | 67 | 83 | 119 |
    | Education | 6 | 6 | 13 |  | 8 | 8 | 10 | 4 |
    | Vocation | 2 | 1 | 4 |  | 4 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
    | Community welfare...-..--....-- | 7 | 6 | 13 |  | 19 | 13 | 21 | 23 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | family | 13 | 11 | 25 |  | 28 | 10 | 26 | 54 |
    | Other items | 3 | 3 | 6 |  | 13 | 22 | 9 | 8 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food.- | 37.9 | 39.5 | 30.7 |  | 27.6 | 32.6 | 28.4 | 22.9 |
    | Clothing | 13.3 | 13. 3 | 12.9 |  | 13.7 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 13.4 |
    | Housing -------------------- | 12.9 | 12.8 | 13. 2 |  | 14.8 | 14.0 | 14.9 | 15. 2 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.-- | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.2 |  | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 3.7 |
    | Other household operation----- | 3. 0 | 3. 0 | 3. 6 |  | 6.9 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 5.7 | 5.4 | 7.3 | -...-. | 3.9 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.9 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 8.0 | 6.7 | 12.4 |  | 9.4 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 13.9 |
    | Other transportation | 1.4 | 1. 2 | 2.2 |  | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 9 |
    | Personal care...-.-. | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2. 2 |  | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2. 1 |
    | Medical care | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1. 3 |  | 5. 0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 4.6 | 5.2 |  | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5. 6 | 6.0 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 7 | 1. 0 |  | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 2 |
    | Vocation- | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 |  | . 3 | . 1 | . 3 | . 3 |
    | Community welfare | . 7 | . 7 | 1. 0 |  | 1. 2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1. 2 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | family | . 4 | 1.2 | 2.0 |  | 1.8 | 8 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
    |  | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 |  | . 8 | 1.8 | . 6 | . 4 |

    - Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued
    

    2 Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 9 economic levels—Continued
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    3 Detailed information not presented because of the small number of families in this classification.
    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Memphis, Tenn.-White families |  |  |  | Memphis, Tenn.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { families } \end{array}\right.$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Economic level-Fami- <br> lies spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey. | 194 | 73 | 63 | 58 | 94 | 76 | 17 | ${ }^{3} 1$ |
    | A verage familiy size: Persons | 3.53 | 4.56 | 3.28 | 2.49 | 3.51 | 3.80 | 2.27 |  |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.25 | 4. 09 | 3.07 | 2.39 | 3.25 | 3. 50 | 2.18 |  |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | \$1, 434 | \$1, 127 | \$1,453 | \$1,792 | \$807 | \$769 | \$961 |  |
    | Food | 409 | 388 | 423 | 419 | 289 | 293 | 272 |  |
    | Clothing | 153 205 | 124 | ${ }_{212}^{159}$ | 182 257 | $\begin{array}{r}88 \\ 122 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 81 120 | 116 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.. | 111 | 103 | 114 | 118 | 78 | 120 | 130 |  |
    | Other household operation... | 85 | 56 | 90 | 115 | 26 | 24 | 35 |  |
    | Furnishings and equipment .... | 85 | 50 | 83 | 131 | 34 | 28 | 64 | --- |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 119 | 52 | 121 | 198 | 13 | 8 | 36 |  |
    | Other transportation.. | 22 | 21 | 25 | 22 | 30 | 29 | 31 |  |
    | Personal care. | 32 | 27 | 30 | 41 | 20 | 18 | 27 |  |
    | Medical care | 83 | 53 | 75 | 129 | 35 | 32 | 43 |  |
    | Recreation. | 68 | 50 | 63 | 96 | 37 | 34 | 51 |  |
    | Vocation | 6 | 7 | 7 | $1{ }^{3}$ |  | $\stackrel{4}{1}$ | 1 |  |
    | Community welfare.... | 22 | 13 | 20 | 34 | 12 | 12 | 15 |  |
    | Gifts and contributions to per- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | sons outside the economic family | 22 | 13 | 20 | 36 | 13 | 6 | 33 |  |
    |  | 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 19 |  |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |
    | Food- | 28.6 | 34.5 | 29.1 | 23.3 | 35.9 | 38.2 | 28.4 |  |
    | Housing. | 14.3 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.1 | 10.5 15.6 | 21.1 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 7.8 | 9.1 | 7.8 | 6.6 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 8.9 |  |
    | Other household operation...-- | 5.9 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.6 |  |
    | Furnishings and equipment---- | 5.9 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 6.7 |  |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and | 8.3 | 4.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other transportation. | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 3. 7 | 3.8 | 3.2 |  |
    | Personal care. | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.8 |  |
    | Medical care. | 5.8 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 7.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.5 |  |
    | Recreation. | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 5.3 |  |
    | Education. | 4 | ${ }^{6}$ | . 5 | . 2 | .4 | 5 | 2 |  |
    | Vocation---1--- | .6 1.5 | $\xrightarrow{1.2}$ | .6 1.4 | 1.6 | 1. 5 | 1. ${ }^{1}$ | . 1.6 |  |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.0 | . 6 | . 8 | 3.4 |  |
    | Other items.......... | . 3 | . 5 | .2 | . 1 | . 7 | . 4 | 2.0 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Mobile, Ala.-White families |  |  |  | Mobile, Ala.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { Amilies }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { Allies }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 146 | 74 | 41 | 31 | 94 | 82 | 11 | ${ }^{1} 1$ |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons. | 4.03 | 5.07 | 3. 26 | 2. 59 | 3. 70 | 3.88 | 2.88 |  |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.72 | 4.61 | 3.03 | 2.51 | 3. 38 | 3.65 | 2.69 |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Food. | 430 | 418 | 438 | 447 | 276 | 272 | 311 |  |
    | Clothing | 168 | 145 | 176 | 211 | 86 | 83 | 106 |  |
    | Housing | 183 | 138 | 195 | 275 | 95 | 96 | 86 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration .-. | 101 | 98 | 106 | 114 | 57 | 56 | 66 | - |
    | Other household operation..-.- | 86 | 59 | 95 | 141 | 26 | 25 | 29 | ------ |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.- | 66 | 46 | 57 | 124 | 29 | 30 | 20 | -...-. |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operstion, and maintenance | 108 | 75 | 122 | 170 | 33 | 17 | 99 |  |
    | Other transportation. | 26 | 27 | 20 | 30 | 16 | 17 | 11 |  |
    | Personal care | 32 | 26 | 37 | 40 | 18 | 18 | 18 |  |
    | Medical care. | 62 | 49 | 71 | 80 | 43 | 39 | 65 |  |
    | Recreation | 80 | 64 | 79 | 118 | 44 | 44 | 48 |  |
    | Education | 9 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 9 |  |
    | Vocation. | 4 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 1 | (1) | 2 | ---- |
    | Community welfare.- | 21 | 17 | 24 | 29 | 13 | 11 | 23 | - |
    | Gifts and contributions to per- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | sons outside the economic family | 18 | 4 | 25 | 40 | 18 | 19 | 11 |  |
    | Other items.....- | 9 | 8 | 16 |  | 13 | 7 | 62 |  |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | --.---- |
    | Food.-.- | 30.7 | 35.3 | 29.8 | 24.4 | 35.7 | 36.9 | 32.2 |  |
    | Clothing | 12.0 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.0 |  |
    | Housing- | 13.0 | 11.7 | 13.2 | 15.0 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 8.9 |  |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.--- | 7.2 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 6.9 |  |
    | Other household operation.....- | 6.1 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.0 | ...-.-- |
    | Furnishings and equipment..-- | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 2.1 | ---.----- |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. | 7.7 | 6.3 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 10.2 |  |
    | Other transportation | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.1 |  |
    | Personal care....... | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.9 |  |
    | Medical care. | 4. 4 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 6.7 |  |
    | Recreation.. | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 5.0 |  |
    | Education. | . 6 | 1.0 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 4 | . 9 |  |
    | Vocation. | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2 |  |
    | Community welfare. | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1. 6 | 1.6 | 1. 7 | 1.5 | 2.4 |  |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. $\qquad$ | 1.3 | . 3 | 1.7 | 2. 2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.1 |  |
    |  | . 6 | . 7 | 1.1 | . 2 | 1.7 | . 9 | 6.4 | -- |

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | New Orleans, La.-White families |  |  |  | New Orleans, La.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\underset{\text { fami- }}{\text { fall }}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under $\$ 400$ | $\$ 400 \text { to }$ | $\$ 600$ and <br> over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ <br> over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items <br> Families in survey <br> Average family size: <br> Persons. <br> Expenditure units. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 318 | 157 | 108 | 53 | 83 | 67 | 16 | 0 |
    |  | 3. 80 | 4.63 | 3.24 | 2.52 | 3.84 | 4.25 | 2.09 |  |
    |  | 3.51 | 4.21 | 3.02 | 2.39 | 3. 50 | 3.93 | 2.03 | 0 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- <br> All items. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,294 | \$1,049 | \$1,410 | \$1,784 | \$815 | \$780 | \$968 | 0 |
    | ${ }_{\text {Clod }}$ Footing | 462 <br> 137 | 433 106 | 469 <br> 152 <br> 1 | 532 <br> 198 | 311 80 | 305 79 | $\begin{array}{r}337 \\ 86 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 |
    | Housing | 207 | 174 | 229 | 261 | 156 | 151 | 178 | 0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 83 | 73 | 87 | 102 | 62 | 57 | 84 | 0 |
    | Other household operation....- | 58 | 38 | 67 | 99 | 23 | 21 | 32 | 0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment---- | 42 | 20 | 47 | 96 | 26 | 24 | 34 | 0 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 60 | 27 | 76 | 127 | 12 | 9 | 24 |  |
    | Other transportation.............-- | 39 | 32 | 43 | 52 | 26 | 24 | 36 | 0 |
    | Personal care. | 31 | 26 | 32 | 45 |  | 17 | 21 | 0 |
    | Medical care. | 55 | 38 | 60 | 95 | 34 | 32 | 42 | 0 |
    | Recreation. | 73 | 55 | 86 | 104 | 40 | 35 | 60 | 0 |
    | Education.-- | 3 | 4 | 4 | ${ }_{6}$ | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
    | Vocation. $\qquad$ | 3 15 | 3 12 | 3 16 | 5 19 | 2 9 | $\stackrel{1}{9}$ | ${ }_{10}^{4}$ | 0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to per- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | sons outside the economic family |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Other items....---------- | 6 | 1 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for-- All items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0 |
    | Clothing.- | 35.7 10.6 | 41.2 10.1 | 33.3 10.8 | 11.1 | 38.2 9.8 | 39.1 10.1 | 34.9 8.9 8.9 | 0 |
    | Housing | 16.0 | 16.5 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 18.4 | 0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration....- | 6.4 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 18.7 8.7 | 0 |
    |  | 4. 5 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...- | 3.2 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 0 |
    | Automobile and motorcycle- purchase, operation, and maintenance. $\qquad$ | 4.6 | 2.6 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 0 |
    | Other transportation----- | 3. 0 | 3. 1 | 3. 0 | 2.9 | 3. 2 | 3. 1 | 3. 7 | 0 |
    | Personal care... | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0 |
    | Medical care. | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5. 3 | 4.2 | 4. 1 | 4.3 | 0 |
    | Recreation.-- | 5.6 | 5. 2 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 0 |
    | Education.-- | .3 | .$^{4}$ | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .3 | 0 |
    | Vocation. |  | $\stackrel{.}{1.2}$ |  | .3 1.1 | 1.1 | 1. 2 | 1.4 | 0 |
    | Community welfare | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0 |
    | sons outside the economic family | 1.5 | . 7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0 |
    | Other items.-.-...... | . 5 | .1 | . 9 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .3 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at $\$$ economic levels-Continued
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 20.-Expenditures for groups of items at 3 economic levels-Continued

    | Item | Richmond, Va.-White families |  |  |  | Richmond, Va.-Negro families |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Economic level-Families spending per ex penditure unit per year |  |  |
    |  |  | Under | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 400 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 600$ and over |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 400 \\ \$ \$ 0 \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families in survey | 192 | 69 | 66 | 57 | 96 | 72 | 20 | 4 |
    | A Persons...- | 3.79 | 5.04 | 3.57 | 2.54 | 3.85 | 4.37 | 2.33 | 2.10 |
    | Expenditure units----- | 3.55 | 4.61 | 3.35 | 2.49 | 3.48 | 4.02 | 2.20 | 1.95 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1, 556 | \$1, 244 | \$1, 580 | \$1,901 | $\$ 919$ | \$860 | \$1, 037 | \$1,405 |
    | Food-- | 456 175 | 134 | 457 188 | 209 | 291 101 | ${ }_{95} 301$ | 267 | 238 |
    | Housing | 255 | 205 | 240 | 332 | 118 | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ 123 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 113 | ${ }_{93}^{157}$ |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...- | 118 | 109 | 125 | 121 | 104 | 100 | 111 | 138 |
    | Other household operation..... | 79 | 43 | 78 | 122 | 36 | 34 | 39 | 63 |
    | Furmishings and equipment---- | 62 | 37 | 70 | 82 | 40 | 35 | 54 | 63 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance | 101 | 40 | 113 | 163 | 17 | 5 | 53 | 46 |
    | Other transportation--..-.-....-- | 34 | 32 | 33 | 38 | 28 | 26 | 37 | 35 |
    | Personal care | 32 | 26 | 34 | 37 | 23 | 22 | 25 | 41 |
    | Medical care | 83 | 60 | 84 | 109 | 59 | 49 | 75 | 174 |
    | Recreation. | 78 | 49 | 78 | 112 | 52 | 41 | 64 | 174 |
    | Education. | 10 | 6 | 7 | 17 | 4 | 0 | 1 |  |
    | Community welfare | 27 | 18 | 28 | 38 | 13 | 11 | ${ }^{17}$ | 32 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 30 | 15 | 28 | 50 | 24 | 14 | 48 | 68 |
    | Other items.. | 14 | 4 | 16 | 23 | 9 | (1) | 28 | 76 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 29.4 | 37.3 | 28.9 | 23.3 | 31.7 | 35.0 | 25.8 | 17.0 |
    | Clothing | 11.2 | 10.8 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 11.2 |
    | Housing | 16.4 | 16.5 | 15.2 | 17.5 | 12.9 | 14.3 | 10.1 | 6.6 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration...- | 7.6 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 10.7 | 9.8 |
    | Othet household operation..-.- | 5.1 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 |
    | Furnishings and equipment--.- | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 4.5 |
    | Automobile and motorcyclepurchase, operation, and maintenance. |  | 3.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | maintenance-1-.-.......... | 6.5 | 3. 2 | 7.2 | 8.6 | 1.8 | ${ }^{.6}$ | 5.1 | 3. 3 |
    | Personal care...-...- | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 2.5 |
    | Personal care- | 5.3 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5. 7 | 6.4 | 5. 7 | 7.4 | 12.4 |
    | Recreation. | 5.0 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 12.4 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | . 9 | . 4 | . 5 | 1 | . 5 |
    | Vocation | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 |
    | Community weifare | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 |
    | Other items......-.... | . 9 | . 3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | (2) | 2.7 | 5.4 |

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economic level and income level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE
    

    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18 | 50 | 0 | 23 | 14 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 17 | 0 | 11 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 21 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500 ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18. | 117 | 0 | 8 | 23 | 34 | 21 | 18 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500- 8600 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 13 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 19 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 35 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 $\ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500 $\ldots . .$. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economic level and income level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO
    

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 157 | 0 | 9 | 23 | 39 | 32 | 24 | 18 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 13 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 28 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 40 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 13 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 12 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots$...- | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 $\ldots$.-.- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over..- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18 | 147 | 0 | 5 | 16 | 28 | 41 | 25 | 19 | 7 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200. | 28 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 41 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 16 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | C | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600.....- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500....-- | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over..- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economic level and income level-Continued

    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE
    

    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18 | 113 | 0 | 7 | 31 | 30 | 25 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 .-.-...-- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 15 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200. | 28 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 ..... | 36 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 ...... | 16 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400...... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2.700...... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000.....- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900.....-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over..- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 108 | 0 | 9 | 23 | 30 | 18 | 15 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | $\$ 500-\$ 600-\ldots-.$ | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 7 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$ $9000-\$ 1,200$ | 19 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 ...... | 29 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 13 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 ......- | 19 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots$ | 22 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 $\ldots$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 $\ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over.-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of type comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economie level and income level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 8 0 0 0 0 8 68 | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 |  |  |  |  | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 | 8 0 0 8 8 8 0 0 0 | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 8 |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 46 | 0 | 20 | 18 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | $\underset{\text { of }-}{\text { Annal net income }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900-.......- | 24 | 0 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 $\ldots$...... | 9 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 $\ldots-\ldots$ | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 $\ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500...... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over..- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 89 | 0 | 14 | 20 | 26 | 8 | 15 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600....--...- | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900...-.-.-. -- | 13 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200. | 12 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 17 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100. | 16 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000- $\$ 3,300$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,600-\$3,900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,900-\$4,200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$4,200-\$4,500 $\ldots$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over.-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 43 | 3 | 22 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Total | 43 | 3 | 22 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$500-\$600 | 15 | 1 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900. | 20 | 2 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 $\ldots . .$. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over-.- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 191719, by economic level and income level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE

    | Income class |  | Economic level-Families spending per expenditure unit per year- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{8} \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { \$ } \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 080 \end{aligned}$ | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 |  |  | 8 <br> 9 <br> 6 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 |  |  |  | 8 8 6 8 8 8 8 3 3 |  | 8 |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 167 | 1 | 25 | 44 | 36 | 34 | 15 | 7 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600----.-..- | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900........-- | 31 | 0 | 11 | 17 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200......-- | 41 | 0 | 8 | 15 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 $\ldots \ldots$ | 34 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800. | 39 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100. | 13 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500 $\ldots$.... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over.... | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19.. | 46 | 1 | 22 | 15 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600. | 10 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 19 | 0 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200 | 14 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500 $\ldots .$. | 3 | 0 | , | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE

    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18. $\qquad$ | 99 | 0 | 3 | 18 | 18 | 29 | 18 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | Annual net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | \$500-\$600.--....--- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$600-\$900 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$900-\$1,200.......- | 12 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,200-\$1,500...... | 28 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,500-\$1,800 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$1,800-\$2,100 $\ldots . .$. | 19 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,400 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,400-\$2,700 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,700-\$3,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,000-\$3,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$3,300-\$3,600...... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,100-\$2,500...... | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | \$2,500 and over-.- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by economic level and income level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE
    

    Notes on this table are in appendex A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\$ 900$ <br> to <br> 1,200 | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ 1,500 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \$ 1,0 \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \$ 2,0 \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,500 \end{aligned}$ | \$2,500 and over |
    | Composition of Household | 2204.43 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 3.99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48 \\ 4.03 \end{array}$ | 6654.02 | 54.78 | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 5.06 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 4.82 \end{array}$ | 5.87 |
    | Familie; of types omparable with those studied in 1917-18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Averaze number of persons in household.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of households with- | $\begin{gathered} 23 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | 2000 | 5 | 6 |  | 4 | 10 | 2 |
    | Boarders only....... |  |  | 0 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 0 <br> 1 <br> 1 | 2 |  |  |
    | Lodgers only.- |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 0 | 00 |
    | Other persons. |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total........- | 4.30 1.80 | 3.82 1.66 | 1. 3.91 | 3.91 1.70 | 4.63 2.15 | 4.84 1.84 1.84 | 4.83 1.75 | 5.62 1.50 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.50 | 2.16 | 2.26 | 2.21 | 2.48 | 3.00 | 3.08 | 4.12 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.86 | 3.34 | 3.48 | 3.52 | 4.10 | 4.41 | 4.51 | 5. 35 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.01 | 0.25 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  | 5 | 12 |  |  |  |  |
    | Earninge of subsidiary earners- | 52 | 2 |  |  | 7 | 8 |  | 7 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers | 21 | 2 | 5 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 15 | 0 |  | 4 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Interest and dividends- | 14 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- | 11 | 1 0 | 2 | 3 0 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 2 | 3 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income- | 14 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 152 | 8 | 29 | 42 | 34 | 23 | 8 | 8 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 663 | 1 | 18 | 230 | 101 | 7 | 1 | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |
    | verage number of gainful workers per family. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 1.33 | 17 | 1.12 | 1.18 | 1.33 | 1.40 | 2.00 | 2.62 |
    | verage amount of - |  |  |  | \$1,356 | \$1,626 | \$1, 956 |  |  |
    | Net family income. |  |  | \$1, 042 |  |  |  | \$2, 289 | \$2,797 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,468 <br> 1,333 <br> 1 | 789 | 1,016 | 1,331 | 1,616 | 1,897 | 2,25 | 2,745 |
    | Chief earner |  |  |  |  | 1,543 | 1,684 | 1,692533 |  |
    | Subsidiary earners | 1351,392 | 759 30 | 981 | 1,272 |  |  |  | +780 |
    | Males: 16 years and ove |  | 7180 | ${ }_{983}^{9}$ | $1,291$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,547 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 1,848 | 1,9092 | 2, ${ }^{261}$ |
    | Under 16 years. | 1,392 <br> (1) <br> 75 <br> 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over |  | 71 | 230 | 40018 | 662 | 490 | 314 | 4840 |
    | Under 16 years. | 75 1 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.- | 169 | 180 | 185 | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | ${ }^{32}$ | ${ }^{0}$ | 32 |
    | Other net rents.-..............-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Interest and dividends. <br> Pensions and insurance annuities | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)} 0$ | (1) 0 | ${ }^{(1)} 1$ | 10 |  | $\stackrel{1}{0}$ | 00 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities Gifts from persons outside economic | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 3 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | 30 | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | 10 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 62 \end{gathered}$ | 0 |
    | Other sources of income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -3 | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | -13 | -4 | 0 | -1 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabil.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 131 | 46 | 78 | 103 | 145 | 191 | 287 | 173 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabili- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 180 | 241 | 170 | 142 | 144 | 339 | 190 | 0 |
    | families in survey | -377 | $\begin{array}{r} -50 \\ 25 \end{array}$ | -170 | +170 | $\begin{array}{r}+77 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | +670 | $\begin{array}{r}+128 \\ \hline 67\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +173 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |
    | Inheritance.......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than \$0.50.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { families }}{\text { All }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | \$900 to | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 | 117 | 14 | 19 | 35 | 24 | 20 | 5 |
    | A verage number of persons in houshold...---- | 4.56 | 4. 63 | 4.85 | 4.51 | 4. 52 | 4. 27 | 5. 02 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 13 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Boarders only .-.- | 6 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 24 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4.34 | 4.24 | 4. 70 | 4. 24 | 4.32 | 4.19 | 4. 68 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.82 | 1. 70 | 2.19 | 1.82 | 1. 64 | 1. 89 | 1. 30 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.51 | 2.42 | 2. 68 | 2. 30 | 3.38 |
    | Expenditure units....-..------------ | 3.97 | 3.87 | 4.21 | 3.84 | 3.99 | 3.88 | 4.41 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.24 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0. 28 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.38 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners .-.......----- | 34 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 4 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.-.-- | 22 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.-.--.----- | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 12 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income..-..----.-- | 17 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 63 | 7 | 9 | 19 | 13 | 11 | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 54 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 1 |
    | Inheritance_. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family - | 1.35 | 1.18 | 1. 48 | 1. 30 | 1.37 | 1.22 | 2. 23 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income | \$1,430 | \$770 | \$1,049 | \$1,325 | \$1,639 | \$1,890 | \$2, 614 |
    | Earnings of individuals....-....------.-.... | 1,381 | 730 | 999 | 1,290 | 1,571 | 1,856 | 2, 478 |
    | Chief earner-- | 1,289 | 698 | 943 | 1,246 | 1,492 | 1, 762 | 1,683 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 92 | 32 | 56 | 44 | 79 | 94 | 795 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,315 | 714 | 981 | 1,251 | 1,501 | 1,812 | 1,839 |
    |  | 1,315 3 | 0 | 4 | 1, 3 | - 2 | $\begin{array}{r}1,812 \\ \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1, 15 |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-..---------- | 63 | 16 | 14 | 36 | 68 | 41 | 624 |
    | Under 16 years.-.-...-.-. -- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..- | 22 | 15 | 28 | 26 | 23 | 10 | 26 |
    | Other net rents.-...-- | 5 | 0 | (1) | 2 | 5 | 6 | 53 |
    | Interest and dividends | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities--.-.-.--- | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 6 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 11 | 9 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 15 | 25 | 10 | 5 | 25 | 8 | 55 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 146 | 55 | 74 | 120 | 171 | 197 | 370 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 187 | 94 | 110 | 138 | 344 | 245 | 136 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all <br> families in survey | -8 | -20 | -23 | +2 | -65 0 | -2 | +269 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ## 1 Less than $\$ 0.50$

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES


    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$ average.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    dallas, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES


    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    houston, tex.-White families, other than mexican

    | Item | $\underset{\text { famillies }}{\text { All }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,800 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 2,100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 | 147 | 31 | 41 | 33 | 32 | 10 |
    | Average number of persons in household..---..------- | 4.00 | 4.05 | 4. 12 | 3.71 | 3.95 | 4. 55 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 21 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
    | Boarders only.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 7 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 42 | 9 | 5 | 13 | 12 | 3 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 3.93 | 3.82 | 4.05 | 3.72 | 3. 86 | 4. 65 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 63 | 1. 67 | 1.71 | 1.44 | 1.63 | 1. 80 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.30 | 2.15 | 2.34 | 2.28 | 2. 23 | 2. 85 |
    |  | 3.56 | 3.44 | 3.59 | 3.42 | 3.52 | 4. 38 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.17 | 0.28 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.22 | 0.13 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 48 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. ----------- | 25 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 2 |
    | Other net rents_ | 10 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 11 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 2 |
    |  | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | - 1 | 2 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 24 | 4 | 12 | 1 | 5 | 2 |
    | Other sources of income................... | 18 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 3 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 42 | 5 | 11 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 83 | 16 | 25 | 21 | 15 | 6 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 64 | 15 | 16 | 12 | 17 | 4 |
    |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family .-.....-. | 1. 41 | 1. 26 | 1. 32 | 1.39 | 1.53 | 2. 00 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,561 | \$1,025 | \$1,363 | \$1,641 | \$1,933 | \$2, 660 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,522 | 994 | 1,311 | 1,624 | 1,906 | 2,431 |
    | Chief earner | 1, 423 | 947 | 1,252 | 1,542 | 1,816 | 1,938 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 99 | 47 | 59 | 1,82 | 1, 90 | + 493 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1, 404 | 890 | 1,255 | 1, 503 | 1,820 | 1,944 |
    | Under 16 years. | 4 | 8 | (1) | 1, 0 | 1,8 8 | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 114 | 96 | 56 | 121 | 78 | 487 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.-.-...--- | 18 | 27 | 17 | 7 | 20 | 22 |
    | Other net rents | 5 | 0 | (1) | 9 | 12 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 5 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 31 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 12 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 4 | 109 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 8 | 2 | 19 | 2 | 4 | 15 |
    | Other sources of income .-...-.-.-. | 8 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 54 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -17 | -1 | -7 | -11 | -24 | -102 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 166 | 88 | 140 | 155 | 219 | 390 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 219 | 155 | 243 | 185 | 267 | 265 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | -2 | -30 | -9 | 185 +31 | -39 | 265 +128 |
    | Inheritance. | 10 | 8 | 29 |  | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 112 | 9 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 24 | 11 |
    | Average number of persons in household...--- | 4. 10 | 3. 57 | 3.59 | 3. 97 | 3.86 | 4.96 | 4. 63 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 11 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
    | Boarders only. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other persons | 24 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 3 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 4.06 | 3.59 | 3.57 | 3.98 | 3.95 | 4.77 | 4. 30 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 73 | 1. 61 | 1. 51 | 1. 65 | 1.73 | 2.15 | 1. 54 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.33 | 1. 98 | 2. 06 | 2.33 | 2.22 | 2.63 | 2.76 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.73 | 3.13 | 3. 26 | 3,62 | 3.64 | 4.40 | 4.13 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.12 | 0 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.23 | 0. 41 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 34 | 0 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..--- | 13 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 4 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities..--..------ | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family - | 12 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income-1-.-.-.............-- | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 67 | 3 | 14 | 16 | 13 | 14 | 7 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increasc <br> in liabilities) | 44 0 | 6 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 4 |
    | Inheritance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family. | 1. 38 | 1.00 | 1. 48 | 1. 35 | 1.36 | 1.29 | 1. 73 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,519 | \$780 | \$1, 053 | \$1,345 | \$1,611 | \$1,942 | \$2,380 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,483 | 762 | 1,023 | 1, 303 | 1,578 | 1,918 | 2,296 |
    | Chief earner-- | 1,360 | 762 | 944 | 1,283 | 1, 440 | 1,778 | 1, 821 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | 123 | 0 | 79 | 20 | 138 | 140 | 475 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,387 | 762 | 838 | 1,283 | 1,430 | 1,868 | 2,124 |
    | Under 16 years... | (1) | 0 | 4 | 1 | - 0 | - 4 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over....---..-.-..- | 96 | 0 | 181 | 18 | 148 | 46 | 172 |
    | Under 16 years...------------- | (1) | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net carnings from boarders and lodgers... | 15 | 0 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 93 |
    | Other net rents.------- | 2 | 0 | (1) 0 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities------.-- | 5 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 9 | 9 | 12 | 23 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income | 5 | 9 | (1) | 10 | 5 | 6 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | -1 | -2 | 0 | (1) | -10 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 129 | 102 | 61 | 103 | 120 | 137 | 338 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities | 154 | 68 | 142 | 203 | 131 | 172 | 234 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | families in survey | +17 | -11 | -18 | $+10$ | +17 | +15 | +130 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Nutes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18 | 113 | 15 | 28 | 36 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | Average number of persons in household.....- | 4.45 | 3. 98 | 3.85 | 4. 52 | 4. 27 | 6. 24 | 4. 98 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 17 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
    | Boarders only..... | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.-...---.---------- | 4.30 1.82 | 3.91 1.58 | 3.77 1.59 | 4. 32 1.86 | 4.16 1.82 | 6. 01 | 4. 66 1.33 |
    | Under 16 years of age-- | 1.82 <br> 2.48 | 1.58 2.33 | 1.59 2.18 | 1. 86 | 1.82 2.34 | 2. 81 | 1. 33 |
    |  | 2.48 3.85 | 2.33 3.48 | 2.18 3.35 | 2.46 4.84 | 2.34 3.73 | 3.20 5.40 | 3.33 4.37 |
    |  | 3.85 | 3.48 | 3.35 | 4.84 | 3.73 | 5.40 | 4.37 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.26 | 0. 40 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners ---.-.----.-- | 27 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 4 | 5 | 2 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.-..- | 20 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
    | Other net rents. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Other sources of income | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 70 | 6 | 15 | 26 | 10 | 9 | 4 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 42 2 | 9 0 | 13 | 9 1 | 6 0 | 3 | 2 |
    | Inheritance....-.-.-.-.-. | 2 1.31 | 0 1.07 | 1. 18 | 1.33 ${ }^{1}$ | 0 1.25 | 0 1.83 | 1. 50 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$1,374 | \$784 | \$1,054 | \$1,350 | \$1,657 | \$1,958 | \$2,580 |
    |  | 1,331 | 771 | 1,014 | 1,319 | 1, 642 | 1,903 | 2,343 |
    |  | 1, 223 | 766 | -995 | 1, 210 | 1, 539 | 1, 562 | 2, 019 |
    |  | 108 | 5 | 19 | 109 | 103 | 341 | 324 |
    | Males: 16 years and over. .-..-........--- | 1,246 | 719 | 983 | 1,221 | 1,545 | 1,660 | 2,319 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | 0 | 1 | - 0 | - 0 | 0 | - 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over-.-..........-- | 85 | 52 | 30 | 98 | 97 | 243 | 24 |
    | Under 16 years..--.-.-........-- | (1) | 0 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..- | 28 | 8 | 27 | 27 | 7 | 45 | 112 |
    | Other net rents | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends.-.--------------------------- | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 72 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuties....--.-.-- | 3 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
    | Other sources of income------------.-.-- | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 48 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | (1) | 0 | -2 | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabili- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 129 | 77 | 62 | 116 | 189 | 208 | 222 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 123 | 96 | 114 | 122 | 112 | 126 | 327 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey <br> Inheritance | +34 2 | -27 0 | -20 5 | +53 3 | +76 0 | +125 0 | +30 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { fies }}}{\text { Ami- }}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 9000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 108 | 13 | 19 | 29 | 19 | 22 | 6 |
    | Average number of persons in household...-.- | 4.47 | 3. 75 | 4.39 | 4.49 | 4.81 | 4.27 | 5.64 |
    | Number of households with- | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Boarders only ... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only. | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Other persons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total.-.-- | 4.27 | 3.75 | 4.28 | 4. 26 | 4.65 | 4.14 | 4.68 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 98 | 1.75 | 1.88 | 1.98 | 2. 36 | 1. 96 | 1. 66 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.29 | 2.00 | 2.40 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.18 | 3.02 |
    | Expenditure units..... | 3.87 | 3.28 | 3.87 | 3.91 | 4.14 | 3.77 | 4.38 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.20 | 0 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.99 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners..-.-....-....-- | 12 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Net ealnings from boarders and lodgers-.--- | 10 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
    |  | 8 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities...-------- | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family- | 7 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income..... | 6 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 60 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 11 | 15 | 5 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 42 | 7 | 8 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 1 |
    | Inheritance.. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number ofgainful workers per family- | 1.11 | 1.00 | 1.16 | 1. 14 | 1.05 | 1.04 | 1. 50 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income | \$1,442 | \$747 | \$1, 061 | \$1,347 | \$1,626 | \$1,904 | \$2, 360 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 1,389 | 743 | 1,031 | 1, 289 | 1,580 | 1,847 | 2, 140 |
    | Chief earner. | 1,347 | 737 | 1,001 | 1, 264 | 1,553 | 1,809 | 1,825 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 42 | 6 | 30 | 25 | , 27 | 38 | 315 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,366 | 738 | 1,020 | 1,277 | 1, 552 | 1,809 | 2,040 |
    | Under 16 years... | (1) | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over...............- | 23 | 5 | 11 | 9 | 28 | 38 | 100 |
    | Under 16 years.-.-.-.-.-...-. --- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers.-- | 32 | 0 | 11 | 49 | 20 | 20 | 167 |
    |  | 9 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 15 | 19 | 0 |
    |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 6 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities..........-- | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 44 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 4 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 3 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilitles) $\qquad$ | 179 | 46 | 107 | 144 | 172 | 224 | 399 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 206 | 37 | 256 | 282 | 194 | 171 | 364 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | +19 | -9 | -46 | -42 | +18 | +106 | +272 |
    | Inheritance... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ## 1 Less than \$0.50.

    Notes on this table are in sppendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
    |  |  |  |  |  |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19....- | $4{ }_{4}^{43}$ | 15 388 | 20 | ${ }_{5}^{8}$ |
    | Average number of persons in household <br> Number of households with- | 4.51 | 3.88 | 4.38 | 5.98 |
    | Boarders and lodgers...... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Boarders only. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other persons. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
    | Average size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4.51 | 3.97 | 4.32 | 5.97 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 1.95 | 1.71 | 1.78 | 2.80 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.56 | 2.26 | 2.54 | 3. 17 |
    | Expenditure units..-... | 4.06 | 3.57 | 3.90 | 5.40 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.10 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 23 | 6 | 11 | 6 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
    | Other sources of income- | 5 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) ------ | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) -- | 25 | 9 | 13 | 3 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities)..- | 18 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
    | Inheritance----- | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Average number of gainful workers per family | 1.75 | 1.51 | 1.68 | 2. 40 |
    | Average smount of- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$721 | \$551 | \$717 | \$1,059 |
    |  | 713 | 550 | 703 | 1, 050 |
    | Chief earner--.------ | 626 | 508 | 650 | , 792 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 87 | 42 | 53 | 258 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 651 | 514 | 643 | 932 |
    | Under 16 years | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    |  | () 62 | 36 | 60 | 118 |
    |  | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers...-.-................-. -- |  | (1) 0 | 7 | 7 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | (t) | 1 | (1) | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family |  | 0 |  | 2 |
    |  |  | (1) |  | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses)...- | (1) | 0 | 0 | (1) |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 43 | 21 | 57 | 51 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or |  |  |  |  |
    | increase in liabilities) | 81 | 50 | 62 | 144 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey-- | -9 | -7 | +15 | -71 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to | \$900 to $\$ 1,200$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,800$ and over |
    | Composition of Houschold <br> Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. <br> A verage number of persons in household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 167 | 35 | 41 | 34 | 39 | 18 |
    |  | 4. 63 | 4. 54 | 4.42 | 4.66 | 4.51 | 5. 57 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
    | Boarders only..- | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total...... | 4. 54 | 4. 50 | 4.39 | 4.49 | 4.39 | 5.36 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1.87 | 1. 98 | 2.01 | 1.71 | 1.80 | 1. 78 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2.67 | 2.52 | 2.38 | 2.78 | 2.59 | 3. 58 |
    | Expenditure unjts...... | 4.13 | 4. 09 | 3.91 | 4.07 | 3.93 | 5. 50 |
    | Average number of persons in household not mem. bers of economic family | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0. 22 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 37 | 6 | 2 | 11 | 7 | 11 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers...---------- | 16 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
    | Other net rents. | 11 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family .........- | 16 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 0 |
    |  | 11 | 1 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 88 | 16 | 26 | 16 | 21 | 9 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 53 | 10 | 8 | 15 | 13 | 7 |
    |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family........- | 1.38 | 1. 10 | 1.08 | 1. 13 | 2.02 | 1. 73 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,285 | \$742 | \$1,031 | \$1,323 | \$1,637 | \$2,092 |
    |  | 1,251 | 734 | 999 | 1,279 | 1,588 | 2,053 |
    | Chief earner. | 1,137 | 703 | 970 | 1,150 | 1,504 | 1, 544 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 114 | 31 | 29 | 129 | 84 | 509 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,181 | 684 | 966 | 1,207 | 1,530 | 1,822 |
    | Under 16 years. | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1) | 1, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 70 | 50 | 33 | 72 | 58 | 231 |
    | Under 16 years. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers....-. --.-- | 11 | 4 | 3 | 32 | 5 | 16 |
    |  | 10 | (1) | 17 | 1 | 13 | 22 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 0 | (1) | (1) | 4 | 2 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | (1) 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family ......- | 7 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income.-...---.-.-.-....- | 6 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -1 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -2 | -1 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 101 | 37 | 88 | 95 | 132 | 189 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | assets and/or increase in liabilities) --..--.-.-- | 174 | 81 | 73 | 198 | 225 | 279 |
    | survey.........................-.........-.................... | -2 | -6 | +42 | -43 | -4 | -14 |
    |  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |  |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    NEW ORLEANS, LA.--NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$000 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19.-.-.-. | 46 | 29 | 17 |
    |  | 4.79 | 4.48 | 5.31 |
    | Number or households with- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Boarders only .-....-. | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Lodgers only. | 2 | 1 |  |
    | Other persons | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total-----.-. | 4.77 <br> 2.18 | 4.44 <br> 2.07 | 5.35 |
    | 16 years of age and over. | 2.59 | 2.37 | 2.97 |
    | Expenditure units.. | 4. 25 | 3.97 | 4.74 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners | 16 | 7 |  |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 2 | 1 | 1 |
    | Other net rents. | 1 | 0 |  |
    | Interest and dividends. | 1 | 1 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family |  | 2 | 0 |
    |  | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) ---- | , | 0 |  |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 22 | 8 | 14 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 16 | 14 |  |
    | Inheritance --...-.--- | 0 |  |  |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family | 1. 43 | 1. 27 | 1.70 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |
    | Net family income- | \$832 | \$680 | \$1,088 |
    | Earnings of individuals | 829 | 675 | 1,088 |
    | Chief earner--.---- | 729 | 640 35 | 877 |
    | Subsidiary earners.-....- | 100 | 35 | 905 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 738 | 640 | 905 |
    | Under 16 years... | 0 | 0 |  |
    | Females: 16 years and over.-. |  |  | 83 |
    |  | (1) 2 | (1) 2 | 0 2 |
    | Other net rents.......................... |  |  | (1) |
    | Interest and dividends. |  | (1) |  |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. |  |  |  |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 2 | 3 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income - .-.-.-.-.-.-.......-.........- | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses). | -1 | 0 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 83 | 96 | 75 |
    | Deficit per family having deflcit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 42 | 41 |  |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey......-- | +25 | +7 | +56 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ## 1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18. | 99 | 7 | 12 | 28 | 17 | 19 | 16 |
    | A verage number of persons in household.......- | 4. 49 | 3. 96 | 3. 92 | 4.47 | 4.94 | 3.94 | 5. 28 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers. | 15 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
    | Boarders only... | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
    | Lodgers only. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Other persons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage size of economic family in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons, total | 4. 33 | 3.82 | 3.95 | 4.36 | 3. 90 | 4.73 | 4.72 |
    | Under 16 years of age | 1. 93 | 1.82 | 1. 70 | 2.24 | 1. 35 | 2. 10 | 2.00 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 40 | 2. 00 | 2. 25 | 2.12 | 2.55 | 2. 63 | 2. 72 |
    |  | 3.91 | 3.37 | 3.31 | 3.87 | 3. 57 | 4.32 | 4.38 |
    | A verage number of persons in household not members of economic family. $\qquad$ | 0.22 | 0.14 | 0 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.63 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers....-- | 14 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
    | Other net rents. | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family -- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income...-....-.-...------- | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 6 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 58 | 6 | 5 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 11 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 40 | 1 | 7 | 13 | 4 | 10 | 5 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per famıly.- | 1. 09 | 1. 00 | 1.08 | 1.04 | 1.06 | 1. 16 | 1. 19 |
    | A verage amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,590 | \$785 | \$1, 071 | \$1,346 | \$1,626 | \$1,895 | \$2,348 |
    | Earnings of individuals. | 1, 439 | 761 | 1,069 | 1,321 | 1,581 | 1,856 | 2,186 |
    | Chief earner----- | 1, 519 | 761 | 1,065 | 1,321 | 1,570 | 1,811 | 2, 133 |
    | Subsidiary earners. | - 20 | 0 |  | 0 | , 11 | 1,45 | 53 |
    | Males: 16 years and over. | 1. 514 | 761 | 1, 069 | 1,273 | 1,571 | 1,827 | 2, 165 |
    | Under 16 years....... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over. | 25 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 10 | 29 | 21 |
    | Under 16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers..- | 22 | 27 | 0 | 18 | 6 | 29 | 52 |
    | Other net rents....-.-.-. | 15 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 38 | 8 | 23 |
    | Interest and dividends.. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
    | Other sources of income. | 14 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 87 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | -2 | -3 | 0 | -4 | -4 | 0 | (1) |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 151 | 32 | 98 | 129 | 120 | 168 | 293 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 224 | 361 | 148 | 227 | 223 | 308 | 131 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all families in survey | -2 | -24 | -46 | -41 | +39 | -83 | +161 |
    | Inheritance. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    ## 1 Less than $\$ 0.50$.

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19, by income level-Continued
    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & t o \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,109 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,500 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Composition of Household |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 | 106 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 18 | 12 | 7 | 8 |
    | Average number of persons in household..... | 4.88 | 4.54 | 4.18 | 4. 48 | 5.39 | 5.37 | 5.25 | 6.24 |
    | Number of households with- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Boarders and lodgers.. | 15 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
    | Boarders only | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
    | Lodgers only | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
    | Other persons | 13 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    |  | 4.63 | 4.42 | 4.08 | 4.37 | 4.98 | 4.78 | 5.15 | 5.72 |
    | Under 16 years of age. | 2.03 | 2.02 | 1.63 | 1.93 | 2.36 | 2.00 | 2.51 | 2.19 |
    | 16 years of age and over | 2. 60 | 2.40 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.62 | 2.78 | 2. 64 | 3. 53 |
    |  | 4.26 | 3.96 | 3.72 | 4.00 | 4. 64 | 4.44 | 4.45 | 5. 68 |
    | Average number of persons in household not members of economic family. $\qquad$ | 0.32 | 0.20 | 0.14 | 9.19 | 0.41 | 0.61 | 0.38 | 0.56 |
    | Earnings and Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Number of families having- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Earnings of subsidiary earners. | 34 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 5 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers...- | 28 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 |
    | Other net rents. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
    | Interest and dividends. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities .-......--- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    | Other sources of income....-----.-.---.-.-.- | 7 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 57 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 13 | 8 | 5 | 7 |
    | Deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) $\qquad$ | 48 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
    |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | A verage number of gainful workers per family. | 1.31 | 1.11 | 1.45 | 1.47 | 1. 29 | 1. 46 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
    | Average amount of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Net family income. | \$1,500 | \$782 | \$1,097 | \$1,352 | \$1,641 | \$1,923 | \$2, 274 | \$2,913 |
    |  | 1,452 | 760 | 1, 068 | 1,321 | 1,554 | 1,858 | 2, 213 | 2,852 |
    | Chief earner | 1,266 | 758 | 989 | 1,212 | 1,439 | 1,672 | 1, 731 | 1,858 |
    | Subsidiary earners | 186 | 2 | 79 | 109 | 115 | 186 | 1, 482 | 1,994 |
    | Males: 16 years and over | 1,300 | 758 | 987 | 1, 254 | 1,447 | 1,673 | 1,812 | 2,115 |
    | Under 16 years. | 1, 3 | 0 | 3 78 | 10 | 1, 0 | 1, 0 | - 0 | 2, 0 |
    | Females: 16 years and over | 149 | 2 | 78 | 57 | 107 | 185 | 401 | 737 |
    | Under 16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Net earnings from boarders and lodgers. | 29 | 13 | 25 | 15 | 48 | 53 | 29 | 32 |
    | Other net rents | 8 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 20 | 0 | 32 | 5 |
    | Interest and dividends...-..---.-.....-.-- | 8 | 0 | ${ }^{(1)} 0$ | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
    | Pensions and insurance annuities.......-- | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
    | Gifts from persons outside economic family | 6 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 14 | 5 | 0 | 11 |
    | Other sources of income. | 3 | 9 | (1) | 0 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
    | Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 0 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -2 |
    | Surplus per family having surplus (net increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) | 168 | 30 | 55 | 134 | 169 | 223 | 326 | 297 |
    | Deficit per family having deficit (net decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities) | 140 | 164 | 125 | 88 | 189 | 246 | 28 | 263 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities for all |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | +27 0 | -99 0 | -44 0 | +3 0 | +70 0 | +67 0 | +225 0 | +227 0 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level

    BALTIMORE, MD.-WHITE FAMILIES
    

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    BALTIMORE, MD.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Allies } \\ & \text { familien } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ \$ 500 \text { to }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18.... A verage family size- | 50 | 19 | 21 | 10 |
    |  | 5.12 | 4.59 | 5.27 | 5.80 |
    | Expenditure units. | 4.57 | 4.11 | 4.73 | 5. 09 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.-- | \$989 | \$753 | \$1,004 | \$1,404 |
    | Clothing. | $\begin{array}{r}359 \\ 84 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 284 | 354 | 511 |
    | Housing-- | 252 | 211 | 280 | ${ }_{268}$ |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 93 | 73 | 96 | 125 |
    | Other household operation. | 28 | 17 | 30 | 45 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 23 | 20 | 24 | 27 |
    | Transportation.- | 48 | 33 | 39 | 97 |
    | Personal care--- | 18 | 13 | 19 | 27 |
    |  | 46 | ${ }_{29}^{13}$ | 34 | 103 |
    | Education. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
    | Vocation. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
    | Community weliare | 8 | 6 | 8 | 11 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 6 | 1 | 3 |  |
    |  | (1) | (1) |  | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 36.3 | 37.7 | 35.2 | 36.4 |
    | Clothing. | 8.5 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 9.9 |
    | Housing | 25.5 | 28.0 | 27.8 | 19.1 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 8.9 |
    | Other household operation- | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
    | Transportation.--..... | 4.9 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 6.9 |
    | Recreation.. | 4.7 | 3.9 | 1.6 3.4 | 1.9 7.3 |
    | Education. | . 2 |  | . 2 | . 1 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
    | Community welfare-.----....... | . 8 | . 8 | 8 | . 8 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. |  | . 1 | . 3 | 1.5 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\substack{\text { fami- } \\ \text { lies }}}{ }$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | \$2,100 and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with thosestudied in 1918 | 117 | 14 | 19 | 35 | 24 | 20 | 5 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons --.-.-.--- | 4. 34 | 4.24 | 4.70 | 4. 24 | 4.32 | 4. 19 | 4.68 |
    |  | 3.97 | 3.87 | 4.21 | 3.84 | 3.99 | 3.88 | 4.41 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure forAll items | \$1,465 | \$806 | \$1, 101 | \$1,345 | \$1,736 | \$1,942 | \$2,328 |
    |  | - 474 | 311 | , 384 | +136 | +1, 560 | ${ }^{1} 1.886$ | ${ }^{281}$ |
    | Clothing | 168 | 81 | 142 | 141 | 197 | 213 | 388 |
    | Housing | 184 | 119 | 123 | 191 | 221 | 208 | 270 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 103 | 68 | 90 | 100 | 122 | 116 | 128 |
    | Other household operation. | 96 | 37 | 56 | 81 | 116 | 158 | 182 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 58 | 14 | 60 | 62 | 68 | 72 | 40 |
    | Transportation | 117 | 42 | 72 | 97 | 153 | 179 | 207 |
    | Personal care | 35 | 21 | 27 | 31 | 39 | 44 | 70 |
    | Medical care | 80 | 31 | 51 | 72 | 88 | 138 | 104 |
    | Recreation | 81 | 40 | 59 | 83 | 90 | 101 | 137 |
    | Education | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 17 | 28 |
    | Vocation--- | 7 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 14 | 16 |
    |  | 20 | 5 | 10 | 24 | 16 | 33 | 43 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 21 | 14 | 8 | 11 | 30 | 48 | 19 |
    | Other items.. | 11 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 18 | 15 | 15 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expendi-turefor- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.-------.---------------- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 32.3 | 38.6 | 34.9 | 32.4 | 32.3 | 30.1 | 29.3 |
    | Clothing | 11.4 | 10.1 | 12.9 | 10.5 | 11.4 | 11.0 | 16.7 |
    | Housing | 12.5 | 14.8 | 11.2 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 10.7 | 11.6 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.0 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 |
    | Other household operation. | 6. 6 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 7.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4. 0 | 1.7 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 1.7 |
    | Transportation.- | 8.0 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 8.9 |
    | Personal care. | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.0 |
    | Medical care | 5.5 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 7.1 | 4.5 |
    | Recreation | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.9 |
    | Education | . 7 | 1.0 | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 | . 9 | 1.2 |
    | Vocation. | . 5 | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 7 | . 7 |
    |  | 1.4 | . 6 | . 9 | 1.8 | . 9 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 1.4 | 1.7 | . 7 | . 8 | 1.7 | 2.5 | . 8 |
    |  | . 8 | 1. 4 | . 7 | .4 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 6 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    BIRMINGHAM, ALA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | - Item | All fam. ilies | Income level-Families with annual net income of |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500 \text { to }$ $\$ 600$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 A verage family size: | 47 | 10 | 30 | 7 |
    | Persons | 5.10 | 5.11 | 5.32 | 4. 16 |
    |  | 4.43 | 4.32 | 4. 64 | 3.67 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for - |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$747 | \$588 | \$744 | $\$ 993$ |
    | Food | 271 | 236 | 280 | 282 |
    |  | 108 | 67 | 108 | 168 |
    | Housing | 84 | 76 | 86 | 85 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 55 | 44 | 53 | 83 |
    | Other household operation. | 27 | 25 | 25 | 38 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 33 | 31 | 36 | 22 |
    | Transportation.------ | 40 | 18 | 31 | 121. |
    | Personal care. | 16 | 10 | 16 | 24 |
    | Medical care | 39 | 46 | 35 | 48 |
    | Recreation. | 40 | 19 | 38 | 78 |
    | Education | 4 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
    | Vocation | 3 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
    | Community welfare | 12 | 3 | 13 | 21 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 7 | 9 | 5 | 14 |
    | Other items.--.-.... | 8 | 1 | 10 | 11 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 36.3 | 40.1 | 37.7 | 28.4 |
    |  | 14.5 | 11.4 | 14.5 | 16.9 |
    | Housing. | 112 | 12.9 | 11.6 | 8.6 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 8.4 |
    |  | 3.6 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 |
    |  | 4.4 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 2.2 |
    |  | 5.4 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 11.3 |
    |  | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
    |  | 5.2 | 7.8 | 4. 7 | 4.8 |
    | Recreation. | 5.4 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 7.9 |
    |  | . 5 | . 3 | . 5 | . 6 |
    | Vocation. | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 1 |
    | Community welfare | 1.6 | . 5 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | . 9 | 1.5 | . 7 | 1.4 |
    |  | 1.1 | . 2 | 1.3 | 1.1 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    DALLAS, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { fami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level- <br> Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 157 | 15 | 28 | 40 | 36 | 31 | 7 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons- | 3. 98 | 3.78 | 4. 14 | 4. 16 | 3.83 | 3.85 | 3.99 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.56 | 3. 27 | 3. 58 | 3.79 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.71 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- | \$1,447 | \$776 | \$1,067 | \$1,369 | \$1,597 | \$1,887 | \$2, 116 |
    | Food. | - 468 | 318 | + 380 | \$1,343 | + 506 | - 566 | \$247 |
    | Clothing | 165 | 62 | 108 | 146 | 196 | 228 | 283 |
    | Housing | 201 | 163 | 170 | 194 | 202 | 273 | 132 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 88 | 48 | 80 | 89 | 100 | 93 | 117 |
    | Other household operation- | 71 | 25 | 42 | 60 | 78 | 110 | 130 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 88 | 40 | 57 | 109 | 106 | 89 | 90 |
    | Transportation | 150 | 46 | 82 | 149 | 171 | 198 | 326 |
    | Personal care | 31 | 13 | 24 | 26 | 38 | 42 | 43 |
    | Medical care | 59 | 22 | 37 | 51 | 65 | 94 | 87 |
    | Recreation | 68 | 29 | 46 | 56 | 62 | 108 | 165 |
    | Education. | 13 | 1 | (1) 5 | 11 | 19 | 19 | 26 |
    | Vocation--- | 3 | 1 | (1) | 3 | 5 | 5 | 7 |
    |  | 20 | 4 | 14 | 17 | 28 | 23 | 44 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 16 | 4 | 13 | 11 | 17 | 29 | 16 |
    | Other items. | 6 | (1) | 9 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 3 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 32.3 | 41.0 | 35.7 | 32.3 | 31.6 | 30.1 | 30.6 |
    | Clothing | 11.4 | 8.0 | 10.1 | 10.7 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 13.4 |
    | Housing | 13.9 | 21.1 | 16.0 | 14.2 | 12. 6 | 14.5 | 6.2 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 6.1 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 5.5 |
    | Other househoid operation. | 4.9 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4. 9 | 5.8 | 6.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 6.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
    | Transportation.-- | 10.4 | 5.9 | 7.7 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 15.5 |
    | Personal care. | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1. 9 | 2. 4 | 2. 2 | 2. 0 |
    | Medical care | 4. 1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 3. 7 | 4. 1 | 5.0 | 4. 1 |
    | Recreation | 4. 7 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3. 9 | 5.7 | 7.8 |
    | Education | . 9 | . 1 | . 5 | . 8 | 1. 2 | 1. 0 | 1. 2 |
    | Vocation | .2 | . 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | ${ }^{-3}$ |
    |  | 1. 4 | . 5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. <br> Other items | 1.1 .4 | $(3){ }^{5}$ | 1.2 .8 | .8 .3 | 1.1 .3 | 1.5 .5 | . 8 |

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued
    HOUSTON, TEX.-WHITE FAMILIES, OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level- <br> Families with annual net income of |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items | 147 | 31 | 41 | 33 | 32 | 10 |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons | $\begin{aligned} & 3.93 \\ & 3.56 \end{aligned}$ | 3.823.44 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.05 \\ & 3.59 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.72 \\ & 3.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.86 \\ & 3.52 \end{aligned}$ | 4. 654.38 |
    | Expenditure units |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items | \$1,582 | \$1,068 | \$1,410 | \$1,631 | \$1,975 | \$2, 447 |
    | Food.. |  | 367 | 432 | 448 | 542 | 622 |
    | Clothing | 160 | 94 | 142 | 175 | 189 | 296 |
    | Housing | 221 | 174 | 171 | 234 | 289 | 305 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 8073 | 65 | 74 | 83 | 92 | 107 |
    | Other household operation |  | 34 | 54 | 80 | 98 |  |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 92 | 60 | 103 | 104 | 103 | 71 |
    | Transportation. | 206 | 105 | 173 | 229 | 282 | 336 |
    | Personal care. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 46 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 91 \end{aligned}$ | 38 | 44 | 55190 |
    | Medical care. | 93 |  |  |  | 122 |  |
    | Recreation. | 908 | 61 | 78 | 84 | 117 | 157 |
    | Education |  | 33 | 6 | 10 | 78 | 25 |
    | Vocation. | 6620 |  | 2 | 6 |  |  |
    | Community welfare |  | 9 | 18 | 22 | 28 | 36 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 22 | 812 | 239 | 2015 | 35 | 20 |
    | Other items. |  |  |  |  | 19 | 37 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 29.0 | 34.4 | 30.7 | 27.5 | 27.4 | 25. 4 |
    | Clothing | 10.1 | 8.816.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.1 \\ & 12.2 \end{aligned}$ | 10.7 | 9.6 |  |
    | Housing |  |  |  | 14.4 | 14.6 | 12.5 |
    |  | 5.1 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
    | Other household operation. | 4. 6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 6.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment |  | 5.6 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 5.214.2 | 13.9 |
    | Transportation. | 13. 0 | 9.9 | 12. 3 | 14.0 |  |  |
    | Personal care. | 2.35.95. | 2.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.4 \\ 6.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 5.1 \end{aligned}$ | 2.2 | 2.2 |
    | Medical care. |  | 4. 3 |  |  | 6.2 |  |
    | Recreation. | 5. 7 | 5.7 | 5. 5 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
    | Education |  | . 3 | . 4 | . 6 | . 4 | 1.01.0 |
    | Vocation | .41.3 | -3 | . 1 |  | .4 |  |
    | Community welfare |  | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.4.9 | 1. 1.1 | 1.6.6 | 1.2 | 1.8 | .81.5 |
    | Other items. |  |  |  | . 9 | 1.0 |  |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    JACKSONVILLE, FLA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text {.ami- } \\ & \text { lies } \end{aligned}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 112 | 9 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 24 | 11 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons-.-.----- | 4.06 | 3.59 | 3.57 | 3.98 | 3.95 | 4.77 | 4.30 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3. 73 | 3.13 | 3. 26 | 3. 62 | 3. 64 | 4.40 | 4.13 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$1, 527 | \$805 | \$1,082 | \$1,353 | \$1, 621 | \$1,953 | \$2, 290 |
    | Food... | 489 | 320 | +1, 376 | + 4.45 | - 492 | 61, 633 | 622 |
    | Clothing | 158 | 81 | 103 | 128 | 170 | 218 | 238 |
    | Housing | 192 | 132 | 160 | 182 | 198 | 233 | 233 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 91 | 43 | 67 | 85 | 95 | 110 | 142 |
    | Other household operation. | 104 | 49 | 56 | 86 | 130 | 116 | 206 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 66 | 33 | 64 | 36 | 64 | 92 | 106 |
    | Transportation.- | 159 | 47 | 77 | 134 | 211 | 183 | 318 |
    | Personal care | 36 | 23 | 26 | 32 | 37 | 44 | 54 |
    | Medical care | 70 | 15 | 58 | 70 | 59 | 93 | 115 |
    | Recreation. | 95 | 54 | 68 | 100 | 103 | 93 | 165 |
    | Education | 10 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 11 | 18 | 10 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
    | Community welfare | 18 | 1 | 9 | 13 | 26 | 25 | 31 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 24 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 16 | 69 | 28 |
    |  | 12 | 1 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 24 | 18 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 32.0 | 39.8 | 34.7 | 33.2 | 30.4 | 32.4 | 27.1 |
    | Clothing | 10.3 | 10.1 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 10.4 |
    | Housing. | 12.5 | 16.4 | 14.7 | 13.4 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 10.2 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 6.0 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 6.2 |
    | Other household operation.. | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 9.0 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.3 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 4.6 |
    | Transportation.---.... | 10.4 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 9.9 | 13.0 | 9.4 | 13.9 |
    | Personal care.. | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2. 4 |
    | Medical care | 4.6 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
    | Recreation. | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 7.2 |
    | Education | . 7 | . 1 | . 3 | . 9 | . 7 | .9 | . 4 |
    | Vocation | . 2 | 0 | . 5 | . 2 | .1 | .1 | .2 |
    | Community welfare.-........-.........-. -- | 1.2 | 1 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 8 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
    | Other items.---- | . 8 | . 1 | . 5 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.2 | . 8 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    ## LOUISVILLE, KY.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Eapenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 | 113 | 15 | 28 | 36 | 16 | 12 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.....-.- | 4. 30 | 3.91 | 3.77 | 4.32 | 4.16 | 6. 01 | 4. 66 |
    | Expenditure units. | 3.85 | 3. 48 | 3. 35 | 4.84 | 3.73 | 5. 40 | 4.37 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$1,357 | \$822 | \$1,084 | \$1,321 | \$1, 589 | \$1,850 | \$2, 583 |
    | Food. | 507 | 325 | + 409 | \$1,325 | - 537 | -706 | - 833 |
    | Clothing | 141 | 70 | 86 | 154 | 146 | 203 | 354 |
    | Housing. | 187 | 118 | 172 | 175 | 228 | 242 | 278 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration --...........- | 92 | 65 | 81 | 98 | 95 | 114 | 133 |
    | Other household operation....-.-.-.-.-.--- | 44 | 18 | 38 | 45 | 51 | 58 | 83 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.--.-........... | 83 | 64 | 65 | 64 | 131 | 117 | 134 |
    | Transportation........... | 102 | 71 | 60 | 74 | 183 | 134 | 267 |
    | Personal care. | 28 | 16 | 22 | 29 | 30 | 39 | 49 |
    | Medical care | 59 | 21 | 59 | 55 | 56 | 97 | 118 |
    | Recreation | 67 | 40 | 52 | 63 | 75 | 91 | 158 |
    | Education. | 7 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 9 | 34 |
    | Vocation. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 12 |
    | Community welfare. | 17 | 6 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 23 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 20 | 3 | 19 | 10 | 32 | 13 | 108 |
    |  | (1) | 0 | (1) | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 37.4 | 39.5 | 37.7 | 39.7 | 33.8 | 38.2 | 32.2 |
    | Clothing | 10.4 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 11. 6 | 9.2 | 11.0 | 13.7 |
    |  | 13.8 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 13.2 | 14.4 | 13.1 | 10.8 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration..............- | 6.8 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 5.1 |
    | Other household operation | 3.2 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3. 2 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.-.-.-.-...--- | 6. 1 | 7.8 | 6. 0 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 5.2 |
    | Transportation | 7.5 | 8.6 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 11.5 | 7.3 | 10.3 |
    | Personal care. | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
    | Medical care. | 4.3 | 2.6 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 4.6 |
    | Recreation. | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 6.1 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 2 | .3 | . 7 | $\bigcirc 1$ | . 5 | 1.3 |
    | Vocation. | .2 | . 4 | .1 | . 2 | . 3 | . 2 | . 5 |
    | Community welfare-........................ | 1.3 | . 7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 9 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.5 | . 4 | 1.8 | (8) 8 | 2,0 | . 7 | 4.2 |
    | Other items.---------------------------------- | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |

    1 Less than \$0.50.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { fies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ to \$1,200 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,500 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,100 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 108 | 13 | 19 | 29 | 19 | 22 | 6 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 4.27 | 3.75 | 4.28 | 4.26 | 4.65 | 4.14 | 4.68 |
    | Expenditure units.-.-------------------------- | 3.87 | 3.28 | 3.87 | 3.91 | 4.14 | 3.77 | 4.38 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$1,435 | \$764 | \$1, 125 | \$1,413 | \$1, 613 | \$1,804 | \$2,088 |
    |  | +132 | 295 | ${ }^{+1,125}$ | ${ }^{\$ 1,416}$ | 510 | +1,804 | - 586 |
    | Clothing. | 158 | 79 | 115 | 156 | 184 | 211 | 196 |
    | Housing- | 202 | 113 | 180 | 187 | 225 | 261 | 255 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 113 | 73 | 91 | 119 | 132 | 117 | 167 |
    | Other household operation. | 82 | 24 | 47 | 75 | 99 | 111 | 190 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 76 | 31 | 68 | 95 | 60 | 96 | 91 |
    | Transportation.-..- | 127 | 47 | 104 | 92 | 156 | 206 | 164 |
    | Personal care. | 33 | 23 | 24 | 34 | 37 | 36 | 53 |
    | Medical care. | 91 | 38 | 72 | 117 | 82 | 98 | 151 |
    | Recreation. | 66 | 32 | 37 | 67 | 72 | 93 | 100 |
    | Education | 7 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 16 |
    | Vocation | 9 | 0 | 3 | 9 | 13 | 7 | 37 |
    | Community welfare............-...........- | 18 | 4 | 10 | 19 | 19 | 24 | 50 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | 17 | 3 | 13 | 17 | 13 | 31 | 32 |
    | Other items. | 4 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 30.1 | 38.6 | 31.3 | 29.5 | 31.7 | 27.2 | 28.0 |
    | Clothing | 11.0 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 9.4 |
    |  | 14. 1 | 14.8 | 16.0 | 13.3 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 12.2 |
    | Fuel, light and refrigeration..-............- | 7.9 | 9.6 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 6.5 | 8.0 |
    | Other household operation .-...-............ | 5.7 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 9.1 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...-...........- | 5.3 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 4.4 |
    | Transportation-.-.---.-. | 8.8 | 6. 2 | 9.2 | 6. 5 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 7.9 |
    | Personal care.- | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
    | Medical care. | 6.3 | 5.0 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 5. 1 | 5. 4 | 7.2 |
    | Recreation.- | 4.6 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 1 | . 3 | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 |
    | Vocation. | . 6 | 0 | .3 | . 6 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.8 |
    |  | 1.3 | . 5 | .9 | 1.3 | 1. 2 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.2 | .4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
    |  | . 3 | . 1 | . 5 | . 1 | . 2 | . 6 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    MEMPHIS, TENN.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All fami- | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\$ 600$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19 | 46 | 8 | 24 | 9 | 5 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons--.-.----- | 4. 71 | 4.50 | 4. 43 | 5.89 | 4. 26 |
    |  | 4.18 | 4.06 | 3.91 | 5.19 | 3.86 |
    | Average annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | \$853 | \$602 | \$783 | \$1,066 | \$1,230 |
    | Food. | 315 | 259 | 290 | 389 | 395 |
    | Clothing. | 100 | 57 | 86 | 148 | 155 |
    | Housing | 116 | 88 | 107 | 143 | 160 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 83 | 56 | 78 | 95 | 123 |
    | Other household operation... | 30 | 13 | 19 | 49 | 81 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 36 | 16 | 40 | 30 | 63 |
    | Transportation. | 47 | 27 | 43 | 58 | 76 |
    | Personal care. | 20 | 16 | 17 | 28 | 28 |
    | Medical care. | 32 | 21 | 27 | 50 | 45 |
    | Recreation | 38 | 31 | 30 | 53 | 59 |
    | Education | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
    | Vocation--..... | 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
    | Community welfare | 12 | 10 | 10 | 14 | 20 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 12 | 2 | 20 | 0 | 18 |
    |  | 7 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 37.0 | 43.0 | 37.0 | 36. 5 | 32.1 |
    | Clothing- | 11.7 | 9.4 | 11.0 | 13.9 | 12.6 |
    | Housing. | 13.6 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 13. 4 | 13.0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 9.7 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 10.0 |
    | Other household operation. | 3.5 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 4.6 | 6.6 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.2 | 2.7 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 5.1 |
    | Transportation..----- | 5. 5 | 4. 5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 6. 2 |
    | Personal care . . | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
    | Medical care | 3.8 | 3. 5 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 3.7 |
    | Recreation. | 4.5 | 5. 1 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 |
    | Education | . 5 | . 7 | . 5 | . 6 | . 3 |
    | Vocation | . 1 | . 3 | 0 | . 3 | . 2 |
    | Community weliare | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 1.4 | . 3 | 2. 6 | 0 | 1.5 |
    | Other items | . 8 | 0 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income letel-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual netincome of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900 \text { to }$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 1,800$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 89 | 17 | 12 | 24 | 17 | 19 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.--.--- | 4. 71 | 4.86 | 4.13 | 4.90 | 4. 42 | 4.98 |
    | Expenditure units | 4.29 | 4.28 | 3.85 | 4.42 | 4. 06 | 4.61 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- <br> All items | \$1,395 | \$770 | \$1,050 | \$1,397 |  |  |
    |  | +1, 449 | \$14 | +1,060 | $\$ 1,397$ 436 | \$1, 501 | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 1,997 \\ \hline 91\end{array}$ |
    | Clothing | 172 | 75 | 117 | 176 | 226 | 240 |
    | Housing | 173 | 93 | 115 | 161 | 206 | 268 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 99 | 61 | 85 | 107 | 102 | 132 |
    | Other household operation. | 82 | 33 | 54 | 77 | 84 | 148 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 62 | 23 | 23 | 97 | 86 | 50 |
    | Transportation........ | 129 | 60 | 103 | 117 | 132 | 218 |
    | Personal care | 32 | 19 | 25 | 28 | 37 | 48 |
    | Medical care. | 64 | 33 | 65 | 63 | 62 | 97 |
    | Recreation. | 74 | 39 | 58 | 79 | 97 | 88 |
    | Education. | 11 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 18 |
    | Vocation. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 11 |
    | Community welfare. | 20 | 8 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 34 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 12 | (1) | 5 | 6 | 15 | 31 |
    |  | 11 | 4 | 2 | 19 | 6 | 17 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 32.2 | 40.7 | 35.0 | 31. 2 | 31.5 | 29.5 |
    | Clothing | 12.3 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 12.0 |
    | Housing | 12.4 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 13.4 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.1 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 6.6 |
    | Other household operation. | 5.9 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 7.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 4.4 | 3. 0 | 2.2 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 2.8 |
    | Transportation...------ | 9.2 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 10.9 |
    | Personal care. | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2. 0 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
    | Medical care. | 4.6 | 4.3 | 6.2 | 4. 5 | 3.9 | 4.9 |
    | Recreation. | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 4.4 |
    | Education. | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | . 6 | . 7 | . 9 |
    | Vocation....... | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | +6 |
    | Community welfare...........-.-.-.......-. | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. | . 9 | (2) | . 5 | 4 | . 9 | 1.6 |
    | Other items.. | . 8 | . 5 | . 2 | 1.4 | . 4 | . 9 |

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    MOBILE, ALA.-NEQRO FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \text { to } \\ \$ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 900$ and $o$ ver |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19_..A verage family size: | 43 | 15 | 20 | 8 |
    | Persons | 4.51 | 3.97 | 4. 32 | 5.97 |
    |  | 4.06 | 3.57 | 3.90 | 5. 40 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.. | \$742 | \$572 | \$704 | \$1, 150 |
    | Food. | 288 | 230 | 270 | 442 |
    | Clothing | 83 | 52 | 91 | 123 |
    | Housing | 96 | 94 | 92 | 110 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 57 | 58 | 53 | 66 |
    | Other household operation.. | 26 | 19 | 22 | 48 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 33 | 17 | 34 | 61 |
    | Transportation. | 31 | 10 | 20 | 99 |
    | Personal care... | 18 | 13 | 17 | 26 |
    | Medical care. | 33 | 37 | 28 | 41 |
    | Recreation | 42 | 25 | 45 | 66 |
    | Education. | 5 | 3 | 4 | 10 |
    | Vocation | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
    |  | 11 | 7 | 10 | 19 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 14 | 3 | 14 | 34 |
    | Other items...... | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |
    | Allitems...- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 38.9 | 40.3 | 38.4 | 38.4 |
    | Clothing | 11. 2 | 9.1 | 12.9 | 10.7 |
    | Housing----. | 12.9 | 16.5 | 13.1 | 9.5 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 7.7 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 5. 7 |
    | Other household operation...- | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3. 1 | 4.2 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 4.4 | 3.0 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
    | Transportation....-...--...- | 4.2 | 1. 7 | 2.8 | 8.6 |
    | Personal care.... | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
    | Medical care.. | 4.4 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 3.6 |
    | Recreation.. | 5.7 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 5.7 |
    | Education. | . 7 | . 5 | . 6 | . 9 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | . 3 | 0 | .1 |
    |  | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.9 | . 5 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
    | Otheritems. | . 5 | . 3 | . 6 | . 3 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS. LA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 900$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | \$1,800 and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19. | 167 | 35 | 41 | 34 | 39 | 18 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons.-. | 4.54 | 4. 50 | 4.39 | 4.49 | 4.39 | 5.36 |
    | Expenditure units | 4.13 | 4.09 | 3.91 | 4.07 | 3.93 | 5. 50 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items... | \$1, 273 | \$697 | \$1,000 | \$1,329 | \$1, 665 | \$2,055 |
    | Food. | 474 | 319 | 417 | 480 | 546 | 743 |
    | Clothing | 129 | 57 | 81 | 139 | 183 | 244 |
    | Housing | 203 | 155 | 177 | 222 | 241 | 235 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 82 | 48 | 76 | 95 | 94 | 111 |
    | Other household operation. | 51 | 16 | 32 | 60 | 80 | 78 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 42 | 9 | 25 | 35 | 70 | 100 |
    | Transportation.- | 100 | 27 | 60 | 82 | 180 | 193 |
    | Personal care. | 29 | 16 | 23 | 31 | 38 | 45 |
    | Medical care. | 55 | 21 | 30 | 52 | 84 | 122 |
    | Recreation. | 68 | 23 | 54 | 82 | 95 | 103 |
    | Education. | 7 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 24 |
    | Vocation. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
    | Community welfare-...-.-.-.-. | 13 | 3 | 12 | 13 | 21 | 22 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. $\qquad$ | 14 | (1) | 8 | 16 | 22 | 28 |
    | Other items. ----------- | 2 | 0 | (1) | 6 | 2 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 1000 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 37.3 | 45.8 | 41.7 | ? 2.1 | 32.8 | 36.1 |
    | Clothing. | 10.1 | 8.2 | 81 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.9 |
    |  | 16.0 | 22.2 | 17.7 | 16.7 | 14.5 | 11.4 |
    |  | 6.4 | 69 | 76 | 7.1 | 5.6 | 5.4 |
    |  | 4.0 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
    | Furnishings and equipment--.-.-.-..................- | 3.3 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 |
    |  | 7.9 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 10.9 | 9.4 |
    |  | 23 | 23 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
    | Medical care. | 43 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 5. 0 | 5.9 |
    | Recreation. | 5.3 | 3.3 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5.0 |
    | Education. | . 5 | .3 | . 4 | . 7 | . 2 | 1.2 |
    | Vocation | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | . 5 | . 3 | . 3 |
    | Community welfare | 10 | . 4 | 12 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.1 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family <br> Other items. | 1.1 .2 | ${ }^{(2)} 0$ | (2) $^{.8}$ | 1.2 .5 | 1.3 .1 | (2) 1.4 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 0.50$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    NEW ORLEANS, LA.-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Itom | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of - |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to \$000 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918-19.......... | 46 | 29 | 17 |
    | Average family size | 4.77 | 4.44 | 6. 35 |
    |  | 4.25 | 3.97 | 4.74 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |
    | All items--.--- | \$815 | \$681 | \$1,046 |
    | Food.. |  |  |  |
    | Housing | 148 | 135 | 171 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 59 | 53 | 70 |
    | Other household operation. | 24 | 21 | 28 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 28 | 22 | 39 |
    | Transportation.... | 40 | 17 | 78 |
    | Personal care | 18 | 15 | 24 |
    | Medical care. | 37 | ${ }_{29}^{33}$ | 43 |
    | Recreation.... | ${ }^{36}$ | 19 1 | $\stackrel{38}{3}$ |
    | Vocation.-... | 2 | 1 | 3 |
    | Community welfare. | 9 | 7 | 13 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family -- | 9 | 5 | 16 |
    | Other items. | 2 | 1 |  |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food- | 39.1 | 412 | 36.6 |
    | Clothing.-. | 10.4 | 9.0 | 11.7 |
    | Housing-.... | 18.2 | 19.9 | 16.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration. | 7.3 | 7.8 | 6.7 |
    | Other household operation. | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 3.4 | 3.2 | 37 |
    | Transportation.-. | 4.9 | 2.5 | 7.5 |
    | Personal care...- | 2.2 | 2.2 | 23 |
    | Medical care. | 4.5 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
    | Recreation--- | 4.4 | 4.3 | 46 |
    | Education. | . 1 | ${ }^{1}$ | . 3 |
    | Commanity welfare | $\stackrel{.1}{2}$ | 1.1 | ${ }^{1}$ |
    |  | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
    |  | . 2 | .1 | . 5 |

    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.-WHITE FAMIIIES

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { fami- } \\ \text { lies } \end{gathered}$ | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$600 to | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,100$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Groups of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18. | 99 | 7 | 12 | 28 | 17 | 19 | 16 |
    | A verage family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons | 4.33 | 3. 82 | 3.95 | 4. 36 | 3.90 | 4.73 | 4.72 |
    | Expenditure units | 3.91 | 3.37 | 3.51 | 3.87 | 3.57 | 4.32 | 4.38 |
    | Average annual current expenditure forAll items | \$1,591 | \$820 | \$1, 116 | \$1,392 |  | \$1,971 |  |
    | Food | - 51,538 | 303 | +1,434 | +1,315 | +1, 523 | ${ }^{1}, 615$ | \$2, 683 |
    | Clothing | 159 | 74 | 87 | 145 | 160 | 215 | 209 |
    | Housing. | 226 | 155 | 152 | 210 | 250 | 250 | 283 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 125 | 71 | 89 | 127 | 128 | 144 | 149 |
    | Other household operation. | 69 | 23 | 45 | 43 | 67 | 100 | 117 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 87 | 24 | 55 | 86 | 84 | 111 | 112 |
    | Transportation.-..... | 128 | 34 | 82 | 76 | 146 | 182 | 214 |
    | Personal care | 28 | 16 | 24 | 23 | 28 | 36 | 39 |
    | Medical care. | 67 | 24 | 44 | 53 | 55 | 103 | 100 |
    | Recreation | 91 | 60 | 80 | 77 | 76 | 109 | 134 |
    | Education | 9 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 11 | 24 |
    | Vocation | 3 | (1) | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 12 |
    | Community welfare | 30 | 6 | 8 | 15 | 40 | 49 | 49 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family $\qquad$ | 21 | 7 | 13 | 12 | 19 | 21 | 52 |
    | Other items. | 10 | 20 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 22 | (1) |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food. | 33.8 | 37.0 | 38.9 | 37.0 | 32.7 | 31.2 | 31.3 |
    | Clothing | 10.0 | 9.0 | 7.8 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 10.9 | 9.6 |
    | Housing | 14.2 | 18.9 | 13.6 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 12.7 | 13.0 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 7.9 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 6.8 |
    | Other household operation. | 4. 3 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 3. 1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 5.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.--...------- | 5.5 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 6. 2 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.1 |
    | Transportation......... | 8.0 | 4.1 | 7.3 | 5.5 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.8 |
    | Personal care.. | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
    | Medical care. | 4. 2 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 5.2 | 4.6 |
    | Recreation. | 5.7 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 |
    | Education | . 6 | . 4 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 | 1.1 |
    | Vocation. | . 2 | (2) | 0 | .1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 6 |
    | Community welfare | 1.9 | . 7 | . 7 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family. $\qquad$ | 1.3 | . 9 | 1.2 | . 9 | 1. 2 | 1. 1 | 2. 4 |
    |  | . 6 | 2.4 | . 2 | .2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | (2) |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-19 for groups of items, by income level-Continued

    RICHMOND, VA.-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Itam | All families | Income level-Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | \$500 to | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 2,500$ and over |
    | Expenditures for Growps of Items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Families of types comparable with those studied in 1918 | 106 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 18 | 12 | - 7 | 8 |
    | Average family size: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | Persons........ | 4.63 | 4.42 | 4.08 | 4. 37 | 4.98 | 4.78 | 5.15 | 5. 72 |
    |  | 4.26 | 3.96 | 3.72 | 4.00 | 4.64 | 4.44 | 4.45 | 5. 68 |
    | A verage annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | All items.-------------- | \$1,479 | \$894 | \$1, 162 | \$1,364 | \$1, 587 | \$1,856 | \$2,066 | \$2, 592 |
    | Food. | , 478 | 337 | , 381 | ${ }^{4} 44$ | 506 | + 591 | 610 | 7 782 |
    | Clothing | 164 | 63 | 113 | 138 | 157 | 230 | 243 | 430 |
    | Housing. | 230 | 160 | 200 | 233 | 260 | 236 | 299 | 320 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration.....- | 120 | 87 | 101 | 116 | 131 | 144 | 130 | 178 |
    | Other household operation....--- | 63 | 26 | 47 | 56 | 63 | 79 | 113 | 139 |
    | Furnishings and equipment...--- | 62 | 28 | 60 | 60 | 67 | 68 | 88 | 101 |
    | Transportation..........-...-.-.-.-- | 115 | 75 | 70 | 84 | 141 | 199 | 206 | 144 |
    | Personal care. | 31 | 16 | 21 | 29 | 32 | 43 | 52 | 62 |
    | Medical care. | 84 | 39 | 88 | 95 | 76 | 88 | 114 | 132 |
    | Recreation. | 71 | 45 | 52 | 56 | 76 | 86 | 131 | 137 |
    | Education. | 6 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 16 |
    | Vocation. | 2 | 2 | (2) | 0 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
    | Community welfare. | 20 | 4 | 11 | 23 | 22 | 25 | 33 | 52 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic fam- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | ily | 23 | 5 | 9 | 27 | 29 | 8 | 39 | 89 |
    | Other items. | 10 | 3 | 1 | (1) | 15 | 52 | 2 | 8 |
    | Percentage of total annual current expenditure for- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
    | Food | 32.3 | 37.8 | 32.8 | 32.5 | 31.8 | 31.9 | 29.5 | 30.1 |
    | Clothing | 11.0 | 7.0 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 16.6 |
    | Housing. | 15.5 | 18.0 | 17.2 | 17.1 | 16.4 | 12.7 | 14.4 | 12.3 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 8.1 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 6. 3 | 6.9 |
    | Other household operation.--.--- | 4.3 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 4. 1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 5.4 |
    | Furnishings and equipment.----- | 4.2 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 3.9 |
    | Transportation --.-.--------------- | 7.8 | 8.4 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 8.9 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 5.6 |
    | Personal care. | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
    | Medical care | 5.7 | 4.4 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
    | Recreation | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 5.3 |
    | Education | . 4 | . 4 | (2) 7 | . 2 | . 5 | .2 | . 3 | . 6 |
    | Vocation. | . 1 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 0 | .3 | . 2 | 0 | . 1 |
    |  | 1.4 | .4 | . 9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
    | Gifts and contributions to persons outside the economic family | 1.6 | . 6 | . 8 | 2.0 | 1.8 | . 4 | 1.9 | 3. 4 |
    | Other items... | . 7 | .3 | . 1 | (2) | . 9 | 2.8 | . 1 | . 3 |

    1 Less than $\$ 0.50$
    ${ }^{2}$ Less than 0.05 percent.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.

    Table 24－A．－Coefficients of variation ${ }^{1}$ of money disbursements
    12 CITIES IN THE SOUTH－WHITE FAMILIES

    | Item |  | 思 易 克 邑 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咢 } \\ & \text { An } \end{aligned}$ | E 句 品 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & \text { 爰 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ＇00 |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | All expenditure items． | 35 | 39 | 35 | 34 | 36 | 39 | 34 | 33 | 43 | 41 | 32 | 41 |
    | Food． | 36 | 39 | ${ }^{31}$ | 33 | 38 | 31 | 36 | 32 | 41 | 36 | 31 | 42 |
    | Housing ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 36 | 56 | 37 | 37 | 38 | 38 | 39 | 35 | 58 | 46 | 34 | 48 |
    | Other household operation．．．． | 97 | 79 | 69 | 72 | ${ }^{66}$ | 67 | 65 | 69 | 91 | 98 | 85 | 80 |
    | Furnishings and equipment．．．． | 166 | 157 | 143 | 120 | 128 | 139 | 116 | 121 | 156 | 178 | 139 | 141 |
    | Clothing | 71 | 54 | ${ }^{66}$ | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 59 | 67 | 62 | 54 | 53 | 62 | 58 | 64 |
    | Recreation | 66 | 68 | 82 | 79 | 69 | 82 | 82 | 71 | 74 | 78 | ${ }^{66}$ | 69 |
    | Transportation． | 126 | 115 | 121 | 101 | 119 | 114 | 140 | 127 | 120 | 130 | 118 | 131 |
    | Personal care | 55 | 54 | 65 | 50 | 52 | 57 | 47 | 62 | ${ }^{60}$ | 61 | 58 | 56 |
    | Medical care | 149 | 120 | 128 | 133 | 111 | 117 | 121 | 134 | 105 | 132 | 122 | 118 |
    | Gifts and contributions | 225 | 192 | 167 | 153 | ${ }^{236}$ | ${ }^{236}$ | 287 | 167 | 229 | 202 | 178 | 176 |
    | All other items． | 132 | 137 | 148 | 128 | 112 | 155 | 168 | 101 | 110 | 172 | 129 | 186 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities： <br> For families having net surplus．－ | 99 | 105 | 99 | 110 | 111 | 95 | 102 | 95 | 108 | 100 | 97 | 99 |
    | For families having net deficit．．． | 114 | 133 | 98 | 106 | 97 | 90 | 104 | 121 | 107 | 132 | 106 | 160 |

    ${ }^{1}$ Computed by dividing the standard deviation by the mean expenditureand multiplying by 100. Standard deviations were computed by taking the square root of the sum of the squares of the deviation of each observation from the mean divided by the number of cases less 1 ．
    ${ }^{2}$ Including fuel，light，and refrigeration．
    Notes on this table are in appendix A，p． 647.
    Table 24－B．－Coefficients of variation ${ }^{1}$ of expenditure items at successive income levels

    HOUSTON－WHITE FAMILIES OTHER THAN MEXICAN

    | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { All fam- } \\ \text { ilies } \end{gathered}$ | Families with annual net income of－ |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 900 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ |
    | All expenditure items． | 34 | 22 | 20 | 25 | 17 | 17 | 19 |
    | Food | 33 | 25 | 27 | 27 | 21 | 24 | 21 |
    | Housing ${ }^{2}$－ | 37 | 37 | 22 | 36 | 33 | 31 | 42 |
    | Other bousehold operstion． | 72 | 71 | 48 | 68 | 58 | 51 | 48 |
    | Furnishings and equipment | 120 | 102 | 124 | 119 | 122 | 99 | 115 |
    | Clothing | 62 | 96 | 43 | 47 | 37 | 34 | 47 |
    | Recreation | 79 | 81 | 70 | 107 | 47 | 53 | 49 |
    | Transportation | 101 | 53 | 145 | 119 | 73 | 79 | 118 |
    | Personal care． | 50 | 58 | 29 | 41 | 37 | 40 | 33 |
    | Medical care． | 133 | 137 | 139 | 149 | 94 | 131 | 110 |
    | Net change in assets and liabilities： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | For families having net surplus | 110 | 78 | 66 | 107 | 89 | 82 | 81 |
    | For families having net deficit． | 106 | 88 | 113 | 122 | 69 | 97 | 105 |

    Table 24-C.-Coefficients of variation ${ }^{1}$ of expenditure items at successive income levels

    NORFOLK-WHITE FAMILIES
    
    ${ }^{1}$ Computed by dividing the standard deviation by the mean expenditure and multiplying by 100. Standard deviations were computed by taking the square root of the sum of the squares of the deviation of each observation from the mean divided by the number of cases less 1.
    ${ }^{2}$ Including fuel, light, and refrigeration.
    ${ }^{3} 1$ family only.
    Notes on this table are in appendix A, p. 647.
    Table 24-D.-Coefficients of variation ${ }^{1}$ of expenditure items at successive income levels

    NORFOLK-NEGRO FAMILIES

    | Item | $\underset{\text { All }}{\text { families }}$ | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  |  | $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \text { to } \\ \$ 900 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 900 \text { to } \\ & \$ 1,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,200 \text { to } \\ \$ 1,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
    | All expenditure items. | 33 | 16 | 18 | 11 | 11 | 26 |
    | Food. | 34 | 25 | 23 | 23 | 32 | 18 |
    | Housing | 46 | 53 | 14 | 35 | 58 | 73 |
    | Fuel, light, and refrigeration | 42 | 54 | 46 | 29 | 27 | 19 |
    | Other household operation. | 80 | 41 | 63 | 45 | 63 | 45 |
    | Furnishings and equipment. | 168 | 228 | 182 | 166 | 117 | 136 |
    | Clothing. | 75 | 89 | 60 | 48 | 52 | 51 |
    | Recreation. | 82 | 83 | 94 | 61 | 69 | 51 |
    | Transportation. | 126 | 156 | 177 | 92 | 88 | 38 |
    | Personal care.. | 69 | 47 | 49 | 43 | 78 | 36 |
    | Medical care. | 111 | 112 | 130 | 88 | 91 | 67 |

    Table 25.-Expenditures for groups of items estimated from regression eqaution ${ }^{1}$ BaLTIMORE-WHITE FAMILIES

    | Expenditure item | Families with annual net income of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    |  | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 600 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \$ 9000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 900 \\ \$ 10 \\ \$ 1,200 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,200 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 0 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,500 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 1,800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1,800 \\ \text { to } \\ \$ 2,100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,100 \\ \mathbf{t o} \\ \$ 2,400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,400 \\ \mathbf{t o p} \\ \$ 2,700 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,700 \\ & \mathbf{t o} \\ & \$ 3,000 \end{aligned}$ |
    | All items. | \$814 | \$1,049 | \$1,306 | \$1,574 | \$1,850 | \$2,131 | \$2,416 | \$2,704 |
    | Food. | 321 | 382 | 461 | 549 | 643 | 740 | 841 | 945 |
    | Housing | 263 | 297 | 327 | 354 | 379 | 404 | 428 | 451 |
    | Clothing ---- | ${ }^{56}$ | 93 | 133 | 174 | 216 | 258 | 301 | ${ }^{344}$ |
    | Transportation.- | 31 | 68 | 105 | 142 | 179 | 215 | 252 | 289 |
    | Recreation-1-....... | 40 | 54 | ${ }_{39}^{69}$ | 88 | 100 | 116 | 132 | 148 |
    | Medical care | ${ }_{23}^{36}$ | 39 31 | 39 41 | 58 <br> 58 | 83 64 | 112 | 145 89 | 180 |
    | Personal care | 15 | 20 | 24 | 29 | 35 | 40 | 46 | 51 |
    | Furniture. | 15 | 45 | 63 | 74 | 81 | 85 | 86 | 87 |
    | Gifts.-...- | 20 | 28 | 34 | 39 | 44 | 48 | 52 | 56 |
    | Miscellaneous items. | , | 17 | 26 | 34 | 42 | 50 | 58 | 66 |

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    ## Part V.-Appendixes

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    ## Appendix A

    ## Notes on Tabular Summary

    ## General.

    Economic family.-An "economic family" as defined for this study consists of two or more persons living together and sharing their economic resources. In most cases, the members of an economic family are related by ties of blood, marriage, or adoption, but in some cases, an unrelated member was found to share income and family living. Persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption were not treated as members of the economic family if they lived as boarders and kept their funds separate from family funds, unless they gave a complete record of their incomes and expenditures. Persons who were members of the economic family for an entire year were not necessarily members of the household for the year. A member supported by the family in school, college, or hospital for all or part of the year, or a member working away from home for part of the year, sharing his income with the family for that period and able to report all his expenses for that period would be treated as a member of the economic family but not of the household for the entire year. In computing the number of persons who were part of the economic family for a year, the number of weeks each member had shared his income with the family was listed, the numbers summed, and the total divided by 52 . This procedure yielded the number of equivalent persons who had made up the family for 1 year.

    Household.-The household has been defined to include the members of the economic family living together in one dwelling, plus roomers and guests sleeping in the family dwelling, plus boarders and guests eating with the family. The number of persons in the household was computed by adding the number of weeks each member of the family had been part of the family's housekeeping establishment, the number of weeks each boarder, lodger, and guest had been with them, and dividing the total by 52 in order to secure the number of equivalent persons making up the household for 1 year.

    Net family income or net money income.-Net family income has been defined to mean the sum of earnings (including net receipts from boarders and lodgers), net rent, interest, dividends, gifts, pensions, insurance annuities received during the schedule year, minus business losses and expenses. The money value of income received in kind, whether from services of the housewife, use of owned home, or from other sources, has not been included in computing income in this
    investigation. No funds received as a result of the depletion of assets have been treated as income. Similarly, inheritances have not been regarded as income.

    Current expenditures.-Throughout the report the term "current expenditures" is used to mean expenditures for ultimate consumer goods, including relatively durable consumption goods. Interest on money borrowed for family use has been included in such expenditures, but savings and investments have not. The time and funds available for the investigation bave not made possible the presentation of separate totals distinguishing expenditures for the more slowly consumed, as distinguished from quickly consumed goods. Indeed, the data on depreciation rates for relatively durable consumer goods are so fragmentary that it would be extremely difficult to do so. Expenditures for such durable goods as automobiles, mechanical refrigerators, and other furnishings and equipment have been classified with expenditures for food and carfare and other quickly consumed goods as "current expenditures," while money spent for permanent improvements on owned homes and other real estate or as payment on the principal of mortgages has been classified as savings. The total cost of consumer goods purchased on credit was included in current expenditures and the amount of the obligations outstanding at the end of the year was taken into account when computing changes in liabilities over the 12 -month period. Money paid out for life-insurance premiums has been classified as savings.

    The total obligations incurred in the year covered by the schedule for consumers' goods purchased on credit was included in current expenditures and the amount of the obligation outstanding at the end of the year was taken into account when computing changes in liabilities over the 12 -month period. For example, the total amount incurred for an item purchased on the installment plan (original price plus carrying charges) is entered as the amount of the expenditure, though the amount paid in the schedule year may be considerably less than the total contracted for; and the total amount of rent, taxes, etc., falling due in a year are entered as though paid, though they have been paid in part or not at all. The unpaid balances owing at the end of the schedule year on debts contracted during the schedule year are entered as increases in debts on table 4. Amounts paid during the schedule year on goods purchased on the installment plan before the beginning of that year are treated as savings. (See "Surplus," p. 633; "Payment of debts to: Firms selling on installment plan," p. 637; and "Increase in debts: Payable to firms selling on installment plan," p. 638.)

    Expenditures as entered on tables are purchase price less trade-in allowance, in cases where such trade-in allowances were made, for example, automobile and furniture purchases.

    Surplus or deficit.-Surplus or deficit represents the difference between current income and current expenditures. Since the figures on both these amounts as secured by the schedule method are subject to an undetermined error of estimate (see "Balancing difference," p. 634), the surplus and deficit data were obtained by asking in detail changes in individual asset and liability items over the schedule year. Net surplus or net deficit was computed as the net difference between the funds received during the sshedule year not used for current expenditures and the funds made available for family use from sources other than money income (table 4 ; see also p. 18 of schedule facsimile, p. 684). It should be noticed that the emphasis is placed on net rather than gross figures for changes in assets and liabilities. That is, for an individual family, only net entries were made for an individual transaction such as a trade of property involving a net payment of $\$ 500$. Thus, the net change item is more significant than the absolute amount either of increase or decrease in assets or increase or decrease in liabilities.

    Surplus.-Surplus, savings, and investment are terms used to mean net decrease in liabilities and/or increase in assets. This figure appears as the net change in assets and liabilities (when the total increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities is greater than the total decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities). Money paid on the principal of real estate mortgages or spent for permanent improvements to real estate (such as the addition of a room to a house) has been treated as an increase in assets and hence as investment, as has also money spent for the purchase of stocks and bonds, building and loan shares, and other forms of permanent assets. Money used, for example, for the payment of installment obligations for an automobile purchased prior to the schedule year, is treated as decrease in liabilities and hence as a part of savings. Thus, money used for decreasing the liabilities of a preceding year, as well as that used to increase assets, has been treated as savings.

    Deficit.-Deficit (or negative savings) is the term used to mean ner increase in liabilities and/or net decrease in assets. This figure appears as the net change in assets and liabilities (when the total decrease in assets and/or increase in liabilities is greater than total increase in assets and/or decrease in liabilities) and is shown in tables 2, 5, 19, and 22 of the Tabular Summary. Money received through the sale of property, from the settlement or surrender of life insurance or endowment policies, and repayments by others of the loans made to them have been treated as money resulting from decreases in assets or changes in their form and thus may form part of deficits or negative savings, but not of money income. Money borrowed either directly or as book credit is a form of increase in liabilities and hence may
    comprise a part of deficits or negative saving but is definitely not a part of money income.

    Inheritance.-Money received by inheritance, essentially a windfall, cannot be treated as income because it is nonrecurring, nor as investment, because it may be spent during the year, nor can it be regarded as a decrease in assets in the same sense as withdrawal of savings or sale of property. Inheritance has, therefore, been treated as an independent item, forming a part of total receipts and coordinate with but not a part of current income and net change in assets and liabilities. It is shown in tables $2,4,5,19$, and 22 . It includes only cash inheritances received during the schedule year. Inheritances of property not sold during the schedule year are not recorded.

    Total money receipts.-The term "total money receipts" has been used to describe total money income plus deficits or net negative savings wherever they occur, plus money received through inheritance. This item is not shown as such in the Tabular Summary but it may be computed by adding for any desired group of families the following items: annual money income, net changes in assets and liabilities where the sign of the net change is minus (-), and inheritance.

    Total money disbursements.-The term "total money disbursements" has been used to describe total current expenditures plus surpluses or net savings or investment wherever they occur. This item is not shown as such in the Tabular Summary but it may be computed by adding for any desired group of families the following items: annual current expenditure and net change in assets and liabilities where the sign of the net change is plus ( + ).

    Balancing difference.-The difference between total disbursements and total receipts on any schedule was the balancing difference, and represented discrepancies due to inability of families to recall to the last penny every financial transaction of the year. No schedule was accepted in which this difference was greater than 5 percent of the larger figure.

    Schedule year.-All data shown in the tables are for a 12 -month period unless otherwise specified. The data secured from each family apply to the schedule year prior to the visit of the field investigator, ending with any one of four specified quarters: the winter quarter ending February 28, the spring quarter ending May 31, the summer quarter ending August 31, and the fall quarter ending November 30. For the purposes of the revision of the cost of living index, it was desired to secure material on seasonal variations in expenditures, and on this account data on purchases in different quarters were obtained for food, clothing, fuel and light, furniture and furnishings, automobiles and motorcycles, movies, and certain other items.

    Averages based on all families.-All averages unless otherwise specified in the table are computed by dividing the appropriate aggregate
    by the total number of families in the group to which the aggregate applies and not by the smaller number of families in that group actually making the expenditure for or having the indicated item. The average expenditure per family purchasing a given item may be readily computed by multiplying the average for all families in the group by the number of families in the group to obtain the aggregate expenditure and dividing this figure by the number of families purchasing.

    Sales tax.-See appendix A, page 649, for method of handling sales tax.

    ## Notes on individual tables.

    Note.-For each table except 21, 22, 23, 24-A, and 25 comparable data for Negro and for Mexican families appear immediately following those for other white families. There are also no Negro data comparable to those for the other two groups given in tables 24-B and 24-C.

    Table 1.-Distribution of families, by economic level and income level
    Families have been classified by economic level according to the amount of current expenditures per expenditure unit, a measure which takes into account total family expenditure and family size and composition. The explanation of this measure and its use will be found on page 688.

    Families have been classified by income level according to the net family income, i. e., total family income minus nonfamily losses and business expense.

    ## Table 2.-Description of families studied, by economic level

    (See also tables 5, 19, and 22 for the same data by other classifications)
    For tabulation the classification of occupations was made on the basis of the Works Progress Administration occupational classification. See appendix D, page 658.

    The homemaker is the person reporting herself responsible for the management of the household, or in the case of two-generation families, the wife of the "head of the family."

    Household and economic family are defined on page 631. In this table, a person in the household or economic family for less than a year is treated as the appropriate decimal equivalent of a person.

    The equivalent number of persons in the household is computed by adding the total number of weeks spent in the household by each member of the household, and dividing the resulting aggregate by 52 (the number of weeks in a year). Number of equivalent persons in other categories listed in the table are computed in the same manner.

    Earnings.-Earnings include wages, salaries, tips, industrial bonuses, and commissions. Amounts deducted by employers for pensions, insurance, annuities, etc., are included in earnings, and also entered in table 4 as payment of premiums for insurance policies. If a worker, as for example, in the building trades, pays a helper, the workers' earnings are entered as net, i. e., the pay to the helper is deducted.

    Net earnings from boarders and lodgers are gross payments for board and lodging minus the calculated cost of food for boarders. The cost of boarders' food is computed by dividing each family's annual food expenditure by the number of food-expenditure units for all the persons eating in the household; the resulting
    food expenditure per food-expenditure unit is then multiplied by the number of food-expenditure units for boarders.

    Other net rents are gross rents received from tenants less current expenditures paid out by the scheduled family in connection with the rented property.

    Pensions and insurance annuities include veterans' pensions, pensions from employers, compensation received under workmen's compensation laws, unemployment benefits from trade-unions, etc., income from annuities purchased, and benefits from sickness, accident, theft, and fire insurance.

    Gifts include money received from persons not members of the economic family. Such persons include persons members of the natural but not the economic family.

    Other sources of income include net receipt from sale of home produce, winnings from gambling, court settlements, payment for child support, rebates, and dividend checks received on purchases bought through cooperative organizations, etc. In those cases in which a worker away from home received a cash subsistence allowance, the allowance was entered as other money income and the expenditures for meals, lodging, etc., were included in the proper expenditure tables. This case would be distinguished from that in which a salesman, for example, received an allowance for mileage; in such a case the travel expenditure was considered business expense and no entry was made either for expenditure or corresponding income with the exception that net gains on such an account are entered as other money income.

    Deductions from income (business losses and expenses) includes nonfamily losses, i. e., net losses on rented property (current expenditures for property minus gross rents received) and current expenditures on any unrented real estate other than own home, etc., and net losses on traveling or subsistence allowances, and any other business expenses.
    Nonbusiness losses, i. e., family losses, are not deducted from income but are treated as other family expenditures in table 16. For example, contents of a purse lost, or bail forfeited which had been posted for a friend, are treated as miscellaneous family expenditure.

    Surplus or deficit.-See page 633.
    Inheritance.-See page 634.
    The number of gainful workers per family is the total number of persons gainfully employed at any time during the year. Each person is counted as one regardless of the length of his employment. The definition differs from that of the "gainfully occupied" as used by the census in that a person continuously unemployed throughout the year is not counted as a gainful worker. On the other hand a person is so counted even if his earnings were occasional and he does not necessarily regard himself as regularly in the labor market.

    The chief earner is the member with the largest money earnings.

    ## Table 3.-Expenditures for groups of items, by economic level

    (See tables 6, 20, and 23 for same data by other classifications)
    For the items included in each group of expenditures see table 8, Food; table 17 Clothing; table 10, Housing; table 11, Fuel, light, and refrigeration; table 12, Other household operation; table 18, Furnishings and equipment; table 13, Automobile and motorcycle purchase, operation, and maintenance, and other transportation; table 14, Personal care, medical care; table 15, Recreation; table 16, Education, vocation, community welfare, gifts, and contributions to persons outside economic family and other items.

    Housing includes water, fuel, light, and refrigeration for families not making payment for these items separately from rent. (See tables 11 and 12.)

    Percentages are based on rounded dollar averages.

    Table 4.-Disposition of money received during the schedule year not used for current family expenditure and funds made available for family use from sources other than family income, by economic level

    In these tables only the cash or credit changes in assets or liabilities as shown in transactions during the schedule year are entered. That is, purchase of a share of stock is entered as "Increase in assets: Investment in: Stocks and bonds," but increase in the value of a share owned but not sold during the year is not recorded.

    For each individual family only the net amount of the change in any individual item, where the items correspond in the two tables, is entered on the schedule. For instance, if a family deposits $\$ 200$ in a savings account during the year and withdraws $\$ 250$, an entry of $\$ 50$ is made under "Decrease in assets: Reduction in cash: In savings account," and no entry is made under "Increase in assets: Increase in cash: In savings account." The aggregate upon which the average for the item "Decrease in assets: Reduction in cash: In savings account," in table 4 is based is then the sum of the net reductions of savings account balances of all families having net reductions in their savings account balances. Similarly, the aggregate upon which the average for the item "Increase in assets: Increase in cash: In savings account" is based is the sum of the net increase in savings account balances of all families having net increases in their savings account balances.

    A transaction affecting two different items, such as the payment of a mortgage and the receipt of a loan with which to make the payment, is generally not entered as a single net amount, but the total amounts of both the payment and the loan are entered separately.

    It should be noted that not all items in the two sections of the table correspond. Payments of premiums of insurance policies are listed under "Average amount of funds disposed in: Increase in assets." The corresponding item, receipts in the form of annuities, is not listed under "Average amount of funds received from: Decrease in assets," but is entered in tables 2, 5, and 22 under "Receipts." Money from the sale of goods and chattels is entered in table 4, but purchases of goods and chattels are entered in the appropriate expenditure tables. Money from inheritances is entered in table 4, but contrasting payments by the family scheduled (bequests to nonmembers) are listed under current expenditures as Gifts and contributions (table 16).

    Investment in: Improvement in own home includes permanent improvements such as the addition of a porch or room, or installation of wiring for electricity. Repairs and replacements are not considered improvements, and are entered in table 10 as current housing expenditures.

    Investment in: Other real estate including real estate mortgages inciudes both improvements made on and purchase of real estate other than owned home. This item also includes purchase by the scheduled family of real estate mortgages.

    Payment of premiums for insurance policies includes amounts deducted from wages for company insurance; trade-union dues when these entitled the payer to nnsurance benefits; payments to other organizations when they entitled the payer to insurance benefits; payments for combined life and sickness and disability in surance when the amounts assignable to sickness and disability insurance are considered the smaller part of the total; "burial insurance" and payments to burial societies; and payments for life-insurance premiums for persons not members of the economic family.
    Increase in outstanding loans to others includes increase in loans to any persons not members of the economic family.

    Payment of debts to: Firms selling on installment plan includes only payments for purchases made prior to the beginning of the schedule year. The entire
    amounts due for goods purchased on installment during the schedule year are entered in the appropriate expenditure tables.

    Payment of debts to: Individuals includes payment of debts incurred prior to the schedule year to tradesmen, physicians, landlords, and other persons.

    Payment of debts to: Other includes payment of debts incurred prior to the schedule year on charge accounts, taxes, assessments, etc.

    Sale of property: Goods and chattels does not include articles "traded in" on the purchase. When, for instance, an allowance was made for the trade-in of an old ice box in the purchase of a refrigerator, the amount of the allowance is not entered in any of the tables and the expenditure shown for the refrigerator (in table 18) is the price less the allowance. The same procedure was followed for automobiles, radios, and other items for which articles were "traded in" for credit.

    Increase in liabilities includes debts incurred during the schedule year even though these were later wiped out by bankruptcy proceedings.

    Increase in debts: Payable to firms selling on installment plan includes balances due at the end of the schedule year on goods purchased on installment during the schedule year. For example, if a family incurred a bill of $\$ 250$ during the schedule year for a suite of furniture purchased on the installment plan and paid installments totaling $\$ 150$ during the year, having a balance still owing of $\$ 100$ at the end of the schedule year, the following entries would appear: In table 18, current expenditure for furniture suite, $\$ 250$; in table 4 , increase in debts payable to firms selling on installment plan, $\$ 100$.

    Increase in debts: Payable to individuals includes unpaid debts incurred during the schedule year to tradesmen, physicians, landlords, and other persons.

    Increase in debts: Other debts includes unpaid debts incurred during the schedule year on charge accounts, taxes, assessments, etc.

    Inheritance.-See page 634.
    Table 5.-Description of families studied, by income level
    (See tables 2, 19, and 22 for same data by other classifications)
    Data presented in this table are the same as those in table 2, except that the families have been classified by net family income level rather than by economic level. (See notes on table 2.)

    Table 6.-Expenditure for groups of items, by income level
    (See tables 3, 20, and 23 for same data by other classifications)
    Data presented in this table are the same as those in table 3, except that the families have been classified by net family income level rather than by economic level. (See notes on table 3.)

    Table 7.-Food used at home and purchased for consumption at home during 1 week, by economic level

    In order to avoid overburdening the housewives who cooperated in the study the details of food purchases were requested only for the week preceding the agent's visit. In most cities the field work extended over more than one season. The differences between the averages secured in the several quarters in such instances reflect not only seasonal differences in food purchases, but also accidental differences in the economic level and the national backgrounds of the families in the subsamples interviewed in the different quarters. It was therefore decided to publish in full for each city only the estimates for that season in which data were secured from the largest number of families.

    The number of equivalent full-time persons shown in table 7 is obtained by counting the total number of persons eating 21 meals at home during the week as the appropriate decimal equivalent of a person. A lunch prepared at home but carried and eaten away from home is included as a meal eaten at home.

    For the method of obtaining the number of food-expenditure units, see appendix G, page 638 .
    The quantities and expenditures entered in table 7 are for all food purchased for use by the household at home or prepared at home to be taken out during the week, including that for boarders, guests, and servants.

    Data were obtained for each of the following items-"number of families purchasing," "number of families using"; "average quantity purchased," "average quantity used"-as well as "expenditure." Since the quantities purchased and quantities used in 1 week were in the great majority of cases identical, only data on quantities purchased are presented in table 7, these figures may be compared with the figures on expenditure. Likewise, for most, although not all of the food items, the number of families purchasing and the number using was the same. Because of limitation of printing space, only the figures for number of families using are presented, they being needed to obtain a complete picture of food consumption habits of the families studied.

    If comparisons are made between expenditures for quantities of foods at different economic levels, it should be noted that the composition of the families changes from one level to another. There are in general a larger proportion of adults at the higher economic levels. Since human needs for and customary consumption of various specific foods vary considerably for persons of different age and sex and occupation, it becomes impossible to make a strict comparison of food consumption with needs at the different economic levels. Thus the needs for carbohydrates, protein, vitamins, etc., increase in differing ratios for different sex-age groups; children's need for milk is approximately twice as great as that for adults, while the need of heat-producing foods (starches and sugars) of adults is about twice as great as that of children. Children's meat consumption varies from that of adults at a still different rate. In order to secure figures on quantities of and expenditures for individual foods purchased which would provide a reasonably satisfactory basis for comparison and yet not present a-misleading appearance of refinement, data on family purchases of individual foods have been converted to a per capita basis.

    Expenditures or quantity per food expenditure unit may be computed by multiplying the average expenditure or quantity per person shown by the average number of persons per family and dividing the product by the average number of food expenditure units per family. However, in interpreting such results, the factor pointed out in the preceding paragraph must be considered, namely that a single food relative scale cannot be correctly descriptive of needs of persons of different sex and age for varying types of specific foods.

    In considering quantities purchased it must be remembered that "pounds" are a measure of weight only, not of nutritional equivalence.

    ## Table 8.-Annual food expenditures, by economic level

    The figures for average annual expenditures for food exclude the computed cost of food consumed by boarders.

    For the method of obtaining the number of food-expenditure units see appendix G, page 688.
    Meals bought and eaten away from home include tips.
    Candy, ice cream, drinks, etc., bought and eaten away from home includes expenditure for all between-meal food and drink consumed away from home.

    ## Table 9.-Housing facilities, by economic level

    The facilities described in this table apply to the dwelling occupied by the family at the end of the schedule year, and which may or may not have been the family's dwelling unit during the entire schedule year. No attempt was made by the field agents to determine whether or not a facility met any defined standard either as to quality or as to state of repair.

    Average monthly rental rate is the rental rate for the house inhabited by the family at the end of the schedule year. (Note that this rate is not necessarily the same as that shown in table 10, Housing expenditures, which is the average rate paid throughout the year.)

    A detached house is free, standing with open space on all sides; a semidetached house has open space on three sides; a row house has open space on two sides; a two-family house is one designed for occupancy by two families, one above the other.

    Multiple dwelling--A building designed for occupancy by three or more families has been classed as a multiple dwelling.

    Garden space is defined as space actually devoted to a garden or to a lawn on the premises or belonging to the dwelling.

    ## Table 10.-Housing expenditures, by economic level

    The type and amount of expenditure by a family for housing necessarily vary with type of tenure, dwelling, and manner of payment for heating. Separate sections of the table are therefore presented for families who can be classified into homogeneous groups with respect to housing expenditures. These are: II, "Home owners"; III, "House renters"; IV, "Apartment renters with heat included in rent"; V, "Apartment renters with heat not included in rent." Families whose housing arrangements changed during the year are not shown separately, but are included in section I, "All families in survey." Section I therefore includes families shown in sections II, III, IV, and V, and families with the following housing arrangements: Owning a principal home during part of the year and renting a principal home during part of the year; having as a principal home a house for a part of the year and an apartment for a part of the year; renting as principal home an apartment with heat included in rent for a part of the year and an apartment with heat not included in rent for a part of the year.

    A vacation home is one which the family has for vacation purposes, and rents or owns simultaneously with its principal home. Simultaneous rental or ownership of a vacation home does not exclude families in sections II, III, IV, and V.

    Investment in home includes down payments, payment of principal on mortgages, and permanent improvements (not repairs) on home.

    In cases where the home owned and occupied by the family was a two-family house, only that portion of the investment or expenditure which applied to the owner's own living quarters has been included under "Average amount invested" or "Average current housing expenditure." The proportions used in making. this allocation were based on the comparative monthly rental values of the two dwellings under consideration. The amount of housing expenditure allocated to the rented portion of the house was deducted from the gross rent received from the tenant to arrive at "Other net rents" (tables 2, 5, 19, and 22). The amount of the investment allocated to the rented portion of the house was entered as "Investment in other real estate" (table 4).

    Taxes.-Amounts due on "taxes" or "rent" are entered under these respective headings even if unpaid at the end of the schedule year. The amounts unpaid
    at the end of the schedule year are also entered in table 4 as "Increase in debts: Other debts."

    Fire insurance and liability insurance.-No attempt was made to prorate payments for previous or coming years. The total amount paid during the year was considered current expenditure.

    Rent.-The rent reported covered the use of such facilities as heat, light, furniture, and water when these were provided by the landlord.

    Families living in rented homes and subrenting portions as apartments were scheduled provided there were separate meters for gas and electricity, that heat costs could be estimated, and that not more than two families (including the scheduled family) had dwellings there. In such cases only that amount of the rent, operating expenditures, and expenditure for repairs which applied to the portion of the house occupied by the scheduled family was entered. The remaining expenditures for rent, operating, and repairs were deducted from the gross rent received from the tenant to arrive at "Other net rents" (tables 2, 5, 19, and 22). The proportions used in allocating housing expenditure between the two families were based on the comparative rental rates of the two dwellings.

    No attempt was made to allocate the cost of space rented to roomers.
    Amounts due on rent are entered here even if unpaid at end of schedule year. The amounts unpaid at end of year are also entered on table 4 as "Increase in debts: Other debts."

    Concessions are defined as the money value of rent given free by the landlord for a short time as an inducement to the family to rent the living quarters or to offset the expense of moving.

    Apartments are defined as dwellings in multiple dwellings or in two-family houses designed for occupancy by two families, one above the other. (See notes on table 9, p. 640.) A dwelling consisting of rooms set apart for the use of the scheduled family within a house originally designed for occupancy by one family was also classed as an apartment.

    Rooms.-In the count of the number of rooms, dining rooms, living rooms, bedrooms, libraries, sewing rooms, kitchens, kitchenettes, and enclosed porches are included. Halls, closets, storerooms, pantries, open porches, laundries, alcoves, rooms used for business purposes, dinettes, and bathrooms are not included.

    ## Table 11.-Fuel, light, and refrigeration expenditures, by economic level

    The type and amount of expenditure by a family for fuel, light, and refrigeration necessarily vary with type of dwelling and manner of payment for heating. Separate sections of the table are therefore presented for families whose expenditures for fuel, light, and refrigeration may be considered homogeneous. Families whose type of dwelling or arrangement for payment for heating changed during the year are not shown separately but are in section I, "All families in survey." Section I therefore includes families shown in sections II, III, IV, and V and families with the following arrangements for type of dwelling or payment for heating: having a house part of the year and an apartment for part of the year; having heat included in rent or ownership payments during part of the year and not so included during part of the year; renting a home for part of the year and owning a home for part of the year.

    It should be noted that several items listed in this table might have been used for purposes other than heating, cooking, lighting, and refrigeration. For instance, electricity is used for radios, curling irons, etc.; gasoline is used for cleaning

    Table 12.-Household operation expenditures other than for fuel, light, and refrigeration, by economic level
    Water rent includes only water rent paid separately from rent for dwelling.
    Telephone includes both subscription and pay-station costs.
    Domestic service includes maid service, laundress, furnace man, etc.
    Household paper includes toilet paper, wax paper, shelf paper, etc.
    Stationery, pens, pencils, ink.-Expenditures for school supplies are entered in table 16 under "Formal education."

    Insurance on furniture is generally paid for a 3 -year period. The entire expenditure was entered without regard to the period covered.

    Interest on debts does not include interest paid on mortgages on home (table 10).
    Other items includes shoe polish, candles, clothes pins, clothes lines, grass cutting, snow shoveling, and tips to maids, janitors, elevator boys, and garbage collectors, etc.

    ## Table 13.-Transportation expenditures, by economic level

    The expenditure shown for purchase of automobiles and motorcycles is the purchase price less allowances for the trade-in of old cars and includes carrying charges for installment purchases.

    Rent of automobile and/or motorcycle includes expenditures for gasoline, oil, etc. for a vehicle not owned by the family. It usually covered payment to a neighbor for rides to work in his car, or payment for gasoline and oil for operation of a borrowed car.

    Other transportation expense includes dues for membership in automobile clubs.
    Table 14.-Personal care expenditures, and medical care expenditures, by economic level
    Personal care services.-A combination beauty or barber service charge was prorated among the services supplied.

    Other waves includes marcel, water, or finger wave.
    Other personal care services includes facial treatments, massage, etc.
    Toilet soap does not include laundry soap used for personal care.
    Tooth powder, tooth paste, mouth washes does not include soda and salt used for the cleaning of teeth.

    Cosmetics and toilet preparations includes paper handkerchiefs and sanitary napkins as well as face powder, rouge, perfume, etc.

    Under "Brushes, razor blades, and other toilet articles" are included compacts and mirrors.

    Medical care.-Frequently families knew definitely the total expenditure incurred for an illness but were not sure of the correct allocation among such items as physicians' services, hospital room, operating room charges, and medicines. Whenever possible flat rate charges for such services as obstetrical care or tonsillectomy were prorated among the services received. Where information for such prorating could not be furnished, the entire charge was entered as expenditure for general practitioner, specialist, or clinic as the case might be. Therefore expenditures for total medical care are probably more accurate than expenditures for individual items of medical service.

    Specialist and other practitioner includes heart specialists, pediatricians, eye, ear, nose, and throat specialists, osteopaths, chiropractors, midwives, Christian Science practitioners, etc.

    Medicine and drugs includes the cost of filling prescriptions, home remedies, patent medicines, adhesive tape, bandage, etc. Cod-liver oil was classified as a food. (See table 7.)

    Eyeglasses includes the cost of examination when the examination was given by the same person or firm from whom glasses were purchased.

    Medical appliances includes hot water bottles, crutches, etc.
    Accident and health insurance.-When accident and health insurance premium payments are included with payments for life insurance and the life insurance portion is considered the greater, the expenditures are not entered in table 14 but in table 4 under "Payment of premiums for insurance policies: Life insurance."

    Other medical care includes expenditures for X-ray, operating room, blood transfusions, circumcision, etc.

    ## Table 15.-Recreation expenditures, by economic level

    Cameras, films, and photographic equipment includes cost of films and developing.
    Athletic equipment and supplies does not include clothes for sports. Expenditures for sport clothes are entered in table 17.

    Pets (purchase and care) includes dog licenses and food purchased especially for pets.

    Entertaining: In home, except food and drinks includes bridge prizes, etc.
    Other recreation includes amusement park and dance hall admissions, 1-day boat excursions, losses at cards, gambling and betting, cost of lottery tickets, Christmas-tree decorations, expenditures for hobbies not elsewhere classified, admission to fairs, spending money assigned to individual family members of which no account could be given.

    Table 16.-Formal education, vocation, community welfare, gifts and contributions, and miscellaneous expenditures, by economic level

    ## Formal education

    Expenditures for members away from home include tuition and school supplies but not the cost of board and lodging or school uniforms for members attending school away from home.
    Expenditures for members at home include tuition, books, stationery and supplies, fees for music and dancing lessons, etc., paid for by the economic family.

    ## Vocation

    Union dues or fees.-Payments to trade-unions with life insurance plans, where dues and life insurance premium payments cannot be separated, are entered on table 4 as "Payments of premium for insurance policies: Life insurance."

    Other items of vocational expense include chauffeurs' licenses, tools, fees to employment offices, etc.

    ## Community welfare

    Taxes.-Does not include taxes on owned home (see p. 640) or on other real estate (see p. 636), or sales tax (see p. 649), or indirect taxes, or automobile licenses and taxes.

    ## Gifts and contributions

    This section includes only gifts to persons not members of the economic family. Gifts to organizations or institutions are not included, but are listed under "Community welfare."

    Christmas, birthday, etc., gifts include money, gifts, and purchase price of items given to nonmembers of the economic family.

    Support of relatives includes money sent to relatives whether living in the United States or in foreign countries. It also includes contributions to the funeral expense of a relative not a member of the economic family.

    ## Miscellaneous expenditures

    Losses includes only family or nonbusiness losses. Examples of such losses are payment of notes of personal friends endorsed by members of the economic family; bail forfeited which had been posted for a friend; premiums paid during the schedule year on insurance or annuities forfeited through failure to keep policies up to date; accidental loss of cash; payments on items bought on the installment plan and lost for nonpayment on installments, without recompense for amounts paid. Business losses are deducted from family income, see page -.

    Other includes dues and contributions to political organizations, expenses for marriage licenses, christenings, bail, fines not connected with traffic violations, etc.

    Table 17.-Clothing expenditures, by economic level
    All figures in table 17 with the exception of those in section I are based upon data for persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks. Expenditures for persons dependent on family funds for less than 52 weeks are not shown in the sections for different sex and age groups but are included in the total shown in section I. These expenditures have been excluded from the detailed sections for the reason that clothing expenditures for a person dependent on family funds for only part of the year would be unrepresentative, since the family might buy all or none of the year's clothing supply for that person during the period he was dependent on family funds.

    In addition to the data shown in the clothing table, the following totals and averages, if desired, may readily be computed from the data in the table:

    1. Average number of articles purchased per person purchasing. ${ }^{1}$
    2. Average expenditure per person purchasing. ${ }^{1}$
    3. Average number of articles purchased per family having members in the designated group.
    4. Average expenditure per article per family having members in the designated group.
    5. Average price paid per article purchased.
    6. Average number of articles purchased per family (all families).
    7. Average expenditure per family (all families).
    (1) To secure the average number of articles purchased per person purchasing ${ }^{1}$ in a given sex and age group at a given economic level, multiply the average number of articles purchased per person (all persons) by the total number of persons in the specified group. This result is the total number of articles purchased. This figure divided by the number of persons purchasing ${ }^{1}$ yields the average number of articles purchased per person purchasing. ${ }^{1}$ For example, using figures on number of felt hats purchased for white men 18 years of age and over in families with unit expenditure under $\$ 400$ :
    a. Total number of families
    1, 027
    b. Number of families having men 18 years of age and over973
    c. Number of men 18 years of age and over ..... 1, 273
    d. Average number of men per family having men ..... 1.31
    Hats (felt):
    e. Number of persons purchasing ..... 537
    f. Average number of articles per person (all persons) ..... 0. 44
    g. Average expenditure per person (all persons) ..... \$1. 10
    h. Total number of hats purchased ( $f \times c$ ) ..... 560
    i. Average number of hats purchased per person pur- chasing ${ }^{1}(h \div e)$ ..... 1.04


    (2) Similarly to obtain the average expenditure per person purchasing ${ }^{1}$ in a specified sex and age group at a given economic level multiply the average expenditure per person (all persons) by the total number of persons in the specified group. This result is the total expenditure for hats for this group, which when divided by the number of persons purchasing ${ }^{1}$ yields the average expenditure per person purchasing. ${ }^{1}$ For example, using the figures given above:
    $j$. Total expenditure for hats by the group ( $g \times c$ ) - ------ $\$ 1,400.30$
    $k$. Average expenditure for hats per person purchasing ${ }^{1}$
    $(j \div e)$
    2. 61
    (3) To obtain the average number of articles purchased per family having members in a designated sex and age group at a given economic level, divide the total number of articles purchased in that group (computed in accordance with the instructions in paragraph (1) above) by the number of families in the group. For example, again using the figures given above:

    > h. Total number of hats purchased $(f \times c)$.-.-.-.-.-.--------- 560
    > (Note this total has already been computed above.)
    > l. Average number of hats per family in the group $(h \div b)$ _-- 0.58
    (4) To obtain the average expenditure per article per family having members in a designated sex and age group at a given economic level, divide the total expenditure per article (computed in accordance with the instructions in paragraph (2) above) by the number of families in the group. For example, using the same figures given above:
    $j$. Total expenditure for hats by the group $(g \times c)------\$ 1,400.30$
    (Note this total has already been computed above.)
    $m$. Average expenditure for hats, per family in the group
    $(j \div b)$
    (5) To obtain the average price paid per article purchased divide the total expenditure for a given article for a given sex and age group at a given economic level (as computed in accordance with the instructions in paragraph (2) above) by the total number of articles purchased (as computed in accordance with the instructions in paragraph (1) above). For example, using figures shown above:

    $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & j \text {. Total expenditure for hats by the group ( } g \times c \text { ) }-\ldots---(\$ 1,400.30 \\
    & \text { (Note this total has already been computed.) } \\
    & \begin{array}{l}
    h \text {. Total number of hats purchased }(f \times c) \ldots \ldots . . . \text {. } \\
    \text { (Note this total has already been computed.) }
    \end{array} \\
    & n \text {. Average price paid per article purchased }{ }^{2}(j \div h) \\
    & \$ 2.50
    \end{aligned}
    $$

    (6) To obtain average number of articles purchased per family (all families) at a given economic level, divide the total number of articles purchased by all families at that economic level. For example, using the same figures:
    h. Total number of hats purchased.-...........-.................. 560
    o. Average number of hats per family $(h \div a) \ldots \ldots \ldots$
    (7) To obtain average expenditure per family (all families) at a given economic level, divide the total expenditure for the given article by all families at that economic level. For example, using the same figures:


    

    ## j. Total expenditure for hats by the group ( $g \times c$ ) _....... \$1, 400. 30 <br> $p$. Average expenditure for hats per family $(j+a)$

    Section I.-For method of computation of number of clothing expenditure units per family see appendix G, page 690. This computation is based on all members of the economic family, whether or not they were dependent on the family fund for 52 weeks.
    Ready-made clothing, dry cleaning, and accessories includes all items listed in sections III through XI for persons dependent on family funds for 52 weeks plus such expenditures for persons dependent on family funds for less than 52 weeks.

    Yard goods and findings.-Findings include thread, needles, scissors, buttons, etc.
    Clothing received as gifts includes neckties, stockings, etc., received as Christmas and birthday gifts from persons outside the economic family. It also includes second-hand clothes given to the family.

    Expense for uniforms, etc., for work are included in clothing expenditures (not as vocational expense in table 16 nor as losses or business expense in tables 2, 5, 19, and 22).
    Section II.-The figures in section II are based on data only for persons dependent on the family funds for 52 weeks.
    Sections III through XI.-In these sections the figures are based on data only for persons dependent on the family funds for 52 weeks. Total for each sex and age group does not include expenditures for yard goods and findings and paid help for sewing. These are presented only in section I for all sex-age groups combined.
    Boys: Play suits.-Are heavy suits for children's outdoor wear.
    Men nd Boys: Shoes, work.-Are shoes for heavy work, not, for example, shoes worn to work by a white-collar employee.

    Men and Boys: Shoes, other.-Includes bedroom slippers.
    Men and Boys: Accessories.-Includes belts, suspenders, collar buttons, shoestrings, etc.

    Men and Boys: Other.-Includes jewelry and watches, and rental charges.for uniforms and aprons. In cases where rental and laundering charges for uniforms and aprons could not be separated, the entire amount is entered here.

    Women and Girls: Dresses, cotton, house.-Are defined as cotton dresses bought for housework.

    Women and Girls: Accessories.-Includes hairpins, hairnets, belts, sanitary belts. dress ornaments, etc.

    Women and Girls: Other.-Includes jewelry and watches, and rental charges for uniforms and aprons. In cases where rental and laundering charges for uniforms and aprons could not be separated the entire amount is entered here.

    ## Table 18.-Furnishings and equipment expenditures, by economic level

    For the method of entry of expenditures for items bought on the installment plan and with trade-in allowances see page 638.

    For computation of averages other than those presented in this table, for example, "average number of articles purchased per family purchasing" or "average expenditure per family purchasing," calculations similar to those outlined for table 17 can be made (see pp. 644 and 645).

    Textile furnishings: Other.-Includes paid help for making curtains, furniture covers, etc., yard goods used in making home furnishings.

    Miscellaneous equipment: Other.-Includes paint and lumber for repair of household equipment, play pens ior children, and typewriters.

    Note that radios are not classed as "Furnishings and Equipment" but as "Recreation," table 15.

    # Tables 19 and 20.-Description of families studied at three economic levels and expenditures for groups of items at three economic levels 

    (See tables 2, 3, 5, 6, 22, and 23 for same data by other classifications)
    These tables are presented with families classified into three economic levels in order to facilitate comparison with the data from other cities which will be classified for these three levels and published in other bulletins. The greater size of the sample in larger cities permitted a finer break-down in tables 2 and 3 than was justified by the data for the smaller samples. In tables 19 and 20 the same data as in tables 2 and 3 are grouped into identical classifications regardless of size of sample, as follows: Families spending under $\$ 400$ per expenditure unit per year, those spending $\$ 400$ to $\$ 600$, and those spending $\$ 600$ and over.

    Table 21.-Distribution of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18, by economic level and income level

    Table 22.-Description of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18, by income level

    Table 23.-Expenditures of families of types comparable with those studied in 1917-18 for groups of items, by economic level
    (See tables $1,2,3,5,6,19$, and 20 for same data for all families in present study)
    Since the rules for inclusion of families in the 1917-18 study differed from those in the 1934-36 study, data for the family types in the latter study most nearly meeting the eligibility requirements of the former study are presented in these tables to facilitate comparison. Data for families of the following types are included: Man, wife, and one child; man, wife, and two to four children; man, wife, and five or more children; man, wife, and children and adults (four to six persons); and man, wife, children, and adults (seven or more persons).

    Table 24-A.-Coefficients of variation of money disbursements
    and
    Table 24-B, C and D.-Coefficients of variation of money disbursements at successive income levels

    The coefficient of variation is computed by dividing the standard deviation by the average expenditure and multiplying by 100 . The standard deviation represents the square root of the mean of the squares of the differences between each item and the arithmetic average of the items.

    The purpose of the coefficient of variation is to express as a percentage the dispersion about the average, independently of the size of that average. The variation of expenditures for items of different magnitude can thus be compared directly. For example, in dollars, expenditures for food are typically much greater than those for personal care. Nevertheless their variation may be compared through a figure which expresses dispersion about the mean in relative terms, the coefficient of variation.

    When families are distributed by the amount of their expenditures for various groups of items, it is found that the curves for food and housing most nearly resemble the normal curve, although more families are to be found above the mode than below it. Among the other major categories of expenditure, those for furnishings and equipment, transportation, and medical care have a distribution far from that of the normal curve. Many families made no expenditures or spent very small sums for these items; a few families spent relatively large sums. Only
    a small number of the families spent sums near the average expenditure; in other words such distributions are very much skewed. Therefore, the coefficients of variation are of value in showing the extent of the dispersion but they should not be used to estimate the range within which a given proportion of the values from a new sample would fall.

    ## Table 25.-Expenditures for groups of items estimated from regression equation

    The figures in this table were computed by fitting a regression line to the actual expenditure data, using the equation $Y=a+b X^{\frac{1}{2}}+c X$, where $X$ is annual net income. The average actual expenditure of each three hundred dollar-income group was given equal weight in fitting the curve.

    Experiments were carried out with straight lines and other forms of curves and with various systems of weighting. For personal care, medical care, household operation other than fuel, light, and refrigeration, gifts, and miscellaneous items there appeared to be a true linear relationship. For food, clothing, housing including fuel, light, and refrigeration, transportation, recreation, and furnishings and equipment, the equation $Y=a+b X+c X^{2}$ gave a better fit than did the equation $Y=a+b X$. However, for several cases, particularly that of housing, the curve yielded by the equation $Y=a+b X+c X^{2}$ turned downward at the higher income levels, so that at very high income levels there appeared to be actually a negative expenditure for housing. The equation $Y=a+b X^{\frac{3}{3}}+c X$ gave an equally good fit for those expenditure items which appeared to have a definitely linear relationship to income and also had the added merit that it did not turn downward at higher income levels for those items for which a curvilinear relationship was indicated.

    Use of the average actual expenditure for each income group yielded practically the same results as would have been obtained by using each individual observation, and resulted in a material economy of time. Weighting by number of cases, total expenditure, or the ratio of total expenditure to the number of cases, etc., materially increased the amount of work and time required for fitting, but did not yield significantly better results.

    ## Local conditions affecting the data.

    Cost of living.-Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes of changes in costs of goods purchased by wage earners and clerical workers are available for 9 of the 12 cities covered in this region. Taking average costs in 1923-25 as 100, the indexes applying to the period covered in these cities are as follows:
    Baltimore ..... 84. 8
    Birmingham ..... 71.8
    Houston ..... 79.3
    Jacksonville ..... 78.0
    Memphis. ..... 77. 3
    Mobile ..... 80.6
    New Orleans ..... 79.8
    Norfolk ..... 84.0
    Richmond ..... 80. 8

    These index numbers represent weighted averages applying to the entire period covered by the schedules. They indicate that in the period covered, prices in Birmingham stood at the lowest level, relative to those that had prevailed before the depression, and highest in

    Baltimore. It must be remembered that the base used for the index in each city is not identical, but varies with the income and consumption habits of the workers of the city. These indexes, therefore, can only be used to measure relative changes in costs within a given city, and not to measure costs between cities.

    Employment.-In general, employment in the area was increasing over the period covered by the investigation in the South. Data on variations in employment in particular cities are not available, but the low points in the Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes of employment and pay rolls in manufacturing for the United States as a whole were reached in July 1932 and March 1933, respectively. The former date is approximately 2 to 3 years before the dates to which the bulk of the data for the Southern cities apply.

    Sales tax.-No general sales tax was in effect in 10 of the 12 Southern cities during the period to which the data in the respective cities apply. The exceptions were Jackson and Louisville. In Jackson there was a tax of 2 percent on retail sales. In Louisville a tax of 3 percent on retail sales became effective on July 1, 1934. From that date until July 1, 1935, the tax was computed as a straight 3 percent of the amount of the retail sale. On and after July 1, 1935, to January 15, 1936, when the tax was repealed, a bracket system was used for computing the tax, as follows:

    ```
    1 cent to 9 cents_------------------------------------- No tax.
    10 cents to 35 cents_-.--------------------------------```

