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# WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK AND RAYON GOODS : 1931 



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## BULLETIN OF THE

## U.S.BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

## WAGES AND HOURS OF LABOR IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK AND RAYON GOODS, 1931

In 1931 wage earners in the silk, rayon, or mixed silk and rayon goods manufacturing industry in the United States earned an average of 40.6 cents per hour. Average full-time hours per week were 50.7 and average full-time earnings per week $\$ 20.58$. These averages were computed from wage figures for 49,036 wage earners of 340 representative mills in the 13 States in which the industry is of importance in number of employees according to reports of the Census of Manufactures. The wage figures were collected by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics from the pay rolls and other records of the mills. Studies of the industry were also made in the years 1910 to 1914, and 1919.

## Trend of Hours and Earnings, 1910 to 1931

Summaries of average hours and earnings are shown in Table 1 for the industry and for each of the important occupations in the industry for each year in which studies have been made. Averages are also shown for a group designated as "other employees," which includes wage earners in all the other occupations in the industry and which had too few workers to warrant separate tabulation as an occupation.
For the years 1910 to 1914 and 1919 the averages for the industry are for wage earners in selected occupations only and are comparable one year with another. For 1914 and 1931, they are for wage earners in all occupations in the industry and are also comparable one year with the other, but should not be compared with those for selected occupations.

Index numbers of the averages, with the 1913 average taken as the base, or 100 per cent, are also given in Table 1 for the industry and for each occupation for which 1913 averages are available. These indexes furnish comparable figures for the specified years from 1910 to 1931. For selected occupations only the index for any year is the per cent that the average for the year is of the average for 1913. The index for 1931 was computed by increasing or decreasing the 1914 index for selected occupations by the per cent that the 1931 average for all occupations is in excess of or less than the 1914 average for all occupations.

There was a decrease of 7.1 per cent in average full-time hours per week for wage earners in all occupations in the industry from 1914when the average was 54.6 -to 1931 . Between 1910 and 1931 aver-
age full-time hours decreased 10.2 per cent; between 1914 and 1919, 5.5 per cent; and between 1913 and 1931, 9 per cent. These decreases are shown by the index numbers, which dropped from 101.3 in 1910 and 1911 to 100.4 in 1912, to 100.0 in 1913, to 98.0 in 1914, to 92.6 in 1919, and to 91.0 in 1931. In the various occupations in the industry average full-time hours for males in 1931 ranged from 46.8 for reelers to 58.9 for doublers, and for females from 48.2 for ribbon weavers to 52.1 for smash hands.

Between 1914 and 1931, average earnings per hour more than doubled, increasing from 19.7 to 40.6 cents. The increases from year to year are shown by the indexes-rising from 86.5 in 1910 to 100.0 in 1913, to 199.0 in 1919, and to 215.8 in 1931. The ranges in average earnings per hour in 1931, by occupations, are from 19.7 cents for redrawers to 74.6 cents for loom fixers for males, and from 26.0 cents for enterers' helpers to 47.6 cents for warpers for females.

Average full-time earnings per week have not increased in the same proportion as have earnings per hour, due to the decrease in average full-time hours per week. They rose, however, from $\$ 10.79$ in 1914 to $\$ 20.58$ in 1931. For males, average full-time weekly earnings in 1931 ranged by occupations from $\$ 10.38$ for redrawers to $\$ 38.05$ for loom fixers, and for females from $\$ 12.25$ for redrawers to $\$ 23.99$ for warpers.

Table 1.-Average hours and earnings, with index numbers, 1910 to 1931, by occupation, sex, and year

THE LNDUSTRY

| Occupation and sex | Year | Number of estab-lishments | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { wage } \\ \text { earners } \end{array}$ | A verage fulltime hours per week | A verage earnings per hour | A verage fulltime earnper week | Index numbers$(1913=100)$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Full- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underset{\text { Full- }}{\text { time }}$ | Earn- | time |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | hours | ings | earn- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | per | per | ings |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | week | hour | per |
| Selected occupations.......--- | 1910 | 42 | 7,779 | 56.4 | \$0.167 | \$9. 43 | 101.3 | 86.5 | 88.6 |
|  | 1911 | 42 | 11, 105 | 56.4 | . 172 | 9.70 | 101.3 | 89.1 | 91.2 |
|  | 1912 | 51 | 11, 762 | 55.9 | . 182 | 10. 18 | 100.4 | 94.3 | 95.7 |
|  | 1913 | 59 | 12, 002 | 55.7 | . 193 | 10.64 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 1914$ | 63 | 18,293 | 54.6 | . 202 | 11.06 | 98.0 | 104.7 | 103.9 |
|  | 1919 | 33 | 0,415 | 51.6 | . 384 | 19.81 | 92.6 | 149.0 | 186.2 |
| All occupations. | $\begin{array}{r} 11914 \\ 1931 \end{array}$ | 63 | 22,344 | 54.6 | . 197 | 10.79 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 340 | 49,036 | 50.7 | . 406 | 20.58 | 91.0 | 215.8 | 198.2 |

BY OCCUPATIONS

| Winders, hard silk: Male. $\qquad$ | 1931 | 14 | 61 | 51.9 | \$0. 267 | \$13.86 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fernale. | 1910 | 17 | 559 | 57.3 | . 093 | 5. 30 | 101.8 | 83.0 | 84.1 |
|  | 1911 | 18 | 889 | 56.8 | . 104 | 5. 88 | 100.9 | 92.9 | 93.3 |
|  | 1912 | 18 | 834 | 56.2 | . 106 | 5.96 | 99.8 | 94.6 | 94.6 |
|  | 1913 | 19 | 836 | 56.3 | . 112 | 6.30 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 21 | 1,008 | 54.1 | . 121 | 6.54 | 96.1 | 108.0 | 103.8 |
|  | 1919 | 29 | ${ }^{2} 1.069$ | 51.5 | . 269 | 13.85 | 91.5 | 240.2 | 219.8 |
|  | 1931 | 183 | 5,105 | 50.1 | . 293 | 14.68 | 89.0 | 261.6 | 233.0 |

[^0]Table 1.-Average hours and earnings, with index numbers, 1910 to 1931, by occupation, sex, and year-Continued

BY OCCUPATIONS-Continued

"Included with "winders, hard silk."

Table 1.-Average hours and earnings, with index numbers, 1910 to 1991, by occupation, sex, and year-Continued

BY OCCUPATIONS-Continued


Table 1.-Average hours and earnings, with index numbers, 1910 to 1991, by occupation, sex, and year-Continued

BY OCCUPATIONS-Continued

| Occupation and sex | Year | Number of estab-lishments | Num. ber of wage earners | Average fulltime hours per week | Average earnIngs per hour | Aver-agefull-timeearningsperweek | Index numbers$(1913=100)$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Full |  | Fime |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Earn- } \\ & \text { ings } \end{aligned}$ | time <br> earn- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | hours | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ings } \\ & \text { per } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { earn- } \\ & \text { ings } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | per | hour | per |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | week |
| Weavers, broad silk: Male. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1910 | 14 | 1, 008 | 56. 9 | \$0. 213 | \$12. 12 | 101. 6 | 84.2 | 85.7 |
|  | 1911 | 13 | 1,462 | 56.9 | . 214 | 12.18 | 101.6 | 84.6 | 86.1 |
|  | 1912 | 13 | 1,441 | 56.3 | . 221 | 12.45 | 100.5 | 87.4 | 88.0 |
|  | 1913 | 28 | 2, 107 | 56.0 | . 253 | 14.15 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 33 | 2,419 | 54.5 | . 247 | 13.31 | 97.3 | 97.6 | 94.1 |
|  | 1919 | 24 | 1,409 | 51.7 | . 473 | 24. 45 | 92.3 | 187.0 | 172.8 |
|  | 1931 | 224 | 0,796 | 51, 2 | . 409 | 25.55 | 91.4 | 197.2 | 180.6 |
| Female. | 1910 | 14 | 1,190 | 56.7 | . 141 | 8.02 | 101.1 | 71.2 | 72.5 |
|  | 1911 | 11 | 1, 378 | 57.2 | . 181 | 10.32 | 101.6 | 91.4 | 93.3 |
|  | 1912 | 19 | 1, 626 | 56.1 | . 173 | 9.69 | 100.0 | 87.4 | 87.6 |
|  | 1913 | 28 | 2, 217 | 56.1 | . 188 | 11.06 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 33 | 2,885 | 54.2 | . 180 | 10.58 | 96.6 | 95, 5 | 95.7 |
|  | 1919 | 24 | 2,189 | 52.0 | . 388 | 20.70 | 92.7 | 201.0 | 187. 2 |
|  | 1931 | 203 | 5,904 | 49.6 | . 422 | 20.93 | 88.4 | 213.1 | 189.2 |
| Weavers, ribbon:Male_...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1910 | 8 | 363 | 55. 3 | . 287 | 13.11 | 100.7 | 82.0 | 83.1 |
|  | 1911 | 8 | 420 | 55.2 | . 246 | 13. 58 | 100.5 | 85.2 | 85.9 |
|  | 1912 | 12 | 720 | 54, 9 | . 277 | 15. 21 | 100.0 | 95.8 | 96.8 |
|  | 1913 | 16 | 997 | 54.9 | . 289 | 15. 78 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 17 | 1,116 | 53.9 | . 802 | 16.05 | 98.2 | 104. 6 | 101.7 |
|  | 1919 | 7 | 323 | 50.2 | . 498 | 25.00 | 91.4 | 172, 3 | 158.4 |
|  | 1931 | 15 | 332 | 47.3 | . 558 | 26.39 | 86.2 | 193.1 | 167.2 |
| Female | 1910 | 10 | 601 | 55.6 | . 228 | 12.53 | 100.7 | 92.6 | 93.1 |
|  | 1911 | 10 | 683 | 65.5 | . 229 | 12.70 | 100.5 | 93.9 | 94.1 |
|  | 1912 | 11 | 638 | 55.1 | . 231 | 12.71 | 99.8 | 94.7 | 94.4 |
|  | 1913 | 15 | 777 | 55.2 | . 244 | 13.46 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 15 | 904 | 54.6 | . 242 | 13.14 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 97.6 |
|  | 1919 | 6 | 293 | 50.4 | . 433 | 21.82 | 91.3 | 177.5 | 162. 1 |
|  | 1931 | 12 | 272 | 48.2 | . 444 | 21. 40 | 87.3 | 182.0 | 159.0 |
| Smash hands: Male. | 1931 | 29 | 116 | 51.5 | . 833 | 27.60 |  |  |  |
| Female | 1931 | 9 | 16 | 52.1 | . 409 | 21.31 |  |  |  |
| Pickers, cloth: Male. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 21 | 64 | 52.0 | . 260 | 13.52 | ---- |  |  |
| Female | 1910 | 19 | 394 | 56.7 | . 124 | 7.09 | 101.3 | 82.1 |  |
|  | 1911 | 17 | 503 | 56.8 | . 150 | 8.55 | 101.4 | 99.3 | 101.2 |
|  | 1912 | 25 | 570 | 55.9 | . 134 | 7. 50 | 99.8 | 88.7 | 88.8 |
|  | 1913 | 36 | 659 | 56.0 | . 161 | 8. 45 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1914 | 40 | 898 | 84.3 | . 163 | 8.86 | 97.0 | 107.9 | 104.9 |
|  | 1919 | 24 | 335 | 51.7 | . 298 | 15.41 | 92.3 | 197.4 | 182.4 |
|  | 1031 | 183 | 1,062 | 49.8 | . 270 | 13.45 | 88.9 | 178.8 | 159.2 |
| Inspectors, cloth: <br> Male. | 1931 | 68 | 160 | 51.1 | . 538 | 27.49 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 68 | 160 |  | . 638 | 27.40 | --. |  |  |
| Female | 1931 | 57 | 208 | 50.6 | . 327 | 16.55 |  |  |  |
| Packers: Male. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 36 | 81 | 49.8 | . 355 | 17.68 | --.--- | ----- |  |
| Female Other employees: Male | 1931 | 23 | 70 | 49.5 | . 263 | 13.02 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 1914 | (4) 61 | $2,191$ | $55.2$ | ( 212 | ${ }_{\text {(4) }}^{11.66}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 282 | 4,724 | 51.5 | . 434 | 22.35 |  |  |  |
| Female. | 1914 | 52 | 1,860 | 53.5 | . 132 | 7.09 |  |  |  |
|  | 1919 | (4) | (4) | (1) | (1) | (4) |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 208 | 2,455 | 50.0 | . 276 | 13.80 |  |  |  |

[^1]
## Average Hours and Earnings, 1931, by Sex and State

In Table 2 are shown average hours and earnings for all of the wage earners that were included in the study of the industry in each State in 1931. The averages are for each sex separately and also for both sexes combined, or the industry, in each State. Averages are shown for South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia as a group, to avoid showing figures for one plant alone.

For males in the various States, average full-time hours per week ranged from 47.5 for the State with the lowest to 56.8 for the one with the highest average, and for all States covered in the report averaged 51.5 per week. Averages for females ranged from 46.9 to 56.1 and for all States included in the report were 50 hours per week or 1.5 hours per week less than for males. Averages for both sexes combined, or the industry, ranged by States from 47.2 to 56.4 per week.

Average earnings per hour of males ranged by States from 21.8 to 59.7 cents and for all States averaged 48.5 cents. Averages of females ranged from 18.1 to 41.8 cents and for all States averaged 33.5 cents, or 15 cents per hour less than for males. Averages of both sexes combined, or the industry, ranged from 19.6 to 50 cents per hour.
For males, average full-time earnings per week ranged by States from $\$ 12.38$ to $\$ 28.36$ and for all States averaged $\$ 24.98$. Averages of females ranged from $\$ 10.15$ to $\$ 20.77$ and for all States averaged $\$ 16.75$, or $\$ 8.23$ less than for males. Averages for both sexes, or the industry, ranged by States from $\$ 11.05$ to $\$ 24.75$. The greatest difference between the averages for males and for females in any State was $\$ 9.81$ and the smallest difference was $\$ 2.23$ per week.

Table 2.-Average hours and earnings, 1991, by sex and State

| Sex and State | Number of estab-lishments | Number of wage earners | Average full-time hours per week | Average earnings per hour | A verage full-time earnings per week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 13 | 1, 546 | 51.0 | \$0. 522 | \$26.62 |
| Maryland... | 3 | 132 | 56.0 | . 310 | 17.36 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 734 | 50.2 | . 459 | 23.04 |
| New Jersey. | 97 | 3,331 | 47.5 | . 597 | 28.36 |
| New York | 37 | 1,780 | 51.3 | . 502 | 25. 75 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 1,378 | 55.3 | . 419 | 24. 97 |
| Pennsylvania | 131 | 10,349 | 52.2 | . 474 | 24. 74 |
| Rhode Island.- | 20 | 1, 403 | 50.3 | . 553 | 27.82 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Ge | 5 | 447 | 55.1 | . 294 | 16. 20 |
| Tennessee...--.-....---............. | 6 | 311 | 56.8 | . 218 | 12.38 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 474 | 53.8 | . 323 | 17.38 |
| Total | 340 | 21, 885 | 51.5 | . 485 | 24.98 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 13 | 1, 429 | 49.3 | . 385 | 18.98 |
| Maryland | 3 | 381 | 50.0 | . 230 | 11.50 |
| Massachusetts. | 12 | 776 | 47.6 | . 278 | 13. 23 |
| New Jersey. | 97 | 3,764 | 46.9 | . 410 | 19.23 |
| New York. | 37 | 3,047 | 48.7 | . 335 | 16.31 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 809 | 55.2 | . 314 | 17.33 |
| Pennsylvania. | 131 | 14, 250 | 50.5 | . 324 | 16.36 |
| Rhode Island. | 20 | 1, 170 | 49.7 | . 418 | 20.77 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Geor | 5 | 428 | 55.6 | . 240 | 13. 34 |
|  | 6 | 511 | 56.1 | . 181 | 10. 15 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 586 | 54.1 | . 265 | 14.34 |
| Total | 340 | 27, 151 | 50.0 | . 335 | 16.75 |

Table 2.-Average hours and earnings, 1981, by sex and State-Continued

| Sex and State | Number of establish. ments | Number of wage earners | Average full-time hours per week | A verage carnings per hour | A verage full-time $\underset{\text { earnings }}{\text { peek }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| males and jemales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 13 | 2,975 | 50.2 | \$0. 459 | \$23.04 |
| Maryland.... | 3 | 513 | 51.5 | . 253 | 13.03 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 1,510 | 48.9 | . 367 | 17.95 |
| New Jersey. | 97 | 7,095 | 47.2 | . 500 | 23.60 |
| New York | 37 | 4, 828 | 49.7 | . 400 | 19.88 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 2,187 | 55.2 | . 382 | 21.09 |
| Pennsylvania | 131 | 24,618 | 51.2 | . 392 | 20.07 |
| Rhode Island. | 20 | 2,573 | 50.0 | . 485 | 24.75 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgi | 5 | 875 | 55.4 | . 268 | 14.85 |
| Tennesser.........- | 6 | 822 | 56.4 | . 196 | 11.05 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 1,060 | 54.0 | . 292 | 15. 77 |
| Total | 340 | 49,036 | 50.7 | . 406 | 20.58 |

Average and Classified Earnings per Hour, 1913 to 1931, by Occupation
Table 3 shows average and classified earnings per hour for the wage earners of each sex in nine of the representative occupations in the industry, for each of the specified years from 1913 to 1931 in which studies have been made by the bureau. Thus the variations in the trend and spread of average earnings per hour of wage earners in all occupations in the industry are illustrated.

Average and classified earnings are shown for males only in 1, and for both males and females in 8, of the 9 occupations. The figures are for 14,610 males, or 67 per cent of the males, and for 21,766 females, or 80 per cent of the females, in all occupations in the mills included in the 1931 study, while the 36,376 males and females combined form 74 per cent of the wage earners included in the study.

The showing of the wage earners in the nine occupations by classified earnings groups is graphic in effect since it shows that the groups with the highest earnings in 1913 and 1914 ended at or near where those with the lower earnings in 1919 and 1931 began. This is illustrated by the figures for winders, hard silk, female. In 1913 and 1914 less than 1 per cent of these workers earned as much as an average of 20 and under 25 cents per hour, and none earned as much as 25 cents per hour. In 1919, 89 per cent, and in 1931, 90 per cent earned an average of 20 cents or more per hour.

Table 3.-Average and classified earnings per hour in 9 specified occupations, 1913 to 1931, by occupation, sex, and year



Table 4 shows the number and per cent of wage earners of each sex and of both sexes combined at each classified group of average earnings per hour. The figures in this table include all wage earners in the 340 mills covered by the 1931 study of the industry.

The largest number of males in any one group is 2,095 , or 10 per cent of the total, at 50 and under 55 cents; of females, 2,623 , or 10 per cent, at 30 and under $321 / 2$ cents; and of males and females combined, 3,771 , or 8 per cent, at 30 and under $32 \frac{1}{2}$ cents. Approximately 8 per cent of the males earned 55 and under 60 cents, while 9 per cent of the females and 7 per cent of the males and females combined earned 25 and under $271 / 2$ cents per hour.

Table 4.-Number and per cent of wage earners, by sex, earning each classified amount per hour, 1981

| Classified earnings per hour | Number |  |  | Per cent |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Total | Males | Females | Total |
| 1 and under 2 cents. | 1 | 2 | 3 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 2 and under 3 cents. | 2 | 3 | 5 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 3 and under 4 cents. | 5 | 3 | 8 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 4 and under 5 cents. | 6 | 9 | 15 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 5 and under 6 cents. | 10 | 11 | 21 | (1) | (1) | (t) |
| 6 and under 7 cents. | 8 | 21 | 29 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 7 and under 8 cents. | 10 | 26 | 36 | (I) | (1) | (1) |
| 8 and under 9 cents. | 17 | 45 | 62 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 9 and under 10 cents. | 22 | 38 | 60 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 10 and under 11 cents. | 50 | 70 | 120 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 11 and under 12 cents. | 42 | 74 | 116 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| 12 and under 13 cents. | 60 | 214 | 274 | (1) | 1 | ( |
| 13 and under 14 cents. | 59 | 151 | 210 | (1) | 1 | (I) |
| 14 and under 15 cents. | 76 | 320 | 396 | (1) | 1 | , |
| 15 and under 16 cents. | 120 | 288 | 408 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 16 and under 17 cents. | 143 | 465 | 608 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 17 and under 18 cents. | 164 | 415 | 579 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 18 and under 19 cents. | 212 | 782 | 984 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| 19 and under 20 cents. | 194 | 421 | 615 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| 20 and under 21 cents | 358 | 954 | 1,312 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| 21 and under 22 cents. | 178 | 564 | 742 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 22 and under 23 cents. | 328 | 954 | 1,282 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| 23 and under 24 cents.- | 183 | 771 | , 954 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| 24 and under 25 cents. | 253 | 993 | 1,246 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| 25 and under $271 / 2$ cents | 826 | 2, 555 | 3,381 | 4 | 9 | 7 |
| 271/2 and under 30 cents | 622 | 2, 170 | 2,792 | 3 | 8 |  |
| 30 and under $321 / 2$ cents | 1, 148 | 2, 623 | 3,771 | 5 | 10 | 8 |
| 321/2 and under 35 conts | 810 | 1,832 | 2,642 | 4 | 7 | 5 |
| 35 and under 371/2 cents. | 1,008 | 1,971 | 2,978 | 5 | 7 |  |
| 371/2 and under 40 cents. | 932 | 1,347 | 2,279 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 40 and under 421/2 cents. | 1,323 | 1,399 | 2,722 | 6 | 5 |  |
| 421/2 and under 45 cents. | 924 | 946 | 1,870 | 4 | 3 |  |
| 45 and under 47312 conts. | 1,163 | 876 | 2, 039 | 5 | 3 |  |
| 471/2 and under 50 cents | 952 | 640 | 1,592 | 4. | 2 | 3 |
| 50 and under 55 cents.. | 2,095 | 1,176 | 3,271 | 10 | 4 |  |
| 55 and under 60 cents. | 1,686 | 781 | 2,467 | 8 | 3 |  |
| 60 and under 65 cents | 1,450 | 546 | 1,896 | 7 | 2 |  |
| 65 and under 70 cents. | 1,092 | 283 | 1,375 | 5 | 1 |  |
| 70 and under 75 cents. | 918 | 129 | 1,047 | 4 | (1) |  |
| 75 and under 80 cents. | 787 | 131 | -918 | 4 | (1) | 2 |
| 80 and under 85 conts. | 476 | 59 | 535 | 2 | (I) |  |
| 85 and under 90 cents. | 292 | 28 | 318 | 1 | (1) |  |
| 90 and under 95 cents. | 309 | 20 | 329 | 1 | (l) |  |
| 95 cents and under \$1 | 116 | 13 | 129 | 1 | (1) | (1) |
| \$1 and under \$1.10 | 294 | 25 | 319 | 1 | (I) |  |
| \$1.10 and under \$1.20. | 94 | 3 | 97 | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| \$1.20 and under \$1.30 | 44 | 3 | 48 | (t) | (1) | (1) |
| \$1.30 and under \$1.40. | 14 | 3 | 17 | (t) | (1) | (1) |
| \$1.40 and under \$1.50. | 5 |  | 5 | (1) | ------ | (1) |
| \$1.50 and under \$1.60 | 1 |  | 1 | (1) |  | (1) |
| $\$ 1.70$ and under $\$ 1.80$ | 1 |  | 1 | (1) |  | (1) |
| \$1.80 and under \$1.90. | 1 |  | 1 | (1) |  | (1) |
| \$2.50 snd under \$2.75. | 1 |  | 1 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | (1) |
| Total. | 21, 885 | 27, 151 | 49,036 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

[^2]
## Full-Time Hours Per Week and Per Day, 1910 to 1931

Full-time hours per week are the regular or customary hours of operation when a mill is working its recognized standard hours as established by a regular time of beginning and of quitting work on each day of the week, not including the regular time off duty for meals nor any overtime, and not deducting any time lost on any day for any cause.

Table 5 shows for each specified year for each of nine representative occupations in the industry the per cent of wage earners in each classified group of full-time hours per week.

The full-time hours per week for the 559 winders, hard silk, female, that were included in the 1910 study averaged 57.3 and the hours of 40 per cent of this number were over 54 and under 57 ; of 48 per cent, 57 and under 60 ; and of 13 per cent, 60 per week. Those included in the study in 1912 averaged 56.2 per week and the full-time hours of 22 per cent of them were 54 per week as compared with none in the occupation at 54 or less in 1910 or 1911. The average for the 5,105 included in the 1931 study was 50.1 per week, when the full-time hours of only 6 per cent of them were more than 54 per week.

Table 5.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in 9 specified occupations, 1910 to 1981, by occupation, sex, and year


Table 5.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in 9 specified occupations, 1910 to 1981, by occupation, sex, and year-Continued

| Occupation and sex | Year | Number of estab-lishments | Num ber of wage earners |  | Per cent of wage earners whose full-time hours per week were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 40 \end{gathered}$ | 40 | Over 40, un- der 44 | 44 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 44, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 48 \end{gathered}$ | 48 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { 48, } \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ \text { oI } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 54 \end{gathered}$ | 54 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Over } \\ 54, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 57 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 57, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 60 \end{gathered}\right.$ | 60 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Over } \\ 60 \end{array}$ |
| Redrawers: Male | 1931 | 13 | $\begin{array}{r} 63 \\ 1,887 \end{array}$ | 52.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 8 | 3 | 2 | 41 | 6 |  |  |
| Femalo.- <br> Warpers: <br> Male.... | 1031 | 118 |  | 50.4 | -- | 1 |  | 5 | (4) | 3 | 70 | 6 | 11 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  | 1910 | 7 | 51 | 56.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41 | 59 |  |  |
|  | 1911 | 7 | 50 | 56.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 | 60 |  |  |
|  | 1912 | 13 | 79 | 55. 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71 | 29 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 14 | 152 | 55.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 79 | 12 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 22 | 175 | 54.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 | 75 | --- |  |  |
|  | 1919 | 8 | 71 | 50.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 885 | ${ }^{2} 4$ |  | 11 |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 166 | 993 | 51.1 |  |  |  | 11 | 3 | 3 | 37 | 15 | 9 | 16 | 5 | 1 | ----- |
| Female. | 1910 | 17 | 290 | 56.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64 | 33 | 3 |  |
|  | 1911 | 19 | 508 | 56.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 | 43 | 3 |  |
|  | 1912 | 26 | 666 | 55.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 62 | 34 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 33 | . 849 | 55.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | --- | 6 | 52 | 36 | ---- |  |
|  | 1914 | 39 | 1,084 | 54.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 56 | 38 |  |  |  |
|  | 1919 | 23 | 1, 536 | 51.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 52$ | 3 | 41 | 2 |  |  |  |
| Quillers: Male | 1931 | 164 | 1,974 | 60.4 | (4) | 1 |  | 0 | 2 | 11 | 43 | 16 | 6 | 12 | 2 |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 62 | 299 | 54.2 |  |  |  |  | (d) | 2 | 14 | 11 | 5 | 56 | 5 | 4 | 1 |
| Female..- | 1910 | 23 | 340 | 56.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 56 | 34 | 6 |  |
|  | 1911 | 23 | 538 | 56.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 66 | 28 | 3 |  |
|  | 1912 | 23 | 528 | 55.4 | --- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41 | 33 | 26 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 41 | 725 | 55.3 | -.. |  |  | - |  |  | 7 |  | 9 | 59 | 26 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 46 | 980 | 54.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{6}$ |  | 52 | 41 |  |  |  |
|  | 1919 | ${ }_{26}^{26}$ | - 460 | 51.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 65$ | ${ }^{3} 4$ | 27 | 3 |  |  |  |
| Loom fixers: Male | 1931 | 238 | 1, 034 | 50.0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 38 | 14 | 6 | 13 | 2 |  |  |
|  | 1930 | 22 | 138 | 56.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 | 50 |  |  |
|  | 1911 | 22 | 144 | 56.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 | 52 |  |  |
|  | 1912 | 29 | 230 | 56.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 5 | 52 | 41 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 41 | 329 | 55.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 51 | 37 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 47 | 398 | 54.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 6 |  | 48 | 45 | 1 | 1 |  |
|  | 1919 | 27 | 279 1618 | 51.5 51.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 61$ | 15 | 31 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 234 | 1518 | 51.0 |  | (4) | ( ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | 8 | 6 | 11 | 30 | 11 | 7 | 21 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Weavers, broad silk: Male..... | 1910 | 14 | 1,008 | 56.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 | 61 | (1) |  |
|  | 1911 | 13 | 1, 462 | 56.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 | 56 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |
|  | 1912 | 13 | 1,441 | 56.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 | 23 | 51 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 28 | 2, 107 | 56.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | --- | 11 | 47 | 41 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 28 | 2, 140 | 54.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 36 | 63 | -..- |  |  |
|  | 1919 | 24 | $1,409$ | 51.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 58$ | 82 | 36 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 224 | 8,796 | 51.2 |  | 1 | (4) | 8 | 7 | 10 | 23 | 11 | 7 | 26 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Female..- | 1910 | 14 | 1,190 | 56.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 | 44 | 8 |  |
|  | 1911 | 11 | 1,378 | 57.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 | 50 | 5 | ----- |
|  | 1912 | 19 | 1,626 | 56.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 60 | 39 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 28 | 2,217 | 56.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 57 | 37 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 33 | 2,885 | 54.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 78 | 22 |  |  |  |
|  | 1919 | 24 | 2, 189 | 52.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 250 | 14 | 44 | 3 |  |  |  |
| Pickers, cloth: Male. | 1931 | 203 | 5,804 | 49.6 |  | 2 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 44 | 11 | B | 7 | 2 |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 21 | 64 | 52.0 |  |  |  | 9 |  | 3 | 31 | 5 | 6 | 45 |  |  |  |
| Female. | 1910 | 19 | 394 | 56.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 | 58 | 3 |  |
|  | 1911 | 17 | 503 | 56.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 | 50 | 2 |  |
|  | 1912 | 25 | 570 | 55.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 64 | 33 |  |  |
|  | 1913 | 30 | 659 | 58.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 54 | 36 |  |  |
|  | 1914 | 40 | 898 | 54.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 59 | 39 |  |  |  |
|  | 1919 | -24 | 1335 | 51.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 56$ | 35 | 34 | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 1931 | 183 | 1,062 | 49.8 | (4) | 2 |  | 12 | 2 | 15 | 41 | 13 | 6 | 8 | 2 |  | --- |

The hours per week and per day, Monday to Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, in Table 6, are the regular or customary hours of operation
for day work for each of the 340 mills included in the 1931 study, and for night work for each of the 163 mills that also operated a night shift.

Full-time hours per week of the wage earners for day work in the 340 mills ranged from 40 for the mill with the shortest to $661 / 4$ for the mill with the longest hours per week, and for night work ranged from 44 in two mills to 72 in one mill.

The hours per day for day work, Monday to Friday, ranged from 8 to 1114, and on Saturday in the 319 mills in which there was work on that day from $33 / 4$ to 10 . Twenty-one mills were operated on the 5 -day week basis, there being no work on Saturday.
The hours per night for night work on Monday to Friday ranged in the 163 mills from 8 to 13 . There was no night work on Saturday in 141 of these mills, while in the 21 mills that had night work on Saturday and 1 that had night work Sunday the hours ranged from 31/4 to 12. The night force of each of the mills that had both day and night shifts was less than the day force and usually limited to certain departments or occupations.

The full-time hours per week of the day shifts of 103, or 30 per cent of the 340 mills, were 50 ; of 50 , or 15 per cent, were 44 ; of 42 , or 12 per cent, were 55; of 30 , or 9 per cent, were 54 ; and of 24 mills, or 7 per cent, were 48 per week. The hours of 74 , or 45 per cent, of the 163 mills that operated night shifts were 55 per week.

Table 6.-Number of establishments in each State with specified number of fulltime hours per week and per day, 1981

DAY WORK


18 hours Monday.

Table 6．－Number of establishments in each State with specified number of full－ time hours per week and per day，1931－Continued

DAY WORK－Continued

| Full－time hours per week | Full－time hours per day |  |  | Number of establishments in－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Monday } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Thurs- } \\ \text { day } \end{array}\right\|$ | Friday | Satur－ day | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 烒 } \\ & \text { 苞 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 空 } \\ & \text { 芯 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | Pennsylvania |  |  |  |  |  |
| 503／4 hours．． | 934 | 914 | 41／2 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 hours | 9 | 9 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| s1 hours | 914 | $91 / 4$ | 434 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 511／4 hours． | 914 | 91.4 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 52 hours． | 925 | $93 \%$ | 5 |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| 521／2 hours | 9512 | 9512 | $411 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 521／12 hours | 9512 | 9512 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |
| $521 / 2$ hours | $91 / 2$ | $91 / 2$ | 5 |  |  | －－－ | 2 |  | －－－ | 13 | 1 | －．－ | 1 |  | 17 |
| 523／4 hours． | 934 | $93 / 4$ | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 53 hours． | 916 | $91 / 2$ | 512 |  | －－ |  | －－－ |  |  | －－－－ | 1 | －－＊ |  |  | 1 |
|  | $93 \%$ | 933 | 433 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 531／hours－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－ | 934 | 934 | 41／2 | －－－ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 533／4 hours．．．－－－－－－－－－－－． | ［ 93／4 | 934 | 5 | －－－ | －－－ |  |  |  |  | 5 | 2 | －－－ |  |  | 7 |
|  | $\left[\begin{array}{l}9 \\ 93 / 2\end{array}\right.$ | 9 984 | $\mathrm{S}_{51 / 4}$ | －－－－ |  | －－ | 1 | 1 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 54 hours． | 943 | 945 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 64 hours． | $95 \%$ | 956 | 45\％ | －－－ |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | ${ }^{911 / 2}$ | $9^{11 / 12}$ | 43／4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | （ 10 | 10 | 4 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 5 | 2 |  |  |  | 12 |
| 5416 hours． | 10 | 10 | 432 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 55 hours． 5516 hours | 10 | 10 | 5 | 2 |  |  | 9 | 2 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 42 |
| 551／2 hours． $561 / 4$ hours | 10 | 10 | $51 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | －－ |  |  |  | 1 |
| 561／4 hours | 1014 | 101／4 | 5 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | － | － |  |  |  |  |
| 57 hours． | f $103 \%$ | 1025 | 5 | －－． | －－－ | －－－ | －－ |  | －－ | －－． | －－－－ |  | 1 | －－－ |  |
| 571／2 hours． | ¢ $\begin{aligned} & 101 / 2 \\ & 1015\end{aligned}$ | 1012 | ${ }_{5}^{43}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 58 hours． | 101／2 | 101\％ | 53／2 |  |  |  |  |  | － | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 hours． | $\{10$ | 10 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  | 1114 | 11 | 5 | －－－ |  |  | 1 |  | －－ |  | －－ |  |  |  | 1 |
| 661／4 hours | 114 | 1114 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Total |  |  |  | 13 | 3 | 12 | 97 | 37 | 10 | 131 | 20 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 340 |

NIGET WORK

|  | 8 | 8 | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44 hours． | 845 | 845 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 hours | 8 | 8 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 hours． | 9 | 9 | － 0 | －－－ |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 46 hours | 8 | 8 | ${ }^{1} 6$ | －．．－ |  |  |  |  | －－－ | 1 | －－－ |  |  |  | 1 |
| 461／4 hours | $91 / 4$ | 914 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | －－－ |  |  |  | － | 1 |
| 48 hours． | 833 | $83 / 3$ | 43／3 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 4912 ho | 9 | 9 | 41／2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 4032 h | 10 | 812 | 0 |  |  |  | －－－ | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 812 | $81 / 2$ | 71／2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 50 hours | 9 | 9 | 5 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | 10 | 10 | 0 | 1 |  | 1 | －－－ | 6 |  | 8 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 19 |
| 51 hours | 9 | 9 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 52 hours． | $93 / 4$ | 934 | 31／4 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 521／2 hours | 91／2 | 81／2 | 5 | 1 | －－ | －－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | 1 |
| 5232 hours | 101／2 | 101／2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 4 |
|  | 9 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 9 | －－－－ | － | － | －－－ |  |  | 2 | －．．－ | －－－－ | － | －－ | 1 |
| 04 hours． | 1036 | 1038 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 10 | 10 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
|  | 11 | 11 | 0 |  |  | 2 |  | 4 | 7 | 46 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 71 |
| 56 hours | 10 | 10 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | －－－ | 1 |  |  |  | －－－ | 1 |
|  |  | 101／4 | $51 / 4$ |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| $561 / 2$ hours | 1114 | 113／2 | 0 |  |  | －． |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 5712 hours． | 1142 | 113／2 | 0 | －－． | － |  | － | 1 | －－－－ | 6 | －－－－ | 1 | 2 | －－－－ | 10 |
| $581 / 3$ hours | 113／3 | 113／3 | 0 |  | －－＊ |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |
| 60 hours．－ | 12 | 12 | 0 | 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 23 |
| 613／3 hours | 121／8 | 121／3 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | －－ | 1 |
| 63 hours． | 11 | 11 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 hours | 13 | 13 | 0 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 66 hours | 11 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | － |  |  |  | 1 |
| 72 hours． | 12 | 12 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | －－－ |  |  |  | 1 |
| Total |  |  |  | 10 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 16 | 8 | 92 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 163 |

${ }^{2}$ Sunday．

## Changes in Full-time Hours Since January 1, 1929

Only 11 of the 340 mills included in the 1931 study reported changes in the regular full-time hours per week since January 1, 1929. Table 7 shows the hours per week and per day before and after the changes were made for the 11 mills.

Table 7.-Hours per week and per day of mills before and after change between January 1, 1929, and period of 1981 study

| Day or night work | Number of mills | Hours before change |  |  | Hours after change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per week | $\begin{gathered} \text { Monday } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Friday } \end{gathered}$ | Saturday | Per week | Monday to Friday Friday | Saturday |
| Day work. | 1 | 44 | 8 | 4 | 491/2 | 9 | 41. |
| Do... | 1 | 48 |  |  | 55 | 10 | 5 |
| Do. | 1 | 54 | (1) | (1) | 44 | 8 | 5 |
| Do. | 1 | 44 | ${ }^{8}$ | (1) 4 | 50 | 9 8 8 | 5 |
| Do.. | 1 | 491/6 | (1) | (1) | 40 | 8 | 0 |
|  | , | 60 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 55 | 10 | 5 |
| Night work. | 1 | 50 |  |  | 56 | 10 | 4 |
| Day work.- | 1 | 55 50 |  |  | 54 <br> 514 <br> 1 | ${ }_{9}^{10} 9$ | 4 |
|  | 1 | 50 50 | (1) | (1) ${ }^{5}$ | ${ }_{46}{ }^{6}$ | 8 | 6 |
| Night work | 1 | 50 | (1) | (1) | 45 | 8 | 5 |
|  | 1 | 55 | 11 | 0 | 50 | 10 | 0 |

1 Not available.

## Changes in Wage Rates Since January 1, 1929

The 1931 report includes wage figures for 340 mills. Table 8 shows that between January 1, 1929, and the period of the 1931 study, 189 mills made changes in the wage rates of all or a specified number of their wage earners. All changes were decreases except in one mill (near end of table) in which rates of winders were increased 2 cents per hour.

The year in which changes were made was not reported for 25 mills. One change only was made in the rates in 140 mills; two changes were made in 20 mills and three in 3 mills; while in 1 mill there were seven changes in rates.

Table 8.-Changes in wage rates in 189 mills in the silk and rayon industry between January 1, 1999, and period of 1991 study

| Number of mills | Number of mills making changes in- |  |  | Wage earners affected | Per cent or amount of decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  | 1 | All. | 35 per cent. |
| 1 |  |  |  |  | $33 \% 3$ per cent. |
| 1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | --do.... | 30 per cent. |
| 2 |  | 2 |  | -do...- | 25 per cent. |
| 8 |  |  |  | --.-do-- | 20 per cent. |
| 1 | $(1)$ | (1) | (1) | -.-.-do... | Do. |
| 2 |  | 1 | 1 | do.. | 15 per cent. |
| 1 |  |  | 1 | do. | $123 / 2$ per cent. |
| 1 |  |  |  |  | 12 per cent. |
| 11 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | -do- | 11 per cent. |
|  | (1) ${ }^{-1}$ |  | ${ }_{(1)}^{24}$ | .-do. | 10 per cenc. |

${ }^{1}$ Not reported.

Table 8.-Changes in wage rates in 189 mills in the silk and rayon industry between January 1, 1929, and period of 1981 study-Continued


Table 8.-Changes in wage rates in 189 mills in the silk and rayon industry between January 1, 1929, and period of 1931 study-Continued


Table 8.-Changes in wage rates in 189 mills in the silk and rayon industry between January 1, 1929, and period of 1931 study-Continued


## Overtime and Sunday and Holiday Work, 1931

Overtime is any time worked in excess of the regular full time per day or per week, regardless of the rate paid for such time. Work on Sunday and holidays is extra time only when worked by employees whose regular hours per day and week do not provide for work on those days.

In reply to inquiries concerning overtime and Sunday and holiday work, 225 of the 340 mills covered in the 1931 study reported overtime as having been worked during the pay period taken and 42 reported extra work on Sunday and holidays. Only 9 of the 225 mills in which there was overtime, and only 7 of the 42 in which there was extra work on Sunday and holidays, paid a higher rate for such work than for regular working time. In 216 mills in which there was overtime and in 35 in which there was extra work on Sunday and holidays the rate for such work was the same as for regular working time.
Table 9 shows the number of mills in which an extra rate was paid for overtime, or for extra work on Sunday and holidays, the number of times the regular rate that was paid for such work, and the wage earners entitled to the extra rate.

Table 9.-Employees entilled to extra pay, and times regular rate paid for overtime and for work on Sunday and holidays, 1931

| Employees entitled |  | Number of estab-lishment | Times regular rate for- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Overtime | Work on Sunday days |
| All employees.- |  |  |  | 115 | (1) |
| Loom fxers, warpers, and tw |  | 1 | ${ }^{112}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| Twisters-in........... |  | 1 | ${ }_{112}$ | ${ }_{2}^{14 / 2}$ |
| Time workers |  | 1 | 132 | 2115 |
| Do...-- |  | 1 | 112 | ${ }^{2} 11 / 2$ |
| Dyohouse workers |  | 1 | 112 | 211/2 |
| Time workers |  | 1 | $11 / 2$ | ${ }^{(1)} 11$ |
| All except foreman--.- |  | 1 | 1 | 2144 |
| Mechanics and winders. |  | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{1} 11 / 2$ |
| ${ }^{1}$ No Sunday work. | ${ }^{2}$ Holiday | ${ }^{2}$ And Saturdays. |  |  |
|  | Bo |  |  |  |

A bonus system is a plan whereby the earnings at basic time or piece rates of all or of a part of the wage earners of a mill would be increased under certain conditions. Example: A mill had a plan which provided for the payment of a bonus of $\$ 3$ per week to each dyehouse laborer for attendance of 90 per cent or more of full time. The full-time hours of operation of the mill were 48 per week. A dyehouse laborer in the mill whose rate was 40 cents per hour worked 43.5 hours or 0.3 hour more than 90 per cent of full time. His earnings in the week were $\$ 17.40$ at his basic rate plus $\$ 3$ for attendance or $\$ 20.40$.
Fifty-five of the 340 mills included in the 1931 study reported bonus systems in operation. The basis of the bonus, the wage earners entitled to the bonus payments, and the amount of and conditions necessary to get the bonus are shown for each of the 55 mills in Table 10.

The basis of the bonus in 8 mills was attendance; in 7, attendance and efficiency; in 3, attendance and production; in 25, efficiency; in 1, efficiency and production; in 6, production; in 1, production and time saving; in 3, service; and in 1 , time saving.

Table 10.-Bonus systems in operation in 55 mills, 1951


Table 10.-Bonus systems in operation in 55 mills, 1991 -Continued


Table 10.-Bonus systems in operation in 55 mills, 1931-Continued


Table 10.-Bonus systems in operation in 55 mills, 1931-ContInued

| Num ber of estab-lishments | Bonus based on - | Employees entitled to bonus | Amount of or per cent of earnings paid as bonus | Necessary to get bonus |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Production. .-- } \\ \\ \text { Time saving. . . }\end{array}\right.$ | Certain groups of workers. <br> Time workers. $\qquad$ | One-half of 1 per cent of earnings at basic rates for each per cent over set standard. <br> [ 20 per cent of time served at basic rates. <br> 10 per cent of difference between allotted time and time taken at basic rates. | Production over set standard. <br> Complete work in less than allotted time. <br> Complete work in not less than 90 per cent of allotted time. |
| 2 | Service.. | All in service 1 year or more. | 1 per cent of earnings at basic rates for each year of service. | Service of 1 year or more. |
| 1 | do | All in service 2 years or more. | 10 per cent of earnings at basic rates. | Service of 2 years or more. |
| 1 | Time saving--- | Machinists and helpers. | All of time saved at basic rates. | Complete work in less than allotted time. |

Index Numbers of Employment and of Pay Rolls, 1923 to 1931
Index numbers of employment and of pay rolls in the silk goods industry are presented in Table 11 for each month and year, January, 1923, to December, 1931. The indexes are as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in monthly reports on "Trend of Employment" in the United States.

During the period covered by the table, employment, by months, was highest in December, 1925, with an index of 107.9 and lowest in July, 1931, with an index of 63.6 Pay rolls were highest at 109.1 in December, 1925, and lowest at 55.6 in July, 1931.

By years, the index of 103.1 shows employment to be highest in 1925 and lowest (73.9) in 1931; pay rolls dropped from an index of 102.7 in 1925 to 64.5 in 1931.

Table 11.-Index numbers of employment and of pay rolls, January, 1923, to December, 1931, by month and year
[A verage for $1926=100$ ]

| Month | Employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
| January | 98.3 | 96.8 | 95.9 | 107.8 | 98.7 | 97.0 | 95.2 | 94.2 | 81. 6 |
| February | 100.5 | 98.8 | 98.4 | 197.0 | 99.2 | 100.5 | 97.8 | 97.0 | 84.3 |
| March | 102. 2 | 98.2 | 100.2 | 103.8 | 191.1 | 101.6 | 99.9 | 97.1 | 83.2 |
| April. | 102. 5 | 95.1 | 100.7 | 100.4 | 101.0 | 96.8 | 100.5 | 95.3 | 80.7 |
| May. | 102. 1 | 92.5 | 101. 5 | 97.4 | 100.1 | 96.9 | 99.2 | 89.3 | 76.9 |
| June. | 100.5 | 90.5 | 102. 5 | 95.2 | 97.6 | 96.0 | 97.9 | 86.2 | 67.4 |
| July.- | 98. 9 | 87.5 | 103. 8 | 94.3 | 96.5 | 92.7 | 97.8 | 78. 6 | 63.6 |
| August | 99.3 | 91.0 | 105. 5 | 96.1 | 97.5 | 93.5 | 98.3 | 78. 0 | 65.3 |
| Beptember | 99.2 | 93.3 | 106. 4 | 97.7 | 97.9 | 95.0 | 98.1 | 76.2 | 69.5 |
| October-- | 98.8 | 95.8 | 107. 4 | 100. 1 | 97.0 | 98.1 | 98.1 | 79.8 | 73.0 |
| November | 97.8 | 95.0 | 107. 5 | 100.0 | 95.9 | 96.9 | 96.7 | 83.4 | 70.7 |
| December | 97.6 | 94.9 | 107.9 | 99.7 | 98.0 | 97.9 | 96.1 | 82.5 | 70.9 |
| Average | 99.8 | 94.1 | 103. 1 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 96.9 | 98.0 | 86.8 | 73.9 |

Table 11.-Index numbers of employment and of pay rolls, January, 1929, to December, 1991, by month and year-Continued

| Month | Pay roll |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
| January | 85.4 | 89.9 | 92.8 | 107.9 | 95.7 | 94.4 | 92.8 | 90.2 | 70.8 |
| February | 91.0 | 96.3 | 99.2 | 108.9 | 102.8 | 104.3 | 103.7 | 96.1 | 78.6 |
| March | 94.9 | 93.4 | 102.8 | 105. 1 | 104. 7 | 106.6 | 106. 4 | 98.1 | 76.2 |
| April | 95.7 | 90.4 | 101. 8 | 98.8 | 99.5 | 100.1 | 106. 7 | 92.8 | 71.9 |
| May | 99.8 | 86.6 | 103.4 | 97.7 | 101.7 | 100.5 | 105. 1 | 83.7 | 86.9 |
| June. | 98.2 | 83.5 | 98.8 | 93.0 | 99.2 | 100.9 | 102.9 | 79.9 | 58.1 |
| July | 92.6 | 76.5 | 101.5 | 91.5 | 95.1 | 93.4 | 98.8 | 67.7 | 55.6 |
| August | 93.9 | 84.8 | 106.8 | 97.1 | 98.3 | 98.3 | 101.3 | 72.1 | 68.9 |
| September | 95.2 | 87.0 | 100.0 | 96.6 | 98.1 | 99.2 | 100.6 | 70.2 | 59.2 |
| October-- | 96.3 | 93.4 | 109.0 | 104. 0 | 98.9 | 104. 3 | 101.8 | 75.9 | 62.4 |
| November | 92.1 | 88.2 | 107.4 | 99.7 | 94.7 | 97.6 | 95.5 | 76.4 | 57.2 |
| December | 91.6 | 92.6 | 109.1 | 99.7 | 101.2 | 102.7 | 95.2 | 77.8 | 57.9 |
| Average. | 93.9 | 88.6 | 102.7 | 100.0 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 100.9 | 81.7 | 64.5 |

## Importance of the Industry

Table 12 shows for the industry the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, the amount paid in wages, the cost of materials, the value of products, and the value added by manufacture, as published by the United States Census of Manufactures. The figures are for the United States as a whole in each of the specified years from 1919 to 1929. From the census figures the average per wage earner of each item was computed, as was the per cent that amount of wages was of the value added by manufacture.

Average annual wages per wage earner increased each census year from $\$ 854$ in 1919 to $\$ 1,097$ in 1927, and then decreased to $\$ 1,093$ in 1929. The increase between 1919 and 1921 was 9.4 per cent; between 1921 and 1923, 8.5 per cent; between 1923 and 1925, 6.3 per cent; and between 1925 and 1927, 1.9 per cent. The decrease between 1927 and 1929 was 0.4 per cent.

In 1919 wages formed 36 per cent of the value added by manufacture; 45 per cent in 1921, 1923, and 1929; 44 per cent in 1925; and 46 per cent in 1927.

Table 12.-Establishments, wage earners, wages, cost of materials, value of products, value added by manufacture, and per capita earnings, etc., 1919 to 1999
[From United States Census of Manufactures, 1927 and 1929]

| Year | Number of establishments | Average number of wage earners | Amount paid in wages | Cost of materials | Value of products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919.... | 1,369 | 126, 782 | \$108, 226, 330 | \$388, 469, 022 | \$688, 469, 523 |
| 1921. | 1, 565 | 121, 378 | 113,395, 626 | 337, 558, 799 | 583, 418, 756 |
| 1923 | 1,598 | 125, 234 | 126, 849, 454 | 479, 038, 263 | 761, 322, 119 |
| 1925. | 1,659 | 132, 509 | 142, 733, 539 | 484, 122, 527 | 808, 979, 309 |
| 1927. | 1,648 | 127, 643 | 140, 053, 588 | 445, 300, 676 | 750, 123, 705 |
| 1929. | 1,434 | 126, 060 | 137, 772, 194 | 392, 543, 268 | 701, 134, 318 |

Table 12.-Establishments, wage earners, wages, cost of materials, value of products, value added by manufacture, and per capita earnings, etc., 1919 to 1929-Con.

| Year | Value added by manufacture | Average annual wages per wage earner | Cost of materials per wage earner | Value of products per wage earner | Value added by manufacture per wage earner | Per cent wages are of value added |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919.... | \$300, 000, 501 | \$854 | \$3,064 | \$5,430 | \$2,366 | 88 |
| 1921. | 245, 859, 957 | 934 | 2, 781 | 4,807 | 2,026 | 45 |
| 1923. | 282, 283, 886 | 1,013 | 3,825 | 6, 079 | 2, 254 | 45 |
| 1925. | 324, 856, 872 | 1,077 | 3,654 | 6, 105 | 2, 452 | 44 |
| 1927 | 804, 733, 029 | 1,097 | 3,489 | 5,877 | 2,387 | 46 |
| 1929. | 308, 591, 051 | 1, 093 | 3,114 | 6,562 | 2,448 | 45 |

## Scope and Method

In 1931, data as to days, hours, wage rates, and earnings of each wage earner in each occupation in the industry were collected by agents of the bureau from the pay rolls and other records of 340 representative silk and rayon mills in 13 States. The States included in the study, based on the 1927 report of the United States Bureau of Manufactures, were the more important in number of wage earners.

The study, in 1931, was limited to mills the principal products of which were broad goods, dress goods, ribbons, linings, shirtings, satins, georgettes, pongees, crêpes, chiffons, and tie goods, made of silk and/or rayon. Mills in which the principal products were velvets, plushes, tapestries, upholstery goods, braids, specialties or small wares, or goods of silk or rayon containing more than 25 per cent of other fibers were not included. Mills making spun silk were not included.

Except for a few mills, the data used in compiling the 1931 wage figures were taken for one pay period in March, April, May, or June, and therefore reflect conditions in the industry in those months.

Table 13 shows the number of mills covered in the 1931 study, the per cent of the cloth of each mill made of silk yarn only; of rayon yarn only; of a mixture of silk and rayon; or of a cloth made of a mixture of silk or rayon and other yarn; also the per cent silk, rayon, and other yarn in cloth made of two or more yarns.
The first three lines of the table show that all or 100 per cent of the cloth in 200 mills was made of silk yarn only; in 26 mills of rayon yarn only; and in 1 mill of a mixture of silk and rayon yarns and that the silk was 67 and the rayon 33 per cent of the mixture. Line 15 of the table shows that 7 per cent of the cloth made in one mill was of silk yarn only and 93 per cent of rayon yarn only.

Tablim 13.-Number of mills, per cent of cloth made of silk, rayon, silk and rayon, or silk or rayon and other fiber, and per cent of silk, rayon, and other fiber in cloth of a mixture, 1831

| Number of mills included in 1931 study | Per cent of cloth made of- |  |  |  | Per cent in mixture of- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { silk } \\ & \text { yarn } \\ & \text { only } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rayon } \\ & \text { yarn } \\ & \text { only } \end{aligned}$ | Mirture of silk and rayon | Mixture of silk or rayon and other | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Silk } \\ & \text { yarn } \end{aligned}$ | Rayon yarn | Other yarn |
| 200 mills | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 mills |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mill .-. |  |  | 100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | 33 |  |
| 8 mills...----- |  |  | 100 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1 mill.... |  |  | 100 |  | 75 40 | 25 60 |  |
|  |  |  | 100 |  | (1) | (1) |  |
| DO. |  |  | 100 |  |  | 75 |  |
| Do- |  |  |  | 100 100 | 80 38 |  |  |
| Do. |  |  |  | 100 100 | 38 | $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | 7 40 |
| Do |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  |
| Do |  |  |  | 100 100 | 20 | $50$ | 30 47 |
| Do. | 7 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 29 | 71 | ------ |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 62 | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 83 12 | 17 | -..-- | - |  |  |  |
| Do. | 40 | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 94 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 mills | 67 | 33 | -...--- |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mill | 44 | 56 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 mills.-- | 42 | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 m mills | 76 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mill | 65 | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 97 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 38 | 62 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 mills -- | 98 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mill | 70 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 mills | 19 | 81 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mill | 99 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do.- | 72 | 28 | -- |  |  |  |  |
| Do | ${ }^{50}$ | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | $\begin{array}{r}79 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 45 | 55 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 32 | 68 | -..... |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41 | 59 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do. | 4 | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do | 64 |  | 36 |  | 33 |  |  |
| Do. | 67 |  | 33 |  | 10 | 90 |  |
| Do. | 75 |  | 25 |  | 50 | 50 |  |
| Do. |  | 57 21 | 43 |  | 10 | 90 | - |
| Do- | 72 |  | 53 |  | (1) ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |
| Do- | 98 |  |  | 2 |  |  | ${ }^{33}$ |
| Do. | 4 |  |  | 96 | 67 |  | 33 |
| 2 mill | () |  |  | () |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - | 18 | 6 | 11 | 40 |
| DO- | 55 |  | 42 |  | 49 | 50 | 1 |
| Do- |  | 47 |  | 53 | 40 | 60 | 40 |
| Do. | 10 | 5 |  | 85 |  |  | 29 |
| Do | 94 | 5 |  | 1 |  | (1) |  |
|  | 91 | 7 | 1 | 1 |  | (1) 37 |  |
| Do. | ${ }_{3}^{19}$ | 49 38 | ...---- | 83 59 | ${ }^{(1)} 50$ | (1) |  |
| Do- | 26 | 21 | 63 |  | 15 | 85 |  |
| Do. | 21 | 39 | 4 | 37 | 22 | 25 | 53 |
| Do. | 19 | 2 |  | 79 | 29 |  | 70 |
| Do. |  | 49 | 15 | 36 | 6 | 59 | 36 |
| Do | 87 | 18 |  | 1 | 18 |  | 82 85 |
| Do- | 97 |  |  | 3 | 29 | 7 | 71 |
| Do. | 68 |  |  | 32 | 25 |  | 75 |
|  |  | $\text { (1) } 2$ |  |  | (1) 49 |  | (1) ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | ( |  |  |  |  |  | ( |

${ }^{1}$ Not reported. ${ }^{2}$ Less than 1 per cent. ${ }^{2}$ Part silk and mixtures, proportions not reported.

Table 14 shows by States the number of wage earners in the industry in the United States in 1927 according to the United States Census of Manufactures. The number of mills from which the Bureau of Labor Statistics obtained data for 1931 and the number of wage earners therein for whom data are presented in the various tables in this report are also shown in the table. The 49,036 ( 21,885 males and 27,151 females) wage earners included in the 1931 study by the bureau were 38 per cent of the total in the industry in 1927.

Table 14.--Number of wage earners in the industry in 1927, and number of establishments and wage earners for which 1931 data are shown, by States

| State | Number of wage earners reported by United States Census Bureau in 1927 | Establishments and wage earners for which data are shown for 1931 in this report |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of establishments | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { wage } \\ \text { earners } \end{gathered}$ |
| Connecticut | 9, 183 | 13 | 2,975 |
| Maryland. | 935 | 3 | 513 |
| Massachusetts. | 7.357 | 12 | 1,510 |
| New Jersey | ${ }^{24,482}$ | 97 | 7,095 |
| New York | 11, 204 | 37 | 4, 828 |
| North Carolina | (1) | 10 | 2,187 |
| Pennsylvania | 59,608 | 131 | 24, 618 |
| Rhode Island -------....- | 6,500 | 20 | 2,573 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Geor |  | 5 | 875 |
| Tennessee...-...- |  | 6 | 822 |
| Virginia --..-- Other States | 1,525 6,849 | 6 | 1,060 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total | 127, 643 | 340 | 49,036 |

1 Not reported separately; included in "Other States."
Data for mills with a pay period of more than one week were converted to a 1 -week basis.
Because of the carry-over of incomplete cuts from one week to another, wage figures for weavers were taken for two weeks in all mills and reduced to a 1 -week basis.
Average full-time hours per week were computed by dividing the combined full-time hours per week of all wage earners in the occupation by the number of wage earners in the occupation in the week. The full-time hours per week of each wage earner were used in arriving at this average, even though some worked more or less than full time on account of overtime, sickness disability, or other cause.

Where no record of actual hours worked by piece workers was regularly kept, the officials of the mills, at the request of the bureau, had a record of the actual hours worked kept for a representative pay period.

Average earnings per hour include the earnings of both time workers and piece workers and were obtained by dividing the total earnings of all wage earners in an occupation in one week by the total number of hours actually worked in that week by such wage earners.

Average full-time earnings per week were computed by multiplying the average earnings per hour of wage earners in the occupation by their average full-time hours per week. This was done on the assump-
tion that the earnings for full time would have been at the same average per hour as for the time that was actually worked in one week.

The important occupations, as published in this bulletin, are arranged below approximately in the order of manufacture and followed by the group of "other employees," which includes wage earners in occupations other than in the important occupations. For definitions see page 49.

Winders, hard silk.
Doublers.
Spinners.
Reelers.
Laborers, dyehouse.
Winders, rayon.
Winders, soft silk.
Redrawers.
Warpers.
Quillers.
Coners.
Enterers.

Enterers' helpers.
Twisters-in, hand.
Twisters-in, machine.

## Loom fixers.

Bobbin boys.
Weavers, broad silk. Weavers, ribbon.
Smash hands.
Pickers, cloth.
Inspectors, cloth. Packers.
Other employees.

## General Tables

In addition to the preceding text tables, three general tables and a glossary of occupation terms are presented as follows:

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State.

The presentation in this table in parallel columns of "average fulltime hours per week" and "average hours actually worked in one week" is for the purpose of easy comparison of the hours that would have been worked in the week had all wage earners in the occupation worked no more nor less than full time, with the average hours that were actually worked in the week. One shows the average full-time hours under normal conditions, and the other the average hours actually worked in the week for the wage earners in each occupation in each State and in all States combined.
On page 36, near the end of the table, the figures show that the 21,885 males in the 340 mills worked on an average of 5.3 days in one week. Their average full-time hours per week were 51.5 and they worked an average of 48.4 hours in the week or 94 per cent of full time. They earned an average of 48.5 cents per hour or $\$ 23.45$ in one week. Had they worked the average fuli-time hours, 51.5 , at the same average per hour as was earned in the 48.4 hours, they would have earned $\$ 24.98$ in the week.

The 27,151 females in these mills worked on an average of 5.2 days in one week. Their average full-time hours per week were 50 and they worked an average of 43.2 hours in the week or 86.4 per cent of full time. They earned an average of 33.5 cents per hour or $\$ 14.46$ per week. Had they worked the average full time of 50 hours per week at the same average as was earned in the 43.2 hours they would have earned \$16.75.

The 49,036 wage earners in the 340 mills worked on an average of 5.2 days in one week. Their average full-time hours per week were 50.7 and they worked an average of 45.5 hours in the week or 89.7
per cent of full time. They earned an average of 40.6 cents per hour or $\$ 18.47$ in the week. Had they worked their average full-time hours of 50.7 per week at the same average rate per hour as was earned in the 45.5 hours they would have earned an average of $\$ 20.58$.

Table B.-Average and classified earnings per hour in nine specified occupations, 1931, by occupations, sex, and State.
$\mathrm{T}_{\text {able }} \mathrm{C}$.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in nine specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State


Pata included in total.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued


1 Data included in total.

$$
131842^{\circ}-32 \_3
$$

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1991, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | Num- <br> ber of wage earners | Average days on which wage earners worked in one week | Average fulltime hours per week |  | Per cent of full time worked | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A ver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { Garn- } \\ & \text { ings } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { hour } \end{aligned}$ | Aver age fulltime earnings per | Average actual earnings in one week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winders, solt silk, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut....-. | 1 | 2 | 2.0 | 55.0 | 16.0 | 20.1 | \$0.253 | \$13, 92 | \$1.04 |
| New Jersey. |  | 5 | 6.0 | 49.5 | 49.5 | 100.0 | . 389 | 19.28 | 19.23 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 9 | 6.3 | 64.7 | 69.1 | 106.8 | . 341 | 22.06 | 23. 59 |
| Rhode Island | 1 | 2 | 3.0 | 50.0 | 25.3 | 50.6 | . 350 | 17.50 | 8.84 |
| Tennessee. | 1 | 4 | 5.3 | 55.0 | 50.3 | 91.5 | . 167 | 9.19 | 8.41 |
| Total | 6 | 22 | 5.4 | 57.3 | 52.4 | 91.4 | . 319 | 18.28 | 16. 73 |
| Winders, soft silk, female: Connecticut | 9 | 125 | 5.1 | 49.0 | 43.2 | 88.2 | 364 | 17.84 | 15. 75 |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 28 | 5.2 | 47.7 | 40.4 | 84.7 | . 327 | 15. 60 | 13. 19 |
| New Jersey | 61 | 445 | 5.0 | 46.4 | 39.6 | 85.3 | . 409 | 18.98 | 16. 23 |
| New York. | 3 | 35 | 5.8 | 47.2 | 44.2 | 93.6 | . 390 | 18.41 | 17.25 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 53 | 5. 5 | 55.0 | 50.8 | 92.4 | . 308 | 16.94 | 15. 65 |
| Pennsylvania | 36 | 715 | 5.1 | 50.5 | 43.2 | 85.5 | . 304 | 15.35 | 13.14 |
| Rhode Island | 6 | 117 | 4.6 | 48.9 | 39.6 | 81.0 | . 351 | 17.16 | 13. 88 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 2 | 7 | 5.9 | 55.0 57 | 60.4 | 109.8 | . 235 | 12.93 | 14. 22 |
|  | 1 | 9 | 4.4 | 57.5 | 50.1 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | . 196 | 11. 27 | 9.81 |
| Virginia | 2 | 20 | 4.4 | 55.0 | 41.0 | 74.5 | . 174 | 9.57 | 7.13 |
| Total | 126 | 1.554 | 5.0 | 49.2 | 42.2 | 85.8 | . 340 | 16.73 | 14. 38 |
| Redrawers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 100.0 | . 300 | 15. 00 | 15.00 |
| Maryland | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 50.0 | 51.0 | 102.0 | . 215 | 10.75 | 10.95 |
| New York | 1 | 3 | 5.0 | 50.0 | 46.0 | 92.0 | . 193 | 9.65 | 8.89 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 1 | 3.0 | 55.0 | 34.5 | 62.7 | . 145 | 7.98 | 5. 02 |
| Pennsylvania. | 8 | 54 | 5.3 | 52.6 | 50.0 | 95.1 | . 194 | 10.20 | 9.72 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. | 1 | 3 | 5.0 | 57.5 | 57.5 | 100.0 | . 213 | 12.23 | 12. 23 |
| Total | 13 | 63 | 5.3 | 52.7 | 49.9 | 94.7 | . 197 | 10.38 | 9.83 |
| Redrawers, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut.-. | 3 | 29 | 5.1 | 49.0 | 40.1 | 81.8 | . 331 | 16. 22 | 13.25 |
| Maryland. | 3 | 61 | 5.2 | 50.0 | 42.5 | 85.0 | . 252 | 12.60 | 10.69 |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 33 | 5.3 | 47.2 | 42.7 | 90.5 | . 237 | 12. 60 | 11.40 |
| New Jersey | 18 | 174 | 5.6 | 48.3 | 45.4 | 94.0 | . 269 | 12.99 | 12.19 |
| New York | 11 | 257 | 5.5 | 48.9 | 44.9 | 91.8 | . 270 | 13.20 | 12.12 |
| North Carolin | 1 | 2 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | 100.0 | . 135 | 7.46 | 7. 46 |
| Pennsylvania | 64 | 1,215 | 4.7 | 50.9 | 39.3 | 77.2 | . 229 | 11.66 | 9.00 |
| Rhode Island. | 3 | 21 | 5.4 | 48.8 | 47.9 | 98.2 | . 233 | 11.37 | 11.14 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 2 | 14 | 5.1 | 57.1 | 49.5 | 86.7 | . 194 | 11.08 | 9.63 |
| Tennessce..... | 2 | 18 | 5. 1 | 57.1 | 49.6 | 86.9 | . 187 | 10.68 | 9.30 |
| Virginia. | 4 | 63 | 5.6 | 53.1 | 50.2 | 94.5 | . 281 | 14.92 | 14. 13 |
| Total | 113 | 1,887 | 5. 0 | 50.4 | 41.5 | 82.3 | . 243 | 12.25 | 10.08 |
| Warpers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 8 | 34 | 5.6 | 51.7 | 49.8 | 96.3 | . 616 | 31.85 | 30. 67 |
| Massachusetts. | 10 | 28 | 5.1 | 49.4 | 42.1 | 85.2 | . 613 | 30.29 | 25.79 |
| New Jersey | 53 | 218 | 5.2 | 47.9 | 43.6 | 91.0 | . 893 | 42. 77 | 39.98 |
| New York. | 21 | 125 | 5.3 | 51.1 | 46.6 | 91.2 | . 701 | 35. 82 | 32.88 |
| North Carolina | 5 | 50 | 4.8 | 55.2 | 48.4 | 87.7 | . 416 | 22. 93 | 20.15 |
| Pennsylvania | 54 | 477 | 5.1 | 51.8 | 45.0 | 86.9 | . 588 | 30.46 | 26.45 |
| Rhode Island | 9 | 23 | 5.2 | 50.9 | 46.7 | 91.7 | . 627 | 31.91 | 29.27 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 6 | 4.5 | 57.5 | 51.8 | 90.1 | . 253 | 14.55 | 13. 08 |
| Tennessee..... | 3 | 15 | 5.0 | 56.9 | 48.8 | 85.8 | . 361 | 20.54 | 17.63 |
| Virginia. | 2 | 19 | 4.8 | 55.0 | 48.8 | 88.7 | . 299 | 16.45 | 14.57 |
| Total | 166 | 993 | 5.1 | 51.1 | 45.4 | 88.8 | . 648 | 33.11 | 29.42 |
| Warpers, female: Connecticut | 9 | 135 | 5.3 | 50.6 | 45.8 | 90.7 | . 477 | 24. 14 | 21.88 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 50 | 5. 1 | 47.8 | 39.8 | 83.3 | . 497 | 23. 76 | 19.80 |
| New Jersey. | 38 | 231 | 4.8 | 45.7 | 37,5 | 82.1 | . 545 | 24.91 | 20.48 |

${ }^{1}$ Data included in totaf.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued


1 Data included in total.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | Numwage earners | Averdays on which wage earners in one week | Average <br> time <br> hours per | Averhours actsally worked in one week | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent } \\ \text { of full } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { worked } \end{gathered}$ | A ver- age earn- ings per hour | Aver- age full- time earn- ings per week | Aver- age actual earn- ings in one week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enterers, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conneeticut.-. | 5 | 16 | 4.3 | 49.6 | 35.4 | 71.4 | \$0. 444 | \$22. 02 | \$15.71 |
| Massachusetts | 5 | 13 | 5.7 | 48.0 | 44.7 | 93.1 | . 466 | 22.37 | 20.84 |
| New Jersey | 6 | 16 | 5.3 | 48.9 | 44.4 | 90.8 | . 576 | 28.17 | 25. 56 |
| Now York. | 8 | 30 | 5.4 | 48.3 | 43.3 | 89.6 | . 349 | 16. 86 | 15. 11 |
| North Carolina | 7 | 64 | 5.3 | 55.0 | 45.6 | 82.9 | . 382 | 21.01 | 17.39 |
| Pennsylvania | 32 | 183 | 5.1 | 50.5 | 43.6 | 86.3 | . 385 | 19.44 | 16. 77 |
| Rhode Island | 4 | 4 | 4.4 | 48.1 | 36.3 | 75.5 | . 403 | 19.38 | 14.61 |
| South Carolina, Alaba and Georgia. |  | 7 | 3.3 | 55.0 | 17.7 | 32.2 | . 328 | 18.04 | 5.81 |
|  | 3 | 6 | 5.5 | 67.0 | 49.9 | 87.5 | . 134 | 7.64 | 6.81 6.71 |
| Virginia. | 2 | 7 | 5.1 | 55.0 | 47.5 | 86.4 | . 144 | 7.92 | 6.83 |
| Total | 73 | 376 | 5.1 | 50.8 | 42.4 | 83.5 | . 387 | 19.66 | 16.39 |
| Enterers' helpers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 44.0 | 40.0 | 90.9 | . 250 | 11.00 | 10.00 |
| Now York | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 49.5 | 52.5 | 106.1 | 220 | 10.89 | 11.55 |
| Pennsylvania | 11 | 25 | 6.0 4.4 | 35.0 51.4 | 52.8 35.7 | 96.0 69.5 | . 244 | 13.20 | 12. 6.5 |
| Vrrginia...... | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 100.0 | . 250 | 13.75 | 13.75 |
| Total | 15 | 30 | 4.6 | 51.5 | 38.2 | 74.2 | . 246 | 12.67 | 9.40 |
| Finterers' helpers, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 3 | 5 | 5.4 | 46.8 46.5 | 45.6 | 98.1 | ${ }^{.264}$ | 12. 28 | 12. 06 |
| New York. | 3 | 6 | 5.3 | 49.5 | 45.2 | 91.3 | . 240 | 11.88 | 10.83 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 16 | 5.3 | 55.0 | 41.7 | 75.8 | . 314 | 17.27 | 13. 50 |
| Pennsylvania. | 20 | 114 | 5.1 | 50.4 | 42.3 | 83.9 | . 258 | 13.00 | 10.93 |
| Rhode Island. | 1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) |  |
| Tennessee | 1 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)} 7$ | (1) 55.0 | (1) 33.0 | ${ }_{60.0}$ | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }_{3,57}$ |
| Total | 39 | 154 | 5.1 | 50.8 | 42.3 | 83.3 | . 260 | 13.21 | 10.98 |
| Twisters-in, hand, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticu | 3 | 32 | 5.5 | 51.2 | 45.9 | 89.6 | . 456 | 23.35 | 20.90 |
| New Jersey | 65 | 131 | 5.8 | 46.2 | 39.9 | 88.4 | . 886 | 40.01 | 34. 58 |
| New York | 18 | 36 | 5.4 | 50.2 | 46.4 | 92.4 | . 618 | 31. 02 | 28.69 |
| North Carolina | 4 | 16 | 5.4 | 65. 0 | 47.3 | 86.0 | . 471 | 25.91 | 22.24 |
| Pennsylvania. | 43 | 139 | 5.8 | 51.3 | 51.0 | 99.4 | . 542 | 27.80 | 27.65 |
| Rhode Island. | 10 | 32 | 4.6 | 49.8 | 40.8 | 81.9 | . 702 | 34. 96 | 28.68 |
| Bouth Carolina, Alabam and Georgia | 2 | 7 | 5.6 | 57.1 | 55.0 | 06.3 | . 250 | 14. 23 | 13.73 |
| Tennessee...---- | 2 | 3 | 4.3 | 56.3 | 38.0 | 67.5 | . 251 | 14.13 | 9.54 |
| Virginia. | 1 | 3 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 60.2 | 109.5 | . 399 | 21.95 | 24.02 |
| Total | 145 | 407 | 5.3 | 49.7 | 45.5 | 91.5 | . 634 | 31.51 | 28.84 |
| Twisters-in, hand, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 4 | 8 | 4.1 | 53.4 | 36.4 | 68.2 | . 316 | 16.87 | 11.51 |
| Massachusetts. | 2 | 10 | 5.3 | 48.0 | 44.8 | 93.3 | . 352 | 16.90 | 15. 77 |
| New Jorsey | 9 | 14 | 4.1 | 45.6 | 35. 3 | 77.4 | . 713 | 32.51 | 25. 19 |
| New York | 7 | 13 | 5.6 | 46.2 | 46.0 | 20.6 | . 465 | 21. 48 | 21.38 |
| North Carolina. | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | 100.0 | . 289 | 15.88 | 15.88 |
| Pennsylvania | 25 | 141 | 5.3 | 50.7 | 41.3 | 81.5 | . 433 | 21. 95 | 17.86 |
| Rhode Island | 9 | 25 | 5.5 | 51.2 | 45.3 | 88.5 | . 464 | 23.76 | 21.00 |
| Bouth Carolina, Alaba and Georgia | 2 | 10 | 5.4 | 57.3 | 54.2 | 94.6 | . 210 | 12.03 | 11.39 |
| Tennessee....-. | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | 100.0 | . 227 | 12.50 | 12.50 |
| Virginia. | 1 | 5 | 5.6 | 55. | 51 | 92.7 | . 319 | 17.55 | 16. 25 |
| Total | 61 | 228 | 5.3 | 50.6 | 42.5 | 84.0 | 428 | 21.66 | 18.19 |

1 Data included in total.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of establish. ments | Numwage earners |  | Aver- <br>  $\operatorname{tim} \theta$ hours per week | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver- } \\ & \text { gag } \\ & \text { hours } \\ & \text { actur } \\ & \text { ally } \\ & \text { worked } \\ & \text { in one } \\ & \text { week } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { oent } \\ \text { of full } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { worked } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { earn- } \\ & \text { ings } \\ & \text { perr } \\ & \text { hour } \end{aligned}$ | Aver- age full- tine earn- ings per week | Aver- agg actual earn- ings in one week |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Twisters-in, machine, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut... | 8 | 28 | 5.2 | 50.6 | 45.4 | 89.7 | \$0. 696 | \$35. 22 | \$31. 62 |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 6 | 6.0 | 48.0 | 54.7 | 114.0 | . 765 | 36.72 | 41.85 |
| New Jersey | 16 | 28 | 5.5 | 47.0 | 46.1 | 98.1 | . 864 | 40.61 | 39.84 |
| New York | 11 | 17 | 5.6 | 51.2 | 50.8 | 99.4 | . 629 | 32. 20 | 32.03 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 2 | 5.0 | 55.0 | 56.0 | 100.0 | . 447 | 24. 57 | 24. 57 |
| Pennsylvania. | 45 | 104 | 5.6 | 51.3 | 49.7 | 96.9 | . 537 | 27. 55 | 26.72 |
| Rhode Island. | 5 | 8 | 5.6 | 51.9 | 53.7 | 103.5 | . 685 | 35. 55 | 36.80 |
| Tennessee. | 3 | 3 | 6.3 | 57.0 | 59.0 | 103.5 | . 154 | 8. 78 | 9.08 |
| Virginia.. | 1 | 2 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 54.5 | 99.1 | . 441 | 24. 26 | 24.06 |
| Total | 94 | 198 | 5.6 | 50.7 | 49.2 | 97.0 | . 6.5 | 31. 18 | 30. 27 |
| T wisters-in, machine, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 2 | 2 | 5.5 | 50.4 | 46.3 | 91.9 | . 472 | 23.79 | 21.81 |
| New Jersey | 4 | 5 | 5.2 | 49.8 | 42.5 | 85.3 | . 619 | 30.83 | 26. 21 |
| North Carolin | 2 | 7 | 5.7 | 55.0 | 46.6 | 88.7 | . 478 | 26. 29 | 22. 27 |
| Pennsylvania | 22 | 59 | 5.1 | 51.2 | 43.1 | 84.2 | . 452 | 23.14 | 19.51 |
| Rhode Island | 2 | 10 | 5.5 | 48.6 | 43.8 | 90.1 | . 439 | 21.34 | 19.23 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia |  |  | 6.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | 100.0 | . 227 | 12.50 | 12.50 |
| Tennesseo. | 2 | 3 | 4.0 | 57.0 | 40.0 | 70.2 | . 153 | 8.72 | 6.13 |
| Virginis | 2 | 4 | 1.8 | 65.0 | 42.0 | 76.4 | . 217 | 11.94 | 9.11 |
| Total | 40 | 97 | 6.2 | 51.5 | 43.8 | 85.0 | . 440 | 22.86 | 19.30 |
| Loom fixers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 10 | ${ }_{58}^{138}$ | 5.8 | 49.6 | 49.6 | 100.0 | . 769 | 38. 14 | 38. 14 |
| New Jersey | 73 | 210 | 5.5 | 47.1 | 45.9 | 97.5 | . 934 | 43.99 | 42.83 |
| Now York | 29 | 126 | 5.6 | 49.4 | 48.8 | 98.8 | . 780 | 39.03 | 38.51 |
| North Carolina | 8 | 104 | 5.3 | 55.0 | 54.8 | 99.3 | . 564 | 31.02 | 30.81 |
| Pennsylvania. | 73 | 672 | 5.7 | 51.9 | 51.3 | 98.8 | . 753 | 39.08 | 38.64 |
| Rhode Island | 16 | 104 | 5.3 | 50.3 | 49.5 | 98.4 | . 794 | 39.94 | 39.28 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia |  | 46 | 6.5 | 64.7 | 54.4 | 99.5 | . 409 | 22.37 | 22.23 |
| Tennessee.... | 4 | 20 | 5.4 | 56.8 | 54.9 | 96.7 | . 399 | 22. 66 | 21. 92 |
| Virginia | 4 | 40 | 5.7 | 53.4 | 54.6 | 102.2 | . 499 | 26.65 | 27.27 |
| Total | 234 | 1,518 | 5.6 | 51.0 | 50.2 | 08.4 | . 746 | 38.05 | 3 C 47 |
| Bobbin boys: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 4 | 28 | 5.6 | 48.8 | 45.5 | 93.2 | . 303 | 14.:9 | 13.78 |
| Maryland.- | 3 | 21 | 4.9 | 53.6 | 48.0 | 89.6 | . 243 | 13. 02 | 11. 65 |
| Massachusetts | 2 | 9 | 6.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | . 152 | 7.31 | 7.31 |
| New Jersey | 14 | 42 | 5.5 | 60.4 | 49.1 | 97.4 | . 219 | 11.04 | 10.75 |
| New York |  | 72 | 5.9 | 51.3 | 50.4 | 98.2 | . 268 | 13.65 | 13. 42 |
| North Carolina | 1 | (1) | (2) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Pennsylvania | 53 | 264 | 5.4 | 51.4 | 47.9 | 93.2 | . 208 | 10.69 | 9.96 |
| Tennessee. | 2 | 8 | 6.0 | 57.4 | 57.7 | 100.5 | . 125 | 7.18 | 7.24 |
| Vírginia. | 3 | 13 | b. 6 | 54. 2 | 50.3 | 92.8 | . 181 | 9.81 | 9.08 |
| Total | 88 | 460 | 5.5 | 51.4 | 48.6 | 94.6 | . 222 | 11.41 | 10.78 |
| Weavers, broad silk, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 10 | 779 | 5.7 | 52.2 | 50.8 | 97.3 | . 517 | 26. 09 | 26. 29 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 477 | 4.7 | 50.4 | 40.9 | 81.2 | . 456 | 22.98 | 18.67 |
| New Jersey | 70 | 1,669 | 5.2 | 47.9 | 43.3 | 90.4 | . 544 | 26.06 | 23.55 |
| New York | 28 | 796 | 5.1 | 51.0 | 45.9 | 90.0 | . 496 | 25.30 | 22.77 |
| North Carolina | 8 | 710 | 5.0 | 55.0 | 50.6 | 92.0 | . 474 | 28.07 | 23. 99 |
| Pennsylvania | 70 | 3,964 | 5.2 | 51.7 | 48.1 | 93.0 | . 504 | 26.08 | 24.26 |
| Rhode Island. | 17 | 930 | 5.1 | 50.6 | 46.7 | 92.3 | . 534 | 27.02 | 24.94 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia |  | 169 | 8.1 | 54.6 | 50.8 | 93.0 | . 325 | 17.75 | 16.61 |
| Tennesseo. | 4 | 101 | 4.9 | 56.5 | 49.8 | 87.6 | . 247 | 13.96 | 12.24 |
| Virginia. | 4 | 201 | 4.8 | 52.7 | 45.6 | 86. | . 294 | 15. 49 | 18.43 |
| Total | 224 | 9,796 | 5.2 | 51.2 | 47.0 | 91.8 | . 499 | 25.55 | 23. 47 |

[^3]Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | Num. wage earnors | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { days } \\ \text { on } \\ \text { which } \\ \text { wage } \\ \text { earners } \\ \text { worked } \\ \text { in one } \\ \text { week } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { full- } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { hours } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { week } \end{gathered}$ | Average hours ally worked in one week | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent } \\ \text { of full } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { worked } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Aver- age earn- ings per hour | falltime earnings per week | Averactual earnings in one weak |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weavers, broad silk, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 10 | 486 | 5.6 | 49.0 | 47.3 | 96.5 | \$0. 422 | \$20.68 | \$19.95 |
| Massachusetts | 7 | 203 | 5.2 | 48.0 | 42.3 | 88.1 | . 360 | 17. 28 | 15. 25 |
| New Jersey | 62 | 1, 078 | 5.2 | 47.5 | 43.3 | 91.2 | . 493 | 23.42 | 21.38 |
| New York | 23 | 528 | 5.2 | 47.3 | 43.5 | 92.0 | . 428 | 20.24 | 18.65 |
| North Carolina | 0 | 76 | 5.5 | 55.0 | 51.7 | 94.0 | . 396 | 21.78 | 20.48 |
| Pennsylvania. | 69 | 2,831 | 5.6 | 50.1 | 40.8 | 93.4 | . 411 | 20.59 | 19. 21 |
| Rhode Island. | 13 | 351 | 5.0 | 49.4 | 45.3 | 91.7 | . 501 | 24.75 | 22.71 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 5 | 108 | 5.4 | 50.4 | 51.1 | 92.2 | . 278 | 15.40 | 14.20 |
|  | 4 | 117 | 5.4 | 56.6 | 51.7 | 91.3 | . 221 | 12.51 | 11.44 |
| Virginia. | 4 | 126 | 5.4 | 53.8 | 49.2 | 91.4 | . 319 | 17.16 | 15.70 |
| Total | 203 | 5,904 | 5.5 | 49.6 | 46.0 | 92.7 | . 422 | 20.93 | 19.38 |
| Weavers, ribbon, male: New Jersey |  | 213 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 119 | 5.0 | 53.2 | 50.4 | 84.7 | : 483 | 25.70 | 24.32 |
| Total | 15 | 332 | 5.0 | 47.3 | 42.1 | 89.0 | . 558 | 26.39 | 23.51 |
| Weavers, ribbon, fomale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 5 | 90 | 5.6 | 44.0 | 40.3 | 91.6 | . 562 | 24.73 | 22.66 |
| New York | 2 | 65 | 5.7 | 49.8 | 47.3 | 95.0 | . 348 | 17.33 | 16. 48 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 117 | 4.8 | 50.5 | 42.2 | 83.6 | . 417 | 21.06 | 17.81 |
| Total. | 12 | 272 | 5.3 | 48.2 | 42.8 | 88.8 | . 444 | 21.40 | 19.01 |
| Smash hands, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 6 | 25 | 5.9 | 50.4 | 51.3 | 101.8 | . 654 | 32.96 | 33.55 |
| Massachusetts. | 4 | 10 | 5.5 | 47.1 | 46.8 | 99.4 | . 662 | 31.18 | 31. 00 |
| New Jersey | 1 | 2 | 6.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 100.0 | . 716 | 35.78 | 35. 78 |
| New York | 2 | 3 | 4.7 | 50.0 | 42.5 | 85.0 | . 512 | 25. 60 | 21.73 |
| North Carolina | 7 | 35 | 5.1 | 55.0 | 51.5 | 93.6 | . 416 | 22.88 | 21.42 |
| Pennsylvania | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 55.0 | 55.0 | 100.0 | . 520 | 28.60 | 28. 60 |
| Rhode Island.....----.......- | 5 | 27 | 5.2 | 48.5 | 43.4 | 89.5 | . 662 | 32.11 | 28.71 |
| Soutth Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. | 2 | 8 | 4.6 | 52.5 | 43.8 | 83.4 | . 301 | 15.80 | 13.17 |
| Tennessee. | 1 | 5 | 5.0 | 57.4 | 53.1 | 92.5 | . 230 | 14.92 | 13.81 |
| Total | 29 | 116 | 5.3 | 51.5 | 48.5 | 94.2 | . 536 | 27.60 | 25.88 |
| Smash hands, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 1 | 3 | 6.0 | 49.5 | 49.7 | 100.4 | . 472 | 23.33 | 23.43 |
| New York | 3 | 4 | 6.0 | 49.5 | 49.5 | 100.0 | . 572 | 28. 34 | 28.34 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 2 | 6.0 | 53.0 | 52.5 | 99.1 | . 454 | 24.59 | 24.33 |
| Rhode Island | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 43.0 | 49.0 | 102.1 | . 570 | 27.35 | 27.92 |
| Tennessee. | 2 | 6 | 5.7 | 55.5 | 53.8 | 96.9 | . 233 | 13.10 | 12. 69 |
| Total | 9 | 16 | 5.8 | 52.1 | 51.5 | 98.8 | . 409 | 21.31 | 21.03 |
| Pickers, cloth, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | . 313 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| New Jersey | 3 | 6 | 3.5 | 44.0 | 25.7 | 58.4 | . 600 | 25. 40 | 15.41 |
| New York | 3 | 3 | 5.0 | 50.5 | 42.5 | 84.2 | 449 | 22.67 | 19.10 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 51.0 | 92.7 | . 235 | 12.93 | 11.98 |
| Pennsylvania. | 11 | 46 | 4.4 | 53.1 | 39.3 | 74.0 | . 221 | 11.74 | 8.68 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 4 | 4.8 | 50.0 | 47.5 | 95.0 | . 290 | 14.50 | 13.78 |
| Virginia-...-... | 1 | 3 | 4.3 | 55.0 | 41.7 | 75.8 | . 165 | 9.08 | 6.88 |
| Total. | 21 | 64 | 4.4 | 52.0 | 39.1 | 75.2 | . 280 | 13.52 | 10.18 |
| Pickers, cloth, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut...- | 9 | 74 | 6.4 | 49.7 | 46.9 | 94.4 | . 302 | 15.01 | 14.16 |
| Massachusetts | 11 | 66 | 5.2 | 46.7 | 41.4 | 88.7 | 229 | 10.69 | 9.48 |
| New Jersey | 47 | 193 | 5.2 | 46.2 | 40.1 | 86.8 | 351 | 16.22 | 14.05 |
| New Y ork | 24 | 124 | 5.0 | 49.0 | 41.3 | 84.3 | 279 | 13.67 | 11. 53 |
| North Carolina | 4 | 13 | 5.5 | 55.0 | 43.5 | 79.1 | 238 | 13.09 | 10.84 |
| Pennsylvania......... | 62 | 442 | 5.2 | 51.1 | 43.5 | 85.1 | . 242 | 12.37 | 10.64 |

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | Numwage earners | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { days } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { which } \\ & \text { wage } \\ & \text { earners } \\ & \text { worked } \\ & \text { in one } \\ & \text { week } \end{aligned}$ | Avergag time hours per week | Average hours ally porked in one week | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cont } \\ \text { of full } \\ \text { time } \\ \text { worked } \end{gathered}$ | Aver- age earn- ings per hour | Aver age time earnings week | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { aecual } \\ \text { earn- } \\ \text { ings } \\ \text { in one } \\ \text { week } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pickers, cloth, female-Contd. Rhode Island | 14 | 85 | 5.6 | 49.3 | 46.3 | 93.9 | \$0. 307 | \$15.14 | \$14.21 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| aud Georgia. | 4 | 16 | 4.9 | 55.0 | 44.6 | 81.1 | . 208 | 11.44 | 9.28 |
| Tennessee. | 4 | 20 | 5.4 | 56.8 | 51.9 | 91.4 | . 151 | 8.68 | 7.84 |
| Virginia | 4 | 29 | 4.1 | 55.0 | 37.3 | 67.8 | . 165 | 9.08 | 6. 17 |
| Total. | 183 | 1,062 | 5.2 | 49.8 | 42.9 | 86.1 | . 270 | 13.45 | 11. 58 |
| Inspectors, cloth, male: | 2 | 2 | 6.0 | 51.5 | 51.5 | 100.0 |  | 27.63 |  |
| New Jersey | 11 | 27 | 5. 6 | 46.9 | 43.9 | 93.6 | . 599 | 28.09 | 26. 28 |
| New York | 3 | 6 | 5.7 | 49.1 | 45.8 | 93.3 | . 748 | 36.73 | 34. 22 |
| North Carolina | 2 | 3 | 6.3 | 55.0 | 65.0 | 118.2 | . 386 | 21.23 | 25.11 |
| Pennsylvania. | 40 | 87 | 5.9 | 52.0 | 51.6 | 99.2 | . 533 | 27.72 | 27. 50 |
| Rhode Island. | 5 | 20 | 5.9 | 49.8 | 49.1 | 98.6 | . 595 | 29.63 | 29.17 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. | 1 | 3 | 6.0 | 57.5 | 59.5 | 103.5 | . 367 | 21. 10 | 21.82 |
|  | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 57.0 | 45.0 | 78.9 | . 141 | 8.04 | 6.36 |
| Virginia. | 3 | 11 | 5.5 | 55.0 | 53.0 | 96.4 | . 397 | 21.84 | 21.05 |
| Total | 68 | 160 | 5.8 | 51.1 | 50.2 | 98.2 | . 538 | 27.49 | 27.03 |
| Inspectors, cloth, female: |  |  | . 0 | 49.2 |  |  | 272 | 13.38 | 13.18 |
| New Jersey | 4 | 21 | 5.9 | 47.4 | 45.8 | ${ }_{96.6} 68$ | . 413 | 19.58 | 18.89 |
| New Y ork | 7 | 22 | 5.7 | 49.8 | 48.6 | 97.4 | . 361 | 18.01 | 17. 58 |
| North Carolina | 1 | 2 | 6.0 | 57.5 | 57.5 | 100.0 | . 250 | 14.38 | 14. 38 |
| Pennsylvania | 32 | 113 | 5.5 | 50.7 | 46.7 | 92.1 | . 331 | 16.78 | 15.47 |
| Rhode Island | 5 | 22 | 5.4 | 48.8 | 46.7 | 95.7 | . 352 | 17.18 | 16.46 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 2 | 17 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 52.2 | 84.9 | . 216 | 11.88 | 11.27 |
| Tennessee. | 3 | 5 | 5.6 | 57.0 | 54.9 | 96.3 | . 179 | 10.20 | 9.85 |
| Virginia. | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 55.0 | 53.0 | 86.4 | . 280 | 15.40 | 14.83 |
| Total. | 57 | 208 | 5.6 | 50.6 | 47.7 | 94.3 | . 327 | 16.55 | 15.60 |
| Packers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 4 |  | 5. 6 | 51.2 | 46.9 | 91.6 | . 388 | 19.87 | ${ }_{(1)}^{18.19}$ |
| Massachusett | 1 | ${ }^{3}$ | 6.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | . 215 | 10.33 | 10.33 |
| New Jersey | 2 | 8 | 5.6 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 97.8 | . 523 | 21.86 | 21.35 |
| New York. | 8 | 23 | 5.6 | 51.0 | 49.4 | 96.9 | . 378 | 19.23 | 18.69 |
| Pennsylvania | 17 | 36 | 5.7 | 50.7 | 49.3 | 97.2 | . 333 | 16.88 | 16.42 |
| Rhode Island | 3 | 5 | 6.0 | 51.2 | 52.4 | 102.3 | . 272 | 13.93 | 14. 24 |
| Total | 36 | 81 | 5.7 | 49.8 | 48.5 | 97.4 | . 355 | 17.68 | 17.22 |
| Packers, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 1 | 1 | 6.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | . 208 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| New Jersey | 2 | 12 | 5.9 | 44.0 | 43.5 | 98.9 | . 368 | 16. 19 | 16.01 |
| New York | 1 | 1 | 5.0 | 49.5 | 43.3 | 87.5 | . 2.0 | 13.86 | 12.13 |
| Pennsylvania | 17 | 44 | 4.6 | 50.3 | 37.7 | 75.0 | . 243 | 12.22 | 9.15 |
| Rhode Island | 2 | 12 | 4.6 | 52.2 | 40.0 | 76.6 | . 222 | 11. 59 | 8.87 |
| Total | 23 | 70 | 4.9 | 49.5 | 39.3 | 79.4 | . 263 | 13.02 | 10.3 |
| Other employees, male: | 12 | 298 | 5.7 |  | 50.3 | 102.0 |  |  |  |
| Maryland. | 3 | 39 | 5.7 | 53.6 | 51.9 | 96.8 | . 329 | 17.63 | 17.05 |
| Massachusetts | 8 | 55 | 5.5 | 48.8 | 48.3 | 99.0 | . 369 | 18.01 | 17.82 |
| New Jersey | 62 | 468 | 5.5 | 47.2 | 45. 2 | 95.8 | . 539 | 25. 44 | 24.41 |
| New York | 31 | 328 | 5.6 | 51.0 | 50.6 | 99.2 | . 460 | 23.46 | 23.23 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 340 | 5.2 | 55.9 | 51.6 | 92.3 | . 301 | 16.83 | 15.51 |
| Pennsylvania | 123 | 2,649 | 5.6 | 51.8 | 51.7 | 99.8 | . 453 | 23.47 | 23.43 |
| Rhode Island. | 16 | 213 | 5.6 | 48.9 | 48.1 | 98.4 | . 507 | 24.79 | 24.40 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 5 | 132 | 5. 3 | 55.8 | 51.6 | 92.5 | . 254 | 14.17 | 13. 09 |
| Tennessee. | 6 | 90 | 5.7 | 57.2 | 55.0 | 96.2 | . 159 | 9.09 | 8.75 |
| Virginia.-...-.--.............. | 6 | 112 | 5.8 | 54.8 | 55.5 | 101.3 | . 330 | 18.08 | 18.31 |
| Total | 282 | 4,724 | 5.6 | 51.5 | 50.8 | 98.6 | . 434 | 22.08 | 22.35 |

${ }^{1}$ Data included in total.

Table A.-Average number of days on which wage earners worked, average full-time and actual hours and earnings per week, average earnings per hour, and per cent of full time worked, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { wage } \\ \text { earners } \end{array}$ | Aver- age days <br> which wage worked in one | Aver- age full- time hours per week | Averhours actually worked week | Per cent of full time worked | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A ver- } \\ & \text { age } \\ & \text { earn- } \\ & \text { ings } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { hour } \end{aligned}$ | A ver- age full- time earn- ings per week | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { actual } \\ \text { earn- } \\ \text { ingo } \\ \text { in week } \\ \text { week } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other employees, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 8 | 119 | 8.2 | 48.0 | 40.6 | 84.6 | \$0. 320 | \$15.36 | \$12.97 |
| Maryland. | 3 | 61 | 5.3 | 49.8 | 44.3 | 89.0 | . 207 | 10.31 | 9.19 |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 15 | 6.0 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 100.0 | . 229 | 10.97 | 10.97 |
| New Jersey. | 38 | 422 | 5.2 | 45.9 | 39.2 | 85.4 | . 307 | 14.09 | 12.05 |
| New Y ork | 23 | 301 | 5.4 | 49.3 | 44.6 | 90.5 | . 257 | 12.67 | 11.48 |
| North Carolin | ${ }^{9}$ | 117 | 5.1 | 55.6 | 47.8 | 86.0 | . 240 | 13. 34 | 11.48 |
| Pennsylvania | 100 | 1,200 | 5.3 | 50.7 | 43.6 | 86.0 | . 291 | 14.75 | 12.68 |
| Rhode Island | 8 | 59 | 5.3 | 48.5 | 44.8 | \$2.4 | . 288 | 13.97 | 12.82 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. | 5 | 29 | 5.5 | 55.9 | 63.1 | 95.0 | . 201 | 11.24 | 10.67 |
| Tennessee. | 4 | 71 | 5.1 | 57.0 | 47.8 | 83.9 | . 108 | 6.04 | 5. 06 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 61 | 4.8 | 53.2 | 42.4 | 79.7 | . 203 | 10.80 | 8. 59 |
| Total | 208 | 2,455 | 5.2 | 50.0 | 43.3 | 86.6 | . 276 | 13.80 | 11. 05 |
| All employees, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 13 | 1,646 | 5.6 | 51.0 | 49.7 | 97.5 | . 522 | 26. 62 | 25.92 |
| Maryland. |  | 132 | 5.1 | 56.0 | 51.7 | 92.3 | . 310 | 17.36 | 16.01 |
| Massachuset | 12 | 734 | 4.9 | 50.2 | 43.0 | 85.7 | . 459 | 23. 04 | 19.71 |
| New Jersey | 97 | 3,331 | 6. 2 | 47.5 | 43.7 | 92.0 | . 597 | 28.36 | 26.06 |
| New York | 37 | 1,780 | 5.3 | 51.3 | 48.1 | 93.8 | . 502 | 25.75 | 24.14 |
| North Carolin | 10 | 1,378 | 5.1 | 55.3 | 51.2 | 92.6 | . 419 | 24.97 | 21.44 |
| Pennsylvania | 131 | 10,349 | 5.3 | 52.2 | 49.5 | 94.8 | . 474 | 24.74 | 23.45 |
| Rhode Island. | 20 | 1,403 | 5.2 | 50.3 | 47.1 | 93.6 | . 553 | 27.82 | 28.04 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. |  | 447 | 5.2 | 55.1 | 51.7 | 93.8 | . 294 | 16. 20 | 15. 20 |
| Tennessee | 6 | 311 | 5.4 | 56.8 | 53.0 | 93.3 | . 218 | 12.38 | 11. 53 |
| Virginia | 6 | 474 | 5.2 | 53.8 | 50.2 | 93.3 | . 323 | 17.38 | 16. 22 |
| Total | 340 | 21,885 | 5.3 | 51.5 | 48.4 | 94.0 | . 485 | 24. 98 | 23.45 |
| All employees, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 13 | 1,429 | 5.5 | 49.3 | 45.7 | 92.7 | . 385 | 18. 98 | 17.56 |
| Maryland-- | 3 | 381 | 5.4 | 50.0 47.6 | 44.5 4.5 4 | 89.0 89.1 | . 2378 | 11. 53 | 10.22 11.79 |
| New Jorsey... | 97 | 3,764 | 5.3 | 48.9 | 4.4 41.3 | 88.1 | . 410 | 19.23 | 16.94 |
| New Y ork. | 37 | 3,047 | 5.4 | 48.7 | 44.4 | 91.2 | . 335 | 16. 31 | 14.90 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 809 | 5.2 | 65.2 | 47.8 | 86.6 | . 314 | 17.33 | 15.00 |
| Pennsylvania | 131 | 14, 250 | 5.1 | 50.5 | 42.4 | 84.0 | . 324 | 16.36 | 13.71 |
| Rhode Island | 20 | 1,170 | 4.9 | 49.7 | 42.6 | 85.7 | . 418 | 20.77 | 17.80 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia. | 5 | 428 | 5.3 | 55.6 | 49.0 | 88.1 | . 240 | 13. 34 | 11.75 |
| Tennessee. | 6 | 511 | 5.3 | 56.1 | 48.1 | 85.7 | . 181 | 10.15 | 8.70 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 586 | 5.2 | 54.1 | 47.6 | 88.0 | . 265 | 14. 34 | 12.61 |
| Total | 340 | 27, 151 | 5.2 | 50.0 | 43.2 | 86.4 | . 335 | 16.75 | 14.46 |
| All employees, male and female: Connecticut. | 13 | 2,975 | 5.6 | 50.2 | 47.8 | 95.2 | . 459 | 23.04 | 21.91 |
| Maryland. | 3 | 513 | 5.3 | 51.5 | 46.3 | 89.9 | . 253 | 13.03 | 11.71 |
| Massachusetts | 12 | 1,510 | 5.1 | 48.9 | 42.7 | 87.3 | . 367 | 17.95 | 15.64 |
| New Jersey | 97 | 7,095 | 5.2 | 47.2 | 42.4 | 89.8 | . 500 | 23. 60 | 21.23 |
| New York | 37 | 4,827 | 5.4 | 49.7 | 45.8 | 92.2 | . 400 | 19.88 | 18.31 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 2, 187 | 5.1 | 55.2 | 49.9 | 90.4 | . 382 | 21.09 | 19.06 |
| Pennsylvania | 131 | 24,599 | 5.2 | 51.2 | 45.4 | 88.7 | . 393 | 20.12 | 17.81 |
| Rhode Island | 20 | 2,573 | 5.0 | 50.0 | 45.0 | 90.0 | . 495 | 24.75 | 22.28 |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Ceorgia |  | 875 | 5.2 | 55.4 | 50.4 | 91.0 | . 288 | 14.85 | 13.51 |
| Tennessee. |  | 822 | 5.3 | 56.4 | 49,9 | 88.5 | . 196 | 11.05 | 9.77 |
| Virginia. | 6 | 1,060 | 5.2 | 54.0 | 48.8 | 90.4 | . 292 | 15.77 | 14.23 |
| Total | 340 | 49,036 | 5.2 | 50.7 | 45.5 | 89.7 | . 406 | 20.58 | 18.47 |

Table B.-Average and classified earnings per hour in 9 specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { earn- } \\ \text { ings per } \\ \text { hour } \end{array}$ | Number of wage earners whose earnings (in cents) per hour were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10, \\ & \text { un } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12, \\ \mathrm{mn}- \\ \mathrm{der} \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30, \\ & \mathrm{mn}- \\ & \text { der } \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 40 \end{gathered}$ | 40, under 45 | $\begin{gathered} 45, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ | 50, un- <br> der <br> 60 | 60, under 70 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 70, } \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 00, } \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 100, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 110 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110, \\ & \text { wo- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | 120 and over |
| Winders, hard silk, male: <br> Massachusetts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts <br> New Jersey | 1 | 1 15 | \$0. 207 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York.---- | 2 | 1989 | . 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 7 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 2 | 8 | . 197 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | $1-$ | $\mathrm{i}^{-}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 6 | 9 | . 292 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 5 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee.- | 1 | 18 | . 205 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 3 | 10 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia. | 1 | 1 | . 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ----- |
| Total. | 14 | 61 | . 267 | --- | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 10 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wioders, hard silk, female: <br> Connecticut |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland.-...--------- | 2 | 140 | . 227 |  |  |  | 1 | 6 | 32 | 58 | 117 | 6 | 38 | 45 | 14 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 6 | 158 | . 222 |  |  | 2 | 20 | 33 | 24 | 23 | 33 | 7 | 15 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 25 | 449 | . 344 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 27 | 28 | 113 | 228 | 42 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 33 | 771 | . 337 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 9 | 14 | 33 | 85 | 344 | 147 | 87 | 31 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---* |
| North Carolina | 3 | . 94 | . 273 |  |  | 1. | 4 | 2 | 11 | 23 | 19 | 15 | 18 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 92 9 | 3,034 111 | . 284 | 2 | 5 | 21 | 43 | 64 | 80 | 708 | 1,014 | 693 28 | 240 17 | 92 | 38 | 27 | 3 |  | 3 | -- | 1 |  | $\cdots$ |
| South Carolina, Alabsma, Georgia | 9 | 111 19 | .276 .237 |  | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 28 15 | 27 3 | 26 | 17 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ----* |
| Tennessee. | 4 | 91 | . 168 | 9 | 6 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 7 | 14 | 15 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia.. | 3 | 96 | . 238 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 19 | 36 | 12 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 183 | 5,105 | . 293 | 19 | 18 | 50 | 91 | 131 | 176 | 962 | 1,308 | 1,228 | 705 | 269 | 93 | 48 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Spinners, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland. | 3 | 56 | . 323 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 2 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 5 5 | 31 | 6 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| Massachusetts. | 3 | 54 | . 282 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 26 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ------ |
| New Jersey. | 17 | 162 | . 433 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 | 5 | 20 | 43 | $4{ }^{-1}$ | 28 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| New York | 11 | 202 | . 406 |  |  |  |  | 2 | $1-$ | 7 | 10 | 28 | 36 | 58 | 24 | 35 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 4 | 24 | . 295 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 12 | 7 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 59 | 1,117 | . 330 | --- | 1 | 7 | 1 | 9 | 17 | 141 | 196 | 308 | 225 | 114 | 80 | 10 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island. | 3 | 32 | . 381 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 14 | 2 | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table B.-Average and classified earnings per hour in 9 specified occupations, 1981, by occupation, sex, and State—Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of estab-lishments | Num- <br> ber of wage earners | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { earn- } \\ \text { ings per } \\ \text { hour } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Number of wage earners whose earnings (in cents) per hour were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 10, \\ \text { un- } \\ \operatorname{der} \\ 12 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 14, } \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 18, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 30, under 35 | $\begin{gathered} 35 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 40 \end{gathered}$ | 40, under 45 | 45, un- <br> der <br> 50 | 50, under 60 | $\begin{aligned} & 60, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | 80, under 90 | $\begin{gathered} 90 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | 100, un- <br> der <br> 110 | 110, under 120 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 120 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{array}$ |
| Spinners, male-Continued. <br> South Carolica, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | ${ }^{6}$ | \$0. 220 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia..- | 3 2 | 33 <br> 59 | . 172 |  |  | 2 | 16 | 5 | 8 | 18 | 15 | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 109 | 1,794 | . 344 | ---- | 1 | 9 | 19 | 16 | 28 | 213 | 256 | 426 | 305 | 268 | 159 | 78 | 13 | 3 | --.- | ---- |  |  | -... |
| Spinners, female: Connerticut. | 3 | 64 | . 386 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 10 | 25 | 20 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland. | 3 | 47 | . 246 |  |  |  |  |  | $\overline{3}$ | 33 | 7 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 3 | 99 | . 184 |  |  |  | 52 | 15 | 9 | 13 |  | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 20 | 208 | . 346 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 | 24 | 45 | 73 | 24 | 16 | 1 | 4 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| New York- | 12 | 415 | . 333 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 13 | 21 | 62 | 145 | 127 | 41 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 3 | 55 | . 271 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 27 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania... | 54 | 1, 314 | . 278 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 20 | 34 | 42 | 314 | 459 | 321 | 56 | 34 | 17 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island <br> South Carolina, Alabama, and | 1 | 4 | . 237 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 12 | . 210 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee--- | 3 | 70 | . 192 |  |  |  | 24 |  |  | 38 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia. | 1 | 58 | . 265 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 | 49 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 104 | 2.346 | . 289 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 98 | 51 | 72 | 473 | 637 | 542 | 287 | 119 | 41 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  | ----- |
| Winders, soft silk, male: Connecticut | 1 | 2 | . 253 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 1 | 5 | . 389 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania- | 2 | 9 | . 341 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island. | 1 | 2 | . 350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee... | 1 | 4 | . 167 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 6 | 22 | . 319 |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 | ----- |  | ---- |  |  | --.-- |  | ---- |
| Winders, soft silk, female: Connecticut | 9 | 125 | . 364 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 39 | 25 | 29 |  | 3 | 18 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 28 | .327 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 15 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 61 | 445 | . 409 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 | 17 | 17 | 107 | 176 | 85 | 28 | 7 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |


| North Carolina | 2 | 53 | . 308 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 28 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pennsylvania | 36 | 715 | . 304 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 25 | 27 | 84 | 153 | 223 | 113 | 43 | 20 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| Rhode Island. | 6 | 117 | . 351 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 35 | 41 | 26 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | --... |
| Bonth Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 2 | 7 | . 235 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | --... |
|  | 1 | 9 | . 196 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia.- | 2 | 20 | . 174 |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 126 | 1,554 | . 340 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 16 | 36 | 39 | 110 | 232 | 349 | 312 | 265 | 114 | 53 | 10 | 3 | -...- |  |  |  | ----- |
| Redrawers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 1 | 1 | . 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland. | 1 | 1 | . 215 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Y ork | 1 | 3 | . 145 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | --...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina. | 1 | 1 54 | .145 .194 | 1 |  | 12 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 23 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 5 3 | . 213 | 1 |  | 12 |  | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 13 | 63 | . 197 | 1 | ----- | 12 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 29 | 8 | 2 | --. |  |  |  |  | --. |  |  |  |  | ----- |
| Redrawers, female: Connecticut | 3 | 29 | . 331 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 7 | 15 | 3 | 1 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland..--- | 3 | 61 | . 252 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 33 | 18 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 33 | . 267 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 7 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 16 | 174 | . 269 |  |  |  | 10 | 1 | 11 | 64 | 39 | 36 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---. |
| New York. | 11 | 257 | . 270 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 22 | 30 | 52 | 44 | 72 | 30 | 3 |  | --..- |  |  |  |  |  |  | ----- |
| North Carolina | 1. | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | . 136 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 64 | 1,215 | . 223 | 2 | 7 | 40 | 97 | 94 | 106 | 450 | 260 | 106 | 39 | 9 | 4 | 1 |  | ---- |  |  |  |  | -...- |
| Rhoda Island -.-.--1.-....-.-....-.- | 3 | 21 | . 233 |  |  | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | 4 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ---- |
| Bouth Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 2 | 14 | . 194 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ----- |
| Tennessee......--- | 2 | 18 | . 187 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia. | 4 | 63 | . 281 |  |  | 4 |  | 1 |  | 7 | 25 | 23 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 113 | 1,887 | . 243 | 2 | 7 | 48 | 112 | 127 | 166 | 631 | 417 | 269 | 83 | 16 | 5 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | -...- |
| Warpers, male: Connecticut | 8 | 34 | . 616 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |
| Massachusetts. | 10 | 26 | . 613 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 2 |  | 7 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 53 | 218 | . 893 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 6 | 16 | 27 | 35 | 57 | 60 | 10 | 4 |
| New York | 21 | 125 | . 701 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 23 | 41 | 23 | 14 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 1 |
| North Carolina | 5 | 50 | . 416 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania.. | 54 | 477 | . 588 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 22 | 40 | 38 | 41 | 114 | 77 | 52 | 33 | 23 | 9 | 2 | 1 |
| Rhode Island... | 9 | 23 | . 627 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 6 | . 253 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee. | 3 | 15 | . 361 | --- |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | --- | 1 |  | ---- |  |  |  | -...- |
| Virginia | 2 | 19 | . 299 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 3 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 166 | 993 | . 643 |  |  | 2 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 11 | 30 | 42 | 60 | 57 | 70 | 167 | 149 | 114 | 87 | 90 | 81 | 14 | 7 |

Table B.-Average and classified earnings per hour in 9 specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued



Table B.-Average and classified earnings per hour in 9 specified occupations, 1991, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of establish. ments | Number of wage earners | $\begin{gathered} \text { A ver- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { earn- } \\ \text { ings per } \\ \text { hour } \end{gathered}$ | Number of wage earners whose earnings (in cents) per hour were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 16, \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 18 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 18 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 20 \end{array}$ | 20, un- <br> der <br> 25 | 25, under 30 | 30, under 35 | 35, un- <br> der <br> 40 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 40, } \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 45, under 50 | $50$ <br> un- <br> der <br> 60 | $\begin{aligned} & 60, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | 70, un- <br> der <br> 80 | $\begin{array}{\|c} 80 \\ \text { un- } \\ \text { der } \\ 90 \end{array}$ | 90, un- <br> der <br> 100 | 100, under 110 | $\begin{aligned} & 110, \\ & \text { un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| Pickers, cloth, male: Massachusetts | 1 | 1 | \$0. 313 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 3 | 6 | + 6.313 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| New York. | 3 | 3 | . 449 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 1 | 1 | . 235 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1-$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania... | 11 | 46 | . 221 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 1 | 4 | . 290 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia. | 1 | 3 | . 165 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 21 | 64 | . 260 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 2 |  | 3 | 4 |  |  | … | 1 |  |  |  |
| Plickers, cloth, female: Connecticut |  | 74 | . 302 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 7 |  |  | 13 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 11 | 66 | . 229 |  |  |  | 5 | 11 | 22 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 47 | 193 | . 351 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 15 | 25 | 34 | 74 | 24 | 15 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York. | 24 | 124 | . 279 |  |  |  |  | 9 | 9 | 25 | 39 | 21 | 14 | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina | 4 | 13 | . 238 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 62 | 442 | . 242 | 26 | 15 | 23 | $20^{\circ}$ | 34 | 36 | 115 | 54 | 47 | 22 | 17 | 13 | 15 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island --------------------- | 14 | 85 | . 307 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 12 | 16 | 28 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 4 | 16 | . 208 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee. | 4 | 20 | . 151 | 4 | 2 |  | 4 | 1 | 7 | 2 |  | --- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | 29 | . 165 |  | 3 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 183 | 1,062 | . 270 | 30 | 20 | 29 | 37 | 66 | 102 | 207 | 156 | 143 | 141 | 66 | 37 | 23 | 5 |  |  | ---- | ---- | --- | ---** |

Table C.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in nine specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State

| Occupation, sex, and State | Numberof estab-lishments | Number of wage earners | A verage full-time hours per week | Number of wage earners whose full-time hours per week were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 40 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 40, \\ \text { under } \\ 44 \end{gathered}$ | 44 | Over 44, under 48 | 48 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 48, \\ \text { under } \\ 51 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{54}{51}$ | 54 | Over 54, under 57 | $\begin{gathered} 57 \\ \text { under } \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ | 60 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |
| Winders, hard silk, male: Massachusetts. | 1 | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey.... | 1 | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York- | 2 | -9 | 50.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina. | 2 | 8 | 55.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 1 | ----- |
| Pennsylvania. | 6 | 9 | 53.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 | --- |
| Tennessee | 1 | (1) | (1) | --- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | --.-.-- |
| Virginia | 1 | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 14 | 61 | 51.9 |  |  | -....- | 15 | ------ | 1 | 11 | 6 | ----- | 8 | 18 | 2 | ------ |
| Winders, hard silk, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut......-.-. | 5 | 142 | 49.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 108 | 19 |  |  | 15 | --- |  | --...- |
| Maryland..- | 2 | 140 | 50.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts | 8 | 158 | 48.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 158 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Now Jersey... | 25 | 449 | 48.2 |  |  | 3 | 160 | 5 |  | 238 |  | 23 | 20 |  |  | --...-- |
| New York. | 33 | 771 | 49.1 | 2 | 6 | -....- | 47 |  | 5 | 711 |  |  |  |  |  | ------ |
| North Carolina | 3 | 94 | 55.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania.. | 92 | 3,034 | 60.3 | 24 |  |  | 39 | 13 |  | 2,427 | 243 | 242 | 46 |  |  |  |
| Rhode Lsland .-- Alabama and Gecre- | 9 <br> 1 | +111 19 | 51.9 |  | 4 |  |  | 3 | 10 | 10 | 71 | 13 |  |  |  | - |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Gecrgia | 1 4 | 19 81 81 | 57.5 5.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 39 |  | -....... |
| Tennessee <br> Virginia | 4 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 55.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 5 | 47 | 76 | 39 |  |  |
| Total | 183 | 5, 105 | 50.1 | 26 | 10 | 3 | 246 | 21 | 281 | 3,565 | 319 | 325 | 251 | 58 | ------ | -----. |
| Eploners, male: Connecticut. | 3 | 49 | 53.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 22 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| Maryland...... | 3 | 56 | 58.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  | 45 |  |
| Massachasetts. | 3 17 | 54 | 52.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 27 |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |
| New Jersey --. | 17 | 162 | 51.5 |  |  |  | 64 | 4 |  | 23 |  |  | 28 |  | 25 | 17 3 |
| New York $\qquad$ North Carolins | 11 | $\begin{array}{r}202 \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 54.9 |  |  |  |  | 6 |  | 72 |  | 3 | 40 16 |  | 78 6 | 3 2 |
| North Carolina Pennsylvanis. | 4 69 | - 24 | 57.1 54.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 416 | 10 | 58 | 16 389 | 38 | 6 193 | 2 13 |
| Rhode Island | 69 3 | 1,117 | 53.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 416 | 10 | 58 | 388 | 38 | 193 10 | 13 |

Table C.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in nine specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued



1 Date included in toisic

Table C.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in nine specified occupations, 1981, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued

| Occupation, sex, and State | Number of establishments | Numberof wageearners | A veragefull-time hours per week | Number of wage earners whose full-time hours per week were- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Un- } \\ & \text { der } \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 40 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 40 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { und } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 44 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Over } \\ \text { 44, } \\ \text { under } \\ 48 \end{array}\right\|$ | 48 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ \text { 48, } \\ \text { under } \\ 51 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51, \\ \text { under } \\ \text { n4 } \end{gathered}$ | 54 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } \\ 54, \\ \text { undeer } \\ 57 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 57, \\ \text { under } \\ 60 \end{array}\right\|$ | 60 | ${ }_{\text {Over }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 160 | 4 | 8 | 58 | -.....- | 1 |  |  |  | --... |
| New York-1.- |  |  |  | -..-- | 5 |  |  |  |  | 46 |  |  | 128 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 25 | 3 | 708 | 248 | 90 | 29 |  |  |  |
| Rhode I sland. |  |  |  | 1 | 4 |  |  |  | 104 | 4 | 28 | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georsia. |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 18 |  | ------ |
| Virginia......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  | 2 |  | 41 |  |  |  |
| Total | 164 | 1,974 | 50.4 | 1 | 10 |  | $1 \% 0$ | 39 | 208 | 846 | 316 | 113 | 229 | 42 |  | - |
| Quillers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticint | 36 | (1) <br> (1) <br> 25 7 31 136 3 63 9 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 54.1 \\ \text { (1) } \\ 52.6 \\ \text { (1). } \\ 53.8 \\ 55.5 \\ 53.8 \\ 53.3 \\ 55.0 \\ 57.1 \\ 55.0 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | -- |  |  | 2 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | --- | 7 | 6 | 4 |  | 2 | -...- | 6 | --.-- |
| New Jersey |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |
| North Carolina. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |  | 3 |  |
| Pennsylvania. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 29 | 29 | 13 | 51 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| Rhode Island...-. ${ }^{\text {South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{6}$ | 1 |  |  |
| Tennessee...............-................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 8 |  |  |
| Virginia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| Total | 62 | 299 | 54.2 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 7 | 43 | 33 | 16 | 168 | 15 | 12 | 4 |
| Quillers, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut.- | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 1 \\ & 11 \\ & 76 \\ & 24 \\ & 6 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | (1) $\begin{array}{r}158 \\ 96 \\ 916 \\ 129 \\ 60 \\ 606\end{array}$ | 50.4(1)46.3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 62 | 22 | 41 | ---- | 30 |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. |  |  |  | 7 | 10 |  |  |  | 79 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey- |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 46.3 \\ & 48.4 \\ & 55.0 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 5 |  | 183 | 18 | 9 | 84 92 | 2 | 10 | 10 |  |  |  |
| Now North Carolina. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. |  |  |  | 6 |  | 16 | 14 | 33 |  | 523 | 207 | 87 | 20 |  |  |  |


| Rhode Island. <br> South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia <br> Tennessee <br> Virginia | $\begin{array}{r}15 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \\ & 91 \\ & 96 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.1 \\ & 50.3 \\ & 56.3 \\ & 54.9 \\ & 54.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 80 \\ 1 \\ 55 \end{gathered}$ | -11 |  | ------- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | 238 | 1,934 | 50.0 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 200 | 82 | 198 | 736 | 267 | 112 | 256 | 36 |  |  |
| Loom fixers, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut | 10 | 138 | 49.6 |  |  |  |  | 32 | 52 | 20 | 10 |  | 19 |  | 1 | 4 |
| Massachusetts. | ${ }_{73}$ | 58 210 | 49.2 |  |  | 2 |  |  | 32 5 5 | 62 | 7 |  | 8 |  | 1 |  |
| Now York.: | 29 | 126 | 49.4 |  | 7 |  | 2 | 7 | 22 | 69 | 2 | 7 | ${ }_{8}^{12}$ | 3 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania | 73 | 1672 | 51. 9 |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  |  |  | 101 | 18 | 12 | 8 |
| Rhode Island. | 16 | 104 | 50.3 |  |  |  |  | 8 | 52 | 5 | 15 | 10 | 14 |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia | 5 | 46 | 54.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  | 25 | 12 |  |  |
| Tennessea | 4 | 20 40 | 56.8 53.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  | 4 | 16 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Weavers, broad silk, male: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut..-- | 10 12 | 779 | 52.2 50 |  | 14 |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{88}$ | 224 | ${ }^{60}$ | 88 | 12 | 218 |  |  | 81 |
| Now Jersey... | 80 | 1,689 | 47.9 |  |  | 27 | 704 | 148 | 168 36 | 478 | ${ }_{32}$ | 71 | ${ }^{86}$ | 17 | 48 |  |
| New York. | 25 | ${ }_{7}^{798}$ | 51.0 |  |  |  | 16 | 80 | 15 | 408 | 10 | 75 | 159 | 33 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 70 | 3,964 | 51.7 | - | 45 | - | 68 | 359 | 48 | 1, 251 |  | 387 | 819 | 107 | 148 | 4 |
| Rhode Island. | 17 | 930 | 50.6 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 465 |  | 94 | 97 | 190 |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Ge | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 |  |  |
| Tennesseo <br> Virginia | 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 101 \\ & 201 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 56.5 \\ & 52.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |  |  |  | 36 135 | 65 |  |  |
| Total. | 224 | 9.796 | 51.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weavers, broad silt, female: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comnecticut............. | 10 | 486 | 49.0 |  |  |  |  | 208 |  | 127 | 46 | 14 | 66 |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 7 | 203 | 48.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 203 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Now Jersey | 62 | 1,078 | 47.5 |  |  |  |  | 134. | 30 |  | 2 | 45 | 37 |  |  |  |
| New York | ${ }_{6}^{23}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 528 \\ 76 \end{array}$ | 47.3 55.0 |  | 91 |  | 9 | 49 | 86 | 278 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 69 | 2,831 | 50.1 |  |  | 63 | $6{ }^{-1}$ | 187 |  | 1,755 | 525 | 210 | 30 |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island. | 13 | 351 | 49.4 |  |  |  |  | 13 | 231 |  | 78 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina, Alabama, and Georgla. Tennessee | 5 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 108 \\ & 117 \end{aligned}$ | 55.4 56.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 181 | --- |  |
| Tennessee... | 4 | ${ }_{128}^{117}$ | 56.6 53.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 203 | 5, 804 | 49.6 |  | 91 | 63 | 480 | 591 | 596 | 2, ${ }^{5} 6$ | 673 | 292 | 413 | 119 |  |  |

1 Data included in total.

Table C.-Average and classified full-time hours per week in nine specified occupations, 1931, by occupation, sex, and State-Continued


[^4]
## Appendix

## Factory terms of occupations, with definitions, and classification by Bureau of Labor Statistics



| Factory term | Definition | Classiffed by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calender operator.-.--- | Tends calender machine, which imparts glaze or soft | Other employees. |
| Card cutter, Jacquard.-- | finish to fabric as it passes through it under pressure. Operates punching machine for cutting designs in | Do. |
| Card cutter's helper, Jaequard | Works under supervision of the card cutter, Jacquard.- | Do. |
| Carpenter-.....-.-.------ | Makes changes and repairs in woodwork structure of plant. | Do. |
| Carpenter's helper .-...-- | Assists carpenter in repair and upkeep of buildings and does other work under his supervision. | Do. |
| Carrier, general |  | Do. |
| Carrier, quills. |  | Bobbin boys. |
| Chain builder------------ | Constructs steel chains used in looms for pattern weaving. | Other employees. |
| Check clerk |  | Do. |
| Checker-....-.........-.-. | Checks or counts picks of loom ends of warp, number or weight of bobbins in winding or spinning. Also records quantity of materials received, goods produced, etc. | Do. |
| Checker, stock |  | Do. |
| Cleaner hand (dye house). | Sweeps and scrubs dyehouse floors and cleans dyeing machines, tanks, etc. | Laborers, dyehouso. |
| Cleaner, cloth. | (See Cloth cleaner) | Other employees. |
| Cleaner, harness | (See Harness cleaner) | Do. |
| Cleaner, looms | (See Loom cleaner) | Do. |
| Cleaner, machin | (See Machine cleaner) | Do. |
| Cleaner, quills. | (See Quill cleaner)... | Do. |
| Cleaner-up. | Sweeps and cleans up around machines of the plant-.- | Do. |
| Cloth cleaner | Uses cleaning preparations to remove spots of dirt, grease, etc., from woren goods. | Do. |
| Cloth examiner | Inspects woven cloth for imperfections..-.-.-.-...-. | Inspectors, cloth. |
| Cloth inspector | (See Inspector, cloth) | Do. |
| Cloth picker | (See Picker, cloth). | Pickers, cloth. |
| Cloth printer |  | Other employers. |
| Cloth stretcher. | Feeds and minds tentering machine in which width of cloth is stretched while wet or steamed, by means of clips attached to two endless chains rotating at specified distances apart, and is then dried under tension; regulates heat of steam pipes or gas jets which supply heat for drying. | Do. |
| Color man | (See Color mixer) | Do. |
| Color mixer | Prepares colors by mixing specified pigments or other ingredients for printing machines or dye tanks. | Do. |
| Conditioner, silk |  | Do. |
| Cone inspector | Examines filled cones for irregularities | Do. |
| Cone wrapper. | Wraps filled cones in paper by hand to assure perfect condition in transit. | Do. |
| Coner | Operates machine which winds spun yarn from bobbins on to wooden receptacles in shape or form of cone for use by knitters of hosiery or underwear. | Coners. |
| Cop examiner.---------- | Inspects filled cops to see that they are properly wound. | Other employees. |
| Copper. | Operates machine which winds spun yarn from bobbins on to cops (paper tubes) instead of quills, for use by weavers as weft or filling in loom shuttles. | Quillers. |
| Counter | (See Measurer, cloth) | Other employees. |
| Counter girl.-...........-- | Hands out bobbins for distribution to machines where needed. <br> (See Box maker) | Do. Do. |
| Creeler | Keeps creels or racks supplied with full spools of yarn | Do. |
| Cut-off man. | Because of the multiple number of ribbons woven on each 100 m a special operator other than weaver, is usually employed to cut off the completed lengths of woven ribbon from the loom. This work is done with a pair of hand shears. | Do. |
| Cutters, cards, Jacquard. | (See Card cutter, Jacquard) | Do. |
| Degummer........------- |  | Do. |
| Designer... | Devises new patterns for weaving cloth on Jacquard looms. | Do. |
| Distributor (general) .... | Carries goods in process of manufacture from one machine to another. | Do. |
| Distributor (quills) |  | Bobbin boys. |
| Doffer | Removes full bobbins from spinning or winding frames and replaces them with empty ones. | Other employees. |
| Dope mixer. | Prepares compound known as "dope"or finishing solution used in finishing process. | Do. |
| Doubler. | Operates machine which draws two or more threads from as many separate bobbins and winds them on to a single one, at the same time twisting them into a single thread. | Doublers. |
| Drawer-in..-...--------- | Draws warp ends through the heddle eyes of harness in loom. | Enterers. |


| Factory term | Definition | Classified by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dresser, warp.- |  | Other employees. |
| Drop-wire boy..... | Threads each warp fiber through drop wires (attachment to loom which causes it to stop when a thread is broken). | Do. |
| Dry-room laborer (dye house). <br> Dyehouse laborer | Performs all kinds of common labor in dry room of plant. <br> (See Laborer, dyehouse) | Laborers, dyehouse. Do. |
| Dye-machine hand...--- | Works at and around dye machine under supervision of dyer. Operates machine, placing material on and taking it off; gets chemicals from dyer and prepares bath ready for materials; subnits sample to dyer for test and final result. | Do. |
| Dye-machine tender---- | Operates dye machine, works at and around it, places material on, takes it off, etc., under direction of dyer. | Other employees. |
| Dye-stuff keeper .-.-.-. - | Has charge of dyes and other chemicals used in dyeing, degumming, etc. | Do. |
| Dye tubman....-.-....--- | Works at or about tubs or vats of dyehouse, placing materials in, working them around in tanks, and removing them. | Laborers, dyehouse. |
|  | Superrises work of degumming, dyeing, matching colors, etc., in dyehouse. | Other employees. |
| Dyers' assistant | Assists dyer in superrising work in dyehouse..........- | Do. |
| Edge warper | (See Warper, edge) | Warpers. |
| Electrician. | Installs and maintains electrical equipment and wiring of plant. | Other employees. |
| Electrician's helper.-...- | Assists electrican in making changes or repairs in electrical equipment of plant. | Do. |
| Elevator operator.....-. | Operates elevator for hoisting or lowering employees or materials from one floor to another. | Do. |
| Embroiderer | (See Numberer)..- | Do. |
| Enterer | Draws warp ends of a new warp through hedile eyes of loom harness. | Enterers. |
| Enterer's helper-.-.-.-. -- | Assists enterer by placing warp ends in proper position to be drawn through heddle eyes of loom harness. | Enterer's helpers. |
| Enterer, machine...-.-- | Operates machine which automatically separates each warp end and threads it through each heddle eye of loom harness. | Other employees. |
| Erector. | Is a skilled workman who sets up machines for operation by others. | Do. |
| Errand girl.-.------------ | Carries messages, packages, and runs errands about plant. | Do. |
| Examiners | (See Inspector, cloth) | Inspectors, cloth. |
| Examiner, cops. |  | Other employees. |
| Extractor (dyehouse) <br> Filling boy | Operates machine for extractin moisture from goods. | Do. |
| Filling boy | Carries full quills and cops of filling to weavers when needed. | Bobbin boys. |
| Filling superintendent.- | Has charge of work done in fllling or weft department. | Other employees. |
|  |  |  |
| Finisher, ribbon. Fixer, bobbins.. | Operates machine which steams, presses, and produces irregular waves or smooth finish to surface of ribbon as it passes over or between various heated rolls. See Bobbin fixer) | Do. |
| Fixer, general. | Repairs and keeps machines in various departments in good running order. | Do. |
| Fixer's helper |  | Do. |
| Fixer, smashes. | (See Smash hand) | Smash hands. |
| Fixer, warp. |  | Other employees. |
| Floor boy. | Does general unskilled work about plant wherever needed. | Do. |
| Floor checke | (See Checker) | Do. |
| Floor hand. | (See Floor boy) | Do. |
| Floor helper | ---do.. | Do. |
| Floor man |  | Do. |
| Folder, cloth | Operates machine which folds and measures finished cloth as it passes through machine in preparation for the market. A ticket, showing number of yards, is attached to each piece. | Do. |
| Foreman, mssistant.....-- | Assists foreman in supervising, also does considerable productive work. | Do. |
| Foreman, sub | (See Foreman, assistant) ...............-. --..............- | Do. |
| Garage man | Cares for, cleans, polishes, lubricates, and makes minor repairs on trucks and autos of plant. | Do. |
| Gray boy...-.------------ | Puts on and takes off back cloths which cover rolls of printing machine. The cloths sarve as a cushion to absorb extra color from the silk. | Do. |
| Gray-cloth washer. | (See Gray-washer tender) | Do. |
| Gray-washer laborer | Loads and unloads gray cloths from truck to washer.-- | Do. |
| Gray-washer tender.-.-- | Operates machine for washing gray cloth in printing department. Gray cloth is backing used to absorb excessive color from fabric as it is being printed. This backing (gray) cloth is washed after each printing operation to remove excessive color deposits. | Do. |


| Factory term | Definition | Classified by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hander-in | (See Enterer's helper) | Enterers' helpers. |
| Hander-up. |  |  |
| Handy man......... | Is a workman of considerable skill, who has no specifio duties, but is employed on various kinds of work about plant. | Other employees. |
| Hanger (dyehouse)...... | Hangs skeins of yarn over pegs after dyeing or treating processes for purpose of drying, shakes them well to separate individual fibers and, when dry, rolls several skeins together for subsequent handling. | Laborers, dyehouse. |
| Hanger, silk | (See Silk hanger) | Other employees. |
| Hanger, warp | (See Warp hanger) | Do. |
| Hanger, wet si | (See Wet silk hanger) | Do. |
| Hanger, ribbon Hard-silk winde | Operates machine which measures and cuts specified lengths of ribbon. <br> (See Winder hard silk) | Do. |
| Harness builder. | Constructs new or remodels old harness for each new pattern of cloth which is woven. The harness is a system of threads or wires (heddles with an eye in the center of each), through which warp threads pass in the loom. The alternate rising and falling of sections of harnesses raises and lowers corresponding warp threads, between which the shuttle carries the filling and creates the weave of the cloth. | Other employees. |
| Harness cleaner.-.-.-.-- | Makes minor repairs, dusts and cleans lint, etc. from all parts of loom harness before it is again used. | Do. |
| Harness maker | (See Harness builder) | Do. |
| Harness man.. |  | Do. |
| Hooker (dyehouse) | Removes skeins of yarn from vats and hangs them on hooks to drain or dry. | Laborers, dyehouse. |
| Humidity man. | Regulates humidity of air in mill by means of a sprinkler system. | Other employees. |
| Inspector, cloth...-.---- | Examines finished cloth for defects of any character which may have passed the pickers. | Inspectors, cloth. |
| Inspector, cones | Examines filled cones to ascertain if winding is propperly done. | Other employees. |
| Inspector, 100 ms . |  | Do. |
| Inspector, process | (See Process inspector) | Do. |
| Inspector, quality | (See Quality Inspector) | Do. |
| Inspector, quills |  | Do. |
| Invoicer-..-------------. | Makes records of goods passing through mill or for shipment. | Do. |
| Jacquard fixer. | (See Loom fixer) | Loom fixers. |
| Jaequard weaver-.-.-.-- | Operates loom used for weaving designs of various shapes, figures, or colors into cloth. | Weavers, broad-silk. |
| Knotting-machine operator. | Operates machine which tles old warp ends to those of new warp. | Other employees. |
| Knotting-machine opertor's helper. | Brushes out tangled ends of warp, in preparation for knotting machine operator. | Do. |
| Labeller...------.-.--..- | Pastes descriptive labels on finished rolls of ribbon or other product. | Do. |
| Laboratory assistant..-. | Works under direction of graduate chemist, in making simple quality and quantitative tests. | Do. |
| Laborer | Does heavy and unskilled work about plant and yard. | Do. |
| Laborer, dyehouse. | Does unskilled labor, such es placing skeins of silk into "degumming," w ashing, or dyeing tanks; works stock back and forth in any of the solutions; transfers stock to various tanks, etc., under direction of superiors. | Laborers, dyehouse. |
| Lacer. | Uses bands or laces to tie through several sections of each skein on four sides of fly to prevent it from becoming tangled when in process of dyeing. | Other employees. |
| Loom cleaner............. | Uses brush and cotton waste with cleaning preparation to remove dirt, lint, grease, etc., from various parts of loom, and may oll same when necessary. | Do. |
| Loom fixer----.-.----.-- | Is a highly skilled mechanic who sets up, repairs, adjusts, and keeps looms in proper running order. | Loom fixers. |
|  | Works with loom fixer to learn duties of the occupation. | Other employees. |
| Loom fixer's helper | Works under supervision of loom firer in making repairs and adjustments. | Do. |
| Loom girl. | Helps weavers start looms, and assists smash hands in mending broken warp, filling threads, etc. | Do. |
| Loom inspector.......... | Examines cloth on loom, which is in process of weaving, to determine whether imperfections of filling or warp are being eliminated. | Do. |
| Lot maker and stitcher.- | Makes up and stitches lots for machine operations...- | Do. |
| Lot maker-up...........- | Prepares printed pieces into lots for steamer and ager- | Do. |
| Machine cleaner --..-.-- | Uses cleaning preparation on cotton waste to remove dirt, lint, etc., from looms and other machines. | Do. |
| Machine fixer. | Makes minor repairs and keeps in good running order machines in various departments of plant. | Do. |


| Factory term | Definition | Classiffed by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Machine reeder.........- | Operates machine used for drawing warp ends between blades or thin wires of reed frame which keep the ends separate and in their proper places while weaving. | Other employees, |
| Machine repairer |  | Do. |
| Machinist | Installs, moves, repairs, and adjusts machines, and makes minor parts. | Do. |
| Machinist's helper. --.-- | Assists machinist in setting up machines, making repairs, and does any other work as directed by him. | Do. |
| Magazine boy----------- | Keeps magazines of automatic looms filled with quills or cops. | Do. |
| Mail boy....--.......------- | Collects and dellvers mail or orders from and to desks In various departments. | Do. |
| Matron | Looks after comfort of females who visit rest room...- | Do. |
| Measurer, cloth | Measures and cuts woven goods into commercial lengths. Also makes record of yardage in each piece. | Do. |
| Measurer, ribbon.-.---- | Operates machine for winding, measuring, and cutting ribbon into specified lengths for the market. (See Machine fixer) | Do. |
| Mechanic ---.-......... |  | Do. |
| Mechanic for winders |  | Do. |
| Mechanic's helper-... | Assists mechanic in making repairs on machines in various departments and keeping same in proper running order. | Do. |
| Messenger--------------- | Carries messages, packages, etc., trom one department to another. | Do. |
| Millwright.-.-.-..--......- | Installs or moves machinery, shafting, etc., and makes repairs not made by fixers and machinists. | Do. |
| Millwright's helper-...-- | Assists millwright in installing machinery, shafting, pulleys, etc. | Do. |
| Mixer, colors. | (See Color mixer) | Do. |
| Mixer, dope. | (See Dope mixer) | Do. |
| Moveman | (See Truck pusher) | Do. |
| Numberer. | Operates sewing machine for embroidering numbers or other designs in edge of silk for identification after being dyed. | Do. |
| Oiler... | Supply oil and grease to working parts of machines, shafting, etc. | Do. |
| Oiler's helpe | Works under supervision of oiler | Do. |
| Opener | (See Bale opener) - | Do. |
| Opener's helper | Assists in opening and removing contents of bales | Do. |
| Other employees | This group includes all occupations in the industry other than the selected occupations. Each occupation had too few workers in number to warrant separate tabulation, and is defined and arranged alphabetically in this glossary. | Do. |
| Fainter--.--------------- | Uses brush or spray to paint any part of factory building. | Do. |
| Palmer operator. | Feeds cloth into and operates machine which stretches | Do. |
| Paper baler------------- | the goods to proper width and fires the finish. Piles waste paper into machine which presses it into a compact bundle. Wires are then fastened around to hold it together. | Do. |
| Picker, cloth.-.---------- | Inspects cloth for imperfections as it comes from loom, picking out loose ends or knotted threads, removing lumps and "mispicks" cleaning spots, etc. | Pickers, cloth. |
| Picker, cloth, machine-- | Operates machine which automatically removes loose ends, knotted threads, lumps, or other foreign matter from cloth. | Do. |
| Piece weighter |  | Other employees. |
| Pinner, ribbon.--------- | Fastens, with a pin, ends of each plece of ribbon to block on which it is wound. | Do. |
| Plpe man. ---------------- | Cuts and fits new pipe where needed. Repairs and maintains steaming, drying, and draining systems of dyehouse and other departments. | Do. |
| Plumber | Repairs and maintains plumbing throughout plant.-- | Do. |
| Plumber's helper...-...-- | Assists plumber by passing tools or parts to be used in repair work. | Do. |
| Porter.--------.---.-.-.-- | Does sweeping, cleaning, carrying goods from one department to another, and other common labor about plant. | Do. |
| Preparer, ribbon-.......- | Arranges or winds ribbon which has been woven (without color) into skeins or bundles of suitable lengths for dyeing, depending on width, ranging from 50 yards for wide to 500 yards for narrow. These skeins are laced or otherwise tied to prevent being tangled during dyeing process. | Do. |
| Printer, cloth Process inspector..........------ | Operates machine which prints design or pattern on woven cloth. <br> Examines for defects goods in process of manufacture... | Do. Do. |


| Factory term | Definition | Classified by burean under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production boy | (See Checker) | Other employees. |
| Quality inspect | Examines flnished goods for quality test | Do. |
| Quetch operator | Runs machine which impregnates cloth with preparation known as finish sizing which is composed of gelatines, softening olls, etc. It is used to fill body of the cloth. | Do. |
| Quill boy---..-- | Supplies looms with full quills of filling yarn whenever needed. | Bobbin boys. |
| Quill carrier | (See Quill boy) | Do. |
| Quill cleaner | (See Bobbin cleaner) | Other employees. |
| Quill distribu | (See Quill boy) | Bobbin boys. |
| Quill inspector | Examines quills of filled yarn for defects | Other employees. |
| Quiller.- | Operates machine which winds spun yarn from bobbins on to quills for use by weavers as the weft or filling in loom shuttles. | Quillers. |
| Raw-stock tender | Has charge of raw-silk storage; gets out orders; and maintains record of quantity in stock. | Other employees. |
| Ravon winder |  | Winders, rayon. |
| Rebeamer. | Operates machine which transfers warp from one heam to another. | O ther employees. |
| Reclaimer, soap t | (See Soap reclaim tankman) | Do. |
| Redrawer. | Operates machine which transfers yarn from one spool to another. | Redrawers. |
| Reed fixer | Repairs and puts new metal blades or wires in reed frame of loom. | Other employees. |
| Reed maker. | Makes up new reed frames for looms or repairs old ones. The main function of loom reed frame is to keep warp ends separate and to beat up the filling to cloth. | Do. |
| Reed man | Cleans, stores, and gives out reed frames when needed.- | Do. |
| Reed repaire |  | Do. |
| Reeder. | Enters warp ends between metal blades or thin wires of reed frame, which serves to keep the warp ends separate and in proper place while weaving. | Do. |
| Reel carrier . | Carries full reels to hooks for stripping and replaces them with empty reels. | Do. |
| Reel strippe | Removes full skeins of yarn from reels.--.--------.-- | Do. |
| Reeler mechani | Makes repairs or adjustments on reeling machines....- | Do. |
| Reeler. | Operates machine which transfers yarn from spools to skeins for purpose of dyeing in skeins. | Reelers. |
| Rejoiner | Winds yarn from partly filled bobbins or spools to make full ones. | Redrawers. |
| Reroller. | Operates machine which transfers cloth from one roll to another. | Other employees. |
| Rewinder. | Operates machine which winds yarn from one spool to another. | Rewinders. |
| Ribbon boxer | (See Boxer, ribbon) | Other employees. |
| Ribbon cleaner | Uses liquid cleaning compounds to remove spots of dirt oil, grease, etc., from ribbon. <br> (See Finisher, ribbon) | Do. Do. |
| Ribbon hanker | (See Hanker, ribbon). | Do. |
| Ribbon pinner | (See Pinner, ribbon) | Do. |
| Ribbon prepare | (See Preparer, ribbon) | Do. |
| Ribbon warper | (See Warper, ribbon) | Warpers. |
| Ribbon weaver |  | Weavers, ribbon. |
| Ribbon winder | Operates machine which winds finished ribbon on paper blocks, and cuts it to specified lengths. | Other employees. |
| Roll handler | Loads and unloads rolls of cloth to and from hand trucks and transfers them to various departments. | Do. |
| Rubber | Uses prepared cleaning chemical to rub chafes, grease, or oil spots from cloth. | Do. |
| Sampleman | Prepares samples of cloth for the trade.. | Do. |
| Scrubher | Usos mop with water to scrub factory floors | Do. |
| Seamstress. | (See Stitcher) | Do. |
| Second hand |  | Do. |
| Section hand | Supervises small group of workmen, as well as performing some production labor. <br> (See Stitcher) | Do. |
| Shaker | Shakes and straightens out skeins of yarn in process of dyeing and before being placed on reels for winding. | Do. |
| Shearer, cloth.-- | Operates machine, with very sharp revolving knives, which shears surface of cloth smooth as it passes over, usually on velvet, plush, and pile fabrics. | Do. |
| Shearer's helper. Shipper | Works under supervision of shearer, cloth Supervises packing and shipping of goods and reeps records of quantity, dates of shipments, destination, ete. | Do. |
| Shipping clerk. Shook maker... | Keeps records of goods shipped, dates, destination, etc Assembles and nails together into complete units shipping boxes purchased in sections. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ |


| Factory term | Definition | Classified by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bilk conditioner--------- | Draws samples of raw silk from bale, dries out all moisture, weighs samples before and after drying, to determine amount of moisture content. A sprinkling (damping) machine is then used to add sufflcient water to bring moisture content to 11 per cent, which is the normal amount required for silk yarn. | Other employees. |
| Silk hanger . .-......-. | Straightens out and hangs skeins of yarn on hooks for drying after soaking process. | Do. |
| Silk opener... |  | Do. |
| silk snapper | Straightens out skeins of silk after soaking or dyeing. Snaps and shakes them into shape. | Do. |
| Silk soaker. |  | Do. |
| Silk tester. | Examines threads in skeins of silk received from importers or throwsters, for quality, weight, twist per inch, etc. | Do. |
| Silk throwster - .--------- | Tends any of various c:risting and doubling machines, pieces broken threads, reels spun yarn, which is to be dyed in skeins, laces them to prevent tangling, etc. | Do. |
| Singeing-machine operator. | Regulates speed of machine equipped with flaming gas jets used for singeing loose ends and lint from surface of woven goods as it passes through machine. | Do.. |
| Sizer, warp |  | Do. |
| Skein straight | (See Silk snapper) | Do. |
| Skein winder. |  | Reelers. |
| Skeiner, ribbo |  | Other employees. |
| Skeiner, yarn |  | Reelers. |
| Slasher. | Operates machine which costs warp threads with starchy substance known as "size," which gives it strength and smoothness so that it will stand continued beating up of filling by reed frame in loom. (See Smash hand) | Other employees. Smash hands. |
| Smash hand. | Repairs smashes or breaking of warp and filling threads, crossing of threads, or other causes of serious interruption of work of weaver. | Do. |
| Smash piecor |  | Do. |
| Snapper, silk |  | Other employees. |
| Soaker...-... | Places skeins of raw silk into softening tanks, works them around in soap water or other chemicals, which softens gum on the fiber. | Do. |
| Soaker's helper.-..---.-.-- | Assists soaker in working skeins about in soaking tanks. | Do. |
| Soap reclaim tankman .- | Attends settling machine which reclaims soap from degamming liquids after soaking operation. | Do. |
| Soft-silk win | (See Winder, soft silk) ................................... | Winders, soft-silk. |
| Epare hand. | Is an extra workman with considerable skill who replaces those absent for any cause, generally in weaving department. | Other employees. |
| Spindle tester....-------- | Operates testing machine which determines whether spindles are running at proper speed. | Do. |
| Spinner | Operates machine which puts specified number of twists per inch in thread, which binds fibers together and gives more strength for manipulation. The number of twists varies with purpose for which yarn is to be used. | Spinners. |
| Spinner, 6 B | Takes 2 to 14 ends or strands of silk from bobbins and combines them into one, with $21 / 2$ to 12 twists to the inch. | Do. |
| Spool boy |  | Bobbin boys. |
| Steamer |  | Other employees. |
| Sticker (dyehouse) | Handles rods, or sticks on which skeins of yarn are suspended, works skeins back and forth in dye tanks, and turns them on the rods, thereby causing color to strike in uniformly. | Laborers, dyehouse. |
| Stitcher | Operates power sewing machine for stitching seams in bags, making smocks, marking fabrics, etc. | Other employees, |
|  | Helps stockman in handling materials, counting books, etc. | Do. |
| Stock checke |  | Do. |
| Stock clerk. | Keeps record of inventory, stocks recel ved and disposition of same. | Do. |
| Stockman................. | Has charge of silk vault where dyed and woven goods, also bales of raw silk are stored. Books are counted and skeins bundled and prepared for soaking. Records are kept of receipts and disposition of both raw and finished materials. | Do. |
| Stock tender Stop-motion boy | (See Raw-stock tender) (See Drop-wire boy) | Do. |
| Straightener, skei | (See Silk snapper)-- | Do. |
| Stretcher, cloth |  | Do. |
| Stringer- | Putstrings or laces through skeins of yarn to hold them in proper shape while in degumming baths. | Do. |


| Factory term | Definition | Classified by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stripper (dyehouse) | Places skeins of raw silk into "degumming" chemicals and works them around in tanks until necessary amount of gum has been removed from silk flbers. <br> Uses brooms or brushes to sweep factory floors and removes refuse. <br> (See Soap reclaim tankman) | Laborers, dyehouso. |
| Sweeper |  | Other employees. |
| Tankman, soap reclaim- |  | Do. |
| Tenterer. |  | Do. |
| Tester, | (See Silk teste |  |
| Tester's helper- | Assists tester in ascertaining weights of skeins, twists per inch, and does any other work under his supervision. | Do. |
| Tester, spin | (See Spindle tester) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Tester, warp | (See Warp tester) |  |
| Tin weighter | (See Tinman, dyehouse) |  |
| Tin whiz operator | Operates machine which adds tin and extracts surplus |  |
| Tinman, dyehouse. | Works at and around special weighting machine which rotates skeins or woven cloth through vat of tin or other weighting solution to add desired weight; places material into and takes it out of machine; makes tests of weighted goods to determine per cent of chemical gain, correct amount of tin or other weightings, temperature of bath, etc., all under supervision of dyer. | Do. |
| Transfer | (See Redrawer) | Redrawers. Other employees. |
| Truck drive | operates hand truck for transerring goods from one department to another. Operates power truck for transporting materials about mill yard or from one department to another. Operates machine which winds spun yarn from bobbins on to paper tubes for use by weavers as weft or filling in loom shuttles. <br> (See Sticker, dyehouse; atso Dye tubman). |  |
| Truck push |  | Do. <br> Do. |
| Trucker, power |  |  |
| Tuber---...---.....- |  | Redrawers. <br> Laborers, dyehouse. <br> Other employees. |
| Tubman (dyehouse) |  |  |
| Twister mechanic | Repairs and maintains twisting machines in good working condition. | Laborers, dyehouse. Other employees. |
| Twister | Operates machine for twisting two or more threads together into one, with 12 to 60 twists to the inch. | Spinners. |
| Twister-in, hand | Joins ends of new warp (which is ready for loom) to | Twisters-in, hand. |
| Twister-ln, machine | Operates automatic machine which twists old and new | Twisters-in, machine. |
| Utility man_ | (See Handy man).-. | Other employees. Do. |
| Vaultman | (See Stockman). |  |
| Warp brushe | (See Brusher, warp | Do. |
| Warp dresser | (See Slasher) | Do. |
| Warp hanger | Lifts full beam from warping machine and replaces it with empty one. Also carries full warp beams to looms when needed by weavers. | Do. |
| Warp-machine fixer- | Repairs and adjusts warping machines. (See Machine fixer.) <br> (See Slasher) | Do. |
| Warp sizer- |  |  |
| Warp tester | Inspects warp after sizing to determine if it is in proper condition for weaving. |  |
| Warper. | Places spools or bobbins of organzine or warp threads on creel, for purpose of grouping specific number of desired length. The end of each thread is drawn through a rack having a series of glass pins for guiding or wires of frame to keep it separate and in proper place, and then is attached to the warping mill (a drum-like cylinder). This drum is operated by power. Constant watching is necessary to see that threads are wound evenly over surface of drum. The operator also repairs breaks, etc. Many warping machines are now provided with automatic devices which stop the machinery when a thread breaks. | Warpers. |
| Warper, direct | Operates machine which winds the warp direct from spools (bobbins) to warp beam of ribbon loom. | Do. |
| Warper, edge | Operates machine specially adapted to winding the warp for edges of ribbon and broad cloth. | Do. |
| Warper, hand | Tends warp-winding machine which is operated by | Do. |
| Warper, ribbon | Operates machine which winds warp to beams of spe- | Do. |
| Waste collector | Collects sweepings from various departments and stores, same to be convenient for packing into bales. (See Paper baler) | Other employees. Do. |


| Factory term | Deflnition | Classified by bureau under- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weaver, automatic | Operates loom for weaving broad goods, watches loom to see that it is working properly, corrects defects in fabric before they are carried too far, pieces broken warp threads, and keeps shuttles filled. Most looms are provided with automatic devices which stop machinery when a thread breaks. <br> Operates ribbon loom on which 6 to 100 ribbons are woven at the same time. The method of operation is similar to that of broad silk, except for added duties due to large number of shuttles to be kept filled. | Weavers, broad-silk. Do. |
| Weaver, broad-silk. |  |  |
| Weaver, ribbon. |  | Weavers, ribbon. |
| Weighers (dyehouse) | Makes tests of weighted goods to determine per cent of chemical gain, correct amount of tin or other weightings. | Other employees. |
| Weighmaster | Uses scales to weigh or check weights of yarns taken from various machines to determine earnings of piece workers. <br> (See Tínman, dyehouse) $\qquad$ | Do |
| Weighter, cloth-- |  |  |
| Weighter, skeins. | Immerses skeins in tank containing weighting solution such as tin, iron, gambla, etc., works them around in solution and removes them when properly weighted. May operate machines which are equipped with revolving arms which rotate skeins through bath. (See Tinman, dyehouse) $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do. } \\ & \text { Do. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Welder. | Uses acetylene torch or electric-welding device to join metal parts. <br> (See Silk hanger) | Do. |
| Wet-silk hanger-: |  | Do. |
| Winder mechanic- | Operates machine for winding raw silk from skeins onto bobbins or spools. Constant watchfulness is necessary to mend broken threads and replace full bobbins with empty ones. | Winders, hard-silk. |
|  |  |  |
| Winder, rayon- | Operates machine for winding rayon yarn from skeins onto bobbins or spools. The work is similar to that of winding hard and soft silk. (See Ribbon winder) $\qquad$ | Winders, rayon. |
| Winder, ribbon. |  | Other employees. |
| Winder, skeins | Operates machine for winding onto bobbins or spools silk from which at least some of the natural gum has been removed and which may or may not have been spun or doubled. The winding is done in a similar manner as that of hard silk. <br> (See Foreman, assistant) | Winders, soft-silk. |
| Winder, soft-silk.. |  |  |
| Wrarking foreman.. | Uses thin paper in which to wrap various woven goods for shipment. | Other employees. Do. |


[^0]:    12 sets of averages are shown for the industry- 1 for selected occupations and the other for all occupations in the industry. The averages from 1910 to 1919 for selected occupations only are comparable 1 year with another, as are those in 1914 and 1931 for all occupations 1 year with the other.
    ${ }^{3}$ Includes soft silk winders.

[^1]:    - Not reported.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Less than 1 per cent.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data included in total.

[^4]:    1 Data included in total.

