## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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Federal Budget Estimates for Fiscal Year 2005 Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Industry Accounts

Production and Employment by U.S. Multinational Companies

BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS
ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
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## Survey of Current Business

March 2004

Volume 84 • Number 3

## 1 Business Situation: Preliminary Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2003

The pace of U.S. production slowed in the fourth quarter, as real GDP increased 4.1 percent after increasing 8.2 percent in the third quarter. The deceleration mainly reflected slower growth in consumer spending and a deterioration in the trade balance. Inflation slowed: The price index for gross domestic purchases increased 1.1 percent after increasing 1.8 percent, mainly reflecting a downturn in energy prices.

#### 14 Federal Budget Estimates for Fiscal Year 2005

Each year, BEA prepares an adjusted presentation of the administration's budget estimates from the *Budget of the United States Government* that is consistent with the framework of the NIPAs. The fiscal year relationships derived from the budget estimates are then used in preparing BEA's quarterly estimates of Federal Government current receipts and expenditures. This year, the NIPA framework reflects the results of the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision. For fiscal year 2005, the net Federal Government saving on the NIPA basis is estimated at -\$338.0 billion, compared with the deficit of \$363.6 billion in the administration's budget.

#### 26 Comprehensive NIPA Revision: Newly Available Tables

The Bureau of Economic Analysis continues to release the results of the 12<sup>th</sup> comprehensive revision of the NIPAs.

#### 36 Errata: Sources of the Revisions to Selected Income Components

In the article on the comprehensive NIPA revision in the 2004 February Survey, the definitional and statistical sources of the revisions to taxes on production and imports and to business current transfer payments for several years were misreported.

## 38 Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Annual Industry Accounts: Integrating the Annual Input-Output Accounts and the Gross-Domestic-Product-by-Industry Accounts

The upcoming comprehensive revision of the annual industry accounts features the integration of these two sets of accounts. For the first time, these two sets of accounts will be released concurrently and will present fully consistent measures of gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added by industry. In addition, the annual input-output accounts for 1998–2002 will be a consistent time series.

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## 52 A Note on Patterns of Production and Employment by U.S. Multinational Companies

This note examines recent patterns and trends in the worldwide operations of U.S. multinationals with a focus on production and employment. For example, U.S. parents have consistently accounted for about three-fourths, and their majority-owned foreign affiliates for about one-fourth, of the total gross product, capital expenditures, and employment of U.S. multinationals. The note concludes with a discussion of several data and analytical considerations.

D-1 BEA Current and Historical Data

Inside back cover: BEA Web Site and BEA Contacts

Back cover: Schedule of Upcoming News Releases

#### LOOKING AHEAD

Comprehensive Revision of State Personal Income. An upcoming Survey article will present the results of the comprehensive revision of state personal income. The revised estimates will incorporate the results of the recent comprehensive NIPA revision, improvements in the source data and methods that are used for the state estimates, and newly available data from regular sources.

March 2004 1

#### **Business Situation**

### **Preliminary Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2003**

A CCORDING to the "preliminary" estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs), U.S. economic growth slowed in the fourth quarter of 2003 after posting its largest increase in 20 years in the third quarter, and inflation continued to be modest. Much the same picture was shown in the "advance" estimates released a month ago (chart 1 and table 1).

•Real GDP increased 4.1 percent—half as much as in the third quarter, but more than its 3.4-percent

(2000) dollars, and price indexes are chain-type measures.

This article was prepared by Daniel Larkins.

Table 1. Real Gross Domestic Product and Components
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

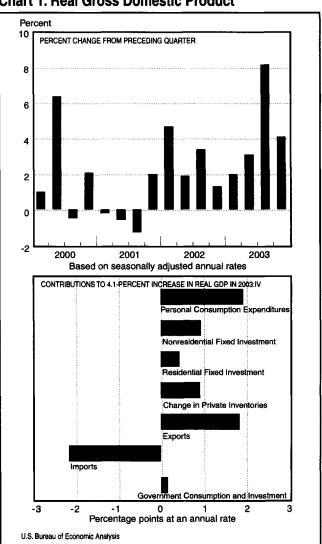
	Chai	nge from period (pe	preced ercent)	ing	Co	Share of current-dollar GDP (percent)			
		200	3			20	03		2003
	I	- 11	III	١٧	_	II	III	١٧	IV
Gross domestic product (GDP)	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1	2,0	3.1	8.2	4.1	100
Personal consumption expenditures Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	2.5 0.5 5.7 1.5	3.3 17.7 1.2 1.7	6.9 28.0 7.3 2.8	2.7 -0.1 5.2 2.2	1.80 0.04 1.13 0.63	2.34 1.38 0.25 0.71	4,89 2,23 1,48 1,19	<b>1.93</b> -0.01 1.04 0.91	7 <b>0.2</b> 8.6 20.1 41.6
Gross private domestic investment. Fixed investment Nonresidential. Structures. Equipment and software Residential Change in private inventories	-3.5 1.1 -0.6 -4.0 0.5 4.5	4.7 6.1 7.0 3.9 8.0 4.5	14.8 15.8 12.8 -1.8 17.6 21.9	15.8 9.3 9.6 -7.1 15.1 8.6	-0.57 0.16 -0.06 -0.10 0.04 0.22 -0.74	0.73 0.90 0.68 0.09 0.59 0.22 -0.17	2.17 2.30 1.25 -0.04 1.30 1.05 -0.13	2.31 1.39 0.95 -0.17 1.12 0.44 0.92	15.7 15.6 10.3 2.3 8.0 5.3 0.1
Net exports of goods and services  Exports.  Goods Services Imports.  Goods Services	-2.0 1.9 -10.1 -6.8 -6.6 -7.5	-1.1 -1.7 0.2 9.1 13.7 -10.9	9.9 8.6 12.7 0.8 -1.5 13.4	21.0 21.2 20.7 16.4 18.1 8.6	0.81 -0.19 0.13 -0.31 1.00 0.81 0.19	-1.34 -0.11 -0.11 0.01 -1.24 -1.51 0.27	0.80 0.92 0.56 0.36 -0.12 0.18 -0.30	-0.30 1.85 1.28 0.57 -2.15 -1.95 -0.20	-4.4 9.8 6.8 3.0 14.2 11.8 2.4
Government consumption expenditures and gross Investment	- <b>0.4</b> -0.2 -5.6 10.5 -0.5	<b>7.4</b> 23.5 41.9 -5.0 -0.8	1.8 1.2 -1.3 6.5 2.1	0.8 1.6 4.2 -3.3 0.4	-0.07 -0.01 -0.25 0.24 -0.06	1.36 1.46 1.58 -0.12 -0.10	0.34 0.09 -0.06 0.15 0.25	0.16 0.11 0.19 -0.08 0.05	18.5 6.9 4.6 2.3 11.6

Note. Percent changes are from NIPA table 1.1.1, and contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 1.1.2. Shares are from NIPA table 1.1.10.

average rate for the past 10 years. The advance estimate had shown a 4.0-percent increase in the fourth quarter.

Prices of goods and services purchased by U.S. residents increased 1.1 percent after increasing 1.8 percent. (The advance estimate had shown a fourth-quarter increase of 1.0 percent.) The deceleration mainly reflected a downturn in energy prices.

#### **Chart 1. Real Gross Domestic Product**



<sup>1.</sup> Quarterly estimates in the NIPAs are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, unless otherwise specified. Quarter-to-quarter changes are differences between these published estimates. Percent changes are calculated from unrounded data and annualized. "Real" estimates are in chained

The deceleration in real GDP growth in the fourth quarter mainly reflected slower growth in consumer spending; other contributors were a deterioration in the trade balance and slower growth in residential and nonresidential fixed investment and in government spending.<sup>2</sup> These developments were partly offset by an upturn in inventory investment.

- Consumer spending increased 2.7 percent in the fourth quarter after increasing 6.9 percent in the third quarter, the largest increase in 17 years. Consumer spending contributed 1.93 percentage points to GDP growth in the fourth quarter after contributing 4.89 percentage points in the third.
- •The trade balance (net exports) turned down as imports stepped up much more than exports. Trade subtracted 0.30 percentage point from GDP growth in the fourth quarter after adding 0.80 percentage point in the third.
- Residential investment increased 8.6 percent; it contributed 0.44 percentage point to GDP growth after contributing 1.05 percentage points. The slowdown was primarily accounted for by brokers' commissions.
- Nonresidential fixed investment increased 9.6 percent; it contributed 0.95 percentage point to GDP growth after contributing 1.25 percentage points. Equipment and software increased less than in the third quarter, and structures decreased more than in the third quarter.
- Government spending increased 0.8 percent; it contributed 0.16 percentage point to GDP growth after contributing 0.34 percentage point.
- Inventories were built up in the fourth quarter after being reduced in the third. Inventory investment added 0.92 percentage point to GDP growth after subtracting 0.13 percentage point.

The preliminary estimates for the fourth quarter also show the following:

- Real final sales of domestic product (GDP less the change in private inventories) increased 3.2 percent after increasing 8.3 percent (table 2).
- Real gross domestic purchases increased 4.2 percent after increasing 7.0 percent.
- The production of goods and of structures slowed, while the production of services increased slightly more than in the third quarter.
- Motor vehicle output increased modestly after a sharp increase. Excluding motor vehicles, real GDP increased 4.2 percent after increasing 7.6 percent.
- Final sales of computers slowed sharply after registering an unusually large increase in the third quarter. Excluding final sales of computers, real GDP increased 3.9 percent after increasing 7.6 percent.
- Real disposable personal income was unchanged in the fourth quarter after increasing in the third; this pattern primarily reflected the pattern of the advance payments of child tax credits associated with the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003.
- The personal saving rate—personal saving as a percentage of current-dollar disposable personal income—decreased from 2.3 percent to 1.6 percent.

Table 2. Real Gross Domestic Product by Type of Product [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

			m prec percen		Cor ch (p	Share of current- dollar GDP (percent)			
		20	03			20	03		2003
	ı	Ш	III	IV	1	II	111	IV	IV
Gross domestic product (GDP) Final sales of domestic product Change in private inventories	2.0 2.7	3.1 3.3	8.2 8.3	4.1 3.2	2.0 2.71 -0.74	3.1 3.25 -0.17	<b>8.2</b> 8.34 -0.13	4.1 3.19 0.92	100 99.9 0.1
Goods	4.3 1.0 –0.3	2.2 3.6 2.8	18.3 2.1 13.9	7.8 2.3 2.6	1.37 0.62 -0.02	0.75 2.08 0.26	5.67 1.27 1.27	2.54 1.32 0.25	33.0 57.5 9.5
Addenda:  Motor vehicle outputGDP excluding motor vehicle output	-6.4 2.3	2.1 3.1	26.6 7.6	2.9 4.2	-0.23 2.20	0.07 3.01	0. <b>8</b> 2 7.39	0.10 4.01	3.5 96.5
Final sales of computers	34.6 1.7	32.8 2.8	93. <b>4</b> 7.6	31.5 3.9	0.26 1.71	0.25 2. <b>8</b> 3	0.65 7.56	0.28 3.82	1.0 99.0

Note. Percent changes are from NIPA table 1.2.1, and contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 1.2.2. Shares are calculated from NIPA table 1.2.5.

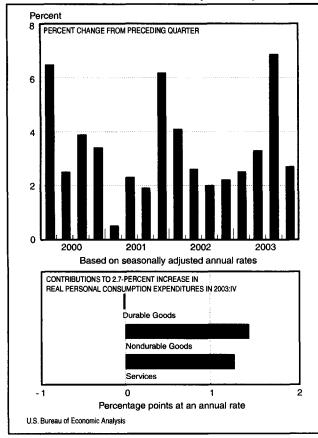
<sup>2.</sup> In this article, "consumer spending" is shorthand for the NIPA series "personal consumption expenditures," "government spending" is shorthand for "government consumption expenditures and gross investment," and "inventory investment" is shorthand for "change in private inventories."

#### **Personal Consumption Expenditures**

In the fourth quarter, real personal consumption expenditures slowed to a 2.7-percent increase (table 3 and chart 2). (Over the preceding 10 years, consumption spending increased at an average annual rate of 3.8 percent.) Purchases of durable goods decreased slightly in the fourth quarter after a strong increase in the third, and purchases of nondurable goods and of services slowed.

Most of the downturn in durable goods was accounted for by motor vehicles and parts; new light trucks-pickups, vans, and sport utility vehicles-and new autos both decreased after increasing. Furniture and household equipment and "other" durable goods each increased about half as much as in the third quar-

**Chart 2. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures** 



ter; within each, the slowdown was widespread. In furniture and household equipment, the sharpest deceleration was in video and audio goods (which includes computers, peripherals and software). In other durable goods, the sharpest deceleration was in the category that includes sports equipment and motorcycles.

In nondurable goods, slowdowns in purchases of food, clothing, and "other" nondurable goods were partly offset by a step-up in purchases of gasoline and oil.

In services, spending on electricity and gas turned down and spending on "other" services and on housing increased less than in the third quarter. The deceleration in other services reflected slowdowns in foreign

**Table 3. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures** 

	Cha I	nge fron period (p	n prece percent	iding )	ct	ntribution nange in nercenta	real PC	Ε	Share of current- dollar PCE (percent)
		200	03			20	03		2003
	ı	II	BI	IV	ı	II	III	IV	IV
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	2.5	3.3	6.9	2.7	2.5	3.3	6.9	2.7	100
Durable goods	0.5	17.7	28.0	-0.1	0.06	1.98	3.13	-0.02	12.2
	-4.2	15.3	39.7	-9.7	-0.23	0.77	1.92	-0.57	5.5
	1.3	19.4	22.9	9.8	0.06	0.77	0.92	0.41	4.4
	11.0	20.0	12.5	6.2	0.24	0.43	0.29	0.15	2.4
Nondurable goods	5.7	1.2	7.3	5.2	1.59	0.35	2.08	1.46	28.6
	6.7	2.4	7.3	3.8	0.89	0.32	0.99	0.52	13.9
	3.0	7.8	9.4	0.9	0.12	0.30	0.37	0.03	4.0
goodsOther 2	4.2	-18.6	3.7	17.6	0.11	-0.56	0.10	0.44	2.7
	5.9	3.6	7.6	6.0	0.47	0.29	0.61	0.47	8.1
Services Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other household operation Transportation Medical care Recreation Other 3	1.5	1.7	2.8	2.2	0.88	1.02	1.68	1.29	59.2
	2.3	1.8	2.2	1.6	0.36	0.28	0.35	0.25	15.4
	1.0	-3.3	3.5	0.5	0.06	-0.18	0.20	0.02	5.4
	0.4	-12.7	4.1	-1.2	0.01	-0.29	0.09	-0.03	2.1
	1.4	3.2	3.2	1.5	0.05	0.11	0.11	0.05	3.3
	0.5	-4.0	-2.2	-2.4	0.02	-0.16	-0.08	-0.09	3.7
	5.1	4.6	5.0	5.0	0.84	0.75	0.84	0.83	17.0
	0.0	3.6	2.6	4.0	0.00	0.15	0.11	0.16	4.1
	-2.8	1.3	1.9	0.8	-0.39	0.18	0.27	0.11	13.5

Includes tobacco, toilet articles, drug preparations and sundries, stationery and writing supplies, toys, film, flowers, cleaning preparations and paper products, semidurable
 More. Percent changes are from NIPA table 2.3.5.

Changes are calculated from NIPA table 2.3.5.

 <sup>1.</sup> Includes jewelry and watches, ophthalmic products and orthopedic equipment, books and maps, bicycles and motorcycles, guns and sporting equipment, photographic equipment, boals, and pleasure aircraft.
 3. Includes personal care, personal business, education and research, religious and welfare activities, and net foreign travel.

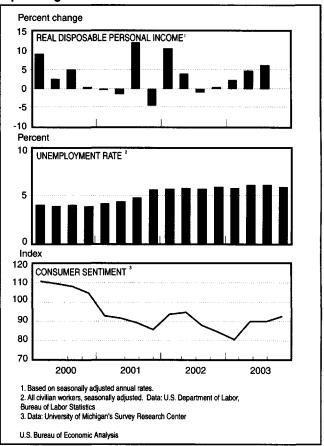
foreign travel.

Note. Percent changes are from NIPA table 2.3.1, and

travel by U.S. residents and in brokerage charges and investment counseling; these slowdowns were partly offset by an upturn in expenditures on social welfare. The slowdown in housing was accounted for by expenditures for lodging at hotels and motels.

Factors frequently considered in the analysis of consumer spending were mixed in the fourth quarter (chart 3). Real disposable personal income was flat, but the unemployment rate decreased, and the Index of Consumer Sentiment (from by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center) increased modestly.

## **Chart 3. Selected Factors Affecting Consumer Spending**



#### Private Fixed Investment

Real private fixed investment increased 9.3 percent in the fourth quarter—less than in the third quarter but above its 5.7-percent average annual rate for the past 10 years (table 4 and chart 4).

Nonresidential. Equipment and software increased almost as much as in the third quarter, but the weakness in structures became more pronounced.

Slower growth in information processing equipment and software and in "other" equipment and a downturn in industrial equipment were partly offset by an upturn in transportation equipment. In information processing equipment, the slowdown was accounted for by communication equipment and by computers and peripheral equipment. In other equipment, the biggest slowdown was in construction machinery. The downturn in industrial equipment was more than accounted for by special industry equip-

**Table 4. Real Private Fixed Investment** [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	prece		je from riod (pei	cent)	0	hange i	n to pero n real Pf ge point	-1	Share of current- dollar PFI (percent)
		2003 2003							2003
	ı	И	III	IV	1	11	III	IV	IV
Private fixed investment (PFI)	1.1	6.1	15.8	9.3	1.1	6.1	15.8	9.3	100.0
Nonresidential	-0.6	7.0	12.8	9.6	-0.39	4.64	8.59	6.33	65.9
Structures  Commercial and health care Manufacturing Power and communication Mining exploration, shafts, and wells Other structures ¹  Equipment and software Information processing	-4.0 -16.6 -16.6 12.2 30.1 -0.9	3.9 -2.4 8.8 -24.0 89.1 13.6 8.0	-1.8 2.2 -2.8 -16.0 8.9 -1.4	-7.1 -7.3 -15.9 -5.8 0.1 -9.4	-0.66 -1.24 -0.15 0.37 0.41 -0.03	0.62 -0.16 0.07 -0.85 1.10 0.46 4.02	-0.27 0.15 -0.02 -0.50 0.16 -0.05 8.85	-1.10 -0.47 -0.13 -0.16 0.00 -0.33 <b>7.43</b>	14.7 6.1 0.8 2.7 1.8 3.3 51.2
equipment and software Computers and peripheral	17.3	16.8	27.1	17.1	4.29	4.35	7.16	4.59	28.0
equipment Software <sup>2</sup>	29.2 11.6 17.4 -7.4 -27.4 -10.5	48.6 9.9 9.7 -1.3 -7.6 4.3	53.4 15.2 26.8 1.5 -4.8 25.2	30.6 15.7 11.7 -0.9 23.7 17.2	1.38 1.18 1.73 -0.65 -2.48 -0.89	2.26 1.05 1.04 -0.11 -0.57 0.34	2.68 1.65 2.83 0.13 -0.34 1.91	1.67 1.64 1.28 -0.07 1.59 1.32	6.1 10.8 11.2 7.6 7.5 8.0
Residential	4.5	4.5	21.9	8.6	1.46	1.50	7.18	2.94	34.1
Structures  Permanent site  Single family  Multifamily  Other structures 5  Equipment	4.5 8.2 8.5 5.7 -1.0	4.2 -0.4 0.1 -4.8 11.8	22.0 20.8 21.5 15.1 23.8	8.6 21.3 24.7 -5.5 -8.6	1.43 1.56 1.45 0.11 -0.13	1.40 -0.08 0.02 -0.10 1.49 0.10	7.08 4.04 3.73 0.31 3.04	2.88 4.05 4.16 -0.11 -1.17	33.6 20.8 18.8 2.0 12.8

Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokersi commissions on the sale of structures.

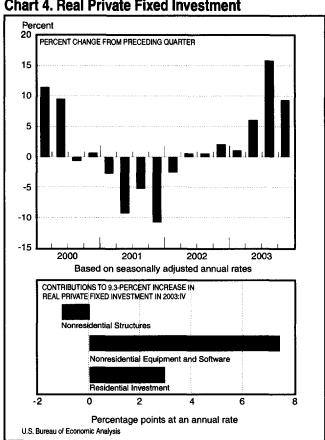
ment, which includes equipment for the manufacture of semiconductors. The upturn in transportation equipment mainly reflected upturns in aircraft and in light trucks that were partly offset by a downturn in autos and a deceleration in heavy trucks.

5

In structures, the larger fourth-quarter decrease mainly reflected a downturn in commercial and health care facilities. Most other components of structures were also weaker in the fourth quarter than in the third, but power and communication decreased less than in the third quarter.

Conditions that are frequently considered in the analysis of investment spending have been mixed in recent quarters (chart 5). The capacity utilization rate for manufacturing, mining, and utilities increased modestly in the third and fourth quarters, but over the past 2 years, the series has shown little, if any, trend. Domestic corporations' profits from current production posted large increases in the second and third quarters

Chart 4. Real Private Fixed Investment



Excludes software embedded, or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

<sup>3.</sup> Includes communication equipment, nonmedical brokersi commissions on the sale of residential structures. Instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

Nor. Percent changes are from NIPA table 5.3.1, and contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 5.3.2. Shares are calculated from NIPA table 5.3.5.

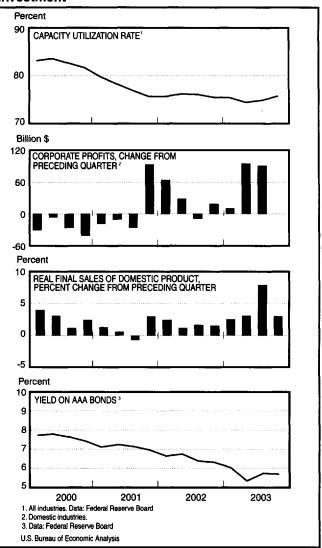
Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equip-ment not elsewhere classified.

<sup>5.</sup> Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improve ments, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and

(the last quarters for which data are available). Longterm interest rates remained close to the lows recorded earlier in 2003. The growth of real final sales of domestic product slowed in the fourth quarter but remained close to its long-run average.

Residential. Real private residential investment increased 8.6 percent in the fourth quarter after increasing 21.9 percent in the third. Single-family construction increased more than in the third quarter, but "other" structures and multifamily construction turned down. The downturn in other structures mainly reflected a downturn in brokers' commissions, as house sales dropped from a record level in the third quarter.

## **Chart 5. Selected Factors Affecting Nonresidential Investment**



#### **Inventory Investment**

Real inventory investment increased in the fourth quarter, as inventory liquidation gave way to inventory accumulation (table 5 and chart 6). In the third quarter, inventory investment had decreased, reflecting a step-up in the pace of liquidation.

Manufacturing inventories decreased less than in the third quarter. Inventories of computer manufacturers and of machinery manufacturers turned up, and inventories of fabricated metal product manufacturers and of transportation equipment manufactures decreased less than in the third quarter. These changes were partly offset by a downturn in inventories of petroleum manufacturers, faster liquidation by manufacturers of nonmetallic mineral products, and a downturn in inventories of beverage and tobacco product manufacturers.

Wholesale trade inventories increased after decreasing. In merchant wholesaling, inventories in a number of industries turned up, most notably motor vehicles. These changes were partly offset by downturns in inventories of drugs and sundries, of professional and

Table 5. Real Change in Private Inventories, by Industry
[Billions of chained (2000) dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

			Level			р	Chang receding		•
	2002		200	03			200	03	
	ΙV	-	li	III	IV	1	II	III	IV
Change in private inventories (CIPI)	21.5 -3.5	1. <b>6</b> 1.2	<b>-4.</b> 5 -2.0	-9.1 -2.8	<b>14.9</b> -0.6	-19.9 4.7	-6.1 -3.2	<b>-4.6</b> -0.8	<b>24.0</b> 2.2
Mining, utilities, and construction	-3.3	-6.9	-2.2	-0.2	-0.1	-3.6	4.7	2.0	0.1
Manufacturing  Durable goods industries  Nondurable goods industries	-3.8 1.9 -5.7	-12.2 -13.4 1.0	-15.1 -14.0 -1.3	-15.8 -15.9 -0.2	-5.9 -1.4 -4.4	-8.4 -15.3 6.7	-2.9 -0.6 -2.3	-0.7 -1.9 1.1	9.9 14.5 -4.2
Wholesale trade  Durable goods industries  Nondurable goods industries	6.5 4.0 2.5	-4.7 0.6 -5.1	-4.6 -5.2 0.4	-1.3 -7.6 5.8	6.2 7.0 –0.6	-11.2 -3.4 -7.6	0.1 -5.8 5.5	3.3 -2.4 5.4	7.5 14.6 –6.4
Retail trade	26.6 20.4 -0.4 4.7 2.2	27.1 19.1 0.8 0.3 7.2	15.3 15.4 -0.9 -0.5 1.6	11.0 1.2 1.4 -0.1 8.5	15.2 4.8 -2.3 3.7 9.3	0.5 -1.3 1.2 -4.4 5.0	-11.8 -3.7 -1.7 -0.8 -5.6	-4.3 -14.2 2.3 0.4 6.9	4.2 3.6 -3.7 3.8 0.8
Other industries	-0.7	-2.1	4.7	0.6	0.7	-1.4	6.8	-4.1	0.1
Residual 1	-0.6	-1.1	-0.5	0.2	-1.2	-0.5	0.6	0.7	-1.4
Addenda: Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business: Private inventories to final sales Nonfarm inventories to final sales of	2.53 2.32	2.51 2.30	2.49 2.29	2.42 2.22	2.40 2.21				
goods and structures	3.79	3.75	3.72	3.57	3.54				

The residual is the difference between the first line embody weights of more than one period. and the sum of the most detailed lines. It reflects the fact that chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

 S.6.6B, and ratios of private inventories to final sales of because the quantity indexes on which they are based domestic business are from NIPA table 5.6.7B.

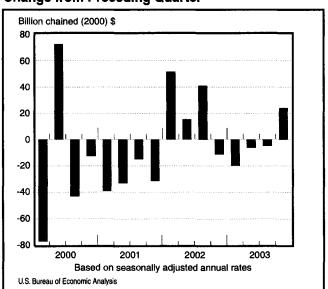
commercial equipment, and of miscellaneous nondurable goods. Inventories of nonmerchant wholesalers turned up.

Retail trade inventories increased more than in the third quarter. Inventories of general merchandise stores increased after a slight decrease, and accumulation by motor vehicle dealers stepped up. These changes were partly offset by a swing from accumulation to liquidation in the inventories of food and beverage stores and a slowdown in accumulation by building and garden equipment stores.

Farm inventories decreased less than in the third quarter. Livestock inventories turned up, and crop inventories decreased a little less than in the third quarter.

The ratio of real private nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures decreased to 3.54 from 3.57. A ratio that includes all final sales of domestic businesses decreased to 2.21 from 2.22.3 Both ratios have been trending down for decades.

Chart 6. Real Private Inventory Investment: Change from Preceding Quarter



<sup>3.</sup> Using the ratio that includes all final sales of domestic businesses in the denominator implies that the production of services results in a demand for inventories that is similar to that generated in the production of goods and structures. In contrast, using the "goods and structures" ratio implies that the production of services does not generate demand for inventories. Both implications are extreme. Production of some services may require substantial inventories, while production of other services may not.

#### **Exports and Imports**

Real exports of goods and services increased about twice as much as in the third quarter; the increase was the largest since the fourth quarter of 1996. Exports of goods and exports of services both stepped up (table 6 and chart 7).

Capital goods contributed the most to the step-up in exports of goods. The automotive category turned up, and industrial supplies and materials increased more than in the third quarter.

Table 6. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Chang		receding cent)	period	Contri in ri	Share of current- dollar exports or imports (percent)			
		20	003			20	03		2003
	ı	11	tii	IV	1	ll	111	IV	IV
Exports of goods and services	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0	100
Exports of goods 1 Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	1.9 14.5	-1.7 -12.1	<b>8.6</b> 7.6	21.2 8.5	1.31 0.68	<b>-1.18</b> -0.65	<b>6.01</b> 0.39	14.58 0.47	<b>69</b> .1 5.3
materials Capital goods, except	7.5	-3.6	1.1	10.7	1.15	-0.59	0.18	1.77	15.7
automotive Automotive vehicles,	-2.5	-1.1	19.7	36.4	-0.70	-0.31	5.19	9.66	28.5
engines, and parts Consumer goods, except automotive	5.9 5.4	-0.4 7.4	-6.2 12.2	18.5	0.45	-0.03 0.61	-0.48 1.04	1.40	7.4 8.5
Other	-16.4	-4.9	-8.0	0.9	-0.71	-0.19	-0.31	0.04	3.5
Exports of services 1	-10.1	0.2	12.7	20.7	-3.29	0.07	3.86	6.42	30.9
imports of goods and services	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4	100
Imports of goods 1	-6.6 12.5	<b>13.7</b> 5.2	-1.5 4.0	<b>18.1</b> 18.0	-5 <b>.49</b> 0.42	1 <b>1.04</b> 0.19	-1.28 0.14	1 <b>4.92</b> 0.64	83.1 3.6
petroleum an Petroleum and products Capital goods, except	-7.4 -12.6	0.5 55.5	10.0 -3.0	0.2 -1 <b>6</b> .1	-0.85 -1.11	0.09 3.99	1.10 -0.27	0.07 -1.49	11.2 8.1
automotive	-2.0	12.6	5.0	27.3	-0.38	2.33	0.94	4.99	19.5
engines, and parts Consumer goods, except	-8.6	13.8	-14.0	35.0	-1.21	1.83	-2.04	4.34	13.8
automotive Other	6.4 -51.3	1.0 57.5	-0.2 -19.3	27.9 13.8	1.35 -3.71	0.21 2.39	-0.04 -1.12	5.67 0.70	21.8 5.0
Imports of services 1	-7.5	-10.9	13.4	8.6	-1.28	-1.91	2.13	1.52	16.9
Addenda: Exports of agricultural									
goods 2 Exports of nonagricultural	11.5	-3.9	14.7	-5.2			*******		5.9
goods Imports of nonpetroleum	1.1	-1.5	8.1	23.9					63.2
goods	-5.9	9.5	-1.4	22.8	********				75.0

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and ratterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

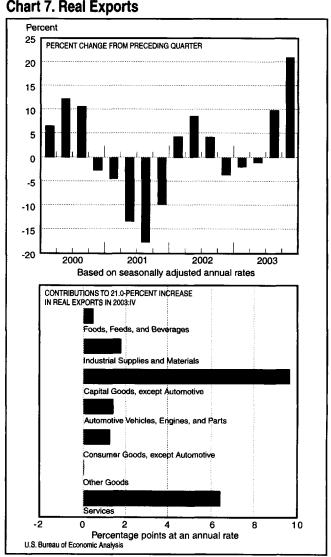
 Contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 4.2.1, and contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 4.2.2.

In services, "other transportation" and "other private services" contributed the most to the fourth-quarter step-up.

Real imports of goods and services also increased more than in the third quarter; the increase was the largest since the second quarter of 2002 (table 6 and chart 8). An upturn in imports of goods was partly offset by a deceleration in imports of services.

In goods, all categories except petroleum products

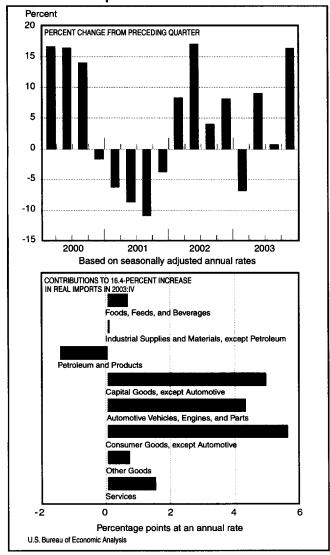
Chart 7. Real Exports



and industrial supplies and materials contributed to the fourth-quarter upturn. The largest contributions to the upturn were made by upturns in the automotive and consumer goods categories and by a step-up in capital goods. Petroleum imports decreased more than in the third quarter, and imports of industrial supplies and materials changed little after a strong increase.

In services, travel made the largest contribution to the fourth-quarter slowdown.

#### **Chart 8. Real Imports**



Government Spending, next page.

#### **Government Spending**

Government spending increased 0.8 percent in the fourth quarter, 1 percentage point less than in the third (table 7 and chart 9). Spending by state and local governments slowed; spending by the Federal Government stepped up modestly.

At the Federal level, an upturn in spending on national defense was partly offset by a downturn in non-defense spending. The upturn in defense spending was more than accounted for by consumption expenditures, especially expenditures on services, including research and development. The drop in Federal nondefense spending was more than accounted for by consumption expenditures, especially purchases of ser-

Table 7. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

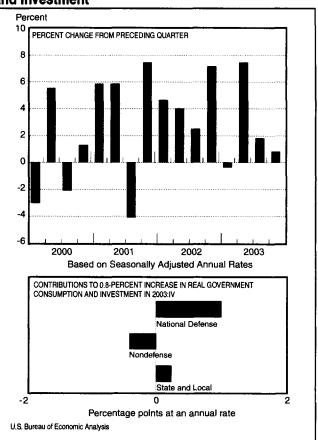
		nge fror period (p	n preced percent)	ling	Co ch (j	Share of current-dollar CEGI (percent)			
		2003 2003							
	ı	11	III	IV	ı	II	III	١٧	IV
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment (CEGI) Consumption expenditures Gross investment	-0.4 7.4 1.8 0.8 -0.4 7.4 1.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 7.1 0.1 0.2 0.64 5.95 0.07 0.21 -5.9 9.0 10.4 3.7 -1.03 1.49 1.68 0.63						1 <b>00</b> 82.8 17.2		
Federal	-0.2	23.5	1.2	1.6	-0.06	7.95	0.46	0.60	37.2
National defense Consumption expenditures Gross investment	-5.6 -4.8 -11.2	<b>41.9</b> 41.9 42.1	-1.3 -4.7 26.4	4.2 4.3 3.8	-1. <b>33</b> -1.00 -0.33	<b>8.59</b> 7.57 1.02	- <b>0.33</b> -1.03 0.70	1.02 0.90 0.11	24.7 21.6 3.1
Nondefense	10.5 12.8 -4.1	-5.0 -11.7 53.7	<b>6.5</b> 11.9 –22.8	-3.3 -7.4 28.7	1.27 1.34 0.07	- <b>0.64</b> -1.37 0.73	0.79 1.23 -0.44	-0.42 -0.84 0.42	12.5 10.8 1.7
State and local	<b>-0.5</b> 0.6 <b>-4</b> .9	<b>-0.8</b> -0.5 -2.2	<b>2.1</b> -0.3 12.2	0.4 0.3 0.7	<b>-0.32</b> 0.31 -0.63	- <b>0.52</b> -0.25 -0.26	<b>1.29</b> -0.13 1.42	0.24 0.15 0.09	<b>62.8</b> 50.4 12.4

Note: Percent changes are from NIPA table 3.9.1, and contributions to percent change are from NIPA table 3.9.2. Shares are calculated from NIPA table 3.9.5.

vices; gross investment increased after decreasing.

At the state and local level, gross investment slowed, while consumption expenditures turned up. The slow-down in gross investment was mainly accounted for by investment in structures.

Chart 9. Real Government Consumption and Investment



#### **Prices**

Inflation as measured by the price index for gross domestic purchases slowed from 1.8 percent in the third quarter to 1.1 percent in the fourth (table 8). The slow-down mainly reflected a downturn in energy prices; excluding food and energy items, prices increased 1.2 percent after increasing 1.3 percent (chart 10).

Prices of goods and services purchased by consumers increased 0.7 percent after increasing 1.8 percent.

 Table 8. Price Indexes

 [Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (2000=100)]

		inge from period (p			Contribution to percent change in gross domestic purchases prices (percentage points)				
		200	2003			2003			
	i	II	III	IV	1	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic purchases	3.4	0.4	1.8	1.1	3.4	0.4	1.8	1.1	
Personal consumption expenditures	2.8 -4.4 5.1 3.2	0.5 -3.9 -2.1 2.7	1.8 -4.0 3.8 2.0	0.7 -3.9 0.5 1.7	1.87 -0.37 0.96 1.28	0.29 -0.33 -0.42 1.05	1.18 -0.34 0.71 0.81	0.45 -0.33 0.10 0.68	
Gross private domestic investment  Fixed investment  Nonresidential  Structures  Equipment and software  Residential  Change in private inventories	1.3 1.9 -0.3 3.8 -1.6 6.4	0.0 0.0 -1.2 1.1 -1.8 2.2	2.0 2.1 1.6 2.7 1.2 3.1	3.5 3.7 1.7 4.7 0.9 7.5	0.24 0.26 -0.03 0.09 -0.12 0.29 -0.02	0.07 -0.01 -0.11 0.02 -0.14 0.10 0.07	0.29 0.30 0.15 0.06 0.09 0.15 -0.01	0.52 0.53 0.17 0.10 0.07 0.36 -0.02	
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	7.3 7.7 8.0 7.2 7.1	0.1 1.4 1.2 1.6 -0.7	1.7 1.3 1.3 1.3 2.0	0.5 0.2 0.4 0.0 0.6	1.27 0.48 0.32 0.16 0.79	0.01 0.09 0.05 0.04 -0.08	0.31 0.09 0.06 0.03 0.22	0.09 0.02 0.02 0.00 0.07	
Addenda: Gross domestic purchases: Food. Energy goods and services Excluding food and energy.	1.8 52.5 1.8	2.4 -14.1 0.9	2.5 11.2 1.3	4.0 -8.0 1.2	0.17 1.66 1.56	0.22 -0.62 0.77	0.23 0.42 1.13	0.37 -0.32 1.00	
Personal consumptions expenditures: Food	1.7 45.3 0.9	2.4 -8.6 0.8	2.5 12.3 1.0	4.0 -9.5 0.7					
Gross domestic product	2.3	1.1	1.6	1.2					

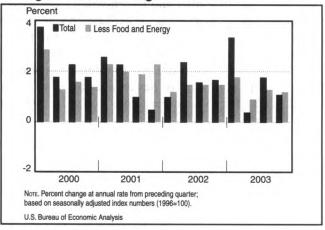
Note. Most percent changes are from NIPA table 1.6.7; percent changes for personal consumption expenditures for energy goods and services and for personal consumption expenditures excluding food and energy are calculated from index numbers in NIPA table 2.3.4. Contributions to percent change are from table 1.6.8.

The price of gasoline and oil turned down, as did the price of electricity and gas. Food prices, in contrast, increased more than in the third quarter. The price of consumer purchases excluding food and energy, which is sometimes viewed as an indicator of the "underlying" rate of inflation, increased 0.7 percent after increasing 1.0 percent.

Prices of private nonresidential fixed investment increased 1.7 percent after increasing 1.6 percent. Prices of structures increased 4.7 percent, the largest increase in more than 2 years. Prices of equipment and software increased a little less than in the third quarter; the rare back-to-back increases mainly reflected increases in the prices of transportation equipment.

Prices paid by government increased 0.5 percent after increasing 1.7 percent. The slowdown was evident at both the Federal level and at the state and local level.

Chart 10. Gross Domestic Purchases Prices: Change From Preceding Quarter



#### Revisions

The preliminary estimate of a 4.1-percent increase in real GDP in the fourth quarter is 0.1 percentage point higher than the advance estimate released last month (table 9). In the past 20 years, the average revision, without regard to sign, from the advance estimate to the preliminary estimate was 0.5 percentage point.

The upward revision to fourth-quarter real GDP reflected upward revisions to equipment and software investment, to inventory investment, and to exports that were mostly offset by an upward revision to imports.

The revision to equipment and software contributed an additional 0.36 percentage point to real GDP growth. It primarily reflected the incorporation of Census Bureau data for December, specifically, newly available and revised data on shipments and newly available data on exports and imports.

The revision to inventory investment contributed an additional 0.31 percentage point to real GDP growth. It primarily reflected the incorporation of newly available and revised Census Bureau data on inventories for November and December.

The revision to exports contributed an additional 0.16 percentage point to real GDP growth, and the revision to imports reduced GDP by an additional 0.65 percentage point. Both of these revisions primarily reflect the incorporation of newly available Census Bureau data for December and revised data for November.

Table 9. Preliminary and Advance Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2003 [Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Percent ch	nange from quarter	preceding	Contributio	n to percer real GDP	t change in
	Preliminary estimate	Advance estimate	Preliminary minus advance	Preliminary estimate	Advance estimate	Preliminary minus advance
Gross domestic product	4.1	4.0	0.1	4.1	4.0	0.1
Personal consumption expenditures	<b>2.7</b> -0.1 5.2 2.2	<b>2.</b> 6 0.9 4.4 2.1	0.1 -1.0 0.8 0.1	1.93 -0.01 1.04 0.91	1.84 0.08 0.89 0.87	<b>0.09</b> -0.09 0.15 0.04
Gross private domestic						
Investment Private fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Equipment and software Residential Change in private inventories	9.3 9.6 7.1 15.1 8.6	12.4 8.1 6.9 -3.0 10.0 10.6	3.4 1.2 2.7 -4.1 5.1 -2.0	2.31 1.39 0.95 -0.17 1.12 0.44 0.92	1.84 1.23 0.69 -0.07 0.76 0.54 0.61	0.47 0.16 0.26 -0.10 0.36 -0.10 0.31
Net exports of goods and services	21.0 21.2 20.7 16.4 18.1 8.6	19.1 19.2 18.9 11.3 12.2 7.0	1.9 2.0 1.8 5.1 5.9 1.6	-0.30 1.85 1.28 0.57 -2.15 -1.95 -0.20	0.19 1.69 1.17 0.52 -1.50 -1.34 -0.16	-0.49 0.16 0.11 0.05 -0.65 -0.61 -0.04
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	0.8 1.6 4.2 -3.3 0.4	0.8 0.7 1.8 -1.6 0.9	0.0 0.9 2.4 -1.7 -0.5	0.16 0.11 0.19 -0.08 0.05	0.16 0.05 0.08 -0.04 0.11	0.00 0.06 0.11 -0.04 0.06
Addenda: Final sales of domestic product Gross domestic purchases price	3.2	3.4	-0.2			,,,
GDP price index	1.1 1.2	1.0 1.1	0.1 0.1			

Note. The preliminary estimates for the fourth quarter of available and revised), and crop and livestock estimates from 2003 incorporate the following revised or additional major the U.S. Department of Agriculture for 2003 (revised) and source data that were not available when the advance estimates were prepared.

\*\*Exports and imports of goods and services: Exports and Imports of goods and Imports of goods and Services: Exports and Imports of goods a

Personal consumption expenditures. Revised retail sales imports of goods and services: Exports and imports of goods and services: Exports and imports of goods for November (revised) and December. In the control of goods in the control of goods and services: Exports and imports of goods for November (revised) and December.

Prisonal consumption experiorules: Nevised estimates of electricity usage for October.

Nonresidential fixed investment: Construction put-inplace data for October and November (revised) and December, manufacturers' shipments of machinery and December, revised), and manufacturers and trade inventories for October and November (revised) and December.

Assidential fixed investment: Revised construction put-inplace data for October and November (revised) and December.

Assidential fixed investment: Revised construction put-inplace data for October and November (revised) and December.

Assidential fixed investments of machinery and private inventories. Manufacturers and trade inventories for November (revised) and December.

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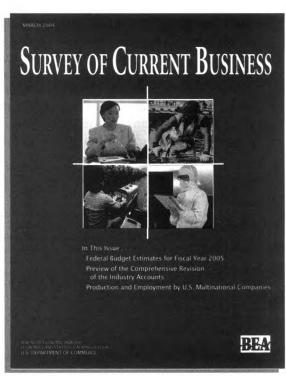
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14 March 2004

#### Federal Budget Estimates for Fiscal Year 2005

By Benyam Tsehaye and Michelle Robinson

N February 2, 2004, the President of the United States of America submitted the Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 to Congress. The budget calls for the continued war on terrorism, the strengthening of homeland security, and fiscal restraint in nondefense and non-homeland-security. The budget also proposes to extend temporary tax cuts, some permanently and some for several years. The fiscal year 2005 budget shows a \$363.6 billion deficit, a \$157.1 billion decrease from the projected \$520.7 billion deficit in fiscal year 2004. Fiscal year 2003 ended with a \$375.3 billion deficit. The Federal Government budget is presented on a total, or unified, budget basis. <sup>2</sup>

Most fiscal year 2004 appropriations were not enacted until after the fiscal year 2005 budget was proposed; therefore, the Office of Management and Budget prepared the current-services estimates for fiscal year 2005, using enacted appropriations for the Departments of Defense and Homeland Security for fiscal year 2004, and a conference report on the Consolidated Appropriations Act of Fiscal Year 2004 for the remaining agencies.<sup>3</sup> The conference report was subse-

quently adopted, so the budget estimates reflected in this article are consistent with the actual appropriations for fiscal year 2004. To estimate the current services for fiscal year 2005, the 2004 levels were increased by a projected rate of inflation.<sup>4</sup>

Each year, the Bureau of Economic Analysis prepares an adjusted presentation of the Federal budget receipts and outlays that places them on a basis that is consistent with the framework of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs). The NIPA framework, which differs in concept and timing from the Federal budget, is designed to show the composition of production and the distribution of the incomes earned in production (see the box "Relation Between Budget Estimates and NIPA Estimates"). The NIPA framework provides a means of gauging the effects of the Federal budget on aggregate measures of U.S. economic activity, such as gross domestic product (GDP). The NIPA estimates presented in this article use the same economic assumptions as the Federal budget for rates of unemployment, of inflation, and of long-term interest.5

The new NIPA framework now reflects the results of the 2003 comprehensive revision. As a result of the revision, several components that were previously included as negative entries on the expenditures side have been reclassified as current receipts. Some of the terms used have also changed; for example, the term "current surplus or deficit" has been replaced by "net saving." The terms, concepts, and tables 4–10 used in this article now reflect the new NIPA framework. The following are the highlights of the article:

- •On the NIPA basis, net Federal Government saving (formerly, "current surplus or deficit (–), national income and product accounts") stood at –\$519.5 billion in fiscal year 2004 and –\$338.0 billion in fiscal year 2005.
- The 2003 comprehensive revision of NIPAs reclassified components from current expenditures to current receipts, but the reclassification did not affect net Federal Government saving.

<sup>1.</sup> Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2004); <www.whitehouse.gov/omb/budget/fy2005/budget.html>.

<sup>2.</sup> Other presentations of the Federal budget distinguish between off-budget and on-budget transactions or between trust fund and Federal transactions. In the off-budget and on-budget breakdown, off-budget receipts and outlays, which consist of the social security trust funds and the Postal Service fund, show surpluses of \$154.0 billion in 2004 and \$179.4 billion in 2005; on-budget receipts and expenditures, which include all other transactions, show deficits of \$674.8 billion in 2004 and \$542.9 billion in 2005. In the trust funds and Federal funds breakdown, trust fund receipts and outlays—which consist of all trust funds, including social security, medicare, and unemployment compensation—show surpluses of \$187.9 billion in 2004 and \$243.3 billion in 2005. Federal funds receipts and outlays, which consist of all transactions not classified as trust funds, show deficits of \$708.6 billion in 2004 and \$606.9 billion in 2005. There are no equivalent measures of these breakdowns in the national income and product accounts.

<sup>3.</sup> Conceptually, the current-services estimates are designed to show Federal receipts and outlays that exclude any changes to existing laws, so these estimates are neither recommended amounts nor forecasts; they form a baseline from which administration or congressional proposals can be analyzed. The Budget Enforcement Act provided rules for formulating baselines. However, economic and programmatic assumptions continue to be necessary to develop these estimates. In addition, the act itself allowed for exceptions, such as the extension of certain provisions even after their authority expired. The administration's budget proposes several changes to a section of the Budget Enforcement Act that establishes the requirements for baselines.

<sup>4.</sup> Analytical Perspectives: Budget of the United States Government, 358.

<sup>5.</sup> See "Economic Assumptions" in Analytical Perspectives, 169-179.

See the box for a list of the articles on the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision that were published in the Survey of Current Business.

#### **Relation Between Budget Estimates and NIPA Estimates**

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) prepares estimates of the Federal sector in a framework of national income and product accounts (NIPAs). Unlike the budget, which is a financial plan of the Government on a cash basis, the NIPAs facilitate macroeconomic analyses of the effects of changes in Federal current receipts, current expenditures, and gross investment on gross domestic product and its components, which are mainly on an accrual basis.<sup>1</sup>

One major conceptual difference between the budget and the NIPAs is in the treatment of government investment in fixed assets; in the NIPAs, government consumption expenditures excludes investment in fixed assets, but it includes consumption of fixed capital, a depreciation charge on past investment. Certain transactions that are associated with the acquisition or disposal of assets are included in the budget; in the NIPAs these transactions are classified as capital transfers, and they include certain investment grants-in-aid to state and local governments, investment subsidies to businesses, and estate and gift taxes. In the NIPAs, government employee retirement plans are treated similarly to private pension plans, and their assets are treated as if they belong in the NIPA household sector; for example, employee contributions to these plans are included in budget receipts, but they are not included in NIPA current receipts. Similarly, Federal employee retirement benefits are included in budget outlays, but they are not included in NIPA current expenditures. In addition, the NIPAs exclude net purchases of nonproduced assets, such as land and the radio spectrum, because they do not affect current production; the NIPAs also exclude transactions with residents of Puerto Rico and the U.S. Territories, whose product and income are excluded by definition, and the transactions of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) Universal Service Fund, which pass through a nonprofit institution regulated by the FCC. (Investment in fixed assets, capital transfers, and net lending and borrowing, which includes purchases of nonproduced assets, are

now shown in the gross saving and investment account rather than in the government current receipts and expenditures account. The differences are detailed in tables 4 and 5.

NIPA current receipts differ from budget receipts because of differences in coverage, netting and grossing, and timing.<sup>2</sup> For most years, the differences between NIPA current receipts and budget receipts primarily reflect capital transfers received, supplementary medical insurance premiums, and personal and business current transfer receipts. (Personal and business current transfer receipts, which are included in "other" netting and grossing differences in table 4, are classified as receipts in the NIPAs and are netted against outlays in the budget.)

Similarly, NIPA current expenditures differ from budget outlays because of differences in coverage, netting and grossing, and timing. For most years, the differences between NIPA current expenditures and budget outlays primarily reflect capital transfers paid, Federal employee retirement plan transactions, and personal and business current transfer receipts.

In the NIPA framework, budget outlays for national defense and nondefense are reflected in both consumption expenditures and gross investment. For national defense, the budget outlays differ from the NIPA estimates for major principal reasons. First, the NIPA measure includes general government consumption of fixed capital. Second, for defense outlays, the cost of the military retirement program is measured as the cash payment from the military personnel appropriation account to the military retirement trust fund. In the NIPAs, payments are added to amortize the unfunded liability for military and civilian retirement benefits; these payments are recorded in the budget as intergovernmental transactions. Third, NIPA expenditures are recorded on a delivery basis, and budget outlays are recorded on a cash basis; thus, in the NIPAs, all work in progress except ships and structures are included in the change-in-private-inventories component of gross domestic product. Fourth, some defense outlays, primarily disbursements for foreign military sales, are treated as exports in the NIPAs. Initially, the production of military equipment is recorded as an increase in private inventories; when the equipment is delivered, a decrease in private inventories is recorded. For sales of equipment to foreign governments, the decrease in inventories is offset by an increase in exports; for sales of equipment to the U.S. Government, the decrease in inventories is offset by an increase in government consumption expenditures and gross investment.

<sup>1.</sup> BEA's adjustments are shown in tables 4 and 5 of this article. The adjustments to the NIPA estimates that reflect the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision will be presented in NIPA table 3.18B Relation of Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures in the NIPAs to the Budget, Fiscal Years" later this year. For a summary of these adjustments, see "National Income and Product Accounts" in the "Analytical Perspectives" 207–212.

For a detailed discussion of the adjustments, see Government Transactions (methodology paper no. 5, Bureau of Economic Analysis November 1988); <www.bea.gov>. For changes to the methodology since 1988, see Nicole Mayerhauser, Shelly Smith, and David Sullivan, "Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: New and Redesigned Tables," Survey 83 (August 2003): 7-25; see Brent R. Moulton and Eugene P. Seskin, "Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Changes in Definitions and Classifications," Survey 83 (June 2003): 17-34; Brent R. Moulton, Robert P. Parker, and Eugene P. Seskin, "A Preview of the 1999 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Definitional and Classificational Changes," Survey 79 (August 1999): 11-14; Robert P. Parker, "Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Recognition of Government Investment and Incorporation of a New Methodology For Calculating Depreciation," SURVEY 75 (September 1995): 33-41; and Robert P. Parker, "A Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Definitional and Classificational Changes," Survey 71 (September 1991): 24-25.

<sup>2.</sup> The differences in coverage arise because certain transactions that are excluded from the NIPAs are included in the budget and vice versa. The differences in netting and grossing arise because certain transactions are recorded as offsets to outlays in the budget, but they are recorded as receipts in the NIPAs (and vice versa). The differences in timing arise because in the budget, most receipts and outlays are recorded on a cash basis, and in the NIPAs, some transactions are recorded on an accrual basis.

- The budget deficit exceeds NIPA net Federal Government saving by \$25.6 billion in fiscal year 2005. The differences in the two measures of government fiscal position persist from year-to-year, and are due to alternative accounting practices, such as differences in coverage, timing, and netting and grossing.
- The President's proposed legislation and program changes added, on net, \$3.5 billion to the budget deficit in fiscal year 2005.

This article briefly summarizes the budget estimates for receipts and outlays, including major proposed legislation and program changes. It then explains how the budget estimates are transformed into the NIPA framework of current receipts and current expenditures and how the results of this process affect quarterly NIPA estimates for the current year. The article concludes with a presentation of fiscal year and quarterly NIPA projections that are based on the budget receipts and outlays.7

#### The budget estimates

In the administration's budget, receipts in fiscal year 2005 are projected to increase \$238.2 billion, to \$2,036.3 billion (table 1). Receipts in 2004 are estimated at \$1,798.1 billion, up \$15.8 billion from 2003. Most of the acceleration in 2005 is accounted for by an upturn in individual income taxes, which would increase \$108.4 billion in 2005 after decreasing \$28.3 billion in 2004, and by an acceleration in social insurance taxes and contributions, which would increase \$61.5 billion after increasing \$19.4 billion. The upturn in receipts also reflects the effects of the "adjustments for

Table 1. Budget Receipts by Source [Billions of dollars]

		Level for t	fiscal year		Change	from preced	ling year ¹
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
Budget receipts	1,853.2	1,782.3	1,798.1	2,036.3	-70. <b>9</b>	15.8	238.2
Individual income taxes Social insurance taxes and	858.3	793.7	765.4	873.8	-64.6	-28.3	108.4
contributions	700.8	713.0	732.4	793.9	12.2	19.4	61.5
Corporation income taxes	148.0	131.8	168.7	230.2	-16.2	36.9	61.5
Excise taxes	67.0	67.5	70.8	73.2	0.5	3.3	2.4
Miscellaneous receipts	33.9	34.5	34.3	36.5	0.61	-0.2 (	2.2
Estate and gift taxes	26.5	22.0	23.9	21.4	4.5	1.9	-2.5
Customs duties	18.6	19.9	22.6	22.1	1.3	2.7	-0.5
Adjustments for revenue uncertainty			-20.0	-15.0		-20.0	5.0

Values may differ from budget data by \$0.1 billion or less due to rounding. Source: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005.

revenue uncertainty," which are adjustments to receipts that take into account that actual receipts can differ from projected receipts that are based on economic and tax models; these adjustments would reduce the level of receipts \$20.0 billion in 2004 and \$15.0 billion in 2005; thus they would increase the year-to-year change in receipts \$5.0 billion in 2005.

Total budget outlays in fiscal year 2005 are projected to increase \$81.0 billion, to \$2,399.8 billion (table 2). Outlays in 2004 are estimated at \$2,318.8 billion, up \$161.2 billion from 2003. The deceleration in 2005 is accounted for by a downturn in outlays for national defense (which would decrease \$3.1 billion in 2005 after increasing \$48.8 billion in 2004), by a deceleration in outlays for health (which would increase \$9.1 billion after increasing \$23.9 billion), by a downturn in commerce and housing credit (which would decrease \$5.0 billion after increasing \$9.3 billion), and by a deceleration in outlays for international affairs (which would increase \$3.6 billion after increasing \$13.0 billion).

Table 2. Budget Outlays by Function [Billions of dollars]

		Level for	iscal year		Change fi	om preced	ling year 1
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	2005
Budget outlays	2,011.0	2,157.6	2,318.8	2,399.8	146.6	161.2	81.0
Social security	456.0	474.7	496.2	515.0	18.7	21.5	18.8
National defense	348.6	404.9	453.7	450.6	56.3	48.8	-3.1
Income security	312.5	334.4	339.5	348.1	21.9	5.1	8.6
Medicare	230.9	249.4	270.5	294.2	18.5	21.1	23.7
Health	196.5	219.6	243.5	252.6	23.1	23.9	9.1
Net interest	171.0	153.1	156.3	177.9	-17.9	3.2	21.6
Education, training, employment, and					l		
social services	70.5	82.6	87.2	89.0	12.1	4.6	1.8
Transportation	61.8	67.1	68.1	69.9	5.3	1.0	1.8
Veterans benefits and services	51.0	57.0	60.5	67.5	6.0	3.5	7.0
Administration of justice	35.2	35.4	41.6	42.8	0.2	6.2	1.2
International affairs	22.4	21.2	34.2	37.8	-1.2	13.0	3.6
Natural resources and environment	29.5	29.7	31.7	30.9	0.2	2.0	-0.8
General science, space, and							
technology	20.8	20.9	22.3	24.4	0.1	1.4	2.1
Agriculture	22.0	22.6	20.1	22.3	0.6	-2.5	2.2
General government	16.8	23.0	25.4	19.1	6.2	2.4	-6.3
Community and regional		l		ł			
development	13.0	18.9	18.8	17.0	5.9	-0.1	-1.8
Commerce and housing credit	-0.4	-1.6	7.7	2.7	-1.2	9.3	-5.0
Energy	0.5	-0.8	1.0	1.8	-1.3	1.8	0.8
Allowances 2				-0.8			-0.8
Undistributed offsetting receipts 3	-47.4	-54.4	-59.3	-63.1	-7.0	-4.9	-3.8

#### Proposed legislation and program changes

The fiscal year 2005 budget presents proposed legislation and program changes that would reduce the current-services deficit \$6.8 billion in 2004 and that would increase the current-services deficit 3.5 billion

<sup>7.</sup> This article is published after the release of the Federal budget. It provides updated fourth-quarter 2003 estimates that incorporate information that became available after the release of the budget, and it provides more detailed estimates of receipts and expenditures than those shown in the NIPA estimates in Analytical Perspectives, 207-212.

<sup>1.</sup> Values may differ from budget data by \$0.1 billion or less due to rounding.
2. Allowances are included in budget totals to cover certain budgetary transactions that are expected to increase or decrease outlays, receipts, or budget authority but are not reflected in the program details. Allowances include funding for emergencies, such as natural disasters, and for unforeseen defense and nondelense costs.
3. Undistributed offsetting receipts are collections that are offset against outlays but not distributed to a particular agency or budget function. Undistributed offsetting receipts fall into two categories: Receipts from performing business-like activities, such as proceeds from leases or selling Federal assets; and shifts from one account to another, such as agency payments to retirement funds.

Source: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005.

in 2005 (table 3).8 The administration's estimates of current-services for fiscal year 2005 include additional proposals and adjustments; and these adjustments would decrease the current-services deficit. Excluding these adjustments, the current-services deficit would be larger \$32.8 billion.

Receipts. Proposed legislation would increase receipts \$6.9 billion in 2004 and would decrease receipts \$0.4 billion in 2005. A proposed change in the measurement of employers' pension liabilities would increase receipts in both fiscal years. Proposals that extend certain expiring tax provisions, which are not

8. In this article, the estimates of the administration's proposed legislation and program changes are the differences between the current-services estimates provided by the budget and the actual budget. The current-services estimates in the fiscal year 2005 budget include certain proposed legislation and adjustments that are linked to the administration's budget reform proposals.

Table 3. Relation of Current-Services Estimates to the Budget [Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal	year 1
	2004	2005
Receipts		
Current-services estimates 2	1,791.2	2036.6
Plus: Proposed legislation excluding proposals included in the baseline <sup>3</sup> Extend minimum tax relief for individuals	6.9 0.1 0.7	-0.4 -9.4 -3.6
Improve the accuracy of pension liability measures Other	8.5 -0.8	12.3 0.3
Equals: The budget	1,798.1	2,036.3
Outlays		
Current-services estimates 2	2,318.7	2396.7
Plus: Program changes excluding proposals included in the baseline 3 National defense	0.1 0.0 0.2	3.1 10.3 -1.6
Natural resources and environment	0.0 0.0	-1.6 1.3
Medicare Undistributed offsetting receipts <sup>4</sup>	0.0 0.0	-0.9 -0.9
Veterans benefits and services	-0.1 0.1	-0.8 -0.8
Income security Community and regional development Net interest	0.0 0.0 0.0 -0.1	-0. -0. -0. -0.
Equals: The budget	2,318.8	2399.
Current-services surplus or deficit (–)	-527.5	-360
Proposed changes, receipts less outlays	6.8 -520.7	-3. -363.
Addenda: Net effect of budget reform proposals included in the baseline on current-services deficit	,	32.
Effect on receipts of budget reform proposals included in the baseline 5		-11,
Extend certain provisions of the tax cuts enacted in 2001 and 2003:  Doubling of the individual standard deduction for joint filers		-5. -4.
Child tax credit		-2. -1.
Dividends tax rate structure		0.1 0.2
Adjustment to the baseline for outlays, budget reform proposal 5		-44.
Adjustment for redefinition of emergencies, national defense		-42.
Adjustment for cost of pay increases		-1.

included in the baseline, would decrease receipts in fiscal year 2004 and in fiscal year 2005. Some key proposals would have the following effects on receipts:

- A proposal to change the interest rate that is currently used to discount the pension liabilities of employers who provide defined-benefit pension plans to their employees would increase corporate income tax receipts \$8.5 billion in 2004 and \$12.3 billion in 2005. By lowering employer payments to meet pension obligations, which are tax-deductible, the proposed interest rates would increase employers' corporate tax liabilities.
- •A proposal to extend the current amounts of exemption for the alternative minimum tax and the use of nonrefundable personal tax credits to offset taxes would decrease receipts \$0.1 billion in fiscal year 2004 and \$9.4 billion in fiscal year 2005. Current law would lower the exemption amounts, beginning in tax year 2005, and beginning in tax year 2004, it would not permit the use of offsetting nonrefundable tax credits.
- A proposal to permanently extend the 20-percent tax credit for qualified research and experimentation expenses that are above specified amounts would lower receipts \$0.7 billion in fiscal year 2004 and \$3.6 billion in fiscal year 2005.

The budget baseline for receipts includes proposed legislation that would affect receipts. These proposals would decrease receipts \$11.8 billion in fiscal year 2005. Some key proposals included in the baseline would have the following effects on receipts:

- A proposal to extend the current standard deduction for married taxpayers filing joint returns would lower receipts \$5.3 billion in 2005. Under the current law, the standard deduction for joint filers would be lowered, beginning in tax year 2005.
- A proposal to extend the current 10-percent individual income tax bracket would lower receipts \$4.0 billion in fiscal year 2005. The current law contracts the bracket in 2005 and expands it in 2008.
- A proposal to extend the current child tax credit of \$1,000 for each qualifying child under the age of 17 would lower receipts \$2.2 billion in fiscal year 2005. The current law reduces the credit to \$700 in tax year 2005, raises it to \$800 in 2009, and then raises it back to \$1,000 in 2010.

Outlays. The fiscal year 2005 budget includes proposed program changes that would increase total outlays \$0.1 billion in 2004 and \$3.1 billion in 2005.9 The increase in 2005 is more than accounted for by the ef-

Values may differ from budget data by \$0.1 billion or less due to rounding.
 These current-services estimates are from the budget and include certain adjustments to reflect budget reform proposals advanced by the administration. For information on the budget reform proposals, refer to the Analytical Perspectives and table S-16 of the main Budget document.
 3. Consistent with the budget, the proposed legislation excludes budget reform proposals that are included.

<sup>4.</sup> Undistributed offsetting receipts are collections that are offset against outlays but not distributed to a particular agency or budget function. Undistributed offsetting receipts fall into two categories: Receipts from performing business-like activities, such as proceeds from leases or selling Federal assets; and shifts from one account to another, such as agency payments to retirement funds.
5. Only budget reform proposals included in the baseline and that affect receipts and outlays are shown. Source: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005.

<sup>9.</sup> Outlays for homeland security are spread throughout certain budget functions, including national defense, health, transportation, and administration of justice.

fects of program changes in national defense and international affairs; the increase is partly offset by decreases in outlays for other functions. Key program changes include the following:

- •An increase of \$10.3 billion for national defense, mostly for discretionary spending on operation and maintenance, on research, development, test, and evaluation, and on military personnel, including a 3.5-percent pay raise.
- •An increase of \$1.3 billion for international affairs, including funding for assistance to developing nations through the Millennium Challenge Corporation, funding to combat AIDS in Africa and the Caribbean by expanding the Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief, and funding for payments to meet obligations to international organizations.
- A decrease of \$1.6 billion for health reflects the net impact of proposals for increases and decreases in Medicaid and other mandatory and discretionary health activities.
- •A \$1.6 billion reduction in functions related to natural resources and the environment largely due to reduced funding for Corps of Engineers water projects, elimination of unrequested and unauthorized water and research projects in Environmental Protection Agency, and deletion of one-time emergency fire suppression funding provided for the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management in fiscal year 2004.

## Transformation of budget data into a NIPA framework

Budget receipts and expenditures are transformed into a NIPA framework by a detailed analytical process. Fiscal year budget data for receipts are supplemented by information on the effects of budget proposals from the Department of the Treasury's Office of Tax Analysis. These data are analyzed for their effects on each of the NIPA receipts components: Current tax receipts, contributions for government social insurance, income receipts on assets, current transfer receipts, and current surplus of government enterprises. Quarterly projections are based on interpolations using the economic assumptions from the budget. For the monthly and quarterly NIPA estimates released by BEA during the year, these initial projections are reevaluated and revised as data from the Department of the Treasury become available.

Fiscal year budget outlays are organized by appro-

priation in the budget's appendix.<sup>10</sup> These fiscal year data, along with supplemental information from the Office of Management and Budget, are used to allocate Federal fiscal year spending to the various NIPA categories: Current transfer payments, interest payments, subsidies, and consumption expenditures and gross investment.<sup>11</sup> The quarterly projections shown in this article are mainly derived by interpolating the fiscal year projections.

For the historical quarterly NIPA estimates released by BEA during the current year, the fiscal year relationships derived from budget data are used to allocate the spending that is detailed in the Monthly Treasury Statement of Receipts and Outlays of the United States Government.<sup>12</sup> Supplemental data are also used. A detailed reconciliation of defense consumption expenditures and gross investment to outlays is prepared using extensive financial, delivery, and other information from the Department of Defense. In order to prepare seasonally adjusted estimates of nondefense consumption expenditures and gross investment, data derived from the budget are used to extrapolate portions of nondefense expenditures (for durable goods, other nondurable goods, other services, and equipment) for which there are no quarterly source data. These extrapolations are combined with actual quarterly data for certain spending categories, such as estimates of construction spending from the Census Bureau and estimates of compensation from the Office of Personnel Management and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

BEA's users should remember that budget data are based on economic and programmatic assumptions about the budget year, and that actual outcomes may differ. In addition, the budget includes proposals for the budget year that may not become law, and it may exclude proposals that are subsequently enacted. Even with these caveats, the information on hundreds of receipts and expenditures programs contained in the budget forms the foundation of the NIPA Federal Government estimates. These estimates are initially prepared from budget data, and they are updated during the year as new laws are enacted, as actual spending

<sup>10.</sup> See Appendix: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005.

<sup>11.</sup> Outlays by program are first adjusted for coverage (for example, geographical adjustments) and for netting and grossing (for example, supplemental medical insurance premiums).

<sup>12.</sup> Department of the Treasury, Financial Management Service, *Monthly Treasury Statement* (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); <www.fms.treas.gov/mts>.

occurs, and as economic conditions change. Thus, the monthly and quarterly NIPA estimates released by BEA during the year may diverge from the initial quarterly projections.

#### Comparison of the budget and NIPA estimates

BEA adjusts the budget estimates in order to produce estimates of Federal current receipts and expenditures that are consistent over time with NIPA concepts and methodologies.

For fiscal year 2005, NIPA current receipts would exceed budget receipts by \$73.2 billion as a result of netting and grossing, coverage, and timing adjustments (table 4). Netting and grossing adjustments would add \$98.4 billion, coverage adjustments would subtract \$36.9 billion, and timing adjustments would add \$11.7 billion. In netting and grossing, "Other" which includes Federal government payments to the old-age, survivors, and disability trust funds-would add \$49.8 billion, and payments for supplementary medical insurance premiums would add \$36.8 billion. In coverage adjustments, capital transfers received, which consists of estate and gift taxes, would subtract \$21.3 billion.

For fiscal year 2005, NIPA current expenditures would exceed budget outlays by \$47.6 billion (table 5). Netting and grossing adjustments, which affect outlays the same as receipts, would add \$98.4 billion, coverage adjustments would subtract \$46.1 billion,

Table 4. Relation of Federal Government Current Receipts in the NIPAs to the Budget

[Billions of dollars]

		Fiscal year	
	2003	2004	2005
Budget receipts	1,782.3	1,798.1	2,036.3
Less: Coverage differences	36.2	39.3	36.9
Geographic 1	3.9	4.1	4.3
Contributions received by Federal employee retirement plans 2	4.6	4.7	4.7
Capital transfers received 3	21.8	23.8	21.3
Financial transactions	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other <sup>4</sup>	5.9	6.7	6.6
Netting and grossing differences	-86.1	-91.6	-98.4
Supplementary medical insurance premiums	-28.4	-32.2	-36.8
Income receipts on assets	-10.8	-12.9	-13.1
Current surplus of government enterprises	-2.9	0.6	1.4
Other 5	-44.0	-47.1	-49.8
Plus: Timing differences	-2.1	-2.5	11.7
Taxes on corporate income	0.2	<b>−6.5</b>	1.7
Federal and state unemployment insurance taxes	0.8	1.5	1.1
Withheld personal current tax and social security contributions	-2.9	2.7	8.8
Excise taxes	0.1	0.2	-0.4
Other	-0.3	-0.4	0.5
Equals: Federal Government current receipts, NIPAs	1,830.2	1,847.9	2,109.5

Consists largely of contributions for social insurance by residents of U.S. territories and Puerto Rico.
 These transactions are included in the NIPA personal sector.

and timing adjustments would subtract \$4.7 billion. In coverage adjustments, Federal employee retirement plan transactions would add \$31.5 billion, and capital transfers paid, which includes capital grants to state and local government and to businesses, would subtract \$48.0 billion. For national defense, largely because of the treatment of military and defense civilian retirement funds, the NIPA estimate of consumption expenditures would exceed the budget estimate of outlays by \$9.2 billion (table 6).

For fiscal year 2005, in absolute value, the budget deficit would exceed the NIPA estimate of net Federal Government saving by \$25.6 billion (table 7). The difference reflects the combined effects of coverage and timing adjustments. The coverage adjustments lower both NIPA current receipts and NIPA current expenditures; the timing adjustments raise NIPA current

Table 5. Relation of Federal Government Current Expenditures in the NIPAs to the Budget

[Billions of dollars]

		Fiscal year	
	2003	2004	2005
Budget outlays	2,157.6	2,318.8	2,399.8
Less: Coverage differences	24.0	47.8	46.1
Geographic 1	13.6	14.3	14.6
Federal employee retirement plan transactions 2	-29.2	-31.8	-31.5
Interest received	-48.8	-46.2	-48.5
Contributions received (employer)	-68.6	-78.0	-78.9
Benefits paid	88.1	92.3	95.8
Administrative expenses	0.1	0.1	0.1
Financing disbursements from credit programs 3	-6.8	-6.8	-8.3
Other differences in funds covered 4	6.0	5.8	5.5
Net investment 5	5.2	11.6	14.4
Capital transfers paid 6	45.0	47.2	48.0
Financial transactions	-9.8	7.5	3.5
Loan disbursements less loan repayments and sales	1.2	15.8	13.4
Deposit insurance	1.1	1.4	1.1
Net purchases of foreign currency	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	-12.0	-9.6	-11.1
Net purchases of nonproduced assets	0.0	0.1	0.0
Outer Continental Shelf	-0.2	0.0	0.0
Land and other 7	0.2	0.1	0.0
Other 8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Netting and grossing differences	-86.1	-91.6	-98.4
Supplementary medical insurance premiums	-28.4	-32.2	-36.8
Interest receipts	-10.8	-12.9	-13.1
Current surplus of government enterprises	-2.9	0.6	1.4
Other 9	-44.0	-47.1	-49.8
Plus: Timing differences	-1.8	4.8	-4.7
Purchases (increase in payables net of advances)	-2.3	0.6	-3.3
Interest	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current transfer payments	1.1	4.0	-1.7
Subsidies	-0.6	0.2	0.3
Equals: Federal Government current expenditures, NIPAs	2,218.0	2,367.4	2,447.4

Consists largely of government social benefits, subsidies, and grants-in-aid to residents of U.S. territories

<sup>3.</sup> Consists of estate and gift taxes.

Consists of scate and gift cases.
 Consists largely of Treasury receipts from sales of foreign currencies to Government agencies.
 Includes proprietary receipts that are netted against outlays in the budget and classified as receipts in the NIPAs. Also includes some transactions not reflected in the budget but are added to both receipts and expenditures in the NIPAs.
 Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

and Puerto Hico.

2. These transactions are included in the NIPA personal sector.

3. Consists of transactions (not included in the budget totals) that record all cash flows arising from post-1991 direct loan obligations and loan guarantee commitments. Many of these flows are for new loans or loan repayments, consequently, related entries are included in "Loan disbursements less loan repayments and sales."

<sup>4.</sup> Consists largely of agencies or accounts, such as the Postal Service and the Federal Financing Bank, that were not included in the budget in some time periods.

5. Net investment is gross investment less consumption of fixed capital for general government and government extensions.

<sup>6.</sup> Consists of investment grants to state and local governments and maritime construction subsidies. Does not include the forgiveness of debts owed by foreign governments to the U.S. Government, this forgiveness is classified as a capital transfer paid by the United States and is excluded from both budget outlays and NIPA

<sup>7.</sup> Consists of net sales of land other than the Outer Continental Shelf and, beginning with 1995, the auction

of the radio Spectrum.

8. Consists largely of net expenditures of foreign currencies.

9. Includes proprietary receipts that are netted against outlays in the budget and classified as receipts in the NIPAs. Also includes some transactions that are not reflected in the budget data but are added to both receipts and expenditures in the NIPAs

Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 6. Relation of National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment in the NIPAs to National Defense Outlays in the Budget

[Billions of dollars]

	F	iscal yea	ır
	2003	2004	2005
National defense outlays in the budget	405.1	453.7	450.6
Department of Defense, military	388.9	435.7	429.7
Military personnel	106.7	117.4	108.9
Operation and maintenance	151.4	165.7	163.9
Procurement	67.9	77.7	78.2
Aircraft	21.3	22.4	23.2
Missiles	4.1	4.7	5.4
Ships	9.5	10.6	11.7
Weapons	3.9	4.2	3.9
Ammunition	1.0	1.7	1.5
Other	28.2	34.1	32.4
Research, development, test, and evaluation	53.1	60.6	66.2
Other	9.7	14.3	12.6
Atomic energy and other defense-related activities	16.2	18.0	20.8
Plus: Consumption of general government fixed capital	61.0	62.2	63.4
Additional payments to military and civillan retirement funds	24.1	26.9	27.8
Timing difference	2.3	-0.6	3.3
Less: Grants-in-aid to state and local governments and net interest paid.	3.4	3.8	3.9
Other differences	0.9	4.6	7.7
Equals: National defense consumption expenditures and gross			
investment, NIPAs	483.5	535.0	526.9
Less: National defense gross investment 1	58.6	63.8	67.0
Equals: National defense consumption expenditures, NIPAs	424.8	471.2	459.8

Gross investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in Federal Government consumption expenditures. Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

receipts and lower NIPA current expenditures. Netting and grossing adjustments have an equal effect on current receipts and expenditures, so they have no effect on saving.

#### Fiscal year 2005 NIPA estimates

In the NIPA framework, net Federal Government saving would increase \$181.6 billion in fiscal year 2005 after decreasing \$131.7 billion in fiscal year 2004 (table 7 and chart 1). The upturn in saving in fiscal year 2005

Table 7. Relation of Administration Budget and NIPA Estimates of Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

	Lev	el for fiscal y	Change from pre-		
	Actual	Estin	nates	ceding fis	
	2003	2004	2005	2004	2005
Administration budget:					
Receipts Outlays Surplus or deficit (-)	1,782.3 2,157.6 -375.3	1,798.1 2,318.8 520.7	2,036.3 2,399.8 -363.5	15.8 161.2 –145.4	238.2 81.0 157.2
NIPAs:					
Current receipts	1,830.2 2,218.0 -387.8	1,847.9 2,367.4 -519.5	2,109.5 2,447.4 -338.0	17.6 149.4 -131.7	261.6 80.1 181.5
		-	Differences		
Administration budget less NIPAs:					
Receipts / Current receipts Outlays / Current expenditures Deficit / Net Federal Government saving	-47.9 -60.4 12.5	-49.8 -48.6 -1.2	-73.2 -47.6 -25.6	-1.9 11.8 -13.7	-23.4 1.0 -24.4

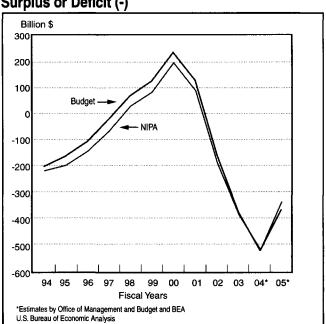
Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

results from an acceleration in current receipts and from a deceleration in current expenditures.

On a NIPA basis, Federal current receipts would increase \$261.6 billion in fiscal year 2005 after increasing \$17.6 billion in fiscal year 2004 (table 8 and chart 2). The acceleration results from an acceleration in the tax base that would increase receipts \$279.7 billion. (The tax base is estimated using the administration's economic assumptions and does not include effects of proposed legislation.) In current receipts, personal current taxes would turn up, increasing \$129.5 billion after decreasing \$60.7 billion; the upturn is more than accounted for by an upturn in the tax base. Taxes on corporate income would increase \$71.9 billion after increasing \$33.1 billion, reflecting an acceleration in the tax base. Contributions for government social insurance would increase \$58.7 billion after increasing \$38.2 billion, reflecting an expected acceleration in taxable wages and salaries. The current surplus government enterprises would decline less, decreasing \$0.8 billion after decreasing \$3.5 billion, reflecting an upturn in the current surplus of "other" government enterprises and a smaller deterioration in the Postal Service current surplus.

In the NIPA framework, Federal current expenditures would increase \$80.1 billion in fiscal year 2005 after increasing \$149.4 billion in fiscal year 2004 (table 9)

Chart 1. Federal Fiscal Position, Surplus or Deficit (-)



and chart 3). Consumption expenditures would increase \$6.1 billion after increasing \$65.8 billion; the deceleration is mainly accounted for by a downturn in national defense consumption expenditures. Grantsin-aid to state and local governments would decrease \$4.1 billion after increasing \$27.3 billion; the downturn is mostly attributable to a deceleration in health grants and to downturns in "other" grants and in grants for central executive, legislative, and judicial activities. Government social benefits to persons would increase \$49.9 billion after increasing \$54.4 billion; the slowdown is mainly attributable to a downturn in "other" government social benefits to persons and to decelerations in veterans benefits and in social security. "Other" current transfer payments to the rest of the world would decelerate, increasing \$2.6 billion after increasing \$6.5 billion. In contrast, Federal interest paid would accelerate, increasing \$25.3 billion after increasing \$0.7 billion; the acceleration reflects the expected higher interest rates and a larger public debt. Subsidies would turn up, increasing \$0.2 billion after decreasing \$5.3 billion.

**Quarterly pattern.** Seasonally adjusted quarterly estimates of NIPA current receipts and current expenditures that are consistent with the budget estimates of receipts and outlays for the fiscal year are shown in table 10. The NIPA estimates of current receipts reflect

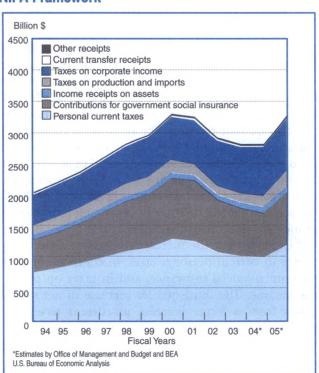
Table 8. Sources of Change in Federal Government Current Receipts, NIPA Framework [Billions of dollars]

		hange fror ding fiscal	
* 1	2003	2004	2005
Total receipts  Due to tax bases.  Due to proposed legislation	<b>-48.3</b> -47.4 0.0	<b>17.6</b> 9.9 7.7	<b>261.6</b> 279.7 –20.0
Current tax receipts	-60.5 -67.1 -67.1 0.0	-20.6 -60.7 -60.4 -0.4	201.0 129.5 149.2 -19.7
Taxes on production and imports  Due to tax bases  Due to proposed legislation	3.9 3.9 0.0	7.1 5.7 1.4	-0.4 1.1 -1.5
Taxes on corporate income  Due to tax bases  Due to proposed legislation	3.4 3.4 0.0	33.1 26.4 6.7	71.9 70.3 1.6
Taxes from the rest of the world	-0.7	-0.1	0.0
Contributions for government social insurance	12.4 12.4 0.0	38.2 38.2 0.0	58.7 59.1 -0.4
Income receipts on assets	0.6	2.2	0.4
Current transfer receipts	0.0	1.4	2.3
Current surplus of government enterprises	-0.6	-3.5	-0.8

Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

the quarterly pattern that results from the enacted and proposed legislation, from the administration's projected quarterly pattern of wages, and from BEA's methodology for deriving quarterly estimates of declarations and settlements (estimated income tax payments and final settlements) less refunds.<sup>13</sup> The NIPA estimates of current expenditures reflect the quarterly pattern that results from enacted and proposed legislation that would adjust pay for Federal Government employees and that would provide cost-of-living increases in social security and other programs. The quarterly estimates do not control to the fiscal year estimates, but they reflect estimated changes from published preliminary estimates for the fourth quarter of 2003. Because of the limited information available to estimate quarterly patterns, the estimates should be viewed as rough approximations. These approximations will be superseded by BEA's more reliable quarterly estimates that will be prepared and published in NIPA table 3.2.

Chart 2. Federal Government Current Receipts, NIPA Framework



<sup>13.</sup> For details on the methodology, see Eugene P. Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts," Survey 78 (August 1998): 29–31.

Table 9. Sources of Change in Federal Government Current Expenditures, NIPA Framework

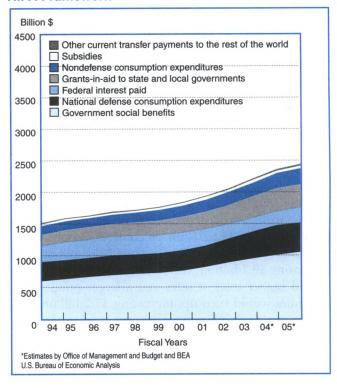
[Billions of dollars]

		change from eding fiscal	
	2003	2004	2005
Total current expenditures	154.7	149.4	80.1
Consumption expenditures National defense	64.2	65.8	6.1
	54.9	46.4	-11.4
Pay raise and locality pay <sup>1</sup> Other	0.0 54.9 9.3	3.4 43.0 19.4	3.3 -14.7 17.5
Pay raise and locality pay <sup>1</sup>	0.0	3.0	2.4
	9.3	16.5	15.1
Current transfer payments. Government social benefits to person. Social security. Medicare	95.4	88.3	48.4
	55.9	54.4	49.9
	17.9	21.0	18.1
	15.5	23.8	28.0
Supplemental security income	1.7	3.1	1.1
	5.5	2.7	4.3
	0.9	5.2	2.0
Unemployment benefits	2.9	-9.2	-5.0
	3.3	2.9	2.0
	8.0	4.8	-0.5
Government social benefits to the rest of the world	0.1	0.1	0.1
Grants-in-aid to state and local governments  Health	36.3	27.3	-4.1
	15.5	18.7	6.3
	13.2	16.6	4.8
	2.4	2.2	1.5
Education Welfare and social services Housing and community services	6.7	6.0	-0.3
	3.1	0.1	-0.1
	1.0	1.0	0.2
Central executive, legislative and judicial activities	4.0	0.2	-4.8
	1.6	-0.7	-1.8
	4.3	2.0	-3.6
Other current transfer payments to the rest of the world	3.1	6.5	2.6
Federal interest paid	-16.3	0.7	25.3
Subsidies	11.4	-5.3	0.1
	5.9	-4.1	1.5
	2.1	1.3	-0.1
	3.4	-2.6	-1.2

Consists of pay raises and locality pay beginning in January 2004.
 Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.

In the NIPA framework, net Federal government saving declines from -\$320.4 billion in the first quarter of 2003 to -\$436.6 billion in the fourth quarter. Net saving continues to decline in the first quarter of 2004, reflecting an increase in current expenditures and a decrease in current receipts. The increase in current expenditures is caused by sharp increases in planned defense consumption expenditures and in government social benefits to persons due to cost-of-living adjustments. Net saving increases through the rest of 2004. The second-quarter increase in net saving results from an increase in receipts that offsets an increase in current expenditures; the increase in receipts reflects increases in current personal taxes, in contributions for government social insurance, and in taxes on corporate income. The third-quarter increase in net saving results from a larger increase in current receipts mainly in personal current taxes—than in current expenditures. The fourth-quarter increase in net saving is attributable to an increase in current receipts, re-

Chart 3. Federal Government Current Expenditures, NIPA Framework



flecting increases in personal current taxes, in taxes on corporate income, and in contributions for government social insurance; expenditures fall.

Net saving is projected to increase substantially in the first quarter of 2005 as a result of an increase in current receipts that more than offsets an increase in current expenditures. The increase in current receipts primarily reflects increases in personal current taxes, in taxes on corporate income, and in contributions for government social insurance. The increase in current expenditures reflects increases in government social benefits to persons, reflecting cost-of-living adjustments, in grants to the rest of the world, and in interest payments. Net saving continues to increase in the second and third quarters of 2005, but by smaller amounts. The second-quarter increase is accounted for by a larger increase in current receipts than in current expenditures; the increase in current receipts reflects increases in personal current taxes, in taxes on corporate income, in contributions for government social insurance, and in taxes on production and imports. The third-quarter increase is primarily attributable to an increase in current receipts, mainly in personal cur-

Table 10. Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures, NIPA Framework [Billions of dollars; calendar year and quarters at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

					Calenda	ar year <sup>2</sup>						Quarter <sup>2</sup>					
Line		Fiscal	l year estima	ates 1	Pub-	Esti-		Publi	shed				7-14	Estimated			
Line					lished	mated		20	03			20	04			2005	
		2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	ı	11	111	IV	l	11	101	IV	1	H	
1	Current receipts	1,830.2	1,847.9	2,109.5	1,843.4	1,890.2	1,863.5	1,863.9	1,784.3	1,861.9	1,821.8	1,864.5	1,912.5	1,962.0	2,084.6	2,132.1	2,176.6
2 3 4	Current tax receipts	1,029.8 781.7 733.8	1,009.2 721.0 731.8	1,210.1 850.5 803.3	1,033.2 762.7 715.4	1,034.8 713.8 726.7	1,060.3 794.3 728.3	1,057.1 794.6 731.5	972.1 696.3 694.6	1,043.4 765.7 707.2	985.6 689.3 705.2	1,016.0 703.1 717.7	1,049.8 720.7 732.9	1,087.9 742.0 750.8	1,190.7 818.1 779.2	1,227.0 841.0 797.7	1,260.9 862.5 815.1
5	Declarations and final settlements less refunds	47.9	-10.8	47.2	47.3	-12.9	66.1	63.1	1.7	58.5	-16.0	-14.6	-12.2	-8.9	38.9	43.3	47.4
6 7	Proposed legislation Other	47.9	-0.4 -10.4	~9.2 56.4	47.3	-0.4 -12.5	66.1	63.1	1.7	58.5	-0.4 -15.6	-0.4 -14.2	-0.4 -11.8	-0.4 -8.5	-9.2 48.1	-9.2 52.4	-9.2 56.5
8 9 10	Taxes on production and imports Proposed legislation Other	90.3	97.4 1.4 96.0	97.0 0.0 97.1	88.0 0.0 88.0	95.4 1.4 93.9	88.3 0.0 88.3	87.7 0.0 87.7	86.3 0.0 86.3	89.8 0.0 89.8	93.1 0.0 93.1	96.9 2.9 94.0	97.5 2.9 94.6	94.0 0.0 94.1	93.3 0.0 93.4	94.3 0.0 94.3	95.0 0.0 95.1
11	Taxes on corporate income	151.0	184.1	256.0	175.7	218.8	171.0	167.9	182.8	181.0	196.3	209.1	224.7	244.9	272.3	284.8	296.4
12 13 14	Federal Reserve Banks Proposed legislation Other	19.9	19.7   0.0 19.7	24.5 0.0 24.5	21.3 21.3	22.8 0.0 22.8	22.7 22.7	22.0	20.2	20.2	21.3 0.0 21.3	22.2 0.0 22.2	23.3 0.0 23.3	24.5 0.0 24.5	25.9 0.0 25.9	27.2 0.0 27.2	28.4 0.0 28.4
15 16	Other taxes on corporate income Proposed legislation	131.2	164.4 6.7	231.5 8.3	154.4	195.9 8.8	148.3	145.9	162.6	160.7	175.0 8.9	186.9 8.9	201.4 8.9	220.5 8.3	246.4 8.3	257.7 8.3	268.1 8.3
17	Other	131.2	157.7	223.3	154.4	187.2	148.3	145.9	162.6	160.7	166.1	178.0	192.5	212.2	238.2	249.4	259.8
18 19	Taxes from the rest of the world  Contributions for government social	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9
20	insuranceOld age, survivors, disability, and	749.8	788.0	846.7	761.1	808.4	755.1	758.5	763.1	767.7	789.9	801.8	815.6	826.2	845.2	855.6	865.4
21	hospital insurance Tax on wages and salaries (FICA, gross)	679.5 640.9	707.3 665.6	755.6 711.7	688.6 651.1	722.1 681.4	683.0 645.9	686.1 648.7	690.4 652.7	695.0	705.3	716.2	728.8	738.3	750.2	760.1	769.4
22 23	Proposed legislation Base increases		0.0 0.2	-0.4 1.3		0.0				657.0	666.1 0.0 0.9	675.9 0.0 0.9	687.5 0.0 0.9	696.2 0.0 0.9	707.8 -0.5 2.8	717.3 -0.5 2.8	726.3 -0.5 2.8
23 24 25	January 2004 January 2005		0.2	0.9 0.5		0.9				***************************************	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9 1.9	0.9 1.9	0.9 1.9
26 27 28 29	Other  FICA Refunds  Voluntary hospital insurance  Tax on self-employment	640.9 1.7 1.6	665.4 -1.6 1.7	710.7 -1.8 1.9	651.1 -1.7 1.6	680.6 -1.6 1.8	645.9 -1.7 1.6	648.7 -1.7 1.6	652.7 -1.7 1.6	657.0 -1.7 1.6	665.2 -1.6 1.7	675.1 -1.6 1.8	686.7 -1.6 1.9	695.3 -1.6 1.9	705.6 -1.7 1.9	715.1 1.7 1.9	724.0 -1.7 1.9
30	earnings (SÉCÁ) Base increases	38.7 0.1	41.5 0.2	43.8 0.3	37.6 0.1	40.5 0.2	37.2 0.1	37.5 0.1	37.8 0.1	38.1 0.1	39.1 0.2	40.0 0.2	40.9 0.2	41.7 0.2	42.2 0.3	42.6 0.3	42.9 0.3
31 32	Other Supplementary medical	38.7 26.7	41.3 30.3	43.5 34.8	37.6	40.3 32.2	37.1	37.4	37.7	38.0	38.9	39.8	40.7	41.5	41.9	42.2	42.6
33 34	Insurance Unemployment insurance Other	34.3 9.3	40.8 9.7	46.5 9.9	27.2 35.7 9.5	44.1 9.9	27.1 35.5 9.4	27.2 35.8 9.4	27.3 36.0 9.4	27.3 35.7 9.6	31.6 43.3 9.7	32.0 43.7 9.9	32.5 44.4 10.0	32.9 44.9 10.1	36.2 48.7 10.1	36.2 49.2 10.1	36.2 49.7 10.1
35 36 37	Income receipts on assets	21.4 15.8 5.5	23.6 18.2 5.3	24.0 18.5 5.5	24.1 19.4 4.6	24.3 20.7 3.6	22.5 18.9 3.6	23.6 19.2 4.5	24.9 19.8 5.1	25.2 19.9 5.3	24.6 20.4 4.2	24.3 20.8 3.5	24.1 21.0 3.1	24.3 20.6 3.6	24.8 20.7 4.1	25.2 20.8 4.4	25.6 21.0 4.6
38 39	Current transfer receipts	26.3	27.7 14.7	30.0	26.6	28.5	26.0	26.3	26.9	27.1	27.6	28.1	28.7	29.5	30.0	30.5	30.8
40	From business	13.8 12.6	13.0	16.4 13.6	14.7 11.9	16.2 12.3	14.2 11.8	14.4 11.9	14.9 11.9	15.2 11.9	15.5 12.1	15.9 12.2	16.4 12.3	17.0 12.5	17.3 12.7	17.6 12.8	17.9 13.0
41 42	Current surplus of government enterprises	2.9 0.5	-0.6	-1.4	-1.5	-5.8 -8.9	-0.4	-1.6	-2.5	-1.5	-5.8	-5.7 -8.7	-5.8	-5.8	-6.1	-6.1	-6.1
43 44	Postal Service Federal Housing Administration Tennessee Valley Authority	2.1 1.5	-3.1 3.1 1.8	-5.6 4.2 2.1	~4.0 2.7 2.2	3.6 2.5	-2.7 2.6 2.1	-4.1 2.6 2.2	-5.0 2.6 2.2	-4.1 2.8 2.3	-5.8 -8.5 3.2 2.4	3.5 2.5	-9.0 3.7 2.6	<del>-9</del> .4 4.0 2.6	-10.2 4.3 2.7	-10.7 4.5 2.8	-11.0 4.7 2.9
45 46	Other  Current expenditures	-1.2	-2.4	-2.1	-2.3	~3.0	-2.3	-2.3	-2.2	-2.4	-2.8	-3.0	-3.1	-3.1	-2.8	-2.7	-2.6
47	Consumption expenditures	<b>2,218.0</b> 640.3	2,367.4 706.1	<b>2,447.4</b> 712.3	<b>2,263.7</b> 662.6	2,410.2 728.0	<b>2,184.0</b> 635.9	2,288.5 668.9	<b>2,283.7</b> 672.3	<b>2,298.6</b> 673.2	<b>2,364.3</b> 706.9	<b>2,405.3</b> 734.6	<b>2,436</b> .1 742.4	<b>2,435.1</b> 728.0	<b>2,467.1</b> 724.5	<b>2,469.8</b> 721.2	2,479.4 719.5
48 49 50	National defense Pay raises and locality pay January 2004	424.8	471.2 3.4 3.4	459.8 6.7 4.6	437.2	475.3 4.6 4.6	408.6	447.5	443.7	448.9	466.8 4.4 4.4	480.0 4.6 4.6	483.4 4.6 4.6	471.0 4.6 4.6	462.8 7.4 4.6	457.3 7.4 4.6	454.2 7.4 4.6
51 52 53	January 2005 Other Nondefense	424.8 215.5	467.8 234.9	2.1 453.1 252.4	437.2 225.4	470.8 252.7	408.6 227.3	447.5 221.4	443.7 228.5	448.9 224.3	462.4 240.1	475.4 254.6	478.8 258.9	466.4 257.1	2.8 455.4 261.7	2.8 449.9 263.9	2.8 446.8 265.3
53 54 55	Pay raises and locality pay January 2004		3.0 3.0	5.4 4.1		4.0 4.0					3.7 3.7	4.1 4.1	4.1 4.1	4.1 4.1	5.8 4.1	5.8 4.1	5.8 4.1
56 57	January 2005 Other	215.5	232.0	1.3 247.1	225.4	248.7	227.3	221.4	228.5	224.3	236.4	250.5	254.8	253.0	1.7 255.9	1.7 258.1	1.7 259.5
59 60	Current transfer payments	1,310.5 955.7	1,398.8 1,010.1	1,447.2 1,060.1	1,334.4 972.1	1,414.0 1,029.5	1,287.3 951.5	1,339.5 969.7	1,348.9 979.7	1,361.9 987.6	1,394.0 1,011.4	1,405.6 1,024.3	1,426.0 1,036.6	1,430.6 1,045.6	1,456.9 1,064.5	1,453.3 1,071.6	1,455.5 1,078.5
61	To persons	952.9 458.9	1,007.2 479.9	1,057.1 498.0	969.3 463.3	1,026.6 485.5	948.7 458.0	966.8 463.2	976.9 464.4	984.7 467.6	1,008.5 481.1	1,021.4 484.1	1,033.6 487.0	1,042.7 489.6	1,061.5 498.5	1,068.6 500.9	1,075.5 <b>503</b> .1
62 63 64 65	Regular Benefit increases January 2004	458.9	472.5 7.4 7.4	483.3 14.7 9.9	463.3	475.5 9.9 9.9	458.0	463.2	464.4	467.6	471.1 9.9 9.9	474.2 9.9 9.9	477.1 9.9 9.9	479.7 9.9 9.9	482.2 16.3 9.9	484.5 16.3 9.9	486.7 16.3 9.9
66 67	January 2005 Medicare	270.8	294.6	4.8 322.6	280.3	307.9	274.2	278.6	281.3	287.3	294.9	304.2	313.2	319.3	6.4 325.3	6.4 331.0	6.4 336.5
68	Unemployment benefits	55.5	46.4	41.4	56.0	42.5	52.3	56.7	59.0	56.0	47.0	42.9	39.7	40.4	41.1	41.6	42.3

Table 10. Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures, NIPA Framework—Continued

[Billions of dollars; calendar year and quarters at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

					Calenda	ar year <sup>2</sup>						Quarter 2					
Line		Fisca	year estim	ates 1	Pub-	Esti-		Publi	shed					Estimated			
Line					lished	mated		20	03			20	04			2005	
		2003	2004	2005	2003	2004	1	II	\$11	IV	I	II	III	IV	1	. 11	188
69 70 71 72 73 74 75	Veterans benefits	30.0 8.7 4.3 21.4 0.8 31.3	35.2 8.6 4.9 24.3 0.7 34.4	37.2 9.0 5.5 26.3 0.7 35.6	32.0 8.9 4.3 21.8 0.8 31.0	38.5 8.6 5.1 24.5 0.7 34.8	31.4 8.8 4.1 20.3 0.8 30.4	32.1 8.9 4.2 21.4 0.8 31.2	32.5 8.9 4.3 22.4 0.8 31.2	32.0 8.9 4.6 23.2 0.8 31.1	37.5 8.3 4.7 24.0 0.7 34.0	38.5 8.6 5.0 24.2 0.7 34.8	39.4 8.6 5.3 24.4 0.7 35.4	38.7 8.9 5.4 25.4 0.7 35.0	38.8 9.0 5.4 25.8 0.7 35.1	38.9 9.0 5.5 26.1 0.7 35.0	38.9 9.1 5.7 26.3 0.7 34.7
76 77	creditsAll other	38.4 32.7 2.8	41.1 37.1 2.9	45.4 35.6 3.0	36.5 34.4 2.8	41.1 37.4 2.9	36.5 31.7 2.8	36.5 33.3 2.8	36.5 35.7 2.8	36.5 36.8 2.9	41.1 35.3 2.9	41.1 37.3 2.9	41.1 39.0 2.9	41.1 38.2 2.9	45.4 36.5 3.0	45.4 34.6 3.0	45.4 32.9 3.1
78 79	Grants-in-aid to state and local governments Central executive, legislative,	333.3	360.6	356.5	339.0	353.1	310.8	345.5	346.3	353.3	343.8	352.7	360.5	355.4	353.2	352.4	347.2
80 81 82 83 84 85	and judicial activities	7.0 1.1 3.5 3.0 33.3 20.9	7.3 1.1 3.9 2.8 39.3 23.0	2.5 1.2 3.9 1.9 39.0 24.5	11.2 1.1 3.6 3.1 34.3 21.3	2.5 1.1 3.9 2.4 41.8 22.9	1.3 1.0 3.2 3.2 33.1 19.8	15.8 1.1 3.6 3.1 35.6 21.2	6.3 1.2 3.6 3.3 36.6 22.0	21.4 0.9 3.9 2.6 31.8 22.3	2.5 1.1 3.9 2.6 35.9 22.9	2.5 1.1 3.8 2.5 42.2 22.1	2.6 1.0 3.8 2.5 46.0 23.2	2.4 1.2 3.9 2.1 43.0 23.3	2.3 1.2 3.9 1.8 39.7 24.3	2.2 1.3 4.0 1.6 37.6 25.1	2.3 1.2 4.0 1.5 35.0 24.6
86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 95 96	and welfaire Disability Unemployment insurance Medical care (Medicaid) Welfare and social services Other income support. Veterans benefits and services. Housing and community services Recreational and cultural activities Energy Agriculture Natural resources Transportation 3	237.0 1.8 3.6 160.4 63.2 8.0 0.6 14.4 1.3 1.0 3.0	252.2 1.9 3.2 176.9 63.3 7.0 0.6 15.4 0.5 1.3 1.2 3.6	256.2 2.0 2.5 181.7 63.1 6.9 0.6 15.6 1.4 1.0 3.5	238.4 1.8 3.5 164.2 62.1 6.8 0.6 14.2 1.0 3.2 0.0	249.1 1.9 3.1 177.2 62.4 4.5 0.6 15.3 0.4 1.3 3.6 0.0	224.7 1.8 3.6 152.8 61.6 4.9 0.5 13.4 0.3 1.2 0.8 2.4 0.0	238.4 1.8 3.8 162.2 64.2 6.4 0.3 1.2 0.9 3.8	248.4 1.8 3.6 172.6 59.3 11.0 0.6 13.9 0.5 1.3 0.8 2.9	242.2 1.9 3.1 169.5 63.1 4.7 0.6 15.2 0.4 1.3 3.6 0.0	246.0 1.9 3.2 173.1 63.2 4.6 0.6 15.4 0.5 1.3 3.5 0.0	248.7 1.9 3.2 176.5 62.5 4.6 0.6 14.9 0.5 1.3 1.2 3.7 0.0	249.6 1.9 3.2 178.6 61.3 4.5 0.6 15.8 0.4 1.3 1.2 3.7 0.0	252.3 2.9 180.5 62.6 4.3 0.6 15.4 1.3 1.5	253.4 2.0 2.6 181.5 63.6 0.6 15.5 1.3 1.0 3.5	254.2 2.0 2.3 182.3 64.0 3.6 0.5 1.4 1.0 3.6 0.0	252.0 2.0 2.0 183.1 61.4 3.4 0.6 15.9 0.4 1.3 0.9
98 99	Economic development, regulation, and services Labor training and services	0.5 6.4	2.7 5.7	0.7 4.0	0.5 5.1	2.5 4.3	0.5 5.3	0.4 5.0	0.5 4.5	0.5 5.4	1.8 4.6	3.1 4.4	4.6 4.2	0.7 3.9	0.6 3.5	0.6 3.4	0.6 3.3
100	Other current transfer payments to the rest of the world	21.5	28.1	30.6	23.3	31.5	25.1	24.3	22.9	20.9	38.8	28.7	29.0	29.5	39.2	29.3	29.7
101	Federal interest paid	217.8	218.5	243.8	218.8	228.8	217.7	222.5	215.6	219.6	221.4	225.0	230.3	238.4	245.6	253.0	260.5
102 103 104 105	Subsidies Agricultural Housing Other	49.3 18.4 25.6 5.4	44.0 14.3 26.9 2.8	44.2 15.8 26.7 1.6	47.9 18.6 24.8 4.5	39.4 11.1 26.6 1.7	44.5 17.7 24.8 1.9	56.3 19.3 24.9 12.1	47.0 20.3 24.8 1.9	43.9 17.1 24.5 2.2	42.0 14.1 25.8 2.2	40.1 11.2 27.0 2.0	37.4 8.5 27.3 1.7	38.1 10.5 26.5 1.1	40.1 13.2 26.0 0.9	42.3 15.8 25.8 0.8	43.9 17.4 25.8 0.7
106	Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
107	Net Federal Government saving	<b>-387</b> .8	-519.5	-338.0	-420.3	-520.0	-320.4	<b>-424</b> .7	-499.4	-436.6	-542.5	-540.8	-523.7	<b>-473.1</b>	-382.6	-337.7	-302.7
108 109 110	Addenda:  Gross investment <sup>4</sup> National defense  Nondefense	95.6 58.6 37.0	104.6 63.8 40.8	110.3 67.0 43.3	95.0 60.5 34.5	98.8 64.4 34.4	87.1 54.7 32.4	95.8 59.8 36.0	97.3 63.5 33.8	99.9 64.0 35.9	98.2 64.5 33.7	98.5 64.5 34.0	96.5 62.1 34.5	102.0 66.6 35.4	103.5 67.2 36.3	103.2 65.9 37.4	107.2 68.5 38.7
111 112 113	Consumption expenditures and gross investment	735.9 483.5 252.4	810.7 535.0 275.8	822.6 526.9 295.7	757.6 497.7 259.9	826.8 539.7 287.1	723.0 463.3 259.7	764.7 507.3 257.4	769.6 507.2 262.4	773.1 512.9 260.2	805.1 531.3 273.7	833.1 544.4 288.7	838.9 545.5 293.4	830.1 537.6 292.5	828.0 530.0 298.0	824.4 523.2 301.3	826.8 522.8 304.0
114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121	Total receipts  Current receipts  Capital transfer receipts  Total expenditures  Current expenditures  Gross government investment  Capital transfer payments  Net purchases of nonproduced	1,852.0 1,830.2 21.8 2,267.9 2,218.0 95.6 44.2	1,871.6 1,847.9 23.8 2,426.7 2,367.4 104.6 47.1	2,130.8 2,109.5 21.3 2,510.3 2,447.4 110.3 48.0	1,865.6 1,843.4 22.1 2,312.0 2,263.7 95.0 44.9	1,914.4 1,890.2 24.2 2,463.4 2,410.2 98.8 47.5	1,887.1 1,863.5 23.5 2,215.7 2,184.0 87.1 37.3	1,882.6 1,863.9 18.7 2,340.0 2,288.5 95.8 47.1	1,806.0 1,784.3 21.7 2,341.2 2,283.7 97.3 51.3	1,886.6 1,861.9 24.6 2,351.3 2,298.6 99.9 44.1	1,846.4 1,821.8 24.6 2,417.8 2,364.3 98.2 47.3	1,888.9 1,864.5 24.5 2,459.4 2,405.3 98.5 48.3	1,936.3 1,912.5 23.8 2,486.6 2,436.1 96.5 47.4	1,985.8 1,962.0 23.8 2,489.7 2,435.1 102.0 47.0	2,106.0 2,084.6 21.5 2,522.7 2,467.1 103.5 47.2	2,153.2 2,132.1 21.1 2,524.6 2,469.8 103.2 47.3	2,198.0 2,176.6 21.3 2,538.0 2,479.4 107.2 47.9
122	assets	0.0 90.0 –415.8	0.1 92.5 -555.1	0.0 95.4 –379.5	0.0 90.8 -447.3	0.1 93.2 -549.0	-2.7 90.0 -328.6	-1.0 90.5 -457.3	3.4 91.5 –538.3	0.1 91.3 –464.8	0.1 92.1 –571.4	0.1 92.8 –570.5	0.1 93.6 -550.3	0.0 94.3 –504.0	0.0 95.0 -416.7	0.0 95.7 –371.4	0.0 96.4 –340.0

<sup>1.</sup> Fiscal year estimates are the sum of quarterty values not seasonally adjusted and are consistent with the budget proposals.

Published estimates, both calendar year and quarters, appear in the NIPA tables 3.2 and 3.7 elsewhere in this issue.
 BEA's estimate of corporate profits tax accruals for the fourth quarter of 2003 will not be available until the release of the final estimate of gross domestic product on March 25, 2004. The value shown is derived from the budget.

<sup>3.</sup> Most transportation grants-in-aid to state and local governments are classified as capital transfers paid (see

addenda); however, water and railroad transportation grants are still classified as current account transactions.

4. Gross investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in Federal Government consumption expenditures.

Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2005 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

FICA Federal Insurance contributions act

NIPAs National income and product accounts

SECA Self-employment contributions act

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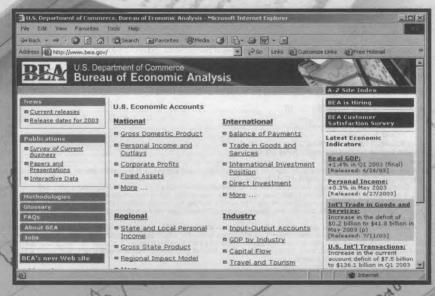
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Glossary

Majous Man John



26 March 2004

#### **Comprehensive Revision of the NIPAs Newly Available Tables**

As part of the comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs), this report presents the following newly available NIPA tables: 4.3B, 6.3D, 6.4D, 6.5D, 6.6D, 6.7D, 6.8D, 6.10D, 6.12D, 6.14D, 6.15D, 7.7, 7.13, 7.15, and 7.17.

The February 2004 issue of the Survey of Current Busi-NESS included an article that described the revision and an extensive set of NIPA tables. The remaining tables are scheduled to be published in upcoming issues of the

Table 4.3B. Relation of Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts to the **Corresponding Items in the International Transactions Accounts** 

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Exports of goods, ITAs	1	684.0	772.0	718.7	681.9
Less: Gold, ITAs 1	2	5.3	6.0	4.9	3.4
Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico 3	4	18.5	18.4	17.7	19.3
Equals: Exports of goods, NIPAs	5	697.2	784.3	731.5	697.8
Exports of services, ITAs	6	281.5	298.1	288.9	292.2
Less: Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>		-1.6	-2.0	-1.9	-2.7
Other items <sup>4</sup>		0.7	1.0	0.8	0.7
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico <sup>3</sup>		3.9	4.1	4.2	4.2
Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers	1 1ŏ	7.7	8.8	9.4	10.6
Equals: Exports of services, NIPAs.	111	294.0	311.9	303.6	309.1
Equals. Exports of 36117669, fill no.	1	254.0	311.3	303.0	303.1
Income receipts, ITAs		290.2	346.9	277.4	255.5
Less: Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>		-5.1	-6.2	<del>-9</del> .0	-10.3
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico 3		22.1	25.0	27.9	29.6
Imputed interest received from the rest of the world	15	-1.4	-1.8	-1.4	-1.2
Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate transactions 5	16	4.9	6.3	6.0	5.0
Equals: Income receipts, NIPAs	17	320.8	382.7	319.0	299.1
Imports of goods, ITAs	18	1,030.0	1,224,4	1,145,9	1,164.7
Less: Gold, ITAs 1		5.8	5.9	4.3	2.9
Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plus: Gold, NIPAs 1		-2.7	-3.2	-3.4	-3.3
Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico 3	22	23.9	28.2	29.8	-3.3 31.8
Equals: Imports of goods, NIPAs.		1.045.5	1.243.5		1,190.3
Equals: Imports of goods, nirks	23	1,045.5	1,243.5	1,168.0	1,190.3
Imports of services, ITAs		196.7	221.0	219.5	227.4
Less: Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>	25	-5.1	-6.2	-9.0	-10.3
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico <sup>3</sup>	26	4.5	5.0	5.2	5.1
Equals: imports of services, NIPAs	27	206.3	232.3	233.6	242.7
Income payments, ITAs	28	273.1	327.3	266.7	259.5
Less; Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>	29	-1.6	-2.0	-1.9	-2.7
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico <sup>3</sup>	30	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
Imputed interest paid to the rest of the world		6.3	7.0	8.0	9.4
Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate transactions 5	32	4.9	6.3	6.0	5.0
Equals: Income payments, NIPAs	33	287.0	343.7	283.8	277.6
Balance on goods and services and income, ITAs (1+6+12-18-24-28)		-244,1	-355.8	-347.1	-422.0
Delainte vii guous anu services anu incunie, mas (1+0+12-10-24-20)	35	-3.2	-3.1	-347.1 -2.8	-2.8
Less: Gold (2–19+21)		0.0	0.0	0.0	
					0.0
Other items (8)		0.7	1.0	0.8	0.7
Plus: Adjustment for Ú.S. territories and Puerto Rico (4+9+14-22-26-30)		14.9 - <b>226.</b> 7	13.1 <b>-340.</b> 5	13.7 -331.4	15.1 <b>–404.8</b>
	1				
Unilateral current transfers, net, ITAs	40 41	<b>46.8</b>	55.7 0.0	<b>46.</b> 6	<b>58.9</b> 0.0
Less: Statistical differences <sup>2</sup>		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equals: Current taxes and transfer payments to the rest of the world, net, NIPAs		47.2	56.1	47.0	59.3
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		200 0	444.5	200 7	400.0
Balance on current account, ITAs (34–40) Less: Gold (35).		<b>-290.</b> 8	<b>-411.5</b> -3.1	<b>-393.7</b> -2.8	<b>-480.9</b> -2.8
Statistical differences (36-41).		0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.6 0.0
Other items (37)		0.7	1.0	0.8	0.0
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico (38–42)		14.5	12.7	13.2	0.7 14.6
		-273.9			
Equals: Balance on current account, NIPAs (39-43)	49	-213.9	-396.6	-378.4	-464.1

<sup>1.</sup> Exports and imports of gold in the NIPAs differ from those in the ITAs. ITA gold exports (line 2) and imports (line 19) are excluded from the NIPAs; imports of gold in the NIPAs (line 21) is the excess of the value of gold in

<sup>1.</sup> Exports and imports of gold in the NIPAs differ from those in the ITAs. ITA gold exports (line 2) and imports (line 19) are excluded from the NIPAs; imports of gold in the NIPAs (line 21) is the excess of the value of gold in gross domestic purchases over the value of U.S. production of gold.

2. Consists of statistical revisions to the ITAs that have not yet been incorporated into the ITAs.

3. Consists of transactions between the United States and its territories, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The treatment of U.S. territories, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands in the NIPAs, they are included in the rest of the world; in the ITAs, they are treated as part of the United States. The adjustment to unilateral current transfers, net (line 42) consists only of transfer payments from persons, because transfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-aid from the Federal Government to residents of U.S. territories, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands in the NIPAs are excluded from NIPA transfer payments from persons, because transfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-aid from the Federal Government to residents of U.S. territories, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands are excluded from NIPA transfer payments from persons, because transfer payments, subsidies, and grants-in-aid from the Federal Government to residents of U.S. territories, Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands are excluded from NIPA transfer payments to the world.

4. Beginning with 1988, the ITAs classify certain military grants as services that the NIPAs do not. In the NIPAs these transactions are excluded from exports and included in transfer payments from government.

5. In the ITAs, income transactions between parents and affiliates are recorded on a net basis. In ITA exports, U.S. parents from foreign parents for interest are net of such payments by U.S. parents to foreign parents for interest are net of such payments by U.S. parents to freign payments from foreign payments are recorded on a g

#### Table 6.3D. Wage and Salary Accruals by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002		Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Wage and salary accruals	1	4,471,400	4,829,240	4,942,873	4,974,557	Motion picture and sound recording					
mestic industries	2	4,476,613	4.833.832	4.947.891	4.979.805	industries	54	15,984	17,486	17,603	18,2
Private industries		3,747,305			i ' ' I	Broadcasting and telecommunications	55	83,337	92,377	91,422	84,8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and	•	0,1 11,000	1,000,.01	1,,	1,,,,,,,	Information and data processing services	56	26,512	34,910	33,726	28,1
hunting	4	29,085	30,533	31,667	31,805	Finance and insurance	57	316,909	350,358	373,027	368,9
Farms	5	16,167	16,971	17,758	17,509	Federal Reserve banks, credit	50	100.010	440.005	400.044	404.5
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	6	12,918	13,563	13,909	14,296	intermediation, and related activities Securities, commodity contracts, and	58	108,818	110,695	123,211	131,5
Mining	7	27,745	29,777	32.097	30,744	investments	59	98,927	123,913	127,599	112.2
Oil and gas extraction	8	10,129	11,009	11,563	11,393	Insurance carriers and related activities	60	104,124	109,778	116,380	119,
Mining, except oil and gas	9	10,842	10,674	10,869	10,478	Funds, trusts, and other financial	00		100,770	110,000	,
Support activities for mining	10	6,773	8,094	9,665	8,872	vehicles	61	5.040	5.972	5.837	5.9
Utilities	11	35.052	38,102	39,561	40,111	Real estate and rental and leasing	62	61,060	66,829	69,859	71.
Construction	12	234,801	256,898	271,776	272,654	Real estate	63	42,328	46,108	48,719	51.
	13	697,649	749.334	709,077	675,740	Rental and leasing services and lessors		,	,,,,,,,	,	.,
Manufacturing  Durable goods	14	462,858	503,564	469,557	440,651	of intangible assets 4	64	18,732	20,721	21,140	20,
Wood products	15	17.832	18,408	17.660	17,619	Professional, scientific, and technical					ļ
Nonmetallic mineral products	16	19.599	21.186	20,988	20,646	services	65	361,770	418,918	428,382	416,
Primary metals	17	27,096	27,962	25,652	23,260	Legal services	66	65,677	72,079	77,230	80,
Fabricated metal products	18	61,360	65,509	62,805	59,687	Computer systems design and related					i
Machinery	19	62,811	66,549	62,052	57,127	services	67	77,725	99,281	96,153	84,
Computer and electronic products	20	106,880	129,408	113,210	98,224	Miscellaneous professional, scientific,		040.000	047.557	054.000	054
Electrical equipment, appliance, and		00.400				and technical services 5	68	218,368	247,557	254,998	251,
components	21	22,199	24,287	22,381	20,602	Management of companies and					
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers,	22	61,653	63,816	58,383	58,709	enterprises 6	69	115,619	125,160	118,083	115,
and parts Other transportation equipment	23	38,992	38,735	39,380	38,486	Administrative and waste management					
Furniture and related products	24	18.161	19.683	18.848	18,246	services	70	190,098	186,819	190,541	193,
Miscellaneous manufacturing	25	26.274	28.021	28,200	28,045	Administrative and support services	71	177,890	174,574	177,742	180,
Nondurable goods	26	234,791	245,771	239,519	235,089	Waste management and remediation	70	10 000	40.045	10.700	12
Food and beverage and tobacco			,	200,010	====	services	72	12,208	12,245	12,799	13,
products	27	54,788	58,651	59,591	60,234	Educational services	73	58,382	63,708	68,955	73,
Textile mills and textile product mills	28	16,527	16,947	15,378	14,621	Health care and social assistance	74	383,862	411,234	441,864	473,
Apparel and leather and allied						Ambulatory health care services	75	171,366	184,276	197,658	210,
products	29	13,767	13,336	11,957	10,752	Hospitals	76	128,832	135,208	145,402	156,
Paper products Printing and related support activities	30 31	26,486 28,764	27,165 29,874	26,434 28,646	25,783 27,139	Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	77 78	48,196 35,469	52,191 39,559	56,304 42,4 <b>9</b> 9	60, 45,
Petroleum and coal products	32	7.506	7.506	7.651	7,709				1 1		1 .
Chemical products	33	55,415	58,984	58,053	57,582	Arts, entertainment, and recreation Performing arts, spectator sports.	79	42,095	46,685	49,420	51,
Plastics and rubber products	34	31,537	33,308	31,811	31,270	museums, and related activities	80	20,078	22,144	23,490	24,
Wholesale trade	35	268,702	280,406	284,354	281,376	Amusements, gambling, and recreation	00	20,070	22,144	20,450	24,
Durable goods	36	168,574	176,504	176,515	170,802	industries	81	22,018	24,541	25,929	26,
Nondurable goods	37	100,128	103,902	107,839	110,574	Accommodation and food services	82	134,645	145,174	149,492	153.
Retail trade	38	320,378	345,193	355,855	360,994	Accommodation	83	37,623	41,072	41,278	41.
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	39	63,662	67,582	70,753	72,823	Food services and drinking places	84	97,022	104,103	108,214	112,
Food and beverage stores	40	52,161	54,609	56,311	56,979	Other services, except government	85	132,432	139,935	145,991	156,
General merchandise stores	41	43,103	47,367	49,504	51,511	Government	86	729,308	774,701	815,757	859.
Other retail 2	42	161,452	175,634	179,287	179,681	Federal	87	184,284	195,818	200,530	213.
Transportation and warehousing	43	151,999	162,753	165,118	162,226	General government	88	146,543	155,069	160,416	172,
Air transportation	44	27,447	30,046	32,314	30,581	Civilian	89	90,203	96,214	97,003	103,
Rail transportation	45	12,610	12,409	12,103	11,823	Military 7	90	56,340	58,855	63,413	69,
Water transportation	46		2,710	2,790	2,823	Government enterprises	91	37,741	40,749	40,114	40,
Truck transportation	47	45,818	48,594	48,553	47,953	State and local	92 93	545,024	578,883	615,227	646,
Transit and ground passenger	48	8.249	8,497	8,814	9,023	General government  Education	93	508,508 269,651	540,082 287,401	573,753 305,636	602, 320.
transportation	49		4,282	4,238	3,281	Other 8	95	238,857	252,681	268,117	282
Other transportation and support	49	3,473	7,202	4,200	3,201	Government enterprises 8	96	36,516	38,801	41,474	43,
activities 3	50	37.040	39,974	39.879	39,866	Rest of the world	97	-5.213	-4.592	-5.018	-5.
Warehousing and storage	51	14,709	16,240	16,428	16,876	Receipts from the rest of the world	98	-5,213 2,748	2,933	3,090	-o,
Information	52		211,315	1	189,919	Less: Payments to the rest of the world 9	99	7,961	7,525	8,108	8,
Publishing industries (includes software)	53		66,542	64,264	58,640		55	,,,,,,,,,,	.,,,220	5,.00	١, ٥,٠

<sup>1.</sup> NAICS crop and animal production.
2. Consists of furniture and home furnishings stores; electronics and appliance stores; building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers; health and personal care stores; gasoline stations; clothing and clothing accessories stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; miscellaneous store retailers; and nonstore retailers.
3. Consists of scenic and sightseeing transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers.
4. Intangible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights.
5. Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical services.
5. Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.
7. Includes the Coast Guard.
8. Employees of Indian tribal governments are classified in state and local government.
9. Includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.
Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

#### Table 6.4D. Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Industry

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002		Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Full-time and part-time employees	1	135,833	138,678	138,392	137,240	Publishing industries (includes software)	53	1,028	1,083	1,063	998
Domestic industries	2	136,347	139,131	138,887	137,758	Motion picture and sound recording		204	000	075	200
Private industries	3	113,734	116,036	115,591	114,112	industries	54 55	391 1.488	393 1,609	375 1,640	393 1.507
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	Broadcasting and telecommunications Information and data processing services	56	467	555	537	1,507
hunting	4	1,498	1,480	1,582	1,590		57				
Farms	5	913	893	869	886	Finance and insurance Federal Reserve banks, credit	5/	5, <b>78</b> 1	5,858	5,851	5,873
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	6	585	587	713	704	intermediation, and related activities	58	2,579	2,568	2,622	2,700
Mining	7	517	522	540	511	Securities, commodity contracts, and	"	2,0,0	2,000	2,022	2,100
Oil and gas extraction	8	135	128	126	123	investments	59	851	924	865	819
Mining, except oil and gas	9	235	229	224	213	Insurance carriers and related activities	60	2,271	2,279	2,277	2,269
Support activities for mining	10	148	165	190	175	Funds, trusts, and other financial					
Utilities	11	603	607	604	596	vehicles	61	80	87	87	86
Construction	12	6,729	6,991	7,072	6,986	Real estate and rental and leasing	62	2,041	2,103	2,121	2,115
Manufacturing	13	17,262	17,460	16.533	15,353	Real estate	63	1,367	1,400	1,419	1,439
Durable goods	14	10,784	10,989	10,375	9,521	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets 4	64	673	703	702	676
Wood products	15	632	633	591	575		04	0/3	103	102	0/0
Nonmetallic mineral products	16	539	562	546	520	Professional, scientific, and technical	65	7.089	7.515	7,321	7,118
Primary metals	17	617	624	571	507	services Legal services	66	1,338	1,359	1,252	1,283
Fabricated metal products	18 19	1,720 1,460	1,777   1,471	1,677 1,371	1,550 1,232	Computer systems design and related	00	1,550	1,509	1,232	1,200
Machinery Computer and electronic products	20	1,460	1,471	1,371	1,232	services	67	1,116	1,316	1,287	1,145
Electrical equipment, appliances, and	20	1,737	1,010	1,732	1,502	Miscellaneous professional, scientific,		.,	,,	.,	
components	21	582	595	554	497	and technical services 5	68	4,636	4,839	4,783	4,690
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers,			-	•	1 1	Management of companies and		1			
and parts	22	1,303	1,319	1,209	1,152	enterprises 6	69	1,748	1,800	1,711	1,690
Other transportation equipment	23	770	742	721	672	Administrative and waste management			•		
Furniture and related products	24	658	690	647	606	services	70	8,559	8,082	7,789	7,648
Miscellaneous manufacturing	25 26	745 6,478	765 6,470	736 6.158	708 5.832	Administrative and support services	71	8,250	7,768	7,473	7,330
Nondurable goodsFood and beverage and tobacco	26	0,4/8	6,470	6,150	5,832	Waste management and remediation					
products	27	1.754	1,781	1.780	1.757	services	72	310	314	317	319
Textile mills and textile product mills	28	609	600	537	489	Educational services	73	2,405	2,500	2,591	2,667
Apparel and leather and allied			***	•••		Health care and social assistance	74	12,713	13,112	13,609	14,062
products	29	635	584	502	419	Ambulatory health care services	75	4,352	4,507	4,604	4,774
Paper products	30	611	608	578	544	Hospitals	76	3,899	3,943	4,028	4,143
Printing and related support activities	31	828 124	830 122	785 119	726 117	Nursing and residential care facilities	77 78	2,527	2,608	2,683 2,294	2,744 2,401
Petroleum and coal products Chemical products	33	978	986	959	930	Social assistance		1,935	2,054	-,	
Plastics and rubber products	34	939	959	897	849	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	79	1,702	1,804	1,893	1,912
Wholesale trade	35	5,955	5,872	5,831	5,718	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	80	464	487	494	496
Durable goods	36	3,553	3,514	3,469	3,354	Amusements, gambling, and recreation	00	707	707	707	430
Nondurable goods	37	2,402	2,358	2,361	2,364	industries	81	1,237	1.318	1.399	1.416
Retail trade	38	15,174	15,602	15,689	15,527	Accommodation and food services	82	9,778	10,116	10.251	10.353
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	39	1.856	1,917	1,920	1,938	Accommodation	83	1.806	1,877	1,853	1.798
Food and beverage stores	40	3,005	3,023	3,031	2,960	Food services and drinking places	84	7,972	8,239	8,398	8,555
General merchandise stores	41	2,765	2,866	2,920	2,911	Other services, except government	85	6,484	6,502	6,572	6,744
Other retail 2	42	7,548	7,796	7,818	7,717	Government	86	22,613	23,095	23,296	23,646
Transportation and warehousing	43	4,321	4,470	4,416	4,265	Federal	87	5,138	5,236	5,077	5,111
Air transportation	44	581	611	616	562	General government	88	4,146	4,260	4,114	4,181
Rail transportation	45	219	208	200	191	Civilian	89	1,855	1,976	1,825	1,859
Water transportation	46 47	54 1,404	55 1,444	54 1.415	1.370	Military 7	90	2,291 992	2,284 976	2,289 963	2,322 930
Transit and ground passenger	"/	1,404	1,444	1,410	1,370	State and local	92	17,475	17.859	18.219	18.535
transportation	48	391	390	402	405	General government	93	16,530	16,904	17,241	17,520
Pipeline transportation		46	45	45	43	Education	94	9.152	9,389	9,617	9,830
Other transportation and support	1 _				ll	Other 8,	95 96	7,378	7,515	7,624	7,690
activities 3	50	1,137	1,198	1,173	1,128	Government enterprises *		945	955	978	1,015
Warehousing and storage	51	490	518	512	512	Rest of the world 9	97	-514	-453	-495	-518
Information	52	3,375	3,640	<b>3,61</b> 5	3,386		1				

<sup>1.</sup> NAICS crop and animal production.
2. Consists of furniture and home furnishings stores; electronics and appliance stores; building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers; health and personal care stores; gasoline stations; clothing and clothing accessories stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; miscellaneous store retailers; and nonstore retailers.
3. Consists of scenic and sightseeing transportation; transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers.
4. Intargible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights.
5. Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical services; certific research and development services; advertising and related services; and other professional, scientific, and technical services.
6. Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.
7. Includes the Coast Guard.
8. Employees of Indian tribal governments are classified in state and local government.
9. Includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.
Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

#### Table 6.5D. Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Industry

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002		Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Full-time equivalent employees 1	1	121,656	124,319	124,632	123,382	Publishing industries (includes software)	53	1,015	1,036	971	913
Domestic industries	2	122,097	124,707	125,056	123,826	Motion picture and sound recording	E4	047	046	204	200
Private industries	3	103,248	105,579	105,666	104,029	industries	54	317 1.358	316 1,453	321 1,604	333 1,479
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and					'	Information and data processing services	55 56	504	538	504	455
hunting	4	1,174	1,181	1,369	1,379	Finance and insurance	57	5,481	5,470	5,604	5,618
Farms <sup>2</sup>	5	662	664	745	759	Federal Reserve banks, credit	3	3,701	3,470	3,004	3,010
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	6	513	517	624	620	intermediation, and related activities	58	2,438	2,396	2,505	2,573
Mining	7	510	511	530	504	Securities, commodity contracts, and			· 1		
Oil and gas extraction	8	113	118	123	122	investments	59	809	859	826	781
Mining, except oil and gas Support activities for mining	10	231 165	222 171	220 187	210 172	Insurance carriers and related activities	60	2,154	2,134	2,189	2,182
		597				Funds, trusts, and other financial	61	80	81	84	83
Utilities	11		593	595	587	vehicles	62			1.928	
Construction	12	6,638	6,907	6,855	6,753	Real estate and rental and leasing	63	1, <b>818</b> 1,210	1,847 1,213	1,293	1,923 1,325
Manufacturing	13	17,045	16,947	16,194	15,059	Rental and leasing services and lessors	03	1,210	1,213	1,233	1,020
Durable goods	14	10,704	10,713	10,194	9,368	of intangible assets 5	64	609	634	635	599
Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products	15 16	618 535	606 545	576 535	567 511	Professional, scientific, and technical			"		•
Primary metals	17	609	611	560	499	services	65	6,795	7,114	6,937	6,713
Fabricated metal products	18	1,729	1,738	1,645	1.524	Legal services	66	1,197	1,212	1,186	1,210
Machinery	19	1,433	1,420	1,348	1,212	Computer systems design and related					•
Computer and electronic products	20	1,786	1,813	1,728	1,482	services	67	1,211	1,294	1,219	1,080
Electrical equipment, appliances, and						Miscellaneous professional, scientific,		4.007	4 000	4 504	4 400
components	21	552	568	548	490	and technical services 6	68	4,387	4,608	4,531	4,423
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers,	امما	4 000	4 000	4 400	أميمه	Management of companies and	ا ــا				
and parts Other transportation equipment	22	1,289 769	1,283 736	1,198 714	1,141 666	enterprises 7	69	1,621	1,647	1,635	1,613
Furniture and related products	24	657	664	630	592	Administrative and waste management			il		
Miscellaneous manufacturing	25	727	728	712	685	services	70	6,985	7,419	7,114	7,005
Nondurable goods	26	6.341	6.235	6,000	5.691	Administrative and support services	71	6,687	7,118	6,806	6,697
Food and beverage and tobacco			·	•	, í	Waste management and remediation services	72	298	300	307	308
products	27	1,716	1,719	1,718	1,698	Educational services	73	2,117	2,199	2,292	2,360
Textile mills and textile product mills	28	620	584	521	476						
Apparel and leather and allied	29	596	538	487	408	Health care and social assistance	74 75	11,452	11,707	12,271	12,653
products	30	607	596	564	530	Ambulatory health care services Hospitals	76	3,967 3,475	4,027 3,524	4,137 3.741	4,275 3,858
Printing and related support activities	31	775	767	764	707	Nursing and residential care facilities	77	2,267	2,325	2,411	2,458
Petroleum and coal products	32	126	120	118	117	Social assistance	78	1,742	1,831	1,983	2,063
Chemical products	33	967	968	946	915	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	79	1,418	1,493	1,589	1,604
Plastics and rubber products	34	935	942	884	839	Performing arts, spectator sports,	,,,	1,710	1,400	1,000	1,00
Wholesale trade	35	5,766	5,840	5,578	5,458	museums, and related activities	80	392	413	415	416
Durable goods	36 37	3,438	3,482	3,319	3,202	Amusements, gambling, and recreation					
Nondurable goods		2,328	2,358	2,259	2,256	industries	81	1,026	1,081	1,174	1,188
Retail trade	38	12,809	13,122	13,673	13,527	Accommodation and food services	82	8,381	8,626	8,328	8,363
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	39	1,584	1,618	1,673	1,688	Accommodation	83	1,614	1,659	1,688	1,644
Food and beverage stores General merchandise stores	40 41	2,459	2,522 2,399	2,642 2,544	2,579 2,536	Food services and drinking places	84	6,767	6,967	6,639	6,719
Other retail 3	42	2,337 6,428	6,582	6,813	6,723	Other services, except government	85	5,407	5,489	5,589	5,687
		-,	.,			Government	86	18,849	19,128	19,390	19,797
Transportation and warehousing	43 44	<b>4,041</b> 566	4,124 589	<b>4,18</b> 7 584	4,042	Federal	87 88	4,167	4,198 3,416	4,120	4,190 3,395
Air transportation		208	198	189	533 181	General government	89	3,370 1,821	1.869	3,342 1,794	1.818
Water transportation	46	51	53	51	51	Military 8	90	1,549	1,547	1,548	1,57
Truck transportation	47	1,296	1,323	1,341	1,298	Government enterprises	91	797	782	778	795
Transit and ground passenger			, i		i i I	State and local	92	14,682	14,930	15,270	15,607
transportation	48	361	357	381	384	General government	93	13,762	14,000	14,318	14,61
Pipeline transportation	49	45	44	43	40	Education	94	7,372	7,572	7,782	7,87
Other transportation and support	-	1 1 1 1 1	4 000	4 440	1 070	Other 9	95	6,390	6,428	6,536	6,74
activities 4	50 51	1,049 465	1,086	1,113 485	1,070 485	Rest of the world 10	96 97	920 -441	930 <b>-388</b>	952 <b>-42</b> 4	98 -44
Warehousing and storage			474		400	Lest of the Motio	97	-441	-356	-424	-44
Information	52	3,194	3,343	3,399	3,180		ì	i	i		

<sup>1.</sup> Full-time equivalent employees equals the number of employees on full-time schedules plus the number of employees on part-time schedules converted to a full-time basis. The number of full-time equivalent employees in each industry is the product of the total number of employees and the ratio of average weekly hours per employees to average weekly hours per employee on full-time schedules.

2. NAICS crop and animal production.

3. Consists of turniture and home furnishings stores; electronics and appliance stores; building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers; health and personal care stores; gasoline stations; clothing and clothing accessories stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; miscellaneous store retailers, and nonstore retailers.

4. Consists of scenic and sightseeing transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers.

5. Intangible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights.

6. Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical consulting services; scientific research and development services; advertising and related services; and other professional, scientific, and technical services.

7. Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.

8. Includes the Coast Guard.

9. Employees of Indian tribal governments are classified in state and local government.

10. Includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.

Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 6.6D. Wage and Salary Accruals Per Full-Time Equivalent Employee by Industry [Dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002		Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Wage and salary accruals per full-time						Information	52	57,920	63,217	60,902	59,716
equivalent employee	1	36,754	38,846	39,660	40,318	Publishing industries (includes software)	53	58,312	64,243	66,203	64,205
Domestic industries	2	36,664	38,762	<b>39,56</b> 5	40,216	Motion picture and sound recording	54	50.418	55.355	54.776	54.871
Private industries	3	36,294	38,446	39,106	39,603	industries  Broadcasting and telecommunications	55	61,361	63,594	57,013	57,338
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and	l i		· '		·	Information and data processing services	56	52,583	64,837	66,977	61,984
hunting	4	24,767	25,847	23,137	23,064	Finance and insurance	57	57,822	64,049	66,566	65,664
Farms 1	5	24,438	25,552	23,844	23,059	Federal Reserve banks, credit		.,	0 1,0 10	00,000	00,00
Forestry, fishing, and related activities		25,192	26,225	22,294	23,070	intermediation, and related activities	58	44,635	46,191	49,192	51,112
Mining	7	54,451	58,291	60,599	61,041	Securities, commodity contracts, and					
Oil and gas extraction	8	89,445	93,382	93,811 49,468	93,767	investments	59 60	122,358 48,337	144,201 51,450	154,416	143,795
Mining, except oil and gas Support activities for mining	10	46,843 41,092	48,122 47,295	51,771	49,877 51,562	Funds, trusts, and other financial	00	40,007	51,450	53,166	54,655
	11	58,731		66,473	68,311	vehicles	61	62,861	73,969	69,606	71,444
Utilities	1		64,271		,-	Real estate and rental and leasing	62	33,579	36,178	36,229	37,392
Construction	12	35,375	37,196	39,646	40,373	Real estate	63	34,993	38.005	37.678	38,590
Manufacturing	13	40,930	44,216	43,786	44,873	Rental and leasing services and lessors		, , , , ,	,	. ,	,
Durable goodsWood products	15	43,240 28,858	47,007 30,360	46,063 30,652	47,040 31,078	of intangible assets 4	64	30,768	32,683	33,277	34,740
Nonmetallic mineral products	16	36,641	38,879	39,226	40.417	Professional, scientific, and technical					
Primary metals	17	44,464	45,745	45,801	46,591	services	65	53,242	58,886	61,756	61,984
Fabricated metal products	18	35,487	37,688	38,169	39,156	Legal services	66	54,863	59,470	65,109	66,556
Machinery	19	43,846	46,882	46,021	47,150	Computer systems design and related services	67	64,181	76,726	78.874	78.009
Computer and electronic products	20	59,829	71,372	65,527	66,300	Miscellaneous professional, scientific.	0,	07,101	10,120	10,014	70,000
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	21	40,204	42,732	40,864	42,080	and technical services 5	68	49,780	53,723	56,272	56,820
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers.	- '	40,204	42,132	40,004	42,000	Management of companies and				·	
and parts	22	47.838	49,727	48,741	51,445	enterprises 6	69	71,330	75,984	72,238	71,744
Other transportation equipment	23	50,723	52,612	55,166	57,821	Administrative and waste management		•		,	,
Furniture and related products	24	27,631	29,660	29,911	30,826	services	70	27,216	25,181	26,785	27,597
Miscellaneous manufacturing	25	36,135	38,504	39,634	40,953	Administrative and support services	71	26,603	24,524	26,114	26,880
Nondurable goodsFood and beverage and tobacco	26	37,030	39,420	39,917	41,307	Waste management and remediation					
products	27	31.933	34,110	34.695	35,466	services	72	40,958	40,755	41,656	43,209
Textile mills and textile product mills	28	26,671	29,018	29.542	30,689	Educational services	73	27,579	28,974	30,081	31,166
Apparel and leather and allied			1		, ,	Health care and social assistance	74	33,520	35,127	36,009	37,399
products	29	23,115	24,769	24,571	26,346	Ambulatory health care services	75	43,193	45,758	47,780	49,310
Paper products	30	43,652	45,578	46,909	48,608	Hospitals	76	37,079	38,368	38,871	40,659
Printing and related support activities	31	37,138	38,966	37,476	38,368	Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	77 78	21,256 20,357	22,445 21,608	23,355 21,434	24,422 22,081
Petroleum and coal products	32 33	59,769	62,310	64,942 61,394	66,063 62,937						,
Chemical products Plastics and rubber products	34	57,284 33,718	60,928 35,375	35.968	37,269	Arts, entertainment, and recreation Performing arts, spectator sports,	79	29,682	31,259	31,098	32,079
Wholesale trade	35	46,601	48,017	50,973	51,549	museums, and related activities	80	51,201	53,634	56.642	59,330
Durable goods	36	49.029	50,688	53,179	53,343	Amusements, gambling, and recreation	"	01,201	00,004	00,012	33,000
Nondurable goods	37	43,015	44,071	47,733	49,003	industries	81	21,458	22,710	22,078	22,540
Retail trade	38	25.013	26,307	26,027	26,687	Accommodation and food services	82	16,065	16,830	17,951	18,375
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	39	40.193	41.764	42,283	43,131	Accommodation	83	23,316	24,763	24,451	25,010
Food and beverage stores	40	21,209	21,650	21,316	22,092	Food services and drinking places	84	14,337	14,942	16,299	16,751
General merchandise stores	41	18,441	19,744	19,456	20,310	Other services, except government	85	24,492	25,495	26,121	27,510
Other retail 2	42	25,117	26,683	26,314	26,726	Government	86	38,692	40,501	42,071	43,436
Transportation and warehousing	43	37,612	39,463	39,439	40,138	Federal	87	44,225	46,646	48,672	50,895
Air transportation	44	48,466	50,969	55,338	57,410	General government	88	43,485	45,395	48,000	50,843
Rail transportation	45	60,538	62,728	63,979	65,314	Civilian	89	49,535	51,479	54,071	56,859
Water transportation	46	51,803	51,361	54,847	55,341	Military 7	90	36,372	38,045	40,964	43,909
Truck transportation	47	35,341	36,736	36,203	36,945	Government enterprises	91	47,354	52,109	51,560	51,117
Transit and ground passenger	ا م	00.000	00 70-	00.400	00.550	State and local	92	37,122 36,950	38,773 38,577	40,290 40,072	41,433 41,232
transportation	48	22,880	23,795	23,120	23,502	General government Education	93	36,950	38,577 37,956	39,275	41,232
Pipeline transportation Other transportation and support	49	77,984	96,703	99,715	81,375	Other 8	94	37,380	37,956	41,022	40,704
activities 3	50	35.299	36,806	35,846	37,275	Government enterprises 8	96	39,691	41,722	43,565	44,406
Warehousing and storage	51	31,663	34,269	33,851	34,773	Rest of the world	97		41,722	43,303	44,400
Traidibusing and storage	31	31,003	34,209	33,031	34,173		ا '' ا				

<sup>1.</sup> NAICS crop and animal production.
2. Consists of furniture and home furnishings stores; electronics and appliance stores; building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers; health and personal care stores; gasoline stations; clothing and clothing accessories stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; miscellaneous store retailers; and nonstore retailers.
3. Consists of senic and sightseeing transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers.
4. Intangible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights.
5. Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical consulting services; scientific research and development services; advertising and related services; and other professional, scientific, and technical services.
6. Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.
7. Includes the Coast Guard.
8. Employees of Indian tribal governments are classified in state and local government.
Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

#### Table 6.7D. Self-Employed Persons by Industry

1 2 3 4	10,121 985 869	10, <b>233</b> 996	10,133	9,963
3 4	985	996		
3 4	869		975	990
4		879	881	907
l è	116	117	94	83
1 5	9	9	20	12
6	0	l ō	0	0
7	1,719	1,738	1,685	1,608
8	320	324	355	315
9	206	208	227	192
10	115	116	128	123
11	228	231	222	221
12	994	1,005	985	955
13	344	348	375	368
14	134	135	126	142
15	727	735	688	676
16	1,912	1,933	2.009	1,869
17	1,100	1,112	1,095	1,125
18	658	665	637	634
19				
	10 11 12 13 14 15 16	. 10 115 111 228 12 994 13 344 14 134 15 727 16 1912 17 1,100	10	10

Consists of active proprietors or partners who devote a majority of their working hours to their unincorporated businesses.
 NAICS crop and animal production.
 Consists of professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; and administrative and waste management services.
 Nore. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

#### Table 6.8D. Persons Engaged in Production by Industry

Persons engaged in production <sup>1</sup> Domestic industries Private industries Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and	1 2	131,777	404 FEO								
Private industries	1 1		134,552	134,765	133,345	Publishing industries (includes software)	53	1,060	1,081	1,010	953
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and		132,218	134,940	135,189	133,789	Motion picture and sound recording	-4	076	376	200	200
	3	113,369	115,812	115,799	113,992	industries	54 55	376 1,374	1,469	366 1,633	389 1.514
				·		Information and data processing services	56	518	552	517	466
hunting	4	2,159	2,177	2,344	2,369	Finance and Insurance	57	5,794	5,787	5.889	5,891
Farms 2	5	1,531	1,543	1,626	1,666	Federal Reserve banks, credit	"	0,704	0,.0.	0,000	0,001
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	6	629	634	718	703	intermediation, and related activities	58	2,467	2,425	2,534	2,610
Mining	7	518	520	550	516	Securities, commodity contracts, and					
Oil and gas extraction	8 9	115 231	120 222	127 222	125 212	investments	59	876	927	927	871
Mining, except oil and gas Support activities for mining	10	172	178	201	179	Insurance carriers and related activities Funds, trusts, and other financial	60	2,304	2,286	2,340	2,323
	11		593	595	587	vehicles	61	147	149	89	87
Utilities		597				Real estate and rental and leasing	62	2.232	2.265	2.331	2.320
Construction	12	8,356	8,645	8,540	8,361	Real estate	63	1,603	1,611	1,678	1,705
Manufacturing	13	17,365	17,271	16,549	15,374	Rental and leasing services and lessors	"	.,,,,,	,,0,,	.,0.0	.,. •
Durable goods	14	10,910 645	10,921 633	10,421 610	9,560 590	of intangible assets 5	64	629	654	653	622
Wood products	16	551	561	552	527	Professional, scientific, and technical					
Primary metals	17	611	613	564	502	services	65	7,897	8,228	8,094	7,789
Fabricated metal products	18	1,755	1,764	1,671	1.547	Legal services	66	1,396	1,413	1,401	1,40
Machinery	19	1,448	1,436	1,360	1,225	Computer systems design and related				4 0.17	4 00
Computer and electronic products	20	1,791	1,818	1,731	1,486	services	67	1,329	1,413	1,347	1,203
Electrical equipment, appliances, and			500			and technical services 6	68	5,172	5,402	5.345	5.170
components	21	566	582	558	495		00	3,172	3,402	3,343	3,170
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers,	22	1,300	1,294	1,209	1,151	Management of companies and enterprises 7	69	1 001	1 647	1.636	1 61
and partsOther transportation equipment	23	772	739	720	670	1	09	1,621	1,647	1,030	1,613
Furniture and related products	24	686	693	671	627	Administrative and waste management	70	7 705	0 000	7.005	7 70
Miscellaneous manufacturing	25	785	787	775	741	Administrative and support services	71	<b>7,795</b> 7,483	<b>8,23</b> 8 7,923	<b>7,965</b> 7,642	<b>7,79</b> 8
Nondurable goods	26	6,455	6,351	6,128	5,814	Waste management and remediation	(''	7,400	1,323	7,042	1,41
Food and beverage and tobacco						services	72	312	314	322	327
products	27	1,742	1,745	1,752	1,725 496	Educational services	73	2.274	2,358	2,466	2.54
Textile mills and textile product mills Apparel and leather and allied	28	635	599	535	496	Heath care and social assistance	74	12,394	12,660	13,192	13,594
products	20	621	564	514	441	Ambulatory health care services	75	4.286	4,349	4,473	4.620
Paner products	29 30	608	597	568	533	Hospitals	76	3,483	3,533	3,753	3,867
Printing and related support activities	31	810	803	803	740	Nursing and residential care facilities	77	2,297	2,355	2,432	2,482
Petroleum and coal products	32	127	121	119	118	Social assistance	78	2,328	2,423	2,535	2,620
Chemical products	33	973	974	950	918	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	79	1,774	1,853	1,940	1,974
Plastics and rubber products	34	940	947	889	842	Performing arts, spectator sports,	, ,	·			•
Wholesale trade	35	5,994	6,071	5,800	5,679	museums, and related activities	80	688	712	702	722
Durable goods	36	3,563	3,608	3,441	3,306	Amusements, gambling, and recreation		4 000		4 000	4.054
Nondurable goods	37	2,432	2,463	2,360	2,373	industries	81	1,086	1,142	1,238	1,252
Retail trade	38	13,803	14,127	14,658	14,482	Accommodation and food services	82	8,683	8,931	8,614	8,627
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	39 40	1,671 2,581	1,706 2,645	1,759 2,754	1,765 2,698	AccommodationFood services and drinking places	83 84	1,667 7,016	1,713 7,218	1,738 6.875	1,683 6,944
Food and beverage stores General merchandise stores	41	2,354	2,416	2,754	2,555	Other services, except government	85	6,398	6,491	6,550	6,735
Other retail 3	42	7.197	7,359	7.575	7,463		86	18.849	19,128	19,390	19.797
Transportation and warehousing	43	4.385	4,472	4.562	4,410	Government	87	4,167	4,198	4,120	4.190
Air transportation	44	568	591	586	535	General government	88	3,370	3,416	3,342	3,395
Rail transportation	45	208	198	189	181	Civilian	89	1,821	1,869	1,794	1,816
Water transportation	46	52	54	53	52	Military 8	90	1,549	1,547	1,548	1,577
Truck transportation	47	1,536	1,565	1,572	1,548	Government enterprises	91	797	782	778	795
Transit and ground passenger	4.0	400	400	400	400	State and local	92	14,682	14,930	15,270	15,60
transportationPipeline transportation	48 49	406 45	403 44	436 44	439 41	General government	93 94	13,762 7.372	14,000 7,572	14,318 7,782	14,619 7.87
Other transportation and support	49	40	44	44	4"	Other 9	95	6,390	6,428	6,536	6.740
activities 4	50	1,101	1,138	1.191	1,125	Government enterprises 9	96	920	930	952	98
Warehousing and storage	51	470	479	491	489	Rest of the world 18	97	-441	-388	-424	-44
Information	52	3.328	3,478	3,525	3,322	1			-		

<sup>1.</sup> Equals the number of full-time equivalent employees plus the number of self-employed persons. Unpaid family workers are not included.
2. NAICS crop and animal production.
3. Consists of furniture and home furnishings stores; electronics and appliance stores; building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers; health and personal care stores; gasoline stations; clothing and clothing accessories stores; sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores; miscellaneous store retailers; and nonstore retailers.
4. Consists of scenic and sightseeing transportation; transportation support activities; and couriers and messengers.
5. Intagrible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights.
6. Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical consulting services; scientific research and development services; advertising and related services; and other professional, scientific, and technical services.
7. Consists of offices of bank and other holding companies and of corporate, subsidiary, and regional managing offices.
8. Includes the Coast Guard.
9. Employees of Indian tribal governments are classified in state and local government.
10. Includes estimates of foreign professional workers and undocumented Mexican migratory workers employed temporarily in the United States.
Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

**Table 6.10D. Employer Contributions for Government Social** Insurance by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Employer contributions for					
government social insurance	1	323,341	343,517	354,914	364,099
Domestic industries	2	323,341	343,517	354,914	364,099
Private industries	3	276,572	294,240	303,061	307.756
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	4	1,969	2,090	2,102	2,140
Mining	5	2,350	2,459	2.655	2,623
Utilities	6	2,545	2,672	2.803	2.845
Construction	7	18,833	20,228	21,362	21,853
Manufacturing	8	56,198	58,547	56.864	55,828
Durable goods	9	37,377	39,208	37,681	36,520
Nondurable goods	10	18,821	19,339	19,183	19,308
Wholesale trade	11	19,983	21,085	20.967	
Retail trade	12	24,840	26,103	27,179	
Transportation and warehousing	13	13,779	14,250	14,674	14,740
Information	14	13.878	15,155	15,155	14,519
Finance and insurance, real estate, rental,		, ,	· ·	,	' '
and leasing	15	26.123	28.343	30,404	30,848
Professional, and business services 1	16	45.837	50,624	52,151	51,996
Educational services, health care, and				,	.,
social assistance	17	30,830	32,218	35,255	38,530
Arts, entertainment, recreation,	'	0.,	52,2.5	31,200	55,555
accommodation, and food services	18	12.848	13,553	14.181	14,748
Other services, except government	19	6,559	6,913	7,307	7,681
Government	20	46,769	49,277	51,853	56,343
Rest of the world	21	.3,.00	,	5.,005	13,010

Consists of professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; and administrative and waste management services.
 Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System.

Table 6.12D. Nonfarm Proprietors' Income by Industry [Millions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Nonfarm proprietors' income	1	595,223	641,768	654,353	654,098
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	2	6,530	7,746	8,637	8,788
Mining	3	10,376	15,499	14,489	12,081
Utilities	4	14,467	16,104	17,566	18,308
Construction	5	72,684	74,921	79,433	81,682
Manufacturing	6	36.026	42,573	41,123	41,210
Durable goods		14,747	20,253	19,027	19,282
Nondurable goods	8	21,279	22,320	22,096	21,928
Wholesale trade	9	17,394	18,881	<b>16,77</b> 6	17,090
Retail trade	10	42,837	44,622	45,748	46,580
Transportation and warehousing	11	19,870	19,876	27,117	21,741
information	12	12,901	10,210	9,461	6,526
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and					
leasing	13	103,380	117,945	114,677	117,451
Finance and insurance	14	48,130	61,512	66,970	69,861
Real estate and rental and leasing	15	55,250	56,433	47,707	47,590
Professional and business services	16	153,782	163,201	164,727	166,626
Professional, scientific, and technical services	17	133,605 43,976	142,395 44.935	139,451	143,914
Legal services  Computer systems design and related	10	43,976	44,935	43,243	44,663
services	19	8.944	11,236	12.811	12.623
Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and			,		1-,1
technical services 1	20	80,685	86,224	83,397	86,628
Management of companies and enterprises;					
administrative and waste management services	21	20,177	20.806	25.276	22,712
Educational services, health care, and social	[ [	20,111	20,000	23,210	22,112
assistance	22	60.434	65,155	69.405	71.349
Educational services.	23	2,456	2.507	2.487	2.510
Health care and social assistance	24	57,978	62,648	66,918	68,839
Arts, entertainment, recreation,		·	,	· ·	
accommodation, and food services	25	18,661	17,087	15,466	14,281
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	26	11,311	10,831	10,655	10,489
Accommodation and food services	27	7,350	6,256	4,811	3,792
Other services, except government	28	25,881	27,948	29,728	30,385

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services; architectural, engineering, and related services; specialized design services; management, scientific, and technical consulting services; scientific research and development services; advertising and related services; and other professional, scientific, and technical services.
Nore. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System.

Table 6.14D. Inventory Valuation Adjustment to Nonfarm Incomes by Legal Form of Organization and by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Inventory valuation adjustment to					
nonfarm incomes	1	474	-15,684	10,424	-2,764
Corporate business	2	950	-14,077	9,125	-2.240
Mining	3	-138	-172	36	-272
Utilities	4	-152	-469	625	-351
Construction	5	-176	71	46	-195
Manufacturing	6	2,453	-9,037	2,880	1,117
Durable goods	7	2,376	-3,073	1,786	1,125
Nondurable goods	8	77	-5,964	1,094	-8
Wholesale trade	9	400	-1,979	3,853	-3,100
Retail trade	10	-1,070	-1,741	1,079	429
Transportation and warehousing	11	-393	-249	497	-400
Information	12	299	137	382	649
Other 1	13	-273	-638	-273	-117
Noncorporate business	14	-476	-1.607	1.299	-524
Mining	15	-84	-134	171	-172
Construction	16	-79	31	23	-90
Manufacturing	17	-45	-784	330	-129
Durable goods	18	58	-187	126	4
Nondurable goods	19	-103	-597	204	-133
Wholesale trade	20	11	-162	238	~204
Retail trade	21	-138	-264	264	37
Other 2	22	-130	-293	273	34

Table 6.15D. Net Interest by Industry

[Millions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net Interest	1	486,783	547,616	554.956	570,309
Domestic Industries	2	569,310	649,797	676,261	696,940
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	3	10,499	11.486	10,608	10,178
Mining	4	4.572	5,999	6.857	6.715
Utilities	5	19.871	23,954	27,209	26.570
Construction	6	5.762	7,558	7.780	7.058
Manufacturing	l 71	56,569	65,295	62.891	69,493
Durable goods	8	19,515	24.891	23,481	29,330
Nondurable goods	9	37,054	40,404	39,410	40.163
Wholesale trade	10	15,571	17.972	13.978	13.218
Retail trade	11	13,770	20.184	17.951	16,980
Transportation and warehousing	12	8,611	9,440	10,085	9.705
Information	13	24.273	28,245	36.357	36.726
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and	13	27,210	20,240	30,337	30,720
	14	364,165	420,994	443,981	484,351
leasing Finance and insurance	15	-37,377	-23,059	-34,499	-9.793
Real estate and rental and leasing	16	401.541	444.053	478,480	494,144
Professional and business services	17	22,468	12.151	12,420	-9.048
Professional, scientific, and technical	17	22,400	12, 131	12,420	-9,046
	18	1,582	1,124	889	623
services	19				
Management of companies and enterprises Administrative and waste management	19	18,079	6,504	6,972	-13,934
services	20	2.807	4.524	4.559	4.263
Educational services, health care, and social		_,	.,	,,,,,,,	,,
assistance	21	6.117	6.794	6.553	6.050
Arts, entertainment, recreation,	-	0,111	0,707	0,000	0,000
accommodation, and food services	22	14.837	17,253	17,117	16.643
Other services, except government	23	2,224	2.471	2,475	2,301
		' '			
Rest of the world	24	-82,526	-102,182	-121,305	-126,631
Receipts from the rest of the world	25	141,262	177,245	137,299	93,535
Less: Payments to the rest of the world	26	223,789	279,427	258,604	220,166

Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System.

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of forestry, fishing, and related activities; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.
2. Consists of forestry, fishing, and related activities; utilities; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.

Note. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System.

**Table 7.7. Business Current Transfer Payments by Type** 

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Business current transfer payments					
(net)	1	67.4	87.1	92.5	89.8
Payments to persons (net)	2	34.1	42.4	49.9	42.6
Insurance payments to persons by business	3	19.1	27.2	33.7	25.6
Automobilé insurance	4	12.8	13.8	15.2	16.5
Medical malpractice insurance	5	3.6	4.1	5.5	6.8
Net insurance settlements	6	2.8	9.4	13.0	2.3
Donations by corporate business to nonprofit	l i				
institutions serving households	7	10.7	10.7	11.4	12.0
Other 1	8	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1
Payments to government (net) 2	ا و	35.9	43.7	47.3	46.8
Payments to the rest of the world (net) 3	10	-2.6	1.0	-4.7	0.4

Table 7.13. Relation of Consumption of Fixed Capital in the National Income and Product Accounts to Depreciation and Amortization as Published by the Internal Revenue Service

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1 <b>9</b> 99	2000	2001	2002
Corporations					
Depreciation and amortization, IRS	1	678.0	718.7		
ess: Depreciation of assets of foreign branches	2	2.7	3.2		***************************************
Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets 1	3	56.1	67.2		
Other <sup>2</sup>	4	21.7	23.7		
Plus: Accidental damage to fixed capital other than repairable damage	5	5.3	4.7		
Depreciation of computer software not in IRS depreciation	6	84.3	99.4		
Depreciation of mining exploration, shafts, and wells charged to current expense	7	12.3	12.6		
Depreciation of motor vehicles not in IRS depreciation 3	8	5.5	5.7		
Depreciation of railroad track charged to current expense 4	9	***************************************			
Other 5	10	1.4	1.4		
Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPAs	11.	706.4	748.6	805.8	908,8
ess: Capital consumption adjustment		74.5	58.6	64.5	161.5
					747.3
Equals: Consumption of fixed capital, NIPAs	13	632.0	690.0	741.3	/4/.3
Nonfarm sole proprietorships and partnerships					
Depreciation and amortization, IRS	14	163.4	182.7	211.4	
ess: Depreciation or amortization of intangible assets 1	15	6.5	7.7	8.5	
Adjustment for misreporting on income tax returns		12.8	14.4	15.2	
Other <sup>5</sup>		0.8	0.9	0.9	
Plus: Accidental damage to fixed capital other than repairable damage	18	0.5	0.4	1.2	
Depreciation of computer software not in IRS depreciation	19	4.7	5.5	6.3	
Depreciation of mining exploration, shafts, and wells charged to current expense	20	3.0	3.2	3.5	Í
Depreciation of motor vehicles not in IRS depreciation 3	21	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Equals: Capital consumption allowances, NIPAs	22	151.9	169.2	198.3	240.0
ess: Capital consumption adjustment		55.4	66.0	90.5	130.4
Equals: Consumption of fixed capital, NIPAs		96.5	103.2	107.8	109.7
Lquais; Consumption of fixed capital, miras	24	90.5	103.2	107.6	109./

Consists largely of losses by business due to fraud and unrecovered thefts, corporate cash prizes, and payments from personal injury trust funds.
 For detail, see table 3.7.
 Consists of net insurance settlements paid to the rest of the world less net insurance settlements received from the rest of the world.

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of intangible assets that the IRS allows to be amortized.
2. Consists of depreciation of amortization of the following items: Breeding, dairy, and work animals; motion picture films; rental videocassettes; and rental clothing.
3. Consists of depreciation of employees' motor vehicles reimbursed by business and depreciation of business motor vehicles charged to current expense.
4. Beginning with 1991, included in IRS depreciation (line 1).
5. Consists of depreciation of assets owned by Federal Reserve banks, Federally sponsored credit agencies, credit unions, and nonprofit institutions serving business; depreciation of interest paid by public utilities for own-account investment prior to 1987 (beginning with 1987, included in line 1).
6. Consists of depreciation or amortization of rental videocassettes and rental clothing.
IRS Internal Revenue Service
NIPAs National income and product accounts

Table 7.15. Relation of Net Farm Income in the National Income and Product Accounts to Net Farm Income as Published by the U.S. **Department of Agriculture** 

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Net farm income, USDA	1	46.8	47.8	50.6	35.3
farm capital, USDAFarm housing expenses excluding	2	17.8	18.0	18.3	19.1
depreciation	3	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.4
corporationsValuation adjustment, Commodity Credit	4	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.4
Corporation loans	5	-1.5	-1.9	-0.4	0.1
inventories	6	-1.1	0.6	-0.6	-0.2
Less: Consumption of fixed capital, NIPAs Gross rental value of farm housing.	7	21.2	21.3	21.7	22.1
USDA Patronage dividends received from	8	10.2	10.7	11.4	11.3
cooperatives	9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Other 1	10	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.7
Equals: Farm proprietors' income and corporate profits with inventory valuation					
and capital consumption adjustments	11	32.9	35.2	36.8	23.2
Proprietors' income	12	28.6	22.7	25.0	14.3
Corporate profits	13	4.3	12.5	11.8	9.0

Consists largely of salaries paid to certain farm operators.
USDA U.S. Department of Agriculture

Table 7.17. Relation of Monetary Interest Paid and Received in the National Income and Product Accounts to Corresponding Measures as Published by the Internal Revenue Service

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	1999	2000	2001	2002
Corporations					
Interest paid, IRS	1	1.019.0	1,271,7	1,203.9	
Less: Interest paid by foreign branches of commercial banks	Ιà	17.1	29.1	16.6	
Plus: Interest paid by organizations not filing corporation income tax returns	3	42.4	56.5	49.4	
Federally sponsored credit agencies	4	27.8	40.2	32.4	
Other '	5	14.6	16.3	17.0	
Interest paid by regulated investment companies reported as distributions to stockholders	6	118.2	143.5	124.5	
Adjustment for mutual savings banks and savings and loan associations	7	1.9	2.0	<b>9</b> .6	
Other 2	8	8.2	8.9	8.8	
Equals: Monetary interest paid by corporations, NIPAs	9	1,172.5	1,453.5	1,3 <b>79.6</b>	1,200.0
Nonfarm proprietorships and partnerships					
Interest paid, IRS	10	85.4	104.8	109.6	
Plus: Interest reported on rental expense schedule	11	68.7	78.8	83.3	***************************************
Interest passed through to partners	12	20.1	28.8	30.4	
Interest capitalized on tax returns	13	0.9	1.0	1.0	
Less: Adjustment for misreporting on income tax returns	14	13.5	16.5	17.1	
Equals: Monetary interest paid, NIPAs	15	161.7	196.8	207.1	205.0
Corporations					
Interest received, IRS	16	1,353.6	1,628.0	1,549.5	
Less: Interest received by foreign branches of commercial banks	17	11.5	11.8	11.1	
Plus: Interest received by organizations not filing corporation income tax returns	18	89.3	110.6	102.0	
Federal Reserve banks	19	29.3	34.0	31.9	
Federally sponsored credit agencies		30.7	44.5	36.6	
Other 3	21	29.2	32.1	33.5	
Augustinaria for mutuan savings barnes and savings and loan associations	22	11.0 13.8	12.4 16.7	18.3 15.0	
Other 4 Equals: Monetary interest received by corporations, NIPAs	24	1.456.1	1.756.0	1.673.8	1,498.1

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of interest paid by nonprofit organizations serving business and by credit unions.
2. Consists of construction interest capitalized on tax returns, interest reported on tax returns in cost of goods sold, and interest passed through to shareholders by small business corporations.
3. Consists of nonprofit organizations serving business, of credit unions, and of other tax-exempt interest received by commercial banks and nonlife insurance carriers.
4. Consists of interest received by credit agencies and finance companies reported as business receipts on tax returns and of interest passed through to shareholders by small business corporations.
Nore. Total interest received by financial proprietorships and partnerships is not separately identified by the IRS.
IRS Internal Revenue Service
NIPAs National income and product accounts

36 March 2004

### **Errata**

### Sources of the Revisions to Selected Income Components

In "Improved Estimates of the National Income and Product Accounts for 1929–2002" in the February 2004 SUVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, table 9 incorrectly reported the sources of the revisions

to taxes on production and imports and to business current transfer payments for 1959, 1987, 1992, and 1997. The correct sources are provided in the table below.

Table 9. Revisions to Other Income Components
[Billions of dollars]

	1959	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002
Taxes on production and imports <sup>1</sup>	-0.8	-21.4	-26.8	-34.2	-44.7	-45.0	-40.3
Definitional	-0.4	-13.6	-24.5	-29.7	-43.7	-47.3	-46.8
Reclassification of nontaxes as transfers	-0.4	-13.6	-24.5	-29.7	-43.7	-47.3	-46.8
Statistical	-0.4	-7.8	<b>-2</b> .3	<b>−4.5</b>	-1.0	2.3	6.5
Less: Subsidies	0.0	-1.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.0	-8.0
Definitional	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Statistical	0.0	-1.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.0	-8.0
Business current transfer payments	0.4	9.6	14.3	13.1	43.4	50.0	45.7
Definitional	0.3	9.3	14.7	13.1	43.9	47.1	40.3
Reclassification of nontaxes as transfers	0.4	13.6	24.5	29.7	43.7	47.3	46.8
New treatment of insurance services	0.0	-0.9	-4.3	-7.7	10.4	9.0	2.7
Reclassification of nonresident taxes paid by domestic corporations	-0.1	-3.4	-5.5	-8.9	-10.2	-9.2	-9.2
Statistical	0.1	0.3	<b>−</b> 0.4	0.0	<b>−0.5</b>	2.9	5.4
Current surplus of government enterprises	0.0	0.0	0.1	-1.3	-4.8	-6.8	-10.9
Definitional	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	8.0
Reclassification of Indian tribal governments	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	8.0
Statistical	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.7	-5.4	-7.5	-11.7

<sup>1.</sup> Revisions are calculated by comparing the new series "taxes on production and imports" with the previously published series "indirect business tax and nontax liabilities."



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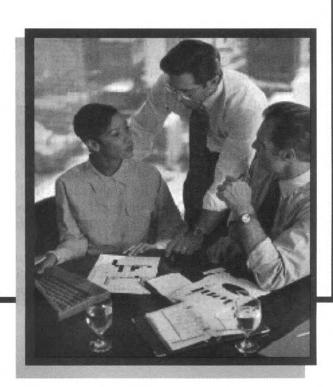
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38 March 2004

# Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Annual Industry Accounts

## Integrating the Annual Input-Output Accounts and the Gross-Domestic-Product-by-Industry Accounts

By Brian C. Moyer, Mark A. Planting, Mahnaz Fahim-Nader, and Sherlene K. S. Lum

In JUNE, the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) will release the initial results of its comprehensive revision of the annual industry accounts. The centerpiece of this revision is the integration of the annual input-output (I-O) accounts and the gross-domestic-product-(GDP)-by-industry accounts for 1998–2002. For the first time, the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts will be released concurrently and will present consistent measures of gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added by industry.

Integration can be achieved through a variety of methods. For example, many countries produce integrated annual I-O accounts and GDP-by-industry accounts by assuming that the industry ratios of intermediate inputs to gross output do not change from the most recent set of benchmark I-O accounts; these ratios are then used to estimate a time series of value added by industry from annual source data on gross output by industry. BEA has taken a different approach in developing an integration methodology because of the richness of the source data that are available in the United States; for example, the Bureau of the Census, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Internal Revenue Service provide data that can be used to estimate value added by industry. However, the quality of these source data varies by data series and by industry; as a result, BEA has developed an integration methodology that ranks the available source data by quality and estimates a balanced set of annual I-O accounts and GDP-by-industry accounts that incorporate a weighted average of these source data on the basis of their relative quality. In this manner, BEA's integrated annual I-O accounts and GDP-by-industry accounts will provide a more consistent and a more accurate set of estimates.

This integration is the most recent improvement in a series of improvements to the industry accounts. As outlined in its strategic plan, BEA continues to make significant improvements to its industry accounts. These improvements include the following: Resuming the publication of the annual I-O accounts; accelerating the release of the annual I-O accounts to within 3 years after the end of the reference year; expanding the GDP-by-industry accounts to include gross output and intermediate inputs for all industries; developing an accelerated set of GDP-by-industry accounts that are available with a lag of just 4 months after the end of the reference year; and continuing to work closely with the Bureau of the Census on new initiatives to improve the quality and the timeliness of the source data used to prepare the industry accounts. With these improvements, general improvements to the quality of industry source data, and improvements to data-processing systems, BEA is now ready to integrate the annual 1-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts.1

This comprehensive revision undertakes the integration of the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts, but BEA's long-run goal is the "full" integration of all the industry accounts, including the benchmark I-O accounts, and the integration of the industry accounts with the national income and product accounts (NIPAs).<sup>2</sup> Integration with the NIPAs will allow the industry accounts to provide annual feedback to the NIPAs that could potentially improve the commodity composition of GDP. Full integration is expected in the 2008–2010 timeframe when the neces-

<sup>1.</sup> For a discussion on integrating the industry accounts, see Robert E. Yuskavage, "Priorities for Industry Accounts at BEA" (paper presented at the meeting of the BEA Advisory Committee, Washington, DC, November 17, 2000). The paper is available at BEA's Web site < www.bea.gov>.

<sup>2.</sup> In addition, it is BEA's long-run goal to integrate the industry accounts and NIPAs with related regional accounts, namely gross state product (GSP) by industry and regional I-O multiplier estimates. Consistency between the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts will improve the quality of the GSP accounts, and any increase in timeliness of the GDP-by-industry estimates will be reflected in more speedy delivery of the GSP estimates. Consistent and better measures of value added would also potentially strengthen the links between the GSP accounts and the regional I-O multiplier estimates.

sary data on intermediate inputs by industry will be available from the 2002 Economic Census and from the annual surveys that are currently being collected and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census.

This article presents the integration methodology that is being used for 1998–2002 and for future updates. An article in the June issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS will describe the results of the comprehensive revision to the annual industry accounts, including the conversion to the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) back to 1998 and the release of the accelerated GDP-by-industry estimates for 2003.<sup>3</sup>

Highlights of the integration methodology are as follows.

- It allows BEA to incorporate the most timely and highest quality source data into both the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts.
- •The annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts will be released concurrently for 1998–2002, and for the first time, both sets of accounts will present fully consistent measures of gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added by industry.
- The quality of the annual industry accounts will be improved because the accounts will be prepared within a balanced I-O framework; that is, all the components of the accounts will be in agreement within a balanced row-and-column framework.
- The release of the annual I-O accounts will be accelerated by 2 years in a sequence of two steps that will be completed by the fall of 2004, when they will be released 1 year after the end of the reference year.
- For the first time, the 1998–2002 annual I-O accounts will be a consistent time series; they will be more useful for analyses of trends over time.

This article is presented in two parts. The first part presents the rationale for integration. The second part describes the integration methodology.

### The Rationale for Integration

BEA prepares two sets of industry accounts: The I-O accounts, which consists of the benchmark I-O accounts and the annual I-O accounts, and the GDP-by-industry accounts. Both the I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts present measures of gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added by industry; however, these measures have not been consistent across the two sets of accounts, because of the use of different methodologies and different source data.

The goal of the integration is to eliminate these inconsistencies and to improve the accuracy of both sets of accounts

In this part, the methodologies used to prepare each set of accounts are reviewed, the relative strengths of each methodology are discussed, and the benefits of integrating the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts are described.

### I-O accounts methodology

The benchmark I-O accounts are prepared every 5 years and are based on data from the quinquennial economic censuses. These accounts present a detailed picture of how industries interact to provide inputs to, and use output from, each other to produce the Nation's GDP.<sup>4</sup> The annual I-O accounts update the most recent benchmark I-O accounts. The annual I-O accounts are more timely than the benchmark I-O accounts, but they are generally less detailed because they rely on annual survey data.<sup>5</sup> At present, the I-O accounts are prepared only in current dollars. <sup>6</sup>

Both the benchmark and the annual I-O accounts are prepared within a balanced row-and-column framework that is presented in two tables: A "make" table and a "use" table. The make table shows the commodities that are produced by each industry, and the use table shows the commodities that are used in industry production and that are consumed by final users. In the use table, the columns consist of industries and final uses (chart 1). The column total for an industry is its gross output (consisting of sales or receipts, other operating income, commodity taxes, and inventory change). The rows in the use table consist of commodities and value added. The commodities are the goods and services that are produced by industries or imported and that are consumed either by industries in the production process or by final users. The commodities consumed by industries in the production process are referred to as intermediate inputs (consisting of energy, materials, and purchased services). Value added in the I-O accounts is computed as a residual—that is, as gross output less intermediate inputs by industry. In concept, this residual, which represents the sum of the costs incurred and the incomes earned in production, consists of compensation

<sup>3.</sup> The June release of the comprehensive revision will not include accelerated annual I-O accounts for 2003.

<sup>4.</sup> For more information, see Ann M. Lawson, Kurt S. Bersani, Mahnaz Fahim-Nader, and Jiemin Guo, "Benchmark Input-Output Accounts of the United States, 1997," Survey of Current Business 82 (December 2002): 19–109.

<sup>5.</sup> For more information, see Mark A. Planting and Peter D. Kuhbach, "Annual Input-Output Accounts of the U.S. Economy, 1998," SURVEY 81 (December 2001): 41-70.

<sup>6.</sup> BEA is beginning research to explore the feasibility of preparing real (inflation-adjusted) I-O accounts.

Chart 1. Use Table: Commodities Used by Industries and Final Uses

Market   Market	was part of the control behaviory (a base) from the control behavi	Agricultur fishing, at Mi									Industries									4		Fina	Final Uses		-	t
5		Agriculture fishing, ar	Agricultur forestry, fishing, an hunting	All Mining Utilities Construction						Real estate and rental and leasing	Professional, scientific, and technical services			Her ducational an services ass	Audith care Audith care enterta	uts, Accor ainment, an creation se	of food e evices				Private fixed investment		ports Impo cods of goo nd and ices servic	Arts consumption dis expenditure and gross as investmen		GDP Commodity Output
9		M	e, forestry,				H	H			0									211						2000
9			ing																				$\mathbb{H}$			
5		OBIN	Dies																			-	_			
5		Consti	uction							-					-							-	+		ं	
5		Manufacture	ad products				_			1									_						1217	
5		Wholesa	ele trade																				H			
5		Retail	trade																				Н			
5		Transport	ation and																							
5		wareh	ousing				+	+	-		$\dagger$	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	_		+	+			
5		Finance and	dinsurance																							
9		Real estate	and rental			$\vdash$																	L			
5		Professions	leasing al, scientific,			$\dagger$	+	-						$\vdash$	-	+	+	+	+	_		$\vdash$	H			
9		and technik	cal services			+	+	+	1		+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4	1	+	+	-		
9		Manage	ement of ies and																				_			
9		_	prises		1	+	+	+	1		+	+	$\dagger$	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		+	+	1		
9			rative and nagement																	_						
3		Fducations	al services			+	-	-			T	-		_	-	+		$\vdash$	H	_		$\vdash$	$\vdash$			
9		Health care	and social																				L	-		
		assis	lance		1	+	+	+	1		+	+	$\dagger$	+	+	+	$\dagger$	+	+	+	†	+	+	1		
9		Arts, enterts	ainment, and ation				-	-			+	+	1	1	-	-		+	+			+	+			
9		Accommo	dation and												1								_			
9		Other servi	ces, except																							
9		долен	nment			+	+	+	1		+	+		+	+	+	+	+		+		+	+	1		
9		Gover	mment			+	+	-	-					+	-	+		+	+	_		+	╀	L		
5		Other is	/1/ stndu		1	$\dagger$	+	+	_		$\dagger$		+	+	+	+	+	+		+	1	+	+	1		
9		Total interm.	ediate inputs				-	-			1	1	1		-	+	1	+		4		+	$\dashv$	4		
9		Compen	sation of	<i>y</i> 1														14.5		_						
Goos operating surplus			oduction and ss subsidies														-									
Total Industry Output		Gross opera	string surplus																							
odal Industry Output		To	leti				$\ $		Ц			1		1	$\parallel$	$\parallel$	H	Н	+							
		Total Industry Output																								

of employees, gross operating surplus, and taxes on production and imports, less subsidies. GDP equals valued added summed over all industries, and it also equals final uses summed over all commodities.

At BEA, the I-O accounts have traditionally served two major purposes, both of which have focused on information about the use of commodities. First, the accounts provide the NIPAs with best-level estimates for the commodities that compose GDP in a benchmark year. Second, they provide the NIPAs with information on the split between intermediate inputs and final uses of commodities for the years after a benchmark year, which is critical for GDP determination. GDP measures final uses, while most source data commingle intermediate-use and final-use information. Because of their importance in determining the levels of GDP in the NIPAs, the I-O accounts have traditionally focused more on the commodity composition of the economy and less on the measures of value added by industry.

### GDP-by-industry accounts methodology

In contrast to the I-O accounts, the GDP-by-industry accounts have traditionally focused on the industry composition of the economy and the measures of value added by industry; therefore, the GDP-by-industry accounts are ideally suited for analysis of industry shares of GDP and contributions to GDP growth. The GDP-by-industry accounts provide time series estimates of gross output, of intermediate inputs, and of value added by industry and the corresponding price and quantity indexes.<sup>8</sup> Gross output by industry in these accounts is computed by taking best-level estimates from the most recent set of benchmark I-O accounts and by using the annual survey data as extrapolators.

The measures of value added by industry are derived from the industry distributions of the components of gross domestic income (GDI) from the NIPAs. The GDI-based measures of value added by industry represent the sum of the costs incurred and the in-

comes earned in production and are estimated as the sum of the industry distributions of compensation of employees, gross operating surplus, and taxes on production and imports, less subsidies. These industry distributions incorporate additional annual survey data and source data from annual tax returns and administrative records. In the GDP-by-industry accounts, intermediate inputs by industry are measured as a residual—that is, gross output less value added by industry. Finally, gross output and intermediate inputs by industry are deflated using detailed price indexes to produce price indexes and quantity indexes of gross output, of intermediate inputs, and of value added by industry.

### Relative strengths of each methodology

The primary strength of the I-O accounts methodology is the balanced row-and-column framework in which the detailed estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry are prepared; this framework allows for a simultaneous look at both the industry composition and the commodity composition of the economy. The primary strength of the GDP-by-industry accounts methodology is the direct approach to estimating a time series of value added by industry from high quality source data.

The strength of a balanced framework is demonstrated in chart 1. A balanced use table ensures that the industry estimates of the I-O accounts (the column totals) are in balance with the commodity estimates of the I-O accounts (the row totals). This framework tracks all of the detailed input and output flows in the economy and guarantees that each commodity that is produced is either consumed by industries as an intermediate input or is consumed by final users. An imbalance in the use table—for example, too little, or too much, supply of a commodity after intermediate inputs by industry and final uses have been accounted for-may indicate a problem with the measures of gross output or intermediate inputs by industry, so a balanced framework provides a "consistency check" for the data in the use table. The I-O accounts are prepared within a balanced framework, but currently, there is no comparable procedure to balance industries and commodities in the GDP-by-industry accounts.

The strength of the GDP-by-industry methodology is that the estimates of value added by industry are derived directly from high quality source data, so these measures generally provide better estimates of value added for industries for which the I-O estimates of value added are considered weak. Several factors affect the quality of the GDP-by-industry estimates on an industry-by-industry basis. For example, gross operating

<sup>7.</sup> Previously, these costs and incomes were classified as either compensation of employees, property-type income, or indirect business tax and nontax liability. These new classifications are consistent with the aggregations introduced as part of the comprehensive NIPA revision; see Brent R. Moulton and Eugene P. Seskin, "Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Changes in Definitions and Classifications," Survey 83 (June 2003): 17–34. Specifically, all the nontax liabilities except special assessments are removed from indirect business tax and nontax liability, and the remainder of this category is renamed taxes on production and imports; the nontax liabilities except special assessments are added to property-type income; subsidies are removed from property-type income, and the remainder of this category is renamed gross operating surplus; and subsidies are netted against the value of taxes on production and imports.

<sup>8.</sup> For more information, see Sherlene K.S. Lum, Brian C. Moyer, and Robert E. Yuskavage, "Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry for 1947–98," SURVEY 80 (June 2000): 24–54.

surplus, one component of value added by industry, includes several items—such as corporate profits before tax, corporate net interest, and corporate capital consumption allowances—that are based on corporate tax return data from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Because the consolidated tax return data of an enterprise may account for activities in several industries, BEA must convert these enterprise-based, or company-based, data to an establishment, or plant, basis. The conversion can introduce errors because it is based on the employment of establishments that is cross-classified by enterprises and because it is based on relationships from an economic census year that are likely to change over time.

In addition, proprietors' income, another component of gross operating surplus, can introduce errors because the industry distributions of proprietors' income are based on incomplete source data. Industries with large shares of value added that are accounted for by proprietors' income are regarded as having estimates of value-added that are of lower quality.<sup>9</sup>

The GDP-by-industry value-added measures may be of a higher or lower quality than the value-added measure in the benchmark I-O accounts, depending on industry-specific information. For an industry with high quality data on gross output and intermediate inputs, the measure of value added in the benchmark I-O accounts may be better than the GDP-by-industry measure, particularly when the amount of enterpriseestablishment adjustment for the industry is significant or when the share of proprietors' income in the industry is significant. Alternatively, for an industry with little enterprise-establishment adjustment and a small share of proprietors' income, the GDP-by-industry measure may be considerably better than the benchmark I-O measure, particularly if the coverage of gross output and intermediate inputs in the quinquennial economic census is low. For the 1997 benchmark I-O accounts, less than half of the economy-wide intermediate inputs were covered by the economic census; for many industries, this low coverage results in a lower quality measure of value added in the benchmark I-O accounts.

In contrast to the benchmark I-O measures, the GDP-by-industry value-added measures are always preferred to the annual I-O measures. The annual I-O estimates of intermediate inputs by industry are currently sparse and unable to yield high quality measures

of value added by industry.10

### Benefits of the integration methodology

The integration methodology incorporates the relative strengths from both the I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts. It yields a set of annual I-O accounts and GDP-by-industry accounts that are prepared within a balanced framework and that incorporate the most timely and best source data, including the GDI-based measures of value added from the GDP-by-industry accounts. It ensures the consistency of the estimates of gross output, of intermediate inputs, and of value added by industry in both the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts.

The benefits of integration, however, go beyond consistency and the use of the best available source data. Because the annual I-O accounts will be estimated concurrently with the GDP-by-industry accounts, they will be released on an accelerated schedule. The 2002 annual I-O table, scheduled for release in June 2004, will be released 18 months rather than 36 months after the end of the reference year. In addition, beginning in the fall of 2004, the annual I-O accounts will adopt the revision schedule of the NIPAs; the revised tables for 2001 and 2002 and new tables for 2003 will be released. The revised I-O estimates that are consistent with the annually revised NIPA estimates provide users with yet another level of consistency. Finally, the integration methodology will impose a time series consistency on the annual I-O tables, making the tables more useful for analyses of trends over time.

A further benefit of the integration methodology is a "feedback loop" to the NIPAs that is demonstrated by examining the relationships among the national accounts (chart 2). Before the integration of the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts, the benchmark I-O accounts provided the following: A starting point for updating the annual I-O accounts (arrow 1), the best-level estimates of gross output to the GDP-by-industry accounts (arrow 2), and the bestlevel estimates and commodity splits of GDP to the NIPAs (arrow 3). The NIPAs provided estimates of GDI by industry to the GDP-by-industry accounts (arrow 4) and information on the annual composition of GDP to the annual I-O accounts (arrow 5). The integration results in an exchange of information between the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts (arrow 6), and it also provides a feedback loop to the NIPAs (arrow 7). Because the integrated indus-

<sup>9.</sup> Proprietors' income is defined here to equal the sum of NIPA estimates for proprietors' income without inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) and capital consumption adjustment (CCAdj), proprietors' net interest, proprietors' capital consumption allowance, and proprietors' IVA. The NIPA adjustment to nonfarm proprietors' income without IVA and CCAdj for misreporting on income tax returns will be shown in NIPA table 7.14 "Relation of Nonfarm Proprietors' Income in the National Income and Product Accounts to Corresponding Measures as Published by the Internal Revenue Service."

<sup>10.</sup> The Bureau of the Census has recently undertaken initiatives to improve the coverage of intermediate inputs by industry in several of its annual surveys. For example, the Annual Survey of Manufactures has expanded its coverage to include purchased services by industry and the Service Annual Survey has initiated the collection of information on expenses by industry.

try accounts will be prepared within a balanced framework, they will provide annual estimates of the commodity composition of GDP that could potentially be used to improve the NIPA measures of GDP.

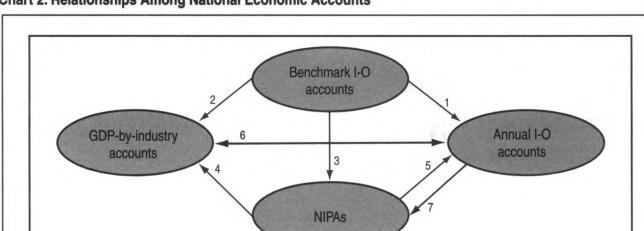
Finally, integration of the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts is the first step towards BEA's long-run goal of the full integration across all of the industry accounts, including the benchmark I-O accounts, and integration of the industry accounts with the NIPAs. The framework used to integrate the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts could be extended to accommodate the integration of the benchmark I-O accounts and the NIPAs. Under full integration, the benchmark I-O accounts would provide the best measures of value added by industry because they would incorporate the most comprehensive and highest quality information on gross output and intermediate inputs by industry. In addition, the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts would incorporate annual data on intermediate inputs by industry, so that the annual measures of value added by industry would be independent of the NIPA measures of GDI and would therefore enhance the feedback loop to the NIPAs. Full integration is expected in the 2008-2010 timeframe when the necessary data on intermediate inputs by industry will be available from the 2002 Economic Census and from the annual surveys that are currently being collected and tabulated by the Bureau of the Census. As part of additional data-sharing initiatives, the sources of the differences in data from other Federal statistical agencies will become more apparent, and BEA will be able to further enhance the consistency and quality of its fully integrated accounts.

### Integration Methodology

The methodology, including the source data and the estimating procedures that will be used to integrate the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts is discussed in this section. The methodology is described in a sequence of five steps: (1) Establishing a level of detail for both industries and commodities; (2) revising the previously published 1997 benchmark I-O accounts that will serve as a reference point for the integrated accounts; (3) developing a time series for the annual estimates of value added by industry for 1998–2002; (4) updating and balancing the annual I-O accounts for 1998-2002 on the basis of the revised 1997 benchmark I-O accounts and on the 1998-2002 estimates of value added by industry; and (5) preparing price and quantity indexes for the GDPby-industry accounts for 1998-2002.

### Level of industry and commodity detail

The first step in integrating the annual I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts is to establish the level of detail that can be used for both sets of accounts. Table A shows this detail and the corresponding 1997 NAICS industry codes. 11 For the annual I-O accounts, the level of detail applies to both industries



**Chart 2. Relationships Among National Economic Accounts** 

GDP Gross domestic product I-O Input-output NIPAs National Income and product accounts

U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>11.</sup> Table A omits the statistical discrepancy that has traditionally appeared as an industry in the GDP-by-industry accounts. This omission in the integrated accounts reflects the use of a balanced framework in which the statistical discrepancy is implicitly spread among industries. In addition, table A does not include an industry for the IVA, which has traditionally been shown in the I-O accounts. The IVA is included as a secondary product in industry gross output and as a separate commodity in final uses.

**Table A. Industries and Commodities in the Integrated Accounts** 

1997 NAICS industries	1997 NAICS codes
All industries	
Private industries	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	11
FarmsForestry, fishing, and related activities	111, 112   113, 114, 115
Mining	21
Oil and gas extraction	211
Mining, except oil and gas	212
Support activities for mining	213
Utilities	22
Construction	23
Manufacturing  Durable goods	31, 32, 33 33, 321, 327
Wood products	321
Nonmetallic mineral products	327
Primary metals	331 332
Machinery	333
Computer and electronic products	334
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	335 3361, 3362, 3363
Other transportation equipment	3364, 3365, 3366, 3369
Furniture and related products	337
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339 31, 32 (except 321 and 327)
Food and beverage and tobacco products	311, 312
Textile mills and textile product mills	313, 314   315, 316
Paper products	322
Printing and related support activities	323
Petroleum and coal products	324 325
Plastics and rubber products	326
Wholesale trade	42
Retail trade	44, 45
Transportation and warehousing	48, 49
Air transportation	481
Rail transportation	482 483
Truck transportation	484
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485
Pipeline transportation Other transportation and support activities	486 487, 488, 492
Warehousing and storage	493
Information	51
Publishing industries (includes software)	511
Motion picture and sound recording industries  Broadcasting and telecommunications	512 513
Information and data processing services	
Finance and Insurance	52
Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and related activities	521, 522   523
Securities, commodity contracts, and investments  Insurance carriers and related activities	524
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	525
Real estate and rental and leasing	53
Real estate	531   532, 533
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54
Legal services	5411
Computer systems design and related services	5415
Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical services	5412-5414, 5416-5419
Management of companies and enterprises	55 56
Administrative and waste management services	561
Waste management and remediation services	562
Educational services	61
Health care and social assistance	62
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	621
Social assistance	622, 623 624
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71
Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	711, 712
Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	713
Accommodation and food services	72
Accommodation	<b>721</b>   722
Other services, except government	81
Government	92
Federal	n.a.
General government	n.a.
Government enterprises	n.a.
State and local	n.a. n.a.
Government enterprises	n.a.
n.a. Not applicable.	

n.a. Not applicable.

and commodities. The integrated industry accounts will be published at the level shown in table A; but the estimation procedures for most of the other steps are applied at a finer level of industry and commodity detail in order to ensure the best aggregate estimates.

#### Revised 1997 benchmark I-O accounts

The second step in the integration process is to revise the previously published 1997 benchmark I-O accounts, because the integrated annual I-O accounts and GDP-by-industry accounts will be based on the relationships and levels set by the revised accounts. The revisions are from two sources.

First, the 1997 benchmark I-O accounts are modified to incorporate the definitional, methodological, and statistical changes from the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision. Incorporating these changes ensures that the integrated accounts for 1998–2002 are consistent with the levels of GDP in the NIPAs. The major NIPA changes and their effects on the 1997 benchmark I-O accounts are summarized in table B.

Second, after the NIPA revisions are incorporated, the level and the composition of value added for each industry are further modified on the basis of information from both the I-O accounts and the GDP-by-industry accounts.<sup>12</sup> As discussed above, value added by industry in the I-O accounts is computed as the difference between gross output and intermediate inputs by industry, and value added by industry in the GDP-by-

Table B. NIPA Changes Incorporated into the 1997 Benchmark Input-Output (I-O) Accounts

NIPA changes ¹	I-O components affected
Recognize the implicit services provided by property and casualty insurance companies and provide a more appropriate treatment of insured losses.	Industry and commodity gross output for insurance carriers and related activities; intermediate inputs and gross operating surplus for all industries; final uses.
Allocate a portion of the implicit services of commercial banks to borrowers.	Industry and commodity gross output for Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation and related activities; intermediate inputs and gross operating surplus for all industries; final uses.
Redefine change in private farm inventories to include farm materials and supplies.	Intermediate inputs and gross operating surplus for the farms industry; change in private inventories.
Reclassify Indian tribal government activities from the private sector to the state and local government sector.	Gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added for the amusements, gambling, and recreation; accommodation; and state and local government enterprises industries; state and local general government.
Reclassify military grants-in-kind as exports.	Federal general government; exports.
Recognize explicitly the services produced by general government and treat government purchases of goods and services as intermediate inputs.	Gross output and intermediate inputs for the state and local general government and Federal general government industries.
Reclassify business nontax liability as current transfer payments to government and as rent and royalties to government.	Taxes on production and imports, less subsidies and gross operating surplus for all industries; gross output for the rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets industry; purchases of the rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets commodity by selected industries.

 <sup>1.</sup> For details, see Brent R. Moulton and Eugene P. Seskin, "Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Changes in Definitions and Classifications," Survey of Current Business 83 (June

2003): 20.

NIPA National income and product account

<sup>12.</sup> The GDP-by-industry value added that is based on the NIPA GDI estimates will also incorporate the results from the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision.

industry accounts is computed from the industry distributions of GDI from the NIPAs. In general, these two measures of value added for an industry will differ. Because a major benefit of integrating the two sets of accounts is to incorporate the best available information from each, a "combined" value added by industry is computed and incorporated into the 1997 benchmark I-O accounts.<sup>13</sup>

The combined value added by industry is an average with weights determined by criteria that indicate the relative quality of the benchmark I-O measure of value added and the GDP-by-industry measure of value added. In general, these criteria are based on the quality of the source data used for each set of accounts. The criteria for the benchmark I-O accounts include the following:

- The percent of intermediate inputs by industry that are covered by source data from the quinquennial economic census, and
- The percent of an industry's total gross output that is accounted for by the quinquennial economic census.

The criteria for the GDP-by-industry accounts include the following:

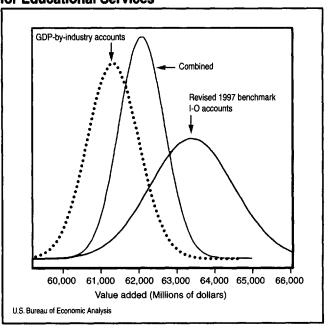
- The quality and the percent of adjustments that are made to convert the enterprise-based, profit-type income data to an establishment basis, and
- The percent of an industry's value added that is accounted for by proprietors' income.

For both the benchmark I-O accounts and the GDPby-industry accounts, these criteria, along with expert analyst judgment, are applied at the industry level shown in table A in order to identify point estimates and estimates of variance for each industry's measure of value added.14 For each industry, these point estimates and estimates of variance are used to develop probability distributions of value added by industry for each set of accounts. Each probability distribution represents a measure of the likelihood that the "true" value added takes on a particular value, given the available source data. The distributions are then combined to produce a combined measure of value added by industry. Essentially, the combined measure is an average of the two point estimates; the weights are determined by the relative variances—a point estimate with a smaller variance receives a larger weight.

Chart 3 provides an example of the process used for the educational services industry. The point estimate of value added is \$63.4 billion from the revised 1997 benchmark I-O accounts and \$61.3 billion from the GDP-by-industry accounts. The related probability distribution for each point estimate is shown in chart 3. Note that the GDP-by-industry distribution is more peaked—that is, it has a smaller variance—than the distribution from the I-O accounts. The smaller variance indicates a relatively better GDP-by-industry estimate, which is the result of the small amount of enterprise-establishment adjustments made to the GDI data for this industry. In contrast, the larger variance of the probability distribution of the point estimate for the benchmark I-O accounts is the result of the limited coverage of this industry's gross output and intermediate inputs in the quinquennial economic census. As expected, the combined estimate of \$62.1 billion is closer to the GDP-by-industry estimate than to the I-O estimate. Because more information is used to make this combined estimate, its overall quality is higher than that for either of the individual estimates, as shown by their distributions in chart 3.

After the two sets of revisions have been made to the 1997 benchmark I-O accounts, it is then balanced. For this balancing, each industry's new measure of value added is fixed, and total intermediate inputs is estimated. Balancing ensures that the use of commodities equals the supply of commodities, the sum of value added and intermediate inputs by industry equals gross output by industry, and the sum of final uses equals published GDP for 1997. The revised 1997

Chart 3. Probability Distributions of Value Added for Educational Services



<sup>13.</sup> The estimates of "compensation of employees" and "taxes on production and imports, less subsidies" in the revised 1997 benchmark I-O accounts are consistent with those published in the NIPAs. For census-covered industries, the compensation in the previously published 1997 benchmark I-O accounts was based on the 1997 Economic Census. See Lawson, et al., 31.

<sup>14.</sup> The estimates are prepared at this level of detail because the industry distributions of GDI are available at this level. These estimates are allocated to more detailed industries when the revised benchmark I-O table is balanced. Source data for 1997 were not available on a 1997 NAICS basis for all of the components of GDI. For selected components, BEA converted data from the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification basis to the 1997 NAICS basis.

benchmark I-O accounts then provide a starting point for preparing the annual I-O accounts for 1998-2002.

### A time series of value added for 1998–2002

A time series of value added by industry is prepared by extrapolating the revised 1997 benchmark I-O estimates of value added by industry forward to 1998-2002 using the GDI-based measure of value added by industry. The components of GDI that compose value added by industry and information on the major source data and on the industrial distribution for each component are shown in table C.

As discussed above, the quality of the GDI-based value-added measures depends on a number of factors, including the adjustments to convert enterprise-based, profit-type GDI data to an establishment basis. Nevertheless, these measures provide preferred indicators of value-added growth when compared with the annual I-O residual methodology primarily because the annual I-O source data on intermediate inputs by indus-

Table C. Principal Source Data for Value-Added Extrapolators

			Industrial distribution
Component of gross domestic income	Major source data	Distribution available in source data	Data or assumption used if distribution by establishment is not available in source data
Compensation of employees, paid Wage and salary accruals '	BLS tabulations of wages and salaries of employees covered by state UI programs and OPM data on wages and salaries of Federal Government employees.	Establishment.	
Supplements to wages and salaries Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	DOL tabulations of IRS data (Form 5500) on pension plans, HHS data from the Medical Expenditure Panel Survey on health insurance, and trade	None. <sup>2</sup>	BLS employer cost index and UI tabulations.
Employer contributions for government social insurance	association data for other types. Federal budget data.	None.	Social Security Administration and BLS tabulations.
Taxes on production and imports, less subsidies Taxes on production and imports	Federal budget data and Census Bureau data on state and local	None.	Property taxes are based on BEA capital stock
Subsidies	governments. Federal budget data and Census Bureau data on state and local governments.	None.	distribution.  Payments are assigned to the industries being supported.
Gross operating surplus Private enterprises Net interest and miscellaneous payments, domestic industries			
Corporate	IRS tabulations of data from corporate tax returns (Form 1120 series), FFIEC Call Report data on commercial banks, trade association data on life insurance companies.	Company.	Census Bureau company-establishment employment matrix.
Noncorporate	IRS tabulations of tax return data from sole proprietorships (Form 1040 Schedule C) and partnerships (Form 1065), FRB flow-of-funds-account data on residential mortgages.	Company.	Assumed to be equivalent to an establishment distribution.
Business current transfer payments (net)	IRS tabulations of data from corporate tax returns (Form 1120 series), trade association data for property-casualty insurance net settlements and for other types.	Company.	Industry-specific payments are assigned to thos industries; others are based on IRS company industry distribution.
Proprietors' income with IVA and without CCAdj FarmNonfarm	USDA farm income statistics.	Establishment.	
Proprietors' income without IVA and CCAdj	IRS tabulations of tax return data from sole proprietorships (Form 1040 Schedule C) and partnerships (Form 1065). BLS prices and IRS inventory data.	Company.  Establishment.	Assumed to be equivalent to an establishment distribution.
Rental income of persons without CCAdj	Census Bureau data on housing units and rents from the American Housing Survey, HMDA data on residential mortgages, and IRS tabulations of data from individual tax returns (Form 1040).	Establishment.	
Corporate profits before tax with IVA and without CCAdj, domestic industries Corporate profits before tax without IVA and	,		
CCAdj	IRS tabulations of data from corporate tax returns (Form 1120 series) and regulatory agencies and public financial reports data. BLS prices and IRS inventory data.	Company.  Establishment.	Census Bureau company-establishment employment matrix.
Capital consumption allowances Corporate	IRS tabulations of data from corporate tax returns (Form 1120 series).	Company.	Census Bureau company-establishment employment matrix,
Noncorporate	IRS tabulations of tax return data from sole proprietorships (Form 1040 Schedule C) and partnerships (Form 1065).	Company.	Assumed to be equivalent to an establishment distribution.
Current surplus of government enterprises  Consumption of fixed capital	Federal budget data and Census Bureau data on state and local governments.	Establishment.	
Households and institutions 3	BEA capital stock estimates. BEA capital stock estimates.	Establishment. Type of agency.	

Includes wage and salary disbursements to the rest of the world and excludes wages and salaries ceived from the rest of the world.
 A company-based industrial distribution for pension plans is available in the source data.
 Consists of owner-occupied housing and nonprofit institutions primarily serving households.
 BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis
 BLS Bureau of Labor Statistics
 CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment
 DOL Department of Labor
 FFIEC Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council

FRB Federal Reserve Board of Governors
HCFA Health Care Financing Administration
HHS Department of Health and Human Services
HMDA Home Mortgage Disciosure Act
IRS Internal Revenue Service
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment
OPM Office of Personnel Management
III Lengenburgget (in suspense) UI Unemployment insurance USDA U.S. Department of Agriculture

try are currently too sparse to yield high quality measures of value added by industry.

## Updated and balanced annual I-O accounts for 1998–2002

Updating and balancing the annual I-O accounts requires completing five tasks for each annual I-O table for 1998–2002. Each task provides essential inputs for the next task. These tasks include (1) calculating industry and commodity gross output; (2) estimating the commodity composition of intermediate inputs for each industry; (3) estimating the domestic supply of each commodity; (4) incorporating the commodity compositions of the GDP expenditure components for personal consumption expenditures (PCE), gross private fixed investment, and government consumption and investment expenditures; and (5) balancing the use table.

**Industry and commodity gross output.** For most industries and commodities, annual source data are available to estimate current-year industry and commodity gross output. For manufacturing, trade, and most service industries, the annual source data are based on surveys from the Bureau of the Census. For agriculture, insurance, and government enterprises and for major parts of transportation, utilities, finance, and real estate, the annual source data are based on other government sources or private sources. For the industries and commodities for which annual source data at the 1997 benchmark I-O level of detail are not available, aggregated source data are used to extrapolate the industry and commodity gross-output estimates. Table D shows the data sources used to update industry and commodity gross output.

Commodity composition of intermediate inputs. The estimates of the composition of intermediate inputs by industry are based on the revised 1997 benchmark I-O relationships and are adjusted for changes in relative prices and other factors.

First, each industry's current-year output is valued in the prices for the previous year and is estimated using an industry price index that is calculated by weighting together—in a Fisher index-number formula—the commodity price indexes that compose the industry's output. Generally, the number of price indexes available for commodities is fewer than the number of commodities; for commodities for which a price index is unavailable, an aggregate price index is applied to multiple commodities. The data sources used to prepare the commodity price indexes are shown in table D.

Second, each industry's output for the current year that is valued in the prices for the previous year is multiplied by the previous year's direct requirements coefficient for the industry to yield current-year intermediate inputs valued in the prices of the previous year. This procedure assumes that in the current year, the composition of an industry's intermediate inputs per dollar of output (valued in the prices of the previous year) is unchanged from the previous year. The results are then reflated to current-year prices using the commodity price indexes.

Finally, commodity taxes, transportation costs, and trade margins for each intermediate input are estimated. Commodity taxes are added to raise the intermediate inputs from a basic price valuation to a producers' price valuation. Transportation costs and trade margins are estimated to provide a purchasers' price valuation of intermediate inputs.<sup>16</sup>

Domestic supply. Domestic supply is the total value of goods and services available for consumption as intermediate inputs by industries or as PCE, private fixed investment, and government consumption and investment expenditures; it is calculated as domestic commodity gross output, plus imports, less exports, less the change in private inventories. The estimates of imports and exports are based on foreign trade statistics from the Bureau of the Census and on BEA's international transactions accounts. For the current year, the change in private inventories by industry are from the NIPAs, and the commodity composition of inventories held by industries are based on the revised 1997 benchmark I-O relationships.

Commodity composition of final uses excluding trade and change in private inventories. The annual estimates of the major expenditure components of final uses for PCE, private fixed investment, and government consumption and investment are obtained from the NIPAs. Initial commodity compositions for these expenditure components are estimated using commodity-flow relationships from the revised 1997 benchmark I-O accounts.

Balancing the use table. The use table is balanced with a biproportional adjustment procedure—that is, with a procedure that sequentially adjusts rows and columns to equal a set of predetermined control totals. In a series of iterations, the adjustments are made (1)

<sup>15.</sup> The direct requirements coefficient is the amount of a commodity required by the industry to produce a dollar of the industry's output.

<sup>16.</sup> The basic price is the price received by the producer for goods that are sold; it excludes the taxes collected by the producer from purchasers as well as transportation costs and trade margins.

until the use of commodities by industries, PCE, private fixed investment, and government consumption and investment equals the domestic supply of commodities, (2) until the sum of value added by industry

and intermediate inputs by industry equals gross output by industry, and (3) until the sum of the commodity composition of PCE, private fixed investment, and government consumption and investment equals the

Table D. Principal Sources of Data for Industry and Commodity Output and Prices

Industry and commodity	Source data for extrapolator	Source data for price index
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting		
Farms	USDA cash receipts from marketing and inventory change	USDA prices received by farmers; PPI.
Forestry, fishing, and related activities	For forestry, Census Bureau shipments; for fishing, NOAA value of fish landings; for related activities, NIPA estimates	PPI; NOAA; NIPA deflator.
Mining		
Oil and gas extraction	DOE quantity produced and prices.	For crude petroleum and natural gas, IPD from DOE; for natural gas liquids, PPI.
Mining, except oil and gas	DOE quantity produced and average price for uranium and coal; USGS quantity and price data for all others	IPD from DOE and USGS.
Support activities for mining	DOE, USGS, and trade sources for quantity produced and prices	IPD from DOE, USGS and trade sources; for exploration, PPI.
Utilities		
Electric utilities	EIA	PPI.
Natural gas	EIA quantity and price data	PPI.
Water, sewage, and other systems	PCE	CPI.
Construction		
For the Department of Defense (DOD)	DOD expenditures data	DOD prices for military construction; cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies for other construction.
For state and local highways	Census Bureau data from the ASGF	Cost indexes from government agencies.
For private electric and gas utilities	Federal regulatory agencies and trade sources expenditures data	Cost indexes from trade sources and government agencies.
For tarms, excluding residential	USDA expenditures data	Trade sources cost index; Census Bureau price deflator for new single- family houses under construction.
For other nonresidential	Census Bureau data on value of construction put in place	Trade sources and government agency cost indexes; Census Bureau price index for new single-family houses under construction; BEA quality-adjusted price indexes for factories, office buildings, warehouses, and schools.
For other residential	Census Bureau data on value of construction put in place	Census Bureau price index for new single-family houses under construction; BEA price index for multifamily construction.
Manufacturing	Census Bureau data on shipments and inventory change	PPI; quality adjusted price indexes for computers, photocopying equipment, digital telephone switching equipment, and LAN equipment; BEA price indexes based on DOD prices paid for military equipment.
Wholesale trade	Census Bureau ATS data	Sales price by kind-of-business computed from PPI.
Retail trade	Census Bureau ARTS data	Sales price by kind-of-business computed from CPI.
Transportation and warehousing		
Air transportation	BTS Air Carrier Financial Statistics	IPD for total passenger-related revenues and passenger miles from DOT; IPD for total freight-, mail-, and express-related revenues and ton miles from DOT; wages and salaries per employee from BLS.
Rail transportation	Amtrak and trade sources	PPI.
Water transportation	Army Corps of Engineers; trade sources	PPI for freight; for passengers, CPI.
Truck transportation	Census Bureau SAS	PPI.
Transit and ground passenger transportation	PCE; BTS	For taxicabs, intercity buses, and other local transit, PCE price index; for school buses, BLS data on wages and salaries per employee.
Pipeline transportation	Trade sources	PPI.
Other transportation and support activities	PCE	For sightseeing, PCE price index; for other transportation and support activities, PCE price indexes and PPI.
Warehousing and storage	Census Bureau SAS	PPI.
Information		
Publishing industries (includes software)	Census Bureau SAS	BEA price indexes for prepackaged and custom software for software publishers; for all other publishing industries, PPI.
Motion picture and sound recording industries	Census Bureau SAS	PCE price indexes.
Broadcasting and telecommunications	Census Bureau SAS	For cable networks, programming, and telecommunications, PPI; for radio and television broadcasting, network receipts, and all other telecommunications, composite price index of PPIs.
Information and data processing services	Census Bureau SAS	For information services, PCE price indexes; for data processing services, PPI.

levels for expenditure components in the NIPAs. After the results have been reviewed and verified, the annual I-O accounts for 1998–2002 are finalized.

The measures of gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added by industry are then incorporated into the GDP-by-industry accounts.

Table D. Principal Sources of Data for Industry and Commodity Output and Prices—Continued

Industry and commodity	Source data for extrapolator	Source data for price index
Finance and insurance		
Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and related activities	FDIC; FRB; NIPA imputed service charges; NCUA; and other private agencies	PCE price indexes; other government data.
Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	SEC FOCUS Report.	PCE price indexes.
Insurance carriers and related activities	Trade sources for insurance carriers; BEA estimates for property and casualty insurance; for all other insurance, PCE; for insurance agents, brokers, and services, IRS tabulations of business tax returns	For health and life insurance, PCE price indexes; for property and casualty insurance, PPI; for agents, brokers, and services, composite price index based on trade sources data and PCE price indexes.
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	NIPA imputed service charges for other financial institutions; EBSA data on pension funds	IPD from NIPA imputed service charges; composite price index based on PCE price indexes; PPI data; BLS data on wages and salaries per full-time employee.
Real estate and rental and leasing		
Real estate	For residential dwellings and real estate agents and managers, NIPA housing data; for nonresidential dwellings, IRS tabulations of business tax returns; NIPA rental value of buildings owned by nonprofits	For nonfarm residential dwellings, NIPA price index; for nonresidential dwellings, PPI; for real estate managers and agents, PPI and trade sources; IPD for nonprofit and farm residential dwellings.
Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets	For rental and leasing services, Census Bureau SAS; for royalties, IRS tabulations of business tax returns	For automotive equipment rental, PPI; for other rental services, PCE price indexes; for royalties, PCE price index and IPD from DOE and PPI.
Professional, scientific, and technical services		
Legal services	Census Bureau SAS	PPI.
Computer systems design and related services	Census Bureau SAS	BEA price indexes for prepackaged and custom software.
Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical services	Census Bureau SAS	PPI; BLS wages and salaries per full-time employee.
Management of companies and enterprises	BLS wages and salaries	BLS wages and salaries per full-time employee.
Administrative and waste management services		
Administrative and support services	Census Bureau SAS	BLS wages and salaries per full- time employee; PCE price indexes; PPI
Waste management and remediation services	Census Bureau SAS	CPI.
Educational services	PCE	PCE price index based on trade sources.
Health care and social assistance		
Ambulatory health care services	Census Bureau SAS	PPI; PCE price indexes.
Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	Census Bureau SAS	PCE price indexes.
Social assistance	Census Bureau SAS	PCE price indexes.
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		
Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	Census Bureau SAS	PCE price indexes.
Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	Census Bureau SAS	PCE price indexes.
Accommodation and food services		
Accommodation	Census Bureau ARTS	For hotels and motels, PPI; PCE price index.
Food services and drinking places	Census Bureau ARTS	CPI.
Other services, except government	For religious, labor, and political organizations, PCE; for other services, Census Bureau SAS; for private households, BEA compensation of employees	CPI; BLS data on wages and salaries per full-time employee; PCE price indexes.
Government		
Federal		
General government	NIPA estimates	NIPA price indexes.
Government enterprises	USPS receipts; for electric utilities, DOE; other government data	For USPS and electric utilities, PPI; for all others, PCE price index and NIPA price indexes.
State and local		
General government	NIPA estimates	NIPA price indexes.
Government enterprises	For electric utilities, DOE data; for other enterprises, BEA data on revenue by type	PPI.

ARTS Annual Retail Trade Survey, Census Bureau
ASGF Annual Survey of Government Finances, Census Bureau
ATS Annual Trade Survey, Census Bureau
BEA Bureau of Economic Analysis
BUS Bureau of Economic Analysis
Bureau of Tansportation Statistics
CPI Consumer Price Index, BLS
DOC Department of Commerce
DOD Department of Defense
DOE Department of Defense
DOE Department of Tensportation
EBSA Employee Benefits Security Administration
EIA Energy Information Administration
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FOCUS Financial and Operational Combined Uniform Single Report, SEC Federal Reserve Board of Governors IPD Implicit price deflator Internal Revenue Service NCUA National Credit Union Association NIPA National Income and product accounts, BEA NATIONAL Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration PecE Producer Price Index, BLS SAS Service Annual Survey SEC Securities and Exchange Commission U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Postal Service Vice of Minerals U.S. Postal Service Vice of Minerals U.S. Postal Service

### Price and quantity indexes for the GDP-byindustry accounts

Preparing price and quantity indexes for the GDP-byindustry accounts for 1998–2002 requires completing two tasks. First, price and quantity indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs by industry are prepared. Second, information on gross output and intermediate inputs by industry are combined using the double-deflation procedure to derive price and quantity indexes for value added by industry.

Indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs by industry. Price and quantity indexes for gross output by industry are derived by separately deflating each commodity produced by an industry and included as part of its gross output. This information is obtained from annual I-O make tables. Price and quantity indexes for intermediate inputs are derived by deflating the commodities that compose an industry's intermediate inputs in the annual I-O use tables. The data sources used to prepare the commodity price indexes for deflation are shown in table D. When a commodity price index is based on more than one detailed price index, a Fisher index-number formula is used to prepare the composite index. The technical note "Computing Chain-Type Price and Quantity Indexes in the GDP-by-Industry Accounts" shows the Fisher indexnumber formulas that are used to prepare the price and quantity indexes for gross output and intermediate inputs by industry.

Indexes for value added by industry. Price and quantity indexes for value added by industry are calculated using the double-deflation method. In the double-deflation method, the separate estimates of gross output and intermediate inputs by industry are combined in a Fisher index-number formula in order to generate price and quantity indexes for value added by industry. This method is preferred for computing price and quantity indexes for value added by industry because it requires the fewest assumptions about the relationships among gross output by industry and intermediate inputs by industry.

# Technical Note Computing Chain-Type Price and Quantity Indexes in the GDP-by-Industry Accounts

The computation of the chain-type Fisher price and quantity indexes for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added for an industry or an aggregate is summarized below.

Chain-type price indexes. In the notation,  $LP_{t-1, t}$  refers to the Laspeyres price relative for the years t-1 and t,  $PP_{t-1, t}$  refers to the Paasche price relative,  $FP_{t-1, t}$ 

refers to the Fisher price relative, and CP<sub>t</sub> refers to the Fisher chain-type price index. The superscript GO refers to gross output, II refers to intermediate inputs, and VA refers to value added; p refers to detailed prices, and q refers to quantities.

Laspeyres price relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added, respectively, are

$$LP_{t-1,\,t}^{GO} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}}{\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}},$$

$$LP_{t-1, t}^{II} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{p_{t}^{II}} q_{t-1}^{II}}{\sum_{t}^{p_{t-1}^{II}} q_{t-1}^{II}}$$
, and

$$LP_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} = \frac{\left(\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{t}^{II} q_{t-1}^{II}\right)}{\left(\sum_{t=1}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{t=1}^{II} q_{t-1}^{II}\right)}.$$

Paasche price relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added are

$$PP_{t-1, t}^{GO} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t}^{GO}}{\sum_{t=1}^{GO} q_{t}^{GO}},$$

$$PP_{t-1, t}^{II} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{p_{t}^{II}} q_{t}^{II}}{\sum_{t=1}^{p_{t-1}^{II}} q_{t}^{II}}, and$$

$$PP_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} = \frac{\left(\sum_{p_t}^{GO} q_t^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{p_t}^{II} q_t^{II}\right)}{\left(\sum_{p_{t-1}}^{GO} q_t^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{p_{t-1}}^{II} q_t^{II}\right)}.$$

Fisher price relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added are

$$FP_{t-1,t}^{GO} = \sqrt{LP_{t-1,t}^{GO} \times PP_{t-1,t}^{GO}},$$

$$FP_{t-1, t}^{II} = \sqrt{LP_{t-1, t}^{II} \times PP_{t-1, t}^{II}}$$
, and

$$FP_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} = \sqrt{LP_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} \times PP_{t-1,\,t}^{VA}}.$$

Fisher chain-type price indexes for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added for years after the reference year are

$$CP_{t}^{GO} = CP_{t-1}^{GO} \times FP_{t-1,t}^{GO}$$

$$CP_t^{II} = CP_{t-1}^{II} \times FP_{t-1,t}^{II}$$
, and

$$CP_t^{VA} = CP_{t-1}^{VA} \times FP_{t-1,t}^{VA}$$

In the reference year (2000 for this comprehensive revision),

$$CP_t^{GO} = CP_t^{II} = CP_t^{VA} = 100.$$

Chain-type quantity indexes. In the notation,  $LQ_{t-1, t}$  refers to the Laspeyres quantity relative for the years t-1 and t,  $PQ_{t-1, t}$  refers to the Paasche quantity relative,  $FQ_{t-1, t}$  refers to the Fisher quantity relative, and  $CQ_t$  refers to the Fisher chain-type quantity index. The superscript GO refers to gross output, II refers to intermediate inputs, and VA refers to value added; p refers to detailed prices, and q refers to quantities.

Laspeyres quantity relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added, respectively, are

$$LQ_{t-1,t}^{GO} = \frac{\sum_{t-1}^{p_{t-1}^{GO}} q_{t}^{GO}}{\sum_{t-1}^{p_{t-1}^{GO}} q_{t-1}^{GO}},$$

$$LQ_{t-1,t}^{II} = \frac{\sum_{t-1}^{II} q_t^{II}}{\sum_{t-1}^{II} q_{t-1}^{II}}$$
, and

$$LQ_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} \ = \frac{\left(\sum p_{t-1}^{GO} \ q_{t}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum p_{t-1}^{II} \ q_{t}^{II}\right)}{\left(\sum p_{t-1}^{GO} \ q_{t-1}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum p_{t-1}^{II} \ q_{t-1}^{II}\right)}.$$

Paasche quantity relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added are

$$PQ_{t-1,t}^{GO} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t}^{GO}}{\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}},$$

$$PQ_{t-1,t}^{II} = \frac{\sum_{t}^{p_{t}^{II}} q_{t}^{II}}{\sum_{t}^{p_{t}^{II}} q_{t-1}^{II}}, and$$

$$PQ_{t-1,t}^{VA} = \frac{\left(\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{t}^{II} q_{t}^{II}\right)}{\left(\sum_{t}^{GO} q_{t-1}^{GO}\right) - \left(\sum_{t}^{II} q_{t-1}^{II}\right)}.$$

Fisher quantity relatives for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added are

$$FQ_{t-1,\,t}^{GO} = \sqrt{LQ_{t-1,\,t}^{GO} \times PQ_{t-1,\,t}^{GO}} \quad , \label{eq:force_force}$$

$$FQ_{t-1,t}^{II} = \sqrt{LQ_{t-1,t}^{II} \times PQ_{t-1,t}^{II}}$$
, and

$$FQ_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} = \sqrt{LQ_{t-1,\,t}^{VA} \times PQ_{t-1,\,t}^{VA}} \ .$$

Fisher chain-type quantity indexes for gross output, intermediate inputs, and value added for years after the reference year are

$$CQ_t^{GO} = CQ_{t-1}^{GO} \times FQ_{t-1,t}^{GO}$$

$$CQ_t^{II} = CQ_{t-1}^{II} \times FQ_{t-1,t}^{II}$$
, and

$$CQ_t^{VA} = CQ_{t-1}^{VA} \times FQ_{t-1,t}^{VA}$$

In the reference year (2000 for this comprehensive revision).

$$CQ_t^{GO} = CQ_t^{II} = CQ_t^{VA} = 100$$

52 March 2004

# A Note on Patterns of Production and Employment by U.S. Multinational Companies

The "outsourcing" of production to foreign locations and its effect on domestic employment and wages has been a much discussed topic. While BEA does not collect direct measures of the gains and losses that are associated with international trade and investment, it does collect a variety of data on the operations of U.S. multinational companies that are relevant to the investigation of these issues. For example, using these data, it is possible to track the changes in the share of these companies' operations carried out in the United States as compared with the share of their operations carried out by branches and subsidiaries located overseas. This note examines recent patterns and trends in the worldwide operations of U.S. multinationals with a focus on production and employment. It concludes with a discussion of several data and analytical considerations.

U.S. MULTINATIONAL companies (MNCs) account for a large share of the U.S. economy. In 2001, the value added in production (gross product) originating in nonbank U.S. parent companies totaled more than \$2.5 trillion, which amounted to nearly a quarter of current-dollar gross domestic product originating in the private sector. These companies had 23.4 million employees, or more than a fifth of the total U.S. nonbank work force.

U.S. MNCs play an even greater role in U.S. international trade in goods. In 2001, the U.S. exports of goods that involved U.S. parents or their foreign affiliates totaled \$425.4 billion, or 58 percent of total U.S. exports of goods. U.S. imports of goods that were associated with U.S. MNCs totaled \$432.9 billion, or 38 percent of total U.S. imports of goods.<sup>1</sup>

The following are some patterns in U.S.-MNC operations:

• Worldwide operations of U.S. MNCs are concentrated in the United States: Over an extended

Raymond J. Mataloni Jr. prepared this note.

period, U.S. parents have consistently accounted for about three-fourths of the total gross product, capital expenditures, and employment of MNCs, and their majority-owned foreign affiliates (henceforth, "foreign affiliates") accounted for about a fourth (table 1 and chart 1). In 2001, U.S. parents accounted for 77 percent of the total production of MNCs, 79 percent of total capital expenditures, and 74 percent of total employment.

- •The foreign operations of U.S. MNCs are centered in high-wage countries, which suggests that access to markets has been a key consideration in their decisions to locate operations abroad. In 2001, high-wage countries accounted for 62 percent of total employment by foreign affiliates (chart 2).<sup>2</sup>
- •The role of market access in the location choices of MNCs is also suggested by the patterns in the destination of sales by foreign affiliates. In 2001, 65 percent of sales by foreign affiliates were to local customers—that is, customers who resided in the same country as the foreign affiliate. An additional

Table 1. U.S.-Parent Share of Selected Measures of U.S.-MNC Operations

[Percent]

	Production	Capital expenditures	Employment
1977	75.3	79.8	77.9
1978	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1979	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1980	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1981	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1982	78.1	80.8	78.8
1983	n.a. l	81.3	79.1
1984	n.a.	82.8	78.9
1985	n.a.	83.5	79.0
1986	n.a.	83.0	79.1
1987	n.a.	81.4	79.4
1988	n.a.	79.2	78.8
1989	76.6	77.5	78.6
1990	n.a.	77.6	77.5
1991	n.a.	76.6	76.9
1992	n.a.	76.8	76.8
1993	n.a.	76.4	77.1
1994	76.5	76.4	76.5
1995	74.6	76.6	75.8
1996	74.8	76.4	75.6
1997	75.1	77.7	75.4
1998	75.9	77.1	74.5
1999	77.2	76.5	74.8
2000	77.9	78.2	74.5
2001	77.0	78.9	74.1

MNC Multinational company

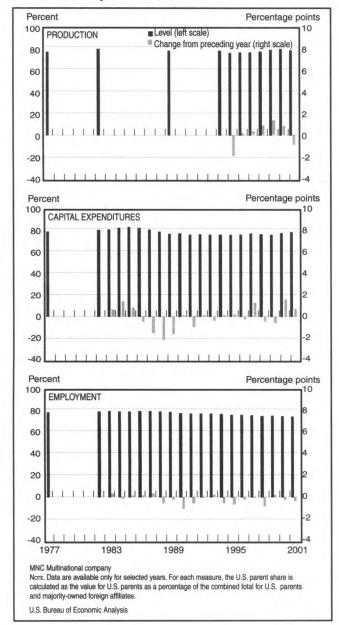
n.a. Not available.

<sup>1.</sup> Further details and analysis of U.S.-MNC operations are published in a series of annual articles that present the results from BEA's benchmark and annual surveys of U.S. direct investment abroad. For the most recent article, see Raymond J. Mataloni, Jr., "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 2001," Survey of Current Business 83 (November 2003): 85–105. For additional information on MNC operations, go to BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov>.

<sup>2.</sup> In this note, high-wage foreign countries are defined as all the non-U.S. members of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development except for the Czech Republic, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, the Slovak Republic, and the Republic of Korea.

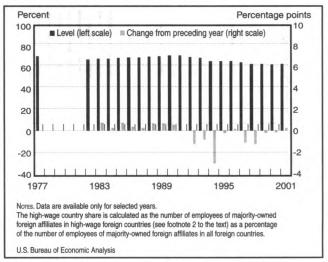
24 percent of sales by these affiliates were to customers in other foreign countries; other data suggest that a significant fraction of these sales were to customers who were "local" in the sense that they were located in the same economic area as the affiliate.<sup>3</sup> Only 11 percent of their sales were to customers in the United States.

## Chart 1. U.S.-Parent Share of Selected Measures of U.S.-MNC Operations, 1977–2001



- The key measures of MNC operations have consistently shown that their operations are concentrated in the United States, but among the measures, the distributions of the operations have changed over time. For production and capital expenditures, the U.S.-parent shares of the worldwide MNC totals were similar in 2001 and in 1977: U.S. parents accounted for 77 percent of MNC production in 2001 and for 75 percent in 1977, and they accounted for 79 percent of capital expenditures in 2001 and for 80 percent in 1977. In contrast, for employment, the U.S.-parent share has decreased, from 78 percent in 1977 to 74 percent in 2001.
- Employment by foreign affiliates remains concentrated in high-wage countries, but in recent years, it has grown faster in low-wage countries. In 1991–2001, their employment grew at an average annual rate of 7 percent in low-wage countries, and it grew at a rate of 3 percent in high-wage countries. These patterns reflect a variety of factors, such as cost considerations and the development of new markets and liberalization of policies toward foreign direct investment in a number of major developing countries.
- The forces of globalization that have resulted in increased foreign employment by U.S. MNCs have also resulted in growth in employment in the United States by foreign MNCs. During 1977–2001, employment by majority-owned U.S. affiliates of foreign companies (henceforth, "U.S. affiliates") grew by 4.7 million; this growth surpassed that in employment by foreign affiliates of U.S. companies

Chart 2. High-Wage-Country Share of Employment by Foreign Affiliates, 1977–2001

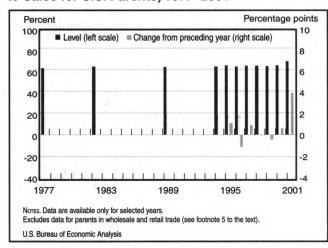


<sup>3.</sup> Information on the destination of sales to nonlocal foreign countries is not available annually, but for the benchmark year of 1999, information was collected on sales by foreign affiliates in the European Union (EU) to other EU countries; including these sales in local sales raises the share of local sales for 1999 from 67 percent to 78 percent. Information on sales within other economic areas was not collected, but including them in local sales would also raise the share of local sales.

at 2.8 million.<sup>4</sup> (However, in 1991–2001, the employment growth of foreign affiliates—at 2.8 million—exceeded that of U.S. affiliates—1.7 million.)

One of the key questions raised in discussions about MNC production patterns is the degree to which U.S. companies rely on purchased goods and services rather than on value added in production by labor and capital employed within these firms. During 1977–2001, purchases from outside suppliers as a percentage of total sales for U.S. parent companies in all industries except wholesale and retail trade increased from 63 percent to 69 percent (chart 3).<sup>5</sup> Some of these outside purchases were obtained from domestic suppliers, and some were obtained from both affiliated and unaffiliated foreign suppliers. The share of purchases that were imported directly from foreign suppliers has essentially been unchanged, at 9 percent in 1977 and in 1999.<sup>6</sup> However, it

Chart 3. Ratio of Purchased Goods and Services to Sales for U.S. Parents, 1977–2001



must be recognized that in many cases, the goods and services purchased domestically have some imported content, which may be considered "indirect imports."

Data on the imported content of domestic purchases by U.S. parent companies are not available, but data for the entire U.S. economy indicate a general increase in the reliance on imports. The share of U.S. gross domestic purchases accounted for by U.S. imports of goods and services increased from 9 percent in 1977 to 13 percent in 2003 (chart 4). Based on these figures, it seems probable that the share of U.S. parents' purchases that are accounted for by indirect imports of goods and services also increased over the period even though the share accounted for by their direct imports did not. However, even with the increase, the reliance on imports by the United States remains lower than in most other large developed countries.

Chart 4. U.S. Imports of Goods and Services as a Share of U.S. Gross Domestic Purchases, 1977–2003



<sup>4.</sup> Employment accounted for by U.S. affiliates that are majority-owned by foreign direct investors cannot be separately identified for 1977, but in recent years, these affiliates have consistently accounted for about 80 percent of employment by all U.S. affiliates. The estimate of the change in employment by majority-owned affiliates was based on the assumption that these affiliates accounted for the same share—81 percent—of total U.S-affiliate employment in 1977 as in 1987.

<sup>5.</sup> Wholesale and retail trade are excluded here because their purchases, unlike those in most other industries, consist mainly of goods for resale rather than intermediate inputs used in production. The exclusion of these industries does not, however, materially affect the results: Purchases from outside suppliers as a percentage of total sales for U.S. parent companies in all industries increased 7 percentage points (from 65 percent to 72 percent), compared with 6 percentage points in the selected industries.

The data needed to compute this share are available only for years covered by a benchmark survey, and the most recent survey was conducted for 1999.

<sup>7.</sup> These imports include purchases for final use as well as for intermediate consumption.

<sup>8.</sup> For example, in 2002 the share of gross domestic purchases accounted for by imports of goods and services was 28 percent in the United Kingdom, 38 percent in Canada, and 26 percent in France.

### Data and analytical considerations

BEA's data on the operations of U.S. MNCs indicate a relatively stable mix of domestic and foreign operations, but the inferences that can be drawn from these data about the production strategies of MNCs and about the ultimate effects of U.S.-MNC activity on the U.S. economy and on foreign economies are limited. The U.S.-parent share of U.S.-MNC activity can change for a number of reasons, and these changes do not uniformly correspond to either additions to, or subtractions from, production and employment in the United States. Additional factors that might be associated with a change in the parent and affiliate shares of MNC activity are given in chart 5.

It might be expected that new direct investment abroad by U.S. MNCs would cause the employment share of U.S. parents to fall and that of foreign affiliates to rise, but its impact on employment in the United States and abroad could vary, depending on the form of the investment and the reasons why it was undertaken. To illustrate the significance of the *form* of the investment, a new investment might represent the establishment of a new company (or "greenfield investment"), the acquisition of a successful existing company, or the acquisition of a failing company. In each case, the employment by affiliates would rise, but the impact on host-country employment would likely differ. Furthermore, this impact cannot be discerned from information on MNC operations alone. Instead,

the impact will be determined by a wide range of factors, including the overall level of employment in the economy and the types of jobs involved.

To illustrate the significance of the reasons for the investment, affiliate employment shares might rise either because of the shifting of production from parents to affiliates or because of the opening of new overseas markets—such as those for meals or lodging—that can be served only through a locally established enterprise. In the case of production shifting, the rise in employment by affiliates might be expected to come partly or wholly at the expense of employment by the parents. In contrast, in the example of new overseas markets, the rise in employment by foreign affiliates would not affect employment in the United States by parent companies, or it could cause U.S. employment to rise, because of the need to provide headquarters services to the newly established affiliates. While the examples given here and in chart 5 have been constructed with reference to U.S. investments abroad, the economic mechanisms that they illustrate are equally applicable to foreign investments in the United States.

A data limitation is the scarcity of information on the types of jobs held by the domestic and foreign employees of U.S. MNCs. Except for the data collected in benchmark survey years on the number of production workers of foreign affiliates in manufacturing, BEA does not collect data on the types of jobs held by

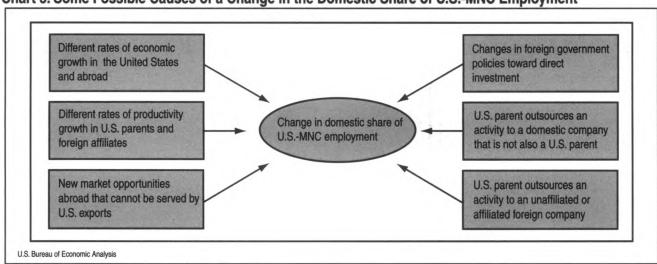


Chart 5. Some Possible Causes of a Change in the Domestic Share of U.S.-MNC Employment

employees of either U.S. parents or foreign affiliates.<sup>9</sup> Thus, it is not possible to determine the relative changes in the types of jobs offered by parents and af-

filiates, either in terms of the occupation or the skill required for the job.

Finally, the major patterns in U.S.-MNC operations have been relatively stable over an extended period, but the most recent data cover 2001, and the patterns of operations may have changed since then.

In recognition of the current public interest in these data and the need for more timely information, this year, BEA is accelerating the release of the summary estimates of a few key items. A news release providing estimates of total employment, sales, and capital expenditures by U.S. parent companies, by their foreign affiliates, and by U.S. affiliates of foreign companies for 2002 has been scheduled for April 16, 2004.

<sup>9.</sup> A related limitation is the absence of information on the use of "leased" employees, a practice that has become increasingly common in recent years. Because these employees are carried on the payrolls of employee-leasing firms rather than on the payrolls of the firms where the employees perform their duties, the changes in their use may result in changes in the observed patterns of MNC employment. For example, if a U.S. parent in manufacturing leases production workers from an employee-leasing firm that is also a U.S. parent, then the employment total for U.S. parents would not change, but the industry composition of the employment would change. Specifically, employment in manufacturing would decrease and employment in the employee-leasing industry would increase. Thus, the industry composition of employment would shift away from manufacturing and toward services. However, if the leasing firm is not a U.S. parent, then the employment totals for U.S. parents, both overall and in manufacturing, would decrease.

March 2004 D-1

### **BEA Current and Historical Data**

### National, International, and Regional Data

This section presents an extensive selection of economic statistics prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) and a brief selection of collateral statistics prepared by other Government agencies and private organizations. Series that originate in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers and are subject to their copyrights.

BEA's economic statistics are available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov>. The site contains data, articles, news releases, and other information from BEA's national, industry, international, and regional programs.

The tables present annual [A], quarterly [Q], and monthly [M] data

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D. Domestic perspectives [A, Q, M]
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Other indicators of the domestic economy
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As a result of the comprehensive revision of the NIPAs, the estimates in tables B.1 and B.2 have been combined and are now presented in a new table B.1. The new tables B.2–B.11 (the old tables B.3–B.12) will be published in upcoming issues of the Survey of Current Business. An extensive set of NIPA estimates were published in the February Survey. The estimates for 1929 forward are available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov>.

### **National Data**

### A. Selected NIPA Tables

The tables in this section include the most recent estimates of gross domestic product and its components; these estimates were released on February 27, 2004 and include the "preliminary" estimates for the fourth quarter of 2003. The population and per capita estimates in tables 2.1 and 7.1 have been revised back to 2000 to incorporate this month's Census Bureau population revisions.

The selected set of NIPA tables shown in this section presents quarterly estimates, which are updated monthly. In most of these tables, annual estimates are also shown.

The news release on gross domestic product is available within minutes of the time of release, and the "Selected NIPA Tables" are available later that day on BEA's Web site <www.bea.gov>.

The "Selected NIPA Tables" are also available on printouts or diskettes from BEA. To order, call the BEA Order Desk at 1–800–704–0415 (outside the United States, 202–606–9666).

### 1. Domestic Product and Income\_

Table 1.1.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Gross Domestic Product

[Percent

	1 1			Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03	
				IV	ı	Н	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1
Personal consumption								
expenditures	2	3.4	3.1	2.2	2.5	3.3	6.9	2.7
Durable goods	3	6.5	7.3	0.3	0.5	17.7	28.0	-0.1
Nondurable goods	4	3.0	3.8	4.6	5.7	1.2	7.3	5.2
Services	5	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.8	2.2
Gross private domestic								
investment	6	-1.2	4.3	-0.6	-3.5	4.7	14.8	15.8
Fixed investment	6	-3.7	4.4	2.1	1.1	6.1	15.8	9.3
Nonresidential	8	-7.2	2.9	-0.1	-0.6	7.0	12.8	9.6
Structures	9	-18.4	-5.0	-5.6	-4.0	3.9	-1.8	-7.1
Equipment and software	10	-2.8	5.5	1.7	0.5	8.0	17.6	15.1
Residential	11	4.9	7.5	6.8	4.5	4.5	21.9	8.6
Change in private inventories	12		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Net exports of goods and								
services	13	l						
Exports	14	-2.4	2.1	-3.7	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0
Goods	15	-4.0	1.9	-9.1	1.9	-1.7	8.6	21.2
Services	16	1.4	2.4	9.4	-10.1	0.2	12.7	20.7
Imports	17	3.3	4.0	8.2	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4
Goods	18	3.7	4.8	7.4	-6.6	13.7	-1.5	18.1
Services	19	1.4	0.0	12.2	-7.5	-10.9	13.4	8.6
Government consumption expenditures and gross								
investment	20	3.8	3.4	7.1	-0.4	7.4	1.8	0.8
Federal	21	7.9	8.8	18.2	-0.2	23.5	1.2	1.6
National defense	22	8.9	10.6	22.1	-5.6	41.9	-1.3	4.2
Nondefense	23	6.2	5.3	11.4	10.5	-5.0	6.5	-3.3
								0.4
State and local	23	1.8	0.5	11.4	-0.5	-5.0 -0.8	2.1	

Table 1.1.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product

			]	Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Personal consumption					İ			
expenditures	2	2.38	2.20	1.57	1.80	2.34	4.89	1.93
Durable goods	3	0.55	0.61	0.02	0.04	1.38	2.23	-0.01
Nondurable goods	4	0.60	0.76	0.90	1.13	0.25	1.48	1.04
Services	5	1.23	0.84	0.65	0.63	0.71	1.19	0.91
Gross private domestic								
investment	6	-0.18	0.64	-0.09	-0.57	0.73	2.17	2.31
Fixed investment	7	-0.60	0.66	0.31	0.16	0.90	2.30	1.39
Nonresidential	8	-0.82	0.29	-0.01	-0.06	0.68	1.25	0.95
Structures	ا و	-0.59	-0.13	-0.14	-0.10	0.09	-0.04	-0.17
Equipment and software	10	-0.23	0.42	0.13	0.04	0.59	1.30	1.12
Residential	11	0.23	0.36	0.32	0.22	0.22	1.05	0.44
Change in private inventories	12	0.41	-0.01	-0.40	-0.74	-0.17	-0.13	0.92
Net exports of goods and								
services	13	-0.70	-0.35	-1.47	0.81	-1.34	0.80	-0.30
Exports	14	-0.24	0.20	-0.37	-0.19	-0.11	0.92	1.85
Goods	15	-0.29	0.13	-0.64	0.13	-0.11	0.56	1.28
Services	16	0.04	0.07	0.27	-0.31	0.01	0.36	0.57
Imports	17	-0.45	-0.55	-1.10	1.00	-1.24	-0.12	-2.15
Goods	18	-0.42	-0.55	-0.83	0.81	-1.51	0.18	-1.95
Services	19	-0.03	0.00	-0.27	0.19	0.27	-0.30	-0.20
Government consumption				i	1			
expenditures and gross					ŀ			
investment	20	0.69	0.63	1.29	-0.07	1.36	0.34	0.1€
Federal	21	0.48	0.56	1.11	-0.01	1.46	0.09	0.11
National defense	22	0.35	0.44	0.85	-0.25	1.58	-0.06	0.19
Nondefense	23	0.14	0.12	0.26	0.24	-0.12	0.15	-0.08
State and local	24	0.21	0.06	0.18	-0.06	-0.10	0.25	0.05

Table 1.1.3. Real Gross Domestic Product, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

	Line				Seas	onally adju	usted	
		2002	2003	2002	2003			
				IV	I	II	(II	IV
Gross domestic product	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968
Personal consumption								
expenditures	2	105.951	109.251	106.819	107.489	108.378	110.197	110,943
Durable goods	3	110.868	118.957	111.638	111.779	116.420	123.834	123,793
Nondurable goods	4	104.949	108,913	105.885	107.358	107,685	109.607	111.003
Services	5	105.420	107.515	106.276	106.664	107,115	107,849	108,430
Gross private domestic								
investment	6	90.580	94,435	91.953	91.135	92.186	95.424	98.996
Fixed investment	7	93.258	97.357	93.718	93.968	95.378	98,932	101,149
Nonresidential	8	88.683	91.278	88.378	88.248	89.751	92.485	94.630
Structures	ğ	79.492	75.547	76.304	75.523	76.244	75.906	74.514
Equipment and software	10	92.144	97.246	92.927	93.047	94.851	98,779	102.309
Residential	11	105.228	113.124	107.629	108.828	110.021	115.616	118.031
Change in private inventories	12							
Net exports of goods and								
services	13	İ						
Exports	14	92.512	94.409	92.818	92.353	92.097	94.290	98.893
Goods	15	90.163	91.853	89.651	90.076	89,693	91.572	96.072
Services	16	98.348	100.751	100.660	98.010	98.068	101.033	105.893
Imports	17	100.609	104.617	103,610	101.810	104.059	104.277	108.322
Goods	18	100.400	105.226	103.586	101.829	105.144	104.739	109.192
Services	19	101.787	101.774	103.842	101.828	98.938	102.100	104.230
Government consumption	'*	, , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,		101,020	00.000	102.100	,01.200
expenditures and gross								
investment	20	106.697	110.334	108.666	108,563	110.527	111,008	111,240
Federal	21	111.958	121.761	116.764	116.713	123.025	123,406	123,900
National defense	22	113.086	125.114	118.672	116.972	127.675	127.247	128.565
Nondefense	23	109.956	115.814	113.381	116.252	114.781	116.596	115.629
State and local	24	104.047	104.592	104.593	104.463	104.248	104,779	104.880
State at N IOCal	24	104.047	104.592	104,593	104,403	104.246	104.779	104.880

**Table 1.1.5. Gross Domestic Product** 

[Billions of dollars]

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
	Line	ine 2002 2003 2002		20	03				
				IV	1	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3	
Personal consumption expenditures	2 3	<b>7,385.3</b> 911.3	<b>7,753.2</b> 941.1	7, <b>501</b> .2 907.3	7,600.7 898.2	7 <b>,673.6</b> 926.2	<b>7,83</b> 6.3 975.1	<b>7,902.3</b> 965.1	
Nondurable goods Services	5	2,086.0 4,388.0	2,209.4 4,602.7	2,119.2 4.474.7	2,175.7 4,526.8	2,170.8 4,576.6	2,230.0 4,631.2	2,261.3 4,676.0	
Gross private domestic investment. Fixed investment	6 7 8 9 10 11	1,589.2 1,583.9 1,080.2 266.3 813.9 503.7 5.4	1,671.4 1,672.3 1,109.7 258.3 851.4 562.6 -0.9	1,614.7 1,594.6 1,074.3 256.3 817.9 520.3 20.2	1,605.3 1,606.2 1,071.8 256.1 815.8 534.4 -0.9	1,624.3 1,630.1 1,086.9 259.2 827.7 543.2 -5.8	1,689.1 1,699.5 1,124.4 259.8 864.6 575.1 -10.5	1,767.0 1,753.3 1,155.5 258.0 897.5 597.8 13.7	
Net exports of goods and services	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	-426.3 1,006.8 697.8 309.1 1,433.1 1,190.3 242.7	-494.9 1,049.0 725.4 323.6 1,543.9 1,283.2 260.6	-476.1 1,017.2 698.3 318.8 1,493.3 1,240.8 252.5	-487.6 1,021.0 707.6 313.3 1,508.5 1,254.2 254.3	-505.5 1,020.2 707.7 312.5 1,525.7 1,272.4 253.3	-490.6 1,048.5 722.1 326.4 1,539.0 1,275.6 263.5	-495.9 1,106.3 764.4 341.9 1,602.2 1,330.7 271.5	
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment. Federal	20 21 22 23 24	1, <b>932.5</b> 679.5 438.3 241.2 1,253.1	2,055.7 757.6 497.7 259.9 1,298.1	1,983.9 710.0 461.1 248.9 1,273.9	2,017.4 723.0 463.3 259.7 1,294.5	2,054.2 764.7 507.3 257.4 1,289.6	2,072.1 769.6 507.2 262.4 1,302.5	2,079.0 773.1 512.9 260.2 1,305.8	

**Table 1.1.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product** 

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

							Seasonally adjusted					
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003							
				ΙV	1	II	III	IV				
Gross domestic product	1	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187				
Personal consumption		1										
expenditures	2	103.429	105.302	104,203	104.927	105.065	105.522	105.695				
Durable goods	3	95.208	91.682	94.136	93.074	92.147	91,207	90.298				
Nondurable goods	4	102.075	104.180	102.789	104.079	103.529	104.488	104.623				
Services	5	105.946	108.966	107.174	108.028	108.758	109.306	109.771				
Gross private domestic												
investment	6	101.119	102.062	101.259	101.586	101.589	102.093	102.981				
Fixed investment	7	101.155	102.291	101.341	101.808	101.796	102.319	103.241				
Nonresidential	8	98.859	98.664	98.658	98.579	98.293	98.678	99.106				
Structures	ğ	106.974	109.165	107.274	108.268	108.559	109.288	110.547				
Equipment and software	10	96.121	95.270	95.781	95.404	94.961	95.251	95.464				
Residential	11	107.105	111.257	108.184	109.881	110.485	111.321	113.343				
Change in private inventories	12											
Net exports of goods and												
services	13	l			Į i							
Exports	14	99.273	101.342	99.964	100.842	101.044	101.434	102.049				
Goods	15	98.668	100.680	99.311	100.159	100.589	100.529	101.443				
Services	16	100.740	102.941	101.543	102.491	102.166	103.587	103.521				
Imports	17	96.519	100.030	97.694	100.435	99.381	100.042	100.261				
Goods	18	95.345	98.113	96.364	99.086	97.353	97.972	98.042				
Services	19	102.665	110.248	104.681	107.525	110.212	111.108	112.148				
Government consumption							.,					
expenditures and gross		ļ										
investment	20	105.207	108.229	106.055	107.951	107.966	108,433	108.564				
Federal	21	104.858	107.501	105.066	107.032	107.399	107.755	107.818				
National defense	22	104.666	107.418	104.941	106.968	107.300	107.654	107.749				
Nondefense	23	105.208	107.653	105.293	107.148	107.581	107.942	107.941				
State and local	24	105.382	108.603	106.580	108.435	108.246	108.778	108.951				

#### **Table 1.1.6. Real Gross Domestic Product, Chained Dollars**

[Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003				
				IV	ı	11	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2	
Personal consumption								İ	
expenditures	2	7,140.4	7,362.9	7,198,9	7.244.1	7,304.0	7.426.6	7,476.9	
Durable goods	3	957.2	1,027.0	963.8	965.0	1,005.1	1,069.1	1.068.7	
Nondurable goods	4	2,043.6	2,120.8	2,061.8	2,090.5	2,096.9	2,134.3	2,161.5	
Services	5	4,141.8	4,224.1	4,175.4	4,190.7	4,208.4	4,237.2	4,260.0	
Gross private domestic						İ			
investment	6	1.572.0	1.638.9	1,595.8	1.581.6	1,599.9	1,656.1	1,718.0	
Fixed investment	7	1,565.8	1,634.6	1.573.5	1.577.7	1,601.4	1.661.0	1.698.3	
Nonresidential	8	1,092.6	1,124.6	1.088.9	1,087.3	1.105.8	1.139.5	1.165.9	
Structures	9	249.0	236.6	239.0	236.5	238.8	237.7	233.4	
Equipment and software	10	846.7	893.6	853.9	855.0	871.6	907.7	940.1	
Residential	11	470.3	505.6	481.0	486.4	491.7	516.7	527.5	
Change in private inventories	12	5.7	0.7	21.5	1.6	-4.5	-9.1	14.9	
Net exports of goods and		1							
services	13	-470.6	-508.9	-511.5	<b>-490</b> .0	-526.0	-505.2	-514.4	
Exports	14	1.014.2	1.035.0	1.017.5	1.012.4	1.009.6	1.033.7	1.084.1	
Goods	15	707.2	720.4	703.2	706.5	703.5	718.2	753.5	
Services	16	306.8	314.3	314.0	305.7	305.9	315.2	330.3	
Imports	17	1,484.7	1,543.9	1,529.0	1,502.5	1,535.7	1,538.9	1,598.6	
Goods	18	1,248.4	1,308.5	1,288.1	1,266.2	1,307.4	1,302.4	1,357.8	
Services	19	236.4	236.4	241.2	236.5	229.8	237.2	242.1	
Government consumption				i				ļ	
expenditures and gross		ł		ļ		l			
investment	20	1,836.9	1,899.5	1,870.8	1,869.0	1,902.8	1,911.1	1,915.1	
Federal	21	648.0	704.7	675.8	675.5	712.0	714.3	717.1	
National defense	22	418.8	463.3	439.5	433.2	472.8	471.2	476.1	
Nondefense	23	229.2	241.4	236.4	242.4	239.3	243.1	241.1	
State and local	24	1,189.1	1.195.3	1,195.3	1,193.8	1.191.4	1,197.4	1.198.6	
Residual	25	2.4	-0.5	5.3	5.8	4.6	-6.0	-6.6	

Nore. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 currentdollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 1.1.7. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Prices for Gross Domestic Product

[Percent]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	innual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	ī	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1,	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.1	1.6	1.2
Personal consumption			: 1					
expenditures	3	1.4	1.8	1.7	2.8	0.5	1.8	0.7
Durable goods		-2.9	-3.7	-3.0	-4.4	-3.9	<b>−</b> 4.0	-3.9
Nondurable goods	4	0.5	2.1	1.0	5.1	-2.1	3.8	0.5
Services	5	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.2	2.7	2.0	1.7
Gross private domestic	1 1			i	1	İ		
investment	6	0.0	0.9	1.6	1.3	0.0	2.0	3.5
Fixed investment	7	0.1	1.1	1.7	1.9	0.0	2.1	3.7
Nonresidential	8	-0.9	-0.2	0.4	-0.3	-1.2	1.6	1.7
Structures	9	1.4	2.0	1.1	3.8	1.1	2.7	4.7
Equipment and software	10	-1.7	-0.9	0.2	-1.6	-1.8	1.2	0.9
Residential	11	2.4	3.9	4.5	6.4	2.2	3.1	7.5
Change in private inventories	12							
Net exports of goods and								
services	13							
Exports	14	-0.4	2.1	0.6	3.6	0.8	1.6	2.4
Goods	15	-0.7	2.0	0.6	3.5	1.7	-0.2	3.7
Services	16	0.3	2.2	0.6	3.8	-1.3	5.7	-0.3
Imports	17	-1.0	3.6	0.8	11.7	-4.1	2.7	0.9
Goods	18	-1.7	2.9	0.5	11.8	-6.8	2.6	0.3
Services	19	2.5	7.4	2.0	11.3	10.4	3.3	3.8
Government consumption	1 1		'	ľ				
expenditures and gross	1							
investment	20	2.6	2.9	1.8	7.3	0.1	1.7	0.5
Federal	21	2.7	2.5	-0.5	7.7	1.4	1.3	0.2
National defense	22	2.5	2.6	-0.6	8.0	1.2	1.3	0.4
Nondefense	23	3.2	2.3	-0.4	7.2	1.6	1.3	0.0
State and local	24	2.5	3.1	3.0	7.1	-0.7	2.0	0.6
Addendum:								
Gross national product	25	1.5		1.7	2.3	1.1	1.7	

Table 1.1.8. Contributions to Percent Change in the Gross Domestic Product Price Index

				Sea	asonally a	djusted at a	nnual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
			Ī	IV	I	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	1	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.3	1.1	1.6	1.2
Percentage points at annual rates:				ĺ	ĺ	İ		
Personal consumption							1	
expenditures	2	0.96	1.32	1.21	1.95	0.35	1.24	0.47
Durable goods	3	-0.26 0.11	-0.23 0.27	-0.26	-0.39	-0.34	-0.36	-0.35
Nondurable goods Services	4 5	1.11	1.29	0.20 1.27	1.00	-0.43 1.12	0.74 0.85	0.10 0.71
	٦	1.11	1.25	1.27	1.33	1.12	0.03	0.71
Gross private domestic investment	6	0.01	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.08	0.30	0.54
Fixed investment	7	0.01	0.17	0.25	0.25	-0.01	0.30	0.54
Nonresidential	8	-0.10	-0.03	0.25	-0.03	-0.12	0.16	0.30
Structures	9	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.06	0.10
Equipment and software	10	-0.14	-0.08	0.02	-0.12	-0.14	0.00	0.07
Residential	11	0.11	0.20	0.22	0.31	0.11	0.15	0.38
Change in private inventories	12	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	0.09	-0.01	-0.02
Net exports of goods and	-							
services	13	0.11	-0.38	-0.05	-1.24	0.62	-0.22	0.11
Exports	14	-0.04	0.22	0.06	0.33	0.07	0.15	0.23
Goods	15	-0.05	0.15	0.04	0.22	0.11	-0.02	0.24
Services	16	0.01	0.07	0.02	0.11	-0.04	0.16	-0.01
Imports	17	0.15	-0.60	-0.11	-1.57	0.55	-0.37	-0.12
Goods	18	0.20	-0.41	0.06	-1.31	0.80	-0.29	-0.03
Services	19	-0.06	-0.20	-0.05	-0.26	-0.24	-0.08	-0.09
Government consumption								
expenditures and gross								
investment	20	0.46	0.55	0.33	1.32	0.01	0.33	0.09
Federal	21	0.17	0.16	-0.03	0.49	0.09	0.09	0.02
National defense	22	0.10	0.11	-0.02	0.33	0.06	0.06	0.02
Nondefense	23	0.07	0.05	-0.01	0.17	0.04	0.03	0.00
State and local	24	0.29	0.39	0.36	0.83	-0.08	0.23	0.07

Table 1.1.9. Implicit Price Deflators for Gross Domestic Product

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	usted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ī	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	103.945	105.652	104.556	105.146	105.427	105.851	106.162
Personal consumption								
expenditures	2	103.429	105.302	104.199	104.923	105.060	105.517	105.691
Durable goods	3	95.209	91.640	94.137	93.075	92.148	91.208	90.299
Nondurable goods	4	102.075	104.181	102.785	104.075	103.525	104.485	104.619
Services	5	105.946	108.963	107.167	108.021	108.751	109.299	109.764
Gross private domestic								
investment	6	101.097	101.984	101.186	101.495	101.530	101.995	102.847
Fixed investment	7	101.155	102.306	101.340	101.806	101.795	102.318	103.240
Nonresidential	8	98.859	98.670	98.658	98.579	98.293	98.678	99.106
Structures	9	106.974	109.155	107.269	108.264	108.553	109.283	110.541
Equipment and software	10	96.121	95.279	95.788	95.411	94.968	95.258	95.470
Residential	11	107.106	111.288	108.173	109.871	110.475	111.311	113.332
Change in private inventories	12							
Net exports of goods and	ļ							
services	13							
Exports	14	99.274	101.354	99.962	100.841	101.042	101.432	102.047
Goods	15	98.668	100.694	99.313	100.161	100,590	100.531	101.444
Services	16	100.740	102.949	101.535	102.484	102.157	103.579	103.512
Imports	17	96.520	99.999	97.662	100.403	99.349	100.011	100.230
Goods	18	95.345	98.072	96.332	99.053	97.321	97.939	98.009
Services	19	102.666	110.250	104.671	107.514	110.201	111.098	112.137
Government consumption								
expenditures and gross		1						
investment	20	105,206	108.221	106.046	107.941	107.957	108.423	108.555
Federal	21	104.858	107.501	105.059	107.025	107.392	107,748	107.811
National defense	22	104.666	107.419	104.933	106.960	107.291	107.644	107.740
Nondefense	23	105.208	107.649	105.289	107.143	107.577	107.938	107.740
State and local	24	105.208	108.599	106.576	108.431	108.242	108.774	108.948
	27	100.001	100.333	100.570	100.401	100.242	100.774	100.540
Addendum:	0.5	400.000		404544	405 400	405 405	405.050	
Gross national product	25	103.932		104.541	105.138	105.425	105.853	

Table 1.1.10. Percentage Shares of Gross Domestic Product

[Percent]

	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003				
				IV	1	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Personal consumption	ĺĺ			ĺ	1	1			
expenditures	2	70.5	70.6	70.6	70.8	70.7	70.6	70.2	
Durable goods		8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.8	8.6	
Nondurable goods	4	19.9	20.1	19.9	20.3	20.0	20.1	20.1	
Services	5	41.9	41.9	42.1	42.2	42.2	41.7	41.6	
Gross private domestic	1 1			1			1		
investment	6	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.0	15.0	15.2	15.7	
Fixed investment	7	15.1	15.2	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.3	15.6	
Nonresidential	8	10.3	10.1	10.1	10.0	10.0	10.1	10.3	
Structures	9	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	
Equipment and software	10	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.8	8.0	
Residential	11	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	
Change in private inventories	12	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	
Net exports of goods and	1								
services	13	-4.1	-4.5	-4.5	-4.5	-4.7	-4.4	-4.4	
Exports	14	9.6	9.5	9.6	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.8	
Goods	15	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.8	
Services	16	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	
Imports	17	13.7	14.1	14.1	14.1	14.1	13.9	14.2	
Goods	18	11.4	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.5	11.8	
Services	19	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	
Government consumption	1 1		Į	1					
expenditures and gross									
investment	20	18.4	18.7	18.7	18.8	18.9	18.7	18.5	
Federal	21	6.5	6.9	6.7	6.7	7.0	6.9	6.9	
National defense	22	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.6	4.6	
Nondefense	23	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	
State and local	24	12.0	11.8	12.0	12.1	11.9	11.7	11.6	

Table 1.2.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real **Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product** 

[Percent]

				Sea	isonally ac	ljusted at	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03	
			Ì	IV	ı	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product Final sales of domestic	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1
product Change in private inventories	2	1.8	3.1	1.7	2.7	3.3	8.3	3.2
	4	2.1	4.4	-2.8	4.0		40.0	
Final sales	5	0.9	4.4	-1.6	4.3 6.6	<b>2.2</b> 2.9	1 <b>8.3</b> 18.7	7.8 4.9
Durable goods Final sales Change in private	7 8	2.0 -1.1	6.0 6.2	-3.2 -6.3	-1.3 4.3	8.3 11.7	26.3 30.7	11.0 2.5
inventories 1	10 11	2.2 2.7	3.0 3.0	-2.4 2.5	9.2 8.6	-2.6 -3.8	11.9 9.4	5.2 7.0
	12							
Services <sup>2</sup>	13	3.1	2.6	3.5	1.0	3.6	2.1	2.3
Structures	14	-3.0	2.4	2.1	-0.3	2.8	13.9	2.6
Addenda:  Motor vehicle output  Gross domestic product excluding motor vehicle	15	11.4	2.6	-4.9	-6.4	2.1	26.6	2.9
output	16 17	1.9	3.1	1.5	2.3	3.1	7.6	4.2
Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup> Gross domestic product excluding final sales of	1/	11.1	40.9	34.8	34.6	32.8	93.4	31.5
computers	18	2.1	2.8	1.0	1.7	2.8	7.6	3.9
purchasers	19	2.6	3.0	2.5	0.9	3.9	6.5	3.9

<sup>1.</sup> Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System

Table 1.2.3. Real Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product, **Quantity Indexes** 

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	sted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003			
				IV	ŀ	II.	111	١٧
Gross domestic product Final sales of domestic	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968
product Change in private inventories	3	103.242	106.484	103.877	104.569	105.420	107.553	108.396
Goods	4	100.034	104.391	100.222	101.286	101.844	106.204	108.229
Final sales Change in private inventories	5 6	101.511	106.003	101.226	102.859	103.590	108.127	109.435
Durable goods Final sales Change in private	7 8	96.965 98.685	102.742 104.779	97.888 97.976	97.573 99.006	99.541 101.775	105.529 108.828	108.323 109.506
inventories 1	9 10 11	102.917 104.078	106.043 107.203	102.440 104.161	104.728 106.323	104.050 105.287	107,011 107,681	108.383 109.522
inventories 1	12							
Services <sup>2</sup>	13	105.450	108.144	106.718	106.995	107.947	108.510	109.123
Structures	14	96.680	99.028	96.813	96.748	97.421	100.650	101.295
Addenda:  Motor vehicle output  Gross domestic product excluding motor vehicle	15	106.114	108.876	106.813	105.066	105.603	112.016	112.818
output Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup> Gross domestic product	16 17	102.593 126.217	105.817 177.830	103.389 140.659	103.975 151.506	104.776 162.631	106.713 191.792	107.804 205.392
excluding final sales of computersGross domestic purchases excluding final sales of	18	102.493	105.396	103.189	103.631	104.361	106.291	107.302
computers to domestic	19	103,168	106,293	104,223	104.444	105.448	107,129	108.151

<sup>1.</sup> Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SiC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

2. Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.

3. For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Table 1.2.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product

	]	İ		Sea	asonally ac	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	1	II	Ш	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1
Percentage points at annual rates:			ļ	1		ŀ		
Final sales of domestic								
product	2	1.78	3.14	1.69	2.71	3.25	8.34	3.19
Change in private								
inventories	3	0.41	-0.01	-0.40	-0.74	-0.17	-0.13	0.92
Goods	4	0.71	1.42	-0.92	1.37	0.75	5.67	2.54
Final sales	5	0.30	1.43	-0.52	2.11	0.92	5.80	1.62
Change in private inventories	6	0.41	-0.01	-0.40	-0.74	0.17	-0.13	0.92
Durable goods	7	0.31	0.88	-0.50	-0.18	1.17	3.62	1.61
Final sales Change in private	8	-0.18	0.90	-0.97	0.62	1.62	4.15	0.39
inventories 1	9	0.49	-0.02	0.47	-0.80	-0.44	-0.53	1.22
Nondurable goods	10	0.40	0.54	-0.42	1.55	-0.43	2.05	0.93
Final sales Change in private	11	0.48	0.53	0.45	1.49	-0.70	1.65	1.23
inventories 1	12	-0.08	0.01	-0.87	0.06	0.27	0.40	-0.30
Services 2	13	1.77	1.48	2.02	0.62	2.08	1.27	1.32
Structures	14	-0.29	0.23	0.19	~0.02	0.26	1.27	0.25
Addenda:	1							
Motor vehicle output	15	0.38	0.09	-0.18	-0.23	0.07	0.82	0.10
Gross domestic product	"	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.20	0.07	0.02	0.10
excluding motor vehicle output	16	1.81	3.03	1.46	2.20	3.01	7.39	4.01
Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup>	17	0.10	0.31	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.65	0.28
Gross domestic product excluding final sales of	''	0.10	0.31	0.26	0.20	0.25	0.03	0.20
computers	18	2.09	2.81	1.03	1.71	2.83	7.56	3.82

Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System trial Classification (STU); fatter estimates for allocations and the state of the control of the

**Table 1.2.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product** by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

	ļ				Seas	onally adju	usted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				١٧	_	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product Final sales of domestic	1	103.949	1 <b>05.66</b> 5	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187
product Change in private	2	103.955	105.702	104.585	105.198	105.474	105.906	106.228
inventories	3							
Goods	4	100.176	99.507	99,961	99,436	99.451	99,572	99,569
Final sales Change in private inventories	5 6	100.196	99.608	99.999	99.534	99.542	99.671	99.683
Durable goods	7	96.624			95.170	94.402	93,802	93.236
Final sales Change in private	8	96.642	94.178	95.958	95.183	94.418	93.831	93.280
inventories1	9							
Nondurable goods	10	103.449	104.432	103.670	103.358	104.083	104.875	105.411
Final sales Change in private	11	103.513	104.635	103.756	103.566	104.274	105.075	105.624
inventories 1	12							
Services 2	13	105.741	108.629	106.845	107.974	108.356	108.934	109.253
Structures	14	107.032	110.440	107.819	109.252	109.864	110.543	112.099
Addenda:								
Motor vehicle output Gross domestic product excluding motor vehicle	15	96.777	95.018	96.199	95.813	94.680	94.640	94.939
output	16	104,220	106.073	104.890	105.520	105.853	106,300	106.619
Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup>	17	63.635	53.518	58.739	56.177	54.287	52.165	51.444
Gross domestic product excluding final sales of	''	55.000	55.010	55.760	55.77		32.100	51,511
computers	18	104.462	106.364	105.164	105.806	106.120	106.597	106.935

<sup>1.</sup> Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System

<sup>(</sup>NAICS).

2. Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.

3. For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

<sup>(</sup>NAICS).

2. Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.

3. For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

### **Table 1.2.5. Gross Domestic Product** by Major Type of Product

[Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	idjusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
		8		IV	ı	11	III	IV
Gross domestic product Final sales of domestic	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3
product Change in private	2	10,475.5	10,986.3	10,603.6	10,736.7	10,852.4		,
inventories	3	5.4	-0.9	20.2	-0.9	~5.8	-10.5	13.7
Final sales	4 5 6	3,456.2 3,450.9 5.4		3,454.5 3,434.4 20.2	3,472.6 3,473.5 -0.9	3,492.8 3,498.5 ~5.8	3,646.0 3,656.5 -10.5	3,714.8 3,701.2 13.7
Final sales	7 8	1,582.8 1,576.8	1,633.9 1,631.0	1,586.7 1,554.4	1,568.9 1,558.0	1,587.6 1,588.7	1,672.5 1,688.3	
Change in private inventories 1 Nondurable goods	9 10	6.1 1,873.4		32.3 1,867.8	10.9 1,903.7	1,905.1	-15.8 1,973.6	
Final sales Change in private inventories 1	11	1,874.1 -0.7	1,951.5 -3.8	1,880.0 -12.1	1,915.5 –11.8	1,909.8 -4.7	1,968.2 5.4	2,012.3 -4.0
Services <sup>2</sup>	13	6.049.8		6,185.9		1	6.412.8	6,467.8
Structures	14	974.8	1,030.4	983.3	995.7	1,008.3	1,048.1	1,069.7
Addenda:  Motor vehicle output  Gross domestic product excluding motor vehicle	15	374.8	377.6	375.1	367.5	365.0	387.0	391.0
output Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup> Gross domestic product	16 17	10,106.0 88.3	10,607.8 104.8	10,248.6 91.4		10,481.7 97.6	10,719.9 110.6	10,861.3 116.8
excluding final sales of computers	18	10,392.5	10,880.6	10,532.3	10,641.7	10,749.0	10,996.3	11,135.5

Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 1.3.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Gross Value Added by Sector

[Percent]

				Sea	asonally ad	justed at a	nnual rate	s	
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003				
				IV	1	11	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1	
Business 1 Nonfarm 2 Farm	2 3 4	2.3 2.3 1.9	3.7 3.7 3.2	1.6 1.6 -1.5	1.9 2.4 -39.5	4.2 3.8 59.0	10.3 10.4 -3.2	3.9 4.1 –16.6	
Households and institutions Households Nonprofit institutions serving households 3	5 6	2.2 2.4 1.8	1.1 0.9 1.4	-1.6 -3.8	2.5 3.5	-1.9 -4.0	2.9 4.1 1.3	9.5 15.7 1.9	
General government 4 Federal State and local	8 9 10	1.6 1.7 1.6	1.4 3.3 0.6	2.4 4.9 1.4	1.7 4.3 0.6	1.1 5.0 -0.5	0.1 0.0 0.1	0.5 -0.3 0.9	
Addendum: Gross housing value added	11	2.4	0.7	-3.6	3.5	-4.3	3.3	14.8	

#### Table 1.2.6. Real Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
	İ			١٧	ı	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product Final sales of domestic	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2
product Change in private	2	10,076.9	10,393.4	10,138.9	10,206.4	10,289.5	10,497.7	10,580.0
inventories Residual	3	5.7 0.4	0.7 3.6	21.5 0.4	1.6 2.4	-4.5 3.3	-9.1 4.5	14.9 4.3
GoodsFinal sales	5 6	3,450.5 3,444.1	3,596.5	3,434.4	3,489.8	<b>3,512.9</b> 3,514.7	3,668.6	3,713.0
Change in private inventories Durable goods	7 8 9	5.7 1,638.1	0.7 1,735.7	21.5 1,653.7	1.6 1,648.4	-4.5 1,681.6		14.9 1,830.0
Final sales Change in private inventories <sup>1</sup>	10	1,631.6	1,732.3 3.0	1,619.9 32.8	1,636.9	1,682.7 -1.0	1,799.3 -16.0	1,810.5 17.8
Nondurable goods	11	1,811.3 1,810.5			1,843.2 1,849.5	1,831.2 1,831.5		1,907.5 1,905.2
Change in private inventories 1	13	-0.4	-2.1	-10.6	-8.9	-3.4	6.1	-2.1
Services <sup>2</sup>	14	5,721.3	5,867.4	5,790.1	5,805.1	5,856.8	5,887.3	5,920.6
Structures	15 16	910.8 3.0	<b>932.9</b> -0.6	<b>912.0</b> 4.7	911.4 5.3	<b>917.8</b> 3.9	948.2 -4.9	<b>954.3</b> -7.1
Addenda:  Motor vehicle output  Gross domestic product	17	387.3	397.4	389.8	383.5	385.4	408.8	411.7
excluding motor vehicle output Final sales of computers <sup>3</sup> Gross domestic product	1 <b>8</b> 19	9,6 <b>9</b> 7.1 138.8	10,001.8 195.5	9,772.3 154.6	9,827.7 166.6	9,903.4 178.8	10,086.5 210.8	10,189.6 225.8
excluding final sales of computers	20	9,949.0	10,230.8	10,016.6	10,059.5	10,130.4	10,317.7	10,415.8

Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 1.3.3. Real Gross Value Added by Sector, **Quantity Indexes** 

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

			ĺ		Seas	onally adju	usted		
	Line	2002	2003	2002		2003			
				IV	1	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968	
Nonfarm <sup>2</sup> Farm	2 3 4	102.374 102.421 97.569	106.149 106.203 100.661	103.301 103.276 106.144	103.799 103.895 93.608	104.861 104.856 105.113	107.457 107.487 104.270	108.479 108.574 99.651	
Households and institutions Households Nonprofit institutions serving households 3	5 6 7	104.450 105.568 102.973	105.602 106.528 104.391	104.365 104.914 103.637	105.002 105.828 103.911	104.501 104.743 104.166	105.243 105.801 104.502	107.661 109.741 104.986	
General government 4 Federal State and local	8 9 10	103.345 101.930 103.935	104.789 105.296 104.580	104.106 103.255 104.462	104.534 104.342 104.617	104.816 105.632 104.477	104.836 105.643 104.501	104.971 105.566 104.724	
Addendum: Gross housing value added	11	105.160	105.908	104.510	105.421	104.269	105.121	108.819	

Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.
 For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government.
 Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added.
 S. Equals compensation of emptoyees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions.

<sup>(</sup>NAICS).

2. Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.

3. For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Nors. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexe uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line following change in private inventories is the difference between gross domestic product and the sum of final sales of domestic product and the sum of the detailed lines of goods, of services, and of structures.

Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government.
 Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added.
 Guals compensation of employees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions.

<sup>4.</sup> Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital.

Table 1.3.4. Price Indexes for Gross Value Added by Sector

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	usted		
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003				
				IV	ı	Ц	Ш	١٧	
Gross domestic product	1	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187	
Business <sup>1</sup>	2 3 4	102.768 102.779 101.347	104.170 104.051 116.232	103,321 103,355 98,584	103.746 103.739 103.534	103.972 103.925 108.260	104.321 104.207 115.663	104.642 104.335 137.470	
Households and institutions Households Nonprofit institutions serving households 3	5 6 7	108.650 108.361 109.039	110.724 109.177 112.800	1 <b>09.316</b> 108.739 11 <b>0</b> .092	110.057 109.241 111.156	110.281 108.815 112.251	111.080 109.116 113.716	111.476 109.536 114.078	
General government 4 Federal State and local	8 9 10	107.547 107.425 107.599	111.140 110.807 111.276	108.623 107.193 109.212	110.245 110.358 110.193	110.941 110.844 110.978	111.582 111.011 111.818	111.793 111.016 112.116	
Addendum: Gross housing value added	11	108.227	109.321	108.677	109.222	108.989	109.319	109.755	

Table 1.3.6. Real Gross Value Added by Sector, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Se	asonally a	ıdjusted at	annual rat	es	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		2003			
				IV	ı	III	١٧		
Gross domestic product	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2	
Business 1 Nonfarm 2 Farm	2 3 4	<b>7,848.7</b> 7,779.0 69.8	8,138.1 8,066.3 72.0	7,919.7 7,844.0 75.9	<b>7,957.9</b> 7,891.0 67.0	8,039.3 7,964.0 75.2	8,238.4 8,163.8 74.6	8,316.7 8,246.4 71.3	
Households and institutions Households Nonprofit institutions serving households 3	5 6 7	1,128.8 649.9 478.9	1,141.3 655.8 485.5	1,127.9 645.9 482.0	1,134.8 651.5 483.3	1,129.4 644.8 484.4	1,137.4 651.4 486.0	1,1 <b>63.5</b> 675.6 488.3	
General government 4	8 9 10 11	1,105.4 321.4 783.9 0.1	1,120.8 332.1 788.8 -2.8	1,113.5 325.6 787.9 -0.5	1,118.1 329.1 789.0 -0.5	1,121.1 333.1 788.0 -1.2	1,121.3 333.2 788.2 -4.1	1,122.8 332.9 789.9 -5.2	
Addendum; Gross housing value added	12	835.3	841.2	830.1	837.3	828.2	835.0	864.3	

Table 1.3.5. Gross Value Added by Sector

[Billions of dollars]

				S∈	easonally a	idjusted at	annuai rat	es		
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	2003			
			l .	IV	1	p	111	IV		
Gross domestic product	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3		
Business <sup>1</sup> Nonfarm <sup>2</sup> Farm	2 3 4	8,065.6 7,994.9 70.7	8,476.1 8,392.7 83.5	8,181.3 8,106.7 74.6	8 <b>,254.</b> 3 8,185.4 69.0	<b>8,357.5</b> 8,275.8 81.7	8,592.4 8,506.5 85.9	<b>8,700.2</b> 8,603.0 97.2		
Households and institutions Households Nonprofit institutions serving households 3	5 6 7	1,226.4 704.3 522.2	1,263.7 716.1 547.6	1,233.0 702.4 530.6	<b>1,248.9</b> 711.8 53 <b>7</b> .1	<b>1,245.</b> 5 701.7 543.8	1,263.4 710.8 552.6	1 <b>,297.0</b> 740.1 557.0		
General government 4 Federal State and local	8 9 10	1,188.8 345.3 843.5	1,245.6 368.0 877.7	1,209.5 349.1 860.4	1,232.6 363.1 869.4	1,243.7 369.2 874.5	1,251.1 369.8 881.3	<b>1,255.</b> 1 369.6 <b>88</b> 5.5		
Addendum: Gross housing value added	11	904.0	919.7	902.2	914.6	902.7	912.8	948.7		

Table 1.4.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

[Percent]

	1			S€	easonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es		
	Line	2002	2003	2002		2003				
				IV	ī	III	IV			
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1		
services	2	-2.4	2.1	-3.7	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0		
services Equals: Gross domestic	3	3.3	4.0	8.2	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4		
purchases Less: Change in private	4	2.8	3.3	2.7	1.1	4.3	7.0	4.2		
inventories	5									
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	6	2.4	3.4	3.1	1.8	4.5	7.2	3,3		
Addendum: Final sales of domestic product	7	1.8	3.1	1.7	2.7	3.3	8.3	3.2		

Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government.
 Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added.
 S. Equals compensation of employees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions.

<sup>4.</sup> Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital.

<sup>1.</sup> Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government.
2. Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added.
3. Equals compensation of employees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions.
4. Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital.
Nors. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government.
 Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added.
 Guals compensation of employees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions.

Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital.

Table 1.4.3. Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	ısted		
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003				
				IV	1	II	Ш	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968	
services	2	92.512	94.409	92.818	92.353	92.097	94.290	98.893	
services Equals: Gross domestic	3	100.609	104.617	103.610	101.810	104.059	104.277	108.322	
purchases Less: Change in private inventories	5	103.482	106.932	104.625	104.915	106.016	107.836	108.959	
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	6	103.998	107.484	104.992	105.459	106,619	108.483	109.376	
Addendum: Final sales of domestic product	7	103.242	106.484	103.877	104.569	105.420	107.553		

Table 1.4.5. Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

[Billions of dollars]

				S	easonally a	adjusted at	djusted at annual rates				
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	2003				
			IV	1	1 II III 0,735.8 10,846.7 11,107.0 11,021.0 1,020.2 1,048.5						
Gross domestic product Less: Exports of goods and	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3			
servicesPlus: Imports of goods and	2	1,006.8	1,049.0	.,	i i	, ·	'	, i			
services Equals: Gross domestic	3	1,433.1	1,543.9	1,493.3	1,508.5	1,525.7	1,539.0	1,602.2			
purchases Less: Change in private	4	10,907.1	11,480.3	11,099.9	11,223.4	11,352.2	11,597.5	11,748.3			
inventories	5	5.4	-0.9	20.2	-0.9	-5.8	-10.5	13.7			
Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers	6	10,901.7	11,481.2	11,079.7	11,224.3	11,357.9	11,608.0	11,734.6			
Addendum: Final sales of domestic product	7	10,475.5	10,986.3	10,603.6	10,736.7	10,852.4	11,117.4	11,238.7			

Table 1.4.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

	1				Seas	onally adju	ısted			
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	01.044 101.434 102.04 99.381 100.042 100.26			
				IV	l	II.	Ħ	IV		
Gross domestic product	1	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187		
services	2	99.273	101.342	99.964	100.842	101.044	101.434	102.049		
services Equals: Gross domestic	3	96.519	100.030	97.694	100.435	99.381	100.042	100.261		
purchases Less: Change in private	4	103.374	105.308	104.065	104.934	105.031	105.496	105.772		
inventories Equals: Final sales to domestic	5									
purchasers	6	103.379	105.343	104.077	104.968	105.062	105.531	105.811		
Addendum: Final sales of domestic product	7	103.955	105.702	104.585	105.198	105.474	105.906	106.228		

Table 1.4.6. Relation of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Si	asonally a	sonally adjusted at annual rates				
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03			
				١٧	1	ıı	III	١٧		
Gross domestic product Less: Exports of goods and	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2		
servicesPlus: Imports of goods and	2	1,014.2	1,035.0	''	1,012.4	1,009.6	1,033.7	,,,,,		
services Equals: Gross domestic	3	1,484.7	1,543.9	.,	1,502.5	1,535.7		1,598.6		
purchases	4	10,551.5	} '	10,668.0	,	10,809.9	,	11,109.9		
inventories Equals: Final sales to domestic	5	5.7	0.7	21.5	1.6	-4.5	-9.1	14.9		
purchasersAddendum:	6	′	10,898.9	,	10,693.5	.,	11,000.1	11,090.7		
Final sales of domestic product	7	10,076.9	10,393.4	10,138.9	10,206.4	10,289.5	10,497.7	10,580.0		

Note. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Table 1.5.1 Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real **Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail** 

[Percent]

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03		
				IV	ı	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1	
Personal consumption expenditures	2	3.4	3.1	2.2	2.5	3.3	6.9	2.7	
Durable goods	3	6.5	7.3	0.3	0.5	17.7	28.0	-0.1	
Motor vehicles and parts	4	4.4	4.3	-8.0	-4.2	15.3	39.7	-9.7	
Furniture and household	_	100		0.0		40.4	20.0	0.0	
equipment Other	5	10.0	9.7 10.0	8.2 7.0	1.3 11.0	19.4 20.0	22.9 12.5	9.8 6.2	
Nondurable goods	7	3.0	3.8	4.6	5.7	1.2	7.3	5.2	
Food	8	2.3	3.8	2.3	6.7	2.4	7.3	3.8	
Clothing and shoes Gasoline, fuel oil, and other	9	5.1	4.8	7.5	3.0	7.8	9.4	0.9	
energy goods	10	2.3	-0.5	12.7	4.2	-18.6	3.7	17.6	
Other	11	3.5	4.6	4.5	5.9	3.6	7.6	6.0	
Services	12	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.8	2.2	
Housing Household operation	13 14	2.7 1.1	2.2 0.4	2.3 0.9	2.3 1.0	1.8 -3.3	2.2 3.5	1.6 0.5	
Electricity and gas	15	2.9	-0.2	6.1	0.4	-12.7	4.1	-1.2	
Other household operation	16	0.0	0.8	-2.0	1.4	3.2	3.2	1.5	
Transportation Medical care	17 18	-1.7 5.7	-2.3 5.1	-3.1 6.1	0.5 5.1	-4.0 4.6	-2.2 5.0	-2.4 5.0	
Recreation	19	3.8	2.2	3.2	0.0	3.6	2.6	4.0	
Other	20	2.1	-0.1	-3.3	-2.8	1.3	1.9	0.8	
Gross private domestic		Ì			1				
investment	21	-1.2	4.3	-0.6	-3.5	4.7	14.8	15.8	
Fixed investment Nonresidential	22 23	-3.7   -7.2	4.4 2.9	2.1 -0.1	1.1	6.1 7.0	15.8 12.8	9.3 9.6	
Structures	24	-18.4	-5.0	-5.6	-4.0	3.9	-1.8	-7.1	
Equipment and software	25	-2.8	5.5	1.7	0.5	8.0	17.6	15.1	
Information processing					ì		)		
equipment and software	26	0.4	13.8	-1.5	17.3	16.8	27.1	17.1	
Computers and			10.0	,	,,,,	10.0		.,,,,	
peripheral		400	20.0	400		40.0	50.4	20.0	
equipment Software <sup>1</sup>	27 28	13.8 -2.5	32.6 9.0	12.0 -3.4	29.2 11.6	48.6 9.9	53.4 15.2	30.6 15.7	
Other	29	-2.9	10.0	-5.9	17.4	9.7	26.8	11.7	
Industrial equipment	30	-6.2	-3.5	-3.1	-7.4	-1.3	1.5	-0.9	
Transportation	31	-10.1	-9.1	18.1	-27.4	-7.6	-4.8	23.7	
equipment Other equipment	32	-10.1 -1.7	3.4	3.1	-10.5	4.3	25.2	17.2	
Residential	33	4.9	7.5	6.8	4.5	4.5	21.9	8.6	
Change in private inventories	34			•					
Farm Nonfarm	35 36			***************************************					
Net exports of goods and	"			***************************************		***********	*************	***************************************	
services	37								
Exports	38	-2.4	2.1	-3.7	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0	
Goods	39 40	-4.0 1.4	1.9 2.4	-9.1 9.4	1.9 -10.1	-1.7 0.2	8.6 12.7	21.2 20.7	
Imports	41	3.3	4.0	8.2	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4	
Goods	42	3.7	4.8	7.4	-6.6	13.7	-1.5	18.1	
Services	43	1.4	0.0	12.2	-7.5	-10.9	13.4	8.6	
Government consumption									
expenditures and gross investment	44	3.8	3.4	7.1	-0.4	7.4	1.8	0.8	
Federal	45	7.9	8.8	18.2	-0.2	23.5	1.2	1.6	
National defense Consumption expenditures	46 47	8.9 8.4	10.6 10.9	22.1 28.2	-5.6 -4.8	41.9 41.9	-1.3 -4.7	4.2 4.3	
Gross investment	48	11.7	8.7	-12.6	-4.8 -11.2	41.9	26.4	3.8	
Nondefense	49	6.2	5.3	11.4	10.5	-5.0	6.5	-3.3	
Consumption expenditures	50	6.1	5.4	13.7	12.8	-11.7	11.9	-7.4	
Gross investment State and local	51 52	7.0 1.8	4.9 0.5	-2.6 1.5	-4.1 -0.5	53.7 -0.8	-22.8 2.1	28.7 0.4	
Consumption expenditures	53	1.4	0.5	1.9	0.6	-0.5 -0.5	-0.3	0.3	
Gross investment	54	3.4	0.0	-0.3	-4.9	-2.2	12.2	0.7	
CHOOS INVOSUITORICALIA		J.,4	0.0		7.5	-2.2	L	0.7	

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.2 Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product, **Expanded Detail** 

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	innual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	ı	II	Ш	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1
Percentage points at annual rates:			İ			- 1		
Personal consumption				İ				
expenditures	2	2.38	2.20	1.57	1.80	2.34	4.89	1.93
Durable goods Motor vehicles and parts	3	0.55 0.18	0.61 0.17	0.02 -0.33	0.04 -0.16	1.38	2.23 1.36	-0.01 -0.40
Furniture and household	"	0.10	0.17	70.33	70.10	0.54	1.50	-0.40
equipment	5	0.30	0.28	0.24	0.04	0.54	0.65	0.29
Other	6	0.08	0.16	0.11	0.17	0.30	0.21	0.10
Nondurable goods	7	0.60	0.76	0.90	1.13	0.25	1.48	1.04
Food	8	0.22	0.37	0.22	0.63	0.23	0.71	0.37
Clothing and shoes Gasoline, fuel oil, and other	9	0.15	0.13	0.21	0.09	0.21	0.27	0.02
energy goods	10	0.04	-0.01	0.21	80.0	-0.40	0.07	0.31
Other	11	0.20	0.26	0.25	0.33	0.20	0.43	0.33
Services	12	1.23	0.84	0.65	0.63	0.71	1.19	0.91
Housing	13	0.29	0.24	0.25	0.26	0.20	0.25	0.18
Household operation	14	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.04	-0.13	0.14	0.02
Electricity and gas	15 16	0.04 0.00	0.00	0.09 -0.05	0.01	-0.21 0.08	0.06	-0.02 0.04
Other household operation Transportation	17	-0.05	-0.06	-0.05	0.03	-0.11	-0.06	-0.04
Medical care	18	0.63	0.59	0.69	0.59	0.53	0.60	0.59
Recreation	19	0.11	0.06	0.09	0.00	0.10	0.08	0.12
Other	20	0.20	-0.01	-0.33	-0.28	0.13	0.19	0.08
Gross private domestic				1				
investment	21	-0.18	0.64	-0.09	-0.57	0.73	2.17	2.31
Fixed investment	22	-0.60	0.66	0.31	0.16	0.90	2.30	1.39
Nonresidential	23	-0.82	0.29	-0.01	-0.06	0.68	1.25	0.95
Structures	24	-0.59	-0.13	-0.14	-0.10	0.09	-0.04	-0.17
Equipment and software	25	-0.23	0.42	0.13	0.04	0.59	1.30	1.12
Information processing equipment and					İ			
software	26	0.02	0.54	-0.06	0.64	0.64	1.05	0.69
Computers and		1.1		1.50	•.•			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
peripheral								
equipment	27	0.11	0.24	0.09	0.21	0.33	0.39	0.25
Software 1	28	-0.04 -0.05	0.14	-0.06	0.18	0.15	0.24 0.41	0.25 0.19
OtherIndustrial equipment	30	-0.05	0.16 -0.05	-0.10 -0.04	0.26 -0.10	0.15 -0.02	0.41	-0.01
Transportation	- 50	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	-0.10	-0.02	0.02	-0.01
equipment	31	-0.14	-0.11	0.20	-0.37	-0.09	-0.05	0.24
Other equipment	32	-0.02	0.04	0.04	-0.13	0.05	0.28	0.20
Residential	33	0.23	0.36	0.32	0.22	0.22	1.05	0.44
Change in private inventories	34	0.41	-0.01	-0.40	-0.74	-0.17	-0.13	0.92
Farm Nonfarm	35 36	-0.03 0.44	0.02 -0.04	-0.02 -0.38	0.15 -0.88	-0.09 -0.08	-0.03 -0.10	0.10 0.82
Net exports of goods and	00	0.44	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.02
services	37	-0.70	<b>-0.3</b> 5	-1.47	0.81	-1.34	0.80	-0.30
Exports	38	-0.24	0.20	-0.37	-0.19	-0.11	0.92	1.85
Goods	39	-0.29	0.13	-0.64	0.13	-0.11	0.56	1.28
Services	40	0.04	0.07	0.27	-0.31	0.01	0.36	0.57
Imports	41	-0.45	-0.55	-1.10	1.00	-1.24	-0.12	-2.15
Goods	42 43	-0.42 -0.03	-0.55 0.00	-0.83 -0.27	0.81 0.19	-1.51 0.27	0.18 0.30	-1.95 -0.20
Services	40	~0.03	0.00	-0.21	0.18	0.21	-0.30	-0.20
Government consumption expenditures and gross				· .		1		
investment	44	0.69	0.63	1.29	-0.07	1.36	0.34	0.16
Federal	45	0.48	0.56	1.11	-0.01	1.46	0.09	0.11
National defense	46	0.35	0.44	0.85	-0.25	1.58	-0.06	0.19
Consumption expenditures	47	0.29	0.40	0.93	-0.19	1.39	-0.20	0.17
Gross investment	48	0.06	0.05	-0.07	-0.06	0.19	0.13	0.02
Nondefense Consumption expenditures	49 50	0.14 0.12	0.12 0.11	0.26 0.26	0.24	-0.12 -0.26	0.15 0.23	-0.08 -0.16
Gross investment	51	0.12	0.11	0.26	-0.01	0.14	-0.08	0.08
State and local	52	0.02	0.02	0.18	-0.06	-0.10	0.25	0.05
Consumption expenditures	53	0.13	0.06	0.19	0.06	-0.05	-0.02	0.03
Gross investment	54	0.08	0.00	-0.01	-0.12	-0.05	0.27	0.02

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.3 Real Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

				Seasonally adjusted					
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03		
				IV	I	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968	
Personal consumption	١,	105.051	100.051	100 010	407 400	100 070	110 107	110.040	
expenditures	2	105.951 110.868	1 <b>09.251</b> 118.957	106.819 111.638	107.489 111.779	1 <b>08.378</b> 116.420	1 <b>10.197</b> 123.834	110.943 123.793	
Motor vehicles and parts	4	109.522	114.224	108.395	107.228	111.116	120.794	117.756	
Furniture and household									
equipment	5 6	116.544	127.905	119.356	119.740 108.357	125.172	131.794	134.915	
Other Nondurable goods	7	103.870 104.949	114.284 108.913	105.576 105.885	107.358	113.405 107.685	116.799 109.607	118.576 111.003	
Food	8	103.573	107.545	104.188	105.885	106.508	108.390	109.397	
Clothing and shoes	9	107.183	112.307	108.622	109.416	111.495	114.037	114.281	
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other	10	104.060	103.583	104.974	106.047	100.743	101.664	105.880	
energy goods Other	11	106.466	111.415	107.690	109.252	110.227	112.274	113.909	
Services	12	105.420	107.515	106.276	106.664	107.115	107.849	108.430	
Housing	13	105.508	107.866	106.487	107.106	107.581	108.173	108.605	
Household operation	14 15	101.117 101.352	101.515 101.138	101.418 103.198	101.675	100.838 99.842	101.717 100.859	101.832 100.549	
Electricity and gas Other household operation	16	100.959	101.773	100.329	100.678	101.483	102.274	102.658	
Transportation	17	97.774	95.551	96.582	96.697	95.714	95.188	94.603	
Medical care	18	110.250	115.898	112.462	113.880	115.157	116.563	117.991	
Recreation	19 20	106.169 103.935	108.502 103.782	107.184 103.968	107.180 103.237	108.124 103.570	108.812 104.058	109.890 104.265	
Other	20	103.933	103.762	103.500	103.237	103.570	104.030	104.203	
Gross private domestic investment	21	90.580	94.435	91.953	91.135	92.186	95.424	98,996	
Fixed investment	22	93.258	97.357	93.718	93.968	95.378	98.932	101.149	
Nonresidential	23	88.683	91.278	88.378	88.248	89.751	92.485	94.630	
Structures	24 25	79.492 92.144	75.547 97.246	76.304 92.927	75.523 93.047	76.244 94.851	75. <b>9</b> 06 98.779	74.514 102.309	
Equipment and software Information processing	25	92.144	97.240	92.927	93.047	94.651	96.779	102.309	
equipment and					ŀ				
software	26	98.211	111.777	100.115	104.182	108,297	114.996	119.632	
Computers and peripheral									
equipment	27	116.477	154.434	124.706	132.950	146.791	163.361	174.634	
Software 1	28	95.068	103.602	96.336	99.021	101.393	105.045	108.949	
Other	29	93.181	102.472	93.191	96.996	99.259	105.335	108.297	
Industrial equipment Transportation	30	85.452	82.419	84.117	82.516	82.247	82.554	82.360	
equipment	31	79,729	72.460	79.073	73.002	71.581	70.701	74.556	
Other equipment	32	94.721	97.945	96.101	93.460	94.445	99.913	103.964	
Residential	33	105.228	113.124	107.629	108.828	110.021	115.616	118.031	
Change in private inventories Farm	34 35			,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Nonfarm	36								
Net exports of goods and					1				
services	37	00 540							
Exports	38 39	92.512 90.163	94.409 91.853	92.818 89.651	92.353 90.076	92.097 89.693	94.290 91.572	98.893 96.072	
Services	40	98.348	100.751	100.660	98.010	98.068	101.033	105.893	
Imports	41	100.609	104.617	103.610	101.810	104.059	104.277	108.322	
Goods	42	100.400	105.226	103.586	101.829	105.144	104.739	109.192	
Services	43	101.787	101.774	103.842	101.828	98.938	102.100	104.230	
Government consumption expenditures and gross									
investment	44	106.697	110.334	108.666	108.563	110.527	111.008	111.240	
Federal	45	111.958	121.761	116.764	116.713	123.025	123.406	123.900	
National defense	46 47	113.086 112.664	125.114 124.977	118.672 118.810	116.972 117.355	127.675 128.087	127.247 126.569	128.565 127.899	
Consumption expenditures Gross investment	48	116.016	126.099	117.620	114.165	124.649	132.174	133.407	
Nondefense	49	109.956	115.814	113.381	116.252	114.781	116.596	115.629	
Consumption expenditures	50	110.398	116.379	114.500	118.011	114.406	117.676	115.423	
Gross investment State and local	51 52	107.396 104.047	112.623 104.592	106.644 104.593	105.540 104.463	117.511 104.248	110.132 104.779	117.308 104.880	
Consumption expenditures	53	103.568	104.392	104.393	104.463	104.246	104.778	104.860	
Gross investment	54	106.021	105.998	106.184	104.857	104.288	107.326	107.522	
	L		L	L	L		L		

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.4 Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail [Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	 isted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187
Personal consumption	اما	103.429	105.302	104,203	104.927	105.065	105.522	105.695
Durable goods	3	95.208	91.682	94.136	93.074	92.147	91.207	90.298
Motor vehicles and parts	4	98.766	95.991	97.959	97.029	96.514	95.785	94.636
Furniture and household								
equipment	5	88.778	83.539	87.082	85.873	84.212	82.409	81.660
Other	6	99.531 102.075	97.905 104.180	99.168 102.789	98.115 104.079	97.790 103.529	98.195 104.488	97.521 104.623
Nondurable goods Food	8	104.942	104.160	105.449	105.898	106.527	107.197	108.241
Clothing and shoes	9	95.405	93.047	94.734	93.555	92.642	92.816	93.174
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other								
energy goods	10	90.530	105.692	95.987	109.497	102.030	107.390	103.853
Other	11	104.986	105.136	105.159	104.975 108.028	104.993	105.439	105.137
Services Housing	12 13	105.946 107.786	108.966 110.411	107.174 108.958	109.612	108.758 110.043	109.306 110.676	109.771 111.312
Household operation	14	103.490	107.497	104.355	106.555	107.827	107.998	107.608
Electricity and gas	15	104.857	113.154	105.478	110.177	114.549	114.730	113.161
Other household operation	16	102.715	104.193	103.733	104.443	103.906	104.070	104.353
Transportation	17	102.826	105.558	103.628	103.781	105.014	106.523	106.915
Medical care	18	106.241	109.445	107.375	108.033	109.041	109.887	110.818
Recreation Other	19	106.476 105.419	109.658 108.278	107.726 107.077	108.714 108.002	109.358 108.392	110.066 108.317	110.492 108.402
Gross private domestic	20	103.413	100.276	107.077	100.002	100.332	100.317	100.402
investment	21	101.119	102.062	101.259	101.586	101.589	102,093	102.981
Fixed investment	22	101.155	102.291	101.341	101.808	101.796	102.319	103.241
Nonresidential	23	98.859	98.664	98.65 <b>8</b>	98.579	98.293	98.678	99.106
Structures	24	106.974	109.165	107.274	108.268	108.559	109.288	110.547
Equipment and software	25	96.121	95.270	95.781	95.404	94.961	95.251	95.464
Information processing equipment and								
software	26	91.736	88.744	90.553	89.512	89.077	88.684	87.704
Computers and						50.0		
peripheral				: 				
equipment	27	70.466	62.065	66.951	64.232	62.648	61.254	60.125
Software 1	28 29	100.279 96.068	99.274 95.232	100.067 95.613	99.417 95.451	99.439 95.479	100.013 95.016	98.226 94.983
OtherIndustrial equipment	30	101.049	101.875	101.279	101.552	101.683	102.058	102.205
Transportation	"		7011010					102.200
equipment	31	99.792	103.920	101.286	102.079	100.133	103.593	109.877
Other equipment	32	102.272	103.295	102.653	102.996	103.344	103.488	103.351
Residential	33 34	107.105	111.257	108.184	109.881	110.485	111.321	113.343
Change in private inventories Farm	35							
Nonfarm	36							
Net exports of goods and		[				·		
services	37							
Exports	38	99.273	101.342	99.964	100.842	101.044	101.434	102.049
Goods	39 40	98.668	100.680	99.311	100.159	100.589	100.529	101.443
Services	40	100.740	102.941 100.030	101.543 97.694	102.491 100.435	102.166 99.381	103.587 100.042	103.521 100.261
Goods	42	95.345	98.113	96.364	99.086	97.353	97.972	98.042
Services	43	102.665	110.248	104.681	107.525	110.212	111.108	112.148
Government consumption					ļ			
expenditures and gross								
investment	44 45	105.207 104.858	108.229	106.055	107.951	107.966	108.433	108.564
Federal National defense	45	104.858	107.501 107.418	105.066 104.941	107.032 106.968	107.399 107.300	107.755 107.654	107.818 107.749
Consumption expenditures	47	105.643	108.802	105.926	108.295	108.677	109.057	109.180
Gross investment	48	98.279	98.310	98.512	98.249	98.237	98.417	98.336
Nondefense	49	105.208	107.653	105.293	107.148	107.581	107.942	107.941
Consumption expenditures	50	106.021	108.919	106.153	108.329	108.838	109.218	109.292
Gross investment	51 52	100.356 105.382	99.995 108.603	100.176 106.580	100.000 108.435	99.973 108.246	100,226 108,778	99.779 108.951
State and local Consumption expenditures	53	105.694	109.258	107.095	109.195	108.246	109.456	109.569
Gross investment	54	104.116	105.966	104.502	105.372	105.971	106.056	106.464
	∟ "							

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.5 Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail [Billions of dollars]

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003			
				IV	ı	Н	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3
Personal consumption								
expenditures	2	7,385.3	7,753.2	7,501.2	7,600.7	7,673.6	7,836.3	7,902.3
Durable goods	3	911.3	941.1	907.3	898.2	926.2	975.1	965.1
Motor vehicles and parts	4	418.1	423.6	410.4	402.1	414.5	447.2	430.7
Furniture and household equipment	5	323.7	334.1	325.3	321.8	329.9	339.9	344.8
Other	6	169.4	183.4	171.6	174.3	181.8	188.0	189.5
Nondurable goods	7	2,086.0	2,209.4	2,119.2	2,175.7	2,170.8	2.230.0	2,261.3
Food	8	1,005.6	1,064.4	1,016.4	1,037.4	1,049.7	1,074.9	1,095.5
Clothing and shoes	, š	304.4	311.1	306.4	304.8	307.5	315.1	317.0
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other	ľ				000	001.0	0,0.,	0,,,0
energy goods	10	180.4	209.8	193.0	222.4	196.9	209.2	210.6
Other	11	595.6	624.2	603.4	611.1	616.7	630.8	638.1
Services	12	4.388.0	4.602.7	4.474.7	4,526.8	4,576.6	4,631.2	4,676.0
Housing	13	1,144.6	1,198.6	1,167.7	1,181.5	1,191.4	1,204.9	1,216.6
Household operation	14	408.2	425.7	412.9	422.6	424.2	428.5	427.5
Electricity and gas	15	152.3	164.0	156.0	163.1	163.9	165.8	163.1
Other household operation	16	255.9	261.7	256.9	259.5	260.3	262.7	264.4
Transportation	17	292.8	293.8	291.5	292.3	292.8	295.3	294.6
Medical care	18	1,202.7	1,302.5	1,239.8	1,263.1	1,289.2	1,315.1	1,342.5
Recreation	19	303.3	319.2	309.7	312.6	317.2	321.3	325.7
Other	20	1,036.4	1,063.0	1,053.0	1,054.7	1,061.9	1,066.2	1,069.1
Gross private domestic								
investment	21	1,589.2	1,671.4	1,614.7	1,605.3	1,624.3	1,689.1	1,767.0
Fixed investment	22	1,583.9	1,672.3	1,594.6	1,606.2	1,630.1	1,699.5	1,753.3
Nonresidential	23	1,080.2	1,109.7	1,074.3	1,071.8	1,086.9	1,124.4	1,155.5
Structures	24	266.3	258.3	256.3	256.1	259.2	259.8	258.0
Equipment and software	25	813.9	851.4	817.9	815.8	827.7	864.6	897.5
Information processing								
equipment and	26	421.3	463.8	424.1	400.0	454.0	477.0	400.0
software Computers and	20	421.3	403.0	424.1	436.2	451.2	477.0	490.8
peripheral								
equipment	27	83.3	97.2	84.9	86.8	93.5	101.8	106.8
Software 1	28	167.9	181.2	169.8	173.4	177.6	185.1	188.5
Other	29	170.1	185.4	169.3	175.9	180.1	190.2	195.5
Industrial equipment	30	137.5	133.7	135.6	133,4	133.2	134.1	134.0
Transportation								ļ
equipment	31	128.0	121.1	128.8	119.8	115.3	117.8	131.7
Other equipment	32	127.1	132.7	129.4	126.3	128.1	135.7	141.0
Residential	33	503.7	562.6	520.3	534.4	543.2	575.1	597.8
Change in private inventories	34	5.4	-0.9	20.2	-0.9	-5.8	-10.5	13.7
Farm	35	-3.4	-2.3	-4.8	0.2	-2.7	-4.3	-2.3
Nonfarm	36	8.7	1.4	25.0	-1.2	-3.0	-6.2	16.0
Net exports of goods and								
services	37	-426.3	-494.9	-476.1	-487.6	-505.5	<b>-490.</b> 6	-495.9
Exports	38	1,006.8	1,049.0	1,017.2	1,021.0	1,020.2	1,048.5	1,106.3
Goods	39 40	697.8 309.1	725.4	698.3	707.6	707.7	722.1	764.4
ServicesImports	40	1,433.1	323.6 1,543.9	318.8 1,493.3	313.3 1,508.5	312.5 1,525.7	326.4 1,539.0	341.9 1,602.2
Goods	42	1,190.3	1,283.2	1,240.8	1,254.2	1,323.7	1,275.6	1,330.7
Services	43	242.7	260.6	252.5	254.3	253.3	263.5	271.5
	1	L 72	200.0	202.0	201.0	200.0	200.0	L, 1.5
Government consumption expenditures and gross								
investment	44	1,932.5	2,055.7	1,983,9	2,017.4	2,054.2	2,072.1	2,079.0
Federal	45	679.5	757.6	710.0	723.0	764.7	769.6	773.1
National defense	46	438.3	497.7	461.1	463.3	507.3	507.2	512.9
Consumption expenditures	47	382.7	437.2	404.6	408.6	447.5	443.7	448.9
Gross investment	48	55.7	60.5	56.6	54.7	59.8	63.5	64.0
Nondefense	49	241.2	259.9	248.9	259.7	257.4	262.4	260.2
Consumption expenditures	50	208.1	225.4	216.1	227.3	221.4	228.5	224.3
Gross investment	51	33.0	34.5	32.7	32.4	36.0	33.8	35.9
State and local	52	1,253.1	1,298.1	1,273.9	1,294.5	1,289.6	1,302.5	1,305.8
Consumption expenditures	53	1,004.6	1,045.3	1,024.2	1,045.8	1,040.9	1,046.3	1,048.2
Gross investment	54	248.4	252.8	249.7	248.7	248.7	256.2	257.6

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.6 Real Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

					-			
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2
Personal consumption								
expenditures	2	7,140.4	7,362.9	7,198.9	7,244.1	7,304.0	7,426.6	7,476.9
Durable goods	3	957.2	1,027.0	963.8	965.0	1,005.1	1,069.1	1,068.7
Motor vehicles and parts	4	423.3	441.5	419.0	414.5	429.5	466.9	455.1
Furniture and household	5	364.7	400.2	373.5	374.7	391.7	412.4	422.2
equipment Other	6	170.2	187.3	173.0	177.6	185.9	191.4	194.3
Nondurable goods	7	2,043.6	2,120.8	2,061.8	2.090.5	2,096.9	2,134.3	2.161.5
Food	8	958.2	995.0	963.9	979.6	985.4	1,002.8	1,012.1
Clothing and shoes	9	319.1	334.4	323.4	325.7	331.9	339.5	340.2
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other								
energy goods	10	199.3	198.3	201.0	203.1	192.9	194.7	202.7
Other	11	567.3	593.7	573.8	582.2	587.4	598.3	607.0
Services	12	4,141.8	4,224.1	4,175.4	4,190.7	4,208.4	4,237.2	4,260.0
Housing	13 14	1,061.9	1,085.6 396.0	1,071.7 395.6	1,078.0	1,082.8	1,088.7	1,093.1 397.3
Household operation	15	394.5 145.2	144.9	147.9	396.6 148.0	143.1	396.8 144.5	144.1
Electricity and gas Other household operation	16	249.2	251.2	247.6	248.5	250.5	252.4	253.4
Transportation	17	284.8	278.3	281.3	281.6	278.8	277.2	275.5
Medical care	18	1,132.1	1,190.1	1,154.8	1,169.3	1.182.4	1.196.9	1.211.5
Recreation	19	284.8	291.1	287.5	287.5	290.1	291.9	294.8
Other	20	983.2	981.7	983.5	976.6	979.7	984.3	986.3
Gross private domestic								
investment	21	1,572.0	1,638.9	1,595.8	1,581.6	1,599.9	1,656.1	1,718.0
Fixed investment	22	1,565.8	1,634.6	1,573.5	1,577.7	1,601.4	1,661.0	1,698.3
Nonresidential	23	1,092.6	1,124.6	1,088.9	1,087.3	1,105.8	1,139.5	1,165.9
Structures	24	249.0	236.6	239.0	236.5	238.8	237.7	233.4
Equipment and software	25	846.7	893.6	853.9	855.0	871.6	907.7	940.1
Information processing equipment and					•			
software	26	459.3	522.7	468.2	487.2	506.4	537.7	559.4
Computers and			0		,,,,,	000.1	00	000.1
peripheral	į							ļ
equipment1	27							
Software 2	28	167.5	182.5	169.7	174.4	178.6	185.0	191.9
Other	29	177.1	194.7	177.1	184.3	188.6	200.2	205.8
Industrial equipment Transportation	30	136.1	131.2	133.9	131.4	131.0	131.4	131.1
equipment	31	128.2	116.5	127.2	117.4	115.1	113.7	119.9
Other equipment	32	124.3	128.5	126.1	122.6	123.9	131.1	136.4
Residential	33	470.3	505.6	481.0	486.4	491.7	516.7	527.5
Change in private inventories	34	5.7	0.7	21.5	1.6	-4.5	-9.1	14.9
Farm	35	-3.3	-1.0	-3.5	1.2	-2.0	-2.8	-0.6
Nonfarm	36	9.3	2.0	25.4	0.3	-2.4	-5.9	15.9
Net exports of goods and								
services	37	-470.6	-508.9	-511.5	-490.0	-526.0	-505.2	-514.4
Exports	38 39	1,014.2	1,035.0	1,017.5	1,012.4	1,009.6	1,033.7	1,084.1
Goods Services	40	707.2 306.8	720.4 314.3	703.2 314.0	706.5 305.7	703.5 305.9	718.2 315.2	753.5 330.3
Imports	41	1,484.7	1,543.9	1,529.0	1,502.5	1,535.7	1,538.9	1,598.6
Goods	42	1,248.4	1,308.5	1,288.1	1,266.2	1,307.4	1,302.4	1,357.8
Services	43	236.4	236.4	241.2	236.5	229.8	237.2	242.1
Government consumption	_							
expenditures and gross					İ			
investment	44	1,836.9	1,899.5	1,870.8	1,869.0	1,902.8	1,911.1	1,915.1
Federal	45	648.0	704.7	675.8	675.5	712.0	714.3	717.1
National defense	46	418.8	463.3	439.5	433.2	472.8	471.2	476.1
Consumption expenditures	47	362.2	401.8	382.0	377.3	411.8	406.9	411.2
Gross investment Nondefense	48 49	56.6 229.2	61.6 241.4	57.4 236.4	55.7 242.4	60.8 239.3	64.5 243.1	65.1 241.1
Consumption expenditures	50	196.3	206.9	203.6	209.9	203.4	243.1 2 <b>0</b> 9.3	205.2
Gross investment	51	32.9	34.5	32.7	32.4	36.0	33.8	36.0
State and local	52	1.189.1	1,195.3	1,195.3	1,193.8	1,191.4	1,197.4	1,198.6
Consumption expenditures	53	950.5	956.8	956.4	957.8	956.6	956.0	956.7
Gross investment	54	238.6	238.5	239.0	236.0	234.7	241.5	242.0
Residual	55	-3.3	-18.8	-2.5	-4.5	-11.5	-27.4	-31.7
	1.		1	t.				1

<sup>1.</sup> The quantity index for computers can be used to accurately measure the real growth of this component. However, because computers exhibit rapid changes in prices relative to other prices in the econormy, the chained-dollar estimates should not be used to measure the component's relative importance or its contribution to the growth rate of more aggregate series; accurate estimates of these contributions are shown in table 1.5.2 and real growth rates are shown in table 1.5.1.

2. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Note. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 1.6.4. Price Indexes for Gross **Domestic Purchases** 

[index numbers, 2000=100]

				Seasonally adjusted				
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	_	II	≡	IV
Gross domestic purchases	1	103.374	105.308	104.065	104.934	105.031	105.496	105.77
Personal consumption expenditures	2	103.429	105.302	104.203	104.927	105.065	105.522	105.69
Durable goods Motor vehicles and parts	3 4	95.208 98.766	91.682 95.991	94.136 97.959	93.074 97.029	92.147 96.514	91.207 95.785	90.298 94.638
Furniture and household								
equipment Other	5 6	88.778 99.531	83.539 97.905	87.082 99.168	85.873 98.115	84.212 97.790	82.409 98.195	81.666 97.52
Nondurable goods	7	102.075	104.180	102.789	104.079	103.529	104.488	104.62
FoodClothing and shoes	8	104.942 95.405	106.966 93.047	105.449 94.734	105.898 93.555	106.527 92.642	107.197 92.816	108.24 93.17
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other								
energy goods Other	10 11	90.530 104.986	105.692 105.136	95.987 105.159	109.497 104.975	102.030 104.993	107.390 105.439	103.85 105.13
Services	12	105.946	108.966	107.174	108.028	108.758	109.306	109.77
Housing	13	107.786	110.411	108.958	109.612	110.043	110.676	111.31
Household operation Electricity and gas	14 15	103.490 104.857	107.497 113.154	104.355 105.478	106.555 110.177	107.827 114.549	107.998 114.730	107.60 113.16
Other household operation	16	102.715	104.193	103.733	104.443	103.906	104.070	104.35
Transportation Medical care	17 18	102.826 106.241	105.558 109.445	103.628 107.375	103.781 108.033	105.014 109.041	106.523 109.887	106.91 110.81
Recreation	19	106.476	109.658	107.726	108.714	109.358	110.066	110.49
Other	20	105.419	108.278	107.077	108.002	108.392	108.317	108.40
Gross private domestic investment	21	101.119	102.062	101.259	101.586	101.589	102.093	102.98
Fixed investment	22	101.155	102.291	101.341	101.808	101.796	102.319	103.24
Nonresidential	23	98.859	98.664	98.658	98.579	98.293	98.678	99.10
Structures Equipment and software	24 25	106.974 96.121	109.165 95.270	107.274 95.781	108.268 95.404	108.559 94.961	109.288 95.251	110.54 95.46
Information processing			33.2.				00.207	
equipment and software	26	91.736	88.744	90.553	89.512	89.077	88.684	87.70
Computers and	20	31.730	00.744	30.555	03.312	05.077	00.004	07.70
peripheral	07	70.400	CO OCE	CC 054	64.000	00.040	04.054	60.40
equipment Software 1	27 28	70.466 100.279	62.065 99.274	66.951 100.067	64.232 99.417	62.648 99.439	61.254 100.013	60.12 98.22
Other	29	96.068	95.232	95.613	95.451	95.479	95.016	94.98
Industrial equipment Transportation	30	101.049	101.875	101.279	101.552	101.683	102.058	102.20
equipment	31	99.792	103.920	101.286	102.079	100.133	103.593	109.87
Other equipment	32	102.272	103.295	102.653	102.996	103.344	103.488	103.35
Residential Change in private inventories	33	107.105	111.257	108.184	109.881	110.485	111.321	113.34
Farm	35							
Nonfarm	36						•••••	
Government consumption expenditures and gross	1							
investment	37	105.207	108.229	106.055	107.951	107.966	108.433	108.56
Federal National defense	38	104.858 104.666	107.501 107.418	105.066 104.941	107.032 106.968	107.399 107.300	107.755 107.654	107.81 107.74
Consumption expenditures	40	105.643	108.802	105.926	108.295	108.677	109.057	109.18
Gross investment Nondefense	41	98.279 105.208	98.310 107.653	98.512 105.293	98.249 107.148	98.237 107.581	98.417 107.942	98.33 107.94
Consumption expenditures	43	106.021	108.919	106.153	108.329	108.838	109.218	109.29
Gross investment State and local	44 45	100.356 105.382	99.995 108.603	100.176 106.580	100.000 108.435	99.973 108.246	100.226 108.778	99.77 108.95
Consumption expenditures	46	105.694	109.258	107.095	109.195	108.813	109.456	109.56
Gross investment	47	104.116	105.966	104.502	105.372	105.971	106.056	106.46
Addenda: Final sales of computers to								
domestic purchasers <sup>2</sup>	48	65.658	56.183	61.613	58.959	56.985	54.951	53.83
Gross domestic purchases								
excluding final sales of computers to domestic								
purchasers	49	103.971	106.136	104.752	105.691	105.832	106.355	106.66
Food Energy goods and services	50 51	104.841 96.072	106.816 108.748	105.274 99.863	105.751 110.972	106.384 106.843	107.042 109.714	108.08
Gross domestic purchases								
excluding food and energy Gross domestic product	52	103.557	105.000	104.132 104.571	104.585	104.811	105.151	105.45
Gross domestic product	53	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.18
excluding final sales of		104 100	100.001	105 101	105 000	100 100	106 507	100.00
computers Food	54 55	104.462 105.072	106.364 107.296	105.164 105.570	105.806 105.993	106.120 106.771	106.597 107.501	106.93 108.91
Energy goods and								
services	56	101.024	109.847	102.436	107.947	109.705	112.103	109.63
excluding food and								
energy	57	103.928	105.356	104.537	104.987	105.162	105.498	105.77
Final sales of domestic product Final sales to domestic	58	103.955	105.702	104.585	105.198	105.474	105.906	106.22
purchasers	59	103.379	105.343	104.077	104.968	105.062	105.531	105.81

Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
 For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Table 1.6.7. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Prices for Gross **Domestic Purchases** 

[Percent]

4, 14	Seasonally adjusted at annual rate						annual rate	s	
	Line	2002	2003	2002 2003					
	Line	2002	2000	IV	ı	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic purchases	1	1.4	1.9	1.7	3.4	0.4	1.8	1.1	
Personal consumption expenditures	2	1.4	1.8	1.7	2.8	0.5	1.8	0.7	
Durable goods	3	-2.9	-3.7	-3.0	-4.4	-3.9	-4.0	-3.9	
Motor vehicles and parts	4	-1.6	-2.8	-2.0	-3.7	-2.1	-3.0	-4.7	
Furniture and household equipment	5	-5.7	-5.9	-5.3	-5.4	-7.5	-8.3	-3.6	
Other	6 7	-0.8	-1.6	-1.0	-4.2	-1.3	1.7	-2.7	
Nondurable goods	8	0.5 1.9	2.1 1.9	1.0 1.7	5.1 1.7	-2.1 2.4	3.8 2.5	0.5 4.0	
Clothing and shoes	9	-2.7	-2.5	-1.4	-4.9	-3.8	0.8	1.6	
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods	10	-6.4	16.7	9.4	69.3	-24.6	22.7	-12.5	
Other	11	2.2	0.1	-1.5	-0.7	0.1	1.7	-1.1	
Services Housing	12 13	2.7 3.8	2.9 2.4	3.1 2.9	3.2 2.4	2.7 1.6	2.0 2.3	1.7 2.3	
Household operation	14	-0.9	3.9	1.9	8.7	4.9	0.6	-1.4	
Electricity and gas Other household operation	15 16	-5.2 1.9	7.9 1.4	2.3 1.7	19.0 2.8	16.8 -2.0	0.6 0.6	-5.4 1.1	
Transportation	17	1.3	2.7	3.0	0.6	4.8	5.9	1.5	
Medical care Recreation	18 19	2.5 3.0	3.0 3.0	3.1 2.8	2.5 3.7	3.8 2.4	3.1 2.6	3.4 1.6	
Other	20	3.5	2.7	3.8	3.5	1.5	-0.3	0.3	
Gross private domestic	04			4.0		0.0		2.5	
Fixed investment	21	<b>0.0</b> 0.1	0.9 1.1	<b>1.6</b> 1.7	1 <b>.3</b> 1.9	<b>0.0</b> 0.0	<b>2.0</b> 2.1	<b>3.5</b> 3.7	
Nonresidential	23	-0.9	-0.2	0.4	-0.3	-1.2	1.6	1.7	
Structures Equipment and software	24 25	1.4 -1.7	2.0 -0.9	1.1 0.2	3.8 -1.6	1.1 -1.8	2.7 1.2	4.7 0.9	
Information processing									
equipment and software	26	-3.8	-3.3	-3.4	-4.5	-1.9	-1.8	-4.3	
Computers and		5.5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
peripheral equipment	27	-14.2	0.0	-12.8	-15.3	-9.5	-8.6	0.0	
Software 1	28	-0.7	0.0	-0.6	-2.6	0.1	2.3	0.0	
Other Industrial equipment	29 30	-1.5 0.3	-0.9 0.8	-1.1 0.3	-0.7 1.1	0.1 0.5	-1.9 1.5	-0.1 0.6	
Transportation	. 1								
equipment Other equipment	31	0.7 0.8	4.1 1.0	12.6 1.0	3.2 1.3	-7.4 1.4	14.6 0.6	26.6 -0.5	
Residential	33	2.4	3.9	4.5	6.4	2.2	3.1	7.5	
Change in private inventories Farm									
Nonfarm	1 22 1								
Government consumption									
expenditures and gross investment	37	2.6	2.9	1.8	7.3	0.1	1.7	0.5	
Federal	38	2.7	2.5	-0.5	<b>7.3</b> 7.7	1.4	1.3	0.2	
National defense Consumption expenditures	39 40	2.5 2.9	2.6 3.0	-0.6 -0.7	8.0 9.3	1.2 1.4	1.3 1.4	0.4 0.5	
Gross investment	41	-0.7	0.0	0.6	-1.1	0.0	0.7	-0.3	
Nondefense Consumption expenditures	42 43	3.2 3.9	2.3 2.7	-0.4 -0.5	7.2 8.5	1.6 1.9	1.3 1.4	0.0 0.3	
Gross investment	44	-0.5	-0.4	0.0	-0.7	0.1	1.0	-1.8	
State and local Consumption expenditures	45 46	2.5 2.6	3.1 3.4	3.0 3.7	7.1 8.1	-0.7 -1.4	2.0 2.4	0.6 0.4	
Gross investment	47	1.9	1.8	0.4	3.4	2.3	0.3	1.5	
Addenda: Final sales of computers to									
domestic purchasers 2	48	-17.2	-14.4	-17.1	-16.1	-12.7	-13.5	-7.9	
Gross domestic purchases excluding final sales of									
computers to domestic									
purchasers Food	49 50	1.6 1.9	2.1 1.9	2.0 1.7	3.6 1.8	0.5 2.4	2.0 2.5	1.2 4.0	
Energy goods and services	51	-6.0	13.2	7.7	52.5	-14.1	11.2	-8.0	
Gross domestic purchases	52	17	1.4	1 5	10		4.0	1.0	
excluding food and energy Gross domestic product	52	1.7 1.5	1.4 1.7	1.5 1.7	1.8 2.3	0.9 1.1	1.3 1.6	1.2 1.2	
Gross domestic product									
excluding final sales of computers	54	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.5	1.2	1.8	1.3	
Food	55	1.9	2.1	1.5	1.6	3.0	2.8	5.4	
Energy goods and services	56	-7.8	8.7	7.0	23.3	6.7	9.0	-8.5	
Gross domestic product	50	,.5	J.,	,.,	20.0	V.,	5.5	0.5	
excluding food and energy	57	1.8	1.4	1.6	1.7	0.7	1.3	1.1	
Final sales of domestic product	58	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.4	1.1	1.6	1.2	
Final sales to domestic purchasers	59	1.4	1.9	1.7	3.5	0.4	1.8	1.1	
paramount		1,7	1.3	1.7	5.5	U. <del>1</del>	1.0	1.1	

Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
 For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Table 1.6.8. Contributions to Percent Change in the Gross Domestic **Purchases Price Index** 

	]			Sea	asonally ad	ljusted at a	nnual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	1	II	Н	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic purchases Percentage points at annual rates:	1	1.4	1.9	1.7	3.4	0.4	1.8	1.1
Personal consumption								
expenditures Durable goods	2 3	0.92 -0.25	1. <b>21</b> -0.23	1.16 -0.25	1 <b>.87</b> -0.37	<b>0.29</b> -0.33	1.18 -0.34	<b>0.45</b> -0.33
Motor vehicles and parts	4	-0.06	-0.08	-0.23	-0.14	-0.08	-0.11	-0.18
Furniture and household	5		0.40	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.05	0.44
equipment Other	6	-0.18 -0.01	-0.13 -0.02	-0.16 0.01	-0.16 -0.07	-0.23 -0.02	-0.25 0.03	-0.11 -0.04
Nondurable goods	7	0.10	0.25	0.19	0.96	-0.42	0.71	0.10
Food Clothing and shoes	8 9	0.18 -0.08	0.13 0.05	0.15 -0.04	0.16 -0.14	0.22 0.11	0.23	0.36 0.04
Gasoline, fuel oil, and other	ا" ا	-0.00	-0.00	-0.04	-0.14	0.11	0.02	0.04
energy goods	10	-0.12	0.17	0.15	0.98	-0.53	0.36	-0.24
Other Services	11	0.12 1.07	0.00 1.19	-0.08 1.22	-0.04 1.28	0.00 1.05	0.09	-0.06 0.68
Housing	13	0.39	0.27	0.30	0.25	0.16	0.24	0.24
Household operation	14	-0.03 -0.08	0.14	0.07	0.31 0.25	0.17	0.02	-0.05
Electricity and gas Other household operation	16	0.04	0.11 0.04	0.03	0.25	-0.05	0.01 0.01	-0.08 0.02
Transportation	17	0.03	0.07	0.08	0.02	0.12	0.15	0.04
Medical care Recreation	18 19	0.27 0.08	0.35	0.34	0.27 0.10	0.41	0.35	0.38 0.04
Other	20	0.33	0.28	0.35	0.33	0.13	-0.03	0.03
Gross private domestic								
investment	21	0.01	0.15	0.24	0.24	0.07	0.29	0.52
Fixed investment Nonresidential	22	0.01 -0.10	0.16   -0.03	0.25	0.26 -0.03	-0.01 -0.11	0.30 0.15	0.53 0.17
Structures	24	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.02	0.06	0.10
Equipment and software	25	-0.13	-0.08	0.02	-0.12	-0.14	0.09	0.07
Information processing equipment and							ŀ	
software	26	-0.16	-0.15	-0.13	-0.18	-0.08	-0.07	-0.18
Computers and						1		
peripheral equipment	27	-0.12	-0.12	-0.11	-0.13	-0.08	-0.08	-0.07
Software 1	28	-0.01	-0.02	-0.01	-0.04	0.00	0.04	-0.12
Other	29	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01	0.00	-0.03	0.00
Industrial equipment Transportation	30	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
equipment	31	0.01	0.05	0.13	0.03	-0.08	0.14	0.25
Other equipment	32	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	-0.01
Residential Change in private inventories	33	0.11	0.19 -0.01	0.21 -0.01	0.29 -0.02	0.10	0.15 -0.01	0.36 -0.02
Farm	35	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.00	-0.01
Nonfarm	36	0.00	-0.03	-0.01	-0.08	0.01	-0.01	-0.01
Government consumption expenditures and gross				İ			1	
investment	37	0.44	0.51	0.31	1.27	0.01	0.31	0.09
Federal	38	0.16	0.15	-0.03	0.48	0.09	0.09	0.02
National defense  Consumption expenditures	39 40	0.09 0.10	0.10 0.10	-0.02 -0.03	0.32	0.05 0.05	0.06 0.05	0.02 0.02
Gross investment	41	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nondefense	42	0.07	0.05	-0.01	0.16	0.04	0.03	0.00
Consumption expenditures Gross investment	43	0.07	0.05 0.00	-0.01 0.00	0.16 0.00	0.04	0.03	0.01 -0.01
State and local	45	0.28	0.36	0.35	0.79	-0.08	0.22	0.07
Consumption expenditures	46	0.24	0.32 0.04	0.34	0.72	-0.13	0.22	0.04
Addenda:	47	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.07	0.05	0.01	0.03
Final sales of computers to				1	1	1		
domestic purchasers 2	48	-0.22	-0.17	-0.22	-0.20	-0.16	-0.18	-0.11
Gross domestic purchases excluding final sales of								
computers to domestic								
purchasers	49	1.60 0.17	2.05 0.12	1.93	3.59	0.53	1.96	1.15
Food Energy goods and services	50 51	-0.17 0.24	0.12	0.15 0.28	0.17 1.66	0.22 -0.62	0.23	0.37 0.32
Gross domestic purchases					-	-		
excluding food and energy	52	1.44	1.37	1.28	1.56	0.77	1.13	1.00

Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
 For some components of final sales of computers, includes computer parts.

Table 1.7.1. Percent Change from Preceding Period in Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Net National Product [Percent]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rat	es	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		2003			
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9			IV	1	11	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.0	3.1	8.2	4.1	
rest of the world Less: income payments to the rest	2	-7.3		-6.2	-13.3	3.2	15.4		
of the world	3	-3.6		-29.4	0.5	-3.9	11.3		
Equals: Gross national product		2,1		2.0	1.5	3.3	8.3		
Less: Consumption of fixed capital		2.1	1.9	3.1	1.4	-0.9	1.6	1.1	
Private	6	2.2	1.8	3.2	1.2	-1.6	1.4	0.8	
Government		1.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	
General government. Government	8	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.8	
enterprises	9	-2.6	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.3	
Equals: Net national product	10	2.0		1.9	1.6	3.9	9.3		
Addenda:									
Gross domestic income <sup>1</sup>	11	1.8		0.0	0.5	4.3	5.8		
Gross national income 2	12	1.7		0.7	0.1	4.5	5.9		
Net domestic product	13	2.2	3.3	1.0	2.0	3.6	9.1	4.5	
Net domestic income <sup>3</sup>	14	1.8		-0.5	0.4	5.0	6.4	l	

Gross domestic income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.
 Gross national income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross national product.
 Net domestic income deflated by the implicit price deflator for net domestic product.

Table 1.7.3. Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Net National Product, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	usted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
	2 75.802 st 3 78.053 et 4 102.527		IV	1	11	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	102.710	105.916	103.502	104.008	104.801	106.887	107.968
rest of the world Less: Income payments to the rest	2	75.802		76.753	74.059	74.640	77.366	
of the world	3	78.053		74.505	74.593	73.848	75.847	***************************************
Equals: Gross national product	4	102.527		103.476	103.873	104,711	106.825	
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	5	108.180	110.206	109.708	110.102	109.846	110.288	110.586
Private	6	108.842	110.749	110.495	110.835	110.388	110.782	110.992
Government	7	104.868	107.452	105.777	106.432	107.099	107.778	108.501
General government. Government	8	104.883	107.532	105.815	106.482	107.167	107.867	108.612
enterprises	9	104.827	107.070	105.615	106.201	106.778	107.347	107.953
Equals: Net national product	10	101.759		102.631	103.028	104.007	106.335	
Addendum: Net domestic product	11	101.963		102.657	103.178	104.106	106.404	

# Table 1.7.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Gross National Product, and Net National Product

					Seas	onally adju	usted		
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	2002	2003	2002		20	03		
				IV	I	11	Al	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	103.949	105.665	104.571	105.163	105.440	105.870	106.187	
rest of the world Less: Income payments to the rest	-	103.131		103.800	104.754	104.895	105.442		
of the world	3	103.486		104.242	104.913	104.869	105.231		
Equals: Gross national product	4	103,936		104.556	105.156	105.438	105.872		
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	5	100.284	99.892	99.780	99.828	99,884	99.918	99.940	
Private	6	99.939	99,277	99.277	99.277	99.277	99.277	99.277	
Government	7	102.071	103.092	102.395	102.695	103.040	103.248	103.385	
General government. Government	8	101.777	102.657	102.081	102.291	102.622	102.827	102.890	
enterprises	9	103.630	105.418	104.069	104.856	105.276	105.501	106.039	
Equals: Net national product	10	104.461		105.245	105.926	106.240	106.732		
Addendum:								1	
Net domestic product	11	104.478		105.265	105.936	106.246	106.732		

				Se	easonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV		II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	10,480.8	10,985.5	10,623.7	10,735.8	10,846.7	11,107.0	11,252.3
rest of the world Less: Income payments to the rest	2	299.1		304.8	296.8	299.5	312.1	
of the world	3	1		266.9	269.0	266.2	274.3	
Equals: Gross national product	4	10,502.3		10,661.6	10,763.7	10,880.0	11,144.8	
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	5	1,288.6	1,307.8	1,300.4	1,305.7	1,303.4	1,309.1	1,312.9
Private	6	1,077.8	1,089.6	1,087.1	1,090.4	1,086.0	1,089.9	1,092.0
Domestic business Capital	7	902.6	905.9	908.4	908.0	902.8	905.1	907.7
consumption	١ _		!					
allowances	8	1,176.6	1,272.0	1,176.4	1,175.0	1,268.9	1,309.9	1,334.1
Less: Capital	l							
consumption	_ ا	0744	2004	0000	2000	0004	4040	400.4
adjustment	9	274.1	366.1	268.0	266.9	366.1	404.8	426.4
Households and institutions	10	175.2	183.7	178.7	182.4	183.2	184.8	1012
Government	11	210.8	218.2	213.3	215.3	217.4	219.2	184.3 221.0
General government.	12	177.6	183.7	179.7	181.2	183.0	184.5	185.9
Government	12	177.0	100.7	173.7	101.2	103.0	104.5	100.9
enterprises	13	33.2	34.5	33.6	34.1	34.4	34.7	35.0
•								
Equals: Net national product	14	9,213.7		9,361.2	9,457.9	9,576.6	9,835.7	·····
Less: Statistical discrepancy	15	-77.2		-15.7	23.2	-8.3	54.0	
Equals: National income	16	9,290.8		9,376.9	9,434.8	9,584.9	9,781.7	
Less: Corporate profits with	1	· ·		'		<b>'</b>	', '	
inventory valuation and capital	1							
consumption adjustments	17	904.2		934.9	927.1	1,022.8	1,124.2	
Taxes on production and								
imports less subsidies	18	721.8	740.7	732.8	729.4	725.2	745.2	763.1
Contributions for	i							
government social								
insurance	19	750.3	774.9	755.5	768.7	772.3	776.9	781.7
Net interest and								
miscellaneous	١ 🚓	F00.4	500 7					
payments on assets	20	582.4	580.7	589.7	589.3	581.7	579.9	571.7
Business current transfer payments (net)	21	89.8	95.2	86.2	90.1	92.5	97.1	101.2
Current surplus of	21	09.0	93.2	00.2	90.1	92.5	97.1	101.2
government enterprises	22	2.8	5.0	4.1	6.3	5.8	3.7	4.2
Wage accruals less		2.0	3.0	7.1	0.5	5.0	J.,	7.2
disbursements	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	-1.4	0.0	0.0
Plus: Personal income receipts on			***	0.0	i	l '''	0.0	0.0
assets	24	1,378.5	1,390.5	1,392.0	1,388.6	1,390.2	1.389.2	1,394.2
Personal current transfer					, i	, , , , , ,		,
receipts	25	1,292.2	1,377.2	1,315.6	1,337.6	1,369.7	1,398.7	1,402.8
Equals: Personal income	26	8,910.3	9.191.6	8.981.3	9,048.7	9,145.9	9,242.5	9,329.3
Addenda:	-				-,,	-,		.,
Gross domestic income	27	10,558.0		10,639.4	10,712.7	10,855.0	11,053.0	
Gross national income	28	10,579.5		10,677.3		10,888.3	11,090.8	
Gross national factor income 1	29	9,765.0		9,854.1	9,914.7	10,064.9	10,244.8	
Net domestic product	30	9,192.2	9,677.7	9,323.3	9,430.1	9.543.3	9.797.9	9,939.4
Net domestic income	31	9,269.3		9,339.0	9,406.9	9,551.6	9,743.9	
Net national factor income <sup>2</sup>	32	8,476.4		8,553.7	8,609.0	8,761.5	8,935.7	
	<u> </u>		L					

Consists of compensation of employees, proprietors' income with inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) and capital consumption adjustment (CCAdj), rental income of persons with CCAdj, corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj, net interest and miscellaneous payments, and consumption of fixed capital.
 Consists of gross national factor income less consumption of fixed capital.

Table 1.7.6. Relation of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross National Product, and Real Net National Product, Chained Dollars

D-15

[Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Se	easonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	10,083.0	10,397.7	10,160.8	10,210.4	10,288.3	10,493.1	10,599.2
rest of the world Less: Income payments to the rest	2	290.0		293.7	283.4	285.6	296.1	
of the world	3	268.3		256.1	256.4	253.8	260.7	
Equals: Gross national product Less: Consumption of fixed capital	4 5	10,105.0 1,285.0	1,309.1	10,198.5 1.303.1	10,237.6 1,307.8	10,320.2 1.304.8	10,528.6 1,310.0	1.313.6
Private		1,078.5	1,097.4	1,094.8	1,098.2	1,093.8	1,097.7	1,099.8
Government	6 7	206.6	211.7	208.4	209.7	211.0	212.3	213.7
General government. Government	8	174.5	178.9	176.1	177.2	178.3	179.5	180.7
enterprises	9	32.1	32.8	32.3	32.5	32.7	32.8	33.0
Equals: Net national product	10	8,820.5		8,896.1	8,930.5	9,015.4	9,217.2	
Addenda:								
Gross domestic income 1	11	10,157.3		10,175.8				
Gross national income <sup>2</sup>	12	10,179.2		10,213.5	10,215.6		10,477.5	
Net domestic product	13	8,798.5	9,088.1	8,858.4	8,903.4	8,983.4		9,283.7
Net domestic income 3	14	8,872.4		8,873.3	8,881.5	8,991.3	9,131.2	

Table 1.8.3. Command-Basis Real Gross National Product, Quantity Indexes

					Seas	onally adju	usted		
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	003		
				IV	1	II.	III	IV	
Gross national product	1	102.527		103.476	103.873	104.711	106.825		
from the rest of the world	2	88.137		88.613	87.555	87.521	89.858		
world 1	3	90.387		90.480	88.015	88.944	91.137		
Equals: Command-basis gross national product	4	102.865		103.756	103.942	104.924	107.017		
Addendum: Percent change from preceding period in command-basis								101177744444	
real gross national product	5	2.1		2.0	0.7	3.8	8.2		

<sup>1.</sup> Exports of goods and services and income receipts deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services and income payments.

Table 1.8.6. Command-Basis Real Gross National Product, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Se	easonally a	adjusted at	annual rat	es	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	003		
				IV	ı	II	III	IV -	
Gross national product	1	10,105.0		10,198.5	10,237.6	10,320.2	10,528.6		
from the rest of the world	2	1,303.5		1,310.5	1,294.9	1,294.4	1,328.9		
world1	3	1,336.8	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,338.2	1,301.7	1,315.5	1,347.9		
Equals: Command-basis gross national product	4	10,138.2		10,226.1	10,244.5	10,341.3	10,547.5		
Addendum:									
Terms of trade 2	5	102.553		102.111	100.528	101.630	101.427		

Gross domestic income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.
 Gross national income deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross national product.
 Not domestic income deflated by the implicit price deflator for net domestic product.
 Note: Except as noted in footnotes 1, 2 and 3, chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Exports of goods and services and income receipts deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services and income payments.
 Ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services and income receipts to the corresponding implicit price deflator for imports divided by 100.

 Nors. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Table 1.10. Gross Domestic Income by Type of Income

				Se	easonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ī	II	III	IV
Gross domestic income	1	10,558.0		10,639.4	10,712.7	10,855.0	11,053.0	
Compensation of employees,	_	6 004 2	£ 100 0	cocoo	6 404 0	6 170 0	60400	C 000 E
paid Wage and salary accruals	<b>2</b> 3	<b>6,024.3</b> 4,979.8	<b>6,193.2</b> 5,091.9	6, <b>063.3</b> 5.004.5	<b>6,121.3</b> 5,040.2	<b>6,170.0</b> 5,076.1	<b>6,218.9</b> 5,109.4	<b>6,262.5</b> 5,142.1
Disbursements	4	4,979.8	5,091.9	5,004.5	5,038.8	5,077.4	5,109.4	5,142.1
To persons	5	4,971.4		4,996.0	5,030.0	5,069.0	5,100.8	************
To the rest of the world	6	8.4		8.5	8.7	8.5	8.6	
Wage accruals less disbursements	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	-1.4	0.0	0.0
Supplements to wages and	,	0.0	0.0	0.0	"-	-1	0.0	<b>V.</b> 0
salaries	8	1,044.5	1,101.3	1,058.8	1,081.2	1,093.9	1,109.6	1,120.4
Taxes on production and								
imports	9	760.1	789.0	769.5	774.2	782.1	791.5	808.1
Less: Subsidies	10	38.2	48.2	36.7	44.7	56.9	46.3	45.1
Net operating surplus	11	2,523.2		2,542.9	2,556.2	2,656.4	2,780.2	
Private enterprises	12	2,520.3		2,538.7	2,549.9	2,650.6	2,776.5	
Net interest and								
miscellaneous payments, domestic industries	13	709.0		713.4	704.7	691.7	695.0	
Business current transfer	, ,	, , , , ,				00	000.0	
payments (net)	14	89.8	95.2	86.2	90.1	92.5	97.1	101.2
Proprietors' income with								
inventory valuation and capital consumption								
adjustments	15	797.7	847.3	812.2	813.5	838.8	860.9	875.9
Rental income of persons	"		0 // .0	0.2.2	0.0.0	000.0	000.0	0,0.0
with capital consumption								
adjustment	16	173.0	163.7	159.0	163.2	153.4	157.0	181.0
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and								
capital consumption								
adjustments, domestic								
industries	17	750.8		767.9	778.4	874.3	96 <b>6</b> .5	
Taxes on corporate	18	195.0		202.9	213.9	211.4	220.6	
income Profits after tax with	10	195.0		202.9	213.9	211.4	230.0	
inventory valuation and								
capital consumption			ĺ					
adjustments	19	555.8		565.0	564.5	662.8		
Net dividends Undistributed corporate	20	330.9		375.6	375.7	388.4	302.7	
profits with inventory								
valuation and capital								
consumption		4000		400 5	400.0	0746		
adjustments Current surplus of government	21	196.8		189.5	188.8	274.5	353.2	
enterprises	22	2.8	5.0	4.1	6.3	5.8	3.7	4.2
Consumption of fixed capital	23	1,288.6	1,307.8	1.300.4	1.305.7	1.303.4	1.309.1	1,312.9
Private	24	1,077.8	1,089.6	1,087.1	1,090.4	1,086.0	1,089.9	1,092.0
Government	25	210.8	218.2	213.3	215.3	217.4	219.2	221.0
Addendum:	l							
Statistical discrepancy	26	-77.2		-15.7	23.2	-8.3	54.0	

Table 1.12. National Income by Type of Income

[Billions of dollars]

		[Billi	ons of dol	ars]						
				Se	asonally a	djusted at	III			
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03			
				IV	ı	Il	III			
National income	1	9,290.8		9,376.9	9,434.8	9,584.9	9.781.7			
Compensation of employees	2	6,019.1	6,187.9	6,058.0	6,115.8	6,164.8	· '	6,257.2		
Wage and salary accruals	3	4,974.6	5,086.6	4,999.1	5,034.6	5,070.8		5,136.8		
Government Other	5	859.9 4,114.7	897.7 4,188.9	873.8 4,125.4	891.4 4,143.3	898.1 4,172.7		4,235.7		
Supplements to wages and	6	1,044.5	1,101.3	1,058.8	1,081.2	1,093.9	1 100 6	1 120 4		
salaries Employer contributions for		1,044.5	1,101.3	1,030.0	1,061.2	1,093.9	1,109.0	1,120.4		
employee pension and	7	680.4	723.4	692.1	706.3	717.3	720.7	720.4		
insurance funds Employer contributions for	'	000.4	723.4	092.1	700.3	717.3	730.7	739.4		
government social insurance	8	364.1	377.8	366.7	374.9	376.6	378.8	3810		
Proprietors' income with IVA		007.1	0//.0	500.7	014.5	5, 0.0	0,0.0	001.0		
and CCAdj	9	797.7	847.3	812.2	813.5	838.8		875.9		
Farm Nonfarm	10	14.3 783.4	19.5 827.8	16.3 795.9	13.0 800.5	20.0 818.8		852.4		
Rental income of persons with					****					
CCAdj	12	173.0	163.7	159.0	163.2	153.4	157.0	181.0		
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	13	904.2	***********	934.9	927.1	1,022.8	1.124.2			
Taxes on corporate income	14	195.0		202.9	213.9	211.4				
Profits after tax with IVA and CCAdi	15	709.1		732.0	713.2	811.3	893.7			
Net dividends	16	398.3	430.9	413.1	420.3	427.5	434.3	441.5		
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAdj	17	310.8		318.9	292.9	383.8	459.3			
Net interest and miscellaneous						704 T				
Taxes on production and	18	582.4	580.7	589.7	589.3	581.7	579.9	571.7		
imports	19	760.1	789.0	769.5	774.2	782.1	791.5	808.1		
Less: Subsidies	20	38.2	48.2	36.7	44.7	56.9	46.3	45.1		
Business current transfer payments (net)	21	89.8	95.2	86.2	90.1	92.5	07 1	101 2		
To persons (net)	22	42.6	45.9	41.0	45.3	44.5		47.7		
To government (net) To the rest of the world (net)	23 24	46.8 0.4	46.8 2.6	47.1 -1.8	45.4 -0.6	46.2 1.8		48.1 5.3		
Current surplus of government	2.4	0.4	2.0	-1.0	-0.0	1.0	0.7	3.5		
enterprises	25	2.8	5.0	4.1	6.3	5.8	3.7	4.2		
Cash flow: Net cash flow with IVA and										
CCAdj	26	1,058.2		1,070.8	1,043.3	1,129.4	1,206.6			
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAdj	27	310.8		318.9	292.9	383.8	459.3			
Consumption of fixed capital.	28	747.3	748.1	751.9	750.4	745.6		749.1		
Less: Inventory valuation adjustment	29	-2.2		-10.8	-28.1	1.2	-1.8			
Equals: Net cash flow	30	1,060.4		1,081.7	1,071.4	1,128.2				
Addenda: Proprietors' income with IVA										
and CCAdj	31	797.7	847.3	812.2	813.5	838.8		875.9		
Farm Proprietors' income with	32	14.3	19.5	16.3	13.0	20.0	21.5	23.4		
IVA	33	20.1	25.2	22.0	18.8	25.8	27.2	29.1		
Capital consumption adjustment	34	-5.8	-5.7	-5.8	-5.8	5.7	-5.7	-5.7		
Nonfarm Proprietors' income	35	783.4	827.8	795.9	800.5	818.8	839.4	852.4		
(without IVA and CCAdj)	36	654.1	673.4	662.4	665.9	663.0	677.6	687.1		
Inventory valuation adjustment	37	-0.5	-1.4	-1.3	-4.0	1.0	_U 8	-2.0		
Capital consumption										
adjustment Rental income of persons with	38	129.9	155.9	134.8	138.6	154.8	162.6	167.3		
CCAdj	39	173.0	163.7	159.0	163.2	153.4	157.0	181.0		
Rental income of persons (without CCAdj)	40	184.4	175.9	170.7	175.4	165.5	169.2	193.4		
Capital consumption										
adjustment Corporate profits with IVA and	41	-11.4	-12.2	-11.7	-12.1	-12.1				
CCAdj	42	904.2		934.9	927.1	1,022.8				
Corporate profits with IVA Profits before tax (without	43	742.7	İ	784.2	780.9	793.6		Í		
IVA and CCAdj)	44	745.0		795.0	809.0	792.5	865.9			
income	45	195.0		202.9	213.9	211.4	230.6			
Profits after tax (without IVA and CCAdj)	46	549.9		592.1	595.0	581.0	635.4			
Net dividends	47	398.3	430.9	413.1	420.3	427.5		441.5		
Undistributed profits (without IVA and										
ČCAdj)	48	151.6		179.1	174.7	153.5	201.1			
Inventory valuation adjustment	49	-2.2		-10.8	-28.1	1.2	-1.8			
Capital consumption										
adjustment	50	161.5	228.2	150.7	146.3	229.2	260.1	277.1		

IVA Inventory valuation adjustment CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

					Seasonally a	adjusted at ar	nual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	ı	31	III	IV
Gross value added of corporate business1		6,233.4		6,285.1	6,321.2	6,437.7	6,589.2	
Consumption of fixed capital		747.3 5.486.1	748.1	751.9 5,533.2	750.4 5,570.8	745.6 5,692.2	747.2 5,842.0	749.1
Compensation of employees	4	3.989.9	4.086.4	4.019.6	4.037.2	4,068.4	4,103.2	4.136.6
Wage and salary accruals	5	3,326.4	3,386.4	3,337.8	3.349.7	3,373,2	3.398.6	3,424.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	6	663.6	700.0	681.8	687.6	695.2	704.6	712.5
Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	7	501.1	519.1	508.7	511.6	506.8	524.3	533.8
Net operating surplus	8	995.1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,004.9	1,022.0	1,117.0	1,214.4	
Net interest and miscellaneous payments	9	168.1		167.6	165.6	163.4	164.6	
Business current transfer payments	10	76.2	81.6	69.4	78.0	79.4	83.3	85.8
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	11	750.8		767.9	778.4	874.3	966.5	
Taxes on corporate income	12	195.0		202.9	213.9	211.4	230.6	
Profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj		555.8		565.0	564.5	662.8	735.9	.,.,,
Net dividends	14	358.9		375.6	375.7	388.4	382.7	
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAdj	15	196.8		189.5	188.8	274.5	353.2	
Gross value added of financial corporate business1		822.9		805.8	842.0	856.1	880.4	
Gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business 1	17	5,410.6		5,479.3	5,479.2	5,581.7	5,708.8	
Consumption of fixed capital	18	618.2		623.4	622.9	619.4	621.3	623.5
Net value added	19	4,792.4		4,856.0	4,856.3	4,962.3	5,087.4	
Compensation of employees	20	3,570.1	3,656.6	3,596.8	3,612.6	3,640.5	3,671.7	3,701.6
Wage and salary accruals	21	2,971.8	3,025.5	2,982.1	2,992.7	3,013.7	3,036.4	3,059.2
Supplements to wages and salaries	22	598.3		614.7	619.9	626.8	635.3	642.4
Taxes on production and imports less subsidies	23	464.5		471.5	474.1	469.0	486.0	494.6
Net operating surplus	24	757.7		787.6	769.6	<b>8</b> 52.8	929.7	
Net interest and miscellaneous payments		206.9		207.0	204.5	201.4	202.9	
Business current transfer payments	26	59.1	58.1	61.4	55.1	56.7	59.6	60.9
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	27	491.7		519.3	510.0	594.7	667.3	
Taxes on corporate income	28			114.5	119.8	117.7	133.6	
Profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj	29			404.8	390.2	477.0		
Net dividends				265.7	265.8	274.8		
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAdj	31	133.0		139.1	124.4	202.2	262.9	
Addenda:					1			
Corporate business:								
Profits before tax (without IVA and CCAdj)	32	591.6		628.1	660.2	644.0	708.2	
Profits after tax (without IVA and CCAdj)				425.2	446.3	432.5	477.6	
Inventory valuation adjustment		-2.2		-10.8	-28.1	1.2	-1.8	
Capital consumption adjustment	35	161.5	228.2	150.7	146.3	229.2	260.1	277.1
Nonfinancial corporate business:						i		
Profits before tax (without IVA and CCAdj)	36	336.5		384.7	398.4	383.4	433.6	
Profits after tax (without IVA and CCAdj)	37			270.3	278.6	265.7		
Inventory valuation adjustment	38	-2.2		-10.8	-28.1	1.2	-1.8	
Capital consumption adjustment	39	157.5	208.5	145.4	139.7	210.1	235.5	248.8
			Value ad	lded, in billion	s of chained	(2000) dollar	s	
Gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business <sup>2</sup>	40	5,339.0		5,405.7	5,412.1	5,505.2	5,618.3	
Consumption of fixed capital <sup>3</sup>	41	624.1	636.6	635.0	634.5	630.9	639.4	641.6
Net value added4	42	47149		4,770.8	4.777.6	4.874.2	4.979.0	l

Table 1.15. Price, Costs, and Profit Per Unit of Real Gross Value Added of Nonfinancial Domestic Corporate Business

				Sea	isonally adjus	sted	
Line	2002	2003	2002	-	20	03	
			IV	ı	ii	III	IV
1	1.013		1.014	1.012	1.014	1.016	
2	0.669		0.665	0.668	0.661	0.654	
3	0,253		0.252	0.251	0.245	0.244	l
4	0.116		0.115	0.115	0.113	0.111	l
			0.099	0.098	0.095	0.097	
.   6	0.039		0.038	0.038	0.037	0.036	
. 1 7	0.092		0.096	0.094	0.108	0.119	
			0.021	0.022	0.021	0.024	
	0.073	l	0.075	0.072	0.087	0.095	
	. 1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 6	1 1.013 2 0.669 3 0.253 4 0.116 5 0.098 6 0.039 7 0.092 8 0.019	1 1.013	IV	Line 2002 2003 2002 IV I 1 1.013	Line 2002 2003 2002 20  IV I  1 1.013	IV   I   III   I

<sup>1.</sup> Estimates for financial corporate business and nonfinancial corporate business for 2000 and earlier periods are based on the 1997 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

2. Effective December 10, 2003, the price index used to estimate chained-dollar gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business has been revised to reflect the 2000 reference year. Effective with the estimates scheduled for release in July 2004, the current-dollar value added will be deflated by a revised chain-type price index calculated using the gross value added chain-type price index for nonfinancial industries from the comprehensive revision to the GDP-by-industry accounts.

3. Chained-dollar consumption of fixed capital of nonfinancial corporate business is calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100.

4. Chained-dollar restance and comprehensive purposes in the difference between the cross product and the consumption of fixed capital.

DU.
4. Chained-dollar net value added of nonfinancial corporate business is the difference between the gross product and the consumption of fixed capital. IVA Inventory valuation adjustment
CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

<sup>1.</sup> The implicit price deflator for gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business divided by 100. Estimates for nonfinancial corporate business for 2000 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NACS).

Note: Effective December 10, 2003, the price index used to estimate chained-dollar gross value added of nonfinancial corporate business has been revised to reflect the 2000 reference year. Effective with the estimates scheduled for release in July 2004, the current-dollar value added will be deflated by a revised chain-type price index calculated using the gross value added chain-type price index for nonfinancial industries from the comprehensive revision to the GDP-by-industry accounts.

IVA Inventory valuation adjustment

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

#### 2. Personal Income and Outlays\_

Table 2.1. Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars]

					Seasonally a	adjusted at ar	nnual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
				IV	I	П	III	IV
Personal income	1	8,910.3	9,191.6	8,981.3	9,048.7	9,145.9	9,242.5	9,329.3
Compensation of employees, received	2	6,019.1	6,187.9	6,058.0	6,114.4	6,166.2	6,213.6	6,257.2
Wage and salary disbursements	3	4,974.6	5,086.6	4,999.1	5,033.2	5,072.2	5,104.1	5,136.8
Private industries	4	4,114.7	4,188.9	4,125.4	4,143.3	4,172.7	4,204.1	4,235.7
Government	5	859.9	897.7	873.8	890.0	899.5	900.0	901.1
Supplements to wages and salaries	6	1,044.5	1,101.3	1,058.8	1,081.2	1,093.9	1,109.6	1,120.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	7	680.4	723.4	692.1	706.3	717.3	730.7	739.4
Employer contributions for government social insurance	8	364.1	377.8	366.7	374.9	376.6	378.8	381.0
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	9	797.7	847.3	812.2	813.5	838.8	860.9	875.9
Farm		14.3	19.5	16.3	13.0	20.0	21.5	23.4
Nonfarm	11	783.4	827.8	795.9	800.5	818.8	839.4	852.4
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	12	173.0	163.7	159.0	163.2	153.4	157.0	181.0
Personal income receipts on assets		1,378.5	1.390.5	1.392.0	1.388.6	1.390.2	1.389.2	1.394.2
Personal interest income.		982.4	961.8	981.2	970.6	964.9	957.0	954.7
Personal dividend income		396.2	428.7	410.8	418.0	425.3	432.2	439.5
Personal current transfer receipts		1.292.2	1.377.2	1.315.6	1.337.6	1.369.7	1.398.7	1.402.8
Government social benefits to persons.		1,249.5	1,331.3	1,274.6	1.292.4	1,325.3	1.352.6	1.355.1
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits		710.3	743.7	721.1	732.3	741.8	745.6	754.9
Government unemployment insurance benefits		53.4	55.6	53.8	51.9	56.3	58.6	55.5
Veterans benefits		29.9	32.4	30.9	31.8	32.4	33.0	32.5
Family assistance 1		19.7	20.3	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.3	20.4
Other		436.2	479.4	448.8	456.3	474.5	495.1	491.7
Other current transfer receipts, from business (net)		42.6	45.9	41.0	45.3	44.5	46.1	47.7
Less: Contributions for government social insurance		750.3	774.9	755. <b>5</b>	768.7	772.3	776.9	781.7
Less: Personal current taxes		1.053.1	988.7	1.045.6	1.009.4	1.000.2	936.0	1.009.4
Equals: Disposable personal income		7,857.2	8,202.9	7.935.6	8,039.2	8,145.8	8,306.6	8,320.0
Less: Personal outlays		7.674.0	8.037.3	7.789.2	7.888.3	7,956.7	8,118.5	8.185.5
Personal consumption expenditures		7.385.3	7,753.2	7,501.2	7,600.7	7,673.6	7.836.3	7.902.3
Personal interest payments <sup>2</sup>		194.7	184.9	187.7	186.2	183.2	184.6	185.6
Personal current transfer payments		94.0	99.1	100.3	101.3	100.0	97.6	97.6
To government		58.6	63.1	60.1	61.3	62.5	63.7	64.9
To the rest of the world (net)	32	35.4	36.0	40.2	40.1	37.5	33.9	32.7
Equals: Personal saving		183.2	165.6	146.4	151.0	189.0	188.1	134.4
Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income	- 1	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.3	1.6
Addenda:	34	2.0	2.0	'	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0
Disposable personal income:			l	l				
Total, billions of chained (2000) dollars <sup>3</sup>	35	7.596.7	7.789.9	7.615.8	7.662.0	7,753.5	7.872.3	7.872.0
	33	7,550.7	1,103.9	7,013.6	7,002.0	7,755.5	1,012.3	7,072.0
Per capita:	36	27.050	28.180	27,425	27,720	28,022	28.501	28.474
Current dollars		27,259 26,355	26,761	26,320	26,419	26,673	27,011	26,474
		288,240	291.086	289.360	290,016	290,689		
Population (midperiod, thousands)	36	200,240	291,000	209,300	280,010	250,009	291,445	292,194
5 , 5,								
Disposable personal income, current dollars	39	5.2	4.4	2.3	5.3	5.4	8.1	0.6
Disposable personal income, chained (2000) dollars	40	3.8	2.5	0.6	2.4	4.9	6.3	0.0

Consists of aid to families with dependent children and, beginning with 1996, assistance programs operating under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996.
 Consists of nonmortgage interest paid by households.
 Equals disposable personal income deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.

### Table 2.2B. Wage and Salary Disbursements by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

					Seasonally	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003					
	1   4,974.6   5,086.6   4,99   2   4,114.7   4,188.9   4,12   3   1,010.9   1,007.6   1,007   4   675.7   669.0   67   5   3,103.7   3,181.3   3,11   6   844.7   863.2   84   7   2,259.0   2,318.1   2,27	IV	ı	11	111	IV				
Wage and salary disbursements Private industries Goods-producing industries Manufacturing	3 4	4,114.7 1,010.9 675.7	4,188.9 1,007.6 669.0	<b>4,999.</b> 1 4,125.4 1,007.1 672.6	5,033.2 4,143.3 1,005.8 670.5	5,072.2 4,172.7 1,003.4 666.5	5,104.1 4,204.1 1,006.0 666.9	5,136.8 4,235.7 1,015.2 672.0		
Services-producing industries Trade, transportation, and utilities Other services-producing industries ' Government	6 7	844.7 2,259.0	863.2 2,318.1	3,118.3 847.6 2,270.7 873.8	3,137.5 855.0 2,282.6 890.0	3,169.3 859.5 2,309.8 899.5	3,198.1 866.1 2,332.0 900.0	3,220.5 872.4 2,348.1 901.1		

<sup>1.</sup> Other services-producing industries consists of information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises, administrative and support and waste management and remediation services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other

services.

Noтe. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 2.3.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Percent]

		1		Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	1	3.4	3.1	2.2	2.5	3.3	6.9	2.7
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	2 3	6.5 4.4	7.3 4.3	<b>0.3</b> -8.0	<b>0.5</b> -4.2	17.7 15.3	28.0 39.7	<b>-0.1</b> -9.7
equipment Other	5	10.0 4.8	9.7 10.0	8.2 7.0	1.3 11.0	19.4 20.0	22.9 12.5	9.8 6.2
Nondurable goods	6 7 8	3.0 2.3 5.1	3.8 3.8 4.8	<b>4.6</b> 2.3 7.5	<b>5.7</b> 6.7 3.0	1.2 2.4 7.8	7.3 7.3 9.4	<b>5.2</b> 3.8 0.9
energy goods	9 10 11 12	2.3 2.1 5.1 3.5	-0.5 -0.6 1.8 4.6	12.7 10.5 40.2 4.5	4.2 7.0 –21.7 5.9	-18.6 -17.8 -26.8 3.6	3.7 1.5 31.1 7.6	17.6 16.5 30.6 6.0
Services Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other household operation Transportation Medical care Recreation	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	3.0 2.7 1.1 2.9 0.0 -1.7 5.7 3.8	2.0 2.2 0.4 -0.2 0.8 -2.3 5.1	1.5 2.3 0.9 6.1 -2.0 -3.1 6.1 3.2	1.5 2.3 1.0 0.4 1.4 0.5 5.1	1.7 1.8 -3.3 -12.7 3.2 -4.0 4.6 3.6	2.8 2.2 3.5 4.1 3.2 -2.2 5.0 2.6	2.2 1.6 0.5 -1.2 1.5 -2.4 5.0 4.0
Other	21	2.1	-0.1	-3.3	-2.8	1.3	1.9	0.8
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption expenditures excluding food	22	2.6	-0.3	9.6	2.5	-16.1	3.9	9.0
and energy	23	3.7	3.2	1.8	1.9	4.8	7.0	2.2

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

Table 2.3.3. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	11	III	١٧
Personal consumption expenditures	1	105.951	109.251	106.819	107.489	108.378	110.197	110.943
Durable goods	2 3 4	110.868 109.522 116.544	118.957 114.224 127.905	111.638 108.395 119.356	111. <b>779</b> 107.228 119.740	116.420 111.116 125.172	123.834 120.794 131.794	123.793 117.756 134.91
Other	5	103.870	114.284	105.576	108.357	113.405	116.799	118.57
Nondurable goods	6 7 8	104.949 103.573 107.183	1 <b>08.913</b> 107.545 112.307	1 <b>05.885</b> 104.188 108. <b>6</b> 22	107.358 105.885 109.416	107.685 106.508 111.495	109.607 108.390 114.037	111.003 109.393 114.28
energy goods	9 10 11 12	104.060 104.375 100.648 106.466	103.583 103.704 102.457 111.415	104.974 104.549 109.656 107.690	106.047 106.327 103.146 109.252	100.743 101.257 95.420 110.227	101.664 101.638 102.112 112.274	105.88 105.59 109.15 113.90
Services Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other household operation. Transportation Medical care Recreation Other	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	105.420 105.508 101.117 101.352 100.959 97.774 110.250 106.169 103.935	107.515 107.866 101.515 101.138 101.773 95.551 115.898 108.502 103.782	106.276 106.487 101.418 103.198 100.329 96.582 112.462 107.184 103.968	106.664 107.106 101.675 103.302 100.678 96.697 113.880 107.180 103.237	107.115 107.581 100.838 99.842 101.483 95.714 115.157 108.124 103.570	107.849 108.173 101.717 100.859 102.274 95.188 116.563 108.812 104.058	108.43 108.60 101.83 100.54 102.65 94.60 117.99 109.89 104.26
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption expenditures excluding food	22	102.868	102.537	104.225	104.872	100.383	101.348	103.54
and energy	23	106.544	109.959	107.423	107.919	109.195	111.057	111.66

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

Table 2.3.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II.	111	IV
Percent change at annual rate:						-		
Personal consumption expenditures	1	3.4	3.1	2.2	<b>2.</b> 5	3. <b>3</b>	6.9	2.7
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Durable goods  Motor vehicles and parts  Furniture and household	3	<b>0.79</b> 0.25	<b>0.86</b> 0.24	<b>0.03</b> -0.46	<b>0.06</b> -0.23	1 <b>.98</b> 0.77	<b>3.13</b> 1.92	<b>-0.02</b> -0.57
equipment Other	4 5	0.43 0.11	0.40 0.22	0.34 0.15	0.06 0.24	0.77 0.43	0.92 0.29	0.41 0.15
Nondurable goods	6 7 8	0.87 0.31 0.21	1.07 0.52 0.19	1.28 0.32 0.30	<b>1.59</b> 0.89 0.12	0.35 0.32 0.30	<b>2.08</b> 0.99 0.37	1.46 0.52 0.03
energy goods	9 10 11 12	0.06 0.05 0.01 0.28	-0.01 -0.01 0.00 0.37	0.30 0.23 0.07 0.36	0.11 0.17 -0.06 0.47	-0.56 -0.49 -0.07 0.29	0.10 0.04 0.06 0.61	0.44 0.38 0.06 0.47
Services Housing Household operation. Electricity and gas Other household operation Transportation Medical care Recreation Other	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	1.76 0.42 0.06 0.06 0.00 -0.07 0.90 0.15	1.18 0.35 0.02 -0.01 0.03 -0.09 0.83 0.09 -0.02	0.92 0.35 0.05 0.12 -0.07 -0.13 0.98 0.13 -0.47	0.88 0.36 0.06 0.01 0.05 0.02 0.84 0.00 -0.39	1.02 0.28 -0.18 -0.29 0.11 -0.16 0.75 0.15	1.68 0.35 0.20 0.09 0.11 -0.08 0.84 0.11	1.29 0.25 0.02 -0.03 0.05 -0.09 0.83 0.16
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption expenditures excluding food	22	0.12	-0.02	0.43	0.12	-0.86	0.19	0.41
and energy	23	2.98	2.61	1.49	1.52	3.88	5.71	1.80

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

Table 2.3.4. Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

					Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				١٧	ì	11	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	1	103.429	105.302	104.203	104.927	105.065	105.522	105.695
Durable goods	2	<b>95.208</b>	<b>91.682</b>	<b>94.136</b>	<b>93.074</b>	<b>92.147</b>	<b>91.207</b>	<b>90.298</b>
	3	98.766	95.991	97.959	97.029	96.514	95.785	94.636
equipment	5	88.778	83.539	87.082	85.873	84.212	82.409	81.660
Other		99.531	97.905	99.168	98.115	97.790	98.195	97.521
Nondurable goods	6	102.075	104.180	1 <b>02.789</b>	104.079	103.529	1 <b>04.488</b>	104.623
	7	104.942	106.966	105.449	105.898	106.527	107.197	108.241
	8	95.405	93.047	94.734	93.555	92.642	92.816	93.174
energy goods	9	90.530	105.692	95.987	109.497	102.030	107.390	103.853
	10	90.415	105.264	95.923	108.891	101.339	107.304	103.522
	11	91.778	110.164	96.529	115.989	109.557	107.978	107.132
	12	104.986	105.136	105.159	104.975	104.993	105.439	105.137
Services  Housing  Household operation.  Electricity and gas	13	105.946	108.966	107.174	108.028	1 <b>08.758</b>	109.306	109.771
	14	107.786	110.411	108.958	109.612	110.043	110.676	111.312
	15	103.490	107.497	104.355	106.555	107.827	107.998	107.608
	16	104.857	113.154	105.478	110.177	114.549	114.730	113.161
Other household operation Transportation Medical care	17	102.715	104.193	103.733	104.443	103.906	104.070	104.353
	18	102.826	105.558	103.628	103.781	105.014	106.523	106.915
	19	106.241	109.445	107.375	108.033	109.041	109.887	110.818
	20	106.476	109.658	107.726	108.714	109.358	110.066	110.492
	21	105.419	108.278	107.077	108.002	108.392	108.317	108.402
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption expenditures excluding food	22	96.601	108.891	100.040	109.830	107.378	110.533	107.823
and energy	23	103.581	104.812	104.243	104.474	104.680	104.951	105.143

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

Table 2.3.5. Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	BS
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ı	П	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	1	7,385.3	7,753.2	7,501.2	7,600.7	7,673.6	7,836.3	7,902.3
Durable goods	3	<b>911.3</b> 418.1	<b>941.1</b> 423.6	<b>907.3</b> 410.4	8 <b>98.2</b> 402.1	<b>926.2</b> 414.5	<b>975.1</b> 447.2	<b>965.1</b> 430.7
equipment Other	5	323.7 169.4	334.1 183.4	325.3 171.6	321.8 174.3	329.9 181.8	339.9 188.0	344.8 189.5
Nondurable goods	8	2,086.0 1,005.6 304.4	<b>2,209.4</b> 1,064.4 311.1	2,119.2 1,016.4 306.4	<b>2,175.7</b> 1,037.4 304.8	2,170.8 1,049.7 307.5	<b>2,230.0</b> 1,074.9 315.1	<b>2,261.3</b> 1,095.5 317.0
energy goods	10 11 12	180.4 165.8 14.6 595.6	209.8 192.0 17.8 624.2	193.0 176.3 16.7 603.4	222.4 203.6 18.9 611.1	196.9 180.4 16.5 616.7	209.2 191.7 17.4 630.8	210.6 192.2 18.5 638.1
Services. Housing. Household operation. Electricity and gas. Other household operation. Transportation. Medical care. Recreation. Other	15 16 17 18 19	4,388.0 1,144.6 408.2 152.3 255.9 292.8 1,202.7 303.3 1,036.4	4,602.7 1,198.6 425.7 164.0 261.7 293.8 1,302.5 319.2 1,063.0	4,474.7 1,167.7 412.9 156.0 256.9 291.5 1,239.8 309.7 1,053.0	4,526.8 1,181.5 422.6 163.1 259.5 292.3 1,263.1 312.6 1,054.7	4,576.6 1,191.4 424.2 163.9 260.3 292.8 1,289.2 317.2 1,061.9	4,631.2 1,204.9 428.5 165.8 262.7 295.3 1,315.1 321.3 1,066.2	4,676.0 1,216.6 427.5 163.1 264.4 294.6 1,342.5 325.7 1,069.1
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption expenditures excluding food and energy	22	332.7 6,047.1	373.8 6,315.1	349.0 6,135.8	385.6 6,177.8	360.8 6,263.1	375.0 6.386.4	373. <b>7</b> 6,433.1

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

## Table 2.3.6. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Chained Dollars

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	11	Ш	IV
Personal consumption expenditures	1	7,140.4	7,362.9	7,198.9	7,244.1	7,304.0	7,426.6	7,476.9
Durable goods	2	9 <b>57.2</b>	1, <b>027.</b> 0	<b>963.8</b>	96 <b>5.0</b>	<b>1,005</b> .1	<b>1,069</b> .1	<b>1,068.7</b>
	3	423.3	441.5	419.0	414.5	429.5	466.9	455.1
equipment	4	364.7	400.2	373.5	374.7	391.7	412.4	422.2
	5	170.2	187.3	173.0	177.6	185.9	191.4	194.3
Food	6	<b>2,043.6</b>	<b>2,120.8</b>	<b>2,061.8</b>	<b>2,090.5</b>	<b>2,096.9</b>	2,134.3	<b>2,161.5</b>
	7	958.2	995.0	963.9	979.6	985.4	1,002.8	1,012.1
	8	319.1	334.4	323.4	325.7	331.9	339.5	340.2
energy goods	9	199.3	198.3	201.0	203.1	192.9	194.7	202.7
	10	183.3	182.2	183.6	186.8	177.9	178.5	185.5
	11	15.9	16.2	17.4	16.3	15.1	16.2	17.3
	12	567.3	593.7	573.8	582.2	587.4	598.3	607.0
Services  Housing Household operation  Electricity and gas  Other household operation	13	4,141.8	<b>4,224.1</b>	4,175.4	4,190.7	<b>4,208.4</b>	4,237.2	4,260.0
	14	1,061.9	1,085.6	1,071.7	1,078.0	1,082.8	1,088.7	1,093.1
	15	394.5	396.0	395.6	396.6	393.4	396.8	397.3
	16	145.2	144.9	147.9	148.0	143.1	144.5	144.1
	17	249.2	251.2	247.6	248.5	250.5	252.4	253.4
Transportation Secretary Sec	18	284.8	278.3	281.3	281.6	278.8	277.2	275.5
	19	1,132.1	1,190.1	1,154.8	1,169.3	1,182.4	1,196.9	1,211.5
	20	284.8	291.1	287.5	287.5	290.1	291.9	294.8
	21	983.2	981.7	983.5	976.6	979.7	984.3	986.3
	22	-2.8	10.5	-3.0	-2.8	-8.2	-15.3	–15.5
Addenda: Energy goods and services 1 Personal consumption	23	344.4	343.3	348.9	351.1	336.1	339.3	346.6
expenditures excluding food and energy	24	5,838.0	6,025.1	5,886.2	5,913.3	5,983.3	6,085.3	6,118.7

Consists of gasoline, fuel oil, and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.
 Norte. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

## 3. Government Current Receipts and Expenditures \_\_\_

Table 3.1. Government Current Receipts and Expenditures [Billions of dollars]

				S	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	<b>9</b> S
	Line	2002	2003	2002	**	20	03	
				١٧	1	11	III	IV
Current receipts	1	2,980.7		2,999.9	2,993.9	2,996.3	2,966.0	
Current tax receipts	2	2,006.2		2,016.0	1,995.3	1,992.0	1,955.7	
Personal current taxes	3	1,053.1	988.7	1,045.6	1,009.4	1,000.2	936.0	1,009.4
Taxes on production and imports	4	760.1	789.0	769.5	774.2	782.1	791.5	808.1
Taxes on corporate income	5	185.9		194.2	204.9	202.9	221.6	
Taxes from the rest of the world	6	7.2	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.9
Contributions for government social insurance	7	750.3	774.9	755.5	768.7	772.3	776.9	781.7
income receipts on assets	8	116.1	117.9	117.1	116.9	117.5	118.7	118.5
Interest and miscellaneous receipts	9	114.0	115.8	114.8	114.6	115.3	116.6	116.6
Dividends	10	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0
Current transfer receipts	11	105.3	109.8	107.2	106.7	108.7	111.0	113.0
From business (net)	12	46.8	46.8	47.1	45.4	46.2	47.3	48.1
From persons	13	58.6	63.1	60.1	61.3	62.5	63.7	64.9
Current surplus of government enterprises	14	2.8	5.0	4.1	6.3	5.8	3.7	4.2
Current expenditures	15	3,224.0	3,425.6	3,296.7	3,354.9	3,435.7	3,452.3	3,459.4
Consumption expenditures	16	1,595.4	1,707.9	1,644.9	1,681.7	1,709.8	1,718.6	1,721.4
Current transfer payments	17	1,271.1	1,357.5	1,296.5	1,320.2	1,352.4	1,378.3	1,378.9
Government social benefits	18	1,252.3	1,334.2	1,277.4	1,295.1	1,328.1	1,355.4	1,358.0
To persons	19	1,249.5	1,331.3	1,274.6	1,292.4	1,325.3	1,352.6	1,355.1
To the rest of the world	20	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9
Other current transfer payments to the rest of the world (net)	21	18.8	23.3	19.1	25.1	24.3	22.9	20.9
nterest payments	22	319.3	312.0	318.6	309.7	315.3	309.1	314.0
To persons and business	23	245.4		248.2	242.3	250.2	243.8	
To the rest of the world	24	73.9		70.5	67.4	65.1	65.3	
Subsidies	25	38.2	48.2	36.7	44.7	56.9	46.3	45.1
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	26	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	-1.4	0.0	0.0
Net government saving	27	-243.3		-296.8	-361.0	-439.3	-486.3	
Social insurance funds	28	51.9	41.4	46.7	49.7	39.5	38.4	37.7
Other	29	-295.1		-343.4	-410.8	-478.9	-524.8	
Addenda:								
Total receipts	30	3.013.9		3,030.4	3,024.8	3,022.3	2.994.8	1
Current receipts	31	2.980.7		2.999.9	2,993.9	2.996.3	2,966.0	
Capital transfer receipts	32	33.1	29.3	30.5	30.9	26.0	28.8	31.7
Total expenditures	33	3,359.3	3.563.8		****		3.598.7	
Current expenditures	34	3,224.0	3,425.6	3,431.5 3,296.7	3,481.7 3,354.9	3, <b>570.</b> 6 3,435.7	3,452.3	3, <b>604.3</b> 3,459.4
Gross government investment	35	3,224.0	3,425.0	3,290.7	335.8	3,435.7	3,452.3	3,459.4
Capital transfer payments	36	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	344.5 0.1	0.1	357.5
Net purchases of nonproduced assets	37	8.8	8.4	8.7	5.9	7.7	12.0	7.9
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	38	210.8	218.2	213.3	215.3	217.4	219.2	221.0
Net lending or net borrowing (-)	39	-345.4	210.2	-401.1	<b>-456.9</b>	-548.3	-603.9	441.0

91.8

Table 3.2. Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

Seasonally adjusted at annual rates 2002 2003 2003 Line 2002 IV ١V Ш Ш 1,859.7 1,072.7 815.4 Current receipts. 1,860.7 1,863.5 1,863.9 1,784.3 Current tax receipts ...... Personal current taxes 1,080.7 831.1 1,060.3 794.3 1,057.1 794.6 762. 765.7 Taxes on production and imports...
Excise taxes...
Customs duties.... 88.0 66.8 21.2 89.8 68.5 87.6 89.0 88.3 87.7 86.3 68.4 20.6 19.9 20.9 20.9 21.7 21.4 171.0 22.7 167.9 22.0 154.8 161.7 182.8 8 9 10 24.5 20.2 Other 130.3 7.2 138.9 148.3 6.8 145.9 6.9 162.6 Taxes from the rest of the world 6.8 6.9 6.7 Contributions for government social 736.7 761.1 741.9 755.1 758.5 763.1 767.7 insurance. 22.5 18.9 3.6 23.6 19.2 4.5 24.9 19.8 5.1 Income receipts on assets... Interest receipts..... 12 13 14 15 16 20.6 15.9 24.1 19.4 22.0 18.3 19.9 Rents and royalties.....
Current transfer receipts..... 4.7 25.8 4.6 3.8 5.3 26.0 14.2 11.8 26.6 14.7 25.4 13.6 26.3 14.4 26.9 14.9 27.1 From business ... 14.1 15.2 11.9 enterprises .. 18 -3.1 -1.5 -2.3 -0.4 -1.6-2.5 -1.5Current expenditures ..... **2,100.7** 590.8 **2,263.7 6**62.6 2,156.1 620.7 **2,184.0** 635.9 **2,288.5** 668.9 **2,283**.7 672.3 2,298.6 673.2 19 Consumption expenditures..... Current transfer payments..... 20 ,243.4 920.0 ,334.4 ,270.8 287.3 ,339.5 969.7 1,348.9 979.7 1,361.9 987.6 21 22 23 24 25 Government social benefits..... 917.3 969.3 932.6 948.7 966.8 976.9 984.7 2.8 Other current transfer payments... Grants-in-aid to state and local 323.4 362.3 335.4 335.9 369.8 369.2 374.3 310.8 25.1 217.7 304.6 18.8 339.0 316.4 345.5 346.3 353.3 26 27 28 29 30 23.3 218.8 19.1 20.9 219.6 222.5 157.4 215.6 229.3 155.4 157.2 150.3 67.4 73.9 70.5 65.1 65.3 Subsidies.....Less: Wage accruals less 31 37.2 47.9 37.0 47.0 43.9 disbursements ... 32 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.4 -1.4 0.0 0.0 Net Federal Government saving......Social insurance funds . -240.0 33 -296.3 -320.4 -424.7 -499.4 46.4 -366.8 36.1 -460.8 35.0 -534.4 34 35 48.5 37.9 43.3 34.2 -288.5 -339.7 Addenda: Total receipts ...... Current receipts. 1 886 2 1 882.8 1.887. 1 882 F 1 806 0 1,859.7 1,863.5 1,860.7 22.1 18.7 24.6 Capital transfer receipts..... 38 25.6 23.0 23.5 21.7 2,339.9 2,288.5 95.8 47.1 **2,312.5** 2,263.7 95.0 **2,144.8** 2,100.7 2,**198.5** 2,156.1 **2,215.7** 2,184.0 **2,344.5** 2,283.7 2,350.1 2,298.6 Total expenditures. 39 40 Current expenditures. Gross government investment... Capital transfer payments..... 88.7 44.3 89.3 42.9 87.1 37.3 97.3 51.3 41 99.9 42 44.9 43 0.2 -0.2 0.1 -2.7 -1.0 3.4 -0.7

90.9

-315.8

-328.6

**-457.**3

-538.5

-258.6

Table 3.3. State and Local Government Current Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

		[DIIIQI	3 OI UUIIAI	اد				
				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I.	II	IIŧ	IV
Current receipts	1	1,424.7		1,456.6	1,441.2	1,477.9	1,528.0	
Current tax receipts	2	925.5		943.3	935.0	934.9	983.6	
Personal current taxes	3	221.9	226.0	230.3	215.1	205.6	239.7	243.7
Income taxes	4	201.7	205.1	209.6	194.6	185.2	218.4	222.2
Other	5	20.2	20.9	20.7	20.5	20.4	21.3	21.5
Taxes on production and imports	6	672.5	700.9	680.5	685.9	694.4	705.1	718.3
Sales taxes	7	328.8	340.8	329.7	332.3	337.5	343.2	350.4
Property taxes	8	291.0	304.3	297.9	299.4	301.6	305.5	310.6
Other	9	52.6	55.8	52.9	54.3	55.2	56.5	57.4
Taxes on corporate income	10	31.1		32.5	33.9	35.0	38.8	
Contributions for government social								
insurance	11	13.5	13.8	13.6	13.7	13.8	13.9	14.0
Income receipts on assets	12	95.5	93.9	95.0	94.4	93.9	93.9	93.3
Interest receipts	13	86.0	84.0	85.3	84.5	84.0	83.9	83.4
Dividends	14	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0
Rents and royalties	15	7.4	7.8	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.9
Current transfer receipts	16	384.2	422.3	398.2	391.5	427.9	430.4	439.2
Federal grants-in-aid	17	304.6	339.0	316.4	310.8	345.5	346.3	353.3
From business (net)	18	32.7	32.1	33.4	31.3	31.8	32.4	32.9
From persons	19	46.9	51.2	48.4	49.5	50.6	51.7	52.9
Current surplus of government	10	40.0	01.2	70.7	40.0	30.0	31.7	02.0
enterprises	20	5.9	6.5	6.5	6.6	7.4	6.2	5.6
· ·								
Current expenditures	21	1,427.9	1,500.9	1,457.0	1,481.8	1,492.6	1,514.9	1,514.2
Consumption expenditures Government social benefit payments	22	1,004.6	1,045. <b>3</b>	1,024.2	1,045.8	1,040.9	1,046.3	1,048.2
	23	332.3	362.1	342.1	343.7	358.4	375.7	370.4
to persons	23	89.9	93.2	91.0	92.0	92.7		94.4
Interest payments	25	1.0	0.3	-0.3	0.3		93.5 -0.7	1.2
Subsidies	25	1.0	0.3	-0.3	0.3	0.6	-0.7	1.2
Less: Wage accruals less	26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
disbursements	20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net state and local								
government saving	27	-3.2		-0.4	-40.6	-14.7	13.1	
Social insurance funds	28	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5
Other	29	<b>−6.6</b>		-3.8	-44.0	-18.1	9.6	
Addenda:								
Total receipts	30	1.476.3		1,506.5	1,485.4	1,532,1	1.586.3	
Current receipts	31	1,424.7		1,456.6	1,441.2	1,477.9	1,528.0	
Capital transfer receipts	32	51.7	51.9	50.0	44.2	54.2	58.3	50.7
	33	1,563.2	1,634.9	1,591.8	1,613.7	1,623.1		1,651.2
Total expenditures  Current expenditures	34	1,427.9	1,500.9	1,457.0	1,481.8	1,492.6	1,651.7 1,514.9	1,514.2
Gross government investment	35	248.4	252.8	249.7	248.7	248.7	256.2	257.6
Capital transfer payments	36			243./	240./	240./	230.2	251.0
Net purchases of nonproduced	30			***************************************		***************************************		
assets	37	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Less: Consumption of fixed	"	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
capital	38	121.7	127.3	123.5	125.3	126.9	127.9	129.2
Net lending or net borrowing (-).		-86.9	127.0	-85.3	-128.3	-90.9	-65.4	
	1 55						1 22.4	

capital.....
Net lending or net borrowing (-)

**Table 3.9.1 Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment** 

[Percent]

				Sea	asonally ad	justed at a	nnual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption								
expenditures and gross	1 .							
învestment	1	3.8	3.4	7.1	0.4	7.4	1.8	0.8
Consumption							ابما	
expenditures 1 Gross investment 2	2	3.6	3.7	9.3	0.8	7.1	0.1	0.2
Structures	4	5.0 3.8	1.9 -0.2	-2.7	-5.9	9.0	10.4 14.4	3.7 0.6
Equipment and software	5	7.3	5.4	0.8 -8.4	-6.8 -4.4	-1.9 30.2	4.0	-0.0 11.3
Federal	6	7.9	8.8	18.2	-0.2	23.5	1.2	1.6
Consumption expenditures	7	7.6	9.0	22.9	1.1	20.5	0.6	0.2
Gross investment	8	9.9	7.3	-9.1	-8.7	46.3	5.7	12.0
Structures	9	7.5	2.7	4.6	-10.9	19.3	13.9	-16.2
Equipment and software	10	10.4	8.2	-11.5	-8.2	52.2	4.3	18.2
National defense	11	8.9	10.6	22.1	-5.6	41.9	-1.3	4.2
Consumption expenditures	12	8.4	10.9	28.2	-4.8	41.9	-4.7	4.3
Gross investment	13	11.7	8.7	-12.6	-11.2	42.1	26.4	3.8
Structures	14	-5.1	6.5	-4.4	3.3	-8.8	67.0	6.7
Equipment and software	15	13.4	8.9	-13.3	-12.4	47.6	23.5	3.5
Nondefense	16	6.2	5.3	11.4	10.5	-5.0	6.5	-3.3
Consumption expenditures	17	6.1	5.4	13.7	12.8	-11.7	11.9	-7.4
Gross investment	18	7.0	4.9	-2.6	-4.1	53.7	-22.8	28.7
Structures	19	14.2	1.1	8.9	-16.7	34.4	-4.1	-25.9
Equipment and software	20	4.2	6.6	-7.3	2.1	62.8	-29.8	62.0
State and local	21	1.8	0.5	1.5	-0.5	-0.8	2.1	0.4
Consumption expenditures	22	1.4	0.7	1.9	0.6	-0.5	-0.3	0.3
Gross investment	23	3.4	0.0	-0.3	-4.9	-2.2	12.2	0.7
Structures	24	3.5	-0.4	0.5	-6.5	-3.3	14.4	0.7
Equipment and software	25	3.0	1.4	-3.5	1.5	2.5	3.6	0.9

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

 Consos government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.9.2 Contributions to Percent Change in Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment

				Sea	asonally ad	justed at a	nnual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	1	II	111	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	3.8	3.4	7.1	-0.4	7.4	1.8	0.8
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Consumption expenditures 1 Gross investment 2 Structures Equipment and software	2 3 4 5	2.96 0.88 0.41 0.46	3.08 0.33 -0.01 0.34	7.59 -0.47 0.09 -0.56	0.64 -1.03 -0.75 -0.28	5.95 1.49 -0.19 1.68	0.07 1.68 1.43 0.25	0.21 0.63 -0.06 0.69
Federal	6 7 8 9	2.68 2.24 0.44 0.05 0.38	3.07 2.73 0.33 0.03 0.31	6.13 6.56 -0.43 0.03 -0.47	-0.06 0.34 -0.40 -0.08 -0.32	7.95 6.20 1.75 0.13 1.62	0.46 0.20 0.26 0.10 0.16	0.60 0.06 0.54 -0.13 0.67
National defense Consumption expenditures Gross investment Structures Equipment and software	11 12 13 14 15	1.92 1.60 0.32 -0.01 0.33	2.41 2.16 0.25 0.01 0.23	4.74 5.13 -0.39 -0.01 -0.38	-1.33 -1.00 -0.33 0.01 -0.34	8.59 7.57 1.02 -0.02 1.04	-0.33 -1.03 0.70 0.12 0.58	1.02 0.90 0.11 0.02 0.10
Nondefense	16 17 18 19 20	0.76 0.64 0.12 0.07 0.05	0.66 0.57 0.09 0.01 0.08	1.39 1.43 -0.04 0.04 -0.09	1.27 1.34 -0.07 -0.09 0.02	-0.64 -1.37 0.73 0.15 0.58	0.79 1.23 -0.44 -0.02 -0.42	-0.42 -0.84 -0.42 -0.15 0.57
State and local  Consumption expenditures  Gross investment  Structures  Equipment and software	21 22 23 24 25	1.16 0.73 0.44 0.36 0.08	0.34 0.34 0.00 -0.04 0.04	0.99 1.03 -0.04 0.05 -0.09	-0.32 0.31 -0.63 -0.66 0.04	-0.52 -0.25 -0.26 -0.32 0.06	1.29 -0.13 1.42 1.33 0.09	0.24 0.15 0.09 0.07 0.07

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

#### Table 3.9.3 Real Government Consumption Expenditures and **Gross Investment, Quantity Indexes**

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	sted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption								
expenditures and gross	١.							
investment	1	106.697	110.334	108.666	108.563	110.527	111.008	111.24
Consumption	١ ۾	106,484	440 400	400 000	100 010	440.000	440.007	440.00
expenditures 1 Gross investment 2	3	106.484	110.460 109.727	108.802 108.004	109.012 106.373	110.903 108.695	110.927 111.406	110.99
Structures	4	107.708	105.727	105.633	100.373	103.309	106.838	106.68
Equipment and software	5	111.807	117.892	112.084	110.835	118.384	119.548	122.80
	1							
Federal	6 7	111.958	121.761	116.764	116.713	123.025	123.406	123.90 123.45
Consumption expenditures Gross investment	8	111. <b>8</b> 58 112.661	121.914 120.846	117.274 113.343	117.589 110.805	123.212 121.869	123.401 123.581	127.12
Structures	9	101.285	104.066	103.055	100.005	104.634	108.099	103.41
Equipment and software	10	115.019	124.403	115.457	113.010	125.522	126.835	132.24
	1							
National defense	11	113.086	125.114	118.672	116.972	127.675	127.247	1 <b>28.56</b> 127.89
Consumption expenditures Gross investment	13	112.664 116.016	124.977 126.099	118.810 117.620	117.355 114.165	128.087 124.649	126.569 132.174	133.40
Structures	14	83.881	89.310	84.027	84.714	82.781	94.099	95.64
Equipment and software	15	119.829	130.478	121.611	117.644	129.677	136.701	137.89
	1						, 1	
Nondefense	16	109.956	115.814	113.381	116.252	114.781	116.596	115.62
Consumption expenditures	17	110.398	116.379	114.500	118.011	114.406	117.676	115.42
Gross investment Structures	18 19	107.396 111.691	112.623 112.884	106.644 114.431	105.540 109.325	117.511 117.704	110.132 116.464	117.30 108.04
Equipment and software	20	105.662	112.598	103.484	104.024	117.704	107.540	121.33
, ,								
State and local	21	104.047	104.592	104.593	104.463	104,248	104.779	104.88
Consumption expenditures	22	103.568	104.250	104.207	104.361	104.231	104.165	104.24
Gross investment	23	106.021	105.998	106.184	104.857	104.288	107.326	107.52
Structures	24	105.641	105.241	105.830	104.076	103.212	106.746	106.93
Equipment and software	25	107.398	108.897	107.454	107.866	108.523	109.480	109.72

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

#### Table 3.9.4 Price Indexes for Government Consumption Expenditures and **Gross Investment**

					Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption		_			-			
expenditures and gross investment	1	105.207	108.229	106.055	107.951	107.966	108.433	108.564
Consumption	' '	105.207	100.225	100.055	107.951	107.300	100.433	100.304
expenditures 1	2	105,729	109.117	106.696	108.872	108.802	109.342	109.453
expenditures 1 Gross investment 2	3	102.783	104.091	103.085	103.655	104.080	104.201	104.429
Structures	4	106.492	109.308	107.148	108.360	109.302	109.487	110.084
Equipment and software	5	96.856	95.870	96.614	96.192	95.847	95.875	95.567
Federal	6	104.858	107.501	105.066	107.032	107.399	107.755	107.818
Consumption expenditures	Ž	105.775	108.843	106.006	108.306	108.733	109.113	109.219
Gross investment	8	99.068	98.956	99.150	98.918	98.901	99.107	98.899
Structures	9	106.114	109.062	106.901	108.022	108.710	109.261	110.255
Equipment and software	10	97.759	97.114	97.718	97.245	97.106	97.254	96.849
National defense	11	104.666	107.418	104.941	106.968	107.300	107.654	107.749
Consumption expenditures	12	105.643	108.802	105.926	108.295	108.677	109.057	109.180
Gross investment	13	98.279	98.310	98.512	98.249	98.237	98.417	98.336
Structures	14	106.402	109.393	107.140	108.363	109.045	109.536	110.626
Equipment and software	15	97.494	97.292	97.688	97.306	97.241	97.397	97.225
Nondefense	16	105.208	107.653	105.293	107.148	107.581	107.942	107.941
Consumption expenditures	17	106.021	108.919	106.153	108.329	108.838	109.218	109.292
Gross investment	18	100.356	99.995	100.176	100.000	99.973	100.226	99.779
Structures	19	105.966	108.893	106.774	107.849	108.539	109.118	110.064
Equipment and software	20	98.270	96.624	97.704	97.025	96.724	96.851	95.895
State and local	21	105.382	108.603	106.580	108.435	108.246	108.778	108.951
Consumption expenditures	22	105.694	109.258	107.095	109.195	108.813	109.456	109.569
Gross investment	23	104.116	105.966	104.502	105.372	105.971	106.056	106.464
Structures	24	106.518	109.324	107.164	108.383	109.344	109.501	110.068
Equipment and software	25	95.616	94.128	95.086	94.734	94.084	93.925	93.770

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

#### **Table 3.9.5 Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment**

[Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures and gross								
investment	1	1,932.5	2,055.7	1,983.9	2,017.4	2,054.2	2,072.1	2,079.0
Consumption								
expenditures 1	2	1,595.4	1,707.9	1,644.9	1,681.7	1,709.8	1,718.6	1,721.4
Gross investment <sup>2</sup>	3	337.1	347.8	339.0	335.8	344.5	353.5	357.5
Structures	4	212.4	217.6	214.3	212.9	213.8	221.5	222.3
Equipment and software	5	124.7	130.2	124.7	122.8	130.7	132.0	135.2
Federal	6	679.5	757.6	710.0	723.0	764.7	769.6	773.1
Consumption expenditures	7	590.8	662.6	620.7	635.9	668.9	672.3	673.2
Gross investment	8	88.7	95.0	89.3	87.1	95.8	97.3	99.9
Structures	9	14.3	15.1	14.6	14.4	15.1	15.7	15.2
Equipment and software	10	74.4	79.9	74.7	72.7	80.7	81.6	84.8
National defense	11	438.3	497.7	461.1	463.3	507.3	507.2	512.9
Consumption expenditures	12	382.7	437.2	404.6	408.6	447.5	443.7	448.9
Gross investment	13	55.7	60.5	56.6	54.7	59.8	63.5	64.0
Structures	14	4.4	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.5	5.1	5.3
Equipment and software	15	51.2	55.7	52.1	50.2	55.3	58.4	58.8
Nondefense	16	241.2	259.9	248.9	259.7	257.4	262.4	260.2
Consumption expenditures	17	208.1	225.4	216.1	227.3	221.4	228.5	224.3
Gross investment	18	33.0	34.5	32.7	32.4	36.0	33.8	35.9
Structures	19	9.9	10.2	10.2	9.8	10.6	10.6	9.9
Equipment and software	20	23.2	24.3	22.6	22.5	25.4	23.3	26.0
State and local	21	1,253,1	1.298.1	1.273.9	1,294.5	1.289.6	1.302.5	1.305.8
Consumption expenditures	22	1.004.6	1.045.3	1.024.2	1,045.8	1.040.9	1.046.3	1,048.2
Gross investment	23	248.4	252.8	249.7	248.7	248.7	256.2	257.6
Structures	24	198.1	202.5	199.6	198.6	198.7	205.8	207.2
Equipment and software	25	50.3	50.2	50.1	50.1	50.0	50.4	50.4
Equipment and bottmare			00.2		00.1	50.0	00.1	

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

**Table 3.9.6. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment, Chained Dollars** 

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	I	II	Ш	IV
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	1,836.9	1,899.5	1,870.8	1,869.0	1,902.8	1,911.1	1,915.1
expenditures 1	2	1,509.0	1,565.3	1,541.8	1,544.8	1,571.6	1,571.9	1,572.9
	3	328.0	334.1	328.9	323.9	331.0	339.2	342.4
	4	199.4	199.1	200.0	196.5	195.6	202.3	202.0
	5	128.8	135.8	129.1	127.7	136.4	137.7	141.5
Federal	6	648.0	704.7	6 <b>75.8</b>	67 <b>5.5</b>	712.0	714.3	717.1
	7	558.5	608.7	585.6	5 <b>8</b> 7.1	615.2	616.2	616.4
	8	89.5	96.0	90.1	88.1	96.8	98.2	101.0
	9	13.5	13.8	13.7	13.3	13.9	14.4	13.7
	10	76.1	82.3	76.4	74.8	83.1	83.9	87.5
National defense  Consumption expenditures Gross investment Structures Equipment and software	11	418.8	<b>463.3</b>	439.5	<b>433.2</b>	<b>472.</b> 8	<b>471.2</b>	47 <b>6.1</b>
	12	362.2	401.8	382.0	377.3	411.8	<b>4</b> 06.9	411.2
	13	56.6	61.6	57.4	55.7	60.8	64.5	65.1
	14	4.2	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.7	4.8
	15	52.5	57.2	53.3	51.6	56.9	59.9	60.5
Nondefense	16	229.2	241.4	236.4	242.4	239.3	<b>243.</b> 1	241.1
	17	196.3	206.9	203.6	209.9	203.4	209.3	205.2
	18	32.9	34.5	32.7	32.4	36.0	33.8	36.0
	19	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.1	9.8	9.7	9.0
	20	23.6	25.1	23.1	23.2	26.2	24.0	27.1
State and local  Consumption expenditures  Gross investment  Structures  Equipment and software  Residual	21	1,189.1	1,195.3	1,195.3	1,193.8	1,191.4	1,197.4	1,198.6
	22	950.5	956.8	956.4	957.8	956.6	956.0	956.7
	23	238.6	238.5	239.0	236.0	234.7	241.5	242.0
	24	186.0	185.3	186.3	183.2	181.7	187.9	188.2
	25	52.6	53.4	52.7	52.9	53.2	53.7	53.8
	26	-0.3	-0.8	-0.3	-0.2	-0.9	-1.0	-1.4

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Nors: Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 3.10.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Government Consumption Expenditures and **General Government Gross Output** 

[Percent]

		j			Seasonally a	djusted at an	nual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
	1 1			١٧	1	n	111	IV
Government consumption expenditures 1	1	3.6	3.7	9.3	0.8	7.1	0.1	0.2
Gross output of general government	2	3.6	3.6	7.6	1.1	7.0	0.4	0.8
Value added	. 3	1.6	1.4	2.4	1.7	1.1	0.1	0.5
Compensation of general government employees	4	1.5	1.2	2.4	1.5	0.8	-0.4	0.1
Consumption of general government fixed capital <sup>2</sup>	. 5	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.8
Intermediate goods and services purchased 3		7.3	7.5	17.1	0.1	17.4	1.0	1.2
Durable goods		3.3	4.6	-9.9	-11.3	42.1	1.2	3.5
Nondurable goods	.   8	4.8	2.2	1.4	0.5	7.6	-0.8	3.4
Services	.   9	8.5	9.5	25.7	1.1	18.7	1.6	0.3
Less: Own-account investment <sup>4</sup>	10	1.0	2.4	-4.5	-3.8	3.4	2.4	44.3
Sales to other sectors	.   11	4.1	3.2	-1.1	3.4	6.4	2.4	1.0
ederal consumption expenditures	12	7.6	9.0	22.9	1.1	20.5	0.6	0.2
Gross output of general government		7.4	8.9	20.1	1.2	21.7	0.1	0.4
Value added	14	1.7	3.3	4.9	4.3	5.0	0.0	-0.3
Compensation of general government employees	15	2.0	3.8	6.0	5.1	6.0	-0.6	-1.2
Consumption of general government fixed capital		0.7	1.7	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.7
Intermediate goods and services purchased		16.1	16.4	43.5	-2.5	46.2	0.2	1.2
Durable goods		5.4	7.7	-18.2	-20.6	88.3	1.3	6.0
Nondurable goods	19	13.2	-0.9	-7.9	-10.9	45.8	-19.4	10.8
Services	20	17.9	19.4	60.9	0.6	42.2	2.1	-0.
Less: Own-account investment		-0.9	9.6	-11.9	4.7	6.3	-24.2	360.0
Sales to other sectors	22	-10.7	-7.6	-92.0	28.8	467.0	-33.7	-77.6
Defense consumption expenditures		8.4	10.9	28.2	-4.8	41.9	-4.7	4.3
Gross output of general government		8.4	10.7	24.1	-4.6	42.5	-4.6	4.0
Value added	25	1.4	3.3	-0.3	6.2	8.0	1.1	-0.3
Compensation of general government employees		2.1	4.2	-0.7	8.2	10.6	0.9	-1.0
Consumption of general government fixed capital	27	-0.2	1.0	0.6	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.6
Intermediate goods and services purchased	26	18.8	20.2	62.1	-16.0	95.5	-10.4	8.8
Durable goods	20	4.3	8.8	-20.9	-18.2	100.3	-0.6	3.7
Nondurable goods	20	12.7	-4.5	-13.4	30.7	8.0	-48.1	19.0
Services		22.4	24.3	92.2	-18.5	103.7	-8.7	9.0
Less: Own-account investment		28.3	11.9	15.5	0.2	6.3	-18.9	306.0
Sales to other sectors		-8.5	-29.2	-99.7	104.3	680.6	17.0	-97.0
Nondefense consumption expenditures	1 1	6.1	5.4	13.7		-11.7	11.9	-7.4
Gross output of general government		5.5		13.2	12.8	-9.5	10.1	
Value added		5.5 2.1	5.5 3.3	14.2	12.7	-9.5 0.2	-1.7	-6.: -0.:
Value divided	.   30	1.9	3.3	16.8	1.1 0.7	-0.5	-1.7 -2.8	-0. -1.4
Compensation of general government employees  Consumption of general government fixed capital		3.0	3.4	3.1	2.9	4.0	4.1	-1.4 5.0
Intermediate goods and services purchased	30	11.0	8.8	11.7	32.1	-22.1	29.8	
Durable goods	. 39	18.0	-4.8	17.0	-42.9	-13.4	31.8	-14. <sup>-</sup> 39.:
Durable goodsNondurable goods					-42.5	F.		39.
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change		·····						•
Other nondurable goods		22.0	4.2	7.7	-36.8	63.3	39.2	3.0
Services		10.4	10.2	13.8	51.0	-32.0	31.4	-17.8
Less: Own-account investment		-17.5	7.5	-30.6	9.0	6.3	-28.9	415.3
Sales to other sectors		-17.3 -12.3	8.0	23.5	6.5	386.8	-20.9 -51.9	-45.3
state and local consumption expenditures		1.4	0.7	1.9	0.6	-0.5	-0.3	0.3
Gross output of general government		2.0	1.2	2.2	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.0
Value added	49	1.6	0.6	1.4	0.6	-0.5	0.1	0.9
Compensation of general government employees	1 20	1.3	0.3	1.1	0.3	-1.0	-0.3	0.0
Consumption of general government fixed capital	51	3.9 2.7	3.3 2.4	3.4 3.7	3.3 1.8	3.1 2.1	3.0	2. <sup>-</sup> 1.
Intermediate goods and services purchased	53	2.7 1.0	1.0	1.6		0.7	1.6	0.
Durable goods	33			3.0	1.1		1.0	
Nondurable goods		3.5 2.5	2.7 2.3	3.0 4.1	2.4 1.6	2.5 2.0	2.5 1.2	2. 0.
Services		1.4	0.6	-2.5	-5.9	2.0	10.5	0. 3.
Less: Own-account investment	57	4.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.3	3. 3.
Tuition and related educational charges		1.5	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	3. 2.
Health and hospital charges		5.0	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.
Other sales		5.3	4.9	5.6	3.9	5.4	4.5	4.
Outer sales	. 00	0.0	4.9	5.0	3.9	5.4	4.5	4.

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government expenses assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government expenses.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in soft-ware in table 3.9.5.

#### Table 3.10.3. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and **General Government Gross Output, Quantity Indexes**

					Sea	99.012 110.903 110.927 199.151 111.009 111.130 14.188 104.402 104.308 104.816 104.402 104.308 106.482 107.167 107.867 17.698 122.510 122.821 14.212 113.779 114.115 113.779 114.115 113.779 114.115 113.779 114.115 115.033 122.510 122.821 10.6.647 127.144 10.503 113.144 112.908 110.307 110.307 10.053 111.783 112.454 17.589 123.212 123.401 16.744 122.622 106.464 104.322 106.643 105.685 106.622 106.464 102.034 102.530 103.088 17.337 151.007 151.074 122.62 106.464 120.034 102.530 103.088 17.337 151.007 121.061 15.178 158.544 159.353 122.213 124.097 151.074 121.661 151.774 120.079 107.647 107.895 103.407 105.418 105.696 104.972 107.647 107.895 103.407 105.418 105.696 109.857 100.214 199.566 99.857 100.214 199.566 99.857 100.214 199.566 99.857 100.214 199.566 118.676 100.722 100.561 119.628 119.441 105.696 100.722 100.561 119.628 119.441 105.696 100.722 100.561 119.628 119.441 105.696 100.722 105.645 100.722 105.645 100.404 179.963 175.894 175.894 175.964 175.964 100.722 105.252 105.108 104.351 115.964 117.676 116.003 111.154 133.716 125.630 134.098 127.010			
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03		
				IV	1	н	III	IV	
Government consumption expenditures ¹ Gross output of general government	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	106.484 106.763 103.345 103.070 104.883 113.061 106.859 110.332 114.648 109.731 108.262 111.858 111.330 101.930 102.174 101.177 126.895 107.680 123.429 130.280	110.480 110.658 104.789 104.310 107.532 121.553 111.803 112.755 125.592 112.393 111.757 121.914 121.198 105.296 106.081 102.854 147.736 115.942 122.329 155.595	108.802 108.856 104.106 103.801 105.815 117.654 107.376 110.959 121.002 109.790 109.137 117.274 116.386 103.255 103.788 101.608 138.210 108.246 119.674 144.969	109.012 109.151 104.534 104.188 116.482 117.698 104.212 111.103 121.343 110.8725 110.053 117.589 116.744 104.342 105.085 102.034 137.337 102.168 116.284 145.178	111.009 104.812 107.167 122.510 113.779 113.144 126.647 111.783 123.212 122.622 102.532 106.622 102.532 104.532 105.63	111.130 104.836 104.938 107.867 122.821 114.115 112.908 127.144 110.307 112.454 105.643 106.464 103.088 120.079 121.061 159.353	110.996 111.343 104.941 108.612 123.183 115.108 113.864 127.235 127.399 123.453 122.774 105.566 106.152 103.765 151.527 121.838 121.838 121.838	
Less: Own-account investment Sales to other sectors  Defense consumption expenditures Gross output of general government Value added. Compensation of general government employees. Consumption of general government fixed capital Intermediate goods and services purchased. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services Less: Own-account investment Sales to other sectors. Nonderse consumption expenditures. Gross output of general government	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	121,298 66,494 112,664 112,715 101,657 102,711 99,107 130,598 105,743 115,417 138,001 163,043 91,911 110,398 108,891	132,909 61.455 124.977 124.810 105.034 107.032 157.020 115.042 171.553 182.487 65.071 116.379 114.844	120.830 47.156 118.810 118.511 101.852 102.922 99.265 145.547 105.731 108.868 158.546 167.824 42.436 114.500	122,213 50,238 117,355 117,121 103,407 104,972 99,566 139,332 100,561 116,402 150,644 167,903 50,733 118,011 116,073	77.522 128.087 127.970 105.418 107.647 99.857 164.759 119.628 118.676 179.963 170.482 84.799 114.406	69.947 126.569 126.457 105.696 107.895 100.214 160.295 119.441 100.722 175.894 161.800 88.187 117.676	169.553 48.114 127.899 127.693 105.615 107.614 100.650 163.695 120.537 105.195 179.710 229.762 36.563 115.423 114.122	
Value added.  Compensation of general government employees. Consumption of general government fixed capital.  Intermediate goods and services purchased.  Durable goods.  Nondurable goods.  Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change.  Other nondurable goods.  Services.  Less: Own-account investment.  Sales to other sectors.	37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	102.398 101.379 106.978 120.093 132.912 144.492 117.862 98.831 55.699	105.750 104.676 110.663 130.632 126.590 150.592 129.853 106.239 60.170	105.654 105.063 108.180 124.723 141.354 	105.252 108.955 133.716 122.865 131.028 136.464 97.635 50.291	105.108 110.033 125.630 118.537 	104.351 111.154 134.098 127.010 160.890 132.687 91.028 62.195	105.491 103.993 112.510 129.085 137.948 162.335 126.338 137.149 53.492	
State and local consumption expenditures.  Gross output of general government Value acdoed  Compensation of general government employees.  Consumption of general government fixed capital Intermediate goods and services purchased.  Durable goods  Nondurable goods  Services.  Less: Own-account investment  Sales to other sectors.  Tuition and related educational charges Health and hospital charges  Other sales.	48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	103.568 104.753 103.935 103.381 108.421 106.330 105.896 108.404 105.359 107.211 109.505 103.924 111.310 110.414	104.250 106.028 104.580 103.680 111.992 108.844 106.916 111.364 107.768 107.864 113.250 106.465 114.488 115.868	104.207 105.546 104.462 103.802 109.829 107.648 106.351 109.683 106.760 107.386 110.974 104.683 112.571 112.684	104.361 105.813 104.617 103.870 110.726 108.134 106.631 110.336 107.180 105.775 111.827 105.391 113.333 113.779	104.231 105.908 104.477 103.613 111.587 108.689 106.805 111.024 107.699 106.484 112.810 106.104 114.099 115.289	104.165 106.068 104.501 103.541 112.422 109.118 107.071 111.724 108.010 109.166 113.720 106.822 114.872 116.551	104.243 106.323 104.724 103.696 113.232 109.435 107.159 112.371 108.184 110.033 114.645 107.544 115.649 117.854	

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is include in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

 4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

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#### Table 3.10.4. Price Indexes for Government Consumption Expenditures and **General Government Gross Output**

					Sea	sonally adjus	ted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03	
				IV	ı	II	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures <sup>1</sup> . Gross output of general government. Value added. Compensation of general government employees.	2 3 4	105.729 105.865 107.547 108.621	109.117 109.512 111.140 112.724	106.696 106.955 108.623 109.842	108.872 109.015 110.245 111.729	108.802 109.129 110.941 112.494	109.342 109.801 111.582 113.217	109.453 110.103 111.793 113.456
Consumption of general government fixed capital <sup>2</sup> Intermediate goods and services purchased <sup>3</sup> Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Less: Own-account investment <sup>4</sup>	6 7 8 9	101.777 102.969 100.610 97.277 105.249 105.847	102.657 106.714 100.934 105.005 107.975 109.036	102.081 104.090 100.660 99.999 105.923 106.984	102.291 106.846 100.799 108.649 106.987 108.477	102.622 106.044 100.877 102.773 107.752 108.701	102.827 106.762 100.958 103.878 108.409 109.348	102.890 107.203 101.103 104.718 108.752 109.618
Sales to other sectors.  Federal consumption expenditures  Gross output of general government.  Value added.	11 12 13	106.707 105.775 105.783 107.425	111.976 108.843 108.861 110.807	108.547 106.006 106.022 107.193	109.928 108.306 108.317 110.358	111.175 108.733 108.749 110.844	112.661 109.113 109.133 111.011	114.141 1 <b>09.219</b> 109.245 111.016
Compensation of general government employees.  Consumption of general government fixed capital.  Intermediate goods and services purchased.  Durable goods.  Nondurable goods.	15 16 17 18 19	109.651 101.041 103.414 99.998 95.552	114.013 101.539 106.142 100.315 101.011	109.166 101.543 104.274 100.037 97.989	113.508 101.254 105.495 100.187 103.847	114.109 101.400 105.859 100.268 99.818	114.209 101.764 106.491 100.382 100.571	114.226 101.738 106.722 100.422 99.807
Services	21 22 23	104.884 108.196 104.870 <b>105.64</b> 3	107.593 111.939 108.469 108.802	105.659 108.755 105.791 105.926	106.534 110.866 107.354 108.295	107.373 111.774 108.057 108.677	108.057 112.436 108.880 109.057	108.406 112.679 109.583 109.180
Gross output of general government	25 26 27 28	105.669 107.278 109.966 100.978 103.420	108.836 110.528 114.330 101.537 106.523	105.956 106.874 109.124 101.619 104.560	108.323 110.202 113.984 101.258 105.819	108.710 110.539 114.391 101.423 106.258	109.093 110.675 114.461 101.723 106.894	109.217 110.697 114.484 101.745 107.122
Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services. Less: Own-account investment. Sales to other sectors.	30 31 32 33	100.516 91.622 105.268 107.631 108.633	101.101 98.955 108.400 111.028 113.212	100.657 96.179 106.263 108.022 109.419	100.954 103.261 107.203 109.862 112.178	101.068 97.761 108.177 110.889 112.906	101.150 97.449 108.971 111.608 113.693	101.230 97.350 109.247 111.752 114.072
Nondefense consumption expenditures.  Gross output of general government	35 36 37 38 39 40	106.021 105.995 107.673 109.190 101.236 103.411 94.229	108.919 108.915 111.280 113.558 101.570 105.383 91.868	106.153 106.148 107.729 109.226 101.375 103.712 93.224	108.329 108.313 110.623 112.818 101.271 104.859 91.931	108.838 108.828 111.361 113.706 101.368 105.062 91.652	109.218 109.217 111.580 113.852 101.895 105.686 92.145	109.292 109.303 111.557 113.858 101.747 105.925 91.744
Commodify Credit Corporation inventory change Other nondurable goods Services Less: Own-account investment Sales to other sectors	42 43 44 45	100.430 104.262 108.607 102.658	104.783 106.153 112.646 106.181	101.228 104.627 109.298 103.706	105.668 105.372 111.661 104.799	103.193 105.947 112.458 105.489	104.945 106.391 113.066 106.340	105.328 106.902 113.399 107.401
State and local consumption expenditures  Gross output of general government  Value added  Compensation of general government employees  Consumption of general government fixed capital Intermediate goods and services purchased	47 48 49 50 51	105.694 105.897 107.599 108.267 102.464 102.721	109.258 109.808 111.276 112.273 103.684 107.065	107.095 107.388 109.212 110.077 102.591 103.990	109.195 109.333 110.193 111.102 103.245 107.698	108.813 109.289 110.978 111.926 103.740 106.143	109.456 110.107 111.818 112.873 103.804 106.919	109.569 110.506 112.116 113.192 103.947 107.501
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Less: Own-account investment Sales to other sectors	53 54 55 56 57	101.335 97.541 105.468 105.273 106.751	101.671 105.623 108.208 108.323 112.052	101.401 100.305 106.064 106.554 108.608	101.524 109.402 107.281 107.894 109.986	101.599 103.221 107.983 107.945 111.244	101.637 104.385 108.615 108.588 112.743	101.923 105.485 108.953 108.867 114.235
Tuition and related educational charges	59	112.299 106.631 103.559	121.665 111.980 106.406	115.320 108.860 104.166	117.269 110.217 105.241	119.316 111.499 106.004	123.552 112.485 106.681	126.523 113.720 107.690

<sup>1.</sup> Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

#### Table 3.10.5. Government Consumption Expenditures and General **Government Gross Output**

[Billions of dollars]

		1	,		Seasonally a	1.7 1,709.8 1,718.6 1 7.9 2,013.6 2,028.2 2 2.6 1,243.7 1,251.1 1 4 1,060.7 1,066.6 1 1.2 183.0 184.5 1 1.3 50.6 50.8 50.8 50.6 50.8 50.8 50.6 50.8 1 1.2 183.0 184.5 1 1.3 50.6 50.8 50.8 50.8 50.8 50.8 50.8 50.8 50.8		
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
	1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			IV	I	II	Ш	IV
Government consumption expenditures 1		1,595.4	1,707.9	1,644.9	1,681.7	1,709.8	1,718.6	1,72
Gross output of general government		1,878.9	2,014.4	1,935.3	1,977.9			2,03
Value added		1,188.8	1,245.6	1,209.5	1,232.6			1,25
Compensation of general government employees		1,011.2	1,062.0	1,029.8	1,051.4			1,06
Consumption of general government fixed capital <sup>2</sup>		177.6	183.7	179.7	181.2			18
Intermediate goods and services purchased 3		690.1	768.7	725.8	745.3			78
Durable goods		47.4	49.8	47.7	46.3			.5
Nondurable goods		156.0	172.0	161.2	175.4			17
Services		486.8	547.0	516.9	523.6			55
Less: Own-account investment <sup>4</sup>		21.0 262.5	22.2 284.3	21.3 269.1	21.3 274.8			29
Sales to other sectors	1	590.8	662.6	620.7	635.9			67
		599.6		628.2	643.8			6. 6.
Gross output of general government			671.8	349.1				36
Value added		345.3 261.9	368.0 282.7	264.9	363.1 278.8			28
		83.4	85.2	84.2				
Consumption of general government fixed capital		254.3		279.2				
Intermediate goods and services purchased		25.9	303.8	26.0	280.7			3.
Durable goods		22.3	27.9	22.2				- :
Nondurable goods		206.1	23.4 252.5	231.0	233.2			2
Less: Own-account investment		4.2	4.8	4.2				2
Sales to other sectors		4.6	4.4	3.3	3.6			
Defense consumption expenditures		382.7	437.2	404.6	408.6			4
Gross output of general government		386.6	440.9	407.5	411.8			4
Value added		217.2	231.2	216.8	227.0			2
Compensation of general government employees.		156.9	170.0	156.1	166.2			1
Consumption of general government fixed capital		60.3	61.2	60.8	60.7			,
Intermediate goods and services purchased		169.4	209.7	190.7	184.8			2
Durable goods		23.7	25.9	23.7	22.6			-
Nondurable goods		11.0	11.4	10.9	12.5			
Services		134.7	172.4	156.1	149.6			18
Less: Own-account investment		2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1			•
Sales to other sectors		1.9	1.4	0.9	1.1			
Nondefense consumption expenditures	34	208.1	225.4	216.1	227.3	221.4	228.5	2
Gross output of general government	35	213.1	230.9	220.7	232.1		233.8	2
Value added	36	128.1	136.7	132.2	136.2	137.2		1
Compensation of general government employees	37	105.0	112.7	108.8	112.6	113.3	112.6	- 1
Consumption of general government fixed capital	38	23.1	24.0	23.4	23.6	23.8	24.2	
Intermediate goods and services purchased	39	85.0	94.2	88.5	95.9	90.3	96.9	
Durable goods	40	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.1	
Nondurable goods	41	11.3	12.0	11.3	10.3	12.0	12.8	
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change		0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3			
Other nondurable goods		11.1	12.1	11.4	10.6			
Services		71.5	80.1	74.9	83.6			
Less: Own-account investment		2.3	2.5	2.2	2.3			
Sales to other sectors	1 1	2.7	3.0	2.4	2.5	- 1		
e and local consumption expenditures		1,004.6	1,045.3	1,024.2	1,045.8			1,0
Gross output of general government		1,279.3	1,342.6	1,307.0	1,334.0			1,3
Value added		843.5	877.7	860.4	869.4			8
Compensation of general government employees	50	749.3	779.2	764.9	772.5			7
Consumption of general government fixed capital	51 52	94.2	98.5	95.5	96.9			
Intermediate goods and services purchased		435.8	464.9	446.6	464.6	460.2	465.4	4
Durable goods		21.5	21.8	21.6	21.7	21.8	21.8	
Nondurable goods		133.6 280.6	148.6 294.5	139.0 285.9	152.5	144.8 293.7	147.4 296.2	1 2
			17.4		290.3			
Less: Own-account investment	57	16.8 257.8	279.9	17.0 265.8	17.0	17.1 276.8	17.6 282.8	2
Tuition and related educational charges		257.8 51.7	279.9 57.4	53.5	271.2 54.8	56.1		2
Health and hospital charges	59	125.2	135.3	129.3	131.8	134.2	58.5 136.3	1
Other sales		80.9	87.2	83.0	84.7	86.4	87.9	1
Outer 3ai65	00	00.9	07.2	03.0	04./	00.4	07.9	

Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government explored assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

#### Table 3.10.6. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and General Government **Gross Output, Chained Dollars**

					Seasonally a	adjusted at ar	nnual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
				IV	1	H	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures 1		1,509.0	1,565.3	1,541.8	1,544.8	1,571.6	1,571.9	1,572.9
Gross output of general government		1,774.8	1,839.6	1,809.6	1,814.5	1,845.4	1,847.4	1,850.9
Value added		1,105.4 930.9	1,120.8 942.1	1,113.5 937.5	1,118.1 941.0	1,121.1 943.0	1,121.3 942.1	1,122.8 942.4
Consumption of general government fixed capital <sup>2</sup>	. 5	174.5	178.9	176.1	177.2	178.3	179.5	942.4 180.7
Intermediate goods and services purchased 3		670.2	720.5	697.4	697.7	726.2	728.1	730.2
Durable goods	. 7	47.1	49.3	47.3	45.9	50.2	50.3	50.8
Nondurable goods	. 8	160.3	163.8	161.2	161.4	164.4	164.1	165.4
Services		462.5	506.6	488.1	489.5	510.9	512.9	513.3
Less: Own-account investment 4	. 10	19.9	20.3	19.9	19.7	19.8	20.0	21.9
Sales to other sectors	. 11	246.0	253.9	247.9	250.0	254.0	255.5	256.1
Federal consumption expenditures		558.5	608.7	585.6	587.1	615.2	616.2	616.4
Gross output of general government	. 13	566.9	617.1	592.6	594.4	624.4	624.5	625.1
Value added		321.4	332.1	325.6	329.1	333.1	333.2	332.9
Compensation of general government employees	. 15	238.8	248.0	242.6	245.6	249.2	248.9	248.1
Consumption of general government fixed capital	. 16	82.6	83.9	82.9	83.3	83.7	84.1	84.7
Intermediate goods and services purchased	. 17	245.9	286.3	267.9	266.2	292.7	292.8	293.7
Durable goods		25.9	27.9	26.0	24.5	28.8	28.9	29.3
Nondurable goods		23.3	23.1	22.6	22.0	24.2	22.9	23.5
Services		196.5	234.7	218.7	219.0	239.2	240.4	240.3
Less: Own-account investment		3.9	4.3	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.7	5.5
Sales to other sectors		4.4	4.1	3.1	3.3	5.1	4.6	3.2
Defense consumption expenditures	. 23	362.2	401.8	382.0	377.3	411.8	406.9	411.2
Gross output of general government	. 24	365.8	405.1	384.7	380.1	415.4	410.4	414.5
Value added	. 25	202.5	209.2	202.9	206.0	210.0	210.5	210.4
Compensation of general government employees		142.7 59.7	148.7 60.3	143.0 59.8	145.9 60.0	149.6 60.1	149.9	149.5 60.6
Consumption of general government fixed capital	28	163.8	196.9	182.5	174.7	206.6	60.4 201.0	205.3
Durable goods	29	23.5	25.6	23.5	22.4	26.6	26.6	26.8
Nondurable goods		12.0	11.5	11.3	12.1	12.4	10.5	11.0
Services		128.0	159.1	147.0	139.7	166.9	163.1	166.6
Less: Own-account investment		1.8	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.6
Sales to other sectors	. 33	1.8	1.3	0.8	1.0	1.7	1.7	0.7
Nondefense consumption expenditures		196.3	206.9	203.6	209.9	203.4	209.3	205.2
Gross output of general government	. 35	201.0	212.0	207.9	214.3	209.0	214.1	210.7
Value added	. 36	119.0	122.9	122.8	123.1	123.2	122.7	122.6
Compensation of general government employees	. 37	96.1	99.3	99.6	99.8	99.7	<b>9</b> 8.9	98.6
Consumption of general government fixed capital	. 38	22.9	23.7	23.1	23.3	23.5	23.8	24.0
Intermediate goods and services purchased	. 39	82.1	89.4	85.3	91.5	85.9	91.7	88.3
Durable goods		2.3	2.2	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.4
Nondurable goods		11.2	11.4	11.1	9.7	11.6	12.2	12.2
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change Other nondurable goods		0.1 11.1	-0.1 11.6	-0.2 11.3	-0.4 10.1	0.3 11.4	-0.2 12.4	-0.2 12.5
Services		68.5	75.5	71.6	79.4	72.1	77.2	73.5
Less: Own-account investment		2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.9
Sales to other sectors		2.6	2.8	2.3	2.4	3.5	2.9	2.5
State and local consumption expenditures		950.5	956.8	956.4	957.8	956.6	956.0	956.7
Gross output of general government		1.208.0	1.222.7	1,217.2	1,220.2	1,221.3	1,223.2	1.226.1
Value added	. 49	783.9	788.8	787.9	789.0	788.0	788.2	789.9
Compensation of general government employees		692.1	694.1	694.9	695.3	693.6	693.1	694.2
Consumption of general government fixed capital	. 51	91.9	95.0	93.1	93.9	94.6	95.3	96.0
Intermediate goods and services purchased		424.2	434.3	429.5	431.4	433.6	435.4	436.6
Durable goods		21.2	21.5	21.3	21.4	21.4	21.5	21.5
Nondurable goods		137.0	140.8	138.6	139.5	140.3	141.2	142.0
Services	. 55	266.1	272.1	269.6	270.7	272.0	272.8	273.2
Less: Own-account investment		15.9	16.0	16.0	15.7	15.8	16.2	16.4
Sales to other sectors		241.5 46.1	249.8 47.2	244.8 46.4	246.6 46.7	248.8 47.0	250.8 47.3	252.9 47.7
Health and hospital charges		117.4	120.8	118.8	119.6	120.4	121.2	122.0
Other sales		78.1	82.0	79.7	80.5	81.6	82.4	83.4
Residual		-0.4	-1.2	-0.3	-0.7	-1.0	U	-1.1

<sup>1.</sup> Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

Nors: Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 3.11.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real National Defense Consumption **Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type** 

[Percent]

					Seasonally a	idjusted at an	nual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3	
	1 2 3 5 6 7 10 11 12 11 12 .			2002  IV  22.1  28.2  24.1  -0.3  -0.7  -0.4  -1.3  0.6  62.1  -20.9  -3.4  -3.7  -3.4	1	H	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	8.9	10.6	22.1	<b>-5.</b> 6	41.9	-1.3	4.2
Consumption expenditures 1	2	8.4	10.9	28.2	-4.8	41.9	-4.7	4.3
Gross output of general government	3	8.4 1.4	10.7 3.3		<b>-4.</b> 6 6.2	<b>42.5</b> 8.0	<b>-4.</b> 6	<b>4.0</b> -0.3
Compensation of general government employees	5	2.1 3.8	4.2 6.5	-0.7	8.2 15.0	10.6 19.1	0.9 -3.6	-1.0 -3.7
Civilian		-1.2	-0.3		-4.0	-5.3	11.3	4.6
Consumption of general government fixed capital <sup>2</sup>		-0.2	1.0		1.2	1.2	1.4	1.8
Intermediate goods and services purchased 3		18.8	20.2		-16.0	95.5	-10.4	8.8
Durable goods		4.3	8.8		-18.2	100.3	-0.6	3.7
Aircraft	111	0.5	6.9		-26.2	110.2	-33.1	47.4
Missiles	12	-3.7	9.4	5.6	-57.7	115.9	-7.8	189.7
Ships	13	5.9	-0.5	-60.2	36.4	29.0	2.6	-28.6
Vehicles	14	-1.6	4.5		10.7	3.3	-1.6	-22.4
Electronics		8.7	16.2		64.2	57.3	47.8	-36.5
Other durable goods	16	13.9	10.7		-23.5	154.4	51.5	-45.8
Nondurable goods		12.7	-4.5		30.7	8.0	-48.1	19.0
Petroleum products		10.8	-34.8		84.4	-60.9	<del>-9</del> 0.8	12.9
Ammunition		22.6	-0.7		-50.6	174.4	9.1	5.8
Other nondurable goods		9.3	25.2		50.6	64.9	-17.2	28.6
Services		22.4	24.3		-18.5	103.7	-8.7	9.0
Research and development	22	29.9	21.5		-57.4	261.8	-43.9	58.3
Installation support		9.0	5.4		-28.1	63.4	0.2	-11.8
Weapons support		24.5	30.2		-18.9	132.5	7.7	-15.6
Personnel support	25	30.4	33.4		-0.9	64.3	19.4	7.0
Transportation of material	26	15.5	74.5		1,029.0	-7.7	-5.2	-38.9
Travel of persons	27	6.6	22.3		53.4	3.0	77.7	11.1
Less: Own-account investment <sup>4</sup>	28	28.3	11.9		0.2	6.3	-18.9	306.6
Sales to other sectors		<del>-</del> 8.5	-29.2		104.3	680.6	17.0	-97.0
Gross Investment <sup>5</sup>	30	11.7	8.7		-11.2	42.1	26.4	3.8
Structures	31	-5.1	6.5		3.3	-8.8	67.0	6.7
Equipment and software	32	13.4	8.9		-12.4	47.6	23.5	3.5
Aircraft	33	14.3	2.0		-40.1	-4.2	-24.1	231.9
Missiles	34	-0.2	-1.2		-35.3	-0.6	44.6	80.4
Ships	35	19.6	9.4		-10.0	68.4	-1.4	-25.2
Vehicles	36	33.3	23.0		431.4	-24.7	-25.1	-10.6
Electronics and software	37	3.1	10.3		12.5	6.0	36.3	64.5
Other equipment	38	17.3	11.6	-24.4	-26.0	146.3	66.3	-49.4

National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.
 S. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	11	m	١٧
National defense consumption								
expenditures and gross								
investment	1	113.086	125.114	118.672	116.972	127.675	127.247	128.565
Consumption expenditures 1 Gross output of general	2	112.664	124.977	118.810	117.355	128.087	126.569	127.899
government	3	112.715	124.810	118.511	117.121	127.970	126.457	127.693
Value added	4	101.657	105.034	101.852	103.407	105.418	105.696	105.615
Compensation of general								
government employees	5	102.711	107.032	102.922	104.972	107.647	107.895	107.614
Military	6	105.559	112.470	105.844	109.596	114.481	113.432	112.372
Civilian	7	97.525	97.191	97.605	96.605	95.297	97.873	98.991
Consumption of general government fixed								
capital <sup>2</sup>	8	99.107	100.072	99.265	99.566	99.857	100.214	100.650
Intermediate goods and	\		,				i i	
services purchased3	9	130.598	157.020	145.547	139.332	164.759	160.295	163.695
Durable goods	10	105.743	115.042	105.731	100.561	119.628	119.441	120.537
Aircraft	11	99.084	105.880	101.694	94.260	113.493	102.660	113.108
Missiles	12	104.555	114.397	114.645	92.447	112.061	109.812	143.267
Ships	13	97.673	97.180	87.218	94.252	100.450	101.091	92.928
Vehicles	14	117.256	122.557	120.849	123.956	124.974	124.469	116.831
Electronics	15	113.412	131.817	104.505	118.306	132.487	146.082	130.392
Other durable goods	16	115.544	127.899	112.420	105.132	132.771	147.301	126.393
Nondurable goods	17	115.417	110.249	108.868	116.402	118.676	100.722	105.195
Petroleum products	18	126.032	82.147	105.415	122.835	97.118	53.495	55.138
Ammunition	19	144.610	143.655	138.879	116.409	149.819	153.106	155.287
Other nondurable goods	20	94.890	118.772	98.250	108.835	123.325	117.650	125.280
Services	21	138.001	171.553	158.546	150.644	179.963	175.894	179.710
Research and	22	440.045	101 007	400.000	440.000	004.000	470 000	400 454
development	22	149.845 117.306	181.987 123.677	183.390	148.200 113.521	204.388	176.909	198.451
Installation support Weapons support	23	150.385	195.745	123.275 175.579	166.638	128.343 205.778	128,400 209,626	124.445 200.938
Personnel support	25	150.890	201.324	178.602	178.196	205.778	210.877	214.489
Transportation of	23	130.030	201.324	170.002	170.190	201./34	210.077	214.409
material	26	121.575	212.156	121.749	223.170	218.729	215.850	190.874
Travel of persons	27	108.722	132.933	109.455	121.817	122.727	141.706	145.481
Less: Own-account investment	28	163.043	182.487	167.824	167.903	170.482	161.800	229.762
Sales to other sectors	29	91.911	65.071	42.436	50.733	84.799	88.187	36.563
Gross investment <sup>5</sup>	30		126.099					
	31	1 <b>16.016</b> 83.881	89.310	1 <b>17.620</b> 84.027	114.165 84.714	124.649 82.781	1 <b>32.174</b> 94.099	133.407
Structures Equipment and software	32	119.829	130,478	121.611	117.644	129.677	136.701	95.647 137.890
Aircraft	33	132.957	135.572	148.189	130.372	128.995	120.403	162.519
Missiles	34	127.372	125.787	128.584	115.328	115.169	126,286	146.366
Ships	35	130.974	143.246	135.856	132,320	150.737	150.225	139.702
Vehicles	36	136.566	167.918	121.517	184,494	171.848	159.883	155.446
Electronics and software	37	100.852	111.209	99.237	102.201	103.700	112.048	126.888
Other equipment	38	117.451	131.102	115.989	107.564	134.754	153.023	129.066

National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and soft-

				1	Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
National defense								
consumption								
expenditures and gross								
investment	1	104.666	107.418	104.941	106.968	107.300	107.654	107.749
Consumption expenditures 1	2	105.643	108.802	105.926	108.295	108.677	109.057	109.180
Gross output of general								
government	3	105.669	108.836	105.956	108.323	108.710	109.093	109,217
Value added	4	107.278	110.528	106.874	110.202	110.539	110.675	110.697
Compensation of general								
government employees	5	109.966	114,330	109.124	113.984	114.391	114.461	114.484
Military	6	109.978	114.171	108.533	114.014	114.193	114.228	114.250
Civilian	7	109.991	114.685	110.323	113.941	114.827	114.973	114.997
Consumption of general								
government fixed		400.070	404 507	404 040	404.050	404 400	404 700	404 745
capital <sup>2</sup>	8	100.978	101.537	101.619	101.258	101.423	101.723	101.745
Intermediate goods and	١ ,	400 400	400 500	404 500	405.040	400.050	400.004	407.400
services purchased3	9	103.420	106.523	104.560	105.819	106.258	106.894	107.122
Durable goods	10 11	100.516 100.822	101.101	100.657	100.954	101.068	101.150	101.230
Aircraft	12		102.500	101.000	101.969	102.301	102.865 101.934	102.865
Missiles	13	101.843 100.673	102.649 99.775	102.761 100.901	102.725 98.844	103.092 98.787	100.562	102.846 100.905
Ships Vehicles	14	100.673	110.143	110.198	111.601	110.278	100.562	110.905
Electronics	15	96.354	94.639	95.669	95.043	94.794	94.504	94.217
Other durable goods	16	100.403	100.429	100.257	100.396	100.523	100.547	100.249
Nondurable goods	17	91.622	98.955	96.179	103.261	97.761	97.449	97.350
Petroleum products	18	78.660	94.152	88.406	106.137	92.241	89.385	88.846
Ammunition	19	99.551	100.646	99.609	99.694	100.141	101.162	101.588
Other nondurable goods	20	101.616	102.077	102.668	102.685	101.654	102.080	101.890
Services	21	105.268	108.400	106.263	107.203	108.177	108.971	109.247
Research and	~'	100,200	100,400	100.200	107.200	100.177	100.571	103.247
development	22	103,472	105.625	104.272	104.923	105.434	105.818	106.324
Installation support	23	105.093	109.246	106.489	107.720	108.875	110.090	110.299
Weapons support	24	104.517	106.750	105.133	105.811	106.488	107.063	107.639
Personnel support	25	107.324	110.621	108.339	109.732	110.323	110.876	111.554
Transportation of								
material	26	108.587	115.869	111.316	111.410	115.756	119.110	117.201
Travel of persons	27	104.506	105.012	103.543	103.745	105.686	106.336	104.279
Less: Own-account investment*	28	107.631	111.028	108.022	109.862	110.889	111.608	111.752
Sales to other sectors	29	108.633	113.212	109.419	112.178	112.906	113.693	114.072
Gross investment5	30	98,279	98,310	98.512	98.249	98.237	98,417	98,336
Structures	31	106.402	109.393	107.140		109.045	109.536	
Equipment and software	32	97.494	97.292	97.688	97.306	97.241	97.397	97.225
Aircraft	33	90.872	90.372	92.153	90.514	89.957	91.010	90.006
Missiles	34	96.547	98.025	96.119	96.979	97.759	97.985	99.378
Ships	35	100.533	100.930		100.868	100.519	100.659	101.672
Vehicles	36	97.633	97.601	97.534	97.130	97.928	97.337	98.010
Electronics and software	37	96.194	94.367	95.559	94.800	94.613	94.520	93,536
Other equipment	38	100.890	101.207	100.796	101.165	101.289	101.288	101.086

National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and soft-

Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account

Includes general government intermediate in particular investment.
 (4. Own-account investment is measured in current follars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.
 5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.11.4. Price Indexes for National Defense Consumption **Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type** 

of production. Excludes government state of the ware).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

<sup>3.</sup> Includes general government in interneus and incurrent solutions by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.

5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.11.5. National Defense Consumption Expenditures and **Gross Investment by Type** 

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	11	Ш	IV
National defense consumption							·	
expenditures and gross								
investment	1	438.3	497.7	461.1	463.3	507.3	507.2	512.9
Consumption expenditures 1	2	382.7	437.2	404.6	408.6	447.5	443.7	448.9
Gross output of general								
government	3	386.6	440.9	407.5	411.8	451.5	447.7	452.6
Value added	4	217.2	231.2	216.8	227.0	232.1	233.0	232.9
Compensation of general	_	4== 4	4=0.0		4000		4=4.0	474.0
government employees	5	156.9	170.0	156.1	166.2	171.1	171.6	171.2
Military	6	103.8	114.8	102.7	111.7	116.9	115.9	114.8
Civilian	7	53.1	55.2	53.3	54.5	54.2	55.7	56.4
Consumption of general								
government fixed capital <sup>2</sup>	8	60.3	61.2	60.8	60.7	61.0	61.4	61.7
Intermediate goods and	۰	00.3	01.2	00.0	00.7	01.0	01.4	01.7
services purchased <sup>3</sup>	9	169.4	209.7	190.7	184.8	219.4	214.7	219.8
Durable goods	10	23.7	25.9	23.7	22.6	26.9	26.9	27.2
Aircraft	11	9.8	10.7	10.1	9.4	11.4	10.4	11.4
Missiles	12	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.3	2.8	2.7	3.6
Ships	13	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2
Vehicles	14	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0
Electronics	15	3.2	3.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.6
Other durable goods	16	5.8	6.4	5.6	5.2	6.6	7.4	6.3
Nondurable goods	17	11.0	11.4	10.9	12.5	12.1	10.2	10.7
Petroleum products	18	4.0	3.2	3.8	5.3	3.7	2.0	2.0
Ammunition	19	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.7	2.8	2.9
Other nondurable goods	20	4.4	5.5	4.6	5.1	5.7	5.5	5.8
Services	21	134.7	172.4	156.1	149.6	180.4	177.6	181.9
Research and		40.7		50.0	40.0		40.4	ec 4
development	22	40.7	50.5	50.2	40.8	56.6	49.1	55.4
Installation support	23	30.7	33.7	32.7	30.5	34.8	35.2	34.2 20.7
Weapons support	24 25	15.1 37.2	20.0 51.1	17.7 44.4	16.9 44.8	21.0 51.0	21.5 53.6	20.7 54.9
Personnel support Transportation of	دی	31.2	ij.l	77.4	44.0	51.0	55.0	54.9
material	26	5.7	10.6	5.8	10.7	10.9	11.1	9.6
Travel of persons	27	5.3	6.5	5.3	5.9	6.1	7.1	7.1
Less: Own-account investment	28	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.9
Sales to other sectors		1.9	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.9	2.0	0.8
Gross investment 5	30	55.7	60.5	56.6	54.7	59.8	63.5	64.0
Structures	31	4.4	4.9	4.5	4.6	4.5	5.1	5.3
Equipment and software	32	51.2	55.7	52.1	50.2	55.3	58.4	58.8
Aircraft	33	9.4	9.5	10.6	9.1	9.0	8.5	11.3
Missiles	34	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.9
Ships	35	8.7	9.5	9.0	8.8	10.0	10.0	9.3
Vehicles	36	2.4	3.0	2.2	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8
Electronics and software	37	9.8	10.6	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.7	12.0
Other equipment	38	17.6	19.7	17.4	16.2	20.3	23.1	19.4

#### Table 3.11.6. Real National Defense Consumption Expenditures and **Gross Investment by Type, Chained Dollars**

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	 9S
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				١V	_	ļi	101	IV
National defense consumption								
expenditures and gross						4		4== 4
investment	1	418.8	463.3	439.5	433.2	472.8	471.2	476.1
Consumption expenditures 1	2	362.2	401.8	382.0	377.3	411.8	406.9	411.2
Gross output of general		005.0	405.4	0047	000.4	445.4	440.4	414 5
government Value added	3 4	365.8 202.5	405.1 209.2	384.7 202.9	380.1 206.0	415.4 210.0	410.4 210.5	414.5 210.4
Compensation of general	4	202.5	209.2	202.9	200.0	210.0	210.5	210.4
government employees	5	142.7	148.7	143.0	145.9	149.6	149.9	149.5
Military	ě.	94.4	100.6	94.7	98.0	102.4	101.4	100.5
Civilian	7	48.3	48.1	48.3	47.8	47.2	48.5	49.0
Consumption of general								
government fixed								
capital <sup>2</sup>	8	59.7	60.3	59.8	60.0	60.1	60.4	60.6
Intermediate goods and	ا	400.0	1000	100 5	1747	000.0	001.0	005.0
services purchased 3	9 10	163.8 23.5	196.9 25.6	182.5 23.5	174.7 22.4	206.6 26.6	201.0 26.6	205.3 26.8
Durable goods Aircraft	11	9.7	10.4	10.0	9.3	11.2	10.1	11.1
Missiles	12	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.3	2.7	2.7	3.5
Ships	13	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2
Vehicles	14	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9
Electronics	15	3.3	3.9	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.3	3.8
Other durable goods	16	5.7	6.4	5.6	5.2	6.6	7.3	6.3
Nondurable goods	17	12.0	11.5	11.3	12.1	12.4	10.5	11.0
Petroleum products	18	5.1	3.3	4.3	5.0	3.9	2.2	2.2
Ammunition	19	2.6 4.3	2.6 5.4	2.5 4.5	2.1 5.0	2.7 5.6	2.8 5.4	2.8 5.7
Other nondurable goods Services	21	128.0	159.1	147.0	139.7	166.9	163.1	166.6
Research and	21	120.0	133.1	147.0	100.7	100.5	100.1	100.0
development	22	39.4	47.8	48.2	38.9	53.7	46.5	52.1
Installation support	23	29.2	30.8	30.7	28.3	32.0	32.0	31.0
Weapons support	24	14.4	18.8	16.8	16.0	19.7	20.1	19.3
Personnel support	25	34.6	46.2	41.0	40.9	46.3	48.4	49.2
Transportation of								
material	26	5.2	9.1	5.2	9.6	9.4	9.3	8.2
Travel of persons Less: Own-account investment <sup>4</sup>	27 28	5.1 1.8	6.2 2.1	5.1 1.9	5.7 1.9	5.8 1.9	6.6 1.8	6.8 2.6
Sales to other sectors	29	1.8	1.3	0.8	1.0	1.7	1.0	0.7
Gross investment <sup>5</sup>	30	56.6	61.6	57.4	55.7	60.8	64.5	65.1
Structures	31	4.2	4.4	4.2	55.1 4.2	4.1	4.7	4.8
Equipment and software	32	52.5	57.2	53.3	51.6	56.9	59.9	60.5
Aircraft	33	10.3	10.5	11.5	10.1	10.0	9.3	12.6
Missiles	34	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.4	3.9
Ships	35	8.6	9.4	8.9	8.7	9.9	9.9	9.2
Vehicles	36	2.5	3.1	2.2	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.8
Electronics and software	37	10.2	11.2	10.0	10.3	10.5	11.3	12.8
Other equipment	38	17.5	19.5	17.3	16.0	20.0 0.2	22.8	19.2
Residual	39	-0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	<b>−0.1</b>

<sup>1.</sup> National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and soft-

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2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account intermediate.

Investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.

5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

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Nors. Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

## 4. Foreign Transactions \_\_\_\_\_

Table 4.1. Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts [Billions of dollars]

					707.6 707.7 722.1 70 484.5 485.9 497.1 52				
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	3		
				IV	ı	H	III	IV	
Current receipts from the rest of the world	1	1,306.0		1,322.0	1,317.8	1,319.7	1,360.6		
Exports of goods and services	2 3 4 5 6	1,006.8 697.8 489.8 208.0 309.1	1,049.0 725.4 499.2 226.3 323.6	1,017.2 698.3 484.8 213.5 318.8	707.6 484.5	707.7 485.9	1, <b>048.5</b> 722.1 497.1	1,106.3 764.4 529.2 235.2 341.9	
Income receipts Wage and salary receipts Income receipts on assets Interest Dividends Reinvested earnings on U.S. direct investment abroad	8 9 10	299.1 3.2 296.0 93.5 81.5 121.0		304.8 3.1 301.7 87.7 74.5 139.5	296.8 3.2 293.6 78.2 79.1 136.2	299.5 3.3 296.3 75.5 83.8 137.0	312.1 3.3 308.8 72.7 82.7 153.5		
Current payments to the rest of the world		1,770.1	 	1,822.5	1,847.1	1,859.9	1,879.0		
Imports of goods and services Goods 1  Durable Nondurable Services 1	15 16 17	1,433.1 1,190.3 770.4 419.9 242.7	1,543.9 1,283.2 799.0 484.2 260.6	1,493.3 1,240.8 788.0 452.8 252.5	1,508.5 1,254.2 770.9 483.3 254.3	1,525.7 1,272.4 789.7 482.7 253.3	1,539.0 1,275.6 788.9 486.7 263.5	1,602.2 1,330.7 846.5 484.2 271.5	
Income payments.  Wage and salary payments. Income payments on assets. Interest. Dividends. Reinvested earnings on foreign direct investment in the United States.	19 20 21 22 23	277.6 8.4 269.2 220.2 42.1 6.9		266.9 8.5 258.4 211.4 37.0 10.0	269.0 8.7 260.2 193.6 34.5 32.1	266.2 8.5 257.7 185.4 44.7 27.7	274.3 8.6 266.1 187.7 31.1 47.3		
Current taxes and transfer payments to the rest of the world (net) From persons (net) From government (net) From business (net)	25 26 27	<b>59.3</b> 35.4 14.3 9.6	66.9 36.0 19.3 11.5	6 <b>2.2</b> 40.2 15.1 6.9	69.6 40.1 21.1 8.5	68.1 37.5 20.2 10.4	65.7 33.9 19.1 12.7	<b>64.2</b> 32.7 16.9 14.6	
Balance on current account, NIPAs		-464.1		-500.5	-529.3	-540.2	-518.4		
Addenda:  Net lending or net borrowing (-), NIPAs	30 31	-465.4 -464.1 1.3		-501.9 -500.5 1.4	-530.9 -529.3 1.6	-541.5 -540.2 1.3	-521.6 -518.4 3.2		

<sup>1.</sup> Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

2. Consists of capital transfers and the acquisition and disposal of nonproduced nonfinancial assets.

Table 4.2.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Exports and in Real Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

[Percent]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03	
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	-2.4	2.1	-3.7	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0
Exports of goods1	2	-4.0	1.9	-9.1	1.9	-1.7	8.6	21.2
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	-2.0	-0.2	-3.1	14.5	-12.1	7.6	8.5
Industrial supplies and materials	4	0.4	2.6	2.4	7.5	-3.6	1.1	10.7
Durable goods	5	-2.1	2.3	-1.7	10.1	1.5	-8.4	11.6
Nondurable goods	6	1.8	2.8	4.8	6.1	-6.3	6.7	10.2
Capital goods, except automotive	7	-8.7	2.2	-15.6	-2.5	-1.1	19.7	36.4
Civilian aircraft, engines, and	'	0.7	2.2	15.0	2.5	"."	13.7	00.4
parts	8	-6.6	-9.6	-45.5	-21.3	-17.6	34.2	39.8
Computers, peripherals, and	9	-13.6	5.9	14.6	-7.4	-11.2	48.7	25.8
parts Other	10	-13.6 -8.1	4.5	-11.0	3.6	5.1	11.8	37.7
Automotive vehicles, engines,								
and parts	11	4.1	0.7	-14.5	5.9	-0.4	-6.2	18.5
Consumer goods, except automotive	12	-4.0	6.0	-0.9	5.4	7.4	12.2	14.1
Durable goods	13	-5.0	4.4	-6.4	-8.5	15.5	18.2	32.0
Nondurable goods	14	-2.9	7.8	5.5	21.6	-0.2	6.3	-2.7
Other	15	-1.0	6.2	-14.8 9.4	-16.4 -1 <b>0</b> .1	-4.9	-8.0	0.9 <b>20.7</b>
Transfers under U.S. military	16	1.4	2.4	9.4	-10.1	0.2	12.7	20.7
agency sales contracts	17	-3.2	5.9	-44.1	-18.9	28.7	51.7	14.6
Travel	18	-6.3	-1.1	48.0	-36.1	-25.0	53.0	52.2
Passenger fares Other transportation	19 20	-7.4 2.4	-12.9 3.4	14.6 16.5	-51.9 -9.3	-8.1 20.8	44.2 -13.7	39.6 27.9
Royalties and license fees	21	6.2	4.9	-9.5	14.0	0.1	5.4	5.9
Other private services	22	6.1	5.1	4.8	5.9	8.4	1.5	10.9
Other	23	1.1	1.6	1.4	2.9	2.4	0.8	0.6
Imports of goods and services	24	3.3	4.0	8.2	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4
Imports of goods 1	25	3.7	4.8	7.4	-6.6	13.7	-1.5	18.1
Foods, feeds, and beverages	26	5.3	7.8	4.5	12.5	5.2	4.0	18.0
Industrial supplies and								
materials, except petroleum and products	27	2.9	3.0	9.3	-7.4	0.5	10.0	0.2
Durable goods	28	5.2	0.6	15.9	-10.5	-12.7	3.1	24.3
Nondurable goods	29	0.7	5.0	3.0	-4.4	13.6	16.4	-17.9
Petroleum and products Capital goods, except	30	-2.8	7.4	18.9	-12.6	55.5	-3.0	-16.1
automotive	31	-1.7	6.0	4.8	-2.0	12.6	5.0	27.3
Civilian aircraft, engines, and								
parts	32	-19.8	-5.5	118.1	-37.7	0.3	-17.0	73.6
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	10.3	9.1	0.9	-0.4	18.9	15.8	36.4
Other	34	-3.1	6.3	-3.3	3.4	11.9	4.0	19.2
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	7.0	2.6	-0.3	-8.6	13.8	-14.0	35.0
Consumer goods, except	ا ا	1.0			5.5			
automotive	36	9.4	8.4	11.6	6.4	1.0	-0.2	27.9
Durable goods Nondurable goods	37 38	11.4 7.3	7.0 10.0	7.5 16.2	-2.2 16.0	4.8 -2.8	6.1 -6.4	43.2 13.1
Other	39	4.7	-8.6	4.5	-51.3	57.5	-19.3	13.8
Imports of services 1	40	1.4	0.0	12.2	-7.5	-10.9	13.4	8.6
Direct defense expenditures	41	23.6	2.9 -11.5	9.3	4.0	13.3	-10.7	-9.5
Travel Passenger fares	42	-8.2 -15.7	3.8	18.5 74.9	-33.2 -31.6	-41.5 -10.5	60.9 56.8	11.2 35.0
Other transportation	44	2.9	2.9	12.6	10.6	-8.7	-14.8	4.1
Royalties and license fees	45	13.9	0.0	-32.1	5.8	11.8	13.3	4.1
Other private services Other	46	7.0 -2.4	5.9 -3.4	10.3	7.1 3.8	1.9 -6.4	5.1 0.7	10.7 -3.8
Addenda:								
Exports of durable goods	48	-5.5	1.8	-13.1	-0.9	0.5	10.1	28.4
Exports of nondurable goods Exports of agricultural goods 2	49 50	-0.3 -2.5	2.2 -0.1	0.9 -1.2	8.5	-6.4 -3.9	5.5 14.7	6.4 -5.2
Exports of agricultural goods Exports of nonagricultural	30	-2.5	7.1		11.5	-3.8	14.7	-3.2
goods	51	-4.1	2.0	-9.7	1.1	-1.5	8.1	23.9
Imports of durable goods	52	4.1	3.9	5.1	-8.1	10.1	~1.6	31.5
Imports of nondurable goods Imports of nonpetroleum goods	53 54	2.9 4.4	6.4 4.5	11.8 6.3	-4.1 -5.9	19.6 9.5	-1.4 -1.4	-1.4 22.8
				5.0	5.5	0.0		

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 C. Includes parts of foods, leeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Table 4.2.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Exports and in Real Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	13	
			•	IV	1	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Exports of goods and services	1	-2.4	2.1	-3.7	-2.0	-1.1	9.9	21.0
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	3	<b>-2.81</b> -0.10	1.29 0.00	<b>-6.52</b> -0.15	1.31 0.68	<b>-1.18</b> -0.65	<b>6.01</b> 0.39	1 <b>4.58</b> 0.47
materials	4	0.05	0.40	0.36	1.15	-0.59	0.18	1.77
Durable goods Nondurable goods	5 6	-0.11 0.17	0.13 0.27	-0.09 0.46	0.54 0.61	0.09 -0.68	-0.51 0.68	0.68 1.09
Capital goods, except automotive	7	-2.69	0.59	-4.80	-0.70	-0.31	5.19	9.66
Civilian aircraft, engines, and							ì	
parts Computers, peripherals, and	8	-0.34	-0.47	-3.03	-1.10	-0.85	1.35	1.72
parts	9 10	-0.61 -1.74	0.17 0.89	0.51 -2.29	-0.29 0.68	-0.44 0.97	1.56 2.28	0.98 6.96
Automotive vehicles, engines,								
and parts Consumer goods, except	11	0.30	0.07	-1.21	0.45	-0.03	-0.48	1.40
automotive	12 13	-0.34 -0.23	0.49 0.19	0.07 0.29	0.44 -0.37	0.61 0.62	1.04	1.25 1.36
Durable goods Nondurable goods	14	-0.12	0.30	0.22	0.81	-0.01	0.77 0.27	-0.11
Other	15 16	-0.04 <b>0.42</b>	-0.26 <b>0.76</b>	-0.65 <b>2.77</b>	-0.71 -3.29	-0.19 <b>0.07</b>	-0.31 <b>3.86</b>	0.04 <b>6.42</b>
Exports of services 1 Transfers under U.S. military	10							0.42
agency sales contracts Travel	17 18	-0.04 -0.44	0.07 -0.05	-0.69 2.62	-0.23 -2.98	0.28 -1.74	0.51 2.72	0.18 3.08
Passenger fares	19	-0.13	-0.22	0.23	-1.14	-0.12	0.60	0.62
Other transportation	20 21	0.07 0.25	0.10 0.21	0.45 -0.44	-0.30 0.59	0.58	-0.44 0.25	0.81 0.28
Other private services	22	0.70	0.61	0.58	0.72	1.04	0.20	1.44
Other  Percent change at annual rate:	23	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.01	0.01
Imports of goods and		1					ĺ	
services	24	3.3	4.0	8.2	-6.8	9.1	0.8	16.4
Percentage points at annual rates:	1							
Imports of goods 1	25 26	<b>3.09</b> 0.18	<b>3.94</b> 0.28	<b>6.21</b> 0.16	<b>-5.49</b> 0.42	11.04 0.19	- <b>1.28</b> 0.14	1 <b>4.92</b> 0.64
materials, except petroleum and products	27	0.33	0.31	1.02	-0.85	0.09	1.10	0.07
Durable goods Nondurable goods	28 29	0.29 0.04	0.02	0.86 0.16	-0.60 -0.26	-0.72 0.81	0.16 0.94	1.23 -1.16
Petroleum and products	30	-0.21	0.56	1.39	-1.11	3.99	-0.27	-1.49
Capital goods, except automotive	31	-0.35	1.09	0.94	-0.38	2.33	0.94	4.99
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	32	-0.45	-0.11	1.31	-0.77	0.00	-0.28	0.93
Computers, peripherals, and	33	0.52	0.41	0.05	-0.02	0.88	0.73	1.67
Other	34	-0.42	0.79	-0.42	0.41	1.45	0.73	2.39
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	0.96	0.41	-0.05	-1.21	1.83	-2.04	4.34
Consumer goods, except	36	1.90	1.77	2.47	1.35	0.21	-0.04	5.67
automotive Durable goods	37	1.19	0.74	0.84	-0.24	0.52	0.65	4.31
Nondurable goods Other	38	0.72 0.27	1.02 -0.47	1.63 0.27	1.59 -3.71	-0.31 2.39	-0.69 -1.12	1.36 0.70
Imports of services 1	40	0.23	0.04	2.00	-1.28	-1.91	2.13	1.52
Direct defense expenditures Travel	41 42	0.26 -0.36	0.04 -0.46	0.12 0.69	0.06 -1.54	0.20 -1.91	-0.17 1.71	-0.14 0.44
Passenger fares	43	-0.26	0.06	0.80	-0.51	-0.14	0.61	0.46
Other transportation Royalties and license fees	44 45	0.08 0.17	0.07 0.00	0.33 -0.50	0.29 0.07	-0.27 0.14	-0.47 0.16	0.12 0.06
Other private services	46	0.37	0.33	0.55	0.38	0.11	0.28	0.61
Other	47	-0.01	-0.02	0.00	-0.02	-0.04	0.00	-0.02

<sup>1.</sup> Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

Table 4.2.3. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of **Product, Quantity Indexes** 

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

	1		l		Seas	onally adju	usted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	11	HI	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	92.512	94.409	92.818	92.353	92.097	94.290	98.893
Exports of goods 1	2	90.163	91.853	89.651	90.076	89.693	91.572	96.072
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	100.813	100.618	98.225	101.612	98.394	100.205	102.259
Industrial supplies and	ľ	.00.010	100.010	50.220	701.012	00.00 1	100.200	102.20
materials	4	96.460	98.969	97.101	98.875	97.982	98.244	100.773
Durable goods	5	89.461	91.486	89.417	91.596	91,940	89.953	92.456
Nondurable goods	6	100.864	103.694	101.948	103.468	101.808	103.476	106.02
Capital goods, except	١,	00.040	04.405	04.004	00 750	00.500	04.047	04.00
automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and	7	82.346	84.125	81.264	80.752	80.523	84.217	91.00
parts	8	96.861	87.554	90.851	85.564	81.511	87.735	95.40
Computers, peripherals, and	"	30.001	07.554	30.031	00.504	01.011	67.755	33.40
parts	9	76.562	81.080	79.127	77.623	75.355	83.216	88.12
Other	10	80.700	84.302	79.935	80.639	81.648	83.962	90.96
Automotive vehicles, engines,	l							
and parts	11	97.411	98.140	96.537	97.942	97.842	96.299	100.47
Consumer goods, except	12	05 200	100.010	00.000	07.000	00.040	101 041	40E 2E
automotive Durable goods	13	95.209 94.194	100.910 98.300	96.036 94.002	97.299 91.949	99.042 95.317	101.941	105.35 106.54
Nondurable goods	14	96.334	103.801	98.292	103.224	103.167	104.766	104.04
Other	15	95.129	89.184	95.074	90.909	89.777	87.922	88.12
Exports of services 1	16	98.348	100.751	100.660	98.010	98,068	101.033	105.89
Transfers under U.S. military		30.040	100.101	100.000	30.010	30,000	101.000	100.00
agency sales contracts	17	90.568	95.920	90.447	<b>8</b> 5.827	91,412	101.457	104.98
Travel	18	81.359	80.432	87.425	78.177	72,757	80.917	89.87
Passenger fares	19	79.460	69.191	78.802	65.611	64.238	70.392	76.52
Other transportation	20	98.823	102.177	101.331	98.879	103.661	99.918	106.25
Royalties and license fees	21	98.987	103.869	99.468	102.785	102.817	104.187	105.68
Other private services	22	114.593 103.615	120.401 105.306	115.908 103.936	117.583 104.693	119.984	120.439	123.59 105.68
Other	23	103.013	105.506	103.930	104.093	105.324	105.529	105.00
Imports of goods and	24	100 000	104 617	102 610	101.810	104 050	404 077	100 00
services		100.609	104.617	103.610		104.059	104.277	108.32
Imports of goods 1	25	100.400	105.226	103.586	101.829	105.144	104.739	109.19
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	26	110.150	118.731	112.429	115.791	117.274	118.428	123.43
materials, except petroleum								
and products	27	99.102	102.030	102.638	100.689	100.827	103.270	103.33
Durable goods	28	98.696	99.276	102.846	100.045	96.710	97.452	102.89
Nondurable goods	29	99.512	104.492	102.459	101.320	104.594	108.636	103.41
Petroleum and products	30	100.595	108.069	104.309	100.868	112.633	111.781	106.99
Capital goods, except	24	07 117	00 207	00.700	00.010	00.070	00.104	07.00
automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and	31	87.117	92.307	88.768	88.310	90.978	92.104	97.83
parts	32	91.865	86,791	96,437	85.668	85,734	81.828	93.93
Computers, peripherals, and	"-	0000	00.707	00.10	00.000	00,701	01.020	00.00
parts	33	100.666	109.837	102.304	102.212	106.740	110.731	119.66
Other	34	81.911	87.081	83.191	83.885	86.272	87.126	91.04
Automotive vehicles, engines,								
and parts	35	103.782	106.519	106.300	103.929	107.339	103.378	111.43
Consumer goods, except	20	111 040	100.000	110 750	110 566	110 047	110 700	100.01
automotive Durable goods	36	111.249 110.513	120.629 11 <b>8</b> .236	116.750 114.260	118.566 113.626	118.847 114.969	118.786 116.690	126.31 127.65
Nondurable goods	38	112.098	123.325	119.538	124.044	123.163	121.154	124.93
Other	39	106.584	97.404	109.006	91.065	102.013	96.677	99.85
Imports of services 1	40	101.787	101.774	103.842	101.828	98.938	102.100	104.23
Direct defense expenditures	41	138.861	142.946	141.124	142.502	147.008	142.891	139.38
Travel	42	87.414	77.403	88.458	79.974	69.954	78.782	80.90
Passenger fares	43	71.767	74.524	77.403	70.393	68.473	76.626	82.60
Other transportation	44	97.525	100.312	101.234	103.822	101.477	97.484	98.46
Royalties and license fees	45	113,433	113.425	107.511	109.036		115.685	116.85
Other private services Other	46 47	120.550 99.890	127.658 96.473	123.480 98.782	125.606 97.821	126.193 96.226	127.769 96.387	131.0 <del>0</del> 95.46
Addenda:	7′	55.550	55.775	00.702	3,.021	00.220	30.007	JJ.40
Addenda: Exports of durable goods	48	86.738	88.272	85.918	85.718	85.835	87.930	93.60
Exports of uniquie goods  Exports of nondurable goods	49	99.337	101.488	99.620	101.674	100.006	101.345	102.92
Exports of agricultural goods 2	50	100.641	100.519	97.202	99.874	98.883	102.342	100.97
Exports of nonagricultural								
goods	51	89.398	91.225	89.100	89.349	89.014	90.767	95.77
Imports of durable goods	52	97.646	101.472	100.200	98.103	100.502	100.091	107.19
Imports of nondurable goods	53	105.815	112.569	110.265	109.127	114.118	113.723	113.30
Imports of nonpetroleum goods	54	100.340	104.881	103.493	101.927	104.276	103.920	109.40

Table 4.2.4. Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by **Type of Product** 

					Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and		00.070	404.040	00.004	400.040	404.044	404 404	400.040
services	1	99.273	101.342	99.964	100.842	101.044	101.434	102.049
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	98.668 102.806	100.680 112.261	<b>99.311</b> 106.681	1 <b>00.159</b> 107.186	100.589 110.039	100.529 111.676	101.443 120.142
Industrial supplies and	٦	102.000	112.201	100.001	107.100	110.039	111.070	120.142
materials	4	95.529	102.110	97.570	100.994	101.936	101.779	103.731
Durable goods	5	98.428	102.762	99.278	101.024	102.240	103.047	104.735
Nondurable goods	6	93.863	101.668	96.560	100.894	101.684	101.001	103.092
Capital goods, except automotive	7	98.816	97.763	98.354	98.171	98.084	97.642	97.154
Civilian aircraft, engines, and	'	30.010	37.700	30.334	30.171	30.004	37.04L	37.134
parts	8	108.378	112.505	109.616	110.862	111.643	113.260	114.257
Computers, peripherals, and								
parts	9	90.663	88.522	88.285	88.904	88.892	88.144	88.149
Other Automotive vehicles, engines,	10	98.529	96.609	98.074	97.422	97.150	96.375	95.487
and parts	11	100.853	101.593	101.233	101,416	101.483	101.685	101.789
Consumer goods, except								
automotive	12	99.134	99.723	99.292	99.441	99.571	99.732	100.150
Durable goods	13	99.831	100.265	99.871	99.907	100.205	100.285	100.666
Nondurable goods Other	15	98.375 99.514	99.130 102.201	98.660 100.456	98.922 101.461	98.886 101.972	99.129 102.103	99.586 103.269
Exports of services 1	16	100.740		101.543	102.491		103.587	103.521
Transfers under U.S. military	10	100.740	102.941	101.543	102,491	102.166	103,307	103.521
agency sales contracts	17	97.141	98.774	98.027	98,105	98.218	99.558	99.215
Travel	18	99.265	100.775	99.975	99.904	99.425	101.554	102.217
Passenger fares	19	103.699	115.909	104.405	110.099	113.416	120.069	120.051
Other transportation	20	99.028	104.677	101.744	106.370	102.403	105.381	104.552
Royalties and license fees Other private services	21	103.145 99.987	105.066 101.515	103.781 100.190	104.690 100.867	104.774 101.240	105.270 102.123	105.528 101.831
Other	23	110.248	105.971	113.357	109.738	106.404	104.244	103.496
Imports of goods and		110.240	100.071	110.007	100.700	100.404	104.244	100.400
services	24	96.519	100,030	97.694	100.435	99.381	100.042	100.261
Imports of goods 1	25	95.345	98.113	96.364	99.086	97.353	97.972	98.042
Foods, feeds, and beverages	26	98.107	102.283	100.568	102.080	102.010	102.210	102.832
Industrial supplies and								
materials, except petroleum								
and products	27	92.485	100.192	94.376	100.913	99.524	99.681	100.652
Durable goods Nondurable goods	28	92.681 92.297	94.948 105.849	92.924 95.886	92.923	92.903 106.486	95.896 103.936	98.067 103.723
Petroleum and products	30	85.601	102.908	93.762	112.132	96.417	102.073	101.012
Capital goods, except	1							1
automotive	31	93.717	92.302	92.724	92.534	92.405	92.351	91.920
Civilian aircraft, engines, and	20	105.000	105 017	100 510	100.004	104.000	100 E0E	107 105
parts	32	105.069	105.617	103.516	103.964	104.862	106.505	107.135
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	83.168	77.694	81.045	79.706	78.399	77.062	75.608
Other	34	96.610	96.952	96.252	96.530	96.847	97.230	97.201
Automotive vehicles, engines,								
and parts	35	100.226	100.749	100.568	100.497	100.649	100.648	101.204
Consumer goods, except automotive	36	98.168	97.976	98.037	97.924	97.975	97.979	98.024
Durable goods	37	97.186	96.469	96.771	96.556	96.501	96.468	96.352
Nondurable goods	38	99.243	99.623	99.429	99.424	99.585	99.629	99.854
Other	39	98.689	100.862	99.204	100.397	100.681	100.957	101.414
Imports of services 1	40	102.665	110.248	104.681	107.525	110.212	111.108	112.148
Direct defense expenditures	41	102.864	121.252	109.320	118.294	121.253	120.155	125.308
Travel	42	102.622	114.536	105.003	109.518	115.005	114.430	119.190
Passenger fares Other transportation	43	114.628 95.363	116.994 107.672	114.742 98.017	116.064 101.173	118.351 106.456	118.980 111.140	114.579 111.918
Royalties and license fees	45	103.093	105.029	103.745	104.654	104.738	105.234	105.491
Other private services	46	103.288	105.575	104.471	105.339	105.569	106.060	105.333
Other	47	100.906	107.452	102.322	104.750	107.297	107.942	109.819
Addenda:	1		00 -					
Exports of durable goods	48	99.198	99.342	99.121	99.293	99.444	99.321	99.309
Exports of nondurable goods Exports of agricultural goods <sup>2</sup>	49 50	97.333 102.581	103.635 113.113	99.655 106.837	102.029 107.766	103.083 109.938	103.171 112.044	106.258 122.703
Exports of agricultural Exports of nonagricultural	30	102.301	110.113	100.03/	107.700	105.500	112.044	122.703
goods	51	98.360	99.692	98.714	99.555	99.844	99.610	99.757
Imports of durable goods	52	96.141	95.933	95.821	95.744	95.734	96.031	96.224
Imports of nondurable goods	53	93.857	101.921	97.267	104.905	100.195	101.364	101.219
Imports of nonpetroleum goods	54	96.427	97.602	96.624	97.674	97.488	97.526	97.721

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1996, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 Includes parts of loods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Table 4.2.5. Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product [Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	 9S
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ı	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	1,006.8	1,049.0	1,017.2	1,021.0	1,020.2	1,048.5	1,106.3
Exports of goods 1	2	697.8	725.4	698.3	707.6	707.7	722.1	764.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	49.6	54.1	50.2	52.2	51.9	53.6	58.9
Industrial supplies and								
materials	4	153.5	168.4	157.8	166.4	166.4	166.6	174.2
Durable goods Nondurable goods	5 6	56.0 97.5	59.8 108.6	56.5 101.4	58.9 107.5	59.8 106.6	59.0 107.6	61.6 112.6
Capital goods, except	i	ſ					ĺ	
automotive	7	290.5	293.6	285.4	283.0	282.0	293.6	315.7
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	8	50.5	47.4	47.9	45.6	43.8	47.8	52.4
Computers, peripherals, and	1	55.5	777					
parts	9	38.6	39.9	38.8	38.4	37.2	40.8	43.2
Other Automotive vehicles, engines,	10	201.5	206.3	198.6	199.1	201.0	205.0	220.1
and parts	11	78.9	80.1	78.5	79.8	79.8	78.7	82.2
Consumer goods, except	ا ا							
automotive Durable goods	12	84.4 43.9	89.9 46.0	85.2 43.8	86.5 42.9	88.1 44.6	90.9 46.6	94.3 50.1
Nondurable goods	14	40.4	43.9	41.4	43.6	43.5	44.3	44.2
Other	15	40.8	39.3	41.2	39.8	39.5	38.7	39.2
Exports of services 1	16	309.1	323.6	318.8	313.3	312.5	326.4	341.9
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	17	11.3	12.2	11.4	10.8	11.5	13.0	13.4
Travel	18	66.5	66.8	72.0	64.4	59.6	67.7	75.7
Passenger fares	19	17.0	16.6	17.0	14.9	15.1	17.5	19.0
Other transportation	20	29.2	31.9	30.7 44.6	31.3	31.6	31.4 47.4	33.1 48.2
Royalties and license fees Other private services	21 22	44.1 125.3	47.2 133.6	126.9	46.5 129.6	46.6 132.8	134.4	137.6
Other	23	15.6	15.3	16.1	15.7	15.3	15.0	15.0
Imports of goods and								
services	24	1,433.1	1,543.9	1,493.3	1,508.5	1,525.7	1,539.0	1,602.2
Imports of goods 1	25 26	1,190.3	1,283.2	1,240.8	1,254.2	1,272.4	1,275.6 55.6	1,330.7 58.3
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	20	49.7	55.8	52.0	54.3	55.0	55.6	30.3
materials, except petroleum								
and products	27	158.4	176.6	167.3	175.5	173.3	177.8	179.7
Durable goods Nondurable goods	28 29	80.9 77.5	83.4 93.2	84.5 82.8	82.2 93.3	79.5 93.9	82.6 95.2	89.2 90.4
Petroleum and products	30	103.5	133.4	117.5	135.9	130.5	137.1	129.9
Capital goods, except	31	283.3	295.7	285.7	283.7	291.8	295.3	312.2
automotive Civilian aircraft, engines, and	31	203.3	293.1	200.7	200.7	231.0	290.0	312.2
parts	32	25.5	24.2	26.4	23.5	23.7	23.0	26.6
Computers, peripherals, and	33	75.2	76.5	74.5	72.2	75.2	76.6	81.3
other	34	182.7	195.0	184.9	73.2 187.0	192.9	195.6	204.4
Automotive vehicles, engines,								
and parts	35	203.7	210.2	209.4	204.6	211.6	203.8	220.9
Consumer goods, except automotive	36	308.0	333.3	322.8	327.5	328.4	328.2	349.2
Durable goods	37	160.6	170.6	165.4	164.1	165.9	168.4	184.0
Nondurable goods Other	38	147.4 83.7	162.7 78.2	157.4 86.1	163.4 72.8	162.5 81.7	159.9 77.7	165.3 80.6
Imports of services 1	40	242.7	260.6	252.5	254.3	253.3	263.5	271.5
Direct defense expenditures	41	19.2	23.3	20.8	22.7	24.0	23.1	23.5
Travel	42	58.0	57.4	60.1	56.7	52.1	58.3	62.4
Passenger fares Other transportation	43 44	20.0 38.5	21.2 44.7	21.6 41.1	19.8 43.5	19.7 44.7	22.1 44.9	23.0 45.6
Royalties and license fees	45	19.3	19.6	18.4	18.8	19.3	20.0	20.3
Other private services	46 47	79.7	86.3	82.6	84.7	85.3	86.7	88.4
Other	4/	8.0	8.2	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.3
Exports of durable goods	48	489.8	499.2	484.8	484.5	485.9	497.1	529.2
Exports of nondurable goods	49	208.0	226.3	213.5	223.1	221.7	224.9	235.2
Exports of agricultural goods 2	50	54.5	60.1	54.9	56.9	57.5	60.6	65.5
Exports of nonagricultural goods	51	643.3	665.3	643.4	650.7	650.2	661.4	698.9
Imports of durable goods	52	770.4	799.0	788.0	770.9	789.7	788.9	846.5
Imports of nondurable goods	53	419.9	484.2	452.8	483.3	482.7	486.7	484.2
Imports of nonpetroleum goods	54	1,086.8	1,149.9	1,123.3	1,118.3	1,141.9	1,138.4	1,200.9

Table 4.2.6. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of **Product, Chained Dollars** 

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	9S
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
				IV	1	II .	III	IV
Exports of goods and		1 014 2	1 025 0	1 017 5	1 010 4	1 000 6	1 022 7	1 004 1
Services Exports of goods 1	1 2	1,014.2 707.2	1,035.0 720.4	1,017.5 703.2	1,012.4 706.5	1,009.6 703.5	1,033.7 718.2	1,084.1 753.5
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	48.3	48.2	47.0	48.6	47.1	48.0	49.0
Industrial supplies and materials	4	160.7	164.9	161.8	164.7	163.3	163.7	167.9
Durable goods	5	56.9	58.2	56.9	58.3	58.5	57.2	58.8
Nondurable goods Capital goods, except	6	103.9	106.8	105.0	106.6	104.9	106.6	109.2
automotive	7	294.0	300.3	290.1	288.3	287.5	300.7	324.9
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	8	46.6	42.1	43.7	41.1	39.2	42.2	45.9
Computers, peripherals, and	9			ĺ		ľ		
parts <sup>2</sup> Other	10	204.5	213.6	202.5	204.3	206.9	212.7	230.5
Automotive vehicles, engines,	11	78.3	78.9	77.6	78.7	78.6	77.4	80.7
and parts Consumer goods, except	11							
automotive Durable goods	12 13	85.1 44.0	90.2 45.9	85.8 43.9	87.0 42.9	88.5 44.5	91.1 46.4	94.2 49.8
Nondurable goods	14	41.1	44.3	41.9	44.0	44.0	44.7	44.4
Other	15	41.0	38.5	41.0	39.2	38.7	37.9	38.0
Transfers under U.S. military	16	306.8	314.3	314.0	305.7	305.9	315.2	330.3
_ agency sales contracts	17	11.6	12.3	11.6	11.0	11.7	13.0	13.5
Passenger fares	18 19	67.0 16.4	66.3 14.3	72.0 16.3	64.4 13.6	60.0 13.3	66.7 14.6	74.1 15.8
Other transportation	20	29.5	30.5	30.2	29.5	30.9	29.8	31.7
Royalties and license fees Other private services	21 22	42.8 125.3	44.9 131.6	43.0 126.7	44.4 128.5	44.5 131.2	45.0 131.7	45.7 135.1
Other	23	14.2	14.4	14.2	14.3	14.4	14.4	14.4
Residual	24	0.3	-0.8	0.1	-0.1	-0.7	-0.8	-1.4
Imports of goods and services	25	1,484.7	1,543.9	1,529.0	1,502.5	1,535.7	1,538.9	1,598.6
Imports of goods1	26	1,248.4	1,308.5	1,288.1	1,266.2	1,307.4	1,302.4	1,357.8
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	27	50.6	54.6	51.7	53.2	53.9	54.5	56.8
materials, except petroleum								
and products Durable goods	28	171.2 87.3	176.3 87.8	177.4 91.0	174.0 88.5	174.21 85.5	178.5 86.2	178.6 91.0
Nondurable goods	30	83.9	88.2	86.4	85.5	88.2	91.6	87.2
Petroleum and products Capital goods, except	31	120.9	129.9	125.4	121.2	135.4	134.3	128.6
automotive	32	302.3	320.3	308.0	306.5	315.7	319.6	339.5
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	33	24.2	22.9	25.4	22.6	22.6	21.6	24.8
Computers, peripherals, and				20.7				
parts <sup>2</sup> Other	34	189.1	201.1	192.1	193.7	199.2	201.2	210.2
Automotive vehicles, engines,	00				000.6			
and parts Consumer goods, except	36	203.3	208.6	208.2	203.6	210.3	202.5	218.3
automotive	37 38	313.7 165.3	340.2 176.8	329.2 170.9	334.4 169.9	335.2 171.9	335.0 174.5	356.2 190.9
Nondurable goods	39	148.5	163.4	158.4	164.3	163.2	160.5	165.5
Other	40	84.8	77.5	86.8	72.5	81.2	77.0	79.5
Direct defense expenditures	41 42	<b>236.4</b> 18.7	<b>236.4</b> 19.3	<b>241.2</b> 19.0	<b>236.5</b> 19.2	<b>229.8</b> 19.8	<b>237.2</b> 19.3	<b>242.1</b> 18.8
Travel	43	56.6	50.1	57.2	51.7	45.3	51.0	52.3
Passenger fares Other transportation	44	17.4 40.4	18.1 41.6	18.8 41.9	17.1 43.0	16.6 42.0	18.6 40.4	20.1 40.8
Royalties and license fees	46	18.7	18.7	17.7	18.0	18.5	19.1	19.2
Other private services Other	47 48	77.2 7.9	81.7 7.6	79.0 7.8	80.4 7.7	80.8 7.6	81.8 7.6	83.9 7.6
Residual	49	-0.5	-2.6	-0.5	-1.3	-2.1	-2.2	-4.3
Addenda: Exports of durable goods	50	493.7	502.5	489.1	487.9	488.6	500.5	532.8
Exports of nondurable goods	51	213.7	218.3	214.3	218.7	215.1	218.0	221.4
Exports of agricultural goods3	52	53.1	53.1	51.3	52.7	52.2	54.0	53.3
Exports of nonagricultural	53	654.0	667.3	651.8	653.6	651.2	664.0	700.6
goods								
goods Imports of durable goods Imports of nondurable goods	54 55	801.4 447.4	832.8 475.9	822.3 466.2	805.1 461.4	824.8 482.5	821.4 480.8	879.7 479.1

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the Federal Government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 The quantity index for computers can be used to accurately measure the real growth of this component. However, because computers exhibit rapid changes in prices relative to other prices in the economy, the chained-dollar estimates should not be used to measure the component's relative importance or its contribution to the growth rate of more aggregate series; accurate estimates of these contributions are shown in table 4.2.1. and real growth rates are shown in table 4.2.1.
 Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

<sup>3.</sup> Includes parts of income, levels, and developes, or income income income. The continuous process of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-tollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. For exports and for imports, the residual line is the difference between the aggregate line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

## 5. Saving and Investment \_

Table 5.1. Saving and Investment [Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
		i		IV	i	u	111	IV
Gross saving	1	1,539.4		1,469.0	1,388.5	1,436.9	1,470.2	
Net saving	2	250.8		168.5	82.8	133.5	161.1	
Net private saving	3			465.3	443.9	572.9	647.4	
Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital	4	183.2	165.6	146.4	151.0	189.0	188.1	134.4
consumption adjustments.	5	310.8		318.9	292.9	383.8	459.3	
Undistributed profits Inventory valuation	6			179.1	174.7	153.5		
adjustment Capital consumption	7	-2.2		-10.8	-28.1	1.2	-1.8	
adjustment Wage accruals less	8	161.5	228.2	150.7	146.3	229.2	260.1	277.1
disbursements	9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net government saving	10			-296.8	-361.0	-439.3	-486.3	
Federal State and local	11	-240.0 -3.2		-296.3 -0.4	-320.4 -40.6	-424.7 -14.7		
Consumption of fixed capital Private	13	1,2 <b>88.6</b> 1,077.8	1, <b>307.8</b> 1.089.6	1,300.4	1,305.7	1,303.4 1,086.0	1,309.1 1.089.9	1,312.9
Domestic business	15	902.6	905.9	1,087.1 908.4	1,090.4 908.0	902.8	905.1	1,092.0
Households and institutions .	16	175.2	183.7	178.7	182.4	183.2	184.8	184.3
Government	17	210.8	218.2	213.3	215.3	217.4	219.2	221.0
Federal	18	89.1	90.9	89.8	90.0	90.5	91.3	91.8
State and local	19	121.7	127.3	123.5	125.3	126.9	127.9	129.2
Gross domestic								-
investment, capital						Ì		1
account transactions,	00	4 400 0		4 450 0	4 444 7	4 400 6	4	
and net lending, NIPAs Gross domestic investment	20	1,462.2 1,926.3	2,019.2	1, <b>453.3</b> 1,953.8	1, <b>411.7</b> 1,941.0	1,428.6 1,968.8	1,524.1 2,042.6	2,124.5
Gross private domestic	-	1,320.0	2,013.2	1,300.0	1,341.0	1,900.0	2,042.0	2,124.0
investment	22	1,589.2	1,671,4	1,614.7	1,605.3	1.624.3	1.689.1	1,767.0
Gross government investment	23	337.1	347.8	339.0	335.8	344.5	353.5	357.5
Capital account transactions								
(net)1	24	1.3		1.4	1.6	1.3	3.2	
Net lending or net borrowing (-),	0.5	405.4		504.0	500.0	544.5	504.0	
NIPAs	25			-501.9	-530.9	-541.5		
Statistical discrepancy	26	-77.2		-15.7	23.2	-8.3	54.0	
Addenda:		4 534 6		4 4	4 5040			1
Gross private saving	27			1,552.4	1,534.3	1,658.9	1,737.3	
Gross government saving Federal	28 29			-83.4 -206.5	-145.7 -230.4	-222.0 -334.1		
State and local	30			123.1	84.7	112.2	141.0	
Net domestic investment	31	637.7	711,4	653.3	635.3	665.4	733.5	811.6
Gross saving as a percentage						. 1		l
of gross national income Net saving as a percentage of	32			13.8	12.9	13.2	13.3	
gross national income	33	2.4	<b></b>	1.6	0.8	1,2	1.5	

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of capital transfers and the acquisition and disposal of nonproduced nonfinancial assets.

Table 5.3.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Private Fixed Investment by Type

[Percent]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
			Ţ	IV	ı	11	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	-3.7	4.4	2.1	1.1	6.1	15.8	9.3
Nonresidential	2	-7.2	2.9	-0.1	-0.6	7.0	12.8	9.6
Structures	3	-18.4	-5.0	-5.6	-4.0	3.9	-1.8	-7.1
Commercial and health care.	4	-16.4	-8.2	-4.8	-16.6	-2.4	2.2	-7.3
Manufacturing	5	-46.1	-20.7	-26.7	-16.6	8.8	-2.8	-15.9
Power and communication	6	-1.9	-5.0	2.6	12.2	-24.0	-16.0	-5.8
Mining exploration, shafts,	-							
and wells	7	-28.3	16.1	-15.8	30.1	89.1	8.9	0.1
Other structures 1	8	-17.1	-3.0	-3.2	-0.9	13.6	-1.4	-9.4
Equipment and software Information processing	9	-2.8	5.5	1.7	0.5	8.0	17.6	15.1
equipment and software	10	0.4	13.8	-1.5	17.3	16.8	27.1	17.1
Computers and peripheral	1							
equipment	11	13.8	32.6	12.0	29.2	48.6	53.4	30.6
Software <sup>2</sup>	12	-2.5	9.0	-3.4	11.6	9.9	15.2	15.7
Other3	13	-2.9	10.0	-5.9	17.4	9.7	26.8	11.7
Industrial equipment	14	-6.2	-3.5	-3.1	-7.4	-1.3	1.5	-0.9
Transportation equipment	15	-10.1	-9.1	18.1	-27.4	-7.6	-4.8	23.7
Other equipment4	16	-1.7	3.4	3.1	-10.5	4.3	25.2	17.2
Residential	17	4.9	7.5	6.8	4.5	4.5	21.9	8.6
Structures	18	4.9	7.5	6.8	4.5	4.2	22.0	8.6
Permanent site	19	4.1	8.2	6.2	8.2	-0.4	20.8	21.3
Single family	20	4.1	9.1	8.3	8.5	0.1	21.5	24.7
Multifamily	21	3.9	1.2	-9.1	5.7	-4.8	15.1	~5.5
Other structures 5	22	6.2	6.3	7.5	-1.0	11.8	23.8	-8.6
Equipment	23	2.8	10.0	6.8	6.5	21.3	19.3	12.3
Addenda:			1			1		
Private fixed investment in								
structures	24	-4.7	3.1	2.4	1.6	4.1	13.8	3.4
Private fixed investment in	-							
equipment and software	25	-2.8	5.6	1.7	0.6	8.1	17.6	15.0
Private fixed investment in new								
structures 6,	26	-5.4	2.3	1.6	2.6	0.7	9.4	7.1
Nonresidential structures	27	-17.6	-4.9	-5.6	-4.0	3.9	-1.8	-7.1
Residential structures	28	4.2	6.7	6.2	6.5	-1.0	16.2	15.3

<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. Excludes software 'embedded,' or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

3. Includes communication equipment, normedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.

6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Private Fixed Investment by Type

	İ .			Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
				IV	1	II .	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Private fixed investment	1	-3.7	4.4	2.1	1.1	6.1	15.8	9.3
Percentage points at annual rates:			ļ					
Nonresidential	2	-5.09	2.04	-0.08	-0.39	4.64	8.59	6.33
Structures	3	-3.64	~0.85	-0.94	-0.66	0.62	-0.27	-1.10
Commercial and health care	4	-1.35	-0.61	-0.35	-1.24	-0.16	0.15	-0.47
Manufacturing	5	-0.84	-0.22	-0.28	-0.15	0.07	-0.02	-0.13
Power and communication Mining exploration, shafts,	6	-0.06	-0.16	0.08	0.37	-0.85	-0.50	-0.16
and wells	7	0.65	0.25	-0.27	0.41	1.10	0.16	0.00
Other structures 1	8	-0.73	-0.11	-0.12	-0.03	0.46	-0.05	-0.33
Equipment and software	9	-1.45	2.89	0.86	0.26	4.02	8.85	7.43
Information processing								
equipment and software	10	0.10	3.67	-0.43	4.29	4.35	7.16	4.59
Computers and peripheral	امدا	0.07	4.04	0.04	4.00	0.00	0.00	1.67
equipment Software <sup>2</sup>	11 12	0.67 -0.27	1.61 0.97	0.61 -0.38	1.38 1.18	2.26 1.05	2.68 1.65	1.64
Other <sup>3</sup>	13	-0.27	1.09	-0.65	1.73	1.03	2.83	1.28
Industrial equipment	14	-0.55	-0.31	-0.28	-0.65	-0.11	0.13	-0.07
Transportation equipment	15	-0.87	-0.75	1.31	-2.48	-0.57	-0.34	1.59
Other equipment4	16	-0.13	0.28	0.25	-0.89	0.34	1.91	1.32
Residential	17	1.40	2.36	2.15	1.46	1.50	7.18	2.94
Structures	18	1.39	2.31	2.12	1.43	1.40	7.08	2.88
Permanent site	19	0.70	1.53	1.18	1.56	-0.08	4.04	4.05
Single family	20	0.63	1.50	1.38	1.45	0.02	3.73	4.16
Multifamily	21	0.07	0.03	-0.20	0.11	-0.10	0.31	-0.11
Other structures 5	22	0.69	0.78	0.94	-0.13	1.49	3.04	-1.17
Equipment	23	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.09	0.06
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in		2.21						
structures	24	-2.24	1.46	1.18	0.78	2.02	6.81	1.78
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	-1.44	2.94	0.89	0.29	4.11	8.95	7.49
Private fixed investment in new	20	-1.44	2.94	0.09	0.29	4.11	0.53	7.48
structures 6	26	-2.38	0.94	0.75	1.12	0.34	4.29	3.12
Nonresidential structures	27	-3.42	-0.85	-0.94	-0.66	0.62	-0.27	-1.09
Residential structures	28	1.04	1.79	1.69	1.78	-0.28	4.56	4.22

Table 5.3.3. Real Private Fixed Investment by Type, Quantity Indexes [Index numbers, 2000=100]

		l.			Seas	onally adju	isted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	Ι	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	93.258	97.357	93.718	93.968	95.378	98.932	101.149
Nonresidential	2	88.683	91.278	88.378	88.248	89.751	92.485	94.630
Structures	3	79.492	75.547	76.304	75.523	76.244	75.906	74.514
Commercial and health care.	4	78.414	71.997	75.818	72.464	72.032	72.430	71.064
Manufacturing	5	48.152	38.186	39.892	38.125	38.936	38.662	37.023
Power and communication Mining exploration, shafts,	6	101.099	96.056	100.672	103.600	96.746	92.625	91.253
and wells	7	84.947	98.644	80.863	86.362	101.267	103.455	103.491
Other structures 1	8	79.462	77.056	76.014	75.833	78.285	78.007	76.100
Equipment and software Information processing	9	92.144	97.246	92.927	93.047	94.851	98.779	102.309
equipment and software Computers and peripheral	10	98.211	111.777	100.115	104.182	108.297	114.996	119.632
equipment	11	116.477	154.434	124.706	132.950	146.791	163.361	174.634
Software <sup>2</sup>	12	95.068	103.602	96.336	99.021	101.393	105.045	108.949
Other3	13	93.181	102.472	93.191	96.996	99.259	105.335	108.297
Industrial equipment	14	85.452	82.419	84.117	82.516	82.247		82.360
Transportation equipment	15	79.729	72.460	79.073	73.002	71.581	70.701	74.556
Other equipment <sup>4</sup>	16	94.721	97.945	96.101	93.460	94.445	99.913	103.964
Residential	17	105.228	113.124	107.629	108.828	110.021	115.616	118.031
Structures	18	105.263	113.124	107.680	108.872	110.006	115.609	118.009
Permanent site	19	104.698	113.313	107.205	109.347	109.229	114.509	120.168
Single family	20	104.256	113.740	107.149	109.368	109.394	114.842	121.354
Multifamily	21	108.435	109.695	107.671	109.162	107.826	111.682	110.109
Other structures 5	22	106.126	112.827	108.405	108.134	111.196	117.296	114.683
Equipment	23	103.061	113.348	104.386	106.050	111.289	116.316	119.737
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in	1							
structures	24	94.525	97.500	94.613	94.990	95.952	99.107	99.949
Private fixed investment in								
equipment and software	25	92.233	97.377	93.020	93.153	94.984	98.922	102.450
Private fixed investment in new	00	00.000	05 007	00.400	00.704	00.050	00.007	07.756
structures 6 Nonresidential structures	26 27	93.263 79.540	95.397 75.605	93.192 76.362	93.784 75.579	93.952 76.303	96.097 75.965	97.756 74.571
Residential structures	28	104.439	111.464	106.888	108.582	108.308	112.440	116.526
nesidential structures	20	104.439	111.404	100.000	100.302	100.300	112.440	110.520

<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. Excludes software 'embedded,' or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.

6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software 'embedded,' or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, normedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of turniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.4. Price Indexes for Private Fixed Investment by Type

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

					Seas	onally adju	usted	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	HI	IV
Private fixed Investment	1	101.155	102.291	101.341	101.808	101.796	102.319	103.241
Nonresidential	2	98.859	98.664	98.658	98.579	98.293	98.678	99.106
Structures	3	106.974	109,165	107.274	108.268	108.559	109,288	110.547
Commercial and health care	4	106.613	108.969	107.163	108.256	108.503	108.894	110.221
Manufacturing	5	108.449	111.097	109.255	110.373	110.622	111.019	112.372
Power and communication	6	105.265	108.489	106.124	107.071	108.046	108.952	109.886
Mining exploration, shafts,	_							
and wells	7	111.934	110.208	108.705	109.203	108.379	110.830	112.418
Other structures 1	8	106.419	108.823	107.065	108.092	108.401	108.801	109.997
Equipment and software	9	96.121	95.270	<b>95.781</b>	95.404	94.961	95.251	95.464
Information processing equipment and software	10	91.736	88.744	00 553	00.510	90.077	00 604	07.704
Computers and peripheral	ייי	91./30	88.744	90.553	89.512	89.077	88.684	87.704
equipment	11	70.466	62.065	66.951	64.232	62.648	61.254	60.125
Software <sup>2</sup>	12	100.279	99,274	100.067	99.417	99.439	100.013	98.226
Other <sup>3</sup>	13	96.068	95.232	95.613	95.451	95.479	95.016	94.983
Industrial equipment	14	101.049	101.875	101.279	101.552	101.683	102.058	102.205
Transportation equipment	15	99.792	103.920	101.286	102.079	100.133	103.593	109.877
Other equipment4	16	102.272	103.295	102.653	102.996	103.344	103.488	103.351
Residential	17	107.105	111.257	108.184	109.881	110.485	111.321	113.343
Structures	18	107.231	111.496	108.331	110,074	110.712	111.565	113.634
Permanent site	19	107.550	112.083	108.707	110.780	111.212	111.932	114,408
Single family	20	107.706	112.199	108.820	110.895	111.327	112.047	114.526
Multifamily	21	106.260	111.018	107.674	109.727	110.155	110.868	113.320
Other structures 5	22	106.747	110.604	107.764	109.006	109.955	111.006	112.450
Equipment	23	99.571	96.848	99.291	98.224	96.764	96.593	95.811
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in								
structures	24	107.159	110.731	107.986	109.479	110.002	110.815	112.629
Private fixed investment in								
equipment and software Private fixed investment in new	25	96.150	95.282	95.811	95.427	94.975	95.260	95.464
structures 6	26	107.033	110.531	107.809	109.360	109.789	110.535	112.437
Nonresidential structures	27	107.033	10.531	107.809	109.360	109.789	109.316	112.437
Residential structures	28	107.011	111.247	108.065	109.289	110.437	111.189	113.430
1 tooloorinar Siluciul 65	20	107.011	111.247	100.000	103.501	110.437	111.109	110.400

Table 5.3.5. Private Fixed Investment by Type

[Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es .
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	03	
	ļi			IV	ı	ll	iii	IV
Private fixed investment	1	1,583.9	1,672.3	1,594.6	1,606.2	1,630.1	1,699.5	1,753.3
Nonresidential	2	1,080.2	1,109.7	1,074.3	1,071.8	1,086.9	1,124.4	1,155.5
Structures	3	266.3	258.3	256.3	256.1	259.2	259.8	258.0
Commercial and health care.	4	115.0	107.9	111.7	107.9	107.5	108.5	107.7
Manufacturing	5	16.6	13.5	13.9	13.4	13.7	13.6	13.2
Power and communication	6	49.8	48.8	50.0	51.9	48.9	47.2	46.9
Mining exploration, shafts,	i I				ļ		ļ	
and wells	7	25.8	29.5	23.9	25.6	29.8	31.1	31.6
Other structures 1	8	59.1	58.6	56.9	57.3	59.3	59.3	58.5
Equipment and software Information processing	9	813.9	851.4	817.9	815.8	827.7	<b>864</b> .6	897.5
equipment and software Computers and peripheral	10	421.3	463.8	424.1	436.2	451.2	477.0	490.8
equipment	11	83.3	97.2	84.9	86.8	93.5	101.8	106.8
Software <sup>2</sup>	12	167.9	181.2	169.8	173.4	177.6	185.1	188.5
Other3	13	170.1	185.4	169.3	175.9	180.1	190.2	195.5
Industrial equipment	14	137.5	133.7	135.6	133.4	133.2	134.1	134.0
Transportation equipment	15	128.0	121.1	128.8	119.8	115.3	117.8	131.7
Other equipment 4	16	127.1	132.7	129.4	126.3	128.1	135.7	141.0
Residential	17	503.7	562.6	520.3	534.4	543.2	575.1	597.8
Structures	18	496.1	554.5	512.7	526.7	535.3	566.9	589.4
Permanent site	19	298.5	336.8	308.9	321.0	321.9	339.7	364.4
Single family	20	265.9	302.3	276.1	287.2	288.4	304.7	329.1
Multifamily	21	32.6	34.4	32.8	33.8	33.6	35.0	35.3
Other structures 5	22	197.7	217.8	203.8	205.7	213.3	227.2	225.0
Equipment	23	7.6	8.1	7.6	7.7	7.9	8.3	8.4
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in								
structures	24	762.4	812.8	769.0	782.8	794.5	826.7	847.3
Private fixed investment in	1 1							
equipment and software	25	821.4	859.5	825.6	823.4	835.6	872.9	906.0
Private fixed investment in new	ا . ا							
structures 6	26	695.9	735.2	700.4	715.0	719.1	740.5	766.2
Nonresidential structures	27	265.6	257.7	255.7	255.5	258.6	259.2	257.4
Residential structures	28	430.3	477.5	444.7	459.5	460.5	481.3	508.8

<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. Excludes software 'embedded,' or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures of used structures.

6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

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<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.6. Real Private Fixed Investment by Type, Chained Dollars

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rat	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	11	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	1,565.8	1,634.6	1,573.5	1,577.7	1,601.4	1,661.0	1,698.3
Nonresidential	2	1,092.6	1,124.6	1,088.9	1,087.3	1,105.8	1,139.5	1,165.9
Structures	3	249.0	236.6	239.0	236.5	238.8	237.7	233.4
Commercial and health care	4	107.9	99.0	104.3	99.7	99.1	99.6	97.7
Manufacturing	5	15.3	12.1	12.7	12.1	12.4	12.3	11.8
Power and communication	6	47.3	45.0	47.1	48.5	45.3	43.4	42.7
Mining exploration, shafts,	] .							
and wells	7	23.1	26.8	22.0	23.5	27.5	28.1	28.1
Other structures 1	8	55.5	53. <b>8</b>	53.1	53.0	54.7	54.5	53.2
Equipment and software	9	846.7	893.6	853.9	855.0	871.6	907.7	940.1
Information processing								
equipment and software	10	459.3	522.7	468.2	487.2	506.4	537.7	559.4
Computers and peripheral								
equipment <sup>2</sup>	11							
Software <sup>3</sup>	12	167.5	182.5	169.7	174.4	178.6	185.0	191.9
Other <sup>4</sup>	13	177.1	194.7	177.1	184.3	188.6	200.2	205.8
Industrial equipment	14	136.1	131.2	133.9	131.4	131.0	131.4	131.1
Transportation equipment	15	128.2	116.5	127.2	117.4	115.1	113.7	119.9
Other equipment 5	16	124.3	128.5	126.1	122.6	123.9	131.1	136.4
Residential	17	470.3	5 <b>05.6</b>	481.0	486.4	491.7	516.7	<b>527.</b> 5
Structures	18	462.7	497.2	473.3	478.5	483.5	508.2	518.7
Permanent site	19	277.5	300.3	284.1	289.8	289.5	303.5	318.5
Single family	20	246.9	269.3	253.7	259.0	259.0	271.9	287.4
Multifamily Other structures <sup>6</sup>	21	30.6	31.0	30.4	30.8	30.5	31.6	31.1
Other structures 6	22	185.2	196.9	189.2	188.7	194.0	204.7	200.1
Equipment	23	7.6	8.3	<b>7.</b> 7	7.8	8.2	8.6	8.8
Residual	24	-5.0	-17.7	-7.2	-10.4	-15.4	-20.8	-24.9
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in								
structures	25	711.5	733.9	712.2	715.0	722.3	746.0	752.3
Private fixed investment in								
equipment and software	26	854.3	902.0	861.6	862.8	879.8	916.3	948.9
Private fixed investment in new								
structures7	27	650.2	665.1	649.7	653.8	655.0	669.9	681.5
Nonresidential structures	28	248.3	236.0	238.4	235.9	238.2	237.1	232.8
Residential structures	29	402.1	429.1	411.5	418.0	417.0	432.9	448.6

Table 5.6.5B. Change in Private Inventories by Industry [Billions of dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ı	II	Ш	IV
Change in private								
inventories	1	5.4	-0.9	20.2	-0.9	-5.8	-10.5	13.7
Farm	2	-3.4	-2.3	-4.8	0.2	-2.7	-4.3	-2.3
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	-2.2	-2.8	-3.6	-8.3	-2.5	-0.2	0.0
Manufacturing	4	-7.5	-12.5	-3.8	-12.4	-15.3	-16.1	-6.1
Durable goods industries	5	-9.5	-11.2	1.8	-13.3	-13.9	-15.9	-1.5
Nondurable goods industries	6	2.0	-1.3	-5.7	0.9	-1.3	-0.2	-4.7
Wholesale trade	7	-0.9	-1.4	6.5	-5.2	-5.1	-1.4	6.2
Durable goods industries	8	-1.5	-1.2	3.9	0.6	-5.1	-7.4	7.0
Nondurable goods industries	9	0.6	-0.1	2.5	-5.8	0.0	6.1	-0.8
Retail trade	10	19.1	17.1	26.6	26.9	15.2	11.0	15.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	12.7	9.9	20.1	18.7	15.1	1.1	4.7
Food and beverage stores	12	0.0	-0.3	-0.4	0.8	-0.9	1.4	-2.5
General merchandise stores	13	1.2	0.9	4.7	0.3	-0.5	-0.1	3.8
Other retail stores	14	5.2	6.6	2.2	7.0	1.5	8.5	9.4
Other industries	15	0.2	0.9	-0.8	-2.2	4.6	0.6	0.7
Addenda:								
Change in private inventories	16	5.4	-0.9	20.2	-0.9	-5.8	-10.5	13.7
Durable goods industries	17	6.1	2.9	32.3	10.9	-1.1	-15.8	17.6
Nondurable goods industries	18	-0.7	-3.8	-12.1	-11.8	-4.7	5.4	-4.0
Nonfarm industries	19	8.7	1.4	25.0	-1.2	-3.0	-6.2	16.0
Nonfarm change in book								
value1	20	14.4	16.8	44.8	48.9	-12.5	-7.2	38.1
Nonfarm inventory valuation								
adjustment <sup>2</sup>	21	-5.7	-15.4	-19.9	-50.1	9.4	1.0	-22.1
Wholesale trade	22	-0.9	-1.4	6.5	-5.2	-5.1	-1.4	6.2
Merchant wholesale trade	23	-1.8	-0.1	4.6	-0.7	-4.8	0.1	5.1
Durable goods industries	24	-2.1	0.1	3.0	3.9	-4.2	-5.6	6.4
Nondurable goods		. 1						
industries	25	0.2	-0.2	1.7	-4.6	-0.6	5.7	-1.3
Nonmerchant wholesale					. 1			
trade	26	0.9	-1.3	1.8	<b>-4</b> .5	-0.3	-1.5	1.1

<sup>1.</sup> Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. The quantity index for computers can be used to accurately measure the real growth rate of this component. However, because computers exhibit rapid changes in prices relative to other prices in the economy, the chained-dollar estimates should not be used to measure the component's relative importance or its contribution to the growth rate of more aggregate series; accurate estimates of these contributions are shown in table 5.3.2 and real growth rates are shown in table 5.3.1.

3. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

4. Includes communication equipment, normedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

5. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oiffield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

6. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.

7. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Nore: Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

This series is derived from the Census Bureau series "current cost inventories."
 The Inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (such as first-in, first-out and last-in, first-out) underlying inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau statistics (see footnote 1). This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics.

Note. Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 5.6.6B. Real Change in Private Inventories by Industry, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at a	annual rate	s
	Line	2002	2003	2002		200	)3	
			1	١٧	1	11	111	١٧
Change in private inventories.  Farm	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	5.7 -3.3 -2.1 -7.5 -9.6 2.1 -0.7 -1.5 0.8 19.2 12.9 0.0 1.2	0.7 -1.0 -2.3 -12.3 -11.2 -1.1 -1.3 0.1 17.2 10.1 -0.3 0.9 6.7	21.5 -3.5 -3.3 -3.8 1.9 -5.7 6.5 4.0 2.5 26.6 20.4 4.7 2.2	1.6 1.2 -6.9 -12.2 -13.4 1.0 -4.7 0.6 -5.1 27.1 19.1 0.8 0.3 7.2	-4.5 -2.0 -2.2 -15.1 -14.0 -1.3 -4.6 -5.2 0.4 15.3 15.4 -0.9 -0.5 1.6	-9.1 -2.8 -0.2 -15.8 -15.9 -0.2 -1.3 -7.6 5.8 11.0 1.2 1.4 -0.1 8.5	14.9 -0.6 -0.1 -5.9 -1.4 -4.4 6.2 7.0 -0.6 15.2 3.7 9.3
Other industries	16	0.3 -0.3	1.0 0.8	-0.7 -0.6	-2.1 -1.1	4.7 -0.5	0.6 0.2	0.7 -1.2
Addenda: Change in private inventories Durable goods industries Nondurable goods industries Nonfarm industries Wholesale trade Merchant wholesale trade trade Durable goods industries. Nondurable goods	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	5.7 6.2 -0.4 9.3 -0.7 -1.6 -2.1	0.7 3.0 -2.1 2.0 -1.1 0.2 0.1	21.5 32.8 -10.6 25.4 6.5 4.7 3.0	1.6 11.1 -8.9 0.3 -4.7 -0.3 3.9	-4.5 -1.0 -3.4 -2.4 -4.6 -4.3 -4.3	-9.1 -16.0 6.1 -5.9 -1.3 0.1 -5.7	14.9 17.8 -2.1 15.9 6.2 5.1 6.5
industries Nonmerchant wholesale trade	24 25	0.5 0.9	0.1 -1.3	1.7 1.8	-4.0 -4.4	-0.1 -0.3	5.4 -1.5	-1.1 1.1

Nore. Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Chained (2000) dollar series for real change in private inventories are calculated as the period-to-period change in chained-dollar end-of-period inventories. Quarterly changes in end-of-period inventories are stated at annual rates. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 5.7.5B. Private Inventories and Domestic Final Sales by Industry [Billions of dollars]

		Se	asonally a	djusted qu	arterly tota	ls
	Line	2002		20	03	
		١٧	T	II	III	IV
Private inventories1	1	1,500.2	1,525.8	1,516.9	1,530.8	1,546.7
Farm	2	134.9	136.8	138.2	151.4	153.4
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	51.7	55.6	54.3	53.3	52.1
Manufacturing	4	443.0	448.7	441.1	437.7	442.0
Durable goods industries	5	263.7	262.3	257.5	254.1	256.3
Nondurable goods industries	6	179.2	186.3	183.6	183.6	185.7
Wholesale trade	7	344.2	348.1	343.7	345.8	352.7
Durable goods industries	8	198.9	199.6	198.0	197.0	200.6
Nondurable goods industries	9	145.3	148.5	145.7	148.8	152.1
Retail trade	10	413.8	423.2	425.7	428.6	432.0
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	135.0	140.6	143.1	142.0	141.7
Food and beverage stores	12	33.5	34.1	34.2	35.1	34.9
General merchandise stores	13	65.3	65.6	65.6	65.8	66.9
Other retail stores	14	180.0	182.9	182.8	185.8	188.5
Other industries	15	112.6	113.4	113.9	114.1	114.6
Addenda:		, , _ , _ ,				
Private inventories	16	1,500.2	1,525.8	1,516,9	1,530.8	1,546.7
Durable goods industries	17	678.8	685.0	682.1	678.4	686.1
Nondurable goods industries	18	821.4	840.8	834.8	852.5	860.6
Nondurable goods industries Nonfarm industries	19	1.365.3	1.389.0	1.378.7	1.379.4	1,393.3
Wholesale trade	20	344.2	348.1	343.7	345.8	352.7
Merchant wholesale trade	21	295.2	298.3	295.9	297.8	303.5
Durable goods industries	22	171.6	173.0	171.7	171.1	174.3
Nondurable goods industries	23	123.6	125.3	124.2	126.7	129.1
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	24	49.0	49.8	47.9	48.0	49.2
Final sales of domestic business <sup>2</sup>	25	680.1	687.9	696.9	716.9	723.9
	23	000.1	601.8	080.9	110.5	123.9
Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business <sup>2</sup>	26	368.1	372.4	3 <b>75.6</b>	392.1	397.6
Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business:						
Private inventories to final sales	27	2.21	2.22	2.18	2.14	2.14
Nonfarm inventories to final sales	28	2.01	2.02	1.98	1.92	1.92
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and						
structures	29	3.71	3.73	3.67	3.52	3.50

<sup>1.</sup> Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in private inventories component of GDP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at its respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas, the change in private inventories is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross value added of households and institutions and of general government, and it includes a small amount of final sales by farm and by government enterprises.

Nore, Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 5.7.6B. Real Private Inventories and Real Domestic Final Sales by Industry, Chained Dollars

		Se	asonally a	djusted qu	arterly tota	ls
	Line	2002		20	03	
		IV	I	II	III	IV
Private Inventories 1	1	1,490.4	1,490.8	1,489.6	1,487.4	1,491.1
Farm	2	123.3	123.6	123.1	122.4	122.3
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	50.1	48.3	47.8	47.7	47.7
Manufacturing	4	443.2	440.2	436.4	432.4	431.0
Durable goods industries	5	266.2	262.8	259.3	255.4	255.0
Nondurable goods industries	6	177.0	177.3	176.9	176.9	175.8
Wholesale trade	7	344.8	343.6	342.5	342.1	343.7
Durable goods industries	8	203.9	204.1	202.8	200.9	202.7
Nondurable goods industries	9	140.6	139.4	139.5	140.9	140.8
Retail trade	10	415.2	422.0	425.8	428.6	432.4
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	138.3	143.1	146.9	147.2	148.4
Food and beverage stores	12	32.4	32.6	32.3	32.7	32.1
General merchandise stores	13	64.8	64.8	64.7	64.7	65.6
Other retail stores	14	179.9	181.7	182.1	184.2	186.6
Other industries	15	113.5	113.0	114.1	114.3	114.4
Residual	16	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.3
Addenda:						
Private inventories	17	1,490.4	1.490.8	1,489.6	1,487.4	1.491.1
Durable goods industries	18	690.7	693.5	693.2	689.2	693.6
Nondurable goods industries	19	799.4	797.2	796.3	797.9	797.3
Nonfarm industries	20	1,367.2	1.367.3	1.366.7	1.365.2	1.369.2
Wholesale trade	21	344.8	343.6	342.5	342.1	343.7
Merchant wholesale trade	22	295.4	295.3	294.2	294.3	295.5
Durable goods industries	23	175.8	176.8	175.7	174.3	175.9
Nondurable goods industries	24	119.3	118.3	118.3	119.7	119.4
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	25	49.4	48.3	48.3	47.9	48.2
Final sales of domestic business <sup>2</sup>	26	589.2	594.0	597.8	614.8	620.9
Final sales of goods and structures of						
domestic business <sup>2</sup>	27	360.4	364.9	<b>367.</b> 5	382.8	386.8
Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business:						
Private inventories to final sales	28	2.53	2.51	2.49	2.42	2.40
Nonfarm inventories to final sales	29	2.32	2.30	2.29	2.22	2.21
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and	-		50			
structures	30	3.79	3.75	3.72	3.57	3.54
	_ ~	J 0	J 0		5.51	Ų.J.

Table 5.7.9B. Implicit Price Deflators for Private Inventories by Industry [Index numbers, 2000=100]

			Seas	onally adju	ısted	
	Line	2002		20	03	-
		IV	1	II.	III	IV
Private inventories1	1	100,660	102.351	101.828	102.921	103.727
Farm	2	109.398	110.661	112.251	123,698	125.436
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	103,308	115.114	113.545	111.649	109.185
Manufacturing	4	99.945	101.933	101.072	101.213	102.562
Durable goods industries	5	99.073	99.807	99.290	99.488	100.516
Nondurable goods industries	6	101,248	105.108	103.739	103,798	105.614
Wholesale trade	7	99.828	101.301	100.369	101.063	102.617
Durable goods industries	8	97.516	97.768	97.622	98.043	98.953
Nondurable goods industries	9	103.334	106.587	104.509	105.596	108.077
Retail trade	10	99.664	100.295	99.984	99.999	99.905
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	97.612	98.310	97.394	96,425	95,446
Food and beverage stores	12	103.358	104.579	105.646	107.264	108.830
General merchandise stores	13	100.869	101.160	101.415	101,613	101.859
Other retail stores	14	100.074	100.671	100.393	100.850	101.052
Other industries	15	99.237	100.419	99.794	99.849	100.119
Addenda:	1					
Private inventories	16	100.660	102.351	101.828	102.921	103,727
Durable goods industries	17	98.283	98.781	98.399	98.429	98.906
Nondurable goods industries	18	102.748	105.473	104.828	106.842	107.935
Nonfarm industries	19	99.860	101.589	100.876	101.037	101.760
Wholesale trade	20	99.828	101.301	100.369	101.063	102.617
Merchant wholesale trade	21	99.938	101.008	100.560	101.191	102.677
Durable goods industries	22	97.605	97.866	97.721	98.153	99.106
Nondurable goods industries	23	103.591	105.862	104.964	105.888	108.158
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	24	99.155	103.057	99.173	100.248	102.224

<sup>1.</sup> Implicit price deflators are as of the end of the quarter and are consistent with inventory stocks. Note. Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

al. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the change in private inventories component of GDP is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross value added of households and institutions and of general government, and it includes a small amount of final sales by farm and by government enterprises.

Note: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Chained (2000) dollar inventory series are calculated to ensure that the chained (2000) dollar change in inventories for 2000 equals the current-older change in inventories for 2000 equals the current-older change in inventories for 2000 and after the average of the 1999 and 2000 end-of-year chain-weighted and fixed-weighted inventories are equal. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines for inventories.

#### Income and Employment by Industry \_\_

#### Table 6.16D. Corporate Profits by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

					Seasonally	adjusted at a	nnual rates	
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	ı	H	III	IV
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	1	904.2		934.9	927.1	1,022.8	1,124.2	
Domestic Industries		750.8		767.9	778.4	874.3	966.5	
Financial <sup>1</sup>		259.1		248.6	268.4	279.6	299.2	
Nonfinancial	. 4	491.7		519.3	510.0	594.7	667.3	
Rest of the world		153.4		166.9	148.7	148.5	157.7	
Receipts from the rest of the world	. 6	202.4		214.0	215.4	220.8	236.2	
Less: Payments to the rest of the world	. 7	49.1		47.0	66.6	72.3	78.4	!
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment	اه	742.7		784.2	780.9	793.6	864.2	
Domestic industries	9	589.4		617.2	632.1	645.1	706.4	
Financial	10	255.1		243.4	261.8	260.6	274.6	
Federal Reserve banks	11	22.9	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	21.2	21.2	20.5	18.9	
Other financial <sup>2</sup>	12	232.2		222.1	240.7	240.1	255.7	
Nonfinancial	13	334.3		373.9	370.3	384.5	431.8	
Utilities	14	22.0		22.8	2 <b>8</b> .1	21.1	21.5	
Manufacturing	15	73.3		95.1	87.1	80.3	97.7	
Durable goods	16	8.8		25.2	17.1	13.9	19.4	
Fabricated metal products		9.7		12.1	8.9	12.1	12.6	
Machinery	18	1.5		-1.3	-2.8	-2.7	-2.4	
Computer and electronic products	19	-18.4		-1.2	-5.6	-1.8	-1.5	
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	. 20	1.7		0.7	0.7	-0.9	-1.5	
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	21	-1.0		-1.7	7.3	-1.9	-3.5	
Other durable goods <sup>3</sup>	22	15.3		16.6	8.6	9.1	15.7	
Nondurable goods	23	64.6		69.9	70.0	66.4	78.4	
Food and beverage and tobacco products	. 24	32.8		32.4	32.4	30.6	31.8	
Petroleum and coal products	25	6.4		8.7	20.2	20.6	19.5	
Chemical products	26	17.5		19.4	18.9	15.8	23.7	
Other nondurable goods <sup>4</sup>	27	7.9		9.4	-1.5	-0.5	3.4	ļ
Wholesale trade	28	49.1		47.9	39.8	42.6	51.0	
Retail trade	29	76.7		73.9	72.9	85.0	84.3	
Transportation and warehousing	30	-2.3		2.4	5.6	12.9	14.7	
Information	31	-20.2		-12.6	-11.4	-8.0		
Other nonfinancial <sup>5</sup>	32	135.5		144.4	148.1	150.7	160.2	
Rest of the world	33	153.4		166.9	148.7	148.5	157.7	

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of finance and insurance and bank and other holding companies.
2. Consists of credit intermediation and related activities; securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities; insurance carriers and related activities; funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles; and bank and other holding companies.
3. Consists of wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; other transportation equipment; furniture and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing.
4. Consists of twoillie mills and textile product mills; apparel; leather and allied products; paper products; printing and related support activities; and plastics and rubber products.
5. Consists of agriculture, torestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.

None. Estimates in this table are based on the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

#### 7. Supplemental Tables\_

Table 7.1. Selected Per Capita Product and Income Series in Current and **Chained Dollars** 

[Dollars]

				Se	asonally a	ıdjusted at	annual rat	es es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	II	Ш	IV
Current dollars:								
Gross domestic product	1 2	36,361 36,436	37,740	36,715 36,845	37,018 37,114	37,314 37,428	38,110 38,240	38,510
Personal income	2	30,913	31,577	31,038	31,201	31,463	31,713	31,929
Disposable personal income Personal consumption	4	27,259	28,180	27,425	27,720	28,022	28,501	28,474
expenditures	5	25,622	26,636	25,923	26,208	26,398	26,888	27,045
Durable goods	6	3,162	3,233	3,136	3,097	3,186	3,346	3,303
Nondurable goods	7	7,237	7,590	7,324	7,502	7,468	7,652	7,739
Services	8	15,224	15,812	15,464	15,609	15,744	15,891	16,003
Chained (2000) dollars:								
Gross domestic product	9	34,981	35,721	35,115	35,206	35,393	36,004	36,274
Gross national product	10	35,057		35,245	35,300	35,503	36,125	
Disposable personal income Personal consumption	11	26,355	26,761	26,320	26,419	26,673	27,011	26,941
expenditures	12	24,773	25,295	24,879	24,978	25,127	25,482	25,589
Durable goods	13	3,321	3,528	3,331	3,327	3,458	3,668	3,658
Nondurable goods	14	7,090	7,286	7,125	7,208	7,213	7,323	7,397
Services	15	14,369	14,511	14,430	14,450	14,477	14,539	14,579
Population (midperiod, thousands)	16	288,240	291,086	289,360	290,016	290,689	291,445	292,194

Table 7.2.1B. Percent Change from Preceding Period in Real Motor Vehicle Output

[Percent]

				Se	asonally a	djusted at	annual rate	es
	Line	2002	2003	2002		20	03	
				IV	1	11	III	IV
Motor vehicle output	1	11.4	2.6	-4.9	-6.4	2.1	26.6	2.9
Auto output	2	3.8	-9.3	-5.2	-23.1	9.3	4.8	-21.5
Truck output	3	16.8	9.8	-4.8	4.1	-1.5	39.4	16.6
Final sales of domestic product	4	2.9	4.0	-11.7	-5.2	9.4	65.7	-17.2
Personal consumption	١.		ا ا			45.4		
New motor vehicles	5	<b>5.</b> 1 7.8	4.0 8.2	- <b>9.5</b> -29.0	<b>~5.</b> 7 <b>~8</b> .5	16.1 59.2	<b>45.</b> 5 41.5	-12.2 -33.9
Autos	7	-0.9	-1.9	-31.1	1.7	20.6	3.8	-24.4
Light trucks (including								
utility vehicles)	8	14.6	15.1	-27.7	-14.6	89.6	68.1	-38.5
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	9	-0.6	-5.4	74.9	1.7	-52.3	59.5	100.3
Used autos	10	-0.6 -2.4	-5.1	134.3	4.6	-55.9	43.2	58.9
Used light trucks			J	.00	0	55.5	,0.2	50.5
(including utility								
vehicles)	11	1.4	-5.9	27.1	-1.7	<b>-4</b> 7.7	79.5	152.4
Private fixed investment	12	-3.4	-3.0	-9.7	-27.5	10.8	13.7	10.3
New motor vehicles Autos	13	-1.6 -2.0	-2.2 -6.3	6.0 4.2	-35.3 -27.3	-5.7 -23.9	30.7 29.6	36.3 11.3
Trucks	15	-2.0 -1.2	0.6	13.9	-27.3 -40.3	-23.9 8.9	31.3	54.1
Light trucks (including	"			,5.5	, 4.0	0.0	51.5	<b>4.</b>
utility vehicles)	16	-1.5	2.2	29.3	-35.3	6.6	18.8	59.3
Other	17	-0.4	-4.5	-23.9	-55.4	18.1	85.4	37.9
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	18	1.0	-0.8	30.9	-44.5	-25.3	60.9	87.0
Used autos	19	-0.7	-8.9	-2.1	-38.2	-37.5	39.7	69.6
Used light trucks		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.0			07.0	00	00.0
(including utility								
vehicles)	20	2.7	7.1	73.1	-49.6	-12.3	81.0	102.2
Gross government				45-				
investment Autos	21 22	<b>-3.0</b> -6.1	<b>-2.3</b> -3.2	<b>49.7</b> 98.4	<b>−33.0</b> 3.0	- <b>13.4</b> -41.0	51.3 -33.9	<b>26.</b> 7 78.7
Trucks	23	-0.1 -1.9	-3.2 -2.0	35.5	-43.4	-41.0 0.6	97.6	14.4
Net exports	24		-"	00.0		0.0	01.0	
Exports	25	12.3	9.5	8.3	-0.3	24.6	-21.1	43.5
Autos	26	12.0	4.1	-13.0	-1.9	30.6	-27.8	33.4
Trucks	27	12.7	15.2	35.9	1.2	19.0	-14.1	53.4
Imports	28 29	5.3 6.2	-0.3 -3.6	5.3 -5.0	-24.2 -30.2	29.8 25.7	-26.2 -18.0	44.1 46.9
Trucks	30	4.1	3.7	18.8	-16.9	34.5	-34.2	41.1
Change in private inventories	31							
Autos	32							
New	33							
Domestic	34					***************************************		
Foreign Used	36							
Trucks	37							
New	38							
Domestic	39							
Foreign	40		1					
Addenda:	"'			•••••••				************
Final sales of motor vehicles to								
domestic purchasers	42	3.0	2.4	-8.3	-11.6	14.1	38.6	-6.9
Private fixed investment in new								
autos and new light trucks	43	-1.7	-1.8	12.0	-31.7	-8.7	23.6	36.0
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup> . Sales of imported new autos <sup>3</sup>	44 45	7.6 2.3	-7.5 -3.5	-27.3 -11.5	-13.2 -17.3	21.3 0.3	-2.6 9.4	-8.2 -8.3
outed of imported fierr autos"	5	2.0	-0.0	-11.5	-17.3	0.3	3.4	-0.3

Consists of used light trucks only.
 Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, private fixed investment, and gross government investment.

Table 7.2.3B. Real Motor Vehicle Output, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2000=100]

			2003	Seasonally adjusted								
	Line	2002		2002	2003							
				IV	ı	II	Ш	IV				
Motor vehicle output	1	106.114	108.876	106.813	105.066	105.603	112.016	112.818				
Auto output	3	97.520	88.452	93.731	87.782	89.751	90.801	85.473				
Truck output Final sales of domestic product	4	112.246 104.935	123.295 109.107	116.150 103.103	117.333 101.727	116.888 104.045	126.998 118.043	131.959 112.613				
•	4	104.935	109.107	103.103	101.727	104.045	110.043	112.013				
Personal consumption expenditures	5	111.862	116.391	110.333	108.737	112,868	123.958	120.003				
New motor vehicles	6	118.775	128.547	118.064	115.467	129.705	141.455	127.559				
Autos	7	99.265	97.360	94.762	95.168	99.732	100.675	93.864				
Light trucks (including	8	137.091	157.847	139.966	134.544	157.870	179.761	159.213				
utility vehicles) Net purchases of used autos	١ °	137.031	137.047	139.900	134.344	137.070	179.701	109.213				
and used light trucks	9	98.674	93.324	95.906	96.305	80.039	89.946	107.008				
Used autos	10	94.282	89.500	95.489	96.566	78.695	86.084	96.656				
Used light trucks (including utility												
vehicles)	11	103.938	97.837	96.438	96.030	81.662	94.521	119.137				
Private fixed investment	12	82.904	80.380	83.551	77.085	79.087	81.661	83.686				
New motor vehicles	13	88.124	86.187	92.017	82.525	81.327	86.950	93.948				
Autos	14	91.113	85.415	93.567	86.412	80.697	86.105	88.444				
Trucks Light trucks (including	15	86.167	86.684	91.028	80.010	81.736	87.501	97.489				
utility vehicles)	16	91.285	93.282	97.468	87.418	88.821	92.722	104.168				
Other	17	72.009	68.743	73.512	60.079	62.626	73.081	79.188				
Net purchases of used autos	۱.,	00.400	05.00=	405 400								
and used light trucks Used autos	18	96.139 90.087	95.337 82.113	105.139 93.567	90.767 82.965	84.389 73.766	95.044 80.200	111.150 91.521				
Used light trucks	'3	30.007	02.113	30.301	02.900	73.700	00.200	91.521				
(including utility												
vehicles)	20	102.982	110.275	118.220	99.596	96.385	111.801	133.319				
Gross government	21	102,799	100 447	400 400	00.040	00 007	400.050	400 040				
Investment	22	97.475	100.417 94.330	106.499 104.622	96.340 105.405	<b>92.927</b> 92.362	103.058 83.272	109.343 96.283				
Trucks	23	104.807	102.668	107.202	92,986	93.115	110.396	114.174				
Net exports	24											
Exports	25	108.501	118.809	114.830	114.733	121.218	114.249	125.037				
Autos	26	120.195	125.120	122.244	121.654	130.056	119.903	128.867				
Trucks	27 28	98.225 103.027	113.178 102.739	108.257 106.349	108.587 99.235	113.407 105.929	109.191 98.196	121.528 107.596				
Autos	29	103.627	99.921	104.705	95.721	101.353	96.441	106.168				
Trucks	30	102.320	106.081	108.292	103.390	111.336	100.289	109.310				
Change in private inventories	31											
Autos	32											
New Domestic	33 34											
Foreign	35											
Used	36											
Trucks	37											
New Domestic	38											
Foreign	40											
Used1	41											
Addenda:												
Final sales of motor vehicles to					400.05		440.45					
domestic purchasers Private fixed investment in new	42	104.192	106.654	103.365	100.228	103.588	112.402	110.400				
autos and new light trucks	43	91.202	89,538	95.584	86,910	84.950	89.566	96,727				
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup>	44	98.291	90.882	91.575	88.391	92.766	92.163	90.209				
Sales of imported new autos3	45	101.050	97.475	101.539	96.842	96.922	99.132	97.005				

Table 7.2.4B. Price Indexes for Motor Vehicle Output

			2003	Seasonally adjusted								
	Line	2002		2002	2003							
				IV	I	11	III	IV				
Motor vehicle output	1	96.777	95.018	96.199	95.813	94.680	94.640	94.939				
Auto output Truck output		97.527 96.264	92.913 96.072	96.359 96.031	94.071 96.686	93.115 95.457	92.367 95.788	92.100 96.358				
Final sales of domestic product	4	96.900	94.561	96.367	95.503	94.101	94.145	94.495				
Personal consumption												
expenditures		97.943	94.620	96.952	95.763	95.211	94.399	93.106				
New motor vehicles Autos		97.832 98.370	96.417 96.535	97.881 98.278	96.977 97.160	96.441 96.592	96.310 96.330	95.940 96.057				
Light trucks (including	1					00.002	00.000	00.001				
utility vehicles)	8	97.429	96.290	97.576	96.811	96.295	96.237	95.816				
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	9	98.078	89.731	94.408	92.558	91.960	89.048	85.357				
Used autos		98.071	88.853	94.150	92.203	91.379	87.516	84.313				
Used light trucks												
(including utility vehicles)	11	98.086	90.724	94.676	92.943	92.611	90.768	86.572				
Private fixed investment	1	97.482	101.579	99.043	100.167	97.352	100.720	108.078				
New motor vehicles	13	97.376	97.271	97.398	98.238	96.473	96.661	97.711				
Autos		98.357	96.523	98.274	97.153	96.580	96.314	96.045				
Trucks Light trucks (including	15	96.704	97.757	96.788	98.977	96.408	96.889	98.752				
utility vehicles)	16	95.453	96.108	94.915	97.586	94.382	95.110	97.354				
Other		101.000	103.431	103.225	103.532	103.531	103.085	103.576				
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	18	97.438	91.855	95,477	95.952	95.652	91.359	84.455				
Used autos		97.516	91.786	95.411	95.696	95.405	91.347	84.694				
Used light trucks				******								
(including utility	20	97.361	91.941	95.543	96.194	95.886	91.394	84.289				
vehicles) Gross government	20	37.301	31.341	33.343	30.134	33.000	31.034	04.203				
investment	21	99.530	101.439	100.580	101.019	100.082	100.839	103.815				
Autos	22	100.153	99.542	99.715	98.296	98.030	99.921	101.922				
Trucks	1	99.323	102.187	100.899	102.083	100.875	101.258	104.531				
Net exports		102.010	103.770	103.070	103.304	103.549	103.920	104.306				
Autos		101.293	102.618	102.300	102.296	102.518	103.520	103.028				
Trucks	27	102.757	104.884	103.806	104.276	104.542	105.172	105.545				
Imports		101.278	102.170	101.561 101.409	101.635	102.005	102.086 101.443	102.953 102.343				
AutosTrucks		101.009 101.595	101.652 102.747	101.736	101.929	101.443 102.629	102.801	103.630				
Change in private inventories												
Autos	32											
New												
Domestic Foreign			,,,,,,,,,,,,									
Used	36											
Trucks		<i></i>										
New Domestic			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									
Foreign	40											
Used 1	41											
Addenda: Final sales of motor vehicles to	1											
domestic purchasers	42	97.813	96.120	97.412	96.741	95.730	95.763	96.245				
Private fixed investment in new												
autos and new light trucks	43 44	96.819	96.343 97.382	96.506 98.803	97.420	95.417 97.373	95.699	96.836				
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup> .	45	98.761 98.366	96.530	98.278	97.821 97.156	96.585	97.214	97.120 96.054				

Consists of used light trucks only.
 Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, private fixed investment, and gross government investment.

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 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, private fixed investment, and gross government investment.

Table 7.2.5B. Motor Vehicle Output

				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003						
				IV	ı	11	III	IV			
Motor vehicle output	1	374.8	377.6	375.1	367.5	365.0	387.0	391.0			
Auto output	2	143.7	124.1	136.5	124.7	126.2	126.7	118.9			
Truck output	3	231.1	253.5	238.7	242.7	238.8	260.3	272.2			
Final sales of domestic product	4	360.4	365.6	352.1	344.3	347.0	393.9	377.2			
Personal consumption expenditures	5	356.6	358.3	348.1	338.9	349.8	380.8	363.6			
New motor vehicles	6	249.0	265.5	247.6	239.9	268.0	291.9	262.2			
Autos Light trucks (including	7	101.1	97.4	96.5	95.8	99.8	100.5	93.4			
utility vehicles)	8	147.8	168.2	151.1	144.1	168.2	191.4	168.8			
Net purchases of used autos											
and used light trucks	10	107.7 56.1	92.8 48.1	100.5 54.4	99.0	81.7 43.5	88.9 45.6	101.4 49.4			
Used autos Used light trucks	''	30.1	40.1	34.4	53.9	43.3	43.0	49.4			
(including utility											
vehicles)	11	51.6	44.7	46.1	45.1	38.2	43.3	52.1			
Private fixed investment New motor vehicles	12	95.6	96.7	97.9	91.3	91.1	97.3	107.1			
Autos	13	165.9 68.5	162.2 63.0	173.4 70.3	156.8 64.1	151.8 59.5	162.6 63.4	177.6 64.9			
Trucks	15	97.5	99.2	103.1	92.7	92.2	99.2	112.7			
Light trucks (including		75.0	77.0	70.7	70.5	70.0	75.0	07.0			
utility vehicles) Other	16 17	75.0 22.5	77.2 22.0	79.7 23.4	73.5 19.2	72.2 20.0	75.9 23.3	87.3 25.4			
Net purchases of used autos		1									
and used light trucks	18	-70.4	-65.5	-75.5	-65.5	-60.7	-65.3	-70.6			
Used autosUsed light trucks	19	-35.0	-30.0	-35.6	-31.7	-28.1	-29.2	-30.9			
(including utility						i					
vehicles)	20	-35.3	-35.5	-39.9	-33.8	-32.6	-36.1	-39.7			
Gross government		40.0	40.0	40.0	45.4	44.5	40.0				
investment	21	12.7 3.3	12.6 3.2	13.3 3.6	1 <b>2.1</b> 3.5	11.5 3.1	12.9 2.8	14.1 3.3			
Trucks	23	9.3	9.4	9.7	8.5	8.4	10.0	10.7			
Net exports	24	-104.5	-102.0	-107.2	<del>-9</del> 8.0	-105.3	<del>-97</del> .1	-107.5			
Exports	25	28.9	32.2	30.9	31.0	32.8	31.0	34.1			
Autos Trucks	26 27	14.9 14.0	15.7 16.5	15.3 15.6	15.2 15.7	16.3 16.5	15.1 16.0	16.2 17.8			
Imports	28	133.4	134.2	138.1	128.9	138.1	128.1	141.6			
Autos	29	72.7	70.5	73.7	67.4	71.4	67.9	75.4			
Trucks	30	60.7	63.7	64.4	61.6	66.8	60.2	66.2			
Change in private inventories Autos	31	14.4 7.5	12.0 -2.7	<b>23.0</b> 5.7	23.2 -8.8	18.0 3.4	<b>-6.8</b> -3.5	<b>13.8</b> -2.0			
New	33	7.0	-0.5	5.7	-3.9	3.5	-2.5	0.8			
Domestic	34	5.8	-0.4	0.0	-3.0	2.3	-0.3	-0.7			
Foreign Used	35 36	1.2 0.5	-0.1 -2.2	5.7 0.1	-1.0 -4.9	1.2 0.1	-2.2 -1.0	1.5 -2.8			
Trucks	37	6.9	14.8	17.3	32.0	14.6	-3.4	15.8			
New	38	5.8	8.9	7.6	28.2	6.0	-11.3	12.5			
Domestic	39 40	4.5 1.4	8.8 0.0	2.1 5.5	25.8 2.4	4.8 1.2	-4.8 -6.5	9.5 3. <b>0</b>			
Used1	41	1.7	5.9	9.6	3.8	8.6	8.0	3.3			
Addenda:											
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers	42	464.9	467.6	459.3	442.3	452.3	491.0	404.0			
Private fixed investment in new	"2	404.9	407.0	459.3	442.3	452.3	491.0	484.8			
autos and new light trucks	43	143.5	140.2	149.9	137.6	131.7	139.3	152.2			
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup>	44 45	107.3 83.4	97.8	100.1 83.7	95.6	99.8	99.0	96.8			
Sales of imported new autos <sup>3</sup>	45	03.4	78.9	03.7	78.9	78.5	80.1	78.2			

#### Table 7.2.6B. Real Motor Vehicle Output, Chained Dollars

	[DI	illoris oi ci	iain <del>e</del> u (20	JOO) GOIIAI	sj						
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
	Line	2002	2003	2002	2003						
				IV	1	11	III	IV			
Motor vehicle output	1	387.3	397.4	389.8	383.5	385.4	408.8	411.7			
Auto output	2	147.3	133.6	141.6	132.6	135.6	137.2	129.1			
Truck output	3	240.1	263.7	248.4	251.0	250.0	271.6	282.2			
Final sales of domestic product	4	371.9	386.7	365.4	<b>360</b> .6	<b>368</b> .8	418.4	399.1			
Personal consumption	5	364.1	378.8	359.1	353.9	207.4	403.5	390.6			
New motor vehicles	6	254.5	275.4	252.9	247.4	<b>367.4</b> 277.9	303.1	273.3			
Autos	7	102.8	100.8	98.2	98.6	103.3	104.3	97.2			
Light trucks (including			أ								
utility vehicles)	8	151.7	174.7	154.9	148.9	174.7	198.9	176.2			
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	9	109.8	103.8	106.7	107.1	89.0	100.1	119.0			
Used autos	10	57.2	54.3	57.9	58.6	47.7	52.2	58.6			
Used light trucks			- ""		30.0		***				
(including utility	ابدا										
vehicles)	11	52.6	49.5	48.8	48.6	41.3	47.8	60.3			
Private fixed investment	12	98.0 170.4	95.1	98.8	91.2	93.5	96.6	99.0			
New motor vehicles Autos	13	69.6	166.7 65.2	177.9 71.5	159.6 66.0	157.3 61.6	168.1 65.8	181.7 67.6			
Trucks	15	100.8	101.4	106.5	93.6	95.6	102.4	114.0			
Light trucks (including											
utility vehicles)	16	78.6	80.3	83.9	75.2	76.4	79.8	89.7			
Other Net purchases of used autos	17	22.3	21.3	22.7	18.6	19.4	22.6	24.5			
and used light trucks	18	-72.2	-71.6	-79.0	-68.2	-63.4	-71.4	-83.5			
Used autos	19	-35.9	-32.7	-37.3	-33.1	-29.4	-32.0	-36.5			
Used light trucks			i								
(including utility	20	-36.3	-38.9	-41.7	25.4	24.0	-39.4	47.0			
vehicles)	20	-30.3	-30.9	<del>-4</del> 1.7	-35.1	-34.0	-39.4	-47.0			
Gross government investment	21	12.7	12.4	13.2	11.9	11.5	12.8	13.5			
Autos	22	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.6	3.1	2.8	3.3			
Trucks	23	9.4	9.2	9.6	8.3	8.4	9.9	10.2			
Net exports	24	-103.4	-100.3	<b>-106</b> .0	<b>-96</b> .9	-103.8	<b>~95.</b> 7	-104.9			
Exports	25	28.3	31.0	30.0	30.0	31.7	29.8	32.7			
Autos Trucks	26 27	14.7 13.6	15.3 15.7	15.0 15.0	14.9	15.9	14.7 15.2	15.8 16.9			
Imports	28	131.7	131.3	136.0	15.1 126.9	15.8 135.4	125.5	137.6			
Autos	29	71.9	69.4	72.7	66.4	70.4	66.9	73.7			
Trucks	30	59.8	62.0	63.3	60.4	65.0	58.6	63.9			
Change in private inventories	31	14.2	9.5	22.7	19.9	17.0	-11.1	12.3			
Autos	32	7.6	-2.9	5.9	-9.1	3.5	-3.7	-2.2			
New Domestic	33 34	7.1 5.9	-0.6 -0.4	5.7 -0.1	-4.0 -3.1	3.5 2.3	-2.6 -0.3	0.8 -0.7			
Foreign	35	1.2	-0.1	5.6	-3.1 -1.0	1.2	-2.2	1.4			
Used	36	0.5	-2.4	0.1	-5.1	-0.1	-1.2	-3.3			
Trucks	37	6.6	12.0	16.5	28.0	13.3	-7.3	14.0			
New	38	5.3	5.9	7.0	23.7	4.9	-14.8	10.1			
Domestic	39 40	4.0 1.4	5.9 0.1	1.9 5.6	21.4 2.3	3.9 1.1	-9.5 -5.7	7.6 2.6			
Used1	41	1.2	6.4	10.1	4.0	9.0	8.7	3.9			
Residual	42	1.2	1.4	0.5	3.6	-0.8	1.9	1.0			
Addenda:				5.5							
Final sales of motor vehicles to											
domestic purchasers	43	475.3	486.5	471.5	457.2	472.5	512.7	503.6			
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks	44	148.2	145.5	155.3	141.2	138.0	145.5	157.1			
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup> .	45	108.6	100.4	101.2	97.7	102.5	101.8	99.7			
Sales of imported new autos3	46	84.7	81.7	85.2	81.2	81.3	83.1	81.4			
	1 1										

Consists of used light trucks only.
 Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
 Consists of personal consumption expenditures, private fixed investment, and gross government investment.

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of used light trucks only.
2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
3. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, private fixed investment, and gross government investment.
Note: Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, excluding the lines in the addenda.

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#### **B. Other NIPA and NIPA-Related Tables**

#### **Monthly Estimates**

Table B.1 presents the most recent estimates of personal income and its components and the disposition of personal income.

These estimates were released on March 1, 2004, and they update the results of the 2003 comprehensive NIPA revision that were published in the February 2004 Survey.

Table B.1. Personal Income and Its Disposition

[Billions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	1	т	<del></del>	[Billions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]												
	2002	2003	2002	_		_			20	03						2004
	LUUL	2000	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct. r	Nov. <sup>r</sup>	Dec. r	Jan. P
Personal Income	8,910.3	9,191.6	8,994.1	9,012.5	9,046.9	9,086.6	9,100.8	9,151.0	9,186.0	9 <b>,219.</b> 6	9,239.6	9,268.4	9,294.2	9,332.1	9,361.7	9,380.1
received Wage and salary disbursements Private industries	6,019.1 4,974.6 4,114.7	6,187.9 5,086.6 4,188.9	6,067.4 5,005.1 4,128.4	6,088.2 5,015.3 4,130.8	6,118.9 5,037.0 4,145.7	6,136.2 5,047.5 4.153.3	6,142.1 5,051.6 4,155.4	6,171.4 5,077.4 4,178.7	6,184.9 5,087.6 4,183.9	6,200.2 5,096.0 4,196.3	6,214.9 5,105.4 4,204.9	6,225.8 5,110.8 4,211.1	6,241.1 5,123.4 4,222.9	6,268.0 5,147.0 4,246.5	6,262.5 5,140.2 4,237.7	6,303.2 5,166.8 4,258.5
Goods-producing industries	1,010.9	1,007.6	1,008.2	1,006.0	1,005.8	1,005.4	1,000.0	1,003.4	1,006.8	1,002.3	1,006.0	1,009.8	1,011.1	1,017.9	1,016.8	1,022.1
Manufacturing Service-producing industries	675.7 3,103.7	669.0 3,181.3	672.8 3,120.2	670.9 3,124.8	671.1 3,139.9	669.5 3,147.8	664.2 3,155.4	666.6 3,175.3	668.7 3,177.1	664.9 3,194.0	666.7 3,198.9	669.0 3,201.2	669.2 3,211.9	674.6 3,228.6	672.4 3,221.0	675.9 3,236.4
Trade, transportation, and	,				•	-					, i				· I	
utilities Other services-producing	844.7	863.2	846.9	850.9	855.3	858.7	857.3	860.2	860.9	864.0	866.9	867.4	872.9	873.2	871.0	876.5
industries Government	2,259.0 859.9	2,318.1 897.7	2,273.3 876.8	2,273.9 884.5	2,284.6 891.2	2,289.2 894.2	2,298.1 896.2	2,315.1 898.7	2,316.2 903.7	2,330.1 899.6	2,332.0 900.6	2,333.9 899.8	2,339.0 900.4	2,355.4 900.5	2,350.0 902.4	2,359.9 908.3
Supplements to wages and salaries	1,044.5	1,101.3	1,062.2	1,072.9	1,081.9	1,088.8	1,090.4	1,094.0	1,097.3	1,104.2	1,109.5	1,115.0	1,117.7	1,121.0	1,122.3	1,136.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and	,	,		,	,	,,	.,	,,,,,,,,,,,	.,	,,.,	.,	,,,	.,	.,	,,	1,12411
insurance funds	680.4	723.4	695.1	699.1	706.8	713.1	714.7	717.6	719.6	725.9	730.7	735.6	737.5	739.4	741.2	746.3
Employer contributions for government social insurance	364.1	377.8	367.1	373.8	375.1	375.7	375.7	376.4	377.7	378.3	378.8	379.4	380.2	381.6	381.1	390.0
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	797.7	847.3	812.0	813.0	809.5	818.0	822.6	839.5	854.3	859.8	858.1	864.8	867.9	876.1	883.6	877.9
Farm	14.3	19.5	16.8	11.7	13.1	14.2	16.2	20.0	23.8	22.5	21.4	20.5	22.6	23.9	23.7	16.7
Nonfarm	783.4	827.8	795.3	801.3	796.5	803.9	806.4	819.5	830.5	837.2	836.7	844.3	845.3	852.2	859.8	861.2
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	173.0	163.7	154.0	158.3	163.3	168.1	160.8	153.3	146.2	151.4	157.0	162.6	171.9	181.0	190.2	1 <b>86</b> .6
Personal income receipts on assets	1,378.5 982.4	1,390.5	1,392.1	1,390.2	1,388.5	1,387.1	1,388.4	1,390.2	1,391.9	1,390.5	1,389.2	1,388.0	1,390.9	1,394.1	1,397.5	1,398.0
Personal interest income Personal dividend income	396.2	961.8 428.7	978.9 413.2	974.6 415.6	970.5 418.0	966.7 420.4	965.5 422.9	964.9 425.3	964.3 427.6	960.7 429.8	957.1 432.2	953.4 434.6	954.0 436.9	954.7 439.4	955.4 442.1	953.2 444.8
Personal current transfer receipts	1,292.2	1,377.2	1,325.1	1,329.4	1,335.9	1,347.5	1,357.4	1,368.6	1,383.1	1,393.5	1,397.4	1,405.2	1,402.2	1,395.9	1,410.2	1,411.3
Government social benefits to persons	1,249.5	1,331.3	1,284.6	1,285.1	1,290.7	1,301.3	1,311.9	1,324.1	1,339.7	1,348.4	1,351.3	1,358.1	1,354.4	1,348.2	1,362.6	1,364.2
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits	710.3	743.7	727.5	728.3	732.3	736.2	737.6	743.7	744.1	743.3	746.8	746.7	751.1	752.9	760.7	763.6
Government unemployment insurance benefits	53.4	55.6	54.4	49.5	50.5	55.6	55.5	53.4	60.0	59.3	57.3	59.2	58.4	53.0	55.1	47.1
OtherOther current transfer receipts, from business (net)	485.8 42.6	532.1 45.9	502.6 40.6	507.3 44.3	507.8 45.3	509.4 46.2	518.8 45.5	526.9 44.5	535.7 43.4	545.7 45.1	547.2 46.1	552.2 47.1	544.9 47.8	542.2 47.7	546.8 47.6	553.6 47.1
Less: Contributions for government												1				
social insurance Less: Personal current taxes	750.3 1,053.1	774.9 988.7	756.5 1,039.6	766.6 1,014.8	769.2 1,009.6	770.4 1,003.9	770.4 1,000.0	772.1 1,000.0	774.4 1,000.5	775.8 924.6	777.0 882.2	778.1 1,001.0	779.8 1,004.8	783.0 1,010.6	782.2 1,012.8	796.9 963.4
Equals: Disposable personal	1,033.1	300.7	1,035.0	1,014.0	1,009.0	1,003.5	1,000.0	1,000.0	1,000.5	324.0	002.2	1,001.0	1,004.0	1,010.0	1,012.6	303.4
income	7,857.2	8,202.9	7,954.5	7,997.7	<b>8,037.</b> 3	8,082.7	8,100.8	8,151.0	8,185.6	8,294.9	8,357.4	8,267.4	8,289.5	8,321.5	8,348.9	8,416.7
Less: Personal outlays	7,674.0	8,037.3	7,848.6	7,864.3	7,876.6	7,923.9	7,907.7	7,956.8	8,005.8	8,072.4	8,142.2	8,140.8	8,139.0	8,187.3	8,230.3	8,262.1
Personal consumption expenditures  Durable goods	7,385.3 911.3	7,753.2 941.1	7,564.1 934.7	7,578.3 900.0	7,589.0 889.6	7,634.7 905.0	7,622.9 917.0	7,673.7 926.5	7,724.2 934.9	7,792.4 960.9	7,860.1 990.5	7,856.6 973.9	7,855.9 955.8	7,904.1 961.4	7,947.0 977.9	7,979.1 945.5
Nondurable goods	2,086.0	2,209.4	2,126.3	2,160.5	2,173.9	2,192.6	2,161.6	2,164.3	2,186.4	2,209.7	2,239.6	2,240.7	2,246.4	2,267.0	2,270.5	2,304.3
Services Personal interest payments 1	4,388.0 194.7	4,602.7 184.9	4,503.1 183.9	4,517.8 185.0	4,525.5 186.2	4,537.1 187.5	4,544.3 185.2	4,582.8 183.2	4,602.8 181.2	4,621.8 182.9	4,630.0 184.6	4,642.0 186.3	4,653.7 185.9	4,675.7 185.6	4,698.6 185.3	4,729.2 184.7
Personal current transfer payments	94.0	99.1	100.7	100.9	101.3	101.7	99.6	100.0	100.4	97.1	97.6	98.0	97.1	97.6	98.0	98.4
To government	58.6 35.4	63.1 36.0	60.5 40.2	60.9 40.1	61.3 40.1	61.7 40.1	62.1 37.5	62.5 37.5	62.9 37.5	63.3 33.9	63.7 33.9	64.1 33.9	64.4 32.7	64.9 32.7	65.3 32.7	65.7 32.7
Equals: Personal saving	183.2	165.6	105.9	133.4	160.7	158.8	193.1	194.2	179.8	222.5	215.2	126.6	150.5	134.2	118.6	154.6
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income	2.3	2.0	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.6	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.8
Addenda:		2.0			2.0		/			,		,	1.0		""	1.0
Disposable personal income: Billions of chained (2000) dollars 2	7,596.7	7,789.9	7,616.4	7,647.7	7,656.9	7,681.4	7,716.4	7,763.3	7,780.6	7,874.4	7,920.7	7,821.7	7,844.1	7,880.6	7,891.2	7,929.1
Per capita: Current dollars	27,259	28,180	27,468	27,597	27,714	27,849	27,890	28,041	28,136	28,487	28,676	28,341	28,393	28,479	28,550	28,761
Chained (2000 dollars)	26,355	26,761	26,300	26,389	26,402	26,467	26,567	26,707	26,744	27,043	27,177	26,814	26,867	26,970	26,985	27,095
Population (midperiod, thousands) <sup>3</sup> Personal consumption expenditures:	288,240	291,086	289,591	289,806	290,013	290,228	290,451	290,686	290,929	291,179	291,446	291,709	291,958	292,197	292,427	292,644
Billions of chained (2000) dollars	7,140.5	7,362.9	7,242.5	7,246.7	7,229.8	7,255.7	7,261.1	7,308.7	7,342.1	7,397.3	7,449.4	7,433.1	7,433.8	7,485.4	7,511.3	7,516.8
Durable goodsNondurable goods	957.2 2,043.6	1,027.0 2,120.8	997.6 2,069.6	964.6 2,095.4	956.1 2,084.3	974.3 2.091.9	990.5 2,081.3	1,006.4 2,097.6	1,018.4 2,111.7	1,050.1 2,128.4	1,085.7 2,143.8	1,071.6 2,130.7	1,054.6 2,143.7	1,064.9 2,171.0	1,086.6 2,169.7	1,048.3 2,186.9
Services	4,141.8	4,224.1	4,180.7	4,188.9	4,190.5	4,192.6	4,194.1	4,211.1	4,219.8	4,230.5	4,236.3	4,244.8	4,247.1	4,262.3	4,270.7	4,290.9
Implicit price deflator, 2000=100	103.4	105.3	104.4	104.6	105.0	105.2	105.0	105.0	105.2	105.3	105.5	105.7	105.7	105.6	105.8	106.1
Personal income, current dollars Disposable personal income:	2.3	3.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2
Current dollars	5.2	4.4	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.4	1.3	0.8	-1.1	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.8
Chained (2000) dollars Personal consumption expenditures:	3.8	2.5	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.2	1.2	0.6	-1.2	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.5
Current dollars	4.8 3.4	5.0 3.1	0.9 0.7	0.2 0.1	0.1 -0.2	0.6 0.4	-0.2 0.1	0.7 0.7	0.7 0.5	0.9 0.8	0.9 0.7	0.0 -0.2	0.0 0.0	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.3	0.4 0.1
n Daniferate and																

CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment.

IVA inventory valuation adjustment.

Consists of nonmortgage interest paid by households.
 Equals disposable personal income deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures.
 Population is the total population of the United States, including the Armed Forces overseas and the institutionalized population. The monthly estimate is the average of estimates for the first of the month and the first of the following month; the annual estimate is the average of the monthly estimates.

#### C. Historical Measures

This table is derived from the "GDP and Other Major NIPA Series" tables that were published in the February 2004 issue of the Survey of Current Business and from the "Selected NIPA Tables" that are published in this issue. (The changes in prices are calculated from indexes expressed to three decimal places.)

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions of chained (2000) dollars				ange from g period	Chain-type p [2000	orice indexes ≔100}	Implicit pric		Percent change from preceding period				
Year and quarter	ind quarter Gross F		Gross Final sales of Gross		Final sales of	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	Chain-type price indexes		Implicit pric	e deflators	
	domestic product	domestic product	national product	Gross domestic product	domestic product	domestic product	domestic purchases	domestic product	national product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	
1959	2,441.3	2,442.7	2,457.4	7.1	6.2	20.754	20.365	20.751	20.727	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.:	
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964	2,501.8 2,560.0 2,715.2 2,834.0 2,998.6	2,506.8 2,566.8 2,708.5 2,830.3 2,999.9	2,519.4 2,579.3 2,736.9 2,857.2 3,023.6	2.5 2.3 6.1 4.4 5.8	2.6 2.4 5.5 4.5 6.0	21.044 21.281 21.572 21.801 22.134	20.646 20.865 21.139 21.385 21.725	21.041 21.278 21.569 21.798 22.131	21.018 21.255 21.547 21.777 22.111	1.4 1.1 1.4 1.1 1.5	1.4 1.1 1.3 1.2 1.6	1.4 1.1 1.4 1.1 1.5	1, 1, 1, 1,	
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	3,191.1 3,399.1 3,484.6 3,652.7 3,765.4	3,173.8 3,364.8 3,467.6 3,640.3 3,753.7	3,217.3 3,423.7 3,510.1 3,680.0 3,792.0	6.4 6.5 2.5 4.8 3.1	5.8 6.0 3.1 5.0 3.1	22.538 23.180 23.897 24.916 26.153	22.102 22.724 23.389 24.380 25.580	22.535 23.176 23.893 24.913 26.149	22.516 23.158 23.874 24.893 26.127	1.8 2.8 3.1 4.3 5.0	1.7 2.8 2.9 4.2 4.9	1.8 2.8 3.1 4.3 5.0	1 2 3 4 5	
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	3,771.9 3,898.6 4,105.0 4,341.5 4,319.6	3,787.7 3,893.4 4,098.6 4,315.9 4,305.5	3,798.2 3,927.8 4,136.2 4,383.6 4,367.5	0.2 3.4 5.3 5.8 -0.5	0.9 2.8 5.3 5.3 –0.2	27.538 28.916 30.171 31.854 34.721	26.964 28.351 29.619 31.343 34.546	27.534 28.911 30.166 31.849 34.725	27.512 28.889 30.145 31.830 34.699	5.3 5.0 4.3 5.6 9.0	5.4 5.1 4.5 5.8 10.2	5.3 5.0 4.3 5.6 9.0	5. 5 4 5 9	
1975 1976 1977 1978	4,311.2 4,540.9 4,750.5 5,015.0 5,173.4	4,352.5 4,522.3 4,721.6 4,981.6 5,161.2	4,348.4 4,585.3 4,800.3 5,064.4 5,240.1	-0.2 5.3 4.6 5.6 3.2	1.1 3.9 4.4 5.5 3.6	38.007 40.202 42.758 45.762 49.553	37.761 39.938 42.634 45.663 49.669	38.002 40.196 42.752 45.757 49.548	37.976 40.175 42.731 45.737 49.527	9.5 5.8 6.4 7.0 8.3	9.3 5.8 6.8 7.1 8.8	9.4 5.8 6.4 7.0 8.3	9 5 6 7 8	
980 1981 1982 1983 1984	5,161.7 5,291.7 5,189.3 5,423.8 5,813.6	5,196.7 5,265.1 5,233.4 5,454.0 5,739.2	5,227.6 5,349.7 5,249.7 5,482.5 5,869.3	-0.2 2.5 -1.9 4.5 7.2	0.7 1.3 -0.6 4.2 5.2	54.062 59.128 62.738 65.214 67.664	54.876 59.896 63.296 65.515 67.822	54.043 59.119 62.726 65.207 67.655	54.015 59.095 62.699 65.184 67.631	9.1 9.4 6.1 3.9 3.8	10.5 9.1 5.7 3.5 3.5	9.1 9.4 6.1 4.0 3.8	9 9 6 4 3	
985 1986 1987 1988 1989	6,053.7 6,263.6 6,475.1 6,742.7 6,981.4	6,042.1 6,271.8 6,457.2 6,734.5 6,962.2	6,093.4 6,290.6 6,500.9 6,775.2 7,015.4	4.1 3.5 3.4 4.1 3.5	5.3 3.8 3.0 4.3 3.4	69.724 71.269 73.204 75.706 78.569	69.760 71.338 73.527 76.043 78.934	69.713 71.250 73.196 75.694 78.556	69.695 71.227 73.181 75.679 78.549	3.0 2.2 2.7 3.4 3.8	2.9 2.3 3.1 3.4 3.8	3.0 2.2 2.7 3.4 3.8	3 2 2 3 3	
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	7,112.5 7,100.5 7,336.6 7,532.7 7,835.5	7,108.5 7,115.0 7,331.1 7,522.3 7,777.8	7,155.2 7,136.8 7,371.8 7,568.6 7,864.2	1.9 -0.2 3.3 2.7 4.0	2.1 0.1 3.0 2.6 3.4	81.614 84.457 86.402 88.390 90.265	82.144 84.836 86.828 88.730 90.583	81.590 84.444 86.385 88.381 90.259	81.589 84.440 86.375 88.382 90.262	3.9 3.5 2.3 2.3 2.1	4.1 3.3 2.3 2.2 2.1	3.9 3.5 2.3 2.3 2.1	3 3 2 2 2	
1995 1996 1997 1998	8,031.7 8,328.9 8,703.5 9,066.9 9,470.3	8,010.2 8,306.5 8,636.6 8,997.6 9,404.0	8,069.8 8,365.3 8,737.5 9,088.7 9,504.7	2.5 3.7 4.5 4.2 4.5	3.0 3.7 4.0 4.2 4.5	92.115 93.859 95.415 96.475 97.868	92.483 94.145 95.440 96.060 97.556	92.106 93.852 95.414 96.472 97.868	92.114 93.863 95.420 96.475 97.869	2.0 1.9 1.7 1.1 1.4	2.1 1.8 1.4 0.6 1.6	2.0 1.9 1.7 1.1 1.4	2 1 1 1 1	
2000 2001 2002 2003	9,817.0 9,866.6 10,083.0 10,397.7	9,760.5 9,901.1 10,076.9 10,393.4	9,855.9 9,901.4 10,105.0	3.7 0.5 2.2 3.1	3.8 1.4 1.8 3.1	100.000 102.376 103.949 105.665	100.000 101.974 103.374 105.308	100.000 102.373 103.945 105.652	100.000 102.368 103.932	2.2 2.4 1.5 1.7	2.5 2.0 1.4 1.9	2.2 2.4 1.5 1.6	2 2 1	

**Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—**Continued [Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

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	Billions	of chained (200	0) dollars		nange from ng period	Chain-type ( [2000	orice indexes =100]	Implicit pric		Pero	ent change from	m preceding p	riod
Year and quarter	Gross	Final sales of	Gross	Gross	Final sales of	Gross	Gross	Cross	Cross	Chain-type p	riceindexes	Implicit pric	e deflators
	domestic product	domestic	national product	domestic product	domestic product	domestic product	domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1959: III	2,455.8 2,453.9	2,440.3 2,471.1	2,408.1 2,471.1 2,470.3 2,479.8	7.9 10.9 -0.3 1.4	8.1 7.4 5.1 -1.4	20.680 20.711 20.770 20.853	20.296 20.326 20.379 20.460	20.704 20.704 20.753 20.840	20.680 20.681 20.730 20.817	1.8 0.6 1.1 1.6	2.1 0.6 1.0 1.6	0.9 0.0 1.0 1.7	0.9 0.0 1.0 1.7
1960: I II IV	2,504.8 2,508.7	2,511.5 2,507.9	2,534.1 2,521.8 2,526.5 2,494.9	9.2 -2.0 0.6 -5.1	4.3 3.8 -0.6 1.9	20.903 20.995 21.093 21.186	20.505 20.598 20.694 20.787	20.931 21.004 21.084 21.146	20.909 20.982 21.061 21.122	1.0 1.8 1.9 1.8	0.9 1.8 1.9 1.8	1.8 1.4 1.5 1.2	1.8 1.4 1.5 1.2
1961: I II III IV	2,538.0 2,579.1	2,549.1 2,568.9	2,510.8 2,556.7 2,598.3 2,651.4	2.4 7.7 6.6 8.4	0.4 4.4 3.1 9.4	21.210 21.249 21.305 21.360	20.807 20.831 20.887 20.933	21.192 21.237 21.303 21.375	21.169 21.214 21.280 21.352	0.5 0.7 1.1 1.0	0.4 0.5 1.1 0.9	0.9 0.9 1.2 1.4	0.9 0.9 1.3 1.4
1962: I II IV	2,708.4 2,733.3	2,704.5 2,725.6	2,698.6 2,729.7 2,754.8 2,764.5	7.4 4.4 3.7 1.0	5.0 6.9 3.2 2.8	21.482 21.538 21.596 21.671	21.041 21.109 21.163 21.241	21.501 21.533 21.585 21.653	21.479 21.511 21.564 21.632	2.3 1.0 1.1 1.4	2.1 1.3 1.0 1.5	2.4 0.6 1.0 1.3	2.4 0.6 1.0 1.3
1963: I	2,810.6 2,863.5	2,809.7 2,859.4	2,799.4 2,833.3 2,886.6 2,909.6	5.3 5.1 7.7 3.1	2.7 7.0 7.3 4.3	21.732 21.754 21.794 21.923	21.308 21.335 21.382 21.514	21.702 21.745 21.788 21.951	21.681 21.724 21.768 21.930	1.1 0.4 0.7 2.4	1.3 0.5 0.9 2.5	0.9 0.8 0.8 3.0	0.9 0.8 0.8 3.0
1964: 1 II III IV	2,984.8 3,025.5	2,988.1 3,025.4	2,976.3 3,009.6 3,051.1 3,057.5	9.3 4.7 5.6 1.1	9.0 4.9 5.1 1.0	22.001 22.073 22.180 22.282	21.596 21.674 21.769 21.860	22.016 22.073 22.160 22.270	21.995 22.053 22.140 22.250	1.4 1.3 2.0 1.9	1.5 1.5 1.8 1.7	1.2 1.0 1.6 2.0	1.2 1.1 1.6 2.0
1965:           V	3,150.2 3,214.1	3,136.6 3,195.5	3,135.2 3,178.0 3,240.0 3,315.7	10.2 5.5 8.4 10.0	6.5 7.4 7.7 11.3	22.380 22.479 22.578 22.717	21.940 22.037 22.140 22.292	22.383 22.480 22.563 22.707	22.363 22.460 22.544 22.688	1.8 1.8 1.8 2.5	1.5 1.8 1.9 2.8	2.0 1.7 1.5 2.6	2.0 1.7 1.5 2.6
1966: \ II IV	3,384.0 3,406.3	3,352.4 3,380.2	3,396.9 3,408.7 3,430.4 3,458.9	10.1 1.4 2.7 3.3	6.8 1.9 3.4 1.1	22.857 23.071 23.293 23.498	22.416 22.629 22.831 23.018	22.855 23.048 23.291 23.505	22.837 23.029 23.272 23.486	2.5 3.8 3.9 3.6	2.2 3.9 3.6 3.3	2.6 3.4 4.3 3.7	2.7 3.4 4.3 3.7
1967: I II IV	3,464.3	3,460.2 3,477.8	3,489.0 3,488.5 3,518.5 3,544.1	3.6 0.0 3.2 3.1	4.1 4.3 2.0 3.5	23.611 23.759 23.977 24.242	23.109 23.254 23.469 23.723	23.612 23.741 23.975 24.241	23.593 23.722 23.955 24.221	1.9 2.5 3.7 4.5	1.6 2.5 3.7 4.4	1.8 2.2 4.0 4.5	1.8 2.2 4.0 4.5
1968: I	. 3,651.6 . 3,676.5	3,617.7 3,669.4	3,617.2 3,678.7 3,704.4 3,719.6	8.5 7.0 2.7 1.7	8.6 4.1 5.8 2.5	24.503 24.777 25.017 25.367	23.979 24.230 24.483 24.826	24.506 24.763 25.008 25.362	24.487 24.743 24.988 25.342	4.4 4.5 3.9 5.7	4.4 4.3 4.2 5.7	4.4 4.3 4.0 5.8	4.5 4.2 4.0 5.8
1969: I II IV	3,760.9	3,748.6 3,767.6	3,778.0 3,787.7 3,810.0 3,792.1	6.5 1.1 2.5 –1.9	4.2 2.0 2.0 0.1	25.622 25.966 26.345 26.678	25.062 25.402 25.764 26.093	25.626 25.958 26.332 26.675	25.605 25.937 26.310 26.652	4.1 5.5 6.0 5.2	3.9 5.5 5.8 5.2	4.2 5.3 5.9 5.3	4.2 5.3 5.9 5.3
1970: I II III	. 3,767.1 3,800.5	3,771.0 3,804.6	3,786.3 3,794.3 3,827.4 3,784.5	-0.7 0.8 3.6 -4.2		27.051 27.437 27.655 28.009	26.474 26.841 27.093 27.449	27.056 27.428 27.647 28.004	27.034 27.406 27.624 27.982	5.7 5.8 3.2 5.2	6.0 5.7 3.8 5.4	5.8 5.6 3.2 5.3	5.9 5.6 3.2 5.3
1971: I II III	3,885.9 3,916.7	3,871.3 3,905.2	3,893.1 3,916.4 3,944.4 3,957.1	11.6 2.3 3.2 1.1	2.8 3.5	28.429 28.809 29.097 29.329	27.854 28.230 28.539 28.779	28.425 28.798 29.089 29.322	28.403 28.777 29.069 29.300	6.1 5.5 4.1 3.2	6.0 5.5 4.5 3.4	6.2 5.4 4.1 3.2	6.2 5.4 4.1 3.2
1972:   #     	. 4,092.1 4,131.1	4,073.0 4,109.6	4,028.1 4,122.1 4,163.5 4,231.0	7.3 9.8 3.9 6.7		29.814 29.989 30.264 30.620	29.234 29.437 29.728 30.078	29.781 29.959 30.250 30.652	29.759 29.937 30.229 30.631	6.8 2.4 3.7 4.8	6.5 2.8 4.0 4.8	6.4 2.4 3.9 5.4	6.4 2.4 4.0 5.4
1973:   \\ \\ \\ \\	. 4,355.1 4,331.9	4,317.4 4,322.6	4,342.5 4,394.6 4,377.8 4,419.5	10.6 4.7 -2.1 3.9	2.0 0.5	31.025 31.542 32.147 32.703	30.478 31.052 31.625 32.218	31.020 31.500 32.114 32.750	31.000 31.481 32.095 32.731	5.4 6.8 7.9 7.1	5.4 7.7 7.6 7.7	4.9 6.3 8.0 8.2	4.9 6.4 8.0 8.2
1974: I II III IV	. 4,347.9 4,305.8	4,328.7 4,316.3	4,389.4 4,399.1 4,352.4 4,329.3	-3.4 1.2 -3.8 -1.6	0.6 -1.1		33.068 34.007 35.045 36.062		33.354 34.137 35.141 36.188	8.4 9.2 12.9 12.8		7.9 9.8 12.3 12.5	7.8 9.7 12.3 12.5

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Continued

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions	of chained (200	0) dollars		nange from ng period		orice indexes =100]	Implicit prid [2000	ce deflators ≔100]	Perc	ent change from	m preceding po	eriod
Year and quarter	Cr	Einel calas -f	Overs	Crr	Einel onland	Cran	Gran	Genan	Crass	Chain-type p	orice indexes	Implicit pric	e deflators
,	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross national product	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1975:      	4,237.6 4,268.6 4,340.9 4,397.8	4,331.0 4,370.1	4,271.5 4,302.8 4,377.7 4,441.7	-4.7 3.0 6.9 5.4		37.077 37.622 38.324 39.005	36.849 37.412 38.060 38.724	37.050 37.614 38.313 38.987	37.022 37.586 38.288 38.961	9.6 6.0 7.7 7.3	9.0 6.3 7.1 7.2	9.5 6.2 7.6 7.2	9.5 6.2 7.7 7.2
1976:       II   IV	4,496.8 4,530.3 4,552.0 4,584.6	4,482.1 4,496.3 4,523.7 4,587.1	4,539.3 4,574.6 4,596.7 4,630.4	9.3 3.0 1.9 2.9	5.6 1.3 2.5 5.7	39.443 39.866 40.405 41.096	39.163 39.595 40.168 40.828	39.418 39.840 40.385 41.122	39.396 39.818 40.365 41.101	4.6 4.4 5.5 7.0	4.6 4.5 5.9 6.7	4.5 4.4 5.6 7.5	4.5 4.4 5.6 7.5
1977: I II III IV	4,640.0 4,731.1 4,815.8 4,815.3	4,631.5 4,705.5 4,755.2 4,794.1	4,692.2 4,782.3 4,866.4 4,860.4	4.9 8.1 7.4 0.0	3.9 6.5 4.3 3.3	41.781 42.452 43.036 43.762	41.591 42.306 42.950 43.688	41.796 42.401 42.917 43.852	41.773 42.381 42.899 43.831	6.8 6.6 5.6 6.9	7.7 7.1 6.2 7.1	6.7 5.9 5.0 9.0	6.7 6.0 5.0 9.0
1978:            	4,830.8 5,021.2 5,070.7 5,137.4	4,799.5 4,989.9 5,036.0 5,100.6	4,882.9 5,064.7 5,118.2 5,191.9	1.3 16.7 4.0 5.4	0.5 16.8 3.7 5.2	44.493 45.350 46.133 47.074	44.410 45.266 46.048 46.928	44.505 45.321 46.072 47.047	44.483 45.301 46.052 47.027	6.9 7.9 7.1 8.4	6.8 7.9 7.1 7.9	6.1 7.5 6.8 8.7	6.1 7.6 6.8 8.7
1979:            	5,147.4 5,152.3 5,189.4 5,204.7	5,117.8 5,117.9 5,192.3 5,216.9	5,203.1 5,214.9 5,263.8 5,278.6	0.8 0.4 2.9 1.2	1.4 0.0 5.9 1.9	47.929 49.092 50.102 51.088	47.828 49.044 50.289 51.515	47.876 49.058 50.115 51.117	47.857 49.034 50.093 51.093	7.5 10.1 8.5 8.1	7.9 10.6 10.5 10.1	7.2 10.2 8.9 8.2	7.2 10.2 8.9 8.2
1980:      	5,221.3 5,115.9 5,107.4 5,202.1	5,227.3 5,126.2 5,193.5 5,239.7	5,296.5 5,185.5 5,173.0 5,255.6	1.3 7.8 0.7 7.6	0.8 -7.5 5.4 3.6	52.209 53.362 54.572 56.105	52.930 54.220 55.446 56.907	52.195 53.349 54.560 56.071	52.172 53.324 54.534 56.043	9.1 9.1 9.4 11.7	11.4 10.1 9.4 11.0	8.7 9.1 9.4 11.5	8.7 9.1 9.4 11.5
1981:      	5,307.5 5,266.1 5,329.8 5,263.4	5,261.7 5,272.8 5,278.5 5,247.4	5,364.5 5,319.8 5,386.8 5,327.3	8.4 -3.1 4.9 -4.9	1.7 0.8 0.4 –2.3	57.566 58.582 59.661 60.704	58.397 59.434 60.355 61.400	57.517 58.598 59.641 60.729	57.492 58.571 59.616 60.706	10.8 7.2 7.6 7.2	10.9 7.3 6.3 7.1	10.7 7.7 7.3 7.5	10.8 7.7 7.3 7.5
1982: I II IV	5,177.1 5,204.9 5,185.2 5,189.8	5,232.9 5,230.5 5,196.6 5,273.3	5,237.7 5,272.8 5,242.9 5,245.3	-6.4 2.2 -1.5 0.4	-2.6	61.563 62.330 63.193 63.866	62.213 62.883 63.717 64.372	61.555 62.302 63.182 63.863	61.530 62.276 63.155 63.837	5.8 5.1 5.7 4.3	5.4 4.4 5.4 4.2	5.6 4.9 5.8 4.4	5.5 4.9 5.8 4.4
1983: 1 II IV	5,253.8 5,372.3 5,478.4 5,590.5	5,329.2 5,404.6 5,505.1 5,577.0	5,308.8 5,430.9 5,538.0 5,652.4	5.0 9.3 8.1 8.4	4.3 5.8 7.7 5.3	64.413 64.881 65.542 66.020	64.768 65.213 65.849 66.231	64.388 64.853 65.517 66.012	64.363 64.831 65.495 65.991	3.5 2.9 4.1 2.9	2.5 2.8 4.0 2.3	3.3 2.9 4.2 3.1	3.3 2.9 4.2 3.1
1984:         	5,699.8 5,797.9 5,854.3 5,902.4		5,757.1 5,855.5 5,911.3 5,953.2	8.1 7.1 3.9 3.3		66.838 67.439 67.989 68.392	67.052 67.647 68.114 68.476	66.837 67.414 67.953 68.385	66.815 67.392 67.930 68.359	5.0 3.6 3.3 2.4	5.1 3.6 2.8 2.1	5.1 3.5 3.2 2.6	5.1 3.5 3.2 2.6
1985: i	5,956.9 6,007.8 6,101.7 6,148.6	5,953.0 5,998.5 6,095.8 6,121.2	5,997.4 6,050.8 6,137.4 6,188.2	3.8 3.5 6.4 3.1	6.9 3.1 6.6 1.7	69.180 69.542 69.876 70.299	69.137 69.537 69.907 70.459	69.155 69.550 69.838 70.289	69.127 69.529 69.827 70.276	4.7 2.1 1.9 2.4	3.9 2.3 2.1 3.2	4.6 2.3 1.7 2.6	4.6 2.3 1.7 2.6
1986:           V	6,207.4 6,232.0 6,291.7 6,323.4	6,184.1 6,230.5 6,317.8 6,355.0	6,242.5 6,257.3 6,320.1 6,342.8	3.9 1.6 3.9 2.0	4.2 3.0 5.7 2.4	70.660 71.001 71.455 71.960	70.851 70.985 71.493 72.025	70.652 71.015 71.426 71.893	70.635 70.993 71.401 71.866	2.1 1.9 2.6 2.9	2.2 0.8 2.9 3.0	2.1 2.1 2.3 2.6	2.1 2.0 2.3 2.6
1987: I II III IV	6,365.0 6,435.0 6,493.4 6,606.8	6,431.4 6,510.8	6,386.8 6,461.8 6,519.5 6,635.4	2.7 4.5 3.7 7.2	5.6 5.0	72.514 72.904 73.450 73.948	72.728 73.229 73.819 74.332	72.487 72.882 73.425 73.958	72.465 72.870 73.412 73.944	3.1 2.2 3.0 2.7	4.0 2.8 3.3 2.8	3.3 2.2 3.0 2.9	3.4 2.3 3.0 2.9
1988: III	6,639.1 6,723.5 6,759.4 6,848.6	6,749.5	6,675.0 6,756.2 6,788.9 6,880.9	2.0 5.2 2.1 5.4	4.9 2.0	74.564 75.296 76.178 76.786	74.975 75.706 76.406 77.086	74.587 75.300 76.141 76.712	74.571 75.285 76.124 76.700	3.4 4.0 4.8 3.2	3.5 4.0 3.8 3.6	3.4 3.9 4.5 3.0	3.4 3.9 4.5 3.1
1989: I II IV	6,918.1 6,963.5 7,013.1 7,030.9	6,933.6 7,015.3	6,950.1 6,993.9 7,046.2 7,071.4	4.1 2.6 2.9 1.0	4.8	77.588 78.342 78.913 79.433	77.937 78.764 79.227 79.807	77.580 78.324 78.879 79.425	77.566 78.316 78.875 79.422	4.2 3.9 2.9 2.7	4.5 4.3 2.4 3.0	4.6 3.9 2.9 2.8	4.6 3.9 2.9 2.8
1990: III	7,112.1 7,130.3 7,130.8 7,076.9	7,118.3	7,150.0 7,169.9 7,163.9 7,137.1	4.7 1.0 0.0 –3.0	0.8	80.389 81.326 82.053 82.689	80.878 81.629 82.531 83.536	80.375 81.311 82.031 82.646	80.376 81.301 82.028 82.652	4.9 4.7 3.6 3.1	5.5 3.8 4.5 5.0	4.9 4.7 3.6 3.0	4.9 4.7 3.6 3.1

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Continued

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Billions o	f chained (200	0) dollars	Percent ch precedir	nange from ng period		orice indexes =100]	Implicit pric	e deflators =100]	Perce	ent change from	n preceding p	eriod
Year and quarter	Gross	Final sales of	Gross	Gross	Final sales of	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross	Chain-type p	rice indexes	Implicit pric	e deflators
	domestic product	domestic	national product	domestic product	domestic	domestic product	domestic purchases	domestic product	national product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1991: I II III	7,040.8 7,086.5 7,120.7 7,154.1	7,071.5 7,120.2 7,134.6 7,133.8	7,087.0 7,119.1 7,149.3 7,191.8	-2.0 2.6 1.9 1.9	-1.7 2.8 0.8 0.0	83.662 84.194 84.772 85.200	84.197 84.533 85.058 85.556	83.626 84.165 84.762 85.206	83.623 84.164 84.758 85.202	4.8 2.6 2.8 2.0	3.2 1.6 2.5 2.4	4.8 2.6 2.9 2.1	4.8 2.6 2.9 2.1
1992:      	7,228.2 7,297.9 7,369.5 7,450.7	7,239.3 7,284.3 7,360.5 7,440.3	7,265.5 7,334.5 7,402.6 7,485.0	4.2 3.9 4.0 4.5	6.0 2.5 4.2 4.4	85.766 86.212 86.587 87.042	86.093 86.588 87.098 87.531	85.721 86.190 86.580 87.029	85.710 86.181 86.567 87.019	2.7 2.1 1.8 2.1	2.5 2.3 2.4 2.0	2.4 2.2 1.8 2.1	2.4 2.2 1.8 2.1
1993:         	7,459.7 7,497.5 7,536.0 7,637.4	7,431.2 7,483.7 7,540.6 7,633.7	7,502.4 7,532.8 7,577.7 7,661.5	0.5 2.0 2.1 5.5	-0.5 2.9 3.1 5.0	87.729 88.204 88.599 89.030	88.076 88.595 88.916 89.331	87.707 88.190 88.570 89.038	87.705 88.189 88.574 89.048	3.2 2.2 1.8 2.0	2.5 2.4 1.5 1.9	3.2 2.2 1.7 2.1	3.2 2.2 1.8 2.2
1994: I II IV	7,715.1 7,815.7 7,859.5 7,951.6	7,677.5 7,737.2 7,814.3 7,882.3	7,747.2 7,843.7 7,886.8 7,979.2	4.1 5.3 2.3 4.8	2.3 3.1 4.0 3.5	89.598 89.980 90.525 90.958	89.800 90.271 90.921 91.340	89.578 89.954 90.530 90.952	89.583 89.963 90.527 90.953	2.6 1.7 2.4 1.9	2.1 2.1 2.9 1.9	2.4 1.7 2.6 1.9	2.4 1.7 2.5 1.9
1995: I II III	7,973.7 7,988.0 8,053.1 8,112.0	7,918.7 7,962.3 8,055.0 8,104.8	8,014.3 8,032.0 8,081.0 8,152.0	1.1 0.7 3.3 3.0	1.9 2.2 4.7 2.5	91.554 91.891 92.281 92.734	91.877 92.329 92.662 93.065	91.530 91.859 92.289 92.733	91.534 91.868 92.299 92.743	2.6 1.5 1.7 2.0	2.4 2.0 1.5 1.8	2.6 1.4 1.9 1.9	2.6 1.5 1.9 1.9
1996: t II IV	8,169.2 8,303.1 8,372.7 8,470.6	8,175.4 8,285.8 8,319.9 8,444.7	8,213.3 8,337.6 8,402.7 8,507.6	2.9 6.7 3.4 4.8	3.5 5.5 1.7 6.1	93.302 93.615 94.064 94.455	93.602 93.897 94.286 94.796	93.328 93.659 93.951 94.450	93.338 93.671 93.962 94.458	2.5 1.3 1.9 1.7	2.3 1.3 1.7 2.2	2.6 1.4 1.3 2.1	2.6 1.4 1.2 2.1
1997: I II IV	8,536.1 8,665.8 9,773.7 8,838.4	8,507.3 8,574.6 8,705.7 8,758.6	8,566.0 8,707.0 8,808.7 8,868.1	3.1 6.2 5.1 3.0	3.0 3.2 6.3 2.5	94.963 95.291 95.541 95.864	95.189 95.296 95.494 95.781	95.054 95.206 95.534 95.846	95.058 95.212 95.542 95.851	2.2 1.4 1.1 1.4	1.7 0.5 0.8 1.2	2.6 0.6 1.4 1.3	2.6 0.6 1.4 1.3
1998: III	8,936.2 8,995.3 9,098.9 9,237.1	8,821.1 8,948.7 9,038.4 9,182.2	8,965.5 9,022.2 9,112.2 9,255.2	4.5 2.7 4.7 6.2	2.9 5.9 4.1 6.5	96.096 96.284 96.620 96.901	95.773 95.881 96.141 96.444	96.089 96.249 96.600 96.934	96.091 96.254 96.604 96.932	1.0 0.8 1.4 1.2	0.0 0.5 1.1 1.3	1.0 0.7 1.5 1.4	1.0 0.7 1.5 1.4
1999: I II IV	9,315.5 9,392.6 9,502.2 9,671.1		9,346.7 9,429.1 9,532.7 9,710.4	3.4 3.4 4.8 7.3	2.5 5.0 4.3 5.0	97.274 97.701 98.022 98.475	96.761 97.317 97.790 98.356	97.328 97.674 98.013 98.432	97.330 97.675 98.014 98.433	1.5 1.8 1.3 1.9	1.3 2.3 2.0 2.3	1.6 1.4 1.4 1.7	1.7 1.4 1.4 1.7
2000: I II IV	9,695.6 9,847.9 9,836.6 9,887.7	9,748.4	9,729.0 9,885.3 9,867.8 9,941.6	1.0 6.4 -0.5 2.1	4.2 3.3 1.3 2.6	99.292 99.780 100.241 100.687	99.275 99.714 100.283 100.727	99.317 99.745 100.259 100.666	99.311 99.741 100.262 100.672	3.4 2.0 1.9 1.8	3.8 1.8 2.3 1.8	3.6 1.7 2.1 1.6	3.6 1.7 2.1 1.6
2001: I II IV	9,882.2 9,866.3 9,834.6 9,883.6	9,895.3 9,876.9	9,908.7 9,893.5 9,846.5 9,956.8	-0.2 -0.6 -1.3 2.0	0.7 -0.7	101.478 102.273 102.676 103.078	101.381 101.958 102.211 102.346	101.443 102.248 102.660 103.139	101.447 102.243 102.653 103.129	3.2 3.2 1.6 1.6	2.6 2.3 1.0 0.5	3.1 3.2 1.6 1.9	3.1 3.2 1.6 1.9
2002:           V	9,997.9 10,045.1 10,128.4 10,160.8	10,052.3 10,096.4	10,020.3 10,053.4 10,147.5 10,198.5	4.7 1.9 3.4 1.3	1.8	103.364 103.738 104.123 104.571	102.592 103.213 103.625 104.065	103.315 103.814 104.084 104.556	103.304 103.804 104.069 104.541	1.1 1.5 1.5 1.7	1.0 2.4 1.6 1.7	0.7 1.9 1.0 1.8	0.7 2.0 1.0 1.8
2003: t II III IV	10,210.4 10,288.3 10,493.1 10,599.2	10,289.5 10,497.7	10,237.6 10,320.2 10,528.6	2.0 3.1 8.2 4.1	3.3 8.3	105.163 105.440 105.870 106.187	104.934 105.031 105.496 105.772	105.146 105.427 105.851 106.162	105.138 105.425 105.853	2.3 1.1 1.6 1.2		2.3 1.1 1.6 1.2	

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## **D. Domestic Perspectives**

This table presents data collected from other government agencies and private organizations, as noted. Quarterly data are shown in the middle month of the quarter.

**Table D.1. Domestic Perspectives** 

							cispecti								
	2002	2003						20	03						2004
	2002	2000	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
					Сог	sumer and	producer pri	ces (monthly	data seaso	nally adjuste	ed) <sup>1</sup>				
Consumer price index for all urban consumers, 1982–84=100: All items	179.9	184.0	182.2	183.2	184.0 152.9	183.4 151.4	183.3	183.5	183.8 150.5	184.5 151.5	185.1	184.9	184.6 150.5	184.9 150.7	185.8 151.7
Commodities	149.7 209.8 190.5	151.2 216.5 193.2	150.6 213.5 192.2	152.0 214.1 192.4	214.9 192.5	215.2 192.6	150.2 216.1 193.0	150.4 216.4 193.1	216.9 193.4	217.3 193.6	152.1 217.8 193.7	151.2 218.4 194.0	218.4 194.0	218.9 194.1	219.5 194.4
Food	176.2 121.7	180.0 136.5	177.1 130.4	178.1 137.5	178.4 144.9	178.4 138.1	178.8 132.9	179.6 133.7	179.8 134.1	180.5 138.3	180.9 142.8	181.8 137.8	182.6 133.7	183.5 134.1	183.5 140.4
Producer price index, 1982=100:					·										
Finished goods	138.9 139.4 139.1	143.3 145.2 139.6	141.2 142.5 139.2	142.8 144.8 139.0	144.8 147.2 139.8	142.4 144.2 139.0	141.8 143.4 139.1	142.5 144.4 139.1	142.7 144.6 139.3	143.5 145.5 139.7	143.8 145.8 139.7	144.9 147.2 140.5	144.5 146.6 140.3	144.9 147.2 140.1	
Capital equipment	150.2 127.8	150.5 133.7	150.1 131.2	149.9 133.8	150.9 136.6	149.9 133.4	150.1 132.5	150.0 133.2	150.2 133.3	150.5 134.1	150.5 133.8	151.3 134.3	151.2 134.0	151.0 134.7	
Less food and energy	135.8 108.1	138.5 135.3	137.2 128.2	138.2 134.9	138.7 152.4	138.4 128.3	138.4 130.1	138.4 135.8	138.2 131.7	138.3 130.2	138.7 134.7	139.1 138.2	139.4 138.5	139.6 141.3	
Less energy	135.7	152.2	143.6	148.5	148.1	146.4	145.4	145.3	147.8	150.8	154.5	159.3	166.1	171.7	*************
					_	M	Money, intere	est rates, and	d stock price	\$	_				
Money stock (monthly and quarterly data seasonally adjusted): 2 Percent change:			0.07		0.45			1 80	0.00	• •		0.11	2.05	0.70	
M1 M2 Ratio:			0.27 0.56	1.18 0.73	0.45 0.43	0.41 0.73	0.96 0.81	1.06 0.62	0.39 0.75	0.68 0.65	0.06 -0.33	0.11 ~0.30	-0.05 -0.13	0.70 -0.15	-0.48 0.05
Gross domestic product to M1  Personal income to M2	8.806 1.586	8.698 1.530	1.544	8.730 1.539	1.539	1.530	8.638 1.526	1.523	1.517	8.681 1.510	1.520	1.529	8.744 1.537	1.544	1.052
Interest rates (percent, not seasonally adjusted): 2	4.68	4.12	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.22	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Prime rate charged by banks 3-month Treasury bills, secondary market 3-Year U.S. Treasury bonds	1.60 3.10	1.01	1.17 2.18	1.17 2.05	1.13 1.98	1.13 2.06	1.07	0.92 1.51	0.90 1.93	0.95 2.44	0.94 2.23	0.92 2.26	0.93 2.45	0.90 2.44	0.88 2.27
10-Year U.S. Treasury bonds Federal funds rate	4.61 1.67	4.02 1.13	4.05 1.24	3.90 1.26	3.81 1.25	3.96 1.26	3.57 1.26	3.33	3.98 1.01	4.45 1.03	4.27 1.01	4.29 1.01	4.30 1.00	4.27 0.98	4.15 1.00
New home mortgages	6.54	5.82	5.92	5.84	5.75	5.81	5.48	5.23	5.63	6.26	6.15	5.95	5.93	5.88	5.74
Index of stock prices (not seasonally adjusted): 3 500 common stocks, 1941–43=10	993.94	965.23	895.84	837.62	846.62	890.03	935.96	988.00	992.54	989.53	1,019.44	1,038.73	1,049.90	1,080.64	1,132.52
				Labor m	arkets (thou	sands, mont	hly and qua	rterly data se	easonally ad	justed, unle:	ss otherwise	noted) 1			
Civilian labor force Labor force participation rates (percent):	144,863	146,510	145,875	145,898	145,818	146,377	146,462	146,917	146,652	146,622	146,610	146,892	147,187	146,878	146,863
TotalMales, age 20 and over	66.6 76.3	66.2 75.9	66.3 75.8	66.3 75.9	66.2 75.8	66.4 76.0	66.3 76.0	66.5 76.0	66.3 75.9	66.2 75.9	66.1 76.0	66.2 75.9	66.2 76.1	66.0 75.9	66.1 76.0
Females, age 20 and over Both sexes, age 16-19	60.5 47.4	60.6 44.5	60.7 46.0	60.5 45.5	60.6 44.4	60.7 45.1	60.7 45.0	60.9 45.1	60.7 44.4	60.6 44.1	60.3 44.0	60.5 43.7	60.5 43.8	60.4 43.2	60.2 44.4
Civilian employment	136,485	137,736	137,447	137,318	137,300	137,578	137,505	137,673	137,604	137,693	137,644	138,095	138,533	138,479	138,566
population (percent)  Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	62.7	62.3	62.5 130,190	62.4 130,031	62.3 129,921	62.4 129,901	62.3 129,873	62.3 129,859	62.2 129,814	62.2 129,789	62.1 129,856	62.2 129,944	62.3 130,027	62.2 130,043	62.4 130,155
Goods-producing industries			22,122 108,068	22,005 108,026	21,949 107,972	21,880 108,021	21,859 108,014	21,805 108,054	21,744 108,070	21,712 108,077	21,697 108,159	21,674 108,270	21,686 108,341	21,670 108,373	21,677 108,478
Hours of production workers:  Average weekly hours, total private sector  Average weekly hours, manufacturing  Average weekly overtime hours,	33.9 40.5	33.7 40.4	33.8 40.3	33.7 40.4	33.8 40.4	33.6 40.1	33.7 40.2	33.7 40.3	33.6 40.1	33.6 40.2	33.6 40.4	33.7 40.5	33.8 40.8	33.5 40.6	33.7 40.9
manufacturing	4.2 8,378	4.2 8,774	4.3 8,428	4.3 8,581	4.1 8,519	4.0 8,799	4.1 8,957	4.1 9,245	4.1 9,048	4.1 8,929	4.2 8,966	4.3 8,797	4.5 8,653	4.6 8,398	4.6 8,297
Total	5.8 5.3	6.0 5.6	5.8 5.5	5.9 5.5	5.8 5.4	6.0 5.7	6.1 5.8	6.3 6.0	6.2 5.9	6.1 5.8	6.1 5.8	6.0 5.6	5.9 5.6	5.7 5.3	5.6 5.1
Females, age 20 and over Both sexes, age 16–19	5.1 16.5	5.1 17.5	4.8 17.0	5.1 17.3	5.1 17.6	5.1 17.8	5.1 18.1	5.2 19.0	5.2 18.2	5.2 16.9	5.3 17.5	5.2 17.1	5.1 15.7	5.1 16.1	5.0 16.7
15 weeks and over	2,0 16,6	2.3	2.2 18.5	2.2 18.7	2,2 18.1	2.3 19.4	2.2 19.2	2.4 19.6	2.4 19.3	2.4 19.2	2.4 19.6	2.4 19.4	2.4 20.0	2.3 19.6	2.3
Median weeks unemployed Productivity and costs, nonfarm business sector, 1992=100;	9.1	10.1	9.7	9.5	9.7	10.1	10.1	11.7	10.1	10.0	10.1	10.3	10.4	10.4	10.7
Indexes: Output per hour of all persons Unit labor costs Hourly compensation	123.6 115.0 142.1	129.1 113.6 146.7		126.0 114.8 144.6			127.9 114.4 146.3			130.8 112.8 147.5			131.6 112.7 148.3		
Percent change from preceding period, annual rate: Output per hour	5.0	4.4		3.4			6.2			9.5			2.6		
Unit labor costsReal hourly compensation	-2.5 0.7	-1.2 0.9		0.6 0.2			-1.3 4.2			−5.6 1.0			-0.4 1.4		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table D.1. Domestic Perspectives—Continued

				·										<del></del>	
	2002	2003							003						2004
			Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
					(	Construction	(monthly data	a seasonally	adjusted at a	innual rates)	4				
New construction put in place (billions of dollars).  Private construction	860.9 650.5 421.5 229.0 210.4	898.7 683.1 465.9 217.2 215.6	883.2 667.6 450.0 217.6 215.6	876.5 665.1 448.5 216.5 211.4	875.2 668.8 447.1 221.6 206.5	871.9 662.8 443.9 218.9 209.1	871.9 660.9 444.9 216.1 210.9	878.8 661.5 444.4 217.1 217.2	892.6 674.3 457.1 217.2 218.3	901.4 681.2 466.8 214.4 220.2	913.8 692.5 475.7 216.7 221.4	925.5 705.2 487.5 217.7 220.3	928.7 712.6 497.0 215.7 216.0	934.4 719.3 501.4 218.0 215.1	931.2 715.8 501.4 214.3 215.4
Housing starts (thousands of units): Total 1-unit structures	1,705 1,359	1,848 1,500	1,828 1,509	1,640 1,312	1,742 1,393	1,627 1,357	1,745 1,389	1,844 1,499	1,890 1,533	1,831 1,490	1,931 1,547	1,977 1,640	2,054 1,673	2,067 1,670	1,903 1,537
New 1-family houses sold (thousands of units)	973	1,089	1,009	935	1,008	1,004	1,081	1,200	1,145	1,190	1,129	1,149	1,111	1,125	1,106
	***	L		Manuf	acturing and	trade, invent	ories and sale	es (millions o	of dollars, mo	nthly data se	asonally adju	usted) <sup>4</sup>			
Inventories: Total manufacturing and trade Manufacturing			1,172,045 444,220 439,120 288,705	1,179,647 446,088 443,879 289,680	1,183,281 445,180 447,163 290,938	1,183,557 445,207 448,258 290,092	1,179,925 444,049 446,914 288,962	1,180,343 442,666 448,758 288,919	1,178,142 440,767 448,314 289,061	1,173,573 439,632 445,224 288,717	1,178,322 438,294 450,337 289,691	1,183,298 438,680 453,394 291,224	1,187,687 438,126 456,845 292,716	1,190,686 438,106 458,123 294,457	
Sales: Total manufacturing and trade Manufacturing Retail trade Merchant wholesalers	9,888,161 3,891,753 3,245,407 2,751,001	10,312,574 3,997,190 3,421,857 2,893,527	845,441 329,665 278,798 236,978	837,850 325,591 274,066 238,193	851,680 330,764 280,369 240,547	836,843 322,608 279,601 234,634	838,547 323,920 280,578 234,049	849,696 328,643 283,318 237,735	863,732 337,248 287,565 238,919	861,312 331,676 290,121 239,515	869,199 337,598 289,594 242,007	875,497 339,825 288,940 246,732	881,635 341,454 291,921 248,260	889,797 346,533 292,400 250,864	
Inventory-sales ratio: Total manufacturing and trade Manufacturing Retail trade Merchant wholesalers			1.39 1.35 1.58 1.22	1.41 1.37 1.62 1.22	1.39 1.35 1.59 1.21	1.41 1.38 1.60 1.24	1.41 1.37 1.59 1.23	1.39 1.35 1.58 1.22	1.36 1.31 1.56 1.21	1.36 1.33 1.53 1.21	1.36 1.30 1.56 1.20	1.35 1.29 1.57 1.18	1.35 1.28 1.56 1.18	1.34 1.26 1.57 1.17	
				lne	dustrial produ	ction indexe	and capacit	y utilization i	ates (month)	y data seaso	nally adjuste	d) <sup>2</sup>			
Industrial production indexes, 1997=100:							!								
Total Final products Consumer goods Business equipment Nonindustrial supplies	110.9 107.6 106.8 109.5 108.6 115.1	111.1 107.4 106.0 110.3 108.9	111.2 107.7 106.6 109.8 109.2 115.5	111.6 108.2 107.0 110.6 109.5 115.8	110.8 107.6 106.3 110.0 108.8 114.7	110.1 106.5 105.3 108.7 108.1 114.5	110.0 106.7 105.5 108.6 108.1 114.1	110.0 106.5 105.0 109.0 107.8 114.4	110.8 107.1 105.8 109.3 108.7 115.4	110.9 107.2 105.7 110.0 108.6 115.5	111.5 107.8 106.1 111.2 108.7 116.4	111.8 107.7 106.0 110.8 109.6 116.9	112.9 108.8 107.0 112.8 110.6 118.0	112.9 108.5 106.6 112.8 110.5 118.5	113.8 109.1 107.4 113.4 111.5 119.5
Capacity utilization rates (percent): Total industry	75.6 73.9	74.8 73.4	75.2 73.6	75.4 73.5	74.8 73.3	74.2 72.7	74.1 72.6	74.0 72.7	74.5 73.0	74.5 73.0	74.9 73.6	75.0 73.6	75.7 74.3	75.6 74.4	76.2 74.6
					edit market b									-	
All sectors, by instrument:	<del> </del>	г	Γ		SOIL THAI NOT D	on owning (om	Oris of dollar	s, quarterly (	au sousona	ny dojustou t	at ar into ar i are	, <u>,</u>			
Total  Open market paper  U.S. government securities  Municipal securities  Corporate and foreign bonds  Bank loans n.e.c.	2,290.4 -91.5 811.5 159.4 495.8 -80.6	2,703.5 -81.6 969.0 136.3 650.6 -94.4		2,505.3 44.1 643.1 103.5 750.8 –122.4			3,170.0 -76.0 1,194.9 193.7 657.4 -59.3			2,577.3 -81.6 1,088.4 112.1 481.1 -86.5			2,555.8 -212.7 949.6 135.8 713.3 -109.3		
Other loans and advances Mortgages Consumer credit	33.1 881.3 81.4	19.4 1,002.5 101.6		84.6 919.8 82.0			12.9 1,127.3 119.2			-60.7 1,002.7 121.6			40.9 960.3 77.9		

Sources: 1. Bureau of Labor Statistics 2. Federal Reserve Board

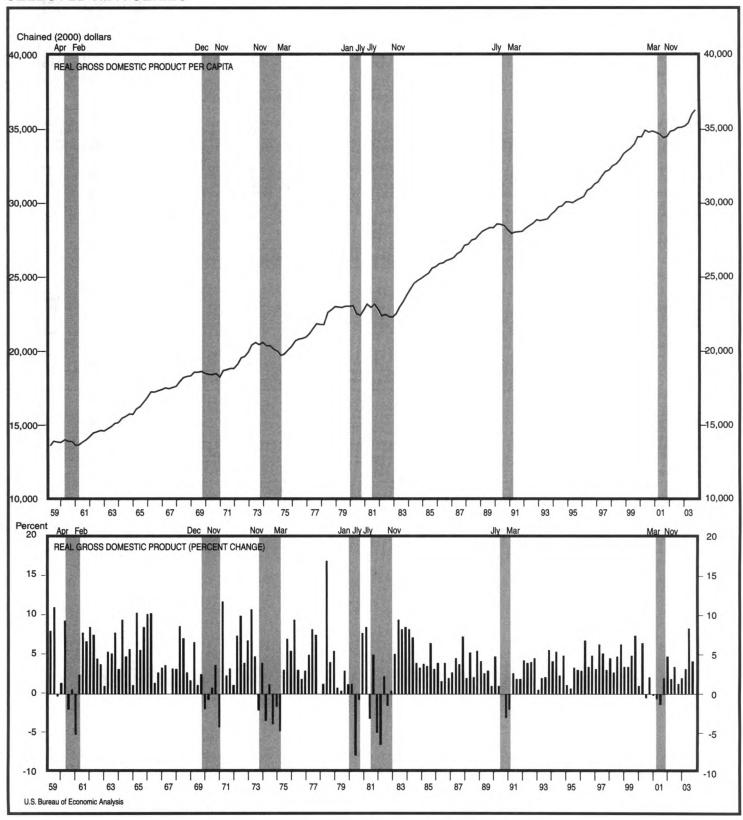
Standard and Poor's, Inc.
 Bureau of the Census
 n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified

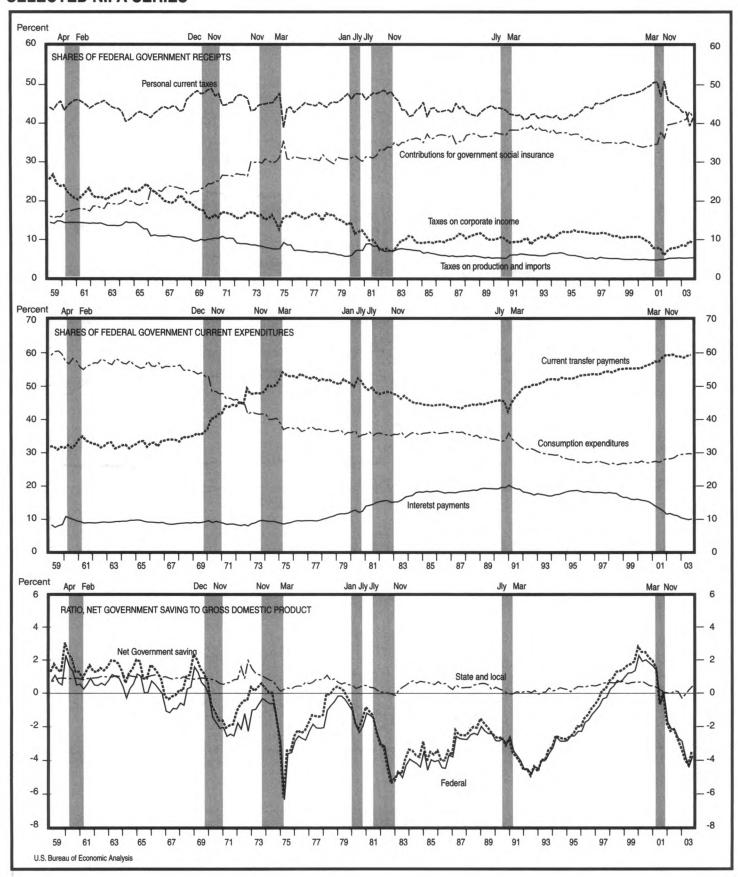
D-54 March 2004

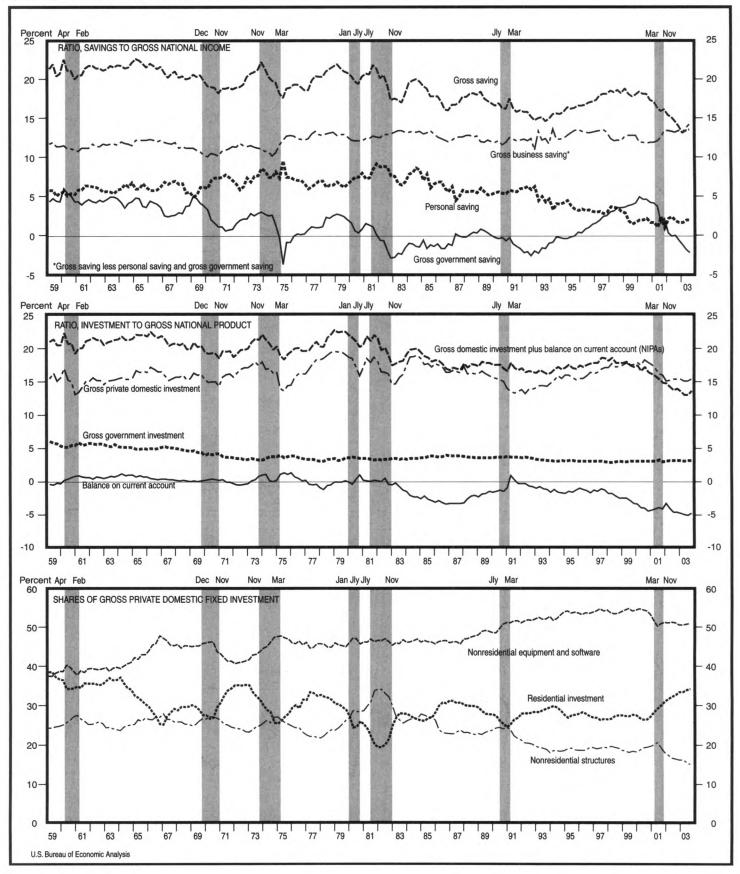
#### E. Charts

The percent changes shown in this section are based on quarter-to-quarter changes and are expressed at seasonally

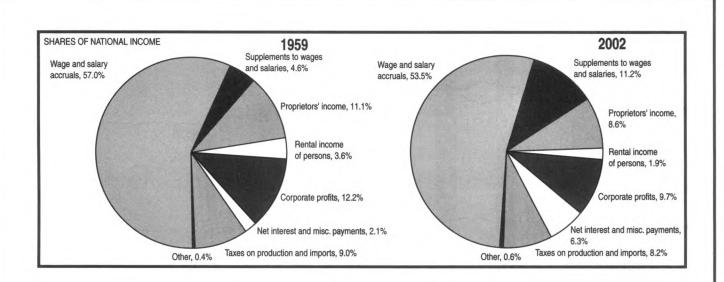
adjusted annual rates. The levels of series are also expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates as appropriate.

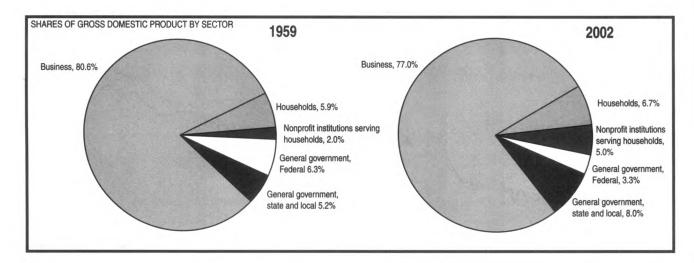


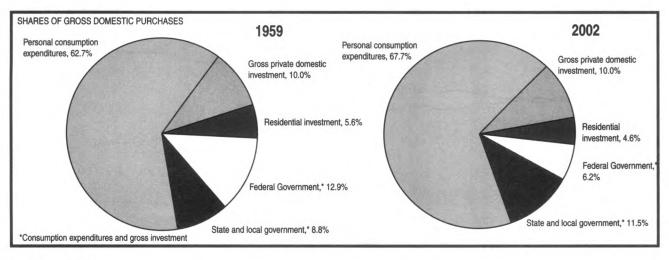




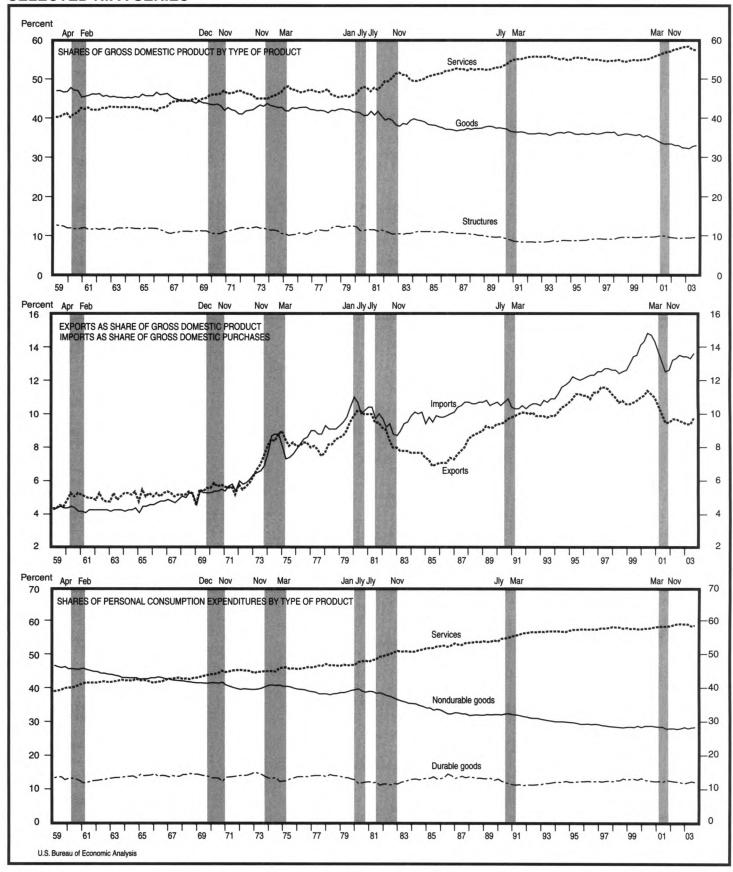
March 2004







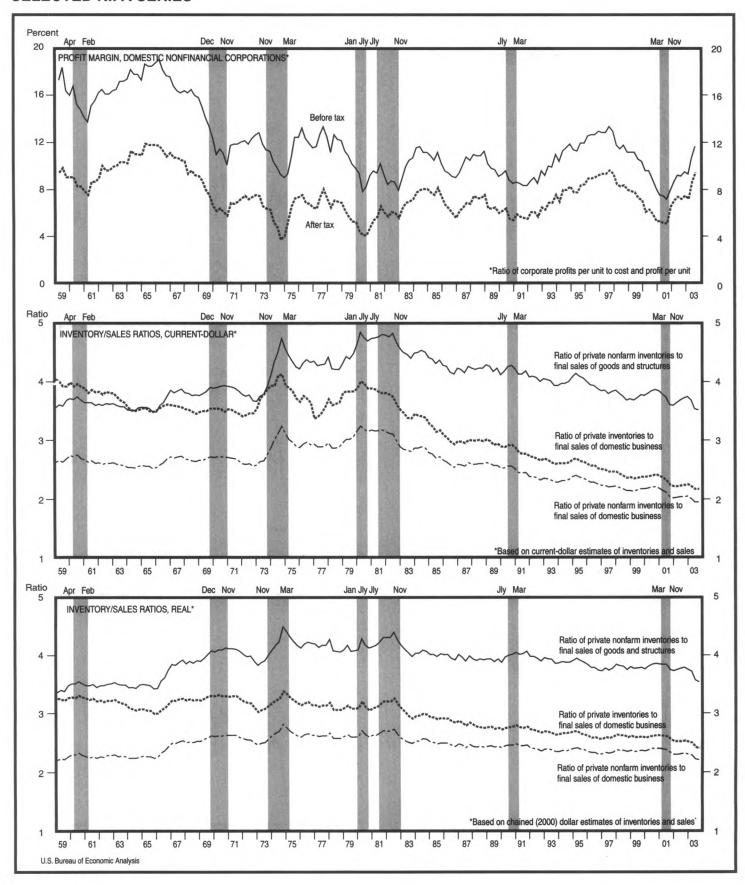
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis



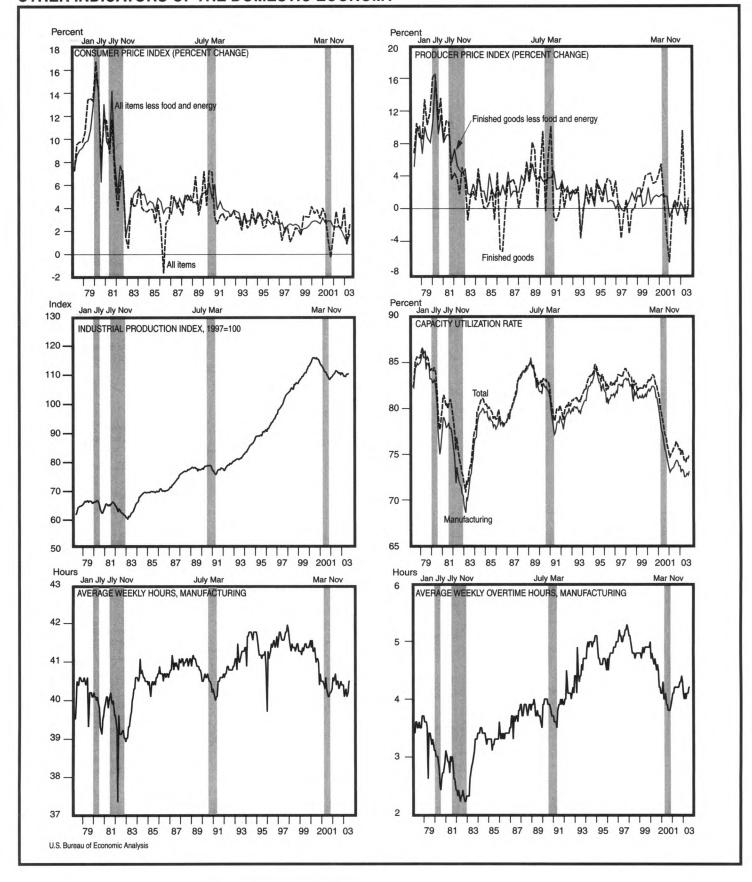
D-59

### **SELECTED NIPA SERIES**

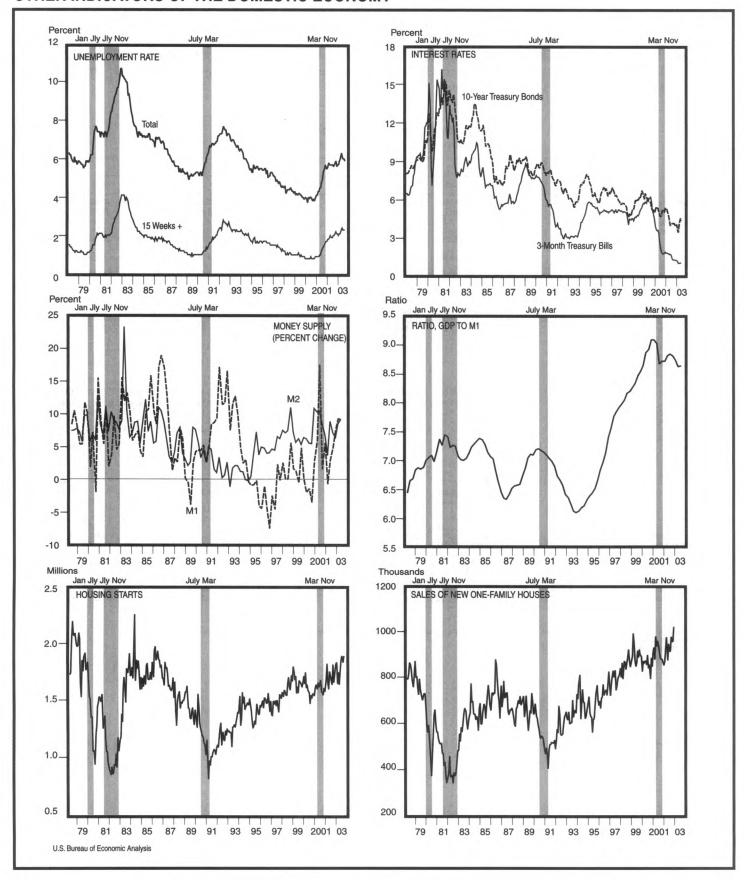
March 2004



## OTHER INDICATORS OF THE DOMESTIC ECONOMY



### OTHER INDICATORS OF THE DOMESTIC ECONOMY



D-62 March 2004

### **International Data**

### F. Transactions Tables

Table F.1 contains estimates of U.S. international trade in goods and services that were released on March 10, 2004, including "preliminary" estimates for January 2004 and "revised" estimates for January-December 2003. The sources for the other tables in this section are as noted.

Table F.1. U.S. International Transactions in Goods and Services

[Millions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted]

			2002						20	103						2004
	2002	2003 ′	Dec.	Jan. '	Feb. '	March '	April '	May '	June '	July '	Aug. '	Sept. r	Oct. r	Nov. r	Dec. '	Jan. p
Exports of goods and services	974,107	1,018,720	81,075	82,058	82,691	82,639	81,103	82,261	84,132	85,627	83,385	85,836	88,250	90,633	90,103	89,045
Goods	681.874	713,788	55,774	57.156	57.920	58.309	57.243	57,774	59,269	60,367	57.691	59,719	61,655	63,722	62.962	61.907
Foods, feeds, and beverages	49.616	55,096	4,355	4.434	4,436	4.412	4,372	4,327	4,506	4.650	4.392	4,598	4,828	5,189	4,952	4.563
Industrial supplies and materials	156.837	172,969	13.625	14,077	13,976	14,414	14,212	14,260	14,465	14,821	14.020	14.069	14,731	14,650	15,275	15.208
Capital goods, except automotive	290,496	293,047	22,461	22,922	24,093	23,612	22,983	23,268	24,111	24,710	23,891	24,665	25,576	27,214	26,002	25.803
Automotive vehicles, parts, and	, i		1	· 1	,	i i	· 1	,	· '	i i	, i					
engines	78,942	80,121	6,483	6,643	6,653	6,663	6,641	6,756	6,553	6,812	6,116	6,748	6,928	6.670	6,937	6,776
Consumer goods (nonfood), except		·			,	,				1						"
automotive	84,359	89,895	6,973	7,319	6,990	7,299	7,167	7,173	7,684	7,542	7,447	7,716	7,547	8,098	7,915	7,747
Other goods	32,854	32,901	2,784	2,509	2,629	2.882	2.894	2.878	2,835	2,687	2,742	2.696	2.828	2.651	2.671	2.785
Adjustments 1	-11,229	-10,241	-907	-747	-857		-1.026	-888	-885	l –855	-916	-774	_782 l	<u>-</u> 750	-790	-975
Services	292,233	304.932	25,301	24.902	24,771	24.330	23,860	24,487	24.863	25,260	25.694	26,117	26,595	26,911	27,141	27,138
Travel	66,547	65.054	6.091	5,616	5.492	4,932	4.458	4,933	5.103	5,281	5.462	5.682	5,798	6.128	6.169	6.029
Passenger fares	17,046	15,598	1,414	1,300	1.271	1,161	1,065	1,160	1,227	1,316	1,351	1,379	1,390	1,481	1.497	1.482
Other transportation	29,166	31,871	2.633	2,611	2,580	2,643	2.631	2,585	2.634	2,603	2,585	2,624	2.803	2.737	2.834	2.831
Royalties and license fees	44,142	47,870	3,752	3,845	3,880	3,899	3,948	3,981	4,009	3,992	4,009	4.030	4.062	4.092	4,123	4,161
Other private services	122,594	131.013	10,339	10,483	10,553	10,708	10,708	10,766	10,786	10,962	11,058	11,150	11,273	11,255	11,311	11,469
Transfers under U.S. military agency	,	,	,	,	.0,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		,	10,002	,,,,,	,	,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.,•	,
sales contracts	11,943	12,716	1,006	980	929	918	984	996	1,034	1,039	1,161	1,184	1,202	1,150	1,139	1.098
U.S. Government miscellaneous	,	,	.,000			"			.,,	.,,,,,	',	.,	.,	.,	.,,	',,
services	795	810	66	68	67	67	67	67	68	67	l 68 l	68	67	68	68	68
Imports of goods and services	1,392,145	1.508,632	123,406	122,065	121,280	125,591	123.074	124,033	124,489	126,240	123,166	127.090	129,955	128,853	132,795	132,102
,	, ,	.,		101,989												1 ′
Goods	1,164,746	1,262,945	103,220 4,503	4,534	101,548	105,791	103,577	104,402	104,319	105,373	102,386	106,267	108,743	107,666	110,883	110,299
Foods, feeds, and beverages	49,687 267,681	55,834 316,330	24,262	24,981	4,417 25,933	4,630 28,371	4,671 26.051	4,612 25,559	4,462 25,880	4,586 26,719	4,536 26,758	4,786 26,902	4,788 26,799	4,869 25,616	4,942 26,761	4,838 27,420
Capital goods, except automotive	283,323	295,678	24,202	24,457	23,224	23,216	24,064	24,466	24,407	24,459	24,041	25,296	25,478	25,659	26,911	26.824
Automotive vehicles, parts, and	200,323	293,070	24,034	24,407	23,224	23,210	24,004	24,400	24,407	24,409	24,041	23,230	20,470	20,009	20,911	20,024
engines	203,743	210.217	17.682	16,969	16.826	17.333	16.872	17.786	18,227	17.964	15,570	17.400	18,335	18,208	18,725	17,721
Consumer goods (nonfood), except	200,740	210,217	17,002	10,303	10,020	17,555	10,072	17,700	10,227	17,304	13,370	17,400	10,555	10,200	10,723	17,721
automotive	307.854	333,634	27.694	26,975	26.942	28.057	27.729	27,758	26,719	27.334	27.220	27.608	29,047	28.966	29,280	29.327
Other goods	49.078	47,791	4.158	3,879	3,999	3,936	3,924	3,872	4,156	4,107	3,796	3,967	4,026	4.090	4,040	3.920
Adjustments 1	3.380	3,460	228	195	207	249	266	350	468	203	466	307	269	257	223	248
Services	227,399	245.687	20,186	20.076	19,732	19.800	19.497	19,631	20,170	20,867	20,780	20,823	21,212	21,187	21,912	21.803
Travel	58.044	56,190	5,223	4,991	4.724	4,391	4.060	4,247	4,526	4,751	4.845	4. <b>66</b> 3	4,917	4.880	5.195	5.034
Passenger fares	19,969	20,564	1,805	1,722	1,652	1,571	1,497	1,535	1,673	1,867	1,866	1,758	1,798	1.843	1,782	1,708
Other transportation	38,527	45.058	3,573	3,596	3,486	3,797	3.843	3,659	3,753	3,883	3,640	3.790	3,795	3,704	4,112	4.140
Royalties and license fees	19,258	19,881	1,533	1,556	1.568	1,583	1,560	1,566	1,580	1,692	1,730	1,759	1.748	1.760	1,777	1.801
Other private services	69,436	77,376	6.047	6,141	6.183	6.228	6,264	6.326	6,339	6.431	6,472	6.636	6.751	6.791	6.816	6.858
Direct defense expenditures	19,245	23,614	1.763	1.822	1.870	1.982	2.023	2,049	2,049	1,992	1.976	1,966	1,951	1.957	1.977	2.010
U.S. Government miscellaneous	,	,	.,	.,	.,	.,	_,	_,	_,-,0	.,,.	',	.,	.,	.,	',•.'	-,,,,
services	2,920	3,004	242	248	249	248	250	249	250	251	251	251	252	252	253	252
Memoranda:																l
Balance on goods	-482.872	-549.156	-47,447	-44.833	-43.628	-47.482	-46,334	-46.628	-45.050	-45.006	-44.695	-46,548	-47,088	-43,944	-47,921	-48.392
Balance on services	64,834	59,245	5.115	4.826	5.039	4,530	4,363	4.856	4.693	4,393	4,914	5.294	5.383	5.724	5.229	5.335
Balance on goods and services	-418,038	-489,911	-42,332	-40,007	-38.589	-42,952	-41,971	-41,772	-40,357	-40,613	-39.781	-41,254	-41,705	-38,220	-42,692	-43, <b>0</b> 57

P Preliminary.
Revised.
Revised.
Revised.
Revised of Energy to bring the Census Bureau's component data in line with the concepts and definitions used to prepare BEA's international and national accounts.
Contains goods that cannot be separately identified.
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and U.S. Bureau of the Census.

#### **Table F.2. U.S. International Transactions**

[Millions of dollars]

_					Netes		E. caka d					····				
	10 11 11 11					asonally ac	njusteo						onally adju	JSTECO		
Line	(Credits +; debits -) 1	2002		20	02			2003			20	02			2003	
			I	II	III	IV	ı	11'	III P	ı	-	III	IV	1	II '	III P
	Current account							****					*****			
1 2	Exports of goods and services and income receipts  Exports of goods and services	<b>1,229,649</b> 974,107	294,947 233,613	310,189 245,704	312, <b>767</b> 245,866	311,746 248,924	<b>307,576</b> 243,942	3 <b>14,168</b> 249,405	320,977 253,032	297,074 236,442	307,616 243,696	313,939 247,815	3 <b>11,015</b> 246,151	31 <b>0,278</b> 247,377	311, <b>794</b> 247,484	322,014 254.670
3	Goods, balance of payments basis 2	681,874	163,785	175,002	169,014	174,073	171,180	177,888	172,883	165,298	171,421	174,315	170,840	173,346	174,247	177,858
4	Services 3	292,233	69,828	70,702	76,852	74,851	72,762	71,517	80,149	71,144	72,275	73,500	75,311	74,031	73,237	76,812
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts 4	11,943	2,785	2,751	3,418	2,989	2,827	3,014	3,381	2,785	2,751	3,418	2,989	2,827	3,014	3,381
6 7	Travel Passenger fares	66,547 17,046	14,479 3,872	16,732 4,281	18,829 4,831	16,507 4,062	14,286 3,444	15,185 3,455	19,142 4,557	16,295 4,224	16,030 4,279	16,217 4,288	18,005 4,255	16,089 3,736	14,543 3,456	16,569 4,059
8 9	Other transportation	29,166	6,784	7,104	7,646	7,632	7,488	7,884	8,151	7,102	7,075	7,307	7,682	7,837	7,853	7,789
10	Royalties and license fees 5 Other private services 5	44,142 122,594	10,139 31,574	11,012 28,623	11,168 30,760	11,823 31,637	11,297 33,218	11,744 30,033	11,912 32,803	10,373 30,170	11,221 30,720	11,389 30,681	11,157 31,022	11,630 31,710	11,944 32,225	12,155 32,656
11	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	795	195	199	200	201	202	202	203	195	199	200	201	202	202	203
12 13	Income receipts	255,542 252,379	61,334 60,523	64,485 63,705	66,901 66,116	62,822 62,035	63,634 62,827	64,763 63,949	67,945 67,125	60,63 <b>2</b> 59,821	63,920 63,140	66,124 65,339	64,864 64,077	62,901 62,094	64,310 63,496	67,344 66,524
14	Direct investment receipts	142,933	32,674	35,538	37,986	36,735	38,124	40,172	42,958	32,058	34,874	37,264	38,735	37,508	39,635	42,400
15 16	Other private receipts	106,143 3,303	26,950 899	27,560 607	27,225 905	24,408 892	23,700 1,003	22,620 1,157	22,882 1,285	26,950 813	27,560 706	27,225 850	24,408 934	23,700 886	22,620 1,241	22,882 1,242
17	Compensation of employees	3,163	811	780	785	787	807	814	820	811	780	785	787	807	814	820
18 19	Imports of goods and services and income payments Imports of goods and services	-1,651,657 -1,392,145	-3 <b>73,437</b> -312,227	-418,7 <b>53</b> -349,628	-431,963 -363,766	<b>-427,504</b> <b>-366,524</b>	-416,512 -354,003	-435,671 -372,350	- <b>449,996</b> -385,034	-387,864 -326,499	-416,962 -348,584	<b>-422,666</b> -354,795	<b>-424,165</b> -362,267	-431,716 -369,006	-434,248 -371,668	<b>-440,736</b> -375,987
20	Goods, balance of payments basis 2	-1,164,746	-260,732	-291,870	-303,073	-309,071	-298,174	-311,339	-319,558	-271,331	-292,707	-297,627	-303,081	-309,364	-312,335	-314.090
21	Services 3	-227,399	-51,495	-57,758	-60,693	-57,453	-55,829	-61,011	-65,476	-55,168	-55,877	-57,168	-59,186	-59,642	-59,333	-61,897
22 23	Direct defense expenditures Travel	-19,245 -58,044	-4,394 -12,430	-4,668 -15,806	-4,990 -16,930	-5,193 -12,878	-5,674 -12,196	-6,121 -14,248	-5,900 -17,006	-4,394 -14,453	-4,668 -14,252	-4,990 -14,314	-5,193 -15,025	-5,674 -14,168	-6,121 -12.895	-5,900 -14,464
24	Passenger fares	-19,969	-4,422	-5,475	-5,430	-4,642	-4,479	-5,283	-5,949	-4,874	-4,874	-4,829	-5,392	-4,960	-4,720	-5,335
25	Other transportation	-38,527	-8,420	-9,577	-10,138	-10,392	-10,303	-11,294	-11,695	-8,891	-9,580	-9,787	-10,271	-10,873	-11,249 -4,697	-11,282 -4.874
26 27	Royalties and license fees 5	-19,258 -69,436	-4,607 -16,481	-4,765 -16,742	-4,941 ; -17,539	-4,945 -18,674	-4,564 -17,868	-4,546 -18,770	-4,802 -19,371	-4,728 -17,087	-4,902 -16,876	-5,036 -17,487	-4,592 -17,984	-4,698 -18,524	-4,697 -18,902	-4,874 -19,289
28		-2,920	-741	-725	-725	-729	-745	-749	-753	-741	-725	-725	-729	-745	-749	-753
29 30	Income payments	-259,512 -251,108	-61,210 -59,211	-69,125 -67,085	-68,197 -66,107	-60,980 -58,705	-62,509 -60,428	-63,321 -61.296	-64,962 -63,001	-61,365 -59,271	-68,378 -66,246	-67,871 -65,820	-61,898 -59,771	-62,710 -60,527	-62,580 -60.461	-64,749 -62,705
31	Direct investment payments	-49,458	-8,074	-14,303 -33,773	-15,637 -31,802	-11,444 -29,648	-15,332 -28,245	-18,261	-18,715	-8,134	-13,464 -33,773	-15,350 -31,802	-12,510 -29,648	-15,431 -28,245	-17,426 -26,769	-18,419 -27,960
32 : 33	Other private payments	-127,735 -73,915	-32,512 -18,625	-19,009	-18,668	-17,613	-16,851	-26,769 -16,266	-27,960 -16,326	-32,512 -18,625	-19,009	-18,668	-17,613	-16,851	-16,266	-16,326
34	Compensation of employees	-8,404	-1,999	-2,040	-2,090	-2,275	-2,081	-2,025	-1,961	-2,094	-2,132	-2,051	-2,127	-2,183	-2,119	-2,044
35 36	U.S. Government grants 4.	-58,853 -17,097	-16, <b>450</b> -6,397	-12,834 -3,287	-13,772 -3,075	-15,797 -4,338	-17,575 -5,813	-16,719 -5,654	-16,441 5,309	-15,9 <b>38</b> -6,397	-13,481 -3,287	-1 <b>3,99</b> 7 -3,075	-15, <b>436</b> -4,338	<b>-17,269</b> -5,813	-16,940 -5,654	-1 <b>6,319</b> -5,309
37 38	U.S. Government pensions and other transfers	-5,125 -36,631	-1,330	-1,005 -8,542	-923 -9,774	-1,867 -9,592	-1,037 -10,725	-1,208 -9,857	-1,149	-1,271 -8,270	-1,279 -8,915	-1,282 -9,640	-1,292 -9,806	-1,320 -10,136	-1,335 -9,951	-1,328 -9,682
30	Capital and financial account	-30,031	-8,723	-0,342	-5,774	-9,392	-10,725	-9,037	-9,983	-0,270	-0,913	-5,040	-5,000	-10,130	-5,551	-5,002
	Capital account															
39	Capital account transactions, net	-1,285	-277	-286	-364	-358	-388	-1,553	-795	-277	-286	-364	-358	-388	-1,553	-795
40	Financial account U.Sowned assets abroad, net (increase/financial outflow (-))	-178,985	-37,698	-1 <b>30,7</b> 51	26,896	-37,432	-103,903	-115, <b>384</b>	-7,261	-35,227	-128,567	29,712	-44,902	-101,331	-112,818	-4,891
41	U.S. official reserve assets, net	-3,681	390	-1,843	-1,416	-37, <del>43</del> 2 -812	83	-170	-7,261 -611	390	-1,843	-1,416	-812	83	-170	-611
42 43	Gold 7	-475		-107			897		-97	-109	-107			897	-102	-97
44	Special drawing rights	-2,632	-109 652	-1,607	-132 -1,136	-127 -541	-644	-102 86	-383	652	-1,607	-132 -1,136	-127 -541	-644	86	-383
45	Foreign currencies	-574	-153	-129	-148	-144	-170	-154	-131	-153	-129	-148	-144	-170	-154	-131
46 47	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	-32 -5,611	133 -853	42 -565	-27 -1,375	-180 -2,818	-70 -2,578	427 -1,454	530 -1,515	133 -853	42 -565	-27 -1,375	-180 -2,818	-70 -2,578	427 -1,454	530 ~1,515
48 49	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets <sup>8</sup>	5,684 -105	994 -8	566 41	1,452 -104	2,672 -34	2,472 36	1,955 -74	2,027 18	994 -8	566 41	1,452 -104	2,672 -34	2,472 36	1,955 -74	2,027 18
50	U.S. private assets, net	-175,272	-38,221	-128,950	28,339	-36,440	-103,916	-115,641	-7,180	-35,750	-126,766	31,155	-43,910	-101,344	-113,075	-4,810
51	Direct investment	-137,836 15,801	-41,554 5,367	-37,643 -5,843	-34,439 21,641	-24,200 -5,364	-36,977 -27,146	-32,429 8,654	-39,895 -28,826	-39,083 5,367	-35,459 -5,843	-31,623 21,641	-31,670	-34,405 -27,146	-29,863 8,654	-37,525 -28,826
52 53	Foreign securities		1					· ·			1		-5,364			
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	-31,880 -21,357	-1,886 -148	-16,210 -69,254	-11,862 52,999	-1,922 -4,954	-11,998   -27,795	-19,101 -72,765	22,206 39,335	-1,886 -148	-16,210 -69,254	-11,862 52,999	-1,922 -4,954	-11,998 -27,795	-19,101 -72,765	22,206 39,335
55	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, net (Increase/financial	· .				· '	[	'	Ì .		l .	· .	l ·			
56	Inflow (+))	706,983 94,860	1 <b>46,075</b> 6,106	<b>224,088</b> 47,552	142,129 8,992	194,691 32,210	<b>241,85</b> 9 40,978	265,667 57,000	128,789 43.895	146,813 6,106	221,242 47,552	141,478 8,992	197,448 32,210	<b>242,004</b> 40,978	262,819 57,000	128,200 43,895
56 57	U.S. Government securities	73,521	6,257	21,706	12,300 1,415	33,258	31.768	38.639	19,611	6,257	21,706	12,300	33,258	31,768	38,639	19,611
58 59	U.S. Treasury securities 9 Other 10	43,144 30,377	-1,039 7,296	15,138 6,568	1,415	27,630 5,628	22,288 9,480	35,349 3,290	16,271 3,340	-1,039 7,296	15,138 6,568	1,415 10,885	27,630 5,628	22,288 9,480	35,349 3,290	16,271 3,340
59 60 61	Other 1%	137 17,594	-597 -280	365 24,575	464 -4,607	-95 -2,094	-437 8,321	-16 17,628	-41	-597 -280	365	464 4,607	-95 -2,094	-437 8,321	-16 17,628	~41 22,879
62	Other foreign official assets 12	3,608	726	906	835	1,141	1,326	749	1,446	726	906	835	1,141	1,326	749	1,446
63	Other foreign assets in the United States, net	612,123 39,633	139,969 9,869	176,536 2,390	133,137	162,481 12,524	200,881 34,241	208,667 25,239	84,894 8,728	140,707 10,607	173,690 -456	132,486 14,199		201,026 34,386	205,819 22,391	84,305 8,139
64 65 66 67	Direct investment U.S. Treasury securities U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	96,217	11,789	14,218	14,850 57,505	12,705	14,568	55,037	49,868	11,789	14,218	57,505		14,568	55,037	49,868
66 67	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	291,492 21,513		104,187 7,183	45,880 2,556	66,964 7,249	55,574 4,927	85,964 1,458	9,626 2,768	74,461 4,525	104,187 7,183	45,880 2,556	66,964 7,249	55,574 4,927	85,964 1,458	9,626 2,768
68	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking											l				
69	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	72,142 91,126	46,771 -7,446	24,610 23,948	-8,102 20,448	8,863 54,176	74,848 16,723	4,147 36,822	6,772 7,132	46,771 -7,446	24,610 23,948	-8,102 20,448		74,848 16,723	4,147 36,822	6,772 7,132
70	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	-45,852		28,347	-35,693	-25,346	-11,057	-10,508		-4,581	30,438	-48,102	-23,602	-1,578	-9,054	12.527
70a	Of which: Seasonal adjustment discrepancy									8,579	2,091	-12,409	1,744	9,479	1,454	-12,200
71	Memoranda: Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20)	-482,872	-96,947	-116,868	-134,059	-134,998	-126,994	-133,451		-106,033		-123,312	-132,241	-136,018	-138,088	-136,232
72 73	Balance on services (lines 4 and 21)	64,834 -418,038	18,333	12,944 -103,924	16,159 -117,900	17,398	16,933	10,506	14,673	15,976 -90,057	16,398	16,332	16,125	14,389 -121,629	13,904 -124,184	14,915 -121,317
74	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29)	-3,970	124	4,640	-1,296	1,842	1,125	1,442	2,983	<b>–733</b>	-4,458	-1,747	2,966	191	1,730	-121,317 2,595
75 76	Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20) Balance on services (lines 4 and 21) Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 19) Balance on income (lines 12 and 29) Unilateral current transfers, net (line 35). Balance on current account (lines 1, 18, and 35 or lines 73, 74, and 75) <sup>13</sup>	-58,853 -480,861	-16,450 -94,940	-12,834 -121,398	-13,772 -132,968	-15,797 -131,555	-17,575 -126,511			-15,938 -106,728	-13,481 -122,827	-13,997 -122,724	-15,436 -128,586	-17,269 -138,707	-16,940 -139,394	-16,319 -135,041
		1	1 - 1,5 %	1,,000	1,	1,000	1				L,		1,	1		1

PPreliminary,
'Revised.
See footnotes on page D-67.
Source: Table 1 in "U.S. International Transactions, Third Quarter 2003" in the January 2004 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area

[Millions of dollars]

		W	estern Euro	oe .	Eu	ropean Unior	1 <sup>14</sup>	ι	Inited Kingdo	m	Europ	ean Union (	(6) <sup>15</sup>
Line	(Credits +; debits -) 1		2003			2003			2003			2003	
		_	II '	III P		H,	III P	I	11 /	III P	I	11 '	III P
•	Current account	95,287	98,597	97,741	85,579	87,762	87,430	22.206	24,707	25,040	47.035	47,402	46,164
2	Exports of goods and services and income receipts	67,424	68,898	67,852	61,050	62,237	61,354	23,326 16,083	16,694	16,736	34,001	34,340	32,927
3	Goods, balance of payments basis 2	40,240	40,919	37,631	36,934	37,179	34,296	8,457	8,423	7,873	22,800	23,169	20,766
4	Services 3	27,184	27.979	30,221	24,116	25,058	27,058	7,626	8,271	8,863	11,201	11,171	12,161
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts 4	748	826	1,038	612	696	923	119	76	99	292	231	203
6	Travel	4,331	5,010	6,182	3,955	4,627	5,712	1,779	2,163	2,452	1,490	1,678	2,316
8	Passenger fares Other transportation	1,207 2,495	1,321 2,694	1,695 2,767	1,165 2,218	1,276 2,344	1,628 2,461	572 512	645 581	760 607	528 1,166	541 1,247	747 1,300
9	Royalties and license fees 5	5,449	5.424	5,560	4,790	4,794	4.835	938	1.020	1,021	2,390	2,210	2,234
10	Other private services 5	12,919	12,668	12,943	11,345	11,289	11,467	3,702	3,782	3,920	5,314	5,243	5,340
11	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	35	36	36	31	32	32	7040	4	4	21	21	21
12 13	Income receipts	27,863 27,786	29,699 29,619	29,889 29,807	24,529 24,464	25,525 25,457	26,076 26,007	7,243 7,222	8,013 7,991	8,304 <b>8</b> ,281	13,034 12,999	13,062 13,025	13,237 13,200
14	Direct investment receipts	15,900	18,561	18,407	13,774	15,296	15,561	2,541	3,410	3,600	8,501	8,813	8,914
15 16	Other private receipts	11,466 420	10,881 177	11,153   247	10,460 230	10,000 161	10,259 187	4,681	4,581	4,681	4,329 169	4,059 153	4,156 130
17	Compensation of employees	77	80	82	65	68	69	21	22	23	35	37	37
18		-117,305	-126,617	-126,805	-105,717	-113,389	-113,987	-34,120	-34,086	-34,621	-53,233	<b>~58</b> ,15 <b>8</b>	-57,881
19	Imports of goods and services	-85,912	-95,032	-94,343	-78,153	-85,839	-85,458	-16,911	-18,178	-18,304	-44,738	-49,030	-48,011
20	Goods, balance of payments basis 2	-62,223	-66,975	-65,570	-57,391	-61,382	-60,282	-10,114	-10,515	-10,502	-34,155	-36,430	-35,103
21 22	Services <sup>3</sup>	-23,689 -2,566	-28,057 -2,781	-28,773 -2,607	-20,762 -2,185	-24,457 -2,436	-25,176 -2,313	-6,797 -200	-7,663 -199	-7,802 -200	-10,583 -1,810	-12,600 -1,940	-12,908 -1,873
23	Travel	-2,300   -3,482	-5,637	-2,007 -6,017	-2,165 -3,251	-2,430 -5,166	-5,574	-1,214	-1.422	-1,528	-1,455	-1,940   -2,606	-1,873 -2,775
24	Passenger fares	-1,993	-3,032	-3,060	-1,866	-2,876	-2,831	-701	-1,225	-1,009	-726	-1,118	-1,159
25	Other transportation	-3,863	-4,416	-4,531	-3,241	-3,609	-3,706	-750	-819	-852	-1,610	-1,814	-1,843
26 27	Royalties and license fees 5 Other private services 5	-2,309 -9,187	-2,550 -9,350	-2,634 -9,632	-1,839 -8,134	-2,014 -8,109	-2,146 -8,358	-395 -3,519	-398 -3,582	-418 -3,777	-1,249 -3,535	-1,412 -3,511	-1,534 -3,524
28	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-289	-291	-292	-246	-247	-248	-18	-18	-18	-198	-199	-200
29	Income payments	-31,393	-31,585	-32,462	-27,564	-27,550	-28,529	-17,209	-15,908	-16,317	-8,495	-9,128	-9,870
30 31	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States  Direct investment payments	-31,293 -10,340	-31,496   -11,749	-32,377 -11,664	-27,481 -8,391	-27,473 -9,499	-28,455 -9,617	-17,189    -4,721	-15,890 -4,039	-16,299   -3,807	-8,440 -3,539	-9,076 -4,532	-9,820 -5,095
32	Other private payments	-16,441	-15,487	-16,449	-15,057	-14,189	-15,063	-10,280	-9,773	-10,409	-3,767	-3,487	-3,661
31 32 33 34	U.S. Government payments	-4,512 -100	-4,260 -89	-4,264 <del>-8</del> 5	-4,033 -83	-3,785 -77	-3,775 -74	-2,188 -20	-2,078 -18	-2,083 -18	-1,134 -55	-1,057 -52	-1,064 -50
	Unilateral current transfers, net	-206	164	138	82	284	292	225	299	360	-9 <b>7</b>	-32 -24	-128
35 36	U.S. Government grants 4	-264	-116	-104	-7		-1						
37 38	U.S. Government pensions and other transfers  Private remittances and other transfers <sup>5</sup>	-377 435	-393 673	-393 635	-338 427	-342 626	-346 639	_60 285	-61 360	-56 416	-183 86	-184 160	-196 68
30	Capital and financial account	450	[ 0,3	033	721	020	003	203	300	410	00	100	. 00
							1	1					
	·												
39	Capital account	<b>−81</b>	-80	-85	-60	-59	_63	-8 i	-8	<b>-9</b>	-11	10	-11
39	·	-81	-80	-85	-60	-59	-63	-8	-8	<del>-9</del>	-11	-10	-11
39 40	Capital account Capital account transactions, net		-80 -86,287	-85 -29,534	-60 -72,372	-59 -82,368	-63 -38,940	-8 -56,822	8 62,717	− <del>9</del> −31,653	-11 -16,849	-10 -16,730	-11 -2,644
40 41	Capital account Capital account transactions, net	<b>-69,228</b> -170											
40 41 42	Capital account Capital account transactions, net	<b>-69,228</b> -170	<b>-86,28</b> 7 -154	<b>-29,534</b> -131	-72,372	<b>-82,368</b> -104	-38,940	-56,822	<b>-62,717</b>	<b>-31,65</b> 3	-16,849	-16,730 	
40 41 42 43 44	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	<b>-69,228</b> -170	<b>-86,287</b> -154	<b>-29,534</b> -131	<b>-72,372</b> -120	<b>-82,368</b> -104	-38,940 -85	-56,822	-62,717	-31,653	-16,849	-16,730	
40 41 42 43 44 45	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net  Financial account  U.S. owned assets abroad, net (increase/financial outflow (-))  U.S. official reserve assets, net  Gold 7  Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund  Foreign currencies	<b>-69,228</b> -170	-86,287 -154 154	<b>-29,534</b> -131 -131	<b>-72,372</b> -120 -120	-82,368 -104	-38,940 -85	-56,822	<b>-62,717</b>	<b>-31,65</b> 3	-16,849	-16,730	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 45 46	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 	-86,287 -154 	<b>-29,534</b> -131 -131 269	-72,372 -120 -120 -120 238	-82,368 -104 	-38,940 -85	-56,822	<b>-62,717</b>	<b>-31,65</b> 3	<b>-16,849</b>	-16,730	<b>-2,644</b>
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	Capital account Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 34 -404 414	-86,287 -154 154 75 -9 68	<b>-29,534</b> -131 -131	-72,372 -120 -120 -120 238	-82,368 -104 -104 41 31	-38,940 -85	-56,822	<b>-62,717</b>	-31,653	<b>-16,849</b>	-16,730	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24	-86,287 -154 -154 -154 75 -9 68 16	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 269 4	-72,372 -120 -120 -120 238 -207 31	-82,368 -104 -104 41 31 10	-38,940 -85 	-56,822	-62,717 6 6	-31,653 	<b>-16,849</b> 31	-16,730	-2,644 
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 34 -404 414	-86,287 -154 154 75 -9 68	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4	-72,372 -120 -120 -120 238	-82,368 -104 -104 41 31	-38,940 -85 	-56,822	-62,717 6 6 62,711 -2,739	-31,653	-16,849 	-16,730	-2,644 2 2 2 -2,646
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045	-86,287 -154 -154 -154 75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 269 4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008	-72,372 -120 -120 238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -104 41 -82,305 -15,852 6,956	-38,940 -85 -85 -85 140 -19,151 -11,359	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009	- <b>62,717</b> 6662,7112,739 2,142	-31,653 2 2 2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324	-16,849 	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111	-2,644 -2,644 -2,646 -9,501 285
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 269 4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008	-72,372 -120 -120 238 207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,723 -24,008	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -31 10 -82,305 -15,852 -12,196	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236	-62,717 -62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896	-31,653 -2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324	-16,849 	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811	-2,644 -2,644 -2,646 -9,501 285
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045	-86,287 -154 -154 -154 75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 269 4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008	-72,372 -120 -120 238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -104 41 -82,305 -15,852 6,956	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059	- <b>62,717</b> 6662,7112,739 2,142	-31,653 2 2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324	-16,849 	-16,730 	-2,644 -2,644 -2,646 -9,501 285
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053	-86,287 -154 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 226,72 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765	-72,372 -120 -120 238 207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 125,889	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -100 -82,305 -15,852 6,956 -12,196 -61,213 38,069	-38,940 -85 -85 140 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 ( <sup>18</sup> )	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18)	-31,653 	-16,849 	-16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 ( <sup>18</sup> )	-2,644 -2,644 -2 2 -2,646 -9,501 285 6,570 177 (11)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17)	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 226,72 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590	-82,368 -104 -104 41 31 10 -82,305 -15,852 6,956 -12,193 38,069	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -36,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18)	-31,653 -31,653 -2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18)	-16,849 	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550	-2,644 -2,644 -9,501 285 -6,570 17 (18)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 179 (17)	-86,287 -154 -754 -75 -9 -68 -16,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 -52,303 -1,727 -(17) -(1	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 226,72 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -1104	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,053 110,122 (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 	-16,849 	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 
40 412 433 444 445 447 448 49 551 52 534 55 56 57 58 560	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 179 (17)	-86,287 -154 -754 -75 -9 -68 -16,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 -52,303 -1,727 -(17) -(1	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 269 -4 -29,672 -22,852 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -1104	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,126 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 -31,653 -31,655 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8)	-2,644 -2,2 -2,846 -9,501 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (66
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 179 (17)	-86,287 -154 	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 269 -4 -29,672 -22,852 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 238 -207 31 -72,490 -17,729 -24,008 -13,590 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -1104	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,053 110,122 (18) (18)	-62,717 -6662,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 51 55 55 56 60 61 63	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -404 414 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 179 (17) (17) -186 (17) (17) 111,874	-86,287 -154 -754 -75 -9 -68 -16,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 -52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -138 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,009 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -104 -104 -105 -105 -105 -105 -105 -105 -105 -105	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (19	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,296 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) (18) (19) (19)	-31,653 -31,653 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (19) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8)	-2,644 -2,646 -9,501 285 -6,570 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 51 55 55 56 60 61 63	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -34 -404 414 -68,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 179 (17) (17) (17) (11),874 31,559	-86,287 -154 -755 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,878 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,509 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -109 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -12,196 -61,213 38,069 (18) (18) (18) (19) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653  2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (19) -3 (18) (19) (19) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,646 -9,501 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 51 55 55 55 55 60 61 62 63 64 66 66	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170	-86,287 -154 -154 -86,208 -18,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) -34 (17) 54,030 7,581	-29,534 -131 -131 269 -4 269 4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 2,765 (17) (17) (17) -286 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -1104	-38,940 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (1	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6662,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 -31,655 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 49 5515 55 56 57 58 59 66 16 26 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -34 -404 414 -68,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 179 (17) (17) (17) (11),874 31,559	-86,287 -154 -755 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,878 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,509 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -109 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -12,196 -61,213 38,069 (18) (18) (18) (19) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653  2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (19) -3 (18) (19) (19) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,646 -9,501 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 55 55 55 55 55 60 61 62 63 64 66 66	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 (17) (17) (17) -186 (17) (17) 111,874 31,559 (17) 47,175	-86,287 -154 -154 -86,208 -18,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) -34 (17) 54,030 7,581 (17) 39,358	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) 60,573 -114 (17) 20,538	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -110 -82,305 -15,852 6,956 -12,196 -61,213 -38,069 -18,196 -18,196 -18,196 -17,196 -18,196 -18,196 -17,196 -18,196 -18,196 -17,196 -18,196 -	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 -31,655 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 44 45 46 47 48 49 5515 55 56 57 58 59 66 16 26 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -14 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 (17) (17) -186 (17) -186 (17) -1874 31,559	-86,287 -154 -754 -86,208 -18,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) 60,573 -114 (14) (20,538	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -1104	-38,940 -85 -85 140 136 4 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -66662,711 -2,739 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 -31,655 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 41 42 43 44 44 56 47 48 8 49 511 552 554 55 560 611 62 66 66 67 68	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net  Financial account  U.Sowned assets abroad, net (increase/financial outflow (-))  U.S. official reserve assets, net Gold 7  Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund Foreign currencies  U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets * U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net  U.S. private assets, net Direct investment Foreign securities U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere  Foreign owned assets in the United States, net (increase/financial inflow (+)) Foreign official assets in the United States, net (U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities U.S. Inabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere  Other 10 Other U.S. Government liabilities 11 U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Other foreign assets in the United States, net Direct investment U.S. Treasury securities U.S. Treasury securities U.S. currency. U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.	-69,228 -170 -170 -34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 112,053 (17) (17) (17) (11) (11) (11) (17) (11) (17) (11) (17) (11) (17) (17	-86,287 -154 -755 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,878 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,500 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -109 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -6,956 -12,196 -61,213 38,069 (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -86,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (19) -3366 (18) (18) (18) (19) -208 (18) (17,527	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 -74,218 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (26,905	-31,653  2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (19) -3 (18) (19) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,811 -32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,646 -9,501 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 411 422 433 444 445 466 477 448 9 50 1552 533 554 661 662 666 677 68 69 70	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170	-86,287 -154 -154 -86,208 -18,958 -7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,72 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104	-38,940 -85 -85 -140 -88 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) -208 (18) (17,527	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 110,122 (18)	-62,717 -66662,711 -2,739 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 -3,111 -6,811 -4,203 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 411 422 433 444 455 466 477 488 499 500 511 52 533 55 56 57 58 599 601 622 633 665 666 667 688 69	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (20,538	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -110 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -12,196 -61,213 38,069 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -88 -84 -38,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,059 -110,122 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-31,653  2 2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (19) -3,332 (18) (18) (19) -3,430 -7,877	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -4,2550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,646 -9,501 285 -6,570 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 411 422 433 444 445 466 477 488 49 50 511 52 533 45 55 56 66 67 68 69 70 711 722 7373	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 112,053 112,053 (17) (17) (17) (17) 111,874 31,559 (17) 47,175 -20,520 -21,983 3,498	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -138 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -104 -110 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -6,956 -12,193 -61,213 -38,069 -18,195 -17,7 -17,7 -18,195 -18,195 -17,198 -18,195 -17,198 -18,195 -17,198 -18,198 -19,202 -29,701 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -86 -87 -88,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -19,151 -11,359 -19,151 -11,359 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -24,104 -24,104	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,022 (18) (	-62,717 -6-6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (19) 26,905 1,302 13,231,000 72,577 -2,092 6088	-31,653  2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -6,813 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,264 -2,2646 -9,501 -285 -6,570 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)
40 411 422 433 444 455 466 477 488 499 500 511 512 533 554 665 667 68 69 70 71 72 73 74	Capital account transactions, net  Financial account  U.Sowned assets abroad, net (increase/financial outflow (-))  U.S. official reserve assets, net Gold 7 Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund Foreign currencies  U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets, net U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net  U.S. private assets, net Direct investment Foreign securities U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns U.S. dovernment securities U.S. Government securities U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securfties 1 U.S. Treasury securfties 1 U.S. Treasury securities 1 U.S. Treasury securities U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Other foreign official assets in the United States, net Direct investment U.S. Treasury securities U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed). Memoranda:  Memoranda:  Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20) Balance on income (lines 12 and 29)	-69,228 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170 -170	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) -286 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) -20,538 -27,939 1,448 -26,471 -2,573	-72,372 -120 -120 -238 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 -110 -82,305 -15,852 -12,196 -61,213 38,069 -12,196 -61,213 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -8895 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 51,807 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (19) 17,527	-56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,052 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-62,717 -6 -6 -62,711 -2,739 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (26,905 -1,484 -7,895 -7,896 -1,484 -7,895 -1,484 -1,485 -1,	-31,653 2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 -3,111 -6,811 -4,230 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644
40 411 422 433 444 445 466 477 448 49 50 5152 533 556 661 662 666 677 712 73 73 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	Capital account  Capital account transactions, net	-69,228 -170 -170 -34 -404 414 24 -69,092 -17,683 -19,045 -24,501 -7,863 112,053 112,053 112,053 112,053 (17) (17) (17) (17) 111,874 31,559 (17) 47,175 -20,520 -21,983 3,498	-86,287 -154 -75 -9 68 16 -86,208 -18,958 7,471 -12,010 -62,711 52,303 -1,727 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17	-29,534 -131 -131 -269 -4 -29,672 -22,858 -14,008 -7,194 63,338 2,765 (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17) (17)	-72,372 -120 -120 -138 -207 -31 -72,490 -17,123 -17,769 -24,008 -13,590 126,889 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-82,368 -104 -104 41 -104 -110 -82,305 -15,852 -15,852 -6,956 -12,193 -61,213 -38,069 -18,195 -17,7 -17,7 -18,195 -18,195 -17,198 -18,195 -17,198 -18,195 -17,198 -18,198 -19,202 -29,701 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203 -24,203	-36,940 -85 -85 -140 -86 -87 -88,995 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -8,485 -19,151 -11,359 -19,151 -11,359 -19,151 -11,359 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -18,180 -24,104 -24,104	-56,822 -56,822 -7,518 -13,009 -25,236 -11,022 (18) (	-62,717 -6-6 -62,711 -2,739 2,142 -7,896 -54,218 -772 (18) (18) (18) (19) 26,905 1,302 13,231,000 72,577 -2,092 6088	-31,653  2 -31,655 -8,616 -13,324 -9,715 55,832 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-16,849	-16,730 -16,730 -16,730 -8,827 3,111 -6,811 -6,813 32,550 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)	-2,644 -2,264 -2,2646 -9,501 -285 -6,570 17 (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18) (18)

See footnotes on page D-67.

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continued

[Millions of dollars]

			[Million	is of dollars	<u> </u>								
		Ea	stern Europ	œ		Canada			America and tern Hemisp			Japan	
Line	(Credits +; debits -) 1		2003			2003			2003		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2003	
		1	'	<i>p</i>	l	f	<i>p</i>	I	1	<i>p</i>	1	11 /	111 P
1	Current account Exports of goods and services and income receipts	3,286	3,323	3,653	52,766	56,681	51,497	56,612	58,276	61,439	22,738	22,539	23,659
2	Exports of goods and services	2,725	2,717	2,960	47,662	51,466	46,079	47,163	48,776	51,443	19,600	19,346	20,322
3	Goods, balance of payments basis 2	1,511	1,602	1,703	41,177	44,931	39,587	35,022	36,141	37,353	12,179	12,912	12,271
4 5	Services <sup>3</sup> Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts <sup>4</sup>	1,214 105	1,115 86	1,257 90	6,485 44	6,535 57	6,492   51	12,141 114	12,635 102	14,090 100	7,421 151	6,434 120	8,051 105
6	Travel	255	331	371	1,803	1,872	1,695	3,597	4,043	4,872	1,913	1,291	2,352
7 8	Passenger fares Other transportation	15 59	16 58	14 65	483 665	495 660	536 673	955 842	983   885	1,173 891	534 753	422 778	791 808
9	Royalties and license fees 5	106	116	111	809	846	825	891	1,181	1,200	1,592	1,603	1,656
10 11	Other private services 5	666 8	500 8	598 8	2,660 21	2,584 21	2,691 21	5,698 44	5,397 44	5,810 44	2,452 26	2,194 26	2,313 26
12	Income receipts	561	606	693	5,104	5,215	5,418	9,449	9,500	9,996	3,138	3,193	3,337
13 14	Income receipts on U.Sowned assets abroad	547 290	592 451	679 533	5,081 3,295	5,191 3,593	5,393 3,772	9,396 4,262	9,446 4,139	9,944 4,926	3,120 1,679	3,175 1,849	3,319 1, <b>91</b> 6
15 16	Other private receipts	131 126	121 20	125 21	1,786	1,598	1,621	5,067 67	5,221 86	4,926 92	1,440	1,325	1,402
17	Compensation of employees	14	14	14	23	24	25	53	54	52 52	18	18	18
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-5,900	-6,280	-6,718	-61,875	-63,774	-63,236	<b>-73</b> ,131	-75,977	-76, <b>725</b>	-40,039	-41,005	-41,863
19 20	Imports of goods and services	-5,016 -4,485	-5,391 -4,523	-5,939 -5,076	-60,312 -56,339	-61,706 -57,097	-61,040 -55,167	-61,836 -51,404	-65,043 -54,186	-65,917 -55,127	-33,756 -28,953	-33,817 -29,210	-33,605 -28,552
21	Services 3	-531	-868	-863	-3,973	-4,609	-5,873	-10,432	-10,857	-10,790	-4,803	-4,607	-5,053
22 23	Direct defense expenditures	-38   -179	-56 -387	-35 -388	-19 -962	–19 –1,501	-18	-83	-66 -4,578	-70 -4,447	391 588	-422 516	-390 699
24	Travel	-66	-122	-137	-87	-82	-2,717 -105	-4,572 -706	-702	-767	-241	-211	-301
25 26	Other transportation	-36 -18	–47 –49	-42 -49	-865 -198	-931 -165	-912 -188	-927 -329	-948 -249	-929 -264	-1,130 -1,392	-1,117 -1,218	-1,235 -1,334
27	Other private services 5	-179	-192	-197	-1,797	-1,866	-1,888	-3,681	-4,179	-4,177	-1,012	-1,074	-1,045
28 29	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	–15 –884	-15 -889	-15 -779	-45 -1,563	-45 -2.068	-45 -2,196	-134 -11,295	-135 -10,934	-136 -10,808	-49 -6,283	-49 -7,188	-49 -8,258
30	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States	-865	-874	-766	-1,479	-1,985	-2,114	-9,672	<del>-9</del> ,278	-9,167	-6,259	-7,171	-8,243
31 32	Direct investment payments Other private payments	−395 −122	~423 -134	−351 −120	-366 -919	-936 873	-976 -920	-805 -6,605	-612 -6,424	-433 -6,401	-515 -1,468	-1,618 -1,293	-2,554 -1,336
33 34	U.S. Government payments	-348 -19	-317 -15	-295 -13	-194 -84	-176 -83	-218 -82	-2,262 -1,623	-2,242 -1,656	-2,333 -1,641	-4,276 -24	-4,260 -17	-4,353 -15
35	Unilateral current transfers, net	-1,037	-1,061	-1,236	-145	-120	-169	-6,335	-6,377	-6,769	141	155	93
36 37	U.S. Government grants <sup>4</sup> U.S. Government pensions and other transfers	-349 -15	-394 -15	-504 -11	-136		-150	-501 -186	-530 -202	-687 -190	-34	-35	26
38	Private remittances and other transfers 6	-673	-652	-721	-9	19	-19	-5,648	-5,645	-5,892	175	190	119
	Capital and financial account  Capital account												
39	Capital account transactions, net	-55	-51	-55	28	28	35	-57	-5	-19	6	6	6
-	Financial account	-				,			_				
40	U.Sowned assets abroad, net (increase/financial outflow (-))	315	-236	-1,131	-400	6,428	<b>-5,795</b>	-18,193	-34,402	57,821	-12,088	-8,236	-10,313
41 42	U.S. official reserve assets, net							,					
43 44	Special drawing rights										***************************************		
45	Foreign currencies						,,,,,,,						
46 47	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	58 -12	-76	-58				173 –68	37 -59	190 -52	8	2	
48	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets <sup>a</sup> .  U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	70	76	58				248 -7	103 -7	245			
49 50	U.S. private assets, net	257	-236	-1,131	-400	6,428	-5,795	-18,366	-34,439	-3 57,631	-12.096	-8,238	-10,313
51 52 53	Direct investment	549 135	-594 429	-387 233	-2,807 4,195	-5,921 2,167	-3,001 2,214	-7,307 -12,693	2,069 -3,822	-2,172 -2,433	-893 -1.102	-620 -253	-1,058 -10,238
53	Foreign securities	-126	_ <del>7</del> 0		-529	-899		13,130	-9,385	16,960	-340	-558	
54 55	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	-301 <b>4,332</b>	-1 <b>4,269</b>	-977 - <b>3,968</b>	-1,259 1 <b>0,168</b>	11,081 <b>11,660</b>	-5,008 <b>5,122</b>	-11,496 <b>62,743</b>	-23,301 <b>114,6</b> 11	45,276 <b>-19,764</b>	-9,761 <b>24,922</b>	-6,807 <b>44,828</b>	983 <b>22,152</b>
56 57	Foreign official assets in the United States, net	/18\	(18)	(18)	-1,262	-168	407	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)
57 58	U.S. Government securities	(18) (18) (18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18)	{ <del>!/</del> }	(17) (17) (17)	(17) (17)	(18) (18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18)	(18) (18)
59 60	Other <sup>10</sup> Other U.S. Government liabilities <sup>11</sup>	(18)	) 18 98	109	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(17)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(18) -5	(18) 25	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(18)	(18) (18) 202 (18) (18)
61	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(17) (17)	(17) (17)	(17) (17)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) 18	(18)
62 63	Other foreign assets in the United States, net	(1º) (18)	(18)	(18)	11,430	11,828	4,715	(18)	(1°) (18)	(18)	(18)	(18)	(18)
64	Direct investment	-1,152	339 (18)	-73 (18)	325 (17)	7,093	1,534	960 (18)	6,546	1,086	-1,995	2,015 (18)	3,390
65 66	U.S. Treasury securities	-1,254	-1,468	-1,334	2,566	(17) 4,119	-1,136	-1,709	37,047	12,715	5,379	5,751	-13,927
67 68	U.S. currency												
69	concerns	-110 18 6,836	95 18 5,205	18 -2,670	4,666	-4,722 (17)	(17)	5,890 18 57,607	7,562 18 63,431	-17,565	-39 18 21,753	-2,170 18 39,211	<sup>18</sup> 32,487
70	, ,	-941	36	9,455	( <sup>17</sup> ) -542	-10,903	12,546	-21,639	-56,126	-15,983	4,320	-18,287	6,266
74	Memoranda:	-2,974	_0.004	_0 070	_15 160	_10.166	-15,580	-16,382	-18,045	-17.774	-16,774	-16,298	-16,281
71 72		683	-2,921 247	-3,373 394	-15,162 2,512	-12,166 1,926	619	1,709	1,778	3,300	2,618	1,827	2,998
73 74	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29)	-2,291 -323	-2,674 -283	-2,979 -86	-12,650 3,541	-10,240 3,147	-14,961 3,222	-14,673 -1,846	-16,267 -1,434	-14,474 -812	-14,156 -3,145	-14,471 -3,995	-13,283 -4,921
75 76		-1,037 -3,651	-1,061 -4,018	-1,236 -4,301	-145 -9,254	-120 -7,213	-169	-6,335 -22,854	-6,377 -24,078	-6,769 -22,055	141 -17,160	155 -18,311	93 -18,111
, 0	The second secon	, 0,001	, .,0.0	1 1,001	1 0,204	, ,,,,,,,,	, 5 6 6	,00-7	,,,,,,	,	,.00		, ,-,,,,,

See footnotes on page D-67.

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continued [Millions of dollars]

			Australia		Other cou	ntries in Asia	and Africa	Internatio	nal organizational organization	ons and
Line	(Credits +; debits –) 1		2003			2003			2003	
		I	Пr	III P	I	II /	III P	1	1	III P
	Current account		0.450	7.040	00.050	F0 040				
2	Exports of goods and services and income receipts  Exports of goods and services	<b>5,283</b> 4,075	6,153 4,774	<b>7,012</b> 5,265	<b>62,650</b> 53,738	<b>59,818</b> 51,854	<b>67,010</b> 57,498	<b>8,954</b> 1,555	<b>8,781</b> 1,574	<b>8,966</b> 1,613
3	Goods, balance of payments basis <sup>2</sup>	2,766	3,155	3,580	38,285	38,228	40,758	1,555	1,574	1,013
4	Services 3	1,309	1,619	1,685	15,453	13,626	16,740	1,555	1,574	1,613
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts 4	57	43	37	1,608	1,780	1,960			
6	Travel	317 66	375 69	449 92	2,070 184	2,263 149	3,221 256			
8	Other transportation	73	89	97	2,421	2,545	2,648	180	175	202
9 10	Royalties and license fees 5	207 587	236 805	222 786	1,636 7,468	1,709 5,115	1,702 6,887	607 768	629   770	636 775
11	Other private services <sup>5</sup> U.S. Government miscellaneous services	2	2	2	66	65	66			
12	Income receipts	1,208	1,379	1,747	8,912	7,964	9,512	7,399	7,207	7,353
13 14	Income receipts on U.Sowned assets abroad	1,201 768	1,372 967	1,740 1,309	8,809 7,264	7,862 5,930	9,409 7,418	6,887 4.666	6,692 4,682	6,834 4,677
15	Other private receipts	433	405	431	1,273	1,162	1,164	2,104	1,907	2,060
16 17	U.S. Government receipts	7	7	7	272 103	770 102	827 103	117 512	103 515	97 519
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-2,856	-2,984	-2,894	-110,888	-114,443	-127,086	-4,518	-4,591	-4,669
19	Imports of goods and services	-2,212	-2,348	-2,480	-104,119	-108,033	-120,652	-840	-980	-1,058
20	Goods, balance of payments basis <sup>2</sup>	-1,415	-1,594	-1,694	-93,355	-97,754	-108,372			
21 22	Services <sup>3</sup>	-797 -26	-754 -27	-786 -27	-10,764 -2,551	-10,279 -2,750	-12,280 -2,753	-840	-980	-1,058
23	Travel	-267	-249	-245	-2,146	-1,380	-2,493			
24 25	Passenger fares	-176	-141	-159	-1,210	-993	-1,420			
26	Other transportation	-52 -15	–46 –19	-46 -23	-2,858 -60	–3,075 –55	-3,220 -58	-572 -243	-714 -241	-780 -252
27	Other private services 5	-252	-263	-277	-1,736	-1,822	-2,130	-24	-24	-25
28	U.S. Government miscellaneous services	-9	-9	-9	-203	-204	-206	-1	-1	ب_ 
29 30	Income payments	-644 -640	-636 -633	-414 -411	-6,769 -6,542	-6,410 -6,248	-6,434 -6,312	-3,678 -3,678	-3,611   -3,611	-3,611 -3,611
31	Direct investment payments	-372	-363	-122	-29	-61	-154	-2,510	-2,499	-2,46
32 33	Other private payments	-159 -109	-157 -113	-166 -123	-1,696 -4,817	-1,608 -4,579	-1,730 -4,428	-835 -333	-793   -319	-838 -312
34	Compensation of employees	-4	-3	-3	-227	-162	-122			
35 36	U.S. Government grants <sup>4</sup>	-64	-60	-62	<b>−8,388</b> −4,552	<b>-7,653</b> -4,319	<b>−6,833</b> −3,826	-1, <b>541</b> -147	-1, <b>767</b> -295	- <b>1,60</b> 3 -188
37	U.S. Government pensions and other transfers	-13	-14	-14	-134	-136	-134	-142	-274	-231
38	Private remittances and other transfers 6	-51	-46	-48	-3,702	-3,198	-2,873	-1,252	-1,198	-1,184
	Capital and financial account  Capital account									
39	Capital account transactions, net	-6	-6	-6	-223	-1,445	-671			
-	Financial account	Ĭ	ŭ			1,170	"			
40	U.Sowned assets abroad, net (Increase/financial outflow (-))	1,051	-3,685	-598	-197	16,162	~16,315	-5,163	-5,128	-1,396
41	U.S. official reserve assets, net							253	-16	-480
42 43	Gold 7 Special drawing rights							897	-102	-91
44 45	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund							-644	86	-38
45 46	Foreign currencies  U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net		************		-80	574	367	-263	-261	-29
47	U.S. credits and other long-term assets				-1,831	-1,049	-1,105	-263	-261	-29
48 49	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets <sup>8</sup>			**************	1,740 11	1,708 –85	1,455   17	***************************************		
50	U.S. private assets, net	1,051	-3,685	-598	-117	15,588	-16,682	-5,153	-4,851	-62
51 <b>5</b> 2	Direct investment	-1,276 369	-863 -1,905	-1,080 665	-2,894 979	-2,860 4,653	-4,662 -5,213	-4,666 16	-4,682 -86	-4,67 -4
53	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	1,499	1,498		-1,131	2,323				5,24
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	459	-2,415	-183	2,929	11,472	-6,807	-503	-83	-1,14
55 56	Foreign owned assets in the United States, net (increase/financial inflow (+))  Foreign official assets in the United States, net	-3,365	6, <b>916</b>	894 (18)	24,886 (18)	23,799	31,086	6,120   168	<b>7,281</b>   25	29,92
57	U.S. Government securities	(18)	) <sub>18</sub> (	(18)	18	18	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		23	***************************************
58 59	U.S. Treasury securities 9	(18) (18) (18) —9 (18) (18)	18	(18) (18)	)18 (18	)18 (18	(18)			
60	Other <sup>10</sup>	-9	`1Í	19	-229	-Ì5Ó	.`-99́	168	25	***************************************
61 62	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere  Other foreign official assets 12	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)			
63	Other foreign assets in the United States, net	(18) (18)	(18)	(18)	(18) (18)	(18) (18)	(18)	5.952	7,256	29.920
64	Direct investment	1,104	-1,458	365	930	624	`79	2,510	2,499	2,46
65 66	U.S. Treasury securities	(18) -2,708	( <sup>18</sup> ) 776	( <sup>18</sup> ) –426	( <sup>18</sup> ) 6,235	( <sup>18</sup> ) 734	-6,349	( <sup>18</sup> ) -110	( <sup>18</sup> ) -353	( <sup>18</sup> ~45
67	U.S. currency							4,927	1,458	2,76
68 69	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	715 18 –2,467	-146 18 7,733	18 936	1,689 18 16,261	-2,355 18 24,946	<sup>18</sup> 37,455	<sup>18</sup> –1,375	18 3,652	24,33 <sup>18</sup> 81:
70	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	-43	-6,334	<b>-4,346</b>	32,160	23,762	52,809	-3,852	<b>-4,576</b>	-31,22
	Memoranda:		,	,			.	.,	.,	,
71 72	Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20)	1,351 512	1,561 865	1,886 899	-55,070 4,689	-59,526 3,347	-67,614 4,460	715	594	55
73	Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 19)	1,863	2,426	2,785	-50,381	-56,179	-63,154	715	594	55
			743	1,333	2,143	-1,554	3,078	3,721	3,596	3,74
74 75	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29). Unilateral current transfers, net (line 35).	564 -64	-60	-62	-8,388	-7,653	-6,833	-1,541	-1,767	-1,60

P Preliminary.
'Revised.
See footnotes on page D-67.
Source: Table 11 in "U.S. International Transactions, Third Quarter 2003" in the January 2004 issue of the Survey of Синвем Визмезы.

#### **Table F.4. Private Services Transactions**

[Millions of dollars]

					Not se	asonally ad	ljusted				•	Seas	onally adju	sted		
Line		2002		200	02			2003			20	02			2003	
			1	II	III	IV	I	II.	III P	I	II	III	IV	ī	II.	p
1	Exports of private services	279,495	66,848	67,752	73,234	71,661	69,733	68,301	76,565	68,164	69,325	69,882	72,121	71,002	70,021	73,228
2	Travel (table F2, line 6). Passenger fares (table F2, line 7) Other transportation (table F2, line 8) Freight Port services	66,547	14,479	16,732	18,829	16,507	14,286	15,185	19,142	16,295	16,030	16,217	18,005	16,089	14,543	16,569
3		17,046	3,872	4,281	4,831	4,062	3,444	3,455	4,557	4,224	4,279	4,288	4,255	3,736	3,456	4,059
4		29,166	6,784	7,104	7,646	7,632	7,488	7,884	8,151	7,102	7,075	7,307	7,682	7,837	7,853	7,789
5		12,330	2,879	2,926	3,134	3,391	3,273	3,622	3,414	2,934	2,918	3,140	3,338	3,337	3,611	3,417
6		16,836	3,905	4,178	4,512	4,241	4,215	4,262	4,737	4,168	4,157	4,167	4,344	4,500	4,242	4,372
7	Royalties and license fees (table F2, line 9) Affiliated. U.S. parents' receipts U.S. affiliates' receipts Unaffiliated. Industrial processes 1 Other 2	44,142	10,139	11,012	11,168	11,823	11,297	11,744	11,912	10,373	11,221	11,389	11,157	11,630	11,944	12,155
8		32,218	7,200	8,050	8,173	8,795	8,237	8,652	8,787	7,434	8,259	8,394	8,129	8,570	8,852	9,030
9		29,066	6,881	7,236	7,199	7,750	7,285	7,796	7,722	7,066	7,313	7,357	7,329	7,487	7,862	7,902
10		3,152	319	814	974	1,045	952	856	1,065	368	946	1,037	800	1,083	990	1,128
11		11,924	2,939	2,962	2,995	3,028	3,060	3,092	3,125	2,939	2,962	2,995	3,028	3,060	3,092	3,125
12		3,900	981	974	972	973	976	981	988	981	974	972	973	976	981	988
13		8,024	1,958	1,988	2,023	2,055	2,084	2,110	2,137	1,958	1,988	2,023	2,055	2,084	2,110	2,137
14	Other private services (table F.2, line 10)	122,594	31,574	28,623	30,760	31,637	33,218	30,033	32,803	30,170	30,720	30,681	31,022	31,710	32,225	32,656
15		43,500	9,465	10,389	10,988	12,658	11,260	11,599	11,478	9,992	10,897	11,195	11,415	11,906	12,118	11,649
16		25,194	5,793	6,167	6,207	7,027	6,582	6,863	6,822	6,035	6,262	6,380	6,517	6,852	6,963	7,001
17		18,306	3,672	4,222	4,781	5,631	4,678	4,736	4,656	3,957	4,635	4,815	4,898	5,054	5,155	4,648
18		79,094	22,109	18,234	19,772	18,979	21,958	18,434	21,325	20,178	19,823	19,486	19,607	19,804	20,107	21,007
19		12,759	5,095	1,584	3,471	2,610	5,607	1,643	3,639	3,082	3,150	3,253	3,274	3,364	3,292	3,388
20		15,859	4,083	4,126	3,842	3,808	3,825	3,984	4,140	4,083	4,126	3,842	3,808	3,825	3,984	4,140
21		2,839	663	701	735	740	742	740	730	663	701	735	740	742	740	730
22		4,137	1,092	1,045	1,009	992	987	976	965	1,092	1,045	7,009	992	987	970	965
23		28,799	7,599	7,146	6,993	7,062	7,081	7,319	7,928	7,599	7,146	6,993	7,062	7,081	7,319	7,928
24		14,700	3,578	3,632	3,723	3,767	3,717	3,773	3,923	3,660	3,655	3,654	3,731	3,805	3,797	3,855
25	Imports of private services	205,234	46,360	52,365	54,978	51,531	49,410	54,141	58,823	<b>50,03</b> 3	50,484	51,453	53,264	53,223	52,463	55,244
26	Travel (table F2, line 23)  Passenger fares (table F.2, line 24)  Other transportation (table F.2, line 25)  Freight  Port services	58,044	12,430	15,806	16,930	12,878	12,196	14,248	17,006	14,453	14,252	14,314	15,025	14,168	12,895	14,464
27		19,969	4,422	5,475	5,430	4,642	4,479	5,283	5,949	4,874	4,874	4,829	5,392	4,960	4,720	5,335
28		38,527	8,420	9,577	10,138	10,392	10,303	11,294	11,695	8,891	9,580	9,787	10,271	10,873	11,249	11,282
29		25,973	5,594	6,428	6,806	7,145	6,962	8,103	8,356	5,924	6,456	6,579	7,016	7,360	8,093	8,069
30		12,554	2,826	3,149	3,332	3,247	3,341	3,191	3,339	2,967	3,124	3,208	3,255	3,513	3,156	3,213
31	Royalties and license fees (table F2, line 26)	19,258	4,607	4,765	4,941	4,945	4,564	4,546	4,802	4,728	4,902	5,036	4,592	4,698	4,697	4,874
32		15,132	3,242	3,691	4,106	4,093	3,699	3,669	3,907	3,363	3,828	4,201	3,740	3,833	3,820	3,979
33		2,958	598	718	843	799	630	623	643	598	718	843	799	630	623	643
34		12,174	2,644	2,973	3,263	3,294	3,069	3,046	3,264	2,765	3,110	3,358	2,941	3,203	3,197	3,336
35		4,126	1,365	1,074	835	852	865	877	895	1,365	1,074	835	852	865	877	895
36		1,935	474	480	487	494	504	513	522	474	480	487	494	504	513	522
37		2,192	891	594	349	358	362	365	373	891	594	349	358	362	365	373
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	Other private services (table F.2, line 27).  Affiliated services.  U.S. parents' payments.  U.S. affiliates' payments.  Unaffiliated services.  Education  Financial services. Insurance services.  Telecommunications.  Business, professional, and technical services.  Other unaffiliated services	69,436 32,967 17,529 14,838 37,069 2,466 3,665 15,348 4,180 10,732 679	16,481 7,616 3,749 3,867 8,865 471 975 3,533 1,112 2,613	16,742 7,496 4,181 3,315 9,246 615 999 3,756 1,050 2,658 169	17,539 8,053 4,607 3,446 9,486 807 834 3,948 1,023 2,702	18,674 9,202 4,992 4,210 9,472 573 857 4,111 996 2,759	17,868 8,192 4,329 3,863 9,676 510 939 4,250 966 2,830 180	18,770 8,728 4,719 4,009 10,042 667 926 4,374 961 2,931	19,371 8,602 4,814 3,788 10,769 875 1,044 4,492 956 3,219	17,087 8,094 4,062 4,032 8,993 597 975 3,533 1,112 2,613	16,876 7,631 4,287 3,344 9,245 612 999 3,756 1,050 2,658 169	17,487 8,183 4,657 3,526 9,304 624 834 3,948 1,023 2,702	17,984 8,457 4,522 3,935 9,527 627 857 4,111 996 2,759	18,524 8,720 4,705 4,015 9,804 639 939 4,250 966 2,830	18,902 8,874 4,827 4,047 10,028 653 926 4,374 961 2,931 183	19,289 8,727 4,838 3,889 10,562 667 1,044 4,492 956 3,219
	Supplemental detail on insurance transactions:	0,0		100	170	170	,,,,	100		101	100	,,,	.,,			
49	Premiums received. For insurance services <sup>4</sup> (line 21) For loss settlement <sup>5</sup> Actual losses paid <sup>5</sup>	11,937	2,649	2,916	3,124	3,248	3,265	3,277	3,309	2,649	2,916	3,124	3,248	3,265	3,277	3,309
50		2,839	663	701	735	740	742	740	730	663	701	735	740	742	740	730
51		9,098	1,986	2,215	2,389	2,508	2,523	2,537	2,579	1,986	2,215	2,389	2,508	2,523	2,537	2,579
52		8,619	2,199	2,158	2,131	2,131	2,176	2,236	2,305	2,199	2,158	2,131	2,131	2,176	2,236	2,305
53	Premiums paid For insurance services <sup>4</sup> (line 45) For loss settlement <sup>5</sup> Actual losses recovered <sup>5</sup>	47,156	11,416	11,663	11,902	12,175	12,472	12,826	13,194	11,416	11,663	11,902	12,175	12,472	12,826	13,194
54		15,348	3,533	3,756	3,948	4,111	4,250	4,374	4,492	3,533	3,756	3,948	4,111	4,250	4,374	4,492
55		31,808	7,882	7,907	7,954	8,064	8,222	8,452	8,702	7,882	7,907	7,954	8,064	8,222	8,452	8,702
56		30,914	7,123	7,658	8,003	8,130	8,026	7,704	7,495	7,123	7,658	8,003	8,130	8,026	7,704	7,495
57	Memoranda: Balance on goods (table F.2, line 71) Balance on private services (line 1 minus line 25) Balance on goods and private services (lines 57 and 58)	-482,872	-96,947	-116,868	-134,059	-134,998	-126,994	-133,451	-146,675	-106,033	-121,286	-123,312	-132,241	-136,018	-138,088	-136,232
58		74,261	20,488	15,387	18,256	20,130	20,323	14,160	17,742	18,131	18,841	18,429	18,857	17,779	17,558	17,984
59		-408,611	-76,459	-101,481	-115,803	-114,868	-106,671	-119,291	-128,933	-87,902	-102,445	-104,883	-113,384	-118,239	-120,530	-118,248

Preliminary.

tions in the United States and film and television tape rentals. Payments (imports) include mainly expenditures of U.S. residents temporarily working abroad and film and television tape rentals.

4. Includes charges for auxiliary insurance services.

5. Beginning in 1992, the net result of (line 51 – line 52) – (line 55 – line 56) is recorded in "private remittances and other transfers" (table F2, line 38).

Source: Table 3 in "U.S. International Transactions, Third Quarter 2003" in the January 2004 issue of the Survey of Current Busi-

Footnotes to Tables F.2 and F.3:

Todits, +: Exports of goods and services and income receipts; unilateral current transfers to the United States; capital account increased in receipts; tinanatia inflows—increase in foreign-owned assets (U.S. liabilities) or decrease in U.S.-owned assets (U.S.

The cleans, P. Expois of gloods and services in foreign-owned assets (U.S. liabilities) or decrease in U.S.-owned assets (U.S. claims).

Debits,- imports of goods and services and income payments; unilateral current transfers to foreigners; capital accounts transactions payments; financial outflows—decrease in foreign-owned assets (U.S. liabilities) or increase in U.S.-owned assets (U.S. claims).

2. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Gensus export documents, excludes imports of goods under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) of Census statistics to balance of payments basis; see table 2 in "U.S. International Transactions, Third Quarter 2003" in the January 2004 issue of the Suevey or Current Business.

3. Includes some goods: Wainly military equipment in line 5; major equipment, other materials, supplies, and petroleum products purchased abroad by U.S. military agencies in line 22; and fuels purchased by airline and steamship operators in lines 8 and 25.

4. Includes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.

5. Beginning in 1982; these lines are presented on a gross basis. The definition of exports is revised to exclude U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to include U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. The definition of imports is revised to include U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to exclude U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. The definition of imports is revised to include U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to exclude U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. The definition of imports is revised to include U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates and to exclude U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. The definition of imports is revised to include U.S. parents' payments to foreign affiliates to U.S. Government.

7. At the present time, all U.S.

ment corporations and agencies

- 11. Includes, primarily, U.S. Government liabilities associated with military agency sales contracts and other transactions arranged ith or through foreign official agencies; see table 4 in "U.S. International Transactions, Third Quarter 2003" in the January 2004 issue
- wat of integers of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and State and local govern-12. Consists of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and State and local govern-

12. Consists of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and State and local governments.

13. Conceptually, line 76 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs), However, the foreign transactions account in the NIPAs (a) includes adjustments to the international transactions accounts for the treatment of gold, (b) includes adjustments for the different geographical treatment of transactions with U.S. territories and Puerto Rico, and (c) includes services turnished without payment by financial pension plans account its international foreign and private noninsured pension plans. An economization of the balance on goods and services from the international accounts and the NIPA net export appears in reconciliation table 2 in appendix A in this issue of the Survey. A reconciliation of the other foreign transactions in the two sets of accounts appears in table 4.5 of the full set of NIPA tables.

Additional footnotes to Table F3:

14. The "Europaean Union" includes the "European Union" also includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden.

15. The "European Union (b)" includes Belgium, France, Germany (includes the formar German Democratic Republic (East Germany) beginning in the fourth quarter of 1990), Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, European Alornic Energy Community, European Coal and Steel Community, and European International shipping, in operating oil and gas drilling equipment internationally, and in petroleum trading. Also includes taxes withheld; current-cost adjustments associated with U.S. and foreign direct investment feet for early exposed in international on reported by country; and net U.S. currency flows, for which geographic source data are not available.

17. Details are not shown separately; see totals in lines 56 and 63.

<sup>\*</sup> Heviseo.

1. Includes royalities, license fees, and other fees associated with the use of intangible assets, including patents, trade secrets, and her proprietary rights, that are used in connection with the production of goods.

2. Includes royalities, license fees, and other fees associated with the use of copyrights, trademarks, franchises, rights to broadcast ee events, software licensing fees, and other intangible property rights.

3. Other unaffiliated services receipts (exports) include mainly expenditures of foreign governments and international organiza-

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#### **G. Investment Tables**

Table G.1. International Investment Position of the United States at Yearend, 2001 and 2002 [Millions of dollars]

				Changes in	position in 2001 (d	ecrease (-))		
				Attribut	able to:			!
		Position,	Financial	Va	luation adjustmen	ts	Total	Position,
Line	Type of investment	2001	flows	Price changes	Exchange rate changes 1	Other changes 2	iota	2002 p
			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(a+b+c+d)	
1 2	Net international investment position of the United States:  With direct investment positions at current cost (line 3 less line 24)  With direct investment positions at market value (line 4 less line 25)	-1,979,906 -2,314,271	-527,998 -527,998	-83,284 -42,105	147,129 230,053	56,848 49,166	-407,305 -290,884	-2,387,211 -2,605,155
3	U.Sowned assets abroad: With direct investment positions at current cost (lines 5+10+15) With direct investment positions at market value (lines 5+10+16)	6,18 <b>7,41</b> 0 6, <b>891,25</b> 1	178, <b>98</b> 5 17 <b>8,98</b> 5	-365,107 -847,812	182,335 264,680	5,568 -13,542	1,781 -417,689	6,1 <b>8</b> 9,191 6,473,562
5 6	U.S. official reserve assets	129,961 72,328	3,681	18,492 3 18,492	6,482	-14 4 -14	28,641 18,478	158,602 90,806
7 8 9	Special drawing rights Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund. Foreign currencies	10,783 17,869 28,981	475 2,632 574		908 1,478 4,096		1,383 4,110 4,670	12,166 21,979 33,651
10 11 12 13 14	U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets	85,654 83,132 82,854 278 2,522	32 -73 -69 -4 105				32 -73 -69 -4 105	85,686 83,059 82,785 274 2,627
15 16	U.S. private assets: With direct investment at current cost (lines 17+19+22+23) With direct investment at market value (lines 18+19+22+23)	5,971,795 6,675,636	175,272 175,272	-383, <b>5</b> 99 -866,304	175,853 258,198	5,582 -13,528	-26,892 -446,362	5,944,903 6,229,274
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Direct investment abroad: At current cost	1,598,072 2,301,913 2,114,734 502,061 1,612,673 835,780 1,423,209	137,836 137,836 -15,801 -33,478 17,677 31,880 21,357	-5,215 -487,920 -378,384 21,274 -399,658	25,577 107,922 126,427 11,927 114,500 13,301 10,548	-4,418 -23,528 	153,780 -265,690 -267,758 -277 -267,81 55,181 31,905	1,751,852 2,036,223 1,846,976 501,784 1,345,192 890,961 1,455,114
24	Foreign-owned assets in the United States: With direct investment at current cost (lines 26+33)	8,167,316	706,983	-281,823	35,206	-51,280	409,086	8,576,402
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	With direct investment at market value (lines 26+34)  Foreign official assets in the United States U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities Other Other U.S. Government liabilities 7 U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Other foreign official assets	9,205,522 1,027,194 798,844 650,703 148,141 17,007 123,425 87,918	706,983 94,860 73,521 43,144 30,377 137 17,594 3,608	-805,707 10,476 25,640 16,761 8,879 	34,627	-62,708	-126,805 105,336 99,161 59,905 39,256 137 17,594 -11,556	9,078,717 1,132,530 898,005 710,608 187,397 17,144 141,019 76,362
33 34	Other foreign assets: With direct investment at current cost (lines 35+37+38+41+42+43) With direct investment at market value (lines 36+37+38+41+42+43)	7,140,122 8,178,328	612,123 612,123	-292,299 -816,183	35,206 34,627	-51,280 -62,708	303,750 -232,141	7,443,872 7,946,187
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Direct investment in the United States: At current cost	1,514,374 2,552,580 389,000 2,855,705 1,391,616 1,464,089 275,569 799,120 1,306,354	39,633 39,633 96,217 291,492 236,309 55,183 21,513 72,142 91,126	-6,060 -529,944 18,413 -304,652 43,801 -348,453	18,570 18,570	-44,098 -55,526	-9,946 -545,837 114,630 5,410 298,680 -293,270 21,513 71,139 101,004	1,504,428 2,006,743 503,630 2,861,115 1,690,296 1,170,819 297,082 870,259 1,407,358

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<sup>P Preliminary.
Revised.
1. Represents gains or losses on foreign-currency-denominated assets due to their revaluation at current exchange</sup> 

Hepresents gains or losses on foreign-currency-denominated assets due to their revaluation at current exchange rates.
 Includes changes in coverage, capital gains and losses of direct investment affiliates, and other statistical adjustments to the value of assets.
 Reflects changes in the value of the official gold stock due to fluctuations in the market price of gold.
 Reflects changes in gold stock from U.S. Treasury sales of gold medallions and commemorative and bullion coins; also reflects replenishment through open market purchases. These demonetizations/monetizations are not included in international transactions financial flows.

<sup>5.</sup> Also includes paid-in capital subscriptions to international financial institutions and resources provided to foreigners under foreign assistance programs requiring repayment over several years. Excludes World War I debts that are not being provided to the provide

under foreign assistance programs requiring repayment over several years. Excludes world war I deots that are not being serviced.

6. Includes indebtedness that the borrower may contractually, or at its option, repay with its currency, with a third country's currency, or by delivery of materials or transfer of services.

7. Primarily U.S. Government liabilities associated with military sales contracts and other transactions arranged with or through foreign official agencies.

Source: Table 1 in "The International Investment Position of the United States at Yearend 2002" in the July 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

# Table G.2. U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Selected Items, by Country of Foreign Affiliate and by Industry of Foreign Affiliate, 1999–2002

[Millions of dollars]

-		Direct investi on a historic	ment position al-cost basis			Capital outflov	vs (inflows (-)	)		Inc	ome	
	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
All countries, all industries	1,215,960	1,316,247	1,383,225	1,520,965	209,392	142,627	103,767	119,742	114,348	133,692	107,060	123,889
By country of foreign affiliate												
Canada	119,590	132,472	141,789	152,522	22,824	16,899	15,510	12,893	13,529	16,181	11,881	11,098
Europe	627,754	687,320	716,901	796,913	109,484	77,976	44,720	66,761	58,289	65,574	51,133	59,487
Of which: France	43,120	42,628	40.839	43,978	2,111	1,967	-118	2.132	1.781	2.370	1.722	1.884
Germany	53,399	55,508	65,800	64,739	5,658	3,811	11.046	-4654	5,086	4,736	3,879	2,991
Ireland	25,157	35,903	35,712	41,636	4,741	9,823	196	4.870	4.167	5,773	4,375	4,652
Netherlands	121,315	115,429	126,076	145,474	13,320	961	12.828	18,325	13,646	13,402	12.096	14,401
Switzerland	40,532	55,377	60,675	70,051	6,929	8,687	4,029	7,673	6,686	5,027	4,974	7,861
United Kingdom	216,638	230,762	238,773	255,391	47,265	28,317	15,720	18,871	13,629	19,099	9,665	11,250
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere  Of which:	253,928	266,576	282,328	272,363	44,658	23,212	26,152	8,610	19,686	19,796	18,860	16,809
Bermuda	50,847	60,114	66,144	68,856	6,871	9,363	6,704	4,238	4,655	6,446	6,137	4,758
Brazil	37,184	36,717	35,523	31,715	5,672	3,350	769	181	1,180	1,621	1,294	766
Mexico	37,151	39,352	56,554	58,074	8,164	4,203	15,305	3,627	4,350	4,431	4,251	4,532
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	29,762	33,451	30,242	29,252	11,264	989	20	-719	2,466	1,606	2,813	3,132
Africa	13,118	11,891	13,411	15,066	596	716	1,120	861	1,803	2,010	1,537	1,938
Middle East	10,950	10,863	12,351	14,154	1,000	1,375	1,585	1,837	1,334	2,272	1,375	1,864
Asia and Pacific	190.621	207,125	216,445	269,947	30.831	22,449	14.680	28,779	19.707	27,861	22,274	32,694
Of which:	100,021	207,120	210,710	200,047	00,001	22,770	14,000	20,773	13,707	27,007	EE,EI7	32,034
Australia	35,386	34.838	32,574	36,337	4,868	890	-396	3,726	2.397	3.415	1,702	2.596
Hong Kong	22,759	27,447	32,089	35,764	4,447	4.922	4,407	2.035	3,170	5,163	4,785	4.962
	55,120	57.091	58,233	65,676		4,922	2.322	4,482				
Japan					10,602				4,146	5,988	4,767	6,807
Singapore	20,665	24,133	26,749	61,361	3,863	3,688	3,820	11,407	2,604	4,045	2,600	10,060
By industry of foreign affiliate												
Mining	72,526	72,111	78,319	80,976	9,298	2,174	12,823	9,011	8,451	13,164	10,011	10,165
Utilities	22,472	21,964	23,214	20,932	1,296	2,466	2,436	-3301	1,503	1,610	1,574	1,552
Manufacturing	327,282	343,899	365,924	392,553	39,672	43,002	29,899	29,510	35,637	42,230	32,234	31,279
Of which:	1		,			· ·	, i		, .	[	' '	- ,
Food	23,268	23,497	24,681	28,240	1,111	2,014	2,274	3.893	3.020	2.681	2.626	3.440
Chemicals	81,727	75,807	93,779	99,371	9,007	3,812	8,270	10,116	9,026	11,552	10,313	12,065
Primary and fabricated metals	21,569	21,644	22,699	24,359	2.068	1,233	1,251	1,814	1,552	1,536	1,379	973
Machinery	21,501	22,229	21,292	22,025	2,785	2,659	-845	161	2,048	2,257	1,261	1.412
Computers and electronic products	46,783	59,909	65,559	69,208	9.631	17,303	8,659	922	6,430	8,860	5,868	3.764
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	8,212	10,005	10,118	10,166	1,136	2,100	1,115	100	998	1.079	478	397
Transportation equipment	43,322	49,887	44,210	48,378	4,482	7,814	2,809	3,238	4,770	4,107	1,921	1,477
Wholesale trade	86,313	93,936	102,322	114,895	11,029	11,938	9,096	7,182	12,414	14,198	13,002	13,229
Information	50,062	52,345	50,492	53,841	14,180	16,531	3,519	1,533	752	-964	-3491	237
Depository institutions (banking)	40,879	40,152	52,681	52,935	903	-1274	9,715	-1185	968	2,191	2,662	2,270
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	198,749	217,086	225,556	244,480	27,833	21,659	5,807	25,775	13,097	15,210	8,430	14,005
Professional, scientific, and technical services	29,968	32,868	34,704	38,307	7,238	5,441	3,442	2,448	2,985	3,548	2,084	2,968
Other industries	387,709	441,886	450,013	522,047	97,944	40,690	27,030	48,769	38,542	42,504	40,555	48,184
New in this table, unlike in the international transpostions account		conital cutflour	L	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	L	47: #110		nh Abrandi Da	L	

Note. In this table, unlike in the international transactions accounts, income and capital outflows are shown without a current-cost adjustment, and income is shown net of withholding taxes. In addition, unlike in the international investment position, the direct investment position is valued at historical cost.

The data in this table are from tables 16 and 17 in "U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Detail for Historical-Cost Position and Related Capital and Income Flows, 2002" in the September 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table G.3. Selected Financial and Operating Data for Nonbank Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies by Country and by Industry of Affiliate, 2001

			All nonbar	nk affiliates				Maje	ority-owned no	nbank foreign	affiliates (MO	FAs)	
		M	illions of dolla	rs					Millions	of dollars			
	Total assets	Sales	Net income	U.S. exports of goods shipped to affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped by affiliates	Thousands of employees	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Gross product	U.S. exports of goods shipped to affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped by affiliates	Thousands of employees
All countries, all industries	5,836,225	2,929,609	192,147	205,030	211,761	9,775.6	5,225,797	2,520,556	176,380	583,444	198,547	197,436	8,193.4
By country													
Canada	509,564	367,216	17,401	65,303	77,041	1,156.3	464,038	334,124	16,417	71,527	63,501	71,871	1,044.2
Europe	3,393,748	1,459,546	103,812	48,873	38,400	4,168.5	3,170,144	1,311,967	97,126	317,983	47,906	37,928	3,749.4
Of which: France	190.604	134.870	3.770	4.606	2.966	578.3	166,117	121.962	3,899	34.367	4.079	2.845	540.5
Germany	320,810	240,718	9,042	7,436	5,086	652.6	268,999	199,178	8,309	57,710	7.352	5,067	601.0
Netherlands United Kingdom	423,488 1,432,135	141,185 428,171	23,810 8,059	9,029 (D)	2,571 8.648	230.1 1,279.9	398,356 1,391,209	112,599 415,338	22,397 8,451	20,362 103,143	8,807 11,746	2,425 8,637	175.8 1.204.8
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	884.540	371,684	33,697	44,834	50,769	2.005.1	746.829	306,912	29,120	64,315	43,363	48,126	1,585.7
Of which:				· ·	ŕ	,	, .	,	,	,	,	l '	·
Brazil	126,088 128,203	73,180	-1,769 6,087	3,615 34,635	1,810 42,782	406.4 1,016.7	94,336 98,261	59,760 107,293	-1,360 4,409	14,547 19,891	3,523 33,595	1,666	348.0 801.8
Mexico	67,280	132,068 42,145		786	42,762 (D)	241.0	51,299	33,597	2,900	12,271	707	41,177	139.1
Africa	55,581	42,145 34,815	3,541	922	(D)	93.1	24.964	18,213	1,938	7,354	854	4,066 810	60.2
Middle East		· '	2,641		40.560				28.879				
Asia and Pacific	925,513	654,203	31,055	44,312	40,560	2,111.7	768,522	515,743	20,079	109,995	42,216	34,636	1,614.8
Australia	111,608	69,448	2,632	4,726	1,082	316.9	101,371	58,563	2,407	18,427	4,662	1,080	265.3
Japan	345,333	241,072	7,247	14,585	7,899	494.6	263,034	157,228	6,437	37,376	13,222	2,231	235.1
By industry													
Mining	256,604	103,016	18,128	1,478	10,614	167.8	234,459	92,043	15,430	55,188	1,315	9,766	147.9
Utilities	188,456	97,564	3,115	5	(D)	114.8	138,199	75,222	1,512	11,203	4	154	77.9
Manufacturing	1,202,034	1,329,898	55,120	133,591	180,050	5,074.3	1,024,761	1,148,329	50,941	300,819	129,108	166,801	4,308.8
Food	67,572	93,164	4,030	4,487	3,084	425.6	60,970	83,807	3,676	18,668	4,209	3,017	376.9
Chemicals	309,369	230,312	18,425	18,067	14,338	631.0	274,113	205,790	17,643	57,617	17,266	13,771	567.3
Primary and fabricated metals Machinery	58,613 69,322	45,790 75,101	1,766 2,188	3,407 7,751	3,916 8,121	255.6 403.3	52,309 : 55,781	39,778 60,244	1,485 1,981	11,908 16,725	3,249 7,362	3,836 7,308	235.0 339.6
Computers and electronic products	160,111	207,822	9,237	28,919	44,884	747.3	153,848	203,268	9,391	36,038	28,671	44,573	719.6
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	27,264	31.000	829	2.756	4.751	264.4	23.977	27.480	753	6.945	2.658	4.151	223.4
Transportation equipment	207,235	306,862	2,251	53,746	83,741	1,047.1	160,937	252,092	1,812	44,606	51,766	73,646	893.0
Wholesale trade	396,093	698,852	17,716	62,016	18,869	831.7	378,528	663,352	16,562	92,713	60,711	18,736	783.1
Information	295,805	165,558	-13,582	(D)	(D)	700.8	123,481	76,457	-14,928	19,388	677	(D)	339.2
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	2,028,161	211,006	19,853	9	0	343.9	1,955,630	198,581	19,282	23,511	9	0	320.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services	124,005	86,417	5,547	(D)	8 <b>9</b> 9	437.8	120,741	81,794	5,395	30,926	1,529	(D)	409.4
Other industries	1.345.067	237,298	86,250	5.592	(D)	2.104.5	1.249.998	184,778	82.186	49.695	5,195	995	1,806.9

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Note: The data in this table are from "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 2001" in the November 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table G.4. Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Selected Items, by Country of Foreign Parent and by Industry of U.S. Affiliate, 1999–2002

[Millions of dollars]

		Direct investi on a historic			C	apital inflows	s (outflows (-	))		Inco	ome	
İ	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002	1999	2000	2001	2002
All countries, all industries	955,726	1,256,867	1,355,114	1,347,994	283,376	314,007	143,980	30,032	46,385	47,921	8,899	38,821
By country of foreign parent												
Canada	90,559	114,309	102,127	92,041	26,367	27,258	12,957	-3,577	2,215	849	-5,817	-1,233
Europe	639,923	887,014	1,005,606	1,006,530	223,406	251,041	127,859	25,956	36,753	38,766	17,454	32,348
Of which: France	89,945	125,740	148,282	170,619	29,834	51,001	12,146	16,097	2,954	3,633	5,477	5.052
Germany	112,126	122,412	164,017	137,036	23,478	14,054	37,939	-4,607	6,123	2,140	-8,155	-2,906
Luxembourg	35,644	58,930	34,111	34,349	6,887	30,864	-21,654	-1,327	2,241	4,711	2,675	1,220
Netherlands Switzerland	125,010 52,973	138,894 64,719	157,596 118,447	154,753 113,232	41,689 2,503	33,517 12,124	25,193 52,580	-4,989 1,907	7,299 2.844	8,776 2,782	3,739 1,089	5,652 5,137
United Kingdom	153,797	277,613	269,321	283,317	108,566	82,652	4,891	14,851	11,899	13,347	10,368	12,309
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	40,771	53,691	54,082	52,291	16,929	12,741	3,435	-1,190	2,397	2,382	-3,567	-458
Of which: Bermuda	14,798	18,336	4,611	977	10,338	2.965	-8,734	-3.012	41	-204	-5,076	-2.928
Mexico	1,999	7,462	7,336	7.857	1,273	5.062	-320	1,281	175	-142	-716	-369
Panama	5,275	3,819	4,391	5,668	-226	-1,087	303	1,824	752	647	499	844
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	11,573	15,191	26,200	25,502	4,137	3,800	13,069	-1,419	1,527	1,627	1,264	720
Africa	1,361	2,700	2,397	2,344	423	666	-374	28	-66	31	-198	36
Middle East	4,362	6,506	6,145	6,766	376	2,389	-334	560	156	241	220	-89
Asia and Pacific	178,749	192,647	184,757	188,023	15,876	19,912	438	8,253	4,931	5,651	808	8,218
Of which:												
Australia	15,616 153,815	18,775 159,690	22,289 150,008	24,470 152,032	4,193	4,935 7,820	5,675 -4,005	4,258 4,970	643 4,006	356 5,182	1,488 -110	749 7,323
Japan Singapore	1,365	5,087	3,490	2,902	11,555 ~560	5,911	-1,467	-530	101	-123	-164	-75
By industry of U.S. affiliate	1,000	5,55	5,.55	_,,,,,_	•	•,•	,,,,,					
Manufacturing	406,415	480,561	484,042	470.893	82,382	105,119	36.855	4,445	28,855	24,744	5,288	21,706
Of which:							,	,				
Food	15,015	18,073	15,240	15,113	-1,637	2,281	-2,735	1,427	1,246	1,076	528	-71 -71
Chemicals Primary and fabricated metals Primary and fabricated metals	96,614 18,831	120,413 24,184	123,748 19,217	112,602 18.482	7,435 2.881	25,466 8,199	9,236 -3,219	-10,519 1.038	6,236 886	4,572 1,121	3,413 -287	7,326 114
Machinery	30,462	32.283	32,924	35,502	17,878	2,175	1,553	1,050	886	1.003	582	-131
Computers and electronic products	62,566	92,782	58,053	54,040	29,481	33,073	-1,282	-2,598	634	2,395	-4,965	-1,543
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	13,413	43,109	61,103	53,834	4,206	13,333	17,878	376	585	2,033	22	4,454
Transportation equipment	52,809	55,750	60,881	61,570	7,153	1,653	9,719	5,814	6,946	4,284	1,772	4,204
Wholesale trade	106,745	173,991	177,396	188,819	16,458	52,501	6,962	10,815	6,066	13,569	9,347	13,067
Retail trade	22,387	26,703	28,323	28,341	3,335	4,111	5,183	548	1,152	1,519	674	2,008
Information	78,035	146,856	199,809	185,408	81,894	25,207	47,436	8,074	-22	-3,996	-12,000	-4,354
Depository institutions (banking)	61,972	64,236	71,628	80,726	19,471	5,775	7,329	4,132	2,974	3,590	2,715	2,431
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	132,203	167,007	174,109	162,853	35,185	50,990	18,659	7,887	3,185	3,782	-433	305
Real estate and rental and leasing	47,816	49,985	49,828	50,769	5,948	3,473	2,645	1,781	1,211	2,382	1,562	1,866
Professional, scientific, and technical services	11,682	30,492	41,659	40,245	5,826	34,136	9,952	1,414	-66	-166	-20	5
Other industries	88,473	117,037	128,320	139,939	32,876	32,695	14,250	6,710	3,029	2,496	1,766	1,787

Nore. In this table, unlike in the international transactions accounts, income and capital inflows are shown without a current-cost adjustment, and income is shown net of withholding taxes. In addition, unlike in the international investment position, the direct investment position is valued at historical cost.

The data in this table are from tables 16 and 17 in "Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Detail for Historical-Cost Position and Related Capital and Income Flows, 2002" in the September 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table G.5. Selected Financial and Operating Data of Nonbank U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies by Country of Untimate Beneficial Owner and by Industry of Affiliates, 2001

			Allı	nonbank affilia	ates					Majority-o	wned nonban	k affiliates		
		Millions	of dollars			Millions	of dollars		Millions	of dollars			Millions	of dollars
·	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Gross product	Thousands of employees	U.S. exports of goods shipped by affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped to affiliates	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Gross product	Thousands of employees	U.S. exports of goods shipped by affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped to affiliates
All countries, all industries	<b>5,466,00</b> 0	2,354,136	-42,902	486,553	6,371.9	163,641	<b>369,48</b> 8	4,732,536	2,085,727	-48,608	428,109	5,671.5	149,323	352,861
By country										ŀ				
Canada	385,328	156,413	-18,848	34,648	562.2	9,497	16,596	367,143	146,772	-18,694	30,843	509.4	9,143	16,170
Europe  Of which:	3,732,776	1,389,403	-18,654	308,241	4,251.0	86,263	145,454	3,523,089	1,249,018	-20,864	275,753	3,894.9	78,431	139,964
France Germany Netherlands Sweden Switzerland United Kingdom	534,536 687,828 620,025 65,477 818,244 841,184	188,096 313,897 244,594 41,001 127,686 353,895	-5,085 -12,786 1,964 -852 -4,425 4,474	39,975 50,180 44,685 10,494 36,080 100,338	578.6 734.8 571.9 248.8 546.8 1,120.7	16,011 30,173 6,717 3,866 7,216 15,985	19,154 55,981 16,496 4,171 8,461 26,366	490,219 671,073 598,268 64,968 793,647 755,051	168,649 302,392 (D) 40,263 115,143 319,860	-3,309 -12,734 (D) -813 -4,435 2,372	37,376 46,985 40,309 10,133 30,374 87,941	505.5 699.4 558.3 241.4 452.4 1,037.7	10,464 29,665 (D) 3,846 7,110 15,394	(D) 55,687 (D) 4,141 8,298 26,046
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	250,890	138,681	-7,725	33,724	456.3	10,587	18,547	237,244	118,571	-7,848	29,631	355.8	10,357	15,735
Bermuda Mexico Panama United Kingdom Islands,	149,960 29,957 1,750	57,834 29,809 1,194	-7,353 -825 -9	14,079 6,303 510	225.4 143.8 6.6	6,293 (D) 127	1,937 3,409 64	(D) 21,173 1,637	(D) 16,291 1,134	(D) -670 -15	14,008 3,270 492	223.8 50.1 6.5	6,284 (D) 127	1,932 2,774 64
CaribbeanVenezuela	44,411 11,815	(D) 25,635	(D) 794	2,002 6,445	34.8 7.7	(D) 343	1,555 (D)	43,927 (D)	9,596 (D)	-322 (D)	1,910 (D)	33.3 H	(D) (D)	1,555 (D)
Africa	8,145	5,559	22	1,126	11.0	639	254	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	j	(D)	249
Middle East	25,621	32,251	928	8,819	48.2	846	7,801	23,557	30,805	969	8,298	39.8	842	7,744
Asia and Pacific	656,210	576,886	-5,424	87,368	965.1	54,017	179,590	555,586	518,444	-3,576	76,499	829.7	48,205	171,845
AustraliaJapan	68,610 536,435	31,243 481, <b>5</b> 98	-3,601 99	8,251 71,663	80.4 786.8	1,715 43,725	1,328 153,342	60,231 449,523	25,526 437,268	-3,414 1,576	7,171 62,983	66.4 683.6	(D) 40,728	782 149,817
United States	407,029	54,944	6,798	12,627	78.1	1,792	1,245	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	к	(D)	1,153
By industry 1														
Manufacturing  Of which:	1,151,660	952,003	-22,025	225,483	2,569.8	99,394	144,995	1,066,060	829,797	-22,524	204,508	2,355.7	88,818	131,019
Food	59,196 263,557 61,158 95,222	49,269 174,681 63,091 72,510	-74 -630 83 -1,592	11,362 44,412 17,014 21,325	153.0 385.2 211.7 309.9	2,364 16,935 5,588 8,572	3,953 20,704 8,525 8,773	57,730 244,245 52,230 93,528	46,268 160,158 54,127 71,023	-136 -1,138 -19 -595	10,762 40,640 15,167 21,275	143.2 354.4 196.5 303.5	2,242 15,872 4,483 8,357	3,879 20,404 7,667 8,464
products  Electrical equipment, appliances,	111,804	98,870	-19,162	21,566	256.6	17,421	24,184	98,829	85,648	-18,673	18,455	224.9	12,478	17,040
and components Transportation equipment	118,087 206,515	49,658 198,389	-1,509 -2,472	12,777 32,166	198.8 389.2	6,080 29,788	3,056 50,651	117,844 199,646	49,279 187,749	-1,527 -2,658	12,689 29,685	197.7 361.7	5,958 (D)	3,001 (D)
Wholesale trade	411,476	653,230	8,227	85,241	596.6	58,099	213,468	403,192	631,713	7,769	81,839	563.8	54,537	211,182
Retail trade	83,705	137,142	-989	30,131	776.5	1,443	5,114	63,854	115,413	-605	25,311	630.8	1,422	4,824
Information	334,134	98,779	-19,709	18,372	307.4	(D)	242	245,267	71,410	-19,886	8,444	235.0	(D)	(D)
Publishing industries Broadcasting and	59,148	28,976	-4,059	7,698	101.9	467	(D)	44,867	25,397	-3,228	6,321	86.8	455	140
telecommunications Finance (except depository	178,253	45,443	-12,434	4,263	94.2	(D)	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	2
institutions) and insurance	2,922,634 118,683	253,305 24,197	-4,705 2,395	33,264 11,255	336.5 44.6	(*) (D)	4 455	2,475,361 106,962	207,910 21,240	-10,954 2.040	24,139 9.652	278.7 35.8	(*) (D)	4 455
Professional, scientific, and technical			,,,,,			, ,				2,040	-,		(D)	400
services	60,319 383,390	45,396 190,084	-3,395 -2,701	15,178 67,628	202.4 1,538.1	405 3,370	313 4,897	52,073 319,767	41,891 166,352	-2,432 -2,017	14,500 59,716	180.8 1,390.9	(D) 3,255	(D) 4,846
Other industries	303,390	180,064	-2,701	07,028	1,555.1	3,370	4,097	319,707	100,352	-2,017	39,710	1,390.9	3,235	4,040

Notes. The data in this table are from BEA's annual survey of the operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies; see "U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Operations in 2001," in the August 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business. Size ranges are given in employment cells that are suppressed. The size ranges are: A—1 to 499; F—500 to 999; G—1,000 to 24,999; K—25,000 to 4,999; I—5,000 to 9,999; J—10,000 to 24,999; K—25,000 to 49,999; L—50,000 to 9,999; M—100,000 or more.

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
\*Less than \$500,000.
1. The industry classification system used to classify the data for U.S. affiliates is based on the North American Industry Classification System. Prior to 1997, the affiliate data were classified using an industry classification system based on the Standard Industrial Classification system.

### **H. International Perspectives**

The quarterly data in this table are shown at the end month of the quarter.

Nov.   Dec.   Jan.   Feb.   March   April   May   June   July   Aug.   Sept.   Oct.   Nov.   Dec.   Jan.		20	no					-	20	03					<u>-</u>	2004
Common			-	.lan	Feh	March	April	May		г т	Aun	Sent	Oct	Nov	Dec	
Care parts				0001.	100.	maion	дри				riug.	оорт.	- OOL	1101.		
Fance	Euro area	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.8	· · · · · ·		· · · · · ·	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
The content of the	France	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.3
United Original — 5.5   5.1   5.1   5.2	Italy		8.9			8.9			8.7			8.6			8.5	
Sequence    \$2	United Kingdom															
Semb Norma  2	Japan	I			5.2		5.4	5.4		5.3	5.1		5.2	5.2		5.0
Caraction   7,5   7,5   7,4   7,4   7,3   7,5   7,8	South Korea	2.8	3.1	3.5		3.6			3.3			3.2			3.5	
Medical		,				- 1				1 1						
Surface   Surf	Mexico	2.6	2.1	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.7	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.8
Signature	United States	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.8					1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6
Farnes	Furn area	3 12	204	2 83	260	2 52 ]						2.15	214	2.16	215	2.00
Bully   1966   260   260   243   236   2	France	3.02	2.86	2.79	2.67	2.44	2.46	2.32	2.07	2.07	2.09	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.05
Membersing   3.12   2.94   2.69   2							2.52 2.36									2.02
Singapore   0.65	Netherlands															
Tarken	Singapore	0.65	0.67	0.66	0.62	0.63	0.55	0.55	0.52	0.63	0.78	0.72	0.76	0.63	0.71	
Canada	South KoreaTaiwan															
United States	Canada	2.73	2.67	2.81	2.86	3.14	3.24	3.20	3.13	2.81	2.70	2.60	2.65	2.71	2.59	2.26
Euro pare	United States						8.00 1.13					5.20 0.94				
Fance					I		Lo	ng-term inte	rest rate (pe	rcent per yea	ar)					
Germary									3.72							4.26
Neherlands	Germany	4.50	4.30	4.20	4.00	4.00	4.20	3.80	3.60	4.00	4.10	4.20	4.20	4.40	4.30	4.20
United Kingdom  4.64   4.62   4.44   4.39   4.54   4.67   4.46   4.39   4.65   4.68   4.76   4.88   4.75   4.88	Italy Netherlands								3.82 3.72				4.38 4.27			
Singapore   2-97   2-55   2-44   2-42   2-56   2-10   1.89   2-28   3.07   3.72   3.54   3.35   4.03   3.75   3.39	United Kingdom						4.67					4.76	4.88			
Talwan 288 248 1.96 1.90 1.90 1.93 1.91 1.49 1.42 1.81 2.24 2.77 2.78 2.87 2.80 2.62 2.63 2.64 2.76 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.81 2.81	Singapore	2.97	2.55	2.44	2.24	2.05	2.10	1.89	2.28	3.07	3.72	3.54	3.95	4.03	3.75	
Canada	South Korea															2.62
Euro area	Canada	5.18	4.88	5.02	4.93	5.13	4.9	4.5	4.37	4.78	4.96	4.64	4.85	4.79	4.66	4.61
France	United States	4.05	4.03	4.05	3.9				L			4.27	4.29	4.30	4.27	4.15
France	Euro area		1.1						,			0.3	I	I	0.4	
Tally	France			1	l .			ľ								
United Kingdom	Italy		0.9			0.7			0.3			0.6				
Singapore   3.0   1.6   -3.8   1.7   4.9   South Korea   6.8   3.7   1.9   2.2   2.3   South Korea   6.8   3.5   5.3   5.3   1.1   3.7   5.6   South Korea   6.8   3.5   2.5   1.4   1.0   3.8   South Korea   1.9   2.2   3.5   3.1   1.1   3.7   5.6   South Korea   3.5   2.5   1.4   1.0   3.8   South Korea   3.5   2.2   3.0   3.1   3.1   6.2   3.1   3.1   3.1   3.2   3.1   3.1   3.2   3.1   3.1   3.1   3.1   3.1   3.1   3.2   3.1	United Kingdom													1		
South Krorea	Japan															
Canada   3.5	South Korea	***************************************	6.8	l		3.7			1.9			2.3		1 1	,	***********
Mexico   1.9   2.3   0.2   0.4   0.4   2.0   0.1									1				1			
Stock market prices (Index number)   Stock market prices (Index number)	Mexico		1.9			2.3			0.2		**********	0.4			2.0	***************************************
France			2.0		*************			<u> </u>		<b>'</b>						
Italy	France							47.79	49.26	51.28					56.83	
Nefherlands																
Japan	Netherlands	54.88	48.93	44.71	40.36	37.68	42.85	42.54	44.20	48.13	49.94	46.51	50.06	50.36	51.19	53.56
South Korea   102.59   88.82   83.77   81.45   75.82   84.83   89.65   94.82   100.99   107.50   98.73   110.74   114.28   114.75   120.10   Taiwan   60.15   57.64   64.92   57.38   55.94   53.70   58.98   63.07   68.85   73.15   72.64   78.25   74.71   76.25   82.53   Taiwan   68.39   68.85   68.38   68.23   66.02   68.55   71.40   72.88   75.54   78.24   77.24   80.90   81.80   85.57   88.69   Mexico   94.60   94.14   91.49   91.07   90.87   100.03   102.93   108.40   113.01   116.64   120.19   123.92   131.44   135.14   144.88   United States   65.95   61.97   60.27   59.25   59.74   64.58   67.87   68.64   69.75   71.00   70.15   74.08   74.54   78.32   79.67    Euro area (E)   1.0013   1.0194   1.0622   1.0785   1.0797   1.0862   1.1556   1.1674   1.1365   1.1155   1.1267   1.1714   1.171   1.2298   1.2638   United Kingdom (f)   1.5711   1.5863   1.6175   1.6079   1.5825   1.5739   1.6224   1.6609   1.6221   1.5939   1.6155   1.6792   1.6897   1.7516   1.8255   Japan (Y)   121.61   121.89   118.81   119.34   118.69   119.9   117.37   118.33   118.76   114.81   109.5   109.18   107.47   106.25   South Korea (W)   121.02   120.61   1176.45   1190.37   1237.2   1231.1   1201.23   1194.14   1181.16   1178.6   1165.4   1169.34   118.639   1192.34   118.35   Taiwan (NT\$)   34.673   34.759   34.571   34.734   34.721   34.824   34.697   34.633   34.396   34.318   33.995   33.875   34.036   34.036   34.056   33.698   Canada (Can\$)   10.195   10.225   10.682   10.945   10.905   10.589   10.253   10.503   10.488   10.783   10.923   11.18   11.149   11.251   10.920	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	54.51	50.75	49.33	49.47				1				1	61.54	63.16	
Taiwan         60.15         57.64         64.92         57.38         55.94         53.70         58.98         63.07         68.85         73.15         72.64         78.25         74.71         76.25         82.53           Canada         68.39         68.85         68.39         68.85         68.23         66.02         68.55         71.40         72.68         75.54         78.24         77.24         80.90         81.80         85.57         88.69           United States         65.95         61.97         60.27         59.25         59.74         64.58         67.87         68.64         69.75         71.00         70.15         74.06         74.54         78.32         79.67           Exchange rate **           Exchange rate **           United Kingdom (f)         1.5711         1.5863         1.6175         1.0797         1.0862         1.1556         1.1674         1.1365         1.1155         1.1267         1.1714         1.171         1.2298         1.2638           United Kingdom (f)         1.5711         1.5863         1.6175         1.6079         1.5825         1.5739         1.6224         1.6609         1.6221         1.5939         1.6155         1.6792 <th>Singapore</th> <th></th> <th>65.55 88.82</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Singapore		65.55 88.82													
Mexico   94.60   94.14   91.49   91.07   90.87   100.03   102.93   108.40   113.01   116.64   120.19   123.92   131.44   135.14   144.88	Taiwan	60.15	57.64	64.92	57.38	55.94	53.70	58.98	63.07	68.85	73.15	72.64	78.25	74.71	76.25	82.53
United States 65.95 61.97 60.27 59.25 59.74 64.58 67.87 68.64 69.75 71.00 70.15 74.08 74.54 78.32 79.67 Exchange rate 1  Euro area (E) 1.0013 1.0194 1.0622 1.0795 1.0797 1.0862 1.1556 1.1674 1.1365 1.1555 1.1267 1.1714 1.171 1.2298 1.2638 1.0176 1.5711 1.5863 1.6175 1.6079 1.5825 1.5739 1.6224 1.6609 1.6221 1.5939 1.6155 1.6792 1.6897 1.7516 1.8255 1.000 1.0																
Euro area (E). 1.0013 1.0194 1.0622 1.0785 1.0797 1.0862 1.1556 1.1674 1.1365 1.1155 1.1267 1.1714 1.171 1.2298 1.2638   United Kingdom (f) 1.5711 1.5863 1.6175 1.6079 1.5825 1.5739 1.6224 1.6609 1.6221 1.5939 1.6155 1.6792 1.6897 1.7516 1.8255   Japan (Y) 121.61 121.89 118.81 119.34 118.69 119.9 117.37 118.33 118.7 118.66 114.8 109.5 109.18 107.74 106.27   Singapore (S\$) 1.7653 1.7352 1.7363 1.7451 1.7551 1.7771 1.7357 1.7551 1.7551 1.7551 1.7551 1.7551 1.7551 1.7345 1.7262 1.7107 1.6965   South Korea (W) 121.02 120.661 1176.45 1190.37 1237.2 1231.1 1201.23 1194.14 1181.16 1178.6 1165.4 1169.34 1186.39 1192.34 1183.35   Talwan (NT\$) 34.673 34.799 34.571 34.734 34.721 34.824 34.697 34.633 34.396 34.318 33.995 33.875 34.036 34.056 33.699   Canada (Can\$) 1.5715 1.5512 1.5414 1.5121 1.4761 1.4582 1.384 1.3525 1.3821 1.3963 1.0488 10.783 1.0783 1.1321 1.313 1.3138 1.2958   Mexico (P\$) 10.195 10.225 10.622 10.945 10.905 10.589 10.253 10.503 10.458 10.783 10.783 1.1267 1.1714 1.171 1.2298 1.2638 1.2638 1.2638 1.2671 1.2714 1.1717 1.2298 1.2638 1.2638 1.2671 1.2714 1.2717 1.271																
United Kingdom (f)										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<b>r</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Japan (Y)	Euro area (E)															
South Korea (W)   1210.2   1206.61   1176.45   1190.37   1237.2   1231.1   1201.23   1194.14   1181.16   1178.6   1165.4   1189.34   1186.39   1192.34   1183.35   1384.07   1	Japan (Y)	121.61	121.89	118.81	119.34	118.69	119.9	117.37	118.33	118.7	118.66	114.8	109.5	109.18	107.74	106.27
Taiwan (NT\$)	South Korea (W)		1206.61	1176.45			1231.1	1201.23			1178.6	1165.4	1169.34	1186.39	1192.34	1183.35
Mexico (Ps)	Taiwan (NT\$)	34.673	34.799	34.571	34.734	34.721	34.824	34.697	34.633	34.396	34.318	33.995	33.875	34.036	34.056	33.669
United States (\$)	Mexico (Ps)	10.195	10.225	10.622	10.945	10.905	10.589	10.253	10.503	10.458	10.783	10.923	11.18	11.149	11.251	10.920
1 Figures for the eum area and for the United Kinodom are in U.S. dollars per euro and per pound sterling, respectively, prices are calculated from data taken from finance oriented Web sites and are rebased to 2000=100 to facilitate compari-	United States (\$)	126.38	125.7	124.21	124.12	123.56	122.54	118.54	117.93	119.11	120.43	119.03	116.66	116.07	114.51	112.54

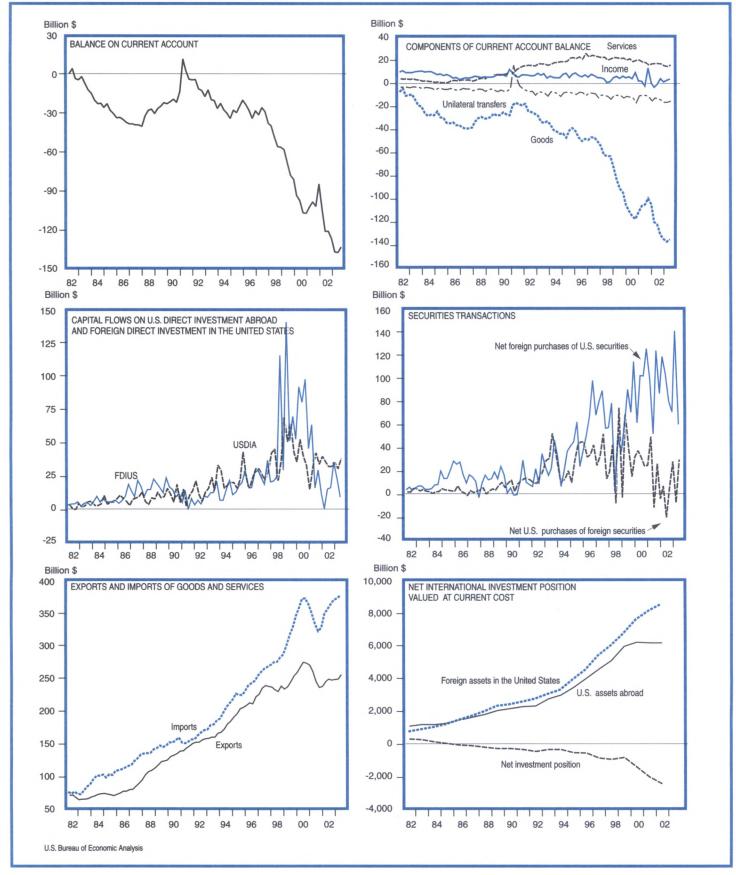
<sup>1.</sup> Figures for the euro area and for the United Kingdom are in U.S. dollars per euro and per pound sterling, respectively. The rate for the United States is a weighted average of the nominal foreign exchange value of the U.S. dollar against the currencies of a broad index group of major U.S. trading partners from a base of January 1997=100. For other countries, figures are in currency units per U.S. dollar. Average of the countries shown.

Nonz. In 2003, the countries in this table accounted for 62 percent of the value of U.S. imports of goods and 70 percent of the value of U.S. imports of goods and 70 percent of the value of U.S. trading partners from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Indexes of stock market

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#### I. Charts

## THE U.S. IN THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY



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### **Regional Data**

### J. State and Regional Tables

The tables in this section include the most recent estimates of state personal income and gross state product. The sources of these estimates are noted.

The quarterly and annual estimates of state personal income and the estimates of gross state product are available on CD-ROM. For information on state personal income, e-mail reis.remd@bea.gov; write to the Regional Economic Information System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5360. For information on gross state product, e-mail gspread@bea.gov; write to the Regional Economic Analysis Division, BE-61, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5340.

Table J.1. Personal Income by State and Region [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

A	1999		20	00			20	01			20	02			2003		Percent change 1
Area name	IV	ı	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	111	IV	I	II	III	2003:II- 2003:III
United States	7,953,561	8,203,951	8,340,516	8,481,243	8,569,774	8,651,750	8,669,238	8,697,083	8,691,889	8,772,204	8,881,691	8,927,635	8,982,839	9,057,680	9,144,434	9,248,017	1.1
New England	<b>472,228</b> 133,597	<b>492,587</b> 137,801	<b>499,629</b> 140,406	510,551 142,688	517,235	523,494 146,423	5 <b>21,469</b> 145,899	<b>520,807</b> 145,327	51 <b>9,362</b> 144,542	<b>524,249</b> 147,269	531,524 148,249	<b>532,245</b> 148,840	533,241 148,486	<b>538</b> ,181 150,866	<b>541,195</b> 151,227	546,076 152,249	<b>0.9</b> 0.7
Connecticut	31,228	32,059	32,757	33,121	144,758 33,529	34,234	34,394	34,585	34,753	35,481	35,858	36,141	36,483	37,011	37,241	37,606	1.0
Massachusetts New Hampshire	223,830 38,300	235,826 40,481	238,462 40,773	245,457 41,521	248,107 42,285	250,661 42,913	248,883 42,752	248,235 42,729	247,332 42,722	247,765 43,055	252,257 43,865	251,714 43,847	252,127 44,047	252,895 44,424	254,749 44,785	257,126 45,318	0.9 1.2
Rhode Island	29,334	30,101	30,489	30,977	31,396	31,817	31,919	32,245	32,261	32,779	33,202	33,467	33,659	34,413	34,408	34,783	1.1
Vermont	15,939	16,318	16,743	16,788	17,160	17,447	17,622	17,685	17,752	17,900	18,093	18,238	18,439	1 <b>8</b> ,571	18,784	18,994	1.1
Mideast Delaware	1,478,613 23,229	1,5 <b>33,630</b> 23,706	1,567,335 24,231	1,589,291 24.672	1, <b>621,161</b> 25,209	1,631,068 25,256	1,628,112 25.609	1,632,447 25.850	1, <b>631,164</b> 25,780	1,644,672 25,929	1, <b>662,445</b> 26.090	1,668,240 26,175	1,674,725 26.143	1, <b>685,937</b> 26,731	1,706,806 27,011	1, <b>724,203</b> 27,278	1.0 1.0
District of Columbia	21,181	22,333	22,689	22,938	23,434	23,144	23,324	23,276	23,305	24,204	24,677	24,768	25,393	24,988	25,263	25,445	0.7
Maryland New Jersey	170,617 295,035	176,498 306,809	179,203 316,979	182,368 321,275	185,696 327,824	188,357 326,632	189,786 327,969	190,747 329,812	191,170 330,559	194,304 337,578	196,862 338,845	198,005 341,099	199,454 342,035	200,338 345,818	203,040 348,854	205,031 352,001	1.0 0.9
New York	619,371	647,339 356,945	661,036 363,197	669,618 368,419	685,055	691,345	683,685	682,727 380,035	681,059 379,292	676,590 386,067	686,279 389,692	685,909 392,285	687,503 394,198	689,228 398,833	700,133 402,505	707,533	1.1 1.1
Pennsylvania Great Lakes	349,180 1,276,384	1,312,492	1,325,439	1,339,837	373,942 1,347,657	376,335 1 <b>,358,650</b>	377,739 1,360,352	1,367,434	1,364,979	1,373,198	1,396,144	1,402,919	1,409,904	1,417,554	1,429,236	406,915 1,442,726	0.9
Illinois	381,355	392,581	398,686	405,376	410,567	413,332	411,904	414,358	412,582	415,157	420,863	420,922	422,491	424,276	428,002	432,607	1.1
Indiana Michigan	157,602 280,785	162,336 291,251	164,309 292,004	166,165 293,583	165,361 294,304	168,181 295,843	168,290 296,181	169,060 297,092	168,955 296,806	171,072 295,932	173,169 304,930	174,777 306,682	176,538 307,437	177,379 307,968	178,740 311,347	180,831 313,184	1.2 0.6
Ohio	309,656	316,931	318,569	321,035	322,078	324,581	326,608	328,330	327,985	330,130	334,343	336,601	338,255	340,827	342,900	346,219	1.0
Wisconsin	146,985 5 <b>25,456</b>	149,392 534,339	151,869 <b>546,2</b> 18	153,677 553,792	155,348 557,165	156,713 <b>562,952</b>	157,369 565,546	158,594 <b>569,173</b>	158,651 <b>569,280</b>	160,906 5 <b>76,036</b>	162,839 580,552	163,937 <b>585,711</b>	165,182 <b>589,532</b>	167,102 59 <b>8,651</b>	168,247 603,516	169,884 611,825	1.0 1.4
lowa	74,855	76,108	77,676	78,421	78,715	79,391	79,654	80,152	80,093	81,814	82,375	82,803	83,577	85,500	86,099	87,618	1.8
Kansas Minnesota	72,199 150,723	71,753 154,381	73,639 158,125	75,309 160,570	74,825 163,070	76,291 164,055	76,556 164,632	77,327 165,126	77,138 165,325	77,875 167,189	77,967 169,755	78,418 171,656	79,028 171,969	80,422 173,352	80,401 175,683	81,536 177,732	1.4 1.2
Missouri	146,660	150,470	153,761	155,682	156,483	157,920	158,745	159,866	159,843	161,919	162,979	164,041	165,471	166,740	167,858	170,108	1.3
Nebraska North Dakota	46,741 15,307	46,642 15,726	47,414 16,097	48,088 16,153	48,252 16,111	49,123 16,304	49,476 16,398	49,887 16,533	50,084 16,452	50,408 16,787	50,774 16,608	51,397 16,931	51,767 17,059	53,239 17,787	53,653 17,980	54,373 18,252	1.3 1.5
South Dakota	18,971	19,260	19,505	19,569	19,709	19,868	20,086	20,282	20,347	20,043	20,095	20,466	20,660	21,610	21,841	22,206	1.7
Southeast	1, <b>753,053</b> 102,191	1,798,309 103,738	1,828,832 105,257	1,854,115 105.904	1,874,225 107,041	1,895,842 108,598	1,909,663 109,319	1,918,954 109,808	1,921,712 109,825	1,944,902 111,057	1,968,792 112,093	1,979,094 113,036	1, <b>995,385</b> 114,183	2,019,529 116,119	2,031,701 116,271	2,056,564 117,745	1.2 1.3
Arkansas	57,013	57,854	58,562	59,672	59,633	60,661	61,067	61,559	61,927	62,408	63,291	63,686	64,464	65,052	65,618	66,489	1.3
Florida Georgia	431,669 218,724	444,157 226,268	452,177 229,859	459,035 233,463	465,884 236,058	470,309 238,069	475,131 239,184	478,106 240,715	478,882 241,046	485,611 243,028	493,048 245,628	495,859 246,123	501,588 248,050	505,386 252,333	511,191 252,767	517,516 256,823	1.2 1.6
Kentucky	93,383	96,542	97,668	98,868	99,780	100,459	100,953	101,830	101,649	103,365	104,583	105,556	106,548	107,330	108,217	109,511	1.2
Louisiana Mississippi	100,586 57,916	101,827 58,563	103,306 59,561	104,252 60,068	105,135 60,195	107,373 61,420	108,618	110,287 62,092	110,991 62,437	112,155 63,376	113,505 63,990	113,982 64,523	115,257 65,077	115,964 66,489	117,351	118,864 67,542	1.3 1.4
North Carolina	206,935	212,844	216,603	219,838 98,213	221,626 99,036	223,903	224,212	224,210 101,332	224,050 101,158	227,740 102,912	228,855	229,994 104,718	230,836 105,420	234,192 107,187	233,826 107,266	236,424 108,223	1.1 0.9
South Carolina Tennessee	93,051 144,055	95,124 147,282	97,267 149,179	151,095	152,187	100,603 152,906	100,513 153,934	154,928	154,751	156,391	104,156 158,810	159,256	160,411	162,261	163,405	165,496	1.3
Virginia West Virginia	209,459 38,070	215,466 38,644	220,039 39,354	224,073 39,634	227,532 40,118	230,869 40,671	233,930 41,063	232,735 41,353	233,388 41,608	234,661 42,198	238,366 42,467	239,670 42,689	240,605 42,944	243,809 43,406	245,534 43,622	247,887 44,043	1.0
Southwest	795,211	819,754	833,799	849,525	857,947	871,240	871,512	877,630	878,046	882,369	892,577	896,253	902,617	908,147	919,452	931,723	1.3
Arizona New Mexico	123,358 38,396	129,117 38,764	129,404 39,593	131,811 39,945	133,853 40,467	135,545 41,451	136,991 41,979	138,663 42,630	138,125 42,982	140,528 43,677	142,215 44,098	143,274 44,438	144,881 45,193	146,021 45,453	148,477 46,109	150,546 46,873	1.4
Oklahoma	79,144	80,479	82,367	83,896	84,982	85,713	86,339	86,925	87,221	86,961	87,622	88,168	88,522	89,338	90,184	91,434	1.4
Texas	554,313	571,394	582,434	593,873	598,645	608,532	606,204	609,412	609,717	611,202	618,643	620,373	624,021	627,335	634,683	642,870	1.3
Rocky Mountain Colorado	246,228 133,367	252,336 136,641	259,527 141,846	265,102 146,085	268,181 147,601	270,900 148,921	271,833 148,426	272,434 148,132	271,806 147,475	273,963 147,880	275,997 149,421	277,739 149,961	279,810 150,665	281,350 151,187	283,624 152,040	286,548 152,992	1.0 0.6
ldaho	29,778	30,544	31,075	31,333	31,754	32,064	32,365	32,515	32,507	33,294	33,221	33,695	34,129	34,666	34,823	35,586	2.2
Montana Utah	19,925 49,960	20,249 51,426	20,593 52,319	20,967 52,885	21,166 53,442	21,523 54,120	21,740 54,787	22,015 55,027	21,799 55,122	22,270 55,522	22,490 55,771	22,862 55,952	22,979 56,568	23,093 56,800	23,527 57,432	23,911 58,044	1.6 1.1
Wyoming	13,199	13,477	13,693	13,832	14,219	14,271	14,516	14,744	14,904	14,996	15,095	15,271	15,469	15,604	15,801	16,016	1.4
Far West Alaska	1,406,387 17.974	1, <b>460,503</b> 18,489	1,479,739 18.694	1,519,030 18.942	1,526,203	1, <b>537,604</b> 19,332	1,540,750 19.673	1,538,203 19,793	1,535,539 19.842	1,552,816 20.091	1,573,659 20,273	1,5 <b>85,435</b> 20,607	1, <b>597,627</b> 20,898	1,608,331 20,896	1,628,904 21,202	1,648,351 21,527	1.2 1.5
California	1,026,338	1,069,569	1,085,862	1,122,375	1,124,911	1,133,205	1,130,001	1,128,191	1,128,075	1,138,401	1,152,672	1,160,385	1,169,530	1,176,483	1,191,379	1,204,509	1.1
Hawaii Nevada	33,113 56,986	33,642 58.401	34,291 59,989	34,504 60,602	35,099 61,604	35,467 62,527	35,462 63,415	35,805 63,839	35,766 63,020	36,757 64,384	37,244 65,121	37,570 65,891	38,016 66,889	38,689 68,028	38,950 68,629	39,355 69,811	1.0 1.7
Oregon	91,234	93,634	95,150	96,589	96,659	98,003	97,966	98,167	97,967	98,842	100,211	100,896	101,974	102,141	103,053	104,332	1.2
Washington	180,741	186,768	185,753	186,018	188,832	189,070	194,232	192,407	190,868	194,342	198,138	200,086	200,319	202,094	205,690	208,817	1.5

the NIPA estimate because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

Source: Table 1 in "State Personal Income: Third Quarter 2003" in the February 2004 issue of the Survey of Current Bush

Percent change was calculated from unrounded data.
 Nors. The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the state estimates. It differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data. In particular, it differs from

Table J.2. Annual Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income for States and Regions

Area name				ersonal income	•					гет сарна	personal inco	ille		
			Millions	of dollars			Percent			Doll	ars			Rank in
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	change 2	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	U.S.
United States	6,928,545	7,418,497	7,779,521	8,398,871	8,677,490	8,891,093	2.5	25,412	26,893	27,880	29,760	30,413	30,832	
New England	<b>408,231</b> 116,421	<b>437,134</b> 124,880	<b>459,782</b> 130,579	<b>505,001</b> 141,413	<b>521,283</b> 145,548	<b>530,315</b> 148,211	1.7 1.8	<b>29,924</b> 34,759	31,829 37,108	33,227 38,560	<b>36,195</b> 41,446	37,096	37,494	
Connecticut Maine	27,773	29,469	30,680	32.867	34,491	35.991	4.3	22,134	23,404	24,218	25,732	42,377 26,853	42,829 27,804	33
Massachusetts	191,596	205,176	217,066	241,963	248,778	250,966	0.9	30,773	32,714	34,360	38,034	38,864	39,044	3
New Hampshire	32,397   26,293	35,198 27,673	37,121 28,762	41,265 30,741	42,779 32,061	43,703 33,276	2.2 3.8	27,238 25,643	29,187 26,837	30,377 27,645	33,266 29,2 <b>5</b> 7	33,969 30,256	34,276 31,107	6 16
Vermont	13,752	14,738	15.575	16,752	17,627	18.167	3.6	23,026	24,547	25,757	27,465	28,756	29,464	24
Mideast	1,315,810	1,400,562	1,458,307	1,577,854	1,630,698	1,662,520	2.0	28,868	30,565	31,630	34,013	34,952	35,434	
Delaware	20,145	21,879	22,716	24,455	25,624	26,084	1.8	26,807	28,662	29,312	31,092	32,166	32,307	13
District of Columbia Maryland	19,135 148,826	20,255 158,501	20,785   167,360	22,849 180.941	23,262 190,015	24,760 197,156	6.4 3.8	33,704 28,857	35,836 30,455	36,452 31,851	39,970   34,060	40,539 35,279	43,371 36,121	4
New Jersey	260,705	278,788	288,796	318,222	328,743	339,889	3.4	31,720	33,640	34,547	37,734	38,625	39,567	1 2
New York	553,543	590,406	616,292	665,762	684,704	684,070	-0.1	29,670	31,478	32,638	35,041	35,878	35,708	5
Pennsylvania	313,457 <b>1.138.557</b>	330,733 1.206.886	342,357 <b>1,252,336</b>	365,626 1,331,356	378,350	390,560 <b>1,395,541</b>	3.2 <b>2.4</b>	25,635   <b>25,589</b>	27,008 <b>26.983</b>	27,916	29,759	30,752	31,663	15
Great Lakes	340,594	362,081	373,813	401,803	<b>1,362,854</b> 413,044	1,3 <b>95,541</b> 419,858	2.4 1.6	25,589 27,950	26,983 29,505	27,849 30,246	29,437 32,297	<b>29,986</b> 32,990	<b>30,555</b> 33,320	8
Indiana	139,459	149,318	154,405	164,543	168,622	173,889	3.1	23,418	24,891	25,543	27,010	27,522	28,233	31
Michigan	250,216 279,367	264,520 293,20 <b>8</b>	276,187	292,786	296,480	303,745 334,832	2.5	25,509	26,860	27,906	29,408	29,629	30,222	18
OhioWisconsin	128,920	137,759	304,342 143,589	319,653 152,572	326,876 157,832	163,216	2.4 3.4	24,772 24,481	25,921 26,004	26,849   26,926	28,130 28,389	28,699 29,196	29,317 29,996	25 21
Plains	462.173	493,714	512,453	547,878	566,738	582,958	2.9	24.517	26,001	26,787	28,430	29,257	29,942	
lowa	67,938	71,280	72,908	77,730	79,822	82,642	3.5	23,499	24,555	24,989	26,540	27,225	28,141	32
Kansas Minnesota	63,728   129,020	67,896 140,031	69,997 147,151	73,882   159,037	76,828 164,784	78,322 170,142	1.9 3.3	24,182 27.086	25,519 29.092	26,134   30,194	27,439 32,231	28,432	28,838	27
Missouri	131,144	138,987	143,814	154,099	159,093	163,603	2.8	23,926	25,171	25.857	27,493	33,059 28,221	33,895 28,841	7 26
Nebraska	40,724	43,313	45,293	47,599	49,642	51,086	2.9	24,148	25,541	26,569	27,781	28,861	29,544	23
North DakotaSouth Dakota	13,332   16,288	14,709 17,497	14,848 18,442	16,022 19,511	16,422 20,146	16,846 20,316	2.6 0.8	20,520 21,885	22,716 23,453	23,046 24,576	24,990 25,815	25,798	26,567 26,694	37 36
Southeast	1,532,165	1,639,428	1.718.850	1.838.870	1.911.543	1.972.043	3.2	22,986	24,242	25.067	26,456	26,566 27,169	27.683	
Alabama	91,284	96,481	100,422	105,485	109,388	112,592	2.9	20,899	21,904	22,668	23,694	24,477	25,096	43
Arkansas	51,055	53,784	55,919	58,930	61,304	63,463	3.5	19,628	20,479	21,087	22,000	22,750	23,417	49
Florida Georgia	377,673 183,757	405,146 200,104	425,157 213,508	455,313 231,412	475,607 239,754	494,027 245,707	3.9 2.5	24,869 23,911	26,161 25,447	26,978 26,536	28,366 28,103	29,048 28,523	29,559 28,703	22
Kentucky	82,927	88,148	91,218	98,215	101,223	105,013	3.7	20,979	22,118	22,702	24,258	24,878	25,657	28 39
Louisiana	92,286	97,458	99,052	103,630	109,317	113,725	4.0	20,874	21,948	22,205	23,185	24,454	25,370	41
Mississippi North Carolina	51,598   179,691	55,072 192,577	56,799 202,455	59,597 217,727	61,922 224,094	64,242 229,356	3.7 2.3	18,580 23,468	19,635 24,661	20,082   25,468	20,920 26,939	21,653 27,308	22,370 27,5 <b>6</b> 6	50
South Carolina	81,045	86,672	91,075	97,410	100,902	104,302	3.4	20,998	22,115	22,914	24,209	24,840	25,395	34 40
Tennessee	125,457   180,190	134,241	141,046	149,936   221,778	154,130	158,717	3.0	22,814	24,101	25,014	26,290	26,808	27,378	35
Virginia West Virginia	35,202	193,007 36,738	204,727 37,472	39,438	232,730 41,174	238,325 42,575	2.4 3.4	26,385 19,351	27,968   20,234	29,246   20,682	31,210 21,821	32,338 22,862	32,676 23,628	11 48
Southwest	677,462	736,392	775.029	840,256	874,607	893,454	2.2	22.868	24.352	25,141	26,761	27,350	27,419	
Arizona	103,702	112,895	120,264	131,046	137,331	142,725	3.9	21,892	23,118	23,939	25,361	25,878	26,157	38
New Mexico Oklahoma	34,860 69,951	36,857 74,677	37,725 77,512	39,692 82,931	42,260	44,352 87,818	4.9 1.5	19,641 20,739	20,551 21,930	20,865	21,788	23,081	23,908	47
Texas	468,950	511,964	539.527	586.587	86,550 608,466	618,560	1.5	20,739	21,930	22,551 26,244	24,007 27,992	24,945 28,472	25,136 28,401	42 30
Rocky Mountain	206,847	223,322	238,547	261,286	271,743	276,877	1.9	23,651	25,041	26,230	28,194	28,819	28,926	
Colorado	108,765	118,413	128,386	143,043	148,239	149,481	0.8	27,067	28,764	30,380	33,060	33,455	33,170	9
Idaho Montana	25,226 17,726	27,066 18,942	28,901 19,405	31,177 20,744	32,363 21,769	33,585 22,650	3.8 4.0	20,534 19,920	21,612 21,225	22,656 21,621	23,987 22,961	24,506 24,044	25,042 24,906	44 45
Utah	43,696	46,772	48,923	52,518	54,764	55,953	2.2	20,613	21,594	22,203	23,410	24,044	24,906	45
Wyoming	11,433	12,129	12,931	13,805	14,609	15,208	4.1	23,360	24,714	26,294	27,941	29,587	30,494	17
Far West	1,187,299	1,281,057	1,364,218	1,496,369	1,538,024	1,577,384	2.6	26,353	27,972	29,335	31,694	32,025	32,344	
Alaska California	16,488 861.557	17,138 931,564	17,600 995,326	18,806 1,100,679	19,660 1,129,868	20,467 1,155,247	4.1 2.2	26,898 26,521	27,645 28.240	28,170   29,712	29,960 32,363	31,027 32,655	31,792 32,898	14
Hawaii	31,218	31,841	32,626	34,384	35,625	37,397	5.0	25,765	26,201	26,957	28,354	29,034	30,040	20
Nevada	47,258   80,575	52,017 85,305	55,439 89,080	60,149 95,508	63,200	65,571	3.8 2.5	26,789	28,069	28,655	29,794	30,128	30,169	19
Oregon Washington	150,203	163,192	174,148	186,843	98,026 191,645	100,481 198,221	2.5 3.4	24,385 26,469	25,446 28,285	26,247 29,807	27,836 31,605	28,222 31,976	28,533 32,661	29 12

<sup>1.</sup> Per capita personal income was computed using midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.

<sup>2.</sup> Percent change was calculated from unrounded data.

Note. The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the state estimates. It differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) because of differences in coverage,

in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data. In particular, it differs from the NIPA estimate because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

Source: Table 1 in "Personal Income by State: First Quarter 2003 and Revised 2002" in the August 2003 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Table J.3. Disposable Personal Income and Per Capita Disposable Personal Income for States and Regions

			Disposa	ble personal inco	ome				P	er capita disp	osable persor	al income 1		
Area name			Millions o	f dollars			Percent			Dol	ars			Rank in
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	change 2	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	U.S.
United States	5,960,749	6,349,151	6,621,490	7,113,634	7,386,598	7,778,520	5.3	21,863	23,016	23,730	25,206	<b>25,88</b> 9	26,974	
New England	342,605	364,015	379,850	410,995	429,722	453,483	5.5	25,114	26,505	27,450	29,458	30,580	32,062	
Connecticut	95,724 24,200	101,699 25,480	105,647 26,439	113,079 28,184	117,445	124,516	6.0	28,580 19,286	30,219	31,198	33,142	34,195	35,982 24,503	3
Maine Massachusetts	159,674	169,596	177,512	193,936	29,700 202,977	31,718 213,268	6.8 5.1	25,646	20,236 27,041	20,871 28,099	22,065 30,485	23,122 31,709	33,179	3
New Hampshire	28,200	30,578	31,985	35,151	36,797	38,615	4.9	23,709	25,356	26,174	28,337	29,218	30,285	
Rhode Island	22,851	23,898	24,800	26,249	27,568	29,293	6.3	22,286	23,176	23,836	24,983	26,016	27,384	1
Vermont	11,955	12,764	13,467	14,397	15,235	16,072	5.5	20,018	21,258	22,272	23,603	24,853	26,066	2
Mideast	1,114,511	1,178,249	1,218,066	1,313,155	1,363,967	1,432,002	5.0	24,452	25,714	26,419	28,307	29,235	30,521	
Delaware	16,987	18,470	19,169	20,624	21,737	22,624	4.1	22,605	24,196	24,734	26,222	27,288	28,021	1
District of Columbia	16,120	16,921	17,080	18,715	19,085	21,059	10.3	28,393	29,937	29,953	32,739	33,260	36,888	
Maryland	125,597	133,060	140,240	150,839	159,164	169,147	6.3	24,353	25,566	26,690	28,393	29,551	30,990	
New Jersey New York	220,964 464,468	234,080 491,784	240,074 508,124	263,055 547,203	274,37 <b>6</b> 565,168	293,008 583,205	6.8 3.2	26,885 24,896	28,245 26,220	28,718 26,909	31,192 28,801	32,237 29,614	34,109 30,443	
Pennsylvania	270,375	283,933	293,380	312,719	324,435	342,959	5.7	22,111	23,186	23,922	25,453	26,370	27,804	1 1
Great Lakes	975,464	1.029.255	1,066,709	1,135,687	1,165,051	1,222,381	4.9	21,924	23,011	23,721	25,111	25,634	26,764	l
Illinois	291,507	307,987	316,698	340,103	350,333	366,070	4.5	23,922	25,097	25,625	27,338	27,981	29,052	
Indiana	119,826	128,475	132,864	142,187	146,053	153,875	5.4	20,121	21,417	21,979	23,340	23,839	24,983	3
Michigan	214,500	225,186	235,134	250,086	253,620	266,749	5.2	21,868	22,866	23,758	25,119	25,346	26,541	2
Ohio	239,900	250,838	260,394	273,184	279,754	292,386	4.5	21,273	22,175	22,972	24,040	24,562	25,600	2:
Wisconsin	109,732	116,768	121,619	130,127	135,291	143,300	5.9	20,837	22,041	22,806	24,213	25,026	26,336	2
Plains	399,625	425,703	442,180	471,590	488,749	513,542	5.1	21,199	22,420	23,113	24,472	25,231	26,377	
lowa	59,294	62,181	63,446	67,875	69,689	73,662	5.7	20,509	21,421	21,746	23,175	23,769	25,083	3
Kansas	55,113	58,652	60,312	63,535	66,162	68,965	4.2	20,913	22,045	22,518	23,596	24,485	25,393	2
Minnesota Missouri	109,183 114,001	118,006 120,352	124,969 124,434	133,951 133,323	139,411 137, <b>8</b> 21	147,061 144,944	5.5 5.2	22,921 20,799	24,51 <b>6</b> 21,796	25,643 22,372	27,147 23,786	27,969 24,448	29,297 25,552	2
Nebraska	35,531	37,620	39,267	41,133	43,021	45,195	5.1	21,069	22,184	23.033	24,007	25,012	26,137	2
North Dakota	11,853	13,143	13,247	14,297	14,623	15,249	4.3	18,244	20,297	20,561	22,299	22,973	24,048	3
South Dakota	14,650	15,748	16,506	17,476	18,021	18,466	2.5	19,684	21,109	21,996	23,124	23,764	24,263	] š
Southeast	1,336,061	1,423,978	1,489,666	1,591,256	1,657,731	1,749,719	5.5	20,044	21,056	21,725	22,894	23,562	24,562	
Alabama	80,342	84,855	88,267	92,749	96,291	100,962	4.9	18,394	19,265	19,924	20,833	21,547	22,504	4:
Arkansas	45,063	47,302	49,179	51,684	53,882	56,831	5.5	17,325	18,011	18,545	19,295	19,996	20,970	4
Florida	329,682	351,912	368,621	392,530	411,117	438,003	6.5	21,709	22,724	23,390	24,455	25,109	26,207	2
Georgia	158,350	171,711	182,801	197,747	205,629	215,896	5.0	20,605	21,836	22,720	24,015	24,463	25,221	2
Kentucky Louisiana	71,915   81,431	76,215 86,139	78,682 87,749	84,974 91,613	87,582 96,752	92,703 102,500	5.8 5.9	18,194 18,419	19,12 <b>4</b> 19,399	19,582 19,671	20,987 20,496	21,525 21,643	22,650 22,866	3
Mississippi	46,245	49,256	50,744	53.307	55,538	58.607	5.5	16,653	17,561	17,941	18,712	19,421	20,408	5
North Carolina	155,311	165,760	173,925	186,877	193,094	201,761	4.5	20,284	21,226	21,879	23,122	23,531	24,250	3
South Carolina	70,880	75,481	79,283	85,040	88,247	93,249	5.7	18,364	19,259	19,947	21,135	21,724	22,704	1 4
Tennessee	111,632	119,346	125,546	133,732	137,460	144,299	5.0	20,300	21,426	22,265	23,448	23,909	24,891	3
Virginia	154,028	163,510	171,743	186,170	195,722	206,667	5.6	22,554	23,694	24,534	26,199	27,196	28,336	1
West Virginia	31,182	32,491	33,128	34,834	36,416	38,241	5.0	17,141	17,895	18,285	19,274	20,220	21,223	4
Southwest	596,546	645,743	679,260	732,944	765,749	800,718	4.6	20,137	21,354	22,034	23,343	23,946	24,573	
Arizona	90,217 30,758	97,615 32,496	103,783	113,010	119,024 37,079	126,808 39,751	6.5 7.2	19,045 17,330	19,989	20,658	21,871 19,048	22,428 20,252	23,240 21,429	3 4
New Mexico Oklahoma	30,758 61,222	65,310	33,169 67,783	34,702 72,358	75,646	78,176	3.3	17,330	18,119 19,179	18,345 19,721	20,947	20,252	21,429	4
Texas	414,349	450,321	474,525	512,874	533,999	555,983	4.1	20,990	22,340	23,082	24,475	24,987	25,527	2
Rocky Mountain	178,194	191.724	203.763	221.953	232,166	242,485	4,4	20,375	21,498	22,405	23,950	24,621	25,333	
Colorado	92.927	100.489	108.384	120.009	125.325	129,666	3.5	23,126	24,410	25,647	27,736	28,284	28,773	
Idaho	22,044	23,639	25,119	26,884	28,078	29,941	6.6	17,944	18,876	19,691	20,684	21,262	22,325	4
Montana	15,621	16,670	17,023	18,150	19,096	20,236	6.0	17,554	18,679	18,967	20,090	21,092	22,251	4
Utah	37,715	40,460	42,113	45,154	47,182	49,310	4.5	17,792	18,680	19,112	20,127	20,706	21,289	4
Wyoming	9,886	10,466	11,123	11,757	12,484	13,332	6.8	20,199	21,324	22,619	23,796	25,283	26,734	1
Far West	1,017,744	1,090,483	1,141,995	1,236,055	1,283,464	1,364,190	6.3	22,590	23,811	24,556	26,181	26,725	<b>27,97</b> 3	
Alaska	14,497	15,003	15,430	16,444	17,189	18,271	6.3	23,650	24,201	24,697	26,197	27,128	28,381	1
California Hawaii	735,173 27,371	7 <b>8</b> 9,557 27.846	827,718 28,431	898,615 29,862	934,447 31,046	993,302 33,258	6.3 7.1	22,630 22,590	23,935 22,914	24,709 23,491	26, <b>4</b> 22 24,625	27,007 25,302	28,286 26,716	1
Nevada	41,126	44,903	47,692	51,533	54,304	57,893	6.6	23,313	24,230	23,491	24,625 25,526	25,302 25,887	26,716	{
Oregon	68,539	72,660	75,394	80,343	83,130	87,270	5.0	20,742	21,674	22,214	23,416	23,933	24,782	3
Washington	131,039	140,515	147,329	159,258	163,348	174,196	6.6	23,092	24,354	25,217	26,939	27,255	28,703	1 1

Per capita disposable personal income was computed using midyear population estimates of the Bureau of the Census.
 Percent change was calculated from unrounded data.
 Nore. The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the state estimates. It differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) because of differences in coverage,

in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data. In particular, it differs from the NIPA estimate because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

Source: Table 2 in "Personal Income by State: First Quarter 2003 and Revised 2002" in the August 2003 issue of the Sunvey of Current Business.

Table J.4. Gross State Product (GSP) by Industry for States and Regions, 2001

[Millions of dollars]

State and region	Rank of total GSP	Total GSP	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	Mining	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Government
United States  New England Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	22 42 11 38 43 49	10,137,190 594,686 166,165 37,449 287,802 47,183 36,939 19,149	140,650 4,563 1,152 725 1,683 365 234 403	139,040 320 129 5 99 37 14 36	<b>480,013 26,205</b> 5,898 1,723 13,512 2,282 1,922 868	1,422,990 78,655 24,277 5,239 34,427 7,610 4,105 2,998	819,464 34,833 9,754 2,518 16,093 2,818 2,285 1,365	680,683 37,940 10,004 2,198 19,443 3,359 1,830 1,107	931,756 50,290 12,887 4,481 22,767 4,923 3,312 1,920	2,076,987 158,763 51,458 7,194 73,880 11,792 10,934 3,526	<b>2,226,585 146,039</b> 35,654 7,970 79,902 10,179 7,951 4,382	1,219,022 57,057 14,951 5,396 25,995 3,818 4,352 2,544
Mideast Delaware District of Columbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	41 15 8 2 6	1,900,223 40,509 64,459 195,007 365,388 826,488 408,373	12,092 387 25 1,798 2,060 3,729 4,093	3,922 2 22 157 299 657 2,785	75,070 1,598 578 11,319 15,749 27,372 18,453	208,027 5,235 762 13,963 42,068 77,701 68,297	146,418 1,902 3,095 14,192 32,957 59,282 34,989	120,175 1,576 705 11,766 33,782 46,992 25,354	143,945 2,674 1,759 16,972 28,999 56,468 37,072	522,373 17,476 10,569 42,025 90,097 282,888 79,318	449,316 6,229 24,269 48,534 83,497 190,202 96,584	21 <b>8,886</b> 3,429 22,675 34,280 35,878 81,197 41,427
Great Lakes Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	5 16 9 7 20	1,536,991 475,541 189,919 320,470 373,708 177,354	16,840 4,303 2,458 2,993 3,506 3,579	4,494 1,050 668 915 1,573 288	<b>74,687</b> 23,556 9,971 16,012 16,537 8,611	315,515 68,339 51,647 73,937 79,603 41,988	114,262 40,445 14,376 20,774 26,198 12,468	109,332 37,136 11,636 22,659 26,507 11,394	141,787 39,031 17,544 31,350 37,261 16,601	278,109 105,089 27,224 50,256 66,439 29,102	315,053 108,099 34,306 66,417 73,297 32,935	166,913 48,493 20,089 35,157 42,786 20,387
Plains	30 31 17 19 36 50 46	647,904 90,942 87,196 188,050 181,493 56,967 19,005 24,251	16,965 3,454 2,392 3,166 2,506 2,772 1,004 1,671	3,598 203 1,266 753 459 129 658 129	32,174 3,951 4,051 9,982 9,619 2,712 896 963	104,786 19,112 14,053 29,801 30,442 6,994 1,641 2,744	60,046 7,631 11,145 13,468 17,777 6,340 1,932 1,755	49,068 6,256 6,535 15,353 13,287 4,340 1,607 1,690	61, <b>956</b> 8,218 8,545 18,358 17,536 4,962 1,870 2,467	109,367 14,594 11,669 36,348 29,653 8,981 2,771 5,353	130,377 16,210 15,533 40,589 38,646 11,536 3,662 4,201	79,567 11,313 12,007 20,234 21,568 8,201 2,965 3,280
Southeast Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia West Virginia	25 34 4 10 26 24 35 12 28 18 13 40	2,205,625 121,490 67,913 491,488 299,874 120,266 148,697 67,125 275,615 115,204 182,515 273,070 42,368	33,751 2,427 2,263 7,753 4,188 2,498 1,308 1,879 5,218 1,506 1,926 2,444 343	40,281 1,483 496 730 1,126 2,235 28,114 740 511 162 516 1,154 3,013	111,379 5,929 3,368 26,974 15,307 5,635 6,482 3,098 14,101 6,825 8,173 13,338 2,149	320,110 21,626 13,136 29,038 43,489 30,297 17,416 12,041 58,923 23,124 34,166 31,607 5,249	191,168 10,338 7,216 39,353 33,414 9,905 12,909 6,360 18,829 10,256 15,420 22,577 4,589	149,546 7,883 4,581 37,353 26,675 7,461 7,877 3,875 16,766 7,035 13,177 14,576 2,289	221,091 12,507 8,109 56,063 28,405 11,369 12,547 7,327 25,113 12,236 20,314 22,758 4,343	379,132 18,015 8,354 108,534 48,978 14,152 19,613 8,244 52,309 16,571 27,533 51,815 5,016	457,688 21,991 11,514 125,903 61,114 20,081 25,014 12,046 47,977 19,583 39,657 64,526 8,281	301,478 19,292 8,876 59,787 37,179 16,633 17,418 11,514 35,868 17,906 21,634 48,275 7,096
Southwest	23 37 29 3	1,073,842 160,687 55,426 93,855 763,874	1 <b>5,417</b> 2,605 1,270 1,967 9,575	59,682 1,183 5,224 5,386 47,890	53,897 9,701 2,418 3,933 37,846	136,041 21,707 7,545 13,034 93,754	1 <b>07,138</b> 11,172 4,137 8,820 83,010	<b>75,997</b> 10,570 2,225 5,596 57,606	106,552 17,582 5,023 9,831 74,117	168,990 31,387 7,434 11,934 118,235	218,620 34,490 10,145 17,576 156,410	131,507 20,291 10,006 15,779 85,431
Rocky Mountain Colorado Idaho Montana Utah Wyoming	21 44 47 33 48	324,139 173,772 36,905 22,635 70,409 20,418	7,126 2,738 2,143 860 874 511	10,174 3,068 156 838 1,323 4,789	21,175 11,827 2,585 1,313 4,357 1,094	32,718 14,991 6,570 1,535 8,079 1,542	32,922 19,317 2,919 2,503 5,595 2,588	19,500 10,714 2,312 1,405 4,243 826	31,582 16,909 3,877 2,303 6,989 1,503	56,021 31,816 4,515 3,200 14,135 2,355	<b>70,205</b> 41,860 6,635 4,804 14,498 2,410	<b>42</b> ,716 20,532 5,195 3,874 10,315 2,800
Far West Alaska California Hawaii Nevada Oregon Washington	45 1 39 32 27 14	1,853,781 28,581 1,359,265 43,710 79,220 120,055 222,950	33,896 497 24,435 504 629 3,075 4,757	16,568 5,590 8,623 33 1,761 156 405	85,426 1,384 57,712 1,891 7,523 5,893 11,024	227,140 1,056 163,841 1,173 3,070 30,613 27,387	132,676 4,560 92,421 4,085 5,750 7,750 18,111	119,123 842 89,384 1,632 3,635 8,428 15,202	174,553 1,920 127,073 4,915 8,502 10,059 22,086	404,211 3,197 317,481 10,057 14,860 17,583 41,034	439,287 3,962 326,119 10,019 25,210 21,848 52,128	220,899 5,572 152,176 9,400 8,282 14,652 30,817

Nore. Totals shown for the United States differ from the national income and product account estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) because GSP is derived from gross domestic income, which differs from GDP by the statistical discrepancy. In addition, GSP excludes and GDP includes the compensation of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and government consumption of fixed capital for military structures located abroad and for military group.

ment, except office equipment. Also, GSP and GDP have different revision schedules.

Source: This table reflects the GSP estimates for 2001 that were released on May 22, 2003. Detailed estimates are available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov> under "State and local area data."

### K. Local Area Table

Table K.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 1999–2001

	Ta	ble K.1.	Persona	l incom	ne and	Per C	apita	Perso	onal Income by Metropolitar	Area,	1999–2	2001					
		Personal	income		Per c	apita pers	onal incor	ne 1			Persona	income		Per ca	apita pers	onal incor	ne 1
Area name	м	lillions of doll	ars	Percent change 2		Dollars		Rank in U.S.	Area name	Mil	lions of dol	lars	Percent change 2		Dollars		Rank in U.S.
	1999	2000	2001	2000- 2001	1999	2000	2001	2001		1999	2000	2001	2000- 2001	1999	2000	2001	2001
United States 3 Metropolitan portion Nonmetropolitan portion Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas	7,779,521 6,633,219 1,146,302	8,398,871 7,185,218 1,213,653	8,677,490 7,428,050 1,249,440	3.3 3.4 2.9	27,880 29,616 20,818	29,760 31,680 21,901	30,413 32,336 22,472		Corvallis, OR Cumberland, MD-WV Dallas, TX*	2,191 2,014 113,010 2,194	2,317 2,114 125,424 2,319	2,403 2,201 126,926 2,335	3.7 4.1 1.2	27,995 19,656 32,774	29,650 20,756 35,383 21,074	30,709 21,694 34,697 21,280	78 302 33 304
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN. Cleveland-Akron, OH. Dallas-Fort Worth, TX Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO Derivi-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI Houston-Galveston-Brazonia, TX	298,061 57,342 86,292 159,254 85,768 169,736 143,594	321,557 60,627 90,686 175,700 96,583 180,724 157,975	331,277 62,758 92,446 180,072 100,284 182,894 167,954	3.0 3.5 1.9 2.5 3.8 1.2 6.3	32,771 29,124 29,293 31,106 33,878 31,182 31,218	35,028 30,559 30,773 33,412 37,158 33,067 33,632	35,751 31,419 31,368 33,247 37,607 33,314 34,916		Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL. Dayton-Springfield, OH. Daytona Beach, FL. Decatur, AL. Decatur, IL. Derver, CO* Des Moines, IA.	9,264 26,119 10,763 3,403 3,058 71,496 13,766	9,791 27,251 11,533 3,540 3,194 80,516 14,545	9,988 27,811 12,040 3,695 3,222 83,704 15,318	2.0 2.1 4.4 4.4 0.9 4.0 5.3	25,753 27,402 22,114 23,432 26,563 34,515 30,550	27,283 28,677 23,273 24,236 27,901 37,924 31,777	27,879 29,340 23,827 25,233 28,417 38,513 32,991	138 103 264 215 123 17 47
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA	450,650 100,297 51,745	484,858 107,399 54,859	508,187 112,446 56,513	4.8 4.7 3.0	27,842 26,289 30,716	29,488 27,576 32,436	30,360 28,325 33,308		Detroit, Mi*	140,791 3,072 2,877	149,689 3,228 3,047	151,753 3,330 3,084	1.4 3.1 1.2	31,716 22,360 22,906	33,665 23,386 23,974	34,035 24,030 23,940	1
NYNJ-CI-PA Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD Portiand-Salem, OR-WA Sacramento-Volo, CA San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV	774,091 194,331 64,163 49,898 283,381 121,336 264,060	846,883 209,100 69,645 54,257 333,236 129,721 287,952	872,675 216,243 71,520 57,143 326,824 132,586 302,650	3.0 3.4 2.7 5.3 -1.9 2.2 5.1	36,943 31,526 28,638 28,235 40,605 34,428 35,119	33,750 30,619 29,996 47,180 36,386 37,684	34,750 30,822 30,571 45,778 36,669 38,915		Dubuque, IA.  Duluth-Superior, MN-WI  Duluthess County, NY*.  Eau Claire, WI  El Paso, TX.  Elihart-Goshen, IN.  Elmira, NY.	2,176 5,984 8,029 3,600 11,874 4,614 2,150	2,305 6,389 8,702 3,837 12,546 4,852 2,298	2,394 6,571 9,196 3,872 13,230 4,833 2,325	3.9 2.8 5.7 0.9 5.4 -0.4 1.2	24,465 24,615 28,925 24,426 17,581 25,544 23,549	25,825 26,202 30,987 25,817 18,398 26,436 25,246	26,889 26,873 32,349 25,899 19,186 26,050 25,638	311 182 202
Metropolitan Statistical Areas <sup>4</sup> Abilene, TX. Alron, OH' Albany, GA. Albany, Schenectady-Troy, NY. Albuquerque, NM. Alexandna, LA. Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA. Altona, PA. Amarillo, TX. Anchorage, AK. Ann Arbor, MI' Anniston, AL. Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI. Asheville, NC. Athens, GA. Atlantic, GA. Atlantia, GA. Atlantia, GA. Austin-San Marcos, TX. Bakersfield, CA. Bakersfield, CA. Bakersfield, CA. Baltimore, MD' Bangor, ME (NECMA) Barnstable-Yarmouth, MA (NECMA) Baton Rouge, LA. Beaumont-Port Arbur, TX. Bealingham, WA. Benton Harbor, MI. Bergen-Passaic, NJ' Billings, MT. Bilon-Guffport-Pascagoula, MS.	3,001 19,258 2,646 24,982 17,295 5,052 8,674 18,277 2,376 9,604 5,760 3,405 126,446 10,387 2,023 10,819 36,852 12,815 78,303 3,229 7,348 8,752 3,859 4,041 5,350 3,202 8,664	3,184 20,362 26,772 18,436 3,070 18,796 3,146 5,344 9,200 20,022 2,392 10,290 6,114 3,613 139,019 11,135 2,161 11,489 40,712 13,637 83,987 3,461 7,781 15,246 9,115 9,115 9,1	3,051 20,905 2,852 27,956 19,531 3,297 19,520 3,173 5,367 9,755 20,125 2,452 10,746 6,256 6,256 6,256 6,256 144,477 11,273 14,187 3,851 8,159 15,836 9,307 4,185 60,735 60,735 8,685	-4.2 2.7 2.7 4.6 5.9 7.4 6.0 0.5 4.4 2.3 3.9 3.9 2.1 4.4 5.5 5.5 3.9 2.1 6.0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	23,757 27,784 21,951 24,489 22,877 33,447 32,072 27,030 34,47 32,072 22,805 30,550 30,550 30,550 30,550 30,550 30,550 30,550 30,550 42,22,474 22,474 24,941	25,179 29,258 30,503 25,794 24,282 24,382 35,307 34,403 35,307 23,452 35,307 23,452 33,507 23,452 24,033 32,185 32,185 32,307 23,837 23,837 25,228 23,507 25,228 23,507 25,228 23,507 25,228 23,507 25,228 26,270 26,270 26,270 27,270 28	24,304 29,953 23,275 31,789 27,030 26,053 30,317 24,682 24,365 36,949 33,965 36,949 33,965 33,769 24,085 33,769 24,085 33,761 31,511 21,021 34,039 25,097 36,135 26,032 24,266 27,891 23,679	246 91 277 62 159 181 86 234 243 243 245 252 238 8255 41 66 36 36 36 36 32 233 36 36 36 221 28 28 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	Enid, OK Erie, PA Eugene-Springfield, OR Evansville-Henderson, IN-KY Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN Fayettaville, NC Fayettaville-Springdale-Rogers, AR Flagstaff, AZ-UT Flint, MI* Florence, AL Florence, AL Florence, SC Fort Collins-Loveland, CO Fort Lauderdale, FL* Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL Fort Pierce-Port St. Lucie, FL Fort Smith, AR-OK Fort Walton Beach, FL Fort Walton Beach, FL Fort Worth-Arlington, TX* Fressn, CA Gadsden, AL Gainesville, FL Gary, IN* Glens Falls, NY Goldsboro, NC Grand Forks, ND-MN Grand Aunction, CO Grand Rapids-Muskegon-Holland, MI Greef Bay, WI Green Bay, WI Green Bay, WI Green Bay, WI Green Boro-Winston-Salem-High Point,	1,321 6,618 7,819 7,817 4,533 7,151 6,813 10,667 2,954 2,903 6,657 45,084 41,344 4,344 43,344 46,244 18,282 2,121 5,121 16,111 16,197 2,756 2,249 2,264 2,268 2,26	1,378 6,975 8,292 8,288 4,811 7,587 7,356 2,771 11,013 3,091 3,103 7,512 4,383 12,523 9,608 4,632 4,531 14,022 50,277 19,332 2,211 5,423 17,240 2,416 2,388 17,240 2,416 2,388 4,531 4,217 6,834	1,421 7,156 8,420 8,650 4,992 7,777 7,936 2,884 11,016 3,140 3,251 7,849 10,033 4,839 4,768 14,070 53,146 20,219 2,253 5,635 7,088 17,825 2,444 3,404 4,344 4,344 4,347 7,005	3.1 2.6 4.4 3.8 2.5 7.9 4.1 0.0 1.6 4.8 4.5 5.2 0.3 3.6 3.4 1.8 2.3 2.9 3.3 3.6 3.4 1.8 2.3 2.3 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3	22,704 23,527 26,445 22,6445 23,710 22,464 24,556 20,759 23,107 26,966 21,086 21,029 23,107 26,968 21,029 22,102 25,698 27,663 21,029 25,698 25,698 25,698 25,698 26,598 2	23,896 24,847 27,5738 27,538 22,575 25,054 23,461 22,577 25,204 21,266 29,700 28,215 29,629 28,215 29,629 28,215 29,629 28,215 29,629 28,215 29,629 28,215 21,400 24,841 21,272 27,282 23,599 21,319 24,562 21,319 24,562 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 25,019 28,145 26,019 28,145 26,019 28,145 28,145 28,145 2	24,780 25,983 29,185 25,729 24,595 25,729 24,595 25,729 25,729 25,742 20,301 20,502 20,502 20,502 21,483 20,502 21,781 30,200 21,483 21,485 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 25,572 21,788 21,885 22,877 20,578 21,788 21,885 22,877 23,952 21,788 21,788 22,877 23,952 21,788 21,788 22,877 23,952 21,788 22,878 23,952 21,788 22,878 23,952 24,578 25,968 26,016 22,489 30,535	206 185 105 124 198 237 275 219 294 197 88 303 298 203 214 140 88 303 298 203 3141 130 212 210 121 184 290 85
Binghamton, NY Birmingham, AL Bismarck, ND Bioomington, IN Bloomington-Normal, IL Boise City, ID Boston-Worcester-Lawrence-Lowell- Brockton, MA-NH (NECMA)	5,987 25,654 2,276 2,763 4,206 11,424	6,344 27,170 2,460 2,979 4,511 12,776	6,463 28,450 2,618 3,062 4,679 13,153	6.4 2.8 3.7	23,686 27,969 24,155 22,964 28,200 27,135	29,437 25,944 24,684 29,897	1 27 461	201 81 144 213 77 109	NC. Greenville, NC Greenville-Spartanburg-Anderson, SC Hagerstown, MD' Hamilton-Middletown, OH' Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA	33,981 2,940 23,013 3,035 8,917 17,748	36,054 3,291 24,655 3,257 9,404 18,649	36,626 3,362 25,239 3,375 9,682 19,476	1.6 2.2 2.4 3.6 3.0 4.4	27,452 22,179 24,159 23,139 26,961 28,256	28,707 24,526 25,534 24,655 28,184 29,611	28,774 24,854 25,818 25,404 28,718 30,829	225 191 209 116
Bostor-Protecter-Lawriere-Lawriere-Lawriere-Brockton, MA-NH (NECMA) Boulder-Longmont, CO' Brazoria, TX' Bremerton, WA' Brownsville-Hartingen-San Benito, TX Bryan-College Station, TX Buffalo-Niegara Falls, NY Buffalo-Niegara Falls, NY Cedar Rapids, IA Chander Cheman, IL Charleston, OH Casper, WY Cedar Rapids, IA Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Charleston, WI Chicago, IL Chico-Paradise, CA Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN' Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY Cleveland-Lorain-Elyria, OH Columbia, SC Columbia, SC Columbia, SC Columbia, GA-AL Columbia, OH Corpus Christi, TX	10,384 5,582 5,699 4,665 2,882 30,386 5,579 10,160 1,967 5,738 4,296 12,671 6,728	237,575 11,850 6,182 5,038 3,122 31,895 6,035 10,635 2,216 6,147 4,656 13,594 7,104 46,785 5,013 12,694 4,573 70,324 15,266 3,721 15,083 6,872 4,575 15,872 4,575 18,895	4,802 71,541 15,682 3,850 15,567 7,136 49,093	2.8 3.1 3.6 3.7 4.9 3.6 1.8 1.8 1.8 2.1 4.4 4.3 2.2 2.2 2.3 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 3	29,228	40,447 25,426 26,497 14,954 20,429 27,284 30,250 33,301 31,977 25,874 24,694 28,256 30,993 31,269 22,515 31,040 22,510 31,241 29,388 20,21 24,992 30,737	40,840 25,846 27,427 15,334 21,028 27,852 31,591 26,620 33,234 126,808 25,543 29,847 31,526 31,657 27,213 30,074 36,624 22,818 31,967 23,1807 29,847 31,967 23,1807 29,847 31,967 23,1807 29,849 31,949 31,949 31,949 31,949	16 13 200 147 317 317 317 315 64 171 143 522 168 204 165 65 61 105 133 120 186 69 248	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH Huntsville, AL Indianapolis, IN Iowa City, IA. Jackson, MI Jackson, MS Jackson, TN Jackson, TN Jacksonville, FL Jacksonville, NC Jamestown, NY Janesville-Beloit, WI Jersey City, NJ* Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA Johnstown, PA Joplin, MO Kalamazo-Battle Creek, MI Kankakee, IL Kansas City, MO-KS Kenosha, Wit*	3,505 131,601 6,319 8,837 48,760 3,094 3,705 11,091 2,526 29,903 3,300 2,855 3,783 15,674 10,233 5,029 1,314 11,314 2,357 52,969 3,823 6,785	42,490 2,412 8,648 4,220 144,951 6,626 9,549 50,256 3,343 3,909 11,746 2,697 32,189 17,130 10,894 5,212 1,811 3,535 11,815 2,7032 3,944 1,7163 1,815 2,916 1,7163 1	4,143 7,406	3.2 5.0 9.3 3.3 3.3 4.6 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.9 9.5 3.8 3.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1	34,345 20,628 24,141 28,882 20,328 31,995 31,995 20,002 26,023 29,427 28,158 25,360 27,475 22,056 21,409 21,489 21	36,915 21,517 25,205 30,420 21,637 34,487 21,021 27,800 31,155 30,018 24,628 26,583 25,076 29,161 22,952 22,441 22,441 22,441 26,083 24,184 32,000 22,797 26,363 28,762 22,797 26,636 28,762	32,693 27,217 23,415 27,330	291 292 268 299 118 291 291 291 291 291 291 291 291

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table K.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 1999-2001—Continued

		Persona	income		Pero	apita perso	onal income	<sub>1</sub>			Personal	income		Per c	apita perso	onal incom	
Area name	Mi	llions of doll	ars	Percent change <sup>2</sup>		Dollars		Rank in U.S.	Area name	Mil	lions of dolla	ars	Percent change 2		Dollars		Rank in U.S.
	1999	2000	2001	2000- 2001	1999	2000	2001	2001		1999	2000	2001	2000- 2001	1999	2000	2001	2001
La Crosse, WI-MN Latayette, LA Lafayette, IN Lafayette, IN Lake Charles, LA Lake Charles, LA Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI Laredo, TX Las Cruces, MM	3,166 8,131 4,179 4,016 10,600 12,415 11,508 2,690 2,887	3,356 8,641 4,476 4,118 11,275 13,387 12,116 2,924 2,991	3,525 9,247 4,642 4,383 11,800 13,699 12,287 3,125 3,173	5.0 7.0 3.7 6.4 4.7 2.3 1.4 6.9 6.1	25,121 21,167 23,034 21,895 22,173 26,534 25,740 14,232 16,602	26,420 22,395 24,416 22,436 23,224 28,382 27,023 15,011 17,090	27,626 23,881 25,141 23,935 23,991 28,863 27,253 15,508 17,984	143 262 218 261 256 110 153 316 314	Reno, NV. Flichland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA. Flichmond-Petersburg, VA. Floarinond-Petersburg, VA. Floarioke, VA. Fl	11,199 4,288 29,131 70,928 6,482 3,870 30,339 9,387 3,097	12,216 4,639 31,331 76,681 6,899 4,181 31,715 9,838 3,512	13,018 4,967 32,619 80,842 7,138 4,447 32,846 9,889 3,613	6.6 7.1 4.1 5.4 3.5 6.4 3.6 0.5 2.9	33,648 22,685 29,513 22,238 27,529 31,571 27,675 25,483 21,604	35,781 24,074 31,348 23,382 29,250 33,488 28,863 26,429 24,546	36,988 25,259 32,268 23,840 30,249 35,110 29,870 26,335 25,164	21 214 55 263 87 32 93 176 217
Las Vegas, NV-AZ Lawrence, KS Lawton, OK Lewiston-Auburn, ME (NECMA) Lexington, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR Longview-Marshall, TX Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA* Louisville, KY-IN Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA	40,406 2,116 2,348 2,418 12,808 3,721 6,852 15,270 4,769 264,408 29,253 5,601 4,890	43,969 2,293 2,466 2,559 13,743 3,877 7,358 16,189 5,074 282,700 31,202 6,041 5,202	46,155 2,441 2,561 2,680 14,002 3,929 7,833 17,028 5,346 296,233 32,298 6,090 5,315	5.0 6.4 3.9 4.7 1.9 1.3 5.2 5.4 4.8 3.5 0.8 2.2	26,882 21,268 20,233 23,389 27,023 24,027 27,689 26,378 22,829 28,017 28,677 23,261 22,884	27,777 22,892 21,520 24,637 28,585 24,983 29,289 27,663 24,305 29,605 30,357 24,872 24,174	27,916 24,129 22,672 25,752 28,849 25,353 30,872 28,845 25,439 30,611 31,251 24,788 24,665	136 251 289 196 111 211 75 112 208 82 70 229 236	Sacramento, CA* Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI St. Joseph, MO St. Joseph, MO St. Louis, MO-IL Salern, OR* Salinas, CA Salinas, CA San Angelo, TX San Angelo, TX San Diego, CA San Francisco, CA* San CA*	45,588 10,350 3,822 2,306 77,424 8,037 11,096 32,685 2,374 39,188 84,585 85,910 76,443	49,579 10,854 4,095 2,473 82,714 8,388 11,802 35,039 2,519 42,152 92,986 101,736 93,928	52,350 10,792 4,221 2,536 85,596 12,230 36,295 2,592 43,742 97,241 100,048 87,479	3.5 3.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 2.9 3.8 4.6 -1.7 -6.9	28,457 25,663 23,098 22,628 29,838 23,366 28,001 24,748 22,846 24,920 30,322 49,788 45,733	30,249 26,927 24,361 24,106 31,729 24,080 29,270 26,176 24,230 26,355 32,910 58,702 55,677	30,906 26,749 24,802 24,799 32,666 24,402 29,901 26,780 25,104 26,887 33,883 57,714 51,579	74 170 227 228 50 242 92 169 220 165 39 1
Macon, GA  Madison, WI  Mansfield, OH  McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX  Medford-Ashland, OR  Methourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL  Mernphis, TN-AR-MS  Merced, CA  Miami, FL*  Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ*  Milwaukse-Waukesha, WI*  Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI	7,798 13,746 3,911 7,066 4,285 11,522 32,011 3,717 55,213 45,573 46,584 101,664	8,289 14,929 4,100 7,601 4,574 12,567 33,607 3,867 59,016 50,577 49,423 110,764	8,556 15,753 4,193 8,170 4,688 13,079 35,084 4,033 61,077 51,677 50,907 115,330	3.2 5.5 2.3 7.5 2.5 4.1 4.3 3.5 2.2 3.0	24,309 32,477 22,172 12,712 23,906 24,405 28,431 17,977 24,860 39,400 31,134 34,671	25,644 34,848 23,340 13,238 25,152 26,300 29,513 18,268 26,093 43,051 32,898 37,152	26,265 36,201 23,989 13,788 25,505 26,888 30,559 18,461 26,594 43,292 33,780 38,131	177 27 257 318 205 164 84 313 173 6 40	San Luis Obispo-Atascadero-Paso Robles, CA. Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA. Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA* Santa Fe, NM. Santa Fe, NM. Santa Fe, Saradenton, FL. Sarsota-Bradenton, FL. Savannah, GA. Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazieton, PA. Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA* Sharon, PA. Sheboygan, WI. Sheborgan, WI.	6,191 12,071 8,362 4,347 14,293 19,928 7,581 14,983 93,047 2,615 3,032 2,415	6,772 13,179 9,687 4,646 16,204 21,512 8,069 15,863 99,291 2,786 3,212 2,607	7,011 13,541 9,426 4,910 16,173 22,545 8,418 16,399 101,059 2,821 3,314 2,633	3.5 2.7 -2.7 5.7 -0.2 4.8 4.3 3.4 1.8 1.2 3.2	25,429 30,414 32,966 29,680 31,522 34,247 25,998 23,878 38,811 21,651 27,052 22,117	27,341 32,961 37,866 31,365 35,193 36,292 27,509 25,436 41,025 23,180 28,486 23,482	27,917 33,739 36,865 32,920 34,671 37,212 28,422 26,439 41,229 23,512 29,409 23,366	135 42 23 48 34 20 122 174 12 269 100 274
Missoule, MT Mobile, AL Modesto, CA Monmouth-Ocean, NJ* Monroe, LA Montgomery, AL Muncle, IN Myrtle Beach, SC Naples, FL Nashville, TN Nassau-Suffolk, NY* New Haven-Briddeport-Stamford-	2,174 11,729 9,582 36,488 3,226 8,236 2,798 4,333 9,693 36,409 104,726	2,373 12,372 10,253 40,335 3,409 8,698 2,977 4,693 10,365 39,065 113,140	2,498 12,765 10,568 41,934 3,541 8,994 3,031 4,847 10,940 40,554 115,641	5.3 3.2 3.1 4.0 3.9 3.4 1.8 3.3 5.6 3.8 2.2	22,935 21,846 21,846 32,730 21,918 24,870 23,559 22,590 39,548 29,973 38,264	24,696 22,847 22,791 35,668 23,151 26,078 25,088 23,694 40,772 31,599 40,978	25,818 23,400 22,677 36,543 24,171 26,830 25,493 24,021 41,269 32,338 41,559	191 273 288 26 249 167 207 255 11 54	Shreveport-Bossier City, LA Sioux Falls, SD. South Bend, IN. Spokane, WA Springfield, IL. Springfield, MO Springfield, MO Springfield, MA (NECMA) State College, PA Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV Stockton-Lodi, CA	8,994 2,964 5,036 6,949 10,012 5,665 7,590 15,685 3,234 2,772 12,223	9,416 3,084 5,403 7,321 10,877 6,032 8,149 16,838 3,423 2,924 13,192	9,748 3,192 5,694 7,486 11,044 6,277 8,519 17,473 3,618 2,985 13,753	3.5 3.5 5.4 2.3 1.5 4.1 4.5 3.8 5.7 2.1 4.3	22,989 23,921 29,874 26,228 24,100 28,135 23,600 25,834 23,897 20,800 22,127	24,000 24,842 31,129 27,534 25,977 29,929 24,933 27,649 25,175 22,207 23,212	24,812 25,768 32,154 28,098 26,107 31,037 25,756 28,705 26,396 22,876 23,155	226 194 57 128 180 73 195 117 175 285 278
Danbury-Waterbury, CT* New London-Norwich, CT (NECMA). New Orleans, LA New York, NY* Newark, NJ* Newburgh, NY-PA* Norbik-Virginia Beach-Newport	74,560 7,969 33,672 337,749 75,429 9,654	80,841 8,492 35,278 368,463 84,027 10,370	83,358 8,635 37,431 379,472 87,193 10,875	3.1 1.7 6.1 3.0 3.8 4.9	43,925 30,939 25,159 36,529 37,314 25,292	47,286 32,723 26,385 39,501 41,291 26,609	48,453 33,112 28,048 40,450 42,550 27,343	3 45 131 14 7 150	Sumter, SC. Syracuse, NY. Tacoma, WA*. Tallahassee, FL. Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL. Terre Haute, IN.	2,044 18,396 17,306 6,953 64,205 3,252	2,150 19,390 18,554 7,304 69,119 3,433	2,191 19,810 19,124 7,507 71,843 3,482	1.9 2.2 3.1 2.8 3.9 1.4	19,500 25,119 24,985 24,743 27,101 21,755	20,519 26,474 26,354 25,621 28,748 23,033	21,009 27,021 26,601 26,127 29,379 23,493	307 160 172 179 102 270
News, Water News,	38,799 84,550 5,984 25,953 5,284 21,652 93,187 41,313 2,088 3,391 3,423 9,909 9,365 162,176 68,830 1,518 8,016 56,125	41,376 96,400 5,889 6,470 28,152 5,715 23,174 101,280 44,684 2,237 3,575 3,564 9,720 1,663 72,987 4,113 1,593 8,521 61,258	43,516 98,073 6,077 6,619 29,564 6,016 24,151 106,284 46,064 2,300 3,678 3,617 10,101 11,083 180,280 96,047 1,708 76,679 4,205 1,651 9,092 62,926	52 1.7 323 533 533 42 49 2.15 32.6 337 47,7 52.2 62,7 4.5	24,905 35,764 24,927 24,927 24,927 25,790 30,416 33,5692 22,886 22,578 22,690 31,896 31,896 22,690 31,896 22,690 31,896 22,690 31,896 22,690 31,896 22,578 22,690 31,896 22,578 22,690 31,896 22,578 22,690 2	26,288 40,086 27,389 25,928 32,234 35,424 24,115 23,593 23,593 23,593 34,186 27,945 30,966 30,511 21,081 31,801 28,817	27,452 39,963 22,910 27,920 26,970 28,266 33,249 36,647 27,003 25,095 24,154 029,139 36,192 28,337 20,387 32,626 31,363 31,780 34,041 31,971	308 51 68 300 35 58	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	2,680 16,611 4,491 13,000 19,129 22,044 3,788 4,541 16,819 13,823 22,128 2,069 3,165 6,917 4,663 182,722 2,964 3,265 14,626 3,365 14,626 3,347 2,599	2,852 17,203 14,386 20,412 33,738 3,984 4,898 7,151 15,281 22,117 3,320 7,209 4,888 200,708 3,169 3,457 47,656 3,513 15,258 3,533	2,887 17,385 15,041 21,384 24,903 4,145 5,131 7,306 15,626 24,828 2,300 3,468 7,549 5,029 21,423 3,300 3,573 5,676 3,597 16,161 3,584	1.2 1.1 4.0 4.5 4.8 4.9 4.0 4.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 3.7 4.5 2.9 5.3 4.1 3.4 4.5 5.9 1.5	20,698 26,862 26,499 37,311 23,077 27,604 23,037 26,288 22,741 27,069 29,768 24,638 24,638 21,633 18,965 23,193 25,936 40,172 21,819 26,889 23,786	21,983 27,825 28,127 40,911 24,048 29,486 24,134 27,920 31,974 22,675 19,539 24,775 40,536 24,775 41,945 22,984 41,945 22,984 25,175	22,150 28,098 29,144 42,317 24,767 30,650 30,5041 28,824 22,289 32,232 23,616 20,166 20,166 20,166 23,733 241,754 43,626 23,738 23,738 23,738 23,716 24,344	292 128 107 8 231 80 223 114 240 567 267 309 276 9 189 276 5 201 199
Provo-Orem, UT Pueblo, CO. Punta Gorda, FL Racine, WI* Raleigh-Durham-Chapel Hill, NC Rapid City, SD Reading, PA. Redding, CA.	26,040 6,469 3,009 3,393 5,161 35,568 2,217 9,892 3,754	7,069 7,063 3,194 3,608 5,436 39,128 2,359 10,563 4,029	7,339 3,308 3,753 5,606 40,772 2,446 10,898 4,211	3.9 3.6 4.0 3.1 4.2 3.7 3.2 4.5	27,251 17,887 21,464 24,195 27,398 30,613 25,185 26,668 23,176	26,817 19,046 22,517 25,361 28,762 32,681 26,577 28,208 24,595	19,271 22,954 25,800 29,550 32,998 27,181 28,835 25,175	310 283 193 98 46 156 113 216	Yakima, WA	2,599 18,624 5,684 4,606 4,311 9,753 13,951 2,953 2,510	2,764 20,111 6,136 4,934 4,678 10,445 14,364 3,088 2,543	2,903 21,221 6,479 5,109 4,793 10,553 14,378 3,114 2,762	5.0 5.5 5.6 3.6 2.5 1.0 0.1 0.8 8.6	21,621 32,073 24,696 20,786 26,084 25,741 23,354 21,383 16,124	23,047 34,179 26,175 22,145 27,547 27,290 24,177 22,130 15,819	24,344 35,638 27,081 22,872 27,332 27,365 24,322 21,983 16,839	244 30 158 286 151 149 245 296 315

Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates. Estimates for 2000-2001 reflect county population estimates available as of April 2003.
 Percent change calculated from unrounded data.
 The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the county estimates. It differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data. In particular, it differs from

the NIPA estimate because, by definition, it omits the earnings of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and of U.S. residents employed abroad temporarily by private U.S. firms.

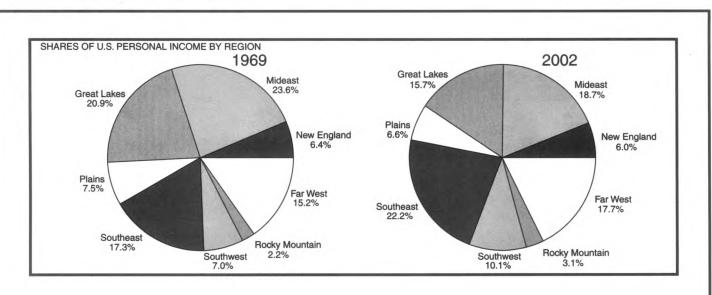
4. Includes Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSAs designated by \*), and New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMAs). The New Haven-Bridgeport-Stamford-Danbury-Waterbury, CT NECMA is presented as a PMSA (part of the New York CMSA).

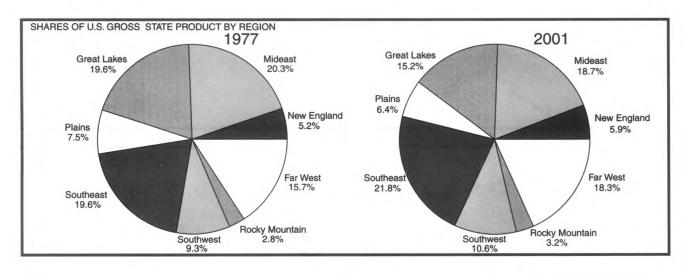
Source: Table 1 in "Local Area Personal Income, 1999–2001" in the May 2003 issue of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

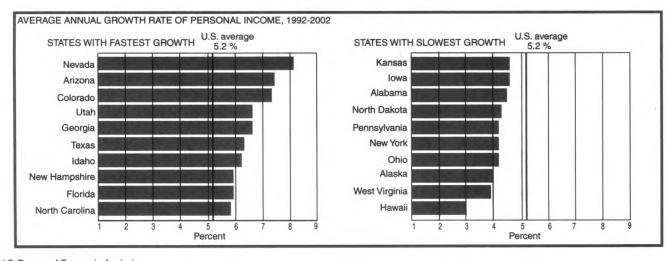
#### L. Charts

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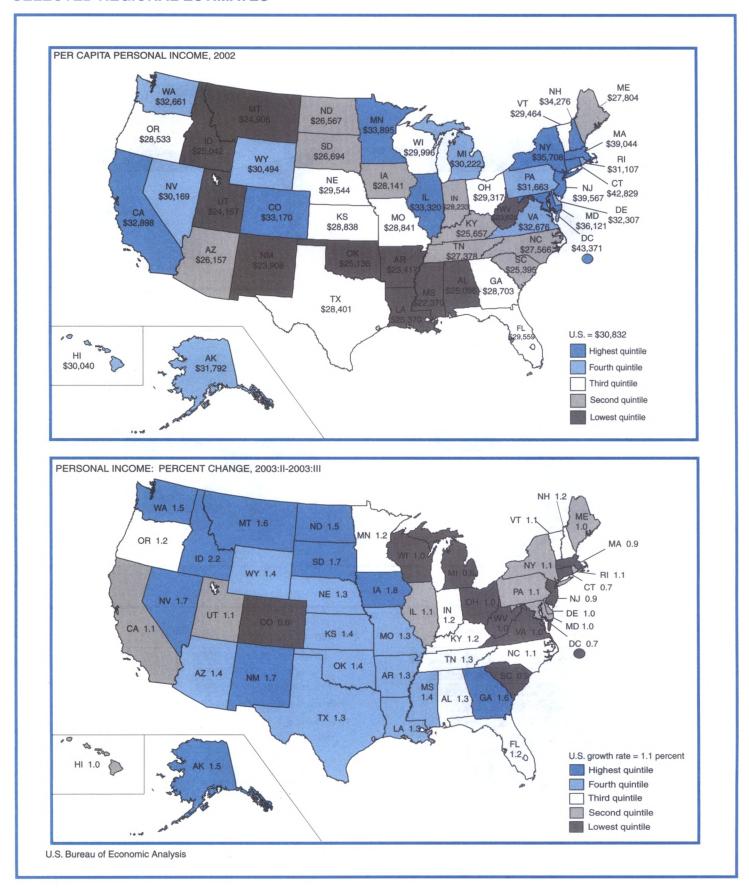
### **SELECTED REGIONAL ESTIMATES**







### **SELECTED REGIONAL ESTIMATES**



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#### Appendix A

### **Additional Information About the NIPA Estimates**

#### **Statistical Conventions**

Current-dollar GDP is a measure of the market value of goods, services, and structures that are produced in the economy in a particular period. The changes in current-dollar GDP can be decomposed into quantity and price components. Quantities, or "real" measures, and prices are expressed as index numbers with the reference year—at present, the year 2000—equal to 100.1

The annual changes in quantities and prices are calculated using a Fisher formula that incorporates weights from 2 adjacent years. For example, the annual percent change in real GDP for 2001-2002 uses prices for 2001 and 2002 as weights, and the 2001–2002 annual percent change in the GDP price index uses quantities for 2001 and 2002 as weights. Because the Fisher formula allows for the effects of changes in relative prices and in the composition of output over time, the resulting quantity or price changes are not affected by the substitution bias that is associated with changes in quantities and prices calculated using a fixed-weighted formula. These annual changes are "chained" (multiplied) together to form time series of quantity and price indexes. The percent changes in the Fisher indexes are not affected by the choice of the reference year.

BEA also publishes implicit price deflators (IPDs), which are calculated as the ratio of the current-dollar value of a component to the chained-dollar value of the component, multiplied by 100. The values of an IPD are very close to the values of the corresponding "chain-type" price index.

The measures of real GDP and its major components are also presented in dollar-denominated form, designated "chained (2000) dollar estimates." For most series, these estimates are computed by multiplying the current-dollar value in 2000 by a corresponding quantity index number and then dividing by 100. For example, if a current-dollar GDP component equaled \$100 in 2000 and if real output for this component increased by 10 percent in 2001, then the chained (2000) dollar value of this component in 2001 would be \$110 ( $$100 \times 1.10$ ). The percent changes calculated from the chained (2000) dollar estimates and from the quantity indexes are the same; any differences will be small and due to rounding.

The chained-dollar values for the detailed GDP components will not necessarily sum to the chained-dollar estimate of GDP (or to any intermediate aggregate) in a table, because the relative prices that are used as weights for any period other than the reference year differ from those of the reference year. A measure of the effect of such

differences is provided by a "residual" line—the difference between the chained-dollar value of the main aggregate in the table and the sum of the most detailed components in the table. For periods close to the reference year, when the relative prices that are used as weights have usually not changed much, the residuals tend to be small, and the chained-dollar estimates can be used to approximate the contributions to growth and to aggregate the detailed estimates. For periods further from the reference year, the residuals tend to be larger, and the chained-dollar estimates are less useful for analyses of contributions to growth. In particular, for components for which relative prices are changing rapidly, the calculation of contributions based on chained-dollar estimates may be misleading even just a few years from the reference year. Thus, contributions derived from quantity indexes provide a better measure than contributions derived from chained-dollar estimates; contributions based on quantity indexes are shown in selected NIPA tables 1.1.2, 1.2.2, 1.5.2, 2.3.2, 3.9.2, 4.2.2, and 5.3.2.

For quarters and months, NIPA estimates are presented at annual rates, which show the value that would be registered if the rate of activity that is measured for a quarter or for a month were maintained for a full year. Annual rates are used so that periods of different lengths—for example, quarters and years—may be more easily compared. These annual rates are determined simply by multiplying the estimated rate of activity by 4 (for quarterly data) or by 12 (for monthly data).

For most quarterly NIPA estimates, percent changes in the estimates are also expressed at annual rates. Calculating these changes requires a variant of the compound interest formula:

$$r = \left[ \left( \frac{x_t}{x_0} \right)^{m/n} - 1 \right] \times 100,$$

where r is the percent change at an annual rate;  $x_t$  is the level of activity in the later period;  $x_o$  is the level of activity in the earlier period; m is the periodicity of the data (for example, 1 for annual data, 4 for quarterly data, or 12 for monthly data); and n is the number of periods between the earlier periods and the later periods (that is, t-0).

Quarterly and monthly NIPA estimates are seasonally adjusted if necessary. Seasonal adjustment removes from the time series the average effects of variations that normally occur at about the same time and in about the same magnitude each year—for example, weather, holidays, and tax payment dates. After seasonal adjustment, cyclical and other short-term changes in the economy stand out more clearly.

<sup>1.</sup> See J. Steven Landefeld, Brent R. Moulton, and Cindy M. Vojtech, "Chained-Dollar Indexes: Issues, Tips on Their Use, and Upcoming Changes," Survey of Current Business (November 2003): 8–16.

### **Reconciliation Tables**

"Table 1. Reconciliation of Changes in BEA-Derived Compensation Per Hour With BLS Average Hourly Earnings" is being revised to reflect the results of the comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts. It will be published in an upcoming issue of the Survey.

Table 2. Relation of Net Exports of Goods and Services and Net Receipts of Income in the NIPAs to Balance on Goods and Services and Income in the ITAs

[Billions of dollars]

					Seaso	nally adjust	ed at annual	rates	
	Line	2001	2002		2002			2003	
				11	III	IV	1	II	III
Exports of goods and services and income receipts, ITAs	1	1,284.9	1,229.6	1,230.5	1,255.8	1,244.1	1,241.1	1,247.2	1,288.1
Less: Gold, ITAs	2 3 4	4.9 -11.1 0.9	3.4 -13.0 0.7	3.5 -12.8 0.8	3.6 -13.2 0.6	3.8 -13.5 0.6	3.8 -13.4 0.5	5.6 -13.0 0.6	5.3 -12.3 0.6
Plus: Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments	5 6 7	6.0 49.8 8.0	5.0 53.0 9.4	5.1 52.2 9.1	4.8 54.4 9.7	5.7 53.5 9.7	5.0 53.3 9.2	4.9 52.2 8.6	4.8 53.1 8.2
Equals: Exports of goods and services and income receipts, NIPAs	8	1,354.1	1,306.0	1,305.3	1,333.7	1,322.0	1,317.8	1,319.7	1,360.6
Imports of goods and services and income payments, ITAs	9	1,632.1	1,651.7	1,667.8	1,690.7	1,696.7	1,726.9	1,737.0	1,762.9
Less: Gold, ITAs Statistical differences <sup>1</sup> Other items	10 11 12	4.3 -10.9 0.0	2.9 -12.9 0.0	3.5 -12.8 0.0	3.0 -13.2 0.0	2.9 -13.5 0.0	2.4 -13.4 0.0	4.1 -12.0 0.0	4.1 -11.8 0.0
Plus: Gold, NIPAs Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico Imputed interest paid to rest of world	13 14 15 16	-3.4 6.0 36.1 8.0	-3.3 5.0 38.0 9.4	-3.6 5.1 37.2 9.1	-3.5 4.8 39.3 9.7	-3.0 5.7 40.7 9.7	-3.8 5.0 29.2 9.2	-4.0 4.9 37.4 8.6	-4.2 4.8 33.9 8.2
Equals: Imports of goods and services and income payments, NIPAs	17	1,685.5	1,710.7	1,725.1	1,751.1	1,760.2	1,777.5	1,791.8	1,813.4
Balance on goods and services and income ITAs (1-9)	18	-347.2	-422.1	-437.3	-434.9	-452.6	-485.8	-489.8	-474.8
Less: Gold (2–10+13) Statistical differences (3–11) <sup>1</sup> Other items (4–12)	19 20 21	-2.8 -0.2 0.9	-2.8 -0.1 0.7	-3.6 0.0 0.8	-2.9 0.0 0.6	-2.1 0.0 0.6	-2.4 0.0 0.5	-2.5 -1.0 0.6	-3.0 -0.5 0.6
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico (6–15)	22	13.7	15.0	15.0	15.1	12.8	24.1	14.8	19.2
Equals: Net exports of goods and services and net receipts of income, NIPAs (8-17)	23	-331.4	-404.7	-419.8	-417.4	-438.2	-459.7	-472.1	-452.8

Consists of statistical revisions in the NIPAs that have not yet been incorporated into the ITAs (2001:i–2003:III) and statistical revisions in the ITAs that have not yet been incorporated into the NIPAs (2003:II–2003:III).

ITAs International transactions accounts NIPAs National income and product accounts

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#### Appendix B

## Suggested Reading

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) has published a wealth of information about the methodologies that are used to prepare its national, industry, international, and regional accounts. In addition, most of this information is available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov>. Look under "Methodologies"; for articles from the Survey of Current Business, look under "Publications."

#### National accounts

The national accounts encompass the detailed estimates in the national income and product accounts (including gross domestic product) and the estimates of wealth and related estimates.

National income and product accounts (NIPAs). This series of papers documents the conceptual framework of the NIPAs and the methodologies that have been used to prepare the estimates.

An Introduction to National Economic Accounting (1985) [also in the March 1985 Survey]

Corporate Profits: Profits Before Tax, Profits Tax Liability, and Dividends (2002)

Government Transactions (1988)

Personal Consumption Expenditures (1990)

The methodologies described in these papers have been updated and improved, typically as part of the comprehensive and annual revisions of the NIPAs.

The following Survey articles describe the most recent comprehensive revision of the NIPAs.

"Improved Estimates of the National Income and Product Accounts for 1929–2002: Results of the Comprehensive Revision" (February 2004)

"Preview of the Revised NIPA Estimates for 1997 Effects of Incorporating the 1997 Benchmark I-O Accounts and Proposed Definitional and Statistical Changes" (January 2003)

"Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts"

Changes in Definitions and Classifications (June 2003)

New and Redesigned Tables (August 2003)

Statistical Changes (September 2003)

In addition, see the following articles.

"Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts" (August 2002).

"Chained-Dollar Indexes: Issues, Tips on Their Use, and Upcoming Changes" (November 2003) discusses the advantages of using chain-weighted indexes and the chal-

lenges of using chained dollars.

"Measuring the Services of Commercial Banks in the NIPAs: Changes in Concepts and Methods" (September 2003)

"Measuring the Services of Property-Casualty Insurance in the NIPAs: Changes in Concepts and Methods" (October 2003)

"Reliability of GDP and Related NIPA Estimates" (January 2002) evaluates the principal NIPA estimates by examining the record of revisions to them.

Fixed assets and consumer durable goods. Fixed Assets and Consumer Durable Goods in the United States, 1925–97 (2003) discusses the concepts and statistical considerations that underlie the estimates and their derivation.

"Fixed Assets and Consumer Durable Goods for 1925–98" (April 2000) describes the definitional and statistical improvements that were incorporated in the comprehensive revision of the estimates.

#### **Industry accounts**

The industry accounts consist of the estimates of gross domestic product by industry, the input-output accounts, and two satellite accounts.

"Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Annual Industry Accounts: Integrating the Annual Input-Output Accounts and the Gross-Domestic-Product-by-Industry Accounts" (March 2004) provides the details about the upcoming comprehensive revision.

Gross product by industry. "Improved Estimates of Gross Product by Industry for 1947–98" (June 2000) describes the most recent comprehensive revision of these estimates.

"Gross Domestic Product by Industry for 1999–2001" (November 2002) describes the most recent annual revision of the these estimates.

#### Mission Statement and Strategic Plan

The mission statement of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the latest update to its strategic plan for improving the accuracy, reliability, and relevance of the national, industry, regional, and international accounts are available on BEA's Web site at <www.bea.gov>; look under "About BEA."

**Input-output accounts.** "Benchmark Input-Output Accounts for the U.S. Economy, 1997" (December 2002) presents the 1997 accounts and describes the improvements that were incorporated.

**Satellite accounts.** These accounts extend the analytical capacity of the input-output accounts by focusing on a particular aspect of economic activity.

"U.S. Transportation Satellite Accounts"
For 1992 (April 1998)
For 1996 (May 2000)
"U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts"
For 1992 (July 1998)
For 1996 and 1997 (July 2000)

#### International accounts

The international accounts encompass the international transactions accounts, direct investment, and international transactions in services.

International transactions accounts (ITAs). The Balance of Payments of the United States: Concepts, Data Sources, and Estimating Procedures (1990) describes the methodologies used to prepare the estimates in the ITAs and the international investment position of the United States. These methodologies are usually updated and improved as part of the annual revisions of the ITAs.

The annual revisions of the ITAs are described in a series of articles, the latest of which was published in the July 2003 Survey.

Direct investment. International Direct Investment: Studies by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (1999) is a collection of previously published articles on U.S. direct investment abroad and foreign direct investment in the United States. It also includes the following information.

The "Methodology for U.S. Direct Investment Abroad," which is also available in U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: 1994 Benchmark Survey, Final Results (1998)

"A Guide to BEA Statistics on U.S. Multinational Companies," which is also available in the March 1995 Survey

"A Guide to BEA Statistics on Foreign Direct Investment in the United States," which is also available in the February 1990 Survey

In addition, the updated methodology for foreign direct investment in the United States is available in Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Final Results From the 1997 Benchmark Survey (2001).

International services. U.S. International Transactions in Private Services: A Guide to the Surveys Conducted by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (1998) describes 11 surveys. It includes classifications, definitions, release schedules, the methods used to prepare the estimates, and samples of the survey forms.

"Selected Issues in the Measurement of U.S. International Services" (June 2002) describes key issues in defining and measuring insurance, wholesale and retail trade, finance, construction, and utilities services and explores possible actions to address these issues.

#### Regional accounts

The regional accounts include estimates of personal income and gross state product.

**Personal income.** Estimates of personal income are prepared for States and for local areas.

"Comprehensive Revision of State Personal Income for 1969–99" (June 2000) summarizes the changes in the methodology that is used to prepare the estimates. The detailed methodology is available on the CD–ROM State Personal Income, 1929–2000.

"State Personal Income: Revised Estimates for 1999–2001" (October 2002) presents the most recent annual revision of these estimates.

"The Reliability of the State Personal Income Estimates" (December 2003) evaluates the estimates of state personal income and of selected components by examining the revisions of these estimates.

"Comprehensive Revision of Local Area Personal Income for 1969–98" (July 2000) summarizes the changes in the methodology that is used to prepare the estimates for counties and metropolitan areas. The detailed methodology is available on the CD-ROM Regional Economic Information System, 1969–2001.

"Local Area Personal Income, 1999–2001" (May 2003) presents the most recent annual revision of these estimates.

Gross state product. "Comprehensive Revision of Gross State Product by Industry, 1977–94" (June 1997) summarizes the sources and the methods that are used to prepare the estimates. "Gross State Product by Industry, 1977–98" (October 2000) describes the most recent comprehensive revision of these estimates.

"Gross State Product by Industry, 1999–2001" (June 2003) presents the most recent annual revision of these estimates.